

Price list of

## SPECIMEN TREES

## SHRUBS, ROSES

## AND FRUIT

## Fall, 1910

CANCELING ALL PREVIOUS LISTS回

## WHOLESALE PRICES

ON QUANTITIES OF TEN TO ONE THOUSAND

口
SPECIAL:
SEE NOTES ON PAGES 20. 64 AND BACK COVER

## SUPERIOR FERTILIZERS

## For the Lawn, Garden or Farm <br> PRICES NET F. O. B. SHIPPING POINT <br> CANADA UNLEACHED HARD-WOOD ASHES <br> (ANDORRA BRAND)

Are a complcte fertilizer, replenisbing worn-out soils, and, for the lawn or pasture, are economical and valuable. For the lawu, they are easy to bandle, produce no offensive odors, are not unsigbtly, and, quickly leaching into tbe soil, the chemical properties are at once available for plant food.

Our ashes are sclected only from the hard-wood districts of Canada, are carefully screcned, and put in convenient packages. Apply at the rate of 1,000 to $1,500 \mathrm{lbs}$. pcr acre for top-dressing, or 2,000 to 2,500 lbs. for new lawns.
$50-1 \mathrm{~b} . \mathrm{bag} 100-1 \mathrm{~b} . \mathrm{bag} 200-1 \mathrm{~b} . \mathrm{bbl}$. Ton (10 bbls.) Cars, 15 to 20 tons $\$ 100 \quad \$ 150 \quad \$ 250 \quad \$ 2000$ At special prices.

## PREPARED LIME

Where soils, from constant applications of manure, arc sour and need a fertilizer to sweeten them, lime is a valuable agent. It quickly puts tbe soil in condition to assimilate plant-food. It frces the potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen already in the soil, and turns the nitrogen into the rich nitrates valuable for plant use.

Our prepared lime is fresh from the kilns, clean, well burnt, thoroughly decarbonized and especially prepared, so that it will go three times as far as the lump lime gencrally used, and is finc enough to run through a drill. Usc 500 lbs. per acre.

$$
\begin{array}{ccc}
100-1 \mathrm{~b} . \text { bag } & \text { Ton } & \text { Cars, } 12 \text { to } 25 \text { tons } \\
\$ 125 & \$ 1200 & \$ 10 \text { per ton. }
\end{array}
$$

## POTASH AND PREPARED LIME

Where potash is needed in addition to lime, this prcparation will be found valuable. It contains $4 \%$ actual potash, equal to $8 \%$ of sulphate of potash, the prepared lime being used as a filler, and makes a waluablc top-dresser for lawn, pasture, or grass lands. Apply at the rate of 500 lbs . per acre.

| $100-1 \mathrm{~b}$. bag | Ton | Cars, 12 to 25 tons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 150$ | $\$ 1400$ | $\$ 1200$ per ton |

## PEAT

We bave on band a stock of carefully selected peat, suitable for potting or planting Rhododendrons and sbrubs that necd sucb soil. Sack of about 100 lbs., 75 cents. In sacks, $\$ 13.50$ per ton.

## PURE GROUND BONE

A brand of excellent quality. Analysis on request.

200-1b. bag $\$ 350$

Ton
$\$ 3200$

Cars, 15 to 30 tons Special price.

# Andorra Nurseries 

## CHESTNUT hill, Philadelphia, Pa.

OUR NURSERIES are extensive, covering six liundred acres, of which over three hundred are planted with trees and shrubs. They are easy of access, as Chestnut Hill is the terminus of branches of the Pennsylvania and the Philadelphia \& Reading railroads, and the Chestnut IIill (City Line) trolley runs from the stations to witliin three minutes' walk of the Nurseries.

QUALITY.-The trees and shrubs offered are grown in open, unsheltered ground, in a very ceposed situation, which insures their hardiness, and on soil admirably adapted for forming robust plants having an abundance of roots. Special attention is called to the fact that our stock is grown a good distance apart in the rows, insuring heavier trees and slirubs than are generally offered.

SHIPPING SEASON opens about March 1 in the spring and August 15 in the fall.

INSPECTION AND FUMIGATION.-Our stock is regularly inspected and certificate will be sent with each shipment. Stock will be fumigated when requested or when the State laws require it.

## TERMS AND CONDITIONS

ORDERS.-All orders are accepted subject to the following terms and conditions. Write plainly and give explicit directions as to address and mode of shipment.

STOCK SELECTED by customers at the Nurseries will be charged according to the value of the trees chosen.

QUANTITY.-Lots of 5 and 50 will be furnished at the 10 and 100 rates respectively.

PACKING.-AIl goods are thoroughly packed, thus avoiding risk, if delayed in transit. Packing charges are made at actual cost.

FORWARDING.-Shipments will be forwarded exactly as directed; but when without instructions, we will use our best judgment and forward by shortest and safest routc. We recommend all herbaccous plants be shipped by express.

RISK.-All goods are at purchaser's risk after they are delivered to the forwarding companies and we receive their receipt for the shipment in good condition.

CLAIMS for damage while in transit must be made to the delircring company. Have delivering agent note the damaged condition on the freight bill and present your claim through him promptly.

GUARANTEE AND CLAIMS.-All goods are guarantecd true to name, full count, up to grade, and in good condition when shipped. Any plant proving untrue to name will be replaced. Claims to receive considcration must be made within five days after receipt of goods. We give no guarantee of the life of stock.

TERMS, CASH WITH ORDER, except to persons who satisfy us as to their responsibility.

Address all orders to

## ANDORRA NURSERIES

Local and Long,<br>Distance Telephone<br>Telegraphic Address<br>CHESTNUT HILL, PHILADELPHIA


$\geqslant$

## Nursery Entrance and Office.

## EVERGREEN TREES

Each $\$ 300$ 350 400
350 concolor. White Fir. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.Canadensis. Sec Tsuga Canadensis.
500
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft .
600
$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . ..... 750
5 to 6 ft . . . $\$ 10$ ..... 1250
6 to 9 ft . ..... $\$ 12.50$ to 1500
nobilis, var. glauca. Noble Silver Fir. 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 500
$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . ..... 600
5 to 6 ft . ..... $\$ 7.50$ to 1000
Nordmanniana. Nordmann's Fir. 3 ft . ..... 350
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 450
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ..... 00
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens ..... 750
$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . Specimens ..... 1000
5 to $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens $\rightarrow . . \$ 10$ to 1500
5 6 to 12 ft . Fine specimens. Prices on application.
pectinata. European Silver Fir. 4 to 5 ft . ..... 25050
50
5 to 6 ft . ..... 350
6 to 8 ft . ..... \$4 to ..... 750
BIOTA orientalis. Oriental Arborvitæ. 5 to 6 ft . ..... 300
5n 6 to 7 ft . ..... 400
6 to 7 ft . Very heavy ..... 600
7 to 9 ft . ..... G 00
7 to 10 ft . Very heary $\$ 7.50$ to 1500
BIOTA orientalis, var. aurea. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . Each ..... 10
orientalis, var. aurea nana. 15 to 18 in . ..... $\$ 1750$
orientalis, var. aurea pyramidalis.
3 to 4 ft . ..... 3250
4
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to
to
7
ft
ft . ..... 4250
orientalis, var. compacta. Compact Chinese Arbor-
vitæ. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . .$. ........................... 350 ..... 3000
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ..... 400 ..... 3500
4 to 5 ft ..... 4500
5 to 6 ft . ..... 7507000
orientalis, var. conspicua. 5 to 6 ft ..... 7000

6 to 7 ft .

6 to 7 ft . ..... $90 \quad 00$
7 to 8 ft .
7 to 8 ft .
orientalis, var. elegantissima. Rollinson's Golden Ar-borvitæ. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ............................ 350$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4 . 004 to 6 ft .$\$ 5$ to 750
orientalis, var. filiformis; syn., Japonica. Thread-branched Arborvitæ. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . ............ 2503 to $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.350
4 to 5 ft .3250
orientalis, var. semperaurescens. Ever-golden Arbor- vitæ. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft ..... 350
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.4500
CEDRUS Atlantica, var. glauca. Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar-4250
600 7 to 8 ft . ..... 5500750
8 to 10 ft .7000
Deodara. Deodar, or Indian Cedar. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft ..... 50
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ..... 5004500
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei. Fortune's Yew. 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$
5 to 6 ft . Very broad and heavy ..... 350 ..... 350 ..... 750
6 to 7 ft . . . 6 to 7 ft CRYPTOMERIA Japonica elegans. 6 to 7 ft ..... 750
Japonica, var. Lobbi compacta. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft ..... 250
6 to 7 ft . ..... 750
7 to 8 ft . ..... 1000
ILEX opaca. American Holly. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft ..... 350
3 to 4 ft .$\$ 3.50$ to 500
JUNIPERUS Canadensis. Spreading Canadian Juniper-
12 to 15 in. spread ..... 100 ..... 900
15 to 18 in. spread ..... 1250
Canadensis, var. aurea; syn., Douglasi. Douglas'Golden Juniper. 12 to 15 in . spread.200
100 ..... 850
15 to 18 in. spread. ..... 1250
18 to 24 in. spread. Heavy ..... 150
2 ft. spread. Heavy ..... 250
w $2 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. spread. Heavy ..... 50Canadensis, var. prostrata. Trailing CanadianJuniper. 12 to 15 in.125
15 to 18 in . ..... 200

