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A CENTURY AND A HALF
OF
PITTSBURG AND
HER PEOPLE

GENEALOGICAL MEMOIRS OF THE LEADING FAMILIES
OF PITTSBURG AND VICINITY, COMPILED
UNDER THE EDITORIAL SUPER-
VISION OF

JOHN W. JORDAN, LL.D.

OF THE HISTORICAL SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA

ILLUSTRATED

VOLUME IV

THE LEWIS PUBLISHING COMPANY

1908

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Geo. E. Reynolds.

PITTSBURG AND HER PEOPLE

GEORGE E. REYNOLDS, who holds an enviable reputation among the members of the legal profession, being considered one of the ablest attorneys now practicing at the bar in the city of Pittsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, owes his entire success to his own unaided efforts and the ambition which dominated him. He is a member of an honored family of the state of Pennsylvania, but having had the misfortune to lose his father when he was but one month old he was early obliged to take an active part in the struggle for existence, and is in the fullest sense of the word a self-made man.

George P. Reynolds, father of George E. Reynolds, was a resident of Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and after his marriage settled upon a farm and was actively engaged in agriculture. He was also engaged in threshing for the neighboring farmers, and was considered a wide-awake business man. At the time of the building of the Philadelphia & Reading railroad he became one of the contractors to furnish the ties necessary for the building of the road in that section of the country. He was in the midst of these contracting obligations when he was killed, in March, 1876. The settling of these unfinished contracts left his widow and children in financially embarrassed circumstances, and they were all obliged to commence the battle of life at an early age. George P. Reynolds married Rebecca Dreisbach, daughter of a farmer near Turbotville, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and they had children: Daniel H., a hardware merchant in Milton, Pennsylvania; Elizabeth, married Charles Moser, a merchant of Watsontown, Pennsylvania; William N., a hardware merchant in Turbotville, Pennsylvania; Augustus, retired merchant of the same place, and George E., the subject of this sketch.

George E. Reynolds, fourth son and fifth and youngest child of George P. and Rebecca (Dreisbach) Reynolds, was born in Turbotville, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, February 28, 1876. He was but a few weeks of age when his father met his death, and was compelled to assist to the extent of his childish ability in the support of the household almost from his infancy. At the age of nine years he was placed with his uncle, Daniel Dreisbach, a neighboring farmer, to assist in the work of the farm, remaining with him for two years, during which time he received as payment his board and clothes. During the following year he worked for a man named Christopher Koons, from whom he received two dollars and fifty cents per month for a part of the year, and five dollars per month for the remainder. He next worked one year for William Seaman, and while there was offered a home by I. D. Gresh, a merchant of

Milton, Pennsylvania, with whom he subsequently resided. During the first two years of his residence with Mr. Gresh he received his clothes and schooling as an equivalent for the services he rendered, and during the following years fifteen dollars per month during the summer months until he was graduated from the high school in Milton, Pennsylvania. Young Reynolds was naturally thrifty and a good manager, and while residing with Mr. Gresh had saved the sum of one hundred dollars, which seemed a munificent one to him in those days. Mr. Gresh advised and encouraged him greatly, and it was in compliance with the wishes of that gentleman that Mr. Reynolds commenced a course of study in Ursinas College, in Collegeville, Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. During the summer following this course in college he went to Atlantic City, having obtained a position there as clerk in a hotel, and in the fall of the same year he went to Milton, Pennsylvania, where he obtained employment as a traveling salesman for Bear & Company, cigar manufacturers, his compensation being sixty-five dollars per month and all his expenses. He was very desirous of completing his collegiate education, but finding that his means would not permit this indulgence he determined to take a more hurried and necessarily shorter literary course in order the sooner to be able to engage in what he purposed at the time should be his life work, the profession of teaching. He accordingly entered the State Normal School at Lock Haven, Pennsylvania, and at the end of one year of hard work was graduated with honor at the head of his class. The reputation gained for thoroughness and ability during his time of study was of service to him in securing his appointment as principal of the high school at Hill's Grove, Sullivan county, Pennsylvania. He was engaged in educational work during the next seven years, each year witnessing a rise to a more important position or increased salary. While engaged in teaching during his second year in Derry Station, Pennsylvania, the election for the principalship of the school was hotly contested, and Mr. Reynolds resigned in order to accept a better position. It was at this time that he decided to withdraw from educational work and take up the study of law. He immediately entered into a business arrangement with C. G. Voris, of Milton, Pennsylvania, who became his preceptor, and he registered as a student of law in Sunbury, Northumberland county, Pennsylvania. He also studied in the office of Mr. Voris during the evenings, on Saturdays, and during the vacation time. While engaged in his legal studies he continued his occupation of teaching, the money earned in this way furnishing the means necessary to enable him to pursue his studies. He was admitted to the bar in Northumberland county in September, 1902, but continued to teach until June of the following year. He was then admitted to the Allegheny county bar and to the supreme and superior court of the United States in the western district of Pennsylvania. He opened a law office in the Frick building, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, August 1, 1903, which is elegantly and commodiously furnished, and in which he employs six people. He ranks high among the attorneys of the city, and his success has been a pronounced one. He is a ready, eloquent speaker, with an easy flow of language, and his arguments are presented in a forceful, convincing manner. Politically his support is given to the Republican party, but he has never sought political preferment. He has many friends in the social as well as the legal and educational circles of his city, and he is a member of Jeannette Lodge, No. 436, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Duquesne Lodge, Masonic order, and the Pittsburg Country Club. Mr. Reynolds is unmarried.

FRANCE OPAWSKI, proprietor of Hotel Ross, Duquesne, Pennsylvania, and a man of skill and intellect, being the inventor of many valuable and useful devices, is a native of Austria, Schlesen, born September 17, 1804, a son of Carl and Caroline (Herman) Opawski.

Carl Opawski (father) was born in Wagstat, Austria, Schlesen, about the year 1834, and died in 1898, aged sixty-four years. He was the son of France Opawski, who attained the remarkable age of one hundred and five years, and who during all these years had never had a tooth extracted, which is indeed a remarkable fact. Carl Opawski was a wagon maker by trade, and for many years conducted a wagon making establishment in addition with the lumber business. He was successful in his undertakings, and acquired a competence for his declining years. He married Caroline Herman, of Wagstat, Austria, Schlesen, who bore him four children: Carl, France, of whom later; Albert and Amiel. They had a step-sister named Marie. Mr. and Mrs. Opawski were members of the Roman Catholic church.

France Opawski emigrated to the United States in the year 1882, landing in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, May 7, 1882. He worked in his father's shop in his native land, and his first employment in this country was in the wood work department at K. Lang's shop in Pittsburg. His next employment was in the shops of the Pittsburg & Fort Wayne Railroad Company, where he was employed in the coach department for eleven years. The following four years and one month were spent in the employ of the Pleasant Valley Electric road, after which he moved to McKeesport, Pennsylvania, where he conducted a wagon making shop for eight years. He then purchased the Hotel Ross, at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, of which he is now the proprietor and which enjoys the patronage of many people, being in all respects first-class. In addition to this line of work he is the inventor of the automatic signal switch, the Spoke Tennant machine, an electric heater and several other articles not completed, from which he derives an income. Mr. Opawski is independent in politics, casting his vote for the man best qualified for office, irrespective of party affiliation. He has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for the past twenty-three years.

Mr. Opawski married, June 9, 1887, Elizabeth Leofiler, born in Wertenberg, Oberand Heidenheimer. She came to the United States in 1880, at the age of thirteen years, and located in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. Twelve children were born of this marriage, nine of whom survive, as follows: Charles, Katharine, Flora, Frank, Jr., Margaret, Marie, Helen, Eleanor and Herman.

ANDREW JOSEPH PIRHALLA, one of the leading real estate and insurance men of Duquesne, Pennsylvania, was born September 25, 1865, in Austria Hungary, the son of George and Julia (Reisteter) Pirhalla. George Pirhalla was born in Austria, Hungary, where he lived all of his life and followed farming for his livelihood. He died in 1899. He was married to Miss Julia Reisteter, born in Bohemia, but was of German parentage. She died in 1898. The issue by this marriage was nine children, as follows: 1. Andrew, who died at the age of nineteen years. 2. Mary L., who lives in Rome, Italy. 3. John, who met his death on the Pennsylvania Railroad at Braddock, Pennsylvania. 4. Stephen, lives at Oliphant, Pennsylvania, where he follows coal mining. The next four children died young. 9. Andrew Joseph, the subject.

Andrew Joseph Pirhalla attended the public schools of his native country at Hethars, Hungary, and came to America February 10, 1886, first stopping at Cresson, Pennsylvania, where he visited a brother, John Pirhalla. From there he went to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he worked at the trade of a cabinet maker, which he mastered in the old country. He next went to Bakersville, Kentucky, where he secured a position as time-keeper on a new railroad then being constructed through that section of the south. He next went to Morgantown, West Virginia, remained but a short time, and returned to Pennsylvania, locating at Port Royal, where he worked in the mines until he met with an accident, caused by an explosion in the mines of gas and fire-damps, when he was badly injured. He was confined in the Homeopathic Hospital at Pittsburg for eight months as a result, and when able to be employed was given a position as an elevator man and clerk in the hospital, where he remained five years, never being absent a day in all that time. After this he paid his native country a visit to see his parents, and remained there five weeks, but having once seen the advantages of a free country like America he returned here, locating in Pittsburg, where he secured employment with Dr. Blair, at No. 406 Penn avenue, as clerk and office man. He continued at that work for two years, after which he came to Duquesne and started a billiard parlor, which he conducted two years. He then became general agent and manager for Ross & Stiner, wholesalers of Duquesne. With them he remained for five years or up to 1900, when he purchased the lease and fixtures of the Hasiba Hotel, which he conducted five years. In 1905 he built the Hotel Comfort in Duquesne, and conducted that until 1907, when he sold his interest and opened a real estate office at No. 11, North First street, Duquesne, where he now does a successful real estate and insurance business.

On October 28, 1894, he married Catherine Brindza, daughter of Andrew and Catherine Brindza, of Austria-Hungary. His wife came to America in 1891. By this union were born five children: 1. Julia Mary, born June 15, 1897. 2. Josephine. 3. George. 4. Frank. 5. Andrew M., born April 2, 1904. The subject and his family belong to Holy Trinity church of Duquesne. On May 20, 1906, he was elected supreme president of the Slavook Catholic Union of America at their convention held in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, on that date.

JAMES KANE, of the blast furnace department of the Carnegie Steel Company at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, was born January 24, 1867, in Renfrewshire, Scotland, at a place called Inkerman, named after the battle of Inkerman. He is the son of Edward and Margaret (Dolan) Kane. The father, Edward Kane, was born in March, 1841, in county Armagh, Ireland. He is a miner by occupation, which work he still follows, although sixty-six years of age. He married Margaret Dolan, daughter of John and Mary Dolan, of county Mayo, Ireland, and to them were born thirteen children, as follows: 1. Ann. 2. Mary. 3. James. 4. John. 5. Patrick. 6 and 7. Died in their infancy. 8. Teresa. 9. Eddie. 10, 11 and 12. Died in their infancy. 13. Thomas. The family are all of the Roman Catholic faith. John Dolan, the father of Mrs. Kane, was a soldier in the Crimean war, where he was severely wounded, and died shortly after his return home.

James Kane, the subject of this notice, attended the St. Margaret School

in Airdrie, Lanarkshire, and went to work in the mines before he reached his twelfth year, continuing at this kind of employment until 1803, when he came to America, first locating in Turtle Creek, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he secured employment with the New York and Cleveland Gas and Coal Company. During the great labor strike in 1804 he was engaged with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, of the Carnegie system, as fireman of boilers at the blast furnaces, where he was engaged one year and the following three years worked as pipe fitter's helper, serving under John L. Lewis, who at that time was a master-mechanic. James Kane came to Duquesne in 1808, and has since that date been employed at the blast furnace department of the Duquesne works of the Carnegie Steel Company.

Mr. Kane is a Republican in politics, and has served as school director of the Third ward of Duquesne borough, being elected in February, 1906. He is a member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians and belongs to the Holy Name Catholic church of Duquesne, Rev. Father David Shannon, pastor.

He was united in marriage, December 31, 1888, to Miss Mary, daughter of John and Margaret (Tobin) Norton, of Broxborn, Scotland. Mrs. Kane was born in April, 1866. By this union were born the following children: 1. Edward, born May 23, 1890, died August 13, 1890. 2. John, born February 17, 1892. 3. Margaret, born July 21, 1894. 4. Edward Patrick, born June 20, 1896. 5. Mary, born May 10, 1899. 6. Teresa, born August 11, 1901. 7. Ellen, born September 1, 1903. 8. James, Jr., born September 5, 1906.

HENRY FREDERICK CROPP, of Swissvale, foreman for the United States Steel Company, was born July 4, 1849, in Hanover, Germany, a son of Henry and Wilhelmina Cropp.

Henry Frederick Cropp came in 1868 to the United States and settled in Pittsburg, where for nineteen years he followed the calling of a teamster. He then entered the service of the Carrie Furnace Company, now the United States Steel Company, with whom for the long period of twenty years he has held the responsible position of foreman, the long duration of his service testifying to his efficiency and fidelity. He belongs to the Royal Arcanum and in the sphere of politics affiliates with the Republican party. He is a member of the Presbyterian church of Swissvale.

Mr. Cropp married, March 17, 1874, Ida Permilla Perkins, and they have been the parents of the following children: Frederick William, born April 16, 1876; Elizabeth, born March 1, 1877, wife of Dr. Charles C. Rinard, of Homestead; Elmer A., born April 28, 1879; Paul Vincent, born June 15, 1881, machinist, married, September 12, 1905, Qindarah, daughter of John and Eugenia Flickinger, of Braddock, Pennsylvania; and Carrie, born September 5, 1886, died March 12, 1895, aged eight years and six months. Frederick William Cropp, the eldest of the family, is paymaster for the United States Steel Company at Mingo Junction. He married December 19, 1900, Allabella, daughter of Albert Price, of Irwin, Pennsylvania, and they have two children, Frederick and Albert. Paul Vincent Cropp has one child, Elizabeth R., born September 17, 1907. Elmer A. Cropp married September 12, 1907, Ella Watkins, of Swissvale, Pennsylvania.

Mrs. Cropp is a daughter of Adam A. and Lucinda (Baker) Perkins, of Webster, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. Mr. Perkins, who is by trade

a miller, owns a large grist mill at Webster, which he has successfully operated for the last forty-two years.

CARL WILHELM LITTLER, one of the machinists and inventors connected with the Edgar Thomson Works of the Carnegie Steel Corporation, is a native of Switzerland, born December 11, 1879, at Zurich. His parents were natives of Switzerland. The father was John Littler, born in 1858, and is a shoe manufacturer in Zurich. He married Amelia, daughter of George and Katherine Kamerer, of Switzerland, and they are the parents of three children: 1. Carl Wilhelm, born December 11, 1879. 2. Heldwig, born April 16, 1884. 3. Lillie, born January 29, 1902.

Carl Wilhelm Littler, the subject, attended the public school and the University of Zurich, Switzerland, graduating from that most excellent institution as a mechanical engineer. He then came to America in 1892, and spent a short time with an uncle residing at Morgantown, West Virginia, before coming to Pittsburg. He is the inventor of a useful caliper employed by machinists in measuring their work; it is a combination tool and of great utility. At first he was employed by Brown, Boverie & Company, of Baden, Switzerland, and then for the Oerlikon Machine Company of the same city. He was next engaged by the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Company, the National Tube Company, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and is now with the Edgar Thomson Company. He is the owner of several valuable properties in Pittsburg and Swissvale. He is a member of the Technical Society of Switzerland, and the German Benevolent Union, of Swissvale. In his political belief he is a firm supporter of the Republican party. Both he and his wife are members of the Reformed church at Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

Concerning his domestic relations it may be stated that Mr. Littler on October 18, 1904, married Margie Blossom, daughter of William J. and Nellie (Show) Britner, of Swissvale, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Littler's father is a prominent contractor and builder. To Mr. and Mrs. Littler were born the following children: 1. Thelma Von, born August 7, 1905. 2. Charlotte Gertrude, born April 11, 1907.

Mrs. Littler's father, William J. Britner, is a member of the Reformed church at Wilkinsburg, and politically is a Democrat. The children born to William J. and Nellie (Show) Britner are: 1. Margie, born July 26, 1886, wife of the subject. 2. Hortense, born October 13, 1893. 3. Jack, born October 1, 1896.

CHARLES GEHLERT, proprietor of the Hotel Gehlert, of Duquesne, Pennsylvania, was born July 4, 1867, in Bavaria, Germany, where he attended the public schools of Aschaffenburg. He is the son of Adam and Eva (Hegg) Gehlert. The father was born in Aschaffenburg, Bavaria, and was the father of fourteen children: 1. Baldasar. 2. Margaret, deceased. 3. George. 4. Adam, who died at his home in McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 5. August, deceased. 6. Charles, of this sketch. 7. Katie. 8. Anna. The remaining children all died in infancy. The father, Adam Gehlert, served as a body guard to King Maxamillian. He died in November, 1900, his wife dying in 1869.

Charles Gehlert, of this notice, came to America in 1883, locating in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, where he secured employment in the bar department of Wood's mills, and worked there constantly for fourteen years, and at the National Tube Works two years, and then came to Duquesne in September, 1890, to engage in the hotel business, where he has been engaged for the last eight years. He was married September 9, 1888, to Mina, daughter of Carl Osterwase and wife, of Saxony, Germany. She came to the United States in 1885, and made her home at McKeesport until married. By this union was born seven children: 1. Eva, born in 1880, died in 1891, aged two years. 2. George A., born April 22, 1891. 3. Katie Sadie, born September 20, 1892. 4. Charles George, born December 23, 1894. 5. John Charles, born December 13, 1896. 6. Harry, born November 21, 1901. 7. Maxamillian Carl, born November 21, 1904.

Charles Gehlert is a member of the Elks' lodge, No. 75, of Duquesne, and of Lodge No. 1087, of the Eagles, of Duquesne. He was for three years vice-president of the Turners' German Beneficial Union; belongs to St. Mary's Lodge; to the St. Joseph's Catholic church, and in politics votes the Republican ticket.

JOHN BIESEL, a wholesaler in Duquesne, Pennsylvania, was born January 24, 1863, in Rhem, Prussia, where he attended the public schools and came to America in 1881, locating in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. After coming to this country he attended the Indiana State Normal School. Mr. Biesel has been engaged in the wholesale liquor trade at Duquesne since 1902. He is a member of the Duquesne lodge of Eagles, No. 1087; belongs to the Roman Catholic church, and votes the Democratic ticket, except in local offices, when he votes independent of party lines.

He was united in marriage, May 8, 1893, to Martha Luetke, of Posen, Prussia. She died March 23, 1907, and they were the parents of three children: 1. Seigford Joseph, born January 31, 1894. 2. Barthold Hieronimus, born October 6, 1895. 3. Margaret Catherine, born July 5, 1899.

Concerning the parentage of Mr. Biesel it may be said that his father, Jacob Biesel, Sr., was born in 1829 in Germany, and followed farming and stock-raising. He served four years in the German army and died in 1892, aged sixty-three years. He married Catherine Teil, of Germany, and she was the mother of five children, as follows: 1. John, who died in infancy. 2. Mathias, who died in infancy. 3. John, of whom an account has been given above. 4. Jacob, Jr., of Germany. 5. Annie, wife of Mr. Steffen, of Germany.

Mrs. Catherine (Teil) Biesel, was born October 22, 1822, and died in 1905, aged eighty-three years. The son, Jacob Biesel, Jr., served three years in the German army and is still counted a soldier if called upon for service.

ANDREW SHEPHARD, JR., who resides at No. 2420 Woodstock avenue, Swissvale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, has been in the employ of the Rankin Wire Mill for the past seven years, and is a representative of the third generation of his family in this country, they tracing their ancestry to France.

Joseph Shephard, grandfather of Andrew Shephard, Jr., was a native of

France, and emigrated to the United States about the year 1820. He located in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, where he made his home for some years, removing to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1843. He was a stone cutter by trade. He died in 1849. He and his entire family were members of the Catholic church. He married Mary Ann Dice, born in Alsace, Germany, and died March 12, 1888, and they were the parents of children: 1. Joseph, who was in active service during the Civil war, having been confined in Libby prison for two weeks and in Belle Isle six months, and he now (1907) resides in Ohio. 2. John, who lives in retirement in Allegheny City. 3. Andrew, see forward. 4. Michael, a brick manufacturer of Canonsburg, Pennsylvania. He also was a soldier in the Civil war. 5. Katherine, who died June 20, 1906, was the wife of Peter Dressler, a county detective for many years. 6. Charles, a farmer and stock raiser in Ohio. 7. Mary, who died at sea at the age of two and a half years.

Andrew Shephard, third son and child of Joseph and Mary Ann (Dice) Shephard, was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1834. He came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, with his parents in 1843, where he worked in brick yards and coal mines from his earliest years. By industry, thrift and energy he rose step by step until he was the proprietor of a brick yard of his own, and amassed a considerable fortune. He and his family are members of the Christian church of Wilkinsburg. He is a man of very independent views as far as politics are concerned, and invariably votes for whomever he thinks the man best fitted for the office in question, irrespective of party considerations.

He married, April 29, 1862, Sarah Jane Oyler, daughter of Michael and Catherine (Walnut) Oyler, of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: 1. Mary, born March 28, 1863, died in infancy. 2. David, born September 19, 1864, is a member of the Woodmen of the World. 3. George, born December 21, 1865, married Pauline Day, of Boston, Massachusetts. 4. John, born February 17, 1867, served three years in the Philippines during the Spanish-American war. 5. Joseph, born December 21, 1870, died August 27, 1896. He married Ada Keller, of Swissvale, and had children: Harry, Samuel and Joseph. 6. Michael, born September 29, 1872, died December 29, 1902, from injuries received in the Homewood yards. 7. Andrew, Jr., see forward. 8. Susan, born March 1, 1876. 9. Harry, died in infancy. 10. Peter, born May 5, 1885, is a member of the Woodmen of the World.

Andrew Shephard, Jr., sixth son and seventh child of Andrew and Sarah Jane (Oyler) Shephard, was born April 29, 1873. He acquired his education in the public schools of North Braddock, Pennsylvania, and those of Swissvale, and later commenced his business life in the brick yard of his father, where he was employed for a period of eighteen years. He then accepted a position in the Rankin Wire Mill, in which he has now been employed for seven years. He is a member of the Woodmen of the World.

WILLIAM MONROE BENHAM, an attorney of Pittsburg, was born in Auburn, New York, on April 8, 1866, a son of DeWitt C. and Cynthia (Arne) Benham, both natives of New York state. His forefathers were early settlers in this continent, his ancestor, John Benham, coming to America from England in 1630 on the ship "Mary and John," and making his home in New



William M. Benham.



England. The parents of the subject of this sketch removed from New York to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, about 1871, where the father became a coal operator, organizing and being president of the Auburn Coal Company. He died in 1892, leaving to survive him his wife and the following three children, all of whom are still living: 1. Rev. DeWitt M., who was pastor of the Point Breeze and Tabernacle Presbyterian churches of this city. In 1898 he received an urgent call to become the pastor of the Central Presbyterian church of Baltimore, Maryland, where he is now located. 2. Mary A., wife of J. Duncan Dithridge, who descends from an early Pittsburg family, but at the present time they are residing in New York city. 3. William M.

William M. Benham, third child of DeWitt C. and Cynthia (Arne) Benham, received his preliminary education in the public schools of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was graduated from Geneva College, Pennsylvania, in the class of 1887, being awarded the general excellency prize for the highest grade of the year, and having pursued the classical course the degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred upon him. In the autumn of 1886 he entered the law department of Columbia University, New York city, where he remained during the prescribed time of three years, being graduated therefrom in June, 1892, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws *cum laude*. At the commencement exercises the Committee on Awards presented him with the first prize of two hundred and fifty dollars for the greatest knowledge and highest attainments in his law studies. During his first year at Columbia he was elected president of his class, consisting of two hundred and fifty members, and upon the resignation of Dr. Theodore Dwight as warden of the law department in June, 1891, he was selected by his classmates to present to Dr. Dwight a handsomely embossed memorial.

While at Columbia Mr. Benham read law in the office of Messrs. Carter, Hughes & Kellogg, of New York city, the Mr. Hughes of this firm being now governor of the state of New York. At a general term of the supreme court of the state of New York, held in the city of New York, he was admitted on December 7, 1891, to practice in the several courts of that state. Mr. Benham, after receiving his diploma from Columbia in June, 1892, returned to Pittsburg, where he took the prescribed examination, and on September 17, 1892, was admitted to the Allegheny county bar. He at once commenced the practice of law in Pittsburg, and in due time was admitted to the supreme and superior courts of Pennsylvania, and the United States circuit and district courts. He has been highly successful in his profession, and has established a large and remunerative practice. Mr. Benham enjoys the trial of cases, and before the jury is a forcible and effective speaker.

He is unmarried. He is a member of the Masonic Fraternity, during 1907 being worshipful master of Fort Pitt Lodge, No. 634, Free and Accepted Masons, and is also connected with the Pennsylvania Consistory, making him a thirty-second degree Mason. He is exalted ruler of Pittsburg Lodge, No. 11, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, having been elected to that office for two successive terms, this being unusual, as the lodge during the thirty years of its existence has only re-elected to that office two of Mr. Benham's predecessors. He was one of the organizers of the Colonial Republican Club of Pittsburg, and has been on its board of trustees since its formation. The first two years of the club's existence he was vice president, and then was chosen president, in which capacity he served during 1907. He is a member of the

Allegheny County Bar Association, acting upon the committee on narrative during the years of 1896 and 1897, and is also a member of the University Club and the Pittsburg Board of Trade. In the year of 1901 he was supreme senator of the Knights of the Ancient Essenic Order, the highest office in the country.

Politically Mr. Benham is a Republican. In the Blaine campaign of 1884 he was corresponding secretary of the Young Men's Republican Club of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and was president of the same organization in the Harrison campaign of 1888. He has been president of his district organization, county committeeman, ward committeeman, city committeeman, and in the years of 1905 and 1906 was first vice chairman of the Republican city executive committee of Pittsburg. He has been a delegate to various state and county conventions.

JACOB STRAUB, who is an expert blacksmith and scientific horse shoer, residing in the borough of Duquesne, Pennsylvania, is the son of John and Elizabeth (Routh) Straub. The father was born in Elzasse, Germany, where he served as game warden for a period of thirty-two years at one place. Elizabeth Routh, whom he married, was of Kosswieler, Germany, and died in 1905. John Straub and wife were both members of the German Lutheran church. Their children are: 1. John, Jr. The next four children died in infancy. 6. Sophia. 7. Caroline. 8. Charley. 9. Emily. 10. Alice. 11. Louise. 12. Jacob, subject, of whom later. Of this family Alice is the wife of Joseph Shirley, of Duquesne, Pennsylvania; Caroline married Charles Buck, a farmer of Davenport, Washington; Emily was first the wife of Valentine Blatter, born in Hasslen, Germany, and came to America in 1898, and was married the same year of his arrival. They resided in Dravosburg, Pennsylvania, where he died, and later the widow married Louis Muller, of Strausburg, Germany.

Jacob Straub (subject), the twelfth and youngest of his parents' children, was born July 17, 1876, in Kasswieler, Germany, and attended the public schools at Kosswieler. Coming to America in 1890, he first locating in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, where he was employed by the National Tube Company for about six months, and then came to Duquesne, Allegheny county, where he mined coal for six months, after which he resumed work at the National Tube Works at Duquesne, remaining for the same period of time. He then had become thoroughly convinced that a man nowadays was more independent if he was master of a good trade, hence he apprenticed himself to A. Inblume, of West Grant street, Duquesne, where he learned the trade of a blacksmith and up-to-date horseshoer. After he served for three years he went with John Kerr, of Homestead, where he was employed a year, then went to Butler, Pennsylvania, where he conducted a shop of his own for six months, but sold it, and the following day went to work for Wilson Brothers, on Rebecca street, Allegheny City, where he remained two years, and then returned to Duquesne, where he was employed in the shop of Fred W. Pirl for one year. His next position was with Thomas Minford, of California, Pennsylvania, with whom he continued a year and until the breaking out of the Spanish-American war, when he enlisted in Company I, Fourteenth Pennsylvania Regiment of Infantry, under Captain Hamilton, of Elizabeth,

Pennsylvania, and served two years, being honorably discharged at Somerville, South Carolina. He then returned to Duquesne, where he resumed his trade again, this time engaging with Fred W. Pirl, for whom he had previously worked. He continued there a year, then opened a shop for himself at Clarrington, Pennsylvania, which he ran a year and sold out and was employed next with the firm of Pirl, Krunger & Company, with whom he remained a year, and then started a shop at Plum Alley, Duquesne, which he continued for another year, and then moved to the old stand of Fred W. Pirl, where he is at present.

Mr. Straub married, July 31, 1901, Mary P. Snyder, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Heilman) Snyder, of Duquesne. They have three children: 1. John William, born March 11, 1902. 2. Mary Elizabeth, born July 3, 1904. 3. Melvin Guss, born November 10, 1906.

Mr. Straub is a member of the Knights of Malta, the Maccabees and the Home Guards, and in church relations is a member of the Evangelical Lutheran church at Duquesne. Politically he has always cast a Republican ballot.

JAMES LAWRENCE WALSH, a prominent steel worker and the owner of a valuable business block at the corner of West Grant and North Second street, Duquesne, is the son of Lawrence Walsh and wife, Margaret (O'Dea) Walsh, of county Galway, Ireland, where the subject was born in 1854. He attended the National School of Tullokynne, Ireland. After gaining his education he spent three years in his native land engaged in the grocery and liquor trade. In June, 1874, he came to America, landing at Boston harbor, and in that neighborhood worked on a farm for one year, and in the following August came to Port Perry, Pennsylvania. He followed labor with the Edgar Thomson Iron Works, then in course of construction. After working two years at this he with about twenty other workmen were laid off, and during the years of 1875 and 1877 Mr. Walsh traveled through the states of West Virginia and Ohio, working at odd occupations at numerous places. In March, 1877, he returned to the Carnegie Steel Company, where he was employed constantly in various capacities for twenty-five years, with the single exception of a short time he was in Bellaire, Ohio. He is at this time what he has been for several years, a tried and trusty steel pourer or "ladle man," where only skilled men can fill the position.

Politically Mr. Walsh is an independent voter. He with the family are members of Holy Name Catholic church, Father David Shannahan, pastor. He was married May 22, 1879, to Adelia Conley, of Brinton, Pennsylvania, daughter of Lawrence and Mary (Cosgrove) Conley. The ten children by this union were as follows: 1. Margaret, deceased. 2. Lawrence, born September 23, 1881, a graduate of the Pennsylvania State College and St. Vincent's College; he is a civil engineer and employed with the Devoe Company. 3. Mary, born September 30, 1883, attended the public schools of Duquesne and Grove City College; she is now a teacher in the schools of Versailles township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. 4. Jane Bernadette, born October 23, 1885, deceased. 5. Margaret, born December 26, 1887, attended the public schools of Duquesne and graduated from the Duquesne high schools, and is now an instructor in the Duquesne public schools. 6. Lenora E., born April 11, 1890, died in infancy. 7. James, Jr., born September 11,

1891, now attending St. Francis College at Loretto, Pennsylvania. 8. Walter Michael, born September 17, 1893, attending the same school as the last named. 9. Thomas Francis, born January 31, 1899, died in infancy. 10. Bertille Antony, born September 17, 1900.

Mr. Walsh's parents were blessed with the following six children: Mark, Margaret, Adelia, Jane, Hanorah and James Lawrence, the subject.

THOMAS EDGAR VENTRESS, who holds the responsible position of foreman in the United States Steel Corporation at Swissvale, Pennsylvania, was born September 7, 1850, in Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a son of Michael and Isabella (Garrett) Ventress. His father was born on "the ninth day of the ninth month of the ninth year of the nineteenth century"—September 9, 1809, near Whitley and Scarboro, England. He came to America in 1835, locating at Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he followed ship building. He served as captain of the State Militia, but when the Civil war broke out he was too aged to enter the service of his country. He belonged to the West Elizabeth Presbyterian church and was a Democrat in political views until Lincoln's second election, when he cast a Republican ballot and did so ever afterwards. His death occurred in August, 1894. He married Isabella Garrett, near Frederick, Washington county, Pennsylvania, and they became the parents of eight children as follows: 1. Anna. 2. Mary. 3. Adaline. 4. George. 5. Hannah Jane. 6. Michael, who died in infancy. 7. Thomas Edgar, of this notice. 8. Adelia. Anna, the eldest child, married James Elliott, of Elizabeth, Pennsylvania; Mary married Andrew McKinley, of the same township; and Adaline, married John F. Blair, of Jefferson township.

Thomas Edgar Ventress, the seventh in order of birth in the family of Michael and Isabella (Garrett) Ventress, was educated in the Elizabeth public schools, in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and from the autumn of 1863 to the spring of 1866 he was employed as an errand boy by Joseph Horne & Company, the dry goods merchant of Pittsburg fame. He was but thirteen years of age at the date of his leaving this mercantile establishment, and at once went onto the People's line of packet-boats, which ran from Pittsburg to Morganstown, continuing from 1866 to 1869, when he abandoned the life of a boatman, for a short time engaging in the feed business in Elizabeth, which enterprise he sold out and again sought his fortune on the river, working on the packet boat "Elizabeth," plying between Elizabeth and Pittsburg, from 1869 to 1873, at the termination of which time he engaged with the Jones Brothers' Coal Works as weighmaster; here he served from 1873 until 1879, and then came to Swissvale, near Pittsburg proper, and there embarked in the grocery business, conducting the same until 1884, when he sold his store and in 1885 was employed as tax-collector's clerk in the county treasurer's office of Allegheny county. After one year's service in that position and in 1886 he was employed in the rail mills of the Homestead Steel Works for a short time, but during the same year went with the United States Steel Corporation, where he has been constantly employed as a foreman at Swissvale.

Mr. Ventress was married September 3, 1874, to Florilla Appelgate, daughter of James and Elizabeth (Biggere) Appelgate, of Elizabeth, where

James Appelgate carried on ship-building. The children born to Thomas Edgar and Florilla (Appelgate) Ventress, three in number, were named as follows: 1. Adlie Charlotte, born July 28, 1875. 2. Elizabeth, born August 30, 1877. 3. Frank Edgar, born May 20, 1884. The last named is now with the Allegheny Light Company.

Mr. Ventress is a member of the Masonic fraternity, the Blue lodge; is a member of the Swissvale Presbyterian church, and in politics is an independent Republican.

ROBERT PARK DICKSON. (I) The first of this Dickson family to settle in this country was Thomas Dickson and family, who emigrated from the parish of Tamlet, county Tyrone, Ireland, in April, 1832, and located in the Webster avenue district of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he became a coal operator.

(II) John Dickson, son of Thomas Dickson, the emigrant, was born March 21, 1811, in the parish of Tamlet, county Tyrone, Ireland. He accompanied his parents to this country and attended the public schools, and after finishing his schooling he engaged in the coal business with his father. Their mines were located at Oak Hill, Swissvale, Ireland Station (now Wildwood), on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. John Dickson shipped the first car of coal ever shipped to Pittsburg over the Pennsylvania Railroad. He married, May 23, 1853, Mary Ann Hopkins, widow of James Hopkins, and the daughter of John and Mary (Kelly) McConnell, of Donegal, Ireland. Mrs. McConnell was born in 1807 and died in 1839, in Scotland. John McConnell emigrated to the United States in 1866, locating at Swissvale, where he followed gardening for a livelihood. He died March 17, 1884. John and Mary (Kelly) McConnell were the parents of five children as follows: 1. Mary Ann, born September 29, 1828, in Lanarkshire, Scotland. 2. John McConnell, Jr., born November 22, 1830, at the same place, died July 30, 1844. 3. Patrick, born September 22, 1832, served in the Civil war, where he was last heard of. 4. William, born August 4, 1834, met his death in a railroad accident in Australia. 5. Katherine, born September 4, 1836, died from the effects of a fall in 1848 in Scotland.

John Dickson was a large property owner in Allegheny county. In politics he was a Republican and in church relations was identified with the Swissvale Presbyterian church. He died June 4, 1880. The children born to John Dickson and wife were as follows: 1. Margaret Carson, born February 28, 1854. 2. Eliza Jane, born June 13, 1855. 3. John Negley, born April 24, 1857. 4. William Wallace, born December 12, 1858. 5. Rachel Blair, born August 23, 1861. 6. Robert Park, born September 19, 1863, and of whom later. 7. William Brown, born November 6, 1865, now vice-president of the United States Steel Corporation. 8. Annie Grant, born August 13, 1867. 9. Catherine, born July 23, 1869. 10. Joseph Henderson, born January 25, 1871. 11. David S., born June 20, 1874.

(III) Robert Park Dickson, sixth child of John Dickson (II) and wife, was born September 19, 1863, at what was then known as Ireland Station, but now Wildwood, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He attended the public schools at Swissvale and Duff's Mercantile College. When thirteen years of age he was employed by Dr. Dwyer

of Penn avenue, Pittsburg, as an office boy. Later he was engaged with the C., D. & P. Telephone Company as an operator, but in 1880 he went with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works as a pupil boy. In 1881 he engaged with the Homestead Mills, and worked continuously there as stock clerk and assistant superintendent of transportation until 1903, when he resigned his position there to engage in the newspaper business in Swissvale, with John E. Lee, under the firm name of Lee & Dickson; this continued from September, 1903, to October, 1904, when he went with the Duquesne Steel Works of the Carnegie Steel Company, where he is now serving in the capacity of stock clerk, etc.

