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No. 121.

1876.

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NEW

BEAUTIFUL & RARE

PLANTS

OFFERED BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S., F.R.G.S., F.Z.S.,  
F.R.H.S., M.A.I., F.R.B.S. & M.S.A.,

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NEW PLANT MERCHANT,

KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA,

LONDON, S.W.

Wm. Bull, Gand.  
1911



# Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS

Has been favoured with the distinguished patronage of  
 HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.  
 HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.  
 HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE CROWN PRINCESS OF PRUSSIA.  
 HIS SERENE HIGHNESS THE DUKE OF TECK.  
 HIS MAJESTY THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.  
 HIS MAJESTY THE EMPEROR OF AUSTRIA.  
 HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF SWEDEN.  
 HIS HIGHNESS THE VICEROY OF EGYPT.  
 HIS EXCELLENCY THE LORD LIEUTENANT OF IRELAND.  
 HIS IMPERIAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE CONSTANTINE.  
 SON ALTESSE LE PRINCE SALM.  
 SON ALTESSE LE PRINCE STIRBEY.

HER MAJESTY'S COMMISSIONERS OF BOARD OF WORKS AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS FOR ENGLAND.  
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SIR THOMAS DYKE ACLAND, BART.	The ROYAL GARDENS AT HYDE AND BATTERSEA PARKS
SIR FRANCIS SHUCKBURGH, BART., F.R.S.	The BOTANIC GARDENS, OXFORD, MANCHESTER, LIVERPOOL and HULL
SIR TREVOR WHEELER, BART.	The IMPERIAL GARDENS, ST. PETERSBURG
SIR THOMAS WHICHCOTE, BART.	The ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS, CALCUTTA and CEYLON
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AND MOST MEMBERS OF THE ARISTOCRACY IN THE UNITED KINGDOM INTERESTED IN HORTICULTURE.

## GARDENERS.

The greatest reliance may be placed on Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S recommendations, as every possible care is taken that only Gardeners (or Gardeners and Bailiffs) of thorough ability, practical experience, steady habits, and whose integrity is unimpeachable, are entered on his register.

# WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE IS NOW OFFERING FOR THE FIRST TIME MANY

## BEAUTIFUL PLANTS,

WHICH ARE

PERFECTLY NEW TO THIS COUNTRY,

COMPRISING INTRODUCTIONS FROM

MADAGASCAR, PERU, JAVA, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS,  
NEW CALEDONIA, ST. CATHERINE'S, RIO NEGRO, NICARAGUA,  
UNITED STATES OF COLOMBIA, COSTA-RICA, PARA, NATAL,  
JAPAN, ASCENSION, SOUTH SEA AND FIJI ISLANDS, &c., &c.

AN INSPECTION OF WHICH IS INVITED.

---

THE PRINCE CONSORT'S GOLD MEDAL,

THE LINDLEY MEDAL,

MANY GOLD BANKSIAN MEDALS,

AND

UPWARDS OF ONE THOUSAND PRIZES

AND AWARDS

HAVE BEEN MADE TO

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS ALONE,

AT THE PRINCIPAL LONDON FLOWER SHOWS.

Mr. W. BULL mentions this as conveying some idea of the importance of his collection.

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Mr. W. BULL begs to intimate that Ladies and Gentlemen possessing plants that have grown too large for their houses, can have them exchanged at his Establishment for New Plants.

Mr. W. B. wishes to remark that his attention is especially directed to the introduction of New, Rare, and Beautiful Plants, and that he will be happy to make arrangements with *Botanists* or *Naturalists* going abroad for the transmission of *Plants, Seeds, &c.*; and will be glad to purchase or make arrangements for the sending out of any first-rate *Seedling varieties of Plants* that may be raised by *Amateurs* or *Gardeners* in this country.



GEONOMA CARDERI.



ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.



PTERODISCUS SPECIOSUS.

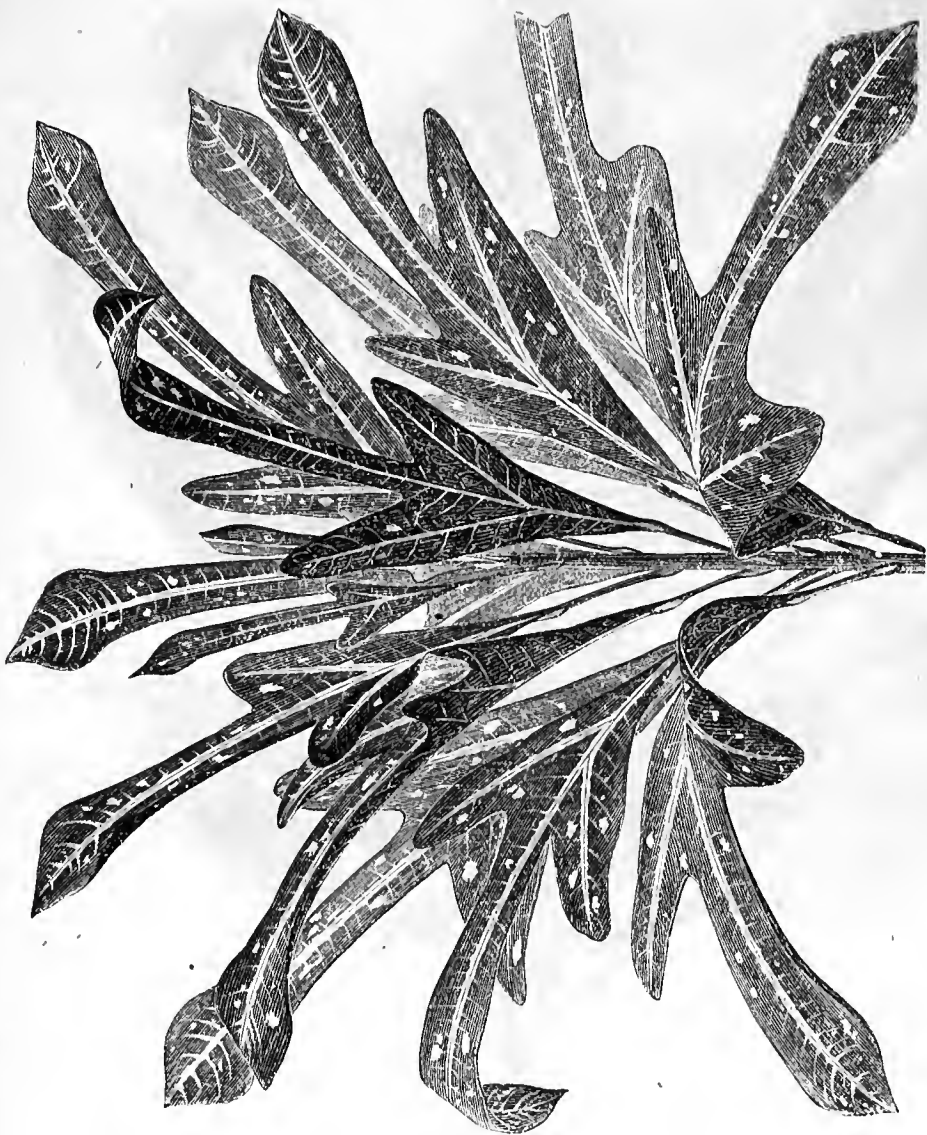
For description and price, *vide* page 11.



CROTON IMPERIALIS.

For description and price, *vide* page 5.





**CROTON - TRILOBUS.**

For description and price, *vide* page 6.



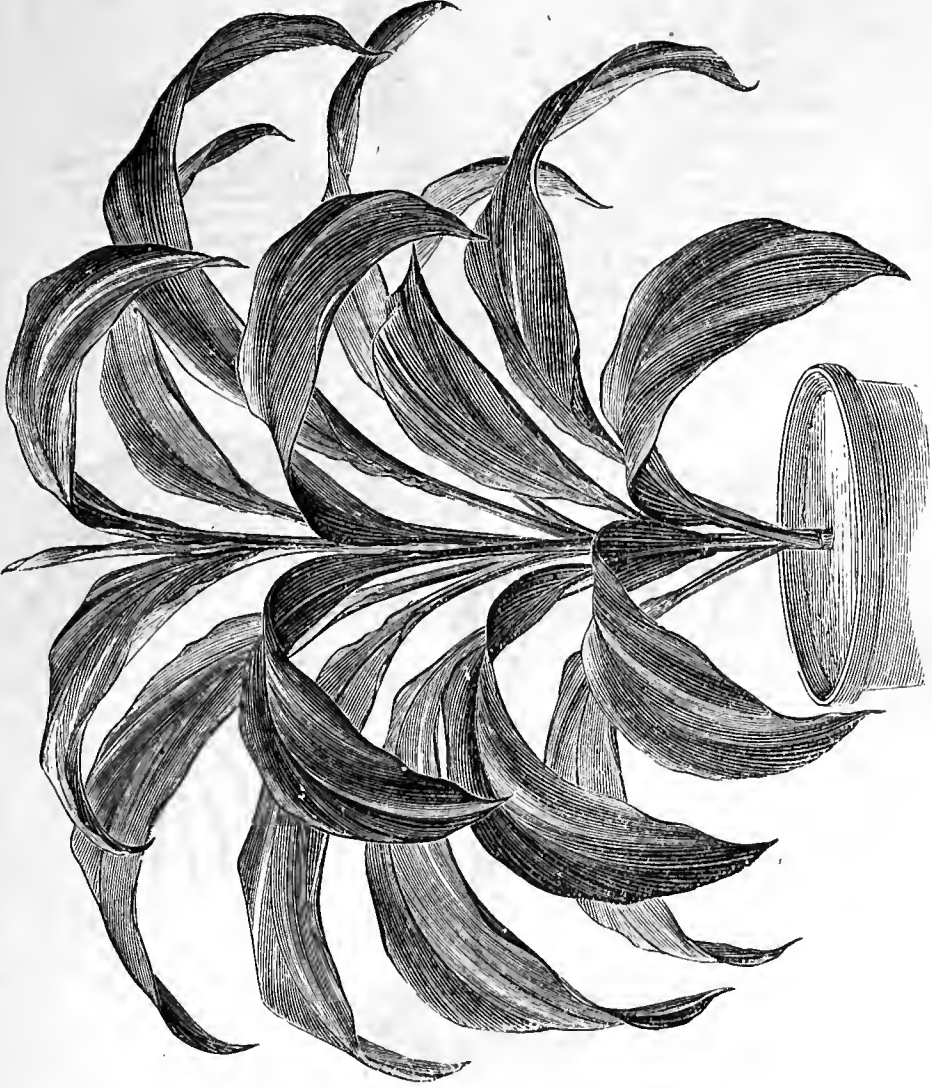
**CROTON PICTURATUS.**

For description and price, *vide* page 6.



GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.



DRACÆNA AMBOYNSIS.  
For description and price, *vide* page 8.



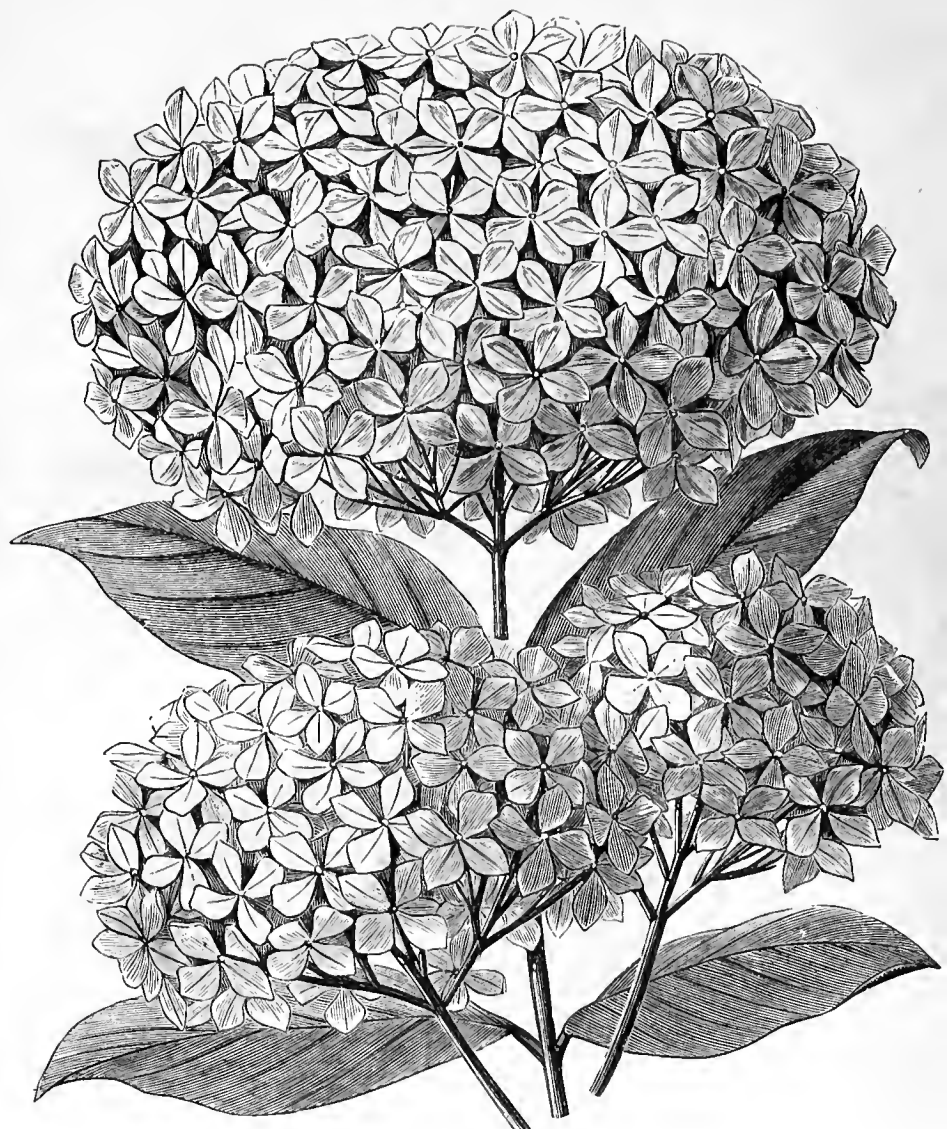
CHAMÆDOREA FORMOSA.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.



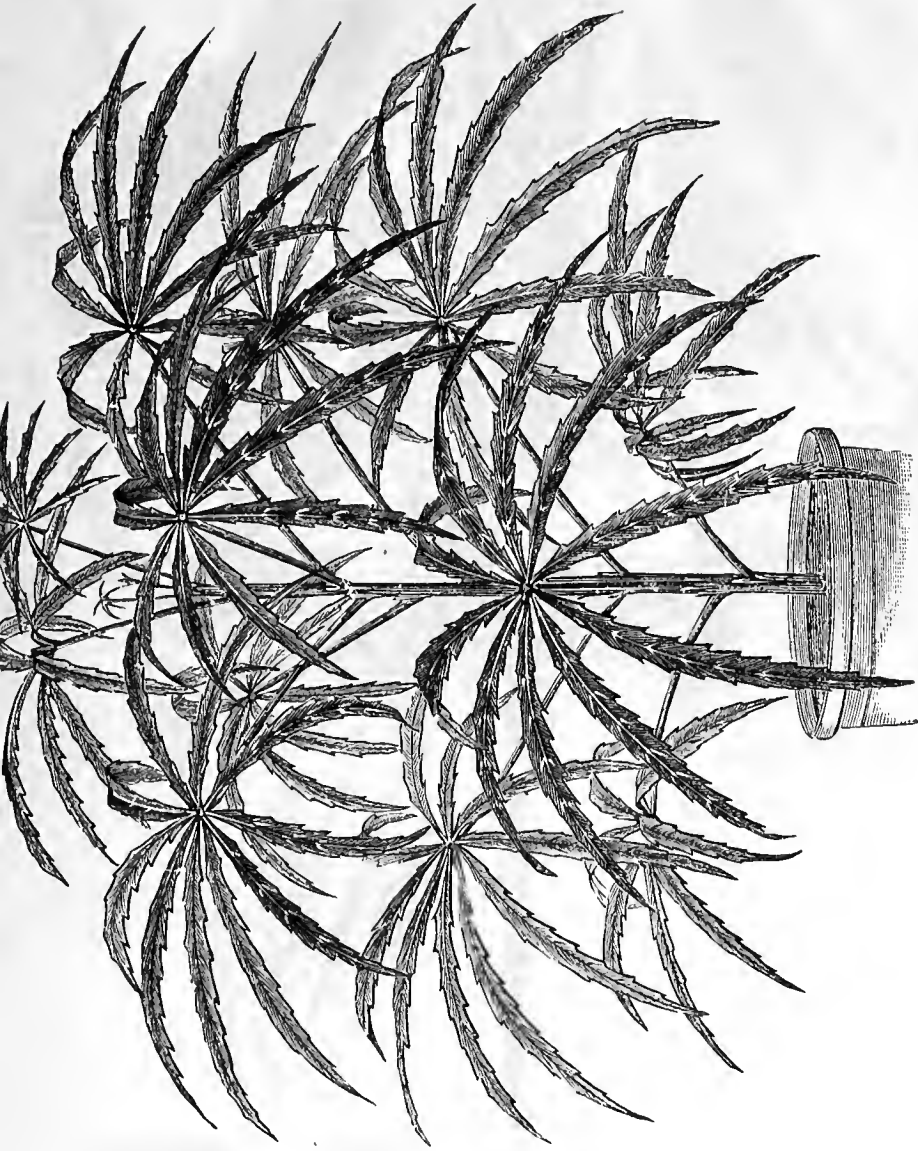
ARTOCARPUS CANNONI.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.



IXORA REGINA.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.



ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA.  
For description and price, *vide* page 3.





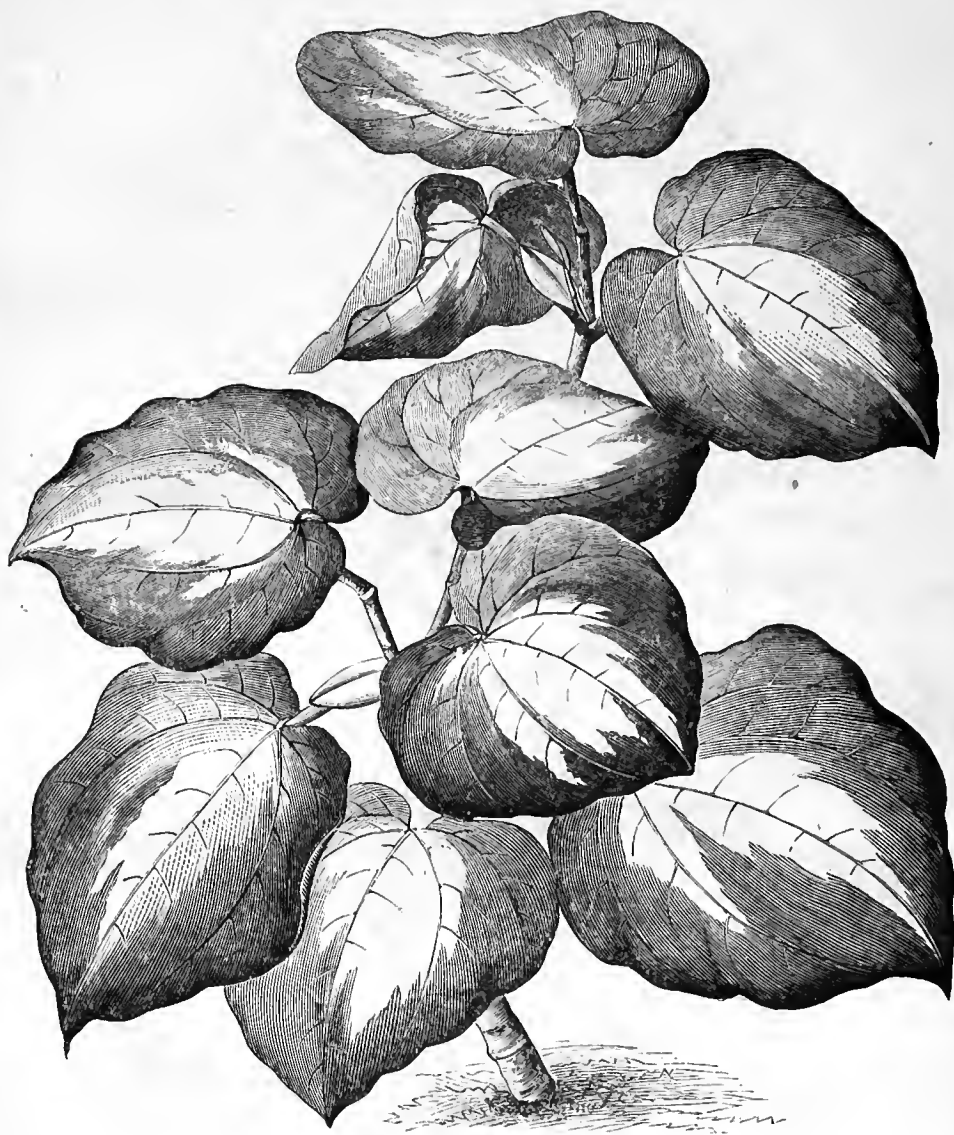
BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS.

For description and price, *vide* page 4.



GRIFFINIA ORNATA.

For description and price, *vide* page 9.



MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-PICTUM.

For description and price, *vide* page 10.



EUCHARIS CANDIDA.

For description and price, *vide* page 8.

# NEW PLANTS

ANNOUNCED FOR THE FIRST TIME

BY

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.

## ACALYPHA TORTA.

A free-growing stove plant, introduced from the Samoan Islands, remarkable for its curiously contorted foliage. It has erect stems, which are terete, and covered by the leaves in a very singular way. These leaves have a flattish dilated petiole, which, instead of being continued in the ordinary way as a mid-rib through the centre of the limb, becomes developed laterally so as to give the limb a decided twist, one side being fully developed and rounded, and the other side very much reduced. The actual outline of the blade of the leaf is semi-cordate, but this is not at all apparent from the manner in which the leaves are twisted around the stem in various directions. The colour is a dark olive-tinted green, and the margin is cut into blunt oblong segments. 10s. 6d.

## ARALIA ARMATA.

A fine-looking shrubby Indian species, having erect prickly stems and long-stalked bipinnate leaves, which give it a very elegant appearance. The leaf-stalks are prickly, like the stem, and the rachis of the leaves is articulated. The leaflets are ovate-acuminate, membranous, serrated, and beset on both surfaces with bristly hairs. The flowers are produced in a long downy panicle, the umbellules being many-flowered. It is the *Pandae armatum* of Wallich. In India, it ranges from Tavoy to Khasia and Sikkim. 10s. 6d.

## ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA.

The elegant and ornamental foliage of this handsome *Aralia* is of a deep green colour shaded with brown, the mid-rib of each leaflet being white. The stem is erect, and furnished with digitate leaves on long dark green foot-stalks, which are mottled with white; the filiform leaflets, being pendulous, impart a very graceful character to the plant. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands, and is a remarkably effective ornamental foliage plant. For illustration, *vide* page XII. 1½, 2, and 3 guineas.

\* \* \* The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. after his catalogue for 1875 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must be considered an introduction of 1875.

## ARALIA GRACILLIMA.

A single-stemmed erect-growing stove plant, of remarkably graceful habit and well adapted for decorative purposes. The stem is furnished at close intervals with alternate leaves spreading in all directions, of a dark green colour, with a prominent ivory-white central rib or costa, marked at frequent intervals, where the principal lateral nerves pass off, with a short white spine. The leaves, though almost linear, really taper to a point, and they are narrowed to the base. This plant bears a considerable resemblance to *A. reticulata*, but is much more elegant in all its parts. It is a native of the South Sea Islands. 15s.

## ARALIA MACULATA.

A shrubby species, having an erect stem, which, as well as the stalks of the leaves, is of a blackish purple hue, thickly spotted with green dots; this colouring is very peculiar, and is, moreover, conspicuous. The leaves, which are of the pinnate character, are membranaceous in texture, and of a light green colour; they consist of about four pairs of leaflets, which are oblong-acuminate, broad, and rounded at the base, the margins being sharply spinulose serrate. It has been recently introduced from the South Pacific Islands. 1 guinea.

**ARTOCARPUS CANNONI.**

This remarkably ornamental plant, which is a native of the Society Islands, was first made known to me by Mr. Walter Hill, of Brisbane, and was afterwards sent to me in a living state by Mr. Henderson, of Sydney. It is, without exaggeration, one of the finest coloured-leaved plants which it has ever been my good fortune to offer. The leaves are alternate and petiolate, the petiole and hairy costa being of a bright red colour. The leaves are of membranous texture, with a glossy upper surface, and of a rich full bronzy crimson hue, beautifully tinted with purple. The colouring is remarkably rich and constant, that of the under surface being of a bright vinous red. The form of the leaves varies greatly; some are simple and cordate at the base, with the apex irregularly lobate; some have the apex regularly three-lobed, with short entire lobes; some are deeply three-lobed, being divided nearly to the base, the segments themselves, of which the centre one is largest, being slightly sinuate-lobed. This variety of form, and the rich colouring of the polished surface, render this one of the most effective coloured-leaved plants of recent introduction. For illustration, *vide* page X. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; a few good plants, 1 guinea.

\* \* The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. after his catalogue for 1875 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must be considered an introduction of 1875.

**ASTROCARYUM GRANATENSE.**

This distinct and elegant Palm has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. It has brownish-looking leaf-stalks, which latter are armed with numerous scattered needle-shaped dark-coloured spines. The leaves themselves are pinnately parted, with oblong-acuminate segments, and the rachis is spiny, like the petiole, both on the upper and lower surfaces. 10s. 6d.

**BATEMANIA WALLISII.**

A magnificent species, freely producing spikes about a foot in length of very large and beautiful flowers of a reddish brown colour; the centre of the flower is veined with bright crimson, and surrounded with blotches of chocolate brown; the lip is veined with crimson. 5 guineas.

**BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS.**

This strikingly handsome greenhouse perennial gained the first prize as the best new flowering greenhouse plant at the Royal Horticultural Society's Exhibition in the summer of 1875. The stiff sub-erect distichous leaves are narrowly-linear, five to eight ribbed, and with a serrulate border. The scape is a foot high, bearing a corymb of many flowers, which are two and a half inches long, pendent, regularly funnel-shaped, with a bright crimson tube and deep golden yellow erect limb. It must be regarded as the most beautiful of the Blandfordias yet known. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for January, 1876, tab. 6209. For illustration, *vide* page XIII. 1½ and 2 guineas.

**BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA.**

This new Palm has been introduced from Lower California; it will succeed admirably in the greenhouse, and may probably prove hardy in some sheltered localities. It is of graceful habit and quick growth. The leaves are palmatifid, with numerous divisions and whitish filaments; the leaf-stalks are long, with brownish yellow spines. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**BRUGMANSIA COCCINEA.**

This desirable novelty has been discovered by that indefatigable collector, Mr. G. Wallis, in the United States of Colombia. It, like others of the family, is of easy growth, and, from the attractive character of its blossoms, is a valuable acquisition. The flowers are light bright scarlet, which showy colour, together with their large size, renders the plant an exceedingly effective object. 10s. 6d.

**CARUMBUM POLYANDRUM.**

A fine-looking stove plant, of erect-growing shrubby habit, with a glabrous terete stem. The leaves are alternate, with purplish petioles; the leaf-blades, which are broadly-ovate in outline, are of a clear-glaucous green above, and of a rich vinous purple beneath. The clear, smooth, unstained surface is a very beautiful example of soft waxy colouring. The plant has been introduced from Lord Howe's Island. 1 guinea.

**CHAMÆDorea FORMOSA.**

A very elegant and graceful Palm, introduced through Mr. Carder, from Tolima, South America. It belongs to the pinnate-leaved series. The petiole is smooth, with two channels on the face. The segments of the pinnately-parted leaves are very numerous, alternate, linear-lanceolate, eighteen inches long and three and a quarter inches wide, and drawn out into a very long thread-like point; these segments are set on to the rachis along the two channels or furrows above alluded to, and being very numerous, the whole plant has a strikingly elegant aspect. For illustration, *vide* page IX., 10s. 6d..

**COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA.**

A free-growing greenhouse plant from New Zealand, differing from the *C. Baueriana variegata* in having central instead of marginal variegation. The leaves are ovate and bluntly rounded, and they have a smooth surface of pale green, marked with blotches of pale yellow and creamy-white, spreading out from the mid-rib on one or both sides, and assuming a variety of grotesque forms. 10s. 6d.

**CRINUM ORNATUM RUBRO-VITTATUM.**

This beautiful Amaryllid, which has been imported from Brazil, somewhat resembles *C. ornatum*, but the blossoms instead of being striped and flushed with purple are white with a rosy crimson band along each segment. The flowers, which are freely produced in large umbels, are sessile, nodding, with a slender curving tube, and a campanulate limb, the segments moderately spreading, white, with a band or broad stripe of deep rosy crimson down the centre, evident on both surfaces. The brilliant and pleasing colouring, and the abundant flowers give the plant a very ornamental character. 10s. 6d..

\* \* The above plant was sent out by Mr. W. B. after his catalogue for 1875 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must be considered an introduction of 1875.

**CROTON BISMARCKI.**

A distinct and handsome form of Croton, one of the recent types introduced from the South Sea Islands, approaching to but distinct from the hastate group. The leaf is in fact almost panduriform or fiddle-shaped, with the basal half broadest and obovate, the middle part narrowed, and the apex again swollen out into an ovate form, but not attaining the breadth of the basal part. The colour is a deep green, with a broad band of golden yellow along the costa, and yellow markings indicating the course of the lateral veins, in addition to which a few slight yellow blotches are scattered over the surface. 2 guineas.

**CROTON CONCINNUS.**

This is a very desirable variety of Croton, one of the latest importations from the South Sea Islands. It is of close habit, particularly neat and chaste in its aspect, regular and well-marked as to variegation. The leaves are lanceolate, flat, from 5 to 9 inches long, the course of the mid-rib being marked by a well-defined broad yellow band, from which the principal lateral veins branch out in thin yellow lines, becoming more or less reticulated near the edge. Ultimately the yellow rib and transverse lines, which are all well-defined, become changed to crimson, so that the colouring is as rich as the plant is neat in habit. 1½ guinea.

**CROTON CONTORTUS.**

A very curious member of the great Croton family. The variegation is here less marked than in most of the other cultivated forms, but the variety of character assumed by the leaves is most remarkable. The leaf-blades are in their general form narrow and elongated, but in some cases they are very much undulated at the margin, in others they are spirally twisted, and in others again they are narrowed as well as undulated, and partially twisted, the degrees in which these changes take place being various. The apex of the leaf is rounded, the mid-rib or costa being excurrent in the form of a short thread before it reaches the apex. 1 guinea.

**CROTON IMPERIALIS.**

This is a remarkably fine form of Croton, from the New Hebrides. The leaves are very stout in texture, very unequal in length, bluntly rounded at the apex, and with the mid-rib excurrent in the form of an awl-shaped horn about an inch below the apex. Most of the leaves are twisted, the twisting occurring in various degrees, but it is usually as if the upper half of the leaf had been turned half round while the other portion had been fixed in the normal position. The course of the mid-rib, which takes on a crimson hue, is marked by a broader golden band, and the margin is coloured with crimson at the extreme edge, and within that by a broken line of yellow. The surface of the leaves is also mottled with yellow and red. The colouring of the foliage is very effective. For illustration, *vide* page IV. 1½ guinea.

\* \* The above Croton was sent out by Mr. W. B. after his catalogue for 1875 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must be considered an introduction of 1875.

**CROTON MACAFEEANUS.**

This is a very broad-leaved variety of Croton, and is a plant of remarkably free growth. The leaves are oblong, ovate, transversely marked near the centre with a system of mottled blotching extending from the mid-rib half way to the edge. The leaves are marked with distant but distinct yellow spots. It has been named in honour of a gentleman who is a celebrated amateur and patron of horticulture at the Antipodes, and who probably possesses the best and most complete collection of the Codium family extant. 1½ guinea.

## CROTON MORTII.

A strong-growing, robust, and finely-marked addition to this now comprehensive family. The leaves are large, oblong-elliptic or obovate, broadest on the upper half, acute or shortly acuminate at the apex, and narrowed to an acute base; they are of a very dark green colour, the costa being marked out by a band of golden yellow a quarter of an inch wide, and all the principal veins also being broadly marked with yellow; these latter markings meet near the edge, where there is a variegation of broken reticulated golden lines. The intermediate spaces are freckled with yellow dots. 1½ guinea.

## CROTON PICTURATUS.

A handsome and distinct variety of the polymorphous *Codiaeum* or *Croton*, which has been obtained from the New Hebrides. It is highly-coloured and effective, as well as curious in its development. The older leaves are some 18 inches long, and about an inch broad, somewhat irregular at the edge, and with a tendency towards spiral contortion. The mid-rib is bright red, and the surface is marked throughout in an irregular blotchy manner with clear yellow passing to red. In certain stages of growth leaves of a different character are produced; there is, for example, an oblong leafy peltate base, from the back of which the costa is continued like an excurrent thread, at the end of which is appended another elongate leafy portion, having a cupped or peltate base. The form of these parts is variable. For illustration, *vide* page VI. 2 guineas.

## CROTON ROYAL PRINCE.

A dense-habited variety from the South Sea Islands. The branches are well furnished with broad short obovate leaves, in which the costa is yellow, and the lateral veins indistinctly so, while the surface is freely blotched in every part with bright lemon yellow, producing a variegation somewhat resembling that of the well-known *Aucuba*. It is a distinct and effective variety. 1½ guinea.

## CROTON SPLENDIDUS.

A very handsome variety, introduced from the New Hebrides. It is in some respects like *C. majesticus*, for though altogether shorter in the leaves, it takes on the same rich crimson and yellow colouring, here and there relieved by a golden patch. The leaves are ligulate or strap-shaped, drooping, in the older ones very dark purplish green, with a crimson mid-rib and a line of yellow on each side the red; occasionally there are transverse yellow veins near the edge. The edge is sometimes plane, sometimes undulated, and not infrequently the lamina is spirally twisted for two or three turns. Sometimes the colour is bronze green with a red costa. The handsomest form of variegation it assumes is a bronzy ground colour, with a yellow rib, having a red line down the centre, and slender lateral veins, yellowish red above and below. 2 guineas.

## CROTON TRILOBUS.

In this we have the type of an entirely new race of *Crotons*, having lobate leaves, and therefore quite distinct from those already familiar in gardens. The present is the first of this type which was offered in commerce. The leaves are from 9 to 10 inches long, the lower third of their length being from 2½ to 3 inches wide, narrowing downwards towards the petiole; this broader portion forms in some cases a rounded shoulder, in others a short lobe; the middle portion of the leaf is narrowed, the sides being nearly parallel towards the base, but towards the shortly acuminate apex again bulging out slightly, so that this portion becomes broadest upwards. The more perfectly formed leaves have, in consequence, a kind of hastate or halberd-shaped outline, but with an elongated base. The costa and principal veins are marked out by lines of golden yellow, and the leaves are variously reticulated and spotted with the same on a green ground; the veins themselves eventually take on a crimson hue, and the same is extended to the spots, while more or less of the orange tint, caused by the blending of the yellow and red, becomes suffused over the surface, and the underside is of a uniform wine-red in the mature stages. It is a thoroughly distinct and remarkably handsome addition to our collection of ornamental-foliaged plants. For illustration, *vide* page V. 2 guineas.

\* \* \* The above *Croton* was sent out by Mr. W. B. after his Catalogue for 1875 was published; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must be considered an introduction of 1875.

## CROTON TRILOBUS ALBERTI.

This is one of the hastifolous forms of *Croton* which has been recently introduced from the Islands of the South Sea. In the present form the leaves are wedge-shaped at the base, with a pair of lateral lobes, produced at different points in different leaves, but within the lower half of the leaf, the middle lobe being oblong-spatulate, bulged near the end, and terminating in a short acute point. The middle and lateral veins are yellow, while a few yellow dots are scattered aberrantly here and there over the surface—this yellow colouring passing to red as it acquires age and exposure. 2 guineas.



**CROTON TRILOBUS DISRAELI.**

A handsome variety, bearing long-stalked leaves, widening upwards from a wedge-shaped base, and diverging usually into a pair of nearly opposite and equal basal lobes, but sometimes unequally developed, one or other of the lobes being reduced to a roundish shoulder; above this they are contracted, and then near the apex they are somewhat widened again, and then narrowed to an acute point; they are nearly or quite 2 feet long, and have the costa and most of the ribs of a golden yellow, with scattered spots of the same colour. These yellow markings take on a crimson tint on full exposure, like most of the other kinds. 2 guineas.

**CROTON TRILOBUS LORD CAIRNS.**

A fine variety of the three-lobed section of *Codiaeum*, with rich green foliage spotted with yellow, the mid-rib also being yellow; the leaves are wedge-shaped at the base, with two lateral lobes in the lower half of the leaf. The long middle lobe is broader at the end, and terminates in a short acute point. 2 guineas.

**CROTON TRILOBUS TRAVELLER.**

One of the three-lobed or hastiferous varieties of *Croton*, having, like the rest of that series, leaves with a long central and two short lateral lobes. These leaves are of a dark green colour, and are marked by a yellow mid-rib and a few yellow scattered spots. It was imported from the South Sea Islands. 2 guineas.

**DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS.**

A dwarf-growing stove plant imported from Tolima, in the United States of Colombia. The leaves are large and bold, and very thick in texture. The leaf-blades are obovate-acuminate, with a glossy surface, the colour in the younger leaves being a bright green mottled with yellow-green, the blotches being most on the anterior half. The plant is remarkable also for its very thick costa, which at the base is more than half-an-inch across, and tapers rapidly upwards. 15s.

**DIEFFENBACHIA FLAVO-VIRENS.**

A well-marked stove plant, with erect, fleshy, but rather slender stems, of the type usual in this genus. The leaves have a longish petiole, the blade is oblong-lanceolate cuspidate, covered over nearly the whole surface with yellow green, the extreme edge here and there a small blotch, and the fine veins of the outer half all being of a dark bottle green. This marking produces near the edge a kind of striate reticulation of dark green on the paler yellow green ground. The under surface is also striately venose. It is a native of Colombia. 15s.

**DIEFFENBACHIA ILLUSTRIS.**

A stout-habited stove plant of noble character, having erect stems, which bear bold and finely marked leaves. The blade is large, oblong ovate, distinctly cordate at the base, marked all over with irregular blotches of yellowish green, and with a tendency to become yellow along the course of the principal ribs. It is a native of the district of Tolima in the United States of Colombia. 15s.

**DIEFFENBACHIA LANCEOLA.**

This will form a little gem for those who have but limited stove accommodation, being of small growth as compared with the ordinary forms of *Dieffenbachia*. The leaf-blades are five to eight inches long, lanceolate or somewhat falcato-lanceolate, of a dark green, with a narrow feathery central silvery band, spreading a little on each side the costa. It is a pretty miniature form amongst the more stately members of this interesting family of stove plants; and has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. 15s.

**DIEFFENBACHIA MACULOSA.**

A stove plant of moderate stature, introduced from the United States of Colombia. It has the usual habit of other *Dieffenbachias*, the leaf-stalks being of a grayish green, margined and stem-clasping for about two-thirds of their length, semi-terete above, and the blades being oblong acuminate, rounded but not narrowed to the base, deep green, blotched on the central part with irregular patches of creamy white. 15s.

**DIEFFENBACHIA VITTATA.**

A perfectly distinct and very effective stove plant, the leaf-blades lanceolate, somewhat oblique, drooping when mature, the surface of a grayish green, marked on each side the yellow green mid-rib with a narrowish feathery band of silver about three-fourths of an inch broad in the centre of the space between the costa and the margin. This has been imported from the district of Tolima, in the United States of Colombia. The distinct character of the marking, and the unusual form and drooping position assumed by the leaves, mark this out as a valuable addition to our collections of ornamental-leaved plants. 15s.

**DRACÆNA AMBOYNSIS.**

This plant was found growing on the crater of Amboyna. It is remarkable for the strongly-marked and decided colouring of the lower half of the leaves. These are oblong-lanceolate acuminate, of a deep bronzy tinted green, the lower half having a distinct edging a quarter of an inch wide, of bright rosy carmine. The petioles are tinted with rosy purple, and the leaves are spreading and gracefully arching. For illustration, *vide* page VIII. 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA AMENA.**

A robust growing variety, of somewhat erect habit, with gracefully arching oblong-acuminate leaves of a rich green colour bordered with creamy white, outside which is a narrow marginal stripe of bright rose; the under surface slightly tinted with purple. 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA COCCINEA.**

An extremely distinct and attractive variety of bold and somewhat erect habit, close compact growth, and having densely-set foliage. The leaf-blade is broadly ovate-oblong, dark green, veined and marbled with reddish crimson; sometimes suffused with purplish rose. It was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 1½ guinea.

**DRACÆNA DECORA.**

A distinct and attractive variety, with acuminate leaves of a dark olive green colour, striped and banded with rosy crimson; the colour extending down into the edge of the petiole; some of the leaves are occasionally bordered with cream colour and have a crimson outer margin; the young foliage often being almost entirely cream colour, flushed and edged with rose. 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA EBURNEA.**

This splendid variety is of bold habit and vigorous compact growth; the leaves, which are broadly acuminate, are of a light green colour and margined with pure white. It is an extremely distinct and effective variety. 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA REX.**

A very handsome form of *Dracæna* of hybrid origin. It is of bold character and highly-coloured. The leaves are erect, broadly lanceolate or oblong-lanceolate, upwards of a foot in length, and of a bronzy green colour, flushed with rosy purple, the blades freely streaked with bright carmine rose; the petioles are margined with purplish rose, and the back of the costa is of the same cheerful colour. It has been Certificated both by the Royal Horticultural and the Royal Botanic Societies, and is really a very fine and attractive plant. 1½ guinea.

**DRACÆNA ROSACEA.**

A compact-habited dense-growing variety with gracefully recurving leaves, which are oblong-acuminate in form, of a dark bronzy green colour broadly margined with bright pink; some of the younger leaves being almost entirely of a light creamy pink colour. 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA STELLA.**

A very elegant growing variety of spreading habit with long gracefully recurved foliage; the leaf blades, which are oblong acuminate in form, are of a rich green colour banded with creamy white and bright rose. 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA VIRGINALIS.**

An elegant-growing variety with long narrowish acuminate leaves of a light bright green colour distinctly margined with pure white. The elegant arching habit of this variety renders it exceedingly ornamental. 1 guinea.

**EUCHARIS CANDIDA.**

No plant among my recent introductions has been so puzzling as this. It has been received from one of my collectors in the United States of Colombia as a new species. On its flowering, however, it proves to be identical with the plant figured and described by Planchon as *Eucharis candida*. But the plant at present in cultivation as *E. candida* is not the same which Planchon figured. That now offered quite agrees with this figure; for, as well shown in Planchon's plate, it has ovate-oblong long-necked bulbs instead of small globular neckless bulbs, as in the plant now in gardens. The foliage of the two plants is also altogether dissimilar, the true *E. candida* having a leaf with a long flat petiole, and a broadly elliptic-acuminate curved blade, decurrent at the base. The scape is compressed, bearing an umbel of several nodding flowers, which have a slender decurved tube about two inches long; the yellowish tinted corona funnel-shaped and projecting about an inch, the lobes suddenly contracting into short awl-shaped filaments.

This *Eucharis* will be an universal favourite, the blossoms are so extremely chaste and beautiful, of waxy whiteness, and the segments so elegantly recurved. For illustration, *vide* page XVI. 10s. 6d.

**ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR.**

A free-growing stove plant, of the soft-wooded section, introduced from the islands of the South Pacific Ocean. Its stems are terete, and of a brownish purple colour. The leaves are opposite or ternate and oblong-obovate. The colour is olive green, blotched very irregularly with grayish purple and salmony pink, the tints being varied more or less according as the colours are here and there differently blended. The tendency of the marking is, however, for the older leaves to be mottled with purple, and the younger ones to assume more of the salmony tint. For illustration, *vide* page 11. 10s. 6d.

**FICUS ROEZLII.**

A stout-growing South American stove plant. The leaves are rounded at the base, acuminate at the apex, leathery in consistence, of a dark green colour above, and on the under side beautifully reticulated, the costa, principal veins, and all the minute reticulations of the venation being distinctly marked out by lines of deep wine-red colour. 10s. 6d.

**GEONOMA CARDERI.**

A splendid stove Palm from the United States of Colombia, of a very ornamental character, with strongly ribbed leaves. The petioles of the leaves are without spines, flat on the upper, and rounded and asperous on the lower face, with the angles acute. The laminae is pinnately parted, the segments unequal in width, varying from about half an inch to two and a half inches broad, while the upper part is confluent into a broad bilobed apex. It has been named in compliment to one of Mr. W. B.'s collectors, who discovered and sent it to this country. For illustration, *vide* page 1. 10s. 6d.

**GRIFFINIA ORNATA.**

A beautiful new winter-blooming bulbous plant from Brazil. It has elliptic-oblong leaves, the margins so much recurved that a cross section would almost describe a semi-circle. The flower-scape is from a foot to a foot and a half high, and bears an umbel of about two dozen flowers, which forms a spreading head of some eight or nine inches across. The flowers are of a delicate bluish lilac, fading off to nearly white, and remaining for a considerable period in beauty. It is a valuable acquisition among our handsome flowering bulbous plants. For illustration, *vide* page XIV. 1 guinea.

**GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA.**

This magnificent plant was discovered in the United States of Colombia by M. Roetzl. It has a smooth slender woody stem, clothed with elongate linear-lanceolate acuminate leaves, undulated and sharply serrated on the margin. The flowers grow from the axils of the leaves in the young plants, and from the older leafless parts of the trunk in older ones; they are solitary or in pairs, 4 inches in diameter, of a charming rose colour, consisting of eight obovate oblong petals, with the yellow incurved-stamined tube bearing numerous densely packed purple anthers, in a ring of an inch or more across. It is one of the grandest and most remarkable flowering plants of recent introduction. It was figured in the *Botanical Magazine* for March, 1875, Tab. 6151. For illustration, *vide* page VII. 3 guineas.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA SINENSIS) BRILLIANTISSIMA.**

A superb variety with large single flowers of the richest and most brilliant crimson scarlet, flushed with orange. The flower is fully 5½ inches across, spreading almost flat, but having a short funnel-shaped base formed by the convergence of the bases of the petals, which are in that part stained with a deeper crimson, and overlapping each other so that they form a circular flower. 10s. 6d.

**ISOLOMA MOLLIS.**

A pretty stove Gesneraceous plant, of soft shrubby habit, introduced from South America. The flowers are produced in the axils of the leaves on long red pedicels; the corolla being tubular, about two inches long, bulged in the upper part, where it is bright scarlet, the lower half being paler, and the five rounded limb-segments are yellow, spotted with crimson, the throat being also spotted. 5s.

**IXORA REGINA.**

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, freely producing large dense trusses very full of pips, which are of a rich violet salmon colour. It is of a dwarfer and more compact habit than *I. Williamsii*, and the flowers are of a deeper shade of colour; the trusses are of somewhat similar shape to those of *I. coccinea*, but the plant is much more compact in growth than that variety. It is a most superb and effective flowering plant. For illustration, *vide* page XI. 15s. and 1 guinea.

**LILIUM BLOMERIANUM OCELLATUM.**

A very beautiful hardy Lily of dense and stocky habit. The flowers grow in the axils of the upper leafy-bracts; they are large, of a rich tawny orange, spotted nearly to the tips of the perianth segments with large spots, all the upper and larger of which are crimson with a black central spot; the perianth segments are broad oblong with a short and somewhat acute point. The anthers are of a brownish orange hue. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

**LILIUM TIGRINUM JUCUNDUM.**

This bright and cheerful looking Lily has been imported from Japan. It has erect green stems, and linear lanceolate glossy leaves. The flowers, of which several are borne on a stem, each spring from the axil of an oblong-ovate limb, and are nodding. The perianth segments are spreading and moderately recurved, of a light cinnabar red, marked in the lower half by scattered black dots, furrowed towards the base, and then bearing a few papillae. The filaments and style are orange coloured, and the anthers chocolate red. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.

\* \* The above two Lilies were sent out by Mr. W. B. last year; so that although now catalogued for the first time, they must be considered as introductions of 1875.

**MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-PICTUM.**

A low-growing densely branched evergreen aromatic greenhouse plant, a native of New Zealand. It has terete stems, furnished with numerous ovate-cordate leaves, which have the surface marked by five to seven depressed lines representing the principal nerves; they are somewhat wavy at the edge, green, marked with an irregular blotch of creamy yellow extending more or less from the base upwards. The petioles have the usual peculiar sheathing stipule, which becomes unfolded and forms a curious looking wing at the base of the leaf-stalks. The leaves of the green-leaved type are used to cure tooth-ache. For illustration, *vide* page XV. 1 guinea.

**MECONOPSIS WALLICHII.**

A charmingly beautiful Poppy-wort of perennial duration, which, though cultivated at Kew some time since, is not now to be found in commerce. It is a native of the Sikkim Himalaya, where it was gathered by Dr. Hooker who sent seeds to the Royal Gardens. Its large drooping flowers are arranged on an elongated leafy raceme; they are two inches across, and of a pale clear blue colour, a dense ring of orange yellow stamens surrounding the ovary occupying the centre. Though a perennial plant, it is probable that like many others of the order, it may have a tendency to die out if not frequently renewed from seed. 10s. 6d.

**ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM.**

This superb new *Odontoglossum* has been imported from Ecuador, and is a much more handsome species than the still rare *O. nevium*, somewhat resembling it in colour and character, but infinitely superior; it produces fine strong branched spikes of blossom, each flower three to four inches across, white, marked and spotted in the way of *O. nevium*; exceedingly chaste and beautiful. 2 & 3 guineas.

**ONCIDIUM CARDERI.**

A distinct and beautiful species discovered by Mr. W. Bull's collector, Mr. Carder, in the United States of Colombia. In growth it somewhat resembles *O. zebrium*. The flowers, which are of a large size, are borne in a most profuse panicle; they are of a light coffee-brown colour, half of the petals being white; the superior part of the paurdate lip yellow, and the anterior part of a beautiful pink. The half-white petals afford quite a novel ornament and remind one of some of the *Vandas*. Price on application.

\* \* The above *Oncidium* was sent out by Mr. W. B. last year; so that although now catalogued for the first time, it must be considered an introduction of 1875.

**PHALÆNOPSIS CASTA.**

A distinct and beautiful variety, with thinly spotted leaves, the spots finally disappearing on the oldest leaves. The flowers somewhat resemble those of *P. amabilis*, the lip having the characteristic callus, and the bases of the upper sepals and petals being tinged with purple. This lovely variety, having the splendid white flowers of *P. amabilis*, with the addition of a charming tint of blushing purple, is quite unrivalled in its chaste beauty. Price on application.

**PHALÆNOPSIS LEUCORRHODA.**

A charming variety, producing lovely flowers, which have the tendrils of the middle partition of the lip very thin and long, similar to those of *P. amabilis*; the callus also is like that of *P. amabilis*, but yellow; the petals have a rosy hue, the lines of the lateral partitions of the lip being brownish, there being much yellow over the whole lip, and numerous brownish dots on the lateral sepals inside. All the sepals are yellowish green outside. The shape of the flowers resembles that of *P. Schilleriana*. Price on application.

\* \* The above two *Phalænopsis* were sent out by Mr. W. B. last year; so they must be considered as introductions of 1875.

## PESCATORIA ROEZLII.

A lovely species, introduced from Ecuador, producing very large flowers, which are white, with the anterior part of all the six segments marked with violaceous blue. The lip is quite distinct, the tip broad and reflexed, somewhat resembling the tail of a swallow. 5 guineas.

## PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS.

This is a native of the South Sea Islands, and forms a slender growing stove plant. In habit and aspect it is the counterpart of *P. nivosus*, having similar terete stems, which are of a purplish hue, and furnished with rich dark purple leaves, which are bluntly ovate in form. The plant is deciduous during the resting season, and puts forth its new leaves at first of a dark green colour, but the purple hue is soon developed under the influence of light, and the plants then become robed in purple. 10s. 6d.

## PITCAIRNIA PLATYPHYLLA.

A very handsome Bromeliad, requiring, like most of its allies, the temperature of the stove. It has erect-patent parchment-like leaves, bright green above and whitish beneath. The flowers are somewhat panicled, and are large, of a deep crimson colour, and very showy. It is a native of the West Indies. 10s. 6d.

## POLYGONUM TOMENTOSUM.

A perennial herbaceous plant, native of India, and hence requiring the protection of a greenhouse in winter. It will be useful for sub-tropical gardening during the summer, since it has large oblong-lanceolate leaves, which are very much attenuated at the apex, and are covered on both surfaces, but especially beneath, with grayish cottony hairs. The flowers are of a clear rosy pink, and grow in erect spike-formed panicles at the tips of the branches. 10s. 6d.

## PTERODISCUS SPECIOSUS.

A handsome greenhouse perennial, requiring full exposure to sunlight. It has large globose tuberous roots, the upper part of which is elevated above the earth, producing from its summit a stem which divides into several erect thick branches, reaching 2 feet high, furnished with opposite sinuate dentate leaves, and bearing showy flowers in the axils of the leaves. These flowers are large, with a funnel-shaped tube, and a spreading five-lobed limb of a beautiful lilac or reddish purple colour, rendering the plant well worthy of cultivation for its ornamental qualities. It flowers during the early part of the summer. This species has been collected and sent from South Africa by Mr. Naylor, an amateur much interested in horticultural pursuits. For illustration, *vide* page III. 10s. 6d.

## RICHARDIA MELANOLEUCA.

A remarkably beautiful greenhouse tuberous-rooted perennial from South Africa, rivalling in its ornamental qualities the well-known African Lily, *Richardia ethiopia*. It grows about 2 feet in height, throwing up from the tuberous root a small tuft of acuminate leaves with spreading basal lobes, the surface of which is dark green, with numerous oblong translucent spots following the direction of the veins; the spathe is 3 inches long and about the same in breadth when it is spread open, which it does to the very base, the colour being a pale straw yellow with a large dark purple spot at the base; the spadix is short with the upper or male portion of a bright orange yellow. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5,765. 1 guinea.

## RONNBERGIA MORRENIANA.

A very distinct Bromeliaceous plant, having somewhat the aspect of a Dieffenbachia in its stoutish erect stems and long-stalked leaves, whose blade is marbled with pale and dark green intermixed; the sub-cordate base of the leaves is unequal, and the apex acuminate, while the colour consists of dark green broken zoned blotches, thickly distributed on a yellowish green ground. The flowers are in a close erect thyrsoid panicle, with white tubulose corolla, and short spreading blue limb. It is one of M. Roetz's discoveries in the United States of Colombia. 1 guinea.

## TYPHONIUM BROWNII.

A curious and rather showy Aroid from sub-tropical Australia. The leaves are three-lobed, deep green, accompanied by the spathes, which are shorter than the leaves, but being long and high coloured are conspicuous and ornamental. They are 4 to 7 inches long, on a stout scape, the ovoid tubes green, as is the exterior of the limb, which is of a lurid purple fasciated with darker lines within, and of a broadly ovate acuminate form. 7s. 6d.

## VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA.

A slender-habited greenhouse plant of the Labiate order, introduced from the South Sea Islands. It has downy branches, which are furnished with opposite leaves; these in this variety have a marginal variegation of white, which in some places leads to irregularity of outline. The flowers are violet purple. 7s. 6d.

## NEW ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

- AILSA**, rich crimson, shaded with carmine scarlet and tinted with violet; trusses close and compact. 5s.
- BARINGO**, a pretty, clean flower; pure white, with bright rosy salmon centre. 7s. 6d.
- CASCADE**, soft rosy carmine; a fine large flower; distinct and effective. 5s.
- CATO**, under petals rosy magenta crimson, with slight violet shade; upper petals scarlet shaded with violet. 5s.
- EGERIA**, a very pretty variety, with rosy peach flowers, shaded with magenta. 5s.
- HIDALGO**, fine large flowers, of an intensely rich and bright scarlet colour; of good form and substance. 7s. 6d.
- MINDORA**, blush white, with bright salmon ring around the centre of the flower. 5s.
- PABELLON**, deep cerise, suffused and shaded with orange scarlet; very fine. 7s. 6d.
- PORTLA**, salmon, with light margin; very large and stout flowers, of excellent form. 7s. 6d.
- URBINO**, rosy violet; a very pretty shade of colour; flowers of fine form. 5s.
- VELINDRA**, magenta crimson, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 7s. 6d.
- XANTHO**, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower; white eye; very pretty. 5s.

*For General Collection, vide Index.*

## NEW NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

- CAMERINO**, a magnificent variety, producing enormous trusses of rich rosy cerise flowers. 7s. 6d.
- INGOMAR**, bright rose, shaded with magenta and crimson; fine large truss. 5s.
- OMPHALE**, rosy peach, with cerise shading; a very pretty flower; trusses large and fine. 7s. 6d.
- RINALDO**, soft magenta, shaded with rose and violet; a large showy flower. 5s.
- ROSARIO**, blush, shaded with pink towards the centre, which is pure white; immense truss; very fine flowers. 7s. 6d.
- TISON**, very fine large flowers, of a magnificent rich shade of magenta crimson; very showy. 7s. 6d.

*For General Collection, vide Index.*

## NEW FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

- AQUILON**, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy violet and edged with white; lower petals white, blotched with rich crimson and shaded with rosy purple. 7s. 6d.
- ARIADNE**, rich rosy crimson, edged with white; the under petals deep rose margined with white; white centre; a pretty flower. 7s. 6d.
- CABELLO**, a very fine large flower; upper petals soft rosy pink, lighter in the centre of the petals; lower petals of a very delicate rose colour, margined with white; clear white centre. 10s. 6d.
- ETHEL**, upper petals rich crimson margined with white; the centre of the petals shaded with violet; under petals rosy crimson margined with white; large white eye; very fine. 10s. 6d.
- IXION**, very deep rich dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with rose; light centre, distinct and pretty. 7s. 6d.
- MINHO**, upper petals rosy pink, margined with white; under petals blush, shaded with rich pink; white centre. 7s. 6d.
- PIZARRO**, a beautiful flower, of fine form; the upper petals soft rosy crimson, shaded with violet and edged with pale lavender; the under petals blush white, blotched with rose; light centre; very distinct and attractive. 10s. 6d.
- RIVAL**, a splendid variety; top petals rich dark velvety purplish crimson, beautifully shaded with violet and margined with pale rose; lower petals deep violet rose, blotched with dark crimson and edged with white; clear white centre. 10s. 6d.
- SANCHO**, upper petals very rich deep crimson, shaded with violet; under petals light violet crimson; large white centre; a very fine flower of good shape. 10s. 6d.

*For General Collection, vide Index.*

## NEW BRONZE AND GOLD PELARGONIUMS.

- CYMBA**, a fine variety, with nice smooth round leaves of a golden yellow ground colour ornamented with a vandyke cinnamon coloured zone. 7s. 6d.
- EVELINE**, leaf-disc bright yellow, surrounded with a rich bronzy crimson zone, and margined with golden yellow. 7s. 6d.
- MARTIUS**, golden yellow centre; attractive vandyke zone of a rich bronzy crimson colour, margined with rich yellow; an extremely showy variety. 7s. 6d.
- PAREPA**, centre of leaf pale yellow; narrow but distinct and attractive zone of a dark chocolate colour; greenish yellow margin; leaves smooth and round; good habit. 7s. 6d.
- PERIPLUS**, a fine variety with richly-coloured foliage; leaf-centre yellow, surrounded with broad dark crimson zone, and narrowly margined with golden yellow. 7s. 6d.
- THALIA**, small deep yellow leaf disc; very broad dark chestnut brown zone; narrow golden yellow margin; neat foliage; compact habit. 7s. 6d.

*For General Collection, vide Index.*

# NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE STOVE PLANTS.

## ACALYPHA MARGINATA.

This remarkably fine and elegant stove plant, which is a native of the Fijis, is very distinct, not only in the form of its leaves, but also in their markings, from the *A. Wilkesiana* (*tricolor*) previously introduced. It is of a rather stontish and vigorous habit, having the erect stems furnished with stalked leaves, the margin beset with very distinct and somewhat distant saw-like teeth, into each of which run out one or two branches from the marginal vein. The leaves are green, with a variable border of rose colour, averaging about one-eighth of an inch in breadth. The flowers are small and inconspicuous, in tail-like spikes. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

## ACALYPHA TORTA, *vide* page 3.

**ACALYPHA WILKESIANA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**ACANTHUS MONTANUS**, 3s. 6d.  
**ACHIMENES**, *vide* Index.  
**ADANSONIA DIGITATA**, 10s. 6d.  
**ADELASTER ALBIVENIUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**ADENANTHERA PAVONINA**, 7s. 6d.  
**ÆCHMEA AMAZONICA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **DISCOLOR**, 5s.  
 „ **FULGENS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **MARIE REGINÆ**, 15s. and  
 1 guinea

**ÆSCHYNANTHUS**, of sorts, at 3s. 6d.  
**AGLAONEMA COMMUTATUM**, 3s. 6d.  
**ALLAMANDA CATHARTICA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **CHELSONI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **GRANDIFLORA**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.  
 „ **HENDERSONI**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **NERIIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **NOBILIS**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **SCHOTTII**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **VIOLACEA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## ALOCASIA HYBRIDA.

A fine hybrid, raised in Mr. W. BULL'S establishment, between *A. Lowii* and *A. metallica*. The leaves are of a deep olive-tinted green on the upper surface, having stout well-defined ribs and the margin of an ivory white; they are of a dull purple at the back, elliptic in outline, with a short acuminate point, and very slightly parted at the base, in which respect the new variety differs most conspicuously from *A. Lowii*, which has the leaves deeply parted. The young leaves are of a bronzy tint while unfolding. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**ALOCASIA GIGANTEA**, 5s.  
 „ **ILLUSTRIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **INTERMEDIA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 „ **JENNINGSII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **LOWII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d., strong  
 plants, 15s. and 1 guinea

**ALOCASIA MACRORRHIZA VARIE-**  
**GATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **MARSHALLII**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.  
 „ **METALLICA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **(SCHISTOCASIA) PORTEI**,  
 1½ and 2 guineas.

## ALOCASIA ROEZLII.

A handsome-foliaged stove perennial, with the habit of a *Caladium*, furnished with tuberous root-stocks, and having broad peltate leaves, upwards of a foot in length. The leaf-stalks are terete, greenish mottled with purple; the blades are sagittate-ovate in outline, acute or shortly acuminate, the two basal lobes being slightly divergent. The colour is a dark bottle-green, variegated with grayish or silvery angular spots and blotches. It was discovered by M. Roetzl, in the United States of Colombia. 1 guinea.

## ALOCASIA ROEZLII COSTATA.

This, like the preceding, is a handsome-foliaged stove perennial. The leaves, as in *A. Roetzlii*, are of a deep bottle-green, paler beneath, the upper surface marked with numerous angular spots and blotches of silvery-gray, larger towards the centre, but they differ from the type in having the course of the costa or mid-rib marked out by a tapering band of silver gray. It, with the typical form, was introduced from the United States of Colombia. 1 guinea.

**ALOCASIA VEITCHII**, 10s. 6d.

| **ALOCASIA ZEBRINA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



ALPINIA VITTATA.

This variegated perennial, from the South Sea Islands, is very striking, the underground rhizome producing erect pseudostems (formed by the clasping sheaths of the leaves), and these supporting several leaves, which are 6 to 8 inches long, elliptic-lanceolate, tapering off to a long fine point, and also narrowed gradually towards the sheathing base; they are pale green, and marked by broad stripes of dark green and of creamy white, running off from the mid-rib in divergent lines corresponding to the venation. Being variously marked, the leaves have a pretty effect, the yellow colour in some, and pale green and dark green in others, here and there preponderating. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

#### AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) HENDERSONI COCCINEA.

A very fine variety, similar to *A. Hendersoni* in habit, equally attractive and beautiful, and blooming at the same desirable period. The only difference is that the predominating colour, instead of being rich crimson, is scarlet. 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.



**AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) HENDERSONI.**

A magnificent variety, freely producing its fine showy flowers during the mid-winter months. The predominant colour is a rich velvety maroon crimson over three-fourths of the surface, finely contrasted with cream white; the crimson ground partially extends beyond the main body colour by diverging into separate crimson veins or lines, the intervening spaces being elegantly sprinkled with crimson spots, and beyond these each petal terminates in a broad ovately-oblong cream white tip. 15s., 1, and 1½ guinea.

**AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) IGNESENS.**

A fine stove bulb from Colombia, producing umbels of flowers, which emerge from between the sessile lanceolate bracts. The flowers expand to a breadth of about five inches, and are of a light fiery orange red colour, stained at the base with pale green, forming a large greenish white eye or centre; the stamens are declinate, of the same colour as the perianth, with yellow pollen. A bold and attractive flower. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) PYRROCHROA.**

This handsome Colombian bulbous plant produces an umbel of handsome flowers of a light orange scarlet hue, the five upper perianth segments broader than the sixth or lower one, and all of them green for an equal length at the base, forming a short green funnel in the centre. Its free-flowering habit renders it a great ornament of the temperate stove, spikes of its showy blossoms being abundantly produced on small bulbs. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) RUTILA.**

A very free-flowering variety, even small bulbs producing abundantly spikes of its showy orange red blossoms, which in some of the varieties are more brilliantly coloured, tending to scarlet. Instead of showing a green funnel, as in *A. pyrrochroa*, each of the perianth segments has here a lance-shaped green bar, extending nearly half the length of the segments, and which forms a conspicuous green star in the centre of the flowers. It is a native of Brazil. 5s. and 7s. 6d.



AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) VITTATA HARRISONIE, for description and price, vide page 17.

**AMARYLLIS (HIPPEASTRUM) VITTATA HARRISONIÆ.**

A remarkably distinct and effective variety of *Amaryllis*, imported from Lima in Peru. It has a stout glaucous green seape, bearing a two-valved spathe, from which issue several (about five) pedicellate flowers, which are remarkable for their long narrow tube, fully  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches in length, the segments of which are slightly spreading at the tip, opaque waxy white, and marked on each of the six segments with two broad deep crimson lines, running a considerable distance down the tube. The flowers are sweet-scented, with a faint odour of *Daphne*. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 16. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

<b>AMARYLLIS ACKERMANNI PUL-</b>	<b>AMARYLLIS METEOR,</b> 7s. 6d.
<b>CHERRIMA,</b> 1½ guinea.	<b>NEPTUNE,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>ALBERTII FLORE-PLENO,</b>	<b>NIMROD,</b> 7s. 6d.
7s. 6d.	<b>OPTIMA,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>AMAZON,</b> 10s. 6d.	<b>OSCAR,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>BIERI,</b> 7s. 6d.	<b>PARDINA,</b> 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.
<b>COQUETTE,</b> 7s. 6d.	<b>PRINCEPS,</b> 1 guinea
<b>CORSAIR,</b> 10s. 6d.	<b>REGALIS,</b> 1 guinea
<b>COUNTESS,</b> 10s. 6d.	<b>RETICULATA,</b> 3s. 6d. & 5s.
<b>CYRUS,</b> 10s. 6d.	<b>ROSALIND,</b> 7s. 6d.
<b>ELECTRA,</b> 1 guinea.	<b>SOUVENIR,</b> 7s. 6d.
<b>EMMELINE,</b> 7s. 6d.	<b>SULTANA,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>FIGARO,</b> 10s. 6d.	<b>SYLVIA,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>IMPERIALIS,</b> 1 guinea.	<b>TROJAN,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>JOSEPHINÆ,</b> 15s.	<b>VESTA,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>JUPITER,</b> 7s. 6d.	<b>VESUVIUS,</b> 7s. 6d.
<b>LEOPOLDII,</b> 2 and 3 guineas	<b>VICTORIA,</b> 10s. 6d.

**AMARYLLIS**, choice selections of good sorts, 3, 4 and 6 guineas per dozen.

**AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS.**

A most remarkable tuberous-rooted East Indian plant. The leaf-stalk is marked with pale spots; the leaf-blade is three-branched; the bell-shaped spathe is wavy at the margins, and measures some 15 inches in height and 2 feet in diameter at the widest portion; externally it is puce-coloured, dappled over with large white and smaller green spots; internally crimson purple, with a darker rim at the base. It is certainly one of the most extraordinary in the whole world of plants, and undoubtedly handsome. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**AMORPHOPHALLUS CAMPANULATUS ORNATUS.**

A strikingly ornamental variety of the preceding, similar in habit and general character, but having a richly and darkly maculated leaf-stalk. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

<b>AMORPHOPHALLUS (PROTEINOPHAL-</b>	<b>ANANASSA SATIVA VARIEGATA,</b>
<b>LUS) RIVIERI,</b>	10s. 6d. and 15s.
3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>ANCHOMANES DUBIUM,</b> 10s. 6d.
<b>ZEBRINUS,</b> 3s. 6d.	<b>ANCYLOGYNE LONGIFLORA,</b> 3s. 6d.
and 5s.	<b>ANDROPOGON SCHÆNANTHUS,</b> 5s.
<b>ANÆCTOCHILUS,</b> <i>see</i> Orchids.	<b>ANTHURIUM FLORIBUNDUM,</b> 7s. 6d.
<b>ANANASSA PORTEANA,</b> 15s. and 1 guinea.	

**ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM.**

A charming and elegant stove plant, introduced through my collector, Mr. Shuttleworth, from the United States of Colombia. It has a creeping rhizome, from which spring up ovate-lanceolate attenuately-acuminate leaves, 6 to 8 inches long, on slender erect petioles. The slender peduncles, somewhat longer than the leaves, are often, if not constantly, knee-jointed just below the spathe, which is ovate-acuminate, about  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches in length, an inch wide, and pure white, the spadix being straight, slender, cylindrical, and shorter than the spathe. For illustration, *vide* page 18. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM.**

This extremely attractive and ornamental plant has fine large leaves of a rich dark olive green colour, the mid-rib and principal veins being bordered on each side with a beautiful bright silvery white band. The young leaves are of a rich bronzy shade, forming an effective contrast with the more matured foliage. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.



ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM, for description and price, *vide* page 17.

ANTHURIUM GALEOTTIANUM, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, LEUCONEURUM, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, MAGNIFICUM — *syn.* A.  
 grande and A. cordifolium,  
 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ANTHURIUM LUCIDUM, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, MIQUELIANUM, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, NYMPHÆIFOLIUM, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, PEDATO-RADIATUM, 15s.  
 ,, REGALE, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

### ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM.

This has been introduced from Costa Rica, and is one of the most striking and attractive dwarf flowering plants of recent introduction, producing beautiful scarlet floral spathes, each of which remains from two to three months fresh and brilliant. It is of easy culture, and a most abundant bloomer. 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea. Fine plants, 2, 3, and 4 guineas.

**ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM.**

This most desirable novelty, which is a white variety of the well-known favourite *A. Scherzerianum*, has been introduced from Costa Rica; it has lanceolate acuminate stalked leaves, of a deep green colour, and partakes of the same general character as *A. Scherzerianum*. Being, like that species, an abundant bloomer it will make a splendid companion plant, its beautiful white spathes forming an admirable contrast to the brilliant scarlet of those of the older typical form. 5 guineas.

**ANTIARIS TOXICARIA.**

The virulent (but fabled) Upas tree of Java. 10s. 6d.

**ANTIGONON AMABILE**, 5s.

**APHELANDRA AURANTIACA**, 3s. 6d.

„ „ **ROEZLII**, 3s. 6d.  
and 5s.

**APHELANDRA CRISTATA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **LEOPOLDII**, 3s. 6d.

„ **NITENS**, 5s.

„ **PORTEANA**, 3s. 6d.



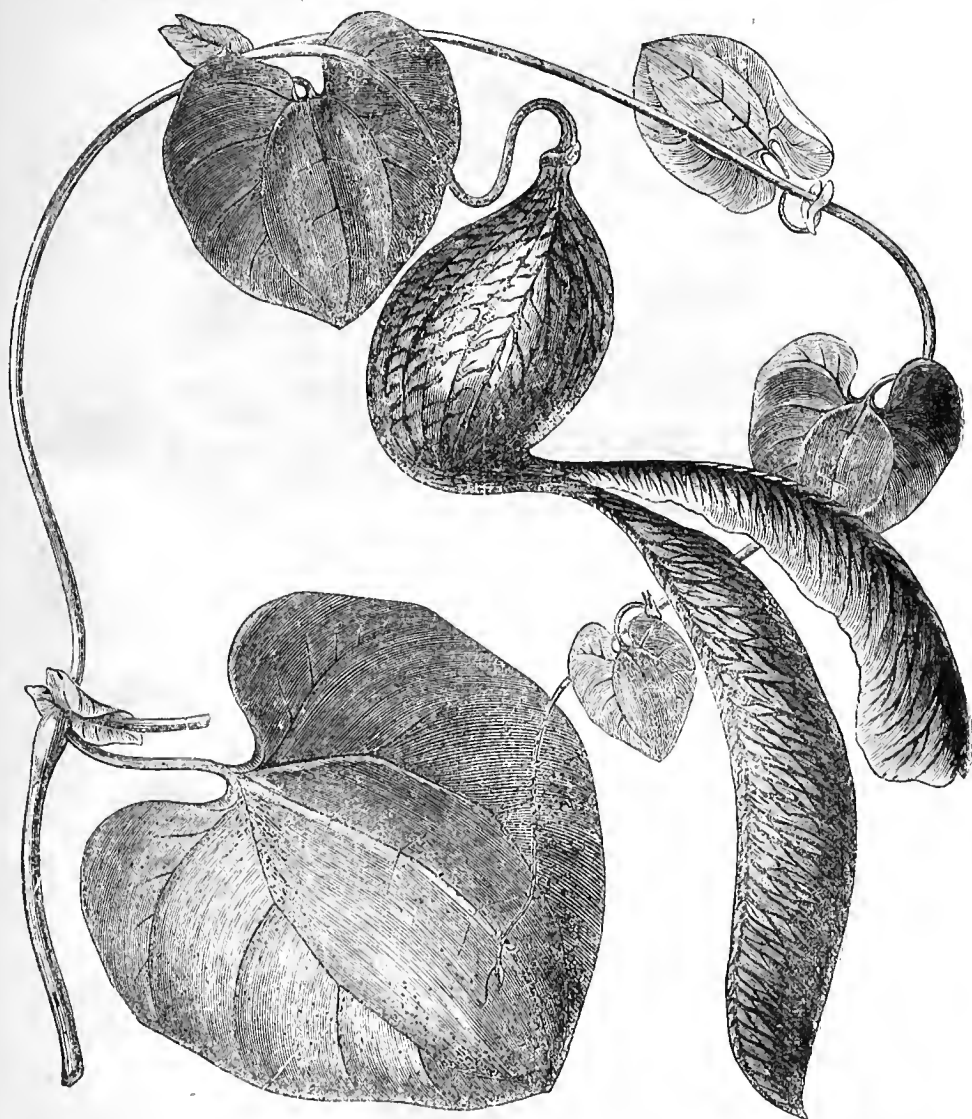
**ARALIA GUILFOYLEI**, for description and price, *vide* page 20.