## ANDORRA NURSERIES

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| JUNIPERUS |  | $\$ 1750$ 3250 |
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JUNIPERUS Virginiana, var. glauca. Blue Virginia Cedar-3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 250$4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.5 to 6 ft. ........................................... . . . 400\$26 to 8 ft. ......................... . . $\$ 7.50$ to 1000
Virginiana, var. Kosteri. Spreading-
12 to 15 in . ..... +.. 150 ..... 1350
 ..... 3250
Virginiana, var. Leei elegantissima. Golden Vir-ginian Cedar-3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Extra heavy ................. . . 350$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . Extra heavy ..................... 5005 to 7 ft . Extra heavy ....... $\uparrow . . \$ 7.50$ to 10007 to 9 ft. ...................... $\uparrow$. $\$ 12.50$ to 1500
Virginiana, var. pendula. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ....... . . 3503250
4 to 5 ft . ..... $+$. ..... 00
Virginiana, var. Schotti. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... $+. .250$ ..... 2000 ..... 3250
PICEA alba. White Spuce............................................. 50
PICEA alba. White Spruce. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . ..... 15045001250
3 to $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.1750
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft .2000
4 to 5 ft .3000
5 to 6 ft . ..... +. . 500
6 to 8 ft . Very fine specimens .... $\uparrow . . \$ 7.50$ to 1000
Alcockiana. Alcock's Spruce. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ....... . . . 350
Engelmanni. Engelmann's Spruce- 4 to 7 ft ..... $\$ 5$ to 1000
excelsa. Norway Spruce. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 200
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ..... 250
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 00
$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft .3250
5 to 6 ft . Specimens4500
6 to 7 ft . Specimens5750
7 to 9 ft . Specimens ..... 6000
9 to 12 ft . ..... $\$ 10$ to 2500
excelsa, var. aurea. Golden Norway Spruce-
3 to 4 ft ..... 350
excelsa, var. inverta. Wecping Norway Spruce-
5 to 6 ft.
7 to 9 ft. ..... $\$ 6$ to 750 ..... $\$ 7.50$ to 1500
excelsa, var. Remonti. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 3250 ..... 350
orientalis. Eastern Spruce. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 30$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. Specimens ............................ 500
pinsapo. Spanish Fir. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... +. . 25032504500
$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . Specimens . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 7.50$ to 1000 5 to 8 ft . Specimens ................... $\$ 10$ to 200022504 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\downarrow$. . 3503250polita. Tiger's Tail Spruce. 6 to 8 ft. .... $\uparrow$. $\$ 5$ to 1000


Loading White Pines.

|  | Each | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PICEA |  | \$37 50 |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . 500 | 4500 |
|  |  |  |
|  | 2 6 to 10 ft . . . . . ................. $\$ 7.50$ to 2500 |  |
|  | pungens, var. glauca. Blue Colorado Spruce$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . Selected color . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350 | 3250 |
|  | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Selected color ............ . $^{\$ 5}$ to 750 |  |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . Selected color . . . . . . . + . $\$ 7.50$ to 1000 |  |
|  | W5 5 to 8 ft . Selected color $\ldots . . . . \uparrow$. $\$ 12.50$ to 3500 |  |
|  | pungens, var. Kosteriana. Koster's Blue Colorado 250 | 2250 |
|  | 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\downarrow$. . 350 | 3250 |
|  | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . Specimens ............... . . $\$ 5$ to 750 |  |
|  | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens ............. + . $\$ 7.50$ to 1000 |  |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . Specimens . . . . . . . . . . + . $\$ 10$ to 1250 |  |
|  | 4 to 5 ft . Specimens .......... $\uparrow . . \$ 12.50$ to 1500 |  |
|  | 5 6 to 7 ft . Grand specimens ......t. $\$ 15$ to 3500 |  |
|  | pungens, var. pendula. Weeping Blue Colorado Spruce- 3 to 4 ft. Fine specimens ....................... 750 |  |
|  | 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Fine specimens . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . 1000 |  |
| PINUS | Austriaca. Austrian Pine. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ............. ${ }_{2} 50$ | 2250 |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350 |  |
|  | 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 400 |  |
|  | $4 \frac{1}{3}$ to 5 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 500 |  |
|  | 5 to $8 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6$ to 1250 |  |
|  | Cembra. Swiss Stone Pine. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ........... 250 | 2250 |
|  | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350 | 3250 |
|  | 3 to 31 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft.} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~ . ~} 400$ | 3750 |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 500 | 4750 |
|  | 路 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 750 |  |
|  | 5 to 8 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . $\$ 10$ to 1500 |  |

Each
PINUS excelsa. Bhotan Pine. 3 to $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 350$ ..... 10 ..... 10 ..... $\$ 32 \quad 50$
400
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 3750
5 to 7 ft . ..... 500 ..... 4750
7 to 10 ft . $\$ 7.50$ to 1250
Koraiensis. Corean Pinc. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ..... 250
Monticola. Mt. White Pine. 5 ft . ..... 350
Mughus. Dwarf Mountain Pine. 12 to 15 in. ... +. . 150 ..... 1250
15 to 18 in. ..... 001750
18 in. ..... 50
24 in. ..... 50
ponderosa. Bull Pine. 4 to 5 ft . ..... 50
32 ..... 50
rigida. Pitch Pine. 6 to 7 ft . ..... 00
7 to 8 ft . +. . $\$ 6$ t ..... 50
Strobus. White Pinc. 15 to 18 in. ......per 100, $\$ 25$ ..... $\$ 25$
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . $\left\{\begin{array}{r}+ \text {. per } 100, \\ + \text { per } 100, \\ +55 \\ + \text { per } 100, \\ \$ 75 \\ + \text {. per } 100, \\ \$ 108\end{array}\right\}$ 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 100
125 ..... 75 
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 250$4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft .3505 to 6 ft .400
6 to 7 ft . ..... 500
7 to 9 ft . $\$ 7.50$ to 1500
The finest and best rooted stock in this country.sylvestris. Scotch Pine. 4 to 5 ft .$+\ldots 350$
$+\ldots 400$32503750
6 to 7 ft . +. $\$ 5$ to 7508 to 12 ft .$\$ 7.50$ to 1500
Tanyosho. Dwarf Japanese Variety- $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... +. . 500
PODOCARPUS Japonica. Japanese Yew. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . .$. ..... 250
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 50
22503250
PSEUDOTSUGA Douglasi. Douglas' Spruce. 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . .175$ ..... 1500
4 to 5 ft . ..... 22506 to 8 ft . ......................... $\$ 7.50$ to 1000
RETINOSPORA ericoides. Heath-like Japan Cypress-
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ..... +.. 100
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ..... 200 ..... 850 ..... 1750 ..... 2500
filifera. Thread-branched Japan Cypress- 1 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 100 ..... 3250
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft .
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 500 ..... 500
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . Specimens ..... 50
4 to 6 ft . Specimens . . . . $+\mathbf{\$ 7 . 5 0}$ to 10006 to 8 ft . Specimens ........ $\uparrow . \$ 10$ to 2500filifera, var. aurea. Golden Thread-branchedJapan Cypress. $2 \times 2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . \nmid . .350$$2 \mathrm{x} 2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens ......................... 500$2_{2}^{1} x^{2} 3 \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens ....................... 750$3 \frac{1}{2} \times 4$ ft. Specimens . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow . .1000$filifera, var. aurea variegata. Golden variega-tions. 4 to 5 ft .

RETINOSPORA leptoclada. Tbuya-like Japan Cypress-

obtusa. Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress-
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. ................................. 2

2250
3250
5 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
obtusa, var. compacta. Compact Obtuseleaved Japan Cypress. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} .$. . 350 4 to 6 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5$ to 1000
obtusa, var. gracilis. Graceful Obtuse-leaved Japan Cypress. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . \mathrm{C}^{2} 50$

2250 $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . 350 3250
4750 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ 500 4 to 5 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 7.50$ to 1000 obtusa, var. magnifica. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . $\uparrow$. . $\$ 5$ to 750 obtusa, var. nana. Dwarf Obtuse-leaved Japan

Cypress. 1 ft. ....................... 125 ${ }_{2} \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ 200

1000 250 $3 \mathrm{ft} . \quad . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. 1750
 obtusa, var. nana aurea. Dwarf Golden Ob-tuse-leaved Japan Cypress$1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 2250 2750 4 to 6 ft . Specimens ........ + . $\$ 15$ to 2000 2 to 21 ............................................. 250 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens ............ \$5 to 1000 pisifera. Pea-fruited Japan Cypress. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} .250 \quad 2250$ 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 350 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 500 $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . $600 \quad 5500$ 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. 6 to 8 ft . Specimens ..... $\uparrow . . \$ 7.50$ to 1500 pisifera, var. aurea. Golden Pea-fruited Japan Cypress. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\begin{array}{llll}2 & 00 & 18 & 00 \\ 3 & 00 & 27 & 50\end{array}$

| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 300 27 50 |  |  |
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 $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . 400
 plumosa. Plume-like Japan Cypress-


## PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1910



TAXUS baccata, var. erecta. Ercet English Yew-
$\qquad$4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ..................................... $\$ 5$ to 750
baccata, var. erecta aurea. Erect Golden English

baccata, var. erecta, Overeynder. (Form similar to Fastigiata.) 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .+. . \$ 7.50$ to 1250 baccata, var. fastigiata. Irish Yew. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . .{ }^{4} 50$ 3 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 3 50 $3 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . . 750 4 to 6 ft . Specimens ................. $\$ 10$ to 1500 baccata, var. fastigiata aurea. Golden Irish Yew-
 $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow . . \$ 7.50$ to 1000 4 to 6 ft . ................................... $\$ 10$ to 1500
: baccata, var. gracilis pendula. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . .+\ldots 500$ $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . $\{$ NFTM . ............... $\$ 7.50$ to 1000 5 to $7 \mathrm{ft} .\{\mathbb{N} \mathbf{W}\} \ldots . . . . . . . . . . .$.
baccata, var. repandens. Spreading English Yew12 to 15 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4. . 200
baccata, var. Washingtoni aurea. Washington's Golden English Yew. $2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. 3 to $3_{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. ............ 350 $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. $\$ 7.50$ to 1000
Canadensis, var. aurea. Golden Canadian Yew-

$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
cuspidata. Abrupt-leaved Japan Yew. 12 to 15 in. 4.200
1六 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 2 ft . 350 $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 00 cuspidata, var. brevifolia. 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . .$. .. . 200

$1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.