He was united in marriage October 27, 1886, to Miss Jennie Dunn Longmore, daughter of James and Isabella (Nelson) Longmore, of Allegheny City. Mr. and Mrs. Dickson are the parents of the following children: 1. Robert Evans Reno, born October 2, 1887. 2. Frank Gilman, born November 9, 1888. 3. Thomas Hopkins, born January 28, 1891. 4. James Neglie, born April 1, 1893. 5. Isabella Ramsey, born May 3, 1895. 6. Mary McConnell, born March 10, 1899. 7. Henry Fulton, born September 6, 1900. 8. Charles Loomis, born June 1, 1903.

Mr. Dickson was elected a member of the council at Swissvale, being elected for the three-year term, but resigned after serving one year. He is a Republican in politics, but aims to vote for the best man regardless of party lines. He and his wife are members of the First United Presbyterian church of Swissvale and are highly respected citizens.

(III) Eliza Jane Dickson, second child of John and Mary Ann Dickson, married, June 16, 1881, Charles May Loomis. Mr. Loomis was born October 10, 1847, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and attended the Old South School. He is now employed in the time department of the Carnegie Steel Company's plant at Homestead. He is a member of the Presbyterian church at Swissvale, belongs to the Royal Arcanum and in politics is a supporter of the Republican party. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Loomis are as follows: 1. Margerie Dickson, born March 26, 1882. 2. John Neglie, born February 12, 1883, died April 27, 1886. 3. Annie Grant, born November 27, 1885. 4. Elizabeth, born February 8, 1889. 5. Charles Lindeman, born March 14, 1893. 6. Mary Louise, born March 7, 1895.

Mr. Loomis' father was Luke Loomis, born January 8, 1794, at East Windsor, Connecticut. He was a book merchant and came to Pittsburg. He was first married December 10, 1818, but his wife died May 29, 1830, and February 1, 1831, he married Louise Lee. By his first marriage was born: Sarah Frances, June 20, 1820, died March 4, 1822; Henry Hudson, born August 6, 1824, died January 10, 1827. By the second marriage were born the following children: 1. Elizabeth, born November 11, 1831. 2. Robert Augustus, born January 13, 1834. 3. Samuel Thompson, born April 12, 1836. 4. Luke, Jr., born April 17, 1838, married Ella Fowler, August 26, 1861. 5. Simeon Rosseter, born January 28, 1841, married Mary L. Alter, February 15, 1866. 6. Reuben Neil, born December 18, 1843. 7. Charles May, born October 10, 1846, married Eliza Jane Dickson, June 16, 1881.

WILLIAM HENRY FERGUSON, department foreman at the Homestead Mills of the Carnegie Steel Company, was born February 19, 1867, at

Monroeville, Allegheny county, a son of John Ferguson, who was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania.

John Ferguson attended the public schools of his district and learned the blacksmith's trade, which he made the occupation of his life. He served as a soldier in the Civil war. He married, in 1865, Elizabeth, daughter of James and Margaret Jordan, of Patton township, Allegheny county, the former a farmer and a veteran of the Mexican war. Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson were the parents of four children: William Henry, of whom later; Thomas Boyd; Mamie, deceased; and Jean, wife of Elliott Cashdollar. The death of Mr. Ferguson occurred in 1873. He and his family were members of the Presbyterian church.

William Henry Ferguson, son of John and Elizabeth (Jordan) Ferguson, received his education in the common schools of Patton township and in Jackson's school in Plumb township. In February, 1887, he entered the service of the Carnegie Steel Company, by whom he has been employed ever since, his present position being that of foreman of a department in the Homestead Mills. For four years he was school director of Swissvale, and he is now serving a three-years' term as borough councilman. He belongs to Braddock's Field Lodge, No. 510, F. and A. M., and in politics has always affiliated with the Republicans. He is a member of the Presbyterian church of Swissvale.

Mr. Ferguson married, August 11, 1893, Susan, daughter of Michael and Nancy (Soles) Zimmerman, of New Texas, Allegheny county, the former a butcher and farmer. Mr. and Mrs. Ferguson have been the parents of four children: Richard Lee, born May 8, 1895; Elizabeth, born August 6, 1896, died December 14, 1896; Nancy, born September 22, 1897; and Michael Zimmerman, born December 21, 1899.

Mr. Ferguson is quite a sportsman, and during one of his hunting expeditions, September 26, 1907, killed an exceedingly fine moose, of more than ordinary size, the head of which now decorates his home. The moose was killed on the north fork of the southwestern part of the Miramichi river, New Brunswick.

OTTO HARSCH, one of the later German citizens of Pittsburg, and one of the stalwart workmen in the great Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Plant at East Pittsburg, was born October 5, 1872, in Wurtemberg, Germany, a son of Anthony and Teresa (Stehle) Harsch. His father was a plasterer in Germany and was the father of ten children, as follows: 1. Bernard. 2. Waldberg. 3. Joseph. 4. Wilhelmna. 5. Agnes. 6. Karl. 7. Max. 8. Otto, of whom later. 9. Caroline. 10. Teresa.

On June 28, 1888, Otto Harsch landed in America, at the age of fifteen years, and located at Pittsburg, where he worked in a barber shop on Grant street for two and a half years, and then joined his brother, Max, who then had a bakery in Sharpsburg. He remained with his brother two years, and was employed then with J. R. McKee, who operated a bakery business at Etna, where he worked one year, and then shifted to the bakery of H. R. Gilfus, of Pittsburg, where he remained three years. His next experience in this line was with Franklin Wentzel of Braddock, where he remained three years more. He then sought out other employment than baking, and was employed in the foundry of McVey & Walker at Braddock, remaining there

one year, when he was employed by the Westinghouse Electric Manufacturing Company at East Pittsburg, where he has continued for the past seven years.

Mr. Harsch married, June 20, 1901, Miss Lena Probst, daughter of William and Annie (Langwetz) Probst, of Braddock. Her parents came from Germany in 1867 in a sailing ship and settled in Braddock, where Mr. Probst conducted a merchant tailoring shop. He died March 31, 1893. They were the parents of the following children: 1. Dora. 2. Louisa. 3. Margaret. 4. Charles. 5. Annie. 6. Anna. 7. William. 8. Mamie. The last four named died in infancy.

To Mr. Harsch and his wife has been born one child, Lillian Emma, born March 23, 1902. The parents are members of the First German Protestant Presbyterian church of Braddock. He belongs to the Foresters and the German Benevolent Union, District No. 33, of Braddock.

FREDERICK GUSTAVUS SCHEIBLER, JR., an architect of more than common ability, residing at Swissvale, was born May 12, 1872, in Oakland, Pittsburg, a son of William Augustus Scheibler. The father, a retired merchant of Pittsburg, was born in Pittsburg, and married Eleanor Amelia Seidel, daughter of Frederick William (Neil) Seidel, of Pittsburg, by whom were born four children: 1. Eleanor Amelia. 2. Frederick Gustavus, Jr., of whom later. 3. Anna Vera. 4. William Edward, who is connected with the Diamond National Bank of Pittsburg. The family are members of the Presbyterian church, and in politics Mr. Scheibler is a supporter of the Democratic party.

Frederick G. Scheibler attended the public schools of Bellfield and the academic department of the high schools. He then took architecture for a profession and has succeeded remarkably well, and has drawn the plans and specifications for many important structures in western Pennsylvania. His office is in Wilkesburg, in the Carl building, on the corner of Ross and Wood streets.

He was united in marriage, June 29, 1898, to Miss Antonie Oehmler, daughter of Rudolph and Eliza (Foerster) Oehmler, of Craig street, Pittsburg. They are the parents of two children: 1. Harold Edward, born April 17, 1899. 2. Mildred Martha, born February 20, 1901. In politics Mr. Scheibler reserves the right to vote an independent ticket. He belongs to the Swissvale Presbyterian church and is connected with the Knights of Malta, the Architects' Club, the Automobile Club, the Architectural League of America, and is a member of the Pittsburg Board of Trade.

EDGAR MARCELLUS BOYER, of Swissvale, chemist in the laboratory department of the Carnegie Steel Company at Braddock, was born October 27, 1869, in Johnstown, Pennsylvania, a son of Emmanuel Boyer and grandson of Henry Boyer, who was born in 1796, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, and operated a saw mill in connection with farming. He married Margaret Hellen, also of Cambria county, and their children were: John, Henry, George, Eva, Hettie, Martin, Barney, Joseph, Mary, Reuben, Emmanuel, of whom later; and two others who died in infancy unnamed. Martin and Barney served during the Civil war. Henry Boyer, the father, died February 25, 1878.



John P. Jurney

Emmanuel Boyer, son of Henry and Margaret (Hellen) Boyer, was born near Johnstown, and attended the neighboring country schools. For several years he was employed at the rolls by the Cambria Steel Company, and in 1880 came to Braddock, where he accepted a similar position at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works. He is now in the service of the Union Switch & Signal Company at Swissvale. He belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the Royal Arcanum, and in politics affiliates with the Republicans. He and his wife are members of the Disciple church of Johnstown.

Emmanuel Boyer married, in May, 1868, Sarah Jane, daughter of John Roberts, whose grandfather Roberts served in the war of the Revolution. John Roberts lived near Johnstown and served one term as sheriff of Cambria county. In politics he was a Republican. He and his wife were members of the United Brethren church.

John Roberts married Susan Singer, and the following were their children: Robert, who served in the Civil war, married Jennie Riddle; Lucinda, who died in infancy; Jacob, who died in March, 1900, married Sarah Drumfield; Oliver; Sarah Jane, wife of Emmanuel Boyer; Emma, wife of John Helbig, of Johnstown; Elizabeth, who died January 23, 1880; Augusta, wife of Isaac Foust, of Johnstown; Lee; and Jessie, wife of the Rev. John Gourley. Mrs. Roberts, the mother of the family, died in 1873, and the death of Mr. Roberts occurred January 23, 1906.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyer are the parents of the following children: Edgar Marcellus, of whom later; Minerva, born November 20, 1871; Percy, born July 3, 1873; Cameron, born February 25, 1878; George, born May 18, 1879; James, born October 19, 1881; Jessie, born October 23, 1883; and Francis, born March 26, 1885.

Edgar Marcellus Boyer, son of Emmanuel and Sarah Jane (Roberts) Boyer, received his primary education in the Fourth ward school of his native city, and in the autumn of 1880, being then eleven years old, was brought by his parents to Swissvale. He attended the public schools of that borough, and afterward completed his education by taking a course in the Scranton Correspondence School. He is now, as has been stated, employed in the laboratory department of the Carnegie Steel Company at Braddock, having made chemistry his profession.

He belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the I. O. G. T. of Braddock. His political allegiance is given to the Republican party. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Swissvale.

THOMAS DAVISON TURNER, deceased, for a quarter of a century the leading funeral director of Wilkesburg, was born in that borough June 21, 1851, on the corner of Penn avenue and Center street, and lived in that house until his death, which occurred January 25, 1905. His grandfather, Adam Turner, who died in 1815, was one of the pioneers in the vicinity of Wilkesburg. He married May Quigley, and they had three children: Hugh; Rebecca, wife of Thomas Davison, of East End; and another son, William, unmarried.

Hugh Turner, born in 1809, eldest of the family of Adam Turner, was a resident all his life of Wilkesburg. He married Catherine Duff, and they had the following children: 1. Rev. James, who married Rebecca Murdock, and the

issue by that union was: Genevieve, a practicing physician; Minnie, Howard, Laura, George and Harry. 2. Mary, unmarried. 3. William, married Mary Swank, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, by whom the issue was: George Quigley, Genevieve, William, Howard and Catherine. 4. Isabel, unmarried. 5. Hugh, a soldier in the Civil war, who died shortly after that conflict. 6. John, who married Martha Duff, and had children: Charles, Kate, Liberty (deceased), Hugh, Martha (deceased), Alice and Alma (deceased). 7. George, died in infancy. 8. Thomas D. (subject), who married Eliza Beatty, daughter of Richard and Eliza (Wilson) Beatty. Their children are as follows: Mary E., Laura B. and Thomas D., Jr. Mary and Isabel still live in the old homestead.

Thomas Davison Turner, born, reared and died on the same lot in the borough of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, was educated in the public schools of his native place and early in life engaged in the grocery business, continuing until 1880, when he embarked in the undertaking business. He was one of the best known funeral directors in Western Pennsylvania, his place of business being at Nos. 720 and 722 Penn avenue, Wilkinsburg. His whole life was identified with Wilkinsburg, where, in 1877, he erected for himself and family the fine mansion at 1015 Center avenue in which his widow now resides. From its organization he was connected with the First United Presbyterian church, of which Dr. M. M. Patterson was pastor. From the beginning he was a member of the session. He was the first and with the single exception of one year was the only superintendent of the Sabbath-school of that church. Although that congregation has been exceptionally favored in the interest taken in its work by men of affairs in its early history, Mr. Turner was helpful and constant in his devotion and was accorded preëminence. He was in the early eighties a justice of the peace, which was the only public office he ever held. In his political views, though reared under Democratic influences, he became an ardent Prohibitionist. He was the first vice-president of the First National Bank of Wilkinsburg, and served as vice-president and director up to the time of his death. At the time of his death the board of directors of the bank and the Wilkinsburg Real Estate and Trust Company adopted the following resolutions:

"In His wisdom God has removed from the directorate of the First National Bank of Wilkinsburg and of the Wilkinsburg Real Estate and Trust Company our beloved vice-president, Thomas Davison Turner.

"Death for the first time has entered our boards and broken the social and business ties formed and cemented by years of intercourse around the directors' table.

"As a trusted friend, a wise counsellor and honored citizen and Christian gentleman our departed fellow director brought strength and stability to our institutions, helping to form and rear them on the confidence and good will of our community.

"His chair at our council board will be vacant, but his mature wisdom and character have been built into the structure, in the erection of which he has taken such an honorable part. As a board we desire to enter this minute testifying of our appreciation of his unswerving integrity, his fidelity to the best interests of our institutions and the profound personal esteem in which he was held by each one of us."

The high esteem in which he was held in the borough was shown by the closing of all business during the hours of his funeral. He was an un-

assuming, retiring gentleman, but of exceptionally attractive and confidence-imposing face and manner. He was a man holding strong convictions and consistent behavior as a true Christian. By his goodness and integrity he had won a place in the esteem of the entire community that is given to few men to enjoy. His sterling uprightness and warm-heartedness endeared him to an unusually wide circle of friends who deeply mourned his demise.

THE DENISTON FAMILY. The first of this family to settle in the vicinity of Pittsburg was Samuel Deniston, who was born in 1798, at Greencastle, Franklin county, Pennsylvania, and died September 13, 1856. He came to Pittsburg when yet a young man and married Letetia Sturgeon, daughter of Jeremiah and ——— (Kuhn) Sturgeon, of Pittsburg, who owned considerable property on Wood street, between Fifth and Diamond streets. They were the parents of eleven children, as follows: 1. Jeremiah, born March 17, 1817, died May 10, 1838. 2. Mary Ann, who was first the wife of Hugh Boyd and after his death she married Joseph Hunter, who was a minister in the Covenanters' church, and he died in 1887. They were the parents of two children, Letetia and Elizabeth, the latter is the wife of Alexander S. Hunter. 3. Agnes, who died in 1852, the wife of Jacob Goehring, and they were the parents of three daughters and one son. 4. Susan, was the wife of Samuel Shannon, and both have been deceased many years. Their issue was three children, John, Mary and Samuel, Jr. 5. Robert Berlin, of whom later mention will be made. 6. Elizabeth, who was the wife of Andy Goehring; their children were: Letetia, Laura, Ella, and Andrew J. 7. James R., born March 17, 1834, on Squirrel Hill, attended the Rankin and Wilkinsburg schools, and now resides on a part of the old homestead with his brother Henry. 8. Amanda, was the wife of Henry Washington Harbaugh, and their child was Deniston, who lives in Salt Lake City, Utah. 9. Ellen, was the wife of Captain Peter Donaldson, an old steamboat captain. 10. Henry, born April 10, 1839. 11. Letetia, born in 1842.

Samuel Deniston, the father of this family, was the owner of two hundred and thirty acres of land where North Homestead and Swissvale now stand. He conducted a hotel at Petersburg, now Addison, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, in an early day, and had teams hauling goods from Pittsburg and Wheeling, West Virginia, to Baltimore, Maryland. His eldest son, Jeremiah Deniston, was an elder in the First Presbyterian church on Wood street, Pittsburg.

Robert Berlin Deniston, fifth child of Samuel and Letetia (Sturgeon) Deniston, was born in 1827 on the old farm where Swissvale now stands, and died August 1, 1893, aged sixty-six years. He followed truck-gardening for his occupation. He married, March 16, 1868, Miss Laura Levina Funk, daughter of Jacob and Mary (Myers) Funk, of Franklin, Pennsylvania. She was born at Franklin, Pennsylvania, October 21, 1851, and was educated in the public schools of Franklin. Her parents were born and reared in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, and were the parents of the following thirteen children: Elizabeth, Martha, August, Moses, James, Lydia, William, Laura Levina, of whom later; Sarah and four who died in infancy, unnamed.

Mr. Robert Berlin Deniston and wife, Laura Levina (Funk) Deniston, were the parents of the following children: 1. Levina, deceased. 2. Robert,

deceased. 3. Harry, deceased. 4. Mary, who married James Flemming. 5. Jeremiah. 6. James, who died aged twenty-five years. 7. Letitia. 8. India, who died aged eight years. 9. Samuel. 10. John. 11. Alice. 12. Laura L. One of the youngest died in infancy unnamed. Of this family of sons and daughters, Letitia became the wife of James McNulty, of Swissvale, who died May 10, 1906, leaving one child, Laura May, born December 12, 1903. August and Moses Deniston were veterans in the Civil war.

ROBERT McKIM, JR., a son of Alexander and Jane (McKinney) McKim, was born October 13, 1872, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and attended the public schools at Duquesne Heights, and also the schools of Swissvale, after which he went to work with his father in the Twin City Forge, later going to Rankin. At present (1907) he is employed as hammerman with the Union Switch & Signal Company of Swissvale. He is a member of the Knights of Malta of Braddock; the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Pittsburg, and is a member of the United Presbyterian church of Braddock. Politically Mr. McKim is a Republican.

He was united in marriage, September 26, 1891, to Miss Hattie Virginia Welsh, daughter of Alexander Welsh (a cooper by trade), and wife, Patience Virginia (Hammond) Welsh, of Wheeling, West Virginia. Mr. and Mrs. Robert McKim are the parents of the following children: 1. Jennie, born August 5, 1902. 2. Patience Virginia, born May 9, 1904, died July 6, 1904. 3. James Alexander, born February 7, 1906.

Alexander McKim, the father of Robert McKim, was born in 1843, in Donegal, Ireland, of Scotch extraction, and came to America in 1859, locating in Pittsburg, where he worked for the Miller Forge as a hammerman. Aside from two years he resided in St. Louis, Missouri, he has lived continually in Pittsburg. He was married first to Jane McKinney, of New York City. She was born in Donegal, Ireland, and was the daughter of Mathew McKinney. Alexander McKim and Jane, his wife, were the parents of the following children: 1. Robert, Jr., born October 13, 1872, the subject above mentioned. 2. Mathew. 3. Samuel John. 4. James Henry. 5. Mary Jane. 6. Elizabeth.

Mathew McKim is a machinist and married Sarah Paisley, daughter of Joseph and Lillian (McQuatters) Paisley. Joseph Paisley died March 31, 1884. Lillian Paisley was born in Ayrshire, town of Kilwining, Scotland; her father's name was Thomas M. McQuatters, and her mother's maiden name was Anna Greenshield. Mathew and Sarah (Paisley) McKim are the parents of two children, Alexander Paisley and Mathew.

Samuel John McKim, third son of Alexander McKim, is a member of the Pittsburg bar. His brother, James Henry, is the manager of a large store at Union Hill, New Jersey.

The mother, Mrs. Jane McKim, died July 30, 1886, and Alexander McKim, her husband, married April 16, 1889, Mrs. Lillian (McQuatters) Paisley, widow of Joseph Paisley. By her former marriage the issue was: 1. Margaret, wife of Charles E. Hill, of Swissvale, and their child is named Lillias. 2. Sarah, wife of Mathew McKim, and their children are: Alexander Paisley and Mathew McKinney. 3. Elizabeth McQuatters. Mr. and Mrs. McKim are members of the United Presbyterian church of Braddock, and in politics he is a staunch Republican.

FRANCIS MACVEY CRAIG, better known as Frank Craig, of the firm of J. H. Van Meter & Company, general contractors at Swissvale, Pennsylvania, was born June 21, 1870, in Preston county, West Virginia, a son of Charles Christian and Elizabeth E. (Castle) Craig.

Charles Christian Craig was a farmer and auctioneer, with a considerable knowledge of the law. He resides in Preston county, West Virginia. He married and reared a family of thirteen children. Politically he was a Republican, and in religious faith a Methodist Episcopal. He married Miss Elizabeth E. Castle, and their children were as follows: 1. John William. 2. James L. 3. Mary Alice. 4. Charles Arnold. 5. Thomas D. 6. Sarah Florence. 7. Amanda Ellen. 8. Richard Edward. 9. Francis MacVey, of whom further mention. 10. Arzansa Mand. 11. Bertha May. 12. Lulu. 13. Nora Jarnsia.

Mrs. Craig, the mother of this family, was the daughter of John Castle and wife, and the date of her birth was September 15, 1843. She was a native of Maryland. Before the Civil war her father was a large slave owner. Charles Christian Craig, the subject's father, was a wagon-master in the Union army in the Civil war.

Francis MacVey Craig attended the public schools of Preston county, West Virginia, and followed farm life and teaming until he came to Pittsburg in 1906, when he, with his brother-in-law, John H. Van Meter, formed a partnership which is known as J. H. Van Meter & Company. Mr. Craig was united in marriage June 27, 1906, to Elizabeth, daughter of Peter and Catherine (Breslaham) McElwee, of Swissvale, Pennsylvania. Mr. Craig affiliates with the Independent political party and in church relations he and his wife are members of the Roman Catholic church at Swissvale.

RALPH WARREN HAMBLIN, of Swissvale, foreman of a department of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, was born July 6, 1876, in Greenville, Pennsylvania, a son of Samuel Hamblin, who was born in Mercer county, Pennsylvania, and is a machinist, residing in Greenville. He belongs to the Knights of Pythias and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, both of Greenville, and the Methodist Episcopal church of the same borough.

Samuel Hamblin married Elizabeth Kile, daughter of John Kile, a farmer and stock-raiser of Mercer county, and their children were: Mary Catharine, James Garfield, who is a merchant of Turtle Creek; Mand, wife of Dr. D. S. Cossitt, of Conneaut, Ohio; and Ralph Warren, of whom later.

Ralph Warren Hamblin, son of Samuel and Elizabeth (Kile) Hamblin, received his education in the public schools of Unionville, and after leaving school learned the machinist's trade at Greenville. In the autumn of 1897 he came to Pittsburg and secured employment with the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, with whom he now holds the position of head of a department.

His political allegiance is given to the principles indorsed by the Republican party. He and his wife are members of the Christian Science church of Pittsburg.

Mr. Hamblin married, August 24, 1899, Madeline, daughter of J. H. and Julia Elizabeth (Kutruff) Banser, of Greenville, and they are the parents of

three children: William Kenneth, born July 5, 1902; Henry Banser, born January 20, 1905, and Ralph Paul, born August 14, 1907.

JOHN C. REILLY. The late John C. Reilly, president of the Washington National Bank of Pittsburg, and of the Freehold Real Estate Company of Fourth avenue, was born in 1845, in Pittsburg, a son of Owen Reilly, then engaged in the grocery business in that city.

John C. Reilly received his education in the Roman Catholic parochial schools of his native city, which he attended until his fifteenth year, and then secured employment as a messenger boy in the auction store of J. McCartney. He subsequently entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, remaining eight years, during which time he worked in the different departments, thus gaining the knowledge which proved of great advantage to him in after years. His next venture was as partner in the livery and undertaking firm of O'Neill & Reilly, which some years later became Burns, O'Neill & Reilly. Four years later Mr. O'Neill retired, the firm then becoming Burns & Reilly, with headquarters in Grant street. While in the livery and undertaking business Mr. Reilly became interested in the traction business, and with the foresight which was always characteristic of him, saw the great future promised for Pittsburg and the large population which that city was to have in a few years, knowing that it must spread over the unoccupied lands toward the eastern section and over the western portion bordering on the Ohio river. The firm first started a line of omnibuses, which ran from Second avenue to Glenwood, near the present site of the Pittsburg Gas Works, to accommodate the people who had begun to populate that section of the city. Later the line was extended to Hazelwood, and the firm also established a line of omnibuses to run from Pittsburg to the West End. As these districts became more settled the omnibuses were converted into horse car lines, which were the beginning of the Second avenue traction line and the old Southern Railways Company, better known as the West End line. In this enterprise James D. Callery and the late Thomas M. Bigelow joined with Mr. Reilly, in association with whom they built the new horse car lines and for many years controlled them. When electric traction lines were introduced the Second avenue and West End lines were converted into electric lines, and later when traction companies in that city consolidated the Second avenue and West End lines were taken into the United Traction Company, thus assuring the fortunes of Mr. Reilly and his partners. The West End line proved to be one of the greatest investments in this city for the men who had built it up from an omnibus line to the modern traction road which opened a wide stretch of territory and gave the people a quick mode of travel to the West End and the country districts beyond. Mr. Reilly was made a director of the Pittsburg Railways Company, retaining the position to the time of his death.

When the Washington National Bank was organized, in 1903, Mr. Reilly, who was one of the founders and one of the original stockholders, as well as one of the first directors, was elected president, and held that position until the close of his life. He was also president of the City Insurance Company, and a director in the Colonial Trust Company, being likewise connected with several other financial concerns and industrial enterprises in his native city, in which his whole life was passed.

For one term Mr. Reilly served as alderman of the Fifth ward. He belonged to the Duquesne and Union Clubs of Pittsburg. Bishop J. S. Regis Canevin, recognizing his zeal for the welfare of the Roman Catholic church, as a member of St. Paul's Cathedral, placed him on the building committee of the new edifice, and his business acumen was of great assistance in the erection of the present structure.

Mr. Reilly married in February, 1872, Ursula, daughter of David O'Connor, and they became the parents of the following children, all of whom survive their father: Eugene S., Phillip B., Gilbert, Joanna M., wife of John J. Hart, of New York; Bertha, and Ursula. All the sons, as well as the daughters, Bertha and Ursula, reside in Pittsburg.

In November, 1906, Mr. Reilly was seized with cardiac trouble, and was unable to attend to his business affairs, though not confined to his home. On February 1, 1906, he went to Camlen, South Carolina, to recuperate, and for a time seemed benefited by the change. Soon, however, he became worse, his death occurring March 20, 1907. His remains were taken to Pittsburg, where funeral services were held at St. Paul's Cathedral. Mr. Reilly is survived not only by his children, but by his wife, Mrs. Ursula Reilly, and also by a brother, P. B. Reilly, alderman of the Fifth ward, as well as by two sisters, Misses Elizabeth and Theresa Reilly, of Pittsburg. He was a brother-in-law of Mrs. Eugene Reilly, also of that city. Mr. Reilly's death caused deep and widespread sorrow throughout the city, being mourned as that of a good man, a public-spirited citizen, and a benefactor to the community.

EDWIN KEITH CALLAHAN, a prominent and successful business man of Pittsburg, who enjoys the acquaintance of a large circle of people, by whom he is highly esteemed for his many excellent characteristics, is a native of Salem, Ohio, born May 19, 1864. He is a son of John Callahan, who was a prominent shoe merchant of Salem, Ohio, a man of considerable prominence, and an active member of the Methodist Episcopal church. His death occurred at the age of sixty-six years.

Edwin K. Callahan obtained his early education in the public schools of his native town, and this was supplemented by attendance at the Iron City Business College. He began his business career in the express business at Salem, which he followed with considerable success for a number of years. Later he embarked in the shoe business, conducting a shoe store in Salem, which proved a highly remunerative enterprise. He subsequently disposed of this business and turned his attention to clerical work, serving in the capacity of bookkeeper for a number of years in his native city. In 1900 he removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he secured employment as bookkeeper in the office of the McKinney Manufacturing Company, and later he filled a similar position with another corporation. Deciding to once more engage in business on his own account Mr. Callahan on May 1, 1907, opened a wholesale liquor store on Penn avenue, Pittsburg, which he is profitably conducting at the present time. He casts his vote for the candidates of the Republican party, the principles of which he believes to be for the best form of government. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Lodge No. 11, of Pittsburg, and of the Heptasophs.

Mr. Callahan married Adelaide Tescher, of Salem, Ohio, daughter of John

Tescher, and three children were born to them. Mrs. Callahan died in January, 1900, aged thirty-two years.

WILLIAM JACKSON GRIFFITH, founder and sole owner of the firm of W. J. Griffith, dealer in wholesale and retail household specialties, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, with branch stores in all the principal cities in Ohio, West Virginia and Pennsylvania, also president of the Land Trust Company, Pittsburg, was born in Missouri township, Howard county, Missouri, February 2, 1869, a son of Fleming E. and Mary A. (Via) Griffith, and grandson of Samuel Griffith, a native of Virginia, a farmer by occupation, a Democrat in politics, and a Baptist in religion.

Fleming E. Griffith (father) was born in Patrick county, Virginia, on a farm. He followed the occupation of farming until the Civil war broke out, when he enlisted under Stonewall Jackson in 1861, and was a captain under him when Jackson was killed. He was wounded twice during the war, but reëntered the service when recovered, and was in Lee's army at its surrender at Gettysburg. He then returned to Virginia, was married at Stuart, Virginia, in 1867, to Mary A. Via, a native of Stuart county, Virginia, after which he went to Missouri, cleared land and built a log cabin, where all the children were born. He followed tobacco and stock-raising until his death in 1879. He was a Christian and a Democrat. His children were: William Jackson, born February 2, 1869, see forward. Charles L., born October 21, 1871. Arthur T., born March 14, 1874.

William J. Griffith attended the county schools until ten years of age, and then the Salisbury public school until thirteen years of age, and afterwards was a graduate of the Salisbury (Missouri) Academy. At the age of ten years he entered a drug store, where he was employed until eighteen years of age, and from that to twenty-one years of age was a collector for an installment house at St. Louis, Missouri. He went to Rochester, New York, in 1892, and was manager for the American Wringer Company, serving until 1895. He then came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, as manager for the same company, and in 1898 bought out their business and now has eleven stores, as follows: Wheeling, West Virginia; McKeesport, Washington, Altoona, Johnstown, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Cleveland, Lorain, Akron, Canton, Elyria, Ohio. His general offices are at 418 Third avenue, Pittsburg. All the stores are under his own personal control and ownership. He is an energetic, alert, business man, and aside from his large private business is actively connected with many financial and business institutions. He is president of the Land Trust Company of Pittsburg, office, 315 Fourth avenue; vice-president of the Mutual Trading Company of New York; and a stockholder in several Pittsburg banks and industries. Mr. Griffith is a member of the Duquesne Club; the Masonic Country Club; McKinley Lodge No. 318, Free and Accepted Masons; Allegheny Chapter No. 217, Royal Arch Masons; Mt. Moriah Council No. 2, Royal and Select Masters; Pittsburg Commandery No. 1, Knight Templars; Syria Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; and a thirty-second degree Mason of Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite. He is either an officer or past officer in all bodies of the Masonic order. Mr. Griffith is a Democrat in politics, but has held no office, preferring to devote his time to business.

Mr. Griffith married, in February, 1888, at Huntsville, Missouri, Ollie B. Burton, born October 14, 1868, daughter of James M. and Annie E. Burton, the former of whom was a farmer and stock raiser, was in the Rebel army during Civil war, and served as sheriff and assessor of Randolph county, Missouri. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Burton were: Ollie B., Fanny, Thomas J., Quantrel A., John A., Annie E., Ella B. and Mary E. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Griffith were: Edith May, born December 14, 1889, a student at Washington Seminary; William J., Jr., born September 23, 1897; Mildred E., born October 25, 1899. Mr. Griffith's family are members of the Presbyterian church.

THE BRADFORD FAMILY. John J. Bradford, deceased, who was a worthy representative of the Bradford family, members of which are prominently identified with the history of Crafton borough and other parts of Greater Pittsburg, was a native of Belfast, Ireland, born December 25, 1830, and died April 4, 1883.

He was educated in his native land, and when a youth of about fifteen or sixteen years of age came with his uncle, a brother of his mother, to the United States. John J. located in Hampton township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he worked among the farmers. He subsequently purchased a farm of sixty-five acres in Hampton township and erected a house, one of the old type, with the large fireplace built on the outside, which stood until 1904, when it was torn down. He brought the land up to a high state of cultivation, and derived therefrom a comfortable livelihood. Ten years prior to his death he moved to Sharpsburg, where he led a retired life, enjoying to the full the consciousness of years well spent. He was the owner of valuable property in the borough of Crafton. He was a man of strict integrity, of a kind and loving disposition, and his aim in life was to make others happy. He was a regular attendant of the Sharpsburg Presbyterian church and contributed liberally to its support, and also to outside charitable appeals. He cast his vote for the candidates of the Republican party, but never sought or desired public office, preferring to devote his time to his home and family. The mother of John J. Bradford, whose maiden name was Price, died about the year 1883, aged eighty-one years. She was the mother of several other children, namely: David, a resident of Belfast, Ireland, who paid a visit to his brother, John J., many years ago; Mrs. Burnside, Mrs. Boyd and Margaret Bradford, unmarried. Tradition says that the father of John J. Bradford was a merchant in Belfast, and the family were of the old Presbyterian stock.

John J. Bradford married, in Chartiers town-ship, now Crafton, September 16, 1857, Nancy Dinsmore, born in Crafton, in the old log house, which is still standing, the oldest in the place, December 28, 1840, and died May 21, 1907. She was a daughter of Henry and Margaret (Crum) Dinsmore. Mrs. Bradford was a devoted Christian woman and was a member of the Hawthorne Avenue church of Crafton, having been identified with the Presbyterian church from early life. She was a very liberal contributor to the church, and, with a sister, Mrs. William Creighton, and a niece, Miss Ida McMunn, donated the organ to the Hawthorne Avenue church. Mr. and Mrs. John J. Bradford were the parents of nine children: 1. Margaret, married Henry

Sutter, a blacksmith, and they are the parents of five children: Nelson, Ethel, Anna, Jennie and Olive. The family resides at Allison Park, Pennsylvania. 2. John C., died unmarried, aged thirty-four; he is buried in Greenwood cemetery, at Sharpsburg, beside his parents; he was by occupation a steel melter, and was in the employ of the Carbon Steel Works. 3. Elizabeth, married John C. A. Stein and has three children: Clarence, John and Norman; the family resides at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania. 4. David, died at the age of thirty. He was a foreman of the Marshall Foundry; married Anna Sheriff and had three children: Lillian, Irene and Marion; the family reside at Lawrenceville. 5. Jennie, wife of Joseph A. Saint. Children: Lawrence, James, Hazel, Lucy, Harold. 6. William Dinsmore (see forward). 7. Anna, died in infancy. 8. Anna, a resident of Crafton. 9. Rachel, who with her sister Anna resides on Creighton avenue, Crafton, having lived there since their removal from Pittsburg, May 3, 1896.

William Dinsmore Bradford, son of John J. and Nancy (Dinsmore) Bradford, was born in the old home in Hampton township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania (as were all his brothers and sisters), October 28, 1869. He received his education in the public schools of the township and Sharpsburg. His first beginning in earning a livelihood was as an office boy in the Wilcock Foundry and Machine Company at Sharpsburg; his next position was that of threading pipe in the plant of Spang, Chalfont & Company, at Etna, Pennsylvania, where he remained for two years. In November, 1888, at the age of nineteen, he entered the employ of the Carbon Steel Works, beginning as stoker on the furnaces; he was afterward promoted to helper, subsequently to melter, and after gaining a thorough knowledge of the various branches of the work was made foreman on July 10, 1894. The duties of this onerous position were discharged in so satisfactory a manner that in 1905 he was appointed superintendent of the open hearth department of this works. In addition to the confidence reposed in him by the company Mr. Bradford has the esteem and good will of the men under his supervision, to whom he is ever considerate and helpful. He is interested in the Pittsburgh Axle Company at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, one of the important industries of that place. Mr. Bradford has been a resident of Crafton since 1896, and his residence, purchased at that time, is on the old Dinsmore estate, one of the fine locations in Crafton. He is a prominent member of the First Methodist Episcopal church of Crafton and a member of the official board. He is a member of Crafton Lodge No. 653, Free and Accepted Masons, and is a Republican in politics.

Mr. Bradford married, September 19, 1893, Tillie Ida Thomas, born in Hampton township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, October 19, 1868, a daughter of Christopher and Jeannette (Scott) Thomas. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. N. M. Crow, pastor of the Presbyterian church. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Bradford are: John Christopher, born in Crafton April 8, 1903; Jeannette Dinsmore, born in Crafton April 23, 1906.

