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BOTANICAL ARRANGEMENT

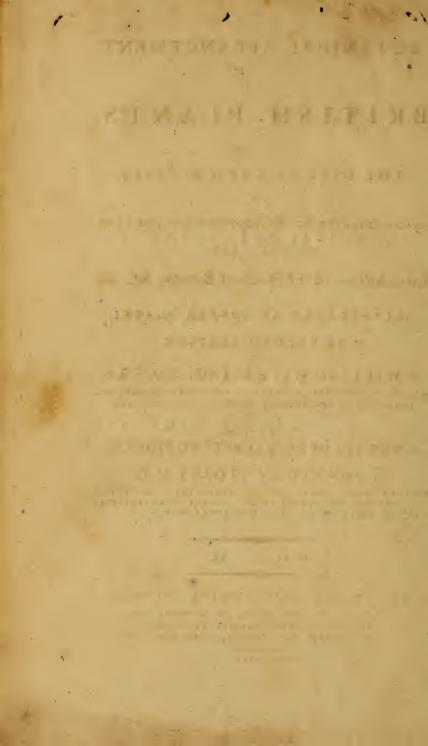
OF

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BRITISH PLANTS.

VOL. II.

THE SECOND EDITION.



BOTANICAL ARRANGEMENT

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BRITISH PLANTS;

INCLUDING

THE USES OF EACH SPECIES,

MEDICINE, DIET, RURAL ŒCONOMY AND THE ARTS.

WITH AN EASY

Introduction to the Study of Botany, &c. &c.

ILLUSTRATED BY COPPER PLATES.

THE SECOND EDITION.

By WILLIAM WITHERING, M.D. F.R.S. MEMBER OF THE ROYAL MEDICAL SOCIETY OF EDINBURGH, AND PHYSICIAN TO THE GENERAL HOSPITAL AT BIRMINGHAM.

A NEW SET OF REFERENCES TO FIGURES.

By JONATHAN STOKES, M.D.

LATE PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL MEDICAL SOCIETY OF EDINBURCH, CORRESPONDING MEMBER OF THE SOCIETY OF ANTIQUARIES OF SCOTLAND; PHYSICIAN AT KIDDERMINSTER.

VOL. II.

BIRMINGHAM: PRINTED BY M. SWINNEY;

FOR G. G. J. & J. ROBINSON, PATERNOSTER-ROW, AND J. ROBSON, NEW BOND-STREET, LONDON; J. BALFOUR, AND C. ELLIOT, EDINGRY, OF MAR

BRARY

Founded 1813

CHOOL OF MEDIC

M.DCC.LXXXVII.

Constant ? an Crawford

Clafs XI.

DODECANDRIA.

XII CHIVES.

NOTWITHSTANDING the title of this Clafs, the number of Chives is not very certain; fome of the Flowers containing more, and fome of them fewer than 12; fo that it is neceffary to attend to another circumftance, (viz.) that in this Clafs the Chives are fixed to the RECEPTACLE, but in the next Clafs they are fixed to the CUP.

The different fpecies of SPURGE are generally fuppofed difficult to inveftigate, but the young botanift will foon learn to diffinguish them, by attending to the following circumftances:

> Root be annual, biennial, or perennial. Whether the plant in queftion be a fhrub, and if fo, whether it be thorny, or prickly, or neither.

Whether the \prec D

Stem is naked, cylindrical, or angular. Leaves are opposite or alternate; and of what shape.

Rundle is general or partial; how divided, and how fenced.

Flowers have only chives, or both chives and pointals.

Petals are entire; crefcent-fhaped, or hand-fhaped, &c.

Capfules are hairy, warty, or fmooth.

Vol. II.

Kk

Order

DODECANDRIA.

Order I

MONOGYNIA; I. POINTAL.

Order II.

DIGYNIA; II. POINTALS.

663. AGRIMO'NIA. Blofs. 5 petals. Cup with 5 clefts; Seeds 1 or 2.

Order III.

TRIGYNIA; III. POINTALS.

664. Rese'da	Bloss. petals with many clefts.
	Cup divided. Capsule 1 cell;
	gaping.
665. Euphor'bia	Bloss. petals fixed by the centre. Cup diftended. Capfule 3 ber-
	ries.

Order .

XII. CHIVES.

Order IV.

TETRAGYNIA; IV POINTALS.

+ Tormentilla erecta.

Order V.

HEXAGYNIA; VI. POINTALS.

+ Sedum dafyphyllum.

Order VII.

DODECAGYNIA; XII. POINTALS.

667. SEMPERVI'VUM. Blofs. 12 petals. Cup with 12 divifions. Capfules 12. + Thalictrum alpinum.

Order

487 :

439 488 DODECANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

Order I.

MONOGYNIA; I. POINTAL.

642. A S'A R U M. Afarabacca.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; bell-fhaped; with 3 fhallow clefts; like leather; coloured; permanent. Segments upright; with the point bent inwards.

BLoss. none,

CHIVES. Threads 12; awl-fhaped; half as long as the cup. Tips oblong; growing to the middle of the threads.

POINT. Seed-bud either beneath, or elfe hidden within the fubftance of the cup. Shaft cylindrical; as long as the chives. Summit flarry; with 6 reflected divisions.

S. VESS. Capfule like leather; generally with 6 cells; inclofed within the fubltance of the cup.

SEEDS many; egg-fhaped.

ES5. CHAR. Empalement with 3 or 4 clefts; feated on the feed-bud. Blofs. 0. Capfule leather-like; crowned.

common

AS'ARUM europæ'um. Leaves kidney-fhaped, blunt, in pairs.—

Ludw. 182.—Sheldr. 19.—Fl. dan. 633.—Mill. ill.—Blackw. 383. —Trag. 64.—Dod. 358, refr. in Lob. obf. 328. 2, Ger. em. 836. 1, and H. ox. xiii. 7. row 3. 1.—Fark. 266. 1.—Matth. 36.—Fuchf. 10, cop. in J. B. iii. 548, leaves in the 3 laft too pointed. Habit good.—Mill. 53. 1. a.

Elossons purplish.

Woods and fhady places, Lancashire.

P. May.

The root powdered, and taken to the amount of 30 or 40 grs. excites vomiting. If it is coarfely powdered it generally purges. The powder of the leaves is the bafis of moft of the Cephalic Snuffs, which occafion a confiderable difcharge of mucus from the noftrils without much fneezing. An infufion of τ or 2 drams of the leaves, in wine, vomits.

Cows eat it.

660. LY'THRUM

XII. CHIVES. I. POINTAL.

660. LY'THRUM. Grafspoly.*

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; cylindrical; fcored; with 12 teeth; every other tooth fmaller.

BLOSS. Petals 6; oblong; rather blunt; expanding; fixed by the claws to the divisions of the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 12; thread-fhaped; as long as the cup; the upper fhorter than the lower ones. Tips fimple; rifing.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft awl-fhaped; declining; as long as the chives. Summit round and flat; rifing. S. VESS. Capfule oblong; taper; covered; cells 2. SEEDS numerous; fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 12 clefts. Petals 6; inferted into the empalement. Capfule 2 cells, and many feeds.

LY'THRUM Salica'ria. Leaves opposite, heart-spear- purple-fr shaped. Flowers in spikes. Chives 12. LINN.-1-5th of the parts of frustification very generally wanting. Mr. HoL-LEFEAR.-All the leaves sometimes alternate. WITH.

Curt. iii. 31.-Fl. dan. 671.-Matth. 950.-Cluf. ii. 51. 1, repr. in Dod. 86. 1, Ger. em. 476. 5, and cop. in Park. 546. 1, and Pet. 62. 6.-Blackw. 520.-Ger. 386. 2.

Stem upright, 4-cornered, branching above. Branches terminated by long clofe fpikes, compofed of clofe fet half whorls of flowers, intermixed with fmall leaves. Petals purple, flaccid. HALL .- Empalement with 10 angles. Scop .- Stem with fhort white hairs. Leaves fpear-fhaped, fitting, the upper fometimes alternate. Flowers in tufts in the bofom of the leaves, fometimes clofe together, forming a long leafy fpike. Empalement hairy, 6 of the teeth fhort and blunt, the other 6 awl-fhaped. Petals fixed within the longer teeth of the empalement. Threads fixed to the empalement. Tips yellow, fixed to the ends of the threads, after flowering almost black. WITH.

Marshes and banks of rivers.

P. July. Aug.

Purple-spiked Willowherb, or Loosestrife. Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it. y. Leaves in threes. Stem 6-cornered. RAY. RELH.

* Mr. Hudion gives to both Lyfimachia and Lythrum the fame English generic name. Sr.

Kk3

LY'THRUM

g-leaved

DODECANDRIA DIGYNIA:

hyffop-leaved LY'THRUM Hyffopifo'lia. Leaves alternate. Chives 6. Hall. jen. 6. 2. at p. 295.—Jacq. fl. II. 133.—C. B. pr. 108, cop. in J. B. iii. 792.3.—Ger. em. 581. 2, cop. in Park. 220. 2.— [Hall. jen. 6. 3, a good figure of it with an unbranched flem.

> Mr. WOODWARD.] Stems trailing, rather ftiff, branching, rod-like. Leaves alternate, fitting, ftrap-fpear-fhaped, quite entire. Flowers folitary, in the bofom of the leaves. Empalement tubular, with 5 or 6 open teeth. Petals 6, purple, white at the bafe. Chives fhorter than the empalement. LINN.—Stem fimple, or branched near the root, not fo upwards. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, fcattered. Flowers nearly fitting. Bloffoms blue. Mr. WOODWARD.

Grasspoly. Small Hedge-hyffop.

Watery places, and where water has flood during the winter. [Near the Wheat Sheaf, 5 miles from Huntingdon, on the North road. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. Aug.

Order II.

DIGYNIA; II. POINTALS.

663. AGRIMO'NIA. Agrimony.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 clefts; fharp; fmall; fuperior; permanent; furrounded by another cup.

BLOSS. Petals 5; flat; notched at the end; claws narrow; growing to the cup.

CHIVES. Threads hair-like; fhorter than the bloffom;

fixed to the cup. *Tips* finall; double; compreffed. POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 2; fimple; as long as the chives. Summits blunt.

S. VESS. none. The *Cup* grows hard and clofes at the neck. SEEDS 2; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. with 5 teeth, encompaffed by another. Petals 5. Seeds 2; in the bottom of the empalement.

OBS. The number of chives exceedingly uncertain; in fome flowers 12, fometimes 10, frequently 7.

n AGRIMO'NIA Eupato'ria. Stem-leaves winged; the odd leafit on a leaf-ftalk. Fruit rough with hair.—

Luda.

common

XII. CHIVES, II. POINTALS.

Ludw. 29, fpike forcibly bent afide.—Mill. ill.—Fl. dan. 588.— Ger. 575.—Blackw. 283.—Fuchf. 244, cop. in J. B. ii. p. k. 398.—Dod. 28. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 394. 2, Ger. em. 712, and cop. in Park. 594. 1.—Matth. 1014.—Trag. 514.—Lonic. i. 213. 1.

The odd leaft on a very fhort leaf-stalk, and fometimes nearly fitting. Sr.-Stem cylindrical, roughifh, hairy. Leaves hairy, covered with rifing dots, and fegments ending in finall reddifh glands, interruptedly winged; the fmalleft pair of little leaves] entire, the others deeply ferrated. Fruit-flalks furrounded at the top with a fort of outer empalement, which is cloven into 5 fpearshaped irregular fegments, hairy at the edges and the outlide. Within this the fruit-ftalk is covered with white upright briftles, above which again is a circle of numerous green awns booked at the end, and, within thefe, the proper empalement. Empalement, leaves 5, fpear-fhaped, concave, glandular without, within marked with 3 deeper green lines, terminating with a reddiff point. Petals egg-fhaped, concave, very flightly notched at the end. Chives 5 to 12. Threads bent inwards, pale yellow. Tips orangecoloured. Seed-bud crowned with the empalement, and a yellowifh flefhy receptacle. Shafts thread-fhaped. Summits, 2 thin lips at the end of each fhaft. Capfule egg-fhaped, hairy, ribbed. Seeds nearly egg-fhaped, flatted on one fide. Flowers on long terminating bunches. Bloffoms yellow. WITH.

Borders of corn fields, fhady places, and hedges. P. June. July. The Canadians are faid to ufe an infufion of the root in burning fevers, and with great fuccefs. An infufion of 6 ounces of the crown of the root, in a quart of boiling water, fweetened with honey, and half a pint of it, drank 3 times a day, Dr. Hill fays, is an effectual cure for the jaundice. He advifes to begin with a vomit, afterwards to keep the bowels foluble, and to continue the medicine as long as any fymptoms of the difeafe remain.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine refufe it. LINN.—The flowers, frefh gathered, fmell like apricots. WITH, A Horfe eat it. ST.

Kk4

Order

DODECANDRIA TRIGYNIA.

Order III.

TRIGYNIA; III. POINTALS.

664. RESE'DA. Yellow-weed.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; divided; fegments narrow; fharp; upright; permanent; 2 of them ftanding more open on account of the honey-cup petals.

BLOSS. Petals feveral; unequal; fome with 3 fhallow clefts; the uppermost bellying at the bafe; as long as the cup, and containing honey. Honey-cup a flat, upright gland; rifing from the receptacle; fituated between the chives and the uppermost petal.

CHIVES. Threads 11 to 15; fhort. Tips blunt; upright; as long as the bloffom.

POINT. Seed-bud bellying; ending in fome very fhort Shafts. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. Capfule bellying; angular; tapering to the fhafts; with I cell; opening between the fhafts.

SEEDS many; kidney-fhaped; fixed to the angles of the capfule.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement of 1 leaf; divided. Petals jagged. Capfule of 1 cell; opening with a mouth.

OBS. There is hardly any genus fo difficult to characterife as this; the different fpecies varying fo much both in figure and number. The effential character confifts in the petals with 3 clefts, I petal bearing the honey-cup in its bafe, and the capfules not clofed, but always gaping open. In the 1ft fpecies, the cup has 4 divifions, the petals are 3; the uppermoft, inclofing the honeycup, has 6 fhallow clefts. The lateral and oppofite petals have 3 clefts; and there are fometimes 2 other very fmall and entire petals. Shafts 3. Chives many.

dyer's

RESE'DA *Lute'ola*. Leaves fpear-fhaped, entire, with a tooth on each fide the bafe. Empal. with 4 clefts.—

Sheldr. 93.—Trag. 362, leaves the beft; cop. in Lonic. i. 155. 4. —Ger. 398. 1.—Matth. 1307, cop. in Dod. 80, which repr. in Lob. obf. 190. 3, Ger. em. 494, and cop. in Park. 603. 1, and Pet. 38. 12.—Blackw. 283.—J. B. iii. 465. 2.

The

XII. CHIVES, III. POINTALS.

The teeth at the bafe of the leaves glandular. Flowers in a nodding fpike, which follows the course of the fun through the day; pointing towards the East in the morning, to the South at noon, and Westward in the afternoon : in the night it points to the North. These circumstances takeplace even in a cloudy sky. LINN .- Upper leaves ftrap-fhaped. Mr. WOODW .- Stems cylindrical, hollow, furrowed. Leaves strap-spear-shaped, with a very minute reddish tooth on each fide of the bafe. Floral-leaves, I at the bafe of each flower. Empal. fegments 4, fpear-fhaped, the 2 upper wide afunder. Petals 3, the upper hand-fhaped, with 4 divisions; the 2 lateral ones oblong, fometimes cloven. Honey-cup broad, fomewhat hollowed on the outer fide at the bafe, which is covered by a thin concave lid, formed by an expansion of the claw of the upper petal. Chives 20 to 30, or more. Seed-bud pyramidal, g-fided, corners blunt. Shafts none. Summits 3. Capfule with 3 valves, rolled inwards fo as to enfold the feeds. WITH.

Wild Woad. Dyers-weed. Yeilow-weed. [Wolds. Woulds. Weld. Sr.] Meadows, paftures, walls, and barren uncultivated fpots. [Coal-pit banks in Staffordfhire and Shropfhire, and about the ruins of Dudley Caftle. WITH.] A. June. [and July. WITH.]

This plant affords a moft beautiful yellow dye for cotton, woollen, mohair, filk, and linen, and is that which is moft commonly ufed by the dyers for that purpofe, as it gives the brighteft dye. Blue cloths dipped in a decoction of it become green. The yellow colour of the paint, called Dutch Pink, is got from this plant. The tinging quality refides in the ftems and roots, and it is cultivated in fandy foils, rich foil making the ftalk hollow and not fo good.

Cattle will not eat it, but Sheep fometimes browfe it a little.

RESE'DA lu'tea. All the leaves with 3 clefts'; the Rocket lower winged.—

Jacq. auftr. iv. 353.—Ger. 216. 1.—Lob. adv. 76, repr. in Ger. em. 277. 1, and cop. in Park. 823. 2, and Pet. 38. 11.—J. B. iii. 467.

Leaves generally waved. LINN.—Leaves, mid-rib broad; wings in pairs. HUDS.—Empal. fegments 6, ftrap-fhaped, the uppermoft the fmalleft. Petals 6. Chives to 20. Capfule red. Sceds fixed to one corner, generally 10, flatted, nearly cgg-fhaped. RELH.—Leaves more properly wing-cleft, the wings running down the mid-rib, tapering down to the pair of leafits next below; the terminating leafit in the lower-leaves often inverfely egg-fhaped, and the lateral ones oblong and narrower. Ger. 216. 1, is an excellent figure of it in this ftate. Bloffoms ftraw-coloured. ST.

493 -

458 494 DODECANDRIA TRIGYNIA.

Bafe Rocket.—Cornfields, meadows, and paftures, especially in a calcareous foil, as chalk, &c. fometimes on walls. [Bungay, Suffolk, frequent. Mr. WOODW.—Surry. ST.] A. June.—Aug. B. Bocc. pl. var. 41. 3. at p. 76.—Pluk. 55. 4. Barren closes about Roc-hill and Northfleet.

665. EUPHOR'BIA. Spurge.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; permanent; fomewhat coloured; diftended; mouth with 4 (and in a few fpecies with 5) teeth.

BLOSS. Petals 4, (in a few fpecies 5;) turban-fhaped; bellying; thick; lopped; irregularly fituated; alternating with the teeth of the cup, and fixed by their claws to its edge; permanent.

CHIVES. Threads many; (12 or more;) thread-fhaped; jointed; ftanding on the receptacle; longer than the bloffom; appearing at different times. Tips double; roundifh.

POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; 3-cornered, ftanding on a little fruit-ftalk. Shafts 3; cloven. Summits blunt.

5. VESS. *Capfule* roundifh; confifting of 3 berries, and 3 cells; opening with a fpring.

SEEDS folitary; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Bloffom of 4 or 5 petals; fixed to the empal. Empalement of 1 leaf; dilended. Capfule 3-berried.

OBS. The capfule is either fmooth, hairy, or warty. In fome fpecies the 1ft flowers have chives, but no pointals.

* Forked. (Rundle cloven, or none.)

purple

EUPHOR'BIA *Peplis*. Forked. Leaves very entire, half-heart-fhaped. Flowers folitary, from the bofom of the leaves. Stems trailing.—

Cluf. ii. 187. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 197. 3, Ger. em. 503. 20, and cop. in H. ox. x. 2. 18, and Pet. 53, 12.—Matth. 1260.—Ger. 406. 16.—Park. 194. 7.

Stem and leaves generally red. Root long, flender, fibrous. Stem forked immediately from the root. Branches trailing, forked, of irregular lengths, frequently purple. Flowers on fruit-flalks. Capfules fmooth, tipped with purple. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sandy fea fhores. Between Penfans and Marketjeu, Cornwall and Exmouth, Devonfhire. A. July. Aug.

** Rundle

** Rundle with 3 divisions.

EUPHOR'BIA Pe'plus. Rundles with 3 divisions; petty (above) forked. Fencelets egg-fhaped. Leaves very entire, inverfely egg-fhaped, on leaf-ftalks.—

Curt. i. 6.—Dod. 375. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 197. 2, Ger. em. 503. 19, cop. in Park. 194. 6, H. ox. x. 2. 11, and Pet. 53. 11.— Ger. 406. 15.—Walc.—(Fuchl. 603, cop. in J. B. iii. 669. 2, and Lonic. i. 99. 1, is E. falcata, and Matth. 1261, E. Chamœlyce.)

Leaves alternate. Fences egg-fhaped. All the flowers fertile. Petals with 2 horns. Fruit fmooth, or only rough at the edge. LINN. —Bloffoms yellowifh green.

Rich cultivated foil.

A. July. Aug.

A Horfe refufed it. Sr.

EUPHOR'BIA exig'ua. Rundle with 3 divisions; dwarf (above) forked. Fencelets fpear-fhaped. Leaves ftrapfhaped. LINN. — Rundle fometimes with 4 and 5 divisions. WIGG. CURT. RELH. Mr. WOODWARD.

Trag. 296.—Curt. iv. 41.—Il. dan. 592, but the 2 prickles at the end of the leaves are furely an addition of the engraver's.—Ger. 503. 17, cop. in Park. 193. 5, Pet. 53. 6, and abridged in H. ox. x. 2. 5.—(Matth. 1256, is a different (pecies.)

No lateral branches. Petals 4, crefcent-fhaped. Leaves of the fence and fencelets not broader than those of the ftem. Fruit fmooth. LINN .- Fencelets heart-fhaped at the bafe. WIGG. ST .- And not unfrequently with a prominent pointed tooth on one fide. ST .--Sometimes a few fimple branches from near the root. RETZ. ST. -Tho' those Linnæus would probably confider as barren ftems. ST .- Leaves Strap-Shaped, those of the fence and fencelets broader than the reft. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. WITH. - Stem frequently fingle, upright, but often, particularly in autumn, numerous ones trailing arife from the root, with fometimes a few lateral branches below the rundle. Mr. WOODWARD.-Spokes of the rundle fometimes 4, and fometimes forked as often as 6 times. Fence fometimes of 4 leaves, fitting, bent back, more or lefs tapering to the point. Fencelets of 2 leaves, fitting, hollowed out on one fide. Petals flefhy, glandular. WITH. ST .- Threads 5 to 9, fwelling out into a globular form close under the tips. Tips falling off. Summits 6. WITH.

E. exigua acuta. LINN.—Leaves pointed. RAT.—In fome native fpecimens the leaves are bluntly pointed, but I have never feen a native one of the E. exigua retufa. ST.

Corn

DODECANDRIA TRIGYNIA.

Corn fields. A. July. [to Sept. WITH.] B. Rundle with 5 fpokes. RelH. Euphorbia fegetalis. MART. cat. (Mr. WOODWARD. ST.)

> *** Rundle with 5 divifions. Euphorbia exigua, and amygdaloides. (Sт.)

portland

EUPHOR'BIA portlan'dica. Rundle with 5 divifions; (above) forked. Fencelets fomewhat heart-fhaped, concave. Leaves firap-fpear-fhaped, fmooth, expanding. Ray 24. 6. at p. 479.

Stems rather fhrubby, a hand's breadth high, fmooth, cylindrical, ted during the winter. Leaves alternate, nearly fitting, with a fharp point at the end, red underneath at the bafe. Little branches from the fide, from the bofom of the leaves; the lower barren, but at length growing out and refembling the ftem. Rundles terminating, divisions and fub-divisions expanding. Fence fimilar to the leaves. Fencelets fharp-pointed. Flowers nearly fitting; yellow, the 1ft and 2d with only chives, and petals very blunt and without horns; the reft with chives and pointals, and horned. Fruit fmooth, but the corners rough with fharp points. LINN .- In plants that have been injured the stems trailing. Rundle with only 3 and 4 divisions; leaves of the fence strap-shaped, larger than the other leaves; and the flem-leaves spear or spear-egg-fhaped. Central florets : Empalement with 5 fides and 5 blunt corners, with 5 flight clefts; fegments more or lefs toothed at the end. Fetals hairy on the inner fide. Chives 8 or 9. Seed-bud nearly fitting. Lateral florets : Empal. fegments 4. Petals 4. Chives 14 or more. Threads furrounded at the top with a ring. In all at the bafe of the flower are feveral flat, flender, fkinny, woolly fubftances, cloven at the end. WITH.-Leaves, fences, and fenceiets terminated by a sharp point. Leaves wedge-oblong, keeled, fmooth, but not fhining. Fence, leaves inverfely egg-fhaped, or inverfely egg-oblong. Fencelets rhomb-heart-fhaped. ST.

Sandy fea fhores. On the neck of land joining Portland to Devonfhire. Near Exmouth, Devonfhire, and near Caernarvon. [Cornwall. Hubs. Mr. WATT.] A. July. Aug.

fea

EUPHOR'BIA Para'lias. Rundle with generally 5 divifions; (above) cloven. Fencelets heart-kidney-fhaped. Leaves tiled upwards. LINN.—when cultivated open. ST.

Jacq. hort. 188.—Dod. 370. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 498. 1, and cop. in H. ox. x. i. 24.—Park. 184, cop. in Pet. 53. 8.—Ger. 401.
1.—Matth. 1252, not in flower.—Dod. 370. 2, as cultivated in a garden.

Petals

XII. CHIVES, III. POINTALS.

49.7-461

Petals entire. Flant fea-green. LINN.—Leaves very entire, fomewhat pointed. JACQ.—Stems numerous, afcending, thickly tiled, lower part generally red. Leaves fmooth, flefhy, pointing upwards, gradually increasing in fize from below; the lower ones ftrap, ftrap-fpear-fhaped, or oblong, fitting; the upper ones ovalfpear-fhaped, half embracing the ftem. Fence, leaves 5, heart-fhaped. Fruit very large, fniooth. Mr. WOODW.—Stem upright. Stem-leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fmooth, whitifh green. Fence, leaves fpearfhaped. Capfules rough. WITH.—Plant quite fmooth. Leaves veinlefs underneath, the mid-rib juft perceptible, fhining and convex, the edges turned in and upwards. ST.

Sea fhores. [Between Southwold and Dunwich, Suffoik. Mr. WOODWARD.—Cornwall. Mr. WATT.] P. July. Aug.

EUPHOR'BIA *heliofco'pia*. Rundle with 5 divi-*fun* fions; (next) with 3; (above) forked. Fencelets inverfely egg-fhaped. Leaves wedge-fhaped, ferrated.—

Curt. i. 12, habit the beft.—Walc.—Lob. obf. 192. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 498. 2, and cop. in Park. 189, and H. ox. x. 2. 9, leaves the beft.—Fl. dan. 725.—Fuchf. 811, cop. in Trag. 294, and J. B. iii. 669. 1.—Ger. 401. 2, cop. in Pet. 53. 10.—Lonic. i. 93. 1.—Matth. 1253, but ferratures of the leaves not expressed.

Leaves alternate. Spokes of the rundle twice divided into 3, (above) forked. Fence, leaves 5, fimilar to those of the stem. Fencelets of 3 leaves; at the forks 2 leaves. Fetals 4, entire. All the flowers with chives and pointals. Fruit smooth. LINN.—Leaves not ferrated towards the base. Fencelets, leaves unequal. Mr. WOODWARD.—Seeds rough. ST.—I am tempted to describe the flowers thus: Empal. o. Blosson 1 petal, with 4 or 5 shallow fringed clefts bending inwards. Honey-cups 4, oval, flatted, green, on short pedicles, fixed to the outside of the clefts of the blosson. Threads 14. Seed-bud when it has rifen above the mouth of the blosson leaning to one fide. Summits 6. WITH.—Empalement greenish yellow; fegments yellow. Petals horizontal, transversely clliptical, yellowish green. ST.

Wart-wort. Churn-flaff. [Cats-milk. Sr.]

Cultivated places, gardens, [corn fields. $S\tau$.] A. July. Aug. If Sheep eat it they are purged by it, and their fieldh gets a bad tafte; but this is not the cafe with Cows.

A Horfe refufed it. ST.

EUPHOR'BIA verruco's. Rundle with 5 divisions; warty (next) with generally 3, and (laftly) 2. Fencelets eggfhaped. Leaves fpear-shaped, ferrated, woolly. Capfules warty.

DODECANDRIA TRIGYNIA.

warty. LINN.-Leaves elliptical. Capfules rough all over-HALL. ST.

7. B. iii. 673. 1, cop. in H. ox. x. 3. 3, and Pet. 53. 6.

Stems cylindrical, reclining. Fruit woolly. Petals entire. Leaves narrow spear-shaped, finely ferrated, bent back. Branches which bear flowers, from the bofom of the leaves, forked. Rundle open. extending above the ftem. Fence, leaves 5, fpear-fhaped, imperfectly ferrated. Spokes of the rundle with 3 divisions, next forked, and at length the flowers alternate. Fencelets nearly egg-fhaped. very entire, Flowers of the first, fecond, and third rank abortive. Petals 4, entire, yellow. Fruit woolly. LINN. --Root fimple. Stem upright, fimple, cylindrical, reddifh, 9 inches high. Leaves alternate, fitting, oblong, pointed, fmooth, fomewhat heart-fhaped and narrower at the bafe, about the middle of the ftem bent back. Rundle, fpokes fometimes 4, (above) forked. Fence spear-shaped, scrated. Fencelet heart-shaped, pointed, fmooth. Petals blunt, yellow. Seed-bud on a fruit-stalk, upright, globular, warty. Lyons .- Leaves and fence when young fomewhat hairy, but when full grown become bald. Fruit, have never feen it woolly. HALL. ST .- Stem generally branched. Rundle in one plant with only 3 divisions; fometimes a fingle lateral branch from the fpokes of the rundle. Seeds fmooth, gloffy. ST. B. Aug.

Corn fields. Effex, and near York.

broad-leaved

EUPHOR'BIA platyphyl'los. Rundle with 5 divifions; (next) 3; (at laft) forked. Fencelets hairy along the keel. Leaves ferrated, fpear-shaped. Capfules warty. LINN.-Capfules with lines free from rough points. HALL. ST.

Fuchl. 813, cop. in 7. B. iii. 670, and cop. in H. ox. x. 3. row 2. I, rundles not fully expanded.

Upper part of the plant greenish yellow. Stem upright, a foot high, fmooth. Leaves alternate, distant, expanding, fmooth, finely ferrated, nearly embracing the ftem, with fcattered hairs along the keel; the lower almost on leaf-stalks, broader towards the end; the upper nicked at the bafe, and above the bafe bent down at the fides. Fence fpear-fhaped. Fencelets egg-oblong; the reft egg-heart-fhaped, all finely ferrated. Petals entire, nearly circular, yellow. Seed-buds obfcurely warty. Rundlets with 3 divisions from the bofom of the leaves. LINN.-Fencelets heart-fhaped. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .- Fruit, a femi-circle on the convex part of each cell, free from rough points. HALL. ST .- Stem with a few fhort branches. Leaves nearly entire at the bafe. Mr. Woodw. -Leaves tapering towards the bafe, broader upwards, but acutely pointed

XII. CHIVES. III. POINTALS.

pointed at the end. *Flowering branches* from the fides of the flein below the rundle. The leaves and fruit afford the only fure marks of distinction between this and E. verrucofa. ST.

Corn fields. Black Notley, Effex. Between Harefield Common and Battle's-well. Near Northfleet. [Ripton, Huntingdonfhire. A. July. Aug. Mr. WOODWARD .- Ifle of Wight. St.]

B. Leaves nearly entire, only at the bafe very finely ferrated. Hups.

Long-leaved Corn Spurge. R. fyn. 312. 5. Dillenius afferts it to have been E. platyphyllos. ST.

In the corn about Kingston and Comberton, Cambridgeshire. A. RAY.

* * * Rundles with many divisions.

EUPHOR'BIA hyber'na. Rundles with 6 divisions; knotty-rooted (above) forked. Fencelets oval. Leaves very entire. Branches none. Capfules warty .---

Dill. elth. 290. 374 .- Clus. ii. 190. 1, repr. in Dod. 372. 2, Lob. obf. 196. 2, Ger. em. 500. 12, and cop. in Park. 138. 11, and Pet. 53.7, and with additions in H. ox. x. 2.

Leaves oblong, fometimes hairy, fometimes fmooth. Fruit very warty. LINN .- Rundle fometimes with only 5 divisions. Sometimes 2 or 3 fhort branches from the bofoms of the leaves. ST. Makinboy.

Corn fields, near Twitenham Park against Richmond; and near Otterfpool; and between Feverfham and Sittingborn, Kent; alfo in Ireland. P. August.

EUPHOR'BIA Amygdaloi'des. Rundle with many wood divisions; (above) forked. Fencelets perforated, circular. Leaves blunt. LINN .- Rundle with generally 5 divifions. ST.

Walc .- 7. B. iii. 671, referred to by Ray, is undoubtedly our Wood Spurge, and accords with the Linnæan character of E. amygdaloides, though given by Linnæus to E. sylvatica.-Park. 186. 1, or the 3d figure from the left hand margin .- Dod. 368. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 195, and Ger. em. 500.9, and Ger. 403.8, and also Ger, 403. 9, have the upper fencelets pointed.

Leaves alternate, remote, thin, not leather-like and ftiff. Stem herbaceous, not woody. Some lateral rundles. Differs from E. Sylvatica in its circular fencalets. In E. Sylvatica they are extended to a point. LINN .- Stem and leaves flightly downy. Shafts deeply cloven. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .- Branches and spokes of the rundie very long. Petals when decaying acquire a purplish hue, and occafion.

464 5.00

DODECANDRIA TRIGYNIA.

occafion it to be fometimes miftaken for E. Characias. Mr. Wood-WARD.—Stem purple. Stem-leaves fpear-fhaped, very entire, broader upwards, both blunt and pointed, tapering down into leaf-ftalks, fcattered; flower-leaves inverfely egg-oblong, and inverfely egg-fhaped, with a fhort point at the end. The flowering part of the ftem during flowering grows to more than twice its original length. Lateral flowering branches numerous, twice forked. Fence, leaves 5, roundiff-inverfely-egg-fhaped. Fencelets circular, or elliptical, cloven half way down on each fide, and rounded at each extremity with a fmall point juft perceptible to the naked eye. Petals crefcent-fhaped, yellow. Root-leaves downy underneath. ST.

Woods and hedges, [in a clayey foil, frequent. Mr. WOOD-WARD. ST.]

- red EUPHOR'BIA Chara'cias. Rundle with many divisions; (above) cloven. Fencelets perforated, nicked. Leaves very entire. Stem fhrubby.—
 - Jacq. ic. pl. var. fasc. 4.—Riv. tetr. 227, Esula caule craffo, is an excellent figure of what I confider as E. Characias. Linnæus, indeed, refers it to E. fylvatica, but the fencelets are nicked on the fides, and rounded at the ends, as in E. Characias, and not somewhat heart-shaped and pointed as in E. fylvatica.—Clus. ii. 188. 1, repr. in Dod. 368. 2, Lob. obs. 194. 2, Ger. em. 499. 8, and cop. in Park. 186. f. 2d, from the left hand margin, and J. B. iii. 672, though quoted by Ray and Linnæus, surely accords, in the shape of the fencelets, with the character of E. fylvatica.—Matth. 1250, branches of the rundle too spreading, and too frequently sub-divided.—(Walc. is E. amygdaloides.)

Stems 4 feet high, fhrubby, fimple, thick, fomewhat woolly, thickening upwards, reddifh, rough below, with transverse fcars from the fallen leaves. Leaves fpear-fhaped, leather-like, fomewhat downy, bent back. Fruit-flalks downy. Rundle fmall, crowded, terminating, fitting; spokes numerous, dividing into 2 only once. General fence, leaves feveral, fomewhat fpear-fhaped, fmall, bent back. Fencelets cloven half way down. Petals 4, crefcent-fhaped, purple. Seed-buds woolly. LINN. ST .- Leaves green, with an elevated rib on each fide, towards the flowers becoming broader and blunter. Flowers fmall, those within the first fencelets with only chives, the reft with chives and pointals. Petals in all moift. LINN.-Whole plant very woolly. Lateral branches from the upper part of the ftem numerous, equal in length to the rundle. Stemleaves clofely tiled. Floral-leaves bent back. Rundle, fpokes fhort. Petals not crefcent-fhaped. Shaft fcarcely cloven. Mr. WOODW. ST. Woods

XII. CHIVES, XII. POINTALS.

Woods and hedges, but rare. Paper-mill Pool Dam, in Heywood Park, Staffordshire. PLOT. - [I have fearched for it, but without fuccefs. My fpecimens from the garden of the late Dr. Fothergill. Sr.-Said to have been found in Needwood Foreft. My fpecimens from the Oxford Phyfic Garden. Mr. Woopw.] S. June.

The powdered leaves, in dofes of 15 to 25 grains, operate as a purge. The juice of every species of Spurge is so acrid, that it corrodes and ulcerates the body wherever it is applied; fo that phyficians have feldom ventured to ufe it internally. Warts or corns anointed with the juice prefently difappear. A drop of it put into the hollow of a decayed and aching tooth, deftroys the nerve, and confequently removes the pain. Some people rub it behind the ears, that it may blifter, and by that means give relief.

Order VII.

DODECAGYNIA; XII. POINTALS.

667. SEMPERVI'VUM. Houfe-leek.

- EMPAL. Cup from 6 to 12 divisions; concave; sharp; permanent.
- BLOSS. Petals 6 to 12; oblong; fpear-fhaped; fharp; concave; a little larger than the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6 to 12; awl-fhaped; flender. Tips roundifh.
- POINT. Seed-buds 6 to 12; placed in a circle; upright;
- each ending in a Shaft; expanding. Summits fharp. S. VESS. Capfules 6 to 12; oblong; compressed; short; placed in a circle; tapering outwards; opening on the inner fide.

SEEDS many; roundifh; fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 12 divisions. Petals 12. Capfules 12; with many feeds.

OBS. When in a luxuriant growth, the numbers often increase, efpecially the number of the pointals. Nearly allied to Sedum, but differs in always having more than 5 petals.

Vol. II.

SEM-

502 DODECANDRIA DODECAGYNIA.

common

n SEMPERVI'VUM tecto'rum. Leaves fringed. Off-fets expanding.

Fl. dan. 601.—Mill. ill.—Sheldr. 59, root-leaves the beft.—Trag. 376.—Fuchf. 32, cop. in J. B. iii. 687.—Blackw. 366, only root-leaves, off-fet, and flowers.—Cluf. ii. 63. 2.—Matth. 1117, cop. in Dod. 127. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 510. 1, and cop. in Park. 731. 3, Ger. 411, and H. ox. xii. 7. 41.

Flowering branches bowed back. Bioffoms pale red. ST.—Leaves flefhy. Enipalement not half as long as the bloffom; teeth 11 or 12. Petals 12, fmooth within, fringed with pellucid hairs at the edges, and on the outfide. Chives 6 to 25. Threads red. Duft yellow. Pointals 12, placed in an oval or triangular form. W1TH. Cyphel.

Roofs and old walls.

P. July.

Class

The juice, either applied by itfelf, or mixed with cream, gives prefent relief in burns, and other external inflammations. Mixed with honey, it is a ufeful application in apthous cafes.

Sheep and Goats eat it.

5035

Class XII.

I C O S A N D R I A.

XX. CHIVES.

THIS is called the Clafs of 20 Chives, becaufe, in most of the plants it contains, the number of Chives is generally about 20; neverthelefs, the claffic character is not to be taken from the number of Chives only, but, from the following circumstances, which will fufficiently diffinguish it, both from the preceding, and from the enfuing Clafs:

- I. CUP confifting of I concave leaf.
- 2. PETALS fixed by the claws to the fides of the cup.
- 3. CHIVES more than 19; ftanding upon the *fides* of the cup, or upon the bloffom, but *not* upon the receptacle.

Hardly any of the plants of this Clafs are poifonous. The fruits are moftly pulpy and efculent.

L12

Order

Order I.

MONOGYNIA; I. POINTAL.

675. PRU'NUS. Cup beneath; with 5 clefts. Blofs. 5 petals. Seed-veffel pulpy, including an entire ftone.

+ Cratægus Oxyacantha.

Order II.

DIGYNIA; II. POINTALS.

678. CRATÆ'GUS. Cup fuperior, with 5 clefts. Bloß. 5 petals. Berry with 2 feeds. † Prunus infititia.

Order III.

TRIGYNIA; III. POINTALS.

679. Sor'bus. Cup fuperior, with 5 clefts. Blofs. 5 petals. Berry with 3 feeds.

Order IV.

PENTAGYNIA; V. POINTALS.

681. MES'PILUS. Cup fuperior, with 5 clefts. Blo/s. 5 petals. Berry with 5 feeds. 682. Py'RUS. Cup fuperior, with 5 clefts. Blo/s.

5 petals. Fruit an Apple, with 5 cells and many feeds.

SPIRE'A.

686. SPIRE'A. Cup beneath, with 5 clefts. Blos.

5 petals. Capfules many, col-lected into a ball.

Order V.

POLYGYNIA; MANY POINTALS.

687. Ro'sA	Cup 5 clefts. Bloss. 5 petals. Cup
	forming a berry, with many
	feeds.
688. Ru'bus.	Cup 5 clefts. Bloffoms 5 petals.
	Berry compound.
691. TORMENTIL'LA.	Cup 8 clefts. Bloss. 4 petals. Seeds
-	8; without awns.
693. DRY'AS	Cup 8 clefts. Bloss. 8 petals. Seeds
50	many, with downy awns.
689. FRAGA'RIA	Cup 10 clefts. Bloss. 5 petals. Seeds
,	many, deciduous, fituated up-
	on a receptacle refembling a
	berry.
690. POTENTIL'LA	Cup 10 clefts. Bloss. 5 petals. Seeds
	many, without awns.
692. GE'UM.	Cup 10 clefts. Bloss. 5 petals. Seeds
	many, with a jointed awn.
694. CO'MARUM	Cup 10 clefts. Bloss. 5 petals. Seeds
2 × -	many, permanent, upon a
	flefhy receptacle.
+ Spirza, S	empervivum tectorum.
· There were service and	

Order

ICOSANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

Order I.

MONOGYNIA; I. POINTAL.

675. PRU'NUS. Plumb.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; bell-fhaped; with 5 clefts; deciduous; *jegments* blunt; concave.

BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; concave; large; expanding; fixed to the cup by claws.

CHIVES. Threads 20 to 30; awl-fhaped; nearly as long as the bloffom; ftanding on the cup. Tips double; fhort.

POINT. Seed-bud roundifh. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. 'Summit circular.

S. VESS. nearly globular; pulpy; including a nut or ftone. SEED a Nut; fomewhat globular; but depreffed.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 5 clefts; beneath. Petals 5. Nut of the Stone-fruit with prominent futures.

OBS. The infide of the cup, in most of the fpecies, is covered with a number of fmall glands, which make an appearance like a hoar frost. ST.—In *P. infititia* there are fometimes 2 pointals. WITH.

Bird-cherry

P R U'N U S Pa'dus. Flowers in bunches. Leaves deciduous, with 2 glands at the bafe on the under fide.—

Fl. dan. 205.—Ger. 1322. 9.—Dod. 777. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1504. 9.—J. B. i. a. 228, leaves reprefented as fringed.—Lob. obf. 593. 2, cop. in Park. 1517. 3.

Bunches leafy, from below the leaves. Petals ferrated, not nicked as in P. Cerajus. LINN.—Empalement finely ferrated, within at the bottom befet with numerous woolly hairs. Petals finely ferrated. Chives 25. WITH.

Bird's Cherry. Wild Clufter Cherry.

Woods and hedges in the northern counties. In a lane between Temple Mills and Epping Foreft. [About Ingleborough, Yorkfh. CURT.—Woods in Norfolk, common, Mr. WOODW.] S. May.

It grows well in woods, groves, or fields, but not in a moift foil. It bears lopping, and fuffers the grafs to grow under it. The fruit is naufeous; but bruifed, and infufed in wine or brandy, it gives it an agreeable flavour. A firong decoction of the bark is

XX. CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

uled by the Finlanders to cure venereal complaints; and a decoction of the berries is fometimes given with fuccels in the dyfentery. The wood being fmooth and tough is made into handles for knives and whips.

Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Horfes refuse it.

PRU'NUS Cerⁱafus.* Rundles moftly on fhort Cherry fruit-ftalks. Leaves egg-fpear-fhaped, fmooth, doubled together.—

Sheldr. 54. 1 and 6.—Hunt. evel. 188.—Blackw. 449.—Matth. 233, and 235.—Dod. 808. 1, repr. in Ger. 1502. 1.—Ger. 1319. 1.—Fuchf. 425, cop. in J. B. i. a. 220.—Irag. 1026.— Lonic. i. 13. 2.

Leaf-fcales toothed. Floral-leaves with 3 clefts, ferrated; the intermediate one leafy. The terminating buds producing leaves, the lateral ones flowers, which are from the laft year's floots. Bloffoms white. Fruit red. LINN.

Common Wild Cherry-tree.

Woods and hedges, not uncommon; but probably from the ftones of the garden varieties dropped by birds. RAY.--[In Hertfordfhire, growing to a large fize. Mr. WOODW.] T. May.

It loves a fandy toil, and an elevated fituation. The gum that exfudes from this tree is equal to gum arabic. Haffelquift relates, that more than 100 men, during a fiege, were kept alive for near two months, without any other fuftenance than a little of this gum taken into the mouth fometimes, and fuffered gradually to diffolve. The common people eat the fruit either frefh or dried; and it is frequently infufed in brandy for the fake of its flavour. The wood is hard and tough. It is ufed by the turner, and is formed into chairs, and fiained to imitate mahogany. This tree is the original flock from which many of the cultivated kinds are derived. LINN.

A Horfe refufed it. ST.

P R U'N U S a[']vium. Rundles fitting. Leaves egg- Mazzard fpear-fhaped, downy underneath, doubled together.—

* P. Cerafus. Rundles mofily on fruit-flaks. Leaves egg-fpear-fhaped, doubled to. HUDS.

a. P. Cerafus. LINN. which fee.

3. Leaft Wild Heart Cherry-trec. R. fyn. 463. 3.

y. P. avium. LINN. which fee.

L14

LuJa.

ICOSANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

Ludw. 103.—Blackw. 425.—Sheldr. 54. 5, fruit.—Ger. 1323. 11. Leaf-flalks with I or 2 glands towards the end. Rundle fitting, with 3 flowers. Flowers on fruit-flalks, from the floots of the laft year but one. Fence of 4 leaves. LINN.—Two red glands at the bafe of each leaf. Mr. BALLARD. ST.

Black Cherry-tree. Mazzards.

Hedges in Suffolk. RAY.—[Herts. Mr. WOODW.] T. May. It grows beft in a rich foil on the fides of hills, unmixed with other trees. It bears cropping, and fuffers the grafs to grow under it. WITH.—In Hertfordfhire there is a cultivated variety, called *Carrons*, which are larger, and much finer flavoured than the common fort. Mr. WOODWARD.

common

PRU'NUS domestica. Fruit-ftalks moftly folitary. Leaves fpear-egg-fhaped, coiled. Branches without thorns. LINN. ST. in Bot. Arr. ed. i.

Park. 1512. 1.—Ger. 1311. 1.—Matth. 265.—Lonic. i. 52. 1.— Fuchf. 403, cop. in Trag. 1019.—Dod. 805, repr. in Lob. obf. 595. 2, Ger. em. 1497. 1.

Leaves, when expanding from the bud, coiled. Flowering buds producing no leaves. LINN.—Empal. fegments bent downwards; befet on the infide with a number of glandular hairs. Petals oblong-egg-fhaped, flat. Corresponds in all respects with the cultivated varieties, except, that in those, the petals are more perfectly egg-fhaped, and the flowers more constantly in pairs. ST.—Empalement fometimes cloven into 6. Shaft crooked towards the top. WITH.

Prunus communis domestica. HUDS. Plumb-tree.

Hedges, [probably from the fruit of the cultivated varieties accidentally dropped there. ST.] T. April.

It loves a lofty exposure, and is favourable to pasturage. The varieties have probably originated from the red and white cultivated plumb, either fown by defign or accident. The cultivated garden plumbs are derived from this species. The bark dyes yellow.

A Horfe eat the leaves. Affes are fond of them. Sτ. damfon β. Blackw. 305.—Ger. 1312. 4.

Bullace

ace PRU'NUS infiti'tia. Fruit-ftalks in pairs. Leaves egg-fhaped, flightly woolly, coiled. Branches running into thorns.—

(Blackw. 305, is a variety of P. domestica.)

As

XX. CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

As large as P. domestica. Branches reddifh brown, fmooth, fome of them terminating in a thorn. Props narrow, fringed, fharp, cloven at the bafe. Upper furface of the leaves fmooth. Cups fmooth. LINN.—Fruit black and wax-coloured. RELH.—Empal. fegments horizontal, rounded at the end, befet on the infide with glandular hairs. Petals round-heart-fhaped, white. Fruit black. ST. —Props cloven down to the bafe. Empal. the outer fkin may be pulled off, adhering to the fruit-ftalk, appearing like an outer cup. Block, larger than that of P. domestica. Shaft ftraight. WITH.

Black Bullace-tree.—Hedges. T. April. The fruit is acid, but fo tempered, by a fweetnefs and roughnefs, as not to be unpleafant, particularly after it is mellowed by the frofts. A conferve is prepared, by mixing the pulp with thrice its weight of fugar. The bark of the roots and branches is confiderably flyptic. An infufion of the flowers, fweetened with fugar, is a mild purgative, not improper for children.

PRU'NUS *fpindfa*. Fruit-ftalks folitary. Leaves *Sloe* fpear-fhaped, fmooth. Branches thorny.—

Sheldr. 73.—Fuchf. 404, cop. in Trag. 1016, and J. B. i. a. 193, and Lonic. i. 51.—Blackw. 494, good, except that the leaves are oblong-egg-fhaped, inflead of inverfely egg-fpear-fhaped.—Matth. 266.—Dod. 753. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 595. 1, Ger. em. 1497.

5, and cop. in Park. 1033.—Ger. 1313, 2 in flower, 1 in fruit. Leaves fpear-egg-fhaped, ferrated; ferratures terminated by an excretory duct, the terminating one blunter and fhorter. Leaffcales ftrap-fhaped, between ferrated and toothed; the points of the teeth as if dead. LINN.—Shafts fometimes 2. ST.

Black-thorn. Sloe-tree. [Scrogs. WITH.—The fruit called Sloes, and by the country people Slons. ST.]

Hedges.

T. March. April.

509

This is not well adapted to grow in hedges, becaufe it fpreads its roots wide, and encroaches upon the pafturage; but it makes good dead fence. The wood is hard and tough, and is formed into teeth for rakes, and walking flicks. The thorns have fomething of a poifonous nature in the autumn. The tender leaves dried, are fometimes ufed as a fubfitute for tea, and is, I believe, the beft fubfitute that has yet been tried. The fruit bruifed, and put into wine, gives it a beautiful red colour, and a pleafant fub-acid roughnefs. An infufion of a handful of the flowers is a fafe and eafy purge. The bark powdered, in dofes of 2 drams, will cure fome agues. Letters written upon linen or woollen, with the juice of the fruit, will not wafh out.

Sheep, Goats, and Horfes eat it.

The

ICOSANDRIA DIGYNIA.

The different fpecies furnish nourishment to the PAPIL 10 Crategi, Polychloros, and Betulæ; PHALvENA quercifolia, quercus, lanestris, carulocephala, pavonia, ncustria, Oxyacanthæ, Citrago, prunaria, and brumata; APHIS padi; CURCULIO cerasi, and Fruni; and SCARABÆUS horticola.

Order II.

DIGYNIA; II. POINTALS.

678. CRATÆ'GUS. Hawthorn.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; concave; expanding; with 5 teeth; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; concave; fitting; fixed to the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 20; awl-fhaped; fixed to the cup. Tips roundifh.

POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 2; thread-fhaped; upright. Summits knobbed.

S. VESS. Berry fleshy; nearly globular; dimpled.

SEEDS 2; rather oblong; feparate; griftly.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 5 clefts. Petals 5. Berry beneath; with 2 feeds.

Oss. The number of pointals variable. Reich.

Whitebcam

CRATÆ'GUS A'ria. Leaves egg-fhaped, cut, ferrated, cottony underneath.—

Fl. dan 302.—Crantz. ii. 2. 2.—Mill. iii.—Hunt. evel. 181.—J. B. i. a. 65.—Lob. adv. 435. 1, refr. in Ger. em. 1327. 2, and cop. in Park. 1421.—Ger. 1146. 2.

Seeds 4, in each cell 2. CRANTZ. WITH.—Fruit apple like. Seeds like those of the pear. CRANTZ.—Shafts 2 to 4, with as many feeds. DU ROI.—Leaves quite white underneath. Empal. woolly. Petals feolloped towards the end, and woolly at the base, white. Shafts woolly at the base. Fruit red. WITH.

White Beam-tree. [Wild Pear-tree, Derbyfhire. Mr. WOODW.] Woods and hedges, effectially in mountainous fituations and calcareous foil. [Mountainous parts of Derbyfhire, from the fiffures of the precipices, without any appearance of foil. Mr. WOODWARD.] T. May.

It

XX. CHIVES, II. POINTALS.

It loves dry hills and open exposures, and flourishes either in gravel or clay. It bears lopping, and permits the grafs to grow. The wood, being hard, tough, and fmooth, is used for axle-trees, wheels, walking-flicks, carpenters, and other tools. The fruit is catable when mellowed by the autumnal frofts, and an ardent fpirit may be diftilled from it. It feldom bears a good crop of fruit 2 years together .- Sheep and Goats eat it.

CRATE'GUS tormina'lis. Leaves heart-fhaped, Service with 7 angles; lowermost lobes straddling .---

Jacq. A. 443 .- Fl. dan. 798 .- Hunt. evel. 182 .- Matth. 263 .-Cluf. i. 10. 2, repr. in Dod. 803. 2, Lob. cbf. 614. 2, and Ger. em. 1471. 2.-Ger. 1287. 2.-Trag. 1010.-Park. 1420. 2, cop. in 7. B. i. a. 63 .- Lonic. i. 50. 2. - (Blackw. 173, is S. aucuparia.)

Cells 2. Seeds 4. CRANTZ .- Bleffoms white. Fruit reddifh brown. Wild Service-tree or Sorb.

Woods and hedges. [Bath Hills, near Bungay. Mr. WOODW.] T. May.

CRATE'GUS monogy'na. Leaves generally clo- common ven into 3, pointed. Shaft fingle. JACQ .- Lobes of the leaves expanding. ST.*

Jacq. fl. 292. 1.-Sheldr. 21.-Barr. 563.-Clus. i. 121, repr. in Lob. obl. 614. 2, and cop. in Park. 1025.-Walc.-Blackw. 149. 1.-Trag. 984.-Ger. 1146. 1.-Dod. 751. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1327. 1.- (Jacq. fl. 292. 2.-Matth. 163.-Blackw. 149. 2, J.B. i. b. 49, and Fl. dan. 634, are C. Oxyacantha .--In Hunt. evel. 398, are reprefented 3 shafts, and in the leaves it approaches very near to the true C. Oxyacantha.)

Trunk afcending, round, very much branched. Bark fmooth. Thorns pointed. Leaves with 3 clefts, on leaf-stalks, pointed at the bafe, gloffy; the middle fegment with 3 clefts, edge very entire. Fruit-ftalks branched, with 2 or 3 flowers. Empalement hairy; fegments pointed, bent back. Petals, edge wrinkled. Tips red. Shaft at first limple, afterwards divided into'2. LYONS .- Bloffoms white, fometimes with a pretty full tinge of crimfon. Sr.-Shaft I, and feed I. CRANTZ. SCOP. WITH. Bot. Arr. ed. i. HUDS. ed. ii.-Leaves bluntly ferrated. Branches thorny. Threads 13 to 20. Tips oblong, double, pale red. In 1 plant shafts 2, and seeds 2: but, in one of the flowers, there were 6 petals; and, in another,

* Lobis foliorum patentibus, inferne integerrimis. Sr.

ther, one of the chives was half converted into a 7th petal. Petals bluntly fcolloped. Fruit a coral red. WITH.

White-thorn. Haw-thorn. May.

The fruit called Haws.

Cratagus Oxyacantha. HUDS. RELH. SCOP. but the C. Oxyacantha of LINN. is a different plant. ST.

Woods and hedges, [but in hedges it is rather to be confidered as a cultivated plant. Sr.] T. May.

Upon account of the ftiffnefs of its branches, the fharpnefs of its thorns, its roots not fpreading wide, and its capability of bearing the fevereft winters without injury, this plant is univerfally preferred for making hedges, whether to clip, or to grow at large. The wood is tough, and is formed into axle-trees, and handles for tools. The berries are the winter food of Thrush and many other birds.

B. HUDS. Leaves and fruit larger. DILL. in R. fyn. 454. 4.

In the hedge of an orchard at Gadington, Northamptonfhire; Ricot Park, and elfewhere, Oxfordfhire. D1LL. ib.

3. Berries yellow. RAY.

4. Berries white.

In the bowling green hedge at Bampton, Oxfordshire. RAY.

5. Leaves more finely divided. RAY. RELHAN.

Not unfrequently met with about London. RAY.

6. The Glastenbury Thorn is not confidered, either by Ray or Hudfon, as even a naturalized plant, but, from a fpecimen of a young fhoot of it, I am inclined to believe, that it will prove, on a careful examination, to be the C. Oxyacantha. ST.

Glaftenbury, in Somerfetshire, and about Reading, in Berksh. The different species afford nourishment to PAPILIO Cratægi; PHALÆNA cærulocephala, Oxyacantha, and cratægata.

Order

Order III.

TRIGYNIA; III. POINTALS.

679. SOR'BUS. Service.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; concave; expanding; with 5 teeth; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; concave; fixed to the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 20; awl-flaped; fixed to the cup. Tips roundifh.

POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 3; thread-fhaped; upright. Summits roundifh.

S. VESS. Berry foft; globular; with a hollow dimple.

SEEDS 3; rather oblong; feparate; griftly.

ESS. CHAR. Empalement with 3 clefts. Petals 5. Berry beneath; with 3 feeds.

OBS. The number of fhafts is inconftant. REICH.

SOR'BUS aucupa'ria. Leaves winged, fmooth on mountain both fides.—

Mill. ill.—Hunt. evel. 218.—Blackw. 173.—Matth. 262.—Dod. 834, repr. in Ger. em. 1473.—Lob. obf. 544. 2.—J. B. i. a. 62. —Ger. 1290.—Park. 1419. 2.—Trag. 1009.—Crantz. ii. 1. 4, fruit cut acrofs.

Shafts and feeds 3, and 4. POLLICH.—Fruit with 5 cells, and 5 feeds, though fome of thole prove abortive. CRANTZ.—Leaves, rib channelled. Leafts 7 or 8 pair, fitting, fpear-fhaped, ferrated, the intermediate ones the longeft. Broad-topped fpike terminating. Berry round, of a pleafant red, or fcarlet. Seeds 3, 4, 5, reddift. RELHAN.—Bloffoms white. ST.

Quicken-tree. Mountain Ash. Roan-tree.

Woods and hedges, in mountainous and boggy fituations, in Wales, Scotland, and the North of England.

It grows either in woods or open fields, but beft on the fides of hills, and in fertile foil. It will not bear lopping. Plants grow well in its fhade. The wood is foft, tough, and folid. It is converted into tables, fpokes for wheels, fhafts, chairs, &c. The roots are formed into handles for knives, and wooden fpoons. The berries dried, and reduced to powder, make wholefome bread; 530514

ICOSANDRIA TRIGYNIA.

bread; and, an ardent fpirit may be diffilled from them, which has a fine flavour, but it is fmall in quantity. The berries too, infufed in water, make an acid liquor fomewhat like perry, which is drank by the poorer people in Wales.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. LINN.

A Horfe refufed it. The berrics, when ripe, have a grateful acid flavour, and are fold in the markets. Sr.

baftard

SOR'BUS. hybrida. Leaves half winged, cottony underneath. LINN.—Leaves, fome angular, others half winged. HUDS.

Fl. dan. 301.-Linn. fil. fasc. i. 6.

Stature and foliage fomewhat like that of Cratagus Aria. Flowers, tuft, and the 3 pointals of Sorbus aucuparia. LINN.

Mountains. On the walls of Caftel Dinas bran, Denbighfh. T. May.

T. Ividy.

true SOR'BUS domes' tica. Leaves winged, woolly underneath.—

> Jacq. fl. 447.—Crantz. ii. 2. 3, the fruit.—Nafh i. at. p. 10. f. 3, branch and fruit; f. 1, the whole tree.—Matth. 261.—Cluf. i. 10. 3, repr. in Dod. 803. 1, Lob. obf. 544. 1, Ger. em. 1471. 1, and abridged in Park. 1420. 1.—Blackw. 174.—Fuchf. 576, cop. in Trag. 1012, J. B. i. a. 59, and abridged in Lonic. i. 50. 1.—Spe&l. de la nat. ii. 28. A. B. at p. 290, and Nat. delin. ii. 18. A. B. at 311.

Fruit the fize of a crab. Does not produce fruit till grown to a confiderable age. LINN.—Cells 5. All the feeds feldom coming to perfection. Bleffems white. Fruit brownifh. CRANTZ.

True Service, or Scrb.

Mountainous Forefts. Mountainous parts of Cornwall, and the Moorelands of Staffordfhire. [In the middle of a thick wood in the foreft of Wire, near Bewdley, Worcefterfh. 1 mile from Mopfon's Crofs, between that and Dowles Brook, found by Mr. Pitts, Alderman of Worcefter. RAY. NASH. ST.] T. Apr.

The fruit is eaten by the Italians. RAY's travels.—It is mealy and auftere, not much unlike the Medlar.

The Chermes Scrbi, and Coccinella bipuflulata, live upon this and S. aucuparia. LINN.

The wood is valuable for making mathematical rulers, and excifemens gauging flicks. NASH.

Order

XX. CHIVES, V. POINTALS. 515

Order IV.

PENTAGYNIA; V. POINTALS.

681. MES'PILUS. Medlar.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; concave; expanding; with 5 teeth; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; concave; fixed to the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 20; awl-fhaped; fixed to the cup. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 5; fimple; upright. Summits roundifh.

S. VESS. Berry globular; with a deep hollow, but clofed by the cup.

SEEDS 5; bellying; hard as bone.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement 5 clefts. Petals 5. Berry beneath; with 5 feeds.

OBS. From the above defcription, it appears, that the Cratagus Sorbus, and Mefpilus, are very nearly allied, fo as hardly to be diftinguifhed, otherwife than by the number of pointals. The leaves of the Sorbus are generally winged; of the Cratagus angular; and of the Mefpilus entire. LINN.—The number of fhafts variable. REICH.

MES'PILUS germanica. Without thorns. Leaves common fpear-fhaped; cottony underneath. Flowers folitary, fitting.—

Ludw. —Blackw. 154, flower and fruit well done.—Ger. 1264. 1.—Dod. 801. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 591. 1, and Ger. em. 1453. 1.—Matth. 253, ill cop. in Park. 1422. 2.—J. B. i. a. 69.— Trag. 1014.—Lonic. i. 13. 1.

Branches woolly. Leaves oval fpear-fhaped; towards the point ferrated, and fomewhat woolly. Leaf-ftalks very fhort, channelled. Empalements terminating, hairy, with a floral-leaf as longas the bloffom. LINN.—Floral-leaf ftrap-fhaped. Empal. flefhy, woolly within; teeth longer than the bloffom. Chives unequal, 30 or more. Summits cloven. WITH.—Bloffoms white. Fruit reddifh brown.

Medlar Tree.

Hedges

Hedges, about Minehiville.

T. May.

Many people are fond of the fruit when it becomes foft by keeping; it is fomewhat auftere, and binds the bowels. WITH.

682. PY'RUS. Pear.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; concave; with 5 fhallow clefts; permanent; fegments expanding.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; concave; large; fixed to the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 20; awl-fhaped; fhorter than the blofs. fixed to the cup. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 5; thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits fimple.
- 5. VESS. an Apple; fomewhat globular; with a hollow dimple; flefhy; with 5 cells; divisions membrana-ceous.
- SEEDS feveral; oblong; blunt; taper at the bafe; convex on one fide; flat on the other.
 - Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 5 clefts. Petals 5. Apple beneath; with 5 cells, and many feeds.

common

PY'RUS commu'nis. Leaves ferrated, fmooth. Flowers in broad-topped fpikes.--

wild cultivated a. Park. 1500. 2.-Ger. 1271. 3.

β. HUDS.—Blackw. 453.—Matth. 251.—Lob. obf. 590. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1457, and cop. in Park. 1500. 1.—Dod. 800, repr. in Ger. em. 1456.—Ger. 1267 to 1270.—Lonic. i. 11.—Trag. 1045.

Bloffoms white.

Pear Tree.—Woods and hedges. T. April. May.

It loves a fertile foil, and floping ground; but will not thrive well in moift bottoms. It flands the fevereft winters, and does not deftroy the grafs. The wood is light, fmooth, and compact; it is ufed by turners, and to make joiners tools; and for picture frames, to be flained black. The leaves afford a yellow dye, and may be ufed to give a green to blued cloths. The fruit is auftere; but, when cultivated; highly grateful, as is proved by the great variety of excellent pears which the induftry of mankind has raifed, for they all originate from this. WITH.—The juice of the fruit, fermented, is called Perry, large quantities of which are raifed in Worcefterfhire and Herefordfhire. The fort called Squafh Perry is held in peculiar eftimation, and its flavour preferred by many

XX. CHIVES, V. POINTALS.

to that of Champagne, which it much refembles in colour, and in the large quantity of fixed air it contains. Sr.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat the leaves, which afford nourifhment to PAPILIO polychloros; PHAL ÆNA Populi, lubricipeda, quercifolia, pudibunda, carulocephala, brumata, Pomonella; APHIS Pyri; CHERMES Pyri; CURCULIO Pyri; MUSCA Pyraftri. LINN.

A Horfe eat it, but did not feem fond of it. Sr.

PY'RUS Ma'lus. Leaves ferrated. Rundles fitting. Apple Blackw. 178.—Ger. 1276. 1, 2, and 3.—Ger. 1272. 4, cop. in Ger. em. 1461, and Park. 1503. 2.

Leaves more circular than those of the preceding species. Petals tinged with red on the outside.

Crab Tree. Wilding.

Woods and hedges.

T. May.

It flourishes better on declivities, and in shady places, than in open exposures, or boggy lands. Grafs, and even corn, will grow beneath it. It is much used as a flock, on which to ingraft the better kinds of apples; because its roots are neither killed by frost, nor eaten by field mice. The bark affords a yellow dye. The wood is tolerably hard; it turns very clean, and, when made into cogs for wheels, obtains a polish, and wears a long time. The acid juice of the fruit is called, by the country people, Verjuice, and is much used in recent sprains, and in other cases, as an aftringent or repellent. With a proper addition of sugar, it is probable that a very grateful liquor might be made with the juice, but little inferior to Old Hock.

Horles, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it. Swine are very fond of the fruit. LINN.

A decoction of the inner bark is faid to be a good fubfitute for the Peruvian Bark. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.

PHAL Æ NA difpar, Populi, Fascelina, Chrysorrhæa, Psi, Operana, brumata, Pomonella, Monacha; APHIS Mali; SCARABÆUS Horticola feed upon it.

 β. Hubs.—Blackw. 141.—Mill. ill.—Ger. 1273 to 1274.—J. B. cultivated i. a. 1.—Lob. obf. 590. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1459. 1, and cop. in Park. 1503. 1.—Dod. 789, repr. in Ger. em. 1459. 2.—Lonic. i. 10. 1, the fruit reprefents different cultivated varieties.

Apple Tree.—Orchards, and hedge rows. T. May. The juice fermented is called Cyder, of which large quantities are made in Hereford(hire, Devonfhire, and part of Worcefter-

are made in Herefordshire, Devonshire, and part of Worcestershire and Gloucestershire, in a foil of deep clay. The stronger forts, as the Styre Cyder, will bear exportation to the East and Vol. II. M m West

ICOSANDRIA PENTAGYNIA.

West Indies. The Cyder apple trees were originally brought from Normandy. A Horse repeatedly refused the leaves, and even young shoots. Sr.

686. SPIRÆ'A. Meadowfweet.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 5 fhallow clefts; flat at the bafe; fegments fharp; permanent.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; inverfely egg-fhaped, but oblong; fixed to the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads more than 20; thread-fhaped; fhorter than the bloffom; fixed to the cup. Tips roundifh.
- POINT. Seed-buds 5 or more. Shafts the fame number; thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits fomewhat globular.

S. V_{ESS}. *Cap/ules* oblong; tapering; compreffed; valves 2. S_{EEDS} few; tapering; fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement 5 clefts. Petals 5. Capfules with many feeds.

Dropwort

SPIRÆ'A *Filipen'dula*. Leaves interruptedly winged; leafits ftrap-fpear-fhaped, interruptedly ferrated, very fmooth. Flowers in tufts.—

Fl. dan. 635.—Blackw. 467.—Fuchf. 562, cop. in Trag. 883.— Lonic. i. 220. 2.—Ger. 000. 1.—Matth. 865.—Cluf. ii. 211. 2, repr. in Dod. 56. 1, Lob. obf. 420. 3, Ger. em. 1058. 1, and cop. in Park. 435. 1, Pet. 71. 6, and abridged in H. ex. ix. 20. rew 1, left ha d figure.—J. B. iii. b. 189, more like those of Silon verticillatum.

Capfules numerous, disposed in a circle. LINN.—Stem, upper part nearly naked. Leafts with appendages at the bafe, the terminating one with 3 lobes. Leaf-scales embracing the stem, ferrated; ferratures almost awned. Mr. WOODWARD.

Dropwort.

Mountainous meadows and paftures, in a calcareous foil. Swaffham Heath, Notfolk. Mr. CROWE.—Ripton, Huntingdonfhire. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bredon Hill, above Overbury, Worcefterfh. NASH.—Near Madrestield, Worcefterfh. Mr. BALLARD. —Frequent in the neighbourhood of Worcefter. St. P. July.

The tuberous pea-like roots, dried and reduced to powder, make a kind of bread, which, in times of fearcity, is not to be defpifed.—Hogs are very fend of them. Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Horfes refufe it.

SPIRÆ'A

XX. CHIVES, V. POINTALS.

SPIRÆ'A Ulma'ria. Leaves interruptedly winged. common Leafits egg-fhaped, doubly ferrated, hoary underneath. Flowers in tufts.—

Ludw. 23.—Fl. dan. 547.—Blackw. 465.—Cluf. ii. 198. 1, refr. in Dod. 57, Ger. em. 1043, cop. in Park. 592. 1, Pet. 71. 8, and H. ox. ix. 20. row 1. 1. figure the 3d.—Ger. 886.—J. B. iii. 488. 2.

Capfules twifted in a fpiral direction. LINN.—Stem angular, often purple. Leaves downy and white underneath; fmaller leafits intermixed with the larger. Mr. WOODWAKD.—Stem angular, reddifh. Leaves bright green above, white underneath, irregularly ferrated; the terminating leafit divided into 3 fegments. Leafflaks deeply channelled. Flowers yellowifh white. Empalement, fegments fometimes 4, after flowering bent back. Petals fometimes 4, concave, fixed to the empalement by a flender claw. Threads longer than the bloffom. Tips yellow. Seed-buds 5 to 8. Shafts fhort, thick, crooked. Summits flatted knobs. Capfules 5 to 8, but moftly 6, twifted fpirally together. WITH.

Meadowsweet. Queen of the Meadows.

Moift meadows, and banks of rivers. P. June. July. The flowers, infufed in boiling water, give it a fine flavour, which rifes in diftillation.

Sheep and Swine eat it. Goats are extremely fond of it. Cows and Horfes refule it.

SPHINX ocellata, and Filipendula, feed on both fpecies. LINN. A Horfe eat the leaves and ftem. They generally leave it in the fields, but are observed occasionally to eat it; and Cows, I am informed, eat it when they have the yellows. Sr.

Mm 2

Order

519

Order V.

POLYGYNIA; MANY POINTALS.

687. RO'SA. Rofe.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf. Tube diffended; but narrow at the neck; border globular; with 5 divisions; expanding; fegments long; fpear-fhaped; narrow.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; inverfely heart-fhaped; as long as the cup, and fixed to its neck.
- CHIVES. Threads many; hair-like; very fhort; fixed to the neck of the cup. Tips 3-edged, (4-edged. Mr. DICKENSON.)
- POINT. Seed-buds numerous; at the bottom of the cup. Shafts as many as there are feed-buds; clofely compreffed by the neck of the cup; fixed to the fide of the feed-bud. Summits blunt.
- S. VESS. Berry flefhy; top-fhaped; coloured; foft; of r cell; crowned by imperfect fegments; clofed at the neck; formed by the tube of the cup.
- SEEDS numerous; oblong; hairy; adhering to the cup. Ess. CHAR. Petals 5. Empalement pitcher-fhaped; with 5 clefts; flefhy; contrasted at the neck. Seeds many; rough with hairs; fixed to the inner fide of the empalement.

OBS. The empalement of the feed-veffel gives it the appearance of a berry. Segments of the cup, 2 alternate ones fometimes with appendages on each fide, the other 2 alternate ones naked; fometimes only the 5th fegment has appendages.

Sweet-briar

RO'SA rubigino'fa. Seed-buds globular. Seed-buds and leaf-ftalks prickly. Frickles bowed back. Leaves rufty underneath. LINN.—Rather befet underneath with glandular hairs. LIGHTF. ST—Leafits egg-fhaped. HUDS. —Fruit either fmooth or flightly prickled. LIGHTF.

Jacq. fl. 50.—Walc.—Dod. 186. 2, refr. in Ger. em. 1269. 1, left hand figure.—Ger. 1087. 1.—Fark. par. 419. 8, leaves egg-fhaped.—(J. B. ii. a. 42, fruit-flaths Jolitary and too long.) Branches fmooth, but with fcattered pretty large prickles. Leafits generally 7, egg-fhaped, pointed, fcattered over underneath with purplifh

purplish refinous globules. Leaf-stalk rough with hairs, and minute prickles, and, as are the floral-leaves, befet with minute glands on pedicles. Seed-bud nearly globular, befer, especially at the bafe, with a few fmall prickles. Fruit-flak with very minute prickles. Bloffoms purple. The R. Eglanteria differs in growing taller, and having straight prickles, and bloffoms large, yellow, and scent-less. LINN .- Stem with scattered prickles. Leafits roundifh, ferratures befet with glands. Fruit-ftalks rough with glandular hairs. Du Ro1.-Leasits doubly serrated, smooth above, except a few fcattered hairs along the mid-rib, even in the newly expanded leaves, half doubled together, not fo full-fcented as those of the Garden Sweet-briar. Glands rufty-coloured or red. Its habit and mode of growth the fame with that of the garden fort. In the Garden Sweet-briar the leaves befet above with very fhort hairs, ovalegg-fhaped, and not unfrequently oval; the glands yellowifh. They feem at least varieties. Sr .- Seed-bud's egg-shaped. Fruit black when ripe. LIGHTF .- That of the Garden Sweet-briar fcarlet, fometimes fmooth. ST .- Seed-bud, prickles not numerous and chiefly on one fide. Leaves, the rufty appearance chiefly confined to the lower leaves. Their fweet fcent feems to be owing to the glands. WITH.

R. fuavifelia. LIGHTE.—R. eglanteria. HUDS. DU ROI. Sweet-briar. Eglanteria.

Hedges and heaths. [Hedges, Norfolk, but not frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.-Between Dudley and Tipton. Mr. STOKES.-In Mr. Terne's garden, Worcefter, from a gravel pit near Claines Church. St.] S. June. July.

A riorie refused fome of the young floots, and even the leaves picked off of the garden fort, but they will fometimes eat the tender tops in the fpring. Sr.

RO'SA arven's. Seed-buds globular. Seed-buds corn and fruit-ftalks fmooth. Stem and leaf-ftalks prickly. Flowers in tufts. LINN.—In a kind of tuft. HUDS.— Flowers in a kind of rundle. Leaves of the empalement entire. Shaft fingle, compound, as long as the chives.* Flowers not unfrequently folitary. St.

Walc. -J. B. ii. 44. 1. -- (Fl. dan. 398, is R. fpinofiffima, to which species also it is referred by Linnæus. Flowers solitary, and therefore not R. arvensis, as Muller supposes it in his index to the Fl. dan.)

* Floribus fubumbellatis, calyce integro, flylo unico, composito flamina equante. Sr.

Mm3

Flowers

Flowers on long fruit-ftalks, feveral together in a fort of rundle, fmaller. Fruit fmaller and rounder than that of the R. canina. RAY. ST.—Stem fmoother; prickles not very frequent, hooked. Leafits fpear-fhaped, ferrated, fmooth, taper-pointed. Fruit-flaks befet with minute prickles, often in rundles. Seed-buds formewhat globular. Leaf-fcales very pointed. Floral-teaves egg-fhaped. Empalement fmooth; fegments ftrap-fhaped, very narrow. LYONS.— Leaves fimply ferrated. Fruit-flaks befet more or lefs with hairs terminated by globular heads, not fub-dividing as in a tuft, nor rifing exactly from the fame point, fometimes folitary. Prickles bowed downwards. Bloffoms white. Shafts as foon as they have paffed through the neck of the empalement, compacted into a cylinder refembling a fingle fhaft, terminated by a knob composed of the fummits. This circumftance will alone diftinguish it from the other species. Fruit globular, red. ST.

White-flowered Dogs Roje.

Hedges and heaths.

S. July.

6. HUDS.—Wild Dog Rofe, with a fingle flower and fruit. RAY. fyn. indic.

Between Hackney and London, and Bishop's Wood. id.

burnet

RO'SA *fpinofffima*. Seed-buds globular, finooth. Fruit-ftalks rough with ftrong hairs.* Stem and leaf-ftalks thick fet with prickles. LINN.—Leaves of the empalement entire. *fl. fucc*. DU ROI. ST.—Fruit-ftalks with and without prickles. LINN.

Fl. dan. 393, is the plant, but leaves egg-fhaped, and thorns too weak, and apparently flexible.—Ger. 1088, cop. in J. B. ii. 41. 1.—Park. 1018. 8.—Cluf. i. 116. 1, repr. in Dod. 187, Ger. em. 1270. 3, and cop. in J. B. ii. 40. 2, leaves more oblong than they are generally with us.—(Ger. em. 1270. 4, cop. in J. B. ii. 40. 1, has no thorns.)

Stem, prickles awl-fhaped, ftraight, horizontal, very thickly fet, unequal. Leafits 9, fmall, inverfely egg-fhaped. Leaf-flaks without thorns. Fruit globular, black when ripe. Seed-buds often prickly at the bafe. Petals white, yellowifh at the bafe. Haller confiders it as a variety of R. pimpinellifolia. LINN.—Branches round. Leaf-flaks not prickly. Leafits very fmall, roundifh, fitting. Leaffcales fmall, halberd-fhaped, toothed. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. white, or cream-coloured, fometimes red. LIGHTE.—Prickles flat. WITH.

* And yet Linnæus cites Fl. dan. where the fruit-falks are fmooth. ST.

Burnet

Burnet Rofe. Pimpernell Rofe.

Heaths and fandy places. [Hedges near Yarmouth, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.—Perran Downs, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.— Hedges and ditch banks about Worcefter. ST.]

The ripe fruit is eaten by children; it has a grateful fub-acid tafte. The juice of it, diluted with water, dyes filk and muflin of a peach-colour; and with the addition of alum a deep violet; but it has very little effect on woollen or linen.

Cows, Sheep, Goats, and Swine cat it. Horfes refufe it. 8. Bloffoms red, firiped with white. SIBBALD. LIGHTF. Ciphian Role.

RO'SA villo'fa. Seed-buds globular. Seed-buds apple and fruit-ftalks rough with hair. Prickles of the ftem fcattered. Leaf-ftalks prickly. Leaves downy.—

7. B. ii. 38. 1.-Park. par. 419. 7.

Stem fmooth, 2 or 4 prickles near together below the knots. Leaves blunt. Petals red. LINN.—Fruit-ftalks, feed-bud, leaf-ftalks, edges of the leaf-fcales, and ferratures of the leafits befet with hairs of various lengths terminated by a gland. Leafits 6, with an odd one, egg-fpear-theped, more or lefs pointed. Petals longer than the empalement. Fruit not always hairy. Mr. Woodw.—Leaves doubly ferrated. Sr.—Leaves downy on both fides.

Mountainous hedges and fhady places in the northern counties. [Grafs Wood, near Kilnfay, Yorkfhire. CURT.—In the vallies of mountainous countries. In the Craven part of Yorkfhire. Mr. Woop.—Near Ulfwater, Cumberland. Mr. Woodw.] S. June.

B. HUDS .- Wild Briar or Dog Roje with large prickly heps. RAY.

Petals rather larger; leafits broader, fhorter and more pointed; and prickles more hooked than in the north country plant. No other obtervable difference. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem wrinkled, not hairy or glandular. Leafits egg-fhaped, ferrated, I and 2, but moftly 3 pair, downy on both turfaces. Iruit-ftalks, flaral-leaves, empalements, feed-buds, edges of the leaves, and leaf-ftalks fet thick with globular glands fupported on longer, fhorter, finer, or coarfer hairs or briftles. Prickles a little hooked downwards, rather flat, not broad. Empalement as in R. canina. Chives yellow. Tips after fhedding their duft brown. Leaves when rubbed have a faint agreeable fcent. WITH.

Hedges, common. RAY. Mr. WOODW. ST.-Near London. HUDS.

RO'SA cani'na. Seed-buds egg-fhaped. Seed-buds dog and fruit-ftalks fimooth. Stem and leaf-ftalks prickly. M m 4 LINN.- LINN.—Empalement half-egg-fhaped, winged, woolly. Leaf-stalks rather rough with hairs. Leafsts sharp-pointed, ferrated. Du Roi.

Curt. v. 51, berries of too brown a red.—Fl. dan. 555.—Blackw. 8.—Ludw. 70.—Park. 1017. 1.—J. B. ii. 43. 2.—Trag. 986. 2.—Ger. 1087. 2.—(Ger. em. 1270. 3, is R. [pinofiffma.)

Stem fmooth, with 2 alternate hooked prickles between each knot. Leaf-ftalks with hooked prickles. Leaves fharpifh, bare of hairs on each fide. Floral-leaves 2, oppofite, fringed. Petals with 2 lobes, flefh-coloured. LINN.—Leafits 2 or 3 pair, with an odd one, pointed; ferratures terminated by minute purple glands. Leaf-flalks fheathing; edges befet with purple glands. Prickles broad, flat, bowed downwards. Empal. fegments 2, furnifhed with long teeth on both edges, 2 without, and the 5th with teeth on one edge. Petals red, fometimes nearly white; 1 lobe larger than the other. Threads yellowifh. Tips yellow, afterwards brown. WITH.

Dogs Rofe. Hep Tree. Wild Briar. Hedges and Woods.

A perfumed water may be diftilled from the bloffoms. The pulp of the berries, beat up with fugar, makes the conferve of hepps of the London Difpenfatory. Mixed with wine it is an acceptable treat in the north of Europe. Several birds feed upon the berries. The leaves of every fpecies of Rofe, but efpecially of this, are recommended in the *Eph. nat. curiofor.* as a fubfitute for tea, giving out a fine colour, a fub-aftringent tafte, and a grateful fmell, when dried, and infufed in boiling water.

Cows, Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. Horfes are not fond of it. It is a difficult matter to fay which are fpecies, and which are varieties only, in this genus; Linnæus feems to think that there are no certain limits preferibed by nature.

The different fpecies nourifh the following infects: Phalana Salicella, Pavenia, Libatrix, Retularia; Tenthredo Rofa, Cynofbati; Ichneumon Bedegauris; Cicada Rofa; Aphis Rofa; Scarabaus auratus; Mu/ca pellucens; and those mois-like prickly excretecences, which are frequently found upon the branches of Rofes, especially upon the last species, are the habitations of the Cynips Rofa. This excretecence was formerly in repute as a medicine, and was kept in the shops under the name of Bedeguar. An infusion of the full blown bloss of all the Roses, especially the paler kinds, is purgative; but the petals of the red Roses, gathered before they expand, and dried, are astringent.

688. RU'BUS.

S. June.

688. R U'B U S. Bramble.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 divisions; Segments oblong; expanding; permanent.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; as long as the cup; upright; but expanding; fixed to the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads numerous; fhorter than the petals; fixed to the cup. Tips roundifh; compressed.
- POINT. Seed-buds numerous. Shafts fmall; hair-like; from the fides of the feed-buds. Summits fimple; permanent.
- S. VESS. Berry composed of little granulations, collected into a knob, which is convex above, and concave beneath. Each granulation hath I cell.
- SEEDS folitary; oblong. Receptacle of the feed-veffels conical.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 5 clefts. Petals 5. Berry composed of single-seeded granulations.

OBS. In the R. faxatalis the granulations are diffinct.

* Shrubby.

RU'BUS ida'us. Leaves, fome winged with 5 leafits, Raspberry others 3-fingered. Stem prickly. Leaf-stalks channelled.

Fl. dan. 788 .- Cluf. i. 117, repr. in Dod. 743. 1, Lob. obf. 619. 2, Ger. em. 1272. 2, and cop. in J. B. ii. 59. 2.-Traz. 973, cop. in Lonic. i. 41. 2.-Park. par. 559. 1.-Traz. 973.-Ger. 1089. 1.-Matth. 1010.

Stems upright, or flightly bent back, green, 2 feet high, biennial, producing fruit the 2d year, after which they die down, thick fet with fmall prickles. Leaves ferrated, with a fhort white down underneath. Fruit-stalks rough with hair. LINN .- Bloffoms white. Berry red.

Rasp-berry Bush. Framboise. Hind-berry. Raspis.

Woods and hedges, rocky mountains, and moift fituations in Wales and the North of England. Stoken-church Woods. |Grafs Wood, near Kilnfay, Yorkshire. CURT .- Thorpe, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE .- Berkhamstead, Herts. Mr. WOODWARD .- Sides of rivulets. WITH .- Wayley Bridge, Cheshire; wood near Black-lake, between Birmingham and Wednefbury; and neighbourhood of Afton, near Birmingham. Sr.] S. May. June.

The fruit is extremely grateful, as nature prefents it; but, made into a fweetmeat, with fugar, or fermented with wine, the flavour

is

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ICOSANDRIA POLYGYNIA.

is improved. It is fragrant, fub-acid; and cooling. It diffolves the tartarous concretions of the teeth, but for this purpole it is inferior to the Straw-berry. The white berries are fiveeter than the red, but they are generally contaminated by infects. The frefh leaves are the favourite food of kids.

Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Horfes refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe eat it. ST.

It is fo plentiful about Kendal, that the berries are fometimes fold at 1d. a quart. Mr. W. REYNOLDS.

Dew-berry

R U'B U S cæ'fus. Leaves 3-fingered, almost naked; the lateral leafits with 2 lobes. Stem prickly, cylindrical. LINN.—Bunches with few flowers. St. Mr. WOODW.*

Dod. 742. 2.—(Park. 1014. 2, feems to be variety 2, and Ger. 1089. 2, cop. in J. B. ii. a. 59 1, is R. frutico/us.)

Stem, prickles very fine, fcattered, fmall, bowed back, interfperfed between the rough points, 3 feet long, purplifh, branched, with pendant fhoots at the top. Leaves green, not cottony, tho' often downy underneath, ferrated; the middle leafit egg-fhaped, the lateral ones with generally 2 lobes. LINN.—Stem profirate, not fo much branched. Leaves more deeply cut, fomewhat hairy underneath. Fruit-ftalks round, downy, long, with from 1 to 3 flowers, fometimes prickly. Fruit composed of fewer and larger granulations from 1 to 5. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD.—Runners, in open fituations lying near the ground, but not running to the length they do in close woods. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bleffoms white. Fruit bluifh black.

Dew-berry Bush.

Woods and hedges, [and balks of corn fields. Mr. Woodw.] S. June. July.

The berries are pleafant to eat, and, put into red wine, communicate a fine flavour.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes refufe it.

greater

2. major. Leaves 3-fingered and 5-fingered. Mr. WOODW. ST. Blackw. 45. 1.—Park. 1014. 2, but the fruit on the left hand fide is that of R. fruitcofus.

Stems roundifh; when growing in hedges frequently ftronger and larger than the R. fruticofus, but in ditches not larger than R. cæfus α , and throwing out creeping runners; prickles fmaller than those of R. fruticofus, flightly bent, but not hooked. Leaves bright green above, beneath pale and flightly hairy, but never downy; the

* Racemis paucifloris, Sr. D. WOODWARD.

the odd leafit largeft, on a long leaf-ftalk, and, in the 5-fingered ones the 2d pair on very fhort leaf-ftalks, egg-fpear-fhaped, pointed, broad at the bafe, and fometimes flightly heart-fhaped, cut-ferrated, and more deeply and irregularly jagged than in R. fruitcofus; in the 3-fingered ones the lateral leafits lobed. Fruit-ftalks roundifh. Flowers fimaller, and later than those of the R. fruitcofus, often abortive. Fruit with few and large granulations, and, when ripe, covered with a bloom; very frequently abortive. Dill. in R. fpm. 467, feems to have been clear that there were 2 forts of Great Bramble, but he has not well afcertained their differences. Mr. WOODWARD.

Hedges, Norf. generally intermixed with R. fruticofus. MESSRS. PITCHFORD and WOODWARD.

RU'BUS frutico'fus. Leaves 5-fingered, and 3-fin- common gered. Stem and leaf-ftalks prickly. LINN.—Bunches oblong. ST. Mr. WOODWARD.*

Mill. ill.—Schmied. 2.—Blackw. 45. 7.—Matth. 1009, imitated in Dod. 742. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 619. 1, ic. ii. 211. 2, Gcr. em. 1272. 1, and cop. in Park. 1013.—Iuchf. 152.— Trag. 970.—Ger. 1089. 2, cop. in J. B. ii. 59. 1.—Lonic. i. 41. 1.

Stem angular, very long, with runners often feveral times the height of a man in length, fpreading and climbing far and wide, and fometimes striking root; prickles alternate, strong, bowed back. Leaves fharply and unequally ferrated, either green on both fides, or white and cottony underneath; the middlemost leaf largest, heart-fhaped, on a leaf-ftalk, the reft fitting, the lowermoft very fmall, pointing backwards. LINN .- Leaves, the lower 5-fingered, the upper 3-fingered, and fometimes fimple or with 2 or 3 lobes. Petals flaccid, white, or purplish. Granulations about 50. HALL. ST .- Stems alway angular; prickles always ftrong and hooked. Leafits usually elliptical, fometimes oval-spear-shaped, ferrated, dark green above, white with a clofe down underneath, fometimes, though rarely, only hairy, and then pale green; the middlemost on a long leaf-stalk, the next pair on thort leaf-stalks, the lower on fhorter leaf-stalks, and tometimes, though rarely, fitting. Mr. WOODWARD .- Empal. fegments cottony. WITH .--Fruit, first red, but black when ripe.

 β . Fruit white. Bark and leaves of a pleafant green. Hedge near Oxford. BUBART in R. fyn. 467. 2.

* Racemis oblongis. St. D. WOODWARD.

3. Leaves

3. Leaves fmooth underneath. DILL.-Leaves pale green, and only flightly hairy underneath. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Rubus quinquefidus fubtus glaber. DILL. in R. fyn. 467. (ST.)

4. Leaves flightly variegated. Found a plant with fome of the leaves with yellowifh white blotches growing wild. S_T .

Bramble. Black-berry Bush. Bumblekites.

Hedges and woods.

S. June .- Sept.

The berries, when ripe, are black, and do not eat amifs with wine. The green twigs are of great use in dying woollen, filk, and mohair, black.

Cows and Horfes eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. LINN.

Three Horfes refufed it. Silk-worms will fometimes feed upon the leaves in defect of those of the mulberry. ST.

** Herbaceous.

flone RU'BUS faxat'ilis. Leaves 3-fingered, bare. Wires creeping, herbaceous. LINN.—Lower-leaves fometimes 5fingered. Dr. J. E. SMITH.

> Fl. dan. 134 — Cluf. i. 118. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1273. 4, and cop. in Ger. 1090. 3, and Park. 1014. 4. — J. B. ii. 61.

Wires thread-fhaped, very long, dying down at the end of the year, rough with hairs, and often befet with weak thorns. Granulations of the *berries* diffinct. LINN.—Leafits generally I on a leaf-ftalk, and the refl fitting, fometimes all on fruit ftalks, fometimes all fitting; cut-ferrated, pale green, flightly hairy underneath. *Truit* composed of a few large granulations, when ripe of a beautiful clear pink, and a pleafant fub-acid flavour. *Bloffoms* purple or white. Mr. WOODWARD.

Amongft stones on the fides of mountains in Yorkshire, Cumberland, and Westmoreland. [Llyn y Cwn, near Snowdon. PENN. Wales.—Woods about Settle and Ingleton, and not far from the fummit of Helsselnab, near Kendal. CURT.—Helk's Wood, by Ingleton, Yorkshire. Hills opposite Matlock Bath. Mr. WOODWARD.—In Dob Bottom, a deep, woody, rocky deli, opposite the Holme, near Burnley, Lancash. Mr. WOOD.] P. June.

The berries are not very good, but children eat them.

Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Horses refuse it.

Cloud-berry

RU'BUS Chamæmo'rus Leaves fimple, lobed. Stem without prickles, with 1 flower.—

Fl. dan. 1.—Fl. lapp. 5. 1.—Lightf. 13. at p. 266.—Park. 1014. 7.—Cluf. i. 118. 2,* repr. in Ger. em. 1273. 4, and cop. in Ger.

* Ill done if the plant. LINN. ST.

Ger. 1090. 4. Park. 1014. 6, and J. B. ii. 62.—Ger. 1368, repr. in Ger. em. 1420.

Chives and pointals on different plants, but Dr. SOLANDER difcovered the roots of the 2 plants to be united under ground. LINN. —Stem hardly a foot high. Bloffoms white, or purple. Berries red.

Chamaemorus cambro-britannica, five lancastrense Vaccinium nubis. PARK 1015.—Vaccinia nubis. GER. 1363, and em. 1420. (ST.)

Cloud-berries. Knot-berries. Knout-berries.

Peat bogs on the fides of the mountains of Yorkfhire, Weftmorland, Cumberland, Lancafhire, and Caernarvonfhire. [Sides of the higheft mountains about Settle and Ingleton. CURT.—Ingleborough, Yorkfhire Mr. WOODWARD. ST.] P. May. June.

The berries are not unpleafant, and held to be an excellent antifcorbutic. The Norwegians pack them up in wooden veffels and fend them to Stockholm, where they are ferved up in deferts, or made into tarts. The Laplanders bury them under the fnow, and thus preferve them fresh from one year to another. They bruife and eat them with the milk of the Rein Deer. In the Highlands of Scotland alfo they are fometimes brought to table with the defert.

Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

The PAPILIO Rubi, PHAL ÆNA Pavonia, Rubi, Fascelina, and Sambucaria, are nourished by the different species.

689. FRAGA'RIA. Straw-berry.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; flat; with IO fhallow clefts. Segments alternately narrower; the narrow ones placed without the reft.

BLOSS. *Petals* 5; circular; expanding; fixed to the cup. CHIVES. *Threads* 20; awl-fhaped; fhorter than the blofs. fixed to the cup. *Tips* crefcent-fhaped.

POINT. Seed-buds numerous; very fmall; forming a knob. Shafts fimple; from the fides of the feed-buds. Summits fimple.

5. VESS. none. Receptacle of the feeds a fort of berry; globular-egg-fhaped; pulpy; foft; large; coloured; lopped at the bafe; deciduous.

SEEDS numerous; very finall; tapering; fcattered on the furface of the receptacle.

ESS. CHAR. Empal. clefts 10. Petals 5. Receptacle of the feeds egg-fhaped; like a berry; falling off.

FRAGA'RIA vej'ca. Wires creeping .--

common

Blacka:

Blackw. 77. 1.—Ludw. 136.—Sheldr. 3. 6, fruit.—Dod. 672. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 997. 1, and cop. in H. ox. ii. 19. row 1. 1. f. 2, and Pet. 40. 7.—Fuchf. 853, cop. in J. B. ii. 395: 3.— Trag. 500.—Lonic. i. 215. 1.—(Sheldr. 3. 1 to 5, and 7, leaf, fruit, and flower.—Matth. 1021.—Dod. 672. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 396. 1, Ger. em. 997. 2, and cop. in Park. 753.—Ger. 844. 1 and 2.—H. ox. ii. 19. row 1. 1. f. 1, feem to be garden varicties.)

When growing in woods the fegments of the empalement cut at the point. REICH.—Leafits oval-spear-scaled, acutely ferrated. Mr. WOODWARD.—Wires long, slender, smooth, often tinged with purple. Leaf-stalks woolly. Leaves, leasts 3, egg-scaled, ferrated. Fruit-scales with 2 or more flowers. Tips falling off, nearly heart-scaled. Bloss white. Fruit red. WITH.

Wood Straw-berry.

The berries, either eaten alone, or with fugar, or with milk, are univerfally efteemed a most delicious fruit. They are grateful, cooling, fub-acid, juicy, and have a delightful fmell. Taken in large quantities they feldom difagree. They promote perfpiration, impart a violet fcent to the urine, and diffolve the tartarous incrustations upon the teeth. People afflicted with the gout or ftone have found great relief by using them largely; and Hoffman fays, he has known confumptive people cured by them. The bark of the root is aftringent.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Horfes and Swine refuie it.

The *Licada Spumaria* (Cuckow-fpit) is very frequently found upon the leaves, and the *Coccus Polonicus* upon the roots.

β. Huus. Fruit harfh, rough, and prickly, greenifh, with fome fnew of rednefs. Bloffoms greenifh. GER. em.

Hyde Park; Hampftead Wood. MERRET.

y. Huns. Fruit of the fize of a fmall plumb.

8. Fruit white. Huds. WITH.

barren FRAGA'RIA *fter'ilis*. Stem drooping. Flowering branches limber.—

Curt. iii. 29.—Vaill. 10. 1 — Lob. ic. i. 698, repr. in Ger. em. 998, and cop. in Pet. 40. 8 — J. B. ii. 395.—H. ox. ii. 19. 5.

Suckers thick, depressed, covered with spear-shaped props of the colour of rusty iron. Leaves growing by threes, inversely egg-schaped, ferrated, flexible, hairy, white underneath. Leas-stalks very hairy. Flowering-stems thread-shaped, with a few small leaves. Flowers solitary, white, on fruit-stalks. LINN.—It has the leaves of a Fragaria, but in its fructification it has a greater affinity with

Poten-

Potentilla, between which genera it forms the connecting link. CURT.—Branches trailing, never creeping. Leaves oval, bluntly ferrated. Mr. WOODWARD.

Barren pastures, heaths, and hedges.

P. Apr. May.

POTEN-

690. POTENTIL'LA. Cinquefoil.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; fomewhat flat; with 10 fhallow clefts; fegments alternately fmaller; reflected.

- BLOSS. Petals 5; roundifh, (or heart-fhaped, WITH.) expanding; fixed by claws to the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 20; awl-fhaped; fhorter than the petals; fixed to the cup. Tips in the fhape of a long crefcent.
- POINT. Seed-buds numerous; very fmall; forming a knob. Shafts thread-fhaped; as long as the chives; from the fides of the feed-buds. Summits blunt,
- S. VESS. none. Receptacle of the feeds roundifh; dry; very fmall; permanent; covered with feeds; inclosed in the cup.

SEEDS numerous; tapering.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. clefts 10. Petals 5. Sceds roundifh; naked; fixed to a fmall juicelefs receptacle.

, * Leaves winged.

POTENTIL'LA frutico'fa. Leaves winged. Stem fhrubly fhrubby.-

Walc.—H. ox. ii. 23. row 3. f. 3d.—R. cat. ed. ii. at p. 228, cop. in Pet. 41. 8.—Amman. 17 and 18. 1.

Whole plant fet with fine filvery hairs. Stems reddifh. Leafts ftrap-fpear-fhaped, turned back at the edges, dark green above, pale underneath. Leaves hardly to be called winged, confifting of 2 pairs fet crofs-wife, rifing from the fame point, with a terminating one divided down to the bafe into 3 open fegments. Blofs. yellow. WITH.

On the fouth banks of the Tees below Thorpe, and Eggleston-Abbey, and also near Greta Bridge and Mickle Force Teesdale, Yorkshire. S. June.

The beautiful appearance of its numerous flowers has gained it admittance into gardens. Befoms are made of it.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Swine refufe it.

Silver-weed

POTENTIL'LA Anseri'na. Leaves winged, ferrated. Stem creeping. Fruit-ftalks with 1 flower.—

Curt. iii. 34.—Fl. dan. 544.—Matth. 1016, cop. in Dod. 600. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 693. 1, obf. 395. 1, Ger. em. 993, cop. in Park. 593, imitated in Ger. 841, and abridged in Pet. 41. 11.— Fuchf. 619, cop. in J. B. ii. 393. h, and cop. in H. ox. ii. 20. row 2. 4.—Trag. 430, imitated in Lonic. i. 240. 2.—Blackw. 6.

Wires leafy. Leafits 10 to 12 pair, the intermediate ones longeft. Fruit-flaks naked. Bloffoms yellow. RELH.—Empal. clefts fometimes 10; the lower ones cut. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—With long creeping wires. Leaves filvery and white underneath; leafits curioufly folding themfelves up. Receptacle hairy. WITH.

Silver-weed. Wild Tanfey. Goofe-grafs. Goofe Tanfey.

Sides of paths and roads, and in low paftures, especially where water has flood during winter. P. June. July.

The leaves are mildly aftringent. Dried and powdered they are given with fuccefs in agues. The ufual dofe is a meat fpoonful of the powder every 3 hours between the fits. The roots in the winter time eat like parfneps. Swine are fond of them.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Swine eat it. Sheep refufe it.

rcck POTENTIL'LA rupeſ'tris. Leaves winged, alternate. Leafits 5, egg-fhaped, fcolloped. Stem upright. LINN.—Leaves winged and 3-fingered. Wires none. MURR. ST.

> Jacq. auftr. ii. 114.—Cluf. ii. 107. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 991, and cop. in Park. 397. 7, and Pet. 41. 6.—J. B. ii. 598. d. 2.—H. ox. ii. 20. rcw 1. 1.

Leafits 5, 7, and 9. Bloffoms white. GOUAN.-Whole plant hairy. Stem forked above. Leaves, ferratures, and fegments of the empalement, tipped with fearlet or purple. WITH.

On the fides of Craig Wreidhin, Montgomeryfhire. P. July. Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

** Leaves fingered.

Tormentil

POTENTIL'LA *argen'tea*. Leafits 5, wedge-fhaped, jagged, downy underneath. Stem upright.—

Ger. 838.7, cop. in Ger. em. 988.7, and Pet. 41. 5.—Fl. dan. 865, points of the leaves too fharp.—Matth. 1020.—J. B. ii. 398. c. 1.—H. ox. ii. 19. 11.—(Fuchf. 625, feems a different species.)

. Meadows and pastures in a gravelly foil. [Side of the turnpike road in the parish of Holt Castle, Worcestershire. Mr. BALLARD.]

P. June. Goats

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Goats and Swine cat it. Sheep, Horfes, and Cows refufe it.

POTENTIL'LA *dpa'ca*. Root-leaves 5-fingered, *hairy* wedge-fhaped, ferrated. Stem-leaves nearly oppofite. Branches thread-like, drooping.—

Cluf. ii. 106. 3, repr. in Ger. em. 939. 9, and cop. in Park. 3'99. 4, 7. B. ii. 398. a. 2, and Pet. 41. 4.

Root black, fibrous, with a number of black fibres furrounded with the rudiments of leaves proceeding from the head. Stems many, a fpan high, thread-like, green, with long fcattered foft hairs. Leafts fometimes 7, and fometimes, though more rarely 9, dented at the end, deeply ferrated throughout their whole length, the outer gradually finaller, green, not gloffy, but fprinkled, efpecially underneath, with white toft hairs. Fruit-flatks feveral, as long as one's finger, woolly. Floral-leaves broad, cloven, oppofite, fitting, often confifting of 3 leafts running into 1. Fetals nicked, yellow. Pointals hairy. Like the P. vcrna, but the flems green, more woolly, and more hair-like; root-leaves with 7 leafts, more woolly, larger, and the root black. LINN.

Pastures near Kippax, 3 miles from Pontefract. RAY. HUDS. P. June. July.

I have the best authority for believing, that the plant, inferted by Mr. Hudson in the Fl. angl. under this name, is no other than *P. verna*. CORT. bot. excurs.

POTENTIL'LA ver'na. Root-leaves 5-fingered, *fpring* fharply ferrated, dented at the end. Stem-leaves 3-fingered. Stem reclining.—

Cluf. ii. 106. 2,* repr. in Ger. em. 938. 8, and cop. in J. B. ii. 398. a. 1.—Crantz. ii. 1. 1, foliage.—Ger. 833. 8.

Root below cloathed with broad rufty-coloured fcales, but throwing out feveral ftems from its head. Stems not creeping, afcending, purplifh, very much branched, thread-like, fcarce perceptibly fprinkled with hairs, with many flowers. Leaf-fcales entire, broad, pointed, growing to the leaf-ftalk. Leaf-ftalks long, fomewhat hairy. Leafts fitting, naked, deeply ferrated towards the end, with the ferratures fomewhat hairy; the uppermoft with fhorter ferratures, and, as it were, dented at the end; the lateral ones fhorter, broader, and often cloven. Flcral-leaves broader than the leaf-fcales, with often 3 fitting leafits. I ruit-ftalks folitary,

* None of the leaves with 5 leafits, though deferibed as fuch by Clufius. LIGHTE, ST.

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Nn

long,

ICOSANDRIA POLYGYNIA.

long, fomewhat hairy. Fetals yellow, nicked, with fometimes a tawny fpot at the bafe, fometimes without. Chives and pointals yellow. Flant when grown to maturity becomes nearly fmooth. LINN.—Whole plant befet with foft, fhining, filky hairs. Rootleaves roundifh, on long leaf-ftalks; leafits wedge-fhaped, fitting, ferrated, and truly dented at the top, entire downwards, the upper one the largeft. Stems numerous. Stem-leaves with 3 clefts. Leaf-fcales in pairs, fpcar-fhaped, embracing the ftem. Fruit-ftalks terminating, and from the bofom of the leaves, long, flender, each with 1 flower. Flower-fcales fpear-fhaped. Empal. fegments not very unequal. half as long as the bloffom. Petals inverfelyheart-fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD.—Petals uniformly yellow, or fometimes orange-coloured at the bafe. LIGHTF.

Rocky mountainous pastures, and barren meadows. Near Preston, Gigglefwick, Yorkshire, Gloggaeth, Caernarvonshire. PENN.—Top of Creg-chaillech, near Finlarig, Breadalbane. [King's Park, Edinburgh, on the fouth west fide of Arthur's Seat. HOPE. LIGHTE.—And Salisbury Craggs. ST.—Near Carr End Wensleydale, Yorkshire. CURT.—Canham Heath, near Bury, Suffolk. Mr. WOODW.] P. [Apr. ST.] May. June. Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

e POTENTIL'LA alba. Leaves 5-fingered, ferrated at the end; points of the ferratures approaching to the margin. Stems thread-like, trailing. Receptacles hairy.—

Jacq. auftr. 115.—Cluf. ii. 105. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 989. 10, and cop. in Fark. 396. 2, and J. B. ii. 398. e. 2.—Trag. 507, cop. in Ger. 839.—Fuchf. 623, cop. in J. B. ii. 398. e. 1.

Leafts entire, except towards the end; ferratures 5 to 7, flightly downy above, underneath paler and more downy, with the veins and edges white with a filky down. Leaf-flalks downy. Fruit-flalks long, flender, downy, with I flower. Flower-feales fpear-fhaped, 2 to each fruit-flalk, Emplement downy. Fetals white, inverfely heart-fhaped, as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD. In Wales. P. July. Aug.

common

POTENTIL'LA *rep'tans*. Leaves 5-fingered. Stem creeping. Fruit-stalks with 1 flower.—

Ludw. 116.—Curt. i. 5.—Walc.—Lonic. i. 216. 2.—Fuchf. 624, cop. in J. B. ii. 397, and Lonic. i. 216. 1.—Blackw. 454.— Math. 1018, imitated in Ger. 836. 1, and alfo in Dod. 116. 1; which repr. in Lob. ic. 695. 1, cbf. 393. 3, Ger. 6m. 987. 1, and cop. in Pet. 41. 3.—Park. 399. 1.—H. ox. ii. 19. 7.—(Fl. dan. 589, is Tormentilla crecta.) Stem

Stem and fruit-flaks cylindrical. Leaves, fegments ending in purplifh points; leafits fometimes 3. Flower-fcales fpear-egg-fhaped, in pairs. WITH.

Cinquefoil. Five-leaved-grass.

Meadows, pastures, and road fides.

P. June.-Sept.

The red cortical part of the root is mildly aftringent and antifeptic. A decoction of it is a good gargle for loofe teeth and fpongy gums.—Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

B. Petals 4 and 5 in the fame plant. Hups.

Tormentilla reptans, which fee.

7. Huds. Leaves 3-fingered. PLUK.

*** Leaves 3-fingered.

POTENTIL'LA Tormentil'la. Leaves 3-fingered. Tormentil Empalement with 8 clefts. Petals 4. Sr.*

Ludw. 174.—Blackw. 445.—Fl. dan. 589, as it appears when the first shoots have been bitten down in the spring.—Park. 394. 1.— Fuchs. 260, cop. in J. B. ii. 398. g. 2.—Sheldr. 47.—Trag. 503.—Matth. 947, imitated in Dod. 118, which repr. in Lob. obs. 395. 2, ic. 696. 2, Ger. em. 992, and cop. in H. ex. ii. 19. 13, and Pet. 41.9; and imitated again in Ger. 840.

Shafts (in Lapland) generally 8, often 16, and fometimes 4. LINN.—Stems generally declining. Flowering branches afcending. Leaf-fcales in pairs, wedge-fhaped, deeply divided into 3 or more lobes. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem (moft frequently) trailing, and at length afcending. Leaves of a beautiful green. Root-leaves on leaf-ftalks; leaf-ftalks fhorter than the breadth of the leafits; leafits ferrated. Empal. the 4 fmaller fegments on the outfide of the other 4. Petals fometimes 5, of a fine yellow, with an orange-coloured blotch at the bafe; claws very fhort. Chives 14 to 18. Pointals 6 to 16. Receptacle woolly. WITH.

Potentilla. Tormentilla erecta. SCOP.—P. fylvestris. NECKAR. Tormentil. Septfoil.

Moors, barren pastures, and shady places.

P. June.—Aug. [Sept. W1TH.] The roots may rank with the ftrongeft vegetable aitringents, and as fuch have a place in the modern practice of phyfic. They are ufed in feveral countries to tan leather. Farmers find them very efficacious in the dyfenteries of cattle. They dye red.

Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Horfes refuse it. LINN. A Horfe eat it. ST.

* Foliis ternatis, calyce octofido, corollis tetrapetalis. Sr.

Nn2

691. TOR'-

535

ICOSANDRIA POLYGYNIA.

691. TORMENTIL'LA. Tormentil.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; flat; with 8 clefts; every other fegment fmaller and fharper.
- BLOSS. Petals 4; inverfely heart-fhaped; flat; expanding; fixed by claws to the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 16; awl-fhaped; half as long as the petals; fixed to the cup. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-buds 8; fmail; approaching fo as to form a knob. Shafts thread-fhaped; as long as the chives; fixed to the fides of the feed-buds. Summits blunt.
- S. VESS. none. *Receptacle of the feeds* very fmall; loaded with feeds, and inclofed by the cup.
- SEEDS 8; oblong; taper; but ending in a blunt point. Ess. CHAR. Empal. clefts 8. Petals 4. Seeds round; -bare; fixed to a fmall juiceles receptacle.

OBS. Tormentilla differs from Potentilla only in the number of parts. They might therefore bevery properly united into one genus.

common

on TORMENTIL'LA erec'ta. Stem nearly upright. Leaves fitting.—

Potentilla Tormentilla, which fee, β .-CURT. cat. T. reptans, which fee.

creeping TORMENTIL'LA rep'tans. Stem creeping. Leaves on leaf-stalks.—

Walc .- Pet. 41. 10.

Petals frequently 5. LIGHTF. WITH.—and fegments of the empalement 10. WITH.—Flowers with 5 and 4 petals on the fame plant. HUDS.—All the leaves on leaf-ftalks. Leafits 3, wedgefhaped, generally on fhort leaf-ftalks, ferrated upwards, entire at the bafe; the upper frequently with 3 clefts. Leaf-fcales fpearfhaped, entire, with 2 or 3 clefts. Mr. WOODWARD.

Potentilla reptans. g. HUDS.

Potentilla reptans, when planted in a garden, frequently varieswith 4 and 5 petals. This, I conjecture, has induced Mr. Hudfon to make it a variety of *P. reptans*. If a variety of any thing it muft be of *Tormentilla erecta*, but I believe it to be a diffinct fpecies. Mr. WOODW.—It appears to me to be an intermediate fpecies, connecting the *Potentilla reptans*, and *Tormentilla erecta*. ST.

Woods and fandy barren pastures. [Lahenham, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE. Berkhamstead, Herts. Mr. WOODW.] P. June. July.

692. GE'UM.

692. GE'UM. Bennet.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 10 clefts; nearly upright; fegments alternately very fmall and fharp.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; rounded; claws narrow; as long as the cup; fixed to the cup,
- CHIVES. Threads numerous; awl-fhaped; as long as the cup; fixed to the cup. Tips (hort; rather broad; blunt.
- POINT. Seed-buds numerous; forming a knob. Shafts long; hairy; from the fides of the feed-buds. Summits fimple.
- S. VESS. none. Receptacle of the feed oblong; hairy; ftanding upon the reflected cup.
- SEEDS numerous; compreffed; covered with ftrong hairs, and armed with a long and jointed awn formed of the fhaft.
 - Ess. CHAR. Empal. clefts 10. Petals 5. Sceds with a jointed awn.

GE'UM urba'num. Flowers upright. Fruit globular, common woolly. Awns hooked, bare. Leaves lyre-fhaped .--

Ludw. 36 .- Curt. ii. 19. -Blackw. 253.-Walc .- 11. dan. 672. -Fuchf. 384.-Pet. 40. 1.-Cer. 842. 1.-Matth. 984, cop. in Cluf. ii. 202. 2, repr. in Ded. 137. 1, Lob. ic. 693. 2, obf. 396. 2, Ger. em. 994. 1, and cop. in Fark. 136. 1, and A. ox. iv. 26. row 2. 1 and 2. - (7. B. ii. 398. l. is Anemone Hepatica.)

Leaf-scales toothed. LINN .- Stein formewhat angular. Leaves winged, hairy, with 2 pair of leafits; the lower pair circular, jagged and toothed, unequal; the upper pair egg-fpear-fhaped, jagged and toothed; and an odd one larger than the reft, frequently cloven into 3 fegments. The 1ft pair Linnæus confiders as props. Petals yellow; claws very fhort. Threads about half as long as the larger fegments of the empalement. Tips finooth. Seed-buds hairy. Shaft fmooth, purple, fixed to the top of the feed-bud, with a double flexure towards the end, the part above the flexure expanding. WITH.

Common Avens. Herb Bennet .- Woods and hedges. P. June. Aug. The roots, gathered in the fpring, before the ftem grows up, and put into ale, give it a pleafant flavour, and prevent its going four. Infufed in wine it is a good ftomachic. Its tafte is mildly auftere and aromatic, efpecially when it grows in warm dry fituations; but, in fhady moift places, it has little virtue.

Cows,

. 538

Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Horfes are not fond of it.

large flowered

e. Hubs .- Fuch .. 385, cop. in Trag. 37.

Tedford Wood in the Welds, Lincolnshire, and in Cambridgeshire. RAY.

water

GE'UM riva'le. Flowers nodding. Fruit oblong. Awns feathered, twifted .--

Fl. dan. 722 .- Lob. ic. i. 694 .- Cluf. ii. 203. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 995. 4, and cop. in Pet 40. 3, and H. ox. iv. 26. 7 .- 7. B. ii. 398. 1. 2.

Awns hairy. LINN .- Upper-leaves with 3 or 4 lobes. Leaf-fcales undivided, or jagged. Fruit-stalks purplish, becoming less bent when the feeds ripen. Empalement oblong, lopped at the bale, greenish purple, cloven half way down; fegments flightly bent outwards, nearly wedge-fhaped, flightly nicked at the end, as long as the empalement, streaked, of a dilute deadish red. Threads nearly as long as the bloffom, crooked at the top. Tips double. Seed-veffel, receptacle of the feeds on a fruit-stalk. Awns reddish purple. WITH.

Varies with double and proliferous flowers. RELHAN. Water Avens.

Moiftish mountainous pastures about Settle, and Ingleton in Yorkshire. RAY. CURT .- And about Snowdon. [Sides of rivers and mountains in the North, common. Mr. Wood .- Near Norwich. Mr. PITCHFORD .- Marham, near Swaffham, Mr. WOODWARD .- Water of Leith, near Edinburgh. ST.]

P. June. July.

The powdered root will cure tertian agues, and is daily ufed for that purpose by the Canadians.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine are not fond of it. LINN.

It is made use of to cure ropy malt liquor. Sr.

Egg. DRR'AS.

693. DRY'AS. Avens.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 or 8 divisions; segment: expanding; ftrap-fhaped; blunt; equal; fomewhat fhorter than the bloffom.

BLOSS. Petals 8 or 5; oblong; nicked; expanding; fixed to the cup.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; hair-like; fhort; fixed to the cup. Tips fmall.

POINT. Seed-buds many; fmall; crowded together. Shafts hair-like; from the fides of the feed-buds. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. none.

SEEDS numerous; roundifh; compressed; retaining the fhafts; which grow very long and woolly.

ESS. CHAR. Empal. clefts 5 or 10. Petals 5 to 8. Seeds with tails; hairy.

DRY'AS octopet'ala. Petals 8. Leaves fimple .- mountain Penn. hebr. 33. at p. 285.-Fl. dan. 31.-Cluf. i. 351. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 659. 6 .- Ger. 533. 4, in feed .- Lob. adv. 209, repr. in ic. i. 495. 1, foliage .- Gifek. iii. 66 .- Lob. obf. 260. 2, repr. in ic. 495. 2, and cop. in Park. 106. 1, in feed, leaves pointed. - (7. B. iii. 290. 1, is Salvia pratenfis.)

Leaves very blunt, and almost nicked. Root-leaves egg-shaped, bent back at the edge, perennial, white underneath. Stalk bare, with I flower. Bloffoms flat, falling off, of a fnowy white. Seeds oblong. LINN .- Leaves oval, between fcolloped and notched; ferratures blunt, deep. Leaf-stalks, each fixed to the end of a leafscale. Leaf-scales inversely halberd-shaped, embracing the stem. Fruit-flalks naked. Mr. WOODWARD .- The structure of the leaf-Jcales render this genus the connecting link between Rola, and the rest of the Senticofa. ST.

High mountains. On those between Gort and Galloway, and near Sligo, in Ireland; and on those on Breadalbane, Isle of Skye, Rofsshire; Sutherland, and Argylesh. RAY. and Meffrs. STUART and LIGHTF .- On Arncliff Clowder in Littendale, near Kilnfay, Yorkshire. CURT .- [Near Settle, Yorksh. Dr. FELL.] P. June.

A delicate evergreen plant, and, with its fnow-white blotfoms, is a beautiful ornament to our alpine heights.

Neither Cows, Horfes, Sheep, Goats, or Swine will eat it. LINN.

Nn4

694. CO'MARUM.

694. CO'MARUM. Marshlocks.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 10 fhallow clefts; coloured; fegments alternately fimaller, and placed under the others; permanent.
- BLOSS. *Petals* 5; oblong; tapering; 3 times fmaller than the cup, to which they are fixed.
- CHIVES. Threads 20; awl-fhaped; fixed to the cup; as long as the bloffom; permanent. Tips in the fhape of a crefcent; deciduous.
- POINT. Seed-buds numerous; roundifh; very fmall; forming a knob. Shafts fimple; fhort; fixed to the fides of the feed-buds. Summits fimple.
- S. VESS. none. Receptacle of the feeds fhaped like a double purfe; flefhy; large, permanent.

SEEDS numerous; taper; covering the receptacle.

ESS. CHAR. Empal. clefts 10. Petals 5; *fmaller than the empalement*. Receptacle of the feeds egg-fhaped; fpongy; permanent.

purple

CO'MARUM palus'tre. --

Fl. dan. 636.—Ger. 836. 4.—J. B. ii. 398. c. 2.—Dod. 117. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. 691. 1, Ger. em. 987. 4.

Stems cylindrical, branched. Leaves alternate, on leaf-stalks, winged. Leafits 5, oblong, ferrated, pale beneath, Lower leafstalks embracing the stem; the upper with winged leaf-scales growing to them. Flowers in panicles. Floral-leaves spear-shaped. Empal. every other fegment very narrow and very fhort. Seeds egg-fhaped. LYONS .- Leaves above flightly hairy, underneath downy; leaf-ftalks downy; lower-leaves on long leaf-ftalks; leafits 5 or 7, on fhort leaf-stalks, the odd one the largest, and the lower pair smallest, oval, deeply and fharply ferrated; leaf-ftalks with broad leaf-fcales bluntly ipear-fhaped, embracing the ftem. Upper-leaves on fhort leaf-stalks, with oval-spear-shaped leaf-scales; leafits 5 or 3; others fimple with spear-shaped leaf-scales. Fruit-stalks numerous, each with a fingle flower. Floral-leaves fpear-shaped, small, a pair to each fruit-stalk. Empalement and petals dark purple, pointed. Chives, Shafts, and receptacle black. Mr. Woovw .- Stems cylindrical, upright, a little hairy. Leaf-stalks at the bottom spreading out into a fheath. Leafits spear-shaped, deeply serrated. Empal. the 5 upper fegments fpear-Ihaped, pointed, coloured on the infide; the other 5 fpatula-fhaped, very fmall, fometimes cloven. Petals

Petals fpcar-fhaped, fharp-pointed, marone-coloured. Chives 20 to 30, mulberry-coloured. Tips heart-fhaped. Duft yellow. Shafts marone-coloured. Summits with fometimes a drop of transparent liquor. Receptacle conical, a little woolly. WITH.

Marsh Cinquefoil.

Muddy putrid marshes. [Giggleswick Tarn, near Settle. CURT. -Norfolk, not unfrequent. Mr. WOODWARD.-Boggy places, near Bromfgrove Lickey, Worcestershire. NASH.]

The root dyes a dirty red. The Irifh rub their milking-pails with it, and it makes the milk appear thicker and richer.

Goats eat it. Cows and Sheep are not fond of it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

 β . Differs only in the leaves being hairy, which hairines also it loss in the following year. LINN.

Pluk. 212. 2, cop. in Pet. 41. 2.

Class

Class XIII.

POLYANDRIA.

MANY CHIVES.

IN this Clafs the Chives are numerous, and ftand upon the RECEPTACLE; whereas, in the preceding Clafs they are placed upon the *Sides* of the CUP, or upon the PETALS. A regard to this circumftance of the *Situation*, is of more importance than an attention to the *Number* of the chives.

Order

Most of the plants of this Class are poisonous.

542

Order I.

MONOGYNIA; I. POINTAL.

*	* Petals 4.
704. PAPA'VER	Cup 2 leaves. Capfule 1 cell; crowned.
703. CHELIDO'NIUM. 700. Actæ'a.	Cup 2 leaves. Seed-veffel a Pod. Cup 4 leaves. Berry 1 cell. Seeds in a double row.

- ** Petals 5.		
728. C15'TUS Ca	upfule nearly globular. Cup 5	
	leaves; 2 smaller than the reft.	
717. TIL'IA Co	apf. 5 cells; like leather. Seed	
	1. Cup deciduous.	
+ Delphinium Confolida.		

*** Petals many. 709. NYMPHE'A. Berry many cells; outer coat like bark. Cup large.

Order II.

DIGYNIA; II. POINTALS.

+ Poterium fanguiforba.

Order III.

TRIGYNIA; III. POINTALS.

736. DELPHIN'IUM..... Cup o. Blofs. 5 petals; upper petal horned-fhaped. Honcy-cup cloven; fitting.
 + Chelidonium hybridum. Refeda Luteola.

Order IV.

TETRAGYNIA; IV. POINTALS.

+ Myriophyllum verticillatum. RETZ. fl.

Order V.

PENTAGYNIA; V. POINTALS.

741. AQUILE'GIA. Cup o. Bloss. 5 petals. Honey-cups 5; horned in the lower part. † Papaver cambricum.

Order VI.

HEXAGYNIA; VI. POINTALS.

744. STRATIO'TES. Cup with 3 divisions. Bloss. 3 petals. Berry with 6 cells in a fheath.

+ Papaver cambricum.

Order VII.

POLYGYNIA; MANY POINTALS.

754.	CLE'MATIS	Cup o. Bloss. 4 petals. Seeds many;
755.	THALIC'TRUM	with awns. Cup o. Bloss. 4 or 5 petals. Seeds
		many; without awns; naked.

760. HELLEB'ORUS.

MANY CHIVES.

60. Halleb'orus.	Cup o. Bloss. 5 petals; perma- nent. Honey-cups many. Capf. many feeds.
61. CAL'THA	Cup o. Bloss. 5 petals. Capsules many. Homey-cups o.
51. ANEMO'NE	Cup o. Bloss. 6 petals. Seeds many.
58. TROL'LIUS	Cup o. Bloss. 14 petals. Honey- cups narrow. Caps. 1 feed.
56. RANUN'CULUS	Cup 5 or 3 leaves. Bloss. 5 (or 8, WITH.) petals. Seeds many. Petals with a honey-cup in the claw.
Fica'ria. (Huds.)	Cup 3 leaves. Bloss. about 8 pe- tals, each with a honey-cup in its claw. Seeds naked.
55. Ado'nis	Cup 5 leaves. Bloss. 5 or 10 petals. Seeds many; angular; covered with a thick fkin.
+ Nymphæa alb	a. Papaver fomniferum.

545

Order

Order I.

MONOGYNIA; I. POINTAL.

700. ACTÆ'A. Bane-berry.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; circular; blunt; concave; fhedding.

BLOSS. Petals 4; tapering each way; larger than the cup; fhedding.

CHIVES. Threads about 30; hair-like; broader towards the top. Tips roundifh; double; upright.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft none. Summit thickifh; obliquely depreffed.

S. VESS. Berry oval-globular; fmooth; with 1 furrow, and 1 cell.

SEEDS many; femi-circular; lopped on the inner fide; ftanding in a double row.

ESS. CHAR. Petals 4. Empal. leaves 4. Berry, cell 1. Seeds femi-circular.

fpiked ACTÆ'A fpica'ta. Bunch egg-fhaped. Berries juicy.—

Blackw. 565.—Il. dan. 498.—Cluf. ii. 86. 2, repr. in Dod. 402. 1, Lob. obf. 389. 1, ic. i. 682. 1, Ger. em. 979, and cop. in Park. 379. 1.—Ger. 829.—H. ox. i. 2. 8.—J. B. iii. 660. 1.

Petals rhomb-fhaped, flat, membranaceous. LINN — Leafits ovalfpear-fhaped, cut-ferrated, fmooth, deep green; the terminating one with 3 lobes. Mr. WOODW.—Stem flender, jointed, fcored. Eloffoms white. Berries black. WITH.

Herb Christopher. Bane-berries.

Woods and fhady places. Near Malham Cove, and in a wood near Clapham, Yorkfhire. [Whitfell Gill, or Arthur's Fofs, near Afkrig, Yorkfh. CURT.—On Ingleborough. Mr. Woodw. —And in the fiffures of the very curious natural pavement of limeflone at the foot of it. ST.—About Thorp Arch, and in Wenfley Dale, near Afkrig, Yorkfhire. Mr. Wood.] P. May. June.

The plant is a powerful repellent. The root is ufeful in fome nervous cofes, but it must be administered with caution. The berries are poifonous in a very high degree. It is faid that toads, allured

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MANY CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

allured by the fætid finell of this plant, refort to it; but it grows in fhady places, and toads are fond of damp and fhady fituations. Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine refufe it.

703. CHELIDO'NIUM. Celandine.

- EMPAL. Cup roundifh; leaves 2; fomewhat egg-fhaped; concave; blunt; fhedding.
- BLOSS. Petals 4; circular; flat; expanding; large; narrow at the bafe.
- CHIVES. Threads about 30; flat; broader upwards; fhorter than the bloffom. Tips oblong; compreffed; blunt; upright; double.
- POINT. Seed-bud cylindrical; as long as the chives. Shaft none. Summit a knob; cloven.

S. VESS. Pod cylindrical; generally with 2 valves.

- SEEDS many; egg-fhaped; fhining; adhering to the little ftalk that connects them with the receptacle. *Receptacle* narrow; fituated between the feams of the valves, and applied clofe to the feams through their whole length; continuing entire.
 - Ess. CHAR. Petals 4. Empal. leaves 2. Pod flrap-fhaped; cell 1.

OES. The feed-veffel of the 2d fpecies is a pod like 2 capfules; that of the 3d fpecies is a pod with 3 valves.

CHELIDO'NIUM ma'jus. Fruit-stalks forming common rundles.—

Ludw. 132.—Fl. dan. 542.—Blackw. 91.—Mill. 92. 1.—Walc.— Fuchf. 865, cop. in J. B. iii. 482, and abridged in Trag. 107. —Ger. 911.—Cluf. ii. 203. 1, repr. in Dod. 48, Lob. obf. 440. 1, ic. i. 760. 2, Ger. em. 1069. 1, and cop. in Park. 617. 1.— Lonic. i. 165. 3.—Matth. 628.—H. cx. iii. 2. row 1. 2.

Juice of the plant and blofs. faffron-coloured, crofs-fhaped, in which, as alfo in its pod, it refembles the plants of the clafs Tetradynamia. RELHAN.—Stems and fruit-ftaiks cylindrical, a little hairy. Leaves winged; fegments nearly circular, fcolloped. Seed-bud nearly cylindrical. Summit cylindrical, flightly cloven. Threads fometimes not more than 20. Seed-veffel cylindrical, but compreffed. WITH.

Greater Celandine.

Hedges, rough fhady places, on rubbifh, and uncultivated ground. P. May.—July. The 547

POLYANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

The juice of every part of this plant is very acrimonious. It cures tetters and ringworms. Diluted with milk it confumes white opake fpots upon the eyes. It deftroys warts and cures the itch. There is no doubt but a medicine of fuch activity will one day be converted to more important purpofes.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine refule it. 8. laciniatum.

jagged

Il. dan. 676.—*Mill.* 92. 2.—*J. B. iii.* 483.—*Cluf. ii.* 203, repr. in Ger. em. 1069. 2, and cop. in Park. 617. 2.

C. laciniatum. Leaves with 5 lobes. Lobes narrow, fharply jagged. MILL.—who during the cultivation of it for upwards of 30 years could never perceive any alteration in it. ST.

Among the ruins of the Duke of Leeds's feat at Wimbleton.

fea CHELIDO'NIUM Glau'cium. Fruit-ftalks with I flower. Leaves embracing the ftem, indented. Stem fmooth.—

> Fl. dan. 585.—Fuchf. 520, cop. in J. B. iii. 398.—Trag. 123.— Cluf. ii. 91. 1, repr. in Pod. 448, Lob. obf. 141. 1, ic. i. 270. 2, Ger. em. 367. 1, and cop. in Ger. 294. 1, and Pet. 52. 7.— Matth. 1061, but the flems rough.—Lonic. 1. 82.—H. ox. iii. 14. 1. f. 1.—Park. 262. 1 and 2.

Plant fea-green. Leaves roughifh; root-leaves with winged clefts; thofe of the ftem only lobed. Bloffems yellow. Pods rough, feparated by a partition into cells. LINN. — Stem much branched. Root-leaves waved, wing-cleft, and varioufly lobed and indented; wings gradually larger upwards; hairy on both fides. Stem-leaves embracing the ftem, deeply indented, rough above, fmooth beneath. Eranches forked. Fruit-flatks thick, flightly hairy, with t or 2 flowers. Empalement large, oval, hairy. Petals large, eggfhaped, yellow. Fods very long, bent in various directions, terminated by an arrow-fhaped fummit. Mr. Woodward.

Yellow Horned Poppy.

Sandy fea fhores. [Norfolk and Suffolk coaft, particularly about Dunwich; and Cartmel Sands and Roofebeck, Lancafhire. Mr. WOODWARD.—Ifle of Wight. ST.] A. July. Aug.

red

CHELIDO'NIUM cornicula'tum. Fruit-ftalks with I flower. Leaves fitting, wing-cleft. Stem rough with hairs.--

Cluf. ii. 91. 1, refr. in Dod. 449. 1, Lob. obf. 141. 2, ic. i. 271. 1, Ger. em. 367. 2.—Ger. 294. 2.—7. B. iii. 399. 1.

Plant green. All the leaves wing-cleft. I lowers reddifh yellow. LINN.-Plant fea-green. Root 'Ipindle-fhaped. Root-leaves in a circle.

MANY CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

circle, on fhort leaf-ftalks; wings alternate, indented at the ends, the upper ones largeft, the terminating ones broad, blunt, with 3 or 4 indentures, hairy. Stem flightly hairy, furrowed, forked, branched. Stem-leaves half embracing the ftem, alternate. Fruitflalks terminating, and from the bofom of the upper-leaves, flightly hairy, with fometimes 1 or 2 leaves, fimilar to those of the ftem, but fmaller. Empalement oval. Petals oval, deep orange, veined, with an elliptical purplifh fpot at the base of each. Capfule very long, nearly ftraight, terminated by a blunt knob, very hairy. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sandy corn fields, Norfolk, difcovered by Mr. Stillingfleet. A. July. Aug.

CHELIDO'NIUM hybridum. Fruit-ftalks with violet 1 flower. Leaves wing-cleft, ftrap-fhaped. Stem fmooth. Pods with 3 valves.—

Cluf. ii. 92. 2, repr. in Dod. 449. 2, Lob. 141. 3, ic. 272. 1, Ger. em. 367. 4, cop. in Park. 262. 3, J. B. iii. 399. 2, Pet. 52. 8, and H. ox. iii. 14. 2. f. 2, with the addition of a pod.

Summits 3. Pods with 3 furrows. Was it not originally produced by the duft of a fpecies of Chelidonium impregnating the feed-buds of Papaver Argemone? LINN.—Root fpindle-fhaped. Stem upright, a foot high, branched, cylindrical, fmoothifh, having a few expanded briftles. Leaves with many clefts, fmooth, fegments toothed, pointed, very much like thofe of Papaver hybridum. Fruitflaks terminating, cylindrical. Empalement hairy. Petals violetcoloured. Tips double, pale blue. Capfule 2 inches long, fomewhat crooked, rough with a few hairs. Summit with 3 rays. LYONS. —Petals very foon fhedding. RELH.—Root fpindle-fhaped, flender. Root-leaves on leaf-ftalks. Stem-leaves fitting, fimply or doubly winged; divifions ftrap-fhaped, nearly equal, finooth. Stem flightly hairy. Fruit-ftalks fmooth. Empalement oval, flightly hairy. Petals egg-fhaped, deep purple. Pods long, fmooth, terminated with a roundifh knob. Mr. WOODWARD.

Papaver caule ramoso, Sc. Hort. upf. 136. n. 2. y. (Sr.)

Sandy corn fields. Between Swaffham and Burwell, Cambridgefhire. RAY. RELHAN. A. July. Aug.

Vol. II.

00

704. PAPA'VER.

549

POLYANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

704. PAPA'VER. Poppy.

- EMPAL. Cup egg-fhaped; nicked at the end, leaves 2; fomewhat egg-fhaped; concave; blunt; fhedding.
- BLOSS. Petals 4; circular; flat; expanding; large; narroweft at the bafe; alternately fmaller.
- CHIVES. Threads numerous; hair-like; much fhorter than the bloffom. *Tips* oblong; compressed; upright; blunt.
- POINT. Seed-bud nearly globular; large. Shaft none. Summit flat; large; radiate; crowning the feed-veff.
- S. VESS. Capfule of I cell; divided half way into many cells; opening by feveral apertures beneath the crown.
- SEEDS numerous; very fmall. Receptacle confifting of as many longitudinal plaits, as there are rays in the fummit; connected to the fides of the feed-veffel.
 - ESS. CHAR. Petals 4. Empal. leaves 2. Capfule of I cell; opening by pores underneath the fummit, which is permanent.

Obs. The *feed-veffel* varies in figure, from globular to oblong; and the number of rays in the fummit are likewife various.

* Capfules covered with strong hairs.

PAPA'VER hybridum. Capfules nearly globular, with protuberating knobs, rough with hairs. Stem leafy, with many flowers.—

Lob. obf. 144. 1, ic. i. 276. 1, refr. in Ger. em. 373. 1, cop. in Park. 369. 1, J. B. iii. 396. 1, and Pet. 52. 5.—H. ox. iii. 14. 9.—Ger. 300. 1.

Capfule with 6 furrows like a melon. Summit 6-cornered. LINN. --Stem branched, befet above with hairs laid to, as in P. dubium. Leaves winged; wings fomewhat winged, fmooth above, edges fomewhat rolled back, rough with briftles longer than the (breadth of the) nerves. Petals of a darkifh dirty red, fmall. Threads deep purple. Tips pleafant blue. Capfule oblong, egg-fhaped, channelled, the eminencies fcattered over with tubercles befet with ftiff briftles bowed upwards. RELH.—Leaves doubly wing-cleft; fegments ftrap-fhaped, nearly equal, the terminating one with 3 clefts; nearly fmooth above, nerves underneath with ftrong hairs pointing upwards. Branches and fruit-ftalls channelled, with ftrong hairs pointing upwards. Empalement with a few hairs, larger and broader

rough headed

MANY CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

broader than that of P. Argemone. Capfules roundifh-oval. Mr. WOODWARD.

Papaver caule ramoso, Sc. Hort. upf. 136. n. 2. a. (ST.) Round Rough-headed Poppy.

Corn fields. Near Norwich. Mr. PITCHFORD.—At Wells, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE. A. June. July.

PAPA'VER Argemo'ne. Capfules club-fhaped, rough rough podded with hairs. Stem leafy, with many flowers.—

Fl. dan. 867.—J. B. iii. 396. 2.—Lob. obf. 144. 2, ic. i. 276. 2, Ger. em. 373. 2, cop. in H. cx. iii. 14. 10, and Pet. 52. 6. —Ger. 300. 2.

Leaves with 3 divisions, wing-cleft. Fruit-flalks rough. Empal. hairy. LINN.—Leaves winged; wings opposite, running down, spear-fhaped, deeply wing-cleft, terminating one with 3 clefts; nearly fmooth above, nerves and leaf-flalks rough underneath with diverging hairs. Stems and fruit-flalks with hairs pointing upwards. Petals wedge-fhaped, narrow. Capjules elliptical, ribbed, and fet with ftrong hairs. Mr. Woodw.—Root-leaves with a broad mid-rib, fet with 3 or 4 pair of wings, and an odd one, each of which cloven into 3. Stem-leaves, fegments narrower. Empalement very hairy. Petals transverfely egg-fhaped, plaited at the bafe, fcarlet, with a black fpot towards the bafe, white before the empalement opens. Seed-bud inverfely conical. Summit, rays 5 to 8. Capfule, cells as many as rays on the fummit; briftles ftrong, white, pointing upwards. WITH.

Corn fields.

A. June. July.

** Capfules Intooth.

PAPA'VER $Rh\alpha^i$ as. Capfules fmooth, globular. corn Stem hairy, with many flowers. Leaves wing-cleft, jagged.—

Curt. iii. 36.—Blackw. 560.—Ludw. 17.—Fuchf. 516. B.—Trag. 120.B.—Ger. 299. 1.—Lonic. i. 81.—H. ox. iii. 14.6.—Dod. 447, repr. in Lob. obf. 143, ic. i. 275, Ger. em. 371. 1, and cop. in Park. 366. 4, and Pet. 52. 2.—Matth. 1057.—Blackw. 2.— (Fuchf. 514, cop. in J. B. iii. 395, the unopened flowers upright. It has the habit of a diftinet species, and I believe it to be fuch. I have seen it in gardens.)

Stem, hairs expanding. LINN.—Stem cylindrical, branched. Leaves hairy; leafts ftrap-fhaped, indented, ferrated, the terminating one oblong, bluntifh, fomewhat awned. Fruit-flalks long; hairs expanding. Capfules roundifh. Summit with 12 rays. Lyons. --Stem cylindrical, branched. Summit with rays. Bloffoms fearlet. O 0 2 Papaver Papaver erraticum minus. C. B. pin. 171, variety γ Linnaus, appears to me to be the very fame plant. To the figures referred to by C. B. a β is fubjoined. Sr.

Red Poppy. Corn-rose. Cop-rose. Head-wark.

Amongft corn. A. June. July. [and Now. Sr.] The bloffoms give out a fine colour, which is turned by alcalies to a dufky purple. Sr.—Au infufion of them made into a fyrup is kept in the fhops. It partakes in a fmall degree of the properties of opium.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Horfes refufe it.

A variety frequently occurs with an oval fhining black fpot at the bafe of each *petal*, 4 lines long, and 3 wide. From this originate many beautiful varieties frequent in gardens. Mr. WOODWARD. —This is figured by *Blackw*. 560. St.

fmoothpodded PAPA'VER dubium. Capfules oblong, fmooth. Stem with many flowers, with briftles laid to. Leaves wing-cleft, jagged. LINN.—Rather, fruit-flaks with briftles laid to. WITH. ST.

> Curt. v. 50.—Walc.—H. ox. iii. 14. 11, cop. in Pet. 52. 3.— (Jacq. fl. i. 25, is believed by De la Chenal, and, I think jufly, to be a new (pecies.)

Stem, briffles below ftraddling, towards the top laid to. LYONS. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. WITH.—Stem 3 feet high, cylindrical, branched, hairy, briffles below ftraddling. Leaves ribbed, hairy; leafts wedge-fhaped, indented, pointed, edge very entire. Empal. leaves bowed inwards. Summit, rays 8 or 9. LYONS.—Stem on the lower part, from the uppermoft leaves down to the root, the hairs expanding. Mr. WOODWARD. WITH. ST.—Leaves fea-green. Petals fmaller than those of P. Rhwas, and of a more dilute red. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.—Summit with 7 and 8 rays. HALL. ST.— Sometimes 6, and the capfule with a corresponding number of ribs. ST.—Leaves, hairs expanding; fegments 3 or 4 pair, spearfhaped, brown or yellowifh at the point, and terminated by a small white briftle. Capitale fometimes egg-oblong. Summit, rays 6, 7, 8, 10. WITH.

Long Smooth-headed Poppy.—Corn fields. A. June. July. Cows and Goats eat it. Sheep are very fond of it. Horfes refufe it.

white

PAPA'VER formif'erum. Empalements and capfules finooth. Leaves embracing the ftem, jagged.— Blackw. 482. P. 483.—Dod. 445. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 142. 1, ic. i. 272. 2, Ger. em. 369. 1, and cop. in Park. 366. 2.—Fuchf. 513, fruit-

MANY CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

518, fruit-flalks hairy.—Dod. 445. 1, rcpr. in Lob. ohf. 464. 1, ic. i. 274. 1, Ger. em. 369. 2. β.—Park. 365. 1.—J. B. 390. —Matth. 1058, imitated in Ger. 296. 1.—Ger. 296. 2. β.— Trag. 122.—Lob. ohf. 464. 1, ic. i 274. 2, and Ger. em. 370. This last alone is referred to by Ray, but they are all one and the fame plant. 553

Stem, leaves, empalement, and capfule fimooth. Summits 10. LINN. —Petals white, tinged with purple, with large deep purple blotches at the bafe. RAY.

Wild Poppy.

Uncultivated neglected gardens. RAY.—Corn fields. HUDS.— Water-beach, and banks of the clofes which feparate Denny Farm from the Ely road. RELHAN.—[On rubbifh. ST.] A. June. July.

Opium is the milky juice of this plant, infpiffated by the heat of the fun. The Edinburgh College directs an extract to be prepared from the heads, i. e. the feed-veffels. This extract is fuppofed to be milder in its effects than the foreign Opium, but it requires double the quantity for a dofe. A fyrup, made with a decoction of the heads, is kept in the fhops, under the name of Diacodion. The feeds are fometimes ufed to make emulfions, but they have nothing of the narcotic virtues of the other parts of the plant.

PAPA'VER cam'bricum. Capfules fmooth, oblong. yellow Stem with many flowers, fmooth. Leaves winged, jagged.

Dill. elth. 223. 290.—Park. 369. 4, cop. in H. ox. iii. 14. 12, and Pet. 52. 4.

Summits 5 or 6, diflinct. Capfules oblong, narrower below, with a kind of beak at the end. LINN.—Leaves winged, nearly fmooth; root-leaves on very long hairy leaf-ftalks; wings 2 or 3 pair, ovalfpear-fhaped, deeply cut, almost lobed, the terminating one with 3 lobes; flem-leaves on fhort fruit-ftalks, the upper fitting. Fruitftalks flightly hairy, with I flower. Petals egg-fhaped, pale yellow, fcored towards the bafe. Mr. WOODWARD.

Mountains of Wales, and about Kendal. [By the Ferry-houfe on Winander Mere, Weftmoreland, and near Holker, Lancafhire. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June,—Aug.

003

709. NYMPHÆ'A.

709. NYMPHÆ'A. Water-can.*

- EMPAL. Cup beneath; leaves 4; large; coloured on the upper furface; permanent.
- BLoss. Petals numerous; often 15; fixed to the fide of the feed-bud; in more than 1 row.
- CHIVES. Threads numerous; often 70; flat; crooked; blunt; fhort. Tips oblong; fixed to the borders of the threads.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; large. Shaft none. Summit circular; flat; central; fitting; marked with rays; fcolloped at the edge; permanent.
- S. VESS. Berry hard; egg-fhaped; flefhy; rough; narrow at the neck; crowned at the top; with many cells, 10 to 15, filled with pulp.
- SEEDS many; roundifh.
 - Ess. CHAR. Bloffom of many petals. Empal. leaves 4 or 5. Berry lopped; cells many.

yellow

NYMPH \not{E} 'A *lu'tea*. Leaves heart-fhaped, very entire. Emplement of 5 leaves, larger.—

Fl. dan. 603, flower and fruit.—Blackw. 497. a and b, and 499. 1.—Lonic. i. 177. 2.—Fuchf. 536, cop. in Trag. 697, and J. B. iii. 771.—Matth. 894.—Cluf. ii. 77. 2, repr. in Dod. 585. 2, Lob. obf. 324. 2, ic. i. 594. 2, Ger. em. 819. 2, and cop. in Park. 1252. 5, and Pet. 71. 3.—Ger. 672. 2.

Empal. leaves roundifh. Petals very fmall. LINN.—Leaf-flalks 3fquare. Fruit-flalks round. Fetals thick in the middle, fcored, wrinkled. Chives bowed back. Berry pitcher-fhaped. Leaves of the empalement larger than the petals. RELH.—Leaves heart-fhaped, with an oval outline. Petals much fhorter than the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.—Empal. leaves roundifh-oblong. ST.—Leaves egg-fhaped, with a deep notch at the bafe. Empal. leaves yellow, except at the bafe on the outfide where they are green. Petals flefhy, yellow. Chives after fhedding their duft, bent back. Seedveffel, cells often more than 15. Flowers on long fruit-flalks. WITH.

Yellow Water Lily.

Slow rivers, pools, and ditches. [River Avon, at Perfhore, Worcefterfh. Mr. BALLARD. Mr. WALD. HILL.] P. July. Aug.

554

The

^{*} Water Lily is contrary to Linnæus's rules for the conftruction of generic names. Sr.

MANY CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

The roots, rubbed with milk, deftroy Crickets and Cockroaches. Swine eat it. Goats are not fond of it. Cows, Sheep, and Horfes refufe it. LINN.

An infusion of a pound of the fresh root, to a gallon of water, taken in the dose of a pint, night and morning, cured a leprous eruption of the arm. WITH.

NYMPHÆ'A al'ba. Leaves heart-fhaped, very white entire. Empal. clefts 4.

Fl. dan. 602, flower and fruit.—Blackw. 498. a and b, and 499.— Fuch 535, cop. in Trag. 696, and J. B. iii. 770.—Gmel. iv. 71.—Mátth. 893.—Ger. 672. 1.—Cluf. ii. 77. 1, repr. in Dod. 585. 1, Lob. obf. 324. 1, ic. i. 595. 1, Ger. em. 819. 1, and cop. in Park. 1251. 1, and Pet. 71. 1.

Petals in feveral rows, refembling a double flower. The flower opens about 7 in the morning; clofes about 4 in the afternoon, and then lies down upon the furface of the water. LINN.—Leafflatks and fruit-flatks round, within full of pores, 4 of which are generally larger than the reft; hairs interwoven between. Empal. leaves fmaller than the outer petals. Chives nearly upright. Berry lopped. RELHAN.—Summits 17 or 18, placed in a circle, and corresponding with as many cells in the feed-bud. ST. Bot. Arr.ed. i.—Petals white. Chives fixed to the fide of the feed-bud. Tips bowed. Seed-bud roundifh, at the top concave, and marked with rays equal to the number of fummits on the edge. Summits short, blunt, fomewhat bowed in. Berry roundith, full of teeds. Seeds oblong. ST.—Petals as long or longer than the empalement. Leaves heart-thaped, with a roundifh outline. Mr. WOODWARD.

White Water Lily. Water-can; fo called at Tamworth, from the half unfolded leaves floating on the water, being supposed to refemble cans. They call the leaves can-leaves. Water-jocks; Worceftershire. Can-dock; Worcessershire. St.

Slow rivers and ponds.

P. July.

The roots are used in Ireland, and in the Island of Jura, to dye a dark brown.

Swine eat it. Goats are not fond of it. Cows and Horfes refufe it. Both the fpecies fupport the Aphis aquatilis, and Leptura aquatica.

004

717. TIL'IA.

555

POLYANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

717. TIL'IA. Lime.

EMPAL. Cup 5 divisions; concave; coloured; almost as large as the bloffom; deciduous.

BLOSS. Petals 5; oblong; blunt; fcolloped at the end.

CHIVES. Threads many; 30 or more; awl-fhaped; as long as the bloffom. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud roundifh. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit blunt ; with 5 edges.

S. VESS. Capfule like leather; globular; with 5 cells, and 5 valves; opening at the bafe.

SEEDs folitary; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. Petals 5. Empal. divisions 5. Berry dry; globular; cells 5; values 5; opening at the bafe.

OBS. In general only I feed comes to perfection, and this puffies afide the others, which are barren; fo that an incautious observer would be apt to pronounce, that the capfule has but I cell.

common.

TIL'IA europa'a. Flowers without a honey-cup.-Ludw. 48.—Sheldr. 50.—Hunt. evel. at p. 201.—Fl. dan. 553.—

· Blackw. 469.-Matth. 174.-Ger. 1293. 1.-Dod. 839, repr. in Lob. obf. 606. 1, ic. ii. 188. 1, Ger. em. 1483. 1, and cop. in Park. 1407. 2.- Spect. de la Nat. ii. 33. 1. at p. 292, cop. in Nat. delin. ii. 21. 3. at p. 312.-Lonic. i. 33. 3.-Fuchf. 862, cop. in J. B. i. b. 133, and Trag. 1110.

Leaves heart-fhaped, ferrated. Floral-leaf yellowifh green, nearly as long as the fruit-stalk, and attached to it for about half its length. Bloffoms whitifh. WITH.

Lime Tree. Linden Tree. Woods and hedges.

S. Fruit 6-cornered.

T. July.

fmall-leaved

y. Leaves unequally ferrated. Fruit cottony; cells 5. Du Roz. Tilia cordata. MILL. DU ROI. Small-leaved Lime or Linden Tree. Baft.

Effex, Suffex, and Lincolnfhire. RAY.

elm-leaved

Whitstable, Surry, and near Darking. MERR.

E HUDS .- Small branches red. Leaves with a foft woollinefs. red Fruit 4-cornered. RAY.

Red Lime .- Stoken-church Wood. RAY.

It flourishes beft on the fides of hills, but it will live very well in meadow grounds. It is eafily transplanted, and grafs grows beneath it; it is useful to form shady walks, and clipped hedges. The wood is foft, light, and fmooth; clofe grained, and not fub-

ject

556

MANY CHIVES, I. POINTAL.

ject to the worm. It makes good charcoal for gunpowder and for defigners. It is ufed for leather cutters boards, and for carved work. It is alfo employed by the turner. The leaves are dried in fome countries as winter food for Sheep and Goa's. Cows eat them in the autumn; but they give a bad tafte to the milk. The bark, macerated in water, may be made into ropes, and fifting nets. The flowers are fragrant, and afford the beft honey for bees. The fap infpiffated affords a quantity of fugar.

It fupports the SPHINX Tiliæ; PHALÆNA lauestris, dispar, antiqua, Pú, Bucephala; APHIS Tiliæ; ACARUS telarius.

728. CIS'TUS. Ciftus.

EMPAL. Cup 5 leaves; permanent; circular; concave; 3 of them large; with 2 fmall ones interpofed.

BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; flat; expanding; large. CHIVES. Threads numerous; hair-like; fhorter than the bloffom. Tips roundifh; fmall.

POINT. Seed-bud roundifh. Shaft fimple; as long as the chives. Summits flat; circular.

S. VESS, *Capfule* roundifh; covered by the cup.

SEEDS numerous; roundifh; fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Petals 5. Empal. leaves 5; 2 of them fmaller. Fruit a capfule.

CIS'TUS ang'licus. Somewhat fhrubby, without hairy leaf-fcales, trailing. Leaves opposite, oblong, rolled back at the edge, hairy. Flowers in bunches. LINN.— Leaves hoary underneath, fomewhat rolled back at the edges. HUDS. ST.

Dill. elth. 145. 173.*-J. B. ii. 18, not in flower or fruit.

Stem fearcely 6 inches high, flanting, rough all over. Leaves opposite, spear-schaped, like those of hysfop, roughish, not smooth, green on both fides. Flowers in bunches, white, nodding, tho' when in bloom upright. LINN.—Stems numerous. Howering branches ascending, hairy. Leaves egg-schaped, blunt, opposite, fitting, green on both fides but covered with white hairs. Bunches terminating, with 3 or 4 flowers, with small spear-schaped floralleaves.

* Mr. WOODWARD. ST.—Dillenius gives this as a figure of the plant found by Newton, and inferted by Ray in his fyn. 342, as the *Helianthemum altinum* folio *Pilofellæ minoris Fuchfi* of J. B.—Dillenius's figure accords with specimens from Cartmell, Mr. WOODWARD.

POLYANDRIA MONOGYNIA.

leaves. Empalement without, green, hairy; within, yellowifh, marked with green lines. Petals yellow, finely fcolloped. Mr. WOODW. -Petals yellow. Leaves hoary underneath, except in one fpecimen. where those of the ftem green on each fide, and those of the fide branches hoary. ST.

C. hirfutus of HUDSON, who retains his original name, even in his 2d edition, probably not fenfible that Linnæus had changed it. on account of the too great fimilarity of hirfutus and C. hirtus of the Sp. pl. Sr.

Mountainous pastures and rocks. On the west fide of Betham Bank, a mile from Kendal; Buckbarrowbank-fcar, between Bridgsteer and Confwick, and about Cartmell Wells, Lancashire. RAY .- Gloddaeth, Caernarvonfh. PENN .- Weft foot of Bwrdd Arthur, Anglefea. Mr. DAVIES in Penn Wales ii. 255.

S. LINN. ST. P. HUDS. May.

annual CIS'TUS gutta'tus. Herbaceous. No leaf-fcales. Leaves opposite, spear-shaped, 3-fibred. Bunches without floral-leaves .---

Ger. em. 1281. 19, cop. in Park. 661. 3, and J. B. ii. a. 14. 1.

Whole plant with expanding hairs. Stem upright. Leaves fitting, oppofite, 3 or 4 pairs. Bunch thread-fhaped, often without floralleaves. Flowers upright, but when just out of blossom pendant. Fruit upright. Petals with a black fpot at the bafe. Empal. 2 of the leaves open. LINN .- Stem and leaves hairy. . Bunches terminating. Fruit-stalks long, slender, without floral-leaves. Mr. WOODWARD. Sandy paftures on M. Llech ddue, near Holyhead, Anglefea.

A. June.

willow-leaved

CIS'TUS falicifo'lius. Herbaceous, with leaf-fcales, open, woolly. Flowers in bunches, upright. Pedicles horizontal.-

Cluf. i. 76. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 552. 1; ic. ii. 118. 1, Ger. em. 1280. 17, and cop, in Park. 661. 7.

Empalement longer than the capfule. LINN.-Petals yellow, fmaller than the empalement, very foon fhedding, fometimes wanting. HUDS.

Sandy meadows and pastures near Brean-Down, Somerfetshire. A. June. July.

CIS'TUS (urreja'nus. Somewhat fhrubby, with leafnarrowpetaled fcales, trailing. Leaves egg-oblong, fomewhat hairy. Petals spear-shaped. LINN. CURT. cat. n. 529.

Dill. elth. 145. 174.

Bloffoms

MANY CHIVES, 1. POINTAL.

Bloffons yellow.—C. Helianthemum. S. HUDS. Near Croydon, Surry. DU BOIS in R. fyn.

Somewhat (hrubby, trailing, Sun

S. July.

CIS'TUS Helian'themum. Somewhat fhrubby, trailing. Sun-flower Leaf-fcales fpear-fhaped. Leaves oblong, edges rolled back, fomewhat hairy.—

Curt. iv. 49.—Fl. dan. 101.—Park. 656. 1.—Cluf. 1. 73. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. ii. 117. 1, Ger. em. 1283. 4, and cop. in J. B. ii. 15. 2.—Lob. ic. ii. 117. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1282. 3, and cop. in J. B. ii. 16. 1.—Ger. 1100. 3 and 2.—Matth. 744, fruit-ftalks zigzag.—Trag. 221.—(Cluf. i. 75. 1, repr. in Dod. 193, Lob. obf. 5. 238. 2, ic. ii. 116. 1, Ger. em. 1282. 1 and 2, cop. in Ger. 1100. 1, and J. B. ii. 61. 2, is C. pilofus S.)

Petals nearly circular, very entire, deep yellow, with generally a tawny ring furrounding the receptacle. Bunch before flowering nodding. Leaves fprinkled with fcattered hairs. LINN .- Branches fomewhat hairy. Leaves hairy above, cottony underneath, eggshaped, the uppermost strap-shaped. Leaf-scales 4, hairy at the edge. Bunch terminating, with 3 to 5 flowers. Empalement membranaceous, hairy, with brown or purplifh ribs. Petals fcolloped, or imperfect at the edge, very blunt, almost lopped, rather heartfhaped than circular, wrinkled, fometimes white. Seed-bud hairy, egg-fhaped. RELH.-Leaves opposite. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.-Stems thread-fhaped, a little woolly. Leaves egg-fpear-fhaped, in pairs at each knot of the ftem, above green and fomewhat hairy, underneath with a whitish woollines. Leaf-fcales 4 at each knot of the ftem. Empal. the 3 larger leaves composed of ftrong green ribs, connected by a femi-transparent dotted membrane; the 2 outer fpear-fhaped, green, and which are more like floral-leaves. Fetals yellow, a little toothed on the outer part. Chives yellow. Seed-bud filky, white. Shaft club-fhaped, green. Capfule, cell 1, valves 3. WITH.

Dwarf Ciftus. Little Sun-flower.

Mountainous meadows and paftures, efpecially in a calcareous foil. P. July.—Aug.

Goats, Sheep, and Horfes eat it. Swine refuse it.

8. Blofforns white. Gogmagog Hills.

y. Blotfoms refe-coloured.

S. Jurrejanus. Hups.-C. Jurrejanus, which fee.

Inclined to confider it, with Mr. Hudfon, as a variety of C. *Heliantlemum*, there being fo great a refemblance, and the material difference being only the fhope of the petals, and that of the empal. though the laft differs but very little. Mr. WOODWARD.

CIS'TUS

559

mountain

CIS'TUS polifollius. Somewhat fhrubby, with leaffcales, trailing. Leaves oblong-egg-fhaped, hoary. Empalements fmooth. Petals ferrated.—

Dill. elth. 145. 172.—Pluk. 23. 6, no flowers.

Flowers white. LINN. — Stems numerous. Flowering branches afcending, cottony, white. Leaves opposite, rolled back at the edge, with a prominent mid-rib underneath, cottony, white. Bunches terminating. Fruit-flalks flort. Leaf-jcales fpear-flaped. Empalement purplish, flightly hairy; the 2 outer leaves fpear-flaped, minute. Mr. WOODWARD.

Brent Downs, Somerfetshire, near the Severn Sea. P. July.

Order III.

TRIGYNIA; III. POINTALS.

736. DELPHIN'IUM. Lark-fpur.

EMPAL. Cup none.

- BLoss. *Petals* 5; unequal; placed in a circle; the uppermost before blunter than the reft; behind extended into a ftraight, tubular, long, blunt horn; the other egg-fpear-fhaped; expanding; nearly equal. *Honey-cup* cloven; its front ftanding in the upper part of the circle of the petals, and its hinder part inclosed by the tube of the uppermost petal.
- CHIVES. Threads many; 15 to 30; awl-fhaped; broadeft at the bafe; very fmall; leaning towards the uppermost petal. Tips upright; fmall.
- POINT. Seed-buds 3 or 1; egg-fhaped; ending in Shafts as long as the chives. Summits fimple; reflected.
- S. VESS. Capfules 3 or 1; egg-awl-fhaped; ftraight; with 1 valve; opening inwards.

SEEDS many: angular.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. 0. Petals 5. Honey-cup cloven; horned behind. Pods 3 or 1.

wild DELPHIN'IUM Confol'ida. Capfule fingle. Honey-cup of 1 leaf, Stem fub-divided.—

Ludw. 54.—Blackw. 26.—Fl. dan. 683.—Lonic. i. 182. 2.—Fuchf. 27, cop. in Trag. 569, and J. B. ii. a. 210.—Dod. 252. 2, repr.

MANY CHIVES, III. POINTALS.

repr. in Lob. obf. 427. 1, ic. i. 739. 2, Ger. em. 1033. 5. Ger. 923. 4.—Park. par. 279. 3.—(Dod. 252. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 426. 2, ic. i. 739. 1, Ger. em. 1082. 1, is referred by Linnaus to D. Ajacis, but corresponds better with the character of D. Confolida, and agrees very exacily with our plant.) 561

Stem upright, cylindrical, downy, branched. Leaves alternate, the lower on fhort leaf-flalks, the upper fitting; divisions many, ftrap-fhaped. Fruit-flalks with 1 flower. Bloffoms blue, purple, bay, or white. RELHAN.—Branches round. Leaves divided down to the bafe into 3 or 5 parts, which are deeply cut into flender ftrapfhaped fegments often forked at the end. Floral-leaves 2, ftrapfhaped, oppofite. Petals irregularly fcolloped at the edge; the lateral ones broadeft; the uppermost fpear-fhaped, not blunter than the reft, rather fhorter than the honey-cup, but projecting backwards into a conical tube. Honey-cup placed within the upper petal, tube projecting backwards, and inclosed within the tube of that petal, the upper fide thin and fkinny, the under green and fiefhy. Tips double, yellow. Seed-bud conical, woolly. Shoft o. Summits 2, white, fmall, flefhy, flatted, and lying close together. W1TH.

Lark-fpur. Larks-heel. Larks-claw. Larks-toes.

Corn fields. Swaffham Field. RAY. RELHAN.—Lower road between Cambridge and Gogmagog Hills. RELHAN.—with all the varieties of colour. Mr WOODWARD.—Hinton, Trumpington, Feverfham, Cambridgefhire. RELHAN. A. June.—Sept.

The expressed juice of the petals, with the addition of a little alum, makes a good blue ink. The feeds are acrid and poisonous. When cultivated the bloffoms often become double.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Horfes are not fond of it. Cows and Swine refufe it.

Phalana Delphinium lives upon it. LINN.

A Horfe chewed fome which he happened not to have fmelt at, but prefently rejected it. ST.

Order

Order V.

PENTAGYNIA; V. POINTALS.

741. AQUILE'GIA. Columbine.

EMPAL. Cup none.

- BLOSS. Petals 5; fpear-egg-fhaped; flat; expanding; equal. Honey-cups 5; equal; alternating with the petals; horned; gradually widening upwards; the mouth afcending obliquely outwards; fixed to the receptacle inwardly; extending below into a long tapering tube, blunt at the end.
- CHIVES. Threads many; 30 or 40; awl-fhaped; the outer ones the fhorteft. Tips oblong; upright; as tall as the honey-cups.
- FOINT. Seed-buds 5; egg-fhaped, but oblong; ending in awl-fhaped *fhafts*, longer than the chives. Summits upright; undivided; 10 wrinkled, fhort, chaffy fubftances feparate and inclofe the feed-buds.
- S. VESS. *Capfules* 5; cylindrical; parallel; ftraight; taper; with 1 valve, opening from the point inwardly.
- SEEDs many; egg-fhaped; keeled; fixed to the opening feam.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. 0. Petals 5. Honey-cups 5; hornlike; among ft the petals. Capfules 5; diflinct.

common

AQUILE'GIA vulga'ris. Honey-cups bowed inwards.—

Ludw. 181.—Fl. dan. 695.—Mill. ill.—Dod. 181. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 449. 2, ic. i. 761. 1, Ger. em. 1093. 1, and cop. in H. ox. xii. 1. row 3. 1.—Fuchf. 102, cop. in Trag. 137, J. B. iii. 484. 1, and Park. 1367. 1.—Matth. 629.—Swert. ii. 8. 9.— Lonic. i. 85. 1.—Column. phyt. 1, stem and branches hairy.— Ger. 935. 1.

Stem upright, 3 feet high, branched, fomewhat angular. Leaves, the lower on leaf-ftalks, doubly 3-fold; leafts roundifh, with 3 lobes, cut-fcolloped, the uppermost fingered, lobes oval, very entire. The leaf-ftalks which proceed from the root very long. Bleffems blue, or purple. Seeds black. Flowers pendant. LYONS. Columbines.

MANY CHIVES, VI. POINTALS.

Columbines.—Woods and thickets. [Upper part of Girling Trough, near Coniftone, Kilnfay, Yorkfhire. CURT.—Bedingham, Norfolk, with bloffoms blue, or white; near Swaffham, with bloffoms the fame, or pale red. Mr. WOODWARD.—Near Goldfithney, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.—Soufton's Roch, near Shelfley, Worcefterfhire. Mr. BALLARD. ST.] P. June.

The beauty of its flowers has long introduced it into our flower borders.

Goats eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine refufe it.

AQUILE'GIA alpi'na. Honey-cups straight, mountain shorter than the petals. Petals spear-shaped.-

Leaves doubly 3-fold, fmall; leafits with many clefts; lobes fomewhat ftrap-fhaped, blunt, with the appearance and tender texture of the A. vulgaris. Honey-cups nearly upright, as fhort again as the petals. Petals very long. LINN.—If diftinct, is very clofely allied to A. vulgaris. HUDS.

Mountainous woods in Westmoreland.

P. June.

Order VI.

HEXAGYNIA; VI. POINTALS.

744. STRATIO'TES. Water-foldier.

- **EMPAL.** Sheath of 2 leaves, inclofing a fingle flower; compreffed; blunt; approaching; keeled on each fide; permanent. Cup 1 leaf; with 3 divisions; upright; deciduous.
- BLOSS. Petals 3; inverfely heart-fhaped; upright, but expanding; twice as large as the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 20; as long as the cup; fixed to the receptacle. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 6; divided down to the bafe; as long as the chives. Summits undivided.
- S. VESS. Berry covered with a capfule; oval; taper towards each end; with 6 fides, and 6 cells.

SEEDS many; oblong; covered; generally winged.

ESS. CHAR. Sheath of 2 leaves. Cup with 3 clefts. Petals 3. Berry beneath; cells 6.

STRA-

POLYANDRIA HEXAGYNIA.

common

STRATIO'TES Aloi'des. Leaves fword-fhaped, triangular, edge between fringed and prickled.-

Fl. dan. 337.—Mill. ill.—Dod. 589. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 204. 1, ic. i. 375. 2, Ger. em. 825, and cop. in Ger. 677, Park. 1249. 1, J. B. iii. 787. 1, and Pet. 71. 5.

Chives and pointals are generally found in the fame flower, but they have been fometimes obferved to be on different plants; and where they are found in the fame flower, the tips have been found to be barren. LINN .- Flowers with chives and pointals diffinct, or rather in various dispositions. RETZ .- Leaves ftrap-shaped, pointed, griftly; ferratures prickly. Stalk 2-edged, with 1 flower. Sheath as long as the fruit-ftalk; leaves 2, concave. pointed. Empal. leaves 3, white, egg-fhaped, blunt. Petals egg-fhaped, white. Chives many. Tips awl-fhaped. LYONS .- In the autumn the plants fink to the bottom of the water, and in the fpring from amongst the leaves of the old plants arife numerous thick fuckers, each bearing a young plant, which arifes and floats on the furface, where it grows to maturity. Sometimes 8 or 10 form a circle on the furface, to which the ftrings were radii, and the old plant at the bottom the centre, and in this manner they fometimes rife fo thick as entirely to fill up the furface of ditches, preventing all other plants from growing in it. I fhould fuppofe the mother plant decays, as the floating plants floot out fibres, which, if they do not fooner, on finking probably lay hold of the mud, and these in the spring, I apprehend, produce the fresh offspring. If fuch be its mode of growth, it is an example of a biennial of a very fingular nature. Mr. WOODWARD.

Water Aloes. Fresh Water Soldier.

Slow ftreams and fen ditches. [In Norfolk, very frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June. July.

A great variety of infects are nourifhed by this plant; fome of them purfue it down to the bottom of the water, and devour the leaves.

Swine eat it. Goats refufe it.

Order

Order VII.

POLYGYNIA; MANY POINTALS.

752. ANEMO'NE. Anemone.

EMPAL. none.

BLoss. Petals in 2 or 3 rows; rather oblong: 3 in each row.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; hair-like; half as long as the bloffom. Tips double; upright.

POINT. Seed-buds numerous; forming a knob. Shafts taper. Summits blunt.

S. VESS. none. Receptacle globular, or oblong; with hollow dots.

SEEDS many; taper; retaining the fhaft.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. o. Petals 6 to 9. Seeds feveral. -

* Fruit-stalk with a fence. Seeds with a tail.

ANEMO'NE Pulfatil'la. Fruit-stalk with a fence. Pasque flower Petals straight. Leaves doubly winged.—

Ludw. 119.—Fl. dan. 153.—Stoerk A. pratenfis?*—Relh. at p. 208.—Matth. 620.—Cluf. i. 246. 1, repr. in Dod. 433. 1, Lob. obf. 149. 2, ic. i. 281. 2, Ger. em. 385. 1, and cop. in Park. 341. 2, and abridged in H. ox. iv. 26. row 1. 1, and Pet. 40. 9. —Ger. 308. 1 and 2, and 309.—Lonic. i. 83. 2.—J. B. iii. 409. 2 and 3.—(Trag. 413, muft be A. pratenfis.)

Fruit-ftalk upright, round, a hand's breadth to 9 inches high, woolly, with I flower, becoming longer when out of flower. Fence with many clefts; fegments ftrap-fhaped, woolly, contiguous to the flower, but after flowering near the middle of the fruit-ftalk. Flower beautiful, violet. Petals fpear-fhaped, woolly without, fmooth within. Seeds egg-fhaped, hairy, juft adhering to the receptacle. RELH.—Stem downy, with I flower. Flower at firft covered by the fence, afterwards nodding on a long fruit-ftalk. Fence with many clefts, downy. Petals downy without, within fmooth, of a deep purple. Seeds crowned with the hairy lengthened fhafts. Mr. Woopw.—Petals fpear-fhaped. Leaves hairy, finely divided. Bloffoms folitary, purple.

Pafque Flower. Paffe Flower. Vol. II.

High

High paftures, Gogmagog Hills, Hilderfhaw, Bartlow, Cambridgefhire. Berhack Heath, near Stainford; Leadftone Hall, above a lake in a place called the Clofe, near Pontefract; Cornbury Park, near Charlbury, Oxfordfhire. [Tulip Hills, near Lexham, Norf. Mr. PITCHFORD.—Canham Heath, near Bury; and Devil's Ditch, Newmarket. Mr. WOODW.] P. Apr. May. The whole plant is acrid, and blifters the fkin. The juice of

the petals stains paper green.

Goats and Sheep eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Swine refufe it.

** Flower naked. Seeds without tails.

wood

ANEMO'NE nemoro'sa. Seeds pointed. Leafits cut. Stem with I flower.—

Curt. ii. 13.—Fl. dan. 549.—Fuchf. 161, cop. in J. B. iii. 412. 2, Lonic. i. 163. 4, and with an addition in Trag. 95. 1.—Ger. 306. 2.—Walc.—Cluf. i. 247. 1, repr. in Dod. 435. 2, Lob. obf. 384. 2, ic. i. 673. 2, Ger. em. 383. 2, and cop. in Park. 325. 1, H. ox. iv. 28. 10, and Pet. 40. 9; and alfo in Ger. 307. 3 and 4.

Petals 3 inner and 3 outer. LINN.—Root creeping, thread-fhaped. Stem fingle, cylindrical, hairy, 3 to 6 inches high, upright. Leafftalks 3 from the fame point. Root-leaves 3-fold; lobes 5, fpearfhaped, deeply cut, ferrated, hairy. Stem-leaves 3, 3-fold, cut, ferrated. Petals egg-oblong, blunt, expanding, white, the 3 outermoft purple beneath. Shafts very fhort. Summits undivided. LYONS. —Plant fmooth, excepting the leaves. Stem-leaves doubly 3-fold; leafits egg-fpear-fhaped, varioufly jagged or lobed; veins flightly hairy. Petals, the outer tinged with purple at the bafe. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem and fruit-ftalk purplifh. Petals, the outer row with the deepeft tinge of purple underneath. WITH.

Woods and hedges, [and in paftures in the neighbourhood of Stourbridge, fome of which are almost white with it when in bloffom. ST.] P. April.

The flowers fold up in a curious manner against rain. The whole plant is acrid. When Sheep that are unaccustomed to it eat it, it brings on a bloody flux.

Goats and Sheep eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Swine refufe it. L_{INN} .—The paper in which the dried fpecimens are preferved is ftained brown, which renders it probable that it may be employed as a dye. ST.

2. Bloffoms wholly red.

Devonfhire. MERRET.—Rofe-coloured, with others only on the outfide, growing with the white. Hornfey Wood, near London, in a gravelly loam. ST.

3. Difeafed.

3. Difeafed. Leaves covered with yellow fpots, the effects of fome infect. CURT.

Ray 3. 1. at p. 128.

ANEMO'NE apenni'na. Seeds pointed. Leafits mountain cut. Petals spear-shaped, numerous. LINN.—Sometimes elliptical. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cluf. i. 254. 2, cop. in Dod. 434. 2.

Stem, leaves, and fruit-flalk flightly hairy. Leafits varioufly cut and divided. Petals pale blue. Mr. WOODWARD.

Woods and fhady places. Wimbleton Wood, near Harrow on the Hill; Luton Hooe, Bedfordfhire. [Near Berkhamstead, Herts. Mr. GOODALL.] P. April.

ANEMO'NE ranunculoi'des. Seeds pointed. Leafits yellow cut. Petals roundifh. Stem with moftly 2 flowers.—

Fuchf. 162, cop. in Trag. 95. 2, and Lonic. i. 163. 5.—Ger. 306. 1.—Fl. dan. 140.—Lob. ic. i. 674. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 383. 1, cop. in Park. 325. 5.

Differs from A. nemorofa as follows: Petals yellow, 2 alternately on the outfide, 2 alternately within, and 1 without that which is next to it, and 1 within that which is next to it. Fruit-ftalk with 2 leafits, the later of which is at the bafe. Comes into flower 1 or 2 days before it. LINN.

Shady places and hedges. Near King's Langley, Herts; and Wrotham, Kent. P. May.

754. CLE'MATIS. Travellers-joy.

EMPAL. Cup none.

BLOSS. Petals 4; flexible; oblong.

CHIVES. Threads many; awl-fhaped; fhorter than the bloffom. Tips fixed to the fides of the threads.

POINT. Seed-buds many; roundifh; compreffed; ending in awl-fhaped Shafts, longer than the chives. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. none. Receptacle a fmall knob.

SEEDS many; roundifh; compreffed; retaining the fhaft, which is varioufly fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Empalo. Petals 4, fometimes 5 (or 6. MURR.) Seeds with tails.

CLE'MATIS

wild CLE'MATIS Vital'ba. Leaves winged. Leafits heart-fhaped, climbing.--

Curt. iv. 41.—Jacq. fl. iv. 308.—Fuchf. 97, cop. in Trag. 818, J. B. ii. 125. 1, Lonic. i. 210. 1, and Pet. 40. 12.—Matth. 957. β.—Cluf. i. 122. 2, repr. in Dod. 404. 1, Lob. obf. 345. 2, ic. i. 626. 1, Ger. em. 886. 1, and cop. in Ger. 739. 1, Park. 383. 1, J. B. ii. 125. 2, and Fet. 40. 11. β.

Petals leather-like, fpear-fhaped. Leafts entire, or toothed. LINN.—On the fame plant. RAY.—The latter as in the figures marked β . ST.—Stem fcored. Leaves opposite, on leaf-stalks; leafts on leaf-stalks. Leaf-stalks twine about any thing they can lay hold of, and thus support the plant. Fruit-stalks branched, with triple divisions, woolly, from the bosom of the leaves. Petals rolled back, fcored, woolly. Seed-buds a little hairy. Shafts becoming very long, flender, crooked, and covered with fine filky hairs. Bloss whitish. WITH.

Traveller's-joy. Great Wild Climber. Virgin's Bower. Honefly. Hedges and fhady places, in calcareous foil. S. July. Aug. The whole plant is acrid.

This fhould feem to be the plant which a writer in the Bath. Soc. papers ii. p. 112, fancies to be a fpecies of Apocynum, which, in France, he informs us, is manufactured into fiannels, velvets, and other fluffs. But the fine hairs, which give the fhafts their cottony appearance, are, I apprehend, too fhort to be applied to fuch purpofes, though it is probable they may be employed to advantage for the fluffing of chairs, &c. which the author alfo propofes. ST.

755. THALIC'TRUM. Rue-weed.*

EMPAL. Cup none; unlefs you call the bloffom the cup. BLOSS. Petals 4; circular; blunt; concave; fhedding. CHIVES. Threads many; broadeft in the upper part;

comprefied; longer than the bloffom. *Tips* oblong; upright.

POINT. Seed-buds many; roundifh; often ftanding on little foot-ftalks. Shafts none. Summits thick.

S. VESS. none.

SEEDS many; furrowed; egg-fhaped; without awns.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. 0. Petals 4 or 5. Seeds without tails.

* Meadow-rue might be taken for a species of Ruta.

OBS.

OBS. In fome fpecies there are long fhafts. In no well known genus are the fpecies fo difficult to diffinguifh and characterife as in this.

THALIC'TRUM alpinum. Stem very fimple, mountain almost bare. Bunch fimple, terminating.

Fl. dan. 11.—Lightf. 13. 1. at p. 166.—Pet. 71. 12.—H. ox. ix. 7. 14.—Boerh. ind. alt. at p. 44.

A delicate little plant. Leaves fearcely a fpan high. Petuls 4. Chives 12. Pointals 8. Flowers on crooked fruit-ftalks. Bloffoms brown. LINN.

Moift rocks, and on the fides of alpine rivulets. Caernarvonfh. and Scotland. P. June.

THALIC'TRUM mi'nus. Leaves with 6 divisions. leffer Flowers on crooked fruit-stalks. LINN.—Segments of the leaves from 3 to 7. Sr.

Jacq. fl. v. 419.—Fl. dan. 732.—Seguier i. 11.—Dod. 53. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 508. 2, ic. ii. 56. 2, Ger. em. 1251. 2, and cop. in Park. 264. 5, H. ox. ix. 20. 12, and Pet. 71. 10.— Ger. 1067. 2.—J. B. iii. 487. 3.—Pet. 71. 11.—(Fl. dan. 244, is T. fimplex.)

Diftinguishable by the purplish points of the leaves, and a bluish bloom on the *stem*. One of the early flowering species. LINN.— Leasts broad and blunt, generally with 3 and sometimes 4 clefts at the extremity; the upper sometimes oval-specar-shaped and entire. Panicle branched, with a few scattered flowers, at hist nodding, afterwards upright. Mr. WOODWARD.

Moift mountainous meadows. Chalky grounds about Newmarket. RAY. [Mr. WOODW.]—Linton, and borders of Gogmagog Hills, Cambridgefhire, and mountains in Malham and Settle, Yorkfhire. RAY.—Chedder Cliffs, Somerfetfhire. HUDS. [Mr. FORD.]—In the North, and in Caernarvonfhire. HUDS.—Gloddaeth, Caernarvonfhire. PENN. Wales.—[Marham, Norf. Mr. CROWE.—Skirreth Wood, near Ingleton, and about Kilnfay, Yorkfhire. CURT.] P. July. Aug.

B. HUDS. Leaves broader.

Fiffures of rocks on the precipices of Caderidris, but on being cultivated in a garden proved to be identically the fame with α . RAY.

THALIC'TRUM fla'vum. Stem leafy, furrowed. meadow Panicle with many divisions, upright.--

Morif. umb. 12. 2, cop. in H. ox. 20. row 2. 1. — Dod. 58. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 508. 3, ic. ii. 56. 1, Ger. em. 1251. 1, and P p 3 cop. cop. in Park. 264. 1, and Pet. 71. 9.—Ger. 1067. 1.—J. B. iii. 486.

Root a full yellow. Petals 4. Chives 24. Pointals 10 to 16. LINN. —Stem upright, a cubit to 2 feet high, fcored. Leaves yellowifh green above, pale green underneath, ribbed. Panicle terminating, fhort, clofe, yellowifh. RELH.—Leafits, the lower irregular, fometimes wedge-fhaped, with 3 clefts; fometimes oval, entire, with a fort of lobe on one fide; the upper fpear-fhaped, entire, or with 3 clefts. Flowers numerous, clofe and thick. Bloffems whitifh. Mr. WOODWARD.

Meadow Rue.

Moift meadows, paftures, and banks of rivers. P. June. A cataplafm, made of the leaves, has been known to give relief in the Sciatica. The root dyes wool yellow.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Swine are not fond of it. LINN.—A Horfe refufed it; but, on offering it again, eat fome of it. ST.

narrowleaved

2. Lobes of the leaves narrower, and more wrinkled. LIGHTF. H. ox. ix. 20. 3.

756. ADO'NIS. Pheafant-eye.

EMPAL. Cup 5 leaves; blunt; concave; a little coloured; deciduous.

BLOSS. Petals 5 to 15; oblong; blunt; fhining.

CHIVES. Threads many; very fhort; awl-fhaped. Tips oblong; bent inwards.

POINT. Seed-buds numerous; forming a knob. Shafts none. Summits fharp; reflected.

S. VESS. none. Receptacle oblong; fpiked.

SEEDS numerous; irregular; angular; without awns; hunched at the bafe; bent back at the point with a fmall projection.

ESS. CHAR. Empal. leaves 5. Petals more than 5; without honey-cups. Seeds naked.

