

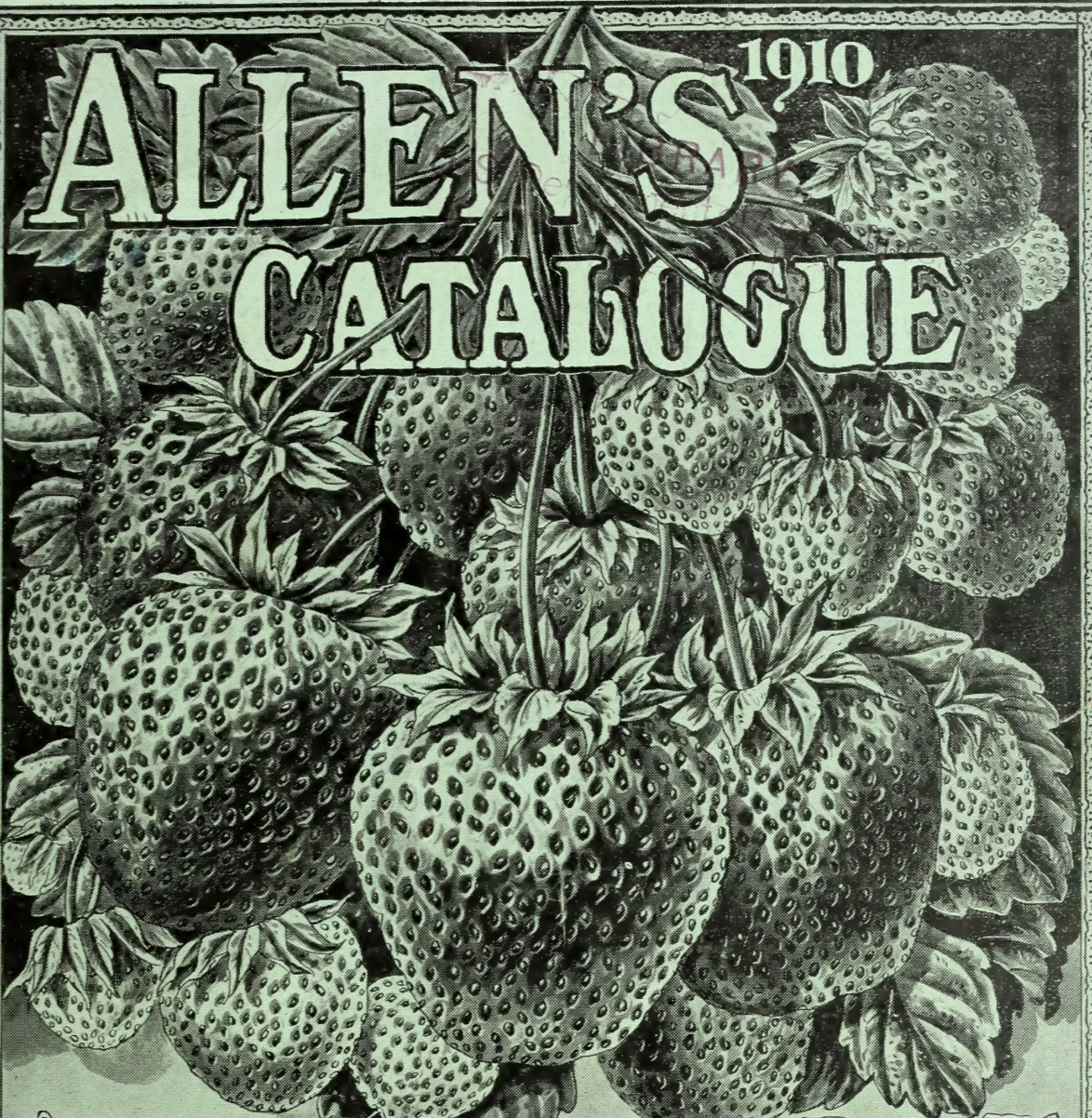
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1910
ALLEN'S
CATALOGUE



CHOICEST STRAWBERRY PLANTS
AND OTHER SMALL FRUITS,
VEGETABLE SEEDS ETC

W. F. ALLEN
SALISBURY, MARYLAND

COPYRIGHT, 1910 W. F. ALLEN

Nineteen Hundred and Ten



SINCE handing you my last catalogue we have all passed another milepost along life's highway and I hope that every reader of Allen's catalogue finds himself or herself happier, wiser or richer than you were one year ago. And now that you were launched on our craft on the broad sea of 1910 let us strive with all our might to make good pilots and let us be ever watchful lest we miss some friendly breeze that would promote our calling and fill our sails with success: let us clear our deck for action with a determination to make this voyage of 1910 a memorable one by bringing our ship in port with flying colors and heavily laden with a rich cargo. As to whether this comes true will in most cases depend largely on our own efforts.

1909 with me has been a decided success. Our plant and seed business has increased fully twenty-five per cent over any previous year and for this I am indebted to several thousand satisfied customers many of whom have sent their friends to me for plants. I fully appreciate such confidence and goodwill of those who have dealt with me and assure you I shall always try hard not to give you cause to regret sending your orders to me or recommending your friends to do so. We have again had a very dry summer and the plant crop is quite short in general, not only in this section but in many others. By constant cultivation, heavy fertilization and increased acreage I have succeeded in growing a good substantial stock of most varieties and especially the good old standard kinds. In order to take good care of our customers and their friends I shall do very little if any advertising this season. I followed this course last year in order to take good care of my customers and they have

taken good care of me and I believe they will do so again. We were never better equipped to handle your business than we are now. It is my constant aim to please every customer and we have almost succeeded in doing so there being only four or five real complaints to every thousand orders filled, and we are now growing more of the things that our people want, such as Gooseberries, Currants, Raspberries, Blackberries, Grape Vines, Ornamental Shrubbery, Hedge Plants, Chrysanthemums, Hardy Phlox, Dahlias, Cannas, etc. Vegetable plants so have become quite an item having sold several million the past season. We expect to increase this trade this season and shall prepare to do so.

Before closing these few preliminary remarks I want to thank you for that order you sent me this year, for you will, won't you? It is indeed gratifying to be able to say that our sales for 1909 went far ahead of any previous year and it was you kind friends that made it possible and I think the business was handled the best, the promptest and the most satisfactory of any previous season. But we are not satisfied yet, we expect to excel even last year's record in every way and we want all our friends and their friends to stay right with us and if we do not please you it will not be because we do not try.

Again thanking you most sincerely for your orders and for your kind words to others (of which we have many evidences) I hope to again soon be busy filling your orders which I assure you I shall try to do to your entire satisfaction. May happiness and prosperity be served with a liberal hand to every reader of this catalogue is the sincere wish of
Yours faithfully,

W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Please Read This, and then, Please Read It Again

We fill Strawberry plant and other small fruit plant and Shrubbery orders any time after November 1st during November, December, January, February, March April and until May 1st. From May 1st to May 10th we will fill a limited number of orders on any stock that is unsold and put it in the very best possible order but at purchaser's risk as to results.

After May 10th and during June, July, August, September and October we most positively will not fill any orders for small fruit plants. (This however does not apply to vegetable or flower plants.)

During March and April the great planting season almost our entire attention and that of over one hundred employees is given up to filling plant orders.

We are willing to answer any questions during the summer months as promptly as possible, if written in a short letter and to the point. Long letters are subject to long delays. This notice was made necessary from the fact that we receive hundreds of orders for strawberry plants during the summer months when we have no plants in fit condition to transplant and when not one in ten could make even good plants grow if we could send them, unless it were potted plants which we do not grow at all. Thanking you for your attention, I remain,
Yours faithfully,

W. F. ALLEN,
Salisbury, Md.

THE STRAWBERRY'S TRIUMPH OVER THE DEVIL AND HOW IT HAPPENED.

When the angel made shad the devil was mad,
For it seemed such a feast of delight;
So, to ruin the scheme, he plunged into the stream
& stuck in the bones out of spite.

When the strawberry red first illumined its bed
The angel looked down and was glad;
But the devil, 'tis said, fairly pounded his head,
For he'd stuck all his bones in the shad.

ANON.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

ORDERS SHOULD BE SENT IN JUST AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER RECEIVING THIS CATALOGUE. IT IS BETTER FOR YOU AS WELL AS THE NURSERY-MAN.

TIME OF SHIPMENT.—From the time you receive this catalogue to May 1st. By far the larger part of our shipments are made during March and April. Bermuda, Cuba, Florida, California and other similarly located sections are supplied anytime during the fall and winter after November 1st.

GUARANTEE.—I guarantee plants ordered by mail or express to reach customers in good condition when promptly taken from the express office and opened at once.

CLAIMS, IF ANY, MUST BE MADE ON RECEIPT OF GOODS. I CANNOT BECOME RESPONSIBLE FOR STOCK THAT IS ALLOWED TO LAY AROUND YOUR STATION OR EXPRESS OFFICE, FOR NEGLECT OF PURCHASER OR HIS EMPLOYEES TO CARE FOR STOCK AFTER IT HAS BEEN RECEIVED, OR FOR MISFORTUNES PERPETRATED BY DROUGHT, FLOODS, FROSTS, INSECTS, ETC. THESE THINGS ARE ENTIRELY BEYOND MY CONTROL. IT WOULD SEEM UNNECESSARY TO MENTION THE ABOVE, BUT THERE SEEMS TO BE OCCASIONAL "FREAKS" WHO ORDER PLANTS AND THINK THAT I SHOULD BECOME RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR OWN MISMANAGEMENT, FOR ALL UNFAVORABLE CONDITIONS OF THE WEATHER AND FOR ALL THE INSECTS THEY HAPPEN TO BE HARBORING ON THEIR PREMISES. I WISH TO SAY, HOWEVER, THAT WHEN THERE IS A JUST CLAIM PROMPTLY REPORTED, I ALWAYS TRY TO MAKE IT RIGHT WITH THE CUSTOMER.

AT PURCHASER'S RISK.—Plants shipped by freight will be at purchaser's risk, and all small fruit plants shipped after May 1st will be packed and shipped in best condition possible, but always at purchaser's risk.

PACKING.—I make no charge for boxing or packing at rates quoted in this catalogue. Everything is delivered f. o. b. trains at rates named. OUR PRICE INCLUDES THE PACKING AND THE PACKAGE.

TWENTY-FIVES.—All plants are tied twenty-five in a bundle.

PAYMENT.—Invariably cash in advance. It is my desire that all customers should have the very best of success and, strange as it may seem, plants that are not paid for seldom do well.

REMIT by Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft. Postage Stamps will be accepted for the fractional parts of a dollar, the larger denominations preferred. Foreign customers will please send Money Order on Salisbury, Maryland, or Bank Draft payable in New York.

TRUE TO NAME.—While I use every precaution to have all PLANTS, SEEDS, etc., true to name (and I believe we come as near doing this as anyone in the business) I will not be responsible for any sum greater than the cost of the stock should any prove otherwise than as represented.

THE PRIZE AWARDS for best dozen and second best dozen Strawberry plants sent me in 1908 to fruit in 1909 has been paid as per offer in 1908 catalogue as follows:

Twilley & Huffington (W. J. Twilley of Accomac Co., Va., and E. Parker Huffington of Wicomico Co., Md.) \$200.00 for best dozen Strawberry plants of new variety now named "TWILLEY."

Thos. J. Custis of Northampton Co., Va., \$100.00 for second best dozen Strawberry plants of new variety now named "LEA."
For further information see descriptions.

— MARYLAND —

STATE HORTICULTURAL DEPARTMENT
DEPARTMENTS OF ENTOMOLOGY
AND
VEGETABLE PATHOLOGY
SAVING AND GENERAL INSECT
AND EXPERTISE STATION



R. W. DILLISTON,
PRESIDENT AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE
Phos. T. A. BYBINE,
STATE ENTOMOLOGIST
Phos. J. A. & H. WORTON,
STATE PATHOLOGIST

CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION
No. 29

To Whom It May Concern:

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That on the 27 day of August 1909 you examined the Nursery Stock of *W. J. Twilley* growing in *his* nurseries at *Salisbury* County of *Wicomico* (State of Maryland, 1898, CHAPTER 285, SECTION 58, and that said nurseries and premises are apparently free, so far as can be determined by inspection, from the San Jose Scale, Peach Yellow, Pear Blight and other dangerously injurious insect pests and plant diseases.

This certificate is invalid after August 31, 1909 and does not include nursery stock not grown within this State, unless such stock is personally examined by certificate and accepted by the State Entomologist and State Pathologist.

Thos. J. Custis State Entomologist
J. A. & H. Worton State Pathologist

COLUMBIA PARK, MD. Aug 27 1909

NUMBER OF PLANTS REQUIRED TO SET AN ACRE OF GROUND AT A GIVEN DISTANCE.

Rows	24 inches apart,	plants 12 inches in row	
24	12	12	17,424
30	12	15	14,520
42	12	18	12,446
48	12	18	10,390
24	15	15	17,424
30	15	15	13,939
36	15	15	11,616
42	15	15	9,953
48	15	15	8,712
24	18	18	14,520
30	18	18	11,616
36	18	18	9,680
42	18	18	8,297
48	18	18	7,260
24	24	24	10,890
30	24	24	8,712
36	24	24	7,260
42	24	24	6,223
48	24	24	5,445
24	30	30	8,712
30	30	30	6,969
36	30	30	5,808
42	30	30	4,976
48	30	30	4,356

It has always been my custom to give strawberry plants first place in my catalogue and so I intended this time. The catalogue was to be 56 pages but when it was put in type there were 64 pages and the middle section had been printed before all the type was set. This left no other alternative except to put four pages of other matter in front, which explains why our Shrubbery Department precedes our Strawberry Plant Department.

Awaiting your orders, I remain,
Very respt'
W. F. ALLEN.

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ORNAMENTAL SHRUBBERY

All Shrubbery and Shade Trees are quoted f o. b. Salisbury, Md., receiver to pay transportation.

AMELOPSIS VEITSCHII (Boston Ivy).—A rapid growing assiduous vine. Handsome green foliage assuming charming sun tints in the fall. Perfectly hardy and the most popular of all vines. Each 15c; \$1.50 per dozen.

CLEMATIS, P. G.—The most desirable, useful and beautiful of hardy garden vines, being a luxuriant grower, profuse bloomer and possessing fine foliage. Particularly useful for covering verandas, pillars, fences, where a trellis or support can be provided for it to climb on. The white flowers are very pretty, fragrant and produced in the greatest profusion in late summer. Strong field-grown plants, 35c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

DEUTZIA, LEMOINEI.—A popular bush with snow-white flowers borne abundantly along the slender branches; 12 to 15 inches. Each 20c; 12 for \$2.00.

FORSYTHEA, Suspensa (Weeping Golden Bell). Characterized by the graceful drooping habit, and frequently planted by itself, or used for covering arches and trellises.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 35c each; \$3.50 per dozen.

FORSYTHEA, Fortunei.—Bark bright yellow; blooms in dense masses of golden flowers very early in the spring.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

HIBISCUS, ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon), Lady Stanley.—Double pink; 12 to 18 inches. Each 20c; \$2.00 dozen.

HIBISCUS, ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon), Ardeus.—Double blue; 12 to 18 inches. Each 20c; \$2.00 dozen.

HIBISCUS, ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon), Alba Plana.—Double white; 12 to 18 inches. Each 20c; \$2.00 dozen.



DEUTZIA, LEMOINEI.

DEUTZIA, Pride of Rochester.—A profuse bloomer, very graceful and handsome. Double white flowers tinted pink.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

DEUTZIA, Crenata.—Flowers double, pinkish white, in spikes 5 inches long; one of the most satisfactory shrubs; tall and of rapid growth.

12 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 35c each; \$3.50 per dozen.

DEUTZIA, Gracilis.—A fine, hardy shrub forming a round and compact mass of white flowers in June; also used for forcing for winter flowers.

10 to 12 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

SURE THEY WILL DO WELL.

New York City, May 15, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—The plants you shipped reached me in good condition. They are coming along nicely, and I am sure they will do well. Thanking you for your kindness in the matter, I am,
Very truly yours,
GEO. A. BEATON.

PENN. DUTCHMAN "DANDY."

Crawford Co., Mo., January 22, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
My Dear Sir—I am a Pennsylvanian, and for that reason I noticed your remarks about the Pennsylvania Dutchman. Last year I sent and got a few plants, and they are dandy; the finest and best plants I have, and stand more drouth than any other variety.
Yours truly,
NEWTON JONES.

THE BEST HE EVER BOUGHT.

Cumberland Co., Pa., April 14, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—I received the plants you sent me. They were fine, the best I ever bought.
Your friend,
W. W. WHITCOMB.

I AM PLEASED TO PLEASE YOU.

Stack Co., Ohio, April 4, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—We received the plants and seeds O. K. I think every one of the plants will grow. I must say I never saw any better plants, for which I wish to thank you.
Yours truly,
GEORGE BERRANG.

HIBISCUS, ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon), Duc De Brabant.—Double red; 12 to 18 inches. Each 20c; \$2.00 dozen.

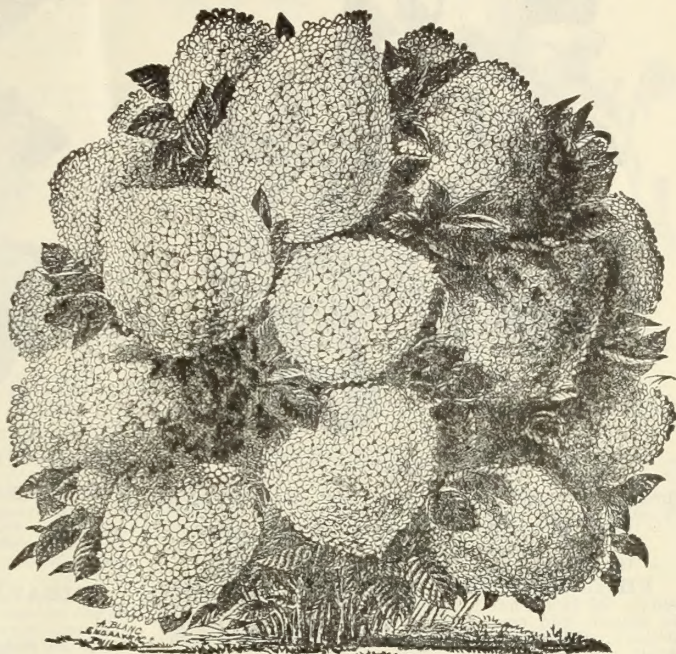
HYDRANGEA, P. G.—Blooms from July to September. There is no shrub more showy than this favorite Hydrangea, whose branches are bent beneath the weight of the huge white flower-cluster. The illustration will give you some idea of the bush in full bloom, but we think it hardly does it justice. As the season advances the panicles fade into tints of pink, red, and sometimes green. A vigorous grower in nearly all soils, and hardy in most parts of the United States. Should be in all collections; valuable as a specimen and useful for grouping. 12 to 15 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per doz. 15 to 18 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

JASMINUM (Jellow Jasmine), Nudiflorum.—Blooms in February and March. Hardy only in sheltered places North of Philadelphia. Admired for its yellow flowers in the first warm days of spring. 15 to 18 inches, 30c each; \$2.50 per doz. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each; \$4.00 per doz.

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM California Privet.—Widely known as a hedge plant. It is a vigorous grower anywhere, endures the unnatural condition of cities and is one of the best shrubs for hedge planting. The half evergreen, glossy foliage and pure white flowers in July make it an ornamental shrub that is generally useful. This plant is so universally known and so generally used for hedges that a description of it is scarcely necessary. It is a rapid grower under all conditions, has handsome, glossy foliage that lasts well into winter and withstands any amount of trimming. We have a very large stock of especially fine plants that are splendidly rooted and not to be compared with a great deal of the weak stuff offered by agents. If you are intending to plant a hedge I solicit your order and guarantee satisfaction. 12 to 15 in., 40c doz.; \$1.25 per 100; \$10.00, 1,000. 15 to 18 in., 50c doz.; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.50, 1,000. 18 to 24 in., 60c doz.; \$2.00 per 100; \$18.00, 1,000. 2 to 2 1-2 feet, 75c doz.; \$3.00 per 100; \$25.00, 1,000.

LIGUSTRUM, AMURENCE. Amoor River Privet.—Oblong, glossy green foliage, half evergreen. Will grow to 15 feet if not trimmed. A variety I strongly recommend; useful for shrub or for hedging. 12 to 15 in., 50c doz.; \$2.00 per 100; \$18.00, 1,000. 15 to 18 in., 75c doz.; \$2.50 per 100; \$20.00, 1,000.

LIGUSTRUM, IBOTA.—True upright ibota. Large, glossy, distinct foliage; large, fragrant white flowers, produced in great profusion. Used principally

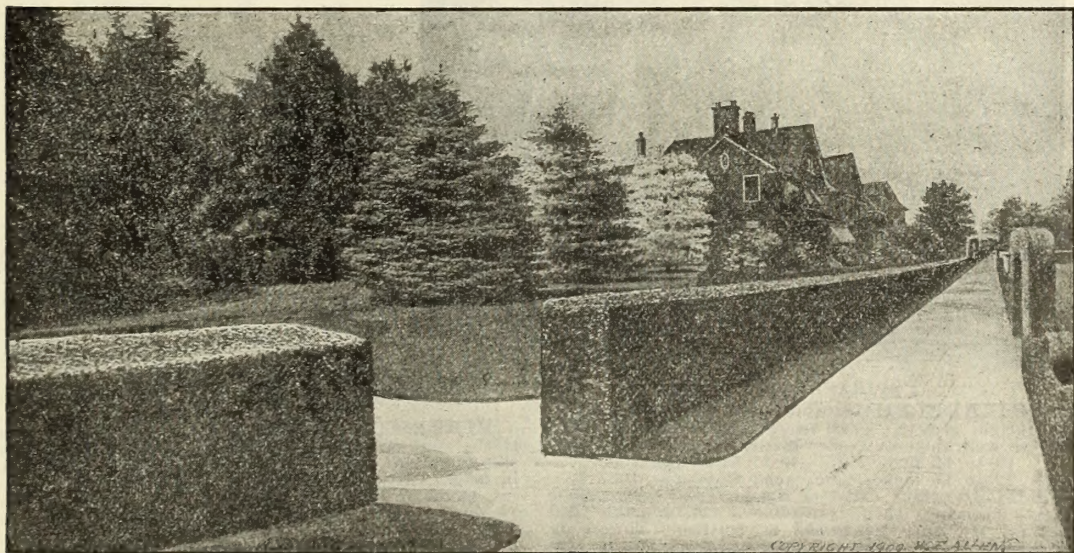


HYDRANGEA, P. G.

as a shrub. 12 to 15 inches, 75c per dozen; \$3.00 per 100. Specimen plants, 2 feet, strong and well branched, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

LYCIUM, Matrimony Vine.—Very hardy and grows anywhere. The slender, drooping branches are somewhat thorny and bear grayish green leaves. The small flowers, varying from pink to purple, are noticed from June to September and are then succeeded through the fall and winter by a profusion of bright scarlet and orange fruits. A good plant for trellis work and bowers. It is desirable in neglected places and to creep over walls and rocks. Strong plants, 2 feet, 25c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange), Grandiflorus.—Forms a large, spreading bush with graceful



CALIFORNIA PRIVET

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PHILADELPHUS (MOCK ORANGE).
SPECIOSISSIMUS.

drooping branches. A common and desirable shrub. Blooms in May and June.

- 12 to 15 inches, 15c each; \$1.25 per dozen.
- 15 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$1.75 per dozen.
- 18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.25 per dozen.

PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange), *Speciosissimus*.—Of dwarf habit, forming bushes about three feet in height, and covered with very large sweet-scented flowers; distinct and very fine. 12 to 15 in., 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange), *Coronarius*. Sometimes called Garland Syringa. A well-known shrub, with pure white, highly scented flowers. One of the first to flower.

- 12 to 15 inches, 15c each; \$1.25 per 100.
- 15 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per 100.

PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange), *Aureus* (*Syringa*).—Foliage golden yellow, very effective. It keeps its color the entire season, and will be found valuable for creating pleasing and striking contrasts with purple-leaved shrubs. 10 to 12 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.



VIBURNUM. OPOLUS (COMMON SNOWBALL).

SPIRAEA, *Anthony Waterer*.—Grows dwarf, seldom attaining more than a foot in height. Its dark crimson flowers are in bloom from June until October. The brightest colored of all the Spiraeas. One of the finest shrubs. Strong plants, 25c each; \$2.50 per doz.

SPIRAEA, *Callosa Rosea*.—Produces an abundance of deep, rosy flowers, which last practically all summer. Grows freely and a very satisfactory shrub. 15 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

SPIRAEA, *Douglassi*.—Has spikes of beautiful deep rose-colored flowers through July and August. 18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

SPIRAEA, *Thunbergii*.—Of dwarf habit and rounded, gracefully formed branches, slender and somewhat drooping; foliage a yellowish green; flowers small white, appearing in early spring, being one of the first Spiraeas to flower; esteemed on account of its neat, graceful habit. Forces well in winter. A very satisfactory shrub. Strong plants, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

SPIRAEA, *Van Houtii*.—Without doubt the finest variety in the collection. At the flowering season, in May and early June, the plant is covered with a mass of pure white flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance. Very hardy and one of the finest shrubs in the catalogue. 12 to 15 inches, 15c each; \$1.25 per dozen. 15 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. 2 to 3 feet, extra strong, 30c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

STEPHANANDRA, *Flexuosa*.—Graceful, pendant, fountain-like habit of growth. The leaves are finely and delicately cut. Flowers are creamy white and produced in the greatest profusion. In the autumn the foliage assumes brilliant reddish tints. Fine as a background for herbaceous borders or for facing tall shrubbery. 12 to 18 inches, strong plants, 40c each; \$3.00 dozen.

TAMARIX, *Africana*.—Strong, slender-growing, irregular shrubs, with feathery foliage and small, delicate flowers, borne profusely on gracefully bending branches. 2 to 3 feet, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. 3 to 4 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

TAMARIX, *Indica*.—Pink flowers in long, slender racemes; dull green foliage. 2 to 3 feet, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. 3 to 4 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

VIBURNUM, *Opulus* (Common Snowball).—This is the snowball that decorated the old farmyards beside the Peony and Lilac. It is a shrub of 8 to 10 feet in height, with a large globular cluster of white flowers, blooming about Decoration Day. 12 to 15 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

VIBURNUM, *Oxycoccos* (High Bush Cranberry). Both ornamental and useful. Its red berries, resembling cranberries, esteemed by many, hang until destroyed by frost late in the fall. 12 to 15 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.



SPIRAEA, VAN HOUTIL.

PHILADELPHUS, (Mock Orange), *Lemoinei*.—Of upright growth; small leaves and fragrant flowers. Not so well known as older kinds, but one of the best. 10 to 12 inches, 15c each; \$1.25 per 100.

- 12 to 15 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per 100.

RHUS, *Cotinus* (Mist or Smoke Tree).—A curious large flowering shrub forming broad, round-headed bushes. Delicate fringe-like or feathered flowers in summer; very profuse bloomers; leaves bright pea-green. When in full bloom has the appearance of a cloud of smoke. Very novel and decorative.

- 12 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
- 18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

VIBURNUM, Plicatum (Japanese Snow Ball).—This is a beautiful shrub from Japan, with dark, crinkled leaves, and has a sterile flower in large spherical clusters, like the old-fashioned Snowball. As its foliage is free from insect attacks and is darker green, it is superior to the old-fashioned Snowball. It can be planted as a single specimen near the house, and will give almost immediate effect. 12 to 15 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.

VIBURNUM, Cassinoides.—This is a native both to damp land and dry upland. It is a graceful shrub of about 7 feet high, with light green elliptical leaves and white flowers, followed by black berries. 10 to 12 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Stelzneri.—A n abundant display of rosy pink flowers in May, that is often sparingly repeated late in the summer. A standard sort of bushy, vigorous habit.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
2 to 2 1/2 feet specimens, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Duchartre.—Free flowering; double dark red. 2 to 3 feet, 50c each.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Symondsii.—Rose and white flowers, beautifully contrasted.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Aborea Versecolor. A beautiful pink, very fine. 12 to 15 inches, 50c each.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Hendersonii.—Of vigorous, compact habit, with an abundance of pink flowers.

12 to 18 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
2 to 2 1/2 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Groenewegeni.—Flowers red outside, with a lighter shade inside. Very pretty. 2 to 2 1/2 feet, 30c each; \$2.75 per dozen.



WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA).
EVA RATHKE.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Eva Rathke.—A popular variety of erect form and vigorous habits. Deep carmine-red flowers, and the best of the red flowering sorts.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Rosea.—An elegant shrub of fine rose-colored flowers; of erect, compact growth. Blossoms in June. A very fine variety. 18 to 24 inches, 50c each.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Candida.—A vigorous, healthy-growing variety, with pure white flowers. Very pretty. 2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$2.75 per doz.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Van Houttei.—Clear carmine flowers, and a profuse bloomer.

12 to 18 inches, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen.
18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Cogneto.—Pink flowers, larger than those of any other kind. Fine, strong, vigorous foliage. New.

18 to 24 inches, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA) Gustave Mallet.—A valuable variety with an abundance of deep rose-colored flowers. Very fine.

18 to 24 inches, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.
2 to 3 feet, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.

WISTERIA, Chinensis.—The common variety which flowers so profusely in May. Flowers pale blue and fragrant. It withstands the smoke of cities and will grow anywhere. 12 to 18 inches, strong, 25c each; \$2.50 per dozen.



WEIGELIA (DIERVILLA). **WISTERIA, CHINENSIS**
STELZNERI.

WISTERIA, Alba.—A beautiful white-flowering form of our common Wistaria, that possesses the strong-growing, hardy qualities of its parent, and is especially pretty to have flowering in connection with its pale blue flowers. 12 to 18 inches, strong, 35c each; \$3.50 per dozen.

ROSES Crimson Rambler.—A well-known and popular variety. A strong, rapid grower, that produces exceedingly large and brilliant clusters of small, double crimson flowers in great profusion. There is nothing finer for trailing over verandas, walls, etc. 4 to 6 inches, well rooted, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen. 12 to 18 inches, strong, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. 3 feet, large, 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

ROSES Philadelphia Rambler.—Similar to Crimson Rambler except that it is deeper and brighter in color and probably two or three days earlier. 4 to 6 inches, well rooted, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen. 12 to 18 inches, well rooted, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. 3 feet, strong, 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

ROSES Dorothy Perkins.—A splendid sort, with beautiful shell-pink flowers; full, large and double. The trusses often contain 30 or 40 individual flowers. Bright foliage, that keeps fresh better than most kinds. 4 to 6 inches, well rooted, 15c each; \$1.50 per dozen. 12 to 18 inches, well rooted, 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen. 3 feet, strong, 30c each; \$3.00 per dozen.

THE KIND OF LETTER WE LIKE TO GET FROM A CUSTOMER WHO HAS FOUND OUT A THING OR TWO.

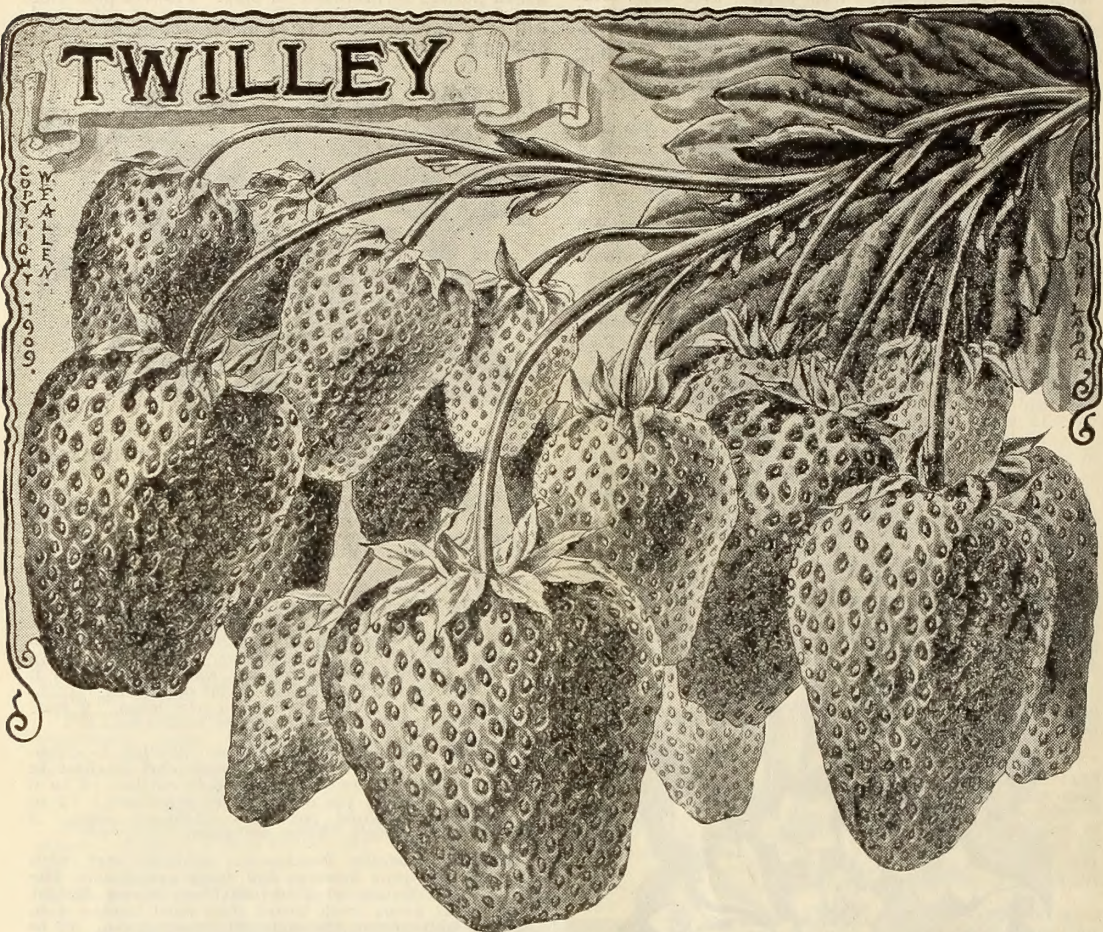
Westmoreland Co., Pa., Sept. 1, 1909.
MR. W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—I am going to take a few moments to thank you for the fine lot of plants you shipped to me last spring. They were the best lot of plants I have ever seen. I wish you could see my strawberry patch. I put the 10,000 on one acre, and if nothing happens to them, I will have a fine crop next year. I will tell you a little experience I had with raspberries last year. A local agent for ——— came along, and I bought 1,000 Black Cap Raspberry plants from him, he allowing me his hard-times price of \$30.00 per thousand, as I had been a pretty heavy buyer from his company in the past. When I got your catalogue, and saw your prices on raspberries, I said to my wife: "Now, here is where we will find out whether it is best to buy from an agent or buy direct from the nurseryman." So I ordered 2,000 of same kind of plants from you, and when your plants came they were much nicer plants, with better roots and better packed than the plants from the other party. Your plants nearly all grew, while about 40 per cent. of the others died. Now, you can rest assured of my trade I will have in your line. With best wishes for your success,

Yours respectfully,
JOHN R. HENRY.

TWILLEY

W. F. ALLEN
COPYRIGHT 1909



"TWILLEY."—This new berry is the winner of the \$200.00 prize offered in my 1908 catalogue for one dozen strawberry plants of the best new unintroducted variety sent me during that season to be fruited in 1909. The Twilley strawberry was originated by Rev. W. J. Twilley, in Accomac Co., Va., and propagated by E. Parker Huffington, of Wicomico Co., Md. The plant has never had a first-class show to do its best, but has shown many valuable qualities under difficulties. In plant growth it makes a large, vigorous foliage of a healthy, rich, light green color. The plants are large, with large crowns, and the above illustration correctly shows the shape and size of the berries. This drawing was made by one of the best horticultural engravers in this country directly from the fruit. I wanted a correct illustration of the berry and sent the fruit in order to get it. Mr. Blanc, the engraver, after making the drawing, writes me as follows: "This is a very fine berry, so firm and solid and meaty. Some of them are still perfect today—seven days since picking." The season is medium early, large size and unusually firm. It also has excellent eating qualities. It appeals to me as a valuable addition to the list of fancy strawberries, whether wanted for the home garden or for a distant market. I have an exclusive contract with the originator and propagator covering three years, but, unfortunately, the stock of plants is small and the price must, of necessity, be high for this season. As long as the stock lasts I will supply plants at \$5.00 per dozen or \$20.00 per 100.

WILL LOOK NO FURTHER.

Licking Co., Ohio, May 11, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—I received my plants and am well pleased with them. They were fresh dug when I got them, and if I always get as good plants as them I will look no further. Yours respectfully,
G. R. SHOCKLEY.

NO RESTRICTIONS.

Did you notice that Allen does not sell new varieties under restrictions? When you buy plants from *Allen* they are yours to do with them what you please.

CHEAP PLANTS.

The person who buys *cheap plants* to save money evidently uses the same logic as the man who stopped his clock to save time.

NO AGENTS.

This in answer to many enquiries. I employ no agents to sell plants on commission or otherwise. I sell direct to each and every customer. When you buy the plants they are yours to plant, to sell or to dispose of as you choose. But I employ no agents and any one who represents themselves to be such is a fake. I will be glad to sell you direct to your friends, or you and your friends together in a club order, but don't buy from any one who represents themselves to be my authorized agents, but send your orders direct to W. F. Allen, Salisbury, Md.

YOU CERTAINLY UNDERSTAND YOUR BUSINESS.

San Diego Co., Cal., Jan. 28, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—I received my strawberry plants today and, to your credit, I say I never received finer plants in finer condition. You certainly understand your business. Many thanks for your promptness. Yours truly,
E. M. TARVIN.