HENRY GRAFF HUGUS and EDWARD REED HUGUS, two well-known residents of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, are among the most enterprising men of that city, and have done much to further the commercial inter-



Paul Hugues

ests of the same. The name Hugus was originally Hugo, and the family are kin to Victor Hugo, the late author.

Paul Hugus, grandfather of the two men mentioned above, married Susan Margaret Swartz, and had children: William; John; Paul, see forward; Jacob; Henry and Daniel, twins; Maria and Sarah.

Paul Hugus, son of Paul and Susan (Swartz) Hugus, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and at an early age came to Pittsburg for the purpose of engaging in business. He accepted a position with David Lloyd, a dry goods merchant, with whom he remained for a number of years. He then, in association with his brother William, bought out the business in which he had so long been employed, and they carried on successfully for forty years what was at that time one of the most important dry goods establishments in the city of Pittsburg. Mr. Hugus finally sold out his interest to his brother Daniel and Paul Hacke, and established a stove manufactory under the firm name of Graff, Hugus & Company, the enterprise being also known as The Western Stove Company. During the remainder of his life Mr. Hugus was actively identified with this, being a typical business man of the old school. He held several important offices in the community, among them being that of head of the board of directors of the German National Bank. He married, May 11, 1846, Priscilla Sophia Graff, and they were the parents of: Henry Graff, see forward; Edward Reed, see forward; John C., died at the age of five years; and Anna M., who married R. Heberton Negley, and has children: Paul H. and Edward C. Jr., who married Sarah Margaret Gerst, February 11, 1904, and has two daughters, Anna Priscilla, born April 23, 1905, and Eugenie Elizabeth, born October 27, 1906.

Henry Graff Hugus, eldest child of Paul and Priscilla Sophia (Graff) Hugus, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, April 3, 1847. His preparatory education was received in Oberlin, Ohio, and he then attended Oberlin College, afterward becoming a student at the Western University. He is also a graduate of Eastman's National Business College, Poughkeepsie, New York. Shortly after the completion of his collegiate course he sought employment with the firm of Graff & Company, manufacturers of stoves, ranges, etc., as a collector. He advanced rapidly and soon had charge of the sales department. About this time his father became a member of the firm, and the name was changed to that of Graff, Hugus & Company. Henry G. Hugus left this firm in 1881 and established a retail store in Smithfield street under his own name. At this time he was the sole agent for the John Van range for Allegheny county. With this range was introduced the first broiler by which natural gas could be utilized. He carried on this business very successfully for a period of four years and then sold it. In the same year he and his brother Edward Reed commenced the manufacture of steel hollow ware, organizing the firm known as The Hugus Wrought Steel Hollow Ware Company, with their works at Chiswick, Pennsylvania. They were very successful in this undertaking and soon controlled the patents for the manufacture of hollow ware throughout the United States, they being the first to manufacture this ware in this country. They were afterward known as The Pittsburg Gong Works, being the first successful manufacturers of steel gongs in this country. The gongs were nothing more than the Hugus skillet, nickel plated, and mounted without the handle. After a time Mr. Hugus and his brother sold their interests in this enterprise and established a cold and dry storage business at No. 1235 Liberty street,

known as The Hugus Central Storage House. Mr. Hugus sold his interest in this in 1895, retiring from active business at the time, and devoting his time and attention to the management of his estate. He has never taken an active part in politics or public enterprises of any description with the exception of being a life member of the board of trustees of the Pittsburg Hospital, in which institution he takes a great interest. He is a member of the Grace Reformed church, with which various members of his family are connected. He has been a member for thirty years of Hailman Lodge, No. 321, Free and Accepted Masons; he is also a member of the Pittsburg Country Club, Pittsburg Board of Trade, Gentlemen's Driving Club of Pittsburg and Allegheny, and the Schenley Matinee Club. Mr. Hugus is a man devoted to his family and home life. He is liberal minded in his opinions and entertains most original ideas.

He married, December 29, 1880, Sarah Ann Harrison, daughter of James and Ann (Seager) Harrison, the former of Scotch-Irish descent, and the latter of English birth. James Harrison was the largest general contractor on this side of the Allegheny mountains. He built the Allegheny arsenal wall, the Kittaning jail and courthouse and had contracts for many of the courthouses of the state. Among other contracts was the construction of the old Allegheny Valley Railroad. He also did a great deal of cemetery work, being the originator of the stone burial cases. Both he and his wife were ardent workers in the interests of religion, the Thirty-third Street Presbyterian church being organized in the library of their old home in Thirty-third street. Among the maternal ancestors of Mrs. Hugus were many sea captains, one of whom fitted out one of the first fleets for the Russian government, at which time he was presented with a jeweled snuff box with the Russian coat of arms by the emperor. Mr. and Mrs. Hugus have had children: 1. James Harrison, born in Pittsburg, August 1, 1883. His early education was acquired in the schools of Mercer, Pennsylvania, and in 1900 he entered the East Liberty College for a preparatory course; he then attended Duff's Mercantile College, and after a thorough course in this institution engaged in business for himself in the coal and coke brokerage line. Two years ago he established himself in the real estate and fire insurance business, with offices at Penn and South Negley avenues, East End, Pittsburg. He is a member of the Pittsburg Country Club and the Pittsburg Board of Trade. 2. Priscilla, died in infancy. 3. Mary Appleby, born in Pittsburg, June 2, 1890. She is a student at the Ogontz School for Young Ladies, at Elkins Park, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

Edward Reed Hugus, second son and child of Paul and Priscilla Sophia (Graff) Hugus, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, August 22, 1848. He received his primary education in the public schools of Pittsburg, later becoming a student in a private institute in West Chester, Chester county, Pennsylvania, and finally taking a business course at the Western University of Pennsylvania. He began his business career in the factory of his father, remaining with him for a period of twelve years, and then went into business for himself, buying out the Atlas Works, a foundry and machine business, from William Coleman, at that time the leading spirit among the iron and steel men of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He conducted this business successfully for fifteen years, eventually selling out and taking up the business of real estate, with which he is still identified. During his connection with the machine and foundry business he constructed the rolling mills for some of the large steel owners, among

them being such firms as Edgar Thomson, Millvale, and Graff & Bennett, the latter firm being the pioneers of the iron and steel industry of Pittsburg. Mr. Hugus is a life member of the Pittsburg Country Club, the Oakmont Club and the Pittsburg Board of Trade.

He married, February 11, 1890, Nancy C. Doak, daughter of William D. and Emily (Trovilla) Doak, and they have one daughter: Emily Trovilla, born in Pittsburg, April 1, 1891.

WILLIAM HENRY BROOKS, a trusted employe of the Union Switch & Signal Company of Swissvale, was born July 28, 1861, in Baltimore, Maryland, a son of John Brooks, who was born in Bath, England, and about 1856 came to the United States, settling in Philadelphia, where he worked as a gardener and florist. He belonged to the John B. Nicholas Lodge, I. O. O. F., and in politics was a staunch Democrat. He and his wife were members of Calvary Protestant Episcopal church, East End, Pittsburg.

John Brooks married Elizabeth Bowen, of Swansea, Wales, and their children were: Mary, who died at the age of one year; William Henry, of whom later; John Hart; Thomas James, who died January 28, 1895; Robert; Edward, who died in October, 1899, aged twenty-nine; and Martha. Mrs. Brooks died April 22, 1883, and the death of Mr. Brooks occurred March 6, 1886.

William Henry Brooks, son of John and Elizabeth (Bowen) Brooks, was brought to Pittsburg by his parents in 1870, and attended the Deniston avenue, the Lincoln and the Oakland public schools. After leaving school he was employed for a time as a landscape gardener by Colonel John B. Guthrie, father of Mayor Guthrie. He then learned the moulder's trade with S. Jarvis Adams & Company, by whom he was employed for fifteen years, during which time he built up an enduring reputation for faithfulness and ability. He has now been for seven years in the service of the Union Switch & Signal Company of Swissvale.

He belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and the Knights of the Mystic Chain. Politically he is a Republican. He is a member of Calvary Protestant Episcopal church.

Mr. Brooks married, June 15, 1886, Emma Coral, daughter of Daniel Webster and Elizabeth (Stoops) Putt, of Wellsville, Ohio, and they have been the parents of the following children: Alice Emeline, born May 19, 1887; Cora Elizabeth, born August 16, 1888, died March 12, 1893; Marie Antoinette, born April 10, 1890, died May 11, 1893; Daniel Webster, born July 30, 1891; William Henry, born May 29, 1894; Robert Marshall, born June 6, 1897; Allen Lee, born April 5, 1899; Charles Edwin, born February 5, 1901; Boyd Vincent, born January 6, 1905; and George Wells, born August 24, 1907.

OTIS A. GILL, one of the enterprising wholesale leaf tobacco dealers of Pittsburg, is a native of Mercer county, Pennsylvania, born March 7, 1868, and was educated in the public schools and at Duff's College, Pittsburg. In 1894 he engaged in the wholesale tobacco trade, in which he has been highly successful in his operations. He is an honored member of Duquesne Lodge No. 546 and Pittsburg chapter in the Masonic fraternity. He married Minnie,

daughter of Cyrus E. and Sophia Dumm, of Indiana county, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of: Sarah, born September 21, 1894, and died September 22, 1895; Emma M., born November 7, 1896.

Mr. Gill's father, John A. Gill, was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, April 21, 1822, and was a farmer. He took much interest in public affairs and was a justice of the peace for forty-eight consecutive years in Wolf Creek, Mercer county, Pennsylvania. He married Sarah E. Russell, and they were the parents of children as follows: Otis A., Samuel S., Hugh R., William J., Neade G., Newton C., Ira H. and Harry L. The father died May 28, 1906.

Cyrus E. Dumm, Mrs. Gill's father, was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, and was by trade a carpenter. He married Sophia Rose and had children—Minnie, Sadie, Maggie, Nellie, Alice, Wallace and Leo.

CHARLES STROUD. The late Charles Stroud, for thirty-five years a respected citizen of Pittsburg, was born in 1849, in Reading, Pennsylvania, and received his education in the schools of his native city. After leaving school he entered the service of the Pittsburg, Vandalia & Cincinnati Railroad Company, and for twenty-five years held the position of conductor. In 1868 he became a resident of Pittsburg.

Mr. Stroud married, in 1872, Clementine Dillon, and the following are their children: Charles E., born in 1874, died in 1903; Garber D., born in 1875; William S., born in 1877; Alfred L., born in 1880; John R., of whom later; and Stewart, born in 1889.

Mr. Stroud died May 21, 1903, passing away in the prime of life, to the sincere sorrow of his family and friends and of all who had been in any way associated with him.

Mrs. Stroud is a daughter of John Dillon, who was born in 1813, in Ireland, and was brought to the United States as a boy, receiving his education in the public schools of Boston. In 1844 he came to Pittsburg, where he was employed as an iron worker. He married Esther Villa Linday and the following children were born to them: August; Mary C.; William J., killed in the battle of Fredericksburg; Garber C.; Anna E., married William Carr; Clementine, widow of Charles Stroud; Hester, married J. S. Scott, Pittsburg; John R.; Alfred L.; and Marilla, married E. E. Franke, Pittsburg. Mrs. Dillon, the mother of these children, passed away in 1893, and the death of Mr. Dillon occurred in 1899.

John R. Stroud, son of Charles and Clementine (Dillon) Stroud, was born in 1882. He married Nora Gaddis and their children are Barton and Charles William.

HENRY GESTIEHR, who has been for nearly half a century numbered among the esteemed German-American citizens of Pittsburg, was born November 20, 1833, in Sanwendel, Prussia, a son of Joseph Gestiehr, who was a tailor and all his life followed his trade. Joseph Gestiehr was twice married, and by his first wife was the father of the following children: Elizabeth, Mary, Barbara and Magdalena. All these are deceased with the exception of Magdalena, who lives in Germany. The second wife of Joseph Gestiehr was Elizabeth Sheorer, who bore him one son and two daughters: Henry, of whom later; Katrina, who died in Germany, wife of Ludwig Winterblower;

Margarita, living in Germany, widow of Henry Bohr. The mother of these children died at the age of fifty-one, and the death of Joseph Gestiehr, the father, occurred in his native place when he was ninety-two years old.

Henry Gestiehr, son of Joseph and Elizabeth (Sheorer) Gestiehr, attended the schools of his native place from the age of six to that of thirteen, and then learned glass-blowing in the factories of the same town. In 1854, being then twenty-one years old, he left home and traveled somewhat extensively, visiting Mentz-on-Rhine and Dresden, as well as different parts of Westphalia, Switzerland and Bavaria, and in all these places maintaining himself by working at his trade. In 1863, accompanied by his wife and children, he embarked at Havre on a sailing vessel, landing in New York, whence he proceeded to Pittsburg. His first home was at Frankstown, where he lived ten years, working as a glass-blower. In 1873 he moved to the Twenty-fifth ward and entered the glass factory of the D. O. Corneger Company, remaining until 1884, when he opened a saloon on the corner of Twenty-eighth and South streets, retiring in 1899. He has not since been engaged in business, and for forty years has resided in the neighborhood of Twenty-eighth and South streets.

Mr. Gestiehr married (first) April 10, 1857, in Mentz-on-Rhine, Mary Kourt, and the following children were born to them: 1. Magdalena, wife of Christian Clason, of Bonair. 2. Mary, widow of Joseph Duchene. 3. August, of Milwaukee, married (first) Emma Frederick, (second) Katharine, widow of Henry Snyder. 4. Kate, wife of Joseph Sharkey, of Pittsburg. 5. Minnie, deceased. 6. Joseph, deceased. 7. Henry, born September 20, 1867, in Frankstown, attended St. Peter's parochial school, married Elizabeth Aubele; children: William, Marie, Henry and Alfred. 8. Philip, deceased. 9. Jacob, of Carrick, married Mary A. McKenna. 10. Joseph, machinist, died unmarried in 1906, aged thirty-two. Mrs. Gestiehr, the mother of this family, died April 16, 1887, at the age of fifty-one. She was a loving mother and a devout member of St. Peter's Roman Catholic church. She is buried in St. Peter's cemetery.

Mr. Gestiehr married (second), August 6, 1893, Caroline, widow of Robert Cunningham and daughter of Conreid Matthew, who was born in Gestweiler, Germany, and was a coal miner by occupation. In 1848 he came to the United States and was employed in the coal mines in the vicinity of Pittsburg until 1865, when he opened a saloon on Carson street. He married Margarita Holzer, sister of Mrs. Charles Melling, of Pittsburg, and their daughter Caroline was born December 16, 1851, on Third avenue in that city. In 1876 she married Robert Cunningham, a glass-blower, who died May 22, 1892, and she afterward became the wife of Henry Gestiehr, as stated above. Mr. Matthew died in January, 1876, and is still survived by his widow, who has attained to the advanced age of eighty-two.

HUGH R. MCKELVEY, former merchant and machinist of Pittsburg, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, May 18, 1840, son of Colonel Samuel and Anna B. (Pride) McKelvey, and grandson of Hugh and Nancy (McGowan) McKelvey. Hugh McKelvey (grandfather) was a brick maker by trade; his wife died at the age of eighty-four years. They were the parents of two children, Samuel and Jane. Hugh McKelvey located and owned a farm at Sixteenth street, Pittsburg.

Colonel Samuel McKelvey (father) was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1814, and died, suddenly, March 24, 1889. He succeeded his father in his business, was one of the founders of the steel industry in the place of his nativity, and was also engaged in the manufacture of pig iron in Western Virginia. He established the McKelvey & Blair Cast Steel and File Manufacture of Pittsburg and was largely interested in other business enterprises. In 1855 he possessed a tract of land consisting of thirteen thousand acres in western Virginia, on which he had three blast furnaces, two in operation. When the Civil war broke out he abandoned his business and volunteered as a soldier. He was early connected with the Duquesne Greys, of which organization he was for a time captain. Later he was commissioned and appointed to the commissary department, and was chief of the commissary of the Third Army Corps on the staff of General Heintzelman. After the second battle of Bull Run he was placed in command of convalescent camp near Washington, D. C., where he did duty until the war was nearly over, when he was appointed chief of the commissary of cavalry under General Sheridan. He resigned, but Edwin M. Stanton, secretary of war, would not accept it. He was a pronounced Democrat, active in politics, took part in conventions, and was at one time chairman of the Democratic county committee. He served three years as United States marshal for the western Pennsylvania district. He was also president of the city council.

Colonel McKelvey married Anna B. Pride, who died in 1889, the same year as her husband. Their children were: Marian Pride, Hugh R. (see forward); Samuel, Jr., who died in 1881; Julia; James P.; Anna P., who died in 1890; David P.; Dr. William A., and William H. S.

Hugh R. McKelvey was educated at Pittsburg up to the time he was about fifteen years of age, when he accompanied his father as his clerk in the commissary department of the United States army in front of Washington in 1865. After the war had ended he returned to Pittsburg, where he learned the machinist trade, which he followed for quite a number of years. For four years he was engaged with his brother Samuel in the manufacture of McKelvey Stomach Bitters, and later was engaged in the tobacco trade. He married, in 1868, Josephine, daughter of Colonel Patrick Kerr and wife. Children: Samuel A., born in 1872; William R., born in 1874.

THE MCKELVY FAMILY, with which the Pittsburg McKelvys are connected, was founded in America by James McKelvy (sometimes spelled McKelvey), who was born in county Down, Ireland, and with his wife Elizabeth emigrated to America in 1802, settling in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. At first they rented a farm, now owned and occupied by John S. McKelvy, the grandson. They remained on this farm but a short time when they purchased a place adjoining, consisting of one hundred and sixty acres, which at that date was mostly wooded heavily, but by dint of industry known to the Pennsylvania pioneer he succeeded in clearing up a good farm from out the dense forest, and there spent the remainder of his days, dying aged about sixty-six years. His wife died in 1818. They were members of the Protestant church. Their family consisted of the following children: 1. James. 2. William, late of Pittsburg. 3. Hugh, late of Pittsburg, and an oil merchant. 4. John,

a farmer. 5. Elizabeth, deceased, who was the wife of John Bowers. 6. Sarah, wife of Adam Walters. 7. Mary A., wife of Daniel Armstrong.

(II) James McKelvy, son of the emigrant, was about two years of age when his parents came to this country. He remained at home until he was married, and three years later purchased the farm on which John S. McKelvey now resides. The first habitation on these premises was an old-fashioned log cabin. Through his energy and persistence he brought this place to a high state of cultivation, and was noted far and near for the excellent quality of stock which he there raised, including heavy draft horses, short-horned cattle and sheep. In 1839 he built one of the best brick houses in the entire county, and so well was it constructed that with some repairs and remodeling it still serves well the purpose of a good farm house. He also erected a spacious barn and made many substantial improvements. In his political belief Mr. McKelvy was an old line Whig and later joined the ranks of the Republican party which succeeded it in power. In local affairs he was ever foremost in his township. He was of strict integrity, and in church faith a follower of Methodism, and aided in the erection of the first Methodist Episcopal church in Wilkesburg, where he took much interest in church work.

In 1824 he married Rosanna Swisshelm, who was born on the old Swisshelm homestead, near Swissvale Station, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Wonderly) Swisshelm. Her father fought in the Revolutionary struggle; he had a brother in the same war, who was killed; John then took up his arms and joined the ranks, remaining until the war ended. He was a native of Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, where his people resided at the time. Their house was one of that peculiar type known in those days, and possessed the numerous look-out holes as a precaution against Indian invasions. Mrs. Elizabeth McKelvy lived to a ripe old age, being ninety-four years old when she died in 1874. It was her good pleasure to relate the interesting early-day stories to four generations; she was a wonderfully kind old lady. James and Rosanna (Swisshelm) McKelvy were the parents of nine children: The first three children died young. 4. John S., spoken of hereinafter. 5. Dr. William H., of Pittsburg. 6. Wilbur T., of Pittsburg. 7. Martha J., wife of Henry Wintersmith, of Lowville, Kentucky. 8. Hon. James M., deceased, late judge of Stearns county, Minnesota. 9. Elizabeth, deceased, wife of John W. Hagen.

(III) John S. McKelvy, son of James and Rosanna (Swisshelm) McKelvy, was born on the homestead where he still resides, April 22, 1841. He was educated in the public schools, at Wilkesburg Academy and Allegheny College. He always has had a liking for the freedom and real independence of rural and agricultural life and still maintains his home part of the year on the farm, hardby the sprightly borough of Wilkesburg, in which place he owns a handsome residence property at No. 1100 Wood street. He has invested much money and built several fine paying business blocks in the place. He is a firm believer in the public school system, and has served on the Wilkesburg school board for eighteen years and more. His chief aim in life seems to have been to give each of his children a college education, which he has accomplished. The members of this family are much devoted to one another, and seldom does a Sabbath go by without they all meet at the old home and take Sunday dinner together. In political tendencies he is a Republican, and among other local offices held by him may be named that of borough councilman in Wilkesburg. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, con-

tributing largely of both time and means in building and afterward supporting the churches of the place in which he lives. He is identified with the Masonic order, belonging to Braddock Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons.

He was married, September 16, 1863, to Eleanor Horner, born in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, December 6, 1840, daughter of John and Mary (Davis) Horner. (See sketch of James Horner.) Mr. and Mrs. McKelvy are the parents of seven children: 1. Rose, wife of Marshall D. McWhinney, and their issue is Eleanor H., Clifford D. and Raymond S.; this family reside at Edgewood. 2. A son who died in infancy. 3. James P., of whom later. 4. Mary H., deceased wife of Louis A. Raisig. 5. Elizabeth H., wife of Dr. W. A. Sanderson, of Wilkinsburg, and their issue is Eleanor M. 6. Eleanor G., wife of H. W. McIntosh, of Wilkinsburg, whose sketch appears elsewhere in this work. 7. John Semple, of whom later.

(IV) James P. McKelvy, M. D., son of John S. McKelvy, a prominent member of the medical profession, was born December 1, 1869, on the well known old homestead of his ancestry, near Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, and attended the public schools of that place and also the Pittsburg high schools three years, after which he took up chemistry and attended Columbia College. For three years he followed his profession as a chemist and was in the employ of McIntire & Hemphill. Subsequently he took up medicine and graduated from the medical department of Columbia College in 1901. He then spent two years in the Roosevelt Hospital, New York city. In 1904 he opened an office in Pittsburg, on North Highland avenue, among the wealthy class, and has built up a large practice. His office apartments are among the best to be found in the East End.

Dr. McKelvy was married in December, 1894, to Sarah McKinney, born at Bessemer, Pennsylvania, daughter of Robert and Catherine McKinney. The issue by this marriage is one son, William M., born May 10, 1896.

(IV) John S. McKelvy, Jr., son of John S. McKelvy, was born on the old homestead near Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania. He attended the common schools and in the autumn of 1898 entered Yale College, where he pursued a four-year course, graduating from that excellent institution in 1902, after which he took up the study of law, taking a regular course in the law department of the Western Pennsylvania University, from which he was duly graduated and admitted to the bar of Allegheny county in 1906. He entered the law office of Langfith & McIntosh, with which firm he still continues. Mr. McKelvy's home is at Wilkinsburg; he is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania. Politically he is a Republican, and in church relations is a member of the First Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg.

FREDERICK BRETCH. The late Frederick Bretch, for eighteen years general manager of the shops of the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railway Company, and during the latter years of his life a resident of Sheridan, was born November 12, 1850, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, a son of Lawrence and Melvina (Sprung) Bretch, both natives of Germany.

Mr. Bretch was one of the first settlers of Sheridan, coming hither in 1887 and making his home here during the remainder of his life. In the sphere of politics he assisted with his vote and influence the Republican party. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

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Mr. Bretch married, September 12, 1871, the Reverend Father Donahue officiating, Elizabeth D. Schafer, and the following children were born to them: 1. Lillian. 2. Gertrude A. 3. Harry L., who died, aged twenty years, December 31, 1896. 4. Edwin, in Pennsylvania Railroad office, married Edith Mays; children, Virginia and John. 5. Blanch, born in 1881; married, in 1903, John Dillon, a produce dealer of Pittsburg, and died in June, 1907. 6. Benjamin, employed by Lake Erie Railroad Company. 7. James, born March 24, 1892, died in May, 1907. 8. Alma, born in 1896, deceased. 9. Frederick, born in 1898, died July 9, 1899. 10. Walter Earl, born in 1901, deceased. The death of Mr. Bretch occurred September 21, 1901. He was an affectionate husband and father, an upright business man and in all respects a worthy citizen.

Mrs. Bretch is a daughter of Benjamin Franklin Schafer, who was born in 1840, and resided in Allegheny county. He is a Republican and his sons also belong to that party. The family are members of the Presbyterian and Methodist Episcopal churches.

Mr. Schafer married Elizabeth, born 1833, daughter of George Drake, of Pittsburg, and their children were: Sarah, wife of Andrew Young, of Pittsburg; Henry, married Mary Bradley, of this city; Susan, wife of John McConnell, of Pittsburg; John, died unmarried; George; and Elizabeth D., born August 24, 1860, in West End, Pittsburg, is the widow of Frederick Bretch.

PAUL S. RANDOLPH, of the firm of Randolph & McClements, and one of Pittsburg's most enterprising and successful business men, was born October 2, 1850, at McKeesport, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, son of Nathaniel Randolph and grandson of Ichabod Randolph, who was a native of Virginia, whence he migrated to Allegheny county and engaged in farming at Tarentum. He served in the war of 1812, losing one leg and receiving other serious injuries.

Ichabod Randolph married a Miss Legget, who bore his fourteen children, four sons and ten daughters. The sons were: John, Paul S., Joseph and Nathaniel, of whom later. Of these sons, Joseph served in the Civil war with the rank of captain and was severely wounded. He had three sons in his own company, all of whom gave their lives for their country. Ichabod Randolph, the father, died at an advanced age. He was a man who commanded the respect of the entire community.

Nathaniel Randolph, son of Ichabod Randolph, conducted a general store at Fort Perry, Pennsylvania. He married Elizabeth Kier, and the following children were born to them: Cornelia, widow of Leslie Beaty, two sons, Harold and Vernon; Margaret, died at the age of fourteen; Paul S., of whom later; Ella, wife of Chester A. Robie; children, Frederick, George, Elizabeth and Sarah; and Elijah N., of Pittsburg, chief clerk in the county comptroller's office. These children were deprived of their father while the latter was still a young man, his death occurring when he was about thirty-six years old.

Paul S. Randolph, son of Nathaniel and Elizabeth (Kier) Randolph, received a very limited education in the public schools, and at the early age of eleven, having lost his father, left home and began to earn his livelihood. At fourteen he began to learn the business of a florist in the establishment

of John R. & A. Murdock, with whom he served nine years, at the end of that time becoming superintendent of the business of Highland & King in Allegheny. After holding this position three years he entered the service of E. H. Bachman, of Turtle Creek, by whom he was employed two years at the Knox fruit farm. In 1878 he embarked in business for himself, leasing a greenhouse on the Charles Armstrong place and having an office on Penn avenue, East Liberty. The enterprise prospered, and for about eight years he conducted a successful business. He then purchased the business of R. C. Patterson on Ellsworth avenue, and after conducting it ten years bought out his first employers, John R. & A. Murdock, on Forbes street, carrying on the business successfully for twelve years. He next became the owner of the business of Charles Seibert, from whose estate he purchased it. Mr. Randolph's plant, which is one of the largest in western Pennsylvania, is situated on Stanton avenue, in the Eighteenth ward of the city. He has over one hundred and fifty thousand square feet of glass and is in every way equipping and using his plant to meet the demands of his trade. He has several stores in the city, his main place of business being at the corner of Baum and Beaty streets. He gives employment in all to eighty men and has eighteen wagons on the road.

He is interested in several other enterprises, including the Crown laundry, and has found the buying and selling of real estate extremely profitable. He is a stockholder in the East End Savings & Trust Company. His present residence, the building of which was recently completed, is on the corner of Stanton avenue and McKee street. In politics he is a Republican, but takes no active part in public affairs, his extensive business interests demanding his entire time and attention. He was brought up in the Presbyterian faith. Every cause having for its object the advancement of the welfare of the community finds in him a liberal supporter.

Mr. Randolph married, in August, 1891, Anna, daughter of Frederick and Louisa (Hartman) Ortman. Mrs. Randolph was born in Pittsburg, but both her parents are natives of Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Randolph are the parents of two sons: Paul S., Jr., born July 28, 1892, and Stewart N., born May 12, 1895.

McMUNN FAMILY. The pioneer ancestor of this family came to this country at an early date, and was actively and prominently identified with the agricultural interests of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, settling near Turtle Creek, where he owned and conducted a large farm. He married and reared a family of five children, three sons, George, David and John, and two daughters.

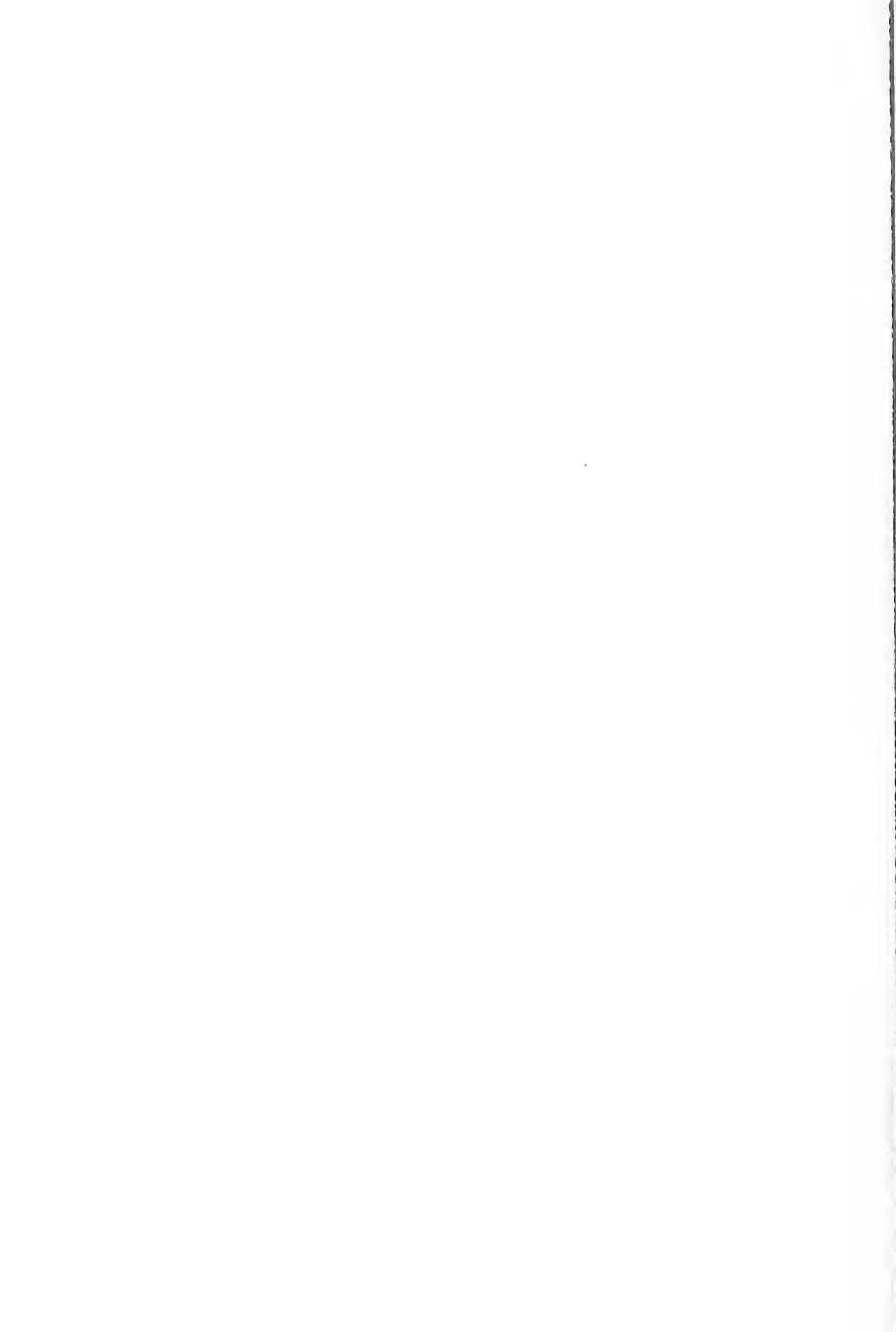
John McMunn, son of the pioneer, was born near Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania, March 12, 1825, died at Crafton, same state, September 16, 1883. He received a good education for those days, and chose for his life work the occupation of farming. His boyhood was spent on the farm of his uncle, and the greater part of his manhood was spent in the vicinity of Crafton. Being a man of the strictest integrity, kind and amiable in disposition, he won and retained the esteem of all with whom he was brought in contact. He was a devout Christian, a member of the Mt. Pisgah Presbyterian church, to which



MRS. JANE McMUNN.



JOHN McMUNN.



he contributed liberally both of time and money. After his marriage he settled on a part of the old Dinsmore farm, and erected a house which is standing at the present time (1908). His portion of the estate consisted of about twenty acres, which he brought under a high state of cultivation, and it is now a part of Crafton Borough and contains many buildings.

John McMunn married, March 22, 1855, Jane Dinsmore, born December 1, 1834, and died January 3, 1899, daughter of Henry and Margaret (Crum) Dinsmore. Mrs. McMunn was an earnest church worker, and contributed generously to all appeals for the aid of the sick and suffering. She was for many years a member of Mt. Pisgah Presbyterian church, but after the death of her husband united with the Hawthorne Avenue Presbyterian church. Mr. and Mrs. McMunn are buried in Chartiers cemetery. Their children were: 1. Margaret, wife of John Limbaugh, children: John, George, William, Fred, Charles, Mary and Irvin; the family reside in Crafton, in the old home of John McMunn. 2. Nancy Elizabeth, resides at her home in Crafton, where she has built two fine residences. She is an active working member of the Hawthorne Avenue Presbyterian church. 3. Harry Dinsmore, see forward. 4. Ida S. J., educated in the schools of Crafton, Pittsburg, and Curry's Institute, and afterwards taught six years in the school of Crafton; she has built a fine residence in Crafton at 66 Dinsmore avenue, where she resides. She is a member of the Hawthorne Avenue Presbyterian church, and takes an active interest in the Sunday-school work of the church, where she is a teacher. 5. Mary, died in infancy, as did an infant unnamed. 6. John D., born October 30, 1868, died October 13, 1892, buried in the family lot in Chartiers cemetery. He attended Duff's College, and at the time of his demise was a clerk in the office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He was unmarried and resided at home with his mother. He was an earnest Christian, member of the First Presbyterian church of Crafton, and active in the affairs of the Sunday-school, of which he was treasurer. 7. David, born March 31, 1871, died November 11, 1878, buried in the family lot in Chartiers cemetery.

Harry Dinsmore McMunn, eldest son of John and Jane (Dinsmore) McMunn, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, May 9, 1860. He attended the public schools and completed his studies at Duff's College. At the age of sixteen he engaged in trucking on his own account, continuing the same until he attained his majority. He then learned the trade of polisher with the Idlewood Novelty Works, at Idlewood, Pennsylvania, and after serving for a period of six years relinquished the same and turned his attention to truck farming, which he followed with success for seven years. He then engaged in the business of contracting and hauling, which has proved exceedingly profitable. He has served as a street commissioner and as assessor five years for the borough of Crafton, having been elected on the Republican ticket. He is a member of the First Presbyterian church, to the building of which edifice he was a liberal contributor. He is a member of Crafton Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and of the Heptasophs.

Harry D. McMunn married, October 28, 1885, Mary Blanche Brackney, daughter of Benjamin S. and Jane (Phillips) Brackney. Children: Margaret Blanche, Clarence Edward, deceased; Harry Dinsmore, Jr., Jane D. The family resides at No. 12 Johnson street, Crafton, in a residence built by Mr. McMunn in 1893. He has other real estate interests in Crafton.

WILLIAM C. HEINS, one of the largest property owners and real estate dealers in the Pittsburg suburb known as Homewood, was born in East Liberty, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, February 29, 1864, the son of Conrad and Margaret (Rapp) Heins. The father was a native of Germany, born February 20, 1801. He came to America in 1856, from Darmstadt, Germany, and was among the pioneers to settle at East Liberty, Pennsylvania. He followed farming, and later was employed by the railroad company. He died July 2, 1874. He married Miss Margaret Rapp, born August 7, 1825, and they were the parents of: Theodore, born September 19, 1856; Philip, born March 24, 1859; Margaret, born June 6, 1861; and the subject, William C. Heins, born February 29, 1864. Mrs. Conrad Heins died July 17, 1907.

William C. Heins received his education at the public schools of the Twentieth ward of the city of Pittsburg, after which he entered the employ of the Carnegie Steel Works and continued there for twenty-seven years. In 1887 he moved to Homewood, where he is now doing an extensive real estate business and owns many pieces of valuable property.

Politically Mr. Heins is a supporter of the Republican party and in religious faith is a Lutheran. He belongs to Lodge No. 11 of the order of Elks, and is a member of the Homewood Board of Trade. He has been prominent in the building and financial circles of Pittsburg and has been active in advancing any measure which tended to the improvement of the city; notably in the building up of Homewood, where he erected one of the finest business blocks in that part of the city.

WILLIAM BEGGS DESHON, prominent in the building and financial circles of Pittsburg, has been active in advancing any measure which tended to the improvement of the city. He resides at No. 7218 Race street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and is also closely identified with the hotel life of that city, associated with his father in the conduct of a hotel.