OBS. Rather 5 to 15 as in the Gen. Pl.-A. aftivalis has only 5. Sr.

autumnal

A D O'N I S autumna'lis. Petals 8. Fruit nearly cylindrical. LINN.—Petals feldom more, oftener fewer. CURT. Curt. ii. 23.—Cluf. i. 336. 1, repr. in Dod. 260. 3, Lob. obf. 150. 1, ic. i. 283. 2, Ger. em. 387, and Pet. 39. 8.—J. B. iii. a. 126. 1 and 2.—Ger. 310. 1.—Park. par. 291. 5.

Flowers

Flowers blackish purple. Plant with I flower. Branches barren. Petals scarlet. LINN.

Adonis Flower. Red Maithes. Red Morocco.

Corn fields. In the counties round London. CURT.

Its beautiful fcarlet bloffoms have gained it admittance into our gardens.

757. RANUN'CULUS. Crow-foot,

- EMPAL. Cup 5 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; a little coloured; deciduous.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; blunt; fhining; with fmall claws. Honey-cup a little cavity, just above the claw of each petal.

CHIVES. Threads many; nearly half as long as the petals. Tips upright; oblong; blunt; double.

POINT. Seed-buds numerous; forming a knob. Shafts none. Summits reflected; very fmall.

S. VESS. none. Receptacle connecting the feeds by very flort foot-ftalks.

SEEDs many; irregular; crooked at the point; figure various.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. leaves 5. Petals 5; with a pore containing honey on the infide of the claws. Seeds naked.

Obs. The effential character of this genus confifts in the honeycup; the other parts of the flower are inconftant. This honey-cup is in fome fpecies a naked pore; in others, encompaffed by a cylindrical border; and, in others again, clofed by a fcale which is notched at the end. In the R. ficaria, the cup has 3 leaves, and the bloffoms more than 5 petals. The R. heaeraceus has only 5 chives; and the R. ficeleratus an awl-fhaped receptacle, and the fruit in a fpike. In fome fpecies the feeds are roundifh, in others depreffed; fometimes they are befet with prickles like a hedge-hog; and fometimes they are but few in number.

* Leaves undivided.

RANUN'CULUS Flam'mula. Leaves egg-fpear- long-leaved fhaped, on leaf-ftalks. Stem declining.-

Fl. dan. 575.—Dod. 432. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 382. 2, ic. i. 670. 1, Ger. em. 961. 2, and abridged in H. ox. iv. 29. 34.—Park. 1215. 2.—Ger. 814. 2.

Pp4

Chives

A. June. July.

POLYANDRIA POLYGYNIA.

Chives 30 to 40. RELHAN. —Stem flightly hairy. Leaves alternate, frequently ferrated upwards with fhallow diftant ferratures, flighthairy. Leaf-fialks long, fcored, with membranaceous edges, embracing the ftem. Mr. WOODW.—Leaves generally imperfectly toothed. ST.—Leaves fometimes toothed. Leaf-fialks rather a doubling of the leaves. WITH.

B. Leaves ferrated. C. B.

Dod. 432. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 382. 3, ic. i. 670. 2, Ger. em. 962. 3, cop. in Pet. 39. 6, and abridged in H. ox. iv. 29. 35.— 7. B. iii. 864. 3.—Ger. 814. 3.—Park. 1215. 3.

Bloffoms deep yellow.

Leffer Spearwort.

Bogs; boggy meadows and fides of rivulets.

P. June. July. [to Sept. WITH.] It is very acrid. Applied externally it inflames and blifters the fkin.

Horfes eat it. Cows, Sheep, Goats, and Swine refufe it. y. HUDS. Leaves broad, hairy at the edge. From Ireland. PLUK.

narrowleaved

RANUN'CULUS *rep'tans*. Leaves ftrap-fhaped. Stem creeping.—

Lightf. i. frontispiece.—Fl. dan. 108.—Amman. 13. 1.—Fl. lapp. 3. 5.

I am almost certain that'it is merely a variety of *R. Flammula*, having observed a feries of gradations between the two. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD.—It approaches very near to fome states of *R. Flammula*. LIGHTF.—Stem flender. Leaves 1 to 4 at each joint, upright. Flowers folitary, terminating, or at the joints, fmall, yellow. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sides of lakes, rare. Weft end of Loch Laver. [Stony margin of Cornifton Water, Lancafh. Mr. Woodw] P. July. Aug.

Spearwort

RANUN'CULUS *Lin'gua*. Leaves fpear-fhaped. Stem upright.—

Fl. dan. 755.—Ger. 814. 1, cop. in Ger. em. 961. 1, Park. 1215. 1, H. ox. iv. 29. 33, and Pet. 39. 5.—7. B. iii. 865.

Stem branching, leafy, often 1½ foot high. Leaves fomewhat toothed, rough with fhort hairs preffed to. Fruit-flalks with 1 flower, opposite the leaves. LINN.—Stem often 3 feet high. RELH. —Stem hairy. Leaves alternate, pointed. Leaf-flalks fhort, embracing the stem. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves larger than those of R. Flammula. Bloffoms deep yellow. WITH.

Great Spearwort.

Wet

Wet paftures and fides of lakes. Bogs on Iver Heath, near Uxbridge. Between Rotherhithe and Deptford. [Bogs on Malvern Chace, Worcefterfhire. Mr. BALLARD.—Kinefon Pool, near Stafford. ST.] P. June. July.

RANUN'CULUS Fica'ria. Leaves heart-fhaped, Pilewort angular, on leaf-ftalks. Stem with 1 flower.— Ficaria verna. Hups. which fee.

** Leaves diffected and divided.

RANUN'CULUS aurico'mus. Root-leaves kid- wood ney-fhaped, fcolloped, cut. Stem-leaves fingered, ftrapfhaped. Stem with many flowers. LINN. — Root-leaves fomewhat kidney-fhaped, with 3 divisions, fharply fcolloped. CURT.

Curt. ii. 16.—Fuchf. 156, cop. in Trag. 97, J. B. iii. 857. 3, Lonic. i. 162. 2.—Fl. dan. 665.—Lob. ic. 669. 2, repr. in Ger. 954. 7, and cop. in Park. 326. 7, Pet. 38. 2, and H. ox. iv. 28. 15.—Pet. 38. 6.—Ger. 807. 8, (and not 7.)

Root-leaf heart-fhaped. Stem-leaves, the lower bird-footed, on leaf-ftalks, broader, blunt; the upper fingered, fitting, oppofite, embracing the ftem. Stem forked, or 3-forked. Empalement united at the bafe, fcarce perceptibly woolly. Petals during the feafon for the leafing of trees wanting, in the feafon of the flowering of trees 2 or 3, in the feafon of fruiting 5, whence it may be eatily taken for a different plant. LINN.—Honey-cup a finall oblique hole at the bottom of the petals not covered by any fcale. CURT.—Empalement yellow. Bloffoms yellow. WITH.

Sweet Wood Crowfoot. Goldilocks.

Woods, groves, and hedges, [in a clayey foil. Mr. Woonw. Sr.] P. April. May.

Goats and Cows eat it. Horfes and Sheep refufe it.

RANUN'CULUS *fcelera'tu's*. Lower-leaves hand- *celery-leaved* fhaped, the upper fingered. Fruit oblong.—

Curt. ii. 17.—Fl. dan. 571.—Fuchf. 159, cop. in Trag. 93, J. B. iii. 858. 1, and Lonic. i. 163. 2.—Dod. 426. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 382. 1, ic. i. 669. 1, Ger. em. 962. 4, and cop. in Park. 1215. 6, Pet. 38. 11, and H. ox. iv. 29. 27 and 28.— Math. 610.

Plant nearly fmooth. Stem cylindrical, fcored, hollow, very much branched. Leaves, the lower on long leaf-ftalks, hand-fhaped, with 5 clefts, fegments blunt, with 3 clefts; the upper with 3 clefts, the lateral fegments cloven, the middle one, as alfo its fegments, fegments, with 3 clefts; the uppermost fingered, nearly fitting, fegments almost entire. Leaf-stalks membranaceous at the bale, half embracing the ftem. Fruit-stalks furrowed, opposite the leaves. Honey-cup above the claw of the petal. Receptacie oblong. LYONS. —Root-leaves kidney-schaped, lobed, on long leaf-stalks. Petals simall. Receptacle egg-schaped. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves stmooth, with 3 or 4 deep divisions; fegments spear-schaped, more or lefs jagged. Stem smooth. Plant biting. Threads more than $\frac{1}{2}$ as long as the petals. Fruit conical. WITH.

Round-leaved Water Crowfoot.

Shallow waters.

A. May. June.

The whole plant is very corrofive; and beggars are faid to ufe it to ulcerate their feet, which they expose in that flate, to excite compaffion.

Goats eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Sheep refuse it.

bulbous

RANUN'CULUS bulbo'fus. Empalements bent back. Fruit-ftalks furrowed. Stem upright, with many flowers. Leaves compound.—

Mill. ill.—Curt. i. 7.—Walc.—Fl. dan. 551.—Dod. 431. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 380. 3, ic. i. 667. 1, Ger. 953. 6, and cop. in Park. 329. 5, Pet. 38. 4.—Fuchf. 160, cop. in J. B. iii. 417. 4.—Ger. 806. 6.—Matth. 614.

Root globular, fibrous at the bafe. Stems a foot high, upright, bare at the bafe, towards the top leafy, and branched; cylindrical, hollow, with hairs preffed to. Root-leaves on long leaf-stalks, 3fold, hairy; the terminating leafit with 3 lobes; lobes with generally 3 clefts, toothed; the lateral leafits fitting, oppofite with 3 oblique lobes. Stem-leaves, the uppermost fingered; leafits with 2 or 3 clefts, wedge-fhaped; or fimple, ftrap-fpear-fhaped, nearly fitting. Leaf-stalks broader at the bale, half embracing the stem. Fruit-stalks with 1 flower. Flower yellow. Empalement hairy. Petals inverfely heart-shaped. Honey-cup inversely heart-shaped, minute. Lyons.-Empalement at the bottom thin and fomewhat transparent. Stem never throwing out fuckers. CURT .- Upper-leaves, divisions ftrap-fhaped. Bulb formed above the bulb of laft year. When it comes into flower, the old one, in a dry foil, may be found in a ftate of decay under the new one, and furrounded by the fibres, but without the leaft appearance of fuckers proceeding from either of them. In a turf containing 6 plants the roots were all distinct, excepting one, which appeared, from its fize, to be a feedling, with the old bulbs at the bottom. Petals bright yellow. Mr. WOODWARD .- Chives about 80. Plant more or lefs hairy. Roots bulbous. Bloffoms pale yellow. WITH. Butter

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Butter Flower. Butter Cups. Gold Cup. Meadows and pastures. Cows and Horfes have a great averfion to it.

RANUN'CULUS hirfu'tus. Root fibrous, annual. pale-leaved Stem hairy. Empalements bent back, taper-pointed, with hairs rifing from minute prominencies. CURT. RELH. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Curt. ii. 15 .- 7. B. iii. 417. 3.

Stem more branched and fpreading; hairs ftiffer and longer than in R. bulbofus. Leaf-flalks of the lower leaves hollow, and if cut afunder, the nerves appear projecting into the infide of the tube. Leaves, lobes 3 more diffinct, the middle and outermost rounder and lefs deeply divided at the edges, the fide ones with a portion as if cut out from the inner edge; frequently with irregular pale or whitish spots, and the upper furface befet with projecting points, from which the hairs arife. Flowers more numerous, fmaller, and feeds fmaller than in R. bulbofus. CURT .- Root, fibres long, thick, white. Stem, hairs expanding. Leaves yellowifh green, hairy. Root-leaves kidney-shaped, fcolloped, entire, or 3fold; the middle leafit on a leaf-stalk, with 3 lobes; the fide leafits fitting, each with 2 lobes. Stem-leaves fimilar, more deeply divided, and fegments more pointed; the upper fegments ftrap-fpearshaped. Flowers brimstone-coloured. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ranunculus bulbofus. B. HUDS.

Moift clayey places, where water has ftood during the winter. Salt marshes near Gravesend. RAY .- Various places about London; fide of the road between Croydon and Mitcham; and plentifully by the fea fide on the gravelly banks about Southampton. CURT. -Road fides, rubbish, &c. Cambridgetnire. RELH.-[Amongst corn in a clayey foil, and on new made banks of falt marfhes, Yarmouth. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. June.-Sept.

RANUN'CULUS re'pens. Empalements open. creeping Fruit-stalks furrowed. Suckers creeping. Leaves compound .--

Curt. iv. 39.-Blackw. 31. 1.-Fl. dan. 795.-Dod. 425, repr. in Lob. obf. 379. 1, ic. i. 664. 2, Ger. em. 951. 1, and cop. in Pet. 38. 7, and H. ox, iv. 28. 18 .- Pet. 38. 8. - Ger. 804. 1. (7. B. iii. 420, is R. acris.)

Root fibrous. Stems numerous, widely fpreading, creeping. Leaf-stalks bordered, as it were, by a membrane at the bafe. Empalement fmooth. Flowers clofe during rain, but do not hang down. Poffibly a variety of R. bulbofus. LINN .- Root-leaves a little hairy underneath:

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underneath; leafits 3, with 3 fegments. Leaf-Jalks hairy, round, with a fingle furrow on the upper fide. Stem-leaves, fegments 3, more or lefs jagged, a little hairy underneath, at the edges and extremities. Fruit-flalks with 5 furrows. Empalement hairy, coloured. Blofs. yellow, deeper than that of R. acris. WITH.

Butter Cups.—Meadows, paftures, on rubbifh under hedges, and in gardens, in moift fituations. P, June.—Aug.

Goats eat it. Horfes refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe eat it. ST. g. HUDS. Larger. PET.

Pet. 38.8.

The very fame plant with a. RAY. ST.

upright

RANUN'CULUS *a'cris*. Empalements open. Fruit-ftalks cylindrical. Leaves with 3 divisions, and many clefts, the uppermost ftrap-fhaped.—

Curt. i. 4.—Walc.—J. B. iii. 416.—Blackw. 31. 2 and e.—Dod. 426. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 379. 2, ic. i. 665. 1, and cop. in Park. 328. 2, Pet. 38. 3, and H. ox. iv. 28. 16.—(Dod. 427. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 379. 2, ic. i. 666. 1, Ger. 951. 2, and cop. in Park. 328. 3, is a pretty cxact reprefentation of it, but is R. polyanthemos.)

Stem, hairs preffed to. Empalement pretty hairy, loofe, and not growing to at the bafe. LINN.—In the higher mountains of Caernarvonfhire and Weftmoreland the *ftem* is with I or 2 flowers, *(flower?)* large, and the empalement very hairy.-HUDS.—Leaves with blackifh fpots. Lower leaf-flalks tubular, furrowed. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—Leaves hairy, fegments black or deep purple at the points; *flem-leaves* fitting, but fheathing the joints. Leaf-flalks hairy. *Fruit-flalks* not furrowed. Empalement coloured. WITH.— Chives about 90. Threads florter than the leaves of the cup. Blofs. bright yellow.

Butter Flower. Butter Cups.

Meadows and paftures.

P. June. July.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine refufe it. LINN.—Cows and Horfes leave this plant untouched, though their pafture be ever fo bare.

It is very acrid, and eafily blifters the fkin.

corn

RANUN'CULUS arven'fis. Seeds prickly. Upperleaves doubly compound, ftrap-fhaped.—

Walc.—Fl. dan. 219, a branch.—Fuchf. 157, repr. in J. B. iii. 859. 1.—Dod. 427. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 380. 1, ic. i. 665. 2, Ger. cm. 951. 3, and cop. in Park. 328. 4, H. ox. iv. 29. 23, and Pet. 38. 10.—Ger. 805. 3.

Petals

Petals fmall, brimftone-coloured. Seeds 5 or 6, flat, befet with awl-shaped prickles. Chives about 16. Mr. WOODWARD. Hungerweed. [Mr. HOLLEFEAR.]-Corn fields. A. June.

RANUN'CULUS parviflo'rus. Seeds covered with finall flowered fharp points. Leaves fimple, jagged, pointed, rough with hair. Stem spreading .---

Ray 12. 1. at p. 326.-H. ox. iv. 28.21.-Pet. 38.9.-Pluk. 55. I.

Stems more proftrate than that of R. muricatus. Leaves deeply jagged. Seeds befet only on the fides with tubercles, and not with prickles. LINN .- Stems trailing, cylindrical, hairy, hollow, very much branched. Leaves on leaf-stalks, alternate, with 5 lobes, hairy, pointed. Leaf-stalks 5 times as long as the leaves, femicylindrical, membranaceous at the bafe, half embracing the ftem. Fruit-flalks opposite the leaves, round, not furrowed, as long as the leaves. Empalement bent back. Petals expanding. Seeds befet with minute hooks. LYONS .- Lower-leaves with 3 lobes, jagged, the upper fimple or divided, fpear-fhaped, hairy. Seeds flat, terminated by fhort hooked points. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves with 3 clefts, fegments toothed. Root-leaves kidney-shaped, or heartfhaped, with 3 clefts, fegments toothed. Stem-leaves femi-circular. Uppermost leaves fmall, either fimple, or with 3 divisions, fitting. Seeds, prickles hooked, very fhort. WITH.

Corn fields and meadows, in a gravelly foil. Near Camberwell: and Greenstreet Green, not far from Dartford, Kent. [Malvern Hill, Worcestershire. Mr. BALLARD. - Near Norwich. Mr. PITCHFORD .- and Worcefter. St.] . A. May. June.

RANUN'CULUS hedera'ceus. Leaves roundifh, ivy-leaved with 3 lobes, very entire. Stem creeping .--

Curt. iv. 42 .- Fl. dan. 321 .- J. B. iii. 782. 2, cop. in H. o.x. iv. 29. 29, and Pet. 38. 12 .- (Park. 1216. 9, is Lemna trifulca.)

Chives fometimes 10. WEBER. CURT .- Stems foreading. Leaves, fome kidney-fhaped, lobes nearly heart-fhaped. Leaf-flalks flatted. Empalement bent back. Fruit-stalks not furrowed. Petals spearshaped, white. Chives 5, 6, 7, rarely more. Honey-cups yellowish. Seeds fmooth. WITH.

· On the mud of flow fhallow rivulets. Watery places, ditches, and flow ftreams. [Frequent in Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June.-Aug.

RANUN'CULUS aquat'ilis. The leaves under water water hair-like; those above the water with central leaf-stalks.-Honey-cup

POLYANDRIA POLYGYNIA.

Honey-cup not a scale, but a simple pore. LINN.-The variation of the leaves depends entirely on its growing in water which is either ftagnant, or has more or lefs ftream. Petals white, with a yellow fpot at the bafe. Mr. WOODWARD .- Petals, claws yellow. Honey-cup a fhort open tube. Threads not more than Ith as long as the petals. Seed-buds hairy when magnified. Receptacle hairy. WITH .- Flowers on fruit-stalks which arife from the fame sheath with the leaves; white, or pale ftraw-colour.

P. April.-July.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. a. Leaves as in the fpecific character. ST.

Pet. 39. 1.-7. B. iii. 781. 1.-Barr. 565.-Dod. 587. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 497. 2, ic. ii. 35. 2, Ger. em. 829. 2, and cop. in Park. 1216. 8.-H. ox. iv. 29. 31.

Wet ditches and gently flowing rivulets,

B. All the leaves hair-like; outline round. LINN. RAY .- Flowers on long fruit-stalks. PLUK.

Pluk. 55. 2.-Pet. 39. 3.-C. B. pr. 73. 2, cop. in J. B. iii. 784. 1, and Park. 1257.8.

7. LINN. All the leaves hair-like; fegments diverging; out-Milfoil line irregular. HALL.—Differing from a only in the leaves being all hair-like. RAY.

> H. ox. iv. 29. 32.-Ger. 679, abridged in 7. B. iii. 781. 2, and Pet. 39. 2.- (Lob. ic. i. 791. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 827. 3, and cop. in Park. 1256. 5, and abridged in Pet. 39. 4, is variety 8.) In the fame fituations as variety a.

fennel-leaved

various-leav'd

& LINN. All the leaves hair-like; fegments very long, parallel. HALL .- outline oblong. ROVEN .- Stems very long, taking the direction of the stream. RAY. ST.

Fl. dan. 376 .- J. B. iii. 782. 1.-Lob. ic. i. 791. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 827. 3, and cop. in Park. 1256. 5, and abridged in Pet. 39. 4.- (Lob. ic. i. 790. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 828. 4, is Potamoget. pectinatum.)

Rivers. River Tame about Tamworth, &c. the Ifis, near Oxford, [and in fhoals in the Severn, where it is called Rait. ST.]

FICA'RIA.

fine-leaved

FICA'RIA. (DILL. HALL. HUDS. ST.) Pilewort.

EMPAL. Cup 3 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; falling off. BLOSS. Petals about 8; fpear-fhaped; gloffy. Honcy-cup a little cavity just above the claw of each petal, clofed

by a nicked fcale.

CHIVES. Threads many; very fhort. Tips ftraight; oblong; double.

POINT. Seed-buds numerous; forming a knob. Shafts none. Summits reflected; very finall.

S. VESS. none. Receptacle connecting the feeds by very minute fruit-ftalks.

SEEDS many; oblong; crooked at the point. HUDS.

ESS. CHAR. Empal. leaves 3. Petals about 8; with a pore containing honey on the infide of the claws. Seeds bare. ST.

OBS. Corresponds with Ranunculus in its honcy-cup, and with Anemone and Adonis in the uncertain number of petals; between which last, and Ranunculus, it is the connecting link on one fide, as it is between Ranunculus and Caltha on the other. ST.

FICA'RIA ver'na. Empal. leaves fometimes 4. TREW. common -4 and 5. CURT.

Ludw. 52.—Fl. dan. 499.—Curt. ii. 13.—Blackw. 51.—Walc.— Fuchf. 867, cop. in J. B. iii. 468, and Lonic. i. 166. 1.—Dod. 49, repr. in Lob. obf. 323. 1, ic. i. 593. 2, Ger. em. 816, and cop. in Park. 617. 3, and Pet. 38. 1.—Ger. 669.—Matth. 831. —Trag. 613.

Plant fmooth. Roots composed of feveral granules or little bulbs. Stem trailing, fornewhat angular, hollow. Lower-leaves opposite, on leaf-ftalks, heart-fhaped, fornewhat angular, fcolloped, bluntisth, gloffy, the uppermost formetimes folitary. Leaf-ftalks channelled, half embracing the flem, much longer than the leaves. Fruit-ftalk terminating, furrowed towards the top. Empal. a fmall reflected fcale underneath each leaf. Petals oblong, blunt, yellow. Seed-buds blunt. As the plant withers, egg-fhaped little bulbs arife in the bofom of the leaves. LYONS.

Ranunculus Ficaria. LINN. CURT. which fee.

Leffer Celandine.

Meadows and paftures.

P. April.

The young leaves may be eaten in the fpring along with other pot-herbs Goats and Sheep eat it. Cows and Horfes refufe it. *Curculio derfalis* is found upon it.

It

POLYANDRIA POLYGYNIA.

It chokes up other plants that grow near it. LINN.—On this account it proves a very troublefome inmate in gardens, into which it is not unfrequently introduced along with loam. Sr.

758. TROL'LIUS. Globe-flower.

EMPAL. none.

BLOSS. Petals about 14; nearly egg-fhaped; deciduous; 3 in each of the 3 outer rows, and 5 in the innermoft. Honey-cups 9; ftrap-fhaped; flat; crooked; perforated on the inner fide at the bafe.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; briftle-fhaped; fhorter than the bloffom. Tips upright.

- POINT. Seed-buds numerous; fitting; like pillars. Shafts none. Summits fharp-pointed; fhorter than the chives.
- S. VESS. Capfules numerous; forming a knob; egg-fhaped, with a crooked point.

SEEDS folitary.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. 0. Petals about 14. Capfules many; egg-fhaped; containing many feeds.

Gowlans

T R O L ' L I U S *europa'us*. Petals approaching. Honey-cups as long as the chives.—

Fl. dan. 133.—Cluf. i. 237. 1, repr. in Dod. 430. 1, Lob. obf. 385. 1, ic. i. 675, Ger. em: 955. 12.—Ger. 809. 13.—J. B. iii. 419.—H. cx. xii. 2. 2.—Matth. 613.—Park. par. 219. 11.

Bloffoms clofed, yellow. Honcy-cups yellow, not longer than the chives. Seed-buds or pointals upright. LINN.—Leaves round in their circumfeription, divided to the bafe into 5, fegments very entire at the bafe, jagged upwards; thefe fegments again deeply divided into 3 lobes, the middlemoft of which with 3 clefts, all fharply ferrated or jagged on the outer edge, nearly entire on the inner. Capfules ribbed transfverfely, terminated by a crooked horn, pointing outwards, giving the head a ftar-like appearance. Mr. Woodw. —Bioffoms globular.

Globe-flower. Locker-Gowlans.

Sides of mountains, and mountainous meadows in Wales and the North of England. HUDS.—Skirrith Wood, and moift woods about Settle, Yorkfhire. CURT.—Scotland. LIGHTF.—[Near Troutbeck, Weftmoreland. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. May. June.

It is cultivated in our flower gardens.

Geats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Cows and Horfes refufe it. 760. HEL.-

760. HELLEB'ORUS. Hellebore.

EMPAL. Cup none; unlefs you reckon the bloffom fuch, which, in fome fpecies, is permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 5; circular; blunt; large. Honey-cups many; very fhort; placed in a circle; confifting of 1 leaf; tubular; narroweft beneath. Mouth with 2 lips; upright; notched at the end; the inner lip the fhorteft.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; awl-fhaped. Tips compreffed; narroweft in the lower part; upright.

POINT. Seed-buds generally 6; compressed. Shafts awlshaped. Summits rather thick.

S. V_{ESS}. *Capfules* compreffed; keeled at both edges; the lower edge the fhorteft; the upper the most convex; opening.

SEEDs feveral; round; fixed to the feams.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. 0. Petals 5 or more. Honey-cups with 2 lips; tubular. Capfules with many feeds; nearly upright.

HELLEB'ORUS vir'idis. Stem cloven. Branches greenflowered leafy, with 2 flowers. Leaves fingered.

Jacq. fl. ii. 106.—Blackw. 509 and 510.—Fuchf. 274, cop. in J. B. iii. 636.—Cluf. i. 275. 1, repr. in Dod. 385. 2, Lob. obf. 387. 2, ic. i. 680. 2, Ger. em. 976. 2, and cop. in Park. 212. 2 and 3, and H. ox. xii. 4. 5.—Ger. 825. 2.—Trag. 405, cop. in Lonic. i. 171. 2.—Matth. 1221.

Root-leaves becoming longer than the ftem. All the leaves from the root.* Stalk leaflefs.† Flowers nodding, green. LINN.-Pointals 3, fometimes though rarely 4, and very rarely 5. CRANTZ. --Leafts fpear-fhaped, cut-ferrated. Flower-leaves fheathing the branches and fruit-ftalks, ufually with 3 clefts, the outer of which fometimes deeply cloven, fpear-fhaped, ferrated. Mr. WOODW.

Woods and dry paftures. Bigwin Clofes, Ditton, and Whitwell, Cambridgefhire. Arundel Caftle, Suffex. Knowlton, E. Kent; and Stoken-Church, Oxfordfhire. [Orchard near Mr. Ballard's, Robinfon's-End, Malvern Chace. Mr. Welles. Mr. Ballard.] P. March. April.

* \dagger This feems a flight error, as it is inconfistent with what follows. ST. Vol. II. Q Q HEL- slinking

HELLEB'ORUS fat'idus. Stem with many flowers, leafy. Leaves bird-footed.—

Blackw. 57.—Fuchf. 275, cop. in J. B. iii. 880, and abridged in Trag. 251.—Dod. 386, repr. in Lob. obf. 387. 4, ic. i. 680. 1, Ger. em. 976. 4, in fruit.—Lob. obf. 387. 3, repr. in ic. i. 679. 2, Ger. em. 976. 3, and cop. in Park. 212. 3. (it fhould be 4) and H. ox. xii. 4. 6, in flower; ferratures of the leaves reprefented as briftles.—Ger. 826.

All the leaves on the ftem, none towards the root. LINN-Leaves deep green. Branches, leaf-fcales, floral-leaves, and flowers pale greenifh yellow. Leaf-fcales at the divisions of the branches oval-fpear-fhaped, embracing the ftem, folitary, with 3 deep clefts at the end tinged with purple. Floral-leaf oval-fpear-fhaped, entire, folitary, at the bafe of each fruit-ftalk, tinged with purple. Mr. WOODWARD.-Bloffoms formewhat globular, green, fometimes tinged with purple at the edges. Stem about a yard high.

Bears-foot. Setterwort. [Oxheel. ST.]

Meadows, fhady places, and hedges. Cherry-hinton, Fulbourn, Triplow, Cambridgefhire. Downs near Chichefter, Suffex. Woods between Gounfbery and Blackwell, Somerfetfhire. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. Apr.

The dried leaves are frequently given to children to deftroy worms, but they must be used sparingly, being violent in their operation, and instances of their state effects are recorded. The country people put the root into state through the dewlaps of oxen. A decostion of 1 or 2 drams, either of this, or of the preceding species, is a sharp purge.

761. CAL'THA. Meadow-bout.

EMPAL. Cup none.

BLOSS. Petals 5; egg-fhaped; nearly flat; expanding; large; fhedding.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; thread-fhaped; fhorter than the petals. Tips compressed; blunt; upright.

POINT. Seed-buds from 5 to 10; oblong; compressed; upright. Shafts none. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. *Capfules* from 5 to 10; fhort; tapering; expanding; keeled at both edges; opening at the upper feam.

SEEDs many; roundifh; enlarging; fixed to the upper feam.

Ess.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. O. Petals 5. Honey-cups O. Capfules feveral; with many feeds.

OBS. Differs from *Ranunculus* in wanting an empalement, from *Helleborus* in having no honey-cup, and from both in having a double row of chives.

CAL'THA paluf'tris .---

marsh

Munt. phyt. 436. 122.—Curt. i. 3.—Fl. dan. 668.—Matth. 846.— Clu/sii. 114. 1, repr. in Dod. 598. 1, Lob. obf. 323. 2, ic. i. 594. 1, Ger. em. 817. 1.—Trag. 142, cop. in J. B. iii. 470, and cop. in Lonic. i. 88. 3, and Park. 1213. 1.—Ger. 670. 2 and 1.—Walc.

Capfules 4 to 12. Mr. HOLLEF.—Leaves fometimes fcolloped, fometimes entire. Mr. WOODW.—Leaves kidney-fhaped. Petals yellow, from 5 to 7, fomewhat concave. Chives, inner row with broad tips, the outer row twice as long, club-fhaped, and the tips compressed. Capfules fometimes more than 10. WITH.

Marsh Marigold. Meadow-bouts.

Moift meadows and paftures. Granchefter Meadow, Cambridge. RELHAN.—Banks of rivers, [and Alder Swamps. ST.]

P. April. May.

- 2. Bloffoms double. RAY. RELHAN.
 - Park. 1213. 2.—Cluf. ii. 114. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 818. 3.—Ger. 681. 3.

The flowers gathered before they expand, and preferved in falted vinegar, are a good fubfitute for capers. The juice of the petals, boiled with a little alum, ftains paper yellow. The remarkable yellownefs of butter in the fpring is fuppofed to be caufed by this plant; but Cows will not eat it, unlefs compelled by extreme hunger, and then, Boerhaave fays, it occafions fuch an inflammation that they generally die. Upon May-day the country people ftrew the flowers before their doors.

Goats and Sheep eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine refuse it.

Qq2

Class

Class XIV.

584

D I D Y N A M I A. II. CHIVES LONGER.

T HE effential character of this Clafs confifts in the Flowers being furnifhed with 4 Chives, 2 of which are long, and 2 *fhort*. The fhort Chives fland next together and adjoining to the fhaft of the Pointal. They are covered by the Bloffom, which is irregular in its fhape. This Clafs comprehends the Whorled Plants, the lipped, the mafked, the gaping, and the grinning flowers of other authors. It admits of the following NATURAL CHARACTER:

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; upright; tubular; with 5 clefts; fegments unequal; permanent.
- BLOSS. I petal; upright. The bafe tubular; containing honey; and ferving for a honey-cup. Border generally gaping; the upper Lip firaight; the lower Lip expanding, with 3 fegments; the middle one the broadeft.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; ftrap-fhaped; fixed to the tube of the blofs. but leaning towards the back of it. Threads all parallel; feldom taller than the bloffom. The 2 middle threads fhorter than those on each fide. Tips generally covered by the upper lip of the bloffom, and approaching each other so as to ftand in pairs.
- POINT. Seed-bud generally fuperior. Shaft fingle; threadfhaped; bent in the fame manner as the chives, and generally ftanding in the midft of them, but fomewhat longer, and a little crooked at the top. Summit generally cloven.
- S. VESS. either none, (as in the first Order) but when there is one, (as in the fecond Order) it generally confists of 2 cells.
- SEEDS in the *first Order* 4; feated at the bottom of the cup. In the *fecond Order* many; fixed to the receptacle; which is placed in the middle of the feed-velfel.

OBS.

 O_{BS} . The flowers of this Clafs are, for the moft part, nearly upright, but leaning a little from the ftem, fo that the bloffom may more effectually cover the tips from the rain, and the duft more eafily fall upon the fummit. The plants in the first Order of this Clafs are oderiferous, cephalic, and refolvent. None of them are poifonous.

Order I.

GYMNOSPERMIA; SEEDS NAKED.

*	Cups	generall	v with 5	clefts.

780. LEONU'RUS	<i>Tips</i> fprinkled with particles of a
· · ·	bony fubftance.
773. GLECO'MA	Tips in pairs; each pair forming
115	a crofs.
771. Men'tha	Threads diftant; straight. Blos.
//	nearly equal.
35. VERBE'NA	Bloss. nearly equal. Upper feg-
55 2	ment of the cup the fhorteft.
764. TEU'CRIUM	Bloss. without any upper lip;
/04. I EU CRIUM	upper fegment of the petal
	divided.
-62 11-12-	
763. A'JUGA	Blofs. upper lip fhorter than the
C a luia	chives.
GALEOB'DOLON.	Bloss. upper lip entire, vaulted;
(Huds.)	lower lip with 3 clefts; feg-
	ments taper-pointed. ST.
776. BETON'ICA	Bloss. upper lip flat; afcending.
	Tube cylindrical. Chives as long
	as the mouth of the tube.
774. LA'MIUM	Bloss. with a briftle-shaped tooth
	on each fide the lower lip, (or
	rather mouth. WITH.)
775. GALEOP'SIS	Bloss. with 2 teeth upon the lower
115	lip.
777. STA'CHYS	Bloss. lateral fegments of the
,,,,	lower lip reflected. Chives after
	fhedding their duft turned to
	the fides.
0.5.5	

Q q 3

768. NEP'ETA.

DIDYNAMIA.

586

768. NEP'ETA	Blofs. lower lip fcolloped. Mouth				
	with the edge reflected.				
778. BALLO'TA	Cup with 10 fcores. Blos. upper				
	lip vaulted.				
779. MARRU'BIUM	Cup with 10 fcores. Bloss. upper				
	lip flat and ftraight.				
+	Origanum.				
** Come will a The					
	ups with 2 Lips.				
792. SCUTELLA'RIA	Cup after flowering appears as if				
	clofed with a cover refembling				
	a helmet.				
785. THY'MUS	Cup clofed at the mouth with foft				
7.5	hairs. (* In Meliffa Calamintha,				
	and M. Nepeta, the mouth of				
	the empalement is also closed with				
	hairs. WITH.)				
BOD DEVIDIA	Threads forked at the end.				
793. PRUNEL'LA					
784. ORIG'ANUM	Cups inclosed in a tiled cone.				
783. CLINOPO'DIUM.	Cups inclosed in a fence.				
789. MELIT'TIS	Cup wider than the tube of the				
	bloffom. Upper Lip of the				
	bloffom flat and entire. <i>Tips</i>				
	croffing each other.				
786. MELIS'SA	Cupangular; fkinny; upper lip				

+ Teucrium. (WITH.)

afcending.

Order II.

ANGIOSPERMIA; SEEDS COVERED.

* Cups with 2 Clefts. 841. OROBAN'CHE. Capf. 1 cell. Blofs. nearly equal; with 4 clefts. A gland at the bafe of the feed-bud.

* Cups

II. CHIVES LONGER.

** Cups with 4 Clefts.				
801. LATHRE'A	Capf. 1 cell. Blofs. gaping. A gland at the bafe of the feed- bud.			
797. BART'SIA	Capf. 2 cells. Blofs. gaping. Cup coloured.			
799. Euphra'sia	Lower Tips thorny.			
798. RHINAN'THUS	Capf. 2 cells; compressed. Bloss. gaping.			
800. Melampy'rum.	Capfule 2 cells. Blofs. gaping. Seeds 2; bellying.			

*** Cups with 5 Clefts.

	1 0 0
837. LIMOSEL'UA	Capf. 1 cell. Bloss. bell-shaped;
~	regular. Seeds many.
814. Scrophula'RIA.	Capf. 2 cells. Bloss. facing up-
	wards; the lip with a middle
	fegment more within than the
	reft.
836. SIBTHOR'PIA	Capf. 2 cells. Blofs. wheel-fhaped.
	Chives placed 2 and 2; ap-
	proaching.
816. DIGITA'LIS	Capf. 2 cells. Bloss. bell-shaped;
	diftended on the under fide.
	Chives declining.
808. ANTIRRHI'NUM.	Capfule 2 cells. Blofs. gaping;
	with a projecting honey-cup
	beneath.
804. PEDICULA'RIS	Capfule 2 cells. Bloffom gaping.
T. Presson Michael	Seeds coated.
	seeus coaleu.

Qq4

Order

587

Order I.

GYMNOSPERMIA; SEEDS NAKED.

763. A'JUGA. Bugle.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; fhort; with 5 fhallow clefts; nearly equal; permanent.

BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; crooked. Upper Lip very fmall; upright; cloven; blunt. Lower Lip large; expanding; with 3 fegments; blunt; middle fegment large; inverfely heartfhaped; lateral fegments fmall.

CHIVES. Threads 4; (2 fhort, and 2 long;) awl-fhaped; upright; taller than the upper lip. Tips double.

POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in fize and fituation with the chives. Summits 2; flender; the lowermost the fhortest.

S. VESS. none. The *Cup* clofes and retains the feed. SEEDS 4; rather long.

Ess. CHAR. Bloss. the upper lip very fmall. Chives longer than the upper lip.

pyramidal

A'JUGA pyramida'lis. Plant forming a woolly 4cornered pyramid. Root-leaves very large. LINN.— Leaves near together. Floral-leaves nearly entire. ST.*

Fl. dan. 185.—(Ludw. 8.—Riv. mon. 76. 2, Bugula mont.—Pet. 34. 4 —J. B. iii. 432. 1.—Pluk. 18. 3, H. ox. xi. 5. 3, and Blackw. 64. 2, as growing in a dry foil, are A. genevenfis.⁺)

* Foliis approximatis, bracteis sub-integris. Sr.

† The above figures of \mathcal{J} . B. and Pluk, are what Ray refers to, which fhould induce one to believe his plant to have been the A. genevenfis, which Schreber has well diffinguifaed by the character of lowermost leaves narrower, flower-leaves with generally 3 lobes. Trew in his edition of Blackw. fays, that the A. genewenfis, in a dry foil, is much lower, and more compact, and this he fuppoles to be Linnæus's A. pyramidalis; but Mr. Woodward informs me, that a plant of the latter, which he received from the North of England, whence he cannot recollect, and cultivated in his garden, retained its pyramidal form during the whole courfe of its growth, $S\tau$.

588

Plant

Plant as taken from the bottom to the top refembling a pyramid. very fimple, clothed with leaves pointing 4 ways, gradually increafing in height, the whole often decorated with leaves which, excepting the root-leaves, are of a violet colour, ferpentine at the edge, imperfectly fcolloped. Flowers whitifh, or bluifh. Suckers none. Flowers 3 together. LINN. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem very hairy. Leaves very hairy; root-leaves oblong-wedge-fhaped, fitting, entire, very large; flem-leaves oval, flightly toothed or fcolloped, not 3-lobed, diminishing upwards, fo as to give the whole plant fomewhat of a pyramidal form; in oppofite alternate pairs; the upper tinged with purple. Floral-leaves longer than the flowers. Flowers from the bofom of the leaves, not more than 3 together. Empalement very hairy, divided half way down; fegments awl-fhaped, nearly equal. Blos. narrow, twice as long as the empalement; tips hairy. Tips and fummits flanding out beyond the upper lip. Mr. Woodw .- Stem-leaves oblong-inverfely egg-fhaped, the uppermoft longer than the flowers. ST.

(Phyllochnois Renealm. Spec. 125, is very properly referred by Hall. to A. genevensis. ST.)

Sicklewort.

Mountains. Carnedh Llewellyn, Caernarvonfh. RAV.-Ben Nevis in Lochaber, the Burn of Killogower, and Ord of Caith-Hels. Dr. HOPE. P. June. HUDS. B. May and June. LIGHTF. Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Horfes and Swine refuse it.

A'IUGA rep'tans. Smooth, with creeping fuckers. - common Curt. ii. 13 .- Sheldr. 35 .- Riv. mon. 75. 1, Bugula .- Fuchf. 391, cop. in. 7. B. iii. 430. 2.-7. B. iii. 430. 3.-Walc .- Irag. 311.-Blackw. 64. 1.-Lonic. i. 145. 2.-H. ox. xi. 5. row 3. 1.-Barr. 337 and 338.-Matth. 962, cop. in Dod. 135. 2, which repr. in Lob. obf. 252. 1, ic. i. 475. 2, Ger. em. 631. 1, and cop. in Park. 525; and again cop. in Ger. 506. 1.

Leaves egg-fhaped. Root-leaves fcolloped, on leaf-stalks. Stemleaves nearly entire, fitting, in oppofite crofs pairs; the upper purplifh. Bloss. blue, red, or white, in long leafy spikes. WITH.

Bugle .- Moift meadows, paftures, and woods. P. May .- July. The roots are aftringent, and ftrike a black colour with vitriol of iron.

764. TEU'-

764. TEU'CRIUM. Germander.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 5 fhallow clefts; nearly equal; hunched on one fide the bafe; fharp; permanent.

BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; fhort; ending in a crooked mouth. Upper Lip upright; fharp; deeply divided; fegments ftanding wide. Lower Lip with 3 clefts; expanding; lateral fegments a little upright; of the fhape of the upper lip; the middle one large; circular.

CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; longer than the upper lip of the bloffom, and projecting between its fegments. Tips fmall.

POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in fize and fituation with the chives. Summits 2; flender.

S. VESS. none. The *Cup* remaining unchanged contains the feeds within it.

SEEDS 4; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. Bloss. upper lip may be faid to be wanting; divisions 2; extending below the base; straddling; the chives rising between them.

OBS. The upper lip of the bloffom being deeply divided, and the fegments flanding wide afunder, make it appear as if the upper lip was wanting.

Ground Pine

TEU'CRIUM Chamæ'pithys. Leaves with 3 clefts, ftrap-fhaped, very entire. Flowers fitting, lateral, folitary. Stem fpreading.—

Ludw. 130.—Riv. mon. 14. 1, Chamapitys.—Fl. dan. 733.—H. ox. xi. 22. row 3. 1.—Dod. 46. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 207. 2, ic. i. 382. 2, Ger. em. 525. 1.—Matth. 940.—Ger. 421. 1, abr. in Park. 283. 1.—Fuchf. 886, cop. in J. B. iii. 295. 1.— Trag. 80.—Blackw. 528.—Lonic. i. 159. 2.—J. B. ib. 2.

Empal. teeth not awned. Fruit-flalks not unfrequently lengthening out while the flowers are withering. GOUAN.—Blofs. yellow, with minute red dots. RELHAN.—Stem hairy. Leaves hairy, the lower entire, the reft cloven deeper and deeper till the upper ones are almost divided to the bafe; fegments ftrap-fhaped. Flowers nearly on one fide of the flalk, fingle, or in pairs. Empalement very hairy. Blofs. lower lip, middle fegment fomewhat heart-fhaped, fmooth, the reft very hairy. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ground Pine.

Fallow

Fallow fields. On the Lays about the border of Triplow Heath, Cambridgefhire; about Rochefter and Dartford, Kent. Roehill. A. June. July.

This plant has a degree of bitternefs and acrimony, but its real use is far from being accurately afcertained. It ftands recommended in the gout, jaundice, and intermitting fevers.

TEU'CRIUM Scorodo'nia. Leaves heart-fhaped, Sage ferrated, on leaf-ftalks. Bunches lateral. Flowers pointing one way. Stem upright.—

Curt. v. 50.—Blackw. 9.—Dod. 291, repr. in Lob. obf. 262. 1, ic. i. 497. 2, Ger. em. 662, and cop. in Park. 111. 2.—H. ox. xi. 20. 15.—Riv. mon. 12.—Fl. dan. 485.—Trag. 15. 2, cop. in Lonic. i. 112. 3.—J. B. iii. 295. 1, and 294.—(Ger. 536, is a Meliffa.)

Bloffoms white. Threads purplifh. LINN.—Bloffoms ftraw-coloured. RELHAN.—Stem fquare, hairy. Leaves rough. Empalement femi-transparent, veined, smooth, upper lip much the largest. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves tooth-ferrated. Empalement with 2 lips, upper lip bent back, sharp-pointed, the lower concave, with 4 sharp teeth. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—Stems 4-cornered, hairy. Branches opposite. Leaves heart-spear-spear-spear for wrinkled. Flowers in pairs. Empalement a little woolly, upper lip broad, bent back, pointed; the lower with 4 very shallow clefts terminating in pointed teeth bent inwards. Bloffoms woolly; tube longer than the empalement; upper lip none, but the top of the tube flightly cloven; lower lip fprinkled on the outside with minute white globules, middle fegment concave. Tips brownish yellow. Bloffoms greenish straw-colour. WITH.

Wood Sage.

Woods, heaths, thickets, and ditch banks. P. July. The people of Jerfey are faid to make ufe of it in brewing. It poffeffes the bitternefs and a good deal of the flavour of hops, but upon trial it gave too much colour to the liquor.

TEU'CRIUM Scor'dium. Leaves oblong, fitting, water tooth-ferrated. Flowers in pairs, on fruit-ftalks at the bafe of the leaves. Stem fpreading. LINN.—Lower flowers frequently folitary. Mr. WOODWARD.

Blackw. 475.—Fl. dan. 593.—Matth. 842.—Ger. 534. 1 and 2.— Trag. 885.—Riv. mon. 11, Scordium.—Dod. 126. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 261. 3, ic. i. 497. 1, Ger. em. 661, and cop. in Park. 111. 1.—H. ox. xi. 22. 14.—Lonic. i. 196. 3.—Fuchf. 776, cop. in J. B. iii. 292. 2. 591

Stem

Stem cylindrical, hairy. Leaves hairy, fitting, tapering and entire at the bafe, ferrated upwards, those at the top of the branches oval-fpear-fhaped, nearly entire. Empalement hairy, purplish. Mr. WOODWARD.

Marshes of the Isle of Ely. Between Cambridge and Histon. Waterbeach. Cottenham. P. July. Aug.

The fresh leaves are bitter and fomewhat pungent, Powdered they deftroy worms. A decoction of this plant is a good fomentation in gangrenous cafes. If Cows eat it when compelled by hunger, their milk gets a garlick flavour.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Swine refufe it.

common

T E U'C R I U M Chamæ'drys. Leaves wedge-eggfhaped, cut, fcolloped, on leaf-ftalks. Flowers in threes. Stems fomewhat hairy.—

Tourn. 97. 1. β.—Sheldr. 87.—Blachw. 180. β.—Riv. mon. 10.— Fuchf. 869, cop. in J. B. iii. 288. 1. β.—Ger. 530. 1, 2, and 3. β.—Malth. 818.—Trag. 204, cop. in Lonic. i. 62. 4.—Dod. 43. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 260. 1, ic. i. 491. 1, Ger. em. 656. 1, cop. in Park. 104, and abridged in H. ox. xi. 22. 11.—Cluf. i. 351. 1, repr. in Dod. 43. 2, Lob. ic. i. 491. 2, Ger. em. 656. 2, and cop. in H. ox. xi. 22. 10. β.

Fioral-leaves ferrated. Bloffoms purple; lip flat, with 3 flight clefts. LINN.—Stem cylindrical, hairy. Leaves on leaf-flaks, deeply jagged, entire at the bafe, hairy; the upper oval-fpearfhaped, often purple. Flowers on fruit-flaks. Mr. WOODW.— Leaves cut only from the middle upwards, befet underneath with white globules. Empal. the upper fegment broadeft, the 2 lower ones narroweft, befet without with white globules. Blofs. reddifh purple, befet without with white globules, middle fegment of the lower lip lopped, with a double row of hairs at the bafe. Tips chefnut-coloured, befet behind with white globules. WITH.

Common Germander.

Borders of corn fields far from any houfe. Ruins of Winchelfea Cafile. RAY.--[Norwich city walls. Mr. CROWE.--In the Area of Carifbrook Cafile in the Ifle of Wight. ST.] P. June. July.

The plant is bitter, with a degree of aroma, and may be used with advantage in weak and relaxed conftitutions. It is an ingredient in the celebrated gout powders.

768. NEP'ETA.

768. N E P'E T A. Nep.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; cylindrical; mouth 5 teeth; fharp; upright; the upper the longeft; the lower most expanded.
- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; crooked; border open. Mouth expanding; heart-fhaped; terminated by 2 very fhort, reflected, blunt fegments. Upper Lip upright; circular, notched at the end. Lower Lip circular; concave; large and entire; a little fcolloped at the edge.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long, and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; approaching; covered by the upper lip. Tips fixed fideways.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit cloven; fharp.
- S. VESS. none. The Cup ftanding upright contains the feeds.
- SEEDS 4; fomewhat egg-fhaped.
- Ess. CHAR. Blofs. the middlemost fegment of the lower lip fcolloped; the edge of the mouth bent back. Chives approaching.

OBS. If you reckon the fegments of the mouth as part of the lower lip, that lip will appear to have 3 divisions.

NEP'ETA Cata'ria. Flowers in fpikes. Whorls cat's on fhort fruit-ftalks. Leaves on leaf-ftalks, heart-fhaped, tooth-ferrated.

Blackw. 455.—Fl. dan. 580.—Dod. 99, refr. in Lob. obf. 276. 1, ic. i. 511. 1, Ger. em. 682. 1, and abridged in Pet. 32. 1. —Matth. 719,—Lonic. i. 112. 1.—Riv. mon. 52, Nepeta.— Trag. 15. 1.—Ger. 554. 1.—H. ox. xi. 6. row 2. 3.—(Fuchf. 434, cop. in J. B. iii. 225. 1, feems more to refemble Ballota nigra.)

Leaves of a velvet-like foftnefs. Whorls moftly turned to one fide of the ftem. Empalement downy, with green ribs. Bloffoms white, with a tinge of red, and fpotted with purple; tube nearly ftraight; lower lip, middle fegment with 6 or 7 equal teeth turned upwards, and fet with a tuft of white briftles at the bafe. Chives rather longer than upper lip. Tips purple. Duft white. Stem and leaves white with down. WITH.

Nep. Cat Mint

Pastures and hedges in a calcareous foil. [Near Bungay, Suffolk, and Hertfordshire. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

An infufion of it is deemed a fpecific in chlorotic cafes. Two ounces of the expressed juice may be given for a dose. Cats are fo delighted with this plant, that they can hardly be kept out of the garden wherein it grows. Mr. Miller fays, that cats will not meddle with it if it is raifed from feeds; and, in support of this opinion, quotes an old faying, "If you fet it, the cats will eat "it, if you fow it, the cats will not know it." It cannot well be planted without being more or less bruifed. ST.

Sheep eat it. Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Swine refuse it.

35. VERBE'NA. Vervain.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; angular; tubular; permanent; the tube of equal thickness; with 5 teeth; I of the teeth lopped.

BLOSS. 1 petal; unequal. Tube cylindrical; ftraight; as long as the cup; dilated; and bowed inward towards the top. Border expanding; with 5 fhallow clefts; the fegments rounded; nearly equal.

CHIVES. Threads 4; briftly; veryfhort; concealed within the tube of the bloffom; 2 longer than the other 2. Tips crooked; either 2 or 4.

POINT. Seed-bud 4-cornered. Shaft fumple; thread-fhaped; as long as the tube. Summit blunt.

S. Vess. very fine and thin, but generally none; the cup containing the feeds.

SEEDS 2 or 4; oblong.

Ess. CHAR. Bloss. funnel-shaped; crooked; segments nearly equal. Empal. 1 of the teeth lopped. Seeds 2 or 4; naked. Chives 2 or 4.

OBS. The ingenious Scopoli first removed this genus from the clafs Diandria, placing it after Mentha, at the end of this clafs, alledging, that it formed the connecting link between the Verticilatæ and Perfonatæ. This difposition was adopted in the 1st edition of this work, and fince by Mr. Hudfon and Mr. Curtis; but its connection with the Verticilatæ is more plaufible than real, it being truly one of the Perfonatæ, amongst which Linnæus has very propetly placed it in his ordines naturales. And in an artificial fystem this genus should keep the place allotted it by Linnæus. St.

VERBE'NA

VERBE'NA officinalis. Chives 4. Spikes thread-common fhaped, panicled. Leaves with many jagged clefts. Stem fingle.—

Ludw. 149.—Curt. i. 5.—Riv. mon. 56, Verbena.—Walc.—Cluf. ii. 45. 2, repr. in Dod. 150. 1, Lob. obf. 289. 2, ic. i. 534. 2, Ger. em. 718. 1, and cop. in Park. 675. 1.—Fl. dan. 628. —Blackw. 41.—Trag. 210.—Matth. 1052.—Ger. 580. 1.— Fuchf. 593, cop. in J. B. iii. 443.—Lonic. i. 138. 2.

Flowers of a whitifh reddifh hue. LINN.—Lower-leaves deeply lobed, and jagged, the upper with 3 clefts, or fimple. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem nearly 4-cornered. Flowering branches in oppofite pairs. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped. Empal. one of the teeth much fmaller and fhorter than the reft, but not lopped; angles hairy. Blofs. tube fringed at the top with hairs; mouth with 2 lips, the upper cloven into 2, the lower into 3 nearly equal fegments. Tips pale yellow. Shaft compreffed, broadeft towards the top, much fhorter than the tube, but nearly as long as the empalement. Seeds 4. WITH.

Vervain. Simpler's Joy.

Wafte places and high road fides.

P. CURT. B. HUDS. A. LIGHTF. It manifests a slight degree of astringency. The root, worn at the pit of the stomach, an infusion, and an ointment prepared from the leaves, are faid to produce good effects in fcrophulous cafes; (Morley's Essay on Scrophula;) but this wants confirmation from the more rational and less enthusiastic practitioner. Miller fays it is never found more than a quarter of a mile from a house, which is the reason of the common English name mentioned above.

Sheep eat it. Cows, Goats, and Horfes refuse it. LINN. A Horfe repeatedly eat it. Sr.

771. MEN'THA.

771. MEN'THA. Mint.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; upright; with 5 teeth; equal; permanent.
- BLOSS. I petal; upright; tubular; rather longer than the cup. Border with 4 divisions; nearly equal. The Upper Segment the broadeft, and notched at the end.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; upright; diftant; the
- 2 next each other the longeft. *Tips* roundifh. POINT. Seed-bud cloven into 4. Shaft' thread-fhaped; upright; longer than the bloffom. Summit cloven; expanding.
- S. VESS. none. Cup upright; containing the feeds. SEEDS 4; fmall.
 - Ess. CHAR. Blofs. with 4 clefts; fegments nearly equal; the broader of them nicked. Chives upright; diffant.

OBS. In M. aquatica the chives are all nearly of the fame length.

horfe MEN'THA fylvef'tris. Spikes oblong. Leaves oblong, ferrated, cottony, fitting. Chives longer than the bloffom. LINN.—Sometimes only as long as the bloffom. HUDS.

> Riv. mon. 51. 1.—Fl. dan. 484.—Cluf. ii. 32. 1, refr. in Dod. 96, Lob. obf. 273. 1, ic. i. 509. 2, Ger. em. 684. 3, and cop. in Park. 33. 6, H. ox. xi. 6. 6, and Fet. 31. 11.—Fuchf. 292, cop. in J. B. iii. 221.—Trag. 20. 1.—Matth. 714.—(Blackw. 292, too much refembles M. piperita.)

Leaves whitish, woolly and cottony underneath. LINN.

Marfhy and watery places. Burwelbeck, Lincolnfhire; behind the alm-houfes Great Yeldham, Effex.—Lewifham, Kent, between Ripley and Guildford. [Bungay, Suffolk, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. Aug.

β. Hubs. Ger. em. 685. 5.—J. B. iii. 222. By the river fide at Bocking, Effex. RAV.

hairy MEN'THA villo'fa. Spike oblong. Leaves fitting, egg-fpear-fhaped, ferrated, pointed, woolly. Chives fhorter than the bloffom. HUDS.—Chives fometimes only as long as the bloffom. Leaves fometimes fpear-fhaped, and egg-(kaped. HUDS.

(J. B. iii. 220, is M. viridis.)

Very nearly allied to the M. viridis. Poffibly not a diftinct fpecies. Hups.—Smooth. Differs from M. viridis as follows. Stems red, taller,

taller, thicker, and ftronger, and divided at the top into more flowering branches. Leaves blacker, fhorter, and not fo taperpointed, appearing blunter, more wrinkled, teeth not fo fine. *Flowers* fmaller and paler. Scent ftronger, and not fo agreeable. $R_A v$.—This defcription but ill accords with Mr. Hudfon's character of woolly leaves, and a *fingle fpike*. ST.

Mentha spicata solio variegato. C. B. pin. 227.—Menthastrum spicatum, solio crispo rotundiore, colore partim albo, partim cinereo vel virente. J. B. iii. 219? I have a garden specimen of this plant, which accords very exactly with Mr. Hudson's character, but I do not know that this is the plant intended by Mr. Hudson. Sr.

On the river fide at Bocking, Effex, and on the Medway near Maidftone. RAY.

8. Spike broader and more hairy. RAY.

Bocking Effex, between the Fulling Mill and Harries Mill. 7. Leaves broader. RAY.

Meadow on the right hand of Marwood Bridge, between Merfey Island and Colchester. RAY.

3. Leaves cottony. Hubs.-In Kent. RAV.

MEN'THA vir'idis. Spikes oblong. Leaves fpear-fpear fhaped, naked, ferrated, fitting. Chives longer than the bloffom.—

Ger. 552. 2.—Dod. 95. 4, repr. in Lob. obf. 271. 4, ic. i. 503.
I, Ger. em. 680. 4, and cop. in Park. 31.—Dod. 95. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 271. 3, ic. i. 507. 2, and Ger. em. 680. 3, and abridged in Pet. 31. 7.—Fuchf. 290, cop. in J. B. iii. 220, Trag. 20. 2, and Lonic. i. 113. 2.—Matth. 712.

Very nearly allied to M. fylvestris, but finaller and fmoother. Blosfoms purplish red. LINN.

Watery places and banks of rivers. Near Exmouth, Devonfh. and on the banks of the Thames. HUDS. P. July. Aug.

The flavour of this species being more agreeable than that of the others, it is generally preferred for culinary and medicinal purposes. A conferve of the leaves is very grateful, and the distilled waters, both simple and spirituous, are universally thought pleafant. The leaves are used in spiring fallads; and the juice of them, boiled up with sugar, is formed into tablets. The distilled waters, and the effential oil, are often given to ftop reachings, and frequently with fucces. From the circumstances noticed under M. arvensis, it has been imagined, that cataplass and fomentations of Mint, would diffolve coagulations of milk in the breafts; but Dr. Lewis fays, that the curd of milk, digested in a ftrong infusion of Mint, could not be perceived to be any otherwise affected Vol II. R r than

than by common water; however, milk in which Mint leaves were fet to macerate, did not coagulate near fo foon as an equal quantity of the fame milk kept by itfelf. Dr. Lewis fays, that dry Mint, digefted in rectified fpirits of wine, gives out a tincture, which appears, by day-light, of a fine dark green, but, by candlelight, of a bright red colour. The fact is, that a fmall quantity of this tincture is green, either by day-light or by candle-light, but a large quantity of it feems impervious to common day-light; however, when held between the eye and a candle, or between the eye and the fun, it appears red; fo that if put into a flat bottle it appears green, but when viewed edgeways red.

A Horfe refufed it. ST.

round-leaved

MEN'THA rotundifo'lia. Spikes oblong, Leaves roundifh, fcolloped, fitting. LINN.—Scolloped-toothed, wrinkled, woolly. Chives longer than the blos. HUDS.

Riv. mon. 51. 2.—Ger. 555. 1, cop. in Pet. 31. 12.—J. B. iii. 219. 2.

Bloffoms pale red, or purple.

Menthastrum folio rugoso rotundiore spontaneum store spicato, odore gravi. J. B. iii. 219. R. syn. 234. (Sr.)

Watery places. River fide Lydbrook, near Rofs, Herefordfh. near Faulkburn Hall, Effex, and near Hally, Kent. Hornfey and Harefield church yards. BLACKST. P. Aug.

round-headed

MEN'THA *hirfu'ta*. Flowers in heads. Leaves egg-fhaped, ferrated, nearly fitting, downy. Chives longer than the bloffom.—

Ger. 555. 2, cop. in J. B. iii. 224.-Blackw. 32.

Differs from *M. aquatica* in the leaves having fhorter leaf-ftalks, agrees in general habit and the chives being longer than the blofs. *Empalement* fringed. *Pointal* longer than the blofform. *Blofs*. with 4 deep clefts nearly regular. LINN.—Leaves fmaller and more pointed than *M. aquatica*. *Bloffoms* purplifh white. RAY. Sides of rivers and wet places. **P. Aug.**

 β . Heads and leaves fmaller, rounder, and blunter. Flowers' fmaller, not fo much branched. RAY.

Ray 10. 1. at p. 231.

On the road fide from Pevenfoy to East Borne. RAY.

water

MEN'THA aquatica. Flowers in heads. Leaves egg-fhaped, ferrated, on leaf-ftalks. Chives longer than the bloffom.—

Riv.

Riv. mon. 49, M. pal. fpic.—H. ox. xi. 7. 6.—Fuchf. 722, cop. in J. B. iii. 223.—Matth. 486, cop. in Dod. 97, which repr. in Lob. obf. 272. 2, ic. i. 509. 1, Ger. em. 684. 1, improved in Park. 1243, and abridged in Pet. 31. 6.—Lonic. i. 114. 1.— (Fl. dan. 673, is totally unlike it.)

Empalement hairy. Bloffoms hairy, fegments nearly equal. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—Plant not hairy. The terminating whorls crowded into a head or blunt fpike. LINN.—Stem reddift towards the top, and fet with a few briftly hairs pointing downwards. Leaves eggfpear-fhaped, a little hairy on both fides, fometimes woolly. Branches generally fhorter than the leaves. Empalement coloured, ribbed, hairy without, fcored within; teeth not quite equal, glands femi-transparent. Bloffoms hairy without. Chives half as long again as the bloffom, nearly equal. Bloffoms pale red. WITH. Watery places and banks of rivers. P. Aug.

Horfes eat it. Swine refuse it.

B. hirluta. HUDS.-M. hirluta, which fee.

 γ . Hups.—M. hirfuta β , which fee.

OBS. It varies in having leaves hairy, and rough, and chives fhorter than, equal to, and longer than the bloffom. HUDS.—I am inclined to affent to Mr. Hudfon's opinion. Linnæus's hirfuta was adopted from the 1st edition of the Fl. angl. ST.

MEN'THA piperi'ta. Flowers in heads. Leaves pepper egg-fhaped, on leaf-ftalks. Chives fhorter than the blofs. LINN.—Flowers fometimes in whorled spikes, and the leaves in gardens almost bare. HUDS.

Ray 10. 2. at p. 231, is referred to by Linnæus, I apprehend inadvertently, as the chives are longer than the bloffom.—Pet. 31. 9.

Leaves broader than the common fort of Pepper Mint. But this fort is perhaps rather to be arranged along with the Water Mints. DILL. in R. fyn.—Stem upright. Bloffoms purplifh red. Under each whorl there are 2 pointed, fpear-fhaped, hairy floral-leaves.

Mentha spicis brev. et habitior. fol. Menthæ susce, sapore servido Piperis, solio latiore. DILL. in R. syn. 235.

2. Flowers in fpikes. Sr.

Knigge difs.-Blackw. 291. 2 and 1.-Pet. 31. 10.

Spikes terminating the ftem and upper branches, confifting of from 9 to 12 whorls. Whorls, the lower on fruit-ftalks at a diftance from each other. In external appearance corresponding with M. viridis, for which it may eafily be mistaken, but in M. viridis the ftem is taller, the leaves with fcarcely any leaf-ftalks, narrower in proportion to their length, fpikes longer, composed of more whorls. KNIGGE. ST.—This is the Pepper Mint of our gardens.

Rr2

It

It belongs to the division of the $fpicat\alpha$, has the nearest affinity to the M. viridis, and appears to me to be a species diffinet from the M. specific of Linnæus. Sr.

Mentha spicis brevioribus et habitioribus, foliis Menthæ fuscæ, sapore fervido Piperis. R. syn. 234. n. 7.

Watery places and fides of rivulets. In Hertfordfh. and Effex, and between Newington and Hornfey. P. Aug.

The ftem and leaves are befet with numbers of very minute glands, containing the effential oil, which rifes plentifully in diftillation. The Pepper Mint water is well known as a carminative and anti-fpafmodic. Junipers effence of Pepper Mint is an elegant medicine, and posseffes the most active properties of the plant.

marsh

MEN'THA *fati'va*. Flowers in whorls. Leaves egg-fhaped, fomewhat pointed, ferrated. Chives longer the bloffom. LINN.—Stems upright. Leaves on leaf-ftalks, pointed, woolly. HUDS.

Fl. dan. 794.—Riv. mon. 48. 1, M. vert.—H. ox. xi. 7. row 1. 2.—Dod. 95. 1. repr. in Lob. obf. 271. 1, ic. i. 507. 1, Ger. em. 680. 1, cop. in Pet. 31. 8, and ill cop. in Park. 32. 4.*— Fuchf. 288, cop. in J. B. iii. 216.—(Ger. 552. 1, is Meliffa Calamintha.—Matth. 712, is a fpiked Mint.)

Leaves fmooth, fometimes hairy, flightly wrinkled. RAY. Marfhy places and fides of rivulets. P. July. Aug.

- red MEN'THA gentilis. Flowers in whorls. Leaves egg-fhaped, pointed, ferrated. Chives fhorter than the bloffom. LINN.—Stems fpreading. Leaves nearly fitting, egg-fpear-fhaped, almoft naked. Chives fhorter, as long as, or fomewhat longer than the bloffom. HUDS.
 - FI. dan. 736.—Fuchf. 291, cop. in J. B. iii. 217. 1.—(Dod. 95.
 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 271. 1, ic. i. 507. 1, Ger. em. 680. 1, cop. in Pet. 31. 8, and ill cop. in Park. 32. 4, though referred to by Ray and Hudfon, feems rather to be M. fativa.—H. ox. xi. 7. row 1. 1, leaves [pear-fhaped.—Ger. em. 684. 4, is a fpiked Mint.]

Very much refembling *M. arvenfis*, but not fo hairy, the *ftems* red, and the *chives* not longer than the tube of the bloffom. *Whorls* lateral. *Blofs*. lower fegment pointed. *Empalement* fprinkled with refinous dots. LINN.—Stems red, fmooth. *Leaves* bare or flightly hairy.

* C. B. and Lightf. but referred to M. gentilis by Ray and Hudson, Sr.

hairv. Hups .- Stems 4-cornered, with more or lefs of a reddifh tinge towards the top. Leaf-flaks flat, fhort. Whorls composed of 2 lateral rundles on very fhort fruit-ftalks. Floral-leaves 4 or 5 under each whorl, 2 spear-shaped, the rest smaller and strapthaped. Empalement flightly ribbed, coloured, fprinkled with fhining dots. Bloffom with white hairs on the outfide, and within the tube. Chices all of the fame length, fhorter than the bloffom. Shaft half as long again as the bloffom, falling off. Seed-buds 4, on a yellowith green fleshy receptacle. Blossom pale red. WITH.

Mentha rubra a. Hups. Watery places and fides of rivulets. A Horfe eat it. ST.

B. HUDS.-Mr. Hudson's references to figures are only transcripts from Dillenius's edition of R. fyn. the former of which, Trag. 24, is M. arvensis; Fuchs. 291, is referred by Linnaus to M. gentilis; and Lob. ic. i. 505, referred to by Dillenius, is the very Same figure which jull above he has very properly referred to M. arvensis.)

Differs from M. arvensis in having narrower and fmooth leaves. RAY .-- I have fpecimens which accord with this account of Ray. which induces me to believe Ray's plant to have been rather a variety of M. arvensis. ST.

Hop ground at Bocking. Upper end of Stoke Newington, by the fide of the New River. RAY.

MEN'THA arven's. Flowers in whorls. Leaves corn egg-fhaped, pointed, ferrated. Chives as long as the bloffom. LINN .- Stems fpreading. Leaves on leaf-ftalks, woolly. Chives shorter, as long as, and longer than the blossom. Huds.

Fl. dan. 512 .- Fuchf. 435, cop. in Trag. 16. 2, and 7. B. iii. 217. 2.-Lob. obf. 270. 1, repr. in ic. i. 505. 2, Ger. em. 684. 2, and cop. in Park. 37. 5 .- Pet. 31. 5 .- Matth. 718, improved in Trag. 24 .- H. ox. xi. 7. row 2. 5. f. 2.

Stems spreading. Whorls lateral. Whole plant hairy. Chives equal in length to the border of the bloffom. Blofs. lower fegment blunt. Empalement hoary. LINN .- Chives often lye within the tube, fo that were it not for the blunt middle fegment of the bloffom, it might be fupposed to be M. gentilis. POLLICH.-Whole plant covered with foft white hairs, of a paler green than M. gentilis. Stem not tinged with red; hairs pointing downwards. Leaves towards the top egg-fpear-fhaped, towards the bottom roundifh. Wheels composed of 2 opposite rundles. Rundles fitting. Empalement pale green, befet with foft white hairs, intersperfed with very minute Rr3 femi-

P. July. Aug.

femi-transparent glands. Bloffoms hairy within and without. Chives in fome plants longer than the bloffom. W_{1TH} .

Watery places and moift corn fields. P. July.-Sept.

It prevents the coagulation of milk; and, when Cows have eaten it, as they will do largely at the end of fummer, when the paftures are bare, and hunger diffreffes them, their milk can hardly be made to yield cheefe; a circumftance which fometimes puzzles the dairy maids.

Horles and Goats eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. Cows and Swine refufe it.

Pennyroyal

MEN'THA Pule'gium. Flowers in whorls. Leaves egg-fhaped, blunt, fomewhat fcolloped. Stems roundifh, creeping. Chives longer than the bloffom.—

Ludw. 195.—Blackw. 302.—Riv. 23. 1, Pulegium.—Fuchf. 198, cop. in J. B. iiî. 256. 2, and Trag. 23.—Matth. 704, cop. in Dod. 282, which repr. in Lob. obf. 266, ic. i. 500. 1, Ger. em. 671. 1, and cop. in Park. 29, and Pet. 32. 2.—Lonic. i. 114. 3.—H. ox. xi. 7. row 2. 1.—(Ger. 545. 1, feems M. cervina.)

Leaves rather inverfely egg-fhaped. ST.—Stems with 4 blunt corners, hairy, branched. Leaves thick, flightly toothed, underneath fet with deep femi-transparent dots. Bloss. twice as long as the empalement, hairy without. Chives equal. Pointals as long as the chives. Bloss. pale purple. WITH.

Moift heaths and paftures. [Side of a pool at Robert's End, near Hanley Caftle, Worcefterfhire. Mr. BALLARD.—Side of a pool at Erdington, Warwickfhire. WITH.] P. Aug. Sept.

The expressed juice, with a little fugar, is not a bad medicine in the Hooping Cough. A fimple, and a fpirituous water, diffilled from the dried leaves, are kept in the fhops. They are prefcribed in hyfterical affections, and are not without confiderable anti-fpafmodic properties. An infusion of the plant may be used with the fame intention.

B. HUDS. Mentha exigua. Flowers in whorls. Leaves fpearegg-fhaped, finooth, pointed, very entire. LINN.

The figures referred by Linnæus to his *M. exigua* have ferrated leaves, that of *Lob. ic.* 505, is *M. arvenfis*, and *Fuchf.* 291, is alfo referred by Linnæus himfelf to *M. gentilis*. But Linnæus does not give any reafon to fuppofe that his plant had any peculiar affinity with *M. Pulegium*, and Ray's plant is **Mr. Hudfon's** *M. gentilis.* β . The prefent I can only conjecture to a *M. Pulegium* with narrower leaves than ufual. Sr.

Musca pipiens; Caffida viridis, and Phalana Chrysitis, live upon the different species.

1

773: GLE-

773. GLECO'MA. Gill.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; cylindrical; fcored; very finall; permanent; rim with 5 teeth; taper; unequal.

BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube flender; compressed. Upper Lip upright; blunt; with a fhallow cleft. Lower Lip expanding; large; blunt; with 3 fegments; the middle one largest, and notched at the end.

CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; covered by the upper lip. Tips of each pair of chives approaching fo as to form a crofs.

POINT. Seed-bud cloven into 4. Shaft thread-fhaped; leaning under the upper lip. Summit cloven ; fharp. S. VESS. none. The feeds lye at the bottom of the cup. SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Each pair of Tips approaching in form of a cross. Empalemennt with 5 clefts.

GLECO'MA hedera'cea. Leaves kidney-shaped, Ground-Ivy fcolloped.-

Ludw. 62 .- Vaill. 6. 5 and 6. - Curt. ii. 24 .- Fl. dan. 789 .--Riv. mon. 67.2, H. minor.-Lonic. i. 205.2.-Matth. 626.-Dod. 394, repr. in Lob. obf. 336. 2, ic. i. 613. 2, Ger. em. 856. 1, and cop. in Park. 677. b .- Walc .- 7. B. ii. 855. 2.-Ger. 705 .- Fuchf. 876 .- Blackw. 225 .- Trag. 799.

Little protuberances composed of many cells, are fometimes found upon the leaves, and are occafioned by infects. LINN .--Stem creeping, 4-cornered, woolly at the knots. Leaves oppofite, on leaf-stalks, fomewhat hairy. Leaf-stalks channelled, as long as the leaves. Fruit-stalks from the bofom of the leaves, opposite, branched, with 3 to 5 flowers, fhort. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, very fmall, growing to the fruit-ftalks. Flowers blue. Empalement hairy, awned. Blos. much longer than the empalement. Throat woolly. LYONS .- The chives are fometimes imperfect, confifting of threads only half the ufual length, and terminated by a reddifh blunt point. Sr. in Bot. Arr. ed. i .- Sometimes they are furnifhed with tips, but containing no duft. Threads thread-fhaped, white. Tips oblong, pale brown, diftant, containing no duft, fcarcely broader than the threads. ST .- Roots fending out trailing fuckers. Leaves heart-kidney-fhaped, befet underneath with hollow dots, in which are glands fecreting an effential oil, and above with little eminencies, but which do not fecrete any odorifereus oil.

Rr4

oil, for this furface being rubbed gives out no peculiar fcent, whereas the under furface affords a pleafant reviving fcent. WITH. Ground Ivy. Cats-foot. Ale-hoof. Tun-hoof. Robin run in the hedge. Hedges and fhady places. P. Apr. May.

The leaves are thrown into the vat with ale, to clarify it, and to give it a flavour. Ale, thus prepared, is often drank as an anti-fcorbutic. The expressed juice, mixed with a little wine, and applied morning and evening, deftroys the white specks upon Horfes eyes. The plants that grow near it do not flouris flat it is faid to be hurtful to Horfes if they eat much of it.

Sheep eat it. Horfes are not fond of it. Cows, Goats, and Swine refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe cat it. ST.

The Phalæna libatrix, and the Cynips Glecomæ, live upon it.

B. HUDS.-Riv. mon. 67. 1, Hedera terrestris.-Vaill. 6. 5.-

Cluf. ii. 38. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 704. 6.—Park. 677. a. [Near Worcefter. ST.]

774. LA'MIUM. Archangel.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; wider towards the top; with 5 teeth, and awns; nearly equal; permanent.

BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; very fhort. Border open. Mouth bladder-fhaped; compressed; hunched; with a little tooth turned backwards on each fide. Upper Lip vaulted; circular; blunt; entire. Lower Lip fhorter; inversely heart-fhaped; notched at the end; reflected.

CHIVES. Thaeads 4; awl-fhaped; 2 long and 2 fhort; covered by the upper lip. Tips oblong; hairy.

- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit cloven; fharp.
- S. VESS. none. The Cup remaining open contains the feeds in its bottom.
- SEEDS 4; fhort; 3-cornered; convex on one fide; lopped at each end.

Ess. CHAR. Bloss. upper lip entire; vaulted; lower lip with 2 lobes; edge of the mouth with a tooth on each fide.

white LA'MIUM al'bum. Leaves heart-fhaped, tapering to a point, ferrated, on leaf-ftalks. Flowers about 20 in a whorl.—

Ludu.

Ludw. 162.—Curt. ii. 20.—Riv. mon. 62. 1.—Fl. dan. 594.— Blackw. 33.—Walc.—Trag. 8. 1.—Ger. 566.—Matth. 1129, cop. in Dod. 153. 1, which repr. in Lob. 280. 2, ic. i. 520. 2, Ger. em. 702. 1, and cop. in Park. 605. 3.

Empalement marked with a black fpot. Blofs. fometimes flefhcoloured. LINN.—Stem a foot high, fquare, upright, hairy, hollow, terminated by leaves. Leaves opposite, pointed, fprinkled with minute hairs. Leaf-ftalks broader at the bafe, longer towards the root. Flowers 12 to 20 in a whorl. Empalement fitting, marked with purple fcores at the bafe, with mostly 10 angles. Blofs. twice as long as the empalement, white; tube flort. Tips hairy, black. LYONS.—Stems fquare, nearly fmooth. Empal. awns straight, very long. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bloffom fometimes flightly tinged with red. CURT.

White Archangel. White Dead Nettle.

On rubbifh, corn fields, and ditch banks. P. May. June. Goats and Sheep eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

LA'MIUM purpu'reum. Leaves heart-shaped, blunt, red on leaf-stalks.--

Curt. i. 8.—Sheldr. 69.—Fl. dan. 523.—Blackw. 182. 1.—Riv. mon. 62. 2, Galeopfis minor.—Ger. 568. 4.—Walc.—Dod. 153. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 280. 1, ic. i. 120. 1, Ger. em. 703. 3, and cop. in Park. 605. 1, and 587. 11, and H. ox. xi. 11. 9.— (Ger. 568. 3, is another species.—Fuchs. 469, Lonic. i. 109. 2, and Trag. 4. 2, are different plants.)

Stem fquare, terminated by leaves, branched near the root. Leaves oppofite, heart-fhaped, notched, veined, the lowermoft fmaller, and on longer leaf-ftalks, the uppermoft crowded. Leafftalks widened at the bafe, long. Whorls within the upper leaves. Flowers 6 in the bofom of each leaf, in a double row. Empalement 'awned, fringed. Lyons.—Leaves ferrated, downy, but not rough. Blofs. lower border of the mouth whitifh, with purple ftreaks, the reft pale red. WITH.

Red Dead Nettle. Dee Nettle, (Worcefterfhire.) ST. Rubbifh, corn fields, and kitchen gardens.

A. LINN. and LIGHTF. P. HUDS. The young leaves, both of this and the preceding fpecies, may be eaten with other pot herbs.

Goats, Sheep, and Horfes eat it. Cows refuse it. **B. HUDS.**—Leaves deeply cut. RAY.

cut-leaved

Pet.

Pet. 33. 3.-Pluk. 41. 3.*

Leaves deeply cut, fo as almost to be lobed, tapering down into leaf-stalks. It would be worthy of cultivation, to 'try if it would not turn out to be a diffinet species. Mr. WOODWARD.

Kitchen gardens and fallow fields, not unfrequent. On a bank between Pimlico and Chellea. CURT.

Henbit

LA'MIUM amplexicau'le. Floral-leaves fitting, embracing the ftem, blunt.—

Curt. ii. 19.—Riv. mon. 63. 1 and 2.—Fl. dan. 752.—Lob. ic. i. 463. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 616. 4, and cop. in Park. 762. 2, Pet. 33. 4, and H. ox. xi. 11. 12.—Ger. 493. 4.—(Cluf. ii. 38. 2, feems rather Glecoma hederacea β .)

The Bloffoms with us do not open, but fall off before they are fully unfolded, fo that during a whole fummer one fhall fcarcely find more than 1 or 2 plants with perfect flowers, and these only in the middle of the fummer and funny exposure. The helmets of fuch are velvety, purple, and but just projecting out of the empalement. LINN.—Flowers of two kinds, the first expanding in February and March, only a little longer than the empalement; the latter opening in May and June 4 times as long as the empalement, all containing chives and pointals. CURT.—Lower leaves on leaf-stalks, heart-shaped, blunt, deeply and bluntly ferrated; the upper in opposite pairs, heart-shaped, broad, fitting, inclosing but not embracing the stem, with 5 lobes; lobes fcolloped, the middle one as broad again, and with 3 clefts at the end, the lateral ones small. Bloffoms purple. Mr. WOODWARD.

Great Henbit.

Sandy corn fields, and cultivated ground. A. Feb.—June. Sheep, Horfes, and Goats eat it.

* Does not reprefent the leaves deeply cut enough. Mr. WOODWARD.

775. GALE-

775. GALEOP'SIS. Allheal.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; with 5 teeth; ending in fharp awns as long as the tube; permanent.

BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube fhort. Border open. Mouth fomewhat wider than the tube, and as long as the cup. Above the bafe of the lower lip on each fide lies a little tapering tooth; hollow on the under furface. Upper Lip circular; concave; ferrated at the top. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; the lateral ones circular; the middle one larger; fcolloped, notched at the end.

CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; covered by the upper lip. Tips roundifh; cloven.

POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit cloven; fharp.

S. VESS. none. The Cup ftiff; ftraight; containing the feeds.

SEEDS 4; 3-cornered; lopped.

Ess. CHAR. Upper Lip of the bloffom vaulted; fomewhat scolloped; lower lip with 2 teeth above.

OBS. In G. Ladanum the upper lip of the bloffom is a little reflected, but not very evidently fcolloped. In the G. Galeobdolon the lower lip of the bloffom is without teeth; and divided into 3 equal fegments; and the upper lip entire and fringed with a few foft hairs.

GALEOP'SIS Lad'anum. Stem of an equal thick- narrowleaved ness between each joint. All the whorls remote. Empal. not pungent. LINN .- Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, nearly bare. Huds.

Riv. mon. 24. 1, leaves .- Pet. 33. 11.

Stem, knots fcarce fenfibly fwoln. Empal. teeth hardly to be called thorny or pungent. Bloss. helmet keeled. LINN .--- Stem upright, 4-cornered, fomewhat hairy, with fpreading branches. Leaves opposite, on leaf-stalks, fometimes spear-shaped, serrated, and fometimes very entire; taper-pointed, naked, or fomewhat hairy, with 3 or 4 ferratures on each edge. Flowers red, flightly woolly. Bloss. helmet toothed; lips fcolloped, with the middlemost fegment pointed with red and white. Empal. teeth taper-pointed, or thorny. Hubs .- Stem purplish, nearly finooth. Leaves pale green.

green. Empal. with fhort awns, very hairy. Mr. WOODWARD.— Stems branched, thickeft upwards. Leaves entire, or diffantly toothed, moftly pointing downwards. Empaiement very hairy at the edges, and on the outfide; teeth terminated by awns as long as the teeth. Bloffoms reddifh purple; upper lip oval, hairy without; lower lip bent back, irregularly fcolloped, with 2 oval yellow fpots within, underneath, and on the outfide, a number of fmall white globules, fome of which are likewife found on the cups; teeth not obfervable. Duft yellow. WITH.

Corn fields, in a calcareous foil, frequent. A. June.—Aug. Goats and Cows eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. Horfes refufe it.

hairy GALEOP'SIS villo's. Stem of an equal thickness between each joint. Whorls remote. Leaves spearschaped, ferrated, woolly. HUDS.

Riv. mon. 24. 2 .-- Pet. 33. 10.

Stem upright, 4-cornered, branching, woolly. Eranches upright. Leaves oppofite, on leaf-ftalks; thofe near the root egg-thaped, thofe of the ftem fpear-fhaped, taper-pointed, fometimes filky, with ftraight veins. Empal. teeth thorny. Elofs. yellow, woolly; helmet toothed; lips fcolloped. In habit it agrees with the G. Ladanum, but differs in the breadth, ferratures, veins and woolly hairs of the leaves, and in the colour of the bloffoms. Hups.

Betoniça hirta. Hups. ed. i. and Bot. Arr. ed. i.

Sandy corn fields, Yorkfhire and Lancafhire. Near Newark, and about Bangor. A. July. Aug.

Nettle-Hemp

GALEOP'SIS *Tet'rahit*. Stem thickeft beneath the knots. The uppermoft whorls moftly contiguous. Empalements fomewhat pungent.—

Riv. mon. 31, Cannab. fpur.—Dod. 153. 4, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 527. 2, and Ger. em. 709. 2. a.—Ger. em. 709. 1.—Ger. 573. —Pet. 33. 8.

Knots fwoln. Empai. teeth thorny. Bloffom, helmet fcolloped. LINN.—Blofs. generally purple, fometimes white. RAY.—Empal. teeth terminated by fharp awns as long again as those of G. Ladanum. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem where fwoln, and also the teeth of the empalement, covered with fmall glands. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.

narrowleaved

 β . HUDS.—Leaves narrower, of a deep green, and its habit differs from that of α . Knots red. Flowers white, tinged with red. Whorls purplish. RAY.

Near the Neat-houfes, and on the road from thence to Chelfea. R_{AY} .

y. Hubs.

 γ . HUDS.—Bloffoms white, confiderably larger than those of α . largeflowered RAY.

Cannabis spuria flore albo magno eleganti. R. fyn. 240.

8. HUDS.—Bloffoms twice as large, yellow, not purple; mid-fair-flowered dle fegment of the lip purple. Haller regards it as a diftinct fpecies, I as a variety. LINN.

Riv. mon. 32, Cannab. fpur. fl. maj.—Lob. ic. i. 527. 3, cop. in Ger. em. 709. 2. b, and cop. in Park. 599. 1.—Pluk. 41. 4.

Bloß. much longer than the empalement; middle fegment of the lower lip purple. Mr. WOOD.—Bloß. ftraw-coloured; lower lip fpotted with purple. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Swine refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe refufed it. WITH.

Corn field at the bottom of Ribton Lane, near Woodford, Effex. Sandy corn fields in Yorkfhire and Lancafhire. About Settle. CURT. A.

GALEOP'SIS Galeob'dolon: Six flowers in a yellow whorl. Fence of 4 leaves. LINN.—Flowers 6 to 12 in a whorl. Hubs.

Galeobdolon luteum. Hups. which fee.

The genus of this plant is obfcure, as the divisions of the lip of the *bloffom* are equal, and without teeth. *Leaves* formetimes fpotted with white. Long *wires* from the root. LINN.

The Phalana Chryfilis, and Wauvaria, live upon the different fpecies.

GALE-

GALEOB'DOLON. (Huds.) Weafle-fnout.

- EMPAL. Fence underneath the whorls; leaves ftrapfhaped; pointed; fhorter than the empalement. Cup I leaf; tubular; bell-fhaped; with 5 teeth; taper-pointed; the upper tooth upright; diftant; the 2 lower between bent back and open.
- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; fhort. Upper Lip oval; vaulted; nearly entire; fringed; woolly. Lower Lip fhorter; with 3 clefts; unequal; the lateral fegments egg-fhaped; taper-pointed; the outer edge bent back; the middle fegment longer; ftraight; taper-pointed.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; covered by the upper lip; 2 of them longer. Tips 2; oblong; double; convex above; concave underneath.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-fhaped; of the length and fituation of the chives. Summit cloven; pointed.
- S. VESS. none. The empalement unchanged contains the feeds in its bottom.
- SEEDS 4; fhort; 3-fquare; lopped. HUDS
 - Ess. CHAR. Bloß. upper lip entire; vaulted; lower lip with 3 clefts; fegments taper-pointed. ST.*

yellow

GALEOB'DOLON lu'teum. Huds. St.

Curt. iv. 42, Galeobdolon Galeopfis.—Walc.—Dod. 153. 3, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 521. 1, Ger. em. 702. 2, and cop. in Park. 606, H. ox. xi. 11. 5, and Pet. 33. 6.—Riv. mon. 20. 2, Lam. fl. lut.—Ger. 567. 2.—J. B. iii. 323. 1.

Lower leaves heart-fhaped; the upper egg-fhaped, pointed. Flowers in whorls, fitting, 6 to 12 in a whorl. Whorls with a fence. Blofs. yellow; middle fegment of the lower lip tawny, marked with 3 lines. HUDS.—Floral-leaves briftle-fhaped, 1 at the bafe of each flower. Blofs. lower lip beautifully ftriped and fpotted with deep orange. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems 4-cornered, furrowed. Leaves fpear-fhaped, on leaf-ftalks, unequally ferrated, hairy, efpecially at the edges. Whorls, the uppermoft with 6 flowers, the reft with from 7 to 10. Fence, leaves growing to the bafe of the empalements.

^{*} Corollæ labium superius integrum, fornicatum : labium 3-fidum, laciniis acuminatis. Sr.

empalements. Tips flefhy or glandular on the back part. Seeds oblong, convex on the outer fide, 3-cornered on the inner. WITH. I cllow Archangel. Yellow Dead Nettle.

Woods, fhady places, and moift hedges. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk; and woods, Norfolk. Mr. WOODW.—Hedges near Malvern Chace. Mr. BALLARD.—Woods near Worcefter. ST.—Staffordfhire and Warwickfh. frequent. WITH.] P. May.

776. BETON'ICA. Betony.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; cylindrical; teeth 5; with awns; permanent.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; crooked. Upper Lip circular; entire; flat; upright. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; the middle one broad; circular; notched at the end.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; as long as the mouth of the bloffom, and leaning towards the upper lip. Tips roundifh.

POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft in fhape, fize, and fituation refembling the chives. Summit cloven. S. VESS. none. The Cup contains the feeds.

SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement awned. Blofs. upper lip ascending; flattish; tube cylindrical.

BETON'ICA officina'lis. Spike interrupted. The wood middle fegment of the bloffom nicked.—

Ludw. 2.—Curt. iii. 26.—Riv. mon. 28, Betonica.—Ger. 577. 1. —Blackw. 46.—Sheldr. 36.—Fl. dan. 726.—Lonic. i. 138. 1. —Tourn. 96.—Cluf. ii. 39. 1, repr. in Dod. 40. 1, Lob. obf. 286. 4, ic. i. 532. 2, Ger. em. 714, and cop. in Park. 614. 1, H. ox. xi. 5. row 1. 1. f. 1, and Pet. 32. 6.—Fuchf. 351, cop. in Trag. 198, and J. B. 301.—Matth. '944, cop. in Ger. 577. 2.

Stem hairy below, channelled above. Root-leaves on leaf-ftalks, heart-fpear-fhaped, blunt, fcolloped, teeth rounded; upper flemleaves, efpecially underneath the whorls, nearly fitting, fpearfhaped, between ferrated and toothed; teeth horizontal. Floral leaves entire, hairy at the edge. RELHAN.—Stems fquare, hairy. Root-leaves oblong-heart-fhaped, fcolloped, hairy, on long leafftalks. Stem-leaves diftant, fpear-fhaped, ferrated. Mr. WOODW. —Stem, hairs lying flat, and pointing downwards. Empalement coloured,

coloured, with long hairs betwen the fegments. Blofs. upper lip cloven at the end; middle fegment of the lower lip fcolloped. *Tips* chefnut-coloured. *Duft* white. *Root-leaves* on leaf-ftalks, heart-fhaped, hairy. *Bloffoms* purple. WITH.

Wood Betony.

Woods and fhady groves. [Meadows in St. Faith's, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.—Ripton, Huntingdonfhire. Paftures, Herts. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July. Aug.

This plant was formerly much ufed in medicine, but it is difcarded from the modern practice; however, it is not defitute of virtues, for when fresh it intoxicates, and the dried leaves excite fneezing. It is often smoked as tobacco. The root provokes vomiting.—Sheep eat it. Goats refuse it.

β. Bloffoms white. LINN. ST. WITH.

777. STA'CHYS. Woundwort.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; tubular; angular; with 5 fhallow clefts; taper; permanent; teeth awl-fhaped; taper; nearly equal.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube very fhort. Mouth oblong; hunched downwards towards the bafe. Upper Lip upright; fomewhat egg-fhaped; vaulted; generally notched at the end. Lower Lip large; with 3 fegments; the 2 outer fegments reflected; the middle one the largeft; notched at the end; and folded back.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; bent to the fides of the mouth. Tips fimple. POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-fhaped;
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-shaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit cloven; sharp.
- S. VESS. none. The Cup but little changed contains the feeds.

SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped; angular.

Ess. CHAR. Upper Lip of the bloffom vaulted; lower lip bent back at the fides; the middle fegment nicked. Chives when they have fhed their duft bent towards the fides.

OBS. In tome fpecies the upper lip is upright.

hedge STA'CHYS fylvat'ica. Six flower's in a whorl. Leaves heart-fhaped, on leaf-ftalks.—

Curt.

Curt. iii. 31.-Riv. mon. 26. 2, Stachys Sylvatica.-Blackw. 84. 2. -Cluf. ii. 36. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 704. 5. and cop. in Park. 928. 1, H. ox. xi. 11. 10, and Pct. 32. 7 .- Trag. 5, cop. in Lonic. i. 109. 3. -- Blackw. 84. 1.

Stem-leaves and empalement hairy. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, pointed. Bloffoms deep purple, with white fpots. Mr. WOODW. Hedge Nettle .- Hedges and woods. P. July. Aug.

It will dye yellow. The whole plant has a foetid fmell, and toads are thought to be fond of living under its fhade.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Swine refufe it. B. Hups. Smaller. Leaves angular.

STA'CHYS palus'tris. About 6 flowers in a whorl. cloren's Leaves strap-spear-shaped, half embracing the stem, fitting .-

Curt. iii. 35 .- Riv. mon. 26. 1, Stachys palustris .- Sheldr. 45.-Ger. 565. 2, cop. in Ger. em. 1005.-Blackw. 273.-Ger. 852, imitated in Park. 852.-Pet. 33. 9.

Whorls with 6 to 10 flowers. LINN .- Stems 4-cornered, with hairs bent downwards. Leaves opposite, heart-shaped at the base, ferrated, hairy. Leaf-stalks short, scarcely half embracing the stem. Whorls not terminating. Empalement tubular, with 10 fcores, with 5 shallow clefts, hairy; fegments egg-shaped, nearly equal. Blos. upper lip hairy, vaulted, nicked; lower lip with 3 clefts, the lateral fegments bent back, variegated with red and white. Lyons. -Stems 4-cornered, rough with hairs pointing downwards. Leaves in oppofite pairs, very foft, unequally ferrated, fpreading half way round the ftem. Floral-leaves, 2 fmall ones under each whorl. Empalement purple, befet with fine hairs terminating in fmall globules. Bloss. reddish purple, mottled; tube white; mouth compreffed; upper lip, and all the fegments of the lower lip, flightly notched at the end. Threads a little hairy. Chives and Shaft reddifh purple. Receptacle of the feeds glandular, green. WITH.

Clown's Woundwort. Clown's Allheal. Watery places, and banks of rivers.

P. Auga

The roots, when dried and powdered, will make bread. Sheep eat the leaves, but Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Swine refuse them.

STA'CHYS german'ica. Many flowers in a whorl. german Serratures of the leaves lapping over each other. Stem cob-webbed .--

Riv. mon. 27. 1, Stachys mont.-Fl. dan. 684.-Fuchf. 766, cop. in J. B. iii. 320, and Trag. 9. 1; and imitated in Lonic. i. 110. Vol. II. 1. which Sf

1, which repr. in ii. 30. 4.—Ger. 563. 2.—Matth. 830, cop. in Dod. 90.3, which repr. in Lob. obf. 285. 4; ic. i. 530 2, and Ger. em. 695. 2, and cop. in Park. 48. 2, and H. ox. xi. 10. 1.

Whole plant white. Stem cloathed with a long white wool. Leaves, ferratures fomewhat tiled; the flower-leaves fpear-fhaped, bent back. Tips yellowifh white. LINN.—Whole plant white with a thick filky down. Stem fquare. Lower-leaves heart-fpear-fhaped; the upper fpear-fhaped, thick, wrinkled, fharply ferrated. Blofs. lip covered with down. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. white, with a purplifh tinge within.

Base Horehound.

Hedges about Witney Park, Oxfordfhire, plentifully, and 4 miles S. of Grantham, near the London road, oppofite Eafton. [Frequent in Oxfordfhire. Mr. NEWBERRY.—Between Blenheim and Ditchley. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

corn

STA'CH'YS arven's. Six flowers in a whorl. Leaves blunt, almost naked. Blossons as long as the empalement. Stem feeble.—

Curt. iv. 42.—Fl. dan. 587.—Riv. mon. 27. 2, Stachys arv. min. —Pet. 33. 12. All well done.—(Park. 587. 11, is Lamium purpureum.)

Stem 4-cornered, blunt, with fpreading branches rough with hair. Leaves heart-fhaped, bluntly ferrated, much lefs hairy than the ftem. Leaf-ftalks hairy. Empalement fitting, hairy, with 5 equal, tharp-pointed, fhallow clefts. Blofs. whitifh, almoft fmaller than the empalement; helmet very entire; lip with 3 clefts, the middle one the broadeft, purplifh, dotted, not nicked. LINN.—Bloffoms Hefh-coloured. HALL. CURT.—It neither poffeffes the ftriking character of any other genus, nor fufficient marks of diffinction to form a genus by itfelf. CURT.

Corn fields.

A. June.-Aug.

776. BALLO'TA.

776. BALLO'TA Henbit.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; tubular; falver-fhaped; 5-cornered; and 10 fcores; oblong; upright; permanent. Rim fharp; open; plaited; with 5 equal teeth. General Fence to the whorls formed of ftrap-fhaped leaves.

- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; as long as the cup. Upper Lip upright; egg-fhaped; entire; fcolloped; concave. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; blunt; the middle one the largeft; notched at the end.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; leaning towards and fhorter than the upper lip. Tips oblong; lateral.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; in fhape and fituation fimilar to the chives. Summit flender; cloven.
- S. VESS. none. The Cup unchanged contains the feeds. SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped.
 - Ess. CHAR. Empalement falver-fhaped; with 5 teeth and 10 fcores. Bloss. upper lip fcolloped; concave.

OBS. It has the fence of the CLINOPODIUM, the empalement of the MARRUBIUM, and the bloffom of the STACHYS. It is moft nearly allied to the MARRUBIUM.

BALLO'TA ni'gra. Leaves heart-fhaped, undivided, flinking ferrated. Empalements taper-pointed. LINN.—Leaves oblong-egg-fhaped. LINN. fl. fuec. Mr. DICKENSON. ST.

Blackw. 136.—Fuchf. 154, cop. in J. B. iii. 318. 1.—Riv. mon. 65. 1, Marrubiaftr.—Matth. 825, imitated in Cluf. ii. 34. 1, which repr. in Dod. 90. 1, Lob. obf. 279. 1, ic. i. 518. 2, Ger. em. 701. 1, and cop. in Park. 1230. 3, H. ox. xi. 9. 14, and Pet. 32. 4.*

Plant hairy. Stem upright, fquare, brown, 2 feet high. Leaves oppofite, on leaf-ftalks, egg-fhaped, ferrated, wrinkled, with nearly parallel veins; the lowermost heart-fhaped at the base, the uppermost pointed at each extremity. Fruit-stalks very short, generally opposite, with many flowers. Fence, leaves many, awl-shaped, shorter than the empalements. Empal. pointed, awned. Bloss. purple, as long again as the empalement. Chives brown. LYONS.

* Sabb. iii. 35, floral-leaves reprefented as winged. Mr. WOODWARD. Sf2 ---Leaves

-Leaves egg-fhaped. Floral-leaves egg-fhaped. Mr. DICKENSON. -Floral-leaves briftle-fhaped, from 1 to 3 to each fruit-ftalk, fome as long, others only half as long as the empalement. They cannot with propriety be confidered as a fence, as they grow upon, and not under the fruit-ftalk. Mr. WOODW. ST.-Floral-leaves hairy. Whorls extending half way round the ftem. Empal. hairy; rim 5-cornered; teeth ending in fharp briftle-fhaped points. Blofs. tube containing honey, clofed above by 5 hairy tufts; upper lip hairy, not very entire, purple variegated with white lines. The Empalements attaining their full fize long before the bloffoms expand, the latter appear as if already fallen off, though, on examination, they will be found at the bottom of the empalement. WITH.

Stinking Horehound.

On rubbifh and in hedges.

P. July.

It ftands recommended in hyfterical cafes. The Swedes reckon it almoft a univerfal remedy in the difeafes of their cattle. Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats refufe it.

B. Hups.-Bloffoms white, with a tinge of red. Sr.

Sabb. iii. 36, floral-leaves represented as winged. Mir. WOODW.

Stem green. Leaves roundifh heart-fhaped; veins ftraddling; the uppermoft fomewhat pointed at the bafe. Emtal. green, fomewhat awned. Fence fhorter than the empalement. Blofs. white, longer than the empalement. Chives yellow. LYONS.—Empalement not lopped, therefore cannot be the Ballota alba of Linnæus. HALL. ST.—In all refpects, except the colour of the bloffom, the fame with B. nigra, and correfponding with the defcription given of it in the Fl. fuec. ST.

Ballota alba. LINN. according to Mr. Hudfon, which it may poffibly be as in the Syst. veg. he expresses a doubt whether it may not be a variety of B. nigra. ST.

[Near Hammerfmith, on the road fide. Mr. WOODWARD.-Norwich. Mr. CROWE-and Stafford. St.]

779. MAR-

770. MARRU'BIUM. Horehound.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; funnel-fhaped; tubular; with 10 fcores. Rim equal; open; generally with 10 teeth; alternately fmaller.

BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical. Border open. Mouth long; tubular. Upper Lip upright; narrow; fharp; cloven a little way down. Lower Lip broader: reflected; with 3 fhallow fegments; the middle fegment broad; notched at the end; the lateral fegments fharp.

CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 flort; florter than the bloffom; covered by the upper lib. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit cloven.

S. VESS. none. The Cup clofed at the neck, but open at the rim, contains the feeds.

SEEDS 4; rather oblong.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement falver-fhaped; fliff; with 10 fcores. Upper lip of the bloffom cloven; ftrap-fhaped; ftraight.

* Empalements with 10 teeth.

MARRU'BIUM vulga're. Teeth of the empale- white ment briftle-fhaped, hooked .---

Ludw. 145 .- Riv. mon. 66. 1, Marrubium alb. Blackw. 479 .-Ger. 561. 1.-Fuchf. 590, ill cop. in 7. B. iii. 316 .- Matth. 828 .- Lonic. i. 110. 2. - Trag. 8. 2. - Gluf. ii. 34. 1, repr. in Dod. 87. 1, Lob. obf. 278. 3; ic. i. 517. 2, Ger. em. 693. 1, and cop. in Park. 44, and Pet. 32. 3.-H. ox. xi. 9. row 3. 1.

Whole plant white with down. Lower-leaves roundifh, wrinkled, with thick veins beneath; upper-leaves fomewhat egg-fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves wrinkled, hoary. Empal, woolly, fringed on the infide at the bottom of the teeth with woolly hairs. Blofs. compreffed, bowed; upper lip fpear-fhaped; lower lip, middle fegment flightly fcolloped, lateral fegments fpear-fhaped, fhort. Chives and pointals very fhort. Tips with a black fubftance in the middle. Seed-buds 4, egg-fhaped. Bloffoms white. WITH. White Horehound.

Road fides and amongst rubbish.

P. July.

It is very bitter to the tafte, and not altogether unpleafant to the fmell. It was a favourite medicine with the ancients in obstructions of the vifcera. In large dofes it loofens the belly. It is a principal

Sf3 -

principal ingredient in the Negro Cæfar's remedy for vegetable polfons.—A young man, who had occafion to take mercurial medicines, was thrown into a falivation, which continued for more than a year. Every method that was tried to remove it, rather increafed the complaint. At length Linnæus preferibed an infufion of this plant, and the patient got well in a fhort time.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats refufe it.

780. LEONU'RUS. Motherwort.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; cylindrical; but angular; with 5 edges, and 5 teeth; permanent.

- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube narrow. Border opening with a long mouth. Upper Lip the longeft; femicylindrical; concave; hunched; roundifh and blunt at the end; entire; covered with foft hairs. Lower Lip reflected; with 3 divisions. Segments spear-schaped; nearly equal.
- CHIVES. *Threads* 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; covered by the upper lip. *Tips* oblong; compreffed; cloven half way down; fixed fideways to the threads; fprinkled with very fmall, folid, fhining, elevated, globular particles.
- POINT. Seed-buds 4. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summits cloven; fharp.
- S. VESS. none. The Cup remaining unchanged contains the feed within it.
- SEEDS 4; oblong; convex on one fide; angular on the other.

Ess. CHAR. Tips Sprinkled with Shining dots.

common LEONU'RUS Cardi'aca. Stem-leaves fpear-fhaped, with 3 lobes.—

> Ludw. 5.—Fl. dan. 727.—Riv. mon. 20. 1, Cardiaca.—Blackw. 175.—Dod. 94, repr. in Lob. obf. 278. 1, ic. i. 516. 1, Ger. em. 705, and cop. in Park. 42. 7.—Ger. 569.—Fuchf. 395.— Lonic. i. 110. 3.—H. cx. xi. 9. 18.

Stem with fpreading branches, the joints, and corners downy. Flower-leaves 2 at the bafe of cach whorl, wedge-fhaped, with 3 lobes, pointed. Whorls composing a kind of interrupted fpike. Flowers about 20 in a whorl, fitting, crowded. Fences of feveral leaves, ftrap-awl-fhaped, fhorter than the empalements. Empal.

awned,

awned, the 3 upper fegments fhorter, nearly upright, diverging; the 2 lowermost longer, fomewhat bent down. Bloss. tube bowed, fmooth: upper lip egg-fhaped, rough with long white hairs on the outfide: lower lip with 3 clefts, the lateral fegments narrow, rolled back. Seed-bud with 4 divisions, fmooth, bearded at the point. Tips, globules white, fometimes wanting. Chives after fhedding their dust bent towards the fides of the blossom as in the Stachys. RELHAN.-Stem and branches quadrangular, hairy at the edges. Leaves opposite, on long hairy leaf-stalks; the lower ferrated. flightly hairy and dark green above, beneath hairy and pale green; the upper lefs and lefs lobed, till at length only toothed, and frequently entire. Whorls in the bofom of the leaves. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, 1 at the bale of each outer flower on each fide of the whorl. Empal. teeth ending in fharp awns. Bloss. upper lip very hairy without, fmooth within; the lower fmooth, pale purple. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem hollow. Leaves wrinkled. Empalement befet with white fhining glands. Blofs. tube thick; upper lip red within, white without; lower lip dotted within; the lateral fegments rolled back, the middle one doubled together. Chives after flowering turned to the fides as in the Stachys. Tips brown, partly covered on the outer fide with white opaque globules which look like enamel, but are not of a bony hardnefs. WITH.

Motherwort.

Hedges, and on rubbifh and dunghills. [Ditchingham, Norf. in a hedge, and on an adjoining bank, in a gravelly foil. When growing on dunghills it fhould feem to be the refufe of gardens. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. LINN. and HUDS. P. RELH. June.—Aug.

The leaves have a strong, but not an agreeable smell, and a bitter taste.

Goats, Sheep, and Horfes eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Swine refufe it.

783. CLINO.

783. CLINOPO'DIUM. Bafilweed.*

- EMPAL. Fence of many briftle-fhaped leaves, as long as the cup; placed under the whorls. Cup 1 leaf; cylindrical; a little curved. Mouth with 2 lips. Upper Lip broad; with 3 fegments; fharp; reflected. Lower Lip deeply divided; flender; bent inwards.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube fhort; gradually widening into a mouth. Upper Lip upright; concave; blunt; notched. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; blunt. Middle Segment broad; notched.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; covered by the upper lip. Tips roundifh.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-shaped; agreeing in length and situation with the chives. Summits simple; sharp; compressed.
- S. VESS. none. The *Cup*, clofing at the neck, and fwelling out in the body, contains the feeds.

SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Fence with many briftles; placed beneath the whorls.

round-headed

CLINOPO'DIUM vulga're. Heads roundifh, rough with hair. Floral-leaves briftle-fhaped.—

Cluf. i. 354. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 269. 2, repr. in ic. i. 504. 2, Ger. em. 675. 2, and cop. in Park. 22. 4, H. ox. xi. 8. row 1. 1, and Pet. 32. 9.—Riv. mon. 43. 1, Clinopodium.—Trag. 36.

2, cop. in Lonic. i. 118. 1. — Matth. 814, cop. in Lonic. ii. 21. 1. Leaves heart-egg-fhaped, fcolloped, on leaf-ftalks. Blofs. reddifh purple; tube long; upper lip nicked, the lower fcolloped. RELH. —Whole plant hairy. Heads exceedingly hairy. Empalement with 13 fcores. Mr. HOLLEF.—Stems fquare, hairy, reddifh. Leaves egg-fhaped, ferrated, fometimes nearly entire, on fhort leaf-ftalks. Flowers many on one branched fruit-ftalk. Floral-leaves hairy. Empal. tube hairy. Blofs. bright purplifh red. Mr. WOODWARD. Clinopodium Matthioli. CLUS. hift. (ST.)

Wild Bafil.--Meadows, hedges, and dry paftures, efpecially in a calcarcous foil. P. July.

Goats and Sheep eat it. Horfes refuse it.

* Ocymum is the true Bafil. ST.

784. ORIG'A-

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS NAKED.

784. ORIG'ANUM. Marjoram.

EMPAL. Fence fpiked; tiled with Floral-leaves; egg-fhaped; coloured. Cup unequal; various.

BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical; compressed. Upper Lip upright; flat; blunt; notched at the end. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; nearly equal.

- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; thread-fhaped; as long as the bloffom. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; leaning towards the upper lip of the blofs. Summits flightly cloven.
- S. VESS. none. The Cup closing a little contains the feeds.

SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. The empal. collected into a spiked 4-cornered Cone.

Obs. The fence to the cups conflitutes its effential character. The cup, in fome fpecies, is nearly equal; with 5 teeth: In others, it confifts of 2 lips; the upper lip large and entire; the lower lip hardly perceptible: in others again, the cup is formed of 2 leaves.

ORIG'ANUM vulga're. Spikes roundifh, panicled, wild cluftered. Floral-leaves egg-fhaped longer than the empalements.—

Ludw. 90.—Riv. mon. 60. 1, Origanum.—Ger. 541. 4.—Matth. 701, imitated in Dod. 285. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 263. 1; ic. i. 492. 2, Ger. em. 666. 4, and cop. in Park. 12. 6, abridged in H. ox. xi. 3. 12, and Pet. 34. 8.—Blackw. 280.—Fuchf. 552, cop. in J. B. iii. 236, abridged in Trag. 36. 1, and Lonic. i. 118. 2.—Fl. dan. 638, ill done.

Stem $1\frac{1}{2}$ foot high, hairy, purplifh, 4-cornered. Leaves eggfhaped, hairy. Flowers purple, woolly at the mouth. Floral-leaves coloured. RELH.—Stem a little woolly, often coloured. Leaves eggheart-fhaped, very flightly ferrated, oppofite, dotted, more or lefs hairy. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, coloured. Empalement nearly equal; mouth clofed with briftly hairs, which at firft lie parallel to the fides, but when the blofform falls off they fland out clofing up the mouth; without befet with fhort fine hairs, and minute white fhining globules. Blofs. very pale red, hairy; the middle fegment rather longer than the reft. Chives equal, longer than the blofform, but fometimes very fhort, fixed to the top of the blofform. Shaft longer than the blofform. Leaves oval, pointed, on fhort leaf-ftalks, dark green. Blofforms purple. WITH.

Wild

Wild or Field Marjorum.

Thickets and hedges, in a calcareous foil. [Catton, near Norwich. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

The whole plant is a warm aromatic. The dried leaves, ufed inftead of tea, are exceedingly grateful; the effential oil of this plant is fo acrid, that it may be confidered as a cauffic, and is much ufed with that intention by farriers. A little cotten wool moiftened with it, and put into the hollow of an aching tooth, frequently relieves the pain. The country people ufe the tops to dye purple.—Goats and Sheep eat it. Hories are not fond of it. Cows refufe it.

pot

ORIG'ANUM oni'tes.* Spikes oblong, incorporated, hairy. Leaves heart-fhaped, cottony.--

Lob. obf. 264. 2, repr. in ic. i. 494. 2, Ger. em. 664. 2, and cop. in Park. 12. 4, and H. ox. xi. 3. 9.

Habit of the O. marjorana, but woody. Stems with long open hairs. Leaves fmall, nearly fitting, pointed, but rarely ferrated, cottony on both fides, with rudiments of branches from their boforms. Spikes cluftered as in the O. marjorana, but oblong, woolly, 3 on each fruit-flalk, the middlemoft fitting. Flowers white. LINN. Winter or Pot Marjoram.

Dry meadows. On the left of the road from Braintree to Raine beyond the bridge. DALE in R. fyn. P. Aug.

* Mr. Hudfon does not inform us whether he has ever found it growing wild. In the figures above referred to, and which are cited in the FI. angl. the leaves are egg. not beart-fbeped. They appear to me to be no other than 0. *vulgare*, or at leaft that variety, if it be one, which is cultivated in our gardens, and which is clearly the plant intended by Ger. and Park. who, though they call it *anglica*, fpeak of it only as a cultivated plant. Linnæus too is doubtful whether his plant be the 0. Onites of C. B. fo that our claim to this fpecies feems rather lefs than dubious. ST.

785. THY'MUS.

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS NAKED.

785. THY'MUS. Thyme.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; cloven half way down into 2 lips; permanent. Mouth clofed by foft hairs. Upper Lip broad; flat; upright; with 3 teeth. Lower Lip like 2 briftles; of equal length.

BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube as long as the cup. Mouth fmall. Upper Lip fhort; flat; upright; notched at the end; blunt. Lower Lip long; expanding; broad; with 3 fegments; blunt. Middle Segment broadeft.

CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; crooked. Tips fmall.

POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-shaped. Summit cloven; sharp.

S. VESS. none. The Cup narrow at the neck incloses the feeds.

SEEDS 4; fmall; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 2 lips; mouth closed by foft hairs.

THY'MUS ferpyl'lum. Flowers in heads. Stems common creeping. Leaves flat, blunt, fringed at the bafe.—

Ludw. 121.—Vaill. 32. 9 and 7.—Curt. ii. 13.—Cluf. i. 359.
repr. in Dod. 277. 1, Lob. obf. 230. 2, ic. i. 423. 2, Ger.
em. 570. 1, and cop. in Park. 8. 10, Pet. 31. 1, and H. ox. xi.
17. row 1. 1.—Fuchf. 251, improved in J. B. iii. 269.—Blackw.
418.—Matth. 725.—Riv. mon. 42. 2, Serpyll. fl. minore.—Ger.
455. 1 and 2.—Lonic. i. 119. 1.

Empal. teeth fringed. Chives as long as the blofforn. LINN.— Threads, thofe inferted below the upper lip fhorter than the tube, thofe below the under lip longer than the tube. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. —Stems woody, nearly cylindrical. Leaves oblong-egg-fhaped, very entire, with hollow dots on both furfaces, fringed at the bafe with a few fine white hairs. Empalement coloured, with a circle of white hairs running round the infide at the bafe of the fegments, which, while the plant is in flower, lye flat to the fides of the empalement, but when the bloffom falls off expanding clofe up its mouth. WITH.

Mother of Thyme. Wild Thyme.

Heaths and mountainous places.

P. July. Aug.

The whole plant is fragrant, and yields an effential oil that is very heating. An infusion of the leaves removes the head-ach occasioned by the debauch of the preceding evening. A general opinion 624

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opinion prevails, that the flefh of Sheep, that feed upon aromatic plants, particularly upon Thyme, is much fuperior in flavour to common mutton; but Mr. BowLES, the ingenious author of the account of the Sheep-walks in Spain, (*Gent. Mag.* 1764,) confiders this as a vulgar error. He fays, Sheep are not fond of aromatic plants; that they will carefully pufh afide the Thyme to get at the grafs growing beneath it; and that they never touch it, unlefs when walking apace, and then they will catch at any thing. The attachment of bees to this and other aromatic plants is well known.—Sheep and Goats eat it. Swine refufe it.

The Phalana papilionaria lives upon it.

whiteflower'd	β. Hups. Blossonis white.
large flowered	y. Huns. Bloffoms large.
9	Vaill. 32. 8 Riv. mon 42. 3, SerpyllumPet. 31. 2.
· · ·	Serpylli vulgaris fecundum genus. R. fyn. 230 Serpyll. vulg. flere
amplo. VAILL. t. 32. f. 8.	
broad-leaved	β. LINN. Larger. Leaves broad.
e	Ger. 456. 3Lob. ic. i. 424. 1, repr. in Ger. cm. 573. 7, cop.
	in Fark. 7. 7, and Pet. 31. 3.—Ger. em. 570. 3.
	Okey Hole, Somerfetshire.
	Serpyllum vulgare majus. R. fyn. 231.
Lemon	E Leaves with the fcent of lemon peel.
	Cluf. i. 359. 2, repr. in Dod. 277. 2, Ger. em. 571. 7, and cop.
	in Park. 8. 9, and J. B. 270. 1Ger. 458. 2Pet. 31. 4.
	Is uled in fauces.
fmooth	ζ Leaves narrow, fmooth.
	Sheldr. 52(Park. 8. 9, is e.)
	Boxly Hill, by Kitt's Coffee-houle.
hoary	η Differs from α in the hairings of the leaves. RAY.
Vaill. 32. 6Riv. mon. 42. 1, Serp. mont. hirfut.	
a 11	Gogmagog Hills, and other barren places.
fhrubby	9 More fhrubby. Hairy. Blofforns pale red. RAV.
	Pastures on the fummit of y Wydhva, Caernarvonshire, and
on Snowdon.	
fcentlefs	Sr. Hairy, fmall, creeping, scentless. PLUK.
	Serpyli. hirfut. min. rep. inodorum. R. fyn. 231.
	Ireland.
Bafil	THY'MUS A'cinos. Flowers in whorls, I upon each
	fruit-stalk. Stems upright, somewhat branched. Leaves
	pointed, ferrated. LINNStems ascending. Leaves
	tooth-ferrated. Empal. bellying out* at the bafe. CURT.
	g and g an

* Rather hunched, (gibbofis.) ST.

Curt.

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS NAKED.

Curt. i. 11.—Riv. mon. 43. 2, Acinos.—Cluf. i. 354. 1, repr. in Dod. 280, Lob. obf. 270. 2, ic, i. 506. 1, Ger. em. 675. 1, and cop. in Park. 21. 1, H. ox. xi. 13. row 1. 1, and Pet. 32. 10.—Fuchf. 896, cop. in J. B. iii. 259, and Lonic. i. 116. 3. —Fl. dan. 814, hairs wanting.—Trag. 37.—Ger. 548. 1.— Matth. 815.

Stems afcending. Leaves in diftant pairs. Mr. WOODWARD.--Plant hairy. Empalement fcored, at the fore part at the bafe inflated, about the middle contracted, and then dilating into the lower lip. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.--The middle fegment of the lower lip of the bloffom notched at the end. Bloffoms purple.

Wild Basil.

Dry hills, and on chalk and gravel. [Not unfrequent in Norf. Mr. WOODWARD.—and Surry. ST.] A. July. Aug. Horfes eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Sheep and Goats refufe it.

786. MELIS'SA. Baum.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; fomewhat bell-fhaped; dry and fkinny; a little expanding; angular; fcored; per-

- manent. Mouth with 2 lips. Upper Lip with 3 teeth; reflected; expanding; flat. Lower Lip fhort; rather pointed; divided.
- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube cylindrical. Mouth open. Upper Lip fhort; upright; vaulted; roundifh; notched at the end. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; the middle one largeft; inverfely heart-fhaped.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; 2 as long as the blofs. the other 2 but half as long. Tips fmall; ftanding together in pairs.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 clefts. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the bloffom; leaning along with the chives under the upper lip of the bloffom, Summits flender; cloven; reflected.

S. VESS. none. The Cup unchanged, but enlarging contains the feeds.

SEEDS 4; egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement dry; flattifh above; upper lip nearly flat-topped.* Blofs. upper lip fomewhat vaulted; cloven; middle lobe of the lower lip heart-fhaped.

* "Labio Superiore Subfastigiato." Our author means, I apprehend, that the teeth of the upper lip rife nearly to an equal height. Sr.

MELIS'SA

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Calamint

MELIS'SA Calamin'tha. Fruit-fialks from the bofom of the leaves, forked, as long as the leaves .---

> Ludw. 33 .- Riv. mon. 46. 2, Calamentha. - Dod. 98. 1, retr. in Lob. obf. 274. 2, ic. i. 513. 1, Ger. em. 687. 3, and cop. in Park. 36, H. ox. xi. 21. row 2. 3, and Pet. 34. 1.-Blackw. 166,-Matth. 716.-Ger. 552. 1.

Stem upright. LINN .- Leaves on leaf-flalks, egg-fhaped, taperpointed, ferrated. Bunches fometimes longer than the leaves. Empal. mouth woolly. RELHAN.-Leaves much larger than those of M. Nepeta. Fruit-falks generally fhorter than the leaves, fometimes as long as, and near the ends of the branches longer. Flowers twice as large as those of M. Nepeta. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stems 4cornered, woolly. Leaves in opposite pairs on leaf-stalks, hairy, and dotted, very flightly ferrated. Fruit-stalks 3-forked, the lateral arms forked. Empalement with 13 ribs, fhort hair, and fhining globules; fegments fringed, and the mouth clofed with long hairs; teeth pointing upwards after the bloffom falls off, the 3 upper equal, the 2 lower longer, and more pointed. Bloss. tube befet within with white club-fhaped hairs; upper lip lilac-coloured within: lower lip pale within, but marked with 3 round dots, and a few fhort fireaks of a deeper hue. Tips double, purple. Duft whitifh. Seed-buds 4, placed on a glandular receptacle. Summit, I fegment greatly longer than the other, and hooked. WITH. P. Aug.

Calamint .- Sides of roads and corn fields.

MELIS'SA Nep'eta. Fruit-stalks from'the bosom field of the leaves, forked, longer than the leaves. Stem afcending, hairy .--

> Riv. mon. 47, Calamentha fol. incano.-Gies. 1. 14.-Blackw. 167. -Matth. 617, cop. in Dod. 98. 2, which repr. in Lob. obf. 275. 1, ic. i. 513. 2, Ger. em. 687. 3, and a branch cop. in Park. 37. 4. a.

Whole tlant hairy. Stems hardifh. Leaves fomewhat heart-fhaped. fmooth on the upper furface. Floral-leaves awl-shaped. Bloffoms bluish; palate white with a blue border. LINN .---- Leaves small, whitish, the upper egg-fhaped. Fruit-stalks much longer than the leaves; their branches again forked, the laft generally bearing 3 flowers, the 2 outer of which have a pair of floral-leaves, the middle one naked. Floral-leaves very fmall, 1 pair at each division of the fruit-stalks. Flowers very finall. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem 4-cornered, upright, woolly. Leaves in opposite pairs, heart-Inaped, with pellucid dots. Fruit-flalks, the forks fub-divided into 3 to 6 fruit-stalks, each supporting a flower. Emplement coloured, ribbed, befet on the outfide with fhort hairs and fhining glands,

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS NAKED.

glands, fmooth within, but clofed at the mouth with long hairs; the 3 upper teeth equal, the 2 lower longer, equal, and more pointed. *Blofs*. pale bluifh purple; *lower lip* befet at the bafe with white club-fhaped briftles; lateral fegments egg-fhaped, the middle one kidney-fhaped, and marked on the infide with reddifh purple fpots. *Tips* purple. *Duft* white. *Seed-buds* 4, egg-fhaped, fitting on an orange-coloured receptable. WITH.

Sides of roads and corn fields, and hedge banks. [Norfolk, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. Aug.

The Caffida viridis feeds upon it.

789. MELIT'TIS. Baum-leaf.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; bell-fhaped; cylindrical; ftraight. Mouth with 2 lips. Upper Lip tall; notched; fharp. Lower Lip fhorter; cloven; fharp. Segments ftanding wide.
- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube much more flender than the cup. Mouth but little thicker than the tube. Upper Lip upright; roundifh; flat. Lower Lip expanding; with 3 fegments; blunt. Middle fegment large; fcolloped.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; the middle ones fhorter than the outer ones; awl-fhaped; ftanding under the upper lip. Tips blunt; cloven; each pair forming a crofs.
- **POINT.** Seed-bud blunt; with 4 clefts; covered with foft hairs. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit cloven; fharp.

S. VESS. none. The Cap unchanged contains the feeds. SEEDS 4.

Ess. CHAR, Empalement wider than the tube of the bloffom. Blofs. upper lip flat; the lower fcolloped. Tips crofsfhaped.

MELIT'TIS Meliffophyl'lum.-

Mill. ill.—Jacq. fl. 26.—Kiv. mon. 21, Meliffophyllum.—Lob. obf. 277. 2, repr. in ic. i. 515. 1, Ger. em. 690. 3. f. 1, and cop. in Park. 41. 4.—Fuchf. 498, cop. tn J. B. iii. 233. 2, and Trag. 12.—Cluf. ii. 37. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 690. 3. f. 2.— Cam. hort. 30.—J. B. ib. 1.—(Mill. 158, is Lamium Orvala.)

Empalement upright, with 3 clefts; the upper fegment often marked with a finall tooth on each fide. Blofs. white; tube twice as long as the empalement; border with 4 divisions, expanding, confifting

baftard

DIDYNAMIA GYMNOSPERMIA.

confifting of an upper lip roundifh, upright, entire; and a lower lit with 3 clefts, the middlemost larger, flat, entire, purple. Tips yellow, fhorter than the bloffom. LINN .- Stem fomewhat fquare, fcored, hairy. Leaves oval-fpear-fhaped, ferrated, hairy, on leaf-Stalks. Fruit-Stalks long, hairy. Empalement hairy below, nearly finooth above, large, veined and tipped with purple. Mr. WOODWARD .- Whole plant hairy. Leaves opposite, egg-spearfhaped, wrinkled, ferrated, the teeth terminating in purplish glands. Fruit-stalks from the bosom of the leaves, 2 or 3 together, not expanding altogether. Empal. border on the upper fide turned outwards like a fpout, with a fpear-fhaped fegment on each fide, the lower lip cut off and finely ferrated. Bloffoms white, ftained with purple, except the middle fegment of the lower lip, which is a full purple edged with white. Tips of the fhorter chives lying clofe to each other in form of a crofs. WITH .- Flowers on fingle fruit-stalks, 6 in each whorl Blos. red, with purple spots, or white with red fpots.

Bastard Balm.

Woods and hedges. Several woods in the Weft of England; about Totnefs, Devonfhire; and Haverford-weft, Pembrokefh. New Foreft, Hants. P. June.

792. SCUTELLA'RIA

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS NAKED.

792. SCUTELLA'RIA. Skul-cap. (Hill.)

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; very fhort; tubular. Rim almoft entire; covered by a fcale; lying over it like a lid; which is formed by an expansion of the upper part of the cup.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube very fhort; bent backwards. Mouth long; compreffed, Upper Lip concave; divided into 3 fegments. Middle fegment concave; notched at the end. Lateral fegments flat; rather pointed; placed under the middle fegment. Lower Lip broad; notched at the end; keeled beneath.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhoit; concealed under the upper lip. Tips fmall.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-shaped; agreeing in length and situation with the chives. Summit simple; crooked; taper.
 - S. VESS. none. The *Cup* 3-cornered; covered with a lid refembling a helmet; anfwering the purpofe of a capfule; and opening at the lower margin.

SEEDS 4; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. mouth entire; closed after flowering; covered with a lid.

OBS. This genus unites the *Prunella* to the *Dracocephalum*, but is abundantly diftinguifhable from all others by its fingular and beautiful empalement, which, inclofing the feeds as a feed-veffel, refembles, in its external appearance, a helmet with its creft.

SCUTELLA'RIA galericula'ta. Leaves heart-fpear- blue fhaped, fcolloped. Flowers from the bofom of the leaves.

Curt. iii. 26.—Riv. mon. 77. 1, Scutellaria.—Blackw. 516.—Walc. —Fl. dan. 637.—H. ox. xi. 20. row 3. 6.—Lob. obf. 186. 3, repr. in ic. i. 344. 2.—Dcd. 93. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 477. 10, and cop. in Park. 221, and improved in Pet. 34. 10.

Stem nearly finooth. Leaves nearly finooth, fcolloped at the bafe, entire upwards. Flowers hairy on the outfide. Mr. Woonw. On fruit-ftalks, pendant. Bleffoms blue, hairy on the outfide. Chives and pointal white. Tips purple. Branches numerous, opposite. Hooded Willowherb.

Banks of rivers, and edges of ponds.

P. Aug.

When the bloffom falls off, the cup clofes upon the feeds; which, when ripe, being ftill finaller than the cup, could not pof-Vol. II. T t fibly

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fibly open its mouth, or overcome its elaftic force, as the down of the feeds do in the compound flowers, and muft confequently remain ufelefs without a poffibility of efcaping. But nature, ever full of refources, finds a method to difcharge them. The cup grows dry, and then divides into 2 diftinct parts; fo that the feeds, already detached from the receptacle, fall to the ground.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

leffer SCUTELLA'RIA minor. Leaves heart-eggfhaped, almost quite entire. Flowers from the bosom of the leaves.—

Curt. iv. 43.—Ger. em. 531.3, cop. in Park. 220. 4, H. ox. xi. 20. row 3. 8, and Pet. 34. 11.—Ger. 466. 2.

Very nearly allied to the S. galericulata and hylfopifolia. LINN .--Had Linnæus frequently feen this plant growing, he would hardly have made this remark. CURT. ST.-Blos. in a fingle plant blue. CURT .- Very fmall and flender. Leaves egg-fhaped, with 1 or 2 fcollops at the bafe, the reft entire. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves a little ferrated towards the bafe, flightly hairy. Leaf-flalks very fhort. Flowers in pairs, all pointing one way. Fruit-stalks fhort. Empalement with 2 lips, but very flightly cloven; upper lip with a flat ridge running acrofs it, which, when the bloffom falls, enlarges, and preffing down the upper lip, closes the mouth of the empalement, giving it the appearance of a helmet; middle fegment rather fhorter, nearly flat; lower lip broad, rather reflected, but neither notched at the end nor keeled beneath. Blofs. reddifh purple, the lower lip mottled within with deeper coloured fpots. Tips white. Summit flightly cloven. Seeds rough with fmall tubercles. WITH.

Boggy places and fides of lakes.

P. July. Aug.

793 PRUNEL'LA.

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS NAKED.

793. PRUNEL'LA. Selfheal.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 2 lips; mouth fhort; permanent. Upper Lip flat; broad; lopped; with 3 very fmall teeth. Lower Lip upright; narrow; fharp; with a fhallow cleft.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube fhort; cylindrical. Mouth oblong. Upper Lip concave; entire; nodding. Lower Lip reflected; blunt; with 3 fegments; the middle fegment broadeft; notched at the end: ferrated.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 a little longer than the other 2; awl-fhaped; forked at the end. Tips fimple; fixed to the threads beneath the top; and only to one of the divisions of the fork.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 4 divisions. Shaft thread-fhaped; leaning along with the chives towards the upper lip. Summit notched at the end.

S. VESS. none. The Cup clofes and contains the feeds. SEEDS 4; fomewhat egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Threads forked; one of the arms supporting the tip. Summit cloven.

OBS. The threads have a tooth at the end as in *Crambe*, and not at the bafe as in *Alyfjum* and *Ocymum*.

PRUNEL'LA vulga'ris. All the leaves egg-oblong, common ferrated, on leaf-stalks.—

Curt. iv. 38.—Ludw. 19.—Blackw. 24.—Mill. 69. 2.—Dod. 136. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 251. 3, ic. i. 474. 2, Ger. em. 632. 1, and cop. in Park. 1680. 1, H. ox. xi. 5. row 1. 1. f. 4, and Pet. 32. 11.—Walc.—Riv. mon. 29. 1, Brunella.—Ger. 507. 1.— Fuchf. 621, cop. in J. B. iii. 428. 2, and Trag. 310.—Matth. 963.

In open funny fituations it grows trailing, and not above a finger's length, but in woods it is upright, and near a foot high. LINN. — Floral-leaves heart-fhaped, membranaceous, whitifh, with parallel greenifh fcores. BERGIUS. — Empal. lips coloured; the lower cloven, the fegments taper-pointed. RELHAN. — Flowerleaves heart-fpear-fhaped. Empalement coloured above; lower lip with 2 or 3 fhallow clefts. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. — Whole plant thinly fet with hairs. Leaves oppofite. Floral-leaves ribbed, edged with purple and fringed. Empal. upper lip with 7 ribs; lower lip with 2 fpcar-fhaped fegments, each marked with 3 lines, and ferrated T t 2 with

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

with fhort ftiff hairs. Blofs. upper lip flightly notched at the end; lower lip, middle fegment jagged. Summit, fegments rolled back. Floral-leaves heart-fhaped. Blofs. blue, purplifh, or white. WITH. Selfheal.—Meadows and paftures. P. Aug. Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes are not fond of it.

Order II.

ANGIOSPERMIA; SEEDS COVERED.

797. BART'SIA. Painted-cup.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; permanent. Mouth blunt; cloven. Segments notched at the end; points coloured.
- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Upper Lip upright; flender; entire; long. Lower Lip reflected; with 3 fegments; blunt; very fmall.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 a little fhorter than the other 2; briftle-fhaped; as long as the upper lip. *Tips* oblong; approaching; ftanding under the top of the upper lip.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; longer than the chives. Summit blunt; nodding.
- S. VESS. *Capfule* egg-fhaped; compreffed; taper; with 2 cells and 2 valves; partition oppolite to the valves. SEEDS numerous; angular; fmall.
 - Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 2 lobes; nicked; coloured. Bloss. less coloured than the empalement; upper lip longer. Capf. cells 2. LINN.—Empalement with 2 cloven lobes. Bloss. upper lip upright; concave; nicked; longer; lower lip bent back with 3 clefts; fegments blunt; nearly equal. Capf. egg-fhaped; compreffed; cells and valves 2. HUDS.

OBS. This genus is a fort of connecting link between the *Rhinanthus*, *Euphrafia*, and *Pedicularis*. LINN.—If the coloured empalements were admitted as an effential generic mark, half the order muft be placed in it. Mr. WOODWARD.

marsh BART'SIA visco'sa. Upper-leaves alternate, ferrated. Flowers diftant, lateral.—

Lightf.

Lightf. 14. at p. 321.—Ger. 85, Fluk. 27. 5, cop. in Pet. 36. 6.— Barr. 665.

Stem cylindrical, fimple. Leaves fitting, fpear-fhaped, fharply ferrated, flightly hairy. Flowers fingle, from the bofom of the leaves, on fhort fruit-ftalks. Empalement very large, as long as the blofs. with 5 deep divisions; fegments fpear-fhaped, clammy. Bloffoms yellow. Mr. WOODWARD.

Marfhes in Cornwall and Devonfhire; about Latham, near Ormfkirk, Lancafhire; and about Ardencaple in the vicinity of Loch-Gyle, near Loch Long, in the diftrict of Cowal, Argylefh. [Corn fields, near Plengwarry, and Cofgarne, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.] A. July. Aug.

BART'SIA alpi'na. Leaves opposite, heart-fhaped, mountain bluntly ferrated.-

Fl. dan. 43.—Pluk. 163. 5.—Pon. in Cluf. ii. 343.—(J. B. iii. 289. 2, is a different plant.)

Leaves heart-fpear-fhaped. Flowers in a fhort terminating fpike. Mr. WOODWARD.-Bloffoms in leafy fpikes, purple.

Banks of rivers in rough funny places. Near a rivulet near Orton, in croffing the road to Crofby, Weftmorel. RAY. HUDS. Sheep and Goats eat it.

BART'SIA Odonti'tes. Upper-leaves alternate, fpear- red fhaped, ferrated. Flowers in bunches, pointing one way. HUDS.

Euphrafia Odontites, which fee.

If it differs from *Euphrafia officinalis* in the fegments of the lower lip of the bloffom not being entire, it agrees in the fructure of the empalement and the hairs of the tips, in both which circumftances it differs from the *Bartfia*. ST.

798. RHI-

798. RHINAN'THUS. Rattle.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; roundifh; bladder-fhaped; compreffed; with 4 teeth; permanent.

- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube fomewhat cylindrical; as long as the cup. Border open; compreffed at the bafe. Upper Lip fhaped like a helmet; compreffed; notched; narrow. Lower Lip open; flat; with 3 flight fegments; blunt; the middle fegment the broadeft.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; nearly as long as the upper lip which conceals them. Tips fixed fideways to the threads; cloven at one end; hairy.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; compreffed. Shaft threadfhaped; agreeing in fituation with the chives, but longer. Summit blunt; bent inwards.
- S. VESS. Capfule blunt; upright; compressed; cells 2; valves 2; partition opposite to the valves; opening at the edges.

SEEDS many; compressed.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement bellying; clefts 4. Capf. cells 2; blunt; nicked.

yellow RHINAN'THUS Crif'ta gal'li. Upper lip of the bloffom compressed and shorter.—

Riv. mon. 92. 2, Crifta galli.—Dod. 556. 1, repr. iu Lob. obf. 285. 2, ic. i. 529. 2, Ger. em. 1071. 1, and cop. in Park. 713. 2, H. ox. xi. 23. row 2. 1, and Pet. 36. 2.—Walc.—J. B. iii. 436. 3.—Ger. 912.

Empalement equal, with 4 clefts. Capfule bordered at the edge. Seeds inclosed by a loose membrane. LINN.—Stems 4-cornered, fmooth. Leaves fitting, opposite, fpear-fhaped, ferrated, fmooth. Fruit-flaks from the bosom of the leaves, folitary, fhort. Empalement very large, with 2 lips, lips cloven. Bloss. yellow; tube cylindrical, widening below; lower lip rolled in at the edge. RELH. —Stem upright, ftiff. Leaves opposite, bluntly spear-fhaped, fitting, with parallel ribs terminating in the ferratures, fmoothish above, dotted with glands and flightly hairy beneath. Flowers on fhort fruit-ftalks, folitary, forming a kind of terminating spike. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems nearly 4-cornered, with dark purple ftains. Leaves in pairs, opposite, fitting, spear-fhaped, ferrated, above dark green and rough, beneath grey with a curious network of green veins. Bloss. yellow; upper lip tipped with a dirty blue. Shaft

Shaft white, but just below the fummit dark blue. Summit yellowifh green, flightly notched. Seed-bud furrounded at the base by a membranaceous honey-cup, and in the front a fhort, thick, crooked, horn-fhaped gland. The feeds, when ripe, rattle in the capfules, whence its English name. WITH.

Tellow Rattle. Penny-grafs. Coxcomb. Cockfcomb.

Meadows and pafture. A. June. July. Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Cows refufe it.

β. LINN.-Bloffoms fmaller; lower lip purple. LIGHTF. Cornfields between Wetherby and Catall, and near Burroughbridge, Yorkfhire, and W. Newton, Northumberland. RAY.

799. EUPHRA'SIA. Eyebright.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; cylindrical; clefts 4; unequal; permanent. LINN.—Tubular; bell-fhaped; angular; firaight; fegments taper-pointed; equal. HUDS.

- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube as long as the cup. Upper Lip concave; notched at the end. Lower Lip expanding; divided into 3 fegments which are equal; blunt. LINN.—With 3 fhallow clefts; fegments unequal; cloven; the middlemoft the largeft. HUDS.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; thread-fhaped; leaning under the upper lip. *Tips*, lobes 2; the lower lobe of the lower tips pointed with a thorn. LINN.—Cloven at the bafe; lobes awn-taper-pointed at the bafe. HUDS.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in fhape and fituation with the chives. Summit blunt; entire. LINN.—Seed-bud oblong. Summit knobbed. HUDS.

S. VESS. Capfule egg-oblong; compreffed; cells 2. LINN. —Capfule oblong; 4-cornered at the bafe; compreffed and nicked at the top; valves, the partition placed contrarywife to the valves; opening at the edges. HUDS.

SEEDS numerous; very fmall; roundifh. LINN.—oblong. HUDS.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement cylindrical; clefts 4. Capfule eggoblong; cells 2. One of the lobes of the lower tips with a thorn at the base.

EUPHRA'SIA officina'lis. Leaves egg-fhaped, common ftreaked, fharply toothed.—

Sheldr.

Sheldr. 48.—Walc.—Ludw. 135.—Riv. mon. 90. 1, Euphrafia.— H. ox. xi. 24. 1. b.—Matth. 1022, cop. in Ger. 537. 1, and in Dod. 54. 3, which repr. in Lob. obf. 261. 1, ic. i. 491. 1, Ger. em. 663, and cop. in Park. 1329. 1, and H. ox. xi. 24. 1. a. —Fuchf. 247, cop. in Trag. 238, and J. B. iii. 432. 3.— Blackw. 427.

The lower lobes of the lower Tips terminate in a thorn which bends the filament to one fide. LINN .- Bloffom, lower lip, fegments nicked at the end. Mr. HOLLEF .- Stems reddifh. Branches in opposite pairs. Leaves fitting, mostly opposite. Empalement with 5 flat fides and 5 corners, but fegments rarely 5, unequal, fpear-fhaped, dark purple at the ends, and with a few dark purple globular glands strewed on the outfide. Bloss. tube rather crooked, a little hairy, and ftained with yellow; upper lip ftreaked with a few purple lines, cloven into 2, fegments ending in 3 teeth; lower lip, fegments cloven at the end, with a very fmall tooth in the cleft, the lateral fegments with 3 purple lines, the middle one with a yellow blotch. Tips brown, with a few white hairs on the lower part where they open. Seed-bud a little hairy at the top. Summit fringed with very minute glands round the edge. Seed-veffel flightly notched at the end, a little hairy towards the top, and marked with black dots. Seeds egg-fhaped. Bloffoms bluish white, with purple streaks. WITH.

Dry barren meadows and paftures. A. July.—Sept. [But, on Arthur's Seat, near Edinburgh, I have found it in bloffom in the beginning of May, in great plenty, but with ftems from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch high. It is, perhaps, variety β , but I have not Dillenius to confult. Leaves bluntly ferrated. ST.]

It is a weak aftringent, and was formerly in repute as a remedy for impaired vision. It will not grow but when furrounded by plants taller than itfelf.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Swine refufe it.

red EUPHRA'SIA Odonti'tes. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, all ferrated.—

Curt. i. 11.—Fl. dan. 625, a branch.—Riv. mon. 90. 2, Odontites. —Dod. 55, cop. in Lob. obf. 261. 2, ic. i. 496. 2, Ger. em. 91. 2, and cop. in Park. 1329. 3, H. ox. xi. 24. 10, and Pet. 36. 4.—Ger. 85.

Tips as those of E. officinalis. LINN.—Blofs. very different from that of the former; helmet compressed, fcarcely nicked; lower lip, lobes 3, shorter than the helmet, equal, lopped, minutely fcolloped. Tips, all the lobes thorny at the points, and bearded at the base. LEERS.—Bloss. lower lip, segments very entire. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—

HOLLEFEAR.—Plant frequently red. Stem much branched, ftiff. Flowers on fhort fruit-stalks, in pairs, or fingle, on one fide of the stem. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem 4-cornered, rough. Branches in opposite pairs. Leaves sitting, opposite, rough. Flowers pointing one way, forming long, terminating, leafy bunches. Empal. hairy without. Blofs. hairy; upper lip flightly notched at the end; lower lip, middle fegment flightly indented at the end. Threads flatted. The lobes of all the Tips ending at the base in short taper points, and between the lobes are a number of white club-shaped fubstances. Seed-bud compressed, hairy, furrounded and stehed at the base by a skinny membrane. Shaft most hairy towards the bottom. Summit knobbed. Leaves sometimes reddish. Blosfoms dufky red, or purple. WITH.

Corn fields and pastures.

A. July .- Sept.

Cows, Horfes, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

800. MELAMPY'RUM. Cowgrafs.*

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; tubular; with 4 fhallow clefts. Segments flender; permanent.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube oblong; bent back. Border compreffed. Upper Lip helmet-thaped; compreffed; notched at the end; lateral margins bent back. Lower Lip flat; upright; as long as the upper; with 3 fhallow fegments; blunt; marked with 2 projections in the middle.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; crooked; concealed under the upper lip. Tips oblong.
- POINT. Seed-bud tapering. Shaft fimple; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Capfule oblong; oblique; taper; compreffed; the upper edge convex; the lower edge ftraight; cells 2; values 2; partition placed in a contrary direction to the values; opening at the upper feam.
- SEEDS 2; egg-fhaped; hunched; enlarged at the bafe. ESS. CHAR. Empal. clefts 4. Blofs. upper lip compreffed; plaited back at the edge. Capf. cells 2; oblique; opening on one fide. Seeds 2; hunched.

* Cow-wheat is inadmiffible as a generic name, Sr.

MELAM-

crefted MELAMPY'RUM crifta'tum. Spikes quadrangular. Floral-ieaves heart-fhaped, compact, finely toothed, tiled.—

> Riv. mon. 81. 2, M. criftatum.-Pluk. 99. 2.-J. B. iii. 440. 2, cop. in H. ox. xi. 23. 2.

Floral-leaves, the upper coloured; the lower fpear-fhaped. Blofs. helmet purplifh, or white, with a yellow edge. RELH.—Whole plant nearly fmooth, very much branched. Stems in the autumn I_{Ξ} or 2 feet high. Branches opposite, numerous, diverging, fo that where numbers grow together they are fo entangled that it is almost impossible to extricate them. Leaves opposite, fitting, ftrap-fhaped but taper-pointed, those below the branches bent down, on the branches parallel. Spikes terminating the stem and branches. Floral-leaves purplish, large, the middle tooth lengthened out into a long awl-fhaped point bent down, very long at the bottom of the fpike, shorter upwards, but all more or less fo; fides doubled together, closely preffed together at the edges, forming a spiare head with hollow fides, having the horns at the angles. Bloffoms reddish; I have never observed them yellow, though I have feen thousands of them. Mr. WOODWARD.

Woods of Cambridgefhire and Bedfordfhire, plentifully; and among corn at Walton-field, near Wakefield. [Ripton Wood, Huntingdonfhire. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. June. July. Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

purple

MELAMPY'RUM *arven'fe*. Spikes conical, loofe, Floral-leaves with briftle-fhaped teeth, coloured.—

Riv. mon. 80, M. arvenfe.—Cluf. ii. 45. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 90. 3, and cop. in J. B. iii. 439. 2, and H. ox. xi. 23. row 1. 1.— Dod. 541. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 23. 1; ic. i. 37, Trit. vacc. Ger. em. 90. 1, and cop. in Park. 1327. 4.—Trag. 663, cop. in 256. 1.

Stem upright, flightly hairy, branched. Leaves opposite, fpearfhaped, lengthened out into a very long point, nearly fitting, flightly downy. Flowers in an oval head. Floral-leaves long, fpearfhaped, wing-cleft, with teeth at the bafe, entire upwards. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. yellow and dufky purple.

Corn fields. Near Lycham, Norfolk; Horfley Bath, near Beefton Caftle, Chefh. Between Norwich and Coffey. [Coftefey, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.—Bixley, near Norwich. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. July.

The feeds, when ground with corn, give a bitterness and greyis caft to the bread, but do not make it unwholes forme.

Cows and Goats eat it. Sheep refufe it.

MELAM-

MELAMPY'RUM praten'se. Flowers pointing meadow one way, lateral. Leaves in diftant pairs. Bloffoms closed. LINN.—Lower Lip ftraight.* ST.

Walc, M. fylvaticum.—Ger. 84. 1 and 2, flowers and general habit well expreffed, but all the leaves deeply ferrated.—Cluf. ii. 44. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 22. 2, ic. i. 36. 2, Ger. em. 91. 1, and cop. in Park. 1326. 1, and ill cop. in H. ox. xi. 23. 3, with the lower leaves made deeply ferrated. In fruit.

Differs from M. fylvaticum as follows: Stem more upright. Leaves more upright, and approaching. Bloss white, yellowish towards the lips; the mouth, or opening between the lips fhut. LINN .- Stem weak. Leaves, the lowermost very entire, those about the middle of the ftem with feveral large teeth at the bafe, the flower-leaves halberd-fhaped with 3 clefts, the angles at the bafe bent back. Bloffoms white; tube long, flender, wrinkled, widening forwards; mouth like that of a fifh; lips approaching; helmet yellow, palifh at the edges; lower lip with 3 very fhort teeth, and 2 deep yellow eminencies on the upper furface. Tips glued together. HALL. RELHAN. Mr. WOODW .- Root hardish, whitish, fibrous. Stem upright or decumbent, upright towards the point, imperfectly 4-cornered, flightly downy, reddifh green. Branches opposite. Leaves strap-spear-shaped, bluntish, very entire, of a pleafant green above, flightly downy, with a net-work of veins underneath, the larger more than 2 inches long, 3 lines broad, purplish at the base; the flower-leaves smaller, and a little bent back, with from 2 to 4 finall-pointed teeth. Flowers folitary, from the bofom of the leaves, on very fhort fruit-ftalks, 2 at each joint, nearly 8 lines long, and 2 broad. Empalement greenish purple, fmooth, teeth fpear-fhaped taper-pointed, the upper fomewhat bent back, and not fo deeply divided. Bloffoms full yellow; tube compreffed, triangular, whitish and fmooth at the bafe; helmet blunt, flightly cloven at the point, fomewhat bent back at the edge, downy within; lower lip blunt, ferrated with 3 blunt teeth. with 2 fmall fmooth prominencies at the mouth. Tips green, and yellow, approaching above, woolly at the bafe and edge. Seed-bud egg-fhaped, compreffed, fmooth, within the empalement. Honeycup roundifh, yellowith, at the bafe of the feed-bud. Shaft whitifh. fmooth, bent inward above, just projecting from the fiffure of the helmet. Summit blunt, whitifh. POLLICH. Mr. WOODWARD .--Whole plant frequently brownish, beginning to flower early and continuing to flower all the fummer, growing more and more branched,

* Labio inferiore recto. Sr.

branched, in the manner of M. cristatum, and in the latter part of the year extremely branched. Branches weak. Leaves on very fhort leaf-stalks. stiffish, from the bosom of the lower ones an egg-shaped gland, poffibly an abortive flower, those towards the base of the branches ftrap-fpear-fhaped, the upper fpear-fhaped taper-pointed, dark blackish green, with fometimes a tinge of purple. Only the floral-leaves toothed, fo that early in the fpring very few will be vifible, but later they are very numerous, the branches extending in length and continuing to flower till the fpike is very long; the lower halberd-fhaped, with only 2 or 3 teeth at the bafe; the upper nearly with winged clefts at the bafe, with long awl-fliaped reflected. teeth, and ending in an acute spear-shaped point. Empalement often fpotted with purple. Blos. tube fomewhat furrowed. ftraight. white at the bafe, forwards faintly tinged with yellow; lips clofely approaching, hairy within; upper lip flightly cloven; the lower with 3 shallow clefts. Tips, the back pair firmly adhering together. Mr. WOODWARD.-Leaves fpear-fhaped, greatly tapering towards the point, all ferrated, but the ferratures extremely fine, and the edges of the leaves being rather turned back, they are not very readily feen. Stem cylindrical towards the bottom, 4-cornered upwards. Empalement purplish without; fegments with minute stiff briftles along the edge: the 2 upper longer. Bloss. of a full vellow. very much compreffed; the notch in the upper lip but barely perceptible; lower lip with 2 orange-coloured rifing plaits; tube ftrawcoloured. Threads 4, fupporting what appears a fingle tip. Tip egg-fhaped, compreffed, hairy at the edges, and opening at the front edge, divifible into 4 portions, but as readily breaking in any other direction; after flowering feparating into 2 or 4 parts. Shaft corresponding to the bend of the upper lip of the bloffom, rifing over the tip, and prefenting its fummit to the opening, whence the dust escapes. Seed-vess. a yellow glandular substance at the base on the fore part, doubled down, and fo brittle as not to admit being ftraightened. WITH.

Dry meadows, LINN.—and paftures and thickets. HUDS.—Dry mountainous paftures and woods, not uncommon, LIGHTF. and roots of old oaks. RAY. [ST.—Frequent in woods and hedges in a clayey foil in Norfolk and Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.]

A. July. Aug.

Where this plant abounds, the butter is yellow, and uncommonly good. Swine are very fond of the feeds.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows are very fond of it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

2. HALL. ST.—Bloffom white, with 2 yellow fpots on the lower lip. RAY. HALL.

Melampyrum

Melampyrum latifolium flore albo, labio inferiore duabus maculis luteis diflincto. R. fyn.* 286. Ray and Haller appear to confider this as a variety of M. pratenfe, in which the bloffom has more white than yellow in it, and I think juftly. Sr.

MELAMPY'RUM fylvat'icum. Flowers pointing yellow one way, lateral. Leaves in diftant pairs. Bloffoms widely gaping. LINN.—Lower Lip bent downwards. ST.⁺

Fl. dan. 145.—(Ger. 84. 2 and 1.—Walc.—Cluf. ii. 44. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 22. 2, ic. i. 36. 2, Ger. em. 91. 1, and cop. in Park. 1326. 1, and ill cop. in H, ox. xi. 23. 3, appear to me to be M. pratenfe.)

Differs from M. pratenfe as follows: Stem more nodding. Leaves fully expanding. Bleffoms only half as long, entirely yellow, and not with the tube white; mouth or the opening between the lips gaping and open. LINN.—Stem upright, or nodding, weak, branched, leafy. Leaves very entire, all of them undivided, very long, fpear-fhaped. Flowers in pairs, from the bofom of the leaves, fitting, compared to the leaves 3 times fmaller than those of M. pratenfe. Blofs. lower lip with 3 deeper clefts. Fruit egg-conical, bowed inwards. HALL.

Woods and fhady places. HUDS. In the way from Taymouth to Lord Brealbane's cafcade, and about Finlarig at the head of Loch-Tay. Not common. A much rarer plant than M. pratenfe. LIGHTF. A. June.—Aug.

Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it; and with a plentiful allowance of it foon grow fat.

† Labio inferiore deflexo, ST.

801. LATHRÆ'A.

801. LATHRÆ'A. Toothwort.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; bell-fhaped; ftraight. Mouth with 4 deep clefts.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube longer than the cup. Border gaping; diftended. Upper Lip concave; helmetfhaped; broad; with a narrow hooked top. Lower Lip fmaller; reflected; blunt; with 3 clefts. Honeycup a gland notched at the end; depreffed on each fide; very fhort; fituated upon the receptacle of the flower, at one corner of the feed-bud.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; as long as the bloffom; concealed under the upper lip. Tips blunt; depreffed; approaching.
- POINT. Seed-bud globular; compreffed. Shaft threadfhaped; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit lopped; nodding.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; blunt; but furnished with a fmall point; with 1 cell; and 2 elastic valves; furrounded by the cup, which is large and expanding.
- SEEDs few; globular.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 4 clefts. A depreffed gland at the base of the suture of the seed-bud, Caps. cell 1.

OBS. Approaches near to Orobanche in its honey-cup gland.

great

LATHRÆ'A Squama'ria. Stem undivided. Bloß. pendant; lower lip with 3 clefts.—

Fl. dan. 136.—Riv. 89. 2, Squamaria.—Barr. 80.—H. ox. xii. 16. 14.—Matth. 964, cop. in Ger. 1387. 1.—J. B. iii. 783. 2.—Blackw. 430.—Dod. 553. 1.—Park. 1363. 4.—Cluf. ii.

120. 1, repr. in Ger. 1585. 1, and cop. in H. ox. xii. 16. 11. Root beaded. Root-leaves none. Stem-leaves membranaceous, coloured. Branches none. Blofs. lower lip white. LINN.—Stem naked, except fometimes I or 2 oval fcales. Flowers in a fpike, f om one fide of the ftem, in a double row. Floral-leaves roundifhoval, large, reddifh, I at the bafe of each fruit-ftalk, forming a double line oppofite to the flowers. Empalement bellying, fegments equal, bluntifh. Blofs. upper lip rather fhort, lopped. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. pale purple except the lower lip.

Great Toothwort or Lungwort.

Woods, shady lanes, and at the bottom of mountains, but rather rare. Maidstone Kent, Harefield, thickets below Confick-

fcar,

fcar, near Kendal. [Informed that it is found in woods in Derbyfhire. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. April. May.

Dentaria major Matthioli. Gcr. em. 1585.—Orobanche radice dentata, five Dentaria Matthioli major. Park. 1363. Sr.

Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Cows and Horfes refufe it. Grows only in fhady places which the fun's rays can fearcely penetrate, it being almost destitute of leaves, and fuch plants alone can live without the folar light. LINN.

804. PEDICULA'RIS. Loufewort.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; roundifh; diftended. Mouth with 5 clefts; equal; permanent.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube oblong; hunched. Upper Lip helmet-fhaped; upright; compreffed; narrow; notched. Lower Lip expanding; flat; with 3 fhallow fegments; blunt. Middle Segment the narroweft.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort, nearly as long as the upper lip, under which they lie concealed. *Tips* fixed fideways to the threads; roundifh; compreffed.
- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh. Shaft thread-fhaped; agreeing in fituation with the chives, but longer. Summit blunt; bent inwards.
- S. VESS. *Capfule* roundifh; tapering; oblique. Cells 2. Partition oppofite to the valves; opening at the top.
- SEEDS many; roundifh; compreffed; covered with a coat. Receptacles oblong; fupported by foot-ftalks.

ESS. CHAR. Émpalement with 5 clefts. Capfule, cells 2; fharp-pointed; oblique. Seeds coated.

OBS. Capfule for the most part oblique. In fome species the cup cloven at the rim into 2 parts.

PEDICULA'RIS paluf'tris. Stem branched. marsh Empalements crefted with callous dots. Lip of the blofs. oblique. LINN.—Empalement with 2 clefts. HALL. ST.

Riv. mon. 92. 1, Pedicularis.—Pet. 36. 3.—Ger. 913. Blofs. parple. LINN.—Leaves doubly winged. Branches from the bofom of the leaves, long, crowded. LYONS.—Stem about a foot high. Branches expanding. Leaves and flowers diftant. Mr. Wo'opw. Blofs. fometimes white. RAY. WITH. Stem angular, purplifh. Leaves winged; leafits with winged clefts. Flowers folitary, in the bofom of the leaves. Empalement with 2 lips, opening fideways; fegments cloven

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

cloven and jagged, 2 of them bordered with leafy appendages. Blofs. helmet with a little tooth on each fide, not notched at the end; lower lip fringed with fine foft hairs. WITH.

Marfhes, ditches, moift meadows, and paftures. P. June. July. This is an unwelcome gueft in meadows, being very difagreeable to cattle.—Goats eat it. Horfes, Sheep, and Cows refufe it. Swine are not fond of it.

common

PEDICULA'RIS fylvat'ica. Stem branched. Empal. oblong, angular, fmooth. Lip of the bloffom heartfhaped. LINN.—Empal. with 5 clefts. St.

Cluf. ii. 211. 1, repr. in Dod. 556. 1, Lob. obf. 431. 3, ic. i. 748. 2, Ger. em. 1071. 2, and cop. in Park. 713. 1, and abr. in H. ox. xi. 23. 13.—Fl. dan. 225.—Pet. 36. 4.—Trag. 250, cop. in Lonic. i. 148. 2.

Blofs. purple, LINN.—and fometimes white. CLUS. REICH.— Empal. 4 of the fegments crefted, the 5th fmaller, HALL. RELH. —often plain. RELH.—Stem very flort. Branches from the root, long, fpreading clofe to the ground. Leaves and flowers crouded. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems trailing. Floral-leaves deeply divided; fegments toothed. Empalement angular, green within, purplifh without, nearly half as long as the bloffom, one of the clefts much deeper, fegments toothed, that oppofite to the deepeft cleft the narroweft. Blofs. much flenderer than the empalement; tube compreffed; upper lip with a little tooth on each fide; lower lip with 3 divifions, the middle fegment a little fmaller than the reft. Threads, the 2 taller hairy towards the top. Tips oblong, cloven at the bafe, with 2 cells. Shaft permanent. Capfule nearly egg-fhaped, pointed and compreffed at the top. W1TH.

Wet paftures and heaths.

P. June. July.

2. Bloffoms white. TAB. REICH. Mr. WOODWARD. WITH.

[Near Redruth, Cornwall, towards the fea. Mr. WATT.--Near Berkhamftead. Mr. WOODWARD.]

The expressed juice, or a decoction of this plant, has been used with advantage as an injection for finuous ulcers. If the healthiest flock of sheep be fed with it, they become fcabby and feurfy in a short time; the wool gets loofe, and they will be over-run with vermin.—Cows and Swine refuse it.

808. ANTIR-

808. ANTIRRHI'NUM. Snapdragon.*

- EMPAL. Cup 5 divisions; permanent. Segments oblong; permanent; the 2 lower more expanding.
- BLOSS. I petal; gaping. Tube oblong; hunched. Border with 2 lips. Upper Lip cloven; reflected fideways. Lower Lip with 3 fegments; blunt. Palate convex; mouth clofed by a projection of the lower lip, which is channelled on the under fide. Honey-cup extending backwards from the bafe of the bloffom.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 fhort and 2 long; nearly as long as the bloffom, and inclofed by the upper lip. *Tips* approaching.
- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh. Shaft fimple; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; blunt; cells 2. Figure and manner of opening different in different fpecies.
- SEEDS many. Receptacles kidney-fhaped; folitary; fixed to the partition.
 - Ess. CHAR. Empal. leaves 5. The base of the blossom projecting downwards, containing a honey-like liquor. Caps. cells 2.

Obs. The honey-cup and the feed-veffel differ greatly in the different fpecies. In fome, the former is long and awl-fhaped, and the latter opens equally. In others, the honey-cup is blunt, fcarcely protuberating; the capfule unequal at the bafe, opening at the top obliquely; and, in others again, ftill different.

* Leaves angular.

ANTIRRHI'NUM Cymbala'ria. Leaves heart- ivy-leaved fhaped, with 5 lobes, alternate. Stems trailing. LINN. —Leaves fometimes oppofite. LYONS.

Curt. i. 10.—Riv. mon. 86. 2, Cymbalaria.—J. B. iii. 685.— Matth. 1184, cop. in Lob. obf. 337. 2, which repr. in ic. i. 615. 1, Ger. em. 529. 6.—Park. 682. 1.—H. ox. v. 14. 30.—Lon. i. 61. 2.

Seeds wrinkled like the kernels of the walnut. Blofs. fometimes white. Was it not produced by the duft of Campanula hederæfolia, fertilifing the feed-bud of Antirrhinum Elatine? LINN.—Whole plant

* Toad-flax is contrary to the Linnæan rules for the confirudion of generic names. Sr.

Vol. II.

Uu

fmooth

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

fmooth and fhining. Leaves, the fmalleft with only 3 lobes; lobes of the lower blunt, of the upper pointed. Flowers on long fruitftalks bending at the top. Blofs. fpur as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems thread-fhaped. Leaves, fegments ending in a fhort blunt point. Leaf-ftalks very long, bending like tendrils. Empal. fegments equal. Blofs. pale purple; palate yellow, fhaggy with orange-coloured hairs. Chives white. Capfule reddift. Heney-cup flender, crooked. WITH.

Old walls. About London, frequent, [particularly adjoining to the Thames. Walls of Burleigh Caftle, near Stamford. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June.—Oct.

Its trailing branches varioufly interwoven often cover old moift walls with a thick tapeftry, and when in bloffom make a beautiful appearance. Mr. WOODWARD.

2. Leaves woolly:

Sharp-pointed ANTIRRHI'NUM Elat'ine. Leaves halberd-shaped, alternate. Stems trailing.

Curt. i. 7.—Fl. dan. 426.—Sheldr. 60.—Park. 553. 2, ccf. in J. B. iii. 372. 2.—Ger. 501. 2.—Matth. 1012.—Blackw. 170.— Dod. 42. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 470. 2, Ger. em. 625. 2, and cop. in H. ox. v. 14. 28.—(Riv. mon. 86. 1, Elatine, is A. fpurium.)

Stem flaccid. Honey-cup awl-fhaped. Capfule in opening depofits a lamella on each fide. LINN.—Flowers fometimes regular, with 5 clefts, and fpurs 3, 4; or 5, as in the Peloria. HUDS.—Stems very weak, with very long expanding hairs. Lower-leaves oppofite. Flowers fingle. Fruit-flalks thread-fhaped, from the bofom of the leaves, whilf in flower expanding, afterwards declining. Empal. leaves much pointed. Blofs. fpur as long as the body of the blofs. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves, the lower fometimes egg-fhaped, and toothed, as in Ger. fig.—Fruit-flalks, the lower fomtimes florter than the leaves. St.

Sharp-pointed Fluellin.

Corn fields. [Suff. frequent. Mr. WOODW.] A. Aug.—Oct. This is confiderably more bitter than the other fpecies, and is faid to have been used fuccessfully in cases of foul ulcers, and in cutaneous eruptions.

round-leaved

ANTIRRHI'NIUM *jpu'rium*. Leaves egg-fhaped, alternate. Stems trailing. LINN.—Lowermost leaves opposite. RELHAN. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cart. iii. 35.—Fuchf. 167, cop. in J. B. iii. 372. 1, and Dod. 42. 1, which repr. in Ger. em. 625. 1; imitated in Lenic. i. 63. 3, and

646

faid to have

and Park. 553. 1, and abridged in H. ox. v. 14. 27.-Matth. 694 .- Ger. 501. 1.- Lob. adv. 197, repr. in ic. i. 470. 1.-Riv. mon. 86. 1, Elatine.

Did it not originate from the duft of the A. Elatine, fertilifing the feed-buds of A. Cymbalaria? LINN.-Sometimes becomes a kind of Peloria. RAMSPECK and STEHELIN.-Flowers fometimes regular as in A. Elatine. Hups .- Leaves fometimes flightly toothed. RELHAN. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem branched from the bafe, with long expanding hairs. Leaves hairy. Fruit-flaks from the bofom of the leaves. Empalement very hairy. Blos. spur shorter than the body of the bloffom. Mr. WOODWARD .- Fruit-flalks, the lower generally fhorter, the upper longer than the leaves. Blofs. yellow and purple. ST.

Corn fields. [Suff. frequent. Mr. WOODW.] A. July .- Sept.

** Leaves opposite, LINN .- and the spur of the flower fully extended. HUDS.

ANTIRRHI'NUM re'pens. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, creeping crowded; the lower in fours. Empalements as long as the capfules. LINN .- Leaves fpear-ftrap-fhaped; the lower in whorls. Stem panicled. Fruit-stalks in spikes, naked. HUDS. comprehending A. monspelfulanum as a variety.

Dill. elth. 163. 197.

Fields, banks, and walls near Henley, and in Herts. RAY. P. July .- Sept.

a. Huds. A. monspeffulanum. LINN. which fee.

ANTIRRHI'NUM monspelfula'num. Leaves ftrap- fweet smelling fhaped, crowded. Stem fhining, panicled. Fruit-stalks fpiked, fhining .--

7. B. iii. 459. 1.

Flowers fweet-scented. Bloss. spur straight, very short, shorter even than the empalement. Very nearly allied to A. repens. LINN. Floral-leaves spear-shaped, I at the base of each fruit-stalk- Blos. pale blue, with darker fpots; fpur nearly as long as the body of the bloffom. Empal. very fmall, fegments pointed. Mr. WOODW. Antirrhinum repens a Huds.

Hedges near Penryn, Cornwall. RAY .- [Stone wall between Penryn and Falmouth. Mr. WATT.] P. July.-Sept.

,ANTIRRHI'NUM arven'se. Leaves nearly ftrap- corn fhaped; the lower in fours. Empalements with clammy bairs. Flowers fpiked. Stem upright .---

Dill. elth. 163. 198.

Un2

Leaves

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

Leaves fmooth. Flowers very fmall. Floral-leaves bent back. Blofs. fpur bowed back. Blofs. blue. LINN.

Corn fields in a fandy foil. A. July. Aug. 7. Bloffoms yellow.

Col. ecphr. 300. 1. Not examined.

*** Leaves opposite. LINN .- Spur of the flower Short, blunt. HUDS.

least ANTIRRHI'NUM mi'nus. The greater part of the leaves alternate, fpear-fhaped, blunt. Stem very much branched, fpreading.—

> Curt. v. 50.—Fl. dan. 502.—Riv. mon. 85. 2, Linaria arv. min. —Lob. ic. i. 406. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 549. 5.—Park. 1334. 2. —7. B. iii. 465. 1.—Matth. 1198.

Leaves, only the 3 lowermost pairs opposite. LINN.—Stem much branched, hairy. Lower branches opposite, the upper alternate. Leaves alternate. Fruit-stalks from the bosom of, and equal to, or longer than the leaves. Empal. fegments ftrap-fraped, nearly equalling the bloffom. Blofs. spur blunt, shorter than the body of the bloffom. Mr. Woodw.—Blofs. purple and yellowish white, with a very short spur.

Gravelly corn fields. [Binham, Norf. Mr. CROWE.--Near Berkhamstead, Herts. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. June.--Sept.

Cows and Sheep eat it. Swine are not fond of it. Horfes and Goats refufe it.

**** Leaves alternate.

Toad flax

ANTIRRHI'NUM Lina'ria. Leaves fpear-ftrapfhaped, crowded. Stem upright. Spikes terminating, fitting. Flowers tiled.—

Curt. 1. 5.—Riv. mon. 83. 1, Linaria.—Sheldr. 49.—Ludw. 12. —Dod. 183. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 222. 2, ic. i. 406. 2, Gcr. em. 550. 1, and cop. in Park. 458. 1.—Ger. 440.—Lonic. i. 154. 2.—Fuchf, 545, cop. in J. B. iii. 456. 2.—Blackw. 115. —Trag. 357.—H. ox. v. 12. 10.

Blofs. the palate woolly, orange-coloured. Honey-cup long, awlfhaped. Capf. opening with equal divifions. LINN.—Stem nearly cylindrical, fmooth. Branches nearly upright, from the bofom of the leaves. Blofs. lower lip, fegments circular, the middle one much finaller, the projecting part orange-coloured, woolly, the reft of the bloffom pale yellow and fmooth. Honey-cup conical. Threads of the 2 longer chives hairy at the bafe. Tips a little woolly, thofe of the 2 longer chives adhering together even after fhedding their duft. Capf. egg-fhaped. Seeds nearly flat, circular, with a fhallow notch. Blofs. fometimes whitifh; fpur long and Consed WITH.

Toad-flax. [Butter and eggs. Worcestershire. Sr.]

Barren meadows and paftures, road fides, [hedges on road fides. ST.] P. July.—Sept.

An infusion of the leaves is diurctic and purgative. An ointment prepared from them gives relief in the piles. The expressed juice, mixed with milk, is a poison to flies, as is likewise the smell of the flowers.

Cows, Horfes, and Swine refufe it. Sheep and Goats are not fond of it. LINN.—A Horfe eat fome of the young fhoots in Aug. WITH.—A Horfe eat it, tho' they often leave it in the fields. ST.

2. Spurs 2 or more. CURT. WITH.

B. PELORIA.

Amoen. acad. i. 3. at p. 298.

A hybrid offspring of the A. Linaria, amongft which it is found growing, agreeing with it in its fenfible properties, widely multiplying itfelf by roots, but exceedingly different in the characters of the fructification, having a regular bloffom with 5 clefts, 5 horns, and 5 chives, fo that it would form a very diffinct genus, were not its fruit conftantly abortive. Stem fimple, upright, cylindrical, fometimes, tho' rarely, furnished with 1 or 2 branches. Leaves numerous, fcattered, strap-shaped, smooth, upright but expanding. Flowers in a fpike, terminating, 9, 12, or 18 together. Cup I leaf, with 5 divisions, equal, very fhort, permanent. Blos. petal 1, funnel-shaped, yellow, paler towards the base, with 5 honey-cups at the bafe. Tube long, ftraight, cylindrical, but diftended from the middle downwards. Border with 5 divisions, blunt, equal, expanding, inner fide filled with tawny hairs. Honey-cups 5, awl-shaped, flat, refembling a horn, growing in a circle round the bafe of the tube. Chives, threads 5, hair-like, equal, half as long as the tube, and fixed to the receptacle. Tips roundifh, fixed fideways to the threads. Pointal, feed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped, as long as the chives. Summit thick and blunt. Seed-veffel, capfule egg-fhaped, with 2 cells and 2 valves. Receptacles convex, growing to the partition. Seeds feveral, angular. It is truly a prodigy of nature, and thould feem to have originated from an impregnation of the feed-buds of A. Linaria by the duft of fome other plant, perhaps of one of the Gentians. LINN.-I am, how . ever rather difposed to regard it as a peculiar monstrous degeneracy in the ftructure of the flower, to which this genus, from what caufe I know not, feems to be liable above all others, as is evident from its alfo taking place in the A. (purium, Elatine, and Cymbalaria. MURR.

Sandy fields about Clapham, Surry. Hups. ed. i. P. July.

Uu3

**** Bloffoms

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

**** Bloffoms gaping; or without a fpur.

greater

ANTIRRHI'NUM *ma'jus*. Bloffoms without a fpur. Flowers in fpikes. Empalements rounded.—

Ludw. 51.—Riv. mon. 82. 1, Antirrhinum.—Mill. 42.—Dod. 182. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 221. 2, ic. i. 404. 2. Ger. em. 549. 1 and 2.—Ger. 438. 1.—Matth. 1197.

Stem fpreading, rod-like. Leaves fpear-fhaped. Empal. leaves fhort, with clammy hairs. Honey-cup blunt, fcarcely projecting. Capfule opening at the point obliquely, unequal at the bafe. LINN. —Leaves on leaf-ftalks. Blofs. purple.

Snapdragon.

Old walls, and chalk cliffs near Dover, and between Northfleet and Gravefend. [Walls near Norwich; Cambridge, &c. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. June. July.

A Horfe refused it. ST.

Calfs-fnout ANTIRRHI'NUM Oron'tium. Bloffoms without fpurs. Flowers nearly fpiked. Empalements longer than the bloffoms.—

> Curt. iv. 39.- Riv. mon. 82. 2, Antirrhinum arvense.—Dod. 182. 2, repr. in Lob. obs. 222. 1, ic. i. 405. 2, Ger. em. 549. 4, and cop. in Park. 1334. 1.—Lonic. i. 155. 3.—Matth. 1199.— Ger. 439. 4.

Capfule when opening refembles the fkull of a monkey. LINN. —Stem upright, branched, hairy. Leaves fpear-fhaped, very entire. Flowers from the bofom of the leaves, on very fhort fruitftalks, fometimes, though rarely, fitting. Empal. fegments frapfhaped, and lengthening after the falling off of the bloffom. Capf. much fhorter than the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bloffoms purple, with a little yellow.

Calf's-fnout.

[Corn fields in a fandy foil, and turnep fields, Norfolk. Mr. WOODW.—and Worcefterfh. Mr. BALLARD. ST.] A. July. Aug. A poifonous plant. LINN.



814. SCROPHU-

814. SCROPHULA'RIA. Figwort.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 5 clefts; permanent. Segments rounded; shorter than the blossom.

BLOSS. I petal; unequal. Tube globular; large; bladder-shaped. Border very small; with 5 divisions. The 2 upper fegments larger than the others; upright; the 2 lateral ones open; the lower reflected.

- CHIVES. Threads 4; ftrap-fhaped; declining; as long as the bloffoms; 2 of them ripening later than the other 2. Tips double.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft fimple ; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit fimple.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; tapering; cells 2; valves 2; partition formed by the edges of the valves turning in; opening at the top.
- SEED's many; finall. Receptacle fingle; roundifh; extending itself into each cell.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. clefts 5. Bloss. nearly globular; reversed. Caps. cells 2.

OBS. In the mouth of the bloffom, beneath the 2 upper fegments, lies another little fegment refembling a lip; but this is not common to every fpecies. The bloffom, in this genus, fhould be confidered as reverfed. The upper lip fmaller, bowed back, rounded, the chives bowed down towards it; the lateral fegments fcolloped, rounded, equal to the upper; the lower lip larger, open, with 2 divisions; the intermediate lip very fmall, placed in the fore part.

SCROPHULA'RIA nodo'sa. Leaves heart-shaped, knobby rooted 3-fibred. Corners of the ftem* blunt. LINN. Fl. fuec. fyft. veg. and fyft. pl.-Acute. Sp. pl.-Bhuntish, and bare below; acute and membranaceous above. Leaves triangularly heart-Shaped, pointed. ST.+

Ludw. 72 .- Gunn. ii. 4. 1.-Blackw. 87 .- Fuchf. 194, cop. in 7. B. iii. 421.-Riv. mon. 107. 1, Scrophularia.-Matth. 1130, cop. in Dod. 50. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 289. 1, ic. i. 533. 2, Ger. em. 716. 1, and cop. in Park 610. 1, H. ox. v. 8. row

* Caule acutangulo. Sp. pl. POLLICH. ST .- Not obtufangulo, as in Fl. Juec. Syft. veg. and Syft. pl. ST.

† Foliis triangulari-cordatis, acutis. Sr.

Uu4

3. 3, and

3. 3, and Pet. 35. 9.—Ger. 579. 2.—Trag. 184.—Lonic. i. 135. 3.

Leaves 3-fibred as in Arctium Lappa, and Tuffilago Petafites. Bunch terminating. LINN. - Root with unequal tuberofities. Leaves pointed, ferrated. J. BAUH. ST .- Stem, angles clearly acute, fometimes edged with a membranaceous line, but not to be called winged. Leaves imperfectly heart-fhaped, the bafe being rather cut transversely. CRANTZ. ST .- Leaves pointed, and ferratures pointed. Flowers on forked branches. Floral-leaves spear-shaped, taper-pointed, a pair to each flowering branch. Mr. WOODWARD. -Leaves doubly ferrated, angular behind, from the angles to the leaf-stalks very entire. ST .- Upper-leaves nearly fitting, fpearshaped. Fruit-stalks cylindrical, with short pellucid hairs terminated by globules. Empalement toothed and membranaceous at the ends. Blofs. tube filled at the bafe with a honey-like liquor; upper fegments purple; the reft pale green; the 2 lateral ones expanding; the lower bent back. The little heart-fhaped fegment within the bafe of the 2 upper fegments feems to deferve the name of honeycup. Chives before flowering rolled inwards. Tips. fimple. Receptacle yellow, glandular. WITH.

Great Figwort. Kernelwort.

Woods and moift hedges.

P. July.

This plant is hardly known in modern practice; but the rank fmell, and bitter tafte of the leaves, feem to indicate fome active properties.—Swine that have the fcab are cured by wafhing them with a decoction of the leaves. Wafps refort greatly to the flowers. Goats cat it. Cows, Horfes, Sheep, and Swine refufe it-

water

SCROPHULA'RIA aquat'ica. Leaves heart-fhaped, blunt, on leaf-ftalks, running down the ftem. Corners of the ftem edged with a membrane. Bunches terminating. LINN.—Leaves heart-oblong, fcolloped, frequently with appendages below the bafe. ST.*

Curt. v. 49.—Blackw. 86.—Fl. dan. 507.—Dod. 50. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 288. 1, ic. i. 533. 1, der. em. 715, and cop. in Park. 613, and abridged in Pet. 35. 10, and H. ox. v. 8. row 3. 4.—Gcr. 579. 1.

* Foliis cordato-oblongis, crenatis, fub-appendiculatis. Sr.

† This figure Loefling refers to his S. auriculata, though a re-impreffion of Dod. 50. 2, which Linnaus gives to S. aquatica. Sr.

-Stem upright. Branches opposite, short. Leaves opposite, on leaf-stalks, oblong-heart-shaped, pointed, ferrated, veined. Leafstalks running down the stem. Floral-leaves oblong, concave. Fruit-Ralks cloven into 3, quadrangular. Pedicles round, rough with hair. Flowers dirty red. Empalement blunt. Chives woolly. LYONS. -Leaves heart-egg-shaped, scolloped. Panicle naked, branched; the lower branches opposite, the upper alternate, forked. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, a pair at the bafe of each branch. Mr. WOODW .- Leaves, teeth blunt. Sr .- Upper leaves egg-fhaped. Empalement fkinny at the edge. Threads ftudded with purple fpots. . Tips fimple, terminating, opening at the top. Dust yellow. Seedbud on a yellow glandular receptacle. WITH.

Water Betony.

Watery places, and banks of rivers. P. July [to Sept. WITH.]

SCROPHULA'RIA Scorodo'nia. Leaves heart- balm-leaved fhaped, doubly ferrated. Bunch compound, with leaves interspersed .-- ·

H. ox. v. 35. row 2. f. 2. - Pluk. 59. 5, cop. in Pet. 35. 11.

Refembles S. nodofa and S. auriculata, but differs from the latter in the hairinefs of the ftem, and the want of appendages to the leaves. Stem very hairy. Leaves with a gaping hollow at the bafe, angles or ferratures pointed, (Mant.) ferratures blunt. (Syft. veg.) Bunch with leaves interfperfed, which is not the cafe with the other fpecies. LINN .- Leaves downy, the upper terminated by an awn as are the ferratures. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, a pair beneath each division of the fruit-stalks. Mr. Woodw .- Blos. dusky purple.

Watery places, and hedges. Ifland of Jerfey, between the Port and St. Hilary. Sea fhore about St. Ives, Cornwall. P. July. Aug.

SCROPHULA'RIA verna'lis. Leaves heart-fhaped; yellow those of the stem in threes. Fruit-stalks from the bosom of the leaves folitary, cloven .---

Fl. dan. 411.-Riv. mon. 107. 2. Scrophularia flore lut.-Barr. 273. -Cluf. ii. 38. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 717, and cop. in Park. 608. 4.-C. B. pr. 112.

Stem and leaves hairy. Bloss. egg-fhaped, yellow. LINN .- Leaves doubly ferrated. Fruit-stalks hairy, the primary ones longer than the leaves, the fecondary fhort. Floral-leaves spear-fhaped, hairy, a pair at the bafe of the fecondary fruit-stalks. Mr. WOODWARD.

Watery places and hedges, About Bury, and near Mitcham, Surry; Gloddaeth, Caernarvonfh. [Fornham, near Bury, Suff. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. April. May.

The different fpecies afford nourifhment to the Phalæna Verbasci, Curculio Scrophularia, and Tenthredo Scophularia.