50

2 ft .
2立 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 5 . 00


THUJOPSIS borealis; syn., Cupressus Nutkænsis. Yellow or Sitka Cypress-
 5 to 7 ft . Specimens .......... $\uparrow$. $\$ 10$ to 1500 borealis, var. latifolia glauca. Glaucous Sitka Cy4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ ftes. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. .......................... 55050 5 to 6 ft . Specimens ....................... 750
borealis, var. pendula. Drooping Sitka Cypress-
4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . ~ . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ 00

Standishi. Standish's Sitka Cypress-
8 to 9 ft . Specimens ..... ............ . . 1500

| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . . $\$ 100$ | \$S 00 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 125125 | 1000 |
| $3 \frac{3}{2}$ to $4 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. 150 | 1350 |
| 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ; very heavy . . . + . .per 100, $\$ 175$. . 200 | 1900 |
| $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft ; very heavy . . . $\uparrow$. .per 100, $\$ 200$. . 250 | 2250 |
| 5 to $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.; very heavy . . . . + . per $100, \$ 250$. . 300 | 2750 |
| $5^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 6 ft . , very heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350 | 3250 |
| 6 to 7 ft. ; very heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 400 | 3750 |
| 7 to $8 \mathrm{ft}$. ; very heavy .................... ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$. 450 | 4250 |
| 8 to 9 ft . Specimens ............... $\uparrow$. $\$ 5$ to 750 |  |
| cidentalis, var. aurea. George Peabody's Arborvitæ- $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 ft. .................................... . . . . . 150 |  |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 |  |
| 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\dagger . .4800$ | 3750 |
| 5 to 6 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ..- .4. . 500 | 4500 |
|  |  |
| occidentalis, var: Douglasi. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . .{ }^{\circ}$. . 500 5 to 6 ft . |  |
| 6 to 7 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 10$ 10 to 1250 |  |
|  | 225 |
| occidentalis, var: globosa. Globe Arbo |  |
| 15 to 18 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 150 |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . . 200 | 1750 |
| 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. . 250 | 2250 |
| ccidentalis, var. Hoveyi. Hovey's Golden Arborvitæ- <br> 2 ft . |  |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . Very heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 | 2250 |
| 3 to 4 ft . Very heavy ............. $\uparrow$. $\$ 3$ to 400 |  |
| ccidentalis, var. Lobbi. Lobb's Arborvitæ. $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft .350 | 3250 |
| occidentalis, var. Lobbi aurea. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . .{ }^{\text {. . . }}$. . 250 | 2250 |
| \$5 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . . 300 | 2750 |
|  | 3250 |
| occidentalis, var. plicata pyramidalis. 4 to 5 ft : . . $\uparrow$. . 500 |  |
| occidentalis, var. pyramidalis. Pyramidal Arborvitæ- |  |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. .... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 150 |  |
| $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 200 | 1750 |
| 4 to 5 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 | 2250 |
| 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. . 350 | 3250 |
|  |  |
| occidentalis, var. rccurva nana. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \uparrow . \$ 3.50$ to 400 |  |
| 3 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . $\$ 5$ to 750 |  |
| cidentalis, var. Vervæneana. Vervæne's Arborvitæ- |  |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350 | 3250 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 400 | 3750 |
|  | 4250 |
| 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft}$. . ${ }^{\text {c. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . }+ \text {. . } 5000}$ | 4750 |
| 6 to 7 ft . Heavy specimens ............. + . 750 | 7000 |
| WF 7 to 10 ft . Heavy specimens $\ldots \ldots+\ldots \$ 10$ to 2000 |  |
| cidentalis, var. Wareana. Siberian Arborvitæ- |  |
| 2 to $2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .per 100, \$150.. . 250 | 2250 |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. .per 100, \$250. . 350 | 3250 |
| $4 \mathrm{ft} . \times .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 400 | 3750 |
| 5 ft.; very heavy ..........................t. . 500 | 4750 |
| 5 to $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$; pery heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 7050 | 7000 |
| $5 \frac{1}{2}$ to $6 \mathrm{ft}$. ; very heavy .................... . + . 1000 |  |


|  | Each | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| THUYA | occidentalis, var. Wareana aurea. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$ 250$ | $\$ 2250$ |
|  | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 300 | 2800 |
|  | $4 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{4} 500$ | 4250 4750 |
| TSUGA | Canadensis. Hemlock. ${ }^{1} \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. $\dagger$..per $100, \$ 50 \ldots$ | 400 |
|  | 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ¢ $\mid$ ) | 750 1000 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{ll}10 & 00 \\ 13 & 50\end{array}$ |
|  | $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . GRAND | 1750 |
|  |  | 2000 2250 |
|  |  | 2750 |
|  |  | 3250 |
|  | 6 to 10 ft . Heavy specimens $\ldots . . . \$ \ldots \$ 4$ to 1500 |  |
|  | The finest and largest stock offered. |  |
|  | Canadensis, var. gracilis. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ........ ${ }^{\text {c }} 50$ |  |
|  | Canadensis, var. Sargenti pendula. Weeping Hemlock--15 2 to $3 \frac{13}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Specimens .......... $4 . \$ 3.50$ to 1500 |  |
|  | Caroliniana. Southern Hemlock. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . .4 . .300$ | 2750 |
|  | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $4 . .350$ | 3250 |
|  | 4 to 5 ft . Specimens . . . . . . . . . . . . . $4 . . \$ 5$ to 750 |  |
|  | 5 to 6 ft . Specimens . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. $\$ 7.50$ to 1500 |  |
|  | 6 to 7 ft . Specimens .............. $\uparrow$. 1500 |  |
|  | Hookeriana. Alpine Hemlock. 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ....... 400 |  |
|  | Sieboldi. Japanese Hemlock. 5 to $5 \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\text { ft. . . . . . . }}$ +.. 500 |  |
|  | 6 to 7 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6$ to 750 |  |



Showing Fibrous Roots of Hemlock.


## A Block of Box Bush and Evergreens.

## EVERGREEN SHRUBS


Each ..... 10
BUXUS Japonica, var. rotundifolia glauca. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . $\$ 150$ ..... $\$ 1350$ 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2750 ..... 2750
sempervirens. 1 ft . Andorra-grown. . per 100, \$40.. 75 ..... 600
$1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ; light Andorra-grown... per 100, \$50.. 100 ..... 750
2 ft .; Andorra-grown ..... 1501350
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft.;Andorra-grownSpecimens.250
3 ft .;Andorra-grown. Specimens4000
$3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.;
4 ft .;Andorra-grown. Specimens.
Andorra-grown. Specimens. ... 750 ..... 675054005 to $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.; Andorra-grown $\ldots \nmid . \$ 12.50$ to 2500sempervirens. Pyramids-
$4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ; Andorra-grown. Specimens . . . $\$ 12.50$ to 1000
5 to 6 ft ; Andorra-grown. Spec. . . . $\$ 100$9000
sempervirens. Standards-
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . stems, 22 to 24 in . head. Andorra- grown ..... 500
$2 \frac{7}{2}$ to 3 ft . stems, 24 to 26 in . head. Andorra- grown . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 750sempervirens, var. angustifolia. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . .$.1350sempervirens, var. arborescens. Tall Tree Box-
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . ..... 50
3250
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 4750
sempervirens, var. argentea marginata. Silver-tipped
Box. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . 1350
 ..... 2250
sempervirens, var. aurea variegata. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . \& . . 500 ..... 4500
sempervirens, var. Handsworthi. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . .+$. . 400 ..... 3750
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 4250
sempervirens, var. latifolia. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . ..... 3250
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 4250
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . -. .\$5 to 7 ..... 50
sempervirens, var. myrtifolia. Myrile Leaf-
3 to $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 4250 4 to 5 ft. ....................................... . $\$ 5$ to 1000sempervirens, var. salicifolia. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . \ldots \ldots$..... $200 \quad 1750$sempervirens, var. suffruticosa. Dwarf Box Edging-CERASUS Laurocerasus Caucasica. Caucasian Laurel-Laurocerasus, var. Schipkænsis. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . .4200{ }_{2} 1750$2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\uparrow$. . 250 2250CHAMEDAPHNE calyculata. Leather Leaf-2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft.................. . . per 100, $\$ 75$. . 1501250
COTONEASTER buxifolia. 12 to 15 in ..... 600 microphylla. 10 to 12 in. ......................... $\quad 75 \quad 600$
Each ..... 10
CRATÆGUS Pyracantha. Evergrecu Thorn. 2 ft. .......... $\$ 075$Pyracantha, var. Lelandi. Leland's EvergreenThorn. 2 ft75
DAPHNE Cneorum. 3-year ..... $\$ 600$EUONYMUS radicans and variegata. See Trailing Plants.Japonica. Japan Euonymus-600
Japonica, var. argentea. Silver-leaved. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ..... $75 \quad 600$
Japonica, var. aurea. Golden-leaved. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ..... 600
ILEX crenata. Japanese Holly. Box-leaved-
${ }^{1 \frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
$3^{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... $\begin{array}{lll}1 & 50 & 1250 \\ 2 & 00 & 17 \\ 50\end{array}$ ..... 1750 ..... 4000crenata, var. Fortunei. Fortune's Holly-$3^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 4 ft .3250
4750$\begin{array}{ll}4 \\ 5 & \text { to } \\ 4^{\frac{1}{2}} & \mathrm{ft} \text {. } \\ \mathrm{ft} \text {. }\end{array}$
crenata, var. Iatifolia. Broad-leaved Japanese Holly-
${ }^{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ to 3 ft . ..... 1750
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . ..... 2250
4 to $6 \frac{1}{2}$ ft.
4 to 70
4 to 70
crenata, var. microphylla. Small-lcaved Japanese Holly

| 12 to 15 in. Pushy | $\$ 50 . .100$ | 850 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15 to 18 in. Bushy | . per 100, \$60.. 125 | 1000 |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . Bushy | . per 100, \$100.. 175 | 1500 |
| 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 100, \$175.. 250 | 2250 |

${ }_{3}^{2}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ Heavy .................$\$ 3.50$ to 500$\$ 7.50$ to 1250
KALMIA latifolia. Mountain Laurel. 2 ft . ..... 00 ..... 850 ..... $+\ldots 250$

3 ft.
3 to 3 i
$\mathbf{1}^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.