**APHELANDRA FASCINATOR.**

A very fine species, with very ornamental foliage as well as magnificent flowers; the leaves are rich dark green, beautifully banded with silvery white, and underneath of an uniform purplish violet; the spikes of bloom are very large and of a dazzling vermilion colour. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**ARALIA GUILFOYLEI.**

This fine and distinct ornamental stove plant is a native of the South Sea Islands. It is of shrubby habit, with an erect stem, copiously dotted with lenticular markings. The bold pinnate leaves have longish smooth terete petioles, and are made up, in the case of young plants, of from three to seven stalked oblong-elliptic bluntish leaflets, which are sometimes obscurely lobed, and irregularly spinose-serrate; these leaflets vary in size from two to three inches long, and are neatly and evenly margined with creamy white, the surface being in addition occasionally splashed with gray. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 19. 10s. 6d. and 15s.



**ARISTOLOCHIA GALEATA**, for description and price, *vide* page 21.

**ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA**, *vide* page 3  
 ,, **GRACILLIMA**, *vide* page 3  
 ,, **LEPTOPHYLLA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **MACULATA**, *vide* page 3  
 ,, **RETICULATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **VEITCHII**, 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea  
**ARDISIAS**, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**ARISÆMA WIGHTII**, 7s. 6d.  
**ARISTOLOCHIA ACUMINATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **CLYPEATA**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 ,, **DUCHARTREI**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **FLORIBUNDA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **GIGAS**, 5s.

### ARISTOLOCHIA GALEATA.

A free-growing stove climber, introduced from Bogota. The stems are terete, and furnished with heart-shaped leaves, abrupt at the apex, and having a broad open sinus at the base. The flowers are axillary, cream-coloured, reticulated with purplish veins; the tube ovate, ventricose, and abruptly curved, expanding into a two-lobed limb which is 6 to 7 inches long, the upper lip shorter and rounder at the extremity. For illustration, *vide* page 20. 10s. 6d.

**ARISTOLOCHIA INDICA**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **ORNITHOCEPHALA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **RINGENS**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **TRILOBATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **TRICAUDATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**ARTOCARPUS CANNONI**, *vide* page 4  
 ,, **INCISA** (*Bread Fruit*), 1 and 1½ guinea.  
 ,, **LACINIATA**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **METALLICA**, 7s. 6d.

**ATACCIA CRISTATA**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
**BAMBUSA STRICTA**, 3s. 6d.  
**BATATAS PANICULATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**BAUHINIA MALABARICA**, 7s. 6d.  
**BAUHINIAS**, of sorts, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**BEAUMONTIA GRANDIFLORA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**BEGONIA**, *vide* Index.  
**BERTOLONIA GUTTATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **ALBA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **PUNCTATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **SPLENDENS**, 15s.  
 ,, **SUPERBA**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **MARCHANDI**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **MARGARITACEA** **SUPERBA**, 1 guinea  
 ,, **MARMOREA**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **MIRANDÆI**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **PRIMULÆFLORA**, *see* Monoleuca primuleflora.  
 ,, **PUBESCENS**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **PUNCTATISSIMA**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **VAN HOUTTEI**, 1 and 1½ guinea.

**BIGLANDULARIA**, *vide* Index.

### BERTOLONIA SUPERBISSIMA.

An exquisitely-beautiful stove perennial, belonging to the ornamental-leaved class, and truly deserving the designation "most superb." The ground colour of the leaves is bright olive green, on which, in each space between the ribs, are usually three rows of spots about an eighth of an inch in diameter, of a charming purplish rose colour, the surface between the spots being freckled with minute dots of the same colour; these markings are finely relieved by the clear emerald green which shows along the course of the ribs. At the edge there is one row of the larger spots. The under surface is of a delicate purplish rose. It is a charmingly beautiful plant, not inappropriately called by general observers the "Jewel Plant." 2 and 3 guineas.

### BIGNONIA AURANTIACA.

A slender woody stove climber, a native of South America. The stems are furnished with opposite pinnate leaves, having from three to five leaflets, which are of moderate size, elliptic-oblong and acuminate. The flowers are tubular, an inch and a half across the face of the limb, and of a pleasing orange yellow colour. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

### BIGNONIA EXCELSA.

A free-growing climber, introduced from Rio Grande do Sul, South America. It is a useful and effective plant, freely producing its extremely handsome white and yellow flowers. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**BIGNONIA ARGYREA VIOLASCENS**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **CHAMBERLAYNII**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **ORNATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **PICTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **RETICULATA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **ROEZLIANA**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.  
**BIGNONIA ROEZLIANA VILLOSA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **SPECIOSA**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **VENUSTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**BILLBERGIA CHLOROSTICTA**, 1½ guinea  
 ,, **FARINOSA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **MORELIANA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**BILLBERGIA SAUNDERSII**, 10s. 6d.  
 „ **THYRSOIDEA**, 5s.  
 „ **VITTATA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
**BONAPARTEA JUNCEA**, 5s. to 10s. 6d.  
**BOUGAINVILLEA GLABRA**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.  
 „ **LATERITIA**, 2s. 6d.  
 and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **SPECIOSA**, 2s. 6d. and  
 3s. 6d.

**BOUGAINVILLEA SPECTABILIS**, 2s. 6d.  
 and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **SPLENDENS**, 2s. 6d.  
 and 3s. 6d.  
**BROWNEA ERECTA**, 1 guinea  
 „ **GRANDICEPS**, 1½ guinea  
 „ **PRINCEPS**, 1 and 1½ guinea  
**BURCHELLIA CAPENSIS**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.  
**CALADIUM**, *vide* Index.

### CALONYCTION SANGUINEUM.

An ornamental climber, introduced from Bombay, and remarkable for its bold and effective cordate-acuminate leaves, and its showy flowers, which are of a delicate rosy flesh colour, with a deep magenta crimson eye. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**CALATHEA ARRECTA**, 7s. 6d.

| **CAMPYLOBOTRYS**, *vide* Hoffmannia.



**CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM**, for description and price, *vide* page 23.



## CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM.

A free-growing slender woody climber, from the Fiji Islands, and referred doubtfully to *Campsidium*, from the analogy of its foliage. It has opposite imparipinnate leaves, which are about 5 inches long, including a petiole of 1 inch, and consist of about twelve pairs of leaflets, which are small, ovate, deeply cut into two or three lobes on each side, the larger lobes being sometimes also toothed. The leaves, from their size and form, are strongly suggestive of fronds of some small-growing pinnate *Asplenium*, *A. viride* for example. The growth and general character of the plant are so elegant that whether cultivated as a small pot plant, trained on globular or other trellises, or planted as a climber, it has a most charming and engaging appearance. The flowers are as yet unknown. It has received First Class Certificates both from the Royal Horticultural and Royal Botanic Societies. For illustration, *vide* page 22. 3s. 6d. and 5s.



CARICA AURANTIACA.

## CARICA AURANTIACA.

This plant, a native of Bogota, has stout fleshy erect stems, and long-stalked palmately-parted smooth leaves of a soft herbaceous texture, the centre lobe of which is pinnatifid; from the sketches of the plant the lobes appear to be about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches broad. The fruit is globose, a little over 3 inches in diameter, orange-coloured and orange-like. The plant is free in habit, and of ornamental growth. 10s. 6d.

CANNA, *vide* Index.

CARAGUATA *vide* Tillandsia.

CARUMBUM POLYANDRUM, *vide* p. 4

CASSIA CALLIANtha, 10s. 6d.

„ FISTULA, 7s. 6d.

CECROPIA PALMATA, 7s. 6d.

CENTRADENIA FLORIBUNDA ROSEA,  
3s. 6d.

„ GRANDIFLORA, 3s. 6d.

### CENTROPOGON LUCYANUS.

A useful decorative plant, producing freely its bright red blossoms in mid-winter. 3s. 6d.

CENTROSOLENIA BULLATA (EPISCIA  
TESSELATA), 5s.

CEROPEGIA GARDNERI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CHAMERANTHEMUM BEYRICHII VA-  
RIEGATUM, 3s. 6d.

„ GAUDICHAUDI-  
ANUM, 3s. 6d.

„ VERBENACEUM,  
3s. 6d.

CHIRITA LILACINA, 5s.

CISSUS ALBO-NITENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ AMAZONICA, 3s. 6d.

„ ARGENTEA, 3s. 6d.

„ DISCOLOR, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ LINDENI, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ PORPHYROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

CLERODENDRON BALFOURII, 3s. 6d.

CLERODENDRON CALAMITOSUM, 3s. 6d.  
and 5s.

„ FALLAX, 3s. 6d.

„ FRAGRANS FL. PL.,  
3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ HASTATUM, 5s.

„ INFORTUNATUM, 5s.

„ KÆMPFERI, 3s. 6d. and  
5s.

„ SPECIOSUM, 3s. 6d. and  
5s.

„ SPLENDENS, 3s. 6d. and  
5s.

„ THOMSONÆ, 3s. 6d.

„ VISCOSUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

COCCOLOBA PLATYCLADA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

COCHLIOSTEMA JACOBIANUM, 1 guinea.

### COFFEA LIBERICA.

This new species of Coffee has been introduced from Liberia, on the west coast of Africa. It is a plant of the highest commercial importance, for it is far more prolific than the old *C. arabica*, of much better flavour, and produces berries double the size of those of that species; added to which, its constitution is much more robust, so that it can be cultivated where the ordinary Coffee will not succeed. 10s. 6d.

COFFEA ARABICA (*The Coffee Plant*), 3s. 6d.  
and 5s.

COFFEA ARABICA VARIEGATA, 7s. 6d.  
and 10s. 6d.

### COLEUS.

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well known; they are easily grown, and make fine specimens in a short time. Price 9s., 12s., and 18s. per dozen. New varieties, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

COLEUS AROMATICUS, 3s. 6d.

COLOCASIA ARGYRONEURA, 7s. 6d.

COLUMNÆA LONGIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

COLUMNÆA SANGUINEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ SCANDENS FLAVIDA,  
3s. 6d.

### COMBRETUM GRANDIFLORUM.

This Sierra Leone species bears also the name of *Combretum Afzelii*. It is a hothouse climber, with opposite elliptic or oblong-ovate hairy leaves, which (in young plants) are of an olive green colour, marked with a broad central band of gray, which breaks out laterally at the points where the principal veins diverge; these leaves are purplish beneath, and attached by short thick reddish petioles. The second flowers are scarlet, with yellow anthers, and grow in short axillary and terminal spikes. 10s. 6d.

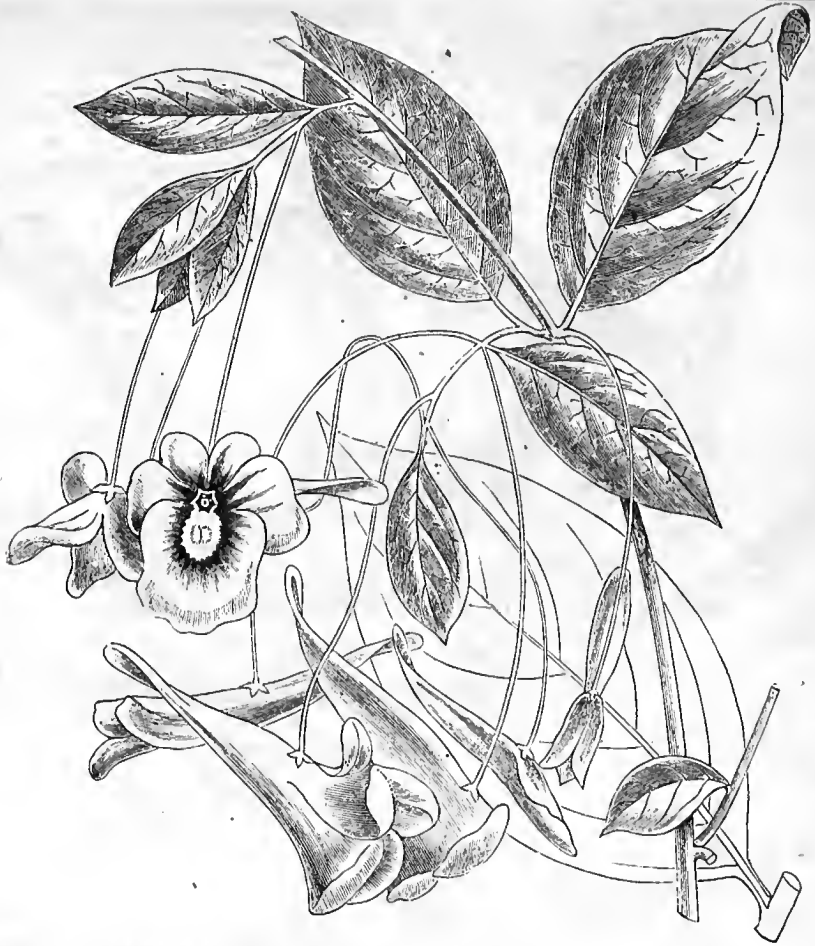
COMBRETUM PURPUREUM, 5s.

CONOCLINIUM IANTHINUM, 3s. 6d.

### CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA.

The genus *Corynostylis* belongs to the family of the Violets, and consists of semi-scandent shrubs, with alternate leaves, and long-stalked flowers, the lower petal of which is produced behind into a long horn or spur.

The present species was found on the banks of the Amazon. It is a shrubby and remarkably free-blooming plant, of a trailing or climbing habit, bearing ovate-acuminate leaves, and lovely white horn-shaped or trumpet-shaped flowers, about two inches long, suspended on long thread-like peduncles. These interesting flowers, taken in profile, present the appearance of some long-spurred *Tropæolum*, while on the front view they bear a resemblance to those of a gigantic Violet. For illustration, *vide* page 25. 10s. 6d.



**CORYNOSTYLIS HYBANTHUS ALBIFLORA**, for description and price, *vide* page 24.

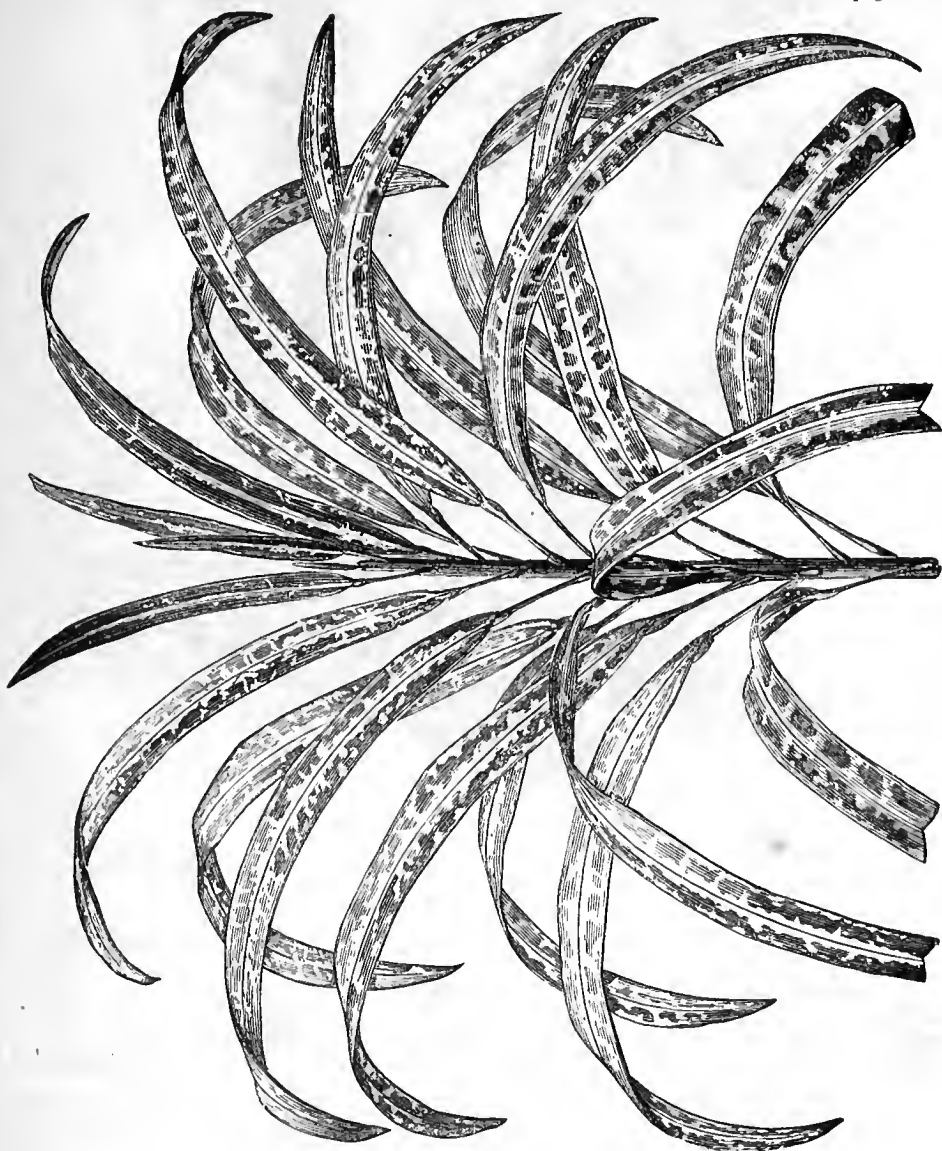
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|--|---|
| <b>COSSIGNEA BORBONICA</b> , 1 and 1½ guinea | <b>CRINUM ORNATUM RUBRO-VITTA-</b>            |
| <b>COSTUS ALBESCENS</b> , 7s. 6d.            | <b>TUM</b> , <i>vide</i> page 5               |
| „ <b>HIRSUTISSIMUS</b> , 7s. 6d.             | „ <b>PRATENSE</b> , 15s.                      |
| „ <b>LUCIDUS</b> , 7s. 6d.                   | „ „ <b>CANALICULA-</b>                        |
| „ <b>MALORTIANUS</b> , 3s. 6d.               | <b>TUM</b> , 5s.                              |
| „ <b>ZEBRINUS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.          | <b>CROSSANDRA FLAVA</b> , 5s.                 |
| <b>COVELLIA RHIZOCARPA</b> , 7s. 6d.         | „ <b>UNDULATA</b> , 5s.                       |
| <b>CRESCENTIA ALATA</b> , 7s. 6d.            | <b>CROTON ANGUSTIFOLIUS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s. |
| <b>CRINUM AMABILE</b> , 15s. and 1 guinea    | „ „ <b>GIGANTEUS</b> ,                        |
| „ <b>ASIATICUM</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.       | 7s. 6d.                                       |
| „ <b>BRACHYNEMA</b> , 7s. 6d. and            | „ <b>AUCUBÆFOLIUS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.       |
| 10s. 6d.                                     | „ <b>BISMARCKI</b> , <i>vide</i> page 5       |
| „ <b>CARBYANUM</b> , 10s. 6d.                | „ <b>CONCINNUS</b> , <i>vide</i> page 5       |
| „ <b>GIGANTEUM</b> , 7s. 6d. to 1 guinea.    | „ <b>CONTORTUS</b> , <i>vide</i> page 5       |
| „ <b>HYBRIDUM</b> , 15s. and 1 guinea        | „ <b>COOPERI</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.          |
| „ <b>MCKENII</b> , 15s.                      | „ <b>FUCATUS</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.            |

#### **CROTON CHRYSOPHYLLUS.**

A very dwarf bushy-habited plant, with comparatively small crowded leaves, the lower ones green with a golden rib, but all those near the end of the branch bright yellow in the basal half, the upper half being green or green with golden rib. At the upper ends of the shoots they appear to be almost entirely golden. The peculiar style of colouring, which might almost be called golden-crowned, and dwarf close habit of the plant, give it a very distinct appearance. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

**CROTON GRANDIS**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **HOOKERIANUS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **INTERRUPTUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **IRREGULARIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **IMPERIALIS**, *vide* page 5.

**CROTON JOHANNIS (ANGUSTISSIMUS)**,  
 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **LACTEUS**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **LIMBATUS**, 5s.  
 ,, **MACAFEEANUS**, *vide* page 5.



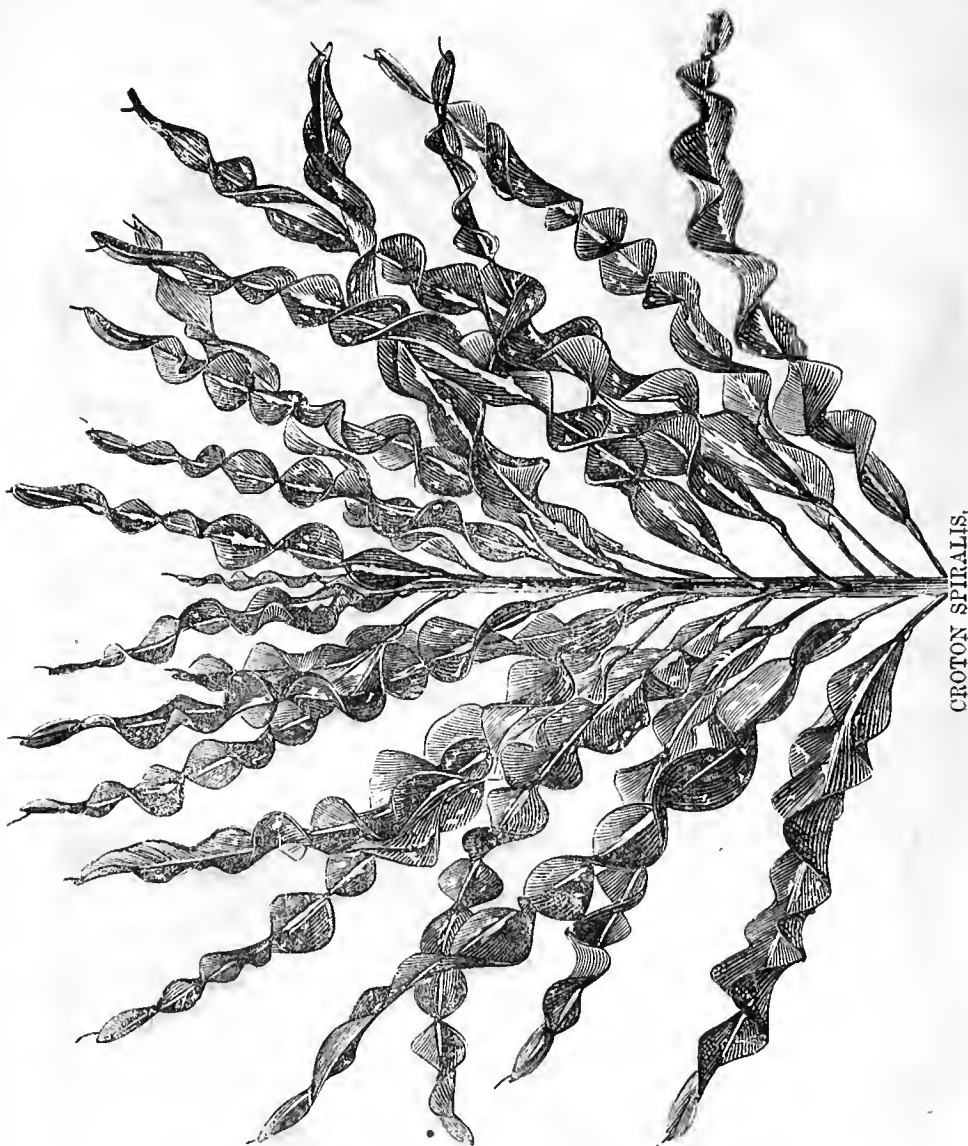
CROTON MAJESTICUS.

### CROTON MAJESTICUS.

One of the finest of this now extensive and varied family of ornamental-leaved stove plants. It is of free-growing and bold habit, though the leaves are narrowish and elongate; when mature they are from 15 to 18 inches in length, including a petiole of about 2 inches long. They are linear in form, acute or sometimes bluntish, in the young growth deep green, with golden rib, and markings representing venation, but more or less confluent. In the older and more matured foliage the green takes on a deep olive hue, while the yellow portions change to deep crimson, the intermediate leaves being coloured in an intermediate manner. The regularly-drooping elongate leaves give the plant a very elegant character, which is greatly enhanced by its rich tints of colour. This was imported from the South Sea Islands. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

**CROTON MAXIMUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **MORTII**, *vide* page 6.  
 ,, **OVALIFOLIUS**, 10s. 6d., and 15s.

**CROTON PICTURATUS**, *vide* page 6.  
 ,, **PICTUS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **ROYAL PRINCE**, *vide* page 6.



CROTON SPIRALIS.

### CROTON SPIRALIS.

This is a very distinct and effective variety, both on account of its form and colouring. The spiral twisting of the leaf blade, which has suggested its name, is very marked and very constant. The leaves are from 9 to 12 inches long, and about an inch wide, deep green, with a broad golden yellow bar up the centre, the green margin twisting spirally around the golden bar, some leaves being partially spiral and partially undulate. The older leaves become a deep bronzy green, almost purple, and the mid-rib a deep crimson. One of the very best of the Crotons for ornamental purposes. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands, and was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

**CROTON SPLENDIDUS**, *vide* page 6.

„ **TRILOBUS**, *vide* page 6.

„ „ **ALBERTI**, *vide* p. 6.

„ „ **DISRAELI**, *vide*  
page 7.

„ „ **LORD CAIRNS**, *vide*  
page 7.

**CROTON TRILOBUS TRAVELLER**, *vide*  
page 7.

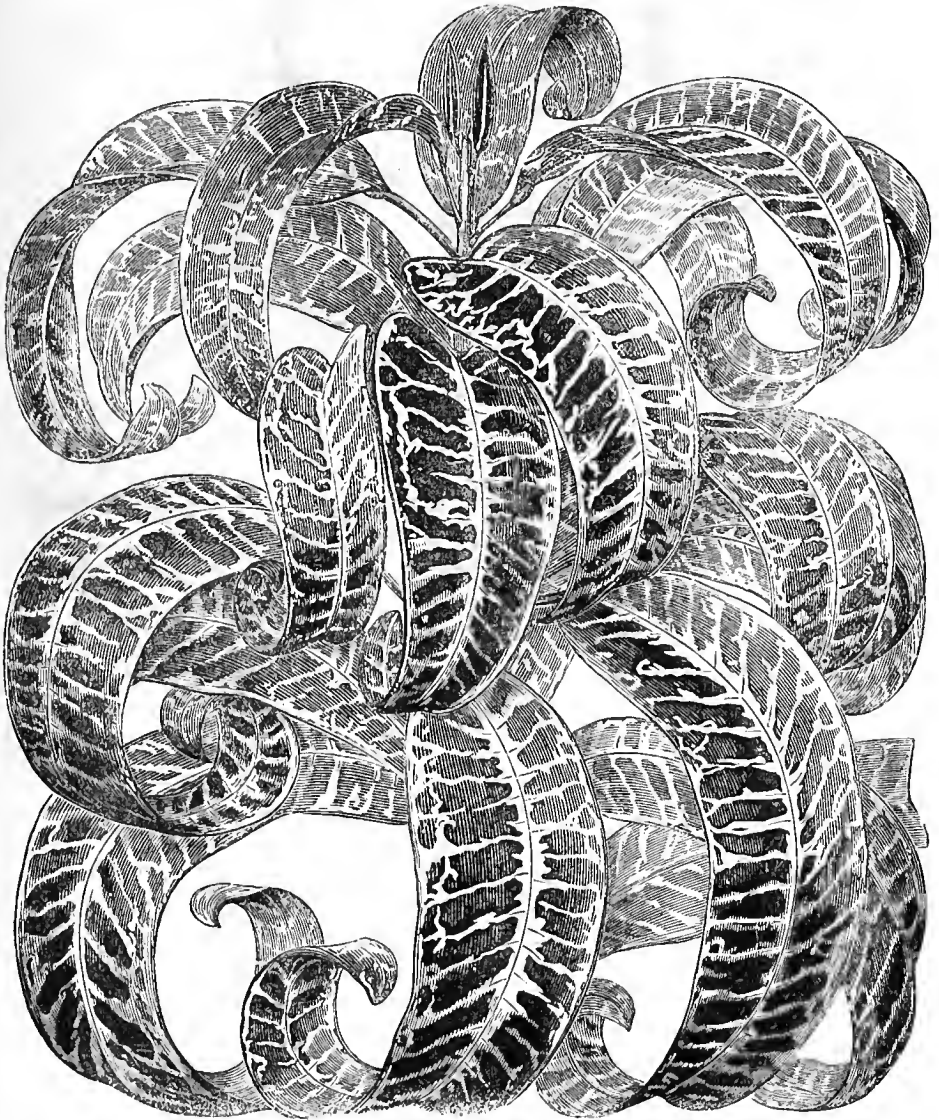
„ **UNDULATUS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **VARIEGATUS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **VEITCHII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **WEISMANNI**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **YOUNGII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.



### CROTON VOLUTUS.

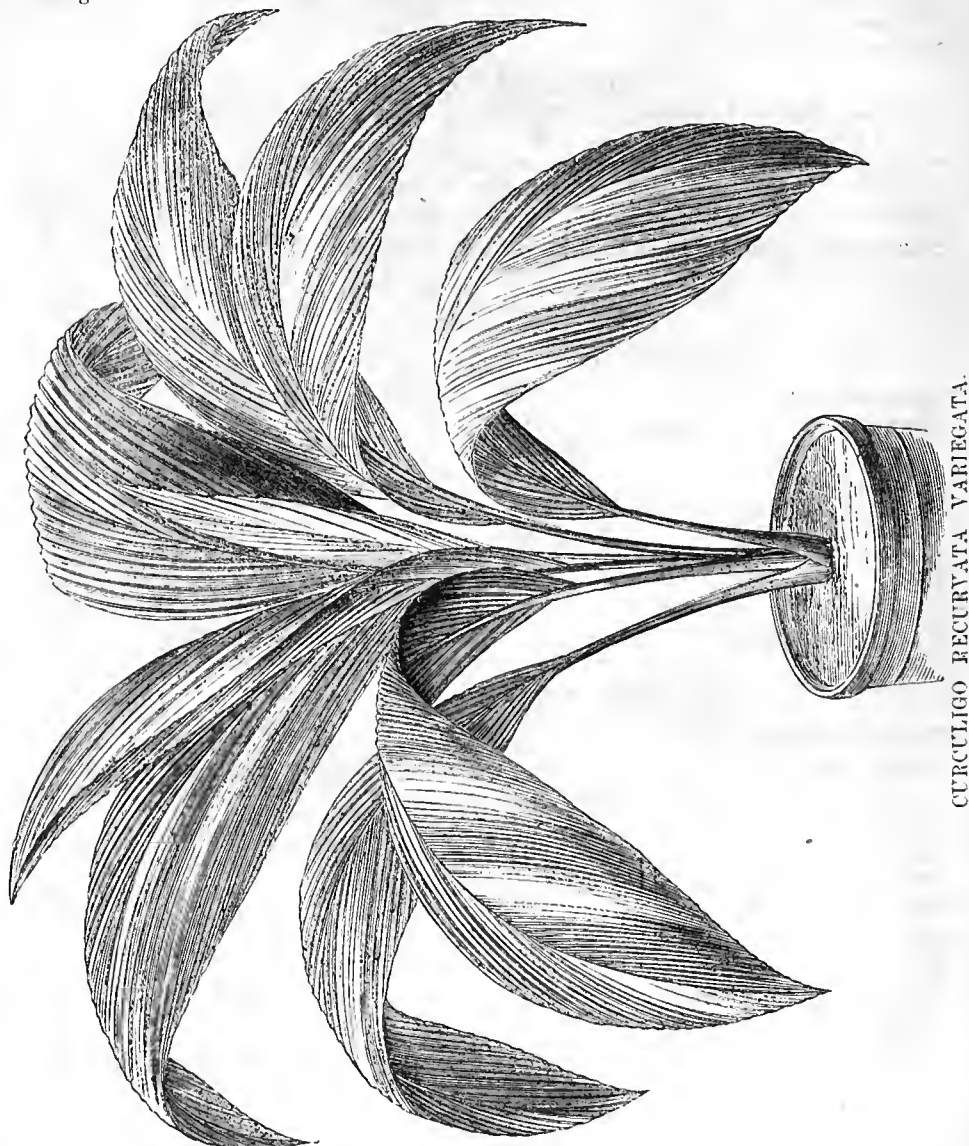
A very distinct and beautiful form, the great peculiarity of which consists in the leaves being rolled up from the end in a volute, after the manner of the curving of a ram's horn. The ground colour is deep green, a golden bar runs down the centre, from which yellow veins diverge at about half-inch intervals, and meet near to, and so as to coalesce with, the golden margin, in which occur scattered spots. The markings are very regular, a little pink sometimes appearing in the mid-rib; the curving of the leaf blade is also very constant, causing the edges to be elevated so as to form a kind of channel. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Royal Horticultural Society, under the temporary name of *cornigerum*, which is not properly applicable to it. 15s. and 1 guinea.

**CURCULIGO RECURVATA.**

A noble plant, of Indian origin, extremely useful for decorative purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**CURCULIGO RECURVATA STRIATA.**

This is a remarkably handsome variety of a well-known and exceedingly ornamental stove perennial. It has the same long-stalked spreading lanceolate longitudinally plaited leaves as the parent, but differs in being marked with a distinct and effective central band of pure white, the back of the petiole being also whitish. It is a most telling decorative plant, on account of its bold and spreading habit. 2 and 3 guineas.



CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.

**CURCULIGO RECURVATA VARIEGATA.**

A plant of noble aspect, producing from a tuberous rhizome, an arching head of recurved plaited oblong-lanceolate leaves, upwards of 2 feet long and 6 inches broad, on stalks a foot and a half in length; the leaves are green, banded in a varying manner with clear white stripes. The rich Palm-like foliage of this plant renders it of the highest ornamental character. The flowers are yellow, and grow in short racemes at the base of the leaves. 2 and 3 guineas.

**CUPANIA FILICIFOLIA**, *vide* Jacaranda  
Clausseniana.

**CURCUMA CORDATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **PETIOLATA**, 3s. 6d.

**CURCUMA ROSCOEANA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **RUBRICAULIS**, 5s.

„ **ZEDOARIA**, 7s. 6d.

### CURMERIA PICTURATA.

A remarkably attractive novelty from Colombia. It is of robust growth, producing large elliptic obtuse leaves on short stout stems, which are tinged with purple at the base. The leaves are strikingly ornamented with a broad central silvery white band, running through the entire length, which contrasts admirably with the rich green colour of the other portions of the foliage. It is a very useful and effective plant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

### CURMERIA ROEZLII.

This fine bold-habited rhizomatous perennial has been introduced from the United States of Colombia where it was found by M. Roetzl. The colour of the foliage is a deep green, blotched freely on the outer half of each side with bright yellow-green spots and patches, very irregular in size and form. The flower spathes are ovate-acute, somewhat convolute, hooded at the apex, of a brownish olive hue externally and cream-coloured within. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

**CYANOPHYLLUM BOWMANI**, 5s. and  
7s. 6d.

„ **MAGNIFICUM**, 5s.  
and 7s. 6d.

„ **SPECTANDUM**, 7s. 6d.  
and 10s. 6d.

**CYCADS**, *vide* Index

**CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS**, 2s. 6d. and  
3s. 6d.

„ „ **VARIE-**  
**GATUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **LACOURII** (**KYLLINGIA**  
**MONOCEPHALA**), 2s. 6d.  
and 3s. 6d.

**CYPRIPEDIUM**, *vide* Orchids.

**CYRTANTHERA CHRYSOSTEPHANA**,  
5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **MAGNIFICA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **POHLIANA**, 3s. 6d.

**CYRTOCERAS REFLEXUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**CYRTODEIRA** *vide* Index.

**DALECHAMPIA ROEZLIANA ALBA**, 5s.  
and 7s. 6d.

„ „ **CARNEA**,  
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ „ **ROSEA**,  
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**DICHORISANDRA ARGENTEO-MARGI-**  
**NATA**, 5s.

„ **MUSAICA**, 10s. 6d.

„ **UNDATA**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

„ **VITTATA DISCO-**  
**LOR**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **VITTATA TRICO-**  
**LOR**, 10s. 6d.

**DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS**, *vide*  
page 7.

„ **BARAQUINIANA**,  
5s.

„ **BOWMANI**, 5s. and  
7s. 6d.

„ **BAUSEI**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

### DIEFFENBACHIA EBURNEA.

This is one of the best Dieffenbachias yet introduced, being of close and compact habit. The leaves are light green, prettily spotted with white. The leaf-stalks and stems are of a pale cinnamon colour, ribbed with white, the latter having a pretty ivory-like appearance. It has been introduced from South America. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**DIEFFENBACHIA FLAVO-VIRENS**, *vide*  
page 7.

„ **GIGANTEA**, 5s. and  
7s. 6d.

„ **GRANDIS**, 3s. 6d. and  
5s.

„ **ILLUSTRIS**, *vide* page  
7.

„ **IMPERIALIS**, 1½  
guinea.

**DIEFFENBACHIA LANCEOLA**, *vide* page  
7.

„ **MACULOSA**, *vide* page  
7.

„ **NOBILIS**, 15s. and  
1 guinea.

„ **PEARCEI**, 5s.

„ **PICTA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **VITTATA**, *vide* page 7.

„ **WEIRII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

### DIONÆA MUSCIPULA.

(THE FLY-TRAP PLANT, OR VENUS FLY-TRAP.)

One of the most wonderful illustrations of vegetable structure and design known among plants. The formation of its leaf organs is singularly adapted for entrapping insects. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

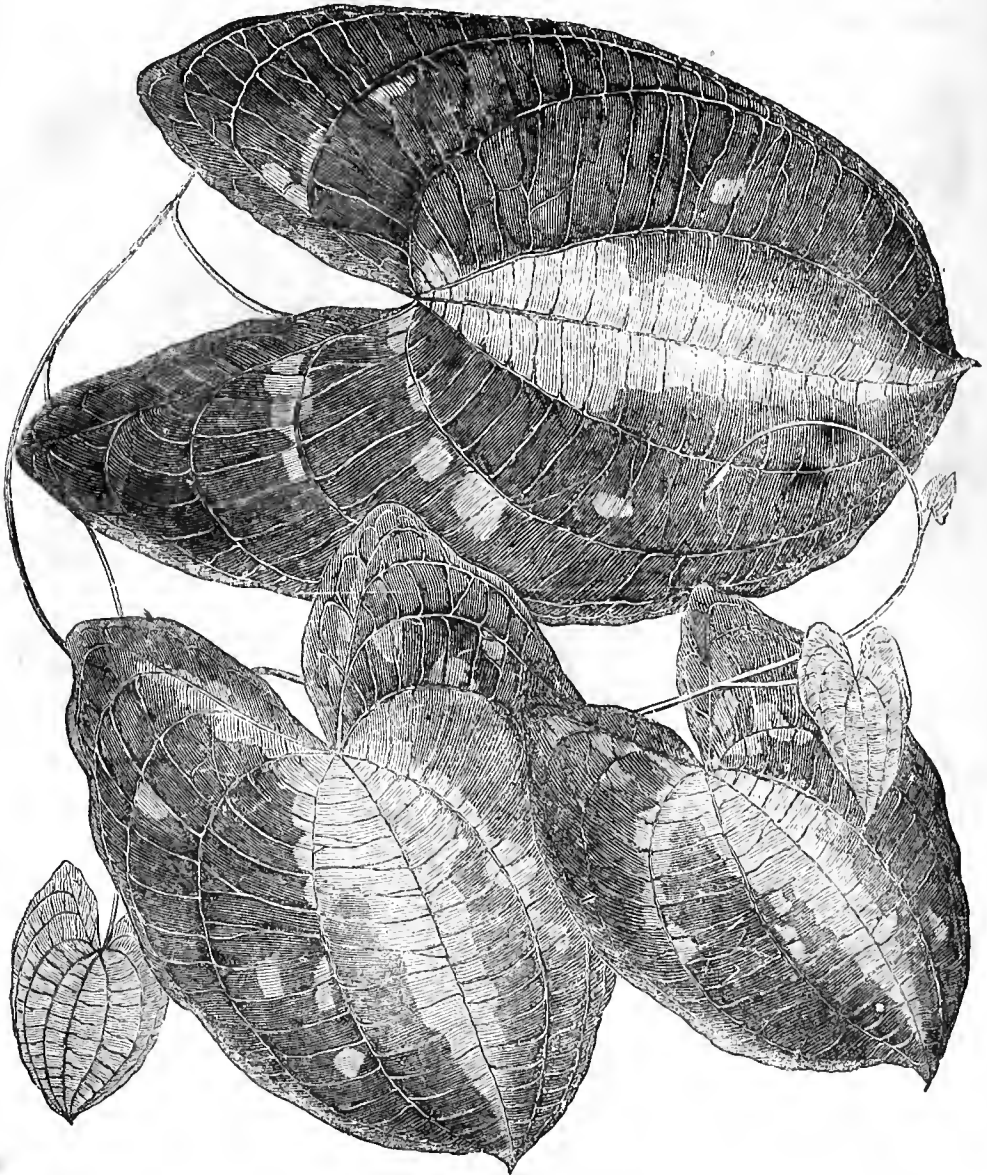


## DIOSCOREA ARGYRÆA.

This pretty slender stove climber has been introduced from Colombia. It has wiry stems, and cordate seven-nerved green leaves, the nerves of which are bordered with distinct irregular angular patches of silvery gray, which, being thus disposed, appear to form a series of broken variegated silvery bands, extending from the base to the apex. The blade of the leaf is about 5 inches across, and slightly more in length, and the petioles are thickened both at the base and apex. 10s. 6d.

DIOSCOREA ANÆCTOCHILUS, 5s. and  
7s. 6d.  
,, CHRYSOPHYLLA, 10s. 6d.

DIOSCOREA DISCOLOR VARIEGATA,  
3s. 6d. and 5s.  
,, MELANOLEUCA, 10s. 6d.



DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA, for description and price, *vide* page 32.

**DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA.**

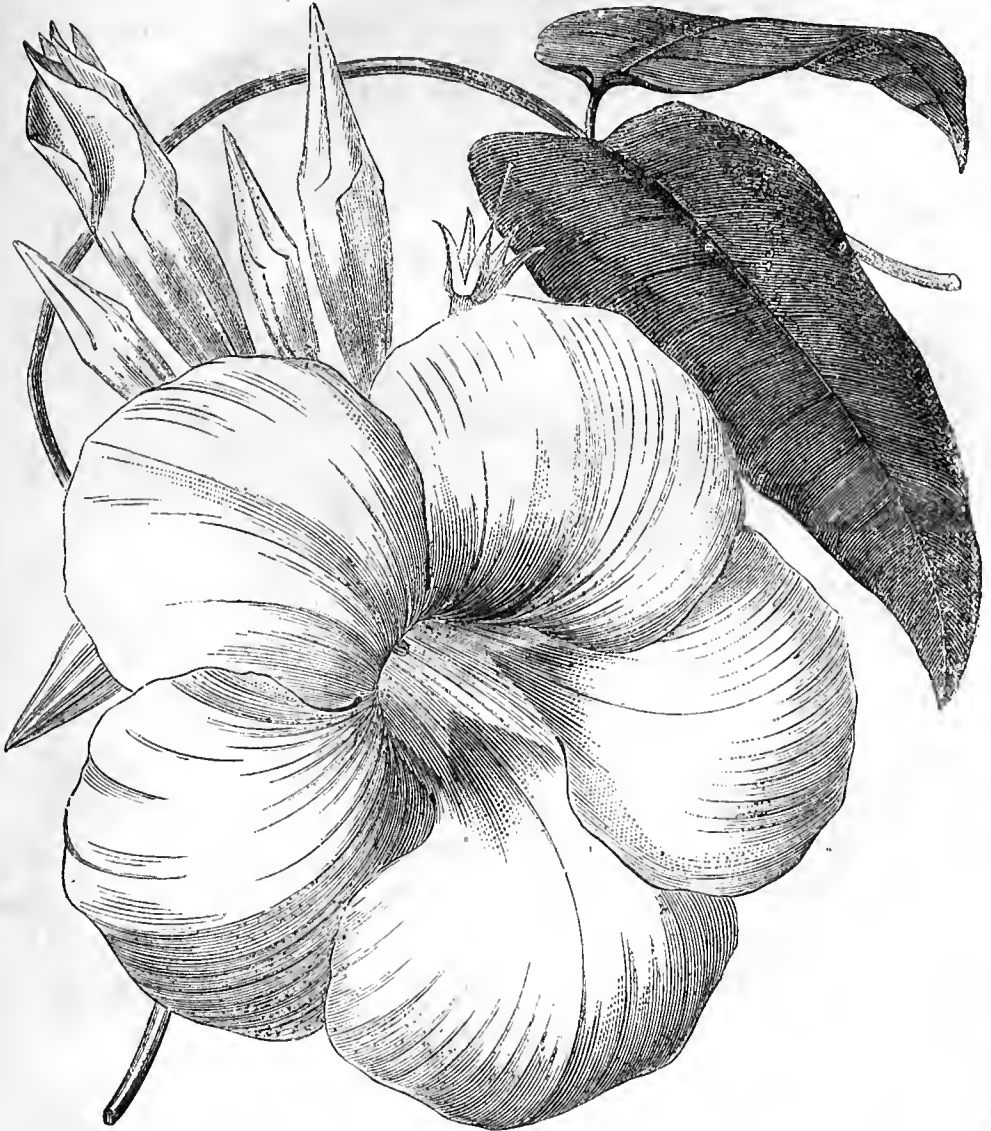
A handsome foliaged climber, imported from Rio Grande do Sul. The leaves are about 6 inches across, and produced at the base into two bluntish lobes. The size and marking of the leaf are the peculiar features of the plant. There is an irregular central band of silvery gray, and a few angular patches of the same colour generally placed in juxtaposition with the ribs, of which there are four on each side of the costa. The surface is a satiny green, shaded with olive green, and marked by fine transverse whitish parallel lines between the nerves, a third series of irregular veinlets crossing between the latter. The under surface is purple. For illustration, *vide* page 31. 10s. 6d.

**DIOSCOREA METALLICA**, 10s. 6d.

**DIOSCOREA VITTATA**, 10s. 6d.

**DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) AMABILIS.**

A beautiful climber, of neat habit, producing freely deep rosy crimson flowers of large size (4 to 5 inches in diameter) and of exquisite beauty; fine for exhibition purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.



**DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA**, for description and price, *vide* page 33.

**DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) AMCENA.**

Flowers of a soft pink colour, suffused with rose, somewhat resembling *D. splendens*, but in every respect a great improvement on that variety, being of superior form, and having the lobes stiff and round instead of reflexed and pointed. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA.**

This splendid variety of *Dipladenia* will make one of the best exhibition plants extant. It is of free growth, and of the most floriferous character, in this respect greatly exceeding any other *Dipladenia*. It is an evergreen stove climber of the very first rank, and is furnished with opposite oblong acute dark green leaves, which serve as a fine contrast for the superbly coloured flowers, which are of the largest size, opening pink and changing to the richest crimson colour; they have, moreover, this peculiarity, that the colour increases in intensity with the age of the flowers. Beautiful as were the *Dipladenias* of some few years since, they have been quite eclipsed by the improved varieties which have been obtained, and amongst these *D. Brearleyana* is certainly the most distinct and beautiful. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 32. 1½, 2, and 3 guineas.

<b>DIPLADENIA ATROPURPUREA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>DIPLADENIA BOLIVIENSIS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>HARRISII</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>INSIGNIS</b> , 10s. 6d.

**DIPLADENIA (ECHITES) MARTIANA.**

This plant has been distributed, and is generally known under the name of *D. crassinoda*, which, it has recently been ascertained, belongs to a totally distinct species. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

<b>DIPLADENIA MAGNIFICA (ACUMINATA)</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>DRACÆNA ALBO-ROSEA</b> , 1 guinea
„ <b>SPLENDENS</b> , 5s. & 7s. 6d.	„ <b>ALBICANS</b> , 5s.
„ <b>UROPHYLLA</b> , 3s. 6d. & 5s.	„ <b>AMABILIS</b> , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
„ <b>WILLIAMSII</b> , 10s. 6d.	„ <b>AMBOYNENSIS</b> , <i>vide</i> page 8.
<b>DORSTENIA ARGENTATA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>AMCENA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 8.
	„ <b>ANGUSTA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA BAPTISTII.**

A stove plant, of bold and effective habit, introduced to our gardens from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are full deep green, margined and irregularly and obliquely striped with narrowish creamy white flakes, passing through pale pink to deep rose. The older leaves frequently become flushed with rose. The leaf-stalks are prettily edged with pink. One peculiarity of this variety which adds very greatly to its utility as a decorative plant is, that from its youngest stages the leaves bear its characteristic markings. It is an extremely handsome and thoroughly distinct variety. 10s. 6d.

<b>DRACÆNA ARBOREA</b> , 5s.	<b>DRACÆNA COMPACTA</b> , 10s. 6d.
„ <b>BELLULA</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>D. elegans rubra</i>	„ <b>CONGESTA (RUBRA)</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>CHELSONI</b> , 10s. 6d.	„ <b>COOPERI</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>COCCINEA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 8.	„ <b>DECORA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 8.

**DRACÆNA DUFFII.**

A robust-habited variety of erect and stately growth, with broad, glossy, oblong leaf-blades, six to eight inches wide, margined and casually barred with rich crimson; the parallel margins of the channelled petiole leaf-base converging and elegantly shaded with light flamed crimson; very beautiful and distinct. 1½ guinea.

<b>DRACÆNA EBURNEA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 8.	<b>DRACÆNA FERREA VARIEGATA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ <b>ELEGANS RUBRA (BELLULA)</b> , 7s. 6d.	„ <b>FORMOSA</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.
„ <b>EXCELSA</b> , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	„ <b>FRAGRANS LATIFOLIA</b> , 7s. 6d.
„ <b>FERREA</b> , 3s. 6d.	

**DRACÆNA FRASERI.**

One of the many choice productions of the South Sea Islands. The leaves are oblong, a foot or upwards in length, and as much as 5 inches broad; they are abruptly acute at the apex, and margined with bright rosy lake. The principal part of the leaf-blade is of a blackish purple, with a glaucous bloom, the basal portion having a marginal stripe of deep magenta rose, which runs down into the edge of the petiole, while here and there besides may be seen a streak of the same rich rose colour leading up from near the base. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**DRACÆNA GEMMA**, 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, **GRACILIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **GRANDIS**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **GUILFOYLEI**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA HAAGEANA**, 5s.  
 ,, **HENDERSONI**, 10s. 6d. & 15s.  
 ,, **ILLUSTRIS (JASPIDEA)**,  
 7s. 6d.



### DRACÆNA IMPERIALIS.

A South Sea Island Dracæna, and one of the most beautiful which has yet found its way into our plant stoves. The variegation is in this case of a clear white combined with deep rose, and is most effective. The leaf-stalks are about 4 inches long, and marginate. The colour is a deep sary green, breaking out freely in the young leaves into white, which is most prominent near the base of the leaf, and extends upwards irregularly. These variegated portions take on, as the leaves gain age, a deep bright rosy tint, so that in the leaves of different ages the rosy hue is variously blended with the white. It is a remarkably fine plant, quite an acquisition to our choicest collections of stove plants. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**DRACÆNA INSCRIPTA**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **JASPIDEA**, *vide* D. illustris  
 ,, **MACLEAYI**, 7s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA MACULATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **MAGNIFICA**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **MARGINATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.



### DRACÆNA METALLICA.

This robust-habited stove plant is the finest of all the dark-coloured Dracænas, the leaves being as much as 16 inches long, and of an oblong acuminate form, with a marginate petiole 4 inches long. These, together with the sheathing leaf-stalks, are of a uniform rich coppery purplish hue when young, becoming a dark purplish bronze when mature. The leaves are somewhat erect and arching, and altogether, taking into account their large size and their full and rich colouring, together with the free habit of growth, *D. metallica* comes into the very foremost rank amongst decorative and exhibition plants. It has been imported from the Samoan Islands. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**DRACÆNA MOOREANA**, 10s. 6d.

„ **NIGRO-RUBRA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **NIGRO-STRIATA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **ORNATA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA PORPHYPHYLLA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **PHRYNIOIDES**, 10s. 6d.

„ **PICTA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **PULCHELLA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

### DRACÆNA PRINCEPS.

This variety, which gained a Certificate from the Royal Botanic Society, has slightly spreading leaves, the blades of which are 15 inches long, and about 3 inches broad, the appressed stalk-like portion about 4 to 5 inches long, and marked with a pallid rosy edge. The general colour is a dull deep green, with a rosy margin, and a few rosy stripes near the tip, the central or younger leaves being beautifully streaked with bands of green and rose, and the colours being well marked on the under as well as the upper surface. It is a finely-coloured and telling variety, introduced from the Solomon Islands. 15s. and 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA PULCHERRIMA.**

A somewhat slender-growing plant, of free habit, furnished with spreading recurved leaves of narrow elongate form; the younger leaves of established plants break out freely into patches of rosy red, which sometimes nearly or quite cover the whole surface; some of the leaves also break out into streaks of white, and the two colours, red and white, become variously blended. The lower parts of the leaves and their winged petioles are edged with red. It is a prettily-coloured small-leaved sort, introduced from the South Sea Islands, and was first announced under the name of *D. concinna*, which proved to be already occupied. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA REALI**, 2 guineas  
 " **REFLEXA**, 5s.  
 " **REGINA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**DRACÆNA REX**, *vide* page 8.  
 " **ROSACEA**, *vide* page 8.  
 " **RUBRA**, *vide* *D. congesta*.



**DRACÆNA SHEPHERDII**, for description and price, *vide* page 37.

**DRACÆNA RUBELLA.**

A fine ornamental-leaved stove plant of the rosy tinted series. It has erect-patent, oblong-lanceolate, sharply acuminate leaves, which are dark green in colour, edged with crimson, the brightly coloured portion being broadest towards the base of the leaf, where the bordering is a quarter of an inch wide, and of a fine rosy crimson hue, the mid-rib and veins being flushed with the same colour. It appears remarkable amongst the red variegated series for its erect and finely pointed leaves. The petioles are four to five inches long, with a red convergent margin. It has been obtained from the Fiji Islands. 15s. and 1 guinea.

**DRACÆNA SHEPHERDII.**

A noble form of *Dracæna*, and one of the finest yet in cultivation. It was first shown, and received a First Class Certificate, under the provisional name of *D. gloriosa*; but it is so thoroughly distinct, and such a magnificent ornamental plant, that Mr. W. B. has given the specific name in compliment to his esteemed correspondent, Mr. Shepherd, the well-known nurseryman of Sydney.

Unlike most of the forms already known, which colour principally on the free young growth, this plant takes on its distinctive colouring gradually on the older leaves, the young ones being green, and showing paler green stripes on those parts which take on at a later period the peculiar bronzy orange hue. It is very free-growing, of ample proportions, the broad oblong linear leaves being arranged in a distinctly spiral manner, and the channelled marginate petioles tinted at the edge with the same bronzy orange colour. For illustration, *vide* page 36. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



**DRACÆNA SPLENDENS**, for description and price, *vide* page 38.

## DRACÆNA SPLENDENS.

A remarkably distinct ornamental plant, of dwarf and compact but free-growing habit, densely furnished with short recurved leaves, arranged in a spiral manner. The colour is a deep bronzy green, breaking out in the young growth into bright rosy carnine, the petiole and base of the leaves margined with the same colour. The brighter colouring appears sometimes in stripes, and sometimes occupies the whole surface, while the recurved character of the densely set foliage gives the plant a flat, almost table-like head. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. It was awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. For illustration, *vide* page 37. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

- DRACÆNA STELLA**, *vide* page 8.  
 „ **STRIATIFOLIA**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 „ **STRICTA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **SURCULOSA MACULATA**, 7s. 6d.  
 „ **TERMINALIS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **VIRGINALIS**, *vide* page 8.  
 „ **WEISMANNII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 „ **YOUNGII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
**DRACONTIUM ASPERUM**, 7s. 6d.  
**DROSERA DICHOTOMA**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
**DRYMONIA PUNCTATA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **TURIALVÆ**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**DYCKIA LEMAIREANA**, 7s. 6d.  
**ECHITES**, *vide* Dipladenia.  
 „ **PICTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

- ECHITES RUBRO-VENOSA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**ELETTARIA DIEPENHORSTII**, 7s. 6d.  
**ENCEPHALARTOS**, *vide* Index.  
**EPIPHYLLUMS**, of sorts; these are useful for winter and early spring blooming, and very showy and attractive, 30s. and 42s. per doz.  
**ENCHOLIRION CORALLINUM**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
**ERANTHEMUM ANDERSONI (ELEGANS)**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **ATROPURPUREUM**, 5s.  
 „ **MARMORATUM**, 5s.  
 „ **MOOREI**, 5s.  
 „ **PULCHELLUM**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **RETICULATUM**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **RUBRO-NERVIUM**, *vide* Pittonia.  
 „ **TRICOLOR**, *vide* page 9.  
 „ **VERSICOLOR**, 3s. 6d.

## ERYTHRINA INDICA ALBA.

Glabrous trifoliolate leaves, the leaflets of which are broadly ovate, 6 to 8 inches long, entire, the terminal one rhomboidal. The flowers, which are white, instead of scarlet as in the type, are nearly 2 inches long, and grow in dense racemes. It has been imported from Bombay. 7s. 6d.

## ERYTHRINA PARCELII.

A very handsomely variegated-leaved stove plant from the South Sea Isles. It has a stoutish woody stem, furnished with alternate leaves, the petioles of which are fully 6 inches long, and support three leaflets, the middle one of which has a footstalk of 1 to 2 inches in length, and the lateral ones a stalk of half-an-inch in length. The leaflets are upwards of 5 inches long, sub-rhomboidal, more or less acuminate, and narrowed in a somewhat angular manner towards the base. The variegation is yellow, sometimes forming a feather-like stripe along the costa and main veins, sometimes more suffused, and forming a band an inch wide, in which case the lateral veins take on more colour, and the coloured line becomes again branched; when at its fullest colouring, the centre of the leaf is mottled with yellow. There is a peculiar thickening of the petiole with glands just below each of the leaflets. The leaves are strikingly ornamental in character. The flowers are very attractive, of a bright cinnamon red colour. For illustration, *vide* page 39. 15s. and 1 guinea.

- EUCHARIS AMAZONICA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **CANDIDA**, *vide* page 8.  
 „ **CANDIDA**, the plant previously and erroneously offered under this name. 3s. 6d.  
**EUCODONIA**, *vide* Index.  
**EUPHORBIA JACQUINIÆFLORA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **SPLENDENS**, 3s. 6d.  
**EURYCLES AMBOINENSIS**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

- EXOSTEMMA CHONTALENSIS**, 10s. 6d.  
**FERNS**, *vide* Index.  
**FICUS BARBATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **DEALBATA**, 15s. and 1 guinea.  
 „ **EBURNEA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **INDICA (Banyan Tree)**, 5s.  
 „ **LANCEOLATA**, 7s. 6d.  
 „ **PARCELII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **ROEZLII**, *vide* page 9.  
 „ **SURINGARII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.





ERYTHRINA PARCELLII, for description and price, *vide* page 38.

### FICUS SYCOMORUS.

This is the exceedingly rare Sycamore Tree of Scripture. 10s. 6d.

<b>FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	<b>FRANCISCEA CALYCINA</b> , 5s.
„ <b>GIGANTEA</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ <b>CONFERTIFLORA</b> (LAURIFOLIA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>PEARCEI</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ <b>EXIMIA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>RUBRO-NERVIA</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ <b>HOPEANA</b> (UNIFLORA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>VERSCHAFFELTII</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	„ <b>HYDRANGEÆFORMIS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>FRANCISCEA ACUMINATA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>LATIFOLIA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>AUGUSTA</b> (RAMOSISSIMA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>LINDENI</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
	„ <b>MAGNIFICA</b> , 10s. 6d.
	„ <b>ROSEA PERFECTA</b> , 10s. 6d.

<b>FRANCISCEA VIOLACEA GRANDIFLORA</b> , 10s. 6d.	<b>GARDENIA RADICANS MAJOR</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>GARCINIA LIVINGSTONI</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.	<b>GESNERA DONKELAARI</b> , 7s. 6d.
<b>GARDENIA AMENA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	" <b>LEOPOLDII</b> , 3s. 6d.
" <b>CHARTACEA</b> , 10s. 6d.	" <b>PURPUREA MACRANTHA</b> , 3s. 6d.
" <b>CITRIODORA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	" <i>vide</i> Index.
" <b>FLORIDA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>GLONERA JASMINIFLORA</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.
" <b>FORTUNEI</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>GLORIOSA PLANTII</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
"    " <b>VARIEGATA</b> , 5s. to 10s. 6d.	" <b>SUPERBA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" <b>RADICANS</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	<b>GLOXINIA</b> , <i>vide</i> Index.
"    " <b>VARIEGATA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	

**GODWINIA GIGAS.**

This is the largest Aroid, both in leaf and flower, of which we have as yet any precise knowledge. It was discovered by Dr. B. Seemann, near to the Javali mine, in the Chontales Mountains of Nicaragua. It produces only a solitary leaf, and after that has died off the flower spathe makes its appearance, both leaf and spathe being of gigantic dimensions. The petiole has a beautifully mottled metallic surface, brimstone yellow, barred and striped with purple, giving it the appearance of a snake standing erect. The leaf-blade is green on both sides, and divided into three primary sections, which are again repeatedly sub-divided. The flower spathe is of a thick leathery texture, outside of a dark bluish brown, and inside of a dark brownish red, with the exception of the base and those parts surrounding the spadix, which are whitish yellow.

<b>GOMPHIA DECORA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<b>GOODYERA</b> , <i>vide</i> Orchids.	<b>GUILANDINA BONDOC</b> , 10s. 6d.
<b>GRAPTOPHYLLUM PICTUM</b> , 3s. 6d.	<b>GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 9.
<b>GRIFFINIA BLUMENAVIA</b> , 7s. 6d.	<b>GUZMANNIA PICTA</b> , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
" <b>HYACINTHINA</b> , 7s. 6d.	<b>GYMNSTACHIUM</b> , <i>vide</i> Fittonia.
"    " <b>MAXIMA</b> , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	<b>HÆMADICTYON REFULGÈNS</b> , 7s. 6d.
" <b>ORNATA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 9.	<b>HEBECLINIUM IANTHINUM</b> , <i>vide</i> Conoclinium.
	<b>HELICONIA VINOSA</b> , 10s. 6d.

**HERNANDIA SONORA.**

A vigorous-growing stove plant, of upright habit, and furnished with ovate-acuminate peltate leaves, placed alternately on the stem, and when of mature age about 6 inches long. The leaves are of a palish green colour, and at the point opposite the attachment of the petiole they have on the upper surface a conspicuous crimson spot. The margin of the leaves is entire, and they are attached by longish petioles. Young plants of moderate height make effective subjects for dinner tables and other decorative uses. The flowers are yellowish, monoecious, growing in panicle masses. The juice of the leaves of this *Hernandia* is a powerful depilatory, destroying hair wherever applied without pain.

<b>HEMEROCALLIS PICTA</b> , 10s. 6d.	<b>HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) ALBO-VARIEGATUS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>HEXACENTRIS LUTEA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	" <b>(ROSA-SINENSIS) COOPERI</b> , 3s. 6d.
" <b>MYSORENSIS</b> , 3s. 6d. & 5s.	
<b>HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS</b> , 3s. 6d. & 5s.	
" <b>(ROSA-SINENSIS) BRILLIANTISSIMA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 9.	

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CARMINATUS PERFECTUS.**

A charming stove plant, resembling *H. rosa-sinensis* in habit, and recently imported from the South Sea Islands. It has stalked ovate obscurely three-lobed leaves, which are deeply toothed, and very large flowers nearly 5 inches across, with broad and slightly undulated petals, forming a full round flower, of perfect shape, and of a rich soft carmine rose with a deep crimson eye. The staminal column is very prominent, and adds much to the beauty of the flowers, the column being of a rosy hue, the numerous stamens bright yellow, and the five stigmas a rich velvety crimson. 5s.

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CRUENTUS.**

A remarkably fine and showy stove plant, having the general habit and characteristics of *Hibiscus rosa-sinensis*. The leaves are short and broadly ovate, of a deep green colour, coarsely and bluntly serrated. The flowers are of a moderate size, compact and double, of a remarkably rich crimson red, and having a strikingly showy character, the colour being attractive, and the contour of the individual blossoms finely modelled. It comes from the South Sea Islands. 5s.



### HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) FULGIDUS.

This magnificent variety, which was obtained from the South Sea Islands, is remarkable alike for the size, colour, and marking of its brilliant flowers. The leaves are broadly ovate, with coarsely serrated margins. The flowers are of very large size (5 inches in diameter), composed of fine broad, rounded, and beautifully undulated petals, of an intense carmine scarlet, paler and somewhat rosy-tinted towards the base, where on each petal is an oblong blotch of deep crimson, forming a blunt-rayed star in the centre of the flower. It is one of the finest varieties yet introduced. 5s.

### HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KERMESINUS.

A grand flowering stove plant, with the foliage and general habit of other varieties of this extremely ornamental species. The flowers are large and showy, full double, the petals broad, rounded, and undulated, the three or four outer series reflexed, the central ones erect, the innermost consisting of the transformed column developed into numerous petaliferous lobes bearing stamens on their margins. The colour is a fine rich carmine crimson. The plant has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 5s.



### HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) MINIATUS SEMI-PLENUS.

This remarkably showy stove plant has firm almost leathery ovate leaves, which are coarsely toothed, and brilliant flowers of a vermilion scarlet colour, darker towards the base of the petals. The flowers are semi-double, the petals very much waved and recurved, forming an irregular undulated mass 4 inches across, from which the partially petaloid staminal column projects 2 inches. The brilliant and attractive flowers are remarkable for the absence of formality, the shape being wild, and abounding in fantastic curves, but nevertheless they are remarkably handsome. It has been imported from the South Sea Islands. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

### HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) PUNICEUS.

A very attractive stove plant, of a remarkably dense and close-growing habit, as compared with others of this well-known showy species. The leaves are shortly and broadly ovate, of a deep green colour, with an irregular-toothed margin. The flowers are double, remarkably neat and compact; they measure about 3 inches across, and the wavy petaline bodies, which form the close centre are about 2 inches in depth, and have a very elegantly crisped appearance. The colour is a bright dense crimson, so that the blossoms are very attractive. It is one of the many importations from the South Sea Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 43. 7s. 6d.



HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) PUNICEUS, for description and price, *vide* page 42.

HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) LUTEUS | HIPPEASTRUM, *vide* Amaryllis.  
PLENUS, 3s. 6d. and 5s. |

**HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) VIVICANS.**

A fine free-flowering stove plant of vigorous habit, with ovate stalked leaves, and remarkably large flowers,  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 inches in diameter, full double, the centre being completely filled up with broad convolute petals, having tufts of stamens intermixed. The colour is a brilliant crimson scarlet. It is a very showy variety, and was imported from the South Sea Islands. 10s. 6d.

<b>HOFFMANNIA (HIGGINSLIA) GHIES-</b>	<b>IMPATIENS JERDONIÆ, 5s.</b>
<b>BRECHTII, 3s. 6d.</b>	<b>IPOMCEA HORSFALLIÆ, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>
and 5s.	„ <b>INSIGNIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ ( „ ) <b>ORTGIESII, 5s.</b>	„ <b>LEARII, 3s. 6d.</b>
„ ( „ ) <b>REFULGENS, 3s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>MEXICANA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
and 5s.	„ <b>TERNATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ ( „ ) „ <b>ARGYRO-</b>	<b>ISOLOMA MOLLIS, vide page 9.</b>
<b>NEURA,</b>	<b>IXORA ACUMINATA, 5s.</b>
<b>7s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>AFFINIS, 5s.</b>
„ ( „ ) „ <b>ROBUSTA,</b>	„ <b>ALBA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
<b>5s.</b>	„ <b>AMABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>
„ ( „ ) <b>ROEZLII, 5s.</b>	„ <b>AMBOINENSIS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
<b>HOYA BELLA, 3s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d. and</b>
„ <b>CAMPANULATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	<b>5s.</b>
„ <b>CARNOSA, 3s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>COLEI, 7s. 6d.</b>
„ „ <b>PICTA AUREA, 5s.</b>	„ <b>CROCATATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ „ <b>VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	„ „ <b>RUTILANS, 3s. 6d. and</b>
„ <b>IMPERIALIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>	<b>5s.</b>
<b>HYDROCOTYLE NITIDULA, 7s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>DIXIANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>

### IXORA FRASERI.

A most effective and beautiful variety, of free and vigorous growth, with rich dark green foliage and numerous large, terminal, globular flower-heads, with blossoms of a brilliant flamed salmon colour, upon carmine-scarlet flower tubes, and rich under pedicels or flower stalks. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

<b>IXORA GRIFFITHII, 5s.</b>	<b>IXORA PRINCEPS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>
„ <b>JAVANICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	„ <b>REGINA, vide page 9.</b>
„ „ <b>FLORIBUNDA, 5s.</b>	„ <b>ROSEA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ <b>INCARNATA, 5s.</b>	„ <b>SALICIFOLIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ <b>LOBBII, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	„ <b>SANGUINEA, 7s. 6d.</b>
„ <b>PRINCE OF ORANGE, 5s. &amp; 7s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>SPECTABILIS, 7s. 6d.</b>

### IXORA WILLIAMSII.

This superb hybrid is one of the best varieties in cultivation. The plant is of free growth and an abundant bloomer, producing immense trusses of large flowers of a very distinct and pleasing shade of reddish salmon. 7s. 6d.

<b>JACARANDA CLAUSSENIANA, 42s.</b>	<b>JACARANDA ELEGANTISSIMA, 1 guinea.</b>
<b>JACARANDA MIMOSÆFOLIA, 7s. 6d.</b>	

### JACQUEMONTIA VIOLACEA.

A neat growing trailing plant, of slender habit, producing an abundance of lovely blue flowers. 7s. 6d.

<b>JASMINUM ARABICUM, 5s.</b>	<b>JASMINUM SAMBAC, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ <b>DUCHESSÉ D'ORLEANS,</b>	„ <b>SYRINGIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d.</b>
<b>3s. 6d.</b>	<b>JATROPHA MULTIFIDA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>
„ <b>GRACILE, 3s. 6d.</b>	<b>JONESIA DECLINATA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.</b>
„ „ <b>VARIEGATUM,</b>	<b>JUSTICIA CALYCOTRICHIA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
<b>3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	„ <b>ZEBRINA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>
„ <b>HIRSUTUM (MULTIFLO-</b>	<b>KÆMPFERIA BENSONIÆ, 7s. 6d.</b>
<b>RUM), 3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	„ <b>BERKELEYI, 7s. 6d.</b>
„ <b>LIGUSTRIFOLIUM, 3s. 6d.</b>	„ <b>MOULMEINENSIS, 7s. 6d.</b>
„ <b>SAMBAC FLORE-PLENO,</b>	„ <b>ROSCOEANA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</b>
<b>3s. 6d. and 5s.</b>	„ <b>SPECIOSA, 10s. 6d.</b>

### LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR.

A very remarkable stove plant, obtained from the South Sea Islands, and sent to me from Australia by Dr. Schomburgk. It has large alternate deep green leaves, irregularly mottled with grayish green, and variegated with patches of creamy white, and having at their base deciduous herbaceous stipules. The petioles are fleshy,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches long, deep wine purple, which colour is continued along the mid-rib and the principal side veins. Sometimes the creamy white marking covers the whole of the leaf surface on one side the mid-vein. For illustration, vide page 45. 10s. 6d.

LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGKII VERSICOLOR, for description and price, *vide* page 44.

LAURUS CINNAMOMUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ ZEYLANICA (VERA), 5s. and  
7s. 6d.

LEMONIA SPECTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

LIBONIA PENRHOSIENSIS, 3s. 6d.

LITTONIA MODESTA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

LUCULIA, *vide* Greenhouse Plants.

MACROZAMIA, *vide* Index.

MAGNOLIA MUTABILIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ PUMILA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

MANETTIA BICOLOR, 3s. 6d.

„ CORDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ MICANS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

MANTISIA SALTATORIA, 10s. 6d.

## MANGIFERA INDICA.

### THE MANGO TREE.

Mr. W. B. having imported a large quantity of this rare plant, can now offer it at 1 guinea.

**MARANTA ALBO-LINEATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **AMABILIS**, 7s. 6d.  
 „ **ARGYREA**, 5s.  
 „ **ARUNDINACEA** (the Arrowroot  
 Plant), 10s. 6d.  
 „ **BARAQUINII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **BELLA**, 10s. 6d.  
 „ **BICOLOR**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **CHIMBORACENSIS**, 5s.

**MARANTA CONGINNA**, 10s. 6d.  
 „ **EXIMIA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **FASCIATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **GOVEANA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **HIEROGLYPHICA**, 5s.  
 „ **ILLUSTRIS**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 „ **LEGRELLIANA**, 5s.  
 „ **LINDENII**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **MICANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.



### MARANTA LEOPARDINA.

A deciduous perennial, with slender erect terete petioles sheathing at the base, and bearing at the top a spreading limb, with one side considerably larger than the other. The colouring is effective, being a pale or yellowish green, marked on each side the costa with several blotches of deep green, which are oblong in form and acuminate, and are arranged in nearly opposite pairs. This handsome Maranta belongs to the semi-deciduous section. It is a native of Brazil. 10s. 6d.





### MARANTA MAKOYANA.

A lovely dwarf-growing stove perennial, belonging to the front rank of plants with ornamental foliage. The margin and oblong markings of the leaf are of a very dark bottle-green colour, while the whole intervening space is semi-transparent, cream coloured, or of a greenish straw colour, and traversed by the veins, which form narrow divergent dark green lines, between which the pallid surface appears as if minutely striate; when closely examined, however, it is found to be barred transversely with minute green lines. The pale centre of the leaf, on each side of the mid-rib, is ornamented by oblong, often stipitate, blotches, of a deep full green, and from 1 to 2 inches long, the larger and smaller markings frequently alternating. The under surface is a wine-red, deeper opposite the darker markings of the upper surface. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

- MARANTA ORNATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **PICTURATA**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **PINNATO-PICTA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **PORPHYROCAULIS**, 5s.  
 ,, **PORTEANA**, 5s.  
 ,, **PRASINA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **PRINCEPS**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **PULCHELLA**, 5s.  
 ,, **REGALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **ROSEO-LINEATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **ROSEO-PICTA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **SANGUINEA**, 5s.  
 ,, **SEEMANNI**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **SETOSA**, *vide* Calathea arrecta.