816. **DIGI**-

816. D'IGITA'LIS. Foxglove.

- EMPAL. Cup 5 divisions; fegments roundifh; fharp; permanent; the upper narrower.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; bell-fhaped. Tube large; expanding; diftended on the under fide; cylindrical and flender at the base. Border small; clefts 4. Upper segment most expanded; notched at the end. Lower segment largest.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; fixed to the bafe of the bloffom; declining. Tips cloven; tapering to a point.
- POINT. Seed-bud taper. Shaft fimple; ftanding along with the chives. Summit fharp.
- S. VESS. Capfule egg-fhaped; as long as the cup; taper; cells 2; valves 2; opening in 2 directions.
- SEEDS many; fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 5 divisions. Bloss. bell-fhaped; with 5 clefts; bulging. Capfule egg-fhoped; cells 2.

common

DIGITA'LIS purpu'rea. Leaves of the empalement egg-fhaped, pointed. Bloffoms blunt; upper lip entire, LINN.—very flightly notched. WITH.

Riv. mon. 104, Digitalis.—Curt. i. 11, copied under Mr. Curtis's infpection in Withering's account of the Foxglove, 8vo, 1785.—Fl. dan. 74, parts of fructification.—Tourn. 73. A. E. L. M.— Fuchf. 893, cop. in Trag. 889, J. B. ii. 812. 3, and Lonic. i. 74. 1.—Blackw. 16.—Dod. 169, repr. in Lob. obf. 308. 2, ic. i. 572. 1, Ger. em. 790. 1, and cop. in Park. 653. 1.—Ger. 646. 1.—Lob. ic. i. 572. 2.—H. ox. v. 8. row 1. 1.—Fl. dan. 74, the reduced figure.—Swert. 6. 1 and 2.

Leaves wrinkled. Blofs. the bellying part fprinkled on the infide with fpots like little eyes. LINN.—Leaves fcolloped; teeth fmall, deep; on leaf-ftalks, with a net-work of flefhy veins underneath. Leaf-ftalks half embracing the ftem. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, $\frac{1}{2}$ embracing the ftem, purplifh towards the point. Mr. Woodw. —Leaves fitting, a little woolly underneath. Empalement egg or fpear-fhaped. Blofs. inverfely conical, but fwelling out on the under fide. Tips deeply divided. WITH.—Leaves fometimes with whitifh yellow blotches. ST.—Flowers in long terminating fpikes, all pointing one way. Bloffoms purple, elegantly mottled on the infide.

Icxglove.

Road

Road fides and hedges, [in dry gravelly and fandy foils. WITH. —Bawfey, near Lynn. Mr. CROWE.—Woods in Effex, &c. Mr. WOODWARD.—Shenftone Lane, near Hartlebury, Worcefterfh. ST.] B. June. July.

A dram of it, taken inwardly, excites violent vomiting. It is certainly a very active medicine, and merits more attention than modern practice beftows upon it. Bot. Arr. ed. i.—For an account of its medical properties fee Withering on the Foxglove, Med. tranf. iii. and London Medical Journal.

B. Bloffoms white. RAY. LINN. WITH.

836. SIBTHORP'IA. Moneywort.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; turban-fhaped; divisions 5; expanding; leaves egg-fhaped; permanent.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; divisions 5; expanding; equal; as long as the cup. Segments rounded.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; hair-like; 2 of them approaching. Tips heart-oblong.
- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; compreffed. Shaft cylindrical; thicker than the threads; as long as the blofform. Summit a fimple knob; depreffed.
- S. VESS. Capfule compressed; round and flat; fwelling out in 2 places; edges fharp; valves 2; cells 2; partition transfere.
- SEEDS feveral; roundifh-oblong; convex on one fide; flat on the other.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. divisions 5. Bloss. divisions 5; equal. Chives in distant pairs. Capfule compressed; orbicular; cells 2; partition transverse.

SIBTHORP'IA europæ'a. Leaves between kidney baslard and target-shaped, scolloped.—

Pluk. 7. 6, cop. in Pet. 6. 11.

Habit and flem of Hydrocotyle, fruit of Veronica. Root annual, but fometimes, as alfo the whole plant, perennial. Stems numerous, a foot long, thread-fhaped, limber, not much branched, trailing, often throwing out roots near the leaf-ftalks, hairy. Leaves alternate, very remote, on leaf-ftalks, like thofe of the Chryfofflenium, heart-orbicular, one fide opening to near the centre, horizontal, with 6 or 7 flight lobes, the lateral ones the fmalleft, blunt, about the breadth of a pea, fprinkled with fmall, fimple, fcattered, transparent briftles. Leaf-ftalks fhort, ascending. Fruitftalks thread-fhaped, from the bosom of the leaves, upright, folitary,

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

tary, as long as the flower, often fhorter than the leaf-flaks, nodding after flowering. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, one towards the point of the fruit-stalks. Empalement with 5 clefts, hairy. Blos. generally with 5 clefts, fmall, purplifh, purple at the bottom, about the fize of that of the Limofella. Chives equal, always 4, with a vacancy at one of the divisions of the bloffom, whence its inequality, and its title to a place in this clafs. Did not this plant originate from the feed-bud of the Chry folplenium alternifolium fertilifed by the dust of the Hydrocotyle vulgaris? LINN.

Shady marfhy places, fprings and rivulets. Cornwall and Devonfh. frequent. About Longfledale, Weftmorel. P. July-Sept.

837. LIMOSEL'LA. Mudweed.

- EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 5 fhallow clefts; fharp; upright; permanent.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; bell-fhaped; upright; equal; with 5 fhallow clefts; fharp; fmall; fegments expanding.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; upright; 2 leaning to the fame fide; fhorter than the bloffom. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; blunt. Shaft fimple; as long as the chives; declining. Summit globular. S. VESS. Capfule egg-fhaped; half inclosed in the cup;
- with 1 cell, and 2 valves.
- SEEDS many; oval. Receptacle egg-fhaped; very large. Ess. CHAR. Empal. clefts 5. Blofs. clefts 5; equal. Chives approaching in pairs. Capfule, cell 1; valves 2; feeds numerous.

Plantain

LIMOSEL'LA aquat'ica. Leaves fpear-fhaped.-Fl. dan. 69 .- Hall. jen. 6. 3. at p. 295 .- H. ox. xv. 2. row 2. f. 2.--Pluk. 74. 4, cop. in Pet. 65. 12.

Leaves rolled inwards. Blos. hairy above. Chives 2 and 2, in oppofite pairs. LINN .--- Stems trailing. Leaf-ftalks very long. Flowers folitary. Blofs. white without, reddifh within.

Bastard Plantain.

Muddy and gravelly places liable to be flooded, and where waters have flood during the winter. A. July .- Sept.

841. ORO-

H. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS COVERED.

841. OROBAN'CHE. Broom-rape.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 clefts; upright; coloured; permanent.
- BLOSS. 1 petal; gaping. Tube leaning; large; diftended. Border expanding. Upper Lip concave; open; notched at the end. Lower Lip reflected; with 3 fegments; unequal at the edge. Segments nearly equal.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; 2 long and 2 fhort; awl-fhaped; concealed under the upper lip. Tips upright ; approaching; florter than the border. Honey-cup a gland at the bafe of the feed-bud.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft fimple; agreeing in length and fituation with the chives. Summit with a shallow cleft; blunt; thick; nodding.
- S. VESS. Capfule oblong-egg-fhaped; taper; with I cell, and 2 valves.
- SEEDS numerous; very fmall. Receptacles 4; ftrap-fhaped; lateral; connected.
 - Ess. CHAR. Empalement cloven into 2. Bloffom gaping. Capf. cell 1; values 2; feeds many. A gland under the base of the sced-bud.

OBS. Empal. and blofforn differ in different fpecies. REICH.

OROBAN'CHE ma'jor. Stem quite fimple, downy. common Chives just appearing out of the bloßom. LINN .- within the blolfom. Fl. suec. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD .- Blos, with 4 clefts. Huds.

Curt. iv. 39 .- Tourn. 81, Crobanche, parts of frustification .- Cluf. i. 270. 2, repr. in Dod. 552. 3, Ger. em. 1311. 2, and cop. in H. ox. xii, 16. 1 .- Riv. mon. 89. 1, Orobanche.- Ger. 1130. 2, cop. in Pet. 69. 10.-Lob. obf. 531. 1. a, repr. in ic. ii. 89. 1. a, and Ger. em. 1311. 1. a, and cop. in Park. 229. 1. a .--Matth. 536 .- 7. B. ii. 781. 1.-Lonic. ii. 24. 1.- (7. B. ii. 780. 1 and 2, feem a different (pecies.)

Plant of a brown colour. Root fhort, fibrous, at the bafe of the ftems, feveral of which fometimes rife from the fame root, tuberous. Stem fimple, upright, from a fpan to a foot high, cylindrical, flightly downy. Leaves none, except fome fpear-fhaped, pointed, alternate, fcattered fcales. Spike terminating, occupying the upper half of the ftem. Floral-leaves spear-shaped, pointed,

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA.

as long as the bloffom. Empalement lateral; leaves 2, fpear-fhaped. pointed, narrow, in the upper flowers cloven at the point, fomewhat fmaller than the bloffom. Blofs. with a tinge of pale yellow. tubular, crooked; tube round, keeled and purplish on the back above: border with 2 lips, which are nearly equal; upper lip cloven, fegments bent inwards, finely fcolloped, blunt, very fhort; lower lip ftraight, hanging down, lateral fegments taper-pointed, with 3 teeth, the middlemost roundish, somewhat larger, finely fcolloped. Honey-cup a fmall fcale before the bafe of the feed-bud. Threads crooked, as long as the bloffom. Tips fomewhat heartfhaped, diftinct. Seed-bud pointed. Shaft thread-fhaped. Summit a knob, nearly fquare, with a furrow in the middle, nodding. LOEFL.-Root large, flefhy, oval, fcaly. Leaves none. Stalk 8 to 12 inches, with dry fcattered scales. Flowers spiked, cylindrical, brownifh ruft-coloured. Summit yellow, bluntly heart-fhaped. Empalement with 4 clefts. Seeds exceedingly numerous. RELHAN. -Plant ruft-coloured. Root bulbous. Stem without leaves, but cloathed with egg-fhaped fcattered fcales. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped. taper-pointed, generally longer than the flower. Empalement with 4 teeth, the 2 outer longer and fharper, the lower blunt. Chives within the flower. Mr. WOODWARD .- Plant without any appearance of green, and when in full bloom has the appearance of a withered plant. Root brownish white. Stalk and flowers with a purplish tinge. Honey-cup yellow. Sr.

Rapum genifiæ, sive Orobanche. Ger. em. (Sr.) Broom-rape.

Dry meadows, on the roots chiefly of the clafs Diadelphia, as Spartium fcoparium, Genifta tinctoria, Trifolium, Orobas tuberofus, and alfo on Hieracium fabaudum, and Centaurea Scabiofa. [Alfo in corn fields in a fandy foil, which have probably had Broom growing on them. Broom Hills, very frequent. Mr. WOODW. -Shrawley Wood, Worcefterfhire. Mr. BALLARD.-On a dry bank near Clifton upon Teme, Worcefterfh. St.] P. May. June.

branched

OROBAN'CHE ramo'fa. Stem branched. Bloffoms with 5 clefts. LINN.—Stem moftly branched. HUDS.

J. B. ii. 781, bulb well, but flowers indifferently reprefented.—Sabb.
iii. 12, stem and slowers well done, bulb indifferently.—Clust. i.
271. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1312. 3, abridged in Pet. 69. 11.
—Park. 1360. 18, stems a mere work of imagination. Mr.
WOODWARD.

Stem

II. CHIVES LONGER, SEEDS COVERED.

Stem about a fpan high, entire, fmooth, and fucculent. - Fleralleaves spear-shaped, one at the base of each flower. Empal. segments 4, ftrap-fhaped, hairy at the margin. Blos. tube nearly cylindrical, and as long as the empalement; mouth open; upper lip cloven; lower lip with 3 clefts, fegments equal. Honey-cups 2 on the lower lip, and fometimes on the fides. Threads nearly equal, pretty long. Tips white, double, joined into a half cylinder, and ending below the fummit in a fhort briftle. OSBECK. Mr. WOODW. -Stem upright, angular, fcaly, yellowifh, branched at the bafe, but frequently fimple; branches upright, nearly as long as the ftem; fcales egg-fhaped, preffed to the ftem. Flowers fpiked, fitting, with a tinge of brownish purple. Bloss. upper lip roundish, cloven; the lower with 3 clefts. Floral-leaves folitary, egg-fhaped, membranaceous, purplish. Chives shorter than the blossom. Hubs .- Roct a folid bulb, elliptical, naked, or furnished with 1 or 2 spearfhaped fitting fcales, and numerous fhort thick fibres affixed laterally, adhering and intermixed with the fibres of the roots of Hemp or other plants. Stem a continuation of the bulb, nearly cylindrical when fresh, angular when dry, slightly downy, brown or dirty yellow, naked, or furnished with very few scales. Branches either immediately from the root, or alternate, fwelling at the bafe, nearly upright, with each a scale at the bafe. Spikes terminating, thick. Floral-leaves oval-fpear-fhaped, fomewhat keeled, fitting. Empal. fegments pointed, the 2 outer largest, the inner halved, the fides next the ftem being wanting. Blofs. tube bellying, yellow at the bale, the upper part and lips bluish purple, hairy on the outfide; upper lip roundifh; the middle fegment largeft, and with 2 yellowish prominencies at the mouth, fimilar to those in Melampyrum. Threads within the tube, bluish. Tips yellow. Seed-bud oval. Shaft longer than the threads and bending towards them, bluifh. Summit blunt. Mr. WOODWARD.

Orobanche minor purpureis floribus sive ramoso. J. B. ii. 781. (Mr. WOODWARD.)—Orobanche ramosa. GER. cm. 1312. (ST.)

Corn fields and dry paftures. Near Beckles, Suffolk. RAY.— Ifle of Shepey, and near Feversham and Rochefter; about Glaftonbury, and in Devonshire and Hants. HUDS.—[Brome near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODW.] P? HUDS.—A? having found it on the roots of Hemp and Galeopsis Tetrahit, both annual plants. Mr. WOODWARD. June, July, [and Sept. Mr. W.]

 β . Hubs. Stem fimple.

J. B. ii. 731. 1.

Stem

DIDYNAMIA ANGIOSPERMIA:

Stem very fcaly, flightly downy; fcales oval-fpear-fhaped. Spile loofe. Floral-leaves oval-fpear-fhaped, formewhat keeled, as long as the empalement. Empalement with 4 deep divifions; fegments awl-fhaped, the 2 outer the largeft, the inner one next the ftem very fmall. Blofs. tube longer than the empalement; upper lip fhort, cloven, roundifh; lower with 3 clefts. Chives within the flower. Mr. WOODWARD.

Field of oats 2 miles beyond Rochefter on the left hand going towards Horns-place. RAY.—[Northkeps, Norf. a fingle plant. Mr. PITCHFORD.—Specimen from Mr. Lightfoot agreeing with that of Mr. Pitchford's. Mr. WOODWARD.]

Clafs

Class XV.

TETRADYNAMIA.

IV. CHIVES LONGER.

IN the flowers of this Clafs there are 6 Chives; 4 of them long, and 2 flort.

The ORDERS are 2, and are diffinguished by the figure of the feed-vessel, which, in the 1st Order, is a Pouch; that is, a roundish flat feed-vessel, furnished with a Shaft, which is frequently as long as the feed-vessel itself. In the 2d Order, the feed-vessel is a Pop; that is, a very long feed-vessel, without any remarkable shaft.

The plants of this Clafs admit of the following

Vol. II.

Хх

NATURAL

NATURAL CHARACTER.

- Éмраι. Cup oblong; of 4 leaves. Leaves oblong-eggfhaped; concave; blunt; approaching; ftanding in oppofite pairs; bellying at the bafe. The Honey-cup is formed within the empalement, and often occafions it to be bellied at the bafe.
- BLOSS. crofs-fhaped. Petals 4; equal. Claws flattifh awlfhaped; upright; generally longer than the Cup. Border flat. Limbs broadeft towards the end; blunt; hardly touching one another at the edges. The petals fixed in the fame circle with the chives.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; the 2 oppofite ones as long as the cup; the other 4 fomewhat longer, but fhorter than the bloffom. Tips rather oblong; taper; thickeft at the bafe; upright; but with the top bent outwards. Honey-cups; glands, which differ in different genera. They grow near the chives, and are moftly fixed at the bafe of the fhorter chives, which are generally bent outwards, to prevent the compression of the glands, and therefore appear fhorter than the others.
- POINT. Seed-bud fuperior; daily growing taller. Shaft the length of the longest chives; but in fome genera there is no shaft. Summit blunt.
- S. Vess. Pod with 2 valves; often with 2 cells; opening from the bafe to the point. Partition projecting beyond the points of the valves, and occupying the place of the fhaft.
- SEEDs roundifh; inclining downwards; lodged in the partition lengthways and alternately. *Receptacle* narrow, furrounding the partition, and lodged in the feams of the feed-veffel.

OBS. This Clafs is truly natural, and has been confidered as fuch by all the beft fyftematic writers; neverthelefs, they have thrown into it one or more genera that do not naturally belong to it; but this we have avoided. It contains the SILIQUOSE plants of *Ray*, and the CROSS-SHAPED flowers of *Tournefort*. The plants of this Clafs are univerfally called *Anti-fcorbutic*; their tafte is acrid and watery, they lofe moft of their virtues by drying. A volatile falt may be obtained from them by fimple diftillation, and particularly from the frefh feeds. *Phil. Tranf. ab.* vii. 752. (ST.)—None of them are poifenous. In moift fituations, and wet feafons, they are moft actimo-

IV. CHIVES LONGER.

acrimonious. Thus the Cochlearia Armeracia, (Horfe-radifh) growing near water, is fo very acrid, that it can hardly be ufed; and Braffica Rapa, (the Turnep) whofe root in a dry fandy foil is fo fucculent and fweet, in wet ftiff lands is hard and acrimonious.

Order I.

SILICULOSA; SEED-VESSEL a POUCH.

* Pouch entire; not notched at the end.	
864. DRA'BA.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
863. SUBULA'RIA	none. Pouch with half egg-fhaped valves.
860. My'agrum	Shaft fhorter than the pouch. Pouch with concave valves. Shaft
B61. VEL'LA Pouch with valves only half the	
	length of the partition.
+ Bunias. Crambe. Ifa &c. ST.	atis. LINN.—Cochlearia Coronopus,

** Pouch notched at the end.

868. I'BERIS.	Two outermost petals the largest.
	Pouch heart-fhaped. Valves blunt;
	bellying.
865. LEPID'IUM	Pouch heart-fhaped. Values fharp-
	ly keel-shaped.
866. THLAS'PI	Pouch inverfely heart-shaped.
	Values in fome fpecies border-
	ed; keel-fhaped.

X x 2

Order

Order II.

SILIQUOSA; SEED-VESSEL a POD.

* Cup closed; its leaves approaching lengthways.

886. RAPH'ANUS	Pod jointed.
878. Erys'imum	Pod 4-edged.
879. CHEI'RANTHUS.	Pod marked by a fmall gland on
15	each fide the feed-bud.
881. HES'PERIS	Glands fituated within the fhorter
	chives. Petals oblique.
882. AR'ABIS	Glands 4; within the leaves of
	the cup. Summit fimple.
884. BRAS'SICA	Glands, 2 within the fhorter
cour DRASSION ANIM	chives; and 2 on the outfide
	the longer chives.
883. TURRI'TIS	Petals upright.
	Pod with valves, which roll back
875. DENTA'RIA	
	when open.
" ** Cup open; its	leaves standing wide at the top.
889. CRAM'BE	Pod deciduous; globular; like a
oby. Okim De. minim	dry berry. The 4 long Chives
	forked at the top.
888. I'SATIS	Pod deciduous; fpear-fhaped;
000. I SATIS	containing I feed.
00- Dulura	
887. BU'NIAS	Pod deciduous; circular; cover-
9-5 Currenterre	ed with fharp points.
876. CARDAM'INE	Pod opening. Valves rolling back.
885. SINA'PIS	Pod opening. Cup expanding ho-
	rizontally.

877. SISYM'BRIUM. Pod opening. Values nearly ftraight. Cup open.

+ Braffica Napus.

Order

Order I.

SILICULOSA; SEED-VESSEL a POUCH.

860. MY'AGRUM. Camline.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; oblong-egg-fhaped; concave; opening; coloured; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; flat; circular; blunt; claws flender.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; as long as the cup; the 4 opposite ones rather longer than the other 2. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the cup. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Pouch inverfely egg-fhaped; fomewhat compreffed; entire; rigid; terminated at the point by a rigid conical fhaft. Values 2. Some of the cells often empty.

SEEDS roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Pouch terminated by a conical shaft; a single feed generally contained in only one of the cells.

OBS. Cochlearia Coronopus accords with the above character. ST.

MY'AGRUM *fativum*. Pouches inverfely egg- common fhaped, on fruit-ftalks, containing many feeds.*-

Trag. 655, cop. in Lonic. i. 154. 1.—Ger. 213. 2.—Dod. 532. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 111. 3, ic. i. 224. 2, Ger. em. 273. 3, and cop. in Park. 868. 2, Pet. 48. 11, and abridged in H. ox. iii. 21. row 3. 2.—J. B. ii. 892, cop. in H. ox. iii. 21. row 2. 1. f. 4.—Matth. 1172.

Pouch, each fide bellying out, but marked with a cavity preffed inwards, which cavity difappears in the cultivated plants. LINN. —Blofs. pale yellow, or white. Seeds yellow. Stem cloathed with leaves, cylindrical below, fomewhat angular above, flightly hairy. Leaves alternate, fpear-fhaped, arrow-fhaped at the bafe, half embracing the ftem, flightly toothed, hairy. Blofs. yellow. Pouches on long fruit-ftalks, terminated by a long fhaft; partition extending

* On this account WIGGERS refers this fpecies to Alyffum, REICH. after the example of Haller and Tournefort, but the *Theafpi* is equally variable in point of number, ST.

beyond

TETRADYNAMIA SILICULOSA.

beyond and forming a firong ridge round the pouch. Mr. WOOD-WARD.-Blofs. pale yellow, or white. Seeds yellow. Gold of Pleafure.

Corn fields; among Flax often plentifully, but apparently imported along with it from foreign countries. Near Bridport and Lime in Dorfetfhire. [Heydon, Norfolk. REV. MR. BRYANT.] A. May. June.

It is cultivated in Germany for the fake of the expressed oil of the feeds, which the inhabitants use for medicinal, culinary, and ceconomical purposes. The feeds are a favourite food with Geese. Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

tones, cows, coats, and bheep cat he

861. VEL'LA. Creffet.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; upright; cylindrical; ftrap-fhaped; blunt; deciduous.

BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely egg-fhaped; expanding. Claws as long as the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 6; as long as the cup; the 4 opposite ones a little longer than the other 2. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-Ihaped. Shaft conical. Summit fimple. S. VESS. Pouch globular; entire. Cells 2. Partition twice

as large as the pouch; the part extending beyond the pouch egg-fhaped and upright.

SEEDS feveral; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Pouch with a partition twice as large as the values; - the part extending beyond the pouch egg-fhaped.

annual VEL'LA an'nua. Leaves with winged clefts. Pouches pendant.-

Cluf. ii. 130. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 102. 3, in ic. i. 205. 2, Ger. em. 247. 4, and cop. in Park. 830. 2, and abridged in J. B. ii. 920, and Pet. 50. 5.—Trew pl. rar. but almost climbing.

Stem branched, hairy. Leaves, fegments ftrap-fhaped, toothed, hairy. Petals white, with deep purple veins. Pouches hairy, eggfhaped, terminated by the extension of the partition. Mr. WOODW. —Pouches, valves with 3 longitudinal ridges, the ridges befet with hairs; the feams fmooth. ST.—Blofs. pale yellow.

Creffe Rocket.

On Salifbury plain, not far from Stonchenge. RAV. A. June.

263. SUBU-

863. SUBULA'RIA. Awl-wort.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; a little expanding; deciduous.

BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely egg-fhaped; entire; rather larger than the cup.

- CHIVES. Threads 6; Thorter than the bloffom; the 2 ftanding opposite ftill fhorter. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft very fhort. Summit blunt.

S. VESS. Pouch inverfely egg-fhaped; fomewhat compreffed; entire; furnifhed with a very fhort fhaft. Cells 2. Partition placed in a contrary direction to the valves, which are egg-fhaped and concave.

SEEDs feveral; very minute; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. Pouch entire; egg-fhaped; values egg-fhaped; concave; contrary to the partition. Shaft fhorter than the pouch.

SUBULA'RIA aquat'ica.---

II. dan. 35.—H. ox. viii. 10. 29, cop. in Pet. 48. 8.—Pluk. 188. 5.—(Ray ed. I. 2. at p. 1, is loetes lacultris.)

Flourishes and bloffoms under water. LINN.--Leaves green, femi-cylindrical, full of pith. Blofs. white. Seeds yellow. RAY.

Grows under water on a gravelly bottom in Lough Neagh, Ireland, on the fide next Kilmore. RAY.—Loch Tay and Loch Carran, Scotland. Mr. STUART.—In lakes on the mountains near Llanberrys. HUDS.—And Llyn y Cwn, near Snowdon. PENN.

A. July.

864. DRA'BA.

water

668

TETRADYNAMIA SILICULOSA.

864. DRA'BA. Whitlow-grafs.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; open; fomewhat upright; deciduous.

BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong; rather expanding. Claws very fmall.

CHIVES. Threads 6; as long as the cup; 4 opposite ones a little longer than the other 2; upright-expanding. *Tips* fimple.

- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft very fhort. Summit a flat knob.
- S. VESS. Pouch oblong-oval; compressed; entire; without a shaft. Cells 2. Partition parallel to the valves; valves stat; but a little concave.
- SEEDS many; fimall; roundifh.
 - Ess. CHAR. Pouch entire; oval-oblong; values flattifh; parallel to the partition. Shaft none.

common DRA'BA ver'na. Stalks naked. Leaves fomewhat ferrated. LINN.—Petals divided. Leaves often very entire. ST.*

> Curt. i. 2.—Thal. 7. E.—Walc.—Dod. 112. 2, refr. in Lob. obf. 249. 2, ic. i. 469. 1, Ger. em. 624. 1, and cop. in Park. 556. 3, and allo in Ger. 499. 1, leaves rounded.—Pet. 48. 6 and 7. —7. B. ii. 937. 2.—Seguier. i. 4. 3. at p. 328.

Flowers hanging down at night. Petals divided. LINN.—Stalks fmooth after flowering, but hairy when young. Leaves hairy. Flowers when in bloffom in broad topped fpikes, about 15 in each. Empalement a little hairy. Threads pale green, but white and enlarged at the bafe. WITH.—Chives, it is difficult to find the full complement when the flower is fully expanded, as they drop when the feed-bud begins to enlarge.

Common Whitlow-grass. [Nailwort. ST.]

Walls and dry places, and pastures.

A. Mar. Apr.

One of our earlieft flowering plants. It is good as a fallad. Goats, Sheep, and Horfes eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Swine refufe it.

* Petalis bipartitis, to diffinguish it from D. alpina, as the leaves of D. werna are very frequently without any ferratures. Add to the character of D. alpina, fetalis emarginatis. ST.

DRA'BA

DRA'BA mura'lis. Stem branched. Leaves egg- Speedwellfhaped, fitting, toothed .---

Barr. 816.-Bauh. pr. 50, cop. in Park. 843. 13, and H. ox. iii. 20. 5 .- J. B. ii. 939. 1, cop. in Pet. 48. 5.

Fruit-stalks horizontal when the fruit is ripe, longer than the pouches. Pouches nearly flanting. Howers white. LINN .- Rootleaves entire at the bafe, toothed upwards. Pouches exactly elliptical, ending in a fhort blunt knob which is the fummit. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem and leaves hairy. Stem-leaves rather heartfhaped. Petals very flightly notched at the end. WITH .- Seeds reddifh brown. ST.

Fiffures of rocks, mountainous and ftony paftures efpecially in a calcareous foil, in Derbyfhire, Yorkfhire, and Weftmoreland. Arnbar Scar. near Arncliff Littendale and Malham Cove. CURT. A. May.

DRA'BA inca'na. Stem-leaves numerous, hoary. wreathen-Pouches oblong, flanting, fitting .--

bodded

Fl. dan. 130, in flower .- Pet. 48. 3. -Pluk. 42. 1, in fruit.

Root a hand's breadth long. Root-leaves very numerous, difpofed in a rofe-like form, fpear-fhaped, cottony and fomewhat hairy, entire, pointed; stem-leaves often upwards of 30, fitting, marked with a few teeth, fimilar to the root-leaves, but fhorter. the uppermost egg-shaped, on the lower part of the stem more crowded. Stem a hand's breadth long, ftraight, hoary, cloathed with leaves. Flowers in a fmall terminating flat-topped fpike. which, when the fruit is ripe, becomes a bunch. Fetals white, flightly notched. Pouches upright, 'egg-oblong, bent contrary to the fun, compressed, naked. Fruit-stalks hoary, 3 times shorter than the pouches, ftiff, approaching to the ftem. It flowers with the Anemone. LINN .- Stems 6 to 9 inches, flightly cottony, fimple, crooked. Leaves oval, fpear-fhaped, a little hairy, the lower flightly, the upper deeply toothed. Fruit-flalks nearly as long as the pouches. Pouches spear-shaped, smooth, twisted, terminated by the blunt fummit. Mr. WOODWARD.

Fiffures of limeftone rocks, and moift mountainous meadows. in Yorkshire, Westmoreland, and Caernarvonsh .- About Settle. CURT.- [Rock near the fummit of Ingleborough on the weft fide: Mr. WOODWARD.] B. May. June.

Goats eat it. Cows are not fond of it. β. Hubs.-Pet. 48. 4.

865. LEPID'IUM.

66g

865. LEPID'IUM. Dittander.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; deciduous. BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely egg-fhaped;

twice as long as the cup. Claws narrow.

CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; as long as the cup; the 2 opposite ones fhorter than the others. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft fimple; as long as the chives. Summit blunt.

S. VESS. *Pouch* formewhat heart-fhaped; flightly notched at the end; comprefied; fharp at the edge. *Cells* 2. *Partition* fpear-fhaped. *Valves* boat-fhaped; keeled.

SEEDS feveral; egg-fhaped; tapering; narrow at the bafe; inclining downwards.

Ess. CHAR. Pouch notched at the end; heart-fhaped; with many feeds; valves keeled; contrary to the partition.

OBS. In L. ruderale there is only I feed in a cell. ST.

mountain

LEPID'IUM petræ'um. Leaves winged, very entire. Petals notched at the end, finaller than the empalement. Jacq. fl. ii. 131.—Crantz. i. 2. 4, in its earlier flate; 5, a bunch in fruit.—(Pluk. 206. 4, is L. alvinum, and Pet. 50. 4, feems to be the fame.)

One of our finalleft delicate plants. LINN.—Leaves dark green; leafits elliptical, tapering each way, on leaf-ftalks, very entire, thickifh, from 6 to 12 pairs, with an odd one. *Howers* in clofe broad-topped fpikes, which, as the fruit ripens, lengthen out into bunches. *Petals* fpatula-fhaped, white, as long as, and narrower than the empalement, generally very entire, but fometimes imperfectly nicked at the end. *Fouches* broad-egg-fhaped, blunt, convex underneath, flat above; *valves* keeled. JACQ. ST.—Stem branched from near the root. Leafits fpear-fhaped, horizontal, juft fenfibly broader than the mid-rib. ST.

Rocks, walls, and ftony places. St. Vincent's Rock, on the low rocks over againft Goram's Chair, and on the walls about Briftol. Uphill, Somerfetfhire. A. Apr. May.

procumbent

LEPID'IUM ang'licum. Chives 2. Petals 4. Leaves with winged clefts. Stem trailing, hairy. HUDS.—Chives fometimes 4. HUDS. defcr.

Root annual, branched. Stems feveral, herbaceous, a foot high, 3-cornered, branched, leafy. Branches alternate, long. Leaves alternate, fitting, naked: fegments mostly opposite, pointed,

ferrated,

ferrated, chiefly along the upper edge, with 2 or 3 teeth. Flowers very fmall, white, fcattered, on fruit-ftalks. Fruit-flalks long, horizontal. Bunches lateral, fimple, oppotite the leaves, longer than the leaves, hairy. Empal. leaves egg-fhaped, concave, falling off, thin at the edge. Fetals equal, egg-fhaped, fomewhat fhorter than the empalement. Threads oppofite, awl-fhaped, longer than the empalement. Tips roundifh, large, fimple, yellow. Seed-bud inverfely heart-fhaped. Shaft very fhort. Pouch flightly cloven, lobes roundifh compreffed, wrinkled; valves boatfhaped; fartition fpear-fhaped. Seeds folitary, kidney-fhaped, pointed at each end, brown. Hubs.

Oss. This plant feems to be the *L. bonarienfe*, but is not to be confounded with the *Thlafpi bonarienfe*, $\Im c: Dill. elth. 281. t. 280.$ f. 370, the leaves of which are ftrap-fhaped and ferrated. HUDS.—If the fame with Linnæus's*L. bonarienfe*, the name ought notto have been changed. But Dillenius's figure accords with theLinnæus character, and is faid by Crantz to be an elegant one.Linnæus, therefore, cannot furely have erred in afferting the fig.of Dillenius to be his*bonarienfe*. Add to this, that the leaves ofDillenius's figure cannot, with propriety, be defcribed as " line-" aria ferrata." Sr.

Lepidium didymum, which fee. Mr. WOODWARD.

On rubbifh about Exeter; and Truro and Penryn, Cornwall. B. HUDS. (but in his defer. A.) June. July.

LEPID'IUM latifo'lium. Leaves egg-spear-shaped, common entire, sefrated.—

Fl. dan. 557.—Fuchf. 434, cop. in J. B. ii. 940. 1, and abridged in Trag. 83.—Matth. 609.—Dod. 716. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 172. 4, ic. i. 318. 2, Ger. em. 241. 2, and cop. in Park. 855. 1, and H. ax. iii. 21. row 2. 1.—Blackw. 448.—Lonic. i. 161. —Ger. 187. 2, cop. in Pet. 48. 10, with parts of fruitification.— 7. B. ii. 940. 2.

Blossoms white, numerous, terminating.

Dittander Pepperwort. Poor-mans Pepper.

Meadows and paftures. Hythe, near Colchefter; Heybridge, near Malden; and marfhes near Grays, in Effex; Sheringham Cliffs, Norfolk; and between Beningborough and Mitton in the North Riding of Yorkfhire. P. June. July.

This is one of the acrid anti-fcorbutics, and was formerly used in the place of *Horfe-radifk*. An infution of it vomits. WITH.

LEPID'IUM did'ymum. Leaves with winged clefts. double podded Stem upright. Fruit double .--

TETRADYNAMIA SILICULOSA.

Stem a foot high, fmooth. Leaves winged, wings fitting, alternate, fpear-fhaped, toothed on the fore edge. Bunches from the bofom of the leaves, as long as the leaves. Flowers very minute. Capfules roundifh, double, fomewhat wrinkled. An intermediate plant between the Cochlearia's and Lepidium's. LINN.—It certainly more nearly approaches the genus Cochlearia, as the pouches are but flightly compreffed, and very blunt at the edge. Mr. Woopw. —Stems, branches, and fruit-ftalks hajry. Leaves fmooth. ST.

Cochlearia didyma. CURT. cat. n. 270.—Lepidium anglicum. HUDS. which fee. (Mr. WOODWARD.)

[Near Exeter. Mr. NEWBERRY.]

A. June.

narrowleaved

LEPID'IUM rudera'le. Chives 2. Petals none. Root-leaves toothed and winged, those of the branches ftrap-fhaped, very entire. LINN. POLLICH.—Petals fometimes found, HALL. SCOP. GOUAN, and fometimes 4 chives. GOUAN.

Trag. 83. 2.—Fl. dan. 184, in its earlier flate.—Matth. 608.— Dod. 713. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 214. 1, Ger. em. 262. 4, and cop. in Park. 829, H. ox. iii. 19. row 2. f. 3, and abridged in Pet. 50. 1.—Fuchf. 307, cop. in J. B. ii. 914.

Stem ufually crooked, wood-like, ftiff. Leaves flefhy, fmooth. Fruit-flaiks flender. Pouches numerous, fmall, much compreffed. Mr. WOODWARD.

Iberis, sive Lepidium. Matth. 608. (ST.)

On rubbifh, and on the fea coaft. Maldon, Effex; Yarmouth, Lynn, and Clay, Norfolk; Truro, Cornwall. [Salt marfhes near Yarmouth, Norfolk, plentifully. Mr. WOODWARD—Rubbifh on the fide of the Severn above Worcefter. St.] B. June. July.

866. THLAS'PI.

866. THLAS'PI. Shepherds-purfe.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; nearly upright; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely egg-fhaped; twice as long as the cup. Claws narrow.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; half as long as the bloffom; the 2 oppofite ones fhorter than the others. Tips tapering to a point.
- POINT. Sced-bud circular; compreffed; notched at the end. Shaft fimple; as long as the chives. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Pouch compreffed; inverfely heart-fhaped; notched at the end; the depth of the notch being equal to the length of the fhaft. Cells 2. Partition fpear-fhaped. Values boat-fhaped.
- SEEDS many; inclining; fixed to the feams. Ess. CHAR. Pouch notched at the end; inverfely heart-fhaped; with many feeds; values boat-fhaped, keeled, and bordered.

OES. In the T. Burfa pafteris the pouch has no border. LINN.— In the T. campefire there is only 1 feed in each cell. ST.

THLAS'PI arven's. Pouches round and flat. Leaves Treacle oblong, toothed, fmooth.

Ludw. 173.—H. dan. 793.—Blackw. 68.—Matth. 567.—Ger. 204. 1.—J. B. ii. 923.—Sheldr. 105.—Dod. 712, repr. in Lob. obf. 108. 1, ic. i. 212. 2, Ger. cm. 262. 1, and cop. in Park. 836. 1, H. ox. iii. 17. 12, and abridged in Pet. 50. 9.

Leaves arrow-shaped at the base, embracing the stem. Pouches deeply notched. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem about 2 feet high, with 7 or 8 membranaceous edges. Leaves arrow-shaped at the base. Seeds pear-shaped, but compressed, hanging or pointing downwards. Bloss. white. WITH.

Treacle, Mustard. Penny-cress.

Corn fields, especially in a muddy foil. A. June. July. The whole plant has fomething of a garlick flavour. The seeds have the actimony of mustard. When Cows eat it their milk gets a bad tafte.

Cows, Goats, and Swine eat it. Sheep and Horfes refufe it.

THLAS'PI hir'tum. Pouches roundifh, hairy. hairy Stem-leaves arrow-fhaped, woolly.—

TETRADYNAMIA SILICULOSA.

C. B. pr. 47, cop. in Park. 836. 6, and improved in Pet. 50. 10. -J. B. ii. 922.

Stem downy. Root-leaves oval, rather naked, flightly fringed; flem-leaves half embracing the flem, woolly, very foft. Empalement white. Petals white, inverfely egg-fhaped, entire. LINN.—Habit that of the *T. campeflre*, but the pouches woolly. HUDS. ST.— Pouches longer than those of *T. campeflre*. RAY. ST.—Our plant is merely a variety of *T. campeflre*. The *T. hirtum* is a different plant. Mr. WOODWARD.

Mountainous fituations in Wales and elfewhere. RAY.

P. RAY. B. LINN. July.

Mithridate

te THLAS'PI campef'tre. Pouches roundifh. Leaves arrow-fhaped, toothed, hoary.—

> Curt. v. 51.—Ger. 204. 2, cop. in Pet. 50. 7.—Fuchf. 306, cop. in 7. B. ii. 921. 1, and Trag. 87.

Leaves very foft, and almost velvety. LINN.—Stems many from the fame root, thickly cloathed with leaves. Leaves growing without order. In fome fituations it is green and flightly hairy, in others very downy and white, and is the *T. hirtum* of the Fl. angl. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem cloathed with leaves, undivided, except at the top, where it feparates into 7 or 8 branches, above the branches naked. Root-leaves spear-egg-schaped on long flat leaf-stalks. Fruitstalks horizontal. Pouches nearly heart-schaped, smooth, convex on the lower, and concave on the upper furface. Root-leaves lyreschaped and indented. Blos. white. Cups with brown spots. WITH.

Mithridate Muftard. Baftard Crefs.—Corn fields, funny fituations, in a clayey and fandy foil. B. June. July.

Goats and Swine eat it. Sheep and Horfes refufe it. Cows are not fond of it.

β. Leaves fmooth, fcarcely ferrated; those at the root not indented. LIGHTF. REICH.

Bkackw. 407 .- Dod. 713. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 108. 2, ic. i. 213.

1, Ger. em. 262. 2, and cop. in Park. 836. 2, Pet. 50. 8, and H. ox. iii. 17. 14. Matth. 566. (Matth. 567, is T. arvenfe, and H. ox. iii. 13, is a different species.)

Leaves fmooth, broader than α and not fo tapering to a point. Pouches fmooth, RAY.

Thlaspi vaccariæ folio glabrum. R. syn. 305.—T. glabrum. Pet. 50. 8. (ST.)

Between Backley and Bungay, Suffolk. RAY.

mountain

THLAS'PI monta'num. Pouches inverfely heartfhaped. Leaves fmooth. Root-leaves fomewhat flefhy, inverfely

inversely egg-shaped, very entire. Stem-leaves embracing the ftem. Bloffoms larger than the empalements .--

Jaca. fl. iii. 237 .- Cluf. ii. 131, repr. in Ger. em. 268. 6. b, and cop. in 7. B. ii. 926. - Ger. 210. 5. - Crantz. i. 3. 1?- (Lob. ic. i. 219. I, repr. in Ger. em. 268. 6. a, and cop. in Park. 842. 2, and Ger. 210. 6, are faid by C. B. to be only a variety, but the pouches are (pear-shaped.)

Petals nearly equal. It is diftinguished from the Iberis by having the fruit and habit of Thlaspi. LINN .- Root creeping. RAY .- Pouch convex underneath, more or lefs concave above, with the remaining fhaft. JAco .- Root-leaves large, fmooth, tapering down into leaf-stalks. Mr. WOODWARD.

Mountainous pastures. About the ebbing and flowing well near Settle, between Malham and Settle. RAY .- Here I fought for it in vain, but found it on the road from Settle to Malham, within about half a mile of the Tarn. CURT .- On Ingleborough, Yorkfhire. RAY, [Mr. WOODWARD,] and in the Peak of Derbyfhile. Hups. B. or P. June. July.

THLAS'PI alpes'tre. Pouches inversely heart- alpine fhaped. Leaves fomewhat toothed; those of the ftem embracing the ftem. Petals as long as the bloffom. Stem fimple.-

Cluf. ii. 131. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 268. 7, and cop. in Park. 837. 8, and also in Ger. 210. 7, as growing wild .- Pet. 50. 12, as cultivated.

Gerard (prov.) and Jacquin confider this and the perfoliatum as one and the fame plant; Haller as diftinct. Blofs. very fmall, white. Chives longer than the flower. LINN .- Stem guite fimple, upright. On being cultivated in a garden it became much fmaller, but was perennial and evergreen, and threw up feveral flems from the fame root, fome upright, others fpreading. GOUAN .- Stem in mountainous fituations upright and fimple; in gardens or a richer foil branched. Leaves, the lowermost egg-shaped. To examine whether it may not be the T. perfoliatum. Hups .- The shoft of the T. perfoliatum, according to Haller, is very fhort, which I have found to be true; that of the T. alpestre a line in length. Let those who have an opportunity of examining fpecimens of our plant in its native place of growth afcertain to which fpecies it belongs. Sr. Thlaspi perfoliatum minus. R. fyn. 305. (ST.)

Mountainous meadows and pastures, and stony places in a calcareous foil. Stone Pits between Witney and Burford, Oxfordfh. Paftures above the ebbing and flowing well 2 m. from Griflewick, Yorkfh. and in Westmorel. and Cumberl. RAY. A. June. July. THLAS'PI

common

THLAS'PI Bursa pasto'ris. Pouches inversely heartshaped. Root-leaves with winged clefts. LINN.—Pouches not bordered.* Root-leaves sometimes entire. ST.

Ludw. 186.—Curt. i. 9.—Blackw. 5.—Dod. 103. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 110. 1, ic. i. 221. 1, Ger. em. 276. 1, and abridged in H. ox. iii. 20. row 1. 2, and Pet, 49. 4.—Pet. 49. 5 and 6.— Ger. 214. 1.—Fuchf. 611, cop. in Trag. 215, and J. B. ii. 936. —Lonic. i. 139. 1, cop. in Park. 866. 1.—Matth. 569.

Stem about a foot high, upright, formewhat angular, a little branched. Root-leaves numerous, formewhat hairy, fegments ferrated, pointed; *flem-leaves* fitting, embracing the ftem, oblong, narrower about the middle, arrow-fhaped at the bafe, ferrated or indented, pointed. *Flowers* white. Glands 4, within the chives. Shaft permanent. LYONS.—Root-leaves, in cultivated ground the fegments broader, on walls and in dry fituations more deeply divided, and the fegments much narrower. CURT.—Leaves fringed with fine hairs; *flem-leaves*, the upper entire, ftrap₇fpear-fhaped, embracing the ftem. Bunches long, flatted at the top, terminating. Empalement hairy. Petals entire. Summit circular, fringed, concave. Chives, the 2 florter bend out fo as to fland between the bloffom and the empalement. Tips a little woolly. Seed-bud eggfhaped, compreffed, with a channel down the middle. Bloffoms white. WITH.

Shepherds Purfe. Shepherds Pouch.

Among rubbish, road fides, walls, corn fields. A. March to Sept. HUDS. more or lefs all the year. CURT. ST.

This plant is a firong inftance of the influence of foil and fituaticu, for it grows almoft every where, and fometimes is not more than 2 inches high when it flowers and perfects its feeds; whilft in other fituations it attains the height of 2 or 3 feet. LINN.—Like many others of this clafs it begins to bloffom long before it has attained to its full fize, and continues to produce flowers and feeds while it is advancing to maturity. Hence we fometimes find it producing flowers and feeds when not more than 2 inches high, though when full grown, and in a favourable fituation, it rifes to 2 or 3 feet. ST.—Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it.

 β . Smaller.

Pet. 49. 6.—Ger. 214. 2.

Burfa paftoris media. BAUH. pin. 108.—Burfa paftoris minima. GER. 214. (ST.)

* Siliculis margine defitutis, the generic character of Tournefort affords the beft fpecific difinction. Sr.

7. Root-leaves

7. Root-leaves entire. LIGHTF. ST.

Pet. 49.7.

In the younger plants it is not unufual to find the leaves undivided, and the empalement hairy. Bat. Arr. ed. i.—Root-leaves fometimes fpear-fhaped, toothed. Mr. WOODW.—The Papilio Cardamine, and Phalæna Pronuba, feed upon the different fpecies.

867. COCHLEA'RIA Scurvy-grafs.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; concave; opening; deciduous.

BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely egg-fhaped; expanding; twice as large as the cup. Claws narrow; fhorter than the cup; open.

- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; as long as the cup; the 2 oppofite ones fhorter than the others. Tips blunt; compreffed.
- POINT. Seed-bud heart-fhaped. Shaft fimple; very fhort; permanent. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. *Pouch* heart-fhaped; hunched; a little compreffed; flightly notched at the end; furnished with a fhast; rough; blunt at the edge. *Cells* 2.

SEEDs about 4 in each cell.

Ess. CHAR. Pouch notched at the end, turgid, rough; values hunched, blunt.

COCHLEA'RIA officina'lis. Root-leaves heart- common circular; ftem-leaves oblong, a little indented.—

Ludw. 133.—Fl. dan. 135.—Blackw. 227.—Pet. 49. 1.—J. B. ii. 942.—Dod. 594. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 156. 4, ic. i. 293. 2, Ger. em. 401. 1, and cop. in Park. 283. 2, H. cx. iii. 20. 1, and alfo in Ger. 324. 1.

Stem branched. Root-leaves heart-fhaped, blunt, entire, with 7 minute, callous, imperfect fcollops; ftem-leaves embracing the ftem, with a tooth on each fide near to the fide of the ftem. LINN. —Root-leaves kidney-fhaped, entire, veined, on long leaf-ftalks; ftem-leaves oblong, fitting, flightly toothed, and in the fpecimen gathered as mentioned below, much larger than the root-leaves. Fruit-ftalks long, flender, expanding, fometimes bent back. Pods, fhaft hardly difcernible. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem angular. Rootleaves on long leaf-ftalks, heart-kidney-fhaped, flefhy; flem-leaves fitting, the lower fometimes on fhort broad leaf-ftalks. Petals flefhy, clear white; claws greenifh. Chives, the 2 oppofite ones Vol. II. Y 4th #th fhorter. Tips yellow. Pouch either not notched at the end or fcarce fenfibly fo, fmooth; partition_double. Seeds rough. WITH. Scurvy-grafs. Scrooby-grafs.

Sea fhores, efpecially on those of Cumberland and Lancashire, where it grows on bare rocks shooting out from the fissures of the stone; also near little rills running down the fides of hills at a great distance from the fea as near Castleton, Derbyshire, Penigent and Ingleborough, and on Stanemore, Yorkshire, near the Spittle. RAY.—Cornwall, frequent. HUDS.—Rocks on the coast of Scotland, and on the Highland mountains abundantly. LIGHTF. —By the River Ribble near Settle. CURT.—[Marshes near Yarmouth. Mr. CROWE.—On a mountain at the head of Coniston Water, Lancashire. Mr. WOODW.—Castleton, Derbysh. on the fide of the hill on which the castle frands. ST.]

A. B. LINN, HUDS. A. MILL. Apr. May. Notwithftanding this is a native of the fea coaft, it is cultivated in gardens without any fenfible alteration of its properties. It poffeffes a confiderable degree of acrimony, and this acrimony feems to refide in a very fubtile effential oil. Its effects as an anti-fcorbutic are univerfally known; and it is a powerful remedy in the pituitous afthma, and in what Sydenham calls the fcorbutic rheumatifm. A diffilled water, and a conferve, are prepared from the leaves, and its juice is prefcribed along with that of oranges, by the name of anti-fcorbutic juices. It may be eaten as a fallad.

Cows eat it. Horfes, Goats, and Sheep refufe it.

 β . HUDS. Similar to α but fmaller, the leaves, effectially the fitem-leaves, angular. RAY.

C. miner rotundifolia nostras. R. fyn. 303.

Coaft of Anglefea about Beaumaris, and coaft of Caernarvonfhire. RAY.

y. HUDS. Leaves kidney-shaped, fleshy, very entire. LINN.

Barth. act. iii. t. 144, I have not feen.

Root-leaves very fmall, underneath very convex and flefhy, without veins, very entire, on long leaf-ftalks. LINN-—The Cochlearia which grows on the mountains of Wales, Derbyfhire, Yorkfhire, and Weftmoreland, of which I have now plants in my garden from Wales and Craven, yearly fow themfelves, and have continued the fame for above 10 years. RICHARDSON in R. fym.—The fame is confirmed in Mr. Sherard's garden at Eltham. DILL. *ib.* —Miller alfo, who from his manner of fpeaking apppears to have cultivated it, fpeaks of it as a diftinct fpecies, and fays it is biennial, but that the C. officinalis is an annual. ST.—From the fpecimens I have feen I fufpect it to be only a ftarved variety of C. officinalis. LIGHTF.—My fpecimens above mentioned feemed to anfwer equally

equally to the defcriptions of C. groenlandica and officinalis, except that the leaves are veined. Mr. WOODWARD.

C. groenlandica. LINN. MILL.

Mountains of Caernarvonshire; about Llanberys, plentifully. HUDS.-Mountains near Settle. CURT.

A. LINN. HUDS. B. MILL.

COCHLEA'RIA da'nica. Leaves halberd-fhaped Danifh or angular, all of them trowel-fhaped.*-

Fl. dan. 100.—Lob. obf. 338. 1, repr. in ic. i. 615. 2, Ger. em. 271, and cop. in Park. 848. 1, J. B. ii. 939. 2; abridged in H. ox. iii. 20. 3, and improved in Pet. 49. 3.

Stem not branched, as in C. officinalis. Suckers trailing. All the leaves halberd-fhaped, or egg-fhaped with an angle on each fide of the bafe. Leaf-flalks not toothed at the bafe, or embracing the ftem. Capfuies egg-fhaped. LINN.—Stems numerous. Mr. WOODW. —Blofs. white.

Thlaspi hederaceum. Ger. em. 271. Park. 848. (Sr.)

Sea fhores. Ifle of Walney, Lancafhire, and near Llanbadrick church, Anglefea. RAY.—[Wells, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.] B. LINN. HUDS. A. MILL. May. June.

Cows eat it. Horfes, Goats, and Sheep refuse it.

COCHLEA'RIA ang'lica. All the leaves egg-fpear- English fhaped. LINN. ST.—and indented. HUDS.—Root-leaves fpear-fhaped; ftem-leaves fomewhat indented. MILL.

Fl. dan. 329, in flower and fruit, excellent. Mr. Lightfoot fays not good.+—Blackw. 218, in flower.—Dod. 594. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 157. 1, ic. i. 294. 1, Ger. em. 401. 2, and cop. in Park. 285. 1, and abridged in H. ox. iii. 20. row 3. 2, and cop. alfo in Ger. 324. 2, in flower, all the leaves indented; and yet Mr. Lightfoot fpeaks of thefe as being neareft to nature. Mr. Lightfoot's fpecimens I conclude to have leaves more deeply indented than ufual, mine entire leaves.‡

Root-leaves fpear-fhaped; flem-leaves fitting. LINN.—Is it not a variety of the C. officinalis? HUDS.—Even the lowermost leaves angular, or indented; RAY—many of them are not at all indented.

* "Omnibus deltoidibus," is a fufficient character, free from confusion or tautology. Sr.

† Has neither the foliage nor habit of our plant. Mr. WOODWARD.

[‡] Dod. and its copies more exactly refemble our plant, but the ficm-leaves are not fo deeply notched or toothed. Mr. WOODWARD.

Yy2

LIGHTF .---

TETRADYNAMIA SILICULOSA.

LIGHTF.—Hence it fhould feem that there are 2 varieties, one with indented, the other with entire leaves. In my fpecimens the root-leaves are oval, very entire, and the *flem-leaves* flightly angular. Pouches elliptical, with a very fhort fhaft. ST.—Pouches roundifh-oval. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem-leaves arrow-fhaped at the bafe, embracing the ftem. Pouches roundifh, flefhy, much larger than thofe of C. officinalis, and terminated by a longer fhaft about 2-3rds of a line in length. Mr. WOODWARD.

Spoonwort.

Sea fhores, in muddy foil. Salt marines, Kent and Effex, where the falt water overflows it every tide. MILL.-[At Yarmouth, Mr. CROWE-and on the coaft abundantly. Mr. WOODW. -Ifle of Wight, and King's Wefton. ST.] B. May.

Can rarely be made to grow in a garden, or at leaft to laft longer there than one year. MILL.—All the above fpecies partake more or lefs of the properties of *C. officinalis*.

Swinefcrefs COCHLEA'RIA Coro'nopus. Leaves with winged clefts. Stem depressed.

Fl. dan. 202, just come into flower.—Elackw. 120.—Ger. 340. 2. —Dod. 110, repr. in Lob. obf. 240. 1; ic. i. 438. 1, Ger. em. 427. 2, and cop. in Pet. 50. 6.—H. cx. iii. 19. 9.—Tourn. 102. —J. B. ii. 919. 2.—Matth. 851, ill cop. in Park. 502. 5.— Park. 502. 2.

Stems proftrate. Leaves, fegments fpear-shaped, the outermost the largeft. Petals white. Capfules hedge-hogged. Scop. Sr .-Bunches lateral, opposite the leaf. Pouches kidney-shaped; cells, each containing I feed. POLLICH. ST .- Stems compressed, often depressed along the middle. Root-leaves proftrate, longer than the branches; leafits cut along the fore edge, very entire along the back edge, the terminating one strap-shaped, very entire Bunches with flowers from the very bafe, and fometimes a folitary flower proceeds from the fide of the ftem, just below the infertion of the bunch. Honey-cup, glands 6, upright, green, blunt, as long as the tips; 4 of them oblong, compreffed, at the bafe of the claws of the petals; the other 2 cylindrical, narrower, between the longer chives. Tips shedding their dust before the opening of the flower. Pouch kidney-heart-fhaped, terminated by a fhort conical fhaft, depressed on the fides, with furrows and sharp ridges running towards the edge, where they run out into fharpifh points; one of the cells not unfrequently empty, in which cafe the fertile feed expands, filling up almost the whole of the feed-veffel, and the fhaft is bent down towards the empty cell. In this laft refpect it accords with the Myagrum. ST. -Bunches from the bofom of the leaves. Bloss. white. Swines

Swines Creffes.

On rubbilh, road fides, [and dunghills. Sr.] A. June.-Aug. It is acrid, with fomething of the flavour of Sallad Crefs.

COCHLEA'RIA Armora'cia. Root-leaves fpear- Horferadifh fhaped, fcolloped; ftem-leaves cut.--

Blackw. 415.—Fuchf. 660, cop. in J. B. ii. 852, abridged in Lonjc. i. 160. 1, and imitated with an addition in Trag. 734.—Dod. 678. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 173, ic. i. 320. 1, Ger. em. 241. 1, and cop. in Park. 860, and Pet. 49. 11.—Ger. 187. 1.—Matth. 442, cop. in H. ox. iii. 7. row 3. 2!

Bloffoms white.

Horfe-radifh.—On rubbifh and fides of ditches, about London; Alnwick, Northumberland, banks of Skipton-beck, and elfewhere in Bolland Craven. RAY. P. May.

The root foraped is in common use at our tables as a condiment for filh, roaft-beef, &c. and it is used for many other culinary purposes. An infusion of it in cold milk, makes one of the fafest and best cosmetics. In paralytic and dropsical cases it is an useful fimulant and diuretic. A ftrong infusion of it excites vomiting. A diftilled water is prepared from it.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine refufe it.

The Patilio Brafficæ feeds upon the feveral fpecies.

2. Root-leaves with deeply winged clefts. Sr. Mr. WOODW. jagged Pet. 49. 12.

COCHLEA'RIA did'yma. CURT. cat. n. 270. double podded Mr. Woodward.

Lepidium didymum, which fee.

868. I'BERIS.

868. I'BERIS. Candy-tuft.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; inverfely egg-fhaped; concave; expanding; fmall; equal; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; unequal; inverfely egg-fhaped; blunt; expanding; the 2 outer ones very large; equal; the
 - 2 inner fmall; reflected. Claws oblong; upright.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; the 2 lateral ones fhorteft. Tips roundifh.
- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; compressed. Shaft simple; short. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Pouch upright; nearly circular; compressed; notched at the end; encompassed by a sharp border. Cells 2. Partition spear-shaped. Values boat-shaped; keeled; compressed.
- SEEDS feveral; fomewhat egg-fhaped.
 - Ess. CHAR. Bloffoms irregular; the 2 outer petals larger. Pouch with many feeds; notched at the end.
- bitter I'BERIS ama'ra. Herbaceous. Leaves fpear-fhaped, pointed, fomewhat toothed. Flowers in bunches.—

Riv. tetr. 109, Thlaspid. fol. Nasturtii. — J. B. ii. 925. 1. — Ger. 205. 6, ill cop. in Ger. em. 263. 5, on the right hand.

Similar to I. umbellata, (the common Candy-tuft) but finaller. LINN.

Corn fields about Henley, and other places in Oxfordfhire. HUDS. A. June. July.

It is cultivated in our gardens. Sr.

naked

I'BERIS nudicau'lis. Herbaceous. Leaves indented. Stem naked, fimple. LINN.—Sometimes with 2 or 3 oblong entire leaves. HUDS. ST.

Dod. 103. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 221. 2, Ger. em. 276. 2, and cop. in Pa+k. 866. 3, and J. B. ii. 937. 1, and abridged in Pet. 50. 2.—Fl. dan. 323.—Gcr. 194. 3, cop. in Ger. em. 251. 4, and Park. 828. 7.—H. ox. iii. 19. 5.

Stem upright, or trailing. HUDS.—Stems numerous, with ufually one fitting leaf below the middle. Root-leaves fpread on the ground in a circle, fmooth, with winged clefts, the terminating lobe large. Fruit-flaks long, flender, expanding. Pouches fomewhat convex on one fide, flat on the other, bordered with a projecting margin, and marked with a perpendicular line which is the edge of the partion. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. white.

Nafturtium

Nasturtium petræum. GER. em. 251, R. fyn. 303.—Bursa pastoris minima. GER. em. 276. (ST.)

Rock Cress.

Gravelly places and very barren heaths. Near Hampton Court, Richmond and Barnes Commons. RAV.—Putney Heath. MILL. —Old ftone pits by the fide of Penfham Field, Worcefterfhire. NASH.—[About Norwich, frequent, IAr. PITCHF.—and Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODW.—Between Corby Caftie and Carlifle. ST.] A. May.—July.

Order II.

SILIQUOSA; SEED-VESSEL a POD.

875. DENTA'RIA. Coralwort.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; oblong-egg-fhaped; parallel, but approaching towards the top; blunt; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; circular; blunt; flightly notched at the end; flat; ending in *Claws* as long as the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; as long as the cup; 2 of them fhorter. Tips oblong-heart-fhaped; upright.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; the length of the chives. Shaft very flort and thick. Summit blunt; notched at the end.

S. VESS. Pod long; cylindrical; cells 2; values 2; partition rather longer than the values.

SEEDS many; fomewhat egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Pod opening elastically; the values rolling back. Summit notched at the end. Empalement approaching longitudinally.

DENTA'RIA bulbif'era. Lower-leaves winged; bulbed the uppermoft fimple.—

Fl. dan. 361.—Cluf. ii. 121. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 687. 2, Ger. em. 984. 1, and cop. in Park. 620. 1; and cop. alfo in Ger. 833. 1.

Bulbs produced from the bolom of the leaves as in the Liliumbulbiferum, and the fruit in the like manner abortive. L_{INN} . Y y 4

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

Stem fimple. Leaves, the lower with 3 pair of leafits, and an odd one confluent with the pair beneath; leafits bluntly fpear-fhaped, ferrated; the upper with 3 clefts, or fimple, acutely fpear-fhaped, ferrated. Flowers flefh-coloured. Bulbs from the bofom of the upper leaves, fcaly, which falling off take root, and produce new plants. It rarely produces feeds. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. white or reddifh.[†] Bulbs black.

Woods and fhady places. Highreede and Foxholes Woods near Mayfield, Suffex. PARK.—Old Park Wood, near Harefield. BLACKST.—Woods between Beconsfield and Wickham. HUDS.

P. April. May.

* Leaves

Swine refuse it.

Chryfomela nemorum feeds upon it.

876. CARDAM'INE. Ladiefmock.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; oblong-egg-fhaped; blunt; rather open; hunched; fmall; deciduous.

BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong-egg-fhaped; greatly expanded; ending in *Claws*, which are upright, and twice as long as the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; the 2 oppofite ones twice as long as the cup; the other 4 ftill longer than them. Tips finall; oblong-heart-fhaped; upright.

POINT. Seed-bud flender; cylindrical; as long as the chives. Shaft none. Summit a blunt knob; entire.

S. VESS. Pod long; cylindrical, but compreffed. Cells 2. Values 2; when they open rolling back in a fpiral.

SEEDs many; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. Pod opening elassically; the values rolling back. Summit entire. Empalement fomewhat gaping. LINN. Two honey-cup glands, I on each fide, between the fhorter chives and the empalement. HUDS.

OBS. In fome fpecies the 2 fhorter chives generally wanting, and in others the petals. In the *C. petræa* the values of the pods open at the bafe, but do not roll back.

* Leaves Simple.

CARDAM'INE bellidifo'lia.* Leaves fimple, egg- daify-leaved? fhaped, very entire. Leaf-ftalks long.—

Pl. dan. 20.—Jacq. mifc. i. 17. 2.—Fl. lapp. 9. 2.—(Cluf. ii. 129. 2, repr. in Ger. 260. 8, and cop. in Park. 828. 6, J. B. ii. 870. 1, H. ox. iii. 4. 4, and Pet. 47. 9, formerly referred to in the Sp. pl. and alfo in the laft edition of the Fl. angl. though exprefsly rejected in the 12th and fucceeding editions of the Syft. vez. in which it is referred to Arabis bellidifclia, but more properly by Jacquin to his A. pumila, fl. iii. 281.)

Cardamine pumila Bellidis foito, alpina. R. fyn. 300. (ST.) Rocks and ftony places. On the rock near the Quarry by Bath; in Denbighfhire, and near Rippon. MERR.—St. Vincent's Rock near Brifiol. Mr. NEWTON in R. fyn.—About Denbighfhire. R. itin.† P. April. May.

CARDAM'INE petræ'a. Leaves fimple, oblong, mountain toothed .--

II. dan. 366.—Dill. elth. 62. 71, large and fmall fpecimens, and f. 1, expressing the opening of the pols.—Lightf. 15. 2. at p. 347.— Pluk. 101. 3.—Pet. 50. 3.

Stem fimple. Bloffoms white. Pods, fee obfervation on the genus. Lofty rocks in Caernarvonfh. as Moelynrhudh near Pheftioniog, y Glogvvyn, du y yr Ardhn Glogvvyn, y Carnedh near Llanberys; and on moift rocks above the Lake Layn-du. P. May. June.

** Leaves winged.

CARDAM'INE impatients. Leaves winged, cut; impatient with leaf-feales. Flowers without petals. LINN.—Leafftalks widening and toothed at the bafe. Leafits fpearfhaped, toothed. Flowers with and without petals. HUDS.

J. B. ii. 836. 1.—Barr. 155, the feparate bunch and leaves.—Ger. em. 260. 7, cop. in Park. 1241. 4, H. cx. iii. 4. 1, and Pet. 47. 7.—Barr. 155.—(Fl. dan. 735, is a different fpecies, as is evident from its leafits being very entire. Fl. dan. 184, is Lepid. ruderale.) Foreign

* \dagger Mr. Curtis in his cat. very juftly doubts its being a native. The only places of growth mentioned by Mr. Hudfon are from Merret and Ray, who fuppofed their plants to be the *Plantula*, &c. of Clufius, mentioned above; and my friend, Dr. Broughton, in a letter, dated Nov. 15, 1783, informs me, that having repeatedly fearched for it, in company with Mr. Ford, on St. Vincent's Rocks, but in vain, he was perfuaded that either the *Turritis birfuta*, or *Arabis firiBa* of Hudfon, both of which grow there in great abundance, had been mif-taken for it. ST.

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

Foreign botanifts defcribe it as having petals, but in our country, even though fown in a garden, I have never found more than a fingle flower which had a bloffom with white petals, and larger than those of the C. parvifl. and in other respects different. This I found in the year 1764. LINN .- Root-leaves often deeply cut. General leaf-flaiks membranaceous at the bafe, fometimes cut. Petals oblong, white, hardly longer than the empalement, very foon falling off. Hups .- Stem ufually fimple. Stem-leaves very numerous, growing without order, fhorteft towards the bottom of the ftem: leasts, 9 pair or more, oval-spear-shaped, or spear-shaped. deeply cut, the odd one ufually 3-lobed, finalleft towards the ftem. and larger as they approach the end of the leaf. Petals, none in what I examined. Pods, the valves curling up, and throwing out the feeds with confiderable force on touching the plant. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fcored. Leafits jagged, and microfcopically hairy at the edges. Leaf-scales crefcent-shaped, half embracing the ftem. WITH .- Petals either in the unexpanded or expanded flowers. Specimens both wild and cultivated. Leafits of the upper leaves fometimes entire, and strap-spear-shaped. Sr.

Mountainous meadows on the fides of rivulets, on rocks and moift ftony places, in Derbyfhire, York/hire, and Weftmoreland. Gigglefwick Scar. [Rocks oppofite Matlock Bath, Derbyfhire. Mr. Woodw.—On loofe earth thrown up from a quarry above Lench Ford, nearly oppofite Shrawley, and in Cliffy Wood near Hanley, Worcefterfhire. Sr.] A. May, [and June. Sr.] Swine refufe it.

hairy-stalked

CARDAM'INE parviflo'ra. Leaves winged, without leaf-fcales. Leafits fpear-fhaped, blunt. Flowers with petals.—

Curt. iv. 47, C. hirfuta.—Walc, C. hirfuta.—(Fl. dan. 148, agrees with it in all refpects but in the bioffom, which is fo very large that it must be a diffinct species.)

Very much refembling C. impatiens, but differs as follows: Stem fhorter, angles not fo fharp. Leaves without leaf-fcales; leafits fpear-fhaped, blunt, fcarcely toothed, the lowermoft not handfhaped, but egg-fhaped; fmooth. Chives fhorter than the bloffom. Pods as fmall again, upright, on horizontal fruit-ftalks. LINN.----Stem woolly, efpecially towards the bafe. Leaves hairy with fcattered hairs; all the leafits on leaf-ftalks, those of the root-leaves roundifh; those of the ftem-leaves heart-egg-fhaped and egg-fhaped, with I or 2 teeth on each fide. HUDS.---Stem hairy, branched. Leaves fomewhat hairy; root-leaves, leafits roundifh, with I or 2 teeth, the terminating one larger, with 3 imperfect lobes, or bluntly ferrated:

ferrated; stem-leaves fomewhat narrower, but still broad. HALL. ST .- Stem to the middle and upwards, and the leaf-flaks, and the lower leaves fomewhat hairy, with fcattered open hairs. Howers of the fize of those of Thlairi Burla rattoris. Petals white. Chives 6. LEERS. ST .- Stem 6 or 8 inches high, angular, with zigzag flexures at the origin of the branches, and covered with foft white horizontal hairs. Leaves fprinkled with hairs on the upper furface. but which are not fo numerous as on the ftem; the leafits 3 or 4 pair, with an odd one, those of the root-leaves nearly heart-shaped, and a little indented; those of the stem-leaves, especially the uppermoft, elliptical, with 2 or 3 diftant teeth on each edge. Flowers fmall. Chives 6. LIGHTF. ST .- Stems feveral, or fingle, generally upright, fometimes afcending, furrowed, at first befet with hairs, but in the older plants frequently lofing their hairinefs; about a foot high. Roet-leaves, leafits very uncertain in their fhape, in general roundifh, and varying either to oblong-heart, or kidney-fhaped, either indented, or more or lefs angular; unequal at the bafe, nearly fitting, gradually fmaller downwards; the odd one twice as large, nearly elliptical, on a leaf-ftalk; stem-leaves, leasits on leafstalks, either oblong and flightly indented, or angular, or cut, angles pointed; those of the upper-leaves spear or ftrap-spearfhaped, with a few fcattered, faw-like, pointed teeth, and in a wet fituation oblong and very entire. Leaf-flalks fometimes hairy at the bafe. Bunches terminating or from the bofom of the branches. as long again as the leaves. Fruit-stalks bearing flowers nearly from the bale. Pedicles of the flowers nearly upright, of the fruit between open and expanding, about half as long as the pods. Empal. leaves egg-oblong, fomewhat pointed at the end, upright, purplish, membranaceous at the edge, with a few hairs on the outfide. Petals white, with greenish veins, upright, regularly tapering down to the bafe, when the flower first opens as long as the empal. but continuing to grow they become, as do alfo the chives, as long again. Clearly diftinct from C. hir/uta. Comes into flower as the C. hirfuta is going out. ST. - Stems hairy, angular. Root-leaves. leafits 3 or 4 pair, with an odd one, which is broader: circular or oblong, more or lefs toothed or indented, unequal at the bafe, fometimes fmooth; stem-leaves, leafits oblong, the terminating one longer. Flowers in broad-topped fpikes. Empalement coloured. Chives, the 2 opposite ones fhorter than the empalement, the other 4 rather longer. Seeds 6, adhering to each fide of the partition. WITH.

Cardamine hirfuta. WEBER.—a. HUDS.—Cardamine impatiens altera hirfutior. R. fyn. 300. (ST.)

Shady, wet, and boggy places. LIGHTF. ST. A. May.-July. CARDAM'INE

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

hairy-leaved

CARDAM'INE hirfu'ta. Leaves winged. Chives 4.* Scop. 38. at ii. p. 21.—Pet. 47. 4.—Barr. 455.—J. B. ii. 888, cop. in H. ox. iii. 4. 11.—(Fl. dan. 148, with bloffoms as large as the leafits; mult furely be a diftinct species. Haller, from its large flowers, is inclined to refer it to C. amara, but then the flem is hairy, which in C. amara is fmooth.)

Upper-leaves bare. HUDS.—Stems 3 to 6 inches high, ftraighter, and lefs hairy than thole of *C. parviflora*. Stem-leaves, leafts narrow, nearly ftrap-fhaped and entire. Chives 4. LIGHTF. ST.— Stems generally numerous, the central one upright, the reft declining, hairy. Root-leaves very numerous, forming a circle on the ground; leafts roundifh, 3 or 4 pair, with an odd one much larger; flem-leaves, 2 or 3 on each flem, roundifh or fpear-fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cardamine hir futa β HUDS.—Cardamine minor arvenfis. D. Lhwyd, in R. fyn. 300. n. 4.—(Cardamine impatiens altera hir futior. R. fyn. 300, is C. parviflora.) (ST.)

Gravelly foils, moift rocks, fides of rivulets, LIGHTF. ST. and alfo on ditch banks, dry as well as fhady, and dry marle banks. ST. A. and P. HUDS. March.—June. ST.

The young leaves are a good fallad.—It is pretty warm in the mouth, much refembling Water Crefs in tafte. ST.

common

CARDAM'INE praten's. Leaves winged. Leafits of the root-leaves roundifh; those of the stem-leaves spear-shaped, LINN.—very entire. HUDS. ST.

Curt. iii. 30.—Walc.—Sheldr. 109.—Blackw. 223.—Lob. obf. 106. 2, repr. in ic. i. 210. 1, Ger. em. 259. 1, and cop. in Ger. 201. 1.—Cluf. ii. 128. 2, repr. in Dod. 592. 2, Lob. obf. 106. 3, ic. i. 210. 2, Ger. em. 259. 2, and cop. in Ger. 201. 2, Park. 826. 2, and 1239. f. 4, H. ox. iii. 4. 7, and Pet. 47. 5.— Lonic. i. 159. 5.—Fuchf. 325, cop. in J. B. ii. 889. 1.—Trag. 83. 1.—Matth. 488, cop. in Ger. 202. 4, reprefent the leaves and flem with bunches of flowers fupplied by the artift's fancy or imperfect memory.

Tips yellow. WIGGERS. CURT.—Blofs. with always fome tinge of purple. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leafts of the lower ftemleaves egg-fhaped, higher up fpear-fhaped, those of the upper ftrapfhaped.

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^{*} Mr. Hudson, confidering this and the *C. parviflora* to be one and the fame species, comprehends them both under the following character. ST.

C. birfuta. Leaves winged. Leafits of the root-leaves roundifh-heart-fhaped; those of the flem-leaves egg-fhaped, toothed, on leaf-flaks. Hups.—Chives 4 and 6. Hups.

fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD .- Sometimes throwing out roots from the mid-rib of the bottom of the leaves. Shoft upright. CURT.

Cuckow Flower .- Meadows and moist pastures. P. Apr. May. The virtue of the flowers in hysteric and epileptic cafes, was first mentioned by Ray, in his letters, published by himfelf; and fince then by Dr. Baker in the Med. trani. i. 442. The doie is from 20 to 90 grains twice a day. Do they not act like the Erysimum cheiranthoides in the epilepfies of children, and cure the difeafe by deftroying the worms in the ftomach and inteftines, which were the caufe of the fits? I have accounts of their fuccefs in young epileptics, from good authority; but have never been fortunate enough to fee them of much use in hysterical cafes .- Goats and Sheep eat it. Horfes and Swine refuse it. Cows are not fond of it.

CARDAM'INE ama'ra. Leaves winged. Suckers bitter from the bolom of the leaves. LINN .- Leafits of the ftemleaves angular, fitting. ST.*-Suckers not always to be found. LIGHTFOOT.

Curt. iii. 30.-Herm. par. 203.-7. B. ii. 885.-C. B. pr. 45. 1, cop. in Park. 1239. 3, and abridged in Pet. 47. 1.-(Scop. 39, has simple leaves .- 11. dan. 184, has a hairy stem.)

Suchers creeping. Petals more upright than in C. pratenfis. Tips purple, not yellow. LINN .- Fetals pure white. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .- Sten fmooth. Leafits fmooth, but the edges fringed with exceedingly minute hairs, those of the ftem-leaves oblong, the angles terminated by a finall tooth, CURT. Sr .-fometimes obscurely indented, fometimes between indented and toothed, with distant faw-like teeth, the uppermost often fpearfhaped. Sr.-Root and stem-leaves alike; leahts 3 or 4 pair, roundifh, but fomewhat angular, with an odd one larger, those of the uppermost egg-shaped, fometimes almost spear-shaped, toothed. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem angular, ftrong, and almost woody. Suchers round, crooked. Leafits irregularly indented, and thinly fet with little teeth. Bunches terminating and lateral, the lateral ones sometimes horizontal. WITH.

Bitter Creffes.

Near purls of water, rivulets, on the banks of rivers, boggy places, and moift meadows and pastures. Dorking, Surry; Braintree, Effex; Middleton, Warwickshire; Lewisham, Harefield, Uxbridge, Batterfea, Chelfea, and G. Comberton, Worcefterfh. [Norwich. Mr. CROWE .- Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD .-Above

* Foliolis caulinis angulatis feffilibus. Sr.

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

Above Worcefter. St.—Afton, near Birmingham. WITH.] P. Apr. May.

Sheep eat it. Cows are not fond of it. LINN.

The young leaves are acrid and bitterifh, but do not tafte amifs in fallads. LIGHTF.—The leaves are pungent, bitter and aromatic, in fuch a degree as to promife very confiderable medical ufes. WITH.—The Papilio Cardamine lives upon the different fpecies.

877. SISYM'BRIUM. Water-crefs.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; fpear-ftrap-fhaped; expanding; coloured; deciduous.

- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong; expanding; generally finaller than the cup. Claws very fmall.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; longer than the cup; the 2 opposite ones fomewhat fhorter. Tips fimple.
- POINT. Sced-bud oblong; thread-fhaped. Shaft very fhort. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Pod long; crooked; hunched; cylindrical. Cells 2. Values 2; firaight; rather florter than the partition.

SEEDS many; fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Pod opening; with firaightifh values. Empal. and bloffom expanding.

Obs. In S. fylu. and amphib. the pod is hunched and very fhort.

* Pods short; declining.

common

SISYM'BRIUM Naflur'tium. Pods declining. Leaves winged; leafits nearly heart-fhaped, LINN.—egg-fhaped. Pollich. With. St.

Fl. dan. 690.—Fuchf. 723, cop. in J. B. ii. 884, and Trag. 82. 2. —Dod. 592. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 105. 3, ic. i. 209. 1, Ger. em. 257. 5, cop. in Park. 1239. 1, H. ox. iii. 4. 8, and Pet. 47. 2.—Matth. 487, not in flower.—Lonic. i. 114. 2.—Blackw. 260. Bloffoms white, terminating.

Water-creffes.—Springs, brooks, and rivulets. B. June. July. This is very univerfally ufed as an early and wholefome fpring fallad. It is an excellent anti-fcorbutic and ftomachic, with lefs acrimony than the Scurvy-grafs. It is an ingredient in the antifcorbutic juices.—A Horfe refufed it, but they have been fometimes obferved to eat it greedily. St.

β. Huds. Leafits fewer. RAV.

Near the Back-Jack, near Peckham Fields. RAY.

7. Huns.

y. Huds. Leaves smaller. RAY.

Pet. 47.3.

With variety a. RAY.

SISYM'BRIUM fylvef'tre. Pods declining, oblong- creeping egg-fhaped. Leafits spear-shaped, ferrated. LINN .- Pods cylindrical. ST.*

Curt. iii. 26.—Ger. 190, cop. in Ger. em. 248. 6, and Park. 1242, and abridged in Pet. 46. 5, and H. ox. iii. 6. 17.-Fuchf. 263, cop. in J. B. ii. 866. 2.

Root creeping very remarkably. Leafits of the root-leaves fomewhat egg-fhaped, those of the ftem-leaves spear-fhaped, Flowers finall, yellow, Pedicles declining. Bloss. a little longer than the empalement. Honey-cup glands 4, in a circle. Seeds generally abortive, it increasing to confiderably by the root. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD.

Water Rocket .- Marshy and watery places, and banks of rivers. Banks of the Thames, [of the Aire below Leeds. Mr. Wood .---Near Bungay, Suffolk, the only place in Norfolk and Suffolk where it has been hitherto found. Mr. Woodw .- On the banks of the Severn, near Worcefter. Sr.] P. June. July.

SISYMB'RIUM amphil'ium. Pods declining, oblong- Radific egg-fhaped. Leavest with winged clefts, ferrated LINN. -Leaves entire, and with winged clefts. Petals longer than the empal. HALL. POLLICH. Mr. WOODW. Sr. Water Radilh.

Watery places, and banks of rivers. P. June.-Aug. 1. Leaves fimple, tooth-ferrated. LINN.

C. B. pr. 38. 1, cop. in Park. 1229. 2, and Pet. 49. 8, and abr. in H. ox. iii. 7. row 3. 4 .- Ger. 180, cop. in Ger. em. 234. 2. -(Ger. em. 240. 2, is variety 2.)

When growing in water of fome depth the leaves below the furface ftrap-fhaped, winged, nearly like those of the Hottonia, those above fpear-fhaped, ferrated. LINN .- Stem upright, branched. Leaves spear-shaped, variously toothed, smooth, half embracing the fiem, Fruit-flalks much longer than the pods, and much longer than in the S. terrefire. Pod oblong, very fhort, fmooth, at first expanding, afterwards hanging down. Mr. WOODWARD .- Ends of the

. * Siliquis cylindricis. Sr.

† Foliolis, in the 13th and 14th editions of the Syft. veg. is an error of the prefs. ST.

1 Linnaus's S. amphibium comprehends also S. terrefire as a variety. Sr.

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

the general fruit-flalks often fwoln into a cauliflower-like fubftance, purplifh, and containing fmall grubs of the fame colour. Sr.— Stem fmooth, fcored, crooked at the joints.' Leaves egg-fpearfhaped, fcolloped and fet with little tecth at the edge, with often from I to 3 winged clefts at the bafe. Leaf-ftalks femi-cylindrical, channelled above. Iruit-flalks while in flower about $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch long, and upright, but afterwards bending back and pointing downwards. Hower, the whole yellow. Fetals rather larger than the empalement. Shaft cylindrical, thick, more than half the length of the feed-bud, yellow, permanent; when the fruit ripens becoming green, and about half the length of the feed-bud. Tod nearly egg-fhaped, fmooth, green; valves egg-fhaped. Seeds nearly eggfhaped, comprefied, 3 to 6 perfect ones in each cell. WITH.

Sifymbrium amphibium aquaticum β LINN.—S. aquaticum. POLLIOH. —Radicula fylveflris feu palufiris. R. fyn. 301. (ST.)

In the Fofs at York. Mr. WOOD.—Side of the river and wet ditches at Tamworth. WITH. ST.—and of the Severn near Worcefter. Sr.

Cows refufe it. Sheep and Goats are not fond of it.

jagged

2. Leaves with deep winged clefts. ST.

Ger. 185. 2, cop. in J. B. ii. 867. 2, and Pet. 49. 10. - Lob. ic. i. 319, repr. in Ger. em. 240. 2, and cop. in Park. 1228. 1.

Leaves, the clefts extending nearly to the mid-rib, fegments fpear-ftrap-fhaped, pointed, generally very entire, or with 1 or 2 faw-like teeth. Merely a variety growing with that with entire leaves, and having intermediate specimens with leaves pretty deeply cut and ferrated, as in Lob. and its copies. ST.

[With variety I. ST.]

Siymbrium amphibium terreftre γ LINN. on the authority of the figures referred to by Vaill.

annual

SISY M'BRIUM terref'tre. Root annual. Leaves with winged clefts. Pods full of feed. CURT.—Petals fhoiter than the empalement. HALLER. POLLICH. ST.— Pods declining. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Curt. v. 49.-J. B. ii. 867. 1.-C. B. pr. 38. 2, cop. in Park. 1228. 1. f. 2, H. ox. iii. 7. row 3. 3, and Pet. 49. 9.

Leaves, fegments confluent with the mid-rib, often pointing backwards, alternate, or in pairs, elliptical, or egg-fhaped, ferrated, or toothed here and there. HALL.—Root fpindle-fhaped, white within and without. Stem upright, or trailing, a foot to a cubit high, angular, reddifh green, fmooth; branches alternate diverging, fub-dividing. Leaves fpear-fhaped, bluntifh; thofe near the root forming a turf, running down to the leaf-flalk: *Rem-leaves*

flem-leaves alternate, embracing the ftem, 3 to 6 inches long, 1 or If inch broad; wings alternate and oppofite, and one running into another, fpear-shaped, bluntish, ferrated round the edge, the odd one lefs divided but more toothed, all of them of a pleafant green, fmooth, with a fine veined network underneath; the upper leaves more deeply ferrated and eared at the bafe. Bunches terminating the ftem and branches. Flowers fmall, when expanded somewhat more than 2 lines in diameter. Empalement green, yellow at the edge, fomewhat more than a line in length, and I of a line broad. Petals yellow, blunt, very entire, fomewhat shorter than the empalement, I line long, and hardly I broad. Threads 6, greenith yellow. Tips fmall, roundifh, yellow. Seed-bud ftrapshaped, cylindrical. Shaft, scarcely any. Summit a knob, yellowish. Honey-cup glands none. POLLICH. Mr. WOODWARD .- Upper leaves. wings spear-shaped, toothed, the terminating one deeply indented. Mr. WOODDWARD.-Threads of the general fruit-stalks fometimes fwelling into a kind of cauli-flower-like excrefcence, within which a fmall yellow grub is found. Sr.

Sifymbrium amphibium palustre. LINN.—S. palustre. POLLICH.—(S. palustre repens, parvo flore. VAILL. par. 186, is faid to be perennial.) ST.

Edges of wet ditches, and on ground apt to be occafionally overflown in the environs of London, as Tothil-fields, and between the Magdalen Hofpital and Lambeth Maríh. Curt.— [Bungay Common, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.—Near Stafford, on the road to the Caftle-hill. St.] A. June.—Sept.

** Stem naked, [or with few leaves. WITH.]

SISY M'BRIUM mura'le. Stem with few or no wall leaves, roughifh, afcending. Leaves spear-shaped, indented-ferrated, fmoothifh.—

Braffica muralis. Hubs. which fee.

SISY M'BRIUM monen'fe. Stem without leaves. Ifle of Man Leaves between winged and toothed. Stalks fmooth.— Braffica monenfis. Hups. which fee.

* * * Leaves winged.

SISY M'BRIUM So'phia. Petals fmaller than the Flixweed empalement. Leaves doubly compound-winged.—

Vol. II.

Ludw.

Ludw. 73.—Fl. dan. 528.*—Sheldr.—Dod. 133. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 426. 1, ic. i. 738. 2, Ger. em. 1068, and cop. in Park. 830. 3, and Pet. 46. 12.—Fuchf. 2, cop. in J. B. ii. 886. 2, and abridged in Trag. 338.—Ger. 910. 1 and 2.—Lonic. i. 49. 2.

Pods long, ftiff, and crooked. Seeds yellow. Bloffoms yellow. Flix-weed.—Walls and among rubbifh. A. July.

The pods retain the feeds all winter, and fmall birds feed upon them. The force of a gun is faid to be augmented if the gunpowder is mixed with a tenth part of thefe feeds. The plant is fometimes preferibed in hyfteric and dyfenteric cafes; and the feeds are given to deftroy worms.—Sheep and Cows eat it. Horfes and Goats are not fond of it. Swine refufe it.

broad-leaved

SISYM'BRIUM Irio. Leaves notched, toothed, naked. Stem fmooth. Pods upright.-

Jacq. fl. iv. 322.—Park. 834. 4, cop. in H. ox. iii. 3. row 3. 3, and Pet. 46. 4.

Differs from the S. altiffimum as follows: All the leaves more toothed, green, not whitifh; the upper not cut into very long ftrap-fhaped wings. Stem fhorter, not fo fmooth. Pods more upright, and not loofe and pendant. LINN.—Stem-leaves with winged clefts, the upper halberd-fhaped, and fome few fimple and quite entire. JACQ.—Stem nearly fmooth. Leaves varioufly toothed and cut, fometimes with winged clefts at the bafe, generally terminated by a long fpear-fhaped lobe; the upper ufually fimple, fpear-fhaped, with I or 2 teeth towards the bafe. Pods long, ftrap-fhaped, upright, but not preffed to the ftem. Fruitftalks fhort, Mr. WOODWARD.—Bloffoms yellow.

Old walls and amongft rubbifh.

A. May .- Aug.

* The very elegant fub-divisions of the leaves not fufficiently expressed. Mr. WOODWARD, ST.

878. ERYS'IMUM.

878. ERYS'IMUM. Worm-feed.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; oblong-egg-fhaped; parallel, but approaching at the top; coloured; deciduous.

- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong; flat; very blunt. Claws as long as the cup; upright. Honeycup Glands double; on the inner fide of the fhorter chives.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; as long as the cup; the 2 opposite ones shorter than the others. Tips simple.
- POINT. Seed-bud ftrap-fhaped; 4-edged; as long as the chives. Shaft very fhort. Summit a fmall knob; permanent.
- S. VESS. Pod long; narrow; ftiff, and ftraight; with 4 edges, 2 valves, and 2 cells.

SEEDS many; fmall; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Pod columnar; exactly 4-fided. Empal. closed.

ERYS'IMUM officina'le. Pods preffed to the fpike- hedge ftalk. Leaves notched.—

Ludw. 187.—F. dan. 560.—Sheldr.—Blackw. 28.—Ger. 198. 1, abridged in Pet. 46. 3.—Fuch f. 592, cop. in J. B. 863, and Dod. 714, which repr. in Ger. em. 254. 1, abridged in Trag. 102. 1, and ill cop. in Lonic. i. 165. 1, repr. in ii. 22. 2.—Lob. adv. 69, repr. in ic. i. 206. 1, and cop. in Park. 833, kas the pods expanding.—(Matth. 572, is E. Barbarea.)

Stem cylindrical, frequently purple, particularly at the angles of the branches. Branches very expanding. Pods roundifh, fomewhat awl-fhaped, preffed fo clofe to the fpike-ftalks as to appear naked. Mr. Woodw.—Stem hairy, branched towards the top. Branches afcending. Leaves flightly woolly, the lower winged, the upper halberd-fhaped. Empalement about half as long as the petals. Blofs. yellow. Seed-bud cylindrical, tapering upwards. Summit flat, with a fhallow nick. Pod conical, fcarce fenfibly 4-cornered, hairy. Seeds oblong. WITH.—Flowers in long fpikes, terminating.

Hedge Mustard. Bank Creffes. Scrambling Rocket.

Under walls and hedges, road fides and among rubbifn. A. May. June.

It is warm and acrid to the tafte; and, when cultivated, is used as a fpring pot-herb. Birds are fond of the feeds.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Cows, Horfes, and Swine refufe it. By means of this herb a hoarfenefs, occafioned by loud fpeaking, was cured in 3 days, by Rondeletius. LINN.—" Juice of Hedge Z z 2 " Muftard

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

" Muftard is beyond any thing in ulcers of the throat. This was

" found by experience by the Honourable Harry Gray, Efg.

" when all advice of Doctors and Surgeons availed nothing. This " from his own mouth." Manufcript note in a copy of Parkinfon which formerly belonged to Mr. Saunders, furgeon, at Stourbridge.

Rocket ERYS'IMUM Barba'rea. Leaves lyre-fhaped, the terminating fegment circular.---

> Walc.-Ger. 188.-Fuchf. 746, cop. in 7. B. ii. 869, abridged in Trag. 101. 2, and Lonic. i. 165. 2.-Dod. 712. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 104. 2; ic. i. 207. 2, Ger. em. 243, and cop. in Park. 820, H. ox. iii. 5. 11 and 12, and Pet. 46. 1.-Matth. 572.

Honey-cup glands 4, 2 between the longer chives, and 2 fupporting the fhorter chives. LYONS.-Stem fmooth, cylindrical, deeply furrowed, much branched. Flowers numerous, at the top of the branches. Pods with 4 obfcure angles. Mr. WOODW .- Pods upright, parallel to the fpike-stalk. Sr .- Stems strong, with about 8 deep furrows, and as many tharp ridges. Leaves half embracing the ftem, winged, the terminating leafit egg-fhaped, notched. Empal. leaves in the flowers not yet expanded green, and 2 of them larger, with a helmet-fhaped hollow at the top. Pods long, flender, fomewhat cylindrical, flightly flatted, not very fenfibly 4edged. Bloffoms yellow. WITH.

Winter Creffes. Winter Rocket.

Bloffoms yellow.

Walls, banks on the fides of running ftreams, watery places. and fometimes in cultivated fields. P. May.

The common people in Sweden use the leaves in fallads, early in the fpring, and late in the autumn; they also boil them as Cale. It is fown in gardens as an early fpring fallad, LINN.-and alfo in England where it is called French Crefs. Sr.

Cows eat it. Horfes and Swine refuse it. Goats and Sheep are not fond of it.

B. Leaves imaller, and more frequently fcolloped. RAY.

Pet. 46. 2.

A. DILL. PET. Apr.

Garlick - ERYS'IMUM Allia'ria. Leaves heart-fhaped.-

Ludw. 77 .- Curt. ii. 24 .- Walc .- Fuch f. 104, cop. in J. B. ii. 883, Lonic. i. 160. 2, and Trag. 86.-Matth. 843.-Dod. 686, repr. in Lob. obf. 285. 3, ic, i. 530. 1, Ger. em. 794, and cop. in Park. 112. 5, and H. ox. iii. 10. 6.-Ger. 650, abr. in Pet. 45. 1.-Blackw. 372.

Stem

Stem cylindrical, fmooth, but near the root hairy. Leaves alternate, fmooth; the lower bluntly fcolloped, blunt at the end; the upper fharply toothed, taper-pointed; the root-leaves fmaller, on longer leaf-stalks. Flowers white, in broad-topped spikes. Empal. leaves oblong, white, falling off. Petals blunt. Honey-cup glands 4. 2 between the longer chives, 2 fupporting the fhorter chives. Lyons.-Stem fmooth. Leaves indented, fmooth. Leaf-flalks fmooth, except a few hairs at the bafe. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem cylindrical. Leaves bluntly and irregularly ferrated, alternate, on leaf-stalks. Flowers in a broad-topped fpike. Honey-cup glands 4, I on the outfide of each pair of longer chives, and I fupporting each of the fhort chives which grow in a cavity at the top of them. WITH.

Yack-by-the-hedge. Sauce-alone.

Hedges, ditch banks, and fhady places. P. May. The Pruffians eat the leaves along with falted meats in the fpring. They are useful with Lettuce and the colder fallads. The feeds excite fneezing."

Cows and Goats cat it. Horfes, Sheep, and Swine refufe it. The Curculio Alliaria feeds upon it. LINN.

When it grows in poultry yards the fowls eat it, and it gives an intolerable rank tafte to their flefh. WITH.

ERYS'IMUM cheiranthoi'des. Leaves fpear-fhaped, Treacle very entire. Pods open. LINN .- Leaves toothed. Pods upright. HUDS. ST.

Jacq. fl. i. 23 .- Lob. obf. 112. 1, repr. in ic. i. 225. 1, Ger. em. 273.4, and cop. in Park. 868. 3, H. ox. iii. 5.7, and Pet. 45. 2.-7. B. ii. 894. 1.-Fl. dan. 731, pods spear-shaped, flatted !

In habit very much refembling the Cheiranthus eryfimoides, except in its fmaller flowers, and its pods, which are flightly expanding, or at a diftance from, not near to the ftem. Summits finall, fcarcely divided. LINN .- Seeds oblong, yellowifh brown, intenfely bitter. RAY. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem I to 2 cubits high, rough, fliff, quite straight, fcored, generally simple, fometimes a little branched. Leaves very entire, roughish, the mid-rib running down the stem, the uppermost fometimes a little toothed. Bloss. fmall, yellow. Pods quadrangular, standing out, but upright. LYONS .- Leaves a little toothed, and more fo than those of Cheiranthus erysimoides. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fomewhat angular, roughish. Leaves fcattered, upright, with a few very fmall teeth fcarcely obfervable. roughifh to the finger drawn backwards, with a very fine downinefs. Shaft very fhort, blunt. Petals about 2 lines long, fcarcely 1 Zzz broad.

broad. POLLICH. ST.—Shaft not longer than the fummit. Summit blunt, about the thicknefs of the fhaft. ST.—Empalement yellow, and the points yellow. Pods terminated by a minute fummit. RETZ. ST.

Treacle Worm-feed.

Ofier-holts, and banks of the river near Ely; Afhburne, Derbyfhire; and corn fields about Elden, Suffolk. [Amongft turneps near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. July.

The country people give the feeds to deftroy worms, and with good effect.—Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it.

879. CHEI'RANTHUS. Gilli-flower.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; compreffed; fpear-fhaped; concave; upright; parallel, but approaching towards the top; deciduous; the 2 outer hunched at the bafe.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; circular; longer than the cup. Claws as long as the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; parallel; as long as the cup; 2 of them fhorter, and hunched at the bafe. Tips upright; cloven at the bafe; fharp and reflected at the top. A Honey-cup gland furrounding the bafe of each of the fhort chives.
- POINT. Seed-bud prifm-fhaped; with 4 edges; as long as the chives; with a finall tubercle on each fide the bafe. Shaft very fhort; compressed. Summit oblong; cloven; reflected; thick; permanent.
- S. VESS. Pod long; compreffed; with 2 oppofite angles obliterated and marked with a little tooth. Cells 2; valves 2; fhaft very fhort; fummit cloven; upright.
- SEEDS many; pendant; alternate; fomewhat egg-fhaped; compreffed; with a membranaceous border.
 - Ess. CHAR. Seed-bud with a glandular tooth on each fide. Empalement clofed; 2 of the leaves hunched at the bafe. Seeds flat.

OBS. The little tooth on each fide of the feed bud in fome fpecies almost disappears, in others it is of confiderable fize. In the C. tricus the pod has 3 points at the end.

twild CHEI'RANTHUS eryfimoi'des. Leaves fpearfhaped, toothed, bare. Stem upright, quite fimple. Pods 4-cornered. LINN.—Leaves very entire. HUDS.— Leaves

Leaves generally very entire, but the lower in some specimens with small teeth. IACQ.

Jacq. fl. i. 74, as Jacq. and Murr. what Linnaus fays in the mant. pl. refers to Jacq. enum .- Cluf. i. 299. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 457. 4, cop. in Park. 625. 2, H. ox. iii. 8. 18, and alfo in Ger. 373. 4 .- 7. B. ii. 873. 2 .- Zanon. 87, leaves too blunt .- (86, is more like Erysimum cheiranthoides .- Fl. dan. 229, is E. hieracifolium.*-Jacq. fl. i. 75, is C. alpinus.)

Flowers of the fize of those of Braffica oleracea. Empalement green, not fea-green, fmooth. Summit as thick as the pointal, divided to the bafe into 2 lobes. Seed-buds cottony. In appearance approaches very near to Eryfimum cheiranthoides, and hieracifolium. LINN. Mr. WOODW .- Seeds not intenfely bitter. Mr. WOODW. -Stems branched, bordered, in which point it differs from the genus Cheiranthus. HALL. ST.

Ofier-holts about Godftow near Oxford, and East Grinstead, Suffex. B. June. July.

CHEI'RANTHUS Chei'ri. Leaves fpear-fhaped, wall pointed, fmooth. Branches angular. Stem fhrubby .--

Sheldr. 12.-Luda. 157.-Walc.-Ger. 371. 1.-Fuchf. 458, cop. in J. B. ii. 872, and abridged in Trag. 560 .- Matth. 877. -Dod. 160. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 179. 1, ic. i. 330. 1, Ger. em. 456. 1, and cop. in Park. 625. 1, H. ox. iii. 8. 15, and Pet. 45. 3.-Blackw. 179, the parts of fructification. (The flem. and bunch of flowers is a garden variety.)

Stem woody, a foot high, afcending. Branches angular. Leaves crowded, upright, fpear-fhaped, with few ferratures, fmooth, concave. Leaf-falks hardly diftinct from the leaves. Fruit-falks 4-cornered. Chives, 4 fomewhat longer. Glands 2, fupporting the fhorter chives. Summit flightly cloven. LYONS .- Blofs. yellow. Bunches terminating.

Wall-flower. Wild Cheir.

Old walls and roofs.

P. May. June. It has found a place in our gardens, where it has produced a confiderable number of varieties, but none which have a more delightful fcent than the wild one.

The Phalæna meticulofa, and Pronuba, feed upon it. LINN. A Horfe refufed it. ST.

* OEDER. REICH. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

224

CHE-

pricklepodded

CHEI'RANTHUS *finua'tus*. Leaves cottony, blunt, fomewhat indented; those of the branches entire. Pods hedge-hogged.—

Lob. adv. 140, repr. in ic. i. 330. 2, and Ger. em. 460. 2, and enlarged in Ger. 374. 2. J. B. ii. 876. 1.

Whole plant cottony, hoary. Stem upright. Root-leaves broadfpear-fhaped, alternataly toothed, blunt; ftem-leaves fpear-fhaped, blunt, channelled, with 2 pair of blunt teeth about the middle; branch-leaves entire, not toothed. Petals flefh-coloured, blunt, whitifh at the bafe. Pods very long, cottony. LINN.

Leucoium marinum purpureum Lobelii. GER. em. 460. (WITH.) Sandy fea fhores of Caernarvonsh. Anglesea, and Cornwall, and on the rocks at Aberdovie, Merionethshire. B. June. July.

881. HES'PERIS. Damewort.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; ftrap-fpear-fhaped; parallel; approaching towards the top; and open at the bafe; deciduous; the 2 oppofite ones hunched at the bafe.

- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong; the length of the cup; a little bent obliquely to the left; ending in taper Claws which are as long as the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; as long as the tube; 2 of them only half as long. Tips narrow; upright; reflected at the top. Honey-cup Glands tapering; placed between the fhorter chives and the feed-bud; furrounding the chive.
- POINT. Seed-bud as long as the cup; prifin-fhaped; with 4 edges. Shaft none. Summit divided; placed inwards; oblong; upright; forked at the bafe; approaching at the top; fhrivelling.
- S. VESS. Pod long; compreffed and flat; fcored. Cells 2; values 2; as long as the partition.
- SEEDS many; egg-fhaped; compressed.

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

ESS. CHAR. Petals bent obliquely. A gland between the fhorter chives. Pod quite straight. Summit forked at the base; approaching at the point. Empalement closed.

fcentless HES'PERIS inod'ora. Stem fimple, upright. Leaves fomewhat halberd-fhaped, toothed. Petals blunt.--

Rupp. a Hall. 1. at p. 78.—7. B. ii. 878. 2.— Cluf. i. 297 An opr. in Dod. 161. 1, Leb. obf. 175. 1, ic. i. 323.

7.00

323. 2, Ger. em. 462. 1, and cop. in Park. 1682. 3, and ill. abridged in H. ox. iii. 10. row 1. 1.*

So like *H. matronalis* as to be fcarcely diftinguifhable but by a very experienced botanift, but the *leaves* are nearly halberd-fhaped, with a transverse base, fharply toothed, especially at the base, foster, and not fo rough. *Empalement* not coloured. *Petals* blunt, without a point. *Chives* not projecting beyond the tube of the flower. LINN.—*Leaves* roughifh, and woolly on both fides, with fharp tooth-like ferratures, spear-fhaped, both broad and narrow. *Petals* very entire, or flightly nicked, white, fless-coloured, purple, or purplish red; *claws* pale, longer than the empalement. JACQ.—*Leaves* egg-fhaped, tooth-ferrated, pointed, nearly fitting: I have not feen any halberd-fhaped. Hups.

Paftures and hedges. On the banks of the rivulets about Dalehead, Cumberland; and Grafsmere, Weftmoreland. RAV.

B. LINN. and HUDS .- P. for 10 years. JACQ .- May. June.

882. AR'ABIS. Turkey-pod.

EMPAL. Cup deciduous; leaves parallel, and approaching at the top; 2 of them oppofite; oblongegg-fhaped; fharp; a little prominent at the bafe; hunched; concave; the other 2 ftrap-fhaped; upright.
BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; egg-fhaped; expanding; ending in Claws as long as the cup. Honey-cups 4; each composed of a little, reflected, permanent

fcale, fixed to the receptacle at the bottom, and on the inner fide of the leaves of the cup.

- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; 2 as long as the cup; 4 twice as long. Tips heart-fhaped; upright.
- POINT. Seed-bud cylindrical; as long as the chives. Shaft none. Summit blunt; entire.
- S. VESS. Pod comprefied; very long; ftrap-fhaped; unequal from protuberances occafioned by the feeds. Values almost as long as the partition.

SEEDS many; roundifh; compreifed.

* The figure of Clufius is referred by Linnæus to H. inodora, and that of Dod. tho' a re-imprefiion from the fame block, to H. matronalis.—C. B. refers them both to H, matronalis. ST.

Ess.

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

Ess. CHAR. Honey-cup Glands 4; I within each leaf of the empalement, like a reflected scale.

. Oss. This genus is diffinguished from the Cheiranthus by the honey-cup, and from the Helperis by the fummit:

Moufe-ear

AR'ABIS thalia'na. Leaves on leaf-stalks, spearfhaped, 'very entire. LINN .- Root-leaves egg-fpear-fhaped, toothed, rough with prominent points. CURT .--Leaves entire, or toothed. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD.

Curt. ii. 13 .- Pollich. ii. at p. 243.-Pluk. 80. 2.-7. B. ii. 870. 2, imitated in H. ox. iii. 7. 5 .- Pet. 48. 2. - Thal. 7. D, cop. in Pet. 48. 1.-Barr. 269, and 270.-(Crantz. i. 3. 2, has petals 3 or 4 times as large.)

Root-leaves disposed in a circle on the ground, hairy; those of the ftem nearly fmooth. Flowers fmall. Petals white. HALL. ST. -Stem, the lower half hairy, the upper fmooth. RETZ. ST.-Stem I inch to more than a foot high. Leaves, hairs at the bafe fimple. those on the edges and furface dividing into 2 and 3 forks. CURT. ST .- Honey-cup Glands fo very minute as fcarcely to be difcovered even with a magnifier. CURT .--- Root-leaves on leaf-stalks, a little ferrated; Rem-leaves very entire. Mr. DICKENSON .- Leaves fcmetimes nearly ferrated. Mr. WOODW. Sr .--- Stem fimple, or branched; hairs fimple, tapering. Leaves forked, the forks expanding, tapering, pointed; root-leaves oblong-spear-shaped, blunt; stemleaves spear-shaped, nearly sitting, fringed. Empalement smooth, fometimes with fimple hairs at the end. Petals upright, in which respect it accords with Turritis. ST.

Codded Mcufe-ear .- Walls, roofs, and dry fandy pastures; [and corn fields. ST.] A. March.-May.

Sheep are not fond of it. Swine refuse it.

B. HUDS. Stem-leaves fmooth. RAY.

Pluk. and Pet. as above, but it does not appear to be entitled to the diftinction even of a variety.

rough AR'ABIS firic'ta. Leaves toothed, rough with hair; those of the root spatula-shaped, those of the stem half embracing the ftem, oblong. Pods 2-edged, upright. Huds.

Crantz. i. 3. 2.

Root branched. Stems feveral, 6 inches high, herbaceous, fimple, upright, cylindrical, woolly at the bafe, fmooth above. Rootleaves many, fpatula-fhaped, toothed, and cut-toothed, rough with hair, hairs long, white; stem-leaves 3 or 4, half embracing the ftem, oblong, toothed, rough with hair. Flowers in bunches,

large,

large, white. Fruit-stalks short. Petals inversely egg-shaped, very entire: as long again as the empalement. Pods upright, quite straight, 11 inch long, 2-edged, 4-cornered at the bafe, fcored. Seeds roundifh, brown. HUDS. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.-Leaves purple underneath. CRANTZ. ST.-Petals as long again as the empalement. Glands forming a kind of ring round the bafe of the chives. HALL.ST. -Pods fometimes confiderably expanded. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD .- Floral-leaves ftrap-spear-shaped, at the base of the lower fruit-stalks. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stems below rough with white hairs. Root-leaves of the larger plants cut in a wing-cleft manner, fegments blunt, fhining underneath; hairs mostly forked. Floral-leaves very entire, generally fringed at the ends. Empalement dirty yellow, tinged with purple. Petals oblong-wedge-shaped, gradually tapering down to the bafe, yellowifh white, and white fometimes tinged with purple. Chives nearly of an equal length. Seed-bud becoming longer than the bloffom before it falls. Sr.

Arabis thaliana. CRANTZ. i. 39.—Cardamine pumila Bellidis folio, alpina. R. fyn. 300. (ST.)

Rocks and ftony mountainous fituations. St. Vincent's Rock near Briftol, RAY. HUDS. [in great plenty. Dr. BROUGHTON and Mr. FORD.]

AR'ABIS Turrita. Leaves embracing the ftem. Pods tower bowed down, flat, ftrap-fhaped. Empalements fomewhat wrinkled.—

Jacq. fl. 1. 11.—Gluf. ii. 126. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 272. 2, cop. in Park. 852. 2, Pet. 47. 1, and abridged in H. ox. iii. 2. 23.— Barr. 353.—(Fl. dan. 62, is A. alpina.—Crantz. i. 3. 2, is not referred to either by Jacq. or Crantz. himself as A. Turrita.)

Stems a foot high, fcarcely branched. Roet-leaves oval-oblong, thick, hoary, waved at the edge; flem-leaves toothed, the upper most ferrated, not fo hoary. Pods compressed, nearly fitting, fmooth, stiff, alternate, bent on the lower fide. Flowers strawcoloured. LINN .- Glands as in Braffica. MART .- Root woody. Stem upright, cylindrical, rough with hair, fimple, q inches high. Root-leaves on leaf-stalks, egg-shaped, toothed, pointed, rough with hair; sem-leaves oblong, toothed, cottony. Flowers upright, white. Fruit-fialks fhort. Glands within the fhorter, and without the longer chives. Pods long, compressed. Shaft short, permanent. Seeds round, compressed. LYONS .- Stem I to 2 feet high, cylindrical, fcored, downy, generally funple. Leaves hairy on both fides; root-leaves oblong, thick, greyifh, waved at the edge; flemleaves fimilar, toothed, regularly decreasing upwards in fize; the upper more pointed, rather ferrated than toothed, not fo grey. Pods very very long, fmooth, firap-fhaped, compreffed, on fhort fruitfalks, rifing at the bafe, and then bent downwards, forming an elegant curve. Mr. WOODWARD.

Old walls and ftony places. On Trinity and St. John's College Walls, Cambridge. MART. [Mr. WOODWARD.] A. June.

hairy AR'ABIS hirfu'ta. SCOP. WIGGERS. Turritis hirfuta, which fee.

883. TURRI'TIS. Towerwort.

EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; oblong-egg-fhaped; parallel, but approaching towards the top; deciduous.

BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong-egg-fhaped; blunt; upright; entire. Claws upright.

CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; as long as the tube; 2 of them fhorter. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud as long as the bloffom; cylindrical; a little comprefed. Shaft none. Summit blunt.

S. VESS. Pod exceedingly long; ftiff and ftraight; with 4 edges; but 2 of the edges, which are oppofite, almost obliterated, and fomewhat compressed. Cells 2; values 2; rather fhorter than the partition.

SEEDS very numerous; roundifh; notched.

Ess. CHAR. Pod very long; angular. Empalement approaching; upright. Bloss. upright.

Imooth

TURRI'TIS glabra. Root-leaves toothed, rough with hair; ftem-leaves very entire, embracing the ftem, fmooth.—

Curt. iv. 44.—Fl. dan. 809.—Cluf. ii. 126. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. 220. 2, Ger. em. 272. 1, and cop. in Ger. 212. 1, Park. 852. 1, H. ox. iii. 2. 22, and Pet. 47. 10.

Honey-cup glaids none. POLLICH.—Stem 2 to 3 feet high, fimple, cylindrical, flightly fcored, fmooth. Root-leaves fpear-fhaped, tapering into a leaf-ftalk, indented towards the bafe, entire upwards; flem-leaves numerous, heart-fpear-fhaped, generally entire, but fometimes flightly toothed, pale fea-green. Pods fmooth, very numerous, lying to the flem, and tiled. Seeds reddifh brown. Mr. Woodw.—Root-leaves, hairs forked at the end. ST.—Pods when fully grown cylindrical, compreffed. Bleffoms greenifh white. Bunches long, terminating. WITH.

Tower Mustard.

Meadows,

Meadows, paftures, pits, and wafte places, in a gravelly foil. Near Chaleton and Lewifham, Kent; near Colchefter, [Spixwort, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.—Lichfield. Mr. WHATELY.—Caftle Bromwich. Mr. JONES. WITH.—Between Afhbourne and Okeover. ST.] A. May. June.

The feeds reduced to powder are given in Sweden for pleuritic complaints.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

TURRI'TIS hirfu'ta. All the leaves rough with hair; hairy ftem-leaves embracing the ftem.

Walc.—C. B. pr. 42. 2, cop. in Park. 834. 6, and abridged in Pet. 47. 12.—H. ox. iii. 3. 5.

Stem, hairs fimple. Root-leaves oblong, hairs branched. Empal. fmooth. Scop. ST.—Stem-leaves, hairs fimple, Scop.—generally forked. ST.—Stem fimple. Leaves oblong, blunt. LYONS.—Stem rough with hair, fimple, not fo tall as that of T. glabra. Root-leaves egg-fhaped, toothed; fiem-leaves fpear-fhaped, blunt, toothed, half embracing the ftem. Pods fmooth, not fo numerous as in T. glabra. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bloffems white. Bunches terminating. Diftinguifhable from Arabis thaliana by the ftem-leaves embracing the ftem. ST.

Arabis hirfuta, SCOP. its honey-cup glands corresponding with Linnæus's character of the Arabis. SCOP. WIGGERS. Wall Crefs.

Rocks, ftony places, old walls and caftles, and dry mountainous paftures. Banks beyond Midhurft, Suffex; Switham Bottom, near Croydon; about Settle, Yorkfhire; King's Park, Edinburgh. LIGHTF. [ST.—Lakenham, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.—Wifbech, Bury. Mr. WOODWARD.—St. Vincent's Rock, plentifully. Dr. BROUGHTON and Mr. FORD.] P. June. Cows refufe it.

884. BRAS'SICA.

.884. BRAS'SICA. Cabbage.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; fpear-ftrap-fhaped; concave; channelled; hunched at the bafe; upright; parallel; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; fomewhat egg-fhaped; flat; expanding; entire; gradually tapering into *Claws*, which are nearly as long as the cup. *Honeycup Glands* 4; egg-fhaped; I placed between each fhort chive and the feed-bud; and I between each pair of the longer chives and the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; the 2 oppofite ones as long as the cup; the other 4 longer. Tips upright; tapering to a point.
- POINT. Seed-bud cylindrical; as long as the chives. Shaft fhort; as thick as the feed-bud. Summit a knob; entire.
- S. VESS. Pod long; nearly cylindrical, but depreffed on each fide. Partition projecting at the end; cylindrical. Cells 2. Values 2; fhorter than the partition.
- SEEDS many; globular.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement upright; approaching. Seeds globular. A gland between the fhorter chives and the pointal, and between the longer and the empalement.

* Shaft biuntifh.

perfoliate

BRAS'SICA orienta'lis. Leaves heart-fhaped, embracing the ftem, fmooth; root-leaves rough*, very entire. Pods 4-cornered. LINN.—All the leaves fmooth.† Syft. veg. POLLICH.

Jacq. fl. iii. 282.—J. B. ii. 835. 4.—Cluf. ii. 127. 1, repr. in Dod. 626. 2, Lob. obf. 215. 3, ic. i. 396. 2, Ger. em. 536. 2, and cop, in Park. 580. 9, H. ox. iii. 2, 19 and 20, and Pet. 45. 5, and alfo in Ger. 430. 2.—J. B. ii. 835. 3.

Petals white. LINN. HUDS.—Too nearly allied to the B. campefiris. HUDS.—Stem-leaves egg-fhaped, blunt at the end, heartfhaped at the bafe, fmooth, fea-green, very entire. Petals white, with a tinge of ftraw-colour. Pods flender, pointing upwards, and approaching the ftem. Mr. WOODW. Braffica

* \dagger These contradictions seem to render it probable that the plant given in the hort, ups, and supposed to be the *B. orientalis*, &c. of Tourn, cor, and our European species, are diffind plants. St.

Braffica campestris perfoliata flore albo. R. fyn. 293, (HUDS. ed. i. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.)—Braffica Turrita. W1GG. (ST.)

Corn fields and cliffs on the fea coaft near Harwich, and Bardfey near Orford, Suffolk, RAY, (ST.)—and corn fields near Godftone and Marshfield, Suffex. HUDS.

BRAS'SICA campes' tris. Root and ftem flender. field Stem-leaves uniform, heart-fhaped, fitting.-

Jacq. fl. iii. 282.*—Fl. dan. 550, is referred to by Linnaus.⁴— (Ger. em. 536. 2, referred to by Hudson, is a re-impression of Cluss. ii. 127. 1, which last Linnaus refers to B. orientalis.—J. B. ii. 835. 4, is also B. orientalis.)

Root-leaves lyre-shaped, fomewhat rough with hairs; slem-leaves fmooth. Bloffoms yellow. LINN.—Root-leaves oblong, indented, blunt, rough. Flowers yellow or white. HUDS.

The only places of growth given by Hudfon are those from Ray which really belong to *B. orientalis*, to which they are above referred. Sr. A. June.

BRAS'SICA Na'pus. The root a continuation of Rape the ftem. fpindle-fhaped.—

Ludw. 165.—Blackw. 224.—Walc.—Fuchf. 177, cop. in J. B. ii. 843, Trag. 730, and imitated in Lonic. i. 191. 3.—Lob. obf. 200. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 235. 2, and cop. in Park. 865, and abridged in Pet. 45. 9, and H. ox. iii. 2. row 3. 2. f. 3.—Ger. 181. 2.—(Dod. 674, is variety β.)

Root-leaves lyre-fhaped, fmooth; *ftcm-leaves* heart-fhaped-oblong, embracing the ftem, a little toothed. *Empal.* expanding, approaching to that of Sinapis. LINN.—Stem fomewhat branched, cylindrical, fmooth, about 2 feet high. *Leaves* fmooth, fea-green. *Empal.* yellowifh green. Summit a flatted knob. *Pod*, with frequently 3 or 4 warty excrefences, not occafioned merely by the bulk of the inclofed feeds. A variety with the *leaves* hairy at the edge. WITH.

-Bloffoms yellow.

Wild Navew. Rape. Nape.

* This figure is referred to by Hudfon, but Jacquin confiders it as a new fpecies, which he calls *B. aufiriaca*, obferving, that the angles at the bafe of the leaves are rounded, and not pointed, as in the figure of the Fl. dan. which Linnæus cites as reprefenting his *B. campefiris*. He adds too, that the flowers are not in bunches as reprefented in that figure, but in broad-topped fpikes, a few flowering at a time. ST.

† I am fulpicious of this reference, and Mr. Hudfon does not cite it. Mr. WOODWARD.

On

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

On ditch banks, and among corn. Cows, Goats, and Swine eat it. B. May.

The roots of the cultivated variety may be caten like the Turnep, but they have a ftronger tafte, and its feeds, which are called *Colefeed*, afford a large quantity of expressed oil, called Rape Oil. What remains after the expression of the oil is called *Oil Cake*, and is used for fattening oxen. In Norfolk the cakes are broken to pieces and strewed on the land as a manure. It is thought to be a very efficacious one, and is fold from 41. to 61. per ton. About half a ton is laid on an acre. Mr. WOODWARD.

Turnep

BRAS'SICA Ra'pa. The root a continuation of the stem, round, depressed, stellar.

Blackw. 231.—Fuchf. 212, cop. in Trag. 728.—Matth. 435, imitated in Dod. 673. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 98. 1, ic. 197. 1, Ger. em. 232. 1, and cop. in H. ox. iii. 2. row 2. 1, Pet. 45. 7; and again imitated in Ger. 177. 1.—Ger. 177. 2.

Root-leaves rough, deeply indented. Empalement yellow. Blofs. yellow.

 β . Roots oblong.

J. B. ii. 833.—Matth. 436, imitated in Dod. 673. 2, Lob. obf. 98.
2, ic. i. 197. 2, Ger. em. 232. 2, and cop. in H. ox. iii. 2.
row 3. 2. f. 1, and Pet. 45. 8.

Turneps. Knolles.

Corn fields, and borders of corn fields. B. April.

The roots are eaten either raw, boiled, or roafted. Pepper is commonly ufed with them. They relax the bowels, and are fuppofed to fweeten the blood. They are hurtful to pregnant or hyfterical women, and to thofe who are fubject to flatulencies. The juice, well fermented, affords, by diftillation, an ardent fpirit. The rind is acrimonious. If the roots are kept in fand, or in a cellar, during the winter, they fend out white fhoots and yellowifh leaves, which, being rather fweet, and not unpleafant to the palate, are ufed as fallad, when other efculent plants are not to be had. But the greateft ufe of Turneps is in feeding Oxen and Sheep in the winter. A Horfe refufed the young plants, as well as the ftalks in flower. ST.

common

BRAS'SICA *olera*'sea. The root a continuation of the ftem, cylindrical, flefhy.—

fea a. sylvestris.

Pet. 45. 6.

Stem-leaves very much waved, and varioufly indented, fea-green, with frequently a mixture of purple, the *lower* fomewhat eggfhaped,

fhaped, fitting; the upper moftly ftrap-fhaped. Flowers large. Empal. leaves egg-fhaped, broad, yellow. Blofs. yellow. Pods fhort, fwelling. Mr. WOODWARD.—Seeds dufky purple.

Sea Colewort. Sea Cabbage.

Cliffs on the fea coaft. Dover Cliffs. RAY.-Near Harleck Caft. Merionethfhire; Penzance, and other places in Cornwall. HUDS.

Early in the fpring the Sea Cabbage is preferred before the cultivated kinds: but, when gathered on the fea coaft, it must be boiled in two waters, to take away the faltnefs. When old it occasions giddinefs. The roots may be eaten like those of the preceding fpecies, but they are not fo tender. The different varieties of cultivated garden Cabbage originate from this, all of which are much in use at our tables. The Red Cabbage is chiefly used for pickling. In fome countries they bury the White Cabbage when full grown in the autumn, and thus preferve it all winter. The Germans cut them to pieces, and along with fome aromatic herbs and falt. prefs them clofe down in a tub, where they foon ferment, and are then eaten under the name of Sour Crout .- The Cabbage, whilft young, is food for the Chryfomela faltatoria, and afterwards for the Papilio Braffica. The former may be kept off by ftrewing the ground with foot; and it is faid the latter will not touch the plants if they are whipped with the green boughs of Elder. If Cabbages are fowed or planted for feveral years together in the fame foil, the heads become fmaller and the roots knotty. This is occafioned by the larvæ of flies .- A Horfe eat the leaves, but did not feem fond of them. Sr .-- Cows grow fat upon them.

BRAS'SICA mura'lis. Leaves fpear-fhaped, indented- wall ferrated, fmoothifh. Stem upright, fmooth. HUDS. CURT.—roughifh, alcending. LINN. ST.—Leaves indented or with winged clefts. ST.

Curt. iii. 27.—Barr. 131, all the leaves indented.—Fuchf. 262, cop. in J. B. ii. 861.—Ger. 191. 2.—Matth. 531. cop. in Dod. 708. 2, which repr. in Lob. obf. 102. 1, ic. i. 204. 2, Ger. em. 246. 2, which cop. again in Park. 818. 1.*

* Barrelier's figure is the only one referred to by Linnæus. Mr. Curtis refers to Mattb. J. B. Ger. em. and Park. Ray to Ger. Park. and J. B. and Mr. Hudfon to Ger. em. Park, and Barr.—Linnæus, indeed, refers Fuchfius's figure both to Sifymbrium tenuifolium and B. Erucafirum, and this as well as Mattb. Dod. Lob. and Ger. are given by C. B. to what Linnæus has named B. Erscaft. but the leaves in Fuchf. are not runcinata as in B. Erucafirum, nor the fegments fo long frap-fhaped, and free from ferratures, as they are in S. tenuifolium.—J. B. ii. 862. 3, is the beft figure of B. Erucafirum. ST.

Vol. II.

3 A

Stems

TETRADYNAMIA SILIQUOSA.

Stems fprinkled with a few fliff hairs, branched and leafy above the bafe. Leaves tooth-ferrated, or imperfectly and very diftantly ferrated, on leaf-ftalks, fmooth, fprinkled underneath with fome feattered hairs, of a pot-herb-like appearance. Flowering-fiallis long, at first drooping, and then alcending. Emploment half expanding, with a few hairs, vaulted at the top. Bloffoms yellow, very blunt, as large as the diameter of the leaves. Pods thickifn. fightly compreffed; valves imperfectly keeled. Differs in but very few respects from the Silymbrium monenle. LINN. Mr. WOODWARD. -Very much branched from the root. Branches woody. Leaves with nearly winged clefts. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem 11 foot high. upright, cylindrical, woody at the bafe. Leaves with winged clefts and jagged, fmooth, expanding, of a difagreeable fcent. Emtal. 2 of the leaves almost upright; 2 hunched at the ends, bent back; before the bloffom is expanded appearing as if tipped with 2 horns from the projecting points of 2 of the leaves, which are befet with z or 2 hairs. Petals of the larger fize, twice as large as the empalement, yellow, with claws. Shaft very fhort. Pods 11 inch long, round, marked on each fide with a prominent line. Seeds egg-shaped, slightly compressed. CURT .- Leaves, segments of those with winged clefts ftrap-fhaped-oblong, expanding, toothed, and fometimes quite entire, the terminating one broader, fpearfhaped, indented. Sr.

Silymbrium murale, LINN. which fee.

Wild Rocket. RAY.

Old walls and rubbifh. Walls of Yarmouth, RAY, [Mr. WOOL-WARD,] Chefter, Taunton Caftle, Lichfield Clofe, Berwick, &c. RAY,--and about London, Briftol, and Exeter. HUDS.

A. LINN. P. HUDS. CURT. May-July. All the parts of this plant are confiderably acrid, and have a rank difagreeable fmell.

Isle of Man

BRAS'SICA monen's. Leaves with winged clefts, wings cut-ferrated. Stem nearly naked, trailing. HUDS. -Leaves indented and winged. GOUAN. ST.

Lightf. 25. 1. at p. 347, excellent.—Pet. 46. 7, in fruit.—Dill. clth. 111. 135, has leaves with winged clefts, and fegments very entire, a flate in which I have not feen it.*

* Dillenius's plant accords much better with the Linnæan character, and is, I am inclined to believe, a diftinct plant from that of Lightf. and Pet. It corresponds very exactly with fome of my specimens of *B. muralis*. ST.

Very

Very much accords with S. murale in the fize of the plant, eaves, flowers, and fruit. Root perennial. Leaves with almost vinged clefts, being divided more than half way to the mid-rib, trap-maped, befet with a few hairs; wings remote, bluntifh, nostly 7. Stalks upright, fmooth. Empalement closed. Petals ellow, entire. LINN .- Stems and leaves befet with a few hairs. Hubs .- Stem fmooth, reclining, from the centre of the leaves, to or 12 inches long, with commonly one leaf towards the bafe. Root-leaves with generally a few, feattered hairs, especially about heir leaf-stalks; wings 5 or 6 pair, oval, pointed, deeply indented, ome alternate, fome opposite, increasing in fize towards the end, the terminating one larger, with 3 flight lobes, which are indented; the stem-leaf with strap-shaped wings, a little indented on their lower edges. Empalement hairy at the top. Petals twice as long as the empalement. LIGHTF .- Stem with fometimes I or 2 branches, the uppermoft more than half way up the ftem. Leaves in all the fpecimens I have feen winged; wings oblong-fpear-fhaped; flightly running down the mid-rib, horizontal or widely expanding, tooth-ferrated, on the hinder edge frequently cut; teeth expanding, pointed, the lowermost fometimes bent back; those of the ftem-leaves or branches ftrap-fhaped, with now and then a fawlike tooth. Sr.

Sea fhores in fandy foil. Between Ramfey and the town. Sella Fields Sea-bank, Cumberland, between Marfh Grainge and the Ifle of Walney, near Abermeny Ferry, Anglefea. RAY.—Ifles of Bute, Skye, and Arran, and in Cantire. B. P. HUDS. May—July.

The different species afford nourishment to the PAPILIO Braffica, Rapæ, and Napi; PHALÆNA fulginosa; APHIS Brafficæ; and CHRYSOMELA Hyoscyami.

3 A 2

885. SINA'PIS.

885. SINA'PIS. Muftard.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; expanding; ftrap-fhaped; concave; channelled; ftanding crofs-ways and expanding; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; circular; flat; expanding; entire. Claws upright; ftrap-fhaped; rather fhorter than the cup; fitting. Honey-cup Glands 4; egg-fhaped; I between each fhorter chive and the pointal; and I between each pair of longer chives and the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; the 2 oppofite ones as long as the cup; the other 4 longer. Tips upright; but expanding; tapering.
- POINT. Seed-bud cylindrical. Shaft as long as the feedbud, and as tall as the chives. Summit a knob; entire.
- S. VESS. Pod oblong; with protuberances on the lower part; rough. Cells 2. Values 2. Partition large; compreffed; generally twice as long as the values.
- SEEDS many; globular.
 - ESS. CHAR. Empalement expanding. Bloss. claws upright.* A gland between the shorter chives and the pointal, and between the longer and the empalement

 O_{BS} . Differs from *Braffica* in its expanding empalement, and the upright claws of the bloffom.

Charlock

SINA'PIS arven's. Pods with many angles, fwoln and bunched out by the feeds, fmooth, longer than the 2-edged bill. LINN.—Pods fometimes a little hairy. RELH.

1. dan. 753.—Fuchf. 257, cop. in J. B. ii. 844, and Dod. 675.
1, which repr. in Ger. em. 233. 2.—Ger. 199.—Lob. obf. 99.
1, repr. in ic. i. 198. 2, and cop. in Park. 862. 3, H. ox. iii.
3. 7, and Fet. 45. 12.—(Fl. dan. 678, and Ger. 199 and 179.
2, are Raphan. Raphanifir. as is evident from the dark lines on the

petals.—Matth. 451, is S. nigra.)

* Recti is an error for erecti. Sr.

Woonw.—Stem green, rough with a very few ftiff haits. Leaves without any caft of fea-green. Pods fwoln, not angular. Empal. yellow, half as long as the petals. Mr. Woonw.—Leaves harfh; deeply indented and ferrated. Seeds brown.

Charlock. Chadlock. Wild Mustard. Corn Cale.

Corn fields, and borders of corn fields.

A. May.

The Scandinavians boil and eat it as Cabbage, and in Ireland the tender tops are collected for the fame purpose.

Cows, Goats, and Swine eat it. Sheep are very fond of it. Horfes generally refufe it.

SINA'PIS al'ba. Pods rough with hair, with a very white long, flanting, fword-fhaped bill.

Blackw. 29.—Ger. em. 244. 4, cop. in Fet. 45. 10.—Fuchf. 538, cop. in J. B. ii. 856, and Trag. 101. 1.—Lonic. i. 164. 2.— Matth. 563, imitated in Dod. 707. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 100. 2, and ic. i. 203. 1, Ger. em. 244. 2, and cop. in H. ox. iii. 3. row 1. 2.

Bunches and fruit-flalks fcored. Pods with 3 knots, fomewhat keeled; hairs expanding; bill keeled, even as far as the laft joint. LINN.—Leaves-rough, all deeply indented or lobed, and frequently with a pair of fmall wings on the leaf-ftalk. Fods bunched with the feeds; beak fcored, dark green, with a few hairs. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem ftrong, hard, nearly cylindrical, branched, fet with ftrong hairs pointing downwards. Leaves rough with ftrong hairs, deeply divided, fegments 3 or 5, the terminating one very broad, large, toothed, and indented. Fruit-flalks fet with ftrong hairs pointing downwards. Empal. leaves upright, opening a little at the top, yellow or purplifh, prickly. Fetals, limb inverfely egg-fhaped. Seeds white or reddifh. WITH.

Corn fields, and road fides.

A. Aug.

expanding.

It is fown in the winter, and early in the fpring, to fupply our tables with fallading. The feeds have nearly the fame properties as those of the next species.

SINA'PIS nigra. Pods fmooth, laid to the fpike- common falk.--

Blackw. 446.—J. B. ii. 855.—(Matth. 562, cop. in Dod. 706. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 100. 1; ic. i. 202. 2, Ger. em. 244. 1, cop. in Park. 831. 1, Pet. 45. 11, and H. ox. iii. 3. row 1. 1, are very properly omitted by Ray, as is evident from the expanding fruit-falks.)

Lower-leaves rough, deeply indented; the upper fmooth, entire. BERK. bot. arr. ed. i.—Stem very much branched; branches diftant, 714

expanding. Root-leaves rough; flem-leaves fmooth. Pods fhort, parallel. RELHAN.—Stem cylindrical, fcored, upper part fmooth. Leaves, the upper frequently fimple, fpear-fhaped, fharply toothed. Pods flightly hairy; bili fmooth. Fruit-flaks fhort. Mr. Woodw. Cups yellow. Blofs. pale yellow.

Corn fields, ditch banks, road fides, [and banks of the Severn. Sr.] A. June.

The feeds, reduced to powder, make the common muftard, fo much in requeft at our tables. They yield a confiderable quantity of expressed oil, which partakes but little of the acrimony of the plant. The feeds, when unbruifed, impart but little tafte to boiling water. Taken inwardly, in the quantity of a meat fpoonful or more, they gently loofen the bowels, and are of fervice in afthma, chronic rheumatism, and palfy. The powdered feeds curdle milk, and give a ftrong impregnation to boiling water. This infusion, taken in confiderable quantity, vomits; in fmaller dofes it is an uleful aperient and diuretic. Cataplasms, formed with crumb of bread, vinegar, and powdered muftard feed, are very commonly applied to the foles of the feet, as ftimulants, in fevers that require fuch treatment; they are used with advantage, topically applied, in fixed rheumatic and feiatic pains. Upon the whole, wherever we want a ftrong ftimulus, that acts upon the nervous fystem, without exciting much heat, we know none preferable to mustard feed. Its acrimony confists in an effential

The Phalæna fulizinofa lives upon the different species.

836. RAPH'ANUS.

886. RAPH'ANUS. Radifh.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; upright; oblong; parallel; approaching; deciduous; hunched at the bafe.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely heart-fhaped; expanding; claws a little longer than the cup. Honey-cup Glands 4; 1 between each fhorter chive and the pointal; and 1 between the longer chives and the cup, on each fide.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; awl-fhaped; upright; 2 as long as the cup; the other 4 as long as the claws of the bloffom. *Tips* oblong; upright; arrow-fhaped.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; diftended; tapering; as long as the chives. Shaft hardly perceptible. Summit a knob; entire.
- S. VESS. hunched; oblong; ending in a point; fimooth; diftended with feveral protuberances, fo as to appear almost jointed.

SEEDs roundifh; fmooth.

ESS. CHAR. Empalement clofed. Pod protuberant; mosily jointed; cylindrical. Honey-cup Glands, 2 between the florter chives and the pointal; and as many between the longer chives and the empalement.

RAPH'ANUS Raphanif'trum. Pods round, jointed, wild finooth, of I cell, LINN.—originally of 2 cells, but, as the feeds increase in fize, the partition becomes obliterated. HALL. POLLICH. M.T. WOODWARD.

Curt. iv. 45.—Linn. amoen acad. vi. at p. 451.—Fl. dan. 678.— J. B. ii. 851. 1.—Ger. 179. 2.—Lob. ic. i. 199. 1, repr. in Ger. 240. 1, and abridged in Pet. 46. 10.—Ger. 199.—Park. 863. 4, cop. in H. ox. iii. 13. 1 and 2.—Park. 863. 5, cop. in H. ox. iii. 13. row 2. 4. f. 4.—(Ger. 185. 1, is furely more like Sinapis aroenfir.)

Stemrough with transparent hairs pointing backwards. Leaves fometimes rough with hairs; the lower lyre-fhaped, wings alternate, heart-oblong, ferrated, the lowermoft very finall, the odd one very large, rounded at the end, fcolloped; the upper oblong-fpearfhaped, fcollop-ferrated. Leaf-falks generally rough with hairs. Empalement rough with white hairs, very fmooth at the bafe. Blots. generally yellow, but fometimes white or violet, with blackifh veins. Pod, joints falling off feparately. LINN.—Differs from the Sinopis arvenfis as follows: Stems even, and ufually fea-green, 3 A 4

generally branched from the bottom. Empalement upright, clofe. Blofs. white, and pale red, as well as yellow, and all in general ftriped with purplifh veins. CURT.—Plant generally of a feagreen caft. Petals of whatever colour, veined with dark lines. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. yellow and ftraw-coloured.

a. Bloffoms white.

White-flowered Charlock.

B. Bloffoms pale yellow.-Amongst corn. A. June. July.

In wet feafons it grows in great quantity amongft the Barley, in Sweden, and the common people who eat barley bread, are afflicted with very violent convultive complaints in those provinces, and in those feafons wherein this plant abounds. *Amoen. acad.* vi. 430.—Horfes eat it. Cows refuse it.

 γ . HUDS. Under the cliffs by the fea fide, about half a mile from the Fifher-houfes at Bourn, Suffex. R. fyn.

4?

ſea

Pet. 46. 11.

Great White Charlock. PET.

Raphanistrum siliqua articulata, striata maxima. R. hist. 806. 4. (PET.)

887. BU'NIAS. Rocket.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; oblong-egg-fhaped; expanding; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; inverfely egg-fhaped; twice-as long as the cup. Claws taper; upright.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; as long as the cup; the 2 opposite ones not quite fo long. Tips upright; cloven at the bafe.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft none. Summit blunt.

- S. VESS. Pod irregular; oblong-egg-fhaped; with 4 fides; edges with 1 or 2 fharp points; not opening; deciduous.
- SEEDS few; roundifh; I placed under each point of the pod.

Ess. CHAR. Pod falling off; 4-fided; befet with unequal taper-pointed angles.

B U'N I AS Ca'kile. Pods egg-fhaped, fmooth, 2-edged. Lob. obf. 110. 3, repr. in ic. i. 223. 1, Ger. em. 248. 5, and cop. in Park. 821. 1, H. ox. iii. 6. 20, and Pet. 46. 6.—J. B. ii. 868. 1.

Plant fmooth, fea-green, of a falt tafte. Leaves fiefhy. Pods falling off, and leaving a cloven bafe behind. LINN.—Root flender, woody,

woody, running deep into the fand, and terminated by a few rigid fibres. Stem woody, much branched. Leaves oblong-wedgefhaped, fitting, deeply cut, or with winged clefts. Flowers pale purple. Fruit-flaks fhort. Pods large, and flefhy. Mr. Woodw. Sea fhore, [in deep fand, frequently just above high water

mark. Yarmouth, Norfolk; Southwold, Suffolk. Mr. Wood-WARD.] A. June. July.

Horfes eat it.

888. I'SATIS. Woad.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; rather expanding; coloured; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; oblong; blunt; expanding; gradually tapering into Claws.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; upright; but expanding; as long as the bloffom; but 2 of them not quite to long. Tips oblong; lateral.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; 2-edged; compreffed; as long as the fhorter chives. Sl.aft none. Summit a blunt knob.
- S. VESS. Pod oblong-fpear-fhaped; blunt; compreffed; 2-edged; with 1 cell; not opening. Values 2; boatfhaped; compreffed; keeled; deciduous.
- SEED fingle; egg-fhaped; in the centre of the feed-vefs. Ess. CHAR. Pod Jpear-fhaped; of I cell; with I feed; falling off. Values 2; boat-fhaped.

I'SATIS tincto'ria. Root-leaves fcolloped; flem- common leaves arrow-fhaped. Pouches oblong. LINN.—Rootleaves finely toothed. POLLICH.

α Fuch 5, 332, cop. in J. B. ii. 909. 2, Matth. 635, Dod. 79. 2, which repr. in Lob. obf. 190. 1, ic. i. 352. 1, Ger. em. 491. 2, and cop. in Pet. 48. 9.

Glastum Sylvestre GER. em. 491. PARK. 600. (ST.)

β Fuchf. 331, cop. in J. B. ii. 909. 1, Matth. 634, and Dod. 79.
 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 189, ic. i. 351. 2, Ger. em. 491. 1, and cóp. in Park. 600. 3, and abridged in Trag. 256.—Ger. 394.—H.ox. iii. 15. 10 and 11.—Blackw. 246.—Lonic. i. 149. 1.

Pods on flender fruit-stalks, hanging down. Mr. WOODWARD. --Stem branched. Leaves, the uppermost strap-spear-standed. Empalement yellow. Petals notched at the end. Pods chesnut-coloured. Bloss. yellow. WITH.

Word

Wead.—Corn fields, and borders of corn fields, but rather rare. HUDS.—New Barns, near Ely. RELITAN. B. June. July.

With the price of this plant the ancient Britons painted their bodies to render themfelves more terrible to their enemies. It is much used by the dyers for its blue colour, and it is the bafis of many other colours.

Cows eat it. Horfes, Sheep, and Goats refufe it.

889. CRAM'BE Colewort.

- EMPAL. Cup 4 leaves; egg-fhaped; channelled; rather expanding; deciduous.
- BLOSS. 4 petals; forming a crofs; large; blunt; broad; expanding. Claws upright, but ftanding open; as long as the cup.
- CHIVES. Threads 6; 2 of them as long as the cup; the other 4 longer than the cup, and cloven at the end. Tips fimple; fixed to the outermost division of the threads. Honey-cup Glands placed on each fide; between the blossom and the longer chives.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft none. Summit rather thick.

S. VESS. Berry dry; roundifh; of 1 cell; deciduous. SEED fingle; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. The 4 longer threads forked at the point; 1 of the forks bearing a tip. Berry dry; globular; falling off.

fea CRAM'BE marit'ima. Leaves and ftem fmooth. LINN. — Leaves roundifh-egg-fhaped, waved, flefhy. HUDS.

> Fl. dan. 3×6.—Ger. 243. 16, cop. in Pet. 48. 12.—Ger. cm. 315. 15; cop. in H. ox. iii. 2. 16.—Park. 270. 4. b,—Lob. adv. 92, repr. in ic. i. 245, cop. in Fark. 270. 4. a, Ger. 248. 15, and J. B. ii. 830. 2; the pods reprefented as fpear-fhaped.

This plant lurks as it were under the larva of a *Braffica*, as is evident from its fructification being fo diftinct. L_{1NN} .—Whole *plant* fmooth. Stems many, fpreading and much branched. Rootleaves on leaf-ftalks, very large, fpreading wide on the ground, varioufly waved, jagged, and indented, fmooth, fea-green, fometimes tinged with purple; *ftem-leaves* fitting. *Fruit-ftalks* long. *Flowers* white. Pod at first egg-fhaped, terminated by a blunt fummit, afterwards nearly globular. Mr. Woodw.—Blofs. white.

Sea

Sea Colewort.

Sandy fea fhores. [Roofebeck in Low Furnefs, Lancafhire. Mr. WOODWARD.—Near Mevagiffey, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.] P. May. June. The young and tender leaves are boiled as Cabbage, but when

full grown they occafion giddinefs.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it.

There is one variety with jagged leaves, and another with yellowifh bloffoms.

Cia's

Class XVI.

MONADELPHIA.

THREADS UNITED.

I N this Clafs the *Threads* are all united together at the bottom, but feparate at the top. The ORDERS are determined by the number of Chives. The Flowers admit of the following

NATURAL CHARACTER.

EMPAL. Cup always prefent; permanent; in many inflances double.

- BLOSS. Petals 5; inverfely heart-fhaped; the edge of one lying over the edge of the next, from the right to the left.
- CHIVES. Threads united at the bottom; feparate at the top. The outer ones the florteft. Tips fixed fideways to the threads.
- POINT. Receptacle of the fruit projecting in the centre of the flower. Seed-budy upright; furrounding the top of the receptacle in a jointed circle. Shafts united at bottom into one body with the receptacle; but feparated at the top into as many parts as there are feed-buds. Summits expanding; flender.

S. VESS. Capfules divided into as many cells as there are

fhafts; of various figures in different genera; and often compoled of the fame number of feed-coats united. SEEDS kidney-fhaped.

OBS. The plants of this natural Clafs were confidered by Tourn. as having only I petal. But all the petals are diffined at the bafe, though, by the intervention of the united threads, they cohere all together as one body, on which account they may more properly be confidered as having 5 petals. LINN.—The petals are truly a continuation of the cylindrical fheath formed by the united threads, which inclofes the fhafts, and feed-bud as it defcends, when rifing upwards, it fpreads out into petals. WITH. ST.

720

The

THREADS UNITED.

The plants of the 6th Order are mucilaginous and emollient, and these properties are common to every part of the plant. None of them are poisonous.

Order IV.

DECANDRIA; X. CHIVES.

897. GERA'NIUM. I pointal. Capf. 5 dry berries; with a long bill.

+ Spartium. Genista. Anthyllis. Ulex. Ononis.

Order VI.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

907. LAVATE'RA. Many pointals. Outer Cup with 3 clefts. Seed-coats in whorls; 1 feed in each.
906. MAL'VA. Many pointals. Outer Cup 3 leaves. Seed-coats feveral; in whorls; 1 feed in each.
904. ALTHE'A. Many pointals. Outer Cup with 9 clefts. Seed-coats in whorls; 1 feed in each.

Order

Order IV.

DECANDRIA; X. CHIVES.

897. GERA'NIUM. Cranes-bill.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 5; egg-fhaped; fharp; concave; permanent.

- BLOSS. Petals 5; inverfely heart-fhaped; or egg-fhaped; expanding; large.
- CHIVES. Threads 10; awl-fhaped; expanding towards the top; alternately longer and fhorter; fhorter than the bloffom. Tips oblong; turning about like a vane.
- POINT. Seed-bud with 5 angles and a bill. Shaft awlfhaped; longer than the chives; permanent. Summits 5; reflected.
- S. VESS. none. Fruit 5 dry berries; with a bill.
- SEEDS folitary; kidney-fhaped; often furnished with a dry husky coat, and a very long awn, which, after fome time, rolls up fpirally.
 - Ess. CHAR. Pointal 1. Summits 5. Fruit with a bill; and 5 dry berries.

OBS. In fome fpecies, only every other chive is furnished with a tip. The awn of the feed, in fome species, is hairy, in others fmooth. In the three first species, the petals are not quite equal; there is a little gland between each petal; the threads are 10, but only every other furnished with a tip; the flowers growing in rundles, the feeds naked, and the awns hairy. In the 14th species, only 5 of the threads have tips.

* 5 of the chives furnished with tips. Empal. of 5 leaves. Fruit declining. GERA'NIUM cicuta'rium. Fruitstalks with many flowers. Chives 5. Leaves winged, cut, blunt. Stem branched.—

Curt. i. 9, in its middle state of growth.—Fuchs. 204, cop. in J. B. iii. 479, grown to its full extent, in a rich foil.—Dod. 64. 14 repr. in Lob. ic. 659. 1, and Ger. em. 945. 3, and cop. in Pet. 65. 3, and H. cx. v. 15. 9, in its earliest state, in fandy foil.— Ger. 300. 3, and also 4 the variety with white slowers, in its middle state of growth and luxuriance.

Petals

hemlock

THREADS UNITED, X. CHIVES.

Petals entire, fomewhat raifed from the empalement, the 2 uppermoft marked with a fpot at the bafe, which mark is fo ftriking as to induce me to doubt whether the G. pimpinellæ folio of Dillenius, and the G. mojchatum, which have the fame fpots, are really difting fpecies. LINN .- Petals nearly regular, purple, with purple fcores. POLLICH .- Plant as it is found in the fpring. Stem none. Stalk riling from the root. Petals, the 2 upper marked with a fpot. Plant as found in autumn. Stem branched, trailing. Petals, all without fpots. Honey-cup fcale very fmall. LEERS .- Petals 2, and fometimes 3, marked with a blackifh green fpot towards the bafe. RELH. -Plant varying from nearly fmooth to very hairy in a good foil, or on rubbifh large, very much branched, with a rundle bearing many flowers, but on fandy heaths fmall, and nearly fimple, with a rundle of few flowers. Leaves winged; wings with winged clefts, the lower diftant, fomewhat alternate; the upper crowded, oppofite: little wings spear-fhaped, pointed, jagged. Petals very entire, nearly equal. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves not ending in a fharp point. Seed-coat elegantly fet with yellowish hairs, and marked with a hollow dot on each fide the bafe of the awn. WITH.

Among the numberless inftances of obvious providential defign and contrivance, in the ftructure of the feeds and feed-veffels of plants, few are, perhaps, more remarkable, or more firikingly difplay themfelves as the workmanship of an intelligent artificer, than that which we meet with in the feeds of the Geranium cicutarium. molchatum, and, perhaps, in fome other species of Geranium. The feeds of this genus furround the pointal at its bafe; each feed is covered with a diffinct feed-coat peculiar to itfelf, which, after having inclosed the feed, runs out in the form of a narrow appendage or tail, to the extremity of the fhaft, to which it is flightly connected along its whole length, and which has 5 grooves or flutes to receive the 5 feeds with their appendages. Each of thefe appendages has the property of contracting itself into a spiral cr fcrew-like form, when dry; and of again extending itfelf into a right line, when moift. In fhort, it is a fpiral fpring, which lengthens or contracts itfelf alternately, as often, and in fuch proportion, as it happens to become wet or dry. This power first exerts itfelf when the feed and its appendage becomes dry, in confequence of arriving at maturity; when it gradually feparates the feed from its parent plant. The feed, thus difengaged, is continually contracting and dilating itfelf, as the weather changes from wet to dry, and from dry to wet; and by this means is kept in motion, till it is either deftroyed by the viciffitudes of the feafons. or meets with fome crevice in the earth, or fome light porous fpot, into which it can eafily infinuate itfelf, and from thenoe, in due time,

MONADELPHIA DECANDRIA.

time, produce a new plant. The particular minutize of the mechanical ftructure and operations of this curious feed will be better underftood by infpection, than by the moft accurate and laboured defcription: and all its manœuvres may be feen in a fhort fpace of time, by alternately moiftening and drying it; which may be readily done, by putting a little water on one edge of a white ftone or china plate, and removing it by turns from the dry to the moift, and from the moift to the dry part of the plate: or the changes may ftill more quickly be produced, by removing it from the wet to a frefh plate, and drying it before a fire. I mention a white plate, becaufe on that, I imagine, the fine hairs which difplay themfelves from the fides of the tail, as that contracts, and which act as fulcra, or feet, to affift and direct the feed in its motions, are moft eafily diftinguifhed. Dr. ARNOLD.

Road fides, fields, walls, and rubbish, in a fandy foil.

P. Apr.—Aug. Cows and Horfes eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. LINN. A Horfe refufed it. ST.

 β HUDS. Flowers larger. Bloss. white. Stems thicker. Leaves not fo finely cut. RAY.—Leaves hoary with white hairs, poffibly the effect of the fea air. Mr. WOODWARD.

Near Camberwell. RAY.—Sea banks near Weens, Fifefhire. LIGHTF.—[On Yarmouth Denes very plentifully, and elfewhere within the diftance of a few miles from the fea. Mr. WOODW.]

γ Hups. and β LINN.

G. pimpinellifolium. CURT. which fee.

burnet-leaved

GERA'NIUM pimpinellifo'lium. CURT. cat. Mr. WOODWARD.—Fruit-stalks with many flowers. Chives 5. Leaves winged, cut. Stem.branched. The 2 upper petals fpotted at the bafe.—

Leaves not fo deeply divided, fcentlefs. *Petals* broadifh, unequal, the 2 uppermost marked with a greenish fpot. DILL.— *Leaves, wings* with deeper winged clefts than those of *G. cicutarium*; *little wings* nearly ftrap-schaped, rarely jagged. *Petals,* generally the 2 upper schorter and rounder, with a greenish spot at the base, but sometimes only I, or 3, 4, and in one instance all 5 spotted, in which case the spotted ones are broad and short, and in the last instance the blossom became regular. Mr. WOODWARD.

Geranium pimpinellæ folio. R. fyn. 358. (Mr. WOODWARD.)

Near Hackney. DILL.—Sandy heaths and corn fields, Suffolk, frequent. -I have cultivated it for feveral years without obferving any variation in it, and Mr. Curtis, who has raifed it in his botanic garden from feeds which I fent him, is fatisfied that it is a diffinct fpecies. Mr. WOODW. GERA'-

THREADS UNITED, X. CHIVES.

GERA'NIUM moscha'tum. Fruit-stalks with many musc flowers. Chives -5. Leaves winged, cut. Seed-lobes with winged clefts.—

Jacq. hort. i. 55.—Blackw. 150.—Matth. 856, cop. in Dod. 63. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 376. 1, ic. i. 658. 2, Ger. em. 941, and cop. in Park. 709. 1, Pet. 65. 2, and H. ox. v. 15. 10.—Ger. 796.—Trag. 347.—J. B. iii. 479, though a copy of Fuchfius's figure of G. cicutarium, and H. ox. v. 15. 9, though a copy of Dod. 64. 1, are a pretty good reprefentation of it.— (Fuchf. 204, is G. cicutarium. In all except Blackw. the little leaves are too deeply cloven, whence Haller has referred the figure of Dod. to G. cicutarium.]

Very like the G. cicutarium, of an ambrofial fcent. LINN.-----Whole plant more hairy than G. cicutarium; hairs glutinous, particularly those of the empalement. Howers more numerous, forming a roundifh head. Pedicles fhorter. Leaves, wings fewer, eggfhaped, fometimes only ferrated, or jagged, rarely with winged clefts. Mr. WOODWARD.--Whole plant hairy. Stems fivoln and crooked at the joints. Leasts opposite and alternate, the terminating one with 3 clefts. Fruit-flatks with from 4 to 10 flowers, thickly fet with fine white hairs, ending in pellucid globules. Empalements fet with the fame kind of hairs as the fruit-flatks; leaves unequal, ribbed, ending in fpit-points. Petals with 3 fibres. Tips double. Seed-coat with firong yellow hairs. Bloss. red or purple. WITH.

Musked Cranes-bill. Muscovy.

Dry paftures in Weftmoreland and Yorkfhire. Near Batterfea, and between Briftol and St. Vincent's Rock. [Near Stourbridge. ST.] A. May. June.

The whole plant fmells like Mußk, but it lofes this property when bruifed.—A Horfe refufed it. Sr.

GERA'NIUM marit'imum. Fruit-stalks with mostly fea 3 flowers. Chives 5. Leaves heart-shaped, fcolloped, cut, rough. Stems depressed. LINN. — Fruit-stalks with from 1 to 3 flowers. Mr. WOODWARD.

Pluk. 31. 4, cop. in Pet. 65. 1.—H. ox. v. 35. row 3. f. 2. Rundle often leafy. Petals entire, often wanting. Fruit-flaks with often 2 flowers. LINN.—Stems branched, lying clofe to the ground. Root-leaves on long fruit-ftalks, fpreading in a circle on the ground, haify, varioufly cut and jagged, fometimes nearly lobed; ftem-leaves fimilar. Iruit-ftalks florter than the leaves. Flowers 1 to 3, fmall. Beaks very fmall, not exceeding half an inch in length. Mr. WOODWARD.—Fruit-flaks frequently with only 1 Vol. II. <u>3</u> B flower,

MONADELPHIA DECANDRIA.

flower, as figured in Pluk. ST. WITH.—Root-leaves lying on the ground. Leaf-flaks much longer than the leaves. Fruit-flaks compreffed. Threads fpear-fhaped. Tips purple. Summits greenifhyellow. Blofs. pale red. WITH.

Sandy fea fhores, common. [Acle, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.--Rocks at Portawen, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.--Sandy commons between Enville and Bewdley, Worcefterfh. Mr. J. A. HUNTER.] B. June. July.

** All the 10 chives furnished with tips. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. Perennials.

dufky

GERA'NIUM phe'um. Fruit-ftalks folitary,* opposite the leaves. Empalements fomewhat awned. .Stem upright. Petals waved. LINN. fyst. veg.—Fruitftalks with 2 flowers. Sp. pl. ST.

Walc.—Cluf. ii. 99. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 942. 3, and cop. in Park. 704 3.—(Dod. 64. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 377. 1, ic. i. 661. 1, Ger. em. 945. 1, and cop. in Park. 704. f. 2, quoted by Ray, and cop. by Hudfon, is G. fufcum, and does not fo well accord with our specimens.)

Stem upright, from a cubit to 3 feet high, knotty. Leaves foft. the younger ones filky, ribbed; the lower ones on long leaf-ftalks in pairs, the upper folitary; lobes 5, unequally toothed, the lateral ones lobed. Flower-scales flaccid, yellow, egg-fpear-shaped, 2 at the bafe of each fruit-ftalk. Empalement foft, with a few long hoary hairs. Petals nearly 5-cornered, taper-pointed, waved at the edge; claws white, with 5 ftar-like rays. Threads hairy about the bafe. Glands 5. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem with a few long fhining hairs. Fruit-ftalks very flender, moftly 2. Mr. Wood-WARD .- Stems nearly cylindrical, woolly below, from 18 inches to 2 feet high; joints large, tinged with red. Leaves, the lower with 6 or 7 lobes, the middle ones with 4 or 5, the uppermoft 3 or 4; lobes ferrated. Fruit-flalks forked, with 2 flowers. Empal. thick fet with fhort hairs, terminated by little globules, intersperfed with a few long, foft, woolly hairs; leaves with 3 longitudinal lines, and terminated by little blunt callous fubftances. Petals egg-fhaped, blackish purple, shining; claws white, marked with 5 lines, and woolly. Threads purple, broad and woolly at the bafe, flightly united by means of 5 green glandular fubftances placed on the outfide of them; after flowering turned outwards. Tips whitish, the feams marked with a purple line. Dust greenish yellow.

^{*} As oppofed to those of G. fufcum, which are faid to be not folitary fupporting a flowers, but diftind from the base. $S\tau$.

THREADS UNITED, X. CHIVES.

vellow. Seed-bud woolly. Shaft green, fhorter than the chives till the time of flowering, Seed-coats hairy. Seeds oblong-eggshaped. WITH.

Mountainous pastures. Tovel near Maidstone. About Clapham, and Ingleton, Yorkshire. P. May. June.

GERA'NIUM nodo'sum. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. knotty Petals nicked. Stem-leaves with 3 lobes, entire, ferrated, fhining underneath .---

Ciul. ii. 101. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 947. 2, and cop. in Park. 703. 2, 7. B. iii. 478. 1, Fet. 65. 4, and H. ox. v. 16. 22.-Cluf. ii. 101. 2.- (Ger. 797. 1, not the plant.)

Stems spreading, more compressed than in G. striatum. Petals flefh-coloured, with 3 purple fcores, running half way to the point. LINN .- Flowers before bloffoming hanging down, afterwards upright. HALL. Mr. WOODW .- Stems fmooth, fhining, fwoln at the joints. Leaves, the lower with 5 lobes, the upper with 3 lobes, oppofite; lobes fpear-fhaped, ftraddling, entire at the bafe, irregularly ferrated upwards, with 3 ftrong nearly parallel ribs, and with a few fhort ftiff hairs arifing from glands. Leaffcales and flower-scales alike, small, pointed. Fruit-stalks short. Empal. leaves awned, fmooth. Petals red, fcolloped; fcollops blunt, regular. Mr. WOODWARD.

Mountainous fituations in Cumberland, RAY. [Mr. WOODW.] P. July. Aug,

GERA'NIUM fylvat'icum. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. wood Leaves fomewhat target-fhaped, with 5 lobes, cut-ferrated. Stem upright. Petals nicked, LINN .- fometimes quite entire. LIGHTF. ST.

Role 1. at p. 472, Geranium palustre .- Fl. dan. 124 .- Clus. ii. 99. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 942. 2.-Ger. 797. 1.

Panicle forked, nearly level. Pedicles much longer than the fence. Empalement awned, as foon as the flowering is over becomes upright, with the points bent back. Bloss. bell-shaped-expanding, violet-coloured, fometimes white, or variegated with white. Shaft not longer than the chives. Flowers at the fame time with the Apple-tree. LINN. ST .- Flowers before bloffoming hanging down, afterwards upright. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves flightly hairy, the lower with 7 lobes, the middle with 5, the upper with 3. Fruit-falks with fometimes more than 2 flowers. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, fmall. Empalements and fruit-falks very hairy. Petals large. Mr. WOODWARD .- Hairs on the flowering ftems, edges of the leaves, and on the empalement, ending in finall 3 B 2 globnles.

MONADELPHIA DECANDRIA.

globules. Leaves, fegments terminating in fmall flefhy glands; the upper fitting. Empalements ribbed, membranaceous at the edge, ending in fpit-points. Petals purple, flightly notched at the end, a little woolly at the bafe. WITH.

Geranium batrachoides alterum. GER. em. 942. (Sr.)

Mountainous thickets and paftures in Weftmoreland, Cumberland, and Yorkfh. and fides of rivers in rocky and fhady places. [Helt Wood in Leziate, near Lynn, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.— About Ayfgarth Force, Wenflydale. Mr. WOOD.—Near Conifton, Lancafhire, and elfewhere in the North. Mr. WOODW.—Corby Caftle, Cumberland. ST.—Near Hales Owen, Shropfh. WITH.] P. June. July.

Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Horfes refufe it.

2. Dwarf, with very large flowers. LIGHTFOOT.

Scotland.

Crowfoot GERA'NIUM praten's. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. Leaves somewhat target-shaped, with many divisions, wrinkled, pointed. Petals entire.—

> Curt. iv. 43.—Matth. 857, imitated in Cluf. ii. 100. 1, which repr. in Dod. 63. 2, Lob. obf. 376. 3, ic. i. 659. 2, Ger. em. 943. 1, and cop. in Pet. 65. 7.—Walc.—Ger. 797. 2.—Fuchf. 208, cop. in 7. B. iii. 475.—H. ox. v. 16. 14.

Pedicles while it is in bloffom not longer than the fence. Empal. awned, after flowering closed, nodding. Blos. flat. Petals blue, rounded at the end, not nicked. Shaft longer than the chives. Begins to flower when the G. fylvaticum is going out. LINN .- Stem 2 to 3 feet high. Leaves with 7 to 5 divisions; fegments lobed, deeply toothed, hairy, with ftrong ribs underneath; those of the upper leaves almost strap-shaped. Leaf-stalks long. Floral-leaves 4, fpear-fhaped, pointed. Fruit-stalks very fhort, downy. Empal. spear-shaped. Petals very large, blue, or white. Mr. WOODW .--Stems forked, tinged more or lefs with red; hairs on the upper branches white, and terminated by minute dark red globules, Leaves with 5 to 7 divisions; fegments with winged clefts, which are more or lefs jagged and toothed. Empalements ribbed, membranaceous at the edges, terminated by fpit-points, thick fet with fine white hairs tipt by scarlet globules. Petals inverfely eggfhaped, with 7 to 9 whitish lines, and a little hairy at the bafe. Threads very broad, and fomewhat concave at the bafe. Tips purple. Du? yellow. WITH.

Moiftifh meadows and paftures. P. June. July. Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep; and Swine eat it.

GERA'NIUM

THREADS UNITED, X. CHIVES.

GERA'NIUM pyrena'icum. LINN.—Fruit-ftalks with mountain 2 flowers. Petals with 2 lobes. Lower-leaves with 5 jagged divisions, the upper with 3 lobes. Empalements fomewhat glandular at the points. Stem upright. HUDS.

Curt. iii. 27.-Ger. prov. 16. 2.

Stems woolly. Leaves with 5 clefts, cut, bluntifh, red at the edge. Empal. glands at the points red. Petals as long again as the empalement, purplifh. Chives, the 5 outermoft florter, with abortive tips. GOUAN.—Twice as large as G. molle, always nearly upright. Blofs. thrice as large as that of the G. molle commorfly is. CURT.—Stem hairy. Leaves hairy, the lower with moftly 7 lobes; lobes with 3 clefts, fegments rounded or blunt, the middle one frequently fcolloped, the upper with moftly 3 lobes; lobes with 3 clefts, more expanding than in the lower leaves, fegments entire, more pointed than in the lower leaves. Fruit-flatks longer than the leaves. Floral-leaves pointed, 4 to each fruit-flatk. Empal. leaves broad and fhort. Petals as long again as the empalement, deeply cloven; lobes roundifh, entire. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem forked twice or thrice. Fruit-flatks folitary, from the forks, above from the bofom of the leaves. ST.

Meadows and paftures. On the banks of the river between Bingley and Keighley, Yorkfh. near Enfield, and about Brompton, Chelfea, and in the dry part of the pafturage in Batterfea Fields. [Near Oxford. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June. July.

2. Bloffoms white.

In Chelfea garden, growing as a weed. CURT.

*** All the 10 chives furnished with tips. Fruit-stalks with 2 slowers. Annuals.

GERA'NIUM robertia'num. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. Robert's Empalements hairy, with 10 angles.—

Curt. i. 10.—Walc.—Blackw. 480.—Lonic. i. 152. 1.—Fl. dan. 694, leaves fliff.—Dod. 62, repr. in Lob. obj. 375. 1, ic. i. 657. 2, Ger. em. 939, and 945. 5, and cop. by Park. 710. 8, H. ox. v. 15 11, and Pet. 65. 5.—Fuchf. 206, cop. by Trag. 108, and J. B. iii. 480.—Matth. 858.—Ger. 794, and 800. 5, is furely another copy of the fame original.

Empalements hairy, the 10 angles formed by the 1ft and 3d outer leaves being each folded into 3 keel-like angles, the 2d and 5th each into 1, and the 4th into 2. Petals entire. Scent rank. The whole plant fometimes red. LINN.—Leafits of the lower leaves diftinct, those of the upper confluent. Fruit-flaks very long. Pedicles fhort. Empalements with long awns. Mr. WOODWARD.—Whole plant beset with pellucid hairs, but becoming fmoother as the plant 3B3 grows

grows older. Leaves divided into 3 parts, leafts united at the bafe; the lowermost into 5, leafts united at the bafe, with winged clefts; fegments terminated by a little fharp thorn. Stems tinged with red at the joints. Empalements purple and green, awned, the angles more evident as the feeds ripen. Petals, claws long, border a little ragged, with 3 faint white lines. Threads not very evidently united. Tips red. Duft yellow. Sheft hairy. Summits a fine crimfon. WITH. — Stem branched, fpreading. Bloffoms red, fometimes white.

Herb Robert. Stock-bill.

Walls, hedges, rubbifh, and ftony places. B. Apr.—Aug. A decoction of this plant has been known to give relief in calculous cafes. It is confiderably aftringent, and is given to cattle when they make bloody water, or have the bloody flux.

Horfes and Goats eat it. Sheep and Swine refuse it.

2. Bloffoms white. RAY. CURT.

Lane from Califelhurft to Eltham. RAY.—[Road from Lichfield to Stafford, a little beyond the 4th mile ftone, plentifully. Mr. SAVILLE.]

 β . HUDS. Whole plant fhining. Leaves finaller and more deeply divided. Mr. WOODWARD.

Pet. 65. 5, good. Mr. WOODWARD.

Near Swanning, Dorfetshire. Shore of Selfey Island.

Anining

GERA'NIUM lu'cidum. Fruit-ftalks with 2 flowers. Empalements pyramidal, the angles raifed and wrinkled. Leaves with 5 lobes, rounded.—

Fl. dan. 218.—Thal. 5, cop. in J. B. iii. 431, and Park. 707. 9, perhaps more characterific.—Walc.—Pet. 64. 12.—H. ox. v. 15. 6.

Employments transverfely wrinkled. HALL.—Whole plant fometimes red. Leaves nearly kidney-fhaped, lobes with generally 3 teeth, imooth, fhining. Tlower-fcales very fmall. Fruit-ftalks fhort. Blofs. rofe-coloured, nicked at the end. RELHAN.—Stems fhining, yet flightly hairy. Leaves the fame, kidney-fhaped, with moftly 5 lobes; lobes with 3 lobes, the middle one with ufually 3 fcollops, the fide ones entire; in rocky fituations only half an inch broad, and net fo much divided. Pedicles ftraddling. Hower-fcales very minute. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem branched. Employment not quite equal.

Walls, roofs, rocky places, dry banks, and fhady places, in a fandy foil, [and frequently amongft corn on a chalky foil, and in exposed fituations, as near Stamford; Bury, Suffolk; common in the North. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. June.—Aug.

GERA'NIUM

THREADS UNITED. X. CHIVES.

GERA'NIUM mol'le. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers, foft alternate. Flower-leaves alternate. Petals cloven. Empal. without awns. Stem nearly upright .--

Curt. ii. 12 .- Fl. dan. 679 .- Vaill. 15. 3. - Pet. 64. 2. - Blackw. 58. 1, very ill done if the plant .- (Ger. em. 938, and cop. in. Park. 706. 2, is G. rotundifolium, as is evident from the infertion of the fruit-flatks.)

Pedicles declining. Flower-scales cloven. Empalement scarcely awned, fhorter than the bloffom. Petals flightly cloven, without a tooth between the lobes. LINN .- Stem trailing when growing alone, upright when amongst grafs or other plants. Blos. tometimes almost as large as those of G. pyrenaicum. CURT .- Root-leaves kidney-fhaped, with a circular outline, with 7 lobes, lobes with 3 clefts; the upper more diffinctly kidney-fhaped, and more finely divided. In the above it agrees with G. rotundifolium, but differs in the flem and branches being cloathed with long foft hairs expanding horizontally. Mr. WOODWARD .- Blojs. of a pleafant purple, fometimes white. RAV. ST.

Doves-foot .- Dry banks, corn fields, meadows, and pastures, in a fandy foil. A. Apr.-Oct.

Sheep and Goats eat it. LINN .- A Horfe eat it. ST.

β Hubs. Geranium pusillum, which fee.

GERA'NIUM columbi'num. Fruit-stalks with 2 long-stalked flowers, longer than the leaves. Leaves with 5 divisions and many clefts. Seed-coats fmooth. Empal. awned .--

Vaill. 15. 4 .- Pet. 64. 8 .- (H. ox. v. 15. 3, is G. diffectum.)

Leaves hairy underneath; fegments ftrap-fhaped. Empalement broad, fmooth. Petals nicked, with a fharp point between the lobes. LINN .- Empalement large. HALL .- Leaves divided quite to the leaf-ftalk; fegments feveral, fub-divided. Pedicles very long, ftraddling a good deal. Empalement very large, bellying. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves a little hairy on both furfaces. Leaf-scales fpear-shaped, red, 2 on each fide of the stem. Empalement fomewhat hairy, fkinny at the edges, terminated by fhort awns reddifh at the ends. Petals marked with 3 lines; the little tooth between the lobes not very pointed, reddifh blue. WITH.

Corn fields, pastures, and hedges. [Heydon, Norfolk. Mr. BRYANT.] A. June.-Aug.

Sheep and Goats eat it. Swine refufe it.

GERA'NIUM

3B4

Pet. 64. 3?

jagged GERA'NIUM diffectum. Fruit-ftalks with 2 flowers. Leaves with 5 divisions; the fegments with 3 clefts. Petals nicked, as long as the empalement. Seed-coats woolly.—

> Vaill. 15. 2.—Pet. 64. 6.—Fuclf. 207, cop. in J. B. iii. 474. 1. —Blackw. 58. 2.

Leaves ftrap-fpear-fnaped. , Fruit-flaks upright. Flower-fcales coloured. Empal. awned, when the teeds are ripe expanding. Petals palifh flefh-colour. Pointal woolly. Tips blue. LINN.—Petals rather blood-coloured. LEERS. REICH.—Leaves divided to the leafflak into 5, and thefe again into 3, fegments ftrap fhaped, ufually entire, but the middle one fometimes fub-divided. Fruitflaks very fhort. Flower-fcales minute. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaffcales and flower-fcales red, 2 to each leaf-flak and fruit-flak. Fruit-flaks as long as the leaves. Empalement with 3 ribs. Seedcoats befet with glandular hairs. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.

Pastures, corn fields, and ditch banks. A. May-Aug.

β. HUDS.—Plot oxf. 9. 4. at p. 146, cop. in Pet. 64. 7. Hedges about Marfton and Botiey Caufeway, next Oxford. PLOT.—Woods near Marfton, Oxfordshire. RAY.—The fame with α. DALE in R. fyn. ST.

round-leaved

GERA'NIUM rotundifo'lium. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. Petals nearly entire, as long as the empal. Stem prostrate. Leaves kidney-shaped, cut.—

Vaill. 15. 1.—Pet. 64. 4 and 3.—Fuchf. 205, cop. in J. B. iii. 473.—Ger. 793.—Walc.—Matth. 355, imitated in Dod. 61. 2, which repr. in Lob. obf. 376. 2, ic. i. 653. 1, Ger. em. 938, and cop. in Park. 706. 2, and Pet. 64. 1, and difguifed in H. cx. v. 15. 2.

Stem firaddling, cylindrical, downy, clammy. Leaves rounded, foft, downy, fomewhat clammy, elpecially underneath, lobed, with a red point in the hollows. Leaf-ftalks reddifh brown. Empal. awned, wrinkled, open, with 3 longitudinal wrinkles. Petals wedge-fhaped, very blunt, with 3 reddifh brown fores at the bafe, the under furface not lying upon, but raifed from the empalement. Tips yellow. LINN.—Stem and branches covered with a very fhort down, extremely foft and velvety when drawn through the fingers. Leaves oppofite, that from the bofom of which the fruit-ftalk arifes fmaller, and on a fhorter leaf-ftalk. Fruit-ftalks alternate on the ftem, from the bofoms of the leaves. The above marks fufficiently diffinguifh it from the G. molle. I do not believe the division of the petals to be at all depended upon. Mr. WOODWARD.—Threads clearly diffinger at the bafe. Petals nicked, nearly

THREADS UNITED, X. CHIVES.

nearly inverfely heart-fhaped. Sr .-- Petals flefh-coloured, or purple.

Walls, roofs, ditch banks, and fandy paftures, about Bath, Briftol, Batterfea, Wandfworth, Mortlake, and Kew. [Suffolk, common. Mr. Woodward.] A. July.

Horles and Sheep eat it. Cows and Swine refuse it.

When just gathered it has a pretty firong fcent of musk, but which foon goes off. Mr. BRUNTON. ST.

2. Bloffom white.

Various places about London. RAY.- Near Bungay, Suffolk, on a dry gravelly foil. Mr. WOODWARD.

GERA'NIUM pull'lum. Fruit-stalks with 2 flowers. fmall flowered Petals nicked. Stem depressed. Leaves kidney-shaped, hand-shaped; segments strap-shaped, pointed.—

Ray 16. 2. a, and 2. b, at p. 359.

Stem proftrate, just fenfibly downy. Leaves more deeply jagged, fome of the tegments being cut down to the bale, which is not the cafe in the G. rotundifolium, which it very much refembles. Petals truly nicked, purple. Chuves, the 5 alternate ones abortive. Tips blue. LINN .- About 2 or 3 inches high. Leaves finall. Bloffoms bluish, very small. Petals cloven, equal. Found in fituations by no means barren, whence it cannot be thought merely a variety of the G. rotundifolium. DILL. in R. hyn .-- Stems feveral, branched, fpreading, fmooth, or foft to the touch, from a downinels just visible through a magnifying glass. Root-leaves with 7 lobes; stemleaves all opposite, lobes 5, strap-shaped, with 3 clefts, pointed. Leaf-icales hairy. Leaf-stalks depreised. Iloral-leaves 4, Spear-Insped, fomewhat hairy. Pedicles declining, at length upright, thicker towards the end. Empalement awnless, hairy, Fetals invertely heartfhaped, blue, not longer than the empalement. Chives, 5 with tips, 5 without. Tips bluifh. Summits whitifh, open. Fruit, bill flender, fhort. Seed-coats brown, thining, Imooth, but belet with microscopic briftles preffed to and pointing upwards. LEERS .-I believe that fraall varieties of both G. molle and rotundifolium have been called by this name, and that no fuch plant exifts as a diffinct species, at least in Great Britain. Dillenius's plant in R. fyn. is certainly a variety of G. rotundifel. as is evident from the leaves being opposite, and one smaller than the other, and in the downinefs of the ftem. The fhape and deeper division of the leaves I do not think marks ftrong enough to be depended upon, as both G. molle and rotundifolium vary in these particulars from foil and fituation, and more particularly in the upper leaves. Mr. Woop-WARD .-- Leers's authority is of little confequence, as under G. melle

MONADELPHIA POLYANDRIA.

molle he acknowledges that he had not fufficiently examined the G. rotundifolium. Sr.

High ditch banks. Low-Layton. Early in the fpring. DILL.

bloody

**** Chives, 10 with tips. Fruit-flaks with 1 flower. GERA'NIUM fanguin'eum. Fruit-flaks with 1

flower. Leaves circular, with 5 divisions; fegments with 3 clefts.—

Walc.—Cluf. ii. 102. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 660. 1, Ger. em. 945.
2, and imitated in Pet. 64. 9.—Fuchf. 209, cop. in J. B. iii.
478. 2, and Lonic. i. 152. 2, and abridged in Trag. 348.—Park. par. 227. 6.

The whole plant after flowering often turns purplish. LINN .--Stem upright, fomewhat branched, beneath the branches fwoln. hairy, from a foot to a cubit high. Leaves above rough, hairy underneath and on the edge. Fruit-flaks 3 inches long, hairy, with a knot and 2 floral-leaves about the middle. Empalement hairy, fcored, taper-pointed. Blos. purple, large, expanding, regular; petals egg-fhaped, veined, lying one over the other, finely fcolloped at the edge. Chives 3 times fhorter than the bloffom. RELH. -Leaves in wild as well as garden fpecimens with fometimes 7 divisions; fegments ftrap-fhaped. Fruit-flalks much longer than the leaves, hairy. Floral-leaves 2, fmall, oppofite, on the fruitftalk about one third of its length from the flower. Empal. leaves oval, with membranaceous reddifh edges, and terminated by a fhort red awn. Petals inverfely heart-fhaped, very large, equal, pale red, with deep red veins. Mr. WOODWARD .- Whole plant fet with white expanding hairs. Leaves opposite. Petals hairy at the bafe. WITH .- Blos. bluish purple. ST.

Limeftone rocks, ftony places, dry paftures, heaths, and thickets, in mountainous fituations. Arthur's Seat, Edinburgh. LIGHTF. [ST.—Rocks near the fea, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.— Near Buxton, Derbyfh. and Roofebeck Low Furnefs, Lancafh. At Heath, near Woodbridge, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.]

P. July. Aug.

Horfes, Cows, and Goats eat it. Swine refuse it. ^β Hups. Leaves larger, paler, and more deeply divided. RAY.

Pet. 64. 10.

Banks of the Devil's Ditch, RAY, RELHAN,—and the left fide of Dallingham Gap going from Canvals-hall. RAY.

B LINN. y HUDS.

Dill. elth. 136. 163.—Pet. 64. 11.—(Barr. 67, appears to be a different variety.)

Bloffoms

THREADS UNITED, MANY CHIVES.

Bloffoms white, with reddifh veins, RAV,—or pale flefh-colour with red veins. Sr.—Leaves imaller and more finely divided than in variety a. Ilowers much finaller. Divlenius's figure too large. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ifle of Walney, Lancashire, on the sea shore, in a fandy soil.

Order VI.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

904. ALTHÆ'A. Wymote. (Ger. and Park.)

- EMPAL. Cup double. Outer Cup of 1 leaf; finall and permanent; with 9 unequal clefts. Segments very narrow. Inner Cup 1 leaf, with 5 fhallow clefts. Segments broader; fharper; and permanent.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; united at the bafe; inverfely heartfhaped; bitten; flat.
- CHIVES. Threads numerous; united at the bottom into a cylinder; loofe at the top; fixed to the bloffom. Tips nearly kidney-fhaped.
- POINT. Seed-bud round and flat. Shaft cylindrical; fhort. Summits numerous; about 20; brille-fhaped; as long as the fhafts.
- S. VESS. Seed-coats forming a whorl round the Receptacle, which ftands in the centre like a pillar; the whorls depreffed; not jointed. Seed-coats deciduous; opening inwardly.
- SEEDS folitary; kidney-fhaped, but compressed. Ess. CHAR. Empalement double; the outer with 9 clefts. Sced-coats numerous; containing 1 seed.

ALTHÆ'A officina'lis. Leaves fimple, cottony.— Marshmallow Ludw. 1.—Fl. dan. 530.—Blackw. 90.—Park. 304. 1.—Fuchs. 15, cop. in Trag. 371, J. B. ii. 954, and Lonic. i. 157. 1.—Ger. 787.—Matth. 925.—Clus. ii. 24. 1, repr. in Dod. 655. 1, Lob. obs. 373. 1, ic. i. 653. 1, Ger. em. 933. 1, and cop. in H. ox. v. 19. 12.

Stem upright, 2 cubits high, cottony, cylindrical, fomewhat branched. Leaves fpear-egg-fhaped, woolly, very foft, velvety; the upper fmaller, with generally 3 imperfect lobes, ferrated, with moftly 5 ribs underneath; the lower larger, with 7 ribs, fometimes ferrated, fometimes rather feolloped. Flowers from the bofom of the leaves, on fruit-ftalks, in a kind of panicle. Flower-fcales with many clefts, briftle-fhaped. Petals nicked, flefhcoloured. Tips violet. RETHAN.—Stem and leaves cloathed with a thick pile, feeling exactly like velvet. All the leaves obfcurely lobed, doubly ferrated; the lower egg-fhaped, fomer. hat heartfhaped at the bafe; the upper egg-fpear-fhaped. Blojs. white, or pale flefh-coloured. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves on leaf-ftalks, angular. Empal. the outer with fometimes 11 or 12 fegments. Petals fringed at the bafe. WITH.

Marsh Mallow.

Salt marfhes and banks of rivers. [Salt marfhes Norfolk and Suffolk. Mr. Woodw.—Sea fhore near Marazion and Penzance, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.] P. Aug.

⁷ The whole plant, particularly the root, abounds with a mild mucilage. The root boiled is much ufed as an emollient cataplafu, and an infufion of it is very generally preferibed in all cafes wherein mild mucilaginous fubflances are ufeful.

 β HUDS. Leaves rounder, and not fo pointed. RAY. Marfhes of the Ifle of Ely. RAY. RELHAN.

906. MAL'VA. Mallow.

EMPAL. Cup double. Outer Cup 3 leaves; narrow; heartfhaped; fharp; permanent. Inner Cup 1 leaf; with

5 fhallow clefts; large; broad; permanent. BLOSS. *Petals* 5; united at the bafe; inverfely heartfhaped; bitten; flat.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; united at the bottom into a cylinder; loofe at the top; fixed to the bloffom.

Tips kidney-fhaped.

POINT. Seed-bud round. Shaft cylindrical; fhort. Summits many; briftle-fhaped; as long as the fhaft.

S. VESS. Seed-coats forming a whorl round the Receptacle, which flands in the centre like a pillar. The whorl deprefied; not jointed. Seed-coats deciduous; opening inwardly.

SEEDs folitary; kidney-fhaped.