3 ft.
3 to 3 i
$\mathbf{1}^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.

3 ft.
3 to 3 i
$\mathbf{1}^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.

3 ft.
3 to 3 i
$\mathbf{1}^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . Heavy clumps ..... 4750 .....  .....  ..... 00 .....  .....  ..... 00 .....  .....  ..... 00 .....  .....  ..... 00 .....  .....  ..... 2250 .....  .....  ..... 2250 .....  .....  ..... 2250 .....  .....  ..... 2250

2 ft. Heavy clumps ............................... . . . . . . . 200 1750

2 ft. Heavy clumps ............................... . . . . . . . 200 1750

2 ft. Heavy clumps ............................... . . . . . . . 200 1750

2 ft. Heavy clumps ............................... . . . . . . . 200 1750
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps ..... 50 ..... 50 ..... 50 ..... 50 ..... 2750 ..... 2750 ..... 2750 ..... 2750
$2 \frac{2}{2}$ to 3 ft . Heavy clumps
$2 \frac{2}{2}$ to 3 ft . Heavy clumps
$2 \frac{2}{2}$ to 3 ft . Heavy clumps
$2 \frac{2}{2}$ to 3 ft . Heavy clumps
$2 \frac{2}{2}$ to 3 ft . Heavy clumps ..... 2250 ..... 2250 ..... 2250 ..... 2250
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Heavy clumps ..... 00 ..... 00 ..... 00 ..... 00 ..... 00 ..... 2850 ..... 2850 ..... 2850 ..... 2850 ..... 2850
LAURELS. See Cerasus Laurocerasus.
LEUCOTHOE Catesbæi. Drooping Andromeda-
12 to 15 in. Clumps.... + . . per $100, \$ 60 . .100 \quad 8 \quad 100$ ..... 
MAHONIA Aquifolium. Holly-leaved-
12 to 15 in. H.... . . . . . . . . . . per $100, \$ 25$.
15 to 18 in. Heavy . . . . . . . $100, \$ 35$. ..... 50 ..... 400 18 to 24 in. .......................per 100, $\$ 60$. ..... 100 ..... 900 24 to 30 in. ......................................... 150 1350Japonica. Japanese Mahonia-



Rhododendrons at Andorra.

## RHODODENDRONS

## HYBRID VARIETIES - ANDORRA GROWN

## RHODODENDRONS. Catawbiense Hybrids Assorted. Our selec-



Each
15 to 18 in. ..... . per 100, $\$ 80 . . \$ 125$ $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .+$. per $100, \$ 125$. . 150 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . + . .per $100, \$ 200 . .250$ $\$ 1000$ 1350 A large stock of fine, heavy plants, 3 to 5 ft . Prices on application.
Abraham Lincoln. Rosy crimson-
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .
175
1500
Album elegans. White-
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. ............................ . . 150 1250
$2^{2}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~ . ~ 200 ~ 1750$
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ to 1000
Album grandiflorum. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} .150 \quad 1250$
Anna Parsons. Red. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ............. $150 \quad 1250$
Atrosanguineum. Dark scarlet-
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. ............................ . 200
1750
Betsy Parsons. Reddish purple-
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 6$ to 750
Blandyanum. Rosy crimson. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} 200 \quad$.

$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft .
3 to 4 ft . Specimens ....... $\$ 5$ to 1500
Boule de Neige. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . \mathrm{C} 200 \quad 1750$
PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1910 ..... 19
Each ..... 10
RHODODENDRONS, B. W. Elliott. Deep rose. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . \$ 250$
Candidissium. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ...... 175 ..... $\$ 1500$
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 200 ..... 1750
Caractacus. Purplish crimson. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .200 ..... 1750
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ to 500
Charles Bagley. Bright red. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft... 200
Charles Bagley. Bright red. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft... 200 17502250
Charles Dickens. Scarlet. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . .200$ ..... 00 ..... 1750
2 ft .
2 ft .
Delicatissimum. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ..... 2250 ..... 1350
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 ..... 2250
Emily Parsons. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .2250
Everestianum. Rosy lilac. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.1500
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
$2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 3250
General Grant. Red. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ..... 1750
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
Giganteum. Rosy crimson. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .{ }^{2} 50$ H. W. Sargent. Scarlet. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . .... 200 ..... 1750
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$2250
H. H. Hunnewell. Dark crimson- 15 to 18 in ..... 1750
J. Marshall Brooks. Scarlet. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . .200$ ..... 1750
John Spencer. Rose. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ..... 1500
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 1750 ..... 00
John Walter. Rich crimson. $1^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 1750
2 ft . ..... 250
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
Kettledrum. Deep red. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft ..... 3250 ..... 3250
Lady Armstrong. Pale rose. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft ... 200 ..... 1750
2 to $2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 ..... 2250Lady Clermont. Rosy scarlet. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft.. $200 \quad 1750$4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5.00$ to 1000Luciferum. Clear white. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . . .175$15003 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . ................... $\$ 5$ to 1000Madam Carvalho. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft} . . .$. . 1751500
Michael Waterer. Scarlet-crimson- $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ to 750
Minnie. White. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . 350 ..... 3250
Mrs. Jno. Clutton. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft...... 175 ..... 1500
Mrs. Milner. Crimson. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 1500
2 ft. ..... 1750
$2^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$.Old Port. Plum. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.1350
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ ..... 2250
Parson's gloriosum. Blush. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . . 150 ..... 1250
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . ..... 2250
3 to $3 \frac{1}{2}$$\dot{5}$ to 750
Parson's grandiflorum rubrum. Bright Pink-
$1 \frac{1}{3}$ to 2 ft ..... 2001750
2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
Perspicum. White.-$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.4 to 5 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5$ to 750
President Lincoln. Crimson.-$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2001750
4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... $\$ 5$ to 1000
Purpureum crispum. Purple, crimped.-$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .1751500


## DECIDUOUS TREES

Measurements are given as follows: Height is taken before digging, from the surface of the ground to the top branches where they round off to form the top; diameter of stem, or caliper, is taken above the collar.
Each ..... 10
ACER campestris. European Cork Maple. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . .$. ..... $\$ 600$100
7 to 8 ft . ..... 850
8 to 10 ft .1500
colchicum, var. rubrum. Red Colchicum Maple-175
12 to 14 ft . ; $2 \frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in. cal.
14 to 16 ft . ; 3 to 4 in . cal. ..... 2750 ..... 2750 ..... 1000


Straight Norway Maples in Wide Rows. Each

10
100
ACER dasycarpum. Silver Maple-

12 to 14 ft.; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $250-2250$
12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 3$ to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
4 to 6 in. Specimens . . . . . . . . . $\$ 5$ to 2500
A rapid grower for immediate effects.
dasycarpum, var. Wierii laciniatum. Wier's
Cut-leaved Silver Maple-
10 to 12 ft . ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. ................. . $250 \quad 2250$
12 to 14 ft.; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350
3250
12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ to 500
Negundo. Ash-leaved Maple-
10 to 12 ft . ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{3} \mathrm{in}$. Bushy . . . . . . . $150 \quad 1000$
12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $\overline{3} \mathrm{in}$. Bushy .......... $250 \quad 2000$
12 to 14 ft . ; 3 to 4 in . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ to 00
Pennsylvanicum. 6 to 7 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 150
platanoides. Norway Maple-

|  |  |  |
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10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ................ . 250

12 ft . ; $2 \frac{1}{4}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. ....................... . . 300

12 to 14 ft . ; $2^{\frac{3}{4}}$ to 3 in . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 400
14 to 16 ft ; $3 \frac{1}{4}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . . . .$. . . 450
14 to $16 \mathrm{ft} . ; 3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . . . .+$.. 600

[2E 14 to 16 ft ; 4 to $4 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. . . . . . $\$ 7.50$ to 1000
14 to 16 ft . ; $4 \frac{1}{4}$ to 8 in . ..... $\$ 12.50$ to 2500
Specimen Norways. 14 to 20 feet in
height and of heavy caliper; clean, well
headed. Prices on application.
Each 10 ACER platanoides, var. purpurea. Schwedler's Purple Maple. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . ; 1 \frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in..... $\$ 250$  ..... $\$ 2250$
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in .
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in . ..... 3250
14 to 16 ft . ; $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in
14 to 16 ft . ; $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in ..... $\$ 5$ to 750 ..... $\$ 5$ to 750
\$ 16 to $20 \mathrm{ft} . ; 5$ to 10 in .
\$ 16 to $20 \mathrm{ft} . ; 5$ to 10 in . ..... $\$ 20$ to 7500 ..... $\$ 20$ to 7500 Broad-headed spccimen trees. platanoides, var. Reitenbachi. Reitenbach's Purple Maple. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . .{ }_{2}^{2} 00$ 10 to 12 ft. ; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4}$ in. ................ . 300 pseudo-platanus. European Sycamore Maple-
6 to 8 ft.
8 to 10 ft.
6 to 8 ft.
8 to 10 ft. ..... 75
150 ..... 75
150 ..... $\begin{array}{r}600 \\ 1250 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ ..... $\begin{array}{r}600 \\ 1250 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$
10 to 12 ft . ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.
10 to 12 ft . ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 1750
14 to 16 ft . Specimens.
14 to 16 ft . Specimens. ..... 250 ..... 250 ..... 2250100
pseudo-platanus, var. purpurea. Purple Syca-more Maplc. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2 \mathrm{in} . . . . .200$1750
10 to 12 ft . ; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. ..... 2250
12 to 14 ft . ; 3 to 6 in $\$ 7.50$ to 2500Broad-headed specimen trees.
rubrum. Red or Scarlet Maple. 6 to $7 \mathrm{ft} .$. . 100850
8 to 10 ft . $1 \frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in ..... 1250
10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 1750
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. .... $\$ 2.50$ to 500saccharinum. Sugar Maple. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . .$. . 1501000
10 to 12 ft . ; $1 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$.1500
12500
10 to 12 ft . ; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$.1750
12 to 14 ft . ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$.225015000
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$.320020000
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in4500
14 to $16 . \mathrm{ft}$. ; 3 to $3 \frac{1}{4}$ in ..... $\$ 5$ to 100014 to 16 ft . $; 3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in. . . $\$ 12.50$ to 3500Specimen low-branched trees of heavycaliper and good tops. Prices on appli-cation.
spicatum. Mountain Maple. 2 to 3 ft ..... 50
3 to 4 ft .400
100
4 to 5 ft .150600275005 to 6 ft .50
$40 \quad 00$105000aricum, var. Ginnala. 'Tartarian Maple-${ }_{2} \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{C} \cdot \ldots . .$.35065035006 to 8 ft. Bushy....trees. Superb for mass planting.
JAPANESE MAPLES
ACER polymorphum. 3 to 4 ft . Heavy. 250 ..... 2250
polymorphum, var. atropurpureum. Blood-
2 ft . ..... 150 ..... 1350
$2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ..... 2250
$2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 5 ft . Specimens, bushy and well furnished ..... $\$ 7.50$ to 2500




## ANDORRA NURSERIES




An Avenue of Sweet Gums (Liquidambar), at Andorra.

