

THE AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM, SYDNEY.



MEMOIR VI.

A CHECK-LIST OF THE MAMMALS
RECORDED FROM AUSTRALIA

By

TOM IREDALE

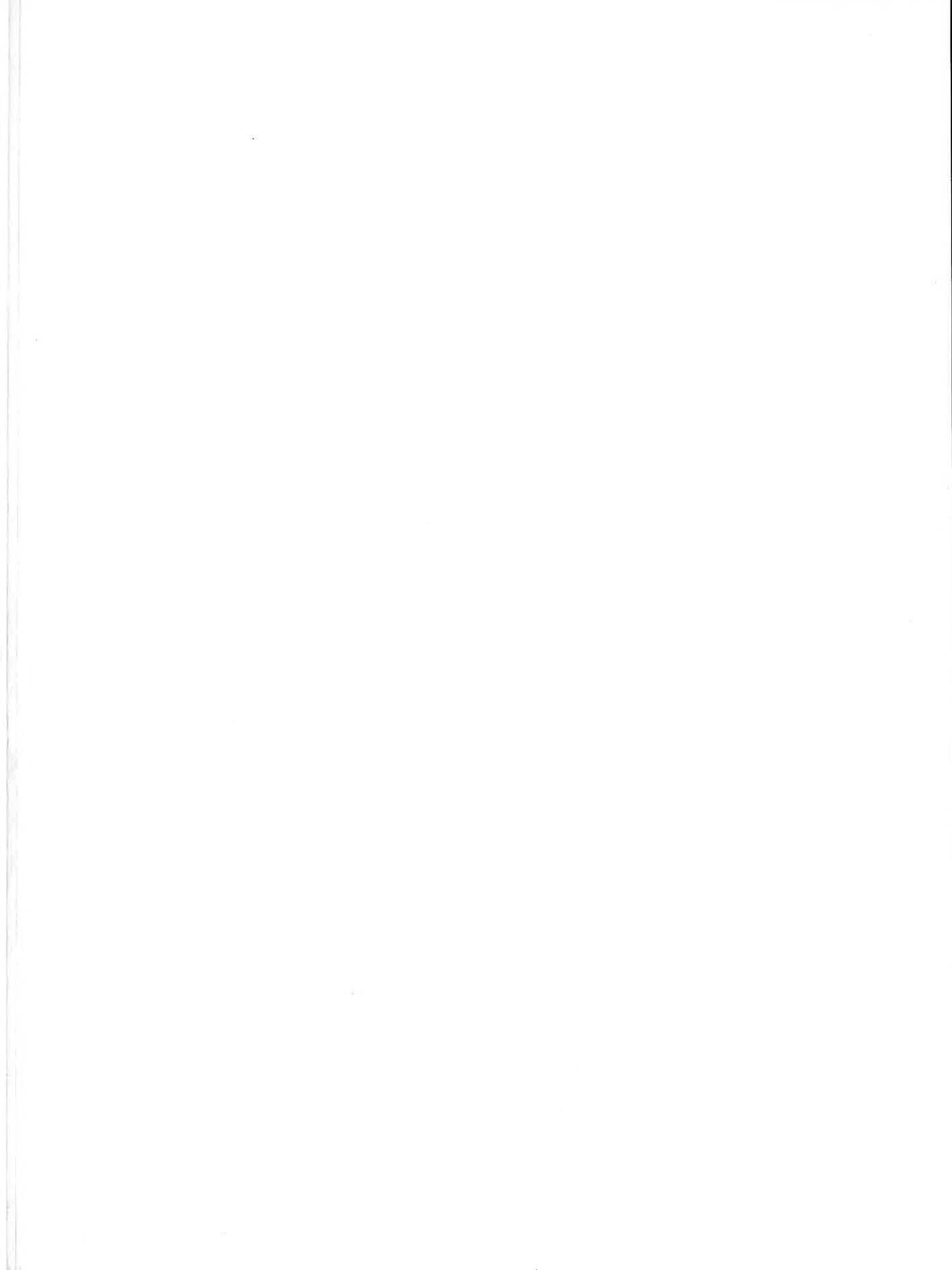
and

E. LE G. TROUGHTON.

PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES.

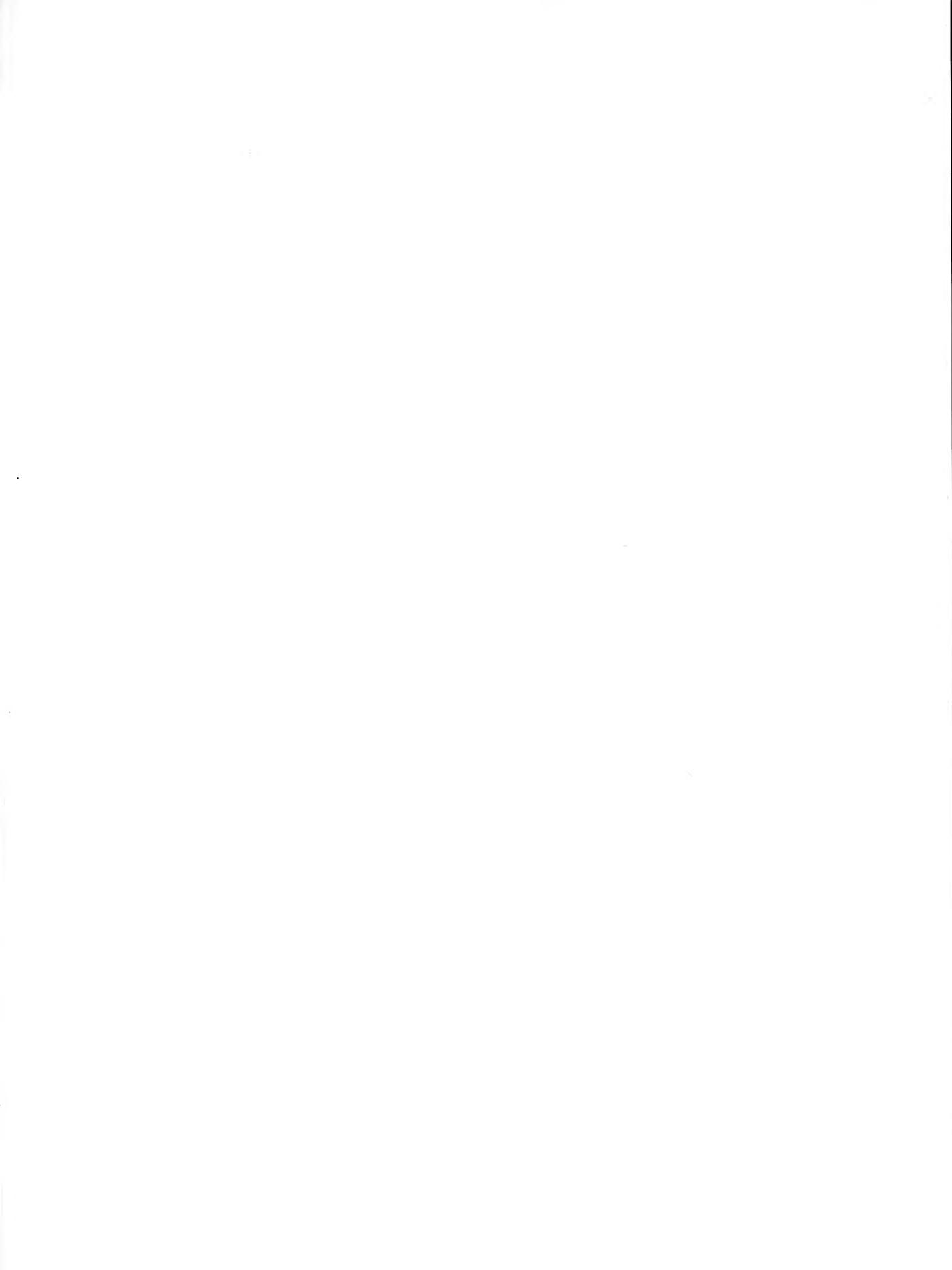
CHARLES ANDERSON, M.A., D.Sc., DIRECTOR.

Sydney, May 4, 1934.



The following new names are proposed in this MEMOIR :

		PAGE.
AUSTRONOMUS gen. nov.		
Type <i>Nyctinomus australis atratus</i> Thomas	..	100
FRETIDELPHIS gen. nov.		
Type <i>Delphinus roseiventris</i> Wagner	..	65
MICRONOMUS gen. nov.		
Type <i>Molossus norfolkensis</i> Gray	..	100
<i>Notomys megalotis</i> nom. nov...	..	84
RHINOPHYLLOTIS gen. nov.		
Type <i>Rhinolophus megaphyllus</i> Gray	..	92
<i>Sminthopsis lumholtzi</i> nom. nov.	..	11
<i>Tursiops maugeanus</i> nom. nov.	..	68
VESPADELUS gen. nov.		
Type <i>Scotophilus pumilus</i> Gray	..	95
WOMBATULA gen. nov.		
Type <i>Phascolomys gillespiei</i> De Vis	..	35



INTRODUCTION.

MORE than three centuries have passed away since Pelsart in 1629 provided the first known description of an Australian pouched animal, and, although over 400 species and subspecies of mammals, marsupial and otherwise, have since been described, the present work is the first to assemble in a comprehensive taxonomic list the mammalian orders indigenous to Australia and the adjacent seas.

Much care has been devoted to supplying the original references to species, thus avoiding the reiteration of extensive synonymous lists, while the essential generic references are quoted in a manner adequately stabilising the name to be accepted. A feature especially helpful to fellow-workers is the listing of authentic type localities, as those of many of the earlier species have hitherto been either overlooked or misquoted, and wrong conclusions have resulted therefrom.

A very natural result of the early recognition of the extraordinary interest of the Australian fauna was that collections made by explorer-naturalists, officials, and settlers went overseas to be described and stored away for all time. Until recently, therefore, much of the mammalian research has been carried out abroad, and Australian workers have been troubled by the fact that many species are known only by meagre descriptions of material which is rarely illustrated and mostly unrepresented in their collections.

Further confusion arose from the fact that for many years no attempt was made accurately to localise individual discoveries, so that a vast amount of field-work must be carried out in order to check not only the identity but the actual survival and present range of many species.

No student of Australian mammalogy, however, can fail to be impressed by the magnitude of the work accomplished by John Gould, and the wide knowledge he gained in the early days of various parts of the continent and the habits of its quaint denizens, which led to the preparation of the three wonderful volumes of "The Mammals of Australia."

The authors also pay tribute to those past and present workers who have devoted much ability and energy to furthering a knowledge of the fascinating mammalian fauna. Amongst the earlier workers were Gerard Krefft and Dr. E. Pierson Ramsay, past Curators of the Australian Museum. In the nineties J. Douglas Ogilby was engaged by the Museum Trustees to prepare a "Catalogue of Australian Mammals," published in 1892, a compilation which, though providing a useful basis, suffered from the author's lack of experience of the subject, and his failure to consult the important collections already available in the Museum. While a member of the Museum staff, Edgar R. Waite contributed some important work upon the mammals, notably in association with Professor Baldwin Spencer, who also named some important discoveries, on the collections of the Horn Expedition to Central Australia.

The "Catalogue of Marsupialia and Monotremata" by Oldfield Thomas, of the British Museum, will, of course, provide a basis of study for all time. Since its publication in 1888, however, its author has described not only a great number of marsupials, but rodents and bats as well, so that his activities alone provided urgent need for the compilation of a check-list.

Of the more recent comprehensive works, the "List of Australasian and Austro-Pacific Muridae," published by Heber A. Longman in 1916, is invaluable when studying the indigenous rodent fauna, but many forms have since been described, while the nomenclature has been subjected to considerable revision. Finally, there is the splendid handbook to "The Mammals of South Australia," 1923-1925, prepared and illustrated with so much care and originality by Professor F. Wood Jones while occupying the Chair of Anatomy at the University of Adelaide. Workers in mammalogy owe a debt of gratitude to the author of this handbook, which, though restricted as to the range of actual forms, really provides a complete introduction to the study of the mammalian fauna of Australia.

Concerning the major classification of Marsupialia, it has seemed advisable to follow the older and more familiar one used in the "Catalogue" by Thomas rather than that adopted by Wood Jones in his Handbook, though close analysis of the latter classification must prove very instructive to students of mammalogy.

All references to scientific names have been checked by consultation of Palmer's "Index Generum Mammalium" and Sherborn's "Index Animalium." The accuracy of both of these compilers is, of course, beyond comparison, and the satisfactory compilation of this List has been greatly facilitated by the assistance of these standard works.

Throughout this work, the provision of vernacular names for all forms, many of which were met with in the wild state only by the collector, has often proved a more difficult task than that of establishing the priority of scientific names. The aboriginal names, which may vary with local tribes, or those used by settlers in various districts or States, for instance, are hardly applicable to single species which may occur in several mainland States and on islands as well.

The law of priority has invariably been followed in the acceptance of scientific names and, although the inevitable and sometimes drastic changes may be regretted, adoption of the earliest valid name provides the sole means of reaching finality, and also avoids the lasting confusion which results from conserving here and rejecting there.

At the present time there is definite evidence of a revival of interest in mammalian research within the Commonwealth, and it is the authors' hope that this List will not only enable workers to designate genera and species with certainty, but also assist in creating a universal understanding of our faunal problems and the urgent need for the conservation of existing species.

TOM IREDALE
E. LE G. TROUGHTON

Contents.

(For genera and species, see Index.)

PAGE.	PAGE.
Class MAMMALIA	1
Subclass MONOTREMATA . . .	1
Family ORNITHORHYNCHIDÆ	1
Genus ORNITHORHYNCHUS	1
ORNITHORHYNCHUS <i>ana-</i> <i>tinus</i>	1
Family TACHYGLOSSIDÆ . . .	2
Genus TACHYGLOSSUS . . .	2
TACHYGLOSSUS <i>aculeatus</i> . .	2
“ <i>setosus</i>	3
Subclass MARSUPIALIA	4
Suborder POLYPROTODONTIA	4
Family DASYURIDÆ	4
Subfamily PHASCOGALINÆ	4
Genus ANTECHINUS	4
ANTECHINUS <i>flavipes</i>	4
“ <i>godmani</i>	5
“ <i>bellus</i>	5
“ <i>swainsoni</i>	5
“ <i>minimus</i>	5
“ <i>maculatus</i>	6
“ <i>macdonnel-</i> “ <i>lensis</i>	6
“ <i>mimulus</i>	6
“ <i>apicalis</i>	6
Genus PLANIGALE	6
PLANIGALE <i>ingrami</i>	6
“ <i>tenuirostris</i>	7
“ <i>subtilissima</i>	7
Genus PHASCOGALE	7
PHASCOGALE <i>taupoatafa</i> . .	7
“ <i>calura</i>	8
Genus DASYCERCUS	8
DASYCERCUS <i>cristicauda</i> . .	8
“ <i>blythii</i>	8
Genus DASYUROIDES	8
DASYUROIDES <i>byrnei</i>	9
Genus SMINTHOPSIS	9
SMINTHOPSIS <i>crassicaudata</i>	9
“ <i>granulipes</i>	9
“ <i>froggatti</i>	10
“ <i>larapinta</i>	10
“ <i>psammophila</i>	10
“ <i>stalkeri</i>	10
“ <i>murina</i>	10
“ <i>leucopus</i>	11
“ <i>longicaudata</i>	11
“ <i>virginiae</i>	11
“ <i>lumholtzi</i>	11
“ <i>hirtipes</i>	11
Genus ANTECHINOMYS	11
ANTECHINOMYS <i>laniger</i> . . .	12
“ <i>spenceri</i>	12
Class MAMMALIA—Continued.	
Subfamily DASYURINÆ	12
Genus DASYURUS	12
DASYURUS <i>quoll</i>	12
Genus DASYURINUS	13
DASYURINUS <i>geoffroii</i> . . .	13
Genus SATANELLUS	13
SATANELLUS <i>hallucatus</i> . .	13
Genus DASYUROPS	14
DASYUROPS <i>maculatus</i> . . .	14
“ <i>gracilis</i>	14
Genus SARCOPHILUS	14
SARCOPHILUS <i>harrisii</i>	14
Subfamily THYLACININÆ	15
Genus THYLACINUS	15
THYLACINUS <i>cynocephalus</i>	15
Family MYRMECOBIIDÆ	15
Genus MYRMECOBIUS	15
MYRMECOBIUS <i>fasciatus</i> . . .	15
“ <i>rufus</i>	16
Family NOTORYCTIDÆ	16
Genus NOTORYCTES	16
NOTORYCTES <i>typhlops</i>	16
“ <i>caurinus</i>	16
Family PERAMELIDÆ	16
Genus ISOODON	16
ISOODON <i>obesulus</i>	17
“ <i>nauticus</i>	17
“ <i>barrowensis</i>	17
“ <i>auratus</i>	17
“ <i>peninsulæ</i>	17
“ <i>macrourus</i>	18
“ <i>torosus</i>	18
Genus PERAMELES	18
PERAMELES <i>nasuta</i>	18
“ <i>eremiana</i>	18
“ <i>fasciata</i>	19
“ <i>gunnii</i>	19
“ <i>myosura</i>	19
“ <i>bougainville</i>	19
Genus MACROTIS	19
MACROTIS <i>lagotis</i>	20
“ <i>minor</i>	20
“ <i>leucura</i>	21
Genus CHÆROPUS	21
CHÆROPUS <i>ecaudatus</i>	21
Suborder DIPROTODONTIA	21
Family PHALANGERIDÆ	21
Subfamily TARSIPEDINÆ	21
Genus TARSIPES	21
TARSIPES <i>spenseræ</i>	21

	PAGE.		PAGE.
Class MAMMALIA—Continued.		Class MAMMALIA—Continued.	
Subfamily PHALANGERINÆ	21	Subfamily POTOROIDÆ	35
Genus ACROBATES	21	Genus BETTONGIA	35
ACROBATES <i>pygmaeus</i>	22	BETTONGIA <i>penicillata</i>	36
Genus CERCARTEUS	22	“ <i>gaimardi</i>	36
CERCARTEUS <i>nanus</i>	22	“ <i>lesueur</i>	37
“ <i>concininus</i>	22	“ <i>cuniculus</i>	37
Genus EUDROMICIA	23	Genus ÆPYPRYMNUSS	37
EUDROMICIA <i>macrura</i>	23	ÆPYPRYMNUSS <i>rufescens</i>	37
“ <i>lepidia</i>	23	Genus POTOROUS	37
Genus GYMNOBELIDEUS	23	POTOROUS <i>tridactylus</i>	38
GYMNOBELIDEUS <i>lead-</i>		“ <i>gilbertii</i>	38
“ <i>beateri</i>	23	“ <i>platyops</i>	39
Genus PETAURUS	23	Genus CALOPRYMNUSS	39
PETAURUS <i>australis</i>	24	CALOPRYMNUSS <i>campestris</i>	39
“ <i>norfolkensis</i>	24	Subfamily MACROPODINÆ	39
“ <i>breviceps</i>	24	Genus DENDROLAGUS	39
Genus DACTYLOPSILA	25	DENDROLAGUS <i>lumholtzi</i>	39
DACTYLOPSILA <i>picata</i>	25	“ <i>benet-</i>	
Genus PSEUDOCHIRUS	25	“ <i>tianus</i>	39
PSEUDOCHIRUS <i>p e r e-</i>		Genus LAGORCHESTES	39
“ <i>grinus</i>	25	LAGORCHESTES <i>leporides</i>	40
“ <i>l a n i-</i>		“ <i>conspicil-</i>	
“ <i>ginosus</i>	26	“ <i>latus</i>	40
“ <i>o c c i-</i>		“ <i>hirsutus</i>	40
“ <i>dentalis</i>	27	Genus LAGOSTROPHUS	40
“ <i>c o n v o-</i>		LAGOSTROPHUS <i>fasciatus</i>	41
“ <i>lutor</i>	27	Genus ONYCHOGALEA	41
“ <i>herbert-</i>		ONYCHOGALEA <i>unguifer</i>	41
“ <i>ensis</i>	27	“ <i>frænata</i>	41
Genus PSEUDOCHIROS	28	“ <i>lunata</i>	41
PSEUDOCHIROS <i>archeri</i>	28	Genus PERADORCAS	41
Genus HEMIBELIDEUS	28	PERADORCAS <i>concinna</i>	42
HEMIBELIDEUS <i>lemuroides</i>	28	Genus PETROGALE	42
Genus PETROSEUDES	28	PETROGALE <i>penicillata</i>	42
PETROSEUDES <i>dahli</i>	28	“ <i>inornata</i>	42
Genus SCHOINOBATES	28	“ <i>longmani</i>	43
SCHOINOBATES <i>volans</i>	29	“ <i>wilkinsi</i>	43
Genus TRICHOSURUS	30	“ <i>brachyotis</i>	44
TRICHOSURUS <i>vulpecula</i>	30	“ <i>rothschildi</i>	44
“ <i>caninus</i>	32	“ <i>xanthopus</i>	44
Genus WYULDA	32	“ <i>lateralis</i>	44
WYULDA <i>squamicaudata</i>	32	“ <i>hacketti</i>	44
Genus SPILOCUSCUS	32	“ <i>pearsoni</i>	45
SPILOCUSCUS <i>nudicaudatus</i>	32	Genus SETONIX	45
Family PHASCOLARTIDÆ	33	SETONIX <i>brachyurus</i>	45
Genus PHASCOLARTOS	33	Genus THYLOGALE	45
PHASCOLARTOS <i>cinereus</i>	33	THYLOGALE <i>coxenii</i>	45
Family VOMBATIDÆ	33	“ <i>stigmatica</i>	45
Genus VOMBATUS	33	“ <i>thetis</i>	46
VOMBATUS <i>ursinus</i>	34	“ <i>parma</i>	46
“ <i>hirsutus</i>	34	“ <i>flindersi</i>	46
Genus LASIORHINUS	35	“ <i>eugenii</i>	46
LASIORHINUS <i>latifrons</i>	35	“ <i>billardierii</i>	47
Genus WOMBATULA	35	[“ <i>bedfordi</i>]	47
WOMBATULA <i>gillespiei</i>	35	Genus WALLABIA	47
Family MACROPODIDÆ	35	WALLABIA <i>agilis</i>	47
Subfamily HYPSIPRYMNO-		“ <i>bicolor</i>	48
DONTINÆ	35	“ <i>welsbyi</i>	48
Genus HYPSIPRYMNODON	35	“ <i>rufogrisea</i>	49
HYPSIPRYMNODON <i>mos-</i>		“ <i>dorsalis</i>	50
“ <i>chatus</i>	35	“ <i>elegans</i>	50

CLASS MAMMALIA—Continued.	PAGE.	CLASS MAMMALIA—Continued.	PAGE.
WALLABIA <i>greyii</i> .. .	50	GLOBICEPHALUS <i>ventri-</i>	
" <i>irma</i> .. .	50	<i>cosus</i>	64
Genus OSPHRANTER .. .	50	Genus GRAMPIDELPHIS	64
OSPHRANTER <i>antilopinus</i>	51	GRAMPIDELPHIS <i>exilis</i> ..	64
" <i>isabellinus</i>	51	Family DELPHINIDÆ ..	65
" <i>erubescens</i>	51	Genus DELPHINUS ..	65
" <i>reginae</i> .. .	52	DELPHINUS <i>dolphis</i> ..	65
" <i>robustus</i> .. .	52	Genus FRETIDELPHIS ..	65
" <i>bernardus</i> .. .	52	FRETIDELPHIS <i>roseiventris</i>	65
Genus MEGALEIA .. .	52	Genus STENELLA ..	65
MEGALEIA <i>rufa</i> .. .	52	STENELLA <i>longirostris</i> ..	66
[" <i>hagenbecki</i>] .. .	53	" <i>attenuata</i> .. .	66
Genus MACROPUS .. .	53	[DELPHINUS <i>superciliosus</i>	66
MACROPUS <i>major</i> .. .	54	" <i>boryi</i>	66]
" <i>ocydromus</i>	54	Genus LISSODELPHIS ..	66
" <i>tasmaniensis</i>	54	LISSODELPHIS <i>peronii</i> ..	67
" <i>fuliginosus</i>	54	Genus LAGENORHYNCHUS	67
[(<i>major</i> ?) <i>melanops</i>]	54	LAGENORHYNCHUS <i>ob-</i>	
" ? <i>cangaru</i> .. .	55	<i>scurus</i>	67
Subclass PLACENTALIA .. .	55	[Genus SOUSA	67
Order CETACEA	55	SOUSA <i>lentiginosa</i> .. .	68
Suborder MYSTACOCETI .. .	55	" <i>gadamu</i>	68]
Family BALÆNIDÆ .. .	55	Genus TURSIOPS	68
Genus BALÆNA .. .	55	TURSIOPS <i>catalania</i> ..	68
BALÆNA <i>antipodum</i>	56	" <i>maugeanus</i> .. .	68
Genus CAFEREA .. .	56	Order SIRENIA	68
CAFEREA <i>marginata</i>	56	Family DUGONGIDÆ ..	68
Genus BALÆNOPTERA ..	56	Genus DUGONG	68
BALÆNOPTERA <i>musculus</i>	57	DUGONG <i>australis</i> .. .	69
" <i>physalus</i>	57	Order RODENTIA	69
" <i>acuto-</i>		Suborder SIMPLICIDENTATA	69
" <i>rostrata</i>	58	Family MURIDÆ	69
Genus MEGAPTERA .. .	58	Subfamily HYDROMYINÆ	69
MEGAPTERA <i>australis</i> ..	58	Genus HYDROMYS ..	69
Suborder ODONTOCETI ..	58	HYDROMYS <i>chrysogaster</i>	69
Family PHYSETERIDÆ ..	58	" <i>longmani</i> .. .	70
Genus PHYSETER .. .	58	" <i>meliceretes</i> ..	70
PHYSETER <i>australasicus</i>	59	" <i>caurinus</i> .. .	70
Genus KOGIA	59	" <i>fuliginosus</i>	70
KOGIA <i>breviceps</i> .. .	59	Genus XEROMYS	70
Family HYPERODONTIDÆ	60	XEROMYS <i>myoides</i> .. .	71
Genus HYPERODON	60	Subfamily MURINÆ .. .	71
HYPERODON <i>planifrons</i>	60	Genus RATTUS	71
Genus ZIPHUS .. .	60	RATTUS <i>assimilis</i> .. .	71
ZIPHUS <i>chathamiensis</i>	61	" <i>fuscipes</i>	71
Genus DIOPLODON ..	61	" <i>lutreolus</i>	71
DIOPLODON <i>densirostris</i>	61	" <i>greyii</i>	72
Genus MESOPLODON ..	61	" <i>sordidus</i>	72
MESOPLODON <i>layardii</i> ..	61	" <i>colletti</i>	72
" <i>grayi</i> .. .	62	" <i>conatus</i>	72
" <i>pacificus</i> ..	62	" <i>manicatus</i>	72
[Family DELPHINAPTERIDÆ	62	" <i>vellerosus</i>	72
Genus DELPHINAPTERUS	62	" <i>vilosissimus</i> .. .	73
DELPHINAPTERUS <i>kingii</i>	63]	" <i>melvilleus</i> .. .	73
Family PHOCENIDÆ ..	63	" <i>mondraineus</i> ..	73
Genus GRAMPUS .. .	63	" <i>tunneyi</i>	73
GRAMPUS <i>orca</i> .. .	63	" <i>woodwardi</i> .. .	73
Genus PSEUDORCA .. .	63	" <i>velutinus</i>	73
PSEUDORCA <i>crassidens</i>	63	" <i>culmorum</i>	74
Genus GLOBICEPHALUS	64	" <i>leucopus</i>	74
		" <i>rattus</i>	74]

	PAGE.		PAGE.
Class MAMMALIA—Continued.		Class MAMMALIA—Continued.	
Genus PSEUDOMYS ..	76	UROMYS sherrini ..	85
PSEUDOMYS australis ..	76	Genus MELOMYS ..	85
,, higginsi ..	76	MELOMYS cervinipes ..	86
,, auritus ..	76	,, banfieldi ..	86
,, minnie ..	76	,, littoralis ..	86
,, rawlinnæ ..	77	,, australius ..	86
,, shortridgei ..	77	,, murinus ..	86
Genus THETOMYS ..	77	,, rubicola ..	87
THETOMYS nanus ..	77	,, melicus ..	87
,, ferculinus ..	77	Order PINNIPEDIA ..	87
,, præconis ..	77	Family PHOCIDÆ ..	87
,, gracilicaudatus ..	77	Genus LOBODON ..	87
,, gouldii ..	77	LOBODON carcinophaga ..	87
Genus LEGGADINA ..	77	Genus HYDRURGA ..	87
LEGGADINA forresti ..	78	HYDRURGA leptonyx ..	88
,, delicatula ..	78	Genus LEPTONYCHOTES ..	88
,, patria ..	78	LEPTONYCHOTES weddellii ..	88
,, fieldi ..	78	Genus MACRORHINUS ..	88
,, hermanns-.		MACRORHINUS probos-	
,, burgensis ..	78	cideus ..	88
,, messoria ..	79	Family OTARIIDÆ ..	89
,, waitei ..	79	Genus NEOPHOCA ..	89
Genus GYOMYS ..	79	NEOPHOCA cinerea ..	89
GYOMYS novæhollandiae ..	79	Genus GYPSOPHOCA ..	89
,, glaucus ..	79	GYPSOPHOCA tropicalis ..	89
,, desertor ..	79	,, dorifera ..	89
,, apodemoides ..	79	,, tasmanica ..	89
,, albocinereus ..	79	Order CARNIVORA ..	90
Genus MASTACOMYS ..	80	Family CANIDÆ ..	90
MASTACOMYS fuscus ..	80	Genus CANIS ..	90
[„ mordicus ..	80]	CANIS dingo ..	90
Genus LAOMYS ..	80	Order CHIROPTERA ..	90
LAOMYS woodwardi ..	80	Suborder MEGACHIROPTERA ..	90
,, pedunculatus ..	80	Family PTEROPODIDÆ ..	90
Genus MESEMBORIOMYS ..	80	Genus PTEROPUS ..	90
MESEMBORIOMYS gouldii ..	81	PTEROPUS poliocephalus ..	90
,, macrurus ..	81	,, brunneus ..	90
Genus LEPORILLUS ..	81	,, gouldii ..	91
LEPORILLUS apicalis ..	81	,, conspicillatus ..	91
,, jonesi ..	81	,, scapulatus ..	91
,, conditor ..	81	Genus NYCTIMENE ..	91
Genus CONILURUS ..	82	NYCTIMENE papuanus ..	91
CONILURUS albipes ..	82	,, robinsoni ..	91
,, hemileucurus ..	82	Family KIODOTIDÆ ..	92
,, penicillatus ..	82	Genus ODONTONYCTERIS ..	92
,, melibius ..	82	ODONTONYCTERIS	
Genus ZYZOMYS ..	82	pygmaeus ..	92
ZYZOMYS argurus ..	83	l. nanus ..	92
Genus NOTOMYS ..	83	Genus SYCONYCTERIS ..	92
NOTOMYS mitchellii ..	83	SYCONYCTERIS australis ..	92
,, mordax ..	83	Suborder MICROCHIROPTERA ..	92
,, aquilo ..	83	Family RHINOLOPHIDÆ ..	92
,, longicaudatus ..	84	Genus RHINOPHYLLOTIS ..	92
,, megalotis ..	84	RHINOPHYLLOTIS mega-	
,, richardsonii ..	84	phyllus ..	92
,, alexis ..	84	Family HIPPOSIDERIDÆ ..	93
,, sturti ..	84	Genus RHINONICTERIS ..	93
Genus ASCOPHARYNX ..	84	RHINONICTERIS aurantius ..	93
ASCOPHARYNX cervinus ..	85	Genus HIPPOSIDEROS ..	93
Genus UROMYS ..	85	HIPPOSIDEROS cervinus ..	93
UROMYS caudimaculatus ..	85	,, albanensis ..	93

	PAGE.		PAGE.
Class MAMMALIA—Continued.			
HIPPOSIDEROS <i>semoni</i> ..	93	SCOTEINUS <i>inflatus</i> ..	98
" <i>stenotis</i> ..	93	" <i>balstoni</i> ..	98
Family MEGADERMIDÆ ..	94	Genus MYOTIS ..	98
Genus MACRODERMA ..	94	<i>Myotis macropus</i> ..	98
<i>MACRODERMA gigas</i> ..	94	" <i>australis</i> ..	98
Family VESPERTILIONIDÆ ..	94	Genus PHONISCUS ..	98
Genus NYCTOPHILUS ..	94	<i>Phoniscus papuensis</i> ..	99
<i>NYCTOPHILUS geoffroyi</i> ..	94	Genus MINIOPTERUS ..	99
" <i>timoriensis</i> ..	95	<i>Miniopterus blepolis</i> ..	99
" <i>bifax</i> ..	95	[" <i>australis</i>] ..	99
" <i>dædalus</i> ..	95	" <i>orianæ</i> ..	99
" <i>walkeri</i> ..	95	Family TAPHOZOIDÆ ..	99
Genus VESPADELUS ..	95	Genus TAPHOZOUS ..	99
<i>VESPADELUS pumilus</i> ..	95	<i>Taphozous australis</i> ..	99
Genus PIPISTRELLUS ..	96	" <i>georgianus</i> ..	99
<i>PIPISTRELLUS abramus</i> ..	96	Genus SACCOLAIMUS ..	100
" <i>regulus</i> ..	96	<i>Saccolaimus flaviventris</i> ..	100
Genus GLISCHROPUS ..	96	" <i>nudicollis</i> ..	100
<i>GLISCHROPUS tasmaniensis</i> ..	96	Family MOLOSSIDÆ ..	100
Genus CHALINOLOBUS ..	97	Genus ASTRONOMUS ..	100
<i>CHALINOLOBUS gouldii</i> ..	97	<i>Astronomus australis</i> ..	100
" <i>morio</i> ..	97	Genus MICRONOMUS ..	100
" <i>picatus</i> ..	97	<i>Micronomus norfolkensis</i> ..	100
" <i>rogersi</i> ..	97	" <i>planiceps</i> ..	101
Genus SCOTEINUS ..	98	Genus CHÆREPHON ..	101
<i>SCOTEINUS ruppellii</i> ..	98	<i>Chærephon colonicus</i> ..	101
" <i>greyii</i> ..	98		

A CHECK-LIST OF THE MAMMALS OF AUSTRALIA.

By TOM IREDALE and ELLIS LE G. TROUGHTON.

Class MAMMALIA.

Sub-class MONOTREMATA.

(ORNITHODELPHIA OR PROTOTHERIA.)
MONOTREMES.

Family ORNITHORHYNCHIDÆ.

Genus ORNITHORHYNCHUS Blumenbach, 1800.

1800. *Ornithorhynchus* Blumenbach, Götting. Gelehrt. Anz. i, pp. 609–610 (Apl. 19, *fide* Palmer); Abh. Nat. Gegen., No. 41 (*fide* Sherborn); Voigt's Mag. Naturk. ii, 1, p. 205 (*fide* Sherborn). Haplotype, *O. paradoxus* Blumenbach.
1799. *Platypus* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell., x, pl. 385, June. Haplotype, *P. anatinus* Shaw and Nodder. Not *Platypus* Jablonsky, Nat. Ins. (Kafer), v, p. 128, 1793.
1800. *Dermipus* Wiedemann, Arch. für Zool. i, 1, p. 180. New name for *Platypus* Shaw and Nodder.

ORNITHORHYNCHUS ANATINUS Shaw and Nodder, 1799.
THE PLATYPUS.

- (a) *Ornithorhynchus anatinus anatinus* Shaw and Nodder, 1799.
1799. *Platypus anatinus* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell. x, pls. 385–386, June. "New Holland"=Sydney, N.S.W.
1800. *Ornithorhynchus paradoxus* Blumenbach, Voigt's Mag. Naturk. ii, 1, p. 205 (*fide* Sherborn). Sydney, N.S.W.
1807. *Ornithorhynchus fuscus* Péron, Voy. Terres Austr. Atlas, pl. xxxiv, figs. 1, 3, 5, 6. About Sydney, N.S.W.
1807. *Ornithorhynchus rufus* Péron, Voy. Terres Austr. Atlas, pl. xxxiv, figs. 2, 4, 7, 8. About Sydney, N.S.W.
1832. *Ornithorhynchus brevirostris* Ogilby, Proc. Comm. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1831, p. 150 (Jan. 16, 1832). Swan River (Lieut. Matthew Friend), error=New South Wales.
1832. *Ornithorhynchus laevis* Macgillivray, Mem. Werner. Soc. (Edinb.) vi, p. 132, Jan. New name for *rufus*, etc. Coastal New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.

(b) *Ornithorhynchus anatinus triton* Thomas, 1923.
1923. *Ornithorhynchus anatinus triton* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 178, Jan. 1. Deniliquin, west of Dividing Range, N.S.W. Western New South Wales.

- (c) *Ornithorhynchus anatinus phoxinus* Thomas, 1923.
 1923. *Ornithorhynchus anatinus phoxinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 176, Jan. 1. Ravenshoe, North Queensland (T. Sherrin).
 Northern Queensland.
- (d) *Ornithorhynchus anatinus crispus* Macgillivray, 1832.
 1832. *Ornithorhynchus anatinus crispus* Macgillivray, Mem. Werner. Soc. (Edinb.) vi, p. 128, Jan. Tasmania.

Family TACHYGLOSSIDÆ.

SPINY ANT-EATERS OR ECHIDNAS.

Genus TACHYGLOSSUS Illiger, 1811.

1811. *Tachyglossus* Illiger, Prod. Syst. Mamm. et Avium, p. 114 (pref. April). New name for *Echidna* Cuvier. Haplotype, *Myrmecophaga aculeata* Shaw and Nodder.
1798. *Echidna* Cuvier, Tabl. Elem. Hist. Nat., p. 143, Jan. Haplotype, *Myrmecophaga aculeata* Shaw and Nodder. Not *Echidna* Forster, Enchiridion, p. 81, 1788, March 27.
1809. *Acanthonotus* Goldfuss, Vergl. Naturb. Säugth., pp. xix and 308 (*fide* Sherborn). Haplotype, *A. myrmecophagus* Goldfuss. Not *Acanthonotus* Bloch, Ichtyologie, xii, p. 112, 1797.
1814. *Echinopus* G. Fischer, Zoognosia, ii, pp. 570–592, *ex i*, p. 14, 1813, *nom. nud.* New name for *Echidna* Cuvier.
1815. *Syphomia* Rafinesque, Analyse Nat., p. 57. New name for *Echidna* Cuvier.
- [1796. *Aculeata* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris) i, pp. 102–103, Apl.–June. Not used generically: *cf.* Thomas, Ann. Mus. Civ. Str. Genova (2) xviii, p. 621, 1897.]

TACHYGLOSSUS ACULEATUS Shaw and Nodder, 1792.

SPINY ANT-EATER OR ECHIDNA.

- (a) *Tachyglossus aculeatus aculeatus* Shaw and Nodder, 1792.
1792. *Myrmecophaga aculeata* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell. iii, pl. cix, July 1. New Holland=Sydney, N.S.W.
1802. *Ornithorhynchus hystrix* Home, Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. Lond., 1802, pt. ii, p. 348, pl. x(-xiii), read June 3. New name for *M. aculeata* Shaw and Nodder (not in Sherborn).
1808. *Echidna longiaculeata* Tiedemann, Zool., i, p. 592. New name for *M. aculeata* Shaw and Nodder (*fide* Sherborn).
1809. *Acanthonotus myrmecophagus* Goldfuss, Vergl. Naturb. Säugth., pp. xix and 308. Based upon Porcupine Ant-Eater of Pennant.
1813. *Echidna novahollandiae* Fischer, Zoognosia, ii, p. 444. *Nom. nud.* (Not in Sherborn).
1827. *Echidna australiensis* Lesson, Man. Mamm., p. 318, May. New name for *aculeata* and *setosa*. (Not in Sherborn).

1829. *Ornithorhynchus eracinus* [James Mudie], The Picture of Australia, p. 180 (177 *ericinus*), Oct. Australia. (Not in Sherborn.)
1835. *Echidna australiensis* Gervais, Dict. Pitt. d'Hist. Nat., ii, 158^e livre, p. 623, as of Lesson. (Not in Sherborn.)
1838. *Echidna australis* Lesson, Compl. de Buffon, 2nd ed., i, pl. opp. p. 460. New name for *aculeata*. (Not in Sherborn.)
1909. *Echidna sydneiensis* Kowarzik, Zool. Anzeiger, 35, p. 214, Dec. 7. New name for *aculeata*.
- New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) *Tachyglossus aculeatus acanthion* Collett, 1884.
1884. *Echidna acanthion* Collett, Forh. Vid. Selsk., 1884, No. 13; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1885, p. 148, pl. x. Rockhampton, Queensland (Lumholtz).
- Queensland.
- (c) *Tachyglossus aculeatus multiaculeatus* Rothschild, 1905.
1905. *Echidna hystrix multiaculeatus* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., xii, p. 306, Sept. 20. Extreme south of South Australia.
- South Australia.
- (d) *Tachyglossus aculeatus ineptus* Thomas, 1906.
1906. *Tachyglossus aculeatus ineptus* Thomas, Abstr. Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, No. 31, p. 2, May 8; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 477, October. Southern Cross, South-West Australia (G. C. Shortridge).
- South-West Australia.

TACHYGLOSSUS SETOSUS *Geoffroy*, 1803.

HAIRY OR TASMANIAN SPINY ANT-EATER, OR ECHIDNA.

1803. *Echidna setosa* E. Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 77, p. 126. (*Fide* Sherborn.) Tasmania.
1808. *Echidna breviaculeata* Tiedemann, Zoologie, i, p. 592. New name for *E. setosa* Geoffroy. (*Fide* Sherborn.)
1810. *Platypus longirostra* Perry, Arcana, x, March. Tasmania.
1865. *Echidna brevicaudata* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865, p. 386, Aug. 25. Grayism only.
1909. *Echidna hobartensis* Kowarzik, Zool. Anzeiger, 35, p. 215, Dec. 7. New name for *setosa*.
- Tasmania.

*Sub-class MARSUPIALIA.
(DIDELPHIA OR METATHERIA.)
MARSUPIALS.*

Suborder POLYPROTODONTIA.

Family DASYURIDÆ.

Subfamily PHASCOGALINÆ.

Genus ANTECHINUS Macleay, 1841.

BROAD-FOOTED MARSUPIAL MICE.

1841. *Antechinus* Macleay, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., viii, p. 242, Dec.
Haplotype, *A. stuartii* Macleay.

ANTECHINUS FLAVIPES Waterhouse, 1838.

YELLOW-FOOTED MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

- (a) 1838. (a) *Antechinus flavipes flavipes* Waterhouse, 1838.
Phascogale flavipes Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1837, p. 75, Jan. 22, 1838. North of Hunter River,
N.S.W. (Thomas).
1841. (b) *Antechinus stuartii* Macleay, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., viii,
p. 242, pl. vii, Dec. Spring Cove, Sydney Harbour,
i.e., Manly, N.S.W. After J. Stuart.
1854. (c) *Antechinus unicolor* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. vi (vol. i,
pl. 37). Sydney, N.S.W.
[*Myrmecobius ? rufus* Mitchell, Two Exped. Austr., i, p. xvii,
1838 (pref. Aug. 18.).]
New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) 1841. (d) *Antechinus flavipes rufogaster* Gray, 1841.
Phascogale rufogaster Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr. (Grey),
ii, App., pp. 407, 401, Nov. South Australia (Gould).
South Australia.
- (c) 1841. (e) *Antechinus flavipes leucogaster* Gray, 1841.
Phascogale leucogaster Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr.
(Grey), ii, App., pp. 407, 401, Nov. Banks of the
Canning River, S.W. Australia.
South-western Australia.
1926. (d) *Antechinus flavipes burrelli* Le Souef and Burrell, 1926.
Phascogale flavipes burrelli Le Souef and Burrell, Wild Anim.
Austr., p. 334, fig. 92, *ex* Le Souef MS. Ebor, northern
N.S.W.
Northern New South Wales, southern Queensland.
1923. (e) *Antechinus flavipes adustus* Thomas, 1923.
Phascogale flavipes adusta Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9),
xi, p. 175, Jan. Ravenshoe, North Queensland (T.
Sherrin).
Northern Queensland.