ESS. CHAR. Empalement double; the outer of 3 leaves. Scedcoats many; with 1 feed in each.

OBS.

THREADS UNITED. MANY CHIVES.

OBS. All the fpecies are mucilaginous and emollient. The dust is a pretty microscopic object, being toothed like the wheel of a watch. LINN .- It is globular, and covered with prickles, which give it the toothed appearance. ST. WITH.

MAL'VA parviflo'ra. Stem open. Leaves angular. [mall flowered Flowers from the bofom of the leaves, fitting, congregated. Empalements finooth, expanding .--

Jacq. hort. i. 39 .- (Pluk. 44. 2, cannot be the plant, as the bloffom is traice as long as the empalement, and the flowers on fruit-flalks.) Differs from M. rotundifolia as follows: Stem nearly upright, three times as tall. Leaves more pointed. Leaf-stalks afcending near the end. Flowers fitting. Empalements fmooth; the outer ftrap, not spear-shaped, purplish when the fruit is ripe. Bleffoms fcarcely as long or not even to long as the empalement. Seed-coats wrinkled above, and toothed at the fides. Differs from M. veriicillata in the branches fpreading, and the empalement of the fruit not closed. LINN .- Stem, leaves, and fruit-stalks very slightly downy and roughish; often smooth. Leaves roundish, toothed. and more or lefs lobed. Flowers few, in a clufter, on fhort fruitstalks. Empalement very smooth; the inner, when in fruit, expanding. Petals oblong, nicked, of a palifh purple hue. Seedcoats imperfectly toothed at the edges. JACQ .- This plant, as a native of Gr. Britain, is involved in great obfcurity, Mr. Hudfon gives no particular place of growth, except that from R. fyn. Mr. WOODWARD,-for which reafon I am inclined to doubt whether the plant found by Sherard might not have been M. verticillata, which fee; tho' it must be owned that the character of " fmaller " leaves," in Rand's character of it, as given by Boerhaave, accords better with M. parviflera. ST.

Malva annua rotundifolia floribus cmnium minimis albis pentapetaiis verticillatim genicula ambientibus, et seminibus arete üsdem verticillatim adhærentibus, nobis. H. ox. II. p. 521. n. 4, and R. hift. 593. n. 5, quoted by Mr. Hudfon with a mark of doubt, is referred by Linnæus both to M. parviflora and verticillata. Sr. Mr. Woodw.)

On rubbish. Hups .- Found by Mr. J. Sherard, in company with Mr. Rand, at Hithe, in Kent. DILL. in R. fyn.

A. LINN. JACQ. B. HUDS. July.

MAL'VA rotundifo'lia. Stem proftrate. Leaves heart- dwarf shaped-circular, with 5 imperfect lobes. Fruit-stalks, when the fruit is formed, declining. LINN.-Lobes of the leaves often dislinct. ST.

Curt.

MONADELPHIA POLYANDRIA.

Curt. iii. 27.—Fl. dan. 721.—Lonic. i. 156. 2.—Ger. 785. 2.— Fuchf. 508, cop. in J. B. ii. 949. 2, and Trag. 369, in its first flage of flowering.—Matth. 455, improved in Park. 299. f. 1.— Dod. 653. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 371. 2, ic. i. 651. 1, Ger. em. 930. 2.

Blofs. white, with a tinge of purple, but fomtimes, as in the neighbourhood of Upfal, quite white and fmaller. LINN.—Stem and branches lying clofe to the ground. Leaves ferrated. Leaf-ftalks very long. 'Leaf-fcales in pairs, fpear-fhaped, fringed. Fruit-ftalks much fhorter than the leaves, with I flower. Blofs. white, with purple veins. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaf-ftalks twice or more times longer than the leaves. ST.

[Mauls in Leicestershire. Dr. ARNOLD.]

Road fides, and among rubbifh.

A. June-Oct.

The ancients used to eat the leaves as we do Cabbage.

Sheep eat it. Goats, Horles, and Swine refule it. Cows are not fond of it. LINN.—A Horle eat it. ST.

common

MAL'VA fylvef'tris. Stem upright, herbaceous. Leaves with 7 lobes, pointed. Fruit-ftalks and leaf-ftalks hairy. LINN.—Lobes of the leaves 5 and 7. HALL. ST. WITH.

Curt. ii. 15.—Blackw. 22.—Fuchf. 509, cop. in J. B. 949. 1.—Ger. 785. 1.—H. ox. v. 17. 8.—Dod. 653. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 371. 1, ic. i. 650. 2, Ger. em. 630. 1.

Stom and leaf-flatks woolly. Empal. outer, leaves egg-fhaped. Blofs. bluifh purple, fometimes while. LINN.-Stem more or lefs upright, rough, hairy, nearly of the fame thicknefs throughout, rather woody. Leaves with 5 lobes, rarely 6 or 7, unequally ferrated, hairy on both fides. with a dark purple ftain near the infertion of the leaf-ftalk. Leaf-ftalks 3-cornered, rough. Fruit-ftalks nearly cylindrical, from the bofom of the leaf-ftalks or branches. Empal. outer, leaves fpear-fhaped; both inner and outer hairy without, fmooth within, toothed at the edges, and the teeth terminating in long hairs. Petals deeply nicked, but not bitten, purple, with 3 or 4 darker ftreaks. Chives purple. Duft white. Shaft purple. Summits purple, 11 or 12. WITH.

Common Mallow. [Mauls in Leicestershire. Dr. ARNOLD.]

Hedges, foot paths, and amongft rubbifh. [Tho' fo common in most parts of England, it is fo fearce about Kendal in Weftmoreland, that to find a plant of it is regarded as a botanical difcovery. Sr.]

The young leaves, when boiled, are good to cat. Cows cat it. LINN.—A Horfe cat it. Sr.

2. Bloffoms

THREADS UNITED, MANY CHIVES.

2. Bloffoms purplish blue.

Near Worcefter. Sr.

3. Root-leaves variegated with yellowifh white blotches towards the edge.

In the fields near Worcester on rubbish. Being removed into the garden it remained unchanged, flowering the fucceeding fummer. ST.

MAL'VA verticilla'ta. Stem upright. Leaves whork angular. Flowers from the bosom of the leaves, congregated, fitting. Empalements rough.—

Jacq. hort. i. 40.

Empalement of the fruit closed. LINN. ST .- Root fibrous. Stem cylindrical, roughish, 11 foot or more high. Leaves roundish, heart-shaped at the base, tooth-ferrated, with 7 lobes, smooth above, fomewhat downy underneath. Leaf-fcales egg-fhaped, pointed. Fruit-stalks with I flower, short. Empal. leaves of the outer spear-shaped; the inner closing upon the fruit. Petals oblonginverfely heart-fhaped, pale, with the outer border purplifh. IACQ. ST .- Root branched, fliff, whitish, branches zigzag. Stems very little or not at all branched, fometimes a little afcending at the bafe, ftiff, flightly angular, fmooth below, but above with very fine fcattered hairs. Leaves alternate, kidney-shaped, with 3 ribs, fcolloped, with 5 rounded lobes, fmoothifh, the veins above near the infertion of the leaf-stalks downy, and all of them underneath befet with fhort hairs; the lower leaves indiffinctly lobed; the upper pointed. Leaf-stalks shorter than the leaves, channelled and downy above, roughish underneath. Leaf-scales opposite, in pairs, upright, fcored, the edges hairy and fomewhat membranaceous, and extended a little way down the ftem. Flowers nearly fitting, upwards of feven in a clufter. Fruit-ftalks cylindrical, unequal, fhorter than the empalements, bare, growing out in length while the plant is in flower; when the fruit is formed, upright. Empal. outer fomewhat fhorter than the inner; leaves fpear-ftrapfhaped, fcored, fomewhat expanding, hairy at the edge; the inner hairy, after the flowering of the bloffom clofing upon the fruit, increasing in fize, and at length flightly expanding. Bloss. just longer than the empalement, whitifh, with a purplish border; petals very flightly nicked, befet with very fhort whitifh hair. Threads white, 9 to 10. Duft globular, very large, adhering to the fummit. Summits 11, white, rolled back, woolly above. Seed-coats wrinkled at the edges, corresponding in number with the fummits. The leaf-stalks shorter than the leaves, the upright fruit-stalks, and the comparative length of the blossom and empalement may be added to the other marks, which diffinguish it from M. rotundifelia. ST. Malva

MONADELPHIA POLYANDRIA.

Malva sinensis annua, erecta, flore minimo. Kitsaife. RAND act. phil. xxxii. — Malva annua rotundisolia storibus omnium minimis albis pentapetalis verticillatim genicula ambientibus, et seminibus arcte iisdem verticillatim adharentibus, nobis. H. ox. II. 521, [and R. hist. 598.] —Malva sinensis, crecta, stosevilis albis minimis. Boerh. ind. alt. 268. n. 5.

On a dung-hill on the fide of the turnpike road from Birmingh. to Hales-Owen at the 3d mile ftone. I am inclined to believe that the feeds had been carried thither with rubbifh, from fome of the gardens near the town. ST. A. July.

musk

MAL'VA mofcha'ta. Stem upright. Root-leaves kidney-fhaped, cut. Stem-leaves with 5 divisions; fegments between winged and many cloven. LINN.—Leaves of the outer empal. ftrap-fpear-fhaped. From CURT. ST.

Curt. iv. 42.--Walc .- 7. B. ii. 1067. 1.-H. ox. v. 18. 4. Differs from M. Alcea as follows: Stem not fotall, with folitary upright hairs rifing from a prominent little point. Seed-coats rough with hairs. Flowers of an ambrofial fcent. LINN .- Differs from M. Alcea as follows: of a mulk fcent while in flower. Stems 11 foot high. Stem-leaves with 5 divisions extending to the leaf-stalk; fegments with winged clefts, those of the uppermost leaves very narrow. Flowers fomewhat fmaller. Seed-coats rough with hair. LEERS .- Empal. no protuberant ring at the bafe. CURT .- Stem cylindrical, much branched, flightly hairy. Root-leaves roundifh-kidney-fhaped, deeply fcolloped at the edge; lower flem-leaves with 3 clefts extending half way down, the lateral fegments with 2 or 3 lobes half as deep: thole above with 3 divisions extending down to the leaf-ftalk, fegments deeply divided, the fub-divisions deeply jagged; the upper fometimes lengthened out into fomething of a triangular form, with 5 divisions, fegments with winged clefts, the fub-divisions more and more divided upwards, those of the uppermost ftrapshaped. Leaf-scales spear-shaped, 2 at the base of the leaf-stalks. Flowers crowded on the top of the ftem and branches, from the bofom of the upper-leaves, folitary. Empal. outer, leaves very narrow, inner with broad oval fegments, terminated by an angular point. The musk-like fcent not always perceptible, in which ftate it has probably been fometimes taken for M. Alcea. Mr. WOODWARD .- Flant, but not the flowers, with a ftrong fcent of mufk, especially after being gathered a few hours. Stem cylindrical, rather woody, upright, branched, rough with briftly hairs rifing from dark-coloured tubercles. Branches purplish, fwoln at their bafe. Leaves above dark green, and a little hairy; more hairy beneath. Root-leaves on long leaf-ftalks, toothed on the convex

THREADS UNITED, MANY CHIVES.

convex edge; flem-leaves, the lower rather femi-circular, and fomewhat deeper cut at the convex edge; the middle ones cloven into 5 fegments, which are cut and toothed; the apper with 3 deep divisions, more hairy than those below, the 2 lateral fegments divided into 2, the middle one into 3, the leffer fegments jagged and toothed. Leaf-flalks fhortening upwards. Leaf-jcales and flowerfcales ftrap-fhaped, refembling the leaves of the outer empalement, but larger. Empal. outer, leaves fpear-fhaped, toothed at the edge with greenish glands, out of each of which arifes a long white hair; inner hairy, marked within, at the bafe of the petals, with 5 large, circular, pale green, and rather fleshy spots. Petals fleshy at the bafe, tibbed, claws fringed, twice as long as the empal. Threads and dust white. Tips purplish red. Shafts 15. Seed-buds 15. fet with foft hairs. WITH .- Stem, fruit-flalks, and empalements hairy. All the leaves fmooth and dotted above, the veins and edges hairy underneath; stem-leaves of a flowering stem fometimes all jagged, while those of a barren flem circular-kidney-fhaped. Flowers mufk-fcented, pale rofe-coloured, the terminating ones crowded, the lower ones folitary, from the bosom of the leaves. Fruit-staiks fometimes longer than the flowers. ST.

M. moschata, or round cut-leaved Vervain Mallow. MILL. dict. n. 10, though Miller does not feem to have known that a plant anfivering to the fpecific character which he gives from Linnæus, was a native of Great-Britain. Ray feems to have miftaken this for the M. Alcea. CURT. ST.—Alcea folio rotundo laciniato C. B. ib. is regarded by Mill. as a diftinct fpepies, but that it is our plant appears from the descriptions of Clusius and Col. ST.

Meadows, paftures, and ditch banks. [Hertfordfhire, Huntingdonfhire, Derbyfhire, and the North, frequent. In Norfolk and Suffolk fparingly. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. July. Aug. Cows and Horfes eat it. Sheep refufe it.

2. All the leaves divided down to the bafe, fegments with many clefts. WITH. ST.

Not mufk-fcented. Stem angular towards the top, about 2 feet high, lefs branched. Branches not fwoln at the bafe. Leaves, fegments 3 or 5, and fub-dividing into others, which are again cutinto clefts. Leaf-flatks, all fhort. Leaf-fcales and flower-fcales fometimes toothed on one edge. Empal. inner without any circular fpots within it. Petals more than twice as long as the empalement. Shafts and feed-buds 17. WITH.—Stem $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. Branches expanding. Leaves not dotted, with a foft whitifh down on each fide, with moftly 7 divifions, the upper with 5, fegments with winged clefts. Fruit-flatks florter than the flowers. Flowers mufkfcented. Flower-fcales often with a tooth, or with 2 clefts. Threads, Vol. II.

MONADELPHIA POLYANDRIA.

the cylinder downy. Not having cultivated thefe plants, I cannot fay to what caufe we are to attribute the above differences, many of which, I doubt not, are variable. The ift variety, I am inclined to think, were plants which had been cut or eaten down early in the fpring; the latter fuch as had grown unmolefted in open and exposed fituations. Sr.

M. Alcea, or narrow-leaved curled Vervain Mallow. MILL. dict. n. 8.—(Alcea vulgaris minor. C. B. pin. 316, variety β Linnæus, has the upper-leaves hand-fhaped and cut, not fingered, with winged clefts. See Fl. fuec.—Lonic. ii. 31, feems rather to refemble Mill. ic. p. 12. ST.)

Paftures in many parts of England. MILL.-[Dudley Caftle. WITH.-Sunny banks, Worcefterfhire. ST.] July. Aug.* Papilio Malvæ, and Cinex Apterus, are fupported by the different fpecies. 907. LAVA-

* M. Alcea has been inferted by Mr. Hudfon, and faid to grow in hedges, and on the borders of corn fields, in Warwickshire, Leicestershire, and Nottinghamfhire. Miller, too, in his icones, fays, that the M. Alcea grows in Warwickfhire and Staffordfhire, and adds, that he does not remember to have feen it growing in any other county in England. What he here calls M. Alcea, however, fhould feem, from the English name which he gives it in his dictionary, of narrow-leaved curled Vervain Mallow, to be no other than M. moschatan variety 2. Accordingly, in this latter work, he diflinguishes the true M. Alcea by the title of M. major, or common greater Vervain Mallow. This he indeed tells us is found growing naturally in fome of the midland counties in England, but not near London. But, when I find that he does not admit the M. mofchata to be a native of Great-Britain, I am inclined to believe, that what he has faid of the true M. Alcea was given from the information of others, who miftook the M. molibata for it, and not from his own observation. Sr .- That this does not exift as an English plant, the M. moschata having been probably mistaken for it, is now paft all doubt, and that no other than M. mofchata is to be found in the counties of Warwick, Leicefler, and Nottingham, is confirmed by the repeated obfervations of botanifts who have carefully fearched for it in those counties, Mr. WOODWARD.

THREADS UNITED, MANY CHIVES.

907. LAVATE'RA. Velvet-leaf.

EMPAL. Cup double.

Outer Cup 1 leaf; with 3 fhallow clefts; blunt; fhort; permanent.

Inner Cup 1 leaf; with 5 fhallow clefts; fegments fharper; upright; permanent.

- BLOSS. Petals 5; united at the bafe; inverfely heartfhaped; flat; expanding.
- CHIVES. Threads numerous; united at the bottom into a cylinder; loofe at the top; fixed to the bloffom. Tips kidney-fhaped.
- POINT. Seed-bud round and flat. Shaft cylindrical; fhort. Summits many; 7 to 14; briftle-fhaped; as long as the fhaft.
- S. VESS. Seed-coats forming a whorl round the Receptacle, which ftands in the centre like a pillar. The whorl depreffed; not jointed. Seed-coats deciduous; opening inwardly.

SEEDS folitary; kidney-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. double; the outer with 3 clefts. Seedcoats feveral; each with 1 feed.

LAVATE'RA arbo'rea. Stem woody. Leaves with tree 7 angles, cottony, plaited. Fruit-stalks crowded, from . the bofom of the leaves, with 1 flower.—

(Matth. 457, is Alcea ficifolia.)

Blofs. reddifh purple, with black blotches at the bafe of the petals, and fcored with purplifh black ftreaks. ST.

Tree Mallow.—Sea fhores. Hurft Caftle, over against the Isle of Wight. Portland Island, rocks of Caldey Island, and Basse Islands, near Edinburgh. RAY.—Inch Garvey and Mykric-Inch, in the Firth of Forth. SIBEALD.—Cornwall and Devonsh. HUDS. B. July. Aug.

3 C 2

Clafs XVII.

744

DIADELPHIA. THREADS in 2 SETS.

THIS Clafs comprehends the Butterfly-fhaped flowers, and the Leguminous plants of fome authors. Linnæus takes the CLASSIC character from the difposition, and the character of the ORDERS from the number of the Chives. From the title of this Clafs, the young Botanist will be led to imagine, that the threads are always formed into two fets, but this is, by no means, the cafe; in many inftances they are united into one fet. The Butterfly-fhape of the blossom will, therefore, be a furer guide. If the ftudent will get the flower of a Garden Pea, and compare it with the following NATURAL CHARACTER, there will no longer remain any difficulty in pronouncing, at first fight, whether a plant belongs to this Clafs or not.

NATURAL

NATURAL CHARACTER.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; bell-fhaped; fhrivelling; bellying at the bafe; the lower part connected with the fruitftalk; upper part blunt; containing honey. Rim with 5 teeth; fharp; upright; oblique; unequal. Lower Tooth long; 2 upper teeth fhorter, and ftanding further afunder. The bottom of the cup inclofing the receptacle, moiftened with a liquor like honey.

BLOSS. butterfly-flaped; unequal; each petal having a diftinct name. Thus the Standard is the largeft petal, lying upon, and covering the others. It is flat; horizontal; fixed by a claw to the upper edge of the receptacle; that part of it which ftands out of the cup nearly circular and entire; a rifing line, marking it lengthways, particularly towards the end, as if it had been preffed down at the fides. That part of the petal next the bafe is fomewhat like half a cylinder, and inclofes the parts that lie under it. The border is depreffed on each fide, but the fides next to the edge are turned upwards, where the half cylinder terminates. At the unfolding of the border there are 2 concave impreffions, prominent on the under fide, and compreffing the wings which lie beneath them.

The Wing; are 2 equal petals; I placed on each fide the flower under the ftandard. The borders incumbent; parallel; circular, or oblong; broadeft outwards; the upper edge pretty ftraight; the lower extended and rounded. The bafe of each wing is cloven; the *lower fegment* extending into a claw, fixed to the fide of the receptacle, and about as long as the cup; the *upper fegment* fhorter and bent inwards.

The Keel is the lowermost petal; generally divided; placed under the ftandard, and between the wings. It is boat-fhaped, concave, compressed at the fides; placed in the position of a boat upon the water. It is diminished at the base, the lower part extending into a claw as long as the cup, and fixed to the receptacle. The upper and lateral fegments shorter, and interwoven with those parts of the 3C3 wings

wings which refemble them in fhape. The fides of the keel fhaped like the wings, and have a fimilar fituation, only lower and more inwards. The line that forms the keel, in this petal, is ftraight as far as the middle, and then gradually rifes in an arch; but the marginal line runs ftraight to the extremity, until it meets with, and is loft in that of the keel.

CHIVES. Threads united into 2 bodies, differing in fhape. The lower thread inclofing the pointal; the upper thread lying upon it.

Lower Thread inclosing the feed-bud; membranaceous below the middle, and cylindrical; opening upwards and lengthways; terminating in 9 awlfhaped threads, bent like the keel, and equal to it in length; alternately 2 longer and 2 fhorter.

Upper Thread awl or briftle-fhaped. Similar in fituation to, and lying upon the opening of the cylindrical part of the lower thread; fimple; and a little fhorter than that: feparated from the others at the bafe, fo as to give a vent on each fide for the honey.

Tips 10; 1 upon the upper thread; 9 upon the lower; fmall; equal in fize; terminating.

POINT. fingle; fuperior. Seed-bud oblong; nearly cylindrical; flightly comprefied; ftraight; as long as the cylinder of the lower thread which incloses it.

Shaft awl-fhaped, or thread-fhaped; afcending; agreeing in length and fituation with the divisions of the lower thread, and placed amongft them; fhrivelling.

Summit downy as far as it is turned upwards, placed directly under the tips.

- S. VESS. Shell oblong; compreffed; blunt; with 2 valves, and a feam running lengthways both above and below; both feams ftraight; but the upper feam falling near the bafe, and the lower feam rifing towards the end. It opens at the upper feam.
- SEEDs feveral; roundifh; fmooth; flefhy; pendant; marked with a prominence caufed by the young plant near the infertion of the eye. When the young plant is excluded, the fide lobes retain the figure of half the feed. Receptacles

Receptacles proper to the feeds; fmall; very fhort; flender at the bafe; blunt at the part by which they are fixed. Inferted lengthways in the upper learn only of the pod, but alternately; fo that the valves being feparated, the feeds adhere alternately to each valve.

OBS. This Clais is perfectly natural, and the flructure of the flowers extremely fingular: their fituation is generally obliquely pendant.

The figure of the SHELL is not of for much confequence in afcertaining the Genera as fome have imagined; but the CUP, which has been hitherto thought unworthy of notice, is of the greateft ufe. The LEAVES never fhould be confidered in forming the characters of Genera.

The SEEDS of this Clafs furnish food for men, and other animals: they are farinaceous and flatulent. The LEAVES are food for cattle. None of them are poisonous.

Dr. Pulteney, in a note added to his translation of the Pan Suecicus, fays, " A general view of this Clafs fhews at once how " very acceptable its plants are to almost all cattle, Cows and " Sheep refused none, and Horfes not more than three, out of the " whole number with which they were tried. They afford the " richeft food for cattle, and are cultivated in divers parts of " Europe, with all poffible attention. With us, the TRIFOLIUM " pratenfe, (or Clover,) is mostly fown. Lately fome trials have " been made with the HEDYSARUM onobrychis, (Sainifoin) and " fome have thought that it answers better than Clover. I fay " nothing of the exotic Lucern. Among these plants the ANTHYL-" LIS vulneraria is particularly acceptable to Sheep; infomuch, " that the feparate cultivation of it has been recommended, but " it will not fucced well except on chalky grounds." (See Dr. Pulteney's judicious work, entitled, "A General View of the " Life and Writings of Linnæus."

Order

Order II.

HEXANDRIA; VI. CHIVES.

920. FUMA'RIA..... Cup 2 leaves. Bloss. gaping, bellied at the base; containing honey; 3 tips on each thread.

Order III.

OCTANDRIA; VIII. CHIVES.

Order IV.

DECANDRIA; X. CHIVES.

* Threads all united.			
929.	SPAR'TIUM	Threads adhering clofe to the feed- bud. Summit woolly; growing	
	a .	to the upper fide of the fhatt.	
930.	GENIS'TA.	Pointal preffing down the keel. Summit rolled inwards.	
936.	ANTHYL'LIS	Cup fwollen and turgid; inclof- ing the pod.	
932.	U'LEX	Cup 2 leaves. Shell hardly longer	
935-	ONO'NIS	than the cup. Shell diamond-fhaped, fitting. Standard fcored.	

* Summit

THREADS in 2 SETS.

	e marks of the former division.) LINN.—
9 of the thr	eads united. WITH.
945. OR'OBUS	Shaft flender, nearly cylindrical;
-	woolly on the upper or inner
	fide.
944. PI'SUM	Shaft keel-shaped above, and
	woolly.
946. LATH'YRUS	Shaft flat above, and woolly.
947. VIC'IA	Shaft bearded under the Summit.

*** Shells 2 cells, (without the marks of the former divisions.) 965. Astrac'alus. Shell 2 cells; rounded.

**** Shells with 1 or 2 feeds, (without the marks of the former divisions.)

968. TRIFO'LIUM. Shell but little longer than the cup; with 1 or 2 feeds. Flowers in heads.

+ Medicago lupulina. ST.

***** Shell fomewhat jointed. LINN.—or fpiral. ST.
961. HEDYS'ARUM. Shell with roundifh compreffed joints. Keel very blunt.
957. ORNI'THOPUS. Shell jointed; bent like a bow.
958. HIPPOCRE'PIS..... Shell compreffed; membranaceous; I of the feams hollowed out with deep notches, deeper than the middle of the fhell.
971. MEDICA'GO. Shell fpiral; membranaceous; compreffed. Pointal preffing

down the keel.

DIADELPHIA.

***** Shell		any feeds, (without the marks of the former divisions.)		
alogions.)				
948. ER'VUM.		Cup with 5 divisions, fomewhat		
		equal; nearly as long as the		
		bloffom.		
969. Lo'TUS.		Shell cylindrical; filled with cy-		
909.10105.	••••••	linduinel for le #		
		lindrical feeds.*		

* Linnæus also gives a kind of natural arrangement of the different genera.

WINGED WITHOUT AN ODD LEAFIT. Orobus, Pifum, Lathyrus, Vicia, Eroum.

WINGED WITH AN ODD LEAFIT. Aftragalus, Hedyfarum.

WITH THREE LEAFITS. Trifolium, Lotus, Medicago, Genista, Ononis.

Order

FLOWERS IN RUNDLES. Lotus, Ornithopus, Hippocrepis.

750

THREADS in 2 SETS, VI. CHIVES.

Order II.

HEXANDRIA; VI. CHIVES.

920. FUMA'RIA. Fumitory.

EMPAL. Cup 2 leaves; opposite; equal; lateral; upright; fharp; finall; deciduous.

BLOSS. oblong; tubular; gaping; palate projecting and filling up the mouth.

Upper Lip flat; blunt; notched at the end; reflected. (The Standard.)

The Honey-cup is the bafe of the upper lip projecting backwards; blunt.

Lower Lip altogether fimilar to the upper lip; towards the bafe keeled. (The Kcel.)

Honey-cup at the bafe keeled; but projecting lefs in this than in most of the other genera.

Mouth 4-cornered; blunt; cloven perpendicularly. (Wings.)

CHIVES. Threads 2; equal; broad; taper; one inclosed within each lip. Tips, 3 at the end of each thread.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong; compressed; tapering. Shaft fhort. Summit round; compressed; upright.

S. VESS. Pod with I cell.

SEEDS roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement of 2 leaves. Bloss. gaping. Threads 2; membranaceous; each with 3 tips.

OBS. The chives are almost the only invariable part in this genus.

* Bloffoms with a fingle' spur.

FUMA'RIA officina'lis. Seed-veffels in bunches, common each with a fingle feed. Stem fpreading .--

Ludw. 83 .- Curt. ii. 19.-Matth. 1158 .- Riv. tetr. 1.-Fuchf. 338, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 301.-Blackw. 237.-Walc.-Ger. 927. 1.-Lonic. i. 166. 2.-Dod. 59, repr. in Lob. obf. 437. 3, ic. i. 757. 1, Ger. em. 1088. 1, and cop. in Park. 287. 1.-Trag. 110.-Mill. 136. 2, leaves too broad.-H. ox. iii. 12. 9.

Pouch

DIADELPHIA HEXANDRIA.

Peuch roundifh, falling off. LINN.—Stems fmooth. Leaves fmooth, fomewhat flefhy, fea-green, trebly compound, the laft divifions with 5 or 3 clefts, the extreme fegments fpear-fhaped. Flowers alternate, in long fpikes. Fruit-flaks vety fhort. Floral-leaves fpearfhaped, membranaceous, I at the bafe of each fruit-ftalk. Seedweffel roundifh, fmooth. Mr. Woopw.—Leaves doubly winged; leafits with 3 lobes, and thefe again cloven into 2 or 3 parts. Blofs. pink and deep purple; in long terminating fpikes, fometimes pale purple or white.

Funitory.

Corn fields, ditch banks, [dung-hills. ST.] A. May—Aug. Cows and Sheep eat it. Goats are not fond of it. Horfes and Swine refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe eat it. ST.

The leaves are fucculent, faline, and bitter. The expressed juice in doles of 2 or 3 ounces, is useful in hypochondriacal, fcorbutic, and cachectic habits. It corrects acidity, and ftrengthens the tone of the ftomach. Hoffman prefers it to all other medicines as a fweetener of the blood. There is no doubt of its utility in obstructions of the viscera, and the diseafes arising therefrom. With... An infusion of the leaves is used as a cosmetic to remove freckles and clear the fkin. Mr. WOODWARD.

B. GER. prov. Hubs.

Fumaria capreclata, which fee.

In fituations where it can receive fupport this variety is produced, which differs in no refpect except that as it climbs the leaffalks are bowed. GER. *frov.*—I have not been able to perceive any difference between this and α , except in the colour of the flower, which in this is white tipt with purple. I have never found the leaves with tendrils, but the ftems are climbing, and the leafftalks are twifted or twining. HUDS.

ramping

FUMA'RIA *capreola'ta*. Seed-veffels in bunches, each with a fingle feed. Leaves climbing, fomewhat tendril-like.—

(Fl. dan. 340, referred to by Linnæus, is most certainly F. claviculata.) Pedicles bowed back. The extreme leafts running into tendrils. LINN.—Gerard confiders it as a variety of F. officinalis, but it is fingular that it fhould not occur in the corn fields or orchards of Sweden, where the F. officinalis is common. LINN.—Much taller than F. officinalis. Flowers larger. Leaf-stalks of the leafits curved, and acting the part of tendrils, classing about the neighbouring plants. LIGHTF. ST.—Stems longer and weaker than those of F. officinalis. Leaves more diftant, not fo finely divided, the extreme divisions broader and blunter. Flowers fewer on the fpike. Iruitfialks

THREADS in 2 SETS, VI. CHIVES.

flalks longer. Mr. WOODW.—Stem fometimes trailing, and interweaving its branches among the grafs, very much branched, fometimes 3 feet long. *Bloffoms* pale red. Sr.

Gardens, cultivated ground, and under walls with the F. officinalis. RAY.—Rocks by the fea fide. LIGHTF.—Ditch banks. ST. A. Aug. Sept. ST.

FUMA'RIA clavicula'ta. Pods ftrap-fhaped. Leaves climbing with tendrils.-

Fl. dan. 340.—Dod. 60, repr. in Lob. obf. 438. 2, ic. i. 753. 1, Ger. em. 1088. 2, and cop. in J. B. iii. a. 204. 1, Park. 288. 6, and H. ox. iii. 12. 3.—Ger. 929. 5 and 6.

Tendrils from the ends of the leaves. LINN.-Leaf-flatks often crooked. Tendrils generally forked, and fometimes with 2 minute leaves near the end. Stikes lateral. Fruit-flaiks ftraight, naked. Pods with 2 feeds. Mr. WOOD .- Leaves green; leafits inverfely eggshaped, egg-spear shaped, or spear-shaped. Tendrils branched. Flowers few, yellow. Spikes thort. Mr. WOODW .- Stems 3-cornered, flender, purplish at the base. Leasts egg-spear-shaped, ending in a fharp flexible point. Spikes towards the top of the ftem or branches, of abbut 5 flowers, feldom more than 2 of which come to perfection. Empal. leaves inverfely heart-shaped, white, very fmall. Bloss. standard oblong, concave, reflected at the end, not notched; honey-cup blunt; keel a little concave at the top, and reflected at the edges. Threads, I fixed to the flandard, the other to the bafe of the 2 wings and uniting them. Seed-bad? heart-fhaped; shaft crooked; summit flat, and ragged. Seed-velled oblong, tapering, with 1 to 3 feeds. WITH.

Woods and moift hedges, boggy and rocky places, in a fandy foil, and on the banks of lakes and rivers. [Among the rocks of Stonehall, near Rawdon, 7 miles from Leeds. Mr. WOOD... Rough ftony places above Great Malvern Tower. NASH. Mr. BALLARD...-Thorpe, near Norwich. Mr. WOODW...-In fome of the leaft frequented roads about Birmingham. WITH.]

A. June. July.

Order

Order III.

OCTANDRIA; VIII. -CHIVES.

921. POLYG'ALA. Milkwort.

EMPAL. Cup 3 leaves; fmall; egg-fhaped; fharp; permanent; 2 placed beneath, and 1 above the bloß.

BLOSS. butterfly-fhaped. Number of petals uncertain. Wings permanent; fomewhat egg-fhaped; flat;

large; placed on the outlide the other parts of the bloifom, and formed by the teeth of the cup.

Standard generally cylindrical; tubular; fhort. Rim reflected; fmall; cloven.

Keel concave ; compreffed ; diftended towards the end.

Appendages; generally 2; pencil-fhaped; with 3 divisions; fixed towards the end of the keel.

CHIVES. Threads 8; united; inclosed in the keel. Tips 8; fimple.

POINT. Seed-tud oblong. Shaft fimple; upright. Summit terminating; thick; cloven.

S. VESS. Caplule turban-heart-fhaped; compressed; fharp at the edge. Cells 2. Values 2. Partition placed crofsways to the values; opening at the edge on each fide.

SEEDs folitary; egg-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. leaves 5; 2 of them wing-like; coloured. Shale inversely heart-shaped; with 2 cells.

OBS. The appendage to the keel is different in different fpecies. The wings of the bloffom may be confidered as 2 lateral coloured leaves belonging to the empalement, and then it will be a *cup* compofed of 5 leaves. LINN. WITH. ST.

common

POLYG'ALA vulga'ris. Flowers crefted, in bunches. Stems herbaceous, fimple, trailing. Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped.—

Walc.—Fl. dan. 516.—J. B. iii. 386. 3 and 4.—Dod. 253, repr. in Lob. obf. 228. 1; ic. i. 416. 2, Ger. em. 564, and cop. in Park. 1332. 2.—Trag. 571, cop. in Lonic. i. 183. 1.—J. B. iii. 362.—Lob. ic. i. 417. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 563. 3.—Ger. 449. 4.—(Vaill. 32. 1.—Ger. em. 563. 2 and 4, and Ger. 449. 2 and 3, are P. major of Jacquin.)

. 754

THREADS in 2 SETS, VIII. CHIVES.

Stem with us never nearly upright. Flowers with a pencil-fhaped appendage. LINN .- Leaves larger upwards. Mr. WOODWARD .-Stem 4-cornered, undivided. Leaves alternate, or in pairs, a little rolled back at the edges, the upper fpear-fhaped, the lower egg-ihaped. Empal. leaves spear-shaped, concave, coloured. Blos. wings fpear-fhaped, more fully coloured than the empalement; fandard composed of 2 petals, joined by a hairiness at the edges; keel cylindrical below, but towards the top expanding into 2 fets of club-fhaped glandular appendages. Threads in 2 fets, like 2 expanded hands, with 4 fingers to each. Tips yellow, or orange. Shaft thicker upwards. Summit with 2 lips, the one a flefhy knob, the other spear-shaped, concave. Seed-veffel bordered. WITH .---Bunches terminating. Blos. blue.

Milkwort .- Pastures and heaths.

P. June. July. Linnæus found it to poffefs the properties of the Senega Rattlefnake root, (Polygala Senega) but in an inferior degree. Duhamel used it in pleuritic cafes with the defired fuccess. Mem. de Paris. 1740.-The powdered root may be given in dofes of half a dram.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Swine refufe it.

B HUDS. Park. 1332. 1, cop. in J. B. iii. 387, are referred to by Doody in R. Jyn. but no place of growth is mentioned.

More upright, and always purplish. Doody .-- I have luxuriant fpecimens both, blue and purple, which accord with Doody's obfervation, but the flowers fall far fhort of those of the P. major of Jacquin, to which the figures referred to by Doody belong. Sr.

y Flowers violet-coloured. Hups. Sr.

& Flowers flefh-coloured. Hups. ST.

Flowers white. HUDS. ST. WITH.

¿ Hups. In bogs beyond the wood going from John Coal's to Groydon Bogs. SHERARD in R. fyn.

Order

Order IV.

DECANDRIA; X. CHIVES.

929. SPAR'TIUM. Broom.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; heart-fhaped, but tubular; fmall; coloured; the upper margin very fhort; the lower towards the end fet with 3 or 5 little teeth.

BLoss. butterfly-fhaped. Petals 5.

Standard inverfely heart-fhaped; entirely reflected; large.

Wings egg-fhaped; oblong; fhorter than the ftandard; connected to the threads.

Keel, petals 2; fpear-fhaped; oblong; longer than the wings; connected at the keel-fhaped margin by foft hairs; fixed to the threads.

- CHIVES. Threads 10; connected; unequal; the uppermost the shortest, and from that growing gradually longer. The lower cloven into 9 parts. Tips rather oblong.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; hairy. Shaft awl-fhaped; hairy; rifing upwards. Summit fixed to the upper fide of the fhaft, near the end.
- S. VESS. Shell cylindrical; long; blunt; with 1 cell and 2 valves.

SEEDS many; globular; but fomewhat kidney-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Summit longitudinal; woolly above. Threads adhering to the feed-bud. Empalement lengthened out downwards.

common

SPAR'TIUM fcopa'rium. Leaves in threes, and folitary. Branches without prickles, angular.—

Riv. tetr. 63. 1, Genisla.—Fl. dan. 313.—Blackw. 244.—Sheldr. 7.—Dod. 761. 1, repr. in Lob. obs. 531. 1, ic. ii. 89. 1, Ger. em. 1311. 1, and cop. in Park. 229. 1.—Ger. 1130. 1.—Fuchs. 219, cop. in J. B. i. b. 388. 3.—Trag. 961.—Lonic. i. 39. 2. Empalement with 2 lips; the lip beneath the keel with 3, the other with 2 very fhort teeth. RELHAN.—Pods fringed at the edge with long foft hairs. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves and leaf-flalks flightly hairy

THREADS in 2 SETS, X. CHIVES.

hairy. Empal. the upper fegment with 2 teeth larger than those of the lower. Blofs. flandard nearly circular, flightly notched at the end: keel, the petals rather hooked, united at the lower edge by an intertexture of very fine, foft, woolly hairs. Threads, 4 long, and 6 fhort. Shaft bowed almost into a circle, and after flowering into a fpiral; the very end, which one fhould be inclined to regard as the fummit, not hairy. Bloss. yellow. WITH.

Broom .- Dry pastures.

S. May. June. The young flowers are fometimes preferved as pickles. The plant, when burnt, affords a tolerably pure alcaline falt. Dr. Mead relates the cafe of a dropfical patient that was cured by taking half a pint of a decoction of green Broom tops, with a fpoonful of whole Mustard feed, every morning and evening. The patient had been tapped three times, and tried the ufual remedies before. (Monita et præcept. medica. p. 138.) An infusion of the seeds, drank freely, has been known to produce fimilar happy effects: but, whoever expects thefe effects to follow in every dropfical cafe, will be greatly deceived. I knew them fucceed in one cafe that was truly deplorable; but out of a great number of cafes, in which the medicine had a fair trial, this proved a fingle inftance. A ftrong lixivium of the afhes was ufed in the Swedish army, in the year 1759, to cure dropfies confequential to a catarrhal epidemic fever. The urine became plentiful, and the dropfies foon difappeared. Med. comm. vol. i. p. 373 .- Some use the feeds toasted, fo as to make a kind of coffee .- The plant, when growing large, merits a place among our flowering fhrubs, on account of the profusion of its golden coloured bloffoms.

Cows, Horfes, and Sheep refufe it. LINN.

A Horfe eat it. WITH .- Phalana pifi feeds upon it.

Vol. II.

3 D

930. GENIS'TA.

930. GENIS'TA. Greenweed.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; fmall; tubular; moftly with 2 lips. Upper Lip with 2 teeth, more deeply divided than the Lower Lip, which has 3 teeth nearly equal.

BLoss. butterfly-shaped.

Standard oblong; diftant from the keel; entirely bent back.

Wings oblong; flexible; fhorter than the other petals.

Keel firaight; notched at the end; longer than the flandard.

CHIVES. Threads 10; connected; rifing out of the keel. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft fimple; rifing upwards. Summit fharp; rolled inwards.

S. VESS. Shell roundifh; turgid; with 1 cell and 2 valves. SEEDS folitary; generally kidney-fhaped.

ESS. CHAR. Empalement with 2 lips, the upper with 2 teeth, the lower with 3. Standard oblong, bent downwards from the pointal and chives.

* Without thorns.

dyer's GENIS'TA tincto'ria. Leaves fpear-fhaped, fmooth; LINN.—fringed with foft hairs. St.

> Fl. dan. 126.—Fuchf. 808, cop. in Trag. 604, Dod. 763. 1, and J. B. i. b. 391.—Ger. 1134. 1.—Cluf. i. 101. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 521. 2, ic. ii. 90. 2, Ger. em. 1316. 1, and cop. in Park. 229. 7.—(Riv. pent. 67. 1, Genistella is the broad-leaved variety, the G. tinétoria italica of the London gardens.)

Flowers in leafy fpikes. Flower-leaves thorter than the bloffoms. Empalement with 5 nearly equal clefts. Blofs. flandard egg-fhaped, blunt; wings oblong-oval, keel compressed. Summit a little knob. Bloffoms yellow. WITH.

Green-weed. Green-wood. Dyers-weed. Wood Waxen.

Paftures and borders of corn fields.

A yellow colour may be prepared from the flowers, and for wool that is to be dyed green, the dyers prefer it to all others. A dram and a half of the powdered feeds, operates as a mild purgative. A decoction of the plant is fometimes diurctic, and therefore has proved ferviceable in dropfical cafes.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

GENIS'TA

S. July.

THREADS in 2 SETS, X. CHIVES.

GENIS'TA pilo'sa. Leaves spear-shaped, blunt. hairy Stem with tubercles, lying down .--

Jacq. A. iii. 208 .- Role 3. 1. - Cluf. i. 103. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1313. 6.-Ger. 1132. 6, cop. in J. B. i. 393. 2.

Pods with many or only 2 feeds. REICH .- Stem and branches tough, lying close to the ground, even beneath the moss; stem much branched; the old branches naked, the young ones cloathed with leaves. Leaves numerous, minute, oval, or oval-fpear- . fhaped, entire, fmooth above, with white filky hairs underneath. Flowering-branches afcending. Flowers in fhort fpikes at the ends of the branches. Fruit-flalks fhort, hairy. Empalement hairy, yellowish green; lips nearly equal, pointed. Bloss. yellow, hairy without, excepting the wings. Shells hairy. Mr. WOODWARD.

Paftures, heaths, dry and hilly places. About Lackford, 4 or 5 miles from St. Edmund's Bury. Sir J. CULLUM .- [Heaths near Bury, which are perfectly yellow with it when in flower, but after flowering it is with difficulty found, the ftems lying fo clofe to the ground. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. May. June.

GENIS'TA ang'lica. Thorns fimple. Flowering needle branches without prickles. Leaves fpear-fhaped. LINN. -Flowering branches fometimes with foft thorns. M. WOODW.

Fuch [. 220, cop. in Trag. 962 .- Il. dan. 619 .- Dod. 760, retr. in Lob. obf. 535. 2, ic. ii. 93. 2, Ger. em. 1320. 4, and cop. in Park. 1004. 4.-Ger. 1140. 5.-Lonic. i. 39. 1.-(7. B. i. b. 402. 1, seems a different plant.)

The old branches thorny, the flowering branches without thorns, or with fcattered thorns. RELHAN. -Stem much branched. The old branches tough, without leaves, befet with thorns; thorns very (harp, flender, $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch long; the floots of the year in bundles at the end of the old ones, but fparingly from the fides, with numerous leaves intermixed with foft thorns. Leaves fometimes oval, fmooth, entire, fmall, bright green. Flowers pale yellow, fmall, few. Shells fhort, broad, fmooth, with 3 or 4 feeds. Mr. WOODWARD .- Empalement yellow. Summit a fmall knob. WITH.

Genista spinosa minor germanica. C. B. pin. 395, if we may judge from the authors referred to, notwithstanding what Ray observes. ST.

Needle Furze. Petty Whin.

Heaths, and moift fpongy ground. [Bungay Common, Suff. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. May.' June.

The Pahlana pifi lives upon both fpecies.

3 D 2

932. U'LEX.

DIADELPHIA DECANDRIA.

932. U'LEX. Gorze.

EMPAL. Cup permanent; leaves 2; oblong-egg-fhaped; concave; ftraight; equal; a little fhorter than the

keel; the upper with 2 teeth; the lower with 3. BLOSS. butterfly-fhaped; of 5 petals.

Standard inverfely heart-fhaped; notched at the end; upright; very large.

Wings oblong; blunt; fhorter than the ftandard. Keel of 2 petals; ftraight; blunt; approaching at the lower edge.

CHIVES. Threads 10; united. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong; cylindrical; hairy. Shaft threadfhaped; rifing upwards. Summit blunt; fmall.

S. VESS. Shell oblong; turgid; nearly inclosed by the cup; ftraight; with 1 cell and 2 valves.

SEEDS few; roundifh; notched.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement of 2 leaves. Shell hardly longer than the empalement.

common

U'LEX europœ'us. Leaves woolly, pointed. Thorns fcattered, LINN.-branched. ST.

a Thorns longer. C. B.

Fl. dan. 608.—Cluf. i. 106. 2, repr. in Dod. 659. 1, Ger. em. 1319. 1, and cop. in Park. 1004. 1.—J. B. i. b. 400. 2.—Ger. 1139. 3.

Shrub upright, 3 to 6 feet high, of a pyramidal outline. Branches upright, fcored, woolly, flexible. Leaves awl-fhaped, fpit-pointed, fmooth above, woolly underneath, folitary, upright, 1 at the bafe of each thorn. Thorns real extensions of the stem, needleshaped, quite straight, expanding, woolly, stiff, sharp-pointed, brown at the points, twice or thrice as long as the leaves; branched; the branches fub-divided. Bloffoms permanent. Sr .--Stems deeply furrowed, more woolly than the leaves. Thorns awlshaped, a little bowed downwards, woolly at the bafe, yellow at the ends. Leaves terminating in fharp, yellowifh, thorny points. Empalement double; the outer very fmall, brown, of 2 leaves; the inner woolly. Blos. not remarkably fo, bright yellow; standard fielby at the bafe; mings flefby at the bafe, fet with hairs along the lower edge, curioufly wrinkled along the upper; keel, the petals united by an intertexture of woolly hairs. WITH .- Blos. fometimes, though rarely, white. Begins to bloffom early in the fpring,

fpring, and continues in flower till autumn. RAY.—Out of flower August 19, when variety β was in full blossom. ST.

β. Thorns fhorter, C. B.—flenderer, of a paler green, but not fo thick fet, or fo fharp. Lower and fmaller. Blots. paler. RAV. Ger. 1140. 6, cop. in Ger. em. 1321. 6, and Park. 1004. 3.

Begins to flower when variety α is going out. RAY.—Shrub 1 to 2 feet high, of a roundifh outline. Branches fpreading, crowded, nearly equal in length, like those of variety α , but ftiffer. Leaves fringed. Thorns 3 times as short as those of variety α , horizontal, 3 and 4 square, even, smooth, except at the base, where they are fomewhat downy; branches expanding. Growing with variety α on Barr Beacon, near Birmingham. In full blossform August 19. It feems to be a truly diftinct variety. ST.—Park. at p. 1004, feems to diftinguish two forts of common Gorze, viz. one with "the "cods small and short without any freeze;" this is the smaller fhrub; the other with "thick and short pods covered with a whit-"is the hoary freese;" this is the taller and larger fort. See also the difference he points out in the leaves, which, in the smaller fort, do not fall off fo feon as in the larger. WITH.

Genista aculeata minor, five Nepa Theophrasti. GER. and GER em. (ST.)

Gorze (in the midland counties.) Furze (Dorfetshire and fome other parts of England.) Whins (Weftmoreland).

Heaths and barren paftures. Lowlands of Scotland, but rare in the Highlands. LIGHTF. ST.—At Comrie in Strath-Ern, but in no part of Breadalbane. Mr. STUART. S. Apr.—Nov. [All the year, but never more beautifully than in September and October. WITH.]

This is a very hardy plant, and will make fences upon the bleakeft mountains, and clofe to the fea fide, where the fpray of the fea deftroys almost every other fhrub. It is cut to make faggots for heating ovens, which it does very foon, burning rapidly, and with a great degree of heat. The afhes are used to make ley. Team Horses may be supported by this plant if it is cut young and bruifed in a mill to break the thorns.

Goats, Cows, Sheep, and Horfes feed upon the tender tops.

935. ONO'NIS.

935. ONO'NIS. Reftharrow.

EMPAL. Cup with 5 divifions; nearly as long as the blofs. Segments ftrap-fhaped; taper; a little bowed upwards; the loweft under the keel.

BLoss. butterfly-fhaped.

Standard heart-fhaped; fcored; with the fides depressed more than usual.

Wings egg-fhaped; half as long as the ftandard.

Keel tapering; generally longer than the wings. CHIVES. Threads 10; united and forming a complete undivided cylinder. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong; woolly. Shaft fimple; rifing upwards. Summit blunt.

S. VESS. Shell diamond-fhaped; turgid; a little woolly; with 1 cell and 2 valves.

SEEDS few; kidney-fhaped.

ESS. CHAR. Empalement with 5 divisions; segments strapshaped. Standard scored. Shell swoln; sitting. Threads growing together without any fiffure.

* Flowers nearly fitting.

thorny.

762

ONO'NIS *fpino'*[a. LINN. *A. fuec.*—Flowers in bunches. Leaves 3-fold and folitary. Branches thorny. RETZ. prodr. *fl. fcand.*—Flowers moftly folitary. Upperleaves folitary, bare. Branches fmooth. HUDS.—Bloß. twice as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. —Branches flightly woolly. ST.

Sheldr. 79.—Blackw. 301.—Riv. tetr. 69, Anonis.—H. ox. ii. 17. row 1. 1. f. 3.—H. dan. 783.*—J. B. ii. 391. 2.—Ger. 1141. 1.—Fuch/. 60, abridged in Trag. 869.—Matth. 674, imitated in Dod. 743. 2, Lob. obf. 492. 2, ic. ii. 28. 1, Ger. em. 1322. 1, and cop. in Park. 994. 1.—Lonic. i. 72. 1.

Plant with a clammy downinefs, early in the fummer without thorns, when fuller grown becoming thorny, as Loefel has well obferved. Stem-leaves 3-fold; flower-leaves fimple. Flowers almost fitting, folitary, from the fides of the branches, 2 together, on diffinet fruit-ftalks. LINN.—Notwithftanding what Linnæus obferves, from Loefel they feem to be diffinet fpecies. They are feldom found together, and the O. arvenfis, without thorns, has

never

* Leaves too pointed and top deeply ferrated. Mr. WOODWARD.

THREADS in 2 SETS. X. CHIVES.

never with us been observed to become thorny. Sr. in Bot. Arr. ed. I.-In the autumn of 1779 I examined many hundreds of O. arvenfis in the corn fields at Berkhamstead. Hertfordshire, without finding a fingle one with thorns, while in the neighbourhood of Bungay, Suffolk, I never found one without thorns in any feafon of the year. Mr. WOODWARD .- Loefel only fays, that " in the " fpring and early in the fummer it is fmooth, (lævis) but that afterwards it acquires prickles." Mr. DRYANDER in Retz. cbf. ii. n. 68 .- Stems lying down, woolly, reddifh, thorny, efpecially from the bafe to the middle. Thorns awl-fhaped, pungent, with fometimes 1 or 2 leaves. Flowers mostly folitary, but when 2 they are fixed to a cloven fruit-stalk. RETZ .- Miller, Gouan, and Retzius have shewn, that this is specifically different from O. arvensis, and not merely a variety the effect of culture. MURR .- Whole plant more woody and rigid than O. arvenfis. Stem flightly hairy. Branches terminating in foftifh thorns. Thorns at the bafe of the young branches, ftrong, early in the fummer not pungent. Leaves almost fmooth. Empalement hairy; fegments awl-fhaped, unequal. Bldfs. twice as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ononis arvenfis fpinofa. LINN. fp. pl. and LIGHTF.

Rescharrow. Cammock. Petty Whin. Ground Furze.

Barren pastures, [fometimes in moist meadows. Sr.]

A decoction of the roots has been recommended in cafes of ftone and jaundice .- Cows and Goats eat it. Sheep are very fond of it. Horfes and Swine refuse it. LINN .- A Horfe refused the whole branch, but eat of the younger shoots when picked off. Sr.

ONO'NIS arven'fis. Flowers in bunches, in pairs. hairy Leaves 3-fold, the upper folitary. Branches without thorns, fomewhat woolly. LINN .- Flowers moftly in pairs. Branches woolly. Huns. - Bioffoms but little longer than the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .---Flowers folitary. St. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.

Cluf. i. 99. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1322. 3, and cop. in 7. B. ii. 393. 2.-Ger. 1142. 3.-A good figure is wanting.

Plant clammy, ftrong scented. Leaf-scales ferrated, cloven at the end, widening downwards. Mr. HOLLEFEAR .- Blos. fometimes white. REICH .- Stem and branches woolly. Leaves fomewhat woolly, broader, more egg-fhaped, and not fo elliptical as those of O. spinofa. Flowers more numerous, mostly folitary, on the young fhoots; alternate. Empal. fegments more tapering. Mr. WOODWARD.-Stems and branches woody, cylindrical, a little hairy. Leaves fet with glandular hairs; the upper oblong-eggfhaped, toothed. Leaf-flalks fhort, fixed to a broad toothed leaf-3 D 4 fcale.

fcale. Flowers fcattered, intermixed with leaves. Empal. fome of the hairs long and tapering, others fhort and tipped with glands; fegments, 4 of them preffing on the ftandard, the lowermoft fupporting the keel. Blofs. flandard circular, with a fmall point at the end, with fhort hairs on the outfide, of a fine rofe-colour, ftreaked with deeper coloured lines; wings more than half as long as the ftandard, egg-fhaped, white; keel coloured and ftreaked as the ftandard. Tips yellow. Seed-bud with hairs tipped with glands. Seeds about 6. WITH.

Ononis inermis. Huds.

It is fometimes pickled as Samphire.

 β HUDS. I have cultivated this and α for 4 years, without being able to difcover any fpecific difference. Both are woolly and fomewhat clammy, and the flowers folitary, in pairs, and fometimes in threes. HUDS.

Ononis repens, which fee.

creeping ONO'NIS repens. Stems fpreading. Branches upright. Upper-leaves folitary. Leaf-fcales egg-fhaped. LINN.—Empal. nearly as fhort again as the blois. ST.*

Dill. elth. 25. 28.

Very closely allied to O. arvensis, but differs in its trailing stems fpreading on every fide, and in being fmaller. Flowers folitary, from the bofom of the leaves. LINN .- Inclined to believe it only a variety, having obferved it fometimes to acquire thorns. LIGHTF. -Whole plant clammy, not fo downy as O. arvensis. Flowers larger and fewer. Leafits oblong-wedge-shaped. Empal. fegments shorter and blunter. Whether diffinct from O. arvensis difficult to fay, but I am inclined to Mr. Hudson's opinion, as being removed into a garden it became upright, and more downy. If a variety it is of O. arvensis, and not of spinosa. Mr. WOODWARD .- Habit that of O. arvensis. Branches and empalements as woolly as those of O. arvensis, but the observation of Mr. Lightfoot, joined to the proportionate length of the bloffom and empalement, induce me to believe it, if not a diftinct species, to be a variety of O. spinofa. Mr. Woodward informs us that O. repens is common on the coafts of Norfolk and Suffolk. The spinola is equally common in their fields, while the arvensis never appears there. Specimens from the fea coaft of Cornwall and gardens equally woolly. ST .- Blofs. red or almost white.

* Calyce corollis duplo breviore. Sr.

764

Sea

Sea fhore in fandy foils, frequent. LIGHTE.—Field by Charleton Church, between the gravel pit and Woolwich, towards Gravefend, and on the fand downs by Deal, and near Yarmouth. RAY. P. June. July.

936. ANTHYL'LIS. Ladies-finger.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; egg-oblong; bellying; woolly. Rim with 5 unequal teeth; permanent.

BLOSS. butterfly-fhaped.

Standard long; with reflected fides, and a claw as long as the cup.

Wings 2; oblong; fhorter than the flandard.

Keel compressed; as long as the wings, and like them.

CHIVES. Threads 10; connected; rifing upwards. Tips fimple.

- POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft fimple; afcending. Summit blunt.
- S. VESS. Shell roundifh; inclosed in the cup; very fmall; with 2 valves.

SEEDS I OT 2.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement bellying. Shell roundish; covered.

ANTHYL'LIS Vulnera'ria. Herbaceous. Leaves common winged, unequal. Flowers in a double head.—

Dill. elth. 431. 320.—Riv. tetr. 13. 1, Anthyllis.—Ger. 1060. 1, and 1023. 1.—J. B. ii. 362.—Dod. 552. 1, refr. in Lob. obf. 530. 1, ic. ii. 87. 2, Ger. em. 1240. 1, and cop. in Park. 1093. 1.

Stems cylindrical, downy. Leaves downy, with the hairs lying clofe, with 5 or 6 pair of leafits. Flowers fitting, in one of the larger heads 20. Empalement membranaceous, hairy, contracted at the mouth, with 2 lips. Blofs. flandard, edges rolled back; wings complicated with and longer than the keel, the claws very long. Blofs. deep yellow. Tips fmall. deep yellow. Summit knobbed, yellowifh. Florai-leaves at the bafe of the heads fornewhat handfhaped, those at the bafe of the fruit-ftalks briftle-fhaped. RELH. Kidney Vetch. Ladies-finger.

Meadows and paftures, in chalk or a calcareous foil; [and alfo on decayed bafaltic rock containing iron, as Arthur's Seat, Edinburgh. Sr.— Limeftone pits, Cradley, near Malvern Hill, Worcefterfhire. Mr. BALLARD.] P. July. The

The country people get a yellow dye from it. It makes an excellent pafturage for Sheep. Where the foil was a reddifh clay Linnæus obferyed the bloffoms to be red, but in white clay white. Goats and Cows eat it.

β Bloffoms fcarlet. LINN.

Pembrokelhire. RAY .- Ille of Anglesea. Hubs.

944. PI'SUM. Pea.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 5 clefts; fharp; permanent; the 2 upper fegments the broadeft.

BLOSS. butterfly-shaped.

Standard very broad; inverfely heart-fhaped; reflected; notched at the end; with a point between.

Wings 2; circular; approaching; fhorter than the ftandard.

Keel compressed; half-moon-shaped; shorter than the wings.

- CHIVES. Threads to; I fimple; fuperior; awl-fhaped; flat; 9 awl-fhaped; united from the middle downwards into a cylinder, which is cloven towards the top. Tips roundifh.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; compressed. Shaft ascending; triangular; membranaceous; keeled; the fides bent outwards. Summit fixed to the superior angle; oblong; woolly.
- S. VESS. Shell large; long; fomewhat cylindrical, or compreffed below; the point tapering upwards; I cell; 2 valves.

SEEDS many; globular.

ESS. CHAR. Shaft triangular, keeled and downy above. Empal. the 2 upper fegments shorter.

fea PI'SUM marit'imum. Leaf-ftalks flattifh above. Stem angular. Leaf-fcales arrow-fhaped. Fruit-ftalks with many flowers.—

> H. dan. 338.—Munt. phyt. 825. 230.—Ger. em. 1220. 5, cop. in Park. 1060. 4.—Park. 1060. 5.

Whole plant, excepting the upper furface of the leaves, flightly downy. Root creeping. Stems angular. Leaf-flaks with many leafts, flattilh above, with tendrils. Leafits, the outer fmaller. Leaf-fcales opposite, angular at the base on each fide, fcarcely toothed. LINN.—Roots firiking extremely deep in the earth. Stems trailing,

trailing, fhort; the outline of the whole oval. Leave, numerous; alternate; leafts oval, alternate, fitting, finooth, the outer not always fmaller, on the lower-leaves 5 to 7, on the upper 9 to 11, there being always one more on the outer fide of the leaf-ftalk. Leaf-ftaiks angular. Tendrils terminating the leaf-ftalk; generally cloven, fometimes fimple. Leaf-fcales in pairs, oval-fpear-fhaped, broad, arrow-fhaped at the bale. Flowers towards the end of the fruit-ftalks, crowded, on fhort pedicles. Mr. Woodw.—Blefs. pale red and purple.

Sea fhores. On a ftony beach between Aldburgh and Orford, [not Oxford, as Linn. in Fi. lapp.) Suff. RAV. [Mr. WOODW.] -Near Haftings, Suffex, and on the weft fide of Dengenefs, near Lyd, in Kent. RAV.—Rie and Penfie, Suffex; Guildford, over against the Comber; and Ingelne Mills, Lincolnfh. P. Aug.

In 1555, during a time of great fcarcity, the people about Orford, in Suffex, were preferved from perifhing, by eating the feeds of this plant, which grew there in great abundance upon the fea coaft.

Cows, Horfes, Sheep, nnd Goats eat it.

It affords nourifhment to the Ikakana Lik.

945. OR'OBUS. Pealeling.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; blunt at the bafe. Rim oblique; very fhort; with 5 teeth; the 3 lower the fharpeft; the 2 upper fhorter; deeper and more bluntly divided; fhrivelling.

BLoss. butterfly-fhaped.

Standard inverfely heart-fnaped; long; reflected at the end and at the fides.

Wings 2; oblong; nearly as long as the flandard; rifing upwards; approaching.

Keel evidently cloven in the lower part; taper; rifing upwards; edges approaching; parallel; comprefied; the bottom diffended.

CHIVES. Threads 10; afcending; 9 united. Tips roundifh. POINT. Seed-bud cylindrical; compressed. Shaft threadfnaped; bent upwards; upright. Summit strapfnaped; on the inner fide downy from the middle to the end of the shaft.

S. VESS. Shell cylindrical; long; taper-pointed; afcending at the end; I cell; 2 valves.

SEEDs many; roundifh.

Ess.

Ess. CHAR. Shafe drap-haped. Emplement blunt at the baje; the upper Jegments deeper and florter.

keath

OR'OBUS rubero'lus. Leaves winged. fpear-fhaped. Leaf-fcales half-arrow-fhaped, very entire. Stem fimple. Curt. i. 4.—Riv. 1817. 39, Urob. rad. thb.—{Sibbald 1.*}—Ger. em. 1237. 2, cop. in H. ex. ii. 21. run 2. f. 3.—Fl. dan. 581.— Thal. 1. cop. in Part. 1052. 5.

Stans at first drooping, but upright when in flower. Lass.— Legi-fails terminated by a flort firaight tendril. Legi-fails halfarrow-flaped, entire, or with t or a teeth. Cvar. Sr.—Tendril, or what is analogous to a tendril, awl-thread-flaped, about equal in length to the breadth of the leafus, many times narrower than the leaf-finalk. Empol. the points of the a upper teeth pointing towards each other. Sr.—Legits, 1 to 3 pair, fitting, elliptical, the upper ones narrower and nearly firap-flaped, without an odd one, but the leaf-finalk is entended into a fort of point. Legi-fonles in pairs at the bale of the leaf-finalks. Flowers 4 or 5 in a bunch, on flort flender pedicles. Mr. Woodw.—Stems with a or 3 membranaceous leafy edges. Legits with 3 longitudinal veins, and termimated by a flarp point. Steps fitrap-flaped, not pointed at the end. Shull flat. Seeds compreffed, about 12. Wirth.—Blaffons purple, 3 or 4 together. Shub black, pendant.

The roots, when boiled, are favory and nutritious; ground to powder they may be made into bread. They are held in high effectm by the Highlanders of Scotland, who chew them, as our people do Tobacco, and find that they prevent the uneafy fenfation of hunger. They imagine that they promote expectoration, and are very efficacious in curing diforders of the lungs. They know how to prepare an intoxicating liquor from them. Press. tour. 1773. 9. 310. Ray's light plant. 9. 016.

Hories, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

wood OR'OBUS fylourfine Stems drooping, hairy, branched.—

> Light. 16. at p. 330. - Men. de l'acad des friences 1706. t. 30. at p. 87. I have not fren.

Stens branched, foored. Leafts, 6 or 7 pair. Ellifs. red without, within white, with purple lines. Shells compreffed. Steads a or 3. LINN.—Stems numerous, trailing, much branched, but flightly hairy, as are even the younger fhoots. Leaves winged, alternate; leafts oval, or elliptical, in none of my fpecimens acutely pointed,

* Mr. Weczware.

pointed, terminatedy by a point which is an extension of the midrib, on fhort hairy leaf-stalks, fomewhat alternate, 6 to 12 pair, without an odd one, but with a fort of beard terminating the general leaf-stalk. Leaf-stak flightly hairy. Flowers numerous, to 12, on fhort pedicles, crowded, mostly pointing one way, on the fummit of a long naked fruit-stalk. Leaf-scales half-arrow-shaped, a at the base of each general leaf-stalk, smaller than those of the O. tuberoins, and terminated by a more acute point. Emgal. short, green, tinged with red, fringed, somewhat lipped, lips nearly equal, the upper with 2 teeth, the lower with 3, rather longer. Bloss, long and narrow. Pods short, smooth. Mr. Woodward. Bitter Veick.

Woods, hedges, paftures, dry rocky places, and banks of rivers. Ten miles from Péntith; Gamblefby, Cumberland. RAV. Mr. Woodward.-Below Brecknock Hills in the way to Cardiff, and not far from Bala, Merionethfhire. Upper part of Merley Wood, near Oxford. RAV.-Several places in Scotland. See Fl. foot.-Near Rofs-Trevor, Ireland. RAV. P. May.-July.

946. LAT H'YRUS. Vetchling.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; bell-fhaped; with 5 fhallow clefts; fegments fpear-fhaped; fharp;- the 2 upper fhorteft; the lower one longeft.

BLOSS. butterfly-shaped.

Standard inverfely heart-fhaped; large; reflected at the end and at the fides.

Wings oblong; crefcent-fhaped; fhort; blunt.

Keel half a circle; as large as the wings; but broader; opening inwardly at the middle.

- CHIVES. Threads 10; rifing upwards; 9 united. Tips roundifh.
- POINT. Seed-bud compreffed; oblong; narrow. Shaft upright; flat and broad towards the top; fharp at the end. Summit woolly; extending from the middle of the fhaft to the end, along the fore part.
- S. VESS. Shell very long; cylindrical, or compressed; tapering to a point. Values 2.

SEEDS many; either cylindrical, or nearly globular.

ESS. CHAR. Shaft flat; woolly above; broader upwards. Empal. the 2 upper segments shorter.

Oss. This genus is very nearly allied to Phum, but is evidently diffinct in its thaft. * Fruit-flalks bearing I flower.

yellow LATH'YRUS Aph'aca. Fruit-stalks with I flower.

Tendrils without leaves. Leaf-fcales arrow-heart-fhaped. Gief. 41.-Mill. ill. 43.-Lob. obf. 518: 1, repr. in ic. ii. 70. 1,

Ger. em. 1250, and cop. in Park. 1067, and H. ox. ii. 4. 7. Leof-fcales oppolite, very entire, fmooth, fea green. Tendrils horizontal, fimple, alternate. Truit-flalks longer than the leaffcales. RELH.—Stems 4-cornered, trailing. Leaf-fcales oval-fpearfhaped, arrow-fhaped at the bafe, in pairs, fmooth, fomewhat fea-green, marked underneath with numerous parallel ribs, larger towards the top of the ftem: Fruit-flalks long, from the bofom of the leaf-fcales, alternate. Tendrils folitary, fimple, oppofite to the fruit-ftalks. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, minute, I at the bafe of each flower. Empal. divided almost to the bafe; fegments equal, fmooth, nearly as long as the blosson, ftrap-fpear-fhaped. Bloss. greenifh yellow at the bafe. Mr. WOODW.—Tendrils with fometimes 2 fpear-fhaped leaves joined together at the bafe, but this is very rare. Blaff. ms yellow.

Sandy corn fields and meadows. [Hifton, near Cambridge, and between Notwich and Bungay. Mr. Woodw.] A. June—Sept. The feeds, both of this and of all the other fpecies, are nutriti-

ous, either eaten in broth or made into bread.

crimfon

L'ATH'YRUS Niffolia. -Fruit-ftalks with I flower. Leaves fimple. Leaf-fcales awl-fhaped. LINN.-Fruit-ftalks fometimes with 2 flowers. HUDS.

Buxb. iii. 45. 1.—Dod. 529. 1, repr. in Lob. cbf. 518. 2, ic. ii 71. 1, Ger. em. 1249. 2, and cop. in Park. 1079. 4, and J. B. ii. 309. 1.

Stem upright. Tendrils none. Leaf-fcales very fmall. LINN.-Stem upright, fimple, angular, twifted, flightly hairy. Leaves alternate, fmooth, fword-fhaped, refembling those of Grafs. Leaf-fcales in pairs, at the base of the leaves. Fruit-flaks from the bosom of the leaves, about $\frac{3}{4}$ as long, flightly hairy. Flower-fcales awl-fhaped, fmall, I at the base of each flower. Elos. beautiful crimfon. Pods firap-fhaped, bending downwards, flightly downy, terminated by a firaight fhast. Mr. WOODWARD.-Shells pendant. Crimfon Grafs Vetch.

Borders of corn fields and paftures, not uncommon. Huns. ST.--[Ripton, Huntingdonfhire. Mr. WOODW.--Coton Field, near Stafford. WITH.] A. May.

This is a very beautiful plant, and merits a place in our flower borders.

** Fruit-stalks

** Fruit-flaks with many flowers. LINN.—L. hirfula has fometimes fruit-flaks with only I flower. ST.

LATH'YRUS hirfu'tus. Fruit-stalks with mostly 3 rough podded flowers. Tendrils with 2 leaves. Leaves spear-shaped. Shells hairy. Seeds rough. LINN.—Fruit-stalks with sometimes 1 or 2 flowers, HUDS.—mossily 2. Mr. WOODWARD.

J. B. ii. 305.—(Riv. tetr. 41, L. filiquis hirfutis is wanting in our our copy.)

Flowers purple. LINN.—Stems angular, twifted, flightly hairy. Leafits, a fingle pair, flightly hairy, with 3 ftrong ribs, terminated by an awn. Leaf-flatks triangular, furrowed above, terminated by a tendril. Tendrils moftly dividing into 3. Leaf-fcales half-arrow-fhaped, pointed, with long appendages, 2 at the bafe of each leaf-ftalk. Fruit-flatks very long. Flowers at about 1 or $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch from each other. Flower-fcales awl-fhaped, fmall, about $\frac{1}{4}$ th of an inch beneath the terminating flower, and at the bafe of the fhort pedicle of the lower. Emplement 1-3rd as long as the bloffom; clefts extending half way down; fegments 5, equal. Pods fhort, covered with hair, each hair proceeding from a gland. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. with yellow lines within.

Corn fields and ditch banks. Fields about Hockley and Rayleigh; and elfewhere in Rochford, Effex. RAY.—Near Munden Church and Laydon Hall in Denyg Hundred, Effex. BLACKST. A July.

LATH'YRUS praten'fis. Fruit-ftalks with many meadow f flowers. Tendrils with 2 leaves, quite fimple. Leafits fpear-fhaped. LINN.—Tendrils fometimes with 3 clefts, LINN. —and fometimes with 2. Mr. WOODWARD.

Curt. iii. 29.—Riv. tetr. 43, L. pratenfis.—Fl.-dan. 527.—J. B. ii. 304. 2.—Walc.—H. ox. ii. 2. 2.—Anderfon.—Lob. obf. 517. 3, repr. in ic. ii. 69. 2, Ger. em. 1231. 6, and cop. in Park. 1061. 1.

Leafts between coiled and rolled inwards. Leaf-fcales very entire, halberd-fhaped. Fruit-flalks 4-cornered. LINN.—Tendrils fometimes, tho' rarely, cloven. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—Stem much branched. Leaves fmooth. Leaf-flalks furrowed, 3-cornered, terminating in tendrils. Leaf-fcales fpear-arrow-fhaped, large, in pairs at the bafe of each leaf-flalk. Fruit-flalks long, with 4, 5, or more flowers. Pedicles fhort, hairy. Flower-fcales awl-fhaped, very minute, 1 at the bafe of each pedicle. Empalement 1-3rd as long as the bloffom, fomewhat hairy, cloven half way down; fegments rather unequal. Shells black, fmooth. Mr. WOODWARD. —Leafts very entire. Empal. the 2 upper teeth approaching. Blofs. yellow;

yellow; flandard with 6 or 7 purple lines just above the claw. Tips oblong. WITH.

Tare Everlasting. Common Yellow Vetchling.

Meadows, paftures, woods, thickets, and hedges. P. July—Aug. Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it. Swine refufe it.

narrowleaved

LATH'YRUS *fylve/'tris*. Fruit-ftalks with many flowers. Tendrils with 2 leaves. Leafits fword-fhaped. Stem with membranaceous borders between the knots.—

Fl. dan. 325.—Riv. tetr. 39. L. fylvaticus.—Chyl. ii. 129. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 517. 1, ic. ii. 68. 2, Ger. em. 1229. 1, and rudely cop. in Park. 1063. 3.—Fuchf. 572, cop. in Trag. 613, Dod. 523. 2, and J. B. ii. 302. 2.—H. ox. ii. 2. 4.

Stems widely fpreading, climbing, or trailing. Leaf-ftalks rough at the edge. Leafits ftrap-fhaped, not broader than the ftem. Leaffcales awl-fhaped, very narrow. LINN.—Leaves not fo ftiff as thofe of L. latifolius. Leafits fometimes, though rarely, 2 pair. Leaf-ftalks bordered. Bunches of fewer flowers than thofe of L. latifolius. Flowers not more than 6 in a bunch, as fmall again as thofe of L. latifolius. HALL. ST.—Leaf-fcales half-arrow-fhaped, in-pairs. Tendrils cloven into 3. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, I at the bafe of each pedicle. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leafits broader than the ftem, as in the figure of the Fl. dan. Flowers 3 to 9 in a bunch. ST.— Blofs. red or white; fometimes by cultivation dark purple.

Ervum falivum. FUCHS. 572, (not E. fylvestre.) Sr.

Narrow-leaved Peafe-everlasting.

Woods and hedges. Between Caftle-Campes and Bartlow, Cambridgefhire. RAY. RELH.—Between Bath and Briftol, and Conway, Wales. HUDS.—Wood fides between Perfhore and Eckington, Worcefterfhire. NASH. P. July. Aug. Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

broad-leaved

LATH'YRUS *latifolius*. Fruit-stalks with many flowers. Tendrils with 2 leafits. Leafits spear-shaped. Stem with membranaceous borders between the knots.—

Mill. ill.—Fl. dan. 785.—Riv. tetr. 40, L. narbonenfis.—Garid. 108. at p. 300.—Matth. 971.—(Lob. obf. 517. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 68. 2, and Ger. em. 1229. 1, and rudely cop. in Park. 1063. 3, are re-impreffions of Clusius ii. 129. 2, which Linnæus has very justly referred to L. fylvestris.)

Leafts rolled in, elliptical, feveral times broader than the ftem, fometimes 4. Leaf-fcales broader than the ftem, nearly halberdfhaped. LINN.—Empal. the 3 lower fegments longer, nearly equal. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—Leaves blunt, with a fhort awn at the end. Tendrils

Tendrils with many divisions. Leaf-fcales fpear-half-arrow-fhaped, in pairs. Flowers more numerous, and larger than those of L. Swiefiris. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, I at the base of each fruit-ftalk. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bloffoms pale purplish rose-colour.

Broad-leaved Peafe-everlasting.

Woods and hedges. Modingley, Everfden, and Kingfton Woods, near Cambridge. Rocks near Red Neefe by Whitehaven. [Severn Stoke Copfe, Worcefterfh. Mr. BALLARD.] P. July. Aug.

The beauty of its flowers has obtained it a place in our fhrubberies and flower borders. Sr.

LATH'YRUS paluf'tris. Fruit-stalks with many marsh flowers. Tendrils with many leafits. Leaf-scales spearscale.

Fl. dan. 399.—Fluk. 71. 2.—Rupp. 1. at p. 210.—(Tourn. 218, is a different species.)

Stem with leafy borders. Leafits 6, fpear-fhaped. Leaf-fcales half-arrow-shaped. Fruit-flaks with generally 3 flowers. Blosfoms blue. RETZ.—Whole plant smooth. Stems with somewhat membranaceous edges. Leafits 2 or 3 pair, spear-shaped. Leaf-fcales half-arrow-shaped, pointed, small. Tendrils with 3 clefts. Flowers 3 to 6, or more, pointing one way. Floral-leaves awl-shaped, 1 at the base of each pedicle. Empal. upper segments broader, the lowest awl-shaped. Mr. WOODWARD.

Chichling Vetch.

Moist meadows and pastures. Peckham Field on the back of Southwark. RAY.—Wood near Abington. BLACKST.—Charley Forest, near Bardon Hill, Leicestersch. Dr. POULTNEY.—Lancasch. and Yorkshire. HUDS.—Near Ranaugh, Norf. Mr. HUMPHRY. D. Leik A.

P. July. Aug.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

Vol. II.

3 E

947. VIC'IA.

947. VIC'IA. Vetch.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; upright; with 5 fhallow clefts; fhar;; the upper teeth fhorteft; approaching; all the teeth equal in breadth.

BLoss. butterfly-fhaped.

Standard oval; with a broad oblong claw; notched at the end, with a fharp point in the middle; reflected at the fides; compreffed and raifed in a line running lengthways.

Wings 2; oblong; upright; in the shape of half a heart; with an oblong claw; fhorter than the ftandard.

Keel with an oblong cloven claw; the hollow part compreffed; in the fhape of half a circle; fhorter than the wings.

CHIVES. Threads 10; 9 united. Tips upright; roundifh; with 4 furrows.

Honey-cup Gland fhort; tapering; arifing from the receptacle, and fituated between the united threads and the feed-bud.

POINT. Seed-bud narrow; compressed; long. Shaft threadfhaped; rather fhort; bent upwards. Summit blunt; bearded on the under fide at the end.

S. VESS. Shell long; like leather; with 2 valves, and 1 cell; terminated by a point.

SEEDs many; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Summit transversely bearded on the lower fide.

* Fruit-falks long.

wood VIC'IA fylvatica. Fruit-stalks with many flowers. Leafits oval. Leaf-fcales finely toothed.-

Fl. dan. 277.-Pluk. 71. 1.-Hall. 12. 2. at i. p. 172. *

Stems numerous, and fo much branched that they choak whatever plants they come near. Leaves with 8 or 9 pair of leafits, and terminated by a long and very much branched tendril; leafits eggfhaped, oftener alternate than oppofite; fmooth, with a net-work of veins, and terminated by a fhort point. Leaf-scales in pairs, fmall, deeply divided into feveral awl-fhaped fegments. Fruit-flaks long, thick, 4-cornered, and fcored; upright. Flowers numerous, on the upper part of the fruit-ftalk pendant, growing irregularly, mostly in two's and three's, with interruptions. Empal. teeth awlfhaped.

fhaped. Blojs. rather large; flandard and wings whitish, beautifully veined and ftreaked with blue; keel pale blue. Mr. WOODWARD. -Bloss. Randard without a sharp point in a notch at the end; keel not fhorter than the wings. Shaft and fummit fo flender that one cannot certainly difcern the beard on the under fide at the end. WITH.

Woods and hedges. Woods near Caerwent, Monmouthfhire; Greta Bridge, Yorkshire; Smokhall Wood Bath; Devizes, Wiltfhire; Kirby Lonfdale, Westimoreland. RAY .- Skirrith Wood, near Ingleton, Yorksh. CURT .- [Malham, near Settle, Yorksh. and elfewhere in the North. Mr. WOODWARD .- Thicket on the north fide of Bredon Hill, Worcestersh. NASH .- Orton, Cumberland: Barrowfield Wood, near Kendal, Mr. WOODWARD .---Woods about Clifton upon Teme, Worcestersh. in moist places. P. July. Aug. ST.1

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it. LINN.

The roots fomewhat refemble in tafte those of liquorice: ST.

VIC'IA Crac'ca. Fruit-stalks with many flowers. tufted Flowers tiled. Leafits spear-shaped, downy. Leaf-scales entire .---

Fl. dan. 804.-Riv. tetr. 49, Cracca.-H. ox. ii. 4. 1.

Leafits rolled in. In corn fields large and luxuriant, in meadows fmall and hoary. Bloss. fometimes white. LINN .- Flowers fmall, purplish blue, pointing one way, pendant, in bunches, tiled. RELHAN.-Empal. 2 upper teeth exceedingly fhort. Mr. Holler. -Stem when climbing on bufhes 3 or 4 feet high, 4-cornered, fcored, flightly hairy. Branches numerous, fhort, alternate, from the bofom of the upper-leaves. Leaves alternate, very long; leafits ftrap-fpear-fhaped, oftener alternate than oppofite, hairy, terminated by a fhort point, from 10 to 12 pair. Tendril terminating the leaf-stalk, branched. Leaf-scales half-arrow-shaped, pointed. Empalement bluifh, the 2 upper teeth extremely fhort, the lowermost longeft. Flowers fmall, very numerous, pendant, clofely tiled. Mr. WOODWARD.-Leafits fometimes spear-shaped, as in the fig. ST .- Stem angular, fcored, very long, climbing. Leafits rounded at the end, and terminated by a fharp point. Tendrils terminating the leaf-stalks. Fruit-stalks from the bosom of the leaves, longer than the leaves. Blos. bluish purple, with 2 deeper purple spots at the extremity of the keel; flandard heart-fhaped, without a fharp point in the notch. Shell with 5 feeds. WITH.

Hedges, fhady places, meadows, fields, [and willow beds. Sr.] P. July. Aug.

Dr. Plot, in his nat. hift. of Stafford h. p. 204, fays, that this and the preceding fpecies advance ftarven or weak cattle above any thing yet known. 3 E 2 Horfes.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it. Swine are not fond of it.—The Aphis Craccæ lives upon it.

** Flowers from the befom of the leaves, almost fitting.

common

VIC'IA fativa. Shells fitting, generally 2 together, upright. Leaves denied at the end. Props marked with a fpot on the under fide.—

Walc.—Riv. tetr. 55, Vicia.—Fl. dan. 522.*—Cluf. ii. 235. 1, repr. in Dod. 531. 1, Lob. obf. 522. 3, ic. ii. 75. 1, Ger. em. 1227. 1, cop. in Fark. 1072. 1, and imitated in H. ox. ii. 4. 12. —J. B. ii. 310. 2.

Leaf-scales marked underneath with a fpot as if it had been burnt. LINN.—Spot of a blackifh red. HUDS.—Leasts all broad, nearly inversely heart-shaped. HALL. ST.—Stem upright, foored. Leaves winged; leasts about 6 pair. opposite, elliptical, blunt, the midrib lengthened into a projecting point. Tendril terminating the least-stalk, branched. Least-scales in pairs, spear-shaped, toothed, marked with a black shining spot. Flowers mostly 2 together. Bloss. reddish purple. Mr. WOODWARD.—Empal. teeth nearly equal. Seeds black.

Vetch. Fetch. Tare.

Dry meadows, paftures, and corn fields. A. Apr.—June. In Gloucefterfhire and Worcefterfhire they fow it as pafturage for Horfes, and eat it off early enough to allow of Turneps being fown the fame year. The feeds are excellent food for Pigeons.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

β Hups. Seeds white.

y Leaves narrower, fomewhat firap-fhaped. LINN. LEERS. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Riv. tetr. 54, V. anguftf. - Dod. 542. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 522. 3, 3. ic. ii. 75. 2, Ccr. em. 1227. 4, and cop. in Park. 1071. 1. -H. ox. ii. 4. 11. J. B. ii. 312. - Matth. 543, fhells on the leaf-fialks!

More common than α . So nearly allied to it that there fearcely feems to be any fixed limits between them. LINN. HALL. ST.— *Leafts* 5 and 6 pairs, those of the lower leaves egg-fhaped, but fill fomewhat dented at the end, the mid-rib terminating in a fhort awn; those of the upper-leaves ftrap-fhaped. *Tendrits* branched. *Flowers* mostly in pairs. *Shells* hairy. HALL. ST.— *Leaftls* of the lower-leaves, fome always dented at the end, and when cultivated all the leafts were dented and fhorter. WILLICH. —*Stem* trailing. *Leaftls* more pointed. *Leaf-feales* marked, but

* A small specimen. Leasts few. Flowers folitary. Mr, WOODWARD.

lefs diffinctly, with the burnt dots. *Flowers* moftly folitary, but of the fame colours with those of α . It is clearly a variety of *V*. fativa, as it may be traced through all its flages from its fmalleft fize up to the largest plants of *V*. fativa. Mr. WOODW.—Stems fcored, undivided. Tendrils with 3 clefts. Leasts of the lower-leaves heartthaped, 2 or 3 pair; those of the upper 4 or 5 pair, ftrap-fhaped, blunt at the end, the mid-rib lengthened out into a thorn-like point. Empal. the upper teeth longest, the lowermost the fhortest. Bloss. purple. Seeds 10 or 12. WITH.

V. lathyroides β , and poffibly α . HUDS. (Mr. WOODWARD.) Shotover, and divers other places. RAY.

VIC'IA lathyroi'des. Shells fitting, folitary, upright, firangle fmooth. Leafits 6, those of the lower-leaves inversely heart-fhaped. LINN.—Pods mostly folitary. Leafits of the lower-leaves dented, of the upper ftrap-fpear-fhaped. HUDS.*

* Under this character Mr. Hudson arranges V. fatiwa β ; V. fylw. flore ruberrimo, filiqua longa nigra R. fyn. 321, and V. lathyroides as varieties α , β , γ ; fubjoining the following observation. Sr.

It varies as follows: Leafts of the lower-leaves inverfely heart-fhaped, dented, or inverfely egg-fhaped; those of the upper-leaves ftrap-fhaped and fpear-fhaped, 4, 6, 8, and fometimes to. Flowers folitary, or in pairs. Leaf-fcales fpotted. Too nearly allied to V. fativa. HUDS.—View of the different varieties of V. fativa and lathyroides, confidered in point of habit.

1. Leaves inverfely heart-wedge-fhaped.

Walc. and the other figures cited under V. fativa a, excepting Fl. dan.

2. Leafts of the lower-leaves egg-elliptical, of the upper oblong-elliptical. Flowers folitary, or in pairs. Shells pubefcent. Habit that of V. fepium.

Fl. dan. 522.

Vicia fativa & LINN.-Vicia fylvestris five Cracca major. R. fyn. 321.

3. Leafits of the lower-leaves oblong, those of the upper firap-fhaped, blunt, or dented at the end.

Dod. 542. 2. and the other references cited under V. fative β , excepting those of Riv. and Matth.

4. Leafits fpear-fliaped, tapering to a point. Habit that of a Lathyrus. Riv. tetr. 54. V. anguflifolia.—Matth. 548.

In a fpecimen which I believe to be the fame plant, the leafits of the lower leaves are oval-fpear-fhaped, and only 1 pair.

5. Structure of the leaves and habit that of V. latbyroides. Flowers folitary. Some plants not above $2\frac{\pi}{2}$ inches high. Tendrils fometimes wanting. But leafits often more than 6; and fhells downy.

6. Vicia latbyroides. The number of the leafits, the function of the fhells, and the want of fpots upon the leaf-fcales, feem to be the only conftant characters, but it is the careful cultivation and comparison of this with the above varieties that can alone afcertain what are varieties and what fpecies. S_{T} .

Fl.

Fl. dan. 53.—Riv. tetr. 169, V. minima.—Herm. far. 242.—(H. ox. ii. 4. 14, a different plan!, as is evident from the flowers on long fruit-flaks.—Ger. em. 1227. 4, is. V. (ativa. β.)

Stem a fpan high, upright, fomewhat branched and 3-cornered. Leaf-scales toothed, not marked underneath with a dot. Leafits of the lower-leaves very finall, 6, with a fharp point at the end: those of the upper 6 or 8, very narrow, ftrap-fhaped, fmooth, dented with a point, the young ones folded together. Leaf-flalks of the lower-leaves very fhort, without tendrils; those of the upper, fhort, with tendrils. Flowers 3 times as fmall as those of V. fativa, but of the fame fhape and colour. Shells upright expanding, nearly fitting, fmooth, with 8 feeds. I am inclined to fufpect, from the downiness observable on the leasts of the lower-leaves, and even on the fhells, though exceedingly flight, that this delicate little plant, though differing from V. (ativa in ftructure as well as habit, is merely a variety of it. LEERS .- Whole plant hairy, except the pods. Root fmall, fibrous, annual. Stems feveral, a foot and lefs, weak, trailing. Leafits 4 to 6, and never more, opposite, those of the upper mostly spear-shaped. Tendrils never branched. Leaf-scales half-arrow-shaped, the upper spear-shaped, narrow, pointed. Flowers fmall, bluifh purple. Pods upright, fmooth, dotted. Seeds cubic. Mr. WOODWARD .- Tendrils often wanting. ST .- Seeds 9. Empal. teeth nearly equal.

Vicia lathyroides y HUDS.

Strangle Tare. — Dry paftures, gravel pits, and corn fields, in gravelly, fandy, and chalky foils. King's Park, Edinburgh. LIGHTF. St. A. May. June.

vellow

VIC'IA lu'tea. Shells fitting, bent back, hairy, folitary, with 5 feeds. Standard of the bloffom fmooth. LINN.—Flowers fometimes in pairs. HUDS.

H. ox. ii. 21. row 2. f. 2. - 7. B. ii. 313. 1.

Leaves fometimes spear-shaped, sometimes dented. Shells hairy or smoothish. Leas-scales alternately very entire, or with 3 teeth. LINN.—Leaves either inversely heart-shaped, dented, oblong, or spear-shaped. HUDS.—Leaves alternate; leasts 3 to 5 pair,`mostly alternate, oblong, blunt, and dented, or strap-spear-shaped. Least-scales spear-shaped, minute. Tendrils terminating, simple, or divided into 2 or 3. Bloss. pale yellow. Pods woolly. Mr. WOODWARD.

Meadows and paftures. Glaftenbury Tor-Hill. About Weymouth. A. June. July.

VIC'IA

VIC'IA hybrida. Shells fitting, bent back, hairy, baslard with 5 feeds. Standard of the blotfor woolly.--

Jacq. hort. ii. 146.—J. B. ii. 314. 1, in frud.—Scop. 42. at ii. p. 65. Nearly allied to V. lutea. Leafts invertivy egg-fhaped, dented, fmall, fprinkled with hairs. Leaf-fcales of the ftem not brown, but entirely green. Flowers yellow, greyifh above, hairy. In other refpects accords with V. lutea. LINN.

Vicia fylv. lutea cum galea fusca. J. B. hift. II. 314. (Sr.) Meadows and pastures. About Weymouth. A. June-Aug.

VIC'IA fe'pium. Shells on fruit-ftalks, mostly in bush fours, upright. Leasits egg-shaped, very entire, growing gradually smaller towards the end.—

Riv. tetr. 56, V. Jepium.—Fl. dan. 699.—Walc.—Traz. 624.— J. B. ii. 313. 2.—Ger. 1052. 1, cop. in em. 1227. 2.—Fuchf. 110.—Matth. 547.—Anderfon.—Lenic. i. 248. 1.

Leaves doubled together. Bunches fhorter than the leaves, with moftly 4 flowers. Blofs. fometimes white. LINN.—Stems upright. Leaves alternate, winged; leafts fometimes egg-fpear-fhaped, oppofite; mid-rib lengthened out into a projecting point. Leaf-fcales half-arrow-fhaped, pointed, fmall. Tendril branched, terminating. Flowers 3 or 4, in the bofom of the upper-leaves. Empal. fegments nearly equal. Blofs. dirty purple. Mr. Woopw.—Empal. rough with hair. Flowers on very fhort fruit-ftalks.

Woods, hedges, paftures, and meadows. P. May. [June. Sr.] Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it.

2. Bloffoms white. LINN.

Near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.

VIC'IA bithyn'ica. Shells on fruit-ftalks, folitary, rough upright. Leafits 4, egg-fpear-fhaped. Leaf-fcales toothed.

Jacq. hort. ii. 147.- (Buxb. cent. iii. 45. 2, has 2 flowers on a fruit-ftalk.)

Gravelly corn fields and paftures, and ditch banks near Doncafter, Yorkfhire. Ifle of Purbeck. [Woods near Clifton upon Teme, Worcefterfhire. Sr.] B. July.

3 E 4

948. ER'VUM.

948. ER'VUM. Tare.

EMPAL. Cup with 5 divisions; nearly as long as the bloffom; fegments narrow; tapering; nearly equal. BLoss. butterfly-fhaped.

Standard flat; a little reflected; circular; large. Wings blunt; half as long as the ftandard.

Keel shorter than the wings; tapering.

CHIVES. Threads 10; rifing upwards; 9 united. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft fimple; rifing upwards. Summit blunt; without a beard.

S. VESS. Shell oblong; blunt; cylindrical; with protuberances formed by the feeds.

SEEDS 4; nearly round.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. with 5 divisions; as long as the bloffom.

OBS. It differs from Vicia folely in the fummit. LINN.—In E. tetraspermum the empalement has 5 unequal teeth; and the fummit, when viewed through a microscope, appears bearded, fo that it ought to have been arranged with the Vicias. WITH.

finoothpodded

E R'V U M tetrasper'mum. Fruit-stalks with mostly 2 flowers. Seeds 4, globular.—

Curt. i. 7.—Riv. tetr. 53, Cracca minor filiquis gemell.—Ger. 1052. 2. —Fl. dan. 95.*—J. B. ii. 315. 2.—H. ox. ii. 4. 16.—Anderfon. Stem 2-edged, nearly 4-cornered. Leafts generally 10, and mostly alternate. Fruit-stalks of a hair-like fineness, with 1 or 2 flowers. Flower small, violet, often blood-coloured. Shell ovaloblong, smooth. LINN.—Seeds fometimes 5. Scop.—Leasts fometimes spear-schaped, and tapering to a point. ST.—Stem weak, much branched. Leasts about 5 pair, strap-spear-schaped, or strapschaped, generally fomewhat alternate. Least-scales in pairs, the lower half-arrow-schaped, the upper frequently entire. Tendril

frequently fimple. Fruit-ftalks from the bofom of the leaves, as long as, or longer than the leaves, folitary, or in pairs. Empal. fomewhat hairy, the lower fegments longeft. Shells perfectly fmooth. Mr. WOODWARD. Strangle

* Leaves fpear-fhaped, Mr. WOODW. ST. WITH.—and downy, as Hailer indeed defcribes them. In the Syft. veg. it is referred to E. Lens, but the E. Lens is hairy, the empal. as long or longer than the blofform, the lower-leaves without tendrils, and the fhells more than twice as broad as those of E. tetra-fpermum. ST.

Strangle Tare. Tine. Tine Tare.

Corn fields, hedges, and borders of ploughed fields. A. June. Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

2. Seeds 5, 6, or 7, rately 4. Stem lower, extremely branched. These differences could not proceed from luxuriance of foil, as the spot where it grew was a remarkably dry gravel.

Near Cambridge. Mr. WOODWARD.

ER'VUM hir utum. Fruit-ftalks with many flowers. rough-pedded Seeds 2, globular.

Curt. i. 8.—Dod. 542. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 522. 2, ic. ii. 76. 1, Ger. em. 1228, and cop. in Park. 1969.—Nev. tetr. 53, Gracca minor.—7. B. ii. 315. 1.—H. dan. 639.

Leafts fmooth, lopped, with the unid-rib running out into a fhort point. Leaf-Icales jagged. Shells rough. CURT.—Stems weak, much branched, angular, fcored. Leaf-Icales, the lower with 2 or 3 awl-fhaped teeth, the upper awl-fhaped, entire. Leafts moftly furap-fhaped, 8 to 12 pair, fomewhat alternate, terminated by a branched tendril. Iruit-fields from the bolom of the leaves, fhorter but not fo flender as in the E. tetrapermum. Flavers 2, 3, or 4, on very fhort pedicles: when 2, feparate; if 3, 2 of them together; if 4, in pairs. Emplement hairy; fegments longer and more pointed than in E. tetrafermum. Pods hairy. Mr. WOODWARD. Hant fmooth, except the fhells. Flavers 2 to 5. WITH.

Wild Tere. Tine Tere.

Sandy corn fields and meadows.

Horles, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. LINN.

In wet feafons whole fields of corn have been over powered and wholly defiroyed by it.

9JT. ORNI'-

957. ORNI'THOPUS. Birds-foot

Rundle fimple.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; tubular; rim with 5 teeth; nearly equal; permanent.

BLOSS. butterfly-shaped.

Standard inverfely heart-fhaped; entire.

Wings egg-fhaped; ftraight; hardly fo large as the ftandard.

Keel compreffed; very fmall.

CHIVES. Threads 10; 9 united. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud narrow. Shaft brifile-fhaped; afcending. Summit a dot at the end of the fhaft.

S. VESS. Shell awl-fhaped; cylindrical; bowed; jointed; feparated by transverse partitions; the joints dropping off one after another.

SEEDS folitary; roundifh.

Ess. CHAR. Shell jointed; cylindrical; bowed.

common

ORNI'THOPUS perpufil'lus. Leaves winged. Shells bowed in.-

Dod. 544, repr. in Lob. obf. 527. 2, ic. ii. 81. 2, Ger. em. 1241. 3, cop. in Park. 1092. 1, and H. ox. ii. 10. 13, in its more luxuriant flate of growth.—Lob. adv. 403. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 94. 1, Ger. em. 1241. 4, and cop. in Park. 1092. 1, of chap. 23.—(Fl. dan. 730, flould feem to be variety γ with the fibres of the root befet with tubercles. The branch appears to be magnified, and the entire plant of the natural fize.)

Plant fmooth, trailing. Leaves on leaf-stalks. Fruit-stalks-as long as the leaves. Flowers 3 or 4, yellow; flandard with a net-work of veins. LINN .- The whole plant hairy. REICH .- Plant downy. Flowers very fmall. RELHAN. ST. - Root fpindle-shaped. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. ST .- Lateral fibres knotty. Shells compressed, fcored, hairy. Mr. HOLLEFEAR .- Root flender, nearly as long as the ftems; lateral fibres few. Stems trailing, from 1 to 6 inches high. Root-leaves numerous, proftrate, the lowermost fometimes on leaf-ftalks, the reft fitting; leafits egg-fhaped, or elliptical, opposite, or alternate, from 3 to 14 pairs, with an odd one fmaller. Flowers 1 to 5, terminating, oppofite a leaf. Blos. standard reddifh white, with red lines. Shell flightly compreffed, flightly bowed inwards. Seeds oval, yellowifh. ST .- Leafits fet with very fine filvery hairs. Flowers 2 and 3 together, generally terminating. Blofs. flandard very flightly notched at the end, marked

marked with crimfon lines, the claw yellowish brown; "wings white, with a reddish tinge; keel pale ftraw-colour. Threads and thas green. Summit a very small knob. Shells with very fine filvery hairs. WITH.—Blofs. yellow, purple, and white.

Birds-foot. — Sandy banks, road fides, heaths, and paftures. [Near Lichfield. Mr. WHATELY.— Winfon Green near Birmingham. ST.— Wafhwood Heath, near/Birmingham. WITH.]

A. May-Aug. [to Oct. 23. ST.]

958. HIPPOCRE'PIS. Horfe-fhoe. (Ger.)

Rundle fimple.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 teeth; the 2 upper not fo deeply divided, and nearly joined; permanent.

BLoss. butterfly-fhaped.

Standard heart-fhaped; with a claw as long as the cup.

Wings oblong-egg-fhaped; blunt.

Keel crefcent-fhaped ; compreffed.

CHIVES. Threads 10; 9 united; alcending. Tips fimple. POINT. Seed-bud flender; oblong; ending in an awlfhaped fhaft; alcending. Summit undivided.

S. VESS. Shell compressed; membranaceous; very long; crooked; deeply indented along one feam into roundis hollows, to that it appears as if composed of many 3-edged joints, connected together by the upper feam.

SEEDs oblong; crooked; I in each joint.

Ess. CHAR. Shell compreffed; crooked; one of the futures with feveral nicks.

OBS. The effential character of this genus confifts in the Shell being fhaped like a horfe-fhoe.

HIPPOCRE'PIS como'fa. Shells on fruit-ftalks, tufted crowded, bowed, the outer edge ferpentine.—

Jacq. fl. 431.—Riv. tetr. 97. 2, Ferrum equinum comofum.—Park. 1092. 4, cop. in H. ox. ii. 10. 3.—Ger. 1056. 2.—J. B. ii. 348. 1.

Stems feveral, afcending, a fpan high, fmooth. Leaf-fcales as it were running down. Leafits 15, oval-ftrap-fhaped, expanding, of a firmifh texture. Fruit-flalks between angular and fcored, longer than the leaves, from the bosom of the upper-leaves, 2 or 3. Rundle orbicular.

cular, with 8 flowers. Bloss. flandard fomewhat arched, fcored underneath, not bent back at the edges except at the bale, which is dented, whence there appears, as it were, a pore on each fide. LINN .-Stems drooping, furrowed. Leafits 4 or 5 pair, with an odd one, egg-shaped, dented, smooth. Fruit-stalk long, with 6 to 8 flowers. Empalement fhort, with 5 clefts. Blos. yellow; flandard rather long, with a long gaping claw, making a right angle with the limb; wings fomewhat shorter, enfolded with the keel; keel still shorter. tapering to a point, bent at a right angle, cloven at the lower part. RELHAN.-Whole flant fmooth. Root thick, woody. Stems much branched, trailing, 2 to 9 inches long. Leaf-scales in pairs, oval. blunt. Leafits feldom more than 6 pair, opposite, heart-shaped, or elliptical and dented. Flowers 6 to 10, disposed in a circle round the fummit of the fruit-stalk. after flowering bent down. Fedicles flightly hairy, very fhort. Emplement fmall; teeth fhort, the 2 upper diftant from the lower. Bloss. flandard oval, bent back, claw narrow at the bafe, and diftant from the keel; wings with narrow claws, finding close to the keel: keel blunt, arched, with a double natrow claw. Mr. WOODWARD.

Jufted Horfe-shoe Vetch.

Meadows and paftures in a calcareous foil. Chalky grounds about Gogmagog Hills; and between Northfleet and Gravefend; Kent, Surry, and Bedfordfhire. Limeftone rocks about Malham, Settle, Gigglefwick, Kilnfay, and Wharf, Yorkfhire. South fide of Bredon Hill, Worcefterfhire, below the camp. NASH.--[Swaffham, Norfolk; Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.]

P. LINN. RELH.-B. HUDS. May-July.

961. HEDYS'-

961. HEDYS'ARUM. Saintfoin.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 fhallow clefts; fegments awlfhaped; upright; permanent.

BLoss. butterfly-fhaped; fcored.

Standard reflected; compressed; egg-oblong; notched at the end; long.

Wings oblong; narrower than the other petals; ftraight.

Keel firaight; comprefied; broadeft at the outer part, and almoft fquare; cloven from the bafe to the broader part.

CHIVES. Threads 10; with an angular bend. Tips roundish; compressed.

POINT. Seed-bud flender; compressed; ftrap-fhaped. Shaft awl-fhaped; bent like the chives. Summit undivided.

S. VESS. Shell with roundifh joints; compressed; with 2 valves and 1 feed.

SEEDS kidney-fhaped ; folitary.

Ess. CHAR. Blofs. keel transversely blunt. Shell with I feed in each joint.

OBS. In H. Onolrychis the shell confists of only 1 joint.

HEDYS'ARUM Onob'rychil: Leaves winged. Shells common with I feed, prickly. Wings of the blofform as long as the empalement. Stem long.—

Jacq. A. 352 .- Riv. tetr. 2, Unobrychis .- J. B. ii. 33'5. 2.- Ger.

- 1062. 1.-Clus. ii. 232. 2, repr. in D. d. 543. 2, Lob. obs.
- 527. 1, ic. ii. 21. 1, Ger. em. 1243. 1, and cop. in Park.
 1082. 1.—(Jacq. fl. i. 38, is Aftragalas Onobrychis.)

Pod nearly hemilpherical, compressed, with wrinkled prominencies. Scop. Mr. Woodward.—Stems cylindrical, foored; at first trailing, but when in flower afcending. Leaf-fcales in pairs, oval-fpear-shaped, terminated by a long point, membranaceous at the edges, fometimes fringed with a few hairs. Leaf-stakes furrowed above, flightly hairy. Leafsts 8 to 10 pair, with an odd one, those of the lower-leaves elliptical, of the upper spear-shaped, or strap-spear-shaped, all with projecting points at the end, the uppermost with the mid-rib beneath and edges fringed. Fruitstaks long, flightly hairy. Bunches long, clotely tiled upwards. Flowers numerous. Horal-leaves awl-shaped, longer than the pedicles. Empchement 4th the length of the biosform, hairy; teeth nearly

nearly equal. Blofs. flandard oval, partly bent back, fhorter than the keel, fiefh-coloured, with red veins; wings not longer than the empalement, hooked near the bafe, pale fiefh-coloured; keel broad, bent with an obtufe angle.at the top, fiefh-coloured, with a deeper red beneath. Mr. Woodw.—Stems cylindrical, fcored. Leafts ftrap-fhaped, rounded at the ends, and terminating in a fharp point. Empal. fegments fpear-fhaped, hairy, the 2 upper diftant, the lowermoft the fhorteft. Blofs. flandard egg-fhaped, with a little tooth in the notch at the end, red in the middle, with 8 or 10 deeper coloured lines, white at the edges, and mottled with red, the lines on the outfide fainter, but more numerous; wings very fmall, not half the length of the empalement, fpearfhaped, red and white; keel reddifh, with deeper coloured lines. Threads white. Duft yellow. Seed-bud woolly at the top. Shaft tinged with red. Shell oblong, hairy. WITH.

Saintfoin. Coch's-head.

Meadows and paftures, particularly in chalkyfoils. [Burnham, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.—Gogmagog Hills, near Cambridge. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

This is cultivated like Clover for feeding cattle, and is particularly advantageous in dry hilly fituations, and chalky foils.

965. ASTRAG'ALUS. Cocks-head.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; tubular; with 5 fharp teeth; the lower gradually fimaller.

BLOSS. butterfly-shaped.

Standard longer than the other petals; reflected at the fides; notched at the end; blunt; ftraight.

Wings oblong; fhorter than the ftandard.

Keel as long as the wings; notched at the end. CHIVES. Threads 10; almost straight; 9 united. Tips roundisch.

POINT. Seed-bud fomewhat cylindrical. Shaft awl-fhaped; afcending. Summit blunt.

S. VESS. Shell with 2 cells; the cells bending to one fide. SEEDS kidney-fhaped.

Ess. CHAR. Shell with 2 cells; hunched.

+ Mr. BALLARD.

* Stems

* Stems leafy; spreading.

ASTRAG'ALUS glycyphyl'los. Stems proftrate. Liquorice Shells nearly 3-cornered, bent like a bow. Leafits oval, longer than the fruit-ftalks. LINN .- Rather, leaves longer than the fruit-stalks. ST.

Riv. tetr. 103, Aftragalus.-Trag. 599, in fruit.-J. B. ii. 330, leafits too fmall .- Cluf. ii. 233. 1, repr. in Lob. chf. 526. 1, ic. ii. 80. 1, Ger. em. 1233. 2, and abridged in H. ox. ii. 9. 8.

Stems much branched, fmooth. Leaves alternate; leafits ufually 5 pair, with an odd one, mostly opposite, fitting, or on very fhort fruit-stalks, fmooth, very entire. Leaf-stalks furrowed above. Fruit-stalks from the bosom of the leaves. Flowers greenish yellow, numerous, in a close bunch, on short pedicles. Leaf-scales awlfhaped, 1 at the bafe of each pedicle. Empalement with 5 divisions; fegments awl-fhaped, the 2 upper fhorteft, the lower longeft. Mr. Woodw .- Shell, partition approaching near to the lower future, but not joining to it. ST .- Leaves longer than the fruit-stalks; leafits rather pointed, flightly hairy underneath. Floral-leaves very flender, as long as the empalement. Duft orange-coloured. WITH. Wild Liquorice. Liquerice Vetch.

Meadows, pastures, and ditch banks, especially in a calcareous foil. About Charleton, Kent. [In the ditch of Northampton Castle. Mr. Wood.-Near Difs, Norf. and Huntingdon. Mr. P. June. July.

WOODWARD.] Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Swine refufe it.

ASTRAG'ALUS da'nicus. Hairy. Stem drooping. purple Heads on long fruit-stalks. Shells short, inflated, hairy. RETZ.? ST.*-Heads tiled. ST.+-Leaves fometimes without hairs. Huds.

Ray 12. 3. at p. 326, in fruit.-Fl. dan. 614.

Flowers fometimes white. Shells oval, upright, woolly. Hups. -Leafits fmall. Shelis fhort, hairy. RAY .- Whole plant hairy and green, not cottony and white as A. arenarius. Roct with fmall branches.

* From a specimen of the A. arenarius of the English botanists, sent me by Mr. Dryander, I find it to be very different from the A. arenarius of Linnæus. It is very like my A. danicus, but yet it feems different. I fuspect it to be perennial, and that the fhells are longer. RETZ. obf. iii. n. 85 .- But unable to difcover any effential marks of diftinction between our specimens and his defcr. it has been thought more adviseable to infert it under the title of A. danicus, with a mark of doubt, than to incur the danger of giving a new name and character to a plant already diffinguished by an experienced botanist. Sr.

† Capitulis imbricatis. Sr.

branches. Stem angular. Leaf-fcales folitary, oppofite the leaves, embracing the ftem, cloven, whitifh and membranaceous at the bafe, with green points. Leaves alternate; leafus mostly 21, eggthaped or fpear-fhaped, flat. Fruit-flak generally 1 on a plant. Flowers upright, on very fhort pedicles, from 7 to 12. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, with black hairs, I at the bale of each flower. Empal. greenish, with black hairs; teeth much longer than those of A. grenorius. RETZ. ST .- The whole plant hairy. Stems drooping. Leaves winged, with an odd one, pairs 7 to 12. Fruit-failss long, with 5 to 7 flowers. Flowers in proportion to the fize of the plant rather large, beautiful. Flora'.-leaves egg-fhat ed. Empal. cylindrical, with 5 clefts. Bloss. of a pleasant purple; wings of a moderate length; keel rather fhort, undivided. RELH. Sr.-Root perennial. Stems weak, as many as 6 or upwards, towards the bafe lying close to the ground, the heads of flowers rife up at fome diftance from the root, as if without any leaves or ftems belonging to them. Leafits 6 to 12 pair, with an odd one, elliptical, or spearfhaped, hairy, especially on the upper fide, opposite. Leaf-stalks hairy, furrowed. Leaf-scales egg-spear-shaped, sitting, in pairs, fringed. Fruit-flaks mostly from near the ends of the branches, afcending, larger than the leaf-stalks, about as long as the leaves, hairy, hairs white towards the bafe, black above. Flowers 5 or 6, rarely more, in a close head, on short pedicles. Floral-leaves ovalfpear-fhaped, I to each pedicle. Empalement befet with black hairs; teeth fhort, nearly equal. Bloss. bluish purple, fometimes white. Shells fhort, covered with white hairs. Mr. WOODWARD. -Stems 2 to 5 inches long, thickening upwards; hairs laid to, white, with a few black ones interspersed. Fruit-flalks thicker and often longer than the ftem, furrowed, in the more luxuriant fpecimens from the bofom of the middle leaves, fometimes 2 on a ftem; hairs laid to. Leafits flightly rolled inwards at the edge. Seedbad woolly, with white, clofe, straight hairs. Empal. teeth 1-3rd of the length of the tube. Sr.

Aftragalus arenarius. HUDS. Bot. Arrang. ed. i. LIGHTF. RELH. -(A. arenarius of Linnæus is a quite different plant. RETZ.*)

Sandy and chalky meadows and paftures. Gogmagog Hills, Newmarket and Royfton Heaths. About Haflewood. Yorkfhire; Pigburn Fields, near Doncafter. Hills in the King's Park, Edinburgh; fands of Muffelburgh; Hill of Moncrief near Perth; and York Cafcade, at the Duke of Athol's feat at Blair. [Side of Bredon

* I have a specimen in my pofferior of English growth which I am inclined to believe to be the true *A. arenarius*. If it prove to be so it will be noticed in an appendix.

Bredon Hill, Worcefterfhire, near the camp. Nasa.-[About Thorp-Asch, Yorkih. Ms. Wood.-Swaifham Henth, Norfolk. -Hills near Dunfkible. Ms. Woodwaad.] P. May-Jair.

** Sali ine, mittent o let'y . m.

ASTRAGALUS wales is. Stemlers. Stalk apright, him longer than the leaves. Shells awl-fhaped, inflated, woolly, upright.-----

Light, 17. at p. 401. Hall. it. help. 0. 1, is apach. at p. 308, esp. in flirp. 5. 3. at p. 155, and hill. 14. 3. at i. p. 195.

Leaves winged: kajfit 23 to 33, egg-finaped, pointed, fitting, fprinkled with fmall whitlift bairs. Leaf-kals with 3 imperielt angles. Statistwice as long as the leaves, cylindrical, hollow, fomewhat foored, roughilh. Spile floot, rather ablong. Flowers fitting. Faral-leaves fpeas-finaped, flooter than the empalement. Employment egg-finaped, indiated; teeth floot. Each purple, or violet blue. Shill longer than the empalement, fomewhat hairy. LUNN.—Whole plant, the blofforms encepted, covered with white foft hairs. Log-fast furrounded at the bale with fpear-finaped withered fcales. Leafis oval, oval-fpear-finaped, and fpear-finaped, with an odd one. Fruit-fasts much thicker than the leaf-finaks, but little longer than the leaves. Fluwers 8 or 10, crowded. Fluraltimes, the loweft longer, the zeft fluotter than the empalement. Emplit. teeth nearly equal. Mr. Woodward.

Mountainous and alpine paftures in Scotland, Cromasty, and at the bay of Parr. Mr. RODERTSON.—On Carn-dearg, one of the lower heads of Ben Sqirlett id Glen-cream in upper Lorn, in a light fandy foil. Mr. STUART. P. July

38

Va II.

068. TRI-

968. TRIFO'LIUM. Trefoil.

Flowers in a little Rundle or Head, upon a common receptacle.

EMPAL. Cup's leaf; tubular; with 5 teeth; permanent. BLOSS. butterfly-fhaped; generally permanent; fhrivelling.

Standard reflected.

Wings fhorter than the ftandard.

Keel fhorter than the wings.

CHIVES. Threads 10; 9 united. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud fomewhat egg-fhaped. Shaft awl-fhaped; afcending. Summit fimple.

S. VESS. Shell fhort; with 1 valve; not opening; deciduous.

SEEDS very few; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. Flowers mostly in heads. Shell fcarcely longer than the empalement.; not opening, but falling off.

 O_{BS} . It is, gerhaps, more difficult to give a true and effential character to this genus, than to any other that I know, notwith-ftanding the general habit, which is at once perceived, and the properties of the plants which compose it fhew that it is a natural one; and those who have attempted to divide it, have not been able to fix any certain limits to their fub-divisions.

* MELILOTS. Shells naked, containing feveral feeds.

Melilot TRIFO'LIUM Melilo'tus officina'lis. Shells in bunches, naked, with 2 feeds; wrinkled, pointed. Stem upright.

Gmel. iv. 7—Sheldr. 72, Common Melilot—Ludw.113—Dod. 567. 2, rep. in Lob. obf. 501. 2, ic. ii. 43. 2, Ger. em. 1205. 4, and cop. in Park. 719. 1. 2.—Ger. 1034. 3.—Riv. tetr. 6, Melilotus.— Blackw. 80.—Matth. 1162.—Trag. 591.—H. ox. ii. 16. row 2. 2.—Fuchf. 749, cop. in J. B. ii. 370.—Ger. 1034. 4.— Lonic. i. 106. 1.

Leafits of the lower-leaves oblong-wedge-fhaped, those of the upper, elliptical, fharply ferrated-toothed. Leaf-scales, the lower with 3 or 4 awl-fhaped teeth; the upper spear-fhaped, entire. Bunches long. Flowers bent back, fcattered. Pedicles short, hairy. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, small, 1 at the base of each pedicle. Emfalement 1-3rd the length of the blosson, clefts extending half way down, segments nearly equal. Mr. Woonw.-Bloss. yellow. Common Melilot. King's-Claver. Hart's Claver, in Yorkshire.

Corn

Corn fields, meadows, and ditch banks, in stiff foil.

A. LINN. RELH.—B. HUD3. June. July. This is more fragrant when dry than when green. A water diftilled from the flowers poffeffes but little odour in itfelf, but improves the flavour of other fubftances.—Horfes are extremely fond of it. Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it.

TRIFO'LIUM Melilo'tus ornithopodioi'des. Shells naked, Birds-foot mostly in threes, with 8 feeds, twice as long as the empalement.* Stems declining.—

Curt. ii. 21.—Fl. dan. 368, a luxuriant plant, fuch as it is in gardens. —Ray 14. 1. at p. 332, leafits rounded inflead of dented at the

end, which Dill. affures us is fometimes the cafe.—Pluk. 68. 1.⁴ Bunches egg-fhaped. An intermediate plant between Trifolium and Trigonella. LINN.—Stems proftrate, 2 to 5 inches long, difpofed in a circular manner round the root. Leafts 3, fitting, moftly inverfely heart-fhaped, fharply and diftantly ferrated. Leaf-fialks long, flender. Leaf-fcales fpear-fhaped, fharply pointed, large, in pairs at the bafe of the leaf-ftalks. Fruit-flalks from the bofom of the leaves, much fhorter than the leaf-ftalks. Flowers from 1 to 4, but ufually 2 on a fruit-ftalk, parallel to each other. Empalement more than half the length of the bloffom, pale green, with deeper lines; cloven half way down; fegments nearly equal, awl-fhaped. Blofs. pale red. Shells fhort, thick, terminated by a fhort point turned downwards, which gives them fomething of the appearance of a bird's claw. Mr. WOODWARD.

Fine fhort dry fandy paftures and meadows, and amongft corn. Half a mile from Tadcafter towards Sherborn. Near Oxford. Tottlefbury, Effex, on fandy banks by the fea fide. Tothil Fields, Weftminfter. Black-heath, near London. About Marazion and Penzance, Cornwall. Maitland Bridge, between Muffelburgh and Edinburgh. [Moufhold Heath, near Norwich. Mr. Pitchf.] A. June. July.

** Shells covered, containing Several Seeds.

TRIFO'LIUM hybridum. Heads like rundles. baftard Shells with 4 feeds. Stem afcending. \rightarrow

* In the laft edition of the fyff. nat. and the 2 laft of the fyff. weg. it is erroneoully printed fubternis, calyc. duplo longicribus, an error which is also copied at full length in the Fl. lond. S_{T} .

+ Leaves well reprefented. Mr. WOODWARD.

3 F 2

Michel.

Michel. 25. 6 and 2.*—Vaill. 22. 5.—Riv. 17. 2, Trifolum fl. albo. Stem afcending, branched, furrowed; about a foot high. Props fpear-fhaped, fharp, terminating in a hair. Little-leaves egg-fhaped, fharp, between ferrated and toothed. Fruit-flalks not very long, but jointed. Receptacle egg-fhaped, concave. Chaff fpear-fhaped, narrow, very fharp. Blo's gaping. It is very probable, that this plant was at first produced by the dust of T. pratense, fertilising the feed-bud of T. repens. LINN.

Trifolium repens hybridum. Huds.

Moift paftures near Peckham and Batterfea. Hups.

P. May-Sept.

white

TRIFO'LIUM re'pens. Heads like rundles. Shells with 4 feeds. Stem creeping.—

Curt. iii. 33.—Michel. 25. 3 and 4.—Riv. tetr. 17. 2, Trifolium repens.—Vaill. 22. 1, to be viewed fideways. Leafts too pointed. —Dod. 565, repr. in Lob. obf. 493. 2, ic. ii. 29. 1, Ger. em. 1185. 1, and cop. in Park. 1110. 1, and not T. pratense, as is evident from the naked spikes on fruit-stalks as long as the leafstalks, &c.—J. B. ii. 380. 3.—H. ox. ii. 12. row 1. 2. (ib. 14. row 1. 4, and Michel. 25. 5, seem dubious.)

Stent undivided, cylindrical, a fpan long. Leaf-fcales circular, blunt, mostly sharp-pointed. Leasts circular, very blunt. Fruitstalks very long. Receptacle strap-shaped, folid. Chaff egg-shaped, oblong, blunt. Blos. parallel. In the above respects it differs from the T. hybridum. LINN.-Leaf-scales in pairs, oval-spearfhaped, lengthened out into an awn. Leafits varying in fhape, but generally oval and blunt, fharply ferrated, with a ftrong midrib, and numerous branching ribs terminating in the ferratures. Leaf-flalks and fruit-flalks long, upright, rifing nearly at right angles from the ftem. Flowers in a close head, upright, when fhrivelling bent downwards. Pedicles fhort. Flower-scales fmall, awlfhaped, I to each pedicle. Empal. teeth nearly equal, the 2 upper rather longest, reddish. Blos. white; standard oval. Mr. Woopw. -Flowers in a globular bunch. Spike-flak florter than the flowers. Empalement keeled above, white, teeth and keel green. ST .- Leafits inverfely heart-fhaped, and egg-fhaped. Empalement greenifh white. with purple ftreaks. WITH.

Trifolium tratense flore albo minus, et famina glabrum. J. B. hift. 380.—(Trifolium pratense album. C. B. pin. 327, referred to both by Linnæus and Ray, appears from the figures of Fuchf. Cluf. and Matth. there cited, and from the descriptious of Cluf. and Thal.

* It is defcribed, however, as having only 2 feeds in a fhell. ST.

Thal. to be T. montanum. The figures of the T. repens are found in C. B. pin. intermixed with those of T. furpureum.) ST.

Dutch Clover .- Meadows and pastures. P. May-Sept.

Horfes, Cows, and Goats eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. Swine refule it.

The leaves fland upright against rain. LINN .- Wherever this plant abounds fpontaneoufly, it is always confidered as an indication of the goodness of the foil;" and this is a thing well known to farmers. The richness of meadows and pastures is naturally owing to their abounding principally with the Trefoils, and others of the fame clafs, with a due mixture of the more acceptable graffes. PULTENEY's view.

2. Leaves of a deep purple. CURT. ST.

3. Small heads of leaves growing out of the flowers. CURT. ST. proliferous Canal between Limehouse and Bromley. CURT .- [Worcefterfhire. ST.]

*** Cups weolly.

flowers, with a tuft proceeding from the extremity of the fruit-ftalk, which is ftiff, and being bent back incloses

Bloodwort

the fruit.-Curt. ii. 22, ripe fruit not figured .- Riv. tetr. 17. 2, Trifolium fubterraneum, fruit well figured .- Ray 13. 2, fruit ill represented. -Barr. 881.-H. ox. ii. 14. row 1. 5, ill done.

TRIFO'LIUM fubterra'neum. Heads woolly, with 5 fubterraneous

Fruit a globular head, which when the flowering is over makes its way into the ground. The fruit-flalk fupports an upright head confifting of 5 flowers, difpofed in manner of a rundle. Thefe, as foon as they have loft their bloffoms, are bent back upon the fruit-stalk, the point of which bores into the ground. Near the point of the fruit-ftalk rife 5 fcales which grow up, are bent back, become elongated, and inclose the empalements in a lattice-work globe. LINN .- The white filaments, which are put forth from the extremities of the fruit-stalks, refemble roots, but they do not penetrate the earth, as fuppofed by Dillenius, but rife upwards, their ends expanding into little star-like points, and finally inclofe the feed-veffels in a kind of prickly head. CURT .- Stems numerous, prostrate, disposed in a circle round the root. Leafscales in pairs, oval-spear-shaped. Leaf-stalks long, downy. Leafits fitting, inverfely heart-fhaped, blunt, obfcurely ferrated, downy, especially underneath. Fruit-flalks from the bosom of the leaves, the lower fhorter, the upper as long as the leaves, with 3 or 4 flowers. Floral-leaves none. Empalements cylindrical, cloven half way down; fegments nearly equal, briftle-fhaped, fringed with 3F3 foft

foft hairs. *Blofs.* white; ftandard oval, claw long and narrow. Mr. WOODWARD.—From the abfence of floral-leaves, the tuft proceeding from the point of the fruit-ftalk fhould feem to be intended as a fubflitute for them. Sr.

Barren heaths and paftures in fandy or gravelly foil. About London, frequent. Gamlingay by the wind mills, and near Whitewood, Cambridgefhire. Between Eltham and Deptford, Kent. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. May-Aug.

Honey-fuckle

TRIFO'LIUM praten'/e. Spikes nearly globular, fomewhat woolly, inclofed by oppofite membranaceous leaf-fcales. Bloffoms of 1 petal. LINN.—Empalements woolly. Wings of the bloffom fhorter than the ftandard. Leaf-fcales awned. ST.*

Fuchf. 817, cop. in Trag. 586, and J. B. ii. 374.—Ger. 1017. 1.
Matth. 835.—Riv. tetr. 11. 1, Trifolium.—Blackw. 20. a. b.
—Lonic. i. 104. 4.—(Dod. 565, repr. in Lob. obf. 493. 2, ic.
ii. 29. 1, Ger. em. 1185. 1, and cop. in Park. 1110. 1, is T.
repens; † and in H. ox. ii. 12. 6, the fpikes are naked on long fruit-flaks.)

Spike fingle, fitting between 2 opposite fitting leaves, the leaffcales of which are fomewhat egg-fhaped, dilated, membranaceous, fkinny, with red veins, and form a kind of common empalement. Empalement of the fruit with 5 awns or briftles, the 4 uppermoft very much expanding, but the 5th and lowermoft upright. LINN .- Leafits hairy on both fides, those of the lowerleaves roundifh-egg-fhaped, those of the upper more pointed. Leaf-scales terminated by hair-like awns. HALL. LIGHT. ST .-Leasts fomewhat downy on both fides. POLLICH. ST .- When in a wild ftate a much lower and fmaller plant than the T. flexuofum. Flowers upright, when out of bloffom hanging down. Leafits of the lower-leaves roundifh, those of the upper oval, flightly downy, dark blackifh green, with a whitifh angular mark in the centre. Leaf-scales, the upper oval, terminated by an awn, scored with red veins, flightly woolly. Head fingle, ufually roundifh and fitting, between a pair of nearly fitting leaves, and in part furrounded by their leaf-scales, smaller, and of a deeper purple than those of T. flexuofum. Empalement fhort, flightly woolly, generally fcored with red veins; teeth briftle-fhaped, woolly, ufually tinged with purple. Bloss. of I petal; tube long; standard ufually

· Calyce villofa, alis corollæ vezillo brevioribus, fiipulis ariflatis. Sr.

f Crantz remarked that the flowers were not feated on the leaves. ST.

ufually longer than the wings and keel, blunt, generally notched at the end; wings blunt. Bloss. reddifh purple, fometime white. ST. Purple Trefoil.

Meadows and pastures.

In a great fcarcity of provisions bread has been made of the flowers. The heads are used in Sweden to dye woollen green. With alum they give a light, with copperas a dark green.

B HUDS. LIGHTF .- Leaves inverfely heart-fhaped, the upper heart-leaved generally oppofite. Spike bare. RAY.

Ray 13. 1. at p. 328.

T. trat. purp. foliis in extremo finuatis. C. B. pin. 327. (ST.) Between Peckham and Camberwell. Hubs.

y Hups. Larger and more upright than a. Leaves fomewhat Clover paler and thinner. Flowers fomewhat paler. Does not propagate itfelf by feed, or continue fo long in the ground. RAY .- Stems ftrong, almost fmooth, furrowed, twice as tall as those of a. Heads large, oval, hairy. Petals more expanding, and shafts fhorter than those of a. MILL.-Differs from a in nothing but fize. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .- Empal. fegments tipped with a fine purple. Seed-vessel containing 2 feeds. WITH.

Cow-Clover. Clover-grafs. Honey-fuckle Trefoil. Meadows and pastures.

Much cultivated. It is either grazed, or made into hay.

Swine, Goats, Horfes, and Cows are fond of it. LINN .- Seldom remains in the ground more than 2 years. Mr. WOODWARD.

TRIFO'LIUM flexuo'fum. JACQ. ST .- Spikes round- long-leaved ilh. Teeth of the empalement hairy. Wings of the bloffom as long as the ftandard. Leaf-fcales awl-fhaped. Stem zigzag. ST.*

Jacq. fl. iv. 386 .- Clus. ii. 245. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1186. 4, cop. in Park. 1104. 1, and J. B. 375. 2. - Park. 1104. 2. -- Fl. dan. 662, though the body of the empalement is reprefented as downy. The parts of fructification ill done .- Blackw. 20. c. g.

Root cylindrical, flender, branching, tough, very long, brown, perennial, above with many heads, and fomewhat fhrubby. Stems leveral, fimple, fcored, cylindrical, or flightly compreffed, 1/2 to 1 foot high, zigzag at almost all the joints, ascending, and but feldom truly upright, with a flight hairinefs, and fometimes almost fmooth. Leaf-fcales with a flight hairinefs, especially at the edges,

* Spicis fubrotundis, dentibus celycinis pilofis, corollæ alis vexillum æquantlbus, Ripulis fubulatis, caule flexuofo. Sr.

3F4

fometimes

B. May-Sept.

fometimes nearly fmooth, fpear-fhaped, tapering both ways, approaching, fcored, fcarcely embracing the ftem, with reddifh lines below. Leaf-stalks cylindrical. Leaves, the 2 uppermost fitting; leafits spear-shaped, with minute ferratures not visible to the naked eye, but perceptible to the finger paffed downwards, often marked with indiffinct white blotches, with a flight hairiness on both fides. and especially at the edge, fometimes nearly fmooth; those of the lower-leaves blunt and nicked at the end; those of the rest rather pointed. Spike roundifh, pleafing to the eye and fmell, nearly fitting, generally fingle, fometimes 2, flightly woolly. Empal. fmooth, with 10 fcores; teeth green, befet with fcattered hairs, the lowermost equal in length to the tube of the bloffom, the rest gradually fhorter. JACQ. (ST. with the exceptions noted below.)-Leaves longer and narrower, and bloffoms of a deeper colour than those of the cultivated Clover. RAY .- Differs from T. pratense as follows: Leaves longer, more ftrongly ribbed, fmooth above. Leaf-scales spear-shaped, green, not awned. Empalement smooth, only the teeth hairy. Spike thicker. HALL. LIGHTF. ST .- Both in this and the T. pratenfe the empalement is fometimes woolly, and fometimes fmooth; the ribs of the leaf-scales fometimes red, and fometimes uncoloured; and the leafits very entire or finely ferrated. LEERS.-Leaves blunt, fmooth above, downy underneath. Empal. teeth awl-fhaped, the lowermost fomewhat longer than the rest. POLLICH. ST.-Flowers upright, when out of bloffom hanging down .- Leafus larger and of a paler green than those of T. flexuofum, all elliptical or fpear-fhaped, with frequently a white mark. Leaf-scales spear-shaped, tapering to the end, pale at the base, fcored with deep green veins, and fringed with long foft hairs. Heads oval, ufually 2, and on fruit-stalks. Fruit-stalks from the bofom of the upper pair of leaves, unequal.' Empalement fhort, fmooth; teeth unequal, briftle-fhaped, ufually green, and fringed with long foft hairs. Blofs. of I petal; ftandard nearly equal to the wings and keel, broader than in T. pratenle, but terminating in a point; wings pointed. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stems tough. Leafscales awl-shaped, not tapering downwards, or awned, smooth, except at the edges, which are fringed with longifh foft hairs, the uppermost often broader and rather triangular-awl-shaped. Leaves, the upper fometimes on leaf-stalks, fometimes fitting; leafits eggelliptical, fpear-fhaped-oblong, or fpear-fhaped, fmooth above in all the plants and fpecimens which I have feen, befet at the edges and underneath with foft fhort hairs lying flat, thicker and tougher than those of T. pratense.

Trifolium medium. HUDS. ed. I.—Trifolium alpestre. Bot. arr. ed. I. HUDS. ed. II. LIGHTF. and RELHAN.—Trifolium majus tertium. CLUS.

CLUS. hift. II. 245.—(Jacq. obf. 64, and Riv. tetr. 12. 1, T. fol. longo, fl. purp. cited by Mr. Lightfoot, but very properly omitted by Mr. Hudfon, are T. alpeftre. My reafons for believing our piant not to be the T. alpeftre, and that the alpeftre of Jacquin and Linnæus are the fame, are the following: The only figure cited by Linnæus is Jacq. obf. t. 64. The character of leaves finely ferrated is true of Jacquin's plant, whereas, in our plant, the ferratures are invifible to the naked eye. Linnæus alfo fays, that the foliage of the alpeftre is that of the montanum. This holds true of Jacquin's alpeftre, but not of the flexuofum, whole foliage moft nearly refembles that of T. pratenfe. The body of the empalement in Jacquin's alpeftre is woolly, as defcribed by him. In the flexuofum it is fmooth. The T. alpeftre has the habit of T. Lupinafter.) ST. Long-leaved purple Trefoil with deeper coloured flowers. RAY.—

Perennial Clover. Marle-grass. HUDS.

Paftures and fides of hedges. RAY. ST.—Sides of woods. JACQ. ST.—Mountainous paftures. JACQ. HUDS.—At the foot of the Highland mountains in moift and fhady places. LIGHTF.—In Skirrith and other mountainous woods and paftures in the North, moft plentifully. CURT.—[High paftures, ufually among bufhes, and in woods and ditch banks. Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suff. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

TRIFO'LIUM ochroleu'cum. Spikes woolly. Stem brimflone upright, downy. Leafits of the lowermoft leaves inverfely heart-fhaped. LINN.—Spikes globular. Bloffoms of I petal. Lowermoft tooth of the empalement very long, ftraight. Stem fomewhat declining. Leaves woolly. HUDS.—Spikes fometimes egg-fhaped or oblong. Lowermoft tooth of the empalement as long again as the reft. ST.

Jacq. fl. 40.—H. ox. ii. 12. 12, but leaves pointed inflead of rounded at the ends.—The figures of T. montanum in Cluf. ii. 245. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1185. 3, and cop. in J. B. ii. 380. 2, in Fuchf. 818, or Matth. 836, are better reprefentations of it, with the exception, that the upper leaves are not in pairs.—(Ray 13. 1, is cited as a variety by Haller, having the upper-leaves oppofite, but Mr. Hudfon regards it as a variety of T. pratenfe, variety β , which fee. The flructure of the empalement would readily afcertain whether it belongs to either, or to which of thefe fpecies.)

Upper-leaves narrow, very entire. Spikes on fruit-ftalks, oblong. Empal. the lowermost tooth the longest. Bloss. brimstone-coloured. LINN.—Spikes very much refembling those of T. pratense. RAY. ST. —In appearance refembles T. pratense, but the stem more hairy, and

and the leaf-fcales fheathing to a greater extent, and running out into longer awns. GOUAN. ST.—Leaves, the uppermoft pair oppofite, and their leafts very entire. HALL. ST.—Leaves alternate; leafts fitting, the lower ones heart-fhaped and egg-fhaped in the fame plant. Leaf-fcales in pairs, fpear-fhaped, ending in a long awn, fcored, and fringed. Empal. fhort, fcored; teeth fringed, the lowermoft expanding, green, the reft fhort, equal, tipped-with purple, and fometimes entirely purple. Blofs. pale brimftone-coloured; flandard very long, fpear-fhaped, fomewhat keeled; wings and keel equal. Mr. Woodw.—Empal. teeth briftle-fhaped, within fmooth and marked with an elevated ridge, the 4 upper generally fhorter, but fometimes as long as the body of the empal. the lowermoft tooth fometimes as long again as the body of the empal. ST.

Dry meadows and paftures, and thickets, in a chalky foil in Effex, Cambridgefhire, Bedfordfhire, Hertfordfhire, Dupper's Hill, Croydon, and near Stamford. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. June. July.

Hares-foot TRIFO'LIUM arven'fe. Spikes woolly, oval. Teeth of the empalement briftle-fhaped, woolly, equal.—

Dod. 577. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 498. 4, ic. ii. 39. 1, Ger. em. 1193. 3, and cop. in Park. 1107. 6, and H. ox. ii. 13. 8.—Fl. dan. 724.—Riv. tetr. 15, Lagopus.—Ger. 1023. 2.—Barr. 901 and 902.—Matth. 983.—Fuchf. 494, cop. in Trag. 595, and Lonic. i. 106. 5.—Blackw. 450.

Blofs. wings marked within with a blood-coloured fpot. LINN.-Blofs. pale red, fhorter than the empal. Whole plant woolly. Stem upright, cylindrical, firm, much branched. Leaf-fcales in pairs, fpearfhaped, fcored with red veins, and ending in an awn. Leaf-flalks very fhort. Leafits of the lower-leaves elliptical, of the upper nearly ftrapfhaped, fomewhat nicked at the end, the mid-rib lengthened into a fhort point. Empalement reddifh, longer than the bloffom, fcored; teeth briftle-fhaped, nearly equal, fringed with long hairs. Mr. WOODWARD.-Blofs. pale red.

Hares-foot. Hares-foot Trefoil.

Sandy paftures and corn fields.

A. July. Aug.

Ray 14. 2. at p. 332:

Root running deep. Stems trailing, 1 to 3 inches long. Fruit-falks very fhort. Heads numerous, roundifh. Bloffoms white or pale flefh-coloured. DILL. in R. fyn.—Stems trailing. Leafts rather elliptical, blunter than in α , and by no means fo pointed as in Dillenius's figure. Leaf-fcales more woolly than in α . Heads nearly round, not fo large as in the figure. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sea

Sea coaft. Brackeliham, Suffex. [Yarmouth Denes. Lowestoft, plentifully. Mr. WOODWARD.]

TRIFO'LIUM stella'tum. Spikes hairy, egg-shaped. Star-headed Empalements expanding. Stem spreading. Leafits inversely heart-shaped. LINN .- Spikes globular. Teeth of the empalement equal. Stem oblique, woolly. Leaves woolly, the lower ones inverfely heart-shaped. Hups.*

7. B. ii. 376. 2, cop. in H. ox. ii. 13. 9.-Barr. 860, and 755. -Pluk. 113. 4. +

Empalement hairy on the outfide, teeth equal. LINN .- Stem woolly, with a few hairs. Leaf-scales in pairs, spear-shaped, lengthened out, fcored, fringed with long hairs. Leaves, the upper opposite; leafits of the lower-leaves oblong-wedge-fhaped, of the upper oblong-wedge-fpear-fhaped. Leaf-stalks fhort. Fruit-stalks longer than the leaf-stalks. Heads oval. Empalement as long as the bloffom, divided almost to the base; segments spear-awl-shaped, fringed with long hairs. Bloss. pale reddifh purple; standard spear-shaped, keeled; wings hooked very near the bafe; keel as long as the wings. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leafts of the upper-leaves oblong, flightly wedge-fhaped at the bafe, rounded at the end, and fometimes very flightly dented, fmooth, except at the edges and along the mid-rib underneath. Empalement befet at the bafe of the teeth with white expanding hairs. ST.

Meadows and pastures on the sea coast. Dartford Saltmarsh. Leigh and Little Holland, Effex. In Somerfeishire. Tilbury Fort. Sheernefs. Between Greenhithe and Northficet. Near Briftol. [In Norfolk. Mr. PITCHFORD.] P. June. July.

TRIFO'LIUM scalbrum. Heads fitting, lateral, hard-knotled egg-fhaped. Segments of the empalement unequal, ftiff, bowed back .--

Barr. 870, in fruit .- Vaill. 33. 1, in flower .- J. B. ii. 373. 4, in fruit.-H. ox. ii. 13. 10.

Stems not much branched. Leafits oval, thickish, fomewhat fcolloped at the edge. Heads from the botom of the leaves, hard. fiff, permanent. Empal. the outer teeth longer and ftronger. Blofs.

* Or rather perhaps, spicis pilosis, dentibus calycinis lanceolatis aqualibus. patentibus, caule diffuso, foliis fuperioribus oppositis, foliolis infimis obcordatis .--Spicis pilofis as in Sp. pl. rather than filofis evalis. a. Scop. deferibes them oblong as they are in Barr. 755, one of the figures cited by Linnæus; and Hudfon globular .- Caule foliifque willofis in Mr. Hudion's characters of this frecies and T. ochroleucum feem fuperfluous. Sr.

Chalky and fandy paftures. Chalk hills near the Thames between Northfleet and Gravefend. Near Chatham, and in the Ifie of Shepey. Newmarket; Gamlingay, Cambridgefhire. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. Woodw.—Caifter Common, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.] A. May. June.

round-headed

TRIFO'LIUM glomera'tum. Heads fitting, hemifpherical, ftiff. Empalements fcored; teeth open,* equal.—

Curt. iv. 38.—Barr. 882.—Pluk. 113. 5.

Stem drooping. Empalements with 10 fcores, naked, difpofed in a beautiful manner, the fliff expanding fegments filling up the interffices between the reft. LINN.—Stems numerous, profirate, 4 to 7 inches long, fcarceperceptibly downy. Leaf-fcales in pairs, oval-fpear-fhaped, taper-pointed, fcored, fnooth. Leaf-ftalks furrowed above. Leaves alternate; leafts nearly fitting, obtufely oval, or oblong-wedge-fhaped, fmooth on both fides, flrongly ribbed, the ribs terminating in pointed ferratures fcarcely diftinguifhable by the naked eye, in the youngeft leaves only the mid-rib lengthened into a projecting point. Heads from the bofom of the leaves and terminating, with a pair of leaf-fcales fimilar to but broader than those beneath. Empalement fmooth, fhorter than the bloffom; teeth expanding, triangular, pointed but not rigid at the eod. Blofs. pale red; ftandard fpear-fhaped, fomewhat keeled; wings and keel equal. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sandy meadows and paftures, and moift heaths. Saxmundham, Suffolk. Blackheath and Greenhithe, Kent. Ifle of Shepey, and about Norwich. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. June.

Joft-knotted

TRIFO'LIUM *firia'tum*. Heads fitting, moftly lateral, egg-fhaped. Empalements fcored, rounded.⁺

* Rather expanding (patentes) as in the defcription. Sr.

 $\frac{1}{7}$ The teeth are pointed, and open (patuli.) It flould feem, therefore, that rotundatis is here applied to the whole or lower part of the empalement as approaching to a round figure. Sr.

Vaill. 33. 2.*-Ray 13. 3.

Empalement with 10 fcores, hairy all over on the outfide. LINN. -Stems from 6 to 18 inches high, mostly upright, fometimes declining, but never proftrate. Leaf-jcales in pairs, oval, with a point, fcored, very downy. Leaves alternate, diftant, the lower on long, the upper on fhort leaf-ftalks, the uppermost fitting or nearly fo; leafits of the lower-leaves oblong-wedge-fhaped, of the upper fpear-fhaped, fitting, downy on both fides, ribs not ftrongly marked, ferratures barely diffinguishable with a glass. Heads oval, woolly, fometimes on fhort fruit-ftalks, fome terminating, but mostly in pairs. Empalement just shorter than the blossom, fcores almost hid by long fost hairs; teeth nearly equal, straight, awlfhaped, not fliff. Blofs. pale red; flandard ipear-fhaped; wings and keel equal. Mr. WOODWARD .- Empalement of the fruit contracted at the bale of the teeth; teeth ftiff, pointed, open, the lowermost half as long again as the reft. Sr.

Dry meadows and pastures. [Bath Hills, near Eungay, Suff. A. HUDS. B. LEERS. June. Mr. WOODWARD.]

**** Bladder Trefoils. Empalements inflated; bellying.

TRIFO'LIUM fragif'erum. Spikes roundifh. Strawberry Empalements inflated, with 2 teeth, + bent back. Stems creeping .---

Curt. ii. 16.-Vaill. 22. 2.-J. B. ii. 379. 3. b.-H. ox. ii. 13. 14.-Cluf. cur. 39, repr. in Ger. em. 1203, and cop. in Park.

1109. 5.- (Riv. tetr. 10. 2, T. fragiferum is T. tomentofum.) Stems throwing out roots. Fruit-stalks longer than the leaves. Empalement a little downy, nearly globular, woolly, (the upper part) with 2 teeth, the lower at the bale with 3 teeth. Blos. white with us, but in other countries reddifh. LINN .- Blofs. purple. CURT .- Leaf-scales in pairs, oval-spear-shaped, drawn out into a long point, fmooth. Leafits heart or egg-fhaped, fmooth, very flightly ferrated. Fruit-flalks naked, longer than the leaf-flalks. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cows eat it .- Moift meadows and paftures.

naked. Stem upright.--

***** Hop Trefoils. Standard of the bloffom bent inwards. TRIFO'LIUM agra'rium. Spikes oval, tiled. hop Standards bent downwards, permanent. Empalements

* Woollinefs of the empalements not expressed. Mr. WOODWARD.

+ Empalement of the fruit with 2 lips; the upper inflated bent back, terminated by 2 teeth; the lower with 3 teeth. Sr.

Curt.

P. Aug.

Curt. iii. 27.*—Vaill. 22. 3.—Riv. tetr. 10. 1, T. lupulinum.— Fl. dan. 796.—Walc.—J. B. ii. 381. 1, cop. in H. ox. ii. 13. 1 and 2, the uppermost of the 2 figures.—(Dod. 576. 2, is Medicago lupulina.—Lob. obf. 468. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 29. 2, Ger. em. 1186. 6, and cop. in Park. 1111. 5; appears to me to be T. procumbens.—Fl. dan. 558, from the fitting odd leafit fhould feem to be T. aureum of Pollich.)

Stems nearly upright, folitary. Empalement before flowering just fenfibly woolly, not to be called hairy, the points of the teeth being only befet with 1 or 2 hairs; the 2 upper teeth as long as the reft. Blogs. yellow, not chefnut-coloured. LINN.-Empal. the 2 upper teeth very fhort, the lower longer and awl-fhaped. POLLICH. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .- Stems mostly upright, much branched, flightly downy. Leaf-scales in pairs, oval-spear-shaped, not ending in an awn. Leaf-flaiks fhort. Leaves alternate; leafits eggfhaped, or obtufely oval, fmooth, flightly ferrated, the terminating one on a pedicle, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ line long, the fide ones nearly fitting. Fruit-falks numerous, from the bosom of the leaves, folitary, longer than the leaf-stalks. Flowers upright, yellow, after flowering turning brown, and bent back. Pedicles fhort. Floral-leaves minute, awl-shaped, I at the base of each pedicle. Bloss. standard egg-fhaped, fcored, flat. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves with about 10 or 12 femi-transparent lateral ribs. WITH .- Empal. the 3 lower teeth terminated, with from I to 3 longifh permanent hairs. Blofs. pale yellow or ftraw-coloured. Seed 1, but in the feed-bud there are often the rudiments of 2. ST.

Gravelly meadows and pastures.

A. June. July.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

trailing

TRIFO'LIUM procumbens. Spikes oval, tiled. Standards bent down, permanent. Stems trailing.—

Curt. v. 52.—Ray 14. 3. at p. 332.—H. ox. ii. 13. 1 and 2. b, the lowermost of the 2 figures.—Lob. obs. 468. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 29. 2, Ger. em. 1186. 6, and cop. in Park. 1111. 5, as it often is when growing among other plants.—(Fl. dan. 796, is T. agratium.⁺)

Differs from the *T. agrarium* in having fmaller flowers, and its long flems entirely drooping. Similar to *T. fliforme*, but larger, and has often 10 to 12 flowers in a head. Leaves not fcored. When fown too proves diffinct. LINN.—Seeds often 2. LEERS.—Flowers 8 to 20. CURT.—Stems numerous, 6 to 12 inches long, much branched.

* Good but trailing. Mr. WOODWARD.

* More refembles T. procumbens than T. agrarium. Mr. WOODWARD.

THREADS in 2 SETS, X. CHIVES.

branched. Leaf-fcales in pairs, obtufely oval-fpear-fhaped. Leafflalks fhort. Leafits heart-wedge or egg-fhaped, very entire towards the bafe, ferrated upwards, the odd one on a fhort leaf-ftalk, the fide one nearly fitting, fmooth. Fruit-ftalks from the bofom of the leaves, longer than the leaf-ftalks, flightly downy. Pedicles very fhort. Floral-leaves none. Flowers after flowering bent back, hanging more loofely and feparate than thofe of T. agrarium. Empal. larger in proportion to the bloffom than that of T. agrarium, the 2 upper teeth fhort, the lower longer and more pointed. Standard egg-fhaped, pointed. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves fcored. Empal. with a few fcattered hairs. Blofs. brownifh yellow. Sr..—Stem a little hairy. Leafits inverfely heart-fhaped, mid-rib a little hairy underneath, with about 7 femi-transparent lateral ribs. WITH.

Meadows and pastures.

A. May-Aug.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

TRIFO'LIUM *flifor'me*. Spikes fomewhat tiled. *fnall* Standards bent down, permanent. Empalements on pedicles. Stems trailing.—

Ray 14. 4. at p. 332.

Differs from T. procumbens as follows: When wild fcarcely a fpan high. Branches trailing. Fruit-stalks hardly thicker than horfe hair. Flowers 3 or 5 in a head, but when cultivated often 12 to 15, distinct, on more obvious pedicles. In the T. procumbens the fruitstalks are as thick as a thread, not to mention the difference of the leaves and habit. Stems thread-like. Leafits notched at the end, fcored. Fruit-stalks longer than the leaves. Flowers bent down. Pedicles of the fruit clear and diftinct. LINN .- Seed I. LEERS .-Stems 3 to 6 inches long. Leaf-scales in pairs, oval-spear-shaped. Leaf-stalks very fhort. Leafits mostly heart-wedge-shaped, very entire at the bafe, ferrated upwards, ftrongly veined, fmooth, nearly fitting. Fruit-flalks from the bosom of the leaves, fmooth. Howers when wild mostly 3, feldom more than 5. Pedicles extremely flender, from 1 to I line long. Floral-leaves awl-shaped, very minute, I at the bafe of the pedicle of the middle flower, none on the others. Empalement half as long as the bloffom, with 5 fcores; the 2 upper teeth fhorteft, the lower longer, the lowermost the longeft. Blos. pale yellow; flandard egg-fhaped, fomewhat nicked, keeled. Mr. WOODWARD .- Flowers 2 to 5. Sr.

Sandy meadows and pastures.

A. May-June.

The flowers of all the fpecies, dried and powdered, may be made into bread, which, in times of fcarcity, has preferved the inhabitants of Scotland from perifhing. The leaves of all the fpecies fold up before rain.

The

DIADELPHIA DECANDRIA.

The Papilio Cinxia, and the Phalana Fascelina, live upon the different species.

969. LO'TUS. Claver.

Rundle simple.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; cylindrical; with 5 shallow clefts. Teeth sharp; equal; upright; permanent.

BLoss. butterfly-shaped.

Standard circular; bent downwards; claw oblong; concave.

Wings circular; fhorter than the ftandard; broad; approaching upwards.

Keel hunched in the lower part; clofed above; taper; afcending; fhort.

CHIVES. Threads 10; ascending; 9 united; rather broad at the ends. Tips fmall; fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud cylindrical; oblong. Shaft fimple; afcending. Summit a dot; bending inwards.

S. VESS. Shell cylindrical; ftiff and ftraight; full; longer than the cup; valves 2; cell 1; but as if transversely divided into many.

SEEDs many; cylindrical.

Ess. CHAR. Shell cylindrical; quite firaight. Wings approaching upwards longitudinally. Empal. tubular.

* Fruit-stalks with many flowers in a head.

tirds-foot

LO'TUS cornicula'tus. Heads flatted. Stems drooping. Shells cylindrical, expanding.—

Curt. ii. 18.—Ger. 1022. 6.—J. B. ii. 355.—Walc.—Dod. 573. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 501. 2, ic. ii. 44. 1, Ger. em. 1190. 5, and cop. in H. ox. ii. 18. 10.—Anderfon, Aftragalus glycyphyllus. —Fuchf. 527.—Trag. 594, cop. in Lonic. i. 106. 3.

Blofs. fweet-fcented. LINN.—Seeds more than 20. CURT.— Empalement in this and all the varieties fringed with long foft hairs. Fetals all equal, on narrow feparate claws. Shells fmooth, terminated by a long firaight point. Mr. WOODWARD.—Heads with a fingle fitting leaf at the bafe. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. ST.—Flowers in flatted heads, in a fort of rundle with very fhort fpokes. Blofs. before opening of a bloody red on the outfide, and of a yellowifh green within, when expanded of a full yellow; flandard bent back; wings oblong-egg-fhaped. Summit globular, very minute. WITH. Meadows

THREADS in 2 SETS, X. CHIVES.

Meadows, paftures, heaths, and road fides. P. June—Aug. The flowers become greenifh when dried; in that refpect they refemble the flowers of the plants which produce Indigo.

Cows, Goats, and Horfes eat it. Sheep and Swine are not fond of it.—*Thrips Phylapus* is found upon it. LINN.

In Hertfordfhire it is cultivated as pafturage for Sheep. Bot. arr. ed. I.—It is firongly recommended by Mr. Anderfon. CURT.— There is no doubt but it might be cultivated to great advantage. In moift meadows it grows to a great height, and much higher than any of the *Trefoils* or *Medicago lupulina*, and makes extremely good hay. Mr. WOODWARD.

β LINN.-Larger. Stem more upright. HALL. ST.

Riv. tetr. 76. 1, Lotus .- 7. B. ii. 356. 1.

Leaves, and cipecially the unexpanded heads, with a good deal of woollinefs. RAY.—Stem upright, 2 feet high, hardly angular. Leaf-fcales heart-fhaped, roundifh. Leaves veined underneath. LYONS.—Leaf-fcales bluntly egg-fhaped, or roundifh, but terminating in a point. Mr. WOODWARD.

Loti corniculatæ major species. R. fyn. 334. (ST.)

Woods, moift meadows and hedges, [and fides of wet ditches. Sr.] P. June-Aug.

 γ tenuiffimus. LINN. Should feem to be a variety. Stems twice as long and narrow as those of α . Leaves ftrap-fhaped. Shells narrower. LINN.—More fhrubby. RAY. ST.—Leaf-fcales ftrapfpear-fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD.

Lotus foliis longioribus et angustioribus. HALL. 385. β II. (ST.) Corn fields and moist places. RAY.—In the neighbourhood of Worcester. ST.

 \mathcal{F} Huds. Like β but less hairy. RAY.—Whole plant downy. Mr. WOODWARD.

Lotus pentaphyllos medius pilofus. R. fyn. 334. (Sr.)

In the fields behind Mother-huffs. RAY.

E HUDS. Leaves hoary underneath.

Chalk pits at Greenhithe. RAY.

Vol. II.

3 G

971. MEDI-

971. MEDICA'GO. Medick.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; ftraight; cylindrical, but fomewhat bell-fhaped; with 5 fhallow clefts; taper; equal.

BLoss. butterfly-shaped.

Standard egg-fhaped; entire; bent inwards at the edges; the whole bent back.

Wings oblong-egg-fhaped; fixed to the appendage of the keel; approaching at the fides under the keel.

Keel oblong; cloven; expanding; blunt; bent downwards by the pointal, and with the ftandard forming a gaping mouth.

CHIVES. Threads 10; united almost the whole length. Tips fmall.

POINT. Seed-bud ftanding on a little fruit-ftalk; oblong; bowed inwards; comprefied; inclosed by the threads; burfting out of the keel, and preffing back the ftandard; ending in a *fhaft* which is fhort; awlfhaped; generally ftraight. Summit terminating; fmall.

S. VESS. Shell compreffed; long; bent inwards.

SEEDs many; kidney-shaped, or angular.

Ess. CHAR. Shell compressed; spirally wreathed. Keel of the blossom pressed down from the slandard.

 O_{BS} . The fhell, in fome fpecies, is rolled up fpirally like a fnail-fhell; in others, bent like a bow, or a fickle.

Lucern MEDICA'GO fativa, Fruit-ftalks with bunches. Shells twifted. Stem upright, fmooth.—

Cluf. ii. 242. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 498. 1; ic. ii. 36. 2, Ger. em. 1189. 2, and cop. in Park. 1114. 1, and H. ox. ii. 16. row 1. 2, with the addition of a bunch in fruit; and ii. 15. row 3. II. a bunch in fruit. J. B. ii. 378. 1.

Stems fcored, declining. Branches alternate. Leaf-fcales fpearfhaped, ending in an awn. Leaf-ftalks fhort. Leafits 3-fold, elliptical, entire at the bafe, ferrated upwards, the mid-rib lengthened into a thorn-like point, flightly downy above, fmooth, and fcored with veins underneath, on leaf-ftalks, that of the terminating one the longeft. Fruit-ftalks from the bofom of the leaves, longer than the leaves. Bunches thick. Pedicles fhort. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, 1 at the bafe of each pedicle. Empalement nearly fmooth; teeth awl-fhaped,

THREADS in 2 SETS, X. CHIVES.

awl-fhaped, nearly equal. *Elifs.* purple. *Shells* twifted fpirally with 2 or 3 diftant turns. Mr. Woodward.

Trifolium filiqua cornuta, sive Medica. Bauh. pin. 330.—Trifolium burgundiacum. Ger. em. 1189.—Foenum burgundiacum sive Medica legitima. Park. 1114.—Medica major, erectior, storibus purpurascentibus. Bauh. hift. II. 377. (ST.)

Lucern.

Meadows, paftures, and ditch banks. HUDS. P. June. July. The modern writers upon hufbandry ftrongly recommend the cultivation of this plant, for the purpole of feeding cattle, but it is not yet generally adopted.

MEDICA'GO falca'ta. Fruit-ftalks with bunches. yellow Shells crefcent-fhaped. Stem proftrate.—

Fl. dan. 236.—Riv. tetr. 84, Falcata; ferratures of the leaves not expressed.—H. ox. ii. 16. row 1. 1, and ii. 15. row 3. I, a bunch in fruit.—Clus. ii. 243. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1191. 8, and cop. in Park. 1114. 3.—J. B. ii. 383. 2.

Stems cylindrical, fmooth, flightly fcored, declining. Leaffcales in pairs, fpear-fhaped, almoft all at the bafe, and fome almoft at the top of the branches with I or 2 teeth on the outer edge. Leaf-ftalks fhort. Leaves fmooth, 3-fold; leafts elliptical or wedge-fhaped, entire at the bafe, ferrated upwards, moftly notched at the end, the mid-rib lengthened out into a projecting thorn-like point. Fruit-ftalks longer than the leaves. Bunches rather loofe. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped. Empalement flightly downy; teeth awl-fhaped, equal. Blofs. yellow or purple. Shells crefcent-fhaped, terminated by a long claw. Seeds 5 or 6, compreffed, fixed to the inner future. Mr. WOODWARD.

Yellow Medick. Butter-jags.

Balks of corn fields, and fandy paftures. Between Watford and Bufhy-Hill. RAY.—About Norwich, plentifully. Mr. ROSE [and Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

In hot, dry, barren fandy places it is well worth the trouble of fowing for the purpole of making hay. A practice long fince adopted in fome parts of Sweden.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

MEDICA'GO lupuli'na. Spikes oval. Shells kidney- Trefoil fhaped, with 1 feed. Stems trailing.--

Curt. ii. 20.—Riv. tetr. 8, Melilotus minima.—H. ox. ii. 15. row 4. f, a bunch and leaf.—Fuchf. 819, cop. in Trag. 593, and J. B. ii. 380. 4, and Dod. 576. 2, which repr. in Ger. em. 1186. 5, Park. 1105. 6, and H. ox. ii. 16. 8.—Ger. 1020. 2.—Lonic. i. 106. 4. g G 2 Shells

Shells fcored, wrinkled, fomewhat rough with ftiff hairs. LINN. —Stems, unlefs fupported by other plants, trailing. Branches very numerous, alternate. Leaf-fcales oval-fpear-fhaped, with a long awn. Leaves on very fhort leaf-ftalks; leafts 3-fold, oblong-wedgefhaped, ferrated upwards, nicked at the end, with the mid-rib lengthened into a projecting point. Head oval. Flowers fmall. Empalement flightly downy, nearly as long as the bloffom; teeth awl-fhaped, the 2 upper ones rather fhorter. Blofs. yellow. Shells turning when ripe. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem a little triangular. Flowers 30 to 40, and upwards. WITH.

Melilot Trefoil. [Black Nonfuch, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] Corn fields, meadows; and paftures. A. May-Aug.

Cows, Horfes, Goats, and Sheep eat it; but it is lefs grateful to them than the other fpecies. LINN.

It is cultivated in Norfolk under the name of Nonfuch, and is ufually fown mixed with Rye-grafs (Lolium perenne.) The crop is then called black and white Nonfuch. Mr. WOODWARD.

β Hubs. H. ox. ii. 15. 14.

Shells about 10, flightly compressed, rough with numerous tubercles. RAY.

Medica polycarpos fructu minore compresso fcabro. R. fyn. 333.— Medica cochleata, &c. H. ox. ib.—The reft of the fynonyms in the Fl. angl. belong to z. ST.

Corn fields near Peckham, Paddington, and behind Pindar'send, near Enfield. RAY.

Snailfhell MEDICA'GO polymor'pha. Shells fpirally wreathed. Leaf-fcales toothed. Stem fpreading.—

heart

808

9 M. arabica. Fruit-ftalks with moftly 3 flowers. Shells hedge-hogged. Leafits inverfely heart-fhaped. GOUAN. LINN.—Fruit-ftalks with moftly 2 flowers, HUDS.—rather 2 fhells. ST.

Curt. iii. 30.—Cam. hort. 27.—Ger. 1021. 4, cop. in Ger. 1190. 4, and Park. 1115. 6.—H. ox. ii. 15. row 2. 12, a bunch and leaf. Prickles too [hort.—(ib. 17, is an erronecus reference.)

Leafits with a fpear-fhaped blood-coloured fpot, which after flowering difappears. Flowers 4 or 5. Fruit with widely diverging thorns. LINN.—Stem 4-cornered, with long whitifh hairs below, fmooth above. Leaf-ftalks cylindrical, channelled, hairy inflike manner. Leafits 3, formewhat ribbed, fmooth, marked above with a blackifh brown heart-fhaped fpot; edge partly chire, partly ferrated. Leaf-fcales pointed, ferrated. Fruit-flalks from the bofom of the leaves, hairy, with 5 flowers, but 2 or 3 of thefe generally abortive. Blofs. ftandard notched at the end, much larger than the

other

THREADS in 2 SETS, X. CHIVES.

other petals. Threads, 9 united, the roth folitary. Sheft hunched above. Shell of the fhape of a cafk, fpiral, with about 5 turns; thorns more than a line long, bowed, crooked, pointing upwards and downwards. I deferibe this, as fpecific characters of the various forts of *M. polymorpha* not having been hitherto given, and furely they are not all to be confidered as varieties. WILLICH.—Shells flat at the bafe, narrowing towards fhe top; wreaths flat; prickles expanding, hooked at the ends. ST.

Medica cochleata minor rodunaçãos annua capfula majore alba, folio cordato, macula fusca notato. H. ox. II. p. 154. n. 17. (ST.)

Heart Trefeil. Heart Claver.

Dry fandy pastures, borders of fields, especially on the sca fhore. [Wells, in Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.] A. May.

M. minima. LINN.-Shells mostly 3. Thorns hooked. fmall Leaf-fcales entire. GOUAN. and GER. prov.

H. ox. ii. 15. row 2. 15, bunch of fruit. J. B. ii. 386. b. - Riv. tetr. 88, Cochleata row 4. f. 4, ech. min. bunch of fruit, prickles too fhort. - J. B. ii. 386. 2. a, cop. in Park. 1115. 7. a, 'leaves egg-fhaped, pointed. -- Fl. dan. 211.*

Shells feveral, fcarcely larger than the feeds of Grobus, the fpirals rough with thorns bowed back laterally. Leaf-scales entire: LINN. -Flant downy, fmall. Stem profirate. Leafits wedge-fhaped. notched at the end, with a point, finely ferrated. Leaf-lcales fpearfhaped, hardly fcolloped. Fruit-stalks fomewhat longer than the leaves, with 2 to 4 fhells. SCHREE. ST .- Root frequently envelloped at the top with the old fhell as represented in 7. B. ii. 386. 2. a; ftriking deep, white, tough, of the fize of fmall twine, with a few stiff fibres. Whole tlant, except the bloffoms, covered with a white filky down. Stems fomewhat angular, numerous, trailing. often tinged with purple. Leaf-scales spear-shaped, entire, ribbed. Leaves on leaf-ftalks; leafits 3-fold, the lateral ones fitting, the middle one on a leaf-stalk, oblong-wedge-shaped, very entire at the bafe, ferrated upwards, with ftrong ribs terminating in ferratures, notched at the end with an intermediate projecting point. Fruit-stalks as long as the leaves. Flowers from I to 6, in a loofe head, on fhort unequal pedicles. Empal. teeth 5, awl-fhaped, as long as the body of the empalement. Blos. fmall, pale yellow. Shells with fliff hooked prickles. Mr. WOODWARD.

* Leafits spear-shaped, shells very ill done. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

3 G 3

Medicago

DIADELPHIA DECANDRIA.

Medicago minima. SCHREB. spicil. p. 27.—Trifolium echinatum arvense fructu minore. BAUH. pin. 330.—Medica echinata parva reeta. PARK. 1115.—Medica cochleata πολυπαρωος annua, capsula minima, rotunda. H. ox. II. p. 154. n. 20.—Medicago pedunculis multifloris, leguminibus cochleatis, spinulis hamatis, stipulis integris. GER. prov. p. 519. var.—Medica foliis emarginatis serratis, racemis paucistoris, stiliquis globosis echinatis. HALL. hist. n. 383. «. (ST.)

Sandy places, but rather rare. RAV. - [Narborough, near Swaffham, Norfolk, in a very light fand. A. Mr. WOODWARD.]

Y HUDS. Pluk. 113. 6. I have never feen any native specimen which I could suppose to be this species, but the figure of Plukenet corresponds the most exactly with my specimens of M. polymorpha ciliaris, a plant figured in H. ox. ii. 15. row 2. 11.

Medica minor crbiculato compresso fructu, circum oras spinis molliusculis echinato. PLUK. alm. p. 243. (ST.)

Orford, Suffolk, on the fea-beach, plentifully. RAV.

S HUDS. Park. 1116. f. 3 and 5.

Leaves green, those near the ends of the branches woolly. PLUK. Medicæ marinæ spinosæ species. GER. em. 1200.—Medica marina major spinosa. PARK. 1115, " and another sort that differeth only in the " smallnesse." ib. (ST.)

thybrida. Fruit-stalks with mostly 2 flowers. The lower shells fpirally wreathed, thorny; the upper somewhat bowed. Leaf-scales toothed. Stem spreading. Hubs.

Lower *fhells* with 5 turns; thorns diverging; feeds perfect. Upper *fhells* ftrap-fhaped, half an inch long, bowed or bent inwards, flightly protuberating; feeds imperfect. HUDS.

Near Charlton, Kent.

OBS. If all the different forts of M. polymorpha are only varieties, how happens it that only one of them has been found growing wild in Switzerland. M. Gerard appears very properly to have confidered them as fpecies. HALL. ST.—This opinion has been confirmed by the practice of Schreber and Jacquin. ST.

Class

Clafs XVIII.

POLYADELPHIA.

THREADS in many SETS.

THIS Clafs comprehends the Plants whofe Flowers have Chives united by the THREADS into 3 or more fets.

Order IV.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

981. HYPER'IGUM. Cup 5 divisions; beneath. Bloss. petals 5. Shafts 1, 3, or 5. Capf. 1 or more cells.

Order

Order IV.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

981. HYPER'ICUM. St. John's-wort. (Ray.)

EMPAL. Cup 5 divisions; fegments fomewhat egg-fhaped; concave; permanent.

BLoss. Petals 5; oblong-egg-fhaped; blunt; expanding; bending from left to right.

- CHIVES. Threads numerous; hair-like; connected at the bale into 3 or 5 fets. Tips finall.
- POINT. Seed-bud rounditin. Shafts 3; fometimes 1, 2, or 5; fimp e; diftant; as long as the chives. Summits fimple.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; with as many cells as there are fhafts.
- SEEDs feveral; oblong.

ESS. CHAR. Empal. divisions 5. Petals 5. Threads many; united at the base into 5 sets. Capsule.

Tutsan

HYPER'ICUM Androja'mum. Shafts 3. Fruit like a berry. Stem fhrub-like, 2-edged.—

Curt. iii. 35.—Dod. 78. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 357. 3, ic. i. 632. 1, Ger. em. 543. 1, and cop. in Park. 576. 1.—Blackw. 94.— Ger. 435.—H. ox. v. 6. 12.

Leaves opposite, fitting, fmooth, entire, egg-fhaped, at the base of the branches very large, those of the branches decreasing in fize as they approach the fummit, and approaching to spearfhaped. Empal. fegments unequal. Berries black when ripe. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves opposite, egg-fhaped, fmooth. Flowers terminating, 4 together. Fruit-stalks cylindrical, smooth. Empal. the 3 outer fegments much larger. Petals yellow, concave, fcored, unequal at the end from a hollow in the margin on one fide. WITH.

Tutfan. Park-leaves.

Woods and moift hedges, [Near Pengwarry, Cornwall, in ditches. Mr. WATT. -Duke of Bridgewater's woods at Afkeridge, and near Berkhamstead, Hertfordshire. Mr. Woodw.-Lanes at at the foot of Malvern Hill, Worcestershire. St.] P. July.

It is not uncommon in our flower gardens.

A Horfe refufed it. ST.

HYPER'ICUM

THREADS in many SETS, MANY CHIVES.

HYPER'ICUM quadrangula're. Shafts 3. Stem quadrangular fquare, herbaceous.—

Curt. iv. 38.—Fl. dan. 640.—Trag. 73. 2.—Matth. 937, cop. in Dod. 78. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 216, ic. 399. 1, Ger. em. 542, and cop. in Park. 575, Ger. em. 434, and abridged in H. ox. v. 6. 10, and Pet. 60. 11.—(J. B. iii. 382. 2, is a different plant.)

Leaves without pellucid pores. LINN.—Others affert the contrary. REICH.—Stem reddifh, fmooth. Branches oppofite. Lower leaves fitting, oppofite; the upper growing together, egg-fhaped, with 7 or 9 ribs, with a net-work of veins, with transparent glands in the interflices, though not very numerous; difcernible when viewed with a glafs in a ftrong light. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, in pairs. Empalement spear-shaped. Mr. Woonw.--Stem branched; edges marked with short dark purple glandular streaks. Leaves in pairs, fitting, oblong-egg-shaped, ribbed, dotted along the edges with black glands, particularly on the under fide. Empal. fegments ribbed, rather expanding, a little toothed at the end. Retals yellow, ribbed, concave, marked with dark purple lines and dots, filled with a purple liquor which stains paper with a muddy purple permanent stain. Tips with a small black gland. Shafts yellow. Summits purple. WITH.

Hypericum tertium. TRAG. 75. (ST.)

St. Peter's-wort.-Moift hedges and fhady places. P. July. Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

HYPER'ICUM perfora'tum. Shafts 3. Stenr 2-edged. common Leaves blunt, with transparents dots.—

Ludw. 11.—Curt. i. 2.—Mill. ill.—Blackw. 15.—Dod. 76. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 216. 1, ic. i. 398. 1, Ger. em. 539. 1, and cop. in Park. 573. 1, and Pet. 60. 5.—Malth. 936.—Ger. 432. 1.—Fuchf. 831, cop. in Trag. 72. 1, and H. ox. v. 6. 1.— (Lonic. i. 129, is H. crilfum, and Trag. 73. 1, H. quadrangulare.)

Tips with a black dot. Summit blood-coloured. LINN.—Empal. defitute of glands. Chives in 3 fets. RELH.—Stem much branched, fomewhat 2-edged. Branches oppofite. Leaves elliptical, or eggfhaped, oppofite, fitting. Floral-leaves in pairs, awl-fhaped. Empal. fegments fpear-fhaped. Petals, the back and edges frequently marked with black dots or lines. Mr. WOODW.—Whole plant quite free from hairs. Stems upright, nearly cylindrical, the edges running from the bafe of the leaves to the bottom of the knot below; befet above with fmall black dots. Leaves in crofs pairs, oblong, rounded at the end, with 7, and fometimes 5, femifemi-transparent lines, with feveral black dots near the edges on on the under fide; the femi-transparent dots numerous. Fruitstalks from the bosom of the upper leaves. Empal. fegments spearspear fhaped, ending in a taper point. Petals ribbed, fet near the edges with dark purple glands, one of the fides very entire at the edge, the other ferrated. Chives 30 or more. Tips with a globular black gland at the top between the lobes. Seed-bud egg-schaped. Shafts thread-schaped, yellow. Summits crimfon. WITH.—Leaves, when cultivated the dots are fometimes red. Flowers open both night and day. Tips double, yellow.

St. John's-wort.—Thickets, woods, and hedges. P. July. This plant has long held a place in the materia medica, but its ufe is very much undetermined. The femi-transparent dots, on the leaves, are the receptacles of an effential oil. The leaves, given in fubstance, are faid to deftroy worms. The flowers tinge fpirits and oils of a fine purple colour, which is probably derived from the little glands upon the tips, and upon the edges of the petals.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horses and Swine refuse it.

trailing HYPER'ICUM humifu'fum. Shafts 3. Flowers folitary, from the bofom of the leaves. Stems 2-edged, proftrate, thread-fhaped. Leaves fmooth.—

> Curt. iii. 23.—Fl. dan. 141, as when first beginning to bloffom.— Cluf. ii. 181. 3, repr. in Dod. 76. 2, Lob. ic. i. 400. 1, Ger. em. 541. 4, and cop. in Pet. 60. 8.—Trag. 72. 2.—J. B. iii. 386. 1, cop. in H. ox. v. 6. 3.

Very nearly allied to H. perforatum, but flowers folitary, from the bolom of the leaves, and the leaves without transparent points. LINN .- Leaves, when examined with a magnifying glafs, with transparent dots, and befet along the edge with black dots. Emtalement with black dots and glands. Petals with glands, fcored underneath towards the point with red veins. RELHAN .- Stems numerous. Leaves opposite, fitting, egg-shaped, or bluntly oval, entire, with 7 veins, with femi-transparent dots not diftinguishable but with a glafs and a ftrong light. Fruit-ftalks alfo terminating. Floral-leaves none. Empalement divided almost to the base; fegments bluntly fpear-fhaped, marked on the back and edges with black dots. Petals, edges befet with black dots. Mr. WOODW .---Leaves with transparent dots. Mr. HOLLEFEAR .- Leaves fomewhat dotted; dots transparent, fcattered, mostly folitary. Stems often afcending, fometimes 8 inches long. Sr.-Stems fomewhat flatted. Leaves oblong, fmooth, fet with glands near the edges, fcored with femi-transparent lines. Flowers fometimes in pairs. . Empal.

THREADS in many SETS, MANY CHIVES.

Empal. fegments unequal, fpear-fhaped, terminated by a very fmall point, a little toothed at the edges, marked with dark purple fpots and ftreaks. Petals yellow, with a tinge of red on the outfide, fet with a few blackifh glands at the end. Chives in 3 fets, 5 or 6 in each. Tips without glands. Summit fometimes tinged with red. Cabfule egg-fhaped. WITH.

Meadows, paftures, heaths, [and woods, as Ronck's Wood, near Worcefter. ST.—Stufton Common, near Difs, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.—Malvern Common, Worceftershire. Mr. BALLARD.] P. July.

2. Leaves growing by threes. WITH.

HYPER'ICUM elo'des. Shafts 3. Stem cylindri- marsh cal, creeping, woolly. Leaves woolly, roundifh.--

Pet. 60. 12.

Stems downy, creeping far, throwing out roots from the fpaces between the joints, a span high, fomewhat branched. Leaves oppofite, fitting, ribbed, very entire. Panicle terminating, with few flowers. Floral-leaves with red glands. Empalement with 5 clefts, fcored, fomewhat reddifh. Bloss. golden yellow, feldom expanded, but rolled spirally inwards. RELHAN,-Stems trailing and creeping. Flowering branches afcending, 5 or 6 inches high. Leaves fitting, frequently flightly nicked at the end, with 5 ribs, and with dots not visible but with a glafs, and held against a ftrong light. Flowers few in a panicle. Panicle branched, leaflefs. Floralleaves oval-spear-shaped, minute, reddish, edged with red glands, a pair beneath each division. Empalement reddish, about 1-4th as long as the bloffom, deeply divided; fegments oval, edged with minute red glands. Bloss. reddifh yellow, ufually closed, twifted fpirally, fometimes merely folded up. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves, dots circular, exceedingly minute, fcarcely visible to the naked eye. Sr.-Stem 3 to 8 inches long, Leaves opposite. Fruit-stalks fmooth, terminating. Floral-leaves coloured, glandular. Empal. fegments ferrated with reddifh glands. Petals yellow, with 8 greenish lines, and a fmall greenish gland on the inner fide of the claw. Threads in 3 fets, about 3 in one fet, 4 in another, and 5 in the third. WITH.

Marfhy places, in a peaty fpongy foil. [Bogs in Norfolk, not unfrequent. Boggy ground near Norwich. Mr. WOODWARD.— Birmingham Heath. W1TH. ST.] P. July.

HYPER'ICUM monta'num. Shafts 3. Empal. with mountain glandular ferratures. Stem cylindrical, upright. Leaves egg-fhaped, fmooth.--

815

Fl.

POLYADELPHIA POLYANDRIA.

Fl. dan. 173.—Trag. 73. 3.—Pet. 60. 7.—J. B. iii. 383. 2.—H. ox. v. 6. 9, leaves too pointed.—Fuchf. 74.—(Matth. 938, more refembles H. hircinum.—Fuchf. 76, cop. in J. B. iii. 382. 2, is a different fpecies.)

Its height and ftructure fo conformable with that of *H. hirfutum*, would induce one to fuppofe the one to have originated from the other, but the *floral-leaves* at the top of the ftem are fmall, and fringed with glandular hairs, which is not the cafe with *H. hirfutum*. LINN.—Stem upright, cylindrical, fmooth. Leaves in pairs, fitting, egg-fhaped, the upper egg-fpear-fhaped, fmooth, with 7 ribs, and a net-work of veins, the edges fet with black dots. *Flowers* in panicles. Panicles branched, terminating, or from the bofom of the upper-leaves. *Floral-leaves, fruit-flalks*, and *empalements* befet with ftrong hairs, each terminated by a black gland. *Empal.* divided almoft to the bafe; fegments fpear-fhaped, pointed. Mr. WOODWARD.—Upper-leaves with numerous, minute, circular, tranfparent dots, vifible to the naked eye, in the lowermoft pairs only dotted towards the bafe: *Blofs*. yellow. ST.

Woods and thickets, in mountainous fituations. Frequent in the weft of England. Charlton Wood. Above Bwrdd Arthur, Anglefea. Mr. DAVIES in Penn. Wales II.—Syke's Wood, near Ingleton, Yorkfhire. CURT.—Hedge banks and fides of woods about Perfhore and Bredon Hill, Worcefterfhire. NASH.—[Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

hairy

HYPER'ICUM hirfu'tum. Shafts 3. Empalements with glandular ferratures. Stem cylindrical, upright. Leaves egg-fhaped, fomewhat downy.—

Pet. 60. 10.—H. ox. v. 6. 11.—Fl. dan. 802, reprefented as perfectly fmooth, and the leaves too pointed.—Fuch f. 76, cop. in J. B. iii. 382. 2.—(Trag. 73. 3, is H. montanum.—Matth. 937, cop. in Dod. 78. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 216. 3, ic. i. 399. 1, are H. quadrangulare; and Trag. 73. 2, feems to be the fame fpecies.)

The flowers clofe in the night, which those of the H. perforatum do not. LINN.—The uppermost leaves, and the leaves of the empalement, befet with glands. RELHAN.—Refembles H. montanum in growth and the fhape of the leaves, but larger. Stem and leaves woolly. Flowering branches from the bosom of the upper-leaves. Flowers more numerous. Paniele looser and more branched. Empal. and floral-leaves with black glands; glands fitting, except a few on short foot-stalks. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves with transparent unequal dots. ST.—Stem upright, nearly cylindrical, with a brownish fhort wool. Leaves in crofs pairs, those of the stem egg-staped, broader

THREADS in many SETS, MANY CHIVES.

broader than thole of *H. perforatum*, rough with fhort hair, with 7 or 9 ribs, and numerous femi-transparent dots; thole of the branches spear-fhaped. *Floral-leaves* with glandular ferratures at the edges. *Empal.* fegments spear-fhaped, with about 12 glands on each. *Petals* yellow. entire, with 6 or 8 ribs, and a few black glands at the end. *Chives* about 24. *Seed-bud* egg-fhaped. *Shafts* thread-fhaped, yellow. *Summits* crimfon. WITH.

Thickets and hedges. P. June. July. Sheep eat it. Horfes refufe it.

HYPER'ICUM pul'chrum. Shafts 3. Empalements upright with glandular ferratures. Stem cylindrical. Leaves embracing the ftem, heart-fhaped, fmooth.—

Curt. i. 1.—Fl. dan. 75.—Walc.—Trag. 74, cop. in Pet. 60. 6, Lonic. i. 130. 2, J. B. iii. 383. 1.

Whole plant fmooth. Leaves, viewed with a magnifying glafs, perforated towards the end. Petals all along the edge fupporting black glands, fcored underneath with red veins. Empal. leaves egg-fhaped. RELHAN.—Stem upright, often red. Leaves in diftant pairs, heart or obtufely egg-fhaped, green above, fea-green beneath, with numerous half transparent dots. Flowering branches from the bofom of the upper leaves, flender, with 1 or more flowers at the end, and 1 or 2 fmall leaves. Floral-leaves none. Empalement very fhort, deeply divided; fegments oval, blunt; glands black. Petals fet at the edge with black glands. Mr. Woodw. —Stem fmooth. Leaves in oppolite pairs. Flowers moftly in three's. Empalement and petals, edges fet with dark-coloured glands. Threads fhining, yellow, in 3 fets, about 18 in each fet. Tips fcarlet. W1TH. Woods, hedges, and heaths. [Heaths near Norwich. Mr.

CROWE.—Heaths in Hertfordfhire. Mr. Woodw.] P. July.

Class

Clafs XIX.

SYNGENESIA. TIPS UNITED.

THIS Clafs comprehends those Flowers which Botanists have very generally agreed to call Compound. The effential character of a COMPOUND FLOWER confists in the TIPS being united fo as to form a Cylinder, and a *fingle* SEED being placed upon the Receptacle, under each Floret. The DANDELION and the THISTLE are compound Flowers; that is, each of these *Flowers* are composed or compounded of a number of finall Flowers, called FLORETS.