- MARANTA SMARAGDINA**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 ,, **SPLENDIDA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **TUBISPATHA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **UNDULATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **VARIEGATA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **VEITCHII**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **VIRGINALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **VITTATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **WAGNERI**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **WALLISII**, 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **WARSCIEWICZII**, 5s.  
 ,, **ZEBRINA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**MARCGRAAVIA DUBIA**, 5s.

**MARCGRAAVIA PARADOXA.**

This name is provisionally applied to a very remarkable stove creeping-stemmed perennial, sent from Nicaragua by the late Dr. Seemann as a species of *Marcgraavia*, but which under cultivation has very much more the aspect of a Pothos, and may possibly prove to be an entirely new genus. The stems cling firmly to the surface against which they are placed, by means of the strong roots which issue from their nodes opposite the alternately distichous leaves, the latter having a sheathing petiole, and an unequal-sided cordate acuminate limb, which is 4 inches long, and as much in breadth, reticulately veined, membranous, as well as minutely undulate-crested at the edge, and of a deep green colour, as also are the stems. The clinging habit gives the plant a remarkable and interesting appearance. 10s. 6d.

**MEDINILLA AMABILIS.**

A remarkably showy stove plant, introduced from Java, and having the general habit of *M. magnifica*, but with erect pyramidal panicles of large rosy peach flowers. The stem is quadrangular: the angles being furnished with a narrow undulated wing; and the leaves are opposite, sessile, oblong-ovate, obtuse with a short acuminate point, a foot long, and 7 to 8 inches broad. The flowers grow in large panicles, which are erect, and composed of four-branched whorls, the branches each forming a cyme of numerous rosy pink flowers, which measure two inches across, the unexpanded buds being of the same delicate pink colour, and having a waxy appearance. A grand stove plant of the flowering sub-division. 1½ and 2 guineas.

- MEDINILLA MAGNIFICA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**MESUA FERREA**, 10s. 6d.  
**METHONICA**, *vide* Gloriosa  
**MEYENIA ERRECTA**, 3s. 6d.  
**MIMOSA SENSITIVA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**MONOLENA PRIMULÆFLORA**, 5s.  
**MONSTERA DELICIOSA** (*Philodendron pertusum*), 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea  
**MUSA CAVENDISHII**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 ,, **COCCINEA**, 1 guinea  
 ,, **ROSACEA**, 15s.  
 ,, **SANGUINEA**, 1 guinea  
 ,, **SUPERBA**, 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, **TEXTILIS**, 1 guinea  
 ,, **VITTATA**, 2 guineas  
 ,, **ZEBRINA**, 1 guinea

- MUSSËNDA ACUMINATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **FRONDOSA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **ACUMINATA**, 5s.  
 ,, **GLABRA**, 5s.  
 ,, **LUTEOLA**, 3s. 6d.

- MYRTUS TOMENTOSA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**NAPOLEONA IMPERIALIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**NEPENTHES AMPULLACEA**, 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, **GRACILIS MAJOR**, 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea

- NEPENTHES HOOKERI**, 1, 1½, and 2 guineas  
 ,, **HYBRIDA**, 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, **MACULATA**, 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, **PHYLLAMPHORA**, 5s. to 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **RAFFLESIANA**, 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, **RUBRA**, 1 to 2 guineas  
 ,, **SEDENII**, 1 and 1½ guinea  
**NIDULARIUM FULGENS**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **INNOCENTII**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **PICTUM**, 7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **SPECTABILE**, 1 guinea

- NOTONIA GRANDIFLORA**, 10s. 6d.  
**OPLISMENUS IMBECILLIS VARIEGATUS**, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d.

- ORCHIDS**, *vide* Index.  
**OXALIS PLUMIERII**, 5s.  
 ,, **SENSITIVA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**OUVIRANDRA FENESTRALIS**, 1 to 3 guineas  
**PALMS**, of sorts, *vide* Index.  
**PALICOUREA ORNATA**, 1 guinea  
**PANAX EXCELSUM**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **FRUTICOSUM**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **OBTUSUM**, 10s. 6d.

<b>PANCRATIUM CARIBBÆUM</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.	<b>PASSIFLORA ALATA SUPERBA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>ROTATUM</b> , 3s. 6d.	„ <b>ARBOREA (GLAUCA)</b> , 10s. 6d.
„ <b>SPECIOSUM</b> , 10s. 6d.	„ <b>BIJOU</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
<b>PANDANUS DECORUS</b> , 2 guineas	„ <b>BUONAPARTEA</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>ELEGANTISSIMUS</b> , 15s. and 1 guinea	„ <b>CAPSULARIS</b> , 10s. 6d.
„ <b>JAVANICUS VARIEGATUS</b> 7s. 6d.	„ <b>CARDINALIS</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>UTILIS</b> , 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.	„ <b>EDULIS</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>VEITCHII</b> , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	„ <b>FULGENS</b> , <i>vide</i> Taesonia Buehanani
<b>PAPYRUS ANTIQUORUM</b> , 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.	„ <b>KERMESINA</b> , 3s. 6d.
<b>PARMENTIERA CEREIFERA</b> , 1 guinea	„ <b>LAURIFOLIA</b> , 3s. 6d. & 5s.
<b>PASSIFLORA AMABILIS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>LOUDONI</b> , 3s. 6d.
	„ <b>MADONNA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**PASSIFLORA MACROCARPA.**

A free-growing climber, introduced from the Rio Negro. The blossoms are very large, white and purple, but it is chiefly remarkable for its immense fruits, which often weigh as much as eight pounds each or more, and are of excellent quality. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

<b>PASSIFLORA MALIFORMIS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>PASSIFLORA QUADRANGULARIS AU-</b>
„ <b>MARMOREA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>CUBÆFOLIA</b> , 7s. 6d.
„ <b>MUTABILIS</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	„ <b>SANGUINOLENTA</b> , 7s. 6d.
„ <b>PRINCEPS (RACEMOSA)</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>SHEPPARDII</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>QUADRANGULARIS</b> , 3s. 6d.	„ <b>TRIFASCIATA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**PAULLINIA OCEANICA.**

A stove plant of slender and much-branched habit, introduced from the South Sea Islands. The leaves are alternate, slender, linear in outline, pinnate, with a brown downy rachis, and rather distant pinnae, which are sometimes simple, small, ovate, inciso-dentate, less than an inch long, sometimes ternate with a larger terminal and two smaller lateral leaflets, all of them inciso-dentate. From its light elegant foliage, this plant is a charming object for decorative purposes. 1 guinea.

<b>PAULLINIA THALICTRIFOLIA</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.	<b>PEPEROMIA ARGYREA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>PAVETTA BORBONICA</b> , 15s. and 1 guinea.	„ <b>RESEDÆFLORA</b> , 5s.
<b>PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VA-</b> <b>RIEGATUS</b> , 10s. 6d.	„ <b>VELUTINA</b> , 5s.
<b>PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VA-</b> <b>RIEGATUS CUCULLATUS</b> , 10s. 6d.	„ <b>VERSCHAFFELTII</b> , 5s.
<b>PENTAS CARNEA</b> , 3s. 6d.	<b>PEPINIA APHELANDRÆFLORA</b> , 1 guinea
„ <b>KERMESINA</b> , 3s. 6d.	<b>PETRÆA ERECTA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
	<b>PHILODENDRON CRINIPES</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
	„ <b>DISCOLOR</b> , 5s.

**PHILODENDRON DAGUENSE.**

This species quite eclipses *P. Lindenianum* in its more vigorous growth, in the changing colour of its broad leaves, which are supported on twisted hairy petioles, and in the brighter colours of the under-surface of its foliage. 10s. 6d.

**PHILODENDRON MELANOCHRYSUM.**

A lovely species, from New Granada, of moderate growth and climbing habit. The general hue of both surfaces of the leaves is a uniformly dull green, covered with a shining varnish, as though washed over with gold, and is very brilliant in the sunshine. 10s. 6d.

<b>PHILODENDRON LINDENIANUM</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>PHILODENDRON RADIATUM</b> , 7s. 6d.
„ <b>PERTUSUM</b> , <i>vide</i> Mon- stera deliciosa.	„ <b>ROEZLII</b> , 5s.
	<b>PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS</b> , <i>vide</i> page 11.

## PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS.

This is a deciduous stove shrub from the New Hebrides Group. It is of free branching habit, and clothed with alternate leaves, which are frequently almost entirely covered with a mottling of white, but in some cases partially veined with green. The flowers are curious, as are those of many other *Euphorbiaceae*, being solitary in the leaf axils, broadly bell-shaped, nodding, green, about a quarter of an inch broad. The chief cultural interest of the plant, however, resides in the colour of its leaves, which, when well developed, give the plant the appearance of a sheet of snow—whence the name *nivosus*. The women of the Island of Tanna (one of the New Hebrides Group) use the sprays of snow-white foliage of this plant for the adornment of their dark tresses; and it is certainly a beautiful selection, showing their taste in head-dresses. It has received First Class Certificates from the Royal Horticultural and Royal Botanic Societies. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

## PHYLLOTÆNIUM LINDENI.

A fine Araceous stone perennial, remarkably distinct in character. It is a rhizomatous plant with acrid milky juice, and persistent foliage, the leaves bearing a very ornamental aspect. The petioles are green, erect, from 1½ to 2 feet long, surmounted by the glabrous leaf blade, which is acutely arrow-shaped, from 12 to 16 inches broad, and about half that width, the ovate acute basal lobes being divergent. The mid-rib of the central and divergent lobes is marked by a broad ivory white band, and the principal lateral veins are marked out by narrower lines of the same colour, the rest of the surface being of a bright green. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

PHYLLOTÆNIUM MIRABILE, 1 guinea.

PHYLLARTHERON COMORENSE, 7s. 6d.

and 10s. 6d.

PHYSIANTHUS AURICOMUS, 5s.

PILEA MUSCOSA, "The Artillery Plant,"

2s. 6d.

PIPERS, of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

PISTIA STRATIOTES, 3s. 6d.

PITCAIRNIA DASYLIROIDES, 10s. 6d.

" PLATYPHYLLA, *vide* p. 11

" TABULÆFORMIS, 3s. 6d.

and 5s.

PLATYMISCIUM POLYSTACHYUM, 7s. 6d.

PLECTOPOMA, *vide* Index.

PLOCOSTEMMA LASIANTHUS, 5s.

PLUMBAGO COCCINEA SUPERBA, 3s. 6d.

" ROSEA, 3s. 6d.

POGOSTEMON PATCHOULI, 3s. 6d.

POINCIANA PULCHERRIMA, 7s. 6d.

" REGIA, 7s. 6d.

POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA, 2s. 6d. and  
3s. 6d.

" " ALBA, 3s. 6d.  
and 5s.

" " ROSEO-  
CARMINATA, 5s.

## POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA PLENISSIMA.

This magnificent plant is remarkable for the distinct character of its floral bracts, the size of the heads in which they are produced, and their marvellous brilliancy of colour. Instead of the bracts being borne in a single head and spreading out as in the old form, in this new double kind they are gathered into clusters, which fill up the centre, so that the whole inflorescence is full and rosette-like, and of a most vivid and brilliant scarlet colour. It is a strikingly effective and gorgeously beautiful plant. 1 guinea.

POSOQUERIA MULTIFLORA, 15s.

POTHOS ARGYREA, 3s. 6d.

" MACROPHYLLA, 3s. 6d.

PROTEINOPHALLUS RIVIERI, *vide*  
Amorphophallus.

PSIDIUM CATTLEYANUM (The Guava),  
5s. and 7s. 6d.

PTERIDOPHYLLUM PENTAPHYLLUM,  
7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

PUYA MAIDIFOLIA, 10s. 6d.

RAVENALIA MADAGASCARIENSIS,  
"The Traveller's Tree," 15s. and 1 guinea.

REIDIA GLAUCESCENS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

RHOPALAS, of sorts, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s.  
and 1 guinea.

RIVINA FLAVESCENS, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" LÆVIS (humilis), 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

ROGERA CORDATA (amœna), 3s. 6d. & 5s.

" GRATISSIMA, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

" THYSIFLORA, 5s.

RONDELETIA BRILLIANTISSIMA, 7s. 6d.

" SPECIOSA, 3s. 6d.

RONDELETIA SPECIOSA MAJOR, 3s. 6d.  
and 5s.

RONNBERGIA MORRENIANA, *vide* p. 11.

RUDGEA MACROPHYLLA, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

RUSSELLIA JUNCEA, 5s.

SACCHARUM ÆGYPTIACUM, 7s. 6d.

" OFFICINARUM, "The  
Sugar Plant," 7s. 6d.

SALVADORA PERSICA, "The Mustard  
Tree of Scripture," 5s.

SAMYDA NOBILIS, 1 guinea

SANCHEZIA NOBILIS GLAUCO-  
PHYLLA, 5s.

" " VARIEGATA, 3s. 6d.

SANSEVIERA GUINEENSIS, 7s. 6d.

" ZEYLANICA (javanica),  
3s. 6d.

SAXO-FRIDERICIA SUBCORDATA,  
3 guineas

SCHUBERTIA GRAVEOLENS, 5s.

SCIADOCALYX DIGITALIFLORA, 5s.

**SCUTELLARIA MOCINIANA.**

This interesting plant is of a neat, dwarf, branching style of growth, with small ovately heart-shaped leaves. It is of a very free-flowering habit, producing terminal spikes of bright scarlet blossoms during the summer months. 3s. 6d.

**SERICOGRAPHIS GHIESBREGHT-**

**IANA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**SINNINGIA PUNCTATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **PURPUREA NIGRA**, 5s.

**SIPHOCAMPYLUS HUMBOLDTIANUS**  
(**FULGENS**), 5s.

**SMILAX LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA**,

7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

„ **MACROPHYLLA MACULATA**,

5s. and 7s. 6d.

**SONERILA MARGARITACEA ALBA**,

3s. 6d. and 5s.



SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.

**SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM.**

A grand South American plant, with something the aspect of a Dieffenbaehia. Its large broadly ovate-elliptic leaves have a glossy dark green surface, freely mottled along the course of the transverse veins with blotches of golden green, the mid-rib being prominent and of a pale green. It is a very effective plant, its bold leaves being very handsomely mottled. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**SONERILA HENDERSONI.**

A beautiful variegated plant, of dwarf, neat, and compact habit, freely producing its pretty rosy lilae flowers on crimson tinted pedicels, well above the ornamental ovate leaves, which are elegantly studded over with silvery white spots upon a rich dark olive green ground. The under surface of the leaves is pale green, marbled and veined with crimson. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**SONERILA HENDERSONI ARGENTEA.**

A fine variety, similar to *S. Hendersoni* in its equally neat and compact growth, but distinct from it in the character of its foliage, the leaves having the appearance of being surfaced with silver, and from the almost entire absence of the usual green tissue, presenting a very beautiful metallic silvery lustre. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**SPHÆROGYNE LATIFOLIA**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**SPIGELIA SPLENDENS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**SPHÆROSTEMA MARMORATUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**SPONDIAS PLEIOGYNA**, 10s. 6d.

**STADMANNIA AMABILIS.**

An erect stove plant, of elegant habit, with ornamental pinnate foliage, recently introduced from Zanzibar. It is desirable for ornamental purposes on account of the light gracefully spreading foliage. The leaves are paripinnate, the short stalk being swollen at the base, the lower leaflets roundish or ovate, gradually increasing in length upwards, where they are elliptic. The rachis becomes flattened and slightly winged in the upper part, and terminates in a point between the terminal pair of leaflets. The bark is verrucose, the verrucae becoming confluent on the older parts of the stem so as to give to it a light brown colour. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**STADMANNIA JONGHEI**, 10s. 6d.

**STANGERIA**, *vide* Index.

**STEPHANOPHYSUM BAIKIEI**, 3s. 6d.

**STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**STEUJNERA COLOCASIAEFOLIA**, 10s. 6d.

**STEUJNERA DISCOLOR.**

An ornamental-leaved stove Arad. The stem is short, thick, and fleshy, the petioles long, green, and terete; the leaf-blades oblong-ovate, peltate, and acuminate, of a glossy green beneath, and above marked between the primary veins with a series of broad dull brownish purple blotches similar to those which occur on the leaves of *Alocasia Jenningsii*, while the veins are scarcely at all raised, except the primary ones, which are prominent; the spathe is short, ovate-acute, yellow on both surfaces, with the base of a reddish purple colour. This plant was imported by Mr. W. B. from India. 1 guinea.

**STRELITZIA AUGUSTA.**

A noble and exceedingly ornamental plant of the Musaceous order—a really majestic-flowering plant, the king of the family—remarkable for its peculiarly-formed striking white flowers, and its elongated distichous leaves. It was introduced long since from the Cape of Good Hope, but has always remained comparatively rare. 10s. 6d.

**STIGMAPHYLLUM CILIATUM**, 5s.

**STRELITZIA JUNCIFOLIA**, 1 and 1½ guinea

„ **NICOLAI**, 2 guineas

**STRELITZIA REGINÆ**, 1 and 1½ guinea

„ **HUMILIS**, 15s. and 1 guinea

**SYNGONIUM ALBO-LINEATUM.**

A climbing Arad from Central America, producing slender rooting stems, which are green, and bear at intervals the pedunculate pedatifid leaves, which are of a bright green colour, marked along the central rib, and sometimes also along the course of the principal veins, with a grayish or silvery hue. It is well adapted for decorating pillars, or shady walls in damp stoves, especially in cases where picturesque distribution of the plants is attempted. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**SYNGONIUM WENDLANDII**, 3s. 6d.

**TABERNÆMONTANA CORONARIA FLORE-PLENO**, 3s. 6d.

**TABERNÆMONTANA WALLICHIANA.**

A free blooming stove plant from the East Indies. It has dichotomous stems, clothed with broadly lanceolate leaves 3 to 4 inches long, and produces from the forks of the branches bifurcated cymes of white flowers, which have a slender tube nearly half an inch long, and a limb of about three-fourths of an inch broad, made up of five oblique oblong-obtuse segments, wavy at the edge, and traversed by parallel-forked veins. The flowers, which are deliciously scented, are very freely produced. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

## TACSONIA BUCHANANI (VITIFOLIA), 3s. 6d. and 5s.



TILLANDSIA (CARAGUATA) MUSAICA.

## TILLANDSIA (CARAGUATA) MUSAICA.

A handsomely marked stove epiphyte, from the United States of Colombia. The leaves are as usual amplexant at the base, and are of a ligulate form, spreading or recurving at the apex, which is acute in some forms, and blunt with a short mucronate point in others; they are a foot long, and two inches broad, the ground colour of a grayish or pale yellowish green, marked at short intervals and in an irregular way by patches of dark green flexuous transverse broken veins, as if inscribed with illegible writing, the back of the leaf having the same characters of a dull wine red colour. These singular markings give the leaves a very interesting and ornamental character. 2 and 3 guineas.

**TERMINALIA ELEGANS**, 15s. and 1 guinea  
**TETRANEMA MEXICANUM**, 3s. 6d.  
**THYRSACANTHUS RUTILANS**, 3s. 6d.  
**THEOBROMA CACAO**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
**THUNBERGIA CHRYSOPS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **FRAGANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**THUNBERGIA HARRISII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **LAURIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d.  
 and 5s.  
**TILLANDSIA ACAULIS ZEBRINA**, 5s.  
 and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **LINDENII**, 2 and 3 guineas

### THESPESIA LAMPAS.

This is a Tropical Indian sub-arborescent plant, the herbaceous portions of which are covered with stellate down. The leaves are palmately three-lobed, the lobes sharp-pointed, and the under surface peculiarly downy. The peduncles are axillary or terminal, about three-flowered, the individual flowers being mallow-like, two inches or more across, of a bright yellow, with a deep crimson spot at the base. 10s. 6d.

### TILLANDSIA STRICTA.

A pretty diminutive stove epiphyte, forming a tuft a few inches high, of spreading grayish green leaves, which taper from the base to the apex. The flowers are of a rich blue, and showy for the size of the plant. It was introduced from Brazil many years since, but disappeared, and has been subsequently re-introduced. 10s. 6d.

### TILLANDSIA TESSELLATA.

A very novel and beautiful Bromeliad, with light glaucous green ample foliage, which is attractively veined with rosy purple on the under surface, and mottled with transparent greenish yellow blotches on the upper surface, this marking and netting giving the leaves the appearance of mosaic. It is a charmingly attractive decorative plant. 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

**TILLANDSIA SPLENDENS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ (**CARAGUATA**) **ZAHNII**,  
 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 „ **ZONATA FOL. BRUN-**  
**NEIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **ZONATA FOL. VIRIDIS**,  
 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**TINNEA ÆTHIOPICA** (**VIOLET-**  
**SCENTED TINNEA**), 3s. 6d.

**TORENIA ASIATICA**, 2s. 6d.  
 „ **PULCHERRIMA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**TOXICOPHLEA SPECTABILE**, 7s. 6d.  
**TRADESCANTIA ZEBRINA ARGEN-**  
**TEA**, 3s. 6d.  
**TYDÆA**, *vide* index.  
**URCEOLINA AUREA**, 5s.  
**UROSPATHA SPECTABILIS**, 10s. 6d.  
 „ **SPLENDENS**, 10s. 6d.

### UTRICULARIA MONTANA.

From the small transparent tubers of this charming species, the flower spike rises to nearly a foot in height, and bears from three to five flowers, each of which is an inch in diameter; both flowers and bracts are pure white. It has been introduced from the United States of Colombia. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

**VANILLA AROMATICA**, 7s. 6d.  
**VINCA ALBA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 „ „ **OCULATA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**VINCA ROSEA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**VITIS (CISSUS) CHONTALENSIS**, 7s. 6d.  
**VRIESIA BRACHYSTACHYA**, 1 guinea

### VRIESIA RETICULATA.

Fine plants of this rare Bromeliaceous plant at 6 and 8 guineas each.

**VRIESIA LEOPOLDII**, 7s. 6d.  
 „ **PSITTACINA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **REGINA**, 3 guineas

**VRIESIA SPLENDENS (SPECIOSA)**, 5s.  
 and 7s. 6d.  
**ZINGIBER OFFICINALE**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE GREENHOUSE PLANTS.

**ABUTILON BOULE DE NEIGE**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **CARMINEUM**, 2s. 6d.  
 „ **DARWINI**, 5s.

**ABUTILON ELEGANS**, 2s. 6d.  
 „ **LUTEUM ERECTUM**, 3s. 6d.

### ABUTILON LE LILLIPUT.

A very dwarf and compact habited variety; producing finely formed flowers of a magnificent dark mauve colour. 5s.



**ABUTILON LE NAIN.**

Very large clear mauve flowers, with darker veins; slightly shaded with orange. 5s.

**ABUTILON LILACEA ALBA.**

White, beautifully shaded with soft lilac mauve; a novel and distinct variety, of dwarf branching habit and very free flowering; extremely pretty and effective. 10s. 6d.

**ABUTILON MONSIEUR LOUIS MARIGNAC.**

A dwarf and extremely floriferous variety; the flowers, which are large and well-formed, are of a most soft, delicate and beautiful rose colour; the reverse of the petals being of a silvery hue; very attractive. 10s. 6d.

**ABUTILON PERLE D'OR.**

An effective variety of neat compact growth, producing large and well-formed flowers of a most fresh and clear canary-yellow colour; very free flowering. 7s. 6d.

**ABUTILON SELLOWIANUM VARIEGATUM.**

The leaves of this beautiful variety are very large and ornamental; their colour is a golden yellow, richly tessellated with green. It is an extremely attractive variegated foliage plant. 5s.

**ABUTILON SIMON DELAUX.**

A novel and effective variety, freely producing large flowers of a beautiful soft chamois colour, slightly shaded with purple; the veins and back of the petals being of a rosy mauve purple colour; extremely distinct. 7s. 6d.

**ABUTILON MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM**, 3s. 6d.

„ **NIVEUM AUREO-MARMORATUM**, 3s. 6d.

„ **THOMPSONI**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

„ **VIOLACEUM PURPUREUM**, 2s. 6d.

**ACACIA DRUMMONDII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **GRANDIS**, 3s. 6d.

**ACACIA LONGIFLORA MAGNIFICA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **PLATYPTERA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **TENUIFOLIA**, 5s.

„ of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and 5s.

**ACANTHOPANAX QUINQUEFOLIUM VARIEGATUM**, 5s.

**ACROPHYLLUM VENOSUM**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**ADEDANDRA FRAGRANS**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

**AGAVE AMERICANA LONGIFOLIA VARIEGATA.**

The leaves of this variety are nearly double the length of those of the old variegated Aloc; the variegation is also much whiter and cleaner. 10s. 6d., 15s., and 1 guinea.

**AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA.**

In all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., to 1 guinea; handsome specimens, 2, 3, and 5 guineas.

**AGAVE FILIFERA.**

10s. 6d., 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.; handsome plants of this fine conservatory plant, 5 guineas each.

**AGAVE HETERACANTHA**, 1 guinea

„ **HORRIDA**, 3 guineas

„ **SEEMANNI**, 1½ guinea

„ „ **ACUTA**, 1½ guinea

„ „ **PAPILLOSA**, 1½ guinea

„ „ **PARVISPINA**, 1½ guinea

**AGAPANTHUS**, of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

**ALOE SOCOTRINA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**AMARYLLIS**, *vide* pages 14 to 17.

**ANOPTERUS GLANDULOSA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**ANTHOLYZA ÆTHIOPICA MAXIMA**, 3s. 6d.

**AOTUS GRACILLIMA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**APHELEXIS MACRANTHA PURPUREA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **MACRANTHA ROSEA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **PROLIFERA BARNESII**, *vide* Phenocoma.

„ **RUPESTRIS GRANDIFLORA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**ARALIA ARMATA**, *vide* page 3.

„ **JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII)**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ „ **RETICULATA**, 1 and 1½ guinea.

„ **PAPYRIFERA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ **QUINQUEFOLIA**, 5s.

„ **TRIFOLIATA**, 5s.

**ARALIA JAPONICA (SIEBOLDII) VARIEGATA.**

A handsome ornamental plant, with foliage similar to that of *A. japonica (Sieboldii)*, but prettily variegated. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

<b>ARAUCARIA BIDWILLII</b> , 10s. 6d. and 15s.	<b>ARAUCARIA CUNNINGHAMII</b> , 10s. 6d.,
„ <b>COOKII</b> , 15s. and 1 guinea	15s. and 1 guinea

**ARAUCARIA EXCELSA.**

Mr. W. B. has lately imported a fine lot of this handsome conservatory plant. 10s. 6d.

**ARAUCARIA RULEI.**

A handsome ornamental plant, introduced from New Caledonia. It has verticillate horizontally spreading branches, the leafy twigs very long, about an inch in diameter, with oval elliptic appressed leaves, rounded and sub-carinate beneath, and curved towards the trunk. 1, 2, and 3 guineas.

<b>ARISÆMA SPECIOSUM</b> HOOKERIA- NUM, 10s. 6d.	<b>BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA</b> , 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
<b>ARUNDO DONAX VARIEGATA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>JASMINOIDES ALBA</b> MAGNA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>AZALEA</b> , <i>vide</i> Index	„ <b>JASMINOIDES SPLENDIDA</b> , 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>BEGONIA</b> , <i>vide</i> Index	„ <b>VENUSTA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>BIGNONIA CHERERE</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	

**BLANDFORDIA CUNNINGHAMII.**

The late Dr. Lindley, in describing the previously known kinds of this genus, thus refers to *Blandfordia Cunninghamii*:—"None of them are to be compared for beauty with a plant of which the late Allan Cunningham gave me a specimen, the flowers of which are fully twice as large as *B. marginata (grandiflora)*. The leaves have neither serratures nor roughness on the edge, but are perfectly smooth. The flowers are of a deep rich red tint, except at the ends of the petals, where they are yellow." 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

<b>BLANDFORDIA AUREA</b> , 10s. 6d.	<b>BOMAREA BOGOTENSIS</b> , 10s. 6d.
„ <b>NOBILIS</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	<b>BORONIA DRUMMONDII</b> , 2s. 6d. and
„ <b>PRINCEPS</b> , <i>vide</i> page 4.	3s. 6d.

**BORONIA MEGASTIGMA.**

A remarkably effective Australian greenhouse plant, desirable not only on account of the peculiar colour of its flowers, but also for their fragrance. It is of slender habit, with twiggy branches, clothed with spare foliage, and bearing copious axillary flowers. The leaves are sessile, pinnate, with 3 to 5 narrow linear rigid leaflets. The flowers are drooping, half an inch in diameter, sub-globose, campanulate, the nearly orbicular concave petals being maroon purple outside, and yellow within. The aromatic fragrance of the flowers is most delicious. 10s. 6d.

<b>BORONIA SERRULATA</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	<b>BOUVARDIA</b> , <i>vide</i> Index.
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**BRACHYCHITON ACERIFOLIUM.**

This plant is a native of New South Wales. It has long-stalked, deeply 5 or 7-lobed, thin, shining glabrous leaves, often 8 or 10 inches in diameter, the lobes of which are oblong-lanceolate. The flowers, borne in loose axillary racemes or small panicles, are of a rich red colour, whence the colourists give it the name of Flame-tree. It is sometimes called *Stereulia acerifolia*. 7s. 6d.

**BRACHYCHITON DELABECHII.**

This is the remarkable and curious gonty-stemmed Bottle Tree of Australia. 7s. 6d.

**BRACHYSEMA UNDULATUM.**

A tall sub-scandent evergreen greenhouse plant, attractive when in blossom, on account of the very unusual colour of its flowers. It has long flexible branches, producing from their alternate or opposite leaf axils numerous small flowering twigs. The leaves are oblong-ovate, mucronate, silky beneath, and the flowers are solitary or sometimes in pairs in the leaf axils, with a broad inflated brownish silky calyx, and deep violet maroon corolla having a broad obtuse keel. It is a native of the West Australian colony. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6114. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

<b>BRUGMANSIA ARBOREA</b> , 3s. 6d.	<b>BURTONIA VIOLACEA</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>COCCINEA</b> , <i>vide</i> page 4.	<b>CALCEOLARIA PAVONI</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
„ <b>KNIGHTII</b> (flore-pleno), 3s. 6d.	<b>CALLICARPA PURPUREA</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>SANGUINEA</b> , 3s. 6d.	<b>CAMELLIAS</b> , <i>vide</i> Index.
„ <b>SUAVEOLENS</b> , 3s. 6d.	<b>CAMPHORA OFFICINALIS</b> , 5s.
	<b>CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM</b> , <i>vide</i> p. 22.

## CAMPSIDIUM (TECOMA) VALDIVIANUM.

This beautiful Bignoniad is a native of Chili. It is a very graceful climber, with pinnated leaves, and produces abundant racemes of handsome orange-coloured blossoms. This plant has no rooting branches, nor is it furnished with tendrils like most climbing species peculiar to America, but seems to be twining, like Pandorea. Occurring in high southern latitudes, there is every reason to believe that it may prove hardy in the southern parts of England. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

- CEPHALOTUS FOLLICULARIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**CEREUS GRANDIFLORUS** (night-blooming), 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **M'DONALDII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**CESTRUM AURANTIACUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**CHOROZEMA CORDATUM SPLENDENS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **HENCHMANNI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **LAWRENCEANUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **VARIUM CHANDLERI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**CISSUS ANTARTICA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

- CISSUS CAPENSIS**, 5s.  
**CLEMATIS INDIVISA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**CLIANTHUS PUNICEUS**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **MAGNIFICA**, 3s. 6d.  
**CLIVIA NOBILIS**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**COBEA SCANDENS VARIEGATA**, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**COPROSMA BAUERIANA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **PICTURATA**, vide page 5.  
**COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.  
**COLEUS**, vide Index  
**CORREAS**, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**CROWEA STRICTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**CYCADS**, vide Index.

## CYCLAMEN PERSICUM.

Too much can scarcely be said in favour of the superb varieties of this plant, of which the old *C. persicum* is the type, whether they are regarded as objects for the ornamentation of the greenhouse or conservatory, or for table decoration, for which their compact floriferous character eminently fits them. The flowers are also extremely useful for bouquets, and when plucked, if kept in water, they will last in freshness and beauty for some weeks—indeed, almost longer than any other flowers with which we are acquainted.

- CYCLAMEN PERSICUM**, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **RUBRUM**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, of various choice sorts, 3s. 6d. & 5s.  
**CYTISUS FILIPES**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **RACEMOSUS**, 1s. and 1s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **EVERESTIANUS**, 3s. 6d.

- DAHLIA IMPERIALIS**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **ALBA**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **ARBOREA**, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, ,, **ROSEA**, 3s. 6d.  
**DAPHNE ELEGANTISSIMA**, 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **INDICA RUBRA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**DARWINIA FIMBRIATA**, 5s.  
**DASYLIRION GLAUCUM**, 1 guinea  
**DESFONTAINEA SPINOSA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**DICHROA VERSICOLOR**, 3s. 6d.

## DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS.

This handsome ornamental plant is exceedingly useful for the decoration of the greenhouse or conservatory, where its effective habit always imparts a tropical aspect to the house.

It is also well adapted for the purposes of sub-tropical gardening, either in groups or as single specimens, where its graceful mode of growth produces a remarkable and striking effect. 3s. 6d. to 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 15s., 1, 1½, 2, to 5 guineas.

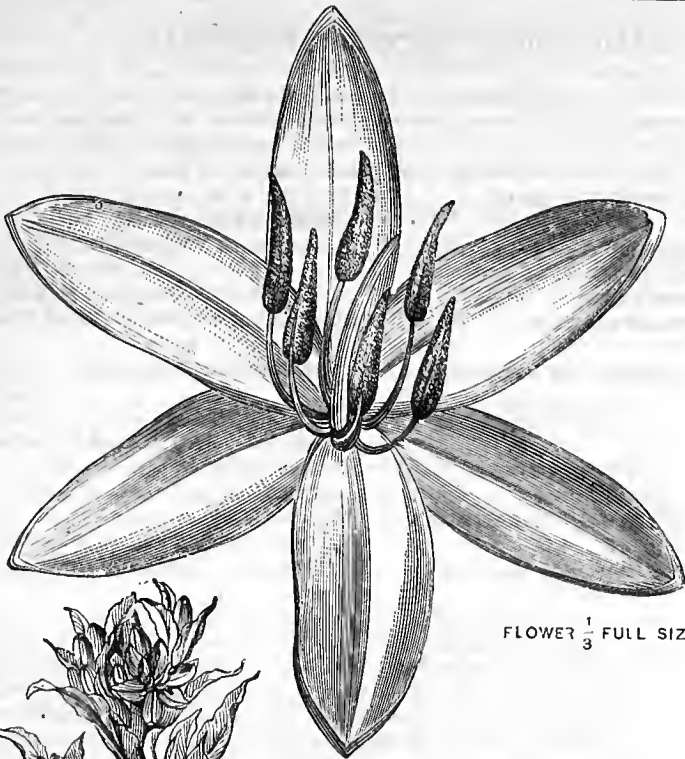
## DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS LINEATA.

An exceedingly handsome and ornamental plant, with fine broad foliage, gracefully recurving. It is strikingly effective for conservatory and greenhouse decoration. 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea; fine specimens, 2, 3 and 4 guineas.

## DRACÆNA BANKSII.

Various sizes of this ornamental plant, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

- DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS VEITCHII**, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, **ERYTHRORACHIS**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
**DRACOPHYLLUM GRACILE**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**DRYMISPERMUM AUSTRALE**, 5s.  
**ECHVEVERIA**, of sorts, vide Index

FLOWER  $\frac{1}{3}$  FULL SIZE.

SPIKE MUCH REDUCED.

### DORYANTHES PALMERI.

This novelty is described by Mr. Hill, who is well versed in plants, as one of the finest productions of the colony of Queensland. It is found in one small patch on the mountains of that region, and about 200 miles distant from the nearest township. In its habit of growth it is described as resembling the commoner *D. excelsa*, but the ends of the leaves are less pointed, and the thimble-shaped cup is more distinct. The plants have a stout bulbous base, clothed with the remains of the imbricated leaves. These are elongate, narrow lanceolate, 3 to 4 inches wide, quite smooth, narrowed downwards into a channelled marginate stalk-like portion, which widens below so as to clasp the bulb, and tapers upwards into a long narrow point. The flowers form a pyramidal spike, 12 to 18 inches high, and 10 to 12 inches broad, the flowers being red, with the centre lighter, almost white. It is a beautiful species, and is described by those who have seen it in its native home as being greatly superior in beauty to the older and more familiar species. Small plants, 10s. 6d.; imported specimens, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

**DORYANTHES EXCELSA.**

## THE AUSTRALIAN GIGANTIC LILY.

This magnificent Lilaceous plant produces a tall straight stem, on which numerous bracts are distributed. The base of this stem is surrounded by a number of fine long lanceolate leaves, and on its top appears the bunch of flowers, about twenty in number, each of the size of the common white Lily, but of the most brilliant scarlet colour. This is one of the most gorgeously beautiful plants ever introduced. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

<b>ELÆOCARPUS RETICULATUS</b> (DENTATUS), 5s. and 7s. 6d.	<b>ERIOSTEMON BUXIFOLIUS</b> 3s. 6d. & 5s.
<b>ENCEPHALARTOS</b> , of sorts, <i>vide</i> Index.	„ <b>INTERMEDIUS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>ENTELEA BAKERI</b> , 7s. 6d.	„ <b>NERIIFOLIUS</b> , 3s. 6d.
<b>EPACRIS</b> , of sorts. 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.	„ <b>PULCHELLUS</b> , 3s. 6d. & 5s.
<b>EPIPHYLLUM</b> , <i>vide</i> page 38.	„ <b>SCABER</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>ERICAS</b> , of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per doz.	<b>ERYTHRINAS</b> , of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS.**

As the specific name implies, this plant has been introduced from Bogota. The leaves are trifoliolate, with long petioles thickened at the base, the terminal leaflets having also distinct petioles, and being ovate acuminate, somewhat angularly cut away at the base, whilst the lateral ones are obliquely ovate. The flowers are scarlet, with lanceolate falcate keel and wings, 2 inches long, and a narrow erect standard of about half that length; they are produced in a close-set raceme. This is an exceedingly handsome and attractive variety of the showy Coral Tree, and a great acquisition for the greenhouse or conservatory. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**ERYTHRINA COMPACTA.**

This magnificent variety is the best and most useful in every respect of all the Erythrinæ. It is of compact bushy growth, producing most profusely its splendid attractive bunches of coral-like blossoms. It will be found effective for sub-tropical gardening, and is a desirable plant for most decorative purposes, as it blooms very freely in quite a small state. 5s.

<b>EUCALYPTUS AMAGDALINA</b> , 5s.	<b>EUCALYPTUS GUNNII</b> , 5s.
„ <b>HETEROPHYLLA</b> , 5s.	„ <b>MARGINATA</b> , 5s.
„ <b>GLOBULUS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	„ <b>OBLIQUA</b> , 5s.

**EUPATORIUM RIPARIUM.**

An erect-growing South American plant, furnished with oblong-lanceolate deeply-toothed leaves, and a paniculate inflorescence of terminal and axillary corymbs of flower heads, which are themselves composed of numerous small white florets. 3s. 6d.

<b>EUGENIA UGNI</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	<b>EUPATORIUM GRACILE ODORATUM</b> , 1s. 6d.
„ <b>AUSTRALIS</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	

**EURYCLES CUNNINGHAMI.**

## THE BRISBANE LILY.

A beautiful Australian bulb, with foliage like that of a Eucharis and flowers about the size and substance of a Tuberosa, and in shape similar to those of a small Eucharis. Charmingly pretty for all purposes for which cut flowers are required. 3s. 6d.

<b>EURYA LATIFOLIA VARIEGATA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	<b>FICUS ELASTICA</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.
<b>EUTAXIA FLORIBUNDA</b> , 3s. 6d.	„ <b>MACROCARPA</b> , 10s. 6d.
<b>FARFUGIUM GRANDE</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	„ <b>MACROPHYLLA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
<b>FERNS</b> , <i>vide</i> Index	„ <b>STIPULATA (REPENS)</b> 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.
	<b>FUCHSIAS</b> , <i>vide</i> Index.

**FOURCROYA (AGAVE) BULBOSA.**

This remarkable plant was sent from New Grenada by M. Roezl. In the young state the plants form a thickened base from the persistence of the broad overlapping lower part of the leaves. When in flower it is an extremely striking object; it produces an immense branched spike of flowers, which in its native country attains a height of from 20 to 30 feet. This spike bears hundreds of beautiful pure white flowers, with the margin of the petals green on one side. These flowers have the additional recommendation of being deliciously fragrant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**GASTRONEMA SANGUINEUM FLAMMEUM.**

This beautiful dwarf-growing Amaryllidaceous plant, imported from South Africa under the name of *Vallota flammea*, is evidently a near ally of *Gastronema sanguineum* from the same country. It is, however, a well-marked variety, generally producing two-flowered instead of single-flowered scapes, and having a more roseate less sanguineous tinge in the flowers. The flowers are of a lovely rosy carnine hue, the striped interior of the tube being lit up by the bright yellow of the anthers. It is a most charming little greenhouse bulb, flowering in the spring months simultaneously with the leaves. 5s.

**GENETYLLIS (HEDAROMA) FUCHSI-  
OIDES**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, **TULIPIFERA**, 5s. & 7s. 6d.  
**GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO**, 10s. 6d.  
**GREVILLEA DRUMMONDII**, 7s. 6d. and  
 10s. 6d.  
 ,, **ELEGANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **ROBUSTA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**GREYIA SUTHERLANDI**, 7s. 6d.  
**HAKEA LAURINA**, 10s. 6d.  
**HABROTHAMNUS ELEGANS ARGEN-  
TEUS**, 1 guinea.  
 ,, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and  
 3s. 6d.

**HEDAROMA**, *vide* Genetyllis.  
**HOVEA CELSI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**HUMEA ELEGANS**, 1s. and 1s. 6d.  
**HYDRANGEA HORTENSIA AUREO-  
VARIEGATA**, 2s. 6d.  
 and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **JAPONICA ROSALBA**,  
 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **JAPONICA SPECIOSA**,  
 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 ,, **OTAKSA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 ,, **STELLATA PROLIFE-  
RA**, 3s. 6d.

**IMANTOPHYLLUM CYRTANTHIFLORUM.**

A very excellent evergreen warm greenhouse or cool stove plant, intermediate between *Clivia* and *Vallota*, or *Amaryllis*, in style of growth, with dark green leaves, and broad corymbs of large, clear, rich salmon or light flame-coloured pendulous cup-like blossoms, relieved by a lighter centre; they are produced during the early winter and spring months. Unique in its character, and a most effective and beautiful plant in its season of bloom. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

**IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM.**

Like *I. cyrtanthiflorum* in its general habit and growth, but the flowers are a shade darker in colour, and instead of being pendulous are erect. 5s., 7s. 6d., and 10s. 6d.; fine plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

**IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM HYBRIDUM.**

An interesting hybrid between *I. cyrtanthiflorum* and *I. miniatum*. 15s.

**IMANTOPHYLLUM MINIATUM SUPERBUM.**

An extremely attractive variety, the flowers being much finer and richer in colour than those of *I. miniatum*. 1 and 1½ guinea.

**INDIGOFERA DECORA**, 5s.

**ISOLEPIS PYGMÆA (GRACILIS)**, 1s. 6d.

**JASMINUM GRANDIFLORUM**, 3s. 6d.

**KENNEDYAS**, of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**KREYSIGIA MULTIFLORA**, 5s.

**LAGERSTRÆMIA INDICA**, 3s. 6d.

,, of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**LAPAGERIA ALBA.**

The flowers of this beautiful plant are similar in shape and size to those of the popular *Lapageria rosea*, but of a pure white. In habit and foliage it is also exactly similar to the rose coloured variety, and requires the same mode of treatment.

This striking plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, and also in the *Floral Magazine*, and has received the highest awards at the leading Metropolitan Exhibitions. 3 and 5 guineas.

**LAPAGERIA ROSEA.**

This is one of the most beautiful greenhouse and conservatory climbers yet known, bearing numerous large, brilliant, carnine, bell-shaped flowers, more or less spotted internally. This highly ornamental plant remains unequalled in its adaptation for the decoration of a cool house; it is a neat evergreen, free in habit, and vigorous in growth when once established, and continues in bloom the greater part of the year. 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 1 guinea.

**LASIANDRA MACRANTHA.**

A very free-growing plant, introduced from Brazil, giving, when 3 or 4 feet high, a profusion of fine saucer-shaped flowers, which are of a rich violet blue colour. This plant has been found not to produce its flowers freely in a small state, but when grown into a large plant it flowers abundantly from all the terminal shoots, and is then extremely effective for a conservatory. 3s. 6d.

**LASIANDRA MACRANTHA FLORIBUNDA.**

This marvellous plant was first discovered by the late Dr. Seemann, who published a figure of it in his *Journal of Botany*, since which it has been introduced from St. Catherine's, Brazil. The abundant manner in which it produces its gigantic flowers in a small state, is remarkable; even plants in 2 to 3-inch pots, when only about 3 inches high, readily produce flower buds, when the flower may really be said to be as large as the plant. It requires to be treated in a manner similar to *Pteroma elegans*, which it somewhat resembles in general features, but altogether eclipses in the magnitude of its flowers, which are of a rich and brilliant violet blue colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM.**

This is the Mannka of New Zealand, a twiggy evergreen bush, with alternate linear-lanceolate pungent leaves about an inch long, and bearing a profusion of solitary axillary myrtle-like white flowers. The leaves are used as tea in New Zealand, as well as in Tasmania and Australia, whence the plant is sometimes known as the New Zealand Tea-tree. The species is variable both in habit and foliage. 5s.

**LESCHENAULTIA BILOBA SPLENDENS**  
(MAJOR), 3s. 6d. and  
5s.

” **FORMOSA**, 2s. 6d. and  
3s. 6d.

**LEUCOPOGON CUNNINGHAMI**, 3s. 6d.  
**LIBOCEDRUS DONIANA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**LIBONIA FLORIBUNDA**, 2s. 6d.

**LILIUM GIGANTEUM**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
” of sorts, *vide* Index

**LOMATIA ELEGANTISSIMA**, 7s. 6d. and  
10s. 6d.

” **FERRUGINEA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**LUCULIA GRATISSIMA**. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**LYCORUS RADIATA.**

A Japanese bulbous plant, giving rich rose-coloured blossoms. 3s. 6d.

**MACADAMIA TERNIFOLIA.**

The fruit of this handsome evergreen shrub is about the size of a walnut, and contains at maturity a kernel of remarkably rich and agreeable flavour, resembling, although much superior to, the Filbert. Judging from its native locality, it may be expected to produce its desirable fruit, with a slight protection on outside walls, in an English climate; and as an evergreen of fine habit and distinct features, it will form a valuable addition to the orchard house, also for the cool conservatory border or wall. 5s. and 7s. 6d.; large plants, 1 and 1½ guinea.

**MACKAYA BELLA.**

This most beautiful Acanthaceous plant is a native of the bed of the Tongat river, Natal. It is a tall, slender, nearly glabrous shrub, with virgate branches. The flowers have a pale lilac corolla, nearly 2 inches long, the throat ornamented with most delicately pencilled reticulated purple veins, tubular below, campanulate upwards, with a deeply five-lobed spreading limb. The plant is very floriferous, and when in full bloom, appears a mass of most delicate, pendent, campanulate flowers. This charming plant has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5797. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-PIC-  
TUM**, *vide* page 10

**MACROZAMIA**, *vide* Index

**MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLI**, *vide* page 74

” **FUSCATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**MAHERNIA VESTITA**, 3s. 6d.

**MANDEVILLEA SUAVEOLENS**, 2s. 6d.  
and 3s. 6d.

**MECONOPSIS WALLICHII**, *vide* page 10

**METROSIDEROS FLORIBUNDA**, 2s. 6d.

**MIRBELIA PULCHELLA**, 3s. 6d.

**MITRARIA COCCINEA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**MONOCHÆTUM DICRANANTHEMUM**,  
3s. 6d.

” **ENSIFERUM**, 3s. 6d.

” **LEMONIANUM**, 3s. 6d.

” **SERICÆUM MULTI-  
FLORUM**, 3s. 6d.

**MUSA ENSETE.**

This is the grand Banana of Abyssinia. In growth it is one of the most striking and noble of ornamental plants, and it is without doubt one of the most effective for summer out-door gardening. Its immense erect leaves attain a length of 8 to 10 feet, and are of a beautiful dark green, the mid-rib being bright crimson, forming an admirable and striking contrast. It attains altogether an average growth of 12 to 15 feet in height. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

**MUTISIA DECURRENS**, 7s. 6d.  
**MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES**,  
 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**MYRTUS**, of sorts, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.  
 „ **AUSTRALIS**, 3s. 6d.  
**NERINES**, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**NERIUMS**, of sorts, 3s. 6d.  
**OLEA FRAGRANS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**OPUNTIA MONACANTHA VARIEGATA**,  
 10s. 6d.  
**ORCHIDS**, of sorts, *vide* index

**PALMS**, of sorts, *vide* index  
**PANAX RULEI**, 5s.  
**PASSIFLORA CAMPBELLII**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **CÆRULEA GRANDI-**  
**FLORA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **EDULIS**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**,  
 3s. 6d.  
 „ **LOUDONI**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **ONYCHINA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ of sorts, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. & 5s.

### PENTLANDIA MINIATA.

A pretty bulbous plant, with drooping bell-shaped deep crimson flowers. 3s. 6d.

**PELARGONIUMS**, *vide* index  
**PETUNIAS**, *vide* index  
**PHÆDRANASSA RUBRO-VIRIDIS**, 3s. 6d.  
 and 5s.  
 „ **VENTRICOSA**, 2s. 6d.  
 and 3s. 6d.

**PHILESIA BUXIFOLIA**, 7s. 6d. and  
 10s. 6d.  
**PHENOCOMA PROLIFERA BARNESII**,  
 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**PHORMIUM ATROPURPUREUM**, 3, 4 and  
 5 guineas.

### PHORMIUM COLENSEI VARIEGATUM.

This beautiful plant has fine broad erect pointed dark green leaves, elegantly banded at the margin, with one or sometimes two conspicuous stripes of creamy white. It has the same distichous mode of growth as *P. tenax*, but is altogether a more elegant plant, while its more erect habit gives it quite a distinct appearance from that of the variegated *P. tenax*. It is a native of New Zealand. 1, 1½ and 2 guineas; fine plants, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.

### PHORMIUM NIGRO-PICTUM.

A very distinct compact-growing form of New Zealand Flax, much dwarfer in habit and smaller in the foliage, than the forms usually cultivated, and forming a thick tuft, the larger leaves being about 2 feet long. They are of a sap green colour, about 1½ inch wide, narrowly edged with blackish purple, the edging becoming broader and more evident on the distichous base, where it forms a conspicuous zigzag dark line. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**PHORMIUM TENAX**, highly ornamental; strong plants, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. | **PHORMIUM TENAX VARIEGATUM**, 3 and 4 guineas

### PHORMIUM TENAX VEITCHII VARIEGATUM.

A finely variegated form of the well known New Zealand Flax, of erect stately growth, and very ornamental, the fine broad leaves being ornamented with conspicuous broad stripes of creamy white running out their whole length, and contrasting well with the light shining green ground colour. It is a truly noble plant, and is well adapted not only for planting out in the flower garden and lawn, but also for pot culture, and for conservatory decoration. 1, 1½, and 2 guineas.

**PIMELEA DECUSSATA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 „ **HENDERSONI**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **NEIPPERGIANA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 „ **SPECTABILIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
**PINCENECTICIA TUBERCULATA**, 21s.  
**PLEROMA ELEGANS**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **HETEROMALLA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 „ **SARMENTOSA**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.  
**PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**PODOCARPUS MACROPHYLLUS VA-**  
**RIEGATUS**, 10s. 6d.

**POLYGALA CORDIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d.  
 „ **DALMAISIANA**, 3s. 6d.  
**POLYGONUM TOMENTOSUM**, *vide* page 11  
 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**PRIMULA JAPONICA**, of sorts, *vide* pages  
 76 and 77  
 „ **SINENSIS ALBA PLENO**,  
 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.  
 „ „ **FLORE-PLENO**,  
 of sorts, 2s. 6d.,  
 3s. 6d., and 5s.

### PRIMULA VERTICILLATA SIMENSIS.

This very fine sweet-scented Abyssinian Primrose is a half-hardy herbaceous perennial, with oblong-lanceolate farinose leaves, 8 to 10 inches long, and a flower scape about 1½ foot high. The scape bears two or three whorls of fine large salver-shaped long-tubed flowers, of a bright deep yellow colour, which have an agreeable perfume. It is a very useful and effective spring-flowering plant. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.



**PTERODISCUS SPECIOSUS**, *vide* page 11.**PTEROSPERMUM ACERIFOLIUM.**

A shrubby greenhouse plant introduced from New South Wales. The leaves are broadly ovate, deep green, peltately attached to the petiole, which, as well as the under surface of the leaves, is clothed with white cobwebby hairs, the upper surface of the young leaves, which is also white, being clothed with stellate hairs. The plant belongs to the Sterculiaceans family. 15s.

**REINECKIA CARNEA VARIEGATA.**

This is an exceedingly pretty neat-growing variegated-foliaged plant, producing very attractive rosy white flowers. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**RHODEA JAPONICA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

| **RHODEA JAPONICA ARGENTEA**, 15s.

**RHODEA JAPONICA MACROPHYLLA MARGINATA.**

An ornamental plant of bold habit, with long lanceolate leaves broadly margined with creamy white. It is easily cultivated and highly decorative. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**RHODODENDRONS**, *vide* pages 65 and 66.

**RICHARDIA AFRICANA** (*Calla ethiopica*),  
1s. and 1s. 6d.

**RHOPALA**, *vide* page 50.

„ **ALBO-MACULATA**, 3s. 6d.

**RHYNCHOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES**,

„ **MELANOLEUCA**, *vide* page 11

*vide* Trachelospermum

**SANDERSONIA AURANTIACA**, 7s. 6d.

**SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII.**

A very singular and beautiful plant, belonging to the family of the Side-saddle flowers, and inhabiting the marshes of Florida. It is an evergreen perennial plant, the leaves or pitchers of which grow quite erect, and from one and a half to two and a half feet high; they are of a bright green colour, and at the upper expanded end are variegated in a reticulated form with white, red, and green, the hood or lid, which is much undulated, being similarly marked. The flower is a crimson purple, and about two and a half inches in diameter. For illustration, *vide* page 64. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**SARRACENIA FLAVA.**

An attractive species from Florida, with erect leaves, about two feet in height, and having at the apex a large open throat, with a broad lid of a uniform bright green colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**SARRACENIA PURPUREA.**

This remarkable plant, a native of peat bogs in North America, bears the popular names of Side-saddle flower and Huntsman's Cup. It is a most remarkable evergreen perennial plant, and is so nearly hardy that it is sometimes cultivated in the open air. The plant is stemless, while the leaves which spread around the crown are pitcher-shaped, and furnished at the end with a roundish heart-shaped hood, which stands erect, like the open lid of a pitcher. These curious leaves are of a deep green veined with purplish-red. The flowers grow on scapes about a foot high, the dark purple petals arching over the greenish-yellow styles. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**SENECIO MACROGLOSSUS.**

A remarkably handsome climbing perennial, of evergreen habit, and adapted for greenhouse cultivation. It has glossy acutely-lobed leaves, and from their axils bears solitary stalked flower-heads, having a ray of from eight to twelve large ligulate clear yellow florets, forming a composite flower two and a half inches across, and remarkably showy; the outer scales of the involucre are spreading, and form a pretty fringe to the base of the flower-head. It is a South African plant, blossoming in winter, and is very remarkable from its striking resemblance in foliage to the Ivy. 5s.

**SOLLYA DRUMMONDII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**STERCULIA HETEROPHYLLA (DIVERSIFOLIA)**, 10s. 6d.

„ **LINEARIS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**STRELITZIA REGINÆ**, 1 and 1½ guinea

**SPARAXIS PULCHERRIMA**, 3s. 6d.

**SWAINSONAS**, of sorts, 3s. 6d.

**STATICE HOLFORDII**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**TACSONIA MANICATA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **MACROPHYLLA**, 5s.

„ **MOLLISSIMA**, 3s. 6d.

„ **PROFUSA (ATTRAYANA)**,

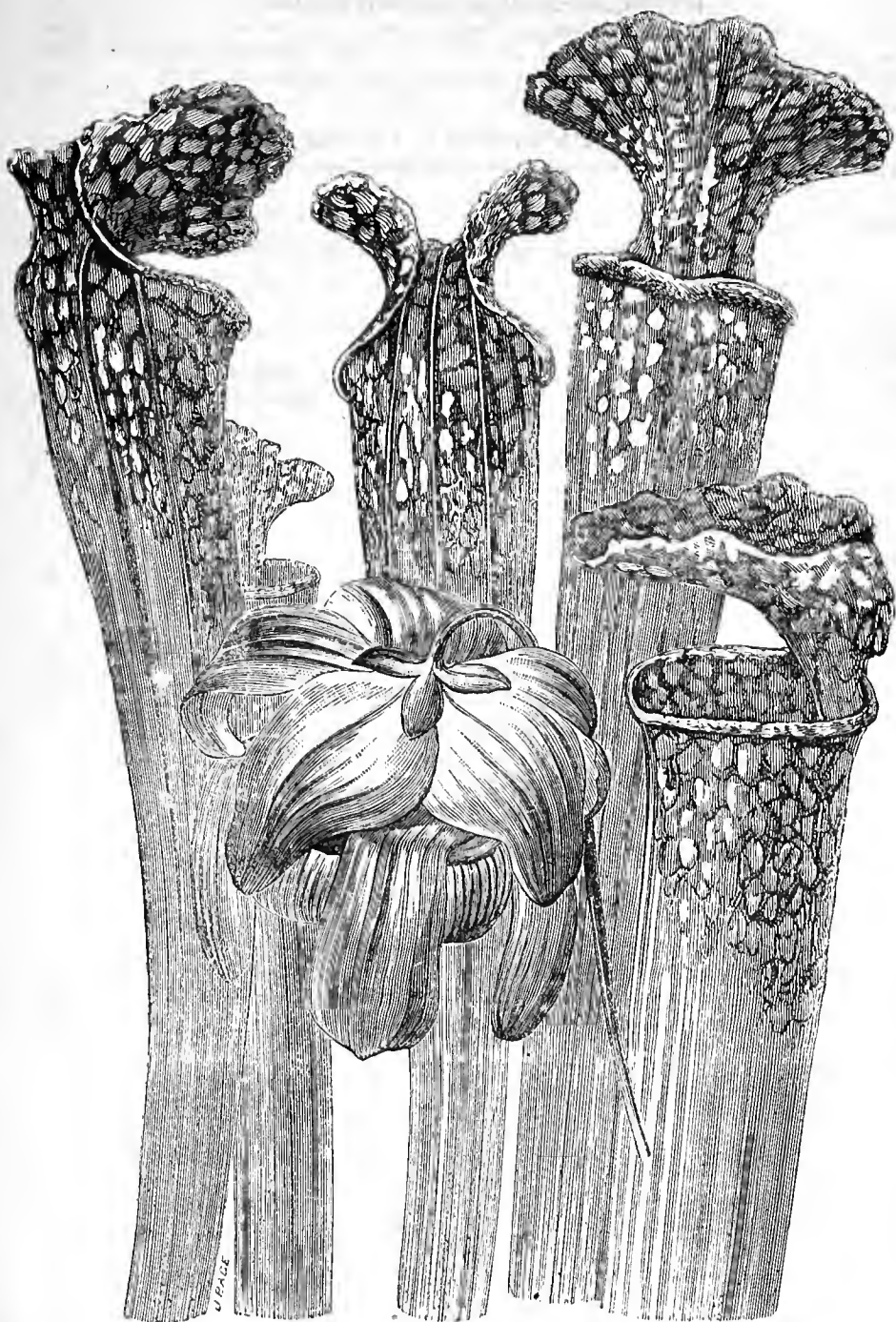
„ **PINNATISTIPULA**, 3s. 6d.

3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ **VAN VOLXEMI**, 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.

**TACSONIA ERIANTHA.**

A useful plant, resembling in habit and colour of flower the well-known *T. mollissima*, from which, however, it differs conspicuously in the white under surface of the foliage, and long bracts. It is very free flowering, and exceedingly effective as a greenhouse or conservatory climber. 5s.



SARRACENIA DRUMMONDII, for description and price, *vide* page 63.

**TACSONIA EXONIENSIS.**

This distinct and beautiful greenhouse climber is a hybrid between *T. Van Volxemi* and *T. mollissima*. The flowers are of a brilliant rose pink colour, with deep violet throat. The flower tube is  $2\frac{3}{4}$  to 3 inches long. The excellent free-flowering habit of the plant, and the extremely attractive colour of the flowers render it most desirable and effective. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**TACSONIA INSIGNIS.**

A robust-habited and free-blooming evergreen climber, producing on long pendent stalks large flowers of a luminous crimson colour, which changes after gathering to violet rose; the mouth of the tube is adorned with a beautiful incurved fringe of short filaments, which are blue mottled with white. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**TACSONIA TOMENTOSA SPECIOSA.**

This plant is a native of Colombia; it cannot be too highly recommended as a useful free-growing greenhouse climber, with clear rosy red or carnation coloured flowers. The flower tube is cylindrical, distended at the base, green, and 3 to 4 inches long, the sepals externally green, internally red; the petals, which are as long as the sepals, are of a pure rosy red colour. 5s.

**TECOMA**, *vide* Bignonia

**TESTUDINARIA ELEPHANTIPES**, 21s.

**THIBAUDIA ACUMINATA**, 5s.

**TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) JASMINOIDES**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**TRACHELOSPERMUM (RHYNCHOSPERMUM) JASMINOIDES VARIEGATUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**TREMANDRA ERICÆFOLIA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**TREMANDRA HIRSUTA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

” **VERTICILLATA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**TRITONIA AUREA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

” **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d.

**TROPÆOLUM AZUREUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

” **BRACHY CERAS**, 3s. 6d.

” **JARRATTII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

” of sorts, 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**TURRÆA HETEROPHYLLA.**

A small-growing slender-branched warm greenhouse shrub, a native of Port Natal. It has glabrous branches, and ovate undivided or three-lobed leaves, which fall away before the flowering season. The flowers are white, five-petaled, clustered at the end of the branches, and having the elongate ligulate petals longer than the staminal tubes. The *Turreas* form an interesting group of the *Meliaceæ*. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**TYPHONIUM BROWNII**, *vide* page 11.

**VALLOTA EXIMIA**, 7s. 6d.

” **PURPUREA**, 2s. 6d.

” **MAJOR**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**VERONICAS**, *vide* pages 66 and 67.

**VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA**, *vide* page 11.

**WITSENIA CORYMBOSA**, 3s. 6d.

**YUCCA QUADRICOLOR**, 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

**XYLOMELUM PYRIFORME.**

This handsome New Holland *Proteaceæ* has been variously referred to the genera *Banksia*, *Hakea*, and *Grevillea*. It is an evergreen, with lanceolate leaves, furnished in the young state with spines like those of the common Holly, but becoming entire in the mature plant. The flowers grow in dense cylindrical axillary spikes, and are succeeded by thick woody oblong foliicles, 4 or 5 inches long. 10s. 6d.

**YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA.**

7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 1, 1½ and 2 guineas each. Handsome specimens, 3 and 4 guineas each.

**GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS.**

**ANDERSONI**, a handsome introduction from the Himalayas, giving very large and fine trusses of blossoms, which are of a bright rich carmine colour. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**AUCKLANDII**, this is exceedingly rare, and one of the most handsome of the Himalayan series; its fine large white flowers are sometimes from 4 to 6 inches in diameter. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**BARBATUM**, bright scarlet flowers, distinct and effective. 5s.

**COUNTRESS OF HADDINGTON**, very large blush white flowers; an exceedingly beautiful hybrid variety. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**EDGWORTHII**, a handsome free-flowering species, with large pure white spreading shallow cup-shaped fragrant flowers. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## GREENHOUSE RHODODENDRONS—Continued.

- FALCONERI**, magnificently ornamental ; this species has the largest leaves of the genus. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- FORMOSUM GRANDIFLORUM**, a free-blooming variety, with finely formed pure white flowers ; a neat growing kind, and very useful for conservatory decoration. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- FRAGRANTISSIMUM**, this splendid hybrid is the result of a cross between *R. Edgworthii* and *R. formosum* (*Gibsoni*), partaking of the delicious fragrance of the former, while it retains the shrubby habit and abundant flowering qualities of the latter. The flower, which is of great substance, and measuring upwards of 5 inches in diameter, is of the purest white, lightly spotted with ochre on the upper segment ; the back of the flower also presents a lovely appearance, being delicately pencilled and shaded with rose on an alabaster-like ground. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- FULGENS**, blossoms of a rich fiery crimson colour ; very showy and effective ; compact habit. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- JAMESONI**, flowers bright red, produced in large terminal trusses ; handsome and attractive. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- JASMINIFLORUM**, an elegant free-blooming species, with fragrant white flower tubes, borne in clusters. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- JENKINSII**, a handsome evergreen shrub, bearing dark green leathery oblong lanceolate leaves. The flowers are exceedingly large, funnel-shaped, and of snowy whiteness. Its handsome wax-like attractive blossoms render it a most beautiful plant for conservatory decoration. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- NILAGIRICUM**, a magnificent species from the Nilgherry Hills, Nepal, producing immense terminal trusses of fine large showy flowers, of a beautiful blush colour, banded with deep rich rose and shaded with soft rose ; light throat ; the segments are also ornamented towards the centre with small rosy spots. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ALEXANDRA**, a pretty hybrid variety, of dwarf compact growth, with similar flowers to those of *R. jasminiflorum*, but larger and longer tubed, pure white, with pink stamens. A free-blooming plant, well adapted for conservatory decoration. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ALICE**, a neat dwarf bushy-growing variety of the *ciliatum* type, with comparatively small leaves, and producing clusters of deliciously-scented bell-shaped white flowers, flushed with pink on the outer surface. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS HELENA**, this pretty hybrid form, with *R. Princess Alexandra*, was obtained from a cross with *R. jasminiflorum*, but is readily distinguished from it by its much longer-tubed flowers, of a delicately tinted soft pink colour, streaked with darker shades. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ROYAL**, a handsome and distinct variety, of neat compact growth, with clusters of richly-shaded rose-coloured funnel-shaped flower tubes. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- RETUSUM**, this distinct species produces clusters of tubular orange-coloured flowers, 5s. & 7s. 6d.
- THIBAUDIENSE**, this is one of the Bhotan kinds, and combines the merits of rarity and remarkable form. At first sight, one would be apt to suppose that it might belong to the *Correas*, or rather to the *Thibaudias*, the flowers having the same alabaster-like translucent lustre as those of that family, and a good deal of the form and colour of some of the species of the genus—hence its name. Its flowers are produced in terminal trusses, and are of a beautiful bright red, except at the mouth of the corolla, which is pale yellowish green. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- VEITCHIANUM**, a beautiful species, with very large white flowers, relieved by a yellow centre or base, and elegantly fringed or frilled on the margin. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- VIRGATUM**, a slender plant with the flowers solitary or in pairs, having the tube of the corolla short and obconical, and the limb segments spreading. The flowers in the different plants that have been raised from seed, vary in hue from blush to white. 5s.
- VIRGATUM HYBRIDUM**, a neat-habited bushy-growing variety, producing fine trusses of beautiful pure white flowers, of good form. It is an extremely useful decorative plant. 5s.
- VIRGINALIS**, the flowers of this extremely beautiful variety are large, funnel-shaped, and of an exceedingly pure white. It is a handsome-growing shrub, with fine dark green foliage, and forms a splendid plant for conservatory decoration, the great size and snowy whiteness of its blossoms rendering it extremely attractive. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

## VERONICAS.

- ANNETTE**, pale bluish purple, with distinct white eye ; short thick spikes of flowers ; a very free bloomer. 1s. 6d.
- ATTRACTION**, an exceedingly distinct and pretty variety, producing fine spikes of flowers of a rich and beautiful light crimson colour ; of good compact habit, and very free flowering. 3s. 6d.
- BLUE GEM**, a shrubby-growing variety of neat habit, producing most profusely spikes of beautiful blue flowers ; a capital bedder. 1s. 6d.

## VERONICAS—Continued.

- CAROLINE**, light lilac blue, with small white eye, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing short dense spikes of bloom. 1s. 6d.
- CELESTIAL**, this is a very pleasing variety, with flowers of a sky blue colour having a white centre; free, and of good habit. 1s. 6d.
- CYRUS**, bright blue, with white centre; a distinct and attractive variety, producing freely fine spikes of fine large flowers. It is of a good compact style of growth. 2s. 6d.
- DENISE PONTON**, a very free blooming variety, producing fine flowers of a beautiful rosy carmine colour; habit neat and compact. 2s. 6d.
- DIADEM**, this variety produces flowers of a beautiful rose colour, having a distinct white centre; it is of compact and shrubby growth. 1s. 6d.
- DISPLAY**, rosy crimson, with small white eye; a free-flowering variety, of good habit, producing fine long spikes of blossom. 3s. 6d.
- ENSIGN**, clear blue, with very large attractive white eye; an exceedingly profuse bloomer. 1s. 6d.
- EVA**, a compact growing variety, freely producing fine close spikes of very pretty pink flowers. 3s. 6d.
- FESTOON**, rosy purple, with clear white eye; of very dwarf habit and free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- GARLAND**, bright blue, with very large and attractive white centre; free flowering, and of compact habit. 2s. 6d.
- HERALD**, fine rosy purple flowers, white at the base; a robust-growing and very free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.
- HEROINE**, a very profuse-blooming variety, of remarkably good habit, producing fine stout spikes of rich rosy crimson flowers, with distinct white eye. 3s. 6d.
- IMPÉRIALE**, this variety produces fine flower spikes, in clusters, of a brilliant amaranth red changing to carmine magenta, and elegantly set off with projecting white stamens. 1s. 6d.
- LEONARD**, bluish purple, with white eye; a very free bloomer, giving short thick flower spikes. 1s. 6d.
- RUBENS**, a variety of robust habit and vigorous growth; the flowers are large and fine, of a beautiful violet colour. 3s. 6d.
- TRIUMPH**, a beautiful variety of thick short-jointed habit, with small foliage; it is a very free bloomer, producing in fine spikes its lovely deep violet purple white-eyed flowers. 2s. 6d.
- VESTA**, an exceedingly floriferous variety, of very compact growth, with stout vigorous foliage; the flowers are of a beautiful light blue colour, with attractive white centre. 2s. 6d.

## NEW, RARE AND DESIRABLE HARDY PLANTS.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p><b>ACER CISSIFOLIUM</b>, 10s. 6d.</p> <p>„ <b>DISSECTUM ROSEO-MARGINATUM</b>, 15s.</p> <p>„ <b>POLYMORPHUM ATROPURPUREUM</b>, 7s. 6d.</p> <p>„ „ <b>PALMATUM</b>, 10s. 6d.</p> <p>„ <b>TATARICUM GINNALA</b>, 5s.</p> <p><b>ACORUS JAPONICUS SIEBOLDII AUREO-STRIATUS</b>, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.</p> <p><b>AMPELOPSIS TRICUSPIDATA</b> (<i>Vitis japonica</i>), 2s. 6d.</p> <p><b>ARISÆMA CORNUTUM</b> (<i>Sauromatum guttatum</i>), 3s. 6d.</p> <p>„ <b>MARMORATUM</b>, 7s. 6d.</p> | <p><b>ARISÆMA (SAUROMATUM) NIGRICANS</b>, 7s. 6d.</p> <p>„ <b>PARDINUM</b>, 7s. 6d.</p> <p>„ <b>PICTUM</b>, 5s.</p> <p>„ <b>RINGENS</b>, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</p> <p>„ „ <b>PURPUREUM</b>, 5s. and 7s. 6d.</p> <p><b>ARTHROTAXIS SELAGINOIDES</b>, 7s. 6d.</p> <p><b>ARUNDO CONSPICUA</b>, 3s. 6d.</p> <p><b>ASPIDISTRA LURIDA</b>, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.</p> <p>„ „ <b>VARIEGATA</b>, 3s. 6d. and 5s.</p> <p><b>ASTILBE BARBATA</b> (<i>Hoteia japonica</i>, <i>Spiraea barbata</i>), 1s. 6d.</p> |
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### AUCUBA JAPONICA FÆMINA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

### AUCUBA JAPONICA MASCULA.

Various sorts can be supplied at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.

### AUCUBA JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA, 10s. 6d.

## SEEDLING AUCUBAS.

These have been raised from some of the fine imported kinds, variously fertilised with the different varieties of plain-leaved, blotched and maculated males, and will probably produce many novel and fine sorts. The sexes in these seedlings may be expected to be somewhat equally divided. 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen; £3 15s., £5 and £7 10s. per 100.

## AZALEA MOLLIS.

This showy hardy deciduous shrub bears oblong-obovate leaves, villosa on the nerves and margin, and large funnel-shaped orange-coloured flowers in terminal umbels. Introduced from the mountains of Japan. 7s. 6d.

**AZALEAS**, hardy varieties, of sorts, 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

**AZARA MICROPHYLLA**, 5s.

## BAMBUSA ARGENTEA STRIATA.

This handsome Japanese plant has been received from Dr. Regel, of St. Petersburg, under the name above quoted. Like all the Bamboos, it is of an extremely graceful habit, and, in this instance, the elegance of the plant is very much augmented by the fine silvery glaucous hue of the under side of the foliage. It is of a moderately vigorous habit, and the leaves which are 3 to 4 inches long, and about three quarters of an inch broad, are of a full green on the upper surface, glaucous beneath, and striped in a varying degree, but usually freely with white, forming an elegant variegation. It is a strikingly ornamental hardy decorative plant. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**BAMBUSA FORTUNEI VARIEGATA**, 1s. 6d.

„ **MAXIMOWICZII**, 10s. 6d.

„ **NIGRA**, 5s.

**BAMBUSA RETICULATA**, 10s. 6d.

**BERBERIDOPSIS CORALLINA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS.

A neat looking shrub, raised from seed obtained from Rio Grande do Sul. In the young state the leaves are long-stalked, simple, of a roundish cordate figure, blunt at the apex, and dentate at the margin, the teeth rather distant and terminating each in a slender spinous point. They are slightly glaucous on the under surface. 10s. 6d.

**BERBERIS STENOPHYLLA**, 3s. 6d.

„ of sorts, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **RADICANS MAJOR**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**BIOTA ELEGANTISSIMA**, 7s. 6d.