ANTECHINUS GODMANI *Thomas*, 1923.
GODMAN'S MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

1923. *Phascogale godmani* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi,
p. 174, Jan. Ravenshoe, North Queensland (T. Sherrin).
Northern Queensland.

ANTECHINUS BELLUS *Thomas*, 1904.
FAWN MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

1904. *Phascogale bella* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 229, March 25.
South Alligator River, Northern Territory (Tunney).
North Australia.

ANTECHINUS SWAINSONII *Waterhouse*, 1840.
SOMBRE OR DUSKY MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

- (a) *Antechinus swainsonii swainsonii* Waterhouse, 1840.
 1840. *Phascogale swainsonii* Waterhouse, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth) iv, p. 299, June. Tasmania.
 1883. *Antechinus niger* Higgins and Petterd, Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1882, p. 172. Upper Piper, Tasmania (Sultzberger).
 1884. *Antechinus moorei* Higgins and Petterd, Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 182, *ante* June 25, 1884. Long Plains, Tasmania (T. B. Moore).
 1884. *Antechinus moorei* var. *assimilis* Higgins and Petterd, Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 185, *ante* June 25, 1884. West coast Tasmania.
 Tasmania, Victoria.
- (b) *Antechinus swainsonii mimetes* Thomas, 1924.
 1924. *Phascogale swainsonii mimetes* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xiv, p. 528, Nov. Guy Fawkes District, northern N.S.W. (Wilkins).
 Northern New South Wales.

ANTECHINUS MINIMUS *Geoffroy*, 1803.
LITTLE TASMANIAN MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

1803. *Dasyurus minimus* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 81, p. 159, December (*fide* Sherborn). Tasmania.
 1804. *Dasyurus minimus* Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. d'Hist. Nat. Paris, iii, p. 362, Feb. New Holland=Tasmania.
 1841. *Phascogale affinis* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr. (Grey) ii, App., pp. 406, 401, Nov. Tasman's Peninsula, Tasmania (Gould).
 1883. *Antechinus rolandensis* Higgins and Petterd, Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1882, p. 171. Mount Roland, Tasmania.
 1884. *Antechinus concinnus* Higgins and Petterd, Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 184, *ante* June 25, 1884. Tasmania.
 Tasmania, and islands of Bass Strait.

ANTECHINUS MACULATUS *Gould*, 1851.

PIGMY ANTECHINUS.

- (a) *Antechinus maculatus maculatus* Gould, 1851.
 1851. *Antechinus maculatus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. iii (vol. i, pl. xliv); Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 284, June 14, 1854. Clarence River, N.S.W. (Strange).
 1852. *Antechinus minutissimus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. iv (vol. i, pl. xlv); Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 284, June 14, 1854. Moreton Bay, East Australia (Strange).
 1879. *Podabrus minutus* Schmeltz, Mus. Godeffroy Cat., vii, p. 3, May (as of Gould). Queensland. *Nom. nud.* (error for above ?). Northern New South Wales, southern Queensland.
- (b) *Antechinus maculatus sinualis* Thomas, 1926.
 1926. *Phascogale minutissima sinualis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii, p. 634, June. Groote Eylandt, Gulf of Carpentaria, North Australia (Wilkins). North Australia (Groote Eylandt).

ANTECHINUS MACDONNELLENSIS *Spencer*, 1896.

FAT-TAILED ANTECHINUS.

1896. *Phascogale macdonnellensis* Spencer, Rept. Horn. Sci. Exped. Centr. Austr., Zool., ii, p. 27, pl. ii, fig. 1 *a-c*, pl. iv, figs. 9-12, Feb. Alice Springs, Central Australia (Coll. South). Central Australia.

ANTECHINUS MIMULUS *Thomas*, 1906.

NORTHERN FAT-TAILED ANTECHINUS.

1906. *Phaseogale mimulus* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 540, Oct. Alexandria, Northern Territory (Stalker). North Australia.

ANTECHINUS APICALIS *Gray*, 1842.

FRECKLED MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

1842. *Phascogale apicalis* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., ix, p. 518, Aug. "Australasia"=South-Western Australia. South-Western Australia.

Genus PLANIGALE *Troughton*, 1928.

FLAT-SKULLED MARSUPIAL MICE.

1928. *Planigale* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xvi, p. 282, June 11. Orthotype, *Planigale ingrami brunneus* Troughton.

PLANIGALE INGRAMI *Thomas*, 1906.

NORTHERN PLANIGALE.

- (a) *Planigale ingrami ingrami* Thomas, 1906.
 1906. *Phascogale ingrami* Thomas, Abstr. Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, No. 32, p. 6, May 22; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)

1906, p. 541, pl. xxxvii, fig. 2, Oct. Alexandria, Northern Territory (Stalker).
North Australia.

- (b) *Planigale ingrami brunneus* Troughton, 1928.
 1928. *Planigale ingrami brunneus* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xvi, p. 282, pl. xxxix, figs. 1a–b, June 11. Wyangarie, Richmond District, North Queensland (F. L. Berney). North Queensland.

PLANIGALE TENUIROSTRIS Troughton, 1928.

SLENDER-NOSED PLANIGALE.

1928. *Planigale tenuirostris* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xvi, p. 285, pl. xxxix, fig. 2a–g, June 11. Bourke or Wilcannia, N.S.W. Western New South Wales.

PLANIGALE SUBTILISSIMA Lonnberg, 1913.

WESTERN OR LITTLE PLANIGALE.

1913. *Phascogale subtilissima* Lonnberg, Kungl. Sv. Vet. Akad. Handl., lii, 1, p. 9, Sept. 26. Noonkambah, Kimberley District, North-Western Australia. North-Western Australia.

Genus PHASCOGALE Temminck, 1824.

BRUSH-TAILED MARSUPIAL RATS.

1824. *Phascogale* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., i, pp. xxiii, 23, 56. Orthotype, *Didelphis penicillata* Shaw.
 1841. *Ascogale* Gloger, Hand- u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, pp. xxx, 183, ante May. New name for *Phascogale*, cf. Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) xv, p. 190, Feb. 1, 1895.
 1842. *Tapoa* Lesson, Nouv. Tabl. Regn. Anim. Mamm., p. 190, Nov. Haplotype, *Tapoa tafa* Lesson.
 1916. *Phascolictis* Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 1916, p. 263, April. Orthotype, *Phascogale calura* Gould.

PHASCOGALE TAPOATAFA Meyer, 1793.

LARGE BRUSH-TAILED PHASCOGALE.

- (a) *Phascogale tapoatafa tapoatafa* Meyer, 1793.
 1793. *Viverra tapoatafa* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck., p. 28; based on the Tapoa Tafa or Tapha of White, p. 281. Sydney, N.S.W.
 1800. *Didelphis penicillata* Shaw, Gen. Zool. (Mamm.) i, pt. 2, p. 502, pl. 113, plate dated Feb. 1. No locality—Sydney.
 1803. *Dasyurus tafa* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 81, p. 159 (*fide* Sherborn).
 1804. *Dasyurus tafa* Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. (Paris), iii, p. 360, Feb.; based on White's Tapoa Tafa, tab. 281.
 1808. *Dasyurus tafa* Tiedemann, Zool. i, p. 429 (*fide* Sherborn). Southern Australia, from south Queensland to Western Australia.

- (b) *Phascogale tapoatafa pirata* Thomas, 1904.
 1904. *Phascogale penicillata pirata* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 228,
 March 25. South Alligator River, Northern Territory
 (Tunney).
 North Australia.

PHASCOGALE CALURA Gould, 1844.

WAMBERGER OR RED-TAILED PHASCOGALE.

1844. *Phascogale calura* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 104,
 Oct. (Williams River) Interior West Australia (Gilbert).
 South-western Australia, South Australia and Victoria (*fide*
 Spence).

Genus DASYCERCUS Peters, 1875.

1875. *Dasy cercus* Peters, Sitz. Gesell. Nat. Freunde, Berlin, 1875,
 p. 73. New name for *Chætocercus* Krefft. Haplotype,
Chætocercus cristicauda Krefft.
 1867. *Chætocercus* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 434,
 April 25, 1867. Haplotype, *C. cristicauda* Krefft. Not
Chætocercus G. R. Gray, Cat. Gen. Subgen. Birds, 1855,
 p. 22.
 1919. *Amperta* Cabrera, Gen. Mamm., p. 65. New name for
Chætocercus Krefft.

DASYCERCUS CRISTICAUDA Krefft.

CREST-TAILED MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

1867. *Chætocercus cristicauda* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
 1866, p. 435, pl. xxxvi, April 25, 1867. South Australia
 (probably Lake Alexandrina; *ex* F. G. Waterhouse).
 1905. *Phascogale hillieri* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvi,
 p. 427, Oct. Killalpanina, east of Lake Eyre, South
 Australia.
 South Australia.

DASYCERCUS BLYTHI Waite, 1904.

BLYTH'S DASYCERCUS.

1904. *Phascogale blythi* Waite, Rec. Austr. Mus., v, p. 123, Jan. 28.
 Pilbara District, mid-West Australia.
 1910. *Phascogale blighi* Shortridge, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1909,
 pp. 804, 840, 842, *ex* Woodward MS. *nom. nud.* Pilbara,
 Western Australia.
 Mid-Western Australia.

Genus DASYUROIDES Spencer, 1896.

1896. *Dasyuroides* Spencer, Rept. Horn Sci. Exped. Centr. Austr.,
 Zool. ii, p. 36, Feb. Haplotype, *D. byrnei* Spencer.
 1896. *Dasyuroides* Spencer, Proc. Roy. Soc. Viet., viii (n.s.), p. 5,
 April. (Prelim. descr. !)

DASYUROIDES BYRNEI *Spencer*, 1896.

BYRNE'S CREST-TAILED MARSUPIAL RAT.

1896. *Dasyurodes byrnei* Spencer, Rept. Horn Sci. Exped. Centr. Austr., Zool. ii, p. 36, pls. iii and iv, figs. 1-4, Feb. Charlotte Waters, Central Australia (P. M. Byrne).
1896. *Dasyurodes byrnei* Spencer, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., viii (n.s.), p. 6, April (prelim. descr.!).
1906. *Dasyurodes byrnei pallidior* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvii, p. 330, March. Killalpanina, east of Lake Eyre, South Australia (H. J. Hillier).
Central and South Australia.

Genus SMINTHOPSIS *Thomas*, 1887.

1887. *Sminthopsis* Thomas, Ann. Mus. Civ. Stor. Genova (2) iv, p. 503, April 9. New name for *Podabrus* Gould. Haplotype, *Phascogale crassicaudata* Gould.
1845. *Podabrus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. 1 (letterpress to pl. xlvii, vol. i), May. Haplotype, *Phascogale crassicaudata* Gould. Not *Podabrus* Westwood, Introd. Insect., ii, Synopsis, p. 27, 1840, ex G. Fischer, Entom. Imp. Russ., i, 1821, p. 36 (*nom. nud.*)

SMINTHOPSIS CRASSICAUDATA *Gould*, 1844.

FAT-TAILED MARSUPIAL MOUSE.

- (a) *Sminthopsis crassicaudata crassicaudata* Gould, 1844.
1844. *Phascogale crassicaudata* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 105, Oct. (Williams River) Western Australia (Gilbert).
South-Western Australia.
- (b) *Sminthopsis crassicaudata centralis* Thomas, 1902.
1902. *Sminthopsis crassicaudatus centralis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) x, p. 492, Dec. 1. Killalpanina, east of Lake Eyre, South Australia (H. J. Hillier).
Central and South Australia.
- (c) *Sminthopsis crassicaudata macrura* Gould, 1845.
1845. *Podabrus macrurus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845, p. 79, Oct. Darling Downs, N.S.W., i.e., South Queensland.
South Queensland, northern New South Wales.

SMINTHOPSIS GRANULIPES *Troughton*, 1932.

GRANULE-FOOTED SMINTHOPSIS.

1932. *Sminthopsis granulipes* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xviii, p. 350, fig. 1, April 20. King George's Sound, South-Western Australia.
South-Western Australia.

SMINTHOPSIS FROGGATTI *Ramsay*, 1887.

FROGGATT'S SMINTHOPSIS.

1887. *Antechinus (Podabrus) froggatti* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) ii, p. 552, Nov. 30. King Sound, near Derby, N.W. Australia (W. W. Froggatt).
North-Western Australia.

SMINTHOPSIS LARAPINTA *Spencer*, 1896.

STRIPED-HEAD SMINTHOPSIS.

1896. *Sminthopsis larapinta* Spencer, Rept. Horn Sci. Exped. Centr. Austr., Zool. ii, p. 33, pl. ii, fig. 2a-b, Feb. Charlotte Waters, Central Australia (P. M. Byrne).
1896. *Sminthopsis larapinta* Spencer, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., viii (n.s.), p. 8, April (prelim. descr.!).
1897. *Sminthopsis nitela* Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1897, p. 334, Aug. 1. Daly River, Northern Territory (Dahl). North, Central, and South Australia.

SMINTHOPSIS PSAMMOPHILA *Spencer*, 1895.

LARGE DESERT SMINTHOPSIS.

1895. *Sminthopsis psammophilus* Spencer, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., vii (n.s.), p. 223, Jan. Lake Amadeus, Central Australia. Central Australia.

SMINTHOPSIS STALKERI *Thomas*, 1906.

STALKER'S FAT-TAILED SMINTHOPSIS.

1906. *Sminthopsis stalkeri* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 543, Oct. Alroy and Alexandria, Northern Territory (Stalker). North Australia.

SMINTHOPSIS MURINA *Waterhouse*, 1838.

SLENDER MOUSE-SMINTHOPSIS.

- (a) (a) *Sminthopsis murina murina* Waterhouse, 1838.
1838. *Phascogale murina* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1837, p. 76, Jan. 22, 1838. North of Hunter's River, N.S.W.
New South Wales and southern Queensland.
- (b) (b) *Sminthopsis murina albipes* Waterhouse, 1842.
1842. *Phascogale albipes* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 48, Nov. Port Adelaide, South Australia (J. B. Harvey, ? Port Lincoln).
South Australia, Victoria.
- (c) (c) *Sminthopsis murina fuliginosa* Gould, 1852.
1852. *Antechinus fuliginosus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. 4 (vol. i, pl. xli). King George's Sound, W. Australia (Gilbert). South-Western Australia.

- (d) *Sminthopsis murina constricta* Spencer, 1896.
 1896. *Sminthopsis murina* var. *constricta* Spencer, Rept. Horn Sci.
 Exped. Centr. Austr., Zool. ii, p. 33, Feb. Oodnadatta,
 Central Australia.
 Central Australia.

SMINTHOPSIS LEUCOPUS Gray, 1842.
 WHITE-FOOTED SMINTHOPSIS.

- (a) *Sminthopsis leucopus leucopus* Gray, 1842.
 1842. *Phascogale leucopus* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., x, p. 261, Dec.
 Australia (B.M.)=Tasmania.
 Tasmania.
- (b) *Sminthopsis leucopus ferruginifrons* Gould, 1854.
 1854. *Antechinus ferruginifrons* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. vi
 (vol. i, pl. xxxvi). Sydney, N.S.W.
1867. *Podabrus mitchelli* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866,
 p. 433, April 25, 1867. Interior of New South Wales
 (Sir T. Mitchell); type in Aust. Mus.
 New South Wales, Victoria.

SMINTHOPSIS LONGICAUDATA Spencer, 1909.
 LONG-TAILED SMINTHOPSIS.

1909. *Sminthopsis longicaudata* Spencer, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict.
 (n.s.), p. 449, March. West Australia (J. Keartland).
 Western Australia. G.A.

- [*SMINTHOPSIS VIRGINIAE* Tarragon, 1847.
 1847. *Phascogale virginiae* Tarragon, Revue Zool., 1847, p. 177, July.
 No locality; type lost.]

SMINTHOPSIS LUMHOLTZI nom. nov.
 LUMHOLTZ'S SMINTHOPSIS.

1887. *Phascogale virginiae* Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1886,
 p. 548, pl. lx, April 1, 1887. Herbert Vale, North
 Queensland (Lumholtz). Not of Tarragon, *supra*.
 North Queensland.

SMINTHOPSIS HIRTIPES Thomas, 1898.
 HAIRY-FOOTED SMINTHOPSIS.

1898. *Sminthopsis hirtipes* Thomas, Nov. Zool., v, p. 3, March 15.
 Charlotte Waters, Central Australia.
 Central and South Australia.

- Genus ANTECHINOMYS Krefft, 1867.*
 1867. *Antechinomys* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 434,
 April 25, 1867. Haplotype, *Phascogale lanigera* Gould.

ANTECHINOMYS LANIGER *Gould*, 1856.

LITTLE OR EASTERN JERBOA-MARSUPIAL.

1856. *Phascogale lanigera* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. 8 (vol. i, pl. xxxiii). Interior of Australia (Sir T. Mitchell)=Interior of New South Wales.
North-western Victoria, interior of New South Wales, south-western Queensland.

ANTECHINOMYS SPENCERI *Thomas*, 1906.

GREATER OR CENTRAL JERBOA-MARSUPIAL.

1906. *Antechinomys spenceri* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvii, p. 331, March. Charlotte Waters, Central Australia (Horn Expedition, Spencer).
Central and South Australia.

Subfamily DASYURINÆ.

NATIVE CATS : TASMANIAN DEVIL.

Genus DASYURUS *Geoffroy*, 1796.

1796. *Dasyurus* *Geoffroy*, Mag. Encyclop. (2) iii, p. 469 (*fide* Sherborn). Haplotype, Spotted Cuscus Opossum of Phillip (*cf.* Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Paris, iii, p. 358, Feb., 1804) = *Didelphis maculata* Kerr = *Mustela quoll* Zimmermann.
1841. *Nasira* Harvey (J. B.), South Austr. Mag., i, p. 210, Dec.; for Native Cat, Port Lincoln.
1909. *Nasira* Zeitz (A.), Proc. Roy. Geogr. Soc. Austr., South Austr. Branch, x, p. 180; interpretation of Harvey's list. Haplotype, *Dasyurus viverrinus*.

DASYURUS QUOLL *Zimmermann*, 1777.

COMMON EASTERN NATIVE CAT.

1777. *Mustela quoll* *Zimmermann*; Spec. Zool., p. 489 (*fide* Sherborn), based on Quoll, Hawkesworth, Cook Voy., iii, p. 222 (626 in our copy), 1773. Bare Island, Botany Bay, N.S.W.
1792. *Didelphis maculata* Kerr, Anim. Kingdom (Linne), p. 199 (pref. Feb.), for Spotted Opossum of Phillip=Sydney, N.S.W. (Turton, vol. i, p. 68, 1806.)
1799. *Dasyurus maculatus* Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm., p. 5 (*fide* Sherborn).
1800. *Didelphis viverrina* Shaw, Gen. Zool., i, pt. 2, p. 491, pl. exi, dated Feb. 1, for White, Journal, pp. 281, 285. Sydney, N.S.W.
1803. *Dasyurus maugei* *Geoffroy*, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 81, p. 159, December.
1804. *Dasyurus maugei* *Geoffroy*, Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Paris, iii, p. 359, Feb. Coll. Mauge=South Tasmania.
1804. *Dasyurus guttatus* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., 1st ed., xxiv, p. 10, March.

1854. *Didelphys alboguttata* Wied, Beitr, ii, p. 412, *ex* Burmeister MS. Brazil, error *fide* Goeldi, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1894, p. 466, Oct. 1—Sydney, N.S.W.
1866. *Phalangista viverrina* var. *victoriae* M'Coy, Intercol. Exhib., 1866/7, Essays, No. 7, p. 309 (reprint, p. 3), *nom. nud.*; Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xx, p. 175, Sept. 1, 1867, *nom. nud.* Victoria.
- South Australia (extinct ?), Victoria, New South Wales, Tasmania.
- Genus DASYURINUS Matschie, 1916.*
1916. *Dasyurinus* Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 1916, p. 262, April. Orthotype, *Dasyurus geoffroii* Gould.
1926. *Notoctonus* Pocock, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1926, p. 1082, Dec. Orthotype, *Dasyurus geoffroii* Gould.

DASYURINUS GEOFFROI *Gould, 1841.*

BLACK-TAILED NATIVE CAT.

- (a) 1841. *Dasyurinus geoffroii geoffroii* Gould, 1841.
Dasyurus geoffroii Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 151, July 1841. Liverpool Plains, N.S.W.
 New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia (extinct ?), North Australia.
- (b) 1906. *Dasyurinus geoffroii fortis* Thomas, 1906.
 1906. *Dasyurus geoffroyi fortis* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 476, Oct. Arthur River and Wagin, South-Western Australia (Shortridge).
 South-Western Australia.

Genus SATANELLUS Pocock, 1926.

1926. *Satanellus* Pocock, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1926, p. 1083, Dec. Orthotype, *Dasyurus hallucatus* Gould.

SATANELLUS HALLUCATUS Gould, 1842.

LITTLE NORTHERN NATIVE CAT.

- (a) 1842. *Satanellus hallucatus hallucatus* Gould, 1842.
Dasyurus hallucatus Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 41, Nov. Port Essington.
 North Australia.
- (b) 1909. *Satanellus hallucatus exilis* Thomas, 1909.
 1909. *Dasyurus hallucatus exilis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) iii, p. 152, Feb. Parry's Creek, N.W. Australia (J. P. Rogers).
 North-Western Australia.
- (c) 1926. *Satanellus hallucatus predator* Thomas, 1926.
Dasyurus hallucatus predator Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xviii, p. 543, Nov. Utingu, Cape York, N. Queensland (Kemp).
 Northern Queensland (Cape York).

- (d) *Satanellus hallucatus nesæus* Thomas, 1926.
 1926. *Dasyurus hallucatus nesæus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xviii, p. 544, Nov. Groote Eylandt, Gulf of Carpentaria, N. Australia (Wilkins).
 North Australia (Groote Eylandt).

- Genus DASYUROPS Matschie*, 1916.
 1916. *Dasyurops* Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, 1916, p. 262, April. Orthotype, *Viverra maculata* Kerr.
 1926. *Stictophonus* Pocock, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1926, p. 1083, December. Orthotype, *Viverra maculata* Kerr.

- DASYUROPS MACULATUS Kerr, 1792.**
TIGER CAT : LARGE SPOTTED-TAILED NATIVE CAT.
 1792. *Viverra maculata* Kerr, Anim. Kingdom (Linné) p. 170 (pref. Feb.) (Turton, i, p. 56, 1806) for the Spotted Marten of Phillip. Port Jackson, N.S.W.
 1793. *Mustela novahollandiae* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck, p. 27, for Spotted Marten of Phillip, p. 276. Port Jackson, N.S.W.
 1803. *Dasyurus macrourus* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 81, p. 159; Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Paris, iii, p. 358, Feb., 1804, for Spotted Marten of Phillip, p. 276. Port Jackson, N.S.W.
 South-eastern Queensland, eastern New South Wales, Victoria, south-eastern South Australia, Tasmania.

- DASYUROPS GRACILIS Ramsay, 1888.**
LITTLE SPOTTED-TAILED NATIVE CAT.
 1888. *Dasyurus gracilis* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) iii, p. 1296, Dec. 7. Bellenden Ker Range, N. Queensland (Cairn and Grant).
 North Queensland.

- Genus SARCOPHILUS Geoffroy and Cuvier, 1837.*
 1837. *Sarcophilus* Geoffroy and Cuvier, Hist. Nat. Mamm., iv. (pt. 60), *Sarcophile*, p. 6, Aug.; ex F. Cuvier MS (*fide* Sherborn). Haplotype, *Didelphis ursina* Harris = *Ursinus harrisii* Boitard.
 1841. *Ursinus* Boitard, Jardin des Plantes, p. 290, "1842" = Aug., 1841 (*fide* Sherborn). Haplotype, *U. harrisii* Boitard.
 1841. *Diabolus* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr. (Grey) ii, App. p. 400, Nov. Haplotype, *Didelphis ursina* Harris.

- SARCOPHILUS HARRISII Boitard, 1841.**
TASMANIAN DEVIL.
 1841. *Ursinus harrisii* Boitard, Jardin des Plantes, p. 290, "1842" = Aug., 1841, for *Dasyurus ursinus* Geoffroy = *ursina* Harris. Tasmania.

1808. *Didelphis ursina* Harris, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.) ix, p. 176, pl. xix, 2. Tasmania. Not in Sherborn. Not *Didelphis ursina* Shaw, Gen. Zool. i, pt. 2, p. 504, 1800.
1903. *Sarcophilus satanicus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xi, p. 289, March. New name for *D. ursinus* Geoffroy. Tasmania.

Subfamily THYLACININÆ.

Genus THYLACINUS Temminck, 1824.

1824. *Thylacinus* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., i, pp. xxiii, 23, 60, 267. Haplotype, *T. harrisii* Temminck = *Didelphis cynocephala* Harris.
1825. *Peracyon* Gray, Ann. Philos. (Thomson) xxvi (n.s., x), p. 340, Nov. *Nom. nud.*; Cat. Bones Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 133, 1862 (used validly).
1827. *Paracyon* Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon, Anim. Kingdom (Cuvier) v, p. 192, *ex* Brookes MS. (alternative name for *Thylacinus*).
1830. *Lycaon* Wagler, Syst. Amphib., p. 24, August. Not *Lycaon* Brookes, Anim. Kingdom Syn., 1827, p. 151.
1841. *Peralopex* Gloger, Hand- u. Hilfsb. Nat. i, p. 82, *ante* May, (new name for *Thylacinus* Temminck).
1843. *Paracyon* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 97, May 13 (used as valid name).

THYLACINUS CYNOCEPHALUS Harris, 1808.

TASMANIAN OR MARSUPIAL WOLF OR TIGER.

1808. *Didelphis cynocephala* Harris, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.) ix, p. 174, pl. xix, 1. Tasmania.
1824. *Thylacinus harrisii* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., i (pp. xxiii, 23, *nom. nud.*), p. 63, pl. vii, 1–4. Tasmania.
1831. *Dasyurus lucecephalus* J. Grant, Gleanings Science, iii, p. 177, June. Tasmania. (*Fide* Sherborn.)
1833. *Thylacinus striatus* Warlow, Journ. As. Soc. Bengal, ii, p. 97, new name for *D. cynocephala* Harris.
1868. *Thylacinus breviceps* Krefft, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) ii, p. 296, pl. xvii, Oct. Tasmania (Ouse River, coll. Masters, *fide* Krefft, 1871). Tasmania.

Family MYRMECOBIIDÆ.

MARSUPIAL ANT-EATERS.

Genus MYRMECOBIUS Waterhouse, 1836.

1836. *Myrmecobius* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1836, p. 69, Oct. 18. Haplotype, *M. fasciatus* Waterhouse.

MYRMECOBIUS FASCIATUS Waterhouse, 1836.

NUMBAT OR BANDED ANT-EATER.

1836. *Myrmecobius fasciatus* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1836, p. 69, Oct. 18. 90 miles south-east of mouth of Swan River, West Australia (Lieut. Dale).

1843. *Myrmecobius diemenensis* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 100, May 13, *ex* Waterhouse MS; as synonym. Described from Van Diemen's Land, Waterhouse, P.Z.S., 1836, p. 131.
South-Western Australia.

MYRMECOBIUS RUFUS *Wood Jones*, 1923.
SOUTH AUSTRALIAN OR RUSTY NUMBAT.

1923. *Myrmecobius rufus* Wood Jones, Mamm. South Austr., pt. 1, p. 123, text-figs. 79, 83, 84. South Australia.
South Australia, interior of New South Wales (extinct?).

Family NOTORYCTIDÆ.
MARSUPIAL MOLES.

Genus NOTORYCTES Stirling, 1891.

1891. *Notoryctes* Stirling, Trans. Roy. Soc. S. Austr., xiv, p. 154, July. New name for *Psammoryctes* Stirling, 1889. Orthotype, *P. typhlops* Stirling.
1889. *Psammoryctes* Stirling, Trans. Roy. Soc. S. Austr., xii, p. 158, Dec. Orthotype, *P. typhlops* Stirling. Not *Psammoryctes* Poeppig, Archiv. Nat. (Wiegmann) i, pt. 2, pp. 252, 255, 397, 1835 (*fide* Sherborn).
1891. *Neoryctes* Stirling, Trans. Roy. Soc. S. Austr., xiv, p. 186, July, *ex* Sclater MS. (alternative name suggested by Sclater).

NOTORYCTES TYPHOLOPS *Stirling*, 1889.
MARSUPIAL MOLE.

1889. *Psammoryctes typhlops* Stirling, Trans. Roy. Soc. S. Austr., xii, p. 158. Indracowrie, 100 miles from Charlotte Waters, Central Australia (A. Molineux).
Central Australia.

NOTORYCTES CAURINUS *Thomas*, 1920.
NORTH-WESTERN MARSUPIAL MOLE.

1920. *Notoryctes caurinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) vi, p. 111, July. Wollal, Ninety Mile Beach, North-West Australia (Stockton).
North-Western Australia.

Family PERAMELIIDÆ.
BANDICOOTS.

Genus ISOODON Desmarest, 1817.

1817. *Isoodon* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xvi, p. 409, *ex* Geoffroy MS. Haplotype, *Didelphis obesula* Shaw and Nodder.

ISOODON OBESULUS *Shaw and Nodder*, 1797.
SHORT-NOSED BANDICOOT.

- (a) 1797. *Isoodon obesulus obesulus* Shaw and Nodder, 1797.
Didelphis obesula Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell., viii, pl. 298,
 August. New Holland=Sydney, N.S.W.
 New South Wales, Victoria, South and Central Australia.
- (b) 1841. *Isoodon obesulus fusciventer* Gray, 1841.
 1841. *Perameles fusciventer* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia
 (Grey), ii, App., pp. 407, 401, November. King George's
 Sound, West Australia.
 South-western Australia.
- (c) 1846. *Isoodon obesulus affinis* Waterhouse, 1846.
 1846. *Perameles affinis* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 373.
 Tasmania, ex Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 96,
 May 13; nom. nud. Tasmania.

[*Quid?* 1841. *Isoodon musei* Boitard, Jardin des Plantes, p. 290,
 "1842" =August, 1841. Probably New
 Holland.]

ISOODON NAUTICUS *Thomas*, 1922.
NYUT'S ISLAND BANDICOOT.

1922. *Isoodon nauticus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) ix, p. 678,
 June 1. Franklin Island, Nuyt's Archipelago, South
 Australia (Wood Jones).
 South Australia (Nuyt's Archipelago).

ISOODON BARROWENSIS *Thomas*, 1901.
BARROW ISLAND BANDICOOT.

1901. *Perameles barrowensis* Thomas, Nov. Zool., viii, p. 396,
 December 31. Barrow Island, North-West Australia
 (Tunney).
 North-West Australia (Barrow Island).

ISOODON AURATUS *Ramsay*, 1887.
NORTHERN GOLDEN-BACKED BANDICOOT.

1887. *Perameles auratus* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) ii,
 p. 551, November 30. Derby, North-West Australia
 (W. W. Froggatt).
 North-West and North Australia.

ISOODON PENINSULÆ *Thomas*, 1922.
LITTLE CAPE YORK BANDICOOT.

1922. *Isoodon peninsulæ* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) ix, p. 679,
 June 1. Utingu, Cape York, North Queensland. (Kemp.)
 North Queensland (Cape York).

ISOODON MACROURUS *Gould*, 1842.
LARGER NORTHERN BANDICOOT.

1842. *Perameles macroura* *Gould*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842,
p. 41, November. Port Essington, North Australia.
North Australia.

ISOODON TOROSUS *Ramsay*, 1877.
GIANT BRINDLED BANDICOOT.

1877. *Perameles macroura* var. *torosus* *Ramsay*, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., ii, p. 12, July. North-East Queensland=Cooktown.
North Queensland, ranging southward to northern New South Wales.

Genus PERAMELES Geoffroy, 1803.

1803. *Perameles* *Geoffroy*, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 80,
p. 150, November; Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. (Paris), iv,
p. 56, March, 1804. Logotype, Lesson 1828, *Perameles nasuta* *Geoffroy*.
1811. *Thylacis* Illiger, Prodr. Mamm. et Av., p. 76 (pref. Apl.)
(also misspelt *Thybais* and *Thylaris* Griffith, Synops. Anim., p. 195, 1827). New name for *Perameles* *Geoffroy*.
1816. *Thylax* Oken, Lehrb. Naturg., iii, Zool., 2, pp. xi, 1128–1130.
New name for *Perameles* *Geoffroy*.

PERAMELES NASUTA Geoffroy, 1804.
LONG-NOSED BANDICOOT.

- (a) (a) *Perameles nasuta nasuta* *Geoffroy*, 1804.
1804. *Perameles nasuta* *Geoffroy*, Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. (Paris), iv, p. 62, pl. xliv, March. New Holland=Sydney, New South Wales.
1825. *Perameles major* Sehinz, Das Thierreich (Cuvier), iv, p. 375. Blue Mountains, New South Wales.
1826. *Perameles lawsoni* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie," Zool., p. 711, June 14. Blue Mountains (Bathurst), New South Wales, given by Capt. Lawson; lost in shipwreck.
1841. *Perameles auritus* Waterhouse, Nat. Library (Jardine), Marsupials, p. 156, August; ex Paris Museum. Port Jackson, N.S.W.
New South Wales, Victoria, southern Queensland.

- (b) (b) *Perameles nasuta pallescens* Thomas, 1923.
1923. *Perameles nasuta pallescens* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 173, January 1. Ravenshoe, North Queensland (T. Sherrin).
North Queensland.

PERAMELES EREMIANA Spencer, 1897.
ORANGE-BACKED BANDICOOT.

1897. *Perameles eremiana* *Spencer*, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., ix (n.s.),

p. 9, figs. 5–7, March. Burt Plain, north of Alice Springs (Gillen).
Central Australia.

PERAMELES FASCIATA Gray, 1841.
EASTERN BARRED BANDICOOT.

1841. *Perameles fasciata* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 407, 401, November. Liverpool Plains, N.S.W.
New South Wales, Victoria.

PERAMELES GUNNII Gray, 1838.
TASMANIAN BARRED BANDICOOT.

1838. *Perameles gunnii* Gray, Ann. Nat. Hist., i, p. 107, April; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 1, July. Tasmania (R. Gunn).
Tasmania.

PERAMELES MYOSURA Wagner, 1841.
MARL, OR WESTERN BARRED BANDICOOT.

- (a) (a) *Perameles myosura myosura* Wagner, 1841.
1841. *Perameles myosura* Wagner, Arch. für Naturg. (Wiegmann), vii, 1, pp. 280, 293. No locality=King George's Sound. West Australia.
1844. *Perameles arenaria* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 104, October. West Australia (Gilbert)=Swan River. South-western Australia.
- (b) (b) *Perameles myosura notina* Thomas, 1922.
1922. *Perameles myosura notina* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) x, p. 144, July 1. Plains at head of St. Vincent Gulf, S.A. (Capt. Grey).
South Australia.

PERAMELES BOUGAINVILLE Quoy and Gaimard, 1824.
LITTLE MARL.

1824. *Perameles bougainville* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie," Zool., p. 56, Atlas, pl. v, July 31. Peron Peninsula, Shark's Bay, W.A.
Mid-western Australia and islands of Shark's Bay.

Genus MACROTIS Reid, 1837.

1837. *Macrotis* Reid, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1836, p. 31, June 27, 1837. Orthotype, *Perameles lagotis* Reid.
1840. *Thalacomys* Blyth, Animal Kingdom (Cuvier), p. 104, ex Owen, Athenaeum, 1838, p. 747, October 13; nom. nud. (*Thylacomys* as spelt by Blyth, loc. cit., p. 107). Haplotype, *Perameles lagotis* Reid.
1841. *Paragalia* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., p. 401, November (also spelt *Perigalea*, *Paragalea*, *Peragalea*, *Peragale*). Haplotype, *Perameles lagotis* Reid.

1854. *Phalacomys* English Cyclop. Nat. Hist., i, p. 382; error only.

MACROTIS LAGOTIS *Reid*, 1837.

RABBIT BANDICOOT OR BILBY.

(a) *Macrotis lagotis lagotis* *Reid*, 1837.

1837. *Perameles lagotis* *Reid*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1836, p. 129, June 27, 1837. Swan River, West Australia. Western Australia, Central Australia.

(b) *Macrotis lagotis interjecta* Troughton, 1932.

1932. *Macrotis lagotis interjecta* Troughton, Austr. Zool., vii, p. 227, September 15. Rawlinna, Trans-Austr. Railway, West Australia. South-east of Western Australia.

(c) *Macrotis lagotis nigripes* Wood Jones, 1923.

1923. *Thalacomys nigripes* Wood Jones, Rec. South Austr. Mus., ii, p. 347, June 30. Ooldea, Trans.-Austr. Railway, South Australia. South-west of South Australia.

(d) *Macrotis lagotis sagitta* Thomas, 1905.

1905. *Thalacomys sagitta* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvi, p. 426, October. Killalpanina, east of Lake Eyre, S.A. (H. J. Hillier). Northern South Australia.

(e) *Macrotis lagotis grandis* Troughton, 1932.

1932. *Macrotis lagotis grandis* Troughton, Austr. Zool., vii, p. 229, September 15. Nalpa, Lake Alexandrina, South Australia. South-east of South Australia.

(f) *Macrotis lagotis cambrica* Troughton, 1932.

1932. *Macrotis lagotis cambrica* Troughton, Austr. Zool., vii, p. 230, September 15. Bathurst, New South Wales. New South Wales, Victoria (Spencer), South Queensland.

MACROTIS MINOR *Spencer*, 1897.

LESSER RABBIT-BANDICOOT.

(a) *Macrotis minor minor* Spencer, 1897.

1897. *Peragale minor* Spencer, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., ix (n.s.), p. 6, pl. ii, figs. 1-4, March. 40 miles north-east of Charlotte Waters, Central Australia. South Australia, Central Australia.

(b) *Macrotis minor miselia* Finlayson, 1932.

1932. *Thalacomys minor miselius* Finlayson, Trans. Proc. Roy. Soc. S. Aust., lvi, p. 168, December 24. Cooncherie, east of Lake Eyre, South Australia. South Australia.

MACROTIS LEUCURA *Thomas*, 1887.
WHITE-TAILED RABBIT-BANDICOOT.

1887. *Peragale leucura* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (5) xix, p. 397, June 1. (? Adelaide, South Australia, *ex* J. Beazley.) Central Australia.

Genus CHÆROPOUS *Ogilby*, 1838.

1838. *Chæropus* *Ogilby*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 26, July. Haplotype, *Perameles ecaudatus* *Ogilby*.

CHÆROPOUS ECAUDATUS *Ogilby*, 1838.

PIG-FOOTED BANDICOOT.

- (a) *Chæropus ecaudatus ecaudatus* *Ogilby*, 1838.

1838. *Perameles ecaudatus* *Ogilby*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 25, July. Banks of Murray River, New South Wales.

1842. *Chæropus castanotis* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., ix, p. 42, March. Murray River scrubs, South Australia (Capt. G. Grey).

Interior of New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.

- (b) *Chæropus ecaudatus occidentalis* Gould, 1845.

1845. *Chæropus occidentalis* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. i (Vol. i, pl. vi, text), May. Interior of West Australia (Gilbert). South-western Australia.

Suborder DIPROTODONTIA.

Family PHALANGERIDÆ.

Subfamily TARSIPEDINÆ.

Genus TARSIPES Gray, 1842.

1842. *Tarsipes* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., ix, p. 40, March, *ex* Gervais MS. Haplotype, *Tarsipes spenseræ* Gray.

TARSIPES SPENSERÆ *Gray*, 1842.

HONEY POSSUM.

1842. *Tarsipes spenseræ* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., ix, p. 40, March. King George's Sound, West Australia (Capt. G. Grey).

1842. *Tarsipes rostratus* Gervais and Verreaux, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 1, June. Swan River, West Australia. South-western Australia.

Subfamily PHALANGERINÆ.

Genus ACROBATES Desmarest, 1818.

1818. *Acrobates* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xxv, p. 405, December 26. Haplotype, *Didelphis pygmæa* Shaw.

1839. *Ascobates* Penny Cyclopedias (Knight), xiv, No. 907, p. 454, *ex* Owen MS. *Nom. nud.* Error only.

1841. *Cercoptenus* Gloger, Hand- u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 85, *ante May*.
Haplotype, *Didelphis pygmaea* Shaw.

ACROBATES PYGMÆUS *Shaw*, 1793.

PIGMY GLIDER.

- (a) *Acrobates pygmæus pygmæus* Shaw, 1793.
 1793. *Didelphis pygmaea* Shaw, Zool. New Holl., i, p. 5, pl. ii,
October 1. New Holland—Sydney, New South Wales.
New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.
- (b) *Acrobates pygmæus frontalis* De Vis, 1887.
 1887. *Dromicia frontalis* De Vis, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) i,
p. 1134, February 22. Herbert River Mts., North
Queensland.
North Queensland.

Genus CERCARTECUS *Gloger*, 1841.

1841. *Cercartetus* Gloger, Hand-u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 85, *ante May*.
Haplotype, *Phalangista nana* Desmarest.
 1841. *Dromicia* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr. (Grey), ii, pp. 407,
401, November. Haplotype, *Phalangista nana* Desmarest.
 1916. *Dromiciella* Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. (Berlin), viii, 2, p. 260,
April. Orthotype, *Dromicia concinna* Gould.

CERCARTECUS NANUS *Desmarest*, 1818.

PIGMY POSSUM.

- (a) *Cercartetus nanus nanus* Desmarest, 1818.
 1818. *Phalangista nana* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv.
ed., xxv, p. 477, December 26, ex Geoffroy MS. Ille
Maria, Tasmania.
 1829. *Phalangista gliriformis* Bell, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.), xvi,
p. 121, pls. xiii, xiv. Australia=Tasmania.
Tasmania.
- (b) *Cercartetus nanus britta* Wood Jones, 1925.
 1925. *Dromicia britta* Wood Jones, Trans. Proc. Roy. Soc. S. Austr.,
xlix, p. 97, December 24. Millicent, S.E. South Australia.
South-east South Australia.
- (c) *Cercartetus nanus unicolor* Krefft, 1863.
 1863. *Dromicia unicolor* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1863, p. 49,
April 29. St. Leonards, North Shore, Sydney, N.S.W.
New South Wales, Victoria.

CERCARTECUS CONCINNUS *Gould*, 1845.

WESTERN PIGMY POSSUM.

1845. *Dromicia concinna* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845, p. 2,
April; Mamm. Austr., pt. i (Vol. i, pl. 9), May, 1845.
Swan River, W.A.

1846. *Phalangista (Dromicia) neillii* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 315, pl. xix, f. 3. King George's Sound, W.A. (Neill).
South-western Australia.
- Genus EUDROMICIA *Mjoberg*, 1916.
1916. *Eudromicia* Mjöberg, K. Svensk. Vetensk. Akad. Handl., lii, 2, p. 13, January 18. Haplotype, *Eudromicia macrura*, Mjöberg.
1916. *Dromiciola* Matschie, Mitt. Zool. Mus. Berlin, viii, 2, p. 260, April. Orthotype, *Dromicia lepida* Thomas.

EUDROMICIA MACRURA *Mjoberg*, 1916.

QUEENSLAND PIGMY POSSUM.