Character of the FLOWER.

- It is composed of many *Florets*, fitting upon a COMMON RECEPTAGLE, and inclosed by 1 COMMON EMPALE-MENT. The
- Surface of the RECEPTACLE is either concave; flat; convex; pyramidal; or globular. It is either
- Nated, that is, marked only with little dots, as in DAN-DELION; or

Hairy; covered with foft upright hairs as in THISTLE; or Chaffy; befet with awl-fhaped, narrow, compreffed, up-

- right, chaffy fubftances, feparating the Florets, as in CHAMOMILE or YARROW.
- The COMMON EMPALEMENT is a Cup which furrounds the Florets and the common Receptacle. (When the Florets have Volfomed it contrasts; but when the Seeds are ripe it expands, and falls back.) . It is either
- Simple; when formed with only a fingle row of Scales or Leaves, as in GOATS-BEARD;
- Tiled; when the Scales are numerous, the outer ones gradually growing fhorter and lying upon the inner ones, like the Tiles upon a Houfe, as in ARTICHOKE;
- Leafy; when a fingle row of equal and longer fegments ftands next to the Florets, and another row of very fmall feales furrounds the bafe of those fegments, as in DAISEY. The

The firucture of the FLORETS that compofe a compound Flower, will be beft underftood by pulling to pieces the flower of a Thiftle, of Dandelion, or of the Sunflower, and comparing the Florets with the following

Natural Character of a FLORET.

- EMPAL. none, but the crown of the feed fitting upon the top of the feed-bud.
- BLOSS. 1 petal. Tube very flender and long; fitting upon the feed-bud. (it is either)
 - 1. TUBULAR. Border bell-fhaped; with 5 clefts. Segments reflected and expanding, as in THISTLE OF BURDOCK.
 - 2. NARROW. Border ftrap-fhaped; flat; turned outwards; lopped at the end; which is either entire, or marked with 3 or 5 teeth, as in DANDELION or ENDIVE.
 - 3. NONE. Border wanting; and fometimes the petal is altogether deficient.
- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort; fixed to the neck of the bloffom. Tips 5; upright; ftrap-fhaped; connected at the fides fo as to form a hollow cylinder, as long as the border of the bloffom, and marked at at the top with 5 teeth.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; ftanding under the blofs. upon the common receptable. Shaft thread-fhaped; upright; as long as the chives; paffing through the hollow cylinder formed by the tips. Summit cloven; the fegments rolled back and expanding.
- S. VESS. properly fpeaking, none; though, in fome foreign Genera, there is a fort of leathery cruft over the feed.
- SEED fingle; oblong; frequently with 4 edges; generally narrower towards the bafe.
 - Crowned with a FEATHER, which either confifts of many Undivided hair-like fpokes, placed in a circle, or of fpokes that are Branched or radiated. This Feather again is either fupported upon a little Pillar, or elfe Sitting immediately upon the feed. DANDELION. THISTLE.
 - and is permanent.

..... neither with a Cup, nor with a Feather. TANSEY. OBS.

SYNGENESIA.

Ons. In examining the minuter Florets, the diffecting Inftruments, and the Botanic Microfcope, will be found extremely ufeful.

The difposition of the Chives and Pointals varying, occasions the following

Diffinction of FLORETS.

BLOSS. Tubular 4. With chives and a pointal. 2. With chives, but no pointal. 3. With a pointal, but no chives. 4. Neither chives, pointal, nor fummit.

From

From confidering the different ftructure of the Florets, it is evident, that the compound Flowers may be compofed either

- 1. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Tubular* in the circumference, with chives and pointals.
- 2. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Tubular* in the circumference, with only pointals.
- 3. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Tubular* in the circumference, with neither chives nor pointals.
- 4. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Narrow* in the circumference, with chives and pointals.
- 5. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Narrow* in the circumference, with only pointals.
 - 6. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Narrow* in the circumference, with neither chives nor pointals.
 - 7. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and pointals. *Pointals* in the circumference without bloffoms.
 - 8. Florets *Tubular* in the centre, with chives and imperfect pointals. *Pointals* in the circumference without bloffoms.
 - 9. Florets Narrow in the centre, with chives and pointals. Narrow in the circumference, with chives and pointals.

Vol. II.

Of <

SYNGENESIA.

The ORDERS, therefore, according to the fyftem we have adopted, will be as follows.

- I. Polygamia æqualis. Chives and Pointals equal. That is, when all the Florets are furnished with Chives and Pointals. (9. 1. 4. of the preceding table.)
- II. Polygamia fuperflua. Superfluous Pointals. That is, when the Florets in the centre have both Chives and Pointals; but the Florets in the circumference only Pointals. (2. 5. 7. of the preceding table.)
- III. Polygamia fruftranea. Barren Florets. That is, when the Florets in the centre have both Chives and and Pointals; but the Florets in the circumference neither. (3. 6. of the preceding table.)
- IV. Polygamia neceffaria. Neceffary Pointals. That is, when the Florets in the centre have both Chives and Pointals, but, from fome defect in the Pointals, produce no Seed. The Florets in the circumference have Pointals only, and produce perfect Seeds. (8. of the preceding table.)
- V. Polygamia fegregata. Separated Florets. That is, when feveral Cups filled with florets are contained in another larger cup, fo as to form but 1 flower.
- VI. Monogamia. Flowers fimple. That is, when there is only 1 flower in each empal. and thefe not inclofed by another larger empal. fo as to form a compound flower.

Oss. This is a Natural Clafs, except the laft Order, which, from the principles of the System, is neceffarily introduced here.

The plants of this Clafs are fuppofed to have various fpecific virtues. Most of them are bitter; none of them poisonous, except, perhaps, the LACTUCA virola, when growing in fhady fituations.

The elafticity of the empalement in the PICRIS, CARDUUS, and many other genera, is too remarkable to pafs unnoticed by the flighteft obferver. It feems as if the expansion of the florets firft burft the empalement open, and when thefe wither it clofes again. The downy hairs that crown the Seeds, before upright, now begin to expand, and, by this expansion, again open the leaves of the empalement, and bend them quite back. The Seeds now escape, and the empalement, becoming dry and withered, no longer retains its elaftic power.

The

TIPS UNITED.

The hairy appendages of the Seeds are very properly called **FEATHERS**; for, by means of thefe, the Seeds are wafted about in the air, and diffeminated far and wide. The ftructure of thefe Feathers deferve our notice: there is hardly a child that is infenfible to their beauty in the LEONTODON or Dandelion.

Order I.

POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS; CHIVES and POINTALS EQUAL.

* All the Florets NARROW.

1000. CICHO RIUM	Recept. a little chany. Feather with
	about 5 teeth. Cup double.
997. Hypochæ'ris	Recept. chaffy. Feather fomewhat
	downy. Cup tiled.
984. TRAGOPO'GON.	Recept. naked. Feather downy.
	Cup fimple.
986. Pi'cris	
	Cup double.
991. LEON'TODON	Recept. naked. Feather downy.
-	Cup tiled with flexible fcales.
987. Son'chus	Recept. naked. Feather hairy.
A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE	Cup tiled and bellying.
993. CRE'PIS	Recept. naked. Feather hairy.
	Cup double; with scales of
·	different shapes.
990. PRENAN'THES	
	Cup double; containing about
	5 florets.
988. LACTU'CA.	
	Cup tiled; fcales fkinny at the
	edges.
992. HIERA'CIUM	
	Cup tiled; egg-fhaped.
998. LAP'SANA.	
	rounded at the bafe by a lit-
	tle cup.
995. HYOS'ERIS	Recept. naked. Feather not hairy.
	Cup nearly equal.
3	H 2 ** Flowers

SYNGENESIA.

** Flowers in globular heads.	
1008. CARLI'NA	Cup radiate. Rays coloured.
1002. ARC'TIUM	Cup with fcales bent inwards at
	the points, and hooked.
1004. CAR'DUUS	Cup with thorny fcales; diftend-
	ed. Recept. hairy.
1006. ONOPOR'DUM.	Cup with thorny fcales; diftend-
	ed. <i>Recept</i> .like a honey-comb.
1003. SERRA'TÙLA	
and the state of	without thorns; nearly cylin-
The second second	drical.
+ Centaurea nigra.	

*** All the Florets TUBULAR.

1015. EUPATO'RIUM.	Recept. naked. Feather downy.
Contraction and the	Cup tiled. Pointal very long.
1023. ATHANA'SIA	Recept. chaffy. Feather chaffy. Cup
D 1	tiled.
1012. BI'DENS	Recept. chaffy. Feather with awns.
	Cup tiled.
+ Senecio vulgaris. Tanacet	um vulgare. [Tuffilago Petafites. Sr.]

Order II.

POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA; SUPERFLUOUS POINTALS.

- * All the	Florets TUBULAR.
1025. ARTEMIS'IA	Recept. almost naked. Feather o.
	Blofs. in the circumference o.
1024. TANACE'TUM	Recept. naked. Feather only a
	fort of border. Bloss. of the
	circumference with 3 clefts.
1030. CONY'ZA	Recept. naked. Feather hairy.
	Bloss. of the circumference with
1	2 clefts.

1026. GNAPHA'LIUM.

1026. GNÁPHA'LIUM.	Recept. naked. Feather downy.‡
	Cup with skinny concave scales.
	affilago Petafites, hybrida. ST.]
Erigeron, Bidens, gen. pl. e.	d. vi.
** Florets of th	e circumference NARROW.
1042. Bel'LIS	Recept. naked. Feather o. Cup
	fimple, with equal fcales.
1049. MATRICA'RIA.	Recept. naked. Feather o. Cup
	tiled with fharp fcales.
1040. CHRYSAN THEMUM	Recept. naked. Feather o. Cup with the inner fcales membra-
	naceous.
1039. DORO'NICUM	Recept. naked. Feather hairy.
	Feather of the rays o.
1037. IN'ULA	Recept. naked. Feather hairy. Tips
	with 2 briftles at the bafe.
1031. Erig'eron	Recept. naked. Feather hairy.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Blofs. in the circumference very
Secondary Secondary	flender.
1035. Solida'go	Recept. naked. Feather hairy. Blofs. of the circumference
	about 6; remote.
1036. CINERA'RIA	Recept. naked. Feather hairy. Cup
	equal; fimple.
1033. SENE'CIO	Recept. naked. Feather hairy. Cup
	with the fcales dead at the
	ends.
1032. TUSSILA'GO	Recept. naked. Feather hairy. Cup
,	with fomewhat membranace-
1034. As'TER	ous fcales. Recept. naked. Feather hairy. Cup
1034. 115 IEK	a little rough and fcurfy.
1052. AN'THEMIS	Recept. chaffy. Feather o. Cup
U C	hemifpherical.
1053. ACHILLE'A	Recept. chaffy. Feather o. Circum-
the second second second	ference containing about 5 flo-
	rets. Cup oblong.

‡ In fome fpecies it is hair-like. Gen. pl. Sr.

3H3

Order

Order III.

POLYGAMIA FRUSTRANEA; BARREN FLORETS.

1066. CENTAU'REA. Recept. briftly. Feather hairy. Blofs. of the circumference tubular.

Order IV.

POLYGAMIA NECESSARIA; NECESSARY POINTALS.

Order VI.

MONOGAMIA; FLOWERS SIMPLE.

1090. JASIO'NE	Cup common. Bloss. 5 petals; re- gular. Caps. beneath; 2 cells.
1091. LOBE'LIA	Cup with 5 teeth. Bloss. 1 petal; irregular. Caps. beneath; 2 cells.
1092. VI'OLA.	Cup 5 leaves. Bloss. 5 petals; ir- regular. Caps. fuperior; 3 valves.
1093. Impa'tiens	Cup 2 leaves. Bloss. 5 petals; ir- regular. Caps. fuperior; 5 valves.

+ Solanum Dulcamara.

Orde**r**

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

Order I.

POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS. CHIVES and POINTALS EQUAL.

984. TRAGOPO'GON. Goats-beard.

- EMPAL. common, fimple; leaves 8; fpear-fhaped; equal; every other ftanding more inwards; all united at the bafe.
- BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals numerous; the outer rather longer.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

- CMIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a cylinder.
- POINT Seed-bud oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; rolled back.
- S. VESS. none; the cup clofing; tapering; as long as the feeds; a little diffended.
- SEEDS folitary; oblong; tapering towards each end; angular; rough; terminated by a long awl-fhaped pillar fupporting the *Feather*, which is downy and flat; with about 32 fpokes.

RECEPT. naked; flat; rough.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement simple. Feather downy.

OBS. In fome fpecies the feeds are ftraight, and the cup longer than the bloffoms; in others, the feeds crooked, and the cup fhorter than the bloffoms.

TRAGOPO'GON praten's. Empalements as long yellow as the rays of the bloffom. Leaves entire, quite ftraight. LINN.—When the bloffom is first expanded the empalement is as long as the outer storets, but these increasing in length it is afterwards found shorter. JACQ. vind. 138.

Ludw. 49.—Lonic. i. 95. 4.—Fuchl. 821, cop. in J. B. ii. 1059. 1, and imitated in Trag. 280.—Dod. 256. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 297. 2, ic. i. 550. 2, and Ger. em. 735. 2, and cop. in Pet. 15. 6.—H. ox. vii. row 1. 1, leaves of the empalement exceeding the bloffom.—Matth. 537, cop. in Ger. 595. 2.

3H4

BioToms

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

Bloffoms yellow, expanding about 3 in the morning, and clofing between 9 and 10, LINN.—unlefs the fky is cloudy. RELHAN.— Stems cylindrical, fmooth, fcored. Leaves embracing the ftem, broad at the bafe, fuddenly tapering to a long point, grafs-like, keeled, waved at the edges. Empal. fegments pointed, fmooth, in fpecimens gathered in Huntingdonfhire always exactly equal with the bloffom, in Norfolk invariably exceeding the bloffom. The ftems of the latter much fhorter. Are they not diftinct fpecies? Mr. WOODWARD.—Whole plant fmooth, ftiff, ftrong, upright. Leaves very long and narrow, tapering. Empal. leaves purplift at the edge. Tips purple. Duft yellow: Seeds crooked. Recept. the glandular fubftances in the little hollows at the bafe of each floret, which, when the bloffoms fall, turn brown, the receptacle remaining white. WITH.

Yellow Goats-beard. Go to Bed at Noon.

Meadows and pastures.

B. June.

Before the ftems fhoot up, the roots, boiled like Afparagus, have the fame flavour, and are nearly as nutritious.

Gows, Sheep, and Horfes eat it. Swine devour it greedily. Goats are not fond of it.

purple

TRAGOPO'GON porrifo'lium. Empalements longer than the rays of the bloffom. Leaves entire, quite ftraight. Fruit-ftalks thickening upwards. LINN.—Florets very narrow, lopped. MURR.

Fl. dan. 797, leaves of the empalement too narrow.—Ger. 595. 1, ill cop. in Park. par. 511. 8.—Matth. 538.—Dod. 256. 1, repr. in Lob. ohf. 297. 1; ic. i. 550. 1, Ger. em. 735. 1, and cop. in Park. 412, and Pet. 15. 7 and 8.—H. ox. vii. 9. 5.

Stems cylindrical, fmooth, fcored. Leaves embracing the ftem, broad at the bafe, tapering, thofe of the ftem fhorter than in *T*. pratenfe, fcarcely longer than the fpace between the joints. Empal. leaves pointed, about 1-3d longer than the bloffom. Blofs. purple. Mr. WOODWARD.

Salfafy.—Meadows and paftures. In Cornwall, and fields about Carlifle and Rofe-Caftle, Cumberl. Marfhes near Long-Reach, below Woolwich, and meadows near Edmonton. [In upland paftures not unfrequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. May.

The roots are efculent, and when cultivated in gardens are called Salfafie.

986. PI'CRIS.

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

986. PI'CRIS. Ox-tongue.

EMPAL. common, double; the outer large; with 5 heartfhaped, flat, flexible, approaching leaves; the inner tiled; egg-fhaped.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals; numerous.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; ftrap-fhaped; lopped; with 5 teeth.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud nearly egg-fhaped. Shaft as long as the chives. Summits 2; reflected.

S. VESS. none. The Cup unchanged contains the feeds. SEEDS folitary; diftended; blunt; furrowed transverfely. Feather downy.

RECEPT. naked.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement with an outer cup. Feather downy. Seeds transversely furrowed. LINN. Empalement double; the outer very large, of 5 leaves, the inner tiled. Feather on a foot-stalk. HUDS.

PI'CRIS echioi'des. Outer empalement of 5 leaves, common larger than the inner; the inner awned.—

Curt. iii. 25.—Pet. 12. 12.—Ger. 655. 2.—J. B. ii. 1029. 1.— Lob. ic. i. 577. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 798. 2, and cop. in H. ox. vii. 5. 38.

Leaves undivided, embracing the ftem. Duter empal. leaves fomewhat heart-fhaped, thorny; inner with 8 angles; leaves 8, keeled, with awns from below the point, on the outfide as many fmall fmooth leaves. Flowers expand at 7 in the morning. LINN .- Rootleaves oval, fcolloped, fliff, with numerous warty protuberances, which, as alfo the ribs and edges, fet with fhort thorn-like hairs. Stem firm, cylindrical, fcored, usually purplish, much branched; with scattered, stiff, thorn-like hairs. Leaves heart-spear-shaped, waved at the edge, fet with fharp ftiff hairs, particularly on the edge and mid-rib. Flowers fingle, on fruit-stalks. Fruit-stalks fomewhat thickening upwards. Empal. leaves of the outer heart-fhaped, taper-pointed, ending in a fharp awn, very much expanding, fringed with fliff hairs; scales of the inner fringed on the back. Feather of the length of the inner empalement, on a foot-ftalk 3 or 4 lines long. Seeds fhining, very beautiful when viewed with a glafs.

830

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

glafs. Mr. WOODWARD.—The fmaller hairs of the *flem-leaves* and *fruit-flalks* terminated by many pointed hooks, (glochides) the hooks 2 to 4, bent downwards. ST.—*Bloffoms* yellow, expanding at 4 or 5 in the morning, and never clofing before noon; fometimes they remain open till 9 at night.

Lang de boeuf.

Borders of corn fields.

A. July. Aug.

This is an agreeable pot-herb when young. The juice is milky, but not too acrid.

Hawkweed

PI'CRIS *Hieracioi'des*. Empalements loofe. Leaves entire. Fruit-stalks fealy up to the empalement.—

Leaves spear-shaped. Fruit-stalks with scattered awl-shaped scales up to the empalement, till the empalemement becomes nearly tiled. Feather fcarcely downy. LINN .- Stem firm, fcored, rough with fliff hairs. Leaves rough, the lower on leaf-flaks, the upper fitting, spear-shaped, pointed, toothed; the uppermost strap-spearshaped. Fruit-stalks branched, each branch bearing I flower. Empalement fcarcely to be called double, the loofe fcales on the top of the fruit-ftalk approaching to and at length tiled with the empal. the leaves of the inner row nearly ftrap-fhaped, parallel, hairy on the outfide, exactly the length of the feather. Feather fitting, thinly downy. Seeds longitudinally and transversely furrowed. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fliff. Branches fhorter than the ftem. Leaves waved at the edge, the lower fcolloped and toothed, the upper toothed. Empal. the outer as fhort again as the inner; leaves about 13, ftrap-fhaped; the inner, leaves about the fame number, ftrap-fhaped, approaching. Hairs of the whole plant mostly terminated by many pointed hooks; (glochides) the hooks bowed down, or expanding, mostly 2. ST.

Hedypnois Hieracioides. HUDS.

Jellow Succory.

Borders of corn fields in a calcareous foil.

A. July.

987. SON'CHUS.

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

987. SON'CHUS. Sowthiftle.

EMPAL. common, diftended and hunched; with many ftrap-fhaped, unequal fcales.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals; numerous; equal.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-tud fomewhat egg-fhaped. Shaft threadfhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; reflected.

S. VESS. none; the *cup* clofing forms a compreffed globe, but tapering.

SEEDS folitary; rather long. Feather hairy. RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement tiled; bellying. Feather hairy'.

SON'CHUS palus'tris. Fruit-stalks and empal. marsh rough with hair, in a fort of rundle. Leaves notched, arrow-shaped at the base. LINN. Sp. pl. ST.—Instead of arrow-shaped is awned in the 3 last editions of Syst. veg. ST.

Curt. v. 51.—Il. dan. 606.—Pet. 14. 7.—Cluf. ii. 147. 3, repr. in Ger. em. 204. 9, and cop. in Park. 808. 2, and H. ox. vi. 9. row 3. 11.

In habit it is very diffinct from S. arvenfis, but its ftructure is fo much the fame, that one might fuppose the S. palustris to have originated from arvensis. Flowers clustered, expand at 6 or 7, and clofe at 2 in the afternoon. LINN .- Root not creeping. Stems feveral, 6 to 10 feet high. Hairs terminated by globules. CURT .- Root when old forming a large ftool. Stems 4 to 8 feet high. Lower stem-leaves very large; upper arrow-shaped and embracing the ftem at the bafe, fegments spear-shaped, variously curved, 2 or 3 pair, with a terminating one very long, fmooth, finely toothed at the edge, the principal rib running near the inner edge; the upper-leaves arrow-fpear-fhaped, lengthened out into a long point. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped. Flowers much fmaller than in S. arvensis. Empalement hairy; but hairs not fo long nor yellow as in S. arvensis, terminated by globules. Mr. WOODW .-Bloss. yellow.

Watery places and banks of rivers; on those of the Thames about Greenwich, Blackwall, and Poplar. SON'CHUS

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

corn

SON'CHUS arven'fis. Fruit-stalks and empalements rough with hair, in a fort of rundle. Leaves notched, heart-shaped at the bafe.—

Curt. iv. 45.—Pet. 14. 6.—Fuchf. 319, cop. in J. B. ii. 1018. 1, Lob. obf. 119. 3, ic. i. 237. 1, H. ox. vii. 6. 12, and Lonic. 92. 1.—Matth. 765.—Ger. 231. 7, repr. in Ger. em. 294. 8, and cop. in Park. 808. 3.—(Fl. dan. 606, is S. paluftris.)

Flowers expand between 6 and 7, and clofe between 11 and 12 in the forenoon. LINN.—Root creeping far and wide. Fruit-flaks and empalements with long yellow hairs terminated by globules. CURT. ST.—Leaves embracing the ftem; fegments triangular, toothed; teeth fharper and more thorny than those of S. paluftris; the upper fpear-fhaped, but not tapering out to forgreat a length. Flowers in a fort of rundle. Fruit-flaks longer. Hairs of the fruitflaks and empalements yellow, terminated by globules, more numerous and longer than in S. paluftris. Empal. leaves more pointed. Seeds oval, compressed, longitudinally and transforfely furrowed. Feather fitting. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems rough with glandular briftly hairs. Leaves embracing the ftem, perfectly fmooth, except at the edges, which are almost thorny. Hairs of the empalements and fruit-flaks pale green, terminated by yellow globules. WITH.

Tree Scathiftle.

Corn fields and ditch banks.

P. Aug.

The flowers follow the courfe of the fun, very regularly. Cows and Goats eat it. Horfes are very fond of it.

common

SON'CHUS olera'ceus. Fruit-stalks cottony. Empal. fmooth.—

Leaves clofely embracing the ftem. Fruit-ftalks at length become fmooth. LINN.—Upper-leaves frequently jagged and indented, like by the lower, but not fo deeply. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sowthiftle. Hare's Lettuce. Milkweed.

 α lævis. LINN. Leaves fmooth, the lower with winged clefts, the lower fegments long. WITH.

Curt. ii. 21.—Ger. 231. 5.—Cluf. ii. 146. 1, repr. in Dod. 643. 1, Lob. obf. 119. 1, ic. i. 235. 2, Ger. em. 292. 3, and cop. in

H. ox. vii. 3. 1.-Pet. 14. 10.-Ger. 230. 4.-Matth. 497.

Cultivated ground, efpecially in a rich foil, dung-hills, [and alfo in hedges. ST.] A. June. Aug. [Bloffoms about the middle of June, continuing till deftroyed by the frofts. ST.]

 β Segments fewer, RAY—and the terminating one triangular and very broad. ST.

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

Fl. dan. 682.—Blackw. 130.—Ger. 230. 3, cop. in Ger. em. 292. 4, Park. 806. 3, J. B. ii. 1016. 1, H. ox. vii. 3. row 1. 2, and Pet. 14. 8.—Matth. 496, S. afpera.

Sonchus lævis minor paucioribus laciniis. R. fyn. 163. (ST.) With a. RAY. ST.--[Flowers at the fame time as a. ST.]

 γ afper. LINN.—Leaves prickly, jagged. RAY. ST.—Leaves fhining on the upper furface, the edge waved and fet with thorny teeth; the lower lobes rounded. WITH.

Fl. dan. 843.—Blackw. 30.—Ger. 229. 2, imitated in Park. 229. 2.—Fuchl. 675, improved in J. B. ii. 1016. 2.—Fet. 14. 5.

Stem 2 to 3 feet high, upright, thick, angular; the angles thin, fkinny, tinged with purple. Leaves with winged clefts; fegments varioufly jagged and toothed, fome extending almost to the midrib, the lower-leaves a foot long; mid-rib broad, white, and fmooth. Fruit-ftalks foon losing their cotton. Empal. fcales each with 2 or 3 little thorns on the back. WITH.

Sonchus alper laciniatus. R. fyn. 163.—Sonchus alperior. GER. em. 291, defcr. (ST.)

[Uncultivated ground, fides of roads and hedges.

May, about the latter end. Sr.] & LINN.—Leaves prickly, entire. Sr.

Fuch f. 674. — Dod. 643. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 118. 3, ic. i. 235. 1, Ger. em. 291. 2, and cop. in J, B. ii. 1014. 2, Park. 803. 1, H. ox. vii. 2. row 3. 5, and Pet. 14. 4. — Lonic. i. 93. 1. — Dod. 643. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 118. 2, ic. i. 234. 2, and Ger. em. 291. 1. — H. ox. vii. 2. 8.

Fields, and in woods where the underwood has been cleared. July to Nov. 20. No other variety growing near it. A Horfe eat it. ST.

Sonchus alper non laciniatus. R. fyn. 163.—Sonchus alper. GER. cm. , 291.—Sonchus alper major non laciniatus. PARK. 803. (ST.)

ζ Hubs. Leaves inverfely egg-fhaped, tapering below into leaf-ftalks.

Pluk. 61. 5, cop. in Pet. 14. 1.

Corn fields about London.

6. Leaves ftrap-oblong, rounded at the end.

Pluk. 62. 4, cop. in Pet. 14.3.

The leaves are good amongft other pot-herbs. They are a very favourite food with Hares and Rabbits.

Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. Horfes are not fond of it. The Aphis Sonchi lives upon it.

SON'CHUS alpi'nus. Fruit-stalks scaly. Flowers blue-flowered in bunches. Leaves notched.-

Fl.

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

Fl. dan. 182.—Cluf. ii. 147. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 294. 7, and cop. in Park. 808. 1.—Park. 807. 1, cop. in J. B. ii. 1006.—Ger. 231. 6, leaves too blunt.

Stem generally 5 feet high. Flowers open at 7, and clofe at 12. LINN.—Blofs. fometimes white. REICH.—Foliage like that of S. oleraceus β . Leaves terminating; lobes arrow-fhaped-triangular, angles taper-pointed. Sr.—Iruit-flalks clammy. Empalement brown. Blofs. blue. BERK.

Sonchus lævior auftriacus III, cæruleo flore. CLUS. II. 247.—Sonchus flore cæruleo. GER. 231, and em. 294.—Sonchus alpinus cæruleus. PARK. 807. (ST.)

Mountainous pastures. Borders of corn fields about Willington and Howden Pans, Northumberland. WALLIS. Northumb. 186. A.

The Laplanders get the ftems before the flowers expand; ftrip off the bark and eat them; but they are much improved by the addition of oil and vinegar. It communicates a bitter tafte to the milk of cattle that are fed with it.—Cows, Goats, and Swine eat it. Horfes and Sheep are very fond of it.

Most of the species nourish the Aphis Sonchi.

988. LACTU'CA. Lettuce.

EMPAL. common, tiled; fomewhat cylindrical; fcales many; tapering to a point.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals; many; equal.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 4 or 5 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud fomewhat egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; reflected.
S. VESS. none. Cup clofing; egg-fhaped; cylindrical.

SEEDS folitary; egg-fhaped; taper; comprefied. Feather hairy; fimple. Pillar long; tapering at the bottom.

RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement tiled; cylindrical; with a membranaceous edge. Feather fimple; on a foot-flalk. Seeds fmooth.

mild-fcented LACTU'CA Scari'ola. Leaves perpendicular, the keel prickly.—

Fuchf.

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

Fuch f. 301, cop. in Dod. 646, which repr. in Ger. em. 309. 3, and cop. alfo in J. B. ii. 1003, Pet. 15. 3, and H. ox. vii. 2. 17.— Matth. 522.—Lob. obf. 118. 1, repr. in ic. i. 234.—Park. 814. 2.—Barr. 135.—Trag. 259.—(Matth. 522, from its expanding branches fhould feem to be L. virofa.)

Leaves, the lowermost also indented. RAY.—Stem-leaves conftantly with deeper winged clefts than those of *L. virofa. Flowering branches* pointing upwards, not expanding. *Flowers* fmaller. Foot-stalk of the *feather* much shorter. Mr. WOODW. —Blo/s. yellow.

On rubbifh, fides of corn fields, ditch banks, and ftony ground. Ifle of Ely. B. Aug.

 β HUDS. but Ray fays it grows with the former of the 2 preceding fpecies, which is L. virofa, " of which it is a variety." St.

LACTU'CA viro'fa. Leaves horizontal, toothed; ftrong-fcented keel prickly.-

Collin obf. vi. præf. p. ix. - J. B. ii. 1002, cop. in Pet. 15. 2. -H. ox. vii. 2. 16.

Stem prickly below. Leaves arrow-fhaped, fitting, the edge, and efpecially the keel, prickly. A variety of L. Scariola according to M. Gerard, and Haller. LINN.—Leaves, the lowermost entire, not with winged clefts. RAY.—Stem 2 to 4 feet high. Root-leaves oblong-wedge-fhaped, toothed at the edge; *flem-leaves* arrow-fhaped, embracing the flem, either entire or with winged clefts, fharply toothed; *flower-leaves* arrow-fhaped, half embracing the ftem, broad at the bafe, tapering to a fharp point, 1 at the bafe of each flowering branch. *Flowering branches* expanding. *Flowers* fitting, or on fhort fruit-ftalks. *Floral-leaves* fimilar to the ftemleaves but fmaller, 1 at the bafe of each fruit-ftalk, and others ftill fmaller on the fruit-ftalks. *Empal.* fcales unequal, fpear-fhaped. Seeds furrowed and rough. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. numerous, yellow, opening about 7, and clofing about 10 in the forenoon. Seeds black.—Wild Lettuce.

Ditch banks. Borders of fields. [In a ftone quarry at Thorp Arch, Yorkfhire. Mr. Wood.—World's End, near Stepney, and banks of the Thames between Blackwall and Woolwich. Mr. JONES.—Old walls in Bungay, Suff. Mr. WOODW.] B. July. Aug.

The juice fmells like opium. It is milky, acrid, and bitter. Dr. Collin relates 24 cafes of dropfy, out of which 23 were cured by taking the extract prepared from the expressed juice, in dofes from 18 grains to 3 dramt in the 24 hours. It commonly proves laxative, promotes urine and gentle sweats, and removes the thirst. It must be prepared when the plant is in flower.

2. Leaves

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

2. Leaves entire. Sr.

Pet. 15. 1.—Trag. 268, cop. in Lonic. i. 91. 3.—Lob. adv. 89, repr. in ic. i. 241. 1, Ger. em. 309. 1, and cop. in Park. 813. L. Scariola β Hubs.

With variety 1, but lefs frequent. RAY.

narrowleaved

LACTU'CA falig'na. Leaves halberd-ftrap-fhaped, fitting; the keel prickly, LINN.—not always fo. Scop. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Jacq. fl. iii. 250.—Hall. jen. 4. at p. 207.—C. B. pr. 68. 1, cop. in Park. 783. 4, H. ox. vii. 6. 18, and Pet. 15. 4.

Leaves perpendicular, nearly as in L. Scariola. LINN.—Leaves arrow-fhaped at the bafe; the lower with winged clefts; fegments few, alternate, ftrap-fhaped, finely toothed, with a fharp point at the end, fomewhat hooked, the terminating one long; the upper entire, ftrap-fhaped. Floral-leaves arrow-fhaped, broad at the bafe, tapering to a point. Flowers nearly fitting, fmall. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blofs. yellow.

Ditch banks and paftures in a chalky foil. A. Aug.

The Phalana Gamma, and Caja; and the Aphis Lactuca, live upon thefe fpecies.

990. PRENAN'THES. Ivy-leaf.

EMPAL. common, double; cylindrical; fmooth; the fcales of the cylinder equal in number to the florets; the fcales of the bafe few; unequal; very flort.

BLOSS. compound, generally confifting of a fingle row of florets. Florets 5 to 8; with chives and pointals; equal; ftanding in a circle.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 4 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud nearly egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; longer than the chives. Summit cloven; reflected.

S. VESS. none.' Cup cylindrical; clofing a little at the rim.

SEEDS folitary; heart-fhaped. Feather hairy. RECEPT. naked.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement with a fmaller one at the base. Feather simple; mossily sitting. Florets in a single row.

OBS.

OBS. In fome fpecies the feather is fupported by a pillar.

PRENAN'THES mura'lis. Florets 5. Leaves wall notched.---

Curt. v. 52.—Fl. dan. 512.—Cluf. ii. 146. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 119. 2, ic. i. 236. 1, Ger. em. 293. 5, and cop. in Park. 805. 2, J. B. ii. 1004, and Pet. 15. 5.—(Matth. 498, is a different plant.)

Feather funple, on a pillar, LINN .- on a very fhort foot-ftalk. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD .- Whole plant fmooth, I to 2 feet high. Root-leaves on long leaf-stalks, deeply notched; lower fegments few, fmall, fomewhat oval, the terminating one large, fomewhat triangular, with 5 lobes, refembling the leaves of Ivy in its creeping state; stem-leaves embracing the stem, the terminating one longer and more pointed. Flowering branches fub-divided. Fruitstalks flender, each with I flower. Floral-leaves fpear-shaped, minute. Empal. the outer, fcales 3, oval; the inner ftrap-fhaped, with membranaceous edges. Seeds inverfely-egg-fhaped, furrowed, black. Feather of the length of the inner empalement. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves, the 2 or 3 uppermoft fometimes speararrow-fhaped. Sr.-Leaves embracing the ftem, deeply notched; fegments opposite, toothed, the terminating one largest. Empal. outer, fcales 3, fpear-fhaped; inner ftrap-fhaped, generally coloured. Seeds oblong, compreffed, fcored. Feather on a flat circular fubstance, fupported by a little pillar. WITH.

Fl. angl. ed. II. line the laft, for *B. pin.* 124, read *Park.* 805. (ST.) Walls and fhady woods. P. July.

Cows, Goats, and Horfes eat it. Sheep are very fond of it.

2. Stem-leaves fpear-arrow-fhaped. WITH. ST.—Stems fmooth, purplifh. Branches from the bofom of the leaves. Stem-leaves fmooth, embracing the ftem, the lower toothed, the upper very entire. Floral-leaves arrow-fhaped, at the fub-divifions of the fruit-ftalks. Empal. purple; outer, fcales rarely 4, fpear-fhaped. Blofs. yellow; florets with 5 teeth. Seed-bud heart-fhaped. Feather nearly fitting, but the pillar lengthens as the feed ripens. WITH.

Vol. II.

991. LEON'-

991. LEON'TODON. Dandelion.

- EMPAL. common, tiled; oblong; the inner fcales ftrapfhaped; parallel; equal; the outer fewer, and generally reflected down to the bafe.
- BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals numerous; the inner ones gradually fhorter.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud nearly egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the central bloffoms. Summits 2; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup oblong; ftraight.

SEEDs folitary; oblong; rough. Feather fupported on a little pillar; downy; (fitting. Sr.)

RECEPT. naked; dotted.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement tiled; with loofifh fcales. Feather downy, LINN.—fimple, on a pillar. HUDS.*—Receptacle naked. Feather downy, fitting. Empalement tiled. WIGGERS. ST.†

OBS. In the L. Taraxacum the feather is fimple or hair-like, and the outer fcales of the empalement bent back. In feveral of the other fpecies the feather is downy or radiated, and all the fcales of the empalement upright. LINN.—Feather in the greater part of the fpecies fitting. REICH.

common

LEON'TODON Tarax'acum. Lower fcales of the empalement bent back. Leaves notched, finely toothed, fmooth.—

* Referring L. autumnale, bifpidum, and birtum, to a genus of his own called Hedypnois.

† Eftablifhing L. Taraxacum into a new genus, WIGG.—or rather referring it to *Crepis*, to which genus, I am perfuaded, it has a more natural affinity, than to the plants with which Linnzus affociated it. The L. Taraxacum being removed, the remaining fpecies will form a genus allied in general habit and affinity with the *Hieraciums*, but diffinguifhed by the dorony feather of the feed, which correfponds exactly with the PICRIS of Haller. ST.

Curt.

Curt. i. 3.-Mill. ill.-Blackw. 501.-Fl. dan. 574, Ralk reprefented as pubescent.-Walc.-Ger. 228. 1, cop. in Dod. 636. 1. H. ox. vii. 8. row 2. 1. - Dod. 636. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 117. 2, ic. i. 232. 2, Ger. em. 290. 1, and cop. in Park. 780. 1, and Pet. 11. 7 .- Matth. 506.- Fuchf. 680, cop. in J. B. ii. 1035, and Trag. 262.-Lonic. i. 92. 2.-Blackw. 1.

Feather, fee obfervation on the genus, LINN .- hair-like, on a ong pillar. LEERS. ST. WITH .- Varies fometimes with leaves toothed, or indented backwards. Hubs .- Leaves varying from winged clefts, in a very dry fituation, to nearly entire in a very moist one. Empal. scales perfectly smooth. Seeds furrowed longitudinally, fharply toothed upwards. Feather on a long pillar; rays fimple. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fomewhat cottony towards the top. CURT. ST .- Seeds flat, fcored, prickly towards the top. WITH.-Blofs. yellow, expanding about 5 or 6 in the morning. and clofing early in the afternoon.

Dandelion. Pis-a-bed. - Meadows, pastures, road fides, ditch banks, &c. P. April-Sept.

Early in the fpring, whilft the leaves are yet white, and hardly unfolded, they are an excellent ingredient in fallads. The French eat the roots, and the blanched leaves, with bread and butter. Children that eat it in the evening experience its diuretic effects, which is the reafon that other European nations, as well as ourfelves, vulgarly call it Pifs-a-bed .- When a fwarm of Locufts had deftroyed the harvest in the Island of Minorca, many of the inhabitants fubfisted upon this plant .- The expressed juice has been given, to the quantity of 4 ounces, 3 or 4 times a day; and Boerhaave had a great opinion of the utility of this and other lactescent plants in visceral obstructions.

Goats eat it. Swine devour it greedily. Sheep and Cows are not fond of it. Horfes refuse it. Small Birds are fond of the feeds.

The Phalæna Fascelina, and the Thrips Phylapus, feed upon it. LINN.

 β Leaves narrower, fewer, more deeply cloven. Seeds reddifh brown. RAY.

Pet. 11. 8.

Grows with a.

Dens leonis angustioribus foliis. PARK. 780. R. fyn. 171. (ST.)

y HUDS. is Leontodon hispidum B of LINN. (ST.)

& palustre. Huus. Sr.-Empalement fmooth, all the scales upright. Stalk hollow, with I flower. LYONS.

Scop. 48. at ii. p. 100.

Root-leaves oblong, broader towards the end, pointed, with teeth, finooth, mid-rib red. Empalement fmooth; outer fcales egg-fhaped,

egg-fhaped, pointed, fomewhat membranaceous at the edge; the inner ftrap-fhaped. LYONS. ST.—*Empal.* the lowermoft fcales at first upright, afterwards bent back. HUDS.—*Stalks* about the length of the leaves. *Empal.* outer row upright, SCOP. ST.—egg-fhaped. *Seeds* exactly fimilar to those of α . ST.

Hedypnois paludofa. SCOP. CATN. N. 958.—Leontodon Raii. GOUAN. ill. 55.—Leontodon Taraxacum paludofum. LIGHTF. fl. fcot. 432.— Picris fcapo unificro, foliis glabris femipinnatis, calyce levi. HALL. hift. n. 26. (ST.)

Hinton Moor, Cambridgefhire. LYONS.—Moift places on the fides of mountains in the Ifle of Skye. LIGHTE.

OBS. The above varieties are readily diftinguifhable from other fpecies by the fmooth, tubular, briftly fialks. Mr. WOODWARD.

autumnal

LEON'TODON autumna'le. Stem branched. Fruit-ftalks fcaly. Leaves fpear-fhaped, toothed, very entire, fmooth. LINN.—Stem fometimes, though rarely, undivided. ST.

Fuchf. 320, cop. in J. B. ii. 1031, Trag. 265, and Dod. 639. 4, which repr. in Ger. em. 297. 3, and ill cop. in Lonic. i. 92. 3.— Ger. 233. 4.*—Dod. 639. 3,† repr. in Lob. obf. 120. 1, ic. i.

Cer. 233. 4. — Doa. 039. 3,7 Pepr. in Lob. ob. 120. 1, ic. 1. 237. 2, Ger. em. 296. 2. and cop. in Park. 794. 4, and H. ox. vii. 7. 6.—Matth. 766.‡—Pet. 12. 1.—(Fl. dan. 501, is Crepis tectorum.)§

Root bitten off as in Scabiofa Succifa. Flowers opening at 7, and clofing at 3 in the afternoon. Feather with a kind of pillar, downy. Sp. pl. It is difficult to fay under what genus it fhould be placed. It differs from Scorzonera in its fitting feather, from Crepis in its fimple tiled empalement, and from Leontodon in its fitting downy feather. LINN. fl. fuec. ---- Subject to the following variations : Leaves toothed, indented-toothed, or with winged clefts; teeth very entire. Empal. fmooth, or hairy. Stem fimple, or branched. HUDS. ST .- naked or fcaly. HUDS .- Stems not leafy. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves, teeth pointing, fome forwards, and others backwards, fo that they cannot be faid to be notched. Stem as high again as the leaves, with a fmall ftrap-fhaped leaf, with fometimes I or 2 teeth at each fub-division. Fruit-stalks thickening upwards; fcales fpear-fhaped, keeled, laid to. Empal. leaves with long brown hairs on the keel. In a barren foil a fpan high, fomewhat branched and the leaves notched; in a richer foil 2 feet high, and the

 \S Mr. WOODWARD. St. as is evident from the leafy fiem and want of fcales on the fruit-Ralks. St.

^{* † ‡} No scales on the fruit-flaks. ST.

the ftem a good deal branched. RETZ. ST .- Stems upright, or afcending, frequently marked here and there with purplifh blotches. Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fmooth, lying on the ground. Feather fitting, downy. POLLICH. ST.-Feather of the feeds of the circumference fitting, those of the centre fometim 3 on a thort pillar, (fubflipitatus.) LEERS .- Root on the 2d or 3d year dying at the end, appearing as if bitten off. Stems fometimes thrice as tall as the leaves. Leaves spear-shaped, quite smooth; teeth bluntifh. Flowering branches nearly of an equal height. Empal. inveriely egg-fhaped, tapering downwards, befet with tapering blackifh hairs, and a fmall quantity of cottony down. Feather of the central florets fometimes tapering out into a kind of fhort pillar, downy. brownifh white, which colour readily diftinguishes it from Hypochæris radicata, which it very much refembles, and the others of the fame tribe which flower in the meadows at the fame time. Sr. -Root thick, fending out lateral fibres. Leaves nearly firap-fhaped, fmooth; hairs fimple. Stem and fruit-stalks flightly fcored, fmooth. Fruit-flalks mostly forked; the fcales refembling the outer ones of the empalement. Empal. the outer scales much shorter, upright, a little hairy at the ends; the inner with a row of longifh black hairs along the back. Florets yellow on both fides; the tubular part a little hairy. Shaft and fummit fet on the upper part with very fhort and exceedingly fine, white, briftly hairs. Feather about the length of the feed, rather longer than the tubular part of the blofs. the down on the hairs extremely fine. Seeds compressed, fcored. WITH.

Hedypnois autumnale. HUDS.

Yellow Devil's-bit .- Meadows and pastures. P. July. Aug. Horfes, Goats, and Swine eat it. Cows and Sheep refuse it.

2. Varies with hairy leaves. RAY. ST. WITH .- Leaves fprinkled on both fides with white fimple hairs. Sr.

With variety 1, and with us the most common. ST.

B Hups. Leaves with winged clefts. Sr.

Ger. 233. 3, no scales on the fruit-stalks .- Pet. 12. 2, a leaf on the stem jagged.

Pastures about London.

July. Aug. Hieracium præmorfum laciniatum. R. fyn. 164 .- Hieracium nigrum. TAB. GER. 233 .- Hieracium foliis coronopi. C. B. pin. 128. 1. 5. (ST.)

y Hubs .- Dwarf. Leaves pointed. PET.

Pet. 12. 3. Hedges about London.

July. Aug.

Hieracium folio acuto minus. R. fyn. 164. (ST.)

"Huds .- Dwarf. Leaves blunt, like those of L. Taraxacum. PET. Pet.

3 I 3

Pet. 12. 4.

With variety y.

E Stem with moftly I flower. Empalement exceedingly hairy, with black hairs. HUDS. Hieracium Taraxaci, which fee.

Hieracium I araxaci, Which

rough

LEON'TODON hif'pidum. All the fcales of the empalement upright. Leaves toothed, very entire, rough with hair; hairs forked.—

Col. ecph. i. 243, cop. in Park. 798. 8, and H. ox. vii. 7. 12. row
2. f. 3, hairinefs of the stem and empalement not expressed to the description.—C. B. pr. 66, referred by Linnæus and Hudson to L. hirtum; cop. in Park. 798. 5, H. ox. vii. 8. 13, and Pet. 11. 10.—C. B. pr. 63, referred by Linnæus and Haller to L. hirtum; cop. in Park. 789, leaves better than those of the last.—J. B. ii. 1038. 2, cop. in H. ox. vii. 7. 14, referred by Linnæus and Haller to L. hirtum; rop. ic. in Park. 789, leaves better than those of the last.—J. B. ii. 1038. 2, cop. in H. ox. vii. 7. 14, referred by Linnæus and Haller to L. hirtum.—Fl. dan. 862.—Pet. 11. 9.—J. B. ii. 1038. 1, the stand good, the whole plant cop. in H. ox. vii. 7. 13.—Lob. ic. i. 238. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 303.
6, cop. in Park. 788. 4, and H. ox. vii. 8. row 2. f. 4.—The above I give only as representations of our L. hispidum. I do not vouch for their being all intended as such by their respective authors. —Fl. dan. and the figures which follow, represent it in its more luxuriant, and those which precede it in its less luxuriant fate.

A ftrap-fhaped floral-leaf below the flower, which is not in L. hirtum. Florets of the circumference greenifh on the outfide. Feather fitting, downy. A plant difficult to make out, from the different fynonyms referred to by different authors. Flowers open at 4 in the morning, and clofe at 3 in the afternoon. LINN.—Leaves on leafftalks, fpear-fhaped, fomewhat hoary; hairs forked and fimple. Florets of the circumference green beneath. Seeds flender, rough, ftriated, the upper part of the ridges toothed, the lower warty; as long as the feather. Mr. Woonw.Sr.—Root bitten off. Stalk 6 to 16 inches high. Leaves indented-toothed. Hairs with 2 or 3 points, or fimple. Empal. with fimple hairs. Feather white, with 11 large rays juft longer than the feed, with as many intermediate ones. Sr.—Leaves and flalks with fine, briftly, forked hairs. Empal. with long white hairs. Florets' with a few hairs at the bottom of the border. Feather longer than the tube of the florets. WITH.

Hedypnois hifpidum. HUDS.—Hieracium caule aphyllo hirfutum. J. B. II. 1037. (RAY. HALL. LINN. fl. fuec. ST.)—(Leontodon hifpidum GORT. ingr. 120, not the plant, as is evident from his defcribing the feather as fupported by a long pillar. J ST.

Meadows and pastures.

P. June. July. β Leaves

July-Aug.

 β Leaves entire, with fometimes fhallow teeth, fpear-fhaped, rough. LINN.

Cluf. ii. 141. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 302. 3, and cop. in Park. 799. 12, J. B. ii. 1038, H. ox. vii. 7. 12. rów 2. f. 4, and Pet. 11. 5, and imitated in Ger. 238. 3.

Near the top of y Glyder mountain near Llanberys.

Dens leonis montanus angustifolius. R. fyn. 171.—Leontodon Taraxacum y HUDS.—Hieracium incanum, according to Reichard. (ST.)

β HUDS.—C. B. pr. 66, cop. in H. ox. vii. 8. 13, and Pet. 11. 10, referred to by Linnæus and Hudfon.—C. B. pr. 63, cop. in Park. 739, alfo referred to by Linnæus and Haller.—J. B. ii. referred to by Linnæus and Haller.*

Very much refembling L. hirtum, but diftinct. Fruit-stalks and empalements not fo hairy, nearly fmooth. Leaves stiffish, and as it were dry to the touch, and the central parts very much curled when dry; fegments flanting; the hairs undivided at the point. Empal. nodding before flowering, channelled when the feeds are ripe; the outermost fcales dilated on each fide at the bale, with a fold between. Blos, the florets of the circumference yellow underneath, and not greenifh. LINN .- Stem 6 inches high. Seeds of the circumference crowned with a shallow leafy ornament, instead of a feather; those of the centre with a downy feather. HALL .--Plant very much like L. hilpidum, but differs as follows : Root bitten off. Leaves yellowish green, longer and more crowded, when dried waved and crumpled; hairs mostly fimple, but if examined with a glafs fome will be found to be cloven at the point; teeth fhorter, flanting upwards, not downwards as in L. hijpidum. Stalk fmooth, not fo obvioufly fcored, without any floral-leaf. Flower Imaller. Empalement Imooth, except a few hairs at the bafe; scales 13, fpear-fhaped, flattifh, with as many very fmall ones on the outfide, dilated at the bafe, and laid to. Bloffoms of the circumference equal in number to the fcales of the empalement, livid underneath. and at length yellow; the fummits not projecting beyond the tips; and the feeds thickish, whitish, scarcely rough, crowned. Blossoms of the centre as fmall again; the fummits rolled back; the feeds flender, brownish, rough; the feather fitting, but in the innermost on a very fhort pillar; rays 13, fpear-fhaped at the bafe; downy outwards, as many placed alternately fhorter and fimple. LEERS. -Leaves almost with winged clefts, green, not hoary; hairs fometimes forked. Florets fcarcely green on the back. Seeds fhorter than the feather. Mr. WOODWARD .- If the plant thus defcribed by Haller and Leers be the L. hirtum of Linnæus, I have not feen

* Fl. dan. 862.—H. ox. vii. 8, row 2. f. 4. Mr. WOODWARD. 3 I 4

it.

it, and am inclined to believe that Mr. Hudson's plant is only a variety of *L. hilpidum* with fimple hairs. Sr.

Hedypnois hilpidum hirtum β HUDS.—Leontodon hirtum LINN. according to Mr. Hudfon. (ST.)

992. HIERA'CIUM. Hawk-weed.

EMPAL. common, tiled; cylindrical; fcales many; ftrapfhaped; very unequal; lying lengthways one over another.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals; numerous; equal.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud nearly egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; bent back.

S. VESS. none. Cup closing; egg-fhaped.

SEEDS folitary; with 4 blunt edges; fhort. Feather hairy. RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement tiled; eggfhaped. Feather fimple; fitting.

* Stalk naked; fupporting a fingle flower.

mountain

HIERA'CIUM *alpi'num*. Leaves oblong, entire, toothed. Stalk almoft naked, with a fingle flower. Empalement hairy.—

Lightf. 18. at p. 434.—Col. ii. 30. 1, cop. in H. ox. vii. 7. 5, and Pet. 11. 2.—Ray 6. 2. at p. 168.—(Fl. dan. 27, is referred to in the fyft. veg. and fl. angl. but omitted, and it fhould feem very properly, by Mr. Lightfoot.—Jacq. fl. ii. 191, is H. alpeftre.)

Leaves egg-oblong, flightly toothed, fprinkled on both fides with white expanding hairs. Stalk thick, fprinkled with white hairs brown at the bafe. Floral-leaves fmall, I or 2 on the upper part of the ftalk. Empalement fwoln, with numerous white projecting hairs. Blofs. yellow. LINN.—Empalement concealed as it were by its hairs. MURR.

Mountains near the fummits in dry foil. Rocks on Glyder and Trigfylchau near Llanberys, on Ben Croochid and near Loch Awe, and many other of the Highland mountains. Llyn y Cwyn near Snowdon. PENN. P. July. Aug.

HIERA'-

HIERA'CIUM Tarax'aci. Leaves spear-shaped, Devil's-bit toothed, fmooth. Stalk almost naked, with I flower. Empalement hairy .--

Doubtful whether a hybrid plant, or a new species. The leaves are fo much like those of L. autumnale, and the flatk and flowers fo exactly like those of Hieracium alpinum, that if the stalk and flower of the latter were added to the leaves of the former, you would have a fair specimen of the plant in question. Leaves, teeth, fome fhorter, others longifh, often bent forwards. Stalk with the minute rudiments of leaves, hairy, thickening towards the flower, fwelling at the end like the empalement, with brown hairs. Entirely different from L. aurcum, the empalement being very much tiled, which can hardly be faid of L. aureum or autumnale. LINN. -Empalement exceedingly hairy, HALL.-fwoln and concealed as it were by the hairs. MURR .- Feather fitting, downy. LIGHTF.

Hedypnois autumnale Taraxaci Hubs. which fee.

Sides of mountains in wet ground, but not common, in Wales. Ben-na-Caillich mountain in the Ifle of Skye. P. July.

HIERA'CIUM Pilofel'la. Leaves very entire, egg- Moufe-ear fhaped, cottony underneath. Suckers creeping. Stalk with I flower .--.

Curt. iv. 47.-Ludw. 144.-Walc.-Blackw. 365.-Fuchf. 605, cop. in Trag. 278, Lonic. i. 95. 3, and J. B. ii. 1039 .- Fark. 690. 2, cop. in H. ox. vii. 8. 3, and Pet. 11. 1.-Dod. 67, repr. in Lob. 254. 1; ic. i. 479. 1, Ger. em. 638. 2, and cop. in Park. 690. 1, H. cx. vii. 8. row 1. f. 1, and alfo in Ger. 513.2.

Bloss. red on the outfide, opening at 8 in the morning, and clofing about 2 in the afternoon. LINN .- Leaves concave, with fcattered long hairs arifing from glands, white underneath with a thick clofe cotton. Suckers covered with cotton, and befet with hairs, lying close to the ground, not throwing out flowering ftems in the autumn, as H. dubium and H. Auricula. Florets with a broad purple ftripe on the under fide. Mr. WOODWARD .- Empal. hairs terminated by black globular fubftances. WITH .- Elos. pale vellow within. Empalement thick fet with black hairs.

Creeping Moufe-ear.

Very dry meadows and pastures, and walls. P. May-Sept. This differs from the other lactefcent plants, being lefs bitter, and more aftringent .- It is efteemed hurtful to Sheep .- An infect of the Cochineal genus (Coccus polonicus) is often found at the roots. Act. Upfal 1752 .- Goats eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. Horfes and Cows refule it. * * Stalk 845

** Stalk naked, Supporting Several flowers.

creeping

846

HIERA'CIUM du'bium. Leaves entire, eggoblong. Suckers creeping. Stalk naked, with many flowers.—

Stem rough with hair. Leaves rough with hair, efpecially underneath. Larger than H. Auricula in all its parts. Occurs but rarely. poffibly a mongrel production, or a variety of fome species or other. LINN .- Has many things in common with the H. Pilofella, but larger, and the leaves hairy underneath, but not cottony. Stalk with 3 to 6 flowers, 6 to 9 inches high, fmooth. Hups .- Leaves inverfely-egg-oblong, tapering downwards, green on both fides. above fet more or lefs with long fcattered hairs. Sr.-Leaves oblong-egg-fhaped, longer and narrower than in H. Pilofella, very flightly concave, hairy on both fides, but more fparingly than in H. Pilofella, green above; greyifh, but not cottony underneath. Stalks upright, nearly fmooth below, with moftly 2 flowers, rarely 1. Pedicles equal, straddling, which, as also the empalements, cloathed with hairs terminated by black globules. Florets pale yellow on both fides. Seeds oval, fcored; feather fitting, as long as the empalement. Such were the appearances in June and July, but in autumn as follows: Suckers throwing out branches, and terminated by a flowering ftem. Branches not rooting, with alternate leafy branches. Stem drooping at the bafe, with 5 and 6 flowers. Fruit-flalks alternate. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, 1 at the bafe of each flower, and fimilar ones on the fruit-ftalks. Cultivated fome years in my garden. The roots received from the North of England for H. dubium. It approaches nearest to that fpecies, and is, I apprehend, that plant, tho' fomewhat varied. Mr. WOODWARD.

Moiftifh mountainous fituations. Fairfield mountain near Rydall, Weftmoreland. P. July. Aug.

Sheep eat it.

narrowleaved HIERA'CIUM Auri'cula. Leaves very entire, fpear-fhaped. Suckers creeping. Stalk naked, with many flowers.—

Ger. 514. 3, is the figure referred to by C. B. under the plant cited by Linnæus.—(Col. ecphr. i. 249. 2, is referred to by Haller and Hudson, but Linnæus does not cite that or any other figure. Add to this, that Columna's plant is described and figured with 3 leaves on the stem, has a branched panicle of stowers, and is in all respects more like H. cymosum.)

Leaves

Leaves pointed, rough with very fmall hairs. Stem and empalements befet with black briftles. Being planted in a garden it rofe the next year to 3 feet high, with flowers in a kind of rundle on long fruit-ftalks. LINN.—Root bitten off, with numerous fimple fibres. Suckers leafy. Stalk upright, fcarcely 6 inches high, fomewhat hairy, hairs fcattered. Leaves moftly very entire, pointed, naked. Flowers in a panicle, 3 to 6, yellow. Empal. leaves ftrapfhaped, hairy. HUDS.—Is hardly fufficiently diffinct from H. dubium. HALL.

On mountains. On Dalehead not far from Grafs-mere, Westmoreland. P. july.

Sheep eat it. Cows refufe it.

*** Stem leafy.

HIERA'CIUM muro'rum. Stem branched. Root- golden leaves egg-fhaped, toothed. One leaf on the ftem, fmaller. LINN.—Stem fometimes undivided. Stem-leaves fometimes feveral. ST.

a pilosissimum.

Ger. cm. 304, imitated in H. ox. vii. 5. 54, and Pet. 13. 2.—Trag. 276.—Munt. 233, leaves too taper pointed.

Root fimple. Stem tingle, a foot high, thread-like, not very ftrong, befet with hairs, with a fingle branch, fometimes none. Root-leaves on leaf-stalks, fomewhat toothed, befet with fcattered hairs; stem-leaves 1 or 2, on the lower part of the ftem, on leafstalks, pointed, toothed, reddifh underneath. Flowers few, opening about 6 in the morning, and clofing at 2 in the afternoon. LINN .- Root-leaves varying confiderably in fhape, mostly ovalfpear-fhaped, narrowing towards the leaf-ftalk, and with a few large teeth towards the bafe, very entire upwards, hairy on both fides, and efpecially the mid-rib and leaf-ftalk; fometimes fpotted with large reddifh fpots. Stem cylindrical, folid, firm, flightly fcored, reddifh towards the bafe, hairy, fometimes naked, or nearly fo, fometimes cloathed with leaves, fimilar to but fmaller than the root-leaves. Flowers in a branched panicle. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, I to each fruit-ftalk. Empal. fcales ftrap-fpear-fhaped, the lower fpreading. Blofs. yellow. Seeds nearly cylindrical, furrowed, fmooth, dark purple, as long as the feather; rays as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem cylindrical, about 15 inches high, fet with foft hairs, branching at the top into about 4 fruit-stalks. Stem-leaves 2 or 3. Fruit-stalks and empalements covered with black briftles, terminated by minute globules. Blofs. the outer florets with yellow hairs at the bottom of the borders. WITH.

French Lungwort. Golden Lungwort.

Woods, old walls, fhady banks, and balks of corn fields. P. July. β fylvaticum. LINN.—Root-leaves narrower, and more flightly toothed. Stem-leaves feveral. ST.

Pet. 13. 4.—Leb. obf. 317. 2, repr. in ic. i. 587. 1, Ger. em. 304. 2, and cop. in Park. 801. f. 2, and Pet. 13. 5.—J. B. ii. 1034. 3.

Old Roman Camp at Sidmonton near Newberry. On the fide of the Lake Lhyn-y-Cwin. RAY.

Hieracium murorum laciniatum minus pilofum. C. B. pin. 129.— Hieracium fylvaticum GOUAN. ill. 56, RETZ. obf. i. n. 90.— Hieracium murorum HUDS. β , E. (ST.)

 γ Leaves narrow. Rocks by the rivulet between Shap and Anna Well, Weftmoreland. RAV.

Hieracium murorum & Huds.

& Leaves roundifh-egg-fhaped. ST.

Barr. 342.

Reat thick, woody, running deep amongft the loofe ftones, terminating in long dark brown fibres of the thicknefs of packthread. Leaves oval, blunt, obfcurely toothed, with a few hairs on the upper, and many on the under furface, fpotted with numerous dark red large irregular fpots. Leaf-ftalks long, hairy. Stem 6 inches high, naked, with I flower on the fummit, and 2 imperfect ones fitting a finall way from it, hairy above, flightly fo below. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, 2 beneath the loweft of the flowers. Mr. WOODWARD.

Hieracium murorum γ HUDS.—Hieracium HALL. n. 46. e. (ST.) Gordale near Malham, Yorkfhire. Buckbarrow Well Longfle-

dale, Weftmoreland. RAV.—King's Park, Edinburgh. Mr. NEWTON in R. fyn.—[In the crevices of the columnar bafaltes on the fide of Arthur's Seat. ST.—On Conzick Scar near Kendal. Mr. WOODWARD.]

 β HALL. Leaves with longifh teeth, the lowermost of which are bent back. HALL. ST.

J. B. ii. 1034. 1, cop. in Pet. 13. 3, a fingle leaf cop. in H. ox. vii. 5. 54.—Blackw. 530.

Westmoreland. PET.

Pilofellæ majoris sive Pulmonariæ luteæ species magis laciniata. J. B. II. p. 1034. (Sr.)

6. With I flower on a ftem. LIGHTF.

Pet. 11. 4.

HIERA'CIUM

HIER A'CIUM paludo'fum. Stem panicled. Leaves mar/h embracing the ftem, toothed, fmooth. Empalements rough with hair.—

Ger. 236, cop. in Ger. em. 300, and *γ*. B. ii. 1033. 1.—*γ*. B. ii. 1026. 3, cop. in H. ox. vii. 5. 47.—(Gmel. ii. 9, is H. lyratum.—ib. 25, a wrong reference.—Pet. 13. 9, is H. fabaudum β Hud/on.)

Empalement with black expanding hairs. Flowers open at 6 in the morning, and clofe at 5 in the afternoon. Poffibly only a var. of H. murorum, though it has acquired, from its place of growth, fo very different an appearance. LINN.—Stem I to 2 feet high, hollow, in which it differs from H. murorum, furrowed, fmooth, generally bright purple at the bafe. Leaves fmooth, alternate, the lower on leaf-ftalks, oval-fpear-fhaped; the upper fpear-fhaped, deeply toothed towards the bafe, entire at the fummit; the uppermoft very entire. Leaf-ftalks and mid-ribs of the leaves fometimes purple, efpecially underneath. Fruit-ftalks fmooth. Flowers folitary, fmaller than in H. murorum. Empal. fcales ftrap-fpear-fhaped, with numerous black hairs on the back. Mr. WOODWARD.

Moift meadows and woods, and fides of rivulets in the mountainous parts of Craven, Yorkfhire, and fides of rivers, both in the Lowlands and Highlands. [Hardrow Force in Wenfley-dale, Yorkfhire. Mr. Wood.—On the weft fide of the river juft below the bridge at Kirby Lonfdale, Weftmoreland. Dr. J. E. SMITH. Near Rydal, Weftmoreland. Meff. CROWE and WOODWARD.— At the Hermitage near Taymouth. Sr.] B. July.

HIERA'CIUM fabau'dum. Stem upright, with fhrubby many flowers. Leaves egg-fpear-fhaped, toothed, half embracing the ftem.—

Fl. dan. 872, only 1 upper flem-leaf; the best general representation of the panicle, but the scurfy empalements, and the 3 terminating fruit-stalks would induce one to believe it to be the H. umbellatum, were it not for the reduced figure, which is clearly H. fabaudum. —Pet. 13. 7.—Gmel. ii. 14. 2, with very entire leaves.—J. B. ii. 1030. 3.—H. ox. vii. 5. 59.

Receptacle in this and H. umbellatum naked, but rougher than in the other fpecies. LINN.—Stem fometimes branched from half or 2-3rds of the way up; the uppermost branches often fpringing from one point in manner of a rundle, those below alternate. Leaves heart-spear-species and, when the stem is hairy, befet with long hairs along the edges and underneath. Fruit-stalks with I, and fometimes 2 and 3 flowers. GMEL. ST.—Fruit-stalks cottony. Empalement stightly hairy, or funooth. HALL. ST.—Stem most hairy towards

towards the bafe, fmooth towards the top. Leaves, the teeth few, pointed, pointing forwards. Empal. fcales downy on the back, or fmooth. POLLICH. ST .- More diftinguishable from H. umbellatum by the eye than by the fpecific differences. In branches where the top of the ftem has been bitten off the leaves often affume the figure of those of H. umbellatum; add to this, that the fruit-stalks are often congregated in manner of a rundle, as in Gmel. ii. 14. 1, and Fl. dan. 872. See alfo variety 4. ST .- Stem cylindrical, thickly fet with long white hairs. Leaves nearly fmooth above, but very hairy underneath; teeth blunt and yellowifh at the end. Empal. fome of the hairs long, and tapering to a point; others fhort, and ending in a globule. Florets a little hairy on the outfide about the top of the tube. Summits dirty green. Receptacle thinly fet with fine, white, taper, chaffy briftles. WITH.-Flowers opening at 7 in the morning, and clofing between 1 and 2. Bloss. yellow.

Woods and hedges.

P. July. Aug.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it. β HUDS.—Leaves covered with a fhort and just perceptible down. RAY.

Gmel. ii. 14. 1.-Pet. 13. 9.

Moift fhady woods. Hubs.—Near Hulfwater, Westmoreland Rav.

Hieracium fruticofum latifolium glabrum. PARK. 801, R. fyn. 168 —Hieracium frut. latif. folüs dentatis glabrum. C. B. pin. 129.—H. frut. latif. glabrum. C. B. pr. 67.—H. maj. latif. pannonicum 2 Clufit J. B. II. 1027. (Sr.)

Pluk. 37. 3, cop. in Pet. 11. 6.

This feems to be only a fpecimen in which there was but ε flower on a ftem. Such I have met with. Sr.

On a dry bank at the edge of a wood in a lane leading from Hornhill to Rickmanfworth, Hertfordshire. RAV.

4. Leaves broad spear-shaped, on very short leaf-stalks. Sr.

Pet. 13. 8.

[Perry Wood, near Worcefter. ST.]

bufhy

HIERA'CIUM umbella'tum. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, fomewhat toothed, fcattered. Flowers in a fort of rundle.—

Pet. 13. 10.—Cluſ. ii. 140, repr. in Dod. 638. 2, Lob. obf. 120.
3, ic. i. 240. 1, Ger. em. 298. 5, and cop. in Park. 801. 4.—J.
B. ii. 1030. 1.—Fl. dan. 680, reduced figure and fingle leaf good, but the panicle is a better reprefentation of H. fabaudum, as the panicle in figure 872, intended for H. fabaudum is of this.—Ger.

Ger. 234. 6.—Habit of the above figures good, but in none are the rundle-like cluster of fruit-stalks expressed. For this see Pet. 12. 11. Leaves spear-strap-shaped, obscurely toothed. Flowers, all placed at the end of the ftem. Empalement fcurfy. LINN .- Subject to much variety in its leaves, and the mode in which it produces its flowers, which laft are generally difpofed in manner of a rundle, but often the ftem becomes branched half way up, producing fcattered flowers all the way. GMEL .- Stem firm, 3 feet high and upwards. Leaves fmooth, toothed, fometimes very entire. HALL. ST .-Leaves fometimes egg-fpear-shaped. Empal. points of the scales open. LEERS. ST .- Stem 3 feet high and upwards. Leaves fitting, 4 inches long, 6 or 7 lines wide. Fruit-stalks in bundles at the end of the ftem and branches, fome again dividing into 2 or 3 pedicles. Empal. fcales fmooth, the outer expanding, with the points bent back. POLLICH .- Stem 2 to 4 feet high, fimple, cylindrical, fcored, hollow, nearly fmooth. Leaves numerous, without order, decreafing in fize upwards, fitting, ftrap-fpearshaped, with a few pointed teeth towards the base, edges and ribs flightly hairy. Flowers large, yellow. Fruit-stalks branched, cottony. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, Empal. fcales ftrap-fpear-fhaped, the outer fomewhat cottony, the inner fmooth. Seeds cylindrical, fmooth, furrowed; feather as long as the empal. Mr. Woopw. Sr .- Stem upright, flightly zigzag, ftiff, folid, downy, roughifh to the touch, frequently hairy, often tinged with purplish red. Leaves with 2 or 3 finall teeth on each margin, fmoothifh above, the edges befet with fhort hairs, underneath hairy; the lowermost fpear-fhaped, expanding; the upper nearly upright. Fruit-stalks. the 4 uppermoft aggregated, frequently fome of them divided, befet with 1 or 2 fcales; those below alternate. Floral-leaves, 1 at the base of each of the lower fruit-stalks. Empal. at the base flightly cottony; the points of the lower fcales flightly expanding. Sr.

Hedges and dry fhady places. [Ditchingham, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.—Ditch banks near Birmingham. ST.]

Horfes eat it.

β Huds.-Leaves fmooth. Dill. in R. fyn.

Pet. 13. 11.

Woods about Hampstead.

0. -

July-Aug.

Pulmonaria angustifolia glabra. R. fyn. 168. (ST.)

Y HUDS. and REICH.-Leaves fmooth, very entire, dark green, DILL. in R. fyn.-truly ftrap-fhaped. ST.

Pet. 13. 12.

About London, but not common. [Near Bungay, Suffolk, common. Mr. WOODWARD.] July. Aug.

Pulmonaria graminea. DILL. in R. fyn. 168. (Sr.)

993. CRE'PIS.

993. CRE'PIS. Hawks-beard.* (Pet.)

EMPAL. common, double.

Outer Cup very fhort; open; deciduous.

Inner Cup egg-fhaped; fimple; furrowed; permanent. Scales ftrap-fhaped; approaching.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets many; equal; with chives and pointals.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud nearly egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; reflected.

S. VESS. none. Cup roundifh.

SEEDS folitary; oblong. Feather fometimes standing on a pillar; hairy.

RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empal. with a leffer one at the bafe, of deciduous scales. Feather hairy ; t on a pillar.

OBS. Feather fitting in fome fpecies. REICH. as in C. tectorum and biennis. ST.

finking

CRE'PIS fæ'lida. Leaves between notched and winged, rough with hair. Leaf-ftalks toothed.—

Dod. 641. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 113. 1; ic. i. 226. 1, Ger. em. 279, but the centre of the bloffom reprefented as in a radiated fower.—H. ox. vii. 4. 4.—Pet. 12. 8.—Magn. bot. 129.— (Col. ecphr. i. 242, cop. in Park. 794. 3, is thought by Ray and Morifon to be diftinct from our plant.—C. B. pr. 68. 2, of which I have gathered specimens in Champagne, appears to me to be var. β of Gouan, the Hieracium of Gmel. ii. 8. 1, and to be a diftinct species.)

Unopened flowers nodding. Leaves fmelling like bitter almonds, LINN.—rather like opium. RELHAN.—Empalement whitifh. Feather longer than the empalement, on a pillar. Receptacle fomewhat hairy. LEERS.—Feather on a long pillar. Mr. WOODWARD.

 \ddagger As in gen. and $\int y f$. pl. not downy as in fyft. veg. which, as Leers observes, must be an error of the prefs. ST.

Dry

^{*} Succory is more applicable to Chondrilla. ST.

Dry meadows and paftures. About Cambridge. Banftead Downs, by the fide of the road to Darking, Surry. Northfleet chalk-pits, Kent. Near Greenhithe. [Near Swaffham. Mr. PITCHFORD.] B. June. July.

Pet. 12. 9.

Paftures about Charlton and Greenwich. DILL. in R. fyn. Hieracium Cichorei folio minus. R. fyn. 165. (ST.)

CRE'PIS Tarax'acum. Stalk with 1 flower. ST.* Leontodon Taraxacum, which fee.

OBS. Scopoli has objected to Linnæus's genus of LEONTODON. as comprehending plants with the feather of the feed both fitting and on a pillar, and the rays both downy and hairy. He has eftablifhed the L. Taraxacum, and a variety of it, into a new genus, which he has filed HEDYPNOIS, retaining the other species under the name of LEONTODON. Wiggers has followed his example, but, inftead of HEDYPNOIS, retains, with Haller, the TARAX-ACUM, as a generic name. Mr. Hudfon, on the other hand, retains the L. Taraxacum, as conftituting the genus LEONTODON, and adopting Scopoli's name of HEDYPNOIS, comprehends under it the L. hispidum, hirtum, autumnale, Crepis tectorum, and biennis, and Picris hieracioides. But this is a more heterogenous affemblage than the LEONTODON of Linnæus, confifting of plants with hair? and downy feathers, and empalements both double and fingle. All this confusion may be avoided, by referring the L. Taraxacum to the CREPIS, with which it has a natural affinity, in habit as well as ftructure. It agrees in the double empalement, and the hairy feather, the effential characteristics of that genus; and with the majority of the fpecies in having a feather on a pillar; and in its foliage it is much more clofely allied to the Crepis tectorum, than to any of the Leontodons. I am inclined to believe that Linnæus would have arranged this plant, and the Crepis tectorum, under the fame genus, had he not been led into a different train by Tournefort, whofe genus of DENS LEONIS, very properly divided into 2 by the accurate Vaillant, he reftored under the coined name of LEONTODON. ST.

CRE'PIS testo'rum. Leaves fpear-fhaped-notched, fmooth fitting, fmooth; the lower ones toothed.—

Scapo unifloro. Sr.

Vol. II.

2.

Walc.

Walc. -- Fl. dan. 501.* -- Fet. 12. 6. -- Gmel. ii. 6. -- Lob. ic. i. 239, repr. in Ger. em. 297. 4, and cop. in Park. 794. 2, and H. ox.vii. 7. 29. -- J. B. ii. 1024. 1, but the flem hairy. -- Dod. 636. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 115. 1; ic. i. 229. 2, Ger. em. 284. 2, and cop. in Purk. 777. 2, and J. B. ii. 1024. 2. -- Ger. 228. 2. -- (Gmel. ii. 11. 12, do not refemble any varieties which I have feen.)

Plant of an afh-coloured green. Stem angular-furrowed. Branches as long as the ftem. Root-leaves those of Leontodon Taraxacum: flem-leaves those of L. autumnale, but with the teeth at the base upright and longer; branch-leaves entire, ftrap-fhaped, fomewhat arrow-fhaped and rolled back at the edge. Flowers of the appearance of those of Laplana communis, never nodding. Empalement furrowed, fprinkled longitudinally with clammy hairs. Shafts as foon as they have paffed through the tips brown, a fingular circumftance. The plant, in most other respects, liable to great variations, in point both of ftructure and :ppearance, when growing in a rich foil appearing as figured by Tab. [the fame with Ger. 228, 2:1 when in a poor foil it is flender, about a foot high, with ftrap shaped leaves somewhat toothed, refembling those of Plantago Coronctus, [as in Gmel. ii. 6; ST.]-or a hand's breadth high, with leaves jagged like those of Leontodon Taraxacum. LINN .- Feather fitting. LEERS. HUDS. WITH .- Floral-leaves fmall, awl-fhaped. at fmall diftances beneath the flowers. Feather as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD .- Root very long and taper. Stems scored, purplish, often twisted, finooth. Leaves strap-shaped; Acm-leaves with winged clefts embracing the ftem. Empalement with black or brownifh white hairs, terminating in fmall transparent. globules; outer, leaves 5 to 10, not deciduous: inner keeled towards the bottom. Florets yellow on both fides, a little hairy at the top of the tubular part. Feather rather longer than the feeds, and longer than the tube of the bloffom. WITH .- Blofs. yellow, expanding at 4 in the morning, and clofing about noon.

Smooth Succory Hawk-weed. - (Yellow Devil's-bit is Leontodon autumnele. Sr.)

Meadows, paftures, walls, roofs, road fides. A. June-Sept. Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine cat it. Horfes are not fond of it.

B Huns. Leaves tapering to a fine point.

Fet. 12. 7. Paflures about London.

July. Aug.

* The arrow-fhaped fiem-leaves not expressed. Mr. WOODWARD.

Fieracium

Hieracium aphacoides acutum. R. fyn. 166. (ST.)

y Hups. Leaves entire, toothed.

Pet. 12. 5, - 13 and 4 are varieties of Leontodon autumnale.) Paftures about London.

Hieracium lactucæ felio. R. fyn. 164. (Sr.)

4. Stems trailing, apparently from the ftem having been bitten off in the fpring. WITH.

5. Upper-leaves very entire. WITH.

CRE'PIS bien'nis. Leaves notched, with winged rough clefts, rough, toothed above the bafe. Empalements covered with fharp points, LINN.—fometimes fmooth. Sr.

J. B. ii. 1025. 3.—C. B. pr. 64, cop. in Park. 793, and H. ox. vii. 4. 46.—Pet. 12. 10.

Stem angular, rough, 4 to 6 feet high, brittle. Leaves, all between lyre-fhaped and winged, briftly underneath. Empalement furrowed, befet lengthways with foft prickles. Flowers clofing between 3 and 4 in the afternoon. LINN.-Empalement rough with hairs laid to, HALL .- all the fcales of the inner rough with black prominent hairs fet along the back; POLLICH-fcales of the outer fmooth; of the inner with ftiff black briftles; LEERS-and yet in fpecimens from fix different places all the fcales were flightly cottony with only here and there a fcattered, fhort, briftly hair. Sr. -Feather fitting. LEERS. Mr. WOODW. ST.-Leaves at the bafe of the lowermost flowering branches fimilar to the leaves below, those at the bafe of the upper flowering branches ftrap-fpear-fhaped. Flowering branches fpreading, with feveral flowers. Howers on feparate fruit-stalks. Floral-leaves spear-shaped. Empal. inner, scales fpear-fhaped. Blos. yellow. Seeds furrowed; feather hairy, extending a little beyond the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Rough Succory Hawk-weed.

Meadows and paftures in a calcareous foil. Road from Sittingburn to Rochefter, and about Northfleet and other places in Kent. B. July. Aug.*

995. HYOS'ERIS.

* This and the preceding fpecies, together with Leontodon bifpidum, birtum, and autumnale, have been combined together by Mr. Hudfon under the name of HEDTENDIS, but, as I conceive, upon an erroneous principle. The only point in which thefe plants agree with each other, and chiefly differ from the plants with which they had before been affociated, is the feather of the feed not being placed on a pillar. But the pillar is not a part diftinct from the feed, and is only a longer or fhorter extension of its outer coats. Hence we are not to wonder that plants of the fame natural genus fhould vary in fuch a circumftance,

3 K 2

995. HYOS'ERIS. Swines-eye.

FMPAL. common, of 10 leaves. Scales fpear-fhaped; upright; equal; fet with very fhort fcales at the bafe. Proper Cup fuperior; with 5 divisions; very fhort; fharp; permanent. It often fupplies the place of the feather.

BLOSS. compound, fomewhat tiled; uniform. Flerets with chives and pointals, difpofed in 1 or 2 rows.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very flort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud rather oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; reflected.

S. VESS. none. Commom empalement ftraight.

SEEDS folitary; nearly oblong; compreffed; as long as the cup; crowned with a hair-like *Feather*, or with the *Proper Cup*.

RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement nearly equal. Feather hairy, and with a fmall cup.

HYOS'ERIS

and in the Hypochavis glabra the feeds of the centre are on pillars, while those of the circumference are without pillars. The downy or hairy feather, is a difference of ftructure, and forms a mark of effential diffinction. Sr.

HEDYP'NOIS. (Huds.)

EN2AL. common, double; oblong. Scales, the outer firap-fhaped; nearly equal; locfe; fhort; the inner firap-fhaped; equal; loofe; approaching.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Floret, with chives and pointals; numerous; equal.

Individuals of 1 petal; narrow; firap-fhaped; lopped; with 5 teeth. CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips cylindrical; tubular.

POINT. Seed-bad oval. Shafe hair-like; as long as the chives. Summits 2; bent back.

S. VESS. none. Empalement approaching; upright.

SEEDS folitary; oblong; furrowed; with a net-work, Feather mofily downy: fitting.

RECEPT. naked; dotted. Hubs.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement with an outer cup. Feather mofily decomy; fitting. Sr.

Oss. In the H. biennis, as well as H. control of Mr. Hudion, the feather is not downy. HEDYP'NOIS

HYOS'ERIS min'ima. Stem divided, naked. Fruit- *fmall* ftalks thickening upwards.-

Fl. dan. 201.—Cluf. ii. 142. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 288. 8, and cop. in Park. 791. 9, and Pet. 15. 9.—Gies. 33.—Ger. 227. 8, cop. in H. ox. vii. 1. 8.

Root fmall, woody, with a few ftiff fibres. Leaves fpreading in a circle, bluntly oval, tapering into a leaf-ftalk, toothed on the fides, entire at the bafe and end, viewed with a glafs flightly hairy, particularly at the edges. Stalk 6 to 9 inches high, cylindrical, fmooth, reddifh and ftiff at the bottom, green and hollow upwards, fometimes fimple, oftener with I, and fometimes 2 branches. Branches reddifh, and wire-like at the bafe, hollow and thickening upwards, fometimes again branched. Flowers nodding before they open, afterwards upright. Empal. outer fcaies fmall, dry, and fhrivelling; the inner very pointed. Blofs. yellow. Seeds oval, fcored, crowned with the proper empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.

Small Swines Succery.

HEDYP'NOIS bij¹ridum. Stalk naked, with 1 flower. Leaves fpear- rougb fhaped, toothed, rongh with hair. Hups.

Leontodon bifpidum, which fee. β birtum. Huds. Leontodon bifpidum hirtum β which fee.

HEDYP'NOIS autumna'le. Stem naked, branched. Leaves fpear-fhaped, autumnal toothed, naked. Hups,

B y & Hups. Leontodon autumnale B y & which fee.

E Hups. Hieracium Taraxaci, which fee.

OBS. This plant varies with *leaves* toothed, indented-toothed, and winged clefts, and with the teeth very entire; the *empalement* funoth and hairy; the *flem* fimple and branched, naked and fealy. HUDS.

HEDYP'NOIS testo'rum. Stem leafy, branched. Leaves notched, naked; yellow root-leaves fpear-fhaped; fiem-leaves arrow-fhaped, pointed, fitting. Hubs. Crepis testorum, which fee.

HEDYP'NOIS bieracioi'des. Stem leafy, with flowers in broad-topped Succory fpikes. Leaves fitting, oblong, entire, rough with hairs. Hubs. Pieris bieracioides, which fee.

H E D Y P'N O I S bien'nis. Stem leafy, with flowers in broad-topped fpikes. tall Leaves notched, rough with hair, toothed above the bafe. Empalements rough with fharp points. Hups.

Crepis biennis, which fee.

3K3

Meadows

Meadows and corn fields in gravelly foil. About Hampton Court. Common Cornfield, Walthamftow, Effex. Teddington Field, near Hampton. Penfham Field, near Perfhore, Worcefterfhire, in the moft barren and gravelly places. NASH.-[Corn fields near Norwich. Meffrs. PITCHFORD and WOODWARD.] A. May. June.

997. HYPOCHÆ'RIS. Cats-ear.

EMPAL. common, oblong; tiled; diftended at the bafe. Scales fpear-fhaped; fharp.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals; numerous; the inner ones gradually fhorter.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; ftrap-fhaped; lopped; with 5 teeth.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; reflected.
- S. VESS. none; the Cup becoming globular, but tapering, clofes on the feeds.

SEEDS folitary, oblong. Feather ftanding on a pillar, downy. RECEPT. chaffy. Chaff fpear-fhaped; narrow; as long as the feeds.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle chaffy. Empalement fomewhat tiled. Feather downy.

fpotted HYPOCHÆ'RIS macula'ta. Stem almoft bare, with a folitary branch. Leaves egg-oblong, entire, toothed.

Fl. dan. 149.—Hall. enum. 24. 1. at p. 740, repr. in hift. 1. 1. at p. 24.—Cluf. ii. 139. 2, repr. in Ger. 301. 1, and cop. in Park. 799. 13, J. B. ii. 1027. 1, H. ox. vii. 5. 53, and Pet. 13. 1.—Ger. 237. 1.—Hall. 1. 1. at p. 24.

Sceds wrinkled. LINN.—Stem and leaves with red fpots. Stem fimple, with I flower. *Plewer* large. RELHAN.—Leaves fpreading on the ground in a circle, oval, toothed at the bafe, very entire towards the end, fringed, with reddifh angular fpots, and fcattered hairs. Stem naked, with I or 2 firap-fhaped fcales. Empal. outer fcales blackifh, fringed; the inner fmooth, yellowifh, half as long as the florets, hairy, composed of large fcales. Mr. WCODWARD.—Bleffoms yellow, they open at fix in the morning, and clofe at 4 in the afternoon.

Cats-ears,

Cais-ears, Yorkshire. Mr. Wood.

Mountainous meadows and pastures. Gogmagog Hills, between Triplow Heath and Foulmire, Newmarket Heath, banks of the Devil's ditch near Reche, and Bartlow, Cambridgefhire. Bernak Heath, Northamptonshire. [About Gordale and Mathum Cove, Yorkshire. Mr. Woon.] P. July.

The leaves are boiled and eaten like Cabbage.

Horfes are fond of this plant when green, but they do not like it when dry. Cows, Goats, and Swine eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. LINN.—The country people believe it a cure for tetters, and other cutaneous eruptions, poffibly through a vulgar prejudice, founded on its fpotted leaves. Mr. Wood.

HYPOCHÆ'RIS glabra. Smooth. Empalements fmooth oblong, tiled. Stem branched, naked. Leaves toothedindented, LINN. — with a few hairs along the edge. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. WITH.

Curt. iii. 25.—Fl. dan. 424.—Pet. 12. 4.—H. ox. vii. 4. 35.—Pet. 11. 12.—Col. ecph. ii. 27. 2.

Differs from H. radicata in having minute bloffoms, and the fcales of the empalement being fmooth, and the keel not fringed. Whole plant fmooth. Stems nearly upright, with 1 or 2 branches, flender, hollow above, folid below. Leaves spear-shaped, indented-toothed. Fruit-flalks thickening upwards. Empalement that of Leontodon autumnale. Bloss. vellow, close. Seeds of the circumference with the feather fitting; those of the centre, feather on a pillar. Habit and appearance that of Leontodon autumnale. LINN.-Stem fometimes fimple, in the autumn much branched and reclining. Leaves in a circle round the root, fhining; teeth triangular. Flower-leaves fmall, fimilar to the root-leaves, I at the bafe of each branch, with a few spear-shaped scales. Empalement before flowering oblong, afterwards conical, perfectly fmooth. Mr. WOODWARD .- Feather of the central feeds on a pillar from about 1-4th of the length of the feed to as long as the feed; rays woolly towards the bafe. ST. -Leaves, hairs at the edge white. Empalement long, conical; fcales fmooth, fpear-fhaped, not pointed, purplish at the ends. WITH.-Blos. yellow, opening at 9, and closing about 12 or 1.

Sandy and gravelly foils. Near Middleton, Warwickfhire. Norwich, and about Comb and Kingfton, Surry. Penfham Field, near Perfhore, Worcefterfhire. NASH.—[On the common clofe to the inn at Banktop, near Barnefley, Yorkfhire. Mr. WOOD.— Sandy parts of Norfolk and Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.—Wafhwood Heath, Warwickfhire. WITH. ST.] A. June—Aug.

HYPO-

long-rooted

HYPOCHÆ'RIS radica'ta. Leaves notched, blunt, rough. Stem branched, naked, fmooth. Fruit-ftalks fcaly.—

Curt. iii. 26.—Fl. dan. 150.—Dod. 639. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 120. 2, ic. i. 238. 1, Ger. em. 298. 6, and cop. in Park. 790, and H. ox. vii. 4. 27.—Ger. 227. 7, cop. in Park. 791. 8.—Pet. 11. 11.—J. B. ii. 1032. 1.

Fruit-ftalks thickening upwards. Empal. keel of the fcales fringed Blofs. large, clofing at 3 in the afternoon. LINN.—Root-leaves fpread on the ground, oblong-wedge-fhaped, waved or toothed, hairy. Stem fmooth, naked. Branches 1 or more, thickeft under the flower, each with 1 flower. Flower-fcales fpear-fhaped, fcattered on the ftem and branches. Empal. the inner, and the fmall fcales at the bafe, fmooth. Mr. Woodw.—Scales fpear-fhaped, 1 at the bafe of each branch, with a few white briftly teeth at the bafe on each fide. Empalement not diftended at the bafe; fcales ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fet along the upper part of the keel with a row of fhort, taper, dark, purple briftles. Blofs. florets a little hairy at the bottom of the border. Seeds fcored, rough; pillar longer than the feed; feather rather longer than the pillar. Chaff ftrapfhaped, tapering and yellow towards the top. WITH.—Bloffoms yellow within, reddifh green without.

Long-rooted Hawk-weed. Meadows and paftures.

P. May-Sept.

2. Smaller. Stem 5 or 6 inches high, fimple, or with 1 flower, nearly fitting, on the fide. Scales of the empalement hairy on the back. Mr. WOODWARD.

998. LAP'SANA.

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998. LAP'SANA. Nipplewort.

EMPAL. common, double; egg-fhaped; angular. Scales of the tube 8; equal; ftrap-fhaped; with a hollow channel; keeled; fharp. Scales of the base 6; tiled; fmall; every other fmaller.

BLOSS. compound, tiled; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals, about 16; equal.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; with 5 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud rather oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit cloven; reflected.

S. VESS. none. The *fcales* of the tube of the cup clofe upon the feeds.

SEEDS folitary; oblong; cylindrical; with 3 edges. Feathers various; fometimes wanting.

RECEPT. naked; flat.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Empalement double; each of the inner fcales channelled.

LAP'SANA commu'nis Empalement of the fruit common angular. - Fruit-stalks flender, very much branched.--

Curt. i. 10.—Fl. dan. 500.—Lob. obf. 104. 1, repr. in ic. i. 207.

1, Ger. em. 255, and cop. in Park. 810. 1, and J. B. ii. 1028. — Dod. 675. 2, abridged in H. ox. vii. 1. 9, and Pet. 14. 12. — Ger. 231. 8.

Seeds all naked, none involved in the fcales of the empalement. LINN.—Stem 2 to 4 feet high, ftiff, hollow, cylindrical, fcored, hairy. Leaves alternate; the lower egg-fpear-fhaped, on leafftalks; the upper fpear-fhaped, higher up ftrap-fhaped, the uppermost awl-fhaped. Leaf-ftalks bordered, the border with winged clefts, and I or 2 pair of wings, flightly hairy. Flowering branches long, naked, or with I or 2 awl-fhaped fcales, much branched at the top, each branch with I flower. Empal. fcales ftiff, fmooth, the inner fpear-fhaped. Blofs. yellow. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem nearly cylindrical, fcored, hairy; the hairs terminated by minute globules. Branches fmooth. Leaves toothed, rough with hair, the lower egg-fhaped, on long leaf-ftalks, the upper fpear-fhaped, fitting. Leaf-ftalks flat, with 2 or 3 pair of fmall unequal wings. Empalement rather cylindrical; the outer, fcales fpear-fhaped, clofely embracing

embracing the bale of the inner cup. Elafs. yellow; florets 15 to 18. Shaft purplifh. Summit dark purplifh green. WITH. Nipplewort. Dock Creffes.

Hedges, fhady places, and on rubbifh. A. June, July. At Conftantinople they cat it raw just before it comes into flower.

1000. CICHO'RIUM. Endive.

EMPAL. common, double; cylindrical. Scales 8; narrow; fpear-fhaped; equal; forming a cylinder; 5 of them fhorter than, and lying upon the others.

BLOSS. compound, flat; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals, about 20; placed in a circle.

Individuals; petal 1; narrow; lopped; deeply divided into 5 teeth.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder; with 5 edges.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; rolled back.
- S. VESS. none; but the cylindrical Cup clofing at the point.
- SEEDS folitary; compressed; with sharp angles. Crown of the feed an imperfect margin, with about 5 teeth. RECEPT. chaffy.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle fomewhat chaffy. Empalement double. Feather of mofily 5 teeth; imperfectly hairy.

wild CICHO'RIUM In'tybus. Flowers in pairs, fitting. Leaves notched.—

> Curt. iv. 41.—Blackw. 177.—Walc.—Dod. 635, repr. in Lob. obf. 114. 1, ic. i. 228. 2, Ger. em. 284. 1, and cop. in Park. 776. 2, and H. ox. vii. 1. row 2. 2.—Fachf. 679, cop. in J. B. ii. 1008, Trag. 272, and imitated in Lonic. i. 94. 1.—Ger. 235. 10.—Matth. 503.

Flowers open at 8, and clofe at 4. LINN.—Blofs. fometimes white. RELHAN.—Leaves, the teeth and ends terminated by a fharp ftiff awn. Empal. inner, fcales fringed. Mr. WOODWARD. —Stem angular. Stem-leaves fpear-fhaped, embracing the ftem, toothed towards the bafe, fringed with briftly hairs terminating in globules. Flowers in the bofom of the upper-leaves. Empal. outer, fcales 6, bent back, about half as long as those of the inner, fet on the outfide and edges with whitift hairs terminated by fmall globules; inner, fcales skinny, fet along the back with similar kairs.

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hairs, woolly at the ends. Blos. of a fine blue; individuals with 5 or 6 femi-transparent lines, a little woolly on the outfide, especially about the top of the tube. Tips in a cylinder, ftriped blue and white. Seed-bud edged with little teeth. Summits blue. Seeds oblong, with 4 corners, crowned with a fmall greenifh cup edged with numerous white fkinny teeth. Chaff fhort, fpear-fhaped. WITH .- Flowers lateral.

Wild Succery, or Cichory .- Borders of corn fields. B. July. Aug. The leaves, when blanched, are eaten early in the fpring in fallads. They lofe their bitterness by cultivation .- The roots, gathered before the ftem fhoots up, are eatable, and, when dried, will make bread.

Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. Cows and Horfes refufe it.

1002. ARC'TIUM. Burr.* (Park.)

- EMPAL. common, globular; tiled. Scales fpear-fhaped; ending in awl-shaped prickles; long and hooked at the points.
- BLOSS. compound, tubular; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals equal.

Individuals; petal 1; tubular. Tube flender; very long. Border egg-fhaped; with 5 clefts. Segments ftrap-fhaped; equal.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder ; as long as the bloffom; with 5 teeth.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; with foft hairs at the end. Shaft thread-shaped; longer than the chives. Summit cloven; reflected.
- S. VESS. none. Cup clofing.
- SEEDS folitary; like an inverted pyramid; the 2 oppofite angles imperfect; hunched on the outer fide. Feather fimple; fhorter than the feed.

RECEPT. chaffy; flat. Chaff like briftles. Ess. CHAR. Empalement globular; scales hooked at the points; hooks bent inwards.

ARC'TIUM lap'pa. Leaves heart-fhaped, on leaf- common stalks, without thorns .--

* Burdock would feem to be a species of Dock or Rumex. Sr.

Luda.

Ludw. 106.—Curt. iv. 40.—Matth. 1154.—Lob. obf. 318. 2, repr. in ic. i. 588. 1, cop. in Ger. 664. 1, and ill cop. in Park. 1223. 1.—Dod. 38, repr. in Lob. obf. 318. 1, ic. i. 587. 2, Ger. em. 809. 1.—Pet. 23. 1, in fruit.—Fuchf. 72, cop. in J. B. iii. 570, and imitated in Trag. 837.—Blackw. 117. 1.—H. ox. vii. 32. 1.—Lonic. i. 64. 2.

Heads with a very flight woollinefs, not fo broad as thofe of (β HUDS.) nor fo round as the varieties with woolly heads. The moft common of all. RAY.—Leaves, the lower on long leaf-ftalks, waved at the edges; the upper egg-fpear-fhaped. Mr. WOODW. —Stems reddifh. Stems and Leaves with fhort white foft briftles. Fruit-ftalks from the bofom of the leaves. Empal. fcales green and flefhy at the bafe, purple towards the top, keeled, ending in long fliff awns, yellow at the hooked ends. Blofs. tube white; border red. Tips bluifh purple. Shaft white. Summits expanding, white. Seeds oblong, angular, fomewhat flatted. WITH.

Burdock. Burr. Clott-bur. Hurr-burr.

Road fides, rubbifh, and ditch banks. B. July. Aug.

Before the flowers appear, the ftems, ftripped of their rind, are boiled and eat like afparagus. When raw they are good with oil and vinegar.—A decoction of the roots is efteemed by fome very fenfible phyficians, as equal, if not fuperior to that of farfaparilla.—Boys catch bats, by throwing the prickly heads up into the air.—Cows and Goats eat it. Sheep and Horfes refufe it. Swine are not fond of it.

The *Phalæna Humuli* feeds upon the roots, and the Mottled Orange Moth upon the ftems. LINN.—A Horfe eat the leaves, and has been observed to eat the heads. Sr.

 β Heads roundifh, rather larger, brownifh purple, covered with a whitifh cotton. Blofs. purple. Stem dark red. RAY.

Mill. ic. 159.—Blackw. 117. 2.—Fl. dan. 642.—Pet. 23. 5.— Matth. 1155.—H. ox. vii. 32. 2.

Road fides, and rubbifh.

Lappa major montana, capitulis tomentofis five Arctium Diofcoridis. R. fyn. 197.—Bardana major lanuginofis capitulis. PARK. 1222.—Bardana major altera. GER. em. 810. (ST.)

 β HUDS. Heads quite fmooth, very large, an inch in diameter, green. Blofs. purplifh.

New Crofs, Kent. RAY.

HUDS. Heads fmall, fmooth, of the fize of a hazel nut, broadifh at the bafe, brown. Blofs. purple. RAY.

Pet. 23. 3.

^E HUDS. Heads of the fize and colour of those of ϑ , rounder, brown or purplish, and with a confiderable quantity of cotton. RAY. Pet.

Pet. 23. 4.-J. B. iii. 571. 1.

Near Halifax, Yorkshire, RAY.

Lappa major montana, capitulis minoribus rotundioribus et magis tomentofis. R. fyn. 197.—Perfonata altera cum capitulis villofis. J. B. hift. III. 571. (Sr.)

 ζ HUDS.—Heads fomewhat fmaller, and with the cotton in lefs quantity but finer than of ϵ , whitifh green. RAY.

Pet. 23. 6.

Lappa major ex omni parte minor, capitulis parvis eleganter reticulatis. R. fyn. 197. (ST.)

7. With leafy heads. PLUK.

Pet. 23. 2.

About London. Aug. PET.—A variety of a. DILL. Lappa oulgaris major capitulis foliofis. R. fyn. 197. (ST.)

1003. SERRA'TULA. Saw-wort.

EMPAL. common, oblong; rather cylindrical; tiled. Scales fpear-fhaped; without awns; fharp.

BLOSS. compound, tubular; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals; equal.

Individuals; petal 1; funnel-fhaped. Tube bent inwards. Border with 5 clefts; diftended.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit: 2; oblong; reflected, S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS folitary; inverfely egg-fhaped. Feather fitting. RECEPT. naked, or chaffy.

ESS. CHAR. Empalement nearly cylindrical; tiled; without thorns.

OBS. The feather in fome fpecies is downy, but in others hairy. CARDUUS is diftinguifhed from SERRATULA by the receptacle being hairy; the cup diftended; its feales thorny; and the fummit not fo deeply cloven.

SERRA'TULA *tincto'ria*. Leaves lyre-fhaped with common winged clefts; the terminating fegment very large. Florets all alike. LINN.—Leaves ferrated, fingoth. HALL, ST. Leaves fometimes undivided. Mr. WOOD.

Fl.

865

Fl. dan. 281.—Ger. 577. 3.—Matth. 945. 1, cop. in Cluf. ii. 8.
I. b, repr. in Dod. 42. 3. b, Lob. obf. 288. 2. b, ic. i. 534.
b, Ger. em. 713. 1. b, and cop. in Pet. 22. 6.—J. B. iii. 23.
2.—Park. 475. a.

Leaves fringed. Receptacle briftly. LINN.—Stem 2 to 3 feet high, firm, 4-cornered, fcored, fmooth. Leaves fometimes entire, moftly with winged clefts, alternate, half embracing the ftem; wings fpear-fhaped, fharply ferrated, or rather toothed, woolly above, and at the edges and veins underneath. Flowers fingle or in clufters, terminating or on branches. Empal. fcales numerous, flightly cottony at the edges, the upper rather longer. Blofs. purple. Feather yellowifh, finning, hairy. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem angular, furrowed. Leaves fitting, ferrated; terminating fegment fpear-fhaped. Empal. egg-fhaped. Feather hairy. WITH.—Feather of the feed gloffy, with a yellow tinge.

Saw-wort.-Woods and pastures.

P. July.

This is very much uled by the dyers to give a yellow colour; but is inferior to the YELLOW-WEED, therefore its ule is confined to the coarfer woollen cloths.

Goats eat it. Horfes not fond of it. Sheep, Swine, and Cows refufe it.

 β Bloffords white.

[Alconbury, five miles from Huntingdon, on the North road. Mr. WOODWARD.]

3. All the leaves entire. HALL. Mr. WOOD.

Ger. 576. 1.—Matth. 945. 2, cop. in Cluf. ii. 8. 1. a, which repr. in Dod. 42. 3. a, Lob. obf. 238. 2. a, ic. i. 534. 1. a, Ger. em. 713. 1, and cop. in Pet. 22. 5, and imitated in Park. 475. b.

4. Lower-leaves entire, the upper cut. HALL.

Ger. 576. 2.

5. All the leaves jagged, HALL.—with winged clefts, without the large terminating fegment. Wings fpear-fhaped, ferrated. WITH.

Zanon. 94.

mountain

SERRA'TULA alpi'na. Empalements fomewhat hairy, egg-fhaped. Leaves undivided. LINN.—Leaves toothed. HALL.—Feather downy. ST.*

Lightf. 19. at p. 449.—Pluk. 154. 3.—Gmel. ii. 26.—I have not feen the plant.

* Pappo plumofo. Sr.

Roct-leaves

Root-leaves egg-fpear-fhaped, ferrated, the ferratures not ending in briftles but expanding, fmooth above, woolly and whitifh underneath. Stem-leaves 7 to 10, fpear-fhaped, very entire, nearly fitting. Stem undivided, a fpan high. Flowers 8 to 12, in a broadtopped fpike terminating the ftem. Empalement oblong, nearly cylindrical. A proteous-like plant, concealed under a great variety of external appearances, but its blue flowers and general fructification evidently declare it to be one. Leaves in ours fpear-fhaped, hoary underneath, nor ever triangular like thofe of Chenopodium Bonus Henricus, or fnowy underneath, as in another variety which I have cultivated clofe to the other. Thefe varieties cannot have been owing to fituation. Poffibly the exotic variety may have been a mongrel produced between ours and the Carduus heterophyllus. LINN.

Sides of the Highland mountains, and in the Lowlands near Moffat in Anandale. LIGHTF. P. Aug. Sept.

β cynogloffifoiia. Leaves fpear-fhaped, narrow. HALL. LIGHTF. Fl. dan. 37.—Dill. clth. 70.—Gmel. ii. 32.

Higheft rocks of Snowdon, and Breatcliff near Brunly, Lancafh. RAY. P. July.

y lapathifolia.—Hall. 6, at p. 77.—Cluf. ii. 151, repr. in Ger. em, 1184, and cop. in H. ox. vii. 29. 1.

Near a rivulet on the rock Rhiw'r Glyder above the lake Lhyn y Cwn near Llanberys, Caernarvonfhire. Rav.

SERRAT'UL'A arven'sis. Leaves toothed, thorny. - corn Fl. dan. 644. - Col. i. 46. - Ger. em. 1173. 4, cop. in Park. 959, 7. H. ox. vii. 32. 14, and Pet. 21. 5. - J. B. iii. a. 59. 2.

It has the habit of a Carduus, LINN.—add to which that the feather of the feed is very long. Mr. WOODWARD.—Feather hairy. ST.—Bloffoms pale purple. Feather of the feed very long.

Carduus arvenfis. CURT. cat. n. 533. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. Way Thifle.—Corn fields and road fides. P. July.

It is faid to yield a very pure vegetable alkaly when burnt.

Goats eat it. Neither Cows, Horfes, Sheep, or Swine are fond of it. LINN.—Horfes fometimes eat the young tops. ST.

2. Leaves much lefs thorny, not fo deeply indented. RAY. Mr. BALLARD. ST.

Ger. 1011. 5.

Carduus in avena proveniens. C. B. pin. 377.—Carduus vulgalifinus viarum, var. R. fyn. 194. (Mr. BALLARD. ST.)—Carduus muscalus. Ger. 1011. (ST.)

Amongft

868

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

Amongst the corn in Battersea Fields, over against Chelsea. RAV.--[Found by Mr. Sole fomewhere in Devonschire, and cultivated in both our gardens for fome years past. Mr. BALLARD.]

1004 CAR'DUUS. Thiftle.

charts then in merchanist, pointed, not tenso at a part

EMPAL. Common; diftended; tiled. Scales numerous; fpear-fhaped; tapering; thorny.

BLOSS, Compound; tubular; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals, nearly equal; reflected.

Individuals; petal 1; funnel-fhaped. Tube very flender. Border upright; egg-fhaped at the bafe; with 5 clefts. Segments ftrap-lhaped; equal; 1 more deeply divided.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very flort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder as long as the bloffom; with 5 teeth at the mouth.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; longer than the chives. Summit fimple; awl-fhaped; naked; notched at the end.

S. VESS. none. Cup closes a little.

SEEDs folitary; inverfely egg-fhaped; with 4 angles, the

2 opposite ones imperfect. Feather fitting; very long.

RECEPT. hairy; flat.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. egg-fhaped; tiled with thorny fcales. Receptacle hairy.

* Leaves running along the ftem.

Spear

CAR'DUUS *lanceola'tus*. Leaves running along the ftem; with winged clefts; rough with hair; fegments ftraddling. Empalements egg-fhaped; thorny; woolly. Stem hairy.—

Ger. 1011. 6, cop. in Ger. em. 1174. 6, and cop. in Park. 982. 9, and H. ox. vii. 31. row 1.7.-Pet. 21.7.

Empal. innermost fcales without thorns, briftle-fhaped, dry. LINN.—Leaves, fegments spear-shaped. RELHAN.—Stem angular, cottony, frequently purple. Leaves half embracing the stem, cottony and fea-green underneath, hairy and deep green above, wings spear-shaped, the terminating one long, the side ones mostly divided to the base into 2 segments, one pointing upwards, the other downwards, terminating, as do also the wings of the

part

part running down the ftem, in fharp ftiff white thorns, which are extensions of the ribs. Empalement with numerous ranges of spearshaped scales, somewhat cottony, ending in sharp stiff white thorns, the inner strap-shaped, pointed, not thorny. Blos. purple. Feather downy, almost as long as the blossom. Mr. Woopw. Rubbish and road fides. B. July.

Few plants are more difregarded than this, and yet its use is very confiderable. If a heap of clay is thrown up, nothing would grow upon it for feveral years, did not the feeds of this plant, wafted by wind, fix and vegetate thereon. Under the fhelter of this, other vegetables appear, and the whole foon becomes fertile .--The flowers, like those of the Artichoke, have the property of curdling milk.

Sheep and Swine refuse it; neither Horses, Cows, or Goats are fond of it .- The Papilio Cardui, and the Thiftle Ermine Moth, feed upon it. LINN .- A Horfe eat it, but with caution, on account of the prickles. ST.

B Hups.-Heads twice as large. Stem frequently above the height of a man.

On the fide of the high road from York to Malton. RAY.

7. B. iii. a. 58. 2, is referred to with a mark of doubt by Ray. y Hups .- Heads and bloffoms fmaller. Smaller in all refpects. About the walls of York. RAY.

CAR'DUUS nu'tans. Leaves running down half mulk way to the next leaf, thorny. Flowers on crooked fruitstalks. The upper scales of the empalement expanding.-

Fl. dan. 675 .- H. ox. vii. 31. row 1. 6, imitated in Pet. 21. 1.--

7. B. iii. 56. 3.- (Ger. em. 1174. 5, is Onopordum Acanthium.)

Fruit-flalks with 1 flower. Flowers fweet-fcented in the night. Shafts bent back towards the fides. LINN .- Fruit-flalks cottony, leaflefs. Hups .- Stems 2 to 3 feet high, fcored, cottony. Branches alternate. Fruit-stalks terminating, cottony, particularly that which terminates the ftem. Leaves with winged clefts; wings egg-fhaped, with ftrong thorns. Empal. fcales fpear-fhaped, cottony, with the rib running along the back terminating in a thorn, the lowermost bent back, the inner without thorns. Feather hairy, nearly as long as the florets. Mr. WOODWARD.-Empal. scales diffinct above, the lowermost horizontal, the middle ones expanding, the upper upright, all ending in thorn like points, but the innermost not pungent. ST .- Stem, leaves and empalements overspread with a cobweb kind of woollines. Empal. globular, flatted; fcales very ftrong, horizontal when the flower is expanded, purplish towards the end, terminating in a strong yellow Vol.-II. 3L thorn

thorn. Blofs. tube whitifh, border purple. Threads woolly. Dust grey, globular, fet with fine points. Feather fimple. WITH.

Carduus fpinofiffimus latifolius spharocephalus vulgaris. Bauh. pin. 385, is referred to by Linnæus, and may be the plant, but the figure cited by C. B. from Dod. is evidently a different species, the C. inclinans of the Botanical Arrangement.—(Cirfium majus fingulari capitulo magno. Bauh. pin. 377, referred to in R. syn. is clearly a different species.) Sr.

Paftures in a calcareous foil. HUDS. [and road fides in a fandy or gravelly foil. ST.] A. July.

inclining

CAR'DUUS inclinants. Sr.—Leaves running down, indented, thorny at the edge. Empalements globular, on fruit-ftalks, folitary, upright; HUDS.—the fcales loofe, awl-fhaped, ftraight, the innermoft without prickles, coloured. Sr. Mr. WOODWARD.*

Dod. 739. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1173. 3, and cop. with the addition of an empalement of C. acanthoides, in H. ox. vii. 31. 13, which cop. in Pet. 21. 3?—Ger. 1010. 1?—(H. ox. vii. 30. 11, cop. in Pet. 21. 3, accords in the flightly nodding flowering branches, but is clearly C. acanthoides.—Dod. 740, repr. in Lob. obf. 489. 2; ic. ii. 21. 1, Ger. em. 1173. 1, and cop. in Park. 982. 5, is referred to by Ray, but all the empalements, both in and out of flower, are egg-flaped.—J. B. iii. a. 59. 1, is C. crifius.)

Stem folitary, herbaceous, mostly hollow, 3 to 4 feet high, upright, angular, bordered all the way by the edges of the leaves, curled, thorny, cottony, branched. Branches alternate, expanding. Leaves alternate, expanding, both edges running down, oblong, indented, the fegments opposite toothed and thorny, almost naked above, cottony underneath. Flowers terminating, folitary, on fruit-stalks, purple. Empalements globular, upright, cottony; fcales oblong, tapering to a point, fcarcely thorny. Hubs .- Differs from C. nutans as follows. Stem taller. Heads fmaller, fcarcely nodding. RAY. ST .- Leaves of a darkilh green. Empal. fcales with thorns, not rigid, but rather weak. MORISON. ST .- Stem branched; leafy border curled. Empal. fcales pointed, not pungent, the lower bowed back, the upper upright. Blofs. purple. LIGHTF. ST .- Stem, the leafy border more regular, and thorns more equal than in G. acanthoides. Root-leaves exactly fpear-shaped, triangularly toothed, or rather very deeply and doubly ferrated; Stem-leaves

* Foliis decurrentibus margine fpinofis, calycibus fubrotundis laxis, fquamis calycinis fubulatis rechis, intimis inermibus, coloratis. Sr. Mr. W.

Rem-leaves with winged clefts; teeth fomewhat ferrated, terminated with thorns, cottony underneath, above with a few hairs arifing from glands. Empal. scales cottony, more fo than those of C. acanthoides, with a rib along the back terminating in an awn; the inner chaff-like, tipped with purple, ending in an acute point but not awned. Bloss. fegments fomewhat unequal, extending a little beyond the tips, but shorter than the pointal. Shaft in some florets as long again as the bloffom, in others only just longer. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem upright, branched, 3 to 5 feet high and upwards. Leaves between wing-cleft and indented, hairy, prickly only at the edge. Fruit-falks fhort, fome with a prickly border, others cottony without prickles. Flowers fomewhat nodding. Empalements agreeing in habit with those of C. nutans; scales open, prickly at the end, of no great difference in length, the outer hairy at the edge, wrinkled within, with very fine cobweb hairs interwoven from one to another; the inner ftrap-awl-shaped, fmooth, not prickly, brownifh purple at the ends. Blo/s. lower fegments gradually deeper. Sr.,

Carduus crifpus. Huds. Lightf.—C. polyacanthos capitulis pluribus nutantibus ramofior. H. ox. III. 153. n. 11.—C. caule crifpo. R. fyn. 194. hift. i. 309. 2. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.—Carduus, Hall. 167. γ " caule ramofo, capitulis multo minoribus, numerofis, erec-" tis, diverfiftimo habitu. Convenit foliofis fquamis calycis." ib. —C. fpinofiffimus capitulis parum aculeatis. Bauh. pin. 385? To examine hift. lugd. Sr.—(C. crifpus Linnæus does not agree with our plant either in the character or defoription. Mr. WOODW. —In C. crifpus, which is nearly allied to it in habit and ftructure, the fruit-flaks and under furface of the leaves are covered with a white cotton. The empalements refemble thofe of C. inclinatus in ftructure as well as habit, but are fmaller. C. Hall. 165, appears to me to be C. crifpus, Sr.)

Thiftle upon Thiftle.—Ditch banks, hedges, and amongft briars, RAY. ST.—rubbifh and road fides. HUDS.—[Norfolk, Suffolk, Hertford(hire, and the midland counties, frequent; on the borders of corn fields. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. July.

CAR DUUS acanthol'des. Leaves running down, welted indented, thorny at the edge. Empalements on fruitftalks, folitary, upright, woolly. LINN.—Leaves indented, toothed. Empalements egg-fhaped, fitting; fcales taper-pointed, nearly upright. HUDS.—Leaves with winged clefts. Empalements cluftered, fitting, fomewhat cylindrical, fmooth, LIGHTF.—as long as the 3 L 2 bloffom;

bloffom; points of the fcales expanding. Sr. Mr. WOODWARD.*—Empalements flightly cobwebbed. Sr.

H. ox. vii. 30. 11, cop. in Pet. 21. 2, but the flowering-branches fomewhat nodding inflead of upright.—J. B. iii. a. 56. 1, but the flem below the flowers reprefented as fmooth inflead of bordered and prickly.—H. ox. vii. 31. 13, feparate empalement, cop. in Pet. 21. 3, feems intended to reprefent the heads of this fpecies, but the points are firaight, and taper regularly to the end.—Dod. 740, repr. in Lob. obf. 489. 2; ic. ii. 21. 1, Ger. em. 1173. 1, and cop. in Fark. 982. 5, accord in the empalements which are rather egg-fhaped than globular, and the larger flowers feem to be reprefentations of them when in feed, but Mr. Woodward remarks that the leaves are too pointed.

Stem with white elevated long lines. Leaves halberd-winged, and fprinkled underneath with white upright hairs as in C. crifpus. Fruitstalks with a leafy thorny border, in which it differs from C. crispus. Flowers fmaller than those of C. nutans, larger than those of C. crispus. Differs from C. nutans in its empal. being upright, from C. crifpus in its empal. being folitary and woolly. Empal. inner fcales expanding. Florets cloven 1/2 way down, the lowermost fegments feparated nearly to the bafe, fo as to give the floret the appearance of having 2 lips, an upper one with 4 clefts, and a lower one undivided, which is not the cafe in C. nutans or crifpus. Shafts as long again as the florets. LINN.-Root-leaves at their first appearance a good deal refembling those of C. marianus. Flowers finall, pale purple, crowded together at the top of the ftem. RAY. Mr. WOODW .- Root branched. Stems feveral, herbaceous, hollow, 2 feet high, quite upright, angular, with 4 borders from the edges of the leaves running down all the way, woolly below, above cottony and blanched. Branches alternate, upright, from the bofom of the leaves. Leaves alternate, running down from each edge, oblong, indentedtoothed, fegments opposite toothed, thorny at the edge, cottony underneath, woolly above. Flowers terminating, cluftered, fitting, pale purple. Empalement egg-fhaped, fomewhat cottony; fcales egg-fhaped, taper-pointed, nearly upright, permanent. Hubs .--Stem but little branched; the leafy border wide indented and thorny. Leaves with winged clefts, cottony underneath, and flightly fo above. Empalement acutely conical before flowering, cylindrical afterwards; fcales a little bent back at the end, and terminated with a thorn. Flowers in clufters at the top of the stalk, fitting, with a few here and there on the fides towards the top.

* Foliis decurrentibus margine fpinofis, calycibus cylindricis, corollam æquantibus, fquamis apice patentibus. Sr. Mr. Woodward.

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Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

top. Bloffom pale red, almost white. LIGHTF. ST .- Stem; leafy border with numerous fliff yellow thorns of various lengths. Leaves, the lower with winged clefts; wings broad, blunt, fomewhat 5cornered, with 5 imperfect lobes, the terminating one very broad and blunt, cottony underneath, above fmooth, excepting a few fhort hairs arifing from glandular warts; ribs ending in fharp yellow thorns: those above pointed, wings triangular, confluent. Flowers fitting, incorporated, pointing upwards, fideways, and downwards; fometimes in branched bunches, terminating the branches, on fhort fruit-stalks upright or open. Empal. (cales fpear-fhaped, yellowifh green, the upper expanding, the innermost chaffy, all tipped with sharp thorns. Bloss. fegments fomewhat longer than the tips, which are even with the pointal. Feather nearly as long as the bloffom, hair-like. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. -Empalement apparently fmooth, but on a clofer examination flightly woolly with a cobweb wool; fcales green towards the ends, the innermost white at the end; thorns yellowish. Sr. -

C. fpinofifimus capitulis minoribus. R. fyn. 194. hift. i. 309. 3.— C. alis caulinis latiffimis; foliis femipinnatis; pinnis angulofis, fpinofis; floribus longis fasciculatis. Hall. 166.—C. acanthoides, Lightfoot, who adopting from Haller the opinion that it is not the C, acanthoides of Linnœus, has given a new character, ftill employing the fame trivial name. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

. Welted Thifle with small flowers. RAY.

Ditch banks, on rubbifh, borders of corn fields. [Plentifully on banks and under walls near Yarmouth, and alfo in wafte places far from the coaft. I had it growing for fome years without variation. Mr. WOODWARD.—Road fides about London, but I have not obferved it in Worcestersfhire, Warwicksfhire, Staffordshire, or Shropshire. ST.] A. June, July.

CAR'DUUS paluf'tris. Leaves running down, marfh toothed, thorny at the edge. Flowers in bunches, upright. Fruit-fialks without thorns. LINN. — Feather downy. ST.*

Gmel. ii. 23. 2, but the points of the fcales of the empalement not, bent back.-H. ox. vii. 32. 13, cop. in Pet. 21. 4.-(H. dan. 621, C. crifpus, is a good reprefentation of it, except that the leaves in that species are only indented, and not with winged clefts.)

> * Pappo plumofo. Sт. 3 L 3

Fruit-stalks

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

Fruit-ftalks without thorns. Empalement clofely tiled, fmooth, the points of the fcales being hardly differnible. Feather downy. LINN.—Leaves with winged clefts. POLLICH.—Stem much taller than the 2 laft fpecies, 5 to 6 feet high and upwards, upper part and branches flender and with few leaves. Howers in a loofer head. Empal. fcales woolly, green tipped with deep purple, without a rib along the back, ending in a fhort expanding thorn not pungent; inner pointed, without thorns. Blofs. fegments even with the tips, fhorter than the pointal. Feather fhorter than the bloffom; rays fringed with long hairs. Mr. WOODWARD.— Tips, teeth very long, fringed. Bloffom purple. WITH.

Marfhy meadows and moift fhady places, [and wet clayey paftures. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

This, and almost all the other species of this genus, may be eaten like the Burdock, before the flowers are formed.

Swine eat it. Horfes are very fond of it. Cows refufe it. 2. Bloffoms fometimes white. LINN. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. 3. criftatus. ST. A monftrous variety, with a broad flat flem and head of flowers.

It grew in the middle of a pafture. The root produced the fame for two years together. WITH.—Stem 3-4ths of an inch broad. Clufter of empalements 2 inches and an half broad, the upper edge crowned with a continued line of florets, fo as to give it the appearance of the Cockfcomb Amaranthus of the gardens. ST.

** Leaves Sitting.

milk

& CAR'DUUS maria'nus. Leaves embracing the ftem, halberd-fhaped with winged clefts. Empalements without any leaves near it; thorns channelled, and fet with other little thorns.—

Curt. iii. 25.—Blackw. 79.—Ludw. 35.—Fuchf. 56, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 52. 2, imilated in Trag. 850, which cop. in Lonic. i. 70. 2.—Ger. 989, cop. in Pct. 21. 9.—Dod. 722. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 479. 1; ic. ii. 7. 2, Ger. em. 1150, and cop. in Park. 976. 1, and H. ox. vii. 30. row 2. 1. f. 4, therns of the empalemen by far too fhort.—Matth. 676.

Leaves with a net-work of white veins. The thorns of the empalement fufficiently diffinguifh this from the other fpecies. RELH —Stem-leaves irregula ly egg-fhaped, toothed, and thorny, above dark green and fhining with a net-work of white veins, underneath fea-green, the ribs hairy. Empal. fcales few, large, egg-fhaped fmooth, fomewhat membranaceous, terminated with a triangula appendage, ending in an extremely long, ftiff, expanding, awl fhaped thorn, and edged with finaller thorns. Feather much fhorte

tha:

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

than the bloffom; hairs when viewed with a glafs finely toothed. Mr. WOODWARD .- Bloffom purple.

Milk Thille. Ladies Thille .- Ditch banks, road fides, borders of corn fields, and on rubbish. A. Aug.

This is eaten when young as a fallad. The young stalks peeled, and foaked in water to take out the bitternefs, are excellent. The fcales of the cup are as good as Artichokes. The root is good to eat early in the fpring.

β HUDS. RELH.-Leaves green, without the white fpots. About London. RAY.

CAR'DUUS erioph'orus. Leaves fitting, with winged woolly-headed clefts pointing 2 ways, every other fegment upright. Empalements globular, woolly.-

Clus. ii. 154, repr. in Dod. 723, Lob. obs. 482. 1; ic. ii. 9. 2, Ger. em. 1152, and ill cop. in J. B. iii. a. 57, and Fark. 973. -Mill. ic. 293.- (Ger. cm. 1151. 5, which is a re-impression of Lob. adv. 370, is a different plant.)

Stem 2 feet high, branched, flowering the fecond year. Empal. as large as an egg; points of the fcales ftrap-fhaped, horizontal, entire, with a cobweb-like wool interwoven. Leaves, every other fegment pointing downwards. LINN.-Stem 4 or 5 feet high, anguiar, fcored, woolly, much branched. Root-leaves I to 2 feet long, wings diftant, with 2 lobes, unequal, the larger ftrapfhaped, the leffer fpear-shaped, very entire, but fringed with a few fine thorns; mid-rib ftiff, extending out into a fharp thorn; above green, with numerous fhort ftiff hairs preffed clofely; underneath with a thick, woolly, white down. Stem-leaves embracing the ftem; lobes not fo regular, all fpear-fhaped, the terminating one long. Fruit-stalks flender, extremely cottony. Empalements clustered, terminating the stem and branches; scales strap-Tpearshaped, terminated by a long foftish thorn, covered and interwoven with a thick cottony wool. Tips extending beyond the bloffom. Shaft much longer than the tips. Summit very flightly cloven. Seeds large, whitish, nearly oval, without ridges. Feather fhorter than the bloffom, downy. Mr. WOODWARD .- Empal. fcales ending in a yellow thorn. Blos. purple, or white.

Friar's Crown .- Both in flat and mountainous meadows and pastures. RAY. ST .- Bredon Hill, Worcestershire. NASH .--By the road fide between Stamford and Grantham, plentifully. Dr. J. E. SMITH .- About Ripton, Huntingdonfh. Mr. WOODW. -Hillend Bank in Longdon Parish, Worcestersh. Mr. BALLARD. -On the foot-way between Clarkton Leap and Kemfay, Worceftershire. ST.] B. July. CAR'DUUS

melancholy

CAR'DUUS helenioi'des. Leaves embracing the ftem, fpear-fhaped, toothed, fringed with fmall unequal thorns. Stem without thorns. LINN.—Root-leaves fpearfhaped; ftem-leaves fitting, heart-fhaped, pointed, of a fnowy white underneath. Stem moftly undivided. HUDS. —Leaves rather ferrated than toothed; flem-leaves heart-fhaped at the bafe. St.

Hall. 7. at i. p. 77.—Mill. 94, only the upper leaves.—Cluf. ii. 148. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1183. fig. 2d, and cop in Park. 961. 5, J. B. iii. a. 46. 2, and Pet. 22. 2.—(Fl. dan. 109, is referred to by Hudson, but by Linnaus to C. heterophyllus.)

Differs from C. heterophyllus, which it very much telembles, in all the leaves being undivided, whitifh, but not of a fnowy whitenefs underneath, the edge more unequally ferrated and fringed; and the *flem* being twice as high; of the height of a man, more panicled, and befet with expanding hairs. LINN. hort. ups.—Root hardly creeping. Stem furrowed, with leaves all the way up. Leaves 40 to 50, half embracing the ftem, toothed, not jagged, fringed with foft thorns, the ears at the bafe round, bent back, and growing to the ftem; *flower-leaves* awl-fhaped. LINN.—Stem feldom above a foot high, but in gardens it is generally double that height, and the leaves fo much larger that it feems a different plant. Leaves fhining above. MILL.—Stem 1 foot and a half high. Scop.—Leaves fpear-fhaped, entire, toothed. HUDS.

Mountainous pastures in Yorksh. Westmoreland, Cumberland, and Wales. Coppice near Giggleswick, in Skirrith Wood, and in the pastures about Bordley, near Malham. CURT.—[Mill Gill near Ascrig in Wensleydale, and Skirrith Wood near Ingleton, Yorksh. Mr. Wood.—Mulbarton, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE. —Between Shap and Orton, Westmoreland, Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June. July.

 β HALL. SCOP. HUDS. C. heterophyllus. Leaves embracing the ftem, fpear-fhaped, fringed, entire and jagged. Stem with moftly 1 flower. Empalements without prickles. LINN.

Fl. dan. 109.—Hall. 7. at i. p. 77, it being very juftly remarked on this figure by Scop. ann. ii. p. 60, that the upper and lower leaves are cut.

Stems fomewhat branching, bearing from 1 to 6 flowers. Leaves downy underneath; root-leaves toothed, and wing-cleft: lower stem-leaves wing-cleft; middle ones toothed; upper entire. I have feen both varieties from the fame root. HUDS.

CAR'DUUS

a lower of the second to

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

CAR'DUUS pratch/s. Leaves fitting, half embracing meadow the ftem, fpear-fhaped, fomewhat toothed, fringed with fmall unequal thorns. Stem with moftly 1 flower. JACQ. HUDS. ST.—Empalements with cobweb-like wool. ST.

Pet. 22. 1. Lob. obf. 314. 4, repr. in ic. i. 5⁸3. 1, Ger. em. 1183. fiz. 3d, and cop. in Park. 961. 4, J. B. iii. a. 45. 2, and carelefsly in H. ox. vii. 29. 12, but the teeth of the leaves too much like ferratures. Cluf. ii. 148. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1183. 5, and cop. in H. ox. vii. 29. 13. (H. ox. ib. 11, is a copy of Cluf. ii. 148. 2.)

Root fibrous, creeping. Stem fingle, herbaceous, 1 to 2 feet high, upright, leafy, cottony, undivided, or fometimes with a fingle branch. Root-leaves few, on leaf-stalks, spear-shaped, somewhat toothed, fringed with unequal prickles, tapering to a point, above roughish with hairs, underneath cottony; stem-leaves 3 to 7, alternate, fringed with unequal prickles, above roughifh, underneath cottony, but not of a fnowy whitenefs. Flowers terminating, purple. Empalement egg-fhaped, cottony; fcales tiled, egg-fhaped, tapering to a point, purplish. Hups. Sr.-Blos. fegments bright purple. Pointal bright purple, flightly cloven, much longer than the tips. Seed very fhort; feather nearly as long as the bloffom, downy with long hairs. Mr. WOODWARD .--- Stem with I flower, and fometimes another from the bofom of the upper leaf. Rootleaves oblong-fpear-fhaped, toothed, and fet with foftish thorns; flem-leaves imaller, the upper not thorny at the edge, but terminated by a long foftish thorn. Empal. scales thick and strong, cottony at the edges, terminating in a foft thorn. Bloffom red. Tips with 5 horny, yellow, spear-shaped points. Summit cylindrical, blunt, not notched at the end. WITH.

Cirfium anglicum. R. fyn. 193.—Carduus heterophyllus. LIGHTF.— See defcr. C. diffectus, Fl. angl. ed. i. (ST.)

Single-headed Thiftle. English soft or gentle Thiftle.

Marfhy places. RAY. ST.—Moift meadows and paftures. [Near Heydon, Norfolk. Rev. Mr. BRYANT.—Swampy meadows near Robinfon's End Malvern Chace, Worcefterfh, Mr. BALLARD. ST.]

CAR'DUUS acaullis. Stemlefs. Empal. fmooth. Cluf. ii. 156. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 480. 3; ic. ii. 5. 1, Ger. em. 1158, and cop. in Park. 969. 4, J. B. iii. a. 63. 1, H. ox. vii. 32. 12, and Pet. 21. 6.—Barr. 493.—Trag. 852, cop. in Lonic. i. 68. 1.

A divarf plant, but fpreading to the breadth of a foot. LINN.— Stem I to 3 inches high. Leaves lying clofe to the ground. Flower folitary, in the midft of the leaves. Feather long, downy. RELH. —Root-leaves

dwarf

.

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SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

-Root-leaves fpreading in a circle, on leaf-ftalks, with winged clefts; wings irregularly lobed, and waved, angular, thorny at the edge, green on both fides, hairy towards the bafe. Floweringheads 1 or more, rarely fitting. Fruit-flalks 1 to 2 inches high, hairy. Empal. lower fcales fhort, oval-fpear-fhaped, upper fpearfhaped, ftiff, without thorns. Bloffon even with the tips. Shaft longer than the tips. Summit deeply cloven. Seed very fmall. Feather long, downy. Mr. WOODWARD.-Bloffon purple.

Mountainous and rocky dry paftures, efpecially in a calcareous foil. Black Heath, near London. [Dry heaths and commons in Norfolk, very frequent. Dr. J. E. SMITH. Mr. WOODW.]

P. July.

Cows refuse it.

It kills all plants which grow beneath it, whence it is very injurious in meadows. LINN.

The different species afford nourishment to the Cassida viridis and nebulofa; Papilio Cardui; Cicada cornuta; Cimex Cardui; Musca folfilialis; and Aphis Cardui.*

* Haller divides this and the genus Serratula in the following manner, obferving, and I think very juftly, that a generic diffinction cannot well be formed on the thorns or cotton of the empalement, as thefe differ only in degree. The following fub-division, however, may facilitate the inveftigation of fpecies. Sr.

CARDUUS. Feather hair-like. HALL.

Species. Serratula tinctoria. Carduus acanthoides, crispus, nutans.

dillo some the source of the second

CIRSIUM. Feather downy. HALL.

Species. Carduus eriophorus, lanceolatus, palustris, Serratula arvenfis, Carduus acaulis, Serratula alpina, Carduus helenoides.

1006. ONOPOR'DUM.

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

1006. ONOPOR'DUM. Argentine.

EMPAL. common, roundifh; diftended; tiled. Scales numerous; thorny; prominent every way.

BLOSS. compound, tubular; uniform. Florets with chives and pointals, equal.

Individuals; petal 1; funnel-fhaped. Tube very flender. Border upright; diftended; with 5 clefts. Segments equal; 1 more deeply divided. CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow. cylinder as long as the blofform, with 5 teeth.
- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; longer than the chives. Summit crowned.

S. VESS. none. The Cup clofes a little.

SEEDS folitary. Feather hair-like.

- RECEPT. divided like a honey-comb into 4-cornered membranaceous cells.
 - ESS. CHAR. Receptacle like a honey-comb. Scales of the empalement fharp-pointed.

ONOPOR'DUM Acan'thium. Empalements fcurfy; common fcales expanding. Leaves egg-oblong, indented.---

Fuch 57, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 54. 2, Trag. 858, Dod. 721. 2, which repr. in Ger. em. 1174. 5, and indifferently cop. in Fark. 979. 1, and Pet. 21. 10, and abridged in Lonic. i. 71. 2.—Ger. 988. 1 and 2.—Dod. 721. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 476. 1; ic. i. 1. 1, Ger. em. 1149. 1, and imitated in H. ox. vii. 30. row 2. 1.—Matth. 671, just coming into flower.—Lonic. i. 70. 3, the root-leaves of which cop. in H. ox. vii. 30. row 1. 1.

Plant of a hoary green. Stem with a ftraight leafy border running up to the empalement. Empal. fcales expanding, awl-fhaped. Elofs. fometimes white. LINN. Mr. WOODWARD.—Plant generally covered with a white cotton, giving it a whitifh green colour. Leaves oval-fpear-fhaped; the lower extremely large, with deep triangular teeth, which are again toothed, and each tooth terminated by a fharp whitifh thorn, being productions of the ribs; the upper fpear-fhaped with a few diftant teeth. Stem, leafy border irregularly toothed, and thorny, the thorns proceeding thro' and ftrengthening the border. Heads fingle, upright, terminating. Empal. fcales ending in fharp thorns. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cotton Thiftle .- On rubbish and road-fides.

B. July. The

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

The Receptacle, and the young ftems, are boiled and eaten like Artichokes .- The ancients thought this plant a fpecific in cancerous cafes .- Cows, Sheep, and Horfes refule it.

1007. CARLI'NA. Carline.

EMPAL. common, distended; radiate; tiled. Scales numerous; flexible; fharp; the inner in a circle, very long; expanding; (hining; coloured; forming rays to the compound flower.

BLOSS. compound, uniform; tubular. Florets with chives and pointals, equal.

Individuals; petal 1; funnel-fhaped. Tube flender. Border funnel-fhaped; with 5 clefts.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud fhort. Shaft thread-fhaped ; as long as the chives. Summit oblong; cloven or entire.

- S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.
- SEEDS folitary; rather cylindrical. Feather downy; branched.
- RECEPT. flat; fet with cloven chaffy fubftances, 3 of which grow together.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with rays confifting of long coloured scales round the edge of the bloffom. LINN.-Feather branched. ST.

OBS. The Carlina is among the Capitatæ what the Xeranthemum is among the Discoidea. Sr.

wild CARLI'NA vulga'ris. Stem with many flowers in a broad-topped spike. Flowers terminating. Rays of the empalement white, LINN .- or yellowifh. Bot. Arrang. ed. I.

> Matth. 669 .- Cluf. ii. 156. 2, repr. in Dod. 739. 2, Lob. obf. 489. 1; ic. ii. 20. 2, Ger. em. 1159. 1, and cop. in Park. 981. -Fuchf. 121, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 81. 2, Trag. 859, Dod. 728. 1, and imitated in Lonic. i. 68. 2.-Ger. 997. 1.

It continues, after it is dead, unchanged even for the whole of the fecond year, a mournful spectacle! LINN .- Root long, spindle-shaped, with a few stiff fibres. Stem 12 to 15 inches high, fwelling just above the root, cylindrical, ribbed, purple, flightly downy, dividing above in a rundle-like manner. Leaves very numerous,

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

numerous, cloathing the whole ftem and decreafing in fize upwards, the lower fitting, the upper embracing the ftem, deeply toothed, the teeth armed with numerous yellow thorns; those at the bafe of each branch, larger than the upper ftem-leaves; thofe of the branches fmaller than the ftem-leaves, the uppermost join and form the lower ones of the empal. Empal. fcales purplifh, edged and terminated with branching yellow thorns; the innermost strap-shaped, pointed at the end, dry, fringed with long hairs towards the bafe, ftraw-coloured within, without reddifh brown towards the bafe, but ftraw-coloured at the point. Blofs. fegments fpear-shaped, purple, straw-coloured below. Seed woolly; feather fitting, rays 9 to 12, generally 11, either fingle, or with 2 or 3 clefts, fringed with long hairs. Recept. the chaff longer than the florets. Mr. WOODWARD .- Blos. tube white. border in the outer florets purple, in the inner whitifh. Feather pale brown, thrice as long as the feed, rays nearly equal, awlfhaped at the bafe, a little above it generally dividing into 3 and fometimes 4 briftle-fhaped branches, The ftructure of the feather and chaff indicates the clearest proofs of a natural generic difference. ST.

Carduus sylvestris alter. Dod. 739. St.

Wild Carline Thiftle .- Dry meadows and pastures. B. June. The flowers expand in dry, and clofe in moift weather. They retain this property a long time, and therefore are employed as hygrometers .- It is faid to be an excellent remedy in hyfterical cafes. Amæn. Acad. III. p. 64.

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Producting strain an and a press of the second start that the

Goats eat it. Cows refuse it. LINN. It indicates a very barren foil, Mr. WOODWARD,

IOI2. BIDENS. man a farmer of a start of a start of the

ra and made man

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SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

1012. BI'DENS. Double-tooth.

EMPAL. common, upright; fegments generally equal; oblong; concave and channelled.

BLoss. compound, uniform; tubular. Florets with chives and pointals, tubular.

Individuals funnel-shaped. Border with 5 clefts; upright.

CHIVES. *i hreads* 5; hair-like; very fhort. *Tips* forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft fimple; as long as the chives. Summits 2; oblong; reflected.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS folitary; blunt; angular. Crown of the Seed 2 or more awns, oblong; ftraight; fharp; rough with hooks turned backwards.

RECEPT. chaffy; flat. Chaff deciduous.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle chajfy. Feather of upright rough acons. Empalement tiled. Bloffom fometimes with 1 or 2 radiated florets.

trifid BI'DENS triparti'ta. Leaves with 3 clefts. Empal. fomewhat leafy. Seeds upright. LINN.—Leaves often with 5 clefts. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD.

> Curt. iv. 40.—Blackw. 519.—Pet. 20. 7.—Dod. 595. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 711. 1, and cop. in Park. 595. 7, and H. ox. vi. 5. 20.

Leaves, fegments deeply ferrated, the middle one much the largeft. *Empal.* fcales oval, fringed with hairs, the inner fmooth, with yellow membranaceous edges. *Seeds*, awns fometimes 3. Mr. WOODWARD.—*Flowers* terminating, yellow.

Water Hemp. Water Agrimony.

Marfhy and watery places.

A. July. Aug.

It dyes a tolerably good yellow. - Cows and Sheep eat it. Horfes, Swine, and Goats refufe it. β minima. Hups.

There is a dwarf variety, diffinguifhable from *B. minima* as follows. *Root* fimple. *Leaves* ferrated. *Emplement* leafy with many leaves. In *B. minima* the root is creeping, the leaves either very entire, or at leaft only folloped (crenata) and only 2 leaves at the bafe of the emplement. RETZ. *obf.* i. n. 94.—I apprehend Retzius to be miftaken, Mr. WOODWARD—for the following realons,

un!ets

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

unlefs we fuppofe the *B. minima* to be a diffinct plant from that figured in *R. fyn.* 7. 2, *at p.* 188, to which Linnæus refers. In this figure there are 3 leaves at the bafe of the empalement, the root is branched but not creeping, and the leaves are ferrated. In *Fl. dan.* 312, alfo referred to by Linnæus, there are 3 leaves at the bafe of the empalement, and fome of the leaves are ferrated. I have never feen any plant of *B. tripartita* lefs than 10 inches high, but it is poffible there may be ftarved plants of this fpecies as fmall as those of *B. cernua.* ST.

Bidens minima. LINN .- Bidens cernua minima, which fee.

BI'DENS cer'nua. Leaves fpear-fhaped, embracing nodding the ftem. Flowers on crooked fruit-ftalks. Seeds upright.

Curt. ii. 32.—Fl. dan. 841.—J. B. ii. 1074.—Ger. 574.—Pet. 20. 6.—Lob. adv. 227, repr. in ic. i. 529, but fome of the leaves fcattered inflead of opposite.—(H. cx. vi. 5. 22. is 1.)

Leaves with diftant ferratures. Flower-leaves very entire. Seeds with 4 awns, 2 of which are larger. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem a little hairy. Leaves oppofite. Empal. fegments egg-fpear-fhaped, with black lines. Bloffom and fummits yellow. Tips brown. Seedbud pyramidal, with 4 corners; awns 4, with prickles pointing downwards. WITH.

Wet ditches, marfhy places.

A. July. Aug.

Goats eat it. Horfes refufe it. β HALL.—Bidens. HUDS. Mr. WOODW.—Coreopfis Bidens. Leaves fpear-fhaped, ferrated, oppofite, embracing the ftem. LINN.

Fl. dan. 841, the three [hortest of the branches.-Barr. 1209.-H. ox. vi. 5. 22. *

If it fhould be proved by obfervation to be a *Bidens*, let it be referred to that genus, if it be conftant to remain as a fpecies of *Corcopfis*. LINN.—Frequently on the fame plant with α . Mr. WOODWARD.—Differs in no refpect from α except in the prefence of radiated florets in the circumference. Thefe florets are wanting in fome of the fpecies of *Senecio*, &c. HALL.—The *Bidens* and *Coreopfis* are truly one genus. ST.

In England, and very frequent in Ireland. R. fyn. 187. n. 2. —About Tarporley and other places in Chefhire. Hubs.—[Norfolk, but not common. At Ditchingham. Mr. WOODWARD.]

y HALL. LIGHTF. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Bidens minima. Leaves spear-shaped, fitting. Flowers and feeds upright. LINN.-Flowers fometimes nodding. LIGHTF. ST.

* Florets of the circumference fhort and oval. Mr. WOODWARD.

Curt.

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA ÆQUALIS.

Curt. iii. 32. f. 8.—Fl. dan. 312.—Ray 7. 2, the largest. Of nearly equal excellence.

Is often feen growing abundantly mixed with B. cernua. In the dry fummer of 1779 many plants of this variety appeared in a pond in my garden then much dried up, on the borders of which the cernua always grew in great plenty, but amongst which I have never observed a fingle plant of B. tripartita. Mr. WOODW .- Is either an autumnal feedling from an early plant of the B. cernua, or rendered dwarfish by accident in its growth. LIGHTFOOT .- Root fibrous. Stem upright, fimple, cylindrical, furrowed above. with I flower, 3 to 4 inches high. Leaves spear-shaped, ferrated, opposite. Flower flanting. Empal. leaves feveral, egg-spear-shaped, pointed, yellowish, with many black lines, as long as the florets. Seeds wedge-shaped, 4-cornered; awns 4, with prickles pointing backwards. B. cernua grew with it in confiderable quantities, and they appeared to run into one another, or rather, to be one and the fame fpecies, differing only in fize and the number and inclination of the flowers. ST.

In the fifh pond on the moor near Somerfet Bridge, Surrey. DILL. in R. fyn.—[In a fplafhy rivulet at the bottom of Tittenfor Common, Staffordfhire, and alfo near Birmingham. ST.]

A. [Oct. ST.]

1015. EUPATO'RIUM. Hemp-weed.*

EMPAL. common, oblong; tiled. Scales between frap and fpear-fhaped; upright; unequal.

BLOSS. compound., uniform; tubular. Florets with chives and pointals, equal. •

Individuals funnel-fhaped. Border with 5 clefts; open.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud very finall. Shaft thread-fhaped; very long; cloven down to the chives; ftraight. Summits flender.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged. SEEDS oblong. Feather downy; long. RECEPT. naked.

* Liver-hemp might feem to indicate a species of Cannabis. Sr.

Ess.

Tips United, Chives and Pointals equal.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather downy. Empalement tiled, oblong. Shaft cloven half way down, long.

* Empalements with 5 flowers.

EUPATO'RIUM cannali'num. Leaves fingered, common LINN.-fometimes fimple. ST.

Fl. dan. 745.-Blacher. 110.-Fuchl. 265, cop. in J. B. ii. 1065. 2, imitated in Traz. 491, and Lonic. i. 241. 2.- Matth. 1015, cop. in Dod. 28. 2, Lob. obf. 285. 1; ic. i. 528. 2, Ger. em. 453. 2, and cop. again in H. ox. vii. 13. 1.-Park. 595.

Stem 3 or 4 feet high, branched. Leafts mostly 3, fometimes 5, spear-shaped, sharply ferrated at the base, and towards the point very entire. Empal. scales few, ftrap-fhaped. Seeds black, fcored, fmooth, little more than a line long. Feather fitting, hairlike, when viewed with a glafs finely toothed, not 3 lines long. Mr. Woodw .- Stem reddifh, rather cylindrical, flightly woolly. Leaves ferrated, flightly woolly. Empal. fkinny, coloured, a little hairy. Florets 5 and 6. Blofs. purplifh red, clefts fhallow. Shafts and fummits with a tinge of red. Seed-bud with minute fhining globules. Feather of a filvery whiteness; when viewed in a glass barbed. WITH.

Hemp Agrimony. Dutch Agrimony. Water Agrimony. Water Hemp. Banks of rivers and brooks. P. July. Aug.

β DILL. HUDS. Leaves fingle, egg-spear-shaped.

This is the feedling plant of early flowers the first year, and the fecond year, as I have frequently obferved, it has fingered leaves. Mr. WOODWARD .- The lower leaves fingered. DILL. in R. fyn .-Leaves with fometimes an expanding fegment on one fide. In fome plants, where the main ftem has been injured, the ftem-leaves have been fingered, and the branch-leaves fimple. Sr.

Near Lee in the road to Eltham. DILL .- [Near Bungay. Suff. Mr. WOODWARD.]

An infusion of a handful of it vomits and purges fmartly. An ounce of the root in decoction is a full dofe. In fmaller dofes the Dutch peafants take it as an alterative and as an antifcorbutic. Goats eat it. Cows, Horles, Sheep, and Swine refuse it.

Vol. II.

3 M

1022. SANTOLI'NA.

1022. SANTOLI'NA. Cotton-weed. (Ger.)

EMPAL. common, hemifpherical; tiled. Scales egg-oblong; pointed; laid to.

BLOSS. compound, uniform; longer than the empalement. Florets with chives and pointals; equal; numerous.

Individuals funnel-fhaped; border with 5 clefts, rolled back.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming - a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud 4-cornered; oblong. Shafts threadfhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; oblong; depreffed; lopped.

S. VESS. none. Empalement unchanged.

SFEDs folitary; oblong; 4-cornered. Feather none.

RECEPT. chaffy; flattilh. Chaff concave.

- ESS. CHAR. Receptacle chaffy. Feather none. Empalement tiled; hemi/pherical.
- fea SANTOLI'NA marit'ima. Fruit-ftalks with I flower, in a kind of broad-topped fpikes. Leaves oblong, cottony. Hubs.
 - Mill. 135.—J. B iii. a. 157. 2, cop. in Pet. 20. 8.—Lob. adv. 201, repr. in ic. i. 480. 1.—Ger. 516.—Cluf. i. 329. 3, repr. in Dod. 65, Gcr. em. 640. 3.—Matth. 860, not in flower.—H. ox. vi. 4. 47.

Whole plant cottony. Leaves fpear-fhaped, fcolloped, blunt. Chaff as long as the empalement. Seeds 2-edged, without a feather, whence it fhould feem to be rather a fpecies of Santolina. It is an intermediate plant between this and Athanafia. LINN.—Eacfform yellow and white.

Athanafia maritima. LINN.

Sea Cudweed.—On the fea fhore. Near Abermeney Ferry in Anglefea; and between Penfans and St. Michael's Mount, Comwall. Ifle of Shepey; and near Pool, Dorfetfh. P. July.

Order

Order II.

POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA; SUPERFLUOUS POINTALS.

1024. TANACE'TUM. Tanfy.

- EMPAL. common, hemispherical; tiled. Scales sharp; compact.
- BLOSS. compound, tubular; convex. Florets with Chives and Pointals, numerous; tubular; placed in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, a few in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped. Borden with 5 clefts; reflected.

Individuals with only Pointals, with 3 clefts; more deeply divided on the inner fide.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very flort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- **POINT.** Seed-bud, where there are chives and pointals, oblong; fmall. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit cloven; rolled back. Seed-bud where there are only pointals, oblong. Shaft fimple. Summits 2; reflected.

S. VESS. none. *Cup* unchanged. SEEDS folitary; oblong; naked. RECEPT. convex; naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather with fometimes a fhallow border. Empalement tiled; hemispherical. Bloffom of the florets of the circumference obscure, with 3 clefts, fometimes wanting, and all the florets with chives and pointals.

TANACE'TUM vulga're. Leaves doubly winged, common cut, ferrated.—

Ludw. 22.—Fl. dan. 871.—Dod. 36. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 432. 1; ic. 749. 1, Ger. em. 650. 1, and cop. in Park. 81. b.— H. cx. vi. 1. row 1. 1. f. 1, and Pet. 20. 9.- Blackw. 464. 3 M 2 — Luchf.

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SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

-Fuchf. 46, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 131. 2.-Ger. 525. 1.-Trag. 158.-Matth. 908.-Lonic. i. 151. 3.-(Gmel. ii. 65. 1, is a diflinct variety.)

The florets of the circumference fometimes appear in warm fummers. LINN.—Flowers in broad-topped fpikes. Florets yellow, thofe with chives and pointals with 5 clefts, thofe with pointals with 3 clefts. RELHAN.—Stem frequently reddifh. Leaves winged, leafits with winged clefts, wings fpear-fhaped, deeply and acutely ferrated. Broad-topped fpikes terminating, almost globular. Mr. WOODWARD.

Tanfy.-Mountainous meadows and paftures, road fides, and borders of corn fields. [Banks of rivers and fwampy places. ST.] P. July. Aug.

This is a warm deobliquent bitter, and its flavour not ungrateful.—The tender leaves are fometimes ufed to give a colour and flavour to puddings.—If a dead animal fubfiance is rubbed with this plant, the flefh fly will not attack it.—The Finlanders obtain a green dye from it.

Cows and Sheep eat it. Horfes, Goats, and Swine refufe it.

It gives nourifhment to the Aphis Tanaceti, and Chryfomela Tanaceti. LINN.—The feeds are an excellent vermifuge. B Leaves curled.

Ger. 525. 2.—Dod. 36. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 432. 3; ic. i. 749. 2, Ger. em. 650. 2.—Park. 31. a.—7. B. iii. 132.

1025. ARTEMIS'IA.

1025. ARTEMIS'IA. Southernwood.

EMPAL. common, roundifh; tiled. Scales rounded; approaching.

BLOSS. compound. Florets with Chives and Pointals, many; tubular; placed in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, and almost without a petal, in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped; border with 5 clefts.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud in those that have chives and pointals finall. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit cloven; rolled back.

In the florets that have only pointals the Sced-bud is very fmall. Shaft thread-fhaped, and longer than in the others. Summit the fame.

S. VESS. none. Cup hardly changed. SEEDS in all the florets folitary; naked. RECEPT. flat; naked; or woolly.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle fomewhat woolly or nearly bare. Feather none. Empalement tiled, with rounded approaching feales. Blofs. of the florets of the circumference wanting.

* Stems trailing before the time of flowering.

ARTEMIS'IA campes' tris. Leaves with many clefts, field ftrap-fhaped. Stems trailing, rod-like .--

Ger. 948. 5, Abrot. camp. — J. B. iii. a. 194. 2, cop. in Pet. 20. 4.—Dod. 33. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 442. 3; ic. i. 767. 2, Ger. 1106. 5, cop. in Park. 94. 7 .- Matth. 852, cop. in Lonic. ii. 23. 2.

Branches fimple, alternate, from the bofom of the leaves, fomewhat nodding. Flowers folitary, pointing one way. The florets with pointals mostly q, those with chives and pointals 8. Summits orbicular, glass shaped. Receptacle naked. LINN .- Stems numerous, angular, declining, much branched. Branches oppofite, the middle ones longeft. Leaves, the upper frequently fimple, very narrow. Heads very finall, fcarcely more than a line broad, numerous, fingle, either fitting or in fhort branched fpikes. Empal. fcales few, bluntly egg-fhaped, approaching, green, flightly downy at the back, the edges membranaceous, whitifh, fhining. Florets

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SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

Balks of corn fields and road fides at Elden, Suffolk, and a mile from Barton Mills on the road to Lynne. [Near Thetford on the fide of the road to Norwich. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July. Sheep refufe it.

fea ARTEMIS'IA marit'ima. Leaves with many clefts, cottony. Bunches on crooked fruit-ftalks. The florets which have only pointals 3.*

> Ger. 940. 1.—Pet. 20. 2.—Lob. ic. i. 755. 1, repr. in Ger. cm. 1099. 1, and cop. in H. ox. vi. 2. 20.—H. ox. vi. 2. 19.

* Whole plant white, of a fnowy white. Flowering-branches crooked. The flowers with only pointals, in the circumference, but 3. Receptacle naked. The feeds feldom ripen in gardens. LINN... Whole plant white, with thick cotton. Leaves vary much in their division; the upper generally fimple, ftrap-fhaped, blunt. Mr. WOODWARD...Leaves more or lefs divided in different fituations. Eleffom brown.

Sea Wormwood.—Sea fhores. [Yarmouth, and elfewhere on the coaft. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. Aug.

This in its wild ftate finells like Marum or Camphor, but in our gardens it is lefs grateful, though ftill much more grateful than the next fpecies. It is ufed as an ingredient in diftilled waters, and beat with thrice its weight of fine fugar it is formed into a conferve. Its virtues are the fame with those of the next fpecies, but in a weaker degree.

Horfes eat it. Cows, Goats, and Sheep refuse it.

Fet. 20. 3.

Near Sheernefs in the Ifle of Shepey. R. fyn.

SHubs.-7. B. iii. a. 177.-Barr. 460.

Harwich on the marfh banks on the worft fide of the town, and in Merfey Ifland. Sheernefs in the Ifle of Shepey. R. fyn.

** Stems upright, herbaceous. Leaves compound.

Wormwood

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ARTEMIS'IA *Abfin'thium*. Leaves compound, with many clefts. Flowers fomewhat globular, pendant. Receptacle woolly.—

Ludw. 76.—Blackw. 17.—Matth. 685, ccp. in Dod. 23, which repr. in Lob obf. 433. 2; ic. i. 752. 1, Ger. em. 1096. 1, Park. 98. 1, and H. cx. vi. 1. row 2. 1; and also in Ger. 937. 2, and

* Linnæus has written ternis, but it fhould have been tribus.

and imitated in Trag. 335, Ger. 937. 1, and Pet. 20. 1.—J. B. iii. a. 168.—Gmel. ii. 63.

Receptacle hairy. LINN.—Leaves cottony on both fides, green above, white and fhining underneath, the upper with 3 clefts, or fimple, fitting, bluntly fpear-fhaped. Empal. fcales bluntly eggfhaped, green, and cottony at the back, the edges membranaccous. Receptacle down as long as the florets. Mr. WOODWARD.— Stems fcored, whitifh with very flort down. Leaves filky and very foft; fegments blunt, and the lower ou long flat leaf-ftalks. Spikes upright. Flowers turned downwards. WITH.—Leaves dark green on the upper, but white on the under furface. Blofs. brownifh white.

Wormwood .- Road fides, rocky places, and on rubbish. P. Aug.

The leaves and flowers are very bitter; the roots are warm and aromatic. A confiderable quantity of effential oil rifes from it in distillation. This oil is used both externally and internally to deftroy worms .- The leaves, put into four beer, foon deftroy the acefcency.-They relift putrefaction, and are therefore a principal ingredient in antifeptic fomentations. An infusion of them is a good ftomachic, and with the addition of fixed alkaline falt, a powerful diuretic in fome dropfical cafes.—The afhes afford a more pure alkaline fait than most other vegetables, excepting Beanstalks. Broom, and the larger trees.-In the Aman. Acad. v. 2. p. 160, Linnæus mentions two cafes, wherein an elsence prepared from this plant, and taken for a confiderable time, prevented the formation of ftones in the kidneys or bladder; the patients forbearing the use of wine and acids. It will, like other bitters, weaken the action of the nervous fystem, but in these instances no fuch effect took place .- An infufion of it given to a woman that fuckles, makes her milk bitter.-It gives a bitternels to the flefh of Sheep that eat it.

Horfes and Goats are not fond of it. Cows and Swine refufe it. LINN.—Turkeys are fond of it. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—A Horfe eatit.

The plant fteeped in boiling water, and repeatedly applied to a bruife, will remove the pain in a fhort time, and prevent the fwelling and difcoloration of the part. Sr.

ARTEMIS'IA vulga'ris. Leaves with winged clefts, Mugwort flat, cut, cottony underneath. Bunches fimple, bowed backwards. Florets of the circumference 5.—

Ludw. 153.—Blackw. 431.—H. ox. vi. 1. row 2. 2, f. 3.— Matth. 848, cop. in Dod. 33. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 441. 1; ic. i. 764. 2, Ger. em. 1103. 1, and cop. in Park. 90, and 91. 2.—Ger. 945. 1. 2.—Fuchf. 44, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 184. 3, and imitated in Trag. 344.—Lonic. i. 151. 1.

3M4

Receptacle

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

Receptacle naked. LINN.—Stem angular, fcored, often red, downy above. Leaves above, green and flightly cottony; underneath white with thick cotton; wings oval-fpear-fhaped, deeply ferrated, almost lobed, the terminating one large, with 3 lobes. *Empal.* fcales extremely woolly; edges not membranaceous. Florets longer than the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems afcending, branched, fcored, reddifh purple. Leaves dark green and fmooth above, cottony and whitifh underneath. Fruit-ftalks alternate, from the bofom of the leaves. Bloffom purplifh. WITH.

Mugwort .- Borders of fields, ditch banks, and on rubbifh.

P. Aug. In fome countries it is ufed as a culinary aromatic.—A decoction of it is taken by the common people to cure the Ague.

The Chinele make use of it in healing wounds, applying the fresh plant bruised. OSBECK i. 394.—A dram of the leaves powdered, was given four times a day, by Dr. Home, to a woman who had been affected with hysteric fits for many years. The fits ceased in a few days. In this patient Affascetida and Æther had been given to no purpose.

Sheep and Swine refuse it. Neither Horses, Cows, or Goats are fond of it. LINN.

The Aphis Abfinthii, and the Fhalæna Gamma, live upon the feveral fpecies.

* * * Leaves fimple.

bluish ARTEMIS'IA carules' cens. Stem-leaves fpearfhaped, entire; root-leaves with many clefts. Flowers with only pointals, 3.—

H. ox. vi. 1. 5.—Dod. 26. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 441. 2; ic. i. 765. 2, Ger. em. 1104. 3.—Matth. 687, ill cop. in Ger. 946.

Leaves woolly on both fides. Flowers cylindrical, nodding. Florets of the circumference 3. Hence its very clofe affinity to A. maritima, from which however it differs totally in its leaves. LINN. Sea florets. Near Bofton in Lincolnfhire. P. Aug.

1026. GNAPHA-

1026. GNAPHAL'IUM. Cudweed.

EMPAL. common, roundifh; tiled. Scales egg-fhaped; approaching; the upper more flexible.

BLOSS. compound. Florets with Chives and Pointals, tubular; fometimes mixed with the other florets, without either chives or petals.

Individuals with Chives and Fointals funnel-fhaped. Border with 5 clefts; reflected.

Individual's with only Pointals, without petals.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud where there are chives and pointals egg-fhaped. Shaft; thread-fhaped, as long as the chives. Summit cloven.

Seed-bud, where there are only pointals, egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the other. Summit cloven; reflected.

S. VESS. none. Cup permanent; fhining.

SEEDS in all the florets folitary; oblong; fmall; crowned with a Feather.

RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather downy. Empalement tiled; the fcales at the edge of the empalement rounded; fkinny; coloured.

OBS. In fome fpecies the Feather is hair-like; in others downy. In one fpecies the Chives and Pointals are on diffinct plants.

* Herbaceous, Goldilocks.

GNAPHAL'IUM lu'teo-album. Herbaceous. Leaves Jerfey fword-fhaped; half embracing the ftem; ferpentine at the edge; blunt; downy on both furfaces. Flowers crowded clofe together.—

Fluk. 31. 6.—Barr. 367.—J. B. iii. a. 160. 2, cop. in Pet. 18. 5.—Ger. 522. 3.—Cluf. i. 329. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 643. 13, and cop. in Park. 686. 6, and H. ox. vii. 11. row 2. f. 3d.— Lob. ic. i. 485. 2, cop. in Park. 688. 9.

Plant very woolly. Empalement yellowifh, white, foft; fcales egg-fpear-fhaped. Florets with only Pointals in the circumference numerous. LINN.—Florets of the circumference with only pointals; in the centre a few with chives and pointals. HALL.

Chry focome

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Chrysocome Galeni. Ger. 522.—Gnaphalium oblongo folio. Ger. em. 643.—Gnaphalium supinum oblongo folio. Park. 686.—Helichrysum seu Chrysocome annua sylvestris capitulis minoribus conglobatis. H. ox. III. p. 88. n. 20. ST.

Everlasting. Live-for-ever.

Dry banks and walls in the Island of Jersey, very common. R. fyn.-Sea coast of Wales. GER. em.-West sea coasts. PARK.

A. July. Aug.

A Horfe refused it. ST.

** Herbacevus, Silverlocks.

American

GNAPHAL'IUM america'num. Herbaceous. Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, tapering; alternate. Stem branched towards the top. Flowers in level broad-topped fpikes.—

Munt. 614. 170.—Cluf. i. 327. 3, repr. in Ger. em. 641. 8, and cop. in Pet. 18. 3.—7. B. iii. a. 162. 2.—Park. par. 373. 3.

Florets with chives and pointals, and a few with only pointals. HALL.—Stem extremely cottony, white. Leaves numerous, ftrapfpear-fhaped, long, fitting, growing without order, very entire, dark green and naked above, underneath greenifh white, with a thick cotton. Flowering-branches with numerous crouded heads at the end on fhort branched cottony fruit-ftalks, with a middle one fitting. Empalement bluntly egg-fhaped, white, not cottony. Feather fimple, fitting, as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD. Meadows, paftures, and banks of rivers. P. Aug.

Cai'sfoot

GNAPHAL'IUM dioi'cum. Runners trailing. Stem undivided. Flowers in a fimple broad-topped fpike. Chives and pointals on diffinct plants.--

barren

LINN. Plant with barren flowers. ST.—Dod. 63. 1. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 483. 1. 2, and Ger. em. 640. 4 and 5.

fertile

L1NN. Plant with fertile flowers. — Lightf. 20. 1. at p. 471.— Ludw. 163.—Chuf. i. 330. 1, repr. in Dod. 68. 3, Lob. ic. i. 433. 3, Ger. em. 641. 6, and cop. in Park. 690. f. 5, and Pet. 18. 4.—Fuchf. 606, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 162. 3, and imitated in Lonic. i. 95. 2.—H. ox. vii. 11. row 3. f. 2.—Trag. 332. —Garid. 30. at p. 168.—Gcr. 516. 4, 5, 6.—Lob. adv. 202. 2, cop. in ic. i. 432. 2.

In the barren plants the heads almost globular; in the fertile ones nearly cylindrical. LINN.—The flowers with chives and pointals should feem to be unfruitful. HALL.—In my specimens of the flowers withonly pointals the seds are imperfect, and in those with chives and pointals there are none. I believe it is rarely that ripe feeds are produced at all, as is the cafe with many plants which creep at

the

the root. Root woody, brown, with a few ftiff fibres. Runners feveral, creeping, leafy, from the crown of the root. Root-leaves in a thick tuft, oval at the end, tapering below into a long leafftalk, green and flightly hairy above, underneath white with a thick cotton; flem-leaves numerous, firap-fhaped, half embracing the ftem, green above, white and cottony underneath. Stems upright, fimple, 3 to 7 inches high, white, cottony. Heads 3 to 8, on fhort fruit-ftalks. Empal. fcales blunt, the outer fhort, green, cottony; the inner widening upwards, long, fmooth, fhining, white, frequently tinged with purple; in the barren plants fhorter. Seeds fhort; feather fitting, with fimple rays, that of the fertile plants longer than the empalement; that of the barren plants not exceeding the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.---Bleffom white, purple, reddifh.

Cat'sfoot.—Dry mountainous paftures in the North of England, Wales and Cornwall, and on Newmarket Heath not far from Bottefham Beacon. [Canham Heath near Bury, Swaffham Heath, Stratton Heath, Norfolk. Mr. PITCHFORD.] P. May. June. Horfes, Sheep, and Swine eat it. Cows and Goats refufe it.

*** Refembling the Filago's.

GNAPHAL'IUM fylvat'icum. Stem herbaceous, upright undivided, upright. Flowers scattered.—

Matth. 1194, imitated in Ger. 515. 1, which cop. in Ger. em. 639. 1, and abridged in H. ox. vii. 11. 1.—Lob. adv. 202. 1, repr. in ic. i. 482. 3, G. angl. and improved in Pet. 18. 6.—J. B. iii. a. 160. 1.—Fl. dan. 254.*—Scop. 56, at ii. p. 151.

Flowers with only pointals numerous; flowers with clives and pointals 4 or 5. HALL.—Leaves green and hairy above, white and cottony underneath; root-leaves long, ftrap-fpear-fhaped, very narrow, in open ground forming a thick tuft; flem-leaves ftrap-fhaped, embracing the flem, numerous. Stem In woods frequently folitary, 12 to 13 inches high, in open ground feveral from one root, fhorter, often at first declining, but very foon afcending. Flowers in a long bunch. Flower-flaks very fhort, lateral, from the bofom of the leaves, with from 1 to 5 or more flowers, the lowermost fomewhat diftant, the upper crowded. Flower-leaves fimilar to, but fmaller than the flem-leaves. Heads very finall. Empalement bluntly oval, greenish at the bafe, yellowish brown upwards, fmooth, with fhining edges; the outer flort, the inner as long as the florets. Seeds minute; feather fitting, as long as the empalement; rays

* Much too large, Leaves too broad and fpear-fhaped. Mr. Woodw, Sr.

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rays fimple. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem fometimes only 3 inches high. Florets with chives and pointals 3. Feather hair-like. ST. —Leaves narrow, fharp, downy underneath. Cups white, fhining. Bloffom yellowifh.

Paftures and woods in a fandy foil.—Rough paftures near Fladbury, Worcefterfhire. NASH.—[On the great Ifland in Winandermere. Armingdale Wood near Norwich. Mr. WOODWARD. —Sandy heath a mile from Shiffnall on the road to Wolverhampton. Banks of the canal in the parifh of Cofeley, Warwickfh. ST.]

B. Aug.

Goats eat it.

dwarf GNAPHAL'IUM *fupi'num*. Stem herbaceous, undivided, trailing. Flowers fcattered.—

> Lightf. 20. 2. at p. 471.—Scop. 57. at ii. p. 152.—Bocc. rar. 20. 1. at p. 41, is referred to by Haller — (Lob. obf. 256. 1, repr. in ic. i. 484. 2, more refembles my specimens of Filago Leontopodium.)

Florets with moftly pointals, but a few in the centre of the difc with chives and pointals.LIGHTF.—Root-leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, flightly hairy above, underneath cottony, and greenifh white, one half to three quarters of an inch long, in tufts; *flem-leaves* fitting, narrower and longer. Stem one and a half to three inches high. *Heads* 3 and 4, much larger than thofe of G. *fylvaticum*, alternate, either fitting, or on fhort cottony fruit-ftalks, from the bofom of the upper leaves, which are not longer than the heads. *Empal.* fcales fpear-fhaped, with a green longitudinal line at the bafe; the tips and edges fhining, of a brownifh yellow. Seeds elliptical; *feather* fitting, rays fimple, as long as the florets and longer than the empalement. Specimen from Dr. Smith gathered on Ben Lomond. Mr. WOODWARD.

Gnaphalium alpinum? LIGHTFOOT.

Dry mountainous paftures and meadows. At the foot of a hill 5 miles from Fort George, on the Weft fide of the road to Aberdeen. Tops of the Highland Mountains not unfrequent. [On the top of Ben Lomond. Dr. SMITH.] P. July. Aug.

Ulack-headed

GNAPHAL'IUM uligino'fum. Stem herbaceous, branched, fpreading. Flowers crowded, terminating.— Fl. dan. 859.—H. cx. vii. 11. 14. f. 4, right hand branch good.— Dod. 66. 3, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 481. 1, Ger. em. 639. 2, and cop. in Park. 686. 4.—Pet. 18. 7.—Ger. 515.

Stem 3 to 9 inches high or more, upright, with a thick white cotton, much branched; branches fpreading, more cottony and thicker

thicker towards the end, the lower often trailing, cloathed with numerous leaves, particularly towards the end, and thefe thickeft and most cottony. Leaves elliptical, tapering into a long leaf-stalk, flightly cottony and greenish above, more cottony and whitish underneath. Flowers nearly fitting. Empal. fcales fpear-fhaped, fmooth, brown, fhining, when in feed blackifh, almost hid in the cotton. Feather fitting, with fimple rays, as long as the empalement. Mr. WOODWARD.-Whole plant, particularly the bafe of the cups and fruit-stalks, covered with a cottony fubstance. Leaves strap-shaped. Flowers globular. Empalement fhining, yellowifh-brown-green ; fcales fkinny, inner ones oblong. Feather as long as the floret, not downy. WITH .- Empalement brown or black. Blos. yellowish.

In watery places, efpecially where ftagnant water has ftood during the winter. A. Aug.

Cows and Goats refuse it.

GNAPHAL'IUM gal'licum. Stem herbaceous, grafs-leaved forked, upright. Flowers awl-fhaped, from the bofom of the leaves. Leaves thread-shaped. Hups. ST.

Pluk. 298. 3, cop. in Pet. 18. 12.- (H. ox. vii. 11. 14. f. 4, is G. uliginofum.)

Leaves fomewhat cottony, but fmooth, not hairy. LINN .---Florets with chives, and florets with pointals. HALL .- Whole plant cottony, but the cotton fhorter than either that of the germa-. nicum or montanum. Stem much branched. Leaves awl-fhaped, half embracing the stem, about an inch long. Mr. WOODWARD,

Filago gallica. LINN.

Gravelly corn fields. In fandy ground about Caftle Haveningham, Effex. [Heaths, Derbyshire. Mr. WOODWARD.]

GNAPHAL'IUM monta'num. Stem herbaceous, least fomewhat forked. Flowers conical, from the bofom of the leaves, and terminating. HUDS. ST. Notes Sept. 9, 1777.—Seeds of the circumference without a feather. Sr.*

Pet. 18. 11.-H. ox. vii. 11. 3. a.-Ger. 517. 8.-Lob. ic. i. 481. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 641. 9, and cop. in 7. B. iii. a. 159. and H. ox. vii. 11. 3. b.

Stem much branched, cottony. Leaves fpear-fhaped, fitting, preffed to the ftem, cottony, 3 or 4 lines long. Mr. WOODW .--Stems upright or spreading, 2 to 6 inches high. Leaves preffed to. Heads roundifh, fometimes from the fides, with from 3 to 5 flowers. Flowers pyramidal, 5 cornered, fitting or on very fhort fruit-

* Seminibus radialibus nudis. Sr.

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

fruit-falks. Florets with chives and pointals 4, in the very centre, fertile; with pointals about 15 in the dife and 4 or 5 in the circumference lying within the feales of the common empalement, all fertile. Tips of the florets with chives and pointals 4, with 2 briftles at the bafe. Blofs. clefts 4. Seeds of all the florets of the centre fprinkled with very flort glandular hairs, crowned with a feather; those of the florets of the circumference very funooth and without a feather. Feather hair-like. Hence it appears that one. fpecies at leaft of Linnæus's Filago belongs to the Polygamia Superfua clafs, according in ftructure as well as habit with the Gaaplaliums. ST.—Leaves numerous, cottony. Blofs. yellowifh brown.

Tilago montana. LINN.

Sandy meadows and paftures. A. July. Aug. Sheep eat it. Goats and Cows refufe it.

common

GNAPHAL'IUM german'icum. Stem herbaceous, upright, branched. Panicle forked. Heads rounded, from the bofom of the leaves and terminating. HUDS. ST. Notes Sept. 2, 1777.—Heads globular. LINN. ST.

Sheldr. 92.—Park. 685. 3, cop. in Pet. 18. 10.—Fuchf. 222, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 153, and imitated in Lonic. i. 174. 3.—Matth. 861.—Dod. 66. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 255. 1; ic. i. 480. 2, Ger. em. 642. 10, abridged in H. cx. vii. 11. 10, and Pet. 18. 9.—Ger. 517. 9.

Empalement 5-cornered. Florets with pointals not within the common empalement, but between the fcales of the empalement. LINN .--Seeds with a feather. REICH. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fometimes upright, undivided, and the flewers which are in the bofom of the leaves fitting. Hups .- Stems feveral, the central one thickeft and talleft, leafy. Lcaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fitting, waved, cottony. Mr. WOODWARD .- Eranches horizontal, mostly 2 and fometimes 3 from below the head terminating the ftem, each terminated by fimilar heads, from the bafe of which other branches proceed, fubdividing feveral times fo as to appear forked. Flowers 5-cornered. Florets of 3 kinds. FLORETS OF THE CENTRE OF THE DISC 2 or 3, with chives and pointals, tubular; border with 4 clefts. Seed-bud with a feather. FLORETS OF THE SIDES OF THE DISC numerous, with only pointals; border with 4 clefts, upright; fecds fertile, with a feather. FLORETS BETWEEN THE OUTER SCALES OF THE EMPALEMENT. Seeds oblong. LEERS. ST .- Stems upright. branched at the top. Branches lateral, fcattered, expanding, fimple, or forked, rifing above the ftem. Howers conical, fitting, yellowish brown. Heads folitary, furrounded with scattered leaves. Eloffom of the central florets cylindrical.

drical, whitifh; mouth with 4 teeth bent back, yellowifh; that of the florets of the centre white; mouth with 4 teeth upright, with globular points. Chives 4. Tips with 2 briftles at the bafe fimilar to thofe in Inula. Seeds of the florets of the centre and difc oblong, compreffed, greenifh brown, befet with white pellucid glands, crowned with a feather; thofe within the outer fcales of the empalement abortive. ST.—Empal. outer fcales very woolly; the inner fkinny, fpearfhaped, ending in long taper points. Bloffem yellowifh. Seed-buds in all the florets rough, and crowned with a feather. WITH.— Empalement 5-cornered; fcales gloffy and fharp. Bloffom brown.

Gnaphalium caule creeto, Sc. LINN. fl. lapp. and fl. fuec. ed. i. -Filago fyramidata. Fl. fuec. ed. ii.-Filago germanica. LINN. fp. pl. and fyft. veg.

Cudweed. Chafeweed.

Barren meadows and paftures, and road fides. A. July. Aug. It is given to cattle that have the bloody flux; and hath been tried with fuccefs in fimilar complaints of the human body.

A Horfe eat it. Sr.

1030. CONY'ZA.

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

1030. CONY'ZA. Plowman's-wort.*

- EMPAL. common, tiled; oblong; fcurfy. Scales fharp; the outer a little expanded.
- BLOSS. compound, tubular. Florets with Chives and Pointals numerous; tubular; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals without petals; roundifh; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped. Border with 5 clefts; open.

Individuals with only Pointals, funnel-fhaped. Border cloven into 3 fegments.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud where there are chives and pointals oblong. Shaft as long as the chives; thread-fhaped. Summit cloven.

Seed-bud where there are only pointals oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long, but more flender than the other. Summits 2; very flender.

S. VESS. none; the cup clofing.

SEEDS in all the florets folitary; oblong. Feather fimple. RECEPT. naked; flat.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather simple. Empalement tiled; roundifh. Blossons of the circumference with 3 clefts.

Spikenard CONY'ZA fguarro'fa. Leaves fpear-fhaped, pointed. Stem herbaceous. Flowers in a broad-topped fpike. Empal. fcurfy.--

> Blackw. 102.—7. B. ii. 1051. 2, in feed.—Matth. 870, cop. in Cluf. ii. 21. 2, which repr. in Dod. 51. 2, Lob. obf. 308. 3, ic. i. 574. 1, Ger. em. 792, and cop. in Park. 114, and Pet. 18. 1, and abridged in H. ox. vii. 19. 23, in feed.—Fl. dan. 622.

Stems a foot high, upright, panieled above, purplifh, with a white weollinefs. Eranches ftraight. Leaves egg-oblong, terminating in leaf-ftalks, wrinkled, ferrated, expanding, bowed back. Flowers terminating, ftraight. LINN. hert. upf.—Stem 2 to 3 feet high and more, firm, fomewhat angular, fcored, downy. Leaves bluntly

^{* *} The name Spikenard fhould be referved for the generic name, when the true Spikenard fhall be difcovered. Sr.

bluntly oval-fpear-fhaped, irregularly ferrated, woolly on both fides, decreafing in fize upwards, those at the bale of the flowering branches spear-shaped, or ftrap-spear-shaped, scarce perceptibly ferrated. Flowers numerous. Fruit-stalks fhort, woolly. Horalleaves spear-shaped, small, I on each fruit-stalk. Empal. scales ftrap-fpear-fhaped, numerous, the lower green, the upper yellowish, the points green and expanding. Seeds small, blackish, furrowed; feather fitting, as long as the empal. Mr. WOODW .--Stem nearly cylindrical, reddifh, rough with fhort woolly hairs. Leaves wooily underneath, and hairy above. Empal. fcales purplifh at the edge, with very fhort woolly hairs on the outfide. Bloss. yellow: florets without pointals in the circumference with petals; individuals with only pointals flightly cloven into 3, have at first fight the appearance of a funnel-shaped floret, but are really more of the nature of a ftrap-fhaped floret. WITH. -Bloffom dufky purple, or yellowifh.

Great Flea-banc. Plowman's Spikenard.

Mountainous meadows and paftures, and road fides in a calcareous foil. [Woods in Norfolk in a clayey foil, very common. Dr. SMITH.] B. July. Aug.

3 N

1031. ERIG'ERON.

1031. ERIG'ERON. Flea-bane.

EMPAL. common, oblong; cylindrical; tiled. Scales awlfhaped; upright; gradually longer; nearly equal.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets that have both Chives and Pointals tubular; in the centre. Florets that have only Pointals narrow; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals funnel-fhaped. Border with 5 clefts.

Individuals with only Pointals narrow; between firap and awl-fhaped; upright; generally very entire.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud where there are chives and pointals very fmall; crowned with a feather longer than its blofs. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the feather. Summits 2; oblong; rolled back.

Seed-bud where there are only pointals very fmall; crowned with a feather; nearly as long as its bloffom. Shaft hair-like; as long as the feather. Summits 2; very flender.

S. VESS. none. Cup clofing.

SEEDS in all the florets oblong; fmall. Feather long. RECEPT. naked; flat.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather hairy. Blofs. rays flrap-fhaped; very narrow.

OBS. There are fometimes florets in the central part that have only chives and no pointals.

Canada

ERIG'ERON canaden'se. Stem and flowers panicled, rough with hair. Leaves spear-shaped, fringed.—

Becc. rar. 46. at p. 86, cop. in H. ox. vii. 20. 29, and Pet. 16. 12.--Zanon. 23. 1.

Stem firm, frequently crocked, much branched towards the top. Leaves, the lower oval, tapering into a leaf-ftalk; thofe above fpear-fhaped, with diffant ferratures, flightly hairy above, more fo underneath; thofe at the bafe of, and on the branches, ftrap-fpearfhaped, very entire, fitting. Flowers numerous. Fruit-ftalks flender, branched and fimple. Empal. outer fcales flort, the inner longer, ftrap-fhaped, with a green line along the back, whitifh and membranaceous at the edge. Florets very fmall. Seeds minute. Feather fitting, fimple, as long as the florets. Mr. WOODWARD.—Florets

in

in the centre yellow; those in the circumference white, with a tinge of red.

Cultivated ground and on rubbifh. About London, common. A. Aug.

ERIG'ERON a'cre. Fruit-stalks alternate, with I blue flower. LINN.-- to 3 flowers. ST.*

Curt. i. 5.—J. B. ii. 1043. 2.—Dod. 641. 4, repr. in Ger. em. 484. 10, and cop. in Park. 126. 6, and Pet. 16. 4.—Col. ecphr. ii. 26. 2.—H. ox. vii. 20. 25, ill done.

Stem fometimes much branched. CURT. ST.—Stems 6 to 18 inches high, fomewhat angular, hairy, often purple. Leaves, the lower oval, tapering down into a leaf.ftalk; the upper fpearfhaped, the uppermoft ftrap-fhaped, hairy on both lides, but moftly at the edge, very entire, often waved at the edge. Empal. fcales unequal, awl-fhaped, hairy. Florets of the circumference purple, a little longer than those of the centre; florets of the centre yellow. Feather fitting, fimple, yellow, as long as the florets. Mr. Woodw.—Stem undivided, near 2 feet high, hairy. Leaves spear-fhaped, alternate, fitting, hairy. Fruit-ftalks about one inch and a half long. Florets of the circumference few, of a fine purple. WITH.

Very dry meadows and paftures in a calcareous foil. [Narford, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] B. July.—Sept.

The Germans take a decoction of it to attenuate vifcid phlegin. Cows and Goats refufe it.

* Pedunculis 1-3-floris.

3 N 2

1032. TUSSILA'GO.

1032. TUSSILA'GO. Colt's-foot.

EMPAL common, cylindrical. Scales fpear-fhaped; narrow; equal; 15 or 20.

BLOSS. compound, various. Florets with Chives and Pointals in fome fpecies all tubular, in others only tubular in the centre.

Florets with only Pointals in fome fpecies narrow; in others entirely wanting.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals funnel-fhaped. Border with 4 or 5 clefts; fharp; reflected; longer than the empalement.