FRAXINUS Americana. White Ash. 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . . \$ 125 \$ 10$
 14 to $16 \mathrm{ft},$.24 to 3 in. ......... 300 14 to 16 ft ; 3 to 4 in... . $\$ 4$ to 500 excelsior. European Ash6 to 8 ft. .......................... . 100
8 to 10 ft. ....... ................ . 150
\#F Ornus. Flowering Ash-
8 to 10 ft .; heavy . . . . . $\$ 2.50$ to 350
GLEDITSCHIA aquatica. Water Locust. 6 to $7 \mathrm{ft} . .150$
1000
7 to 8 ft . ..................... . 200 15 00
triacanthos. Honey Locust. $\overline{5}$ to $6 \mathrm{ft}^{2} \quad 75 \quad 600$
8 to 10 ft. ...................... 150 1250
GLYPTOSTROBUS. See Taxodium.
GYMNOCLADUS Canadensis. Kentucky Coffee Tree-

JUGLANS nigra. Black Walnut. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft.... $\uparrow$.. 50
$350 \quad 3000$
$850 \quad 7500$
8 to 10 ft . ............................ $1120-1250-10000$
regia. English Walnut. 8 to 10 ft ; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. ....................... 250
10 to 12 ft ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. .............. . . 350
KELREUTERIA paniculata. Varnish Tree-




An Avenue of "Andorra-grown" Oriental Planes. (See page 30).
MORUS alba. White Mulberry. 5 to 6 ft . ..... 10 ..... $\$ 600$Eachalba, var. Tatarica alba. White-fruited Russian
Mulherry. 6 ft ..... 100alba, var. Tatarica rubra." Red Russiau Mulbery.
6 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100alba, var. Tatarica pendula. Teas' Weeping Mul-herry. 5 to $5 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ; 2 -yr. heads ........ $\uparrow . .250$
NEGUNDO. See Acer.
NYASSA sylvatica. Sour Gum. 5 to 6 ft ..... 250
OSTRYA Virginica (Ironwood) 3 to 4 ft .
OXYDENDRUM arboreum; syn., Andromeda arborea. Sorrel
Tree. 2 to 3 ft . ..... 100900
3 to 4 f ..... 150
1850 4 to 5 ft ..... 200 ..... 2250
6 to 7 ft . ..... 300 ..... 2750
7 to 8 ft .
PARROTIA Persica. Persian Irou Tree. 5 to 6 ft ..... 250
10 to 12 ft . ..... 350
PAULOWNIA imperialis. 10 to 12 ft . ..... 350
PERSICA vulgaris, var. alba plena. Double White-flowering ..... 750
Peach. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \times$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
var. sanguinea plena. vulgaris, var. sanguinea plena. Double Red-flowering 1800 vulgaris, var. sanguinea $\underset{\text { Peach. } 4 \text { to } 5 \mathrm{ft}}{ }$ ..... 750
PHELLODENDRON Amurense. Chinese Cork Tree-.
8 to 10 ft . ..... 150
10 to 12 ft . ..... 200

| Eand Each | 10 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLATANUS occidentalis. American Buttonwood- |  |  |
| 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}$. ; $1 \frac{18}{4}$ to $2 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . .15150$ | 1250 |  |
| Buttonwood. 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . . . . .100$ |  | \$50 00 |
| 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft}. ; 1 \frac{1}{4}$ to $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . .{ }^{1} 125$ | 1150 | 8500 |
| 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}$. ; $1 \frac{12}{2}$ to $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . . . .150$ | 1250 | 11500 |
| 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}$. ; 13 to $2 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . .1185$ | 1600 | 15000 |
| 12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 22^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $\left.3 \mathrm{in} . . . ..\right\} . .350$ |  |  |
| PULUS alba, var. Bóleana. Bolle's Poplar- |  |  |
| ULUS alba, 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft}$. ....................... 150 | 1350 |  |
| 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 250 | 2000 |  |
| 12 to $14 \mathrm{ft}$. ; 3 to $3 \frac{3}{3} \mathrm{in}$. . .......... 350 |  |  |
| monilifera; syn., Carolinensis. Carolina <br> Poplar. 8 to 10 ft ; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in .100 | 750 |  |
| 10 to 12 ft ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. . . . . . . . . . . 150 | 1000 |  |
| 12 to $14 \mathrm{ft}$. ; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ............ 250 | 2250 |  |
| ra, var. fastigiata. Lombardy Poplar- <br> 8 to 10 ft . $1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 in. | 1000 |  |
|  |  |  |
| 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}$. ; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ in. ................. 220 | 1850 | 150 |
| Transplanted several |  |  |
| Prunus. See, also, Cerasus. |  |  |
| RUNUS Pissardii. Purple Plum. 3 to 4 ft. ...... 75 | 500 |  |
| triloba. Flowering Plum. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. .... 50 | 350 |  |
| E trifoliata. Hop Tree. 4 to 6 ft . . . . . . . . . . 35 | 300 |  |
|  | 450 | 3000 |
| 7 to 9 |  |  |
| PTEROSTYRAX hispidum (Halesia hispida). |  |  |
| 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft}$. .. . . . . . . . . . . . . 150 | 1250 |  |
| 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft}$. . ................. . 250 | 2000 |  |
| PYRUS. See, also, Shrubs. |  |  |
| atrosanguinea. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \ldots . . . . . .$. . . $150 \quad 1000$ baccata. Siberian Flowering Crab Apple- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| coronaria.floribunda. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Parkmani; syn., Halliana. Parkman's Crab$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100 750 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Scheideckeri (Double-flowered). 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} .1501250$spectabilis. Chincse Double-Flowering Crab- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 3tospectabilis, $4 \mathrm{ft}$. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 7 to 8 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 175 | 1600 |  |
| 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft}$. .................... $4 . .2250$ | 2250 |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| 12 to 14 ft . Specimens ..... $\$ 5$ to 1000 |  |  |
| 6 to 8 ft . ; 2 $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. .... $\$ 3.50$ to 500 |  |  |



Each ..... 10
TILIA platyphyllos. Large-leaved Linden-
7 to 8 ft .; $1 \frac{3}{4}$ to 2 in . $\$ 150$ ..... $\$ 1250$
vulgaris; syn., Europæa. European Linden- ..... 1500
8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{4}$.
8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{4}$. ..... 175 ..... 175
12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 3$ to $3 \frac{1}{2}$ in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 3.50$ to ..... 50
10 to 12 ft .; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$.
10 to 12 ft .; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$.2250
vulgaris, var. pyramidalis laciniata. Pyramidal Cut-  ..... 3250
ULMUS Americana. American Elm-

| 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft}. ; 1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $1 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. |
| :--- |
| 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft}. ; 1 \frac{3}{4}$ to 2 | ..... 150 ..... 1250

12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 2000 ..... 250
12 to $14 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2 \frac{1}{4}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 300
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 350
14 to $15 \mathrm{ft} . ; 3^{2}$ to $6^{\frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in} \text { in. }}$
campestris. English Elm. 8 to 10 ft. ; 2 to $2 \frac{1}{4}$ in..... $1 \frac{1}{2} 50$
10 to 12 ft.; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4}$ in. ................... 285 ..... 150
 ..... 275 ..... 1350 ..... 250012 to 14 ft ; $2 \frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 350Specimens. 3 to 4 in. ............................... 5 to 750campestris, var. latifolia; syn., major. Broad-leavedEnglish Elm-
12 to 14 ft . ; $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{3}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 275
12 to 14 ft .; $2 \frac{3}{4}$ to 3 in.3250campestris, var. Wheatley's (Cornish) Elm-10 to 12 ft. . . .......................... . . . . . . . . . . . 2502250
12 to 14 ft . ..... 3250
scabra; syn., Dampieri; fastigiate form- 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{in} . .$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . + . . 350 ..... 3250
scabra; syn., montana. Scotch, or Wych Elm- 8 to 10 ft ; $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in . ..... 15012 to 14 ft . ; 3 to $3 \frac{1 \mathrm{in} .}{}$$350 \quad 3250$
14 to 16 ft .; 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 450 ..... 4250
14 to 16 ft . ; $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 in . $\$ 5$ to 7503250
scabra, var. Huntingdoni. Huntingdon Elm-scabra, var. pendula. Camperdown Elm-6 ft .150
scabra, var. purpurea. Purple Wych Elm-
8 to 10 ft . $1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 in . ..... 150 ..... 1350 10 to $12 \mathrm{ft} . ; 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{in}$. ........................ . . 200 ..... 1750 12 to 14 ft . 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{in}$. ..... 3250
DECIDUOUS SHRUBS



Partial View of Nursery Grounds from Top of Main Nursery.


## NATIVE AZALEAS, ANDORRA GROWN

Clean, bushy, transplanted stock.