**BOCCONIA JAPONICA**, 3s. 6d.

**BRODIAEA COCCINEA**, 3s. 6d.

**BRODIAEA GRANDIFLORA**, 1s. 6d.

**CEANOTHUS GLOIRE DE VERSAILLES**, 3s. 6d.

„ of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**CHIMONANTHUS FRAGRANS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **GRANDIFLORUS**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**CHRYSANTHEMUMS**, *vide* Index.

## CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM.

A branching evergreen plant, native of Japan, and having a well-marked individuality of character. The young branches are tetragonal, bearing opposite or sub-opposite obovate-cuneate leaves which are three-nerved, smooth, and of a dark opaque green on the upper surface, whitish and silky beneath, from one and a half to two inches long, and about an inch wide. It is an interesting plant with something of the aspect of a *Ceanothus*, the leaves having a strong cinnamon flavour. 10s. 6d.

**CLEMATIS ALBERT VICTOR**, deep lavender with pale bar. 3s. 6d.

„ **ALEXANDRA**, pale reddish violet. 3s. 6d.

**FAIR ROSAMOND**, blush white, with red bars; very fragrant. 7s. 6d.

„ **FORTUNEI**, double white, 2s. 6d.

„ **GEM**, deep lavender blue. 3s. 6d.

„ **GLOIRE DE SAINT-JULIEN**, French white. 7s. 6d.

„ **HENRYI**, French white, 7s. 6d.

„ **JACKMANNI**, violet purple. 2s. 6d.

„ **JEANNE D'ARC**, grayish white. 5s.

**CLEMATIS JOHN GOULD VEITCH**, lavender blue; rosette formed. 3s. 6d.

„ **LADY BOVILL**, grayish blue; cupped. 2s. 6d.

„ **LADY CAROLINE NEVILL**, French white, mauve bars. 5s.

„ **LADY LONDESBOROUGH**, silver gray, with pale bar. 3s. 6d.

„ **LANUGINOSA CANDIDA**, white, tinted; fine. 3s. 6d.

„ **LANUGINOSA NIVEA** pure white. 5s.

„ **LAWSONIANA**, rosy purple, slightly darker veins. 7s. 6d.

<b>CLEMATIS LORD LONDESBOROUGH</b> , rich mauve, maroon stripes. 3s. 6d.	<b>CLEMATIS STELLA</b> , light violet or deep mauve, with a distinct bar of deep reddish plum colour in the centre of each petal. 10s. 6d.
„ <b>LUCIE LEMOINE</b> , double white; rosette-formed; very fine. 5s.	„ <b>SYLPH</b> , a handsome white variety, tinged with mauve on the exterior. 10s. 6d.
„ <b>MAGNIFICA</b> , reddish purple, with red bars. 2s. 6d.	„ <b>SYMEIANA</b> , delicate pale mauve, or lavender blue. 7s. 6d.
„ <b>MARIE LEFEBVRE</b> , pale silvery mauve, with a deeper mauve-coloured bar. 10s. 6d.	„ <b>THE QUEEN</b> , delicate lavender, or mauve lilac; chocolate purple anthers; primrose scented. 7s. 6d.
„ <b>MISS BATEMAN</b> , white, with chocolate red anthers. 3s. 6d.	„ <b>THE SHAH</b> , deep lavender, changing to lilac. 7s. 6d.
„ <b>MRS. JAMES BATEMAN</b> , pale lavender. 3s. 6d.	„ <b>THOMAS MOORE</b> , puce violet, with white stamens; Passiflora-like. 3s. 6d.
„ <b>MRS. S. C. BAKER</b> , pink with darker red stripes; one of the prettiest varieties. 7s. 6d.	„ <b>TUNBRIDGENSIS</b> , deep bluish mauve. 5s.
„ <b>OTTO FRÖBEL</b> , grayish white, very large. 3s. 6d.	„ <b>VELUTINA PURPUREA</b> , blackish mulberry. 3s. 6d.
„ <b>PRINCE OF WALES</b> , deep rich puce purple. 2s. 6d.	„ <b>VITICELLA RUBRA GRANDIFLORA</b> , bright claret red. 3s. 6d.
„ <b>RUBELLA</b> , rich claret purple. 2s. 6d.	<b>CRYPTOMERIA JAPONICA VARIEGATA</b> , 7s. 6d.
„ <b>RUBRO-VIOLEACEA</b> , maroon purple. 2s. 6d.	<b>CUPRESSUS LAWSONIANA ARGENTEA</b> , 3s. 6d.
„ <b>SENSATION</b> , pale grayish hue, with a tint of mauve. 10s. 6d.	„ „ <b>ERECTA VIRIDIS</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
„ <b>STANDISHII</b> , light bluish mauve, profuse flowering, 2s. 6d.	„ „ <b>VARIEGATA</b> , 5s.
„ <b>STAR OF INDIA</b> , reddish plum, with red bars. 5s.	

### DAPHNIPHYLLUM ROXBURGHII.

A deciduous tree, belonging to the natural order Euphorbiaceæ. It has an extensive geographical range; the plants here offered are from Japan. It has an erect twiggy habit, with oblong-obovate or ovate opposite deep green leaves, and axillary racemes of minute flowers. 3s. 6d.

**DELPHINIUM ALOPECUROIDES**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**DELPHINIUM GARLAND**, 5s.

**DESMODIUM PENDULIFLORUM**, 3s. 6d.

### DEUTZIA CRENATA CANDIDISSIMA PLENA.

An exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing fine large, very double, pure white flowers. It is a very useful winter and spring-blooming plant, and looks extremely elegant when covered with its large bunches of pure white flowers. 3s. 6d.

### DIMORPHANTHUS MANDCHURICUS.

This noble deciduous shrub has been introduced from Manchuria, and therefore is perfectly hardy. Its handsome multifid leaves are about a yard in length, and as much in breadth, the mere mention of which conveys some idea of the grand effect this plant produces. 5s.

**ERYTHRINA**, *vide* page 59.

**ESCALLONIA MACRANTHA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**EUGENIA UGNI**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS ALBO-VARIEGATUS**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**EUONYMUS MACROPHYLLUS AUREO-VARIEGATUS**, 2s. 6d.

„ **RADICANS VARIEGATUS**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**FRAXINUS MANDCHURICUS**, this has gigantic leaves. 3s. 6d.

„ **LONGICUSPIS**, 3s. 6d.

## GLADIOLUS CRUENTUS.

A beautiful species, introduced from Natal, producing spikes of large flowers of a bright blood red colour, the upper segments uniformly coloured, the lower ones crimson at the base and scarlet at the apex. The two lateral segments of the lower lip are marbled about half way down with a white zone dotted with crimson, which on the exterior edge runs out into a long point. This distinct species has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, and in the *Florist and Pomologist*. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS.

This new species has been introduced from Natal; the flowers are pale golden yellow, with a large purple blotch, which is broader at the apex, on the disc of each of the two lower segments. Spikes nearly a foot in length, and giving ten to fifteen flowers each.

This remarkable and distinct species has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 5944. 7s. 6d.

## GUNNERA SCABRA.

This is a native of the Andes of Peru, and although now pretty widely distributed, is certainly not, however, yet as largely cultivated as, by its merits, it deserves to be. It should be found wanting in no garden where a space of 15 or 20 feet in circumference can be allotted to it, so that it may spread out its magnificent foliage. Its broad leaves, borne upon stout petioles, are more than  $4\frac{1}{2}$  feet in diameter. For producing a picturesque appearance on a large lawn, or in parks, few subjects equal a finely grown specimen of this noble plant. If planted in a deep rich soil it speedily attains a majestic size. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**HEDERA ALGERIENSIS VARIEGATA**,  
3s. 6d.

„ other choice sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**HEDERA LATIFOLIA MACULATA**, 3s. 6d.

„ silver-variegated, 2s. 6d.

**HEPATICA ANGULOSA**, 1s. 6d.

## HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA.

This splendid variety was introduced from Japan by the late Dr. von Siebold. The trusses are of immense size, the flowers white, very delicately shaded with light rose. 2s. 6d.

## HYPERICUM PATULUM.

A beautiful hardy Japanese plant, of robust bushy growth, with bright green persistent leaves; it is very free-flowering, producing abundant terminal clusters of rich yellow blossoms, and is an extremely attractive hardy shrub. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**IDESIA POLYCARPA (POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII)**, 10s. 6d.

## IRIS KÆMPFERI.

**ALEXANDER VON SIEBOLD**, 5s.

**BLUMEI**, 7s. 6d.

**DE VRIESE**, 10s. 6d.

**DUCHESS DE BELCOURT**, 5s.

**GLIJMII**, 7s. 6d.

**IDA**, 7s. 6d.

**KRELAGII**, 10s. 6d.

**MADAME HÈLÈNE VON SIEBOLD**, 7s. 6d.

**REINWARDTII**, 10s. 6d.

**RUTHERFORD ALCOCK**, 5s.

**SOUVENIR**, 10s. 6d.

## IRIS TOMIOLOPHA.

An ornamental herbaceous perennial, allied to *I. tectorum* and *I. cristata*. It has thick tortuous rhizomes, bright green falcately-ensiform acute leaves a foot high, and flower scape about equalling the leaves. The flowers have the sepaline lobes recurved, crispy, roundish-obovate, lilac, with darker lines, the base white, with violet-coloured veins, and bearing a simple deeply lacinated crest, while the petaline lobes are crispy, and pale lilac. It is a native of China, where it flowers in April, and whence it has been kindly sent to Mr. W. B. by Dr. Hance, who has fully described it in the *Journal of Botany*. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**IRIS CALIFORNICA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

„ **SIBIRICA**, 2s. 6d.

„ **SUSIANA**, 3s. 6d.

**KOELREUTERIA PANICULATA**, 2s. 6d.

**LARDIZABALA BITERNATA**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

**LEONTICE CHRYSOGONUM**, 3s. 6d.

## LIGUSTRUM CORIACEUM.

A distinct Japanese evergreen, of dwarf growth and compact habit, with thick glossy leaves. 3s. 6d.



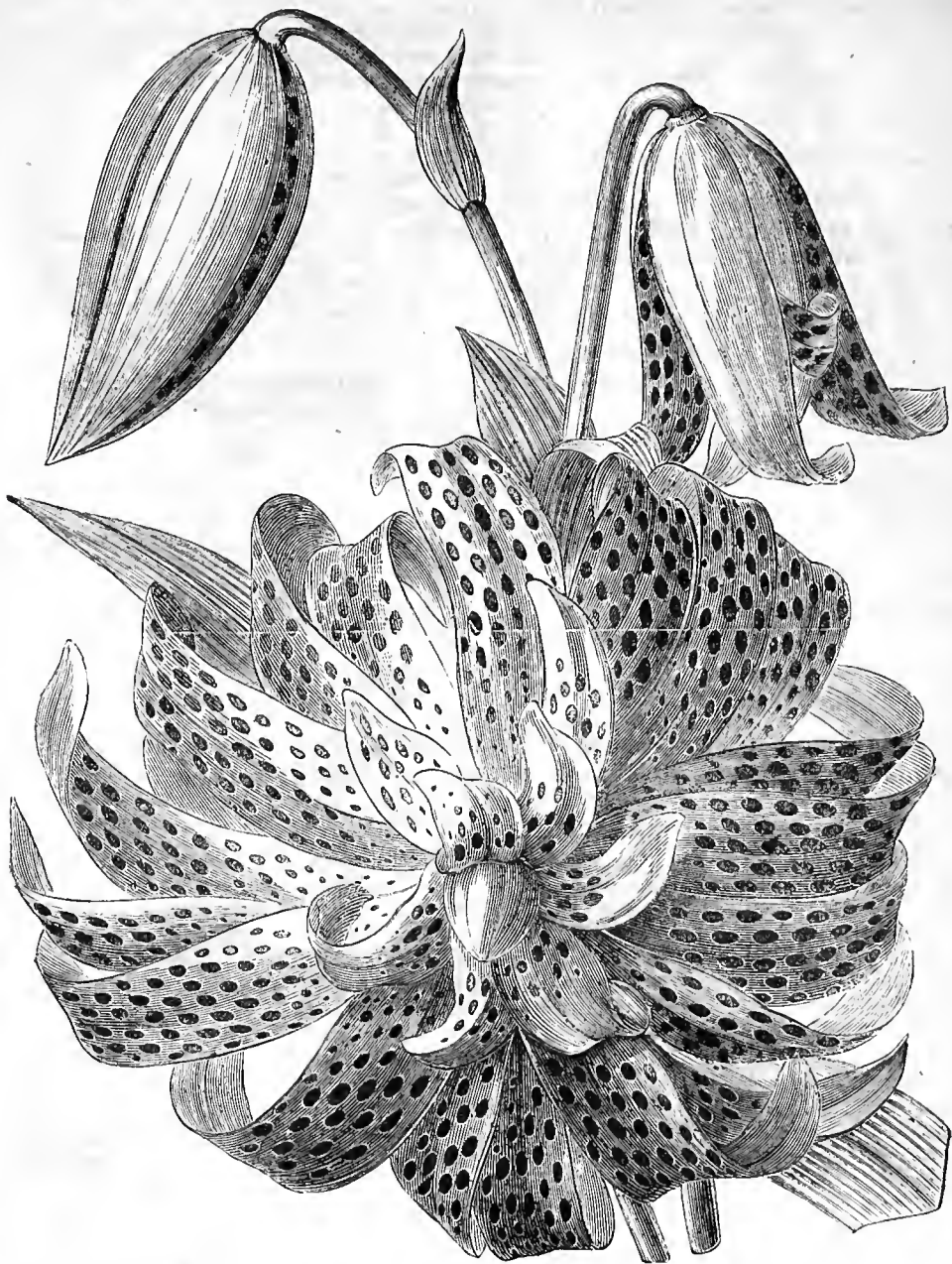




LILIUM HUMBOLDTII, for description and price, *vide* page 71.

LILIUM PARTHENEION, *vide* concolor  
 ,, PARVUM, a pretty Californian Lily,  
 flowers recurved, canary yellow  
 tipped with bright red and spotted  
 with crimson. 3s. 6d., 5s. and  
 7s. 6d.

LILIUM PHILADELPHICUM, 3s. 6d.  
 ,, POMPONIUM, 1s.  
 ,, PUBERULUM, 3s. 6d., 5s. and  
 7s. 6d.  
 ,, PULCHELLUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 ,, PYRENAICUM, 1s.



LILIAM TIGRINUM FLORE-PLENO, for description and price, *vide* page 74.

### LILIAM PURPUREUM.

This beautiful and distinct Lily has been discovered and sent from Humboldt County, California. The collector writes that it is one of the best of all the Californian Lilies, and describes it as producing very fragrant flowers, about twelve on a stem; the petals on opening are of a beautiful purplish satin colour, changing to a delicate purple lilac. 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

LILIAM ROSEUM (THOMSONIANUM), | LILIAM SINICUM, *vide* concolor  
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

<b>LILIUM SPECIOSUM (LANCIFOLIUM) ALBUM</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	
" " "	" <b>CORYMBIFLORUM</b> , 3s. 6d.
" " "	" <b>ATROSANGUINEUM</b> , 7s. 6d.
" " "	" <b>KRÆTZERI</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" " "	" <b>PUNCTATUM</b> , 3s. 6d.
" " "	" <b>ROSEUM</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
" " "	" <b>RUBRUM</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
" " "	" <b>PICTUM</b> , 5s.
" " "	" <b>SUPERBUM</b> , 3s. 6d.
<b>LILIUM SPECTABILE</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>davuricum</i>	<b>LILIUM SZOVITZIANUM</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>monadelphum Szovitzianum</i>
" <b>SUPERBUM</b> , bright orange yellow, more or less tipped with crimson and spotted with maroon. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	" <b>TENUIFOLIUM</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.
" " <b>PYRAMIDALE</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.	" <b>TESTACEUM (EXCELSUM)</b> , nankeen-coloured flowers, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
	" <b>THOMSONIANUM</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>roseum</i>
	" <b>THUNBERGIANUM</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>clegans</i>

### LILIUM TIGRINUM FLORE-PLENO.

This attractive variety produces beautiful double flowers of a bright orange scarlet colour; the segments are thickly studded with dark brown spots except at the tips, which are recurved. It has been introduced from Japan, and is a distinct and extremely handsome variety. It can be strongly recommended as one of the very best Lilies in cultivation. For illustration, *vide* page 73. 3s. 6d., 5s., and 7s. 6d.

<b>LILIUM TIGRINUM</b> , 9d.	<b>LILIUM TIGRINUM SPLENDENS</b>
" " <b>FORTUNEI</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.	(LEOPOLDII), 3s. 6d. and 5s.
" " <b>JUCUNDUM</b> , <i>vide</i> page 10.	" <b>WALLICHIANUM</b> , 1 & 1½ guinea
	" <b>WASHINGTONIANUM</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.

Good and varied selections of Lilies made at 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

<b>LIMONIA TRIFOLIATA</b> , 5s. and 7s. 6d.	<b>LONICERAS</b> , of sorts, at 1s. 6d.
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### MAGNOLIA CAMPBELLI.

Our first knowledge in Europe of this gorgeously beautiful new hardy plant was derived from a plate given in a very magnificent work, entitled *Illustrations of Himalayan Plants*. The descriptions and analyses in that work are from the pen and pencil of Dr. J. D. Hooker, C.B., Pres. R.S., and the following is an extract from his observations:—

"The *Magnolia Campbellii* was discovered by Dr. Griffith in Bhotan; it is a large forest tree abounding on the outer ranges of Sikkim, at elevations of 8,000 to 10,000 feet, appearing on the road above Pachem, and thence ascending to the top of Sinchul, 8,000, and Tonglo, 10,000 feet; though occasionally seen on the central ranges at the same elevations, it is much less frequent. The flowers are produced abundantly in April, at the end of all the branches, when the tree is as yet perfectly leafless; they vary from white to deep rose colour, or almost crimson, and in size from 6 to 10 inches; the scent is faint. In May the tree is in full leaf, and the fruit ripens in October, when a few small and often deformed flowers are sometimes produced. The flowering branch drawn in Mr. Cathcart's collection is nearly twice as large as that represented here. Young plants have the leaves perfectly glabrous; those of older trees are more or less silky on the under surface."

Without referring to *Illustrations of Himalayan Plants*, it is difficult to realise the magnificence either in size or colour of this Magnolia. A copy of the work can be seen at Mr. W. BULL'S establishment, and he will be happy to show it to visitors. Dr. Hooker's figure has been copied in the *Flore des Serres et des Jardins de l'Europe*, and *L'Illustration Horticole*, but although beautifully executed, it has necessarily, from the size of these works, been much reduced. 1, 2 and 3 guineas.

### MAXIMOWICZIA CHINENSIS.

A deciduous Schizandraceous shrub, of sarmentose habit. The flowers are dioecious, pale rose colour and agreeably scented. The female flowers have the torus considerably elongated so as to bear numerous pear-shaped cinnamon-coloured pulpy or beccate carpels, which, as they somewhat resemble bunches of red currants, have a very ornamental appearance. It comes from the Amoor country, and is therefore perfectly hardy. 7s. 6d.

MAGNOLIA, of sorts, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 OPHIOPOGON JABURAN AUREO-VARIEGATUM, 3s. 6d. & 5s.  
 " SPICATUM ARGENTEO-MARGINATUM, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

OSMANTHUS AQUIFOLIUM VARIETATUS, 3s. 6d.

PASSIFLORA CÆRULEA, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.

PHELODENDRON AMURENSE, "The Cork Tree of the Amoor," 3s. 6d.

### PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS FOL. AUREIS.

An extremely beautiful and ornamental variety, of free vigorous growth, with exceedingly effective bright yellow foliage. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

### PHILADELPHUS KETELEERI FLORE-PLENO.

This hardy shrub is a most desirable acquisition, on account of the agreeable perfume of its flowers, which are pure white, semi-double, and produced very freely in large bunches. 3s. 6d.

### PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

### PIPER FUTOKADSURA.

A remarkable evergreen hardy plant, with so much the aspect of *Piper nigrum* (Black Pepper of commerce) as not to be readily distinguishable at first sight. It is a free-growing climber, bearing stalked cordate ovate-acuminate dark green leaves, about 3 inches broad, the petioles and under surface of which are pubescent. This interesting plant is found near Nagasaki, in Japan. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

PLANERA JAPONICA, 3s. 6d.

PLATYCRATER ARGUTA PUMILA,  
 10s. 6d.

PODOCARPUS, *vide* page 62.

POLYCARPA MAXIMOWICZII, *vide*  
*Ilex polycarpa*

POLYGONUM FILIFORME VARIETATUM, 2s. 6d.

### POLYGONUM SACHALINENSE.

A free-growing perennial herbaceous plant, producing stout erect branched stems, furnished with ovate oblong leaves, 6 to 8 inches long, cordate at the base, having red footstalks, and traversed by a red mid-rib. The flowers grow in small compound racemes. It will form a distinct plant for the herbaceous border, and coming from the Amoor country is perfectly hardy. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

### PRIMULA AMÆNA.

A beautiful free spring-flowering herbaceous plant; flowers rich rosy purple, produced freely in large clusters, well above the foliage. 2s. 6d.

### PRIMULA AMÆNA ALBA.

A magnificent variety, producing very fine large pure white flowers. 5s.

### PRIMULA AMÆNA GRANDIFLORA.

An extremely attractive and distinct variety, of the same habit of growth as *P. amœna*, but its flowers are much larger, and slightly drooping. The exterior part is of a deep rose colour, and the interior white, which forms a most effective contrast. 5s.

### PRIMULA AMÆNA LILACINA.

Another very beautiful variety of *amœna*, of the same habit, and quite as free-flowering, but with flowers of a most lovely shade of lilac mauve colour; exceedingly effective and pretty. 5s.

### PRIMULA CARNIOLICA.

A species with pretty lilac blue flowers, from the Krainich Alps, where it is found growing at a height of 3,000 feet, in deep crevices on the north side. 2s. 6d.

### PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES ALBA.

This variety freely produces fine trusses of pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.

### PRIMULA CORTUSOIDES HYBRIDA.

A pretty and interesting hardy variety, with rosy purple flowers. 1s. 6d.

### PRIMULA INTERMEDIA.

A hybrid between *Primula ciliata* and *P. minima*, blooming in the most profuse manner, and throwing strong trusses of flowers, on each of which is a very large number of pips. It is sweet scented, the colour a brilliant plum or rosy purple. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA INTERMEDIA EMBLEM**, a very distinct variety, producing most profusely reddish brown flowers, with bright yellow centre. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA INTERMEDIA ETHEL**, a beautiful violet peach colour, with large and conspicuous primrose eye. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA INTERMEDIA HEROINE**, purplish blue, with small but bright yellow eye; a very free bloomer, trusses large and fine. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA INTERMEDIA IONA**, reddish brown, with bright yellow centre; a very distinct and beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA INTERMEDIA LUCIA**, bright puce, darkly shaded towards the base of the lobes, very large primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA INTERMEDIA MENTOR**, a large and well-formed flower, colour blue, shaded with rose, primrose centre. 3s. 6d.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA ALBA**.—This variety produces white flowers, with a golden yellow zone round the eye. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA ALBO-MARMORATA**.—White flowers maculated with rosy crimson; yellow eye; very distinct and pretty. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA CARMINATA**.—Pure carmine red, with a maroon crimson ring round the eye. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA CARMINATA VARIEGATA**.—An attractive variety; the rich carmine flowers being beautifully striped and marked with white and bluish white. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA LILACINA**.—Eye surrounded by a zone of orange red, shading outwards to a beautiful rosy lilac, the outer portion of the corolla lobes being white. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA ROSEA**.—Very distinct, with flowers of a lilac rose, and having a crimson ring round the eye. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

**PRIMULA JAPONICA SPLENDIDA**.—Flowers of a deep bright magenta, the zone of a rich bright crimson colour. 3s. 6d. each; 30s. per dozen.

### PRIMULA NIVALIS.

A very desirable species, of dwarf and neat habit, freely producing dense trusses of pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.

### PRIMULA PARRYI.

This extremely handsome Primrose is a native of the Rocky Mountains. In growth it is densely tufted, with very stout rootstock, and narrow obovate-oblong leaves. The flowers are of a bright purplish crimson colour; very attractive. 5s.

### QUERCUS ROBUR CONCORDIA.

A very ornamental Oak, with fine large foliage of a beautiful golden yellow; one of the prettiest and best of hardy ornamental deciduous plants. 5s.

**RETINOSPORA LEPTOCLADA**, 3s. 6d. & 5s. | **RETINOSPORA OBTUSA AUREA**, 5s.

### RHAPHIOLEPIS OVATA.

A fine perfectly hardy evergreen shrub, producing spikes of white flowers 3 to 4 inches in length and succeeded by clusters of rich purple berries. 3s. 6d.

### RHEUM OFFICINALE.

Very much interest attaches to this plant, as being the ascertained source whence is derived at least a portion of the true Turkey Rhubarb. *R. officinale*, which inhabits and is cultivated in Tibet and Western China, is a very distinct and well-marked plant, of ornamental character. It is a perennial producing shallowly three-lobed to seven-lobed leaves, and flowering stems 4 feet to 10 feet high, branching in a paniculate manner, the branches spreading and so densely packed with the greenish flowers as to appear spiciform. 10s. 6d.



JAPANESE CRIMSON PRIMROSE.

## PRIMULA JAPONICA.

This distinct hardy Japanese Primula produces fine spikes of blossom about a foot and a half high, bearing four to five separate whorls of flowers, each flower about an inch in diameter, and of a deep rich magenta colour. 9d., 1s. and 1s. 6d.



### RHEUM PALMATUM TANGHUTICUM.

A stately robust-habited perennial, which shares with *R. officinale* the reputation of furnishing a portion of the genuine Turkish Rhubarb. Indeed this is held by Dr. Regel, who has been instrumental in sending seeds to this country, to be the truest of the true amongst the official Rhubarbs. The radical leaves are deeply palmatifid, the lobes being acuminate and incised. The flowering stems are tall, terminating in a narrow panicle of pale green flowers, the branches of which are erect, and much less densely packed than those of *R. officinale*. Irrespective of the interest attaching to these plants as yielding official drugs, they are stately objects amongst the larger herbaceous perennials. 10s. 6d.

### RHODODENDRON CAUCASICUM FLAVIDUM.

This new and interesting addition to our hardy evergreen shrubs is very distinct from the ordinary type of *R. caucasicum* with rose-coloured flowers, and long known in cultivation. In *R. caucasicum flavidum* the flowers are of a pale straw yellow, thickly spotted on the upper segment with deep green dots. It is a native of the Caucasian mountains. Small plants, 7s. 6d.

**RHODODENDRONS**, choice hybrids, of sorts, to name, 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.



**RHUS GLABRA LACINIATA.**

A dwarf hardy deciduous shrub, with deeply cut feathery foliage, which changes to rich deep crimson and brown in autumn. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**RHUS JAPONICUS OSBECKII**, 5s. | **ROSES**, *vide* Index.

**ROSA RUGOSA (REGELIANA).**

This attractive plant has been introduced from Japan. It is of neat compact bushy growth; the foliage is of a bright green above, and whitish and slightly tomentose underneath. The flowers, which are freely produced in large terminal clusters, are about 3 inches in diameter, and are composed of five petals, which are of a most beautiful bright rosy crimson colour. The flowers are succeeded by berries, which are of a large size and of a rich rosy red colour, and are a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant, rendering it exceedingly effective. 5s.

**RUBUS DELICIOSUS.**

A hardy plant, with stems much branched, pubescent and tomentose, and covered with brown bark. They have orbicular-reniform three to five lobed leaves, of a bright green colour. In the axils of these leaves grow the one to three-flowered peduncles. The flowers are numerous, about 2 inches in diameter and pure white. The fruit is of a maroon brown colour and agreeable flavour. The plant is figured by Dr. Hooker in the *Botanical Magazine*, t. 6062, who remarks, "Whatever may be the qualities of its fruit, there is no question about the handsomeness of the flowering plant, whose flowers somewhat resemble those of a white Rose in size and abundance." Dr. James, its discoverer, describes its fruit as being of delicious sweetness. It is a native of the Rocky mountains. 10s. 6d.

**SAXIFRAGA PELTATA.**

This remarkable and attractive plant has been introduced from the River Sacramento, in California. It is of robust growth, producing immense roundly-lobed dark green leaves about 15 to 18 inches in diameter. The flowers, which are of a beautiful rose colour, are most abundantly borne on a tall erect spike upwards of a foot in height. 3s. 6d.

**SIBTHORPIA EUROPÆA VARIEGATA.**

This charming novelty is a beautifully variegated form of the Cornish Moneywort; the leaves being prettily margined with white. It is a very graceful and interesting plant, and will be found desirable for surfacing pots and baskets in the greenhouse and fernery, as well as a pretty object among Alpine plants. 7s. 6d.

**SALIX BABYLONICA MASCULA**, 5s.

**SEDUM MAXIMOWICZII**, 1s. 6d.

**SKIMMIA JAPONICA**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**SKIMMIA OBLATA**, 3s. 6d.

**STYRAX JAPONICA**, 5s.

**SPIRÆA PALMATA.**

In a description of this plant, given in the *Botanical Magazine*, No. 235, Dr. Hooker says: "By far the handsomest species of the genus hitherto imported, and certainly one of the most beautiful hardy plants in cultivation; the deep purple red of the stems and branches, passing into the crimson purple of the glorious broad corymbs of flowers, contrast more exquisitely with the foliage, which in autumn assumes beautiful tints of brown and golden yellow." It is a native of Japan, and was discovered and introduced by Mr. Fortune. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**THUJOPSIS DOLOBRATA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

" " **VARIEGATA**, 5s.

" " **LÆTEVIRENS**, 5s.

**TRICYRTIS HIRTA**, 1s. 6d.

" " **FLORE-NIGRO**, 1s. 6d.

**TRITOMA UVARIA GRANDIS**, 3s. 6d.

**VERONICAS.**

Where the climate is mild these make handsome decorative shrubs for the open border, and produce freely an abundance of showy flowers. They are well adapted for training against low walls or trellises, *vide* pages 66 and 67.

**VIBURNUM SIEBOLDII.**

A bold and effective evergreen shrub, with dark brown warted branches, and opposite dark green flat leaves, which are thick, coriaceous, and laurel-like in character. The leaf-stalks are about an inch long, the blades broadly oblong oval, entire in the lower half, and obscurely and bluntly serrated towards the apex. It is a native of Japan, and has sometimes been called *V. awefurka*, which is probably its vernacular name. 7s. 6d.

**VITIS VINIFERA PURPUREA.**

This desirable and attractive plant is a *Vino* with richly coloured foliage; the upper surface of the leaves being of a dark purple colour, downy underneath, and marked with purple veins. 7s. 6d.

**VITIS HETEROPHYLLA VARIEGATA,** | **WEIGELA AMABILIS VARIEGATA,**  
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. | 1s. 6d.

**WEIGELA HENDERSONI.**

A free-flowering and effective variety, producing beautiful carmine flowers, which are spotted with white on the edge; the stamens are pale sulphur white, and the buds bright red, contrasting admirably with the fully expanded flowers. 3s. 6d.

**WEIGELA LAVALLEI.**

The flowers of this attractive variety are of a rich purplish red colour, with yellow centre, and are very freely produced in exceedingly long bunches. It is a distinct and handsome variety of robust growth, and is also an excellent plant for forcing. 3s. 6d.

**WEIGELA LEMOINEI.**

An extremely floriferous variety; the flowers are very large, of a brilliant scarlet colour, marked with purple in the centre of each lobe, while the buds are of a dark purple colour. 3s. 6d.

**WEIGELA LOWII.**

This effective variety produces fine flowers, of a rich deep red colour, three times as large as those of *Diervilla multiflora*; the buds are of a purplish crimson colour. 3s. 6d.

**WISTARIA MACROBOTRYS.**

This variety, introduced from Japan, is of vigorous growth and exceedingly free flowering, producing fine large full bunches of flowers, of immense length. The foliage is dark green; the flowers are white, tinted with bluish purple, and very large and fine. It is a most attractive and ornamental plant. 5s.

**WISTARIA SINENSIS,** 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. | **YUCCA GLORIOSA,** 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**YUCCA FILAMENTOSA,** 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d. | ,, **RECURVA,** 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**YUCCA STRICTA.**

This hardy evergreen species forms a compact and nearly stemless crown of narrow lanceolate leaves, thinly margined with thread-like filaments. From the centre of the crown, the flower scape rises erect from four to five feet in height, branching at the base, and densely clothed with large, round, bell-shaped, cream white flowers shaded with purple. 7s. 6d.

**YUCCA WHIPPLEYI.**

A very distinct and ornamental Californian species. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## OFFICINAL AND MEDICINAL PLANTS, TROPICAL FRUITS, &c.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL's collection of living economic plants contains specimens of nearly all the species and condiments in domestic use, many of the most highly esteemed tropical esculent fruits, many of those from which furniture and other woods are obtained, the principal gums and medicinal products, the poison trees from Java, Brazil and Madagascar, at one time only heard of in tales of fiction, plants which supply our daily beverages and food, as well as many of historical interest.

The individual prices of the following depend upon the sizes of the plants and rarity of the species, particulars of which can be furnished on application.

Selections at 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen; or a collection made at from 12 to 50 guineas.

✓ African Mangosteen .....	Garcinia Livingstoni .....	Africa
✓ Alligator Pear .....	Pèrsea gratissima .....	W. Indies
✓ Alspice .....	Eugènia Pimèna .....	W. Indies
✓ Arnott Dye Plant .....	Bixa Orellana .....	Tropical America
✓ Arrowroot .....	Marànta arundinacea .....	S. America
✓ Australian Banyan .....	Ficus macrophylla .....	Australia
✓ Balsam of Peru .....	Myroxylon Perera .....	Peru
✓ Bamboo Cane .....	Bambùsa arundinacea .....	India
✓ Bark of Commerce .....	Cinchona officinalis .....	Tropical America
✓ Betel Nut Palm .....	Arèca Catechu .....	E. Indies
✓ Botto Pepper .....	Piper Bèllo .....	E. Indies
✓ Bitter Aloë .....	Aloë socotrina .....	Island of Socotra
✓ Bitter Quassia .....	Quassia amara .....	Guiana
✓ Black Pepper .....	Piper nigrum .....	E. Indies
✓ Black Tea .....	Thèa Bohèa .....	China
✓ Bottle Tree of Australia .....	Brachybiton Delabèclii .....	Australia
✓ Bread-fruit Tree .....	Artocarpus incisa .....	Otaheite
✓ Butter Tree .....	Bàssia butyracea .....	E. Indies
✓ Cabbage Palm .....	Eutèrpo edulis .....	Brazil
✓ Camphor .....	Càmphora officinalis .....	Japan
✓ Candle Tree .....	Parmentiera cecifera .....	Panama
✓ Cardamon .....	Amòmum Cardamòmum .....	E. Indies
✓ Cascarella Bark .....	Croton Cascarella .....	S. America
✓ Cherimoyor .....	Anóna Cherimòlia .....	S. America
✓ Chinese Plantain Tree .....	Musa Cavendishii .....	China
✓ Cinnamon Tree .....	Cinnamòmum verum .....	Ceylon
✓ Cocoa .....	Theobroma Cacao .....	Tropical America
✓ Coffee .....	Coffea arabica .....	Yemen
✓ Contraceptive Root .....	Dorstenia Contraceptiva .....	S. America
✓ Cuba Bast .....	Paritium elatum .....	W. Indies
✓ Cubeb Pepper .....	Piper Cubeba .....	Java
✓ Date .....	Phoenix dactylifera .....	Levant
✓ Edible-fruited Passion Flower .....	Passiflora edulis .....	Brazil
✓ Edible Vangueria .....	Vangueria edulis .....	Madagascar
✓ Fiddle Wood .....	Citharoxylon quadrangulare .....	Jamaica
✓ Gamboge .....	Xanthochymus pictorius .....	E. Indies
✓ Giantic Granadilla .....	Passiflora macrocarpa .....	Rio Negro
✓ Ginger .....	Zingiber officinale .....	E. Indies
✓ Grandilla .....	Passiflora quadrangularis .....	W. Indies
✓ Great Banyan Tree .....	Ficus indica .....	E. Indies
✓ Green Tea .....	Thèa viridis .....	China
✓ Ipecacuanha .....	Cephaelis Ipecacuanha .....	Brazil
✓ Ivory Nut Palm .....	Phytelephas macrocarpa .....	Peru
✓ Japan Cinnamon .....	Cinnamòmum sericeum .....	Japan
✓ Japanese Pepper .....	Piper Futokadsura .....	Japan
✓ Latanier Palm .....	Latania borbonica .....	Bourbon
✓ Lomon Grass .....	Cymbopogon Schoenanthus .....	E. Indies
✓ Liberian Coffee .....	Coffea liberica .....	Africa
✓ Loquat .....	Eriobotrya japonica .....	Japan
✓ Mahogany Tree .....	Swietenia Mahagoni .....	W. Indies
✓ Malay Apple .....	Jambosa malaccensis .....	E. Indies
✓ Mammee Tree .....	Mammea americana .....	S. America
✓ Mango .....	Mangifera indica .....	E. Indies
✓ Mangosteen .....	Garcinia Mangostana .....	Java
✓ Matico .....	Artanthus elongata .....	Peru
✓ Moreton Bay Chestnut .....	Castanospermum australe .....	Australia
✓ Mustard Tree of Scripture .....	Salsalora persica .....	Persia
✓ Nanceberry Tree .....	Achras Sapota .....	S. America
✓ Nicker Tree .....	Guilandina Bouduc .....	Sumatra
✓ Nutmeg .....	Myristica moschata .....	E. Indies
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✓ Red Sandal Wood .....	Adenanthra pavonina .....	E. Indies
✓ Rhoeo Fibre Plant .....	Boehmeria nivea .....	India
✓ Rico Paper Plant .....	Aralia papyrifera .....	China
✓ Rose Apple .....	Jambosa vulgaris .....	E. Indies
✓ Sago Palm .....	Phoenix farinifer .....	E. Indies
✓ Sarsaparilla .....	Smilax Sarsaparilla .....	N. America
✓ Satin Wood .....	Chloroxylon Swietenia .....	E. Indies
✓ Sour Sop .....	Anóna muricata .....	W. Indies
✓ Strychnine .....	Strychnos nux-vomica .....	E. Indies
✓ Sugar Cane .....	Saccharum officinarum .....	India
✓ Sugar Palm .....	Arenga saccharifera .....	E. Indies
✓ Sweet Sop .....	Anóna squamosa .....	Tropical America
✓ Sycamore Tree of Scripture .....	Ficus Sycomorus .....	Egypt
✓ Tamarind Tree .....	Tamarindus indica .....	E. Indies
✓ Travellers' Tree .....	Ravenalia madagascariensis .....	Madagascar
✓ Turkey Rhubarb .....	Rheum officinale .....	China
✓ Turpentine Tree .....	Pistacia Terebinthus .....	S. Europe
✓ Upas Tree .....	Antirrhinum toxicaria .....	Java
✓ Vanilla .....	Vanilla aromatica .....	S. America

Purchasers of Official and Medicinal Plants, Tropical Fruits, &c., can have selections of living specimens made from the preceding at 3, 4, 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen; or a collection at from 12 to 50 guineas. The difference in price of the collections principally depends upon the number of plants included, their size, and the rarity of the species.

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Mr. WILLIAM BULL being annually a large importer of Orchids, many of the following are offered at very low prices.

*S* distinguishes the stove kinds ; *I*, intermediate house ; and *C*, cool house. Those marked thus (\*) are winter blooming kinds.

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<i>S</i> ANÆCTOCHILUS DAWSONIANUS, <i>vide</i> GOODYERA.		
<i>S</i> ANGRÆCUM BILOBUM .....	Cape Coast Castle.....	63s. and 84s.
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<i>C</i> — SPECTABILIS .....	Mexico .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d..
<i>I</i> BATEMANNIA WALLISII, <i>vide</i> page 4.		
<i>I</i> BIFRENARIA AURANTIACA .....	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> BLETTA FLORIDA .....	West Indies .....	15s.
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<i>I</i>	— <i>PATINII</i> .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
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<i>C</i>	— <i>VERRUCOSA</i> .....	Guatemala.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
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<i>I</i>	— <i>OCERACEUM</i> .....	Bogota .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<i>CATLEYA ACLANDIÆ</i> .....	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <i>AMABILIS</i> .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>AMETHYSTINA</i> .....	Brazil .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>AMETHYSTOGLOSSA</i> .....	Brazil .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>BASSETTII</i> , <i>vide C. SPECIOSISSIMA</i> .		
<i>*C</i>	— <i>BOGOTENSIS</i> .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <i>BOOTHIANA</i> , <i>vide C. LOBATA</i> .		
<i>C</i>	— <i>BULBOSA</i> ( <i>Walkeriana</i> ) .....	Brazil .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <i>CITRINA</i> .....	Oaxaca .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— ( <i>LÆLIA</i> ) <i>CRISPA</i> .....	Brazil.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>SUPERBA</i> .....	Brazil .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <i>DOWIANA</i> .....	Costa Rica.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>*I</i>	— <i>ELDORADO SPLENDENS</i> .....	Rio Negro.....	63s., 84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>ELEGANS</i> , <i>vide LÆLIA ELEGANS</i> .		
<i>I</i>	— <i>GIGAS</i> .....	S. America .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>GRANDIS</i> , <i>vide LÆLIA GRANDIS</i> .		
<i>C</i>	— <i>GUTTATA</i> .....	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <i>INTERMEDIA</i> .....	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <i>LABIATA</i> .....	Brazil.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>LEOPOLDII</i> .....	Brazil.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <i>LOBATA</i> ( <i>C. Boothiana</i> , <i>Lælia Booth-</i> <i>iana</i> , <i>Lælia lobata</i> ) .....	Brazil.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <i>LODDIGESII</i> .....	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>MARGINATA</i> , <i>vide LÆLIA MARGINATA</i> .		
<i>C</i>	— <i>MAXIMA</i> ( <i>Quindos</i> ) .....	Ecuador, Popayan .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <i>MENDELII</i> .....	South America .....	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>MOSSIÆ</i> .....	La Guayra.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>AURANTIACA</i> .....	La Guayra.....	21s. to 42s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>GRANDIFLORA</i> .....	La Guayra.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i>	— <i>ROSEA</i> .....	La Guayra.....	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <i>SUPERBA</i> .....	La Guayra.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.

<i>C</i> CATTLEYA PERRINII, <i>vide</i> LÆLIA PERRINII.		
<i>C</i> — PINELII, <i>vide</i> LÆLIA PINELII.		
* <i>C</i> — QUADRICOLOR .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SKINNERI .....	South America .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — SPECIOSISSIMA (Bassettii, Lemo- niana, Luddemanniana) .....	Caracas.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — SUPERBA .....	Essequibo .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — TRIANÆ .....	Colombia .....	15s. and 21s. to 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — ALBA .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — ATALANTA.....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — DAWSONI.....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — DELICATA .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — SPLENDENS .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — WAGNERI.....	Caracas.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — WALKERIANA, <i>vide</i> C. BULBOSA.		
<i>I</i> — WALLISII, <i>vide</i> LÆLIA WALLISII.		
<i>I</i> — WARNERI.....	Brazil.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — WARSCWICZII .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — — DELICATA .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> CHYSIS AUREA .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — BRACTESCENS .....	Peru .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — LIMMINGHEI.....	Central America .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> CIRRHOPETALUM GRANDIFLORUM..		
<i>S</i> CŒLOGYNE ASPERATA (Lowii) .....		
<i>I</i> — CORRUGATA .....	Borneo .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CRISTATA .....	Khasya .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — CRISTATA .....	Nepal, Sylhet .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — GARDNERIANA .....	Nepal, Khasya .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — NITIDA (ocellata) .....	Sylhet, Khasya.....	21s.
<i>I</i> — OCHRACEA .....	Bhotan .....	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> — PANDURATA .....	Borneo .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — PARISHII (papagena) .....	Moulmein .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — SPECIOSA .....	Java .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> COLAX JUGOSUS .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> COMPARETTIA FALCATA .....		
<i>S</i> CORYANTHES MACRANTHA .....		
<i>I</i> CYCNOCHES MUSCIFERUM, <i>vide</i> POLYCYCNIS MUSCIFERA.	South America.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> CYMBIDIUM ALOIFOLUM .....	Caracas.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — EBURNEUM.....	East Indies .....	15s.
<i>I</i> — GIGANTEUM.....	China .....	105s. and 126s.
<i>I</i> — GIGANTEUM .....	Nepal.....	21s.
<i>I</i> — HOOKERIANUM .....	Sikkim, Himalaya .....	63s.
<i>I</i> — MASTERSII .....	East Indies .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — TIGRINUM .....	Moulmein Mountains .....	42s.
<i>I</i> CYPRIPEDIUM ARGUS .....		
<i>I</i> — BARBATUM .....	Hybrid .....	63s.
<i>I</i> — — BIFLORUM .....	Mount Ophir.....	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — — CROSSII .....	Mount Ophir.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM.....	Mount Ophir.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — MAJUS .....	Java .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — — MULTIFLORUM .....	Mount Ophir.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — — NIGRUM .....	Mount Ophir.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — PICTUM.....	Mount Ophir .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — — PURPUREUM.....	Mount Ophir.....	15s.
<i>I</i> — — SUPERBUM.....	Mount Ophir.....	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — BULLENIANUM.....	Mount Ophir.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — BULLENIANUM.....	Borneo .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — CARICINUM, <i>vide</i> C. PEARCEI.		
<i>I</i> — CAUDATUM.....	Panama .....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — ROSEUM .....	Panama .....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — CONCOLOR .....	Moulmein .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — DAYANUM .....	Borneo .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — DOMINIANUM .....	Hybrid .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — HARRISIANUM.....	Hybrid .....	42s., 63s. and 84s.

<i>I</i>	<b>CYPRIPEDIUM HIRSUTISSIMUM</b> .....	Assam.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>HOOKERÆ</b> .....	Borneo .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i>	— <b>INSIGNE</b> .....	Nepal.....	5s. and 7s. 6d.
* <i>C</i>	— <b>GRANDIFLORUM</b> .....	Nepal.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i>	— <b>MAULEI</b> .....	Nepal.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i>	— <b>PUNCTATUM</b> .....	Nepal.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>JAVANICUM</b> .....	Java .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>LÆVIGATUM</b> .....	Philippine Islands .....	12s. and 16s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>LONGIFOLIUM</b> .....	Costa Rica.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>LOWII</b> .....	Borneo .....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>NIVEUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<p>This little floral gem has the habit of <i>Cypripedium concolor</i>, to which it is most nearly allied. The leaves are dark green, marbled with white. The flowers are white, marked with minute delicate violet spots, and have a deep yellow blotch on the staminode.</p>			
<i>I</i>	— <b>PARDINUM</b> .....	India .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>PARISHII</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>PEARCEI (carcinum)</b> .....	Peru .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>ROEZLII</b> .....	South America .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i>	— <b>SCHLIMII</b> .....	Ocaña.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>SEDENI</b> .....	Hybrid .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>STONEI</b> .....	Borneo .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>SUPERBIENS (Veitchii)</b> .....	Java .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i>	— <b>VENUSTUM</b> .....	Nepal.....	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>VILLOSUM</b> .....	{ Moulmein and Tonghoo } { Momtains..... }	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	<b>CYRTOPODIUM ANDERSONI</b> .....	Brazil.....	42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>WOODFORDII</b> .....	Venezuela .....	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	<b>DENDROBIUM ADUNCUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>AGREGATUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>MAJUS</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>ALBO-SANGUINEUM</b> .....	Moulmein .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>AMCENUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <b>BARBATULUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <b>BENSONIÆ</b> .....	Arracan Hills .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <b>AURANTIACUM</b> .....	Arracan Hills .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>BICOLOR, vide D. PALPEBRÆ.</b>		
<i>I</i>	— <b>CAMBRIDGEANUM</b> .....	Chittagong .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i>	— <b>CHRYSANTHUM</b> .....	Nepal.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>CHRYSOTIS, vide D. HOOKERIANUM.</b>		
<i>S</i>	— <b>CHRYSOTOXUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <b>SUPERBUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>CLAVATUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>S</i>	— <b>CRASSINODE</b> .....	Arracau & Siam Mountains	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>CRETACEUM</b> .....	Burmah .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>CRYSTALLINUM</b> .....	Arracan Mountains .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>DALHOUSIANUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <b>DAYANUM</b> .....	Borneo .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>DENSIFLORUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>DEVONIANUM</b> .....	Khasya .....	7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>DIXANTHUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i>	— <b>EBURNEUM</b> .....	Moulmein .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i>	— <b>FALCONERI</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i>	— <b>FARMERI</b> .....	Calcutta.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>FIMBRIATUM</b> .....	Nepal .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>OCULATUM</b> .....	Nepal .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>FLORIBUNDUM</b> .....	New Hebrides .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i>	— <b>FORMOSUM</b> .....	Rangoon and Moulmein ..	21s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>GIGANTEUM</b> .....	Rangoon and Moulmein ..	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>GIBSONI</b> .....	Tenasserim .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>GRIFFITHIANUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i>	— <b>HETEROCARPUM</b> .....	East Indies .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.

\**C* DENDROBIUM HILLII, *vide* D. SPECIOSUM HILLII.

<i>S</i> —	HOOKERIANUM (chrysotis) .....	Assam and Sikkim .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	INFUNDIBULUM .....	Moulmein .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	JAMESIANUM .....	Moulmein .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> —	JAPONICUM (moniliforme).....	Japan .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> —	JENKINSII .....	Gualpara .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	LASIOGLOSSUM.....	Burmah .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> —	LINAWIANUM .....	.....	21s.
<i>S</i> —	LITULIFLORUM .....	East Indies .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> —	LUTEOLUM .....	Moulmein .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	MACROPHYLLUM (macranthum) ...	Manilla .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	GIGANTEUM .....	Manilla .....	21s., 42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> —	McCARTHIÆ .....	Ceylon .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> —	MONILIFORME, <i>vide</i> D. JAPONICUM.	.....	.....
<i>I</i> —	MOSCHATUM .....	Burmah, Pegu, Sylhet ...	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i> —	NOBILE .....	Macao.....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 21s.
* <i>I</i> —	CÆRULESCENS.....	Macao .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> —	PENDULUM.....	Macao .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>I</i> —	WALLICHII .....	Macao .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	NODATUM.....	Moulmein .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	ONOSMUM.....	Moluecas .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> —	PALPEBRÆ (bicolor).....	Bonubay .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	PARISHII .....	Moulmein .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> —	PAXTONI .....	Khasya .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	PIERARDII .....	Delta of Ganges .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	LATIFOLIUM.....	Delta of Ganges .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	PRIMULINUM.....	East Indies .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	PULCHELLUM .....	Sylhet .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> —	RHODOCENTRUM.....	Burmah .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>S</i> —	SANGUINOLENTUM .....	Bombay .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> —	SECUNDUM .....	Malacca, Java .....	15s.
<i>S</i> —	SENILE .....	Burmah .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> —	SPECIOSUM .....	Port Jackson.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> —	HILLII .....	Australia .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	SUAVISSIMUM .....	Burmah.....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	TAURINUM .....	Manilla .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> —	THYRSIFLORUM .....	East Indies .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	TORTILE .....	East Indies .....	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> —	ROSEUM .....	East Indies .....	31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> —	TRANSPARENS .....	Nepal.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	WARDIANUM .....	Assam .....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>S</i> —	DENDROCHILUM FILIFORME .....	Manilla .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>S</i> —	GLUMACEUM .....	Philippine Islands .....	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> —	DISA GRANDIFLORA .....	Cape of Good Hope.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> —	HERSCHELLII .....	Cape of Good Hope.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> —	EPIDENDRUM AMABILE .....	Bahia.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	AROMATICUM .....	South America .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> —	ATROPURPUREUM, <i>vide</i> E. MACROCHILUM.	.....	.....
<i>S</i> —	BICORNUTUM .....	Demerara .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	DICHROMUM .....	Bahia .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> —	EVECTUM.....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	FREDERICI GUILIELMI .....	South America .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> —	IBAGUENSE .....	Ecuador .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> —	MACROCHILUM (atropurpureum) ...	Venezuela .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> —	ALBUM .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> —	ROSEUM .....	Colombia, Guatemala .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	NEMORALE .....	Mexico .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> —	PRISMATOCARPUM .....	Chiriqui.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> —	STAMFORDIANUM .....	Guatemala .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> —	TIGRINUM .....	Colombia .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> —	VITELLINUM .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.



<i>C</i> EPIDENDRUM VITELLINUM MAJUS	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> EPIPHORA PUBESCENS	South Africa	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> ERIA CORONARIA	Assam	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> ERIOPSIS BILOBA	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — RUTIDOBULBON	Colombia	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> GALEANDRA DEVONIANA	Guiana	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> GONGORA PORTENTOSA	Colombia	21s.
<i>S</i> GOODYERA (ANÆCTOCHILUS) DAWSONIANA	East Indies	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — DISCOLOR	South America	5s. and 7s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — PUBESCENS	North America	5s.
<i>C</i> HELCIA SANGUIOLENTA	Andes of Guayaquil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> HOULLETIA BROCKLEHURSTIANA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — LINDENIANA	Colombia	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (PAPHINIA) TIGRINA	Ocaña	42s.
<i>I</i> HUNTLEYA CERINA, <i>vide</i> PESCATORIA CERINA.		
<i>S</i> IONOPSIS PANICULATA (tenera)	Brazil	21s.
* <i>C</i> LÆLIA ACUMINATA	Mexico	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — ALBIDA	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — ANCEPS	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — BARKERIANA	Mexico	42s.
<i>C</i> — AUTUMNALIS	Mexico	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — BOOTHIANA, <i>vide</i> CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
<i>C</i> — CINNABARINA	Brazil	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CRISPA, <i>vide</i> CATTLEYA CRISPA.		
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) ELEGANS	Brazil	63s., 84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — FLAVA	Brazil	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — FURFURACEA	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) GRANDIS	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — LOBATA, <i>vide</i> CATTLEYA LOBATA.		
<i>C</i> — MAJALIS or FLOR DE MAIO	Oaxaca	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) MARGINATA	Oaxaca	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — (—) PERRINII	Brazil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — (—) PINELII (pumila)	Brazil	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — PURPURATA	Brazil	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — — BRYSIANA	Brazil	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SCHILLERIANA	Brazil	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBIENS	Malacatan	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — (CATTLEYA) WALLISII	Rio Negro	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — WOLSTENHOLMIÆ	Brazil	63s. and 84s.
* <i>I</i> LIMATODES ROSEA	Moulmein	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i> LYCASTE AROMATICA	Mexico	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — CRUENTA	Guatemala	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — DEPPEI	Mexico	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — GIGANTEA	South America	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — (MAXILLARIA) HARRISONIÆ	South America	10s. 6d. and 15s.
* <i>C</i> — LANIPES	Guayaquil	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — SKINNERI	Guatemala	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

One of the best and most abundant flowering of cool Orchids, producing freely large blossoms, which generally are white or bluish shaded with rose, and the labellum spotted with crimson.

There are many varieties of this beautiful Orchid, scarcely two being alike.

They require little room, being of dwarf and compact habit; should have plenty of water whilst growing, and never be allowed to get dry.

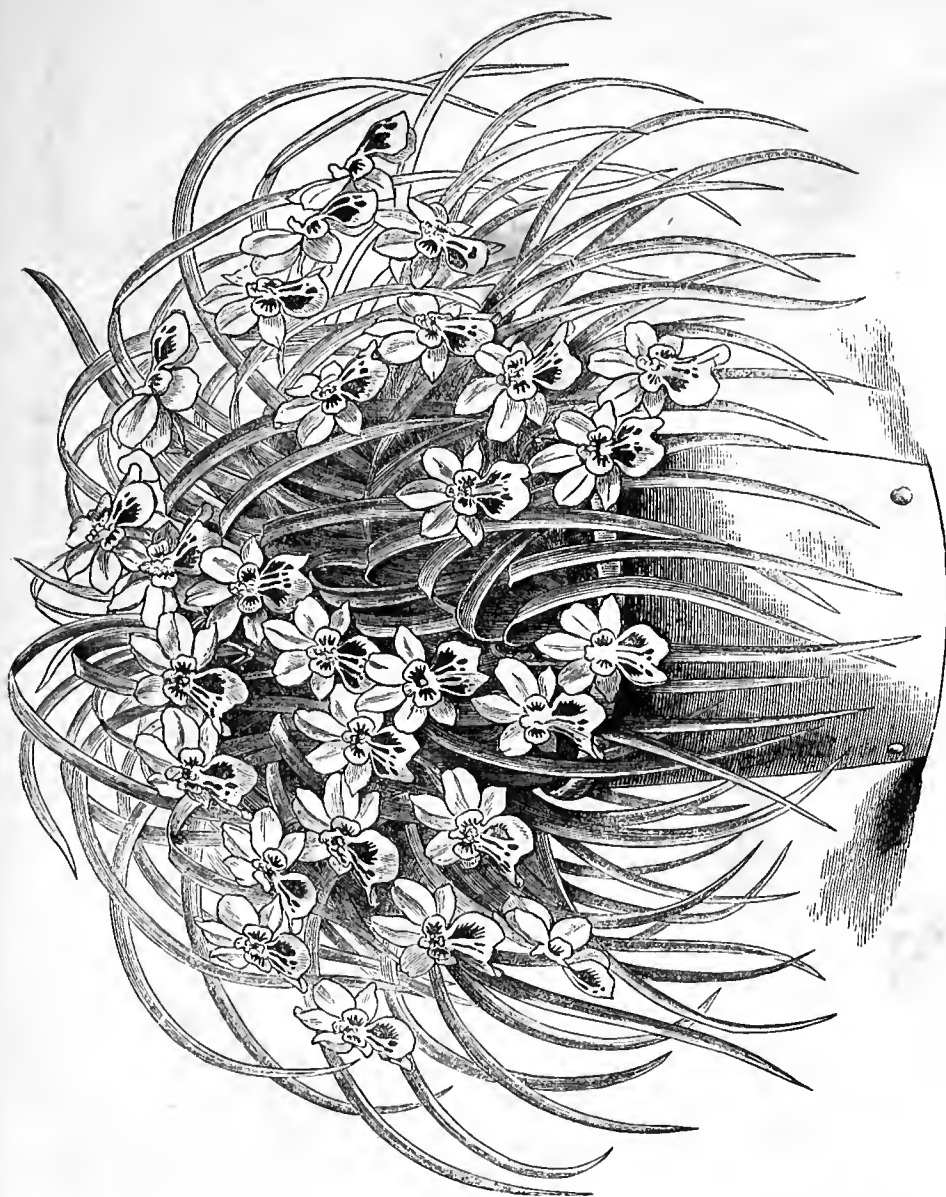
* <i>C</i> LYCASTE SKINNERI GRANDIS	Guatemala	42s.
* <i>C</i> — — MACULATA	Guatemala	21s.
* <i>C</i> — — MAGNIFICA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — ROSEA	Guatemala	21s.
* <i>C</i> — — RUBELLÆ	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — SPECIOSA	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — SPLENDENS	Guatemala	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — SUPERBA	Guatemala	21s.

<i>C</i> MASDEVALLIA CHIMERA .....	Colombia .....	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — CIVILIS .....	Colombia .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — COCCINEA .....	Colombia .....	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — CORIACEA .....	Colombia .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — DAVISII .....	South America .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — ESTRADÆ .....	South America .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — HARRYANA .....	Colombia .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — IGNEA .....	Colombia .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — LINDENI .....	Colombia .....	105s. and 126s.
<i>C</i> — MACRURA .....	Colombia .....	
<i>C</i> — MELANOPODA .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — NYCTERINA .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — PERISTERIA .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — POLYSTICTA .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — VEITCHIANA .....	Peru .....	63s., 84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — WAGNERIANA .....	Colombia .....	63s.
<i>I</i> MAXILLARIA HARRISONIÆ, <i>vide</i> LYCASTE HARRISONIÆ.		
<i>C</i> — LEPIDOTA .....	Colombia .....	10s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — LUTEO-PURPUREA .....	Colombia .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — NIGRESCENS .....	Merida .....	7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — PICTA .....	Brazil .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — TENUIFOLIA .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — VENUSTA .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> MESOSPINDIUM SANGUINEUM .....	Ecuador .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — VULCANICUM .....	Ecuador .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> MILTONIA CANDIDA .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CLOWESII .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CUNEATA .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — MORELIANA .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — — PURPUREA .....	Brazil .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — REGNELLII ( <i>cereola</i> ) .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SPECTABILIS .....	Brazil .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — VIRGINALIS .....	St. Catherine's .....	31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> — WARSCEWICZII, <i>vide</i> ONCIDIUM WELTONI.		
<i>I</i> MORMODES LUXATUM .....	Mexico .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — PARDINUM .....	Mexico .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — SKINNERI .....	Colombia .....	21s.
* <i>C</i> ODONTOGLOSSUM ALEXANDRÆ, <i>vide</i> O. CRISPUM.		
<i>C</i> — ANGUSTATUM .....	Colombia .....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
* <i>C</i> — BICTONIENSE .....	Guatemala .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM .....	Guatemala .....	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — ROSEUM .....	Guatemala .....	31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — — SPLENDENS .....	Guatemala .....	31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — BLANDUM .....	Ocaña .....	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — BLUNTII, <i>vide</i> O. CRISPUM.		
<i>C</i> — CARINIFERUM .....	Central America .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>C</i> — CERVANTESII .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — — DECORUM .....	Mexico .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — CIRRHOSUM, <i>vide</i> page 10.		
<i>C</i> — CITROSUM .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — CARNEUM .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — ROSEUM .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>C</i> — CORDATUM .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — CORONARIUM .....	Ocaña .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
* <i>C</i> — CRISPUM, <i>vide</i> page 89.		
* <i>C</i> — — GRANDIFLORUM .....	Bogota .....	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — — NIVALE .....	Bogota .....	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — — SUPERBUM .....	Bogota .....	63s. and 84s.
* <i>C</i> — — TRIANÆ .....	Bogota .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — CRISTATUM .....	Peru .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — EGERTONI .....	Costa Rica .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — EHRENBERGII .....	Peru .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.



\* *ODONTOGLOSSUM CRISPUM* ..... Bogota ..... 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.

This plant, also known under the names of *O. Alexandra* and *O. Bluntii*, is one of the gems of the cool Orchid house, since by a little management its charming flowers may be had all the year round. It is a plant which varies to an almost endless extent, no two of the many thousands imported being perhaps exactly alike, and very considerable differences in size, colouring, or crispness in the flowers constantly presenting itself. In good typical forms the sepals and petals are white, ovate or ovate lanceolate, the petals being much undulated, and often fimbriately toothed. The lip is oblong-aeminate, yellow and crested towards the base, beautifully crisped at the margin, and more or less spotted towards the front with blotches of reddish brown. It has been very largely imported from Colombia, and in some of its forms is flushed with a lovely tint of rose.



ODONTOGLOSSUM PHALAEOPSIS, for price, vide page 91.

<i>C</i> ODONTOGLOSSUM GLORIOSUM.....	Ocaña.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — — SUPERBUM.....	Ocaña.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDE .....	Guatemala .....	7s. 6d. & 10s. 6d. to 21s.
<i>C</i> — — SUPERBUM.....	Guatemala .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — HALLII .....	Ecuador .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>C</i> — HASTILABIUM .....	Santa Martha .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — HYSTRIX, vide <i>O. LUTEO-PURPUREUM</i> .		
* <i>C</i> — INSLEAYI .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — — LEOPARDINUM .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — LINDENI .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — LINDLEYANUM .....	Colombia .....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. & 15s.
<i>C</i> — LUTEO-PURPUREUM ( <i>hystrix</i> ) .....	Colombia .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.

*C	ODONTOGLOSSUM MACULATUM .....	Mexico .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	— SUPERBUM .....	Mexico .....	31s. 6d.
C	— MEMBRANACEUM .....	Mexico .....	31s. 6d.
C	— NÆVIUM .....	Ocaña .....	63s. and 84s.
C	— MAJUS .....	Ocaña .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— NEBULOSUM .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
C	— CANDIDUM .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
C	— ODORATUM .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— PESCATOREI .....	Colombia .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	— GRANDIFLORUM .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
C	— NIVALE .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— SPLENDENS .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— SUPERBUM .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
I	— PHALÆNOPSIS .....	Ocaña .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.

For illustration, *vide* page 90.

C	— PRETIOSUM, <i>vide</i> O. SCHLEIPERIANUM.		
*C	— PULCHELLUM .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
*C	— GRANDIFLORUM .....	Mexico .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— RAMULOSUM .....	Ocaña .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	— ROEZLII .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.

A strikingly beautiful Colombian epiphytal Orchid, allied to *O. vexillarium* and *O. Phalænopsis*. It has oblong-compressed pseudo-bulbs, and linear-ligulate leaves, the peduncles supporting several large flowers, which have oblong-ligulate sepals, similar but rather wider petals, and a broad cuneate-flabellate bilobed lip. The colour is pure white, the base of the petals being purple, and the base of the lip furnished with yellow crests and rich brown streaks. It is a free-flowering plant which no collection should be without.

I	— ALBUM .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— ROSEUM .....	Mexico .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
*C	— ROSSII .....	Mexico .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
*C	— MAJUS .....	Mexico .....	42s.
C	— SCEPTRUM .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
C	— SCHLEIPERIANUM ( <i>pretiosum</i> ) .....	Costa Rica .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— TRIUMPHANS .....	Ocaña .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	— VESKINNERI .....	Guatemala .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	— VEXILLARIUM .....	Colombia .....	105s. and 126s.
S	— CEEOCLADES GUINEENSIS .....	Africa .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— ONCIDIUM ÆMULUM, <i>vide</i> O. SUPERBIENS.		
S	— ALTISSIMUM .....	West Indies .....	10s. 6d. to 31s. 6d.
S	— AMPLIATUM .....	Panama .....	15s. and 21s.
S	— MAJUS .....	Panama .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	— AUREUM .....	South America .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	— AURIFERUM .....	Colombia .....	15s. and 21s.
C	— AUROSUM .....	Ecuador .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	— BALDERRAMÆ .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
I	— BARBATUM .....	Brazil .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
I	— GRANDIFLORUM .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d.
C	— BICALLOSUM .....	Guatemala .....	15s. and 21s.
C	— BIFOLIUM .....	Monte Video .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
C	— CARDERI, <i>vide</i> page 10.		
C	— CAVENDISHIANUM .....	Guatemala .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
I	— CHEIROPHORUM .....	Ecuador .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— CRISPUM .....	Brazil .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— GRANDIFLORUM .....	Brazil .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
C	— MAGNIFICUM .....	Brazil .....	42s. and 63s.
C	— SUPERBUM .....	Brazil .....	42s. and 63s.
I	— CRUENTUM ( <i>pelicanum</i> ) .....	Mexico .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
I	— CURTUM .....	Brazil .....	105s. and 126s.
C	— CUCULLATUM .....	Ocaña .....	15s. and 21s.
C	— MACULOSUM .....	Ecuador .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— DIVARICATUM .....	Brazil .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
C	— FLEXUOSUM .....	Brazil .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.

<i>I</i> ONCIDIUM FORBESII .....	Brazil .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>C</i> — HASTATUM .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — HYPHÆMATICUM, <i>vide</i> O. TIGRINUM.		
<i>C</i> — INCURVUM .....	Oaxaca .....	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> — INFERLOBUM .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
* <i>S</i> — KRAMERIANUM .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> — LANCEANUM .....	Surinam.....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> — LEOPARDINUM, <i>vide</i> O. TIGRINUM.		
* <i>C</i> — LEUCOCHILUM .....	Mexico .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
* <i>C</i> — — SPLENDENS .....	Mexico .....	42s.
<i>S</i> — LURIDUM .....	Tropical America.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — MACRANTHUM .....	Ecuador.....	63s., 84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — — HASTIFERUM .....	Ecuador.....	84s., 105s. and 126s.
A magnificent variety, producing from thirty to forty flowers, each 3 to 4 inches across, on a spike 6 to 9 feet long. The sepals are pale olive yellow, the petals bright yellow, with a dagger-shaped crimson lip.		
<i>I</i> — MARSHALLIANUM .....	Brazil.....	84s. and 105s.
<i>C</i> — NUBIGENUM .....	Ecuador .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> — — MACROCHILUM .....	Ecuador.....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> — OBRYZATUM .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
* <i>C</i> — ORNITHORRHYNCHUM .....	Guatemala.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — PAPILO .....	Panama .....	7s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 10s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>S</i> — — MAJUS .....	Panama .....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — PELICANUM, <i>vide</i> O. CRUENTUM.		
<i>I</i> — PHILIPSIANUM.....	South America.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — PHYMATOCHILUM .....	Brazil.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — PLAGIANTHUM .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — PUBES .....	Rio, Brazil.....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>S</i> — PULCHELLUM .....	Jamaica .....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> — PULVINATUM .....	Brazil.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — REICHENBACHII .....	Colombia .....	15s., 21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>C</i> — ROEZLIANUM .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> — SARCODES.....	Brazil.....	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — SERRATUM .....	Peru .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SESSILE .....	Santa Martha.....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — SPHACELATUM .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — STELLIGERUM .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — SUPERBIENS (æmulum) .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — TETRACOPIIS .....	Colombia .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — TIGRINUM (hyphæmaticum, leopardinum).....	Meehoacan .....	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> , 42s. and 63s.
<i>C</i> — TRILINGUE .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6 <i>d.</i>
<i>I</i> — TRIQUETRUM.....	West Coast of Africa .....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.
<i>I</i> — WELTONI, <i>vide</i> page 93.		
<i>I</i> — WENTWORTHIANUM.....	Guatemala.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> PALUMBINA CANDIDA .....	Mexico .....	42s. and 63s.
* <i>S</i> PAPHINIA CRISTATA .....	Surinam.....	31s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 42s.
<i>I</i> — TIGRINA, <i>vide</i> HOULLETIA TIGRINA.		
* <i>S</i> PERISTERIA ELATA (The Dove Flower) .....	Panama.....	15s. and 21s.
The <i>Espiritu Santo</i> (Holy Ghost Flower) of the Spaniards. The centre of each blossom bears a striking resemblance to a waxen dove, hence its name.		
<i>I</i> PESCATORIA (Huntleya) CERINA .....	S. America .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — — GRANDIFLORA .....	S. America .....	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — DAYANA .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — — CANDIDULA .....	Colombia .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — ROEZLII, <i>vide</i> page 11.		
<i>I</i> — WALLISII (ambriata) .....	Ecuador .....	84s. and 105s.
* <i>S</i> PHAIUS ALBUS .....	Burma.....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — BENSONIÆ, <i>vide</i> THUNIA BENSONIÆ.		
<i>I</i> — GRANDIFOLIUS (Bletia Tanker-villæ).....	Hong Kong .....	10s. 6 <i>d.</i> and 15s.



/ **ONCIDIUM WELTONI** (*Miltonia Warszewiczii*) Colombia ..... 21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.

This new and very beautiful Orchid throws out numerous flower stalks at all seasons, each spike with from twelve to twenty and even thirty flowers, the whole plant seldom exceeding 12 inches high.

*I* PHAIUS WALLICHII ..... Sylhet ..... 31s. 6d. and 42s.  
*S* PHALÆNOPSIS AMABILIS ..... Sunda Isles ..... 42s. and 63s.

Exceedingly beautiful large butterfly-like flowers, white, with rose striped centre.

*S* — CASTA, *vide* page 10.

*S* — EQUESTRIS, *vide* P. ROSEA.

*S* — GRANDIFLORA ..... Borneo ..... 31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.

*S* — — AUREA ..... Tambelan Islands..... 42s., 63s. and 84s.

*S* — LEUCORRHODA, *vide* page 10.

*S* — LUDEMANNIANA ..... Philippine Islands ..... 63s. and 84s.

*S* — ROSEA (equestris) ..... Manilla ..... 63s. and 84s.

\**S* — SCHILLERIANA ..... Manilla ..... 63s., 84s. and 105s.

One of the finest Orchids, producing very freely, on branched spikes, the most lovely mauve and white flowers, and having very ornamental variegated foliage.

These most lovely Orchids bloom so profusely, that if all the flowers they produced were allowed to remain, they would bloom themselves to death. They are very beautiful and exceedingly useful for bouquets, and are well adapted for suspended baskets; they should be protected from drip, and require plenty of water whilst growing.

*I* PILUMNA (Trichopilia) FRAGRANS..... Merida ..... 21s. and 31s. 6d.

\**C* PLEIONE HUMILIS ..... East Indies ..... 15s. and 21s.

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*I* POLYCYCNIS (Cycnoches) MUSCIFERA ..... } Colombia ..... 31s. 6d. and 42s.

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*S* RODRIGUEZIA SECUNDA..... Tropical South America .. 21s. and 31s. 6d.

*S* SACCOLABIUM AMPULLACEUM ..... Rangoon ..... 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.

*S* — BLUMEI ..... East Indies ..... 21s., 42s. and 63s.

*S* — DAYI ..... East Indies ..... 21s., 42s. and 63s.

*S* — MAJUS ..... East Indies ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

*S* — CURVIFOLIUM ..... Nepal, Ceylon ..... 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.

*S* — FURCATUM ..... Java ..... 42s. and 63s.

\**S* — GIGANTEUM (Vanda densiflora)..... East Indies ..... 31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.

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*S* — — GIGANTEUM ..... Ceylon ..... 84s.

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*S* — HARRISONI ..... Pulo Copang..... 21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.

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*C* — — CARMINATA ..... Organ Mountains..... 63s.

*C* — — COCCINEA ..... Organ Mountains..... 42s. and 63s.

*C* — VIOLACEA ..... Brazil..... 42s. and 63s.