"LEA."—This berry will undoubtedly be a winner as a market berry. It has already won the second prize of \$100.00 offered in my 1908 catalogue for one dozen plants of best unintroducted new variety and is well worthy of it. Because it takes second place is no indication of any inferiority. This is entirely a different type of berry from the "Twilley," and I would not be surprised if it proved equally as valuable as a market berry and is really a "close second" as fruited here. The "Lea" makes a strong, sturdy growth without a spot of rust, has perfect blossoms, texture firm, season early, very productive, ripens evenly all over at once without green tips and is uniformly medium large in size as represented by the above illustration, which well represents it. I consider the berry very promising and would not hesitate to plant it largely for fruit if a sufficient number of plants could be procured. I have named this berry "Lea" in honor of my esteemed friend, Mr. Elisha Lea, superintendent N. Y., P. & N. R. R. Co., under whose efficient management this road has given the best service in the movement of perishable freights it has ever done since I have been a patron, covering a period of twenty-five years, and this new berry has been named for him without his knowledge in grateful appreciation. The prize money has been paid to Mr. Thos. J. Custis, of Accomac Co., Va., who has twice been a lucky competitor for the "Allen Prizes," having received \$100.00 for twelve plants of the Virginia in 1906. The Virginia has many warm friends, among them some large growers who plant it extensively for fruit, but I miss my guess if the "Lea" does not become much more popular in general than that variety has done. Mr. Custis, in writing of the "Lea," speaks of it as follows: "It was the best thing I had in the strawberry line. Climax produced a few more quarts, but did not bring near the money. The 'Lea' sold along with the 'Bubach' and it will stand more rainy weather and keep in better condition than any berry that I know. It is a rampant grower of strong, healthy plants and should not be allowed to mat too thick on the row for best results." I should like to offer this berry at a price that would enable commercial growers to buy it by the thousand from the start, but fate decrees otherwise. My contract with Mr. Custis

covers a period of three years, but at present the stock is limited, and after reserving enough for my own planting to make stock for another year, I only have a few hundred left, which I will furnish as long as they last at \$3.00 for 12 and \$15.00 per 100.

WANTED EVERYBODY TO READ THIS.
 New Haven Co., Conn., August 5, 1909
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Friend Allen—Now about that new strawberry—The Chesapeake. Well, it is a good one, and you have not praised it half enough. It is not only a good grower and tremendous cropper, but it is delicious flavor, and carries the fruit out good size to the last. I shall set largely of it the coming season. I have raised strawberries over 45 years, but never have seen a strawberry so near perfect. As you were the introducer of the Glen Mary, and now the Chesapeake, puts you in the front rank of introducers of new varieties of strawberries. Very truly yours,
 A. E. PLANT.
WE ALWAYS TRY TO PLEASE.
 Belmont Co., Ohio, April 23, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—Received my 7,500 strawberry plants yesterday, all in excellent condition; am more than pleased with them.
 Yours truly, D. T. RING.
BEST IN 26 YEARS.
 Champaign Co., Ohio, April 13, 1909.
 Mr. W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—The plants came in good condition; the quality is first-class. I have been growing strawberries for 26 years and have never received finer plants, nor any quite so good. Thanks for promptness and good count.
 Yours respectfully, E. K. HUMES.



CHESAPEAKE.—This new variety offered to the public for the first time in my 1906 catalogue has now been distributed and fruited over a large range of country and we hear nothing but praise for it everywhere. One prominent grower writes me thus: "You gave us the Glen Mary several years ago and now the Chesapeake. Being the introducer of these two famous berries puts you in the lead of all the introducers of new strawberries in this country." The Chesapeake is a chance seedling and its parentage is not known. The plants are large and vigorous; no rust and no weakness of any kind. The foliage is thick and leathery, upright leaf stems with the leaves almost round. The fruit is borne on large stems, the great proportion of which stand up, holding the fruit from the ground. The Chesapeake bears more fruit on single stems than any variety I have ever grown. The blossoms are perfect, the fruit uniformly large, averaging even larger than Gandy, and as compared with Gandy is more productive, firmer and better quality, without the green tips which are often found in that variety. The Chesapeake colors all over at once, and the flavor of this berry ranks with the best, such as Wm. Belt, Brunette and others of that class. Perhaps the strongest argument that I could put up to prove my good opinion of the variety is the fact that I am planting this almost exclusively for fruit myself in preference to all the others. I have a bed of 26 acres of Chesapeake which I hope to fruit the coming season if not pressed so hard for plants that I have to go in it for that purpose, and I have just added ten acres more to this field, making thirty-six acres in one block containing not a plant except Chesapeake. The time of ripening is practically the same as the Gandy, starting three or four days earlier. I use the Gandy as comparison, because it is universally known. Like all other strawberry plants, to be at its best it should be planted in rich, springy land, but does remarkably well on any land that will grow strawberries of any kind. The Chesapeake is the easiest variety to pick of any that I know of, and pickers can pick more of this than of any variety that I have handled, and where pickers are scarce this is a great advantage. Last year I sent out a good many letters of inquiry to parties who had fruited the Chesapeake in order to find out the general sentiment in reference to it. Many of these were printed last season, which

will hardly be necessary to repeat them this year, but I can truly say that all the information that I get seems to be favorable, and we are now expecting a good demand for the plants this season. We sold over one million of this variety alone last year. Everybody who has seen the berry, both growers and merchants who sell the fruit, are undivided in their good opinion of this berry. It is not a variety that sets an immense quantity of fruit, but every blossom makes a berry, thereby not wasting its vitality in setting a large number of berries that can never be matured; the result is a good crop of berries that are all well developed and strictly fancy. In any market where quality is appreciated the Chesapeake will be at a premium. Personally I consider it the very best late berry on the market, whether it is grown for home market, local market or distant shipment. This is about as strong as I can put it and is no stronger than the merits of the variety deserve. I shall not give a long, drawn-out write-up of the variety this season, as I consider the above as convincing of the good qualities of the Chesapeake as if I were to fill the entire book about it. We have a good stock of plants and will fill all orders as long as they last, although it would be advisable not to wait too long in the season, as we are expecting the demand for this to be exceptionally large.

OUR CUSTOMERS ARE OUR FRIENDS.

King Co., Wash., March 23, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—Strawberry plants received all O. K. Thank you. Kind regards.
 S. B. VROOMAN.

EXCELLENT ORDER.

Bermuda, Nov. 15, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge the safe receipt of the strawberry plants which came to hand in excellent order. Please accept my best thanks. Yours faithfully,
 T. J. HARRIS.



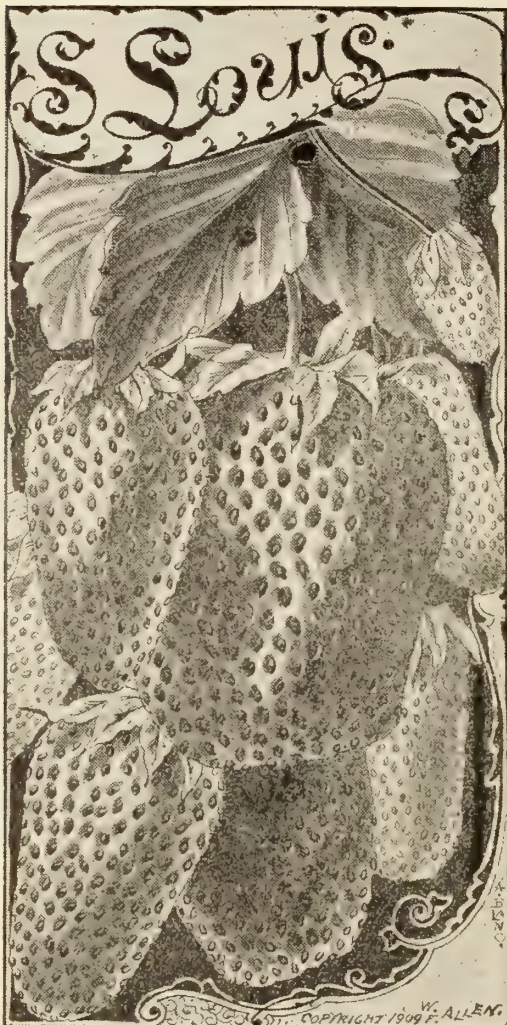
BARRYMORE.—This new berry comes to us from Massachusetts and was originated by Mr. H. L. Crane. This berry was first brought to my attention while in Boston during the fall of 1907. I succeeded in obtaining a few plants last spring by paying at the rate of \$100.00 per M. for them. These plants have made a very good growth, showing that they are both healthy and vigorous, as the past season has been quite dry here. During the Massachusetts Horticultural Show of 1908 the Barrymore was awarded a silver medal and three first premiums, which is quite a record for one new berry for one season. The color is a glossy, rich, dark crimson, with red flesh of excellent quality. The berries are large, ripen at mid-season and are regular conical in shape; blossoms staminate or perfect. It is claimed that this berry is quite firm and will make a good shipper. It is a great show berry, and it is also claimed that it will be a great market berry on account of its large size, firmness and having the ability to hold its bright, glossy color a long time after being picked. The premiums this berry has taken are unusual, and from all indications it is at least worthy of a trial by all up-to-date strawberry growers.

EARLY OZARK.—This new candidate for the early market hails from Missouri and was introduced by Mr. Shull. The plants somewhat resemble Excelsior, except that the leaves are larger and the plants are taller and of a more upright growth. Owing to the exceedingly high price at which the plants were sold, I did not get a large stock to start with, and the product of what I did plant were all sold last spring before I realized that I had none left for fruit. The Early Ozark is one of the 800 seedlings which Mr. Shull claims to have tested, and he describes it as being a cross of Excel-

sior and Aroma. It has staminate blossoms which are full of pollen, making it an excellent variety to plant with pistil late sorts. Mr. Shull claims that the Early Ozark is as early as Excelsior, or Mitchell's Early, in season, and earlier than Klondyke, Aroma, or Gandy. The specimen berries filling a quart rounding out the top of the quart and firm, good flavor, not sour like Excelsior, foliage large and coarse, of a dark green color. In a personal letter from Mr. Shull, dated Feb. 3, 1908, he again writes me as follows: "W. F. Allen, Dear Sir—Enclosed you will find my circular giving a true and exact description of my new strawberry, and when I say as early as Excelsior and Mitchell's Early I do not mean a day later, and it is just as large, firm and productive as I describe it and furnish reliable references to prove every statement I make. There is no the least doubt but that the Early Ozark will take the place of all other extreme early varieties just as fast as plants can be grown for sale at a reasonable price." What berries I saw last spring from the young set plants gave me a favorable impression of the berry, but I cannot give comparisons, as I do not consider the berries from spring-set plants a fair comparison with fruiting beds. So far as plant growth is concerned, I fully agree with all Mr. Shull has said. It makes a very healthy, strong plant, and one that would impress you as being a business variety. We have now quite a good stock of plants, and being able to place the price at a more reasonable figure, I believe it would pay those who are interested in an early shipping berry to give this variety a fair trial.

EXCELLENT VALUES.
 Kenton Co., Ky., March 23, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 My Dear Sir—I want to express to you my satisfaction at the way in which you have treated me. Your strawberry plants certainly were excellent. I never saw such roots as they possessed; good and healthy in appearance. The plants were fine specimens of their kind. The Amoor River hedge plants were certain daddies; also possessed of splendid roots and of excellent size. I hardly expected such splendid plants for the small amount that I paid. The Dewberry plants are as so splendid. I can assure you that I am more than pleased with your excellent values. Respectfully yours,
 CHAS. W. REYNOLDS.





ST. LOUIS.—Originated in Arkansas by Mr. J. A. Bauer. There is another St. Louis berry on the market originated by A. T. Goldsborough, near Washington, D. C., but the variety that I am offering is the Southern variety originated by J. A. Bauer. This variety as grown here makes a very strong, healthy plant, with plenty of runners, very productive of large berries, considering the early season at which they ripen. They ripened with me the past season fully as early as Excelsior or any of the other very early varieties. The berries are about the same shape, fully as large, and almost, if not quite, as productive as the Haverland. But for one weakness, I would prefer this berry to any of the early ones I have ever seen. It is more productive of large berries than any of the extra early sorts I have ever grown, and I have had about all there has been introduced of any importance for the last twenty-five years. The one thing that keeps it from taking first place as an early berry is the fact that it is soft, which practically takes it out of the market as a shipping variety, but for the home table or for local market, in my judgment, it leads all the rest. In fact, I was so well impressed with it after fruiting it the past spring that, in spite of its soft texture, I could hardly resist planting a field of it for fruit. Mr. Bauer speaks of it thus: "There is no berry more even in size, and one of their strong points is they ripen all of their crop in a rush, not lasting over a long season, as many other early berries do, which gives the grower top prices for all the crop, while the berries that run so long always get cheap the latter part of the season. I have grown it with Climax, Klondyke, Excelsior, Lady Thomson, and Mitchell's Early, and find that the St. Louis is larger and more productive, yielding more quarts at a picking than any of them. The berries have long stems, making them easy to pick. Season same as Climax and about six

days later than Excelsior." Now you will notice that Mr. Bauer says the St. Louis is about six days later than Excelsior. As I have often said, there is a great variation in strawberries in different sections, and with me the past season in the same field it was fully as early as Excelsior or any other variety. To those of my customers who want berries for their home garden or want to grow for local market, I can conscientiously recommend this variety, believing that it will give them the best of satisfaction. You can think of all the good qualities desirable in an early berry and you have it in the St. Louis, with the one exception, as stated above—it is soft and will not stand long shipment.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS AND WHY WE PRINT THEM.

We try very hard to please every customer, and it is a great satisfaction to us that we have come so near reaching the high standard that we have set. During 1909, I have had fully 100 testimonials to every complaint received. Some of our competitors say they do not intend to publish their "kicks," so will not brag about their testimonials. This is very frank, I admit, but we work hard to merit the good words of our friends, and we appreciate them, we like to read them, and we like for everybody who gets this catalogue to read them, because they express in their own language what they think of our plants and we want our prospective customers to know what those who have used our plants think of them. Every testimonial in this catalogue is a new one, a live one; and we will gladly furnish the P. O. address of any of them to any one who wishes to write them about my plants, etc. We believe in our customers and try to treat them so well that they accept us as their friends, knowing that it is my policy to give them full value for their money. We know that they appreciate our efforts because we get hundreds of orders stating that "your plants were recommended to me by Mr. — "So and So," or "my friend, Mr. — told me I could get good plants of W. F. Allen." We want the public to know what our customers think of us, and whatever others may do, I shall continue to print as many testimonials as I can make room for, so long as they come without solicitation and express themselves as being so well pleased with our manner of dealing with them.

IF YOU ARE IN DOUBT WHERE TO ORDER, READ THIS AND THEN DECIDE.

Miami Co., Ind., April 21, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—Plants received today in fine condition; are fine plants. I have ordered thousands of plants of you, and they are always fine, and you have pleased me again with fine plants. Thanks for good count.

Respectfully,
CHAS. NATION.

DID NOT LOSE 1 IN 1,000.

Marion Co., Ind., June 4, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—I want to thank you for the quality of strawberry plants you sent. It affords me pleasure to be able to state that they have made good. I think I am safe in saying that not one-tenth of one per cent. have died at this writing; they are forming runners. In fact, I have never had plants do better, even when merely taken up from one part of the farm and transplanted to another.

Respectfully,
J. D. MYSEWANDER.

3000 MILES AWAY IT IS THE SAME STORY.

Fresno Co., Cal., Jan. 20, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—My order for plants received, and I have never seen finer plants. They were in excellent condition.

Respectfully,
SARAH E. EVANS.



grewer, but not so rank as the Marshall, and makes a fair amount of plants. The Massachusetts Horticultural Society, always ready to recognize special merit, awarded the Commonwealth first prize in competition July 5, 1902, and July 11, 1903."

Mr. James H. Gregory, the well-known seedsman, of Marblehead, Mass., was at the grounds of the originator and was impressed with the lateness of this variety. He says "fourteen berries that he picked filled a quart basket and that they had just begun to ripen when he was there on July 2, when the bed was loaded with bush-els of growing fruit, but he had to search very carefully to find a quart of ripe berries at that time."

Benj. F. Smith, a well-known strawberry grower of Beverly, Mass., says: "I have watched the Commonwealth very carefully from its origin, and for vigor of plant, productiveness and quality of fruit it excels them all. It is very late and one of the best I ever saw."

ARCMA.—An old berry that is more or less popular in some sections. The berries are large, firm, attractive and good quality, but here it is a poor grower and not productive enough to be profitable. While there is a number of growers who still want this variety, especially in the Middle West, we do not consider it near as good as Chesapeake, Gandy or Brandywine. Here in Maryland one acre of Chesapeake would be worth three or four in Arcma.

MASCOT.—This variety hails from Virginia and as yet has only fruited here in a small way. The variety is well thought of by many growers and some are planting large areas of it. I have not fruited this except in a small way myself. What berries I had were large, shapely and very attractive. It is a good grower, makes plenty of plants with large, healthy foliage, which bears some resemblance to Gandy, but is much more vigorous and is claimed to be a great deal more productive. It starts to ripen about a week earlier than Gandy and continues as late as that variety. It is very promising and should not be ignored by those who are looking for good new varieties. It is the general impression with growers in this section that it is going to prove a valuable variety for them.

BRADLEY.—Originated at Cobden, Ill., by J. H. Bradley, a little over ten years ago. It is thought to be a seedling of the Crescent open to chance pollenization by Tenn. Prolific, etc. As fruited here it has made a good impression and I consider it a most excellent variety. The leaves are medium large, dark green; the leaf stems inclined to be long and slender, blossoms and ripens mid-season to late. It is very productive, large size and looks promising generally. My opinion is that it will compare very favorably with any of our best standard varieties.

BOUNTIFUL.—This is said to be a seedling of the Glen Mary probably crossed pollenized with Clyde and originated in New Jersey with Mr. J. E. Kohns. The plants are large, vigorous and numerous, with dark green foliage; a good yielder, holding its size well. The fruit is large, showy and attractive; roundish conical, sometimes slightly flattened. The flesh is red and juicy, moderately firm and of good flavor; season medium early. The Bountiful has made an excellent growth here and looks very promising.

COMMONWEALTH.—Originated by James Monroe near Boston, Mass. I have fruited this berry and find that it bears a good quantity of fine, large berries, a variety, however, that I do not especially recommend for the South, as I think it more adapted to Northern sections, and for best results should be given rich soil and high culture. When these conditions are met it is a very fancy berry. The following I copy from Mr. Monroe's description: "The Commonwealth is the outcome of the desire and effort to produce a berry that would perceptibly lengthen the strawberry season. In the Commonwealth we have a berry that is as large as the largest, as productive as the largest, as fine flavor, as solid and as dark color as any. It has a smooth surface, is very rich and juicy, and has a strong staminate blossom. On the 17th day of July, 1902, as good berries were picked as at any time during its season, Marshall, Glen Mary and McKinley growing side by side of it being all gone. The last berries were picked July 22. The plant is a strong

THE BEST EVER. PEDIGREES NOT EXCEPTED.
 Tuscarawas Co., Ohio, June 6, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—I want to set one acre of strawberries next spring, and, of course, W. F. Allen will get the order. I have purchased plants of all the leading plant growers in the country, including the famous *Pedigrees*, but the Allen plants are the finest of any I ever set, and it would do you good to see the big, shiny berries laying around in piles. One of my customers remarked that he did not know strawberries could grow so large; said they looked like red apples. The crop is the finest I ever grew. C. E. BLACK.
PROMPT SHIPMENT. GOOD PLANTS.
 Muskingum Co., Ohio, May 8, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—I write to thank you for the prompt shipment and good plants you sent me. They are doing fine; they hardly know they have been dug. Yours very truly,
 WESLEY EVANS.



BUSTER.—The Buster is of Canadian origin and is said to be a cross of Bubach and Sharpless. My attention was first called to this variety during the spring of 1906, when a late heavy frost killed almost all other berries. Buster gave us a full crop. It is very vigorous and healthy, having a luxuriant dark green foliage that defies a reasonable amount of dry weather. The fruit holds up large all through its long season. This is a good, reliable variety that I would advise my patrons to plant. It would please you from the time it starts to grow, after you have set the plants, until you have harvested your crop. The Buster is one of the good things that seems to have been overlooked by a great majority of strawberry growers. It is large in size, bright red in color, moderately firm, medium quality and medium to late in ripening. The blossoms are pistillate, but extremely healthy. I especially recommend this berry to those who admire the Bubach, but want a stronger growing plant. One customer says: "We cannot speak too highly of the Buster; it is the finest berry we have ever grown. They were the largest and finest on our market." J. A. Russel, of Beaver Co., Pa., says: "The Buster seems to be the best of all. It made a very fine growth and seems to stand the dry weather better than any of the others. It is an immense yielder and the fruit is fine flavored and firm. The Buster is O. K.; it took very well with the people, and I shall stand by the Buster." Geo. A. Schurk, of Lee Co., Iowa, says: "I got some Buster plants from you two years ago when you were out of Bubach. I am glad now that you were out of Bubach, as I think Buster far ahead. They seem to be the easiest plant to take care of I ever had. They made just enough runners to make a good, strong row, and you ought to see the berries we got from them." C. W. Patterson, of California, says: "Buster does well in

our section." Those who are looking for a good berry of the Bubach type can do no better than plant the Buster. It is a good, reliable, standard variety that seldom disappoints.

COLOSSUS.—I fruited this variety for the first time last spring and was very well pleased with it. Perhaps the most comprehensive description that I could give of it would be to say that it reminds me of the Bubach as it was twenty years ago. Vigorous plants, large berries and lots of them. The Colossus is said to be a seedling of the Bubach, and I do not doubt it, as it bears much resemblance to that variety, but seems to surpass it in vigor, size and productiveness. After reading the above it will hardly be necessary for me to advise my customers to try it, as all those who admire the Bubach will be most likely to do so, and I miss my guess if they are not pleased with the result.

CHESAPEAKE A WINNER.

Passaic Co., N. J., July 30, 1909.

W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—At my field meeting, June 16, the Chesapeake won out as the best strawberry now growing on my grounds. I must say it is a winner. I have sold Chesapeake this season at \$1.00 per quart box. I will set out two acres of this variety in September. Very truly,

T. C. KEVITT.

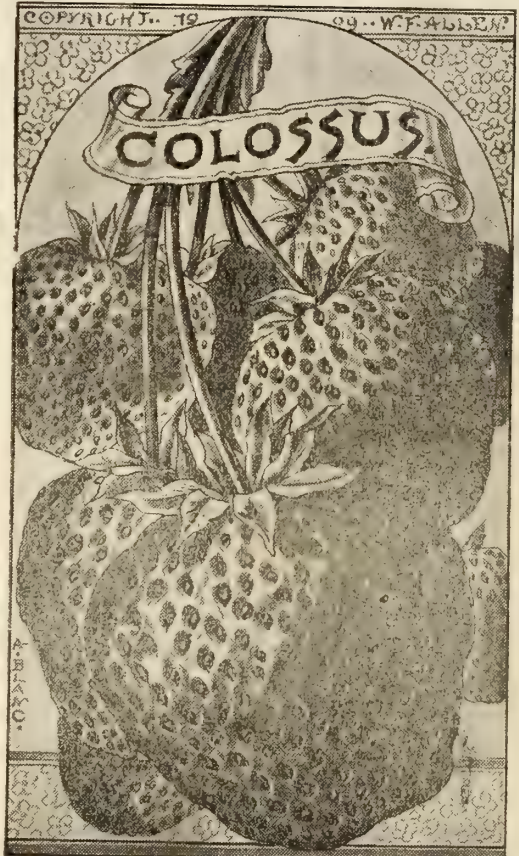
PACKING THE BEST.

Johnson Co., Ind., April 13, 1909.

W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—I received the strawberry plants all right and I am well pleased with them. I must say they were packed in best shape of any plant I ever bought. The plants were fine. I want 3,000 more plants. Please ship as soon as possible by express. Respectfully,

EVAN SWIFT.

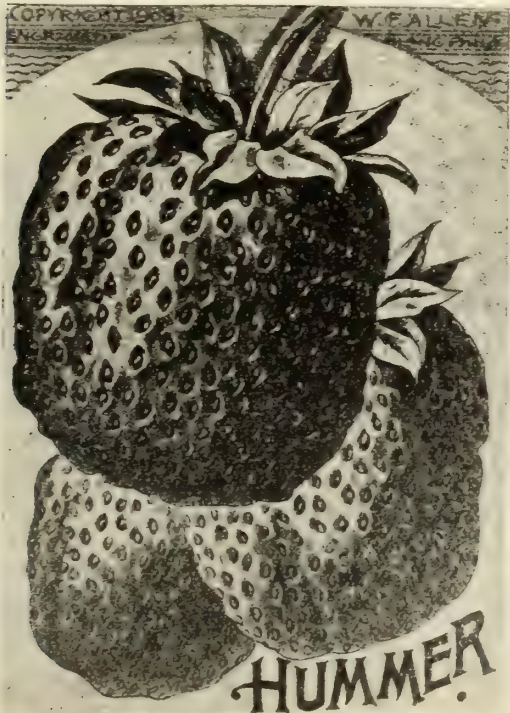


ABINGTON.—This is a chance seedling that originated in 1895 by Lester Blanchard, of Abington, Mass., and was introduced by him in 1905. It makes plenty of plants, is a strong, vigorous grower, with rich, dark green leaves. It has a perfect blossom and is quite large, twenty-five berries often filling a quart. It won second prize at the Massachusetts Horticultural Show on June 21, 1904. The fruit stocks are strong and stand erect from the ground; the blossom is perfect and well filled with pollen. It ripens with the Bubach, averaging fully as large and holds out well throughout the entire season. I would not hesitate to plant it in preference to Bubach and recommend it to my customers. In color it is bright red, with firm flesh and good flavor. With me it is moderately productive, but Mr. Blanchard claims to have picked 9,000 quarts per acre. It will not do that here and neither will many other kinds. It is a much better grower than Bubach and the fruit is of better quality; in fact, it is an excellent variety to plant with Bubach to pollenize it. We have flattering reports concerning this variety from different sections of the country, and I consider it one of the best of the large mid-season varieties.



HUMMER.—This is well represented in the illustration. The origin is not known. I obtained this variety from Mr. John Kotsward, in Michigan, who writes me about the berry as follows: "W. F. Allen, Dear Sir—On my grounds is a new strawberry that is a hummer. Understand me, I am not its originator. It has been grown for several years by a man who lives about ten miles from here. He always refused to sell plants, even though as much as \$2.00 each were offered him for them, but finally, through mistake, he sold some of the plants for Sharpless. After finding it out he tried to get them back, but failed. We growers have not been able to compete with this berry in the Battle Creek market, as one of its merchants had its exclusive sale and ship-

ped it as a fancy berry to Kalamazoo, Jackson, etc. The original owner has sold out and moved West. I know of but one party besides myself who has this variety; he is an old man from whom I got my plants. I do not believe the variety has been introduced. It is my opinion that it is an English berry. The originator being out of the field and out of business, I felt at liberty to let you have some of the plants." I procured plants from this party at once, and from his description I called it the Hummer and offered it to the public four years ago for the first time. It is a very strong, healthy plant, somewhat resembling New York. These large, vigorous plants load up with big, luscious berries. Anyone who buys plants of this variety cannot help but feel that they have something valuable when they see the large, stinky plants they make. One customer writes: "If you remember, I bought a number of varieties of strawberries from you in the spring of 1906; among them were the Hummer. These plants fruited this season, and I want to say that the Hummer beats anything I ever saw or heard of. I think you will have a great many orders from them from this section." We have had many other similar reports, and from all that I can learn this variety has been doing good work. A good, safe one to plant, especially for home market or the home garden.

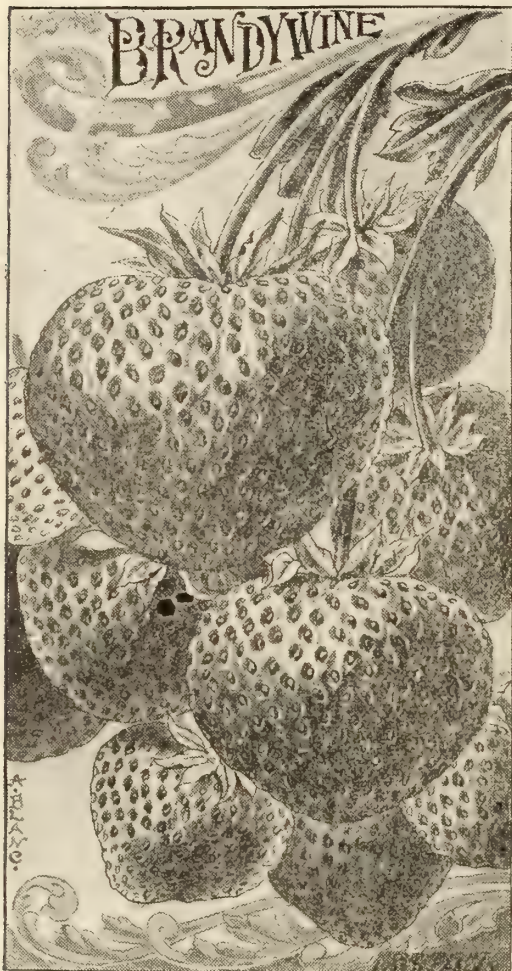


YOUR PLANTS TAKE THE LEAD. I SURELY KNOW WHERE TO GET THE BEST NOW.

Guernsey Co., Ohio, April 26, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—Plants arrived in good time; were ahead of any that I have bought for years. It is the first time that I ever received plants fresh dug, and did not know where I could get fresh plants until your plants arrived. I can truly say that you take the lead in plant growing. I wish to thank you for the quality of plants and manner you have handled my order. I will surely know where to get the best now.

Very truly,
E. E. LYNN.



BRANDYWINE.—Originated with Mr. E. T. Ingham, near West Chester, Pa., some sixteen to eighteen years ago. This is a variety that thrives on almost any soil and usually gives

good results. For several years after it was introduced our sales on this variety run very large, and then for two or three years there was scarcely any demand for it. Since that period, however, our orders have been constantly increasing from year to year, until now there is almost as much demand for it as there was a few years after its introduction. Notwithstanding it originated in the North, it seems to be one of the most popular fancy berries for semi-tropical sections, such as Bermuda, Florida, California, Cuba, etc., and has given such good satisfaction in these warm sections that I recommend my customers there to use this variety largely. In fact, it is a variety that seems to grow well, fruit well and gives satisfaction generally in almost all sections. One of the standards that can be relied on.

DICKIE.—Originated by J. D. Gowing, of Massachusetts. Mr. Gowing was also the originator of the Sample. He considers the Dickie a very fancy berry and says that it sold for more than Sample in the Boston market out of the same field. Mr. Gowing has been a strawberry grower for forty years and has grown many strawberries, and he says he has seen nothing finer in the berry line in his life. He is very enthusiastic over this berry, but my impression is that it will never become as popular as the Sample. It is a berry that will give good results for the home table or for the local market, but will never, in my opinion, become popular as a shipping berry. The quality is excellent and the size is very large, but the berry has a very rough and uneven surface that detracts much from its appearance. For those who do not object to the uneven surface of the variety and want very large berries of fine quality, with a vigorous, healthy growing plant, I can recommend the Dickie. We have a very good stock and will be able to fill all orders.

CRESCENT.—This is not largely grown in the East at present, but is still popular in some sections of the West, where it produces great crops of fine berries, and those who have never grown it have missed one of the best medium-to-late varieties. About twenty years ago it was the most largely planted of any variety in this section, but later has given away largely to other kinds. For years it was to strawberry culture what the Early Rose potato has been to the potato culture.

TENNESSEE PROLIFIC.—Too well known to need any general description. I do not know the originator, but it was introduced by W. T. Hood & Co., of Richmond, Va. It is a reliable standard variety. It makes a good, healthy growth and bears an abundant crop of large berries, which has a perfect blossom and is one of the best to plant with Haverland and other pistillate varieties of its season. It makes a very vigorous, thrifty growth and succeeds well in most every section. The fruit bears a marked resemblance to the old Sharpless, but it is firmer and very much more productive.

IRRE-ISTIBLE.

Clark Co. Ohio, April 26, 1909.

W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir— I received my plants in good shape. I am so well pleased with them that I have to send you another order. They are the finest plants I ever had sent to me, and I have been in the berry business eight years. Those Chesapeake are fine plants. Please send me 500 more.

Yours truly,

S. J. HORTON.



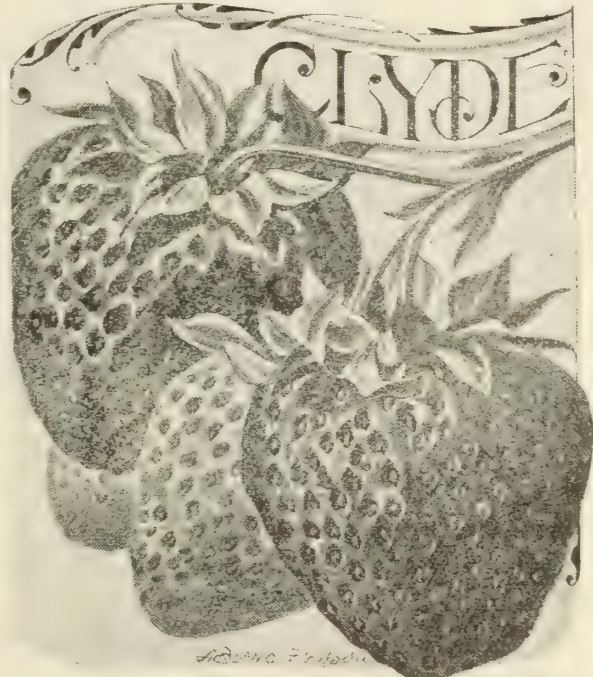


BUBACH.—This grand old variety originated with J. G. Bubach, of Illinois, and has had many years of popularity. Some nurserymen have tried to drop it and I have heard others say they had no demand for it. This, however, is not my experience. The trouble is the plants are hard to grow, and nurserymen, as a rule, do not like to grow it, as it is not very profitable to propagate for plants. Strawberry plants of such varieties that makes so few plants as the Bubach. I find, however, that there is still a great demand for it, and I am fortunate in being able to supply the demand for this variety, inasmuch as I have found a section near me where these plants still seem to grow to perfection, and where beds eighteen inches to two feet wide are easily grown in a season. All my plants of this variety are grown for me by contract in this soil, where they seem to thrive exceedingly well, and it affords me great pleasure to be able to offer my customers good, strong, vigorous, healthy plants of this variety. I have been quite fortunate the past season in getting a fairly good supply, having something like 350,000, and if the demand is not too strong will have enough to fill all orders. The Bubach has proved a money-making variety with many growers and they are loath to get it up. Where the soil is rich and adapted to the variety, it will bed up enough for best results for fruiting and bear large crops of handsome, well-flavored berries. One customer in Iowa says: "The Bubach were by far the finest berries and brought the best price. In my history of strawberry growing of fifteen years I have never seen any berries to equal the Bubach." This is a pretty strong testimony, but there are many growers who will to this day agree to this statement.

ARMSTRONG.—From medium to late in season, large size, good quality and perfect blossom, somewhat resembles New York. For several years it is claimed that it has been in the hands of German fruit growers in New York State, and that it was one of the largest and most productive berries grown in that section. I find it a very satisfactory variety, and while there is some little difference, the description of New York fits this berry very nicely both as to plant growth and fruit.

CLYDE.—We might very appropriately call this a Kentucky favorite, as we probably sell more plants of the Clyde in this State than in all other sections. The Clyde is immensely productive, with fruit nearly or quite as large as Bubach, and would be a very popular variety over a large range of country but for the fact that its foliage sometimes gives way about fruiting time and is not sufficient to protect the immense crop of fruit. This can to some

extent be guarded against by an application of nitrate of soda in the spring before fruiting. Our stock of this variety this season is not large and we will probably not have enough to fill all orders. Those wanting it are advised to order early.



THE BEST HE EVER SAW.

Prince Edward Island, May 15, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—Received the strawberry plants two days after being mailed from your office. I have planted them, and they are doing fine. They are the best plants I have ever seen. Wishing you every success, I am,
Faithfully yours,

FRANK PRIDHAM.

PACKED GOOD ENOUGH TO GO TO ENGLAND.