Charles B. Deshon, father of William Beggs Deshon, was born in Calais, Maine, January 2, 1830. His education was acquired in the public schools, but he was only able to attend the winter sessions. He was, however, ambitious and determined and made the most of his opportunities. He removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1858, where he established himself in the iron business, with which he was connected for three years, at the end of which time he received a government appointment. Since the close of the Civil war he has been identified with the hotel business and is at present proprietor of the Hotel Kenmawr. He married Ellen J. Beggs and has had children: William Beggs, of whom see forward; Charles B., born July 26, 1875; Ellen R., born April 29, 1871; Rachel; and Sarah J., born April 10, 1877. Mrs. Deshon died April 27, 1899.

William Beggs Deshon, son of Charles B. and Ellen J. (Beggs) Deshon, was born in Chicago, Illinois, June 6, 1863. He acquired a good education in the public schools of that city, and the first step in his business career was the acceptance of a position with the Phoenix Glass Company, with whom he remained for some time. Later he became associated with his father in the hotel business, and is still associated with him in the management of the Hotel Kenmawr. His enterprise and progress have displayed themselves in other

fields as well—notably in the building up of Belmar, where he erected seventeen houses at a cost of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and the first business block in that section, at a cost of sixty-five thousand dollars. He married Seba Revolt, daughter of John and Caroline Revolt, of Piqua, Ohio.

JOSEPH B. KEARNEY, the present teller in the Mellon & Son's banking institution of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was born in Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, near Greensburg, Pennsylvania. He is the son of Daniel Francis and Sabilla (Smith) Kearney.

(I) John Kearney (grandfather) was born in 1818, in county Tyrone, Ireland. He came to America in 1840 with his wife, whom he had married in England. They settled near Salem, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where they were industrious and well-to-do farmers. John Kearney died in August, 1901. He was a Democrat in politics and both were Catholic in their religious faith. Their children were: Michael, Daniel Francis, John Peter, James, Annie and Bridget.

(II) Daniel Francis Kearney, the subject's father, was born May 17, 1844, in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and received his education at the old, well known "Huckleberry school house," in Unity township in his native county. He is a farmer and in politics a Democrat. He has served as one of the road supervisors in Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, for a term of four years. He is a member of the Catholic church at Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

He married, October 26, 1867, Miss Sabilla, daughter of Jacob and Mary (Rugh) Smith, who were well-to-do farmers of Hempfield township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel F. Carney are as follows: 1. Emma. 2. John. 3. Charles. 4. Mary. 5. Joseph B., the subject. 6. Daniel Francis, Jr. 7. Regis Canevin. 8. Lucien Doty.

(III) Joseph B. Kearney, fifth child of Daniel F. and Sabilla (Smith) Kearney, was educated at the public schools of Greensburg, Pennsylvania, and at that most excellent institution, St. Vincent's Monastery, of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. He became the teller at the Mellon bank in Pittsburg, which place he still holds with much credit to himself and the management of this banking house, so well known in western Pennsylvania.

Mr. Kearney is a member of the Catholic church at Greensburg, Pennsylvania, and in politics is a Democrat.

CAPTAIN JOHN P. SUTER was born February 25, 1837, in Hagerstown, Maryland, and died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, on Easter Sunday, April 10, 1887. His father was Peter Suter, born in same place July 17, 1806, and died in Cumberland, Maryland, June 8, 1897. He was a tailor and a member of the German Lutheran church. He was of German parentage. His mother was Amelia Renner, a daughter of Jacob and Mary Creager Renner. She died in Cumberland, Maryland, November 7, 1895. Her great-grandfather was a soldier in the American army during the Revolutionary war, said to be in a German regiment. Her marriage took place May 9, 1833. Peter Suter was the great-grandfather of Captain Suter and was born in Germany. He

also became a soldier in the Continental army. He married Catherine Irvin. The brothers and sisters of Captain Suter were: Amelia, born March 4, 1834; Mary Anne, September 3, 1835; Caroline, September 29, 1838; Marie, January 5, 1840; Emma, July 24, 1841, died October 15, 1842; Jacob A., April 9, 1843; Adline, October 10, 1844; Sarah, April 13, 1846, and Emma Suter, July 17, 1848.

Captain Suter was married to Emma Augusta Vickroy August 30, 1864, at Ferndale, near Johnstown, Pennsylvania, by the Rev. B. L. Agnew, while on a few days leave of absence from the Army of the Shenandoah, under Major General P. H. Sheridan. Mrs. Suter was the seventh daughter of Edwin Augustus Vickroy and Cornelia Harlan Vickroy, and granddaughter of Thomas Vickroy, who served as an officer under General George Clark in Kentucky and the west in the Revolutionary war. The father and grandfather were by occupation land surveyors. Their children were: 1. Philip, born August 27, 1865, at Ferndale, married Ida May Oliver, March 11, 1896, at Braddock, Pennsylvania, and now resides in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania. 2. Eugene, who died in his infancy, in 1868. 3. Cornelia Vickroy, born in Pittsburg, February 11, 1870, died there May 17, 1889. 4. Frederic John, born in Pittsburg, November 19, 1871, died there May 21, 1896. 5. Rufus Orlanda, born in Pittsburg, January 25, 1875, there married Mary Clarine Beatty, January 4, 1904, and now resides in Pittsburg. 6. Francis Leon, born in Pittsburg, January 9, 1877, there married Mary Metcalf Barr, October 21, 1903; resides there. 7. Herman Alexander, born in Pittsburg, November 25, 1880, married Anna Smart, July 14, 1903, at same place, and resides there. 8. Jean Augusta, born in Pittsburg, April 7, 1884, died there April 6, 1888.

Captain Suter was engaged prior to the Civil war as a telegraph operator. He was first lieutenant in Captain John M. Power's company, known as the Johnstown Zouaves, when the war began. His company was tendered and accepted by Governor A. G. Curtin, and left Johnstown for Harrisburg on April 17, 1861, within forty-eight hours after President Lincoln's call was made known. His company and that of Captain Lapsley were the first to enter Camp Curtin. On April 20 it was mustered in as Company K, Third Regiment of the Pennsylvania Volunteers, under the command of Colonel Francis P. Minier, for three months' service. At that time Captain Power was elected lieutenant colonel, and Lieutenant Suter was made captain. His company served in Maryland, Virginia, and on the border of Pennsylvania for the term, and was mustered out July 30, 1861. He immediately raised another company in Johnstown, which became Company A in the Fifty-fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry, under the command of Colonel J. M. Campbell. He was mustered in at Harrisburg August 6, 1861. On February 27, 1862, his regiment was taken to Washington city for the defence of the capital and entered camp near Bladensburg. On March 29 it was ordered to Harper's Ferry, Virginia, and his company was located at the South Branch bridge, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, to guard that great military highway. It continued along this line until January 5, 1864, when it was taken to the defense of Cumberland, Maryland, where it remained in that vicinity until May 2, 1864.

On that day, in pursuance of the broad and energetic plan of General Grant for a movement of all the armies all along the line for the campaign of 1864, his regiment being in the Third Brigade, Third Division of the Depart-

ment of West Virginia, under the command of Major General Franz Sigel, entered the Shenandoah Valley. He was succeeded by Major General David Hunter, who was also succeeded by Major General George Crook, when his regiment was transferred to the Third Brigade of the Second Division.

Captain Suter participated in all the engagements of his company and regiment while in the service, as follows, all in Virginia: Battle Creek, September 11, 1862; North Mountain, September 12, 1862; Back Creek Bridge, September 21, 1862; Purgitsville, April 4, 1863; New Market, May 15, 1864; New Market, May 26, 1864; Piedmont, June 5, 1864; Lexington, June 11, 1864; Lynchburg, June 17 and 18, 1864; and the terrible retreat across the mountains to Camp Piatt; Snicker's Gap, July 18, 1864; near Winchester, July 19, 1864; Kernstown, or Island Ford, July 23, 1864; Winchester, July 24, 1864; Martinsburg, July 25, 1864; Berryville, September 3, 1864; Opequon Creek, September 19, 1864; Cedar Creek, or Winchester, October 19, 1864; and Fisher's Hill, October 19, 1864, in Sheridan's brilliant victory.

Owing to the casualties at and in the vicinity of Winchester, July 23-25, he was the senior officer and commanded the Third Brigade in the Third Division. He also commanded the Fifty-fourth Regiment at the battles of Cedar Creek and Fisher's Hill, under Major General Sheridan.

Captain Suter was a gallant officer and a superb tactician, and for these and other gentlemanly qualities Major General George Crook, under whom he served, gave him this document:

Headquarters Department West Virginia.
Cumberland, Md., Feb. 3, 1865.

His Excellency A. G. Curtin, Governor of Pennsylvania.

Governor: I take pleasure in recommending to your consideration John Suter, late captain Company A, Fifty-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers, who served under my command through the entire campaign in the Shenandoah—commanding his regiment at the battle of Opequon—Fisher's Hill and Cedar Creek.

He is a worthy and a gallant officer. I commend him to your Excellency—any position you may see fit to give will be worthily bestowed.

I am, Governor, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

GEORGE CROOK,
Major General Commanding.

Captain Suter was honorably discharged on the expiration of his enlistment on December 15, 1864, and at the solicitation of Andrew Carnegie, who was then superintendent of the Pittsburg Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad, he entered the train master's office in February, 1865, and in October following he was appointed chief operator of the telegraph department of that division, where he served until his death.

He was connected with the New Jerusalem church of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and a member of McPherson Post No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

In his view of fidelity to his country and the railroad company, he assumed a prominent part in the suppression of the revolution in Pittsburg, known as the railroad riots, in July, 1877, which was the most trying incident

of his life. The horrible acts and scenes which he saw and passed through produced a partial collapse of his mind, which caused his death.

For further military particulars, see the history of the Fifty-fourth Regiment and other military organizations from Cambria county, and the graphic war letters of Captain Suter in another volume of this work. Also in the Century edition of the "Battles and Leaders of the Civil War," volume 4, pages 489 and 531, and elsewhere therein.

EDWIN TOBIAS MCGOUGH, recently appointed captain of the city detective force in Pittsburg, was born at Chest Springs, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, July 8, 1869, a son of Silas A. and Mary R. (Wharton) McGough. The first of this family to come to America on the paternal side was Arthur McGough, a native of Ireland, who came about 1790. He was a merchant in Philadelphia, later came to Westmoreland county, and thence to Cambria county. His wife was a native of Scotland.

(II) James McGough was born in 1796 and died November 25, 1870. He was a son of the founder of the family in this country; settled in Clearfield township, near Loretto, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, where he was one of the early pioneers; was well known as a hardworking, honest man, greatly respected, and was a man of means. His elder brother, John McGough, was the first sheriff of Cambria county, and was a member of the first board of school directors of that county. James McGough married, November 1, 1822, Margaret Glass, to whom were born ten children: 1. Ellen (Mrs. Mathew Ivory). 2. George Chrysostom. 3. Susan (Mrs. Joseph Dodson). 4. Charles. 5. Ann. 6. James Edward. 7. Silas Augustine, subject's father. 8. Andrew Tobias. 9. Demetrius Augustine. 10. Margaret (Mrs. Jacob Buck). Charles was a soldier in the Civil war, serving in the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth and Eighty-second Pennsylvania Regiments of Volunteers. Andrew T. was a second lieutenant in the same company with his brother.

Margaret Glass, the mother of this family, was the daughter of George and Susan (Daugherty) Glass, and was born near Munster, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, in 1801. Her father, George Glass, was born April 1, 1770, and died January 18, 1821. Susan Daugherty was born January 14, 1781, and died May 10, 1863. She was probably born in New Jersey and has many prominent relatives living in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, descendants of her brother. George Glass and Susan Daugherty were married by the Prince Priest of Loretto, Demetrius A. Gallitzin, and their children were baptized by him.

(III) Silas Augustine McGough, son of James and Margaret (Glass) McGough, was born at the old McGough homestead, Clearfield township, near Loretto, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, July 25, 1836. By profession he was a civil engineer, but on account of injuries received in the Civil war, in which he was a soldier, he could not follow it longer. For many years he was a hotel keeper. He also served two terms as chief of police at Altoona, Pennsylvania, the first time under Mayor Breth (Democratic) and the second term under Colonel Burchfield (Republican). He was educated in the public schools of his home neighborhood, was politically a Democrat and in religious faith a Roman Catholic. He married Miss Mary Rosalia Wharton, eldest daughter of Joseph and Catherine (Bender) Wharton. She was born near St. Augus-

tine, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, April 14, 1849. She is a descendant of the old English family of Whartons which dates back to the fifteenth century. Her father was a farmer. His ancestors came to this country before the Revolutionary war, but the papers containing the family record were destroyed by fire at the home of Miss Alice Wharton, sister of Joseph Wharton, several years ago.

Joseph Wharton was a son of Stanislaus Wharton and wife Mary McConnell, and was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania about 1818. Stanislaus Wharton's mother was Ann Knopp, and is said to have been the daughter of a prime minister of England to Poland. Mary McConnell was a native of Ireland, and was brought to this country by her parents when a few months old, probably about 1793.

Catherine Bender was the daughter of Americus "Emmerick" Bender and Mary Magdalene Yost, and was born in Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1821. When about eighteen years of age she married Joseph Wharton. Five children were born to them: 1. James, who was a soldier in the Civil war, a veteran, and was a prisoner at Libby prison, Richmond, Virginia, for nearly one year. 2. Charles. 3. Mary R. 4. Alice. 5. Ellie. Shortly after the youngest child was born, Joseph Wharton was kicked by a horse, which caused his death, and Catherine (Bender) Wharton then married in about three years Thomas Wilt, by whom three children were born. She died February 20, 1904, at Ashville, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, and was buried at St. Augustine, Cambria county, having been all her life a faithful member of St. Augustine Catholic church.

Americus Bender was the son of John Jacob Bender, a poor gunsmith of Westphalia in Holland. The latter longed to come to this country to better his condition and that of his family, but being so poor he could not come unless he sold himself and family as slaves, as was customary in those days for immigrants to sell themselves on landing in this country in order to pay their fare. In the year 1795 he set sail with his wife and four children for Philadelphia, and on their arrival there each one was sold for their individual fare and were purchased by different masters, the Quakers being the buyers. After the parents had served their time they came to Cambria county and settled between Buck's Mills and Loretto, where they lived until the death of Mr. Bender in 1829, he then being eighty-nine years of age. He made a clock which served as a timepiece for the family until his death. This was no doubt the first clock made west of the Allegheny mountains. Mrs. Bender, notwithstanding all the hardships which the early pioneers were subject to, lived to the ripe old age of one hundred years. As the children served out their time, which was when they reached twenty-one years of age, they followed their parents to Cambria county, with the exception of William, who settled in Maryland. Americus, or "Emmerick," the oldest of the children who came to this country, was set free by his master at the funeral of George Washington, whither he had taken him. His master was Colonel Caleb Davis, of Philadelphia. The same year, 1799, he came to Cambria county, and in 1808 married Mary Magdalene Yost and settled on the farm known as the Henry Bender farm. In 1810 Americus walked to Philadelphia to get his sister, Mary Ann, whose time had expired. The next year she was married to John Byrne.

When the war of 1812-14 broke out Americus formed a party of hardy mountaineers and was chosen lieutenant. They marched through the forest to

Lake Erie, where they assisted in freeing the American soil from British soldiers. He later became known as "Old Squire Bender." He was one of the commissioners at the erection of the old court house; served as a jurymen at the first court held in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, and also served as county auditor, and in 1827 as county commissioner.

John Jacob Bender was born January 31, 1740, and died December 6, 1829. Americus Bender was born November 13, 1784, and died January 26, 1868.

(IV) Edwin Tobias McGough, son of Silas A. and Mary R. (Wharton) McGough, was educated in the public schools and at the parochial schools of Altoona, Pennsylvania. He entered the detective force for the city of Pittsburg April 6, 1903, and was appointed captain of detectives June 1, 1907. Politically Captain McGough is independent and in the church faith he is a Roman Catholic, holding membership with the Holy Rosary Catholic church at Homewood. He belongs to the Brotherhood of Elks.

He was united in marriage, June 20, 1896, to Anna Elizabeth Haggerty, of Bay City, Michigan. Mr. Haggerty was born in Vermont and Mrs. Haggerty in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. The former was a steamboat captain. Mr. and Mrs. McGough are the parents of two children—Charles Wharton, born at Altoona, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1898; Thomas Francis, born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1906.

ROBERT J. MACRORY, one of the younger generation of Pittsburg business men, was born October 4, 1863, in county Down, Ireland, a son of Rev. David Macrory and grandson of David Macrory, a prosperous farmer and land owner of that county.

David Macrory, Jr., son of David Macrory, Sr., was born in 1820, in county Down, and worked on the farm until attaining his majority, when he entered Belfast University and prepared for the ministry. After his ordination Mr. Macrory was assigned to the Baptist congregation at Derryneil, where he remained two years. This was a small charge, and during his pastorate a new church was built, the first in that vicinity. For two months of each year Mr. Macrory traveled through England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, preaching the gospel and interpreting the particular faith of the Baptist church. In this missionary work he was specially gifted and very successful, being an unusually pleasing and eloquent speaker. In 1878 he was assigned to the church at Coleraine, county Antrim, where he remained until 1880, coming in that year to the United States and proceeding directly to Pittsburg. After a trial sermon before the Baptist church of Mount Washington he was elected its pastor and served most acceptably until the close of his life. He had received some time before coming to this country the degree of Doctor of Laws from the University of Belfast. He frequently appeared on the lecture platform, generally speaking in behalf of the cause of temperance. He supported with his vote the candidates of the Republican party.

Dr. Macrory married many years before coming to the United States. Adjoining the farm of his father was that of another prosperous Irish farmer, Robert Jones, and it was his daughter Susan who became the wife of David Macrory. Dr. and Mrs. Macrory were the parents of seven daughters and two sons: James Boyd, principal of a Presbyterian educational institute at

Belfast; Susan, wife of James Gibson, of Minnesota; Eliza, wife of Dr. J. B. Ritchie, of California; Ellen, wife of David McBride, of Chicago; Jennie, wife of James J. Wallace, of Bridgeville, Pennsylvania; Margaret, wife of Robert H. Kearns, of Mount Washington; Anna B., widow of Hugh White, of Mount Washington; Sarah W., wife of William J. Love, of Mount Washington; and Robert J., of whom later.

Dr. Macrory died in 1887. He was a wonderfully forceful and magnetic orator, convincing and charming all hearers. His discourses were carefully prepared, but always delivered without notes. As an extemporaneous speaker he had few equals, and as a pastor he was greatly endeared to his people, by whom he is still held in loving remembrance.

Robert J. Macrory, second son and youngest child of David and Susan (Jones) Macrory, was educated in the Model and high schools of Coleraine, and at the age of sixteen obtained a position in the office of Alexander Gribbon, one of Belfast's largest manufacturers of the famous Irish linen. In this office he remained until 1880, when the family came to the United States. In Pittsburg he entered the service of the Joseph Horne Company as bookkeeper, remaining twelve years. In 1892 he embarked in business for himself, establishing a produce commission line on Liberty street. At the end of two years he became secretary and treasurer of the Alexander Beggs & Son Company, makers of granite and marble monuments, mantels and similar articles. In 1903 Mr. Macrory established his present real estate and fire insurance business on Shiloh street, Mount Washington, which he has since conducted very successfully. In April, 1906, the firm of Macrory & Macrory was established, Mr. Macrory admitting his son, Harry B., to partnership with him.

R. J. Macrory is a notary public, having been appointed by Governor Samuel Pennypacker, and is secretary of the Mount Washington and Duquesne Heights Board of Trade, and of the Prospect Building and Loan Association. He belongs to the Royal Arcanum and the Order of the Iroquois. Politically he is a Republican. He is a member of the Fourth Avenue Baptist church, which he has served both as clerk and deacon.

Mr. Macrory married, in 1881, Mary R., daughter of Samuel and Sarah M. (Howe) Williams, the former a merchant tailor of Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Macrory have two children: Harry B. and Vida Jeannette. Mrs. Macrory received a musical education, and is a pleasing concert singer and a member of the Mozart Club.

DANIEL HILF, for a quarter of a century prominently identified with the business life of Mount Washington, was born April 1, 1861, in Bavaria, a son of Leonard Hilf, also a native of that country, where he was a successful contractor and builder. In July, 1880, he came to the United States, settling, at the suggestion of his son Daniel, who had preceded him by some months, on Mount Washington, where he passed his remaining years in retirement.

Leonard Hilf married, in his native land, Barbara Brummer, also born in Bavaria, and their children were: Elizabeth, widow of Jacob Liebolt, of Mount Washington; Andrew, died in 1890, leaving a widow, Barbara, and family; Cora, widow of Frederick Foster, resides in West Liberty; Margaret, wife of George Wimmer, of Mount Washington; Barbetta, widow of John Geib; Barbara, wife of George Spies, living in the west; one who died in

infancy; John, of Pittsburg; and Daniel. Leonard Hilf, the father of the family, died in 1884, at the age of seventy-two.

Daniel Hilf, a son of Leonard and Barbara (Brummer) Hilf, was educated in German schools, attending until his fourteenth year, when he began working at the carpenter's trade with his father, becoming an expert mechanic and also a draughtsman of considerable skill. In March, 1880, he emigrated to the United States, and in the ensuing July was followed, as mentioned above, by the remainder of the family. For two months he worked in the mills and mines, being unable to obtain employment at his trade. During the ensuing two years he worked as a journeyman carpenter, and then began contracting in his own name. For twenty-five years he was one of the leading contractors and builders of Mount Washington, acquiring an enviable reputation for honesty and fair dealing and a considerable share of this world's goods. In connection with his other business he operated a planing mill, getting out his own mill work. He has now retired, the business being conducted by his son Philip, a most worthy successor.

In 1889 Mr. Hilf erected his present brick residence on Norton street, Mount Washington. In addition to his building operations he has promoted and carried to success other business enterprises of Mount Washington. He was the organizer and first president of the Mount Washington Savings and Trust Company, and he is now president of the Mount Washington German Building and Loan Association and of the Hilf & Richardson Construction Company. He is also president of the Acre Land Company, in which, as far as possible, his interest has been closed and turned over to others. He is a Republican and a member of the German Lutheran church.

Mr. Hilf married, June 18, 1882, Katrina Vork, of Allegheny, and the following children have been born to them: Leonard, who died when three years old; Philip, Mary, Fritz, Albert and Clara. All these are at school with the exception of the eldest, Philip, who received his education in the public schools and at the Pittsburg Academy. He learned the carpenter's trade and succeeded to the business established by his father. He married Grace Reet, and they have one child, Grace.

JAMES ALLEN, a well-known contractor of Pittsburg, was born in 1843, in county Armagh, Ireland, a son of Thomas Allen, a native of the same country, who passed his life as a tiller of the soil. He married Ann Murray, who bore him the following children: Mary Jane, Sarah, Lucinda, Eliza, James, of whom later; Margaret, William, John, Matilda and David. Mrs. Allen died in 1881, and Mr. Allen survived her but two years, passing away in 1883.

James Allen, son of Thomas and Ann (Murray) Allen, received his education in the public schools of his native place, and at the age of seventeen went to England, remaining eleven years. In 1871 he emigrated to the United States and settled in Pittsburg, where he has since conducted a successful business as a contractor. In the sphere of politics he has always adhered staunchly to the doctrines and principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the United Presbyterian church of Homewood.

Mr. Allen married, in 1871, Jane Berry, and they became the parents of the following children: David Alexander, born October 16, 1878, the only



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one now living; and two older sons, both of whom died in early childhood. These were: William J., who was born in 1873, and died September 6, 1879; and Thomas J., who was born in 1875, and died October 18, 1879.

THE BAUR BROTHERS. Among the branches of industry in Greater Pittsburg which furnish one of the daily used commodities of the household and a necessity of life is the wholesale baking establishment known as the Baur Brothers Company (incorporated), which plant is situated in the East End, Pittsburg. The members of this company are the brothers, August, John and Fred Baur, and Henry Stocke. The three first named gentlemen are natives of Wurtemberg, Germany, who came to America in 1881, and are now recognized as leaders in their trade, which extends throughout Allegheny county and beyond. This business was originally established in 1885 by August Baur, on Grant street, and in 1886 the brothers, John and Fred, were taken into the firm, which was styled Baur Brothers until January 1, 1896, when it was consolidated with that of Henry Stocke, who at the time was operating a bakery in the East End. Under the name of Baur Brothers & Company the business was continued until January 1, 1905, at which date it was incorporated under the state laws of Pennsylvania as the "Baur Brothers Company," with the following officers: August Baur, president; John Baur, vice-president; Fred Baur, treasurer; Henry Stocke, secretary; S. S. Watters, assistant secretary. The present plant was built in 1894-95, but on account of the growth of the business the company has been compelled to build more extensive buildings, now about completed, at Nos. 6452 to 6464 Penn avenue. The new building consists of a four-story, re-inforced concrete bakery, covering a ground space of one hundred and seventy by one hundred and eighty-five feet, with a re-inforced concrete barn on Aurelia street covering a ground space of sixty-five by one hundred and ten feet. This plant, like the present one, will be operated by electricity, and fully equipped with the most improved modern ovens and other bakery appliances. No expense is being spared to make it second to none in the country, both as to capacity and sanitary regulations. No other bread-making place in this community will outrank it for capacity, for bread alone; and besides the bread department, where the favorite loaf, "Aunt Hannah's" brand of bread, which is known far and near, is baked daily in immense quantities, there is the pie and cake department. These excellent goods are consumed year in and year out by private families and the hotels and better grades of restaurants in Allegheny county.

The present place of business (1907) is at Nos. 5711-13-15 Penn avenue, Pittsburg, where their name has long been established for honest made bakery goods.

LAFAYETTE WINEBIDDLE MENOLD, who for many years was an active business factor in Pittsburg but now leading a retired life, was born December 14, 1845, in East Liberty, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in his grandfather's house near the present railroad bridge on Pennsylvania avenue. His grandfather, George Menold, emigrated from either Germany or France (near the line) in the last years of the eighteenth century and settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Among his children were: Rose, who married a Mr.

Caldwell and still resides in Illinois; George, deceased; Andrew, deceased, and Henry, deceased.

Henry Menold, the last named child of George Menold, and the father of Lafayette W., was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1812, and died October 30, 1887. He was reared and educated in his native county and there learned the carpenter's trade. Subsequently he came to Pittsburg and settled in the East End, where he engaged in the contracting business, taking a contract for grading the Pennsylvania railroad, then in course of construction. During the Mexican war he made military wagons for the United States government. Later he embarked in the manufacture of sash and doors, his location being at the corner of Penn avenue and Whitfield street, which business he continued until 1875, when he sold to his son and retired from active labors. In his political affiliations he was a Democrat and he served as a member of the state legislature from 1858 to 1860. He married, November 18, 1860, Mary Ann Winebiddle, born April 11, 1814, and by her had three children: Susanna M., born in June, 1839, married Henry C. Teeters, now deceased; Lafayette Winebiddle, and Rachel M., born in 1849, married Charles A. Warmcastle, and their issue was Mary M., wife of C. P. Thompson; Grace W., Laura W., Frances F. and Jennie N.

Lafayette W. Menold was reared in the East End and educated in the local schools and at the old academy which formerly stood at the corner of Penn avenue and Highland. His first work in a business way was as a clerk in a grocery store at the corner of Penn avenue and Sixteenth street. Later he learned the carpenter's trade and went to Illinois and as far west as Kansas. He soon after returned to East Liberty and carried on his trade with a shop at the corner of Penn avenue and Whitfield street. In 1875 he purchased his father's business, and two years later engaged in the coal business on Pennsylvania avenue, near the Allegheny cemetery. He continued in the business six or seven years, and then retired from active life and removed to Wilkesburg, purchasing the property where he now resides.

Mr. Menold was reared in the Presbyterian faith and in politics is a supporter of the Democratic party. He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Brotherhood of Elks. He was united in marriage first to Mattie Covert, daughter of Allison Covert, of New Orleans, by whom he had three children: Aline, Harry and Lafayette. His second wife was Emma Thompson, of New Castle, Pennsylvania.

For Mr. Menold's descent on the maternal side the reader is referred to the Winebiddle sketch, found elsewhere in this work.

HERMAN H. ADAM, one of Pittsburg's enterprising business men, was born in 1862, in Hanover, Germany, a son of Herman H. Adam, a native of the same country, where he was born in December, 1828. He was a farmer of some means and gave his children the advantages of a liberal education. He was a member of the Lutheran church. Herman H. Adam married Adelaide Schwarberg, and they became the parents of the following children: Caroline, deceased, married Frederick Schlüter, and resided in Germany; Charlotte, wife of Rudolph Quebbeman, of Allegheny county; two who died in childhood; and Herman H., of whom later. The father of the family died in 1885, and the death of the mother occurred in 1877.

Herman H. Adam, son of Herman H. and Adelaide (Schwarberg) Adam, learned the cabinet maker's trade, and in September, 1884, emigrated to the United States. He settled in Pittsburg, where for eleven years he held the position of clerk in the grocery store of which his uncle was the proprietor. In June, 1895, he purchased a store and dwelling in Dithridge street where he now resides and carries on a thriving grocery business. He is a member of the Lutheran church, in which he serves as deacon, having been elected in 1902.

Mr. Adam married, in 1895, Mollie Bergerding, and they have been the parents of the following children: Mollie A., born November 6, 1895; Herman W. R., born April 16, 1897; and Bertha C., born June 7, 1898, died March 2, 1899. Mrs. Adam is a daughter of William and Mollie (Kuhlman) Bergerding, natives of Germany residing in Pittsburg. They were the parents of two daughters: Louisa, born September 15, 1862, wife of F. H. Kreimeier; and Mollie, born December 8, 1863, wife of Herman H. Adam, as mentioned above.

BENJAMIN B. WOOD, M. D., one of the well-known of the younger generation of physicians and surgeons in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, has his finely equipped offices at No. 2118 Fifth avenue, in that city, where he is in the enjoyment of a lucrative and constantly increasing practice. He is a descendant of families which were among the early settlers of this country.

John Wood, grandfather of Dr. Benjamin B. Wood, was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, about the year 1810. He was a farmer by occupation, and he raised his family in Fayette county. He married Mrs. Shank, nee Dills, and they had children: John K., of whom more hereinafter; William, who was a soldier during the Civil war; Philip, who was killed while serving in that conflict; Jane, married George Everhart; Ella, married Miner Provance; and Rebecca, married Perry O'Neil.

John K. Wood, son of John Wood, was born in Fayette county in 1844. His first step in his business career was to enter the grocery business at Port Perry, and in this he was engaged for a period of twenty-five years. He then sold out his interest and removed to McKeesport, where he established himself in the newspaper business, with which he has been occupied for the past thirteen years. Since the death of his wife in 1899 he has made his home with his son John. His political affiliations are with the Democratic party, and he served as postmaster of Port Perry from 1885 to 1889. He is a member of the Presbyterian church. He married Martha Black, who died in 1899, daughter of P. F. and Elizabeth (Reitz) Black. The Black family came from Virginia and settled in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, about 1800. The children of John K. and Martha (Black) Wood were: 1. Frank, born in 1864, married Mary Bearer and has three children: Martha, Margaret and Catherine. 2. William, born in 1871, married Jennie Menges, and has children: Eliza, William and Jessie. 3. John H., born in 1873, married Zora Hay, and has children: Paul and Marian. 4. Benjamin B., the subject of this sketch.

Benjamin B. Wood, M. D., youngest child of John K. and Martha (Black) Wood, was born in Port Perry, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, June 9, 1877. He was reared in Port Perry and he attended the public schools of that town. This was supplemented by a course of study in the Park Institute, from which he was graduated in 1895. He matriculated at the Western University of

Pennsylvania the same year, and was graduated from this institution with honor in 1899. He then entered the South Side Hospital, where he was appointed resident physician and served in this position for one year. The year following he opened an office for the practice of his profession at No. 2118 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg, where he is still located, and he enjoys a large and lucrative practice, having the confidence and respect of his patients as well as of the medical profession. He is a member of Alpha Kappa Phi, and also of the medical staff of St. Joseph's Hospital. His religious affiliations are with the Catholic church, and he is an adherent of the Democratic party.

Dr. Wood married Mary Sullivan, daughter of Jeremiah and Prudence (Fitzsimmons) Sullivan, and they have children: Francis B., born April 25, 1903, and Eugene, born April 29, 1906.

JOSEPH BIALAS, one of Pittsburg's rising young lawyers, was born in that city September 10, 1879, a son of R. F. Bialas, who was born January 13, 1850, in Germany, and left his native land at the age of twelve years. On arriving in this country he settled in Pittsburg, where he received his education in the school of experience. For some years he was employed in the florist's establishment of William and James Murdock, and subsequently engaged in the flour and feed business, conducting a flourishing trade until 1896. At the same time he speculated largely in real estate, being the first man to introduce the building of flats in Pittsburg. His transactions as a builder were extensive, and by steady industry and thrift he accumulated the fortune which he now enjoys at leisure, having retired from business in 1896. He is a Democrat and a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Bialas married Magdalena, daughter of Henry and Margaret (Heyl) Schnellbach, both of German extraction, and three children were born to them: Joseph, May A. and Albert.

Joseph Bialas, son of R. F. and Magdalena (Schnelbach) Bialas, received his preparatory education in the public and high schools of Pittsburg. In 1901 he entered the Western University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1904 from the law school of that institution. On January 2 of the same year he entered upon the practice of his profession in his native city, where he has already won for himself an honorable position. With his vote and influence he aids and supports the men and measures advocated by the Republican party. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Bialas married, April 30, 1906, Adele, daughter of Julian and Kate D. (Skeen) Bixby, and granddaughter of William and Katherine Skeen and of Brooks Earl and Lucy Ann Bixby.

CHARLES C. KELSO, principal of Sharpsburg public school, was born February 5, 1870, in Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, a son of William P. Kelso, grandson of James Kelso, and great great-grandson of George Kelso, a native of Allegheny county, whither his father migrated from either Bucks or Berks county.

James Kelso, son of George Kelso, was born about 1810, in Lawrence county, where he led the life of a farmer. He was a Democrat and a member of the United Presbyterian church. James Kelso married Nancy Patterson,

and their children were: George, deceased; John, also deceased; Alexander G., commissioner of Lawrence county; Mary, Jane, William P., of whom later; and Josephine. James Kelso died in 1874, and his widow survived him twenty years, passing away in 1894.

William P. Kelso, son of James and Nancy (Patterson) Kelso, was born in 1844, in Lawrence (then Beaver) county, where he is now living as a farmer on the homestead, and is known as a very progressive man, both in theory and practice. In 1862 he enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in which he served nine months. In 1863 he reenlisted in the One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was subsequently transferred to the Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, stationed at Fortress Monroe, where he remained until the close of the war. He is a Democrat and a member of the United Presbyterian church.

Mr. Kelso married Nancy J., daughter of Robert and Eliza (Wilson) Fullerton, and aunt of Judge Fullerton of Beaver county. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Kelso: Charles C., of whom later; Mary, born 1874; Robert M., born 1878, manager of the Vulcan Steel Company, Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, married Rachel, daughter of David and Catharine Gilmore, children, Rachel and William; and James, born 1882, married Iva, daughter of William and Mary Kyle.

Charles C. Kelso, a son of William P. and Nancy J. (Fullerton) Kelso, received his preparatory education in the public schools of Lawrence county, and in 1896 graduated at Geneva College. For five years before entering college he had been engaged in teaching, and ever since his graduation has practised that profession. In 1896 he was elected principal of the Turtle Creek school, and in 1897 was chosen to fill that office in the Tarentum high school, serving one year. He then served two years as principal of the common school, and in April, 1900, was elected principal of the Sharpsburg public school, a position which he still retains.

Mr. Kelso married Margaret J., daughter of Alexander S. and Elizabeth (Houston) McKinley, and they are the parents of the following children: Charles S., born August 7, 1888; Willis A., born October 15, 1891; George W., born June 2, 1902; and Daniel M., born January 30, 1906.

ANDREW YERKINS, late of Sharpsburg, was born in that borough November 24, 1848, and there passed his entire life, identifying himself prominently with the commercial, social and religious interests of his native place. His father and grandfather both bore the name of Andrew.

Andrew Yerkins, the elder, was by birth a Frenchman, and about 1800 emigrated to the United States, settling on land where the city of Reading now stands. In 1811 he moved to Allegheny City, becoming one of the pioneers of that place, where he opened the first inn and owned and operated the first ferry-boat plying between Allegheny and Pittsburg. He also owned and conducted the first market ever established in the place, and to this the farmers for miles around resorted to sell their produce. The building stood on what is now River avenue, near the railroad bridge. This business Mr. Yerkins conducted until his death. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Andrew Yerkins married Nancy Springer, a native of Switzerland. The marriage was opposed by the Springer family, and in order to avoid bloodshed

Andrew emigrated to this country. His betrothed followed, and on her arrival they were married. Their children were: Elizabeth, wife of George Farmerie; Fanny, wife of James Farmerie; Nancy, wife of Nicholas Farmerie; and Andrew, of whom later. Andrew Yerkins, the father, died in 1852.