<i>C</i> STANHOPEA DEVONIENSIS .....	Mexico .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — EBURNEA .....	Brazil.....	21s.
<i>C</i> — GRANDIFLORA .....	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — INSIGNIS .....	Brazil.....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — MARTIANA .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — OCULATA .....	Xalapa .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> — RUCKERI .....	S. America .....	21s.
<i>C</i> — TIGRINA .....	Xalapa .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>C</i> — — SUPERBA.....	Xalapa .....	21s.
<i>I</i> — WARDIANA .....	La Guayra .....	21s.
<i>C</i> STENIA FIMBRIATA .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>S</i> THUNIA (PHAIUS) BENSONIÆ .....	{ Arracan and Moulmein } Mountains.....	{ 15s., 21s. and 31s. 6d.. }
<i>C</i> TRICHOPILIA COCCINEA' .....	Costa Rica .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>I</i> — CRISPA (gloxiniæflora) .....	Costa Rica .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — — MARGINATA .....	Costa Rica .....	84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — FRAGRANS, <i>vide</i> PILUMNA FRAGRANS.		
<i>I</i> — GALEOTTIANA (picta) .....	Costa Rica.....	42s. and 63s.
* <i>C</i> — SUAVIS .....	Costa Rica.....	10s. 6d., 15s. to 31s. 6d..
* <i>C</i> — — SUPERBA.....	Costa Rica.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> — TORTILIS .....	Mexico .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.
<i>C</i> — — TURALVÆ .....	Costa Rica.....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> UROPEDIUM LINDENI .....	Colombia .....	63s., 84s. and 105s.
<i>S</i> VANDA BATEMANNI .....	Moluecas .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — BENSONI .....	Burmah.....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — CATHCARTII .....	Sikkim .....	63s., 84s. and 105s.
<i>I</i> — CÆRULEA .....	Khasya .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — CÆRULESCENS .....	Burmah.....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — CRISTATA .....	Nepal .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — DENISONIANA .....	India .....	63s., 84s. and 105s.
* <i>S</i> — DENSIFLORA, <i>vide</i> SACCOLABIUM GIGANTEUM.		
<i>S</i> — GIGANTEA .....	Moulmein and Rangoon...	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — LAMELLATA .....	East Indies .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — LOWII .....	Borneo .....	
<i>S</i> — ROXBURGHII .....	Bengal .....	15s. and 21s.
<i>S</i> — — CÆRULEA .....	Bengal .....	21s., 31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>S</i> — SUAVIS .....	Java .....	42s., 63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> — TERES .....	Sylhet .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — TRICOLOR.....	Java .....	31s. 6d., 42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — — FORMOSA .....	Java .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>I</i> — — INSIGNIS .....	Java .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — — MULTIFLORA ..	Java .....	42s. and 63s.
<i>I</i> — — SUPERBA.....	Java .....	63s. and 84s.
<i>S</i> VANILLA AROMATICA .....	Brazil .....	10s. 6d. and 15s.
<i>I</i> WARREA LINDENIANA .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>I</i> WARSCEWICZELLA DISCOLOR .....	Costa Rica .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — MARGINATA .....	Ocaña .....	31s. 6d. and 42s.
<i>I</i> — VELATA .....	Colombia .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
<i>C</i> ZYGOPETALUM CRINITUM .....	Brazil .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.
* <i>I</i> — MACKAYI.....	Brazil .....	15s. and 21s.
* <i>I</i> — — MAJUS .....	Brazil .....	21s. and 31s. 6d.

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4, 6, 9, 12 and 20 guineas per dozen.

## PLECTOPOMAS.

These form not only a new group of hybrids, but a novel genus of Gesneraceæ ; they are summer flowering, with large-tubed funnel-shaped blossoms.

ALFRED LASSERE, 3s. 6d.	FLAMME DE PUNCH, 5s.	HIEROGLYPHICUM ROSEUM, 5s.	ROLLISSONI, 1s. 6d.
ANORMAL, 2s. 6d.	GEORGE LODDIGES, 5s.	LABYRINTHICUM, 2s. 6d.	RUBAN ROSE, 3s. 6d.
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CORALLINUM, 2s. 6d.			VIOLA, 3s. 6d.

## GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS).

The value of Gesneras, as decorative plants, can scarcely be over estimated. Most of them have rich velvet-like foliage, which, in the respective kinds, varies from green to crimson. If only grown for the foliage they are very attractive, but during the winter they produce splendid pyramidal spikes of blossom, which are extremely handsome. Originally, however, the principal colour was orange scarlet; now, as the result of fertilisation, there are various colours and shades; added to which the spotting on the flowers of some of the varieties is extremely pretty.

- ADA**, pink tube, blush lobes marked with rose, deep orange throat; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.
- ADELINA**, creamy white tube, pure white lobes, deep yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
- ALBO-LUTESCENS GRANDIFLORA**, very large flowers, delicate cream colour; very distinct. 2s. 6d.
- AMABILIS**, fine snow white flowers, ornamented with a large citron yellow spot on the lower lip. 2s. 6d.
- BICOLOR**, coral tube, dark yellow throat and mouth. 3s. 6d.
- BOLIDE**, very bright orange vermilion; clear yellow ground, with globular spots and flesh colour band; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- CAROLINE**, bright rose tube, flesh coloured lobes, freckled all over with rose, rich orange throat, with central band of crimson spots running throughout. 2s. 6d.
- CASILDA**, a showy variety, with fine ornamental foliage and attractive flowers; the lobes rose, spotted with crimson; exterior of the tube bright reddish crimson; orange throat, 5s.
- CEDARO**, rosy purple tube, yellow lobes prettily margined with deep rose. 3s. 6d.
- CERISE D'OR**, surface of the tube cerise, throat and lobes golden yellow, netted and dotted with cerise; a beautiful colour and good habit. 3s. 6d.
- CHAIR ET CAPUCINE**, delicate flesh colour, bordered and spotted with red; magnificent zoned foliage. 3s. 6d.
- CHARLES RAES**, very bright carmine, golden yellow throat, sprinkled with small carmine spots, fine compact pyramids of flowers. 3s. 6d.
- CHARM**, clear lemon yellow, with orange throat, the tube slightly tinted with red; a very pretty flower. 2s. 6d.
- CHROMATELLA**, large and well-expanded flower, clear yellow, fine foliage. 1s. 6d.
- CINNABARINA IGNEA**, a splendid variety, with fine large richly coloured foliage; flowers of an intensely rich and bright vermilion scarlet colour, and freely produced in fine large spikes. 2s. 6d.
- CINNABARINA ROSEA**, a beautiful clear vermilion; the tube almost transparent; the interior carnation marbled with white; throat citron yellow speckled with gold. 2s. 6d.
- CITRINA CORONATA**, coral tube, throat and lobes pure citron, each lobe being spotted with vermilion; an admirable variety. 2s. 6d.
- CITRINA ROSEA**, a very pretty variety with fine flowers; the exterior of the tube rose colour; the lobes and mouth citron yellow. 3s. 6d.

## GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

- CLIFTONI**, very large lobes, half vermilion, half golden yellow, the whole flower covered with small crimson spots. 3s. 6d.
- CYMOSA**, clear rose pink, very handsome foliage. 3s. 6d.
- DIANA**, a fine flower, tube soft rose colour; lobes white, slightly marbled with light rose; deep citron yellow throat. 3s. 6d.
- DISPLAY**, an attractive variety; the upper part of the tube cinnamon red, the throat and lobes yellow, the latter being marbled with red. 3s. 6d.
- DONDERSTRAAL**, dark earuine lobes, golden yellow throat, largely spotted with cochineal, the divisions of the lobes white, rayed and dotted rose; fine spikes of flowers. 2s. 6d.
- DROOM**, large flesh coloured flowers, beautifully marked with chrome yellow on a cream ground, and produced in fine pyramids. 3s. 6d.
- EMMA LEFEBVRE**, rosy flesh tube, the whole of the interior of the flower pure white, except a light tint of carnation; a very pretty variety. 2s. 6d.
- EXONIENSIS**, flowers of an intense orange scarlet colour, with yellow throat; the foliage is of a dark velvety texture, studded all over with minute red hairs, almost like plush. 1s. 6d.
- FESTOON**, brigh pink tube, blush white lobes, and orange throat. 3s. 6d.
- GAY-LUSSAC**, clear vermilion, spotted with vermilion on the inside. 3s. 6d.
- GRAND MOGUL**, flowers of the most intense vermilion colour, with rich citron mouth and throat; very fine. 5s.
- GUILLAUME TELL**, magnificent foliage, very thickly set with flowers of the most beautiful dark vermilion orange. 3s. 6d.
- INCENDIE**, fiery red, finely sprinkled on the white ground of the interior. 3s. 6d.
- INFANTA**, exterior of tube light rose; interior deep yellow; lobes white, slightly tinged with blush; a very pretty flower. 5s.
- INTERESTING**, surface of the tube deep salmon, interior of the lobes and throat yellow, minutely freckled with cinnamon. 2s. 6d.
- JEWEL**, the lobes of the flowers pure lemon colour, with rich orange throat; a very free-blooming variety. 3s. 6d.
- JOVIAL**, orange; tube snow white, dotted and broadly bordered with the most beautiful vermilion. 3s. 6d.
- JULIETTE**, handsome foliage; fine large flesh-coloured flowers, tinted with orange; mouth straw colour, marbled with very bright ochre. 3s. 6d.
- LEICHTLINII**, pure yellow, margined with deep rose; fine foliage. 2s. 6d.
- LEOPARD VERMILLON**, magnificent corymbs of large flowers of the most brilliant vermilion, encircling a cream coloured ground, which is sparingly dotted with vermilion. 3s. 6d.
- LINDLEYANA**, surface of the tube coral, throat and lobes golden yellow, regularly sprinkled with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- MABEL**, a very pretty flower; the lobes white, veined with rose; throat deep yellow, spotted with crimson; tube soft rose. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME A. LACOMBLÉ**, pure white, with rose netting; a charming variety. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME VAN HOUTTE**, fine branching pyramids of flowers, very bright rose tube, white lobes, striped and spotted with earmine. 2s. 6d.
- MAZEPPA**, magnificent striped foliage, thickly set with flowers of orange vermilion, nicely spotted on the white interior ground. 3s. 6d.
- MORGENLICHT**, superb foliage, fine pyramids of well-formed flowers, of a beautiful pure golden yellow colour. 2s. 6d.
- NACHTEGAAL**, large carnation coloured lobes, white throat, netted and spotted with flesh colour; a pretty flower. 2s. 6d.
- NIKITA**, white interior, broadly bordered and spotted with dark vermilion; exterior brilliant orange colour. 3s. 6d.
- NIVALIS**, this pretty variety produces fine pyramidal spikes of pure white flowers, with rich yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
- OCTAVIE**, a fine flower, of a very pure and clear yellow colour. 3s. 6d.
- ORLANDO**, a fine variety, with rich dark velvety foliage, and showy flowers of a rich orange scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.
- PERA**, lobes pink, spotted with crimson; exterior of tube rosy crimson; interior orange; the foliage of this variety is remarkably rich and attractive. 5s.
- REFULGENS**, rich crimson foliage, flowers rich violet, throat white, with large chamois spot. 2s. 6d.

## GESNERAS (NÆGELIAS)—Continued.

- REINE MARIE HENRIETTE**, orange, with beautiful dottings of the same colour upon a cream colour ground ; flowers produced in fine pyramidal spikes. 3s. 6d.
- ROSALIE**, blush tube, white lobes, deep golden yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
- ROSEA PUNCTATISSIMA**, very deep rich rose, canary yellow throat. 3s. 6d.
- ROSE D'AMOUR**, rose, marbled and maculated with pure snow white, throat white, rayed and spotted with clear citron. 2s. 6d.
- RUBAN COCHENILLE**, outside red, with cochineal margin ; golden encircled white interior. 2s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE BRILLIANT**, a fine variety, with very richly coloured foliage, and freely producing large bright coral flowers, shaded with lilac ; citron yellow throat, richly spotted. 5s.
- SCEPTRE CERISE**, bright cerise vermilion, spotted with golden yellow, flowers produced in fine pyramidal branched spikes ; magnificent bronzy foliage, covered with velvety crimson. 2s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE CORAIL**, fine pyramids of brilliant coral flowers, the month striped with canary yellow, rich velvety amaranth foliage. 3s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE ROYAL**, fine bronzy amaranth foliage, largely spotted with bright green, large coral flowers, citron throat, with spots of rich scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- SUAVITAS**, delicate flesh colour ; interior white ground speckled with flesh colour. 3s. 6d.
- TOTA ALBA**, this is the only pure white Gesnera. 3s. 6d.
- TRICOLORE ORANGE**, clear orange red, with border of the same colour, and finely speckled ; interior gold and white. 3s. 6d.
- ZONNENDAAL**, a fine flower of a delicate rose colour, with beautiful cinnamon dottings. 2s. 6d.
- ZUCHT**, fine coral-coloured lobes, throat distinctly veined and netted with chamois colour. 2s. 6d.

## EUCODONIAS.

- EHRENBERGII**, an attractive variety, having the foliage of a Ligeria, and freely producing clear blue flowers, which are slightly crumpled and have a white throat. 1s. 6d.
- NÆGELIODES**, pretty hybrid Gesneraceous plant ; flowers prettily produced on small plants, nearly the size and form of a drooping Gloxinia, but having the soft colouring and elegant markings of some of the rosy-flowered Tydeas, with the throat of a citron yellow. 1s. 6d.
- NÆGELIODES DIAMANTINA**, this variety is similar to the preceding in growth and habit, but differs in the colour of its flowers, which are of a brilliant violet purple, with citron yellow throat. It is an abundant bloomer, flowering very freely on small plants. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
- NÆGELIODES LILACINELLA**, the flowers of this variety are of a beautiful fresh lilac colour, marbled, and the throat is pure white, spotted and dotted with citron, yellow and lilac. It is a very attractive plant, and an abundant bloomer. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- NÆGELIODES NANA MULTIFLORA**, this charming plant remains upwards of three months in all its beauty. It is the dwarfiest in habit of the genus ; and the flowers, which are produced most profusely, are amaranth and golden yellow, dotted with vermilion. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- VAN HOUTTEI**, a splendid variety, with very large flowers of the most perfect form ; colour vivid earmine and pure white, ornamented with flesh coloured stripes ; very striking and attractive. The plant is of fine habit, and extremely floriferous. 3s. 6d.

## KOHLERIA LANATA.

A novel and interesting Gesneraceous plant ; the stem and under part of the leaves covered with long brilliant orange red hairs ; flowers orange, shaded with bright red, spotted and edged with bright crimson. 3s. 6d.

## KOHLERIA RUPESTRIS.

A Gesneraceous plant, discovered in the Choutâles Mountains, Nicaragua, by the late Dr. Seemann. The catkin-like root-stock is hirsute ; the stems and branches are whitish, occasionally marked with reddish stripes, and covered with whitish woolly hair. The flowers are red outside, and yellowish with reddish dots inside, and are freely produced in terminal racemes. 5s.

## ROSANOWIA (BIGLANDULARIA).

This is a new genus of Gesneraceæ, with the habit of Scheeria and Locheria, nevertheless not belonging to the Achimenes tribe, but to the Ligeria. It is closely allied to Sinningia (*Nees*) and Ligeria (*Dene*), having a tuberosus rhizome, and a similarly-shaped corolla, but both these genera have five perigynous glands, whilst Biglandularia has only two, in which respect it differs also from every other known genus of the order.

**CITRINO-AMARANTINA**, rich woolly and glossy foliage ; the flowers, which are large and of good form, are freely produced in the axils of the leaves ; the peduncles are long and quite erect ; the flowers are yellow outside and lemon colour inside, striped and speckled with amaranth. 3s. 6d.

## ROSANOWIA (BIGLANDULARIA)—Continued.

- CONSPICUA**, introduced from Brazil. The plant grows about a foot high. The flowers, which appear on long axillary peduncles—making it a free-flowering species—are yellow, paler on the outside than the inside, and the lower part of the tube inside is marked with elegant purple lines and dots. 2s. 6d.
- ROSEO-LUTEA**, a very fine variety, with beautiful, large and fine flowers, which are half yellow and half rose colour. It has charming foliage, nearly orbicular. 3s. 6d.
- STRAMINEA STRIATELLA**, fine large yellow flowers, striped with amaranth; all the tube flesh colour; a splendid variety, with very beautiful foliage. 3s. 6d.

## TYDÆAS.

- AGAR**, white ground, suffused with carmine and distinctly dotted with very bright chamois. 3s. 6d.
- ALBA KERMESINA**, white ground, shaded with rose, and marked with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- ALBA NIGRA**, fiery red ground, white throat, striped with black. 2s. 6d.
- ALBA ROSEO-MACULATA**, white ground, suffused with fiery red, throat white, with rose spots, mouth festooned with black dots. 2s. 6d.
- AMARANTE ET CANNELLE**, amaranth cerise, fiery throat, marked with deep cinnamon. 3s. 6d.
- AURANTIACA ZEBRINA**, vermilion orange, the entire flower striped; very beautiful. 2s. 6d.
- AVONDS TER**, clear cerise, with white throat, regularly marked with large black blotches. 2s. 6d.
- CLIO**, straw colour, with large scarlet throat. 2s. 6d.
- COMPACTA FLORIBUNDA**, beautiful velvety flowers, rosy cerise, marked with bright amaranth; very compact. 2s. 6d.
- CRATÈRE**, a well-formed flower, of a rich bright crimson colour, attractively barred with black. 5s.
- DISPLAY**, bright carmine tube; broad pink lobes, beautifully reticulated with rich crimson; violet carmine mouth; white throat, blotched with deep orange. 3s. 6d.
- ELLIPTICA MULTIFLORA**, tube carmine, reflected with vermilion; lobes shaded with carmine rose, and regularly spotted with dark carmine. 5s.
- ETNA**, very dark scarlet, striped with black. 2s. 6d.
- EUTERPE**, lower lobes white, marbled and spotted with vermilion; tube vermilion, shaded with carmine; upper lobes amaranth, densely speckled. 2s. 6d.
- FOURNAIS DE PLUTON**, intense vermilion, darkly striped. 2s. 6d.
- HOOP**, a fresh violet colour, cream-coloured throat, maculated with cinnamon, and marked with amaranth; a very bright flower. 2s. 6d.
- LADY CAROLINE KERRISON**, tube orange scarlet; lobes rich light rose, spotted with violet; interior of the tube beautifully marked with carmine crimson. 1s. 6d.
- LIEFKEN**, orange vermilion, with white throat, speckled with carmine, and rayed with cinnamon crimson. 2s. 6d.
- LINDENI**, a beautiful variety, producing charming flowers of a lilac purple colour. 7s. 6d.
- MADAME HALPHEN**, a fine flower, with well-expanded carmine-coloured tube; the lower lobes lightly tinted with lilac and spotted with carmine; the upper lobes shaded with carmine rose. 5s.
- MADAME HEINE**, clear carmine-coloured tube; lower lobes white, marked with spots of purple black, shading off to purple carmine; upper lobes bordered with amaranth. 7s. 6d.
- MADAME LAVALLÉE**, a beautiful flower; tube rose colour; lower lobes white, spotted with purple carmine; upper lobes margined with carmine. 5s.
- MAGNIFICA AMARANTINA**, brilliant amaranth, regularly striped with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- MELPOMENE**, large bright carmine. 2s. 6d.
- MIERKEN**, white, thickly blotched with cochineal, and marbled with white; throat white, maculated with orange scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- OPHIR**, orange vermilion, upper petals spotted with black, lower petals spotted with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- POLYMNIE**, carmine tube, upper petals bright carmine, lower petals pure white; the whole of the petals spotted with rich dark carmine. 2s. 6d.
- QUADRICOLOR**, cerise tube, lobes tinted with carmine lilac, and punctated with dark purple; the orifice of the throat shaded with citron colour; a distinct and attractive flower. 5s.
- ROBERT LE DIABLE**, fine large flowers, of a rich reddish crimson colour, very heavily blotched and marked with black on all the lobes; tube and throat very dark crimson. 5s.
- THALIE**, citron, spotted and flaked with vermilion; tube vermilion. 2s. 6d.
- TRICOLOR**, white, beautifully spotted with amaranth, coral coloured tube. 2s. 6d.

## TYDEAS—Continued.

- URANIE**, a large lilac flower, striped with scarlet, deep yellow throat, striped with brown. 2s. 6d.  
**VIOLET ET MARRON**, rich violet ground, throat white, spotted with chamois, lobes bright purple, the whole streaked with maroon. 3s. 6d.  
**WILHELMINE LEFEBVRE**, upper petals anaranth, lower petals white, all the flowers reticulated with amaranth on a pink ground. 2s. 6d.  
**WONDER**, flowers of a bright orange vermilion colour, veined with black; majestic spikes. 3s. 6d.  
**ZIERKEN**, rich fiery vermilion, rayed with black, white throat, rayed with flesh colour. 2s. 6d.

These can be cultivated so as to produce an abundance of bloom throughout the winter, their flowering season principally depending on the time of year their tubers are started into growth.

With a little management a succession of blooming plants can be had nearly throughout the year.

## NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES.

- ADMIRATION**, a fine variety, of free robust habit and growth; the flowers, which are beautifully formed and of large size, are of a deep rose colour, with light throat. It is very free-blooming, and exceedingly attractive. 2s. 6d.  
**ARGUS**, colour rich plum, large deep orange eye, spotted with carmine, upper lobes of the flowers beautifully rayed towards the margin. 2s. 6d.  
**CELESTIAL**, a very fine and distinct variety, of good habit and a profuse bloomer, producing exceedingly beautiful flowers of a very light blue colour, with attractive centre, the upper part of the eye being rich purple, and the lower part cream colour, darkly rayed. 2s. 6d.  
**CHARM**, a very large fine flower, of a beautiful light rosy purple colour, with light throat marked with orange at the mouth. 5s.  
**CHERUB**, a splendid variety, producing abundantly large white flowers, which are tinted with blue on the margin of the lobes; it is exceedingly attractive. 2s. 6d.  
**DIADEM**, magenta shaded carmine, with golden yellow eye, medium-sized flower; a very bright looking and free-blooming variety. 2s. 6d.  
**DIAMOND**, a variety in the style of *Ambrose Verschaffell*, but having the purple blue radiation and blotch confined to the centre of the flower, thus leaving the lobes whiter than in that kind. 3s. 6d.  
**ECLIPSE**, bright orange red eye, beautifully spotted with carmine, good habit and free bloomer; a desirable variety. 2s. 6d.  
**EXCELSIOR**, plum colour, large and fine, good habit, very distinct. 3s. 6d.  
**FIREFLY**, flowers of great size and substance, with beautifully fringed edges; colour a rich deep carmine, golden yellow eye, spotted with crimson and shading off to magenta. 2s. 6d.  
**GIBSONI**, *vide* Plectopoma Gibsoni.  
**GLOXINIÆFLORUM**, *vide* Plectopoma gloxinieflorum.  
**HARRY WILLIAMS**, very large fine flowers of a bright cerise colour, with yellow eye spotted with maroon, lower part of eye pale mauve, the edges of the flowers beautifully fringed. 2s. 6d.  
**LADY LYTTLETON**, a profuse-blooming variety of robust growth, with magnificent large flowers of a rich magenta colour deeply shaded with crimson, clear orange yellow eye, edges of the petals beautifully fringed. 2s. 6d.  
**LOVELINESS**, a fine flower of good size and substance, rich magenta, shading off to crimson towards the margin, golden yellow eye dotted with maroon. 2s. 6d.  
**MAGNET**, orange, spotted with crimson, deep carmine circle and spotted eye. 2s. 6d.  
**MARVEL**, a remarkably rich and bright-looking flower, of fine form and large size, colour a very bright rosy violet, with light throat, darkly spotted at the base. 2s. 6d.  
**MASTERPIECE**. This variety is of robust growth, and the flowers, which are very smooth and well-formed, are of a very rich rose colour, with violet shade. It is a splendid variety, very floriferous, and extremely showy and effective. 2s. 6d.  
**NESIDA**. soft lilac; light yellow centre, spotted and rayed with lilac; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.  
**NINA**, a very large and handsome flower of a dark satiny lilac colour, beautifully rayed in the three lower petals. 3s. 6d.  
**OBERON**, bright blue, upper portion of the eye purple, white centre. 2s. 6d.  
**RIVAL**, deep puce, excellent habit and profuse bloomer. 3s. 6d.  
**ROLLISSONI**, *vide* Plectopoma Rollissoni.  
**ROSE QUEEN**, large stout flowers, of a rich rosy lake colour, shading to deep purple, with orange throat; of compact habit and a profuse bloomer. 5s.

## NEW AND CHOICE ACHIMENES—Continued.

- STELLA**, flowers 2½ inches across, clear magenta, orange eye, spotted with carmine, nicely serrated, distinct and beautiful. 3s. 6d.
- UNIQUE**, very large fine flowers of a soft rosy pink colour, with pale orange eye, dotted scarlet, and shading off to magenta. 2s. 6d.
- WILLIAMSII**, a free-blooming variety of good compact and branching habit, producing large flowers of good substance, of a vivid scarlet colour, with orange yellow throat. 3s. 6d.
- AMBROISE VERSCHAFFELT**, 1s.
- AURORA**, 1s. 6d.
- AUTUMNALIS**, 1s.
- BELLE CRACOVIEENNE**, 1s.
- CARDINEAUX**, 1s.
- CARL WOLFARTH**, 1s.
- DAZZLE**, 1s.
- EDWARD BOSSIER**, 1s.
- GRANDIFLORA**, 1s.
- "    **FLORE PLENO**, 1s.
- GRANDIS**, 1s. 6d.
- HENDERSONI**, 1s.
- LEOPARD**, 1s.
- LONGIFLORA**, 1s.
- "    **ALBA**, 1s.
- "    **MACRANTHA**, 1s.
- "    **MAJOR**, 1s.
- LOUIS VAN HOUTTE**, 1s.
- MARGARITÆ**, 1s.
- MAUVE PERFECTION**, 1s.
- MAUVE QUEEN**, 1s. 6d.
- METEOR**, 1s.
- MINIATA**, 1s.
- M. DE PARPART**, 1s.
- PATENS**, 1s.
- PEDUNCULATA**, 1s.
- PICTA**, 1s.
- PINK PERFECTION**, 1s. 6d.
- PURPUREA ELEGANS**, 1s.
- "    **MULTIFLORA**, 1s.
- ROSEA MAGNIFICA**, 1s.
- ROUGE FEU DORÉ**, 1s.
- SCARLET PERFECTION**, 1s.
- SKINNERI**, 1s.
- TUBIFLORA**, 1s.
- VENUSTA**, 1s.
- VESTALIN**, 1s.
- VIOLACEA SEMI-PLENA**, 1s.
- VIVICANS**, 1s.

**CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) METALLICA.**

Introduced from South America. It has bright scarlet flowers, and large thick, hirsute, ovate-leaves of an olive hue, with red central band feathering out from the mid-rib, giving the leaves a metallic appearance; it is of trailing habit, and well adapted for suspending baskets. 3s. 6d.

**CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) CHONTALENSIS.**

The following is an extract from Dr. Berthold Seemann's description of this charming plant, given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle*:—

"*Cyrtodeira chontalensis* is one of the most beautiful Gesneraceous plants I have seen. The leaves are purple on the under side, and on the upper light green, with very dark green blotches. The flowers appear in November and December, and are lilac, and as large as a crown piece, with a yellow centre, and a whitish tube. The roots are fibrous (not catkin-like rhizomes, as in the *Achimenes* tribe), and in habit the plant resembles *C. metallica*, which has smaller and scarlet flowers, and a hairy ovary. 3s. 6d.

**CYRTODEIRA (ACHIMENES) FULGIDA.**

An extremely showy Gesneraceous plant from Colombia. It has beautiful brownish green or olive-coloured metallic-looking leaves, ornamented with silver gray mid-rib and veins, and freely produces its charming bright scarlet flowers, which render it exceedingly attractive. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS.

Those marked thus (\*) have erect flowers.

- ADÈLE**, white lobes, cream coloured throat, encircled with lilac at the mouth; very pretty. 2s. 6d.
- \***ADOLPHE GUILMOT**, milk white, spotted with lavender blue; very fine. 5s.
- \***ADOLPHE REUTER**, slate blue, marked with hieroglyphs of a singular form. 5s.
- \***ALBERT MAROUSE**, delicate rose, beautifully dotted with pure white. 5s.
- \***ALFRED DE VIGNY**, deep amaranth red, dotted with blue; violet throat and mouth. 5s.
- ALICE**, an immense flower with large smooth limb of rich mauve, and clear yellow throat. 2s. 6d.
- \***ARGUS**, white, punctuated with large violet carmine spots at the mouth of the throat; lobes dark violet, surrounded with clear soft violet. 5s.
- \***AUORE**, clear rosy cerise washed with tender rose. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

- BERGERONETTE**, upper part of the flower fine rose, the three lower lobes pure white. 2s. 6d.
- \***BLONDINETTE**, soft mauve bordered with lilac. 3s. 6d.
- \***BOULE DE NEIGE**, pure snowy white; an abundant blooming variety. 3s. 6d.
- \***BOUISSON ARDENT**, crimson red shaded with peach colour, and surrounded with clear erimson. 3s. 6d.
- C. A. FASSIAUX**, cream colour, margined and marbled with sky blue. 3s. 6d.
- CAMOËNS**, a very fine flower, marbled snow white and blue, and bordered with erimson. 3s. 6d.
- \***CANDEUR**, an exceedingly delicate pure white flower. 3s. 6d.
- \***CHARME DE LUTÈCE**, pure milky white, the centre of each lobe ornamented with distinct scattered violet purple spots; the margin of each lobe densely freckled with very small light bluish violet dots; cream-coloured throat covered with small violet spots; very beautiful. 5s.
- \***CHATEAUBRIAND**, pure white undulated lobes, ornamented with a rose cochineal festoon; the whole throat attractively marked with beautiful delicate rose. 3s. 6d.
- \***COMTE A. BALSCHÉ**, cochineal with milk white throat, dotted with lavender. 5s.
- CONCENTRIQUE**, white throat lightly shaded with lilac; magenta lobes surrounded with white. 3s. 6d.
- CONSTELLATION**, white ground punctuated with rose, and having a carmine spot at each intersection of the lobes. 3s. 6d.
- \***COPEERNIC**, dark erimson bordered with soft rose. 3s. 6d.
- COQUETTE D'ASNIÈRES**, edges of the lobes washed with soft magenta; centre of the lobes white shaded and spotted with bright magenta. 3s. 6d.
- \***CORDON CELÈSTE**, white, with light blue band. 2s. 6d.
- \***CORNE D'ABONDANCE**, clear violet lobes veined with purple violet; the centre of each lobe light veined with violet purple. 5s.
- C. P. MONGENAST**, violet; the lobes marked with a crimson horseshoe; tube of a creamy white colour. 3s. 6d.
- \***COUPE D'HÉBÉ**, very large flowers of a dark velvety cerise colour, with the border distinctly and clearly edged with pure white. 5s.
- \***DELPHINE GAY**, pure white, cream coloured throat dotted with lilac amaranth. 5s.
- \***DR. P. DECAISNE**, a very large velvety carmine flower; lilac throat, beautifully speckled with purple. 5s.
- \***EMILE AUGIER**, pure white, with myriads of dottings, the lobes marked with blue; chocolate throat. 5s.
- EPAVE**, cream coloured throat, white lobes shaded with dark violet, and bordered with soft violet. 3s. 6d.
- \***EUGÉNIE VALLERAND**, white lobes sprinkled with large rosy spots; edge marked with soft rose. 3s. 6d.
- \***FANFARON**, throat sprinkled yellow, first zone of the lobes, striped and sprinkled violet, surrounded with soft violet. 3s. 6d.
- FANFRELUCHE**, centre of lobes rosy pink, densely freckled with carmine and bordered with white; throat and mouth creamy white, covered with minute soft magenta dots; extremely pretty. 3s. 6d.
- \***FERD. KEGELJAN**, pure violet, each lobe adorned with a gray ribbon, densely dotted with black. 5s.
- \***FLAMBOYANT**, cerise red, shaded with very bright red, and spotted with violet blue; very fine. 5s.
- FLEUR DE FLANDRE**, white throat, purple mouth, lobes marbled and netted with indigo blue, white edge. 2s. 6d.
- \***FLORE**, rosy lavender, shaded with light purplish pink; pure white centre, rayed and spotted with bright mauve; creamy white throat slightly spotted with pink. 5s.
- FLORENTINE**, pure white; mouth of throat striped and sprinkled with violet mauve. 3s. 6d.
- \***FRANCESCO ESCUDERO**, clear pansy, barred with crimson, with a bronzy reflex. 5s.
- GARDE À VOUS!** a fine flower with large corolla, of a rich purple colour marked with white; broad throat, of a pure cream colour. 3s. 6d.
- \***G. DEMOULIN**, cochineal, bordered with white, the white marking in each lobe marbled with sky blue. 5s.
- \***GÉNÉRAL DAMMAN**, a novel and beautiful flower; blue, striped with white. 3s. 6d.
- \***GÉNÉRAL GREIG**, lilac, with large cochineal spots, and white throat. 5s.
- \***GIRANDOLE**, a very fine variety, producing a profusion of flowers with soft rosy borders; centre of the lobes pure white, spotted and rayed with carmine and shaded with cerise. 5s.



## NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

- \***GRANIT ROSE**, pure white ground densely spotted in the centre of the lobes with bright carmine, the spotting becoming more scattered towards the margin; light cream-coloured throat densely freckled with rosy pink; a lovely flower. 5s.
- \***HARRY VEITCE**, violet, adorned round the orifice of the throat with purple hieroglyphs and sprinkled with pure white. 5s.
- \***HENRI CONSCIENCE**, white; the mouth surrounded with cochineal, the lobes beautifully marbled with lilac. 5s.
- \***HORTENSE**, ground colour creamy white; flower broadly and distinctly festooned with bright rose. 2s. 6d.
- \***IRIS**, rose shaded carmine, orifice of the throat velvety peach colour. 3s. 6d.
- \***ISABELLA**, light blue lobes, with white centre spotted and shaded with purplish violet; light throat rayed and freckled with purplish crimson; very fine. 5s.
- JULIEN**, a magnificent flower, broadly blotched with rich deep carmine and edged with a narrow white band, the whole marbled to the extreme end of the corolla. 3s. 6d.
- LAMARTINE**, a very beautiful undulated flower, of magnificent shape and nearly erect; white-bordered rose limb veering to cochineal, marbled with white and elegantly veined with rose. 3s. 6d.
- \***LÉON GOZLAN**, cochineal, marked with violet and flaked with white; cream coloured throat. 5s.
- \***LÉONTINE FAY**, soft satiny rose, regularly dotted on a white ground. 5s.
- LÉON VANDERWEE**, bright carmine, the lobes maculated with black and bordered with white. 3s. 6d.
- LE PHARE**, bright red, the centre punctuated and enflamed rose on white ground. 3s. 6d.
- \***LISERÉ D'ARGENT**, intensely bright crimson scarlet, distinctly margined with pure white; light throat beautifully spotted and freckled with carmine, and shaded with rosy carmine. 5s.
- LOUISE**, cochineal, edged with lilac and slate colour and striped with white. 2s. 6d.
- LYDIE**, a very large flower; tube red, smooth pure white lobes, festooned at the mouth with rich mauve. 2s. 6d.
- \***MACROPHYLLÉ**, violet purple embroidered bluish violet; mouth of the throat shaded amaranth. 3s. 6d.
- \***MADAME ERRERA OPPENHEIM**, large flowers of a very tender rose colour, sprinkled and shaded with very bright rose. 5s.
- MADAME GUSTAVE GUILMOT**, very dark purple, ribboned and marbled with white. 3s. 6d.
- \***MADAME HALPHEN**, cerise bordered rose; the centre of the divisions of the lobe punctuated dark carmine on white ground; interior of the throat cream colour rayed with carmine violet; extremely pretty. 5s.
- MADAME THIBAUT**, throat, mouth, and centre of lobes pure white, rayed and spotted with bluish purple; the lobes widely margined with light blue. 5s.
- MAMMOTH**, an enormous flower of a rich violet colour; the lower lobes marked with light crimson and marbled with white. 5s.
- MANDARIN**, white lobes spotted with lilac in the centre, and distinctly edged with delicate mauve. 5s.
- \***MARGUERITE D'ELCHINGEN**, very rich deep violet purple lobes; creamy white throat densely freckled with minute purplish dots, the light throat stretching up a little into the centre of each lobe and forming a kind of star. 5s.
- \***MAX NISSON**, rose, shaded with black and flaked with white; a very fine and attractive variety. 5s.
- MÉTAPOLE**, white, spotted with rich reddish crimson; orifice of the throat cream colour. 3s. 6d.
- \***MILTON**, tender rose, with carmine star ornamented with white flakes. 3s. 6d.
- MINA**, very bright cerise, with snow-white mouth; very attractive. 3s. 6d.
- \***MODÈLE**, flat smooth lobes of a fresh rose colour, shaded and spotted with crimson and margined with soft rose. 3s. 6d.
- \***MONSIEUR ALPHAND**, tube white, throat spotted with violet, deep violet purple limb, with a clear stain on each lobe. 3s. 6d.
- MONSIEUR DECAISNE**, tube white, throat streaked, veined and dotted with lilac, white zone, dotted with violet lilac at the mouth; azure blue limb, spotted with violet blue. 2s. 6d.
- \***MONSIGNOR FARIA**, clear lilac tube, lobes dark violet bordered with clear violet; a well-formed flower. 2s. 6d.
- MONTFORT**, pink, the under lobes shaded with intense vermilion, rich violet throat, spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

- \***MOUSSELINE**, white, sprinkled with lilac; a very free-flowering variety. 3s. 6d.
- \***MRS. JOHN SMITH**, a large fine white flower, ornamented with innumerable dots; lobes dark lilac, ribboned with amaranth. 3s. 6d.
- \***NAÏRE**, violet purple, striped, sprinkled and edged with bluish violet. 3s. 6d.
- \***NÉGUS**, velvety violet black, embroidered with violet indigo. 3s. 6d.
- NOBILISSIMA**, splendid lilac flowers; the three inferior lobes richly adorned with large cochineal blotches, and a large snow-white ribbon. 5s.
- \***ONDINE**, soft violet throat, mouth shaded mauve; satin white lobes, with the edges elegantly undulated. 5s.
- \***ORBICULAIRE**, very fine flowers, of excellent form; magenta, neatly bordered with snowy white. 5s.
- \***OSWALD DE KERCHOVE**, a splendid variety, producing very large fine flowers of a rich dark purple colour; tube pure white, beautifully spotted with crimson; very attractive. 3s. 6d.
- PALLAS**, white, veined with velvety carmine; violet centre. 3s. 6d.
- \***PÉGASE**, each lobe three-coloured, dark vermilion horseshoe, the centre of which is lilac, widely bordered with pure white, throat marbled and spotted with white and carmine. 2s. 6d.
- PERLE ROSE**, cream-coloured throat; white lobes, sprinkled with soft rose, and shaded with carmine towards the centre. 3s. 6d.
- POURPRE DE TYR**, large deep rich crimson flower; lower part of the throat pure cream colour, speckled with amaranth; a very fine variety. 3s. 6d.
- \***PRÉS. GRÉVY**, large cream-coloured flowers, bordered with purple violet. 5s.
- QUADRICOLORE**, rose, flaked with white and spotted with cochineal; lilac throat. 3s. 6d.
- RÊVE D'OR**, pure white, neatly shaded with sky blue. 2s. 6d.
- \***RICHARD WALLACE**, a novel and attractive variety; the orifice of the throat and spots in the form of a hemisphere on each of the lobes of a rich clear glazed violet carmine colour; margin bright cerise carmine; very constant. 5s.
- \***ROBE ÉTOILÉE**, pure white lobes, spotted in the centre with violet blue and freckled on the margin with light bluish lilac; cream coloured throat, densely spotted with small violet crimson dots. 5s.
- \***ROMEO**, white, prettily marked with delicate rose. 3s. 6d.
- ROSE D'AMOUR**, cream coloured throat, lobes bright rosy carmine, shaded towards the base with rose cerise. 2s. 6d.
- RUBICOND**, velvety crimson cerise, embroidered rose; orifice of the throat shaded fiery scarlet. 3s. 6d.
- \***SAINTE-BEUVE**, azure lobes bordered with white, and dotted with indigo blue; pure white throat; sprinkled with deep maroon and flaked with red. 5s.
- \***SCHILLER**, fiery cherry colour with violet star; a large and beautiful flower. 3s. 6d.
- \***SOLFERINO**, rose solferino, with the edges of the lobes shaded salmon. 5s.
- SOUVENIR**, magenta, bordered with soft lilac. 3s. 6d.
- \***SUAVIS**, a large well-expanded flower of fine form; white ground very thickly covered with small dots of a tender rose colour. 3s. 6d.
- SUZANNE**, a beautiful rich blue shaded with mauve. 2s. 6d.
- \***THÉOPHILE GAUTIER**, very large white flowers minutely dotted with rose; very fine. 5s.
- TH. NEITNER**, enormous lilac flowers, flaked with pure white. 5s.
- \***TOFAZE**, tube and lobes pure white; violet mauve mouth, light throat. 2s. 6d.
- \***TRICOLORE COCHENILLE**, an extremely large and fine flower of a cochineal colour with lavender rays; tricoloured tube. 3s. 6d.
- \***VERCINGÉTORIX**, bright magenta spotted and shaded with purplish magenta. 3s. 6d.
- \***VICOMTE DE BARRAL**, amaranth, bordered with violet; tube marbled on a white ground. 3s. 6d.
- VIOLETTE MARBRÉE**, violet, the lower lobes marbled with white, and the entire flower margined with white. 3s. 6d.
- VLAANDEREN**, white throat, ornamented with myriads of carmine spots, tube carmine, shaded with plum, lobes rich velvety purple. 2s. 6d.
- \***VOIE LACTÉE**, pure white ground, covered with myriads of small azure blue spots. 2s. 6d.
- WASHINGTON**, very dark vermilion cochineal. 3s. 6d.
- \***WÉGA**, white ground tinted and spotted with violet carmine; the lobes surrounded with soft bluish violet. 3s. 6d.
- WILHELMINE**, a very prettily marked white flower; the mouth ornamented with an azure blue band, encircling innumerable dottings; the whole of the throat speckled with rose. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE GLOXINIAS—Continued.

**WILLIAM ROBINSON**, lobes bright rosy carmine, margined with pink; the centre of each lobe white, thickly spotted and freckled with bright pink; throat creamy white, thickly spotted with pink; fine large flower; exquisitely beautiful. 5s.

*Selections of other good kinds can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s. and 30s. per dozen.*

## SHRUBBY GLOXINIA INSIGNIS.

This distinct variety produces its flowers during the autumn and winter; colour bluish lilac, marked with a large eriuoson blotch at the base of the tube. 2s. 6d.

## GLOXINIA MACULATA, ROSEA CHIRITIFORMIS.

This novel hybrid will prove quite an acquisition, for it blooms during the whole of the winter. Its foliage is very beautiful, of a bronzy amaranth, and its flowers, which are produced abundantly, are of a beautiful bright rose, with a bluish tint. 2s. 6d.

## GLOXINIA MACULATA SCEPTUM.

A magnificent hybrid, with extra large erect foliage. It produces a rigid terminal inflorescence, exceeding 20 inches in height, which bears majestically its large clear lilac well-formed blooms. The leaves are cordate and pinked. 3s. 6d.

## NEW REGAL PELARGONIUMS.

This name is applied to that magnificent group of Pelargoniums, the flowers of which are of large size, very rich and showy, and although they are not really double, yet from their fullness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so.

**BEAUTY OF OXTON**, a splendid novelty, the flowers of similar form to those of Pelargonium *Queen Victoria*, but of quite a distinct colour. The upper petals are of a very rich maroon colour, darkly blotched; the under petals very dark crimson, shaded with maroon; light centre tinted with rose; all the petals are attractively and regularly margined with white, and beautifully fringed. The flowers are large and very full, the extra number of petals giving them the appearance of being semidouble. For illustration, *vide* page 106. 1 guinea.

**CAPTAIN RAIKES**, a splendid variety, producing very fine large full flowers; upper petals deep fiery crimson, flaked with purplish black, and bordered with carmine; lower petals clear bright fiery crimson. The flowers, which from their fullness appear double, are extremely attractive, and admirably adapted for bouquet making. 3s. 6d.

**ELEGANTISSIMUM**, a beautiful variety, with large crispy semidouble flowers, of a rich vermilion colour, all the petals broadly margined with white. 7s. 6d.

**LA VILLE DE CAEN**, fine large semidouble flowers, of a rich dark carmine purple colour, maculated with maroon. 3s. 6d.

**MADAME EVRARD**, a most attractive and distinct variety; the flowers are very full, with beautiful crispy petals of an exceedingly bright purplish crimson colour, richly spotted with dark maroon. 7s. 6d.

**MARIE AUGIS**, fine large full flowers, with six or seven petals; the colour is a beautiful light rose; two or three of the upper petals being maculated with scarlet and maroon. 7s. 6d.

**M. PH. ZELLER**, a distinct and showy variety, producing very large and full flowers, of a rich fiery crimson colour, bordered with rose and spotted with very dark blackish red. 5s.

**PRINCE OF PELARGONIUMS**, large flower, with elegantly fringed margin, of a brilliant vermilion scarlet ground colour, finely relieved by a blush white centre with violet veins, and flushed with rich crimson in the upper petals. Very free blooming, of dwarf yet vigorous habit. 2s. 6d.

**QUEEN VICTORIA**, this remarkably distinct and handsome Pelargonium is one of the most marvellously beautiful and novel varieties ever offered. The flowers have peculiarly crispy petals; they are not really double, but from their fullness of form and the extra number of petals, they have the appearance of being so. The colour is a rich vermilion; all the petals broadly margined with pure white, and the upper ones blotched with maroon. The contrast of the broad white margin with the vermilion ground colour makes the flower extremely pleasing and attractive. For illustration, *vide* page 107. 3s. 6d.



PELARGONIUM BEAUTY OF OXTON, for description and price, *vide* page 105.

## NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS.

These have been obtained by carefully hybridising the attractive French kinds with the best varieties of the most eminent English raisers, so that, while possessing the rich and varied colours of the French sorts, combined with their wonderfully free-flowering character, they partake of the shape of the English varieties; they have also the advantage of having the spots more clearly and purely defined than is usually the case with the foreign sorts.

**AMBASSADOR**, upper petals intensely dark maroon, edged with bright scarlet, under petals very bright scarlet, with crimson shading, large light centre, shaded with violet. 5s.

**ANACREON**, fiery crimson; upper petals blotched with dark maroon; under petals bright scarlet crimson; violet centre; all the petals prettily fringed. 7s. 6d.



PELARGONIUM QUEEN VICTORIA, for description and price, *vide* page 105.

NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

**ANNABELLA**, an attractive flower, with large light centre; upper petals rich crimson, blotched with very dark maroon; under petals rich bright crimson with violet shade. 3s. 6d.

**ANTAGONIST**, upper petals blotched with dark maroon, surrounded with violet crimson, and margined with white; under petals soft pink, spotted with violet crimson, white centre. 2s. 6d.

**BRIDAL BOUQUET**, an extremely free-flowering and attractive variety, producing fine large trusses of beautiful pure white flowers; the two upper petals blotched with pink; admirably adapted for forcing. 3s. 6d.

**CHARMER**, bright crimson, upper petals blotched with dark crimson; under petals slightly spotted, white centre, surrounded with violet. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- COMMANDER**, bright rosy scarlet, the upper petals heavily blotched with maroon; under petals blotched with rich crimson, fine striking white centre; a magnificent flower. 5s.
- CONCORD**, violet mauve, intersected with white and rose, white centre; a pleasing colour. 3s. 6d.
- CONDUCTOR**, bright crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon, the under petals shaded with crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- CONSISTENCY**, violet, margined with lavender, upper petals blotched with crimson, the under ones spotted with same colour. 3s. 6d.
- DEBATE**, violet mauve, upper petals blotched with maroon; light centre. 2s. 6d.
- DOMITIUS**, a very fine variety; upper petals maroon, shaded with crimson, and edged with light rose; under petals light rose, spotted with dark crimson; the petals beautifully fringed. 7s. 6d.
- DRAGON**, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright red; under petals fiery carmine, lightly spotted with crimson, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.
- ECLIPSE**, upper petals very dark blackish maroon, edged with fiery crimson; under petals rich deep crimson, shaded with bright scarlet, and blotched with very dark maroon; light centre; a very richly coloured velvety-looking flower. 15s.
- ENSIGN**, all the petals blotched with maroon, surrounded with crimson and margined with rose. 3s. 6d.
- EUROPA**, dark violet, all the petals blotched with maroon; novel colour. 2s. 6d.
- FANTASTIC**, an extremely distinct and attractive variety; the flower is curiously formed, and all the petals being unevenly cut and serrated give it a ragged or fringed appearance; the upper petals are crimson maroon; the under petals fiery crimson, shaded with violet; light centre. 7s. 6d.
- FIREFLY**, fiery crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon; the under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.
- GERTRUDE**, rosy lavender, with a slight crimson spot and feathering in the upper petals; very distinct and pleasing. 3s. 6d.
- HARMONY**, upper petals purple maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with lavender; under petals lavender, shaded with pink and spotted with crimson. 5s.
- HESPERIA**, a splendid flower; colour a soft rosy carmine, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, and all the petals beautifully edged with pale rose; white centre, surrounded with a violet shade. 10s. 6d.
- HECTOR**, bright carmine, all the petals spotted with dark crimson, light centre, shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.
- HIAWATHA**, upper petals very dark maroon, margined with crimson and edged with white; under petals rosy crimson, margined with blush and blotched with maroon; a fine large attractive flower. 3s. 6d.
- HUNTSMAN**, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon, dark spots on the under petals, violet centre. 2s. 6d.
- KENNETH**, upper petals rich dark purplish crimson, margined with light violet crimson and feathered with crimson maroon; under petals rich violet crimson edged with rosy lavender; light centre. 5s.
- MAGNATE**, a magnificent flower of a soft violet colour, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals lightly spotted with crimson, clean white centre. 5s.
- MEDINA**, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with crimson and edged with rose; under petals rose, blotched with very dark crimson. 3s. 6d.
- MODERN**, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- OSCAR**, upper petals crimson, margined with rose, and blotched with maroon; under petals rose, spotted crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- PATRICIAN**, bright violet, the upper petals heavily blotched with dark maroon; under petals having a small blotch of dark maroon, light centre; an attractive variety. 5s.
- PIONEER**, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals slightly spotted with crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- PRECISION**, beautiful light centre, shaded with violet, upper petals rich dark crimson, margined with rose; under petals carmine, spotted with crimson. 2s. 6d.
- PURSUIT**, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- SALUTE**, under petals soft rose, spotted with dark crimson; upper petals maroon, surrounded with crimson, with rose margins. 2s. 6d.
- SCEPTRE**, rose, the upper petals blotched with maroon and shaded with crimson; the under petals spotted with dark crimson. 2s. 6d.
- SENATOR**, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with crimson and edged with rose; lower petals rich crimson, blotched with maroon and edged with rose. 3s. 6d.
- SOUVENIR**, bright rose, upper petals blotched with maroon; under petals heavily spotted with maroon. 3s. 6d.
- SPORTSMAN**, fiery crimson, upper petals blotched with dark maroon; under petals spotted with maroon. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE SPOTTED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

**TEMPLAR**, a beautifully formed flower, of a rich soft shade of violet crimson; upper petals blotched with dark purple; under petals slightly marked with purple, light centre. 5s.

**TENNYSON**, upper petals dark maroon, margined with bright rose and edged with white; under petals pure clear white, with a small blotch of bright lake in the centre of each; a most distinct and attractive variety. 7s. 6d.

**TREASURE**, glowing scarlet, upper petals spotted with crimson violet; very fine. 2s. 6d.

**TROJAN**, crimson, upper petals surrounded with bright rose and margined with pink; under petals blush, cleanly spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d.

**TRUMPETER**, dark crimson upper petals, margined with rose, bright rose under petals, blotched and shaded with crimson. 3s. 6d.

**TYRIAN**, very rich dark maroon, upper petals almost black, with narrow edge of deep rose; under petals shaded with rosy scarlet and blotched with crimson maroon; a very bright coloured and showy flower. 7s. 6d.

**VANDAL**, upper petals very dark crimson, blotched with very dark maroon, almost black; under petals crimson lake, spotted with dark crimson. 5s.

**VANGUARD**, rich violet mauve, upper petals blotched with crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.

**VELLEDA**, rich deep velvety crimson, the upper petals blotched with maroon, and the under petals spotted with very dark crimson; a fine flower, bright and attractive. 2s. 6d.

**VICTORIOUS**, orange scarlet, upper petals blotched with maroon, white centre, shaded with violet; under petals spotted crimson. 2s. 6d.

**VIZIER**, a fine large well-formed flower; upper petals very dark maroon, surrounded with rich violet crimson and margined with lilac; under petals rich bright crimson, blotched with maroon, and bordered with pale lilac. 10s. 6d.

**WATCHFUL**, lilac, shaded with violet, upper petals spotted with crimson, light centre; very attractive. 3s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s.*

*and 30s. per dozen.*

## NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS.

**ADMIRATION**, pale lilac rose; medium black spot on top petals; large flower. 3s. 6d.

**ALICE**, lower petals rosy crimson, maroon spot on top petals, crimson purple edge, large white eye; very fine. 10s. 6d.

**ANATINA**, upper petals dark maroon, edged with rosy crimson; under petals rose, shaded with crimson; light centre. 5s.

**ARBACES**, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with light violet crimson and margined with white; under petals pale lilac blush; white centre. 7s. 6d.

**ARCHDUCHESS**, lower petals richly painted crimson, with rosy purple edges; top petals black with narrow crimson edge; large clear white centre. 7s. 6d.

**ARISTOCRAT**, rich deep crimson, black spot on upper petals, crimson margin, white centre. 5s.

**BECERRA**, upper petals dark maroon, shaded with bright crimson; under petals light rose; large white centre; a free blooming and useful variety. 3s. 6d.

**BLUE BOY**, lower petals bluish purple; upper petals rich deep purple, with narrow margin; a large and novel flower. 5s.

**BRIGANTINE**, lower petals rosy purple; top petals dark maroon, narrow lilac margin; clear white eye. 3s. 6d.

**BRILLIANT**, crimson, black top petals, pointed narrow wire edge of fiery crimson; very fine colour. 3s. 6d.

**CADMUS**, violet rose, with white centre; upper petals blotched with dark crimson maroon. 5s.

**CECILIA**, a fine flower of excellent form; upper petals dark velvety maroon, surrounded with bright crimson and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink; clear distinct white centre. 7s. 6d.

**CHARLES TURNER**, orange scarlet lower petals, upper petals scarlet orange, with shaded maroon spot, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.

**CHARTER**, rich maroon, upper petals margined with violet rose; under petals violet rose, shaded with crimson, large white centre. 3s. 6d.

**CHIEFTAIN**, lower petals rose; maroon spot on top petals, shaded to the margin with rosy lilac; white centre; good form. 5s.

**CLARIBEL**, pure white, with small spot of bright carmine on top petals; a lovely flower, and quite distinct. 2s. 6d.

**CONDUCTOR**, dark crimson, upper petals margined with bright rose; under petals delicate rose, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.

**CONQUEST**, bright red, small maroon spot on top petals; fine shape and very effective. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- CONSTANCE**, fawn colour, with small spot on top petals shaded with orange; clear white eye; a large smooth flower of fine form. 7s. 6d.
- COQUETTE**, under petals rosy purple, painted black upper petals, with rich narrow margin of lilac; a fine bright smooth flower. 5s.
- CORONET**, cherry rose, small black spot on upper petals; clear white centre; a pleasing variety. 5s.
- COSSACK**, upper petals very dark maroon, almost black, surrounded with bright crimson; under petals bright rose; large white centre; a fine showy flower. 5s.
- COUNSELLOR**, dark crimson, upper petals broadly margined with pink; under petals salmon pink, white centre, good form. 2s. 6d.
- COUNTESS**, a noble flower of fine substance; under petals pale orange pink, of a delicate and soft shade; upper petals spotted with maroon; lilac rose margin; clear large white centre. 5s.
- CREUSA**, light rose, the upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 5s.
- CROWN PRINCE**, upper petals black maroon; under petals richly painted crimson; bright narrow edge, clear white eye. 10s. 6d.
- DARDAN**, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals light bright rose; large white centre. 5s.
- DAUNTLESS**, a good crimson flower with medium black spot; of fine form. 5s.
- DEFIANCE**, purple maroon, black top petals shaded off to the edge with crimson, white centre. 7s. 6d.
- DOMINGO**, very dark maroon upper petals, margined with soft rose; under petals soft violet rose; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- DRUID**, under petals rosy lilac, veined; maroon spot on upper petals; dwarf habit; fine form. 5s.
- DUCHESS**, under petals rich crimson, painted black top petals; narrow fiery wiry edge; clear white centre, fine. 5s.
- DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE**, scarlet, medium black spot on top petals; a smooth flower of fine form. 7s. 6d.
- DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE**, bright crimson scarlet; medium black blotch on upper petals; a free-flowering smooth bright variety; extra fine. 5s.
- DUKE OF CONNAUGHT**, lower petals crimson; dark rosy top petals; white centre; a large flower of fine shape. 7s. 6d.
- DUKE OF EDINBURGH**, a rich dark flower, deep crimson lower petals, veined with maroon, black top petals; of good free habit. 3s. 6d.
- EMBLEM**, bright rose, shaded with violet, upper petals blotched with dark crimson, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- EXCHEQUER**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with bright crimson, and margined with rose, under petals rose, clear white centre. 3s. 6d.
- FALCON**, rosy purple, black spot on upper petals, white centre. 5s.
- FAVOURITE**, a large finely-shaped flower of great substance; under petals pale pink; black blotch on top petals, with rich wiry band of orange, shaded off to the margin with pale pink; large white centre. 5s.
- FLORA**, under petals rosy purple; maroon spot on upper petals; light centre, dwarf free habit. 5s.
- GARNET**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with violet rose, bright rose under petals, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- GIANT**, under petals rosy pink; maroon spot on upper petals; lilac edge; white centre; a large variety; very dwarf habit. 5s.
- GRAND MONARCH**, crimson lower petals, dark top petals, crimson edge, white centre. 5s.
- GRANTA**, maroon upper petals surrounded with rosy crimson and edged with lavender; under petals light rosy crimson; white centre. 5s.
- HIGHLAND LASSIE**, salmon rose, medium black spot shaded with orange, white eye; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- HUMPHREY**, upper petals very dark maroon, bordered with rose; under petals bright deep rose, shaded with crimson; a fine effective flower with large light centre. 5s.
- ISABELLA**, lower petals rosy pink, maroon spot on top petals, shaded with orange pink; rosy lilac edge; large white centre. 5s.
- KING CHARLES**, rosy purple, small maroon spot on top petals; clear white eye, showy and free. 3s. 6d.
- LORA**, upper petals maroon, margined with scarlet and edged with rose; under petals rosy pink; white eye. 5s.
- LORD BYRON**, rich crimson, slightly veined; lower petals dark maroon crimson, purple edge; large and fine form. 3s. 6d.
- MABEL**, dark maroon top, narrow edge; a heavily painted flower. 3s. 6d.
- MAID OF ATHENS**, pure white, blotched and feathered with violet crimson. 3s. 6d.
- MONARCH**, cherry lower petals, maroon spot, richly shaded to the margin with crimson; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- MURILLO**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with crimson, and margined with rose; under petals bright rose, pure white centre. 3s. 6d.
- NISUS**, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with fiery crimson and edged with violet rose; under petals rosy pink; white centre. 5s.



## NEW AND CHOICE SHOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

**ORESTES**, upper petals dark maroon crimson, surrounded with light crimson and margined with rose; under petals bright rose; attractive white centre. 7s. 6d.

**OTHELLO**, lower petals dark crimson, black top, narrow edge of rose, light eye; fine quality; a rich dark flower. 3s. 6d.

**PRESBYTER**, lower petals rich rosy crimson, dark maroon spot on top petals; crimson edge; large clear white centre. 7s. 6d.

**PRIME MINISTER**, crimson lower petals, maroon top, shaded lilac margin, clear white eye. 2s. 6d.

**PRINCE ARTHUR**, lower petals rosy crimson, slightly marked; dark maroon top, shaded off to the eye, white centre. 3s. 6d.

**PRINCE BISMARCK**, very rich crimson maroon top; medium size. 3s. 6d.

**PRINCE LEOPOLD**, very bright, a cross between *Charles Turner* and *Warrior*, a smooth and glossy flower. 3s. 6d.

**PRINCE OF WALES**, under petals rosy purple, maroon spot on upper petals, white centre; a large flower, good habit. 3s. 6d.

**PROTECTOR**, under petals purple maroon, with maroon spot on upper petals, lilac margin; extra fine form. 5s.

**PURPLE GEM**, lower petals deep purple, top petals black maroon; margin of purple; very glossy; novel and fine. 3s. 6d.

**QUEEN VICTORIA**, lower petals crimson; medium black spot on top petals; bright orange crimson edge; white centre. 7s. 6d.

**ROBIN HOOD**, rich purple lower petals, maroon top; small spots and white eye; a rich flower. 3s. 6d.

**ROSICRUCIAN**, new shade of colour, rosy purple, maroon spot on top petals, shaded with purple; fine form. 2s. 6d.

**ROVER**, upper petals dark maroon, bordered with rose and edged with pale lavender; under petals very light rose, light centre. 3s. 6d.

**RUTH**, a novel and beautiful variety of fine quality; under petals cherry rose; small maroon spot on upper petals; clear white centre. 5s.

**RUTULIA**, upper petals crimson maroon, bordered with rosy crimson; under petals rich scarlet crimson; light centre shaded violet. 5s.

**SCOTTISH CHIEFTAIN**, under petals richly painted crimson; upper petals dark maroon, with narrow margin of fiery crimson; a fine flower; free habit. 5s.

**SENATOR**, mottled purple, richly veined; upper petals purple maroon; novel and of fine form. 5s.

**SPARTAN**, a magnificent flower, of extremely attractive colouring; upper petals rich crimson, with central blotch of intensely dark maroon, almost black; under petals of a beautiful rich violet rose colour. 10s. 6d.

**SPLENDENT**, upper petals rich maroon, surrounded with scarlet, and edged with pink; under petals salmon rose, pure white centre; a fine, large, well-formed flower. 5s.

**STATESMAN**, under petals rich crimson; upper petals black, with crimson edge; white centre; a fine large flower. 5s.

**SULTAN**, deep crimson purple, suffused with lilac; light centre; flower of fine shape and substance. 5s.

**SUPERB**, lower petals rich crimson, top petals dark maroon; lilac edge, shaded with rose; a large and good flower. 3s. 6d.

**SYBIL**, soft pale orange; small maroon spot, shaded with orange; white centre; a very fine flower. 7s. 6d.

**TOPSY**, under petals purplish rose; upper petals black; narrow crimson margin; white centre. 5s.

**VICTORY**, a pleasing pink, small spot on top petals, white eye, shaded off to the edge with orange; large and fine. 3s. 6d.

**WARRIOR**, a bright and fine flower; rich glossy crimson, black spot on upper petals, with margin of scarlet lake. 3s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen.*

## NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 12.

**ALICIA**, upper petals very bright crimson, edged with pure white, and tinted in the centre with violet; under petals deep rose, margined with white; large white eye; a very pretty flower. 5s.

**ANGELIC**, upper petals crimson, edged with white; under petals bright rosy violet, edged with white, attractive white centre. 3s. 6d.

**ANN PAGE**, crimson and violet, light throat and edges, fine form. 2s. 6d.

**AQUILON**, vide page 12.

**ARIADNE**, vide page 12.

**ASSEMBLY**, upper petals rich maroon, edged with white; under petals rosy purple, margined with white, large white centre; flowers round and well formed. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- ATLANTIC**, rich crimson, suffused with purple ; smooth and of excellent habit. 7s. 6d.
- BARRA**, upper petals rich crimson, edged with rose ; under petals rosy crimson, shaded with rose ; light centre. 5s.
- BELLINI**, a very distinct and pretty flower, of a beautiful soft violet rose colour, edged with white, light centre. 3s. 6d.
- CABELLO**, *vide* page 12.
- CLOTH OF SILVER**, white, with delicate rose blotch. 2s. 6d.
- DELIGHT**, upper petals lake, edged with white ; under petals white, tinted with violet rose ; flower of good shape. 2s. 6d.
- EAST LYNN**, white ground, lower petals heavily marked with crimson purple, top rich crimson, shaded with violet, white eye. 2s. 6d.
- ELIGIBLE**, rosy crimson, upper petals with light blotch, shaded with violet ; under petals violet lake, clean white centre, the entire flower edged with white. 2s. 6d.
- ELLEN BECK**, delicate lilac carmine, with bright throat and edges ; of dwarf robust habit, and very free flowering ; fine. 2s. 6d.
- ELSIE**, a very beautiful flower ; the upper petals dark crimson, margined with lavender ; under petals violet crimson, edged with white, white centre. 7s. 6d.
- ERMAN**, upper petals violet crimson, edged rose ; under petals blush, shaded with light crimson. 5s.
- ETHEL**, *vide* page 12.
- ETRURIA**, upper petals soft rose, edged with white ; under petals white, tinted with rose ; a very clearly marked and pretty flower ; exceedingly distinct and attractive. 7s. 6d.
- FANNY GAIR**, rosy lake, suffused with purple, clear white centre and edges, fine form and substance. 2s. 6d.
- FAUST**, upper petals rich dark maroon, edged with lavender ; under petals blush, shaded with rich crimson ; light centre. 5s.
- FESTIVA**, deep rich rose, shaded with crimson lake, and margined with white ; large white centre ; a nice soft flower. 5s.
- HENRY BAILEY**, crimson, with white eye ; very dwarf, and a most abundant bloomer ; extremely useful and effective. 7s. 6d.
- IXION**, *vide* page 12.
- JEWESS**, upper petals rosy carmine, suffused with carmine, lilac edge ; light mottled under petals. 7s. 6d.
- LADY DOROTHY NEVILL**, deep rose upper petals, shaded violet ; lower petals violet rose, pure white centre ; fine shape. 2s. 6d.
- LADY MAYORESS**, rosy lilac, with white edges and large white eye ; a fine flower. 7s. 6d.
- LEOTARD**, bright cherry rose, with clear white centre and edge ; remarkable for its great substance and smoothness. 2s. 6d.
- LINDA**, upper petals crimson maroon, edged with rose ; under petals blush, shaded with rosy crimson ; large attractive white centre, 5s.
- LYDIA**, a fine showy variety, with beautiful flowers of good form ; the upper petals dark maroon, bordered with white ; under petals very dark purple crimson, edged with white ; large clear white centre. 7s. 6d.
- MARMION**, rich crimson top petals, shaded with purple, clear white eye, very narrow edge, and large. 2s. 6d.
- MINHO**, *vide* page 12.
- MIRIAM**, a fine large flower, of a rich dark crimson colour, margined with lavender ; the upper petals darker than the under ones ; large light centre, shaded with violet. 7s. 6d.
- MRS. DORLING**, beautiful mottled lilac, white throat and edges, fine form, dwarf habit. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. HART**, rosy crimson purple, with narrow white margin on upper petals, shaded off with rosy purple to a large clear white eye ; an excellent flower of fine shape. 7s. 6d.
- OLYNTHUS**, very rich deep carmine, with violet shade, a most attractive colour ; the three lower petals are margined with white ; the flower is large and well formed, with distinct white centre. 7s. 6d.
- PIZARRO**, *vide* page 12.
- PLACIDA**, rich carmine crimson upper petals, edged with rose ; blush under petals, marked and flushed with deep rose ; white eye ; a very distinct and attractive variety, producing fine large smooth well-formed flowers. 10s. 6d.
- PRINCESS TECK**, white, with carmine spots, very smooth ; a profuse bloomer. 2s. 6d.
- PURSUIT**, a very large fine flower, the upper petals bright maroon, edged with white, under petals bright violet crimson, margined with white, large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- RESTITUTION**, rich dark maroon, margined violet, light centre, encircled with violet. 3s. 6d.
- RIVAL**, *vide* page 12.
- ROSINA**, rosy lake upper petals, edged with white ; under petals rose, blotched with lake ; large white eye ; a very pleasing flower. 3s. 6d.
- SANCHO**, *vide* page 12.
- SANTERRE**, upper petals dark crimson maroon, edged with white ; under petals white blotched with dark crimson ; white centre. 5s.
- SATIRE**, maroon upper petals, surrounded with violet crimson and edged with white ; under petals crimson, margined with white, large white centre. 3s. 6d.
- SIREN**, an extremely pretty flower, of a deep rosy carmine colour, shaded with lake ; the under petals edged with lavender ; distinct white eye. 7s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE FANCY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

**SONNET**, a free-blooming variety, producing fine large trusses, upper petals dark maroon, surrounded with violet and edged with white; under petals light crimson, margined with white, and white centre. 3s. 6d.

**THERESA**, upper petals dark crimson, shaded with violet and edged with white; under petals crimson, margined with white; large light centre. 7s. 6d.

**THE SHAH**, deep crimson purple, with narrow lilac edge and light centre; a smooth and very pleasing flower; extra fine. 7s. 6d.

**TRIBUNE**, violet peach, pure white centre, and all the petals edged with white. 3s. 6d.

**WINIFRED**, upper petals rich crimson lake, shaded with violet and margined with white; under petals rosy lake, edged with white; clear white centre; a beautiful flower, very smooth and well formed. 10s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 18s., 24s. and 30s. per dozen.*

## NEW HYBRID PERPETUAL PELARGONIUMS.

This new section is of Bavarian origin, and is recommended for its perpetual free-blooming character and the glowing colours of the flowers. The plants commence blooming in the spring and continue until the autumn.

**FREUND EBBE**, bright carmine, with dark veins and spots; very rich and attractive. 3s. 6d.

**HOFGÄRTNER KELLERMANN**, a round close flower, the upper petals of a dark fiery carmine red colour, with strongly marked dark spots and veins; the under petals light carmine, lightly veined. 3s. 6d.

**HOFGÄRTNER HUBER**, a fine round flower; the upper petals rosy purple, darkly spotted and veined; the under petals rosy carmine, with light veins. 3s. 6d.

**HOFGÄRTNER BRAUN**, a beautiful flower of a very fine carmine colour, with intensely dark veins and spots. 3s. 6d.

**MADAME GLEVITZKY**, a magnificent flower; upper petals of a fine vermilion colour, veined and spotted with purple, under petals light vermilion. 3s. 6d.

**OBERBÜRGERMEISTER HEIM**, rich velvety crimson, very darkly spotted; a splendid flower. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

EXTRACT FROM THE *Gardeners' Magazine* :—

“Classifying all the good ones (Zonal Pelargoniums) according to their origin, I repeat what I have said three years ago, that Mr. WILLIAM BULL has sent out more good Zonal Pelargoniums than any other cultivator.”

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 12.

**ADAIR**, a magnificent variety, producing large trusses of very fine flowers with thick wax-like petals of a rich carmine colour, shaded with scarlet. 3s. 6d.

**ADELINA PATTI**, a charming variety, producing large trusses of splendid flowers of almost perfect circular form; colour a beautiful rich dark cerise. 3s. 6d.

**ADRASTUS**, bright salmon colour, deepening in shade towards the centre of the flower. 1s. 6d.

**ADRIAN**, deep scarlet; an exceedingly rich colour; flowers of good shape and substance. 1s. 6d.

**AGRIUS**, very fine rich deep scarlet, with light eye; large flower. 3s. 6d.

**AILSA**, vide page 12.

**ALFANO**, large trusses of well-formed flowers of a fine rich dark scarlet crimson colour; centre shaded with violet. 2s. 6d.