Individuals with only Pointals, either none at all; or very narrow; entire; longer than the empalement.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud where there are chives and pointals fhort. Shaft thread-fhaped; longer than the chives. Summit thickifh.

Seed-bud where there are only pointals fhort. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the other. Summit thickifh; cloven.

S. VESS. none. Cup but little changed.

SEEDS in all the florets folitary; oblong; compreffed. Feather hairy; ftanding on a pillar.

RECEPT. naked.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather Simple. Empal. feales equal; as long as the dife; fomewhat membranaceous.

 O_{BS} . In *T. hybrida* and *Petafites* there are no narrow florets in the circumference, but there are florets with only pointals, without bloffoms. The *T. Farfara* has always narrow florets in the circumference, furnifhed only with pointals.

common

TUSSILA'GO Far'fara. Stalk tiled, with 1 flower. Leaves fomewhat heart-fhaped, angular, finely toothed.

Curt. ii. 13.—Walc.—Ludw. 50.—Blackw. 204.—Fl. dan. 595. —H. cx. vii. 12. row 1. 1. f. 1.—Dod. 596. 1 and 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 320. 1 and 2; ic. i. 589. 1 and 2, Ger. em. 811, and cop. in Ger. 666, Park. 1220, and Pet. 17. 8 and 7.— Fuchf. 140, cop. in J. B. iii. b. 563. 3, and Trag. 418.— Matth. 844, ftalks ill dene.—Lenic. i. 226. 2.

Flowers

Flowers with rays. Florets of the circumference very entire. Feather fitting. LEERS. ST .- Root creeping. Leaves appearing as the flowers are going off, with feveral blunt lobes, fharply toothed, green above with reddifh veins, white and cottony underneath, the cotton eafily rubbing off. Leaf-flalks long, reddifh brown. Stalks numerous, folitary or in clufters, 3 to 5 inches high, lengthening after flowering, cottony, clothed with fpear-fhaped fcales embracing the stalk, of a green mixed with brown. Flowers while in bloffom upright, after flowering hanging down, but when the feather of the feeds expand becoming upright again. Empal. fcales ftrap-fhaped, reddifh brown. Bloffont yellow. Florets of the circumference very narrow, in 2 or 3 rows, as long as the empalement, expanding. Horets of the centre tubular, fwelling upwards; clefts 5, fpear-fhaped, bent back. Summit before the tips have discharged their dust covered by them, club-shaped and simple, but afterwards lengthened beyond them. Feather fitting, longer than the empalement. Mr. WOODW .- Stalks with a thin whitifh cotton, and fprinkled with numerous blackifh brown, upright, club-fhaped hairs. Summit of the florets with chives and pointals knobbed, oblong, flefhy, fomewhat lopped, flightly cloven at the end; of the florets with only pointals cloven, upright, not thicker than the thaft. Seeds of the florets with chives and pointals barren, empty, fhorter; those of the florets with only pointals fertile. I give the above only as the refult of my own examinations, not afferting it to be uniformly fo. But the analogy between the ftructure of the fummits, and those of the order Polygamia necessaria, induce me to believe the barrennefs of the florets with chives and pointals to be the confequence of the ftructure of the fummit. ST .- Stalks and empalement befet with very fine fhort hairs, terminating in globular heads. Scales on the ftalk tinged with brownish pink. Receptacle dotted, with a very fmall white fubftance at the bottom of each hollow dot. WITH.

Colt's-foot .- Pastures and moistifh places, in moist, stiff, clayey foil, and on limeftone rubbish. P. March. April.

The downy fubstance on the under furface of the leaves, wrapped in a rag, dipped in a folution of Saltpetre, and dried in the fun, makes the best tinder .- The leaves are the basis of the British Herb Tobacco .- They are fomewhat auftere, bitterifh, and mucilaginous to the tafte .- They were formerly much used in coughs and confumptive complaints; and perhaps not without reafon, for Dr. CULLEN has found them to do confiderable fervice in fcrophulous cafes; he gives a decoction of the dried leaves, and finds it fucceed where fea-water has failed. Cullen's Mat. Med. p. 458 .- And FULLER relates a cafe of a girl, with twelve fcrophulous 3 N 3 fores.

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SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

fores, who was cured by drinking daily as much as fhe could, for above four months, of a decoction of the leaves made fo ftrong as to be fweetifh and glutinous. *Med. Gymn. p.* gr.

Goats and Sheep eat it. Cows are fond of it. Horfes and Swine refule it. LINN.—A Horfe eat it. ST.

long-flalked

TUSSILA'GO hyltrida. Panicle oblong. Flowers with only pointals numerous, without bloffoms.—

Dill. elth. 230. 297.

Flerets tubular, with chives and pointals, and with only pointals. LINN .- Feather fitting. LEERS .- Leaves exactly like those of T. Petafites. Stalk I to 2 feet high, with numerous fcales embracing the stalk, like those of T. Petafites. Fruit-stalks branched, woolly, with feveral flowers. Flowers fmaller than those of T. Petafites. Empalement bellying, flightly cottony; fcales nearly equal, pale green, purplifh at the points and edges. Florets with only pointals numerous, white, flightly and irregularly cloven into 5 or 4 fegments closely embracing the fhaft. Florets with chives and pointals usually 1, fometimes 2 in the centre, but frequently wanting; purplifh without, white within; the tube narrow, fwelling upwards, and divided into 5 equal, bluntly fpear-fhaped, expanding fegments. Tips purple, thorter than the bloffom. Shaft longer than the bloffom. Summit flightly cloven, where there are chives and pointals club-fhaped, where only pointals flender. Described from a growing plant, but not wild. Mr. WOODWARD .- Fanicle 6 inches long, tapering at the end. Fruit-falks in fome plants with only I flower, fcattered, horizontal, or expanding, thread-shaped, flexible, with fcales, 3 times as long as the flowers. Florets with chives and pointals 1, in the centre of the dife, funnel-fhaped, longer than the feather. Seeds in what I have examined, but they have been only dried fpecimens, generally abortive, never having found more than 1 fertile feed. ST .- (T. hybrida. RETZ. obf. i. 99, mait from the description of its leaves be a different plant. Mr. WOODWARD.)

Moift meadows. Near Loughborough, and other places in Leicefterfhire. [Near Banbury, Oxfordfhire. DILL. elth. p. 310. Mr. Woodward.] P. April.

Butterbur

TUSSILA'GO Petafites. Panicle egg-fhaped. Florets with only pointals few, LINN.—entirely wanting in cur plants. LEERS. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Curt. ii. 23.—Blackw. 222.—Fl. dan. 842.—Cluf. ii. 116. 1 and 2, repr. in Dod. 597, Lob. obf. 321. 2 and 3; ic. i. 591, Ger. em. 814, and cop. in Pet. 15. 12 and 11, and imitated in Ger, 668; the

668; the flowers cop. in H. cx. vii. 12. 1. f. 3; and the leaves in Park. 419. f. 3.—Fuchf. 645, cop. in J. B. iii. 566. 2, Trag. 415, and Lonic. i. 226. 1.—Matth. 845.

Leaves the largest of any of our native plants. Flowers appear before the leaves, as they do alfo in T. Farfara and most other fpring plants. LINN .- Florets with only pointals amongst those with chives and pointals, 2 or 3, fcarcely to be faid to have petals, ftrap-fhaped, white. LINN. THE SON .- Florets generally all with chives and pointals, but fometimes a few, as 5 or 6, with only pointals. with a cloven fummit. Seeds of the florets with only pointals perfect. HALL .- Feather fitting. LEERS .- Seeds altogether barren. CURT. ST. Notes May 21, 1777 .- Shaft thread-Inaped. Summit knobbed, fpear-oblong, the point cloven. Compare this with the obfervations on T. Farfara. The thick-headed club-like fummit I believe may be depended upon as a certain mark of barrennefs in the florets of the compound flowers of the Syngenefia clafs, and evinces the propriety of removing this genus to the order Polygamia neceffaria. How they are propagated, unlefs by lateral fhoots, I do not know, but this will not account for its general diffusion over the ifland, unlefs we fuppose that, in this country, as well as in Switzerland and Sweden, they fometimes produce a few florets with only pointals interfperfed among the reft. ST .- Stalk 8 to 12 inches high, with numerous fpear-fhaped fcales embracing the stalk. Florets all with chives and pointals and tubular; at the bafe narrow and greenish white; upwards swelling, and reddish without, and white within, deeply divided into 5 fpear-fhaped expanding fegments. Tips as long as the bloffom, purplifh. Duft yellow. Pointal white. Summit club-fhaped, downy, fhorter than the tips before they have discharged their dust, longer asterwards. Mr. WOODWARD.

Butterbur. Pestilent-wort.

Moift meadows and paftures, and banks of rivers. [In a meadow on the weft fide of Wellington, Shropfhire; and in Motherfea Brook near Stone, Staffordfhire. WITH.] P. Mar. Apr.

The roots abound with a refinous matter. They have a ftrong fmell and a bitterifh acrid tafte.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

Its large leaves afford fhelter from fhowers to poultry and other fmall animals, LINN.

3N4

1033. SENE'CIO.

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

1033. SENE'CIO. Groundfel.

EMPAL. common, double; conical; lopped. Scales awlfhaped; numerous; contiguous; equal; dead at the ends; parallel; contracted above into a cylinder; the bafe tiled by a few fcales.

BLOSS. compound, taller than the cup. Florets with Chives and Pointals tubular; numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, if any; narrow; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals funnel-fhaped. Border reflected; with 5 clefts.

Individuals with only Pointals, if any, oblong; with 3 imperfect teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fmall. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud in both forts of florets egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; oblong; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup clofing fo as to form a cone.

SEEDS in both forts of florets folitary; egg-fhaped. Feather hairy; long.

RECEPT. naked; flat.

ESS CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather fimple. Empalement cylindrical; with a leffer empalement at the bafe; fcales as it were dead at the point.

OBS. In fome fpecies the florets are ftrap-fhaped in the circumference; in others they are all tubular.

> * Flowers without strap-shaped florets. + S. viscofus, which see.

common

S E N E'C I O vulga'ris. Flowers not radiate. Leaves winged-indented, embracing the ftem. Flowers fcattered. Curt. i. 8.—Fl. dan. 513.—Blackw. 132.—Walc.—Trag. 285, imitated in Dod. 641. 2.—Matth. 1132.—Lonic. i. 96. 2.—Lob. obf. 112. 2, refr. in ic. i. 225. 2, Ger. em. 278: 1, and cop. in Park. 671, H. cx. vii. 17. 1, and Pet. 17. 5.—Ger. 217. 2. —Fuchf. 286.

Empal. fcales at the bafe fpear-fhaped, purplifh black for about one third of their length. Florets all with chives and pointals. WITH. Bloffoms yellow, terminating.

Erigerum.

Erizerum. GER. 217, delcr. GER. em. 278. ST. Groundsel. Simson.

Cultivated ground, rubbifh, and court yards. A. Apr.—Sept. A ftrong infution of the plant vomits.—The bruifed leaves are a good application to boils.—The feeds are very acceptable to Linnets and Gold-finches, when confined in cages.

Cows are not fond of it. Goats and Swine cat it. Horfes and Sheep refuse it. LINN.—A Horfe cat it. ST.

** Flowers with Arap-haped florets in the circumference rolled back.

SENE'CIO vifco'fus. Bloffoms in the circumference clammy rolled back. Leaves with winged clefts, clammy. Scales of the empalement loofe, as long as the cup.*—

In appearance and fize refembling the S. vulgaris, but clammy all over from hairs which fecrete a vifcid liquor. Leaves in mountainous fituations with a leprous fourf underneath. Fruit-flatks lateral, with 2 and 3 flowers. Empal. the feales at the bafe as long as the tube, as it were dead at the ends. LINN.—Rays fometimes wanting. HALL.—Stem taller and ftronger; leaves more divided; flowers larger; fruit-flatks longer, the upper forming a kind of broad-topped ipike; feeds longer, and more deeply furrowed; and the feather longer than in S. vulgaris. Mr. WOODWARD.—Eloffoms yellow.

Sandy ground. Fen banks in the Ifle of Ely. Wafte ground near towns and villages, as at Leven on the coaft of Fife, near the falt works, and at Dyfart near the pier, and at Charles Town, the lime-works of Lord Elgin. LIGHTFOOT.—King's Park, Edinburgh, Mr. YALDEN—[under the Salifbury Craggs. ST.] A. Aug. [and alfo in Dec. ST.]

SENE'CIO fylvat'icus. Bloffoms in the circumference bufny rolled back. Leaves with winged clefts, finely toothed. Stem branching into a broad-topped fpike, upright.—

* Bloffoms of the circumference rolled back. Leaves with winged clefts, finely toothed, mofily clammy. Stem upright, branching like a broad-topped fpike. HUDS. including S. fylvaticus as a variety, but no reafon for this opinion being offered, it fhould feem to be founded on Linnæus's conjecture in the Fl. fuec. ST.

Rupp. jen. Hall. 3. at p. 177.* — Dill. elth. 253. 337. — Dod. 641. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 226. 2, and Ger. em. 278. 2, and cop. in H. ox. vii. 17. 2, and Pet. 17. 6. — Fl. dan. 869, ill done, excepting the flowers. — Ger. 217. 1. — (Barr. 401, is more like S. vifcofus.)

Poffibly a var. of S. vi/cofus, being found only in burnt up woods, which was confirmed by feeds of it fown in the garden, unlefs the gardener committed a mistake, which I am much inclined to fuspect, and it is certainly worthy of notice that it is found in the province of Smoland, and other places where the S. viscofus has not been obferved. LINN .- Stem taller, and more firm, though flenderer than that of S. viscolus. Leaves narrower, and more finely divided, frequently clammy in a hot funny fituation, but not fo much fo as those of S. vi/cofus. Fruit-flatks much more branched. Flowers more numerous, much fmaller. Seeds fhorter and broader. Feather shorter, Mr. WOODWARD-strong-scented. Stem 2 to 3 feet high, with a fine woollinefs of fhort, tapering. zigzag hairs, brittle, branching from the bottom. Branches, the upper rifing nearly to the fame height. Leaves fomewhat woolly, with fcattered fhort hairs, tapering, but not tipped with glands. Frait-flalks fomewhat cottony. Empalement conical, fomewhat woolly; fcales at the bafe awl-fhaped, 2 to 3, dead at the ends, thrice as fmall as those of the empalement itself. Bloss. full yellow. Florets of the circumference fcarcely longer than those of the centre. Sr.-Leaves, edges rolled back. Empal. fcales at the bafe few, fhort, flender, fcarce fenfibly dead at the ends. Florets of the circumference rolled back, clofe up to the empalement. WITH.

Senecio vilcolus B Hubs.

Banks, and mounds of earth in dry upland foil, dry heaths, and fandy ditch banks. A. July.

Horfes eat it. WITH.

*** Flowers with strap-shaped florets in the circumference, expanding. Leaves with winged clefts.

houry

910

SENE'CIO erucifo'lius. Flowers with rays. Leaves with winged clefts, toothed, a little hairy. Stem upright. —When cultivated it loses its woollines.—

* The down on the leaves not expressed. HALL.

Curt.

Curt. v. 50,* but hairs on the stem instead of cotton .- Walc .- Pet. 17. 3. the stem with entire leaves I have never seen .- Barr. 153, more resembles S. Jacobæa.

Stem cottony. Leaves more rigid, hoary, fomewhat hairy; fegments narrower, fharper at the points. Empal. fcales reddifh, by no means black; scales at the base hairy, pressed to. POLLICH .--Stems numerous, 3 to 4 feet high, firm, cottony. Leaves hoary, but fometimes dark green above, and not hoary; fegments ftrapshaped, parallel, sharply toothed, terminating in a point; the mid-rib equal in breadth to the fegments. Flowering-branches forming a kind of broad-topped fpike. Fruit-flalks with feveral awlshaped flower-scales. Florets of the circumference spear-shaped, pale yellow. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fimple, dividing at the top into flowering-branches, ST. WITH .- befet with white fcattered cotton. Leaves fomewhat hairy underneath; hairs fhort, and thinly fprinkled on both fides with white fcattered cotton. Empal. fcales about 13, as it were dead and brown at the points; those at the bafe as fmall again, upright, or expanding. Florets of the circumference equal in number to the fcales of the empalement. Threads thickening towards the point into flatted fpear-egg-fhaped grains. St.-Stem angular, furrowed. Leaves fitting, hairy, particularly underneath; the lower rough to the touch; the upper lefs hairy; fegments ftrap-fhaped, and toothed at the ends. Empal. fcales not dead at the ends, but yellow and woolly, the outer ftrapthaped, flefhy, the inner the fame, but edged with a broad membranaceous border. WITH.

Senecio tenuifolius. JACQ. in fyst. veg. ed. xiv. p. 753. ST.

Woods and hedges. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July. Aug.

A Horfe eat it. ST.

SENE'CIO Jacola'a. Flowers with rays. Leaves Ragwort lyre-shaped, almost winged. Segments finely jagged. Stem upright .--

* This does not correspond with its most general appearance in the North. It does occur with us in this state, but it is but feldom, and feems to be a variety occasioned by a damper and more shady situation. Jacq. f. ili. 278, called S. tenuifolius, is a very exact representation of it, as it mostly appears with us. Mr. Woon .- The very excellent professor has inferted it as a new species in the Syst. veg. ed. xiv, but specimens from his fon convince me, that it is the fame plant with what we at leaft call S. erucifolius. The leaves I must add, however, of these specimens, are pinnatifida, not " pinnata," as in the Syst. veg. ST.

Matth.

Matth. 1133, abridged in Cluf. ii. 22, 1, which repr. in Dod. 642, Lob. obf. 113. 2; ic. i. 227. 1, Ger. em. 280. 1, and cop. in Park. 668. 1, and abridged again in Pet. 17. 1.—Fuchf. 742, cop. in J. B. ii. 1057. 1, and Trag. 287, and abridged in Lonic. i. 96. 3.—H. ox. vii. 18. 1.—Ger. 218. 1.

Stem 3 feet high, branched. Flowers in a broad-topped fpike. Fruit-flalks branched, cylindrical, fomewhat woolly, with a few fcales. Florets in the centre 60, in the circumference 13. RELHAN.—Stem cylindrical, fcored, generally fmooth, often tinged with purple. Leaves doubly wing-cleft; wings varioufly lobed, and toothed, and fometimes again wing-cleft. Bloffoms deep yellow. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem often thinly fprinkled with a fine cotton. Leaves wing-cleft, almoft winged; fegments wing-cleft; leffer fegments broader towards the end; with thin fpread cotton here and there. Empal. fcales 13, fometimes 15. Florets of the circumference 13. Threads towards the end thickening into flat eggfhaped glands, difappearing as foon or foon after the duft is fhed, rendering it probable that they are intended for the nourifhment of the duft. ST.—Fruit-flalks branched.

Rag-wert. Seggrum. St. James's Wert.

Meadows, pastures, and road fides.

P. July.

If this plant is gathered before the flowers open, and ufed frefh, it dyes wool of a full green, but the colour is apt to fade. If woollen cloth is boiled in alum-water, and then in a decoction of the flowers, it takes a beautiful deep yellow.

Horfes and Sheep refufe it. Cows are not fond of it. LINN.--Horfes and Cows eat it when young.

 β Flowers without rays. Is fo exceedingly like α that it cannot be confidered as a different fpecies. It is very common on the fand hills of Holland. LINN.

In great plenty in gravel on the fea fhore, about 3 or 4 miles from Drogheda, fcarcely one in a thousand being radiated. SHERARD in R. fyn.—Perhaps this variety is only the effect of the fea air, as it is well known how deftructive that is to the more tender parts of vegetables.

water

SENE'CIO aquat'icus. Flowers with rays. Leaves toothed, those at the root egg-fhaped, those of the flem with winged clefts; the outer fegment largeft. HUDS.

J. B. ii. 1057. 3, improved in Pet. 17. 2.—Fl. dan. 784. leaves more pointed than I have ever feen them.—Cluf. ii. 23. 1, repr. in Ger. cm. 280. 3, the flem-leaves cop. in Park. 668. 3, poffibly, though the lowermost leaves are heart-flaped.

Stem

Stem cottony, purplifh. Root-leaves on long leaf-stalks; stem-leaves fitting; the uppermost with winged clefts; wings toothed. Broadtopped spike of few flowers. RELHAN.-Leaves with winged clefts, with fome finall wings at the bafe, and a very large one eggshaped, scolloped, terminating, smooth. Fruit-stalks irregularly branching, with numerous awl-fhaped fcales. Haller fuppofes S. erucifolius, Jacobæa, and aquaticus, to be varieties of one species. The first is clearly distinct, and I believe the latter to be fo, but in order to put this matter out of doubt, the feeds of S. aquaticus fhould be fown in high and dry fituations, and those of S. Jacobæa in boggy or marshy ground. Mr. WOODWARD. ST .- Stem quite fmooth. Leaves quite fmooth; roct-leaves with the terminating leafit oblong. Empal. scales 15 to 21, dead as it were and brown at the points. Florets of the circumference about 21. Threads thickening towards the end into oblong glands. Sr.

Ditches and watery places, and moift meadows and pastures. P. July. Aug.

**** Flowers with Arap-shaped florets in the circumference, expanding. Leaves undivided.

SENE'CIO paludo's. Flowers with rays. Leaves Bird's-tongue fword-fhaped, fharply ferrated, a little woolly underneath. Stem quite straight .--

Fl. dan. 385.—Ger. 347, cop. in Ger. em. 483. 6, and Pet. 16. 8.—Thal. 3, cop. in 7. B. ii. 1063. 3, and Park. 1232.—H. ox. vii. 19. 22.

Leaves fometimes cottony on both fides. LINN .- Stem 2 to 5 feet high, fimple. Leaves very long, ftrap or fpear-fhaped, lofing their woolliness by age. Rundle fiat-topped. Flowers 2 inches broad. Empalement conglutinated. HALL.-Bloffom yellow.

Bird's-tongue.

Marshy ditches and their banks in the Isle of Ely, near Stretham Ferry, but not common. P. Aug.

SENE'CIO faracen'icus. Flowers in rays, in broad- broad-leaved topped spikes. Leaves spear-shaped, serrated, almost fmooth.-

Ger. 350.—Fuchf. 728, cop. in 7. B. ii. 1063. 2, Trag. 487, and Lonic. i. 241. 3 .- Dod. 141. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 159. 3; ic. i. 299. 2, Ger. em. 429, and cop. in Park. 539, with an addition of pods !- (Pet. 16. 7, is a copy of the figure of S. Doria in Dod. 141. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 158. 2, ic. i. 297. 2, Ger. em.

em. 431, and cop. in Park. 541. 1, and which is also figured in \mathcal{J} . B. ii. 1064. 1.)*

Diftinguishable by its appearance, broad leaves, fize, and root which creeps very much. LINN.—Stems numerous, 3 to 4 feet high, firm, folid, angular, fully cloathed with leaves. Leaves numerous, gradually diminishing upwards, the lower on leafftalks, the upper fitting, sharply and irregularly ferrated, but not minute, as those of S. Doria are described, the larger ferratures again ferrated, fmooth on both fides. Broad-topped spike immersed as it were in the upper-leaves, each branch dividing at the end into feveral short fruit-stalks, bearing 1 or more flowers. Floralleaves small, spear-stared. Empal. scales strap-shaped, smooth, green, membranaceous at the edge; those at the base awl-shaped, few, short, fringed with short hairs. Florets of the circumsference few, and sometimes wanting. Seeds black. Feather as long as the empalement. Specimens growing in my own garden. I have never feen a native one. Mr. WOODWARD.—Blosson

Moift meadows and paftures, and ditch banks. Between Wells and Glaftonbury, and near Shipton-mallet, and elfewhere in Somerfetfhire. Near Halifax, in the fields about Salkeld; R. fyn. —and about Clapham and Ingleton, Yorkfhire. Hups.—[Marfhy meadows near Perry Hill, between Hales-owen and Birmingham. Mr. BRUNTON, jun.] P. July. Aug.

The Phalana fuliginosa, Jacobæa, and pronuba, live upon the feveral fpecies.

* My fpecimen accords with the last cited figures, and also with the character and defcription of *S. Doria*, which I am induced to believe to be our plant. Petiver's authority being that of a practical botanist, has also confiderable weight. But as my specimen was gathered in a botanic garden, I only offer the above as a subject for examination to such botanists as may examine it in its native place of growth. ST.

1034. AS'TER.

1034 AS'TE.R. Star-wort.

EMPAL. common, tiled; the inner fcales flanding out at the points; the lower open.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, 10, or more; narrow; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped. Border with 5 clefts; open.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; fpear-fhaped; with 3 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, oblong. Shaft thread-fhaded; as long as the chives. Summit cloven-expanding.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, oblong. Shafts the fame as the other. Summits 2; oblong; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup but little changed.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; oblong or egg-fhaped. Feather hairy.

RECEPT. naked; flattifh.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Fcather simple. Bloss. rays more than 10. Empalement tiled; the lower scales open.

* Herbaceous. Leaves entire. Fruit-stalks naked.

AS'TER Tripo'lium. Leaves spear-shaped, very entire, fea fleshy, smooth. Branches even. Flowers in broad-topped spikes.—

Fl. dan. 615.—Gmel. ii. 80. 2.—J. B. ii. 1064. 2.—Ger. 333, ill cop. in Dod. 379, Lob. obf. 157. 4; ic. i. 296. 1, Ger. em. 413. 1, and cop. in Park. 674, and Pet. 17. 10.—Lob. obf. 158. 1, repr. in ic, i. 296. 2, Ger. em. 413. 2, and cop. in Pet. 17. 11.—H. ox. vii. 22. 36.

Florets in the centre yellow; in the circumference blue; BOT. ARR. ed. i.—fometimes, though rarely, white. RELHAN.—Stem. I to 3 feet high. Leaves flefhy. Flowering-branches from the bofom of the upper-leaves. Fruit-flatks branched. Empal. fcales in 2 or 3 unequal rows, fhort, egg-fhaped, fcored, green and brown, with reddifh brown tips. Florets of the circumference fpear or ftrap-fhaped, pointed, frequently cloven at the point, bright blue. Florets of the centre,

centre, deeply divided into spear-shaped fegments. Feather shorter than the bloffom. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stems feveral, fometimes folitary, I to 2 feet high, ftraight, cylindrical, gradually tapering, deeply fcored, fmooth, often reddifh, branching above, below covered with a fungous cellular rind. Branches, the upper rifing to the fame height, exceeding the ftem, the lower gradually fhorter, flightly compressed, deeply fcored. Leaves ftrap-fpearfhaped, pointed, alternate, half embracing the ftem, either bent down or expanding, edge fomewhat ferpentine, and befet with eminent points, the rudiments, as it were, of ferratures, thickifh, befet above with very fmall whitifh points, fmooth, even, almost veinless. Flowers with fomewhat of a fweetish fcent. Florets of the circumference 21 to 23, of a bluith lilac. Florets of the centre fewer, about 18. Seeds oblong, compressed, broader above; those with chives and pointals, fringed with feattered hairs : those with only pointals, hairy, only half as large. Sr.

Salt marfhes on the fea coaft, RAY, LIGHTF.—in a muddy foil. HUDS.—Sca fhores of Europe, and the falt lakes of Sibiria and Germany, LINN.—[and in falt marfhes in the inland parts of the kingdom, as in a falt marfh near Shirley Wich, Staffordihire; in a meadow between the Trent and the Canal. ST.] P. Aug. Sept.

Goats and Horfes eat it. Cows and Swine refuse it. Sheep are not fond of it. LINN.

May it not, when growing in an inland fituation, be depended on as a proof of the existence of falt springs? ST.

 β LIGHTF. ST. All the florets tubular. ST.

Pet. 17. 12.

About Briftol, frequent. RAY.

1035. SOLIDA'GO.

1035. SOLIDA'GO. Golden-rod.

EMPAL. common, oblong; tiled; fcales oblong; narrow; tapering; ftraight; approaching.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, tubular; numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, narrow; 5 to 10; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped : Border with 5 clefts; open.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; fpear-fhaped; with 3 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, oblong. Shaft as long as the chives; thread-fhaped. Summit cloven; expanding.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the other. Summits 2; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup but little changed.

SEEDS in all the florets; folitary; inverfely egg-fhapedoblong. Feather hair-like.

RECEPT. flat; naked.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather simple. Florets of the circumference about 5. Empal. scales tiled; closed.

SOLIDA'GO Virgau'rea. Stem fomewhat zigzag. common Bunches panicled, upright, crowded.—

a HALL.-Ludw. 150.-Fl. dan. 663.-J. B. ii. 1062. 3.-Sheldr. broad-leaved 63.-Blackw. 169.-Ger. 343. 2, cop. in Pet. 16. 10.-Dod.

142. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 159. 2, ic. i. 299. 1, Ger. em. 430. 2, and curtailed in H. ox. vii. 23. row 1. 4.

β HALL. Serratures of the leaves lefs diftinct. GMEL. Matth. 1006, fpikes excellent.—Dod. 142. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 159. 1, ic. i. 298. 2, Ger. em. 430. 1, cop. in Ger. 348. 1,

Pet. 16. 9, and ill cop. in H. ox. vii. 23. 20.—Garf. 627. Root-leaves ferrated. Stem-leaves fometimes ferrated, but moftly entire. LINN.—Stem frequently not more than a foot high on heaths, but in hedges and copfes 3 or 4: unbranched. Leaves, lower oval-fpear-fhaped, tapering into a leaf-ftalk, diftantly ferrated, but towards the point almost entire, rough, flightly hairy, dark green above, fea-green underneath, with a net-work of numerous veins; the upper alternate, nearly fitting, fpear-fhaped, Vol. II. 30 entire,

narrow leaved

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entire, or nearly fo. Flowering-branches from the bosom of the leaves, the lower fhorter, the upper longer than the leaves, with 6 to 8 flowers on branched fruit-stalks. Flower-scales 1 or 2 on each fruit-stalk. Emfal. scales unequal, spear-shaped, with a green line along the back, and whitifh, fhining, membrana-eous edges. Seeds brown, convex on one fide, flat on the other, hairy the whole length, nearly as long as the empalement. Mr. Woodw. -Stem, leaves, empalement, and tubular parts of the florets thick fet with very fhort, opaque, white, briftly hairs. Leaves diftantly ferrated. Empal. fcales a little fkinny at the edge, and within of a filvery white, the outer much fhorter. Florets of the centre, fegments bent back. Florets of the circumference 6 to 8, bent back. with 4 or 5 faint longitudinal fcores, and 3, and fometimes 4 teeth at the end. WITH .- Leaves egg-spear-shaped. Blos. yellow. Wound-wort .- Woods, hedges, and heaths. P. Aug.

Horfes, Cows, Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it.

3 Hubs. Leaves narrower, on long leaf-ftalks. Flowers larger. from the bofom of the leaves, crowded into a kind of fpike. RAY. In Ireland.

Welfh

SOLIDA'GO cambrica. Leaves fpear-fhaped, fomewhat ferrated, fomewhat hoary. Panicles like broadtopped fpikes; terminating, HUDS.—rather, lower-leaves wedge-oblong. Panicle conglobated. Sr.*

Did. elth. 306. 393 .- Pet. 16. 11. +

Howers conglobate. When cultivated rifes to a foot in height. RAY. ST.—Whether a diffinet fpecies, or a variety, must be left for further examination. LLUYD.—It feems to differ from S. virgaurea only in the flowers being larger, in a closer fpike, and the forets of the circumference broader. The leaves are more hairy, but this is frequently the cafe with dwarfifh and flunted plants. Dillenius alfo doubts whether it be diffinet, though the plant gathered by Mr. Lluyd preferved its appearance for feveral years, in the Eltham garden. My specimens afford no mark sufficient to form a specific difference. Mr. WOODWARD.

Paftures on the top of y Glyder Mountain, in Wales. LLUYD. --Mountains about Llanberys, and on those of Yorkshire and Westmoreland. HUDS.--Llyn y Cwyn, near Snowdon. PENN. Wales.--[On the rocky precipice on the fummit of Ingleborough, to the North-west. Mr. WOODWARD.]

P. June. Hups. ed. i. Aug. ed. ii.

Foliis inferioriëus cuneato-oblongis, panicula conglobata, rather than corymbola. Sr.

 ¹ Leaves more like those of S. Virgeurea, Sr.

Flowers

Flowers earlier. LIGHTF. [July. Mr. WOODWARD.] β Fruit-ftalk with I flower.

On the fummits of mountains.

Is not this the S. minuta of Linnæus? HUDS.—Is not Pluk. 235. 8, the S. cambrica? DILL. in R. fyn. 177. n. 4.—Their leaves exactly correspond, and a specimen cultivated in Dr. FOTHERCILL'S botanic garden for S. minuta, has got probably from a richer soil the conglobated panicle. Haller makes the minuta a variety of S. Virgaurea, but he refers to Barr. 783, which, as also Herm. par. 245, have, I confess, the habit of that species, but Pluk. he does not quote. ST.

1036. CINERA'RIA. Flea-wort.

EMPAL. common, fimple; of many leaves. Little Leaves equal.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, equal; numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, narrow; equal in number to the leaves of the empalement; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped; with 5 clefts; upright.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; fpear-fhaped; finely toothed at the end.

CHIVES. Threads 5; thread-fhaped; fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder, with 5 clefts at the top.

POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, oblong. Shuft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summits 2; rather upright.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; fhort. Summits 2; oblong; rather blunt; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; narrow; with 4 angles. Feather hairy; in large quantity.

RECEPT. naked ; rather flat.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather simple. Empalement Simple; of many leaves; equal.

CINERA'RIA palus'tris. Flowers in broad-topped marsh fpikes. Leaves broad-fpear-shaped, toothed-indented. Stem woolly.—

Fl.

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Fl. dan. 573.—Gmel. ii. 72.*—Dod. 52. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 347, Ger. em. 483. 5. and cop. in H. ox. vii. 19. 24, and Pet. 16. 6, and a portion of the flem and a leaf in Park. 126. 3.

Leaves thick, cottony, and almost clammy, covering the stem quite up to the flowers; the lower cut, and almost wing-cleft. LINN .- Stem I to 3 feet high, thick, hollow, with a thick clammy long wool. Leaves varying extremely in form and manner of growth, with the fame wool as the ftem, without order, fitting, or half embracing the ftem, waved, fometimes barely toothed, those immediately beneath the broad-topped spike entire. Fruitfalks branching. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, one on each fruit-ftalk. Empal. fcales nearly equal, fpear-fhaped, woolly, membranaceous at the edge. Bloffom pale yellow. Florets of the circumference oval, veined, with 2 or 3 teeth at the end, or entire; 4 lines long, with a fhort narrow tube. Florets of the centre fomewhat fhorter. Tips fomewhat longer than the bloffom. Shaft, where chives and pointals, longer than the chives; where only pointals, as long as the tube. Seeds fmall. Feather as long as the tube of the bloffom; rays few. Mr. WOODWARD.

Marfhes in Lincolnfhire. Fen-ditches about Marfh and Chatterefs in the Ifle of Ely; Caifter near Yarmouth; about Pillinmofs, Lancafhire; and Aberavon, Merionethfhire. [About Yarmouth, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June. July.

B Leaves not jagged. R. fyn. 174. n. 3. note. Mr. WOODWARD.

Lob. ic. i. 347. 1, refr. in Ger. em. 484. 8, and cop. in Park. 126.

4, H. ox. vii. 19. row 2. 23, and Pet. 16. 5.

Cineraria alpina & Helenitis. LINN? (ST.)

 γ Lefs woolly than α . Stein flender, about 18 inches high. Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, toothed, the lower about 4 inches long, the upper two and a half to one and a half, and not more than one fourth wide, not fo numerous as in α . Flowers fmaller. Fructification perfectly fimilar.

Near Ramsey, Huntingdonshire. Mr. WOODWARD.

mountain

CINERA'RIA integrifolia β MURR.—Leaves fpearfhaped, generally finely toothed, woolly. Flowers in a rundle. LINN.—Root-leaves gradually narrowing at the bafe. MURR.

* Flowers too fmall. Mr. WODDWARD.

Relk.

Relh. at p. 320, Cineraria alpina.*—Pet. 17. 4.—(Gmcl. ii. 71. 1 and 2, as is evident from the defcription p. 157. l. 2, Barr. 266, and Cluf. ii. 22. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 280. 2, and cop. in Park. 668. 5, J. B. ii. 1056. 2, and H. ox. vii. 12. 28, feem rather to be C. integrifolia &.)

A proteous-like plant, to be attentively examined in its native foil, LINN.-Diffinguishable from the other varieties, with which Linnæus has affociated it, by its leaves being broader, more toothed, GER. prov. and the florets of the circumference being yellow. GER. prcy. ST .- Root fibrous. Root-leaves on leaf-stalks, spatulafhaped, obfcurely toothed, cottony underneath; sem-leaves fitting, fpear-shaped, cottony. Stem 3 to 6 inches high, fimple, cottony, angular. Flowers 1 to 4, yellow. Florets of the circumference 10 to 15; of the centre numerous, prominent. Empalement furrowed, the edges skinny. Seeds hairy; feather simple. RELHAN. Mr. WOODW .- Stem folitary, upright. Root-leaves with fmall-pointed brown teeth, lofing their cotton like the Tuffilago Farfara; stem-leaves half embracing the ftem, almost pressed to, very entire, alternate. Flowers in a broad-topped spike. Floral-leaves strap-shaped, cottony, I at the base of each fruit-stalk. Fruit-stalks unequal. RETZ. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fometimes 8 or 9 inches high. Root-leaves always more or lefs toothed, though frequently obfcurely fo. Flower's feldom more than 4. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cineraria alpina (integrifolia β) LINN.—Cineraria integrifolia (pratenfis β) JACO. and MURR. fyft. veg. ed. xiv, who has framed diftinct characters of 2 varieties, and has yet omitted to give a fpecific character, which ought to comprehend them both.—Cineraria alpina, HUDS. and RELH. the latter not having probably obferved, that in the Suppl. et fyft. veg. ed. xiv, the Cineraria alpina is referred to the genus Senecio, under the title of S. alpinus. ST.

Hilly paftures. Gogmagog Hills, Newmarket Heath, the Devil'sditch, and near Bafingftoke and Andover. P. May. June.

* Flowers and parts of frudification too large, and the root-leaves reprefented abfolutely entire; their general form well expressed, as they also are in Pet. Mr. WOODWARD,

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1037. IN'ULA.

1037. IN'ULA. Elecampane.

- EMPAL. common, tiled; leaves flexible; open; the outer ones the largeft; equal in length.
- BLOSS. compound, radiate; broad. Florets with Chives and Pointals, equal; very numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, narrow; numerous; crowded; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals; funnel-fhaped: Border with 5 clefts; fomewhat upright.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; ftrap-fhaped; very entire.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; thread-fhaped; fhort. Tips 5; narrow; united; forming a hollow cylinder; each tip ending at the bafe in 2 ftraight briftles, as long as the threads.
- POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, long. Shaft as long as the chives, thread-fhaped. Summit cloven; nearly upright.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, long. Shaft thread-fhaped; a little cloven. Summits upright.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; narrow; with 4 angles. Feather fimple; as long as the feed.

RECEPT. naked; flat.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather simple. Tips ending at the base in 2 briftles.

common

IN'ULA *Hele'nium*. Leaves embracing the ftem; egg-fhaped; wrinkled; cottony underneath. Scales of the cup egg-fhaped.—

Blackw. 473.—Ludw. 59.—Dod. 344, repr. in Lob. obf. 309. 1, ic. i. 574. 2, Ger. em. 793, and cop. in H. ox. vii. 24. row 3. fig. the laft, and Pet. 16. 1, and abridged in Park. 654.—Garf.— Ger. 649.—Fl. dan. 728.—Matth. 71.—Fuchf. 242, cop. in J. B. ii. a. 103, and imitated in Trag. 170.

Stem 5 or 6 feet high, branched towards the top, fcored, cottony. Leaves, the lower on leaf-ftalks, fpear-fhaped; the upper eggfpear-fhaped, ferrated or toothed, deep green, flightly hairy above, whitifh green and thickly cottony underneath. Flowers very large, folitary, terminating the ftem and branches. Empal. the outer egg-fpear-fhaped, like the leaves; the inner bluntly eggfhaped, cottony. Bloffom yellow. Florets of the circumference one to

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to one inch and a half long, with 3 pointed teeth at the end. Feather fhorter than the florets; rays when viewed with a glass finely toothed on one fide. Mr. WOODWARD.

Moift meadows and paftures. In Effex, frequent; about St. Ives, Cornwall, and Bugden, Huntingdonfhire; between Denbighfhire and St. Afaph. [Side of Bredon Hill, afcending from Great Comberton, Worcefterfh. NASH.—Ripton and Warboy's, Huntingdonfhire, the latter far removed from any houfe. Mettingham, Suffolk. Not uncommon in Norfolk. Mr. WooDW.] P. July. Aug.

The root is efteemed a good pectoral. Dr. Hill fays, he knows, from his own experience, that an infution of the frefh root, fweetened with honey, is an excellent medicine in the Hooping Cough.—A decoction of the root cures Sheep that have the Scab. Horfes and Goats eat it. Cows, Sheep, and Swine refufe it.

IN'ULA dysenter'ica. Leaves embracing the ftem, middle oblong-heart-shaped. Stem woolly, forming a kind of panicle. Scales of the cup briftle-shaped.—

Curt. iii. 28.-Fl. dan. 410.-Walc.-Matth. 872, cop. in Cluf. ii.

- 21. 1, which repr. in Dod. 52. 1, Lob. obf. 187. 1, ic. i. 345.
- 2, Ger. em. 482. 3, and cop. in Pet. 16. 2. H. ox. vii. 19. 7. -Fuchf. 436, cop. in J. B. ii. 1050. 1.

Empal. fcales awl-fhaped, foft, bowed back, coloured at the edge. LINN.-Stem upright, cylindrical, fcored, cottony, branched towards the top. Leaves spear-shaped, obscurely toothed, arrowfhaped at the bafe, cottony on both fides. Flowers terminating the ftem and branches, folitary. Empal. fcales numerous, cottony. Bloffom yellow. Florets of the circumference with 3 teeth at the end. Feather as long as the tube of the bloffom. Mr. WOODW .- Stem 2 to 4 feet high, before it comes into flower cloathed with leaves and cotton, but when in bloffom the lower part lofes its leaves and cotton, and is only fomewhat hairy. Branches, the uppermoft fomewhat longer than the stem. Leaves, edge waved and bent back, cottony underneath, above wrinkled, fmoothifh. Fruit-stalks cylindrical, longifh, cottony, from the bofom of the leaves, the lowermost rising fomewhat above the rest. Tips, the briftles 3 or 4 times fhorter than the threads. ST .- Leaves wrinkled on the upper furface, and fomewhat waved at the edge. Florets of the circumference with 3 teeth at the end. Tips, briftles at the bafe very minute. Seeds rough with fhort briftles. Receptacle rough with fhort, stiff, projecting, spear-shaped points. WITH.

Middle Flea-bane.—Moift meadows and paftures, watery places, fides of brooks a .d rivulets. P. Aug. [to the begining of Nov. Sr.] 3 O 4 It 924

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

It has a peculiar fcent, compared by fome to that of foap.—The Ruffian foldiers, in the Perfian expedition under General Keit, were much troubled with the bloody flux, which was cured by the ufe of this plant.—Cows are not fond of it. Goats and Sheep refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe eat it, but it is generally left untouched. ST.

fmall flowered

IN/ULA Pulica'ria. Leaves embracing the ftem, waved. Stem proftrate. Flowers nearly globular; rays very fhort.LINN.—Leaves oblong. Stem upright. Flowers globular. HUDS. ST.

Curt. iii. 26.—Sheldr.—Fl. dan. 613.—Blackw. 103.—Ger. 390. 2.—Trag. 166, cop. in Lonic. i. 131. 3.—Dod. 52. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 187. 2, ic. i. 345. 1, Ger. em. 482. 4, and cop. in H. ox. vii. 20. 30, and Pet. 16. 3.—(J. B. ii. 1050. 2, feems rather I. britannica.—Matth. 871, muft be a different plant, as the flem is longer than the branches.)

Stem cylindrical, fcored, fmooth, crooked, often tinged with purple, much branched. Leaves, the lower fitting; upper embracing the ftem, fpear-fhaped, waved at the edge, flightly hairy and cottony. Flowers numerous, folitary. Empalements numerous, awl-fhaped, woolly; the lower fpreading. Bloffoms yellow. Florets of the circumference with 3 teeth at the end, often wanting. Feather fhorter than the florets; rays few. Mr. Woonw.—Stem fmoothifh below. Branches open, longer than the ftem, branched and fomewhat cottony at the top. Fruit-ftalks hairy, terminating the ftem and branches, or from the bofom of the leaves. Empalement woolly; fcales nearly upright. Tips not briftly at the bafe, ST.—Stem upright. Leaves a little woolly. Flowers broad, fhort, cylindrical. Florets of the circumference with 3 teeth. Tips, briftles very minute, and much fhorter than the threads. Seed-bud with white fhiping hairs. Feather fhorter than the feed. W1TH.

Small Flea-bane.—Road fides, and where water has lain during the winter.
 A. Aug. Sept. [and Oct. Sr.]
 Sheep eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Goats refuse it.

Samphire

IN'ULA crithmifo'lia. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, flefhy, 3-pointed, LINN.—or entire at the end. Mr. WOODW. ST.

J. B. ii. a. 106, 3, points at the end of the leaves not expressed.
 Dod. 706. 1, repr. in Lob. obs. 215. 1; ic. i. 395. 2, Ger. em. 533. 3, and cop. in Park. 1287, H. ox. vii. 21. 16, and Pet. 17. 9. Matth. 491, cop. in Ger. 427. 3.

Stems firm, finooth, fcored, much branched. Leaves at the ends of the branches crowded. Flowers folitary, terminating the upper branches.

branches. Fruit-stalks thick. Empal. scales numerous, awl-shaped, flefhy, yellowifh green. Seeds woolly. Feather thorter than the floret; rays few, when viewed with a glafs finely toothed on one fide. Mr. WOODWARD .- Bloffoms yellow.

I. crithmoides, Sp. pl. and HUDS. Golden Samphire.

Salt marshes on the sea coast, in a muddy foil. P. Aug. conditation discourses to all a close that a serie

1039. DORO'NICUM. Leopards-bane.

EMPAL. common, with fpear-awl-fhaped leaves, about 20; equal; upright; in 2 rows; often as long as the rays of the bloffom.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, tubular; numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, narrow; equal in number to the leaves of the empalement; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped. Border with 5 clefts; fegments open.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; fpear-fhaped; with 3 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips united forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, oblong. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit nicked.

Seed-bud and Shaft, where only pointals, the fame. Summits 2; bent back.

S. VESS. none. Empalement flightly approaching.

SEEDS, where both Chives and Pointals, folitary; inverfely egg-fhaped; compreffed; furrowed. Feather hair-like.

Where only Pointals the fame, only flightly compreffed. , Feather none. Strangers Asher 1

RECEPT. naked ; flat.

Ess. CHAR. Rceptacle naked. Feather simple. Empal. scales in 2 rows; equal; longer than the florets of the centre. Seeds of the circumference naked, and without a feather.

DORO'NICUM Pardalian'ches. Leaves heart-fhaped, great blunt, finely toothed; root-leaves on leaf-stalks; stemleaves embracing the ftem.

Ludw.

-926

SYNGENESIA POLYGAMIA SUPERFLUA.

Ludw. 57.—Blackw. 239.—Cluf. ii. 19, repr. in Ger. em. 762, and cop. in Park. 321.-7, and H. ox. vii. 24. 4.—Mill. 128.— Garf. 15.

Stem branched. Seeds of the circumference naked. LINN. Leopard's-bane. Wollf's-bane.

About Hoddam Caftle, Annandale, and feveral other places in the Lowlands. LIGHTF.--[Near Duplin Houfe. ST.]

P. May. June.

Two drams occafioned a fenfe of inflation in the flomach, and of general weaknefs, but thefe fymptoms were of fhort duration. It has been recommended in vertigo, epilepfy, and menftrual obftructions, but thefe powers want the confirmation of a more accurate experiment. Sr.

1042. BEL'LIS. Daify.

EMPAL. common, fimple; upright; leaves from 10 to 20, placed in a double row; fpear-fhaped; equal.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, tubular; numerous; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, narrow; more in number than the leaves of the cup; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, furnel-fhaped; with 5 clefts.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; fpear-fhaped; very flightly marked with 3 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud, where chives and pointals, egg-fhaped. Shaft fimple. Summit notched at the end.

- Seed-bud, where only pointals, egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped. Summits 2; ftanding wide.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; inverfely egg-fhaped; compreffed. Feather none.

RECEPT. naked; conical.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked; conical. Feather none. Empalement hemifpherical; feales equal. Seeds inverfely egg-fhaped.

common

BEL'LIS peren'nis. Stalk naked .--

Curt.

Curt. i. 3.—Fl. dan. 503.—Walc.—Blackw. 200.—Ludw. 184.— Matth. 912.—Dod. 265. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 252. 2, ic. i. 476. 1, Ger. em. 636. 5, improved in Pet. 19. 2.—Ger. 510. 4, cop. in H. ox. vi. 8. 26.—Ger. 510. 3, cop. in Ger. em. 636. 4, Park. 530. 11, and H. ox. vi. 8. 29.—Fuchf. 147, cop. in Trdg. 161.—(7. B. iii. a. 111. 2, is a different plant.)

Stalk with I flower. LINN.—Stalk hairy, folid at the bottom, hollow at the end, fometimes with a few leaves. RELHAN.—Florets of the circumference notched at the end, Mr. WOODWARD—and tipt with a fine carmine. WITH.—Leaves oblong, blunt, notched, fpread upon the ground. Florets in the centre yellow, those in the circumference white above, pink beneath.

Daily.—Meadows and pastures. P. March—Sept. The leaves are flightly acrid. The roots have a penetrating pungency. No attention is paid to it, except what it claims from the beauty of its flowers. The flowers close at night.

Horfes, Sheep, and Cows refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe eat the double variety. ST.

 β Flower herbaceous, globular.

In Mr. Selden's copfe near his houfe in Worcestersch. RAY. Bellis flore herbaceo globofo. R. syn. 184. Sr.

1048. CHRY-

1048. CHRYSAN'THEMUM. Goldins.*

EMPAL. common, hemifpherical; tiled. Scales lying clofe upon each other; the inner becoming gradually larger; the very innermost terminating in a skinny fcale.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, numerous; tubular; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, 12 or more; in the circumference

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped; with 5 clefts; open; as long as the cup.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; oblong; with 3 teeth.

CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder; generally fhorter than the blofs.

POINT. Seed-bud, where chives and pointals, egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; longer than the chives. Summits 2; rolled back.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the other. Summits 2; blunt; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; oblong. Feather none. RECEPT. naked; dotted; convex.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather none, [a border. Syft.plant.] Empalement hemispherical, tiled; the scales at the edge membranaceous.

Oss. In the first division of the species, the florets with only pointals spear-fhaped, and the membranes of the cup narrow. But in the second division egg-shaped and lopped, and the membranes of the cup egg-shaped.

* Florets of the circumference white.

Daify CHRYSAN'THEMUM Leucan'themum. Leaves embracing the ftem, oblong; the upper ferrated; the lower toothed.—

* Ox-eye has been adopted by fome as a generic name, but this fhould be affigned to Buphthalmum. Sr.

- 2 shad as got a new cost of patients ?

Ludie

Ludw. 183.-Sheldr. 6.-Matth. 910, cop. in Dod. 265. 3, which repr. in Lob. obf. 253. 2, ic. i. 478. 1, Ger. em. 634, and cop. in Park. 528. 1.-Walc.-Ger. 509.-Fuchf. 148, cop. 11 7. B. iii. a. 114. 2.- Trag. 144. 1, cor. in Lonic. i. 89. 1.-Pet. 19. 1.-Blackw. 42.-H. ox. vi. 8. 1. f. 2.

Seeds black, with white fcores, and crowned with a yellow cylindrical head. LINN .- Seeds with 10 angles. LIGHTF. Mr. WOODWARD .- Root-leaves on leaf-ftalks; fem-leaves fitting. Fiower large. Florets of the centre yellow; of the circumference fpear-fhaped, with mostly 3 teeth. Shafts faffron-coloured. RELHAN .-- Stem upright, fcored, fimple, or with few branches. Leaves, the upper fometimes embracing the ftem, oblong-wedge-fhaped or fpearfhaped, ferrated, fometimes toothed, and even wing-cleft at the bafe. Flower 1, terminating the stem, and principal branch. Empalement spear-shaped, unequal. Forets of the circumference ftrapfpear-fhaped, with 2 or g teeth, fometimes entire. Mr. Woodw. -Empal. outer fcales green, edged with brown, the inner with the addition of a fkinny membranaceous border. WITH.

Greater Daily. Ox-eye. [Moon-flower, and the flowers moons.] Dry meadows and pastures." P. May. June.

The young leaves may be eaten in fallads.

Horfes, Sheep, and Goats eat it. Cows and Swine refufe it.

CHRYSAN'THEMUM inod'orum. Leaves winged, Chamomile with many clefts. Stem branched, fpreading. LINN .--Seeds with a gland at the top at each corner. ST.*

Fl. dan. 696.-Pet. 19. 12.-Walc?-Fuchf. 144, cop. in 7. B. iii. a. 120. 2.- (H. ox. vi. 12. 8, is Anthemis Cotula, being an abridged copy of Dod. 258.)

Its empalement fhining at the edge occasions it to be affociated with the Chryfanthemums. This obfcure plant is readily diffinguishable from Anthemis Cotula, which it very much refembles, as alfo A. arvensis, by the want of chaff on the receptacle; and from Matricaria Chamomilla by its flattifh empalement; its fcales brown and uneven at the edge; its receptacle hemispherical, not conical; the rays of the bloffom expanding, not bent down; and its flowers being thrice as large. LINN .- Stem much branched, fmooth, fcored, fometimes purplifh. Leaves, wings diftant, twice or thrice divided, the extreme fegments thread-fhaped; mid-rib broad, . membranaceous, and fomewhat embracing the ftem at the bafe, narrowing upwards. Flowers large, terminating. Empal. fcales bluntly

* Seminibus extrorfum biglandulofis. Sr.

bluntly fpear-fhaped, unequal, with a green line along the back. Florets of the circumference nearly ftrap-fhaped, 8 to 9 lines long; of the centre greenish at the base, yellow above; fegments spear-shaped, expanding. Receptacle conical. Seeds brown, lopped at each end, with 4 whitish prominent angles. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem fcored. Leaves, fegments hair-like. Empal. the middle row of fcales the largeft, all more or lefs membranaceous and fkinny. Florets of the circumference bent back, 20 or more; those in the centre very numerous, yellow. WITH .- Shaft fcarcely longer than the chives and bloffom. Summits bowed back, compressed. Seeds oblong-wedge-fhaped, flightly compressed, brown, with 3 fides, and 3 angles, the outer fide the broadeft, convex, fomewhat prominent along the back, with a brownifh red circular gland in each corner at the top, refembling the eyes of fome infects; the 2 inner fides concave; the angles fharp, prominent, and whitifh, crowned at the top with a very fhallow, whitish, membranaceous border. ST.

Matricaria inodera. Fl. fuec. and Hups. which fee. Corn fields and road fides. A. July-Sept.

** Fiorets all yellow.

Marigold CHRYSAN'THEMUM feg'etum. Leaves embracing the ftem; the upper jagged; the lower tooth-ferrated.

> Cluf. i. 334. 2, repr. in Dod. 263. 1, Lob. obf. 298. 2, ic. i. 552. 1, Ger. em. 743. 1, and cop. in Park. 1370. 1, and abridged in H. ox. vi. 4. row 2. 1, and Pet. 19. 6.—Trag. 144. 2, and cop. in Lonic. i. 89. 1.—J. B. iii. a. 105. 1, ill done, if the plant.

Empalement convex. Florets of the circumference ftrap-fhaped, with 3 irregular teeth at the end. RELH.—Stem upright, fcored, fmooth, branched. Leaves fea-green, varying in figure, as wedge-ftrap or fpear-fhaped, diftantly ferrated towards the bafe, ufually deeply toothed or jagged, with frequently 3 clefts at the end. Fowers very large, terminating. Empal. fcales oval, blunt, fea-green, with membranaceous edges. Florets of the circumference oval, about half an inch long. Seeds flightly ferrated, whitifh. Mr. Woodw.— Whole plant fmooth. Leaves, fegments terminated by a little projecting point. Florets of the circumference egg-fhaped. Summits in the flowers with only pointals, frequently 3. WITH.

Cern Marigold. Goulans. Goldins. [Buddle in Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.]

Corn fields. [An extremely troublefome weed in the Norfolk turnep fields in a fandy foil. Mr. WOODWARD.]

> A. June-Aug. [to Oct. ST.] It

It was imported into Sweden along with corn from Jutland, about the end of the laft century. In Denmark there is a law to oblige the farmers to root it up from their corn fields. It may be deftroyed by dunging the ground in autumn, followed by a fummer fallow, and harrowing the land about five days after fowing the grain. Its yellow flowers, however, which follow the fun in a very remarkable manner, give a brilliancy to the fields in tillage, and pleafe the eye-of the paffing traveller. L_{1NN} .—A large quantity, which grew on fome arable land, was cut when in flower, dried, and eaten by Horfes as a fubfitute for hay. Mr. Holle-FEAR.—It is ufed by the Germans for dying yellow. ST.

1049. MATRICA'RIA. Feverfew.

- EMPAL. common, hemispherical. Scales strap-shaped; tiled; not quite equal.
- BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, tubular; numerous; in the centre; which is hemifpherical. Florets with only Pointals, many; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped; with 5 clefts; expanding.

Individuals with only Pointals, oblong; with 3 teeth. CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.

POINT. Seed-bud, where chives and pointals, oblong; naked. Shaft as long as the chives; thread-fhaped. Summit cloven; expanding.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, naked. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as in the others. Summits 2; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; oblong. Feather none. RECEPT. naked; convex.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather none. Empalement hemispherical, tiled; the scales at the edge solid, and rather pointed.

MATRICA'RIA Parthe'nium. Leaves compound, common flat; leafits egg-fhaped, cut. Fruit-ftalks branched.—

Ludw. 192.—Garf. 368.—Blackw. 192.—Fachf. 45, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 129.—Dod. 35. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 433. 1, ic. i. 751. 1, Ger.

1, Ger. em. 652. 1, and cop. in Park. 83. 1, and Pet. 19. 5.— Matth. 907, abridged in H. ox. vi. 10. 1.—Ger. 526.—Fl. dan. 674.*—Lonic. i. 151. 2.—Trag. 156.

Stem 3 feet high, firm, upright, branched. Leaves roughish. Fruit-stalks naked, in a kind of rundle. Empal. fcales with a dry membranaceous border, like that of the Chryfanthemum. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves winged: mid-rib narrow, infenfibly difappearing as it advances. Florets of the circumference flort. HALL. ST .- Stem fcored, flightly hairy. Leaves alternate, flightly hairy; leafits, 2 or 3 pair, oval, jagged, a large one terminating, wedge-fhaped, with 3 lobes, the middle one of which with 3 clefts, the fide ones fcolloped. Flowers folitary. Fruit-ftalks thickeft just beneath the flower, hairy, mostly branched. Empal. fcales oval. Florets of the circumference wedge-fhaped; white; those of the centre yellow. Seeds egg-fhaped, lopped at the bafe, deeply furrowed, whitish. Receptacle dotted. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stems angular, fcored. Leaves with winged clefts; leafits oblong or egg-fhaped, deeply divided into about 5 fegments, and these again cut and jagged, when magnified appear as if fprinkled with minute fpangles. Empal. inner fcales fkinny and ragged at the edges. Florets of the circumference egg-fhaped; those of the centre crooked, fprinkled with minute fhining particles, only yellow at the top. WITH.

Matricaria, R. fyn. 187. ST.

Foverfew.-Wafte places, hedges, and walls.

P. RELH. ST. June, July. The whole plant has a firong fmell, and a bitter tafte, and yields an effential oil by diftillation.—A Horfe refufed it. ST.

fea

MATRICA'RIA marit'ima. Receptacles hemifpherical. Leaves doubly winged, fomewhat flefhy, convex above, keeled underneath.⁺—

Ray 7. 1. at p. 188.

* Leaves too pointed. Mr. WOODWARD.

[†] MATRICA'RIA indiora. Receptacles hemifpherical. Seeds crowned and bordered. Scales of the empalement imperfed at the edge. Stem fpreading. Hups. including the following as varieties. ST.

Chryfanthemum inodorum, which fee.

y Matricaria maritima, which fee.

Com fields and road fides.

B Chamæmelum majus folio tenuissimo, caule rubente. R. fyn. 185.

J. B. iii. a. 121.

A. B. July, Aug. Hubs.

Root

Root woody, running deep, apparently perennial. Stems reclining, darkifh purple, fmooth, firmer and ftronger than those of Anthemis nobilis, and forming a fuller turf, but not creeping or fpreading fo wide. Leaves thicker and fhoster, fhining, dark green. Flowers feveral on a ftem. DILL. in R. fyn. 186.—Florets in the centre yellow; those in the circumference white.

Matricaria inodora y Hubs.

It is to be withed that Mr. Hudfon had affigned his reafons for thus arranging it as a variety of the *Chryfanthemum inodcrum* of Linnæus. I have no native fpecimen of it, neither does Mr. Hudfon mention any place of growth. But in one given me by the fon of Profeffor Jacquin, which accords well with the figure in R. fyn. the feeds exactly correspond with those of C. inodorum, which induces me to believe that Mr. Hudfon's defignation may be juft. Sr.

Sea coaft, in fandy foil. On the coaft of Suffex, and very plentifully at Cockbufh, 7 miles from Chichefter. Dill.—Ifland of Bute, the Weftern fide of Cantire, between Machrianifh and Barr. LIGHTF.—[Rocks at Down, near Bamff, in Scotland. Dr. SMITH.] P. July.

MATRICA'RIA fuave'olens. Receptacles conical; fweet-fcented rays bent downwards. Scales of the cup equal at the edge.—

Ger. 615. 1.

No difference perceptible between this and M. Chamomilla, except that the rays were larger, and bent down. Probably a variety of it. LIGHTF. ST.—Leaves compound; leafts hair-like. Empal. fcales fomewhat membranaceous, the edges as it were dead. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—Empal. fcales blunt, membranaceous at the points and edges, and the inner wholly membranaceous. Hence how uncertain the limits between Matricaria and Chryfanthemum. ST.—Florets in the centre yellow; thofe in the circumference white.

Matricaria Chamomilla β Hubs.

Corn fields, in a fandy foil. A. June—Aug. Goats, Sheep, and Horfes cat it. Swine refufe it.

MATRICA'RIA Chamomil'la. Receptacles conical; Chamomile rays expanding. Scales of the cup equal at the edge. LINN.—Stem upright. HUDS.*

* Omitting the mention of the rays expanding, or betit down, and including M. Juaveolans as a variety. Sr. Vol. II. <u>S</u>P Ludw. .933

Ludw. 131.—Curt. v. 56.—Blackw. 67. 1.—Sheldr. 33.—Dod. 257. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 445. 1, ic. i. 770. 1, Ger. em. 754. 1, and ccp. in Park. 85. 1.—Blackw. 298.—Iuchf. 25, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 116, and abridged in Trag. 148.—Matth. 905.— Lonic. i. 90. 2.—H. ox. vi. 12. 7.—Fet. 19. 9.

Stem fcored, branched. Leaves doubly winged, the upper often fimply winged; wings diftant; little wings with 2 or 3 clefts; leatits ftrap-fhaped, of an equal breadth with the mid-rib. Flowers folitory, terminating. Empal. fcales bluntly fpear-fhaped, hairy, membranaceous at the edge, with a green line along the back. Florets of the circumference white, nearly ftrap-fhaped, at first expanding, afterwards bent back; those of the centre yellow. Receptacle almost cylindrical, dotted. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves more than doubly compound, with flender fegments. Seeds numerous, minute, pale brown, furrowed, CURT. ST.—fomewhat bowed inwards, the furrows deeper and more numerous on the inner fide, the ridges white. ST.

Corn fields, cultivated ground, dunghills, and road fides.

A. May—Aug. Its properties refemble those of Anthemis nabilis. The Finlanders use an infusion of it in confumptives cafes.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes are not fond of it. Swine refufe it.

1052. AN'THEMIS.

1052. AN'THEMIS. Chamomile.

EMPAL. common, hemifpherical. Scales ftrap-fhaped; nearly equal.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, tubular; numerous; in the centre, which is convex. Florets with only Pointals, many; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped; with 5 teeth upright.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; fpear-fhaped; fometimes with 3 teeth.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, oblong. Shaft as long as the chives; thread-fhaped. Summits 2; bent back.

Seed-bud. where only pointals, oblong. Shaft the fame as in the others. Summits 2; rolled back.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; oblong. Feather none. RECEPT. chaffy; conical.

ESS. CHAR. Receptacle chaffy. Feather none. Empalement hemispherical; nearly equal. Florets of the circumference more than 5.

* Rays of a different colour from the centre, white.

AN'THEMIS maritima. Leaves winged, finely fea toothed, flefhy, naked, dotted. Stem proftrate. Empal. fomewhat cottony.—

J. B. iii. a. 122. 1.—Till. fif. 19. 3,—I have never feen the plant. —Bauhine's figure accords with the defcription of Linnæus and Ray.—The leaves of Tilli's figure are with winged clefts firaplhaped.

Stems widely proftrate, fmooth, purplifh. Leaves winged, cut, naked, fprinkled with hollow dots, more clofely toothed towards the bafe, with a purplifh, elevated, transverse line beneath the bafe. Fruit-stalks terminating, folitary, fomewhat fcored, downy, thicker above. Flowers of the fcent of M. Parthenium. Lisn.—Florets in he.centre yellow.

Meadows on the fea coaft.

P. July. Aug.

3 P 2

AN'THEMIS

common

AN'THEMIS nob'ilis. Leaves winged-compound, ftrap-fhaped, pointed, fomewhat woolly. LINN.—Seeds naked. HUDS.

Ludw. 155.—Blackw. 298. 1.—Garf. 215. a, and 4 on the right hand.—Dod. 200. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 445. 2; ic. i. 770. 2, Ger. cm. 755. 4.—Blackw. 526.—Trag. 149.—Ger. 616. 4. —7. B. iii. 118.—Pet. 19. 10.

Stems trailing, hairy. Leaves doubly winged; wings rather diftanc; little wings fometimes with 2 or 3 clefts, pointed, hairy, greyifh. Flowers folitory. Empalement hairy, with broad, fhining, membranaceous edges. Florets of the circumference fomewhat elliptical, either entire, or with 2 or 3 teeth; those of the centre yellow. Mr. WOODW.—Stems and fruit-flatks cylindrical, fcored, a little woolly. I eafits with feveral unequal, nearly cylindrical fegments, a little hairy. Empalement fkinny at the edges, and fet with a few hairs along the green part in the middle. Florets of the circumference with 3, or 2 teeth, and fometimes entire; all, but especially those of the centre, fprinkled with fmall, transparent, finning globules. Summits, where only pointals, fometimes 3. Chaff oblong-egg-floped, like the feales of the empalement, but more fkinny, and rather more hairy. Specimen cultivated, and the flowers tending to double. WITH.

Sweet-scented Chamomile. Roman Chamomile.

Boggy paftures. In Cornwall fo plentifully that you may feent it all along as you ride. RAY.—Sunny meadows and paftures. HUDS.—[On the Green at Plengwary, Redruth, and other old common paftures in the Weftern part of Cornwall, where it is much finer feented than in gardens. Mr. WATT.—Park at Oatlands, Surrey. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. Aug. Sept.

The leaves and flowers have a firong, not ungrateful finell, and a bitter naufcous tafte. They afford an effential oil.—Au infufion of the flowers is often uled as a ftomachic, and as an antifpafinopic. In large quantities it excites vomiting.—The powdered flowers, in large dofes, have cured agues, even when the Bark had failed. —Both the leaves and flowers poffefs very confiderable antifeptic properties, and are therefore ufed in antifeptic fomentations, and poultices. From their antifpafinodic powers, they are frequently found to relieve pain, either applied externally, or taken internally. Ray recommends the flowers in calculous cafes.

 β nudum. Florets of the circumference wanting. ST.

Ded. 250. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 446. 1; ic. i. 771. 2, Ger. em. 754. 2, and cop. in Park. 86. 2, J. B. iii. a. 119. 2, and H. ox. vi. 12. 3.-Ger. 615. 2.

Chamamelum luteum capitulo aphyllo. R. fyn. 185. Sr. A N'THEMIS

AN'THEMIS arven's. Receptacles conical. Chaff corn briftle-fhaped.* Seeds crowned with a border. LINN.--Leaves fomewhat woolly. HUDS. †

Pet. 19. 8 .- (Walc .- may be the true A. arvenfis, but there being no appearance of chaff, it flould feem to be Chryfanthemum inodorum.] Plant hoary. Appearance and height of A. Cotula. Stems more fpreading. Fruit-stalks longer, not fo much fcored; fcores 4 or 5. Leaves more hoary, scentless. Empal. inner scales widened and membranaceous at the end. Chaff spear-fluped. Seeds crowned with a 4-cornered border as in Chryfanthemum inodorum. LINN .---Root hard, woody. Stems numerous, flender, hard, but flexible. Leaves fine, whitifh. DODON. ST .- Stem branched immediately above the root, fcored, flightly hairy, pale green, with fometimes a tinge of red. Branches generally naked upwards. Leaves fitting, winged; mid-rib broad; wings either winged, or only jagged, fea-green. Flowers terminating. Fruit-ftalls hairy, and fomewhat thick beneath the empalement. Empal. fcales oval, with an awlfhaped green line along the back, fomewhat hairy; edges membranaceous. Florets of the circumference white, fornewhat elliptical, with 2 or 3 teeth, 4 or 5 lines long; those of the centre with a greenifh tube, fwelling upwards; border yellow, bent back. Chaff fpear-fhaped, very much pointed, fomewhat keeled, as long as the florets. Seeds quadrangular, fmooth, flightly furrowed, narroweft at the bale, crowned with a blunt margin. Mr. Woodw. -Whole plant flightly woolly. Stems numerous, alcending, cylindrical, flightly fcored, branched towards the top. Leaves winged;

* Spear-fhaped. Fl. face, both in the character and defoription, and in the defoription in Sp. et f_{2}/k , p/k. Sr.

† Linnæus citës no figure, and Ray, Hudfon, and Lightfoot only Pet. 19. 8. The figures added above appear to me to be the fame plant, and all of them are good reprefentations of what I believe to be the Chamæmelum inodorum. R. fyn. 185. This plant is cited by Linnæus, but with a mark of doubt. I do not prefume to affert that the A arvenfs is not a native, but the feeds of the plant, which I confider as figured by Petiver, are inverfely conical, flightly angular, lotped, finoth, not covered with rough points, as thefe of A. Gotula, or the angles or top eiged with a membranaceous border, as in Chryfanthemun inodorum, or opaque border as in A. auftriaca of Jacquin. If the feeds fhould not prove liable to vary in the abfence or prefence of the margin at the top, as thofe of A. Cotu'a do in the degrees of roughnefs, I am inclined to think it will turn out to be a diffind fpecies. When in flower it not unfrequently whitens whole fields. It accords well with Dodonæus's defeription of Cotu'a adba, five Oculu bovit, and the root has the appearance at leaft, eff being like that, perennial. Sr.

leafits

leafts with winged clefts, and these again cut into 2 or 3 narrow fegments, terminated by femi-transparent, conical, fharp points.

Cotula alba. Cotula non fatida. Oculus bovis. Buphthalmum. Dop. pempt. 259, is the plant noticed in the note below, and here deferibed. ST. WITH.

Gravel pits in Peckham Fields, and in the barren flubble fields between Eltham and Shooter's-hill. RAV.—Corn and fallow fields. HUDS.—Corn fields and way fides, in gravelly foils. PARSONS in *Fl. fcot.*—[Paftures about Affcote and the Stewponey, near Stourbridge, Worcefterfhire. ST.] B. June, July. Cows and Sheep eat it. Horfes are not fond of it. LINN.

 β All the florets narrow. Sr.

Cotula non fætida flore pleno. R. fyn. 186. Sr.

St. James's field on the upper fide near the highway, and at Great Strickland, Westmoreland. R. Syn.

finking

AN'THEMIS Coltula. Receptacles conical. Chaff briftle-fhaped. Seeds naked. LINN.—Leaves naked. HUDS.—Seeds with rough points. HALL. ST.

Curt. v. 56.—Dod. 253, repr. in Lob. obf. 447. 1, ic. i. 773. 2, Ger. $\epsilon m. 757. 1$, and ill cop. in Fark. 87. 9, and abridged in H. ox. vi. 12. 8.—Fuchf. 583, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 121. 1.— Blackw. 67, leafits rather briftle-fhaped.—Garf. 216.—Fet. 9. 11.—H. ox. vi. 12. 10.—(Sheldr. 33, and Blackw. 67, † are Matricaria Chamomilla, and Fet. 9. 12, is Chryfanthemum inodorum.)

Fruit-flalks with about 8 fcores. Empal. fcales by no means widened towards the point, and fcarcely membranaceous. Chaff very minute, like a fine briftle. Seeds not crowned with the 4-cornered edge, but terminated by a fimple pore. LINN .- Leaves doubly winged, broadifh; mid-rib leafy. Seeds rough with points on all fides. HALL. ST .- Stem upright. Leaves fmooth. LEERS. WITH. -Flant palifh green. Stem flightly downy. Leafts often cloven towards the end. Petals hanging down, and continuing in that ftate till morning. CURT .- Stem upright, branched upwards. Branches alternate. Leaves doubly or trebly winged; green. Flowers folitary, terminating. Empal. fcales spear-shaped. Chaff shorter than the florets. Seeds with many warty angles. Mr. Woopw. -Stem foored. Leaves flightly woolly. Blols. of the circumference elliptical-oblong, with 3 teeth. Seeds inverfely egg-shaped, lopped at the end, with a prominent point in the middle, before they ripen

† TREW on Blackw. t. 67, judicioufly obferves on his fynonym of Cotula fatida, Ger. em. 757, "cum icone Cotulæ albæ Dodonæi non conveniente." 5τ.

ripen crowned with a flefhy herbaceous fubftance formed of the tube of the bloffom. ST.-Florets of the circumference with 3 teeth; those of the centre yellow.

Stinking May-weed. [Mathen.]

Corn fields, road fides, and borders of dunghills. A. May-Aug. Toads are faid to be fond of this plant .- It is very ungrateful and displeasing to bees .- Goats and Sheep are not fond of it. Horfes, Cows, and Swine refuse it. LINN.

It frequently blifters the fkin of reapers and of children who happen to gather it. The heads, rubbed between the fingers, fmell intolerably difagreeable. The larvæ of the Caffida viridis feed upon it. CURT.

 β All the florets narrow. ST.

Cotula fatida flore tleno. R. fyn. 185. ST.

Fields between Hitchin and the Bald Oak, in the Ille of Thanet, and between Gillingham and Chatham. R. fyn.

** Rays of the fame colour with the centre, yellow.

AN'THEMIS tineto'ria. Leaves doubly winged, Ox-eye ferrated, cottony underneath. Stem fupporting a broadtopped spike. LINN .- Leaves winged; wings with winged clefts. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Blackw. 439 .- Fl. dan. 741 .- Ger. 607. 3.- Matth. 909.-Barr. 465 .- Cluf. i. 332. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 747 .- Pet. 19. 7 .-Fuchf. 26, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 122. 2, and imitated in Trag. 152.-Garl. 419.

Stem hard, angular. Leaves hoary underneath, winged, with a broad mid-rib; wings fimple. Flowers, one terminating each branch. Seeds in the circumference bowed inwards, HALL. ST .-Stem fcored, flightly hairy, much branched. Leaves, the lower winged; wings fpear-fhaped, toothed, flightly hairy and green above, feagreen underneath; the lower wings short, distant, toothed; the upper wings with winged clefts; mid-rib broader than the wings; the upper-leaves with winged clefts; mid-rib broad toothed; wings irregular, ftrap-fpear-fhaped, toothed; the uppermost leaves fometimes fimply toothed. Fruit-stalks long, naked, fcored, flightly hairy, terminating the ftem and branches, cach with 1 flower. Empalement tiled; fcales numerous, the outer of various lengths, fpear-fhaped, hairy, with a green line along the back, white and fhining at the edge. Florets of the circumference broad, with 3 teeth. Mr. WOODWARD.-Stems fcored, woolly. Leaves winged; leafits with winged clefts, the fegments tapering, finely pointed. Empalement hollowed on the under fide round the fruit-stalk, woolly. WITH. ST .- Seeds oblong, fomewhat tapering

ing towards the bafe, flightly compreffed, pale brownifh yellow, fides very flightly fcored, edges rather fharp and fomewhat prominent; top lopped, and furrounded with a fhallow, fharp, fomewhat membranaceous edge. Sr.

Ox-cye.—Sunny pastures, but not common. On a bank near the River Tees, not far from Sogburn, Durham. R. fyn. P. July, Aug.

The flowers afford a remarkably clear and good yellow dye.— The flowers of the *Chryfanthenum fegetum* refemble them much in appearance, but experience proves they cannot be fubfituted in their place.—Horfes and Goats eat it. Sheep are not fond of it. Cows and Swine refufe it.

1053. ACHILLE'A. Yarrow.

EMPAL. common, oblong; egg-fhaped; tiled. Scales eggfhaped; fharp; approaching.

BLOSS. compound, radiate. Florets with Chives and Pointals, 15 to 16; tubular; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, 5 to 10; narrow; in the circumference.

Foundats, 5 to 10, narrow, in the cheunel formal formal

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped; with 5 clefts; open.

Individuals with only Pointals, narrow; inverfely heart-fhaped; expanding; cloven into 3 fegments; the middlemost the fmallest.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very flort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder.
- POINT. Seed-bud, where both chives and pointals, fmall. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the chives. Summit blunt; notched at the end.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, fmall. Shaft threadfhaped; as long as the other. Summits 2; blunt; bent back.

S. VESS. none. Cup but little changed. The Receptacle thread-fhaped; lengthens out into the centre of the feeds; egg-fhaped; and twice as long as the empal.

SEEDS in all the florets, folitary; egg-fhaped; woolly. Feather none.

RECEPT. chaffy; elevated. Chaff fpear-fhaped; as long as the florets.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle chaffy. Feather none. Empalement egg-shaped; tiled. Florets of the circumference about 4.

* Rays

* Rays of the bloffom, white.

ACHILLE' A Ptar'mica. Leaves fpear-fhaped, taper- Sneeze-wort ing, fharply ferrated.

Ludw. 118, but ferratures of the leaves not expressed.—Walc.— Fuchf. 639, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 147, and abridged in Trag. 159, and Lonic. i. 235. 2.—Pet. 19. 3.—Fl. dan. 643.— Gars.—H. ox. vi. 12. row 3. 1. f. 1.—Blackw. 276.—Clus. ii. 12. 1, repr. in Dod. 710. 1, Lob. obf. 243. 3, ic. i. 455. 2, Ger. em. 606. 1, and cop. in Ger. 483. 1, and Park. 859. f. 1. —Matth. 585.

Stem not fo woolly, flender, or angular as A. Millefolium. Flowers fewer, and larger. Empalement not fo much tiled. Florets of the circumference more numerous, 18 to 13. RELHAN.—Stems I to 2 feet high, firm, fomewhat angular, fmooth, often reddifh. Leaves upright, feattered, fitting, firm, fmooth, flrap-fpear-fhaped, dark green, ferratures very minute. Fruit-flalks fomewhat cottony, with or without a floral-leaf. Empal. feales fpear-fhaped, keeled, cottony, bright green; edges membranaceous and reddifh brown. Florets of the circumference oval, broad, with 3 teeth, and a fhort tube; those of the centre very flort, dirty yellow. Mr. Woodw.— Stems angular, fomewhat woolly. Leaves half embracing the ftem; ends of the ferratures white, and almost of a bony hardnefs. Empal. feales woolly without, brownifh and fkinny at the edges. Florets of the circumference rarely more than 12; those of the centre numerous. Chaff woolly. WITH.

Sneeze-wort. Goofe-tongue. Baftard Pellitory.—Moift meadows and fhady places, [and balks of corn fields. Sr.] P. July, Aug.

The roots have a hot biting tafte.—The young tops are fharp and pleafant in fpring fallads.—The powdered leaves excite fneezing. —Horfes, Cows, Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it.

 β Flowers double. LINN. R. fm.—Leaves truly fpear-fhaped, ferratures deeper, as in the figures of H. ox. Dod. &c. Mr. WOODWARD.

Cluf. ii. 12. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 606. 2.

All the florets, except a few in the very centre, narrow. WITH. Dracunculus pratenfis flore pleno. CLUS. hift. II. 12. Bauh. pin. 93. ST.

Small Holme Ifland in Winander-mere, and at Chilmark, Wiltfhire. R. fyn.—[At Ripton. Found by Mr. J. Whitelocke, nurferyman at Fulham. Mr. WOODWARD.]

ACHILLE'A Millefo'lium. Leaves doubly winged, Milfoil naked; fegments ftrap-fhaped, toothed. Stem furrowed upwards.—

Ludw.

Ludw. 67.—Fl. dan. 737.—Anderf.—Blackw. 18.—Cluf. i. 331, repr. in Dod. 100. 2, Lob. obf. 431. 1, ic. i. 747. 2, Ger. em. 1072. 2, cop. in H. ox. vi. 11. 14, and abridged in Fet. 19. 4. —Ger. 914. 2.—Lonic. i. 240. 1.—Garf. 388.—Ger. 914. 1. —Fuchf. 727, cop. in J. B. iii. a. 136, and abridged in Trag. 477.—Matth. 1142, imitated in Dod. 100. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 430. 2, ic. i. 747. 1, Ger. em. 1072. 1, and cop. in Park. 694. 1.—H. ox. vi. 11. 6.—Matth. 1141.

Stem angular, cottony. Fruit-flaks cottony. Empal. fcales spearfhaped, keel green, edges membranaceous. Mr. Woodw.—Leaves woolly; fegments toothed. Flowers in a broad-topped spike. Bloss. white, or reddish purple. Empal. scales woolly, skinny at the edges. Florets of the circumference, 5; border nearly circular, bent back, slightly cloven into 3; those of the centre 15 or more, but not more than 4 or 5 expanding at once. Tips yellow. WITH.

 β Bloffoms purple, LINN.—and fometimes nearly crimfon.— Authors have given diffinet figures of this, but the references to them are incorporated with those of the white, as these varieties differ only in the colour of the bloffom. ST.

Yarrow. Milfoil.

Meadows, pastures, and road fides. P. June-Aug.

The flowers yield an effential oil. The leaves are celebrated by the Materia Medica writers for a variety of purpofes, but they are little attended to at prefent.

Sheep and Swine eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Goats are not fond of it.

Order

Order III.

POLYGAMIA FRUSTRANEA; BARREN FLORETS.

1066. CENTAURE'A. Knap-weed.

EMPAL. common, tiled; roundifh; fcales often terminating varioufly.

BLOSS. compound, florets all tubular; but of different fhapes. Florets with Chives and Pointals, many; in the centre. Florets with only Pointals, not fo many; larger; more flexible; in the circumference.

Individuals with Chives and Pointals, petal 1. Tube thread-fhaped. Border diftended; oblong; upright; terminating in 5 ftrap-fhaped, upright fegments.

Individuals with only Pointals, petal r. Tute flender; gradually becoming wider, bent backwards. Border oblong; oblique; unequally divided.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips forming a hollow cylinder, as long as the bloffom.
- POINT. Seed-bud, where chives and pointals, fmall. Shaft thread-fnaped; as long as the chives. Summit very blunt; in many cloven; with a projecting point.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, very fmall. Shaft next to none. Summit none.

S. VESS. none. Cup unchanged; clofing.

SEEDS in the fertile florets of the centre, folitary. *Feather* either downy, as in the greater part of the fpecies, or hairy.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle brifily. Feather simple. Blossons of the circumference funnel-shaped, longer, irregular.

OBS. The feales of the cup, and the feathers of the feeds, different in different fpecies.

* Cyani. Scales of the empalement ferrated-fringed.

CENTAURE'A ni'gra. Scales of the empalements black fringed, with the little fcale at the end egg-fhaped; fringed, hair-like, upright. Leaves lyre-fhaped, angular. Flowers without rays. LINN.—Leaves entire or jagged. RAY. Mr. WOODWARD. Walc.

Syngenefia Polygamia Frustranea.

Walc.—Reich. fl.—Cluf. ii. 7. 2, repr. in Dod. 124 2, Lob. obf. 292. 3, ic. i. 541. 1, Ger. em. 727. 1, and cop. in Park. 468. 1, H. ox. vii. 28. row 2. 1, and Pet. 22. 8.—J. B. iii. a. 27. 2.—(Fl. dan. 519, has the fcales of the empalement torn, as C. Jacea, to which Linnæus refers it.—Ger. 533. 1, feems alfo, from the appearance of the fcales, to be C. Jacea.—In Pet. 22. 9, the fruit-flatks are naked.)

Differs from C. phrygia in the fringed little fcale being eggshaped, between upright and open, and not bowed back and awlshaped. Alike to C. Jacea, but without neutral florets in the circumference. LINN .- Empalement black. Flower purple. RELH .-Leaves, the upper egg-fpear-fhaped, the appermon ftrap-fhaped. HALL. ST .- Stem angular, feered, flightly cottony, often tinged with purple. Branches as the ftem, alternate, the upper one rifing above the ftem, thickeft towards the top, with 1 flower. Leaves with winged clefts, or toothed, fometimes entire, fpear-fhaped, fitting, more or lefs cottony. Empal. outer fcales fpear-shaped, dark purple, almost black, with a long fringe, and there hairy; the middle ones yellow, ftrap-fhaped below, fpear-fhaped and fringed at the end; the inner whitifh, fmooth, fhining, ftrap-fhaped, terminated by a broad, roundifh, purple, little-fcale, convex without, concave within, ragged, not fringed. Florets all alike; tube whitish, long; border purple, longer than the tips. Shaft fhorter than the tips, with a downy ring beneath the fummit. Summit flightly cloven. Mr. WOODWARD.

Knap-weed. Knop-weed. Herfe-knops. Matfellon. [Hard-heads, Worcestershire. Hard-irons, Staffordshire. St.]

Meadows and pastures.

A Horfe eat the young flowering flems. Gold-finches are fond of the feeds. ST.

 β Leaves jagged. Huns.

 γ Leaves fpear-fhaped, toothed. Flowers with rays. HUDS. ST.—I have fpecimens at leaft in which I have not been able to diffeover any chives. Sr.

(Centaurea Jacca of Linnæus is not referred to by Mr. Hudfon, and I believe it to be a diffinet fpecies. ST.)

Blue-bottle

CENTAURE'A Cy'anus. Cups ferrated. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, very entire, the lowermost toothed.—

Ludw. 55.—Sheldr. 44.—Blackw. 270.—Walc.—Dod. 251. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 206. 1; ic. i. 546. 2, Ger. em. 732. 2, and cop. in Park. 482. 2, and abridged in Fet. 22. 4.—Fuchf. 428, cop. in J. B. iii. 21. 3.—Ger. 592. 2.—Trag. 56.—Lonic. i. 182. 1.—Matth. 508.—H. ox. vii. 25. 4.

Bloffoms

P. July, Ang.

TIPS UNITED, BARREN FLORETS.

Bloffons blue, fometimes white, rofe-coloured, or purple. LINN. -Leaves, the lowermost fornetimes very entire. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. -Stem 1 to 2 feet high, angular, firm, flightly cottony, branched upwards. Leaves numerous, whitish and cottony underneath, with 3 parallel ribs. Branches with 1 flower. Empal. fcales fpearfhaped, the outer green, tinged with purple, cottony, fharply ferrated: ferratures fmooth, fkinny, purplifh without, white within, fometimes white on both fides; the inner entire. Florets of the circumference, fegments spear-shaped, pointed; those of the centre, fegments rather fhorter than the tips. Pointal in the florets of the circumference none. Summit, where chives and pointals, triangular, purplifh, rather fhorter than the tips. Feather fhort, hair-like. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem angular, with fmall tufts of white wool. Leaves with 3 ribs. Empalement edged with brown, fkinny, fpear-fhaped teeth. Florets with chives and pointals, the border filled with a honey-like juice. Threads furrounded just below the tips with a fringe of filvery glandular hairs. Tips almost black, horny at the top. Shaft a little hairy just beneath the fummit. Summit cloven. WITH.

Blue-bottles. Corn-flower. Hurt-fickle. [Batchelor's-buttons, York-fhire and Derbyfhire. Sr.]

Corn fields.

A. June-Aug.

The expressed juice of the petals is a good blue ink, it stains linen of a beautiful blue, but the colour is not permanent in the mode it has hitherto been applied. Mr. Boyle fays, the juice of the central florets, with the addition of a very small quantity of alum, makes a lasting transparent blue not inferior to ultramarine. Gent. Mag. 1748.

Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

 β Bloffoms purple.

In a corn field. WITH.

CENTAURE'A Scabio'fa. Cups fringed. Leaves greater with winged clefts; fegments fpear-fhaped.—

Matth. 969.—J. B. iii. a. 32. 2.—Ger. 598. 2, and 533. 5.— (Cluf. ii. 9. 2, repr. in Dod. 251. 3, Lob. obf. 392. 4, ic. i. 541. 2, Ger. em. 727. 2, and abridged in H. ox. vii. 26. row 1. f. 3, and Pet. 22. 7, is C. muricata.)

Root-leaves winged, on long leaf-flalks, with a winged mid-rib; wings egg-fhaped, toothed, frequently with wing-cleft appendages at the bafe, the terminating one very large, confluent with the next pair; flem-leaves with winged clefts; fegments fpear-fhaped, moftly entire. Flowers fingle, terminating. Empalement bellying; fcales clofely tiled, in feveral rows, egg-fhaped, green, nearly fmooth, imooth, fringed, tipt and edged with black. Florets tubular; thofe of the circumference without chives or pointals, reddifh purple, fcored; fegments 4, fometimes 5. Tips whitifh. Shaft pale below, purplifh upwards, with a downy ring beneath the fummit. Summit cloven. Seeds oval, brown, compreffed, fhining; viewed with a glafs flightly hairy. Feather yellowifh, briftly, as long as the feed. Mr. WOODW.—Stem nearly cylindrical, fcored. Leaves roughifh, and a little hairy. Empalement globular; fcales black, green at the bafe, fringed with light brown hair. Florets of the circumference without either fhaft or fummit; thofe of the centre marked on the outfide with 5 dark purple lines, the tube and diftended border filled with a honey-like juice. Threads a little woolly. Tips finning, dark purple. Summit cloven. Fruit-flalks long, naked. Bloffoms purple, fometimes white. WITH.

Great Knap-weed.

Borders of corn fields, and corn fields. P. July. Horfes, Sheep, Goats, and Swine eat it. Cows refufe it.

** Calcitrapæ. Empalements with compound thorns.

- CENTAURE'A Calcitra'pa. Empalements almost doubly thorned, fitting. Leaves with winged clefts, strap-shaped, toothed. Stem hairy.—

Ger. 1003. 1.—Cluf. ii. 7. 3, repr. in Dod. 733, Lob. obf. 482. 2; ic. ii. 11. 2, Ger. em. 1166. 1, and cop. in J. B. iii. a. 89, and rudely in Park. 988. 1, and abridged in Pet. 21. 11.—Ger. 1003. 2.—Lonic. i. 72. 2.

Stem proliferous. Empal. thorns white. Bloffoms purple, not yellow, fometimes white. LINN.

Star Thiftle.

Barren meadows and road fides. [Yarmouth Denes, near the fea, with a white bloffom, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.—In Cambridgefhire. ST.] A. Aug.

St. Barnaby's CENTAURE'A folfitia'lis. Empalements doubly thorned, folitary. Leaves of the branches running down, without thorns, fpear-fhaped; root-leaves lyre-wingcleft.—

> Dod. 734. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1166. 2, and cop. in Park. 989. 4, and imitated in Pet. 21. 12.—Col. phyt. 31.—Lob. adv. 372. repr. in ic. ii. 12. 1.—(Gcr. 1003. 2, is, as C. B. makes it, C. Calcitrapa.)

Root fibrous. Stem 2 feet high, branched, open. Root-leaves lyre-fhaped, tapering; lateral fegments fpear-fhaped, toothed, the terminating one winged, triangular, halberd-fhaped; fiem and branch-leaves

946

ftar

Tips United, Neceffary Pointals.

branch-leaves very entire, fhort, waved, fprinkled with a white cob-web-like wool. Flowers terminating, folitary. Fruit-flaks very long, leafy. Empalements egg-fhaped, without any leaf at the bafe; fcales white, thofe which furround the bafe longeft, only toothed at the bafe, with hand-fhaped fhort and nearly equal thorns; the reft with awl-fhaped thorns as long as the empalement, and armed on each fide with leffer thorns. Bloffoms yellow. LINN.

St. Barnaby's Thiftle.

Corn fields and hedges. Not far from Cirencester, Gloucekershire, and Northseet, Kent. A. July. Aug.

Order IV.

POLYGAMIA NECESSARIA;

NECESSARY POINTALS.

1079. FILA'GO. Cat's-foot.

- **EMPAL.** common, composed of chaffy fcales; tiled; containing in the centre many florets with chives and pointals, and amongst the lower fcales folitary Florets with only pointals.
- BLOSS. Individuals with Chives and Pointals, funnel-fhaped. Border with 4 clefts; upright.

Individuals with only Pointals, not very confpicuous; thread-fhaped; very flender; mouth cloven.

- CHIVES. Threads 4; hair-like; fmall. Tips forming a hollow cylinder, with 4 teeth at the top.
- POINT. Seed-bud, where chives and pointals, hardly perceptible. Shaft fimple. Summit fharp; cloven.

Seed-bud, where only pointals, inverfely eggfhaped; rather large; depressed. Shaft thread-shaped. Summit cloven; sharp.

S. VESS. none.

SEEDS in those florets that have both chives and pointals, none. In the florets with only pointals, inversely egg-fhaped; compressed; smooth; small. Feather none. RECEPT. The centre naked; but at the fides the chaffy scales of the empalement separate the florets.

Ess.

Syngenefia Polygamia Monogamia.

Ess. CHAR. Receptacle naked. Feather none. Empalement tiled. Florets with only Pointals placed between the fcales of the empalement.

Cud-weed

d FILA'GO german'ica. Panicle forked. Flowers rounded, in the divisions of the branches, hairy. Leaves pointed.—

Gnaphalium germanicum, which fee.

least FILA'GO monta'na. Stem nearly forked, upright. Flowers conical, terminating, and in the divisions of the branches.—

Gnaphalium montanum, which fee.

grass-leaved FILA'GO gal'lica. Stem forked, upright. Flowers awl-fhaped, in the divisions of the branches. Leaves thread-fhaped.—

Gnaphalium gallicum, which fee.

Order VI.

MONOGAMIA; FLOWERS SIMPLE.

1090. JASIO'NE. Sheep's-bit.

EMPAL. Common Cup of many leaves; permanent; alternate; the inner narrower; incloting feveral flowers upon very fhort fruit-ftalks.

Proper Cup with 5 clefts; fuperior; permanent. BLOSS. Individuals with 5 petals. Petals fpear-Ihaped; up-

- right; connected at the bale.
- CHIVES. Threads 5; awl-fhaped; fhort. Tips 5; oblong; connected at the bafe.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; roundifh. Shaft thread-fhaped; as long as the bloffom. Summit cloven.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; with 5 angles and 2 cells; crowned by the proper Cap.

SEEDS many; fomewhat egg-fhaped.

ESS. CHAR. Common Emplement of 10 leaves. Bloffom regular, of 5 petals. Capfule beneath, of 2 cells.

OBS.

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TIPS UNITED, FLOWERS SIMPLE.

OBS. The central florets frequently barren, and the fummit club-fhaped and undivided.

IASIO'N E monta'na.-

Curt. iv. 41.—Fl. dan. 319, but has too much the habit of Chryfocome. —H. ox. v. 5. 48.—Pet 5. 2.—Dod. 122. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 291. 3, ic. i. 536. 2, Ger. em. 723. 12.

Leaves obfcurely ferrated. LINN. hort. cliff.—Bloffoms fometimes white. LINN.—Leaves fometimes ferrated. HALL.—Leaves fometimes, though feldom, with here and there a fmall tooth. Stems many, upright, or trailing, a foot or more high, angular, fcored, hairy, often tinged with purple, cloathed with leaves for fomething more than one third of their height, above naked. Branches feveral, from amongft the upper leaves, alternate, much fhorter and flenderer than the ftem. Leaves ftrap, or ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fitting, waved at the edge, hairy, pointing upwards. Flowers folitary, terminating. Empal. outer fcales oval-fpear-fhaped, blunt, with 2 or 3 teeth on each edge, hairy towards the bafe; inner fpearfhaped, toothed. Proper Cup, fegments briftle-fhaped. Mr. Woodward.—Fruit-ftalks naked. Bloffoms blue.

Hairy Sheep's Scabious.

Only in very dry parched fituations. LINN. ST.—Sandy and barren fallows and pafture. RAY.—Meadows and heaths. HUDS. A. June, July.

Bees are remarkably fond of the flowers. LINN.

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3 Q

1090. LOBE'LIA.

Scabious

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1091. LOBE'LIA. Cardinal-flower.

- EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; with 5 teeth; very fmall; embracing the feed-bud; fhrivelling. Teeth nearly equal; the 2 upper ones a little raifed.
- BLOSS. Petal 1; rather gaping. Tube cylindrical; longer than the cup; above divided lengthways. Border with 5 divifions. Segments fpear-fhaped; the 2 upper ones fmaller; more reflected; more deeply divided; forming the upper lip. The 3 lower ones generally larger, and more expanding.
- CHIVES. Threads 5; awl-fhaped; as long as the tube of the bloffom. Tips connected fo as to form an oblong cylinder, opening at the bafe in 5 different directions.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; tapering to a point. Shaft cylindrical; as long as the chives. Summit blunt; rough with hair.
- S. VESS. Capfule egg-fhaped; with 2 cells; opening at the top; encompafied by the cup.

SEEDs many; very fmall.

Ess. CHAR. Empalement with 5 clefts. Bloffoms irregular, of 1 petal. Capfule beneath; cells 2 or 3.

* Leaves very entire.

water LOBE'LIA Dortman'na. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, very entire, containing 2 cells. Stem almost naked.—

Fl. dan. 39.—Lightf. 21, at p. 505.—Cluf. cur. 40, cop. in Park. 1250, and Fet. 67. 7.

, Whole plant, even the leaves beneath the water, milky. Leaves depreffed, tubular, and remarkable for having a double cavity throughout their whole length. Bloffoms bluifh white. LINN.— Root fibrous; fibres numerous, hair-like, whitifh. Stem upright, cylindrical, hollow, fmooth, 12 to 18 inches high, naked, except 3 or 4 oval fitting fcales, about a quarter of an inch long. Leaves in a circle at the bottom of the water, numerous, about 2 inches long, bowed back at the end with an elegant curve, fmooth, green, compofed of 2 hollow parallel tubes. Flowers as many as 9, in a loofe bunch, rifing above the water, from one half to one inch afunder. Fruit-ftalks flender, about half at inch long; from the bofom of a flower-fcale. Flower-fcales fimilar to the fcales on the ftem. Empalement divided into 5 firap-fhaped fegments, from one and

TIPS UNITED, FLOWERS SIMPLE.

and a half to two inches long. *Blaffoms* about 8 lines long; *upper lip* upright; the *lower*, fegments oval, bent back, the middlemoft largeft and longeft. *Capfule* elliptical, furrounded with the empal. forming a ring a little beneath the fummit, and terminated by the fhaft with its club-fhaped hairy fummit. Mr. WOODWARD.

Water Gladiole.—Lakes in mountainous countries, as those of Wales, Westmoreland, Cumberland, and Scotland. [Coniston Water, Winander-mere. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July, Aug.

** Stem upright. Leaves cut.

LOBE'LIA *u'rens*. Stem nearly upright. Lower-*biting* leaves roundifh, fcolloped; the upper fpear-fhaped, ferrated. Flowers in bunches.—

Bocc. rar. 11. 3, cop. in H. cx. v. 5. 56.*

Stem quite straight, simple, a foot high, rather bare, the corners rough. Root-leaves elliptical, fmooth, bluntifh, fomewhat toothed; stem-leaves far afunder, 8, fitting, as it were glued to at the bafe, sharply serrated, smooth, distant. Bunch terminating, quite ftraight. Flowers upright, diftant. Empalement with 5 clefts, rough; fegments awl-fhaped, upright. Bloffoms blue, rough, the palate with 2 pale blotches; fegments of the lower lip fpear-fhaped, hanging down. LINN.-Whole plant milky, of a warm tafte, and if chewed excites a pungent fenfe of burning in the tongue, Bocon. -especially the root, MORIS. II. 467. n. 56, not 407, as in the Fl. angl. where it is called *flinking Lobelia*, probably a misprint for flinging, a quality, however, it does not appear to possels .- Stem nearly upright, fomewhat curved, 12 to 18 inches high. Leaves fmooth; the lower blunt, 2 inches long, 6 to 8 lines broad, irregularly and flightly toothed, on leaf-ftalks; those above fitting; the upper half embracing and clofely preffed to the ftem at the bafe with frequently a bundle of fmall leaves in the bofom, like the rudiments of branches. Bunch long. Flowers to 20 and upwards; the lower diftant, the upper rather crowded. Fruit-ftalks with I flower, fhort, from the bofom of the floral-leaves. Floral-leaves, the lower spear-shaped, the upper awl-shaped. Empalement with 5 divisions; fegments awl-fhaped, upright, 3 lines long. Bloffoms about half an inch long, rough, bright blue; upper lip, fegments awl-fhaped, upright; the lower, fegments spear-shaped, bent back, the middle one longeft. Chives longer than the tube of the

* Stem too leafy, and leaves too fpear-fhaped, and fitting, not half embracing the ftem. Mr. WOODWARD.

bloffom.

3 Q 2

bloffom. Tips deep blue, with white hairy edges. Summit clubfhaped, hairy, inclosed by the tips. From a fpecimen given meby Mr. Newberry. Mr. WOODWARD.

Mountainous meadows. Shute Common, between Axminfter and Honifton, Devonfhire. Mr. NEWBERRY.

1092. VI'OLA. Violet.

- EMPAL: Cup fhort; permanent; leaves egg-oblong; rather fharp at the end; blunt below; fixed above the bafe; equal; but varioufly difpofed; 2 fupport the upper petal; 2 the 2 lateral petals; and 1 fupports the 2 lower petals.
- BLOSS. Petals 5; irregular, unequal; the Upper ftraight; facing downwards; broader and blunter than the reft; notched at the end; terminating at the bafe in a blunt horn-like Honey-cup, projecting between the leaves of the cup.

Lateral Petals 2; opposite; blunt; ftraight. Lower Petals 2; larger; reflected upwards.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; very imall; the 2 near the uppermost petal furnished with little appendages which enter the honey-cup. Tips generally united; blunt; with membranes at the end.
- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh. Shaft thread-fhaped; extending beyond the tips. Summit oblique.
- S. VESS. Capfule egg-fhaped; 3-edged; blunt; with I cell and 3 valves.
- SEEDS many; egg-fhaped; furnifhed with appendages, fixed to the valves. *Receptacle* narrow; running like a line along each valve.
 - ESS. CHAR. Empal. leaves 5. Bloffom of 5 petals; irregular; horned behind. Capfule above; valves 3; cell 1.

OBS. In fome fpecies the *fummit* is a fimple reflected hook; in others a little concave knob, perforated at the end.

* Without stems.

hairy

Y VI'OLA hir'ta. Without a ftem. Leaves heartfhaped, rough with ftrong hair. LINN.—Leaves and leafftalks rough with hair. Floral-leaves below the middle of the fruit-ftalk. CURT.

TIPS UNITED, FLOWERS SIMPLE.

Walc.—Curt. i. 10.—Fl. dan. 618.—H. ox. v. 35. row 1. f. 4, imitated in Pet. 37. 7.*—Trag. 558.

Root thickifh, upright, rifing up, knotty with the fcars from old leaves. Leaves fomewhat oblong, hairy underneath. Leaffalks hairy underneath. Fruit-flalks above the floral-leaves, channelled along the back. The petal which has a horn, nicked. LINN. -Root throwing out young fhoots, but which do not creep. Leaves fomewhat longer, and not fo perfectly heart-fhaped as those of V. odorata. Bloffoms paler blue than those of V. odorata, fcentles. After the first flowers are withered, the plant continues, for a month or more, to throw out others entirely defitute of petals, or with only the rudiments of them, which never appear beyond the empalement, but with all the other parts of fructification perfect. and producing as the first crop perfect feed. CURT .- Leaves oblongheart-fhaped, fcolloped, woolly; the ribs of the lower furface hairy. Leaf-stalks long, hairy underneath. Fruit-stalks long, with a pair of fpear-fhaped floral-leaves below the middle. Empal. leaves oval, blunt. Petals, the lateral ones bearded towards the bafe. Tips flightly attached to each other. Summit a hook at right angles to the pointal. Befides the above flowers on long fruitfalks with petals, other afterwards come out amongst the leaves, by which they are hid, the fruit-stalks being short and declining. Capfule nearly fpherical, with 3 imperfect angles, terminated by the pointal. Mr. WOODWARD.

Shady places and hedges in a calcareous foil. P. Mar. Apr. Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it.

VI'OLA palus'tris. Without a ftem. Leaves kid- marsh ney-shaped.-

Curt. iii. 36.—Fl. dan. 73.—H. ox. v. 35. row 2. f. 1, cop. in Pet: 37. 5, and Allion 2. 2, according to Haller.

Fruit-ftalks cylindrical, or only a little flatted on one fide. The upper petal marked with black lines extended quite to the top. LINN. —Produces ripe feeds without perfect blaffoms. CURT.—Leaves obtufely fcolloped, fmooth, thin, veined, pale green above, often purplifh underneath. Leaf-ftalks long. Fruit-ftalks longer than the leaf-ftalks. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, a pair beneath the flower. Empalement fmooth; leaves bluntly fpear-fhaped. Blaffoms pale purple, with dark purple veins; the fmalleft of our fpecies. Shaft crooked at the bafe, thickening upwards. Summit blunt, and fomewhat hooked. Capfule oval, with 3 imperfect angles. Mr.

> * Brunsf. 137. 3. Mr. Woodward. 3 Q 3

WOODWARD .--

WOODWARD.—Root, or rather flem, creeping, terminated by the next year's bud. Leaf-fcales egg-fhaped, finely ferrated, oppofite, preffed to, reddifh. Leaves fometimes heart-fhaped, quite fmooth, flightly fcolloped. Fruit-ftalks folitary, cylindrical, with 4 obfcure angles, gradually thickening upwards, fomewhat zigzag, longer than the leaves. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, 2, nearly oppofite, with an upright tooth at the bafe, preffed to. Sr.—Empalement fkinny, and white at the edge. Petals, the lower of a uniform colour; the lateral ones with 1 ftrong, and 1 faint purple line, and a clufter of fhort ftiff briftles near the bafe; the upper with about 11 purple branched ftreaks. Tips, the membranes orange-coloured. WITH.

Moift meadows, peaty and moffy bogs. In the north, frequent. [Bogs on Birmingham Heath. WITH.] P. March, April. Cows eat it. Sheep are not fond of it.

β HUDS. Red striated Violet of Yorkshire. PARK.-Probably not different from α. RICHARDSON in R. Syn.

fweet VI'OLA odora'ta. Without a ftem. Leaves heartfhaped. Suckers creeping. LINN.—Floral-leaves above the middle of the fruit-ftalk. CURT.*

> Curt. i. 9.—Ludw. 175.—Walc.—Fl. dan. 309.—Renealm. 141. 1.—Blackw. 55.—Sheldr. 17.—Dod. 156. I, repr. in Ger. em. 850. 2.—Pet. 37. 3.—Ger. 699. I and 2.—Lob. ic. i. 608. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 850. I, and cop. in Pet. 37. I.—Matth. 1180. —Lonic. i. 180. I.—Trag. 558. I and 2.—Fuchf. 311, cop. in J. B. iii. 542.—(Park. par. 285. I, and Garf. 622, feem rather to be V. canina.)

Root creeping, thread-like. Leaves rounded, nearly naked, downy underneath. Fruit-ftalks from the root, not channelled above the floral-leaves. The horned petal nicked. LINN.—Leaf-ftalks' nearly finooth. Fruit-ftalks channelled on the upper fide above the floralleaves. Flowers both with and without petals, all producing perfect feed. CURT.—Leaves more deeply fcolloped than those of V. hirta. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, in pairs. Empalement fmooth; leaves oval. Bloffem rich blue-purple, fmelling very fweet. Capfule like that of V. hirta. Mr. WOODW.—Leaves kidney-heart-fhaped, flightly hairy either on one or both fides. Bloffom with fometimes a double honey-cup. Threads, the appendages of the 2 lower, ftrap-fhaped,

* This observation to be made when the flowers are fully expanded, as the part of the fruit-ftalk above the floral-leaves grows confiderably longer before the bloffoms are faded; CURT.—for which reason depending upon it as a mark of specific diffinition may mislead. Mr. WOODWARD, ST.

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firap-fhaped, coming out from near the bafe at right angles. **FLOWERS OF THE SECOND CROP.** Petals in all that I examined; the 2 upper oblong, upright, fhorter than the empalement; the 2 lateral ones oblong, fomewhat longer than the 2 upper, but fill fhorter than the empalement; the lowermost as long as the empalement, broader than the 2 upper, lopped, imperfectly nicked. Honey-cup as in the first crop. Chives elevated along with the feedbud as it increases in fize. The observations made in October, 1783, and earlier in the year 1784. ST.—Chives, 3 of them fixed to the 3 lower-leaves of the empalement; the other 2 to the feedbud, and have each flattish green appendages. WITH.

Warm hedges and ditch banks, and in moift warm lanes; particularly in clay or marle. P. March, April.

The flowers and feeds are faid to be mild laxatives. The powdered root, in dofes from 40 to 80 grains, vomits and purges. The petals give the colour to the fyrup of Violets, for which purpofe they are cultivated in large quantity at Stratford-upon-Avon. This fyrup is very uleful in many chemical enquiries, to detect an acid or an alkali, the former changing the blue colour to a red, and the latter to a green. Slips of white paper, ftained with the juice of the petals, and kept from the air and the light, anfwer the fame purpofe. WITH.—A Horfe refueed it. ST.

 β Bloffoms white. LINN.—All that I have observed about Birmingham have been of this colour. WITH.—Lateral petals without the hairs that grow on the infide of the claws in α . ST. WITH.

y Bloffoms double. LINN.

Pet. 37. 2.

The lower edges of the 4 upper petals tinged on the outfide with purplifh blue. Observed them to be the fame for two years. Sr. ε Bloffoms faint flefh-colour. Sr.

ζ Bloffoms purplifh red. All the above varieties about Worcefter in red marle. Sτ.

* * With Stems.

VI'OLA cani'na. Stem afcending as it attains its full dog's growth. Leaves oblong-heart-fhaped; LINN.—the upper oblong-heart-fhaped. ST.

Curt. ii. 18.—Walc.—Barr. 695.—Lob. ic. i. 609. 1, cop. in Pet. 37. 6.—Trag. 558. 3, fruit-ftalks fill flemlefs.—Dod. 156. 3, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 609. 2, Ger. em. 851. 6; and cop. in H. ox. v. 7. 2, and Pet. 37. 4.—Garf. 622.—Park. par. 285. 1.—J. B. iii. 544. 1, not in flower.—(Gmel. iv. 49. 1, feems a different fpecies. The fpur is faid to be yellow.)

3Q4

Stems

Syngenefia Polygamia Monogamia.

Stems cylindrical, flat on one fide, fmooth. Leaves fmooth. Leaf-scales tooth-fringed. Blossom blue; spur white. LINN,-Differs from V. odorata as follows. Leaf-scales fringed with ftiff hairs. Empal. leaves pointed. Bloffom larger, fcentlefs. CURT. ST .--Leaves truly heart-fhaped. Empal. leaves fpear-fhaped, edged with a narrow membrane. Bloffom paler blue, of an azure rather than a purplifh blue, as coloured in Fl. lond, and fpotted on the outfide with very minute ftreaks of white. Sr.-Stems lengthening as the fummer advances, and in woods often 8 or 9 inches long, those from the crown of the root upright, the fide ones declining, afterwards afcending, forming a very obtule angle at each joint. Leaf-scales spear-shaped, fringed with stiff bristles. Leaves, the lower blunt, the upper heart-fpear-fhaped, fcolloped, flightly hairy. Fruit-stalks longer than the leaves. Floral-leaves 2, awlfhaped, a fmall diftance below the flower. Empal. leaves fpearshaped, pointed. Capfule oblong, with 3 angles. Mr. Woodw. -Leaves rough above with fhort white briftly hairs. Fruit-stalks 4-cornered below the floral-leaves, but above cylindrical, with a groove on one fide. Petals, the lateral ones marked with 3 deep purple branched lines, and at the claw a tuft of white briftly glands; the lower marked at the bafe with 5 deep purple lines, which about the midddle of the petal become branched. Tips united by a fringe of little teeth along the edges; membranes yellowifh brown. Summit fet with a tuft of briftles refembling those at the claws of the petals, but shorter. Capfule smooth. WITH.-Bloss. spur whitish. DILL. in R. fvn. 364.—At the first opening of the flower it hath no ftem. but one afterwards grows up, and fruit-ftalks proceed from it.

Shady places, heaths, ditch banks. P. April—June. Cows, Sheep, Swine and Goats eat it. Horfes refufe it. LINN. —30 or 40 grains of the roct in powder act as an emetic.

β Bloffoms white. Hubs.

Hampfted Wood, on that fide the Chefnut-walk where the two ways meet. R. fyn. 364.

y Hups. Smaller in all respects. Spur of the bloffom yellowish. DILL. in R. f.m. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ray 24. 1, at p. 478.

Stem very fhort. Leaves rougher and much fmaller than those of α , the largest not exceeding half an inch long, and one third broad. Leaf-fcales not fo much fringed. Flower feldom more than I. I have carefully traced it through all its stages, up to the largest plants of V. canina. Mr. WOODWARD.

Paftures about Mitcham. R. fyn.-[Heaths, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] May.

alpina. Stem with mostly 3 flowers. Leaves heart-fhaped, deeply ferrated. HUDS. (Pet.

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(Pet. 37. 6, is a copy of Lob. fig. of V. canina, ic. i. 609. 1.) Does not appear to me to be diffinet from V. canina. RICHARD-SON in R. 1971.

On the rock Clogwyn y Garnedh, above the lake Phynon las. LLWYD in R. fyn.

*** Props with winged clefts. Summit pitcher-shaped.

VI'OLA tri'color. Stem 3-cornered, fpreading. Panfy Leaves oblong, cut. Leaf-fcales with winged clefts. LINN.—Leaves toothed. Leaf-fcales tooth-winged-cleft, the uppermoft fegment oblong, moftly on a leaf-ftalk. HUDS.

α LINN. Bloffoms white. ST.—Matth. 1183.—Ger. 704. 4, and 703. 1.—Fuchf. 803, improved in J. B. iii. 546. 2.—Trag. 564.—Lob. ic. i. 611. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 854. 4, and cop. in H. ox. v. 7. 10, and Pet. 37. 9.

Flowers much smaller than those of the garden V. tricolor, whitish or yellow, but not vivid or pleafing to the eye. RAY. ST .- Stems ascending, branchéd. Leaves elliptical, or spear-shaped, serrated, or toothed. Leaf-scales, wings strap-shaped, short, 2 or 3 pair, or rather like teeth at the bafe, the terminating one much larger, elliptical, flightly toothed. Fruit-flaks from the bofom of the leaves, longer than the leaves, the lower expanding, and fometimes declining. Floral-leaves a pair, fmall, a fhort diftance below the flower. Empal. leaves spear-shaped, pointed, the 3 upper shortest, longer than the upper petals, the 2 lower as long as the lower petal. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stems feveral, mostly branched near the root, fimple above. Bloffom a little fhorter than the empalement; the 2 upper whitifh; the 2 lateral ones whitifh, with 2 or 3 faintifh purple lines; the lowermost thrice as large as the reft, whitifh, yellowifh at the bafe, with 5 purplifh brown lines; honey-cup whitish with a tinge of blue. ST .- Leaves in fome plants eggfhaped, fcolloped, and confiderably hairy. Petals, the lateral ones woolly on the infide at the top of the claw, with 3 purple lines at the bafe; the lowermost with 5 or 7 dark purple ftreaks. WITH.

Viola bicolor arvenfis, C. B. pin. 200. R. fyn. 366, flore albo. C. B. pin. 200, flore candido et luteo. ib. and TOURN. inft. 421.—V. tricolor α and β LINN. fl. fuec. 791. ST.

Corn fields, [gravel-pits, fides of paths, gardens and cultivated ground. ST.] A. May-Sept.

β Bloffoms blue; blue and yellow; blue and white; purplifh blue; purplifh.blue and white. Sr.

Pet. 37. 8, is the best reprefentation of it, though a copy of Dod. 158. 1, which is the cultivated garden variety.—Barr. 757. 1, and 3.

Stem

Syngenefia Polygamia Monogamia.

Stem afcending, 2 of the angles channelled from the fides of the leaf-fcales running down, very flightly downy below, fmooth above, hollow. Leaves alternate, elliptical, and fcolloped, in fome plants spear-shaped and ferrated, the lower often roundish, downy. Leaf-falks inferted into the leaf-fcale. Leaf-fcales in pairs, fitting. oppolite, grown together at the bale, two thirds of the length of the leaves; fegments ftrap fhaped, tapering to a point, very entire, the terminating one oblong, fparingly fcolloped. or bluntly ferrated, always more or lefs fo. Fruit-Aalks g-fquare, thrice as long as the leaves, the lowermost angle channelled from the floral-leaves running down. Floral-leaves, 2 towards the end of each fruit-stalk, preffed to, halberd-shaped; lobes with 2 teeth at the point. *Flowers* fornewhat nodding. *Empal.* leaves fixed laterally to the receptacle, their bafes loofe and expanding backwards. Fetals a little longer than the empalement; the 2 upper pale blue; the 2 lateral ones whitifh, with bluifh edges, and marked with 3 blue lines; the lowermost yellowish white, yellow at the bafe, bluifh at the edges, and marked with 5 blue lines. Summit globular, yellowifh green, woolly without, concave, perforated at the point on the lower fide; the orifice round, fomewhat lipped, the lower lip bent back, containing a glutinous liquor, but which is not fweet as that contained in honey-cups. ST.

Viola bicolor arvensis flore caruleo et candido. C. B. pin. 200, TOURN. inft. 421.-V. tricolor y LINN. fl. fuec. 791. ST.

[Road fides about Wolfeley Bridge, Staffordfhire, in a loofe fandy gravel, and between Ivetfey Bank and Ketley, Shropfhire, in red fand. Side of the canal near Leeds. About Stourbridge. —Its elegant blue flowers are a grateful ornament to the barren foil in which they grow. ST.]

y Bloffoms of more than 2 colours. ST.

Curt. i. 6.—Fl. dan. 623.—Fet. 37. 8, the 2 feparate flowers.— (Renealm. 141. 2.—Elackw. 44.—Dod. 158. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 335. 1; ic. i. 611. 1, Ger. em. 854. 1; and cop. in Park. 756. 7.—Lonic. i. 181. 3, are the garden variety.)

Stem weak. Leaf-fcales terminating at the end in a leaf-ftalk. Fruit-flalks comprefied. Floral-leaves 2 on each fruit-ftalk, halberdfhaped, each of the lobes with 2 teeth. Summit globular, hollow and open. In no plant may the process of impregnation be fo diffinctly feen. LINN.-Summit fringed on the lower part, and the hairs of the fringe nearly in contact with the tips.

Panfies. Heart's-eafe. Three faces under a hood. Love in Idlenefs. Kis at the garden gate. Call me to you. Herb Trinity.

Corn fields and ditch banks. A. May-Sept. The

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The duft appears angular in the microfcope, but when wet with water it becomes globular, an alteration however which is not peculiar to this plant.—Cows and Goats eat it. Swine are not fond of it. Horfes and Sheep refufe it. LINN.—Dr. Strack fays that it infallibly cures the fcabby complaints in young children, called *Crufta lastea*. He boils a handful of the frefh, or half a dram of the dried leaves, in $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of milk, and gives this milk morning and evening, for fome weeks. *Med. Journ.* II. p. 188.

VI'OLA grandiflo'ra. Stem 3-cornered, fimple. yellow Leaves fomewhat oblong. Leaf-fcales with winged clefts. LINN.—Leaves fomewhat heart-fhaped, toothed. HUDS. —Root creeping. HUDS.ed. I. Mr. SAVILLE.—Leaf-fcales very entire. ST.*

Pet. 37. 10.—H. ox. v. 7. 11.—(Hall. 17. 1, at i. p. 243, is V. calcarata.—Barr. 691, and 692, are very properly omitted by Hudfon. They accord well with foreign specimens, but have a habit totally distinct from our plant.)

Stem tall, branched, leafy, with leaf-fcales, in all refpects that of V. tricolor, but the flower very large, yellow; the petals eggfhaped, as long as the leaves; and the fpur as long again as the empalement, but fhorter than the petals. The offspring of V. tricolor. LINN.—It feems to be fpecifically different from V. tricolar. RAY.—Stem upright, or afcending, 3-cornered, fimple. Leaffcales in pairs; fegments very entire, ftrap or ftrap-fpear-fhaped, the

* Stipulis integerrimis .- Our plant agrees with the Linn an character, but I do not believe it to be the V. grandiflora of Linnæus, which he defcribes as having a spur twice as long as the empalement. The fynonyms of C. B. referred to by Linnæus, carry us to a figure and full defcription of Cluf. i. 310. Viola mont. III. five tricolor, from which I fhall extract the following. " Roots perennial. Stems feveral, very much branched. Leaves " juicy, longer and thicker than those of V. tricolor. Flowers the largest I " have feen in this kind of plants, of a very fweet fcent. Petals of different " colours." Add to this, that Linnæus alfo cites Barr. ic. 691. 692. I have fpecimens which well accord with thefe figures, but they are clearly different plants from ours. Barrelier's defcription corresponds with that of Clufius, adding, that "the 2 upper petals are larger and wider."-Hence I am perfuaded, that our plant is diftinct from the V. grandiflora, and that we must adopt the rejected name of the first edition of the Fl. angl. of V. lutea, diftinguishing it by the following character: Caule triquetro fimplici, foliis inferioribus ovatis, stipulis integerrimis .- I do not, however, affert, that the V. grandiflora is not a native. Mr. Lightfoot refers to Barr. 691. 692. and Hall. 17. 1, at i. 243, fo that both fpecies may poffibly prove to be natives. Sr.

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Syngenefia Polygamia Monogamia.

the terminating one not much longer than the others, flightly hairy. Leaves, the lower egg-fpear-shaped; the upper elliptical or fpear-fhaped, diftantly ferrated or toothed, flightly hairy. Fruitfialks ufually folitary, apparently terminating; fometimes 1 or 2 more from the bofom of the upper leaves, upright, and nearly parallel to the uppermost. Floral-leaves finall, in pairs, a finall diftance below the flower. Empal. leaves fpear-fhaped, unequal, much fhorter than the petals. Petals yellow; the 2 upper oval, tapering into a narrow claw; the lateral ones oval, as broad, but fhorter than the upper, with 3 purple veins near the bafe, and fringed, terminating in a bent claw; the lowermost very broad, flightly nicked, marked towards the bafe with branched purple veins, tapering downwards, and ending in a blunt horn longer than the empalement, but fhorter than the petals. I fufpect it is not diftinct from V. tricoler, though it differs in the fimple ftem. the fhape of the leaf-fcales, and the comparative length of the petals and empalement. The leaves also differ in fhape, but not fo materially. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem 11 to 5 or 6 inches high, or more, when cultivated near a foot, I fufpect folitary, but I cannot fpeak with certainty. Leaves, the lower mostly egg-fhaped, fometimes nearly heart-fhaped, oblong, or fpear-fhaped, between ferrated and fcolloped; towards the top gradually becoming more oblong and narrower, till they become quite fpear-fhaped, or fometimes only oblong. Leaf-fcales, the terminating fegment fpatula-fhaped, or oblong, fometimes fpear-fhaped, always, as Mr. Woodward obferves, very entire, even in the most luxuriant cultivated specimens. Fruit-stalks 1 to 4, in some cultivated specimens to 5, from the bofom of the leaves, very long, often more than 4 times as long as the leaves with their leaf ftalks; in plants with only I flower fometimes rifing to more than the height of the ftem above the top of the latter. Bloffom nearly about an inch in diameter, bright light yellow, the lowermost petal of a deeper fhade, none of them, as far as I have obferved, of any other colour; fcentlefs: petals inverfely egg-fhaped, not lapping over each other, often as large as the leaves, the upper fometimes marked with a fingle blackifh purple line; the fur just extending beyond the posterior points of the empalement. Sr.

(Viola montana lutea grandiflora. C. B. pin. 200, does not appear, from Clufius's defeription there referred to, to differ from his V. mont. tricolor edoratiffima 199, except in the colour of the bloffoms. It fhould feem therefore to be the true V. grandiflora. ST.)

Jellow Panjies.

Mountainous pastures; in the North, and in Wales in a rotten peaty foil. RAV.—About Attamine Cliffs near Settle, Yorksh. CURT. —[Hills

TIPS UNITED, FLOWERS SIMPLE.

-[Hills above Dovedale, Derbyfhire, and in the North. Mr. WOODWARD.-Chatfworth Park, Derbyfhire. Mr. WHATELY.-In a corn field in the Moorlands of Staffordfhire between Leek and Buxton. Sr.] P. May-Sept.

1093. IMPA'TIENS. Touch-me-not.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 2; very fmall; circular, but tapering towards a point; equal; at the fides of the bloffom; coloured; deciduous.

BLOSS. Petals 5; gaping; unequal.

-

Upper circular; flat; upright; with 3 fhallow fegments; tapering to a point; forming the Upper Lip.

Lower Petals 2; bent back; large, broadeft on the outer part; blunt; irregular; forming the Lower Lip.

Intermediate Petals 2; oppolite; from the bale of the upper petal.

Honey-cup 1 leaf like a hood, receiving the bottom of the flower; mouth oblique; rifing outwards; the bafe ending in a horn.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; very fhort; narrower towards the bafe; bent inwards. Tips 5; united; but feparate at the bafe.
- POINT. Seed-bud-egg-fhaped; tapering. Shaft none. Summit fimple; fhorter than the tips.
- S. VESS. Capfule, cell 1; with 5 valves, which opening with a fpring, roll up into a fpiral.
- SEEDS many; roundifh; fixed to a pillar-like receptacle. ESS. CHAR. Empalement of 2 leaves. Bloffom of 5 petals; irregular; with a hood-like honey-cup. Capfule above; with 5 valves.

OBS. In fome fpecies the intermediate petals are wanting; in others the honey-cup has no horn. Capfule in fome fpecies long, in others egg-fhaped.

IMPA'TIENS Noli-tan'gere. Fruit-stalks supporting inspatient many flowers; folitary. Leaves egg-shaped. Stem swohn at the joints.—

Fl.

Syngenefia Polygamia Monogamia.

Fl. dan. 582.—Riv. tetr. 244, Impatiens.—Dod. 659. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 446, (erroneou/ly printed 450.) 4, and cop. in Park. 296. 5.—Trag. 295, cop. in Lonic. i. 99. 4.—Col. ecphr. i. 150. 1.—Barr. 1197, ferratures too fharp.—Garf. 414.—Ger. 361. 3.—Lob. adv. 135, repr. in ic. i. 318. 1.—7. B. ii 908.

When the *feeds* are ripe, upon touching the *capfule*, they are thrown out with confiderable force. In the day time the *leaves* are expanded; but at night they hang pendant. LINN.—Stem and *Branches* pale yellowifh green, fmooth, fhining, fomewhat tranfparent, fucculent and brittle; the upper part of the ftem zigzag, forming an obtufe angle oppofite to each leaf. *Branches* fometimes oppofite. *Leaves*, the *lower* oval, the *uppermoft* elliptical, or fpear fhaped, irregularly ferrated, alternate. *Fruit-ftalks*, fome with and others without floral-leaves. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bloffoms yellow; the lateral petals fpotted with red; by cultivation they are changed to pale yellow or purplifh.

Quick-in-hand. Touch-me-not.

Moift fhady places and banks of rivulets. Banks of Winandermere near Amblefide, near Rydall Hall and other places in Weftmoreland. [Between Amblefide and Rydall Hall, Weftmoreland, plentifully. Dr. J. E. SMITH.—By the fide of Conifton Lake, Lancafhire, and near Amblefide. Mr. WOODW.] A. July, Aug. The whole plant is confiderably acrid.

Goats eat it. Horfes, Cows, and Sheep refufe it. The Sphinx Elpenor lives upon it.

962

Class

Class XX.

G•Y N A N D R I A.

CHIVES on the POINTAL.

T HIS Class is diftinguished by the CHIVES being placed upon the SHAFT, or upon the Receptacle lengthened out into the form of a SHAFT, fupporting both the Pointal and the Chives, and entering into part of the pointal.

The first Order of this Class is natural, and its Genera are diffinguished by the Honey-cup alone. The firucture of the flowers is very fingular.

SEED-BUD always below the bloffom, twifted like a fcrew. PETALS 5; the 2 inner ones generally approaching fo as to refemble a helmet. A *Honey-cup* forms the lower lip and occupies the place of the pointal, and of a

6th petal.

SHAFT fixed to the inner edge of the honey-cup, fo as to be fcarce diffinguishable; as is likewise the Summit.

THREADS always 2; very flort; fupporting 2 Tips; more flender below; without any coat; divifible like the pulp of Citron. They are inclosed in little cells opening downwards, and fixed to the inner edge of the honey-cup.

CAPS. cell 1; with 3 valves; opening at the angles under the keel-fhaped ribs.

SEEDS like faw-duft; very numerous; fixed to a narrow receptacle upon each valve.

The reader, in examining and comparing the characters of this Clafs, fhould always attend to the Pointal before the Chives, in order to attain a diffinct idea of the fituation of the latter.

The

The flowers of this Clafs have a very fingular appearance, owing to the unufual difpolition of their component parts. LINN.—CHIVES evidently 2; but each compoled of a number of elaftic *Fibres* united together; each *Fibre* fupporting its own proper *Tip*. If you prefs down, the bottom of the Chives with a needle or any other inftrument, and draw another needle along the Chive, prefling it with fome force, you may extend it to twice its former length; but no fooner do you remove the force applied, than the fibres contract with an elaftic force, and the Chive reaffumes its former fhape. This you may repeat, and the effect will be conftantly the fame.

These fibres branch out into leffer ones, each supporting at its point an extremely minute Tip. These tips I have examined in the microscope, and found fome of them roundish, and others nearly triangular. The Dust which these might be supposed to contain I was not able to discover. St. Bot. Arr. ed. i.

The ftructure of the flowers of this Order is ftill involved in obfcurity, and feems to have as juft, and fince the difcoveries of Hedwig, perhaps a jufter claim to the title of *Cryptogamia*, or *concealed impregnation*, than the Ferns or Moffes. Accurate and attentive obfervation may perhaps unfold to us new modes of operation in nature, taking place in the fame orders of beings, and productive of the fame ends, and yet effected by means totally different from what we had too haftily fuppofed to be univerfal.

I have never been able to difcover any true Duft (Pollen) either in the Orchidea or the genus Asclepias. The mode of generation in this latter genus, though fo clearly of the fame natural order with the Apocynum, &c. is as diftinct from that of the reft of the Contorta, as that of Cryptogamia from the other claffes. I have been inclined to fulpect, that in Afclepias and the Orchidea, the principle of arrangement, as Mr. Hunter terms it, may be conveyed to the embryo feeds without the intervention of air. Sr. -The Seeds of this tribe have never hitherto been known to vegetate, and were their barrenness established as a fact, it fhould feem to arife from their not being properly impregnated, the Tips in the Orchis tribe being different in their structure from those of plants in general, not containing, as far as I have been able to difcover, any fimilar Pollen or impregnating Duft. But as I have myfelf feen from

CHIVES on the POINTAL.

from 20 to 30 young plants of *Ophrys apifera*, growing within a foot of each other, I am inclined to believe that they muft be propagated by feed as well as off-sets. From C_{URT} . (ST.)

In my obfervations on the different fpecies of this Order, I have fometimes ufed a different language from that of Linnæus, but to the inveftigating botanist it will, I trust, occasion no confusion, and prove merely explanatory of the ideas I have been occasionally led to entertain of the structure of the flowers of this truly singular natural Class.

The Orchideæ in the ftructure of the bloffom feem to bear the fame analogy to the Enfatæ (Flag tribe), that the Papilionaceæ (Butterfly-fhaped flowers) do to the regular pentapetalous flowers. They refemble also the Enfatæ in the obfcure ftructure of the fummit, which in the Orchideæ forms as it were a part of the petal, while in the Enfatæ it exactly refembles one.

Order I.

MONANDRIA; I. CHIVE.

+ Ophrys. Sr.

Order II.

DIANDRIA; II. CHIVES.

1094. OR'CHIS	Honey-cup	like a little horn.
1095. SATYR'IUM	Honey-cup	fhaped like a double
	purfe.	-
1096. O'PHRYS.	Honey-cup	fomewhat keel-fhaped.
Vol. II.	3 R	1097. SERA'PIAS.

GYNANDRIA.

1097. SERA'PIAS. 1100. Cypripe'dium.

R. CHIYES.

966

Honey-cup egg-fhaped, bellying on the under fide. Honey-cup diftended and bladderfhaped.

Order 'IV.

TETRANDRIA; IV. CHIVES.

† Ophrys Corallorhiza. (ST.)

Order V.

maile istrantic if induced the ends. Man

HEXANDRIA; VI. CHIVES.

- and two toking the appendix

1111. ARISTOLOCH'IA. Pointals 6. Cup o. Bloss. 1 petal. Capfule 6 cells.

Order VIII.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

1119. A'RUM. In a fheath. Cup o. Blofs. o. Chives above the pointals.
1123. ZOSTE'RA. In a leaf. Cup o. Blofs. o. Seeds alternate, naked.
† Evonymus europœus.

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Order

CHIVES on the POINTAL, II. CHIVES.

Order I.

DIANDRIA; II. CHIVES.

1094. OR'CHIS.

EMPAL. Sheaths fcattered. Fruit-flalk fimple. Cup none.

BLOSS. Petals 5; outer ones 3; inner ones 2; approaching upwards to as to form a helmet.

Honey-cup I leaf, fixed by the lower fide to the receptacle between the division of the petals. Upper Lip upright; very fhort. Lower Lip large; expanding; broad. Tube ftanding behind, fhaped like a horn; hanging a little down.

- CHIVES. Threads 2; very flender and very fhort; fixed on the pointal. Tips inverfely egg-fhaped; upright; covered by a fold of the upper lip of the honey-cup, forming 2 cells.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; oblong; twifted. Shaft fixed to the upper lip of the honey-cup; very fhort. Summit compreffed; blunt.
- 5. VESS. Capfule oblong; with 1 cell; 3 keels; 3 valves; opening in 3 places under the keels; connected at the bafe and at the end.

SEEDS numerous; very fmall; like faw-duft. Ess. CHAR. Honey-cup horn-fhaped, behind the flower.

* Bulbs of the root undivided.

O R'C H I S bifo'lia. Bulbs undivided. Lip of the butterfly honey-cup fpear-fhaped; very entire. Horn very long. Petals expanding.—

Ludw 95.—Hall. 35. 2, at ii. p. 148.—Walc.—Vaill. 30. 7.— Dod. 237. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 88. 2, ic. i. 178. 1, Ger. em. 211. 2, and cop. in Park. 1351. 7, and imitated in Pet. 68. 11.— Ger. 165. 9.—H. ox. xii. 12. 18.—J. B. ii. 771.—Matth. 880. 2.—Fl. dan. 235, the lip of the honey-cup oblong-egg-fhaped, cop. in Blackw. 588.

Flower white, of a very fweet fcent in the night. Petals, the outer expanding. Lip fpear-fhaped, very entire. Spur awl-fhaped, 3 R 2 LINN. 967

LINN .- Root oblique, conical. Stem deeply and obliquely furrowed. Root-leaves 2, large, broad-spear-shaped, shining, ribbed. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, green, flat, longer than the feed-buds. Flowers 20, loofely difpofed. Horn pointed. Lip fimple, ftrap-fhaped. green. Shield of the helmet triangular, flat, the lateral fegments very narrow. Seed-bud fhorter than the horn. RELHAN .- Bulbs egg-Ihaped, tapering to a point at the bafe. Stem 12 to 18 inches high. angular, fmooth. Root-leaves ufually 2, oval, blunt, tapering into leaf-stalks, pale green, filvery underneath, with numerous parallel ribs ; stem-leaves 3 or 4, spear-shaped, fitting, the lowermost the longest. Spike long, loofe, with many flowers. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, pointed, like the ftem-leaves; much longer than the feed-bud. Petals white, with a tinge of green; the 3 outer large, the middle one heart-fhaped, blunt, covering the hood, the lateral ones spear-shaped, longer and narrower, expanding, somewhat bent back, forming obtufe angles with the middle one : the 2 inner ftrap-spear-shaped, small, bowed in, their points nearly touching, though their bases diftant; upper lip very open; lower lip ftrap-fhaped, nearly as long as the feed-bud, fomewhat convex above. concave underneath, green towards the end, whitifh upwards; horn almost as long again as the feed-bud, curved, slender, whitish upwards, towards the end broadest, green and fomewhat flatted. CHIVES bright yellow ; their cafes diftant. Tips ftraw-coloured. elastic, as in almost all the Orchifes. Mr. WOODWARD .- Bulbs oblong, whitifh, the new one folid, the old one nearly empty. both tapering into a cylindrical, flefhy, fomewhat zigzag fibre ; fimilar fibres at the crown of the bulbs. Stem upright; angles generally 8, unequal, the bafe furrounded with leafy fcales. Rootleaves fometimes egg-fpear-shaped, and spear-shaped, upright : lines numerous; stem-leaves open, mostly alternate, distant, half embracing the flem. Spike nearly cylindrical, thrice as flort as the ftem. Flowers open, fcattered. Floral-leaves horizontal. Empal. of I leaf, falver-fhaped; tube wreathed, inclofing the feed-bud; border white, with 3 divisions, the upper fegment heart-shaped, upright, the 2 lateral ones fpear-fhaped, horizontal. Bloffom of I petal, with 4 divifions; fegments unequal, flefhy; the 3 upper approaching; the uppermost fomewhat egg-fhaped, blunt, concave, the fides bearing the tips; the lateral ones ftrap-fhaped, fhorter, approaching upwards; the lowermost ftrap-fhaped, fhorter than the feed-bud, hanging down, fomewhat bent in, throwing out a honeycup from its bafe. Honey-cup thread fhaped, fomewhat angular, thicker towards the bafe, greenifh, longer than the feed-bud, horizontal, bowed upwards, containing at the bafe a fweetifh honey-like juice. Chives involved in the fides of the upper fegment of

CHIVES on the POINTAL, II. CHIVES.

of the bloffom. Threads thread-like below, yellow, elaftic, above club-fhaped, cloven, compoled of elaftic threads. Tips exceedingly minute, ftrap-fhaped, poffibly cylindrical, fitting, from the fides of the threads, yellowith. Seed-bud round, nearly upright, tspering each way, fcored. Summit concave, glutinous. Poffibly the real fummit may be a ftrap-fhaped portion of the inner fide of the upper fegment of the bloffom. ST.—Bulbs, one nearly globular, the other pear-fhaped. Root-leaves fometimes 3; *ftem-leaves* much fmaller. Floral-leaves as long as the feed-bud. Bloffom of a fcent fomewhat refembling that of the Narciffus; upper lip fpear-fhaped. Honey-cup, upper lip confifting of 2 fpear-fhaped approaching petals; horn cylindrical. Tips greenifh. Summits 2, very fmall, orangecoloured. WITH.

Thickets and woods. RAV. ST.

P. May.

 Y L1NN.—Lob. obf. 89.* 1, repr. in ic. i. 178. 2, Ger. em. 211. 1, and cop. in Park. 1350. 3, and imitated in Ger. 162. 1, J. B. ii. 772. 1, and Pet. 68. 12.—(Cluf. i. 207, is a diffinit fpecies.)

Differs from α in being lower, about 9 inches high, root-leaves 3, and narrower; and in its flowering about a month later. R. fyn.

Hermaphroditica fecunda Cor. Gemmæ, sive Orchis sphecodes diphylla. Lob. ic. i. 178. (Sr.)

Meadows and pastures.

P. June. RAY. [Not uncommon. Mr. WOODWARD.]

O R'C H I S pyramida'lis. Bulbs undivided. Lip of pyramidal the honey-cup with 2 horns; cloven into 3 fegments; equal; very entire. Horn long. Petals fomewhat fpearfhaped.—

Ray 18, at p. 377 .- Hall. 35. 1, at ii. p. 148. +- Pet. 68. 4.-

J. B. ii. 764. 1. - Vaill. 31. 38, a flower. - Cluf. i. 269. 1, ‡ repr. in Ger. em. 210. 4, and cop. in Park. 1349. 4.

Stem a hand's breadth high, jointed. Leaves 5 or 6, fpear-fhaped, pointed, membranaceous. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, coloured, as long as the feed-bud. Flowers purple, and white have been obferved by Mappi. Petals egg-fpear-fhaped, 3 approaching, the 2 lateral ones expanding, bent back. Lip broad, with 2 oblong longitudinal hunches at the bafe. LINN.—Stem one to one and a

† The fpike fo far advanced as to have no longer its pyramidal fhape. Mr. WOODWARD.

 \ddagger Representing it as it appears when going out of flower. Dill. in R. f_{jn} . Sr.

half

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

half foot high, fomewhat angular, nearly cloathed with leaves. Flowers to 80. Spike fhort, clofe, pyramidal. Floral-leaves fomewhat longer than the feed-bud. Horn pointed, longer than the feed-bud. RELHAN .- Bulbs oval. Stem 8 to 15 inches high. angular. Leaves spear-shaped, much pointed, pale green, with numerous parallel veins irregularly reticulated with crofs ones, the lower and middle fheathing the ftem, the upper fitting. Spike conical, blunt. Floral-leaves membranaceous, fpear-fhaped, much pointed, purple, longer than the feed-bud. Petals ovalfpear-fhaped, the middlemost of the outer and the 2 inner approaching, the 2 lateral outer ones expanding. Lip of the honey-cup, fegments fhort, nearly equal, not fpotted; fpur turned to the fpike-stalk. Mr. WOODWARD .- Stem not jointed, of a filky gloffinefs. Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fomewhat keeled, with a filky gloffinefs, the uppermost fomewhat coloured. Flowers whitish purple. Floral-leaves spear-awl-shaped, somewhat coloured, as long as the feed-bud. Sr.

Late-flowering Orchis.

Meadows and paftures in a calcareous foil. P. June, July. β ST.—Flowers white. LINN. RELHAN. Mr. WOODWARD. Chalk pit clofe. RELHAN.*

meadow

OR'CHIS Mo'rio. Bulbs undivided. Lip of the honey-cup with 4 clefts, finely fcolloped. Horn blunt, afcending. Petals blunt, approaching, LINN.—rather, lip of the honey-cup with 3 lobes, the middlemost nicked. ST.

Curt. iii. 30.—IValc.—Dod. 236. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 88. 1; ic. i. 176. 2, Ger. em. 208. 2, and cop. in Park. 1347. 4, and imitated in Ger. 158. 6.—Fuchf. 559, cop. in J. B. ii. 761. 3, and Lonic. i. 202. 1.—Hall. 33. 2, at ii. p. 144.—Fl. dan. 253.—Vaill. 31. 13 and 14.

* Mr. Hudfon has inferted O. coriophora, fuppofing it to be the Orchis barbata fatida minor flore albo. R. fyn. 376, but Ray does not refer to any of the names or figures cited by Linnæus as fynonyms of his O. coriophora, and from the epithets barbata fatida, and its immediately following O. barbata fatida, which is Satyrium hircinum of Linnæus, it fhould feem to belong at leaft to that genus, if it be not a mere variety of that particular fpecies. Ray mentions no place of growth, and Mr. Hudfon fays, "I have not yet found it." The following are good reprefentations of O. coriophora. Sr.

Hall. 34. 3. at ii. p. 145.—Vaill. 31. 30, 31, 32 flowers.—Lob. obf. 90. 2, repr. in ic. i. 177. 2, and Ger. em. 210. 3, and cop. in Park. 1349. 3.— Ger. 161.—(Fl. dan. 224, is 0. conorfea.)

Flowers

CHIVES on the POINTAL, II. CHIVES.

Flowers purple, rather few. Petals, all blunt, marked with lines, approaching. Lip bent back, finely fcolloped at the fides, with 3 clefts, the middlemoft nicked. LINN .- Flowers fometimes flefhcoloured or white. RAY. RELHAN. Mr. WOODWARD .- Lip of the honey-cup fometimes flat, fometimes undivided and only flightly nicked, the horn fometimes hunched, cylindrical, and more or lefs compressed. RETZ .- Leaves sheathing the stem. Floral-leaves coloured, fheathing the feed-bud, as long as the feed-bud. Howers 6 to 12, loofely difpofed. Horn very blunt, fhorter than the feedbud. Lip of the Honey-cup very broad, the middle legment dotted, fmaller than the fide ones. Petals with green parallel lines. Flowers fometimes pale purple. RELHAN .- Leaves fea-green, fhining, not fpotted. Lip of the honey-cup with 3 lobes, nearly equal, the lateral ones bent back, and fcored with purple veins, the middle one notched, dotted towards the bafe. Differs from O. mascula as follows. Stem lower. Spike of fewer flowers. Bulbs fmall, round. one fixed to the bafe of the ftem, the other connected by a fibre of the thickness of a pack-thread and half an inch long. Petals, the 3 upper forming the hood, and covering the lower ones, always fcored with 3 greenish veins. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves, the upper clofe to the ftem. Floral-leaves coloured. Bloffom dark purplifh red. Petals, the 3 outer marked with 5 lines, the 2 lateral ones concave. Honey-cup, the upper lip formed of 2 concave approaching petals, each marked with 2 lines; lower lip large, broad, bent back at the fides, flightly cloven into 3 fegments, the middlemost lopped; horn short, nearly horizontal. WITH.

Female Fool-stones.

Moiftifh meadows and pastures.

P. May, June.

Goats eat it. Horfes refuse it.

OR'CHIS maf'cula. Bulbs undivided. Lip of the early honey-cup divided into 4 lobes, finely fcolloped. Horn blunt. Petals on the back bent backwards.

Curt. ii. 21.-Hall. 33. 1, at ii. p. 144.-Vaill. 31. 12 and 11 flowers.-Fl. dan. 457.-Sheldr. 16.-Dod. 236. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 87. 3; ic. i. 176. 1, Ger. em. 208. 1, and cop. in Park. 1346. 1.-Walc.-Blackw. 53.-Fuchf. 555, imitated in 7. B. ii. 763. 1.-Lonic. i. 201. 1.-Matth. 882, imitated in Ger. 158. 5.

Flowers purple. Petals, the outer rather pointed, bent back. Lip with 3 clefts, the middlemost fegment cloven, and longer than the fide ones. Spur fomewhat nicked. Very clofely allied to Q. morio, but differing as follows. Stem as tall again. Flowers numerous. The 2 petals on the back bent backwards, and not all approaching 3 R 4 into

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

into a helmet. The middlemoft lobe of the lip the fmalleft. LINN. -Leaves fhining, with blackifh, purple, rounded, fcattered fpots. Flowers in a loofe fpike. Floral-leaves coloured, fheathing, fhorter than the feed-buds. Horn fhorter than the feed-bud. RELHAN,-Lip of the honey-cup entire, or nicked, or with 4 lobes; horn conical or cylindrical. RETZ .- Spike of about 6 flowers, thinly fet. Petals marked with green. Mr. DICKENSON.-Bulbs oval, both fixed to the bafe of the ftem. Stem cylindrical, fmooth, 12 to 15 inches high. Leaves spear-shaped, alternate, sheathing the stem, the lower bright green and fhining above, fea-green underneath, with longitudinal parallel veins, ufually with large brown fpots; the upper closely sheathing the stem, pale green. Floral-leaves spearfhaped, membranaceous, pale purple, longer than the feed-bud. Flowers of a darker or paler purple, rarely white. Petals spear-shaped. pointed, the 2 lateral ones upright, and bent back to back, the middle one expanding and lying over the 2 lower ones, which are clofely approaching, and of a paler colour. Lip of the honey-cup dotted towards the bale, broad, with 3 lobes, the fide ones roundifh-fcolloped, the middle one notched at the end. Horn as long as the feed-bud, broadeft and fomewhat compressed at the end. Cafes of the Chives close together, dark purple. Tips greenish. Mr. WOODWARD.

Male Fool-flones .- Meadows and pastures.

Mr. Moult, in a letter to Dr. Percival, infertedin the Phil. Tranf. vol. 59. p. 1, defcribes his method of making Salep. The best time to gather the roots, he obferves, is when the feed is formed, and the stalk going to fall; for then the new bulb, of which Salep is made, is arrived at its full fize. The new roots being feparated from the stalk, are to be washed in water, and the outer thin skin taken off. They are then to be fet on a tin plate, in an oven heated to the degree of a bread-oven. In fix, eight, or ten minutes they will have acquired a transparency like horn, without being diminished in fize. They are then to be removed into another room to dry and harden, which will be done in a few days: or they may be finished in a very flow heat in a few hours .- Salep thus prepared, may be fold for lefs than a fhilling a pound, and affords a mild nutriment, which, in times of fcarcity, in cafes of Dyfentery and Strangury, and on fhip-board, may be extremely useful. See Percival's' Effays, part ii. p. 37 .- Mr. Moult made his experiments upon the roots of this fpecies only. The preceding fpecies is undoubtedly equally proper for the purpofe, and it is highly probable that every species of Orchis may be used indifcriminately. Salep has been hitherto imported from Turkey at a confiderable price, but it is to be hoped, we shall no longer be supplied from foreign markets,

P. May.

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markets, with an article that our own country can fupply us with in almost any quantity. If ever plantations of it are made, the plants must be propagated by roots, for the feeds feldom come to perfection. Dr. Percival observes, that he got fome feeds to all appearance perfect, but yet they would not vegetate. See observations on the Class.

O R'C H I S ustula'ta. Bulbs undivided. Lip of the dwarf honey-cup with 4-clefts,* rough with dots. Horn blunt. Petals diftinct.—

Hall. 28. 2, at ii. p. 140, the feparate figures of the flowers good. —Fl. dan. 103, † the little point between the lobes of the middle fegment of the lip not reprefented.—Vaill. 31. 35 and 36, flowers.—Cluf. i. 268. 1, cop. Ger. em. 207, and cop. in Park. 1345.—J. B. ii. 765. 2.—H. ox. xii. 12. 20, fegments of the lip too broad.

Spike whitish red, purplish at the end. Petals diffinct, approaching. Lip with 3 clefts, the middle fegment lengthened out with 2 lobes; dotted with rough dots. Spur fhort, bluntifh. LINN .--Stem (not scapus) angular. Spike close. Flowers to 40. Floralleaves as long as the feed-buds. Petals without purplifn, within greenish white. Lip hanging down. Horns much shorter than the feed-bud. RELHAN .- Bulbs oval. Stem 4 to 6 inches high, almost covered by the upper leaves. Leaves 5 or 6, bluntly fpearfhaped, bright green above, whitifh green below, fhining, with numerous longitudinal veins. Spike fhort. Floral-leaves spearfhaped, about two thirds of the length of the feed-bud, membranaceous, faint purple, the keel dark. Petals, the 3 outer ovalfpear-fhaped, taper-pointed, purple without, greenish white within, the 2 inner fpear-fhaped, narrow. Lip white, with purple or purplish fpots, with 3 divisions, the 2 outer fegments expanding, fpear-fhaped, entire, with I or 2 teeth, the middle one longer, widening at the end, with 2 fhort lobes and an intermediate point. Horn very fhort, flightly curved, half as long as the feed-bud. Chives very fhort. Tips pale yellow. Cafes of the chives greenish white, close. Mr. WOODWARD.

Dryifh meadows and paftures. [Gogmagog Hills, Newmarket Heath, and Barneck Heath near Stamford. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. May, June.

* The lip in this refpect alike in 0. militaris and uflulata, and the middle fegment may be deferibed either as cloven at the end into 3, or cloven into 2, with a fmaller fegment between them. ST.

† As tall again as any plant I have ever feen. Mr. WOODWARP. OR'CHIS man OR'CHIS milita'ris. Bulbs undivided. Lip of the honey-cup with 5 clefts, rough with dots. Horn blunt. Petals confluent.—

> Hall. 28. 1, at ii. p. 140.—Ger. em. 205. 2, cop. in Park. 1344. 4.—Fuchf. 554, cop. in J. B. ii. 755.—Trag. 773.

Flowers in a fpike, purplifh flefh-coloured.* Petals growing together. Lip cloven into 3; the middle fegment lengthened out, with rough dots. Spur thort, bluntifh. LINN.-Bulbs fomewhat oval. Stem about a foot high, cylindrical, fmooth. Leaves about 4. fheathing the ftem, acutely fpear-fhaped, the lower expanding, I or 2 of the upper ones closely embracing the ftem, bright green. with numerous parallel veins. Spike I to 2 inches long. Flowers numerous. Floral-leaves very fhort, membranaceous, oval, pointed, terminated with an awn. Petals greyifh white, with purple lines, approaching; the 3 outer large and broad, oval-fpear-fhaped, pointed, the 2 inner awl-ftrap-fhaped. Lip purplish or white, with purple dots, divided into 3 fegments; the 2 outer near the bafe. ftrap-fhaped, half as long as the middle one; the middlemost long and narrow, flightly cloven into 3 at the end, the outer fegments broader, rounded, flightly ferrated, the middle one appearing like a thorn. Horn half as long as the feed-bud. Tips yellow. Cafes of the chives not united. Specimen from the Continent and believed to be variety y LINN. but differs I apprehend very little from a. Mr. WOODWARD.

Meadows and paftures in a chalky foil. Cawfham Hills by the Thames fides not far from Reading, Berkfhire, and near the old chalk-pit by the paper mill at Harefield. P. May.

 β LINN. Lip of the honey-cup bearded, with 5 lobes, the lateral ones blunt, finely fcolloped, the middle one very flort, pointed. HUDS.

Hall. 31, at ii. p. 140.—Ray 19. 2, at p. 379. I have not fcen it. O. purpurea. HUDS. ed. I. CURT. cat. n. 131, who is ftill of opinion that it is a diffinct fpecies. ST.

Woods and thickets near Northfleet, Kent. P. May. & LINN.-Lower lobes of the lip longer and narrower. Mr. WOODWARD.

Vaill. 31. 25 and 26.—Col. ecphr. i. 320. 2.

I have feen a native fpecimen. Mr. WOODWARD.

Orchis flore fimiam referens. Bauh. pin. 82.—O. Zoophora cercopithecum exprimens oreades. Col. ecphr. i. 319. Mr. WOODWARD.

* Purpureo canefcentes mant. et fyft. plant. but I apprehend Linnæus muft have written purpureo carnefcentes, as above tranflated. Sr.

* * Bulbs

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** Bulbs hand-shaped.

O R'C HIS latifo'lia. Bulbs fomewhat hand-fhaped, broad-leaved ftraight. Horn of the honey-cup conical. Lip with 3 lobes; the lateral ones bent back. Floral-leaves longer than the flowers.—

& LINN.—Middle fegment of the lip of the honey-cup blunt, as narrow again as the fide ones, but of the fame length. ST.

Mill. illustr. - Fl. dan. 266. - Vaill. 31. 3, 5, 4. - Hall. 32. 2, at ii. 142. - Dod. 240. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 90.* 3; ic. i. 188. 1, Ger. em. 220. 1, and cop. in Park. 1356. 1, Ger. 169. 1, and J. B. ii. 774. 1. - Blackw. 405. - H. ox. xii. 14. 2. - (H. ox. xii. 14. row 3. 1, is a different plant.)

Bulbs ftraight, not much ftraddling, divided into 2 or 3 fingers. Leaves, especially the lower, a little spotted. Flowers in a spike. Petals, the lateral ones bent back, those at the back expanding, with the hinder edges bent back. Lip folded to behind, ferrated, with 3 obfcure lobes. Differs from O. maculata as follows. Noral-leaves longer than the flowers. Leaves nearly without fpots. Stem hollow. LINN.-Stem furrowed. Leaves spear-shaped, 4 to 6, in some plants fpotted, the lowermost always pointed, as well expressed in Haller's figure. Floral-leaves coloured, -longer than the feed-buds. Flowers purple, to 40. Spike clofe. Horn blunt, fhorter than the feed-bud. Lip very broad, with deeper coloured lines; lateral fegments finely fcolloped, the middle one fpear-fhaped. RELHAN. -Bulbs broad, flat, divided into a few fingers fometimes running out into long fibres ftriking downwards. Several fhort thick roots fhoot out laterally above the bulbs. Stem about a foot high, fmooth, angular towards the top. Leaves alternate, fheathing the ftem to the fpike, acutely fpear-fhaped, keeled, with parallel veins, pale green, rarely fpotted, and then very obfcurely fo. Floral-leaves much longer than the flowers, refembling the uppermost leaves, fpear-fhaped, pointed, green, fometimes with a tinge of purple. Flowers purple, flefh-coloured, or white. Spike fomewhat conical. Petals spear-shaped, the middlemost of the 3 upper and outer with the 2 inner approaching. Lip, the middle lobe the longeft, narrow, fomewhat pointed, marked with dots and lines forming a regular figure, fomewhat corresponding with the form of the lip. Mr. WOODWARD .- Bulbs expanding, cloven into 2, each fegment cloven and expanding. Stem 7 to 14 inches high, fomewhat hollow. Flowers purple, the throat whitifh, with purple dots. Spike oblongfpear-shaped, one to two and a half inches long. Leaves upright, fmooth, with lines on the under fide. Floral-leaves awl-fpearfhaped, keeled, flat, gradually fhorter upwards. Sr.-Bloffom flefhcoloured or white, with beautiful crimfon ftreaks, but no fpots. WITH. Male-

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Male-handed Orchis.—Moift meadows and paftures, and marfhy ground. P. May, June.

Cows eat it. Horfes refufe it.

 β LINN.—Middle fegment of the lip of the honey-cup eggfhaped, pointed, as long again as the fide ones. ST.

Vaill. 31. 2 and 1 flowers.—Walc.—Dod. 241, repr. in Lob. obf. 91.* 3; ic. i. 190. 1, Ger. em. 222. 3, and cop. in Park. 1358. 11, and Ger. 171. 3.—Lob. obf. 93. 1, repr. in ic. i. 191. 2, Ger. em. 226. 1, and cop. in Park. 1360. 16, and imitated in Ger. 174. 2.

Lip of the honey-cup, lateral fegments blunt. These variations I have observed in different plants, but Vaillant informs us that they are fometimes found in the fame plant. ST.

[In the fame moift meadows with α , between Battenhall and Worcefter. ST.]

fpotted OR'CHIS macula'ta. Bulbs hand-fhaped, expanding. Horn of the honey-cup fhorter than the feed-bud; lip flat. Petals on the back upright.—

> Hall. 32. 1, at ii. p. 142.—Vaill. 31. 9 and 10, flowers.—Lonic. i. 203. 2.—Dod. 240. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 90.* 4; ic. i. 188. 2, Ger. em. 220. 2, and cop. in Park. 1357. 3.—Trag. 781.— Ger. 169. 2.—J. B. ii. 775. 2.—Lob. obf. 91.* 1, repr. in ic. i. 189. 1, Ger. em. 222. 1.—H. ox. xii. 14. row 2. 5.

One of the bulbs floats in water and nourifhes the ftem, the other finks in water and bears the bud for the next year. Stem folid. Leaves fpotted. Floral-leaves not longer than the flowers. Flowers fometimes white. Petals, the 3 outer upright, the 2 inner approaching. Lip with 3 lobes, fcolloped, the middle fegment quite entire, very narrow. LINN .- Leaves rather hoary, with oblong, transverse, darkish spots. Spikes close, conical. Flowers to 40, pale purple, with deeper lines. Floral-leaves coloured, longer than the feed-buds. Horn blunt, as long as the feed-bud. Lip broad, the middle fegment undivided, pointed, fmaller. RELHAN.-Bubs compressed; fingers much ftraddling. Stem 6 to 18 inches high, cylindrical below, angular above. Leaves underneath filvery grey, with parallel green veins, above pale green, often partially covered with the fame filvery fkin; fpots reddifh brown, numerous, mostly oval and transverse, fometimes irregular, the lower embracing the ftem; the loweft fhort, broad and blunt; the next above confiderably longer, bluntly fpear-fhaped; those above more pointed; the upper very narrow, fitting, the edges running down the ftem, whence the angular appearance of the upper part of the stem in this and feveral other species. Flowers

ufually

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ufually pale purple, fometimes nearly white and without fpots, when the leaves alfo are pale and without fpots. Floral-leaves fpearshaped, pointed, much longer than the feed-bud, purplish if the upper part of the ftem be fo, green if that be green. Petals spearfhaped, the 3 outer expanding, fometimes fpotted. Lip deeply cloven into 3, marked with purple fpots and lines; the lateral fegments angular, the middle one spear-shaped. Horn bluntish, fhorter than the feed-bud. Chives very fhort. Tips green. Cafes of the chives close together, dark purple. Differs from O. latifolia in the lowermost leaf being always very blunt, the lip being deeply cloven into 3, and in its flowering later. Mr. WOODW .- Bulbs cloven, each of the fegments terminating in a thick fleshy fibre. Stem fometimes 2 feet high, nearly upright. Leaves, the lower fpear-inverfely egg-fhaped. Floral-leaves, the lower longer than the flowers, the upper fhorter. Blos. tube involving the feed-bud, green; fegments white or purplifh, and marked with purple lines. those of the back with the edges bent back. Lip flat, in the plants with white flowers with fometimes 5 lobes, from the lateral lobes being lobed. Palate glutinous. Is not this the fummit? Tips when viewed in the microfcope roundifh, angular. Sr.-Bulbs generally cloven into 2. Bloffom more or less white or flesh-coloured, with beautiful purple fpots or ftreaks. Honey-cup, the mouth furrounded with a fine femi-circular purple line. WITH.

Palmata (peciofiore thyrfo, folio maculato. R. fyn. 381. (ST.) Female-handed Orchis.

Woods, rich meadows, when the fpike is large and a hand's breadth long; also in barren pastures, when the spike is only half the fize, and with fewer flowers. RAY. P. June.

Sheep eat it. Goats and Horfes refufe it. Cows are not fond of it.

B Leaves not fpotted.

Anchandenny Woods, Scotland. PARSONS in fl. scot. 518.

OR'CHIS conop'lea. Bulbs hand-fhaped. Horn red-handed + of the honey-cup briftle-fhaped, longer than the feedbuds. Lip cloven into 3. Two of the petals very much expanding .--

Fl. dan. 224.-Hall. 29. 2, at ii. 147.-Vaill. 30. 8, and 8 flowers.-I'uchi. 712, cop. in J. B ii. 778. 1.-Lob. obf. 91,* 2, repr. in ic. i. 189.2, Ger. em. 223. 2, and cop. in Park. 1358. 5, abridged in H. ox. xii. 14. 14, and imitated in Ger. 171. 2.

f Sweet-scented should be applied to O. odoratifima. Sr.

Refembling

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Refembling O. pyramidalis. Petals, the outer expanding. Lip finely fcolloped; fegments equal, the middlemost very entire. Spur very long, as in O. pyramidalis. LINN .- Leaves narrow. Floralleaves longer than the feed-buds. Flowers purple, flefh-coloured, and fometimes white. RELHAN .- Bulbs much compressed. Stem one to one and a half foot high, fmooth, firm, cylindrical below, angular above. Leaves spear-shaped, pointed; the lower sheathing the ftem, long, bright green, fhining, keeled, with a ftrong midrib, on each fide of which is one ftrong rib, and 2 or 3 fainter veins; lower stem-leaves embracing the stem; the upper fitting, decreafing in fize till they refemble the floral-leaves. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, tapering to a point, longer than the feed-bud, herbaccous. Spike long, loofe. Flowers flefh-coloured, or pale purple, very fweet. Petals, the middlemost of the outer and the 2 inner ones clofely approaching, their points bent inwards and covering the chives; the 2 outer fpear-fhaped, at right angles with the lip of the honey-cup. Lip fhort, broad; fegments roundifh, the middlemost rather broader and longer. Spur awl-shaped, flender, curved, femi-transparent, juicy, much longer than the feed-bud. Chives with 2 hunched flefhy prominencies at their bafe. Tips greenifh. Summit, the opening between the chives very apparent. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves long, ftrap-fhaped, almoft doubled together lengthways. Bloffom when minutely examined with a frofty glittering appearance. Upper lip of the honey-cup cloven. Horn crooked. Petals, the 2 lateral ones greatly expanded. WITH. Palmata rubella cum longis calcaribus rubellis. R. fyn. 381. (ST.)

Meadows and paftures. [In a morafs near Leeds. Mr. Woon.] P. June.

Goats and Cows eat it. Horfes refufe it.

*** Bulbs bundled.

Bird's-neft

OR'CHIS *aborti'va*. Roots bundled, thread-fhaped. Lip of the honey-cup egg-fhaped; very entire. Stem without leaves.—

Hall. 36, at ii. p. 151.—(J. B. ii. 782. 2, from its cloven lip should rather feem to be Ophrys Nidus avis.)

Stem leaflefs, fheathed with fcales. Flowers violet. LINN.—Horn conical, flightly curved, very much pointed. Mr. WOODWARD. Pfeudoleimodoron, Cluf. hift. 270, defer. The fig. is a re-impreffion of Lob. ic. i. 195. I. (For "Pfeudo-limodorum austriacum, Cluf. hift. i. p. 270," in the Mant. et Syft. plant, read Limodoron Austricum, Cluf. pan. and as above. ST.)

Purple Bird's-neft.

Dryish meadows. Near Alton, Hampsh. R. fyn. P. May, June. 1095. SATYR'IUM.

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1095. SATYR'IUM. Satyrion.

EMPAL. Sheaths fcattered. Fruit-flalk fimple. Cup none. BLOSS. Petals 5; oblong egg-fhaped; 3 on the outfide; the inner approaching above in form of a helmet.

Honey-cup of 1 leaf; fixed by the lower fide to the receptacle, between the division of the petals. Upper Lip very fhort; upright. Lower Lip flat; pendant; with a bag like a double purfe projecting behind.

- CHIVES. Threads 2; very flender; very fhort; fixed on the pointal. Tips inverfely egg-fhaped; covered by a fold of the upper lip of the honey-cup forming 2 cells.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; oblong; twifted. Shaft very fhort; fixed to the upper lip of the honey-cup. Summit compreffed; blunt.
- **S. VESS.** Capfule oblong; with 1 cell; 3 keels; 3 valves; opening in 3 places under the keels; connected at the bafe and at the end.

SEEDS numerous; very fmall; like faw-duft.

Ess. CHAR. Honey-cup in form of a double purfe behind the flower.

SATYR'IUM hircinum. Bulbs undivided. Leaves Lizard fpear-fhaped. Lip of the honey-cup cloven into 3, the middle fegment ftrap-fhaped, oblique; bitten off.—

Hall. 25, at ii. 136.—Vaill. 30. 6 flowers.—Dod. 237. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 210. 1, and cop. in Park. 1348. 1, and imitated in Ger. 160. 1, and H. ox. xii. 12. 9.—Lob. obf. 90. 1, repr. in ic. i. 177. 1, Ger. em. 210. 2, and cop. in Park. 1348. 2, and J. B. ii. 756, and imitated in Ger. 160. 2.

Plant tall. Flowers whitifh, fmelling like a goat. Lip, the middlemoft fegment very long, the lateral ones very fhort, awlfhaped, very entire. LINN.—The largeft and talleft of our Orchifes. RAY.—Flowers greenifh white, purple within.

Lizard-flower.—Chalky meadows and paftures. Several places in the neighbourhood of Dartford, Kent. RAV. P. June, July.

SATYR'IUM viride. Bulbs hand-fhaped. Leaves frog oblong, blunt. Lip of the honey-cup ftrap-fhaped. cloven into 3 fegments; the middlemoft indiffinet.—

Hall.

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

Hall. 26. 2, at ii. p. 137.—Fl. dan. 77.—Ger. em. 224. 9, cop. in Park. 1358. 9.—(Vaill. 31. 6, 7, and 8, is confidered by Pollich. as a variety in which the flowers are larger and the floralleaves longer.)

Flowers of a greenish pale hue. Petals approaching. Lip, the lateral fegments narrower, the middlemoft fmaller. LINN.-Lip yellowifh green, fometimes brownifh purple, or foot-coloured. RAY .- Stem 6 inches high, angular, leafy. Leaves spear-shaped, alternate, embracing the ftem, downy. Floral-leaves longer than the flowers. Petals, the 3 outer egg-fhaped, the 2 inner oblong. narrower, all approaching. Lip long, the middle fegment very fmall. MART.-Petals, the 2 inner spear-shaped. Spur very short. RELHAN .- Bulbs with few fingers. Stem about 6 inches high, cylindrical below, angular upwards. Leaves, the lower sheathing the ftem, oval, broad, marked with parallel veins, and an irregular network of crofs ones, green, fmooth, but not fhining; stem-leaves spear-shaped, the upper fitting. Spike loofe, with few flowers. Floral-leaves refembling the upper leaves, much longer than the flower. Petals, the 3 outer green, oval-spear-shaped, clofely approaching, forming the hood, the 2 inner greenish yellow, awl-fhaped, quite hid by the outer. Lip yellowifh, often with a tinge of brown, particularly at the edge, widening downwards, with 3 hunched prominencies towards the bafe; fegments at the end pointed, the middlemost very fhort. Spur blunt, flightly nicked. Chives very fhort. Tips pale yellow, elastic. Mr. Woopw. -Root; bulbs cloven into 2 or 4, the fingers tapering into cylindrical fibres; 2 expanding, the old one at the bafe of the ftem, the new one above, with a bud at the end; fibres from the bafe of the ftem, and crowning the point of the old bulb, cylindrical, thick, tapering at the end, brownish white, horizontal, twice as long as the bulbs. Stem 5 to 11 inches high, folid; angles unequal; fharp, formed from the edges of the leaves and floral-leaves. Leaves with lines underneath, veins anastamofing. Spike spear-shaped, 1° to 3 inches long. Flowers green. Floral-leaves awl-fpear-fhaped, keeled, expanding, fomewhat bowed in, green, gradually shorter upwards. Empal. tube invefting the feed-bud; border with 3 divifions; fegments egg-fhaped, nearly equal, with fharp longitudinal wrinkles, approaching upwards, before flowering glued together, and involving all the parts of fructification, excepting the honeycup; the fide ones more convex on the outfide, bowed back fideways at the points, the middlemost rather fmaller, more bent inwards. These which are clearly an extension of the skin investing the feed-bud, inclose as an empalement the other parts of fructification, and are of a texture fimilar to that of the floral-leaves. Bloffom of

of 3 petals, the 2 upper ftrap-fpear-fhaped, concave, upright, of a greenifh whitifh hue, as long as the empalement, inferted at the divisions at the base of the upper lip of the third petal. These are of a different texture from the empalement as above defcribed, are fituated within it, and exactly refemble the texture of petals. The third petal gaping, with 2 lips, furrounding the edge of the feedbud; upper lip roundifh, concave, reddifh brown, as fhort again as the 2 upper petals, divided within into 2 cells, each containing I of the chives, composed of 4 valves, marked at the base with a flefhy tooth; lower lip oblong-ftrap-fhaped, bent back, fomewhat longer than the empalement, flat, of a yellowifh greenifh hue, the fides and end tinged with brownilh purple, the edges bent in at the bafe, with a longitudinal ridge running along the middle, cloven into 3 at the end, the lateral fegments ftrap-fhaped, bluntifh, the middlemost very short, projecting underneath at the base into a honey-cup. I confider this as a petal, from its fimilarity to that of the Fumaria, and the whole class of Perfonata, which it exactly refembles. Honey-cup roundifh, flightly furrowed along the middle, concave, hanging down from the bafe of the lower lip of the bloffom. In Fumaria and the Perfonata, the honey-cup, as here, is an expansion of the petal, containing a honey-like juice. Chives 2, club-fhaped, upright, of a yellowifh white hue, involved by the valves of the upper lip of the bloffom, at the bafe of which they are inferted. Threads cylindrical, yellow, fomewhat transparent, globular at the bafe, above becoming thicker, and composed of elastic hair-like fibres. Tips wedge-shaped or triangular, flat, finely fcolloped at the edge, wrinkled, opaque, fitting, fixed to the fide of the threads, to which they adhere, as long as the flower continues, unchanged on being moiftened with water, not containing any visible dust. Shaft none. Summit blunt, concave, glutinous, its edge furrounded by the third petal. Sr.

Meadows and paftures. [June. Sr.] July, Aug. Goats eat it.

 β fufcum. Lip of the honey-cup with equal fegments. HUDS. On Hellfe-fellnap near Kendal. P. Aug. HUDS. ed. I.

SATYR'IUM al'bidum. Bulbs bundled. Leaves white fpear-fhaped. Lip of the honey-cup cloven into 3; fegments fharp; the middlemost blunt.—

Fl. dan. 115.—Hall. 26. 1, at ii. p. 137.—Mich. 26. A. B. C. Lip, the middle fegment blunter. LINN.—Spike thick fet. Flowers numerous. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, rather longer than the feed-buds. Petals white, all approaching. Lip green. Spur about half as long as the feed-bud, blunt, and bowed back, but not Vol. II. 3 S double. double, as in the generic character. LIGHTF. Mr. WOODW. —Indeed, Haller feems fully juftified in not feparating thefe plants from the Orchis. Stem 9 to 15 inches high. Leaves, the lower oval, fheathing the ftem. Spike long. Floral-leaves much pointed. Petals oval-fpear-fhaped. Lip fhort, the middle fegment the longeft. Mr. WOODWARD.

Moift meadows in Wales, and about Malham, Yorkfh. R. fyn. and Llanberys. Mr. DAVIES.—Dry mountainous paftures in Argylefhire and the Hebrides. LIGHTE. P. June, July.

creeping

SATYR'IUM re'pens. Bulbs fibrous. Root-leaves egg-fhaped. Flowers all pointing one way.-

Fl. dan. 812.—Lightf. 22, at p. 520.—Hall. 22. 3, Epipačtis at ii. p. 132.—Gunn. ii. 6. 1.—Gam. hort. 35, cop. in Ger. em. 227. 4, Ger. 175. 4, Park. 1355. 8, and J. B. ii. 770. 2.

Root creeping. Leaves on leaf-ftalks, with a net-work of brown veins. Petals 3, downy, glued together. Lip fpear-fhaped, or egg-oblong. In place of a *fpur* a boat-fhaped keel. LINN.—Roots cylindrical, annular, branched, throwing out fhoots. Stem a foot high, hairy, efpecially towards the top. Leaves near the bafe of the ftem, with 5 to 7 ribs. Leaf-ftalks broad, leafy. Flowers whitifh or ftraw-coloured, 15 to 20, from one fide of the fruit-ftalk turning round and looking to the other. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, longer than the feed-bud, of the fame colour with the flowers. Lip terminated behind in a hunched boat-fhaped honey-cup, which makes it belong more properly to the genus Serapias. LIGHT-FOOT. Mr. WOODWARD.

Old moffy woods, but very rare. LIGHTFOOT.—Paftures and thickets. HUDS.—About Moy-hall uear Invernefs, and other places in Scotland. P. June—Aug.

982

1096. O'PHRYS.

1096. O'PHRYS. Twayblade.

EMPAL. Sheaths fcattered. Fruit-flalk fimple. Cup none.

BLOSS. Petals 5; oblong; approaching upwards; equal; 2 of them placed outwards.

Honey-cup longer than the petals; hanging down; behind only flightly keeled.

- CHIVES. Threads 2; very short; fixed to the pointal. Tips upright; covered by the inner edge of the honey-cup.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; oblong; twifted. Shaft fixed to the inner edge of the honey-cup. Summit imperfect.
- S. VESS. Capfule fomewhat egg-fhaped; 3-edged; blunt; fcored; with 3 valves; and i cell; opening at the keeled angles.
- SEEDS numerous; like faw-duft. Receptacle ftrap-fhaped; growing to each valve of the feed-veffel.

Ess. CHAR. Honey-cup flightly keeled underneath.

* Bulbs branched.

O'PHRYS Nidus a'vis. Bulbs fibrous, bundled. Bird's-neft Stem fheathed, but without leaves. Lip of the honeycup cloven.—

Hall. 37. 2, at ii. p. 149.-Fl. dan. 181.-Trag. 785, cop. in Dod. 553. 2. - Lob. ic. i. 195. 1, repr. in Clus. i. 270. 1, Ger. em. 228, and cop. in Park. 1362, Orchis, Sc.-H. ox. xii.

16. 18, and Pet. 70. 3.- (Ger. 176, is more like an Orobanche.) Whole plant brown. Stalk cloathed with fheathing leaf-fcales. Floral-leaves fhorter than the feed-buds. RELHAN.-Root fixed laterally to the ftem; fibres flefhy, in a thick bunch, more numerous and intricate than those of O. bifolia. Stem 12 to 15 inches high, thickeft at the bafe, firm, continuing long after the feeds are fhed, without leaves. Leaf-scales dry, numerous, embracing the stem. Spike cylindrical, 4 or 5 inches long, rather loofe below, clofe above. Floral-leaves fhorter than the feed-bud, fpear-fhaped. Petals closely approaching, oval. Lip long, at first strap-shaped, but at the end cloven, the fegments blunt, ftraddling. Chives inferted into 2 cavities, in the upper lip of the honey-cup. Tips yellow. Capfules on fruit-stalks, triangular, a prominent rib along each angle and fide, the interffices plain. This and the Orchis abortiva are closely connected in habit with Orobanche, Lathraa, and Monotropa. Mr. WOODWARD.

Bird's-

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA

Bird's-neft .- Woods and fhady places, but rather rare. About Charlton, Maidstone, and Rochill, Kent; Aldburgh, Suffolk; near Ingleton, and in Offley Park. [Hevdon, Norfolk, Mr. BRYANT .- Buckham Wood, Cumberland. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. May, June.

coral-rooted

984

O'PHRYS Corallorhi'za. Bulbs branched, zigzag. Stem fheathed, without leaves. Lip of the honey-cup cloven into 3.-

Fl. dan. 451.-Gunn. ii. 6. 3.-Hall. 44, at ii. p. 159, in flower, and another in fruit .- Cluf. ii. 220. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1585. 2, and cop. in Park. 1363. 5, Ger. 1387, and 7. B. ii. 785. 1.-Lightf. 23, at p. 523, in fruit.-Rupp. jen. 2. 3, Orobanche, Sc.

Chives 4, in each cell 2. Stalk with only feales which are not green, HALL .- but, in a specimen in my possession, the lower fheath terminates in a real fpear-fhaped leaf, upright, fomewhat approaching, half an inch long. 2 lines broad, and above thefe 2 others which are fhorter. Mr. WOODWARD.

Marshy or moist woods, very rare. On the South fide of a hanging wood near the head of Little-Loch-Broom, Rofsfhire. LIGHTFOOT .- In woods of fir in the North of Scotland. Hups. P. Aug. Sept.

triple O'PHRYS (pira'lis. Bulbs incorporated, oblong. Stem fomewhat leafy. Flowers placed spirally, but pointing one way. Lip of the honey-cup undivided, finely fcolloped. LANN .- Flowers frequently pointing feveral ways, and feldom all pointing one way. Sr.

> Curt. iv. 46 .- Fl. dan. 387, equally good .- Dod. 239. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 80.* 2, ic. i. 186. 1, and cor. in Park. 1354. 3.-Giel. 42.- (J. B. ii. 769. 3, not the plant.- Hall. 38, at ii. p. 151, Jeems to be variety & and the fame with Gmel. i. 3. 1.)

Howers white within. Petais, the 3 outer glued together. Lip roundish, finely fcolloped, the teeth fringe-like. LINN .- Bulbs I to 3, varying from oblong and half an inch to cylindrical and one and an half inch long, rough, with a few fibres. Stem 6 to 9 inches high, fmooth below, downy above, from the fide of the root. Rect-leaves in a tuft, oval-spear-shaped, very entire, Smooth, Eright green: firm-leaves 3 or 4, fpear-fhaped, tapering to a point, embracing the ftem. Stike 2 to 4 inches long. Floralit was longer than the feed-bud, oval-fpear-fhaped, tapering to a point. Flowers numerous, white. Petals, the 2 inner spear-shaped, expanding. Lip narrow at the bafe, widening downwards, at the

end

end roundifh and ferrated. Mr. WOODWARD .- Root confifting only of bulbs, without any fibres at the bafe of the ftem in any of the fpecimens or figures which I have examined, except in that ofvariety y, Mich. 26. D, which is poffibly a diftinct species. Stem flightly wreathed. Leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, fheathing the ftem at the bafe. Flowers fitting, greenish white, distinct, fomewhat nodding, difuofed along a fpiral line, fometimes moft or even all pointing one way, but moftly 3 or 4 pointing one way, and as many, next above them another. Spike-stalk wreathed, downy. Floralleaves spear-shaped, concave, as long as the flowers, finooth within, downy without, green, with white edges, involving the feed-buds. Petals 5, fpear-shaped, nearly equal, upright, approaching, greenifh white, finooth within, downy without; the 3 upper glued together, and appearing as one, the middlemost the largest. Honey-cup oblong-egg-fhaped, at the bafe fomewhat heart-fhaped, and marked with a blunt tooth on each fide, nearly doubled to, and involving the parts of fructification, flightly keeled underneath, at the end bluntifh and finely fcolloped, fomewhat flefhy, gloffy, glutinous, green, with a whitifh edge, and towards the point frosted. Chive 1, placed on the upper fide of the shaft. Thread none, except a fhort tooth projecting from the inner edge of the fhaft. Tip of 2 cells and 4 valves, egg-fhaped, upright, growing to the inner edge of the posterior tooth of the shaft. Dug? compacted by means of exceedingly fine elaftic fibres into an eggfhaped, yellowifh-white elaftic body, of 2 lobes, inferted in the points of the fummit, and involved in the cells of the tips; lobes club-fhaped, flatted, doubled together, pulpy, fixed by a very fmall, brown, spear-shaped, horny eye, to the point of the shaft. I call it dust, for want of a better name, and believing it to be analogous to duft, though not appearing to accord by any means in its structure. True dust is found adhering by minute fibres, and thrown out in a mass from the cases which contain it, as in Kalmia latifolia, Rhododendron maximum, not to mention fome of the Evilobiums. Compare the structure of the tips, and in particular the horny eye, as alfo that of the parts of fructification at large. with that of Afclepias arborefcens. Shaft fomewhat club-shaped, hooked, projecting from the point of the feed-bad, concave above where it receives the mais of duft, which fometimes remains in it even after the flower is out of bloffom; margin upright, with 5 teeth, beneath obliquely lopped. Summit flat, fomewhat egg-fhaped, green, glutinous, cloven at the point. Sr.