Andrew Yerkins, son of Andrew and Nancy (Springer) Yerkins, was born in 1826, in Allegheny City, and learned the cabinet maker's trade under the instruction of his father, afterward following it in connection with the cooper's trade. He was subsequently employed for a number of years by the McCormicks as superintendent of their mill, called the Hope Cotton Mill, at Allegheny City, and later held a similar position in the rolling mill of Lewis, Bailey, Dalzel & Company, of Sharpsburg, with whom he remained twenty-four years. In 1883 he retired from business and passed the remainder of his life on a small farm near Sharpsburg. He was a Republican and a member of the First Baptist church of Sharpsburg, in which he served as deacon for twenty years.

Mr. Yerkins married Caroline, daughter of ——— and Sarah (Snyder) Clark, and they became the parents of three children: Andrew, of whom later; Stephen, born in May, 1850, married Mattie Tyler, children, Hettie, George, Henry, Leon and Irene; and Mary E., born March 5, 1852, widow of John A. Weichel, children, May, Homer, Carrie, Richard, Bessie and Frank. Mrs. Yerkins died in April, 1852, and Mr. Yerkins married in 1854, Hetty, daughter of Arunah Bassett, of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. By this union he became the father of four children: Henry, Arthur, died at the age of twenty-two, unmarried; Carrie, deceased, wife of William J. Dickey, of Glenshaw, Pennsylvania, and mother of six children; and Lydia, who died at twenty-two, unmarried. The death of Mr. Yerkins occurred in 1885. He was a genial, kind-hearted man, and his many friends still hold in grateful remembrance his acts of benevolence and words of encouragement.

Andrew Yerkins, son of Andrew and Caroline (Clark) Yerkins, learned the cooper's trade, which he followed for eighteen years. In 1876 he purchased two mills in Sharpsburg and established a lumber business in partnership with George L. Walters, but in 1881 sold his interest to him and James R. Darragh. He then established a coal and feed business which he conducted until 1885, when he sold out to the Union Feed & Coal Company. He afterward opened a real estate and fire insurance office, where he afterward carried on a prosperous business. In 1897 he was elected a justice of the peace, and served one term. He has held the office of councilman for three terms, served one term as school director and the same length of time as assessor. He was one of the two surviving original members of the Sharpsburg Fire Company.

From 1870 he was a member of Lodge No. 752, I. O. O. F., of Sharpsburg, and also belonged to the P. McGee Encampment, now called the Arsenal. He was a Republican in politics and a Protestant in religious belief.

Mr. Yerkins was twice married. His first wife was Sarah A., daughter of John and Jane (Saint) Terrell, and the following were their children: Charles W., born in 1870, a contractor and builder, married Minnie Phillips, children, Mary, deceased; Myrtle and John; Myrtle, born 1874, died at the age of eighteen; Walter, born in 1876, a painter, married Nellie Patterson, one child, Roy; Harry J., born in 1878, assistant superintendent of the Crescent Steel Works, married Bessie Yahres, children, Florence and Paul; Albert G., born in 1880; and William N., born in 1883, a painter and paper hanger of

Sharpsburg. The mother of these children died in 1900, and in 1905 Mr. Yerkins married Mrs. E. M. Seaman, of Reading, Pennsylvania. Mr. Yerkins died July 14, 1907.

CHARLES W. YERKINS, one of Sharpsburg's prominent contractors and builders, was born in that borough June 14, 1870, a son of Andrew and Sarah (Terrell) Yerkins. Mrs. Yerkins was a daughter of John and Jane (Saint) Terrell. The Terrells came from Somersetshire, England, in 1831, and after spending a short time in Baltimore went to Pottsville, later removing to Sharpsburg.

Charles W. Yerkins was educated in the public schools of Sharpsburg, and after leaving school secured his first employment in the plate mill department of Morehead's Iron Mills. He learned the carpenter's trade and also worked as a millwright. Since 1898 he has carried on a successful business as a contractor and builder.

He belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, Vesuvius Council, No. 116, of Sharpsburg, and the Knights of the Maccabees, Washington Tent, No. 57. His political principles coincide with those of the Republican party.

Mr. Yerkins married Minnie J., daughter of Samuel and Lydia (Alford) Phillips, and they have been the parents of three children: Myrtle G., born May 28, 1897; John C., born February 3, 1899; and Mary E., born November 5, 1903, died November 1, 1905. Mr. Yerkins takes great interest in memorials of the past, and is the owner of a very fine collection of relics.

ROBERT MCFARLAND LAMONT, an enterprising contractor of Pittsburg, was born at Clarksburg, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1846, a son of Robert and Elizabeth (Anderson) Lamont.

(I) The first known American ancestor of this family was Archibald Lamont, of Scottish birth. It appears that he landed first at New Orleans, and was a ship captain by occupation. The first direct information of him is contained in a letter which he wrote in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1794, written to his brother, and in which he gives a very pathetic account of having lost his wife and youngest son, a sister and a friend whom he calls "Robert." All died within a few hours of each other, October 17, 1793. He adds: "I cannot give you a description of my situation on that morning when I had three corpses in my home and not one mortal to give assistance." He further stated that the plague had carried off five thousand of the best people. It is believed from this communication that he was a consistent Christian man. Nothing is known of his wife. It is known that they had five children who reached manhood and womanhood, as follows: 1. Nancy McMillin. 2. Mary McDonald, who married and had children: Thomas, Josiah, Willson, John, James and Calvin. This James McDonald was the father of three children: David, Miller and Boston. David McDonald had one son, Lamont McDonald. 3. Jane Irwin, wife of Dr. Irwin, of Allegheny City—no issue. 4. Archibald, of whom later. 5. Robert, father of the subject of this notice, of whom see later.

(II) Archibald Lamont, son of the progenitor in this country, was born

in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, March 13, 1788, and died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, November 20, 1852. By occupation he was an edge tool manufacturer and conducted a business for a number of years on the corner of Craig and Lacock streets, Allegheny City. He was the inventor of the vise commonly used by blacksmiths and other mechanics, but never secured a letters patent on his invention. He took much interest in educational affairs and was a director in the First ward of Allegheny City for many years. He gave his children a good education. His daughter, Hannah Hay, taught in his district for ten years, and his daughter Agnes devoted most of her life to the cause of education; she was principal of the ward schools in which her father was a director for twenty years. He was the father of the following seven children: 1. Susan Knox. 2. Jane Gray. 3. Lydia, died in infancy. 4. Catherine Warnock, whose husband was mayor of New Castle one term. 5. John. 6. Hannah Hay. 7. Agnes, remained unmarried. Hannah Hay resides with her son at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, where he is a popular United Presbyterian minister.

(II) Robert Lamont, son of Archibald (I), was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, January 25, 1792. He was by trade a tailor. The date of his first coming to Pittsburg is not clearly known, but the second time was in the spring of 1855. He was a soldier in the war of 1812, in the United States army. He made his home in Pittsburg until his death, which occurred January 2, 1861. He married about 1822 Miss Elizabeth Anderson, of Pennsylvania Dutch extraction, and who was a woman of great firmness of character. Through her persistent efforts and good example finally saw her husband converted to the religious faith to which he ever afterwards lived in a consistent manner. They were members of the Wesleyan Methodist church. Mrs. Elizabeth (Anderson) Lamont's father's family consisted of the following: Michael, Isaac, David, Joseph, Susan (Wyatt) and Mary Anderson, who in marriage did not change her name. Mr. Wyatt was engaged in the salt business at Saltsburg, Pennsylvania. His son, Aaron B., was an officer in the Civil war and was killed in battle. Joseph Anderson kept a public house at Saltsburg. "Granny" Anderson, as she was called, was credited with the discovery of coal while washing clothes along a stream at some point in Pennsylvania. It is related that she observed what she supposed to be a black stone, on which her kettle was placed, on fire, and it led to the discovery of coal, which was found in abundance in the hillside near by. Robert Lamont and wife were the parents of eight children, as follows: 1. Mary, wife of John Zigler, a stonecutter by trade, who helped to construct the locks in the Monongahela river. 2. Jane, married James Tuthill, of Warren, Pennsylvania, by whom she had five children: Elizabeth, Jannet, Eliza, Synthia, James. James served in the Union army during the Civil war; is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and is postmaster at Warren, Pennsylvania. 3. Eliza Anderson, wife of Thomas Anderson, and they were the parents of thirteen children, with numerous grandchildren. At the death of the husband a few years since, there were seventy-two children and grandchildren. It was the first death in the family for over fifty years. 4. Susan, married William Campbell, of Saltsburg, Pennsylvania, by whom she had five children: Mary, Eva, Albert, Charles and Sue. 5. Ann, married John Laughlin, by whom she had two children. After his death she married William R. Akeright, by whom she had three children, Margaret, Ella and Ann. The last husband was a

locomotive engineer, first for the Fort Wayne Railroad, then on the Nashville & Chattanooga. During the Civil war he was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and lastly on the Hannibal & St. Joseph road. He was a member of the Odd Fellows' order, and also a Mason. 6. Sarah, married David Campbell, by whom she had children: Robert, Mary, Laura and William. Mr. Campbell enlisted during the Civil war in the Union cause; was in Colonel Black's regiment and was discharged before the end of the war for disability. After recovering his health he was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for a period of forty-two years. He never met with an accident during the whole time, and was pensioned by the company; at that time he was the oldest employe of the road. 7. Thomas, was born in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, July 5, 1838. He was engaged in the sand business, and at the breaking out of the Civil war, on August 11, 1862, enlisted in Company D, Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry Regiment, in which he served until May 28, 1865, receiving an honorable discharge. He took part in some forty engagements, was with Sheridan at Winchester, Virginia, and was wounded at Sulphur Springs. In 1874 he removed to Kansas, and now resides at Lawrence. He has always been a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He married Mary Shade, who bore him three children, Ida, Edwin and Effie. All reside in different sections of Kansas. 8. Robert McFarland Lamont, the subject, was born at Clarksburg, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1846.

(III) Robert McFarland Lamont, son of Robert Lamont (II), married Emma Rosborough, born at Clarksburg, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, January 9, 1853. After a period of twenty-six years they met in Pittsburg and were united in marriage May 2, 1871. To them have been born the following eleven children: Three died in infancy, the two eldest at the age of twenty years. Bertha, the eldest at the time of her death, was a student at the Pittsburg High School. Laura, the second at the time of her death, was a student at the Pittsburg Conservatory of Music. Milton, after attending the public schools, was set to learn the carpenter's trade, and worked as a journeyman some ten years, and in 1904 commenced the business of contracting and building with his father. The business is now incorporated as R. Lamont & Sons Company. They carry on a lumber and manufacturing business at No. 3109 Penn avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Homer, the fourth child, died in infancy. Archibald, the fifth, was educated at the Lincoln public schools of Pittsburg, Adrian College, Michigan, and is now a student at the Carnegie Technical Institute, in the architectural department. Edgar, the sixth child, was educated at the Lincoln school and Call's Commercial College, Pittsburg, and is the present secretary of R. Lamont & Sons Company. Frederick, who was the seventh child, died in infancy. Emma Mae, the eighth in the order of birth, is now a student at Adrian College, Michigan. Lillian is a student at the same place. Blanche Alda died in infancy, and Marie, the eleventh child, is now attending the Lemington public school in East End, Pittsburg.

The subjoined is relative to Mrs. Lamont's people: Her great-grandfather, Alexander Rosborough, married Mary Denny; they were both of Irish extraction, and their home was near Elder Ridge, Indiana county, Pennsylvania. Their children were: Charles, Nellie, Elizabeth, James and A. Alexander. It is thought the father, Alexander, Sr., returned to Ireland, taking his eldest son, Charles, with him, but he was never heard of afterwards. Nellie, the

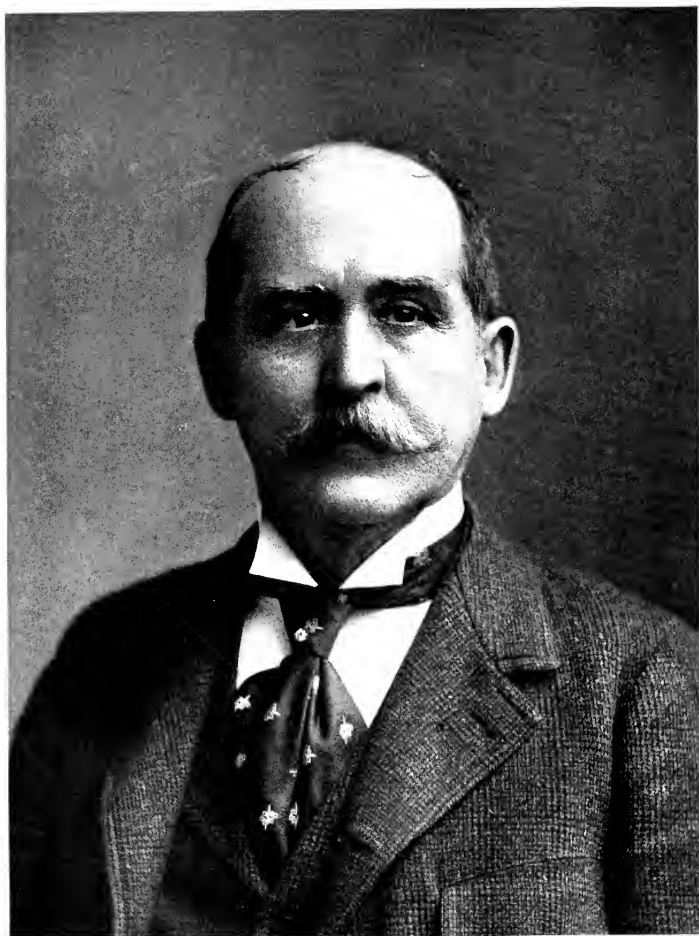
second child, married William Miller, by whom were born: Robert and William Miller. Elizabeth never married. James, the subject's wife's grandfather, was a mason by occupation, also a model farmer. He owned one of the most finely improved farms in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, at Elder Ridge, where he and his family resided. He enjoyed the confidence and esteem of his neighbors and was a justice of the peace for some twenty years. His wife's maiden name was Mary Deamer, and to them were born fifteen children. The first and second, Alexander and Rebecca, died in early childhood; afterward they named two of their later children after them; Charles, John, Frederick, Lydia, Isabell, Maria, James, Alexander, Rebecca, Elizabeth, Thomas, Violet, Julia, were the names of the other children. James and Thomas served in the Civil war. Alexander remained a bachelor, was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and died in Omaha, Nebraska, at the Soldiers' Home. He was there buried from his nephew's home. James Rosborough, after serving his term in the army and being honorably discharged, returned home and was killed in a coal mine on his father's farm while mining coal for the use of the family. Thomas and his youngest sister, Julia, lived on the old farm at Elder's Ridge for a number of years after their father's and mother's death, and then sold the homestead to a coal company and purchased a small farm in the suburbs of Indiana, Pennsylvania, where they still reside. The entire family subscribed to the Westminster confession of faith. The male members of this family, with one exception, were Democrats. Frederick Rosborough, who is the father-in-law of the subject, is a Republican, and at the age of eighty-two years enjoys good health. He has never used intoxicating liquors.

JOHN JACOB FETZER, who has been for nearly forty years a resident of Pittsburg, was born February 24, 1836, in Wurtemberg, Germany, a son of John Jacob Fetzer, also a native of the fatherland, where he was born in 1801. He was engaged in mercantile business, and in 1847 emigrated to the United States, making his way to Butler county, Pennsylvania, by the canal. Scarcely, however, had he and his wife become settled in their new home when death removed them from their children, the mother dying October 8, 1847, and the father November 3 of the same year.

John Jacob Fetzer married Mary B. Reiber, and the following were their children, all of whom were born in Germany: Mary B., born in 1832, died in 1874, wife of H. L. Westerman; Katharine M., born in 1834, wife of J. G. Myers; John Jacob; Gottlieb F., born in 1838; Andrew M., born in 1840; Charles F. G., born in 1843; and Dora, born in 1844, wife of H. L. Westerman.

John Jacob Fetzer, son of John Jacob and Mary B. (Reiber) Fetzer, was eleven years old when brought by his parents to this country, and he received his education in the public schools of Butler county. After leaving school he worked on a farm for a number of years, and in 1869 came to Pittsburg, where he engaged in the grocery business in Butler street, in the Seventeenth ward. He continued the business for twenty-five years, and in 1894 retired, having since resided on his farm. He is a member of the Lutheran church.

Mr. Fetzer married Elizabeth Kiefer and they have been the parents of the following children: Edmund B., born April 8, 1885; John Jacob, born September 26, 1886; Herbert C., born July 5, 1888; Leah Berta, born December



J. N. Paulson,

30, 1890; Gustave Frederick, born August 3, 1895, died July 12, 1896; and Alice Elizabeth, born June 13, 1898.

ISAAC NEWTON BUNTON. The late Isaac Newton Bunton, one of Pittsburg's best-known river captains and coal operators, was born in that city June 28, 1841, son of James F. and Elizabeth (Speer) Bunton, the family having been for about three-quarters of a century resident in Pittsburg.

Isaac Newton Bunton was educated in the old Duquesne school and at the high school. At the outbreak of the Civil war, with others of the high school boys, he enlisted, serving throughout the greater part of the conflict. He was a member of a regiment called the Friend Rifles, which was fully recruited in Pittsburg, but the Pennsylvania quota being full, was credited to New York. All through the war he kept a full daily diary of events that is still preserved by Mrs. Bunton. At the close of the war he returned to his native city and entered the service of Joseph Walton, coal miner and river shipper. Thenceforth, until Mr. Walton's death, Mr. Bunton was associated with him in the coal business, succeeding in course of time to the position of head of the firm.

When the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal & Coke Company was formed Captain Bunton (as he was generally called) sold out to the new company, assuming the position of superintendent of its land department, which he held during the remainder of his life. A large towboat bearing his name and now operating on the local rivers was owned by him before the consolidation. He was noted for untiring energy and industry, and for many years prior to his death held a foremost rank in river affairs. He was active in forming the Citizens' party and was one of the early fighters in the reform movement. He was a member of the G. A. R. and the Union Veteran Legion, taking a leading part in the work of both organizations. Among other admirable traits of character Mr. Bunton was noted for his strict habit of total abstinence from all intoxicating liquor.

Captain Bunton married, October 11, 1866, Jennie Hendrickson, and of their children the following survive: 1. R. Walton, assistant in the auditor's office of the Monongahela Coal Company, married Grace Rambler. 2. Charles C., superintendent of the local business of the Monongahela Coal Company, married Miss Morton Riddell and has two children, Berryman and Nan Henderson Bunton. 3. Elizabeth, married H. G. Henderson. 4. Harry R., graduate of Princeton College, class 1901, of the Harvard Law School, 1904, was admitted to the Allegheny bar in 1906 and is now practicing his profession in Pittsburg. 5. Jean L. 6. W. Kennedy, general bookkeeper for the Duquesne Bank.

The death of Captain Bunton, which occurred June 8, 1907, was widely and sincerely mourned as that of a public-spirited citizen, an upright business man and warm-hearted and steadfast friend, the loss to his family being indescribably great. Many tributes were paid to his memory, and on the day of his death every flag on the boats in the harbor and all that could be reached on the local rivers were placed at half-mast. He was survived, not only by his widow and children, but also by a brother, William Bunton, of Pittsburg, and three sisters: Mrs. Sarah Russell, of Kittanning, Pennsylvania; Mrs. Elizabeth Goodwin, of Weedsport, New York, and Mrs. Mary Burkner, of the same place.

Mrs. Bunton is a daughter of David L. Hendrickson, grandson of Colonel

David Hendrickson, a Revolutionary soldier, and fifth in descent from the founder of the American branch of the family who emigrated to this country from Holland.

David L. Hendrickson was for twenty years captain of boats plying on the lower rivers, and for two years during the Civil war commanded a boat in the government service. In early life he resided for a number of years in McKeesport, later moving to Pittsburg, where he was regarded as a very wealthy man in the days when one hundred thousand dollars (the amount of his fortune), or even seventy-five thousand, was sufficient to constitute riches. In politics he was a strong Republican. He and his wife were members of the old Third United Presbyterian church on Diamond street, Pittsburg.

David L. Hendrickson married Margareta Park, and they became the parents of seven children, four of whom died before reaching their majority. The survivors are: Jennie, widow of Isaac Newton Bunton; Albert, and Emma, widow of Senator William Fulton, of Denver, Colorado. David L. Hendrickson died February 10, 1891, aged seventy-one years. He commanded, by his irreproachable life, the highest respect of all who knew him, and it may truly be said of him that he never gave any member of his family an unkind word. His widow passed away January 18, 1895, at the age of seventy-one.

Mrs. Hendrickson was a daughter of Alexander Park, who emigrated from the north of Ireland about 1808, settling in Chester, Pennsylvania, where several of his children were born. He served in the war of 1812, and afterward moved with his family to Pittsburg, being one of the early settlers of that city. He owned a large amount of property, some of which was situated on Diamond street, near Wood street. He held the office of collector of the Pittsburg markets and for many years served as overseer of the poor. For forty years he was a member of the Second United Presbyterian church on Sixth street, and during a considerable portion of that time served as elder.

Alexander Park married Jane Wright, who bore him thirteen children, of whom the following grew to maturity: Nancy, Rachel, Eliza, Joseph, who served in the Mexican war and died at the age of thirty years, and Margareta, who became the wife of David L. Hendrickson.

WILLIAM J. MOORE, a well-known resident of Oakland, Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who conducts the largest horseshoeing establishment in that section and who has been prominently identified with all public movements for the advancement of the city for more than a decade, is of Scotch-Irish descent.

John Moore, father of William J. Moore, was a native of Ireland, where he married Catherine Henderson and had eight children, of whom four came to America and settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania: 1. William J., of whom see forward. 2. Samuel, married Mary Little, daughter of James Little. 3. Joseph H., married (first) a Miss Comfort and had two children; married (second) Jennie Gordon and had six children. 4. Hamilton, who is unmarried and resides in Pittsburg.

William J. Moore, son of John and Catherine (Henderson) Moore, was born near Belfast, Ireland, May 1, 1863. He emigrated to the United States in 1880, and immediately went to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he served his apprenticeship to the blacksmithing trade with his brother. He was in his

employ for a period of ten years, and then commenced business for himself at No. 115 Oak avenue, a property which he subsequently purchased and in which his business is now (1906) located. He has one of the most completely equipped horseshoeing establishments in Greater Pittsburg, and has the reputation of being one of the leading men in his trade. He is one of the foremost business men in general in Oakland, has been a prime mover in all plans for its advancement, and is a firm believer in a brilliant future for the place. He was one of the promoters and organizers of the Master Horseshoers' National Protective Association, and was elected secretary and treasurer for his first term of office in Cleveland, Ohio, July 23, 1892, and held this office for eight consecutive years. He has been secretary of the Masters' Horseshoeing Association of Pittsburg and Allegheny for fourteen years; has been secretary and president of the Journeymen Horseshoers' Association of the United States; and is president of the Oakland Board of Trade. Mr. Moore is a Republican in politics and takes an unusually active part in matters of public moment, especially in the reform movement in Pittsburg during the last ten years. At the time of the organization of the Citizens' party he was elected chairman of the Fourteenth ward and led the party through three successive victories. He was the chairman of the joint movement that elected John B. Larkin to the office of controller in 1905, and chairman of the Civil party in the recent campaign, which elected the full ward ticket and gave five hundred majority to Mr. Guthrie. His religious affiliations are with the United Presbyterian church. He is a man of enterprise, progress and executive ability, and may be styled a born leader.

Mr. Moore married, in 1895, Belle H. Hainer, daughter of John and Frances (Ruple) Hainer, and they have had four children: William H., born in 1896; Belle F., born in 1898; Catherine M., in 1899; and John Hainer, in 1903. Mrs. Moore's ancestors were residents of Washington county, Pennsylvania, and were among the early settlers who cheerfully gave up life and property in defense of the land of their adoption.

ALBERT JAMES CAYWOOD, merchant and broker, was born in Marietta, Ohio, May 20, 1849. He is the son of William Caywood, born in 1812. In the early part of William Caywood's life he was a tiller of the soil, but later was engaged as a contractor and builder. He served in the Civil war in the One Hundred and Forty-eighth Ohio National Guards. He married Anne Henton, of Liverpool, England, by whom was born these children: John W., Sarah A., Hattie S., George W., Maggie H., Albert James (subject), Elizabeth F. and Henry T. The father died in 1882 and the mother the same year.

Albert J. Caywood was educated at the common schools and then taught school for three terms. He graduated from Marietta College in 1875, and that year came to Pittsburg as the manager of a commission house, and remained with it for fourteen years. In 1893 he engaged in business for himself as a merchandise broker. He is a member of Grace Presbyterian church, and was made an elder in 1906. In 1887 he married Elizabeth L. Brown, daughter of William P. Brown and wife of Allegheny, and to them have been born: Alberta B., born June 3, 1888; William P., born May 30, 1891, and Lindsay P., born February 19, 1900.

Mrs. Caywood's father, William Parks Brown, was born in Kittaning,

Pennsylvania, in 1829. He enlisted in Company E, Twenty-third Pennsylvania Regiment of Volunteers, during the Civil war, made a brave soldier in the cause of the Union and received an honorable discharge. He was later a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Allegheny Post, No. 128. He was engaged in the manufacture of carriages. He married Ellen Lindsay, and they were the parents of children as follows: Robert J., Elizabeth L. and Charles P. Mrs. Brown died March 6, 1861, and afterwards he married Mary B. McLain, by whom three children were born: Sadie M., Minnie B. and Williametta. The father died November 22, 1902, and the mother August 15, 1892.

WILLIAM C. WALLY, a well-known contractor of Etna, was born March 26, 1871, in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, a son of Thomas Wally, a native of the same county, where he followed the calling of a farmer.

William C. Wally grew up on the farm, receiving his education in the public schools of his native county. At the age of eighteen he entered the oil fields of Pennsylvania, serving first as tool-dresser and later working at drilling rigs. In 1897 he left the oil fields and went into the contracting and drilling business, in which he has since been engaged, having holdings of his own about Sharpsburg, to which he also gives his attention.

He affiliates with Lodge No. 448, F. and A. M., of Sharpsburg, and Lodge No. 932, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Etna. He is a Democrat and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Wally married Emma Kneis, and they are the parents of the following children: William, born February 7, 1895; Marian, born March 16, 1897; Harry, born October 9, 1900; and James, born October 31, 1905.

Mrs. Wally is a daughter of Peter Kneis, who was born in Germany, and in 1857 came as a young man to the United States, settling in Allegheny county. He was a wagon maker, owning and operating a shop at Millvale. He voted with the Republicans and was a member of the German Lutheran church. Mr. Kneis married Elizabeth Hassinger, and their children were: Jacob, George, Harry, Catharine, Nancy, Julia, Anna, Mary and Emma, wife of William C. Wally. Mr. Kneis died in February, 1907, and is survived by his widow.

DR. JAMES K. M. PERRINE, of Pittsburg, was born November 20, 1870, at Idlewood, Pennsylvania, and is a representative of an ancient family of French origin, the history of which is traced through the following generations:

(I) Daniel Perrine, founder of the American branch of the family, came from France about the middle of the seventeenth century. It is not known with certainty in what part of the colonies he found a home, but from the fact that his grandson was a resident of New Jersey it seems not improbable that the race was first planted there. He married Maria Thorel.

(II) Peter Perrine, son of Daniel (I) and Maria (Thorel) Perrine, was born in 1667, and presumably lived in New Jersey. He married Ann Holmes.

(III) Henry Perrine, son of Peter (II) and Anna (Holmes) Perrine, was born in 1700, and was a resident of Cranberry, New Jersey. He married Martha Jabs, of that province, by whom he had two sons: Joseph, born in

1733, married Margaret McFaron; and William. Henry Perrine died at Cranberry in 1753.

(IV) William Perrine, son of Henry (III) and Martha (Jabs) Perrine, was born in New Jersey and was killed at Valley Forge while serving in the Continental army under Washington. He married Ann van Rensselaer.

(V) Richard Perrine, only surviving son of William (IV) and Ann (van Rensselaer) Perrine, was born in Baltimore and there passed his life. He married Ann Edmundson, and died in 1822.

(VI) Benjamin Perrine, son of Richard (V) and Ann (Edmundson) Perrine, was born in 1817, in Baltimore. He possessed interests in the mining industry which obliged him to make business trips to the west. In 1849 he set out on one of these journeys and is supposed to have been killed by the Indians, as he was never again heard from. He married Louisa C. Bateman, of Baltimore, and they were the parents of one child, Thomas C.

(VII) Thomas C. Perrine, only child of Benjamin (VI) and Louisa C. (Bateman) Perrine, was born December 30, 1848, in Baltimore, and received his education at Newell's Institute, after which he took a course of bookkeeping at Duff's College. He then engaged in the oil and lamp business in Philadelphia, but after a time sold out and became a partner in the firm of Edmundson & Son, of Pittsburg, the style being altered to Edmundson & Perrine. Later he became the senior member of the firm. From 1892 until his death he was president of the Beelington Steel & Iron Company of Virginia. He was a director in various business enterprises. His political principles were those advocated and supported by the Republican party. He was a prominent member of the Methodist Episcopal church and for seventeen years served as superintendent of the Sunday-school.

Mr. Perrine married Sally J., daughter of J. K. and Susan S. Morange, and they became the parents of two children: Catherine E., born December 31, 1868, in Pittsburg, wife of Samuel N. Nease, children, Sarah J. and Catharine; and James K. M. The death of Mr. Perrine, which occurred in March, 1904, deprived the community of a most estimable man and worthy citizen, devoted to his family and faithful in every duty.

(VIII) James K. M. Perrine, son of Thomas C. (VII) and Sally J. (Morange) Perrine, received his primary education in the public schools of Pittsburg, and was fitted for college at Willard's Preparatory School. From the Western University of Pennsylvania he passed to Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, graduating in 1893 with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. For six months he engaged in general practice in Pittsburg, and then entered the Philadelphia Polyclinic, and after graduating there took a special course, in 1894, in diseases of the eye, nose and throat. He afterward took special courses in Berlin, Heidelberg and Göttingen. After his return home he opened an office in Pittsburg, where he has since practiced as a specialist in diseases of the eye, nose and throat. He was appointed eye surgeon on the ophthalmological staff and a member of the Medical Board of the Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Hospital of Pittsburg. He belongs to the Allegheny County Medical Society, and for one year held the office of president of that body. He is a member of Franklin Lodge, No. 221, F. and A. M., of Pittsburg. In 1898 he was first assistant surgeon in the Seventeenth Regiment, National Guard, state of Pennsylvania, and later became second lieutenant of Company H, Eighteenth Regiment, National Guard, state of Pennsylvania. In

1900 he was promoted to first lieutenant, and in 1902 to captain, from which rank he resigned in October, 1904. In the sphere of politics he is identified with the Republicans. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Dr. Perrine married, in 1903, Laura Broadhead, daughter of Dr. Clarence C. and Laura V. (Broadhead) Rinehart, of Pittsburg. Their children are: 1. Clarence R., born September 4, 1903, and 2. Virginia B., born September 9, 1906.

OTTO F. FREEBING, who has been identified with the drug business for almost twenty years in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is a descendant of an honored family of Germany.

John Freebing, father of Otto F. Freebing, was born in the Black Forest, Germany, and died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1897. He emigrated to America and moved to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, about 1870, which he thenceforth made his permanent home. He was engaged in the iron business. He married Augusta Specht, who was born in Rossdorf, Germany, and died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1897, and they had children: Otto F., see forward; Charles, Bertha, Frederick, William, Emma, Edward, Anna and Laura.

Otto F. Freebing, third child of John and Augusta (Specht) Freebing, was born in Newark, New Jersey, September 16, 1865. He was but a few years of age when his parents moved to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and he acquired his preparatory education in the public schools of the latter city. At the age of fourteen years he accepted a position as clerk in a drug store, and by diligence and faithful application to his duties, combined with earnest study, rose rapidly in this profession. He commenced in this line of business for himself in 1890, at the corner of Park and Frankstown avenues, and two years later built the store in which he carries on his business at the present time. He has more than a merely local reputation for reliability and excellent service, as well as being noted for the pure quality of the drugs he handles. He has taken an active interest in social and fraternal affairs, and is a member of the following organizations: Ben Hur Lodge, No. 107, Knights of Malta; J. B. Nicholson Lodge, No. 585, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Protective Home Circle; Masonic Mutual Aid Association; Leamington Council, No. 1073, National Union; Lincoln Tourist Club, and Western Pennsylvania Retail Druggists' Association. He is a member of the Leamington Presbyterian church, having been one of the six organizers of this institution. Mr. Freebing married, in 1892, Rebecca Hofer, a daughter of Michael Hofer, and they have children: Marion, born in 1898, and Kenneth, born in 1902.

HENRY HOWARD KETTERING. The subject of this sketch, Henry Howard Kettering, proprietor of the elegantly equipped New Rush House, 966 Liberty avenue, is a descendant from one of the oldest and most respected of the pioneer families, who by their skill and downright integrity have contributed a mite at least toward making and developing Pennsylvania into the great commonwealth it is to-day; its descendants have, by the liberal use of brawn and skill, developed its pristine wilderness into rich fields of waving grain, where corn and cereals grow in abundance over a wealth of mineral substance that has made his native county a household word; it has helped

develop its wonderful mines and figured occasionally in a dignified manner in its politics.

Mr. Kettering was the fifth son and seventh child of Adam and Eliza (Motz) Kettering, having been born and reared in Westmoreland county, his natal day being October 14, 1864. His education was obtained in the university of the common people, the Cope and Cemetery schools of Hempfield township being his alma mater. This historic township is the place of his nativity, and over its broad acres he, in childhood's happy days, delighted to roam. School days over, he returned to work on the farm of the parental ancestor who had reared him. Upon attaining his majority, however, guided presumably by the star of genius, he forsook the plowshares, applying for and subsequently entering the employ of the Pennsylvania Railway Company, first as stationary engineer, road fireman on an engine, and eventually into the service of the Pullman Car Company as conductor on a swift train plying between New York, Chicago and St. Louis; following in the path of rectitude, he developed an aptitude which, coupled with a stern and rugged honesty, brought him the highest and worthiest compliments the company has ever given to one of its retiring employes. Tiring of the long trips over the multiplied highway of steel, he sought and found employment in a leading Pittsburg hotel, to which his broad experience and knowledge of men so justly entitled him. His first venture in this line was in 1890, when he secured and filled to the satisfaction of his various employers the position of second clerk at the Seventh Avenue Hotel, later at Newell's in Fifth avenue, and finally as proprietor of the Old Rush House, the latter apparently bringing out his true merit and worth and undeniably laying the cornerstone for the future successes that have crowned his life's work.

As previously stated herein, Mr. Kettering is sole proprietor of the New Rush House, the incumbency of which hallows many pleasant memories even to the oldest and newest of many of the most prominent downtown business men, and is substantial in the commercial firmament. It is quite unnecessary to say that the New Rush House caters to the best of trade, for its cuisine, invariably par excellence, with its lobby always inviting, the furnishings of which are embellished with Mexican onyx, oak and mahogany, together with hand paintings and decorations of the highest type of art, render it attractive to its legions of patrons.

Fraternally speaking, and by way of pardonable digression, it is to be said Mr. Kettering is affiliated with the Masonic order, being a member of Milnor Lodge, No. 287, F. & A. M. In 1893 he received the honor of being a member of the Pennsylvania Consistory, Thirty-second degree.

"Harry," as he is familiarly known, is a most popular boniface, having among other things the happy faculty of making and maintaining friends as his word, invariably a bond, has made his character irreproachable.

Lewis O. Kettering, manager, and a brother, is unqualifiedly a success. His hearty greeting and warm hand shake, coupled with his acquaintance with men and his broad knowledge of them, and his wide experience are each a formidable asset. The lore of his travels, never tirelessly, but pleasantly related, is refreshing to his many friends and the guests of the house as well.

Herman P. Kettering, by his years of faithfulness as clerk, has hundreds of acquaintances who applaud his consistent work. He is the only one of the three brothers mentioned that has met his affinity. He is the proud father of

Richard Adam and Herman P. Kettering, Jr., and has a pretty home in Carrick borough.

CONRAD G. SCHAUUM, a thrifty, energetic business man, and a leading merchant of Sheridan, Pennsylvania, was born at Troy Hill, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1866, a son of Conrad and Catherine Schaum.

Conrad Schaum (father) was born in Hesse-Darmstadt, Germany, January 1, 1827. He received the usual seven years' schooling in his native place, and performed service in the German army, as is the custom of young men in that country. When twenty-one years of age he came to the United States, settling in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. He accepted the position of fireman in the iron mills of Lindsay & McCutcheon, where he remained for some time. He then took up his residence in Pittsburg, and was employed in the same line of work in Painter's Iron Mills, which position he held for the long period of thirty years, which fact is an eloquent testimonial of his faithfulness to duty. He is an active member of the German Evangelical church, and up to the year 1906 served as a member of its board of trustees.

Conrad Schaum married, in England, in 1856, Catherine Luh, who bore him the following children: Catherine, wife of John Smith, of Hazlewood, Pennsylvania; Mary, wife of Caspar Miller, a resident of the Thirty-ninth ward; Elizabeth, wife of Lewis Callahan, of Tyrone, Pennsylvania; Conrad G.; Ann, wife of William Miller, a resident of the Thirty-ninth ward; Lydia, wife of John Helwick, of Osage, Iowa; Frank A. W., of Sheridan, secretary of the Pennsylvania Savings Fund & Loan Association of Fourth avenue; he married Rebecca Plunket. Mr. and Mrs. Schaum celebrated their golden wedding in 1906. Mr. Schaum, despite his age, is hale, hearty and vigorous.