Each
10
100
AZALEA arborescens. Fragrant White Azalea-
12 to 15 in. Bushy clumps ....... $\$ 100$
15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps $\cdot . . . \cdots$. 150
$1^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft. Bushy clumps ........ 200 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Bushy clumps ........ 250 calendulacea. Flame Azalea. 12 to $\ddot{15}$ in... ${ }^{3} 00$ 15 to 18 in. Bushy clumps ....... 150 18 to 24 in. Bushy clumps ........ 175 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Bushy clumps $\ldots . . .250$ $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. ................. $\$ 350$ to 500 Canadensis (Rhodora). 1 ft . Bushy.... 100
 nudiflora. 12 to 15 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 100 15 to 18 in. Clumps .................. 150 $1_{2}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 2 ft . Bushy clumps . ....... 175 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Bushy clumps ....... 250 Vaseyi. Southern Azalea. 12 to 15 in... 100 15 to 18 in. $\because . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. $1_{2}^{1 \frac{1}{2}}$ to $2 \mathrm{ft}$. Bushy clumps .......... 200 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. Bushy clumps . . . . . . 250 $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. Bushy clumps ....... 350 viscosa. White Azalea$\begin{array}{lllll}15 & \text { to } 18 \text { in. Bushy clumps } & 1 \frac{1}{2} \text { to } 2 & \ldots & 1 \\ \text { ft. Bushy clumps } & 50 \\ 0\end{array}$ $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . Bushy clumps ........ 200 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. Bushy clumps ........ 250
$\$ 900$
$\begin{array}{llll}13 & 50 & \$ 125 & 00\end{array}$
$1850 \quad 15000$
$2250 \quad 20000$
3000
900
$1350 \quad 12500$
$1500 \quad 13500$
2250
$850 \quad 7500$
$1850 \quad 150 \quad 00$
900
$1350 \quad 11500$
$1500 \quad 12500$
2250
900
1350
$1850 \quad 15000$
$2250 \quad 200 \quad 00$
3000
$\begin{array}{llll}13 & 50 & 115 & 00 \\ 18 & 50 & 150 & 00 \\ 22 & 50 & 175 & 00\end{array}$

## MOLLIS and GHENT AZALEAS





|  | Each | 10 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DEUTZIA gracilis, var. rosea. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | . $\$ 075$ | $\$ 600$ | $\$ 3000$ |
| $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 ft . | 100 | 750 | 3500 |
| Lemoinei. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. ; very heavy | 35 | 300 | 2000 |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$; heavy . . . . . . . . | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . . . . | 75 | 500 | 3500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 100 | 750 | 5000 |
| Lemoinei, var. compacta. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 | 300 | 2000 |
| $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to 3 ft . | 50 | 400 | 2500 |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 75 | 500 | 3500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 100 | 750 | 5000 |
| parviflora. 3 to 4 ft . | 75 | 500 | 3500 |
| scabra. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 | 300 | 1500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 50 | 400 | 2000 |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 75 | 600 | 3000 |
| DIERVILLA (Weigela) florida, var. amabilis3 to $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. | 50 | 350 |  |
| 6 to 7 ft . | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| florida; syn., rosea. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft | 35 | 250 |  |
| 3 to 4 ft . | 50 | 400 |  |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 75 | 500 |  |
| florida, var. candida. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 | 300 |  |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| 6 to 8 ft . | 75 | 500 |  |
|  | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| florida, var. Sieboldi alba. 4 to 5 | 75 | 600 |  |
| floribunda Lavallei. 5 to 6 ft . | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| 7 to 8 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| Japonica (syn., hortensis), var. floribunda. 4 to 5 ft . | 50 | 400 | 2500 |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 75 | 500 |  |
| Japonica, var. Eva Rathke. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 | 300 | 2000 |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 50 | 350 | 2500 |
| 3 to 4 ft . | 75 | 600 | 3000 |
| Japonica, var. nivea. White. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | - 50 | 400 |  |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . | 75 | 500 |  |
| Japonica, var. rubra. 5 to 6 ft . | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| 6 to 7 ft . ........ | 75 | 500 | 3500 |
| Græenewegeni. 5 to 6 ft . | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| 6 to 7 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| Grœnewegeni, var. Mad. Contourier. (Hybrid). 3 to 4 ft . | - 35 | 300 |  |
| 4 to 5 ft . . | 50 | 400 | 2500 |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 75 | 500 | 3000 |
| Grænewegeni, var. Steltzneri. $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . | 50 | 400 | 2500 |
| 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 60 | 500 | 3000 |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 100 | 750 | 5000 |
| Grœnewegeni, var. Van Houttei3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 |  |  |
| 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 50 |  |  |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| Verschaffelti. 3 to 4 ft . | 35 | 300 |  |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 50 | 400 | 3000 |
| 6 to 7 ft . | 75 | 600 | 3500 |
| sessilifolia. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | 25 | 200 |  |
| 3 to $3^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{ft}$. . . . . | 50 | 350 | 2500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 75 | 500 | 3500 |
| trifida. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 | 300 | 2000 |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . . | 50 | 400 | 2500 |




Each
10
100
LIGUSTRUM Ibota. The true upright form-

| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |


| $0$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

4 to 5 ft . ; heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 60
5 to 6 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75
6 to 7 ft. ........................... . . 100
Ibota. var. Regelianum. Regel's-
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . ; heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50

5 to $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. . ......................... 125
lucidum. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 75 75
media. 4 to 5 ft .25
 $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to $4 \mathrm{ft}$. ; bushy $1000, \$ 100+$
4 to 5 ft . ; hushy
60
75
5 to 6 ft . ; hushy . Ail our Privet
Grand stock.
100
has heen transplanted and cut back; is extra heavy, and will give immediate hedge effects.
Sinensis. Chinese Privet. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . $50 \quad 350 \quad 2500$
$3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
75
vulgaris. Common Privet. 3 to 4 ft .. 4 to 5 ft .

35
50
400
$300 \quad 2500$
$400 \quad 3000$
LONICERA fragrantissima. Chinese Fragrant Bush Honeysuckle. 2 ${ }^{\frac{1}{2}}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . .$. .
3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$.
25
4 to 5 ft. ; heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 50
5 to 6 ft . ; heavy . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 75


A Portion of the Propagating Grounds at Andorra.

## ANDORRA NURSERIES



| PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1910 |  |  | 43 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Each | 10 | 100 |
| POTENTILLA fruticosa. Shrubby Cinquefoil- |  |  |  |
| 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | \$0 35 | \$3 00 | \$20 00 |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | - 50 | \$3 50 | 2500 |
| PRUNUS amygdalus communis. Flowering Almond- |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . amygdalus communis, var. rosea- | 75 | 500 |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . | 75 | 500 |  |
| PYRUS arbutifolia. Chokeberry. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft | 35 | 300 |  |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . | 50 | 400 | 2500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 75 | 500 |  |
| floribunda, var. nigra. 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 35 | 300 |  |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . | 50 | 350 |  |
| RHAMNUS cathartica. Buckthorn. 3 to 4 ft . | 35 | 300 | 1500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 50 | 350 | 2000 |
| 6 to 7 ft . | 75 | 400 | 3000 |
| RHODOTYPUS kerrioides. White Kerria- |  |  |  |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | 35 | 300 | 2500 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . . . . . . . . | 50 | 400 |  |
| 4 to 5 ft . Very heavy | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| 5 to 6 ft . Very heavy | 100 | 750 | 5000 |
| RHUS aromatica. Fragrant Sumac. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} .$. . 50 4 00 |  |  |  |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | 75 | 600 | 4000 |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\ldots$. . . . . . . . . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | 100 | 750 | 5000 |
| copallina. Shining Sumac. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ | 35 | 300 | 2500 |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $50$ | 400 |  |
| 4 to 5 ft . | 75 | 600 |  |
| Cotinus. Mist, or Smoke Tree. 2 to 3 | 35 | 300 | 2500 |
| $3 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . . . . . . . | 50 | 400 |  |
| 5 to 6 ft . | 75 | 600 |  |
|  | 100 | 750 | 4000 |
| Cotinus, var. atropurpurea. Purple Mist- |  |  |  |
| 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. |  | 600 |  |
| 6 to 7 ft . | 150 | 1250 |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Gordonianum. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | 35 | 300 |  |
| ROBINIA hispida. Rose Acacia. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft ...... $35 \quad 250 \quad 2000$ |  |  |  |
| RUBUS Canadensis. 2 to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 35.20051250 |  |  |  |
| odoratus. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | 25 | 200 | 1250 |
| 3 to 4 ft . | 35 | 300 | 1500 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . | 50 | 350 | 1500 |
| 4 to 5 ft . Very heavy | 60 | 400 | 3500 |
| 5 to 6 ft . Very heavy .... | 75 | 500 | 4000 |
| $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . .................. . . 35 |  |  |  |
| 3 to 4 ft . . . . . . . |  |  |  |
| racemosa. Red-fruited- |  | 300 | 1500 |