Page Co., Va., April 23, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—I received my strawberry plants and found them in fine shape, and packed as if to go to England. I lost only two plants. Thank you for your good count and prompt delivery. You shall have more orders from me.
Yours very truly,

W. O. MAY.

HIGHLAND.—This variety fruited here for the first time last spring and was one of the best new ones which we fruited. We found it to be large in size, very productive and good quality. This was introduced by M. Crawford, of Ohio, and is a chance seedling found by T. M. Carlisle, of Mahoning Co., Ohio. Mr. Crawford claims to have tested this variety for ten years and finds it to be the best money-maker he has. It makes large, healthy plants, and was more productive than any other variety at the Wooster Experimental Station. The fruit is of good size, fine in color and form. It has been carefully tested at the Ohio Experiment Station and has proven one of the best. The accompanying illustration hardly does it justice. As fruited here last season, I was very much pleased with it in every way and feel that it is a variety that I can afford to recommend. Mr. Crawford in his 1909 catalogue speaks of it as follows: "We introduced this berry about a year ago, with the co-operation of about twenty-five other dealers, on the strength of the reports sent out by the Ohio Experiment Station, where it was the most productive variety in a large collection. We gave it a fair test last summer and found that it was fully equal to its recommendation in all respects and superior in some. It was larger than we had reason to expect, and better in quality. We had a few quarts canned and found it first class for that purpose. Both berries and syrup are dark red, rich and delicious. The Highland makes large, healthy plants,



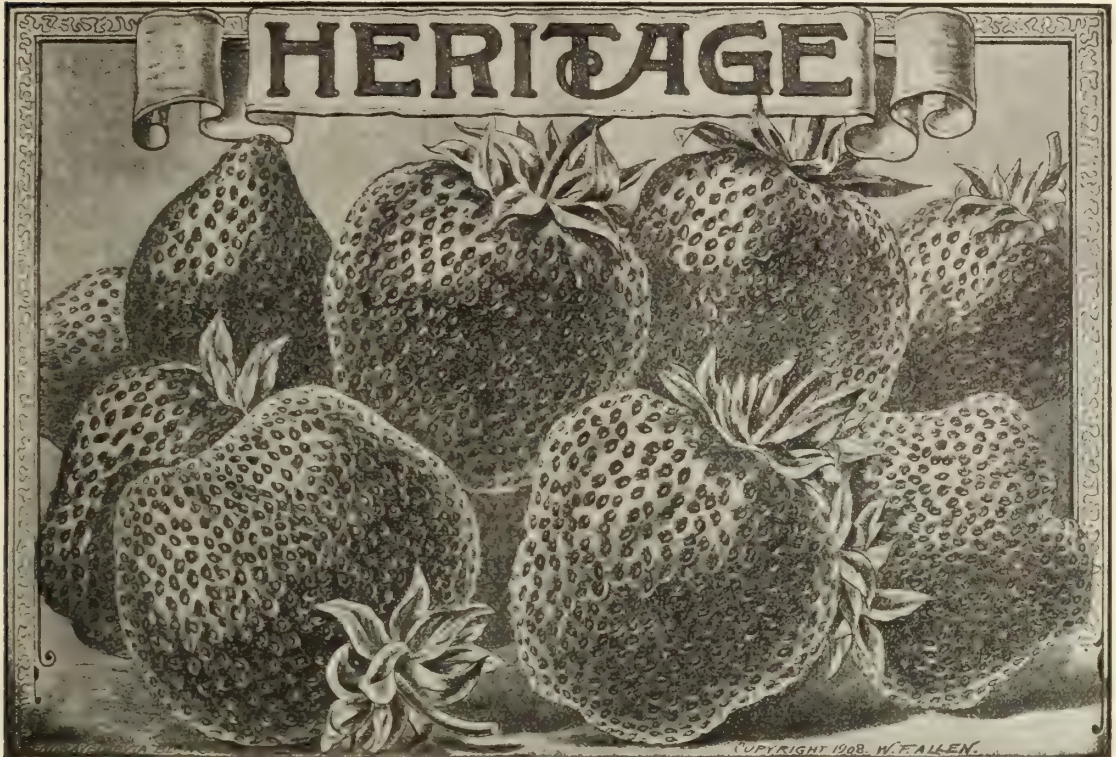
which send out a liberal number of runners. The fruit is obtusely conical, glossy red, rich and refreshing in flavor, though somewhat tart, and very juicy. It is moderately firm."



LADY THOMSON.—This is a great Southern berry, or, perhaps, more correctly speaking, a great North Carolina berry, for in this State hundreds of acres are planted of it in preference of anything else. The variety seems especially adapted to the conditions in North Carolina. This does not mean that it will not do well in other places, for we ship plants of this in many sections besides North Carolina. It is more particularly adapted to warm climates than to Northern sections. It makes strong, healthy plants that produce large crops of medium large, firm berries. It is a reliable variety for such climates as California, Bermuda, Cuba, and the South generally.

MEADE.—Originated by Mr. O. H. Meade, ex-president of the Massachusetts Fruit Growers' Association. I have fruited the Meade several times and find it a medium, dark red berry of unusually fine quality. Moreover, it is very productive and firm enough to stand shipping. It is good enough to attract the local market and should be a favorite on the home table. It is a very stalky, low-growing plant, with dark green, glossy foliage; it makes plants freely, but seldom growing too much for a matted row. The berries are of medium size, pointed, globular shape; are well formed, glossy red and good quality.

HERITAGE



HERITAGE.—This fruited here for the first time last season, and while the season was a very unfavorable one, we were very well pleased with this berry. The variety hails from New Jersey, where there was so much good said of it that I bought quite a few plants and put it in stock last season. It is one of the healthiest and strongest growers that I have on the place. The berries are uniformly large, beautiful in shape, as you can see by illustration; splendid color and delicious flavor. It is medium firm and makes a big yield; blossoms are staminate or perfect, and the berries have a very rich green cap, which adds very much to the appearance and market value. Mr. John S. Collins, the well-known nurseryman of Moorestown, N. J., visited the Heritage strawberry when in fruit and saw several acres in bearing. He says he was much pleased, as the berries were very large, firm and of good quality, and considers the variety worthy of extensive cultivation. Many others speak in similar terms, and it is highly recommended by the Philadelphia commission men, the only city in which it has been marketed so far. Personally I consider the variety very promising.

WM. BELT.—This variety is somewhat subject to rust, and for that reason for a time was not popular, but its superior qualities and large size have made many friends, especially among amateur growers who have an appreciative fancy market, and for the home table I know of nothing that will approach it in quality of its season except the Chesapeake. There are a few lovers of strawberry who would not cross a plot and pick out the Wm. Belt as the best. It is the standard for quality the country over. The demand for this variety has been much greater for the past few years, and we frequently dispose of every plant that we have and sometimes do not have enough. A Washington grower says: "The Chesapeake and Wm. Belt for flavor and good eating are dandies; good bearers and large berries. I am going to run all my patch in these two kinds. They stood the drouth best and are in good shape now."

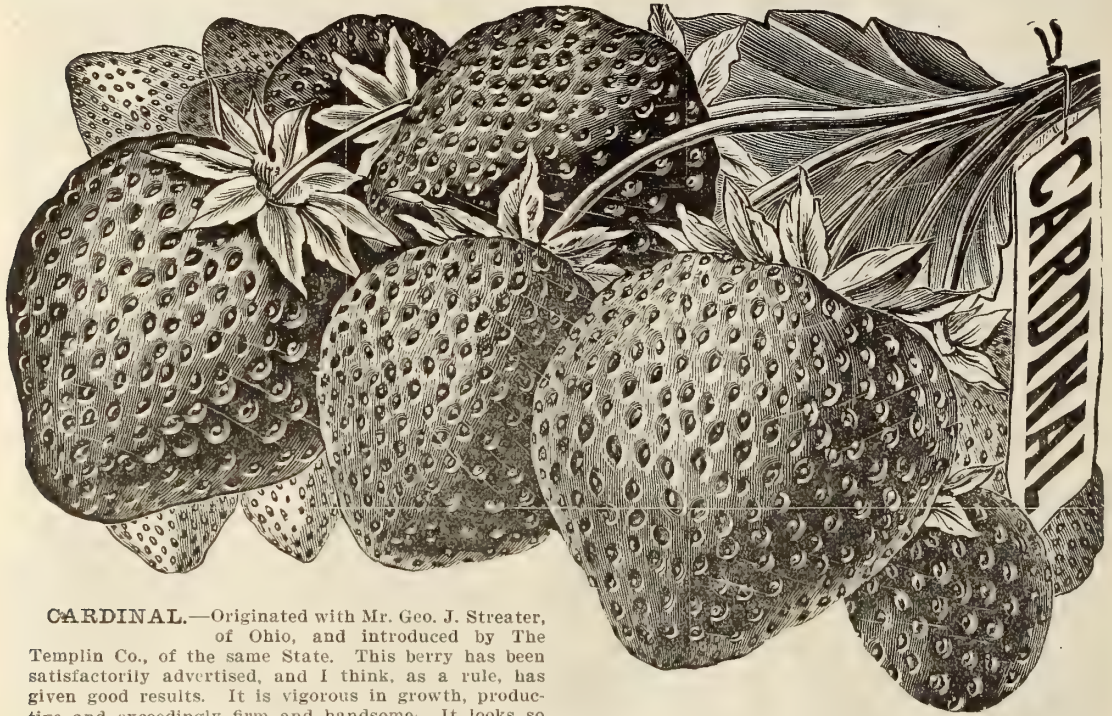
INTENDING BUYERS READ THIS.

Erie Co., N. Y., February 2, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—I ordered plants from you three years ago, and I believe every plant lived. Since that time I have bought Western-grown plants, and I have had very poor success with them. I find your plants have more vitality, and are put up in better shape.
 Yours very truly, G. H. HEATH.

WATERBURY.—A very handsome standard variety, especially popular in the West. Very productive, mid-season, and highly colored. A persistent plant maker, and if not kept thinned out they will mat so thick that it will be impossible for them to bear fruit of a desirable size, but if kept thin it is very productive of medium size, highly flavored and highly colored fruit.

WCCLEVERTON.—Introduced by the late John Little, of Ontario, Canada. I have fruited this variety for a number of years. It will succeed on almost any soil, but will do better on a sandy loam where the soil is not too dry. The plants make a good growth, have a perfect blossom, which makes it an excellent pollenizing variety. It is no uncommon thing to see blooms and ripe berries at the same time. A good reliable standard variety.





CARDINAL.—Originated with Mr. Geo. J. Streater, of Ohio, and introduced by The Templin Co., of the same State. This berry has been satisfactorily advertised, and I think, as a rule, has given good results. It is vigorous in growth, productive and exceedingly firm and handsome. It looks so well, and yields so well and, being easily grown, is one of the most profitable varieties for market. The berries average large and are bluntly conical with a bright green cap that holds up remarkably after shipping. It possesses the solidity of the old Wilson united with the vigor of the plant, prolificacy and brightness of color of the famous Crescent, while the berries are larger than either. Season medium to quite late, blossoms pistillate. One grower remarks that it gets right down to business and keeps at it all the time. From Ohio comes the word that it is good in plant growth and gives a wonderful yield. Altogether we consider this one of the valuable varieties that has come to stay.

GREAT SCOTT.—Originated in Massachusetts by Mr. John Scott, and introduced by Mr. S. H. Warren. It was given its name "Great" because of its size, and "Scott" in honor of its originator, also "Great Scott" is a common expression for anything surprising. It is a cross of Bubach and Belmont. The foliage and fruit of the Great Scott shine as though it were varnished. The fruit is very large, with a bright scarlet color turning to crimson when very ripe. Its season is from medium to late. The quality is good. It does not make a large number of plants, but the plants are large in size, and a few plants well distributed over the row make a good showing. We have put the price much lower this season so that all who desire to can give it a trial at a nominal cost.

TOO GOOD NOT TO BE WIDELY KNOWN.

Harford Co., Md., June 7, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—The Chesapeake berry (the plants came from your nursery last year) is now in fruitage, and we are delighted with it. The rich, red color seeds clearly defined on outside; its size and flavor all combine to make a perfect berry. It is firm, and bears handling better than other varieties, and is sweet and delicious. Its appearance is as perfect as the little imeries all good housekeepers have in their workbasket. With wishes for the successful introduction of the berry generally; it is too good not to be widely known. Believe me,
 Very truly yours,
 WM. L. AMOS.

GOOD LUCK.—Originated by Elwood Pedrick, of New Jersey. The fruit of this berry as compared with Gandy is equally as large and a few days earlier; in shape it is conical to broad conical or wedge shape. The illustration was made from a photograph and is an exact likeness of the berry. With me it does much better than Stevens Late Champion, which seems to be growing popular in many sections. In plant growth it is one of the strongest that we have, makes a large number of plants and for best results should be kept thin. One customer from Indiana says: "Good Luck is splendid." Thomas G. Smithson, of Washington, D. C., says: "Good Luck especially made the finest plants I ever saw in my life, and I wish you could see them, notwithstanding the two months' drouth we had this spring. What few I allowed to fruit, the berries seem to be all that I could wish."

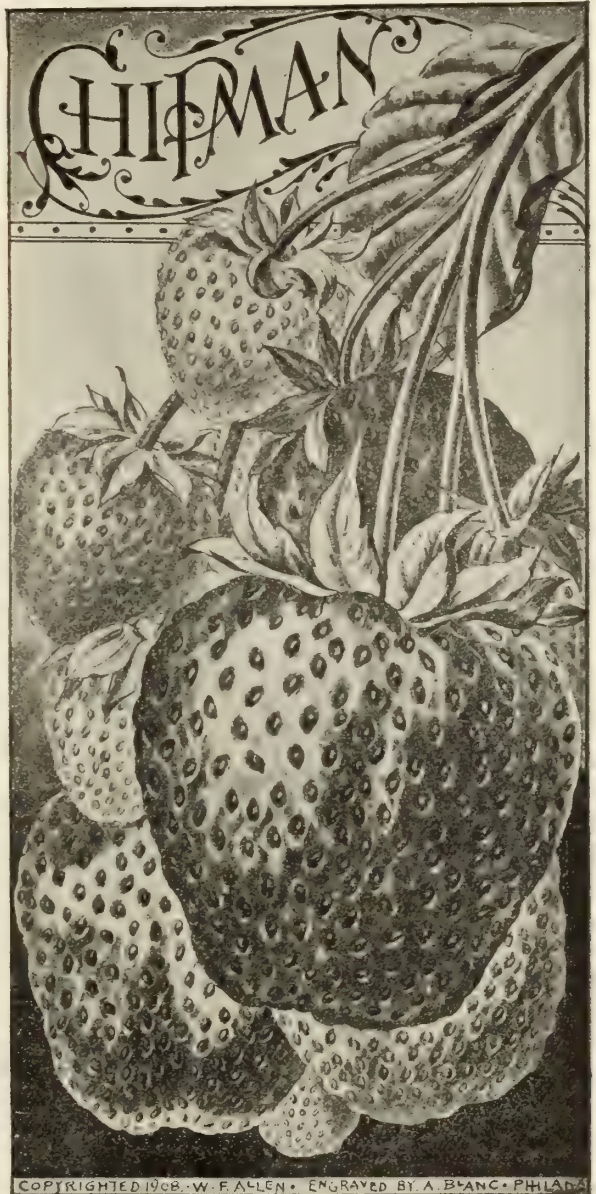


CHIPMAN.—This variety originated in Sussex Co., Del., by a grower of over thirty years' experience, and is considered by him the best he ever fruited. It was first planted for field culture about seven years ago and has always made a satisfactory crop. The plants are strong, upright in growth, large and healthy, with tall, broad, bright, glossy green foliage, which has never shown any sign of rust or disease. It has strong staminate blossoms and is a good variety to plant with pistillate sorts. The fruit is large, with green caps of even size and shape. It begins to ripen four or five days earlier than the Bubach, and being very firm and retaining its glossy red color well after taking from the vines, all combined makes it a valuable market variety, whether local or distant. It succeeds on both light and heavy soil, and it is believed that this will become one of the leading commercial varieties. The reports we have had from it have all been good.

BEADER WOOD.—This variety seems to be a favorite and is more largely grown in the West than elsewhere. The foliage is very dark green in color, rather tall and has long, narrow leaves. It also has very long but large roots, which extend deep in the soil and enables it to endure dry weather more than most varieties. The plants are very hardy and will produce a big crop of medium size fruit.

GOLDEN GATE.—Originated in Massachusetts by S. H. Warren, who is a good judge of strawberries and was largely instrumental in bringing the Marshall before the public. The Golden Gate is a strong grower; with numerous plants of luxuriant dark green foliage. It has a strong staminate blossom with lots of pollen, which produces strictly fancy, large fruit clear to the end of the season. It has a rich crimson color with no green tips; it blossoms early and late, making a good pollener for pistillate varieties of its class. Its season I should say is medium early to medium late. It was awarded the first prize at the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in 1904 and was highly praised by all who saw it. I think the variety is better suited to the North than to the South, and I feel confident that it will give great satisfaction in those sections where Glen Mary is so popular. It is claimed that in one instance seven berries filled a quart and ten to the quart is a frequent occurrence.

GOLDSBORO.—Originated by A. T. Goldsborough, near Washington, D. C. The growth of this variety the past season has been exceptionally good; in fact, it is one of the very best growers on the place, but as we did not get to fruit it the past season, I will give last year's description, which is as follows: Mr. Goldsborough began several years ago a series of systematic efforts to produce from seed a variety which should be ideal in both fruit and plant. After seven years of endeavor he was rewarded by a berry which bears his name. The shape of the fruit is regular and uniform, its color being a waxy light scarlet, with a deeper shade when fully ripe. Its red pulp leaves a red juice in the saucer, like its wild parent in the field. It is rich, juicy, sweet and fragrant, and Mr. Goldsborough says: "It is the only early berry I know of which can be eaten freely out of the hand. Some of the flowers are perfect, others imperfect. Its dark foliage is so fresh and green, its hidden fruit so red, glossy and sweet, that it is a pleasure to work among the plants. It ripens a little later than the first early and has made an excellent showing." I have a splendid stock of plants this season and have made the price low enough so everyone can afford to give it a trial.



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WILL NOT LOSE A PLANT.

Pleasants Co., W. Va., April 23, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—The plants received in fine condition; all starting to grow, and I feel that I won't lose a plant. Thanks for sending such nice plants. Yours respectfully,
 MARION HUNT.

WE TRY TO HANDLE PLANTS TO PLEASE OUR CUSTOMERS REGARDLESS OF COST.

Allegheny Co., N. Y., May 26, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—The plants arrived all O. K. They certainly had the best roots I ever saw on plants that were shipped. You certainly know your business of how to take up and handle plants. Very truly yours,
 O. E. VARS.

GOOD CONDITION.

Bermuda, Nov. 15, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—Strawberry plants arrived in good condition. I remain, yours obediently,
 WALTER BARKER,
 Supt. for S. W. Eells.



CLIMAX.—This variety is now so well tested over a wide range of territory that no one need hesitate to plant it. If you have not decided what to plant for second early you are generally safe in planting Climax, although, like all other varieties, there may be some sections where it will not do as well as some others. This is undoubtedly one of the best second early varieties coming in three or four days after such varieties as Excelsior, Mitchell's Early, etc. It is very productive and holds on for a long season. Climax is supposed to be a cross of the Bubach and Hoffman. The foliage is of a beautiful light green color that can be distinguished from other varieties at quite a distance. The plants are strong and vigorous, making an upright growth, and show no sign of rust. But few varieties ever put on the market have had a larger sale than the Climax. Our sales for three or four years have run from 600,000 to 800,000 plants annually, which indicates the general popularity of the variety. With a few exceptions, our customers from all over the country speak well of it. We have a very large stock of fine plants and will be able to fill all orders on this variety.

**HE IS 68 YEARS OLD AND KNOWS
WHAT IS WHAT.
READ WHAT HE SAYS.**

Huron Co., Ohio, April 9, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—My 7,000 strawberry plants arrived promptly in good condition. Packed nice, cleaned nice of runners, tied up nice, extra strong nice roots. You and your help deserve nothing but nice, good words from me. I am 68 years old, and I know.
Truly,
DAN WHITE.

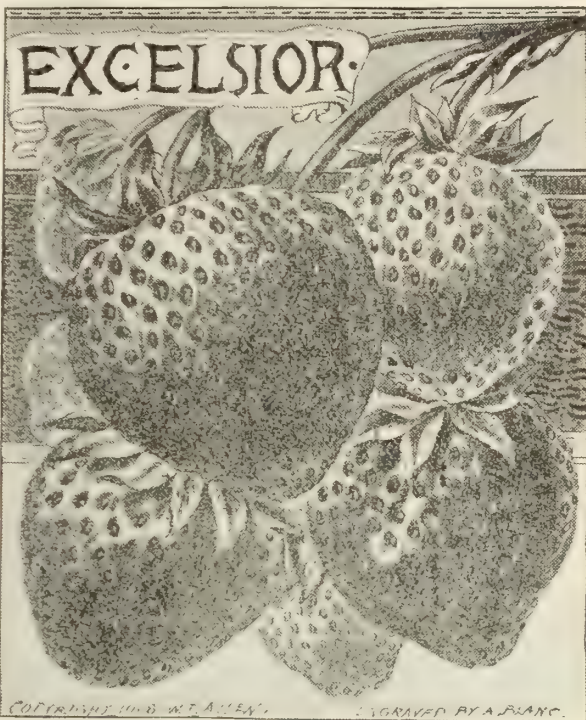
GANDY.—This old favorite is too well known to need an extended description. It is the standard late variety all over the country, and probably no higher compliment could be paid the variety than the fact that all other late varieties are compared by it. It should be planted in black swamp land if possible, otherwise in clay land of a springy nature; never on dry, sandy land. We always have a big demand for this variety and I have planted more largely of it than usual and have an excellent stock for this season. At this time it is without doubt the most largely planted of any variety on the Maryland and Delaware Peninsula.

**AND OFTEN REPEAT STORY THAT
WE LIKE TO HEAR.**

Suffolk Co., N. Y., April 7, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—The strawberry plants and privet arrived in good condition. I think the plants are the best I ever saw. Please accept thanks for same.
H. L. LEEK.



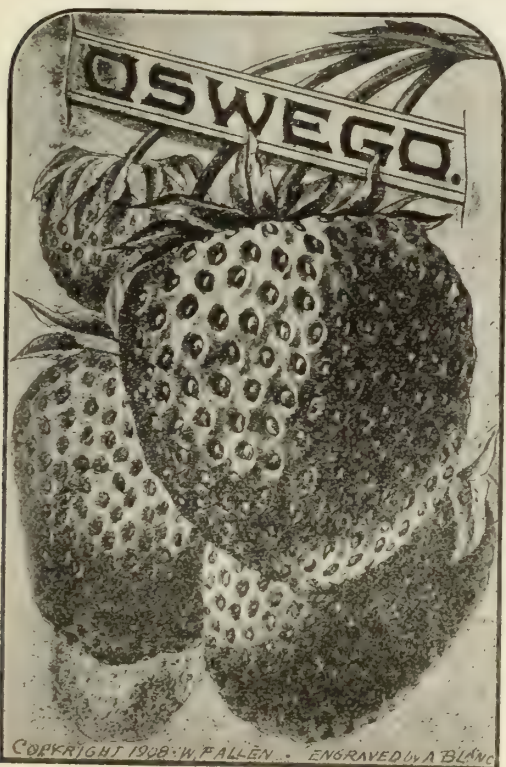
EXCELSIOR.—A standard for earliness by which all others are compared. The berries are about medium in size, very productive and firm; one of the best shipping berries on the list. If given half a chance it will take care of itself and bring splendid returns. It is too sour to suit the taste of the average person and has, therefore, never been popular for the home garden. As a first early shipping berry it has few equals and is decidedly the best of the old standard extra early market sorts, and if there is a variety that will give ripe fruit earlier in the season, year after year, I have not yet found it.



HELEN GULD.—Originated by J. R. Peck, of Missouri, and introduced by M. Crawford, of Ohio. The berry has not had a fair show with me, and perhaps it is hardly fair to the variety to say that it has not created a good impression with me. It has made a fair growth, but from its general appearance I cannot seem to bring myself to believe that it is as good as many others that we have on the market. Mr. Crawford being the introducer, and much more familiar with the variety than I am, I will give you his description, which is as follows: "Season medium to late. This was our premium berry two years ago and we are glad that we gave our customers something so good. Every time it fruits we admire it more and more. It does better in hills than in matted rows, and needs plenty of plant food to enable the foliage to keep up the fruit. When well nourished the plant is large and healthy and produces a great crop. It sends out a moderate number of strong runners. The fruit is large and holds up well to the end of the season; roundish conical in shape, quite uniform, except the first berry on the stem, which is sometimes triangular or slightly flattened. In color it is bright, glossy red, and the berries have a rich delicious flavor, though not as sweet as Wm. Bolt and Marshall. It is moderately firm and very fine for canning."

OSWEGO.—I do not know the originator of the Oswego, but it was introduced by L. J. Farmer, and is supposed to be a seedling of the Bubach and Sharpless. Mr. Farmer tells us: "It originated in an old family bed and attracted attention by its large size and its ability to produce a large crop

of berries under neglect. It was transferred to the family garden and grown there for years before it finally attracted the attention of commercial growers. The plants are large and vigorous, producing a number of young plants, while the old plant is inclined to bush up much like the Parker Earl. The berries are large, bright crimson and ripen about with Sharpless. The blooms are perfect. Season late."

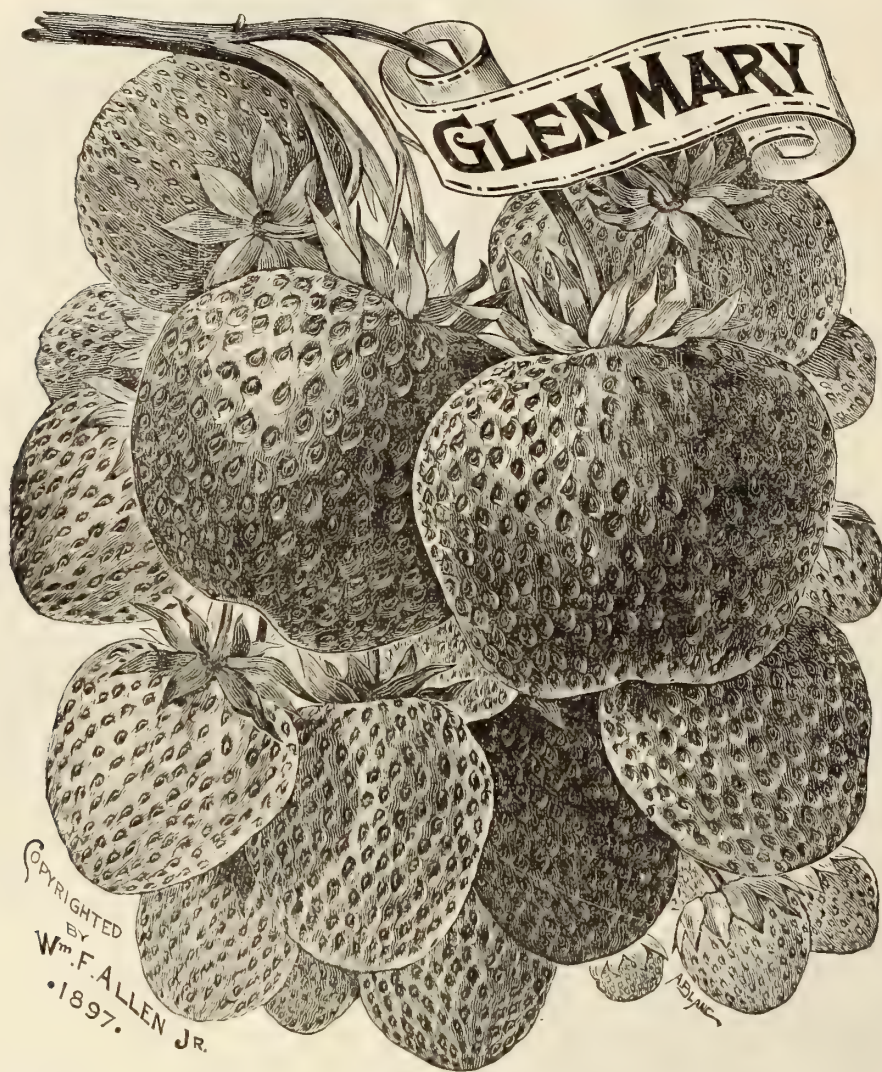


POCAHONTAS.—Originated by S. K. Garrison, of Virginia. The plants are exceedingly large and sturdy, somewhat resembling the Marshall, but more vigorous and healthy, and make more plants. The berries are large and beautiful and fine quality. Mr. Garrison, in writing about it, speaks thus: "I have one of the finest berries that has ever been seen. I showed it to all the berry growers in this section and they all said it was the biggest berry they had ever seen. I found the plants up in a mountain where never a strawberry had been planted, and it was the heaviest and largest plant I ever saw. From the small patch I had of them I got 32 quarts every other day, and sold them to Mr. — in Charlottesville, and he sold every quart of them for 25 and 30 cents when he could not get but 10 cents for Glen Mary. I had a lot of calls for this new berry, but I have not let any of the plants go. I have only a few of them this spring and have not named it yet. It is a fine, large, heavy bearer as I ever saw and I would like you to name it. The plant is a big, sturdy fellow, larger than the Glen Mary. I showed the plant and berries to a number of prominent gentlemen here and they will tell you that just what I say is so." A very promising berry that you should not fail to give a trial.

AND WILL TRY AND PLEASE YOU
EQUALLY AS WELL NEXT TIME.

Orange Co., N. Y., May 1, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
Dear Sir—I received my strawberry plants all right. They came through in fine shape, and when I need more will send to you for them.

Yours respectfully,
FRANK CHUDZEY.



GLEN MARY.—The Glen Mary was originated near West Chester, Pa., and introduced by myself in 1906. Ever since it was first grown it has been immensely popular throughout New England, the Northern Middle West and the Northwest. In this great territory we doubt if there is a more popular and a more largely grown variety today than the Glen Mary. This berry has never waned in its popularity, but seems to gain new friends among berry growers every season. For the benefit of those who did not get my 1909 catalogue I will repeat the description therein given, which covers the ground very thoroughly:

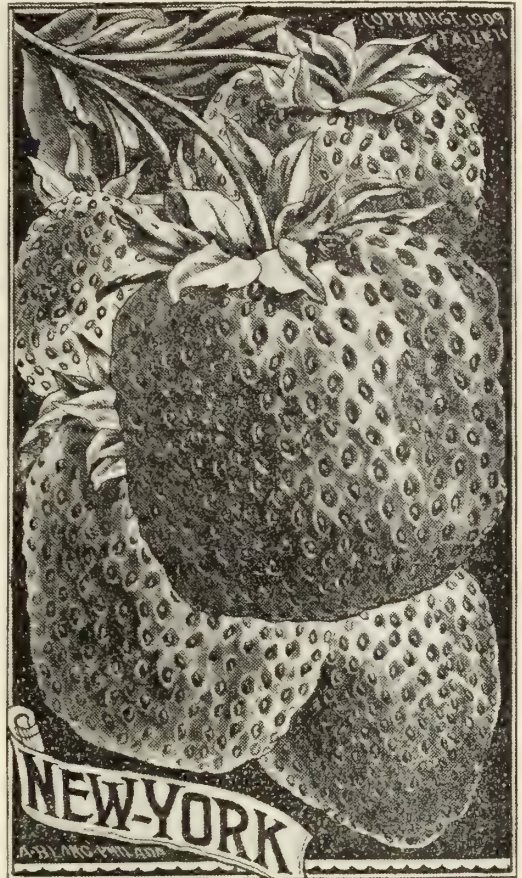
"I introduced this variety twelve years ago at \$10.00 per 100. Throughout New England and the West it is the leading berry of the list today. We sell more plants of it year in and year out than any variety that we grow. I do not recommend it for this peninsula, or for the South, but for New England, West and Northwest. I doubt if there is any variety that will equal it in every respect. It is only semi-staminate, but as its blossoms carry enough pollen to fruit its own berries, it is listed as a staminate variety, but I would not recommend it to plant with pistillate varieties as a pollinizer. They are big, dark red beauties with prominent seeds of bright yellow; the meat is rich and juicy and crimson in color. They are of such high flavor that when once eaten more are wanted. As a good, firm shipper it is very popular; for fancy local market there are few, if any, better. For this reason they are popular with both the large and small growers. It has no particular choice of soils, and does not require petting. The roots are long and well-developed, providing plenty of moisture during a drought. The

foliage is large, upright in growth, dark green in color, leaves nearly round with dark glossy surface, making a beautiful appearance in the field. The fruit stems, although large and strong, are weighted to the ground by the large clusters of berries; for this reason they should be well mulched to keep them clean. The berries are just the right size to make a fine appearance in the crate, and you do not have to be timid about asking a big price for them, as everyone will pay extra to get extra fine berries. I will repeat below a few quotations from letters received within the last month. "Last spring I had the finest bed of strawberries I ever had, but a late freeze ruined the crop. Out of the four varieties that I had, Glen Mary came out the best."—Harriet Crawford, of Licking Co., Ohio. "Have grown Glen Mary for several years and find it my most profitable variety. The berries are large, showy and fair quality, handle well and are immensely productive, good plant maker, deep rooted, resisting drought wonderfully well, and, above all, are long seasoned."—J. Howard Broomer, of Chester Co., Pa. "I have found no plants to come up with Glen Mary, taking all sides of the question into consideration."—John Ibson, of New Haven Co., Conn. "Glen Mary is the berry for Clermont Co., Ohio. It has berries in abundance and will bring a dollar more per bushel than any other berry on the Cincinnati market. Holds up well in size, almost as large at last picking as first. If I was going to set out 5,000 plants next spring, 4,000 would be Glen Mary."—Rev. E. R. Lewis, of Montgomery Co., Ohio. "Glen Mary first place, Sample second, Gandy third, Hummer fourth, Climax fifth. I give Glen Mary first place because it yields the largest amount of big berries."—Mr. T. Miller, of Chester Co., Pa. "With cur

experience out of sixteen varieties Glen Mary has been the best, largest and most prolific, the best looking in the box and the best seller."—J. D. Edwards & Son, of Salline Co., Mo. "Glen Mary with us is at the top of the list; it is sweeter and much better flavored and yields an immense crop of fruit. We began picking them early in the season and got our last picking a week after Champion had gone. It also held its size well during the season, which none of the other varieties did; together we may say it is the only variety of which we have made a success."—Wm. M. Brown & Son, of Atlantic Co., N. J. "I do not know why, but we have tried several varieties, and none seem to do so well as Glen Mary."—F. H. Phillips, of Allegheny Co., Pa.

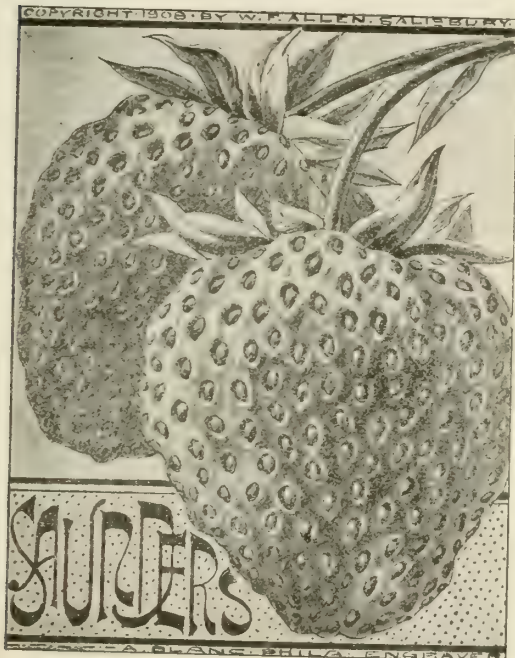
"I have talked with many customers about Glen Mary and the most of them in the sections where it does well consider it their best variety. Since its introduction twelve years ago I have only had plants enough to go around twice. We have a good big stock of nice plants this season, but cannot say whether or not there will be enough, as it is always in demand."

NEW YORK.—This popular strawberry originated with Miss Martha G. Yates, of Slaterville Springs, N. Y., and was introduced by me about ten years ago. The year previous to this I made an offer of \$100.00 for one dozen strawberry plants that would beat the Glen Mary. In the test that followed New York outstripped it, but was the only one out of over a hundred tested that was near as good. Plants being very scarce, it was put on the market at \$5.00 per dozen, and even at that price quite a few were sold. The berries are very large, some rather pointed, while others are thick and broad. It is a seedling of the Bubach fertilized with Jessie. The color is blood red, with a shiny surface. The seeds are so near the same color of the berry and deeply set that they are scarcely noticeable. It is a strictly fancy berry and a prize winner, just the kind to make the grower famous in his local market and give him the best trade. Small inferior berries have no show by the side of the New York, no matter how cheap they are offered. It is very prolific, bears through a long season, but it does not matter how fast they ripen, there are usually more eager buyers than can be supplied. Its excellent quality and wonderful productiveness make it very profitable to grow either for shipping or for the home trade. The cap is large and stands up prominently; the foliage light green, luxuriant grower and free from disease. The plant is one of the largest and healthiest on the place. Since its introduction it has become very popular, and there is always a large demand for it all over the country. A Pennsylvania customer says: "The New York is a vigorous grower, with fruit of immense size. A number of the largest strawberry growers here met on Main street one day this summer and I opened a



sixty-quart crate of New York that were not sorted at all, but packed just as they were picked, and they said they were the finest berries they had ever seen." Barnes Bros. Nursery Co., of New Haven, Conn., says: "New York did the best of any, everything considered." James Moore, of Kentucky, says: "The New York is of immense size and very productive." Jacob G. Ogden, of Chester Co., Pa., says: "The New York variety was fine. I cannot praise it enough. They were fine berries of excellent quality and my customers were not satisfied with any other variety after once buying the New York."

SAUNDERS.—Years ago I grew many acres of this for fruit and considered it one of my best varieties. It is a strong staminate variety and one of the very best to plant with pistillates. The fruit is large and a deep, glossy red. This is one of the few varieties that give best results on medium or light soil and yields good crops, and for several years was my favorite berry. For two or three years the demand for this variety seemed to wane, but evidently is coming into popularity again, judging from the inquiries we are receiving for it. It is certainly a good berry and no one will go far wrong in planting it. It is a good, safe variety to plant by the inexperienced.



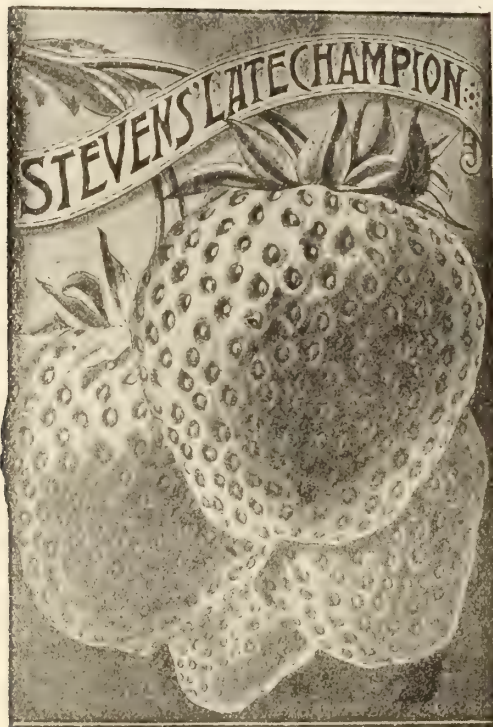
THANKS FOR CONGRATULATIONS: I WILL TRY AND MERIT THEM.