**ALMA**, very rich bright scarlet; a large flower of good form and substance. 3s. 6d.

**AMAZONE**, bright lilac mauve, sprinkled with carmine dots; large truss; dwarf and free flowering. 3s. 6d.

**ANSELMO**, rich bright scarlet; a fine large flower with good broad petals. 5s.

## NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- APOLLON**, rich crimson, marked and edged with scarlet and lilac; edges of petals slightly fringed. 3s. 6d.
- ARABELLA**, a fine round well-formed flower, of a beautiful pinkish salmon colour suffused with rose; light eye. 2s. 6d.
- ASPASIA**, a fine large well-formed flower, of a dazzling bright vermilion colour. 1s. 6d.
- ASTORIA**, deep rosy pink, with white marking in the upper petals. 5s.
- BARINGO**, *vide* page 12.
- BEAUTY**, this splendid variety produces fine large white flowers, beautifully striped and flaked with rose and salmon; extremely distinct and attractive. 7s. 6d.
- BELLE COURTRAI SIENNE**, a very fine variety; flowers of a light lilac colour, with pretty rose marking. 1s. 6d.
- BEPP0**, intensely bright scarlet; fine large flower. 1s. 6d.
- BUTTERFLY**, a distinct-looking flower, of a blush white colour, beautifully and richly striped and flaked with bright pink. 5s.
- CAMBODA**, deep rich rosy carmine; a very fine large smooth flower, of excellent shape. 2s. 6d.
- CAMERON**, magenta purple marked with vermilion in the upper petals; a most beautiful, novel, and distinct shade of colour; flowers of large size and excellent form; extra fine. 5s.
- CASCADE**, *vide* page 12.
- CASTALIA**, a pure snowy white flower, with vermilion salmon centre. 1s. 6d.
- CATO**, *vide* page 12.
- CATRINA**, pure white, with pink centre; large truss. 3s. 6d.
- CECOUS**, very light blush pink, with rosy centre; upper petals marked with white. 1s. 6d.
- CERBERUS**, rich carmine scarlet, with violet shade in the upper petals; a remarkably good flower; trusses of very large size. 1s. 6d.
- CHARM**, pure white, striped, flaked, and splashed with rose; a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.
- COLUMBINE**, orange salmon, effectively and distinctly striped and splashed with white. 3s. 6d.
- CREUSA**, very deep rich scarlet, with white eye. 1s. 6d.
- CYRIL**, bright orange scarlet, with pink marking in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- DAMON**, deep rich bright scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- DARIAN**, very rich deep scarlet; a fine large flower, with thick petals. 3s. 6d.
- DECOY**, salmon, flaked, and striped with white; a very pretty flower. 5s.
- DION**, rosy cerise; a very pretty colour; large truss. 1s. 6d.
- DRYDEN**, very bright rich scarlet; fine large round flat flower. 2s. 6d.
- EGERIA**, *vide* page 12.
- ELFIN**, bright pink; a splendid colour; the upper petals marked with white. 3s. 6d.
- ERNESTINE**, a very pretty and distinct flower; colour blush shaded with salmon rose towards the centre. 3s. 6d.
- EUROPA**, this variety is of remarkably good compact habit and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are of exquisite form and good substance; rich deep scarlet, shaded with crimson in the upper petals; white eye, very attractive. 5s.
- FAGUS**, bright dazzling scarlet colour, with conspicuous white eye. 2s. 6d.
- FAIRY**, a novel and distinct flower of a beautiful blush colour, richly flaked and striped with deep salmon; exceedingly striking and effective. 5s.
- FLAMMETTA**, rich dark crimson; the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 5s.
- FORTUNA**, upper petals pink, suffused with lake and margined with salmon; lower petals rose, suffused with orange. 1s. 6d.
- HEBE**, an exceedingly pretty and distinct variety; the flowers are very pure white, shaded and irregularly marked with salmon blush; all the centre of the flower being of a rich salmon pink colour. 3s. 6d.
- HERON**, rich magenta crimson, shaded with violet in the upper petals; a remarkably attractive shade of colour. 2s. 6d.
- HIDALGO**, *vide* page 12.
- HORISTAN**, intensely bright dark scarlet, with large white eye; one of the darkest colours in the section. 2s. 6d.
- IDYL**, finely formed flower of a beautiful salmon colour, having a white centre surrounded with orange scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- ITHACA**, rich soft salmon pink, with light centre; very pretty. 1s. 6d.
- JUANITA**, salmon pink, deeper towards the centre of the flower, which has a white eye; the blossoms are of a large size and beautifully round in form. 3s. 6d.
- JUBILEE**, this variety produces immense trusses of fine large flowers of a soft rosy lake colour; distinct and pretty. 3s. 6d.
- JURINA**, very rich and bright deep scarlet; a fine large well-formed flower. 2s. 6d.
- LAMUS**, intensely bright dazzling fiery scarlet, a magnificent colour. 2s. 6d.
- LELA**, very clean pure white; medium-sized flower of good form. 3s. 6d.
- LEONTA**, deep rich scarlet, with attractive white eye. 2s. 6d.
- LESBIA**, rich carmine; a fine flower and large truss. 1s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- LEVINUS**, rich bright salmon rose, striped and flaked with white and blush. 5s.
- LINDA**, medium-sized flowers of good form; exceedingly pure white. 3s. 6d.
- MAGGIE**, pure white; a free blooming variety. 3s. 6d.
- MANCO**, rich bright scarlet; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.
- MARTIUS**, a magnificent flower, of a most showy and attractive rich rosy cerise colour, with beautiful violet crimson shading. 3s. 6d.
- MELANIA**, rosy lake, a charming shade of colour; flowers large and fine; trusses round, and of good size. 1s. 6d.
- MELAS**, rich deep scarlet, with white eye; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- MELOTIS**, rosy carmine shaded with pink in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- MENCIUS**, very brilliant scarlet with white eye. 2s. 6d.
- METIS**, a first-rate flower of excellent substance and shape, and of an intensely bright and vivid shade of rich scarlet, with conspicuous white eye. 3s. 6d.
- MINDORA**, *vide* page 12.
- MINNISINK**, pure white, the central half of each petal being of a bright and attractive salmon pink colour. 1s. 6d.
- MIRABEL**, delicate soft pink, with white marking in the upper petals; fine large flowers borne in immense trusses. 2s. 6d.
- MONGAR**, rosy cerise with lake shading in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- MORPHEUS**, soft pink; a most lovely shade of colour; the upper petals marked with white; a very fine variety. 2s. 6d.
- MOSLEM**, rich bright scarlet crimson; extremely attractive. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. GEORGE SMITH**, bright salmon; a very fine smooth flat flower, of beautiful form; a most abundant bloomer. 3s. 6d.
- NYASSA**, rich dark scarlet; a very fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- PABELLON**, *vide* page 12.
- PALLADIO**, rich bright scarlet shaded with crimson in the upper petals; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- PALLAS**, a splendid variety, of good habit, freely producing enormous trusses of flowers of an extremely rich and brilliant shade of deep rosy pink, slightly marked with white in the upper petals. 5s.
- PAMELA**, orange salmon; a fine flower, very bright and distinct. 5s.
- PANTALOON**, bright orange salmon colour, beautifully flaked and striped with white and blush. 3s. 6d.
- PETRUS**, deep violet crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet; large truss. 5s.
- PLINY**, lake with violet tint, the upper petals marked with rose; a splendid flower of an exceedingly rich shade of colour. 3s. 6d.
- PLUMEAU**, rosy lake shaded with magenta; a remarkably soft and pretty colour. 5s.
- PORTIA**, *vide* page 12.
- POTAMOS**, light bright scarlet, the upper petals shaded with crimson; a very fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- PRIAM**, very rich bright scarlet; a fine large flower. 1s. 6d.
- PYTHIAS**, deep rich crimson shaded with scarlet; a fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- REGGIO**, soft rosy cerise, a very pretty flower. 3s. 6d.
- REGULUS**, very bright vermilion scarlet, a dazzling colour. 2s. 6d.
- RUBICON**, extremely rich and deep bright scarlet colour; flowers large, of excellent shape and good substance. 3s. 6d.
- RYMO**, lake, with slight violet shade; large truss, a very free bloomer. 1s. 6d.
- SALAMIS**, rosy lake tinted with violet; an exceedingly pretty and attractive colour. 2s. 6d.
- SALVATOR**, a very fine variety, producing large well formed flowers of an intensely bright scarlet colour, with an attractive white eye. 3s. 6d.
- SANTLEY**, very fine smooth flowers of excellent shape and good substance, produced in immense trusses; colour a splendid soft orange scarlet, with large attractive white eye. 3s. 6d.
- SARACEN**, very rich bright scarlet, with small but conspicuous white eye; an extremely bright-looking and showy flower. 1s. 6d.
- SENSATION**, large truss of fine undulated flowers of a violet carmine colour, bordered with fiery carmine; white centre. 3s. 6d.
- SPANGLE**, a charming flower; white, attractively striped, flaked and splashed with bright rose. 3s. 6d.
- TAGUS**, rich magenta crimson shaded with cerise in the upper petals. 5s.
- TERANO**, deep rich scarlet crimson; a fine showy flower. 5s.
- THETIS**, pure white, with a distinct rosy pink zone around the centre of the flower, which is also white; this is a most novel and charmingly pretty variety. 5s.
- TOMARO**, bright rich scarlet; a fine flower of good shape. 2s. 6d.
- URBINO**, *vide* page 12.
- VELINDRA**, *vide* page 12.
- XANTHO**, *vide* page 12.
- ZILLAH**, light scarlet shaded with rose; fine flower, and immense truss. 1s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.*

## NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS.

This section is admirably adapted for bedding, as the flowers are borne in the greatest profusion, and in immense trusses, and hence produce great effect.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 12.

- ADMIRANDA**, one of the most remarkable and distinct varieties ever raised; the flowers are of a beautiful blush colour, the base of the petals being marked with bright salmon scarlet, thus giving the flower the appearance of having a ring of that colour with a light centre. 7s. 6d.
- ALGERNON**, rich carmine crimson, flowers large and fine; extremely effective. 3s. 6d.
- ALMEIDA**, rich violet crimson, with scarlet marking in the upper petals; a beautiful colour. 2s. 6d.
- ALVARO**, fine large trusses of deep violet peach coloured flowers; a beautiful colour. 3s. 6d.
- ANGUS**, cerise shaded with scarlet; immense truss. 2s. 6d.
- ARPA**, rich bright crimson, the upper petals shaded with scarlet. 5s.
- ATHENIAN**, a magnificent variety, producing immense trusses of large flowers; the under petals are of a rich crimson colour; the upper petals violet, suffused with scarlet. 1s. 6d.
- ATREUS**, crimson, with a slight violet shade; fine large truss. 2s. 6d.
- AVOCA**, a fine variety, producing large trusses of flowers of a deep rich pink colour, with slight violet shade, the upper petals marked with white. 2s. 6d.
- BASIL**, the flowers of this variety are of a remarkably intense and deep shade of bright scarlet, large and well-formed, and borne in huge trusses. 1s. 6d.
- BELTANE**, rich deep scarlet; a very free bloomer. 1s. 6d.
- BLACK DIAMOND**, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of very rich dark crimson flowers; a splendid colour. 2s. 6d.
- CAMERINO**, *vide* page 12.
- CAMOENS**, light rosy lake, shaded with cerise; fine truss. 1s. 6d.
- CARLOS**, cerise, shaded with scarlet; fine flowers borne in immense trusses. 2s. 6d.
- CERES**, a splendid flower; violet magenta, with scarlet marking in the upper petals; a most novel and distinct colour; one of the best varieties in its section. 5s.
- COLERINO**, cerise, with slight scarlet shading; large truss. 3s. 6d.
- COMO**, bright rosy cerise, shaded with carmine; a very fine showy flower. 3s. 6d.
- CORSICAN**, very bright and rich crimson scarlet; exceedingly showy and attractive; large globular truss and fine flowers. 1s. 6d.
- COSSACK**, rich scarlet, with orange shade; a fine flower. 3s. 6d.
- DIVAN**, bright carmine scarlet; fine large flowers; good truss. 1s. 6d.
- DORIS**, very light pink, with white marking in the upper petals; an extremely beautiful and delicate shade of colour. 3s. 6d.
- ERMAN**, rich bright crimson, with magenta shade; a fine flower of a distinct and beautiful colour. 2s. 6d.
- ETHNO**, bright scarlet cerise, upper petals tinted with violet; a good flower. 3s. 6d.
- EUNOMIA**, rich dark crimson, shaded with scarlet; a remarkably fine large flower. 3s. 6d.
- EVANDER**, rich deep bright crimson shaded with scarlet; immense truss. 1s. 6d.
- FORMOSA**, an extremely distinct variety; flowers rich crimson shaded with magenta. 1s. 6d.
- GIDOUR**, light rosy scarlet; a good flower and immense truss. 1s. 6d.
- GLENROY**, rich bright orange scarlet; large truss; very effective. 3s. 6d.
- GRANTA**, soft rosy lake; a very pretty colour. 1s. 6d.
- INGOMAR**, *vide* page 12.
- JASON**, rich magenta crimson shaded with scarlet; large truss. 1s. 6d.
- JESSICA**, blush shaded with salmon pink, darker towards the centre; a very distinct and pretty variety. 1s. 6d.
- JULES GROLEZ**, fine trusses of beautiful flowers of a rich rosy crimson colour, marked with bright scarlet in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- JUNO**, a magnificent flower of a deep rose colour, shaded with violet lake, slight light marking in the upper petals; a very distinct variety; extra fine. 5s.
- LISSO**, light rosy cerise; immense trusses; an attractive variety. 3s. 6d.
- LEGISLATOR**, flowers of good size and form, of a beautiful soft violet lake colour. 1s. 6d.
- MARSUS**, very deep rich pink; upper petals slightly marked with white; good truss. 1s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE NOSEGAY PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- MEDEA**, rosy earmine shaded with scarlet ; distinct ; good truss. 1s. 6d.
- MODIOLA**, rosy pink, shaded with salmon ; good trusses of large fine flowers. 1s. 6d.
- NEKROS**, rosy peach, suffused with magenta ; a beautiful shade of colour. 5s.
- NIZAM**, intensely dark rich crimson ; very attractive. 3s. 6d.
- NUBIAN**, a beautiful soft rosy pink colour, with a slight tint of violet in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
- OLIVAR**, deep magenta, tinted with violet, a magnificent shade of colour ; the edges of the petals are shaded with rich scarlet crimson ; flowers borne in enormous trusses. 3s. 6d.
- OMPHALE**, *vide* page 12.
- ONISCIA**, a most attractive novelty, producing huge trusses of fine flowers of a beautiful rosy magenta colour, shaded with dark crimson in the upper petals ; it is extremely effective. 1s. 6d.
- ORIENT**, a fine variety, producing large trusses of very deep rich scarlet flowers. 2s. 6d.
- ORMOND**, upper petals rose shaded with violet ; under petals rose shaded with scarlet. 5s.
- OSSIAN**, rich crimson, all the petals edged with deep scarlet ; a very effective flower of good size and shape. 3s. 6d.
- PERIPLUS**, a remarkably fine large flower of a light rosy earmine colour ; immense truss. 3s. 6d.
- PHASIS**, rich purplish crimson, tinted with violet ; a charming colour. 2s. 6d.
- PLATONA**, bright cerise, beautifully shaded with rose ; a charming variety. 2s. 6d.
- POLONIUS**, rich dark scarlet crimson, fine flowers borne in large trusses. 2s. 6d.
- PROMETHEUS**, rich deep crimson, shaded with dark scarlet ; good truss. 1s. 6d.
- RIALTO**, bright magenta crimson ; upper petals shaded with scarlet. 1s. 6d.
- RINALDO**, *vide* page 12.
- ROSARIO**, *vide* page 12.
- SAPPHO**, rosy peach, shaded with cerise ; distinct and pretty. 1s. 6d.
- SCIPIO**, flowers of large size and borne in immense trusses ; colour rich violet rose, the base of the upper petals bright orange scarlet ; very distinct and showy. 1s. 6d.
- SONORA**, a beautiful variety, giving immense trusses of very large and fine flowers of a light rosy cerise colour. 2s. 6d.
- STREPHO**, bright vermilion scarlet ; a fine large round well-formed flower ; very showy and effective. 3s. 6d.
- TAPOS**, a fine variety, producing large trusses of bright rosy cerise flowers. 3s. 6d.
- THALIA**, rosy cerise, shaded with pink ; a novel and attractive colour ; flowers large and of good form ; trusses of immense size. 1s. 6d.
- THAPTO**, large flowers of a rich deep magenta crimson colour, shaded with violet. 3s. 6d.
- THESSA**, a showy variety, producing immense trusses of cerise scarlet flowers. 3s. 6d.
- THIAM**, intensely bright vermilion scarlet ; extremely showy and effective. 3s. 6d.
- TISON**, *vide* page 12.
- TITANIA**, very deep rich vermilion ; a fine showy flower. 5s.
- URANIE**, a fine flower, of a very deep rich magenta crimson colour, with violet shading ; the upper petals are tinted with scarlet, immense truss. 2s. 6d.
- URSULA**, a splendid variety, freely producing enormous trusses of fine large flowers, very distinct ; upper petals scarlet ; under petals deep violet lake. 1s. 6d.
- VINCO**, rosy magenta, shaded with scarlet in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.*

## NEW DOUBLE-FLOWERED IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUM.

## PELARGONIUM LATERIPES KÖNIG ALBERT.

This attractive and splendid novelty was raised by Herr Oskar Liebmann, of Dresden, from whom Mr. WILLIAM BULL purchased the half-stock, with exclusive right of disposing of it in the United Kingdom, France, Belgium, America, and all other countries, Germany and Austria excepted, the right of distributing it in these two countries remaining with Herr Oskar Liebmann.

The flowers of this beautiful Pelargonium are of a bright violet pink colour, good shape, and double form. Each time this distinct novelty was exhibited in Germany it received a First Prize. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS.

"PELARGONIUM LATERIPES."

Ivy-leaved Pelargoniums, on account of their graceful drooping growth, are extremely useful for vases, and rustic or suspended baskets; the rich wax-like foliage alone is ornamental, but added to that they have pretty flowers, and the different varieties present a contrast and charm attained by few other plants.

- AMY**, a fine flower, blush tinted rose, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 3s. 6d.  
**ANNETTE**, blush, upper petals cleanly blotched with rose and barred with crimson. 1s. 6d.  
**BLUSHING BEAUTY**, blush, upper petals striped with dark crimson, and prettily blotched with violet crimson. 1s. 6d.  
**BUTTERFLY**, bright rose, striped with crimson in the upper petals, and blotched with rosy violet. 1s. 6d.  
**CAPTIVE**, rose, marked with pink in the upper petals, and feathered with carmine. 1s. 6d.  
**CASSIDY**, rose pink, with white centre, blotched in the upper petals very conspicuously with purplish crimson; a very attractive flower. 2s. 6d.  
**CONSTANCE**, mauve, striped with crimson in the upper petals; very distinct and pretty. 1s. 6d.  
**CORINTH**, an extremely distinct and pretty flower of a deep pink colour, shaded with rosy violet, the upper petals barred and feathered with dark crimson. 5s.  
**DIADEM**, flesh, with four purple stripes in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.  
**DUCHESSE**, violet pink, feathered with bright red on the upper petals. 1s. 6d.  
**ECLIPSE**, a splendid variety, freely producing its lovely flowers, which are of a beautiful mauve pink colour, and have the upper petals distinctly and attractively feathered with rich crimson; this charming variety is one of the best and most distinct of its class. 7s. 6d.  
**ELFIN**, delicate soft pinkish lilac; very distinct and pretty. 5s.  
**ELIGIBLE**, mauve, upper petals feathered and spotted with bright red, and shaded with violet. 1s. 6d.  
**FASCINATION**, blush white, the upper petals barred with maroon and feathered with crimson; a fine showy variety. 2s. 6d.  
**FELICITY**, blush, barred and feathered in the upper lobes with crimson. 1s. 6d.  
**FLORENCE**, pale blush, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.  
**FLORENTINA**, an extremely pretty flower, of a very delicate pink colour, with white centre; the upper petals marked with purplish crimson. 5s.  
**GRAND DUCHESS MARIA**, light violet pink, the upper petals feathered and striped with dark crimson. 1s. 6d.  
**HASTIA**, under petals blush white, upper petals blush, feathered with light rosy violet; distinct and pretty. 5s.  
**HEROINE**, blush white, upper petals striped with dark crimson, and very prettily and distinctly spotted with bright red. 1s. 6d.  
**HUBER'S HYBRID**, this extremely distinct and attractive novelty is quite a new hybrid; it produces trusses of bright red flowers, and is of free growth, with glabrous shining leaves; for decorative purposes this is an acquisition, but particularly so for hybridising, as hitherto the hybrids in the Ivy-leaved section have not been fertile. 2s. 6d.  
**KÖNIG ALBERT**, *vide* page 117.  
**LADY EDITH**, crimson flowers, tinged with purple; a fine variety for edging. 1s. 6d.  
**LAVINIA**, soft lavender, upper petals feathered with violet, the under petals lavender, the central portion white. 1s. 6d.  
**LEDA**, rosy pink, with light centre, the upper petals richly feathered with dark violet crimson; very fine. 5s.  
**LEONORA**, a delicate soft pink, rather lighter in the centre; all the petals alike, without any blotch whatever; a very distinct and pretty flower. 5s.  
**LETTITIA**, a very fine well-formed flower, the upper petals blush, feathered with rich crimson, under petals blush white. 5s.  
**LIVELY**, pink, feathered in the upper petals with bright red. 1s. 6d.  
**LURLINE**, a fine flower of a deep rose colour, strikingly rayed with rose in the upper petals, the bases of which are dark crimson; very pretty and effective. 3s. 6d.  
**MANUAL**, soft rose, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.  
**MARION**, white tinted blush, the upper petals feathered with dark crimson. 5s.



NEW AND CHOICE IVY-LEAVED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- MEDINA**, bright rosy lavender, with white centre, and upper petals marked with violet rose ; a very pleasing flower. 5s.
- MINSTREL**, lavender, the centre portion of the under petals white, upper petals feathered with red, and spotted with violet. 1s. 6d.
- NAIAD**, lavender pink, a very delicate shade of colour, the upper petals ornamented with crimson feathering ; a very showy and attractive variety. 5s.
- NATIONAL**, French white, upper petals feathered and lightly spotted with violet. 1s. 6d.
- NEATNESS**, white, the upper petals largely and attractively feathered with violet rose. 2s. 6d.
- NEMANSA**, an attractive flower of a pinkish lilac colour, the upper petals feathered with deep crimson. 5s.
- NOVELTY**, mauve shaded with pink, the upper petals striped with bright crimson. 1s. 6d.
- PAULINE**, an extremely beautiful variety, producing flowers of a delicate pinkish mauve colour ; this is one of the prettiest and best self flowers in the section. 5s.
- PERCY**, deep rose, shaded with violet, the upper petals prettily marked with crimson. 3s. 6d.
- PHOCEA**, blush pink, a fine showy flower with very large top petals, which are beautifully feathered and blotched with deep crimson ; exceedingly attractive. 7s. 6d.
- PRIMATE**, beautiful rosy pink, the flowers prettily striped with crimson in the upper petals. 1s. 6d.
- PRINCESS ALEXANDRA**, light pink, the upper petals feathered with violet crimson. 1s. 6d.
- PRINCESS THYRA**, flesh, shading to a white centre, with four radiating crimson stripes in the upper petals ; very large flowers. 1s. 6d.
- PROFUSION**, soft pink, the upper petals striped with crimson, and blotched with violet. 1s. 6d.
- TESTIMONIAL**, white, suffused with light violet rose, the upper petals feathered with violet maroon ; good shape. 1s. 6d.
- THERESA**, beautiful soft violet-tinted rose, feathered with crimson in the upper petals. 3s. 6d.
- TREASURE**, pure white, striped with maroon in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- WILLSII**, a hybrid of compact growth, combining the fine thick leaves of the Ivy-leaved section with the flowers of the Zonals ; the blossoms of this variety are of good size and form, of a most beautiful deep violet rose, and freely produced in large trusses. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
- WILLSII ROSEA**, this variety is of similar growth and habit to the preceding, but the flowers, which are very large, are of a delicate rosy pink colour. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

NEW BEDDING PELARGONIUMS (UNIQUE).

- UNIQUE AURORA**, bright glowing crimson, the upper petals darkly spotted, also blotched with white and feathered with maroon ; an improvement both in habit and flower on the parent variety, and a decided acquisition among bedding plants. 2s. 6d.
- UNIQUE DIADEM**, rich violet crimson, the upper petals darkly blotched and feathered, and the lower petals intersected with violet rose ; flowers very large and fine, exceedingly effective. 2s. 6d.

NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS.

- ADELAIDE BLANCHON**, fine double very pure white flowers. 5s.
- AMPHILLA**, a neat-habited variety, freely producing fine trusses of full double white flowers. 7s. 6d.
- ARVON**, fine large flowers of a bright carmine scarlet colour, occasionally striped with white ; distinct and pretty. 7s. 6d.
- ASMODEUS**, light rose ; a very fine full and double flower ; trusses large and of excellent form ; a very useful and effective variety, and a profuse bloomer. 3s. 6d.
- ASTEROID**, a splendid variety of good habit, and a very free bloomer ; the trusses are large and exceedingly compact, the flowers are very full and double, colour a vivid orange scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- AUGUSTE VILLAUME**, a very fine variety, giving immense trusses of large and full flowers of a deep red colour shaded with orange ; of good habit and very free flowering. 5s.
- BEATRICE**, very rich rosy carmine, with a violet shade ; a remarkably fine full flower, large and double ; very free flowering, producing immense globular trusses 2s. 6d.
- BEAUTE FRAPPANTE**, a dwarf-growing and abundant-blooming variety ; producing fine large trusses of pretty white flowers, with large salmon centre. 7s. 6d.
- BOUQUET**, a lovely flower, of a rich deep bright pink colour ; very large and double, and of a most peculiar formation, the outer petals being arranged flatly, and the central petals, which are much shorter than the outer ones, form a thick rosette-like centre to the flower. 5s.

## NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- BRIGADE**, rich deep scarlet ; fine large flowers produced in immense trusses. 3s. 6d.
- BRIGANTINE**, a fine showy flower, of a very rich and dazzling bright scarlet colour, trusses large, and of good form ; habit free and compact. 2s. 6d.
- BRILLIANT**, a magnificent variety of good branching growth, freely producing immense globular-shaped trusses of fine double flowers, of a very rich bright scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- BUTTON**, an extremely pretty rosette-like flower of a beautiful bright pink colour ; trusses large and round ; habit dwarf and compact. 3s. 6d.
- CALMAR**, deep scarlet ; a fine showy flower. 3s. 6d.
- CAPITAINE MARIIGNAC**, a distinct and attractive variety, producing large trusses of rich and brilliant orange salmon flowers shaded with violet ; quite unique in colour. 7s. 6d.
- CARL VOGT**, a fine variety, with very full double flowers of an orange salmon colour. 2s. 6d.
- CASSIA**, white suffused with blush ; large truss ; fine full flowers. 5s.
- CAVALIER**, very deep bright pink ; the plant is of good compact habit, and produces, in abundance, enormous trusses of fine well-formed flowers. 2s. 6d.
- COMET**, this is one of the brightest and most dazzling scarlet flowers in the double section ; the trusses are large and of good shape, and the individual flowers very full, double, and well-formed. 3s. 6d.
- COMÈTE COGGIA**, a novel and beautiful variety ; trusses enormous ; flowers large and fine, of a rich dark salmon madder, tinted with violet. 7s. 6d.
- COMMANDER**, an extremely attractive variety, producing immense trusses of large, fine, full flowers, of a bright rosy carmine colour. 2s. 6d.
- COMTE DE LAMBERTYE**, rich dark velvety madder, with white eye ; a most abundant flowerer and very effective. 7s. 6d.
- COMTE D'IMÉCOURT**, an extremely free-blooming variety, producing, well above the foliage, fine trusses of double flowers of a bright salmon colour, with white centre. 5s.
- COMTESSE DE BEURGES**, a remarkable fresh flower of a beautiful clear salmon colour ; the edges shaded with white. 5s.
- CONGRESS**, light rosy scarlet ; a very fresh and bright looking colour ; extremely effective. 3s. 6d.
- DAME BLANCHE**, a fine variety, producing compact trusses of pure white double flowers. 7s. 6d.
- DECIMA**, this variety gives enormous trusses of very fine, large, full and double flowers, of a rich carmine crimson colour ; most effective. 2s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ ANCELON**, this variety produces very large trusses of fine round well-formed flowers, of a very dark magenta rose colour. 10s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ BERLET**, large trusses of very fine full flowers, of a rich carmine scarlet colour. 10s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ BRICE**, a fine variety, producing enormous trusses of large double flowers of a soft rose colour tinted carmine ; a novel shade of colour. 10s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ LAFLIZE**, immense compact trusses of full double flowers, of a vermilion purple colour. 10s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ VARROY**, a showy variety, giving large flat trusses of full double flowers, of a bright lake colour. 10s. 6d.
- DÉPUTÉ VIOX**, immense trusses of large fine flowers, of a rich dark crimson colour, shaded with violet. 10s. 6d.
- DRAGON**, a very showy and effective variety, of good habit, and producing freely immense trusses of fine large double flowers, of a bright scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.
- DRAPEAU NATIONAL**, rich reddish crimson, distinctly and attractively edged and striped with white. 5s.
- EDOUARD LEQUIN**, large and very double flowers of a violet amaranth colour shaded red ; very remarkable. 7s. 6d.
- EMILE LEMOINE**, a free-blooming variety, producing enormous trusses of fine large double flowers of a dark chamois colour ; very distinct and effective. 5s.
- EMILY LAXTON**, a remarkable variety, producing enormous trusses of immense flowers of a rich scarlet colour ; extremely free flowering and effective. 2s. 6d.
- FRANÇOIS PERTUSATI**, a beautiful variety, with very large full flowers of an orange buff colour, bordered with white. 2s. 6d.
- FERDINAND D'ARAGON**, fine double flowers, with undulated petals of a salmon orange colour, sometimes marked with white ; dwarf and free flowering. 5s.
- FILLE D'HONNEUR**, immense trusses of fine large round flowers, very full and double, white tinged with flesh colour ; very pretty. 5s.
- GEORGES SAND**, a beautiful variety, producing fine large full double white flowers, which become slightly shaded with light rose colour when exposed. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- GLOIRE DE SAINT-MARTIN DU TOUCH**, a splendid variety of dwarf and robust habit ; large trusses of fine double flowers of a beautiful dark salmon colour. 7s. 6d.
- GUIDING STAR**, a dwarf growing variety, producing pretty purplish pink flowers ; distinct and effective. 2s. 6d.
- GUILLION MANGILLI**, immense truss of large double flowers of a beautiful dark crimson colour, the upper petals strongly marked with scarlet ; very distinct and beautiful. 5s.
- HESPERUS**, rosy carmine, a most attractive shade of colour, very bright and fresh-looking, the flowers are of good size, full, and of excellent form ; expanding nicely. 3s. 6d.
- IANTHE**, this is a charming flower, of a beautiful bright deep pink colour ; it is of good compact habit, and very free blooming, producing immense globular trusses. 2s. 6d.
- ILLUMINATOR**, fine large semi-double flowers of a purplish carmine colour ; distinct and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- IMPERATOR**, a splendid flower, large, full, very double, and well formed, of an intense scarlet crimson colour, very rich and attractive ; the plant is of compact growth. 2s. 6d.
- JEANNE D'ARC**, fine large white flowers, shaded blush and tinted lilac rose ; a beautiful variety, of distinct and novel colour. 7s. 6d.
- LA CANDEUR**, immense compact trusses of large flowers of a delicate blush colour. 7s. 6d.
- LANGDALE**, salmon, deeper towards the centre of the flower, which is large and full ; the petals margined with blsh. 7s. 6d.
- LAURA**, an attractive flower of a light rosy pink colour. 3s. 6d.
- LAVINIA**, white, shading off to blush as the flower matures ; large truss. 5s.
- LE PRINTEMPS**, a distinct and pretty variety, producing very large trusses of beautiful brilliant reddish crimson flowers, shaded with violet. 5s.
- LILLAH**, large full flowers of a delicate blush colour, with salmon centre. 7s. 6d.
- LINDA**, very deep bright pink, with a rosy shade ; a good flower, full and well-formed ; trusses very large. 2s. 6d.
- LORENZO**, an exceedingly free-flowering variety, producing immense globular trusses of fine large well-formed double flowers of a rich rosy scarlet colour ; exceedingly attractive. 5s.
- LOTHARIO**, a fine variety, producing large trusses of full flowers of a bright scarlet colour. 7s. 6d.
- LOUIS DELESALLE**, a free-growing variety, producing enormous trusses of very large and fine flowers of a rich scarlet cerise colour, slightly shaded with carmine. 2s. 6d.
- LUCIE LEMOINE**, a splendid variety, producing enormous trusses of fine large white flowers tinted with rose, more transparent towards the centre of the petals. 5s.
- MADAME AMAURY DE CAZANOVE**, a dwarf variety, producing large white flowers which are prettily tinted with clear mauve ; very fresh and beautiful. 7s. 6d.
- MADAME H. DELESALLE**, a very effective variety, of extremely dwarf growth, freely producing fine trusses of beautifully formed flowers of a remarkably fresh carmine rose colour. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME RENDATLER**, an exceedingly attractive variety, producing beautiful flowers of a pure mauve colour, the reverse of the petals white ; it is of compact habit and a free bloomer. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME THIBAUT** (Lemoine), rich rose shaded with violet carmine ; upper petals well displayed and strongly marked with white at their base ; flowers large and double ; trusses immense. 5s.
- MADAME THIBAUT** (Rendatler), dwarf and free-blooming ; large flower ; ground colour pale rose shaded with lilac violet, the edges of the petals tinted carmine ; unique and attractive. 7s. 6d.
- MADEMOISELLE LÉONIE VAN HOUTTE** a magnificent variety, of dwarf habit and very free blooming ; the flowers are of a soft apricot colour striped with white. 7s. 6d.
- MARIE BERTIER**, a distinct and beautiful variety, of dwarf habit, freely producing flowers of a fresh satin flesh colour, clearer towards the edge and tinted with rosy white. 5s.
- MARQUIS DE CHAMBON**, very large fine full flowers of a bright salmon colour, striped and flaked with white and rose ; very free and effective. 5s.
- MONSIEUR CROUSSE**, a magnificent variety, freely producing enormous trusses of fine large flowers of a rich purple carmine colour, shaded with scarlet ; all the petals edged with white. 2s. 6d.
- M. SAISON-LIERVAL**, this variety is of good compact habit and excessively free-blooming ; the flowers are large and of a soft salmon rose colour, with white centre. 5s.
- MURILLO**, fine large, full, and double flowers, produced in immense globular trusses—a single truss bearing as many as four dozen flowers ; colour a soft rosy pink, of a very pretty shade. 2s. 6d.
- MUSKETEER**, bright rosy carmine ; an attractive and showy shade of colour ; flowers very large and full. 3s. 6d.
- NOBLE PAR MÉRITE**, a most attractive variety, freely producing huge trusses of beautifully-formed double flowers of an extremely bright salmon colour, deeper in the centre of the flower and gradually shading off towards the edges of the petals, which are bordered with white. 7s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE DOUBLE-FLOWERED ZONAL PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- ORESTES**, the flowers of large size, very full, double, and well-formed; of a most attractive shade of rosy carnine, and freely produced in large round trusses well above the foliage. 3s. 6d.
- ORIFLAMME**, an exceedingly handsome variety, producing enormous globular trusses of splendidly-formed full and double flowers, of the most intensely bright and vivid scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- PLACIDA**, a magnificent variety of dense, close, compact habit, producing extraordinarily huge trusses of fine large, very double, bright pink flowers. 3s. 6d.
- PRETENDER**, a beautiful soft shade of rose, very pleasing; fine trusses of large full flowers; a pretty variety. 2s. 6d.
- PROBUS**, a strikingly showy variety, freely producing immense trusses of fine large bright scarlet flowers, full, double, and of excellent form. 3s. 6d.
- RED CAP**, an exceedingly effective variety, on account of the intensely deep scarlet colour of its fine double flowers, which are freely produced in immense well-formed trusses. 2s. 6d.
- RICHARD LARIOS**, fine large double flowers of a vermilion orange colour, beautifully veined and striped with clear rose and white; very showy. 5s.
- ROSE CHÉRI**, very fine flowers, of excellent form, with large petals; colour a beautiful rosy salmon, with pure white centre; very attractive. 7s. 6d.
- SENATOR**, very bright pink; an exceedingly large, full, and good shaped flower; the trusses are round, and of immense size; it is a most useful and pretty variety. 2s. 6d.
- TELEBO**, blush shaded with pink; bright salmon centre; a very attractive flower; full and double. 7s. 6d.
- TH. CUIGNEU**, an extremely fine variety, of dwarf free habit; trusses immense; flowers large, and of excellent form; colour cinnabar red shaded with bright carnine. 2s. 6d.
- TITIAN**, fine full double flowers of a very rich bright pink colour; trusses immense; habit dwarf and compact; an elegant and attractive variety. 2s. 6d.
- TOSILOS**, a splendid variety, with large trusses of fine full flowers of a rich magenta crimson colour shaded with scarlet. 10s. 6d.
- TRICOLOR**, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety; producing fine trusses of large double flowers, which are of a very bright salmon colour towards the centre, and shaded with violet towards the margin; the whole of the flower beautifully striped and marked with white; extremely distinct. 7s. 6d.
- VENUS**, a beautiful variety, producing white flowers, which are full and of good form, with petals slightly imbricated; fine large truss. 5s.
- VIGNE FLEURIE**, a distinct variety, producing full double flowers, with numerous narrow petals, of a beautiful bright rosy lilac colour; the two upper petals longer than the others, exposing two white spots, which renders the flower exceedingly effective. 5s.
- VILLE DE TOULOUSE**, a dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing large trusses of fine well-formed flowers, of a beautiful soft salmon colour. 7s. 6d.
- VIRGINAL**, a fine variety with good compact trusses of full white flowers, slightly tinged with rose. 5s.
- WONDERFUL**, a remarkably beautiful and effective variety, producing large trusses of fine semi-double flowers of the most intense orange scarlet colour; the individual blossoms are of great substance and last a long time, for they do not drop their petals. It is exceedingly useful for pot culture and also for bedding, as it stands the weather well. 10s. 6d.
- ZANGA**, an excellent bedding variety, being of very dwarf neat growth; it partakes of the free compact habit of the *Tom Thumb*; flowers light scarlet, profusely borne in fine large trusses. 3s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.*

## NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS.

- ACHIEVEMENT**, this very bright and rich variety is most refined in its marking, smooth, and is in every respect a superior kind, and is generally considered one of the most beautiful of the Golden Tricolors. 2s. 6d.
- ACME**, a great improvement on *Mrs. Pollock*; the leaf margin bright lemon yellow, with a red zone, darkly banded, which strikingly contrasts with the green leaf disc. 2s. 6d.
- AVALANCHE**, dark green leaves, edged with white; pure white flowers. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- BEATRICE**, a very distinct and effectively marked variety, with flat smooth even leaves; the centre of a bright green, surrounded with a fine richly-coloured zone of dark bronze, interspersed with bright reddish crimson; it is of vigorous and branching habit, and the flowers are of a deep scarlet colour; very showy and attractive. 5s.
- BLUSHING BRIDE**, white flowers, slightly tinged with blush; the leaves have a large green centre, with an unusual broad edging of creamy white. 2s. 6d.
- BRILLIANT**, a very fine and distinct golden tricolor variety, with remarkably bright and richly marked zone; of good compact habit. 2s. 6d.
- COL. SCOTT**, a very attractive tricolor variety; the centre of the leaves is bright green, surrounded with a dark maroon band, which is interspersed with bright crimson; the flowers are of a deep bright scarlet colour. 7s. 6d.
- DAYBREAK**, a fine variety of good compact habit, with bright green leaves, which are broadly and distinctly margined with creamy white; the flowers, which are of a bright rosy carmine colour, are of good form, and produced abundantly; it is exceedingly effective for bedding. 2s. 6d.
- DIADEM**, white margined leaves, flowers bright carmine. 2s. 6d.
- EDWARD RICHARD BENYON**, a variety in the style of *Mrs. Pollock*, but more brilliant and effective in its very rich and broad flame scarlet zone; it is of free and vigorous habit. 2s. 6d.
- E. H. REYNARD**, a fine variety, with extremely brilliant scarlet flamed zone, and rich gold margin. 5s.
- ERNEST**, a beautiful variety with vandyked foliage; the centre deep green, surrounded with a well-defined belt, almost black, and relieved with bars of rich crimson maroon; it is of excellent habit, and is exceedingly attractive; the flowers are freely produced, of a rosy scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- GERTRUDE**, light green, bordered with a broad margin of creamy white; rosy carmine flowers; a pretty variety. 3s. 6d.
- HOWARTH ASHTON**, a rich and beautifully marked variety, leaves of circular outline and great substance, with a rich golden margin, the disc surrounded with a small bronze zone, brilliantly suffused with flamed scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, a free-growing variety, with pure white margin, and fine rosy carmine zone. 2s. 6d.
- INTERNATIONAL**, an exceedingly pretty, neat, and compact-growing plant, the leaf margins very broad, pure white, the young leaves prettily zoned with pink; from its distinct character it is one of the most desirable of the silver-margined section. 3s. 6d.
- ITALIAN BEAUTY**, a fine variety, with very dark zone, edged with rose. 2s. 6d.
- LASS-O'-GOWRIE**, leaf margin white, with inner broad zone of brilliant carmine rose; a very effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- LIZZIE**, centre deep green, surrounded by a broad zone of maroon, barred with rich glowing crimson, and occasionally striped with yellow, the outer leaf margin is of a bright yellow shade. 3s. 6d.
- MAGDALA**, very fine large leaves, with small light green disc, and broad rich zone of dark maroon, interspersed with bright rosy scarlet and fiery crimson; the margin is of a pure golden colour. This most showy and attractively marked variety is of free compact growth, and has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society. 10s. 6d.
- MARIE STUART**, a really beautiful and distinct variety, with large well-formed and richly-coloured golden tricolor leaves. 5s.
- MAY FLOWER**, large leaves broadly margined with white; black zone bordered with rose; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- MISS GORING**, a very attractive variety, by its richly flamed red zone, dark green disc, and golden leaf margin, it is very striking and effective. 2s. 6d.
- MR. RUTTER**, a very fine and showy variety, with richly coloured golden tricolor foliage; the zone is dark and effective. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. CARR**, a remarkably distinct variety, with variegated foliage and double flowers; the leaves are broadly margined with white, and the fine double pink flowers are borne in large trusses—1 guinea.
- MRS. COL. WILKINSON**, leaves flat, with narrow zone of bright carmine, and white edge; a very pretty silver tricolor. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. DUNNETT**, a splendid tricolor, of very compact habit, flat salver-shaped leaves, with intensely dark zone. 2s. 6d.
- MRS. GRIEVE**, broad rich flame-crimson zone, with dark bronze bars and golden leaf margin; a free and effective variety. 7s. 6d.
- MRS. HEADLEY**, a splendid golden tricolor variety, maintaining its great beauty during the whole season. The colouring is very bright, and well defined. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE VARIEGATED PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- MRS. H. LITTLE**, an exceedingly beautiful, rich, and distinct variety; golden margin, with broad well-defined zone of rich flamed scarlet; vigorous and compact habit. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. JOHN MARSHALL**, large smooth leaves, margined with pure silver; bronze and earmine-lake zone; an excellent variety, of good compact habit. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. MAXWELL MASTERS**, a robust and strong-growing variety; the leaves are margined with creamy white; the dark zone is surrounded with beautiful bright rosy earmine. 3s. 6d.
- MRS. ROUSBY**, a robust habited silver triecolor, with leaves round and remarkably flat; colouring well defined. 2s. 6d.
- PETER GRIEVE**, a variety with rich gold-margined leaves, of correct outline, brilliantly zoned with flamed scarlet, blending the beauty of *Lucy Grieve* with the growth of *Mrs. Pollock*. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, one of the finest triecolors ever offered, of most vigorous habit, and intensely brilliant colours. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE**, foliage deeply indented, margin pure white, scarlet zone. 2s. 6d.
- PRINCESS OF WALES**, leaf margin sulphur, zone of rich magenta and black, foliage ample, habit free and compact; a truly beautiful variety. 3s. 6d.
- QUEEN OF HEARTS**, a silver-edged bedding variety, with bright rose belted zone, of close compact growth. 3s. 6d.
- SALAMANDER**, a golden triecolor variety, of very free growth, with bright red zone, retaining its gay colours during the summer and winter months. 2s. 6d.
- SIGNET**, leaves bright green, with rich dark zone, and broadly margined with yellow; very compact. 3s. 6d.
- SILVER RAY**, a distinct and effective variety, of free compact growth; the foliage is remarkably fine, the leaves very flat and smooth, bright green, with broad clear snowy white border; the flowers are of a rich scarlet colour, well formed, and produced in fine large trusses. 3s. 6d.
- SILVER SPLASH**, an attractive variety; the leaves having a dark green centre ornamented with a vandyke zone of dark bronze and bright pink, leaf margin pure silvery white; flowers of a pretty cerise colour. 3s. 6d.
- STAR**, very pure and bright yellow ground colour, small dark green disc, which is surrounded with a distinct and attractive zone of dark chocolate colour, interspersed with flame red. 7s. 6d.
- TREASURE**, a compact-growing and exceedingly handsome variety, the bright green leaves being brilliantly zoned with dark bronze, and flamed with bright erimson, and the margin being of a pure golden colour; the flowers are bright scarlet. 7s. 6d.
- TROPHY**, bright green leaves, with well-defined zone of dark chocolate colour flamed with crimson, and rich yellow margin; the plant is of free habit, and the foliage is extremely showy and striking. 7s. 6d.
- VICTORIA REGINÆ**, a vigorous and free-growing variety, with broad golden leaf margin, and proportionately bright flame crimson zone; leaves of fine substance, size, and outline; of good habit and very effective. 2s. 6d.
- WELCOME**, a variety of free growth, producing large foliage, very attractively marked; the leaves have a bright golden margin, and light green centre, surrounded with very broad and distinct dark bronzy zone, flamed with bright fiery erimson. 7s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection at 12s. and 18s. per dozen.*

## NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS.

For new varieties, offered for the first time, vide page 12.

- ACIS**, a splendid variety, of vigorous and compact habit; fine round smooth leaves, of a bright gold ground colour, with distinct and striking intense crimson zone; exceedingly handsome. 2s. 6d.
- ADMIRAL**, a compact-habited variety with neat foliage; the disc is small, and of a rich gold colour; the zone very large and broad, dark crimson colour, with distinct yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- AGATHA**, an exceedingly attractive variety; the centre of the leaves is clear yellow, banded with a well-defined dark chestnut vandyke zone, and margined with pure golden colour. 2s. 6d.
- ALEXIS**, a showy variety, with beautiful foliage; leaf disc bright gold colour; zone rich reddish erimson, margined with golden yellow. 3s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- ANNESLY**, a compact-growing close-habited variety; leaf disc light yellow, surrounded with a smooth, well-defined, dark crimson zone, neatly margined with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- ARBACES**. This variety has fine golden yellow foliage richly zoned with dark bronze, and produces bright deep scarlet flowers of good form and size. 5s.
- ARCHETTE**, an exceedingly effective variety, the rich golden tint of its ample foliage being relieved by a profusion of pink flowers, with light marking in the upper petals. 2s. 6d.
- AUSPICIOUS**, a variety with small neat foliage, of a yellow ground colour, with broad dark bronze zone; very attractive. 2s. 6d.
- BELLONA**, bright golden yellow disc; small zone of a rich cinnamon colour; the leaf margined with golden yellow; a fine showy variety. 2s. 6d.
- BEPPO**, beautifully formed flowers of a soft rose colour, shaded with carmine; very distinct; leaf disc bright golden yellow, broad cinnamon zone, and narrow rich yellow edge. 2s. 6d.
- BETA**, a splendid variety, with very richly marked foliage; the leaf has a large yellow centre, surrounded with a well-defined dark bronze zone, and narrow, but distinct, yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- BRUIN**, a variety with beautifully marked neat compact foliage; the leaf has a small round yellow disc, very broad dark chestnut zone, and narrow margin of bright yellow. 2s. 6d.
- CALYPSO**, a very rich and attractive variety, with fine bold foliage, of a beautiful golden yellow colour; ornamented with a most effective zone of brownish crimson. 2s. 6d.
- CAPELLA**, pale yellow ground colour, with a very bright bronzy crimson zone; very rich and attractive. 5s.
- CECROPS**, bright golden ground colour, with rich bronzy crimson zone. 3s. 6d.
- CELEBES**, a very good variety, with attractive foliage of a rich bright golden ground colour, ornamented with a broad and distinct cinnamon coloured zone. 3s. 6d.
- CIRCLE**, deep golden yellow disc, surrounded with a broad dark bronze zone, margined with pale greenish yellow. 2s. 6d.
- CORINTH**, leaves round and well formed, of a pure pale yellow ground colour, ornamented with a distinctly marked dark chocolate zone; very rich and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- CORONATION**, yellow centre, surrounded by a dark chocolate zone, and margined with greenish yellow; a distinct and showy variety. 2s. 6d.
- CYMBA**, *vide* page 12.
- DAMON**, nice round smooth foliage, the leaf disc pure yellow, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson, and margined with bright yellow; a very showy and useful variety. 3s. 6d.
- DECIMA**, a neat-growing variety; small golden disc, broad chocolate zone, and narrow even margin of bright golden yellow; very distinctly marked. 2s. 6d.
- DIAN**, an exceedingly attractive variety, with pure golden coloured foliage, freely producing pretty flowers of a deep rosy pink colour. 3s. 6d.
- DICTATOR**, a magnificent flower of a rich bright vermilion colour; very showy and attractive; the leaves rich yellow, with broad and prominent zone of dark bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.
- DINORAH**, a bright and effective variety; the ground colour of the leaves is rich golden yellow, ornamented with a very distinct and dark zone, almost black. 3s. 6d.
- EPIRUS**, a very fine variety; ground colour of leaves pale greenish yellow, ornamented with a very dark and broad bronze zone. 5s.
- ERASMUS**, splendid foliage of a golden yellow ground colour, with exceedingly rich bronzy crimson zone; flowers deep crimson, with distinct white eye; very attractive. 2s. 6d.
- ETHEL**, rich, bold, striking foliage; very attractive flowers of a bright salmon colour, darker towards the centre; it is an exceedingly distinct and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- EUGÉNIE**, golden disc, surrounded with a well-defined dark chestnut zone, and margined with pale yellow; a very fine variety, with small neat foliage, and of compact growth. 3s. 6d.
- EVANDER**, golden yellow leaf ground, ornamented with a smooth evenly defined rich dark bronze zone; an extremely showy and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- EVELINE**, *vide* page 12.
- FABIUS**, a very compact neat-habited variety, with fine effective foliage, of a rich gold colour, ornamented with a smooth, even, well-defined, broad zone of rich bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.
- FANTASY**, a very effective and useful variety, freely producing its pretty deep pink flowers, which form a charming contrast with the pure golden colour of the foliage. 3s. 6d.
- FIDES**, this distinct and effective variety has leaves with deep golden disc, attractively banded with a rich bronzy crimson zone, and margined with pale yellow. 5s.
- GASPAR**, ground colour light yellow, with bronzy crimson zone, fine smooth round leaves; a compact-growing useful variety. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

- GIDOUR**, a very prettily marked variety, of neat and compact habit ; the ground colour of the leaf is pale yellow, and the zone of an extremely dark bronzy hue. 2s. 6d.
- HONOUR**, a fine variety, with very richly coloured gold and bronze foliage, and beautiful rosy carmine flowers. 2s. 6d.
- HORISTAN**, this variety has extremely rich and attractive foliage ; the centre of the leaf is rich golden yellow, surrounded with a bright reddish crimson zone, and beautifully margined with bright yellow. 2s. 6d.
- ICARUS**, a remarkably distinct and handsome variety ; leaves bright yellow, with rich chocolate brown zone, habit free and robust. 2s. 6d.
- INFANTA**, a very beautiful variety, the foliage being of a yellow ground, and very richly and attractively marked with a well-defined zone of reddish cinnamon colour. 2s. 6d.
- JAMES RICHARDS**, a clear and very beautifully marked hybrid bronze zonal variety ; the centre of the leaves is of a bright golden colour, surrounded with a dark maroon belt, and margined with yellow ; the flowers are of a bright scarlet colour. 3s. 6d.
- JESSICA**, bright golden disc, surrounded with very dark bronzy crimson zone, and edged with bright yellow, leaves round and smooth ; a very useful and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- JUANITA**, a free-growing and conspicuous variety, with light salmon pink flowers, forming an admirable contrast to the rich gold foliage, which is banded with dark bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.
- JULIUS**, light gold ground colour, with dark crimson zone, very clearly marked, and well-defined ; flowers rich bright scarlet, of fine form ; very effective. 2s. 6d.
- LAURA**, very dark bronze zone on a light yellow ground ; beautiful light pink flowers with white marking on the upper petals ; fine large truss. 3s. 6d.
- LEONIE**, this variety is of bold free growth, with very fine rich golden foliage zoned with cinnamon ; the flowers are large and of good shape, colour a light rosy scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- LILLIA**, this variety produces fine well-formed flowers of a lovely bright pink peach colour ; the foliage is of a rich golden ground colour, heavily belted with dark bronzy crimson. 2s. 6d.
- LINA**, a variety of compact growth ; the foliage is of a remarkably bright golden yellow, forming a telling contrast with the flowers, which are of a very bright scarlet colour. 2s. 6d.
- LYCURGUS**, centre of leaf rich yellow ; zone very broad, and of a dark bronze colour ; very wide yellow margin ; a bold-habited and effective variety. 2s. 6d.
- MAGNUS**, a useful and attractive variety, of good compact habit ; golden leaf disc, surrounded with very distinct dark bronzy crimson zone ; leaf margin rich yellow. 3s. 6d.
- MAGWITCH**, rich scarlet flowers of good shape and size ; small round gold leaf disc, surrounded by an immense rich chocolate zone and narrow margin of bright yellow. 2s. 6d.
- MALCOLM**, this variety has nice round and smooth rich yellow leaves, with a distinctly-defined rich brownish crimson zone. 3s. 6d.
- MANTLE**, pure golden yellow leaves, with narrow, but evenly defined, distinct bright crimson zone, the bright colours of the zone forming an admirable contrast with the rich golden hue of the other portion of the leaf. 2s. 6d.
- MARCIA**, the leaves of this variety are of great substance ; ground colour yellow, with a brown and chocolate zone ; the flowers are of a light flesh colour ; very distinct and pretty. 2s. 6d.
- MARITANA**, a richly coloured variety ; deep golden leaf centre, surrounded with dark chocolate-brown zone and margined with yellow. 5s.
- MARTIUS**, *vide* page 12.
- META**, a variety with very beautiful peach pink flowers, which are freely produced well above the rich and attractively marked gold and bronze foliage. 2s. 6d.
- MIRA**, a splendid variety, freely producing fine trusses of beautiful rosy carmine flowers, contrasting admirably with the pale yellow leaves, which are marked with a fine dark bronzy zone. 2s. 6d.
- MURILLO**, beautiful round flat leaves, with rich yellow centre, surrounded by a well-defined showy bronze zone, and margined with golden yellow ; fine and showy. 2s. 6d.
- NECTAR**, very large, round, and flat leaves of a pure gold colour, with rich bronzy crimson zone ; a most showy and useful kind. 2s. 6d.
- NIMROD**, a beautiful variety with very handsome foliage, light yellow disc, heavy bronze zone, with narrow even margin of golden yellow. 2s. 6d.



## NEW AND CHOICE BRONZE, GOLD AND SHADED YELLOW PELARGONIUMS—Continued.

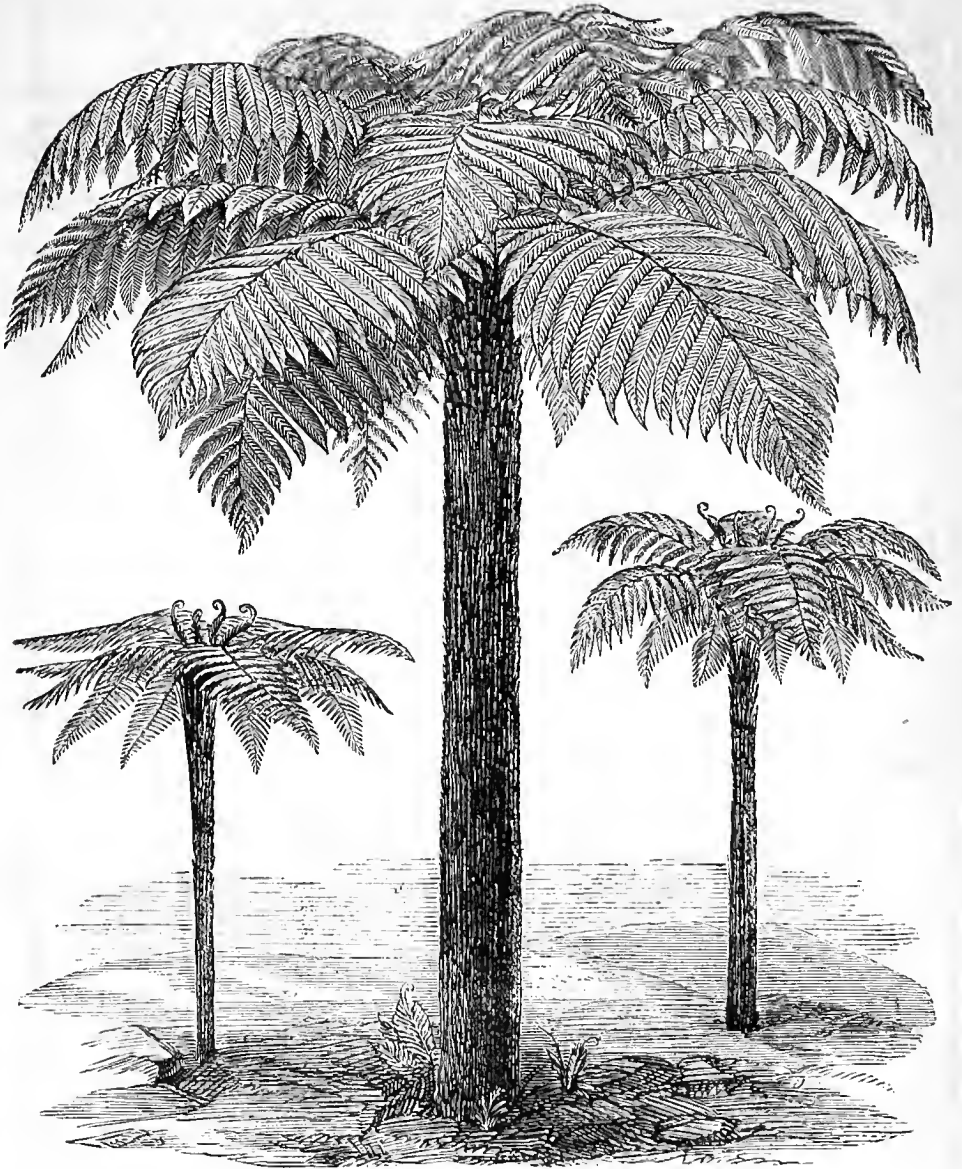
- OBAN**, a neat foliageed and compact-growing variety, producing large and well-formed rich scarlet flowers; the leaves are of a bright golden ground colour, heavily zoned with dark chestnut. 2s. 6d.
- OBERON**, the foliage of this variety is very rich and attractive; the ground colour of the leaf is bright yellow; the zone is well-defined and very distinct, of a rich dark crimson colour, changing to dark bronze. 2s. 6d.
- OLYMPUS**, pure golden yellow centre, surrounded with a very pretty zone of a rich brownish crimson colour; the margin of the leaf is deep golden yellow. 3s. 6d.
- OPAL**, beautiful light salmon coloured flowers, freely produced in large trusses, and contrasting well with the foliage, which is of a light yellow ground, with dark bronzy chocolate zone. 2s. 6d.
- ORESTES**, this variety is remarkable on account of its intensely dark bronzy crimson zone, which is very broad and effective; the centre of the leaf and the margin are pure yellow. 2s. 6d.
- ORISSA**, centre of leaf pale yellow, surrounded with a magnificent zone of an intensely dark bronze colour, and edged with bright yellow; a most strikingly effective variety. 3s. 6d.
- ORLA**, very neat foliage; centre of the leaf golden yellow; very distinct and clearly defined chocolate coloured zone; narrow even yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- PAREPA**, *vide* page 12.
- PARTHENOPE**, a neat and attractive variety; small yellow leaf disc, broad and distinct dark bronzy crimson zone, narrow yellow margin. 5s.
- PASHA**, a beautiful variety, of good compact habit, with fine large smooth well-formed leaves, the ground colour rich golden yellow, forming an admirable contrast with the attractive bronzy crimson zone. 3s. 6d.
- PAULO**, deep yellow disc, dark bronzy crimson zone, the leaf broadly margined with rich yellow; very showy. 3s. 6d.
- PERIPLUS**, *vide* page 12.
- POMPEY**, a free-flowering and very attractive variety, giving good trusses of fine bright scarlet flowers; the foliage is darkly zoned; small golden leaf centre, and distinct yellow margin. 2s. 6d.
- PRISCILLA**, this variety is of neat habit; the leaves have a rich golden centre and margin, with dark brown crimson zone; the flowers are of a lovely pink colour, and of good form. 2s. 6d.
- QUEEN MAB**, leaves round, smooth, of perfect form, and of a light golden yellow colour; the flowers are of a pleasing light pink shade, and produced in great profusion. 2s. 6d.
- SABINE**, a beautiful variety, with neat foliage; yellow centre, surrounded with wide dark bronze zone, and a narrow yellow margin. 3s. 6d.
- SECRET**, a very distinct and pretty variety, with round smooth leaves, of a bright golden ground colour; the zone is very distinct and prominent, of a dark reddish brown colour, surrounded with a narrow but effective margin of bright golden yellow. 2s. 6d.
- SILAS**, light yellow centre and margin, well-defined dark chocolate zone; an extremely distinct and attractive variety. 3s. 6d.
- THALIA**, *vide* page 12.
- THEOBALD**, a fine showy variety, with rich foliage; deep golden centre; narrow zone of bright bronzy crimson; broad margin of pure bright yellow. 3s. 6d.
- THYRZA**, a splendid variety, with fine distinct and effective foliage; ground colour bright yellow, relieved with a bold bronze zone of a rich chestnut brown colour. 2s. 6d.
- TROPHY**, a splendid variety, with rich and attractive foliage; bright golden leaf discs, surrounded with a broad distinctly marked zone of dark bronzy crimson, and margined with yellow. 2s. 6d.
- TROUBADOUR**, flowers of a lovely rosy pink colour, shaded with peach and of good form; the leaves round and flat, of a rich gold colour, with bold dark crimson zone. 2s. 6d.
- VERONA**, a free-flowering variety, giving immense trusses of fine large rich pink flowers, which are borne well above the clear yellow leaves; it is most effective for bedding. 2s. 6d.
- WEBER**, ground colour bright golden yellow, leaves richly marked with a distinct and well-defined broad chestnut brown zone. 3s. 6d.
- ZILLAH**, fine showy foliage; golden disc; broad rich bronzy zone; distinctly marked yellow margin. 3s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.*

# TREE FERNS.

Of these majestic plants the stock is very large. They have stems varying in height from 1 foot to 10 feet, and having been imported from Australia and New Zealand, they are such as will succeed well in any ordinary greenhouse. Their fine graceful habit and singularly distinct appearance render them peculiarly adapted for the decoration of conservatories. They range in price according to sorts, sizes, and strength of the specimens. It may, however, be as well to remark that they are not merely newly imported trunks, but well established plants with fine heads; many of them having been grown in this country several years.

No.	NAME.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	Price.
1	DICKSONIA antarctica	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	1 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	6 guineas.
2	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	5 "
3	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	3 ft.	9 "
4	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	9 "
5	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 3 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	14 "
6	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	18 "
7	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	7 "
8	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	7 "
9	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 3 in.	10 "
10	"	Tub, 2 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	16 "
11	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	4 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	18 "
12	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	15 "
13	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	16 "
14	"	Tub, 2 ft.	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	18 "
15	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	25 "
16	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	8 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 "
17	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
18	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 "
19	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	9 "
20	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	10 "
21	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 9 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	15 "
22	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	18 "
23	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.	10 "
24	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.	22 "
25	"	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	4 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	15 "
26	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	ft.	6 "
27	"	Tub, 2 ft. 2 in.	6 ft. 2 in.	4 ft.	25 "
28	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 8 in.	8 "
29	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	10 "
30	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	8 "
31	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	10 "
32	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.	5 "
33	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	6 "
34	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.	10 "
35	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	2 ft.	1 ft. 6 in.	5 "
36	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
37	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	18 "
38	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	14 "



CYATHEA SMITHII.

CYATHEA DEALBATA.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA.

## TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	NAME.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	Price.
39	DICKSONIA antarctica	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 guineas.
40	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	18 „
41	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	15 „
42	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	6 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	18 „
43	„	Tub, 2 ft.	11 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	50 „
44	„	Tub, 2 ft.	9 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	40 „
45	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	16 „
46	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	25 „
47	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	16 „
48	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	9 „
49	„	Tub, 1 ft. 7 in.	8 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	25 „
50	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	25 „
51	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	6 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 „
52	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	12 „
53	„	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 „
54	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	9 „
55	„	Tub, 2 ft.	6 ft. 1 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	18 „
56	„	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	9 „
57	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	30 „
58	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	8 „
59	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	8 „
60	„	Tub, 1 ft. 9 in.	9 ft.	2 ft. 9 in.	35 „
61	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	25 „
62	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	20 „
63	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	18 „
64	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	3 ft.	25 „
65	„	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	6 ft. 10 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	20 „
66	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 9 in.	3 ft.	20 „
67	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 2 in.	3 ft.	18 „
68	ALSOPHILA Leichardtiana	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	7 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	18 „
69	DICKSONIA squarrosa	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	6 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 „
70	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	7 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 „
71	CYATHEA dealbata	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 „
72	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	14 „
73	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	5 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	20 „
74	„	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	16 „
75	„	Pot, 1 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	7 „
76	„	Tub, 1 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	7 „
77	„	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	8 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 9 in.	30 „
78	„	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	7 „
79	„	Pot, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 „
80	„	Pot, 1 ft.	4 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	8 „
81	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	7 „
82	„	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 6 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 „
83	„	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	7 „

## TREE FERNS—Continued.

No.	NAME.	Size of Pot or Tub.	Height of Stem.	Height of Head.	Price.
84	CYATHEA dealbata	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	12 guineas.
85	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 9 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	8 "
86	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	4 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	14 "
87	"	Tub, 2 ft.	6 ft. 10 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	35 "
88	"	Tub, 1 ft. 10 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 3 in.	20 "
89	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 3 in.	2 ft. 9 in.	12 "
90	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	8 "
91	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
92	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	3 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
93	"	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	2 ft. 7 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	10 "
94	"	Pot, 1 ft.	3 ft. 4 in.	2 ft. 3 in.	8 "
95	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	3 ft. 8 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	14 "
96	CYATHEA Smithii	Tub, 1 ft. 5 in.	5 ft. 3 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	18 "
97	"	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	10 "
98	"	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	5 ft. 6 in.	2 ft.	12 "
99	"	Pot, 1 ft. 1 in.	2 ft. 10 in.	1 ft. 3 in.	8 "
100	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	7 ft. 1 in.	1 ft. 6 in.	18 "
101	CYATHEA Burkei	Tub, 1 ft. 6 in.	7 ft. 2 in.	1 ft. 3 in.	50 "
102	"	Tub, 1 ft. 8 in.	7 ft. 4 in.	1 ft. 3 in.	80 "
103	"	Pot, 1 ft. 4 in.	4 ft. 8 in.	1 ft. 3 in.	25 "
104	"	Pot, 1 ft. 3 in.	4 ft.	2 ft. 6 in.	25 "
105	CYATHEA Dregoi	Tub, 1 ft. 4 in.	5 ft.	3 ft. 6 in.	30 "
106	"	Pot, 1 ft. 3 in.	4 ft. 10 in.	3 ft.	25 "
107	"	Pot, 1 ft. 2 in.	3 ft. 2 in.	2 ft. 6 in.	15 "

## CHOICE STOVE FERNS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S general collection of these elegant decorative plants is of considerable extent, and comprises kinds that are moderate in price, as well as many that are extremely rare and unique.

Selections for the Stove can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s., per dozen; when taken by the hundred, say in 50 sorts, £10, the selection would include many new and expensive kinds.

## ADIANTUM AMABILE.

A very elegant species, with fronds of a beautiful light green colour, small and elegant in regard to the size and form of their ultimate divisions. It has been introduced from Peru, and is a free-growing cool stove Fern, attaining the height of from 15 to 18 inches. The fronds average 14 inches in length by 10 inches in width, and when young possess a most agreeable perfume. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

ADIANTUM CARDIOCHLÆNA, 5s. & 7s. 6d. | ADIANTUM CONCINNUM, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.  
 ,, CAUDATUM, 3s. 6d. | ,, ,, LATUM, 3s. 6d.

## ADIANTUM FARLEYENSE.

The most magnificent variety of this handsome family; the fronds are of the size and form of *A. trapeziforme*, but pendent, and all the large pinnules are deeply fringed and crisped. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## ADIANTUM FUNCKII.

This beautiful species is intermediate between *A. peruvianum* and *A. Sanctæ Catherinæ*, partaking of the elegant habit of the former and of the robust growth of the latter. It is a very graceful species, and has been dedicated to M. Funck, the Director of the Zoological Gardens at Cologne. 15s.

## ADIANTUM GRACILLIMUM.

A most elegant and distinct Fern, with very light and graceful fronds; the multiplicity of minute pinnules and almost invisible ramifications of the rachis impart to the plant a peculiarly charming appearance; the texture of the fronds, which are about a foot long and 8 to 9 inches across, is thin and fragile, and the colour is a very pale yellowish-tinted olive-green. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

## ADIANTUM HENDERSONI.

A novel and handsome variety, with elegant, well-expanded, doubly-winged fronds, about 8 or 9 inches wide. Its young fronds are very attractive, being of a rich bronzy crimson colour, changing to dark green as they acquire age. It is of very distinct growth, the fronds being of a semi-drooping habit, and thus giving the plants a most graceful appearance. 10s. 6d. and 15s.

**ADIANTUM CURVATUM**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 " **GHIESBREGHTII** (SCUTUM), 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
 " **HENSLOVIANUM** (SESSILIFOLIUM), 10s. 6d.

**ADIANTUM MACROPHYLLUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 " **PENTADACTYLON**, 5s. & 7s. 6d.  
 " **SANCTÆ CATHERINÆ**, 3s. 6d.

## ADIANTUM PERUVIANUM.

A magnificent species, rivalling the well-known *A. trapeziforme* in the size of its pinnules, and surpassing it in the elegance of its large compound drooping fronds. It is a strikingly ornamental Fern. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## ADIANTUM SEEMANNI.

A noble species, producing fronds 2 feet long, with a comparatively slender glossy black stipe, bare at the lower part, and bearing, towards the top, from 4 to 8 magnificent large pinnae, which are attached by a slender petiole an inch long. 10s. 6d.

**ADIANTUM TINCTUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**ADIANTUM TRAPEZIFORME**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## ADIANTUM VELUTINUM.

A noble species from Colombia, remarkable for the large size of its fronds, which are supra-compound, the ultimate pinnules dorsally falcate and somewhat acuminate, and the sori oblong-reniform. A striking peculiarity of this plant is that the rachis, especially on the upper surface, is clothed with a felt of white-brown cobwebby hairs, which gives it a pale velvety appearance. The same appearance is continued, though in a less degree, throughout the stipes. 10s. 6d.

**ADIANTUM WILSONI**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.  
**ANEMIA FRAXINIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d.  
**ANEMIDICTYON PHYLLITIDIS**, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.

**ASPLENIUM BELANGERII**, 3s. 6d.  
 " **CICUTARIUM**, 3s. 6d.  
 " **FERNANDEZIANUM**, 5s.  
 " **PROLONGATUM**, 3s. 6d. & 5s.

**ASPLENIUM SHEPHERDII**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
 " of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**BLECHNUM BRASILIENSE**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.  
 " **POLYPODIOIDES**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**CYATHEA (CIBOTIUM) PRINCEPS**, 10s. 6d. and 15s.

## DAVALLIA MOOREANA.

This most beautiful Fern is a native of Borneo. The stipes are quite smooth and pale coloured. The fronds are from 2 to 3 feet long, and from 1 to 2 feet wide at the base, triangular and pointed, of a graceful arching habit of growth, and most elegantly cut into a multitude of small blunt oblique soriferous segments; their colour is a pale green, and they are very remarkable for the dotted appearance presented by the upper surface from the prominence of the sori. 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.

**DAVALLIA HEMIPTERA**, 5s.  
 " **PARVULA**, 5s.

**DAVALLIA PENTAPHYLLA**, 5s.  
 " **POLYANTHA**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.



**GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA**, for description and price, *vide* page 134.

**DAVALLIA TENUIFOLIA STRICTA.**

An extremely elegant free-growing Fern. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**DAVALLIA (HUMATA) TYERMANNI.**

One of the most beautiful of all the Hare's-foot Ferns, of dwarf compact habit, having rich dark green fronds. The rhizomes are slender, and densely clothed with large silvery white chaffy scales, which contrast charmingly with the deep green of the fronds. It is said to have been introduced from Africa. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**DORYOPTERIS PALMATA**, 2s. 6d.

| **DORYOPTERIS SAGITTIFOLIA**, 3s. 6d.

## ELAPHOGLOSSUM HERMINIERI.

This handsome aerostichoid Fern was introduced from Central America by Dr. Seemann, who compares its long, drooping, shining fronds to clusters of silvery eels, whence he proposes for it the popular name of Eel Fern. The sterile fronds are sessile, sword-shaped, tapering gradually to each end, very thick in texture, with a glossy surface of an iridescent glaucous green colour. The fertile fronds are much shorter, 3 to 4 inches long, and oblong in outline. 15s. and 1 guinea.

## GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYLLUM.

A very distinct and interesting stove Fern, well suited for basket-culture. It has widely creeping rhizomes, which are clothed with scales on the younger portions, and from which spring the simple coriaceous oblong-lanceolate fronds, which are of a deep glaucous green colour on the upper surface, silvery beneath, and rather conspicuously veined. An illustration of this plant was given in the *Gardeners' Chronicle* for July 4th, 1874. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

**GONIOPHLEBIUM SUBAURICULATUM**,  
3s. 6d.

**GYMNOGRAMMA CHRYSOPHYLLA**,  
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

## GYMNOGRAMMA DECOMPOSITA.

A very handsome and well-marked stove Fern, belonging to the group furnished with ceraceous pale yellow powder. The fronds are of triangular outline, and curving or arching in a graceful manner; the pinnae are unequally triangular-elongate, and the lobes deeply cut into from two to six small finger-like divisions, which gives the fronds a finely dissected appearance. The stipe is freely covered while young with the pale golden powder. For illustration, *vide* page 133. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## GYMNOGRAMMA LAUCHEANA.

The best Gold Fern in cultivation, and highly esteemed for decorative purposes. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## GYMNOGRAMMA PERUVIANA ARGYROPHYLLA.

Beautifully silvered above and below the fronds, and of neat and compact habit. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## GYMNOGRAMMA WETENHALLIANA.

An exceedingly handsome species, richly powdered with sulphur, and having the ends of the fronds finely tasselled. 3s. 6d.

**HEMIONITIS PALMATA**, 3s. 6d.  
**LEUCOSTEGIA CHÆROPHYLLA**, 5s.

**HYMENODIUM (ACROSTICHUM) CRIN-  
NITUM**, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

## LASTREA QUINQUANGULARE.

A very handsome ornamental Fern. 3s. 6d.

## LOMARIA GIBBA.

This is one of the most beautiful and useful Ferns in cultivation, and admirably adapted for exhibition or decorative purposes. 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

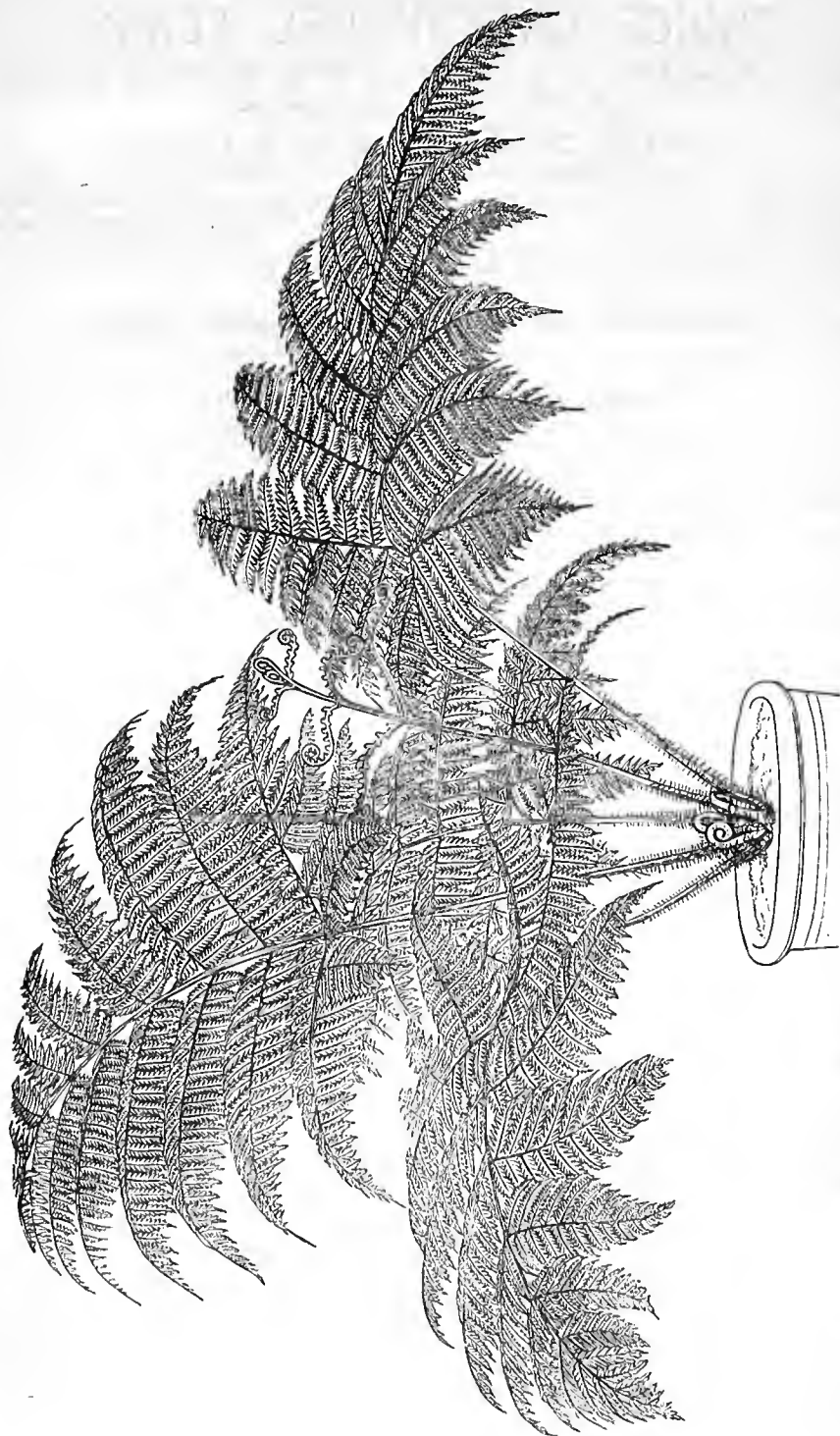
**LOMARIA GIBBA BELLII**, 1 and 1½ guinea  
" " **CRISPA**, 5s.  
**LYGODIUM SCANDENS**, 3s. 6d.  
**NEPHROLEPIS PECTINATA**, 3s. 6d.  
**PHLEBODIUM GLAUCUM**, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

**PTERIS**, of sorts, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.  
**PLATYCERIUM GRANDE**, 15s. and 1 guinea  
" **STEMMARIA**, 10s. 6d.,  
15s. and 1 guinea.

## PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA.

This remarkably handsome stove Fern is of arborescent habit. The fronds are as broad as long, triangular, and tripinnate in the basal pinnae. The pinnules appear deflexed from being set on below the surface of the rachides, which thus appear raised and produce a kind of ridge and furrow appearance. The ordinary pinnules are cut into ovate or oblong toothed lobes, the sinuses being reflexed, which gives a crisped appearance to the surface. The specimens now offered were imported from the Philippine Islands, but it is found also in India, China, the Moluccas, and in some of the Pacific Islands. For illustration, *vide* page 135. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.





PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA, for description and price, *vide* page 134.

# CHOICE GREENHOUSE FERNS.

Selections of good kinds can be supplied from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

## ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS DAPHNITES.

This Fern differs in a remarkable degree from all other varieties of the "English Maiden Hair," the pinnules of each of the branches being confluent (united), and the apex of the rachis dilated, spreading out the ultimate confluent pinnules into a crest-like erispy mass. The stipes are ebony coloured, and stouter than in any other form, and the pinnae are of a blue green. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## ADIANTUM CAPILLUS-VENERIS MAGNIFICUM.

The fronds of this really useful and attractive Fern are much larger than those of *A. Capillus-Veneris*, being from 12 to 15 inches long by 4 inches broad, and curving over the sides of the pot. The pinnae are of a beautiful soft green, and are almost as large as those of *A. farleyense*, and, like that variety, they gracefully overlap each other with finely incised and fringed edges. The chief value of this plant is its hardiness and adaptability to the temperature of the greenhouse, whereas *A. farleyense* can only be cultivated in a stove. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

ADIANTUM AFFINE, 2s. 6d.

„ CAPILLUS-VENERIS INCI-

„ SUM, 2s. 6d.

„ CUNEATUM, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

ADIANTUM DECORUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ FORMOSUM, 2s. 6d.

ALSOPHILA AUSTRALIS, 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s.

## ALSOPHILA CAPENSIS.

Trunks of various sizes, 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea.

ASPLENium BULBIFERUM, 2s. 6d.

BALANTIUM CULCITUM, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## CIBOTIUM REGALE.

An exceedingly beautiful Fern, very remarkable from the stems and young fronds having a thick silky covering of pale yellow hair-like scales. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

CYATHEA BURKEI, *vide* page 131.

CYATHEA DREGEI, *vide* page 131.

## CYATHEA DEALBATA.

The Silver Fern of New Zealand. 10s. 6d. For large plants, *vide* pages 130 and 131.

## CYATHEA FUNEBRIS.

An extremely handsome Fern from New Caledonia, with large dark green fronds, coriaceous and glabrous on the upper surface, borne on stout black stipes. It is a very fine and effective plant. 15s. and 1 guinea.

CYATHEA MEDULLARIS, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

„ to 1 guinea.

„ SMITHII, 1 to 2 guineas. *Vide*

also page 131.

CYRTOMIUM FORTUNEI, 3s. 6d.

DAVALLIA CANARIENSIS, 3s. 6d.

DAVALLIA NOVÆ ZEALANDIÆ, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

„ PYXIDATA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA, 3s. 6d. and 5s.

For large plants, *vide* pages 128 to 130.

„ SQUARROSA, *vide* page 130.

## DICKSONIA YOUNGIIÆ.

A fine arborescent Fern, with the general aspect of *D. squarrosa*. Its trunk is clothed at the summit with the numerous bristly scales which densely clothe the base of the castaneous stipes, and the blade of the frond, which is oblong-deltoid, is tripartately divided. The pinnae are fully a foot long, oblong-lanceolate; the pinnules two to three inches long, lanceolate and subsessile, their segments being also lanceolate and close set, the sterile ones toothed and the fertile ones deeply inciso-pinnatifid, with six to eight sori on each segment. It is a native of New South Wales. 1½, 2 and 3 guineas.

LASTREA GLABELLA, 2s. 6d.

LITOBROCHIA VESPERTILIONIS, 3s. 6d.

LOMARIA FLUVIATILIS, 5s.

„ GIBBA, *see* page 134.

## LOMARIA VROOMI.

A handsome ornamental Fern that can be strongly recommended. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.

<b>NEPHRODIUM MOLLE CRISTATUM</b> , 5s.	<b>POLYPODIUM TRICHODES (LASTREA TENERICAULIS)</b> , 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
"    " <b>DENSUM</b> , 5s.	<b>PTERIS ARGYREA</b> , 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.
"    " <b>GRANDICEPS</b> , 5s.	" <b>CRETICA ALBO-LINEATA</b> , 1s. 6d.
"    " <b>RAMOSUM</b> , 5s.	" <b>SCABERULA</b> , 3s. 6d.
<b>ONYCHIUM JAPONICUM</b> , 2s. 6d.	" <b>SERRULATA CRISTATA</b> , 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
<b>PLATYCERIUM ALCICORNE</b> , 3s. 6d.	
<b>POLYPODIUM EFFUSUM</b> , 3s. 6d. and 5s.	

## PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA.

A pretty greenhouse evergreen Fern, which probably owes its origin to an accidental cross between *P. serrulata cristata* and *P. cretica albo-lineata*. The sterile fronds are pinnate, with the lower pinnae forked; they are sharply toothed at the edge, sometimes tasselled at the tips, and marked with a white band down the mid-rib; the fertile fronds are similar in division but taller and narrower, with a gracefully drooping character, and multifoldly tasselled at the apices of the pinnae. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

## PTERIS SERRULATA FIMBRIATA.

A very distinct and beautiful variety of *P. serrulata*. The ends of each pinnae are beautifully tasselled, the tassels themselves being delicately fringed or frilled, which is a great addition to the ornamental character of the plant. 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## PTERIS SERRULATA TENUIFOLIA.

This is a pigmy variety of one of the most useful of greenhouse Ferns, *Pteris serrulata*. The fronds are divided as in the type, but the whole plant is dwarfed and greatly reduced in size. The fronds are about 6 inches high, while the pinnae and segments are reduced to about one-eighth of an inch in breadth, and are unequally serrated at the edge. It will form a remarkably elegant little plant for small Wardian cases. 5s.

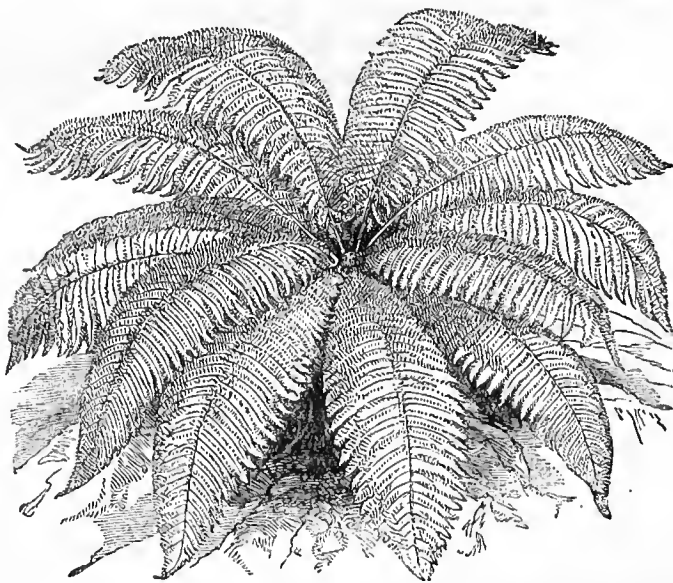
**PTERIS TREMULA**, 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**TODEA INTERMEDIA**, 2 and 3 guineas.

**THAMNOPTERIS (NEOTTOPTERIS) AUSTRALASICA**, 5s. and 7s. 6d.

## TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) HYMENOPHYLLOIDES.

This pretty New Zealand Filmy Fern, commonly called *Todea pellucida*, can be supplied in nice plants at 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.



TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA, for description and price, *vide* page 138.

**TODEA (LEPTOPTERIS) SUPERBA.**

Any attempt at description must fall far short of conveying an adequate notion of the exquisite beauty of this lovely Fern, which is unquestionably one of the most handsome yet known. It should be seen to be justly appreciated.

The fronds, which are 15 to 18 inches in length, are of a pleasing green, of transparent texture and of a lanceolate outline, spreading, beautifully arching and feathered down to the very base; the pinnae are crowded and cut into narrow segments, which, instead of lying flat, as in *Todea pellucida*, are turned upwards, giving the frond a frilled surface, and producing an effect distinct from that of any Fern in cultivation. For illustration, *vide* page 137.

This is probably the most beautiful of all the dwarf-growing New Zealand Ferns. Fine imported plants, 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.

**TRICHOMANES RADICANS.**

(THE IRISH BRISTLE FERN OR KILLARNEY FERN.)

This is a British species, but it must, as far as culture is concerned, be included among the greenhouse kinds, as it is almost impossible to succeed with it if treated as an ordinary hardy Fern. 10s. 6d.

WOODWARDIA JAPONICA, 5s. | WOODWARDIA RADICANS, 3s. 6d.

**CHOICE HARDY FERNS.**

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 18s., 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

**SELAGINELLAS (LYCOPODIUMS).**

Selections of good kinds can be supplied at 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

**PALMS, CYCLANTHS AND CYCADS.**

Including ENCEPHALARTOS, MACROZAMIA, &c.

The Palms constitute the most noble family in the vegetable kingdom, and afford sufficient diversity of character to allow of selections being made from them for the greenhouse, stove, or conservatory, to either of which Palms impart a richer tropical appearance than any other plants. Some of the miniature dwarf-growing kinds are, from their light and graceful forms, admirably adapted for table decoration, for vases, or for almost every purpose in which ornamentation is desired. The more hardy and larger kinds can be used for sub-tropical gardening, to which they impart a most luxuriant grandeur, evidence of which has been given at Battersea Park, and in other places where Palms have been used.

*Selections of Stove Palms, at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.*

*Selections for the Greenhouse at 6, 9 and 12 guineas per dozen.*

*Large specimens, from 2, 3, 4 and 5 to 10 guineas each.*

*Those marked with an asterisk are kinds that will succeed in a greenhouse.*

ACANTHORRHIZA ACULEATA ( <i>Chamærops stauracantha</i> )	... 1, 1½ and 2 guineas
ACROCOMIA SCLEROCARPA .....	1½ and 2 guineas
ARECA ALBA .....	10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
" AUREA, a fine and graceful Palm, with yellowish stems	..... 15s. and 1 guinea
* " BAURI ( <i>Seaforthia robusta</i> ) .....	10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
" CATECHU ( <i>The Betel Nut Tree</i> ) .....	1 and 1½ guinea
" CONCINNA .....	1 and 1½ guinea
" GRACILIS .....	15s. and 1 guinea
* " LUTESCENS .....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. to 1½ guinea
" MADAGASCARIENSIS .....	5s. and 7s. 6d.

- \*ARECA MONASTACHYA ..... 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, NENGA; a stove Palm, slender and elegant in the young state, in which the leaf-stalks are smooth and terete, and the leaf-blades are two-lobed, with elongate lanceolate lobes about an inch long. It has been raised from seeds received from Java. 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, RUBRA ..... 5s., 7s. 6d. to 1 guinea  
 ,, SAPIDA ..... 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.  
 ,, TRIANDRA ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, VERSCHAFFELTII, *vide* *Hyophorbe Verschaffeltii*.  
 ARENGA BONNETII ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, OBTUSIFOLIA ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, SACCHARIFERA ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 ,, WESTERHOUTEI ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM, a fine silver-leaved Palm, introduced from the United States of Colombia. The stalks and the under surface of the leaves are covered with a fine white scurf, which gives them a silvered appearance. The leaves are arching, wedge-shaped and bilobed, distinctly plicate, and of a bright green colour on the upper surface, which contrasts strongly with the whitened under surface. One of the best of the so-called Silver Palms. 2 guineas  
 ,, FILARE, this very distinct and elegant Palm, which is comparatively of small and slender growth, is also an introduction from the States of Colombia. The leaves are erect, and narrowly cuneate with two divergent lobes. The petioles are thickly covered with white scurf, both on the upper and under surface. 1½ guinea  
 ,, GRANATENSE, *vide* page 4.  
 ATTALEA LIMBATA, a very distinct-looking Palm, introduced from Central America, and raised from seed sent to England by Dr. Seemann ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, SPECTABILIS ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 BOWENIA SPECTABILIS, this is a most distinct and remarkable plant, being the only known Cycad with bipinnate fronds. It has a short thick sub-cylindrical caudex, from the crown of which are developed one or two large and remarkably handsome leaves. The petioles are long, slender, roundish, and of a deep green colour, as are also the fronds. The cones of the male plant are small; those of the female many times larger. It is a native of Queensland. 3 and 4 guineas  
 \*BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA, *vide* page 4.  
 CALAMUS CILIARIS ..... 3 guineas  
 ,, MICRANTHUS ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, ROXBURGHII ..... 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 ,, SPECIOSUS ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, SPECTABILIS ..... 2 guineas  
 CARLUDOVICA PALMATA, a very grand and useful Cycanth ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 CARYOTA CUMINGII ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, FURFURACEA ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, SOBOLIFERA ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, URENS ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 CATAKIDOZAMIA HOPEI, a remarkably distinct and fine new Cycadaceous plant, introduced from Queensland. It has an ovate trunk clothed with thick broad-based scales. The leaves are of a dark green colour, somewhat recurved, with a stout petiole and rachis, and very thick leathery crowded leaflets, linear-lanceolate in form, and having a broad flattened decurrent base, those situated near the base of the leaf being more or less convergent. It is a distinct and well-marked plant ..... 5 guineas  
 ,, MACLEAYI .....  
 CATOBLASTUS MONTANUS ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.  
 CEROXYLON ANDICOLA ..... 2 and 3 guineas  
 ,, NIVEUM (*Diplothemium caudescens*) ..... 2 and 3 guineas  
 CHAMÆDorea ERNESTI-AUGUSTI (*simplicifrons*) ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, FORMOSA, *vide* page 4.  
 ,, GRAMINIFOLIA ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 ,, OPTABILIS ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 ,, SARTORII ..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 \*CHAMÆROPS FORTUNEI (*excelsa*), in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each

* <b>CHAMÆROPS HUMILIS</b> , this useful decorative Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3 and 4 guineas each	
*     "             " <b>ROBUSTA</b> .....	15s. and 1 guinea
*     "             " <b>TOMENTOSA</b> .....	15s. and 1 guinea
*     "             " <b>STAURACANTHA</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>Acanthorrhiza aculeata</i> .	
* <b>COCOS AUSTRALIS</b> ( <i>Diplothemium campestre</i> ) .....	15s. and 1 guinea
*     " <b>CHILENSIS</b> , <i>vide</i> <i>Jubæa spectabilis</i> .	
*     " <b>CORONATA</b> .....	15s. and 1 guinea
*     " <b>PROCOPEANA</b> .....	1 and 1½ guinea



**COCOS WEDDELLIANA**, perhaps the most elegant of all the smaller Palms, of which so many charming species are now to be found in cultivation. Its slender erect stem is not of rapid growth, but is freely furnished with its gracefully arching leaves, made up of innumerable long narrow pinnae or segments, of a rich green colour. The name of *Leopoldinia pulchra* is sometimes applied in error to this species. 2 and 3 guineas



CYCAS NORMANBYANA.

A handsome addition to this ornamental class of greenhouse plants. The leaves have a dorsally compressed petiole, with both faces angular, and the base clothed with furfuraceous down. The lamina is oblong ovate, with a prominent ridge continued up the face of the furfuraceous rachis, the segments numerous, contiguous, linear, about six inches long, and a quarter of an inch wide, very sharp pointed, almost spiny, slightly narrowed and decurrent at the base, the mid-rib strongly developed both on the glabrous upper and furfuraceous under surface. Mr. W. B. has received a large importation of this new Cycad from New South Wales. The name has been given to it by the celebrated botanist Dr. Mueller. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.

- COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA**, this is the Carnarba Palm of Brazil, one of the most useful and hence valuable Palms known. The top, when young, is an appreciable and nutritious article of food; and from this tree also wine, vinegar and a saccharine matter are extracted, as well as a kind of gum similar in its tastes and properties to Sago. From the wood musical instruments are made, as also tubs and pumps for water. The delicate fibrous substances of the pith of the stalk and its leaves make a good substitute for cork. The roots have the same virtues as the Sarsaparilla. The pulp of the fruit is of an agreeable taste, and the nut, oily and emulsive, is roasted and then used as coffee by many persons. From the trunk are obtained strong fibres, and also a species of flour similar to Maizena, and a liquid resembling that of the Bahia Cocoa-nut. From the dried straw are made mats, hats, baskets and brooms; and large quantities of the straw are exported to Europe for the manufacture of fine hats. Finally, from the leaves is produced the wax used in the manufacture of candles; and the export of this wax from Brazil exceeds £162,000 a year in value .....
- CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**, *vide Livistona australis*. 1½ and 2 guineas
- CERIFERA**, *vide Copernicia cerifera*.
- ELATA** ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- GEBANGA** ..... 15s. and 1 guinea
- MACROPODA** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
- UMBRACULIFERA** ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- CYCAS ARMSTRONGII** ..... 4 and 5 guineas
- CIRCINALIS** ..... 2, 3 and 4 guineas
- GRACILIS** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
- MEDIA**. Mr. W. B. has recently imported a large number of the finest specimens of this rare Cycad ever introduced into Europe. Trunks, of various sizes, ranging from 3 to 14 feet high ..... from 5 to 25 guineas each
- PECTINATA** .....
- REVOLUTA** ..... 10s. 6d. to 1 and 2 guineas
- RIUMINIANA** ..... 5 guineas
- DÆMONOROPS FISSUS**, this extremely elegant Palm is a native of the island of Borneo. It is of stout growth, producing ovate leaves, which are cinnamon brown when young, and consist of numerous linear pinnae. The upper surface of the leaves bears scattered black bristles, as in *D. palmabanicus*, but in this plant the spines are stouter than in that species ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea.
- MARGINATUS** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas.
- MELANOCHÆTES** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea.
- ORNATUS**, a charming stove palm, introduced from Java, and having, like most of the other species, finely cut pinnate leaves. At present it is only known in a young state, which, however, is sufficient to show that it will prove to be a plant of very ornamental character. 1 and 1½ guinea.
- PERIACANTHUS**, this remarkably graceful Palm, a native of Java, bears a general resemblance to *D. palmabanicus*. It differs, however, in having a greater abundance of spines, and these have a tendency to group themselves in irregular rings around the petiole, a circumstance which has doubtless suggested the name; they differ also in the young leaves being almost straw coloured instead of cinnamon coloured, and thus the two plants, while sufficiently resembling each other to form an excellent pair, are yet effectively contrasted by the different hues assumed by their partially developed leaves. 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea.
- PLUMOSUS**, this graceful Palm is exceedingly handsome either in a small or large size. Its leaves are of a rich dark green, and remarkably plume-like, hence its name. It is unquestionably one of the most elegant of the Palm family, and being of compact growth, is admirably adapted for vases and table decoration ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- TRICHOUS**, an extremely ornamental and graceful Palm, with pinnate leaves which are finely divided. Its elegant character renders it a most useful and effective plant ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS**, the species of this genus of Palms are peculiarly distinct in their appearance, having a pair of divergent leaflets at the top of the petiole. In the young plants of this species the petioles are terete and spineless, except at the top, where they bear a few setae, and where are also seated a pair of lanceolate divergent pinnae, nearly two inches broad, and of a lively green colour. It has been imported from New Granada..... 15s.





**DÆMONOROPS PALEMBANICUS.**

One of the most elegant of Palms, and, together with *D. periacanthus*, exceedingly appropriate for table decoration and other ornamental purposes. The leaves are broadly ovate, pinnate, consisting of numerous narrow elongated segments, and they are supported by leaf-stalks bearing numerous deflexed spines, which latter are thickened at the base. The young leaves are of a bright cinnamon brown, and the contrast between this warm colour and the deep green of the matured leaves renders the plants exceedingly beautiful at the time they are in course of development. It is a native of Java. 15s. and 1 guinea.

	DESMONCUS MAJOR .....	15s. and 1 guinea
*	DIPLOTHEMIUM CAMPESTRE, <i>vide</i> <i>Cocos australis</i> .	
	"    CAUDESCENS, <i>vide</i> <i>Ceroxylon niveum</i> .	
	ELÆIS GUINEENSIS, this is the Oil Palm of Africa.....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
*	ENCEPHALARTOS ALTENSTEINI .....	
*	"    BRACHYPTERIS .....	
*	"    (Zamia) CYCADÆFOLIUS .....	15s., 1 and 1½ guinea
*	"    GHELLINCKII ( <i>gracilis</i> ), a remarkably elegant and distinct greenhouse plant from South Africa. The fronds are erect and slender. The pinnae are narrowly linear and mucronately pointed, convex on the upper, concave on the lower surface, woolly, as is the rachis, with white cobwebby hairs while young, the hairs becoming at length straightened and appressed. It has received a First Class Certificate from the Floral Committee of the Royal Horticultural Society .....	Price on application.
*	"    HORRIDUS .....	
*	"    (Zamia) LEHMANNI .....	4 and 5 guineas
*	"    (Zamia) VILLOSUS, a noble greenhouse Cycad, with a stout trunk or caudex, supporting a head of erect pinnate fronds, the stout rachis of which is densely clothed with cottony wool; the pinnae or segments number from eighty to ninety on each side, and are narrowly elliptic-linear. It has been found in, and introduced from, the interior of South Africa.	2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas
*	"    VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS, a magnificent greenhouse Cycad, imported from South Africa. It has a stout cylindrical stem, and grandly arching leaves, which are pinnately divided; the pinnae are lanceolate, distinctly serrate, the teeth being more numerous towards the tip of the pinnae. The base of the petiole is thickly clothed with woolly hairs. 8 and 10 guineas.	
*	"    VILLOSUS DENTICULATIS .....	
*	"    (Zamia) VROOMII .....	4 and 5 guineas
	EUTERPE EDULIS ( <i>Oreodoxa Sancona</i> ) .....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
	GAUSSIA PRINCEPS .....	2 guineas
	GEONOMA CARDERI, <i>vide</i> page 9.	
	"    GRACILIS .....	2 and 3 guineas
	"    PUMILA .....	15s. and 1 guinea
	"    SCHOTTIANA .....	1½ and 2 guineas
	"    SEEMANNII, a very distinct and beautiful species of Palm, remarkable for its close leafy habit. The leaves are broadish, bilobed, feather-veined, and strongly plaited in the direction of the veins. The singular bilobing of the leaves, and their very obvious plaiting, give them a very marked character, the interest of which is heightened by the comparison between the larger leaves of later development and their miniature representatives near the base of the plant. It was introduced from Central America by Dr. Seemann .....	2 guineas
	"    SPIXIANA .....	10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
	GLAZIOVA INSIGNIS .....	2 and 3 guineas
	HYOPHORBE ( <i>Arecia</i> ) VERSCHAFFELTII, this is a remarkably graceful Palm, forming a triangular stem from which the leaves spring up on nearly erect petioles, and are pinnate, with a few long drooping leaflets, which are decurrent at the base, and are of a deep green colour with whitish ribs. The drooping segments of the frond give it a particularly graceful aspect, which renders it extremely effective.	15s. and 1 guinea
*	JUBÆA SPECTABILIS ( <i>Cocos chilensis</i> , <i>Molinia chilensis</i> ) .....	5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
*	KENTIA AUSTRALIS .....	15s. and 1 guinea
*	"    BELMOREANA .....	7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s.
*	"    FOSTERIANA .....	15s. and 1 guinea
	LATANIA AUREA ( <i>Verschaффeltii</i> ) .....	1, 1½ and 2 guineas
*	"    BORBONICA ( <i>Livistona sinensis</i> ). Mr. W. B. can supply this useful decorative Palm in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 & 5 guineas each.	
	"    COMMERSONI .....	1 and 1½ guinea
	LEOPOLDINIA PULCHRA, <i>vide</i> <i>Cocos Weddelliana</i> .	



KENTIA, *vide* page 144.

\* **LEPIDOZAMIA PEROFFSKYANA**, this name is adopted for the Australian *Macrozamia Denisouii*, on the authority of Dr. Regel, who describes and figures the mature plants as having a stout, short, scaly trunk, supporting a crown of long-stalked leaves. The young plants are very elegant, having ovate horizontal leaves, with decurved linear leaflets..... 3, 4 and 5 guineas

**LICUALA PELTATA** ..... 15s. and 1 guinea

**LIVISTONA ALTISSIMA** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas

\* ,, (Corypha) **AUSTRALIS**, this useful Palm can be supplied in all sizes, from 5s., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea to 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas each.

\* ,, **HOOGENDORPII**, a fine stove Palm, of spreading habit; the leaves, which are nearly 3 feet broad, are palmately divided, the segments being broad, and giving the leaves a bold and distinctive character. The leaf-stalks are abundantly furnished at the margins with stout sharp spines ..... 1 and 1½ guinea.

\* ,, **ROTUNDIFOLIA** (subglobosa) ..... 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.

\* ,, **SINENSIS**, *vide* *Latania borbonica*.

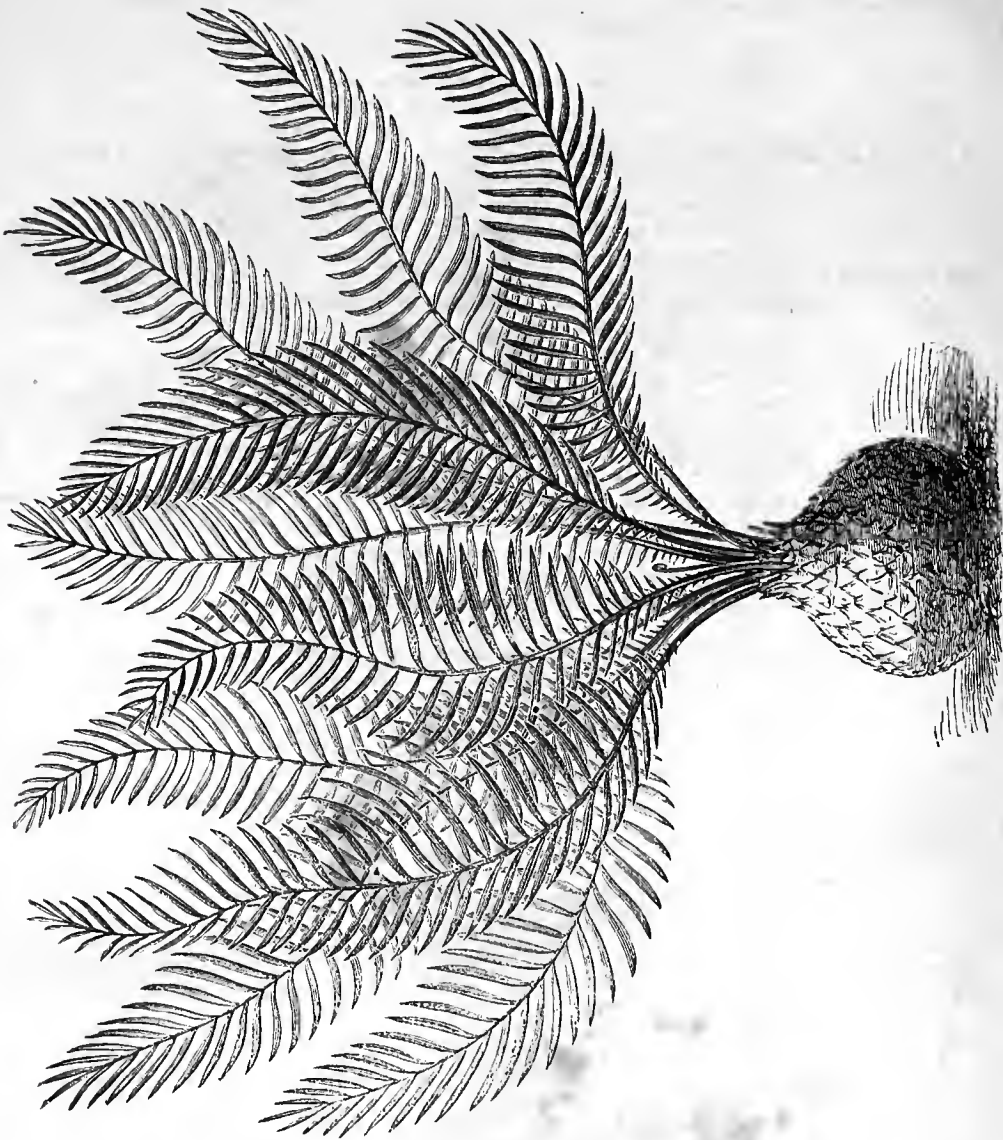
\* **MACROZAMIA AMABILIS** .....

\* ,, **CORALLIPES**, a very remarkable Cycadaceous plant from New South Wales. The trunk is sub-spherical; the leaves form a very contracted crown, and are diverging below, then sub-erect; petiole deep green, smooth, but not polished, reddish brown towards the base; pinnae, about fifty pairs, 5 to 7 inches long, one-third of an inch broad, very narrow linear-lanceolate, acute but hardly pungent, dark green, with a bright red petiolule. For illustration, *vide* page 147. 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.



### MACROZAMIA PLUMOSA.

This beautiful Cycadaceous plant has recently been imported from Queensland. From a small ovate stem, the scales of which are woolly, rise the erect spirally-twisted leaves, which are from 2 feet to 2½ feet long, and have a flattened petiole. These leaves are furnished nearly to the base with narrow linear leaflets, which are set on at intervals of about a quarter of an inch, and are from 6 to 8 inches long. The plant is remarkable for its distinct and elegant character. It has been awarded a First Class Certificate by the Royal Horticultural Society. 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas.



- \* **MACROZAMIA CORALLIPES GYRATA**, a fine variety of this remarkable Cycad, having the same kind of sub-spherical trunk. The leaves are pinnate and spirally twisted, so that the leaflets, instead of lying in one plane, spread out in all directions from the smooth terete rachis. The leaflets are smooth dark green, linear and tapering downwards into a short coral-red petiole. It is a very distinct form from the true *corallipes*, on account of the scattered direction of the leaflets, and equally elegant in all other respects ..... 2, 3, 4 and 5 guineas
- " **CYLINDRICA**, a distinct and well-marked Cycad, introduced from Queensland. It has a long-necked stem, from which proceed the dark green coriaceous leaves; the pinnae are glossy on the surface, each being marked at the base with a large ivory-white patch, which strongly contrasts with the dark green mid-rib which lies between the two rows of ivory markings..... 2 and 3 guineas
- " **DENISONI**, *vide* *Lepodizamia Perofskiyana*.
- " **FRASERI** .....

- \***MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS** ..... 3, 4 and 5 guineas
- " " **EBURNEA**, a grand Australian Cycad, with a sub-globose trunk, a foot or more in diameter. The leaves are pinnate, the segments being linear, 8 inches long, and somewhat narrowed down to the thickened ivory-white base. It is a remarkably fine and elegant plant, the leaves being composed of from 45 to 50 pairs of segments or pinnae ..... 5 and 7 guineas
- MALORTIEA LACERATA**, a neat-growing stove Palm, of distinct character, and of a dwarf and close habit of growth. The leaf-blades are broad and bilobed, with an excurrent thread in the sinus, the lobes lacerately split at the apex, while the surface is ribbed so as to appear plicate. It is a native of Central America, whence seeds were brought by Dr. Seemann ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- MARTINEZIA EROSA** ..... 3 and 4 guineas
- " **GRANATENSIS**, a desirable new dwarf Palm, from New Granada; the leaves are of roundish oblong or roundish ovate outline, entire at the base, bifid at the apex, and evenly toothed along the edges, the young leaf-stalks being slightly mealy. Both the petioles and the rachis are armed with dark brown needle-shaped spines, varying from half an inch to an inch in length, and which are either spreading or deflexed ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 1 guinea
- " **LINDENIANA** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
- MAXIMILIANA REGIA** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
- \***MOLINIA CHILENSIS**, *vide* *Jubæa spectabilis*.
- CENOCARPUS DEALBATUS** ..... 1½ and 2 guineas
- OREODOXA OLERACEA** (The Cabbage Palm of the West Indies) 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- " **SANCONA**, *vide* *Euterpe edulis*.
- PHENICOPHORUM SEHELLARUM** (*Stevensonia grandifolia*) 3 guineas
- \***PHENIX ACAULIS** ..... 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- \* " **DACTYLIFERA** (The Date Palm) ..... 7s. 6d., 15s. & 1 guinea
- \* " **HUMILIS** ..... 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- \* " **LEONENSIS** ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- \* " **RECLINATA** ..... 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. to 1 guinea
- \* " **SYLVESTRIS**, a Sugar-yielding Palm ..... 15s. and 1 guinea
- PHYTELEPHAS MACROCARPA**. This Palm yields the Vegetable Ivory of commerce ..... 2 and 3 guineas
- PINANGA KUHLLII** ..... 1, 1½ and 2 guineas
- PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI**, a handsome bold-habited stove Palm from India, having large pale green leaves, the petioles of which are stout, terete, and armed with palmated spines, thickly set in three rows, one of which is directly at the back, and is continued along a portion of the mid-rib. The leaves themselves are bifid, the lobes strongly plicate, and with a few marginal spines. 2 guineas.
- PRITCHARDIA PACIFICA** ..... 2 and 3 guineas
- PTYCHOSPERMA ALEXANDRÆ** ..... 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- \* " **CUNNINGHAMII**, this plant is usually cultivated under the erroneous name of *Scaforthia elegans*. It is a most useful conservatory or cool greenhouse plant, for it will stand a low temperature with impunity, and it is of the highest decorative character; scarcely anything can equal the effect of a large plant of this noble Palm...all sizes, from 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. to 1, 1½ and 2 guineas.
- " **RUPICOLA** ..... 1 and 1½ guinea
- REGELIA PRINCEPS**, *vide* *Verschaffeltia splendida*.
- \***RHAPHIS FLABELLIFORMIS** ..... 15s. and 1 guinea
- SABAL CERULESCENS**, this is described by the collector as a remarkably bold and handsome Palm. It has been sent from the United States of Colombia, but is only known here in a young state. These young plants have the leaves of an elongate linear-lanceolate form, with a plicate surface, and a bluish or glaucous tinge of green, which is very strongly marked on the under surface ..... 15s.
- \* " (*Trithrinax*) **MAURITIÆFORMIS** ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- " **UMBRACULIFERA** (*Blackburniana*), a noble and very distinct Palm ..... 10s. 6d. and 15s.
- SCHEELIA IMPERIALIS**, a fine Colombian Palm, which in the young state has simple linear lanceolate elongate arching leaves, of a bright green colour, with a plaited surface. In the mature state the leaves are pinnate. The Scheelias are unarmed Palms of the group Coccinee, closely related to the genus *Attalea* ..... 10s. 6d.

- \*SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS, *vide* Ptychosperma Cunninghamii.  
 \* " ROBUSTA, *vide* Areca Baueri.  
 STANGERIA SCHIZODON ..... 3 guineas  
 " PARADOXA .....small plants, 10s. 6d. ; strong specimens, 1½, 2 and 3 guineas  
 STEVENSONIA GRANDIFOLIA, *vide* Phœnicophorium Sechellarum.  
 THRINAX ARGENTEA ..... 1, 1½ and 2 guineas  
 " ELEGANS, very handsome for exhibition purposes, ..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 " ELEGANTISSIMA, an exceedingly elegant and graceful miniature-growing  
 Palm..... 1 and 1½ guinea  
 " GRACILIS ..... 1½ and 2 guineas  
 \* " PARVIFLORA ..... 10s. 6d., 15s. and 21s.  
 \*TRITHRINAX MAURITIAEFORMIS, *vide* Sabal mauritiæformis.  
 VERSCHAFFELTIA MELANOCHÆTES..... 1, 1½ and 2 guineas  
 " SPLENDIDA (Regelia princeps), a magnificent and very distinct  
 Palm, from the Island of Seychelles ..... 2 and 3 guineas  
 WALLICHIA PORPHYRACEA..... 15s. and 1 guinea  
 WELFIA REGIA, a very distinct and beautiful stove Palm, named by M. Wendland. The  
 stipes are smooth and slender, supporting a handsome pinnated leaf, which is parted into a few  
 broadish or oblong acuminate lobes. The fresh leaves are of a pleasing bronzy hue, which adds  
 much to the beauty of the plant ..... 15s., 1 and 1½ guinea  
 \*ZAMIA CYCADÆFOLIA, *vide* Encephalartos cycadæfolius.  
 \* " FURFURACEA..... 1, 2 and 3 guineas  
 \* " INTEGRIFOLIA ..... 1½ and 2 guineas  
 \* " LEHMANNI, *vide* Encephalartos Lehmanni.  
 " LINDENI..... 2 and 3 guineas  
 \* " MIQUELII, this species has been imported from Queensland. It has a short stout stem,  
 spindle-shaped below, and producing from the crown remarkably elegant fronds, which  
 are erect and somewhat spirally twisted, the smooth bright green pinnae being of an ivory  
 white colour at their point of juncture with the rachis. It is known in some collections  
 as *Z. Fraseri* and *Z. tenuifolia*. 1, 2 and 3 guineas.  
 \* " ROEZLII ..... 1½ and 2 guineas  
 " SKINNERI.  
 \* " VILLOSA, *vide* Encephalartos villosus.  
 \* " VROOMII, *vide* Encephalartos Vroomii.  
 " WALLISII.

## AZALEA INDICA.

Good selections can be made by Mr. WILLIAM BULL at 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.  
 New Varieties, 5s., 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each.

## CAMELLIAS.

Good selections can be made by Mr. WILLIAM BULL at 2, 3, 4 and 6 guineas  
 per dozen.  
 New Varieties, 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d. and 15s. each.

## NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S selection of 12 varieties . . . 24s., 30s., 42s. and 60s.  
 New Varieties . . . 5s., 7s. 6d. 10s. 6d. and 15s. each.

- |   |   |   |
|---|---|---|
| ADOLPHE ADAMS, green<br>leaf ground, densely speckled<br>with white, and rose coloured<br>mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. | ALFRED BLEU, leaf rich<br>green, with pure white spots<br>and flesh coloured centre ;<br>distinct. 3s. 6d.          | ALPHAND, green, spotted<br>with red, crimson centre.<br>5s.                                 |
| ALCIDE MICHAUX, dark<br>green leaves, marked with<br>white spots, and crimson<br>rayed centre. 3s. 6d.                  | ALFRED MAME, carnine<br>red, bordered with white and<br>profusely spotted with rose ;<br>very fine. 5s. and 7s. 6d. | ALPHONSE KARR. 3s. 6d.<br>ARGYRITES. 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.                                      |
|   |   | AUBER, green ground, marked<br>with white spots and central<br>pink ones. 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d. |

## NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

- AUGUSTE RIVIÈRE**, white centre and rays upon a light green ground, with crimson spots. 3s. 6d.
- BARAQUINII**. 3s. 6d.
- BARILLET**, bright rosy crimson centre and ribs on green ground, with broad margin of rich green. 7s. 6d.
- BARON DE ROTHSCHILD**, rich blood red centre and spots on mottled green leaf ground. 5s.
- BARRAL**, bright green, with a fine red centre and large spots of rose. 5s.
- BEETHOVEN**, ground colour white, intersected and veined with green, centre rib delicate rose. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BELLEYMEI**. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- BELLINI**, mottled pale green ground, with rosy centre and spots. 3s. 6d.
- BICOLOR SPLENDENS**. 2s. 6d.
- BLANQUÆRTI**, dark green with gray veins and white spots. 5s.
- BOIELDIEU**, like *Bicolor splendens*, and very superior to it. 5s.
- BUREL**, dark bluish green, veined bright rose, marked with rosy violet and spotted orange red. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- CANNÆRTII**. 3s. 6d.
- CERES**, centre of the leaves rosy salmon, outer portion rich green. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- CHANTINII**. 2s. 6d.
- CHANTINII FULGENS**, dark green ground, with a brilliant crimson centre and white spots. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- CHARLES VERDIER**, fine green, with blush pink centre and spots. 3s. 6d.
- CHELSONI**, bright glossy green, suffused with brilliant red, and blotched with crimson. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DE CANDOLLE**, rich green, with beautiful rose coloured spots and creamy white centre rays. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DE HUMBOLDT**, a fine variety, having glossy green leaves, spotted with scarlet. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- DEVINCK**, leaves heart-shaped, with delicate pink centre ribs, interspersed with white spots. 5s.
- DONIZETTI**, red centre and green border, both much darker than in *C. bicolor*, numerous rosy coloured spots much larger than in *C. Neumannii*. 5s.
- DR. BOISDUVAL**, centre finely rayed with crimson, and snow white blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.
- DR. LINDLEY**, crimson centre, the green ground marked with rose blotches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- DUC DE MORNAY**, deep green leaf borders with large and beautiful crimson rayed centre. 5s.
- DUC DE NASSAU**, brilliant red centre and ribs, white scattered spots on emerald green leaf borders. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- DUC DE RATIBON**, green ground, with red mid-ribs marked with white spots. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- DUCHARTRE**, leaf ground white, flushed rose, green veins and red spots. 3s. 6d.
- EDOUARD ANDRÉ**, green ground, with rose centre, crimson ribs, and ornamental pink blotches. 5s.
- EDOUARD MOREAUX**, mottled green ground, with rich lake centre. 5s.
- ELVINA**, bright green, gray centre and veins; all the leaf blotched with rich red. 5s.
- E. G. HENDERSON**, green, finely marked with transparent rose spots and brilliantly mottled crimson rays and centre. 2s. 6d. & 3s. 6d.
- EMILIE VERDIER**, a very fine and distinct variety, with leaves of a light transparent rose colour, sometimes spotted with red. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- EMMÈLINE**, light green, surface dispersely spotted with white and crimson. 3s. 6d.
- ETOILE D'ARGENT**, bright green, mid-ribs and veins creamy white, shaded with gray. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- FELICIEN DAVID**, centre of leaf dark carmine, surrounded with white and beautifully veined with red on a light green ground; a splendid variety. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- GOLDEN QUEEN**, leaves large, pale green or yellow, uniform in colour; very handsome. 7s. 6d.
- HELEVY**, white mid-ribs, and marked with crimson blotches on a green ground. 3s. 6d.
- HENRI DOUCET**, centre of the leaf dark crimson; mid-rib and veins bright reddish crimson; outer portion of leaf dark green. 7s. 6d.
- HEROLD**, dark carmine veins, surrounded by light green zone, blotched with pure white spots, and margined bright dark green. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- HOULETTII**. 2s. 6d.
- HRUBYANUM**. 5s.
- IMPÉRATRICE EUGÉNIE**, light glaucous green, with grayish pink centre, and rose coloured veins. 3s. 6d.
- ISADORA LEROY**, rich metallic green, with crimson red centre rays. 5s.
- JULES PUTZEYS**, rich dark green, with crimson mid-rib and veins; central portion of leaf mottled gray, and the whole surface marked with red blotches. 5s.
- KETELEER**, spotted white upon emerald green; large crimson centre. 3s. 6d.
- LAINGII**, reddish carmine centre, surrounded with yellowish green, the whole of the leaf thickly sprinkled with pure white spots. 5s.
- LAMARTINE**, large leaf, with deep crimson centre and dense white spots. 5s.
- LAVINIA**, bright green, gray centre, with radiating veins of gray. 3s. 6d.



## NEW AND CHOICE CALADIUMS—Continued.

- LEOPOLDII**, rich crimson rayed centre, deep green border; style of *Bicolor*. 5s.
- LEPESCHKINEI**, leaves thickly marked with large effective spots of a rich rose colour, and having a rich bright red centre. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- LEPLAY**, leaves attractively marked with white, in the style of *C. Bellemei*, and beautifully veined with rosy violet. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- LOUISE POIRIER**, crimson leaf ground, with green margin and white spots. 3s. 6d.
- LOWII**, *vide* *Alocasia Lowii*.
- LURLINE**, light green, profusely blotched and spotted with white. 3s. 6d.
- MADAME ALFRED MAME** long light green leaves densely covered with large white spots, rosy earmine centre. 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d.
- MADAME ANDRIEUX**, crimson centre rays, with pink spots. 5s.
- MADAME DE LA DERAN-SAYE**, leaves white, sometimes slightly shaded with rose, and veined with red and green. 10s. 6d.
- MADAME DUTEIL**, green ground, rose blotches. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MADAME HOULLET**, large leaves, with clustered blush white blotches on the opposite leaf margins. 5s.
- MADAME HUNNEBELLE**, large leaves veined with light garnet colour on a white ground, and profusely margined with delicate green veins. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- MARQUISE DE CAUX**, red centre and veins, with rose blotches on the margins. 3s. 6d.
- MARS**, clouded crimson centre, the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- MAXIME DUVAL**, fine broad crimson centre and ribs, green margin. 5s.
- MAX KOLB**, light green ground, with pale centre; distinct. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MERCADANTE**, pale copper coloured centre and veins, bordered with green. 5s. & 7s. 6d.
- MEYERBEER**, white leaf ground, green veins and red mid-ribs. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MILTONI**, red veins on gray centre, margin of leaves dark green, large blotches of crimson on the surface. 5s.
- MIRABILE**. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- MOZART**, delicate rose centre and veins on green ground. 5s.
- MRS. DOMBRAIN**, leaves large, centre and ribs pale yellowish green, shaded rose, surface covered with large white and rose spots. 5s.
- MURILLO**, centre and veins metallic red, with large crimson blotches, broad margin of lustrous bronzy green. 5s.
- NAPOLÉON III.**, flamed crimson centre, with forked rays, and earmine red spots on rich green ground. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- PETSCHKAUI**. 5s.
- PICTURATUM**. 3s. 6d.
- PŒCILE**. 3s. 6d.
- PRESIDENT**, light crimson centre, dark green margins slightly mottled with gray; fine and very distinct. 7s. 6d.
- PRINCE ALBERT EDWARD**, dark emerald green, with rich crimson mid-rib, radiating from the centre towards the margins, the intervening spaces densely spotted with ivory white, the small thread-like veins forming an elegant tracery over the upper surface. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- PRINCESS ALEXANDRA**, rosy salmon leaf, with conspicuous green centre rib, richly bordered with magenta crimson; leaf margin bounded by a green belt, having a picturesque light pink chain running parallel through its centre. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- QUADRICOLOR**, centre of leaf pale yellowish green, ribs white, edged with rich rosy crimson, and margined with bright green; distinct. 5s.
- RAULINII**, rich red centre and veins, finely spotted with white. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- REGALE**, broad silvery gray centre and rosy red mid-ribs, with vermilion red spots on green ground. 3s. 6d.
- REINE VICTORIA**, green veins and margins, densely spotted or marbled between with white and scattered rich crimson. 3s. 6d.
- RICCI**, pale greenish white centre, shaded with rosy crimson; broad margin of bright green, densely spotted with crimson. 5s.
- ROSSINI**, large leaf, with pale centre, pink mid-ribs, and red blotches. 5s.
- ROUILLARD**, glossy green margin, pale green centre, mid-rib and rays rich violet plum colour; the whole leaf spotted with crimson. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- SIEBOLD**, rich green, with fiery red crimson rayed centre, green spaces densely spotted with claret red. 3s. 6d.
- STRIATUM**, white centre veins and mid-rib, forming a striking contrast to the dark green colour of the other portion of the leaf. 5s.
- THIBAUTII**, fine large leaf, with rich crimson veins on a red ground. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- TRICOLOR**, a distinct variety, edges of the leaves gray-green intersected with dark green; centre red lake, with earmine mid-ribs. 5s. and 7s. 6d.
- TRIOMPHE DE L'EXPOSITION**, crimson centre, with red ribs and green border; very fine. 3s. 6d.
- TROUBETZKOYI**, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.
- VEITCHII**, *vide* *Alocasia Veitchii*
- VERSCHAFFELTII**. 3s. 6d.
- VESTA**, greenish white veins, contrasting strongly with the surrounding crimson colour; outer portion of leaf clear green dotted with dark green; the whole of the leaf spotted bright rose. 3s. 6d. and 5s.
- WIGHTII**. 2s. 6d.

# BEGONIAS.

## TUBEROUS-ROOTED SECTION.

The following novel and beautiful varieties will be found admirably adapted for the summer and autumn decoration of the Greenhouse and Conservatory; for they produce in the utmost profusion magnificent flowers of very large size, and great variety in colour. They do not require stove cultivation, but will succeed well in a Greenhouse. The tubers rest during the winter months, similar to Gloxinias, and can be easily re-started into growth in the spring. Their profuse flowering quality, and the charming variety of colour of their blossoms, render them extremely showy and effective. 3s. 6d. and 5s. each. New varieties, 7s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. each. Choice selections made by Mr. W. B. at 30s., 42s. and 60s. per dozen.

- ANACREON**, bright deep crimson, a beautiful flower, with very long petals; exceedingly attractive.
- AURELIA**, a very large fine flower, of a cinnamon-rose colour; very distinct.
- AURORA**, a splendid variety, freely producing fine large flowers of an extremely attractive shade of orange scarlet colour; very showy and effective.
- BOLIVIENSIS**, foliage light green, flowers bright glossy red, very freely produced, generally in pairs, but sometimes in whorls of three. The male blossoms are as large again as the females, and of a compressed bell-shaped form.
- BRILLIANT**, very rich bright orange; a dazzling colour; flowers large and fine; very showy and attractive.
- CARDINAL**, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a rich deep magenta-rose colour.
- CARMINATA**, the leaves are stained with a coppery brown tint between the veins, while the flowers are large, of a pretty delicate salmon hue tinged with rose.
- CARNEA ELEGANS**, a charming variety, with vivid brown stems, and oblong acuminate doubly-serrated glossy leaves. The flowers are of a rich rosy salmon colour, suspended on long gracefully-drooping pedicels or flower stems.
- CAROLINE**, deep rosy pink, a very fine showy flower, with broad petals.
- CLIMAX**, deep rich rosy carmine; the two outer petals extremely broad; a beautiful variety.
- CORSAIR**, rosy salmon; a most profuse blooming variety.
- DAZZLE**, bright reddish crimson; a fine flower, with short broad petals.
- DRAGON**, a beautiful flower, with very fine large long petals; colour rich bright rose; very effective.
- DR MASTERS**, a beautiful and effective variety, with very rich carmine-crimson drooping flowers, suspended on salmon-tinted pedicels or flower stalks.
- ECLIPSE**, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers of a very bright and rich carmine-scarlet colour; extremely showy.
- EMBLEM**, a very attractive variety, giving fine large showy flowers with extremely broad petals, of a deep rose colour shaded with magenta.
- ENSIGN**, bright pink; a beautiful shade of colour; flowers large and fine; a very elegant variety.
- EXCELSIOR**, a fine free-blooming variety, with fine large flowers of a bright cinnabar red colour.
- FRÖBELII**, a splendid new species from Ecuador, very distinct and attractive, producing, well above the foliage, erect bunches of large brilliant scarlet flowers; the foliage is of a bright green colour, furnished on the under side with a thick covering of white hairs.
- GEM**, light cream colour, the reverse of the petals light pink; extremely distinct and attractive.
- GLITTER**, vivid orange scarlet; an extremely bright and showy colour; fine large flower.
- HERMINE**, light orange cinnamon, a very distinct and attractive shade of colour; a pretty flower; large and well formed.
- INTERMEDIA**, a fine hybrid, of free-branching strong upright growth. The flowers are of the size and form of *B. Veitchii*, which they also resemble in colour, but are of rather a darker shade.
- LOTHAIR**, a splendid variety, producing fine large showy flowers, with short broad petals, of a deep rose colour; very fine.
- LUCINDA**, an extremely attractive variety, producing very large and fine flowers, with remarkably long petals, of a deep rose colour.
- MAGNET**, beautiful light pink, the reverse of the petals deep pink; a charming variety, producing fine large flowers with good petals.
- MASTERPIECE**, a magnificent variety, producing immense flowers, of an intensely bright vermilion scarlet colour; extremely attractive.
- MAZEPPA**, very light cream colour, the reverse of the petals tinted with orange pink; extremely distinct and pretty.

## BEGONIAS—Continued.



HANDSOME-FLOWERED BEGONIAS, for price, *vide* page 152.

**METEOR**, intense scarlet vermilion, very bright and showy ; a magnificent variety.

**MINIATA**, a fine showy variety, producing flowers of a bright rosy carmine colour ; very elegant and distinct.

**MODEL**, a free blooming variety of neat habit, with very finely-formed flowers of a delicate rosy blush colour.

**MONT BLANC**, a very fine new hybrid, of robust and vigorous growth and compact habit, producing erect bunches of large white flowers ; extremely distinct.

**MRS. MASTERS**, a very effective and ornamental variety, producing bright rose carmine blooms in great profusion upon salmon-tinted drooping pedicels or flower-stalks.

## BEGONIAS—Continued.

- OCTOPETALA**, this magnificent species has been introduced from the Andes of Peru. Its rich dark green leaves are very large, of orbicular form and deeply lobed. It produces splendid flowers of enormous size, which are composed of eight petals; these attractive blossoms are white, with the reverse of the petals of a bright rosy carmine colour.
- PEARCEI**, flowers large, bright yellow, and borne on slender stems well above the foliage.
- PEARCEI GRANDIFLORA**, a remarkably showy and attractive variety, with rich dark olive green leaves, which contrast admirably with the very large and fine flowers, which are of a bright golden yellow colour.
- PHYLLIS**, a most beautiful variety, with blossoms of a delicate sulphur colour tinted with pink; an extremely distinct and charming flower.
- PROFESSOR THISELTON DYER**, a highly ornamental variety, giving a profusion of brilliant scarlet flowers, with lance-shaped petals borne in elegant drooping clusters.
- ROSEA ALBA**, a very elegant variety, with glossy rich green veined leaves, and numerous terminal projecting racemes of white blossoms suffused with rich rose.
- RUBESCENS**, a fine hybrid variety of neat robust branching dwarf habit, giving a profusion of elegant half-drooping racemes of large rich salmon-tinted red blossoms.
- RUBRA SUPERBA**, a very beautiful and effective plant of a free branching habit, and graceful open outline; flowers large, of a brilliant carmine red, melting into a rich lake.
- SEDENI**, a fine variety of free growth, with large leaves, the veins of which are slightly tinted with rose colour. The flowers are of the richest magenta colour, and of large size. Figured in the *Florist*.
- SERAPH**, a dwarf-growing variety of neat and compact habit, freely producing fine flowers of a soft pink colour; the exterior part of the two outer petals suffused with rose.
- STARLIGHT**, a beautiful variety of dwarf compact habit, and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are large and effective, of a pretty shade of blush pink.
- STELLA**, fine showy flowers, of a beautiful shade of rosy crimson; very attractive.
- SUNRISE**, a magnificent variety, quite intermediate between *B. boliviensis* and *B. Sedeni*; it is a very free bloomer, producing fine large flowers of a bright rosy scarlet colour; extremely showy and attractive.
- SURPRISE**, a beautiful and effective variety, producing extremely pretty bright pink flowers in great profusion.
- TROJAN**, an extremely distinct and effective variety, freely producing fine flowers of a lovely light rosy pink colour.
- VEITCHII**, this remarkable and beautiful plant, which was discovered near Cuzco in Peru, was the means of introducing quite a new feature into the well-known family of Begonias. It differs in all respects from any other Begonia yet known, in having immense roundish blooms of a vivid vermilion or cinnabar red, and in being comparatively hardy. Figured in the *Florist and Pomologist*.
- VESUVIUS**, a fine variety, producing very large flowers of a rich orange scarlet colour.
- VIVICANS**, a very graceful plant, approaching in habit *B. Sedeni*, with semi-transparent stems, its leaves slightly villose or hairy, and numerous drooping brilliant orange scarlet bell-shaped flowers.

*Various other choice and handsome kinds at 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.*

## BEGONIAS.

## Variegated-foliaged Section.

These are remarkable for their variegated and beautifully coloured ornamental foliage. 3s. 6d. each. 36s. per dozen.

ACTEON	IWAN SCHLUMBERGER	MARGA
ADRIEN ROBINE	L'ABBE SERODINO	MARQUISE DE NADIL-
AMABILIS	LALLA ROOKH	LAC
ANNICA	LOUIS BOUTARD	MARQUISE DE ST. INNO-
DELIGHTFUL	LOUIS LIGNOT	CENT
DIAMANT	LOUIS SCHWEITZER	MIRABILIS.
DR. REGEL	MADAME CROUSSE	M. KETELEER
DUCHESS	MADAME DE CAUVILLE	NIVEA SPLENDENS
EMILE CHATÉ	MADAME DELAHAYE	PRINCESSE CHARLOTTE
EMILE LOISE	MADAME MALETS	PROFESSOR GASPARRINI
FLORA	MADAME SARRAZIN	REI FERNANDO
GLOIRE DE MONTEREAU	MADAME VERSCHAFFELT	SÉCRETAIRE MORREN
HELENA UHDER	MALETTA	SPLENDENS

BEGONIAS—Continued.

The following are useful flowering species and varieties, and highly effective for decoration; and the majority of them are winter blooming. 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d. and 5s. each.

ARGYROSTIGMA ELE- GANTISSIMA	MADAME FANNY GIRON, 5s.	M. VICTOR LEMOINE, 5s.
CAROLINE SCHMITT, 5s.	MADAME THIBAUT, 5s.	M. WILLIAM BULL, 5s.
DREGEI	MASSILIENSIS	RICHARDSIANA
ERECTA CRAIGIANA	METALLICA	RICHARDSIANA VAS- TISSIMA
FOLIOSA	M. DE BOUCHARD DE BUSSY, 5s.	SAGITTATA
GERANIFOLIA	M. HENRI TRUCHOT, 5s.	SAUNDERSIANA
GLAUCOPHYLLA	M. LOUIS VAN HOUTTE, 5s.	SEMPERFLORENS
GLEBULA NIVIS, 5s.		VALIDA
HYBRIDA FLORIBUNDA		WELTONIENSIS.
INGRAMII		

NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS.

- ADMIRATION**, a beautifully formed flower; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter completely recurved; corolla well expanded, and of a purplish crimson colour. 5s.
- ALICE**, flowers large and fine; tube and sepals pure white; sepals well reflexed; corolla bright rosy scarlet, sometimes edged with a deeper shade. 2s. 6d.
- AMPHION**, tube and sepals rich deep crimson, tube short, and sepals well reflexed; fine handsome corolla, of a very dark purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- ANGLIA**, scarlet crimson tube and sepals, the latter horizontally reflexed; rich purplish corolla flaked with crimson. 5s.
- ANOMIA**, short tube; broad thick and very elegantly recurved sepals; both tube and sepals of a most rich and bright crimson; large long dark purple crimson corolla. 2s. 6d.
- ARCHETTE**, tube and sepals scarlet crimson, corolla dark bluish purple, tube short, and sepals beautifully reflexed. 1s. 6d.
- ATALANTA**, crimson tube and sepals, the latter completely reflexed; purplish crimson corolla, 2s. 6d.
- BARONESS**, a very pretty and attractive flower, with long white tube, white sepals well reflexed, and violet rose corolla; an extremely pleasing and distinct colour. 5s.
- BARONESS BURDETT COUTTS**, pure white tube and sepals; cup-shaped corolla of an orange scarlet colour; a very fine flower. 1s. 6d.
- BASILISK**, long thick white tube; broad horizontally reflexed sepals, bluish white tipped with green; corolla bright light scarlet. 2s. 6d.
- BELLA**, deep rose tube and sepals, the latter very broad and completely reflexed, corolla very full and double, of a bright bluish purple colour, striped with rose at the base. 1s. 6d.
- CALLAO**, carmine tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; short thick double corolla of a deep bluish purple colour, occasionally flaked with red. 5s.
- CALYPSO**, an extremely fine variety, with large well-formed flowers; tube and sepals rich crimson; sepals completely reflexed; large expanded bell-shaped corolla, of a rich crimson purple colour. 5s.
- CAMERON**, tube and sepals bright crimson, the latter very wide and of good substance, very fine long rich deep blue corolla. 1s. 6d.
- CASSIA**, tube and sepals rich rosy crimson; the sepals symmetrically reflexed; corolla dark violet plum colour. 3s. 6d.
- CERBERUS**, short tube and broad thick sepals, both of a bright crimson colour; the sepals completely reflexed; deep rich satiny purple corolla of excellent form. 2s. 6d.
- CHARMER**, a magnificent variety, producing fine large flowers, with extremely rich and bright reddish crimson tube and sepals; tube short, and sepals immensely broad and well reflexed; fine rich purple plum corolla. 5s.
- CHIEFTAIN**, short tube and well-reflexed sepals of the brightest crimson colour, fine large well-formed corolla of a rich plum colour, shaded at the base with rosy crimson. 1s. 6d.
- COLONEL HARCOURT**, tube and sepals scarlet, the latter well reflexed; light scarlet rose corolla suffused with purple; very distinct and attractive. 3s. 6d.
- COMA**, deep crimson tube and sepals of good substance; the sepals elegantly recurved; blue corolla shaded with rose at the base of the petals. 1s. 6d.
- COMPACT**, bright crimson tube and sepals and long white corolla, each petal beautifully veined with bright rosy crimson; tube short; sepals long and elegantly reflexed. 1s. 6d.
- CORINTH**, rosy crimson tube and sepals, large corolla of a bluish purple colour; an effective variety. 1s. 6d.
- DELIGHT**, large bell-shaped pure white corolla; tube and sepals bright crimson. 1s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

- DIKTATOR**, bright red tube and sepals, the latter tipped with green, and completely reflexed; large bright violet plum corolla, marked with rose at its base. 1s. 6d.
- DIONE**, rosy crimson tube and sepals; tube short, sepals horizontally reflexed; corolla bluish purple, marked with rose at the base, and fully expanded. 1s. 6d.
- DOMINGO**, large double purplish crimson corolla, striped with rose; the sepals, which with the tube are of a deep crimson colour, are completely reflexed, thus fully exposing the fine full double corolla. 1s. 6d.
- DUNOIS**, tube and sepals bright reddish crimson, the sepals well reflexed; fine rich purple corolla, each petal of which is distinctly serrated on the edge. 5s.
- EGERIA**, short tube and well-recurved sepals of an intensely rich crimson colour; stout long purple corolla. 3s. 6d.
- ELFIN**, light crimson tube and sepals, the latter elegantly reflexed; rich purple corolla, flaked with rose; very full and double. 5s.
- ETHEL**, tube and sepals pure white; rosy violet corolla, of rather a distinct and peculiar formation. 1s. 6d.
- ETRURIA**, tube and sepals bright rose; tube short, and sepals broad and well reflexed; corolla light bluish purple, rayed with rose at the base of the petals. 1s. 6d.
- FESTINA**, very pure white double corolla; rich crimson tube and sepals. 2s. 6d.
- GEM**, a very pretty variety, with long pure white corolla, of beautiful form; tube and sepals glowing red; very fine. 1s. 6d.
- GEORGE FREDERICK**, tube and sepals rich scarlet crimson; tube short, sepals broad and thick and nicely reflexed; large stout corolla, of beautiful form, rich purple crimson colour; a fine and handsome variety. 5s.
- GRENADIER**, monstrously large violet blue corolla, with pink marking; tube and sepals rich crimson, the sepals broad and elegantly reflexed, the tube short and thick. 1s. 6d.
- HERCULES**, coral red tube and sepals of great substance; the sepals beautifully reflexed; long barrel-shaped corolla of an intensely bright blue colour. 2s. 6d.
- HIGHLAND CHIEF**, tube and sepals bright crimson; tube short, sepals elegantly reflexed, leaving completely exposed the large bell-shaped corolla, which is of a deep purple colour, expands as the flower acquires age and retains its deep colour to the last. 5s.
- HILDA**, tube and sepals deep rosy red, rich purplish plum corolla, marked with rose at the base, of immense size, and very double. 1s. 6d.
- JEANNE D'ARC**, a fine variety of excellent habit, producing fine large flowers with tube and very long reflexed sepals of a beautiful coral colour, and large expanded corolla of snowy whiteness. 5s.
- LEAH**, tube and sepals white, tube stout, sepals of good substance and well reflexed; large corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour, margined with bright crimson. 1s. 6d.
- LE GAULOIS**, fine large dark blue corolla of cylindrical shape, veined with rosy carmine at the base; tube and sepals of a brilliant red carmine colour, the latter wide, long and beautifully reflexed. 3s. 6d.
- LE PHARE**, a fine flower of very elegant form; short thick tube and well reflexed sepals, of a brilliant red colour; globular corolla of a rich violet colour veined with bright red. 3s. 6d.
- LEWALD**, fine well-expanded corolla, of a rich violet purple colour; tube short, sepals completely recurved, both tube and sepals very bright crimson colour. 1s. 6d.
- LILLAH**, short thick tube, of a deep crimson colour; very broad, thick, and horizontally reflexed sepals, also of a deep crimson colour, rich satiny purple corolla. 1s. 6d.
- LORD FALMOUTH**, tube and sepals carmine scarlet, corolla rich violet blue; flowers of perfect shape and great substance. 7s. 6d.
- MANDARIN**, tube and sepals deep crimson, tube short, sepals of good substance, nicely reflexed and peculiarly curled; corolla full and double, light bluish purple, shaded with violet, the petals peculiarly formed. 1s. 6d.
- MAORI CHIEF**, tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broadly and nicely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark plum colour. One of the best of dark Fuchsias. 2s. 6d.
- MARATHON**, rich crimson tube and sepals; tube rather short, and sepals elegantly reflexed; fine bold corolla of a rich purplish plum colour, shaded at the base with rose. 1s. 6d.
- MENTOR**, very deep rich purple corolla, short but thick and double; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter horizontally reflexed. 1s. 6d.
- MISS E. MEARA**, tube and sepals brilliant carmine-scarlet, sepals beautifully reflexed, corolla rich dark marine blue; a very fine variety. 7s. 6d.
- MODIOLA**, light bright rosy crimson tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; long waxy white corolla, striped with rosy crimson at the base of the petals. 1s. 6d.
- MONARCH**, enormous flowers, with bright red tube and sepals, and rose coloured corolla shaded with violet. The corolla is very large, and well expanded, and the sepals are immensely long and elegantly reflexed. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. H. CANNELL**, a splendid variety; tube and sepals bright carmine, contrasting well with the fine large full double white corolla. 2s. 6d.

## NEW AND CHOICE FUCHSIAS—Continued.

- MRS. J. LYE**, a fine light variety; short tube and long sepals, well reflexed; dark red corolla shaded with purple, of good shape. 1s. 6d.
- MRS. WADDILOVE**, tube and sepals bright scarlet, the latter well reflexed; corolla rich mauve; a free bloomer; very fine. 7s. 6d.
- NUBIAN**, short crimson tube; broad sepals of a deep rose colour; large double globular-shaped corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour, marked with rose at the base. 1s. 6d.
- OLYNTHUS**, tube and sepals bright rich crimson; tube very short; sepals broad and symmetrically reflexed; fine large corolla of a deep rich violet purple colour. 2s. 6d.
- OUR FUTURE QUEEN**, tube and sepals pure white, the latter broad and well recurved; corolla red, suffused with purple. 2s. 6d.
- PASHA**, very deep rose tube and petals; fine, full and double corolla of a rich purplish plum colour. 1s. 6d.
- PATRIOTE**, immense violet purple corolla of involute form; the petals veined with scarlet at the base; large tube and long reflexed sepals of a very rich carmine colour. 3s. 6d.
- PENTHEUS**, rich deep crimson tube and sepals; short tube, and very broad horizontally reflexed sepals; large open saucer-shaped corolla of a rich dark purple plum colour. 2s. 6d.
- PETRARCH**, tube and broad sepals, bright crimson; fine large and long semi-double corolla of a rich purplish crimson colour marked with rose at the base. 1s. 6d.
- PICCO**, a fine flower, with very large double corolla of a rich purplish plum colour; tube and sepals rich crimson, the latter broad and well recurved. 1s. 6d.
- PLATO**, deep rosy red tube and sepals; tube short, sepals wide and horizontally reflexed; fine large full double corolla, of a rich purple plum colour. 1s. 6d.
- PORTENA**, short tube and completely reflexed sepals of a rich crimson colour; loose open double corolla of a purplish crimson colour. 5s.
- PRIAM**, short tube and broad reflexed sepals, of a rich crimson colour; corolla very thick and double, of a violet purple colour, blotched with carmine. 1s. 6d.
- PRIDE OF WOOLWICH**, beautiful dark blue corolla; light coral red tube and sepals, the latter well reflexed; a fine flower. 1s. 6d.
- PYRENE**, deep crimson tube and sepals, the sepals long and most elegantly recurved; exceedingly rich and attractive dark violet purple corolla. 1s. 6d.
- REV. T. WILTSHIRE**, a fine bold flower with large bright blue corolla; flowers of perfect shape and great substance. 2s. 6d.
- ROMOLA**, rosy red tube and elegantly recurved sepals, white corolla, striped with rose at the base of the petals; a fine flower. 1s. 6d.
- ROSCHEN**, tube and sepals bright crimson, the sepals horizontally reflexed; rich bluish purple corolla, of good size. 1s. 6d.
- SILISTRIA**, dark crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and completely reflexed; fine dark purple corolla, marked with light crimson at the base. 1s. 6d.
- SIR W. G. ARMSTRONG**, deep red sepals elegantly reflexed; bright dark blue corolla; a splendid variety; very free blooming. 7s. 6d.
- SPARTAN**, dark crimson tube and sepals, the latter broad and horizontally reflexed; full double purplish plum corolla. 1s. 6d.
- STANDARD**, rosy pink tube of great length, sepals very broad, and about 2 inches long, of a rich cherry pink, tipped with white; large and fine corolla of a rich violet purple colour, flamed with deep rose. 1s. 6d.
- STUPENDOUS**, very large and fine flowers; tube and sepals bright scarlet, the latter beautifully reflexed; immense corolla, of a dark purple plum colour. 1s. 6d.
- TIMOUR**, long white corolla; rosy crimson tube and sepals. 3s. 6d.
- TRITON**, rich purplish crimson corolla, of large size and fully expanded; tube short, and sepals completely reflexed, both of a very bright crimson colour. 1s. 6d.
- TRUTH**, tube and sepals bright scarlet, the latter beautifully reflexed; very large corolla, of a rosy mauve colour; a fine flower of excellent shape. 3s. 6d.
- VICTOR**, corolla rich blue, of double formation; the petals are peculiarly arranged, and being expanded have the appearance of a fine single corolla, with a surrounding fill; the sepals, which with the tube are of a crimson colour, are prettily reflexed. 1s. 6d.
- VILLE DE NANCY**, tube and sepals of a pale carmine red colour, the latter very wide and well recurved; fine large double corolla, of a brilliant dark violet colour; a very effective variety. 5s.
- VIRGO**, tube and sepals pure white, the latter gracefully reflexed and forming a perfect crown above the corolla, which is of a beautiful magenta colour, quite a novel shade. 2s. 6d.
- VOIX DU PEUPLE**, a very free-blooming variety, giving large flowers with fine expanded milky white corolla; sepals well recurved, and of a rich rosy carmine colour. 3s. 6d.
- WHITE SOUVENIR DE CHISWICK**, pure white tube and sepals, the latter long and very beautifully reflexed; corolla bright rose pink and cup-shaped. 1s. 6d.

*Selections of other good varieties can be made from Mr. W. B.'s general collection, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.*

## FUCHSIAS.

## HYBRIDS AND SPECIES.

- BOLIVIANA**, a remarkably ornamental and attractive species, discovered by M. Roczi in Bolivia. It is of compact growth, and its branches terminate in large bunches of beautiful drooping flowers, about 3 inches long and of a rich carmine crimson colour, with bright carmine corolla. Its bushy free-blooming habit renders it extremely useful and effective. 5s.
- CANARY BIRD**, a showy and attractive variety; foliage of a golden yellow colour; leaves prettily veined; flowers well formed; tube and sepals scarlet, the latter broad and finely reflexed; corolla of a rich dark purple colour. 1s. 6d.
- GRACILIS VARIEGATA**, an elegant variety of good habit, with small leaves broadly margined with white. 1s. 6d.
- PILLAR OF GOLD**, an attractive and useful variety, with golden variegated leaves. 1s. 6d.
- PROCUMBENS**, this distinct and interesting species is a shrubby growing plant with prostrate filiform branches creeping along the ground. The flowers are about three-quarters of an inch in length, with a linear-oblong ovary, surmounted by an orange-yellow funnel-shaped calyx tube, which is divided at the throat into four linear-lanceolate reflexed segments, nearly as long as the tube and of a deep violet colour edged with green. It has been figured in the *Botanical Magazine*, tab. 6139. 2s. 6d.
- SPLENDENS**, a free-blooming attractive species, producing rich crimson flowers with the ends of the sepals light green. It is of free growth and easy cultivation, continues a long time in beauty, and is very useful as a winter-flowering plant. 2s. 6d.
- SUNRAY**, a most beautiful plant, with leaves of a rich bright crimson, white and bronzy green, in about equal parts. The flowers are of fine form; scarlet tube and sepals, with light purple corolla. It is of good habit and growth, and a most useful and effective decorative plant. 1s. 6d.

## JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

## GENERAL COLLECTION.

When in Japan Mr. Fortune selected and sent to this country seven remarkable Chrysanthemums, which proved exceedingly distinct in size, form and colour, from the ordinary kinds grown here. From the types then introduced, have been raised the following, which are still more remarkable for their diversity, possessing as they do either enormous size, peculiarity of form or novelty of colour. Although of a distinct type from the Chrysanthemums in general cultivation, no difference of treatment or soil is necessary to secure a succession of flowers from November until January or February. Many of them remain longer in bloom, and bloom later than the Chinese kinds, so that we may have our greenhouses gay with them all through the dull winter months, when flowers are scarce. The effect produced in the conservatory by their fantastic forms and brilliant colours is most novel and pleasing, many of their immense blooms having more the appearance of tassels formed of the gay plumage of tropical birds than of flowers.

- ADMIRANDA**, flesh colour, with dark carmine centre; a fine flower. 1s. 6d.
- ASTEROID**, bronze and yellow, with a lighter back; flower heads very large and full, formed of curled strap-shaped florets. 1s. 6d.
- BEAUTÉ PARFAITE**, a very free-blooming variety, producing superb flowers of a rosy-lilac colour, marked with white. 3s. 6d.
- BELLE CASTELLANE**, lilac mauve, pointed with dark buff; a very fine flower, of excellent form. 3s. 6d.
- CHROMATELLA**, bright chrome or orange yellow, a very rich and intense shade of colour, good habit, free flowering and double; a valuable late blooming variety. 1s.
- CHLORINDE**, a fine flower, with very long florets; rich red, with yellow centre. 1s. 6d.
- CI SYANG**, dark crimson, maculated with pure white; very novel and showy. 1s. 6d.
- DR. MASTERS**, a very distinct and showy variety, with long sword-like florets, opening with a large centre of bright yellow, the exterior being formed of showy red florets, and the centre changing to red as the flower heads expand, the florets then becoming tipped with gold. 1s.
- EMPEROR OF CHINA**, the flower heads as they expand are rosy white; when mature they are clear white, having the centre tinted with rosy buff; much like the common Honeysuckle. 1s.
- GARNET**, bright blood red or garnet; the flower heads which are of large size, are composed of long curled florets, which form a kind of drooping fringe round an anemone centre. This is a new type in the Chrysanthemums. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.



## JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- GEORGE F. WILSON**, dark golden yellow, very large and double, composed of long ribbon-shaped florets of great breadth and substance, remaining in perfection a long time. 1s.
- GLITTER**, vivid red scarlet, with a gold line round each floret; flower heads double, and of medium size. This is the most splendid coloured Japanese Chrysanthemum yet raised. 1s. 6d.
- GLOIRE D'OR**, very large full double flowers, with quilled petals of a very bright golden yellow colour; a most magnificent flower of excellent form. 1s. 6d.
- GLOIRE DU VAR**, a superb variety, producing very large full double flowers of a dark reddish amaranth colour. 2s. 6d.
- GLORIOSA**, flower heads of large size, composed of very long slender florets of a bright orange colour, curiously twisted and curled. 1s.
- HERO OF MAGDALA**, blood red, the reverse of the florets orange buff; the florets in their young state reflex, but as they advance in age the centre florets take an upward or incurved direction, while the remainder reflex, thus showing two distinct colours in the same flower-head. 1s.
- JAMES SALTER**, clear lilac or mauve, shaded towards the centre; flower-heads very double, of immense size and composed of a multitude of broad florets, which, as they expand, become curled or twisted in a most curious manner, unlike any other Chrysanthemum. 1s.
- JANE SALTER**, white, bordered and striped with rosy lilac; flower-heads of large size and composed of long broad curled florets; early and very free flowering. Illustrated in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- KATAKANA**, brilliant orange, shaded saffron, and striped with yellow; the reverse of the florets yellow. 3s. 6d.
- LEOPARD**, bright Indian red, with large yellow spots covering the surface of the florets, a very novel and singular combination of colour. 1s.
- MADMOISELLE DELAUX**, a fine flower of a novel colour; outer florets silver rose lined white; central florets sulphur white. 3s. 6d.
- MAGNUM BONUM**, rosy lilac, with lighter back; the flower heads, which are very large, are composed of broad flat fringed florets. 1s. 6d.
- MANDARIN**, clear canary yellow, florets very broad and curled. 1s.
- MARGINATUM**, a large flower of a clear lilac colour, maculated with pure white; an exceedingly curious variety. 1s. 6d.
- MEG MERRILIES**, sulphur white, large, and of curious form, belonging to the Dragon section. 1s.
- METEOR**, bright golden yellow, changing to orange; florets very long and curiously curled; a very early and free-blooming variety of the actinoid class. 1s.
- M. CHARLES HUBERT**, an enormous flower, very double, with vertical florets, of a canary yellow colour; producing large trusses of from eight to ten very fine flowers. 2s. 6d.
- MUTUAL**, violet crimson, flower-heads fringed. 1s.
- NEC PLUS ULTRA**, dark chamois, spotted with yellow, well formed and very double. 1s.
- NEGRO**, splendid dark maroon, with long curled thread-like florets. 1s.
- NUIT D'HIVER**, saffron bronze tinted brown, and tipped with golden yellow; the reverse of the florets sulphur yellow; dwarf and free. 3s. 6d.
- ORACLE**, dark rose purple; very large and showy; free and early. 1s. 6d.
- PLANTAGENET**, yellow, shading into bright orange, with broad upright florets, curling inwards; very double and attractive. 1s. 6d.
- PURPUREUM ALBUM**, rich purple, mottled and spotted white; flower-heads of medium size, and not unlike a bunch of purple and white ribbon formed into a loose tassel. 1s.
- PYRAMIDALE**, a very full flower, with erect quilled florets, of a canary yellow colour passing to brick red; it is very free, of dwarf habit, and exceedingly attractive. 1s. 6d.
- REINE DES ISLES SANDWICH**, light maroon, the florets quilled, open at the apex, and tipped with dark maroon. 1s.
- ROBERT FORTUNE**, bright orange or amber, large and very full; a splendid flower of the actinoid or thread-flowering class; it is a late blooming variety. 1s.
- ROB ROY**, tubular florets purple red with the expanded portions pale amber, like the colours of the wild Honeysuckle. 1s.
- ROSETTA**, dark rose purple; back of the florets, which are of great length, and twisted and curled in the most fantastic manner, of a silver lilac colour; a novel and curious variety. 2s. 6d.
- SIMON DELAUX**, very large flower-heads, of a bright reddish salmon colour, with long irregular florets shaded with rich gold colour. 1s. 6d.
- SOL**, clear citron yellow, with long wax-like florets. 1s.
- SPLENDENS**, transparent chrome yellow, tinted with orange; florets very long and broad, curling inwards; flower heads double, and of immense size; a free blooming and very dwarf variety. 2s. 6d.

## JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- STAR**, very large orange yellow florets, of great breadth and length, radiating from a golden disc. 1s.
- THE DAIMIO**, pale pink, changing to rosy lilac, flower-heads very large, double, and of great substance; a showy and attractive variety of the ribbon-formed section. 1s.
- THE SULTAN**, flower-heads of immense size, composed of a mass of bright rosy purple florets with a lighter back; a highly ornamental plant. 1s.
- VICEROY OF EGYPT**, deep rosy crimson and white back, first row of florets quilled, the rest very broad and curled inwards. 1s.
- VILLE D'HYÈRES**, a fine large double flower with vertical florets of a dark reddish maroon colour, regularly pointed with golden yellow; extra fine. 2s. 6d.
- WIZARD**, one of the most beautiful of the actinoid class, flowering in the form of loose tassels, of a bright red maroon colour; dwarf habit, free blooming and early. 1s.
- Y KANG KANG**, enormous flower-heads, very full, golden yellow, shaded with lilac. 1s. 6d.

## CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

## GENERAL COLLECTION.

- ABBÉ PASSAGLIA**, brassy amber, broad incurved florets; a beautiful show flower. 1s.
- AIMÉE FERRIÈRE**, silver white, beautifully tipped with rose pink, incurved and very fine. 1s.
- ALFONSO**, a late-blooming variety, producing very fine large flowers of a bright glowing crimson colour, tipped with gold; extremely showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- ALFRED SALTER**, delicate pink, a very large, fine and beautifully incurved flower. 1s.
- ARIADNE**, cream and rose, a very pleasing colour; large and fine for specimens. 1s.
- AUREUM MULTIFLORUM**, bright pure yellow, incurved, of medium size, dwarf and fine. 1s.
- AURORE**, very large and extremely full flowers, produced in immense trusses; colour buff yellow, the reverse of the florets lilac. 2s. 6d.
- BARBARA**, an exceedingly fine variety, of a very rich and bright golden yellow colour; it is a splendid show flower, very full, double and perfectly symmetrical; the florets are stiff, smooth and finely incurved; a most effective variety. 1s. 6d.
- BEAUTY OF STOKE**, yellow, suffused with amber, which becomes darker with age, very large and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s.
- BEETHOVEN**, bronzed red, with slight golden tips on the under surface; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved; very double and of free habit. 1s.
- BERNARD PALISSY**, bright fiery orange, very distinct; dwarf habit, and good pot plant. 1s.
- BEVERLEY**, large ivory white broad incurved florets of exquisite form; a splendid show flower. 1s.
- BRONZE JARDIN DES PLANTES**, bronzed orange with yellow centre; a fine incurved sport of *Jardin des Plantes*. 1s.
- BUTTERFLY**, purple, bronze and gold back, incurved; a novel combination of colours. 1s.
- CAPTIVATION**, cream, shaded and heavily bordered with carmine; a very fine double flower. 1s.
- CASSANDRA**, white, with rosy tips, incurved; an extra fine large show flower. 1s.
- CHERUB**, golden amber, with rosy tint, large and finely incurved. 1s.
- CHEVALIER DOMAGE**, bright gold, splendid colour. 1s.
- CHIEFTAIN**, a distinct and attractive flower, of a cinnamon red colour and of good shape. 1s. 6d.
- CHRISTINE (NE PLUS ULTRA)**, rosy blush, fine large flower heads. 1s.
- CLARISSA**, this is a beautiful flower, of a very delicate violet pink colour with lighter centre; the flower heads are full, incurved and well formed. 1s. 6d.
- CLEOPATRA**, blush, with rosy shade, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- CONRAD**, a magnificent flower, of a beautiful carmine colour, with pink centre; novel and distinct. 2s. 6d.
- COUNTESS OF DERBY**, a fine flower, of a beautiful shade of rose colour, with very broad incurved petals; dwarf habit. 1s. 6d.
- DAPHNE**, sulphur, incurved, a fine pot plant. 1s.
- DELIGHT**, *vide* LUTEUM FORMOSUM.
- DIDO**, sulphur white, with stiff incurved florets, very double, dwarf compact habit and very fine. 1s.
- DR. LINDLEY**, large, dark orange with amber centre; broad incurved florets. 1s.
- DR. ROZAS**, rose crimson, incurved and very fine. 1s.
- DUKE OF EDINBURGH**, rose lilac with lighter centre, very large and finely incurved. 1s.
- EMBLEM**, a fine large flower of a light rosy purple colour; very showy and effective. 1s. 6d.
- EMPRESS OF INDIA**, *vide* WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND.

## CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- ENAMEL**, delicate blush white, wide incurved florets, very double and free. 1s.
- ENSIGN**, cinnamon, shading off to yellow; very full and fine incurved form. 1s. 6d.
- ÉTOILE POLAIRE**, golden yellow, incurved and fine. 1s.
- EVE**, sulphur yellow, incurved; a delicate flower. 1s.
- EXQUISITE**, a fine variety, with very full and double blossoms, of exquisite incurved form; colour a bright golden yellow, the outer petals shaded orange and reflected salmon. 5s.
- FAUST**, bronze crimson purple, incurved and very full, extra fine dwarf habit and foliage. 1s.
- FELICITY**, pure white, with a lemon centre; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved; habit dwarf and compact. 1s. 6d.
- FINGAL**, large, rose violet with lighter back, very double and symmetrical, florets wide and finely incurved; a noble show flower. 1s.
- FLORA**, bright lilac peach, shading off to white; florets broad and finely incurved. 1s. 6d.
- FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE**, pale sulphur, very beautifully incurved; excellent for cut blooms or specimen plants. 1s.
- FORMOSUM**, pale sulphur, incurved; fine show flower. 1s.
- GARIBALDI**, red chestnut, very large attractive flower-heads. 1s.
- GAZELLE**, bright crimson tipped with yellow; an exceedingly attractive variety of dwarf compact growth; flowers large and of fine form. 2s. 6d.
- GEORGE PEABODY**, pearl white; back of florets dark lilac purple, beautifully incurved and very double; a first-rate show flower. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- GLOBE WHITE (WHITE GLOBE)**, incurved and fine. 1s.
- GLOBOSUM**, dark Indian red, of very fine incurved form and dwarf habit. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s.
- GLORIA MUNDI**, brilliant golden yellow, beautifully incurved, very high in the centre, fine dwarf habit and very free; a seedling from *Jardin des Plantes*, possessing the same glowing colour as its parent, with an improved form. 1s.
- GOLDEN BALL**, bright orange, with golden back and tips, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- GOLDEN BEVERLEY**, a fine golden canary sport of the much-esteemed *White Beverley*; a beautifully incurved show flower. 1s.
- GOLDEN CHRISTINE**, golden buff, large and fine for specimens, a sport of *Christine*. 1s.
- GOLDEN DR. BROCK**, a bright golden yellow sport of the highly-esteemed variety, *Dr. Brock*; a beautifully incurved show flower. 1s.
- GOLDEN JOHN SALTER**, golden yellow, changing to amber; a fine sport of *John Salter*. 1s.
- GOLDEN QUEEN OF ENGLAND**, golden canary, a sport of *Queen of England*, very large and fine. 1s.
- GOLDEN TRILBY**, a fine sport of *Trilby*, with clear yellow flowers, finely incurved. 1s.
- GUERNSEY NUGGET**, clear primrose yellow, very full and beautifully incurved, of immense size and great substance, fine habit and ample foliage. 1s.
- HERCULES**, very large red carmine, incurved; this, when well grown, is the largest variety known. 1s.
- HERMINE**, blush, tipped purple; incurved and extra fine. 1s.
- HEROINE**, this is an exceedingly pretty flower, all the florets, which are of a delicate blush colour, being attractively tipped with sulphur yellow; good shape. 1s. 6d.
- IONA**, bright citron yellow, beautifully incurved, high centre and a model of form. 1s.
- ISABELLA BOTT**, white, delicately tinted with rosy lilac, having a wax-like appearance, very double, large and conical, with finely incurved florets. 1s.
- JOSIAH WEDGWOOD**, bright rosy carmine, distinct colour, close and beautifully incurved. 1s.
- JULIE LAGRAVÈRE**, dark velvety crimson, finer colour than *Bob*; extra fine. 1s.
- KING OF DENMARK**, bright rosy lilac, incurved and fine. 1s.
- LADY CAREY**, large rosy lilac, with silvery back, incurved; a beautiful show flower. 1s.
- LADY HARDING**, delicate rosy pink, tipped blush, large and finely incurved. 1s.
- LADY PALMERSTON**, bright primrose yellow, large and globular, florets broad and finely incurved; a late-flowering variety. 1s.
- LADY TALFOURD**, delicate rose lilac, with silvery back, florets beautifully incurved and of a shell-like form, very double and of medium size. 1s.
- LEDA**, large white; a fine late-flowering variety. 1s.
- LE GRAND**, extra large, florets broad and stout, elegantly incurved, colour delicate rosy peach, shading to fawn, the florets next the centre faintly striped. 1s.
- L'ÉMIR**, light red crimson, incurved and fine. 1s.

## CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- LORD DERBY**, very dark purple, florets broad and finely incurved, flower-heads globular or cone-shaped ; a most splendid variety either for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.
- LORD PALMERSTON**, rose amaranth, tipped silvery blush, incurved, distinct and fine. 1s.
- LORD STANLEY**, large orange amber, finely incurved. 1s.
- LUNA**, golden yellow, with small brown tips, incurved ; a fine show flower. 1s. 6d.
- LUTEUM FORMOSUM (DELIGHT)**, fine incurved golden yellow. 1s.
- MAC MAHON**, an enormous flower, with large broad florets ; colour a beautiful rosy lilac, with white back ; a very fine, free-flowering, dwarf-growing variety. 2s. 6d.
- MARCHIONESS OF LORNE**, rich rosy lilac, with silvery back ; beautifully incurved ; a very fine flower. 1s. 6d.
- MARÉCHAL DUROC**, fine rose and lilac, incurved. 1s.
- MEMNON**, a remarkably good flower, with very fine and broad incurved florets ; colour a rich rosy purple ; good for exhibition. 1s. 6d.
- MEYERBEER**, rosy purple, with lighter back, very finely incurved. 1s.
- MISS HOPE**, delicate lilac, shading off to white in the centre, very fine form. 1s.
- MODEL**, bright rosy pink, large, very double and finely incurved ; a model of form. 2s. 6d.
- MONARCH**, dark Indian red ; back of the florets golden yellow ; finely incurved and of immense size ; a magnificent show flower. 2s. 6d.
- MOUNT EDGUMBE**, transparent sulphur white, delicately tinted with rose ; very large, double and beautifully incurved. Figured in the *Floral Magazine*. 1s. 6d.
- M. NARDY AINÉ**, a fine large flower, of a very bright rosy salmon colour, with the reverse of the florets white ; an extremely dwarf and free-flowering variety. 2s. 6d.
- MR. BRUNLEES**, large Indian red, with tips incurved ; a fine showy flower. 1s.
- MR. GEORGE GLENNY**, a very fine large flower of a bright amber or straw colour. 1s. 6d.
- MR. MURRAY**, velvet rose, very full and fine. 1s.
- MR. WYNESS**, violet blue, incurved ; a beautiful colour. 1s.
- MRS. E. MILES**, bright yellow, very double and finely incurved. 1s.
- MRS. G. RUNDLE**, white, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- MRS. HUFFINGTON**, beautiful medium-sized flower-heads, blush white, with large and distinct tips of purple, finely incurved and of good habit. 1s.
- MRS. MOGGRIDGE**, silver lilac, with high centre, compact medium-sized flower-heads. 1s.
- MRS. W. HOLBORN**, ivory white, large and finely incurved. 1s.
- MRS. WREFFORD MAJOR**, deep rose, very close and compact, fine form and dwarf habit. 1s.
- MULBERRY**, dark mulberry, not large, but incurved, fine and very distinct. 1s.
- NE PLUS ULTRA**, *vide* CHRISTINE.
- NORMA**, ivory white, with short stiff florets ; a very fine conservatory and pot plant. 1s.
- NOVELTY**, large blush, beautifully incurved, but requires good cultivation. 1s.
- ONDINE**, cream, tipped rose lilac and lighter-centre, fine incurved form. 1s.
- ORANGE ANNIE SALTER**, a distinct and beautiful sport of the well-known *Annie Salter*, with bright orange flowers ; well-adapted for specimen plants or the conservatory. 1s.
- OSSIAN**, large rose, incurved, very double and free ; an attractive conservatory plant. 1s.
- PINK PEARL**, delicate pink, with silvery shade, finely incurved. 1s.
- PINK PERFECTION**, soft pink, the lower florets tinted with a darker shade ; flower-heads large and of exquisite form, composed of broad incurved wax-like florets of great substance. 1s.
- PLENIPO**, rose purple, with silvery shade ; very double, close and of large size. 1s.
- POUDRE D'OR**, reddish orange, very early and full. 1s.
- PRINCE OF WALES**, dark purple violet, with lighter shade, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- PRINCESS**, a beautiful variety, the flower-heads, which are of good form and nicely incurved, being of a soft lilac pink colour. 1s. 6d.
- PRINCESS BEATRICE**, this variety has grand incurved flower-heads, of the finest form and style, and the colour is a beautiful lively tint of rosy pink ; a splendid show flower. 1s.
- PRINCESS LOUIS OF HESSE**, rose pink, incurved blush, fine dwarf conservatory plant. 1s.
- PRINCESS MARIE**, rose, incurved ; a fine show flower. 1s.
- PRINCESS OF TECK**, pure white, very large, full and beautifully incurved, of superb form and dwarf habit ; a fine plant either for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.
- PURPUREUM ELEGANS**, rich purple violet or crimson, with half-incurved florets, of medium size, very double and free ; a scarce and most attractive shade of colour. 1s.
- QUEEN OF THE WHITES**, large white, full and incurved. 1s.
- REFULGENS**, a fine flower of good form ; colour a deep claret crimson ; very attractive. 2s. 6d.

## CHINESE OR LARGE-FLOWERED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- RENOWN, bright orange and lighter centre ; flower-heads very large and full ; finely incurved. 1s. *6d.*
- RIFLEMAN, dark ruby, beautifully incurved, fine for cut blooms or specimens. 1s.
- RIVAL LITTLE HARRY, dark yellow or golden amber, very double and finely incurved ; a seedling from *Little Harry*, with broader florets and more robust habit, but equally dwarf. 1s.
- ROBERT JAMES, vivid cinnamon and orange, very broad florets, finely incurved. 1s.
- ROSA MUTABILIS, delicate peach, veined rose, broad incurved florets, dwarf habit. 1s.
- ROTUNDIFLORUM, pearl white, changing to pale lilac as the flower-head expands, (when it becomes a complete ball ; florets broad, stiff and finely incurved ; a sport from *Beverley*. 1s.
- SAINT PATRICK, ruby red, finely incurved, large, free and fine for cut blooms. 1s.
- SAM SLICK, ruby, with bronze points, very double, of dwarf habit ; distinct and fine. 1s.
- SAMUEL BROOME, red cinnamon, with orange centre ; incurved ; a fine late-blooming variety. 1s.
- SAUMAREZ, bright chestnut red, with short, stiff, broad, incurved florets. 1s.
- SERAPH, sulphur, with yellow centre, finely incurved. 1s.
- SIR STAFFORD CAREY, dark brown chestnut, with golden points, large, and finely incurved ; a very distinct and striking flower. 1s.
- STAFFA, golden yellow, with stiff incurved florets of wax-like appearance. 1s.
- STELLARE, amber, with a distinct yellow tip ; florets smooth and finely incurved, cone-shaped ; novel in colour, and fine for cut blooms or exhibition. 1s.
- STELLARIS GLOBOSA, carmine crimson and white, incurved ; a beautiful show flower. 1s.
- SULPHUREUM SUPERBUM, clear sulphur yellow, very double and fine for specimens. 1s.
- THE GLOBE, fine incurved bluish. 1s.
- THEMIS, fine rose, incurved. 1s.
- VENUS, large lilac peach, beautifully incurved. 1s.
- VESTA, ivory white, incurved ; a fine show flower. 1s.
- VOLUNTEER, amaranth violet, with close incurved florets, dwarf and fine habit. 1s.
- WHITE EVE, pure white, of exquisite form and wax-like appearance. A fac-simile, except in colour, of the much admired *Eve*, of which it is a sport. 1s.
- WHITE GLOBE, *vide* GLOBE WHITE.
- WHITE QUEEN OF ENGLAND (EMPRESS OF INDIA), a sport of *Queen of England*, ivory white, finely incurved. 1s.
- YELLOW KING, a sport of *King*, large yellow, incurved ; a noble late flower. 1s.
- YELLOW PERFECTION, golden yellow, incurved and of splendid form. 1s.
- ZEPHYR, salmon red and yellow, incurved and fine. 1s.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to make good selections of 100 in 50 varieties for 75s.

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—ANEMONE-FLOWERED.

- ACQUISITION, bright rose lilac and yellow disc ; guard florets broad and regular ; centre very high and round ; a splendid flower. 1s. *6d.*
- BIJOU, bright rose purple ; guard florets broad and stiff ; disc high and finely formed ; a splendid variety. 2s. *6d.*
- FAIR MARGARET, delicate rose pink, distinct colour. 1s.
- FINETTE, a delicate lilac peach, with lighter centre ; guard florets broad and well arranged. 1s.
- HANDEL, dark rose, with white incurved florets. 1s.
- KING OF ANEMONES, large, crimson purple ; very fine and distinct. 1s.
- LADY MARGARET, large white anemone, with double row of guard florets. 1s.
- LOUIS BONAMY, large lilac, with high centre, very fine. 1s.
- MADAME GODERAU, fine sulphur. 1s.
- MARGARET OF NORWAY, light red and gold centre. 1s.
- MISS EYRE, bluish, with yellow centre, medium size, dwarf habit, and very free. 1s.
- MISS MARGARET, a very pure white, with fine and full high centre. 1s.
- PRINCE OF ANEMONES, large lilac bluish, and fine high centre. 1s.
- PRINCESS CHARLOTTE, rosy bluish, with high centre of darker colour ; dwarf and free. 1s.
- PRINCESS LOUISE, delicate rosy lilac, with a full high centre ; very fine. 1s.
- PRINCESS MARGUERITE, lilac pink, with lighter centre. 1s.
- PRINCESS THYRA, white with high sulphur centre ; guard florets broad and well formed. 1s.
- VIRGINALE, pure white ; a very dwarf late-flowering variety. 1s.

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS.—POMPONS, LILIPUTIANS AND HYBRIDS.

- AGATHA**, a beautiful dwarf variety ; flowers very full and double, of a blush pink colour, the petals tipped with gold ; very pretty. 3s. 6d.
- AIGLE D'OR**, hybrid, splendid canary yellow. 1s.
- AMPHILLA**, a most useful and effective variety, flowers of a bright glowing red colour. 2s. 6d.
- AMY**, clear yellow, dwarf habit, fine form and free. 1s.
- ANNETTE**, silvery lilac tipped with purple ; creamy white towards the centre of the flower ; full, and of good form. 5s.
- APOLLO**, chestnut and yellow ; a fine incurved variety. 1s.
- ARABELLA**, hybrid, blush. 1s.
- ARIOSTO**, a fine flower of an attractive amaranth crimson colour, slightly shaded with yellow ; very dwarf and prettily fringed. 3s. 6d.
- AURORE**, very fine bright orange coloured flowers of perfect form. 2s. 6d.
- BARRA**, crimson, shaded with purple ; a beautiful flower with good broad florets ; very fine. 2s. 6d.
- BERROL**, golden yellow ; extra fine for specimen plants. 1s.
- CAPELLA**, dark red chestnut with orange centre, very dwarf and attractive. 1s.
- CENDRILLON**, a full double flower of a rosy lilac colour, the reverse of the florets white ; a dwarf-growing and early-flowering variety. 2s. 6d.
- CHAMPS ELYSÉES**, an attractive flower of a rich violet amaranth colour ; extra fine. 2s. 6d.
- CLEMENTINE**, a first-rate hybrid variety producing medium sized flowers of a rich lemon yellow colour. 3s. 6d.
- DANAE**, bright gold, very dwarf, abundant bloomer and fine for specimens. 1s.
- DIOGÈNE**, a beautifully imbricated flower of a showy amaranth colour. 2s. 6d.
- DRIN DRIN**, clear yellow ; very fine. 1s.
- ERNEST BENARY**, an extremely full well-formed flower, white, tinted with rose ; very dwarf and free. 2s. 6d.
- FABIOLA**, a very dwarf-habited variety, freely producing large corymbs of pretty lilac flowers with fine broad florets. 2s. 6d.
- FAIREST OF THE FAIR**, lilac blush, with silvery tips, dwarf habit and very fine. 1s.
- FAIRY**, lemon, with dark orange border. 1s.
- FLORENCE**, dark cherry, very fine ; a most attractive colour and abundant bloomer. 1s.
- GÉNÉRAL CANROBERT**, pure yellow ; very fine for specimens. 1s.
- GOLDEN CIRCLE**, bright golden orange, of dwarf habit and fine for specimen plants. 1s.
- HECLA**, an attractive variety, producing flowers of a very bright amaranth colour. 2s. 6d.
- HÉLÈNE**, fine rosy violet. 1s.
- IDA**, pale clear yellow ; very fine. 1s.
- IRIS**, white, tipped with bright pink, double and of fine form. 1s.
- JASON**, bright clear amaranth ; a beautifully formed medium-sized hybrid flower, distinct and attractive ; of dwarf habit and very free flowering. 3s. 6d.
- JULIA ENGELBACK**, yellow and brown points, very distinct and fine. 1s.
- LA Foudre**, a fine full flower of a dark fiery red colour, somewhat of the form of a Ranunculus. 2s. 6d.
- LA VOGUE**, bright gold ; fine. 1s.
- LEONORA**, a novel and effective variety, with prettily fringed flowers of a rich yellow colour, tipped with purple. 2s. 6d.
- LE PARNASSE**, clear violet ; an extremely effective flower. 2s. 6d.
- LITTLE BEAUTY**, white, bordered with delicate rose pink ; very full and fine. 1s.
- LITTLE CREOLE**, brown orange, very dwarf compact habit, and free. 1s.
- LITTLE KATE**, blush, with primrose centre, fine form and compact habit. 1s.
- LIZZIE HOLMES**, canary yellow, with rosy tint, of exquisite form, free and dwarf. 1s.
- LUCIEN CABOCHE**, light rose pink, new colour and fine. 1s.
- LUCINDA**, rosy lilac and blush, full and fine. 1s.

## POMPON, LILIPUTIAN AND HYBRID CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Continued.

- LUCRÈCE**, a splendid variety producing finely-formed fimbriated flowers of a very brilliant orange colour shaded with reddish brown. 2s. 6d.
- MADAME DE VATRY**, rose lilac and white. 1s.
- MADAME EUGÈNE DOMAGE**, pure white, very fine. 1s.
- MADAME FERRAND**, clear rosy lilac, all the florets finely embroidered with pure white, flower medium, reflexed; a very fine variety. 1s.
- MADAME RIVAL VERNE**, a very dwarf and free-flowering variety, producing fine trusses of full well-formed creamy white flowers; excellent for bedding. 2s. 6d.
- MADEMOISELLE MARTHE**, very fine, dwarf, white. 1s.
- MADEMOISELLE OPOIX**, a semi-double flower of a very bright yellow colour; dwarf, free and well adapted for bedding. 2s. 6d.
- MARC AURÈLE**, a variety of dwarf growth, producing a profusion of purple flowers, all the florets of which are tipped with gold. 2s. 6d.
- MIRANDA**, bright rose fringed, extra fine and very distinct, with the odour of violets. 1s.
- MR. VAN HOUTTE**, very fine chestnut, almost a ball. 1s.
- MRS. CAMPBELL**, white bordered with cherry, fine. 1s.
- MRS. DIX**, blush, bordered with rose, full size; very double; the finest flower of this colour. 1s.
- M. ULRICH**, a very fine full flower, of a reddish amaranth colour tipped with white. 2s. 6d.
- MUSTAPHA**, dark brown crimson, very free. 1s.
- OLIVAR**, a fine hybrid, extremely dwarf and floriferous; clear light brown flowers of excellent form; very distinct and pretty. 3s. 6d.
- PABLO**, fine flowers, excessively full and beautifully fringed; rose colour slightly tinged with purple; very showy and attractive. 2s. 6d.
- PERICLES**, rich purple bordered with golden yellow; extra fine. 2s. 6d.
- PETIT MIGNON**, a very pretty little flower, with fimbriated florets of a dark mauve colour, tipped with yellow. 3s. 6d.
- POLYCARP**, this variety produces medium-sized flowers of a light rosy peach colour, prettily fringed. 2s. 6d.
- PRÉCOCITÉ**, a remarkably free-flowering variety, producing its pretty light yellow flowers in the utmost profusion. 1s. 6d.
- PRÉSIDENT DECAISNE**, rosy carmine, fine violet scented. 1s.
- PRINCE VICTOR**, dark red maroon, double and fine. 1s.
- PROSERPINE**, a very dwarf variety of a bright yellow colour. 3s. 6d.
- PYGMIE**, bright gold, very double and of dwarf habit; a most curious little Liliputian, and the smallest Chrysanthemum ever seen. 1s.
- RAJAH**, a very floriferous variety of dwarf habit, producing medium-sized flowers of a bright rose colour. 2s. 6d.
- ROSE D'AMOUR**, clear rose, full size, very fine and free and of dwarf habit. 1s.
- ROSE TREVENNA**, rosy blush, extra fine. 1s.
- ROSINA**, an extremely pretty flower of a beautiful pink colour, the back of the florets bright carmine. 2s. 6d.
- SAINT JUSTIA**, red and orange, fine. 1s.
- SAINT MICHAEL**, very bright gold, equal in colour to *Jardin des Plantes*, dwarf habit. 1s.
- SALAMON**, dark rose carmine, very free and fine. 1s.
- SINDBAD**, bronzed rosy purple, very double and fine form. 1s.
- THE COUNTESS**, blush, tinted lilac; a beautiful little Pompon, flowering in compact bouquets. 1s.
- THERMOS**, a very pretty variety, producing extremely double flowers of a bronzy cinnamon colour, shaded with yellow. 3s. 6d.
- TIMOUR**, medium-sized flowers, of a rich canary yellow colour, tipped and shaded with rosy purple; the plant is of dwarf habit and exceedingly free flowering. 2s. 6d.
- TROPHÉE**, rose mottled, fine. 1s.
- URANIE**, amaranth, pencilled white, very fine. 1s.
- WHITE TREVENNA**, a fine white sport of the well-known *Rose Trevenna*, so highly prized for its exquisitely formed flowers. 1s.

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS—ANEMONE-FLOWERED POMPON.

- CALLIOPE**, bright ruby red, with full high centre, very fine. 1s.  
**CEDO NULLI**, hybrid, white, with brown points. 1s.  
**EUGÈNE LAUJAULET**, hybrid, yellow with orange centre, fine. 1s.  
**FIREFLY**, bright capucin scarlet with high centre, a very distinct and striking colour. 1s.  
**GRACE DARLING**, fine lilac with blush centre. 1s.  
**LILAC CEDO NULLI**, rose lilac, fine for specimens. 1s.  
**MADAME MONTELS**, hybrid, white with yellow centre, very distinct and beautiful. 1s.  
**MARIE STUART**, lilac blush with high sulphur centre; very fine. 1s.  
**MISS NIGHTINGALE**, blush with white centre, very full and fine. 1s.  
**MR. ASTIE**, golden yellow, dwarf and splendid form. 1s.  
**MRS. WYNESS**, rose lilac, high centre, free and fine. 1s.  
**SIDONIE**, lilac with high blush centre, full sized. 1s.

## NEW AND CHOICE BEDDING AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

### BOUARDIA ALBA ODORATA.

A very fragrant variety, the flowers, which have a long tube, are white, and of great substance, the plant lasts a long time in bloom. 1s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA BICOLOR.

A very pretty and distinct summer-flowering hybrid; the flowers have a purple tube tinted with blue, and delicately mottled flesh-coloured lobes, tipped with white. 3s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA CANDIDISSIMA.

One of the finest of the white-flowered group, of neat, open, shrub-like habit. Its peculiar divergent style of growth displays its numerous terminal racemes of pure white trumpet-shaped blossoms to great advantage. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA HUMBOLDTII CORYMBIFLORA.

This splendid hybrid is a great improvement on *B. Humboldtii*, for instead of one solitary flower on each branch as in that variety, it produces ample thyrse-like racemes of large fine snow white flowers, which are exquisitely scented, similar to orange blossoms. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA JASMINOIDES LONGIPETALA.

A distinct hybrid variety, of similarly free vigorous growth to *B. jasminoides*, and flowers half as large again. It is very floriferous, producing compact thyrse-like racemes of large pure white trumpet-like blossoms, which are delightfully fragrant. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA LONGIFLORA FLAMMEA.

This beautiful variety is an improved type of *B. longiflora*. The tube of the flower is rosy blush, forming a very elegant contrast with the broad, well-expanded, starry, bright, salmon-coloured lobes. The blossoms are deliciously fragrant. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA MAIDEN BLUSH.

This desirable variety is of neat habit and a profuse bloomer; the flowers are of a bright blush pink colour; very distinct and effective. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

### BOUARDIA MULTIFLORA.

A remarkably neat-growing species, of dwarf, compact, much branched habit, freely producing numerous violet-coloured flower-tubes, tipped with white. It is extremely distinct and effective. 3s. 6d. and 5s.

### BOUARDIA ORIFLAMME.

An exceedingly attractive variety, producing flowers of a rich vermilion scarlet colour. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.



**BOUVARDIA QUEEN OF ROSES.**

A pretty variety, producing large clusters of bright rosy pink fragrant blossoms. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA ALBA.**

A handsome hybrid intermediate between *B. Hogarth* and *B. jasminoides*, of free well-branched habit. The flowers are produced in terminal and axillary compact clusters, the terminal ones much larger; the flower-tubes cream-tinted, with broad pure white lobes. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**BOUVARDIA UMBELLATA CARNEA.**

The flowers of this variety are very fragrant, clear cream white, changing to a delicate rosy blush colour. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**BOUVARDIA VREELANDII.**

A beautiful variety, somewhat similar to *B. Hogarth* in habit and form, but of the purest white colour. The flowers are of excellent substance and stand well, thus rendering the plant invaluable for decorative purposes. It is an admirable plant for winter blooming. 1s. and 1s. 6d.

**CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.**

An effective plant for sub-tropical gardening. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

**CANNAS.**

These striking foliage plants, so effective for sub-tropical gardening and border grouping, 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

**COLEUS.**

The utility of the Coleus for ornamental purposes, whether for bedding or for decoration, where coloured-leaved or variegated plants are desired, is well-known; they are easily grown and make fine specimens in a short time. Price 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

**COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTURATA, vide page 5.**

**COPROSMA BAUERIANA VARIEGATA.**

This is a very useful variegated-leaved bedding plant, and for border or ribbon planting is extremely effective; indeed, it is one of the most attractive and useful of summer bedding plants.

It has moderate-sized glossy obovate leaves, which are bright green in the centre, with very broad white marginal variegation, this marginal portion being creamy yellow in a young state, which diversity adds much to the beauty of the plant. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**DAHLIAS.**

Choice Exhibition Varieties, 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Choice Exhibition Varieties, Fancy flowers, 9s., 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Dwarf Bedding Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

Bouquet or Pompon Varieties, 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

**DELPHINIUMS.**

These handsome flowering perennials are extremely showy and effective; the various shades of blue in their fine spikes of blossom render them one of the most attractive features in a garden. 18s., 30s. and 42s. per dozen.

**ECHEVERIA CARINATA.**

A fine greenhouse succulent of hybrid origin, obtained by crossing *E. metallica* and *E. atropurpurea*. It has leaves of the purpuraceous glaucous hue of those of *E. metallica*, but they are longer and ovate in outline, and are folded so as to be deeply channelled or keeled—whence the name. 5s.

<b>ECHEVERIA ATROPURPUREA</b> , 1s. 6d.	<b>ECHEVERIA CÆRULESCENS</b> , 2s. 6d.
and 2s. 6d.	and 3s. 6d.
„ <b>CLAVIFOLIA</b> , 5s.	„ <b>ERECTA</b> , 5s.
	„ <b>FERREA</b> , 5s.

## ECHEVERIA GLAUCO-METALLICA.

A very distinct and fine hybrid between *E. secunda glauca* and *E. metallica*; the leaves are nearly as large as in *E. metallica* and intermediate in colour between the parents, having the deep glaucous hue of the former, with the bronzy tint of the latter. The plants, which are stemless, are formed of rosette tufts of leaves, similar to those of *E. secunda glauca*, but much larger. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**ECHEVERIA GRANDISEPALA**, 7s. 6d.

” **IMBRICATA**, 5s.

” **LUTEO-GIGANTEA**, 3s. 6d.

**ECHEVERIA METALLICA**, 1s. 6d. & 2s. 6d.

” **MUTABILIS**, 5s.

” **OVATA**, 7s. 6d.

## ECHEVERIA PRUINOSA.

A very distinct hybrid between *E. linguifolia* and *E. coccinea*; it has obovate-lanceolate foliage, green, covered with a white pubescence, which is more apparent on the central leaves. 5s.

## ECHEVERIA RETUSA FLORIBUNDA SPLENDENS.

An exceedingly useful and effective winter and spring blooming variety, of compact growth, with neat glaucous green foliage. It is very free flowering, producing from twenty-five to thirty blossoms on a stem. The flowers are of a rich red colour, with brilliant yellow centre. 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

## ECHEVERIA RETUSA GLAUCA.

A distinct hybrid between *E. retusa* and *E. secunda glauca*; the plants, which are stemless, form neat tufts and produce freely, for many months in succession, stout flower stems about 18 inches high, surmounted with corymbs of bright red flowers having yellow centres. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**ECHEVERIA ROSEO-PICTA**, 7s. 6d.

” **SCAPHYLLA**, 5s.

**ECHEVERIA SECUNDA**, 9d. each; 6s. per doz.

” ” **GLAUCA**, 9d. each;  
6s. per doz.

## ECHEVERIA SECUNDA GLAUCA MAJOR.

A fine hybrid between *E. secunda glauca* and *E. metallica*; the leaves and general character of the plant resemble those of *E. secunda glauca*, but are much larger than in that variety; the plants are stemless and form rosette tufts, about 12 inches in diameter. It is very distinct and free-growing. 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

## ECHEVERIA SPATHULATA.

A robust-growing variety, with very glaucous foliage. The leaves are remarkably thick, of large size and spatulate form. The flowers are white, the extremities of the petals tinted with carmine. 5s.

**HUMEA ELEGANS**, 1s., 1s. 6d. and 2s. 6d.

**LANTANAS**, of sorts, 9s., 12s. and 18s. per doz.

## HELIOTROPE MARIE BOPPE.

A very fine variety, of good habit, producing crowded umbels of large flowers of a beautiful lilac colour on a white ground. 2s. 6d.

## HELIOTROPE OTHELLO.

This variety is extremely attractive; the flowers are of a very dark blue colour and are borne in immense umbels on stiff stalks; foliage very dark. 2s. 6d.

## LOBELIA ERINUS.

This dwarf-growing section of the Lobelias is exceedingly useful and effective. Their neat and compact habit and the redundancy with which their blossoms are produced, render them almost invaluable for bedding, especially for edgings and ribbon borders.

**ANNETTE**, lilac, with white eye prettily spotted with lilac. 1s. 6d.

**BLUE BONNET**, bright blue, with white centre, spotted with dark blue. 1s. 6d.

**CELESTIAL**, celestial blue, with white centre, attractively spotted with indigo blue. 1s. 6d.

**CÆRULEA ALBO-MARMORATA FLORE-PLENO**, a distinct and effective variety, of free growth, producing most profusely its beautiful double flowers, which are of a lovely cœrulean blue colour, attractively marbled and spotted with white. 3s. 6d.

**LOBELIA ERINUS—Continued.**

- DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH**, a free-blooming variety of good compact habit, producing profusely pure white flowers. 1s. 6d.
- IMPERIAL**, a splendid variety, of a lovely turquoise blue colour with clean attractive white centre ; of close compact habit. 1s. 6d.
- MAGNIFICA**, a dwarf bedding variety, of the *pumila* section ; admirably effective for masses ; the flowers are of a deep indigo blue colour. 1s. 6d.
- OMEN**, a beautiful rose-coloured flower, with distinct white eye. 2s. 6d.
- PUMILA FLORE-PLENO**, this splendid variety produces in the greatest profusion fine large double flowers of a beautiful blue colour ; it is a most desirable acquisition and an exceedingly attractive and valuable bedding plant. 1s. and 1s. 6d.
- SERENA**, pure white, with upper lobes and tube light blue. 1s. 6d.
- VIOLETTA**, a charming light blue, with distinct white eye spotted with blue ; a fine large flower, very effective and pretty. 1s. 6d.

**HERBACEOUS LOBELIAS.**

- MARVEL**, puce, with light centre ; an exceedingly attractive and well-formed flower. 3s. 6d.
- RINGLEADER**, light purple, a very pretty colour ; free grower. 1s. 6d.
- SIPHILITICA GRANDIFLORA**, very light pink, with white eye ; a pretty flower. 1s. 6d.
- UMPIRE**, violet puce, with light centre ; dwarf habit, throwing fine spikes of flower. 3s. 6d.

**MIMULUS.**

The new and improved varieties of this showy flower are very handsome, many of them blotched or freckled and spotted, on white, sulphur and yellow grounds ; the lobes margined with crimson and maroon. Selections at 9s., 12s. and 18s. per dozen.

**PENTSTEMONS.**

As an attractive and decorative plant, either for flower beds or borders, the modern varieties of Pentstemon have scarcely any rival, their cultivation being of the easiest description, while they are suitable to almost any soil and their large and showy flowers are given with a remarkable redundancy from June to September. Choice sorts, 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

**NIEREMBERGIA RIVULARIS**, 1s. 6d. | **PELARGONIUMS**, *vide* Index.

**PETUNIAS.**

Choice selections of double-flowered kinds, including blotched, fringed and variegated varieties, 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

Choice selections of single-flowered kinds, including striped, blotched and reticulated varieties, 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

**NEW STRIPED PHLOX, CROIX D'HONNEUR.**

An extremely attractive variety, giving immense spikes of large well-formed flowers of a beautiful rosy mauve colour ; each petal being distinctly and effectively margined with white, thus giving the flower the appearance of a cross. 2s. 6d.

**PHLOXES (HERBACEOUS).**

Selections of good and choice kinds at 12s., 18s. and 30s. per dozen.

**PRATIA ANGULATA.**

A dwarf herbaceous perennial, with slender glabrous stems furnished with small roundish angulately-toothed leaves, and comparatively large pale blue flowers, which in some forms have a short and in others a long peduncle. It is a very variable species, and is sometimes called *Lobelia littoralis*. In New Zealand, its native country, it is abundant in watery places and on moist banks, sometimes reaching on the Southern Alps an elevation of 5,000 feet. 3s. 6d.

**SALVIA CARDUACEA.**

A showy biennial producing large blue flowers. It grows from 1 to 2 feet high, has white woolly leaves and is very spiny. 3s. 6d.

**SALVIA GRAHAMI PURPURATA**, 1s.

**SALVIA HEERII**, 1s.

| **SALVIA VERSCHAFFELTII**, 1s.

**SALVIA NIGRESCENS.**

An herbaceous species discovered in Bolivia by M. Roezl. It is of robust growth, with oblong cordiform leaves, which are whitish above and woolly underneath, and have a strong aromatic odour. The flowers are produced in very long drooping bunches, and are of a dark violet colour with beautiful lavender blue calyx. 3s. 6d.

**SALVIA SCHIMPERI.**

A distinct species from the Mountains of Abyssinia. It has stout pubescent stems, bearing thick ovate-lanceolate leaves, clothed on both surfaces, especially beneath, with white woolly hairs. Its pure white flowers grow in a twiggy branched panicle, and are subtended by broad floral leaves or bracts. 3s. 6d.

**SEMPERVIVUM CHRYSANTHUM.**

A useful and attractive succulent, of branching shrubby habit. The stems are as thick as one's finger, and terminate in flattened rosulate heads of spatulate acute leaves, 3 to 4 inches long, of a pale glossy green colour, and finely ciliated at the margin. The plants form a branched conical mass about a foot and a half high and as much through, and produce spikes of pale yellow flowers. 2s. 6d.

<b>SEMPERVIVUM ARACHNOIDEUM,</b> 9d.	<b>SEMPERVIVUM GLOBIFERUM,</b> 9d.
" <b>ARBOREUM,</b> 1s.	" <b>GLUTINOSUM,</b> 3s. 6d.
"    " <b>ATRO-</b>	" <b>HAWORTHII,</b> 1s.
<b>PURPUREUM,</b> 2s. 6d.	" <b>HIRTUM,</b> 9d.
" <b>CALCAREUM (CALI-</b>	" <b>PITTONI,</b> 9d.
<b>FORNICUM),</b> 9d. & 1s.	" <b>SPECIOSUM,</b> 2s. 6d.
" <b>CILIATUM,</b> 1s. 6d.	" <b>TECTORUM,</b> 9d.

**STENOTAPHRUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM.**

A curious and ornamental grass, introduced from New South Wales, and well adapted for a greenhouse basket plant, since it has freely creeping stoloniferous stems, which rapidly spread over the surface of the ground, rooting at every node. The shoots are compressed, and the blades spreading, freely striped with creamy white, the flattened sheathing bases being also striped in the same way. It is remarkably distinct, and grows well out of doors during summer. 3s. 6d.

**VERBENAS.**

**CHOICE KINDS,** for bedding and pot culture, at 9s. and 12s. per dozen.

**VERONICA CHAMÆDRYS AUREA.**

A golden-leaved form of this pretty plant, which for garden decorative purposes will be an acquisition. 2s. 6d.

<b>WIGANDIA CARACASANA,</b> 3s. 6d.	<b>WIGANDIA MEXICANA,</b> 3s. 6d.
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**ROSES.**

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will be happy to supply choice selections of Roses at the following prices :—

	PER DOZEN.	
<b>NEW VARIETIES</b> . . . . .		42s.
<b>SUPERIOR SELECTED STANDARDS,</b> in fine varieties . . . . .	18s., 24s. & 30s.	
<b>HALF STANDARDS,</b> in fine varieties . . . . .	18s. & 24s.	
<b>DWARFS,</b> in fine varieties . . . . .	12s. & 18s.	
<b>CLIMBING,</b> in pots, the best, selected from Noisette, Banksian, Macartney, Hybrid China, Ayrshire, Boursault and Evergreen . . . . .	12s. & 18s.	
<b>TEA-SCENTED,</b> in pots . . . . .	18s., 24s. & 30s.	
<b>HYBRID PERPETUALS,</b> finest varieties, in pots . . . . .	18s., 24s. & 30s.	

*Extra-sized plants of the best varieties of Roses, in pots, for Exhibition or Forcing, at 3s. 6d., 5s. and 7s. 6d. each.*

## Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S SEED CATALOGUE,

Published in January, contains descriptions and prices of all the most desirable novelties in Flower Seeds, saved from extra fine carefully selected stocks, including the following:—

Asters	Cyclamens	Pelargoniume	Portulaccas
Balsams	Fuchsias	Petunias	Primulas
Begonias	Hollyhooks	Phlox	Stocke
Calceolarias	Lobelias	Picotees	Wallflowers
Carnations	Marigolds	Pinks	Zinnias
Cinerarias	Pansies	Polyanthue	&c., &c.

Also Ornamental-foliaged Plants, so much used now for sub-tropical gardening.

Descriptions and prices of the best and most popular seeds that can be offered for the Kitchen Garden, Farm, Flower Garden, Conservatory, &c., &c.

## BULB CATALOGUE,

Published in September, contains selected descriptive priced lists of all the best Dutch, English and various other Flower Roots, including Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissi, Liliuns, &c., &c.

## CHOICE GLADIOLUS.

This beautiful tribe of plants should be largely planted everywhere, because:—

They are perfectly hardy and easily grown.

They are gorgeously beautiful.

Their handsome epikes of flowers are useful for cutting.

Their flower buds expand and last a long time when cut and placed in water.

They are effective for conservatory decoration when planted in pots.

They are charming when introduced into borders among Evergreens.

Planted by hundreds among Rhododendrons, they brighten and enliven the beds during the summer and autumn months; inexpensive kinds can be supplied for this purpose.

Gladiolus spikes are invaluable for decorating vases and epergnes.

Gladiolus flowers have so many recommendations, that

Scarcely too much can be said in their favour.

Orders for the above are booked throughout the year at the following prices, and the bulbs supplied in January, February, or March.

1	Assortment of 12 Fine varieties, by name	- - - - -	6s. and 0 9 0
2	" 12 Choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	0 12 0
3	" 12 Extra choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	0 18 0
4	" 12 New and extra choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	1 10 0
5	" 25 Extra choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	1 5 0
6	" 50 Extra choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	2 10 0
7	" 25 New and extra choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	2 10 0
8	" 50 New and extra choice varieties, by name	- - - - -	5 0 0

## FOREIGN ORDERS.

Plants, Seeds, &c., for transmission abroad, selected and packed with the greatest possible care in Bull's Patent Plant Cases or close boxes, according to the nature of the goods, and despatched by the best Routes, Mail Steamers, Clipper-Ships and Railways, to any part of the world.

A remittance must accompany all Foreign Orders.

## EXPORTING.

Mr. W. B. is continually receiving the most gratifying accounts of the excellent condition in which both the plant and seed orders entrusted to him reach their destinations and the satisfaction given by the selections made.

Post-Office Orders to be made payable at KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, S.W.

Cheques to be crossed "LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK."

The following are a few of the Specimens in Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Winter Garden and other Plant Houses.

Mr. W. B. has a large stock of smaller sizes of most of the plants quoted, as also of many others. Sizes and prices can be had on application.

- AGAVE AMERICANA VARIEGATA**, fine specimen plants, 6 and 8 guineas each
- ALSOPHILA LEICHARDTIANA**, *vide* page 130.
- ARAUCARIA CUNNINGHAMII**, about 3 ft. high. 3 guineas
- ARECA SAPIDA**, about 3 ft. high, and spreading nearly 5 ft. 8 guineas
- CAMELIA ADONIS**, 5 ft. 6 in. high. 3½ guineas
- „ **ALBA PLENA**, 7 ft. 6 in. high. 18 guineas
- „ **BEALII**, 4 ft. high. 3½ guineas
- „ **BORSIG**, 5 ft. high. 3 guineas
- „ **COMTE DE GOMER**, 3 ft. 6 in. high. 2 guineas
- „ **DUC DE MORNAY**, 4 ft. high. 4 guineas
- „ **FERRANDI**, 3 ft. 6 in. high. 3½ guineas
- „ **GÉNÉRAL DROUOT**, 2 ft. 9 in. high. 2 guineas
- „ **IMBRICATA**, 5 ft. 4 in. high. 10 guineas
- „ **MADAME DE STREKALOFF**, 3 ft. high. 2 guineas
- „ **MARCHIONESS OF EXETER**, 5 ft. high. 3 guineas
- „ **MATHOTIANA**, 4 ft. 8 in. high. 3 guineas
- „ **MATHOTIANA**, 6 ft. 6 in. high. 9 guineas
- „ **MONARCH**, 6 ft. high. 6 guineas
- „ **PRINCE DE CANINO**, 5 ft. 3 in. high. 9 guineas
- „ **PRINCESSE MARIE**, 7 ft. 3 in. high. 9 guineas
- CHAMÆDorea SARTORII**, about 5 ft. high. 6 guineas
- CHAMÆROPS EXCELSA**, 2½ to 3 ft. high. 4 guineas each
- „ **EXCELSA**, 3 to 4 ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **EXCELSA**, 4 to 4½ ft. high. 6 guineas each
- „ **EXCELSA**, 5 to 6 ft. high. 8 guineas each
- „ **EXCELSA**, about 6 ft. high. 10 guineas each
- „ **EXCELSA**, 6 to 7 ft. high, a handsome plant. 15 guineas
- „ **EXCELSA**, about 7 ft. high, and spreading about 8 ft.; circumference of trunk at base about 2 ft. 25 guineas
- „ **EXCELSA**, about 8 ft. high, and spreading 6 to 7 ft.; circumference of trunk at base about 2 ft. 40 guineas
- CHAMÆROPS HUMILIS**, trunk about 3 ft. 4 in. high, head about 2½ ft. high. 8 guineas
- „ **HUMILIS**, trunk about 3 ft. 4 in. high and about 2 ft. in circumference, head about 3 ft. high. 30 guineas
- „ **HUMILIS ELEGANS**, about 3½ ft. high. 8 guineas
- „ **HUMILIS ELEGANS**, about 3 ft. high. 10 guineas
- CORYPHA AUSTRALIS**, 2 to 2½ ft. high. 3 guineas each
- „ **AUSTRALIS**, 2½ to 3 ft. high. 4 guineas each
- „ **AUSTRALIS**, 3 to 3½ ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **AUSTRALIS**, 3½ to 4 ft. high. 7 guineas each
- CYATHEA BURKEI**, *vide* page 131.
- „ **DEALBATA**, *vide* pages 129, 130 and 131.
- „ **DREGEI**, *vide* page 131.
- „ **SMITHII**, *vide* pages 129 and 131.
- CYCAS MEDIA**. Mr. W. B. has recently imported a large number of the finest specimens of this rare Cycad ever introduced into Europe. Trunks of various sizes, ranging from 3 to 14 ft. high, from 5 to 25 guineas each
- „ **REVOLUTA**, trunks about 1 ft. 9 in. high. 7, 8 and 9 guineas each
- „ **REVOLUTA**, trunks about 2 ft. high. 10 and 12 guineas each
- „ **REVOLUTA**, trunk about 5½ ft. high; probably the finest specimen in Europe. 40 guineas
- DÆMONOROPS MELANOCHÆTES**, 3 to 4 ft. high. 4 guineas each
- DICKSONIA ANTARCTICA**, *vide* pages 128 to 130.
- „ **SQUARROSA**, *vide* page 130.
- DION EDULE**, handsome specimens, 4, 5, 8 and 10 guineas each
- „ **EDULE**, a magnificent specimen; trunk about 3 ft. 3 in. high. 25 guineas
- DRACÆNA AUSTRALIS**, about 4 ft. high. 3 guineas each
- „ **AUSTRALIS LINEATA**, about 4 ft. high. 4 guineas each
- „ **AUSTRALIS LINEATA**, 4 to 5 ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **AUSTRALIS VEITCHII**, fine plants of various sizes. 4, 5 and 6 guineas each

## SPECIMEN PLANTS—Continued.

- ENCEPHALARTOS HORRIDUS**, trunk about 1 ft. 9 in. high and about 3 ft. in circumference; fronds nearly 3 ft. long. 15 guineas
- „ **VILLOSUS**, handsome plants of various sizes. 3, 4 and 5 guineas each
- „ **VILLOSUS**, handsome specimens, 6 and 7 guineas each; extra fine specimens of this exceedingly beautiful plant, 8 and 10 guineas each
- „ **VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS**, handsome plants with stout trunks. 10 and 15 guineas each
- „ **VROOMII**, trunk about 4½ ft. high; fronds about 4 ft. long. 40 guineas
- EUTERPE EDULIS**, about 4 ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **EDULIS**, about 5 ft. high. 6 guineas each
- FERNS, TREE**, *vide* pages 128 to 131.
- GEONOMA PUMILA**, 3½ to 4 ft. high. 4 guineas each
- „ **PUMILA**, about 5 ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **PUMILA**, about 6 ft. high. 8 guineas each
- „ **SCHOTTIANA**, about 4 ft. high. 6 guineas
- HYOPHORBE VERSCHAFFELTII**, about 4 ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **VERSCHAFFELTII**, about 5 ft. high. 6 & 8 guineas each
- LAPAGERIA ALBA**, fine plants. 8, 10, and 15 guineas each
- „ **ROSEA**, on a trellis about 3 ft. 9 in. high and about 1 ft. 6 in. through. 8 guineas
- „ **ROSEA**, on a trellis about 3 ft. 3 in. high, and about 1 ft. 9 in. through. 10 guineas
- „ **ROSEA**, on a trellis about 5 ft. high, and about 2½ ft. through. 20 guineas
- LATANIA BORBONICA**, 2½ to 3 ft. high. 3 guineas each
- „ **BORBONICA**, from 3 to 3½ ft. high. 4 guineas each
- „ **BORBONICA**, 3½ to 4 ft. high. 5, 6 and 7 guineas each
- „ **BORBONICA**, 4 to 5 ft. high. 8 and 10 guineas each
- „ **BORBONICA**, about 4, 5 and 6 ft. high, and spreading, 6 to 7 ft. 10 and 12 guineas each
- LATANIA BORBONICA**, a magnificent specimen, about 5 ft. high and spreading 8 to 10 ft. 15 guineas
- „ **BORBONICA**, a magnificent specimen, about 6 ft. high, and spreading 8 to 10 ft. 18 guineas
- MACROZAMIA SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 ft. high and about 3 ft. in circumference. 4, 5 and 6 guineas each
- „ **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 ft. high and about 3½ ft. in circumference. 7 and 8 guineas each
- „ **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1 ft. 3 in. high and about 4 ft. in circumference. 10 guineas each
- „ **SPIRALIS**, trunk about 1½ ft. high and about 3 ft. 9 in. in circumference; an unique specimen. 15 guineas
- MUSA ENSETE**, fine specimens. 6, 8, and 10 guineas each
- PALMS**, *vide* pages 133 to 149.
- PHENIX HUMILIS**, about 6 ft. high and spreading about 9 ft. 15 guineas
- „ **RECLINATA**, 11 to 12 ft. high. 18 guineas
- PHORMIUM COLENZOI VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 5, 6, 8, 10 and 15 guineas each
- „ **TENAX VARIEGATUM**, fine specimens. 4, 5, 6 and 8 guineas each
- PTYCHOSPERMA CUNNINGHAMII**, about 3 ft. high. 3½ guineas each
- „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 3½ ft. high. 4 guineas each
- „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 4 ft. high. 5 guineas each
- „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, 4 to 5 ft. high. 6 guineas each
- „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, about 5 ft. high. 7 guineas each
- „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, 5 to 6 ft. high. 8 guineas each
- „ **CUNNINGHAMII**, a magnificent plant, about 8 ft. high. 20 guineas
- SEAFORTHIA ELEGANS**, *vide* *Ptychosperma Cunninghamii*.
- TREE FERNS**, *vide* pages 128 to 131.
- YUCCA ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA**, 1 to 1½ ft. high. 2 and 3 guineas each
- „ **ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA**, about 2 ft. 3 in. high. 4 guineas
- „ **ALOIFOLIA VARIEGATA**, about 3 ft. high. 5 guineas.

Mr. W. BULL has a staff of thoroughly experienced packers, so that plants of any size or in full bloom can be safely sent any distance without the least injury.

WILLIAM BULL, F.L.S.,

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE NOBILITY AND GENTRY ABOUT TO FURNISH  
CONSERVATORIES TO AN INSPECTION OF THE

MAGNIFICENT SPECIMEN ORNAMENTAL PLANTS

IN HIS

WINTER GARDEN,

SOME OF WHICH ARE THE MOST HANDSOME IN EUROPE;

THEY COMPRISE

VARIEGATED ALOES AND YUCCAS  
UNIQUE MACROZAMIAS AND ENCEPHALARTOS  
NOBLE PALMS AND MUSAS  
BEAUTIFUL CAMELLIAS AND LAPAGERIAS,  
CURIOUS CYCAS AND AGAVES  
PICTURESQUE PHORMIUMS AND DRACÆNAS,

AND

THE LARGEST AND BEST STOCK IN EUROPE

OF

TREE FERNS,

Well-established, with handsome and graceful heads.



THE COLLECTION OF

CYCADACEOUS PLANTS

IS UNEQUALLED IN EXTENT, AND IN THE SIZE AND BEAUTY OF THE SPECIMENS.



Amateurs having plants that have grown too large for their Greenhouses or  
Conservatories, can have them exchanged for New and Rare Plants, on application to  
Mr. WILLIAM BULL, who will also be happy to take any duplicates or large plants of  
the older sorts of Orchids in exchange for small plants of the newer kinds, or other  
New Plants.



ESTABLISHMENT FOR NEW AND RARE PLANTS,  
KING'S ROAD, CHELSEA, LONDON, S.W.





## PRIZE CUP,

Specially designed by Messrs. ELKINGTON & Co., to be awarded for Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S  
New Introductions, *vide* pages 176 to 179.

# PRIZES FOR NEW PLANTS.

Mr. WILLIAM BULL having offered, through the Royal Horticultural Society,  
ONE THOUSAND POUNDS

for New Plants of his own introduction, begs to announce that the third annual series of Prizes, amounting to £260, will be distributed in Silver Cups, this year, as follows:—

### FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

### FOR NURSERYMEN.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

The above Six Silver Cups will be given at the principal Show to be held at Kensington in 1876, and at the Provincial Show of the Royal Horticultural Society in 1876, the following Six Silver Cups will also be given:—

### FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

### FOR NURSERYMEN.

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

In each and all cases the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. BULL'S introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1873. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. BULL'S Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can be easily referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the Twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one prize at a time in each class.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan or vase.

## A SERIES OF SILVER CUPS

as follows, will be given to those not having previously won any of Mr. WILLIAM BULL'S Silver Cups:—

### FOR PRIVATE GROWERS,

- 1st Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 15 guineas.
- 2nd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.
- 3rd Prize, a SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

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The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan or vase.

*For Plants available for the above Cups, vide pages 178 and 179.*

Mr. WILLIAM BULL will also give the following prizes this year, for 12 New Plants of his introduction, sent out since the commencement of 1873.

### FOR PRIVATE GROWERS.

- BLACKBURN . . . A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.  
 BLACKBURN . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

The above Prizes are confined to growers in Lancashire.

- PLYMOUTH . . . A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.  
 PLYMOUTH . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

The above Prizes are confined to growers in Devon, Cornwall, Somerset, Dorset and Gloucestershire.

- DUBLIN . . . . A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.  
 DUBLIN . . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

The above Prizes are confined to growers in Ireland.

- LEEDS . . . . A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.  
 LEEDS . . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

### FOR NURSERYMEN.

- PLYMOUTH . . . A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.  
 PLYMOUTH . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

The above Prizes are confined to growers in Devon, Cornwall, Somerset, Dorset and Gloucestershire.

- DUBLIN . . . . A SILVER CUP, value 10 guineas.  
 DUBLIN . . . . A SILVER CUP, value 6 guineas.

The above Prizes are confined to growers in Ireland.

In each and all cases, the above Prizes to be offered for Twelve New Plants of Mr. W. BULL's introduction, and sent out since the commencement of 1873. The plants available for these prizes to comprise only those announced in Mr. W. BULL's Catalogues, as sent out by him for the first time. The Catalogues can easily be referred to, or a list of the plants had on application.

In each and every entry, the names of the twelve Plants to be exhibited must be sent with the entry. Exhibitors can only compete for one Prize at a time.

The Twelve Plants must be twelve distinct species or varieties, but each may be composed of one or more individual plants, if grouped in one pot, pan or vase.

*For Plants available for the above Cups, vide pages 178 and 179.*

## LIST OF PLANTS AVAILABLE FOR EXHIBITION

FOR MR. WILLIAM BULL'S SILVER CUPS.

## NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1873.

ALOCASIA ILLUSTRIS	DORYANTHES PALMERI	MACROZAMIA	CORALLIPES
ALPINIA VITTATA	DRACÆNA BAPTISTII	GYRATA	
ARALIA GUILEFOLEI	— COMPACTA	— ELEGANTISSIMA	
ARISTOLOCHIA GALEATA	— FRASERI	— SPIRALIS EBURNEA	
ASTRAGALUS SERICEO-ALBUS	— IMPERIALIS	NIDULARIUM SPECTABILE	
— SERICEO-SULPHUREUS	— INSCRIPTA	ODONTOGLOSSUM ROEZZII	
BIGNONIA RETICULATA	— ORNATA	PASSIFLORA CAPSULARIS	
BOMAREA BOGOTENSIS	— SHEPHERDII	PHAIUS BERNEYSII	
BOWENIA SPECTABILIS	ERYTHRINA BOGOTENSIS	PHYLLANTHUS NIVOSUS	
CARICA AURANTIACA	— INDICA ALBA	POINSETTIA PULCHERRIMA	
COPERNICIA (CORYPHA) CERIFERA	GLADIOLUS PURPUREO-AURATUS	ROSEO-CARMINATA	
CROTON LIMBATUS	GREVILLEA FORSTERII	STADMANNIA AMABILIS	
CYATHEA BURKEI	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) CRUENTUS	STROBILANTHES CONSANGUINEUS	CONSANGUINEUS
— DREGEI	— — FULGIDUS	TABERNÆMONTANA WAL-LICHIANA	WAL-LICHIANA
DIEFFENBACHIA NOBILIS	— — PUNICEUS	VRIESIA RETICULATA.	
DIOSCOREA ILLUSTRATA	IRIS TOMIOLOPHA		

## NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1874.

ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM ALBUM	DRACÆNA PICTA	MARTINEZIA GRANATENSIS
BERBERIS CORDIFORMIS	— PRINCEPS	MEDINILLA AMABILIS
BIGNONIA AURANTIACA	DYCKIA LEMAIREANA	NOTONIA GRANDIFLORA
BILBERGIA SAUNDERSII	ENCEPHALARTOS VILLOSUS AMPLIATUS	PEDILANTHUS TITHYMALOIDES VARIEGATUS
BORONIA MEGASTIGMA	ERANTHEMUM MARMORATUM	— — — CUCULLATUS
CAMPSIDIUM FILICIFOLIUM	ERYTHRINA PARCELI	PELARGONIUM QUEEN VICTORIA
COFFEA LIBERICA	GONOLOBUS CUNDURANGO	PHYLLOTENIUM MIRABILE
CROTON MAJESTICUS	GYMNORHAMMA DECOMPOSITA	PLECTOCOMIA ANDERSONI
— SPIRALIS	HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) KERMESINUS	PLEOCNEMIA LEUZEANA
— VOLUTUS	HIPPEASTRUM VITTATUM HARRISONIÆ	PTERIS SERRULATA CRISTATA VARIEGATA
DIOSCOREA ARGYREA	IRIS KOROLKOWII	SPATHIPHYLLUM PICTUM
DIPLADENIA BREARLEYANA	MACROZAMIA CYLINDRICA	STENOTAPHIUM GLABRUM VARIEGATUM
DRACÆNA ALBO-ROSEA	— PLUMOSA	STEUDENERA DISCOLOR
— FORMOSA	MARANTA CONCIINA	TILLANDSIA MUSAICA.
— GRANDIS		
— ILLUSTRIS		
— NIRO-STRIATA		

## NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1875.

*ACALYPHA MARGINATA*  
*ALOCASIA ROEZHII*  
 — — COSTATA  
*ANTHURIUM CANDIDUM*  
*ARALIA ELEGANTISSIMA*  
*ARISÆMA SPECIOSUM* Hook-  
 ERIANUM  
*ARTOCARPUS CANNONI*  
*ASTROCARYUM ARGENTEUM*  
 — FILARE  
*AUCUBA JAPONICA LUTEO-PICTA*  
*BERTOLONIA SUPERBISSIMA*  
*BILBERCIA CHLOROSTICTA*  
*CATAKIDZAMIA HOPEI*  
*CINNAMOMUM SERICEUM*  
*COLOCASIA ARGYRONEURA*  
*COVELLIA RHIZOCARPA*  
*CRINUM ORNATUM RUBRO-VIT-*  
 TATUM  
*CROTON CHRYSOPHYLLUS*  
 — IMPERIALIS  
 — TRILOBUS

*CURMERIA ROEZHII*  
*CYCAS NORMANBYANA*  
*DEMONOROPS ORNATUS*  
*DALECHAMPIA ROEZHIANA ALBA*  
*DESMONCUS GRANATENSIS*  
*DRACENA GEMMA*  
 — RUBELLA  
*ERANTHEMUM ATROPURPUREUM*  
 — MOOREI  
 — RETICULATUM  
 — VESICOLOR  
*GONIOPHLEBIUM GLAUCOPHYL-*  
 LUM  
*HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) VIVI-*  
 CANS  
*LAPORTEA SCHOMBURGII VER-*  
 SICOLOR  
*LILIUM BLOOMERIANUM OCEL-*  
 LATUM  
 — TIGRINUM JUCUNDUM  
*MARANTA BELLA*  
 — INSCRIPTA  
 — LEOPARDINA

*MARANTA PINNATO-PICTA*  
 — PORPHYROCAULIS  
 — PRASINA  
*MARTINEZIA LEUCOPHLEUS*  
*MASDEVALLIA MACRURA*  
*ONCIDIUM BALDERRAME*  
 — CARDERI  
 — PLAGIANTHUM  
 — TETRACOPIS  
*PALICOUREA ORNATA*  
*PANAX OBTUSUM*  
*PAULLINIA OCEANICA*  
*PELARGONIUM BEAUTY OF*  
 OXTON  
*PHALENOPSIS CASTA*  
 — LEUCORRHODA  
*RHEUM NOBILE*  
 — OFFICINALE  
 — PALMATUM TANCHUTICUM  
*SABAL CÆRULESCENS*  
*SCHÆLLIA IMPERIALIS*  
*TODEA INTERMEDIA.*

## NEW PLANTS SENT OUT IN 1876.

*ACALYPHA TORTA*  
*ARALIA ARMATA*  
 — GRACILLIMA  
 — MACULATA  
*ASTROCARYUM CRANATENSE*  
*BATEMANNIA WALLISII*  
*BLANDFORDIA PRINCEPS*  
*BRAHEA FILAMENTOSA*  
*BRUGMANSIA COCCINEA*  
*CARUMBUM POLYANDRUM*  
*CHAMEDOREA FORMOSA*  
*COPROSMA BAUERIANA PICTU-*  
 RATA  
*CROTON BISMARCKI*  
 — CONGINNUS  
 — CONTORTUS  
 — MACAFEEANUS  
 — MORTII  
 — PICTURATUS  
 — ROYAL PRINCE  
 — SPLENDIDUS

*CROTON TRILOBUS ALBERTI*  
 — — DISRAELI  
 — — LORD CAIRNS  
 — — TRAVELLER  
*DIEFFENBACHIA AMABILIS*  
 — FLAVO-VIRENS  
 — ILLUSTRIS  
 — LANCEOLA  
 — MACULOSA  
 — VITTATA  
*DRACENA AMBOYNSENSIS*  
 — AMENA  
 — COCCINEA  
 — DECORA  
 — EBURNEA  
 — REX  
 — ROSACEA  
 — STELLA  
 — VIRGINALIS  
*ERANTHEMUM TRICOLOR*  
*EUCARIS CANDIDA*

*FICUS ROEZHII*  
*GEONOMA CARDERI*  
*GRIFFINIA ORNATA*  
*GUSTAVIA GRACILLIMA*  
*HIBISCUS (ROSA-SINENSIS) BRIL-*  
 LIANTISSIMA  
*ISOLOMA MOLLIS*  
*IXORA RECINA*  
*MACROPIPER EXCELSUM AUREO-*  
 PICTUM  
*MECONOPSIS WALLICHI*  
*ODONTOGLOSSUM CIRRHOSUM*  
*PESCATORIA ROEZHII*  
*PHYLLANTHUS ATROPURPUREUS*  
*PTICAIRNIA PLATYPHYLLA*  
*POLYCONUM TOMENTOSUM*  
*PTERODISCUS SPECIOSUS*  
*RICHARDIA MELANOLEUCA*  
*RONNBERGIA MORRENIANA*  
*TYPHONIUM BROWNII*  
*VITEX TRIFOLIA VARIEGATA.*

NEARLY 50,000 SUPERFICIAL FEET OF GLASS FILLED WITH  
NEW AND RARE PLANTS.

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