Each ..... 10
CELASTRUS scandens. False Bitter-sweet- ..... 500
2 to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . per 100, $\$ 15 . . \$ 050$
2 to 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . per 100, $\$ 15 . . \$ 050$ ..... $\$ 3$ ..... $\$ 3$
CLEMATIS coccinea. 4 -in. pots ..... 300
Flammula. Sweet Clematis. 4 -in. pots ..... 600
graveolens; syn., orientalis. 4 -in. pots ..... 300
Large-flowering varieties. - Fairy Queen, Gem,Henryi, Jackmani, Jackmani var. alba,Jeanne d'Arc, Duchess of Edinburgh, Ker-mesina, Lady Neville, Lilacina floribunda,Madane Van Houtte, Miss Bateman, Presi-dent50
400
paniculata. 2-year; heavy ......... . per 100, $\$ 15$ ..... 30250
5 -in. pots; fine ..... 50 ..... 350
DOLICHOS. See Pueraria.
EUONYMUS radicans. 1 ft ; field-grown . . . . . per 100, \$10. . $2 \overline{7}$ ..... 175
$1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft .; field-grown . . . . . . per 100, $\$ 15 . .35$ ..... 250
HEDERA Helix. English Ivy. 4 -in. pots.....per 100, $\$ 15$. ..... $2 \overline{7}$
LATHYRUS latifolius. Everlasting Pea. ..... 35
LONICERA Japonica. Honeysuckle. 4-in. pots ..... 35
3 -year; field-grown
35
35
Japonica, var. brachypoda; syn., flexuosa. Field- grown ..... 35 ..... 300
Japonica, var. aurea reticulata. 4 -in. pots ..... 35 ..... 300 ..... 300
Japonica, var. Chinensis. Purplish green foliage- 4 -in. pots ..... 25 ..... 200
Heavy, field-grown ..... 300
Japonica, var. Halleana. 4-in. pots ..... 200
5 -in. pots ..... 300
3-year old, field-grown ..... 300
sempervirens, var. fuchsioides. Scarlet Trumpet- 5 -in. pots ..... 350
PERIPLOCA Græca. Silk Vine. Field-grown ..... 300
5-in. pots ..... 400
PUERARIA Thunbergiana; syn., Dolichos Japonicus. Kudzu Vine. In pots ..... 750
TECOMA. See Bignonia.
VITIS æstivalis. Summer Grape. 5-in. pots ..... 600
heterophylla, var. variegata. 5 -in. pots ..... 600
Labrusca. Fox Grape. 4-in. pots ..... 400
riparia. Frost Grape. 4-in. pots ..... 350
WISTARIA Chinensis. Chiuese Wistaria-
2 to 3 ft .; in large pots ..... 1501250
3 to 4 ft .; field grown ..... 750
4 to 6 ft .; field-grown . $\$ 1.50$ to ..... 50
Chinensis, var. alba. Field-grown. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 50
4 to 6 ft . ..... 250
6 to 8 ft . ..... 2250 ..... 32501250
frutescens. 3 to 4 ft . ..... 100
4 to 6 ft . ..... 50
magnifica. 5 to 6 ft ; field-grown
multijuga. 2 to 3 ft .; field-grown ..... 50
3 to 4 ft .; field-grown ..... 150
4 to 6 ft .; field-grown $\$ 1.50$ to ..... 50
multijuga, var. alb
3 to 4 ft . ..... 100
4 to 6 ft . $\$ 1.50$ to 3 ..... 505001250
600250250

# PRICE LIST FOR FALL OF 1910 <br> <br> FRUIT DEPARTMENT 

 <br> <br> FRUIT DEPARTMENT}
APPLES, Summer-Early Harvest, Golden Sweet, Red Astrachan, Summer Ramho, Sweet Bougb, Beuoin, Yellow Transparent.
Autumn-Fall Pippin, Gravenstein, Maiden's Blush, Smokehouse, Wealtby.
Winter-Baldwin, Belle-fleur, Fallawater, King of Tompkins County, Northern Spy, Rhode Islaud Greening, Styman's Winesap, York Imperial. 5 to 7 ft . ; $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 in . cal.
Crab-Hyslop, Large Red Siherian, Large Yelow Siberian, Transcendent. 5 to 7 ft. ............. 100
CHERRIES, Sour (Dukes and Morellos)-Early Richmond, Empress Eugenie, May Duke, Late Duke, Montmorency. 5 to 6 ft.................... 150 1000
Large Sweet (Hearts and Bigarreaus)-Black 'Tartarian. Governor Wood, Napoleon Bigarreau, Schmidt's Bigarreau, Windsor.
 150 1000
NUTS, American Sweet Chestnut. See under Deeiduous Trees. Spanish Chestnut. See under Deeiduous Trees.
Hybrid Chestnut. Paragon, Numho. 4 to 5 ft .
Japan Chestnut. 3 to 4 ft .
Walnut, Black. See Juglans nigra, under Deeiduous Trees. PEACHES-Belle of Georgia, Fitzgerald, Fox's Seedling, Crawford's Late, Elberta, Mountain Rose, Morris Wbite, Oldmixon Free, Stump the World, Susquehanna, Troth's Early, Wheatland. 5 to 6 ft . . . . ...............er 100, $\$ 30$.
PEARS, Summer-Bartlett, Clapp's Favorite, Doyenne d'Ete.
Autumn and Winter-Beurre d'Anjou, Buffum, Ducbesse d'Angouleme, Howell, Kieffer's Hybrid, Lawrence, Rutter, Seckel, Sheldon, WordenSeckel. 5 to 6 ft .A few varieties, 6 to 8 ft. . ............................. 20
1500
PLUMS, Japanese-Abundance, Burbank, Cbabot, Satsuma. 5 to 6 ft .
European-Giant Prune, Imperral Gage, Lombard.
QUINCES-Champion, Orange. 3 to 4 ft
75
600

## SMALL FRUITS



Each<br>STRAWBERRIES, Early-Bederwood, Marshall; MediumBubach, Glen Mary. Sharpless, Late-Brandywine, Gandy, Runners, per $100, \$ 2$ : per $1,000, \$ 7.50$. Potted plants, per $100, \$ 3$ to $\$ 4$.<br>\section*{ESCULENT ROOTS}<br>ASPARAGUS-Barr's Mammoth. Per $100, \$ 1.50 ;$ per $1.000, \$ 7.50$. RHUBARB-Best varieties. I'er $10, \$ 1.50$; per $100, \$ 10$.

## ROSES

N. B.-Potted unless noted. Special prices per hundred.
 antha), rosy white; etoile de Lyon (Tea), yellow; Francisea Kruger ('Tea), yellowpeach; Francis Dubrcuil (Tea), crimson; Harry Kirk, deep sulphur yellow; Maman Cochet (Tea). rosy white; Souvenir de la Malmaison (Bourbon), flesh; White Maman Cochet (Tea), whiteson: Clio, flesh; Eugene Verdier, rose-flesh; FrauKarl Druschki, white; General Jacqueminot, scar-let; Lady Helen Stewart, crimson-searlet; LouisVan Houtte. red-crimson; Magna Charta, rose;Madane Gabriel Luizet. silvery pink; MargaretDickson. white; Mrs. IR. G. Sharman-Crawford.rosc-pink; Mrs. John Laing, pink; Paul Neyron,deep rose ; I'rince Camille de Rohan, deep crinison;
Ulrich Brunner, cherry crimson................... . .
MOSS-Blanche Moreau, white; Crimson Globe, deep crim-son; Zenobia, rose.

## RUGOSA ROSES

| R0SA |  | Eac | 10 | 10 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | rugosa. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | . 8035 | \$3 00 | \$20 00 |
|  | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . | 50 | 400 | 3500 |
|  | 3 to $3 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 75 | 600 | 5000 |
|  | rugosa, var. alba. 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$ | 50 | 400 | 2500 |
|  | 2 2 to 3 ft . | 75 | 600 | 5000 |
|  | rugosa hybrids atropurpurea-Atropurpurea, |  |  |  |
|  | Blanc Double de Coubert, Conrad F. |  |  |  |
|  | Meyer, Madame Georges Bruant, Madam |  |  |  |
|  | Charles Worth, Mrs. A. Waterer. Pot- |  |  |  |
|  | grown | 50 | 400 |  |

## WICHURAIANA ROSES

ROSA Wichuraiana. The Trailing Rosc. 2 to 3 ft.. $\$ 025 \quad \$ 200$ 2 to 3 ft . In 4-in. pots . ............. $35 \quad 300 \quad \$ 2500$ hybrids-Evergreen Gcm, Gardenia, Manda's Triumph, Pink Roamer, South Orange Perfection, Universal Favorite. In pots. $50 \quad 350$
SINGLE ROSES, Dickson's Hybrids-New Irish Beauty, Irish Glory, Irish Modesty, Irish Brightness ................... $\uparrow . .600$

## HARDY HERBACEOUS PLANTS




Partial view of Herbaceous Plantations


ARMERIA maritima, var. alba (Thrift). Summer. White. 9 in. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . $\$ 0$ 25 $\$ 1$ 50 $\$ 1000$ maritima, var. splendens. Summer Rose. 9 in. $25 \quad 150 \quad 1250$
ARTEMISIA abrotanum (Old Man). Silvery white foliage. 2 ft......................................
Stelleriana (Old Woman). Silvery foliage. 2 ft .
ASCLEPIAS tuberosa (Butterfly Weed). July and August. Orange. 2 ft........................
ASTER alpinus. June and July. Purple. 9 in....
Amellus elegans. September and October. Blue. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
2. $\quad 150 \quad 1000$
(Michelmas Daisy) amethystinus. September and October. Amethyst. 3 to 4 ft..... grandiflorus. October and November. Violetblue. 2 ft
Lady Trevelyan. September and October. White. 3 ft
Madonna. September and October. White. 4 ft .
Novæ Angliæ. September and October. Purple. 4 ft.
Novæ Angliæ, var. rubra. September and October. liright rose. 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ptarmicoides. August and September. White. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Robert Parker. September and October. Lavender. 4 ft
Tataricus. October and November. P'urple. 5 ft . Trinervius. October and November. Violetpurple. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . White Queen September and October. White. 4 ft .
2.) $\quad 150 \quad 1000$

ASTILBE Japonica (Spirea). June. White. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
ASTRANTIA major (Masterwort). June and July. Pale pink. 1 ft
2.) 1 50

1000
$25 \quad 2502000$
AUBRETIA Hendersoni (False Wall Cress). April. I'urplish violet. 4 in
25. $150 \quad 1250$

BAPTISIA australis (False Indigo). June and July. Dark blue. 2 ft................................ tinctoria. June and July. Bright yellow. 2 to 3 ft .
2.) $150 \quad 1000$

BELEMCANDA Chinensis; syn.. Pardanthus. June. Orange-red. 4 ft................................
$\begin{array}{llll}25 & 150 & 10 & 00\end{array}$
$25 \quad 150 \quad 1000$
BELLIS perennis (English Daisy) May. White ant pink. 6 to 8 in.
$25 \quad 150$
1000
BETONICA. Sec Stachys.
BOCCONIA cordata (Plume Poppy). July and August. White. $\overline{\mathrm{ft}}$
$25 \quad 150 \quad 1250$
BOLTONIA asterioides (False Chamomile). August and September. White. $4 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . .$. Iatisquama. August and September. Light lilac. 4 ft .