Johnson Co., Ind., April 6, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—My order for plants arrived all O. K. yesterday. I write simply to congratulate you on the manner in which you pack your plants for shipment. Your mode of packing and labeling is about as perfect as one could wish. The plants were first class.
 Yours truly,
 W. S. YOUNG.



NEW HOME.—Of W. origin and introduced by me several years ago. Until the advent of the Chesapeake it was the most profitable berry with me that I had grown. It is nearly as late as the Gandy. Fruit bright red, that does not lose its luster and turn dark after being picked a long time; uniformly large size, and one of the best shippers that I have ever handled. It will produce a crop on much lighter land than where Gandy will grow. The fruit is so firm and keeping qualities so good that it does not require to be picked more than two*or three times per week, and while some say it is not productive enough, I have several times picked 1,000 quarts per acre at a single picking, which I consider a very good yield. One peculiarity about the New Home about which I have had many inquiries is that all

through the row there is more or less light colored or yellow leaves; this seems to be a characteristic of the variety. I mention this in answer to the inquiries received in reference to it. Since introduced, this berry has had some very flattering reports as to good results, but it would not be fair, on the other hand, not to mention the fact that we have had a great many complaints. While it has done exceptionally well here and in many other sections, there are also many places where it does not seem to thrive. I would advise those who grow berries for distant market to be sure and give it a trial, not in too large quantity, however, until you have demonstrated that your soil will suit it.



STEVENS' LATE CHAMPION.—Evidently a descendant of the Gandy, and hails from New Jersey. It is a much better grower than the Gandy and will thrive on a greater variety of soils. In some sections it is a great favorite and largely grown. In a recent trip to Connecticut I found a great many of this variety growing, and it seems to be giving general satisfaction to many growers. On my light soil it is not a favorite with me, although it did much better comparatively the past unfavorable season than it has been doing. Growers who are planting it largely claim it yields large crops of large, beautiful berries that ship well late in the season after most other varieties have ripened and gone. It makes strong, vigorous plants and plenty of them. The flowers and berries are well protected by the ample foliage. Fruit large, a little flattened and sometimes slightly creased, but generally smooth. The color is bright red; the flesh is also red, but lighter. The flavor is somewhat acid, but is generally accepted as a good berry. It ripens all over at once and has a fine surface protected by prominent seeds.

BEST YET—WILL WANT MORE.

Cumberland Co., N. Y., July 7, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—Your Virginia and Chesapeake strawberries are the best plants I ever got yet, and the cream of them all. I will want more plants next spring.

Yours truly,
EDWARD PAYNTER.

I ALWAYS GET GOOD TREATMENT
Lacrosse Co., Wis., April 19, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

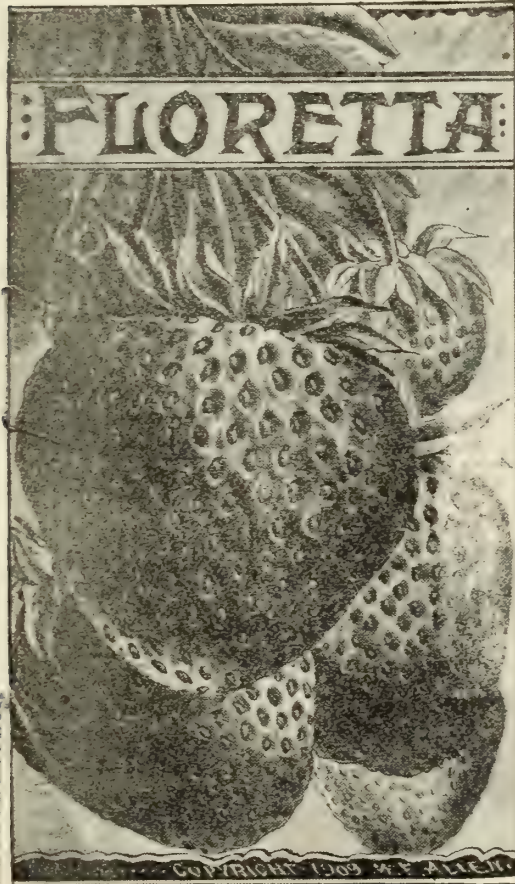
Dear Sir—Plants were received in fine shape. I always get good treatment from you.
J. E. NYE.

SENATOR DUNLAP.—Originated by J. R. Reasoner, of Illinois, and named for Senator Dunlap, of the same State. Mr. Reasoner claims that the Dunlap has started to encircle the globe, and I guess from the demand we had for plants the past season he must be about right. I have not counted up, but I think it is safe to say that I sold a million of this variety; I know it is not far short of that. I have fruited the berry for several years and find it one of the best of the medium size, mid-season varieties. The Dunlap is one of those healthy plants that, if given a chance, will look out for itself anywhere you plant it. It is one of those varieties that the beginners who know practically nothing about strawberries can depend on. The berries resemble the Warfield in color and ripen about the same time; in fact, it is taking the place of the Warfield with the largest growers for various reasons. It has a perfect blossom and is a better berry, better able to resist drouth and less liable to be injured by continued rainy weather during the picking season. With me it averages larger than Warfield. The foliage is tall, dark green, upright, with a long leaf, and has more than the ordinary power of developing a heavy crown system. It has an extra long flowering season; the bloom is handsome and exceedingly rich in pollen, which makes it very valuable to plant with such pistillate kinds as ripen in its season. Its long roots go down into the subsoil for moisture, and a severe drouth seems to have less effect on this berry than on any others. The fruit is dark red, with a glossy finish, shading to a dark scarlet on the under side, with prominent yellow seeds that look like gold embedded in highly colored wax. The meat is bright red all through and is exceedingly juicy. In 1907 I fruited quite a large piece that bore one of the heaviest crops of berries that I have ever grown. Under certain



favorable weather conditions it has a decided inclination for bearing in the fall on two-year-old beds. We do not claim that it would do this every year; in fact, I know that it would not. It is a good, safe variety for anyone to plant who are not sure as to what they should plant or what would be best. Notwithstanding we had a very large stock last season, we were barely able to supply the demand for them. This year we have not quite so many, and I fear we will not have enough to go around, but we have several hundred thousand and will supply the variety as long as possible.

FLORELLA—Originated by Mr. J. P. H. Brown, of Augusta, Ga., and is said to be a seedling of the Braham crossed with Lady Thomson. It has beautiful dark green foliage entirely free from rust. Its root system is solid, sending out large tap roots to a great distance. The berries are large to very large, crimson color and fine flavor, and almost as perfect in form as if each berry were molded. Fruit stems are long and stalky, which hold the berries up well from the dirt. Season of ripening nearly as early as Lady Thomson, and its firmness commends it to the commercial grower. I have been watching this variety for several years and was so well pleased with it last season that I planted nearly all the plants that I had, advancing the price on the few that I had left. This year I have a very fine stock of plants that I am able to offer at a very reasonable price. For the two or three years that I have been watching the variety here it has made a very attractive and satisfactory showing of fancy, large, round, conical berries that could hardly fail to bring the highest market price.

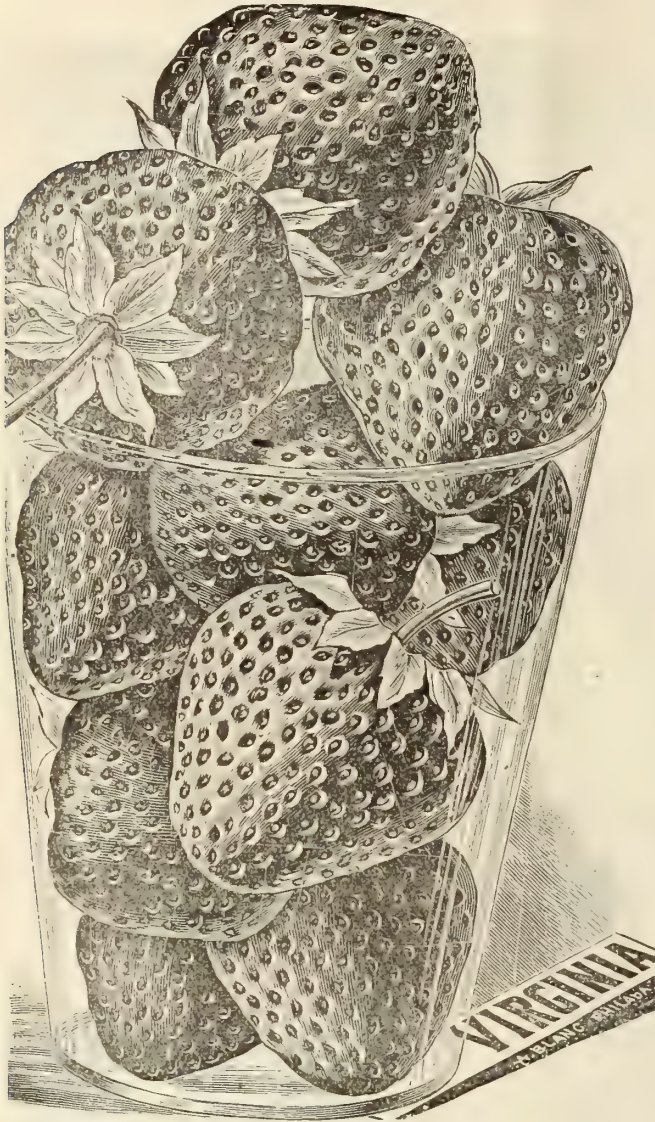


 * **LIKE MOST OTHERS, HE IS WELL** *
 * **PLEASED.** *

Floyd Co., Ind., October 4, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—All the plants I bought of you have made a remarkable growth, due in large measure to your careful method of packing, and I am much pleased with my prospects for the coming season.

Yours very truly,
 HENRY HANDY.



VIRGINIA.—This berry is a native of Accomac Co., Va., from which State it takes its name, and is one of the berries that captured my offer of \$100.00 for the best dozen plants of any un-introduced variety sent me in the spring of 1903. It fruited with me and captured the prize in the spring of 1904. In points of earliness it is three or four days behind Excelsior; in some tests it has proved equally as early, but is generally three or four days later. The Virginia is very productive of good size early berries. While it is not of the firmest, it is firm enough to make a good shipping berry, and being uniformly of good size and bright glossy red color, it can be depended on to bring good price in market. The Virginia is said to be a cross between the great shipping berry Hoffman and the old favorite Sharpless; this is surely most excellent parentage, and the Virginia to a great degree combines the good qualities of both. The foliage, while distinct, is similar to the Hoffman, but is larger and stronger. The plants make a good growth, with plenty of runners, and never show any rust. A Kentucky customer writes: "The Virginia has healthy foliage and was very prolific; extra early and large for so early a berry." Geo. F. Thayer, of Idaho, says: "The Virginia produces a great crop, so much so that I set out this fall all the plants I had." The proprietor of the New York Fruit Store at St. Johnsbury, Vermont, writes: "The Virginia and Marshall were the best of all for fancy prices." Joseph C. Watson, of Accomac Co., Va., writes: "I think the Virginia is the best of the five varieties that I have tested this year. It makes

a fine lot of plants; beautiful, glossy berries, and continues to bear longer than any of the others." An Illinois customer says: "Your Virginia is a grand berry. I am delighted with it. We have an organization of berry growers here of about seventy members, and I was the only one that had it, and I sometimes got tired telling the boys the name of it, as there was always someone asking the name and all kind of questions about it. You will get lots of orders from here." A New Jersey customer says: "The berry crop was a complete failure, although some Virginia set in my garden did exceptionally well." We have many other letters saying good things of the Virginia. Mr. Custis, who received the \$100.00 prize for the dozen plants, says that he picked 12,000 quarts per acre of the Virginia, not estimated from a small plot, but from an actual acre. It is an all-around good berry and should be grown in thinly matted rows, and will do better on medium stiff or springy land than on a very light soil.

NORWOOD.— This berry, which has been represented to be such a monster in size, was originated by Mr. N. B. White, of Norwood, Mass., who describes it as follows: "The Norwood was named and given first prize by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society at its exhibition in 1906. The strawberry is supposed to be a cross of Marshall and Corsican, as it came up where the Marshall had been grown, and near where Corsican was grown at the same time. The plant is strong and healthy, making a liberal number of strong runners, but not excessive. The berry is conic and regular in shape, not a coxcombed berry was found this season. The quality is unsurpassed and the size unequalled, some attaining the enormous-size of three inches in diameter. Four such berries would fill a box and be crowded. Color, bright red all the way through, growing darker with age; it is firm, a good keeper and will ship well; has a perfect blossom and holds its size well through the season and remains in bearing for a long time. I picked the first box June 18 and the last one July 15. The largest berries were found in matted rows, although the plants had received no extra culture." I bought 100 plants of Norwood two years ago, for which I paid \$40.00. From the 100 I only made a little more than 500 plants, which were all dug and planted. I have, therefore, not fruited the berry yet. The foliage resembles the Marshall very much and the illustrations that have been sent out I am quite sure have been very much overdrawn. I have several thousand plants that must be genuine, as they came direct from the originator, which we will supply to any who want them. It will be interesting for those who are interested in very large berries to plant a few, but I shall be surprised and pleased if it is half as good as has been claimed. I hope to be able another season to say more about it personally, and I shall be pleased if I can report that a portion of the fabulous claims made for it can be realized.

**CHESAPEAKE FINE. WIFE ALLOWS
 NO ONE ELSE TO PICK THEM.**

Chester Co., Pa., Oct. 14, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—The spring of 1908 I bought 50 Chesapeake strawberry plants of you and took no extra care of them, but when they began to ripen, then I was sorry for my neglect. They were certainly fine. My wife would allow no one to pick them but herself, and I think they will keep the much-boasted "Norwood," of New York State, hustling to beat them in bearing quality and long season. I remain, yours truly,
 JAMES L. ESSICK.



RED BIRD.—Originated in Mississippi and sent out by Mr. S. Wherry. It was highly recommended to me and I was induced to set a few plants a few years ago and was satisfied from the first that I had done so. Many growers fail to get a satisfactory crop owing to the fact that they do not keep it thin enough. The vines grow like weeds, and unless kept thin will mat so thickly that they will impoverish each other, thereby causing the fruit to be small, but if kept from getting too thick, they set a heavy crop of small strawberries that ripen early and carry well. When I first had this berry in fruit I sent for one of the largest growers in the State, and he has been growing it in large quantities ever since, and I understand is very well pleased with it. The berries are very tart and would not be considered good eating without plenty of sugar, but as a first early shipping berry, considering size, productiveness and firmness, it probably has no equal. The fruit will average larger than the Excelsior, and with me will bear twice as much per acre, although the Excelsior I consider a good yielder, nevertheless I say twice as many quarts per acre, and I believe that it will do it. It is a pistillate variety, and the earliest pistillate variety that I know of. It can be fruited with Excelsior, Early Hathaway or Fairfield. Some years with me it has ripened with Excelsior, other years three or four days later. If grown thin as above directed it is a decidedly valuable market sort.

SARATOGA. Originated by Wm. Palmer, of Saratoga Co., N. Y. It makes a vigorous growth of healthy, vigorous plants with a very dark green foliage. Not having thoroughly tested the variety myself, I will give Mr. Palmer's description: "I exhibited the Saratoga at the New York State Fair in September, 1906, one plant set in May, 1906, with ordinary field culture, that had twenty-five good berries and several small ones. A portion of three acres was of this variety, cared for the same as the balance of the field. One picking at the height of the season yielded at the rate of 5,000 quarts per acre, maturing the last of the crop with Gandy. I have been testing it on different soils for three years with equally as good results. It has a perfect blossom, and is a cross of the Glen Mary and Sample, two of the leading all-around berries. The flesh is deep red, a good shipper, and medium to late in season."

PRIDE OF CUMBERLAND.—Originated in New Jersey. The berry is brilliant red and holds its luster and freshness a long time after being picked. It is so attractive that it always brings the highest price in market. Where everything is favorable it is very productive, very firm and good quality. It is a strong staminate variety and an excellent variety to plant with medium to late pistillate sorts. Were it not for the fact that its blossoms are easily injured by unfavorable weather, I think this would become one of the leading market berries, but owing to the tender blossoms, the yield is frequently not as large as it should be, but, as stated above, very productive when everything is favorable.

EARLY HATHAWAY.—This seems to be so near Texas that we have discontinued to offer the latter variety. My impression is that no one could tell the difference growing side by side. Under favorable conditions I find that it gives a very good crop of excellent berries early in the season. It is a strong staminate variety and is a good one for fruiting early pistillates.

ENHANCE.—Berries somewhat irregular in shape, large, firm, season late. An excellent variety for pollinizing late pistillate varieties. Foliage is very rich light green, and while I have grown it for fifteen years, I do not remember of ever seeing a spot of rust on it. This is quite a favorite on the Pacific Coast. We have a nice stock of plants and will be pleased to furnish all those who admire this good old variety.

IN ELEGANT SHAPE.
 Multnomah Co., Ore., Feb. 26, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—Strawberry plants arrived today in elegant shape; are good plants. Thanks for promptness.
 E. J. LADD.



FAIRFIELD—(Illustration two-thirds size.) Season of ripening about the same as Excelsior, Mitchell's Early and Hoffman. It is somewhat larger than either of these and is far better quality than the Excelsior and Hoffman. There is quite a demand for the plants, especially among those who do not admire the qualities of the two above-named varieties. One will not go far out of the way when planting this variety for an early crop. The quality of the berry is good. The plants are strong growers, with healthy foliage much resembling the Haverland. It is a good early berry to plant either for the home use or market, as it is firm enough to make a good shipper.

FENDALL.—Originated with Mr. Chas. E. Fendall, of Baltimore Co., Md. The past season being an unfavorable one here we did not have an opportunity to give it a fair trial and will again have to quote Mr. Fendall's description. This much, however, I can say from observation: It is a very strong growing plant, with luxuriant light green foliage that is very attractive. Mr. Fendall says: "The berries are as large, if not larger, than any other variety, and unlike most large berries in that they are delicious in flavor. In length of season it is certainly remarkable. In 1906 I picked berries from it on the 25th of May and the last on the Fourth of July. The same year it yielded at the rate of 16,000 quarts per acre. It throws out a great many runners, which root splendidly in a very short time; in fact, the roots of this variety excel anything I have ever seen in the strawberry line. The berries are perfect beauties, rich in color, smooth and glossy, with long stems and very large caps. The plant and fruit are bound to command attention wherever seen. More than fifty gentlemen have visited my garden during the season, and all express their greatest astonishment at the wonderful productiveness, size and flavor of this wonderful berry."

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W. F.
ALLEN.

A BLANC
PHILA.

FREMONT WILLIAMS.—My attention was first called to this variety by a Western grower, who writes me thus: "Why is it you Eastern growers do not try the Fremont Williams? I shipped fifty crates to Indianapolis last season and they were pronounced the largest and finest seen in that market." I procured a few plants and was highly pleased with the results. We did get some berries about as fine as I ever saw and I was very favorably impressed with it. I must add, however, that the past season it disappointed me, although it may still do well in some sections where everything is favorable. The season here was a very hard one, which may have had something to do with its failure. It is one of the latest varieties that I know of, but the past season with me it did not mature its fruit satisfactorily.

GILL.—Owing to the unfavorable season last May I was not able to give much of an idea personally about the fruiting qualities of this variety. A customer from Massachusetts writes: "It was the earliest berry I had and was very large for an early berry. It is a vigorous grower and a great plant-maker." The growth with me has been entirely satisfactory; it makes larger, stronger plants than most of the extra early varieties. It is entirely free from disease; no rust spots have ever appeared on it on my grounds. Mr. Crawford, the introducer, speaks of it as follows: "Very early, uniform in shape, nearly round and above the average of the early varieties in size. It colors all over and becomes quite deep red when full ripe. The flesh is light red and white and has a pleasing flavor." Well worthy of trial.

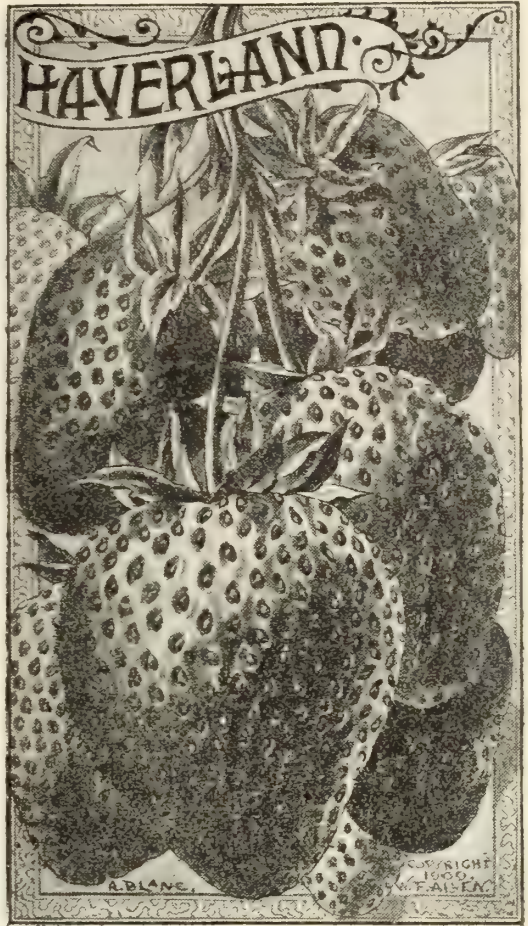
GOVERNOR ROLLINS.—Originated by Benjamin H. Smith, of Beverly, Mass., and named in honor of Governor Rollins, of New Hampshire. The plants are medium in size, healthy and robust, with thick, dark green leaves. It took first prize at the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in 1907. The fruit is firm, large, perfect in shape, dark red in color and of very fine quality. It holds up well until the last picking and matures all of its fruit. It is productive and promising. Try it.

GREENVILLE.—Originated by Mr. E. M. Buechly, Ohio. It is considered by many to be an improvement on Bubach, especially in firmness and vigor of plants. The fruit is finely colored, and has been reported by many experimenters in small fruits as a very fine berry. It is no favorite of mine, but as I have an occasional call for it, I keep a few plants in stock to supply what demand there is.



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W. F. ALLEN... A. BLANC, ENG. PHILA.

HAVERLAND.— This is one of the most popular of the old standard varieties. The Haverland was introduced between twenty-five and thirty years ago and is, I believe, more popular today than it has ever been. There is more demand for the Haverland than all other varieties combined of the older list that has been on the market anything like twenty-five or thirty years. The demand for it will equal that of any variety on the market today, regardless of when it was introduced. Last year we thought we had a good stock of Haverland and did have seven or eight hundred thousand plants, but it was impossible for us to fill near all the orders, and we had to turn down hundreds who wanted Haverland after we had sold all we had. This year we are better prepared and expect to be able to fill all Haverland orders received, although, of course, it would be possible to buy us out, but our stock is large and we could handle a good many large orders for this variety. If those who did not get it last season and others will send in their orders early this year, we can certainly supply it. If, however, the demand is as great as last year we may not be able to fill very late orders. The Haverland is a good standard berry that bears a big crop, above medium in size, quality and appearance. Anyone who is in doubt as to what to plant would make no mistake in planting this. It seems to do well in nearly every part of the country. Several years ago I asked all of my customers to vote on the most popular mid-season variety; there were twice as many that named Haverland as their preference as there were any other kind. The plants are healthy, large and vigorous, making ample runners. The bloom is medium size and extremely hardy. The Haverland should be well mulched, as the fruit stems are not able to hold the immense load of berries from the ground. It is so enormously productive that the bright, large, juicy berries lie in great heaps around the plant. When the berry was introduced some twenty-five years ago it was not boomed by any introducer as have been most varieties, but on merit alone it has come to the front and stayed there for years. Under favorable circumstances it will grow as large as guinea eggs. Of course, under ordinary culture it would not be as large as this, but the average size is usually satisfactory under almost any condition. It is popular North, East, South and West, and we have seldom, almost never, had any complaint from this variety. It is a good one to tie to. As stated at the beginning of this description, our stock of plants this season is large and very fine.



HOWARD.— This is a seedling of Barton's Eclipse crossed with Gandy. It is medium to late, fruit excelling Gandy in productiveness and quality. It has made a very good showing with me. It is spoken of in the Rural New Yorker as follows: "Late, strong, productive; foliage tough and resistant; very large berries, firm and well colored; quality better than Gandy. A promising sort." I have been growing the Howard for several years and have always been well pleased with it. I think it ranks well with the best standard varieties, and one that, so far as I have heard, is giving general satisfaction. It is a good perfect-blossom variety that will pollinize your medium-to-late pistillates, and at the same time give you good results in the crop it produces.

JOHNSON'S EARLY.— Originated by O. A. Johnson, of Somerset Co., Md. Time of ripening second early. Berries above medium in size, very prettily colored and extra fine quality. Its foliage is green and healthy and a persistent plant-maker. It is particularly adapted to stiff clay land and will not bear a satisfactory crop on light, sandy soil.

HOFFMAN.— This is very firm and quite productive on heavy or springy land. It will grow, but it does not produce well on light, sandy soil. Marion Station, Md., has become a famous strawberry section and probably attracts more commercial buyers than any station in the country. The principle berry that has been grown at Marion Station for years is the Hoffman. In this section it seems to be at its best, and with its high colors, extraordinary firmness, it is a great favorite with the shippers. It used to be very largely grown throughout the South, but in later years there are so many other varieties claiming its place that it is not nearly so largely grown now as previously. It is a good market berry, however, and in sections where it will thrive it still ought to give good results. We have a small stock of very fine strictly pure plants.

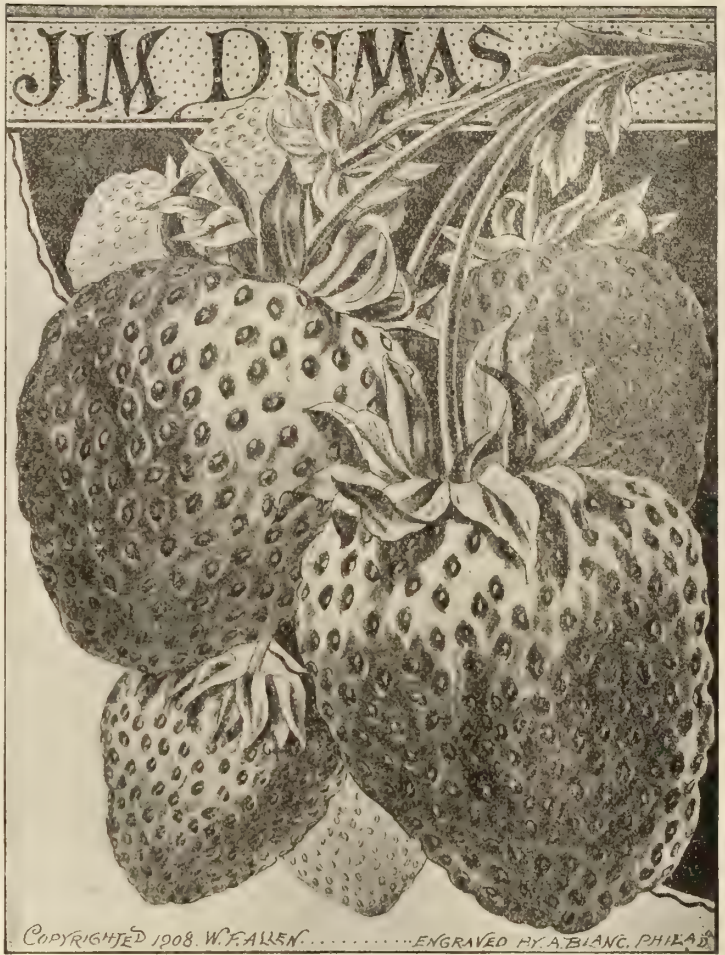
JESSIE.— Where soil conditions are favorable the Jessie is an exceedingly fancy berry for either home use or market. It is very choice as to the soil in which it grows and there are more places where it fails than there are where it succeeds. We keep a few plants in stock for some of our customers who refuse to give it up and, as stated above, where it does succeed it is very fine.

KANSAS.— Originated by Mr. J. J. Wittman, Emporia, Kan. Fruit rather above medium in size and immensely productive; color, bright, brilliant crimson, not only on the surface, but through and through. It is the most fragrant strawberry that I know of. The plant is free from rust and disease. We hear excellent reports of this variety on the Pacific Coast, and I should especially be pleased to have some of my customers in that section give it a trial, if only a few. A letter from Omaha, Neb., says: "The Kansas is the best with me."

WHAT I TOLD HIM SEEMS TO BE COMING TRUE.

 Cumberland Co., N. J., June 10, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—In the spring of 1908 you shipped us a few Chesapeake strawberry plants. These plants are now fruiting, and are only excelled by the Gaudy, and it is even whether they are not equal. They are one week earlier with us, and a heavy cropper of uniform berries. When the writer was at your place in the fall of 1907, you spoke about this berry, as being the coming berry, and, judging by our experience, it looks that way to us. Yours very truly,
 MINCH BROS.

JIM DUMAS.—This new variety hails from Arkansas and was introduced by Louis Hubach. I did not get to test it last season as I should like to have done, although what I saw of it gave a very good impression. We had some fruit, but being a very poor strawberry year, we do not feel that it had a fair show at this fruiting. I was very well pleased with it, however, and especially so with its strong, vigorous growth. It is a great plant-maker, with large, healthy foliage. The introducer describes it in the following words: "This splendid variety I believe is destined to achieve as great a success as the Excelsior and become a general favorite all over the country. The plants have strong, healthy foliage and very stiff, long roots. It is a good plant-maker and has never shown any sign of rust or blight. The berries are large and perfect in form, running from thirty to forty per quart. I have fruited it on clay, sand and low land and it has done well under all conditions. The berries ripen nearly as early as the Excelsior and will average twice as large. Unlike most very large kinds, it is a good yielder; flesh is red all the way through and of good flavor. I have tested many varieties and the Jim Dumas excels them all. I have been looking for a long time for an ideal market strawberry and I think you will find it in this variety." Mr. Hubach is very loud in his praise of this new berry, and what reports I have seen of it seem to bear him out. I hope to be able to describe it more personally next year.



METEOR.—A new variety of great promise from Massachusetts and originated by Charles Lunt. I was fortunate in procuring a small quantity of these plants two years ago, and in the fall of 1908 they had made such a fine showing that I dug up all that I had and planted them; 1909 has been a very dry year, but the Meteor has literally outstripped practically everything else in the field in strong, vigorous, healthy growth. These plants have received no special care over the other varieties, but in vigor and health they are a delight to look upon. The Meteor is a pistillate variety. The fruit resembles the Sample in shape, although somewhat larger. Its blossoms are very hardy and will stand more cold than most varieties. The originator claims it to be almost frostproof. He also says it is more productive than the Sample, and that he gets from five to eight cents more per quart for it in the Boston market. It is a new variety well worthy of trial.

KEVITT'S WONDER.—Originated by T. C. Kevitt, of New Jersey. Not having fruited this variety, I will give Mr. Kevitt's description: "It ripens with Glen Mary; that is, it is mid-season. Plants short and stalky, very thrifty growers, foliage dark green, very prolific. Berries bright red, with a long neck; very firm and of long shape. Large single plants set out as late as September yielded two fruit stems and each stem yielded ten to fourteen perfect shaped berries." Recommended for home use.

LIVINGSTON.—This is claimed to be a seedling of the Warfield and, like that variety, makes plenty of medium-sized plants that are healthy and productive. The berries are larger than Warfield, but not as firm. It colors up well, has a slight neck and is easily picked. The berries are bright red inside and out, and have a rich, delicious flavor. It commences to ripen medium early and continues through a long season.

MAMMOTH BEAUTY.—Fruited with me for the first time last May. It may be a little more productive and a little more vigorous than the Haverland. I did not have the Haverland growing by the side of it, but it did exceedingly well both in vigor of plant and in the immense crop. I cannot say positively that it is no different from the Haverland. It was sent out by Charles Pratt, of Massachusetts, as a new variety. He claims that a grower in Western Massachusetts recommended the variety and claimed it to be one of the most profitable berries grown in that section. We will furnish this at the same price that we furnish the Haverland, but it is my candid opinion that you will find it to be identical to that variety.

WILL GIVE YOU OUR ORDER NEXT YEAR.
 Montgomery Co., Ohio, May 9, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—We got the strawberry plants in fine condition and are well pleased with them. We thank you for your prompt delivery. They are starting fine. We will give you our order for next year. Yours very truly,
 AUGUST WOLF.
WELL PLEASSED.
 Wood Co., W. Va., April 10, 1909.
 W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.
 Dear Sir—The strawberry plants arrived in good shape. I am well pleased with them. Yours truly,
 A. B. INGRAHAM.



KLONDYKE.—A very popular medium early market berry from Mississippi. The Klondyke has been quite extensively planted for the last year or two both North and South. Hundreds of acres of this variety have been planted in this section for the Northern markets. The plants are only medium in size, but fairly productive. Like Gandy, it produces some pistillate blossoms early in the season. The fruit is large, obtusely conical, smooth, red, firm and of good quality. A grower in Mississippi says: "I have 50 acres of this variety alone, and it leads all the others as a great market berry. Here large growers especially are making extensive plantings of this variety and it seems to be giving satisfaction generally." It makes a good crop of well-colored, firm, large berries, such as ship well and bring the top of the market. A fine grower, being no trouble to get a good stand, and, in fact, should be thinned in most cases for best results. It is a good, safe berry to plant when it is necessary to ship a long distance.

MITCHELL'S EARLY.—Originated by a Mr. Mitchell, of Arkansas. If grown on good soil it must be kept thin or it will go too much to vines. For eating from the vines after it is full ripe, there is probably nothing better, and until the Excelsior came it was the leading market berry in this section, as well as for home use. A few growers that I know of held on to it for a number of years after the advent of the Excelsior, and claimed that it paid them better than that variety. Too well known to need further description.

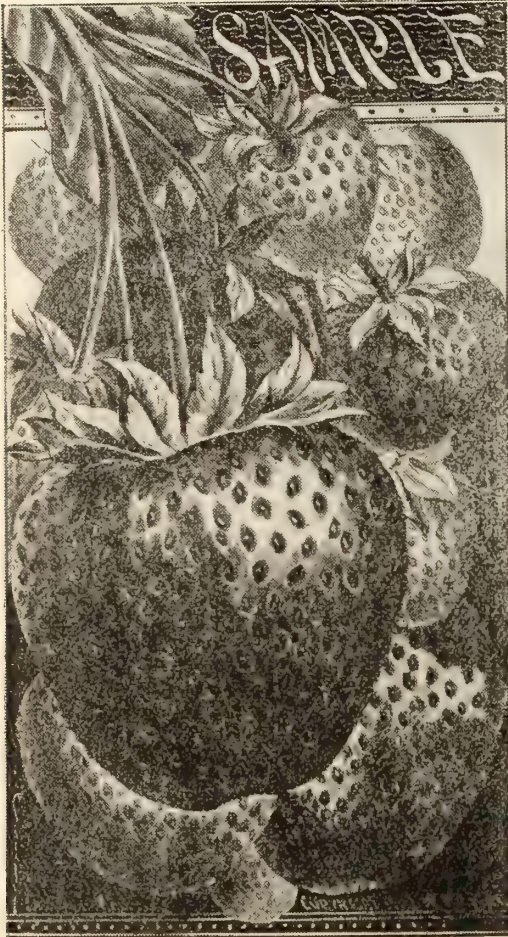
PENNSYLVANIA DUTCHMAN.—The originator of this variety is not known. I bought my stock of plants from the Keystone State from one of my customers, who writes me as follows: "I have a new berry that has no name and eleven or twelve will fill a quart. In the Harrisburg market they have been bringing 25 cents per box when the rest were only eight cents. They have perfect blossoms and firm. No one has them except one party and myself and he will not sell any plants. I will spare you some if you wish to buy them, and I will sell them to you and nobody else." I bought the plants and was well pleased with them. The plants are very large—as large as any I have ever seen. The foliage is a healthy light green, and it makes ample runners. The fruit is large and very attractive. The plants bear quite a resemblance to the New York. We have been receiving some very good reports from the berry, and I think our customers will be pleased with it.

NORTH SHCRE.—Originated by Benj. H. Smith, of Beverly, Mass., a well-known and noted strawberry grower. It is a very fine berry, fair quality and large size. It makes a splendid growth of large, broad leaves, healthy plants, which bear a fair crop of fine berries of good quality. Season is very late. Those who are looking for a very fine shipping berry very late in the season would do well to try this. I would recommend planting it in heavy, rich soil, as I do not think it would give satisfaction in light, sandy or thin soil.

OOM PAUL.—I have fruited the Oom Paul two or three seasons and consider it a very good variety. It is a good variety for the home garden and firm enough for shipping. My opinion is that it will do well in most locations. With me the variety makes a good growth of large, healthy plants, which make enough runners to bed up nicely. The fruit is large, the larger berries being sometimes a little flattened. The berries are dark red all the way through, are firm and of good quality. I see no reason why it is not more largely planted than it is.

PARSONS' BEAUTY.—Originated in this county, near Parsonsburg. It is very productive, medium large and good quality. Anyone who has a near market where the fruit can be hauled in, or picked one day and sold the next morning, I would recommend this variety. Some claim that it will ship well, but I have never felt that I could recommend this as a berry that would ship a long distance and give best results. It makes a luxuriant growth of dark green, vigorous plants, which bear an immense crop of medium to large berries.

KING EDWARD—King Edward originated with D. J. Miller, of Ohio. The plant as grown here has made a very good showing: large plants, large foliage and a free grower. The fruit is also very large, good quality and moderately firm. Mr. Miller says the King Edward has been well tested from the Atlantic to the Pacific and has made a great record and, all things considered, is the greatest berry he has ever grown. Mr. Miller is very enthusiastic over his new berry and expects it to meet with great success.