Conrad G. Schaum was six years of age when his parents moved to the borough of Elliott, now the Thirty-ninth ward. His first teacher in the schools of Elliott was Mrs. Mattie Edwards, who is now the wife of W. H. Speakers, one of the well-known business men of Pittsburg. He left school at the age of thirteen, at which time he became self-supporting, becoming a bottle boy in a glass factory, his wages being three dollars per week. He worked in the various departments of the factory until seventeen years of age, at which time he was an oven tender. He then accepted a position as clerk in the grocery store of W. H. Speakers, under whose preceptorship he obtained a thorough knowledge of the business. He served in this capacity for nineteen years, and at the expiration of this period of time, with the capital saved from his earnings, embarked in the grocery business in the building he now occupies. At the beginning he had but one room, but his business has increased so rapidly that he now occupies three large rooms. Last year (1906) his business amounted to thirty-five thousand dollars, and this year the prospects are that it will reach a much higher figure. The success which has attended his efforts has been directly due to his enterprise, energy and determination to succeed. He has steadily advanced, step by step, and now ranks among the prosperous and influential men of his city. He is a staunch adherent of the principles of the Republican party, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Heptasophs and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

Mr. Schaum married, January 9, 1892, in the West End Methodist Episcopal church, Mary E. Hofer, daughter of Michael and Sarah (Nolder) Hofer,

who celebrated their golden wedding in 1904. The ceremony was performed by the late Rev. H. C. Beacon. The children of this union are: Edna Bernice, Nellie Vera, Charles Earle, Mary Elizabeth, Conrad Glen and Clyde Franklin. Mr. and Mrs. Schaum are members of the Sheridan Methodist Episcopal church, and when the present edifice was erected in 1904 he served as a member of the building committee.

HON. FREDERICK HILL COLLIER, LL. D. Among the deceased citizens of Pittsburg whose lives and conduct were of such high value that all classes held them in honor and esteem, was the late Judge Frederick H. Collier. He was born at Millerstown, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, February 25, 1826, and died October 29, 1906. He was the son of Rev. William Collier, D. D., born in Hagerstown, Maryland, May 11, 1803, who married Miss Sarah, daughter of Frederick H. and Margaret (Buckius) Hill, born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, January 2, 1798. By this union were born the following children: 1. Frederick H., of this notice. 2. Charles W., born November 4, 1827, at Millintown, died aged twenty-one years, soon after he had graduated from Columbia College, Washington, District of Columbia, on board a ship from California to Central America. 3. Ann M. E., born October 26, 1836, at Alexandria, Virginia, married James Scott, of Steubenville, Ohio. 4. William S., born July 15, 1859, at Brookville, Maryland, died in Washington, District of Columbia, in 1886.

William Collier, Sr., the subject's grandfather, was born about 1773, in Berks county, Pennsylvania, and married Elizabeth ———. They were the parents of eight children: William, Daniel, Joseph, John, George, Mary, Elizabeth and Rebecca. John and George were in the Civil war and George was killed in that conflict.

Joseph Collier, the great-grandfather and father of William, Sr., married Miss Mary Marx, whose father and seven sons were in the Revolutionary war and the most of them were killed in battle engagements. Joseph Collier and wife were the parents of three children: William Collier, Sr., Daniel and Mary. The Colliers were of English descent, while the Marx family were from Germany originally.

Judge Frederick H. Collier, subject, son of Rev. William Collier, was born February 25, 1826, and received his education at Brookville Academy, near Washington, District of Columbia, graduating from Columbia College of Washington with the class of 1849. He then studied law, was admitted to the bar in the District of Columbia, and removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he was admitted to the Allegheny county bar, January 11, 1851, on motion of William M. Shinn. He was elected district attorney in 1856, served three years, and when the Civil war came on he raised the One Hundred and Thirtieth Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and was elected its colonel. He picked some of the flower of Pittsburg families, who became members of Companies D, G and I, which companies were chiefly made up of Pittsburg and Allegheny county men. The regiment was organized at Camp Howe, near Pittsburg, September 1, 1862, when the government was still attempting to recover from the first Bull Run disaster. Judge Collier was elected colonel, James D. Owen, lieutenant colonel, and W. H. Moody, major of the regiment. After being ordered to the front they received their arms at

Harrisburg, and at once reported at Washington, where they were assigned, September 3, 1862, to the painful duty of burying the dead upon the recently fought battlefield of Bull Run, where they first saw the real horrors of war. The regiment was then sent to join the Third Regiment, Third Division, Sixth Army Corps, at the battle of Antietam. It was at Gettysburg, however, that Colonel Collier and his brave men from Pittsburg distinguished themselves, especially when they marched thirty miles and on July 2, and under General Sedgewick, were led into the relief of the Union left, which had all day been repelling Longstreet's entire force in the celebrated Peach Orchard, defended by General Sickles, and Little Round Top, held by General Sykes. At the head of his men Colonel Collier was accidentally wounded by himself at the close of the engagement. He took part in many fierce battles, along the Rappahannock, at Mine Run, Spottsylvania Courthouse, Cold Harbor, Petersburg and Richmond. He was under General Sheridan at Winchester, Fisher's Hill and Cedar Creek. Later he was under Grant in the army of the Potomac, and breveted brigadier general for gallantry while in action.

His eminent fitness later called him to be detailed for special duty in presiding over important court martial cases, where his services were invaluable to the government at Washington. His reports, which according to military rule, had to be reviewed by the President, passed Mr. Lincoln, and without a single exception the justice was so marked that they all received approval. He was a most intimate friend of Secretary Edwin M. Stanton, then secretary of war, having known him in Pittsburg as a member of the bar, which acquaintance was renewed at Washington, where he was intimately associated with that great cabinet officer.

When Lee surrendered to Grant at Appomattox, General Collier's regiment was in front of Petersburg and participated in the great events which closed the Civil War. The following article is an extract from the "History of Pennsylvania Volunteers": "While the army was lying in front of Petersburg, Lieutenant General Grant had received from patriotic citizens the sum of four hundred and sixty dollars, to be presented to that soldier who should be the first to plant the Union flag on the ramparts of Richmond upon its downfall. As Richmond was not taken by assault, but fell without resistance, as the result of the successful assault on Petersburg on the 2d of April, General Grant deemed that the donors' wishes would be best met by dividing the sum among the three color sergeants most conspicuous for gallantry in the three corps of the army most warmly engaged in the final struggle. He accordingly called in the corps commanders to designate the men who should be the recipients of this coveted honor. General Wright, who commanded the Sixth Corps, reported the name of Sergeant David W. Young, of Company E, One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania Regiment, as most deserving in his corps." Sergeant David W. Young was a member of General Collier's regiment.

Judge Collier returned to Pittsburg when his military duties were ended and resumed the practice of law. He was of the firm of Collier, Miller & McBride, and enjoyed a large practice until 1869, when he was elected the judge of the court of common pleas for the term of ten years, and at the end of that period was reelected in 1879, 1889 and 1899. Under the Constitution of 1874 this court was designated "Court of Common Pleas No. 1," and so remains. On the first Monday in January, 1903, Judge Collier having been

duly commissioned, was qualified as president judge, in which capacity he served until his death. He succeeded Judge Edwin H. Stowe. Judge Collier received the degree of "Doctor of Laws" in 1886 from the Adrian (Michigan) College. Collier township in Allegheny county was named in honor of him.

In religious affiliations Judge Collier was a Methodist Protestant and very many years was an active church worker. He directed the music of the church, and in September prior to his last sickness he conducted rehearsal and sang in the choir. He was an honored member of the Loyal Legion and the Union Veteran Legion, No. 1, which body passed befitting resolutions over his demise and took their old flag to his home to cover his form in death.

No judge in the civil or criminal branches of the courts had a better reputation for study and learning on the rules of evidence, of which he was a recognized master. Patience, urbanity, grace, dignity of deportment on the bench, he displayed in a most marked manner. To the younger members of the bar he was most considerate and affectionate, thus earning the title of "Pap Collier," because of his fatherly treatment. To no lawyer, old or young, was Judge Collier ever known to forget the dignity of his profession, but to no class of the community did he endear himself more than the old comrades of the Civil war. He retained his membership in the Grand Army Post and Union Veteran Legion, and until prevented by age and illness never failed to march with the ranks on the annual Memorial Day occasions and to strew the graves of his departed comrades with rich garlands of flowers. During the last National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Pittsburg he marched the entire long route of the great and imposing parade.

In his last years on the bench he was particularly fond of his old army associations, and in his appointments of court officers always favored the old soldiers. One of the largest camps of Sons of Veterans in the county was named for him. During the last decade of his life he took great delight in entertaining visitors at his beautiful home at Rose Hill, where he used to have one special seat, which overlooked the surrounding country. On the hillside about his natural park-home he produced some of the finest varieties of grapes grown in Pennsylvania.

Judge Collier died at five o'clock and fifteen minutes, on the 29th day of October, 1906. He had been stricken with paralysis and had been confined to his house several weeks. He is survived by three grandchildren, Rebekah Lindsey, only child of Charles W. and Eleanor McCutcheon Collier, and Frederick Collier and Catherine King, children of his daughter, Elizabeth, and James H. McCutcheon.

Of his domestic relations, it may here be stated that he married Catherine King, of Georgetown, District of Columbia, in 1849. She was the daughter of William and Christina (Goszler) King. By this union the following children were born. 1. Kate. 2. Sarah Christine, who married W. W. McBride, of Pittsburg; she died in 1887. 3. Charles W., of whom further mention is made. 4. Elizabeth, married James H. McCutcheon, and their children are: Frederick C., Eleanor, Catherine (deceased), and Elizabeth (deceased). 5. Frances K., died in 1897. 6. Frederick, died in 1859. 7. Dasie, died in 1887. Mrs. Catherine (King) Collier, the mother, was born in 1825, and died in 1905.

Charles Wesley Collier, son of Judge Collier and wife, was born in Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, and graduated from the Western University of

Pennsylvania, with the class of 1875. He registered as a lawyer April 22, 1874, on motion of Jacob H. Miller. His preceptors were his father, Jacob H. Miller, and Archibald McBride. He died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, November 18, 1882. The *Bench and Bar* of a recent date has the following tribute to his character:

"His death was announced in court on the day of its occurrence by Jacob H. Miller and Marshall Swartzwelder. The death of this young man was a sad stroke to his family in many ways. The only son of a distinguished lawyer, soldier, citizen, judge, he was looked upon as the legitimate heir of at least much of his father's merits and good name. He was happily married and had entered upon the work of his profession with all things bright and promising. He had a charming personality, was a thorough gentleman, had a just sense of honor and full of true manly love. Few deaths have been more deplored than that of 'Charlie' Collier, young in years but ripe in goodness."

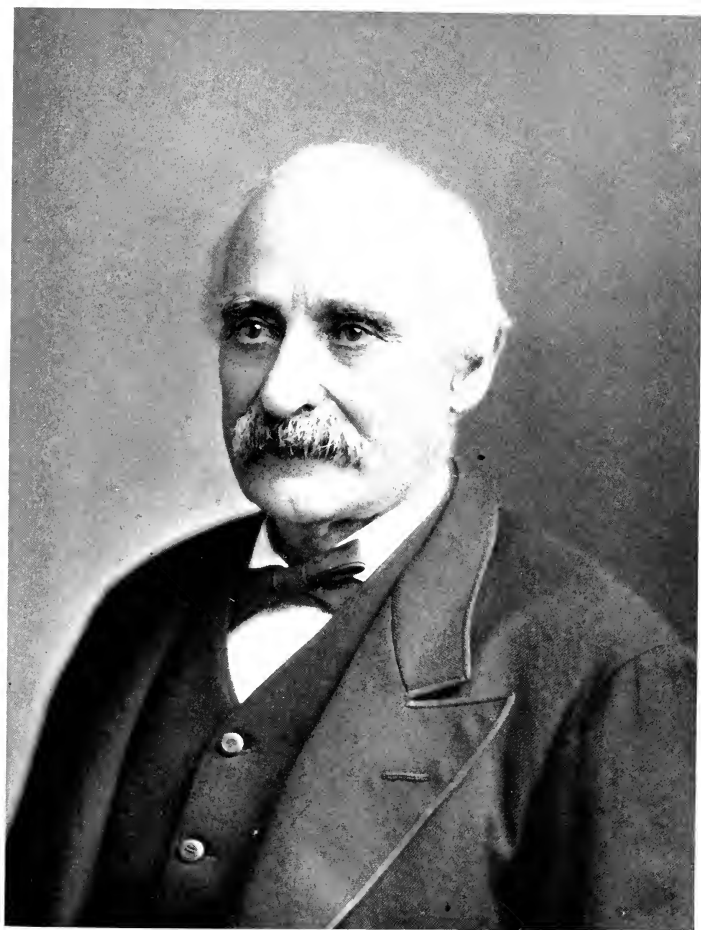
ALVIN FREDERICK STONER, a retired merchant of Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, and who was closely identified with commercial interests for many years, is a representative of an old family of the state, whose pioneer ancestors came from Germany.

Frederick Stoner, grandfather of Alvin Frederick Stoner, was born in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in 1769, and when still very young came to Penn township, where in the early part of the nineteenth century he purchased a farm. He was a blacksmith by trade, but abandoned that occupation in favor of agriculture, in which he was actively engaged until his death in 1835. He married Barbara Whitmore, also of German descent, born in 1775 and died in 1861, and they had children: Christian, married Mary Stoner; John, married Elizabeth Stotler; Frederick; Martha, married David Stotler; Jacob; Joseph, married Nancy Stotler; David; Susan, married Samuel Bush; Abraham (see forward).

Abraham Stoner, youngest child of Frederick and Barbara (Whitmore) Stoner, was born on the Stoner homestead in Penn township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in the fall of 1811. His early life was spent on the home farm, and he had the advantages of as good schooling as the public schools of that day and section afforded. He assisted his father in the cultivation and management of the home farm until 1839, at which time he removed to Wilksburg and associated himself in the general mercantile business with Hugh Boyd. This business was carried on very successfully until 1846, when the partnership was dissolved and Mr. Stoner went to Jacksonville, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where he was in mercantile business and postmaster for a period of four years. He then returned to Wilksburg and resumed his old line of business in 1853, in which he was engaged very profitably until his death, which occurred March 26, 1891. Upon his return to Wilksburg he had erected a store building, and in the following year the house at No. 732 Penn avenue, which is in an excellent state of preservation, and in which his son and daughter are residing at the present time. He was appointed postmaster of Wilksburg by President Van Buren in 1840 and served five years. He was reappointed postmaster of Wilksburg in 1864 by President Lincoln and held this office for twenty years. He was also at one time treasurer of Sterrett township, and was one of the most prominent men in that section of



MRS. REBECCA STONER.



A. Stoner

the state, having always given his active support to the principles of the Republican party. He was an attendant of the Presbyterian church, which represents his faith, and enjoyed the esteem and respect of the entire community. He married November 16, 1848, Rebecca Little, born in Wilkensburg, Pennsylvania, December 16, 1821, and died December 6, 1905, a daughter of David and Christina (Stattenfield) Little, who were married January 1, 1806, and had children as follows: 1. Sarah Ann, born March 5, 1807; married, August 18, 1831, George Johnson. 2. James Denison, born December 29, 1808, was drowned as the result of an accident to the steamer "Citizen," March 10, 1831. 3. Melvina, born November 29, 1810; married, September 4, 1832, Charles Reynolds. 4. Eliza, born November 19, 1812; married, December 15, 1835, Lot O. Reynolds. 5. Margaret Jane, born August 9, 1816; married, April 6, 1830, Rev. John Bonner. 6. David, born October 16, 1819; died January 3, 1820. 7. Rebecca, mentioned above. 8. David, born September 16, 1823. Abraham and Rebecca (Little) Stoner's children are: 1. Eulalia, who died February 27, 1905, married Jonas R. Johnson, and left children: Frederick W. and Everett Reed Johnson. 2. James Whitmore, died December 19, 1884. 3. Marion, died September 10, 1860. 4. Alvin Frederick, see forward. 5. Lillian M.

Alvin Frederick Stoner, third son and fourth child of Abraham and Rebecca (Little) Stoner, was born in the house on Penn avenue, Wilkensburg, Pennsylvania, in which he is at present residing with his sister, Lillian M. He was educated in the public schools of the township and upon the completion of his education entered the business of his father, in due course of time, in 1884, assuming the responsibility of a partner. Upon the death of his father he assumed entire control of the business, and under his able management it flourished until January, 1902, when he retired from active work in the mercantile field and devoted his entire time and attention to the management of the family estate, which had grown to large proportions. He has erected a number of private residences and business blocks in the borough, among them being a large building at No. 738 Penn avenue, which is rented in apartments and for business purposes. He is a member of the First Presbyterian church of Wilkensburg, in which he has been an elder since 1887. He is a Republican in politics.

THE RIGHT REVEREND CORTLANDT WHITEHEAD, S. T. D., Second Bishop of Pittsburg of the Protestant Episcopal Church, was born in New York, October 30, 1842. He prepared for college at Phillips Academy, Andover, where he was graduated in 1859; he entered Yale the same year, and took his A. B. in 1863. His theological course was taken at the Philadelphia Divinity School, where he was graduated in 1867. He received Deacon's Orders from Bishop Odenheimer, in Trinity church, Newark, New Jersey, June 21, 1867, and was ordained priest in St. Mark's chapel, Black Hawk, Colorado, August 8, 1868, by Bishop Randall. Devoting his early ministry to the western mission field, he served for three years in Colorado. Returning to the east he became rector of the Church of the Nativity, South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, 1871-1882, and was a deputy to the general convention from the same diocese in 1877 and in 1880. He received his doctorate in divinity from Union, Schenectady, New York, in 1880; from Hobart, Geneva, New York, in 1887; and from St. Stephen's, Annandale, New York, in 1890, S. T. D.

Bishop Whitehead was consecrated bishop of Pittsburg in Trinity church, Pittsburg, January 25, 1882, by Bishops Stevens, Bedell, M. A. DeWolfe Howe, Scarborough, Peterkin, and the Bishop of Huron, Ontario, Dr. Helmuth.

He was married on July 29, 1868, to Charlotte Burgoyne King, of Roxborough, Massachusetts. He has five adult children, one son and four daughters.

ANTHONY SCHILLO, a well-known citizen of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who is now living in retirement at No. 3803 Penn avenue, in the Fifteenth ward, after many years spent in active business life, is a representative of a German family, as the name would indicate.

Anthony Schillo, father of the subject of this sketch, was born in Prussia, Germany, in the Rhine province of Preusen, in 1813. In his youth he was apprenticed to the trade of moulding, which he learned thoroughly in all its details, and in which he was engaged in his native land until he emigrated to America in 1850. His first place of residence was in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, but at the expiration of one year he removed to Chicago, Illinois, where for a time he followed his trade, but later established a foundry which was known as Schillo, Cassman & Company, and of which he was the leading spirit and head until his retirement from business in 1871. The business, however, is still conducted under the old firm name. Mr. Schillo was a self-made man in the truest sense of the word, for by his industry and close attention to all the details of the business he had succeeded in building up he amassed a fortune. He and his family were members of the Catholic church. In politics he was a Republican, and he cast his first vote for General John C. Fremont. His death occurred in 1884, and that of his wife two years later. He married, in 1836, in Prussia, Gertrude Kloman, born in 1816, a sister of Andrew Kloman, who was prominent in the early history of the iron and steel industry in Pittsburg, and they had nine children, six of whom lived to maturity: Katherine, deceased; Margretta, Anthony, of whom later; Elizabeth, Peter, deceased, and Mary.

Anthony Schillo, eldest surviving son of Anthony and Gertrude (Kloman) Schillo, was born in the province of Rhine, Prussia, Germany, September 9, 1842. He was about eight years of age when he came to this country with his parents, and his education was acquired in the public schools of Chicago, Illinois. He went to Pittsburg in 1859, where he entered the employ of his uncle, Andrew Kloman, and with him served an apprenticeship of three years, and then worked for him as a journeyman for a period of ten years. The firm has now become merged into the Carnegie Steel Company, and Mr. Schillo has worked for it for thirty-six and one-half years. His service was in a variety of fields—as puddler boss, assistant manager and roller boss. He retired from business in 1892, having amassed a competency by his years of toil, and is now enjoying his life retired from all active business interests. He has always been actively interested in educational matters, and served on the school board of Pittsburg for six years. He is a staunch supporter of the Republican party and was elected assessor of the Fifteenth ward of Pittsburg in 1903, and still (1906) holds the position. He and his family are members of the Roman Catholic church, in which Mr. Schillo has been the tenor singer for forty-three years.

He married, in 1863, Elizabeth Kalchthaler, born in Pittsburg, a daughter of John Kalchthaler, who came to America in 1837, and was a butcher for many years, and was prominently identified with the history of the old Adams market. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Schillo are: 1. William A., who succeeded to the position of his father in the steel works, married Theresa Eichenlaub. 2. Albert J., a clerk, married Mary Dietz, and has three children: Anthony, Paul and Mercedes. 3. Theodore J., a member of the Raweston Engraving Company, married Lucy Dauer, and has one child, Gertrude. 4. Bertha, married John J. Dauer, cashier of the Metropolitan Trust Company, and has children: Leo Anthony, John Perre, Earl Theodore and Louisa Elizabeth.

SAMUEL CLYDE SCOTT, of Sheridan, serving in the capacity of secretary, treasurer and manager of The John Wade Lumber Company, is a native of Burgettstown, Washington county, Pennsylvania, born June 1, 1879. He is a son of John Lindley and Sarah Elizabeth (McNary) Scott, and a grandson of Samuel Gordon Scott, whose birth occurred in Washington county, Pennsylvania.

John Lindley Scott (father) was born in Burgettstown, Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1847. He attended the schools of Pittsburg, and the knowledge thus gained was supplemented by attendance at a business college in that city. His first venture in business life was in the meat trade, which he abandoned in order to engage in the lumber business in Burgettstown, in which he achieved a well merited degree of success. He married Sarah Elizabeth McNary, of Burgettstown, born in 1849, a daughter of William McNary, also of Burgettstown, who was a carpenter and builder, and whose family consisted of four other children, namely: Samuel, a resident of Denison, Ohio, married a Miss Simcox; they were the parents of three children. Amanda, married a Mr. Davies for her first husband, and a Mr. Stottlemeyer for her second husband; she had two children, now deceased. Emma, unmarried, is a milliner in Burgettstown. Mary Ellen, died in early life. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Scott were as follows: Willa Amanda, born in 1870, married (first) Harry McGregor, one child, Elizabeth, born in 1890, married M. L. Skippy, of Pittsburg; married (second) M. H. McClintock, three children: Mary Blanche, born in 1898; Warren Ford, in 1900; Archibald Scott, in 1902. Emma Elfrida, born in 1872, died unmarried, December 20, 1906, in Sheridan. Annie Drucilla, born in 1874, died unmarried, May 8, 1904, in Sheridan. William Clare, born June 1, 1879, unmarried, a carpenter by trade, residing in Sheridan. Samuel Clyde, twin of William, of whom later. Mrs. Scott, the mother of these children, resides with her son, Samuel C. Scott.

Samuel C. Scott received a very meager education in the schools of his native town. At the age of sixteen he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad as assistant agent, and continued as such until he attained the age of nineteen years. He then removed to Sheridan and entered the employ of the John Wade Lumber Company as a clerk, in which capacity he served until a new company was formed, known as the McPeak, Wade & Scott Lumber Company, and he was then elected secretary, treasurer and manager of the company, which offices he is filling in a creditable manner at the present time (1907). The company also have a branch in West Liberty, over which Mr.

Scott has control. His career is an example of what can be accomplished by perseverance and energy, and it is well worthy of emulation. He is a member of the First Presbyterian church of Sheridan, and his political allegiance is given to the Democratic party.

Mr. Scott married, December 20, 1904, in Pittsburg, Edna B. Van Kirk, daughter of Samuel and Isabelle (Jackson) Van Kirk, the former of whom was an engineer and resided in Millvale, Pennsylvania, and the latter a native of Allegheny, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Scott only lived a short time after her marriage, passing away June 9, 1905, in Millvale, Pennsylvania.

THE FETTERMAN FAMILY were originally from Germany, owning large mills in Hessen-Darmstadt. The American ancestor came to this country prior to the Revolution and settled on the Susquehanna river, above Harrisburg, at or near Lock Haven, acquiring property and mills in that section. The Fetterman homestead in Scott township has now been in the possession of the family for more than one hundred years. Members of this family have attained prominence in the various professions, notably that of law, and have rendered signal service in defense of the rights of their adopted country.

(1) Washington Wilfred Fetterman married Hannah Plumer, daughter of Nathaniel Plumer and granddaughter of Jonathan Plumer, whose ancestors came to Newburyport, Massachusetts, in 1633. Jonathan Plumer came across the country early in the eighteenth century and settled near where the old Allegheny arsenal stood. He was commissary to General Braddock in 1755; accompanied General Forbes when Fort Duquesne was taken in 1758; and was then with General Bouquet. Toward the latter part of the century his son Nathaniel purchased a large tract of land south of Pittsburg, which became the Plumer homestead, and on which the three sons of Washington W. and Hannah (Plumer) Fetterman were born. Mrs. Fetterman lived with her father for some years after her marriage. The old house is still standing and is now occupied by John Anderson. The house occupied by Nathaniel Plumer Fetterman and afterwards by his son, Judge Charles Sylvester Fetterman, stands on the opposite side of the road just above the Plumer homestead. It is called the Fetterman homestead, and is now occupied by the Mount Lebanon Country Club. The children of Washington W. and Hannah (Plumer) Fetterman were: 1. Washington Wilfred, born in 1802. He was admitted to the bar in 1822, and was very prominent not only in Pittsburg, but throughout western Pennsylvania. He became a convert to the Catholic faith after his marriage, and donated the site of old St. Paul's Cathedral in Fifth avenue, Pittsburg. He owned from two to four thousand acres of land in West Virginia, and founded the town of Fetterman in that state. His death occurred in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, December 12, 1838. He married, in 1822, Sarah de Bulan, granddaughter of Baron de Bulan, who, until the death of Joseph the Second of Austria, was ambassador to the United States. They had two daughters and three sons: Colonel Fetterman, a member of Pennsylvania Volunteers, died from the effects of wounds received in three years of active service. Gilbert Lafayette Bulan had General La Fayette Bulan for godfather, he being an intimate friend of the elder Fetterman and on a visit to America at the time of the birth of this child, in 1824. He received his classical education in Mount St. Mary's College, studied law in the office of

Judge Baldwin, and was admitted to the bar in 1850. He was in partnership with his uncle, Nathaniel Plumer Fetterman, for some years, was prominent in his profession and noted for his ability as a speaker. He died in 1883. He married M. Augusta Gloninger, of Baltimore, Maryland, and their daughter, Alice Grace, married John Leo Walsh, of Pittsburg. Wilfred B. resides in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 2. Nathaniel Plumer, see forward. 3. George Plumer, born in 1807, was a graduate of West Point. He was a captain in the regular army. He married and had a son—William—who was also a captain in the regular army, and who was massacred by the Indians at what is now called Fort Fetterman, Wyoming. Both father and son died young. 4 and 5. Daughters, both deceased.

(II) Nathaniel Plumer Fetterman, second son and child of Washington Wilfred and Hannah (Plumer) Fetterman, was born February 4, 1804. He was born in the Plumer homestead and acquired his preliminary education preparatory to entering upon the study of law. This he undertook in the office of his brother, Washington Wilfred, and for many years was a leading member of the bar of western Pennsylvania. Upon attaining his majority he was admitted to the bar August 14, 1825, and subsequently removed to Bedford, Pennsylvania. After a residence there of several years he represented Bedford county in the lower branch of the legislature for three successive years, about 1828. To him may be accredited the origin of the present common school system, while through his ability and perseverance the first law inaugurating it in this state was passed through the legislature. At the expiration of his third term he was urged to become a candidate for congress from the Bedford district; he, however, declined the honor, and devoted his time and attention exclusively to the fulfilment of his professional duties. He removed to Beaver, Pennsylvania, in 1830, residing there until 1849, then returned to Pittsburg and entered into a partnership with his nephew, Gilbert L. B. Fetterman, under the firm name of N. P. & G. L. B. Fetterman, this association continuing for several years. Mr. Fetterman was subsequently a member of the Pittsburg bar, and attended also the courts of the neighboring counties, participating in almost every case of importance, both civil and criminal. In the celebrated case of the Commonwealth versus Montgomery et al., for the murder of Dawson in Washington county, and also in the case of the Commonwealth versus Sheets, for murder in Beaver county, he was retained by the commonwealth and distinguished himself by his learning, patient research and shrewdness. Until the outbreak of the Civil war he was a member of the Democratic party and one of the leading political orators in western Pennsylvania. During the presidency of James Buchanan he was repeatedly solicited to accept various positions of trust and honor, but he invariably declined both public office and emolument. During the war he was a warm advocate of the cause of the Union, acted as a war Democrat, later joining the Republican party, of which he became an active and influential member. He was active in equipping soldiers for the army, and gave two of his sons as volunteers in the service of the country, they being members of the One Hundred and First Pennsylvania Regiment. He served as chairman of the examining committee of Pittsburg to pass judgment upon all applicants for admission to practice law, and in this responsible position acted with admirable judgment and impartial discretion. He was continually consulted by attorneys from all parts of the state for his

opinion on points of law. He married, December 28, 1828, Anna Dillon, daughter of Humphrey Dillon, of Bedford, Pennsylvania, and granddaughter of Lord Dillon, and they had ten children.

(III) Hon. Charles Sylvester Fetterman, son of Nathaniel Plumer and Anna (Dillon) Fetterman, was born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, May 19, 1840. He was eight years of age when his family removed to Allegheny county, and attended the common schools of the South Side. This was supplemented by an academical course, during which he was frequently commended for his originality of thought. He then took up the study of law under the preceptorship of his father, completing his studies in 1864, and was examined and admitted to the Allegheny bar. His industry and powers of concentration of thought were remarkable. His rise was so rapid as to excite much comment from older members of the profession. His record was that of a man of well balanced mind and great intellect. He was noted for clearness and accuracy and for the impartiality of his rulings. During his career on the bench his rulings were never reversed by the supreme court. He was appointed to fill a vacancy on the bench of common pleas court No. 1, caused by the elevation of Judge James P. Sterrett, afterward chief justice, to the supreme court. He was nominated on the Republican ticket for the ensuing term, but was defeated. He was again a candidate for the bench in 1891, on the "Straight out" Republican ticket, and was defeated, although he polled twenty thousand votes. Judge Fetterman was assistant city attorney for Pittsburg for a number of years, but declined a reappointment, as he wished to give his entire attention to his private practice. The first vote of Judge Fetterman was cast for Lincoln, and from that time he was a faithful and active worker for the Republican interests. The Economite Society owed much of its prosperity to the efforts of Judge Fetterman. He was the legal adviser of the famous Father Henrici for many years, and named one of his children for him. He was president of the Western Pennsylvania Historical Society for some years, and for a portion of that time member of the law examining board. His death, which was due to heat prostration, occurred August 17, 1900.

He married (first), in 1863, Mary Douglass, who died in the course of a few years, leaving one child, Charles D., now in the internal revenue department in Pittsburg. He married (second), November 17, 1870, Eliza McElroy, who died in 1896, a daughter of J. M. McElroy, then superintendent of the county home. They had six children: Emilie Blake (Mrs. James Ernest Fulton); Dr. James McElroy, of Hawthorn, Pennsylvania; Agnes M., who married Thomas McCleary; Valeria J.; Robert D., who died July 4, 1902; and Jacob Henrici.

LOUIS HOBE, a well known German-American citizen of Pittsburg, was born August 19, 1865, in Luneburg, Germany, a son of Karl Hobe, a native of the same country, who came to the United States in 1879 and settled in Pittsburg, where he engaged in business as a butcher. Mr. Hobe, Sr., was twice married, his first wife being Mary Raucher, who bore him eight children, three of whom are living, Mary, Charles and Louis, of whom later. Mrs. Hobe died in 1865, and Mr. Hope, Sr., subsequently married Dora Miller, by whom he became the father of eight more children: Elanora,

Bertha, Herman and Rudolph living, and four deceased. The death of Mr. Hobe, the father, occurred in 1891.

Louis Hobe, son of Karl and Mary (Raucher) Hobe, received his education in the schools of his native town, and about 1881 came to Pittsburg, where he has since conducted a successful business as a butcher. He is a member of the Maccabees and of East Liberty Lodge No. 369.

Mr. Hobe married Catharine Pfeil, of Pittsburg, January 28, 1892, and they are the parents of the following children: William E., born April 25, 1893; Louis C., born July 22, 1894; Walter, born January 6, 1897; Leonard, born March 26, 1898; Carl B., born October 16, 1899; Fredia S., born August 9, 1901; Albert L., born June 22, 1903; Catharine J., born March 16, 1905; and Helen R., born April 27, 1907. During his residence in Pittsburg of more than a quarter of a century Mr. Hobe has not failed to identify himself with the best interests of the community.

THE BUHOUP FAMILY. The head of this widely known family, John Buhoup, was a native of Hesse Cassel, Germany. The German spelling of his name was Beauchaupt, which in time has become anglicized into the present spelling and pronunciation, Buhoup. In 1776, although only fifteen years of age, he was drafted into the army and was among the Hessians sold to the English and sent to America to assist in subduing the American colonists. However, young Buhoup did not favor the English cause and soon deserted, but was captured and sentenced to be executed. By some oversight his name was not called. He again deserted, was caught and again sentenced to death, but on account of his extreme youth was pardoned. December 25, 1776, he deserted a third time; shooting an English officer in his effort to escape, and arming himself with the sword of the slain man he made his way to the Continental army and joined its ranks, serving under Washington until the close of the struggle for independence. He also took an active part in the war of 1812, enlisting from Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, and was wounded and lost a leg. He died at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, at the age of ninety-eight years. He married about the year 1800—his wife's maiden name being now unknown.

The offspring of this union was but one child, a son—John Buhoup—born May 4, 1802, at Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, and died in 1866. He was a man of good education, well versed in both the German and English languages, and attained a position of influence and prominence in the community. He was a carpenter by trade, following that occupation through the greater part of his life, engaging in many contracts. He migrated west of the Allegheny Mountains in 1837, coming to Pittsburg and residing on Liberty street, near the present site of Union Station. In 1848 he moved to Duquesne Borough, which later became the Eighth ward of Allegheny City, where he spent the remainder of his life. He served as burgess, and was three times elected justice of the peace. He was also German interpreter at the Allegheny county court. He was a man of strong religious convictions and a member of the Winebrenarian denomination. His political affiliations were with the Republican party, in the organization of which he took an active part.

In 1824 Mr. Buhoup married Anna M. Barklow, born in 1806, and died in 1881. She was a granddaughter of Nancy Frey, whose maiden name was

Howard, and who was abducted when a child from her home at Bristol, England, by an English sea captain. He brought her to America and sold her to servitude in Philadelphia. She later married Michael Frey, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. John and Anna M. Barklow Buhoup had children as follows:

(1) Jonathan W., born 1825; married, October 4, 1848, to Jane Dick, of Allegheny; died 1862. At the breaking out of the Mexican war he joined an Arkansas cavalry regiment, marched overland to the seat of war, was in several battles, was taken prisoner, escaped through the friendly offices of a Catholic priest and rejoined his regiment, serving until the end of the war. Returning to Pittsburg he published an account of his campaign. Later he engaged in steamboating on southern waters and also ran a cotton plantation. He is survived by his wife and two daughters.

(2) John L., born 1827, now living in Kansas City, Kansas. He was raised and educated in Pittsburg, served three years in the Civil war in the One Hundred and Second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. He was ordained a minister of the Methodist Protestant church. He married Susan Andrews, now deceased, and has five children living.

(3) Margaret Ann, born August 1, 1830, died February 2, 1905. She married Samuel D. Lindsay. (See sketch of Homer J. Lindsay elsewhere in this work.)

(4) Solomon W., born January 30, 1833, died in infancy.

(5) Katherine S., born in 1835, died in 1851.

(6) Elizabeth J., born in 1838, the wife of George Abel, resides in Pittsburg and has three children living.

(7) Lucinda, born November 15, 1840, was educated in Pittsburg.

(8) Henry C., born in 1845, educated in Pittsburg. He enlisted at the early age of sixteen years in the One Hundred and Second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, in the same company with his brother, John L. He served three years, and was wounded at Chancellorsville. After the war he returned to Pittsburg and engaged as secretary of the Citizens' Street Railway Company, and afterward became connected with the McConway-Torley Company. Later he became resident Chicago agent for this firm. Mr. Buhoup is well known in railroad circles through his inventions, among which are improvements in car couplers, platforms and brake beams. He is president of the Pacific Sugar Company, owning and operating extensive farms and mills producing beet sugar in Tulare and Kings counties, California. He married Miss Virginia Abdill, of Chicago. Mr. Buhoup is a member of Duquesne Club, Pittsburg.

Lucinda Buhoup, the seventh child, was married in 1858 to Henry Logan Hershman. At the commencement of the Civil war Mr. Hershman enlisted as a private in the One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. By gallant conduct he earned promotion to the rank of orderly and later to sergeant. He was killed at the battle of Fort Harrison, Chapin Farm, Virginia, September 29, 1864. Mrs. Hershman had two children, Oliver S. and Anna E.