Triple Ladies-traces.—Dry fandy and chalky paftures, and moift meadows. RAY.—[Dry barren clayey paftures, and on a boggy common. Mr. WOODWARD.—In a croft near Whitehall, on the 3 S 3 road

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

road from Truro to Redruth, Cornwall. Mr. WATT.] P. July, Aug. [and Sept. ST.]

β LINN. larger.

Dod. 239. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 89.* 3; ic. i. 186. 2, Ger. em. 218. 2, and cop. in Park. 1354. 2, and Ger. 167. 2.

common

O'PHRYS ova'ta. Bulb fibrous. Stem with 2 leaves. Leaves egg-fhaped. Lip of the honey-cup cloven.—

Hall. 37. 1, at ii. p. 150.—Curt. iii. 3b.—Garf. 425. 2.—Dod. 242. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 161. 3; ic. i. 302. 2, the original figure, not that which is pasted over it, and cop. in Park. 504. 1.— Fuchs. 566, cop. in J. B. iii. 533. 2.—Fl. dan. 137, fegments of the lip spear-shaped.—Matth. 1225.—Lonic. i. 241. 2.—Ger. 326.—Pet. 70. 10.—(Lob. ic. i. 302. 2, the figure pasted on, repr. in Ger. em. 403. 1, and cop. in H. ox. xii. 11. row 1. 1. f. 1, a different plant, as is evident from the crowded flowers, and floral-leaves as long as the feed-bud.)

Leaves opposite. Lip strap-shaped, cloven half way down. LINN. -Root renewed every year as the bulbs of the Orchis; fibres numerous, thick, flefhy. Stem 1 to 2 feet high, immediately above the root fheathed with 2 or 3 membranaceous fhrivelled fheaths, below the leaves bare, and fometimes deep purple, above downy. and much thinner. Leaves oval, very broad, at about one third of the height of the ftem, one embracing the other at the bale, with about 7 ribs, much refembling those of Plantago major. Leafscales 2 or 3, oval, taper pointed, very short. Flowers numerous. yellowifh green. Floral-leaves not half the length of the feed-buds, oval, taper pointed. Petals forming a kind of hood, the 3 outer fpear-fhaped, the 2 inner ftrap-fhaped, fomewhat tinged with purple. Lip as long as the feed-bud, nearly ftrap-fhaped, rolled back at the edges; fegments flightly ftraddling, with mostly a fhort pointed intermediate lobe. Tips yellow, connected at their points, covered by an oval appendage of the upper lip of the honey-cup, not elastic. Mr. WOODWARD .- Spike flender. Flowers of a fragrant musky fcent. Mr. DICKENSON .- Root, fibres brownish white, fcattered, fomewhat zigzag. Stem tapering at the bafe; below the leaves obfcurely 4-cornered, the angles formed by the ribs of the leaves running down, the mid-rib of each leaf forming the 2 most prominent opposite angles, the 2 strong lateral ribs of the outer leaf the 2 intermediate angles, and the fame of the inner leaf forming 2 other lines only barely perceptible; above the leaves cylindrical. Leaves equal, expanding, generally bent to one fide, fpear-elliptical, pointed, very entire, fmooth, with 3 ftrong ribs and to 10 intermediate finer ones, the fpaces between the outer ribs

ribs gradually diminishing towards the edge of the leaf. Bunch long. Flowers scattered, expanding, diftinct, fomewhat refembling the figure of a man. Fruit-stalks 3-square, downy, as long again as the feed-buds. Floral-leaves egg-fhaped, concave, as long as the fruitstalks, one at the bafe of each. Empal. cup I leaf, fomewhat bell-fhaped; tube invefting the feed-bud, contracted at the mouth; border with 3 divisions; fegments egg-spear-shaped. Blosson 1 petal, irregular, with 4 divisions; fegments unequal, the 3 upper approaching, the middlemost very fmall, involving the parts of fructification; the fide ones ftrap-fhaped, as long as the empalement, and inferted between its divisions; the lowermost thrice as long as the empalement, oblong, tapering towards the bafe, yellowifh green, marked with a green line from the bafe of the fummit to the bottom of the cleft, and fometimes moift with the fame glutinous matter as the fummit; fegments oblong, blunt. Honeycup none. Chive 1. Tip yellow, fitting, inferted by its point into the point of the fummit, triangular, divided to the bafe, fegments club-fhaped, cloven, evidently 1, and not 2 as in Orchis, appearing like a tongue between the fummit and the upper fegment of the bloffom, foon falling off. Cafe of the chive on the under fide of the upper fegment of the bloffom, flefhy, folded into 2 cells, which inclose the 2 lobes of the tip in its earlier ftate, and when those are ripe and burfting from their inclosures have difengaged themfelves, clofing again, and preffing upon the tip, remaining after the tip is fallen off, and turning brown, might eafily be mistaken for the tip. Seed-bud inversely cgg-shaped, the corners tharp, fomewhat downy, the fides convex, fomewhat keeled. Summit flefhy, egg-fhaped, projecting from the inner fide of the feed-bud, bent in, moist and glutinous underneath. ST .- Leaves with 3 or 5 longitudinal channels on the upper furface, only 3 extending the whole length of the leaf, the 2 outer falling fhort. Floral-leaves broad, pointed, fhorter than the fruit-ftalks. Petals, the 3 outer concave, egg-spear-shaped, purplish green; the 2 inner fmall, oblong, blunt, purple, under which is a fort of mouth, containing the tips. Lip wedge-shaped, green. Tips very tender. WITH.

Twayblade. Woods and moift fhady thickets, and not unfrequent in meadows and paflures. P. May, June.

Cows and Goats eat it.

β Mr. WOODWARD.—Pluk. 247. 2, cop. in Pet. 70. 12, with the addition of another fmaller plant; ST.—but the leaves accord rather with those of O. Loeselii, and lip of the honey-cup not long enough, wer fufficiently divided. Mr. WOODWARD.

3 S 4

Differs

Differs from α as follows. Much fmaller. Leaves fometimes 3, greener and fmooth. Spike nearly of the fame form and colour but much fmaller. Roots creeping. PARK. RAY .- Much fmaller in every refpect. Leaves oval, pointed. Mr. WOODWARD.

Bifolium palustre, Park. 505. R. fyn. 385. (Mr. WOODW. ST.) Low wet grounds between Hatfield and St. Alban's, and divers places in Romney Marth. PARK.-Boggy and fenny grounds near Gamlingay, Cambridgefhire. Hurft Hill and Tunbridge Wells. R. fyn.-[Marshy ground. Mr. WOODWARD.]

leaft

O'PHRYS corda'ta. Bulb fibrous. Stem with 2 leaves. Leaves heart-fhaped .--

Hall. 22. 2, Ophrys, Sc. at ii. 132 .- 7. B. iii. 534. 2, cop. in Pet. 70. 11.-H. ox. xii. 11. row 1. 4.-Gunn. ii. 3. 6 is wanting in our copy.

Leaves opposite. Lip cloven, with a tooth on each fide of the bafe, which is not the cafe in O. ovata. LINN.-Root, fibres not bundled. Stem 6 to 9 inches high. Leaves above the middle of the ftem, heart-triangular, terminated by a fmall projecting point. Spike fhort, with few flowers. Floral-leaves minute, oval fpearfhaped, as long as the fruit-stalks. Petals expanding, green, the 3 outer oval spear-shaped, the 2 inner spear-shaped. Lip strapfhaped, green, purplifh at the bafe, divided below the middle; fegments awl-fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD.

Moift mountainous heaths, efpecially in boggy ground, in Yorkshire, Lancashire, and Westmoreland. [On Ingleborough, and on the high moor between Sheffield and Chatfworth. Dr. SMITH.] P. June, July.

** Bulbs round.

- Aller

dwarf O'PHRYS Loefe'lii. Bulb roundifh. Stalk naked, 3-cornered. Lip of the honey-cup egg-fhaped. LINN. -Bulb egg-fhaped. Stalk angular. Petals ftrap-fhaped. Lip roundish, entire. Hubs.*

> * Comprehending O. lilifolia and O. Loefelii as varieties of one species. The reasons for this opinion remain to be affigned. ST.-It feems to be very clear that O. lilifolia has never been found in this country. The plant figured by Ehret, as above, is defcribed by him as a native of Virginia. ST .- The plant of Ray Syn. is undoubtedly O. Loefelii. Mr. WOODWARD.

> > Fl.

Fl. dan. 877, a very good figure, and much refembles a drawing Mr. Pitchford had taken of his fpecimen, when he first found it, except that it is larger. In this drawing, the 2 lower petals are wreathed in fome of the flowers, as in the figure of the Fl. dan. but Mr. Pitchford cannot recollect whether they had that appearance in the recent plant. Bulb very exact, as is the oblong-wedge-shaped entire, lip, without any terminating point, in which it differs from O. lilifolia as figured by Ehret in the Fhil. trans. 1763. t. 4, at p. 81. (Mr. WOODWARD.)-Lob. adv. alt. 506. 1, cop. in J. B. ii. 770. 1.-(Dod. 242. 2, the root of which is copied in Park. 504. 2. a, agrees with O. Loefelii in the roots, but the lip of the honeycup is cleven.)

Root a bulb, afcending, with a branch. Leaves fpear-fhaped, 2, nearly as long as the ftalk. Stalk 3-fquare above. Flowers 5 to 8, and not more. Petals narrow, bent back. Lip egg-fhaped, large with refpect to the reft. LINN.—Root bulbous, coated, the bulb egg-fhaped, and throwing out roots from below. Stalk 6 inches high, upright, with from 3 to 5 angles, fmooth. Root-leaves very entire, bare. Flowers in a bunch, yellowifh green, 4 to 6 or 7. Petals, the 3 outer ftrap-fhaped, bent back, green, the 2 inner on the fides thread-fhaped, fomewhat purplifh. Lip very entire, fomewhat purplifh. Capfule upright, oblong, angular. Seeds numerous, fmall. HUDS.—Leaves fpear-fhaped, without ribs; thofe of O. lilifelia, 2s figured by Ehret, are ribbed, and much refemble thofe of Plantago major. Mr. WOODWARD.

Orchis lilifolius minor fabuletorum Zelandiæ et Bataviæ, Lob. adv. alt. 505, J. B. II. 770, defcr. (Mr. WOODWARD. ST.) but the figin J. B. is that of Satyrium repens. (ST.)—O. lilifolia Loefelii β HUDS. [St. Faith's-Newton bogs near Norwich; a fingle fpecimen given to Mr. Lightfoot. Mr. PITCHFORD.—None fince found either in Norfolk or Suffolk; but, in 1785, I faw a fpecimen from Mr. Sole, which was found near Bath. Mr. WOODW.] P. June, July.

O'PHRYS paludo'fa. Bulb roundifh. Stalk nearly marfk naked; with 5 edges. Leaves rough at the end. Lip of the honey-cup entire. LINN. Mr. WOODWARD.—Bulb fibrous. Stem angular. Leaves fheathing. HUDS.

Rofe 2. 3.—(Pluk. 247. 2, is referred to by Linnæus and Hudfon, and yet the lip of the honey-cup is cloven at the end;* cop. in Pet. 70. 12.

* And Mr. WOODWARD.—The leaves too are much too long, and fpearfhaped, agreeing rather with those of O. Loefelii, whereas in O. paludofa they are very blunt. Mr. WOODWARD.

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

70.12, with the addition of another fmaller plant. These seem to be 0. ovata β .)

Bulbs egg-fhaped, bowed in, throwing out roots below, cohering downwards as a chain, with a fmall branch between them. Stalk 5-cornered, naked for the greater part of its length. Rootleaves 3 or 4, spatula-shaped, alternate towards the end, especially on the upper furface, rough, the outer fhorter.* Bunch with numerous flowers. Flowers green, yellowifh. Petals, the 2 lateral ones egg-oblong, bent back, or upright; the 2 inner lateral ones ftrapfhaped, bowed back; the uppermost straight, forming the vault over the chives. Lip of the honey-cup fpear-egg-fhaped, bent back, entire. Differs from O. Loefelii in having many flowers, and the lip narrow, and from O. monophyllos in the leaves not being eggfhaped, in being rough at the end, and the fruit-flalks not being hair-like. LINN .-- Leaves 2 or 3 from the root, and near the bafe of the ftem half an inch long. Stem 3 to 4 inches high. Spike half as long as the ftem. Flowers fcattered. Floral-leaves spear-shaped, thorter than the fruit-stalks. Mr. WOODWARD.

(Bifolium paluftre, R. fyn. 385 cannot be O. paludofa, as this laft does not at all refemble O. ovata, nor has it creeping roots. It fhould feem to be O. ovata β .) Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Near Norwich. Mr. PITCHFORD.—The other places of growth copied in the Fl. angl. from R. fyn. fhould feem rather to belong to O. ovata β . ST.—[Felthorpe Heath, Norfolk. Mr. C. BRYANT and Mr. CROWE.—Cawfton Heath, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.] P. June, July.

musk O'PHRYS Monor'chis. Bulb globular. Stalk naked. Lip of the honey-cup cloven into 3 fegments; crofsfhaped.—

> J. B. ii. 763. 3.—Fl. dan. 102.—Hall. 22. 4, Monorchis, at ii. p. 132.—Mich. 26. 3.—Gmel. i. 4. 1.—Rupp. 2. 5, Monorchis, at p. 238.

Root folitary. Lip, the lateral lobes transverse. Flowers yellowish green, fweet. LINN.—Bulb round, or fomewhat oblong, with a few thick fibres from the crown. Stem about 6 inches high, cylindrical, finooth. Root-leaves 2 or 3, fheathing the ftem, fpearfhaped, fmooth, fhining, yellowish green, with parallel veins; ftem-leaves 1 or 2, awl-fhaped, fitting. Spike one or one and a half inch long, with numerous flowers. Flowers fmall, greenish yellow.

* In exteriora breviora. Sp. pl.—In exteriore breviora. Syft. pl.—Should it not be exteriora breviora, leaving out in? Sr.

yellow, with a faint mufky fcent. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, taper pointed, the lower equal to or fomewhat longer than the feed-bud, the upper fomewhat fhorter than the feed-bud. Seed-bud oval, fitting, tapering above into a fort of fruit-ftalk, whence the flower hangs obliquely nodding. Petals, the 3 outer oval fpear-fhaped, fomewhat approaching, the 2 inner broad at the bafe, fcolloped, and fuddenly narrowing into ftrap-fpear-fhaped. Lip deeply cloven into 3; fegments spear-shaped. Tips rust-coloured. Mr. WOODWARD. Yellow Orchis. Mulk Orchis.

Barren pastures in a calcareous foil. [Chalk pit at Marham, near Swaffham, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD .- Near Snettifham. P. July. Mr. CROWE.]

O'PHRYS anthropoph'ora. Bulbs roundifh. Stalk man (rather stem) leafy. Lip of the honey-cup strap-shaped, divided into 3 fegments, the middlemost lengthened out, cloven .---

Vaill. 31. 19 and 20 flowers.-Col. ecphr. i. 320. 1, cop. in Pet. 68.8.-Hall. 23, at ii. 133.*-(Fl. dan. 103, a reference copied by Hudson, Richardson, and Relhan, is Orchis ustulata, as corrected in the index at the end of fasc. xii.)

Spike oblong. Petals approaching. LINN .- Stalk fmooth, fomewhat angular. Leaves fheathing. Floral-leaves fheathing, fhorter than the feed-buds. Flowers 10 to 50, of an herbaceous hue. Lip narrow, hanging down, flat, with 4 clefts, longer than the feedbud, yellow; fegments ftrap-fhaped. Seed-buds oblong, fitting. Petals, 3 of an herbaceous hue, with purplish borders. RELHAN. -Bulbs roundifh. Stem about I foot high, firm, fmooth, cylindrical at the bafe, fomewhat angular upwards. Root-leaves 4 or 5, expanding, fpear-fhaped, varying in breadth; stem-leaves, I or 2 just above the former, closely embracing the stem. Spike long, loofe. Floral-leaves membranaceous, fpear-shaped, finely tapering at the end, half as long as the feed-buds. Petals, the 3 outer oval-fpear-fhaped, greenifh, with purple lines and edges; the 2 inner strap-shaped. Lip long, the 2 outer fegments strap-shaped, flender; the middlemoft as long again, cloven half way down into 2, pointed and fomewhat ftraddling, fegments. Mr. WOODWARD.

Chalky meadows and pastures, near Northfleet, Greenhithe, and other places in Kent. [Ashwelthorpe, near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.] P. June.

* Larger, more robuft, leaves more pointed, and flowers much larger than in my fpecimens. Mr. WOODWARD.

O'PHRYS

fly O'PHRYS myo'des.* JACQ.—Bulbs roundifh. Stalk (rather flem) leafy. Lip of the honey-cup with 4 clefts, HUDS. ST.—oblong, with 4 divisions, the 2 middle fegments lengthened out, fpear-fhaped. JACQ. in fyst. veg. ed. xiv.

Hall. 24. 2, at ii. 135.—Gunn. ii. 5. 1.—Vaill. 31. 17 and 18.— Walc.—Fet. 68. 10.—Dod. 238. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 91. 1, and cop. in Fark. 1352. 12.—Lob. obf. 90. 4, repr. in ic. i. 181. 1, Ger. em. 213. 6, and cop. in Fark. 1352. 10.—(J. B. ii. 767. 3, has the lower lip egg-fpear-fhaped.)

Petals, the 3 outer egg-fhaped, entire, mooth, herbaceous, expanding; the 2 inner ftrap-fhaped, blackifh purple. Lip oblong, blackifh purple above, with a blue band below the upper lobes. herbaceous underneath. Hubs .- Stem fometimes two feet and a quarter high. Spike with fometimes 14 flowers. CURT. obf. n. 106 .- Stalk flender, round, fmooth. Leaves fheathing. Iloralleaves fheathing, longer than the feed-bud. Flowers 4 to 8, diftant. Lip large, longer than the feed-bud, blackifh purple, bent back at the fides; fegments rounded. Petals, the 3 outer expanding, green; the 2 inner thread-fhaped, blackifh purple, refembling the feelers of an infect. Seed-bud oblong, fitting. RELHAN .--Bulbs roundifh. Stem 9 to 15 inches high, firm, above naked, vellowifh green, and nearly cylindrical. Leaves 3 or 4, fpearfhaped, pale green, fhining, with numerous longitudinal veins, the intermediate fpace covered with a thin, fomewhat puckered, pellucid fkin, giving a filvery hue. Floral-leaves ftrap-fpear-fhaped, keeled, much longer than the feed-bud, pale yellowifh green, Spike long. Flowers thinly fcattered, 4 to 15, having much more the appearance of a fly than those of O. apifera of a bee. Petals, the 3 outer yellowifh green, ftrap-fhaped, bent back at the edges, the middlemost at right angles with the lateral ones; the 2 inner expanding, deep reddifh brown, fringed with fhort hairs, cloven at the bafe, fixed to the upper lip of the honey-cup. Honey-cup, the upper lip hooded, covering the chives; the lower with 3 lobes, the fide lobes ftrap-fhaped, fhort, entire; the middlemost fomewhat oval, bent back at the edges, divided by a deep angular notch into 2 lobes, reddifh brown, with a velvety down, with a bluish naked spot in the centre. Chives very short, and loofe. Tips yellow. Mr. WOODWARD .- Honey-cup, the upper lip half as fhort

* Where Linnæus has given a trivial name to a variety, and fuch variety afterwards shall be proved to be a disling species, the trivial name already given it ought to be retained as its specific name. Sr.

fhort again as the outer petals, oblong, blunt; the *lower* oblong, nearly half as long again as the outer petals. ST.

Ophrys muscifera. Hubs .- O. insectifera myodes. LINN.

Fly Orchis.—Meadows and paftures in a calcareous foil. Cambridgefhire, Suffolk, and Effex. Chalk Hills near Northfleet, and near Croydon and Wrootham. [Bath Hills near Bungay, and Earfham Wood, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. May, June.

β Larger. LINN.—(Lob. obf. 91. 3, repr. in ic. i. 182. 1, Ger. em. 214. 8.—Ger. 173. 8, cop. in Pet. 69. 1, referred to in R. fyn. and Bauh. pin. but there is a fmall tooth between the lower (egments of the lip.)

Pafture near Peftingford, Suffolk, and Welling, Hertford/hire; Greenhithe, and in the old chalk pit near the white houfe by N. Gray. R. fyn.

O'PHRYS apif'era. Bulbs roundifh. Stalk (rather bee flem) leafy. Lip of the honey-cup with 5 lobes, the lobes bent in underneath. HUDS.—Lip fhorter than the petals.* Mr. WOODWARD.

Curt. i. 3.—Walc.—J. B. ii. 767. 1.—Hall. 24. 1. n. 5,† at ii. p. 135.—Fuchf. 560, cop. in J. B. ii. 766. 2.—Trag. 783.— Vaill. 30. 9.‡—Dod. 238. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 91. 2; ic. i. 180. 1, Ger. em. 212. 3; cop. in Park. 1351. 5; and imitated in Ger. 166. 13, which cop. in Pet. 69. 2.—In Buxb. iii. 23, if the plant, the upper lobes of the lip far too long.—Matth. 880. 2.— (Ger. em. 212. 3, cop. in Park. 1350. 4, is O. aranifera.)

Stem a foot high, cylindrical, between the flowers compreffed. Leaves fpear-fhaped, alternate, fheathing, downy, ribbed. Floralleaves longer than the feed-bud, fpear-fhaped. Petals, the 3 outer large, expanding, purplifh, with the keel and 2 ribs green; the 2 inner very fmall, hairy, bent back, green. Honey-cup, the lower lip large, broad, fhorter than the petals, brownifh purple, with a tinge of yellow, with 3 lobes, the lateral ones fmaller, hairy, bent back, triangular, tapering to a point; the middle moft very large, downy, with 3 lobes, beat down, the middle fegment longer, tapering to a point; upper lip longer than the lower, green, narrowing upwards, with a point at the end. Threads long. Tips very large. Seed-bud longer than the petals, fhorter than the floral-leaves,

large,

* Labio petalis breviore, D. WOODWARD.

† The whole plant, and the reft of the fmaller figures, appear to be the fame with *Vaill*. 30, 10, 11, 12, and 13, which is Linnæus's *O. infetlifera* arachnites. ST.

‡ Petals too broad and fhort. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

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large, deeply furrowed. MART .- Petals, the 3 outer expanding. oblong, purplifh, with 3 green ribs; the 2 inner on the fide. ftrapfhaped, woolly, green. Lip large, roundifh, filky, blackifh purple, with a fpot at the bafe, and on each fide of it a blunt projecting tooth; the fpot with 2 lobes, variegated with yellow, fmooth, fhining. HUDS .- Stem fhorter than that of O. myodes. Leaves and floral-leaves broader and fhorter. Floral-leaves longer than the feedbuds. Petals, the 3 outer fometimes bent back, fpear-fhaped, as long as the feed-bud, with the lips green and folded; the 2 inner expanding, purplish on the infide, green without. Honey-cup, the upper lip lengthened out into a long hooked kind of probofcis, deep green, with cafes for the chives beneath; lower lip hairy, mottled with brownish purple and yellow; the 2 upper and outer lobes near the bafe, fhort, fpear-fhaped, at first bent upwards, afterwards bent back; the middle lobe very large, marked with 2 round yellow fpots, the fide lobes fhort, angular, the middlemost long, tapering to a point; point greenish yellow, bent back. Mr. WOODWARD .- Petals, the 3 outer whitifh-purple, concave, fomewhat keeled, fhorter than the feed-bud; the 2 inner egg-heartfhaped, nearly upright, of a purplifh greenifh brown, bent back at the edges, 7 times fhorter than the outer. Honey-cup, the upper lip fomewhat fhorter than the outer petals, awl-fhaped, zigzag at the point, concave; the lower lip rufty brown, very much refembling a fmall humble-bee, inverfely egg-fhaped; the fide lobes bent down, woolly, the edges bent in, the upper angles loofe and upright, refembling the wings of the bee. Chives yellow, inferted into the upper edge of the fummit, burfting when the flower is expanded from the membranaceous cafes of the upper lip of the honey-cup, and bending down on the furface of the fummit, continuing fixed to its edge. Threads thread-fhaped, elastic, glutinous, bulbous at the bafe, thrice as long as the upper lip. Tips club-fhaped, compound, refembling those of the Orchis. Duft, none perceptible. Seed-bud not wreathed. It agrees much more nearly to Orchis in its ftructure, and confirms the propriety of Haller's generic characters. Sr.

Ophrys infectifera 1 LINN.-Bee Orchis. Bee-flower.

Meadows and pastures. South fide of Great Comberton towards Wooller's-hill, frequent. NASH.—[Tedeftone near Whitbourne, Worcefterfhire. Mr. BALLARD.—Area of Carifbrook Caftle, Ifle of Wight. ST.—About Earfham, Mr. WOODw—and Mulbarton. Mr. CROWE.] P. June. RAY. July, Aug. HUDS.

fpider O'PHRYS aranif'era. Bulb roundifh. Stalk (rather flem) leafy. Lip of the honey-cup roundifh, entire.

entire, nicked, convex, Huds.—longer than the petals.* Mr. Woodward.

Vaill. 31. 15 and 16, flowers.—Lob. ic. i. 179. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 212. 3, cop. in Park. 1350. 4, and Pet. 69. 3.—(Ger. em. 212. 4, cop. in Park. 1351. 5, is O. apifera, as is evident by the lips with 5 lobes.—Vaill. 31. 10, has an appendage at the end of the lip, and a lip much variegated.)

Petals, the 3 outer oblong, expanding, green; the 2 inner on the fides, ftrap-fhaped, herbaccous, fhorter. Lip large, coloured, filky; with a fpot at the bafe, the fpot with 2 lobes, fhining, fmooth; with a blunt tooth projecting on each fide of the fpot; concave underneath, blackifh purple above, green at the edge, herbaceous underneath. HUDS.—Differs from O. apifera in having graffy helm and wings, and the fhoulders of the honey-cup hairy. RELHAN.—Similar to O. apifera. Stem and leaves fhorter. Floral-leaves narrower. Flowers fmaller. Petals, the 3 outer ovalfpear-fhaped, blunt, greenifh, much fhorter than the lip; the 2 inner ftrap-fhaped, very fhort. Lip rolled in at the edges, not lobed, only flightly nicked at the end, hairy, except the fpot towards the bafe, dufky, with greenifh margins, green underneath. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ophrys infectifera \Im LINN.-(O. infectifera arachnites n LINN.-O. arachnites, MURR. in fyft. veg. and Orchis araneam referens. BAUH. pin. 84, appear from the references to be a different plant, but not having feen the O. arachnites, I have not prefumed to alter Mr. Hudfon's name of aranifera, which will be fo apt to be confounded with arachnites of the fyft. veg. to O. rubiginofa. Ray fays, " This " I think is the plant which our herbarifts have taken for the " Orchis arachnites." ST.)-Orchis, HALL. n. 1266. β , fuppofing it to be the O. apifera, in which he fays, in the more advanced period of its growth, the middlemoft fegment turns back, and becomes this plant. But this fegment is bent back in the O. apifera, even before the flower is fully expanded, not to mention that O. aranifera bloffoms in May, and O. apifera ufually not till July. Mr. WOODWARD.

Chalky meadows and paftures, as about Northfleet; and gravel pits, as in one in the open field near Great Shelford, and near Bartlow, Cambridgefhire. In dry paftures about Branham near Tadcafter. [Near Bury. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. April, May.

* Petalis longiore. D. WOODWARD.

O'PHRYS

infect

Et O'PHRYS infectif'era. Bulbs roundifh. Stalk leafy. Lip of the honey-cup with moftly 5 lobes.—•

a O. inlectifera myodes. LINN .- O. myodes. JACQ. which fee.

9 LINN.-O. aranifera Huds. which fee.

, LINN.-O. apifera Huus. which fee.

The varieties myodes and arachnites, may, to a transfient obferver, appear very diftinct, but, if compared with other plants of the fame tribe, and all the varieties be viewed together, it will be readily feen, that they all originate from one fource, and that, though they fhould prove permanent varieties, yet that no certain limits can be fixed upon to diftinguish them. LINN. fp. pl. —The varieties are constant, fo that those who like may diftinguish them. mant. pl.—The preceding observations on O. myodes, apjfera, and aranifera, afford the best reply to the opinions of Linnæus, who, from his references, should feem not to have examined any living plants, excepting O. myodes, the only one noticed in the Fl. fuec. none being mentioned in Hort. cliff. or upf. Sr.

1097. SERA'PIAS. Helleborine.

EMPAL. Sheaths fcattered. Fruit-flalk fimple. Cup none. BLOSS. Petals 5; oblong-egg-fhaped; open, but rather upright, approaching upwards.

Honey-cup as long as the petals; hollowed at the bafe; filled with honey; egg-fhaped; hunched beneath; cloven into 3; fegments fharp; the middlemoft heart-fhaped; blunt; cloven at the feam of the bafe; with 3 teeth.

- CHIVES. Threads 2; very flort; fixed to the pointal. Tips upright; under the upper lip of the honeycup.
- POINT. Seed-lud beneath; oblong; twifted. Shaft growing to the upper lip of the honey-cup. Summit indifinet.
- S. VESS. Capfule inverfely egg-fhaped; with 3 blunt edges; and 3 keels, growing to them; 3 valves; opening under the keels; 1 cell.
- SEEDS numerous, like faw-duft. *Receptacle* ftrap-fhaped; growing to each valve of the feed-veffel.
 - Ess. CHAR, Honey-cup egg-fhaped; hunched; the lip eggfhaped.

SERA'PIAS

SERA'PIAS latifo'lia. Bulbs fibrous. Leaves common egg-fhaped, embracing the ftem. Flowers pendant. LINN. —Lip of the honey-cup blunt, as long as the petals. Fruit pendant. HUDS.—Upper-leaves fpear-fhaped. Lip of the honey-cup fhorter than the petals. Mr. WOODWARD.

Fl. dan. 811.—Gunn. ii. 5. 3 to 6.—J. B. iii. 516. 1 and 2.— Crantz. vi. 1. 6, a flower.—Hall. 40. 2, at ii. p. 154.*—Ger. 353. 1.—(Cluf. i. 273. 1, repr. in Dod. 384, Lob. obf. 169; ic. i. 312. 1, Ger. em. 442. 1, and cop. in Park. 218. 4.— Fl. dan. 267, are S. longifelia.)

Spike of many flowers, long. Leaf-stalks (rather Fruit-stalks?) long. Fruit pendant. Honey-cup without any lines, LINN .- with a heart-shaped prominence at the base. HALL. Mr. WOODWARD. -Leaves very variable both in form and fize, the lower in the plants gathered at Matlock egg-fhaped, blunt, two and a quarter inches broad, and three or four long, in those gathered at the foot of Conzick Scar, fmaller, oval-fpear-fhaped, clofely embracing the ftem: the 2 or 3 uppermoft spear-fhaped, fitting, as it were degenerating into floral-leaves. Floral-leaves, the lowermoft as long or longer than the whole flower; the uppermoft only as long as the feed-bud. Spike very long. Flowers numerous. Seed-bud pearthaped. Mr. WOODW .- Root, fibres thick, thread-fhaped, hairy. Stems more or lefs of a brownish purple. Leaves all embracing the ftem. Empal. leaves 3, brownish green, broad spear-shaped, keeled. Petals, the 2 lateral ones refembling the leaves of the empalement, purplish green. Honey-cup, the upper lip glandular, white. flefhy; the lower diftended at the bottom into a nearly globular hollow; purple within, and of a brownifh green without, towards the end flat, purplish and fomewhat fcolloped. Tips yellowish white, connected to their cafe by a milk white globular substance. Cafe of the tips behind the pointals. Pointals 2, white, fleihy, fixed on the glandular receptacle. Capfule inverfely eggthaped, diftended on the upper fide, marked with 6 ridges. WITH. (Helleborine, Dod. 384, is S. longifolia. ST.)

Baflard Hellebore.-Woods, groves, and hedges. Common in the North Riding of Yorkshire, but I have as yet seen only one within 50 miles of Leeds. Mr. WOOD.-[Matlock, Derbyshire, and northern counties, as Buckham Wood, Cumberland, and in

* This fo exactly refembles the plants growing at the foot of Conzick Scar, that the drawing might feem to have been taken from them. Mr. WOODWARD.

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an elevated fituation at the foot of Conzick Scar, four miles from Kendal, amongft loofe ftones and rubbifn not acceffible without fome danger. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July, Aug.

 β HUDS.—Bioffoms blackifh red. Leaves narrower, clofer fet. It flowers later. RAY.—Leaves varioufly oval-fpear-fhaped, much longer and narrower than in α . Flowers very dark-coloured. Correfponding exactly with Fl. dan. 811, except that the fpike was much longer. Mr. WOODWARD.

Serapias purpurascens. CURT. obf. 109 and cat. 802? ST.*

Sides of mountains near Malham, Yorkshire. RAY.—Mountainous rocky woods in the North. CURT.—[Woods in Weftmoreland and Cumberland. Mr. WOODWARD.] Aug. CURT.

y Hups. Serapias iongifolia, which fee.

Being transplanted into a garden or a dry foil becomes variety α the fecond year. Hups.—The very remarkable difference in the the comparative length of the honey-cup and petals, obferved by Scopoli and Lightfoot, and not noticed by Mr. Hudfon, induce me to believe the plant, which was the fubject of his experiments, to have been only a narrow-leaved variety of S. latifolia. Sr.

marsh

SER A'PIAS longifo'lia. Bulbs fibrous. Leaves fword-fhaped, fitting. Flowers pendant. LINN.—Lip of the honey-cup longer than the petals, SCOP. LIGHTF. ST. Mr. WOODW.—blunt, fomewhat ferrated.LIGHTF. —Leaves embracing the flem. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Hall. 39, at ii. p. 154.—Fl. dan. 267.—Crantz. vi. 1. 5, a flower.—Pet. 70. 8.—Cluf. i. 273. 1, repr. in Dod. 384, Lob. obf. 169; ic. i. 312. 1, Ger. em. 442. 1, and cop. in Park. 218. 4, and cop. in Pet. 70. 5.

Stem taller than that of S. latifolia. Spike long, of many flowers. Fruit pendant. Flowers as large again. Fetals broader. Honey-cup adhering to the other petals; the boat with purple lines. HALL... Root creeping. RAY. HALL...Spike loofe, with 15 to 21 flowers. Petals, the 3 cuter flightly downy, green, with a tinge of purple; the 2 inner white, with a red blufh. Lip projecting beyond the reft of the flower, at first fwelling down into a kind of boat, which is marked with red lines and yellow spots; afterwards expanding into a border.

* Mr. Curtis refers indeed to Hellchorine altera atro-rubente fore, R. fyn. 383, but Mr. Woodward's obfervations convince me that Ray's plant is a mere variety of S. latifolia. Till therefore Mr. Curtis fhall favour us with a fpecific character, it may be allowable, perhaps, to conjecture, that his S. purpurefeers will prove to be S. rubra, the fynonyms of which are to be found in R. fvn. 394. n. 7. See S. grandifora 3. Sr.

a border, heart-fhaped, white, plaited at the edge. HALL. LIGHTE. Mr. Woon .- The outer half of the lip of the honey-cup fo flightly attached as to be fhaken off by a fmall motion, and is often blown off by the wind while the plant is growing. Mr. Wood .-- Flowers mostly from one fide of the stem. Lip divided transversely almost through; the half next the receptacle beat-fhaped, with purple ribs, and at bottom with a yellow line, 1potted with orange; the outer half hanging down, roundifh, and has an angular hunched appendage at the bafe, in which, previous to the expansion of the flower, the tips were inclosed. Seed-bud long and narrow, which, in S. latifolia, is fhort and inverfely egg-fhaped, when fully grown elliptical, not at all pear-fhaped, with 6 ridges, 8 lines long, and 3 wide. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves fometimes egg-spear-shaped, with 7 ribs, Mr. HOLLEFEAR. ST .- and fometimes egg-oblong and blunt. Floral-leaves, the lowermost of the fame shope as the upper leaves, and about the length of the flowers, those above gradually fhorter. Fruit-ftalks downy, thread-fhaped. Seed-buds downy, flightly fcored, long, tapering down to the fruit-ftalks, and a little towards the point. Tips yellow. Sr.

Serapias latifolia paluftris 7 HUDS. which is inferted in Relh. fl. cantab. p. 341. l. 7 .- S. paluftris Scop. who had not then feen the corrections made by Linnæus in the fyft. nat. ed. xii .- and of LIGHTF. alfo, though he quotes that very edition. I am at a loss to conjecture what is the S. longifolia of Curt. cat. 802, the S. longifolia of Hudfon being the grandiflora, and the S. longifolia of Linnæus the S. palustris of SCOPOLI and LIGHTFOOT, both of which immediately follow in his catalogue .- Helleborine Dod. pempt. 334. Sr.

Marshy and watery places. Bogs at Chiffelhurst. RAY .- Dry chalky ground, as in the old chalk pits by the White Houfe, between Eltham and North Cray. SHERARD in R. fyn .- [Plentifully in one moraffy fpot of 2 or 3 acres, within a mile of Leeds, and hitherto I have obferved it no where elfe. Mr. Wood.-Swampy meadows Robifon's-ftreet, on the borders of Malvern Chace. Worcestershire. Mr. BALLARD .- Bogs in Norfolk, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July, Aug.

SERA'PIAS enlifolia. MURR. - Bulbs fibrous. foord-leaved Leaves fword-shaped, pointing from 2 opposite lines. Floral-leaves very minute. Flowers upright. Lip of the honey-cup blunt, fhorter than the petals. LINN. THE SON, Suppl. pl.

Fl. dan. 506.

Root, fibres many, thickifh. Stem fometimes more than a foot high, upright. Root-leaves long, narrow, pointed, refembling 3T2 thofe

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

thofe of reeds; ftem-leaves narrow. Flowers white, 8 or 10, in a loofe fpike. RAV. Mr. WOODW.—Stem a foot high, fometimes flightly twifted. Stem-leaves, the longeft 6 inches long, half an inch wide, bright green, fmooth, fhining, with 5 or 7 principal ribs, the lower embracing the ftem, the upper fitting, alternate, and pointing from 2 opposite lines. Floral-leaves fpear-fhaped, one-eighth to one-fourth of an inch long. Seed-veffels upright, elliptical, but from the projecting ribs appearing 3-cornered, longer and narrower than those of S. longifolia. Mr. Woodward.

Serapias λiphophyllum. Ehrh. in Linn. fuppl. pl. 404.—S. grandiflora « Pollich. 861, β Reich. fyft. pl.—Xiphophyllum. Ehrh. phytoph. n. 67.—Serapias longifolia γ Huds.—S. anguftifolia. Curt. cat. 802? St.

Under Brackenbrow or Brackenuray, oppofite Helk's Wood. In the end of a wood where *Cypripedium Calceclus* grows, one mile from Ingleton, Yorkfhire. R. fyn.—[Lord Lonfdale's woods, at Lowther, Weftmoreland. Mr. WOODWARD.]

white SERA'PIAS grandido'ra. Bulbs fibrous. Leaves fword-fhaped. Flowers upright. Lip of the honey-cup blunt, fhorter than the petals. LINN. fyft. veg. ed. xiii. and Syd. pl. LIGHTFOOT. ST.—Leaves egg-fpear-fhaped. Floral-leaves as long as the capfules. LINN. THE SON, fuppl. pl.—Fruit upright. HUDS. Mr. WOODWARD.

> Hall. 41, at ii. p. 155.—Ger. 358. 2, cop. in Pet. 70. 7, and abridged in H. ox. xii. 11. 12.—Crantz. vi. 1. 4.—(Fl. dan. 506, is S. enfifedia.)

Flowers white, large, and, as is the fruit also, upright. Lip of the honey-cup thort, not to pointed, with prominent lines. HALL. Serapias longifolia. HUDS. which is inferted in Relh. fl. cantab. n. 64. 1. 3.—S. Lonchophyllum. EHRHART in fuppl. plant. inferted I doubt not by himfelf, and without the approbation of LINN. THE SON, whom I have heard feveral times complaining of the very improver liberties taken with his copy, by Mr. Ehrhart, who was concerned in the printing of it in Germany. Ehrhart refers to no figures, giving S. grandiflora (lancifolia) Syft. veg. ed. xiii, as a fynonym, but the word lancifolia is not there to be found.-S. lancifolia. MURR. in fyft. veg. ed. xiv, too haftily rejecting the name of a mafter whom I know he reveres, and adopting the interpolation of an editor who, capable as he has fhewn himfelf of making valuable obfervations, ought to refign to fuperior abilities the glory of diffinguishing himfelf by the re-naming of well known plants. I have in my pofferfion a fheet which Linnæus the Son was obliged to have cancelled, given me by the late M. Du Roi of Brunfwick, which

which I preferve as at once a botanical curiofity and memorial of that ingenious phyfician and botanift. Sr.

Woods and thickets, near Stoken Church, Oxfordfhire; about Marlow, and in Bedford and Buckinghamfhire. [Mr. Knight's Walks, Wolverley, Worcefterfhire, Sr.] P. Aug. [May. Sr.]

 β Hups.—Dillenius afferts the plant here referred to in R. fyn. 384. n. 4. to be the fame with α . ST.

y Hubs.-Serapias enfifolia, which fee.

& Huds .- Flowers purplish. RAY.

Cluf. i. 273. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 442, and cop. in Park. 218. 8, J. B. iii. 517. 1, and H. ox. xii. 11. 5.—Ger. 358. 3, cop. in Pet. 70. 9. The figures referred to in R. fyn. are S. rubra, which is figured alfo in Hall. 42, at ii. p. 157, and Fl. dan. 345. Helleborine mont. anguftif. purpurafc. Bauh. pin. 187, referred to in R. fyn. is S. rubra. ST.

From Ireland. PLUK. in R. fyn.—This and γ in thickets on the fides of mountains about Clapham and Ingleton, Yorkih. HUDS.

1100. CYPRIPE'DIUM. Ladies-flipper.

EMPAL. Sheath fcattered. Fruit-flalk fimple. Cup none. BLOSS. Petals 4 or 5; narrow and fpear-fhaped; very long; expanding; upright.

Honey-cup within the lower petal; fhaped like a flipper; blown up; blunt; hollow; fhorter and broader than the petals; the Upper Lip finall; egg-fhaped; flat; bent inwards.

- CHIVES. Threads 2; very fhort; fixed to the pointal. Tips upright; covered by the upper lip of the honey-cup.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; long; twifted. Shaft very fhort; growing to the upper lip of the honey-cup. Summit indiftinet.
- S. VESS. Capfule inverfely egg-fhaped; with 3 blunt edges, and 3 feams, under which it opens at the angles; values 3; cell 1.
- SEEDS numerous; very fmall. Receptacle ftrap-fhaped; growing lengthways to each valve of the feed-veffel. Ess. CHAR. Honey-cup bellying; inflated; hollow.

CYPRIPE'DIUM Calce'olus. Roots fibrous. Leaves common egg-fpear-fhaped, on the ftem.-

3 T 3

Hall.

Hall. 43, at ii. p. 157.—Gmel. i. 1, parts of fructification.—Mill. 242.—Cluf. i. 272, repr. in Dod. 180. 2, Lob. ic. i. 312. 2, Ger. em. 443. 2, both in flower and fruit, and that in flower cop. in H. ox. xii. 11. 14, and J. B. iii. 518.—Dod. 180. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 443. 1, and cop. in Park. 217. 3, Ger. 359, and Pet. 70. 4.

Petals 4. LINN.—Stem a foot high and upwards, the upper part downy. Leaves, the lower fheathing, the upper embracing the ftem, with 7 or 9 principal ribs, and very numerous intermediate ones, all befet with fhort hairs on both fides. Floral-leaves like the other leaves, only fmaller._ Flowers on fruit-ftalks. Seed-bud downy. Petals difpofed crofs-wife, purple, flightly downy, with parallel veins; the upper broader, the 2 lateral ones narrower, the 4th the fhorteft, hanging over the opening of the lip. Lip curved, rounded at the bottom, the edges contracted, refembling a wooden fhoe, pale yellow, marked within with deep orange hairy lines. Capfule upright, about an inch long, fomewhat prifimfhaped, with 3 flat fides, and 3 ribbed angles. Mr. WOODWARD. Ladies-flipper.

Woods and thickets, but rather rare. Woods in Lancafhire; and Helk's Wood by Ingleborough, Yorkfhire. RAY.—Woods about Clapham and Ingleton, Yorkfh. HUDS.—Woods and hilly paftures in the neighbourhood of Kilnfay, Yorkfhire. CURT.— [Woods about Kilfey Crag Wharfdale, Yorkfhire. Mr. WOOD.— —I fearched for it in vain in Hclk's Wood, a gardener of Ingleton having eradicated every plant for fale. Mr. WOODWARD.— The gardeners might make the botanifts amends, at the fame time that they would enrich themfelves, by proving by experiment that one at leaft of the Orchis tribe may be raifed from feed. ST.]

Goats eat it.

Order

P. July.

Order V.

HEXANDRIA; VI. CHIVES.

1111. ARISTOLOCH'IA. Birth-wort.

EMPAL. Cup none.

- BLOSS. *Petal* 1; tubular; irregular; the bafe diffended; nearly globular; with protuberances. *Tube* oblong; cylindrical; but 6-fided. *Border* fpreading; extending downwards into a long tongue.
- CHIVES. Threads none. Tips 6; growing to and underneath the fummits; with 4 cells in each.
- POINT. Seed-bud oblong; angular; beneath. Shaft hardly any. Summit nearly globular; with 6 divisions; concave.
- S. VESS. Capfule large; with 6 corners and 6 cells.

SEEDs many; flatted; fixed fideways.

ESS. CHAR. Pointals 6. Empalement none. Bloffom of I petal; tongue-fhaped; entire. Capfule beneath; cells 6. OBS. In fome fpecies the feed-veff. is roundifh, in others long.

ARISTOLOCH'IA Clemati'tis. Leaves heart-flender fhaped. Stem upright. Flowers crowded, in the bofom of the leaf-ftalks.--

Ludw. 105.—Riv. mon. 116.—Mill. illuftr.—Mill. ic. 51. 1.— Blackw. 255.—Cluf. ii. 71, repr. in Dod. 326.—Lob. obf. 332. 2; ic. i. 697. 2, and Ger. em. 847. 4; and cop. in H. ox. xii. 17. 5.—Ger. 697.—Lonic. i. 134. 2.—Fuchf. 90, cop. in Trag. 178.—Matth. 648.—Gars. 5. A.—(Ger. em. 847. 3, and Park. 292. 5, the figures referred to by Hudfon are A. bætica.)

Leaves alternate, fmooth, on leaf-ftalks. Flowers on fruit-ftalks, yellowifh green. RELHAN.—Stem upright, 2 or 3 feet high, fimple, fcored, cylindrical, fmooth, flightly zigzag. Leaves alternate, blunt, fhining above, pale green, fmooth and veiny underneath. Leaf-ftalks nearly as long as the leaves. Flowers 6 or more together, upright or hanging down. Bloffom fcored, yellowifh green, often tinged with purple. Capfule egg-fhaped, blunt, hanging down. MI. WOODWARD.—Stem fcored, taking a different direction at each joint; joints fmooth, fhining. Bloffom yellow at the ends, greenifh at the bafe. WITH.

Woods

1003

1004

GYNANDRIA POLYANDRIA.

Woods and hedges. Wood 2 miles from Thorndon, Effex, and in Cambridgefhire. BLACKSTONE.—Near Maidftone, Kent. HUDS.—[Stufton, Suffolk. Mr. WOODW.] P. July—Sept. The Tipula pennicornis fecundates the flowers. SCHREBER.

Order VIII.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

1119. A'RUM. [See Monoecia Monandria.]

1123. ZOSTE'RA. Grafs-wrack.

EMPAL. One of the leaves fheathing at the bafe; approaching lengthways; notched at the upper part on each fide; inclofing the fpike-ftalk. Spike-flalk ftrapfhaped; flat; with chives above and on one fide; and pointals below. Cup none.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads alternate; many; very fhort; on the fruit-ftalk above the feed-buds. Tips oblong-egg-fhaped; nodding; blunt; awl-fhaped upwards and backwards; crooked.

POINT. Seed-buds not fo numerous as the chives; eggfhaped; compreffed; 2-edged; on little foot-ftalks fixed to the end; nodding; alternate. Shafts none. Summits hair-like; fimple.

S. VESS. membranaceous; unchanged; opening lengthways at the fide-edge.

SEEDS fingle; egg-fhaped.

- ESS. CHAR. Spike-flalk strap-shaped, with fruit on one side. Empalement none. Blossom none. Chives alternate. Seeds folitary, alternate.
- fea ZOSTE'RA mari'na. Seed-veffels fitting, LINN. -oblong, moftly on fruit-ftalks, both fitting and on fruitftalks in the fame plant. HUDS.
 - Fl. dan. 15.—(Lob. obf. 471. 2, repr. in ic. ii. 248. 2, Ger. em. 1569. 8, and cop. in Park. 1292. 1.—J. B. iii. 794, are Z. oceanica of Linnaus and Z. marina β of Hudlon.)

Stems

Chives on the Pointal, Many Chives.

Stems much branched. Leaves floating, long, grafs-like, blunt, from leaf-fcales. Leaf-fcales fleathing, pointed. Flowers in a cavity, 3 or 4 inches long, on one fide of the leaf near the bafe, which is at first covered with a thin transparent skin. Mr. Woodw.

Fucus five Alza marina graminea angufifolia feminifera ramefior. R. fyn. 52.—Mr. Hudfon refers Linnæus's fynonyms of Z. oceanica to his Z. marina α , and those of Z. marina to his Z. marina β . ST.

On the fea fhores, almost every where. [Salt water ditches, Yarmouth. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June-Aug.

Thrown on the fea fhore by the tide, in great plenty, and mounds or walls are built with it to oppofe the encroachment of the fea. Exposure to the weather bleaches it white. Buildings are thatched with the green leaves, and it will endure upwards of a century. It is used by the inhabitants of Gothland in Sweden as a manure, and also for stuffing beds, in preference to hay, as being foster.

Horfes and Swine eat it. Cows are not fond of it.

B Hups. Seed-veffels on fruit-stalks, olive-shaped. LINN.

Lob. obf. 471. 2, repr. in ic. ii. 248. 2, Ger. em. 1569. 8, and cop. in Park. 1292. 1.-7. B. iii. 794.

Differs also from Z. marina in the roots being matted into a ball. LINN.—Z. oceanica. LINN.—(Fucus five Alga marina graminea anguftifolia feminifera ramofior. R. fyn. 52. is Z. marina [α of HUDS.] according to Linnæus.) ST.

 γ HUDS. Smaller than β in all refpects. Scarcely a foot high. RAY.

Round the fhores of the Ifle of Merfey.

& Hubs. Smaller than α in all refpects. R. fyn. 53. n. 4.— Leaves $1\frac{1}{4}$ tenth of an inch wide. ST.

Class

Portfea Island at Gatham Haven. R. fyn.

ε Hups. Suspected to be the fame with γ. R. fyn. 53. n. 5.

Class XXI.

MONOECIA. CHIVES and POINTALS Separate.

A LL the Claffes hitherto mentioned, are composed of Plants, whose Flowers contain *Chives* and *Pointals* within the *fame* empalement; but the plants of this Clafs have the *Chives* in one flower, or in one empalement, and the *Pointals* in another.

The flowers that contain the CHIVES are BARREN; those that contain the Pointals are FERTILE.

The Barren and the Fertile flowers of this Clafs, are always found upon the fame plant.

From this account it is evident, that in giving the Generic characters, it is neceffary to defcribe both the Barren and the Fertile Flowers. Therefore

- B, fignifies the Barren Flower, or that with Chives only; ' and
- F, fignifies the Fertile Flower, or that with only Pointals.

OBS. Florets inclosed in a Common Empalement, though agreeing in the difpolition of the Chives and Pointals, are not to be referred to this Clafs. This caution is neceffary in order to exclude fome of the Rundle bearing Plants of the fifth, and fome of the Compound Flowers of the nineteenth Clafs.

Order

CHIVES and POINTALS SEPARATE.

Order I.

MONANDRIA; I. CHIVE.

Sheath and Spike-flalk. IIIQ. A'RUM. B, Cup o. Bloss. o. Chives above the pointals. F, Cup o. Bloss. o. Sr. B, Cup o. Bloss. o. 1127. CHA'RA. F, Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. o. Summit with 5 clefts. Seed 1. B, Cup o. Bloss. o. 1124. ZANNICHEL'LIA. F, Cup 1 leaf. Bloss. o. Pointals 4. Seeds 4. + Callitriche verna.

Order II.

DIANDRIA; II. CHIVES.

...... B, Cup 1 leaf. Blofs. 0. F, Cup 1 leaf. Blofs. 0. Shaft 1. 1130. LEM'NA. Capf. 1 cell.

Order III.

TRIANDRIA; III. CHIVES.

1137. CA'REX. B, Catkin, I flower in each fcale. Bloss. o. F, Catkin, I flower in each fcale. Bloss. I. Shaft I. Seed I: coated.

1132. SPARGA'NIUM.

1007

MONOECIA.

1132. SPARGA'NIUM. B, Cup 3 leaves. Bloss. o. F, Cup 3 leaves. Blofs. o. Summits 2. Seed 1. 1131. Ту'рнл. В, Cup 3 leaves. Blos. o. F, Cup hair-like. Blos. o. Shaft 1. Seed 1; feathered.

+ Amaranthus blitum.

Order IV.

TETRANDRIA; IV. CHIVES.

1149. UR'TICA.	 Β,	Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. 0	. Honey-
	Б	cup glafs-fhaped.	

- F, Cup 2 valves. Blos. o. Summit hairy. Seed 1; eggshaped.
- 1148. Bux'us. B, Cup 3 leaves. Bloss. 2 petals.

F, Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. 3 petals. Summits 3. Capf.-3 cells.

- 1147. BET'ULA. B, Catkin, 3 flowers in each fcale. Bloss. with 4 divisions.
 - F, Catkin, 2 flowers in each fcale. Bloss. o. Shafts 2. Seed 1; egg-fhaped.
- 1145. LITTOREL'LA. B, Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. 4 clefts. Chives very long.
 - F, Cup o. Bloss. 4 clefts. Shaft very long. Seed a nut.

+ Ilex aquifolium. Plantago uniflora. [Myrica Gale. Sr.]

Order

CHIVES and POINTALS SEPARATE.

Order V.

PENTANDRIA; V. CHIVES.

1152. XAN'THIUM. B, Cup common; many leaves. Bloss. 5 clefts. Threads connected.

> F. Cup o. Blos. o. Shafts 2. Nut, 2 cells.

- 1157. AMARAN'THUS. B, Cup individual, 5 leaves. Bloss. o. Chives 3 or 5. F, Cup individual, 5 leaves.
 - Bloss. o. Shafts 3. Capf. cut round.

Order VIII.

POLYANDRIA: MANY CHIVES: (MORE THAN VII.)

1164. SAGITTA'RIA. B, Cup 3 leaves. Bloss. 3 petals. Chives about 24.

F, Cup 3 leaves. Bloss. 3 petals. Pointals 100. Seeds numerous.

1163. MYRIOPHYL'LUM. B, Cup 4 leaves. Blos. o. Chives 8. F, Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. o. Point. 4. Seeds 4.

1162. CERATOPHYL'LUM. B, Cup with about 7 divisions. Bloss. o. Chives about 18. F, Cup with about 7 divisions. Bloss. o. Point. 1. Seed 1.

> 4 divisions. Chives about 32. F, Cup 3 or 4 leaves. Bloss. 4

petals. Pointals 2. Seeds 2; inclosed.

1170. FA'GUS.

1167. POTE'RIUM. B. Cup 3 or 4 leaves. Blos. with

1009

1010

MONOECIA.

1170. Fa'gus	В,	Cup with 5 clefts. Bloss. o.
	F,	Chives about 12. Cup with 4 clefts. Bloss. o.
1168. Quer'aus		Shafts 3. Capf. 2 feeds. Cup with 5 clefts. Blofs. 0.
	_	Chives about 10.
	r,	Cup entire. Bloss. o. Shafts 5. Seed an Acorn.
1172. Cor'ylus		Catkin tiled. Bloss. o. Chives 8.
	r,	Cup 2 leaves. Bloss. o. Shafts 2. Fruit a Nut.
1171. CAR'PINUS	B,	Catkin tiled. Bloss. o. Chives
1 de	F,	Cup with 6 clefts. Bloss. o. Pointals 2. Fruit a Nut.

Order IX.

MONADELPHIA; THREADS UNITED.

F, Catkin like a cone. Blofs. o. Chives
Nuts 2; winged.

Order

Chives and Pointals Separate, I. Chive.

Order I.

MONANDRIA; I. CHIVE.

1119. A'RUM. Cuckowpint.

EMPAL. Sheath of 1 leaf; very large; oblong; lapped round at the bafe; approaching at the top; compreffed in the middle; coloured on the infide.

Sheathed Fruit-flalk club-fhaped; undivided; a little fhorter than the fheath; coloured; fet round with feed-buds on the lower part; above the feedbud fhrivelling.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads none; unlefs the Honey-cups, which are thick at the bafe, and terminated in thread-fhaped *Tendrils*, growing in 2 rows round the middle of the fruit-ftalk. *Tips* many; fitting; 4-edged; fixed to the fpike-ftalk; difpofed between the two rows of tendrils.

POINT. Sced-buds many; inverfely egg-fhaped; covering the bafe of the fruit-ftalk beneath the chives. Shafts none. Summits bearded with foft hairs.

S. VESS. Berries numerous; globular; with I cell. SEEDS many; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. Sheath of 1 leaf; hood-like. Spike-stalk, naked above, with pointals below, and chives in the middle.

OBS. The wonderful and unparalleled ftructure of this flower hath given rife to many difputes amongft the moft eminent botanifts.—The *Receptacle* is lengthened out into a naked club, with feéd-buds furrounding its bafe. The *Chives*, which is truly wonderful, are fixed to the receptacle more within than the feed-buds, and confequently flanding lefs in need of threads to elevate them. Hence it may be faid to be an inverted flower. What are the abovementioned tendrils noticed under the name of threads? LINN.—On the genus CALLA Linnæus makes the following remark. ST.—As in each Berry there are feveral feeds, it follows that each Pointal belongs to as many diffinct Florets, and that they do not conflitute parts of merely one flower; but as from the deficiency of an Emfalement and Bloffem, the Chives are not feparated, it is difficult to affign

MONOECIA MONANDRIA:

affign any fixed number to each floret. From the analogy with the Palms I fhould conjecture the number belonging to each floret to be 6. LINN .- The argument drawn from the number of feeds in each berry holds equally good with Arum, as there are frequently, more than I feed in each berry. His excellent fon, truly worthy of his great father, and whofe memory will be ever dear to me. appears to have been led to the fame conclusion from the confideration of other facts, apparently having forgotten the above remark of his father's. In a letter written in English on his return home. dated May 6th, 1783, and which I received only a few months before his death; after speaking of fome differences of opinion fubfifting between him and the ingenious Hedwig, about the nature of the Chives and Pointals of the Moffes, which will be treated of in its proper place, he fays, " You know in the Compound Flowers " that every floret is a feparate flower; that every floret in the " catkins of Saururus, Piper, and Pothos, and every tip in the " fcales of the catkins of Zamia is a diffinct floret. When I attend " to thefe facts, to the nature of female catkins, and the fingular " fructification of Pandanus, I understand the structure of Arum, " which I never before could, nor any one elfe. Every pointal " and every tip is to be confidered as a diftinct floret, a confe-" quence of which is that it must be removed to Monoecia " Monandria." LINN. THE SON. (ST.)

common

A'RUM macula'tum. Without a ftem. Leaves halberd-fhaped. very entire. Spike-ftalk club-fhaped.—

Curt. ii. 19.—Riv. mon. 124. 1, Arum.—Mill. ill.—ic. 52. 1.— Blackw. 228.—Fl. dan. 505.—Bulliard.—Fuchf. 69, cop. in J. B. ii. 784.—Dod. 329. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 325. 2, ic. i. 597. 2, Ger. em. 834. 1, and cop. in H. ox. xiii. 5. row 3. 1.— Lonic. i. 200. 1.—Trag. 774.—Matth. 596, abridged in Park. 373. 1. 2.

Spike-ftalk, the upper part purple, fometimes buff-coloured, and fometimes mottled with buff and purple. Seed-buds greenifh yellow, the upper terminating in a hair-like or awl-fhaped fhaft or furmit, purple at the end. Tips of 2 open cells. Duft yellow. Honey-cups, the row above the chives exactly fimilar to the upper feed-buds. WITH.—Leaves generally fpotted with black fpots. Sheath conical; pale green. Berries red, growing in a naked clufter. Wake-Robin. Cuckowpint. Lords and Ladies. [Bloody-men's-fingers, Worcefterfhire. ST.]

Shady places, ditch banks and rough grounds. P. May.

The berries ripen about the close of fummer. CURT.—The root and the leaves when recent, are to extremely acrid, that it is highly difagreeable

Chives and Pointals Separate, I. Chive.

difagreeable to taffe them. The root has been employed in medicine as a flimulant, but when reduced to powder it lofes much of its acrimony, and there is reafon to fuppofe that the compound powder which takes its name from that plant, owes its virtues chiefly to the other ingredients. There is no doubt but this acrid quality may be turned to very ufeful purpofes, but we muft firft learn how to afcertain its dofe.—The root dried and powdered, is ufed by the French to wafh their fkin with, and is fold at a high price, under the name of Cyprefs Powder. It is undoubtedly a good, and an innocent cofmetic.—When the acrimony of the roots is extracted, either by boiling or baking, they certainly will afford a very mild and wholefome nourifhment. Many nations prepare the only bread they have, from plants as acrimonious as this; firft diffipating the noxious qualities by the force of heat.—Starch may be made from the roots.

7 Leaves with black fpots and white ftreaks. Bot. Arr. ed. i. Sr.

1124. ZANNICHEL'LIA. Lake-weed.

B. Barren Flower.

EMPAL. none. BLOSS. none.

CHIVE. Thread fingle; fimple; long; upright. Tip eggfhaped; upright.

F. Fertile Flower flanding near the other.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; hardly perceptible; diftended; with 2 teeth.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-buds 4; like little horns; approaching. Shafts 4; fimple; rather expanding. Summits egg-fhaped;

4; imple; rather expanding. Summits egg-ihaped; flat; expanding outwards.

S. VESS. none.

SEEDS 4; oblong; tapering at each end; hunched on one fide; covered with a bark; crooked; bent back.

Ess. CHAR. (Flowers with chives and pointals.) Empal. o. Blos. o.

(Flowers with pointals.) Empal. 1 leaf. Blofs. 0. Seed-buds about 4. Seeds as many.

ZANNICHEL'LIA palus'tris. ---

horned

a? ST. Tip with 2 cells. Summits and empalements fcolloped at the edge. Seed-veffels rough along the ridge. MICH.

Vol. II.

3 U

Mill.

MONOECIA MONANDRIA.

Mill. ill.—Fl. dan. 67.—Pluk. 102.7, cop. in Pet. 6. 2, and Brit. herb. 80, in fruit.—Mich. 34. 2.

Seeds either entire or toothed on the back. HUDS.—Leaves briftlefhaped. Seed-buds horn-like. RELHAN.—The uncommon breadth of the fummits is the most remarkable peculiarity in this plant; and whether they float upon the furface of the water, or are funk beneath it, they are equally calculated to receive the dust from the chives which fland above them. Bot. Arrang. ed. i. ST.—The habit of a Potamogeton; flender and much branched. Leaves threadfhaped, grafs-like, 2, 3, or 4 out of the fame fheathing prop. Seedcoats fitting, 3 or 4, placed crofs-ways in the bofom of the leaves; fomewhat compreffed, with a toothed ridge on each fide, and an awl-fhaped termination, giving them fome refemblance to a bird's claw. Mr. WOODWARD.

Horned Fondweed.—Ditches and ftagnant waters. [Ditches near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. July.

 β Sr.—Larger. Tip with 4 cells. Seed-buds and fummits entire. Seed-velfels toothed along the ridge. MICH.

Mich. 34. 1.

Root of the thickness of the ftem, with lateral, very flender, fhort fibres fhooting into the mud. Stem floating, jointed, forked, folid; branches very long, fome of the joints without leaves, or only a fheathing fcale. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, flat, very entire, fmooth, embracing the ftem, 2 or 3 at each joint. Flowers from the bofom of the leaves, throughout the whole length of the ftem, opposite. one with chives on one fide, and one with pointals on the other. FLOWER WITH THE CHIVE. Empal. none, unlefs fome fcattered membranaceous fheaths involving the flowers. Chive as long again as the flower with pointals. Thread thread-like. Tip blunt at the end, green, flefhy, fomewhat 4-cornered, with 4 cells. Duft white, globular, fomewhat angular. FLOWER WITH POINTALS on the upper part of the ftem near the flower with the chive, on the lower part of the ftem opposite to it. Empal. common, the fame as in the flower with the chive; cup membranaceous; teeth juft perceptible, involving the feed-bud. Pointals longer than the empalement, fometimes 5. Seed-buds inverfely egg-fhaped, fhining. Summits membranaceous, target-fhaped, concave, flat, expanding outwards, 6 or 8 times as broad as the fhafts. Seed-veffel a dry berry (Bacca ficca?) * oblong, compreffed, with 2 keels, tapering to a point.

* As in Galiam and Grambe. But the feed-veffels of thefe plants do not accord with the definitions either of Capfule or Berry. They are "dry hol-"low feed-veffels not opening in a determinate manner." Might not the term Conceptaculum be adopted to express it. Linnæus having rejected it from its former acceptation, and fublilitude Folliculus in its room. Sr.

Chives and Pointals Separate, I Chive.

point, futures wrinkled. Seeds oblong, round, and rounded at the ends, fomewhat bowed. Sr.

Brooks and pools near Worcefter.

[Sept. ST.]

1127. CHA'RA. Stone-wort.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 4; awl-fhaped; upright; permanent; the 2 outer ones oppolite, and longer than the other 2.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud turban-fhaped. Shaft none. Summit with 5 clefts; oblong; deciduous.

S. VESS. The Goat egg-fhaped; of I cell; adhering to the feed.

SEED fingle.; egg-fhaped ; marked with fpiral lines.

B. Barren Flower at the bafe of the feed-bud, on the outward fide of the empalement.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVE. Threads none. Tip globular, placed before and below the feed-bud, without the empalement.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. O. Bloss. O. Tip placed below the feed-bud.

F. Empal. leaves 4. Bloss. 0. Summit with 5 clefts. Seed 1.

CHA'RA tomento's. Prickles on the ftem egg- brittle

H. ox. xv. 4. 9.—Pluk. 29. 4, cop. in Brit. herb. 74; no appearance of prickles on the stem.

Plant always flefh-coloured when alive, but when dry becomes afh coloured. Stem twifted. LINN.—Plant brittle and gritty in the mouth. Root fibrous.

Ditches and pools. Peat ditches in Lancashire and Westmoreland, common. [In the rivulet that runs from Malham Tarn before it finks into the ground. Mr. Woop.] A. June-Oct,

CHA'RA vulga'ris. Stems fmooth. Leaves toothed common on the inner fide.—

G. B. pr. 25, repr. in th. 251, cop. in Park. 1201. 10. J. B. iii. 731. 2. (Fl. dan. 150 is Hypochæris radicata. C. vulgaris is not yet figured in that work.)

3U2

Berry

MONOECIA MONANDRIA.

Berry oblong, containing feveral feeds. WEIS .- Stem threadfhaped, but little branched, 6 to 9 inches long; flexible. Leaves thread-fhaped, tapering, but juft thinner than the ftem, in whorls. expanding, moftly as long as the joints of the ftem, 6 in a whorl: jointed, the knots with prickles and often fructifications on the infide. Flowers in various difpositions (polygamia) some with chives and pointals, others with only chives, and in different plants, fitting, both tawny and white in the fame plant, on the inner fide of the leaves towards their bafe, 2 or 3 on a leaf, numerous on the upper whorls, diftinct. Empal. leaves briftle-shaped, the 2 outer nearly twice as long. Tip brownifh, orange, pulpy, inferted at the bafe of the feed-bud, and projecting as it were from out of the empalement, it evidently adhering to the bafe of the feed-bud and being feparable with it: unchanged in its form and none burft, in numbers which I examined, from whence fome might be induced to fuspect it to be rather a Honey-cup. Seed-veffel of I cell, of the fame colour with the tip, and twice or thrice as large, tapering and greenifh towards the end, which is crowned with 5 teeth, mostly shorter, but sometimes longer than the empalement. Seeds very numerous, and very minute, yellowish or white. In one plant I found only tips, but with empalements as in the flowers with both chives and pointals. Nearly allied to Hippuris. ST.-Whole plant yellowish or reddiff green. Flowers in the divisions of the ftem.-Green when fresh, and extremely foetid: glaucous when dry, and very brittle. Leaves fometimes 10 or 12 in a whorl. Mr. WOODWARD.

Stinking Water Horfe-tail.-Ditches and pools. [Marle pit near Stafford, where water had flagnated. ST.] A. July, Aug.

B Smaller. Hups.

Stems and leaves very flender. Seeds (meaning tips and capfules) fmall, brown, fhining, lying naked on the joints of the leaves. R. fyn.-From this defcription I fuspect it to be rather C. flexilis. Sr.

Sir P. Carteret's fifn-ponds in Jerfey. In a gutter in Peckham Fields, not in the great ditches. R. fyn.

prickly CHA'RA hif'pida. Prickles on the ftem, hair-like, crowded .--

Fl. dan. 154.-Pluk. 193. 6.

Whitish or pale green when fresh. Prickles often bent down. LINN .-- Plant covered with a ftony cruft, whence its grittinefs between the teeth, pale green, when dried afh-coloured, and when dead, white. Root, fibres nearly fimple, hair-like, long, transparent, white, ftiffifh, knotted; knots rigid with fmall fibres. Stems 4 to 8 inches long, forked, zigzag, twifted, fcored, rough, cylin-

drical,

drical, hollow, jointed; joints of an equal thickness; knots swoln, fomewhat flexible, towards the end, as also the young fhoots, rough with prickles; prickles thread-needle-fhaped, fcattered, falling off, those near the top of the joint bent down, those below expanding or upright. Leaves cylindrical, jointed; joints 2 or 3, the lower fimilar to the ftem, the upper fmooth, 6 to 9 in a whorl, flightly expanding or upright, at length falling off; the younger in wreathed whorls, furrounded here and there with upright prickles in whorls. Fructification, none visible, unless a yellow globule, poffibly a tip. That the above obfervations, or those inferted under C. vulgaris, belong to those species, I am not abfolutely certain, having millaid one of the fpecimens, but they were compared and defcribed together. Sr.-Plant glaucous. Stem twifted fpirally, its lower part and branches and lower leaves frequently naked; upper part thick fet with prickles. Leaves 8 to 10 in a whorl. Prickles in bundles, at fhort diftances on the upper fide of the leaves, refembling half whorls. Not fo fætid as the C. vulgaris. Mr. WOODWARD .- Whole plant with a ftrong fcent of garlick, green. Stem branched. Leaves 8 or 10 in a whorl. prickly. Sced-bud egg-fhaped, of a dull pale yellow. Summits dirty green. Tip orange-coloured. WITH.

Ditches and poels, in Yorkshire, Lancash. and Westmoreland. [Turf bogs, Ellingham, Norsolk. Mr. Woodw. —At the bottom of a spring in a meadow near Gayton, Staffordsh. Sr.] June—Oct.

CHA'RA *flexilis*. Joints of the ftem without prickles, *fmooth* femi-transparent, broader upwards. LINN.—Stem transparent, without prickles, SCHMIDEL. HUDS.—3-forked. HUDS.—Joints of the ftem of an equal thickness the whole length. SCHMIDEL.

Schmidel 14.

Roots hair-like, whitifh. Stems I to 2 feet long, floating under water, but near the furface, thread-fhaped, fmooth, and covered not as the reft of this genus, with a cruft, but with a thin green rind, hollow, filled with a flightly vifeid water. Leaves in whorls, which, towards the root, are 2 inches and upwards from each other, towards the end from I to $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch; of the fame ftructure with the ftem, when fully grown from I to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch long, fomewhat tapering at the point, moftly forked at about 2-3ds of their length, the fegments awl-fhaped, with a flight curvature or contraction above the infertion of the fructifications, but almoft always I or more fimple in each whorl. Fructifications naked, on the upper whorls, fometimes on all the leaves and the fame diftance from the 3 U 3 bafe.

MONOECIA MONANDRIA.

bafe. Empalement none, not even prickles as in other fpecies. Tip always fingle, fometimes folitary, but mostly with 2 feed-buds. generally between them, but where only I feed-bud fometimes on one or the other fide, or above it, never below, as in the other fpecies, as far as I have hitherto obferved; when first appearing, white or ftraw-coloured, as it advances pale yellow, becoming of a wax-like fubstance, when ripe of a reddifh faffron colour, and at laft brown, for the greater part hollow within, not divided into cells, but containing fome pulp intermixed with very tender fibres or membranes, and fome mealy grains of a faffron colour; never opening fpontaneoully as far as I have observed; gradually fhrivelling, rotting and wafting away. Seed-bud marked with fpiral lines, whitish green, nearly transparent, at length becoming opaque, and of a yellowish green, and afterwards fomewhat greener. Seed-veffel oval, fomewhat tapering towards the point; the coat thinifh, compofed as it were of 5 fegments rolled fpirally round and terminating in the fummits. Summits 5, roundifh, with a hollow between them. Nucleus oval or oblong, white, covered with a very thin membrane, not marked with fpiral lines, full within of very white transparent globules, fome fpherical, others a little compressed, destructible by pressure, not wrinkled; whether to be confidered as feeds I do not determine. To be referred to the order of Alga, in which the veficular ftructure is common. SCHMIDEL.-My observations on C. vulgaris correspond in general with the above, and I may add that the tip, in its œconomy, if I may fo express myself, accords with that of Ophrys and the Orchidee. ST.

Ponds, ditches, and bogs. Ponds about Henley, not far from Ipfwich. In a bog where the ftinking fpa empties itfelf near Knarefborough. R. fyn.—Salt water ditches near Hornfey. Hubs. —Loch Lomond. PARSONS.—Hill-Loch on Craig Chaillech Breadalbane, and at Comrie 4 miles from Crief. Mr. STUART. A. June—Oct.

Order

Order II.

DIANDRIA; II. CHIVES.

1130. LEM'NA. Duck-meat.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Leaf 1; circular; opening at the fide; obliquely dilated outwardly; blunt; expanding; depressed; large; entire.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 2; awl-fhaped; crooked; as long as the cup. Tips double; globular.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft fhort. Summit indiffinct. S. VESS. barren.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud fomewhat egg-fhaped. Shaft fhort; permanent. Summit fimple.

S. VESS. Capfule globular, with a point at the end; and I cell.

SEEDS feveral; oblong; fharp at each end; nearly as long as the capfule; fcored on one fide.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. 1 leaf. Bloss. O. F. Empal. 1 leaf. Bloss. O. Shaft 1. Capf. 1 cell. OBS. If the pointals in the B. flowers had been perfect and produced perfect feeds, this genus must have been referred to the 23d class.

LEM'NA triful'ca. Leaves on leaf-stalks, spear- ivy-leaved fhaped.-

Mich. 11. 5 .- 7. B. iii. 786. 1.- Lob. ic. ii. 36. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 830. 2, and cop. in Park. 1216. 9, and Brit. herb. 61. 2.-Ger. 681. 2.

Stems flatted and proliferous; croffing each other, thus refembling in its mode of growth the Cactus Opuntia, the Indian Fig. LINN.-Leaf-stalks iffuing from the edge of another leaf, from a fiffure parallel to the fides of the leaf. WITH.

3 U 4

Ditches and ftagnant waters.

P. June-Sept. LEM'NA

least LEM'NA minor.* Leaves fitting, flattish on both fides. Roots folitary.—

Ray 4. 1, at p. 150, cop. in Brit. herb. 60.—Mich. 11. 3, Lenticularia.—Vaill. 20. 3.—Blackw. 380.—Gars. 336.—Trag. 690, on the furface of the water.—Dod. 587. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 648. 1; ic. ii. 249. 1, Ger. em. 829. 1, and cop. in Park. 1262. 1, and imitated in Ger. 680.—Matth. 1115.—J. B. iii. 773. 2.

Flowers every year during the dog days. LINN. Greeds. St.—Pools.

A. June-Sept.

gibbous

LEM'NA gib'ba. Leaves fitting, hemifpherical underneath. Roots folitary.

Mich. 11. 1, Lenticula. J. B. iii. 773. 3. - (Mich. 11. 2, in fyft. pl. fl. angl. and in the text of Mich. gen. p. 15, is an error of the prefs.)

Micheli's description of the flowers found to be accurate by Meffrs. Ehrhart and Graucer. Capfule with 2 cells, containing 2 feeds, fomewhat compreffed, and a little depreffed in the middle, more globular when fuller advanced. WIGGERS .- It is improperly confidered as a variety of L. minor. RELH .- Leaves divided within into a number of membranaceous cells; the young ones proceeding from the edges of the old ones. Sr.-Differs from the L. minor in having the leaves inverfely egg-shaped, narrowest where they are joined together, the upper furface flightly convex and generally tinged with purple; the under furface very convex, white, of a reticulated fpongy appearance, and filled with water, fomething refembling the internal ftructure of Scirpus lacuftris, but not fo regular. Mr. WOODW .- Roots thread-shaped, from the centre of the under fide of the leaf. Leaves 3, 4, or 5 together, one growing out of the edge of the other, oval, convex alfo on the upper fide, the under fide porous, refembling pith. WITH.

L. minor gibba & Hubs.

Ditches and ponds. [Lower Bifhop's pool, Northwick, near Worcefter, and in a pool near the Eaft fide of Malvern Chace, Worcefterfhire. Sept. 8, 1776. Sr.] A. July, Aug.

L E M'N A *polyrhi'za*. Leaves fitting. Roots crowded.—

Ray 4. 2, at p. 150, cop. in Brit. herb. 61. 1.—Vaill. 20. 2.— Mich. 11. 1, Lenticularia.

* Mr. Hudfon abridges the character to "leaves fitting, roots folitary," comprehending L. gibba as a variety. Sr.

Float

greater

Float on the furface of the water on the appearance of the fwallows, and fink under water when they difappear with us. LINN .- Leaves green above, purple underneath. WITH.

A. May-Sept. Ditches. Ducks are exceedingly fond of all the fpecies. LINN. as are alfo gcefe.

Order III.

TRIANDRIA; III. CHIVES.

1131. TY'PHA. Cat's-tail.

- B. Barren Flowers numerous; forming a catkin at the end of the fraw.
- EMPAL. Cathin, common; cylindrical; very clofely fet; confifting of individual Cups with 3 leaves; briftleshaped.

BLOSS. none.

- CHIVES. Threads 3; hair-like; as long as the cup. Tips oblong; pendant.
 - F. Fertile Flowers numerous; fet exceedingly close; forming a catkin, which furrounds the straw.
- EMPAL. Hairs down-like.

BLOSS. none.

- POINT. Seed-bud fitting on a briftle; egg-fhaped. Shaft awl-fhaped. Summit hair-like; permanent. S. VESS. none. Fruit very numerous, and forming a
- cylinder.
- SEED fingle; egg-fhaped; furnished with a shaft, on a briftle. Feather hair-like; fixed to the briftle which fupports the feed, as long as the pointal.
 - Ess. CHAR. B. Catkin cylindrical. Empal. obscure, with 3 leaves. Blofs. 0.
 - F. Catkin cylindrical, below the flowers with chives. Empal. with a hair-like wool. Bloss. o. Seed 1; on a hair-like down.

TY'PHA latifo'lia. Leaves fomewhat fword-fhaped. great The fpikes of fertile and barren flowers near together .--

Curt.

Curt. iii. 29.—Fuchf. 823, cop. in J. B. ii. 527. 3.—H. ox. viii. 13. row 3. 1.—Fl. dan. 645.—Lonic. i. 174. 1.—Matth. 863. —Ger. 42.—Trag. 681.—Dod. 604, repr. in Lob. obf. 42. 1; ic. i. 81. 1, Ger. em. 46.—Lonic. i. 173. 1. b.—Park. 1204. 1.—J. B. ii. 527. 1 and 2, only leaves.

Sheaths 2, falling off; 1 at the bafe, and the other about the middle of the barren fpike. LINN.—Barren fpikes dark brown. Befides the 2 fheaths defcribed by Linnæus, there is frequently a gd, fmaller, placed between the middle and top of the barren fpike, which foo: withers and falls off. Mr. WOODWARD.

Great Cat's-tail. Reed-mace.

Banks of rivers and fifh ponds, and in marfhes. P. July.

fmall

TY'PHA angustifo'lia. Leaves femi-cylindrical. The fpikes of fertile and of barren flowers diftant, LINN. rather distinct. ST.

Curt. iii. 29.—Fl. dan. 815.—H. ox. viii. 13. row 3. 2.—Fark. 1204. 2.—(Fuchf. 822, rather T. latifolia, the flike being broader than the leaves.)

Leaves much narrower than those of T. latifolia. Spikes flenderer, the barren one distant from the other about an inch. CURT. RELHAN.—Leaves do not exceed one third the breadth of the preceding species, the spike and spike-stalk much more flender, tho' the plant grows as tall and as firm as the other. The service and barren spikes generally about 1 inch as funder. Mr. WOODWARD. Leaves sheathing the stem, femi-cylindrical below, flat and strapschaped towards the end. WITH.

Ditches and ponds. [Clay pits in Norfolk and Suffolk, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

Cows eat it. Swine refuse it.

 β When growing among rocks, and its roots being confined, it becomes fmaller, but its fpikes more numerous. LINN.

Lob. adv. 41, repr. in ic. i. 81.—J. B. ii. 540. Hounflow Heath. R. fyn.

1132. SPAR-

1132. SPARGA'NIUM. Bur-weed.*

B. Barren Flowers numerous; collected into a little head.

EMPAL. Common Catkin roundifh; tiled very clofely on every fide; confifting of proper Cups with 3 leaves; narrow; deciduous.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 3; hair-like; as long as the cup. Tips oblong.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. as above. Common Receptacle roundifh. BLoss. none.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; ending in a fhort awl-fhaped Shaft. Summits 2; fharp; permanent.

S. VESS. not very pulpy; turban-fhaped, but terminated by a point; angular beneath.

SEEDS. Nuts 2; hard as bone; oblong egg-fhaped; angular.

Ess. CHAR. B. Catkin roundifh. Empalement with 3 leaves. Bloss. o.

F. Cathin roundifh. Empalement with 3 leaves. Bloss. o. Summit cloven. Stone fruit juiceles; with 1 feed.

OBS. The feed in fome with 1 cell, in others with 2, TOURN. quoted by Linnæus—meaning, probably, in fome individuals, not fpecies, Pollich defcribing the S. erectum with 1 feed, Leers moftly 1, and Curtis 2. ST.

SPARGA'NIUM erec'tum. Leaves upright, greater 3-fquare, LINN.—fword-fhaped.[†] Stem branched. HUDS. —Leaves triangular at the bafe, the fides concave. Fruitftalks branched. CURT.—Fruit-ftalks with many flowers, from the bofom of the leaves. ST.[‡]

* Bur-reed would feem to be a fpecies of Reed (Arundo.) ST.

 \dagger This word feems an unneceffary addition, it equally belonging to both fpecies. Sr.

[‡] Pedunculis multifloris axillaribus. The upper part of the ftem is branched, but the fruit-ftalks are fimple, tho' fupporting many fitting heads. More ftrially fpeaking the flowers are in terminating and lateral fpikes. Sr.

Curt. v. 58, S. ramofum.—Leers 13. 11, a branch.—H. ox. viii. 13. row 2. 1.—C. B. th. 223.—Dod. 601. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 41. 3; ic. i. 80. 1, Ger. em. 45. 1, and cop. in Park. 1205. 1, and Pet. 72. 9.—Cam. epit. 732.—J. B. ii. 541. 1.—Matth. 993.—Ger. 41. 1.—(Trag. 677. 1, cop. in Lonic. i. 173. 3, is a species of Carex.)

What is most commonly met with is about a foot high. The largest plant I ever faw of it was nearly of the height of a man. Whether these are specifically different should be examined. LINN. —Leaves flat towards the end. Threads longer than the empalement.—Fertile Flowers: Empal. leaves strap-shaped, and channelled at the base, circular, concave and flessly above. WITH.

Sparganium ramofum. HUDS. CURT.

Ditches, marfhes, and banks of rivers. P. July. Horfes and Swine eat it. Cows are not fond of it. Sheep and Goats refufe it.

leffer SPARGA'NIUM fm'plex. Leaves fword-fhaped, flat. Stem fimple. HUDS.—Leaves triangular at the bafe, the fides flat. Fruit-ftalks fimple. CURT.—Leaves 3-fquare at the bafe. Mr. WOODW.*—Fruit-ftalks with 1 flower, leaflefs at the bafe. Sr. †

> Curt. v. 53.—Dod. 601. 3, repr. in Lob. obf. 41. 4; ic. i. 80. 2, Ger. em. 45. 2, and cop. in Park. 1206. 2, J. B. ii. 541. 2, Ger. 41. 2, and Fet. 72. 10, (Fl. dan. 260, is S. natans,) and the fpike again in Park. 1205. 2, in the lowermost corner; and imitated in H. ox. viii. 13. row 2. 2.

Stem feldom one fourth to high as that of S. erectum. Leaves inclining more to yellow, the 2 under fides near the bafe quite flat, fo that when the leaf is cut transversely the fection is a triangle with nearly plain fides. Fruit-stalks fometimes more than an inch long. Heads yellow before they blow, larger in proportion than those of S. erectum. CURT.—Heads, the lowermost on fruitstalks, mostly 2, proceeding from the space between the leaves, fometimes nearer to that below, and fometimes to that above, the lowermost fometimes 3 inches long; those above fitting. Sr.

Marfhy places, and fides of pools, particularly fuch as one finds on heaths, and have been old gravel pits. P. July.

- * Foliis basi triquetris. Mr. WOODWARD.
- † Pedunculis unifloris, bafi aphyllis. Sr.

SPAR-

SPARGA'NIUM na'tans. Leaves drooping, flat. floating LINN.—Fruit-flaks with I flower, from the bolom of the leaves. ST.*

Il. dan. 260.—Pet. 72. 11.

In marfhes it is a fmall tender plant with upright or trailing leaves; but in lakes its leaves float to a fathom and more in length, appearing quite like a different plant. LINN.—The flowering flem very flender, not rifing more than 6 inches above the water; undivided; fupporting a few balls of fitting flowers, and those not larger than a pea. Leaves flat, floating on the water to a confiderable length. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sparganium simplex natans B HUDS.

Pools, lakes, and flow rivers about Norwich. Llanberys, and in Yorkfhire and Weftmoreland. [St. Faith's Newton. Mr. PITCHFORD.] P. July.

1137. CA'REX. Seg.

B. Barren Flowers forming a spike.

EMPAL. Catkin oblong; tiled; confifting of Scales, each including a fingle flower; fpear-fhaped; fharp; concave; permanent.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 3; briftle-fhaped; upright; longer than the inclofing fcale. Tips upright; long; ftrap-fhaped. F. Fertile Flowers the fame, but fometimes on diflinit plants.

EMPAL. Catkin as above.

BLOSS. Petals none.

DEOSS. Petais none.

Honcy-cup blown up; oblong egg-fhaped; with 2 or 3 teeth at the end; contracted towards the upper part; mouth open; permanent.

POINT. Seed-bud 3-cornered; within the honey-cup. Shaft very fhort. Summits 3 or 2; awl-fhaped; bent inwards; long; tapering; downy.

S. VESS. none. The Honey-cup enlarging contains the feed. SEEDS fingle; egg-fhaped; pointed; 3-cornered; one of the angles generally fmaller.

Ess. CHAR. B. Catkin tiled. Empal. 1 leaf. Bloss. O.

F. Catkin tiled. Empal. 1 leaf. Bloss. 0. Honey-cup inflated, with 2 teeth. Summits 3. Seed 3-square, within the honey-cup.

* Pedunculis unifloris, axillaribus. Sr.

OBS.

OBS. In fome fpecies the two kinds of flowers are found upon the fame fpike; but in others they are upon different fpikes. LINN. -- (See the Plate of Graffes.)

* Spike fingle, fimple. LINN.—Shaft cloven. LEERS. Mr. WOODW. —Seeds convex on one fide, flat on the other, LEERS, and the fame in the next division.

+ Carex panica β Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

fmall

CA'REX *dioi*ca. Spike fimple. The flowers with only chives and the flowers with only pointals on diffinet plants.—

Fl. dan. 369.—H. ox. viii. 12. 22, plant with only chives.—ib. 36, plant with only pointals.—Scheuchz. 11. 9 and 10.—(Mich. 32. 1, barren plant; 2, fertile plant.)

Straw a hand's breadth high. Leaves briftle-fhaped. Barren Spike ftrap-fhaped, half an inch long; fertile spike egg-fhaped, one fourth of an inch long. LYONS.—Leaves not more than half as long as the ftem. Fertile plant taller than the barren one. Spike compact, tiled. Capfules not expanding, flightly ferrated towards the upper part. Shaft fhort. Summits bent back. Mr. WOODW. —Leaves and ftraw 3-cornered.

Turf bogs. [Meadows, Marham, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.--Boggy meadows, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June, July.

round-headed

CA'REX *capita'ta*. Spike fimple, egg-fhaped, with fertile and barren flowers; the barren flowers forming the upper part. Capfules between tiled and open.—

(H. ox. viii. 12. 36.—Il. dan. 372.—Mich. 32. 2, are referred to by Linnæus, but Fl. dan. 372, from the hairs at the bafe of the feed-bud should seem to be a Scirpus; and in H. ox. and Mich. the spikes are cylindrical instead of egg-shaped, and are service plants of C. dioica, in which opinion I am fince confirmed by Mr. Woodward.)

* Very fimilar to *C. divica*, but the fpike exactly egg-fhaped, and not cylindrical. LINN.—I fufpect that the plants which have been hitherto difcovered in Great Britain, have been only fertile individuals of *C. divica*. Mr. WOODWARD.

Turfy bogs. Marfhy places near Hinton and Feverfham, Cambridgefhire. Sherley Common, near Croydon. P. June.

flea CA'REX pulica'ris. Spike fimple, with fertile and barren flowers; the barren flowers forming the upper part. Capfules ftraddling, bent back.—

Leers

Leers 14. 1.—H. ox. viii. 12. 21.—Mich. 33. 1.—Fluk. 34. 10. —Fl. dan. 166, in flower.—Scheuchz. 11. 9, in flower, 10, in fruit; a. b. c. parts of fruitification.

Straw cylindrical, flattifh on one fide. Barren flowers falling off when out of bloffom. Capfules pointed, when bent back give the ftraw the appearance of a different plant, bearing no fmall refemblance to a harpoon. LINN.—Straw naked, 6 to 18 inches high. Leaves briftle-fhaped, bright green, in tufts, half as long as the ftraw. Spike, the barren part flender, clofely tiled. Scales pale brown, membranaceous at the edge. Barren Flowers: Scales fomewhat oval. Chives moftly 3. Fertile Flowers: Scales broad at the bafe, embracing the feed-bud, tapering to a point. Shaft extending beyond the capfule. Summits bent back. Capfules longer than the fcales, at firft preffed to, afterwards expanding, at laft bent back, in which ftate fhining brown, fpear-fhaped both ways, at a little diftance much refembling a flea. Mr. WOODWARD.

Turfy and muddy bogs. Sides of Ingleborough and other mountainous fituations. CURT.-[Boggy meadows, Norfolk, and near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.-Malvern Chace. Mr. BALLARD. ST.] P. June.

CA'REX pauciflo'ra. Spike fimple, with barren and few-flowered fertile flowers. Fertile flowers mostly 3, at a little diftance from each other, expanding; I barren one terminating. LIGHTFOOT.—Spike oblong, with the male flowers in the upper part. Capfules oblong, taper-pointed, open. HUDS.

Lightf. 6. 2, at p. 77.

Root branched. Straw 4 inches high, upright, triangular, leafy, fcored. Root-leaves few, fword-fhaped, pointed, naked; stem-leaves 2, fhorter than the ftraw. Spike terminating, upright. Barren Flowers 2 or 3, brown; service flowers 3 to 5, greenisch. Hubs.

Carex patula. HUDS. 402 and 657. ST.

Boggy foil half way up Goatfield mountain in the Ifle of Arran, near a place where peat is dug in the afcent from Brodwick Caftle. Found alfo by Sir Jofeph Banks on the coaft of Labradon. LIGHTF. —Mountainous heaths. Near Glafgow. HUDS. P. June.

** Spike composed of both fertile and barren flowers. LINN.—Summits mostly 2. Mr. WOODWARD.—+ Carex atrata.

CA'REX incur'va. Spike conical. Spikets cluftered, curved with barren and fertile florets, fitting. Fence none. Straw bowed in. LIGHTF.

Lightf.

1027

1028

MONOECIA TRIANDRIA.

Lightf. 24. 1, at p. 544.—Scheuchz. prodr. 4. 3, has a very clofe affinity to the former, and I am inclined to believe it will be found to differ only from growing in an alpine inflead of a maritime fituation.—What is Fl. dan. 432?

Deep loofe fea fand at the mouth of the water of Naver, and near Skelherry in Dunrofnels in Shetland. HOPE in fl. fcot.

P. July, Aug.

foft CA'R EX dif'ticha. Spike compound, nearly 2-rowed. Spikets egg-fhaped, fomewhat tiled, with barren and fertile flowers. Floral-leaves longer than the fpikets. Straw 3-fquare. Hubs.—The lower fpikets remote, and as the terminating one fertile, the upper tiled and barren. ST.*

> Leers 14. 2.—Mich. 33. 3, in fruit.—Pluk. 34. 7, bad.—Park. 1172. 4, very bad.—Ger. 8. 2, can hardly have been intended for it.

Spikets 12 to 20, the lower more diftant, the upper tiled, eggfhaped. Hups .- Spike ruft-coloured, foft to the touch. RAY. ST. -Straws above a foot high, fomewhat leafy, naked upwards, rough. Leaves as long as the ftraw. Spike upright, at length nodding. Spikets 20 or 30, fitting, oblong, taper pointed, yellowifh ruft-coloured, the lower more diffant, alternate, the 2 lowermost and the terminating one with all the florets fertile, when ripe eggfhaped and thicker; 2 or 3 in the middle with fertile flowers and fome barren ones at the end, the upper 15 to 20, crowded, with only barren flowers. Floral-leaves, I at the bafe of each fpiket, fpear-fhaped, taper pointed, the 2 or 3 lowermost egg-fhaped, fometimes terminating in a briftle-fhaped leaf juft longer than the fpiket. Scales of the barren flowers spear-shaped, of the fertile flowers egg-fhaped. Honey-cup rough at the edge. Capfules eggfhaped, taper-pointed, with fharp edges, cloven at the end. LEERS. ST.-Refembles C. leporina in habit. Straw ufually taller, g-fquare, angles more acute. Spike longer. Spikets more numerous, fmaller, more spear-shaped, fometimes found proliferous; the upper much crowded. Floral-leaf ufually longer than the fpike, not always prefent, and in their place broad oval fpear-fhaped fcales, of a deeper brown than those of C. leporina. Shaft divided to the bale, whereas in C. leporina only about 1-4th of its length. Mr. WOODWARD .- Floral-leaves generally longer than the fpiket, often fhorter and fometimes longer than the fpike. Sr.

* Spica composita, spiculis inferioribus remotioribus cum terminali androgynis, intermediis confertis masculis. Sr.

Carex

Carex arenaria, Leers n. 706. ST.

β Hubs.-Carex cinerea, which fee.

CA'REX arena'ria. Spike compound. Spikets of fea fertile and barren flowers, the lowermost more remote and with a leaf longer than the spiket. Straw 3-cornered.—

Mich. 33. 4, in fruit. — Pluk. 34. 8. — (Leers 14. 2, is C. diflicha, and 11. dan. 425, a very different plant.)

Root creeping, thread-fhaped, fimple, horizontal, jointed, about 4 inches beneath the furface of the ground; joints rather diftant, and from each joint rifes a jointed stem, which beneath the furface is covered with brown fheaths, and even with the furface it fends out many leaves, the outer ones fhort, the inner ones narrow and as tall as the fraw, which is naked, without knots; fupporting the fpike at the end. Spike of a ruft-colour, generally nodding. Spikets egg-awl-fhaped, fitting, the lower fo far feparate as to fhew the ftraw. Floral-leaves, 1 at the bale of each spiket, the lowermost fitting, not fheathing, as long as the compound fpike, those above gradually fmaller. LINN.-Root about the fize of a pack-thread, creeping in the dry fand to a great length, with a brown ragged bark; knots about 3-4ths of an inch diftant, not every one throwing out leaves or fibres. Leaves fomewhat rolled in at the edge, in tufts ariling from a brown, dry, withered fheath. Straw rifing from amongst the leaves. Spike 1 to 2 inches long, generally bent. Spikets 4 to 10, oval-spear-shaped, the upper crowded, and without floral-leaves. Floral-leaves, the lowermost generally shorter than the fpike, the next above, and fometimes the 2 next alfo, as long as the fpikets. Scales oval-fpear-fhaped, pointed, yellowifh brown with a green keel. Capfules fpear-shaped, shorter than the scales, convex on the upper, flat on the lower fide, flightly cloven at the end. Shaft divided as it iffues from the capfule. Summits bent back. Mr. WOODWARD.

(C. arenaria of Leers is C. diflicha. ST.)

In loofe moveable fand on the fea-fhore. [Sea beach at Yarmouth and Loweftoft. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June.

CA'REX lepori'na. Spike compound. Spikets fitting, naked egg-fhaped, near each other, alternate, composed of barren and fertile flowers.—

Vol. II.

H. ox.

H. ox. viii. 12. 29, with a feparate fpike.—Scheuch. 10. 15, but the fpikets larger than I have ever feen them.—Leers 14. 6.—Ger. 19. 6, cop. in C. B. th. 88? with a floral-leaf. Spikets too diftinct and too expanding.—Lob. ic. i. 19. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 21. 6, and cop. in Park. 1267.8, is C. divifa.—Fl. dan. 294, * is a different plant; and 371, is C. flava.—Seguier 1. 2, the figure on the left hand, is C. præcox of Schreb. fpicil. p. 63, a different plant from C. præcox of Jacquin.)

Spikets 5 or 6. Chaff feparating the florets, grey, longer than the feeds. Shafts bowed in. LINN.—Spike composed of from 3 to 7 fpikets. Floral-leaf at the base of the lowermost fpiket as long as the fpike, falling off. HUDS.—Root matted. Straws frequently several together, leafy below, above naked, triangular. Stem-leaves alternate, sheathing, the uppermost nearly even with the stem. Spikets alternate. Floral-leaves, frequently one at the base of the lowermost spiket, nearly as long as the spiket, foon falling off; the rest similar to the scales, only broader and longer. Scales oval spear-scale, shaft extending beyond the capfule. Summits short. Capfules shorter than the scales. Mr. WOODWARD.—Straw 12 to 16 inches high, hollow.

Marshes and watery places.

P. June.

great

CA'REX vulpi'na. Spike more than doubly compound; leaft compact in the lower part. Spikets eggfhaped, congregated, compofed of fertile and barren flowers, the barren flowers placed above. LINN.—Spikes compound. Spikets with fertile flowers below, and barren above, oblong, near together. Capfules diverging, forked at the end. ST.⁺

a Spike doubly compound. Empalements awned. Sr.

Leers 14. 5.—H. ox. viii. 12. 24.—Mich. 33. 13. I have never feen the fpikes at fo great a diftance from each other. It is poffibly a diftingt variety.—Barr. 114, feems to be a different plant.

* Not the plant, the fcales being bluntly oval, the floral-leaves not at all refembling those of C. leporina. Mr. WOODWARD.

† Spica composita, spiculis androgynis basi femineis oblongis, approximatis, capsulis divergentibus, apice furcatis; confidering with Linnæus, Haller, and Scopoli, the C. spicata of Hudson and C. vulpina, as one and the fame plant. Sr.

Straw

Straw thick, firm. Spike thick, rough on all fides. Leaves, the fheaths terminated by a pointed tongue as in the Graffes. LINN. -Leaves bright green, fet with minute teeth pointing upwards, in a thick tuft. Stems 1 to 2 feet high, 3-fquare, the fides fomewhat concave, the angles fharp, and near the fpike fet with minute teeth pointing upwards. Spike, or rather panicle, fhort and close. Spikets fhort, numerous, the upper without floral-leaves or with a feale broader than the reft at the bafe. Floral-leaves fometimes wanting, that at the bafe of the lowermost fpiket, stiff, triangular-awl-fhaped, half embracing the ftem at the bafe, membranaceous at the edge, the upper part green, fet with minute fharp teeth, the whole turning brown as the fpike ripens; those at the bafe of feveral of the lower fpikets fimilar, but fmaller. Scales fimilar in colour, egg-fhaped, broad at the bafe, tapering into an awn. Barren flowers in the upper part, and the fertile flowers in the lower part of each fpiket. Shaft deeply divided. Capfules obscurely triangular, cloven at the end. Mr. Woodw .- Summits 2. in all the varieties. Scop. ST.

Marshes and banks of rivers.

P. May, June.

Horfes and Goats eat it. Swine refufe it.

B Spike compact: Empalements awned. ST.

Mich. 33. 14 .- Mont. F. H. Scirpoides .- Lob. ic. 19. 1, repr. in: Ger. em. 21. 5, and cop. in Park. 1266. 7 .- Ger. 19. 5, cop. in. C. B. th. 87 .- 7. B. ii. 497. I.- (Fl. dan. 308, Should feemto be a different plant. The lowermast spiket on a longish fruitstalk .-- Scheuch. 11. 4, is C. elongata.)

Spikets, the lower generally compound, with fmaller ones at their bafe. Sr.

Carex palustris media, radice fibrosa, caule exquisite triangulari, spica brevi compactiore. Mich. gen. 69 .- C. fpicata, Hudfon, as it fhould feem at least from his character of spikes contiguous, and his reference to the above figure of Micheli, though his citation of Ray would induce one to fuppole it to be variety y. Sr.

In the fame fituations with α .

Scheuchz. 11. 5.-Leers 14. 3.-H. ox. viii. 12. 27, in flower.-Barr. 20. 3, with the lowermost spike .- Mich. 33. R, last but 2 on the right hand. - (Mich 33. 5, is referred to by Meffrs. Lightfoot and Woodward, but the floral-leaf is bent back. The spike refembles Fl. dan. 308.)

Smaller than the preceding, which in many refpects it very much refembles. Spikes fmaller and lefs compact. Straws lefs upright. Leaves narrow, and shorter than the straw. RAY .- Leaves, the theaths terminating on the bafe of the leaves, on the inner fide in a very

3 X 2

y Spikes less compact. Empalements pointed. ST.

a very fhallow whitifh membrane meeting at an acute angle on the furface of the leaf. Spike an inch or more, but fometimes only half an inch long, interrupted. Spikets very fhort, fitting, prickly. Scales tapering to a very fine point, brown, or yellowish brown, with a green line along the back. Capfule convex on the outer fide, fomewhat flatted on the inner, terminating at the end in 2 fhort points. SCHEUCHZ. ST .- Floral-leaves, the lowermost triangular, fometimes gradually tapering into an awl-fhaped awn-like green leaf, of various length, either fhorter than the fpiket, and fometimes almost hair-like, and longer than the whole spike; the upper egg-fhaped, yellowifh brown, with a green keel, and ending in a fhort awn. Scales egg-fhaped, whitifh at the bafe, yellowifh brown above, with a green keel, ending in a fharp point, apparently the beginning of an imperfect awn, and befet with minute points directed upwards. Summits 2. Capfule egg-fhaped, yellowifh brown, with fharp edges, gradually tapering to a forked point, edges befet towards the end with fcattered points; points of the end ftraight, when ripe gloffy, dark brown, fomewhat flatted, and nearly equally convex on both fides. The above varieties, if even fuch they may be called, feem to me, what indeed Linnæus, Haller, and Scopoli, appear to have confidered them, merely as it were fhades of one and the fame colour, readily diffinguishable by their habit from other species, though scarcely separable from each other. Sr.

Gramen cyperoides fpicatum minus. R. fyn. 424.—Gramen cyperoides fpicis minoribus, minufque compactis. Scheuchz. 488, but he defcribes the fhaft as cloven into 3.—Carex canefcens. Leers n. 712, who obferves, that it is very nearly allied to C. vulpina, and poffibly a variety growing in a dry fituation. Sr.

Spiked CA'REX Spica'ta. Spikets roundifh, contiguous. Capfules egg-fhaped, pointed. HUDS. and LIGHTFOOT.

> Mich. 33. 14.—(Lob. ic. i. 19. 2, repr. in Ger. 21. 6, and cop. in Park. 1267. 8, is C. divifa.)

Spike with or without a floral-leaf. HUDS. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.—Straw 3-fquare, 6 to 10 inches high. Spike fhort. Floral-leaves tonger than the fpikets. Like C. vulpina, but finaller in all its parts. RELHAN.—Much refembling C. vulpina, but finaller in every part except the florets and capfules. Agrees with it in the floral-leaves, capfules, flaft, and fummits. Scales oval-fpear-fhaped, pointed, but not ending in an awn. Spike fimple. Spikets fewer. Mr. Wood-WARD.

Carex vulpina B and y. ST.

Watery places, and on the banks of rivers.

P. June. CA'REX

CA'REX divi'fa. Spike compound. Spikets round, marfh at fome little diftance from each other, with barren and fertile flowers. Floral-leaves longer than the fpikets. Capfules pointed. Straw roundifh. Hubs.

Lob. ic. i. 19. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 21. 6, and cop. in Park. 1267. 8.—J. B. ii. 497. 2.—(Ger. 19. 6, cop. in C. B. th. 88, is C. leporina.—Fl. dan. 371, is C. flava.)

Taller than the preceding. Leaves longer and narrower. Straw not fo evidently hollow. Spikets fmaller; each fupported by a floralleaf, which, rifing above the fpike, gives it a refemblance to the ftraw of a rufh. RAY.—Root creeping. Leaves narrow, frequently longer than the ftraw. Straw I_2^{\pm} to 2 feet high, triangular. Spikets 5 or 6, the lower rather diftant, the upper crowded and expanding. Floral-leaf often confiderably longer than the fpike, and growing in a line with the ftem, gives the plant the appearance of a rufh. Scales oval fpear-fhaped, dark brown, with a green keel and long green awn while young, but fhrivelling and falling off as the fpike ripens, the whole becoming dark brown, except the edges, which are yellowifh. Shaft longer than the capfule, divided one third of the way into 2 fummits, bent back. Capfules whitifh, oval, pointed at both ends, very indiffinctly triangular, or rather convex on one fide, and flat on the inner. Mr. WOODWARD.

Salt marfhes. Meadows near Hithe, and Colchefter, Effex. R. fyn.—[Near Oakley Bridge, between Norwich and Yarmouth. Mr. CROWE.—Cley, Norfolk, next the fea. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June, July.

CA'REX cine'rea. Spikets egg-oblong, fitting, com- white pofed of barren and fertile flowers. Capfules roundifh egg-fhaped, converging.* POLLICH. ST.

Fl. dan. 285.—Pluk. 34. 4, faid indeed by Linnæus to approach nearest to C. loliacea, but that species is characterised as having straddling capfules.—Leers 14. 7.—Mich. 33. 18.4

* Pollich adds remote. Leers makes use of the fame term, and yet, in his figure, they can only be faid to be diflinst. The fame epithet is used by Linnæus and Pollich, in their characters of *C. elongata*, and yet Haller characterises that species, by faying, that the lowermost spikets are remote, and the uppermost clustered. This induces me to believe, that both species, if diffind ones they really are, equally vary in the above circumfiance. St.

† The specimen, Micheli informs us, was sent him from London by Sherard. Mr. WOODWARD.

3 X 3

Spikets

1033

Spikets, the lowermost diftinct, of a whitish green. Capfules eggfhaped. HALL. ST.—Differs from C. elongata as follows: Spikets ash-coloured. Floral-leaves and fcales of a whitish grey. Capfules upright, tiled, by no means diverging. Pollich. ST.—Spikets with barren flowers towards the base. Floral-leaves egg-fhaped, very short, whitish, with a briftle-like end. Scales egg-fhaped, pointed. Capfules greyish green, small, slightly convex on both fides, pointed. LEERS. ST.

Carex dificha β HUDS.—C. elongata. Leers n. 711, Gmel. tub. 281.—C. fpicis ovatis alternis, fupremis fe contingentibus. Hall. hift. n. 1360.—C. brizoides, according to Hudfon, who refers, however, to different fynonyms than those cited by Linnæus.—C. canefcens, according to Lightfoot and Oeder.—Gramen cyperoides elegans fpica composita molli. Pluk. alm. p. 178. R. fyn. 423. Sr.

Marshy and watery places, but rather rare. P. June.

prickly CA'REX murica'ta. Spikets fomewhat egg-fhaped, fitting, remote, with barren and fertile flowers. Capfules pointed, diverging, thorny. LINN.—Barren flowers at the bafe of the fpikets. Floral-leaves florter than the fpike. ST.*

> Scheuchz. 11. 3, a fpike.—Leers 14. 8.—Fl. dan. 284, in fruit.†— Mich. 33. 11 and 9.—C. B. th. 100. 1, cop. in J. B. ii. 510. 1.—(H. ox. viii. 12. 26, and Barr. 20. 2, are C. canefcens. —H. ox. viii. 12. 27, is C. fpicata.—Park. 1172. 5, is more like a Gramen.)

Floral-leaves, the lowermost a fcale, terminating in a very slender leaf, from I line to 1/2 inch long. SCHEUCH. ST .- Straws when the fruit is ripe fometimes a foot high. Spikets with barren flowers at the bafe, and fertile ones above. Capfule egg-fhaped, taper pointed. LEERS. ST .- Straw fomewhat leafy, 3-cornered, LEERS, Mr. WOODWARD-not rough to the touch. Leaves on the lower part of the ftraw, the uppermost fometimes rising above the ftraw. Spikets feldom more than 4, at equal diftances, the fpaces equal to, or but little exceeding the length of the fpikets. Floral-leaves frequently wanting, or in their place a fcale larger than the reft at the bafe of each fpiket. Scales oval fpear-fhaped, not very pointed, brown, with a green keel, membranaceous at the edge. Shaft divided at quitting the capfule. Summits 2, bent back. Capfules much longer than the fcales, acutely pointed, at first fomewhat tiled, but when ripening much ftraddling. Mr. WOODWARD .-Straw

> * Spiculis bafi mafculis, bradeis fpica brevioribus. ST. † Too large. Mr. WOODWARD.

Straw full green; corners above, microfcopically ferrated; when the fruit is ripe from one half to one foot high. Leaves full green, microfcopically ferrated at the edge, fome as long as the ftraw. Floral-leaves, the lowermoft generally fhorter than the fpiket, but fometimes as long again, and in one inftance juft longer than the fpike. Scales egg-fhaped, pointed, the lowermoft the broadeft, brownifh yellow, membranaceous and whitifh at the edge; keel pale green. Capfule yellowifh brown, fomewhat flatted, at firft fight 3-fquare, but really convex on both fides, and bordered, with an acute rifing edge, bending inwards, and towards the end bearded with fhort points directed upwards; without marked with obfcure lines; the end with 2 obfcure teeth.

Sides of wet ditches and marfhy places. Horfes and Goats eat it.

CA'REX remo'ta. Spikes egg-fhaped, moftly fitting, remote at a diftance from each other, composed of fertile and barren flowers. Floral-leaves as tall as the ftraw.—

H. ox. viii. 12. 17.—Leers 15. 1.—Fl. dan. 370.—Mich. 33. 16 and 17.—Pluk. 34. 3.

Spikes very fmall, the lower often on fhort fruit-ftalks. LINN. —A very elegant plant. Stems feveral together, 1 to 2 feet high, flender, weak, 3-cornered, leafy below, above the lowermoft floral-leaf rough, below fmooth. Leaves numerous, flender. Spikes 5 to 8, fitting, fpear-fhaped, the 3 or 4 lowermoft in the bofom of the floral-leaves, the upper naked. Floral-leaves, the lowermoft longer than the ftem, the 2 or 3 next above gradually fhorter than the lowermoft. Scales fpear-fhaped, when young with a green keel, and filvery membranaceous edges, when the feeds ripening yellowifh. Shaft divided about the point of the capfule into 2 fummits. Capfule longer than the fcales. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves, edges with exceedingly fine teeth. WITH. Moift woods and fides of wet ditches. P. July.

CA'REX divul'fa. Spikets roundifh, with barren grey and fertile flowers, the lower remote. Floral-leaves hair-like. Capfules pointed, upright. ST.*

* Spiculis fubrotundis androgynis inferioribus remotis, bracteis capillatibus, capfulis acutis erectis. Sr.

3 X 4

Barr.

P. July.

Barr. 20. 2, with the uppermost of the 2 separate spikes.—Mich. 33. 10.—H. ox. viii. 12. 26, but the floral-leaves too broad, and is faid by Linnæus to be a tolerable refemblance of C. loliacea.—(Fl. dan. 285, is C. cinerea, the spikes being egg-oblong and tiled.)

Floral-leaves, that from the bafe of the lowermost spiket very narrow, and hair-like. RAY, hift. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves fometimes as long, or longer than the ftraw. Straws 9 inches to a foot high, flender, fomewhat reclining on the ground. Spike long, interrupted. Spikets 6 or 7, fmall, fitting, the lower ones confiderably diftant. RAY. Mr. WOODWARD .- Straw 3-fquare. Leaves as long as the ftraw. Spikets roundifh, pointed, the lowermost egg-fhaped. Floral-leaves, that at the bafe of the lowermost fpikets longer than the fpiket. Capfules pointed. LYONS .- Floral-leaves, that at the bafe of the lowermost fpiket, fometimes as long or longer than the fpike. Mr. WOODWARD .- Plant deep green. Leaves rather ftiff, bowed outwards, befet with minute points at the edge. Straws 8 inches to 11 foot high, fliffifh, bowed as the leaves; corners rough with minute points directed upwards. Floral-leaves, the lowermost in one instance strap-shaped like the stem-leaves, the upper fhorter than the fpikets. Spike very frequently, if not generally, branched at the bafe; the branch fupporting 2 or 3 fpikets, and reaching to the infertion of the next fpiket above. Scales egg-fhaped, finely pointed, afh-coloured, with a green rib, gloffy, often reddifh brown at the fides, white and membranaceous at the edges. Capfules egg-fhaped, taper pointed, fmooth, fomewhat fhining, convex without, flat on the inner fide; edges fharp, befet towards the end with a few fcattered points, the end cloven, a little longer than the fcales, at first pale green, when ripe darkish brown. Sr.

Carex canefcens, Huds.—but the C. canefcens of Linnæus is characterifed as having bluntifh capfules, and Pollich defcribes them thus: "Capfules at first upright, but expanding and diverging "as they ripen."—C. loliacea, Schreb. spicil. 64?—Gramen cyperoides spicatum minus, spica longa divulsa feu interrupta. R. syn. 424.— (C. canefcens, Leers, is C. vulpina γ , as is evident from the diverging capfules.—C. canefcens, Lightfoot, is C. cinerca.) ST.

Moift fhady places. [Common in woods and hedges in Norfolk and Suff. Mr. Woodw.—Alfo in meadows. Sr.] P. May, June.

panicled

CA'REX *panicula'ta*. Bunch compound. Spikets with barren and fertile flowers.—

Scheuch. pr. 8. 2.—Leers 14. 4, in fruit.—H. ox. viii. 12. 23.— Mich. 33. 7.

Stems

Stems numerous, I to 3, and fometimes 4 feet high, naked above. 2-fquare, minutely ferrated at the edge. Root-leaves in a thick tuft, fometimes rifing higher than the ftems, yellowifh green, terminating in a stiff thorn-like point, minutely ferrated and cutting at the edge. Bunch 2 to 3 inches long, branched below, ufually terminating above in a fimple fpike; the branches one half to 1 inch long, with numerous fmall roundifh fpikets, clofely crowded. Floral-leaves awl-fhaped, fhort, greenifh, ufually 1 at the bafe of the lowermost branch, and fometimes to 1 or 2 of those above. Scales egg-fhaped, blunt at the end, deep brown, membranaceous and fhining at the edges, clofely embracing the capfules. Summits 2. Capfules greenish, longer than the scales, obtufely triangular, tapering to a fharp cloven point. Mr. WOODW. -Bunch more than doubly compound, upright, 4 inches long; the lowermost bunches open, alternate. Sr.

Rotten bogs, marfhy and watery places. P. June. B Bunch fimple. HALL. POLLICH. LEERS. Mr. WOODWARD.

Siem 1 to 2 feet high. Spikets, the lower diftant, the upper crowded. The colour of the fcales and capfules, the foliage and ftem prove it to belong to C. paniculata. Mr. WOODWARD.

Carex spica paniculata & Hall. hift. n. 1368 .- Cypercides palustre, spica laxa, minus. Scheuchz. p. 501, or rather a still more simple variety of it. Mr. WOODWARD.

Boggy ground with a. Mr. WOODWARD. (*)

*** Spikes barren and fertile; the fertile ones fitting. LINN.-Shaft cloven into 3. Seeds 3-Jquare, LEERS, (and in the following divisions.)

CA'REX fla'va. Spikes crowded, nearly fitting, yellow roundish. The barren spike narrow. Capsules pointed, bowed back .---

Leers 15. 6.-7. B. ii. 498. 1.-C. B. th. 109.-Fl. dan. 371.-Lob. ic. i. 15. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 17. 1, and cop. in Park. 1187.2.

Stem 2 inches to a foot high, numerous, declining, in the fmaller plants leafy up to the fpike, but in the larger ufually naked upwards, triangular, not rough to the touch. Leaves pale yellowifh green. Barren spike closely tiled. Scales numerous, yellowish brown, bluntly oval, with one longer and larger, pointed and fometimes awned at the bafe. Fertile Spikes 3 or 4, at first roundifh, afterwards oval; scales oval-spear-shaped, yellowish brown, with a green keel and membranaceous edges; the lower on fruit-ftalks, the

* C. atrata fhould feem to belong to this fub-division, but Linnæus, as Haller remarks, has placed it in a different one. Sr.

the upper fitting, in the finall plants from the bofom of the leaves, and the lowermost fometimes almost at the root. Floral-leaves, in the larger plants 3 at the base of the lowermost long, expanding, those above fhorter, bent back. Capfules flort and thick, tapering to a point, pale greenish yellow. Shaft divided nearly to the base into 3 fummits. Mr. WOODWARD.—Fertile fpike, fometimes only I. Floral-leaves, the lowermost often rifing above the end of the ftem. Barren fpike with fometimes fertile flowers at the lower part. Fertile fpike, fometimes only I. ST.

Gramen palustre aculeatum germanicum, vel minus. Bauh. pin. 7.-Gramen cyperoides palustre aculeatum. H. ox. III. p. 243. Sr. 4

Marsh hedge-hog Grass.—Marshes and wet meadows. P. June. β HUDS. Larger. R. βn .

H. ox. viii. 12. 19.

Stem fometimes 11 foot high. DILL. in R. fyn.

Cyperoides echinatum majus. R. fyn. 421.—Gramen palustre aculeatum, Italicum, majus. BAUH. theatr. 110. (ST.)

Plentifully in a meadow near Cambridge. R. fyn.

mountain

CA'REX monta'na. Fertile fpikes fitting, mostly folitary, egg-shaped, near to the barren spike. Straw naked. Capfules downy.—

Leers 16. 6.—Mich. 32. 3.—Scheuchz. 10. 8 and 9. I have not feen the plant.—(Fl. dan. 444, is C. pilulifera.)

When it grows luxuriantly covers wide patches of ground. Straws thread-like, naked, a fpan high. Leaves foft, of a yellower green than those of any of the other species; stem-leaves very short. Barren spike terminating, on a fruit-stalk, fomewhat cylindrical, brown. Fertile spike near the fruit-stalk of the barren spike, black when ripe. Scales brown. Seeds just perceptibly hairy, hunched, Araddling. LINN .- Leaves thread-fhaped. MURR .- Root creeping. Straw upright, 3-fquare, leafy at the bafe, naked upwards. Rootleaves numerous; stem-leaves 2 or 3, strap-shaped, rough at the edge, naked, fea-green. Floral-leaf at the bafe of the lowermoft fpike as long as the fpike. Barren fpike oblong, blackifh brown. Fertile (bikes 2 or 3, near together, fitting, egg-fhaped. Scales blackish purple, bluntish, naked. Capfules tiled, egg-shaped, 3-fquare, bluntifh, pale, herbaceous, woolly. Habit that of C. rilulifera. Hubs .- Leaves pale green, or yellowith green, and fometimes nearly fea-green. SCHEUCH .- This reconciles the different accounts of Linnæus and Hudfon. ST.

(Carex montana, Lightfoot, is C. præcox.—Reyg. ged. i. p. 224.n. 5, characterifed as having fmooth feeds, must be a different plant.) ST.

Mountainous

Mountainous meadows and heaths. Near Sedberg, Yorkfhire. P. June.

CA'REX tomento's. Fertile fpikes mostly on fruit- downy stalks. Capfules nearly globular, cottony.-

Leers 15. 7.—Scheuch. 10. 11, at p. 457, is referred to C. filiformis by Linnæus, but Mr. Lightfoot alledges that both the defcription and figure agree with his specimens of C. tomentosa. By Haller it is referred to C. cæspitosa.—Mich. 32. 13, according to Linnæus, is a better representation of it than of C. pallescens, to which he refers it.

It has the outward appearance of *C. panicea.* Straw 3-fquare. Leaves narrow. Barren fpike terminating, oblong, of a palifh ruftcolour. Fertile fpikes 2, alternate, oblong, upright, on fhort fruit-ftalks. Floral-leaves as long as the part of the ftraw above their infertion. Follicles or capfules fomewhat globular, or fomewhat egg-fhaped, hardly taper pointed, remarkably cottony, being befet with very fhort' foft hairs. Seeds fmooth, nearly globular, with a flight protuberance at the end. LINN. LIGHTF.—Barren fpike dark brown. Fertile fpikes fitting, at leaft when in flower. Capfules, before they' are ripe, oval fpear-fhaped, cloven at the end, very downy. LIGHTFOOT.

Cyperoides angustifolium montanum, folliculis feminum villofis. SCHEUCH. 423, but our plant differs from it in the floral-leaves being longer than the fpikes. LINN.

At the South end of Air Links. Dr. Hope in fl. fcot. P. July.

CA'REX pilulif'era. Spikes terminating, crowded, pill-bearing roundifh; the barren one oblong.—

H. ox. viii. 12. 16.-Fl. dan. 444.-Pluk. 91. 8.

Root-leaves foft, fhort, I or 2 longer. Spikes black; the fertile ones 3 or 4, nearly globular. Floral-leaves longer than the fpikes. GUNN.—Barren fpike fingle; fertile ones 3 or 4, fitting, near together. Capfules egg-fhaped. Floral-leaf longer than all the fpikes. LYONS.—Leaves in a thick tuft, bright green, the longeft fcarcely half as long as the ftem.—Stem triangular, flender, not rough. Barren fpike flender, 4 or 5 lines long, clofely tiled, fitting. Scales numerous, oval fpear-fhaped, blunt, brown, with a green keel, membranaceous at the edge. Fertile fpikes 2 to 4, globular, the lowermoft fomewhat diftant, the reft clofely crowded together. Scales obtufely oval, but taper pointed, darker than thofe of the barren fpikes, and, when the capfules are ripe, almoft black. Capfules nearly globular, tapering to a fhort point, with 3 obfolete angles, fmooth on the inner, downy on the outer fide. Shaft divided

divided almoft to the bafe into g fummits. *Horal-leaves* awl-fhaped, that at the bafe of the lowermoft fpike nearly as long as the whole compound fpike, the next above fhorter. Mr. Woodw.—Straw fomewhat afcending at the bafe. *Scales* of the fertile fpikes egg-fhaped, finely pointed; keel green, reddifh brown on each fide, membranaceous and whitifh at the edges. *Capfule* greenifh, nearly globular, but tapering to a point each way, flightly downy when viewed with a glafs, particularly along the lateral angles, lefs fo on the outer fide; the lateral ribs the ftrongeft, the inner one but juft perceptible. *Seed* filling the cavity of the capfule. ST.

Moift paftures and heaths, and moorifh ground. [Bath Hills, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June, July. β HUDS. Larger. Spikes twice as large. Does not feem to be fpecifically different. DILL. in R. fyn.

**** Spikes barren and fertile, the fertile ones on fruit-flalks.

black CA'REX atra'ta. Spikes with barren and fertile flowers, on fruit-flaks, when in flower upright, when in fruit pendant.—

Fl. dan. 158 .- Scheuchz. 11. 1 and 2.

Root-leaves numerous, broad. Stikes and empalement brownifh black. Capfule yellow. LINN.-Leaves afh-coloured fea-green. when dried yellowish green; edges rough. Straws fmooth, clothed with leaves from 11 to 2 inches from the root, naked upwards. Floral-leaves, the lowermost about an inch long, those above gradually fhorter and brownifh. Spikes from 4 lines to half an inch long, and 2 or 25 lines thick. Scales brownish black, with a very fine line of a lighter hue running along the middle. Capfules growing black as they ripen, flightly compreffed, taper - pointed. SCHEUCH. ST .- Stem triangular. Leaves, the upper often longer than the ftern. Floral-leaves narrow, the lowermost embracing the ftem at the bafe, as long as the fpikes, those above fhorter. Fruitstalks, the lowermost long, those above gradually shorter. Spikes oval fpear-fhaped, when in flower rifing nearly to the fame height, the uppermost without floral-leaves, unequal, frequently I or 2 fmall ones beneath the uppermoft; the upper with barren flowers at the bafe, the reft mostly composed of fertile flowers. Scales fpear-fhaped, black, with a brown keel, but viewed in a ftrong light of an extremely rich reddifh brown. Chives 2. Tips long, upright, much longer than the empalement. Summits mostly 3, fometimes 2. Mr. WOODWARD .- Scales egg-oblong. Capfules a little longer than the empalements, brownifh black, but at the very bafe and the edges towards the point ftraw-coloured, which latter parts extend beyond the edge of the empalement. Sr.

Mountains

Mountains of Wales, about Llanberis, plentifully. Highland mountains, frequent. P. June-Aug.

CA'REX digita'ta. Spikes ftrap-fhaped, upright; fingered the barren one fhorter, and not rifing fo high. Floralleaves without any green leaf. Capfules diftant.—

Leers 16. 4.—C. B. pr. 9. 2, repr. in th. 43.—Mich. 32. 9.—H. ox. viii. 12. 15.—Scheuch. 10. 14, at p. 457.

Leaves on the flak very fhort. Barren fpike placed on the flak, as it were below the uppermost fertile fpike. LINN.—Leaves in a thick tuft. Stems obfcurely triangular, flender, not rough, one half to one foot high, entirely naked, except fome reddifh brown leafy fheaths at the bafe. Barren fpike half an inch long, clofely tiled, from the fame fheath with the uppermost fertile fpike, and being fhorter, over-topped by it. Scales numerous, yellowish brown, membranaceous and thining at the ends, and fo bluntly rounded as to feem lopped. Fertile fpikes 3 or 4, alternate, diftant, about an inch long, on fruit-flaks. Florets alternate, diftinet. Scales like thofe of the barren fpikes, as long as the capfules. Capf. obfcurely triangular, greenish at the bafe, yellowish brown upwards, and tapering to a blunt point. Shaft divided half way down into 3 fummits. Mr. WOODWARD.

Woods and fhady places. Near Bath. Mr. Sole. P. May, June.

CA'REX limo'fa. Spikes egg-fhaped, pendant; the brown barren one longer, more upright. Root creeping. LINN. —Spikes when in flower upright. Mr. WOODWARD.

F1. dan. 646.—Scheuchz. 10. 13.—Leers 15. 3, p. p. p. are good reprefentations of the feed-bud and capfule, except that the neck of the capfule is reprefented as cloven to the baje. (The panicle, &c. are a reprefentation of what he confiders as a variety, and afford no adequate idea of our plant.)—(F1. dan. 443, is C. panicea.)

Similar in appearance to *C. atrata*, the fpikes in both being black. Leaves narrow, firap-fhaped. Floral-leaves brown, with out a whitifh line along the middle. Shafis 3. LINN.—Root jointe i, throwing out at the joints long fibres, and tufts of leaves and ftems. Leaves long, bright green, rough, the uppermoft nearly as long as the ftem. Stems flender, triangular, rough. Barren fpike: Scales fpear-fhaped, the lowermoft awned, yellowift brown with a green kcel. Fertile fpikes loofely tiled, on long flender fruit-ftalks. Scales oval fpear-fhaped, taper pointed, of a very rich fhining brown, with a yellowift green kcel. Floral-leaves, 1 at the bafe of the lowermoft fpike, if more than 1, very flender, about an inch long. Capfules oval, bluntifth, bright fea-green. Summits long. Mr.

Mr. WOODWARD.—*Capfules* elliptical, microfcopically rough with minute, blunt, very fhort points, lengthened out at the bafe into a point, rounded at the top, with a very fhort, cylindrical, yellowifh neck, the fides of the brim rifing higher than the middle and giving the appearance of 2 teeth. Sr.

Gramen cyperoides spica pendula minus. BAUH. pin. 85. LINN.

Peat bogs and marshes. Yorkshire, Lancashire, Westmoreland, &c. frequent. HUDS.—Tullybanchar, half a mile West of Comrie near Crief. Mr. STUART in fl. scot. [Heydon, Norfolk. Rev. Mr. BRYANT.] P. June.

capillary

CA'REX capilla'ris. Spikes pendant; the barren one upright; the fertile ones oblong, with the florets pointing two ways. Capfules naked, taper pointed.—

Fl. dan. 168.-Scop. 59. 1152, at ii. p. 226. I have not feen the plant.

Smaller, narrower and more delicate than C. pallefcens. Straw when in flower fhorter than the leaf, fcarcely a finger's breadth high, with a fingle leaf, with 4 upright fpikes at the end, 1 barren and 3 fertile; but fome time after it becomes a fpan high, threadlike, upright, with a fingle sheathing leaf shorter than the stem; and when the fruit is ripe a foot in height. Spikes on fruit-stalks; the fertile ones mostly 3. Floral-leaves gradually smaller upwards, the uppermost hardly leafy. The barren and the uppermost fertile spike from the fame point. Capsules brown, alternate, remote, distant, fixed to hair-like pedicles. Scales falling off when the capfules ripen. LINN .- Leaves as long as the ftraw, about a line in breadth. Barren spike conical. Scales blunt, filvery, and along the middle of a cinnamon colour. Capfule nearly naked. HALL .--Straw 3 inches high. Spikes 3, with feldom more than 8 flowers. Capfule, angles near the point roughish. Scop.-Straw when in flower fcarcely a finger's length, at laft a fpan long. Capfules fewer, alternate, at a little diffance from each other, nearly pointing from 2 opposite lines. LEERS.

Carex capillaris a Leers n. 720, who confiders this, and I think jufily, as far as I who have not feen the *C. capillaris* can be a judge, to be the fame plant with the *C. fylvatica* of Hudfon. Above I have collected from Haller and Scopoli the circumftances in which it appears most to differ from the *fylvatica*, to enable botanist, who may have the opportunity of examining it in its place of growth, to inform us whether the *C. fylvatica* of Hudfon must affume or not the name of *C. capillaris*. Haller remarks, that Scheuchzer has not noticed it. He feems to have confidered the above as one species, as he defcribes the ftraw of *C. fylvatica* as varying in height from that of a fpan, to 2 feet and upwards. Sr.

Highland

Highland mountains, as Benteskerney, Craigneulict and Malghyrdy in Breadalbane. Mr. STUART in fl. fcot. P. July, Aug.

CA'REX palle'fcens. Spikes pendant; the barren pale one upright; the fertile ones egg-fhaped, tiled. Capfules crowded, blunt, LINN.—hairlefs.* Fertile fpikes cylindrical. ST.—Sometimes 2 barren fpikes. Mr. WOODWARD.

Pluk. 34. 5.—Mich. 32. 13.—Leers 15. 4.—(H. ox. viii. 12. 18, is C. montana.)

Not half fo flender as C. capillaris. Leaves downy, broader than those of C. capillaris, those of the stem scarcely sheathing, extending beyond the end of the ftem. Fertile (pikes all on fruit-ftalks, whitish, oval, tiled on all fides, not 2-rowed. Capfules crowded, quite blunt, by no means taper pointed. LINN .- Stems many, I to 2 feet high, triangular, roughifh, leafy below, naked upwards, except that there is generally from about 1 to 2 inches below the fpikes, a kind of falle floral-leaf fimilar to the ftem-leaves, and proceeding from a joint of the ftem. Leaves in bundles from the root, yellowifh green, the lower fhort, the upper nearly as long as the ftem. Floral-leaves, the lowermost about twice as long as the fpikes, those above gradually fmaller. Barren spike $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ inch long, flender, clofely tiled, with fometimes a fingle fertile flower at its bafe. Scales oval fpear-fhaped, yellowifh brown. Fertile fpikes I to 3, the lowermost on a very short sender fruit-stalk. Scales oval, pointed, pale yellowifh brown with a green keel. Summits 3. Capfules oval, pale yellowifh green, Mr. WOODWARD-quite fmooth, contracted at the neck, month very entire. Sr.

Moift meadows and pastares. [Wet woods in Norfolk, frequent, and in Sexton Wood, near Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July.

CA'REX præ'cox. JACQ. — Spikes upright, nearly vernal fitting, near together; the barren one oblong, larger. Capfules downy. ST. j

Jacq. fl. 446.—Seguier. i. 1. 3, at p. 69.—Lob. ic. i. 10. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 22. 3, and cop. in Park. 1160. 8 and 9.—(Fl. dan. 159,‡ and 403; H. ox. viii. 12. 11, and Mich. 32. 4, are different

* Capfulis glaberrimis. ST.

[†] Spicis erectis fubseffilibus approximatis, mascula oblonga majore, capsulis pubescentibus. Sr.

[‡] A much fironger and larger plant than ours, with black capfules. LIGHTFOOT. ST.-Not our plant. Mr. WOODWARD. 1043

different plants.—Scheuch. 10. 8 and 9, is C. montana.—Fl. dan. 444, is C. pilulifera.)

Leaves many, ftrap-fhaped, pointed, very entire, fomewhat channelled, embracing the ftem at the bafe, open. Straw 3-fquare, leaflefs, upright, about 6 inches high. Spikes upright. Scales ruftcoloured. Barren (pike'1, as long again as the fertile ones. Scales blunt. Fertile Spikes generally 2, fometimes only 1, nearly fitting, the uppermost near to the barren one, the lower rather more diftant. Scales more pointed than those of the barren ones, and greener on the back. Tips ftraw-coloured. Shafts white, flightly hairy. Seeds oval, 3-fquare, when viewed in a glafs downy. JACQ. ST.-Straw 11 to 7 inches high; edges befet above with foft points directed upwards. Leaves yellowish green, shorter than the ftem, bowed back, fmooth, but the younger befet at the edge with foft points directed upwards. Scales yellowish brown, with a green keel. Barren spike blunt, never with any admixture of fertile flowers. Scales oblong, pointed. Fertile spikes fometimes 3. fometimes with barren flowers at the end or bafe. Scales eggfhaped, taper pointed, finely pointed, and fometimes awn pointed. Capfules oblong, 3-cornered, fomewhat pointed each way, efpecially towards the bafe, greenifh, with a tinge of yellow; mouth ruft-coloured, upright, very flightly cloven, ragged at the edge, not clofing upon the fhaft. ST.

Carex faxatilis, Hudson.-C. montana, Lightfoot, Relhan, and Murr. in fyst. veg. but in C. montana the fertile spikes are fitting, and the leaves one half to two thirds of a line broad. See Scheuch. p. 420.-C. globularis, Lyons fafc. p. 52.-C. foliis calpitolis brevibus, spicis confertis, petiolis ereciis brevibus, capsulis ovato-triquetris, Hall. hift. n. 1381, confirmed by a specimen given me by the fon of Professor Jacquin, who, I believe, had it from M. Dick, of Switzerland.-Cyperoides vernum, caule rotundo-triquetro, spicis seminalibus densioribus binis vel ternis, squamis ferrugineis, obtuse mucronatis, et tamquam in arifulam prolongatis, capfulis turbinatis, fubhirfutis, trilateris. Mich. gen. p. 64. n. 70. Seguier i. p. 122. n. 9 .- Cyperoides alpinum, Caryophyllatæ foliis spicis tenuibus e fusco rufescentibus. Scheuch. 433.-(C. præcox, Schreb. fpicil. p. 63, though referred to by Jacquin, is a species with stikes confisting of barren and fertile flowers, and figured in Seguier 1. 2, the figures on the left hand fide .- Hall. n. 1406, is a fpecies with feveral barren fpikes.) ST.

Mountainous meadows and heaths. [Dry gravelly hills, Norf. Mr. WOODWARD.—Dry paftures. Sr.] P. Apr. May.

pink CA'REX panice'a. Spikes on fruit-stalks, upright, remote; the fertile ones strap-shaped. Capsules bluntish, inflated.— Fl.

Fl. dan. 443.—ib. 261, in fruit.—Leers 15. 5, in flower and fruit. —Mich. 32. 11.—Pluk. 91. 7.

Capfules often affected with the (mut, in which cafe they are globular, larger, black, full of a mealy powder. Almost all the other species are liable to the same disease, but in this it is as common as it is rare in the reft. LINN .- Rool creeping, throwing out bundles of leaves and ftems from the joints. Stems bluntly triangular, finooth, 12 to 18 inches high. Leaves finooth, fea-green, thorter than the ftem. Barren fpike terminating, more than an inch long, clofely tiled. Scales oval, reddifh brown, with membranaceous edges, and a whitifh green keel. Fertile (pikes moftly 2, upright, loofely tiled. Fruit-falks long, flender, each from a joint. Floral-leaves sheathing, I at the base of each fruit-stalk, as long as the fpike which belongs to it. Flowers alternate, many abortive. Scales egg-fhaped, or egg-fpear-fhaped, brown, with a broad whitish green keel, membranaceous at the edges, not above half as long as the capfule. Summits 3. Capfules oval, bluntly pointed, whitish green, when ripe brown or black. Mr. Woodw. -Spikes round, tapering towards each end. Capfules oval, fomewhat tapering to a point, when viewed in a microfcope rough with minute points towards the end, contracted at the point; mouth entire. Sr.

Moist meadows and pastures, [frequent in Suff. Mr. WOODW.] P. June.

 β Spike fingle, about 6 inches long, with barren flowers towards the end, with capfules below, refembling those of α , the lower ones diftant; the empalement running out into an awl-fhaped expanding floral-leaf at the base of each. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

[Boggy ground at Brington, Huntingdonshire, growing among plenty of α . A fingle specimen. July, 1782. Near Bungay, Suff. 2 or 3 plants. 1786. Mr. WOODWARD.]

CA'REX Rfeudo-Cype'rus. Spikes pendant. Fruit-stalks bastard in pairs. LINN.—Spikes crowded; the barren one upright, the fertile cylindrical. Capfules awned, forked. HUDS. Sr.—Fruit-stalks only fometimes in pairs. Mr. WOODWARD. Dod. 339, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 76. 2, Ger. em. 29. 2, and cop. in Park.

1266. 4, and C. B. th. 85.—7. B. ii. 496. 3.—H. ox. viii. 12. 5. Floral-leaves nearly briftle-thaped. Capfules when ripe bent back, awl-thaped, fcored, tapering and ending in a double thorn or awn. LINN.—Spikes, I from the bofom of each leaf. RAN. ST.— Stems 14 to 3 feet high, leafy below, naked above, triangular, edged with tharp teeth, with a joint near the top. Leaves forming thick tufts, long, broad, finely toothed, edges cutting. Horalleaves fimilar to the other leaves, the lowermoft broad, often more Vol. II. 3Y than

than a foot long, at the joint at the top of the ftem, those above narrower and fhorter. Fertile fpikes from the bofom of the floralleaves, at a fmall diftance one above the other, fometimes 2 together, the lowermost on a long slender fruit-stalk, when in flower upright, when in fruit pendant, from 3 to 5, all rifing to nearly the fame height; scales green, awl-fhaped, longer than the capfules, finely toothed at the edges, and toothed on the back. Capfules pale green, fpear-shaped, obscurely 3-square, elegantly ribbed. Shaft divided into 3 fummits, fcarcely longer than the awns of the capfule. BARREN SPIKE terminating, 2 inches long; fcales clofely tiled, yellowish brown, terminated by a long awn, toothed like the flem, and longer than the threads. Mr. WOODWARD .--Fruit-stalks thread-shaped. Fertile spikes pointing one way, green, rough, gradually fmaller upwards, the lower longer than the fruit-stalks, the upper shorter. Capfules spear-egg-shaped, scored, fmooth, the awns at the point nearly upright, and fhorter than the capfule. Seed pale reddifh brown, thrice as fhort as the honeycup. BARREN SPIKE round, tapering each way, brown, fomewhat fhorter than the fertile ones, nearly upright; fcales briftleihaped, fomewhat awned at the end. Sr.

Moift fhady places and banks of ditches. Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

pendulous

CA'REX pen'dula. Spikes nearly fitting, pendant; the barren one upright; the fertile ones cylindrical, very long. Capfules roundifh, taper-pointed. HUDS.—All the fpikes pendant.* Capfules oblong. Terminating fpike frequently with numerous fertile flowers towards the end. ST.

Curt. iii. 30, in flower.—Barr. 45, fertile fpike in fruit.—H. ox. viii. 12. 4.—Barr. 45, the whole plant.

Straw 3 to 6 feet high, fmooth. Leaves green; edges and ribs rough. - Barren fpike narrowing towards the bafe. Fertile frikes, the 2-uppermoft thicker at the end, which parts are composed of barren flowers. Scales egg-fpear-fhaped, finely tapeting to a point, with 3 ribs. Gapfules oval-oblong, the neck contracted. CURT. ST.—Barren frike thickening to beyond the middle, blunt and rounded at the end. SCHEUCH. ST.—Fertile fpikes when in flower much narrower than the barren one, when in fruit thicker at the end than at the bafe. Capfules closely tiled, except at the bafe, where often fcattered. Mr. WOODWARD.—Spikes pointing one way. Barren fpikes, fcales (pear-fhaped. Capfules 3-iquare, pointed at eachend, flightly bowed back, fining, pale green, fomewhat longer

than

P. June.

* Spicis pendulis. Sr.

than the fcales, fomewhat inflated, thin; neck fhort, cylindrical and fometimes cloven. Seed filling about half the cavity. ST.

Cypercides fpicâ pendulâ, longiore et anguftiore. Scheuch. 445. (HALL. ST.)—C. maxima, Scop. n. 1166. His defcription of the fcales of the barren fpike must have been taken from a plant which had been fome time out of flower, and in which the fcales had become ragged. ST.

Moift woods and hedges between Hampftead and Highgate, and between Marybone and Kilbourn. [Near Woodbridge, Suff. Mr. Woodw.—Witchery-Hole, near Ham Caftle, Worcefterfh. Wood between Buildwas Inn and the Birches, Shropfhite. Sr.] P. May, June.

Seeds ripe in June, CURT. and July. ST.

CA'REX *firigo'fa*. Spikes on fruit-ftalks, pendant; loofe the barren one upright; the fertile ones thread-fhaped, loofe. Capfules roundi(h, taper pointed, HUDS.—oblong, ST.—and tapering, not taper-pointed. Mr. WOODWARD.

Differs from C. fylvatica, which it is very like, in the fruit-ftalks being wanting or very fhort. The whole plant greener. Leaves broad. Spikes 6 or 7, long, green. RAY .- Capfules tiled. Scales rather oblong, blunt. Hubs .- Leaves green. Barren fpike terminating, an inch or more long, closely tiled. Fertile (pikes, from the bofom of the leaves, 4 or 5, very diftant; the lower on very fhort fruit-stalks, the upper fitting, 2 inches long, and upwards. Flowers thin, irregularly fcattered. Scales membranaceous, pale brown, with a green keel. Capfules 3-cornered, brownish green. ribbed, tapering regularly to a point at each end, but not taper pointed as in C. Sylvatica. Mr. WOODWARD .- Barren Spike with 2 perfect feeds at the end. Scales oblong-fpear-fhaped, fharp pointed, as long again as the capfules, keeled; keel befet with minute points towards the end, with a broad ftreak along the back, feattered with long orange dots; edges broad and membranaceous. Fertile fpikes: Scales fimilar in texture and colour to those of the barren fpikes, but egg-fhaped, and nearly thrice as fmall. Capfules 3-square, hair-lefs, not fhining, half as long again as the empal. opaque, of a rigid texture; ribs 3 to 5 on each of the fides, whitifh. Seed of the fame shape, and nearly filling the cavity. The ftructure of the capfule points out its near affinity to the C. panicea. ST.

Slender-eared broad-leaved Cyperus-grafs with many fpikes. R. fyn. Woods and hedges. In a lane near Black Notley, Effex. Near Oxford. [Woods near Oxford. Mr. NEWBERRY.] P. May, June.

CA'REX fylvat'ica. Spikes on fruit-ftalks, pendant; wood the barren one upright; the fertile ones thread-fhaped, 3 Y 2 loofe,

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loofe, fhorter than the fruit-flalks. Capfules egg-fhaped, awned, forked, HUDS. SCHREB. WEBER-rather taperpointed. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Leers 15. 2.—H. ox. viii. 12. 9.—Il. dan. 404.*—Park. 1172. 3. —Scop. 59. 2, at n. 1160.+

Scales egg-fhaped, tapering to a point. Hups .- Fertile fpikes often with fmaller ipikes at their bafe. HALL .- I have never obferved this appearance. Root creeping. Leaves in tufts from the joints of the root, yellowifh green, about one fourth of an inch wide. rough to the touch. Stems numerous, in tufts, 12 to 18 inches high, triangular, rough at the edges, leafy. Fertile (pikes 4 or 5. diftant, when in feed pendant, I to 11 inch long, loofely tiled. Flowers alternate. Scales oval-spear-shaped, yellowish, with a green keel. Catfules fmooth, yellowifh green, triangular, with obfcure edges, and a beak nearly as long as the capfule, cloven at the end. Shaft divided almost to the base into 2, and sometimes into 3 summits. Barren spike terminating, about an inch long, flender, closely tiled. Scales spear-shaped, but not taper pointed, of the fame colour as those of the fertile fpikes. Mr. Woodw .- Stem flanting, in open ground only 3 to 10 inches high, bending with a curve, 3-fquare, fmooth, fomewhat fhining; angles fharp, which towards the end are roughish. Leaves ftrap-fhaped, pointed, keeled, fomewhat fcored, fomewhat fhining underneath, alternate. nearly upright, theything the ftem. Barren (pike with fometimes an intermixture of fartile flowers, 3-fquare, yellowish brown, fhorter than the lower fertile fpikes. Scales generally fpear-oblong. bluntish, fometimes with a short sharp point, and sometimes fpear-fhaped, whitish and membranaceous on the fide, and mostly with more or lefs of a tinge of cinnamon colour; keel pale green, after flowering of a pale cinnamon colour, with a pale green keel. Fertile spikes pointing one way, 3 to 5, yellowish green, in one instance a small spike proceeding from the lowermost scale. Flowers fomewhat expanding, in 3 directions. Fruit-flaks very flender, g-fquare, rough at the angles, the lower ones twice or thrice as long as the fpikes, the upper very fhort. Scales concave, taper-pointed, membranaceous. Capfules egg-fhaped, 3-fquare, gradually diminishing to the mouth, hairles, mouth with 2 teeth. Shaft thread-fhaped. Its pendant fpikes, the pale yellow green of its leaves, and the bend of its ftem, which feems to form part of

* Spikes too thick. LIGHTFOOT.-Both this and H. ox. indifferent, and the fpikes upright. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

an

+ Very bad, the capfules being reprefented without a beak, though deferibed as having a long neck. Mr. WoodwARD.

an elliptical curve, give it a very pleafing appearance, and render it one of the most elegant ornaments of our woods. Sr. C. vesicaria & LINN .- C. capillaris & Leers n. 720. ST. - C. patula, Scop. n. 1160, and Pollich. n. 896. Mr. WOODWARD. Woods. P. May, June.

CA'REX depaupera'ta. CURT. cat. n. 228.

Stem leafy. Floral-leaves, the uppermost rising to the height of the terminating fpike. Barren Spike fingle, terminating, flender, strap-shaped, 1-half to 3-4ths of an inch long, closely tiled. Scales numerous, oval, yellowifh brown, with a green keel, and fhining membranaceous edges, which are wanting in C. lylvalica. Fertile lpikes about 3, diftant, from the bosom of the leaves, upright, the uppermost fitting. Fruit-stalks flender, the lowermost 1 inch long, that above it1-half inch long. Scales oval, pointed, pale brown with membranaceous edges. Capfules only 2 or 3 on a spike, distant, green, nearly round, much bellying, larger than any of our Englifh fpecies, about the fize of Hemp-feed, fcored with numerous ribs, much refembling those of C. sylvatica, tapering to a cloven point, the fegments not pointed as in C. lylvatica. but ending in torn membranaceous margins. Summits 3. Mr. WOODWARD .-Difcovered by Mr. CURT.

Charlton-wood, Kent. Mr. WOODWARD.

CA'REX infla'ta. Spikes remote, mostly on fruit- bottle stalks, nearly upright; the barren one upright, fpearshaped. Capsules egg-shaped, tapering to a point, as long again as the empalement. HUDS .- Barren fpikes fometimes though very rarely 2. HUDS.

Mich. 32. 5. I have not feen the plant. Nearly allied to C. distans. Hups.

Marthes. In Westmoreland and Yorkshire. Hups .- and Wales. Mr. DAVIES in Fl. angl. [A botanift of N. Wales informs me, that Mr. Davies found it 9 or 10 years ago, on the fide of a rivulet in the middle of Anglesea, but not in any great abundance, and only in a fingle fpot. ST.] P. June, July. Meadows, pastures, and moist shady fituations. P. May, June.

CA'REX dif'tans. Spikes very remote, nearly fitting. loofe Floral-leaf fheathing. Capfules angular, fharp-pointed.

H. ox. viii. 12. 18.

Differs as follows from C. calpitola. Spikes far diftant, on fhort fruit-ftalks from the sheaths of the leaves, not nodding. Empal. 3Y3 *fcales* Charlton

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Teales pointed. Capfules taper-pointed. LINN,-Spikes fometimes with barren and fertile flowers, and the lowermost fometimes altogether barren. RELH .- Stem fometimes a yard high. A fpecies fubject to very great variations. CURT .- Stems o to 18 inches high, leafy, very obscurely triangular. Barren spike terminating, 1 to 11/2 inch long, cylindrical, but fomewhat fwelling in the middle, clofely tiled. Scales oval, blunt, numerous, brown, with a yellowifh keel. Fertile Spikes very upright, preffed-to, 2 or 3, from 1 to 1 1 inch long, the lowermost often 6 inches below the next to it, and that 3 from the next above it. Fruit-stalks flender, inclosed by the fheaths of the leaves, often almost up to the spike, whence their upright pofition. Scales equal to, or fhorter than the capfules, oval, blunt, dark-brown, with a green keel lengthened out into a projecting point. Summits mostly 3. Gapfules obscurely triangular. fmooth, yellowifh green, terminated in a long, fomewhat downy, cloven point. Mr. WOODWARD.

Marthes. [Edge of Gigglefwick Tarn, and alfo on dry ground near the tops of the higheft mountains in Yorkfhire, and a yard high, near the fummit of a lofty rock in Longfledale. CURT.] P. June.

heath

CA'REX recurva. Spikes crowded, on fruit-ftalks, cylindrical, fomewhat pendant; the barren one terminating. Capfules tiled, bluntifh, HUDS. RELH. Mr. WOODWARD. ST. — Barren Spikes, Scmetimes 2, HUDS. ufually 2 or 3. Mr. WOODWARD.

H.ox. viii. 12. 14.* -Barr. 113. 1?- (Mich. 32. 12, is C. acuta.) Straw upright, 3-fquare, naked above. Empal. bluntifh, blackish brown. Capfules of a pale herbaceous colour. Hubs .- Stems feagreen, triangular, with angles rather indiffinct. Leaves of the fame colour as the ftem. Barren spike fometimes fingle. Scales fimilar to those of C. caspitola, but more loosely tiled. Fertile fpikes, the lower on long thread-shaped fruit-stalks, hanging down, the upper on fhorter. Scales oval, brown, with a green keel, which is fometimes lengthened beyond the capfule into a fhort awn. Summits mostly 3. Capfules loofely tiled, and not fo blunt as those of C. caspitofa, green, flightly downy. Mr. WOODWARD .- Root fibrous, creeping; fibresthickifh, cylindrical, whitifh. Stem upright, fomewhat 3-edged, but the corners rounded off, fcored, roughifh, half to I foot high. Leaves strap-shaped, pointed, keeeled, fcored, nearly upright, rough along the edges and keel, fheathing the ftem; mouth of the fheath membranaceous, coloured; the uppermoft

* Spikes too fhort and thick. Fruit-falks too fhort. Mr. Woodward.

uppermost even with the top of the stem. Spikes round, from the bolom of the leaves, in one fpecimen the fpike below the terminating one composed of barren and fertile flowers, the lowermoft flowers chiefly barren, with fertile ones intermixed, the uppermoft fertile; and in 2 fpecimens the 5 lowermost spikes with barren flowers at the end. Barren fpikes 3 to 7, blackifh brown, moftly fitting; the uppermost the largest; the lowermost next in fize; and fometimes with fertile flowers, the middle ones as fmall again, crowded or opposite, with fometimes a fertile flower at the bafe. Floral-leaf a coloured oblong fcale at the bafe of the lowermost fpike ; in its bofom is generally found a folitary fertile floret. Scales oblong, blunt, fmooth, coloured, blackifh brown with a whitifh line running along the back, not keeled. Threads white. Tips falling off. Fertile spikes below the barren ones, mostly 2, between pendant and upright, mostly 6 cornered, cylindrical. much thicker than the barren ones, blackifh green. Flowers tiled. in 6 rows. Fruit-flalks thread fhaped, fhorter than the fpike, with a minute bloffom of the fame fhape as those of the fpike within the fheath of the leaf. Scales egg-fhaped, pointed, blackifh brown, with a whitish line running along it. Bloffom inversely egg-shaped, thinly fet with fhort pointed hairs. Shafts 3, very rarely 2. Seedveffels inflated, inverfely egg-fhaped-oblong, compressed, green; mouth circular, very entire, clofing upon the fhaft, befet on the outer fide with very fhort points. Sr.-Stem 12 or 15 inches high, 3-cornered, fcored. Leaves fheathing the ftem, prickly along the edges and mid-rib, lefs fo towards the bafe; theaths tinged with a purplifh red. Floral-leaves none. Spikes 11/2 inch long, dark tortoife-fhell colour. Honey-cup purfe-fhaped, with a fmall coloured aperture at the top, through which the fhaft paffes. Summits 3. WITH.

Carex casspitosa a Lightfoot. ST.

Moistish meadows. RAY. — Meadows, pastures and heaths. HUDSON. P. May, June.

C A'R EX cxefpito'fa. Spikes upright, cylindrical, 3, turfy nearly fitting; the barren one terminating. Straw 3fquare. LINN.—Barren fpikes very frequently 2. HUDSON. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.—Capfules fmooth. Shaft cloven into 2. ST. *

* Capfulis glabris, flylo bifdo. This is faid of the plant, fuppofed by Mr. Hudfon to be the C. extipitofa of Linnæus, above deferibed by Mr. Woodward and myfelf, and which I believe to be the C. acuta α of Linnæus. Sr.

Park.

1052

Park. 1266. 3.—(Scheuchz. 10.11, is C. filiformis.—H. ox. viii. 12. 14, is C. recurva.—H. ox. viii. 12. 3, is also added, with a mark of doubt, but the right hand stem is terminated by 3 barren spikes in blossom. It feems to be C. gracilis.)

Strate naked, exactly 3-fquare. Leaves narrow, long, of a pleafant green, in fuller tufts than in any of the other species. Fleralleaves, that at the bafe of the lower fpike longer than the fpike, that at the bale of the fpike above it fhorter than the fpike. Iertile fpikes 2, blackifh. Capfules yellowifh, fitting, upright, blunt, eggfhaped, tiled. LINN .-- Plant when growing, and especially the fmaller plants, of a fea-green hue, but which difappears when brought near to the eye; for then it is clearly of a bright green. Stem exactly triangular, but not cutting. Spikes near together, at the top of the ftem. Scales oval, almost black, with a green keel. Scales fimilar to those of the barren fpikes, blunt, Summits 2. Capfules extremely crowded, very blunt. Mr. WOODWARD.* -Straw nearly upright, I to I foot high and upwards, fcored, in the fmaller plants nearly fmooth, in the larger fmooth below, but above the angles are befet with minute prickles pointing upwards. Leaves keeled, fometimes longer than the ftraw, edges befet with minute prickles pointing upwards, with a tinge of fea-green. Floral-leaves, the lowermost fometimes extending beyond the terminating fpike, and all fometimes longer than the fpikes, gradually fhortening upwards. Spikes cylindrical, all dark brown before flowering, fometimes 3, but generally 4, 2 barren and 2 fertile; or 1 barren and 3 fertile. Barren fpikes, the terminating one I to 14 inch long, when 2 the lowermost just below the terminating one 4 times fmaller. Scales oblong, blunt, tapering downwards, dark purplish brown, with a green line running along the back, which, when fully blown, turns of a pale brown. Fertile fikes $\frac{1}{2}$ to 14 inch long, the lowermost about the length of the terminating one, when ripe of a mixture of black and green, tapering towards the bafe. Scales oblong, fimilar in colour to those of the barren fpikes, fomewhat fmaller. Caplule inverfely egg-fhaped, pointed at each end, with a very fhort cylindrical whitifh neck clofing on the fhaft; 3-cornered, flightly compressed, pale green, just longer and wider than the empalement, fmooth, or befet towards the neck with minute tubercles. Sr.

* After examining growing plants of this and the *C. gracilis* of Mr. Curtis, I was firuck with an idea that they must furely be the fame; and fome time after, on feeing Mr. Pitchford, I found that the fame notion had occurred to him; and on our examining the feveral fpecimens in various flages, and diffourfing on the fubjed, we were fill more and more convinced that it must be fo. Mr. Woodward,

Carex

Chives and Pointals Separate, III. Chives.

Carex acuta &? Linnæus, Pollich, Leers n. 723.—Gramen cyperaides minus fricatum angustifolium. Park. 1265. Sr.

This plant, as well as the Scirpus cæspitosus, begins spontaneously to grow upon boggy mosses, and forming compact hillocks, affords a support for men to walk upon; fo that in the course of time, the most dangerous bogs are changed into hrm and useful land. Cows, Sheep, Goats and Horse eat it.

***** Spikes barren and fertile, more than 1 barren. + Carex cœfpitofa.

CA'REX gra'cilis. Barren and fertile fpikes feveral, flender spiked fomewhat thread-fhaped. Summits 2, CURT. — frequently 3. Mr. WOODWARD. — Mouth of the capfule very entire. ST.*

Curt. iv. 47. +-H. ox. viii. 12. 3, a good reprefentation of it, except that the fpikes are utright, owing poffibly to having been taken from a dried fpecimen.-J. B. ii. 494. 2, Gr. nigro-lut. 6.-(Lob. obf. 10. 2, repr. in ic. i. 11. 1, Ger. em. 12. 1. f. 2, and copin Park. 1266. 1, and also in C. B. th. 84, with the addition of 2 fpikes, should feem rather to be C. riparia just coming into flower.)

Stem in watry fituations 2 or 3 feet high, in meadows shorter, flenderer than that of C. riparia. Leaves fcarcely fea-green. Spikes brownish black, in their young state remarkably pendant, fo as to give it the appearance of C. pendu.la Barren Spikes generally 3, brownifh black, faintly 3-cornered, the terminating one 2 inches long, the next below twice or thrice as fhort, the lowermost with barren and fertile flowers, longer. Scales egg-fhaped, pointed, purplifh black, with a green keel. Fertile spikes 3 or 4, as long as the terminating fpike, nearly upright, blackifh. Scales more oblong, and blunter than those of the barren spikes. Capfule oblong. CURT .--Fertile spikes in flower generally very dark brown. Scales in some plants, which agreed in all other refpects with Mr. Curtis's defcription, as pointed as those of C. acuta, those of the upper fertile fpikes much shorter and blunter than those of the lower. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.-Straw rough at the edges towards the top, but not cutting. Floral-leaves, the lowermost just longer than the fpikes. Barren fpikes mostly 4, from 12 to 3 inches long. Fertile fpikes 3 to 4 inches long, fometimes all of them with barren flowers at the end, tapering towards the fruit-stalk, and the flowers towards the bafe diffinct, and the lowermost at more than the diftance

* Stylis bifidis, capfulis ore integerrimis. Sr. ‡ Fertile fpikes not fufficiently flender and bending. Mr. Woopwarp.

MONOECIA TRIANDRIA.

tance of $\frac{1}{2}$ inch below the reft. Scales egg-oblong, or egg-fpearfhaped and taper-pointed. Sr.

Carex nigra verna vulgaris. Linn. fl. lapp. n. 330?-Cyberoides angustifolium 'caule exquisite "triangulari, afpero, sticis floriferis pralongis, tenuioribus, Sc. Mich. p. 60. n. 40 .- Gramen cyperoides majus angustifolium. Park. 1265. R. hift. 1293. fyn. p. 417. n. 2. CURT .- C. acuta. Corresponds with it in the capfules being rather blunt, the fhaft cloven into 2, and the uppermoft of the fertile fpikes having barren flowers. I confider the C. gracilis of Curt. and C. calpitola of Huds. as varieties of the C. acuta. Mr. Curtis appears once to have been inclined to fuppofe his gracilis to be the acuta of Linn. but Mich. t. 32. f. 12. being referred to by Linn. as a good figure, feems to have led his attention from the above more effential points of refemblance, and to refer the C. acuta to a plant with a shaft cloven into 3.-C. acuta B HUDS.-Gramen cyperoides majus angustifolium. Scheuch. 462. ST .- I fulpect, from the shaft being cloven into 2, and the egg-shaped scales of the C. acuta, as described in the Fl. fuec. that the C. gracilis of Mr. Curtis may be the fame plant. Indeed he feems himfelf to fufpect it, having quoted C. nigra verna vulgaris of the Fl. lapp. with a mark of doubt.-C. acuta β Pollich? Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Edges of rivers, ponds, and ditches, and alfo in meadows. P. Flowers a week or 2 later than C. ritaria and acuta.

acute

CA'REX acu'ta. Barren fpikes more than 1; the fertile ones fitting. Capfules bluntifh. LINN.—Barren fpikes blunt,* with bluntifh fcales. Stem fharp cornered. CURT.†

Curt. iv. 47.—Lecrs 16. 1.—Mich. 32. 6—Lob. obf. 10. 2, repr. in ic. i. 11. 1, Ger. em. 12. 1. f. 2, Gram. cyperoid. and cop. in Park. 1266. 1.—Ger. 11. 1, cop. in C. B. th. 83.—(Mich. 32. 12, is referred to by Linn. but fee the note + below and C. gracilis.)

This very variable plant, in dry meadows, is about an inch high, but in watery fituations often rifes to the height of 3 feet. Shaft cloven into 2, 4 hairy, white, fhrivelling. Scales egg-fhaped, brown, with a green line running along it. LINN.—Barren fpikes, 1 ter-

* When young, but when out of bloffom as pointed as those of C. riparia. CURT.

† I am inclined to believe that the *C. acuta* of Linnæus will turn out to be a different plant from that of Mr. Curtis. " In this fpecies" fays Linnæus " the flaft is cloven into 2." Leers afferts it to be " always cloven into 2."

In

Chives and Pointals Separate, III. Chives.

I terminating, with 2 or 3 from the fides near together. Fertile lpikes 3, fometimes 4, the uppermost often with barren flowers in the upper part, diftant, cylindrical, longer than the barren ones, fitting when in flower, when ripe on fruit-ftalks, upright. Scales inverfely egg-fhaped, bay, with a rib more or lefs green. Shaft always cloven into 2. Capfule convex, and with 2 furrows on one fide, flattifh on the other, with a very fhort cloven point ; larger than the empalement. LEERS .- Straw in wet fituations 2 feet high and upwards, corners fharp and rough. Leaves 3 lines broad, edges and keel rough, fea-green, narrower than those of C. riparia. Spikes fewer and fmaller than those of C. riparia. Barren frikes frequently obscurely 3-cornered, purplish black or brown, generally 3, upright, at a little diftance from each other, oblong, the uppermost $I_{\frac{1}{2}}$ inch long, the lower thorter and unequal. Scales egg-oblong, brownifh purple, with a greenifh midrib. Fertile fpikes 2 or 3, longer and flenderer, on fruit-stalks, generally upright, frequently with barren flowers at the end. Scales egg-fhaped, taper-pointed, the upper part edged with minute teeth. Capfules much fmaller than those of C. riparia, more numerous, and no wife inflated, 3-cornered, mouth with 2 teeth. In its ftrong flate may be eafily miftaken for C. riparia, and in its weak flate approaches very near in point of appearance to C. recurva. CURT .--- Stem fea-green. Leaves underneath fea-green, above yellowifh green. Fertile fpikes dark reddifh brown, when ripe yellowish brown. Mr. WOODWARD .- Barren spikes cylindrical, blunt.

In Mr. Curtis's acuta it is as uniformly cloven into 3, and no one could think of deferibing the capfules of his acuta as bluuifh. My opinion is, that the C. gracilis of Mr. Curtis, and the C. cafpitofa β of Mr. Lightfoot, are the C. acuta ruffa of Linnæus, and that the plant, fuppofed by Mr. Hudfon to be the C. cafpitofa of Linnæus, and deferibed as fuch in this work, is the C. acuta nigra of Linnæus; that thefe are only variations occafioned by difference of foil, as Linnæus believes his to be, of one and the fame plant; and that the C. acuta of Mr. Curtis is a diffinit fpecies. See C. gracilis. But my great averfion to the new naming of plants, induces me to acquiefce, at leaft for the prefent, in the nomenclature of Mr. Curtis, and give the following fketch of my own ideas. Sr.

1. Carex acuta. Barren fpikes more than 1, fertile ones nearly fitting. Capfules bluntifh. LINN.—fmooth. Summits moßly 2. ST.

a C. acuta a Sp. pl. Pollich .- C. cafpitofa. Hudf. and Bot. Ar. which fee.

β C. acuta β Sp. pl. Pollich.—C. gracilis. Curt. and Bot. Ar. which fee.
2. Carex ruffa? Sr. Barren fpikes more than 1, blunt, with bluntifh fcales. Stem fharp cornered. Curt.—Fertile fcales pointed, Summits j
3. Sr.

C. acuta. Curt. and Bot. Ar. which fee.

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blunt, near together, that next the terminating one fometimes inferted at about 2 lines below, and the lowermost at about twice the diftance below it. Fertile spikes 1 to 3t inches long, fometimes tapering towards the fruit-ftalk, closely tiled. Scales egg-spear-shaped, fometimes ragged at the edge towards the point. Capfules egg-fhaped, longer than the fcales, dirty green, fcored, when viewed in a microtcope the furface covered with very minute rough points, and towards the end with tharp points directed upwards; neck fhort, yellowifh, with 2 teeth. Sr.

Carex cafpitoja & Lightf .- Cyperoides foliis caryophylleis, caule exquisite triangulari, spicis habitioribus, squamis curtes, obtuse mucronatis, capfulis turbinatis, brevibus, confertis. Mich. gen. p. 62. CURT.-(C. glauca, Scop. fl. carn. n. 1157, cannot be the plant, fince the capfules are defcribed as woolly. C. acuta. Lightf. and Hudf. are C. riparia. -- Cyperoides latifolium spica ruffa sive caule triangulo, Scheuch. 458, cannot be the C. acuta of Linn, as he defcribes the fhaft cloven into 3.) Sr.

In fimilar fituations with C. riparia, and often together.

P. April. Seeds ripe in June and July.

great CA'REX ripa'ria. Barren fpikesmore than 1, 3-fquare, blackifh, pointed, with awn-taper-pointed fcales. Capfules fomewhat inflated, with 2 horns. CURT. - Fertile fpikes mostly on fruit-stalks, upright. Capfules eggfpear-shaped, awn-taper-pointed, forked. Hups.*

Curt. iv. 47 .- H. ox. viii. 12. 1.-Leers 16, 2. I. one of the Smaller plants in fruit .- Mich. 32.7, in fruit. - 7. B. ii. 496. 1, cop. in. C. B. th. 54.-Park. 1267. 12.-7. B. ii. 494. 3.-Lob. obf. 10.2, repr. in ic. i. 11.1, Ger. em. 12. 1, f. 2, and cop. in Park 1266. 1, and alfoin C. B. th. 84, with the addition of 2 spikes, seem to be the plant just coming into bloffem .- (Lob. obf. 10.2, refr. in ic. i. 11. 1, Ger. em. 12. 1. f. 2, Gram. cypercid. and cop. in Park. 1266. 1, from the distance between the upper spikes cannot be this species, and for the same reason should seem to be the C. acuta. -0f

* The epithet blackish should have been omitted, and the capfules can hardly be faid to be inflated, when they close tight upon the feed, which occupies more than the lower half of the cavity; neither can the 2 very fhort points at the end be well termed horns, or the capfules defcribed as awntaper-pointed. The fertile fpikes too are fometimes pendulous. I therefore propose the following character: Barren spikes more than 1, with ann-taper-pointed Scales. Fertile Spites with ann-pointed Scales. Capfules Spear-egg-Shaped, with a teeth at the point. Spicis mafculis pluribus, fquamis mafculinis ariflato-acuminatis, femineis ariflatis, capfulis lanceolato-ovatis apice bidentatis. Sr.

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-Of Ger. 11. 1, cop. in C. B. th. 83, the fame alfo may be faid. -Mich. 32. 6, is C. acuta.)

Leaves fea-green. Barren Spikes 3 to 5, clustered. Scales running out into a long awn-like point. Fertile spikes often branched at the bafe, the uppermost fitting. Scales awned, the awns finely ferrated. CURT. ST .- Stem often yellowifh green. Leaves fea-green underneath, above vellowifh green, as those of the ftem out of flower, as coloured in the Fl. lond. Fertile fpikes, when in flower pale-green, mixed with black or dark reddifh brown. Mr. Woop-WARD .- Summits 3. SCHEUCH. ST .- Barren Spikes tapering each way, the terminating one from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 inches long, before flowering brownish black, during flowering reddish brown, when out of flower light brown, near together, the fpace between the infertions of the lowermost and uppermost being feldom more than from 1 to 11 inch. Fertile Spikes oblong-spear-shaped, tapering each way, the uppermost frequently, and fometimes all with barren flowers at the end. Capfule fpear-egg-fhaped, fometimes egg-fpear-fhaped, nearly round, or with very obfcure irregular angles, thick and rigid in its texture, of a dull dirty brown, when viewed with a magnifying glafs fcored, fmooth, without hairs or rough points; 2 fhort upright pointed teeth. Seed 3-fquare, inverfely egg-fhaped, filling 2-thirds of the cavity of the capfule. Sr.

C. acuta? Light. who very judicioufly doubts its being the C. acuta of Linn.—C. acuta. Huds.—C. veficaria β Leers n. 724.— Cyperoides aquaticum, maximum, folüs vix unciam latis, caule exquifité triangulari, fpicis habitioribus, erectis, fquamis in ariftam longius productis, capfulis oblongis, bifidis. Mich. gen. 57. n. 10.- Cyperoides latifolium, fpica rufâ, five caule triangulo. Scheuch. 458. Sr.

Edges of rivers, ponds and ditches, also in meadows, where it is much finaller. P. April.

Seeds ripe in June, and July. CURT. Horfes, Cows, Sheep and goats eat it.

CA'REX vesica'ria. Barren spikes more than I; the bladder fertile ones on fruit-stalks. Capsules inflated, taperpointed, LINN.—egg-shaped, scored. ST.*

Fl. dan. 647.—Leers 16. 2. III.—H. ox. viii. 12. 6.—C. B. th. 84. the two fpikes in fruit, (the reft of the figure is a copy of Lob. ic. i. 11. 2, which is a reprefentation of a different fpecies.—H. ox. viii. 12. 6, is var. y—Mich. 32. 6 and 7, is C. riparia.)

Capfulis ovatis, friatis. Sr.

The planner) state in a result of

Floral-

Floral-leaves spear-shaped, tapering to a point, the fides brownifh. Shaft, fcarcely any. * Secd-bud flender, tapering, and taperpointed, the point just perceptibly cloven. LINN. fl. fuec .-. Stem 2-fquare, rough. Leaves rough downwards. Barren (pikes 2 and 3, bay, flender. Fertile spikes round, thick, closely tiled. Scales fpear-shaped. Capfules scored, gradually tapering out into a long beak, not fuddenly produced from a fpherical to a cylindrical figure, but gradually tapering to a point. HALL. ST. - Stem triangular, leafy, tinely fawed at the edges. Leaves 2 lines broad, finely fawed at the edges, bright green. Barren fpikes 1, 2 or more, ftrap-fhaped, flender, the uppermoft an inch long or more, clofely tiled. Scales spear-shaped, yellowifh brown, with membranaceous edges and a paler keel. Fertile foikes 2 or 3, upright, or nearly fo, I to 11 inch long, oval, the uppermost fitting. Fruit-stalks, the lowermost from 1 to 2 inches long, the greater part inclosed in the fneath of the leaf, the 2d fhorter. Scales fpear-thaped, pointed, much narrower and fomewhat thorter than the capfules, brown, with a green keel. Summits 2. Capfules much inflated, obfcurely triangular, fcored, with prominent ribs, terminating in an acute cloven point. Mr. WOODWARD .- Barren Ipikes, the uppermost I to 2 inches long, before flowering spearfhaped, finely tapering each way. Scales oblong-spear-shaped, not finely pointed, edges whitish, keel brownish white. Fertile foikes I to 3, when ripe expanding, greenifh, when fully ripe yellowifh brown, the uppermoft with barren flowers at the end. Scales awl-spear-shaped, with 3 ribs, at first purplish brown, with a green keel, afterwards dark brown, with a pale brown keel, at length the whole pale brown. Shaft dividing at the mouth of the honey-cup into 3 fummits. Capfules egg-fhaped, gradually tapering; beak forked at the mouth, the forks pointed, open, nearly as long as the neck ; gradually exceeding the empalement as it advances to maturity, when more than twice as long. Seed 3-fquare. Sr.-C. veficaria. LINN .- Referred to this fpecies for the following reasons. In the Fl. lapp. H. ox. viii. 12. 6, is cited, and again in the Fl. fuec. with a reference alfo to the defcription. It is characterifed as having fpikes flender when in flower, but thick when in fruit, which can hardly be faid of C. rostrata. In fl. fuec. Mich. 32. 6 and 7, and C. B. th. 84, are also cited, and though the former is the G. riparia of Curt. they both agree with our plant in its open, not

* Linnzus, it is evident from what follows, where he defcribes the honeycup under the title of feed-bud, fuppofed the fluft to proceed from the point of the honey-cup, whereas in fact it rifes from the feed-bud contained by the bottom of the honey cup. $S\tau$.

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not diverging capfules. In the Sp. pl. the Fl. lapp. and Fl. fuec. are referred to without any directions to exclude the references to figures there made. Scheuch. 470 is also added. In the Sp. pl. a new variety is indeed added from Van Royen, with a reference to the defcription before cited from the H. ox. in the R. fuec. but the whole respecting this variety is, I apprehend, an extract from the Fl. lugbb. The honey-cup alfo is defcribed as tapering and taperpointed. Add to this that Retzius in his Fl. fcand. cites Fl. dan. 647, all which, with its appearance in the laft-mentioned work, convinces me, that the plant here defcribed is what Linnæus intended by his C. vesicaria .- C. vesicaria & Huds .- Carex inflata, Lightfoot, as is evident from a specimen from the ingenious author of the Fl. fcot. for which I am indebted to the favour 'of Mr. Pennant .- C. spicis maribus una pluribus cylindricis, femininis teretibus pendulis, capfulis conicis rostratis bicornibus. Hall. n. 1409 .- Cypercides vesicarium, fricis viridantibus et subfuscis. Scheuch. 450 .- Gramen cyperoides majus præcox, spicis turgidis teretibus florescentibus. H. ox. III. p. 242. R. fyn. 420. Sr.

Bogs and marshes, as about Finlarig in Breadalbane. Mr. STUART in Fl. fcot. [Heydon, Norfolk. Mr. BRYANT.] P. July. Cows, Goats and Sheep eat it.

The Laplanders fill their fhoes with it, to protect their feet from the cold in winter and from the heat in fummer, for which purpofe they pick, dry and card it.

CA'REX rostra'ta. ST.-Barren fpikes more than 1; leaked fertile ones mostly on fruit-stalks. Capfules inflated, globular, taper-pointed, Huns .- diverging. St.*

Leers 16. II.-H. ox. viii. 12. 8.

Spikes in fome plants fitting, in others on fruit-ftalks. Hups .--Barren spikes 2 or 3, very flender, reddish brown. Capfules spherical, with a cylindrical beak, as it were fuddenly drawn out. HALL. at n. 1401, and also at n. 1409, p. 201. l. 5. ST.-Capfules Imaller than those of C. vesicaria, diverging, LEERS. ST. well figured in Leers 16. 2. II. p.-Leaves longer than the firaw. Capfules membranaceous, roundifh, with a projecting point. RAY. ST .- Barren fpikes narrow, ftrap-shaped, pointed, pale brown. Fertile spikes, the uppermost fitting, the lowermost on a short fruit-stalk, upright, cylindrical, yellowifh green. Scales oval, brown, with pale green edges and lines along the back, nearly of the length of the capfules. Capfules fhort, oval or roundifh, terminated with a cloven

* Capfulis divergentibus. Sr,

MONOECIA TRIANDRIA.

cloven point, numerous, clofely fet, nearly at right angles to the fpike-stalk, at first of a yellowish green, when ripe pale brown. LIGHTF. ST .- Stem 1 to 4 feet high, the fame plants varying from these extremes, according to the quantity of water in the places where they grow, flender, in general very obfcurely triangular. none exactly 2-fquare, though fome more or lefs triangular, and most fo when dried, leafy below, naked to the lowermost spike. Leaves longer than the ftem, narrow, fea-green, those at the base of the fruit-stalks long, and very slender. Barren fpikes 2 or more. the terminating one 2 inches long, the reft fhorter. Scales spearshaped, brown, membranaceous at the edge, with a yellowish keel. Fertile spikes 2 or 3, upright, or nearly fo, about 2 inches long, cylindrical, the upper fometimes fitting. Fruit-flatks, the lowermoft nearly as long as the fpike, those above fhorter. Scales ftrap-fpear-fhaped, brown, with a green keel, as long as the capfules. Caphules roundifh, inflated, fcored, terminated in an acute cloven point, whilft young pale green, and when held in a ftrong light femi-transparent, when old brownish, nearly half as small as those of C. vesicaria. Mr. WOODWARD .- Fertile spikes fometimes with a few barren flowers at the end. Scales oblong, or fpearoblong, bluntifh, in texture and colour fimilar to those of C. veficaria, with 3 obscure ribs along the back. Capfules roundish, or oval, very flightly compreffed, with a prominent edge on each fide, and a still slighter on the fide next the spike-stalk, slightly fcored, fhining, of a thin and delicate texture, portions of it depreffed as in a dried flaccid bladder; the beak rifing fuddenly from the body, and generally flanting downwards like the neck of a retort, fometimes nearly half as long as the body. ST.

Carex vesicaria y Linn.? This should feem a doubtful synonym from the fertile spikes being described as oblong, a term more applicable to those of C. vesicaria. Whatever the plant be, it should feem not to be a native of Sweden, Royen's synonym not having found a place in the Fl. succ.—C. vesicaria, Lightsoot, as is evident from a specimen very obligingly procured for me from Mr. Lightsoot by Mr. Pennant.—C. vesicaria æ Hudson.—C. vesicaria æ Leers n. 724.—C. spicis masculis una pluribusne, femininis crečis teretibus, capsulais ampullatis rostratis. Hall. n. 1401.—Cyperoides polystachyon, spicis teretibus erectis. Scheuchz. 472, as is evident from his description of "stem nearly round, or 3-square roundish."—Gramen cyperoides polystachyon majus, spicis teretibus erectis. R. syn. 419. Sr.

Bogs and marfhy watery places, HUDS. but not very common. Bogs of Ifla, and on Bentefkerny in Breadalbane. LIGHTE.— Common in the North, on the edges of brooks and rivulets, as in Gigglefwick Tarn, and borders of Semer Water, Wenfledale.

Not

Chives and Pointals Separate, III. Chives.

Not nearer London than Virginia Water. CURT .- [Near Bungay, Suffolk, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. July. Same a full test first a first (this gamma even on a firma

CA'REX hir'ta. Spikes remote; barren; more than hairy 1; the fertile ones on fhort fruit-ftalks, upright. Capfules hairy.—

Leers 16. 3.-H. ox. viii. 12. 10.-Fl. dan. 425, just coming into flower; 379.* Pluk. 34. 6? - (Park. 1172. 7, is a different plant.)

Leaves on the outfide, and their fheaths with a white wool. LINN .- Stem fmooth, triangular; corners imperfect, but above the upper fertile fpike the corners are fharp, and rough to the hand drawn downwards. Leaves very downy; edges rough to the hand drawn downwards; fheaths very long, downy on the upper part. Barren spikes 4 or 5, alternate, fitting; the lowermost with a few fertile flowers at the bafe, and an awl-shaped floral-leaf longer than the fpike. Scales fpear-fhaped, reddifh brown, with a green keel, fmooth at the bafe, fringed at the top with foft hairs. Fertile fpikes ufually 2, diftant, alternate, on fhort fruit-ftalks. Scales fpear-fhaped, with membranaceous fringed edges, and a green keel, lengthened out into a long awl-fhaped awn. Summits 3. Capf. very hairy, terminated in an acute cloven point. Mr. Woodw. Moift meadows and pastures. P. June [and May. WITH.]+

* The leaves too narrow, and not represented as hairy. LIGHTF. ST .--Fertile Spikes egg-shaped, fitting. ST.

† Mr. Curtis, in his cat. mentions a C. juncea, which we may suppose to be the fame with the plant fo named by Scop. n. 1163, as Mr. Curtis muft be fully fensible of the confusion occasioned by authors giving the fame name to different plants. Sr.

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Vol. II. 37. Order

MONOECIA TETRANDRIA.

Order IV.

TETRANDRIA; IV. CHIVES.

106. ERIOCAU'LON. Pipe-wort. (Nafmythia. Huds.)

EMPAL. common, hemifpherical; leaves circular; nearly equal; preffed to; permanent; containing a hemifpherical incorporated *flower*, composed of very numerous florets.

B. Barren Florets in the middle of the difc.

EMPAL. proper; leaves 2; [wedge-fhaped; concave.Huds.] BLOSS. Petals 2; upright; blunt; [1 funnel-fhaped, with 2 divisions. Huds.]