1916. *Eudromicia macrura* Mjöberg, K. Svensk. Vetensk. Akad. Handl., lii, 2, p. 14, pl. 1 and text-figs. 1–6, January 18. Cedar Creek, Atherton, near Cairns, North Queensland. North Queensland.

EUDROMICIA LEPIDA *Thomas*, 1888.

TASMANIAN PIGMY-POSSUM.

1888. *Dromicia lepida* Thomas, Cat. Marsupials and Monotremes Brit. Mus., p. 142, November 3. Tasmania (R. Gunn). Tasmania.

Genus GYMNOBELIDEUS *M'Coy*, 1867.

1867. *Gymnobelideus* M'Coy, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xx, p. 287, October 1. Haplotype, *Gymnobelideus leadbeateri* M'Coy.

GYMNOBELIDEUS LEADBEATERI *M'Coy*, 1867.

LEADBEATER'S POSSUM.

1867. *Gymnobelideus leadbeateri* M'Coy, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xx, p. 287, pl. vi, October 1. Bass River, Victoria. Victoria.

Genus PETAURUS *Shaw and Nodder*, 1791.

1791. *Petaurus* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell., ii, pl. vi, March 1. Haplotype, *Petaurus australis* Shaw and Nodder.
1814. *Ptilotus* G. Fischer, Zoognosia, iii, p. 512, xix (ex Zoognosia, i, p. 15, 1813; nom. nud.). New name for *Petaurus* Shaw and Nodder.
1820. *Petaurista* Desmarest, Tabl. Ency. Meth., Mamm., i, p. 268, December 31, ex "Cuv. Geoff. Illig." New name for *Petaurus* Shaw and Nodder.
1839. *Belideus* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, pp. 149–151, May. Orthotype, *Petaurus sciureus*—*Sciurus norfolkensis* Kerr.
1841. *Xenochirus* Gloger, Hand- u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 85, ante May. Haplotype, *Didelphis sciurea* Shaw.
1916. *Petaurula* Matschie, Mitt. zool. Mus. Berlin, viii, 1, p. 261, April. Orthotype, *Petaurus breviceps* Waterhouse.

PETAURUS AUSTRALIS *Shaw and Nodder*, 1791.

YELLOW-BELLIED POSSUM-GLIDER.

- (a) *Petaurus australis australis* Shaw and Nodder, 1791.
 1791. *Petaurus australis* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell., ii, pl. ix,
 March 1. New Holland (for the Hepoona Roo White)=
 Sydney.
 1800. *Didelphis petaurus* Shaw, General Zoology, i, 2, p. 496, pl. cxii,
 (dated February). New name for *Petaurus australis*
 Shaw and Nodder.
 1816. *Petaurus hepoonaroo* Oken, Lehrb. Nat., iii, Zool. 2, p. 1118.
 New name for *Didelphis petaurus* Shaw.
 1818. *Petaurus flaviventer* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat.,
 nouv. ed., xxv, p. 403, December 26, *ex Geoffroy MS.*
 New Holland (Peron)=Sydney, N.S.W.
 1843. *Petaurus cunninghami* Gray, List. spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus.,
 p. 83, May 13, in synonymy.
 1854. *Petaurus opossum* Falcimange, Memoire l'Austral. (Salvado),
 p. 366, footnote, error for *P. australis* Shaw.
 New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) *Petaurus australis reginae* Thomas, 1923.
 1923. *Petaurus australis reginae* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi,
 p. 249, February. Bundaberg, Queensland (W. Allen).
 Queensland.

PETAURUS NORFOLCENSIS *Kerr*, 1792.

SQUIRREL-GLIDER.

- (a) *Petaurus norfolkensis norfolkensis* Kerr, 1792.
 1792. *Sciurus (Petaurus) norfolkensis* Kerr. Animal Kingdom
 (Linne), pt. i, p. 270, preface February (cf. Turton, Syst.
 Nat., i, p. 96, 1806), based on Norfolk Island Flying
 Squirrel. Norfolk Island, error=Sydney, New South
 Wales.
 1793. *Sciurus novae-hollandiae* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck, p. 11, on same
 basis as preceding.
 1794. *Didelphis sciurea* Shaw, Zool. New Holl., i, p. 29, pl. xi,
 September. Sydney, New South Wales.
 Victoria, New South Wales, South Queensland.
- (b) *Petaurus norfolkensis gracilis* De Vis, 1883.
 1883. *Belideus gracilis* De Vis, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., vii, p. 619,
 April. North of Cardwell, Queensland.
 North Queensland.

PETAURUS BREVICEPS *Waterhouse*, 1839.

SUGAR GLIDER.

- (a) *Petaurus breviceps breviceps* Waterhouse, 1839.
 1839. *Petaurus breviceps* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838,
 p. 152, May 1839. New South Wales.

1859. *Petaurus (Belideus) notatus* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wissen. Berlin, 1859, p. 14, January. Mountains of Victoria (Krefft).
New South Wales, Queensland, Victoria.
- (b) (b) *Petaurus breviceps ariel* Gould, 1842.
1842. *Belidea ariel* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 11, June.
Port Essington, North Australia.
North Australia.

Genus DACTYLOPSILA Gray, 1858.

1858. *Dactylopsila* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1858, p. 109, April 27. Haplotype, *Dactylopsila trivirgata* Gray (Aru Islands).

DACTYLOPSILA PICATA Thomas, 1908.

STRIPED POSSUM.

1908. *Dactylopsila picata* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) i, p. 123, January 1. Port Albany, Cape York, North Queensland (C. Coxen).
North Queensland.

Genus PSEUDOCHEIRUS Ogilby, 1837.

1837. *Pseudochirus* Ogilby, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 457, September (ex Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1836, p. 26, June 9, *Pseudochirus*, nom. nud., not in Sherborn). Logotype, Thomas, Cat. Mars. Brit. Mus., p. 166, 1888, *Pseudochirus peregrinus* auct.=*Phalangista lanigerosa* Gould.
1838. *Hepoona* Ogilby, Ann. Nat. Hist., i, p. 218, May, ex Gray MS. (Not in Sherborn.) Haplotype, *Phalangista cookii* Desmarest.
1843. *Ptenos* Gray, List spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. xxii, May 13, ex "Journ." MS, as synonym of *Hepoona* Gray.

PSEUDOCHEIRUS PEREGRINUS Boddaert, 1785.

GREY QUEENSLAND RING-TAIL.

- (a) (a) *Pseudochirus peregrinus peregrinus* Boddaert, 1785.
1785. *Didelphis peregrinus* Boddaert, Elench., p. 78, based on Pennant, Quadr., ii, p. 25, 1783, ex Cook. Endeavour River, North Queensland.
1792. *Didelphis caudivolvula* Kerr, Animal Kingdom (Linne), pt. i, p. 196, preface February (cf. Turton, Syst. Nat., i, p. 66, 1806, *caudivolva*), based on Pennant, as preceding.
1800. *Didelphis novæhollandiae* Bechstein, Ueber vierfüsse Thiere, ii, pp. 348, 685, based on Pennant, as preceding.
1816. *Balantia banksii* Oken, Lehrb. Nat., iii, Zool. 2, p. 1125, based on Pennant, as preceding.
1821. *Phalangista cookii* Schinz, Das Thierreich (Cuvier), i, p. 258. North coast of New Holland.

1838. *Phalangista banksii* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., i, p. 108,
April, based on Pennant, as above.
North Queensland (Cooktown).
- (b) *Pseudochirus peregrinus incanens* Thomas, 1923.
1923. *Pseudochirus laniginosus incanens* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat.
Hist. (9) xi, p. 249, February 1. Ravenshoe, North
Queensland (T. Sherrin).
North Queensland (Ravenshoe).
- (c) *Pseudochirus peregrinus oralis* Thomas, 1926.
1926. *Pseudochirus laniginosus oralis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat.
Hist. (9) xvii, p. 631, June 1. Bloomsbury, mid-
Queensland.
Mid-Eastern Queensland.

PSEUDOCHIRUS LANIGINOSUS *Gould*, 1858.

SOUTH-EASTERN OR COMMON RING-TAIL.

- (a) *Pseudochirus laniginosus laniginosus* Gould, 1858.
1858. *Phalangista laniginosa* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. x (Vol. i,
pl. xx). Upper Hunter flats, N.S.W.
New South Wales.
- (b) *Pseudochirus laniginosus modestus* Thomas, 1926.
1926. *Pseudochirus laniginosus modestus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat.
Hist. (9) xvii, p. 632, June 1. St. George's River, inland
northern New South Wales (Wilkins).
Inland Northern New South Wales.
- (c) *Pseudochirus laniginosus pulcher* Matschie, 1915.
1915. *Pseudochirus pulcher* Matschie, Sitzb. ges. Nat. Freunde Berlin,
1915, p. 85, January. New name for *Pseudochirus cookii*
Gould [Mamm. Austr., pt. viii (Vol. i, pl. xviii)] nec
Desmarest. Brushes of N.S. Wales.
Coastal Northern New South Wales.
- (d) *Pseudochirus laniginosus rubidus* Troughton and Le Souef,
1929.
1929. *Pseudochirus rubidus* Troughton and Le Souef, Rec. Austr.
Mus., xvii, p. 294, col. pl. xlvi, November 28. Bunya
Range, South Queensland (Fred. Morse).
South Queensland.
- (e) *Pseudochirus laniginosus victoriæ* Matschie, 1915.
1915. *Pseudochirus victoriæ* Matschie, Sitzb. Ges. Nat. Freunde
Berlin, 1915, p. 85, January. Cape Otway, Victoria.
Victoria.

- (f) 1923. *Pseudochirus laniginosus notialis* Thomas, 1923.
Pseudochirus laniginosus notialis Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xii, p. 158, July 1. Mt. Lofty Range, South Australia (Wood Jones).
 South Australia.

PSEUDOCHIRUS OCCIDENTALIS *Thomas*, 1888.
 WESTERN RING-TAIL.

1888. *Pseudochirus occidentalis* Thomas, Cat. Marsupalia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 174, November 3. King George's Sound, West Australia (Gilbert).
 South-western Australia.

PSEUDOCHIRUS CONVOLUTOR *Oken*, 1816.
 TASMANIAN RING-TAIL.

- (a) 1816. *Pseudochirus convolutor convolutor* Oken, 1816.
Balantia convolutor Oken, Lehrb. Nat., iii, Zool. 2, p. 1125. Adventure Bay, Tasmania.
 1818. ^a *Phalangista cookii* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xxv, p. 476, December 26, ex Geoffroy MS. Tasmania (Péron and Lesueur).
 1821. *Phalangista convolutor* Schinz, Das Thierreich (Cuvier), i, p. 258. Adventure Bay, Tasmania.
 1838. *Phalangista viverrina* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1837, p. 131, June 14, 1838. Tasmania.
 1844. *Phalangista incana* Schinz, Syst. Verz. Säug., i, p. 530. Tasmania.
 Tasmania.
 (b) 1929. *Pseudochirus convolutor bassianus* Le Souef, 1929.
Pseudochirus cookii bassianus Le Souef, Austr. Zool., v, p. 330, March 24. Flinders Island, Bass Straits.
 Islands of Bass Straits.

PSEUDOCHIRUS HERBERTENSIS *Collett*, 1884.
 HERBERT RIVER RING-TAIL.

- (a) 1884. *Pseudochirus herbertensis herbertensis* Collett, 1884.
Phalangista herbertensis Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884, p. 353, pl. xxx, figs. 3, 4, October. Herbert Vale, North Queensland (Lumholtz).
 1887. *Pseudochirus mongan* De Vis, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) i, p. 1130, February 22. Herbert River Gorge, North Queensland.
 North Queensland.
 (b) 1899. *Pseudochirus herbertensis colletti* Waite, 1899.
Pseudochirus herbertensis var. *colletti* Waite, Rec. Austr. Mus., iii, p. 92, April 17. Boar Pocket (Tinaroo), near Cairns, Queensland.
 North Queensland.

Genus PSEUDOCHIROPS Matschie, 1915.

1915. *Pseudochirops* Matschie, Sitzb. ges. Nat. Freunde Berlin, 1915, p. 86, January. Orthotype, *Phalangista albertisi* Peters.

*PSEUDOCHIROPS ARCHERI Collett, 1884.
STRIPED RING-TAIL.*

1884. *Phalangista (Pseudochirus) archeri* Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884, p. 381, pl. xxxix, figs. 1-2, October 1. North Queensland (C. Lumholtz).
North Queensland.

Genus HEMIBELIDEUS Collett, 1884.

1884. *Hemibelideus* Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884, p. 385, October 1. Haplotype, *Phalangista (Hemibelideus) lemuroides* Collett.

*HEMIBELIDEUS LEMUROIDES Collett, 1884.**BUSHY-TIPPED RING-TAIL.*

1884. *Phalangista (Hemibelideus) lemuroides* Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884, p. 385, pl. xxxi, figs. 5-6, October 1. North Queensland (C. Lumholtz).
1915. *Pseudochirus (Hemibelideus) cervinus* Longman, Mem. Queensland Mus., iii, p. 22, January 28. Atherton tableland, North Queensland (Holyoake).
North Queensland.

Genus PETROSEUDES Thomas, 1923.

1923. *Petropseudes* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 250, February 1. Haplotype, *Pseudochirus dahli* Collett.

*PETROSEUDES DAHLI Collett, 1895.
ROCK-HAUNTING RING-TAIL.*

1895. *Pseudochirus dahli* Collett, Zool. Anzeiger, xviii, No. 490, p. 464, December 2. Mary River, Northern Territory (Dr. Knut Dahl).
North Australia.

Genus SCHINOBATES Lesson, 1842.

1842. *Schoinobates* Lesson, Nouv. Tab., Règne Anim., p. 190, November. Haplotype, *Petaurista leucogenys* Temminck = *Didelphis volans* Kerr.
1800. *Volucella* Bechstein, Ueber vierfüsse Thiere, ii, p. 352. Logo-type, Thomas, Cat. Marsupalia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 168, 1888, *Didelphis volans* Kerr. Not *Volucella* Fabricius, Ent. Syst., iv, p. 412, 1794, nom. nud., nor *Volucella* Geoffroy, Hist. Insect. Paris, ii, p. 540, 1762, fide Sherborn.
1843. *Schoinobates* Gray, List. spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. xxii, May 13, ex Lesson, as synonym of *Petaurista*.

1846. *Petaurista* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 320, ex Desmarest. Orthotype, *Petaurista taguanoides* Desmarest = *Didelphis volans* Kerr. Not *Petaurista* Link, Beytr. Nat., i, 2, p. 52, 1795, *nom. nud.*, nor Meigen, N. Class. Mouche, p. 15, 1800, *fide* Sherborn.
1888. *Petauroides* Thomas, Cat. Marsupialia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 163, November 3. New name for *Volucella* Bechstein, 1800. Orthotype, *Didelphis volans* Kerr.

SCHOINOBATES VOLANS Kerr, 1792.

GREATER POSSUM-GLIDER.

- (a) *Schoinobates volans volans* Kerr, 1792.
1792. *Didelphis volans* Kerr, Animal Kingdom (Linné), pt. i, p. 199, preface February (cf. Turton, Syst. Nat., i, p. 68, 1806), based on Black Flying Opossum, Phillip, p. 297 = Sydney, New South Wales.
1793. *Didelphus voluccella* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck, p. 26, on same basis as preceding.
1794. *Didelphis macroura* Shaw, Zool. New Holl., i, p. 33, pl. xii, November 1. (Sydney) New South Wales.
1800. *Volucella nigra* Bechstein, Ueber vierfüsse Thiere, ii, pp. 351, 686, on same basis as preceding.
1816. *Petaurus niger* Oken, Lehrb. Nat., iii, Zool. 2, p. 1119, on same basis as preceding.
1818. *Petaurus taguanoides* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xxv, p. 400, December 26, ex Geoffroy MS. (? New name for *Didelphis petaurus* Shaw.) New South Wales.
1818. *Petaurus peronii* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xxv, p. 404, December 26. New Holland.
- [1825. " *Petaurus didelphoides*" F. Cuvier, Dents. Mamm., pp. 129, 253. Not in Sherborn. ? Vernacular only.]
1835. *Petaurista leucogenys* Temminck (Fauna Japonica), Disc. prelim., p. xxii. "Japan," error = Sydney, New South Wales.
1837. *Petaurus maximus* Partington, Brit. Cyclop. Nat. Hist., iii, p. 424, January. New Holland = Sydney, New South Wales.
1838. *Petaurus leucogaster* Mitchell, Three Exped. Central Australia, i, p. xvii (preface August 18), *nom. nud.* Banks of the River Murray, New South Wales.
New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) *Schoinobates volans incanus* Thomas, 1923.
1923. *Petauroides volans incanus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 247, February 1. Eidsvold, S. Queensland (T. Sherrin).
South-eastern Queensland.

- (c) *Schoinobates volans armillatus* Thomas, 1923.
 1923. *Petauroides volans armillatus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., (9) xi, p. 248, February 1. Coomooboolaroo, South Queensland (Lumholtz).
 Southern mid-Queensland.
- (d) *Schoinobates volans minor* Collett, 1887.
 1887. *Petaurista volans* var. *minor* Collett, Zool. Jahrb., ii, p. 926, September 15. Herbert Vale, North Queensland.
 1890. *Petaurides cinereus* Ramsay, Rec. Austr. Mus., i, p. 77, September. Bellenden Ker Range, North Queensland (Cairn and Grant).
 North Queensland.

Genus TRICHOSURUS Lesson, 1828.

1828. *Trichosurus* Lesson, Dict. Class. Hist. Nat., xiii, p. 333, January. Logotype, Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 298, footnote, 1846, *Didelphis vulpecula* Kerr. Not *Trichosurus* Rafinesque, Analyse Nat., p. 99, 1815, *nom. nud.*
 1837. *Cercaertus* Burmeister, Handb. Nat., p. 814, *ex* Gloger MS. Haplotype, *Didelphis vulpecula* Kerr.
 1839. *Tapoa* Penny Cyclop., xiv, No. 907, p. 454, *ex* Owen MS. as of Gray.
 1839. *Tapoa* Owen, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1839, p. 19, July. *Nom. nud.*
 1841. *Psilogrannurus* Gloger, Hand- u. hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 85, ante May. Logotype, Thomas, Cat. Marsupalia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 184, 1888, *Didelphis vulpecula* Kerr.

TRICHOSURUS VULPECULA Kerr, 1792.
 COMMON BRUSH-TAILED POSSUM.

- (a) *Trichosurus vulpecula vulpecula* Kerr, 1792.
 1792. *Didelphis vulpecula* Kerr, Animal Kingdom (Linné), pt. i, p. 198, preface February (cf. Turton, Syst. Nat., i, p. 68, 1806), based on Vulpine Opossum of Phillip=Sydney, New South Wales.
 1793. *Didelphis vulpina* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck., p. 23, based on Vulpine Opossum of Phillip, pp. 150, 168=Sydney, New South Wales.
 1793. *Didelphis tapouaru* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck., p. 24, based on Wha Tapoua Roo of White, 278=Sydney, New South Wales.
 1800. *Didelphis lemurina* Shaw, Gen. Zool., i, 2, p. 487, pl. ex, (dated February 1), *ex* White, Bewick and Pennant=Sydney, New South Wales.
 1800. *Ursus novæhollandiae* Bechstein, Ueber vierfüsse Thiere, ii, pp. 337, 683, based on Pennant=Sydney, New South Wales.

1829. *Phalangista bougainvillei* J. B. Fischer, Synops. Mamm., p. 583 (383), based on Cuvier.
1831. *Phalangista xanthopus* Ogilby, Proc. Comm. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1831, p. 135, October 31. Locality unknown = Glenelg (Mitchell).
1842. *Phalangista melanura* Wagner, Säugthiere (Schreber), Suppl., iii (Hefte 111–112), p. 81, November 30, based on "Cuv. Mamm. pl. cooki."
- New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Southern Queensland.
- (b) *Trichosurus vulpecula fuliginosus* Ogilby, 1831.
1831. *Phalangista fuliginosa* Ogilby, Proc. Comm. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1831, p. 135, October 31. Sydney. ? "Living in Zoological Society's Gardens, London" = Tasmania.
1841. *Phalangista cuvieri* Waterhouse, Nat. Library (Jardine), Marsupials, p. 268, August, ex Gray MS = Tasmania.
1841. *Phalangista fuliginosa* var. *grisea* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., p. 401, November. *Nom. nud.* Circular Head, Tasmania.
1842. *Phalangista felina* Wagner, Säugthiere (Schreber), Suppl. iii (Hefte 109–110), p. 76. Tasmania.
1847. *Phalangista selma* Gervais, Dict. Univ. d'Hist. Nat. (Orbigny), ix, p. 704, error for *felina* Wagner. Tasmania.
- Tasmania.
- (c) *Trichosurus vulpecula mesurus* Thomas, 1926.
1926. *Trichosurus vulpecula mesurus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii, p. 633, June 1. Inkerman, Queensland (W. Stalker).
Mid Queensland.
- (d) *Trichosurus vulpecula johnstonii* Ramsay, 1888.
1888. *Phalangista johnstonii* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) iii, p. 1297, December 7. Bellenden Ker Range, North Queensland (Robert Johnstone).
North Queensland (Cardwell).
- (e) *Trichosurus vulpecula eburacensis* Lonnberg, 1916.
Trichosurus vulpecula eburacensis Lonnberg, K. Svensk. Vetensk. Handl., lii, 2, p. 9. Olen Creek, Cape York, Queensland.
North Queensland (Cape York Peninsula).
- (f) *Trichosurus vulpecula arnhemensis* Collett, 1897.
Trichosurus vulpecula var. *arnhemensis* Collett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1897, p. 328, August 1. Daly River, Northern Territory.
North Australia.

- (g) *Trichosurus vulpecula ruficollis* Schwarz, 1909.
 1909. *Trichosurus vulpecula ruficollis* Schwarz, Zool. Anzeiger, xxxiv, p. 626, August 10. Murchison District, Western Australia.
 Mid-Western Australia.
- (h) *Trichosurus vulpecula hypoleucus* Wagner, 1855.
 1855. *Phalangista hypoleucus* Wagner, Säugthiere (Schreber), Suppl. v, p. 273, pl. xxii. South-West Australia (*fide* Schwarz). South-West Australia.

TRICHOSURUS CANINUS *Ogilby*, 1836.

SHORT-EARED OR MOUNTAIN BRUSH-TAILED POSSUM.

1836. *Phalangista canina* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1835, p. 191, April 8, 1836. Hunter River, New South Wales.
 1916. *Trichosurus caninus nigrans* Le Souef, Austr. Zool., i, p. 64, March 13. Heavy coastal scrubs of N.E. New South Wales (colour phase only).
 New South Wales, Southern Queensland.

Genus WYULDA Alexander, 1919.

1919. *Wyulda* Alexander, Journ. Roy. Soc. West Austr., iv, 1917-18, p. 31, July 1919. Haplotype, *Wyulda squamicaudata* Alexander.

WYULDA SQUAMICAUDATA Alexander, 1919.

SCALY-TAILED POSSUM.

1919. *Wyulda squamicaudata* Alexander, Journ. Roy. Soc. West Austr., iv, 1917-18, p. 31, pl. i, July 1919. Wyndham, North-West Australia.
 North-Western Australia.

Genus SPILOCUSCUS Gray, 1862.

1862. *Spilocucus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1861, p. 316, April 7, 1862. Logotype, Thomas, Cat. Marsupialia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 193, 1888, *Phalangista maculata* Desmarest.

SPILOCUSCUS NUDICAUDATUS Gould, 1850.

CAPE YORK CUSCUS.

1850. *Phalangista (Pseudocheirus) nudicaudata* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1849, p. 110, between January and June 1850. Cape York, North Queensland (Macgillivray).
 1858. *Cuscus breviaudatus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1858, p. 102, April 27. New name for *Phalangista nudicaudata* Gould.
 1866. *Cuscus maculatus* var. *ochropus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 220, September 5. Port Albany, Cape York, North Queensland (Coxen).
 North Queensland.

*Family PHASCOLARCTIDÆ.**Genus PHASCOLARCTOS Blainville, 1816.*

1816. *Phascolarctos* Blainville, Nouv. Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), p. 108 (116), July. Haplotype, =*Lipurus cinereus* Goldfuss.
 1817. *Lipurus* Goldfuss, Säugthiere (Schreber), 65^e cahier, pls. clv, Aa, Ab. Haplotype, *Lipurus cinereus* Goldfuss.
 1820. *Morodactylus* Goldfuss, Zool., ii, p. 445. New name for preceding.
 1821. *Koala* Schinz, Das Thierreich (Cuvier), i, p. 265 (not in Sherborn). Haplotype, *Lipurus cinereus* Goldfuss.
 1825. *Draximenus* Lay, Encycl. Londin. (Wilkes), xxii, p. 744. New name only. (Palmer and Sherborn give date as 1845 !)
 1834. *Liscurus* McMurtrie, Animal Kingdom (Cuvier), p. 78. Error only.
 [1816. *Kaola* Cuvier, Règne Animal, iv, p. 222, "1817=December 16, 1816," cited by Sherborn is a vernacular only.]

PHASCOLARCTOS CINEREUS Goldfuss, 1817.
KOALA.

- (a) *Phascolarctos cinereus cinereus* Goldfuss, 1817.
 1817. *Lipurus cinereus* Goldfuss, Säugthiere (Schreber), 65^e cahier, pls. clv, Aa, Ac. New South Wales.
 1820. *Phascolarctos fuscus* Desmarest, Tabl. Ency. Meth., Mamm., i, p. 276, December 31. River Vapaum, New Holland.
 1827. *Phascolarctos flindersii* Lesson, Man. Mamm., p. 221, May. New name only.
 1827. *K.* (=*Phascolarctos*) *koala* Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon, Animal Kingdom (Cuvier), v, Syn., p. 205. New name only. (Not in Sherborn.)
 1830. *Koala subiens* Burnett, Quarterly Journ. Sci., xxviii, p. 351. New name only.
 1834. *Koala cinerea* McMurtrie, Animal Kingdom (Cuvier), p. 78, id. ed. Henderson, p. 116. New name only. New South Wales, Victoria.

 (b) *Phascolarctos cinereus adustus* Thomas, 1923.
 1923. *Phascolarctos cinereus adustus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 246, February. Mundubbera, Eidsvold, South Queensland (T. Sherrin). South Queensland.

Family VOMBATIDÆ.
WOMBATS.*Genus VOMBATUS Geoffroy, 1803.*

1803. *Vombatus* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 72, p. 185, March. Haplotype, *Didelphis ursina* Shaw.
 1803. *Phascolomis* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 80, p. 149; Ann. Mus. d'Hist. Nat. (Paris), ii, p. 365, August. Haplotype, =*Didelphis ursina* Shaw.

1810. *Opossum* Perry, Arcana, pl. (21), May 1. Haplotype, *Opossum hirsutum* Perry.
 1811. *Amblotis* Illiger, Prod. Syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 77 (pref. April).
 New name for *Wombatus* Geoffroy.

VOMBATUS URSINUS *Shaw*, 1800.

ISLAND WOMBAT.

- (a) *Vombatus ursinus ursinus* Shaw, 1800.
 1800. *Didelphis ursina* Shaw, Gen. Zool., i, 2, p. 504 (plates dated February 1). New Holland=Cape Barren Island, Bass Straits (Bass and Flinders).
 1802. *Didelphis wombat* Voigt, Mag. Naturk., iv, p. 681, on same basis as preceding.
 1804. *Wombatus fassor* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. (first ed.), xxiv, p. 20, March 17. New name only for above.
 1808. *Phascolomys fuscus* Tiedemann, Zool., i, p. 437, *ex* Geoffroy (cf. Illiger, Prodr. Syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 78, preface April 1811). King Island, Bass Straits (Peron).
 1827. *Phascolomys bassii* Lesson, Man. Mamm., p. 229, May. New name only.
 Islands of Bass Straits.
- (b) *Vombatus ursinus tasmaniensis* Spencer and Kershaw, 1910.
 1910. *Phascolomys tasmaniensis* Spencer and Kershaw, Memoir Nat. Mus. Melb., iii, pp. 58, 28, February. Tasmania.
 Tasmania.

VOMBATUS HIRSUTUS *Perry*, 1810.

COMMON WOMBAT.

- (a) *Vombatus hirsutus hirsutus* Perry, 1810.
 1810. *Opossum hirsutum* Perry, Arcana, pl. (21), May. Botany Bay, New South Wales.
 [1838. *Phascolomys mitchellii* Mitchell, Three Exped. East Australia, ii, p. 362, pl. 30, figs. 4-6, *ex* Owen MS. Fossil bones *ex* Wellington Caves, New South Wales.]
 [1853. *Phascolomys platyrhinus* Owen, Cat. Osteological Series Coll. Surgeons, i, p. 334. Skull only. Australia.]
 [1873. *Phascolomys assimilis* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1872, p. 796, May 1873. No locality.]
 New South Wales, Eastern Victoria.
- (b) *Vombatus hirsutus niger* Gould, 1863.
 1863. *Phascolomys niger* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. xiii (Vol. i, text to pl. ix), May 1. Locality unknown=Port Lincoln, South Australia, *fide* Krefft, 1871.
 1863. *Phascolomys angasii* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xi, p. 458, June 1. South Australia.
 1863. *Phascolomys setosus* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xi, p. 458, June 1. New name for *Phascolomys latifrons* as figured by Gould, pl. xi, not of Owen. South Australia.
 South-eastern South Australia.

Genus LASIORHINUS Gray, 1863.

1863. *Lasiorhinus* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xi, p. 458, June 1.
Haplotype, *Lasiorhinus m'coyi* Gray.

LASIORHINUS LATIFRONS Owen, 1845.

HAIRY-NOSED WOMBAT.

1845. *Phascolomys latifrons* Owen, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845,
p. 82, October. Skull only from South Australia.
1863. *Phascolomys lasiorhinus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. xiii (Vol. i,
pls. lix, ix), May 1. South Australia.
1863. *Lasiorhinus m'coyi* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xi, p. 458,
June 1. New name for *Phascolomys latifrons* Angas,
Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1861, p. 268. South Australia.
South Australia.

*Genus WOMBATULA nov.*Type, *Phaseolomys gillespiei* De Vis.WOMBATULA GILLESPIEI De Vis, 1900.
QUEENSLAND WOMBAT.

1900. *Phaseolomys gillespiei* De Vis, Annals Queensland Mus., 5,
p. 14. Moonie River, South-East Queensland.
South Queensland.

Family MACROPODIDÆ.
KANGAROOS.*Subfamily HYPSIPRYMNODONTINÆ.**Genus HYPSIPRYMNODON Ramsay, 1876.*

1876. *Hypsiprymnodon* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., i, p. 33,
February. Haplotype, *Hypsiprymnodon moschatus*
Ramsay.
1877. *Pleopus* Owen, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xx, p. 542, December.
Haplotype, *Pleopus nudicaudatus* Owen.

HYPSIPRYMNODON MOSCHATUS Ramsay, 1876.
MUSK RAT-KANGAROO.

1876. *Hypsiprymnodon moschatus* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W.,
i, p. 34, February. Rockingham Bay, Queensland
(Ramsay and Broadbent).
1877. *Pleopus nudicaudatus* Owen, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xx,
p. 542, December. Australia.
Queensland.

Subfamily POTOROINÆ.

RAT-KANGAROOS.

Genus BETTONGIA Gray, 1837.

1837. *Bettongia* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 584,
November. Logotype, Thomas, Cat. Marsupalia and

- Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 104, 1888, *Bettongia setosa* Gray, not Ogilby = *Bettongia cuniculus* Ogilby.
1916. *Bettongiops* Matschie, Mitt. zool. Mus. Berlin, viii, 2, p. 264, footnote, April. Orthotype, *Hypsiprymnus lesueur* Quoy and Gaimard.

BETTONGIA PENICILLATA Gray, 1837.

BRUSH-TAILED RAT-KANGAROO.

- (a) *Bettongia penicillata penicillata* Gray, 1837.
1837. *Bettongia penicillata* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 584, November. No locality = New South Wales.
- New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) *Bettongia penicillata gouldii* Waterhouse, 1846.
1846. *Bettongia gouldii* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 219, ex Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 94, nom. nud., May 13, 1843. Head of Gulph St. Vincent, South Australia.
- South Australia.
- (c) *Bettongia penicillata ogilbyi* Waterhouse, 1841.
1841. *Hypsiprymnus ogilbyi* Waterhouse, Nat. Library (Jardine), Marsupials, p. 185, August, ex Gould MS. Swan River (York), West Australia.
- South-Western Australia.

BETTONGIA GAIMARDI Desmarest, 1822.

GAIMARD'S RAT-KANGAROO.

1822. *Kangurus gaimardi* Desmarest, Tabl. Ency. Meth., Mamm. Suppl. ii, p. 542, July 6. Port Jackson, New South Wales (Gaimard).
1824. *Hypsiprymnus white* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie," Zool., text p. 62; Atlas, pl. x, August 31. Blue Mountains, New South Wales.
1824. *Kangurus lepturus* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie," Zool., p. 64, August 31. Alternative name for preceding.
1838. *Hypsiprymnus formosus* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 62, July. No locality = New South Wales.
1838. *Hypsiprymnus philliipi* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 62, July. No locality = New South Wales.
1841. *Hypsiprymnus hunteri* Owen, Trans. Zool. Soc. (Lond.), ii, p. 408, pl. lxxi, fig. 4, May 15. Name and figure of skull only = New South Wales.
1841. *Potorous minimus* Boitard, Jardin des Plantes, p. 295, "1842," = August 1841; as of "Desm." in synonymy. New South Wales.

BETTONGIA LESUEUR *Quoy and Gaimard*, 1824.
LESUEUR'S RAT-KANGAROO.

- (a) 1824. *Bettongia lesueur lesueur* Quoy and Gaimard, 1824.
Hypsiprymnus lesueur Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie," Zool., p. 64, August 31. Dirk Hartog's Island, Shark's Bay, West Australia.
Mid-Western Australia (Dirk Hartog's Island).
- (b) 1841. *Bettongia lesueur graii* Gould, 1841.
Hypsiprymnus graii Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 178, July 1841. Swan River, West Australia.
South-Western Australia.
- (c) 1842. *Bettongia lesueur harveyi* Waterhouse, 1842.
Perameles harveyi Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 47, November. Port Adelaide (?—Port Lincoln), South Australia (J. B. Harvey).
South Australia.

BETTONGIA CUNICULUS *Ogilby*, 1838.
TASMANIAN RAT-KANGAROO.

- 1838. *Hypsiprymnus cuniculus* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 63, July. No locality=Tasmania.
Tasmania.

- Genus ÆPYPRYMNUS Garrod*, 1875.
- 1875. *Æpyprymnus* Garrod, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1875, p. 59, June 1. Haplotype, *Bettongia rufescens* Gray.

ÆPYPRYMNUS RUFESCENS *Gray*, 1837.
RUFOUS RAT-KANGAROO.

- 1837. *Bettongia rufescens* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 584, November. No locality=New South Wales.
- 1838. *Hypsiprymnus melanotis* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 62, July. Based on same specimen. New South Wales.
New South Wales.

- Genus POTOROUS Desmarest*, 1804.
- 1804. *Potorous* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. (first ed.), xxiv, Tabl. Meth. Mamm., p. 20, March. Haplotype, *Didelphis murinus* Cuvier, not Linne=*Didelphis tridactyla* Kerr.
 - 1811. *Hypsiprymnus* Illiger, Prod. Syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 79, preface April. New name for *Potorous* Desmarest.
 - 1825. *Myorthius* Lay, Encycl. Londin. (Wilkes), xxii, p. 743, Haplotype, *Didelphis tridactyla* Kerr.
 - 1827. *Potoroo* Berthold, Nat. Fam. Thierreich (Latreille), p. 50 (preface August 30, 1826). Alternative spelling only.

1836. *Patoroo* Partington, Brit. Cyclop. Nat. Hist., iii, p. 12, July.
Haplotype, *Macropus minor* Shaw.
1916. *Potoroops* Matschie, Mitt. zool. Mus. Berlin, viii, 2, p. 264,
footnote, April. Haplotype, *Hypsiprymnus platyops*
Gould.

POTOROUS TRIDACTYLUS Kerr, 1792.
LONG-NOSED RAT-KANGAROO.

- (a) *Potorous tridactylus tridactylus* Kerr, 1792.
1792. *Didelphis tridactyla* Kerr, Animal Kingdom (Linné), pt. i,
p. 198, preface February (cf. Turton, Syst. Nat., i, p. 67,
1806), based on the Poto Roo White, 286=Sydney,
New South Wales.
1793. *Didelphis potoru* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck, pp. 13, 173, based on
the Poto Roo White, 286=Sydney, New South Wales.
1798. *Didelphis murina* Cuvier, Tabl. Elem., p. 126, January.
New Holland. Not *Didelphis murina* Linné, Syst. Nat.,
xth ed., p. 55, 1758.
1800. *Macropus minor* Shaw, Gen. Zool., i, 2, p. 513, pl. cxvi (dated
February 1), based on White, Phillip, etc.=Sydney,
New South Wales.
1810. *Dipus muscola* Perry, Arcana, pl. (27), July. New Holland.
1824. *Hypsiprymnus peron* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. "Uranie,"
Zool., p. 64, August 31. Skeleton *ex* Peron coll.=
New South Wales.
1832. *Hypsiprymnus setosus* Ogilby, Proc. Comm. Zool. Soc.
(Lond.) 1831, p. 149, January 16, 1832. "Swan River
(Lieut. Matthew Friend)," error=New South Wales.
1838. *Hypsiprymnus myosurus* Ogilby, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1838, p. 26, July. No locality=New South Wales.
1840. *Perameles tuckeri* Gray, Ann. Nat. Hist., v, p. 150, April.
Australia=New South Wales.
New South Wales.
- (b) *Potorous tridactylus apicalis* Gould, 1851.
1851. *Hypsiprymnus apicalis* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. iii (Vol. ii,
pl. lxviii). Tasmania.
1884. *Potorous rufus* Higgins and Petterd, Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm.,
1883, pp. 181, 196, pl., *ante* June 25, 1884. Long's
Plains, Tasmania (T. B. Moore)
Tasmania.

POTOROUS GILBERTII Gould, 1841.
GILBERT'S RAT-KANGAROO.

1841. *Hypsiprymnus gilbertii* Gould, Mon. Macrop., pt. i, pl., August.
King George's Sound, West Australia (Gilbert).
1841. *Hypsiprymnus micropus* Waterhouse, Nat. Library (Jardine),
Marsupials, p. 180, *ex* Gould MS., August. On same basis.
South-Western Australia.

POTOROUS PLATYOPS *Gould*, 1844.

BROAD-FACED RAT-KANGAROO.

1844. *Hypsiprymnus platyops* *Gould*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 103, October. Swan River, West Australia (Gilbert), South-Western Australia.

Genus CALOPRYMNUS *Thomas*, 1888.

1888. *Caloprymnus* *Thomas*, Cat. Marsupalia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 114, November 3. Orthotype, *Bettongia campestris* *Gould*.

CALOPRYMNUS CAMPESTRIS *Gould*, 1843.

DESERT RAT-KANGAROO.

1843. *Bettongia campestris* *Gould*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1843, p. 81, December. South Australia. South Australia (interior).

Subfamily MACROPODINÆ.

TRUE KANGAROOS.

Genus DENDROLAGUS *Muller*, 1839.

1839. *Dendrolagus* *Muller*, Verh. nat. Gesch. Nederl. overzee. Bezitt, i, p. 138; Zoogd. Ind. Arch., 33, tab., p. 63 (*fide* Sherborn). Logotype, *Thomas*, Cat. Marsupalia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 92, 1888, *Dendrolagus ursinus* *Muller*.

DENDROLAGUS LUMHOLTZI *Collett*, 1884.

LUMHOLTZ'S TREE-KANGAROO.

1884. *Dendrolagus lumholtzi* *Collett*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884, p. 387, pl. xxxii, figs. 7, 8, October 1. Herbert Vale, North Queensland (C. Lumholtz).
1888. *Dendrolagus fulvus* De Vis, Proc. Roy. Soc. Queensland, iv, p. 132, after April, *ex* "Evening Observer," Brisbane, October 17, 1887. Herberton, North Queensland (D. Mowbray). North Queensland.

DENDROLAGUS BENNETTIANUS *De Vis*, 1887.

SOMBRE OR BENNETT'S TREE-KANGAROO.

1887. *Dendrolagus bennettianus* *De Vis*, Proc. Roy. Soc. Queensland, iii, 1886, p. 13, August 1887 (*ex* Abstr. Proc. Linn. Soc. New South Wales, October 27, 1886, p. 5, *nom. nud.*). Daintree River, Queensland (Smith). North Queensland.

Genus LAGORCHESTES *Gould*, 1841.

1841. *Lagorcheses* *Gould*, Mon. Macrop., pt. i, text to pl. xii, August. Orthotype, *Macropus leporides* *Gould*.
1842. *Lagocheles* *Owen*, Cyclop. Anat. and Physiol. (Todd), ii, p. 330, *nom. nud.*

LAGORCHESTES LEPORIDES *Gould*, 1841.
HARE-WALLABY.

1841. *Macropus leporides* *Gould*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840,
p. 93, April 1841. Interior of Australia, i.e., New
South Wales.
1859. *Lagorchestes gymnotis* *Blyth*, Journ. Asiatic Soc. Bengal,
xxvii, p. 276. No locality = New South Wales.
Interior of New South Wales and South Australia (extinct?).

LAGORCHESTES CONSPICILLATUS *Gould*, 1842.
SPECTACLED HARE-WALLABY.

- (a) *Lagorchestes conspicillatus conspicillatus* *Gould*, 1842.
1842. *Lagorchestes conspicillatus* *Gould*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1841, p. 82, March 1842. Barrow Island, North-West
Australia (Capt. Wickham).
Western Australia (Barrow Island).
- (b) *Lagorchestes conspicillatus leichardti* *Gould*, 1853.
1853. *Lagorchestes leichardti* *Gould*, Mamm. Austr., pt. v (Vol. ii,
pl. lx). Between Port Essington and Gulf of Carpentaria,
North Australia.
North Australia.
- (c) *Lagorchestes conspicillatus pallidior* *Thomas* and *Dollman*, 1909.
1909. *Lagorchestes conspicillatus pallidior* *Thomas* and *Dollman*,
Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1908, p. 793, April 1909.
Inkerman, North Queensland (Stalker).
Mid-North Queensland.

LAGORCHESTES HIRSUTUS *Gould*, 1844.
WESTERN HARE-WALLABY.

- (a) *Lagorchestes hirsutus hirsutus* *Gould*, 1844.
1844. *Lagorchestes hirsutus* *Gould*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844,
p. 32, July. York District, West Australia.
South-Western Australia.
- (b) *Lagorchestes hirsutus bernieri* *Thomas*, 1907.
1907. *Lagorchestes hirsutus bernieri* *Thomas*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1906, p. 775, April 1907. Bernier Island, Shark's Bay,
West Australia (G. C. Shortridge).
Mid-Western Australia (Bernier Island).
- (c) *Lagorchestes hirsutus dorreæ* *Thomas*, 1907.
1907. *Lagorchestes hirsutus dorreæ* *Thomas*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1906, p. 775, April 1907. Dorré Island, Shark's Bay,
West Australia (J. T. Tunney).
Mid-Western Australia (Dorré Island).

Genus LAGOSTROPHUS *Thomas*, 1887.

1887. *Lagostrophus* *Thomas*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1886, p. 544,
April 1, 1887. Haplotype, *Kangurus fasciatus* Péron
and Lesueur.

LAGOSTROPHUS FASCIATUS *Peron and Lesueur*, 1807.
BANDED WALLABY.