SAMPLE.—Originated by Mr. J. D. Gowing, of Reading, Mass. I visited Mr. Gowing's farm and saw the Sample in fruiting the first season. I was so favorably impressed with it that I paid \$200.00 for 1,000 plants, and it seems that my judgment of the berry at first sight was not misplaced, as it has become a great standard variety. Several times I have been unable to supply the demand, and it seems to be giving satisfaction all over the country, which is the best test of its popularity. We get more and more orders every year, and if it were not a good one this would not be the case. It is one of the best for the experienced growers, and a safe one for the inexperienced. It has been termed by some as a mortgage lifter; at any rate, it is too good to be omitted by large or small growers. It has extra large blooms for a pistillate and is so hardy, is seldom damaged by frost. The berries are large, bright red, and have a smooth, glossy appearance. The Sample is not only one of the most beautiful late berries, but one of the largest and most prolific; the berries lie in piles along the rows and are so uniform that it is seldom necessary to sort them, even by those who practice doing so. It is very seldom that we see a berry ripen so evenly. It is an excellent shipper and a good canner, and delicious for all table purposes. This is why it is so popular in the commercial world. A Pennsylvania customer writes: "The Sample is as near my standard of large, firm, fancy berries as can be grown." Another Pennsylvania grower writes: "The Glen Mary and Sample were a little the best. The Sample was the largest and the Glen Mary the most productive, but they both done well." A Massachusetts grower writes: "I am trying to grow the best berries that can be put on the Milford market, and I am coming pretty near doing so. The grocerymen, who increase their orders every year, all swear by the Sample, and it is a grand berry. Fine heavy-rooted plants and are able to stand the dry weather; foliage green and healthy; berries large and dark red, every one the same shape, and they grow

very large with me. It is my first choice." A Missouri customer has this to say: "I had the Good Luck with the Sample berries; I like them better than any other kinds."

NICK OHMER.—Introduced by M. Crawford, of Ohio, and originated with Nicholas Ohmer, of the same State. This berry has a strong, perfect blossom, and is productive of rich, dark glossy red, globular berries, highly colored all the way through, and of superior flavor. It is a great market berry and a superb variety for the home table. Some large growers plant heavily of it. It does not seem to be a general favorite with the general mass of strawberry growers, but it is becoming especially desirable in the Southern States, especially Florida, where it is largely grown for the Northern markets. For the last two or three years we have not been able to supply enough plants for these sections. We have a better crop this season, however, and hope to more nearly take care of all orders, though we may be short late in the season.

SPLENDID.—A very productive variety of uniform, medium size. This is another variety that must be kept thin in order to keep it from getting too thick on the row for best results, as it surely will do if left to have its way. It has a strong staminate blossom and is a good one for pollinizing such pistillate varieties as Warfield, Crescent and others of that type. The berry is well named, for if properly grown in thinly matted rows it is certainly "Splendid."

SUPERIOR.—Originated in Delaware, but the originator's name is unknown to me. This variety is quite popular in some sections. The plants are strong, healthy growers, with dark, glossy, green foliage, which succeeds on almost any soil and is immensely productive of small to medium berries, which are firm and good keepers. Ripen about a week after Excelsior and continue to bear until late in the season.

UNCLE JIM.—Originated by James Dornan, of Michigan, some eight or nine years ago. When well grown, fifteen to twenty will fill a quart. This is an excellent variety for growers who want a berry for home use or nearby market. It makes a strong, healthy plant, with large foliage similar to New York. It is said to be a chance seedling and its parentage is not known. It is a good, reliable variety, and while it came from an entirely different source, I doubt that many growers could distinguish it from New York either in plant or fruit growing side by side.

MARSHALL.—This is a great fancy berry for the New England market. The grocers are always delighted to get it on account of its rich, dark red, glossy color, that is bound to attract and please customers. It is one of the richest flavored strawberries grown. It is a strictly fancy berry, not quite as productive as some other variety, but the large size of the berries go a long way toward making up for this in filling the quarts.

SHARPI-ESS.—This is one of the old favorites. The most of the demand at present is from old friends of the berry, who want a few for their garden. We have not a large stock of these, but think we can supply what will be wanted in a small way. Too well known to need description.

ALWAYS FINE.

Oxford Co., Me., May 8, 1909.

W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—Herewith find order for strawberry plants. Kindly ship immediately. The plants I have had of you in years past have always been fine and I doubt not these will be the same. Very truly yours,

ELMER V. WALKER.

BEAUTIFUL CONDITION.

Kershaw Co., S. C., March 16, 1909.

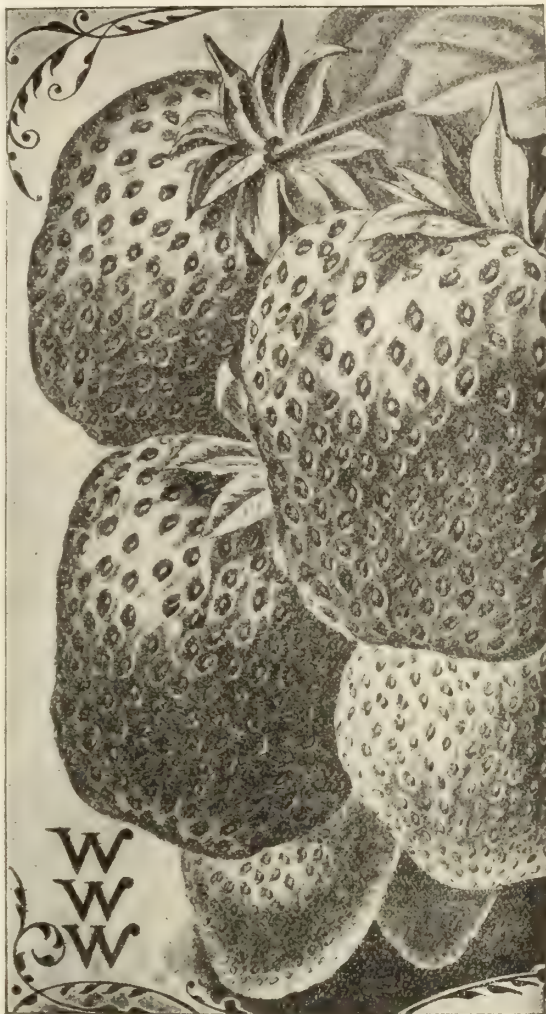
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—The plants arrived in beautiful condition several days ago; are set and growing beautiful; have been getting plants for a long time, but have never received such strong, well-rooted ones as yours. Can truly recommend your plants to anyone wanting the best. Yours very respectfully,

B. H. BAUER.

THREE W'S.—Originated with W. W. Wallace, of Tennessee. It is said to be a chance seedling found in 1901 growing wild along the railroad. The first fifteen plants which were found were transplanted into a garden and produced 600 plants the first year. In 1902 the original fifteen plants are claimed to have produced one quart of berries to the plant and 25,000 plants were grown from the 600 which were transplanted. In 1904 Three W's won highest prize at the World's Fair at St. Louis and made a record of keeping ten days. In 1905 it is said to have stood the freeze of April 15 and 16 and made a big crop of large berries, while other standard varieties only produced about 25 per cent. of a crop. The foliage is beautiful, clean and healthy, dark green in color and very attractive. I consider it a very promising variety. The fruit is large, fine quality and very productive, covering a long season from medium early to late. It is quite firm and a great keeper. Berries picked on Monday and shipped 500 miles to the St. Louis Exposition were placed on plates Wednesday morning. Late Friday afternoon out of eleven plates only seven berries could be found that were not in good condition. Part of these berries were on exhibition until the following Thursday. Three W's has made an excellent wide matted row the past season notwithstanding the continued dry weather. The plants are very large and stalky, amply able to produce a big crop. Our sales on this variety last season were very large, and during the last of April we had to turn down many orders. We hope this year to be able to supply the demand, although if ordered as freely as last season we may not have enough to see us through.

MIXED PLANTS.—It has not been our custom to offer mixed plants, but it sometimes happens that a plot will be accidentally mixed so that we cannot dig plants from it true to name. Such plots have to be left for fruiting. At other times, in getting up large orders, it frequently happens that more plants of some variety are taken up than we have immediate orders for. Such plants we can afford to sell at a discount, as if more happen to be dug than we have orders for we would sooner sell them at a lower price than lose them, or if we have a mixed plot from which we cannot fill orders we could afford to sell these at a low price rather than not sell them at all. From such stock as mixed plots and left-over lots, any orders for mixed plants would be filled and at the price quoted. We cannot guarantee or even have suggested what the varieties will be. Parties ordering mixed plants, however, may designate whether they want early, medium or late varieties, as we can usually govern this part of it. Sometimes the plants with which these orders are filled may contain a portion labeled true to name where the order is filled from left-over lots. I do not know whether anyone would be interested in this kind of stock, but if so we can take care of a limited number of orders at the reduced rate named in price list.



OUR STRAWBERRY DESCRIPTIONS

are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and according to the best information I have been able to obtain. There is hardly a doubt that every variety on our list has done extra if not better than any other variety for someone, but they will not all be best with you; the one that is best with you this year, may not be next. You must remember there is a great variation in varieties of strawberries in different seasons and in different localities or sometimes even in the same locality. Our descriptions are given to help you in your selection all that we can, but we do not guarantee that any variety will do for you as it has for us or for anyone else; this must, in a great measure, be determined by your own growing and cultivation on your own soil. I have often recommended, and still insist, that every strawberry grower should plant a small quantity, say 25 or 100 each of several different varieties every year, and thereby *know* for yourself what is best for you to plant. This does not cost much and will give you better information than any one can possibly tell you. Now, friends, I have tried to give you straightforward, reliable

descriptions that will help in your selections, and have given you what I believe to be good advice, candid and on the square, and now I shall appreciate it very much if I am favored with your orders for whatever you may need in my line. Those who have been dealing with me know what kind of plants I send out, and you who have not dealt with me, I want you to first read the testimonials scattered through this catalogue and then send me your order and I will try and treat you so well you will feel like they do; so well pleased, you will want to write and tell me about it. If intrusted with a trial order, I think I can prove to you that no better plants are to be had anywhere at any price. I shall not expect you to continue to deal with me unless I can show you that it is to your interest to do so. Let me have your order this year and see if we are not mutually benefited.

With best wishes, and many thanks to those who have given me such liberal patronage in the past, and promising you I will always try to merit your confidence and good will, I remain

Yours faithfully,

W. F. ALLEN.

PRICE LIST OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS.

Described on page.	Name of Varieties.	By Mail, Postpaid			By Express, Purchaser to Pay. Transportation Charges				
		12	50	100	25	100	500	1000	5000
9	Per. Abington	\$.25	\$.60	\$1.00	\$.30	\$.75	\$1.90	\$3.50	\$15.00
11	Per. Armstrong	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	....
7	Per. Aroma	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	....
5	Per. Barrymore	1.00	2.50	5.00	1.75	5.00	....	....	....
15	Per. Bedar Wood	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	....
7	Per. Bountiful	.50	1.25	2.25	.75	2.00	....	....	....
7	Per. Bradley	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
10	Per. Brandywine	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
11	Imp. Bubach	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	15.00
8	Imp. Buster	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
14	Imp. Cardinal	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
4	Per. Chesapeake	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
15	Per. Chipman	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
16	Per. Climax	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
11	Per. Clyde	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
8	Imp. Colossus	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
7	Per. Commonwealth	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
10	Imp. Crescent	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
10	Per. Dickie	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
5	Per. Early Ozark	.40	1.00	1.75	.60	1.50	5.00	10.00	40.00
23	Per. Early Hathaway	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	....
23	Per. Enhance	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
17	Per. Excelsior	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
24	Per. Fairfield	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
24	Per. Fendall	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	3.00	5.00	20.00
21	Per. Florella	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
24	Per. Fremont Williams	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
16	Per. Gandy	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
24	Per. Gill	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
18	Per. Glen Mary	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
15	Per. Golden Gate	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
15	Per. Goldsboro	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
24	Imp. Gov. Rollins	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
14	Per. Good Luck	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
14	Imp. Great Scott	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
24	Imp. Greenville	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	....	....	....
25	Imp. Haverland	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.60	3.00	13.75
17	Imp. Helen Gould	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
13	Per. Heritage	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
12	Imp. Highland	.35	.80	1.50	.50	1.25	4.00	8.00	35.00
25	Per. Howard	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
25	Per. Hoffman	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	15.00
9	Per. Hummer	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
25	Per. Jessie	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
26	Per. Jim Dumas	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
25	Per. Johnson's Early	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	....
27	Per. King Edward	1.00	1.75	3.25	1.00	3.00	....	....	....
25	Imp. Kansas	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	....	....
26	Per. Kevitt's Wonder	.50	1.25	2.25	.75	2.00	....	....	....
27	Per. Klondyke	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
3	Per. Lea	3.00	7.50	15.00	5.00	15.00	....	....	....
12	Per. Lady Thomson	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
26	Per. Livingston	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	....
26	Imp. Mammoth Beauty	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	15.00
28	Per. Marshall	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
7	Per. Mascot	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
12	Per. Meade	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	....
26	Imp. Meteor	.40	1.00	1.75	.60	1.50	5.00	10.00	40.00
27	Per. Mitchell's Early	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
19	Per. New York	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
20	Per. New Home	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
28	Per. Nick Ohmer	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	15.00
22	Per. Norwood	1.00	2.50	5.00	1.50	5.00	15.00	30.00	....
27	Per. North Shore	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
27	Per. Oom Paul	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	15.00
17	Per. Oswego	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
27	Per. Parsons Beauty	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
27	Per. Penna. Dutchman	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
17	Per. Pocahontas	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
23	Per. Pride of Cum'land	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75

23	Imp. Red Bird	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
6	Per. Saint Louis	.30	.75	1.25	.40	1.00	2.50	5.00	20.00
23	Per. Saratoga	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
28	Imp. Sample	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
19	Per. Saunders	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
21	Per. Senator Dunlap	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
29	Per. Sharpless	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	....
28	Per. Splendid	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
20	Per. Stevens L. Cham.	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
28	Per. Superior	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
2	Per. Twilley	5.00	10.00	20.00	6.00	20.00	....	....	....
10	Per. Tennessee Prolific	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
29	Per. Three W's	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
28	Per. Uncle Jim	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	2.00	4.00	17.50
22	Imp. Virginia	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
13	Imp. Warfield	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
13	Per. Wm. Belt	.25	.60	1.00	.30	.75	1.90	3.50	15.00
13	Per. Woolverton	.20	.40	.75	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	13.75
29	Mixed Plants	....	....	....	....	.40	1.00	2.00	10.00

Per. or Imp. preceding the name in price list designates whether the variety has Perfect or Imperfect blossoms.

Canadian customers wanting Strawberry Plants by mail will please add 5c. per dozen, 13c. per 50 and 25c. per 100, to the prepaid rate, as we have to pay double postage to your country.

The prices given for 1000 or 5000 as the case may be for that quantity of one variety and not for an assortment; to illustrate: we offer 5000 Glen Mary for \$17.50, whereas, if 5000 plants of 5 different varieties are wanted they must come under the 1000 rate.

The figures at left of price list indicate the page on which the variety is described.

PLANT COLLECTIONS.

Positively no changes will be made in these collections. If they do not contain what you want, order from the general list.

COLLECTION "A"—Early market varieties. 12 Virginia, 12 Red Bird, 12 Climax, 12 Klondyke, 12 Fairfield, 12 Dunlap. By mail, postpaid, for \$1.00.

COLLECTION "B"—Mid-season varieties and good ones. 12 Abington, 12 Buster, 12 Bradley, 12 Collossus, 12 Glen Mary, 12 Haverland, 12 New York, 12 Sample, 12 Three W's, 12 Chesapeake, all by mail postpaid, for \$2.00.

COLLECTION "C"—All late kinds. 12 Brandywine, 12 Chesapeake, 12 Florella, 12 Enhance, 12 Gandy, 12 North Shore, 12 Stevens' Late Champion, 12 Wm. Belt. All by mail postpaid, for \$1.50.

COLLECTION "D"—Early to late market sorts. 12 Climax, 12 Red Bird, 12 Saunders, 12 Haverland, 12 Bradley, 12 Gandy, 12 Chesapeake, 12 Wm. Belt. By mail postpaid, all for \$1.50.

COLLECTION "E"—Home garden selections, early to late. 12 St. Louis, 12 Senator Dunlap, 12 Dickie, 12 Fendall, 12 Collossus, 12 New York, 12 Chesapeake. All by mail postpaid, for \$1.50.

COLLECTION "F"—New varieties recommended for trial. 12 Barrymore, 12 Bountiful, 12 Early Ozark, 12 Highland, 12 Meteor, 12 Norwood, 12 King Edward. All by mail postpaid, for \$4.00.

COLLECTION "G"—New varieties recommended for trial, including the two prize varieties. 12 Twilley, 12 Lea, 12 Barrymore, 12 Bountiful, 12 Early Ozark, 12 Highland, 12 Meteor, 12 Norwood, 12 King Edward. All by mail postpaid, for \$10.00.

The Following Collections are all by Express, Purchaser to Pay Transportation Charges.

COLLECTION "H"—Early market varieties. 25 Climax, 25 Red Bird, 25 Senator Dunlap, 25 Excelsior, 25 Virginia, 25 Chipman, all for \$1.00.

COLLECTION "I"—Mid-season market sorts. 25 Abington, 25 Collossus, 25 Bradley, 25 Haverland, 25 Klondyke, 25 Florella, 25 Glen Mary, 25 Howard, 25 Sample, 25 Tenn Prolific, 25 Three W's. A dandy lot; all for \$2.50.

COLLECTION "J"—Late market sorts. 25 Chesapeake, 25 Enhance, 25 Gandy, 25 North Shore, 25 Commonwealth, 25 Wm. Belt, 25 Brandywine, 25 Stevens Late Champion, 25 Cardinal all for \$2.00.

COLLECTION "K"—Early to late market sorts: 25 Climax, 25 Red Bird, 25 Early Ozark, 25 Collossus, 25 Buster, 25 Three W's, 25 Glen Mary, 25 Commonwealth, 25 Gandy, 25 Chesapeake. This collection is a winner, all for \$2.50.

COLLECTION "L"—A Home Garden collection that you will be proud of. 25 St. Louis, 25 Fairfield, 25 Dunlap, 25 Abington, 25 Collossus, 25 Glen Mary, 25 New York, 25 Wm. Belt, 25 Bradley, 25 Chesapeake, all for \$2.50.

COLLECTION "M"—Home use or near market collection. Enough for half acre planted in rows 3½ feet apart, 18 inches apart in the row. 500 St. Louis, 500 Dunlap, 500 Climax, 500 New York, 500 Collossus, 500 Haverland, 500 Glen Mary, 500 Chesapeake, all for \$14.00.

COLLECTION "N"—Half acre collection of good shipping varieties. 1000 Klondyke, 1000 Red Bird, 1000 Climax, 1000 Gandy, all for \$10.00.

COLLECTION "O"—A one-acre collection of good shipping varieties. 1000 Excelsior, 1000 Klondyke, 1000 Climax, 1000 Bradley, 1000 Haverland, 1000 Glen Mary, 1000 Florella, 1000 Chesapeake. A superb market collection; all for \$25.00.

COLLECTION "P"—New varieties recommended for trial. 25 Twilley, 25 Lea, 25 Bountiful, 25 Barrymore, 25 Early Ozark, 25 Highland, 25 Meteor, 25 Norwood, 25 King Edward, 25 Collossus, amounting at catalogue price to \$18.00, all for \$15.00.

COLLECTION "Q"—The Allen Favorites. Try them. 25 Twilley, 25 Lea, 25 Abington, 25 Bountiful, 25 Bradley, 25 Buster, 25 Chesapeake,

25 Collossus, 25 Early Ozark, 25 Florella, 25 Glen Mary, 25 Haverland, 25 Highland, 25 Howard, 25 Hummer, 25 Meteor, 25 New York, 25 New Home, 25 Oom Paul, 25 St. Louis, 25 Sample, 25 Dunlap, 25 Three W's, 25 Virginia, 25 Wm. Belt. Twenty-five each of 25 varieties. The Cream of the list, amounting to \$18.95, all for \$15.00.

COLLECTION "R"—Try them all. Twelve plants, each of the 88 varieties listed, amounting at our dozen rate postpaid to \$31.65, all for \$20.00.

COLLECTION "S"—Experiment Station special, consisting of 25 plants, each of the 88 varieties of strawberry plants listed, amounting at catalogue price to \$39.85, all for \$30.00.

COLLECTION "T"—The "Family Delight" Home Garden Collection of Small Fruits. This collection of small fruits, planted and given a

reasonable amount of care, will bring more real enjoyment and health to your family than you could possibly bring them with a like amount any other way. 100 St. Louis, 100 Dunlap, 100 New York, 100 Glen Mary and 100 Chesapeake Strawberry plants, 50 Austin and 50 Lucretia Dewberry plants, 50 Rathbun, 50 Eldorado Blackberry plants, 50 King and 50 Cuthbert Red Raspberry plants, 50 Palmer and 50 Cumberland Black Raspberry plants, 25 Wilder and 25 Fays Prolific Currants, 12 Houghton and 12 Downing Gooseberries, 2 Moore's Early, 2 Eaton, 2 Niagara, 2 Diamond, 2 Wyoming Red and 2 Vergennes Grape Vines; also 100 Giant Argemone Asparagus and 12 Rhubarb Roots, all the above for \$15.00.

Order all collections by letters as Collection "A," Collection "B," etc.

DEWBERRY PLANTS.



AUSTIN'S IMPROVED (MAYES).

The dewberry is constantly growing in favor, and is today, next to the strawberry, the most popular of all the small fruits. The vines trail on the ground similar to sweet potato vines. In size and quality it is the equal of any blackberry, and greatly exceeds them in productiveness. The plant is perfectly hardy, and commences ripening its fruit immediately after late strawberries. By planting the latest varieties of strawberries and the earliest varieties of dewberries, such as Austin's, there need not be a single day's gap between the two. The dewberry is sweet and luscious, with few seeds and no hard core. The fruit has become very popular in all markets where known, and more and more are being grown every year and nearly always market at paying prices. If let trail on the ground they should be well mulched to keep the immense load of fruit from being spoiled by falling on the ground, and the vines should be cut back to two or three feet in length. The best way, however, is to stake them. Our plan of cultivation is to plant in rows each way two and one-half feet one way by five feet the other, making about 3,500 plants per acre. Cultivate both ways until plants get long and troublesome, and then cultivate only the wide way and turn vines to keep cultivator from tearing them off; or, better yet, use sweeps on your cultivator. These will run five or six inches under the vines and cut up the grass without disturbing them. Leave vines lay on the ground until all danger of winter cold is over and then, very early in the spring, before buds put out,

stakes should be driven between each alternate hill the two and one-half foot way. The stakes should be two and one-half feet to three feet above ground and one hill from each way should be tied to the top of the stake, using binder twine for tying. If timber is scarce, the stakes can be used at longer intervals by fixing a wire along on the stake to lay the vines over, the same as grapes. When grown as above directed, the plot or field in bloom is prettier than you can imagine, and will bear an immense load of attractive and delicious fruit.

AUSTIN'S IMPROVED (MAYES).—An early dewberry of excellent quality. It produces large crops, but the berries lack firmness for long shipment, hence valuable chiefly for home use or local market. If, however, they are kept picked up close as soon as ripe and not allowed to stand too long on the vines, they may be shipped a reasonable distance. I ship them to Baltimore and Philadelphia, a distance of about 125 miles, but seldom try to ship them farther. Prices will usually compare very favorably with other varieties, as you get extra early fruit, which is in better demand. The berries are large, short and thick. Canes vigorous, hard and productive; ripens with me a week earlier than Lucretia, and for this reason is valuable to grow in connection with that variety. I always plant about one-third of my field in Austin's. It is very hardy and seldom fails to give a good crop.



LUCRETIA.— The most largely grown of all the dewberries for market. It is earlier than the earliest blackberry and as large as the largest of them. The

canes are very hardy and exceedingly prolific, thriving almost everywhere; of slender trailing habits, and entirely free from disease and insect attacks. The fruit is superb, large and handsome, jet black, rich and melting. This is probably the best shipping variety of dewberries in cultivation. I grow the Lucretia largely for market, having had as many as 50 acres in fruit at one time.

PREMO.—The great profitableness of the Lucretia and Austin dewberry with many growers has been because they were the earliest of the blackberry family to ripen. The Premo is earlier than the Lucretia and firmer than the Austin; that means extra money in the market and an earlier taste of delicious dewberries for the family. Premo has the advantage of the Austin in being firmer and a better shipper, but the disadvantage of not being quite as strong a grower and having a pistillate blossom. In planting the Premo you should not forget to plant at least every fourth row with Austin or Lucretia to fertilize the blossom. Remember that the Premo is a delicious great blackberry that begins to ripen when the raspberry season is half over. It is a seedling of the Lucretia.

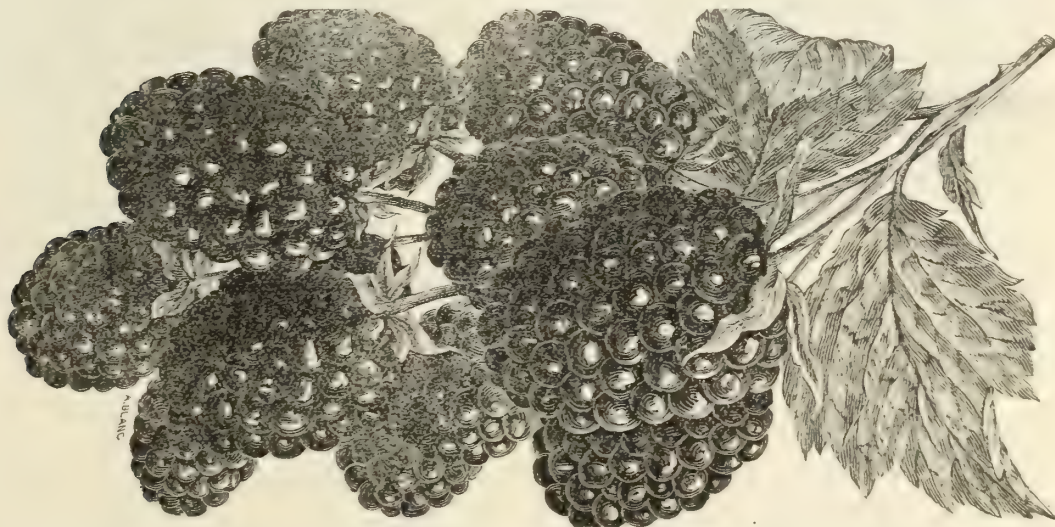
CHESTNUT.— A new variety from Texas. This was highly recommended to me and I have no doubt in a warm climate it is all right. I do not believe it is entirely hardy as far North as Maryland. My observations are taken from the fact that at one end of my plot where they were exposed there were very few berries, but at the other end where they were protected by a pine grove they bore quite a good crop. The berries were of good size and exceedingly firm, being the firmest dewberry that I know of. It is also the earliest, being earlier than the Austin. I would advise those further South than Maryland to give this berry a trial. The foliage is almost an evergreen, and it blooms and bears very early.

	By Mail			By Express or Freight			
	12	Postpaid	50	25	100	500	1000
Austin's or Mayes.....	\$0.40	\$0.75	\$1.50	\$0.30	\$1.00	\$3.00	\$6.00
Lucretia .....	.40	.75	1.50	.30	1.00	3.00	6.00
Premo .....	.40	.75	1.50	.30	1.00	3.00	6.00
Chestnut .....	.40	.75	1.50	.30	1.00	3.00	....

Dewberry plants should be planted very early in the spring, as they start to grow early, and the sooner they can be planted the better. Any time when the ground is not frozen is suitable for planting them, even in the winter. In sections where there is no open weather during the winter, they should be planted

just as early as possible in the spring. Do not wait until very late in the season and then blame the plant grower if your plants do not do as well as you expected. We can fill your order any time after you receive this catalogue.

BLACKBERRIES.



ELDORADO.— This is one of the most valuable varieties whether for home use or market. It is a strong, upright grower, moderately full of thorns, about equal

as the average Snyder. The flavoring is excellent, in productiveness to Snyder. The fruit is jet black, never turning red after picking; fully as large again

differing from all others in this respect, imparting a rich aroma; rich and juicy with but little core. This is unquestionably one of the finest. Highly recommended everywhere.



WARD.—This is doubtless a seedling of Kittatiny, and closely resembles it in growth. It is vigorous, hardy and free from rust. It was found growing wild in Monmouth County, New Jersey. Its fine fruit, strong canes, clean, healthy foliage, loaded with enormous crops of large berries, always attract attention. It has now been fruited for several years, bearing large crops annually. It is doubtless a variety of great merit, and one of the most reliable to plant for commercial purposes.

SNYDER.—Its great hardiness of cane renders it valuable for cold climates, and hence popular for planting in the North. Berries of medium size, but are borne in great abundance, literally covering the bush with fruit; sweet and juicy. Season early.

RATHBUN.—Rathbun is a native of Western New York. It is hardier than the Wilson. It is evidently a seedling of the Wilson and has all the vigor and productiveness of the Wilson in its youth, and with berries

equally as large, beautiful and firm, ripening at the same time as its supposed parent, and with all of its good qualities of keeping and shipping. Time of ripening early, being in advance of all other varieties except Early Harvest and other similar early varieties.

MERCEREAU.—Large size; good flavor. The berries are sparkling black, which adds greatly to their market value. The canes are exceedingly strong and upright in habit of growth. The foliage is large, abundant, and entirely free from rust. Early to mid-season. We can only offer this by the dozen and 100, as our stock is very short.

LAWTON.—An old favorite, esteemed for its productiveness and large size. It is of stalky and erect growth, free from rust. The berries are large and delicious when full ripe. It succeeds over a wide range of country and is a good standard variety. Season medium to late.

ANCIENT BRITAIN.—A vigorous, healthy, productive variety; berries good size and fine quality.

EARLY HARVEST.—Extremely early and very productive, rendering it profitable and popular. Berries medium in size, bright, glossy black, sweet and tender. It succeeds admirably in the South and is a favorite on the Pacific Coast, but is said to be not entirely hardy north of New Jersey.



ICEBURG.—The best of the white blackberries yet introduced. The berries are very attractive; when fully ripe they are pure white and so transparent that you can see the seeds. A great curiosity. These white berries mingled with black ones present a very pleasing appearance on the dish.

Prices Blackberry Plants.

	By Mail Postpaid			By Express or Freight Charges Not Paid			
	12	50	100	25	100	500	1000
Eldorado	\$0.60	\$1.40	\$2.50	\$0.60	\$2.00	\$8.00	\$15.00
Ward .....	.50	1.25	2.25	.60	1.75	7.00	12.50
Snyder .....	.50	1.25	2.25	.60	1.75	.....	.....
Iceburg .....	.75	1.60	3.00	.75	2.50	.....	.....
Rathbun .....	.75	1.60	3.00	.75	2.50	.....	.....
Mercereau .....	.75	1.60	3.00	.75	2.50	.....	.....
Lawton .....	.50	1.25	2.25	.60	1.75	.....	.....
Ancient Britain .....	.50	1.25	2.25	.60	1.75	.....	.....
Early Harvest .....	.60	1.40	2.50	.60	2.00	.....	.....

RASPBERRIES.

BRILLIANT (Red).—A new red raspberry sent out by W. N. Scarff, of Ohio, and is described by him as follows: "Offered by us after thorough tests on our grounds. We offer it with perfect confidence. It ripens its fruit early and quick; the entire crop is ready for market while prices are high. The berries are large, beautiful, brilliant, just as the name implies. Carries

its bright red color to market and looks as fresh as when first picked. A great market variety."

PALMER (Black Cap).—One of the best of the earlier varieties of black caps. Fruit large and good size; bush a vigorous grower and very productive.



CUTHBERT (Red).—This is undoubtedly one of the best red varieties. It is one of the old standard, reliable sorts that give a good crop of large red berries. It is probably more largely grown than any other variety in the country whether for market or home use. The berries are large in size, deep crimson in color:

firm, good quality; sprightly and rich. It is a strong grower, with healthy foliage, and on good soil is very productive. It is unquestionably the best red raspberry of its season. It is mid-season to late. A variety that I unhesitatingly recommend.



CUMBERLAND (Black Cap).—One of the best, if not the very best, of all the black caps. It is very hardy and productive. In size the fruit is simply enormous, far surpassing any other sort. The berries run seven-eighths of an inch in diameter, and are of such handsome appearance that they are sure to bring a good price. It follows Palmer and Souhegan and precedes Gregg a short time, making it a mid-season variety. The bush is exceedingly healthy and vigorous, throwing out stout stock canes. We have some very fine plants and I think you will be pleased with them.



KING (Red).—The leading red raspberry of the early kinds, and unites earliness, large size, bright color, firmness of flesh, good quality and productivity. It makes a vigorous growth, and is very hardy. Time of ripening is early. Its lively bright color and firmness make it a favorite market berry to ship. It is very hardy, standing cold or heat where many others fail. Scarcely too much can be said in favor of this variety.

CRIMSON BEAUTY (Red).—A very hardy, rank-growing variety that is highly recommended, and especially for the family garden. Many points of superiority are claimed for it by the introducer.

Prices Raspberry Plants

	By Mail			By Express or Freight			
	12	50	100	25	100	500	1000
Cuthbert (Red).....	\$0.40	\$1.10	\$2.00	\$0.50	\$1.50	\$6.50	\$12.00
King (Red).....	.40	1.10	2.00	.50	1.50	6.50	12.00
Crimson Beauty (Red).....	.30	.90	1.50	.40	1.00	4.50	8.00
Brilliant (Red).....	.60	1.75	3.50	1.00	3.00	.....	.....
Cumberland (Black).....	.50	1.25	2.25	.60	1.75	7.00	14.00
Falmer (Black).....	.50	1.40	2.50	.75	2.00	.....	.....

CURRENTS



PERFECTION

FAY'S PROLIFIC

Choose a moist, rich soil for currants. Plant four by five feet apart. Keep free from weeds and grass by cultivation and mulching. Use plenty of manure and trim out superfluous wood by cutting back the new growth two-thirds each year. Sprinkle ashes around the roots occasionally to keep out borers. If currant worm appears, dust with heliobore.

PERFECTION.—Awarded \$50.00 gold medal by the Western New York Horticultural Society. Color beautiful bright red; size of berries and cluster as large and larger than Fay's Prolific; very productive; season of ripening about the same as Cherry; habit of growth intermediate between Fay's Prolific and White Grape, of which variety it is a cross. A new variety very highly recommended.

RED CROSS.—Greatest of all currants. The masses of fruit is so dense as to cut off the naked canes from view. The Rural New Yorker described this variety as being the best of all old or new currants for mid-season. It is large and productive and undoubtedly one of the best currants, if not the very best, on the market.

CHERRY.—Strong grower, fruit very large, sometimes measuring one-half inch in diameter. A most excellent red variety.

WHITE GRAPE.—This is the largest and most productive of the white varieties. Flavor sweet, and very fine for the table.

FAY'S PROLIFIC.—One of the leading red varieties. A regular and prolific bearer. Bunch and berry large, bright and sparkling. Less acid than Cherry.

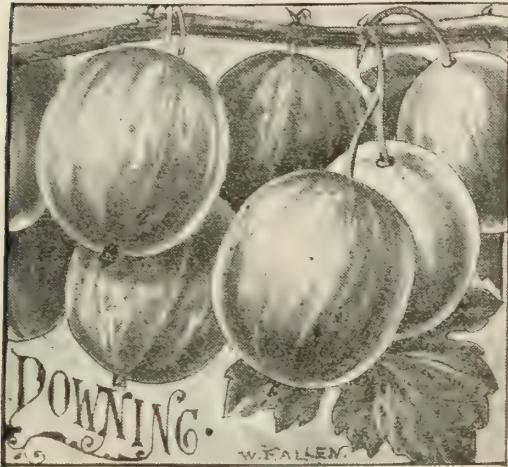
WILDER.—This variety is very popular with fruit growers. It is one of the strongest growers, and very productive. Bunches of berries very large; bright, attractive red color, and hang on bushes longer than any other variety.

Prices Currant Bushes

	By Mail			By Express or Freight			
	12	50	100	25	100	500	1000
Perfection	\$2.00	.....	.....	\$3.00	\$12.00	.....	.....
Red Cross	1.25	.....	.....	1.75	6.00	.....	.....
Cherry	1.25	.....	.....	1.75	6.00	.....	.....
White Grape	1.25	.....	.....	1.75	6.00	.....	.....
Fay's Prolific	1.00	.....	.....	1.50	5.00	.....	.....
Wilder	1.00	.....	.....	1.50	5.00	.....	.....

GOOSEBERRIES.

Last season we were unable to offer any gooseberry plants except Houghton. I am pleased to say, however, that this year we have a larger assortment and some very nice plants, and will be pleased to have the orders from any of our customers who want gooseberry plants.



DOWNING.—One of the oldest and best. Large, handsome, pale green, and splendid quality; fine for both cooking and table use. A vigorous grower and usually free from mildew. This is undoubtedly one of the most largely grown of all the large varieties. We were unable to offer this last season, but have some very nice plants for this spring's trade.

PEARL.—A cross between the Houghton and some large English variety. Very hardy, free from mildew, and superior in size and quality. It is claimed to be more productive than the Downing and resembles that variety quite a little.

RED JACKET.—An American seedling of large size; smooth, prolific and hardy; quality among the best. This variety is well tested over a wide range of territory and has proven very satisfactory. It is a heavy cropper, and has bright green, healthy foliage.



HOUGHTON

HOUGHTON.—A very productive berry of medium size, and for general purposes one of the best. This variety almost always produces a full crop and never fails entirely. One of the healthiest and hardiest of all varieties.

GRAPES.



CONCORD GRAPES.

CONCORD.—An early black variety that does well wherever planted. Good size, good quality, and very productive.

POCKINGTON.—This is a white variety, with large shouldered, compact bunches; ripens a week later than Niagara.