25 $150 \quad 1000$

ERIS incisa (Starwort). July to September. Light hlue. 18 in

25
150
1000


|  | Each | 10 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| Chinense, var. album. July to September. White. |  |  |  |
|  | 2.5 | 150 | 100 |
| elatum (Bee Larkspur). June to August, Blue. 4 ft |  |  |  |
| formosum (Larkspur). June to September. | \%) | 1.0 | 1000 |
| Heep bluc. 4 ft | 2.) | 150 | 10 |
| DIANTHUS barbatus (Sweet William). Miy to July. |  |  |  |
| Mixed colors. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | 2. | 150 | 1000 |
| deltoides (Maiden l'ink) June. | $2 \cdot$ | 150 | 1000 |
| latifolius. June. Red. 1 ft | 25 | 150 | 1000 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Delicata. Rose, Witl fringed petals. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Her Majesty. White.Mrs. Sinkins. White. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Stanislaus. Violet-rose, with crimson center. |  |  |  |
| DICENTRA eximia (Seal-flower). June to Angust. |  |  |  |
| Pink. 1 ft................... | 25 | 150 | 10 |
| spectabilis (Bleeding-heart). Nay a |  |  |  |
|  | 2. | 200 |  |
| DICTAMNUS fraxinella (Gas Plant). June. Purple. |  |  |  |
| fraxinella, var. alba. June. White. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 35 | 250 |  |
| DIGITALIS ambigua (Foxglove). July and August. |  |  |  |
| I'ale yellow. 3 ft . . . . . . . | 2.5 | 200 | 00 |
| purpurea (Common Foxglove). June an |  |  |  |
| Mixed colors. 4 to $\overline{5} \mathrm{ft} . . . \mathrm{C} . . . . . . .$. | 25 | 150 | 10 |
| urpurea, var: gloxiniæflora. June and Mixed colors. 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . . . . .$. | 2\% | 150 |  |
| DORONICUM Austriacum. April and May. Yellow. |  |  |  |
| plantagineum, rar. excelsum. April to June. |  |  |  |
|  |  | 250 |  |
| September. Ross purple. 3 ft . . . . . . . . . . | 2.) | 200 | 1.5 |
| ERIGERON speciosus (Fleabane). June to Angust. |  |  |  |
| ERYNGIUM amethystinum (Sea ILolly). July to |  |  |  |
| September. Amethyst-blue. 2 ft.......... | 3.5 | 250 |  |
| EUPATORIUM ageratoides (White Snakeroot). Sep- |  |  |  |
| cœestinum. F'all. Light blue. 2 | 25 | 150 |  |
| EUPHORBIA corollata (Spurge). July to Septem- |  |  |  |
| FEVERFEW, Little Gem. June to October: White. |  |  |  |
| FUNKIA Fortunei (Day Lily). July to August. Blue. |  |  |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 | 25 | 150 |  |
| ovata. July to August. Deep blue. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . 2 | 25 | 150 |  |
| subcordata, rar: grandiflora. September. White. |  |  |  |
| Fragr:int. 2 ft........................... 2 | 25 | 200 | 1.5 |
| ndulata, var. media picta variegata. July and |  |  |  |
| August. Lilac. 1 ft..................... 2 | 25 | 150 | 1250 |

GAILLARDIA grandiflora (Blanket-flower). June to November. Yellow. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ ft................... $\$ 025$
GALEGA officinalis (Goat's Rue). July and Augnst. Blue. 2 ft.......................................
officinalis, var. alba. July and August. White. 2 ft

25
150
1000
Each
10
100
$\$ 150$
$\$ 1000$

25
150
1000
GERANIUM sanguineum (Cranesbill). June to September. Red. 1i를 ft
2.) 150

GEUM coccineum (Avens). June and July. Scar'et. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
2.5

Heldrechi. June. Orange. is in............. . . . . 25
montanum. June and July. Yellow. is in...
GILLENIA trifoliata (Bowman's Root). Rose and white. July. 3 ft
3.) 2.50

GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). Jnly. White. 2 to 3 ft
HELENIUM, pumilum (Sneezewort). July to October. Yellow. 1立 ft........................... . . .
autumnale, var. superbum. July to October. Yellow. 4 ft

25
150
1000
grandicephalum, var. striatum. August to October. Orange. 3 ft

25
25
Hoopesi. All summer. Orange-yellow. 2 ft .
25
HELIANTHUS (Perennial Sunflowers) giganteus. August to October. Pale yellow. fi to 10 ft .
Maximiliana. September. Deep yellow. 6 to $S \mathrm{ft}$.

| 2.7 | 150 | 10 | 00 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

mollis. September and October: Golden yellow. 4 ft
multiflorus fl. pl. Jnly and Augnst. Golden yellow. 4 ft. . . . . . . . . . .........................
orgyalis. September and October: Golden yellow. 6 ft .
rigidus. July to Octoher. Golden yellow. 3 ft .
rigidus, var. Miss Mellish. September and October. Golden yellow. 6 ft .
rigidus, var: Woliy Dodd. September. Deei) yellow. 3 ft .
HELIOPSIS Pitcheriana. June to October. Orangeyellow. 3 ft
 BORUS niger (Christmas Rose). March. White. 6 in
3.) 300
niger, var. atrorubens. March. Purple. 9 in. .
3.

HEMEROCALLIS Dumortieri (Yellow Day Lily). June and July. Orange-yellow. $2 \mathrm{ft} . . .$. .
flava. June. Yellow. 2 ft
fulva (Tawny Day Lily). July and Iugust. A tawny yellow. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft.}$. (Dobbe Orange Lily). . . . . . July and August. Coppery yellow. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . .$.
fulva, var. Thunbergii. August and September. Lemon-yellow. $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$.
HEPATICA triloba (Liverleaf). April. White and blue. 6 in.
HEUCHERA sanguinea (Alumroot). June to September. Coral-red. 18 in
2. 1501250
2.

25
sanguinea, var. alba. June to September. White. 18 in.

25


## A field of Japanese Iris at Andorra

HIBISCUS militaris. June to September. Buff-yellow
10
100
$\qquad$Rose. 5 ft. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .Moscheutos, var. Crimson Eye. July to Sep-tember. White5 ft25tember White 5 ft Ey ...............๑-
$150 \quad 1000$

## HOLLYHOCKS. See Althæa rosea.

IBERIS sempervirens (Candytuft). April and May. White. 6 in. .................................
corifolia. April and May. White. 9 in.......
$25 \quad 150 \quad 1000$

INULA Britannica (Fleabane). July to September.

IRIS. For Special Descriptive Lists, consult Calendar of Hardy Perennials.

| ea. II | 35 | 300 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cristata. April and May. Light blue. 6 in. | 25 |  | 1250 |
| Florentina. May. Tinted white. Fragrant. 1 $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 25 | 200 |  |
| Germanica. May. Named varieties. $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 25 | 150 | 1000 |
| lævigata; syn., Kæmpferi (Japanese Iris). June |  |  |  |
| and July. Our selection, all colors. $2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft . | 25 | 200 | 1500 |
| Customer's selection . . . | 35 | 300 |  |
| Pallida, var. Dalmatica. June. Light blue. 3 ft . | 35 | 300 | 2500 |
| Pallida, var. speciosa. June. Indigo-blue. | 35 | 300 |  |
| Pseudacorus. June. Yellow, 2 to 3 ft | 25 | 200 | 1500 |
| pumila nova. May. Various colors. 8 to 10 in . | 25 | 150 | 1250 |
| Sibirica. May and June. Bright blue. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 25 | 150 |  |
| Sibirica, var. alba. June. White. $2 \mathrm{ft}$. Rare. 4 | 35 | 300 |  |
| Sibirica, var. orientalis. May. Deep blue. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. | 2.5 | 150 |  |
|  | 25 |  |  |







## A CALENDAR OF PERENNIALS

This booklet, in a revised edition, with monthly lists, and special lists of Phlox, Iris, Peonies and Chrysanthemums, will be found valuable in arranging hardy gardens.

## FERNS

ADIANTUM pedatum (Maidenhair Fern). 1 to $21 \mathrm{l}^{\circ}$. Moist, shathed mositions.moist soils in shady placers.
Goldianum. 2 to 4 ft . Scmi-shaded pmsitions, dry or moist soils.in moist or dry soils.
BOTRYCHIUM Virginianna (Aoomwort). \& 10 I2 in. Shaded positions,moist or dry suls.
DICKSONIA punctilobula ( B ouldre Fern). $\because 20$ ft. For open positions;forms lary planfaions.
ONOCLEA scmsibilis (Sinsitive Fern). 1 to 2 ft . For open planting and wetsoils.
Struthiopteris (Ostrich Fern). 2 to 4 ft . For open positions, dry or moist soils.
OSMUNDA gracilis (Flowering Fern). こ to 4 ft . Open or shaded positions, and moist soils.
Claytoniana. $\stackrel{2}{2}$ to 5 ft . For open plantings dry or most soils.
cinnamomea (Cinuamon Fern). 2 to 5 ft . For open or shaded positions, in wet soils.
WOODSIA obtusa. 6 to 12 in. Shady places, in moist soil.
WOODWARDIA angustifolia (Chain Fern). 1 ft . Open or shaded positions, in moist soils.
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## Plant for Immediate Effect

## Not for Future Generations

Start with large stock-it has taken years of special preparation to grow such Trees and Shrubs as we offer you.

We have done the long waiting-you can secure at once specimens that will give immediate and permanení results.

## As AN EXAMPLE

Note in this Price-List, page 21, Norway Maplos, 14 to 20 ft . in height with trunks 4 to 10 in. in diameter. Specimen trees with broad tops and a system of fibrous roots that makes transplanting successful-trees that are sure to grow. Such trees simply " make your place."

## An Important Point

These specimen Trees and Shrubs are An-dorra-Grown-they are here at our Nurseries where you may inspect them and reserve such as suit your purpose.

ANDORRA-GROWN MEANS QUALITY QUALITY IN TREES MEANS SUCCESSFUL PLANTING