1807. *Kangurus fasciatus* Péron and Lesueur, Voy. Terres. Austral., Atlas, pl. xxvii (Vol. i, p. 114, 1816). Bernier Island, Shark's Bay, West Australia.
1816. *Macropus elegans* Cuvier, Règne Animal, i, p. 183, "1817" = December 16, 1816; based on Péron's plate above cited. Not *Macropus elegans* Lambert, 1807, *post*.
1842. *Lagorchestes albipilis* Gould, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., x, p. 2, September. Western Australia (Priess).
1842. *Halmaturus striatus* Lesson, Nouv. Tabl. Règne Anim. Mamm., p. 195, November. New name only for above. Mid-Western Australia.

- Genus ONYCHOGALEA Gray, 1841.
1841. *Onychogalea* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr. (Grey), ii, App., p. 402, November. Logotype, Thomas, Cat. Marsupialia and Monotremata Brit. Mus., p. 73, 1888, *Macropus unguifer* Gould.

ONYCHOGALEA UNGUIFER *Gould*, 1841.
NORTHERN NAIL-TAIL WALLABY.

- (a) 1841. *Onychogalea unguifer unguifer* Gould, 1841. *Macropus unguifer* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 93, April 1841. North-West Coast of Australia, *i.e.*, King Sound (Derby). Cf. Stokes, Disc. Austr., i, p. 103, 1846. North-Western Australia.
- (b) 1884. *Onychogalea unguifer annulicauda* De Vis, 1884. *Onychogalea annulicauda* De Vis, Proc. Roy. Soc. Queensland, i, p. 157, *ex p. 154, nom. nud.*, ante June 25. Kimberley, Norman River, Gulf of Carpentaria, Queensland. West Queensland, North Australia.

ONYCHOGALEA FRÆNATA *Gould*, 1841.
BRIDLED NAIL-TAIL WALLABY.

1841. *Macropus frænatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 92, April 1841. Interior of New South Wales. New South Wales, Victoria.

ONYCHOGALEA LUNATA *Gould*, 1841.
CRESCENT NAIL-TAIL WALLABY.

1841. *Macropus lunatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 93, April 1841. West Coast of Australia. South-Western Australia.

- Genus PERADORCAS Thomas, 1904.
1904. *Peradorecas* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 226, March 25. Haplotype, *Petrogale concinna* Gould.

PERADORCAS CONCINNA *Gould*, 1842.

LITTLE ROCK-WALLABY.

- (a) *Peradorcas concinna concinna* Gould, 1842.
 1842. *Petrogale concinna* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 57,
 November. North-West Coast of Australia (Lieut.
 Emery, "Beagle")=Victoria River (=Wyndham). Cf.
 Stokes, Disc. Austr., i, p. 193, 1846.
 North-West Australia.
- (b) *Peradorcas concinna canescens* Thomas, 1909.
 1909. *Peradorcas concinna canescens* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
 (8) iv, p. 198, September 1. Nellie Creek, Arnhem Land
 (J. T. Tunney).
 North Australia.
- (c) *Peradorcas concinna monastria* Thomas, 1926.
 1926. *Peradorcas concinna monastria* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
 (9) xvii, p. 630, June 1. Napier Broome Bay, North-West
 Australia (G. F. Hill).
 North-Western Australia.

Genus PETROGALE *Gray*, 1837.

1837. *Petrogale* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 583, Nov.
 Haplotype, *Kangurus penicillatus* Griffith, Smith and
 Pidgeon.
1837. *Heteropus* Jourdan, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, v,
 p. 522, Oct.; Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris (2), viii, p. 368, Dec.
 Haplotype, *H. albogularis* Jourdan. Not *Heteropus*
 Fitzinger, N. Class Rept., 1826, p. 23.

PETROGALE PENICILLATA *Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon*, 1827.

BRUSH-TAILED ROCK-WALLABY.

1827. *Kangurus penicillatus* Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon, Anim.
 Kingdom (Cuvier), Mamm., iii, plate only, dated Dec. 1,
 1825; Syn. v, p. 204, based on drawing by Lewin.
 New Holland=Sydney, N.S.W.
1837. *Heteropus albogularis* Jourdan, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci.
 Paris, v, p. 522, Oct.; Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris (2), viii,
 p. 368, Dec. Mountains south-east of Sydney, N.S.W.
1865. *Petrogale longicauda* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865,
 p. 324, June 13. Rylstone, 250 miles north-west of
 Sydney, N.S.W. (G. Masters).
 New South Wales.

PETROGALE INORNATA *Gould*, 1842.

PLAIN ROCK-WALLABY.

- (a) *Petrogale inornata inornata* Gould, 1842.
 1842. *Petrogale inornata* Gould, Mon. Macrop., pt. 2, May. North
 Coast of Australia (Coll. B. Bynoe, "Beagle")=Cape
 Upstart, Queensland. Cf. Stokes, Disc. Austr., i, p. 336,
 footnote, 1846.

1877. *Petrogale assimilis* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., i, p. 360,
March. Palm Island, north of Townsville, North
Queensland.
Coastal North Queensland and islands (about 18° to 21° S. lat.).
- (b) (1926. *Petrogale inornata herberti* Thomas, 1926.
Petrogale herberti Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii,
p. 626, June. Eidsvold, Burnett River, South Queens-
land (T. Sherrin).
South Queensland (about 23° to 26° S. lat.).
- (c) (1926. *Petrogale inornata puella* Thomas, 1926.
Petrogale puella Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii, p. 627,
June. Upper Flinders River and Torrens Creek, North
Queensland (J. E. Young, Wilkins Expedition).
Central North-East Queensland.
- (d) (1924. *Petrogale inornata purpureicollis* Le Souef, 1924.
Petrogale purpureicollis Le Souef, Austr. Zoologist, iii, p. 274,
Oct. 7. Dajarra, north-west Queensland (Wilson B.
Sinclair).
West-Central Queensland.
- (e) (1923. *Petrogale inornata godmani* Thomas, 1923.
Petrogale godmani Thomas, Abstr. Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1923, No. 235, p. 13, Feb. 10; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1923, p. 177, April. Black Mt., 16 miles south-west of
Cooktown, N. Queensland (T. Sherrin).
North-East Queensland.

PETROGALE LONGMANI Thomas, 1926.
LONGMAN'S ROCK-WALLABY.

- (a) (1926. *Petrogale longmani longmani* Thomas, 1926.
Petrogale longmani Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii,
p. 186, Jan. Groote Eylandt, Gulf of Carpentaria,
N. Territory (Wilkins).
North Australia (Groote Eylandt).
- (b) (1926. *Petrogale longmani venustula* Thomas, 1926.
Petrogale venustula Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii,
p. 628, June. King River, Upper Daly River, N. Territory
(Wilkins).
North Australia.

PETROGALE WILKINSI Thomas, 1926.
ROPER RIVER ROCK-WALLABY.

1926. *Petrogale wilkinsi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii,
p. 185, Jan. Roper River, N. Territory (Wilkins).
North Australia.

PETROGALE BRACHYOTIS *Gould*, 1841.

SHORT-EARED ROCK-WALLABY.

- (a) *Petrogale brachyotis brachyotis* Gould, 1841.
 1841. *Macropus (Petrogale) brachyotis* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
 1840, p. 128, July 1841. Swan River, W.A.=Hanover
 Bay, North-West Australia (Capt. G. Grey).
 North Western Australia.
- (b) *Petrogale brachyotis signata* Thomas, 1926.
 1926. *Petrogale brachyotis signata* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
 (9) xvii, p. 629, June. Mary River, N. Territory (Dahl).
 Western North Australia.

PETROGALE ROTHSCHILDI *Thomas*, 1904.

ROTHSCHILD'S ROCK-WALLABY.

1904. *Petrogale rothschildi* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 366, March 25.
 Cossack River, North-West Australia (J. T. Tunney).
 Mid Western Australia.

PETROGALE XANTHOPUS *Gray*, 1855.

BAR-TAILED ROCK-WALLABY.

- (a) *Petrogale xanthopus xanthopus* Gray, 1855.
 1855. *Petrogale xanthopus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1854, p. 259,
 Mamm., p. xxxix, April 11, 1855. Australia (Richmond
 River ? error=South Australia, Strange).
 1874. *Phalangista xanthopygus* Giebel, Klass. Ordn. (Bronn), vi,
 Abth. v, pl. xx, fig. 47. Error only.
 South Australia, New South Wales (interior), Victoria
 (? interior).
- (b) *Petrogale xanthopus celeris* Le Souef, 1924.
 1924. *Petrogale celeris* Le Souef, Austr. Zoologist, iii, p. 273, Oct. 7.
 Adavale, Bulloo River, South-West Queensland.
 South-Western Queensland.

PETROGALE LATERALIS *Gould*, 1842.

BLACK-FLANKED ROCK-WALLABY.

1842. *Petrogale lateralis* Gould, Mon. Macrop., pt. 2, May. West
 Australia (Swan River, coll. Gilbert). Not *P. lateralis*
 Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Austr. (Grey), ii, App., p. 403,
 Nov. 1841, nom. nud. Liverpool Plains, N.S.W.
 Western and South Australia.

PETROGALE HACKETTI *Thomas*, 1905.

RECHERCHE ROCK-WALLABY.

1905. *Petrogale lateralis hacketti* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
 (7) xvi, p. 425, Oct. Mondrain Is., Recherche Group,
 South-Western Australia.
 South-Western Australia (Mondrain and Coombe Islands).

PETROGALE PEARSONI *Thomas*, 1922.
PEARSON ISLAND ROCK-WALLABY.

1922. *Petrogale pearsoni* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) ix, p. 682, June. Pearson Island, Investigator Group, South Australia (Wood Jones).
South Australia (Pearson Island).

Genus SETONIX *Lesson*, 1842.

1842. *Setonix* Lesson, Nouv. Tabl. Regn. Anim., Mamm., p. 194, November. Haplotype, *Kangurus brachyurus* Quoy and Gaimard.

SETONIX BRACHYURUS *Quoy and Gaimard*, 1830.
QUOKKA OR SHORT-TAILED PADEMELON.

1830. *Kangarus brachyurus* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. Astrol., Zool., i, p. 114; Atlas, pl. xix. King George's Sound, South-West Australia.
1838. *Halmaturus (Thylogale) brevicaudatus* Gray, Ann. Nat. Hist., i, p. 108, April. Emendation only.
South Western Australia, mainland and Rottnest Island.

Genus THYLOGALE *Gray*, 1837.

1837. *Thylogale* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 583, November. Haplotype, *Halmaturus eugenii* Desmarest.

THYLOGALE COXENII *Gray*, 1866.
CAPE YORK PADEMELON.

1866. *Halmaturus coxenii* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 220, pl. xxv, September 5. Port Albany, Cape York, Queensland (C. Coxen).
1884. *Halmaturus gazella* De Vis, Proc. Roy. Soc. Queensland, i, p. 110, ante June 25. Somerset, Cape York, Queensland. North Queensland (Cape York).

THYLOGALE STIGMATICA *Gould*, 1860.
RED-LEGGED PADEMELON.

- (a) (i) *Thylogale stigmatica stigmatica* Gould, 1860.
1860. *Thylogale stigmatica* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. xii (Vol. ii pls. 33–34). Point Cooper, north of Rockingham Bay, Queensland (Macgillivray).
North-East Queensland.
- (ii) *Thylogale stigmatica wilcoxi* M'Coy, 1866.
1866. *Halmaturus wilcoxi* M'Coy, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xviii, p. 322, October 1. Richmond River, New South Wales (Wilcox).
1884. *Halmaturus temporalis* De Vis, Proc. Roy. Soc. Queensland, i, p. 111, ante June 25. Moreton Bay, Queensland. North-East New South Wales and South-East Queensland.

THYLOGALE THETIS *Lesson*, 1827.
RED-NECKED PADEMELON.

1827. *Halmaturus thetis* Lesson, Man. Mamm., p. 229, May 10.
Sydney, New South Wales.
1842. *Halmaturus nuchalis* Wagner, Säugthierè (Schreber), Suppl.,
iii, p. 128 (Hefte 111-112), November 30, 1842 (Water-
house). New South Wales.
New South Wales.

THYLOGALE PARMA *Waterhouse*, 1846.
PARMA, OR WHITE-THROATED PADEMELON.

1846. *Macropus (Halmaturus) parma* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm.,
i, p. 149 (*ex Gray*, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey),
ii, App., p. 403, November 1841, *nom. nud.*; and Gray,
List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 91, May 13, 1843,
nom. nud., *ex Gould MS.* (Sydney), New South Wales.
New South Wales (south coast, possibly extinct).

THYLOGALE FLINDERSI *Wood Jones*, 1924.
FLINDERS ISLAND PADEMELON.

1924. *Thylogale flindersi* Wood Jones, Trans. Roy. Soc. South Austr.,
xlviii, p. 11, December 24. Flinders Island, Nuyt's
Archipelago, South Australia.
South Australia (Flinders Island, Nuyt's Archipelago).

THYLOGALE EUGENII *Desmarest*, 1817.
DAMA PADEMELON; TAMMAR (W.A.).

- (a) (a) *Thylogale eugenii eugenii* Desmarest, 1817.
1817. *Kangurus eugenii* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat.,
nouv. ed., xvii, p. 38, December 27. Ile Eugene,
Josephine Archipelago=St. Peter's Island, Nuyt's
Archipelago, South Australia.
South Australia, Kangaroo Island, Recherche Group, South-
Western Australia.
- (b) (b) *Thylogale eugenii derbiana* Gray, 1837.
1837. *Halmaturus derbianus* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth),
i, p. 583, November. No locality=West Australia.
1841. *Halmaturus derbianus* var. *obscurior* Gray, Journ. Two Exped.
Australia (Gray), ii, App., p. 403, November, *nom. nud.*
Rottnest (? error) and Garden Islands, West Australia.
1844. *Macropus gracilis* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 103,
October. Wilyema Swamps, 40 miles north-east of
Northam, West Australia (Gilbert),
South-Western Australia (mainland and Garden Island).

- (c) *Thylogale eugenii binoë* Gould, 1842.
 1842. *Halmaturus binoë* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, pp. 57–58, November. “Port Essington (Benjamin Bynoe),” error = Wallaby Island, Houtman’s Abrolhos, West Australia (cf. Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 90, May 13, 1843),
 1844. *Halmaturus houtmanni* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 31, July. No locality = Houtman’s Abrolhos, West Australia.
 1844. *Halmaturus dama* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 32, July. Houtman’s Abrolhos, West Australia.
 1846. *Halmaturus emiliae* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 157, ex Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 90, May 13, 1843, nom. nud. Same locality.
 Western Australia (Houtman’s Abrolhos).

THYLOGALE BILLARDIERII *Desmarest*, 1822.

TASMANIAN, OR RUFOUS-BELLIED PADEMELON.

1822. *Kangurus billardierii* Desmarest, Tabl. Ency. Meth., Mamm., Suppl. ii, p. 542, July 6. Tasmania (Labillardière).
 1838. *Halmaturus (Thylogale) tasmanei* Gray, Ann. Nat. Hist., i, p. 108, April 1. Tasmania.
 1838. *Macropus (Halmaturus) rufiventer* Ogilby, Ann. Nat. Hist., i, p. 220, May; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1838, p. 23, July. Tasmania.
 1842. *Halmaturus brachytarsus* Wagner, Säugthiere (Schreber), Suppl. iii, p. 121 (Hefte 111–112), November 30 (Waterhouse). Tasmania and islands of Bass Straits, Victoria, South Australia (? extinct).

[THYLOGALE BEDFORDI *Thomas*, 1900.]

1900. *Macropus bedfordi* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1900, p. 112, June 1. Female died in captivity; “said to have been brought from Queensland or North Australia.”]

Genus WALLABIA *Trouessart*, 1905.

1905. *Wallabia Trouessart*, Cat. Mamm. viv. et foss., Suppl. fasc. iv, p. 834, footnote. Tautotype, *Kangurus ualabatus* Lesson = *Kangurus bicolor* Desmarest.

WALLABIA AGILIS *Gould*, 1842.

SANDY WALLABY.

- (a) *Wallabia agilis agilis* Gould, 1842.
 1842. *Halmaturus agilis* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1841, p. 81, March 1842. Port Essington, North Australia.
 1898. *Dorcopsis (?) aurantiacus* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., v, p. 513, December 31. “New Guinea” = *agilis*, fide Schwarz, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) v, p. 165, 1910. North Australia.

- (b) *Wallabia agilis jardinii* De Vis, 1884.
 1884. *Halmaturus jardinii* De Vis, Proc. Roy. Soc. Queensland, i, p. 109, ante June 25. Cape York, North Queensland (K. Broadbent).
 Queensland (Cape York to Stradbroke Island, *fide* Longman).
- (c) *Wallabia agilis aurescens* Schwarz, 1910.
 1910. *Macropus agilis aurescens* Schwarz, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) v, p. 166, February. Fitzroy River, North-West Australia (J. T. Tunney).
 North-Western Australia.
- (d) *Wallabia agilis nigrescens* Lonnberg, 1913.
 1913. *Macropus agilis nigrescens* Lonnberg, Kungl. Sv. Vetensk. Akad. Handl., 52, 1, p. 8, September 26. Near Broome, North-West Australia (Mjoberg).
 North-Western Australia.

WALLABIA BICOLOR Desmarest, 1804.
BLACK-TAILED, OR SWAMP WALLABY.

- (a) *Wallabia bicolor bicolor* Desmarest, 1804.
 1804. *Kangurus bicolor* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat. (first ed.), *fide* Wood Jones. =New South Wales.
 1827. *Kangurus ualabatus* Lesson and Garnot, Voy. "Coquille," Zool. i, p. 131-161, livr. 4, July 25; pl. vii, January 17. New South Wales.
 1837. *Halmaturus lessonii* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 583, November. No locality =New South Wales.
 1842. *Halmaturus nemoralis* Wagner, Säugthiere (Schreber), Suppl. iii, p. 114 (Hefte 111-112), November 30 (Waterhouse). New South Wales.
 New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) *Wallabia bicolor mastersii* Krefft, 1871.
 1871. *Halmaturus mastersii* Krefft, Mamm. Austr., text to Great Kangaroo, p. 3 (preface October 28), *ex* Austr. Vertebrata, fossil and recent (Melbourne Exposition, pp. 53-401; Paris Exposition, p. 96), separate p. 10, 1867; *nom. nud.* Burnett River, Queensland (Masters).
 1909. *Macropus ualabatus ingrami* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1908, p. 792, pl. xlvi, April 1909. Inkerman, Queensland (Stalker).
 Mid-Queensland.

WALLABIA WELSBYI Longman, 1922.
RUFOUS STRADBROKE ISLAND WALLABY.

1922. *Macropus welsbyi* Longman, Mem. Queensland Mus., vii, p. 298, December 19. Stradbroke Island, Moreton Bay, South Queensland (Thomas Welsby).
 South Queensland (Stradbroke Island).

- WALLABIA RUFOGRISEA *Desmarest*, 1817.
 RED-NECKED, SCRUB, OR EASTERN BRUSH WALLABY.
- (a) *Wallabia rufogrisea rufogrisea* Desmarest, 1817.
1817. *Kangurus rufogriseus* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xvii, p. 36, December 27, *ex* Geoffroy MS. (Not in Sherborn.) New Holland=King Island, Bass Strait.
1815. *Halmaturus kingii* Illiger, Abh. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1804–1811, p. 102, 1815, *nom. nud.* (*fide* Sherborn).
1817. *Kangurus ruficollis* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xvii, p. 37, December 27, *ex* Peron and Lesueur MS. King Island.
1819. *Halmaturus griseorufus* Goldfuss, Isis (Oken), 1819, col. 267, *ex* Geoffroy=rufogriseus Desmarest, above.
1821. *Halmaturus griseorufus* Schinz, Das Thierreich (Cuvier), i, p. 264, *ex* Geoffroy. New Holland.
1827. *Kangurus griseus* Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon, Anim. Kingdom (Cuvier), v, synop., p. 202, error only, as of Desmarest.
1841. *Kangurus vinosus* Boitard, Jardin des Plantes, p. 298, “1842”=August 1841, *ex* F. Cuvier MS. King Island, Bass Strait.
 Islands of Bass Strait.
- (b) *Wallabia rufogrisea frutica* Ogilby, 1838.
1838. *Macropus (Halmaturus) fruticus* Ogilby, Ann. Nat. Hist., i, p. 219, May 1. Tasmania.
1838. *Macropus bennetti* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1837, p. 103, May 25. New South Wales, error=Tasmania.
1842. *Halmaturus leptonyx* Wagner, Säugthiere (Schreber), Suppl. iii (Heft 111–112), p. 116, November 30 (Waterhouse). No locality.
- [? 1830. *Macropus albus* Gray, Spie. Zool., pt. ii, p. 10, August 1. No locality.]
 Tasmania.
- (c) *Wallabia rufogrisea banksiana* Quoy and Gaimard, 1825.
1825. *Kangurus banksianus* Quoy and Gaimard, Ann. Sci. Nat. (Paris) (1) v, p. 481, note, August. Blue Mountains, New South Wales (Barallier).
1842. *Halmaturus rutilans* Hamilton Smith, Nat. Libr. (Jardine), i, Introd. Mamm., p. 311, pl. xxix, *ex* Licht. in Berlin Mus. (=*Halmaturus rutilus* Lichtenstein, Zool. Mus. Univ. Berlin, ed. 2, p. 17, 1818, *nom. nud.*, *fide* Sherborn, *ex* “Illiger, Abh. K. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, *Halmaturus rutilans*, 1804–1811, p. 102, 1815, *nom. nud.*, *fide* Sherborn. No locality.”) New South Wales.
 South Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, ? South Australia (Mt. Gambier).

WALLABIA DORSALIS *Gray*, 1837.
BLACK-STRIPED WALLABY.

1837. *Halmaturus dorsalis* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 583, November. No locality—Interior of New South Wales (Namoi Hills, *fide* Gould).
New South Wales and South-Eastern Queensland.

WALLABIA ELEGANS *Lambert*, 1807.
WHIPTAIL, GREY-FACE, OR PRETTY-FACE WALLABY.

1807. *Macropus elegans* Lambert, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.) viii, p. 381, pl. xvi. New South Wales.
1835. *Macropus parryi* Bennett, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1834, p. 151, April 3, 1835; Trans. Zool. Soc. (Lond.), i, p. 295, pl. xxxvii. Stroud, near Port Stephens, New South Wales (Capt. Parry).
1837. *Halmaturus parryi* var. *pallida* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 583, November. "Swan River Wallaroo," error—New South Wales.
New South Wales and South-Eastern Queensland.

WALLABIA GREYI *Waterhouse*, 1846.
TOOLACH, OR GREY'S WALLABY.

1846. *Macropus (Halmaturus) greyi* Waterhouse, Nat. Hist. Mamm., i, p. 122, *ex* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 90, May 13, 1843, *nom. nud.* South Australia (Capt. Grey). =Coorong, *fide* G. F. Angas.
South-Eastern South Australia.

WALLABIA IRMA *Jourdan*, 1837.
BLACK-GLOVED OR WESTERN BRUSH WALLABY.

1837. *Halmaturus irma* Jourdan, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, v, p. 523, October; Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris (2) viii, p. 371, December. Swan River, West Australia.
1841. *Macropus (Halmaturus) manicatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 127, July 1841. Swan River, West Australia.
South Western Australia.

Genus OSPHRANTER *Gould*, 1842.
WALLAROOS, EURO.

1842. *Osphranter* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1841, p. 80, March 1842. Haplotype, *Osphranter antilopinus* Gould.
1874. *Phascolagus* Owen, Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. Lond., clxiv, 1874, pp. 262, 245. Haplotype, *Macropus erubescens* Sclater.
1903. *Dendrodorcopsis* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., x, p. 414, December 20. Haplotype, *Dendrodorcopsis woodwardi* Rothschild = *Macropus bernardus* Rothschild.

OSPHRANTER ANTILOPINUS *Gould*, 1842.
NORTH-WESTERN OR ANTILOPINE WALLAROO.

- (a) *Osphranter antilopinus antilopinus* Gould, 1842.
- 1842. *Osphranter antilopinus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1841, p. 80, March 1842. Port Essington, North Australia.
North Australia.

- (b) *Osphranter antilopinus woodwardi* Thomas, 1901.
- 1901. *Macropus robustus woodwardi* Thomas, Nov. Zool., viii, p. 395, December 31. Grant Range, near Fitzroy River, Kimberley District, North Western Australia (J. T. Tunney).
- 1904. *Macropus robustus alligatoris* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 224, March 25. South Alligator River, Northern Territory (J. T. Tunney).
- 1911. *Macropus robustus bracteator* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vii, p. 609, June. McClintock Range, east Kimberley District, North Western Australia (J. P. Rogers).
North Western and North Australia.

- (c) *Osphranter antilopinus cervinus* Thomas, 1900.
- 1900. *Macropus robustus cervinus* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1900, p. 113, June 1. Yalgoo, Murchison District, mid-Western Australia.
- 1910. *Macropus robustus rubens* Schwarz, Nov. Zool., xvii, p. 99, March 3. Box Soak, Shaw River, mid-Western Australia (J. T. Tunney).
Mid-Western Australia.

- OSPHRANTER ISABELLINUS *Gould*, 1842.
BARROW ISLAND WALLAROO.
- 1842. *Osphranter (?) isabellinus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1841, p. 81, March 1842. Barrow Island, mid-coast of Western Australia.
Barrow Island, Western Australia.

- OSPHRANTER ERUBESCENS *Sclater*, 1870.
EURO, OR CENTRAL WALLAROO.
- (a) *Osphranter erubescens erubescens* Sclater, 1870.
 - 1870. *Macropus erubescens* Sclater, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1870, p. 126, June 2. Lake Hope, 200 miles interior from Port Augusta, South Australia.
 - 1871. *Osphranter crebescens* Waterhouse (F. G.), South Australia (Harcus), p. 284, January. Error only.
 - 1905. *Macropus argentatus* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., xii, p. 509, September 20. Northern Territory.
Central Australia.

- (b) *Osphranter erubescens alexandriæ* Schwarz, 1910.
 1910. *Macropus robustus alexandriæ* Schwarz, Nov. Zool., xvii, p. 102, March 3. Alexandria, Northern Territory (Stalker). Skull only, ? = *erubescens*. North Australia (Alexandria).

OSPHRANTER REGINÆ Schwarz, 1910.
 NORTH QUEENSLAND WALLAROO.

1910. *Macropus robustus reginæ* Schwarz, Nov. Zool., xvii, p. 103, March 3. Mt. Abbott, south-east of Townsville, North Queensland. North-East Queensland.

OSPHRANTER ROBUSTUS Gould, 1841.
 EASTERN OR DUSKY WALLAROO.

1841. *Macropus (Petrogale) robustus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1840, p. 92, April 1841. Summits of mountain tops in interior of New South Wales. New South Wales.

OSPHRANTER BERNARDUS Rothschild, 1904.
 LITTLE NORTHERN OR BERNARD'S WALLAROO.

1903. *Dendrodorcopsis woodwardi* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., x, p. 414, December 20. Head of South Alligator River, Northern Territory (J. T. Tunney).
 1904. *Macropus bernardus* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., x, p. 543, March. New name for *woodwardi* Rothschild, *nec* Thomas. North Australia (South Alligator River District).

Genus MEGALEIA Gistel, 1848.

1848. *Megaleia* Gistel, Nat. Thierr. hoh. Schulen, p. ix, pref. Easter 1847. Haplotype, *Halmaturus laniger* Gaimard = *rufus* Desmarest.
 1855. *Gerboides* Gervais, Hist. Nat. Mamm., ii, p. 271, *ex* Geoffroy MS. Orthotype, *Kangurus rufus* Desmarest.
 1874. *Boriogale* Owen, Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. (Lond.), clxiv, p. 247. Haplotype, *Macropus (B.) magnus* Owen; based on skull only.

MEGALEIA RUFA Desmarest, 1822.
 RED KANGAROO.

- (a) *Megaleia rufa rufa* Desmarest, 1822.
 1822. *Kangurus rufus* Desmarest, Tabl. Encycl. Meth. Mamm., ii, p. 541, July 6. Blue Mountains, New Holland (Gaimard).
 1823. *Kangarus laniger* Gaimard, Bull. Soc. Sci. Philom. (Paris), p. 138, September. Port Macquarie, New Holland, *ex* Fraser.
 1825. *Kangurus griseolanosus* Quoy and Gaimard, Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris, v, p. 482, August. Blue Mountains, New South Wales.

1827. *Macropus lanigerus* Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon, Anim. Kingd. (Cuvier), plate only, dated March. Bathurst Plains, New South Wales (Lewin).
1829. *Kangurus lanosus* Griffith and others, Anim. Kingd. (Cuvier), v, p. 202, as of Gaimard in synonymy.
1843. *Kangurus lanosus* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 88, May 13, as of Gaimard in synonymy. Grayism only.
1861. *Macropus (Osphranter) pictus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1860, p. 373, *nom. nud.*, error only, cf. Gould, Mamm. Austr., i, Introd. p. xxix, May 1, 1863.
1862. *Macropus ruber* Crisp, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1862, p. 135, September 15; lapsus for *rufus* only.
1874. *Macropus (Boriogale) magnus* Owen, Phil. Trans. Roy. Soc. (Lond.), clxiv, p. 247, pl. xx, figs. 12, 17, 26, teeth. Far north of South Australia (F. G. Waterhouse). New South Wales, Victoria, South and Central Australia, Queensland.
- (b) (b) *Megaleia rufa dissimulata* Rothschild, 1905.
1905. *Macropus rufus dissimulatus* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., xii, p. 508, September 20. Shipped from North-West Australia = Gascoyne River, mid-Western Australia (Glauert).
1906. *Macropus rufus occidentalis* Cahn, Zool. Beobachter, xlvii, p. 361. Murchison River, mid-Western Australia.
1910. *Macropus rufus pallidus* Schwarz, Nov. Zool., xvii, p. 89, March 3. Shaw River, mid-Western Australia (J. T. Tunney). Mid-Western Australia (Geraldton to the Shaw River).

[MACROPUS HAGENBECKI Rothschild, 1907.

1907. *Macropus hagenbecki* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., xiv, p. 333, March 20, for *M. magnus* Rothschild, Nov. Zool., xii, p. 509, September 20, 1905, *nec.* of Owen. From North-West Australia or Northern Territory. A hybrid between *M. robustus cervinus* and *M. rufus occidentalis*, *fide* Schwarz, Der Zoologische Garten (NF), Bd. iv, 6–7, 1931, pp. 197–203, figs. 1–5. Glauert in litt. gives definite type locality as “north of the Murchison.”]

Genus MACROPUS Shaw, 1790.

1790. *Macropus* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell., i, text to pl. xxiii. Haplotype, *M. giganteus* = *Macropus major* Shaw.
1794. *Gigantomys* Link, Beytr. Nat., i (1), p. 70, on same basis as preceding, name of species *G. cangura*, but description here referable.
1795. *Kangurus* Geoffroy and Cuvier, Mag. Encycl., ii (6), p. 188, on same basis.
1799. *Kanguroo* Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm., p. 6, on same basis.

1811. *Halmaturus* Illiger, Prod. syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 80, preface April; new name for "Kanguru La Cép., Kangurus Geoffr."
1835. *Kalmaturus* Gervais, Dict. Pict. Hist. Nat., ii, p. 533; error only.
1837. *Zebua* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), ii, p. 582, November; error only.
1841. *Halmatopus* Wagner, Arch. für Nat. (Wiegm.), Jahrg. vii, Bd. ii, p. 8; error only.

MACROPUS MAJOR *Shaw*, 1800.
GREY KANGAROO.

1800. *Macropus major* Shaw, Gen. Zool., i, 2, p. 505, pl. cxv (dated February 1). Sydney, New South Wales.
1811. *Dipus tridactylus* Perry, Arcana, pl. (63), April. New South Wales.
1817. *Kangurus labiatus* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xvii, p. 33, December 27, ex Geoffroy MS. New South Wales.
1819. *Halmaturus griseofuscus* Goldfuss, Isis (Oken), 1819, col. 266, New South Wales.
Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia.

MACROPUS OCYDROMUS *Gould*, 1842.
WESTERN GREY KANGAROO.

1842. *Macropus ocydromus* Gould, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., x, p. 1, September. Swan River, West Australia (Preiss).
South Western Australia (Geraldton to Esperance).

MACROPUS TASMANIENSIS *Le Souef*, 1923.
TASMANIAN KANGAROO.

1923. *Macropus giganteus tasmaniensis* Le Souef, Austr. Zool., iii, p. 145, August 15. Tasmania.
Tasmania.

MACROPUS FULIGINOSUS *Desmarest*, 1817.
KANGAROO ISLAND KANGAROO.

1817. *Kangurus fuliginosus* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xvii, p. 35, pl. xxii, f. 1, December 27, ex Péron and Lesueur. Kangaroo Island.
South Australia (Kangaroo Island).

[MACROPUS (MAJOR ?) MELANOPS *Gould*, 1842.
BLACK-FACED KANGAROO.

1842. *Macropus melanops* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 10, June. No locality. Probably a colour phase only.
New South Wales, Victoria, West Australia ?]

All the following names have been given to Captain Cook's Kangaroo, cf. Australian Zoologist, iii, pp. 311–316, pl. xli, January 14, 1925.

MACROPUS ? CANGARU *Muller*, 1776.

CAPTAIN COOK'S KANGAROO.

- 1776. *Mus cangaru* Muller, Syst. Nat. (Linné), Suppl., p. 62.
- 1777. *Jaculus giganteus* Erxleben, Syst. Anim., p. 409.
- 1777. *Jerboa gigantea* Zimmermann, Spec. Zool., p. 526.
- 1777. *Didelphys gigantea* Schreber, Saugthiere, iii, p. 552, pl. cliv.
- 1778. *Zerbra kangaru* J. R. Forster, K. Vet. Ac. Handl., xxxix, p. 113.
- 1780. *Didelphis kenguru* Zimmermann, Geogr. Gesch., ii, p. 231.
- 1781. *Mus caenguru* Hoslin, Syst. Nat. (Linné), i, p. 125.

The succeeding names include later accounts *ex* Phillip, White, etc.

- 1790. *Macropus giganteus* Shaw and Nodder, Nat. Miscell., i, text to pl. 33, June.
- 1793. *Didelphis giganteus* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck, p. 16.
- 1794. *Gigantomys cangura* Link, Beytr. Nat., i, 1, p. 70.
- 1794. *Gigantomys gigantia* Link, Beytr. Nat., i, 1, p. 70.
- 1799. *Kanguroo gigas* Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm., p. 6.

Subclass PLACENTALIA.
(MONODELPHIA OR EUTHERIA.)

Order CETACEA.

WHALES, PORPOISES AND DOLPHINS.

Suborder MYSTACOCETI.

WHALEBONE WHALES.

Family BALÆNIDÆ.

RIGHT WHALES.

Genus BALÆNA Linné, 1758.

- 1758. *Balaena* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 75, January 1. Tauto-type, *Balaena mysticetus* Linné.
- 1849. *Leiobalaena* Eschricht, Unters. Nord Wallthiere, i, pp. 7, 95. New name for *Balaena* Linné.
- 1864. *Eubalaena* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 201, July 7. Haplotype, *Balaena australis* Desmoulins.
- 1864. *Hunterus* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xix, p. 349, November 1. Haplotype, *Hunterus temminckii* Gray.
- 1865. *Macleayius* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 588, May 2, 1865. Haplotype, *Macleayius australiensis* Gray.
- 1873. *Macleayanus* Marschall, Nomen. Zool., Mamm., p. 8. Error only.
- 1873. *Halibalaena* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1873, p. 139, June. Haplotype, *Balaena britannica* Gray.

BALÆNA ANTIPODUM Gray, 1843.

RIGHT WHALE OR BLACK WHALE.

1843. *Balaena antipodum* Gray, Travels in New Zealand (Dieffenbach), ii, p. 183, plate i (lettered *antipodarum*), mid-January. New Zealand.
 1865. *Macleayius australiensis* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 588, figs. 1, 2, May 2, 1865. New Zealand.
 1874. *Balaena hectori* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xiii, p. 56, January. Tory Channel, New Zealand.
 New South Wales, South Australia, Tasmania.

Genus CAPEREA Gray, 1864.

1864. *Caperea* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 202, July 7. Haplotype, *Balaena antipodarum* (based on earbone alone)=*Balaena marginata* Gray.
 1870. *Neobalaena* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) vi, p. 154, August. Orthotype, *Balaena marginata* Gray.

CAPEREA MARGINATA Gray, 1846.

PIGMY RIGHT WHALE.

1846. *Balaena marginata* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 48, pl. 1, fig. 1. Baleen only. Western Australia.
 1873. *Caperrea nove zealandiae* Hector, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xi, p. 104, February 1873. Error only.
 New South Wales, South Australia, Tasmania, Western Australia.

Genus BALÆNOPTERA Lacépède, 1804.

1804. *Balaenoptera* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xxxvi. Logo-type, *Balaenoptera gibbar* Lacépède.
 1804. *Physalus* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xl. Haplotype, *Physalus cylindricus* Lacépède.
 1806. *Phylasus* Dumeril, Zool. Analyt., p. 28 (preface September 20, 1805). Error only for *Physalus* Lacépède.
 1815. *Catoptera* Rafinesque, Analyse Nat., p. 61. New name for *Balaenoptera* Lacépède.
 1815. *Cetoptera* Rafinesque, Analyse Nat., p. 219. Correction.
 1821. *Boops* Gray, London Med. Repository, xv, p. 310, April 1. Tautotype, *Balaena boops* Linné. Not *Boops* Cuvier, Règne Animal, Vol. II, p. 270, 1816.
 1830. *Mysticetus* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 33, August. Haplotype, *Balaena boops* Linné.
 1831. *Rorqual* Voigt, Das Thierreich (Cuvier), i, p. 342, ex Cuvier Vernacular. Tautotype, *Balaena musculus* Linné.
 1835. *Rorquals* Cuvier, Suite à Buffon (Roret), Cet. p. 30, December. Tautotype, *Balaena musculus* Linné.
 1836. *Rorqualis* Hamilton, Nat. Library (Jardine), Mamm. ix, p. 125, January. Tautotype, *Balaena musculus* Linné.
 1841. *Ptychocetus* Gloger, Hand-u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 174. New name for *Balaenoptera* Lacépède.

1846. *Perqualus* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., pl. 32 bis; error only.
1849. *Pterobalaena* Eschricht, Unters. Nord Wallthiere, i, pp. 56, 149. Type, "Findhval" = *Balaenoptera* s.l.
1849. *Ogmobalaena* Eschricht, Unters. Nord Wallthiere, i, p. 108. Type, "Rörhvaler" = *Balaenoptera* s.l.
1849. *Kyphobalaena* Eschricht, Unters. Nord Wallthiere, i, p. 108. Type, "Pukkelhval" = *Balaena boops* Linné. Also spelt *Cyphobalaena* Marschall, Nomen. Zool. Mamm., p. 5, 1873.
1864. *Benedenia* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, pp. 196–211, July 7. Haplotype, *Benedenia knoxii* Gray.
1864. *Sibbaldus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, pp. 196–222, July 7. Logotype, *Balaenoptera laticeps* Gray.
1866. *Cuvierius* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., pp. 114–164. Haplotype, *Physalus latirostris* Flower.
1866. *Rudolphius* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 170. Haplotype, *Balaenoptera laticeps* Gray.
1866. *Fabricia* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 382. Haplotype, *Balaenoptera acutorostrata* Lacepède.
1866. *Swinhoei* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 382. Haplotype, *Balaenoptera swinhofi* Gray.
1867. *Flowerius* Lilljeborg, Nov. Act. Reg. Soc. Sci. Upsala (3) vi, pp. 11–12. Haplotype, *Flowerius gigas* (Eschricht).
1874. *Dactylæna* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xiii, p. 449, June 1. Haplotype, *Balaenoptera huttoni* Gray.
1874. *Stenobalaena* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xiv, p. 305, October 1. Orthotype, *Stenobalaena xanthogaster* Gray.

BALÆNOPTERA MUSCULUS Linné, 1758.

BLUE WHALE OR SULPHURBOTTOM.

1758. *Balaena musculus* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 76, January 1. Seas of Scotland.
1847. *Physalus (Rorqualus) sibbaldi* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1847, p. 92, July 20. Coast of Yorkshire, England.
1865. *Physalus latirostris* Flower, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 414, May 2, 1865. Coast of Holland, Europe. New South Wales, South Australia, West Australia.

BALÆNOPTERA PHYSALUS Linné, 1758.

COMMON RORQUAL OR FINBACK, FINNER.

1758. *Balaena physalus* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 75, January 1. European Seas.
1846. *Balaenoptera antarctica* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 51. New Zealand.
1867. *Physalus grayi* M'Coy, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xx, p. 177, September 1. Ex Intercol. Exhib. 1866–7, Essays No. 7, p. 310 (reprints, p. 4). Victoria.

1874. *Stenobalaena xanthogaster* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xiv, p. 305, October 1. Port Underwood, South Island, New Zealand.
Queensland, Victoria.

BALÆNOPTERA ACUTOROSTRATA *Lacépède*, 1804.

LESSER RORQUAL OR PIKED WHALE.

1804. *Balaenoptera acutorostrata* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xxxvii. European Seas.
1874. *Balaenoptera huttoni* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xiii, p. 449, June 1. For *Physalus antarcticus* Hutton, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xiii, p. 318, April 1874. Otago Heads, New Zealand.
Tasmania.

Genus MEGAPTERA Gray, 1846.

1846. *Megaptera* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., xvii, p. 83, February ; Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 16. Haplotype, *Balaena longimana* Rudolphi.
1846. *Megapteron* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 51. Error only.
1864. *Poëscopia* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 207, July 7. Tautotype, *Balaena lalandii* Fischer.
1864. *Eschrichtius* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xiv, p. 350, November 1. Haplotype, *Balaenoptera robusta* Lilljeborg.

MEGAPTERA AUSTRALIS Lesson, 1828.

HUMPBACK.

1828. *Balaenoptera australis* Lesson, Hist. Nat. Mamm. decouv., 1788, i, p. 372. Cape of Good Hope.
1829. *Balaena lalandii* Fischer, Synops. Mamm., p. 525. On same basis as above. Cape of Good Hope.
1864. *Megaptera novæ zealandiæ* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 207, fig. 4, July 7. New Zealand.
Queensland, New South Wales, Tasmania, South Australia, Western Australia.

Suborder ODONTOCETI.

TOOTHED WHALES.

Family PHYSETERIDÆ.
SPERM WHALES OR CACHALOTS.

Genus PHYSETER Linné, 1758.

1758. *Physeter* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 76, January. Logo-type, *Physeter catodon* Linné.
1761. *Catodon* Linné, Fauna Suecica, ed. 2, p. 18. Haplotype, *Catodon macrocephalus* Linné.
1806. *Physeterus* Dumeril, Zool. Analytique, p. 28 (preface September 20, 1805). For *Les Physetères*.

1816. *Cetus* Oken, Lehrb. Nat., iii, 2, p. 674. Not *Cetus* Brisson, Regn. Anim., p. 225, 1762.
1822. *Tursio* Fleming, Philos. Zool., ii, p. 211, May. Haplotype, *Tursio microps* Fleming.
1828. *Megistosaurus* Harlan, Amer. Journ. Sci., xiv, p. 186, July, ex Godman MS. Haplotype, *Physeter macrocephalus* Linné.
1836. *Cachalot* Hamilton, Nat. Library (Jardine), Mamm., ix, p. 154, January. Tautotype, *Physeter catodon* Linné.
1865. *Meganeuron* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865, p. 439, August 26. Haplotype, *Catodon krefftii* Gray.

PHYSETER AUSTRALASIANUS *Desmoulinis*, 1822.

SPERM WHALE OR CACHALOT.