BRIGHTON.—A large bunch and berry, red, resembles Catawba; very fine free grower and productive.

LINDLEY.—This is a fine red variety, very productive, especially recommended for home garden.

VERGENNES.—This is a very popular dark red variety and one that should be in every garden.

NIAGARA.—Large, compact, greenish white, thin skin, very vigorous and hardy, fruit sweet and good.

DIAMOND.—Bunch and berry large, compact, greenish white, very juicy and fine quality.

DELAWARE.—A small red berry, compact bunches, very delicious; always brings the highest price in market, and always considered the best for home use. It has no superior in quality.

ELVIRA.—This is a white variety, very productive, and fine quality.

WILDER.—Bunch and berry large, black, tender, rich; one of the finest; as vigorous and productive as Concord.

MOORE'S EARLY.—This is a large, black variety, ripening a week earlier than Concord; berries large, good quality, and very productive. This is especially valuable as an early variety.

WORDEN.—This is a valuable black variety, ripening before the Concord; berries large, of good quality, and thin skin. It is perhaps one of the most popular black grapes grown.

PRICE.—The above is an especially good selection of good standard, reliable varieties that are sure to give an abundance of fruit, covering the entire season. I will furnish any of the above varieties at 15 cents each, \$1.00 per 12, \$7.50 per 100. Thousand rates on application. I also make a special offer of sending one plant each of the above 12 varieties for \$1.00, receiver to pay charges at all the above quotations. This is for Strictly No. 1 strong, well-rooted plants.

NEWER VARIETIES OF GRAPES.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY.—This is claimed to be the finest grape that has been produced in a long time. It has a strong, hardy, vigorous growth; thin, heavy, healthful foliage; very early and abundant ripening, making it especially valuable. The clusters are large and shouldered, moderately compact; color black. One strong, well-rooted plant, 20c.; \$1.50 per dozen, by express.

EATON.—Bunch and berry large, showy, black, thin skin, good quality, robust and productive; season early. 20c. each; \$1.75 per dozen, by express.

WYOMING RED.—A popular market sort, berry small, good quality, color red, very productive and hardy, somewhat resembling Delaware. Valuable for home use or market. Personally, I consider this one of the best grapes grown, next to Delaware in quality. I believe this will give satisfaction to every one who tries it. 15c. each; \$1.25 per dozen, by express.

WOODRUFF RED.—A red grape that originated in Michigan. Bunch medium to large, short, compact; berries large, skin thick, of a beautiful bright red color, very handsome and attractive, making it a profitable market variety. Firm, very vigorous, hardy, healthy and unusually productive. The fruit is of good quality, though somewhat foxy. Ripens about with Concord. Price, 20c. each; \$1.50 per dozen, by express.

EMPIRE STATE.—White. Bunch medium, long, compact; berries medium, quality best, firm. A strong grower, hardy, with large, healthy foliage, and short jointed canes which ripens early. Superior in quality to Niagara. 15c. each; \$1.25 per dozen, by express.

HORSE RADISH.

—**BOHEMIAN or MALINER-KREN**—This is grown by planting the small sets or pieces from the side roots in deep rich soil and cultivating in the same manner as with the ordinary variety of Horse Radish, but the plants are so much stronger in growth that the roots grow to considerably larger size and greater weight. The quick, strong growth not only gives a much larger crop from a given area, both in size of single roots and bulk weight of crops, but also enables the grower to place the roots in the market much earlier than with the ordinary variety. When grown



in light soils the roots of this new variety are pure white in color, and develop the fine flavor early in the fall. I can send small roots by mail postpaid, at \$1.00 per 100. Larger and stronger roots by express or freight, receiver to pay charges, 75c. per 100; \$5.00 per M.; \$20.00 per 5000.

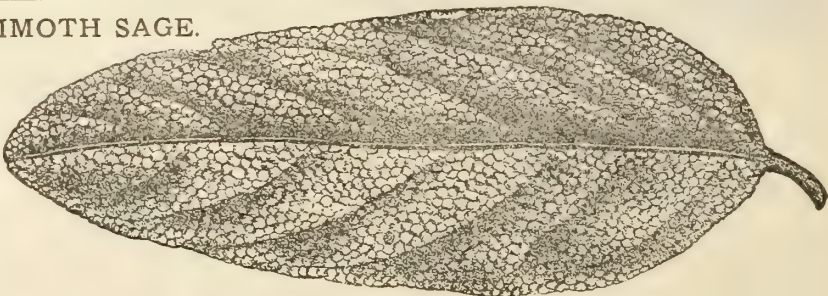
WATCHING MY CATALOGUE.

Hartford Co., Conn., April 20, 1909.
W. F. ALLEN, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir—The strawberry plants arrived in fine condition. The seeds arrived last evening all right. I will watch your catalogue next year to see if you have a strawberry that will pan out better than the Chesapeake. Yours truly,
WARREN WEBSTER.

HOLT'S MAMMOTH SAGE.

This useful plant, which produces leaves of great sizes, should be in every garden. Plants vigorous. It is really the only variety of sage worth extensive cultivation and in every way desirable. Very hardy; does well in all sections. 10c. each; 3 for 25c.; 80c. per dozen, postpaid.

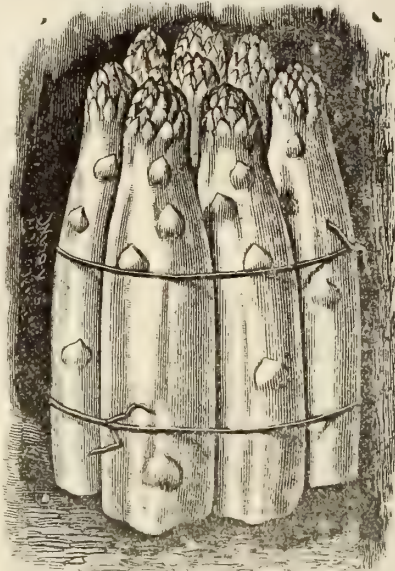
**RHUBARB.**

RHUBARB (Pie Plant).—Plant in dry, rich soil to secure large, heavy stalks, in rows four feet apart with the plants three feet apart. Set the roots so that the crown will be about one inch below the surface. Top dress annually in the fall with good stable manure and fork under in the spring. I quote good strong divisions by express as follows: \$1.00 per dozen; \$5.00 per 100.

**ASPARAGUS.**

I have a very nice stock of Asparagus roots this season in two year old No. 1 roots only. Please order Asparagus roots early as they transplant much better than when shipped late.

GIANT ARGENTEUIL.—Finest and most prolific of all; stock of immense size, attractive, rich and tender; comes into cutting condition earlier than most other varieties. Very reliable and a sure money-maker. Comparatively free from rust and blight. Price \$1.00 per 100; \$5.00 per M., by express; receiver to pay charges.



PALMETTO.—Early, large and comparatively free from rust, makes a heavy yield. Altogether this variety is very popular and is regarded by most growers as one of the most profitable of the market sorts. Fine two year roots, \$1.00 per 100; \$5.00 per M., by express or freight, receiver to pay charges.



VEGETABLE SEEDS

COPYRIGHTED BY A. BLANC

NON-WARRANTY.—Most of the failures with seeds, plants and bulbs are due to causes entirely beyond our control, such as unfavorable weather and soil conditions; too deep or too shallow planting, etc., which renders it impossible for us to guarantee success, and although we take all possible pains to supply only such goods as will, under proper conditions, produce satisfactory results, we still give no warranty as to description, quality or productiveness of any of the seeds, plants or bulbs that we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop, and every order for articles named in this catalogue will be executed on these conditions only. It must, however, be plain to everyone who gives the matter the slightest thought that it is to our best interests to send out only such stock as will not only grow, but prove true to name and description.

I do not claim to carry a full line of seeds, but there are a great many kinds that I can handle to advantage, and in every case I shall offer these as low as is consistent with best quality and new stock. I will duplicate the prices of any reliable concern.

BEETS.

BASTIAN'S BLOOD TURNIP.—This is early, large size, fine form, bright red color, and highly recommended for home use or market. We consider it one of the best. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN.—The Egyptian beet is one of the most popular varieties among market gardeners for forcing. Justly or unjustly it is considered to be the earliest of all. It certainly will bear close planting in the valuable space under the glass or in a warm garden in the spring. It is turnip shape, and when young is tender and crisp. In color it is dark red. I offer a superior strain of this variety to gardeners who have a preference for the Egyptian. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

EDMUND'S EARLY TURNIP.—A standard variety of well established merit, long and favorably known throughout the Eastern part of the United States. This variety is well adapted to forcing, to the home garden and to market. Round shape and deep blood red color. It is an early variety with small tops and excellent in every way. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

DETROIT DARK RED OR BLOOD TURNIP.—A splendid beet of deep red color, for home use or for market. One of the best for canning on account of its beautiful color, small upright tops and perfectly smooth roots; tender and sweet. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

The MARKET GARDENERS BEETS

BASTIAN'S BLOOD TURNIP

ECLIPSE

EDMUND'S EARLY TURNIP

EXTRA EARLY EGYPTIAN

ECLIPSE.—This is one of the best table beets, and it is indeed high praise to say that the Eclipse beet is almost or quite as early as the Egyptian, as the latter has always been accepted as the earliest of all. The Eclipse has always been recognized as superior to the Egyptian in table value. It is smooth, with small tops, fine grain and tender, bright red in color. Many market gardeners have discarded the Egyptian entirely in favor of the Eclipse. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

IMPROVED LONG DARK RED.—This is one of the best long red turnip beets on the market, being of unexcelled quality for the table and live stock. It yields very heavily. The color is rich carmine, and the quality is sweet and tender. In rich ground it may be grown to advantage in July or August as a second crop and will not be injured by the October frost, and will produce an

abundance of first class roots for winter. We do not believe there is another beet of this class that will equal it. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

GIANT LONG RED MANGEL WURTZELS.—A wonderfully productive variety of superior quality. The size is very large and in deep rich soil will grow to immense size. Single specimens are said to have been grown to weigh 50 lbs. As a stock food for winter feeding it is excellent. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 15c.; lb. 40c.

CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE.—This is one of the finest of the yellow mangels, specimens having been grown to weigh 30 lbs or more. Yields very heavy. Unequalled for dairy feeding, being nutritive and unexcelled for feeding to milk cows. Flesh rich deep yellow, fine globe shape. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 15c.; lb. 40c.

BEANS.



IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX.—A very popular market bean. The pods are a light greenish yellow, quite brittle, with only slight strings when young. Plants stiffly erect, bearing large crops of fine pods held well above the soil. The pods are rather flat, and about four inches in length and one-half inch broad. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c.; postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.40; bus. \$4.75.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD.—

This is an excellent variety that will give satisfaction every time. Ripens earlier than the Valentine, and remains tender longer after maturing. The pods are pale green, long, straight, perfectly round, meaty and stringless. A very productive variety with many growers. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 45c.; postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.35; bus. \$4.50.

EARLY MOHAWK.—This variety produces extra large strong vines, which bear profusely. One of the hardiest of the early varieties, and well known green-podded sort of established merit. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 40c.; postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 65c.; pk. \$1.25; bus. \$4.25.

ROUND POD KIDNEY WAX.—This is the handsomest variety of the wax-podded beans; is an improved type of the well known Wardwell's Kidney Wax, and besides having that variety's luxuriant growth it is also entirely stringless. The pods

are long, straight and extremely handsome; an exceedingly heavy bearer, and matures early. The quality is excellent. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c.; postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.40; bus. \$4.75.

LONGFELLOW.—This has long green pods, always solid, and one of the most prolific green-podded varieties. The pods are of an attractive green color, perfectly straight and round, and it is a very desirable and profitable variety to grow. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c.; postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$5.00.

NEW HODSON WAX BUSH BEAN.—A new and entirely distinct type of wax bean. Produces a healthy growth of foliage, resists rust and blight, and is remarkably prolific, with long, straight, handsome, light yellow oval-shaped pods, somewhat resembling Wardwell's Kidney Wax.

The pods are brittle and tender, and of fine texture; if picked when young are entirely stringless. Its good qualities and remarkable productiveness make it one of the best late or main crop wax beans for home garden or market. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 45c.; postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.80; bus. \$6.50.



BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD

DAVIS KIDNEY WAX—This is one of the best for market gardeners and canners. It is a wax-podded variety, almost entirely rust-proof, and white-seeded. It is handsome, prolific and profitable, and not excelled by any of the wax sorts. It is used as a snap bean, also as a shelled bean. It is of extremely high table quality and adapted for both home use and market. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.40; bus. \$5.00.

CURRIES RUST PROOF—Pods long, flat and tender, and of the finest quality. Very productive and one of the best all-around beans. It is absolutely rust proof, and one of the best. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 45c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.35; bus. \$4.50.

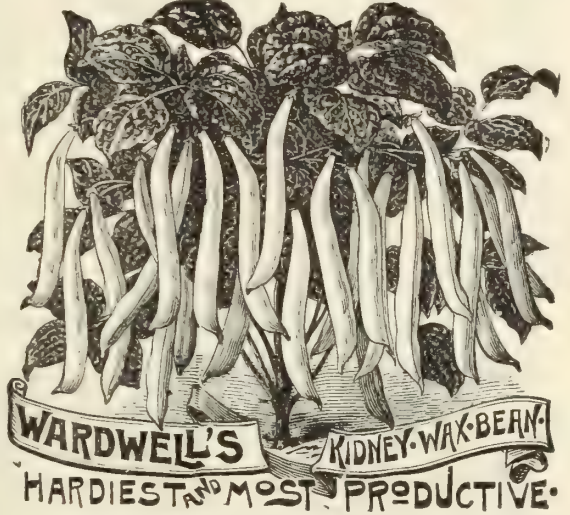


EXTRA EARLY VALENTINE

EXTRA EARLY RED VALENTINE.—For snaps there is nothing superior to this variety among the green-podded sorts, and many prefer it to the wax varieties. The vines stand erect, with coarse, dark green leaves. The pods are medium in length, very fleshy, crisp and tender. Our stock is very fine, I think equal to any that can be produced. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 40c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 64c.; pk. \$1.25; bus. \$4.25.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX (POLE BEAN)—The vines of this variety are usually heavily laden with a solid mass of long, very thick, meaty, deeply saddle-backed, yellow pods, entirely stringless, and of first class quality. A rampant grower, and a variety that will keep you well supplied with snap beans all summer. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, qt. 40c.; 4 qts. \$1.40; pk. \$2.25; bus. \$8.00.

GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX (POLE BEAN).—This is one of the best of the pole snap beans, tender and stringless. Commences to bear about ten days later than the early dwarf wax beans and yields an abundant supply until frost. The pods are beautiful yellow about six inches long, and will produce in clusters of four to six. A variety that is sure to give satisfaction. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 35c.; qt. 60c., postpaid. By express, qt. 40c.; 4 qts. \$1.50; pk. \$2.50.



WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX.—Pods long and flat and of a delicate waxy yellow, very brittle and entirely stringless. A most prolific dwarf wax bean. One of the best and earliest and most hardy of the wax sorts. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 80c.; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$5.00.

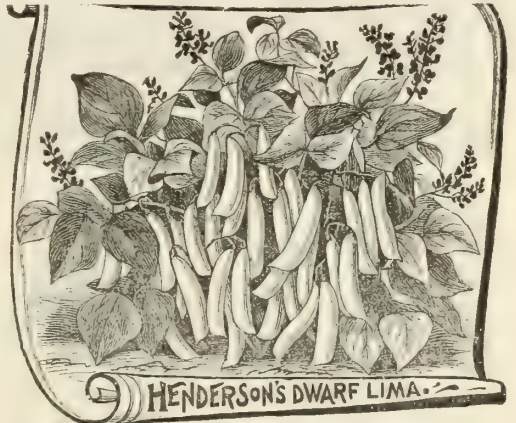
LIMA BEANS.

market or the home table. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.25; pk. \$2.00; 1-2 bus. \$3.50; bus. \$6.25.



DREER'S BUSH LIMA

DREER'S BUSH LIMA OR POTATO BEAN.—This is a thick, meaty bean of extra good flavor, and of high food value. The plant grows from 12 to 18 inches high, and the bush form of growth is well established. It is very productive, the pods being short and thick. This is a dwarf form of the Dreer or Challenger pole lima, intermediate in size between Burpee and Henderson. This is a great market bean. The gardeners around this section plant many bushels of it to grow green beans for the Northern markets. They often receive as much as \$4.00 to \$5.00 per half barrel basket for their first picking. The bean is very thick and plump, rather than flat and oval. The pods are crammed so full that a basket of green pods will yield half the quantity of shelled beans. Very popular either for



HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA.—This commences to bear ten days ahead of any other variety and remains full until killed by the frost. This is a small dwarf lima that gives you the first beans of the season. The quality is very good though not of the best. In productiveness I doubt if it has an equal as it bears continually until frost, and as stated above commences in advance of any other variety. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 45c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$5.50.

FORDHOOK DWARF LIMA.—The only stiffly bush erect form of the popular "Potato" Lima. Both pods and beans are nearly twice the size of the Dreers Bush Lima and more than half again as large as the Challenger Pole Lima. Fordhook Bush Lima is altogether unique. It is of strong, erect true bush-like growth. The foliage is of heavy texture and of very dark green color. The stalks that produces the blossoms and beans are thrown out from the lateral and main stalks and the pods are borne in clusters of from four to eight. The pods resemble those of the Dreers Bush Lima, but average more than twice the size measuring from 3 1-2 to 5 inches long and about a full inch wide, by as much as one-half to three-fourths inch thick. The pods contain from three to four large beans. It is a heavy cropper and, therefore bound to displace the Dreers Bush Lima. In season it is from four to six days' earlier. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 35c.; qt. 60c., postpaid. By express, qt. 45c.; 4 qts. \$1.50; pk. \$2.75; bus. \$10.00.

FORD'S MAMMOTH PODED POLE LIMA.—The pods are very large and are produced in clusters and continue to bear until frost. This is a selection of large Lima beans. The vines grow strong and vigorous. A good one, try it. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.50.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS (Variety All Head).—A variety of cabbage producing small heads or knobs along the stems. Very popular in some markets. Excessive stem growth should be avoided by planting in good but not extra rich soil. Sow seed in April in the open ground, and set in rows 3 1-2

feet apart, 18 inches apart in the row. Sowing in June will produce a late autumn crop of sprouts. Break leaves from stem to aid formation of heads. After maturity the little heads are taken off and usually shipped in quart baskets in berry crates and sold by the quart, and where successfully managed this is a profitable crop for the market gardeners. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 60c.; lb. \$2.00.

EXTRA EARLY JERSEY (POLE).—Pods contain three to four large beans each. A very desirable early variety. It matures a few days earlier than the King of the Garden. The beans are large, plump and handsome, though not quite as large as the King of the Garden and Ford's Mammoth Podded. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.00.

SIEVA OR OLD-FASHIONED SMALL POLE BUTTERBEAN.—Beans small and good quality. Quite a few people still desire this old reliable sort for their gardens. For several years we did not list it but there was so many that asked for it that we concluded to put it in stock again. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.00.

KING OF THE GARDEN POLE LIMA.—One of the best for main crop. A standard for market or family use which nothing so far has fully displaced from popular favor. The vines begin to produce pods near the foot of the pole and the bearing season continues without interruption until frost. A vigorous grower, and immense productive of pods that are well filled with mammoth size, delicious beans. I know of no other that will equal it. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c.; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.00.

CAULIFLOWER.



CABBAGE.

My quotations on Cabbage seed are for the best Long Island grown except Danish Ballhead, which is best imported. As some persons prefer the Puget Sound stock we have procured a supply of the best obtainable of most of the varieties we list. All such are preceded by a star (*), and Puget Sound seed will be furnished of those varieties at 15c. per lb. less than quotations. All orders will be filled with the Long Island seed unless the order specifies that the other is wanted.

***EARLY SUMMER.**—This I consider the very best of all the early large flat head varieties. It is an exceedingly valuable market variety adapted to close planting and thereby giving a large number of heads per acre. It is a heavy cropper, maturing about ten days after Early Jersey Wakefield and about the same time as Charleston Wakefield. The heads are compact and solid and usually double the weight of the Early Jersey Wakefield. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.40.

***WINNINGSTADT.**—An old and famous type of early cabbage. The heads are slightly large, cone shaped and of the best quality. It is a sure header in many instances, even where other varieties fail.

EARLY SNOWBALL

—An extremely early variety, producing magnificent white heads of finest quality. Well adapted to hot-bed culture and the open ground. Gives uniformly good results, and is one of the most reliable of the early varieties, producing heads nine inches across by the last of May, and under good treatment every plant will produce a head. Believing this to be the very best of the early Cauliflowers we are offering only this one variety, and the seed that I am offering is the best Danish grown that is sure to give you good results. Pkt. 20c.; oz. \$2.00; 1-4 lb. \$5.50; lb. \$20.00.

AUTUMN GIANT.

—One of the finest late varieties. Of robust habits; large compact heads which are thoroughly protected by its large vigorous leaves. Probably the best of the late varieties. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 50c.; 1-4 lb. \$1.30; lb. \$5.50.

It seems to be less liable to the attack of cabbage worms than any other variety owing no doubt to the fact that the heads are usually solid. It is a splendid variety for summer use, and also excellent for winter when planted late. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.40.

BURPEE'S ALLHEAD.—This is remarkable for its deep, flat heads of excellent quality, of compact growth, and solid with few outer leaves. Suitable for close planting, and one of the largest of the second early varieties. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.40.

***SUCCESSION.**—A favorite variety coming in a few days later than Early Summer, and is a good medium early, round-headed variety, which heads very evenly and uniform. It is a popular variety and largely grown for market. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

***SUREHEAD.**—A first class main crop variety, very uniform in size and color, strong, vigorous grower and never fails to make remarkably fine, solid, large, round head. A variety that seems to be popular throughout the country. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.



EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

***EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.**—This cabbage has been for many years the leading early cabbage of America. The main difficulty has been to get a perfectly satisfactory and reliable strain of seed. Those that I am offering are from one of the best growers in Long Island, which has been giving excellent satisfaction. This variety has few out-side leaves, and in compactness and regularity cannot be excelled. The thick stout leaves and compact habit makes it the best variety for early setting. It frequently matures inside of one hundred days from sowing. The seed of the Early Jersey Wakefield, owing to its compact habit of growth can be planted closer than most varieties. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.40.

***ALL SEASONS.**—As early as Drumhead cabbage, yielding heads of the largest size, very desirable for the early spring, summer or fall use. It is a great favorite with many growers. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

***DANISH BALLHEAD.**—Our stock of this famous and popular cabbage is of the best imported. The Danish Ballhead was introduced from Denmark over twenty-five years ago. Our seed of this variety is of the best. It is highly esteemed for winter use because of its great solidity and excellent keeping qualities. The heads are more solid than those of any other late variety grown, and will usually weigh about one-fourth more than the same measure of any other variety. By referring to your market conditions you will almost always see the Danish Ballhead offered at a premium over all other kinds. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.75.



CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD

***CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.**—A large and very distinct type of the Jersey Wakefield. It requires rather more time to reach maturity, but yields fully twice the crop of the original Wakefield, and is about ten days later. It is a strain which cannot profitably be overlooked by any gardener whether he is growing cabbage for his local market or to ship. All the market gardeners near the big Eastern cities plant Charleston Wakefield for second early, and there

is no better. Its heads are somewhat less pointed than the extra early strain. Charleston Wakefield is a good keeper and may be planted as a second crop to mature in the fall for autumn and winter use. It is highly recommended as one of the best all-around varieties, and is a general favorite with all who have grown it. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.40.

LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD.—An excellent winter variety, largely planted by growers who make a specialty of shipping cabbage, as it stands transportation well. Heads grow to be very large in size, and heavy weight, solid and good quality. Can be planted close in the field as it has but few loose leaves. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

AUTUMN KING OR WORLD BEATER.—The plants are of extra strong growth and require a longer season than do the earlier and smaller varieties. Heads extra large and solid, well suited for fall and winter use. Seed should be sown in this latitude about the first of June, and if planted in time will produce fine crop. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.



PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH

***PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH.**—A standard late variety that has been a favorite for many years, and one of the best for late planting. With good culture on moist rich ground, it is not unusual for 95 in every 100 plants to make a good hard head. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.40.

SPECIAL.—When wanting 5 to 10 lbs. or more of cabbage seed please write for special prices.

CARROTS.

DENVER'S HALF LONG.—The most reliable variety for all soils and sections, and leads the whole list in popularity. It is half long in shape, somewhat stump-rooted and of a rich, dark orange color, making a great yield. A very popular and successful carrot. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

OXHEART.—For an early, handsome, ready-selling carrot, plant this. It is a good one and will please you. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

CHANTENAY.—Rich orange color, very productive, fine quality, stumped-rooted in shape, and a popular market variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

LONG ORANGE.—Long, smooth, fine grained and excellent. Where a long variety is desired we recommend this as the best, and it is very productive. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

LARGE WHITE BELGIN.—Roots are white below and green above. This variety is in great demand for stock feeding and is excellent for that purpose. It will yield enormous crops growing about one-third out of the ground. This is undoubtedly the best of the large varieties for stock feeding, and I especially recommend it. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.



IMPROVED LONG ORANGE



GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING

GIANT PASCAL.—This is a large growing variety in good land attaining a height of about two feet. The stalks are thick, solid and stringless and very brittle. The stalks are fewer in number than most kinds of celery, but making full weight by reason of width, thickness and succulence. I do not think the color of any celery is better described by the word ivory than this one. It blanches early and keeps well. In flavor it is very sweet resembling the Golden Self-Blanching. Taking altogether, this is a very desirable variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

PINK PLUME.—This excellent celery is vigorous in growth and not likely to rust. It blanches almost as early as White Plume, and is solid, crisp and brittle. It is also one of the most beautiful and best flavored of all the celery. If you have not grown this variety you should not fail to give it a trial. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 60c.; lb. \$2.00.

WHITE RICE.—This is one of the best varieties of pop corn, making large, strong stalks with good solid ears, three to five to the stalk. The grains are sharply pointed, and the ear is a handsome one. Pkt. 5c.; 1-2 lb. 20c.; lb. 35c., by mail postpaid. By express, 20c. per lb.

METROPOLITAN.—This is truly a fine type of the early or second early sweet corn. The strong stalks are five feet high, each stalk bearing one or two ears about nine inches long. One of the best of the true early or intermediate varieties. It is practically free from smut, and will prove to be an admirable table or market sort, particularly good for market and shipping. Matures just after First of All, and is much larger and better than this variety. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 40c., by mail postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.25; bus. \$4.00

STABLER'S EARLY.—A fine variety for the home garden or for market. Of larger size than is usual for an early variety, and of the most delicious flavor. Grains are broad and very tender. Those

CELERY.

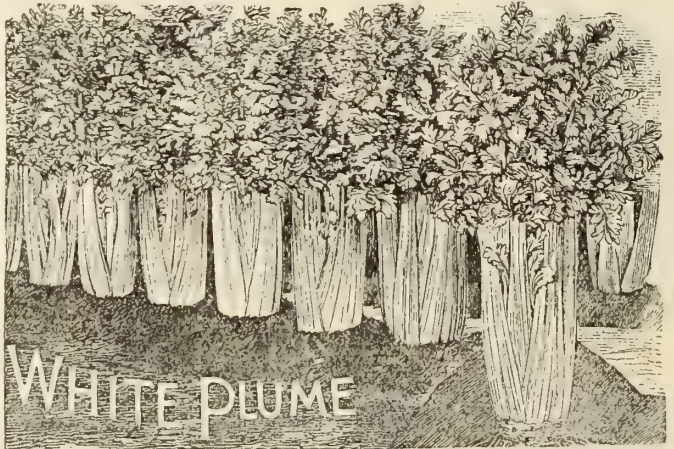
PARIS GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING (best import).—This is one of the very best for general use, and is probably the most largely grown variety in America. The ribs are perfectly solid, crisp, little and of delicious flavor, surpassed by no other variety, while it has the decided merit of being self-blanching to a remarkable degree. The heart is large, solid, and of a rich golden yellow color. While planting for your local retail trade or for shipping this is undoubtedly one of the best if not the very best variety to plant. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 25c.; 1-4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

WHITE PLUME.—This variety requires but little labor in growing, but is improved by earthing up. The inner stalks are pure white, crisp and rich. A variety that is still a leader among the early sorts, and the ease with which it can be grown will always make it a favorite. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.75.

BOSTON MARKET.—A vigorous grower with dark green leaves attaining a medium height. An old standard of widely known excellence. It blanches quite early and when ready for market or table it makes a good appearance. It is tender, crisp and fine flavored. A splendid keeper, making an excellent winter market variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

WINTER QUEEN.—Probably the most desirable of the winter varieties. Will keep well until March. It has many of the good qualities of the Golden Self-Blanching and is a better keeper. The flavor is sweet, nutty and delicious. Of about the same size as Golden Self-Blanching, half dwarf and compact in growth. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 60c.; lb. \$2.00.

DWARF GOLDEN HEART.—A strong grower and a great winter favorite. Half dwarf in growth with a bright golden yellow heart. A good reliable variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.



POP CORN.

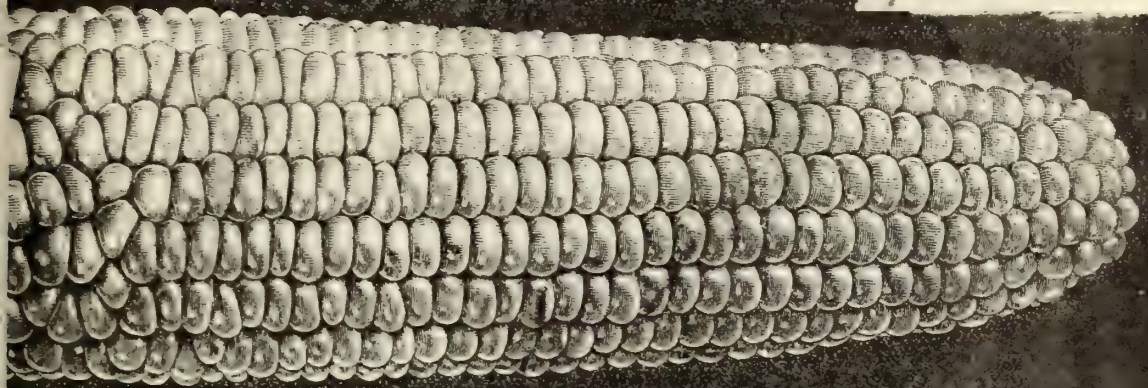
QUEEN'S GOLDEN.—This is perhaps the handsomest of all pop corn when on the ear, surpassing all others in size and color. It pops perfectly white. Produces three to five ears to the stock. Pkt. 5c.; 1-2 lb. 20c.; lb. 35c., by mail postpaid. By express, 20c.

SWEET OR SUGAR CORN.

who have grown Stabler's Early are well pleased with it. It is truly one of the good ones. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 25c.; qt. 40c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.25; bus. \$4.25

GOLDEN BANTUM.—A very early dwarf growing variety. Produces small, compactly filled ears of most delicious quality. By many it is considered the sweetest of all sweet corns. The kernels when matured are golden yellow, but in the milk state creamy white. Once planted in the home garden you will always want it once sold on your local market and you will always have to have it. Do not fail to plant some Golden Bantum. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$4.75

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.



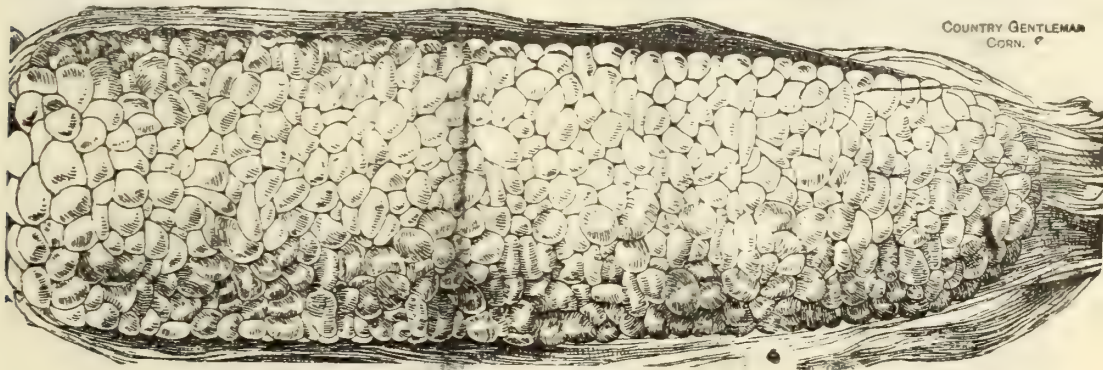
STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.—This is perhaps the most largely planted of all the varieties of sweet corn, especially for commercial purposes. It is a good reliable sort for mid-season planting or for mid season to late. Every market gardener and every private gardener in the land knows that there is perhaps three times as much of this variety grown as of any other. It is in high esteem for mid crop or late use, being a special favorite with truckers and canners. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$4.00.

WHITE EVERGREEN.—This is a large eared and an exceptionally attractive sweet corn. The ears are well filled to the top with long slender grains of purest whiteness and fine flavor. The introducer of White Evergreen claims it to be the best sweet corn in the world. The stalks make a strong, vigorous growth six or seven feet high. One of the best market varieties. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.40; bus. \$4.25.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS.

—This is not a sweet corn but is planted by a large number of gardeners who want the first corn that goes to market regardless of quality. It is decidedly more hardy than any variety of sweet corn and for that reason it is used for the first planting. The grains are tender and white, and the ears present a fair and attractive appearance. This, together with its extreme hardiness makes it in great demand by truckers and market gardeners. The eating quality, however, is not as good as that of the true sweet corn. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 60c.; pk. \$1.25; bus. \$4.00.

COUNTRY GENTLEMEN.—This is a most excellent sweet corn for the home garden and is also a favorite in many of the markets. Very early, hardy, small compact grains, well filled, and the richest, sweetest, and one of the best varieties you ever ate. Pkt. 10c.; pt. 30c.; qt. 50c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c.; pk. \$1.40; bus. \$4.50.

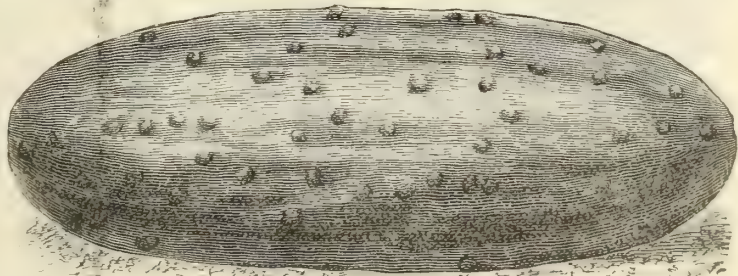
COUNTRY GENTLEMEN
CORN.

CUCUMBERS.

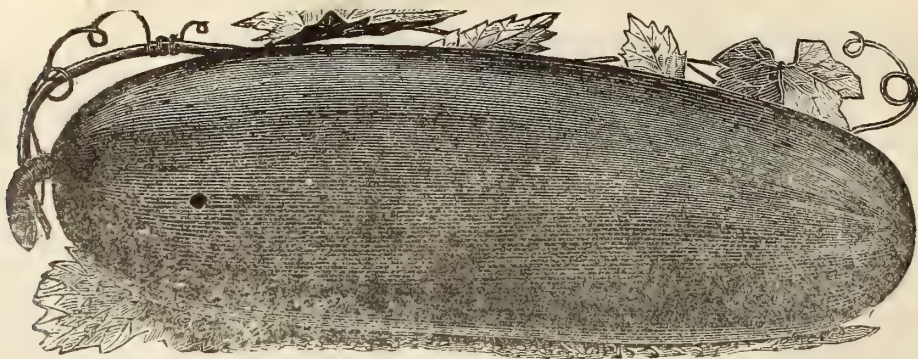
For a number of years we have been growing cucumbers largely for market, shipping many car loads in the slicing state to New York, Boston, etc. Being thus interested in cucumbers I have been especially persistent in finding the best to be had in this line, and I think our cucumber seed will compare favorably with any offered in this country.

PENINSULA PRIZE.—Last year in describing this cucumber, I made the statement that it was the best early market cucumber on earth, and I believe the statement is entirely correct. It will remain perfectly green for a month after being picked. If you do not believe this, try it. I have been growing this variety for market for a number of years and it has given excellent results every time. They are vigorous, fine quality, uniform in size, very productive, and in every way O. K. This is the variety that I grow largely for market, having shipped about 5000 barrels the past season. It always brings the top of the market, and is a variety that market gardeners can safely tie to. I

shall plant in the neighborhood of 40 acres of this variety alone next spring. The crop of seed is somewhat short; this together with our heavy demand for this variety necessitates making the price a little steep. We are not expecting to have enough seed of this variety to fill all the orders we get, and we advise all those wanting this variety to order early. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 30c.; 1-4 lb. 75c.; lb. \$2.50.



PENINSULA PRIZE.



ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE.

ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE.—This old standard market variety is too well known to require a prolonged description. It is one of the most largely grown varieties in cultivation. It is well known and is a favorite with market gardeners in almost all sections of the country. There is probably no variety that excels it in productiveness, and it is considered good either for forcing under glass or for growing in the open air. The fruit is from six to eight inches long and from two to two one-half inches in diameter when in the proper state for market. A good reliable variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

EARLY CLUSTER.—The fruit is borne in clusters and is highly favored for its great productiveness. The season of maturing is extra early, and seems to be giving great satisfaction everywhere grown. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.

NEW DAVIS PERFECT.—A variety whose sterling qualities are among the best. It is almost seedless for one-third of its length, and the seeds that are contained in it when in a slicing condition are very small and tender. This is one of the most perfect in shape of all the White Spine type. It is somewhat longer than the Arlington, and is of an intense green color, not fading after picking, making it one of the most valuable pickling cucumbers ever grown. The introducer claims that it will sell as high as hot house cucumbers side by side in the same market. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 25c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.75.