CHIVES. Threads 4; inferted into and fhorter than the bloffom. Tips roundifh.

F. Fertile Flowers in the circumference, very numerous.

EMPAL. proper; leaves 2; [wedge-fhaped; concave. HuDs.] BLOSS. Petal 1; divided into 2. [Petals 2; upright; oblong; concave. HuDs.]

POINT. Seed-bud above; double. Shaft briftle-shaped; divided into 2. Summits simple.

S. VESS. Capfule with 2 feeds. SEEDS folitary; roundifh.

RECEPT. naked.

Ess. CHAR. Empal. common; a tiled head. Petals 3; equal. Chives above the feed-bud *.

OBS. The above generic defcription is taken from *E. decangulare*. The other fpecies, which have 3 feeds, and vary also in point of number, fhould be examined in their places of growth. *Mant. pl.* 167.

wreathed

1062

ed ERIOCAU'LON decongula're. Straw with 10 angles. 'Leaves fword-fhaped.-

* Dr. Hope has well explained the functure of the *E* decangulare, but, before the character is altered, the other fpecies flould be examined. S_X/l . veg. ed. xiii. and xiv,

Fhil.

Chives and Pointals Separate, IV. Chives.

Phil. tranf. lix. p. 243.—Penn. hebr. i. 39, at p. 314.—Pet. gaz. 6. 2, flem and head.—Pluk. 409. 5.**

Leaves awl-fhaped, flat, channelled, jointed. Petals with a black dot below the point. LINN .- Grows under water. Stalk I to 13 foot high, the top rifing above the water when in flower. LIGHTF. -As to the Eriocaulon, I beg you will inform Dr. Withering that. when I examined it. I thought it not only a new fpecies, but that it constituted a new genus. I fent it both to Juffieu and Linnæus. The latter wrote me in answer, that it was the plant, which, in his fystem, stood under the name of E. decangulare, and therefore I named it fo, though fenfible it neither answered to the generic characters of Eriocaulon, nor to the trivial name decangulare. I agree with Dr. Withering, that it should stand in the class Monoecia, near the order Triandria, which includes the Carex. Linnæus has received my description of it, but you know one cannot, from an acquaintance of one species alone, give a generic character. Dr. HOPE, in a letter to Dr. Dennison, Jan. 1776 :- With refpect to the E. decangulare, after examining the parts of fructification in feveral plants, though not recent, I was of opinion it was a new plant, and fent it with my defcription to Linnæus, who was pleafed to compliment me on the accuracy of the defcription, faid it was E. decangulare, but that he fhould defer changing the characters of the genus, till the other fpecies should have been examined, and properly described. Dr. HOPE, letter to Dr. Stokes, Dec. 6, 1783.

Nafmythia articulata, HUDS. who ought not to have formed it into a new genus, unlefs he could have fhewn the ftructure of the other 4 Eriocaulons to be generically different. ST.

Difcovered by Mr. Robertfon, a pupil of Dr. Hope's, in a fmall lake in the Ifle of Skye, in 1768.—In 2 or 3 fmall frefh water locks about a mile Weft of Loch-fligachan, in the Ifle of Skye, but particularly in a fmall lake called Loch-na-Caiplich, clofe to the road fide between Sligachan and Drynoch, in fuch abundance, that the white fibres of the roots are thrown on the edges of the loch as fea weeds on the fea fhore. LIGHTF. P. July. HUDS. Sept. LIGHTF.

The root is flightly acrimonious when chewed.

* Leaves bad. LIGHTFOOT.

3Z2

1145. LITTO-

MONOECIA TETRANDRIA.

1145. LITTOREL'LA. Shore-weed.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup of 4 leaves; upright.

BLOSS. Petal 1; tube as long as the empalement; border with 4 divisions; upright; permanent.

CHIVES. *Îhreads* 4; thread-fhaped; very long; inferted into the receptacle. *Tips* heart-fhaped.

F. Fertile Flowers on the fame plant.

EMPAL. none. '

BLOSS. Petal 1; conical; mouth with 3 clefts; permanent. POINT. Seed-bud oblong. Shaft thread-like; very long.

Summit pointed.

S. VESS. The bloffom invefting the feed.

SEED. Nut of I cell.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. of 4 leaves. Bloss with 4 clefts. Chives long.

F. Empal. 0. Blofs. with mofily 4 clefts, [with 3 obfcure clefts. HUDS. and fyft. pl.] Shaft long. Seed a kernel.

Plantain

LITTOREL'LA lacuf'tris.

Fl. dan. 170.—Pluk. 35. 2.—H. ox. viii. 9. 30.—Gifeck. 21.— Dill. mufc. 81, in fruit. Oeder and Haller believe the fubftances on the leaves marked (a a) to be polypes.

The barren and fertile flowers on the fame plant. Its flower is that of Plantago, but the chives and pointals being found in different flowers, and its fruit, provided what has been obferved prove not to be only a bulb, diftinguifh it from that genus. The barren flower on a flak, taller than the fertile one. The fertile flower fitting at the root Shaft often as long as the flak of the barren flower. LINN...-Fertile flowers 2, fometimes 3, at the bafe of the flak of the barren flower. LIGHTF. RELH. Mr. WOODWARD..-Leaves rufh-like, flattifh, convex underneath. Barren flower terminating. Threads white. RELH..-Chives fometimes as long as the fruit-flak. Tips very large. Mr. WOODWARD.

Marshy places in a fandy foil. Hounslow Heath near Witton. On the edges of almost all the Highland lakes. [At Hainford. Mr. CROWE.—On the margins of Oulton Broad by Lowestoft, plentifully. Mr. WOODWARD.—On the bank at the South end of Balla Lake, Merionethshire. Mr. WOOD.] P. July, Aug.

1147. BET'ULA.

Chives and Pointals Separate, IV. Chives.

1147. BET'ULA. Birch.

B. Barren Flowers forming a cylindrical Catkin.

- EMPAL. Catkin, common; tiled on every fide; loofe; cylindrical; confifting of Scales, with 3 flowers in each; to the fides of each of which are fixed 2 exceedingly fmall fcales.
- BLOSS. Compound, with 3 florets; equal; fixed to the centre of each fcale of the cup.

Individuals of 1 petal; with 4 divisions; expanding; very fmall. Segments egg-fhaped; blunt.

CHIVES. Threads 4; very fmall. Tips double.

F. Fertile Flowers forming a Cathin on the fame tree.

EMPAL. Catkin, common; tiled. Scales placed by threes; oppofite; fixed to the fpike-ftalk; 2 flowers in each; heart-fhaped; concave; fhort; flightly notched at the end, with a fharp point in the middle.

BLOSS. none that is perceptible.

- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; very fmall. Shafts 2; briftle-fhaped; as long as the fcales of the cup. Summits fimple.
- S. VESS. none. The feeds lie under each triple fcale of the catkin.

SEEDS folitary; egg-fhaped; bordered.

- Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. of 1 leaf; with 3 clefts, and 3 flowers. Blos. with 4 divisions.
 - F. Empal. of 1 leaf; mofily 3 clefts, and 2 flowers. Seeds with a winged membrane on each fide.

Obs. In fome fpecies the flowers form a cylindrical catkin; in others a roundifh cone.

BET'ULA al'ba. Leaves egg-fhaped, taper-point- common ed, ferrated.-

Hunt. Evcl. 225; i. 218. ed. II.—Gars. 172. 1.—Dod. 839. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1473, imit. in Lob. obf. 607. 2; ic. ii. 190. 2, and cop. in Park. 1408.—Matth. 142, catkins good.—Blackw. 240.—Ger. 1295.—J. B. i. b. 149.—Trag. 1113, branches with only catkins well done.—Spect. de la nat. 33.2, at ii. p. 292, cop. in nat. delin. 21. 4, at ii. p. 312.—Lonic. i. 34. 1.

Branches, the leffer deep chefnut coloured. \neg Barren catkins, fcales tipped with brown, with fmaller fcales fixed to the center. Bloffom egg-fhaped, concave, green. It is liable to a difeafe in its 3 Z 3 branches,

MONOECIA TETRANDRIA.

branches, which occafions it to fend out a very great number of fhoots in the middle of a branch, which being grown to fome length, have very much the appearance at a diftance of a tree full of Rooksnefts; the leaves upon thefe fhoots are downy and foft. WITH.

Birch tree. Birk.

Woods and moift hedges.

T. July. HUDS. [Apr. and May. WITH.] It grows in all kinds of foil, but beft in fhady places. It bears cropping. It is hurtful to pasturage. The wood is firm, tough and white: Women's fhoe-heels, and packing-boxes are made of it. It is planted along with hafel to make charcoal for forges. In the northern parts of Lancashire, they form the slender twigs into befoms for exportation. Penn. tour. The leaves afford a yellow dye. The bark is extremely useful to the people in the north of Europe; they make hats and drinking cups of it in Kamschatka. The Swedifh fifhermen make fhoes of it. The Norwegians cover their houfes with it, and upon this cover, they lay turf three or four inches thick. Torches are made of the bark fliced and twifted together. It abounds with a refinous matter that is highly inflammable. If a hole is bored into the tree when the fap rifes in the fpring, a fweet liquor diffils from it, which properly fermented, with the addition of fugar, makes a pleafant wine .- Horfes, Cows, Goats and Sheep eat it. Swine refufe it.

It furnishes food to the Papilio Antiopa, Betulæ; Phalæna pavonia, japilionaria, Quercus, Curcula, Betularia, Ziczac; Tenthredo lutea; Aphis Betulæ; Coccus Betulæ; Cimex Betulæ; Curculio Betulæ; Chryfomela Betulæ.

dwarf

BET'ULA na'na. Leaves circular, fcolloped.-

Fl. lapp. 6. 4.—Lizhlf. 25, at ii. p. 575, twizs too flender.—Fl. dan. 91,* leaves more egg-flaped than I have ever feen them, and the ferratures more like thefe of B. pumila.

Leaves commonly 3 from each bud, LIGHTF.—but frequently fingle and alternate, generally entire at the bafe, fcollops often pointed, frequently fingle and alternate. Catkins about half an inch long. Mr. WOODWARD.—Shrub upright. Trunk hard, ftiff. Bark brown, roughifh, refembling that of the Ulmus campefiris. Branches expanding, ftraight, fcattered, tapering, woolly, fomewhat gummy at the ends. Leaves rather broader than they are long, fcolloped, the fcollops blunt, fmooth, gloffy, veined on both fides, expanding, moftly alternate, when rubbed between the fingers of the fame fcent as that of Ulmus campeftris. Leaf-ftalks very fhort, fmooth,

* Both in this and Lightf. the catkins too oval and thick. Mr. WOODW,

Chives and Pointals Separate, IV. Chives.

1067

S. May.

Alder

fmooth, compressed. Leaf-fcales in pairs, egg-shaped, concave, upright, fringed, brown, permanent. Buds in the bosom of the leaves, roundish, brown. Sr.

Mountains, and wet heaths in Scotland.

Linneus fomewhere obferves, that the plants, which chiefly grow upon mountains, are hardly found any where elfe but in marfhes. Is it becaufe the clouds refting upon the tops of the mountains, keep the air in a moift flate, like the fogs in meadows and marfhes, which are nothing but clouds in the lower part of the atmosphere? WITH.—The leaves dye a finer yellow than that afforded by the *B. alba*. The Swedes make it into beforms. It affords the Laplander, in thefummer when he lives on the mountains, fuel for the fires which he is obliged conftantly to keep up in his hut to defend him from the gnats; and covered with the fkins of the Rein-deer it forms his bed. LINN.

BET'ULA Al'nus. Fruit-stalks branched.-

Matth. 140, imit. in Ger. 1294.—Spett. de la nat. 26. 2, at ii. p. 285, cop. in nat. delin. 17. 4, at ii. p. 311.—Clus. i. 12. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. ii. 191. 1, Ger. em. 1477. 2, and cop. in Park. 1409.—Gars. 138.—Clus. i. 12. 1, repr. in Dod. 339. 1, and refr. in Ger. em. 1477. 1.—Hunt. evcl. p. 240; i. p. 233. ed. II.—Trag. 1084.—Lonic. i. 17. 1, but more like Corylus Avellana.

Leaves nearly circular; clammy; ferrated. Catkins brown. Alder. [Owler, in Staffordfhire. Oller, Worcefterfhire. Sr.] Near water. T. [Feb. and Mar. Sr.] It flourifhes beft in low marfhy fituations, in which it is frequent-

ly planted to make hedges. It will not live in a chalky foil. It is eafily propagated by feeds, but not by flips or cuttings. Grafs grows well beneath its shade .- The wood is fost and brittle. It endures a long time under water, and therefore is ufed for pipes; and to lay under the foundations of buildings fituated upon bogs. Women's fhoe-heels, ploughmen's clogs, and various articles of the Turner are made of it .- The bark gives a red colour, and, with the addition of copperas, a black. It is used also to dye brown, particularly thread, and for colours to be faddened with copperas. It is principally used by fishermen to ftain their nets .- In the Highlands of Scotland near Dundonald, Mr. Pennant fays, the boughs cut in the fummer, fpread over the fields, and left during the winter to rot, are found to answer as a manure. In March the ground is cleared of the undecayed parts, and then ploughed. -The fresh-gathered leaves are covered with a glutinous liquor; and fome people firew them upon their floors to deftroy fleas; the fleas are faid to be entangled in the tenaceous liquor, as birds 3Z4 are

MONOECIA TETRANDRIA.

are by bird-lime.—The catkins dye green.—The whole plant is aftringent.

Horfes, Cows, Goats, and Sheep eat it. Swine refufe it.

The Phalæna Vinula, Bucephala, Chryforrhæa, antiqua, Pfi; Tenthredo Lutea; Chermes Alni; Curculio Betulæ, Alni; Coccinella 2 punctata; Chryfomela Alni, live upon it. LINN.

If planted in a low meadow the ground furrounding it will become boggy, whereas, if Aſh be planted, the roots of which penetrate a great way, and run near the furface, the ground will become firm and dry. Mr. WOODWARD.—The tongues of Horfes that feed upon it are turned black, and it is fuppofed not to be wholefome for them. Sr.

1148. BUX'US. Box.

B. Barren Flowers projecting from the buds of the tree.

EMPAL. Cup of 3 leaves; circular; blunt; concave; expanding.

- BLOSS. Petals 2; circular; concave; refembling the cup, but larger.
- CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; upright but expanding; generally longer than the cup. Tips upright; double.

POINT. Seed-bud only a rudiment, without fhaft or fummit.

F. Fertile Flowers in the fame bud with the others.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 4; circular; blunt; concave; expanding.

BLOSS. Petals. 3; circular; concave; refembling the cup, but larger.

- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; with 3 blunt edges; ending in 3 very fhort permanent Shafts. Summits blunt; rough with hair.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; with 3 bills and 3 cells; opening elaftically in 3 directions.

SEEDS 2; oblong; roundifh on one fide; flat on the other.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empalcment of 3 leaves. Petals 2. Rudiment of a feed-bud.

F. Empalement of 4 leaves. Petals 3. Shafts 5. Capfules with 3 beaks, and 3 cells. Seeds 2.

BUXUS

Chives and Pointals Separate, IV. Chives.

BUX'US fempervi'rens. -

common

Ludw. 4.—Sheldr. 85.—Walc.—Matth. 190.—Ger. 1225. 1.— Trag. 1069.—Dod. 782. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 562; ic. ii. 128. 2, Ger. em. 1410, and cop. in Park. 1429. 1.—Fuchf. 642.— Blackw. 196.—Lonic. i. 22. 2.—J. B. i. a. 496, more refembles the fmall-leaved Myrtle.

Leaves oval, thick, gloffy. Bloffoms greenish white.

Woods and hedges. Box-hill, near Darking, Surrey, plentifully. RAV. ST.—Woods of them at Boxwel in Cotefwold, Glocefterfhire, and Boxley, Kent. R. fyn.—[In plenty on the Chalk Hills, near Dunftable. Mr. WOODWARD.]

The wood is very hard and fmooth, and not apt to warp, and therefore well adapted for the use of the Turner. Combs, Mathematical Inftruments, Knife-handles, and Button-moulds are made of it. —An empyreumatic oil, distilled from the shavings, is often used as a topical application for the piles, and feldom fails to procure ease.—It will frequently relieve the tooth-ach, and has been given internally in epileps. The leaves powdered destroy worms. WITH.—A Horfe refused it.—It is fit to cut down in about 30 years. ST.

β Hups. Narrow-leaved. On Box-hill. R. fyn.

1149. UR'TICA. Nettle.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 4; circular; concave; blunt. BLOSS. Petals none.

Honey-cup in the centre of the flower; glafs-fhaped; entire; narrower at bottom; very fmall.

CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; as long as the cup; expanding; 1 placed within each leaf of the cup. Tips with 2 cells.

F. Fertile Flowers upon the fame, or upon diffinit plants.

EMPAL. Cup with 2 valves; egg-fhaped; concave; upright; permanent.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft none. Summit woolly. S. VESS. none. Cup clofing.

SEED fingle; egg-fhaped; compreffed; blunt; fhining. Ess. CHAR. B. Empalement of 4 leaves. Blofs. o. Honeycup in the centre, glass-fhaped.

F. Émpalement of 2 values. Blofs. 0. Seed 1; Shining. UR'TICA

Roman

UR'TICA *pilulif'era* Leaves opposite, egg-shaped, ferrated. Fertile catkins globular. LINN.—Leaves most frequently heart-shaped. Mr. WOODWARD.

Mill. ill.—Trag. 3. 2, cop. in Pet. 1. 11.—Blackw. 321. 1.— Fuchs. 106, cop. in J. B. iii. 445. 1.—Matth. 1125.—Ger. 570. 1.—Dod. 151. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 281. 2; ic. i. 522. 1, Ger. em. 707. 1, and cop in Park. 440. 1, and H. ox. xi. 25. 5.— Lonic. i. 109. 1.—Gars. 638.

Whole plant thick fet with very pungent hairs. Stem 1 to 2 feet high. Leaves opposite, on long eaf-stalks ; ferratures very deep, except near the infertion of the leaf-stalk, where the leaf is entire. Fruit-stalks from the bosom of the leaves: those of the barren flowers larger and flenderer, branched ; those of the fertile flowers about $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch long, expanding, when in feed hanging down. Fertile Catkins 3 or 4 lines in diameter. For Hall. helv. and Hall. helv. ed. pr. in Sp. pl. and Syft. pl. read Hall. gott. ST .- Stem cylindrical, fcored. Barren flowers: Honey-cup cup-fhaped, 4-cornered, 4fided. Fertile flower, ftings longer and fharper than those of the barren flower. WITH .- Urtica pilulifera, balearica, et dodarti are merely varieties, though conftant ones, and any one who thinks proper may unite them. LINN. ST.-U. balearica? Some individuals of our plant are referable to this fpecies, as others to the U. tilulifera. But from frequent observations I can fee no reason to fuppofe the difference of the leaves to be any thing more than an accidental variety. When growing very close to a wall it is frequently taller and flenderer, and the leaves generally fmaller and egg-fhaped, when more diftant the plant is fhorter and ftronger, and the leaves larger and heart-fhaped. Mr. WOODWARD .- Prof. Murray confiders them to be diffinct, but obferves that in fome fpecimens of what he confiders U. balearica, the leaves are egg-fhaped, in others heart-fhaped, in fome the ftems and leaf-ftalks purplifh, in others not fo. But he offers the following marks of difcrimination. He fays of the balearica. " Leaves flanting at the " bafe, projecting most on one fide, entire at the bafe and point, " the reft ferrated with blunt indentations. In the fuller grown " leaves the edge is contracted fo that they appear convex." Murr. gott. p. 185.

Rubbifn. Yarmouth, and at Aldborough, Suffolk. R. fyn.--[Under walls at Yarmouth and elfewhere on the coaft, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. August.

leffer UR'TICA u'rens. Leaves opposite, oval.-

Fl. dan. 739. - Ger. 570. 3. - Matth. 112, imit. in Dod. 152, Lob. obf. 282. 1; ic. i. 522. 2, Ger. em. 707, and cop in. Park. 440. 2, and

Chives and Pointals Separate, IV. Chives.

and Pet. 1. 10.—Gars. 637. 1.—Fuchs. 108, cop. in. J. B. iii. 446.—H. ox. xi. 25. row 2. 4.—Trag. 3. 1. Rubbifh, cultivated ground, [and dunghills. Sr.]

A. July—September. The leaves are gathered and cut to pieces, to mix with the food of young Turkeys.—Cows, Horfes, Sheep, Goats and Swine refufe it. LINN.—A Horfe refufed it. ST.

UR'TICA dioi'ca. Leaves opposite, heart-shaped. common Bunches in pairs.--

Fl. dan. 746, fertile plant.—Blackw. 12, barren plant.—Fuchs. 107, cop. in J. B. iii. 445. 2, and imit. in Trag. 2. 1.—Ger. 570. 2 and 4.—Gars. 637.—Lonic. i. 108. 2.—Matth. 1126, cop. in Dod. 151. 2, Lob. obf. 281. 1, ic. i. 521. 2, Ger. em. 706. 2, and cop. in Park. 441. 3, H. ox. xi. 25. row 2. 1, and Pet. 1. 9.

Barren and fertile flowers on diftinct plants. LINN .- Barren flower: Empal. of I leaf, with 4 divisions. Chives. These afford a very pleafing appearance : They are rolled inwards under the fegments of the cup, which fold over them till they are ripe; when the fegments gradually expanding, the chives, releafed from their confinement, roll backwards with an elaftic force, and difcharge the contents of their transparent tips, which float in the air like a cloud of duft, that it may arrive at the fummits of the fertile flowers, which grow on diftinct plants, and fertilize the feedbuds. Fertile flowers: Empal. of 4 valves; the 2 innermost the largeft, and performing the office of a feed-veffel. Barren flowers: Empal. falling off after the tips have fhed their duft; fegments eggfhaped, concave, before the tips fhed their dust approaching, afterwards expanding. Threads longer than the empalement, after they have fhed their dust expanding. Tips membranaceous, tranfparent. Dust white, nearly globular. Fertile plant: Seed-veffel none. The 2 inner valves of the empalement close upon the feed, with the 2 fmaller ones at the bafe. ST .- Bunches branched, those of the fertile plant brown when the feeds are ripe. Seeds heartfhaped. WITH .- Leaves ferrated, ftinging.

Ditch-banks and amongft rubbifh.

The ftings are very curious microfcopic objects: They confift of an exceedingly fine pointed, tapering, hollow fubftance, with a perforation at the point, and a bag at the bafe. When the fting is preffed upon, it readily punctures the fkin, and the fame preffure forces up an acrimonious fluid from the bag, which inflantly fquirts into the wound, and produces an effect that moft have experienced.—The ftalks may be dreffed like Flax or Hemp, for making

P. July.

MONOECIA TETRANDRIA.

making Cloth, or Paper—The plant has formerly been ufed as an aftringent, but is now difregarded.—A leaf put upon the tongue, and then preffed against the roof of the mouth, is pretty efficacious in stopping a bleeding at the nose.—Paralytic limbs have been recovered by stinging them with Nettles.—The young shoots are gathered early in the spring to boil in broth or gruel.—Cows eat the leaves when they are a little withered.—The leaves are cut to pieces to mix with the food of young Turkeys, and other Poultry. Cows, Horses, Sheep, Goats and Swine refuse them.

It nourifhes the Papilio Atalanta, C. album, Cardui, Io, Urticæ, Paphiæ; Crimfon and Gold Moth, Dot Moth, Likenefs Egger Moth, Snout Likenefs Egger Moth, Dingy China Mark Likenefs Moth, Fhalæna Didačtyla, urticata, meticulofa, Caja, Dominula, Plantaginis, Lubricipeda, villica, verticalis, roftralis, interrogationis, Nettle Top Moth, Bloffom Underwing Moth, and the Gothic Moth. On the roots, Curculio fcaber; Aphis Urticæ and Chermes Urticæ. LINN. Affes are fond of it, and Cows eat it in hay. ST.

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Order

Chives and Pointals Separate, V. Chives.

Order V.

PENTANDRIA; V. CHIVES.

1152. XAN'THIUM. Clott-weed.

B. Barren Flowers, compound.

- EMPAL. Cup, common to many florets; formed of many leaves; tiled with flender fcales, as long as the florets; equal.
- BLOSS. Compound, uniform; tubular; equal; formed into an hemifphere.

Individual, petal 1; tubular; funnel-fhaped; upright; with 5 clefts.

- CHIVES. Threads 5; forming a hollow cylinder. Tips upright; parallel; not united.
- RECEPT. Common, next to none; the florets being feparated by chaff.
- F. Fertile Flowers beneath the others, on the fame plant; 2 together.
- EMPAL. Fence containing 2 flowers; formed of 2 Leaves; oppofite; each divided into 3 fharp lobes; the mid-
 - dle lobe projecting fartheft; fet round with hooked prickles; furrounding and entirely covering the feed-buds to which they are fixed. Little Segments loofe.

BLOSS. none.

- POINT. Seed-bud oval; rough with hair. Shafts 2; fimilar; hair-like. Summits fimple.
- S. VESS. Berry dry; oblong egg-fhaped; cloven at the end; befet clofely with hooked prickles.

SEED. Nut; with 2 cells.

- ESS. CHAR. B. Common Empal. tiled. Bloss. of I petal, with 5 clefts, funnel-shaped. Recept. chaffy.
- F. Empal. a fence of 2 leaves, and 2 flowers. Bloss. o. Stone-fruit dry; covered with sharp points; with 2 clefts. Nut of 2 cells.

XAN'THIUM Struma'rium. Stem without thorns. Burdock Leaves heart-fhaped; 3-fibred.— Blackw.

MONOECIA PENTANDRIA.

Blackw. 444.—Fuchf. 579, cop. in J. B. iii. 572, Trag. 839, and imitated in Lonic. i. 65. 1.—Ger. 664. 2.—Matth. 1204, cop. in Dod. 39. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 319, ic. i. 588. 2, Ger. em. 809. 2, and cop. in Park. 1223. 4.—Gars. 642.

Stem much branched, ufually tinged with dark purple, rough with fhort ftiff hairs. Young branches woolly, whitifh and foft. Leaves bright green, fmooth to the eye, but rough to the touch; when viewed with a glafs, covered with very fhort hairs, when young woolly; alternate, heart-fhaped, broader than long, with 3 obfcure lobes, toothed; teeth large, diftant, with irregular ferratures between. Leaf-flalks woolly, whitifh and foft, on entering the leaf dividing into 3 large ribs, fub-dividing into numerous fmaller ones, the principal rough with hairs, and frequently of a dark dirty purple. Barren flowers in a branched bunch, terminating the ftem and branches. Fertile flowers immediately beneath in the bofoms of the upper leaves. Seed-veffels with yellow prickles. Mr. WOODWARD.—Leaves falling off before the fruit. ST.—Stem generally fpotted. Flowers at the bafe of the leaves.

Xanthium, feu Lappa minor. R. fyn. 140.—X. foliis femitrilobatis, aculeis uncinatis. Hall. hift. 1621. ST.

Leffer Burdock.

On dunghills, and ground highly manured. A. June-Sept.

The leaves are bitter and aftringent.—A decoction of the whole plant affords a fhowy yellow colour; but it is better if only the flowers are ufed.

Horfes and Goats eat it. Cows, Sheep, and Swine refufe it.

1157. AMA-

Chives and Pointals Separate, V. Chives.

1157. AMARAN'THUS. Amaranth.

B. Barren Flowers on the fame plant with the fertile ones.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 5, or 3; upright; coloured; permanent; fpear-fhaped; fharp.

BLoss. none; unlefs the empal. is confidered as fuch.

CHIVES. Threads 5, or 3; hair-like; upright, but ftanding rather open; as long as the cup. Tips oblong; vane-like.

F. Fertile Flowers in the fame bunch with the others.

EMPAL. Cup the fame as the other.

BLOSS. none.

- POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shafts 3; fhort; awl-fhaped. Summits fimple; permanent.
- S. VESS. Capfule egg-fhaped; fomewhat compreffed; of the fize of the cup which contains it, and coloured like that. Bills 3; cut round; with 1 cell.

SEED fingle; globular; compressed; large.

- ESS. CHAR. B. Empalement of 3, or 5 leaves. Bloss. o. Chives 3, or 5.
 - F. Empalement of 3, or 5 leaves. Bloss. 0. Shafts 3. Capf. of 1 cell, cut round. Seed 1.

AMARAN'T HUS Bli'tum. Chives 3. Clufters leaft lateral. Flowers with 3 clefts. Leaves egg-fhaped, dented. Stem fpreading.—

Cam. epit. 236.—Pluk. 272. 2?*—J. B. ii. 967. 1, cop. in Pet. 7. 9, and abridged or rather fpoiled in H. ox. v. 30. 5, by the leaves being reprefented as pointed.—(Lob. ic. i. 250. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 321. 4, from the pointed leaves fhould feem to be a different fpecies, but is referred to by C. B. under the title cited by Linn. and Ray.)

Leaves fometimes white or filvery in the middle, with or without a brown fpot. LINN.—Leaves alternate, the fmaller egg-fhaped, the larger fomewhat rhomboidal, with a deep notch at the end, and ufually a fmall projecting point, entire, with a ftrong mid-rib and parallel ribs underneath. Leaf-flaks as long as the leaves. Flowers

* Pluk. phytogr. t. 212. 2, is the reference of Sp. pl. and Syll, pl. but there is no figure of this genus in that plate. ST.

1076

MONOECIA POLYANDRIA.

Flowers numerous. Bunches irregular, fitting, on fmall lateral branches, with fmall leaves interfperfed. Mr. WOODWARD. Amaranthus Blitum β Huds.—(Blitum rubrum fupinum, Lob. ic. 250, is an addition of Reichard's from Haller.) Sr.

β White. Huds.

On rubbish. [Ripton, Huntingdonsh. Mr. Woodw.] A. Aug.

Order VIII.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES; (More than VII.)

1162. CERATOPHYL'LUM. Horn-weed.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup with many divisions; fegments awl-shaped; equal.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads twice as many as there are fegments in the cup; 16 to 20; hardly difcernible. Tips oblong; upright; longer than the cup.

F. Fertile Flowers on the fame plant.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; compressed. Shaft none. Summit blunt; oblique.

S. VESS. none.

SEED. Nut egg-fhaped; of I cell; tapering to a point.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empalement with many divisions. Bloss. o. Chives 16 to 20.

F. Empalement with many divisions. Bloss. o. Pointal 1. Shaft o. Seed 1; naked.

ing CERATOPHYL'LUM demer'fum. Leaves twinforked. Fruit with 3 thorns.—

H. dan. 510.*—Brit. herb. 78.—Loes. 12, at p. 67.—Vaill. higt. de l'acad. 2. 1, in vol. for 1719. p. 21.—The 2 laft I have not feen.

* Referred in the fyft. veg. and fyft. ft. to C. fubmerfum, but the leaves are twin-forked, and though Oeder calls it C. fubmerfum, he refers to Hall. n. 1599. which is clearly C. demerfum. Mr. WOODWARD. St.

Root

floating

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

Root firiking deep in the mud. Stem much branched, the lower part generally covered with mud. Leaves in whorls, about 8 in a whorl, the lower whorls about half an inch diftant, but clofer upwards, and extremely crowded towards the end; twice-forked, briftlefhaped, harfh and fomewhat brittle, femi-transparent, green, spotted with fhort purple lines, and the extreme forks toothed on the outfide only; those on the part of the ftem covered with or lying in the mud, fhort, forked, much thicker than those above, and appearing as if broken or bitten. Flowers few, in the bosons of the leaves. Seed-veffel with 1 long thorn at the fummit, and 2 fhorter on opposite fides near the base. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ditches and flow ftreams.

P. Aug. Sept.

 β HUDS. Ceratophyllum fubmerfum. Leaves trebly forked. Fruit without thorns. LINN.

Brit. herb. 79.—Vaill. hift. de l'acad. 2. 2, in vol. for 1719. p. 16. This laft I have not feen.—(Fl. dan. 510, is C. demerfum.)

So nearly allied to *C. demerfum* that it may prove to be only a variety. LINN.—Specimens from Paris had the leaves twin-forked. I fhould not be inclined to confider it as a diffinct fpecies. HALL.

Ditches on the fide of the road from Chichefter to the Ifle of Selfey. R. fyn.

1163. MYRIOPHYL'LUM. Milfoil.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 4; oblong; upright; the outermost the largeft, and the innermost the imalleft.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 8; hair-like; longer than the cup; limber. Tips oblong.

F. Fertile Flowers placed under the others.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-buds 4; oblong. Shafts o. Summits downy. S. VESS. none.

SEEDS 4; oblong.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. 4 leaves. Bloss. o. Chives 8.

F. Empal. 4 leaves. Blofs. O. Point. 4. Shaft O. Seeds 4; naked. OBS. In M. verticillatum the chives and pointals are frequently in the fame empalement.

MYRIOPHYL'LUM *fpica'tum*. Barren flowers *fpiked* in interrupted fpikes. LINN.—Spike naked. HALL. ST. Vol. II. 4A Fl.

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Fl. dan. 681.—C. B. pr. 73. 1, cop. in Park. 1257. 7, J. B. iii. 783. 1, and Pet. 6. 5.—(Pet. 6. 7, feems rather to be M. verticillatum, from the closeness of the whorls of leaves.)

Spike leaflefs. LINN.—Leaves always in fours. GMEL. WITH. —Stem branched. Leaves in whorls, under water, winged; wings hair-like, deep green. Flowering fpike rifing above the water. Whorls 6 or 8, the upper of barren flowers, fornewhat crowded, the lower of fertile flowers more diftant. Empal. leaves oval, concave, purplifh without, fhedding. Tips yellowifh green. Summits expanding crofs-wife. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stems reddifh, divided within into about 16 hollow cells. Leaves winged; leafits awlfhaped. Flowers 4 in a whorl; the barren ones the uppermoft, and forme of them containing the rudiments of 4 feed-buds. Tips yellow. WITH.—Stems hollow, fcored, jointed, branched:

Spiked Water-Milfoil .- Ditches, ponds, lakes, and fill water.

P. July. Hubs. [May. WITH.] Sheep and Goats refuse it.

 β HUDS. Broadifh entire leaves at the bafe of the whorls. BOBART in H. ox. M. verticillatum β which fee.

whorled

Clus. ii. 252. 1, cop. in Park. 1256. 3, J. B. iii. 783. 2, and Pet. 6. 8.

Leaves in fives. In this and alfo M. verticillatum I find barren and fertile flowers diffinct, and fometimes, though rarely, fome with chives and pointals. LINN. fl. fuec .- Leaves in fours. Flowers with chives and pointals. TURRA quoted by Linn. in fyft. veg.-Leaves generally in fives, half an inch long, 3 lines broad, winged; the wings briffleftrap-fhaped, fcarcely 2 lines long, those of the flower leaves 17 line long. POLLIGH .- In muddy ditches, with little water, it appears as follows. Stems 6 or 8 inches high, fimple. Leaves not more than an inch long ; wings 15 or 2 lines long. In ponds as follows. Stems branching, 2 feet and more long. Leaves under water 15 or 2 inches long; wings half an inch long, hair-like and flenderer. Spike 6 or 7 inches long, with 12 to 16 or more whorls, the lower ones about half an inch diffant, the upper nearer, with 4 or 5 winged leaves at each whorl, about half an inch long, wings about I line long. Flowers in the bosom of the leaves, fimilar to those of M. fpicatum, those of the upper whorls usually barren; those of the lower fertile, and fometimes the upper barren, the middle ones with chives and pointals in the fame flower, and the lower fertile. Mr. WOODWARD.

Ditches

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

Ditches and ftagnant waters, HUDS.—rare. PET.—[Ditches near Bungay, Suffolk, and near Yarmouth. The large fort in a pond at Hedenham, Norfolk, on a ftrong clayey foil. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June, July.

β? ST.—H. ox. xv. 4. row 3. 7.—(Pet. 6. 6, referred to in R. fyn. is M. fpicatum.) Pentapteris floribus alaribus var. III. Hall. hift. m. 992.—Myriophyllum fpicatum β Hudfon.—Millefolium aquaticum pennaum minus, fotiolis fingularibus latufculis flofculis fubjectis donatum. H. ox. III. p. 622. R. fyn. 151. ST.

In a ditch near Lodden Bridge not far from Reading. H. ex.-In the River near Hounflow Heath. R. fyn.

1164. SAGITTA'RIA, Arrow-head.

B. Barren Flowers many.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 3; egg-fhaped; concave; permanent. BLOSS. Petals 3; circular; blunt; flat; expanding; thrice as large as the cup.

CHIVES. Threads many; generally 24; awl-fhaped; collected into a little head. Tips upright; as long as the cup.

F. Fertile Flowers few, and flanding beneath the others.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. Petals 3, as above.

POINT. Seed-buds numerous; compreffed; forming a little head; hunched on the outer fide; ending in very

fhort shafts. Summits fharp ; permanent.

S. VESS. none. Receptacle globular; and fet round with the feeds fo as to form a globe.

SEEDS numerous; oblong; compressed; encompassed lengthways by a broad membranaceous border, which is hunched on one fide, and tapering towards each end.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. of 3 leaves. Bloss. of 3 petals. Threads about 24.

F. Empal. of 3 leaves. Bloss. of 3 petals. Pointals many. Seeds many; naked.

SAGITTA'RIA fagittifo'lia. Leaves arrow- common Ihaped, pointed.—

Gief. 64.—Fl. dan. 172.—Dod. 538. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 161. 2, ic. i. 302. 1, Ger. em. 416. 2, and cop. in Park. 1247. 2; and 4 A 2 imit.

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imit. in J. B. iii. 789, which cop. in Pet. 43. 11.—(Pet. 43. 10, is y of LINN.)

Stalk not branched. Leaves, fegments pointed, ftraddling. Flowers in whorls. Whorls about 11 inch from each other. POLLICH.-Flowers beautiful, white, with purplish claws. RELH. -Leaves all from the root, the first which are always under water long, ftrap-fhaped, by fome authors confidered as a variety, and well figured in Fl. dan. 172, and ill done in Pet. 43. 9; the fucceeding, which rife above the water, arrow-fhaped, very entire, fmooth, with parallel ribs and a network of veins. Leaf-stalks tapering, convex underneath, concave above, covered by the water. Flowers 3 in a whorl. Flower-scales small, oval spear-shaped, 1 at the bafe of each fruit-stalk, embracing the stem. Fruit-stalks of the barren flowers an inch long, of the fertile flowers about half an inch long, ftronger. Petals fhedding. A plant very ornamental to the marsh ditches. Stalk with 6 edges. Flowers, the lower with only pointals, the upper with chives, and from I to 5 pointals; none with only chives. Empalement of I leaf, with 3 divisions. ST.

Arrow-head.—Ditches and Banks of flow rivers. P. July. There is always a bulb at the lower part of the root, growing in the folid earth, beneath the mud. This bulb conftitutes a confiderable part of the food of the Chinefe, and upon that account they cultivate it.

Horfes, Goats and Swine eat it; Cows are not fond of it. β Huds. Ger. 337, cop. in β . B. iii. 790. 2, and Pet. 43. 12.

On the Thames fhore, over againft Lambeth palace; and before the E. of Peterborough's houfe, above the horfe-ferry, on Weftminfter fide. R. βm .—The other varieties mentioned by authors appear to me to differ merely in fize. The β of Linnæus and β of Hall, is furgly imaginary, for the ftrap-fhaped leaves will be always found both before and after flowering. Mr. WOODWARD.

HE7. POTE'RIUM.

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

1167. POTE'RIUM. Burnet.

B. Barren Flowers forming a spike.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 3; egg-fhaped; coloured; fhedding. BLOSS. with 4 divisions. Petals egg-shaped ; concave ; expanding; united at the bafe; permanent.

CHIVES. Threads many; 20 to 50; hair-like; very long; limber. Tips roundifh; double.

F. Fertile Flowers in the fame spike, but placed above the others. EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. Petal 1; wheel-fhaped. Tube fhort; roundifh; clofing at the mouth. Border with 4 divisions.

Segments egg-fhaped ; flat ; reflected ; permanent. POINT. Seed-buds 2; oblong egg-fhaped; within the tube of the bloffom. Shafts 2; hair-like; coloured; limber; as long as the bloffom. Summit pencilfhaped; coloured.

S. VESS. Berry formed of the tube of the bloffom; grown thick; hard; and clofed.

SEEDS 2.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. leaves 4. Blofs. 4 divisions. Chives 30 to 40.

F. Empal. leaves 4. Bloss. 4 divisions. Pointals 2. Berry formed of the tube of the bloffom indurated.

OBS. Empalement fometimes of 2 or 3 leaves. REICH.

POTE'RIUM Sanguisor'ba. Without thorns. common Stems fomewhat angular .---

Ludw. 197 .- Curt. ii. 15, but all the leafits egg-shaped and pointed .-Matth. 1034, imit. in Dod. 105. 1, Lob. obf. 412. 3; ic. i. 718. 2, Ger. em. 1045. 1, and cop. in Park. 582. 1; and imitated allo in Ger. 889. 1 .- Sheldr. - Gars. 457, but in thefe 2 laft, the leafits more like those of Sanguisorba officinalis .- Fuchs. 789, cop. in 7. B. iii. b. 116.—Blackw. 413.—Col. ecphr. i. 124, cop. in H. ox. viii. 18. 1, but in the copy the whole plant is reprefented as rough.-(Trag. 470, is a copy of Fuchs. 788, a reprefentation of Sanguisorba officinalis.—Lonic. i. 230. 1, is the same.)

Barren flower with 2 feeble pointals. Berry dry, angular. Seeds 4-cornered, tapering to each end. LINN .- Much fmaller than Sanguisorba officinalis. Stems usually declining. Leaves, the lower leafits rounder than those of Sanguiforba officinalis. Heads fometimes 4 A 3 purplifh

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purplifh when in feed; never of fo deep a tinge as those of the Sanguiferba, and not fhining. Mr. WOODWARD .- Root woody, cylindrical, long. Stem afcending, furrowed, fmooth above, hairy below. Leaves winged ; leafits heart-circular, fcolloped, fmooth. fometimes folded to; the upper opposite, the lower alternate. Leafstalks 3-cornered, channelled, hairy, fomewhat membranaceous at the bafe. Spikes roundifh, the terminating one the largest. Fruit-flalks long, flaccid, nodding. Fence none. Barren flowers in the lower part of the fpikes. Fertile flowers above the barren flowers, in the upper part of the fpikes, and expanding before the barren flowers, as if prepared for the reception of the latter. Empal. dry, membranaccous, fomewhat hairy, light brown. Petals green, coloured without, membranaceous at the edge, those of the fertile flowers bent back after flowering. Seed-bud egg-oblong, beneath, between the empalement and bloffom, as in Sanguilorba officinalis; in the barren flowers wanting. Shafts purple, fometimes flesh-coloured, or whitish. Sr.-Sanguisorba Poterium. Spikes roundish. Flowers barren and fertile in the various difpolitions. Chives many. WIGGERS p. 14, * confidering it after Haller, as of one and the fame genus with Sanguiforba officinalis. * Poterium and Sanguiforba agree in habit, mode of flowering, and fruit. I have feen in the S. canadenfis flowers with chives and pointals in various difpofitions, and in S. media in various dispositions, and with chives and pointals feparate on the fame plant, and in the S. auriculata of Scop. there are 4 chives, I pointal, and flowers with chives and pointals in various dispositions, fo that these genera cannot be feparated without doing violence to nature. WIGGERS .- The above opinion of Wiggers has induced me to fubjoin my remarks on Sanguiforba officinalis, which I omitted to infert in their proper place. Empal. double, beneath; the outer of 2 leaves, leaves spear egg-fhaped; but often egg, or inverfely egg-fhaped, keeled, upright, membranaceous, brown, nearly as long again as the feedbud, the keel and edges hairy; the inner of I leaf, clothing the feed-bud, crowned with a flefhy convex receptacle which has 4 obfcure teeth, is woolly and furrounds the bafe of the bloffom. Bloss. fegments fo flightly cohering at the bafe, that the flighteft touch feparates them, concave, fomewhat keeled and hairy on the outfide, towards the bafe. Pointals fometimes, though rarely, 2. Seed-bud or Seed-buds oblong, fmooth, clothed by the empalement. This description, compared with that given above of the Poterium Sanguiforba, feems to evince a more intimate connexion between these plants than would appear from the generic descriptions. In a natural order thefe plants feem most nearly allied to Plantago, ST. notes, July 17, 1776. Burnet.

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

Burnet.-High meadows and pastures in a calcareous foil.

P. July. Hubs. [Beginning of May. St.] The young leaves are fometimes used in fallads, and in cool tankards. When bruifed they fmell like cucumber. It has, of late years, been cultivated, as affording food for cattle early in the fpring; and growing fo luxuriantly, as to allow of 3 mowings during the fummer, Bot. arr. ed. i. p. 73 ;- but not answering the farmers expectations, it is now in a great degree laid alide. Cattle are faid not to be fond of it, nor is its produce fufficient to, answer the expence attending its culture. CURT .- The leaves and feeds are mildly aftringent, and have been used in dyfenteries and hæmorrhages. Lewis.

1168. OUER'CUS. Oak.

B. Barren Flowers forming a loofe catkin.

EMPAL. Cup, I leaf; with 4 or 5 clefts; fegments fharp; often cloven.

ELOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads many; 5, 8, or 10; very thort. Tips large; double.

F. Fertile Flowers feated in a bud on the fame tree.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; leather-like; hemispherical; rough; very entire; hardly difcernable whilft the flower continues.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped ; very fmall. Shafts 2 to 5; longer than the cup. Summit fimple ; permanent.

- S. VESS. none.
- SEED. Nut oval; formed of a leather-like coat of I valve. which appears as if rafped at the bafe; fixed to a fhort cup; cylindrical; fmooth.
 - Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. with mosly 5 clefts. Bloss. o. Chives 5 to 10.

F. Empal. of 1 leaf; very entire; rough. Bloss. 0. Shafts 2 to 5. Seed 1; egg-shaped.

QUER'CUS Robur. Leaves deciduous; oblong; common broadeft towards the end; indentations rather acute; angles blunt .--

Ludw. 69 .- Hunt. evel. p. 69, ed. I; i. p. 67, ed. II.-Gars. 480 .- Ded. 823. 1, repr. in Lob. cbf. 582. 3; ic. ii. 154. 2, 4 A 4 Ger.

MONOECIA POLYANDRIA.

Ger. em. 1340. 2, and cop. in Park. 1390. 1.—Lob. obf. 583. 2, and repr. in ic. ii. 155. 2.—Matth. 204.—; .B.i. b. 85—Lob. obf. 583. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 155. 1, and cop. in J. B. i. b. 83.— Ger. 1156. 1.—J. B. i. b. 70. 2.—Lonic. i. 31. 2.—Fuchs. 229, cop. in J. B. i. b. 70. 1.—Trag. 1102.—Spect. de la nat. 25. 1, at ii. p. 283, cop. in Nat. delin. 17. 1, at ii. p. 311.

« LINN.—Leaves on leaf-ftalks. Fruit fitting, MILL. —nearly fitting. Du Roi.

Leaves appear later than in β .—Flowers come out later. Fruit later. Acorns 4 to 12 together, on fome trees egg-fhaped, in others oblong, taper-pointed. Wood reddifh, brittle. Du Ro1.—Leaves deeper green, and not fo deeply indented. RAV.—Frequently retains its leaves all winter. Mr. WOODWARD.

2. Robur β Huds.—2. laifolia mas, quæ brevi pediculo eft. R. fyn. 440. ST.—Bay-Oak about Newberry. R. fyn. Bagley-Wood, and other places. BOBART in R. fyn.—Common but lefs fo than β Mr. WOODWARD. T.

β LINN.—Leaves blunt, wing-indented. Leaf-ftalks very fhort. Acorns on very long fruit-ftalks. MILL.— Acorns on fruit-ftalks, moftly folitary. DU ROI.

Leaves not fo deeply indented, nor the indentures fo irregular, but oppofite. Trees raifed from acorns of this fort produced acorns and retained all the marks of their parent tree. MILL.— Leaves deeper green than in α , narrower above. Acorns 1 to 3, joined together. Wood whitifh, hard. Du Ro1.—Flowers appearing before the leaves. RELH.—Barren flowers: Empal. with 6 or 7, and fometimes 8 clefts, nearly corresponding in number to the chives. Chives 7 to 9, mostly 8. Fertile flowers: Empal. tiled, composed of finall leaves; leaves spear-egg-spearing coloured, about 20. Shafts mostly 3, bent back. ST. —In the mid-land counties the fruit-flaks are 5 or 6 times as long as the leaf-ftalks. WITH.

Quercus Robur a HUDS .- 2. feminea, MILL. DU ROI.

Oak-tree.—Woods and hedges. [Not fo common as α , but in the wilds of Kent and Suffex I have feen many large trees of it. MILL.] T. April.

It loves hilly better than boggy ground, and thrives beft, while young, in large plantations. Its roots defcend deep into the earth, and therefore will not bear to be transplanted. Much lopping deftroys it. Grafs will hardly grow beneath it.—The wood is bard; tough; tolerably flexible; not eafily fplintering; and therefore is preferred before all other timber for building fhips of war. It is well adopted to almost every purpose of the carpenter; but an at-

tempt

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

tempt to enumerate all the uses of this well known wood, would be equally fuperfluous and difficult .- Oak faw-dust is the principal indigenous vegetable used in dying fustian. All the varieties of drabs, and different fhades of brown, are made with Oak faw-duft, varioully managed and compounded .- The balls, or Oak apples, are likewife ufed in dying, as a fubftitute for galls. The black got from them, by the addition of copperas, is more beautiful than that from galls, but not fo durable .- The bark is univerfally ufed to tan leather. Its aftringent properties may be turned to good account in many medical indications. An infusion of it, with a fmall quantity of copperas, is used by the common people to dye woollen of a purplish blue: the colour, though not very bright, is durable. The balls, or galls upon the leaves, are occafioned by a fmall infect with four wings, called Cynips querci folii, which depofits an egg in the fubftance of the leaf, by making a fmall perforation on the under furface. The ball prefently begins to grow; and the egg in the center of it changes to a worm; this worm again changes to a nymph, and the nymph to the flying infect with four wings .- Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat the leaves. Swine and Deer fatten on the acorns.

The Papilio Iris, Quercus; Phaiæna Vinula, Quercus, Monacha, dispar, chryforrhæa, pudibunda, Oo, lubricipeda, guadra, pacta, Pfi, Bucephala, Lacertinaria, Viridana, Prasinana, Amataria, Red arches, Broad bar, Oak bar, Scollop broad wing bar, Triple bar, Dun bar, Oak beauty, Pale Oak beauty, Maiden blush, Clouded border, Laced border, Small brindle beauty, Brindled, Hornfey carpet, Marvel de jour. July high flyer, Gold fringe, Pea green, Heart, Half mourner, Japan long horn, Golden long horn, Maid of honour, Green golden horn, Large Japan, Bruffels lace, Triple lines, November. Orange band, Orange, O, Orange companion, Owl, October, Panther, Dark prominent, Red neck, Red shell, Scolloped shell, Snout, Grey fparkling, Orange fparkling, Clouded ftraw, Spider, Brown tail, Grey tulfock, Tiffue, Blood veined, Waved umber, Mottled umber, Copper underwing, Orange upper wing, Spring ufher. March clofe wing Moth; Phalæna nupta and Vindata; Cynips Quercus Bacca, Quercus Folii, Quercus Petioli, Quercus Gemma; Chermes Quercus; Aphis Quercus; Curculio Quercus, feed upon it. LINN .-The timber of this fort is accounted better than that of a. MILL. HUNT. evel .- To its difeases may be added the Excrescentia foliofa, Park. p. 1390. n. 8, and is defcribed by him as composed of fcaly leaves, and compared to the heads of Knap-weed. The buds in confequence I conjecture of their becoming the habitation of the Cynips Querci Gemma, fwell to the fize of a hafel nut. They are of a yellowish brown colour, the outer part being composed of the fcales

MONOECIA POLYANDRIA.

fcales of the bud enlarged. The infide is composed of long woolly threads. Mr. WOODWARD.—A tree of this kind in the parish of Little Shelfley, Worcestershire, measured in circumference about 2 yards from the ground 22 feet 4 inches,' and close to the ground nearly 48 feet. Mr. HOLLEFFAR.—In one growing in 1764, in Broomfield Wood, near Ludlow, Shropshire, the trunk measured 68 feet in girth, and 23 in length, and which, allowing 90 fquare feet for the larger branches, contained 1455 feet of timber. LIGHTFOOT.—The girth of the Green Dale Oak, near Welbeck, at 11 feet from the ground, was 38 feet; and one growing at Cowthorpe, near Wetherby, Yorkshire, measured 48 feet in circumference at 3 feet from the ground, and 78 feet close to the ground. HUNT. evel. with a figure of the former at ii. p. 200, and of the latter at p. 197.

1170. FA'GUS. Beech.

B. Barren Flowers fixed to a common receptacle, fomewhat like a catkin.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf; bell-fhaped; with 5 clefts. BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads many; about 12; as long as the cup; briftle-fhaped. Tips oblong.

F. Fertile Flowers in a bud, on the fame tree.

EMPAL. Cup I leaf; with 4 teeth; upright and sharp. BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud inclosed by the cup. Shafts 3; awlfhaped. Summits fimple; bent back.

S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; formed of the cup; large; befet with foft thorns; with 1 cell, and 4 valves.

SEEDS. Nuts 2; egg-fhaped; 3-cornered; with 3 valves; tapering.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. with 5 clefts; bell-fhaped. Blofs. o. Chives 12.

F. Empalement with 4 teeth. Bloss. o. Shafts 3. Capfule, which was heretofore the empalement, hedge-hogged; with 4 values. Seeds 2.

OBS. The barren flowers fometimes form a cylinder, at others a globe.

Chefnut

nut FA'GUS Casta'nea. Leaves spear-shaped, with tapering ferratures, naked underneath.--

Hunt.

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

Hunt. evel. p. 159; i. p. 153. ed. II .- Mill. 84 .- Tourn. 352, parts of fructification .- Nat. difpl. ii. 30, at p. 290, cop. in Nat. delin. ii. 19. 3, at p. 312 .- Matth. 211 .- Dod. 814. 1, repr. in Lob. ic. ii. 160. 2, obf. 588. 1, Ger. em. 1442. 1, and cop. in Park. 1400. 1, and J. B. i. b. 121.-Garl. 204.-Ger. 1253. 1.-Blackw. 330.-Fuchf. 377, cop. in Trag. 1100.-Lonic. i. 31. 1.

Catkins cylindrical. LINN .- Leaves ending in a long very taper point: ferratures ending in a kind of thorn. Mr. WOODWARD. Chefnut-tree .- Woods and hedges, in Kent, common. [Burleigh Park, in great abundance. Mr. WOODWARD.] T. May.

Nothing will thrive under its shade.—The wood is applicable to the fame uses that oak is .- If the bark is not taken off, it makes poles for espaliers, dead fences and hop yards, and pipes to convey water under ground, which will laft longer than Elm or Oak,-Some of the oldeft buildings in London are faid to be constructed with this wood .- At Tortworth, in Gloucestershire, there is a tree 52 feet round. It is proved to have flood there ever fince the year 1150, and was then fo remarkable as to be called the great Chefnut of Tortworth. It fixes the boundary of the manor, and is probably near 1000 years old. Gent. Mag. 1766, p. 321, where there is a drawing of it. Mr. Collinfon, the author of this account, makes no doubt of the Chefnut being a native of England, and affigns the great profit that arifes from them when cut for hop-poles, as the reafon why it is fo rare to fee large trees in the woods. The nuts are used for whitening linen cloth, and for making ftarch. They are roafted on fmall floves in the freets by the fruit women, and in winter form a very agreeable addition to our deferts.

FA'GUS sylvatica. Leaves egg-fhaped, indiffinctly common ferrated.-

Hunt. evel. p. 136; i. p. 131. ed. II.-Matth. 205, cop. in Ger. 1255, in fruit.-Dod. 832, repr. in J. B. i. b. 118.-Lonic. i. 33. 1.-Spect. de la nat. ii. 29. 1, at p. 290, cop. in Nat. delin. ii. 19. 1, at p. 312 .- (Trag. -Ger. em. 1444, and cop. in Park. 1403, and also in Lob. obs. 587. 1107 more refembles a Rhamnus.)

Catkins globular. LINN.-Bark fmooth, white. Beech-tree.

Woods and hedges in a calcareous foil. T. March, Apr. The tree is large and beautiful, but no verdure will flourish under its shade. It loves a fertile soil. Whilst young it is apt to fuffer from exposure. It is difficult to transplant. It retains its old leaves through the winter. It bears lopping well, and may be

MONOECIA POLYANDRIA.

be trained to form very lofty hedges.—The wood is brittle; foon decays in the air, but endures under water. It is formed into tool handles, planes, mallets, chairs, and bedfteads.` Split into thin layers it is ufed to make fcabbards for fwords. It is excellent fuel, and when burnt affords a large quantity of Pot-afh.—The leaves, gathered in autumn, before they are much injured by the frofts, make infinitely better mattraffes than firaw or chaff, and endure for 7 or 8 years.—The nuts, or mafts as they are called, when eaten, occafion giddinefs and head-ache; but when well dried and powdered make wholefome bread. They are fometimes roafted and fubfituted for coffee. They fatten Swine, and are greedily devoured by mice, fquirrels, and birds. The poor people in Silefia ufe the expreffed oil inftead of butter.

Sheep and Goats eat the leaves.

Phalana Populi, Coryli, pudebunda; Curculio Fagi; Scarabeus Melolontha; Aphis Fagi, feed upon both fpecies. LINN.—A Horfe kept at grafs eat it. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.—In fome parts of Hertfordfhire, where the foil is a firong clay full of flints, thefe trees grow to a very large fize, and are of extreme beauty. It does not relift a light foil. No tree is more beautiful when flanding fingly in parks or ornamental grounds, as it throws out its branches very regularly, and feathers almost to the ground. In woods or groves it grows clear of branches to a great height. Mr. WOODWARD.*

* I have fometimes amufed myfelf on the road with attempting to difcover what I would call the diffinitive charafteriffics of Foreft Trees. Branches zigzag, elongated, (ramis flexuofis elonga'is) is what I have applied to the fatula Fagus of Virgil.—I hope Mr. Kenyon, the ingenious author of the Antiquities of Herefordfhire, will favour the public with his ideas on the fubjeft, as expressed by the pencil. Sr.

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1:71. CAR'PINUS.

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

1171. CAR'PINUS. Horn-beam.

B. Barren Flowers in a cylindrical catkin.

EMPAL. Common Catkin, loofely tiled on every fide; confifting of Scales, with a fingle flower in each; egg-

fhaped; concave; Tharp; fringed.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads generally 10; very fmall. Tips double; compreffed; woolly at the end; with 2 valves.

F. Fertile Flowers in an oblong catkin on the fame tree.

EMPAL. Common Catkin, loofely tiled; confifting of Scales. inclofing a fingle flower; fpear-fhaped; woolly; reflected at the end.

BLOSS. Shaped like the cup; of I leaf; with 6 clefts; 2 of the Segments larger than the others.

POINT. Seed-buds 2; very fhort. Shafts, 2 to each feedbud; hair-like; coloured; long. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. none. The Catkin growing very large contains the feed at the bafe of the fcales.

SEED. Nut egg-fhaped ; angular.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empalement of I leaf; scale fringed. Blos. o. Chives 20.

F. Empalement of 1 leaf; scale fringed. Bloss. o. Seed-buds 2. Shafts 2 to each. Nutt egg-shaped.

CAR'PINUS Bet'ulus. Scales of the cones flat. - common

Matth. 145, cop. in Ger. 1296 .- Park. 1406, cop. in J. B. i. b. 146.-Hunt. evel. p. 143; i. p. 138. ed. II.-Clus. i. 55. 2, repr. in Dod. 841, Lob. obf. 607. 2, ic. ii. 190. 1, Ger. em. 1479 .- Trag. 1109, cop. in Lonic. i. 33. 2.

Chives 8 to 16. LINN.-Bark fmooth, white. Leaves oval, pointed, fharply ferrated.

Horn-beam Tree. Hard-beam Tree. Horfe or Horn-beech Tree. [Wych Hafel in Effex. ST.]

In woods and hedges.

T. May.

It loves a poor stiff foil, on the fides of hills, is eafily transplanted, and bears lopping. Cattle eat the leaves, but pasturage will not flourish in its shade-The wood burns like a candle; it is very white, very tough, harder than Hawthorn, and capable of fupporting a great weight. It is useful in turning, and for many implements of hufbandry. It makes cogs for mill wheels; even fuperior

fuperior to Yew.—The inner bark is much used in Scandinavia to dye yellow.—The Phalana brumata and rostralis feed upon it.

1172. COR'YLUS. Hafel.

B. Barren Flowers in a long catkin.

EMPAL. Catkin Common, tiled on every fide; cylindrical; confifting of Scales, each inclofing a fingle flower; narrower at the bafe, broader and more blunt at the end; bent inwards, with 3 clefts. The Middle Segment as long, but twice as broad as the others, and covering them.

BLOSS. none.

- CHIVES. Threads 8; very fhort; fixed to the inner fide of the fcale of the cup. Tips egg-fhaped; oblong; fhorter than the cup; upright.
 - F. Fertile Flowers at a diftance from the others, on the fame plant; fitting; inclosed in the bud.
- EMPAL. Cup, leaves 2; like leather; jagged at the edge; upright; as long as the fruit; fo fmall as to be hardly difcernible during the time of flowering.

POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; very fmall. Shafts 2; briftlefhaped; much longer than the cup; coloured. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. none.

- SEED. Nut fomewhat egg-fhaped; appearing as if rafped at the bafe; point rather flatted; and a little tapering toward the end.
 - ESS. CHAR. B. Empalement of 1 leaf; with 3 clefts, like a fcale, with 1 flower. Blofs. o. Chives 8.
 - F. Empalement of 2 leaves; torn. Blofs. o. Shafts 2. Nut egg-fhaped.

OBS. This genus is nearly allied to the CARPINUS.

common

COR'YLUS Avella'na. Props egg-fhaped; blunt.--Blackw. 203.-Hunt. evel. 220; i. p. 213. ed. II.-Lonic. i. 30. 1, cop. in Trag. 1096, middle right hand branch.-Matth. 281, right hand lowermost branch.-Park. 1415. 5.-Gars. 233.--Spect. de la nat. 32. 2, in ii. p. 292, and cop. in Nat. delin. 20. 4, in ii. p. 312.-Lob. ic. ii. 192. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1438. 2, and cop. in Ger. 1250. 2.-Fuchf. 398. Shafts

BLoss. none.

Chives and Pointals Separate, Many Chives.

Shafts very red, RELHAN-which, being of a vivid crimfon, have a very beautiful appearance in March, when the catkins expand. Mr. WOODWARD.—Flowering branches, efpecially those bearing the fertile flowers, fet with fhort fine hairs terminating in globules. Catkins in pairs, yellowish green. Scale, the middle fegment pointed at the end. Tips hairy. Dust yellow. Shafts crimfon. WITH. —Leaves oval, ferrated, wrinkled. Catkins green, when out of flower brown.

Hafel-nut Tree.-Woods and hedges. T. March, April. It is frequently planted in hedges, and in coppices to make charcoal for forges. The owners cut them down in equal portions in the rotation of 16 years, and raife regular revenues out of them; often more than the rent of the land, for freeholders of 15l. or 25l. per ann, are known to make constantly 60l. a year from their woods. Penn. tour. 1772. p. 29. The wood is used for fishing rods, walking flicks, crates, hoops for barrels, &c. the fhoots for fpringles to fasten down thatch. The roots are preferred where beautiful wood is required for inlaying or flaining. It is a practice in Italy to put the chips of Hafel into turbid wine, to clear it, which it does in 24 hours : and in countries where yeaft is fcarce, they take the twigs of Hafel, and twift them together, fo as to be full of chinks; these they steep in ale during its fermentation; then hang them up to dry, and when they brew again they put them into the wort inftead of yeaft .- Painters and engravers prepare coals for delineating their defigns thus. They take pieces of Hafel about as thick as a man's arm, and 4 or 5 inches long, dry and then cleave them into pieces about as thick as one's finger. These they put into a large pot full of fand, and then cover the top of the pot with clay. This is exposed in a potter's oven, or any other fufficient degree of heat, and, when cooled again, the flicks are found converted into charcoal, which draws freely, and eafily rubs out again .---The nuts are agreeable to most people. Squirrels live chiefly upon them. An expressed oil is obtained from them, for the use of painters .- Goats and Horfes cat the leaves. Sheep and Swine refuse them .- The Brindle, Spider, and December Moths; Pha-Læna Populi, Pavonia, Pfi, Gonofligma; Attelabus Coryli; and Curculio Nucum, feed upon it.

Order

1092

MONOECIA MONADELPHIA.

Order IX.

MONADELPHIA;

THREADS UNITED.

1175. PI'NUS. Fir.

B. Barren Flowers in bunches.

EMPAL. none, but the gaping fcales of the bud. BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads many; united below into an upright pillar, divided at the top. Tips upright.

F. Fertile Flowers on the fame tree.

EMPAL. Common Cone, fomewhat egg-fhaped; composed of Scales, with 2 flowers in each; oblong; tiled; permanent; inflexible.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud very fmall. Shaft awl-fhaped. Summit fimple.

- S. VESS. none. The Scales of the cone, which before flood open, clofing upon the feed.
- SEED. Nut enlarged by a membranaceous wing, larger than the feed, but fimaller than the fcales of the cone; oblong; on one fide ftraight, but hunched on the other.
 - Ess. CHAR. B. Empalement of 4 leaves. Blofs. o. Chives many. Tips naked.

F. Empalement of the cone a scale with 2 flowers. Bloss. o. Pointal 1. Nut protected by a membranaceous wing.

* Several leaves from the fame sheathed base.

Scotch

h PI'NUS Jylvef'tris. Leaves in pairs, in their first growth folitary, fmooth.—

Fl. Rofs. II. f. I. i. Mill. ill. Blackw. 190. Hunt. evel. 266; i. p. 274. ed. II. Barr. 729, the cones the beft. Tourn. 355, 356, P. 2. Matth. 98, cop. in Ger. 1175. 2, and J. B. i. b. 253. Dod. 860. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 631. 2; ic. ii. 226. 2, Ger. em. 1356. 1. Cones pendant, whitifh.

Highland

Chives and Pointals Separate, Threads united.

Highland mountains, both fcattered, and in natural forefts of many miles extant. LIGHTFOOT. T. May.

It flourishes best in a poor fandy foil. In a grove, the trunk becomes tall and naked; in funny open places, branched. On rocks or bogs, it feldom attains a large fize. In black foil it becomes difeafed, and in chalky land it dies. Sometimes it will thrive near running, but never near ftagnant waters. None but the terminating buds fend forth branches, therefore it will not bear the leaft clipping. The roots fpread very near to the furface of the earth, all but the central root which grows perpendicularly downwards : and if this is broken off, or interrupted in its paffage by rocks, the ftem ceafes to fhoot upwards and the tree for ever remains a dwarf. Upon this account it is apt to fuffer by tranfplanting .- This tree furnishes us with the best red or yellow deal. It is fmooth, light, and eafily cloven. The bark will tan leather. -The inhabitants of the North of Europe make bread from this tree in the following manner. They choofe a tree whofe trunk is even, for these contain the least refin, and strip off the bark in the fpring when it feparates most readily. This they first dry gently in the fhade; then in a greater heat; and reduce it to powder. With this powder they mix a fmall quantity of corn-meal, and with water knead it into bread. This they eat, not only in years of fcarcity, but at other times, from an apprehension that long difuse might render it difagreeable to them. Their children are very fond of the fresh bark in the spring time, either shaved with a knife or grated with a rafp-the young fhoots diffilled afford a fragrant effential oil.-Sheep and Goats are not fond of it: Horfes refuse it.-It affords nourishment to the Phalæna Pini, quadra; Curculio Pini, and Cimex Abietis.* THE SEMICON IN

* Pinus Picea, and P. Abies are inferted in R. fyn. and the Fl. angl. and Hunt. evel. as natives of the mountains of Scotland, but only on hear-fay evidence. Mr. Lightfoot affures us that the P. Sylvestris is the only fpecies found wild in that country. Sr .- The 36 fine trees of P. Picea, mentioned by Plot and Ray as growing near Newport in Shropshire, are now no mores WITH.

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Vol. 11. Clafs

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Clafs XXII.

A Design of the second second

CHIVES and POINTALS Diffinct. 1 1 shell

TN the preceding class the Flowers with only Chives, and L the Flowers with only Pointals were found upon the fame plant; but in this they are upon Different plants.

All the plants therefore of this Clafs are neceffarily either BARREN 'or FERTILE; the Flowers of the former containing only Chives; those of the latter, only Pointals.

Both forts are propagated from feeds, the product of the fertile plants.

Order

B. fignifies the barren, and

F. the fertile flowers.

A demand a series of

CHIVES and POINTALS Diffind.

Order II.

DIANDRIA; II. CHIVES.

Order III.

TRIANDRIA; III. CHIVES.

1202. EM'PETRUM...B. Cup with 3 divisions. Bloss. 3 petals.
F. Cup with 3 divisions. Bloss. 3 petals. Shafts 9. Berry 9 feeds.
+ Carex dioica. Bryonia alba. Valeriana dioica.

Order IV.

TETRANDRIA: IV. CHIVES.

1210. HIPPOPH'AE.	B. Cup with 2 divisions. Bloss. o.
	F. Cup with 2 clefts. Bloss. o.
	Point. 1. Berry, I feed, with a
	lopped feed-coat.
1209. VIS'CUM	B. Cup with 4 divisions. Bloss. o.
1	F. Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. o. Sum-
	mit blunt. Berry, I feed : be-
	neath.
1211. MYRI'GA	B. Catkin scaly. Bloss. o.
	F. Catkin fcaly. Bloss. o. Shafts 2.
1 1	Berry, 1 feed.
+ Rhamnus cathartic	us. Urtica dioica. Ilex aquifolium.

4 B 2

Order

1096

DIOECIA.

Order V.

PENTANDRIA; V. CHIVES.

1221. Hu'MULUS. B. Cup 5 leaves. Bloss. o. F. Cup I leaf. Bloss. o. Shafts 2. Seeds winged by the cup. + Ribes alpinum. Salix pentandra.

Order VI.

HEXANDRIA; VI. CHIVES.

1224. TA'MUS. B. Cup 6 leaves. Bloss. o. F. Cup 6 leaves. Bloss. o. Shaft with 3 clefts. Berry, 3 cells; beneath.

+ Afparagus officinalis. (See Roth. 145.) Rumex acetofa. Rumex acetofella.

Order VII.

OCTANDRIA; VIII. CHIVES.

1228. POP'ULUS. B. Catkin ragged. Bloss. O., Honeycup egg-fhaped. Chives from 8 to 16.

F. Catkin ragged. Bloss. o. Summit with 4 clefts. Eapf. 2 valves. Seeds feathered.

1229. RHODI'OLA. B. Cup with 4 divisions. Bloss. 4 petals. F. Cup with 4 divisions. Bloss. o.

Pointals 4. Capf. 4. Seeds many.

· Order

CHIVES and POINTALS DISTINCT.

Order_VIII.

ENNEANDRIA; IX: CHIVES.

1230. MERCURIA'LIS. B. Cup 3 leaves. Blofs. o. Chives from 9 to 12.
F. Cup 3 leaves. Blofs. o. Shafts 2. Capf. 2 berries.
1231. HYDRO'CHARIS. B. Cup 3 leaves. Blofs. 3 petals. F. Cup 3 leaves. Blofs. 3 petals. Shafts 6. Capf. beneath: 6 cells.

·Order IX.

DECANDRIA; X. CHIVES.

+ Lychnis dioica. Cucubalus otites.

Order X I.

ICOSANDRIA; XX. CHIVES.

+ Rubus Chamæmorus.

Order XII.

POLYANDRIA; MANY CHIVES.

+ Mercurialis. Stratiotes Aloides.

· 4B3

Order

DIOECIA.

1098

Order XIII.

MONADELPHIA;

THREADS UNITED.

1240. JUNIP'ERUS..... B. Catkin. Blofs. o. Chives 3. F. Cup with 3 divisions. Blofs. 3 petals. Shafts 3. Berry beneath; 3 feeds; 3 tubercles formed by the cup.
1241. TAX'US. B. Cup 4 leaves. Blofs. o. Tips with 8 clefts.

F. Cup 4 leaves. Bloss. o. Summit 1. Berry 1 feed; naked at the end.

Order XIV.

SYNGENESIA; TIPS UNITED.

11-11

fruit a Berry.

Order

CHIVES and POINTALS DISTINCT.

1099

Order II.

DIANDRIA; II. CHIVES.

1201. SA'LIX. Willow.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Common Catkin oblong; tiled on every fide; inclofed by a fence formed of a bud, which is compofed of

Scales, inclofing à fingle flower; oblong; flat; expanding.

BLOSS. Petals none.

Honey-cup a cylindrical gland; very fmall; lopped; containing honey; placed in the centre of the flower.

CHIVES. Threads 2; ftraight; thread-fhaped; longer than the cup. Tips double; with 4 cells.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cathin as above. Scales as above.

BLoss. none.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; tapering into a Shaft hardly diftingt from the feed-bud, rather longer than the fcale of the empalement. Summits 2; cloven; upright.

S. VESS. Capfule egg-awl-fhaped; with I cell, and 2 valves. Valves rolling back.

SEEDS numerous; egg-fhaped; very finall; crowned with a fimple hairy *Feather*.

Ess. CHAR. B. Catkin with fcales. Blofs. o. A gland fecreting honey at the bafe.

F. Catkin with fcales. Bloss. o. Shaft cloven. Capf. of 1 cell, and 2 values. Seeds with down.

OBS. Chives in fome fpecies 3 or 5; unequal in length. In the S. hermaphroduica the chives and pointals are within the fame empalement.—There are frequently large excreption the branches, leaves, and leaf-ftalks of Willows, which are the habi-

tations

4 B 4

DIOECIA DIANDRIA.

tations of different fpecies of *Cynips.* —Whoever defires to fhade a walk with Willows, fhould fet thofe which bear only chives in the catkins, or elfe they will foon multiply fo as to form a thicket inftead of a walk. The fame obfervation holds good of the Poplar.— Bees are very fond of the flowers.

* Leaves Smooth; Serrated.

hining

S A'LIX hermaphrodit'ica. Leaves ferrated; fmooth. Chives 2; in the fame flower with the pointals.—

Agrees with S. pentandra as follows. Leaves convoluted, yellowifh, often 6 in each bud; ferratures blunt, glandular. Cathins woolly, of the fame fize and habit. Differs as follows. Branches pale reddifh hue, not purplifh. Leaves, veins of the upper furface funk in, not elevated. Glands at the bafe of the leaf-ftalks protuberating. Flowersearlier and the gall-like excrefcences more numerous than in S. triandra. In the year 1754, there were found in place of the chives only the rudiments of tips fitting one on each fide of the honey-cup, appearing like 3 glands. LINN.—Leaves, the younger cottony. Spikes fhort, alternate. Threads 2, fomewhat longer than the pointal. Seed-bud woolly. Shaft fhort. Summits 2. ROTH. ii. 109.

Moift hedges. Plentifully about Often (Afhton according to Hudfon) Cumberland, 12 or 14 miles from Pereth, on the road to Newcaftle. RAX.—[Mr. Hudfon conjectures this plant of Ray to be S. hermaphroditica. Mr. Curtis in his cat. p. 84, doubts, and I think with reafon, of its being a native. It is to be wifhed that the Botanifts of the North would afcertain the fpecies defcribed by Ray as growing in the place above mentioned. ST.] T. March. April.

fmooth

SA'LIX trian'dra. Leaves ferrated, fmooth. Chives 3. LINN.—and fometimes 2 in the fame catkin. HUDS.

Gmel. i. 34. 3.

Very nearly allied to S. anygdalina. LINN.—Trunk tree-like, of a middling flature. Branches rod-like, fmooth. Leaves alternate, on leaf-ftalks, fpear-fhaped, ferrated, pointed, naked, fea-green underneath, I to 3 inches long. Leaf-ftalks fhort, channelled, naked, with and without leaf-fcales. Leaf-fcales 2, on the fides, roundifh, toothed. Glands 2, at the end of the leaf-ftalk. Catkins on fruit-ftalks, ftrap-fhaped, an inch long. Barren Flowers: Catkin ftrap-fhaped, an inch long, woollyifh. Threads very long. Tips roundifh, yellow. Fertile Flowers: Catkin fmoothifh. Iruitftalk leafy. HUDS.—Generally a flirub, but fometimes a confidera-

. ble

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, II. Chives.

1011

ble tree. The barren plant very frequent, the fertile one I have feen only once. Mr. WOOD.

Salix folio amygdalino utrinque aurito corticem abjiciens. R. fyn. 448? HUDS.—This plant of Ray is referred by Du Roi to the S. auriculata of Mill. n. 9, confidering it to be a variety of S. triandra. Miller, however, regards it as diftinct, and characterifes it as follows. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, fpear-fhaped, all alternate. ST.

Woods, hedges and banks of rivers. [About Leeds. Mr. Wood. --Lakenham near Norwich. Mr. Crowe.] S. or T. April. The bark in dofes of 1 or 2 drams will cure agues. Med. Comm.v. 298.

SA'LIX 'pentan'dra. Leaves ferrated, fmooth. forcet Chives 5.—

Fi. lapp. 8. z, leaf.—Gmel. i. 34. I, leaves too narrow as Mr. Lightf. very juftly obferves.—J. B. i. b. 216. I.—Fl. dan. 943, certainly not the plant, at leaft not what has been called fo by us, the leaves being much too fmall, and not refembling ours in fhape. Mr. WOODWARD.

From 6 to 10 feet high. Branches yellowifh purple. Buds confifting of 2 oppofite valves, fending out both catkins and leaves. Leaves yellowifh green; the teeth at the edges pour out a yellow gum, fo that put fresh into a book and compressed, there remains as many yellow dots on the paper as there are teeth in the leas. Catkins very yellow. LINN.—fweet fcented. LIGHTF.—Leaves gloffy, in hot weather exhaling an odoriferous perfume. CURT.— Honey-cups 3, yellowish brown, 2 next the fpike-stalk, and the 3rd next the fcale. Threads unequal, hairy towards the base. ST.— 12 feet high or more. WITH. ST.

Bay-leaved Willow.—Woods and hedges. In the North of England, and Coomb Wood, Surry.—About Kilnfay and Carr End Wenfledale, where it is the most common species. Curr.—[Near Bungay, Suffolk, frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.—On the fide of a wet ditch, on the out fide of some gardens without the East gate, Stafford. ST.] S. April.

The wood crackles greatly in the fire—The branches are cut to make fpringles.—Sheep and Goats eat it.—The leaves dried afford a yellow die. LINN. ST.—Much ufed in Yorkshire for making the larger fort of baskets. CURT.

S A'LIX vitelli'na. Leaves ferrated, egg-fhaped, yellow pointed, fmooth; ferratures griftly. Leaf-ftalks with callous dots.—

Munt. 12.-Fuchs. 335, cop. in J. B. i. b. 214. 3.

Perhaps

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DIOECIA DIANDRIA.

Perhaps if this was neither cultivated nor cut, it might degenerate into S. alba. HALL.

Ofier holts, frequent.

T. May.

The fhoots are used by crate and basket makers.

almond leaved

SA'LIX amygdalina. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, fpear-. fhaped, on leaf-ftalks. Props in fhape of an irregular fquare.—

Park. 1430. 5, cop. in 7. B. i. b. 215. 1.

Very clofely allied to S. triandra, but the leaves broader and different. The leaf-fcales vary very much in this genus. Differs from S. fragilis as follows. A fhrub. Branches red. LINN.

Willow beds and banks of rivers. S. Apr. May. Horfes and Goats eat it.

crack SA'LIX frag'ilis. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, eggfpear-fhaped. Leaf-ftalks with glandular teeth.—

Linn. fl. lapp. 8. b.—Hunt. evcl. 245, the branch with leaves; i. p. 238. ed. II.

A tall tree. The branches, if ftruck with a finger, break off at the fhoot of the prefent year. *Fruit-flalks* with 2 or 3 leaves at the bafe, often falling off. LINN.

Woods, hedges, and banks of rivers. [Near Shottifham, Norf. Mr. CROWE.] T. Apr. May.

It will thrive in most kinds of foil, if they are fufficiently moift. It is a quick grower, and bears cropping. The White Sattin Moth fometimes eats all its leaves.—The bark in dofes of 1 or 2 drams will cure agues. Med. comm. v. 298.

purple

SA'LIX *purpu'rea*. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, fpear-fhaped, the lower ones oppofite.—

Fuchf. 334; cop. in J. B. i. b. 2, the ferratures too like hairs.

A fhrub, fomewhat taller than a man. Branches rod-like, exceedingly tough, in the fpring deep purple, often of a blood coral red without. Inner Bark of a brimftone colour. Leaf-buds both above and beneath the flower-buds, each containing 3 leaves applied transverfely to the flem. Flower-buds beneath the ends of the branches. Catkins cylindrical, with 2 leaves. Empalement brown, hairy. LINN.

Ofier beds. [Thorpe meadows near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.] S. Apr. May.

Bafkets, cradles, and all forts of twig-work, are made of its long, flender, and flexible fhoots.

SALIX

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, II. Chives.

SA'LIX Hellix. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, fpear-ftrap- rofe fhaped, the upper opposite, oblique, LINN.—fome very entire, usually very entire at the base. LIGHTFOOT.

Ger. em. 1389. 2.-7. B. i. b. 213. 2.

Branches angular. Leaves when fully grown fea-green. LINN.— Chive 1. Haller and Du Roi doubt whether it be different from S. purpurea. REICH.—Bark yellowifh. Twigs purple, not cylindrical. Cathin compact, downy, with black fcales.

Hedges, watery places, and fides of rivers. T. Apr. May.

SA'LIX myrfinites. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, egg- whortleleaved fhaped, veined.

Fl, lapp. 8. f, a leaf; and 7. 6.

Highland mountains. LIGHTFOOT.—On the flope of a high hill between Kilnfay and Arncliff, Yorkfhire. CURT. S. May, June.

SA'LIX herba'cea. Leaves ferrated, fmooth, circular. herbaceous

Fl. lapp. 7. 3, barren plant—8. h, a leaf.—Fl. dan. 117.—Fl. lapp. 7. 4, fertile plant.—Pluk. 436. 7.

The fmalleft tree I am acquainted with. Branches hardly an inch long, and with feldom more than 3 leaves. Leaves nicked at the bafe. Leaf-fcales none. Fruit-ftalk from the fame bud with the leaves. Pointals fmooth. Flowers yellow. LINN.

On the fides of Snowdon, and on the mountains of Weftmoreland, Yorkfhire, and Scotland. [Among the higheft rocks of Snowdon. Mr. WOOD.—Summit of Skiddow, and other mountains in the North. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. May, June.

** Leaves smooth, very entire.

SA'LIX reticula'ta. Leaves very entire, fmooth, net-work egg-fhaped, blunt, LINN.—obfcurely hairy. LINN.

J. B. i. b. 217, S. pum. fol. rot. -Fl. dan. 212, the fingle leaf the beft. -Fl. lapp. 7. 1, barren plant; and 2, fertile plant. - ib. 8. l.

A little larger than S. herbacea. Stem purplifh, fcarcely a finger's length. Buds nicked at the end, with 3 leaves. Leaves on leafftalks, thick, large compared to the ftem, obfcurely hairy when frefh, above green, wrinkled and fhining, fea-green, and with a net-work of veins underneath, the veins at first red, at last green. Spike from the fame bud with the leaves, blue. Props none. Capf. with very fine whitish foft hairs. LINN.

Mountains of Wales, Yorksh. Cumberl. and Scotland. S. May.

SA'LIX rubra. Leaves very entire, fmooth, ftrap- red fpear-fhaped. HUDS.

Branches

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Branches greenish, tending to red. Leaves like those of S. viminalis, but wholly green. Buds reddish. Catkins at first red, afterwards greenish yellow: RAY.

Willow beds, but not common. Ofier holt between Maidenhead and Windfor, on the fide of the river near Salifbury.

T. April, May.

The twigs are much fought after by balket makers, gardeners, &c. R. fm.

* * * Leaves very entire, woolly.

round-eared SA'LIX auri'ta. Leaves very entire, woolly on both fides, inverfely egg-fhaped, furnifhed with appendages.— *Fl. lapp. 3. y, a leaf.*

Salix caprea & Hubs.

Woods and hedges. Dry mountainous heaths. HUDS.--[Frequent about Bungay, Suffolk. Mr. WOODW.] S. May, June. The fhoots are flender, and tolerably flexible.

downy SA'LIX lana'ta. Leaves woolly on both fides, roundifh, pointed? —

Fl. lapp. 7. 7; and 8. x, a leaf.

Vallies in the Highlands. Finlarig at the head of Loch Tay. Mr. STUART in fl. fcot. S. May.

Lapland SA'LIX lappo'num. Leaves very entire, hairy, fpearfhaped.—

Fl. lapp. 8. t.

Highland mountains. Crey-chaillich and Mal-ghyrdy Breadalbane. Mr. STUART. S. June.

fand

SA'LIX arena'ria. Leaves entire, egg-fhaped, pointed, fomewhat woolly above, cottony underneath?

Gmel. i. 36. 1.—Ray 19. 3.—Fl. lapp. 8. o, and q, leaves rather too much fpear-fhaped.—(Fl. dan. 197, does not agree with our plant.) LIGHTF.—(Hall. flirp. 5. 2, at p. 155, and repr. in hift. 14. 2, at i. p. 195, is expressly excluded in the syst. veg. ed. xiii. and xiv. and Mant. pl. but through inattention retained by the editor of the syst. pl.)

Of the height of a man. Stems upright, not much branched, afh-coloured or red. Leaves alternate, upright, thick, above green, wrinkled, in fome plants fmooth, in others (Fl. lapp. 8. o.) the veins fprinkled with very fine, fcattered, juft perceptible hairs, underneath with ftrong veins, of a fnowy white, and covered with a thick

Chives and Pointals Diftinct, II. Chives.

a thick down. Leaf-scales in some plants (Fl. lapp, 8. g.) at the base of the leaf-stalks. LINN .- Probably a variety of S. repens. LIGHTF.

Salix repens y Hubs.

Sea fhores amongst loofe blowing fand, as in Cantire, between Macrianesh and Bar. LIGHTE.-On the flope of an high hill between Kilnfay and Arncliff, Yorkshire. CURT. S. May.

SALIX re'pens. Leaves very entire, fpear-fhaped, creeping nearly bare on both fides. Stem creeping. LINN .- Leaves very entire, fpear-fhaped, underneath woolly and fhining Hups. *

Clus. i. 85, repr. in Dod. 843. 2, Ger. em. 1391. 6, and cop. in Park. 1433. 2 and 3, Ger. 1205. 6, and 7. B. i. b. 216. 2.

The fmalleft of our common Willows, and indeed fcarcely larger than S. herbacea, the points only of the branches appearing above ground. Stem of the thickness of a finger. Branches rod-like, drooping; the leffer branches fprinkled with white foft hairs. Leaves egg-fhaped, or egg-oblong, fmooth on both fides, fea-green underneath, on leaf-stalks, the lowermost transversely opposite, and fomewhat hairy. Leaf-fcales none. Catkins lateral. Capfules reddifh. LINN.

Salix repens & Hudfon.-S. humilis, Ger. em. 1391. ST.

Putney-Heath, in a wood by West Wickham, and Addington near Croydon. [Boggy meadows frequent. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. April.

B Salix repens a Hubs.

Clus. i. 86. 2, tepr. in Ger. em. 1391. 8, cop. in Park. 1435. 3. Either this or a variety of it, with leaves filvery on both fides. was found near Sandwich, Kent. R. fyn.

SA'LIX ful'ca. Leaves very entire, egg-fhaped, brown downy underneath.—

Fl. lapp. 8. r.-Lob. adv. 423, repr. in ic. ii. 138. 1, and cop. in J. B. i. b. 217. 1.

A fmall shrub, very low, creeping. Leaves very fmall, blunt, nearly fitting, alternate, fmooth and green, and at length of a blackifh green above, underneath fea-green and fhining, with very fine fcattered white filky hairs. Catkins without leaves, feveral, at the end of the laft year's fhoots, generally turning blackifh. Buds of I valve, divided. Scales brown. Chives yellowith. Salix arenaria, incubacea, repens, and fusca, are very closely allied. LINN.

Salix

* Including S, arenaria, fusca, and rosmarinifolia, as varieties. Sr.

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DIOECIA DIANDRIA.

Salix repens d HUDS. --- (Cluf. i. 86. 1, repr. in Dod. 844, Ger. em. 1391. 7, and cop. in Park. 1434. 2, and J. B. i. b. 214. 1; and Ger. 1205. 7, are also referred to by Mr. Hudson, but appear to me to be S. incubacea, which I am inclined to believe will prove to be a native species.) Heaths and turfy bogs. S. May.

rofemaryleaved SA'LIX rofmarinifo'lia. Leaves very entire, fpearftrap-fhaped, quite ftraight, fitting, cottony underneath. Lob. obf. 568. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 137. 2, and cop. in Park. 1435. 4, and 7. B. i. b. 214. 2.

> Leaves strap-shaped, pointed, underneath shining, filky, woolly. Leaf-scales none. LINN.—Tuigs remarkably tough. Approaches nearest to S. vitellina. CURT.

Salix repens : Hubs.

Low fields. LINN.-Found amongft Mr. J. Sherard's dried plants, the place not named. R. fyn. On the edge of a rivulet which runs into Semer Water, Wenfledale, Yorkfhire. CURT.

* * * * Leaves Somewhat Serrated; woolly.

Sallow

SA'LIX ca'prea. Leaves egg-fhaped; wrinkled; downy underneath; waved, with little teeth towards the end. LINN.—elliptical, fomewhat ferrated, woolly above. Hubs.*

Fl. lapp. 3. f. a leaf.—Hunt. evel. 245. branches with cathins; i. p. 238. ed. II.—Fl. dan. 245.—Ger. 1203. 3, cop. in Ger. em. 1390. 3, and Park. 1432. 1.

Sometimes becomes a tree of confiderable fize. Branches when young palifh, and downy. Buds, the lower producing leaves, the upper catkins. Leaves flightly taper-pointed each way, above green and fcarce fenfibly downy, underneath pale green with a very thin woollinefs; the edge marked with fome notches not obvious unlefs carefully examined, but from the middle downy, evidently waved. LINN .- Catkins not leafy. Bark brown, in the younger branches woolly, in the older fmooth. Branches tough. Leaves often 3 inches long, and 2 broad. Leaf-scales 2, femi-circular, ferrated, falling off. Flower buds of I valve, with 2 and 3 unequal divisions. Catkins thick. Scales brown, woolly. Chives fweet-fcented, cloven half way down. Capfules hairy, filky. Du Ro1 .- Branches tough, cylindrical, fmooth, reddifh. Leaves oblong-egg-fhaped, a little woolly underneath. Leaf-flaiks confiderably fhorter than half the breadth of the leaves, nearly cylindrical, with a gland on each just above the bafe.

* Including S. aurita as a variety. WITH.

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, II. Chives.

bale. Leaf-fcales minute, 1 on each, at the bale of the leaf-ftalk. WITH.

Salix caprea y Hudfon.—S. caprea, Mill. (Sr.)

Mountain Oster. MILL.

Woods and hedges, RAY—in dry land and high fituations. MILL. S. or T. April, May.

The branches being brittle, are unfit for bafket-makers, but it is frequently cultivated for fuel. MILL .- This requires a dryer foil than any of the other fpecies, for it will thrive upon the drieft hills. It may be topped every fecond or third year .- The wood is fmooth, and foft. It is converted into charcoal for making gun-powder and drawing pencils .- The Laplanders and inhabitants of the Hebrides use the bark for tanning leather, and the Swedes contrive to manufacture it into a kind of gloves. They give a decoction of the leaves for the heart-burn .- The flowers are particularly grateful to Bees, and the leaves and fhoots are eaten by Horfes, Cows, Goats and Sheep. The Papilio Iris, the highflyer Moth; the fcarce Silver-line-Moth, and the Copper underwing Moth feed upon it. LINN .- About the time of Palm-Sunday the children in the neighbourhood of London, Newcastle-underline, and probably many other parts of the ifland, gather the flowering branches, calling them palms. Sr.

B HUDS .- Leaves long and pointed. RAY. ST .- Frequent about Oxford. R. fyn.

Lob. ic. ii. 137. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 1390. 4, and cop. in Park 1432. 2.

y Leaves elliptical, taper-pointed. Sr.

Ger. 1203. 4.—Gars. 509.—J. B. i. b. 215. 3.—Trag. 1078, cap. in Lon. i. 25. 2. a.

HUDS .- S. aurita, which fee.

ε Hubs.-Leaves fmall, rounder.

Hedges near Chiffelhurst are some trees of confiderable height. R. fyn.-Dry mountainous heaths. Hups.

Leaves oblong-egg-fhaped, taper-pointed, wrinkled, cottony underneath. MILL.

S. acuminata. MILL.-S. caprea & HUDS.

Common Sallow .- Hedges, commonly fuch as are moift. RAY.

S A'LIX vimina'lis. Leaves mostly very entire, fpear-Ofier ftrap-fhaped, very long, pointed, filky underneath. Branches rod-like.

J. B. i. b. 212. 2.—Fuchf. 336.—(Munt. 12. is S. vitellina, and Hunt. evel. 245, S. fragilis.)

A flender

DIOECIA DIANDRIA

A flender and very tall fhrub. Leaf and flower-buds diffinct as in S. caprea. Leaves rolled back at the edges before they are unfolded. LINN .- Leaves above deep thining green, underneath greyish, clofely befet with very fine fhort hairs lying clofe to the fubftance of the leaf. Leaf-stalks about half as long as the breadth of the leaf. A fmall tongue-fhaped glandular fubftance fixed to the ftem, juft above the infertion of the leaf-ftalk, in the upper part of which there is a hollow to receive it. Leaf-fcales minute, I on each fide the bafe of each leaf-stalk: WITH.

Salix folio longiffimo. R. fyn. 450. Sr.

Ofier .- Willow beds, woods and hedges. S. April, May. The branches are much used for-making hoops and the larger forts of balkets." It is often planted to prevent the banks of rivers from being washed away by the force of the current: and it forms a hedge very ufeful in keeping off winds .- Horfes, Cows, Sheep and Goats eat it. LINN .- Putcheons and wheels for catching Eels. and bird-cages are made of the twigs. Sr. isted with shard your why all and the same south the state

white SA'LIX al'ba. Leaves spear-shaped, taper-pointed, ferrated, downy on both fides; the lowermost ferratures

Blackw. 327.-Matth. 199, imit. in Dod. 843. 1, which repr. in Lob. obf. 567. 2, ic. ii. 136. 2, Ger. em. 1389. 1, and cop. in Park. 1430. 1.-Gars. 508.-Ger. 1203. 1.-7. B. i. b. 212. 1.-Trag. 1077, cop. in Lon. 1. 25. 2. b.

This and S. fragilis are the largest of the species. LINN .- Bark fmooth and whitifh.

Salix arborea angustifolia alba vulgaris. Park. 1430. (Sr.)

Common Willow .- Woods and hedges. P. April. ' It loves a moift and open fituation; grows quick, and bears lopping .- The Rev. Mr. Stone, in the Phil. Tranf. liii. p. 195. gives us an account of the great efficacy of the bark of this tree in curing intermitting Fevers. He gathers the bark in fummer, when it is full of fap; dries it by a gentle heat, and gives a dram of it powdered every four hours between the fits. In a few obftinate cafes he mixed it with one fifth part of Peruvian bark. It is remarkable that intermittents are most prevalent in wet countries; and this tree grows naturally in fuch fituations. Whilft the Peruvian bark remained at its usual moderate price it was hardly worth while to feek for a fubftitute; but now its price is more than doubled, and the fupply from South America hardly equal to the confumption, we may expect to find it dearer and more adulte-

rated every year. The White WILLOW Bark is therefore likely to become an object worth the attention of phylicians, and if its fuccels

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, II. Chives.

fuccefs upon a more enlarged fcale of practice proves equal to Mr. Stone's experiments, the world will be much indebted to that gentleman for his communication. The bark of *S. triandra* and *fragilis* have the fame properties.—This bark will tan leather.—Horfes, Cows, Sheep and Goats eat it.

The different species of it support the following infects. Papilio Antiopa, and Polychloros; Sphinx Ocellata, Populi; Phalæna Quercifolia, Rubi, Lanestris, Vinula, Difmal Moth, Phalæna Salicis, Phalæna Bucephala, Monacha, Ziczac, Cossis, Willow red-under-wing Moth, Phalæna Pasta, Citrago, Cream bordered Pea-green Moth, Phalæna Salicella, Bushy Prominent Moth, Phalæna Pavonia, Libatrix, Psi, Willow Beauty Moth; Tenthredo Lutea, Caprea, Russica; Ichneumon Glomeratus; Aphis Salicis, Chrysomela Polita, Chrysomela Sericea; Curculio Nebulosu; Ceccinella 14 Guttatus, Cicada Cornuta.

The fpecies of this genus are very difficult to make out. Soils of various kinds, as marshy, fandy, mountainous, and warm; have effected fuch wonderful changes on the fpecies that Botanifts have been often at a lofs to what fpecies they fhould refer feveral individual plants. Add to this that the defcriptions are altogether imperfect and unscientific. Their history therefore must be begun anew, in which cafe let the names of the old authors be rejected. left dubious fynonyms should occasion a confusion among plants in themfelves diftinct; and let the species be described in Local Histories and Literary Collections, holding in view the following circumstances. 1. Buds, whether of 1 or more valves. 2. The disposition and folding of the leaves within the bud. 3. Catkins, whether from the fame or a diftinct bud, above or below the leaves. 4. Leaves ferrated or very entire; their furfaces naked or woolly. 5. Chives, their number. 6. Whether Trees, Shrubs, or creeping. LINN. -In confequence of the above remarks I examined pretty attentively the flowers of all the fpecies that I could meet with, in hopes that the ftructure of the parts of fructification, and in particular of the honey-cup, might afford fome more certain marks of effential specific difference, marking the trees with a knife that I might afcertain to what species the flowers which I had examined belonged. But being abfent from home during the remainder of the year I loft the opportunity of compleating my obfervations. I purpofe. however, to refume them, unless Mr. Curtis shall foon favour the world with the refult of his obfervations on the numerous fpecies which I know he has cultivated in his Botanic Garden at Lambeth, fince the year 1778. Sr.

Vol. II.

Order

DIOECIA TRIANDRIA.

Order III.

TRIANDRIA; III. CHIVES.

1202. EM'PETRUM. Crow-berry.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup with 3 divisions. Segments egg-schaped; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 3; oblong-egg-fhaped; narroweft at the bafe; larger than the cup; fhrivelling.

CHIVES. Threads 3; hair-like; very long; hanging down. Tips upright; fhort; cloven.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. Petals as above.

POINT. Seed-bud depressed. Shaft hardly any. Summits 9; bent back, and expanding.

S. VESS. Berry round and flat; depreffed; larger than the cup; with 1 cell.

SEEDS 9; placed in a jointed circle; hunched on one fide; angular on the other.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. with three divisions. Bloss. of 3 petals. Chives long.

F. Empal. with 3 divisions. Bloss. of 3 petals. Shafts 9. Berry with 9 seeds.

OES. Sometimes, though very rarely, flowers have been found containing both chives and pointals.

black

EM'PETRUM nigrum. Trailing .--

Mill. ill.—Tourn. 421. 3.—Matth. 154.—Cluf. i. 45. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1383. 9, and cop in Park. 1485. 2.—Cam. epit. 77, cop. in 7. B. i. a. 526.

A fmall *fhrub*, drooping. *Bark*, the outer fcaling off, brown: the inner yellow. *Branches* rough from the remains of the leafftalks. *Bud* terminating, of 5 leaves; the leaves membranaceous, haity at the edge, producing 5 little branches, 4 of which are in a whord. *Leaves* in fours, nearly 3-fquare, with a white ftrap-fhaped keel, on leaf-ftalks. *Flowers* from the bofom of the leaves, fitting,

folitary,

IIIO

Chives and Pointals diffinct, III. Chives.

folitary, furrounded by a floral-leaf, fometimes barren and fertile on diffinct plants, fometimes on the fame plant, and fometimes with chives and pointals in the fame flower. Floral-leaf with 3 divisions, forming a kind of outer cup. Empalement whitish. Petals and Threads purple. Tips brownish black. Fertile plant similar to the Barren one. Stem redder. Leaves deep green, in fives. Point. black. Berries brownish black. Prof. Jacquin has lately found feveral plants with flowers containing chives and pointals. I formerly met with a fingle plant of that kind, but it was only I in ten thousand. LINN .- Stems trailing, much branched, the lower part naked, and rough from the remains of the fallen leaves. Leaves nearly ftrap-fhaped, often bent back. Mr. WOODWARD .- Leaves rounded at the end, flat above, fomewhat downy at the edge, convex underneath, with a white line along the middle, hollow within, expanding, generally in threes, but often fcattered. Leaf-flalks flatted, very fhort, brown, laid-to. Empalement double ; the outer of 3 leaves with a 4th at the bafe; leaves egg-fhaped, concave, upright, reddifh, membranaceous and finely ferrated at the edge; the inner as long again, whitifh with red here and there, fegments roundifh egg-fhaped. Sr .- Leaves fitting, fmooth above, glandular underneath, woolly at the edges, and rolled back fo that the edges meet on the under fide. Empalement, fegments concave, very minutely ferrated. Petals dark purplish red. Tips full flesh-colour. WITH.

(Lob. ic. 621. Bauh. hift. i. p. 526. to be erafed in Syft. pl. being an erroneous addition of Reichard's.) ST.

Black-berried Heath. Crow-berries. Crake-berries.

4 C 2

Moift mountains and high heaths, both in the drieft and moft barren rocky foils, and in bogs and moorifh grounds. Staffordfh. Derbyfh. and the Northern counties, frequent. S. Apr. May.

The Highlanders frequently eat the berries, as do fometimes children, but they are no very defirable fruit, and if taken in large quantities occafion head-ache—Groufe feed upon them—Boiled with alum they afford a dark purple dye.

Goats are not fond of it; Cows, Sheep and Horfes refuse it.

Order

DIOECIA TETRANDRIA.

Order IV.

TETRANDRIA; IV. CHIVES.

1209. VIS'CUM. Miffeltoe.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup with 4 divisions; leaves egg-shaped; equal. BLOSS. none.

CHIVES 4. Threads none. Tips oblong; tapering; 1 fixed to each leaf of the cup.

F. Fertile Flowers moslly growing opposite the others.

EMPAL. Cup, leaves 4; egg-fhaped; finall; fitting on the feed-bud; deciduons.

BLOSS. none.

- POINT. Seed-bud beneath; oblong; 3-edged; indiffinctly crowned with a border with 4 clefts. Shaft none. Summit blunt; a little notched.
- S. VESS. Berry globular; with I cell; fmooth.
 - SEED fingle; inverfely heart-fhaped; compreffed; blunt; flefhy.
 - Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. with 4 divisions. Bloss. 0. Threads 0. Tips growing to the empalement.

F. Empal. of 4 leaves; above. Shaft 0. Bloss. 0. Berry with 1 feed. Seed heart-shaped.

white VIS'CUM album. Leaves fpear-fhaped, blunt. • Stem forked. Spikes in the bolom of the leaves.—

Mill. ill.—Sheldr. 20.—Blackw. 184.—Fuchf. 329, abr. in Lon. i. 55. 2.—Matth. 806.—Cam. epit. 555.—Trag. 949.—Dod. 826, repr. in Lob. obf. 361. 1; ic. i. 636. 2, Ger. em. 1350. 1, and cop. in Park. 1393. 1.—Gars. 628.—Ger. 1168. 1.

A fingular parafitical evergreen flrub without a root. The barren' spint opposite to the fertile one. LINN.—The Root infinuates its fibres into the woody fubflance on the tree on which it grows. Bloffom greenish white. Berries whitish.

Miffelte. Miffel.-Moftly on Apple trees, alfo on the Pear, Hawthorn, Service, Oak, Hafel, Maple, Ath, Lime-tree, Willow, Elm, &c. RAY.-Rarely on the Oak. HUNT. evel.-[few near

Chives and Pointals diffinct, IV. Chives.

near Boxley Hill, Kent, not far from Kit Coity Houfe. Mr. T. F. HILL.—Hawthorn in Burleigh Park. Apple-tree in Norfolk and Suffolk. Afh a fingle inftance. Mr. WOODWARD.—In Derhyfh, and obferved only on Oaks, but in Worcefterfh. and Herefordih. only on Apple-trees, or fometimes on Limes, and in one inftance × on a Plane-tree, near Lord Coventry's menagerie, Croome, Worcefterfhire. Sr.] S. May.

Birdlime may be made from the berries and from the bark-The Miffeltoe Bird, the Fieldfare, and the Thrush eat the berries. the feeds of which pass through them unchanged, and along with their excrements adhere to the branches of trees, where they vegetate. Some authors observing that the roots are always inferted on the under fide of the branches, deny this method of propagation ; but they do not recollect that the rains will foon wash them into that fituation, though it is highly probable that they first fell upon the upper fide of the branch-No art hath yet been invented to make these plants take root in the earth .- Sheep eat it very greedily, and it is frequently cut off the trees for them in hard weather. It is faid to preferve them from the rot. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. -If the berries when fully ripe, be rubbed on the fmooth bark of almost any tree they will adhere closely and produce plants the following winter. In the garden of Mr. Collins of Knarefborough, are many large plants of it produced in this manner on the dwarf Apple-tree. HUNT. evel.-It was for merly in great repute as a remedy for Epileptic and other complaints; but it is now very much difregarded; and indeed its fenfible qualities promife but little.

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4C3 1210. HIP-

DIOECIA TETRANDRIA.

1210. HIPPOPH'AE. Sallow-thorn.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, leaf 1; divided into 2 parts; forming 2 valves; undivided. Segments circular; blunt; concave; upright, but the points approaching; open at the fides.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 4; very fhort. Tips oblong; angular; almost as long as the cup.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, leaf 1; oblong egg-fhaped; tubular; refembling a club; cloven at the rim; deciduous.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; fmall. Shaft fimple; very fhort. Summit rather thick; oblong; upright; twice as long as the cup.

S. VESS. Berry globular; with I cell. SEED fingle; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. with 2 divisions. Bloss. O. F. Empal. with 2 clefts. Bloss. O. Shaft 1. Berry with 1 feed.

common

HIPPOPH'AE Rhamnoi'des. Leaves fpear-fhaped.-

Cam. epit. 81, cop. in J. B. i. b. 33.—Dod. 755. 1.—Fl. dan. 265.—Gief. 38.—Matth. 156, cop. in Lon. ii. 8. 2.—Cluf. i. 110. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 598. 3; ic. ii. 180. 1, Ger. em. 1334. 2, and cop. in Park. 1006. 1.

Root creeping. Leaves fprinkled with fcales; fcales crowded, target-fhaped, fringed, pale. Flowers folitary, appearing before the leaves, generally abortive, unlefs growing in its natural fituation. Barren flowers below the leaves, between a branch and a bud. Bud of I valve, permanent, as long as the flower. Fertile flowers fitting, in the bofom of the lowermoft leaves. LINN.—Leaves ftrap-fpearfhaped, very entire, green above, with whitifh fcales, white underneath, with a ftrong prominent mid-rib, which has a corresponding furrow on the upper furface, edges ufually fomewhat bent back. Mr. WOODWARD.—Shrub 8 feet high. Branches widely fpreading, ftraight, ftiff, thorny at the ends; the leffer numerous, fcattered, fhort, expanding. Barren flowers nearly fitting, fomewhat fpiked, difpofed in 4 rows along the leffer branches. Fruit-flaks cylindrical, very fhort. Floral-leaves oblong, concave, expanding, as long

Chives and Pointals diffinct, IV. Chives.

long as the empalement, reddifh brown, fomewhat flefhy, falling off with the flowers, fprinkled with fcales fimilar to those of the leaves; circular, fkinny, reddifh brown. *Empalement*, leaves circular-egg-fhaped, fprinkled on the out-fide with fcales. *Chives* upright, inferted in the bottom of the empalement. *Tips* with 2 cells, and 4 valves, brownifh yellow, after fhedding their duft ftiff and angular. *Duft* nearly globular, angular, brownifh yellow, opake, when moiftened with water globular, transparent. Sr.

Sea Buckthorn. Sallow-thorn.—Sea fhore, in fand. Lindfey coaft, Lincolnfhire; Sandwich, Deal and Folkftone, Kent; Whitby and Lyth, Yorkfhire.—Ifle of Sheepy. [Cley and Sherringham Cliffs, Norfolk. Mr. CROWE.—Between Yarmouth and Winterton. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. April, May.

Cows refuse it; Goats, Sheep and Horfes eat it. The berries are very acid, with an austere vinous flavour, and the fishermen of the gulph of Bothnia prepare a rob from them, which added to fresh fish imparts a very grateful flavour. In funny fandy fituations it is planted for hedges. LINN.

1211. MYRI'CA. Gale.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Catkin oblong egg-fhaped; tiled on every fide; limber; confifting of Scales inclofing a fingle flower; crefcent-fhaped; tapering to a blunt point; concave. Individual Cup, none.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 4; fometimes, but rarely 6; threadfhaped; fhort; upright: Tips large; double; with the lobes cloven.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. as above.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud fomewhat egg-fhaped. Shafts 2; threadfhaped; longer than the cup. Summits fimple.

S. VESS. Berry of I cell.

SEED fingle.

Ess. CHAR. B. Scales of the Catkins crescent-shaped. Bloss. o.

F. Scales of the Catkins crescent-shaped. Bloss o. Shafts 2. Berry with 1 feed.

OBS. In M. Gale the fruit is a dry berry, or rather a leather-like coat, compressed at the end, and formed of three lobes.

MYRI'CA

fweet MYRICA Gale. Leaves spear-shaped; somewhat ferrated. Stem strub-like.--

Fl. dan. 327.—Ger. 1228.—Gars. 397, 'leaves too blunt.—Dod. 780. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1414.—J. B. i. b. 225.—Lob. adv. 417, repr. in ic. ii. 110. 2.—Lob. obf. 547. 2, cop. in Park. 1451. 5.

Stems fmooth, ruft-coloured, fprinkled with white dots. Flower-buds above the leaf-buds, at the ends of the branches, whence as foon as the fructification is compleated, the end of the branch dies, the leaf-buds which are on the fides fhoot out, and the ftem becomes compound. Buds composed of 9 leafy, fhining fcales; the firft nearly opposite, very fhort, rectangularly pointed; the reft eggfhaped, blunt. Leaves convoluted, fprinkled with refinous points, ferrated towards the end, on leaf-stalks. Flowers appearing before the leaves. Fertile fpike oblong, composed of 5 tows, and in each row 5 berries. Berries thickish, roundish, angular, taper pointed, with 3 shallow clefts, a small tooth being fixed to each, fprinkled with golden refinous dots. LINN.—Catkins barren and fertile on the fame plant. In other specimens from the fame spot the different catkins on diffinct plants. ST.

Gale. Goule. Sweet Willow. Dutch Myrtle.-[Bwrli or the emetic plant; and Gnwyrddling or the green plant, by the Welfh.]

Bogs, marfhy and moorifn ground in Cornwall and Devonfhire, Highlands and Hebrides, Fens of the Ifle of Ely, about Wareham Dorfetfhire, by the rivulet between Shap and Auno Well Weftmorland. [Plentifully on the banks of Derwentwater, Cumberland. On the drier parts of the wet moors near Whitgift, Yorkfhire, 4 miles from the confluence of Oufe and Trent. Mr. WOODWARD. —Ranaugh and Derfingham Moors, Norfolk. Meffr. PITCHFORD and CROWE.—Fens of Cambridgefhire, and near Ramfey in Huntingdonfhire. In the North very common. Mr. WOODWARD.— On the North fide of Aqualate Mere, Staffordfh. WITH.—The fpecimens of barren and fertile Catkins on the fame plant, on a heath between Killin and the mountain Ben More, Scotland. Sr.]

S. May.

The northern nations formerly used this plant instead of hops; but unlefs it be boiled a long time it is apt to occasion head-ache— The catkins boiled in water throw up a waxy foum, which gathered in fufficient quantity would make candles From another species of this plant, the Myrica cerifera the myrtle candles are prepared.—It is used to tan calf-skins.—Horfes and Goats eat it; Sheep and Cows refuse it.—Gathered in the autumn it dyes wool yellow. LINN.—The Welsh make use of it for the same purpose. They also lay branches of it upon and under their beds to keep off theas

Chives and Pointals diffinct, V. Chives.

fleas and moths, and give it as a vermifuge in powder and infufion, and apply it also externally to the abdomen. PENN. wales ii. p. 147. And sund and suit man the third state and and the date are which for her on the armine and

Order V. See Goog a the channels for share we will be a designed on a links

PENTANDRIA; V. CHIVES.

1221. HU'MULUS. Hop.

B. Barren Flowers. EMPAL. Cup, leaves 5; oblong; concave; blunt. BLOSS. none. CHIVES. Threads 5; hair-like; very fhort. Tips oblong. F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. General fence with 4 clefts; fharp. Partial fence, leaves 4; egg-fhaped; inclofing 8 florets, each of which is furnished with a

Cup of 1 leaf; egg-fhaped; very large; flat on the outer fide; approaching at the bafe; obliquely expanding; entire.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud very fmall. Shafts 2; awl-fhaped; bent back, and standing wide. Summits sharp.

S. VESS. none. The Cup closing at the base contains the feed.

SEED 1; roundifh; covered by a coat. Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. of 5 leaves. Bloss. O.

F. Empal. of 1 leaf; obliquely expanding; entire. Blos. 0. Shafts 2. Seed 1; within a leafy empalement.

HU'MULUS la'pulus.— common

Mill. ill.-Gars. 355.-Blackw. 536. a. b.-Clus. i. 126. 2, repr. in Dod. 409. 1, Lob. obf. 347. 2; ic. i. 629. 1, Ger. em. 885, and cop. in Park. 177, and Ger. 737. 1, fertile plant.-Cam. epit. 933, fertile plant; 934, barren plant.-Fuchf. 164, ill. abr. in. 7. B. ii. 151 .- Trag. 812 .- Matth. 1213 .- Ger. 737 .- 7. B. ii. 152.-Lon. i. 208. 3.

Stems climbing. Leaves lobed, ferrated. Flowers greenish yellow. Hops.-In hedges. P. June. If

DIOECIA PENTANDRIA.

If the hop-yards were covered with ftones, the plants would be less liable to fuffer from the honey dew or from the Otter-Moth; for the honey-dew is the excrement of a species of Aphis, but these infects feldom increase fo as to endanger the plant, unless it is in a weak condition ; and the larvæ of the Otter-Moth at the roots. first occasion the plant to be fickly. Now when the hop grows wild in ftony places and in fiffures of rocks, where the moth cannot penetrate to deposit its eggs, the hop is never known to fuffer from the honey-dew .- The flowers of the fertile plants are very generally infufed in wort or boiled along with it to prevent the ale or beer growing four .- The young floots are eaten early in the fpring as 'sparagus, and are fold under the name of Hop-tops-Strong cloth is made in Sweden from the ftalks. For this purpofe they must be gathered in autumn, foaked in water all winter; and in March, after being dried in a ftove they are dreffed like flax .---Horfes, Cows, fheep, Goats and Swine eat it .- The Papilio Jo, C. album, the Otter, Phalæna Humuli and Rostralis live upon it .- It will dye wool yellow .- What is that electrical murmur like very diftant thunder when the hop-poles are fhaken by wind? LINN.

Soil and cultivation occasion fome varieties, as the Garlic, Long White, and Oval Hop; but for the common purposes of brewing they are diftinguished as Kentish or Worcestershire Hops.—A decoction of the Roots, or 20 or 30 grains of the extract is faid to be fudorific and to answer the purposes of the Sarfaparilla.

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, VI. Chives.

Order VI.

HEXANDRIA; VI. CHIVES.

1224. TA'MUS. Lady-feal.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup with 6 divisions; leaves egg-spear-shaped; expanding towards the top.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 6; fimple; fhorter than the cup. Tips notched at the end.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, leaf 1; with 6 divisions; bell-shaped; expanding. Segments spear-shaped; superior; falling off.

BLOSS. Petals none.

Honey-cup, an oblong dot at the bafe of each fegment of the cup, on the inner fide.

POINT. Seed-bud beneath; oblong-egg-fhaped; large; fmooth. Shaft cylindrical, as long as the cup. Summits 3; reflected; notched at the end; fharp.

S. VESS. Berry egg-fhaped; with 3 cells.

SEEDS 2; globular.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. with 6 divisions. Bloss, o. F. Empal. with 6 divisions. Bloss. o. Shaft with 3 clefts. Berry with 3 cells; beneath. Seeds 2.

TA'MUS commu'nis. Leaves heart-shaped; un- Bryony divided.—

Mill. ill.—Blackw. 457.—Gifeck. 22.—Dod. 401, repr. in Lob. obf. 344; ic. i. 625. 1, Ger. em. 871, and cop in Park. 178. 6, J. B. ii. 148, and H. ox. i. 1. 6.—Ger. 721. 1.—Matth. 1285. —Gars. 182.—Cam. epit. 988.

Bunches lateral, in the barren plant longer, in the fertile plant fhorter than the leaf-ftalks. Scop.—Stems trailing. Leaves alternate, heart-fhaped at the bafe, fuddenly narrowed into fpear-fhaped, and taper-pointed at the end, dark green, fmooth, and fhining. Barren flowers in bunches. Bunches loofe, from the bofom of, and longer than the leaves. Empalement: fegments, 3 pointed, fomewhat

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DIOECIA OCTANDRIA.

what bent back, the other 3 blunt and more expanding, giving the whole a triangular out-line. Fertile flowers few. Bunches branched, much fhorter than the leaves. Barren plant: Bunches compound, the lowermost branch fometimes longer than the leaf-stalk, at right angles with the spike-stalk. Emplement of 1 leaf, bell-schaped; fegments bent back. Threads almost connected at the base, the ends bent back. Threads almost connected at the base, tube furrounding the feed-bud, shrivelling. Sr. — The barren plants; Leaves varying from kidney to heart-shaped and triangularly spearschaped. WITH. — Root very large. Stems twining. Bioffoms greenish. Berries red.

Black Briony.-Thickets and Hedges. P. June.

The young fhoots are good eating when dreffed like fparagus-The root is acrid and flimulating,-Horfes will not eat this plant.

Order VII.

OCTANDRIA; VIII. CHIVES.

1228. POP'ULUS. Poplar.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Common Catkin oblong; loofely tiled; cylindrical; confifting of Scales, inclofing a fingle flower; oblong; flat; ragged at the edge.

BLOSS. Petals none.

Honey-cup 1 leaf; turban-fhaped beneath; tubular; ending at the top obliquely, in an egg-fhaped border.

CHIVES. Threads 8; extremely fhort. Tips 4-edged; large.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Catkin and Scales as above. BLOSS. Petals none.

Honey-cup as above.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped, but tapering. Shaft hardly difcernible. Summit with 4 clefts.

S. VESS. Capfule egg-fhaped ; with 2 cells. Valves 2.

SEEDS numerous; egg-fhaped; furnished with a hair-like Feather.

Ess. CHAR.

Chives and Pointals Diftinct, VIII. Chives.

Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. of the Catkin a torn scale. Bloss. pear-shaped; oblique; entire.

F. Empalement and bloffom as in the barren flowers. Summit with 4 clefts. Capfule with 2 cells. Seeds many; downy.

POP'ULUS al'ba. Leaves nearly circular, toothed white and angular; cottony underneath, LINN.—more nearly triangular than circular. WITH.

Hunt. evel. 208; i. p. 201. ed. II.—Spe&t. de la Nat. 31. 2, at ii. p. 292, cop. in Nat. delin. 20. 2, at ii. p. 312.—Matth. 136, cop. in Cam. epit. 65, with the addition of a flowering branch, which cop. in J. B. i, b. 160. 1, and abridged in Ger. 1301. 1. —Dod. 835, repr. in Ger. em. 1486. 1, and cop. in Park. 1410. 1, and imitated in Lob. obf. 609. 1, which repr. in ic. ii. 193. 1. —Garf. 467. A. a.—(Blackw. 543, is P. nigra.)

Tree very tall. Leaves without glands, either at the base or ferratures. Flowers exactly fimilar to those of P. tremula. LINN.— Leaves smooth, and blackish green above, with a white thick cotton underneath. RAY. WITH.—Leaf-flaks flatted, and grooved on each fide. WITH.

Abele Tree.—Hedges, woods, and near brooks. T. March. It loves low fituations, and flourifhes beft in clay. It grows quick, and bears cropping, but it is unfavourable to pafturage.— The wood is foft, white, and ftringy, and makes good wainfcoting, being but little fubject to fwell or fhrink. Floors, laths, packing boxes, and turners ware are made of it.

Horfes, Sheep, and Goats eat it. Cows are not fond of it. β Leaves fmaller. RAY.

Lob. ic. ii. 193. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1487. 5, and cop. in Park. 1410. 2, and 7. B. i. b. 160. 2.

No place of growth mentioned either by Ray, or Mr. Lightfoot who cites Gerard's figure. Sr.

Blackw. 248. 2.—Matth. 139, neatly cop. in Cam. cpit. 67, with the addition of a flowering branch, which re-cop. in J. B. i. b. 163, with the teeth nearly obliterated; roughly cop. in Ger. 1302. 3; and cop. in Dod. 836. 2, with the addition of a trunk, which repr. in Lob. obf. 610. 1; ic. ii. 194 2, Ger. em. 1487. 3, and cop. in Park. 1411.4.—Trag. 1083, cop. in Lonic. i. 26. 2, with the leaves made too pointed.

Leaves

DIOECIA OCTANDRIA.

Leaves rolled inwards, with 2 glands running one into the other on the inner fide above the bafe. LINN.—Leaf-flaks flatted towards the end, whence the trembling of its leaves. GOUAN.—The fame takes place in S. alba and nigra. The plane of the leaf-flaks is at right angles to that of the leaves, which allows the leaves a much freer motion than could have taken place had their planes been parallel. ST.

Afp. Afpen. Afpen Tree.

Moift woods, and in boggy ground. T. Mar. Apr.

It will grow in all fituations, and in all foils, but worft in clay. It impoverifhes the land; its leaves deftroy the grafs, and the numerous fhoots of the roots fpread fo near the furface of the earth, that they will not permit any thing elfe to grow. It is eafily tranfplanted.—The wood is extremely light, white, fmooth, woolly, foft; durable in the air.—The bark is the principal food of Beavers. The bark of the young trees is made into torches.—The leaves and leaf-ftalks fometimes are fet with red globular fubftances, about as large as a Pea, which are the nefts of the *Tipula juniperina*. Sheep and Goats eat it. Horfes and Swine refufe it.

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black POP'ULUS ni'gra. Leaves trowel-fhaped, tapering to a point, ferrated.—

> Blackw. 548, and 248. 1.—Lonic. i. 26. 1.—Matth. 137, cop. in Cam. epit. 66, with the addition of a flowering branch and catkin, which cop. in Park. 1410. 3, and J. B. i. b. 155, and with the addition of a trunk in Lob. obf. 609. 2, repr. in ic. ii. 194. 1, and alfo in Dod. 836. 1, which repr. in Ger. em. 1486. 2.—Garf. 467. B. b.—Ger. 1301. 2.—Trag. 1080.

Leaves without any glands at the bafe, but the ferratures glandular on the inner fide. Chives as many again as in P. tremula. LINN. ---Chives 16. LEERS.--Leaf-flalks yellowifh.

Black Poplar.—Near rivers and wet fhady places. T. March. It loves a moift black foil; grows rapidly, and bears cropping.— The wood is not apt to fplinter.—The bark being light like cork, ferves to fupport the nets of fifthermen.—The red fubftances like berries upon the leaf-ftalks, as large as a cherry, hunched on one fide, and gaping on the other, are occafioned by an infect called the Aphis Burfaria.—Horfes, Cows, Sheep, and Goats eat it.

The feveral fpecies fupport the following infects: Sphinx Populi; Phalana Vinula, populi, fascelina, Orange under-wing Moth; Aphis Populi; Chrysomela Polita, Populi; Curculio Tortrix; Cimex Populi; Sphinx Apiformis.

1229. RHODI'OLA.

Chives and Pointals Diftinct, VIII. Chives.

1229. RHODI'OLA. Rofe-wort.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup, divisions 4; concave; upright; blunt; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 4; oblong; blunt; upright, but expanding; twice as long as the cup; deciduous.

Honey-cups 4; upright; notched at the end; fhorter than the cup.

CHIVES. Threads 8; awl-fhaped; longer than the bloffom. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-buds 4; oblong; tapering. Shafts and Summits imperfect.

S. VESS. barren.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup as above.

BLOSS. Petals 4; rude; upright; blunt; equal in height to the cup; permanent.

Honey-cups as above.

Point. Seed-buds 4; oblong; tapering; ending in ftraight fimple Shafts. Summits blunt.

S. VESS. Capfules 4-horned; opening inwards.

SEEDs many; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empal. with 4 divisions. Bloffom of 4 petals. F. Empalement with 4 divisions. Blofs. o. Honey-cups 4. Pointals 4. Capfules 4, with many feeds.

RHODI'OLA ro'fea. --

Fl. dan. 183.—Blackw. 586.—Matth. 1024.—Cluf. i. 65. 1, repr. in Dod. 347. 2, Lob. obf. 212. 3; ic. i. 391. 1, Ger. em. 532, and cop. in Park. 727, H. ox. xii. 10. 8, and abridged in Pet. 42. 2.—Ger. 426.—Cam. epit. 769.—Fuchf. 665, cop. in Trag. 913, not in flower, and in J. B. iii. 683, with the addition of flowers.—Lonic. i. 62. 1.

A fertile plant cultivated by itfelf in a garden produced fmall unproductive feeds. LINN.—Honey-cups 5. Chives 6, 8, or 12 FARRIC. SCOP.—Stems numerous, fimple, 4 to 10 inches high, cylindrical, fmooth, hollow. Leaves numerous, growing without order, egg-fhaped, egg-fpear-fhaped, and in the younger plants fpear-fhaped, upwards diftantly ferrated, towards the bafe very entire, flefhy, fea-green, fometimes tinged with purple. Flowers yellow. Bunch terminating, clofe, branched. Chives much longer than

yellow

DIOECIA ENNEANDRIA.

than the bloffom. Shafts very fhort, pointing outwards, permanent. Habit that of Sedum Telephium. Root white. Stem fimple, upright, leafy. Leaves ferrated. Bloffoms terminating, yellow. Rofe-wort. Rofe-root.—Mountains of Weftmoreland, Cumberland, Yorkthire, and Wales. [On a rock on the fummit of Inglebo rough, to the North Weft; and on a mountain called the Old Man at Conifton Water Head. Mr. WOODWARD.] P. June, July.

The root has the fragrance of a Role, particularly when dried; but, cultivated in a garden, it lofes most of its fweetnefs. Goats and Sheep eat.it. Cows and Swine refufe it.

Order VIII.

ENNEANDRIA; IX. CHIVES.

1230. MERCURIA'LIS. Mercury.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup with 3 divisions; fegments egg-fpear-fhaped; concave; expanding.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 9 or 12; hair-like; ftraight; as long as the cup. Tips globular; double.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup as above. BLOSS. none.

> Honey-cups 2 awl-fhaped pointed fubftances; 1 placed on each fide the feed-bud, and preffed into its furrows.

- POINT. Seed-bud roundifh; compreffed; with a hollow furrow on each fide; rough with hairs. Shafts 2; bent back; horned; rough with hair. Summit fharp; bent back.
- S. VESS. Capfule roundifh; purfe-fhaped; double; with 2 cells.

SEEDS folitary; roundifh.

- ESS. CHAR. B. Empalement with 3 divisions. Bloss. O. Chives 9 or 12. Tips globular; double.
- F. Empalement with 3 divisions. Bloss. o. Shafts 2. Capf. twin-fruited; with 2 cells, and 1 seed.

MERCU-

Chives and Pointals diffinct, IX. Chives.

MERCURIA'LIS peren'nis. Stem undivided. dog's Leaves rough.

Curt. ii. 14.—IValc. barren plant.—Fl. dan. 400.—Mill. ill.—Cam. epit. 999, barren plant; 998, fertile plant.—Fuchs. 444, cop. in J. B. ii. 979. 1, and abr. in Trag. 191, Lon. i. 136. 3, and Pet. 1. 6, fertile plant; cop. with the addition of barren fpikes on the fame plant! in Dod. 659. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 132. 1; ic. i. 260. 1, Ger. em. 333. 1, and cop. in Park. 296. 2; which, on the other hand abridged, and the fortile flowers omitted in Pet. 1. 5.— J. B. ii. 979. 2, barren plant.—H. ox. v. 34. 3, fertile, and 4, barren plant.—Matth. 1290.

Roots creeping. Stem upright, fimple, thickeft at the joints, cylindrical, with 2 projecting ridges not as ufually running down from the leaf-stalks, but from the joint between them, and terminating in the bofoms of the pair below. Leaves in oppofite pairs, alternately from each fide of the ftem; oval-fpear-fhaped, wrinkled, ferrated, pale green, the lower fmall and diftant, the upper approaching. Leaf-flaks fhort, furrowed, corresponding with the ridges on the flem. Barren and fertile plants rarely intermixed, each fort ufually growing in large patches, whence it is probable that this plant, which propagates itfelf fo much by roots, rarely produces perfect feeds. Barren fpikes longer and the fertile ones fhorter than the leaves. Capfules hairy and fomewhat warty. Mr. WOODWARD .- Honey-cups as long as the feed-bud. Honey-cups in general are a kind of appendage to the bloffom, but here they are its fole fubstitute. Tips yellowish, double, each of I cell. Dust oval spear-shaped, opaque, yellowish, when moistened with water globular and transparent. Sr. -- Barren plant: Leaves spear-eggshaped. Leaf-staiks short, channelled. Spikes opposite, from the bofom of the upper leaves. Fertile plant: Flowers on fruit-ftalks, generally folitary. Shafts rough on the inner fide with femi-tranfparent tubercles. Are not what are here called the Honey-cups rudiments of imperfect chives? WITH.

Dog's Mercury.—Woods and ditch banks. P. April, May. It is noxious to Sheep, and deleterious to Man. Ray relates the cafe of a Man, his Wife and three Children, who experienced highly deleterious effects from eating it fried with bacon.—Sheep and Goats eat it; Cows and Horfes refufe it.—In drying it turns blue, LINN.—and fteeped in water it affords a fine deep blue colour, but which unhappily is deftructible both by acids and alkalies, and recoverable by no means that I hrve been able to difcover. ST.

Vol. II.

4D. MERCU-

1125

DIOECIA ENNEANDRIA.

French MERCURIA'LIS an'nua. Stem branching. Leaves fmooth. Flowers in fpikes.—

- B. Cart. v. 57. 2.—Cam. epit. 996.—Fuchs. 475, cop. in J. B. ii. 977. 2, and the upper part of Trag. 190.—Ger. 262. 1.—Dod. 658. 1, repr. in Lob. cdf. 131. 1; ic. i. 259. 1, Ger. em. 332.
 1, and cop. in Firk. 295, Fet. 1.8, and abr. in H. ox. v. 34. row.
 1.1.—Blackw. 164. 4, a portion of the flem, Ec.—Lon. i. 136. 2. -Gars. 382.—Matth. 1297.
 - I. Curt. v. 57. 1.—Fuchs. 473, cop. in J. B. ii. 977. 3, and the lower part of Trag. 190.—Blackw. 162. 2, and 3, good; 1, flowers good, leaves too heart-fhaped.—Cam. epit. 997.—Dod. 658. 2, repr. in Lob. obf. 131. 2; ic. i. 259. 2, Ger. em. 332. 2, and cop. in Pet. 1. 7, and abr. in H. ox. v. 34. row 1. 2.—Ger. 262. 2.—Gars. 382.—Matth. 1298.

Heney-emps none. LIGHTY. RELH.—Stem, the fpaces between the knots thickened. KELH.—Stem and Branches fmooth, frequently tinged with purple. Leaves fpear-fhaped, fometimes oval-fpearfhaped, diftantly ferrated. Flowers more numerous than those of M. perennis. Seed-veffels imaller, hairy. Mr. WOODWARD.

French Mercury.—Wafte places and dunghills about towns and villages. [Near Norwich, and at Loweftoft, Suffolk. Mr. WOODWARD.] A. Auguft, September.

The whole plant is mucilaginous, and was formerly much employed as an emollient, but is now difregarded.

The fmall old Gentlewoman Moth, and Phalana Meticulofa, feed upon it. LINN.-The feeds tafte like those of Hemp. ST.

1126

Chives and Pointals diftinct, IX. Chives.

1231. HYDRO'CHARIS. Frog-bit.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Sheath of 2 leaves; oblong; inclosing 3 flowers. Cup proper; of 3 leaves; oblong-egg-fnaped; concave; membranaceous at the edge.

BLOSS. Petals 3; circular; flat; large.

CHIVES. Threads 9; awl-fhaped; upright; difpofed in 3 rows; the middlemost row in the centre fends out an awl-fhaped little pillar, refembling a fhaft, from the inner fide of the bafe. The other 2 rows are connected at the bafe, fo that the outer and inner thread adhere together. Tips fimple.

POINT. Seed-bud only a rudiment; in the centre of the flower.

F. Fertile Flower:.

EMPAL. Sheath none. Flowers folitary. Cup as above; fuperior.

BLOSS. as above.

POINT. Seed-bud beneath; roundifh. Shafts 6, as long as the cup; compreffed; cloven and furrowed. Summits cloven; tapering.

S. VESS. Capfule like leather; roundifh; with 6 cells. SEEDS numerous; very fmall; roundifh.

ESS. CHAR. B. Sheath of 2 leaves. Empalement with 3 clefts. Petals 3. Threads, the 3 inner bearing shafts.
F. Empalement, clefts 3. Petals 3. Shafts 6. Capfules beneath; cells 6; seds many.

HYDRO'CHARIS Morfus-Ra'na.-

common

Curt. iii. 28.—Fl. dan. 878.—Dod. 583. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 818. f. 2, and cop. in Park. 1252. 4, fertile plant.—Dod. 583. 2, repr. in Lob. ic. i. 596. 1.—J. B. iii. 773. 1.

It bears buds or rather bubbles. Bud pendant, on a very long threadlike leaf-ftalk, confifting of 2 convoluted fcales refembling leaffcales, within which are contained the leaves, becoming gradually larger, tiled and convoluted. LINN.—Root of many long thick white fibres. Leaves round-kidney-fhaped, very entire, fmooth, flefhy, and, on removing the cuter fkin when the leaves are dried, a moft beautiful clofe net-work of veins is feen. Mr. WOODWARD. — Leaves kidney-fhaped, thick, fmooth, reddith underneath. Bioffom white.

Frog-bit.

DIOECIA MONADELPHIA.

Frog-bit.—Slow ftreams and wet ditches. P. June. β Bloffoms double, fweet-fcented. LINN.

Ditch on the fide of Audrey Caufey near a wooden bridge in the Ifle of Ely. R. fyn.

Order XIII.

MONADELPHIA; THREADS UNITED.

1240. JUNIP'ERUS. Juniper.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Catkin conical; confifting of a common fpikeftalk, in which 3 opposite flowers are placed in a triple row, and a 10th flower at the end. At the bafe of each flower is a

Scale; broad; fhort; fixed fideways to a little pillar like a foot-ftalk.

BLoss. none.

CHIVES. Threads, in the terminating flower 3; awl-fhaped; united at the bottom into one body; in the lateral flowers hardly perceptible. Tips 3; diffinct in the terminating flower; but in the lateral flowers fixed to the fcale of the empalement.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup with 3 divisions; very fmall; growing to the feed-bud; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 3; stiff; sharp; permanent.

- POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shafts 3; fimple. Summits fimple.
- S. VESS. Berry flefhy; roundifh; marked in the lower part with 3 oppofite tubercles which were formerly the cup; and marked at the top by 3 little teeth which were originally the petals.
- SEEDS 3; bony; convex on one fide; angulat on the other; oblong.
 - Ess. CHAR. B. Empalcment of the catkin composed of fcales. Bloss. o. Chives 3.

F. Empalement with 3 divisions. Petals 3. Shafts 3. Berry with 3 feeds, with the 3 tubercles of the unequal empalement. IUNIP-

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, Threads united.

JUNIP'ERUS commu'nis. Leaves in threes, ex- common panding; fharp-pointed; longer than the berry.-

Ludw. 189.—Mill. ill.—Blackw. 187.—Sheldr. 70.—Gars. 83.— Tourn. 361. 2.—Matth. 121.—Ger. 1189. 1.—Fuchs. 83, cop. in J. B. i. b. 293.—Traz. 1074.—Lon. i. 24.—Cam. epit. 53. —Dod. 852, repr. in Lob. ob/. 628. 2; ic. ii. 222. 2, Ger. em. 1372. 1, and cop. in Park. 1029. 1.

Tips under the lateral fcales often 5. LEERS.—Berry continuing 2 years, green, at length blackifh purple. RELH.—Bark reddifh. Berries bluifh black.

Juniper-tree. — Heaths. [Near Berkhamstead, Hertfordshire, and abundantly on a common between Blenheim and Ditchley, Oxfordshire. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. May.

It grows in fertile or in barren foils ; on hills or in valleys ; in open fandy plains, or in moift and close woods. On the fides of hills its trunk grows long; but on the tops of rocky mountains and on bogs it is little better than a fhrub. LINN .- It is eafily tranfplanted and it bears cropping. Grafs will not grow beneath it. but the Avena pratenfis destroys it .- The wood is hard and durable. The bark may be made into ropes-The berries are two years in ripening. When bruifed they afford a pleafant diuretic liquor, but it is not eafy to prevent its growing four. It is efteemed a good antifcorbutic. The Swedes prepare an extract from the berries which fome people eat for breakfast, but it is fitter for a medicine than for food. The fpirit impregnated with the effential oil of these berries is every where known by the name of Gin, or Juniper water-The berries fometimes appear in an uncommon form, the leaves of the cup grow double the usual fize; approaching, but not clofing; and the 3 petals fit exactly clofe, fo as to keep the air from the Tipulæ Juniperi which inhabit them-Gum Sandarach, more commonly called Pounce, is the product of this tree.

Horfes, Sheep and Goats eat it.—Cimex juniperinus, Thrips juniperina and Coccinella 9-puncitata feed upon it.

 β HUDS.—Leaves broader and thicker. Berries longer, more oval than fpherical. LIGHTF.—

J. B. i. b. 302. 1.-Clus. i. 38. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1372. 3.

On the fummit of Snowdon, and the mountains of Westmorland, On Kendal Fell. R. fyn.

1241. TAX'US.

4 D 3

1130

DIOECIA MONADELPHIA.

I some - all general the s

1241, TAX'US. Yew

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. none, except the Bud, which refembles a cup with 3 or 4 leaves.

BLoss. none.

CHIVES. Threads numerous; united below into a column longer than the bud. Tips deprefied; blunt at the edge; with 8 clefts; opening all round at the bafe; and having fhed their duft, flat; target-fhaped; and the clefts in the edge become more remarkable.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. as above.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; but tapering. Shaft none. Summit blunt.

S. VESS. Berry an expansion of the receptacle; fucculent and globular; open at the end; coloured. In courfe of time it grows dry; decays, and difappears.

SEED fingle; egg-oblong; ftanding out of the open end of the berry.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empalement a bud of 3 leaves. Bloss. O. Chives many. Tips target-fhaped ; with 8 clefts.

F. Empalement a bud of 3 leaves. Bloss. o. Shaft o. Seed 1; with a very entire berry-like cup.

 O_{BS} . This fpecies of berry is very fingular, and firstly fpeaking can hardly be called a feed-veffel.

common

TAX'US bacca'ta. Leaves near together.—

Hunt. evel. p. 378; i. p. 275. ed. II.—Blackw. 572.—Cam. epit. 840.—Tourn. 362. 1.—J. B. i. b. 241. 2.—Dod. 859. 1, repr. in Lob. obf. 637. 1; ic. ii. 232, Ger. em. 1370, and cop. in Ger. 1187. 2, and Park. 1412.—Gars. 580.—Matth. 1099.—Speft. de la nat. 11. 2, at ii. p. 65, cop. in nat delin. 8. 2, at ii. p. 70. —(Lon. i. 22. 3, is a different plant.)

Berry very fingular, proceeding from a receptacle which half covers and protects the feed, coming to perfection in the 2d year. Seed with 2 feed-lobes. LINN.—Bark reddifth. Berries when ripe red.

Yew Tree.—Mountainous woods and hedges. R. fym.—Mountains of Weftmorland, Cumberland, and hills of Herefordfhire. Hups. —In a truly wild flate out of the clefts of the rocks on Gigglefwick,

Scar.

Chives and Pointals Diffinct, Threads united.

Scar. CURT. Mr. WOODWARD-where feveral grow out of the fiffures, and foreading on each fide, cloath the rock to fome diftance. In inacceffible fituations, on the rocks of Borowdale, and on Conzick Scar, near Kendal. There can be little doubt but these are its truly natural fituations. Mr. WOODWARD .- Numbers fcattered over the country between Stourport and Abberley, Worcestershire. Clearly an indigenous tree. Sr.1 T. Mar. Apr.

It grows beft in a moift loamy foil. On bogs or dry mountains it languishes. It bears transplanting even when old. It is often planted to make hedges, and as these hedges admit of clipping, they form excellent fkreens to keep off the cold winds from tender plants-The wood is hard, fmooth, and beautifully veined with red. It is converted into bows, axle-trees, fpoons, cups, cogs for mill-wheels and flood-gates for fifh-ponds, which hardly ever decay-The berries are fweet, and vifcid. Children often eat them in large quantities without any inconvenience.-Swine are fond of them and are faid to devour them with impunity .- The fresh leaves are fatal to the human species. Three children were killed by a fpoonful of the green leaves. They died without agony or any of the ufual fymptoms of vegetable poifons. The fame quantity of the dried leaves had been given the day before without any effect. 'Percival's effays iii .- Sheep and Goats eat it, Horfes and Cows refufed it, LINN .- but there are inftances of both having been killed by eating it, branches having been found in their ftomachs. Gent. Mag. lvi. 941, and Sheep are faid to have been killed by browfing upon the bark .-- I fuspect that the loppings in a half dried state, are most detrimental to cattle.

Order

1131

DIOECIA SYNGENESIA.

Order XIV.

SYNGENESIA; TIPS UNITED.

1246. RUS'CUS. Pettigree.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. Cup; with 6 leaves; upright, but expanding. Leaves egg-fhaped, convex; the edges at the fide reflected.

BLOSS. none, unlefs you confider every other leaf of the cup as fuch.

Honey-cup egg-fhaped; as large as the cup; blown up; open at the rim; upright.

CHIVES. Threads o. Tips 3; expanding; placed upon the end of the honey-cup; united at the bafe.

F. Fertile Flowers.

EMPAL. BLOSS. and Honey-cup as above.

POINT. Seed-bud oblong-egg-(haped; hidden within the honey-cup. Shaft cylindrical; as long as the honeycup. Summit blunt; projecting through the mouth

of the honey-cup.

states or a maket

S. VESS. Barry globular; with 3 cells.

ESS. CHAR. B. Empalement of 6 leaves. Bloss. O. Honeycup in the centre; egg-fhaped; perforated at the end.

F. Émpalement, Bloffom, and Honey-cup as in B. Shaft 1. Berry of 3 cells. Seeds 2.

OBS. In this and other genera nearly related to it, it is feldom, that all the feeds come to perfection; for the most part one feed takes to enlarge, and by preffure destroys the others.

prickly

1132

R U S'C U S aculea'tus. Leaves bearing the flowers on the upper furface; naked.—

Sheldr. 14.—Mill. ill.—Trag. 919, cop. in Lon. i. 78. 2.—Blackw. 155.—Cam. epit. 935, cop. in Park. 253.—Gars. 504.—Matth. 1214, cop. in J. B. i. a. 579.—Dod. 744, repr. in Lob. obf. 362, 1; ic. i. 637. 2, Ger. em. 907, and improved in H. ox. xiii. 5. row 2. 1.—Ger. 759.

Leques

Chives and Pointals diffinct, Tips united.

Leaves with numerous parallel veins, and ending in a fharp thorny point. *Hower* not properly growing out of the leaf, but on a fruit-ftalk from the bofom of the leaf, which is immerfed beneath the outer coat, from whence it may with eafe be diffected. Mr. WOODWARD.—Stem tough, woody, branched, fcored. *Leaves* egg-fpear-fhaped, pointed. *Blofs.* yellowifh green. *Berries* red.

Knee Holly. Butchers Broom.—Woods, thickets, and hedges. [Hethel Woods near Norwich. Mr. CROWE.—Heath near Loweftoft. Mr. WOODWARD.] S. March, April.

In Italy it is made into befoms, and the butchers use them to fweep their blocks. Huxters place the boughs round their bacon_ and cheefe to defend them from the Mice, for they cannot make their way through the prickly leaves. It will not bear the winters of Sweden.

1194. BRYO'NIA. Bryony.

B. Barren Flowers.

- EMPAL. Cup of 1 leaf; bell-fhaped; with 5 awl-fhaped teeth.
- BLOSS. with 5 divisions; bell-fhaped; fixed to the cup; segments egg-fhaped.
- CHIVES. Threads 3; very fhort. Tips 5, of which 2 are on each 2 of the threads, growing together; and only 1 on the 3d thread.

F. Fertile Flowers upon the fame plant.

- EMPAL. Cup as above; fuperior; permanent. BLOSS. as above.
- POINT. Seed-bud beneath. Shaft with 3 clefts; as long as the bloffom when open. Summits notched at the end; open.

S. VESS. Berry oval; fmooth.

- SEEDs feveral; fixed to the outer coat of the berry; fomewhat egg-fhaped.
 - Ess. CHAR. B. Empal. with 5 teeth. Bloss. with 5 divisions. Threads 3.
 - F. Empal. with 5 teeth. Blofs. with 5 divisions. Shaft with 3 clefts. Berry nearly globular, with many feeds.

BRYO'NIA dioi'ca. Leaves hand-fhaped; rough red berried on both fides, with callous points. Barren and fertile flowers on different plants. JACQ. in fyfl. veg. ed. xiv. ST. Jacz.

DIOECIA SYNGENESIA.

Jacq. fl. 199.—Sheldr. 77.—Mill. ic. 70.—Blackw. 37.—Tourn. 15. 1, parts of frustification.—Dod. 400, repr. in Lob. obf. 343. 3; ic. i. 624. 2, Ger. em. 869.—Gars. 181.—Ger. 720.— Fuchs. 94, cop. in J. B. ii. 143. 2.—Cam. cpit. 987, cop. in Dark 178. 1. Trag. 800 che is Len. 6 Mark 1. 20

Park. 178. 1.- Trag. 820, abr. in Lon. i. 209. 2.- Matth. 1289. Root whitish yellow. Berries red. C. BAUH.-Blogs. dirty white, with green lines. HALL. ST .- Fertile flowers fmaller, on thorter fruit-stalks. REICH .- Barren and fertile plants generally growing at a great diftance from each other, never having feen them growing together but once. Barren fruit-flaks longer than the leaves, with from 10 to 20 flowers. Fertile fruit-flalks very fhort, with from 3 to 6 flowers. Berry red. Seeds 5 to 6. LEERS .- Leaves not properly hand-fhaped, even the lower ones being truly lobed. Our plants are all dioecious, and have red berries. I have never obferved that with black berries. The Bryonia alba, baccis nigris of Ray, is an addition of Dillenius. Mr. WOODWARD.-Fertile plant: Broad topped spikes from the bofom of the leaves, about the length of the leaf-ftalks, with fometimes a fmall leaf at the bafe of the uppermost whorl. Fruit-stalks from 2 to 4 together, disposed as itwere in 2 whorls, downy. Empal. and Bloss. as if expansions of one and the fame fubftance; on a fhort fruit-ftalk. Empal. divisions ftrap-awl-fhaped, bowed outwards. Bloss. nearly as fmall again as the barren bloffom, downy within and without; fegments ftrapoblong, The rudiments of 5 chives, at the infertion of the fegments of the bloffom, equal in number to that of the tips of the barren flowers. Sr.

Bryonia dioica, REICH. fl. moeno-francof. n. 706.—alba, Huds. Leers, and Lightfoot.—Vitis alba, Fuchs. 95.—Vitis alba, five Bryonia, Cam. epit. 987.—(B. alba, Linnæus and Scop. the black berried Eryony is a different fpecies, and is faid by Pluk. amalth. p. 45. to be not unfrequent about Cambridge, but, as Mr. Relhan does not notice it, I conclude it to be now extinct there.) Sr.

Bryony. Wild Vine.—Hedges and thickets. P. May. The root is purgative and acrid; a dram of it in fubfiance, or half an ounce of it infufed in wine is a full dofe. A cold infufion of the root in water is ufed externally in fciatic pains. A cataplafm of it is a most powerful difcutient—A decoction made with one pound of the fresh root is the best purge for horned cattle—The active virtues of this plant feem to give it a claim to more attention than is now bestowed upon it—Some people have a method of forming the roots into human figures, and felling them for mandrakes.—Goats eat it; Horfes, Cows, Sheep and Swine refuse it. LINN.—2 or 3 of the berries have been eaten without any observable effects. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.

Clafs

Class XXIII.

-1 A 9/27 6 1 7 7 M

POLYGAMIA.

VARIOUS DISPOSITIONS.

THIS Clafs confifts of plants in which fome of the flowers in the fame fpecies have both CHIVES and POINTALS, and others have only CHIVES, or only POINT-ALS.

H. Signifies the flowers that have both Chives and Pointals.

B. Signifies the flowers that have only Chives.

F. Signifies the flowers that have only Pointals.

It is remarkable that in trees with broad leaves, where the Chives and Pointals are in different Empalements, or on diffinct trees, as the HASEL, the POPLAR, and the ASH, the flowers come out before the leaves are fully expanded, that the paffage of the duft from the Chives to the Pointals may not be interrupted: but where the leaves are narrow, as in the FIR and the YEW Tree, no fuch provision takes place.

Order The second se

Order I.

MONOECIA; UPON I. PLANT.

1256. Hol'cus. H. Hufk 2 valves, containing 1 flower. Chives 3. Shafts 2. Seed 1. B. Husk 2 valves, containing 1

flower. Chives 3. 1258. VALAN'TIA. H. Empalement o. Bloss. with 4 divifions. Chives 4. Shaft cloven.

Seed I. B. Empalement o. Blos. with 3 or

4 divisions. Chives 3 or 4.

1266. A'CER. H. Cup with 5 clefts. Bloss. 5 petals. Chives 8. Shafts 2. Capf. a double berry ; winged. B. Cup with 5 clefts. Bloss. 5 pe-

tals. Chives 8.

- 1259. PARIETA'RIA. H. Cup with 4 clefts. Bloss. o. Chives 4. Shaft 1. Seed 1. F. Cup with 4 clefts. Bloss. o.
 - Shaft 1. Seed 1.

1260. A'TRIPLEX. H. Cup with 5 leaves. Bloss. O. Chives 5. Shaft cloven. Seed 1. F. Cup with 2 leaves. Bloss. o. Shaft cloven, Seed 1.

+ Euphorbia portlandica. Euphorbia Characias. Lemna. Avena elatior. Ilex. stall and a star way a start Deve mor m

Order II.

DIOECIA; UPON II. PLANTS.

1273. FRAX'INUS. H. Empal. 0; or with 4 divisions. Bloss. o; or with 4 petals. Chives 2. Point. 1. Seed 1. F. Empal. 0; or with 4 divisions. Bloss. 0; or with 4 petals. Point. 1. Seed 1. 1. Seed 1. + Callitriche. Ilex Aquifolium.

Order

1136

Various Difpositions, Upon I. Plant.

Order I.

MONOECIA; UPON I. PLANT.

1256. HOL'CUS, Soft-grafs.

Plate II. fig. 30.

H. Flowers with Chives and Pointals.

EMPAL. Husk inclosing 1 or 2 florets; with 2 valves; ftiff; without awns.

Outer Value egg-fhaped; concave; large; inclofing the Inner, which is oblong; with its fides rolled inwards.

BLOSS. Hufk of 2 valves; tender; befet with foft hair; fmaller than the empalement. Outer Valve generally furnished with a stiff awn, which is longer than the empalement. Inner Valve without an awn; very fmall.

CHIVES. Threads 3; hair-like. Tips oblong.

- POINT. Seed-bud turban-fhaped. Shafts 2; hair-like. Summits pencil-fhaped.
- S. VESS. none. The bloffom incloses, protects and adheres to the feed.

SEED folitary; egg-fhaped; inclofed.

B. Barren Flowers smaller than the other.

EMPAL. Hufk with 2 valves. Valves between egg and fpear-fhaped; rolled inwards; without awns; fharp. BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 3; hair-like. Tips oblong.

ESS. CHAR. H. Empal. a hufk with 1 or 2 flowers. Bloss. a hufk awned. Chives 3. Shafts 2. Seed 1.

B. Empal. a husk of 2 values. Bloss. o. Chives 3.

HOL'CUS mol'lis. Hufks almoft naked, with 2 creeping florets; that with chives and pointals without awns; that with only chives with a jointed awn. LINN.—Root creeping. Joints of the ftem woolly. Awn extending beyond the fpiket. Both florets with chives and pointals. CURT.

Curt.

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POLYGAMIA MONOECIA.

Curt. v. 54.—Leers 7. 7, branch of the panicle.—Schreb. 20. 2.— Scheuch. 4. 25, a flower.—Lob. adv. alt. 467. 2, cop. in J. B. ii. 457, the awns not expressed.

Refembles H. lanatus, but the empalements more pointed, and alfo more taper-pointed than in the other fpecies. LINN.—Differs from H. lanatus, as follows: Roots creeping like those of Triticum repens. Straws taller. Leaves green. Empalement, fmooth. Awns ftraight, after flowering jointed, projecting fomr what beyond the empalement. SCHREB.

Avena. Hall. hift. 1485, to which genus its ftructure fnews it really to belong.—Aira mollis. Schreb. fpicil. p. 51. ST.

Corn fields, RAY. HUDS. ST.-hedges and woods. CURT.

P. July, August.

Cattle and Sheep are fond of it: Goats and Horfes eat it.

meadow

HOL'CUS lana'tus. Hufks woolly, with 2 florets; the floret with chives and pointals without an awn; that with only chives with an awn bowed back.—

> Curt. iv. 38.—Schreb. 20. 1.—Leers 7. 6, branch of the panicle.— J. B. ii. 466. 3.—Scheuchz. 4. 24, A, B, flowers.—Park. 1155. 1.—Anderf.

> > 1258. VALAN-

The whole plant of a velvet-like foftnefs. LINN.—Barren floret containing a pointal. Seed-bud fimilar to that of the fertile floret, but much fmaller. Shafts awl-fhaped, fimple. Seed very minute, abortive. CURT.

Meadows and paftures.

P. June, July.

Various Dispositions, Upon I. Plant,

1258. VALAN'TIA. Crofs-wort.

H. Flowers with chives and pointals folitary.

EMPAL. hardly any; the feed-bud occupying its place. BLOSS. Petal 1; flat; with 4 divisions. Segments eggshaped; pointed.

CHIVES. Threads 4; as long as the bloffom. Tips fmall. POINT. Seed-bud beneath; large. Shaft as long as the

chives; cloven half way down. Summit a knob. S. VESS. leather-like; compressed; reflected. SEED fingle; globular.

B. Barren Flowers folitary; 1 placed on each fide the fertile one. EMPAL. as above.

BLOSS. as above, with 3 or 4 divisions.

CHIVES as above.

POINT. Seed-bud beneath ; finall. Shaft and fummits imperfect, and hardly difcernible.

S. VESS. barren; but there is a flender oblong rudiment which adheres to the fide of the fertile flower.

Ess. CHAR. H. Empal. O. Bloss. with 4 divisions. Chives 4. Shaft cloven. Seed 1.

B. Empal. o. Bloss. with 3 or 4 divisions. Chives 3 or 4. Pointal imperfect.

VALAN'TIA Apari'ne. Barren flowers with 3 clefts, Goofe-grafs on pedicles which grow on the fruit-ftalk of the fertile flower. ---

Galium tricorne, ST. which fee, p. 153, where "Valantia aparine" and its specific character, placed at the bottom of the page, should have been inferted between the defcription and place of growth. Sr.

VALAN'TIA Crucia'ta. Barren flowers with 4 common clefts. Fruit-stalks with 2 leaves.-

Walc. to follow Blackw. and Garf. 235 after Dod. Gc. See references to figures at p. 149.-Tourn. 39.2, F.

Chives about half as long as the bloffom. Mr. HOLLEFEAR. ST. -In feveral of the Galiums there are flowers with only chives frequently intermixed, as in the G. mollugo, Aparine and parifienfe, and in both genera fome bloffoms cloven into 3. WIGG .- Neither does the number of feeds afford a better mark of diffinction, as in fome of the Valantias there are, two. Several of the Galiums have the

1140

POLYGAMIA MONOECIA.

the most striking and close refemblance to fome of the Valantiar. WIGG. ST .- Stems numerous, fimple, afcending, 4-fided, with rounded angles, and intermediate furrows, befet with long expanding hairs, purplish at the joints. Leaves in fours, the lower oval, very fmall, the upper egg-fpear-fhaped, the uppermoft fpearshaped, crowded, hairy. Bunches on fruit-stalks from the bosom of the leaves, with from 6 to 8 flowers. Fruit-flaks ufually in threes. Bloss. segments 3 to 5 in both barren flowers and flowers with chives and pointals. Chives equal in number to the fegments of the bloffom, and bent back between them after the dust is shed. In one flower with chives and pointals with 5 fegments, were 5 chives bent back between the fegments, the tips being withered, and 4 others fhorter, with the dust then ripe, and the pointal cloven into 4, 3 of which had a perfect, and the 4th an imperfect fummit. Mr. Woopw .- Stem square, the corners rounded and elevated, hairy, fometimes when fully grown 4 feet long, weak, requiring fome fupport from other plants. Leaves from the corners of the ftem, fmooth above. Fruit-ftalks forked as much as 7 times, hairy, 6 in a whorl, 3 together from the bale of opposite leaves, bent downwards after flowering. Floral-leaves spear-egg-shaped, to the middlemoft fruit-ftalk moftly 3, to the lateral ones 2. Chives yellow. inferted at the fiffures of the bloffom, at first upright, afterwards bent back upon the feed-bud. Tips roundifh, after fhedding their duft buff-coloured. Seeds 2 dry berries, united at the bale, kidneyclobular, fmooth, most frequently fingle, one of the 2 feed-buds generally proving abortive. The ftructure of its parts proves it to be really a fpecies of Galium. Tournefort has Galium Aparine and Cruciata, but observes, that it is only in conformity to custom that he has thus divided into 3 what he confesses ought to form only one genus. Linnæus united the 2 first, but an attachment to a favourite fystem led him to retain the Cruciata under the new title of Valantia. ST .- When the feed-veffels ripen, the leaves bend inwards and cover them fo effectually, that birds cannot get at them without tearing away the leaves. Bloffom yellow.

Galium cruciata, Scop. &c. which fee at p. 149. ST.

Crofs-wort. Mug-weed. Roughs and ditch banks.

P. Apr.-July.

1259. PARI-

Various Dispositions, Upon I. Plant.

1259. PARIETA'RIA. Pellitory.

H. 2 flowers containing both chives and pointals are inclosed within 1 flat fence of 6 leaves; the 2 opposite and outer leaves the largest.

EMPAL. Cup 1 leaf, with 4 clefts; flat; blunt; half the fize of the fence.

BLOSS. none; unlefs the cup is confidered as fuch.

CHIVES. Threads 4; awl-fhaped; longer than the cup; burfting it open; permanent. Tips double.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped. Shaft thread-fhaped; coloured. Summit pencil-fhaped; with a knob.

S. VESS. none. The Cup becoming longer, larger, and bell-fhaped, and its fegments approaching, clofes upon the feed.

SEED fingle; egg-fhaped.

F. Flowers with only pointals; 1 placed between the other 2, within the fame fence.

EMPAL. as above. BLOSS. none.

POINT. as above.

S. VESS. none. Cup flender; inclofing the fruit. SEED as above.

ESS. CHAR. H. Empalement with 4 clefts. Blofs. O. Chives
4. Shaft 1. Seed 1; fuperior, lengthened out.
F. Empalement with 4 clefts. Blofs. O. Chives O. Shaft 1. Seed 1; fuperior, lengthened out.

PARIETA'RIA officina'lis. Leaves fpear egg-shaped. common Fruit-stalks forked. Cups of 2 leaves.—

Ludw. 115.—Walc.—Ger. 261.—Fl. dan. 521.—Curt. iv. 39, wanting the fucculent habit of the plant.—Pet. 8. 1.—Fuchf. 277, cop. in J. B. ii. 976. 2.—Garf. 441.—Lonic. i. 137. 1.—Cam. epit. 849, abridged in H. ox. v. 30. row 3. 1.—Matth. 1113, cop. in Dod. 102, which repr. in Lob. obf. 130; ic. i. 258. 1, Ger. em. 331, and cop. in Park. 437.—Blackw. 156.—Trag. 193. Fertile flowers 4-edged, pyramidal. LINN.—Stems reddifh. Blofs. greenifh white. Tips, if touched when ripe with the point of a

needle, burft, and throw out their dust with confiderable force. Pellitory of the Wall.

On old walls and amongft rubbifh. Vol. II. 4 E P. May-Sept. This .1141

POLYGAMIA MONOECIA.

This plant was formerly in repute as a medicine, but it does not feem to poffefs any remarkable qualities.—It is afferted that the leaves ftrewed in granaries deftroy the Corn Weevil.—It contains, I have been informed, a confiderable quantity of nitre, and that in making an extract from it, the mafs has taken fire. The *Nitraria* alfo contains the fame falt, and is faid not to flourish unlefs Nitre is mixed with the foil in which it grows. ST.

1260. A'TRIPLEX. Orache.

H. Flowers with chives and pointals.

EMPAL. Cup, 5 leaves; concave; permanent. Segments egg-fhaped; concave; membranaceous at the edges.

BLOSS. none.

CHIVES. Threads 5; awl-fhaped; placed opposite to the leaves of the cup, and longer than them. Tips round-ifh; double.

POINT. Seed-bud round. Shaft deeply divided; fhort. Summits reflected.

S. VESS. none. 'The Cup clofing; with 5 fides and 5 angles; the angles compreffed, deciduous.

SEED fingle; roundish; flatted and depressed.

F. Flowers with only pointals, on the fame plant.

EMPAL. Cup, 2 leaves; flat; upright; egg-fhaped; fharp; large; compreffed.

BLOSS. none.

POINT. Seed-bud compressed. Shaft deeply divided. Summite reflected; sharp.

S. VESS. nore. The values of the cup, which are large and heart-fhaped, inclose the feed between them.

SEED fingle; roundish; compressed.

Ess. CHAR. H. Empalement of 5 leaves. Bloss. o. Chives 5. Shaft with 2 divisions. Seed 1; depreffed.

F. Empalement of 2 leaves. Bloss. O. Chives O. Shaft with 2 divisions. Seed 1; compressed.

QBS. There is a very great affinity between Atriplex and Chenopedium, the prefence of the flowers with only pointals in the Atriplex is the only mark of diffinction; for if the Chenopodium had thefe flowers it would be Atriplex; and the Atriplex without them would be Chenopodium.

A'TRIPLEX

Various Difpositions, Upon I. Plant.

A'TRIPLEX portulacoi'des. Stem fhrubby. *fhrubby* Leaves inverfely egg-fhaped.—

Dod. 771. 1, repr. in Ger. em. 523. 2.—Matth. 160.—J. B. i. b. 228.—Clus. i. 54, repr. in Lob. obf. 213. 1; ic. i. 392. 1, Ger. em. 523. 3, and cop. in Park. 724. 1, and Pet. 7. 7, leaves too pointed.

Leaves oppofite, entire. LYONS.—Stem and branches ufually declining. Leaves fea-green, the young ones fpear-fhaped, and ftrap-fpear-fhaped. Bunches branched, terminating, and from the bofom of the upper leaves, with a few fmall leaves interfperfed. Mr. WOODWARD.—Whitifh. Spikes greenifh purple.

Halimus angustifolius procumbens. Ger. em. 523. Sr. Sea Purslane.—Sea fhores on a clayey foil. S. July, Aug. Cows, Sheep and Goats eat it.

A'TRIPLEX lacinia'ta. Stem herbaceous. Leaves frosted trowel-fhaped, toothed, filvery underneath, LINN. indented-toothed, waved. HUDS.*

Matth. 463, cop. in Park. 748. 4.—Ger. 257. 4.—Dod. 615. 4, repr. in Lob. obf. 128. 3, ic. i. 255. 1, Ger. em. 325. 4, and cop. in 7. B. ii. 974. 1, H. ox. v. 32. 17, and Pet. 7. 3.

Whole plant covered with a fkin which peels off. Stem upright, cylindrical, naked, rod-like. Spikes with chives and pointals terminating. Tips of a pleafant red. Flowers with only pointals in pairs. Empalement of the fruit large, fmooth, with hand-like rents, pointed, compressed, with 5 teeth, the middlemost the largest, nearly of the fize and shape of the Asparagus. Linn.—Stem 2' feet high, nearly upright, branched. Branches open. Leaves filvery, mealy. When fown in a garden became β HUDS.—Stem much branched, expanding, in what few plants I have feen prostrate, smooth, yellowish. Leaves, the lower trowel-shaped, the upper trowel-spearthaped; below very entire at the edge, above. variously jagged, sprinkled with a spontie. Leas-shaped, the upper trowel-spearthaped; below very entire at the edge, above. variously jagged, seven of the upper ones opposite. Leas-shaped with the fame mealines as the leaves. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sea fhores, [near Harwich. Dr. J. E. SMITH.—Pakefield, Suffolk. Mr. STONE.—Ramfide opposite the Isle of Walney and Rofebeck Low Furness, Lancashire. Mr. WOODWARD.]

Cows eat it.

A. July, August.

Including alfo A. tatarica as a variety. Sr. 4 E 2

B HUDS

POLYGAMIA MONOECIA.

β Huds.— A. tatarica. Leaves trowel-fhaped, indented-toothed, waved, alternate. LINN.

Stems upright, long, branched, roundifh, fmooth, 3 feet high. Leaves trowel-fhaped, indented, pointed, contracted, fomewhat green. Bunches or fpikes terminating. Empalement of the fruit eggfhaped, pointed, with a very fmall tooth at the edge on each fide, fmooth without. It bloffoms very late. Flowers with chives and pointals abortive. LINN. hort. upf.—Stem 3 to 5 feet high, upright; branched. Branches upright. Leaves and empalement of the fruit as in α HUDS.

Atriplex maritima nostras procerior, foliis angulosis incanis, admodums sinuatis. R. fyn. 152. ST.

wild

A'TRIPLEX *hafla'ta*. Stem herbaceous. Valves of the empalement in the fertile flowers large; trowel-fhaped; indented.—

Curt. ii. 20.—H. ox. v. 32. 14, cop. in Pet. 7. 1.—(Ger. em. 326. 6, is Chenopod. album.)

Empal. of the fruit not unfrequently toothed on the difc. LEERS. —Varies in the *flem* being upright or trailing; the *leaves* trowelfhaped and indented-toothed, or toothed, or entire. HUDS.— Agrees with A. patula as follows. Stems angular and fomewhat furrowed. Leaves triangular and halberd-fhaped, the appendages longer or fhorter, toothed or entire, the upper ufually fpear-fhaped and entire. Valves of the feeds larger than those of the A. patula; flatter, and toothed only at the edges. Branches often horizontal, and even bending down. Mr. WOODWARD.

Fat-hen. Lamb's-quarters.—On rubbifh, dunghills, and in kitchen gardens. A. August, September.

It is fometimes gathered as a pot-herb, and eaten in lieu of fpinach and other greens.—Cows, Goats, Sheep, and Swine eat it, but do not feem to be fond of it.

β HUDS.—Atriplex maritima perennis folio deltoide feu triangulari, minus incano. R. fyn. p. 152. St.

Sea coaft. P. according to H. ox. on which ground Ray gave it place as a diffinet fpecies, but Doody afferts it to be an A.

 γ Huds.-Stems trailing. Leaves hardly indented. RAV.-All the leaves oval-fpear-fhaped, very entire. Mr. WOODWARD.

J. B. ii. 974. 2, repr. in Chabr. 306. 4, and cop. in Pet. 7. 2.

Banks of the fea marfhes near Maldon, Effex. About London, and on the fea-fide in Selfey, in Shepey Island. R. Syn. -- [Yar' mouth. Mr. WOODWARD.]

Atriplex maritima ad foliorum bafin auriculata, procumbens, et ne vix finuata. R. fyn. 152. ST. A'T R I P L E X

Various Difpositions Upon I. Plant.

A'TRIPLEX pat'ula. Stem herbaceous, with open *fpear* branches. Leaves fomewhat trowel-fpear-fhaped. Emplements of the fruit toothed on the difc.—

Matth. 460, cop. in Dod. 615. 3, Lob. obf. 129. 4; ic. i. 257. 2, Ger. em. 326. 7, which cop. in Park. 748. 7, H. ox. v. 32. 15, and Pet. 7. 5. J. B. ii. 973. 3, and 4.

Refembles A. haftata which fee. Values of the feeds more convex, and toothed, and tubereled on the fides. Mr. WOODWARD. On rubbifh and ditch-banks. A. August.

β Leaves halberd-fhaped, toothed. Hubs. Atriplex erecta. Hudson, ed. I.

At the entrance into Batterfea Field from Nine Elms. R. fyn.

A'TRIPLEX littora'lis. Stem herbaceous; upright. grass-leaved Leaves all ftrap-fhaped; very entire, LINN.--or ferrated. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

a Leaves very entire. Mr. WOODWARD. ST.

Pet. 7. 6.

Leaves fometimes fpear-fhaped. GMEL. ST.—Differs from A. patula as follows. Colour always fea-green. Stem furrowed. Leaves not always very entire, but fometimes with fcattered teeth, and bowed back at the end. WILLICH. ill. n. 6.—Stems numerous, at first trailing, afterwards declining or upright, much branched. Leaves perfectly ftrap-fhaped, the lower now and then toothed. Values of the feeds triangular, toothed at the edges.

By the peer at Ramfgate, Kent. R. fm. [Yarmouth, Blakeney, and Wells, Norfolk. Mr. WOODWARD.]

 β HUDS.—Boccon rar. 30. 1, carelefsly cop. in H. ox. v. 32. 20. γ HUDS.—Leaves blunter. Probably a variety of α .

Ramfgate Peer, Kent. R. fyn.

Leaves toothed. Mr. WOODWARD.

Gmel. iii. 14. 2.—Pet. 7. 4, leaves fpear-oblong, more like those of Chenopodium Glaucum.—(J. B. ii. 973. 1, cop. in H. ox. v. 32. 16, is Chenopodium glaucum.)

Leaves ftrap-fhaped, alternate, flefhy, toothed, not very entire, in our country at leaft. Roth.

Atriplex marina according to Mr. Lightfoot, but Linnæus deferibes his marina as a plant about a hand's breadth high. Mr. Woonw. —A. ferrata. Stem herbaceous, nearly upright. Leaves firapfhaped, ferrated, Hups.—A.littoralis. Roth. ii. 89. n. 27. ST.—I have found fome ftems with the very narrow entire leaves of the A. littoralis, and others, which were the largeft and ftrongeft, entirely clothed with broader narrow elliptical leaves, toothed or jagged throughout, and ferrated leaves both from the fame root. Mr. Woopw. —Lin-

POLYGAMIA MONOECIA

-Linnæus refers the A. ferrata of Hudson to his A. marina, but Mr. Hudfon does not acknowledge them to be the fame. My fpecimens corresponding with their specific characters appear to me to be a variety of A. littoralis. ST.

Atriplex valvis seminum integris, foliis emnibus ex lineari-lanceolatis, integris et ex sinuato-dentatis. Gmel. fib. iii. p. 72. Mr. WOODW. ST.

Sea fhores and on rubbifh .- By the river and on the banks of the marshes about Maldon, Effex. R. fyn.- [Wells, Norfolk, Mr. CROWE-and Yarmouth and Blakeney, Norfolk. Mr. WOODW.] A. August.

flalked

A'TRIPLEX peduncula'ta. Stem herbaceous; ftraddling. Leaves spear-shaped; blunt; entire. Flowers with only pointals on fruit-ftalks .--

Pluk. 36. 1, cop. in Pet. 7. 8 .- Fl. dan. 304.* Branches straddling. Bunches terminating, and from the bosoms of the leaves. Fruit-stalks lateral, fimple, in pairs or incorporated. Empalement refembling the fruit of Thlashi Bursa Fastoris with 3 lobes, the middlemost the smallest. LINN .- Stem much branched. Leaves fome inverfely egg-fhaped, fea-green. Fertile flowers on long fruitstalks. Valves of the fruit egg-shaped, the middlemost lobe triangular and fhort. Mr. WOODWARD.

Sea shores. Near Scirbeck, 1 mile from Boston, and in the Ifle of Thanet, near the Ferry. R. fyn. Near Yarmouth, fin the falt marshes out of the North gates. Mr. WOODWARD .- At LYNN. Dr. J. E. SMITH and Mr. CROWE.] A. July-Sept.

B Hubs .- Near Lynn. Norfolk. R. fyn.

The July Arrach Moth. Fhalæna Atriplicis, Phalæna lubricipeda, Phalæna exfoleta, Phalæna Oxyacanthæ; and Aphis Atriplicis are found upon the different species.

* Leaves much too pointed. Habit not well expressed. Mr. Woop-WARD. ST.

- COLUMN REAL REAL STREET DANS

1266. A'CER

Various Dispositions, Upon I. Plant.

1266. A'CER. Maple.

H. With chives and pointals.

EMPAL. C:p leaf 1, with 5 clefts; fharp; coloured; flat and entire at the bafe; permanent.

BLOSS. Petals 5; egg-fhaped; broadeft towards the end; blunt; but little larger than the cup; expanding.

CHIVES. Threads 8; awl-shaped; short. Tips simple. Dust cross-shaped.

POINT. Seed-bud compreffed; nearly buried in a large perforated convex receptacle. Shaft thread-fhaped; daily growing longer. Summits 2; tapering; flender; bent back.

S. VESS. Capfules 2; united at the bale; roundifh; compreffed; each terminated by a very large membranaceous wing.

SEEDs folitary; roundifh.

B. Barren Flowers.

EMPAL. BLOSS. CHIVES as above.

POINT. Seed-tud o. Shaft o. Summit cloven.

Ess. CHAR. H. Empal. with 5 clefts. Petals 5. Chives 8. Point. 1. Capfules 2 or 3 with one feed, terminated by a wing.

B. Empal. Bloss and Chives as in H.

OBS. At the first opening of the flower the Summit only makes its appearance and after fome days the Shaft floots out. In Acer Pjeudo-Platanus the bloffom is hardly feparated from the cup, and the chives are long.

In fome flowers in the fame rundle the lower enes have tips which do not fhed their duft; but the pointals bring forth perfect fruit; and the upper ones have tips which fhed their duft, but the pointals fall off and perifh.

A'CER Pleudo-Plat'anus. Leaves with 5 lobes; un- Synamore equally ferrated. Flowers in bunches.-

Hunt. evel. p. 200. i. p. 193. ed. II. — Spect. de la nat. ii. 34. 1, at p. 293, cop. in nat. delin. ii. 21. 1, at p. 312. — Lob. cb/. 614. 1, repr. in ic. ii. 199. 2, and cop in Park. 1425. 1. — Ciuf. i. 10. 1, repr. in Dod. 849. 1, and Ger. em. 1484. 1. — Trag. 1125. (Cam. epit. 63 is A. platancides.)

Bunches

POLYGAMIA MONOECIA.

Bunches fomewhat egg-fhaped, nodding. Flowers yellowifh green. LEERS.—Blofs. fo much refembling the empalement in its texture that one would be apt at first fight to regard it as an Empalement with 10 clefts. Tips double, with 2 cells. Recept. woolly. WITH.

Sycamore-Tree .- Woods, hedges and near houles. T. May, June.

It flourishes best in open places, and fandy ground; but will thrive very well in richer foil. it grows quick ; is eafily tranfplanted; bears cropping, and the grais flourishes under its shade. It is faid to grow better near the fea than in any other fituation, and that a plantation of these trees at 50 feet alunder, with 3 fea Sallow-thorns between every 2 of them, will make a fence fufficient to defend the herbage of the country from the fpray of the fea. Gent. Mag. 1757: p. 252 .- The wood is foft, and very white. The turners form it into bowls, trenchers, &c .-If a hole is bored into the body of the tree when the fap rifes in the foring, it discharges a confiderable quantity of a fweetish watery liquor which is used in making wine, and if inspillated affords a fine white fugar-The dust of the Tips appears globular in the mifcrofcope, but if touched with any thing moift, these globules burft open with 4 valves which then appear in form of a crofs. Scarabæus Melolontha feeds upon the leaves. LINN.

A Horfe eat it. ST.

common

A'C E R campef'tre. Leaves lobed; blunt; notched. Hunt. cvel. at p. 190; i. p. 183, ed. II.—Tourn. 386. 1.—Spett. de la nat. ii. 29. 2, at p. 290, cop. in nat. delin. ii. 19. 2, at p. 312.—Dod. 840. 2, repr. in Ger. em. 1484. 2.—J. B. i. b. 166.—Traz. 1123, cop. in Lon. i. 36. 1.

Bark angular, cork-like. Seldom ripens its fruit in Sweden. LINN.-Bloffoms terminating; pale green.

Maple .- Hedges and thickets.

S. June.

stration and be described

The wood is much used for turning in the lathe, and veffels may be turned fo thin as to transmit light.—Horfes will eat the leaves, LINN.—fometimes eat and fometimes refuse them. Sr.

Order

and the second s

A Horfe kept at grafs eat it. Mr. HOLLEFEAR.

Phalana Aceris, and Aphis Aceris feed on both fpecies.

Various Difpofitions, Upon II. Plants.

Order II.

DIOECIA: ON II. PLANTS.

1273. FRAX'INUS. Afh.

H. With chives and pointals.

EMPAL. none; or a Cup of I leaf; with 4 divisions; fharp; upright; fmall.

BLoss. none; or Petals 4; ftrap-fhaped; long; fharp; A low to usk upright.

CHIVES. Threads 2; upright; much shorter than the bloffom. Tips upright; oblong; with 4 furrows.

POINT. Seed-bud egg-fhaped; compressed. Shaft cylindrical; upright. Summit rather thick; cloven.

S. VESS. Spear-Shaped; compressed; membranaceous; with I cell.

SEED fingle; flat; fpear-fhaped.

F. Flowers with only pointals.

EMPAL. BLOSS. POINT. S. VESS. and SEED as above. Ess. CHAR. H. Empal. 0; or with 4 divisions. Blos. 0; or 4 petals. Chives 2. Point. 1. Seed 1; [pear-fhaped. F. Seed 1; (pear-shaped .--

FRAX'INUS excel'for. Leafits ferrated. Flowers common without petals.

Hunt. evel. p. 150; i. p. 145, ed. II.-Blackw. 328.-Cam. epit. 64, cop. in Park. 1419. 1.-Gars. 97 and 277.-Dod. 833, repr. in Lob. obf. 545. I ; ic. ii. 107. 2, Ger. em. 1472 .-Matth. 135 .- 7. B. i. b. 174, branch with fruit, diseased excrescencies, and no leaves.-(Lon. i. 49. 3, seems to be Sorbus aucuparia.]

Some trees producing flowers with chives and pointals, and others only flowers with pointals; but it often happens that the tree bearing flowers with both chives and pointals hath fome with only pointals intermixed; and the reverfe. Empalement and Bloffom none. Buds, the lateral ones producing bunches, the terminating one leaves. LINN. -Leaves fometimes fimple. Hups.-Tips blackish purple. Poll. -In 3 specimens from 3-different trees, the 1st had flowers with Vol. II. chives 4F

POLYGAMIA DIOECIA.

chives and pointals, the 2d flowers with only chives, and the 3d with only pointals, fo that this fpecies fhould feem referable to the order *Tricecia*. ST.—Leaves opposite, on leaf-stalks; leafts fitting, 4 or 5 pair, with an odd one. Flowers with chives and pointals, in a fort of panicled bunch. Flower-scales strap-shaped, 1 on the outside at the base of each pedicle. Threads broad and flat. Tips longer than the threads. WITH.

Ash-tree .- Woods and hedge-rows.

T. Mar. Apr. [and part of May. WITH.] It flourishes best in groves, but it grows very well in rich foil in open fields. It bears transplanting and lopping .- Horfes, Cows, Sheep and Goats eat it; but it fpoils the milk of Cows, fo that it fhould not be planted in dairy farms. In the north of Lancashire they lop the tops of this tree to feed the cattle in autumn when the grafs is upon the decline, the cattle peeling off the bark as food .--In a very dry fummer the farmers about Cannock, Staffordshire, in default of grafs fed their Cows with the leaves. Sr.-In Queen Elizabeth's time the inhabitants of Colton and Hawksheadfells remonstrated against the number of forges in the country because they confumed all the loppings and croppings, the fole winter food for their cattle. Penn. tour 1772. p. 29 .- When growing by the water fide, and of fome confiderable age, its branches frequently hang down fomewhat in the manner of the weeping willow. The roots run near the furface, and extend themfelves to a great diftance, whence it is deftructive to the herbage of upland pastures, but if planted on the margins of the ditches, or low boggy meadows, the roots act as underdrains, and render the ground about them firm and hard ; the wood is however in this cafe but of little value. Mr. WOODWARD. - The wood hath the fingular advantage of being nearly as good when young as when old. It is hard and tough, and is much used to make the tools employed in hufbandry. The alhes of the wood afford very good potalh-Thebark is used for tanning cali-fkin .- A flight infusion of it appears of a pale yellowish colour when viewed between and the light, but when looked down upon or placed between the eye and an opake object it is blue. This bluenefs is deftroyed by the addition of an acid. and alkalies recover it again. WITH .- It will give a good though not beautiful green to cloths which have been blued. Sr .--An infusion of the leaves, from half an ounce to an ounce and an half is a very good purge, and a decoction of 2 drams of the bark, or of 6 drams of the leaves has been used to cure agues .- The feeds are acrid and bitter-In the church-yard of Lochabar in Scotland, Dr. Walker meafured the trunk of a dead Afh tree which at 5 feet from the furface of the ground was 58 feet in circumference. The

Various Dispositions, upon II. Plants.

The Leopard Wood Moth, Phalana Prafinana, Dominula, and Fraxini; and Chermes Fraxini feed upon it. β Leaves fimple. T. H. W. in Gent. Mag. lv. p. 593.*

* No apology is I apprehend neceffary for the above infertion, though an anonymous authority, to thofe who are acquainted with the communica-

tions of that ingenious botanift in the Gent. Mag, a work which would be of fill higher authority were it more the cuftom with fuch of its contributors who communicate facts which have fallen under their own observation, to fubseribe their names. Sr.

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