1822. *Physeter australasianus* Desmoulinis, Dict. Class. d'Hist. Nat., ii, p. 618, December. Moluccas and New Zealand, based on Quoy and Gaimard, *infra*.
1824. *Physeter polycyphus* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. Uranie Zool., p. 77, pl. 12. Timor?
1851. *Catodon australis* Wall, Hist. Deser. New Sperm Whale, p. 1, pl. 1. Port Jackson, New South Wales.
1865. *Catodon (Meganeuron) krefftii* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865, p. 440, figs. 1–4 in text, August 26. Australia. New South Wales.

Genus KOGIA Gray, 1846.

1846. *Kogia* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 22. Haplotype, *Physeter breviceps* Blainville. Also spelt *Cogia* Wallace, Geog. Distr. Anim., ii, p. 208, 1876.
1851. *Euphysetes* Wall, Deser. Hist. New Sperm Whale (Sydney), p. 37. Haplotype, *Euphysetes grayii* Wall.
1871. *Callignathus* Gill, Amer. Naturalist, iv, p. 738, February. Haplotype, *Physeter simus* Owen.
1929. *Callignathula* Strand, Arch. für Nat. (Berlin), 92A, Hefte 8, p. 16. New name for *Callignathus* Gill.

KOGIA BREVICEPS *Blainville*, 1838.

PIGMY SPERM WHALE.

1838. *Physeter breviceps* Blainville, Ann. d'Anat. et Phys., ii, p. 337. Cape of Good Hope.
1851. *Euphysetes grayii* Wall, Deser. Hist. New Sperm Whale (Sydney), p. 37, pl. 2. Maroobrah Beach, Sydney, New South Wales.
1866. *Euphysetes macleayi* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865, p. 713, text-fig. 6, April 24, 1866. Manly Beach, New South Wales.
1874. *Euphysetes potti* Haast, Trans. New Zeal. Inst., vi, 1873, p. 97, pl. xv, June 1874. Lyttelton Harbour, New Zealand. Queensland, New South Wales, Tasmania, South Australia.

Family HYPEROODONTIDÆ.

BEAKED WHALES.

Genus HYPEROODON Lacépède, 1804.

1804. *Hyperoodon* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xliv. Haplotype,
Hyperoodon butskopf Lacépède.
1811. *Uranodon* Illiger, Prodr. syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 143 (preface
April). New name for *Hyperoodon* Lacépède.
1814. *Bidens* G. Fischer, Zoognosia, 3rd ed., iii, p. 686. Haplotype,
Delphinus diodon Hunter.
1825. *Cetodiodon* Jacob, Dublin Philos. Journ., i, p. 72, March.
Haplotype, *Delphinus hunteri* Desmarest.
1830. *Orca* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 34, August. Logotype,
Delphinus bidentatus Bonnaterre.
1830. *Nodus* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 34, August. Haplotype,
Delphinus edentulus Schieber.
1843. *Uperoodon* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. xxiii,
May 13. New name for *Hyperoodon* Lacépède.
1843. *Chænodephinus* Eschricht, Forh. Skand. Nat., 1842, p. 655.
New name for *Hyperoodon* Lacépède.
1845. *Chænocetus* Eschricht, Oversk. Dansk. Vid. Selsk. Forh.,
p. 17. Emendation of preceding name only.
1862. *Lagenocetus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1862, p. 200,
October 6. Haplotype, *Lagenocetus latifrons* Gray.

HYPEROODON PLANIFRONS Flower, 1882.

BOTTLE-NOSED WHALE.

1882. *Hyperoodon planifrons* Flower, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1882,
p. 392, October 1. Lewis Island, Dampier's Archipelago,
Western Australia.
South Australia, Western Australia.

Genus ZIPHIUS Cuvier, 1823.

1823. *Ziphius* Cuvier, Oss. Fossil., 2nd ed., v, 1, p. 352. Haplotype,
Ziphius cavirostris Cuvier.
1828. *Diodon* Lesson, Hist. Nat. Mamm. decouv., 1788, i, p. 124.
Haplotype, *Delphinus desmaresti* Risso. Not *Diodon*
Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 334, 1758.
1841. *Hypodon* Haldeman, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Philad., i, p. 127,
November. New name for *Diodon* Lesson.
1851. *Ziphices* Duvernoy, Ann. Sci. Nat. (Paris), Zool. (3) xv, p. 42.
Error only.
1864. *Aliama* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 242, July 7.
Haplotype, *Delphinus desmaresti* Risso.
1865. *Petrorhynchus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865, p. 524,
August 26. Haplotype, *Hyperoodon capensis* Gray.
1866. *Ziphiorrhynchus* Burmeister, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xvii,
p. 94, February 1. Haplotype, *Ziphiorrhynchus cryptodon* Burmeister.

ZIPIUS CHATHAMIENSIS *Hector*, 1873.

HECTOR'S BEAKED WHALE.

1873. *Epiodon chathamiensis* *Hector*, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xi, p. 105, February 1; Trans. New Zeal. Inst., v, 1872, p. 165, pls. iv and v, May 1873. Chatham Islands, New Zealand.
1876. *Ziphius novazealandiae* *Haast*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1876, p. 466, pls. xlvi, October 1; Trans. New Zeal. Inst., ix, 1876, p. 430, pl. xxiv, figs. A-C, pl. xxv, fig. 2, pl. xxvi, figs., May 1877. Lyttelton Harbour, New Zealand. Tasmania.

Genus DIOPLODON *Gervais*, 1850.

1850. *Dioplodon* *Gervais*, Ann. Sci. Nat. (Paris), Zool. (3) xiv, p. 16. Haplotype, *Delphinus densirostris* Desmarest.
1871. *Neoziphius* *Gray*, Suppl. Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., p. 101. Haplotype, *Dioplodon europaeus* *Gervais*.

DIOPLODON DENSIROSTRIS *Desmarest*, 1817.

DESMAREST'S BEAKED WHALE.

1817. *Delphinus densirostris* *Desmarest*, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., ix, p. 178, ex Blainville MS. Fossil fragment.
1846. *Ziphius sechellensis* *Gray*, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 28, pl. 6, figs. 1, 2. Seychelles.
- Queensland, (Lord Howe Island).

Genus MESOPLODON *Gervais*, 1850.

1850. *Mesoplodon* *Gervais*, Ann. Sci. Nat. (Paris) Zool. (3) xiv, p. 16, July. Haplotype, *Delphinus sowerbensis* Desmarest.
1828. *Aodon* *Lesson*, Hist. Nat. Mamm. decouv., 1788, i, p. 149, pl. 3. Haplotype, *Aodon dalei* *Lesson*. Also spelt *Anodon* Agassiz, Nomen. Zool., Index, p. 78, 1848. Not *Aodon* Anon., 1798, ex Lacépède 1798 vernacular (Sherborn).
1851. *Mesodiodon* *Duvernoy*, Ann. Sci. Nat. (Paris) Zool. (3) xv, p. 41. Haplotype, *Delphinus sowerbyi* Desmarest.
1866. *Dolichodon* *Gray*, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 353. Haplotype, *Ziphius layardii* *Gray*.
1871. *Callidodon* *Gray*, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) vii, p. 368, May 1. Haplotype, *Mesoplodon guntheri* Krefft.
1876. *Oulodon* *Haast*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1876, p. 457, October 1. Haplotype, *Mesoplodon grayi* *Haast*.

MESOPLODON LAYARDII *Gray*, 1865.

LAYARD'S BEAKED WHALE.

1865. *Ziphius layardii* *Gray*, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1865, p. 358, fig. in text, August 26. Cape of Good Hope (Layard).
1871. *Mesoplodon guntheri* Krefft, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) vii, p. 368, text-figs. 1 and 2, May 1. Little Bay, near Sydney, New South Wales.

1873. *Dolichodon traversii* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xi, p. 111, February 1. New name for *Mesoplodon layardi* Hector, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xi, p. 106, February 1. Chatham Islands (H. H. Travers).
- [1873. *Mesoplodon longirostris* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1873, p. 145, June, *ex* Krefft MS. Skeleton in Austr. Mus.]
1876. *Mesoplodon floweri* Haast, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1876, (p. 8, *n.n.*, June 1), p. 478, pls. xlv, xlvi, October 1; Trans. New Zeal. Inst., ix, 1876, p. 442, pls. xxv, f. 2, xxvi, f. 2, May 1877. Saltwater Creek, Canterbury, New Zealand.
1878. *Mesoplodon thomsoni* Flower, Trans. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) x, p. 416, *ex* Krefft MS. As synonym of *layardii*, *ex* Little Bay, *supra*.
Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania.

MESOPLODON GRAYI Haast, 1876.

HAAST'S BEAKED WHALE.

1876. *Mesoplodon grayi* Haast, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1876, p. 7, June 1. Chatham Islands.
1878. *Mesoplodon haasti* Flower, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1877, p. 684, April 1, 1878; Trans. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) x, p. 417, footnote, pls. 71-73, August 1. North Island, New Zealand.
1878. *Mesoplodon australis* Flower, Trans. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) x, p. 417, footnote, pls. 71-73, August 1. Lyall Bay, New Zealand.
South Australia, Tasmania, Victoria.

MESOPLODON PACIFICUS Longman, 1926.

LONGMAN'S BEAKED WHALE.

1926. *Mesoplodon pacificus* Longman, Mem. Queensland Mus., 8, p. 269, pl. xliii, March 31. Mackay, Queensland (E. W. Rawson).
Queensland.

[Family DELPHINAPTERIDÆ.

WHITE WHALES.

Genus DELPHINAPTERUS Lacépède, 1804.

1804. *Delphinapterus* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xli. Logo-type, *D. beluga*=*Delphinus leucas* Pallas.
1815. *Beluga* Rafinesque, Analyse Nat., p. 60. New name for *Delphinapterus* Lacépède.
1828. *Beluga* Gray, Spicil. Zoologica, pt. 1, p. 2, July 1. Haplotype, *Delphinus leucas* Pallas.
1830. *Delphis* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 34, August. Haplotype, *Delphinus leucas* Pallas.
1841. *Argocetus* Gloger, Hand-u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 169, *ante* May. New name for *Delphinapterus* Lacépède.
1873. *Leucas* Brandt, Mem. Acad. Imp. Sci. St. Peterb. (7) xx, p. 234. Tautotype, *Delphinus leucas* Pallas.

DELPHINAPTERUS KINGII Gray, 1827.

BELUGA OR WHITE WHALE.

1827. *Delphinus (Delphinapterus) kingii* Gray, Phil. Mag. (n.s.), ii, p. 375, November. Coasts of Australia.
 1807. *Delphinus leucas* Linn., Pérón, Voy. Terres. Austr., i, p. 217. South of Tasmania.
 Australian Seas.]

Family PHOCENIDÆ.

PORPOISES AND KILLERS.

Genus GRAMPUS Gray, 1828.

1828. *Grampus* Gray, Spicil. Zoologica, pt. i, p. 2, July 1. Tautotype, *Delphinus grampus* "Linn." = Hunter.
 1846. *Orca* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., xvii, p. 84, February; Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 33. Tautotype, *Delphinus orca* Linné. Not *Orea* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 34, 1830.
 1860. *Orcinus* Fitzinger, Wiss.-Pop. Naturg. Säugeth., vii, pp. 204, 217. New name for *Orca* Gray, not Wagler.
 1868. *Ophysia* Gray, Synops. Whales Dolphins Brit. Mus., p. 8. Haplotype, *Orca capensis* Gray.
 1870. *Gladiator* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1870, p. 71, June 2. Haplotype, *Orca stenorhyncha* Gray.

GRAMPUS ORCA Linné, 1758.

GRAMPUS OR KILLER.

1758. *Delphinus orca* Linne, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 77, January 1. European Seas.
 1875. *Orca pacifica* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1870, p. 76, June 2. North Pacific.
 1880. *Orca tasmanica* Beneden and Gervais, Osteog. Cetac., p. 537, footnote. New name for
 1880. *Orca gladiator (australis)*, *ibid.*, pl. xlvii, fig. 1. Tasmania. New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, South Australia.

Genus PSEUDORCA Reinhardt, 1862.

1862. *Pseudorca* Reinhardt, Overs. Danske Videns. Selsk. Forh. (Kjob.), p. 151. Haplotype, *Phocaena crassidens* Owen.
 1871. *Neoorca* Gray, Suppl. Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., p. 80. Haplotype, *Orca meridionalis* Flower.

PSEUDORCA CRASSIDENS Owen, 1846.

FALSE KILLER OR TASMANIAN BLACKFISH.

1846. *Phocaena crassidens* Owen, Brit. Foss. Mamm., p. 516; Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 34, 1846 (*Orca*). Fossil, Lincoln, England.
 1865. *Orca meridionalis* Flower, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 420, ff. 1-2, May 2, 1865. Tasmania. Queensland, New South Wales, Tasmania.

Genus GLOBICEPHALUS Hamilton, 1836.

1836. *Globicephalus* Hamilton, Nat. Library (Jardine) Whales, p. 212, January (*ex Globicephale* Lesson, vernacular only). Not in Sherborn. Tautotype, *Delphinus globiceps* Cuvier.
1836. *Globiceps* Hamilton, Nat. Library (Jardine) Whales, p. 203, January. *Ex Cuvier.* ? Error only. Not in Sherborn. Not *Globiceps* Lepel. et Servier, Ency. Meth. (Ins.), x, 1, p. 326, 1825.
1884. *Globiceps* Flower, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1883, pp. 471–508. New name for *Globicephalus* Lesson.
- [1864. *Sphaerocephalus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 244, July 7. Haplotype, *Globicephalus incrassatus* Gray.]

GLOBICEPHALUS VENTRICOSUS Lacépède, 1804.

PILOT WHALE OR BLACKFISH.

1804. *Delphinus ventricosus* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xlivi, based on Small *Grampus*, Hunter, Phil. Trans. (Lond.) 77, pl. 5, fig. 2, 1787. River Thames, England.
1809. *Delphinus melas* Traill, Journ. Nat. Phil., xxii, p. 81, February. Northern Seas.
1812. *Delphinus globiceps* Cuvier, Ann. Mus. d'Hist. Nat. (Paris) xix, p. 14, pl. i, August. Sainte Brieux, France. (Not in Sherborn.)
1846. *Globiocephalus affinis* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 32, for small *Grampus* Hunter, as above.
1866. *Grampus affinis* Gray, Cat. Seals and Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 300. On same specimen. Queensland, South Australia, Tasmania.

Genus GRAMPIDELPHIS Iredale and Troughton, 1933.

1933. *Grampidelphis* Iredale and Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xix, p. 31, August 2. Haplotype, *Grampidelphis exilis* Iredale and Troughton.
1846. *Grampus* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., xvii, p. 85, February ; Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 30. Not *Grampus* Gray, 1828, *ante*.
1873. *Grayius* Scott, Mammalia, Recent and Extinct, p. 104. New name for *Grampus* Gray, and later, not of Gray, 1828. Preoccupied by Bonaparte, 1856, Gunther, 1858, Bate, 1862.

GRAMPIDELPHIS EXILIS Iredale and Troughton, 1933.

GRAMPUS-DOLPHIN.

1933. *Grampidelphis exilis* Iredale and Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xix, p. 32, pl. x, figs. 1–5, August 2. Manly, New South Wales. New South Wales, Western Australia, (South Australia).

Family DELPHINIDÆ.
DOLPHINS.

Genus DELPHINUS Linné, 1758.

- 1758. *Delphinus* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 77, January. Tautotype, *Delphinus delphis* Linné.
- 1864. *Delphis* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 236, July 7. Tautotype, *Delphinus delphis* Linné. Not *Delphis* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 34, 1830.
- 1880. *Eudelphinus* Beneden and Gervais, Ost. Cetac., viv. et foss., p. 600. New name for *Delphis* Gray, 1866.

DELPHINUS DELPHIS Linné.
COMMON DOLPHIN.

- 1758. *Delphinus delphis* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 77, January. European Seas.
- 1830. *Delphinus novæzealandiae* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. de l'Astrol., Zool., i, p. 149, pl. 28. Cape Gable, East Coast of New Zealand.
- 1846. *Delphinus forsteri* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 42, pl. 24. Between New Caledonia and Norfolk Island (Forster).
- 1846. *Delphinus fulvifasciatus* Wagner, Säugthier. (Schreber), vii, pl. 361, for succeeding.
- 1854. *Delphinus fulvifasciatus* Jacquinot and Pucheran, Voy. Pole Sud. Zool., iii, p. 37, *ex* Hombron and Jacquinot, Atlas, pl. xxi, f. 1. No locality=Hobart, Tasmania.
- 1880. *Eudelphinus tasmaniensis* Beneden and Gervais, Ost. Cetac., viv. et foss., p. 604, pl. xxxix, fig. 9. Tasmania (Jules Verreaux).
New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania.

Genus FRETIDELPHIS NOV.

Type, *Delphinus roseiventris* Wagner.

FRETIDELPHIS ROSEIVENTRIS Wagner, 1846.

TORRES STRAIT DOLPHIN.

- 1846. *Delphinus roseiventris* Wagner, Säugthier. (Schreber), vii, pl. 360, for Hombron and Jacquinot, Voy. Pole Sud. Atlas, pl. xxii, fig. 2, pl. xxiii, figs. 3, 4. Moluccas and Torres Strait.

Torres Strait.

Genus STENELLA Gray, 1866.

- 1866. *Stenella* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 213, September 5. Haplotype, *Steno attenuatus* Gray.
- 1864. *Clymene* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1864, p. 237, July 7. Haplotype, *Delphinus euphrosyne* Gray. Not *Clymene* Oken, Gött. gelehrte Anz., p. 1168, 1807.
- 1866. *Euphrosyne* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 214, September 5. Tautotype, *Delphinus euphrosyne* Gray. Not *Euphrosyne* Savigny, Egypte, i, (3), Ann., p. 63, 1822.

1868. *Clymenia* Gray, Synops. Whales Dolphins Brit. Mus., p. 6.
New name for *Clymene* Gray, *supra*. Not *Clymenia*
Bronn, N. Jahrb. für Min., 1835, p. 334.
1868. *Micropia* Gray, Synops. Whales Dolphins Brit. Mus., p. 6.
Haplotype, *Delphinus stenorhynchus* Gray.
1880. *Prodelphinus* Beneden and Gervais, Osteog. Cétacés, p. 604.
New name for *Clymenia* Gray.

STENELLA LONGIROSTRIS *Gray*, 1828.
LONG-BEAKED DOLPHIN.

1828. *Delphinus longirostris* Gray, Spicil. Zool., pt. i, p. 1, July 1.
No locality.
Australia (Copenhagen Museum, *fide* True, Bull. U.S. Nat.
Mus., No. 36, p. 167, 1889).

STENELLA ATTENUATA *Gray*, 1846.
SLENDER-BEAKED DOLPHIN.

1846. *Steno attenuatus* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm.,
p. 44. No locality.
1924. *Prodelphinus attenuatus* Lord and Scott, Synops. Vert. Anim.
Tasm., p. 292. (May = *pseudodelphis*, *capensis* and
punctata.) Tasmania.
Tasmania.

[DELPHINUS SUPERCILIOSUS *Lesson*, 1826.
WHITE-BROWED DOLPHIN.

1826. *Delphinus superciliatus* Lesson, Bull. Sci. Nat. (Ferussac),
vii, p. 373, *for*
1806. *Delphinus superciliatus* Lesson, Voy. Coquille, Zool., i, p. 181,
October 17, 1827, pl. 9, fig. 2; Nov. 1, 1826, coll. by
Garnot on "Castle-Forbes" outside Sydney, New South
Wales.
New South Wales.]

[DELPHINUS BORYI *Desmarest*, 1822.
BORY'S DOLPHIN.

1822. *Delphinus boryi* Desmarest, Ency. Meth. Mamm., 2, p. 513.
Between Madagascar and Isle Reunion, Indian Ocean.
1824. *Delphinus boryi* Desmoulin, Dict. Class. Hist. Nat., v, p.
356=556, April, pl. clxi, fig. 1. Shark's Bay, Western
Australia (*Mylius*).
Western Australia.]

Genus LISSODELPHIS *Gloger*, 1841.

1841. *Lissodelphis* Gloger, Hand-u. Hilfsb. Nat., i, p. 169. Haplotype,
Delphinus peronii Lacépède.
1826. *Delphinapterus* Lesson, Bull. Sci. Nat. (Ferussac), vii, p. 374.
Haplotype, *Delphinus peronii* Lacepède. Not *Delphinapterus* Lacépède, 1804, *ante*.

1830. *Tursio* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 30, August. Haplotype, *Delphinus peronii* Lacépède. Not *Tursio* Fleming, Phil. Zool., ii, p. 211, May 1822.
1861. *Leucorhamphus* Lilljeborg, Upsala Univers. Arsskrift, Math., Nat., 4, 5. New name for *Delphinapterus* Lesson.

LISSODELPHIS PERONII *Lacépède*, 1804.
PÉRON'S DOLPHIN.

1804. *Delphinus peronii* Lacépède, Hist. Nat. Cetac., p. xlivi. Based on specimen killed Jan. 14, 1802, in lat. 44° S. and long. 141° E., by Péron.
1807. *Delphinus leucoramphus* Péron, Voy. Terres. Austr., i, p. 217. New name for preceding.
1846. *Delphinus bicolor* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 36, pl. 15, figs. 1-3, in synonymy, *ex* Stephenson MS. Southern Australian Seas.

Genus LAGENORHYNCHUS Gray, 1846.

1846. *Lagenorhynchus* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., xvii, p. 84, February; Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 34. Haplotype, *Lagenorhynchus albirostris* Gray.
1866. *Leucopleurus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 216, September 5. Tautotype, *Delphinus leucopleurus* Rasch.
1866. *Electra* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 268. Tautotype, *Lagenorhynchus electra* Gray. Not *Electra* Lamouroux 1816, nor Stephens 1829.

LAGENORHYNCHUS OBSCURUS Gray, 1828.
OBSCURE DOLPHIN.

1828. *Delphinus (Grampus) obscurus* Gray, Spicil. Zool., pt. i, p. 2, July 1. Cape of Good Hope.
1838. *Delphinus fitzroyi* Waterhouse, Zool. Beagle, Mamm., p. 25, pl. i. Coast of Patagonia.
1847. *Delphinus cruciger* D'Orbigny and Gervais, Voy. l'Amer. merid., iv, 2, p. 32; ix, pl. xxi, f. 1-4. South America. Not *Delphinus cruciger* Quoy and Gaimard, Zool. Voy. Uranie, p. 87, pl. xii, figs. 3-4, 1824. South Pacific Ocean.
1849. *Lagenorhynchus clanculus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1849, p. 2, December 11. Pacific.
1889. *Lagenorhynchus latifrons* True, Bull. U.S. Nat. Mus., No. 36, p. 90, March. New Zealand.
1924. *Lagenorhynchus fitzroyi* Lord and Scott, Synops. Vert. Anim. Tasman., p. 290. Tasmania.

[Genus SOUSA Gray, 1866.

1866. *Sousa* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 213, September 5. Logotype, *Steno lentiginosus* Gray.
1868. *Gudamu* Gray, Synops. Whales Dolphins Brit. Mus., p. 6. Haplotype, *Steno ? gadamu* Gray.

SOUSA LENTIGINOSA *Gray*, 1866.
SPOTTED DOLPHIN.

1866. *Steno lentiginosus* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd., p. 394, *ex* Owen MS. Vizagapatam, India.
? Queensland.

SOUSA GADAMU *Gray*, 1866.
GADAMU DOLPHIN.

1866. *Steno ? gadamu* Gray, Cat. Seals Whales Brit. Mus., 2nd ed., p. 394, *ex* Owen MS. Vizagapatam, India.
Queensland, New South Wales, Western Australia.]

Genus TURSIOPS Gervais, 1855.

1855. *Tursiops* Gervais, Hist. Nat. Mamm., ii, p. 323. New name for
1843. *Tursio* Gray, List. Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., pp. xxiii, 105, May 13. Haplotype, *Delphinus truncatus* Montagu. Not *Tursio* Wagler, 1830, nor *Tursio* Fleming, Phil. Zool., ii, p. 211, 1822.

TURSIOPS CATALANIA *Gray*, 1862.

MACGILLIVRAY'S BOTTLE-NOSED DOLPHIN.

1862. *Delphinus catalania* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1862, p. 143, September 15. Capes Melville and Flattery, Queensland (Macgillivray).
1874. *Delphinus cærulescens* Giglioli, Exped. Magenta, Cetac., p. 88. Australian Seas.
Queensland, New South Wales, Tasmania.

TURSIOPS MAUGEANUS *nom. nov.*

TASMANIAN BOTTLE-NOSED DOLPHIN.

1920. *Tursiops tursio* (southern form) Scott and Lord, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1919, pp. 96, *et seq.*, pls. xxiii–xxv, March 6. Tamar River, Tasmania. Not *Delphinus truncatus* Montagu, Mem. Wern. Soc. (Edinb.), iii, p. 75. England = *Tursiops tursio auctorum*. Tasmania.

Order SIRENIA.
DUGONGS AND MANATEES.

Family DUGONGIDÆ.
DUGONGS OR SEA COWS.

Genus DUGONG Lacépède, 1799.

1799. *Dugong* Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm., p. 17. Haplotype, *D. indicus* = *Trichechus dugong* Linné.
1803. *Platystomus* G. Fischer, Nat. Mus. Naturg. Paris, ii, p. 353, preface April. Haplotype, *Trichechus dugong* Linné.
1808. *Dugungus* Tiedemann, Zool., i, p. 554. Haplotype, *Trichechus dugong* Linné.

1811. *Halicore* Illiger, Prodr. syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 141, preface April. New name for *Dugong* Lacépède.
 1814. *Amblychilus* G. Fischer, Zoognosia, 3rd ed., iii, pp. xxi, 638. New name for *Platystomus* Fischer.
 1815. *Odobenus* Rafinesque, Analyse Nat., p. 60 (preface April). New name for *Dugong* Lacépède.
 1821. *Dugongidus* Gray, London Med. Repos., xv, p. 309, April 1. New name only.

DUGONG AUSTRALIS *Owen*, 1847.

DUGONG OR SEA COW.

1847. *Halicore australis* Owen, Narr. Voy. "Fly" (Jukes), ii, p. 323, July. Endeavour Strait, North Australia. Northern Australia.

Order RODENTIA.

Suborder SIMPLICIDENTATA.

Family MURIDÆ.

RATS AND MICE.

Subfamily HYDROMYINÆ.

AUSTRALIAN WATER RATS.

Genus HYDROMYS Geoffroy, 1804.

1804. *Hydromys* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 93, p. 254, *fide* Sherborn; Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Paris, vi, p. 90, March 1805. Haplotype, *Hydromys chrysogaster* Geoffroy.

HYDROMYS CHRYSOGASTER Geoffroy, 1804.

WATER RAT.

- (a) 1804. *Hydromys chrysogaster chrysogaster* Geoffroy, 1804.
Hydromys chrysogaster Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 93, p. 254, *fide* Sherborn; Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Paris, vi, p. 90, March 1805. Bruni Island, D'Entrecasteaux Canal, Tasmania (Levillain).
 1804. *Hydromys leucogaster* Geoffroy, Bull. Sci. Soc. Philom. (Paris), No. 93, p. 254, *fide* Sherborn; Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. Paris, vi, p. 90, March 1805. Ile Maria, Tasmania (Péron and Lesueur).
 1837. *Hydromys fulvogaster* Jourdan, Comptes Rendus Acad. Sci. Paris, v, p. 523, October, Swan River, error = Tasmania.
 1837. (*Hydromis*) *fulvoventer* Cuvier, Ann. Sci. Nat. Paris (2) viii, p. 372, December, *ex* Jourdan MS. Swan River, error = Tasmania.

Tasmania.

- (b) *Hydromys chrysogaster fulvolavatus* Gould, 1853.
 1853. *Hydromys fulvolavatus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. v (Vol. iii, pl. 25). River Murray, South Australia (E. J. Eyre). South Australia.
- (c) *Hydromys chrysogaster lutrilla* Gould, 1863.
 1863. *Hydromys lutrilla* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. xiii (Introd. Vol. iii), May 1, ex Macleay MS. Sydney, New South Wales. New South Wales.
- (d) *Hydromys chrysogaster reginae* Thomas and Dollman, 1909.
 1909. *Hydromys chrysogaster reginae* Thomas and Dollman, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1908, p. 789, April. Inkerman, Queensland (W. Stalker). Queensland.

HYDROMYS LONGMANI *Thomas*, 1923.
LONGMAN'S WATER RAT.

1923. *Hydromys longmani* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 171, June 1. Ravenshoe, North Queensland (T. Sherrin). North Queensland.

HYDROMYS MELICERTES *Thomas*, 1921.
MELVILLE ISLAND WATER RAT.

1921. *Hydromys melicertes* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 430, October 1. Melville Island, North Australia (J. P. Rogers). North Australia (Melville Island).

HYDROMYS CAURINUS *Thomas*, 1909.
NORTH-WESTERN WATER RAT.

1909. *Hydromys chrysogaster caurinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) iv, p. 197, September. Parry's Creek, Wyndham, North-West Australia (J. P. Rogers). North Western Australia.

HYDROMYS FULGINOSUS *Gould*, 1853.
SOUTH-WESTERN WATER RAT.

1853. *Hydromys fuliginosus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. v (Vol. iii, pl. 27). West Australia (Gilbert) = King George's Sound (Thomas). South Western Australia.

Genus XEROMYS *Thomas*, 1889.

1889. *Xeromys* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1889, p. 248, October 1. Orthotype, *Xeromys myoides* Thomas.

XEROMYS MYOIDES *Thomas*, 1889.
MURINE WATER RAT.

1889. *Xeromys myoides* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1889,
p. 248, pl. xxix, October 1. Port Mackay, Queensland.
Queensland.

Subfamily MURINÆ.
TRUE RATS AND MICE.

Genus RATTUS *Fischer*, 1803.

1803. *Rattus* Fischer, Nat. Mus. Naturg. Paris, ii, p. 128 (preface
April). Tautotype, *Mus rattus* Linne. (Extralimital
generic synonymy not collated.)

RATTUS ASSIMILIS *Gould*, 1858.
ALLIED RAT.

- (a) *Rattus assimilis assimilis* Gould, 1858.
1858. *Mus assimilis* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1857, p. 241,
January 12, 1858. Clarence River, New South Wales
(Strange).
Southern Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria ?.
- (b) *Rattus assimilis coracius* Thomas, 1923.
1923. *Rattus assimilis coracius* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
(9) xi, p. 173, January 1. Ravenshoe, North Queensland
(T. Sherrin).
North Queensland.

RATTUS FUSCIPES *Waterhouse*, 1839.
DUSKY-FOOTED OR WESTERN SWAMP RAT.

- (a) *Rattus fuscipes fuscipes* Waterhouse, 1839.
1839. *Mus fuscipes* Waterhouse, Zool. Voy. "Beagle," Mamm.,
p. 66, pl. xxv. King George's Sound, South-West
Australia.
South Western Australia.
- (b) *Rattus fuscipes glauerti* Thomas, 1926.
1926. *Rattus glauerti* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xviii,
p. 308, September 1. East Wallaby Island, Houtman's
Abrolhos, West Australia (C. P. Conigrave).
Western Australia (Houtman's Abrolhos).

RATTUS LUTREOLUS *Gray*, 1841.
EASTERN SWAMP RAT.

1841. *Mus lutreola* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii,
App., pp. 409, 401, November. South Australia, etc. =
River Torrens, South Australia. (Thomas cites Hunter
River, New South Wales.)
South Australia, Victoria, New South Wales, Tasmania.

RATTUS GREYII *Gray*, 1841.
GREY'S RAT.

- (a) *Rattus greyii greyii* Gray, 1841.
 1841. *Mus greyii* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 410, 404, November. (Adelaide), South Australia.
 South Australia and Kangaroo Island.
- (b) *Rattus greyii murrayi* Thomas, 1923.
 1923. *Rattus murrayi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 601, May 1. Pearson's Island, Investigator Group, South Australia (Wood Jones).
 South Australia (Pearson Island, Investigator Group).

RATTUS SORDIDUS *Gould*, 1858.
SORDID RAT.

1858. *Mus sordidus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1857, p. 242, January 12, 1858; Mamm. Austr., pt. x, 1858. Darling Downs, South Queensland.
 South Queensland.

RATTUS COLLETTI *Thomas*, 1904.
COLLETT'S RAT.

1904. *Rattus colletti* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 599, September 12. South Alligator River, Northern Territory (J. T. Tunney). North Australia.

RATTUS CONATUS *Thomas*, 1923.
ANNAM RIVER RAT.

1923. *Rattus conatus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xii, p. 159, July 1. Annan (*sic*) River, Cooktown, North Queensland (T. Sherrin). North Queensland.

RATTUS MANICATUS *Gould*, 1858.
WHITE-FOOTED RAT.

1858. *Mus manicatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1857, p. 242, January 12, 1858; Mamm. Austr., pt. x, 1 58. Port Essington, North Australia.
 North Australia.

RATTUS VELLEROSUS *Gray*, 1847.
TAWNY RAT.

1847. *Mus vellerosus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1847, p. 5, March 29. Plains between Rivers Murray and Glenelg, South Australia (Capt. G. Grey).
 South Australia.

RATTUS VILLOSISSIMUS *Waite*, 1897.
LONG-HAIRED RAT.

- (a) *Rattus villosissimus villosissimus* Waite, 1897.
- 1897. *Mus villosissimus* Waite, Proc. Roy. Soc. Viet., x (n.s.), p. 125, July. New name for
- 1854. *Mus longipilis* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. vi (Vol. iii, pl. 13). Victoria River (T. Wall)=Barcoo River, Central Australia. Not *Mus longipilis* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1837, p. 16.
- South Queensland.

- (b) *Rattus villosissimus profusus* Thomas, 1921.
- 1921. *Rattus villosissimus profusus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 620, December. Liverpool Plains, New South Wales.
- New South Wales.

RATTUS MELVILLEUS *Thomas*, 1921.
MELVILLE ISLAND RAT.

- 1921. *Rattus melvilleus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 427, October. Melville Island, North Australia (J. P. Rogers).
- North Australia (Melville Island).

RATTUS MONDRAINEUS *Thomas*, 1921.
MONDRAIN ISLAND RAT.

- 1921. *Rattus mondraineus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 428, October. Mondrain Island, South-West Australia (J. T. Tunney).
- South Western Australia (Mondrain Island).

RATTUS TUNNEYI *Thomas*, 1904.
TUNNEY'S RAT.

- 1904. *Mus tunneyi* Thomas, Nov. Zool., xi, p. 223, March 25 Mary River, Northern Territory (J. T. Tunney).
- North Australia.

RATTUS WOODWARDI *Thomas*, 1908.
WOODWARD'S RAT.

- 1908. *Mus woodwardi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) ii, p. 374, October 1. Lagrange Bay, North-West Australia (J. T. Tunney).
- North Western Australia.

RATTUS VELUTINUS *Thomas*, 1882.
VELVET-FURRED RAT.

- 1882. *Mus velutinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (5) ix, p. 415, June 1. Tasmania (A. Simson).

1884. *Mus castaneus* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 183, pl., figs. 2a-b, *ante June 25.* Long Plains, Tasmania (T. B. Moore).
Tasmania.

RATTUS CULMORUM Thomas and Dollman, 1909.
SPINY-HAIRED RAT.

- (a) *Rattus culmorum culmorum* Thomas and Dollman, 1909.
1909. *Mus culmorum* Thomas and Dollman, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1908, p. 790, April 1909. Beach Mountain, Inkerman Queensland (Stalker).
Queensland.
- (b) *Rattus culmorum youngi* Thomas, 1926.
1926. *Rattus youngi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xviii, p. 309, September 1. Moreton Island, South Queensland (J. E. Young).
South Queensland (Moreton Island).
- (c) *Rattus culmorum vallesius* Thomas, 1921.
1921. *Rattus culmorum vallesius* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 426, October. Duck Creek, Macquarie River, Upper Darling, New South Wales (T. Mitchell).
New South Wales (interior).
- (d) *Rattus culmorum austrinus* Thomas, 1921.
1921. *Rattus culmorum austrinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 427, October. South Australia (J. B. Harvey)=Port Lincoln.
South Australia.

RATTUS LEUCOPUS Gould, 1867.
CAPE YORK SPINY RAT.

1867. *Acanthomys leucopus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1867, p. 598, October 22. Cape York, Queensland (Damen—Dämel).
1879. *Mus terræreginae* Alston, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1879, p. 646, October. New name for above.
North Queensland (Cape York).

RATTUS RATTUS Linné.

This species has been re-described many times from Australian specimens as :—

1863. *Hapalotis arboricola* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. xiii (Introd. Vol. iii), p. xxxv, May 1, *ex* Macleay MS. Sydney, New South Wales.
1867. *Hapalotis personata* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1867, p. 318, October 22. Cape York, North Queensland.
1882. *Mus (Hapalotis?) tompsoni* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., vi, p. 763, text-figs. 1-3, March 20. Wagga, New South Wales (F. A. Tompson).

1883. *Mus griseocæruleus* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1882, p. 173, pl., figs. 2, 2a. Kentisbury, Tasmania.
1883. *Mus variabilis* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1882, p. 174, pl., figs. 3, 3a. St. Leonard's, Tasmania (Swan).
1884. *Mus tamarensis* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 185, *ante* June 25. Streams of northern Tasmania.
1916. *Epimys chionogaster* Lonnberg, Kungl. Sv. Vetensk. Acad. Handl., 52, 2, p. 6, January 18. Tolga, near Cairns, North Queensland.

The following names have not yet been accurately located :

1841. *Mus adelaideensis* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 410, 404, November. Adelaide, South Australia. =*Mus musculus* Linné, *fide* Gray, 1843.
1883. *Mus simsoni* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1882, p. 175, pl., figs. 5, 5a. Ringarooma, Tasmania (A. Simson). Said to be *Mus musculus* Linne.
1838. *Mus platurus* Mitchell, Three Exped. East Austr., i, p. xvii, preface dated August 18, *nom. nud.* River Darling, New South Wales.
1838. *Mus hovellii* Mitchell, Three Exped. East Austr., i, p. xvii, preface dated August 18, *nom. nud.* Near the Bayunga River, New South Wales.
1843. *Mus australasicus* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 112, May 13, *nom. nud.* South Australia.
1866. *Mus subrufus* Krefft, Trans. Philos. Soc. New South Wales, 1862–65, p. 5 (issued separately, 1865). Between Gol Gol Creek and Darling River, New South Wales.
1868. *Mus tasmaniensis* Krefft, Notes Fauna Tasmania, p. 33, *nom. nud.*; Repr. in Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1868, App., pp. 91–105, *nom. nud.* Banks of Ouse River, Tasmania (G. Masters).
1884. *Mus pachyurus* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 182, pl., figs. 1a–b. Long Plains, Tasmania (T. B. Moore).
1887. *Mus burtoni* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) ii, p. 533, pl. xvii. Derby, North-West Australia (Burton, with Bowyer-Bower).
1904. *Mus petterdi* Trouessart, Cat. Mamm. viv. et foss., Suppl., fasc. ii, p. 373. New name for
1884. *Mus tetragonurus* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1883, p. 195, pl., *ante* June 25. Springfield, Tasmania (B. Dyer), and Mt. Cameron, Tasmania (R. Bell). Not *Mus tetragonurus* Kelaart, 1850.
- Quid*
1828. *Myoxoides australasiae* Brookes, Cat. Anat. Mus. Brookes, p. 52, *ante* July 14. Australia. *Fide* Palmer.

Genus PSEUDOMYS Gray, 1832.

1832. *Pseudomys* Gray, Proc. Comm. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1832, p. 39, April 21. Haplotype, *Pseudomys australis* Gray.

PSEUDOMYS AUSTRALIS Gray, 1832.

NATIVE MOUSE.

- (a) *Pseudomys australis australis* Gray, 1832.
 1832. *Pseudomys australis* Gray, Proc. Comm. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1832, p. 39, April 21. Liverpool Plains, New South Wales (Cunningham).
 1843. *Pseudomys greyii* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 113, May 13. New name for *P. australis* Gray. Liverpool Plains, New South Wales.
 1845. *Mus lineolatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845, p. 77, October. Darling Downs, New South Wales, = Queensland.
 1845. *Hapalotis murinus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845, p. 78, October. Namoi Plains, New South Wales. New South Wales (interior).
 (b) *Pseudomys australis oralis* Thomas, 1921.
 1921. *Pseudomys australis oralis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 621, December. Coast of New South Wales. New South Wales (Coastal).

PSEUDOMYS HIGGINSI Trouessart, 1899.

HIGGINS' MOUSE.

1899. *Mus higginsi* Trouessart, Cat. Mamm. viv. and foss., i, p. 473. New name for
 1883. *Mus leucopus* Higgins and Petterd, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1882, p. 174, pl., figs. 4, 4a. Kentisbury, Tasmania (Higgins). Not *Mus leucopus* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 110, 1843. Tasmania.

PSEUDOMYS AURITUS Thomas, 1910.

LONG-EARED MOUSE.

1910. *Pseudomys auritus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 607, December. Lake Albert, South Australia (Strange). South Australia.

PSEUDOMYS MINNIE Troughton, 1932.

MINNIE DOWNS MOUSE.

1932. *Pseudomys (Pseudomys) minnie* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xviii, p. 287, April 20. Minnie Downs Station, extreme North-east of South Australia (L. R. Reese). South Australia (Interior).

PSEUDOMYS RAWLINNÆ *Troughton*, 1932.

RAWLINNA MOUSE.

1932. *Pseudomys (Pseudomys) rawlinnæ* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xviii, p. 289, April 20. Rawlinna, Trans-Australian Railway, West Australia, 235 miles east of Kalgoorlie. South Western Australia (interior).

PSEUDOMYS SHORTRIDGEI *Thomas*, 1907.

SHORTRIDGE'S MOUSE.

1907. *Mus shortridgei* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 765, April 1907. Woyaline, South-West Australia (G. C. Shortridge). South Western Australia.

Genus THETOMYS *Thomas*, 1910.

1910. *Thetomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 606, December 1. Orthotype, *Mus nanus* Gould.

THETOMYS NANUS *Gould*, 1858.

LITTLE MOUSE.

1858. *Mus nanus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1857, p. 243, January 12, 1858; Mamm. Austr., pt. x, 1858. Victoria Plains, West Australia (Gilbert). Western Australia.

THETOMYS FERCULINUS *Thomas*, 1902.

BARROW ISLAND MOUSE.

1902. *Mus ferculinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) x, p. 491, December 1. Barrow Island, West Australia (J. T. Tunney). Western Australia (Barrow Island).

THETOMYS PRÆCONIS *Thomas*, 1910.

SHAGGY-HAIRED MOUSE.

1910. *Pseudomys (Thetomys) præconis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 608, December 1. Peron's Peninsula, Shark's Bay, West Australia (G. C. Shortridge). Western Australia (Shark's Bay).

THETOMYS GRACILICAUDATUS *Gould*, 1845.

QUEENSLAND MOUSE.

1845. *Mus gracilicaudatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845, p. 77, October. Oak Creek, Darling Downs, Queensland (cf. Mamm. Austr., Introd., May 1, 1863). South Queensland.

THETOMYS GOULDII *Waterhouse*, 1839.

GOULD'S MOUSE.

1839. *Mus gouldii* Waterhouse, Zool. Voy. "Beagle," I, Mamm., p. 67; ii, pl. 34, figs. 18a-b. New South Wales. New South Wales.

Genus LEGGADINA *Thomas*, 1910.

1910. *Leggadina* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 606, December 1. Orthotype, *Mus forresti* Thomas.