EGGPLANT.



BLACK BEAUTY EGG PLANT.

BLACK BEAUTY—This variety originated in New Jersey, and combines many characteristics which are very valuable, in fact, if I were asked to name the very best variety of Egg Plant in existence I should unhesitatingly say Black Beauty. I have grown this for a number of years and have found nothing anywhere near its equal. It is very early, in fact, the earliest of the commercial varieties. It is very valuable, in color being jet black, and its shape is well illustrated herewith. In short, it is the most perfect in shape, beautiful in color, and best in quality of all the varieties grown. It is rather dwarf growing in habit and bears in fruit close to the main stem. Very productive and a good keeper. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 35c.; 1-4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

NEW YORK IMPROVED SPINELESS.—A spineless strain of the New York Improved Purple, and a desirable improvement on that popular old variety. Its skin is rich purple, flesh white and of fine flavor. Fruit large, fine and free of thorns. A good reliable variety either for home use or market. It produces continually until frost. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 30c.; 1-4 lb. 90c.; lb. \$3.00.

FORDHOOK FAMOUS.—As a market variety, where strictly fancy cucumbers are appreciated, or for home use, it cannot fail to become a great favorite. I have picked loads that would average 12 to 14 inches long, while yet in a crisp and tender condition before the seeds had matured. The color is a very dark green, which color it retains a long time after being pulled from the vine. The vines are strong and vigorous with large healthy foliage. Last year, I made the offer that anyone buying this variety, who was not thoroughly satisfied after fruiting it, I would return the money paid for the seed. In neither instance was I called on to return it. A variety that will be sure to give you satisfactory results. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 60c.; lb. \$1.75.

COOL AND CRISP.—An extra early and exceedingly prolific variety. At the pickling stage the fruit is straight, long, and slim, and after it reaches full size is very dark green, almost black in color. A fine table variety; being tender and crisp. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.

LONG GREEN.—A popular pickling variety of best flavor and quality. A good yielder, with fruit uniform in shape and appearance. This, together with its enormous productiveness, makes the variety a favorite one with pickle growers and commercial gardeners. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.

GHERKIN OR BURR.—A curious rough cucumber used exclusively for pickling, for which purpose it is in high favor. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. \$1.50.

KALE.



DWARF SIBERIAN.

DWARF SIBERIAN.—A strong, dwarf growing, broad leaf variety. Grayish green leaves which are only slightly curled at the edges. Extremely hardy. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 75c.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH.—Grows about two feet high with an abundance of dark green leaves, which are very much curled and wrinkled. This variety is so hardy as to be able to stand the winter in the Middle States without protection. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. 80c.

KOHL RABI.

LARGE WHITE.—A vegetable of the cabbage tribe, with a thick, globular stem, sweet and delicate when not too old. Should be sown in drills in garden or field, and thin out to six inches apart in the row. An ounce of seed will be enough for 300 feet of row. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb.

ENDIVE.

BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN—Is used as a salad and for window decorations in eating houses and restaurants. The seeds are planted in the open ground in June or July as a second crop. Seed should be drilled in an inch below the surface, and the soil pressed firmly about it. In autumn the endive is blanched by tying the leaves together, or laying a board upon the plant, or covering with a box for a week. I offer the Broad Leaf Batavian as the best variety. This variety can also be cooked like spinach or used for flavoring soups, etc. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.25.



BROAD LEAVED BATAVIAN ENDIVE.

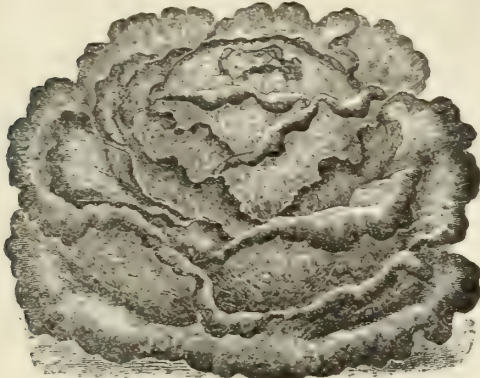
LETTUCE.



MAY KING.—This is a very early variety, and being unusually hardy will stand considerable cold, damp weather. It can be planted out doors or under glass and in either case will produce large solid heads sooner than most varieties. The outer leaves are yellowish green, tinged with brown. It is a new German variety and a great favorite. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.50.

DEACON.—This magnificent lettuce stands all weather better than any of the other varieties. Makes a fine head of very large size and solid. The heads are light green outside with the inner blanched portion a beautiful creamy yellow, of delicious, rich buttery flavor. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

EARLY PRIZEHEAD.—This lettuce forms a large, tender, crisp, loose head, with bright green crimped leaves tinged with brownish red, of superior flavor, remaining sweet a long time and slow to run to seed. Quite hardy and suitable for either forcing or open air culture. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.



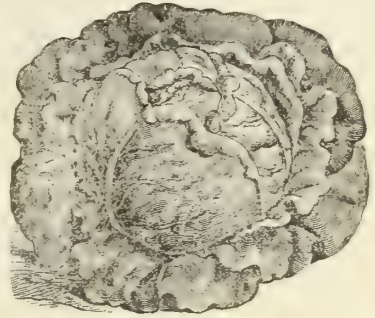
CRISP-AS-ICE LETTUCE.

CRISP-AS-ICE.—The heads are of large size, and the leaves are so tender and brittle as to have suggested the name. Cannot be over-praised or over-estimated for home use in spring or summer. The heads have a rich yellow heart; the leaves are thick and glossy, somewhat curled, and of a good and attractive green color. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

IMPROVED HANSON.—Heads very large of fine form, deliciously sweet, tender and crisp. Free from any bitter or unpleasant taste. A beautiful heading sort, intermediate with loose-leaved and cabbage varieties. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

GRAND RAPIDS.—As a forcing variety for winter or early spring use this stands at the head of the list. It is a strong growing variety that retains its freshness a long time after being cut. It is beautiful in appearance, and excellent for garnishing. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

NEW UNRIVALED.—Coming in about the same time as Big Boston, it makes a larger head and is in every way more desirable. Those who have grown this variety are very enthusiastic in its praise. This is an improved strain of the Big Boston, and when I say improved this means a great deal. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.50.



BIG BOSTON

BIG BOSTON.—The plants are large, healthy and vigorous, with broad, smooth, thin and very hardy leaves, which are bright light green in color, and when well grown are quite tender. This is a reliable market variety that is very popular with gardeners who want a large-heading, forcing variety, and also for outdoor winter culture. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 35c.; lb. \$1.25.

MELONS—MUSK OR CANTELOUPE.

Cantaloupes are one of my hobbies and specialties, and I probably grow more acres of this for market than any other one person east of Mississippi and north of Georgia. The past season I cultivated and marketed over 100 acres, and have not grown less than 50 to 75 acres for the last 12 or 13 years. Aside from those saved for seed, my output on the market for 1909 was 40 car loads. Neither time nor expense has been spared to get the best market strains that were to be had in this country or abroad. The larger portion of the canteloupe seed that I am offering for sale is of my own growing and saved from selected melons. I have grown a number of crops from the much over-estimated Colorado grown seed, but have seldom had it do as well as seed of my own growing. For my own use I would not give one pound of my own selected seed for twice the quantity of Colorado grown seed of the same variety, or in fact, for those grown anywhere else. Being a specialist in this line I have taken great pains to breed up my stock and keep it pure and uniform.

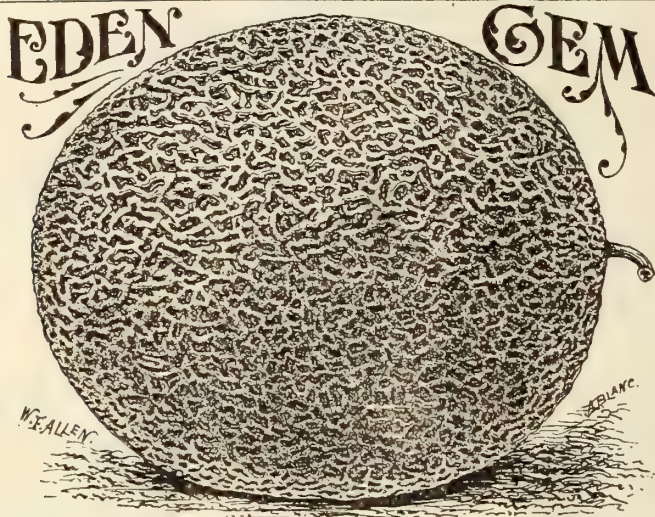
NETTED ROCK.—In most respects this is very similar to Eden Gem, being densely netted entirely across the slight seams, exceedingly firm, sweet and solid, making it an excellent home use and market

melon. My seed are of my own growing and selection and we consider it very fine. It gave great satisfaction last year, both to small growers and large ones. My stock of seed of the Netted Rock is not large and we would advise you to order early. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

TRUE ROCKY FORD (Burpee's Netted Gem).—This remarkable melon is nothing more or less than a form of the old standard Burpee's Netted Gem. It is a small early melon weighing about one and one-half to one and three-quarter pounds. The rind is dark and thin, and the flesh is light green in color with exceedingly fine flavor. It is a heavy cropper and is much used as a shipping melon. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

EMERALD GEM.—Skin smooth and of a deep emerald green color; early and prolific; recommended either for home use or market. Vines are vigorous and hardy. The flesh is salmon-colored, thick and firm, ripening almost to the rind. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK.—A good reliable old variety; green flesh, which is rich and sugary; makes a strong growth, and bears abundantly. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.



EDEN GEM.—This is my favorite market variety, having grown the past season over 70 acres of this variety alone. It is the most popular market melon in cultivation. It was originally selected from the Rocky Ford stock, but has been selected and improved until it is entirely distinct and very superior to that popular old variety. The size is about the same, but average better in quality, and is much firmer, therefore standing shipment and handling with less than half the loss sustained in handling and shipping the Rocky Ford. If planting for market you will make no mistake in planting Allen's strain of the Eden Gem, whether you plant a few hills in your garden for your own use, or a hundred acres for market. The seed that I am offering of this variety are all of my own growing, and are saved from selected melons from healthy vines in a field where the crop was matured without blight. I feel so confident that my selected strain of Eden Gem will please our customers that I will refund every dollar paid me for these seeds should it give you cause to be dissatisfied, or should you be able to buy seed elsewhere at any price that when planted and cultivated under the same conditions will give you better results. I made this same offer last year, and parties who paid double the price for Colorado grown stock assured me that mine were far superior. I shall plant about 100 acres the coming season, 90 per cent. of which will be of this variety. I shall be pleased to have your order for what Eden Gem Canteloupe seed you will want because I know my stock will please you. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

IMPROVED WATTER'S SOLID NET ROCKY FORD.—I am glad to be able to offer this season this valuable early strain of Rocky Ford. About ninety per cent. of these melons are solid net, and will give excellent satisfaction to those growing it for market. This variety sets a very heavy

BREAKFAST LUXURY.—About the size of Early Hackensack, and is all that its name implies. It is indeed a luxury and one that any lover of canteloupes will not fail to enjoy. The vine is very strong and healthy and bears abundant crops of luscious, green-fleshed melons; that makes the mouth water for the second piece. It is larger round and flatter than the Hackensack, with flesh that is frequently one and one-half to two inches thick. We would like every lover of good canteloupes to try this new melon, and as an inducement to have you do so I will refund every cent paid me for seed of this variety to anyone who is not satisfied with the quality of the melon. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 60c.; lb. \$2.00.

HOODOO.—A ideal yellow-fleshed melon. Average size about one and one-half pounds. Packs uniform in crates and baskets; flesh very thick and firm; an excellent keeper and shipper; with small seed cavity and few seeds; flesh sweet. My stock is equal to the best. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.75.

first crop, so that within a few days after the first ripe melons heavy pickings are ripening. It is a valuable variety to plant where first melons on the market is of great importance. Produces melons of even size and shape. The heavy gray netting is closely laced and very slightly ribbed. The thick flesh is light green, spicy and sweet. This variety is in great demand by many of the most successful market growers. The seed that I am offering are of my own growing and selections, and is strictly first class. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.50.

BURRELL GEM.—One of the best of the yellow-fleshed varieties, and is sometimes called a yellow-fleshed Rocky Ford. This variety has yellow meat, which is very thick, leaving only a small seed cavity. The quality is very fine indeed. The vines make a vigorous growth, and are very productive, averaging about one-fourth larger than the Rocky Ford or about two and one-half pounds each. My seed are of my own growing and I know there is none better. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1-4 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.25.

MODEL.—This would remind you of a big overgrown Rocky Ford, being twice the size of that variety. It originated in South Jersey, and its sweet, melting green-flesh will satisfy the most discriminating customers. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 50c.; lb. \$1.50.

JERSEY BELLE.—Somewhat like Jenny Lind, larger, but not so early. The melons are flat and heavily ribbed, coarsely netted, green flesh, fine quality and altogether desirable. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.

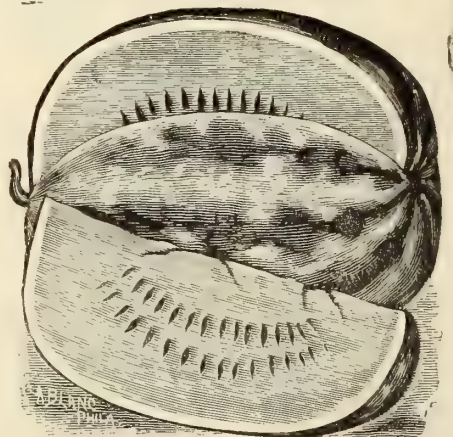
PAUL ROSE OR PETOSKEY.—This is of the Netted Gem and Rocky Ford family, being smaller in size, slightly elongated in shape, and of better flavor. Flesh salmon color. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.

WATERMELONS.

Another of my specialties which I grow in large quantities for market. The past season my output was 131 acres. The seed which I offer is grown especially for me in Florida and are very fine. In comparing prices please do not overlook the fact that my watermelon seed are Florida grown and grown especially for the seed, and not cheap Western seed which cost about one-half the price of the best Florida seed. If there are any of my customers who want Western watermelon seed I can supply them of any variety at one-third off price quoted.

KOLB GEM.—This variety is largely grown for market on account of its superior shipping qualities. Flesh bright red; vines hardy and productive. This is probably the most largely grown in the South as a shipping melon on account of its superior carrying qualities. Well-grown melons will weigh from 30 to 40 lbs. each. The rind, though thin, is very tough, and is supposed to bear handling and shipping better than any other variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

MAMMOTH IRONCLAD.—Extra large, always solid and never mealy; the heart is very large and grows uniform and large in size. An extra shipping variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb 20c.; lb. 60c.



KOLB GEM.



SUCCESS.—This variety is rapidly becoming one of the leading watermelons for market. It is one of the best all-around melons in existence, and for the family garden it is also without a peer. In 1908 the demand for the seed of Success was so great that I was unable to supply anything like what was wanted, but this season I have a large supply and will be able to take care of all orders. I have shipped many car loads of this variety which would average 35 to 40 pounds, and have grown many specimens weighing 65 to 78 pounds not especially grown but picked up among the rest in the field. The Success is enormously productive, very large, with rich dark green skin, and ships as well as Kolb Gem and others of that class, and has what they do not—fine quality. Its shipping quality is phenomenal scarcely any other melon equaling it in tough skin and rind. The variety is rightly named, as it carries success with it wherever it goes. In every instance those who plant it want it again, and those who do not plant it, but see it on their neighbor's place, want it the next year. It was the Success watermelon and Eden Gem canteloupe that brought me the gold medal awarded at the Jamestown Exposition. You will make no mistake in planting this variety. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 30c.; lb. \$1.00.

TOM WATSON.—Last winter while stopping over in one of the large Pennsylvania towns, one of the commission merchants to whom I had been shipping watermelons, asked me to grow some Tom Watson. This I consented to do and at once set about to procure seed of the very best strain of this variety. As I wanted the best the price was not considered and I paid several times what I could have got for any seed of the variety for. After the season was over and I had shipped several cars of Tom Watson to this firm I wrote to him to know how his melons compared with those he had been receiving of the same variety, and the answer came back: "You have out-classed the growers of this variety at its home in Georgia." For every acre of Tom Watson that I planted I marketed a car load of Success, and I heard that it seldom equaled the yield of the Tom Watson, although a comparatively small melon, seems to be a success from the start. The Tom Watson is a long green melon, which at times grows exceptionally large. We had many specimens weighing from 40 to 50 pounds, and it is at the same time one of the most prolific melons in cultivation. It is the most excellent shipping melon for a long variety and, although its rind is thin the flesh is of superb quality, and intense red in

color. The quality is unsurpassed by any melon I have ever eaten. Of course, there are many markets that will not take a long melon, but it is my opinion that where the Tom Watson is once sold, while it may go at a discount at first it will be in demand afterwards. I have secured a fine stock of the very best seed which I offer at the following prices: Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1-4 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.50.

NEW NATIONAL.—It is claimed that this variety will thrive almost anywhere even in districts where watermelons will not generally do well; hence, its name National. In size it is medium to large, and of excellent qualities, shape oblong; outside color is pale, with darker markings; the flesh is brilliant red in color, and is remarkably solid; rind thin, but very tough, making it a good shipper. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

HALBERT HONEY.—This variety grows very quickly, so that they will ripen choice fruit even in the Northern States if planted in good location. Growers who sell their melons in nearby markets say that Halbert Honey outsells any other melon they grow. It is essentially a home melon, and for your own use or near market it is one of the best. The skin is too thin and brittle to stand rough handling in distant shipping. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

M'IVER OR WONDERFUL SUGAR.—This famous watermelon is, I believe, one of the sweetest. It is of medium size with striped or variegated exterior; beautiful red flesh with white seeds; the flesh is entirely stringless and of perfect quality as to texture. The vines are strong, thrifty and prolific. Originated in the West Indies and introduced into this country in 1894. It is well adapted to nearby market, but rather delicate for long shipments. Recommended for both North and South. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE.—A large melon with good shipping qualities. Shape oblong, striped and mottled with various shades of green. Flesh bright red; flavor sweet and first class. A good shipper. This variety is the same and is sometimes called Striped Gypsy. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

HARRIS' EARLIEST.—This is an excellent variety and will rank as one of the best early sorts. The skin is striped and mottled with green and white. The flesh is red, sweet, juicy and crisp. The melons are large for an early variety, and nearly oval in shape. A very satisfactory variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.



GREY MONARCH.—This melon is adapted to both the North and South, and is an excellent market and home melon. It is of a lightish green color and a favorite everywhere. The flesh is dark red and is remarkably sweet, delicious and crisp. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

ALABAMA SWEET.—Altogether this is a first-rate business melon and a popular one. Highly recommended for the South, where it originated, and I am confident that it will be a prize winner in the North. A dark green melon with light seeds. A first-class shipper, of good size, with flesh that is simply delicious. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

EDEN.—This is similar in shape and appearance to Kolb Gem, except that it has a brighter stripe, and is a little larger and of a more attractive appearance. It is a very popular market variety wherever grown, being a cross of Kolb Gem and Rattlesnake, and it combines the good shipping qualities of Kolb Gem and the good eating qualities of Rattlesnake. A desirable variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

KLECKLEY SWEET.—Fruit oblong with dark green skin and very thin rind. Flesh bright scarlet with broad, solid heart, which is crisp, sugary and entirely free from stringiness. Claimed to be the sweetest watermelon produced and is especially desirable for home use or near market. Too tender for long shipment. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

CAROLINA BRADFORD.—This is a large melon of dark green color with darker stripes. The rich red flesh is sweet and melting and of excellent quality. The seeds are white. Has very strong vines and very productive. The Carolina Bradford is a splendid melon for home use; ready for market in about 85 days from time of planting. A good one; try it. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

SWEETHEART.—This is a magnificent shipping melon of uniformly large size and good qualities. Vines are vigorous and productive, ripening its fruit medium early; uniformly mottled, light and very light green; rind thin, but firm medium bright red, solid, and very tender, melting and sweet. Fruit remains in condition for use longer than most other sorts. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

CUBAN QUEEN.—It is claimed that specimens of this variety have been known to weigh 100 lbs. A very prolific and profitable variety to grow for market. The rind is firm; flesh bright red, solid and sweet. One of the best keepers and a first-class shipper. Exterior is beautifully striped and mottled. A favorite for home use or market. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

DARK RIND KOLB GEM OR ICEBURG.—(Sometimes called Yellow-Bellied Kolb Gem.) This variety somewhat resembles the old Kolb Gem in size and appearance, but darker in coloring both inside and out. This variety is very much superior to the old Kolb Gem in quality and equal to it as a shipping melon. Where it rests on the ground it is yellow, while the old Kolb Gem is nearly white. The shape is oblong to nearly round. The rind is thin, but very tough. It has been largely grown in this section and in many parts of the South on account of its excellent shipping qualities. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

BLACK BOULDER.—Enormously productive and mammoth size, with rich, dark green skin. The true stock of this variety cuts equal to any on the market, and its shipping qualities are very good. It is one of the largest varieties grown. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

THE DIXIE.—One of the most prolific varieties grown, often producing two or three melons on a single vine. Of highest quality and value. The size is large, specimens often weighing 50 lbs. The flesh is scarlet, very fine and extra firm. The rind is thin, but tough, making it an excellent keeper and a good market sort. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

RADISHES.



SCARLET GLOBE.

SCARLET GLOBE.—This is my favorite of all the varieties for market purposes. It will bear forcing without becoming pithy in character or suffering injury to its flavor. Its attractive shape is shown in the illustration. Its color is rich scarlet, which has a small top, and is in all respects a high-grade radish. The very best early market variety. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

ICICLE.—Long white, and very early. It is long and slender, tapering in shape, and of perfectly white color. Grows quickly to market size, and is crisp and brittle; flavor mild. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

CALIFORNIA WHITE WINTER.—Grown extensively in California and is very large in size, growing to 8 to 20 inches long and 2 to 3 inches in diameter. It is white, solid and of good quality. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

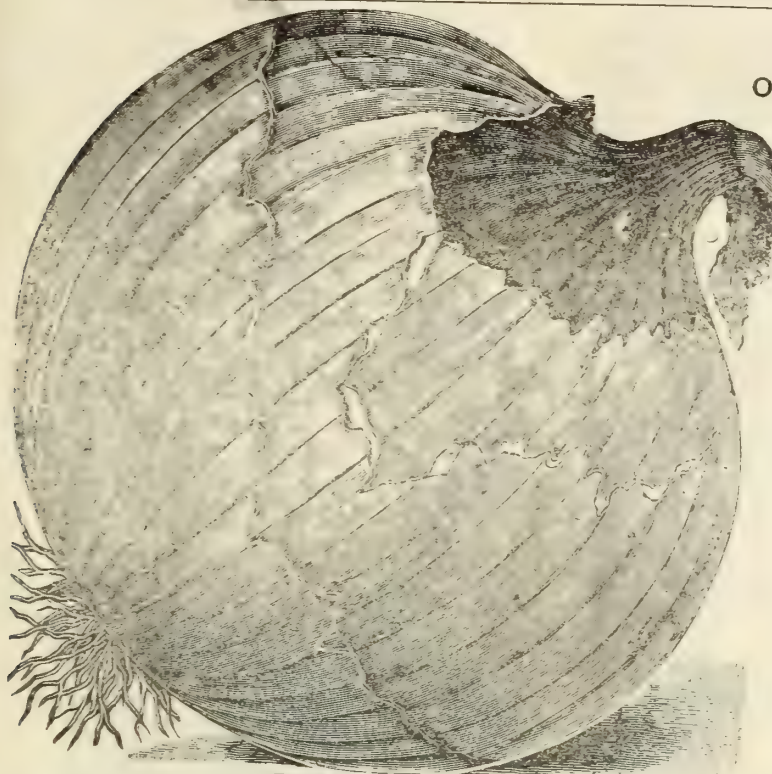
LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP.—The best of the long, scarlet radishes. It makes beautiful radishes which are always brittle and sweet 25 to 30 days from sowing. Undoubtedly the standard long red variety for market and the home garden. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.

EARLY DARK RED.—A great favorite with some market gardeners. A fine variety and generally gives satisfaction. It is beautifully colored, as implied by its name. It makes a very rapid growth and is one of the sweetest and tenderest radishes in the list. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 60c.

WHITE TIP SCARLET TURNIP.—Color is scarlet, with white tip, as indicated by its name. It is quick to mature, being ready for the table, when forced in the greenhouse, from 17 to 20 days from planting. An excellent market variety, either for greenhouse or outdoor planting. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.



WHITE TIP SCARLET TURNIP.



The Prize Taker Onion.

ONIONS.

PRIZETAKER.— Under special cultivation, single specimens have been grown to weigh five pounds. My stock of seed of seed of this variety is choice and I think will give you excellent results. It is the best of the large foreign varieties, and where started early under glass and transplanted in the open ground, this is without doubt one of the largest varieties grown. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN.— This is one of the best keepers and is very popular. It is of medium size and good qualities, very early, rather flattened in shape, and of a brown color. This onion has claimed a place in America within the recent years and seems abundantly able to maintain it, owing to its early maturity, excellent keeping qualities and solidity. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

YELLOW DUTCH.— Flavor mild and good. An excellent keeper and a standard market sort. Very productive and profitable. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE.— Failure.

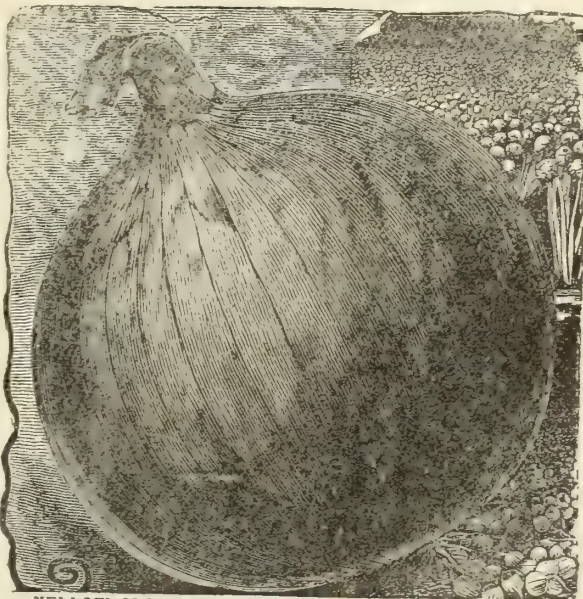
YELLOW GLOBE DENVERS.— The neatest shaped, best colored and largest cropper of any of the yellow onions. A favorite market variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

LARGE RED WEIHERSFIELD.— Those who prefer a red onion we recommend this as one of the very best. The size is large, purplish red skin, white flesh and fine grain, and yields equally as well as the Yellow Denvers. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

WHITE PORTUGAL.— A standard white variety for general culture. The bulbs grow to good size, ripen early and quite evenly. It is a good cropper; flesh is mild and sweet, with thin, white skin. One of the best. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.40.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE.— Nothing handsomer can be grown in onions than these dark, richly colored Red Globe. An average specimen will weigh about 8 to 10 ounces, grown from seed direct in the row under ordinary culture, and in many markets, especially in the North and West, dark red onions are preferred, and in spite of the deep color of the Southport Red Globe the flavor is mild and excellent. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.40.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE.— The Southport Yellow Globe commands highest price in New York markets. It is also known as the late Denvers Globe. It is a large cropper and very desirable to grow for market. This variety has matured as far North as Central Massachusetts and is in every way a very desirable variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 65c; lb. \$2.40



YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.



PARSLEY.

PARIS MARKET.— This we have found to be about the best variety and have decided to offer only this one this year. The plant is robust and a free grower and is improved by severe cutting. The leaves are large and broad, beautifully curled, very dark green; stands heat, damp and cold. The best of any we have grown, and yields double that of most sorts. We consider it the best. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

MUSTARD.



NEW CHINESE.—Large, crimped leaves. Tender and delicious when cooked like spinach. An excellent variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

OSTRICH PLUME.—This is a new variety originated in the South and is very desirable. It is of superior flavor and very popular where grown. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

SOUTHERN GIANT.—Produces large, dark green leaves with extra curled edges. Makes a fine salad and is very effective in garnishing. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 65c.

PARSNIP.

HOLLOW CROWN OR LARGE SUGAR.—This is undoubtedly the best variety grown. Roots large size, always smooth, rich, sweet flavor and very productive. This being the best of the entire list, we are not offering any others. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

SALSIFY.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND.—This is an improved type of the largest and most profitable salsify now in cultivation; roots large and heavier than the old long white, which I have discarded. This is better and more agreeable in flavor, and being the best known variety, I am offering no other. Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c; 1-4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.



EXTRA EARLY ALASKA.

PEPPER.

RUBY KING.—I have an extra fine stock of this popular market pepper of my own growing that I know to be true and uniform. Pepper seed mix easily and it is sometimes hard to get strictly pure seed. Those I am offering this season, however, of the Ruby King I know to be straight, as we grew only the one variety, and that being exceptionally fine, with no other variety on the place, my seed is bound to be straight and pure. The plants of the Ruby King grow about two feet high and produce fine crops of handsome, large, scarlet fruit which ripens somewhat earlier than most other varieties. Flesh thick, sweet and mild; especially fine for salads, or stuffed for mangoes. The best market variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

CHINESE GIANT.—Flesh thick and mild; requires a long growing season, so plants should be set early. The peppers grow much larger than Ruby King, and of a bright scarlet color when ripe. The plant is strong and vigorous. The extreme size of the peppers usually surprise all who grow them. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1-4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

BULL NOSE.—A standard sweet flavored scarlet sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

LONG RED CAYENNE.—A standard household variety, conical in shape and from three to four inches long, of a beautiful red color, and borne in great profusion. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.



RUBY KING.

PEAS.

The crop of peas is again very short this season, especially on the early varieties. Fortunately, however, we had a good many planted and have a fair sized stock of excellent quality that I can offer at fair prices.

EXTRA EARLY ALASKA.—This is one of the most reliable and most largely grown of all the early peas. The one usually planted for early market and also largely grown by canners throughout the country. My stock of this variety is very fine, and while the crop is short, we are fairly supplied with extra fine seed. Being fortunate in this respect, we are able to offer the very highest class of Alaska seed peas at a lower price than will generally be quoted this season. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c, postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 75c; pk. \$1.40; bus. \$5.00.

FIRST AND BEST.—One of the leading early varieties. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c, postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 60c; pk. \$1.10; bus. \$4.00.

TELEPHONE.—A very productive variety of large size, and closely packed with large, delicious peas; grows three to four feet high and is said to be the best quality of all the wrinkled varieties. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c, postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$5.50.

SURPRISE.—One of the good things you should plant. A large, early, wrinkled variety that has grown to be very popular. One of the very earliest of the wrinkled sorts. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c, postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.00.

GRADUS OR PROSPERITY.—The earliest green wrinkled pea of the large podded varieties. It is fully as large as the Telephone, and matures only two or three days later than the small podded varieties. It is very popular with market men and a money-maker for them. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c. postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.50.

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT.—This variety is too well known to need description. It grows from 4 1-2 to 5 feet high, and is very productive of large, well-filled pods. Pkt. 10c; pt. 20c; qt. 40c. postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 60c; pk. \$1.00; bus. \$3.00.

PREMIUM GEM.—The best distinctly dwarf variety: grows from 12 to 15 in. high, and is very popular, especially for the home garden. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c., postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 80c; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$5.00.

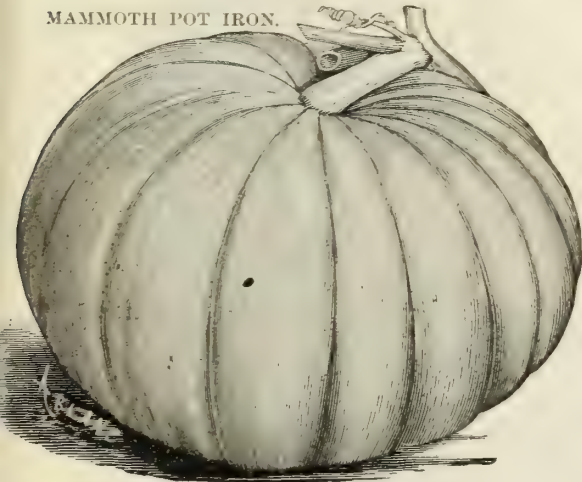
LIVINGSTON'S PROLIFIC EARLY MARKET.—It is claimed that none of the numerous extra earlys compare with Livingston's Prolific Early Market in length of pod, number of peas in a pod, or number of pods to the vine. It is claimed that a single plant will yield 40 to 50 well-developed peas as the result of one pea sown. The quality is one of the very best, one of the sweetest and finest flavored of the early smooth varieties. You should not fail to try this. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c. postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.50.

SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR.—This comes into bearing a few days later than Nott's Excelsior and is undoubtedly a fine, early, wrinkled pea for either home use or market gardeners. Having had several calls for this pea, I take pleasure in listing it this year for the first time. It has longer and broader pods of a lighter green color than Nott's Excelsior. The pods are square at the ends, with six or eight large size peas to the pod. The vines grow 15 inches long and are very hardy, permitting early planting. They are heavy bearers, and on account of its hardiness and large sized pods, many prefer it to the large podded, taller varieties. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c. postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.25; pk. \$2.00; bus. \$7.00.

BLISS' EVERBEARING.—This requires no sticking and repeated pickings may be made, for the vines continue to blossom and bear. It is a continuous bearer through a long season, and the time of maturity is late to very late, especially adapted to summer and autumn cropping. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c. postpaid. By express, 4 qts. 90c; pk. \$1.50; bus. \$5.00.

CANADA FIELD.—This variety is grown chiefly as an early forage crop. It is very valuable for cattle feeding and excellent for hay. Bushel, \$1.75.

MAMMOTH POT IRON.



SPINACH.

ROUND THICK LEAF NORFOLK.—One of the best for fall sowing, as well as early spring. Handsome, dark green color, producing more curled thick leaves than any other. It is a heavy yielder and remains firm and bright a long time after gathering. One of the best and most profitable varieties to grow for market. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. or over by express, 25c per lb.

BLOOMSDALE.—A great favorite with market gardeners along the Atlantic slope, from Pennsylvania and New Jersey southward. It has thick, dark green, wrinkled leaves, and is perfectly hardy. Fine substance and flavor. One of the best for all purposes. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 35c; 5 lbs. or over by express, 25c per lb.



GRADUS OR PROSPERITY.

NOTT'S EXCELSIOR.—A splendid dwarf, wrinkled pea. The pods average three inches long and are well filled. Grows about one foot high and is frequently ready for the table 40 days after planting. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c. postpaid. By express, 4 qts. \$1.00; pk. \$1.75; bus. \$6.00.

PUMPKIN.

MAMMOTH POT IRON.—Flesh bright yellow, fine grained and good quality. In size it is a prize winner, growing to immense proportions. It is claimed that specimens of this variety have been grown to weigh over 200 lbs. It is also one of the cheapest of stock foods. Many farmers do not feed their cattle anything but coarse hay and pumpkins until long after midwinter, and they thrive and keep in excellent condition on this diet. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.

CONN. FIELD.—This variety is enormously productive; large, orange-colored and excellent for stock feeding; usually grown for that purpose, but also makes good pies. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 50c.

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO.—When cooked, this variety is said to resemble sweet potatoes in appearance and taste. It is medium in size, pear-shaped, slightly ribbed; color creamy white, flesh light colored; fine grained, dry and of superior flavor. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 80c.

LIVINGSTON'S GRAY CUSHAW.—Mottled green and white striped. Flesh yellow, solid and fine grained. An excellent variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.



New Giant Thick-Leaved Norfolk Savoy Spinach.

SQUASH.

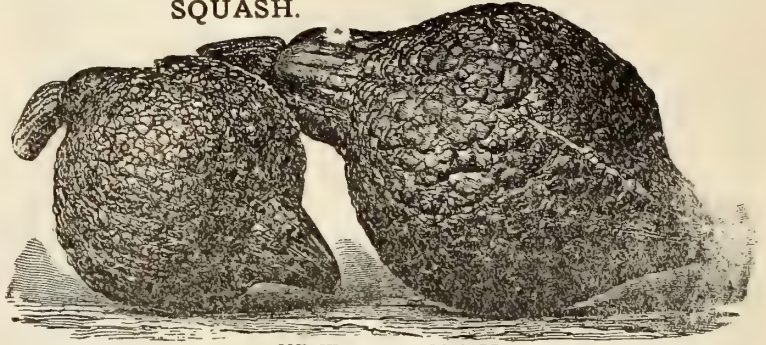
GOLDEN HUBBARD.—Color of skin deep yellow or orange red; flesh richer in color than the Hubbard and of equal quality; fine grained and sweet. An excellent table variety and a splendid keeper. This is a sport of the True Hubbard, and is the same in shape as its parent, but a little earlier, and is thought to be more productive. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

TRUE HUBBARD.—Color bluish-green; flesh fine grained, dry and excellent flavor. Undoubtedly the most popular of the winter varieties, and the most largely grown of all the late sorts. It is of large size, often weighing from 12 to 25 lbs. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

YELLOW BUSH OR GOLDEN CUSTARD.—This excellent variety is sometimes called Mammoth Yellow Bush on account of its great size. The color is rich golden yellow. Its table qualities are excellent. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

EARLY WHITE BUSH.—Similar to Golden Custard, except that it is white instead of yellow. Some prefer this variety. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

MAMMOTH WHALE.—An extra large fruiting sort, quite distinct in form and appearance. Often grows three feet long and sometimes weighs 100 lbs.



SQUASH, GOLDEN HUBBARD.

or more. The skin is of a deep olive green or slate colored; flesh is fine and solid and of a beautiful orange color; quality is good, and keeps well. An extra good exhibition sort. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1-4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKED NECK.—This is probably the best of the summer varieties; of dwarf, bushy habit, and very productive. The skin is yellow; flesh is dry and of a most agreeable flavor. It is, in fact, the most highly esteemed of all the summer varieties. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

BOSTON MARROW.—This is an excellent pie squash, and a good keeping variety. Flesh yellow, rich and sweet. Popular for autumn and winter use. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 25c; lb. 75c.