Mrs. Hershman's son, Oliver S., was born in Pittsburg in 1859. He was educated in the public schools, supplemented with home study and reading. He began his business career in the employ of the Pittsburg *Evening Telegraph*. So well and faithfully did he discharge the duties assigned him that

his advancement from rank to rank was rapid until he had successively attained the positions of secretary, treasurer and manager of the paper. He gradually acquired a controlling interest and was in sole charge when it was consolidated with the *Chronicle* and was thenceforth known as the *Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph*. In 1900 Mr. Hershman sold his interest in this paper and purchased the *Pittsburg Press*; a little later, having bought the *Daily News*, the two papers were merged and published under the title of the *Pittsburg Press*, of which Lieutenant-Colonel Hershman is the leading spirit. During his many years' connection with the public press, Colonel Hershman never sought public office; his appointment as aide-de-camp on the staff of Governor Edwin S. Stuart was tendered him without any effort on his part. His appointment was viewed with great satisfaction by his numerous friends and citizens of Pittsburg, irrespective of party. He succeeded his late cousin, Colonel Homer J. Lindsay, just one day after he had finished thirty-four years of consecutive newspaper work. Colonel Hershman is truly a self-made man. His energy, determination and executive ability have enabled him to make his way unaided. He is a member of Duquesne, Union, University, Country and Automobile Clubs of Pittsburg. He is also a member of Grace Reformed church. He married Belle C. Boyd, a daughter of William and Orpha Boyd.

Mrs. Hershman's daughter, Anna E., was born and educated in Pittsburg. She is now Mrs. Holman, of California. Her husband is a prominent real estate dealer of Los Angeles.

Mrs. Hershman, mother of Lieutenant-Colonel Oliver S. Hershman, is a remarkable woman. For more than thirty years she resided on Mt. Washington, and is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of that place. Since coming to East End, however, she attends services at the Presbyterian church. She is most liberal minded and is ever ready to assist the needy to the full extent of her power. She is an entertaining talker, and has a fund of interesting reminiscences at her command. She is greatly loved by young and old and is the life of a large circle of friends. In July of this year (1907) she made a trans-Atlantic trip, accompanied by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. O. S. Hershman, spending some considerable time in England and on the continent, visiting London, Paris and Berlin and spending some time in Switzerland. She also visited Hesse Cassel, in Germany, the home of her ancestors.

PHILIP PAUL, an honored and esteemed resident of Sheridan, Pennsylvania, is a native of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, born December 23, 1832. His parents were Lewis and Mary (Pringle) Paul.

Lewis Paul (father) was born in Cambria county, Pennsylvania. He was a farmer by occupation, deriving therefrom a comfortable livelihood. He remained in Cambria county throughout his entire lifetime, passing away in 1859, aged over eighty years. He married Mary Pringle, a member of one of the oldest families of Cambria county, a descendant of Philip and George Pringle, who were born in the eastern part of Pennsylvania, but at an early day settled in the wilderness near what is now known as "Pringle Hill." The Pringles are of Scotch extraction. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Paul were: Samuel, who remained at home; Mrs. Settmyers, of Johnstown; Sallie, wife of A. D. Carpenter, now residing in Knoxville; Susie, who married a Mr. Berkheimer, now deceased, in Cambria county, in 1880; Polly, married Ernst

George, and both are now deceased; Lydia, married John Brown, proprietor of the Commercial Hotel at Cresson, Pennsylvania; Philip, of whom later. Polly Paul, aunt of Philip Paul and sister of Lewis Paul, was murdered for money at her home in Cambria county; this was known as the Houser-Bowser murder trial.

Philip Paul spent his life, up to the time of his marriage, in Cambria county, residing in an old log cabin. He then settled at Smithfield street and Calvin avenue. For many years he worked as a flagman on the railroad with Andrew Carnegie, the well known capitalist. During the Civil war he took up his residence in Pittsburg, entering the employ of the government, working at breaking mules and driving supply teams between Pittsburg and Wilkesburg, and after the war he was employed in teaming in the city of Pittsburg. He removed to Sheridan, same state, March 10, 1879, and there erected a house for his own use, in which he now resides. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, a Democrat in politics, active in the affairs of his party, although he has never held office, and is respected by all who have the honor of his acquaintance.

Mr. Paul married, April 9, 1857, Annie Stahl, born and reared in Somerset, Somerset county, her birth occurring in the year 1844. When quite young she came to Pittsburg. She is a daughter of John Stahl, a native of Somerset county, whose parents came from Berlin, Germany. Mrs. Paul was one of a family of fifteen children. The issue of this marriage was four children, namely: 1. Mary, married a Mr. Tidball, of Remington, Pennsylvania. 2. Annie, married Victor Oltman. 3. William, married Nellie Clark and resides with his mother at the old home. 4. George W., of Inghram, Pennsylvania, born August 15, 1869, received his education in the schools of the Fifth ward of Pittsburg, and also in Sheridan. He is a manufacturer of awnings and tents on Washington street, Pittsburg. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Inghram, and a Republican in politics. He married Laura Gass, of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they have one child, Lewis, now (1907) in this third year.

DAVID FRANKLIN LANE, who has been connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad for the past twenty years and now fills the responsible position of conductor on the passenger service, is a representative of the fourth generation of his family in this country, they tracing their earlier ancestry to Germany.

Richard Lane, great-grandfather of David Franklin Lane, was the son of John Lane, who came from Germany. (Fifth generation.) Richard Lane was born January 12, 1759, in Pennsylvania, and died June 19, 1838. He was of German parents. Hannah Morris, his wife, was born May 14, 1765, in Pennsylvania, and died February 12, 1840. They were married November 9, 1784, and their children were: Elizabeth, born March 19, 1786, died March 6, 1826; Dutton, born May 14, 1788, died in 1858; Charlotte, born November 29, 1790; Mary, born April 30, 1793; Hannah, born February 19, 1796, died July 28, 1822; Jane, born September 10, 1797; Abraham, born April 8, 1800, died July 29, 1822, having been accidentally killed by the falling of a bridge; Susanna, born October 29, 1802, died November 14, 1885; she married John Cutchall; Richard, born August 25, 1805, died May 16, 1807; Presochia, born

October 22, 1807, died August 8, 1884. Presochia married Robert Madden, celebrated in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, as a bridge builder. He was one of the first, if not the first, to build covered bridges in Pennsylvania.

Dutton Lane, son of Richard Lane, was born in 1788 and died about 1858. At the time of the death of his father he inherited, and obtained by purchase from the other heirs, a large share of the family estate. In order to have this legally accomplished he was obliged to ride all the way to Iowa on horseback, a trip full of many dangers and hardships in those early days. He became one of the most prominent and influential farmers in Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. In politics he was a staunch Whig, and he was a consistent member of the old school Baptist church, and a conscientious and earnest worker in the interests of that institution. He married (first) Elizabeth Ramsey and had children: William Lane, who was killed by a falling tree; Richard; John; Jennie; Hannah; and Abraham, who was killed by accident. His second wife was Sarah Stains, and they had children: Dutton, Jacob, Daniel, Mary Ann, Sarah, Thompson and Lemuel. Dutton died young, killed by the falling of a bridge; he was unmarried. Daniel Lane, born in 1828, married Belle Kiler and had children: An infant, deceased; Barton, married a Miss Starr; David, married Alice Lane; William, deceased; infant twins, deceased; Ninnie, single; Edward, married; Earl, married. Mary Ann, born in 1832, married Professor James Norris, a native of Rocksdale, England, who was in active service during the Mexican war, and they had children: Alice, married John Kraus; Samuel, married Amand Gutshall; Olive, deceased, unmarried; Sarah, deceased, unmarried; Benjamine, married Ann Bolinger; Herbert, married Nin Lane; Hiram Brook, married Clemma Rider. Thompson Lane, born in 1830, married Elizabeth Stevens and had children: Francis, Herbert and Wesley, all married. Sarah, born in 1834, married James Cowan, a celebrated violinist, and had children: Jacob, married Malissa Gutshall; Sarah, deceased, unmarried; Mary Ann, deceased, unmarried; Rodah, married Hyat Edwards; James, unmarried; Effie, married John Troy; Samuel, deceased, married Miss Flasher; Perdeda, married Martin Walter. Lemuel Lane, born in 1836, married Mary Ann Parks and they had children: Alexandra, married Miss Hooper; Jearldine, married John Hooper; Jane, married a Mr. Ramsey; and Walter and Charles, unmarried.

Jacob Lane, second son and child of Dutton and Sarah (Stains) Lane, was born in Springfield township, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, on the old homestead, October 25, 1826, and died December 28, 1902. His education was acquired in the local schools, and at the death of his father the family estate passed into his hands, partly as a matter of inheritance and partly by purchase from the other heirs. This consisted of one hundred and thirty-two acres, and he cultivated it as his father had done before him. He was very successful as a farmer, and attained prominence in the public affairs of the township and the county. His interest in educational matters was manifested by his having served as a member of the school board for many years and until his death. He filled the office of constable for twenty years, and also served as supervisor for a long period. He was a man greatly respected by all his townsmen for his unflinching integrity and fair dealing with all with whom he had business connections. It is said of him that there never was a lawsuit against him and that he never brought suit against any one throughout his life. He was a staunch Republican in his political affiliations, and a mem-

ber of the Church of God. He married Rachel Wible, born in 1836 and died February 26, 1899. She bore him the following named children: 1. Sarah Jane, died in childhood. 2. David Franklin, see forward. 3. Dutton A., born August 8, 1863, married Elizabeth Ferrenburg and had children: Delmar F., married Miss Locke; Minerva, married a Mr. Lynn, and Jacob Brince, Dessa, Mary, Ira, Fannie, Lester, Gertrude, Myrtle, Rufas and Corbet. 4. James R., who was an employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and was killed in a railway accident on Jacks Run Cut, a branch of the Pennsylvania Railroad, March 26, 1899. He married Catherine Wilkins and had one child, Mary Martha. 5. Elizabeth, married Frank Starr, and they had children: Maizy, Ruth, Wilmer, Edith, Minerva, James, Loyd and Pauline. 6. Professor Jacob Grant, married Ettie Cromwell; has had children: Clyde, James, deceased, and Louis. 7. Jennie Bell, married Wilson Brown; has children: Arthur James, Onetta, Martha and Sheldon. 8. Dr. Henry Clay, married Lottie Smith; has children: Wilber and Robert Don.

David Franklin Lane, eldest son and second child of Jacob and Rachel (Wible) Lane, was born in Springfield township, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1861. He was reared on the old homestead, receiving his education in the public schools of that section, and in select schools at Orbisina and Shippensburg, 1885. He taught school for six years, at the same time carrying on his studies during the summer months, and closed his last term as a teacher at Scaffersville, Huntingdon county, in 1887. He then obtained a position as special accountant and overseer for Hoover, Hughes & Company, while they were engaged in the construction of the Catholic College of Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. He entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company October 25, 1887, as brakeman in the passenger service, retaining that position until May 10, 1896, when he was advanced to the position of conductor, a position he has filled to the satisfaction of the company for the past twenty years. He is a strong supporter of the principles of the Republican party, and a member of the Trinity Reformed church of Wilkesburg. He is connected with the following fraternal organizations: Orient Lodge No. 590, Free and Accepted Masons, of Wilkesburg; Council No. 760, Royal Arcanum; is past officer of the Order of Railway Conductors, R. B. Hawkins No. 115.

He married, January 19, 1888, Cora May Harnish, born October 27, 1863, a daughter of Peter K. and Celina (Wilson) Harnish, the former born in 1834 and died in 1897. He was educated at Mercersburg College and was a man of considerable literary attainments. He taught school for a time near Wilkesburg and subsequently became a farmer in New Valley. He had children: Cora May, mentioned above; Hayes, died young; Blair; Samuel, died young; Sue; Ida Bess; Rachel M., a trained nurse by profession. Mr. and Mrs. Lane have had children: Norman Harnish, born June 19, 1899; Paul Vincent, born May 30, 1901; David Olin, born August 5, 1905.

HARRY CLARKSON WESTERVELT, M. D., one of the prominent and successful medical practitioners of Pittsburg, was born April 14, 1867, son of Abraham, Jr., and Hannah (McClatchey) Westervelt.

He was educated in the Pittsburg schools and University of Pennsylvania. For a number of years he was connected with the Northwestern Mutual Life



ABRAHAM WESTERVELT.



Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, he being the assistant manager of the Pittsburg branch of that company. At the same time he was educating himself for the medical profession. He graduated from the Pennsylvania University with the class of 1898. During the years of 1898-99 he was resident physician and surgeon of the Cooper Hospital of Camden, New Jersey, after which he opened an office in Pittsburg and is now located in the Liberty Bank building, at the East End. Dr. Westervelt is a member of the Alumni Society of the University of Pennsylvania; the Allegheny County Medical Society; Pennsylvania Medical Society; Pittsburg College of Physicians, and the American Medical Association. In his church faith he is Episcopal and affiliates with the Calvary Episcopal Church, at the East End, where during the erection of the new and magnificent edifice he donated liberally in both time and means toward furthering the work.

He was united in marriage November 7, 1900, to Frederica Ballard, daughter of Frederick L. and Alice (Walker) Ballard, who are also the parents of Ellis A. Ballard, an attorney of Philadelphia. The two children born to Dr. and Mrs. Westervelt are: Harriet Clarkson, born February 10, 1902; Frederick B., July 30, 1903.

JAMES RITCHIE, senior member of the firm of James Ritchie & Son, of Pittsburg, was born in Ireland, a son of William John Ritchie, who was born in Magherafelt, county Derry, whence he emigrated with his family to the United States. He first spent three years in Philadelphia, being engaged in the grocery business, and then came to Pittsburg, where he turned his attention to the manufacture of packing boxes.

William John Ritchie married Rachel McCutcheon and their children were: George; James; William; Sarah, deceased, wife of Wilkins Lenhart; Mary A., deceased, wife of James Garrity; and Elizabeth, wife of Thomas Nelson. The mother of these children died on the voyage to this country and was buried at sea. The father died in 1855 in Pittsburg. The sons all became useful and capable business men of Pittsburg, and during the Civil war all served with distinction in the Union army. George was lieutenant of the Hampton Battery, and went through the entire conflict, finally dying of wounds received at the battle of Gettysburg. William is manager for Weyman & Company, tobacco manufacturers, a position he has held for twenty-eight years.

James Ritchie, son of William John and Rachel (McCutcheon) Ritchie, was born in Ireland, and was six years old when brought by his parents to the United States. He was educated in the public schools of Philadelphia and Pittsburg, receiving instruction in those of the Third, Fifth and Sixth wards. Deciding to be a printer, he apprenticed himself to J. McMillan, a job printer of Pittsburg, for whom he worked six years, when failing sight forced him to abandon his chosen trade. Since 1887 he has been actively engaged in the lumber business in Mount Washington, the present style of the firm being James Ritchie & Son. They have offices and yards on Virginia avenue, where they deal in a complete line of lumber and building supplies.

In 1864 he enlisted in Company K, Forty-ninth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served until the close of the war, when he received an honorable discharge. For two terms he held the office of mercantile appraiser. He

is a Republican and a member of the United Presbyterian church of Mount Washington.

Mr. Ritchie married Anna Eliza Neely, and of the seven children born to them three died in childhood: Alma, Florence and Elizabeth. Those living are: Jonathan, with the Penn Salt Company at Natrona, Pennsylvania, married Margaret Taggart, of Allegheny; Jennie Glenn, wife of William Sherman, of Carrick, bookkeeper for D. L. Gillespie; Mary Emma, wife of William McGahan, of Mount Washington, government postal clerk; children, James and Helen; and William, of the firm of James Ritchie & Son, married Nellie Martin, of Pittsburg.

Mrs. Ritchie is the only child of Jonathan Neely, who was born in Chartiers township, son of Watson and Martha Neely, natives of Ireland. Jonathan Neely in early life was a farmer, but later became actively identified with Pittsburg politics, particularly in Mount Washington, his home for the greater part of his long life. For many years he was tipstaff at the court house, and for a long time held the office of tax collector. He served three terms as county commissioner of Allegheny county, and in politics was an ardent Republican. He was an active member of the United Presbyterian church.

Mr. Neely married Jane Glenn, daughter of James Henry, of Pittsburg, and they were the parents of one daughter, Anna Eliza, who became the wife of James Ritchie. Mrs. Neely at the time of her death was seventy-one. Mr. Neely lived to the advanced age of eighty-six, passing away in the home which he had built for himself many years before on Virginia avenue.

JOHN PAUL. The late John Paul, a resident of Mount Washington and a successful merchant of Pittsburg, was of Irish birth and parentage. His mother died when he was very young, and he was afterward brought to the United States by his father.

John Paul was brought up in the family of the grandfather of Christopher Magee, by whose father he was instructed in the hatters' trade. Mr. Paul followed his trade for several years, and then established himself in the hat and furnishing business, his store being situated on Smithfield street, and noted as the leading one of its class in Pittsburg. Mr. Paul owned and personally conducted the business until his death. He served in the common council of Mount Washington and held various other local offices. He stood high in the Masonic fraternity, affiliating with Lodge No. 45, Pittsburg, and was an active worker in the ranks of the Republican party. For many years he was a member and trustee of the Methodist Episcopal church of Mount Washington and a liberal supporter of its various departments.

Mr. Paul married, November 9, 1871, Elizabeth, widow of Judge Boggs, of the noted family so prominent in the earlier history of Mount Washington. Judge Boggs died in middle life without issue.

Mr. Paul rounded out his full three score and ten years of usefulness, his death occurring in September, 1902. He was an able and upright man, of high principle and unblemished honor, an earnest and devoted Christian. He is buried in the South Side cemetery. He left no children.

Mrs. Paul is of English birth, a daughter of John and Catharine Holmes, who came to Pittsburg many years ago. They were the parents of four children: Hannah, who married Thomas Hawkins; Elizabeth, widow of

John Paul; Catherine, who married Leonatus Hunter, of Boggs avenue; and John, of West Liberty. The beautiful residence on Boggs avenue which was purchased by Mr. Paul has been since his death the home of his widow, by whom it is maintained in all its original comfort and attractiveness.

JOHN HOWARTH, a long-time resident of Pittsburg, and a man who has worked his way up to a position of comfort and to a place in the government of his adopted city, was born November 13, 1840, in Lancashire, England, a son of James Howarth, a silk weaver who was brought up in the Protestant Episcopal church, but later joined the Methodist Episcopal.

James Howarth married Martha Battersby, and the following children were born to them: Mary, Alice and John. Both the daughters always remained in their native land. The mother of the family died in 1842, and the father in August, 1845.

John Howarth, son of James and Martha (Battersby) Howarth, was but two years old when he lost his mother, and had not completed his fifth year when death deprived him of his father also. He was adopted into the home of his uncle, James Heeley, an ironworker of Staffordshire, where he learned to be an expert machinist and millwright. The building of a new railroad demolished the works where he was employed, and he came with his uncle and the latter's family to the United States. October 23, 1863, they landed in New York, and thence proceeded to Pittsburg, he and his uncle securing employment in the shipyards where gunboats were being built for the United States government. There Mr. Howarth remained two years, being employed in the construction of two gunboats, the "Manyunk" and the "Umpqua," both of which became famous in river warfare during the Civil conflict. He then took a trip west, and for two years was employed in railroad shops.

With two exceptions of three months each, he was for the next eight years with the Crescent (now the Pennsylvania) Tube Company, after which for another eight years he was employed in the nut and bolt department of Jones & Laughlin. He was next appointed engineer on the Monongahela Incline Railway, and there for twelve years he was continuously employed. A cool head and steady nerves are necessary qualifications for the post, and sufficient evidence of Mr. Howarth's competence is found in the fact that during his twelve years of service he never had an accident. In 1892 he left the Incline to become an active member of the firm of Minsinger Brothers & Company, in which for some years he had had a silent interest. The firm operated stone quarries on Mount Washington and were manufacturers of building-brick, also doing some constructing. Mr. Howarth was in charge of the office until 1902, when he retired from active life, and now devotes his time exclusively to his own private property and to his duties as one of the directors of the South Hills Trust Company.

In his hours of leisure he has renewed his acquaintance with books, and has a mind well stored with information gleaned therefrom as well as from his experience of men and things, being an original thinker and careful observer. Leisure has also afforded him an opportunity to travel, and he has visited the home of his boyhood in England, also visiting the western states of this country. He is now serving a term of three years in the select

council of Pittsburg, having been elected in 1905 to represent the Thirty-second ward, which he does faithfully and in the interests of good government. For thirty-three years he has been a member of St. John's Lodge, No. 219, F. and A. M., and he also affiliates with the Ancient Order of United Workmen, No. 113. Politically he is an ardent Republican. He and his family are members and attendants of Grace Protestant Episcopal church.

Mr. Howarth married, January 3, 1870, Elizabeth Caroline, born January 13, 1848, in Pittsburg, only daughter of Gottlieb and Caroline Minsinger, the family being then and now prominent in the business circles of that city. Mr. and Mrs. Howarth have been the parents of the following children: William John, draughtsman in the office of the registrar of deeds, Pittsburg; Mary Alice, who died at the age of two years; James Heeley, with Jones & Laughlin, married Elizabeth Weinman, of Detroit, Michigan; Caroline, wife of Samuel Dyer, one daughter, Helen; Samuel Harper, bookkeeper for the Philadelphia Company; George M., with the Wigman Lumber Company. Such of these children as are unmarried reside with their parents.

WILLIAM BOEHMER. The late William Boehmer, for many years one of Pittsburg's merchants, was born September 6, 1854, a son of Frederick and Sophia Boehmer, and descended, as the name of Boehmer would indicate, from German ancestors.

William Boehmer had built up a prosperous commission business on Liberty street, Pittsburg, where he had for a number of years occupied a foremost place among the merchants of the city. For twelve years he served his ward as school director, being always deeply interested in educational matters and giving freely of his time to the duties of the office. He belonged to the Ancient Order of United Workmen and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics. His political affiliations were with the Republicans. He was a member of the Mount Washington Presbyterian church, and for six years served as superintendent of the Sunday school.

Mr. Boehmer married, March 26, 1891, Tillie S. Mankedick, and they became the parents of one son, William F., born August 25, 1893. Mrs. Boehmer is a member of the German Lutheran church.

The death of Mr. Boehmer occurred January 16, 1903, at Aiken, North Carolina, whither he had gone in search of relief from the dread disease, consumption. He was a man of sterling integrity and of a genial, lovable disposition, which endeared him to a large circle of friends. On the day of his funeral the schools of Mount Washington were closed as a mark of respect to a valued friend.

Mrs. Boehmer is a daughter of Christopher Mankedick, who was born near Minden, Germany, and for many years was a merchant tailor in Pittsburg, having his store on Carson street. He later became a cutter for Jones & Laughlin, with whom he remained until old age overtook him. He was a Republican and a member of the Lutheran church.

Christopher Mankedick married Wilhelmina Haslage, who was, like himself, a native of the vicinity of Minden, but whom he met and married in this country. Their children were: Louisa, deceased; Emma, who married John W. Peters, of Monongahela City; Tillie S., born September 26, 1856, widow of William Boehmer; Ida M., born July 11, 1859, lives with her sis-

ter, Mrs. Boehmer; and Clara, deceased. Two other daughters died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. Mankedick, in their old age, were tenderly cared for in the home of their daughter, Mrs. Boehmer, where they passed away, Mrs. Mankedick dying April 12, 1904, and the death of Mr. Mankedick occurring December 29 of the same year. The age of the former was seventy-four and that of the latter seventy-seven.

JULIUS G. WILD, the present representative of a name which for more than forty years has been a leading one among the business men of Mount Washington, was born October 12, 1859, in Carson street, Pittsburg, a son of Rudolph Wild, who was born in Germany, and in 1865 established a grocery business on the corner of Virginia and Shiloh avenues, Pittsburg. He subsequently removed the business to Cuthbert and Virginia avenues, where he conducted it until his death.

Rudolph Wild married Sophia Pollar, and the following are their children, all of whom were born in Germany with the exception of the youngest: August, deceased; Sophia, widow of Matthias Weinman, whose sketch appears elsewhere in this work; Louisa, wife of Jacob Datz; Albert, of Hawthorne, Nevada; Rudolph, of Parkersburg, West Virginia; Kate, wife of Henry Dietrich; and Julius G.

Julius G. Wild, son of Rudolph and Sophia (Pollar) Wild, received his education in the public schools and early began to assist in his father's store, becoming in a few years a most valuable helper. After the death of his father he conducted the business for several years as his mother's representative, and then purchased the interests of the heirs, thus becoming sole proprietor. The store was then situated on the corner of Cuthbert and Virginia avenues, but in 1903 Mr. Wild purchased land at the corner of Shiloh and Virginia avenues, on which he built a brick store and dwelling. There he has since remained, his home and his place of business being situated on the same corner on which his father, Rudolph Wild, established a grocery almost half a century ago. Mr. Wild conducts a prosperous general grocery.

He is a Master Mason of St. John's Lodge, No. 19, F. and A. M., of Pittsburg, and a member of the German Evangelical Protestant church.

Mr. Wild married, December 29, 1893, Lotta, born January 29, 1872, daughter of William and Louisa Haas, of West Liberty. Mr. and Mrs. Wild are the parents of two sons: Paul, born August 5, 1896; and Glenn, born April 25, 1901.

MATTHIAS WEINMAN. Among the old Hill families there are none held in higher esteem than the descendants of the late Matthias Weinman, one of the early settlers and for more than forty years a resident of Pittsburg. He was of foreign birth, but held in united devotion and loyalty the land of his nativity and the country of his adoption.

Matthias Weinman was born in 1827, in Wurtemberg, Germany, and in 1855, being then twenty-eight years old, he emigrated to the United States, settling on Mount Washington, where he passed the remainder of his life. He was by trade a butcher and was the proprietor of a meat market on Virginia avenue, which he conducted until 1880. In that year he retired and

thereafter devoted his time to the cultivation of some eighteen acres of land situated in the town. This is now largely built up, Southern avenue running through the property. Mr. Weinman was a hard-working, frugal man, and by his industry and economy acquired a competence. He was a Republican and a member of the German Presbyterian church.

Matthias Weinman married, September 28, 1856, Sophia Wild, and they became the parents of the following children: Charles, born September 16, 1857, a meat dealer of Avalon, married Lizzie Leitner, children, Otto, Lillian, Norma, Valeria, Rence and Clarence; August, born March 31, 1859, proprietor of a meat market on Grand View avenue, Duquesne Heights, married Nettie Cook, one son, Charles; Rudolph, born October 6, 1865, a butcher of Merced, California; William, born October 2, 1867, of Mount Washington, married Mollie Klein, one child, William; Frederick, born January 21, 1869, of Mount Washington; Mary, born August 21, 1871; Rosa, born December 25, 1874, wife of Charles Mantz, plumber of Duquesne Heights, two children, Sophia and Helen; and Jacob, born May 28, 1877. William, Frederick and Jacob compose the firm of Weinman Brothers, brick manufacturers and contractors of Mount Washington. One daughter, Lizzie, became the wife of August Floto and died aged thirty-four. Another daughter, Emma, died at the age of sixteen, and five children died in infancy.

Mr. Weinman ended his long, busy and useful life August 23, 1897, leaving behind him the memory of a good man and a worthy citizen. His widow is still a resident of Pittsburg, her unmarried children making their home with her.

Mrs. Weinman was born May 1, 1840, in Germany, a daughter of Rudolph and Sophia Wild, and at the age of fifteen came with her parents to the United States. In 1855 they landed in New York, but settled in Pittsburg, where Mr. Wild conducted a grocery on Mount Washington. Mr. and Mrs. Wild were the parents of the following children: August, who died in Parkersburg, West Virginia; Sophia, widow of Matthias Weinman; Louisa, wife of Jacob Datz; Albert, of Nevada; Rudolph, of Parkersburg, West Virginia; Kate, wife of Henry Dietrich, of Mount Washington; and Julius G., a grocer of Mount Washington.

CHRISTIAN WILBERT, one of the oldest residents on "The Hill" (Mount Washington), where he has resided and been actively engaged in business of various kinds during his entire life, was born in Bavaria, Germany, September 19, 1841, and was but nine months old when his parents emigrated to the United States. He is a son of Peter and Katherine (Ott) Wilbert, who were married in Bavaria, where five of their children were born: Peter, Jr., John, Jacob, Elizabeth and Christian.

Peter Wilbert, Sr., was a weaver, and in 1842 came to America, landing in New York on July 4 of that year. He came directly to Pittsburg and settled on the Merry farm, on the Washington road, Mount Washington township, where he found employment in the coal mines. He soon moved to Mount Washington, where he died in 1845. One son, Adam, and a daughter, Katherine, were born to Peter and Katherine (Ott) Wilbert after coming to this country. Mrs. Wilbert died in 1858. Of their children, the eldest son, Peter, was a miner, and died in Mansfield (now Carnegie), Pennsylvania,

in 1882. He married Katherine Rumph and had children: Katherine (Mrs. Harry Hymes), Minnie (Mrs. John Freifold), Peter, Jr., and George. John, the second son, was a contractor and proprietor of the Washington Hotel; he died in 1889; he married Katherine Haas, and their living children are Mrs. Fred Berg, Mrs. Robert Stinson and Mrs. Samuel Barker. Jacob, the third son, was a commission merchant; he married Elizabeth Gilman and had five sons: Charles, Frank, David A. (now state senator from Hazlewood, Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg, and the father of the bill creating "Greater Pittsburg"), Harry and Albert, and one daughter, Mrs. Samuel Dalley, of Sewickley. Elizabeth, the first born daughter, married William Dryer and reared a large family. Christian, the fourth son, will have further mention. Adam, the first born in America, was a hotel proprietor; he married Regina Zeiler and died in 1888; his children were John, deceased; Stella, Mrs. Jacob Soffell, Jr.; Margaret, Mrs. Thomas Griffin; and Katherine, who resides with her widowed mother at 26 Natchez street, Mount Washington. Katherine, second daughter and last child of Peter and Katherine (Ott) Wilbert, is deceased; she married Frank C. Wiggins, and left one son, Frank, and other children.

Christian Wilbert, fourth son and fifth child of Peter and Katherine (Ott) Wilbert, as before stated, was but nine months old when the family came to Mount Washington, where he grew up and obtained his early education in the township schools. When quite young he began to work in the coal mines, first as a mule driver, but advancing until he became a miner. He left the mines to work in the Sligo Rolling Mills, and from there became a riverman, serving as fireman on the steamboats used for towing purposes. Leaving the river, he next engaged in the hotel business at the corner of Wyoming and Sycamore streets, Mount Washington, and later at 21 Carson street. In 1882 he erected the Hotel Wilbert, at the corner of Shiloh and Sycamore streets, which he conducted until 1900, when he transferred the business to his son, William C. Wilbert, and retired from active life.

In 1861 Mr. Wilbert answered President Lincoln's first call for troops and enlisted in Company F, Seventh Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, for three months' service. He returned home on the expiration of this term of enlistment, remained about one year, and re-enlisted in Company G (Captain Guard), Eighty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, Colonel Irvon commanding. The regiment was attached to the Army of the Potomac, and Mr. Wilbert saw three years of very hard service with that hard-fighting, sorely punished but never discouraged and finally victorious army. He was under McClellan during the seven days' battles before Richmond, at Antietam, and in several others of the famous battles in Virginia and Maryland. He was never wounded or taken prisoner. He holds membership in Post No. 155, G. A. R.; with the Odd Fellows, the Order of Red Men and with United Workmen. He is a member of the German Protestant church of Mount Washington.

Mr. Wilbert married, April 12, 1862, Mary Margaret Seip, born in Pittsburg, June 22, 1840, a daughter of George and Barbara Seip, of Pittsburg. Her father was a veteran of two wars, and finally gave up his life in his country's service. He was a soldier in the Mexican war and a captain in the Union army during the Civil war. He was captured by the Confederates in battle and taken to Libby prison, Richmond, where he died of starvation

and neglect. To Mr. and Mrs. Christian Wilbert was born one son, William C., August 12, 1863. He was educated in the Mount Washington schools and at Duff's Business College, Pittsburg. He was for some time a clerk in the office of the city treasurer, but in 1900 became proprietor of the Hotel Wilbert, which he still conducts. He married, October 21, 1900, Emma Schlag, of Allegheny. He is a member of the Order of Odd Fellows, and is financially interested in the South Hills Trust Company, Mount Washington.

C. FREDERICK VALLOWE, a well known resident of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who traces his ancestry to Germany, was prominently identified with the ice industry in the above mentioned city until his retirement from active business labors in 1901.

He was born in Hanover, Prussia, Germany, November 21, 1841, and after attending the schools of his native country for some years came to the United States in 1860, when he was nineteen years of age. At that time he resided with his uncle, B. H. Succop, who was a tailor by trade, on Sixth avenue, on the site of the present Nixon theater. Mr. Vallowe was apprenticed to learn the cooper's trade with the Worderlich Company, and followed this occupation for nine years. He then established himself in the ice business, under the style of the Monongahela Ice Company, then on the South Side, but in 1884 the name was changed to that of the Chautauqua Lake Ice Company, and later to the Consolidated Ice Company, as it is today, and of which Mr. Vallowe was the general manager. This was the largest ice company in the city of Pittsburg, and he acted in the capacity of general manager of the company until 1901, when he retired to private life. He is still one of the largest stockholders, however, of the company. He had a beautiful home built for himself in Knoxville, and in this he now (1907) lives and enjoys the fruits of many useful and well employed years. He and his family are members of St. Paul's Lutheran church, South Side, and he has for many years been an ardent supporter of the principles of the Republican party. He cast his first vote for Lincoln, and for nine years was assessor of the Twenty-fifth ward of Pittsburg.

Mr. Vallowe married, in September, 1865, Dorothea Langkamp, born in Hanover, Germany, April 11, 1845, and came to this country with her parents, who settled in Riceville, Pittsburg. She was the daughter of Henry and Bernardina Langkamp, the former a shoemaker. Mr. and Mrs. Vallowe have had children: 1. G. Henry, born in the South Side, Pittsburg, July 30, 1866. He was graduated from Duff's College, and for some years was head bookkeeper in the ice company of which his father was general manager. He is now with one of his brothers in the wholesale feed and supply business in Homestead. He married Margaret Baxmeier, also of South Side, and they are the parents of Clara E., Wilhelmina, Margaret and Ruth. 2. Frederick, born November 23, 1868, died July 12, 1876. 3. William, born March 28, 1872, was also graduated from Duff's College. He was for many years engaged in the drug business and now lives retired with his father. 4. George R., born February 5, 1874, was graduated from Duff's College, and is a partner of his brother, G. Henry. He married Catherine Strickel and they have two children, Frederick and Johanna Louise. 5. Johanna F., born January 21, 1876, married John H. Slater, an undertaker, and they reside with her father.



JOHN B. SANDERSON.

They have children: Dorothea, born July 18, 1902; Herbert William, November 23, 1903; and John Henry, January 1, 1907. Mrs. Vallowe died on July 3, 1907, and was buried in the South Side cemetery July 6, 1907.

JOHN BROWN SANDERSON, deceased, of the firm, Lare & Sanderson, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was born in county Down, Ireland, in 1820. His parents lived and died in Ireland. He came to the United States after receiving his education and when he had reached his majority. He settled in Pittsburg, where he taught school for several years, being principal of the schools in the Fifth ward of the city and in other schools also. Subsequently he formed the firm of Tate & Sanderson and they engaged in the plumbing business on Fourth avenue, continuing for a number of years, after which he disposed of his interest in that line of business and with E. Lare formed the firm of Lare & Sanderson. They conducted the roofing business on Smithfield street, where the Duquesne Hotel is now located, and followed that until his death, which occurred at his home in Allegheny City June 11, 1890. He was successful in his business operations and was held in high esteem by his associates and the community in which he lived. He served as school director in Allegheny City for many years, being well qualified in an educational point of view and as to his executive ability.

Mr. Sanderson was united in marriage April 20, 1854, in Kinsman, Trumbull county, Ohio, to Elizabeth E. King, a native of that place and who was the daughter of William and Sarah (McConnell) King. Her paternal and maternal grandparents were pioneers of that section of Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson had no children. They were both members of the Third Presbyterian church of Pittsburg. The wife remained in Allegheny a short time after the death of her husband and 1895 built her present residence on South Negley avenue, East End, Pittsburg, where she still resides.

THOMAS WARD, of Knoxville, who three years ago retired from business after more than forty years of active service in the glass industry of Pittsburg, was born February 22, 1848, in East Birmingham, South Side, Pittsburg, son of Michael Ward, who was born in 1820, in Baltimore, Maryland, and when a young man came to Pittsburg, settling on the South Side. On his arrival he secured a position as driver of P. Mulvany's furniture wagon, the place of business being situated on Third avenue, opposite the old Pittsburg Bank and next door to the postoffice, which at that time was in Mr. Mulvany's buildings. Mr. Ward served in the capacity of driver for five years, at the end of which time Mr. Mulvany purchased the interest of Henderson & Gains, leading glass dealers of New Orleans. In this enterprise Mr. Mulvany took as a partner William O'Leary, the firm being known as O'Leary & Mulvany. The glass-house, which was situated between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, is now known as the Mulvany plant.