**LEGGADINA FORRESTI Thomas, 1906.
FORREST'S MOUSE.**

1906. *Mus forresti* Thomas, Abstr. Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, No. 32, p. 6, May 22; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 536, pl. xxxvii, October. Alexandria, Northern Territory (Stalker).
North Australia.

**LEGGADINA DELICATULA Gould, 1842.
PIGMY MOUSE.**

- (a) *Leggadina delicatula delicatula* Gould, 1842.
 1842. *Mus delicatulus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 13, June. No locality=Port Essington, North Australia.
 1843. *Mus albirostris* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 112, May 13, as synonym, *ex* Gould MS.
North Australia.
 (b) *Leggadina delicatula mimula* Thomas, 1926.
 1926. *Pseudomys (Leggadina) delicatulus mimulus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xvii, p. 634, June 1. Groote Eylandt, Gulf of Carpentaria, North Australia (Wilkins).
North Australia (Groote Eylandt).

**LEGGADINA PATRIA Thomas and Dollman, 1909.
WOOD-BROWN MOUSE.**

1909. *Mus patrius* Thomas and Dollman, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1908, p. 791, April. Inkerman, Queensland (Stalker).
North-east Queensland.

**LEGGADINA FIELDI Waite, 1896.
FIELD'S MOUSE.**

1896. *Mus fieldi* Waite, Rep. Horn Sci. Exped. Centr. Austr., Zool. ii, p. 403, pl. xxvi, fig. 4, February. Alice Springs, Central Australia (Field).
Central Australia.

**LEGGADINA HERMANNSBURGENSIS Waite, 1896.
DESERT MOUSE.**

- (a) *Leggadina hermannsburgensis hermannsburgensis* Waite, 1896.
 1896. *Mus hermannsburgensis* Waite, Rep. Horn Sci. Exped. Centr. Austr., Zool. ii, p. 405, pl. xxvi, figs. 5a-f, February. Hermannsburg, Central Australia.
Central Australia.
 (b) *Leggadina hermannsburgensis bolami* Troughton, 1932.
 1932. *Pseudomys hermannsburgensis bolami* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xviii, p. 292, April 20. Ooldea, Trans-Australian Railway, South Australia (A. G. Bolam).
South Australia (West).

LEGGADINA MESSORIA *Thomas*, 1925.
MELROSE DESERT MOUSE.

1925. *Pseudomys (Leggadina) messorius* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xv, p. 670, June 1. Melrose, Spencer Gulf, South Australia (Wood Jones).
South Australia.

LEGGADINA WAITEI *Troughton*, 1932.
WAITE'S MOUSE.

1932. *Pseudomys (Leggadina) waitei* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xviii, p. 290, April 20. Alice Springs area, Central Australia.
Central Australia.

GENUS GYOMYS *Thomas*, 1910.

1910. *Gyomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 607, December 1. Orthotype, *Mus novaehollandiae* Waterhouse.

GYOMYS NOVÆHOLLANDIÆ *Waterhouse*, 1843.
DARK GREY MOUSE.

1843. *Mus novaehollandiae* Waterhouse, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 146, February 1843. Yarrundi, Upper Hunter River, New South Wales.
New South Wales.

GYOMYS GLAUCUS *Thomas*, 1910.
BLUE-GREY MOUSE.

1910. *Pseudomys (Gyomys) glaucus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 609, December 1. South Queensland.
South Queensland.

GYOMYS DESERTOR *Troughton*, 1932.
CHESTNUT DESERT MOUSE.

1932. *Pseudomys (Gyomys) desertor* Troughton, Rec. Austr. Mus., xviii, p. 293, April 20. Wycliffe Creek, Central Australia.
Central Australia.

GYOMYS APODEMOIDES *Finlayson*, 1932.
FINLAYSON'S MOUSE.

1932. *Pseudomys (Gyomys) apodemoides* Finlayson, Trans. Proc. Roy. Soc. South Austr., lvi, p. 170, December 24. Coombe, Upper North-east District of South Australia.
South Australia (Interior).

GYOMYS ALBOCINEREUS *Gould*, 1845.
ASHY-GREY MOUSE.

- (a) *Gyomys albocinereus albocinereus* Gould, 1845.
1845. *Mus albocinereus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1845, p. 78, October. Moore's River, West Australia (Gilbert).
Western Australia.

- (b) *Gyomys albocinereus squalorum* Thomas, 1907.
 1907. *Mus albocinereus squalorum* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
 1906, p. 776, April 1907. Bernier Island, Shark's Bay,
 West Australia (G. C. Shortridge).
 Western Australia (Bernier Island).

Genus MASTACOMYS Thomas, 1882.

1882. *Mastacomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (5) ix, p. 413,
 June 1. Orthotype, *Mastacomys fuscus* Thomas.

MASTACOMYS FUSCUS Thomas, 1882.

BROAD-TOOTHED RAT.

1882. *Mastacomys fuscus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (5) ix,
 p. 413, June. Tasmania (R. Gunn).
 Tasmania, Victoria.

[*Mastacomys mordicus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) x,
 p. 551, November 1922. Maxilla and three molars only
 from Mt. Gambier District, South Australia (Wood
 Jones).
 South Australia.]

Genus LAOMYS Thomas, 1909.

1909. *Laomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) iii, p. 373, April 1.
 Orthotype, *Laomys woodwardi* Thomas.

LAOMYS WOODWARDI Thomas, 1909.

WESTERN THICK-TAILED RAT.

1909. *Laomys woodwardi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) iii,
 p. 373, April 1. Parry's Creek, Wyndham, North-West
 Australia (J. P. Rogers).
 North Western Australia.

LAOMYS PEDUNCULATUS Waite, 1896.

CENTRAL THICK-TAILED RAT.

1896. *Conilurus pedunculatus* Waite, Rep. Horn Sci. Exped. Centr.
 Austr., Zool., ii, p. 395, figs. 1a-f, February. Alice
 Springs, Central Australia (var. *brachytis*, p. 397,
Illamurta).
 Central Australia.

Genus MESEMBRIOMYS Palmer, 1906.

1906. *Mesembriomys* Palmer, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash., xix, p. 97,
 June 4. New name for
 1906. *Ammomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvii, p. 83,
 January 1. Orthotype, *Mus hirsutus* Gould, = *Hapalotis*
gouldii Gray. Not *Ammomys* Bonaparte, Saggio. metod.
 Anim. vert., p. 20, 1831.

MESEMBORIOMYS GOULDII Gray, 1843.
LONG-HAIRED RABBIT-RAT.

- (a) *Mesembriomys gouldii gouldii* Gray, 1843.
 1843. *Hapalotis gouldii* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 116,
 May 13 (*ex Journ. Two Exped. Australia* (Grey), ii,
 App., pp. 413–414, November 1841, *nom. nud.*). New
 name for
 1842. *Mus hirsutus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 12,
 June. No locality=Port Essington, North Australia.
 Not *Mus hirsutus* Elliott, Madras Journ., x, p. 213, 1839.
 North Australia.
- (b) *Mesembriomys gouldii rattooides* Thomas, 1924.
 1924. *Mesembriomys hirsutus rattooides* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat.
 Hist. (9) xvii, p. 296, March. Cooktown, North Queens-
 land (H. C. Robinson).
 North Queensland.

MESEMBORIOMYS MACRURUS Peters, 1876.
REDDISH-BROWN RABBIT-RAT.

1876. *Hapalotis macrurus* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss.
 Berlin, p. 355, pl. Mermaid Strait, near Roeburne,
 West Australia.
 1887. *Hapalotis boweri* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W. (2) i,
 p. 1153, February 22. North-West Australia (Derby)
 (Bowyer-Bower).
 North Western Australia.

- Genus LEPORILLUS Thomas, 1906.*
1906. *Leporillus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xvii, p. 83,
 January 1. Orthotype, *Hapalotis apicalis* Gould.

LEPORILLUS APICALIS Gould, 1853.
WHITE-TAILED HOUSE-BUILDING RAT.

1853. *Hapalotis apicalis* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851,
 p. 126, April 29, 1853; Mamm. Austr., pt. v, 1853.
 No locality=South Australia (Strange).
 New South Wales, South Australia.

- LEPORILLUS JONESI Thomas, 1921.**
FRANKLIN ISLAND HOUSE-BUILDING RAT.
1921. *Leporillus jonesi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii,
 p. 618, December 1. Franklin Island, Nuyt's Archipelago,
 South Australia (Wood Jones).
 South Australia (Franklin Island, Nuyt's Archipelago).

LEPORILLUS CONDITOR Sturt, 1848.
HOUSE-BUILDING RAT.

1848. *Mus conditor* Sturt, Narr. Exped. Central Austr., i, p. 120,
 col. pl., *ex* Gould MS. December; ii, App., pp. 4–7.
 Brushes of the Darling, New South Wales.

1849. *Hapalotis conditor* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. ii (Vol. III, pl. 6), September. Same specimens.
New South Wales, South Australia.

Genus CONILURUS Ogilby, 1838.

1838. *Conilurus* Ogilby, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.) xviii, p. 124, *ante August.* Haplotype, *Conilurus constructor* Ogilby = *Hapalotis albipes* Lichtenstein.
1829. *Hapalotis* Lichtenstein, Darst. der Saugth., pt. vi, text to pl. xxix. Haplotype, *Hapalotis albipes* Lichtenstein. Not *Hapalotis* Huebner, Verz. Schmett., p. 254, 1825.

CONILURUS ALBIPES Lichtenstein, 1829.

WHITE-FOOTED RABBIT-RAT.

1829. *Hapalotis albipes* Lichtenstein, Darst. der Saugth., pt. vi, pl. xxix. New South Wales.
1838. *Conilurus constructor* Ogilby, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.), xviii, p. 126, *ante August.* New South Wales (Caley).
1897. *Conilurus destructor* Palmer, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash., xi, p. 259, lapsus only. New South Wales.
New South Wales, Central Australia.

CONILURUS HEMILEUCURUS Gray, 1858.

ELSEY'S RABBIT-RAT.

1858. *Hapalotis hemileucura* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1857, p. 243, January 12, 1858. North Australia (J. R. Elsey).
North Australia.

CONILURUS PENICILLATUS Gould, 1842.

BLACK-TAILED RABBIT-RAT.

1842. *Mus penicillatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1842, p. 12, June. Port Essington, North Australia.
[1843. *Hapalotis melanura* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 115, May 13, *ex* "Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc." No locality. *Nom. nud.*]
North Australia.

CONILURUS MELIBIUS Thomas, 1921.

MELVILLE ISLAND RABBIT-RAT.

1921. *Conilurus melibius* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 431, October 1. Melville Island, North Australia (J. P. Rogers).
North Australia (Melville Island).

Genus ZYZOMYS Thomas, 1909.

1909. *Zyzomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) iii, p. 372, April. Orthotype, *Mus argurus* Thomas.

ZYZOMYS ARGURUS *Thomas*, 1889.
WHITE-TAILED RAT.

- (a) *Zyzomys argurus argurus* Thomas, 1889.
 1889. *Mus argurus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) iii, p. 433,
May. South Australia.
South Australia.
- (b) *Zyzomys argurus indutus* Thomas, 1909.
 1909. *Mesembriomys argurus indutus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
(8) iii, p. 151, February. Parry's Creek, Wyndham,
North-West Australia (J. P. Rogers).
North Western Australia.

Genus NOTOMYS Lesson, 1842.

1842. *Notomys* Lesson, Nouv. Tabl. Regn. Anim., Mamm., p. 129,
November. Haplotype, *Dipus mitchellii* Ogilby.
 1897. *Podanomalus* Waite, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., x (n.s.), p. 117,
July. Haplotype, *Hapalotis longicaudata* Gould.

NOTOMYS MITCHELLII *Ogilby*, 1838.
MITCHELL'S KANGAROO-MOUSE.

- (a) *Notomys mitchellii mitchellii* Ogilby, 1838.
 1838. *Dipus mitchellii* Ogilby, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.), xviii,
p. 130, ante August. Reedy plains, junction of Murray
and Murrumbidgee Rivers, New South Wales.
New South Wales, Victoria.
- (b) *Notomys mitchellii macropus* Thomas, 1921.
 1921. *Notomys mitchellii macropus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
(9) viii, p. 540, November. South Australia (Port
Lincoln) (J. B. Harvey).
South Australia.

NOTOMYS MORDAX *Thomas*, 1922.
THOMAS'S KANGAROO-MOUSE.

1922. *Notomys mordax* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) ix, p. 317,
April 1. Skull only. Darling Downs, South Queensland.
South Queensland.

NOTOMYS AQUILLO *Thomas*, 1921.
CAPE YORK KANGAROO-MOUSE.

1921. *Notomys aquilo* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii,
p. 540, November 1. Cape York, Queensland (T.
Cockerell).
North Queensland (Cape York).

NOTOMYS LONGICAUDATUS *Gould*, 1844.

LONG-TAILED KANGAROO- MOUSE.

1844. *Hapalotis longicaudata* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1844, p. 104, October 1. Moore's River, West Australia (Gilbert).

South-Western Australia, South Australia.

NOTOMYS MEGALOTIS *nom. nov.*

LARGE-EARED KANGAROO- MOUSE.

1921. *Notomys macrotis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 538, November 1. Moore's River, West Australia (Gilbert), *ex* Cat. Bones Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 171, 1862, invalid through usage in Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 127, April 29, 1853.

South Western Australia.

NOTOMYS RICHARDSONII *Gould*, 1853.

RICHARDSON'S KANGAROO- MOUSE.

1853. *Hapalotis richardsonii* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 127, April 29, 1853, *ex* Gray MS., as synonym of 1853. *Hapalotis gouldii* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 127, April 29, 1853 (*ex* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 404-413, *nom. nud.*) for *Hapalotis mitchellii* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. i, pl. 15, May 1842. (Not *Notomys mitchellii* Ogilby, as above.), Not *Hapalotis gouldii* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 116, May 13, 1843.
1853. *Hapalotis macrotis* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 127, April 29, 1853, *ex* Gray MS, as synonym. South Western Australia.

NOTOMYS ALEXIS *Thomas*, 1922.

ALEXANDRIA KANGAROO- MOUSE.

1922. *Notomys alexis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) ix, p. 316, April 1. Alexandria, Northery Territory (W. Stalker). North Australia.

NOTOMYS STURTI *Thomas*, 1921.

STURT'S KANGAROO- MOUSE.

1921. *Notomys sturti* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) viii, p. 537, November 1. Interior of New South Wales, Darling Range (Capt. Sturt). New South Wales.

Genus ASCOPHARYNX *Waite*, 1900.

1900. *Ascopharynx* Waite, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) v, p. 222, February. New name for 1897. *Thylacomys* Waite, Proc. Roy. Soc. Vict., x (n.s.) p. 121, July. Haplotype, *Hapalotis cervinus* Gould. Not *Thylacomys* Blyth, 1840, cf. *Macrotis*, p. 19, ante.

ASCOPHARYNX CERVINUS *Gould*, 1853.

FAWN-COLOURED KANGAROO-MOUSE.

1853. *Hapalotis cervinus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1851, p. 127, April 29, 1853; Mamm. Austr., pt. iv, 1853. Interior South Australia (Capt. Sturt).
- [1843. *Mus fuscus* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 112, May 13, nom. nud. South Australia (Capt. G. Grey).]
1925. *Ascopharynx fuscus* Wood Jones, Rec. South Austr. Mus., iii, p. 3, June 30. Ooldea, South Australia (A. G. Bolam). South Australia.

Genus UROMYS Peters, 1867.

1867. *Uromys* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, p. 343, June (30). Haplotype, *Mus macropus* Gray—*Hapalotis caudimaculata* Krefft.
1867. *Gymnomys* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1867, p. 597, October 22. Haplotype, *Mus macropus* Gray.

UROMYS CAUDIMACULATUS Krefft, 1867.

GIANT SCALE-TAILED RAT.

- (a) *Uromys caudimaculatus caudimaculatus* Krefft, 1867.
1867. *Hapalotis caudimaculata* Krefft, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1867, p. 316, figs. 1–7, October 22. Cape York, North Queensland.
1866. *Mus macropus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 221, September 5. Port Albany, Cape York, North Queensland (C. Coxen). Not *Mus macropus* Hodgson, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., xv, p. 266, 1845.
North Queensland (Cape York).
- (b) *Uromys caudimaculatus exilis* Troughton and Le Souef, 1929.
1929. *Uromys macropus exilis* Troughton and Le Souef, Austr. Zool., vi, p. 98, August 13. Hinchinbrook Island, North Queensland.
North Queensland (Hinchinbrook Island).

UROMYS SHERRINI Thomas, 1923.

SHERRIN'S GIANT SCALE-TAILED RAT.

1923. *Uromys sherrini* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xi, p. 171, January 1. Ravenshoe, North Queensland (T. Sherrin). North Queensland.

Genus MELOMYS Thomas, 1922.

1922. *Melomys* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) ix, p. 261, March 1. Orthotype, *Uromys rufescens* Alston.

MELOMYS CERVINIPES *Gould*, 1852.

FAWN-FOOTED SCALE-TAILED RAT.

- (a) *Melomys cervinipes cervinipes* *Gould*, 1852.
 1852. *Mus cervinipes* *Gould*, Mamm. Austr., pt. iv (Vol. iii, pl. xiv).
 Hunter River to Moreton Bay; restricted locality,
 Stradbroke Island, Moreton Bay.
 New South Wales, South Queensland.
- (b) *Melomys cervinipes eboreus* *Thomas*, 1924.
 1924. *Melomys cervinipes eboreus* *Thomas*, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
 (9) xiii, p. 297, March. Ravenshoe, North Queensland
 (T. Sherrin).
 North Queensland.
- (c) *Melomys cervinipes pallidus* *Troughton and Le Souef*, 1929.
 1929. *Melomys cervinipes pallidus* *Troughton and Le Souef*, Austr.
 Zool., vi, p. 97, August 13. Hinchinbrook Island, North
 Queensland.
 North Queensland (Hinchinbrook Island).

MELOMYS BANFIELDI *De Vis*, 1907.

BANFIELD'S SCALE-TAILED RAT.

1907. *Uromys banfieldi* *De Vis*, Ann. Queensland Mus., vii, p. 8,
 June 7. Dunk Island, Queensland (Banfield).
 Queensland (Dunk Island).

MELOMYS LITTORALIS *Lonnberg*, 1916.

LONNBERG'S SCALE-TAILED RAT.

- (a) *Melomys littoralis littoralis* *Lonnberg*, 1916.
 1916. *Uromys littoralis* *Lonnberg*, Kungl. Sv. Vetensk. Handl. 52,
 2, p. 5, January 18. Russell River, North Queensland.
 North Queensland.
- (b) *Melomys littoralis insulae* *Troughton and Le Souef*, 1929.
 1929. *Melomys littoralis insulae* *Troughton and Le Souef*, Austr.
 Zool., vi, p. 96, August 13. Hinchinbrook Island, North
 Queensland.
 North Queensland (Hinchinbrook Island).

MELOMYS AUSTRALIUS *Thomas*, 1924.

CAPE YORK SCALE-TAILED RAT.

1924. *Melomys australius* *Thomas*, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xiii,
 p. 298, March. Piara, Cape York, North Queensland
 (R. Kemp).
 North Queensland (Cape York).

MELOMYS MURINUS *Thomas*, 1913.

MURRAY ISLAND SCALE-TAILED RAT.

1930. *Uromys murinus* *Thomas*, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xii, p. 216,
 August. Murray Island, Torres Straits (A. P. Haddon).
 North Queensland (Murray Island).

MELOMYS RUBICOLA *Thomas*, 1924.
BRAMBLE CAY SCALE-TAILED RAT.

1924. *Melomys rubicola* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xiii, p. 298, March. Bramble Cay, Torres Straits (Macgillivray).
North Queensland (Bramble Cay).

- MELOMYS MELICUS *Thomas*, 1913.
MELVILLE ISLAND SCALE-TAILED RAT.
1913. *Uromys melicus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xii, p. 215, August. Melville Island, Northern Territory (J. P. Rogers).
North Australia (Melville Island).

Order PINNIPEDIA.

Family PHOCIDÆ.

TRUE SEALS.

Genus LOBODON Gray, 1844.

1844. *Lobodon* Gray, Zool. Voy. Erebus and Terror, pt. i, Mamm., p. 2. Haplotype, *Phoca carcinophaga* Hombron and Jacquinot.

LOBODON CARCINOPHAGA Hombron and Jacquinot, 1842.

CRAB-EATING SEAL.

1842. *Phoca carcinophaga* Hombron and Jacquinot, Voy. Pole Sud., Atlas, pl. 10; Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 2, 1844. Southern Ocean.
1843. *Stenorhynchus serridens* Owen, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist., xii, p. 331, November 1. High latitudes, Australian Seas (McCormick).
1844. *Lobodon cancrivora* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm., p. 7. Grayism only.
Straggler to southern Australia.

Genus HYDRURGA Gistel, 1848.

1848. *Hydrurga* Gistel, Nat. Thierr. höhere Schulen, p. xi (preface Easter, 1847). New name for *Stenorhynchus* Nilsson = Cuvier.
1826. *Stenorhinus* Cuvier, Dict. Sci. Nat. (Levrault), xxxix, p. 553, April 29. Haplotype, *Phoca leptonyx* Blainville. Not *Stenorhynchus* Lamarck, 1818, nor Megerle, 1823 (Sherborn).
1825. *Stenorhynchus* Gray, Ann. Philos. (Thomson), xxvi (n.s. x), p. 340, October, ex Cuvier vernacular. *Nom. nud.*
1875. *Ogmorhinus* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, p. 393, June (30). New name for *Stenorhinchus* Cuvier, 1826.
1888. *Stenorhynchotes* Turner, Rep. Sci. Res. Challenger, Zool., xxvi, Seals, p. 63, footnote. Alternative new name only.

HYDRURGA LEPTONYX *Blainville*, 1820.

SEA LEOPARD OR LEOPARD SEAL.

1820. *Phoca leptonyx* Blainville, Journ. de Physique, xci, p. 298, October. Falkland Islands and South Georgia.
 1828. *Phoca homei* Lesson, Dict. Class. Hist. Nat., xiii, p. 417, January. New name for *Phoca leptonyx* Blainville.
 Straggler to southern Australia.

Genus LEPTONYCHOTES Gill, 1872.

1872. *Leptonychotes* Gill, Smithson. Misc. Colln., No. 30, p. 70, November. New name for
 1837. *Leptonyx* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), i, p. 582, November. Haplotype, *Otaria weddellii* Lesson. Not *Leptonyx* Swainson, 1833, *fide* Sherborn.
 1891. *Paeclophoca* Lydekker, Mamm. Living and Extinct, p. 605. New name for *Leptonyx* Gray.

LEPTONYCHOTES WEDDELLII Lesson, 1826.

WEDDELL'S SEAL.

1826. *Otaria weddellii* Lesson, Bull. Sci. Nat. (Ferussac), vii, p. 437. South Orkney Isles.
 1839. *Phoca leopardina* Hamilton, Nat. Library (Jardine), Seals, p. 183, pl. 12, January. South Orkney Isles.
 Straggler to South Australia.

Genus MACRORHINUS Cuvier, 1826.

1826. *Macrorhinus* Cuvier, Dict. Sci. Nat. (Levrault), xxxix, pp. 552-561, April 29. Orthotype, *Phoca proboscidea* Peron and Lesueur.
 1825. *Macrorhinus* Gray, Ann. Philos. (Thomson), xxvi (n.s. x), p. 340, November, *ex* Cuvier vernacular. *Nom. nud.*
 1827. *Mirounga* Griffith, Smith and Pidgeon, Animal Kingdom (Cuvier), Vol. V, Synopsis, p. 179. Tautotype, *Phoca proboscidea* Péron and Lesueur.
 1830. *Rhinophoca* Wagler, Nat. Syst. Amphib., p. 27, August. New name for *Macrorhinus* Cuvier.
 1837. *Morunga* Gray, Mag. Nat. Hist. (Charlesworth), ii, p. 582, November. Emendation only.
 1841. *Physorhinus* Gloger, Hand-u. Hilfsb., Nat., i, p. 163, *ante* May. Haplotype, *Phoca proboscidea* Péron and Lesueur. Not *Physorhinus* Eschscholtz, 1836.

MACRORHINUS PROBOSCIDEUS Péron and Lesueur, 1807.

SEA ELEPHANT.

1807. *Phoca proboscidea* Péron and Lesueur, Voy. Terres. Austr., Atlas, pl. xxxii. King Island, Bass Strait.
 Straggler to southern Australia. Formerly resident.

Family OTARIIDÆ.

EARED SEALS.

Genus NEOPHOCA Gray, 1866.

1866. *Neophoca* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xviii, p. 231, September. Haplotype, *Arctocephalus lobatus* Gray.

NEOPHOCA CINEREA Peron and Lesueur, 1816.

HAIR SEAL.

1816. *Otaria cinerea* Péron and Lesueur, Voy. Terres. Austr., ii, p. 54. Kangaroo Island, South Australia.
1816. *Otaria albicollis* Péron and Lesueur, Voy. Terres Austr., ii, p. 118. St. Peter Island, Nuyt's Archipelago, South Australia.
- [1818. *Otaria peronii* Desmarest, Nouv. Dict. d'Hist. Nat., nouv. ed., xxv, p. 598, December 26. Rottnest Island, West Australia. M. Bailly, with Péron and Lesueur. Error of locality. Not Australian = *pusilla* Linné.]
1830. *Otaria australis* Quoy and Gaimard, Voy. Astrol. Zool., i, p. 93, pls. 14–15. King George's Sound, West Australia.
- [1828. *Arctocephalus lobatus* Gray, Spicilegia Zoologica, pt. i, p. 1, pl. 4, fig. 22a (skull only), July 1. No locality.] Southern Australia, from Kangaroo Island to Houtman's Abrolhos.

Genus GYPSOPHOCA Gray, 1866.

1866. *Gypsophoca* Gray, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (3) xviii, p. 236, September 1. Haplotype, *Phoca cinerea* Gray.

GYPSOPHOCA TROPICALIS Gray, 1872.

FUR SEAL.

1872. *Gypsophoca tropicalis* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1872, p. 659, November 3. Also misspelt *subtropicalis* Gray. North Coast of Australia (J. Macgillivray). Error = probably Tasmania.
- South eastern Australia.

GYPSOPHOCA DORIFERA Wood Jones, 1925.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN FUR SEAL.

1925. *Arctocephalus doriferus* Wood Jones, Rec. South Austr. Mus., iii, p. 14, June 30. Kangaroo Island, South Australia. South and Western Australia.

GYPSOPHOCA TASMANICA Scott and Lord, 1926.

TASMANIAN FUR SEAL.

1926. *Arctocephalus tasmanicus* Scott and Lord, Papers Proc. Roy. Soc. Tasm., 1925, p. 187, pls. xvi–xxi, March 5, 1926. Bass Straits.
- Bass Straits, Tasmania.

Order CARNIVORA.

DOGS, CATS, ETC.

Family CANIDÆ.

DOGS.

Genus CANIS Linné, 1758.

1758. *Canis* Linné, Syst. Nat., xth ed., p. 38, January 1. Tautotype, *Canis familiaris* Linné. Extralimital synonymy not collated.

CANIS DINGO Meyer, 1793.

THE DINGO.

1793. *Canis dingo* Meyer, Zool. Entdeck, p. 33, based on Dingo or Dog of New South Wales, White, p. 280; Dog of New South Wales, Phillip, p. 274. Port Jackson.
1820. *Canis familiaris australasiæ* Desmarest, Tabl. Ency. Meth., Mamm., p. 191. Port Jackson, New South Wales (Péron and Lesueur).
1826. *Canis australiae* Gray, Narr. Surv. Coasts Austr. (King), ii, p. 412, "1827" = April 18, 1826. New name for *Canis australasiæ* Desmarest. Australia generally. Not Tasmania.

Order CHIROPTERA.

BATS.

Suborder MEGACHIROPTERA.

FRUIT-EATING BATS.

Family PTEROPODIDÆ.

"FLYING-FOXES."

Genus PTEROPUS Brisson, 1762.

1762. *Pteropus* Brisson, Règne Anim., 2nd ed., pp. 13, 153. Tautotype = *Pteropus vampyrus* Linné.
1799. *Spectrum* Lacépède, Tabl. Mamm., p. 15; Daudin, Hist. Nat. Buffon (ed. Didot), Quadr., xiv, p. 188, 1802. Haplotype, *Spectrum vampirus* Lacépède. Not *Spectrum Scopoli*, 1777.

PTEROPOUS POLIOCEPHALUS Temminck, 1825.

GREY-HEADED FLYING-FOX.

1825. *Pteropus poliocephalus* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., i, p. 179. New Holland.
Eastern Australia, from Cape York to Cape Howe on the Victorian border.

PTEROPOUS BRUNNEUS Dobson, 1878.

DUSKY FLYING-FOX.

1878. *Pteropus brunneus* Dobson, Cat. Chiroptera Brit. Mus., p. 37, pl. iii, fig. 4, June. Percy Isles, Queensland (Capt. Denham).
Queensland.

PTEROPUS GOULDII *Peters*, 1867.
GOULD'S FLYING-FOX.

1867. *Pteropus gouldii* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss., Berlin, 1867, p. 703, November (30). Rockhampton, Queensland.
Coastal northern Australia, from Rockhampton in Queensland to Derby, north Western Australia.

PTEROPUS CONSPICILLATUS *Gould*, 1850.
SPECTACLED FLYING-FOX.

1850. *Pteropus conspicillatus* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1849, p. 184, between January and June, 1850. Fitzroy Island, Queensland (Capt. Stanley and J. Macgillivray, "Rattlesnake").
North Queensland, from Cardwell to Cape York.

PETROPSUS SCAPULATUS *Peters*, 1862.
COLLARED FLYING-FOX.

1862. *Pteropus scapulatus* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss., Berlin, 1862, p. 574, August 14. Cape York, Queensland.
1866. *Pteropus elseyi* Gould, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 67, May 8. North-east Coast of Australia, Claremont Island (J. Macgillivray, 1860, Dr. J. R. Elsey).
North Western Australia to southern Queensland, migratory to Victorian border.

Genus NYCTIMENE E.A., 1797.

1797. *Nyctimene* E.A., Compend. Bibliothek., xxi (Zool. vi-viii), p. 60. Haplotype, *Vesperilio cephalotes* Pallas.
1800. *Nyctemene* Bechstein, Uebers. vierfüsse Thiere, ii, pp. 615, 736. Same type.
1810. *Cephalotes* Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. d'Hist. Nat. (Paris), xv, p. 104, ante September. Same type.
1811. *Harpyia* Illiger, Prodr. syst. Mamm. et Av., p. 118, preface April. Same type.
1837. *Gelasinus* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., ii, p. 100. Same type.

NYCTIMENE PAPUANUS *Andersen*, 1910.
PAUPER TUBE-NOSED BAT.

1910. *Nyctimene papuanus* K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vi, p. 621, December 1. Milne Bay, British New Guinea (A. S. Meek).
Queensland (Cape York).

NYCTIMENE ROBINSONI *Thomas*, 1904.
ROBINSON'S TUBE-NOSED BAT.

1904. *Nyctymene robinsoni* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (7) xiv, p. 196, September 1. Cooktown, Queensland (H. C. Robinson).

1921. *Nyctimene tryoni* Longman, Mem. Queensland Mus., vii, p. 179, pl. xii, November 4. Canungra, Macpherson Range, South Queensland (H. Tryon).
Eastern Queensland and New South Wales.

Family KIODOTIDÆ.

Genus ODONTONYCTERIS Jentink, 1902.

1902. *Odontonycteris* Jentink, Notes Leyden Mus., xxiii, 1901, p. 140, July 15, 1902. Orthotype, *Odontonycteris meyeri* Jentink.

ODONTONYCTERIS PYGMÆUS Andersen, 1911.

PIGMY FRUIT-BAT.

1911. *Macroglossus lagochilus pygmæus* K. Andersen, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) vii, p. 642, June 1. Murray Island, Torres Strait (A. C. Haddon).
North Queensland (Murray Island).

ODONTONYCTERIS LAGOCHILUS NANUS Lonnberg, 1913.

1913. *Macroglossus lagochilus nanus* Matschie, Lonnberg, K. Svensk. Vetensk. Handl., 52, 1, p. 3, September 26. Sunday Island, Western Australia.
Western Australia (Sunday Island).

Genus SYCONYCTERIS Matschie, 1899.

1899. *Syconycteris* Matschie, Fliederm. Berlin Mus., Lief. i, p. 95. Haplotype, *Macroglossus minimus* var. *australis* Peters.

SYCONYCTERIS AUSTRALIS Peters, 1867.

LITTLE FLYING-FOX.

1867. *Macroglossus minimus* var. *australis* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin, 1867, p. 13, January 10. Rockhampton, Queensland.
Queensland (Mackay and Rockhampton).

Suborder MICROCHIROPTERA.

INSECT-EATING BATS.

Family RHINOLOPHIDÆ.

HORSESHOE LEAF-NOSED BATS.

Genus RHINOPHYLLLOTIS nov.

Type *Rhinolophus megaphyllus* Gray.

RHINOPHYLLLOTIS MEGAPHYLLUS Gray, 1834.

HORSESHOE BAT.

- (a) *Rhinophyllotis megaphyllus megaphyllus* Gray, 1834.
1834. *Rhinolophus megaphyllus* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1834, p. 52, September 26. Moorumbidgee River, New Holland (G. Bennett).
South Queensland, New South Wales.

- (b) *Rhinophyllotis megaphyllus ignifer* Allen, 1933.
 1933. *Rhinolophus megaphyllus ignifer* Allen, Journ. Mamm., ix, p. 149, May. Coen, Cape York, Queensland (Darlington). North Queensland.

Family HIPPOSIDERIDÆ.
LEAF-NOSED BATS.

- Genus RHINONICTERIS Gray, 1847.*
 1847. *Rhinonicteris* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1847, p. 16, April 13. Orthotype, *Rhinolophus aurantius* Gray.

RHINONICTERIS AURANTIUS Gray, 1845.
ORANGE HORSESHOE BAT.

1845. *Rhinolophus aurantius* Gray, Central Australia (Eyre), i, p. 405, pl. 1, fig. 1. Port Essington, North Australia (Dr. Sibbald).
 North and north Western Australia.

- Genus HIPPOSIDEROS Gray, 1831.*
 1831. *Hipposideros* Gray, Zool. Miscell., p. 37, February 19. Logo-type, *Hipposideros speoris* (Geoffroy). Extralimital synonymy not collated on account of extent.

- HIPPOSIDEROS CERVINUS Gould, 1854.*
FAWN-COLOURED HORSESHOE BAT.
 1854. *Rhinolophus ? cervinus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. vi (Vol. iii, pl. xxxiv). Cape York and Albany Island, North Queensland (Macgillivray).
 North Queensland.

- HIPPOSIDEROS ALBANENSIS Gray, 1866.*
BROWN HORSESHOE BAT.
 1866. *Hipposideros albanensis* Gray, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866, p. 220, September 5. Port Albany, Cape York, North Queensland (C. Coxen).
 North Queensland (Cape York and Albany Island).

- HIPPOSIDEROS SEMONI Matschie, 1903.*
SEMON'S HORSESHOE BAT.
 1903. *Hipposideros semoni* Matschie, Denks. med. Nat. Gesell., Jena, viii (Zool. Forsch. Austr. (Semon), v, Heft 6, p. 774 (p. 132 of Heft 6)). Cooktown, North Queensland.
 North Queensland.

- HIPPOSIDEROS STENOTIS Thomas, 1913.*
DAHL'S HORSESHOE BAT.
 1913. *Hipposideros stenotis* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xii, p. 206, August 1. Mary River, Northern Territory (K. Dahl).
 North Australia.

*Family MEGADERMIDÆ.
FALSE VAMPIRE BATS.*

Genus MACRODERMA Miller, 1906.

1906. *Macroderma* Miller, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash., xix, p. 84, June 4.
Orthotype, *Megaderma gigas* Dobson.

*MACRODERMA GIGAS Dobson, 1880.
FALSE VAMPIRE BAT.*

1880. *Megaderma gigas* Dobson, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1880,
p. 461, pl. 46, October 1. Mt. Margaret, Wilson's River,
Central Queensland (Wilson).
North-Western, North and Central Australia, and Queensland.

*Family VESPERTILIONIDÆ.
SIMPLE-NOSED BATS.*

*Genus NYCTOPHILUS Leach, 1821.
AUSTRALIAN LONG-EARED BATS.*

1821. *Nyctophilus* Leach, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.) xiii, i, p. 78,
May. Haplotype, *Nyctophilus geoffroyi* Leach.
1831. *Barbastellus* Gray, Zool. Miscell., p. 38, February 19. Haplo-
type, *Barbastellus pacificus* Gray.

*NYCTOPHILUS GEOFFROYI Leach, 1821.
GEOFFROY'S LONG-EARED BAT.*

- (a) (a) *Nyctophilus geoffroyi geoffroyi* Leach, 1821.
1821. *Nyctophilus geoffroyi* Leach, Trans. Linn. Soc. (Lond.) xiii,
i, p. 78, May. No locality. Mus. D. Brookes=King
George's Sound, Western Australia, *fide* Tomes.
1831. *Barbastellus novæhollandiae* Gray, Zool. Miscell., p. 38, Feb-
ruary 19. New Holland.
[1878 *Nyctophilus leachii* Dobson, Cat. Chiroptera Brit. Mus.,
p. 174, June, *ex* Gray MS. No locality.]
South Western Australia.
- (b) (b) *Nyctophilus geoffroyi pacificus* Gray, 1831.
1831. *Barbastellus pacificus* Gray, Zool. Miscell., p. 38, February 19.
Islands of the Pacific Ocean—Tasmania.
1858. *Nyctophilus unicolor* Tomes, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1858,
p. 33, March 9. Tasmania.
1915. *Nyctophilus geayi* Trouessart, Bull. Mus. d'Hist. Nat. (Paris),
xxi, 5, p. 146, June. Nicholson River, Victoria (F. Geay).
Tasmania and South-East Australia.
- (c) (c) *Nyctophilus geoffroyi pallescens* Thomas, 1913.
1913. *Nyctophilus geoffroyi pallescens* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
(8) xi, p. 79, January. Alexandria, Northern Territory
(W. Stalker).
South and North Australia, north-west Queensland.

NYCTOPHILUS TIMORIENSIS *Geoffroy*, 1806.

LARGE LONG-EARED BAT.

- (a) *Nyctophilus timoriensis timoriensis* Geoffroy, 1806.
 1806. *Vespertilio timoriensis* Geoffroy, Ann. Mus. Hist. Nat. (Paris),
 viii, p. 200, between June and September. "Timor."
 Error=West Australia. Type examined by Tomes.
 1875. *Nyctophilus major* Gray, Zool. Erebus and Terror, Mamm.,
 p. 12b, pl. 21, fig. 2. No locality.
 South Western Australia.
- (b) *Nyctophilus timoriensis sherrini* Thomas, 1915.
 1915. *Nyctophilus sherrini* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xv,
 p. 498, May 1. Tasmania.
- (c) *Nyctophilus timoriensis gouldi* Tomes, 1858.
 1858. *Nyctophilus gouldi* Tomes, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1858,
 p. 31, March 9. Moreton Bay, Queensland.
 South Queensland, New South Wales.

NYCTOPHILUS BIFAX *Thomas*, 1915.

NORTH QUEENSLAND LONG-EARED BAT.

1915. *Nyctophilus bifax* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xv,
 p. 496, May 1. Herberton, North Queensland.
 North Queensland and Torres Strait Island.

NYCTOPHILUS DÆDALUS *Thomas*, 1915.

DAHL'S LONG-EARED BAT.

1915. *Nyctophilus dadalus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xv,
 p. 498, May 1. Daly River, Northern Territory (Dr. K.
 Dahl).
 North Australia, Melville Island.

NYCTOPHILUS WALKERI *Thomas*, 1892.

LITTLE LONG-EARED BAT.

1892. *Nyctophilus walkeri* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) ix,
 p. 405, May 1. Adelaide River, Northern Territory
 (J. J. Walker).
 North Australia.

Genus VESPADELUS nov.

Type *Scotophilus pumilus* Gray.VESPADELUS PUMILUS *Gray*, 1841.

LITTLE BAT.

- (a) *Vespadelus pumilus pumilus* Gray, 1841.
 1841. *Scotophilus pumilus* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia
 (Grey), ii, App., p. 406, November. Yarrundi, New
 South Wales.
 South Australia, Victoria, New South Wales (Lord Howe
 Island).

- (b) *Vespadelus pumilus darlingtoni* Allen, 1933.
 1933. *Eptesicus darlingtoni* Allen, Journ. Mamm., xiv, p. 150, May.
 Macpherson Ranges, 3,000 feet, Queensland National Park, Queensland (Darlington).
 South Queensland.
- (c) *Vespadelus pumilus caurinus* Thomas, 1914.
 1914. *Eptesicus pumilus caurinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xiii, p. 439, April 1. Drysdale, Kimberley, North West Australia (G. F. Hill).
 North Western Australia.
- (d) *Vespadelus pumilus vulturinus* Thomas, 1914.
 1914. *Eptesicus pumilus vulturinus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) xiii, p. 440, April 1. Tasmania (Verreaux).
 Tasmania.

Genus PIPISTRELLUS Kaup, 1829.

1829. *Pipistrellus* Kaup, Skizz.-entwickl. Nat. Europ. Thier., p. 97.
 Tautotype, *Vespertilio pipistrellus* Schreber. (Extensive extralimital synonymy not collated.)

PIPISTRELLUS ABRAMUS Temminck, 1840.

YELLOW-HEADED BAT.

1840. *Vespertilio abramus* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., ii, p. 232, pl. 58, figs. 1-2. Nagasaki, Japan (Siebold).
 North Australia, ranging from Japan.

PIPISTRELLUS REGULUS Thomas, 1906.

KING RIVER BAT.

1906. *Pipistrellus regulus* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 470, October. King River, King George's Sound, Western Australia.
 South Western Australia.

Genus GLISCHROPOUS Dobson, 1875.

1875. *Glischropus* Dobson, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1875, p. 472. October 1. Logotype, *Vesperugo tylopus* Dobson.

GLISCHROPOUS TASMANIENSIS Gould, 1858.

KREFFT'S BAT.

1858. *Vespertilio tasmaniensis* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pl. x (Vol. iii, pl. xlvi), *ex Noctulina tasmanensis* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 194, May 13, 1843, *nom. nud.* Tasmania.
 1869. *Vesperugo krefftii* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss., Berlin, 1869, p. 404, May (31). New South Wales (Krefft).
 Tasmania, New South Wales, south Western Australia.

Genus CHALINOLOBUS Peters, 1866.

LOBE-LIPPED BAT.

1866. *Chalinolobus* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss., Berlin, 1866, p. 680, November (30). Haplotype, *Vespertilio tuberculatus* Forster.

CHALINOLOBUS GOULDII Gray, 1841.

GOULD'S LOBE-LIPPED BAT.

- (a) 1841. *Chalinolobus gouldii gouldii* Gray, 1841. *Scotophilus gouldii* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 401, 405, November. Australasia=Launceston, Tasmania, selected by Thomas, 1905. Tasmania, Western and South Australia, Victoria, New South Wales, south Queensland (Norfolk Island).
- (b) 1908. *Chalinolobus gouldii venatoris* Thomas, 1908. *Chalinolobus gouldii venatoris* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) ii, p. 372, Oct. Alexandria, Northern Territory. (Stalker). North Australia.

CHALINOLOBUS MORIO Gray, 1841.

CHOCOLATE LOBE-LIPPED BAT.

1841. *Scotophilus morio* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 400, 405, November. No locality=Tasmania.
1841. *Scotophilus australis* Gray, Journ. Two Exped. Australia (Grey), ii, App., pp. 400, 406, November. No locality=Tasmania.
1859. *Scotophilus microdon* Tomes, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1859, p. 68, January to March. South Australia and Tasmania.
1876. *Chalinolobus signifer* Dobson, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (4) xvii, p. 289, April 1. Queensland. Tasmania, Western and South Australia, Victoria, New South Wales, south Queensland.