TOMATOES.



ALLEN'S BEST.

ALLEN'S BEST.—This is without question the very best of all the second early varieties. Its season is medium early, and the color is a beautiful red. The fruit is firmer than any tomato I have ever grown and will bear shipping further than any other variety. I say this without hesitation, as I have grown it for market and tested it out by the side of others. I have shipped it 500 miles by express (which is about the hardest test that could be given any tomato), and had it sell at \$1.50 per crate when other varieties did not pay shipping expenses. As a second early variety for shipping, general crop, canning, and many

other purposes, I have never seen its equal. It is very productive, and anyone who grows tomatoes for market should not fail to plant this variety. It is large, smooth and firm, and a heavy cropper. We recommend it as one of the very best for canning, one of the very best for shipping, one that will stand in wet weather without cracking, and one of the most satisfactory in every way that a market gardener can plant. Every customer who buys seed of Allen's Best and is not satisfied that the variety is all that I recommend it after having fruited it, I will refund every dollar that he has paid me for seed. I have a few pounds of extra selected stock seed which I can offer at 10c per

pkt.; 40c per oz.; \$1.50 per 1-4 lb.; \$5.00 per lb. Extra fine seed saved from the run of the crop, with all immature, imperfect and undeveloped tomatoes thrown out, at 5c per pkt.; 20c per oz.; 60c per 1-4 lb.; \$2.00 per lb.

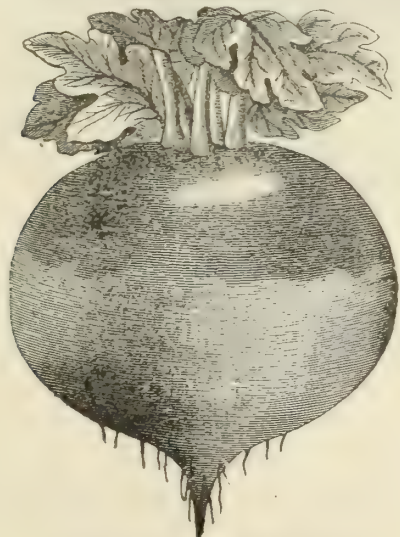
STONE.—I have a large stock of strictly pure and very fine seed of this grand old standard variety. I have been furnishing large quantities of seed to canners for several years and have yet to receive my first complaint. The Stone has come to be recognized as the best of all the standard varieties. The color is a desirable bright red. The fruit is of large size, perfectly smooth, and of best quality. It is a famous tomato in all tomato sections, and a favorite for canning everywhere. The plants are productive, and the fruit stands shipment well. As stated above, I have a very fine stock of this seed and will be pleased to offer special prices on large lots, and I know my stock will please you. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL.—Fruits uniformly large, thick through, more solid and finer quality than most of the early varieties. Average well-grown fruits are from 2 1/2 to 3 inches in diameter, which is large enough for market varieties. The plant is very productive, and one of the most profitable to grow for main crop or early market, ripening only a few days after the Earliana, and is equally as good a carrier and a decidedly better quality. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

MATCHLESS.—This great tomato is well named. The color is cardinal red. The skin is tough, making it a good keeper and shipper, remarkably free from cracking, and unsurpassed as a market or table variety. The plant is a strong grower and very productive. The fruit is free from core, with small seed spaces. It stands at the front as a large, bright red, main crop sort, and is highly recommended. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

SPARK'S EARLIANA.—One of the most largely grown of the first early varieties. Plants are quite hardy, rather slender, open branches which are well set with fruit, nearly all of which ripens evenly early in the season. If you want extra early tomatoes, perhaps you could not do better than plant Earliana. Our strain of seed is of the very best. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

LIVINGSTON'S GLOBE.—In time of ripening this is close with the first earlies. It is an exceedingly productive variety, and is a remarkably good keeper, very few varieties surpassing it in this respect. In shape it is very distinct, being globe shape, with quite a large percentage of elongated fruits. It is a very beautiful variety, and on account of its shape, one that permits of a great number of slices to be taken from each fruit. The quality is very fine, being mild, pleasant and of delicious flavor; unsurpassed for slicing or to eat from the hand. An excellent variety for greenhouse work, for outdoor planting or for field crop on a large acreage. The color is of a beautiful purplish cast, similar to the Acme. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1-4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.



Turnip, Purple Top, White Globe.

LIVINGSTON'S FAVORITE.—In proportion to size it is one of the heaviest tomatoes grown. It is large, smooth, fine quality, and very productive, and an all-around good sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.



NEW CORELESS.—A perfect globe-shaped of medium to large size tomatoes of recent introduction. This new shape is preferred by many growers; it is almost round, being about the same diameter each way. There is little or no depression at the stem end, making it very economical for all uses. It is very productive, and the fruit is borne in clusters at close intervals all along the vines. Fine for slicing, the seeds cells being surrounded by bright red, heavy, meaty and delicious flesh, which is slightly more acid than in some other varieties. In color it is a rich, bright red. On account of its superior solidity it is a good long-distance shipper. The vine is strong and a most luxuriant grower. A main crop for canners, for the home garden or for market that, when better known, will be highly appreciated. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1-4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

JUNE PINK.—This is a deep pink or purplish-colored tomato, having the same characteristic of growth and fruiting as Spark's Earliana, while it is full as early and possesses greater sweetness and freedom from acidity. It originated as a chance sport in a field of Earliana. The plants are quite hardy and adapted to the practice of most gardeners who start their plants very early and have large plants well hardened early in the spring. Both skin and flesh are of a deep pink or purplish tint; of sweet, mild flavor, and very popular for an early market variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1-4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

YELLOW PEAR.—This is a very pretty little tomato, similar in shape to a pear. The fruit is rather small, only about the size of a large plum. Very desirable for pickling and preserving. Pkt. 5c; oz. 25c; 1-4 lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

PARAGON (Britton's Best).—This is a favorite market variety and, next to Stone, one of the most popular canning sorts. A heavy bearer of large, dark red, perfectly smooth fruit, sometimes described as being as smooth as an apple. A good, reliable sort. Pkt. 5c; oz. 20c; 1-4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

TURNIPS.

PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAF.—This is white below and purple above ground. A good cropper and an excellent keeper. One of the best for market; fine grained and fine flavor. Pkt.*5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c.

EARLY SNOWBALL.—Matures very early. A medium size, round turnip. It is pure white, and very fine quality. The best for early market. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

IMPROVED PURPLE TOP RUTA BAGA.—A superb variety. This will make an immense yield of large, smooth bulbs that will easily keep until spring. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c.

WHITE EGG.—A good keeper and an excellent yielder; can be sown either early or late. Grows to a beautiful egg shape, with thick, white skin. One of the best. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c.

COW HORN.—A white turnip of peculiar long shape and quick to mature; it grows to large size, standing about one-half out of the ground. It is fine flavored, and especially desirable for fall and summer use. This is also an excellent variety for stock feeding. It makes an immense crop. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 50c.

YELLOW ABERDEEN.—A turnip of highest merit. The flesh is yellow, tender, sugary and very solid; productive, hardy and a good keeper. A valuable table variety and excellent for stock. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c.

WHITE POTATOES.

I do not handle White Potatoes in less than barrel lots, and I can usually supply the best Northern-grown seed. This year I am only handling one variety, as last season 95 per cent. of our sales were of this kind. The variety which I allude to is the Irish Cobbler. Our stock is of the best Maine grown, of medium size; all large tubers which are undesirable for planting have been taken out by special arrangement. The Irish Cobbler is undoubtedly the best early market potato now before the public, and in this section fully 90 per

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE.—This is one of the handsomest and most salable turnips. For market or home use it is one of the best. Flesh pure white, and globe-shaped; it yields heavy, and gives general satisfaction. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c.

GOLDEN BALL.—A superior table turnip of a bright golden yellow color; in flavor it is rich and sweet; a rapid grower, and an excellent keeper; in shape it is almost as round as a ball. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 15c; lb. 40c.

cent. of the plantings are of this kind. I have a large cellar stored full and can ship any time as early as the weather will permit. I quote as follows: Irish Cobbler, Maine grown, in bags of 165 lbs., per bag\$3.50 Irish Cobbler, Maine grown, in wooden barrels, per bbl\$3.75 Those in shipping distance will do well to correspond with me for their early seed potatoes before placing their orders elsewhere.

FARM SEEDS.

All Farm Seeds Subject to Fluctuation in Prices.

CRIMSON OR SCARLET CLOVER.—A well-known and favorite winter crop and soil enricher, affording excellent early forage. Seed should be sown in August or September, 15 to 25 pounds per acre, depending on the soil—the thinner the soil the more seed should be used. It grows all winter when the ground is not frozen. I handle large quantities of crimson clover seed and can give you best prices. By express or freight, pk. \$1.50; bus. (60 lbs.) \$5.50. For large quantities ask for special prices.

ALFALEA.—Strictly No. 1 seed. Quarter bus., \$2.75; bus. (60 lbs.), \$10.00 to \$12.00.

ALSYKE.—No. 1 seed. Quarter bus., \$3.00; bus. (60 lbs.), \$11.00.

WHITE CLOVER.—Fine for lawns or pastures. First-class seed. Quarter bus., \$3.00; bus. (60 lbs.), \$11.00.

MEDIUM RED CLOVER.—The standard everywhere. First-class seed. Quarter bus., \$2.75; bus. (60 lbs.), \$10.00.

TIMOTHY.—No. 1 seed. Bus. (45 lbs.), \$2.75.

ORCHARD GRASS.—Bus. (14 lbs.), \$2.50.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS.—15c to 30c per pound, as to quality. The standard seed all weigh 14 pounds per bushel. Our extra fancy re-cleaned, which we sell at 30c, will weigh about 40 lbs. to the bushel.

GERMAN MILLET.—Choice. Bus. (50 lbs.), \$1.75.

COW PEAS.—Whippoorwill or Clay. Bus. (60 lbs.), \$2.75.

CANADA FIELD PEAS.—Bus. (60 lbs.), \$1.75.

SPRING VETCHES OR TARES.—Bus. (60 lbs.), \$3.00.

SAND HARRY OR WINTER VETCHES.—Bus. (60 lbs.), \$5.00.

DWARF ESSEX RAPE.—Lb., 15c; quarter bus., \$2.00; bus. (60 lbs.), \$7.50.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—As the prices of farm seeds are continually changing, owing to fluctuation in the market, I specially invite those who want a quantity to write stating just what they want and I will be pleased to make special quotations by return mail.



CHOICE FLOWER SEEDS

NOTE.—In ordering flower seeds give number preceding name; that will be all that is necessary; we will understand what is wanted, and this will be much easier than writing out the names.

1. AMARANTHUS.—An annual plant with highly ornamental foliage; 3 to 5 feet high. Pkt. 5c.

2. ASTERS, VICTORIA.—Bear from 10 to 25 beautiful flowers in an elegant pyramid about 18 inches high. Pkt. 10c.

3. ASTERS, GIANT COMET.—The most artistic flower of all the asters. Very beautiful, mostly white. Pkt. 5c.

4. ASTERS, QUEEN OF THE MARKET.—The best early aster; two weeks earlier than most other varieties; of graceful, spreading habit. Pkt. 10c.

5. ASTERS, MIXED.—Different varieties and colors. Pkt. 5c.

6. ACROLINUM.—Beautiful everlasting flowers; mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

7. ALYSSUM, SWEET.—A fragrant white flower, very sweet scented; blooms freely and is easily grown everywhere; it thrives on almost every soil. Pkt. 5c.



ALYSSUM, SWEET.

8. BALSAM.—A favorite quick-growing annual, produces gorgeous masses of brilliant colored flowers in great profusion. Very pretty and easily grown. Pkt. 5c.

9. CASTOR BEANS (Ricinus).—A highly ornamental, tree-like annual plant; if given good soil will grow from 6 to 14 feet high; very attractive and beautiful for backgrounds. Pkt. 5c.

10. COTTON.—Where not grown commercially there are few plants that would attract more attention. It is quite pretty and interesting. Should be started as early as possible. Pkt. 5c.

11. CYPRESS VINE.—A beautiful climbing plant that is very attractive; varieties mostly red and white. Pkt. 5c.

12. CENTAUREA.—Under this head are embraced several popular flowers. These are commonly known as Sweet Sultana, Corn Flower, Dusty Miller, etc. All mixed. Pkt. 5c.



VICTORIA ASIERS.



BALSAM.

13. DAISY.—Almost hardy perennial plants, adapted to pot or frame culture. They are in high favor for open air edgings and borders, blooming freely from April to June. These famous double daisies are held in universal esteem; they bloom profusely, especially in cool weather. Pkt. 5c.

14. PANSY.—Very fine collection; too well known to need description. Superb mixture. Pkt. 10c.

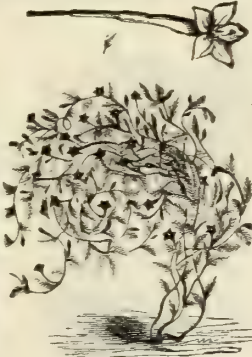
15. FOUR O'CLOCK.—All colors, mixed. Pkt. 5c.

16. GLOBE AMARANTHUS (Perpetuals).—Beautiful everlasting flowers; they will last a year or two after being cut. Pkt. 5c.

17. GERANIUMS.—An easily grown, tender, perennial plant that enjoys an almost universal popularity; easily raised from seed. Those that I am offering are very fine, and I am sure will please all who buy them. Mixed, all varieties and colors. Pkt. 10c.



CASTOR BEANS (RICINUS.)



CYPRESS VINE.

18. HOLLYHOCK.—This fine old favorite is again in the widest favor. It reaches the height of six feet or more and on account of its stately growth is unexcelled for planting along fences or buildings or for background effects. Seed sown one year will give good bloom the following year. All colors mixed. Pkt. 10c.

19. HELIOTROPE.—A half hardy perennial, blooming the whole season. It grows quickly and easily from seed, doing best in rich soil. Pkt. 5c.

20. HELICHRYSUM.—Everlasting flower of various colors, from white and bright yellow to scarlet; shaded and tipped; exceedingly handsome for bouquets for winter. Pkt. 5c.

21. LARKSPUR.—Quick-growing annual and perennial plants. The annuals have a wide range of colors. The flowers are borne in great profusion, and a bed of larkspur is an effective and showy ornament. Pkt. 5c.



HELICHRYSUM.



MARIGOLDS.

22. MORNING GLORY.—Beautiful and annual climbers, growing easily in any situation. Colors, blue, white, pink, purple, etc. The most popular climbing plant in the world. Pkt. 5c.

23. MORNING BRIDE.—One of the most desirable of the border plants and greatly improved within recent years. Some sorts are annual and some perennial. Pkt. 5c.

24. MARIGOLDS.—Sow in open ground and thin to one foot apart. They are very hardy and make a great show, either double or single varieties. Single, mixed Pkt. 5c.

25. MARIGOLDS.—Mixed, double. Pkt. 5c.

26. NASTURTIUMS (Dwarf).—My stock of nasturtiums, both dwarf and tall, is very fine, consisting of all popular types and colors. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c.



PHLOX.



SALVIA (SCARLET SAGE.)

27. NASTURTIUMS.—(Climbing varieties). Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c.

28. ORNAMENTAL GOURDS.—Great curiosity, many types and colors. Pkt. 5c.

29. PETUNIA.—Begins to bloom early and lasts until killed by frost. It succeeds best in rich soil and sunny situation. Pkt. 10c.

30. PINKS.—Double, Japan. Exceptionally fine, mixed colors. Pkt. 5c.

31. PINKS.—Double, China. Mixed, all colors, very fine stock. Pkt. 5c.

32. PINKS.—Dianthus. The color of these pinks is exceedingly rich and variegated. We offer all colors mixed. Pkt. 5c.



PANSY.



PINKS - DIANTHUS.



SWEET PEAS.

33. PORTULACCA.—A favorite annual for beds, edging, rock work, etc. Thrives best in rich, light loam or sandy soil. Blooms early summer until autumn. Double mixed. Pkt. 10c.

34. PORTULACCA.—Single. Very pretty; some think even prettier than the double. Pkt. 10c.

35. POPPY.—A showy and easily cultivated plant. Quite hardy and a favorite everywhere. Flowers of various sizes, shapes and colors, both single and double; always conspicuous and brilliant. Mixed. Pkt. 5c.

36. PHLOX.—*Drummondii*. This is a very pretty plant. It becomes a perfect mass of color. The plants are strong and healthy, and belong in every garden. They are both annual and perennial. Pkt. 5c.

37. SNAPDRAGON.—(*Antirrhinum Majus*).—One of the most beautiful and charming of the old-fashioned flowers. Colors, white, scarlet, yellow, etc. The *Antirrhinum* is a perennial and blooms well the second season, but succeeds also as an annual. Pkt. 5c.

38. SALVIA (Scarlet Sage).—A famous and fashionable annual bedding plant. Blooms in lavish profusion until frost. Succeeds everywhere. Pkt. 10c.

39. SWEET WILLIAM.—Well-known, free-blooming, hardy perennial plants. Old-fashioned favorite, now greatly improved. They produce masses of lovely, brilliant, sweet-scented flowers through a long period, making a splendid effect in beds. Pkt. 5c.

40. SUNFLOWER.—Ornamental, double. Pkt. 5c.

41. SWEET MIGNONETTE.—Valuable both winter and summer. Frequent sowing of seeds should be made. Sow where they are to remain. Pkt. 5c.

42. SENSITIVE PLANT.—A great curiosity. Leaves fall as though dead if touched. Pkt. 10c.

43. STOCKS.—Ten week. German dwarf mixed varieties, all colors. Pkt. 5c.

44. SWEET PEAS.—I have a large supply of very fine mixture of sweet peas in great profusion of color. Our stock is of the celebrated Eckford strain, which is very fine; in fact, considered to be the best to be had. Pkt. 5c; oz. 10c; 1-4 lb. 20c; lb. 60c.

45. VERBENA.—A choice annual, 6 to 12 inches high, indispensable for bedding purposes. Flowers white, scarlet, red, crimson, purple, etc. Pkt. 5c.

46. ZENNIA.—Hardy annual plant, 1 to 2 feet high. Suited to all situations and soils. The bloom is always gay and profuse, and the range of colors endless. No flowers are more showy. Pkt. 5c.



VERBENA.



COSMOS.

49. COXCOMB.—Very fine mixture.

47. COSMOS.—A very pretty summer and fall blooming flower. Should be in every garden. Pkt. 5c.

48. CELOSIA PLUMOSA.—Has a plume-like flower; very pretty.



ZENNIA.



CELOSIA PLUMOSA.



COXCOMB.



HARDY PHLOX.

HARDY PHLOX.

BACCHANTE.—Deep rosy carmine, enormous flowers. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00.

COQUILICOT.—A fine, pure scarlet, with crimson red eye. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00.

OBERGARTNER WITTIG.—Bright magenta with crimson-carmine eye, largest flowers and truss of its type. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00.

MRS. JENKINS.—The best white, immense pannacles, early and free bloomer. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00.

BERRANGER.—Ground-color white, delicately suffused with rosy pink and distinct amaranth-red eye. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.50.

PROF. SCHLIEMANN.—Bright currant-red with a bright crimson eye. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00.

VON HOCHBURG.—The ideal crimson, the richest of its color. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.50.

HARDY PHLOX IN MIXTURE.—We have a considerable quantity of Hardy Phlox in mixture, consisting of seedlings, etc. This mixture consists of many beautiful colors, many of which are equal to the named varieties. I can furnish good, strong, well-rooted plants of this mixture at 5c each, 50c per doz.; \$4.00 per 100.

CANNAS, DAHLIA AND CALADIUM BULBS.

I have a very fine assortment of the above-named bulbs which I am prepared to offer at rates that will put them within the reach of everyone. Heretofore our bulbs have been in such position that we were

unable to ship them early in the season. This year we have them so arranged that we can ship with plant orders any time, and all bulb orders will be promptly filled.

CANNAS.

BLACK PRINCE.—Intense dark velvety maroon; grows strong and erect, 3 to 4 feet; fine dark red stems, and deep green leaves edged with purple. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH.—4 1-2 feet. Dark crimson. Very fine. 3 for 25c; 12 for 40c; \$2.00 per 100.

J. D. EILSELE.—Brilliant vermilion scarlet; 5 feet. 3 for 20c; 12 for 40c; \$2.00 per 100.

LOUISE.—A grand pink variety and very free flowering. One that will please you. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

PRES. CLEVELAND.—Bright, distinct orange scarlet; 4 feet. A good one. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.00 per 100.

GLADIATOR.—The flowers are bright yellow, thickly spotted with crimson, and bloom profusely. Heads are unusually large and borne on long, strong stalks, with tough, deep green foliage. A superb variety alone or in masses; 4 feet. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

MAD CROZY.—5 1-2 feet. Vermillion with gold border. Very showy. 3 for 20c; 12 for 40c; \$2.00 per 100.

BUTTERCUP.—3 1-2 feet. Clear golden yellow. Very fine. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

L. E. BAILEY.—Rich yellow dotted with red. A very rich and pleasing appearance; 4 1-2 feet. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

BRANDYWINE.—This is undoubtedly the best bronze-leaved bedding Canna, a remarkably even grower; healthy, vigorous; 4 to 5 feet. Makes a luxuriant growth of dark bronze foliage and a magnificent display of fine, large flowers. Color is intense vinous red, beautifully mottled with deep crimson; two to three petals are sometimes narrowly edged with bright gold. Brandywine has foliage almost as dark as Black Beauty. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

BLACK BEAUTY.—Dark bronzed. Very fine. Foliage is grand; 5 feet. 3 for 30c; 12 for 75c; \$3.00 per 100.

PILLAR OF FIRE.—The giant of its class; grows 6 to 7 feet; flowers bright crimson scarlet, borne in erect spikes like blazing torches. A continuous bloomer. Invaluable for center of beds, etc. 3 for 30c; 12 for 75c; \$3.00 per 100.

SHENANDOAH.—A splendid bronze-leaved variety; large salmon flowers; 6 feet. 3 for 20c; 12 for 40c; \$2.00 per 100.

AUSTRIA.—Pure canary-yellow; an orchid-flowering type; 5 feet. 3 for 20c; 12 for 40c; \$2.00 per 100.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Green foliage, with deep scarlet flowers; 5 feet. A splendid variety. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

FLAMINGO.—4 1-2 feet. Intense, clear crimson, with green foliage. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

TENNYSON.—Large, heavy spikes of flowers, of a very attractive, rosy pink; green foliage; 5 1-2 feet. Very fine. 3 for 25c; 12 for 65c; \$2.75 per 100.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE.—A grand Canna, with a distinct golden belt around each petal; the center brilliant orange-scarlet, with crimson tones. A stately habit with fine foliage. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

LOUISIANA.—A strong, vigorous-growing variety, attaining a height of 7 feet, producing a dense mass of glossy green foliage and vivid scarlet flowers often measuring 7 inches across. 3 for 30c; 12 for 75c.

INDIANA.—The foliage of this variety forms a solid mass of green 3 to 4 feet high; above this the flower spikes shoot up to a height of 6 feet, each one bearing fine big clusters of orchid-like flowers. Color is a glistening golden orange daintily marked and striped with red. 3 for 40c; 12 for \$1.00.



CANNAS.

WYOMING.—Might be called King of the Giants, for it is one of the most majestic, with the double attraction of having a luxuriant growth of rich purple foliage. Above this are borne great plumes of massive orange-colored blossoms, true orchid-shaped, with large, rounded petals. Grows to 7 feet. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

MUSAFOLIA.—This is one of the finest foliaged Cannas, with enormous musa-like leaves. The leaves are very large, being from 12 to 15 inches across and 2 feet or more in length, presenting a rather tropical appearance. It is one of the best foliage plants that I know of. The leaves are green, beautifully banded with bronzed purple. 3 for 20c; 12 for 50c; \$2.50 per 100.

KING HUMBERT.—In this great Canna we have a combination of the highest type of flower with the finest bronze foliage. Its flowers, which, under ordinary cultivation, will measure 6 inches in diameter, and which are produced in trusses of gigantic size, are of a brilliant orange-scarlet, with bright red markings, while the foliage is broad and massive and of a rich coppery bronze; bold and effective; 4 feet. 3 for 30c; 12 for 75c.

RICHARD WALLACE.—As a good, free-flowering yellow Canna of vigorous growth, we believe that this variety comes nearer to the ideal than any variety yet offered. In color it is a pleasing canary-yellow, with exceptionally large flowers, which are carried well above the green foliage in upright, well-branched trusses. 3 for 30c; 12 for 75c.

DAHLIAS.

All quotations on Dahlias are for divided clumps.

GRAND DUKE ALEXIS.— Very large white, tinted pale lavender. Very fine. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.25.

NYMPHAEA.—Color clear, light shrimp-pink. Very fine. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.25.

WM. AGNEW.— Rich, dazzling red; large size, and the best of all the red flowering varieties. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00; \$5.00 per 100.

A. D. LIVONI.— Beautiful soft pink; early and profuse bloomer. One of the best. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00; \$5.00 per 100.

PROGRESS.— The color is clear, soft rosy lake, beautifully penciled and spotted with glowing crimson. Very valuable as a cut flower. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.50.

SIR CHAS. MILLS.— A beautiful clear yellow; an early and free bloomer. One of the best yellows. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00; \$5.00 per 100.

STRIPED BANNER.—Crimson scarlet, tipped with white. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.25.

THE QUEEN.—A beautiful pure white; flowers bloom in profusion and better than Storm King. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.25.

SNOW CLAD.— Small, very double and a prolific bloomer. Pure white. Each 10c; 12 for \$1.00; \$5.00 per 100.

GENERAL BULLER.— One of the best of the Cactus Dahlias. Flowers bloom very free; deep cardinal red, shaded purplish maroon; many of the petals tipped with white. Each 20c; 12 for \$1.50.

JEALOUSY.— Lemon yellow; very fine, beautiful and a free bloomer. Each 15c; 12 for \$1.25.

MIXED VARIETIES.— Those who want a beautiful display, but do not care for name or variety, I will send a beautiful mixture entirely my own selection; but all good, showy varieties, but not labeled. 12 for 75c; \$3.00 per 100.



DAHLIAS.

HARDY LARGE FLOWERING CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

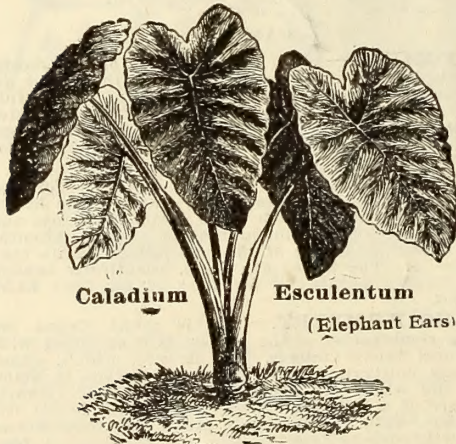
- BOSTON.**— Golden bronze. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- FAIR HAVEN.**— Pearl pink. Each 5c; 12, 50c.
- FRED J.**— Large red orange. Each 5c; 12, 50c.
- JULIA LAGRAVERE.**— Large, rich maroon; tall. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- MRS. SNYDER.**— Large, rich yellow. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- SALEM.**— Silver rose, long quilled. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- ST. ILLORIA.**— Fine silvery pink. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- TIVOLA.**— Fine rose. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- WILLIE.**— Lilac and white. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.
- THE HUB.**— Pure white, open center. Each 5c; 12 for 50c.

Chrysanthemums consisting of most of the above varieties in mixture, 5c each; 40c dozen; \$3.00 per 100.

ORNAMENTAL GRASS.

ERINANTHUS RAVENNA.— (Plume Grass) Grows from 9 to 12 feet high and produces from 30 to 50 flower spikes; closely resembles Pampas grass. Each 20c; 12 for \$2.00.

YUCCA FILAMANTOSA (Adam's Needle).— A low evergreen without a central stem. The long, narrow leaf blades come out from the root crown. In June or July it shoots up heavy stalks laden at the top with ivory-white flowers. It is valuable in separate or mixed plantings. Small plants, 10c each; \$1.00 dozen. Large clumps, 25c each; \$2.50 dozen.



Caladium Esulentum (Elephant Ears)

CALADIUM.

CALADIUM (Elephant Ears).—We have a fine stock of this very showy foliage plant and offer bulbs at the following prices:

	Each.	Dozen.
6 to 8 inches in circumference.....	.06	.60
8 to 10 inches in circumference.....	.10	\$1.00
Jumbos, 12 inches and up.....	.20	

VEGETABLE PLANTS



For the last two or three years we have been doing a large business in vegetable plants, selling many hundred thousand. Our specialties in this line are sweet potato plants, early cabbage plants, early tomato plants, cauliflower, egg plants, pepper, beet, etc.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.—There is probably no section where better sweet potatoes can be grown than here in the Eastern Shore of Maryland. I will have a limited amount of Big Stem Jersey and Red Nansemond seed sweet potatoes for sale at \$3.00 per bbl. I recommend these for those who understand handling them, and where the distance to ship is not too great. Seed sweets do not carry well long distances and transportation is expensive. All customers at a distance are advised to buy plants. We expect to have a very fine stock at the proper season. I will have following varieties;

BIG STEM JERSEY.—(See Illustration). This is a very popular variety especially with those who wish to get their crop in market before others begin to dig. It is a heavy yielder, good quality, either for market or home use, and the most largely grown of all varieties in this section. Plants 60c per 100 postpaid; \$2.00 per M.; \$16.00 per 10,000 by express; receiver to pay charges.

GOLD SKIN.—This is a beautiful yellow potato, usually growing very chunky. It has a peculiarity of being almost a golden yellow inside, and is sometimes described as being all heart. The quality is very fine, and this is in every way a very desirable potato either for home use or market. Price of plants same as Big Stem Jersey.

RED NANSEMOND.—This variety has a blood red skin, but inside is yellow and dry. It cooks very fine and many think it one of the best on the market. Red Nansemond is especially popular where a dry potato is desired. This is also an excellent keeper. Price of plants same as Big Stem Jersey.

YELLOW NANSEMOND.—(UP-RIVERS). This is a chunky, smooth yellow sweet potato; yields heavy and for all purposes a desirable variety. Price of plants 60c per 100 postpaid; \$2.50 per M.; \$20.00 per 10,000.

SOUTHERN QUEEN.—This is a white yam. Many prefer it to the regular sweet potato for the home table. It is not dry like the other varieties but is very sweet. Highly prized in the South. Price of plants same as Big Stem Jersey. Our sweet potato plants are usually ready any time after May 10th.

SEED SWEET POTATOES.—I have a limited quantity of very fine seed sweets of the Big Stem Jersey and Red Nansemond. I will furnish these as long as they last at \$3.00 per bbl, f. o. b, Salisbury.

CABBAGE PLANTS.—This is one of our specialties in vegetable plants. We ship hundreds of thousands North for early setting, and we understand the parties who have been buying them have been highly pleased. It is evident that we will do a larger business in this line the coming Spring than ever before and we shall try to be prepared for it. Our early cabbage plants will be ready from the 1st to the 10th of April, and we grow the three leading varieties as follows;

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.—The best of the first early cabbage in cultivation. It forms fine, solid heads of good size, conical in shape with few outside leaves. The quality is of the best. We offer this as the earliest strain of this variety and is sure to give satisfaction,

LARGE CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.—Selected stock; large solid heads of good quality. A few days after than Early Jersey Wakefield, larger in size and combines all the good qualities of an early long-keeping sort.

EARLY SUMMER.—This is one of the best of the large early flat head varieties. It is an exceedingly valuable market variety, adapted for close planting, and will thereby give a large number of heads per acre. Matures about ten days after Early Jersey Wakefield. The heads are very compact and solid, and usually double the weight of the Early Jersey Wakefield.

We can supply either of the above varieties 500 for \$1.25; 1000 for \$2.00; 10,000 or over, at \$1.50 per 1000. I especially solicit orders for cabbage plants from Northern growers. I believe that we can give you better plants early in the season and for less money than you can grow them at home.

CAULIFLOWER.—Our plants are very fine, grown from best imported seed of Early Snowball. Ready any time after April 15th at 75c per 100; \$4. per 1000.

TOMATO PLANTS.—Our tomato plants are usually ready for the field from May 1st and after. The plants we offer are about 6 inches high, well hardened and ready for open field planting. I offer the following varieties: Earliana, Chalks Jewel, June Pink and Allen's Best. Our price is \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1000 by express receiver to pay charges.

EGG PLANTS.—We have been very successful in growing extra fine plants of this delicious vegetable, and offer the two best varieties, Black Beauty and New York Improved Spineless. Of the two I think Black Beauty the best. Plants ready about May 10th to 15th and after. Price \$1.50 per 100; \$10.00 per 1000.

PEPPER PLANTS.—Well grown, strong, stalky and hardened ready for the field during May and June, either Ruby King or Chinese giant, the two most popular varieties. Price \$.75 per 100; \$4.00 per 1000.

BET PLANTS.—Good strong, ready for the open field, that will give you beets two or three weeks earlier than seed sown in the open ground. Either Eclipse, Blood Red Turnip or Egyptian. Ready after April 15th Price \$1.25 per M.; \$10.00 per 10,000.

ONION PLANTS.—Pризetaker, ready by the middle of April. Price \$1.00 per 1000 in any quantity that we may have.



Virgin Co., N. J., May 22, 1909.

W. F. Allen, Salisbury, Md.

Dear Sir:—The sweet potato plants arrived in good condition. Thanking you for your promptness, I am,

Yours respt., O. Schulte.

Richmond Co., N. Y., June 14, 1909.

W. F. Allen, Salisbury, Md.

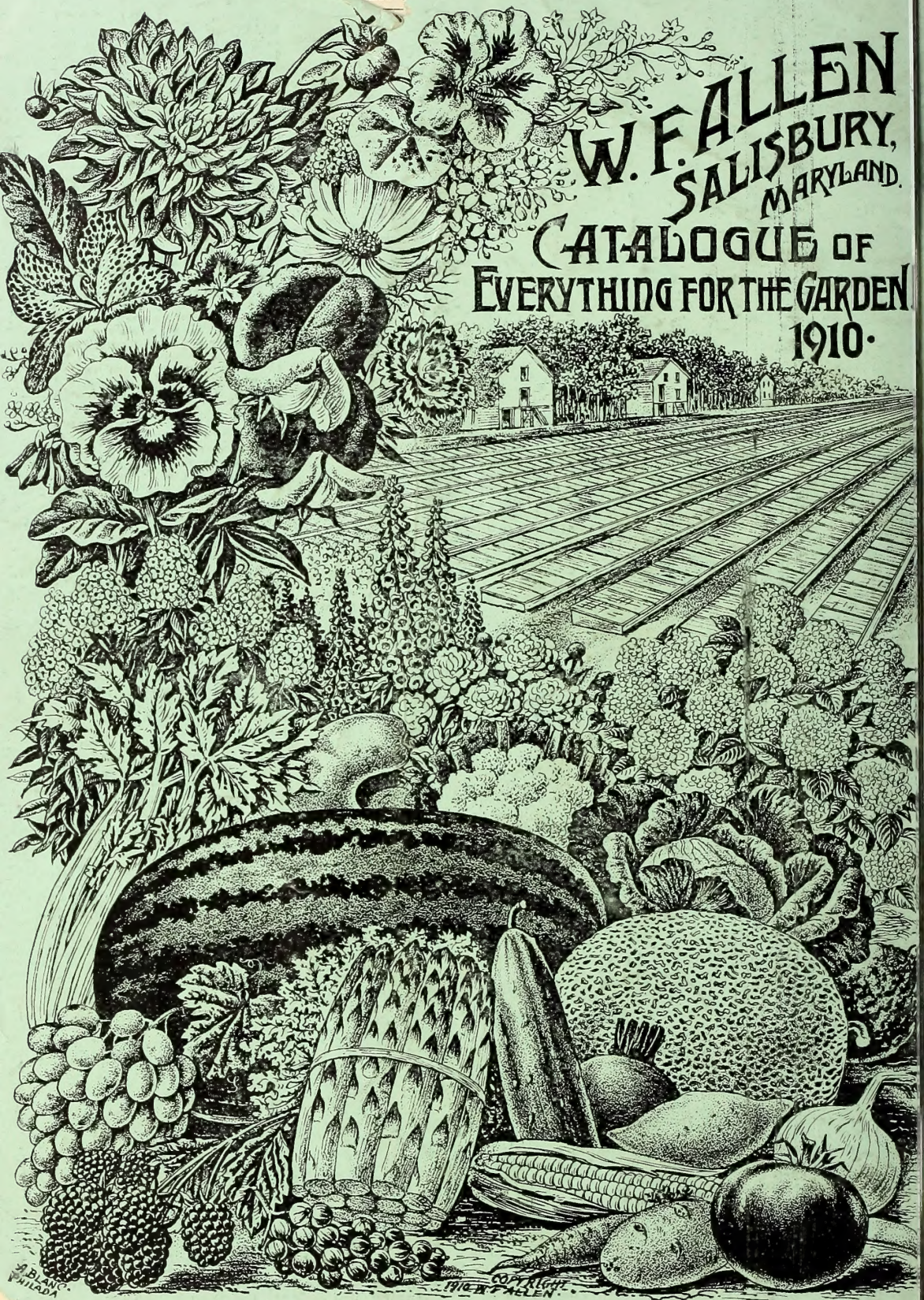
Dear Sir:—The sweet potato plants were received this morning and they were in fine order. Thank you very much.

Yours truly,
W. A. Bishop.

Plant a

W. F. ALLEN
SALISBURY,
MARYLAND.

CATALOGUE OF
EVERYTHING FOR THE GARDEN
1910.



J. BLAIR
WILKINSON

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