CHALINOLOBUS PICATUS Gould, 1852.

PIED OR BLACKISH-GREY BAT.

1852. *Scotophilus picatus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. iv (Vol. iii, pl. 43). Central Australia=Captain Sturt's Dépôt, north-west New South Wales.
1856. *Scotophilus nigrogriseus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. viii (Vol. iii, pl. 44). Moreton Bay, Queensland (Strange). Southern Queensland and northern New South Wales.

CHALINOLOBUS ROGERSI Thomas, 1909.

HOARY LOBE-LIPPED BAT.

1909. *Chalinolobus rogersi* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (8) iii, p. 150, February 1. Parry's Creek, Wyndham, North Western Australia (J. P. Rogers). North Western Australia.

Genus SCOTEINUS Dobson, 1875.

1875. *Scoteinus* Dobson, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1875, p. 371, October 1. Logotype, *Scotophilus emarginatus* Dobson.

SCOTEINUS RUPPELLII Peters, 1866.

RUPPELL'S BROAD-NOSED BAT.

1866. *Nycticejus ruppellii* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Akad. Wiss., Berlin, p. 21, January (30). Sydney, Western Australia (*sic*). New South Wales.

SCOTEINUS GREYII Gould, 1858.

GREY'S BAT.

1858. *Scotophilus greyii* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. x (Vol. iii, pl. 45), *ex* Gray, List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. 30, May 13, 1843, *nom. nud.* Port Essington, North Australia. South and North Australia, Queensland, New South Wales.

SCOTEINUS INFLUATUS Thomas, 1924.

WILKIN'S BROAD-NOSED BAT.

1924. *Scoteinus influatus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) xiii, p. 540, May 1. Central South Queensland (Wilkins). South Queensland (Interior).

SCOTEINUS BALSTONI Thomas, 1906.

BALSTON'S BROAD-NOSED BAT.

1906. *Scoteinus balstoni* Thomas, Abstr. Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, No. 31, p. 2, May 8; Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1906, p. 472, October. Laverton, South Western Australia (G. C. Shortridge). South Western Australia and South Australia.

Genus MYOTIS Kaup, 1829.

1829. *Myotis* Kaup, Skizz.-entwickl. Nat. Europ. Thier., p. 105. Tautotype, *Vespertilio murinus* Schreber.

MYOTIS MACROPUS Gould, 1855.

LARGE FOOTED MYOTIS.

1855. *Vespertilio macropus* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. vii (Vol. iii, pl. 47). South Australia. Western, North and South Australia, Queensland.

MYOTIS AUSTRALIS Dobson, 1878.

SMALL FOOTED MYOTIS.

1878. *Vespertilio australis* Dobson, Cat. Chiroptera Brit. Mus., p. 317, June. New South Wales. New South Wales.

Genus PHONISCUS Miller, 1905.

1905. *Phoniscus* Miller, Proc. Biol. Soc. Wash., xviii, p. 229, December 9. Haplotype, *Phoniscus atrox* Miller.

PHONISCUS PAPUENSIS *Dobson*, 1878.
GOLDEN-TIPPED BAT.

1878. *Kerivoula papuensis* Dobson, Cat. Chiroptera Brit. Mus., p. 339, June. Port Moresby, New Guinea. Queensland.

- Genus MINIOPTERUS *Bonaparte*, 1837.
1837. *Miniopterus* Bonaparte, Fauna Ital., fasc. xx-xxi. Type (*fide Palmer*), *Vespertilio schreibersii* Natterer.

MINIOPTERUS BLEPOTIS *Temminck*, 1840.
LARGE LONG-TAILED BAT.

1840. *Vespertilio blepotis* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., ii, p. 212, pl. 53, figs. 1-2. Java, etc. South Australia, Queensland, New South Wales.

[MINIOPTERUS AUSTRALIS *Tomes*, 1858.
SMALLEST MINIOPTERUS.]

1858. *Miniopterus australis* Tomes, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1858, p. 125, May 13. Australia (Sir G. Grey). Error = Loyalty Islands (Lifu), New Caledonia.]

MINIOPTERUS ORIANÆ *Thomas*, 1922.
PALE OR NORTHERN LONG-TAILED BAT.

1922. *Miniopterus orianæ* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist. (9) x, p. 616, December 1. Port Darwin, Northern Territory. (Mrs. Oriana Wilson). North Australia.

Family TAPHOZOIDÆ.
FREE-TAILED BATS.

Genus TAPHOZOOUS *Geoffroy*, 1818.

1818. *Taphozous* Geoffroy, Descr. de l'Egypte, ii, pp. 113, 126. Type, *Taphozous perforatus* Geoffroy.

TAPHOZOOUS AUSTRALIS *Gould*, 1854.
GOULD'S FREE-TAILED BAT.

1854. *Taphozous australis* Gould, Mamm. Austr., pt. 6 (Vol. iii, pl. xxxii). Albany Island, Cape York, North Queensland (Maegillivray).

1905. *Taphozous fumosus* De Vis, Ann. Queensland Mus., No. 6, p. 37 (reg'd. Austr. Mus., October 12, 1905). Gowrie Creek, Cardwell, North Queensland (Broadbent). North Queensland.

TAPHOZOOUS GEORGIANUS *Thomas*, 1915.
LARGER FREE-TAILED BAT.

1915. *Taphozous australis georgianus* Thomas, Journ. Bombay Nat. Hist. Soc., xxiv, p. 62, September 30. King George's Sound, Western Australia. West Australia, North Australia, South Queensland.

Genus SACCOLAIMUS Temminck, 1841.

1841. *Saccolaimus* Temminck, Mon. Mamm., ii, p. 277, *ex* Kuhl MS.
Tautotype, *Taphozous saccolaimus* Temminck.
1876. *Taphonycteris* Dobson, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1875, p. 548,
April 1, 1876. Logotype, *Taphozous saccolaimus* Temminck.

SACCOLAIMUS FLAVIVENTRIS Peters, 1867.

YELLOW BELLIED FREE-TAILED BAT.

1867. *Taphozous flaviventris* Peters, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1866,
p. 430, April 25, 1867. Australia, *ex* Gould.
1876. *Taphozous hargravei* Ramsay, Proc. Linn. Soc. N.S.W., i,
p. 81, February. Near Bulli, New South Wales.
1884. *Taphozous affinis* var. *insignis* Leche, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.)
1884, p. 51, text-fig. 4, June. South Australia.
New South Wales, South Australia.

SACCOLAIMUS NUDICLUNIATUS De Vis, 1905.

DE VIS'S FREE-TAILED BAT.

1905. *Taphozous nudiclunatus* De Vis, Ann. Queensland Mus.,
No. 6, p. 39 (reg'd. Austr. Mus. October 12, 1905).
Gowrie Creek, Cardwell, North Queensland (Broadbent).
North Queensland.

Family MOLOSSIDÆ.

WRINKLED-LIPPED BATS.

*Genus AUSTRONOMUS nov.*Type *Nyctinomus australis atratus* Thomas.*AUSTRONOMUS AUSTRALIS Gray, 1839.*

BULLDOG BAT.

- (a) *Austronomus australis australis* Gray, 1839.
1839. *Molossus australis* Gray, Mag. Zool. Bot., ii, p. 501, February.
New South Wales (Major Macarthur).
1884. *Nyctinomus albidus* Leche, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884,
p. 58, text-fig. 3, June. South Australia.
New South Wales, South Australia.
- (b) *Austronomus australis atratus* Thomas, 1924.
1924. *Nyctinomus australis atratus* Thomas, Ann. Mag. Nat. Hist.
(9) xiv, p. 456, October 1. Ooldea, South Australia
(Wood Jones).
West of South Australia.

*Genus MICRONOMUS nov.*Type *Molossus norfolkensis* Gray.*MICRONOMUS NORFOLKENSIS Gray, 1839.*

EASTERN MICRONOMUS.

1839. *Molossus norfolkensis* Gray, Ann. Nat. Hist., iv, p. 7.
September. Sydney, New South Wales (W. S. Macleay),

1871. *Molossus wilcoxii* Krefft, Austr. Vertebrata, fossil and recent,
p. 4, nom. nud. New South Wales and Queensland.
New South Wales, Queensland.

MICRONOMUS PLANICEPS Peters, 1866.
WESTERN MICRONOMUS.

1866. *Nyctinomus planiceps* Peters, Monatsb. K. Preuss. Wiss. Akad.
Berlin, 1866, p. 23, January (30). Australia (probably
Sydney). Error=West Australia.
1884. *Nyctinomus petersi* Leche, Proc. Zool. Soc. (Lond.) 1884,
p. 49, text-fig. 1, June. South Australia.
Western Australia, South Australia.

Genus CHÆREPHON Dobson, 1874.

1874. *Chærephon* Dobson, Journ. Asiatic Soc. Bengal, xlivi, 2, p. 144.
Haplotype, *Nyctinomus johorensis* Dobson.

CHÆREPHON COLONICUS Thomas, 1906.
PLICATED BAT.

1906. *Nyctinomus plicatus colonicus* Thomas, Proc. Zool. Soc.
(Lond.) 1906, p. 537, October. Alexandria, Northern
Territory (W. Stalker).
North Australia.



Index to Generic and Specific Names.

A	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>abramus</i> , PIPISTRELLUS	96	ANTECHINUS	4
VESPERTILIO	96	<i>apicalis</i>	6
<i>acanthion</i> , ECHIDNA	3	<i>assimilis</i>	5
<i>ACANTHOMYS leucopus</i>	74	<i>bellus</i>	5
<i>ACANTHONOTUS</i>	2	<i>concinnus</i>	5
<i>myrmecophagus</i>	2	<i>ferruginifrons</i>	11
<i>ACROBATES</i>	21	<i>flavipes</i>	4
<i>pygmæus</i>	22	<i>froggatti</i>	10
<i>ACULEATA</i>	2	<i>fuliginosus</i>	10
<i>aculeata</i> , MYRMECOPHAGA	2	<i>godmani</i>	5
TACHYGLOSSUS	2	<i>macdonnellensis</i>	6
<i>acutorostrata</i> , BALÆNOPTERA	58	<i>maculatus</i>	6
<i>adelaidensis</i> , MUS	75	<i>mimulus</i>	6
<i>adusta</i> , PHASCOGALE	4	<i>minimus</i>	5
<i>ÆPYPRYMNUS</i>	37	<i>minutissimus</i>	6
<i>rufescens</i>	37	<i>moorei</i>	5
<i>affinis</i> , GLOBOCEPHALUS	64	<i>niger</i>	5
GRAMPUS	64	<i>rolandensis</i>	5
PERAMELES	17	<i>stuartii</i>	4
PHASCOGALE	5	<i>swainsoni</i>	5
<i>agilis</i> , HALMATURUS	47	<i>unicolor</i>	4
WALLABIA	47	<i>antilopinus</i> , OSPHRANTER	51
<i>albanensis</i> , HIPPOSIDEROS	93	<i>antipodum</i> , BALÆNA	56
<i>albicollis</i> , OTARIA	89	AODON	61
<i>albidus</i> , NYCTINOMUS	100	<i>apicalis</i> , HAPALOTIS	81
<i>albipes</i> , CONILURUS	82	HYPSPRYMNUS	38
HAPALOTIS	82	LEPORILLUS	81
PHASCOGALE	10	PHASCOGALE	6
<i>albipilis</i> , LAGORCHESTES	41	<i>apodemoides</i> , GYOMYS	79
<i>albirostris</i> , MUS	78	PSEUDOMYS	79
<i>albocinereus</i> , GYOMYS	79	<i>aquila</i> , NOTOMYS	83
MUS	79	<i>arboricola</i> , HAPALOTIS	74
<i>albogularis</i> , HETEROPUS	42	ARCTOCEPHALUS <i>doriferus</i>	89
<i>alboguttata</i> , DIDELPHYS	13	<i>lobatus</i>	89
<i>albus</i> , MACROPUS	49	<i>tasmanicus</i>	89
<i>alexandriæ</i> , MACROPUS	52	arenaria, PERAMELES	19
<i>alexis</i> , NOTOMYS	84	argentatus, MACROPUS	51
<i>ALIAMA</i>	60	ARGOCETUS	62
<i>alligatoris</i> , MACROPUS	51	<i>argurus</i> , MUS	83
<i>AMBLOTIS</i>	34	ZYZOMYS	83
<i>AMBLYCHILUS</i>	69	<i>ariel</i> , BELIDEA	25
<i>AMMOMYS</i>	80	<i>armillatus</i> , PETAUROIDES	30
<i>AMPERTA</i>	8	<i>arnhemensis</i> , TRICHOSURUS	31
<i>anatinus</i> , ORNITHORHYNCHUS	1	ASCOBATES	21
PLATYPUS	1	ASCOGALE	7
<i>angasii</i> , PHASCOLOMYS	34	ASCOPHARYNX	84
<i>annulicauda</i> , ONYCHOGALEA	41	<i>cervinus</i>	85
<i>antarctica</i> , BALÆNOPTERA	57	<i>fuscus</i>	85
PHYSALUS	58	<i>assimilis</i> , ANTECHINUS	5
ANTEATER	15, 21	MUS	71
ANTECHINOMYS	11	PETROGALE	43
<i>laniger</i>	12	PHASCOLOMYS	43
<i>spenceri</i>	12	RATTUS	71
		<i>atratus</i> , NYCTINOMUS	100

	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>attenuatus</i> , <i>PRODELPHINUS</i>	66	<i>BANDICOOT, LONGNOSED</i>	18
<i>STENELLA</i>	66	<i>PIGFOOTED</i>	21
<i>STENO</i>	66	<i>RABBIT</i>	20
<i>aurantiacus</i> , <i>DORCOPSIS</i>	47	<i>SHORTNOSED</i>	17
<i>aurantius</i> , <i>RHINOLOPHUS</i>	93	<i>banfieldi</i> , <i>MELOMYS</i>	86
<i>RHINONICTERIS</i>	93	<i>UROMYS</i>	86
<i>auratus</i> , <i>PERAMELES</i>	17	<i>banksianus</i> , <i>KANGURUS</i>	49
<i>aurescens</i> , <i>MACROPUS</i>	48	<i>banksii</i> , <i>BALANTIA</i>	25
<i>auritus</i> , <i>PERAMELES</i>	18	<i>PHALANGISTA</i>	26
<i>PSEUDOMYS</i>	76	<i>BARBASTELLUS</i>	94
<i>australisie</i> , <i>CANIS</i>	90	<i>novæhollandiae</i>	94
<i>MYOXOIDES</i>	75	<i>pacificus</i>	94
<i>australisianus</i> , <i>PHYSETER</i>	59	<i>barrowensis</i> , <i>PERAMELES</i>	17
<i>australasicus</i> , <i>MUS</i>	75	<i>bassianus</i> , <i>PSEUDOCHIRUS</i>	27
<i>australiae</i> , <i>CANIS</i>	90	<i>bassii</i> , <i>PHASCOLOMYS</i>	34
<i>australiensis</i> , <i>ECHIDNA</i>	2, 3	<i>BAT, BLACKISH-GREY</i>	97
<i>MACLEAYIUS</i>	56	<i>BROAD-NOSED</i>	98
<i>australis</i> , <i>AUSTRONOMUS</i>	100	<i>BROWN'S HORSESHOE</i>	93
<i>BALÆOPTERA</i>	58	<i>BULL-DOG</i>	100
<i>CATODON</i>	59	<i>FALSE VAMPIRE</i>	94
<i>DUGONG</i>	69	<i>FAWN-COLOURED HORSE-</i>	
<i>ECHIDNA</i>	3	<i>SHOE</i>	93
<i>HALICORE</i>	69	<i>FREE-TAILED</i>	99
<i>MACROGLOSSUS</i>	92	<i>GOLDEN-TIPPED</i>	99
<i>MEGAPTERA</i>	58	<i>GREY'S</i>	98
<i>MESOPLODON</i>	62	<i>HORSESHOE</i>	92
<i>MINIOPTERUS</i>	99	<i>KREFFT'S</i>	96
<i>MOLOSSUS</i>	100	<i>LITTLE</i>	95
<i>MYOTIS</i>	98	<i>LOBE-LIPPED</i>	97
<i>ORCA</i>	63	<i>LONG-EARED</i>	94
<i>OTARIA</i>	89	<i>LONG-TAILED</i>	99
<i>PETAURUS</i>	24	<i>ORANGE HORSESHOE</i>	93
<i>PSEUDOMYS</i>	76	<i>PIED</i>	97
<i>SCOTOPHILUS</i>	97	<i>PLICATED</i>	101
<i>SYCONYCTERIS</i>	92	<i>TUBE-NOSED</i>	91
<i>TAPHOZOUS</i>	99	<i>YELLOW-BELLIED</i>	100
<i>VESPERTILIO</i>	98	<i>YELLOW-HEADED</i>	96
<i>australius</i> , <i>MELOMYS</i>	86	<i>bedfordi</i> , <i>MACROPUS</i>	47
<i>austrinus</i> , <i>RATTUS</i>	74	<i>THYLOGALE</i>	47
<i>AUSTRONOMUS</i>	100	<i>BELIDEA ariel</i>	25
<i>australis</i>	100	<i>BELIDEUS</i>	23
		<i>gracilis</i>	24
		<i>bella</i> , <i>PHASCOGALE</i>	5
		<i>BELUGA</i>	62
		<i>BENEDENIA</i>	57
		<i>bennettianus</i> , <i>DENDROLAGUS</i>	39
		<i>bennetti</i> , <i>MACROPUS</i>	49
		<i>bernardus</i> , <i>MACROPUS</i>	52
		<i>OSPHRANTER</i>	52
		<i>bernieri</i> , <i>LAGORCHESTES</i>	40
		<i>BETTONGIA</i>	35
		<i>campestris</i>	39
		<i>cuniculus</i>	37
		<i>gaimardi</i>	36
		<i>gouldii</i>	36
		<i>lesueur</i>	37
		<i>penicillata</i>	36
		<i>rufescens</i>	37
		<i>BETTONGIOPS</i>	36
		<i>bicolor</i> , <i>DELPHINUS</i>	67
		<i>KANGURUS</i>	48
		<i>WALLABIA</i>	48

B

	PAGE.		PAGE.
BIDENS	60	canina, PHALANGISTA	32
bifax, NYCTOPHILUS	95	TRICHOSURUS	32
BILBY	20	CANIS	90
billardierii, KANGURUS	47	australisæ	90
THYLOGALE	47	australiæ	90
binoë, HALMATURUS	47	dingo	90
BLACKFISH	64	CAPEREA	56
TASMANIAN	63	marginata	56
blepotis, MINIOPTERUS	99	novæzealandie	57
VESPERTILIO	99	carcinophaga, LOBODON	86
blighi, PHASCOGALE	8	PHOCA	87
blythi, PHASCOGALE	8	castaneus, MUS	74
bolami, PSEUDOMYS	78	castanotis, CHÆROPUIS	21
BOOPS	56	CAT, NATIVE	12
BORIOGALE	52	TIGER	14
boryi, DELPHINUS	66	catalania, DELPHINUS	68
bougainville, PERAMELES	19	TURSIOPS	68
bougainvilliei, PHALANGISTA	31	CATODON	58
boweri, HALALOTIS	81	australis	59
brachyotis, CONILURUS	80	krefftii	59
MACROPUS	44	CATOPTERA	56
PETROGALE	44	caudimaculatus, HALALOTIS	85
brachytarsus, HALMATURUS	47	UROMYS	85
brachygurus, KANGURUS	45	caudivolvula, DIDELPHIS	25
SETONIX	45	caurinus, EPTESICUS	96
bracteator, MACROPUS	51	HYDROMYS	70
breviaculeata, ECHIDNA	3	NOTORYCTES	16
brevicaudata, CUSCUS	32	celeris, PETROGALE	44
ECHIDNA	3	centralis, SMINTHOPSIS	9
HALMATURUS	45	CEPHALOTES	91
breviceps, THYLACINUS	15	CERCAERTUS	30
PETAURUS	24	CERCARTETUS	22
PHYSETER	59	concinna	22
brevirostris, ORNITHORHYNCHUS	1	nanus	22
britta, DROMICIA	22	CERCOPENTUS	22
brunneus, PLANIGALE	7	cervinipes, MELOMYS	86
PTEROPUS	90	MUS	86
burrelli, PHASCOGALE	4	cervinus, ASCOPHARYNX	85
burtoni, MUS	75	HALALOTIS	85
byrnei, DASYUROIDES	9	HIPPOSIDEROS	93
C		MACROPUS	51
CACHALOT	59	PSEUDOCHIRUS	28
cængaru, MUS	55	RHINOLOPHUS	93
cærulescens, DELPHINUS	68	CETODIODON	60
CALLIDON	61	CETOPTERA	56
CALLIGNATHULA	59	CETUS	59
CALLIGNATHUS	59	CHÆNO CETUS	60
CALOPRYMNUS	39	CHÆNODELPHINUS	60
campestris	39	CHÆREPHON	101
calura, PHASCOGALE	8	colonicus	101
cambrica, MACROTIS	20	CHÆROPUIS	21
campestris, BETTONGIA	39	castanotis	21
CALOPRYMNUS	39	ecaudatus	21
cancrivora, LOBODON	87	occidentalis	21
canescens, PERADORCAS	42	CHÆTO CERCUS	8
cangaru, MACROPUS	55	cristicau da	8
Mus	55	CHALINOLOBUS	97
angura, GIGANTOMYS	55	gouldii	97
		morio	97
		picatus	97
		rogersi	97
		signifer	97

	PAGE.
CHALINOLOBUS <i>venatoris</i>	97
<i>chathamensis</i> , EPIODON	61
ZIPHUS .. .	61
chionogaster, EPIMYS ..	75
chrysogaster, HYDROMYS ..	69
cinerea, KOALA ..	33
LIPURUS ..	33
NEOPHOMA ..	89
OTARIA ..	89
<i>cinereus</i> , PETAURIDES ..	30
PHASCOLARCTOS ..	33
<i>clanculus</i> , LAGENORHYNCHUS ..	67
CLYEMENE .. .	65
CLYMEMIA .. .	66
COGIA .. .	59
colletti, PSEUDOCIRIUS ..	27
RATTUS .. .	72
colonicus, CHÆREPHON ..	101
NYCTINOMUS .. .	101
conatus, RATTUS .. .	72
concinnus, ANTECHINUS ..	5
CERCARTETUS .. .	22
DROMICIA .. .	22
PERADORCAS .. .	42
PETROGALE .. .	42
conditor, HALALOTIS ..	82
LEPORILLUS .. .	81
MUS .. .	81
CONILURUS .. .	82
albipes .. .	82
brachyotis .. .	80
constructor .. .	82
destructor .. .	82
hemileucurus .. .	82
melibius .. .	82
pedunculatus .. .	80
penicillatus .. .	82
conspicillatus, LAGORCHESTES ..	40
PTEROPUS .. .	91
constricta, SMINTHOPSIS ..	11
constructor, CONILURUS ..	82
convolutor, BALANTIA ..	27
PHALANGISTA .. .	27
PSEUDOCHERUS .. .	27
cookii, PHALANGISTA ..	25, 27
coracius, RATTUS .. .	71
coxenii, HALMATURUS ..	45
THYLOGALE .. .	45
erassicaudata, PHASCOGALE ..	9
crassidens, PSEUDORCA ..	63
crebescens, OSPHRANTER ..	51
crispus, ORNITHORYNCHUS ..	2
cristicauda, CHÆTOERCUS ..	8
DASYCERCUS .. .	8
cruciger, DELPHINUS ..	67
cultorum, MUS .. .	74
RATTUS .. .	74
cuniculus, BETTONGIA ..	37
HYPSIFRYMNUS ..	37
cunninghami, PETAURUS ..	24

	PAGE.
CUSCUS .. .	32
brevicaudatus .. .	32
maculatus .. .	32
ochropus .. .	32
cuvieri, PHALANGISTA ..	31
CUVIERIUS .. .	57
cynocephala, DIDELPHIS ..	15
THYLACINUS .. .	15
CYPHOBALÆNA .. .	57

D

DACTYLÆNA .. .	57
DACTYLOPSILA .. .	25
picata .. .	25
dædalus, NYCTOPHILUS ..	95
dama, HALMATURUS ..	47
darlingtoni, EPTESICUS ..	96
DASYCERCUS .. .	8
blythi .. .	8
cristicauda .. .	8
DASYURINUS .. .	13
geoffroii .. .	13
DASYUROIDES .. .	8
byrnei .. .	9
pallidior .. .	9
DASYUROPS .. .	14
gracilis .. .	14
maculatus .. .	14
DASYURUS .. .	12
exilis .. .	13
fortis .. .	13
geoffroii .. .	13
gracilis .. .	14
guttatus .. .	12
hallucatus .. .	13
luceophalus .. .	15
macrourus .. .	14
maculatus .. .	12
maugei .. .	12
nesceus .. .	14
predator .. .	13
quoll .. .	12
delicatulus, LEGGADINA ..	78
MUS .. .	78
DELPHINAPTERUS ..	62, 66
kingii .. .	63
DELPHINUS .. .	65
bicolor .. .	67
boryi .. .	66
cærulescens .. .	68
catalania .. .	68
cruciger .. .	67
delphis .. .	65
densirostris .. .	61
fitzroyi .. .	67
forsteri .. .	65
fulvifasciatus .. .	65
globiceps .. .	64
kingii .. .	63
leucas .. .	63

	PAGE.		PAGE.
DELPHINUS <i>leucoramphus</i>	67	DORCOPSISS <i>aurantiacus</i>	47
<i>longirostris</i>	66	<i>doriferus, ARCTOCEPHALUS</i>	89
<i>melas</i>	64	<i>GYPSOPHOCAS</i>	89
<i>novæzealandicæ</i>	65	<i>dorreæ, LAGORCHESTES</i>	40
<i>obscurus</i>	67	<i>dorsalis, HALMATURUS</i>	50
<i>oreca</i>	63	<i>WALLABIA</i>	50
<i>peronii</i>	67	DRAXIMENUS	33
<i>roseiventris</i>	65	DROMICIA	22
<i>superciliosus</i>	66	<i>britta</i>	22
<i>ventricosus</i>	64	<i>concinna</i>	22
DELPHIS	62, 65	<i>frontalis</i>	22
<i>delphis, DELPHINUS</i>	65	<i>lepidia</i>	23
DENDRODORCOPSIS	50	<i>unicolor</i>	22
<i>woodwardi</i>	52	DROMICIELLA	22
DENDROLAGUS	39	DROMICIOOLA	23
<i>bennettianus</i>	39	DUGONG	68, 69
<i>fulvus</i>	39	<i>australis</i>	69
<i>lumholtzi</i>	39	DUGONGIDUS	69
densirostris, DELPHINUS	61	DUGUNGUS	68
DIOPLODON	61		E
derbianus, HALMATURUS	46	eboreus, MELOMYS	86
DERMIPUS	1	eburacensis, TRICHOSURUS	31
desertor, GYOMYS	79	ecaudatus, CHÆROPUS	21
PSEUDOMYS	79	PERAMELES	21
destructior, CONILURUS	82	ECHIDNA	2
DEVIL, TASMANIAN	14	<i>acanthion</i>	3
DIDELPHIS <i>alboguttata</i>	13	<i>australiensis</i>	2, 3
<i>caudivolvula</i>	25	<i>australis</i>	3
<i>cynocephala</i>	15	<i>breviaculeata</i>	3
<i>giganteus</i>	55	<i>brevicardata</i>	3
<i>kenguru</i>	55	<i>hobartensis</i>	3
<i>lemurina</i>	30	<i>ineptus</i>	3
<i>macroura</i>	29	<i>longiaculeata</i>	2
<i>maculata</i>	12	<i>multiaculeatus</i>	3
<i>novæhollandicæ</i>	25	<i>novæhollandicæ</i>	2
<i>obesula</i>	17	<i>setosa</i>	3
<i>penicillata</i>	7	<i>sydneiensis</i>	3
<i>peregrinus</i>	25	TASMANIAN	3
<i>petaurus</i>	24	ECHINOPUS	2
<i>pygmœa</i>	22	ELECTRA	67
<i>sciurea</i>	24	<i>elegans, MACROPUS</i>	41, 50
<i>tapouaru</i>	30	WALLABIA	50
<i>ursina</i>	15, 34	<i>elseyii, PTEROFUS</i>	91
<i>viverrina</i>	12	<i>emiliae, HALMATURUS</i>	47
<i>volans</i>	29	EPIMYS <i>chionogaster</i>	75
<i>voluccella</i>	29	EPTESICUS <i>caurinus</i>	96
<i>vulpescula</i>	30	<i>darlingtoni</i>	96
<i>vulpina</i>	30	<i>vulturnus</i>	96
<i>wombat</i>	34	eracinus, ORNITHORHYNCHUS	3
DINGO	90	eremiana, PERAMELES	18
<i>dingo, CANIS</i>	90	erubescens, MACROPUS	51
DIODON	60	OSPHRANTER	51
DIOPLODON	61	ESCHRICHTIUS	58
<i>densirostris</i>	61	EUBALÆNA	53
DIFUS <i>mitchellii</i>	83	EUDELPHINUS	65
<i>muscola</i>	38	<i>tasmaniensis</i>	65
<i>tridactylus</i>	54	EUDROMICIA	23
dissimilatus, MACROPUS	53	<i>lepidia</i>	23
DOLICHODON	61	<i>macrura</i>	23
<i>traversii</i>	62		
DOLPHIN, COMMON	65		
BOTTLE-NOSED	68		

	PAGE.
<i>eugenii</i> , KANGURUS	46
THYLOGALE	46
EUPHROSYNE	65
EUPHYSETES	59
<i>grayi</i>	59
<i>macleayi</i>	59
<i>pottsi</i>	59
EURO	51
<i>exilis</i> , DASYURUS	13
(GRAMPIDELPHIS	64
UROMYS	85

F

FABRICIA	57
<i>fasciatus</i> , KANGURUS	41
LAGOSTROPHUS	41
PERAMELES	19
<i>felina</i> , PHALANGISTA	31
<i>fercutinus</i> , MUS	77
THETOMYS	77
<i>ferruginifrons</i> , ANTECHINUS	11
<i>fieldi</i> , LEGGADINA	78
MUS	78
FINBACK	57
FINNER	57
<i>fitzroyi</i> , DELPHINUS	67
LAGENORHYNCHUS	67
<i>flavipes</i> , ANTECHINUS	4
PHASCOGALE	4
<i>flaviventer</i> , PETAURUS	24
<i>flaviventris</i> , SACCOLAIMUS	100
TAPHOZOUS	100
<i>flindersii</i> , PHASCOLARCTOS	33
THYLOGALE	46
<i>floweri</i> , MESOPLODON	62
FLOWERIUS	57
FLYING FOX	90
<i>formosus</i> , HYPSPRYMNUS	36
<i>forresti</i> , LEGGADINA	78
MUS	78
<i>forsteri</i> , DELPHINUS	65
<i>fortis</i> , DASYURUS	13
<i>fossor</i> , WOMBATUS	34
<i>frænatus</i> , MACROPUS	41
ONYCHOGALEA	41
FRETIDELPHIS	65
<i>roseiventris</i>	65
<i>froggatti</i> , ANTECHINUS	10
<i>frontalis</i> , DROMICIA	22
FRUIT BAT, PIGMY	92
<i>fruticus</i> , MACROPUS	49
<i>fuliginosus</i> , ANTECHINUS	10
HYDROMYS	70
KANGURUS	54
MACROPUS	54
PHALANGISTA	31
<i>fulvifasciatus</i> , DELPHINUS	65
<i>fulvogaster</i> , HYDROMYS	69
<i>fulvolavatus</i> , HYDROMYS	70
<i>fulvoventer</i> , HYDROMYS	69

	PAGE.
<i>fulvus</i> , DENDROLAGUS	39
<i>fumosus</i> , TAPHOZOUS	99
<i>fuscipes</i> , MUS	71
RATTUS	71
<i>fusciventer</i> , PERAMELES	17
<i>fucus</i> , ASCOPHARYNX	85
MUS	85
ORNITHORINCUS	1
PHASCOLARCTOS	33
PHASCOLOMYS	34

G

<i>gadamu</i> , SOUSA	68
STENO	68
<i>gaimardi</i> , KANGURUS	36
<i>gazella</i> , HALMATURUS	45
<i>geayi</i> , NYCTOPHILUS	94
<i>GELASINUS</i>	91
<i>geoffroii</i> , DASYURINUS	13
DASYURUS	13
<i>geoffroyi</i> , NYCTOPHILUS	94
<i>georgianus</i> , TAPHOZOUS	99
GERBOIDES	52
<i>giganteus</i> , DIDELPHYS	55
JACULUS	55
JERBOA	55
MACROPUS	55
<i>gigantia</i> , GIGANTOMYS	55
<i>GIGANTOMYS</i>	53
cangura	55
gigantia	55
<i>gigas</i> , KANGUROO	55
MACRODERMA	94
MEGADERMA	94
<i>gilbertii</i> , HYPSPRYMNUS	38
POTOROUS	38
<i>gillespiei</i> , PHASCOLOMYS	35
WOMBATULA	35
GLADIATOR	63
<i>gladiator</i> , ORCA	63
<i>glaucus</i> , GYOMYS	79
PSEUDOMYS	79
<i>glauerti</i> , RATTUS	71
GLIDER, PIGMY	22
SQUIRREL	24
SUGAR	24
GLISCHROPOUS	96
tasmaniensis	96
GLOBICEPHALUS	64
affinis	64
ventricosus	64
GLOBICEPS	64
<i>globiceps</i> , DELPHINUS	64
<i>godmani</i> , PETROGALE	43
PHASCOGALE	5
<i>gouldii</i> , BETTONGIA	36
CHALINOLOBUS	97
HAPALOTIS	81
MESEMBRIOMYS	81
MUS	77

	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>gouldii</i> , NYCTOPHILUS	95	HALICORE	69
PTEROPUS	91	<i>australis</i>	69
SCOTOPHILUS	97	hallucatus, DASYURUS	13
THETOMYS	77	SATANELLUS	13
<i>gracilicaudatus</i> , MUS	77	HALMATOPUS	54
THETOMYS	77	HALMATURUS	54
<i>gracilis</i> , DASYUROPS	14	<i>agilis</i>	47
DASYURUS	14	<i>binoë</i>	47
MACROPUS	46	<i>brachytarsus</i>	47
<i>graii</i> , HYPSPRYMNUS	37	<i>brevicaudatus</i>	45
GRAMPIDELPHIS	64	<i>coxeni</i>	45
<i>exilis</i>	64	<i>dama</i>	47
GRAMPUS	63, 64	<i>derbianus</i>	46
<i>affinis</i>	64	<i>dorsalis</i>	50
<i>orca</i>	63	<i>emiliae</i>	47
GRAMPUS-DOLPHIN	64	<i>gazella</i>	45
grandis, MACROTIS	20	<i>griseofuscus</i>	54
granulipes, SMINTHOPSIS	9	<i>griseorufus</i>	49
<i>grayi</i> , EUPHYSETES	39	<i>houtmanni</i>	47
MESOPLODON	62	<i>irma</i>	50
PHYSALUS	57	<i>jardini</i>	48
GRAYIUS	64	<i>kingii</i>	49
<i>greyii</i> , MACROPUS	50	<i>leptonyx</i>	49
MUS	72	<i>lessonii</i>	48
PSEUDOMYS	76	<i>mastersii</i>	48
RATTUS	72	<i>nemoralis</i>	48
SCOTEINUS	98	<i>nuchalis</i>	46
SCOTOPHILUS	98	<i>obscurior</i>	46
WALLABIA	50	<i>pallida</i>	50
<i>griseus</i> , KANGURUS	44	<i>rutilans</i>	49
PHALANGISTA	31	<i>rutilus</i>	49
<i>griseoceruleus</i> , MUS	75	<i>striatus</i>	41
<i>griseofuscus</i> , HALMATURUS	54	<i>tasmanei</i>	47
<i>griseolanostris</i> , KANGURUS	52	<i>temporalis</i>	45
<i>griseorufus</i> , HALMATURUS	49	<i>thetis</i>	46
GUDAMU	67	<i>wilcoxii</i>	45
<i>gunnii</i> , PERAMELES	19	HAPALOTIS	82
guntheri, MESOPLODON	61	<i>albipes</i>	82
<i>guttatus</i> , DASYURUS	12	<i>apicalis</i>	81
GYMNOBELIDEUS	23	<i>arboricola</i>	74
<i>leadbeateri</i>	23	<i>boweri</i>	81
GYMNONOMYS	85	<i>caudimaculata</i>	84
<i>gymnotis</i> , LAGORCHESTES	40	<i>cervinus</i>	84
GYOMYS	79	<i>conditor</i>	82
<i>albocinereus</i>	79	<i>gouldii</i>	81, 84
<i>apodemoides</i>	79	<i>hemileucura</i>	82
<i>desertor</i>	79	<i>longicaudata</i>	84
<i>glaucus</i>	79	<i>macrotis</i>	84
<i>novehollandiae</i>	79	<i>macrurus</i>	81
GYPSOPHOCA	89	<i>melanura</i>	82
<i>dorifera</i>	89	<i>mitchellii</i>	84
<i>tasmanica</i>	89	<i>murinus</i>	76
<i>tropicalis</i>	89	<i>personata</i>	74
H			
<i>haasti</i> , MESOPLODON	62	<i>richardsonii</i>	84
hacketti, PETROGALE	44	HARE WALLABY	40
hagenbecki, MACROPUS	53	<i>hargravei</i> , TAPHOZOUS	100
HALIBALÆNA	55	HARPYIA	91
		<i>harrisii</i> , THYLACINUS	15
		URSINUS	14
		<i>harveyi</i> , PERAMELES	37
		<i>hectori</i> , BALÆNA	56

	PAGE.		PAGE.
HEMIBELIDEUS	28	HYPSPRYMNUS <i>lesueur</i>	36
<i>lemuroides</i>	28	<i>melanotis</i>	37
hemileucura, CONILURUS	82	<i>micropus</i>	38
HAPALOTIS	82	<i>myosurus</i>	38
HEPOONA	25	<i>ogilbyi</i>	36
hepoonaroo, PETAURUS	24	<i>peron</i>	38
herbertensis, PHALANGISTA .. .	27	<i>phillippi</i>	36
PSEUDOCHIRUS	27	<i>platyops</i>	39
herberti, PETROGALE	43	<i>setosus</i>	38
hermannsburgensis, LEGGADINA ..	78	<i>white</i>	36
MUS	78	hystrix, ORNITHORHYNCHUS ..	2
HETEROPUS	42		
<i>albogularis</i>	42		
higginsi, MUS	76	I	
PSEUDOMYS	76		
hillieri, PHASCOGALE	8	ignifer, RHINOLOPHUS	93
HIPPOSIDEROS	93	incana, PETAUROIDES	29
<i>albanensis</i>	93	PHALANGISTA	27
<i>cervinus</i>	93	incanens, PSEUDOCHIRUS	26
<i>semoni</i>	93	indutus, MESEMURIOMYS	83
<i>stenotis</i>	93	ineptus, TACHYGLOSSUS	3
hirsutus, LAGORCHESTES	40	inflatus, SCOTEINUS	98
MUS	81	ingrami, MACROPUS	48
OPOSSUM	34	PHASCOGALE	6
VOMBATUS	34	inornata, PETROGALE	42
hirtipes, SMINTHOPSIS	11	insignis, TAPHOZOUS	100
hobartensis, ECHIDNA	3	insulæ, MELOMYS	86
homei, PHOCA	88	interjecta, MACROTIS	20
HONEY POSSUM	21	irma, HALMATURUS	50
houtmanni, HALMATURUS	47	WALLABIA	50
hovelli, MUS	75	isabellinus, OSPHRANTER	51
HUMPBACK	58	ISOODON	16
hunteri, HYPSPRYMNUS	36	<i>auratus</i>	17
HUNTERUS	55	<i>barrowensis</i>	17
huttoni, BALÆNOPTERA	58	<i>macrourus</i>	17
HYDROMYS	69	<i>musei</i>	17
<i>caurinus</i>	70	<i>nauticus</i>	17
<i>chrysogaster</i>	69	<i>obesulus</i>	17
<i>fuliginosus</i>	70	<i>peninsulæ</i>	17
<i>fulvogaster</i>	69	<i>torosus</i>	17
<i>fulvolavatus</i>	70		
<i>fulvoventer</i>	69	J	
<i>leucogaster</i>	69		
<i>longmani</i>	70	JACULUS <i>giganteus</i>	55
<i>lutrilla</i>	70	jardinii, HALMATURUS	48
<i>melicertes</i>	70	JERBOA <i>gigantea</i>	55
<i>reginæ</i>	70	JERBOA-MARSUPIAL	12
HYDRBURGA	87	johnstonii, PHALANGISTA	31
<i>leptonyx</i>	88	jonesi, LEPORILLUS	81
HYPODON	60		
<i>planifrons</i>	60	K	
HYPODON	60		
hypoleucus, PHALANGISTA	32	KALMATORUS	54
HYPSPRYMNODON	35	KANGAROO, BLACK-FACED	54
<i>moschatus</i>	35	CAPTAIN COOK'S	55
HYPSPRYMNUS	37	GREY	54
<i>apicalis</i>	38	RED	52
<i>cuniculus</i>	37	KANGAROO-MOUSE	83
<i>formosus</i>	36	kangaru, ZERBUA	55
<i>gilbertii</i>	38	KANGUROO	53
<i>graii</i>	37	<i>gigas</i>	55
<i>hunteri</i>	36		

	PAGE.		PAGE.
KANGURUS	53	lagotis, MACROTIS	20
banksianus	49	PERAMELES	20
bicolor	48	<i>lalandii</i> , BALÆNA	58
fasciatus	41	<i>laniger</i> , ANTECHINOMYS	12
<i>fuliginosus</i>	54	KANGURUS	52
<i>gaimardi</i>	36	<i>lanigera</i> , PHASCOGALE	12
<i>griseolanosus</i>	52	<i>lanigerus</i> , MACROPUS	53
<i>griseus</i>	49	<i>lanuginosa</i> , PHALANGISTA	26
<i>labiatus</i>	54	PSEUDOCEIRUS	26
<i>laniger</i>	52	<i>lanosus</i> , KANGURUS	53
<i>lanosus</i>	52	LAOMYS	80
<i>lepturus</i>	36	<i>pedunculatus</i>	80
<i>penicillatus</i>	42	<i>woodwardi</i>	80
<i>ruficollis</i>	49	<i>larapinta</i> , SMINTHOPSIS	10
<i>rufogriseus</i>	49	LASIORHINUS	35
<i>rufus</i>	52	<i>latifrons</i>	35
<i>ualabatus</i>	48	<i>m'coyi</i>	35
<i>vinosus</i>	49	<i>lasiorhinus</i> , PHASCOLOMYS	35
KAOLA	33	<i>lateralis</i> , PETROGALE	44
<i>kenguru</i> , DIDELPHIS	55	<i>latifrons</i> , LAGENORHYNCHUS	67
KERIVOULA papuensis	99	LASIORHINUS	35
KILLER	63	PHASCOLOMYS	35
FALSE	63	<i>latirostris</i> , PHYSALUS	57
<i>kingii</i> , HALMATURUS	49	<i>lawsoni</i> , PERAMELES	18
DELPRINAPTERUS	63	<i>layardii</i> , MESOPLODON	60
DELPHINUS	63	ZIPIHUS	61
KOALA	33	<i>leachi</i> , NYCTOPHILUS	94
<i>cinerea</i>	33	<i>leadbeateri</i> , GYMNOBELIDEUS	23
<i>koala</i>	33	LEGGADINA	77
<i>subiens</i>	33	<i>delicatula</i>	78
KOGIA	59	<i>fieldi</i>	78
<i>breviceps</i>	59	<i>forresti</i>	78
<i>krefftii</i> , CATODON	59	<i>hermannsburgensis</i>	78
<i>VESPERUGO</i>	96	<i>messoria</i>	79
KYPHOBALÆNA	57	<i>patria</i>	78
L			
<i>labiatus</i> , KANGURUS	54	<i>waitei</i>	79
<i>lœvis</i> , ORNITHORYNCHUS	1	<i>leichardti</i> , LAGORCHESTES	40
LAGENOCETUS	60	LEIOBALÆNA	55
LAGENORHYNCHUS	67	<i>lemurina</i> , DIDELPHIS	30
<i>clanculus</i>	67	LEMUROIDES, HEMIBELIDEUS	28
<i>fitzroyi</i>	67	PHALANGISTA	28
<i>latifrons</i>	67	<i>lentiginosa</i> , SOUSA	68
<i>obscurus</i>	67	STENO	68
LAGOCHELES	39	<i>leopardina</i> , PHOCA	88
<i>lagochilus</i> , MACROGLOSSUS	92	<i>lepida</i> , DROMICIA	23
<i>ODONTONYCTERIS</i>	92	EUDROMICIA	23
LAGORCHESTES	39	<i>leporides</i> , MACROPUS	40
<i>albibialis</i>	41	LEPORILLUS	81
<i>bernieri</i>	40	<i>apicalis</i>	81
<i>conspicillatus</i>	40	<i>conditor</i>	81
<i>dorree</i>	40	<i>jonesi</i>	81
<i>gymnotis</i>	40	LEPTONYCHOTES	88
<i>hirsutus</i>	40	<i>weddellii</i>	88
<i>leichardti</i>	40	LEPTONYX	88
<i>leporides</i>	40	<i>leptonyx</i> , HALMATURUS	49
<i>pallidior</i>	40	HYDRURGA	88
LAGOSTROPHUS	40	PHOCA	88
<i>fasciatus</i>	41	<i>lepturus</i> , KANGURUS	36
		<i>lessonii</i> , HALMATURUS	48
		<i>lesueuri</i> , BETTONGIA	37
		HYPSPRYMNUS	37
		LEUCAS	62

	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>leucas</i> , <i>DELPHINUS</i>	63	<i>MACROPODUS</i>	53
<i>leucogaster</i> , <i>HYDROMYS</i>	69	<i>albus</i>	49
<i>PETAURUS</i>	29	<i>alexandriæ</i>	52
<i>PHASCOGALE</i>	4	<i>alligatoris</i>	51
<i>leucogenys</i> , <i>PETAURISTA</i>	29	<i>argentatus</i>	51
<i>LEUCOPLEURUS</i>	67	<i>aurescens</i>	48
<i>leucopus</i> , <i>ACANTHOMYS</i>	74	<i>bedfordi</i>	47
<i>MUS</i>	76	<i>bennetti</i>	49
<i>PHASCOGALE</i>	11	<i>bernardus</i>	52
<i>RATTUS</i>	74	<i>brachyotis</i>	44
<i>leucoramphus</i> , <i>DELPHINUS</i>	67	<i>bracteator</i>	51
<i>LEUCORHAMPHUS</i>	67	<i>cervinus</i>	51
<i>leucura</i> , <i>MACROTIS</i>	21	<i>dissimilatus</i>	53
<i>PERAGALE</i>	21	<i>elegans</i>	41, 50
<i>lineolatus</i> , <i>MUS</i>	76	<i>erubescens</i>	51
<i>LIPURUS</i>	33	<i>frænatus</i>	41
<i>cinereus</i>	33	<i>fruticus</i>	49
<i>LISCURUS</i>	33	<i>giganteus</i>	55
<i>LISSODELPHIS</i>	66	<i>gracilis</i>	46
<i>peronii</i>	67	<i>greyi</i>	50
<i>littoralis</i> , <i>MELOMYS</i>	86	<i>hagenbecki</i>	53
<i>UROMYS</i>	86	<i>ingrami</i>	48
<i>lobatus</i> , <i>ARCTOCEPHALUS</i>	89	<i>lanigerus</i>	53
<i>LOBODON</i>	87	<i>leporides</i>	40
<i>cancrivora</i>	87	<i>lunatus</i>	41
<i>carcinophaga</i>	87	<i>magnus</i>	53
<i>longiaculeata</i> , <i>ECHIDNA</i>	2	<i>major</i>	54
<i>longicauda</i> , <i>PETROGALE</i>	42	<i>manicatus</i>	50
<i>longicaudata</i> , <i>HAPALOTIS</i>	84	<i>melanops</i>	54
<i>NOTOMYS</i>	84	<i>nigrescens</i>	48
<i>SMINTHOPSIS</i>	11	<i>occidentalis</i>	53
<i>longipilis</i> , <i>MUS</i>	73	<i>ocydromus</i>	54
<i>longirostra</i> , <i>PLATYPUS</i>	3	<i>pallidus</i>	35
<i>longirostris</i> , <i>DELPHINUS</i>	66	<i>parma</i>	46
<i>MESOPLODON</i>	62	<i>parryi</i>	50
<i>STENELLA</i>	66	<i>pictus</i>	53
<i>longmani</i> , <i>HYDROMYS</i>	70	<i>reginæ</i>	52
<i>PETROGALE</i>	43	<i>robustus</i>	52
<i>lucocephalus</i> , <i>DASYURUS</i>	15	<i>rubens</i>	51
<i>lumholtzi</i> , <i>DENDROLAGUS</i>	39	<i>ruber</i>	53
<i>lunatus</i> , <i>MACROPODUS</i>	41	<i>rufiventer</i>	47
<i>ONYCHOGALEA</i>	41	<i>tasmaniensis</i>	54
<i>lutreola</i> , <i>MUS</i>	71	<i>unguifer</i>	41
<i>RATTUS</i>	71	<i>welsbyi</i>	48
<i>lutrilla</i> , <i>HYDROMYS</i>	70	<i>woodwardi</i>	51
<i>LYCAON</i>	15	<i>macropus</i> , <i>MUS</i>	85
		<i>MYOTIS</i>	98
		<i>NOTOMYS</i>	83
		<i>VESPERTILIO</i>	98
		<i>MACRORHINUS</i>	88
		<i>proboscideus</i>	88
		<i>MACROTIS</i>	19
		<i>cambrica</i>	20
		<i>grandis</i>	20
		<i>lagotis</i>	20
		<i>leucura</i>	21
		<i>minor</i>	20
		<i>macrotis</i> , <i>HAPALOTIS</i>	84
		<i>NOTOMYS</i>	84
		<i>macrourus</i> , <i>DASYURUS</i>	14
		<i>DIDELPHIS</i>	29
		<i>PERAMELES</i>	18

M

<i>MACLEAYANUS</i>	55
<i>macleayi</i> , <i>EUPHYSETES</i>	59
<i>MACLEAYIUS</i>	55
<i>australiensis</i>	56
<i>MACRODERMA</i>	94
<i>gigas</i>	94
<i>MACROGLOSSUS australis</i>	92
<i>lagochilus</i>	92
<i>minimus</i>	92
<i>nanus</i>	92
<i>pygmæus</i>	92

	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>macrurus</i> , EUDROMICIA	23	<i>Melomys littoralis</i>	86
HAPALOTIS	81	<i>melicus</i>	87
MESEMBRIOMYS	81	<i>murinus</i>	86
PODABRUS	9	<i>pallidus</i>	86
<i>maculatus</i> , ANTECHINUS	6	<i>rubicola</i>	87
CUSCUS	32	<i>melvillei</i> , RATTUS	73
DASYURUS	12	<i>meridionalis</i> , ORCA	63
DIDELPHIS	12	MESEMBRIOMYS	80
VIVERRA	14	<i>gouldii</i>	81
<i>magnus</i> , MACROPUS	53	<i>macrurus</i>	81
<i>major</i> , MACROPUS	54	<i>rattooides</i>	81
NYCTOPHILUS	95	MESODIODON	61
PERAMELES	18	MESOPLODON	61
<i>manicatus</i> , MACROPUS	50	<i>australis</i>	62
MUS	72	<i>floweri</i>	62
RATTUS	72	<i>grayi</i>	62
<i>marginata</i> , BALÆNA	56	<i>guntheri</i>	62
CAPEREA	56	<i>haasti</i>	62
MARL	19	<i>layardi</i>	61
LITTLE	19	<i>longirostris</i>	62
MARSUPIAL ANT EATER	15	<i>pacificus</i>	62
MOLE	16	<i>thomsoni</i>	62
MOUSE, YELLOW-FOOTED	4	<i>messorius</i> , LEGGADINA	79
FLAT-SKULLED	6	PSEUDOMYS	79
CREST-TAILED	8	mesurus, TRICHOSURUS	31
FAT-TAILED	9	microdon, SCOTOPHILUS	97
TIGER	15	MICRONOMUS	100
WOLF	15	<i>norfolkensis</i>	100
MASTACOMYS	80	<i>planiceps</i>	101
<i>fuscus</i>	80	MICROPIA	66
<i>mordicus</i>	80	<i>micropus</i> , HYPSPRYMNUS	38
<i>mastersii</i> , HALMATURUS	48	<i>mimetus</i> , PHASCOGALE	5
<i>maugei</i> , DASYURUS	12	<i>mimulus</i> , PHASCOGALE	6
<i>maximus</i> , PETAURUS	29	PSEUDOMYS	78
<i>m'coyi</i> , LASIORHINUS	35	<i>minimus</i> , ANTECHINUS	5
MEGADERMA <i>gigas</i>	94	DASYURUS	5
MEGALEIA	52	MACROGLOSSUS	92
<i>rufa</i>	52	POTOROUS	36
<i>megalotis</i> , NOTOMYS	84	MINIOPTERUS	99
MEGANEURON	59	<i>australis</i>	99
<i>megaphyllus</i> , RHINOLOPHUS	92	<i>blepotis</i>	99
RHINOPHYLLOTIS	92	<i>oriante</i>	99
MEGAPTERA	58	minnie, PSEUDOMYS	76
<i>australis</i>	58	minor, MACROPUS	38
<i>novæzealandiae</i>	58	MACROTIS	20
MEGAPTERON	58	PERAGALE	20
MEGISTOSAURUS	59	PETAVURISTA	30
<i>melanops</i> , MACROPUS	54	minutissimus, ANTECHINUS	6
<i>melanotis</i> , HYPSPRYMNUS	37	minutus, PODABRUS	6
<i>melanura</i> , HAPALOTIS	82	MIROUNGA	88
PHALANGISTA	31	<i>misellus</i> , THALACOMYS	20
<i>melas</i> , DELPHINUS	64	<i>mitchellii</i> , DIPUS	83
<i>melibius</i> , CONILURUS	82	HAPALOTIS	84
<i>melicertes</i> , HYDROMYS	70	NOTOMYS	83
<i>melicus</i> , MELOMYS	87	PHASCOLOMYS	34
UROMYS	87	PODABRUS	11
MELOMYS	85	modestus, PSEUDOCHIRUS	26
<i>australius</i>	86	MOLOSSUS <i>australis</i>	100
<i>banfieldi</i>	86	<i>norfolkensis</i>	100
<i>cervinipes</i>	86	<i>wilcoxii</i>	101
<i>eboreus</i>	86	<i>monastria</i> , PERADORCAS	42
<i>insulæ</i>	86	mondraeinus, RATTUS	73

	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>mongan</i> , PSEUDOCIRUS	27	<i>MUS subrufus</i>	75
<i>moorei</i> , ANTECHINUS	5	<i>tamarensis</i>	75
<i>mordax</i> , NOTOMYS	83	<i>tasmaniensis</i>	75
<i>mordicus</i> , MASTACOMYS	80	<i>terræreginæ</i>	74
<i>morio</i> , CHALINOLOBUS	97	<i>tetragonurus</i>	75
SCOTOPHILUS	97	<i>tompsoni</i>	74
MORODACTYLUS	33	<i>tunneyi</i>	73
MORUNGA	88	<i>variabilis</i>	75
<i>moschatus</i> , HYPsiprymnodon	35	<i>vellerosus</i>	72
MOUSE, NATIVE	76	<i>velutinus</i>	73
<i>multiaculeata</i> , ECHIDNA	3	<i>villossissimus</i>	73
<i>murina</i> , DIDELOPHIS	38	<i>woodwardi</i>	73
HAPALOTIS	76	<i>muscola</i> , DIPUS	38
MELOMYS	86	<i>musculus</i> , BALÆNA	57
PHASCOGALE	10	BALÆNOPTERA	57
SMINTHOPTIS	10	<i>MUSTELA novæhollandiae</i>	14
UROMYS	86	<i>quoll</i>	12
<i>murrayi</i> , RATTUS	72	<i>myoïdes</i> , XEROMYS	71
<i>MUS adelaideensis</i>	75	<i>MYORTHIUS</i>	37
<i>albirostris</i>	78	<i>myosurus</i> , HYPSPYRMNUS	38
<i>albocinereus</i>	79	PERAMELES	19
<i>argurus</i>	83	<i>MYOTIS</i>	98
<i>assimilis</i>	71	<i>australis</i>	98
<i>australasicus</i>	75	<i>macropus</i>	98
<i>burtoni</i>	75	<i>MYOXOIDES australasiae</i>	75
<i>cœnguru</i>	55	<i>MYRMECOBIUS</i>	15
<i>cangaru</i>	55	<i>diemenensis</i>	16
<i>castaneus</i>	74	<i>fasciatus</i>	15
<i>cervinipes</i>	86	<i>rufus</i>	4, 16
<i>conditor</i>	81	<i>myrmecophagus</i> , ACANTHONOTUS	2
<i>culturorum</i>	74	<i>MYSTICETUS</i>	56
<i>delicatulus</i>	78		
<i>ferculinus</i>	77		
<i>fieldi</i>	78		
<i>forresti</i>	78		
<i>fuscipes</i>	71		
<i>fuscus</i>	85		
<i>gouldii</i>	77		
<i>gracilicaudatus</i>	77		
<i>greyii</i>	72		
<i>griseocæruleus</i>	75		
<i>hermannsburgensis</i>	78		
<i>higginsi</i>	76		
<i>hirsutus</i>	81		
<i>hovellii</i>	75		
<i>leucopus</i>	76		
<i>lineolatus</i>	77		
<i>longipilis</i>	73		
<i>lutreola</i>	71		
<i>macropus</i>	85		
<i>manicatus</i>	72		
<i>nanus</i>	77		
<i>novehollandiae</i>	79		
<i>pachyurus</i>	75		
<i>patrius</i>	78		
<i>penicillatus</i>	82		
<i>petterdi</i>	75		
<i>platurus</i>	75		
<i>shortridgei</i>	77		
<i>simsoni</i>	75		
<i>sordidus</i>	72		
<i>squalorum</i>	80		

N

<i>nanus</i> , CERCARTELUS	22
MACROGLOSSUS	92
<i>MUS</i>	77
ODONTONYCTERIS	92
PHALANGISTA	22
THETOMYS	77
<i>NASIRA</i>	12
<i>nasuta</i> , PERAMELES	18
<i>nauticus</i> , ISOODON	17
<i>neillii</i> , PHALANGISTA	23
<i>nemoralis</i> , HALMATURUS	48
<i>NEOBALÆNA</i>	56
<i>NEOORCA</i>	63
<i>NEOPHOCA</i>	89
<i>cinerea</i>	89
<i>NEORYCTES</i>	16
<i>NEOZIPHIUS</i>	61
<i>nesæus</i> , DASYURUS	14
<i>niger</i> , ANTECHINUS	5
PETAURUS	29
PHASCOLOMYS	34
VOLUCELLA	29
<i>nigrans</i> , TRICHOSURUS	32
<i>nigrescens</i> , MACROPUS	48
<i>nigripes</i> , THALACOMYS	20
<i>nigrogriseus</i> , SCOTOPHILUS	97
<i>nitela</i> , SMINTHOPTIS	10

	PAGE.		PAGE.
NODUS .. .	60	NYCTOPHILUS <i>sherrini</i> .. .	95
<i>norfolkensis</i> , PETAURUS ..	24	<i>timoriensis</i> .. .	95
SCIURUS .. .	24	<i>unicolor</i> .. .	94
<i>norfolkensis</i> , MICRONOMUS ..	100	<i>walkeri</i> .. .	95
MOLOSSUS .. .	100		O
<i>notatus</i> , PETAURUS ..	25	<i>obesula</i> , DIDELPHIS .. .	17
<i>notialis</i> , PSEUDOCHIRUS ..	27	ISOODON .. .	17
<i>notina</i> , PERAMELES ..	19	obscurior, HALMATURUS ..	46
NOTOCTONUS .. .	13	obscurus, DELPHINUS .. .	67
NOTOMYS .. .	83	LAGENORHYNCHUS .. .	67
<i>alexis</i> .. .	84	ochropus, CUSCUS .. .	32
<i>aquilo</i> .. .	83	occidentalis, CHÆROPUS .. .	21
<i>longicaudatus</i> .. .	84	MACROPUS .. .	53
<i>macropus</i> .. .	83	ocydromus, MACROPUS .. .	54
<i>macrotis</i> .. .	84	ODOBENUS .. .	69
<i>megalotis</i> .. .	84	ODONTONYCTERIS .. .	92
<i>mitchellii</i> .. .	83	<i>nanus</i> .. .	92
<i>mordax</i> .. .	83	<i>pygmæus</i> .. .	92
<i>richardsoni</i> .. .	84	ogilbyi, HYPSPRYMNUS .. .	36
<i>sturti</i> .. .	84	OGMOBALÆNA .. .	87
NOTORYCTES .. .	16	OGMORHINUS .. .	87
<i>caurinus</i> .. .	16	ONYCHOGALEA .. .	41
<i>typhlops</i> .. .	16	<i>annulicauda</i> .. .	41
novæhollandiæ, BARBASTELLUS	14	<i>frænata</i> .. .	41
DIDELPHIS .. .	25	<i>lunata</i> .. .	41
ECHIDNA .. .	2	<i>unguifer</i> .. .	41
GYOMYS .. .	79	OPHYSIA .. .	63
MUS .. .	79	OPOSSUM .. .	34
MUSTELA .. .	14	<i>hirsutum</i> .. .	34
SCIURUS .. .	24	oppossum, PETAURUS .. .	24
URSUS .. .	30	oralis, PSEUDOCHIRUS .. .	26
novæzealandiæ, CAPERA	56	PSEUDOMYS .. .	76
DELPHINUS .. .	65	ORCA .. .	60, 63
MEGAPTERA .. .	58	<i>australis</i> .. .	63
ZIPIHIUS .. .	61	<i>gladiator</i> .. .	63
nuchalis, HALMATURUS ..	46	<i>meridionalis</i> .. .	63
nudicaudata, PHALANGISTA ..	32	<i>pacifica</i> .. .	63
PLEOPUS .. .	35	<i>tasmanica</i> .. .	63
SPILOCUSCUS .. .	32	orca, DELPHINUS .. .	63
nudicliniatus, SACCOLAIMUS	100	GRAMPUS .. .	63
TAPHOZOUS .. .	100	ORCINUS .. .	63
NUMBAT .. .	15	orianæ, MINIOPTERUS .. .	99
NYCTICEJUS ruppelli	98	ORNITHORHYNCHUS .. .	1
NYCTIMENE .. .	91	<i>brevirostris</i> .. .	1
<i>papuanus</i> .. .	91	<i>crispus</i> .. .	2
<i>robinsoni</i> .. .	91	<i>eracinius</i> .. .	2
<i>tryoni</i> .. .	92	<i>fuscus</i> .. .	1
NYCTINOMUS albodus .. .	100	<i>hystrix</i> .. .	2
<i>atratus</i> .. .	100	<i>lævis</i> .. .	1
<i>colonicus</i> .. .	101	<i>paradoxus</i> .. .	1
<i>petersi</i> .. .	101	<i>phoxinus</i> .. .	2
<i>planiceps</i> .. .	101	<i>rufus</i> .. .	1
<i>plicatus</i> .. .	101	<i>triton</i> .. .	1
NYCTOPHILUS .. .	94	OSPHRANTER .. .	50
<i>bifax</i> .. .	95	<i>antilopinus</i> .. .	51
<i>dædalus</i> .. .	95	<i>bernardus</i> .. .	52
<i>geayi</i> .. .	94	<i>crebescens</i> .. .	51
<i>geoffroyi</i> .. .	94	<i>erubescens</i> .. .	51
<i>gouldi</i> .. .	95	<i>isabellinus</i> .. .	51
<i>leachii</i> .. .	94		
<i>major</i> .. .	95		
<i>pallescens</i> .. .	94		

	PAGE.		PAGE.
OSPHRANTER <i>reginae</i>	52	PERAMELES <i>ecaudatus</i>	21
<i>robustus</i>	52	<i>eremiana</i>	18
OTARIA <i>albicollis</i>	88	<i>fasciata</i>	19
<i>australis</i>	88	<i>fusciventer</i>	17
<i>cinerea</i>	88	<i>gunnii</i>	19
<i>peronii</i>	88	<i>harveyi</i>	37
<i>weddellii</i>	88	<i>lagotis</i>	20
OULODON	61	<i>lawson</i>	18
P			
<i>pachyurus</i> , MUS	75	<i>macroura</i>	18
<i>pacificus</i> , BARBASTELLUS	94	<i>major</i>	18
MESOPLODON	62	<i>myosura</i>	19
ORCA	63	<i>nasuta</i>	18
PADEMELON	45	<i>notina</i>	19
<i>pallescens</i> , NYCTOPHILUS	94	<i>pallescens</i>	18
PERAMELES	18	<i>torosus</i>	18
<i>pallidior</i> , DASYUROIDES	9	<i>tuckeri</i>	38
LAGORCHESTES	40	<i>peregrinus</i> , DIDELPHIS	25
<i>pallidus</i> , HALMATURUS	50	<i>peronii</i> , DELPHINUS	67
MACROPUS	53	HYPSIPRYMNUS	38
MELOMYS	86	LISSODELPHIS	67
<i>papuanus</i> , NYCTIMENE	91	OTARIA	89
<i>papuensis</i> , KERIVOULA	99	PETAURUS	29
PHONISCUS	99	PERQUALUS	57
PARACYON	15	personata, HAPALOTIS	74
<i>paradoxus</i> , ORNITHORHYNCHUS	1	PETAUROIDES	29
PARAGALIA	19	<i>armillatus</i>	30
parma, MACROPUS	46	<i>cinereus</i>	30
THYLOGALE	46	<i>incanus</i>	29
<i>parryi</i> , MACROPUS	50	PETAURISTA	23, 29
PATOBROO	38	<i>leucogenys</i>	30
<i>patrius</i> , LEGGADINA	78	<i>minor</i>	30
MUS	78	PETAURULA	23
<i>pearsoni</i> , PETROGALE	45	PETAURUS	23
<i>pedunculatus</i> , CONILURUS	80	<i>australis</i>	24
LAOMYS	80	<i>breviceps</i>	24
<i>penicillata</i> , BETTONGIA	36	<i>cunninghami</i>	24
CONILURUS	82	<i>didelphoides</i>	29
DIDELPHIS	7	<i>flaviventer</i>	24
KANGURUS	42	<i>hepoonaroo</i>	24
MUS	82	<i>leucogaster</i>	29
PETROGALE	42	<i>maximus</i>	29
<i>peninsulæ</i> , ISOODON	17	<i>niger</i>	29
PERACYON	15	<i>norfolkensis</i>	24
PERADORCAS	41	<i>notatus</i>	25
<i>canescens</i>	42	<i>oppossum</i>	24
<i>concinna</i>	42	<i>peronii</i>	29
<i>monastria</i>	42	<i>reginae</i>	24
PERAGALE	19	<i>taguanoides</i>	29
<i>leucura</i>	21	<i>petaurus</i> , DIDELPHIS	24
<i>minor</i>	20	<i>petersi</i> , NYCTINOMUS	101
PERALOPEX	15	PETROGALE	42
PERAMELES	18	<i>assimilis</i>	43
<i>affinis</i>	17	<i>brachyotis</i>	44
<i>arenaria</i>	19	<i>celeris</i>	44
<i>auratus</i>	17	<i>concinna</i>	42
<i>auritus</i>	18	<i>godmani</i>	43
<i>barrowensis</i>	17	<i>hacketti</i>	44
<i>bougainville</i>	19	<i>herberti</i>	43
		<i>inornata</i>	42
		<i>lateralis</i>	44
		<i>longicauda</i>	42
		<i>longmani</i>	43

	PAGE.		PAGE.
PETROGALE <i>pearsoni</i>	45	PHASCOGALAE <i>swainsoni</i>	5
<i>puelia</i>	43	<i>tapoatafa</i>	7
<i>purpureicollis</i>	43	<i>virginiae</i>	11
<i>rothschildi</i>	44	PHASCOLAGUS	50
<i>signata</i>	44	PHASCOLARCTOS	33
<i>venustula</i>	43	<i>adustus</i>	33
<i>wilkinsi</i>	43	<i>cinereus</i>	33
<i>xanthopus</i>	44	<i>flindersii</i>	33
PETROSEUDES	28	<i>fuscus</i>	33
<i>dahli</i>	28	PHASCOLOCTIS	7
PETRORHYNCHUS	60	PHASCOLOMIS	33
petterdi, MUS	75	<i>angasi</i>	34
PHALACOMYS	20	<i>assimilis</i>	34
PHALANGISTA <i>archeri</i>	28	<i>bassii</i>	34
<i>bougainvillei</i>	31	<i>fuscus</i>	34
<i>canina</i>	32	<i>gillespiei</i>	35
<i>convolutor</i>	27	<i>lasiorhinus</i>	35
<i>cookii</i>	25, 27	<i>latifrons</i>	35
<i>cuvieri</i>	31	<i>mitchellii</i>	34
<i>felina</i>	31	<i>niger</i>	34
<i>fuliginosa</i>	31	<i>platyrhinus</i>	34
<i>gliriformis</i>	22	<i>setosus</i>	34
<i>grisea</i>	31	<i>tasmaniensis</i>	34
<i>herbertensis</i>	27	phillippi, HYPSPRYMNUS	36
<i>hypoleucus</i>	32	PHOCA <i>carcinophaga</i>	87
<i>incana</i>	27	<i>homei</i>	88
<i>johnstonii</i>	31	<i>leopardina</i>	88
<i>lemuroides</i>	28	<i>leptonyx</i>	88
<i>melanura</i>	31	<i>proboscidea</i>	88
<i>nana</i>	22	PHONISCUS	98
<i>neilli</i>	23	<i>papuensis</i>	99
<i>nudicaudata</i>	32	phoxinus, ORNITHORHYNCHUS	2
<i>selma</i>	31	PHYLASUS	56
<i>viverrina</i>	27	PHYSALUS	56
<i>xanthopus</i>	31	<i>antarcticus</i>	58
<i>xanthopygus</i>	31	<i>grayi</i>	57
PHASCOGALAE	7	<i>latirostris</i>	57
<i>adusta</i>	4	<i>sibbaldi</i>	57
<i>affinis</i>	5	physalus, BALÆNA	57
<i>albipes</i>	10	BALÆNOPTERA	57
<i>apicalis</i>	6	PHYSETER	58
<i>bella</i>	5	<i>australasicanus</i>	59
<i>blighi</i>	8	<i>breviceps</i>	59
<i>blythi</i>	8	<i>polycyphus</i>	59
<i>burrelli</i>	4	PHYSETERUS	58
<i>calura</i>	8	PHYSORHINUS	88
<i>crassicaudata</i>	9	picatus, CHALINOLOBUS	97
<i>flavipes</i>	4	DACTYLOPSILA	25
<i>godmani</i>	5	SCOTOPHILUS	97
<i>hillieri</i>	8	<i>pictus</i> , MACROPUS	53
<i>ingrami</i>	6	PIGMY GLIDER	22
<i>lanigera</i>	12	PIPISTRELLUS	96
<i>leucogaster</i>	4	<i>abramus</i>	96
<i>leucopus</i>	11	<i>regulus</i>	96
<i>macdonnellensis</i>	6	<i>pirata</i> , PHASCOGALAE	8
<i>mimetes</i>	5	<i>planiceps</i> , MICRONOMUS	101
<i>mimulus</i>	6	<i>NYCTINOMUS</i>	101
<i>murina</i>	10	<i>planifrons</i> , HYPERODON	60
<i>pirata</i>	8	PLANIGALE	6
<i>rufogaster</i>	4	<i>brunneus</i>	7
<i>sinualis</i>	6	<i>ingrami</i>	6
<i>subtilissima</i>	7	<i>subtilissima</i>	7

	PAGE.		PAGE.
RAT, SCALE-TAILED	85	<i>roseiventris</i> , DELPHINUS	65
SWAMP	71	FRETIDELPHIS	65
THICK-TAILED	80	<i>rostratus</i> , TARSIPES	21
WATER	69	<i>rothschildi</i> , PETROGALE	44
RAT-KANGAROO	35	<i>rubens</i> , MACROPUS	51
RAT-MARSUPIAL	7	<i>ruber</i> , MACROPUS	53
<i>rattooides</i> , MESEMBORIOMYS	81	<i>rubicola</i> , MELOMYS	87
RATTUS	71	<i>rubidus</i> , PSEUDOCHIRUS	26
<i>assimilis</i>	71	RUDOLPHIUS	57
<i>australis</i>	74	<i>rufescens</i> , AEPYPRYMNUSS	37
<i>colletti</i>	72	BETTONGIA	37
<i>conatus</i>	72	<i>ruficollis</i> , KANGURUS	49
<i>coracius</i>	71	TRICHOSURUS	32
<i>culturorum</i>	74	<i>rufirenter</i> , MACROPUS	47
<i>fuscipes</i>	71	<i>rufogaster</i> , PHASCOGALE	4
<i>glauerti</i>	71	<i>rufogriseus</i> , KANGURUS	49
<i>greyii</i>	72	WALLABIA	49
<i>leucopus</i>	74	<i>rufus</i> , KANGURUS	52
<i>lutreolus</i>	71	MEGALEIA	52
<i>manicatus</i>	72	MYRMECOBIUS	4
<i>melvilleus</i>	73	ORNITHORINCUS	1
<i>mondrainicus</i>	73	POTOROUS	38
<i>murrayi</i>	72	<i>rupPELLII</i> , NYCTICEJUS	98
<i>profusus</i>	73	SCOTEINUS	98
<i>rattus</i>	74	<i>rutilans</i> , HALMATURUS	49
<i>sordidus</i>	72	<i>rutilus</i> , HALMATURUS	49
<i>tunneyi</i>	73		
<i>vallesius</i>	74	S	
<i>cellerosus</i>	72	SACCOLAIMUS	100
<i>velutinus</i>	73	<i>flaviventris</i>	100
<i>villoissimus</i>	73	<i>nudichtiniatus</i>	100
<i>woodwardi</i>	73	SAGITTA, THALACOMYS	20
<i>youngi</i>	74	SARCOPHILUS	14
<i>raulinæ</i> , PSEUDOMYS	77	<i>harrisii</i>	14
reginæ, HYDROMYS	70	<i>satanicus</i>	15
MACROPUS	52	SATANELLUS	13
OSPHRANTER	52	<i>hallucatus</i>	13
PETAURUS	24	SCAPULATUS, PTEROPUS	91
regulus, PIPISTRELLUS	96	SCHOINOBATES	28
RHINOLOPHUS aurantius	93	<i>rolans</i>	29
<i>cervinus</i>	93	SCIURUS norfolkensis	24
<i>megaphyllus</i>	92	<i>nocehollandiae</i>	24
RHINONICTERIS	93	sciurus, DIDEDELPHIS	24
<i>aurantius</i>	93	SCOTEINUS	98
RHINOPHOCÀ	88	<i>balstoni</i>	98
RHINOPHYLLOTIS	92	<i>greyii</i>	98
<i>megaphyllus</i>	92	<i>inflatus</i>	98
richardsonii, HAPALOTIS	84	<i>rupPELLII</i>	98
NOTOMYS	84	SCOTOPHILUS australis	97
RINGTAIL	25	<i>gouldii</i>	97
robinsoni, NYCTYMEINE	91	<i>greyii</i>	98
robustus, MACROPUS	52	<i>microdon</i>	97
OSPHRANTER	52	<i>morio</i>	97
ROCK WALLABY	42	<i>nigrogriseus</i>	97
rogersi, CHALINOLOBUS	97	<i>picatus</i>	97
rolandensis, ANTECHINUS	5	SEA-COW	69
RORQUAL, COMMON	57	SEA-ELEPHANT	88
LESSER	58	SEA-LEOPARD	88
RORQUAL	56	SEAL, CRAB-EATING	87
RORQUALIS	56	FUR	89
RORQUALUS	56		

	PAGE.		PAGE.
SEAL, HAIR	89	<i>stenotis</i> , HIPPOSIDEROS	93
WEDDELL'S	88	STICTOPHONUS	14
<i>sechellensis</i> , ZIPHİUS	61	<i>stigmatica</i> , THYLOGALE	45
<i>selma</i> , PHALANGISTA	31	<i>striatus</i> , HALMATURUS	41
<i>semoni</i> , HIPPOSIDEROS	93	THYLACINUS	15
<i>serridens</i> , STENORHYNCHUS	87	<i>stuartii</i> , ANTECHINUS	4
SETONIX	45	<i>sturti</i> , NOTOMYS	84
<i>brachyurus</i>	45	<i>subicns</i> , KOALA	33
<i>setosa</i> , ECHIDNA	3	<i>subrufus</i> , MUS	75
HYPSIPRYMNUS	38	<i>subtilissima</i> , PHASCOGALE	7
PHASCOLOMYS	34	<i>subtropicalis</i> , GYPSOPHOCA	89
TACHYGLOSSUS	3	SUGAR-GLIDER	24
<i>sherrini</i> , NYCTOPHILUS	95	SULPHUR-BOTTOM	57
UROMYS	85	<i>superciliosus</i> , DELPHINUS	66
<i>shortridgei</i> , MUS	77	<i>swainsonii</i> , PHASCOGALE	5
PSEUDOMYS	77	SWINHOIA	57
<i>sibbaldi</i> , PHYSALUS	57	SYCONYCTERIS	92
SIBBALDUS	57	<i>australis</i>	92
<i>signata</i> , PETROGALE	44	<i>sydneyensis</i> , ECHIDNA	3
<i>signifer</i> , CHALINOLOBUS	97	SYPHOMIA	2
<i>simsoni</i> , MUS	75		
<i>sinuialis</i> , PHASCOGALE	6		
SMINTHOPSIS	9	T	
<i>centralis</i>	9	TACHYGLOSSUS	2
<i>constricta</i>	11	<i>aculeatus</i>	2
<i>crassicaudata</i>	9	<i>scutosus</i>	3
<i>granulipes</i>	9	<i>tafa</i> , DASYURUS	7
<i>hirtipes</i>	11	TAPOA	7
<i>larapinta</i>	10	taguanoides, PETAURUS	29
<i>leucopus</i>	11	tamarensis, MUS	75
<i>tongicaudata</i>	11	TAMMAR	46
<i>lumholtzi</i>	11	TAPHONYCTERIS	100
<i>murina</i>	10	TAPHOZOUS	99
<i>nitela</i>	10	<i>australis</i>	99
<i>psammophila</i>	10	<i>flaviventris</i>	100
<i>stalker</i>	10	<i>fumosus</i>	99
<i>virginiae</i>	11	<i>georgianus</i>	99
<i>sordidus</i> , MUS	72	<i>hargravei</i>	100
RATTUS	72	<i>insignis</i>	100
SOUSA	67	<i>nudicliniatus</i>	100
<i>gadamu</i>	68	TAPOA	7, 30
<i>lentiginosa</i>	68	<i>tafa</i>	7
SPECTRUM	90	tapoatafa, PHASCOGALE	7
<i>spenceri</i> , ANTECHINOMYS	12	VIVERRA	7
<i>spenseræ</i> , TARSIPES	21	tapouara, DIDELPHIS	30
SPHÆROCEPHALUS	64	TARSIPES	21
SPILOCUSCUS	32	<i>rostratus</i>	21
<i>nudicaudatus</i>	32	<i>spenseræ</i>	21
<i>squalorum</i> , MUS	80	tasmanei, HALMATURUS	47
<i>squamicaudata</i> , WYULDA	32	tasmanica, ARCTOCEPHALUS	89
SQUIRREL-GLIDER	24	GYPSOPHOCA	89
<i>stalker</i> , SMINTHOPSIS	10	ORCA	63
STENELLA	65	tasmaniensis, EUDELPHINUS	65
<i>attenuata</i>	66	GLISCHROPUS	96
<i>longirostris</i>	66	MACROPUS	54
STENO <i>gadamu</i>	68	MUS	75
<i>lentiginosus</i>	68	NOCTULINA	96
STENOBALÆNA	57	PHASCOLOMYS	34
<i>xanthogaster</i>	58	VESPERTILIO	96
STENORHYNCHOTES	87	temporalis, HALMATURUS	45
STENORHYNCHUS	87	tenuirostris, PLANIGALE	7
<i>serridens</i>	87		

	PAGE.		PAGE.
<i>terræreginae</i> , MUS	74	<i>TURSIOPS tursio</i>	68
<i>tetragonurus</i> , MUS	75	<i>typhlops</i> , NOTORYCTES	16
THALACOMYS	19	PSAMMORYCTES	16
<i>misellus</i>	20		
<i>nigripes</i>	20		
<i>sagitta</i>	20		
<i>thetis</i> , HALMATURUS	46		
THYLOGALE	46		
THETOMYS	77		
<i>ferculinus</i>	77		
<i>gouldii</i>	77		
<i>gracilicaudatus</i>	77		
<i>nanus</i>	77		
<i>præconis</i>	77		
thomsoni, MESOPLODON	62		
THYLACINUS	15		
<i>breviceps</i>	15		
<i>cynocephalus</i>	15		
<i>harrisii</i>	15		
<i>striatus</i>	15		
THYLACIS	18		
THYLAOMYS	19, 84		
THYLAX	18		
THYLOGALE	45		
<i>bedfordi</i>	46		
<i>billardierii</i>	46		
<i>coxenii</i>	45		
<i>eugenii</i>	46		
<i>flindersii</i>	46		
<i>parma</i>	46		
<i>stigmatica</i>	45		
<i>thetis</i>	46		
TIGER, TASMANIAN	15		
timoriensis, NYCTOPHILUS	95		
VESPERTILIO	95		
<i>tompsoni</i> , MUS	74		
TOOLACH	50		
torosus, PERAMELES	18		
traversii, DOLICHODON	62		
TREE-KANGAROO	39		
TRICHOSURUS	30		
<i>arnhemensis</i>	31		
<i>caninus</i>	32		
<i>eburacensis</i>	31		
<i>mesurus</i>	31		
<i>nigrans</i>	32		
<i>ruficollis</i>	32		
<i>vulpecula</i>	30		
tridactyla, DIDELPHIS	38		
DIPUS	54		
POTOROUS	38		
triton, ORNITHORHYNCHUS	1		
tropicalis, GYPSOPHOCA	89		
tryoni, NYCTIMENE	92		
tuckeri, PERAMELES	38		
tunneyi, MUS	73		
RATTUS	73		
TURSIO	59, 67, 68		
<i>tursio</i> , TURSIOPS	68		
TURSIOPS	68		
<i>catalania</i>	68		
<i>maugeanus</i>	68		
		U	
		valabatus, KANGURUS	48
		unguifer, MACROPUS	41
		ONYCHOGALEA	41
		unicolor, ANTECHINUS	4
		DROMICIA	22
		NYCTOPHILUS	94
		UPEROODON	60
		URANODON	60
		UROMYS	85
		<i>banfieldi</i>	86
		<i>caudimaculatus</i>	85
		<i>exilis</i>	85
		<i>littoralis</i>	86
		<i>melicus</i>	87
		<i>murinus</i>	86
		<i>sherrini</i>	85
		URSINUS	14
		<i>harrisii</i>	14
		ursinus, DIDELPHIS	15, 34
		VOMBATUS	34
		URSUS novæhollandiae	30
		V	
		vallesius, RATTUS	74
		variabilis, MUS	75
		vellerosus, MUS	72
		RATTUS	72
		relutinus, MUS	73
		RATTUS	73
		renatoris, CHALINOLOBUS	97
		ventricosus, DELPHINUS	64
		GLOBICEPHALUS	64
		venustula, PETROGALE	43
		VESPADELUS	95
		<i>pumilus</i>	95
		VESPERTILIO abramus	96
		<i>australis</i>	98
		<i>blepotis</i>	99
		<i>macropus</i>	98
		<i>tasmaniensis</i>	96
		<i>timoriensis</i>	95
		VESPERUGO kreffti	96
		victoriae, PHALANGISTA	13
		PSEUDOCHIRUS	26
		cillosissimus, MUS	73
		RATTUS	73
		cinosus, KANGURUS	49
		virginia, PHASCOGALE	11
		viverrina, DIDELPHIS	12
		PHALANGISTA	27
		<i>volans</i> , DIDELPHIS	29
		SCHOTINOBATES	29
		voluccella, DIDELPHIS	29

	PAGE.		PAGE.
VOLUCELLA	28	WHALE, PILOT	64
<i>nigra</i>	29	RIGHT	56
VOMBATUS	33	SPERM	59
<i>hirsutus</i>	34	WHITE	63
<i>ursinus</i>	34	WHIPTAIL	49
rulpcula, DIDELPHIS	30	white, HYPSPRYMNUS	36
rulpina, DIDELPHIS	30	wilcoxi, HALMATORUS	45
vulturnus, EPTESICUS	96	MOLOSSUS	101
W		wilkinsoni, PETROGALE	43
waitei, LEGGADINA	79	WOMBAT	33
PSEUDOMYS	79	wombat, DIDELPHIS	34
walkeri, NYCTOPHILUS	95	WOMBATULA	35
WALLABIA	47	WOMBATUS <i>fossor</i>	34
<i>agilis</i>	47	woodwardi, DENDRODORCOPSIS	52
<i>bicolor</i>	48	LAOMYS	80
<i>dorsalis</i>	49	MACROPUS	51
<i>elegans</i>	49	MUS	73
<i>greyi</i>	49	RATTUS	73
<i>irma</i>	49	WYULDA	32
<i>rufogrisea</i>	49	<i>squamicaudata</i>	32
<i>welsbyi</i>	48	X	
WALLABY, BANDED	41	xanthogaster, STENOBALENA	58
BLACK-GLOVED	49	xanthopus, PETROGALE	44
BLACK-TAILED	48	PHALANGISTA	31
BRUSH	49	xanthopygus, PHALANGISTA	44
NAIL-TAIL	41	XENOCHIRUS	23
PRETTY-FACE	49	XEROMYS	70
RED-NECKED	49	<i>myoides</i>	71
SANDY	47	Y	
SCRUB	49	youngi, RATTUS	74
SWAMP	48	Z	
WALLAROO	50	ZEBUA	54
WAMBERGER	8	ZERBUA <i>kangaru</i>	55
WATER RAT	69	ZIPHICES	60
weddelli, LEPTONYCHOTES	88	ZIPHORRHYNCHUS	60
OTARIA	88	ZIPIHIUS	60
welsbyi, MACROPUS	48	<i>chathamiensis</i>	61
WALLABIA	48	<i>layardii</i>	61
WHALE, BEAKED	61	<i>novaezealandiae</i>	61
BLACK	56	<i>sechellensis</i>	61
BLUE	57	ZYZOMYS	82
BOTTLENOSED	60	<i>argurus</i>	83
PIGMY RIGHT	56		
PIGMY SPERM	59		
PIKED	58		

Sept 22