Mr. Ward entered this factory as an apprentice and remained almost continuously for twenty-five years, advancing from place to place until he became foreman of the factory and a skilled workman. He was held in the highest esteem by Mr. Mulvany during this long period of service, and when the latter died Mr. Ward was present at his bedside. He then associated himself

with the firm of Plunkett & Ulam, whose factory was situated at the head of Fourteenth street, and produced a general line of blown ware. They continued in business about ten years, when reverses caused the closing of the factory and the partnership was dissolved. Mr. Ward then went to Chicago and entered the service of Evans & Hogan, with a view of ultimately getting control of the factory, but after a short time came to the conclusion that on account of the scarcity of fuel and the difficulty in securing skilled workmen glass could not be manufactured at a profit, and returned to Pittsburg.

The plant in this city with which he had formerly been connected had been purchased by Voigt, Ward & Company, and Mr. Ward bought an interest therein. The firm continued in business five years, at the end of which time the plant was again seized by the sheriff. From that event Mr. Ward had no connection with a glass-house beyond the management of a furnace in Machinery Hall in the Exposition building during the first years it was in operation.

During his long career in the glass business, both as manufacturer and workman, he was always thorough and exact, his good judgment as a worker and his fair dealing as a manufacturer winning for him the esteem of all with whom he came in contact. In the great affliction of blindness, which he was for some time called upon to endure, he had the sympathy of thousands. The cause of his blindness he believed to be the intense heat and severe strain to which the eyes of a glassworker are subjected. Neither advancing age nor the loss of sight had in the slightest degree weakened his force of character or diminished his cheerfulness. He felt that in his affliction he had many causes for thankfulness, the greatest of which was his ability to look back upon a stainless record.

Mr. Ward married, February 6, 1844, Elizabeth O'Neal, who was born in 1825, near Dungannon, county Tyrone, Ireland, and they became the parents of fifteen children, ten sons and five daughters. The following survived him: John, a glass manufacturer of Ellwood, Indiana; Michael A., employed by Joseph Horne & Company; Thomas, of whom later; Patrick, a jeweler of Pittsburg; Mary, wife of James Thompson, of Mount Oliver; Alice, wife of George Good, of McKeesport; Katharine, a singer; and Edward A., superintendent of the city horses of Pittsburg. Mr. Ward closed his long life of usefulness and endeavor October 16, 1896, aged seventy-six years. He was a member of St. John's Roman Catholic church.

Thomas Ward, son of Michael and Elizabeth (O'Neal) Ward, received his education in the public schools of his native city, and at the age of twelve years began to work in Mulvany's glass-house, remaining until 1861. From that year until 1863 he was employed at the Adams Glass Works on Tenth street, after which he worked two years for his father as night manager. From 1865 to 1877 he worked at glass-blowing and then entered the service of Hogan, Evans & Company in the capacity of a glass-blower. He was sent by the firm to Chicago, but at the end of thirteen months returned and went to work for Hogan & Shallmer, glass manufacturers. He had been but ten months with this firm when he left them in order to associate himself with his father and Henry Voigt, who had formed a partnership. After Mr. Ward had worked for them six years the firm failed, and he again entered the service of Hogan & Evans, with whom he remained nine years. At the end of that time Mr. Hogan sold his interest to MacBeth, the firm becoming

MacBeth, Evans & Company. Mr. Ward remained with them four years and in 1904 retired from business.

He belongs to the American Flue Glass Union of Pittsburg, and in politics is a Democrat. He is a member of St. Canice's Roman Catholic church of Knoxville.

Mr. Ward married, April 22, 1877, Mary, born April, 1850, daughter of Frank Fisher, a shoemaker of the South Side, and they have been the parents of the following children: 1. Joseph, born January 30, 1878, glass-blower for MacBeth, Evans & Company, lives with his parents. 2. Edward Francis, born August 2, 1879, salesman at the Boston Store, Pittsburg, also lives with his parents. 3. Mary Teresa, born August 4, 1881, wife of Lawrence Greenawalt, of Allentown, Pittsburg, bookkeeper for the Independent Brewing Company. They have two children, Elizabeth and Mercetis. 4 and 5. Felix and Elizabeth (twins), born June 10, 1883, of whom the latter died February 14, 1884. The former is an electrician for the Nernest Lamp Company and lives at home, but makes business trips to different parts of the country. 6. Florence Cornelia, born October 20, 1887, died June 2, 1888. 7. Charles, born February 18, 1889, employed by the Bell Telephone Company, lives with his parents. 8. Elizabeth Josephine, born February 4, 1891, attends school.

BENJAMIN PRITCHARD, of Knoxville, who was for half a century identified with the glass industry of Pittsburg, and is now enjoying in retirement the fruits of his energy and thrift, was born December 25, 1838, in North Wales, and when but two years old was brought by his parents to the United States. They settled first in St. Louis, and it was there that Mr. Pritchard received his early education. In 1848 they moved to Pittsburg, and in the course of time he entered the glass works of the Hailrammon Company, where he was employed until 1877. He was then for two years foreman in the glass works situated on the corner of Water and Ross streets, North Side, after which he became a stockholder in the Ripley Company, retaining his interest until the company consolidated with the United States Glass Works. In these works he held the position of foreman until his retirement in 1905, and he is still a stockholder in them.

In 1863 he enlisted in the Two Hundred and Second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served till the close of the war. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and adheres to the Republican party. He was one of the founders and is now a member of the Baptist church.

Mr. Pritchard married Elizabeth, born in 1844, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Watkins, of Pittsburg, and they have been the parents of the following children: George Chase, of whom later; William, born September 23, 1866, and died in 1894, was a graduate of public schools and bookkeeper in the United States Glass Factory; Anna, born September 19, 1869, and a graduate of public schools, is the wife of William E. Clark, stenographer and assistant superintendent at the locomotive works of H. K. Porter; Benjamin, born in 1872, a graduate of public schools, and purchasing agent for the Quaker City Cut Glass Company, of Philadelphia, married Mabel Jack, of that city, one child, Mabel; and Henry Clifton, died in youth.

George Chase Pritchard, son of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Watkins) Pritchard, was born May 5, 1865, in Pittsburg. He was educated in the

public schools, and has now been for sixteen years manager of the Ripley Company, which sold to the United States Glass Company, of which he is manager of Factory F. He is a Republican, and a member of the Fourth Avenue Baptist church.

Mr. Pritchard married Jessie M., daughter of David and Mary (Albert) Brown, of Pittsburg, and they have two children: Jessie Mearl, born April 18, 1900, at school; and Grace, born September 25, 1903.

LOUIS KUEHNEISEN, of Knoxville, who has for twenty-three years lived in well-earned retirement after a career of more than thirty years as a prominent manufacturer of Pittsburg, was born January 14, 1829, in Germany, where he received a limited education and learned hat and cap making. After serving his time at his trade he made a tour of his native land, and in 1849 emigrated to the United States, settling in New York city, where he followed his trade for two years. In 1851 he came to Pittsburg, taking up his abode on the South Side, then called Birmingham, and now the Twenty-eighth ward of the city. After working there one year he established a manufactory of his own, which shortly became the leading one in the hat and cap industry of Pittsburg. He conducted the enterprise until 1884, when he retired, turning the business over to his son Louis, who carries on the enterprise in Carson street.

Mr. Kuchneisen has held the office of assessor, and for fifteen years served as school director of the Twenty-eighth ward. His political convictions are in accordance with the principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the German Lutheran church, and for five years was treasurer of the Ruster church of Birmingham.

Mr. Kuchneisen married Anna McGrata Walker, a native of Pittsburg, and they have been the parents of the following children, all of whom, with the exception of the eldest, were born in Pittsburg: Adolph, born in New York city, formerly in the retail hat and furnishing business, now retired, married Etta Walker; Carrie, died in youth, wife of Jacob Nusser; Edmond, also died young; Louis, who succeeded his father in business, lives in Carriek, married Bertha Deulenberg, of Pittsburg; and Laura, became the wife of Frederick Hampe. Both she and her husband are deceased.

THE REVEREND FREDERICK MARSH GORDON, pastor of the Christian church of Knoxville, was born August 2, 1878, in West Virginia, a son of John E. Gordon, who was born in 1844, in Virginia, and received a common-school education. He came to Pennsylvania, and while still a youth enlisted in the Union army, becoming a member of the Fifty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers. After the war he went to West Virginia, where he was employed as steward by Thomas Marsh, who was the owner of a large estate, and had, in his earlier life, been a fellow laborer of Alexander Campbell, one of the founders of the Christian church.

Mr. Gordon married Mr. Marsh's youngest daughter and settled on a part of the Marsh farm, becoming in a few years steward of the whole estate. Ten years after his marriage he moved to Steubenville, Ohio, in order to secure for his children greater educational advantages, and from 1882 to

1892 was engaged in mercantile business at that place. In the latter year he became superintendent of the Street Railway Company, a position which he retained until 1896, when he removed to Bridgeport, Ohio, and assumed the superintendency of the Bridgeport, Martinburg & Bellaire Street Railway Company, which position he still holds. He was at one time chief of police of Steubenville, and is a strong Republican.

John E. Gordon married Mary, youngest daughter of Thomas Marsh, and the following children were born to them: Louella, wife of John H. Linderman, of Steubenville; Eva, wife of H. J. Searman, of Albany, New York; Allen T., clergyman, of Beaver, Pennsylvania; Frederick Marsh; Ira Howard, a student at Bethany College, West Virginia; and Lydia E., who lives with her parents at Kirkwood, Ohio, their present place of abode.

Frederick Marsh Gordon, son of John E. and Mary (Marsh) Gordon, graduated from Stanton School, Steubenville, in 1894, and in 1900 graduated from Bethany College, West Virginia. During his college course he had a charge at Brilliant, Ohio, being then the youngest licensed preacher in the United States. After graduating he received a call from Knoxville, Pittsburg, and came hither to take charge of a congregation numbering about fifty. The church then stood on Jacunda street, but in 1903, under the leadership of Mr. Gordon, the erection of a new edifice was planned, the following year the corner-stone was laid and in 1905 the structure was completed. The congregation now numbers five hundred and is one of the largest in Knoxville.

Mr. Gordon, in 1905, matriculated in the Divinity School of Yale University, and graduated in the class of 1907. In the first half of 1908 he visited Egypt and Palestine. He served one year as president of the Ministerial Association of Pittsburg and has been for the last six years secretary of the Christian Church Missionary Society of Pennsylvania. He is a member of Montooth Camp, No. 104, Sons of Veterans, and is chaplain of the Fourth Regiment, Sons of Veterans Reserves. He also affiliates with Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar, of Pittsburg. In the sphere of politics he aids with his vote and influence the principles indorsed and advocated by the Republican party.

JAMES ANTHONY GRIFFITH, a well-known real estate agent of Pittsburg, and one who has contributed much toward the building up of Knoxville and the adjoining boroughs, was born September 20, 1872, in the city of which he is now a resident, a son of Thomas Griffith, who was born in 1837. He was the son of Welsh parents who, when Thomas was two years of age, came to the United States from France, of which country their son was a native.

The parents of Thomas Griffith settled in Albany, New York, and it was there that he received his education. His brothers subsequently went to Richmond, Virginia, where he joined them at the beginning of the Civil war and engaged in the manufacture of nails. At the close of the war he came to Pittsburg, which was his home for the greater portion of his after life. His political adherence was given to the doctrines of the Greenbackers. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

Thomas Griffith married Margaret, born January 17, 1845, in Cincinnati, Ohio, daughter of John and Jane Mitchel, who came from County Tyrone,

Ireland. After the death of Mr. Mitchel his widow married Jacob D. Gue, who came from Brownsville, Pennsylvania, with George Jones, founder of the Jones-Laughlin Steel Company. Mr. Gue was employed by the company for a period of thirty-one years. Thomas and Margaret (Mitchel) Griffith were the parents of seven children, of whom three died in youth. The living are: Catharine M., Ida, Chester C. and James Anthony. The death of Mr. Griffith occurred in 1903, at Leazerville, West Virginia, and his widow now resides at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania.

James Anthony Griffith, son of Thomas and Margaret (Mitchel) Griffith, was educated in the public schools of Bellaire, Ohio, and of Pittsburg, finishing at Duff's Business College. When a child he went to live with his grandmother, Mrs. Jane Gue, with whom he made his home until he grew to manhood. In 1890 he was employed by E. T. Schaffner in the real estate business, the association remaining unbroken for ten years. In 1900 he opened an office for himself, and has since devoted his time and energy to the building up of the borough of Knoxville and the adjoining boroughs and wards of Pittsburg. He has an extensive and lucrative business.

He belongs to Milnor Lodge, No. 287, F. and A. M.; Zerubbabel Chapter, No. 162, R. A. M.; Pittsburg Commandery, No. 1, Knights Templar, and the Mystic Shrine; also Elite Lodge, I. O. O. F., the Protective Home Circle, the Royal Arcanum and the Foresters of America. His political affiliations are with the Republicans. He is a trustee of the Maple Avenue Baptist church, in which he also holds the office of treasurer. Of this church his grandmother, Mrs. Gue, was a founder and always a liberal contributor to its work.

Mr. Griffith married, November 8, 1906, Eliza Jane, born in Pittsburg, daughter of the late Joseph Faloon, who was a native of Ireland.

JAMES AUGUSTUS DORAN. The late James Augustus Doran, a lifelong resident and respected citizen of Pittsburg, was born in that city December 31, 1849, a son of Michael Doran, who was born November 11, 1810, in London, England, and received but a limited education. As a boy he was brought to the United States by his parents, who settled in Pittsburg, making their home on Washington avenue. His father went into the coal business, employing as a teamster the boy Michael, who always continued to work for him. In politics Michael Doran was a strong Democrat. He was one of the founders of St. John's Roman Catholic church, Pittsburg, serving as a member of the first board of trustees, and continuing to hold the office of trustee for many years.

Mr. Doran married Miriam Theresa Lafferty, who was born February 16, 1811, on Lafferty Hill, Baldwin township, Pittsburg, Lafferty Hill having been named in honor of her parents, who were among the first settlers of that part of the city. She died in 1903, aged ninety-two years. Mr. and Mrs. Doran became the parents of the following children: 1. John, born April 10, 1843, in Pittsburg, as were all his brothers and sisters. He received a good education and was clerk in the steel works of Oliver & Phillips. He married Helen Hartzell, of Pittsburg, and they had one son, James. John Doran died June 8, 1875. 2. Mary Anna, born December 19, 1844, died July 19, 1847. 3. Sarah, born August 8, 1846, died December 6, 1865, wife of

Charles Murray. 4. Margaret, born January 8, 1848, died in November, 1903, wife of Valentine Kneib, of Pittsburg, a heater in iron works. He and his wife were members of St. John's Roman Catholic church. 5. James Augustus, of whom later. 6. Agnes, born May 7, 1852, wife of Casper Werner, a glass-blower in the Pittsburg Glass Works.

James Augustus Doran, son of Michael and Miriam Theresa (Lafferty) Doran, received his education in the schools of Pittsburg, and after leaving school obtained employment in Dillworth & Porter's nut and spike mill in his native city. After working there for a few years he left in order to learn the moulder's trade. This was in 1869, and after serving his apprenticeship he was employed one year at the iron works of Jones & Laughlin in Brownstown, South Side, Pittsburg. He then worked for a short time in the foundry of Robinson Rhea, after which he went to Lewis' foundry, where he followed his trade for the remainder of his life.

He belonged to Company No. 14, Pittsburg Volunteer Fire Department, South Side, and the Machinists and Moulders, of Pittsburg, also affiliating with the Knights of Labor and St. John's Beneficial Society. His political principles coincided with those of the Democratic party. He was a devoted member of St. George's Roman Catholic church, Allentown, Pittsburg.

Mr. Doran married, January 10, 1875, Mary Ann O'Hara, and the following are their children, all of whom were born in Pittsburg: 1. Francis Michael, born October 26, 1875, received a good education in St. George's Roman Catholic school, and at fourteen entered the Oliver Iron Works, where he was employed for three years. He has since worked at boiler-making and at different branches of iron work. 2. James Augustus, born April 7, 1879, educated in St. George's Roman Catholic school, and afterward served five years as office boy in the office of Drs. Robeson, Day and Herrod. He was then for four years clerk in the Hotel Henry, and has since been with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, first as a freight brakeman, and for some time served as assistant passenger conductor. He is a member of St. George's Roman Catholic church. 3. Miriam Elizabeth, born August 1, 1881, educated at St. George's Roman Catholic school, and now a dressmaker by occupation. These three children reside with their widowed mother.

The death of Mr. Doran, which occurred May 6, 1889, deprived his wife and children of an affectionate husband and father, his associates of a faithful friend and comrade, and the community of a worthy citizen.

Mrs. Doran is a daughter of Francis O'Hara, who was born in 1816, in County Antrim, Ireland, where he obtained his education. He was early left an orphan and was brought up by two aunts who, after his school days were over, started him in life as the manager of a linen mill, which he conducted until about the age of twenty-five. He then sold the mill and emigrated to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, where he opened a confectionery on Smithfield street, next to the building of the Duquesne Fire Department, his home being on the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. He carried on the business until 1862, when he moved to South Side, where he was for three years employed by the city to oversee the street lights. He then served as watchman in a cooper's shop for the remainder of his life.

Mr. O'Hara married Rose Maguire, of County Antrim, Ireland, and their children were: 1. James, born November 10, 1850, in County Antrim, was brought to the United States by his parents and worked in a nut and

spike factory. He lived with his parents until his death, in February, 1873. 2. Mary Ann was born November 8, 1852, on Penn avenue, First ward, Pittsburg, her younger brother and sister being also natives of that city. She is the widow of James Augustus Doran, is a member of St. George's Roman Catholic church, and resides with her three children in the Thirty-eighth ward of Pittsburg. 3. Frank, born November 2, 1854, received a good education and worked as a moulder at the Rosedale foundry. He married Ella Maginley, of Pittsburg; children: Frank, Anna May and Gilbert. 4. Tille, born June 30, 1856, lived with her parents until they died, and then learned the dressmaker's trade. She has now retired and lives in Pittsburg. She has traveled extensively, having several times made the tour of the old country, and has visited every part of the United States. Mr. O'Hara, the father of the family, died December 19, 1881, and is buried in St. Mary's cemetery, Pittsburg.

JOHN NUSBAUMER, one of Pittsburg's enterprising young business men, was born November 17, 1880, in Pittsburg, a son of Jacob Nusbaumer, who was born in 1821, in Switzerland, and received a limited education. He followed the carpenter's trade, and also sold timber which he purchased from the government. In 1864 he came to the United States and settled on the South Side of Pittsburg, where for fifteen years he worked at his trade and also engaged in contracting. In 1884 he moved to Beltzhoover, now the Thirty-eighth ward, and for the remainder of his life was engaged in the dairy business. In politics he was a strong Republican. He and his wife were members of the German Roman Catholic church of Allentown, Pittsburg.

Jacob Nusbaumer married Amanda Glasser, born in March, 1840, in Germany, and they became the parents of two sons, both of whom were born in Pittsburg: John, born November 7, 1870, died at the age of three years; and John (2). Jacob Nusbaumer died January 28, 1895, and is survived by his widow.

John Nusbaumer, son of Jacob and Amanda (Glasser) Nusbaumer, was given a good education, and, although but a boy at the time of his father's death, took charge of the dairy business and conducted it until his sixteenth year. He then sold out, learned the butcher's business, and when twenty years old established himself in that line of industry in Chalfont street. He now conducts a grocery store and butcher's shop combined.

As a citizen he is energetic and public-spirited, and in politics he is an earnest advocate of the principles of the Republican party. He is a member of St. George's Roman Catholic church. In 1906 Mr. Nusbaumer made an extended tour of Europe. His home is with his widowed mother.

THE MITCHELL-ALEXANDER FAMILY. Among the early members of the Pittsburg bar was John J. Mitchell, whose son, John M. Mitchell, was also prominent among the attorneys-at-law in Allegheny county until his death. This sketch will treat more especially of the Mitchell and Alexander family history, the former having intermarried with the latter.

(1) The first of the Mitchell family to reside in Pittsburg was Laurent Camille Michel (as the name, which is French, was then spelled). This family is of pure French origin—Michel—and was spelled with a soft "c"

sound and the accent placed on the last syllable. The name was changed, or Americanized, rather, at the close of the War of 1812, when Laurent Camille Michel first came to Pittsburg. He did not intend to remain here long, hence paid no attention to being called "Mitchell," by which name he was ever afterward known. His great-grandfather was Louis Michel, of Marseilles, France. His grandparents were both of French nobility. The grandfather was named Lauzare Rommel Michel, who married Lady Geniève Ferandy, of France. Laurent Camille Michel's father was Jacques Lazure Romel Michel, born in Marseilles, France, August 31, 1763, and married Lady Marie Adelaide Robare, born in the town of Cape Francis on the western part of the Island of San Domingo, near what came to be her own plantation, August 15, 1780. She married Mr. Michel in Baltimore, Maryland, November 17, 1794; a cousin of the bride, Apuline Bonaparte, was in attendance at the wedding of Lady Marie Adelaide. The children of this union were: 1. Emelie Jacques, born in Baltimore, Maryland, October 18, 1795; died in Charleston, South Carolina, in 1851. 2. Camille Laurent, born in Baltimore, Maryland, July 1, 1797; died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, June 14, 1878. 3. Apouline, born in Baltimore, Maryland, February 17, 1800; died in that city November 2, 1801. 4. Candede Louis, born March 4, 1802; died in Mexico. 5. Alphonso Lauzre, born in Charleston, South Carolina, July 23, 1804; died in San Francisco, California. 6. Edmonde A., born in Charleston, South Carolina, July 26, 1807; died in New Orleans January 12, 1872.

Laurent Camille Michel (now spelled Lawrence Mitchell), the first to locate in Pittsburg, at the close of the War of 1812, was with his father, who was the commander of the French vessel "Atlanta" when it was wrecked off the coast of Florida, the entire crew perishing except Laurent and his father. Later, and after Laurent had left college, he entered the marine service, and at the breaking out of the War of 1812 between this country and Great Britain, he served with much distinction under Commodore Isaac Chauncey, of the United States service, participating in the engagements at Fort George and Little York. He was an eye-witness to the death of General Pike. Having received an honorable discharge, he left the city of Buffalo for New Orleans to visit his parents, going by the way of Erie, thence to Meadville, and down French creek in a flatboat to Franklin. From that point he came down the Allegheny river in a barge, paying his passage by helping run the boat. All was then new and wild in this region. Mr. Mitchell used to relate one incident of this trip, in which he was much interested: At a point nearly opposite the Forty-third street of the city of to-day, a large deer was observed swimming across the river. It became frightened at the men and his huge antlers became entangled in the brush, and in this manner the buck was captured. It was some time before Mr. Michel was permitted to complete his trip, and while here formed the acquaintance of one who caused his return to this section. He finally visited his parents in the south and returned to Pittsburg and subsequently married Miss Mary Elizabeth Smythe, whose affections he had won while on his first visit to the town of Pittsburg. She was the daughter of a learned Scotch-Irishman, who had a classical education and was at one time a professor in the College at Sheffield, England. His wife was Anna Margaretta, daughter of Simon Ruffner, the well-known pioneer of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, of whose history further mention will be made.

After his marriage, Laurent C. Michel purchased much property in the vicinity of Pittsburg, and at one time had three large clothing stores on Wood street. His residence was on Penn street, while he had a summer place at Perryville. His city residence was in what was then the choicest portion of Pittsburg. After a few years' residence here he was commonly spoken of as Lawrence C. Mitchell, and was indeed one of the city's most highly esteemed citizens: he was associate judge at one time. He died in the eighty-second year of his age. He was the father of eleven children, four of whom survived him: John Joseph, of whom later; Mary Amelia, wife of Domenic Ihmsen; Katherine Gold, a widow; and Mrs. Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander, wife of William Davidson Alexander, of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania.

(II) John J. Mitchell, eldest son of the first Mitchell to settle in Pittsburg, was born June 9, 1819, and always remained a resident of Pittsburg, dying at the age of eighty-three years in 1902. In many ways he was a remarkable man. He was educated at Mount Saint Mary's College (Catholic) of Emmitsburg, Maryland, and chose law for his profession; he was admitted to the bar of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1837, and followed his profession for sixty-five years at Pittsburg, outranking all other attorneys in point of years. When but five years of age he was one of the boys who stood in line and was patted on the head by General Lafayette on his visit to this city in 1824. This was one of the pleasant recollections of Mr. Mitchell's life. For many years he was a law partner of Judge Samuel Palmer, and Attorney Charles F. McKenna read law with him in the Judge's office. He resided in one house for a period of forty-two years. This house stood where now stands the great Frick Building. He was concerned in many important law cases and his judgment was sought by many, especially the younger members of the bar, all of whom found in him a fast friend. His word was as good as his bond and he took the same care of unimportant cases as he did the more weighty ones entrusted to him. He had not touched liquor since young manhood, and seldom smoked a cigar, as is noted in the handsome diary which he kept of each day's doings, and in which he made an entry whenever he bought him a cigar. He kept a copy of all letters and date of mailing, which in those days was uncommon.

He was twice married, first to Miss Mary Agnes Von Casinove, of Switzerland. At the date of her marriage she made her home with her uncle, Archbishop Hennie, of Milwaukee, Wisconsin. By this union were born three children: 1. John M. Mitchell, who became a prominent lawyer in Pittsburg, and who died seven years prior to his father. 2. Lawrence, who died in infancy. 3. Mary Caroline, who married Attorney John Francis O'Malley, of Pittsburg, and their daughters are Mary Agnes and Helen Mercedes. For his second wife Mr. Mitchell married Miss Mary E. Noble, of Sharpsburgh, Pennsylvania, who survived him, as did some of the sixteen children born of this second marriage; they are as follows: 1. Annie. 2. Charles. 3. Agnes. 4. Lawrence. 5. James. 6. William. 7. Nellie. 8. Augusta. 9. Frank. 10. Amenia. 11. Harry.

The venerable father of this family was a devout Roman Catholic and was an early altar boy at the time of the death of Reverend Charles B. McGuire, and about forty years ago made the address at the dedication of the monument in St. Mary's cemetery to the deceased priest. The honorary pallbearers at the funeral of Mr. Mitchell included Judge Thomas Mellon, Hon.

Christopher C. Magee and the late Judge M. A. Atcheson, of the United States circuit court.

(III) John M. Mitchell, son of John J. Mitchell by his first wife, and the grandson of Lawrence C. Mitchell, who was the first to settle in Pittsburg, was born in that city and became an attorney-at-law, as was his father. He died after he had practiced about ten years, in 1895.

The late Mrs. Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander was the daughter of the progenitor of the family of Mitchells in Pittsburg, Laurent (commonly known as Lawrence) Camille Mitchell. She married William Davidson Alexander, and died at her home in Crafton, Pennsylvania, February 24, 1906. The following is concerning the Alexander family into which she was intermarried:

This Alexander family are direct descendants from William Alexander, Earl of Sterling, and cousin of Sir William Alexander, of England. Upon coming to this country they settled in several places: one located in Virginia; another in Kentucky, and one in Pennsylvania. The historical city of Alexandria, Virginia, was not, as some suppose, named after Alexandria in Egypt, but in honor of the original owner of the land on which it was laid out, in 1748, and soon incorporated as "Alexandria," it having first been called Belle Haven, however, before this change was made in favor of the Alexander family, who first claimed the land. The place was incorporated in 1799.

(I) William Alexander settled in Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania. In 1800 he went to Sharon, Beaver county. His wife was Elizabeth Davidson. One daughter of his was Esther, who married Hamilton Stuart, of Lawrence county, Pennsylvania; another daughter, Margaret, married Robert Beacon, of Beaver.

(II) James Alexander, son of William and Elizabeth (Davidson) Alexander, was born in Sharon, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1804. James Alexander was the first white child born in that section of the country. The log cabin in which he was born was the second one erected west of the mouth of Beaver creek; it stood near the mouth of Brady's Run, an historical spot in the annals of Pennsylvania. He came to Pittsburg when but sixteen years of age, and was with Isaac Harris, a publisher of directories, etc., which industry grows in value and interest as the years go by. He married Caroline Tuck in the month of May, 1833, in the parlors of the old hotel that stood where the Hotel Anderson now stands. Brazilla Alexander, of Kentucky, was present at the wedding. Caroline Tuck was the daughter of Hon. William Hallam Tuck, United States senator of Maryland, and a sister of the venerable William Hallam Tuck of that state. Caroline Tuck's mother was Cave Mulliken, and the latter was a daughter of Richard and Mary Williams. Four of the Williams brothers were soldiers in the Revolutionary war.

James Alexander (II) was chosen a bookkeeper for the Western Penitentiary, which position he ably filled for more than thirty years. He resigned to become cashier in the Pittsburg postoffice, which position he relinquished to accompany his family to Alexandria, Virginia. Subsequently he was employed in the navy department at Washington, District of Columbia, but finally declined further appointments to public positions. In Allegheny City he was especially known in Methodist Episcopal church circles. He held the position of recording steward in the old South Commons church from the date of its organization until his removal to Alexandria, Virginia. He died at his

home in that city in October, 1880. He married Miss Caroline Tuck, who died in Washington, District of Columbia, in December 1898, aged ninety-five years. His surviving children were: William Davidson Alexander, of whom further mention is had; Mrs. Lydia Gillis, wife of Commander H. C. Gillis, of the United States Navy, now retired with the rank of rear admiral; Mrs. Julia Crump; James Alexander, of the navy department; Carrie T., a missionary to Japan, who later married Reverend Theodore McNair; Mary, of Washington city, wife of Captain Sawyer, now of Boston, Massachusetts.

(III) William Davidson Alexander, son of James Alexander (II), was born April 24, 1834, and died October 6, 1881. He obtained his education at the common schools and at the Western University of Pennsylvania. He read law and studied medicine, but never practiced either profession, and was for many years a clerk or treasurer of the Pittsburg postoffice. Afterward he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in its transfer department, in which he continued until his death. He was reared in the Methodist faith and in politics was a Democrat. He married Miss Annie E. Mitchell, daughter of Laurent C. Mitchell, September 2, 1857, and they were the parents of the following children: 1. Caroline, died in infancy. 2. Hallam Dale, of whom later. 3. Grace Caroline, deceased at the age of thirteen years, in May, 1878. 4. Edith Marie Apouline, at home in Crafton, Pennsylvania. 5. Annie Michel Veronica. 6. Blanche Adelaide Robare (the last three named were educated in St. Mary's Academy at Alexandria, Virginia, under the Sisters of the Holy Cross). Blanche married George Kerby, of Alexandria, Virginia, and they have two children: Grace Elizabeth Fielding, born in Crafton, baptized in St. Philip's church, by Reverend James Keeney, September, 1892; Alexander Spottswood, baptized in the same church, by Reverend Regis Canavin (now Bishop), August, 1894. 7. William Davidson, of whom later. 8. James Henry, at home, an invalid from a street car accident. The last named was educated at St. John's Military College, Alexandria, Virginia.

The mother of this family, Mrs. Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander, was born February 18, 1838, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and died February 24, 1906, and was the last of the direct line of one of the oldest Catholic families in Pennsylvania. She was the granddaughter of Ann Margaretta Ruffner, and the great-granddaughter of Simon Ruffner, Jr. The latter named had the glory of giving to the church the first piece of property west of the Allegheny mountains. It was donated in March, 1787, to Father Carroll, afterward Bishop of Baltimore. When Father Couse and Father Bowers took up the missionary work the first masses were celebrated in Christian Ruffner's house, the latter a brother of Simon Ruffner.

Simon Ruffner came from Mayence, Germany, and was doubtless the Pennsylvania ancestor of the family. He had four sons: Simon, George, Christian and Philip. Simon settled in the valley of the Virginias and was a noted hunter and pioneer character. Ruffner's Cave, in the beautiful Shenandoah valley, was named for him, as he was lost in the cave at one time and rescued in a half-starved condition. He settled in Pennsylvania between 1745 and 1755, about the time Father Farmer had charge of the missions in the colonies. He had a son named Simon, who, about 1787, with his brothers, Christian and George Ruffner, crossed the Alleghenies and settled in West-

moreland county, Pennsylvania. This Simon Ruffner served with Washington at Valley Forge.

Mrs. Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander's grandfather, John Smythe, brought the Scotch blood into the family. One of his ancestors, having been dispossessed of his estate by Cromwell, learned the trade of a blacksmith, and after the battle of Culloden shod Prince Charlie's horse with the shoes backward and thus contributed to his escape. Mr. Smythe came to America about 1791, and was very particular that his name be spelled Smythe and not "Smith." He married Anna Margareta, daughter of Simon Ruffner, Jr., who lived to a good old age and died in the odor of sanctity. They were both true Catholics and had children: 1. Mary, who became the wife of Lawrence Michel. 2. Catherine, who married Nathaniel McCalley. 3. John, the only son. 4. Susanna, who married James Blakely.

James Blakely came from England in 1821, settling near Pittsburg. He came from Anglo-Danish stock. They were land owners in Lancashire, and while not Catholics, were still loyal to the Stuarts; they lost much property and life in the wars of those times. James became a Catholic through much reading and conviction at the age of seventeen years, and brought his children up in that faith and to be loyal to their own country. He was a devoted friend of Bishop O'Connor, of sainted memory. Together they started the "Brotherhood of St. Joseph," of which Mr. Blakely was the first president, and continued until his removal to St. Mary's, where he died June 19, 1882, and is buried there. The date of his birth was June 15, 1804. His wife, Susanna Smythe, was born September 15, 1804, and died November 12, 1835. They were married at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, June 15, 1827, each being twenty-three years of age.

Mrs. Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander was educated by the Sisters of Mercy at St. Xavier's Academy, Beatty, Pennsylvania, and later took private instructions at home in both music and languages, she being very apt at each of these branches. She was an excellent conversationalist and spoke several languages correctly. Even to the last years of her life she kept up with her music and devoted much time to writing. She possessed much literary talent and was a frequent contributor for papers and high class magazines. She, too, was a devout Catholic, belonging to St. Philip's, at Crafton. Her funeral was the first held in the new edifice. Although on account of her illness the last years of her life she was not permitted to attend mass, yet she took much interest in the work of the church.

(III) Hallam Dale Alexander, deceased, son of William D. and Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, April 21, 1859. In his early youth he entered the employ of the Union Freight line of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and rose from one station to another until eighteen years of age. In 1877 he enlisted in the United States navy as clerk to Rear Admiral (then Captain) James H. Gillis, commanding the United States steamer "Franklin," and served until April, 1879, when he was appointed clerk to the paymaster, James A. Ring, with whom he remained until December, 1884, serving until 1881, on board the "Portsmouth" in Alaskan water, and later on the "Enterprise" on the North Atlantic and Asiatic waters. In March, 1885, he was appointed to the United States steamship "Omaha," under Paymaster George H. Griffing, and upon the arrival of the vessel at Hong Kong, China, was appointed acting paymaster

and ordered to the United States steamship "Ossipee," serving on that vessel until August 6, 1886. In October of that year he joined the United States steamer "Lancaster" on the South Atlantic station. In November, 1887, he returned with Paymaster Thompson on the "Trenton," which vessel had carried out a new detail of officers and men for the "Lancaster," and bringing home those whose time had expired. Upon their arrival in the New York harbor, Mr. Alexander was advised to take a cruise on the "Trenton," the boat so well known in naval history as being one of the United States boats which met their awful fate in 1880. He sailed on the "Trenton" for the Pacific station, in January, 1888, and it proved to be his last voyage. He was stricken with yellow fever in mid-ocean, while doing his duty in caring for one of the fellow-crew. He had been on the flagship with Captain Farquhar and Admiral Kimberley. He received two appointments in the pay corps, both under Rear Admiral John Lee Davis, who held him in high esteem. Ability, promptness and faithfulness in his every known duty marked his noble career, as was attested by every officer, including his superiors in rank. In the language of one of his superiors, "Socially, he was a gentleman of the rarest type of manhood; his soul was keyed to a commendable high sense of honor." In his home life he shone in the brightest coloring. No mother ever claimed a nobler son; no brother could be truer and more thoughtful for the care and comfort of his brothers and sisters.

He died at 8:15 p. m., January 15, 1889, and was buried that night at midnight in the waters of the Pacific ocean. Under the burning sun of the torrid zone, off the coast of Panama, far from loving hands of a tender mother, in whom he seemed wrapped up, with a grave marked only by the chart of the ocean, in latitude 3' 25" north, and longitude 82' 10" west, rests his mortal remains.

(III) William Davidson Alexander, son of William D. and Annie E. (Mitchell) Alexander, was born in Pittsburg and educated in the public schools of his native place, after which he entered the offices of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and there remained until about 1893, when he received the appointment of assistant paymaster in the United States navy, first going to South American stations. He was through the Spanish-American war, and after that ended was sent to Manila. On account of his ill health he came back to the hospital at San Francisco, after which he resigned his place in the navy. Subsequently he was made superintendent of the Pennsylvania Malleable Iron Works at Pittsburg, but is at present residing in Buffalo, New York, where he is the metallurgist for the Pratt-Lechty Steel Company. He was united in marriage to Clara Quadling, daughter of an English navy officer. They have two children: 1. Helen Elizabeth, born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and baptized by Reverend Father Coyne. 2. Lucille Blanche, born in Crafton, Pennsylvania, baptized by Reverend William Kelty.

PROFESSOR SAMUEL ANDREWS, superintendent of the Pittsburg public schools, was born in Robinson township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 25, 1847, the fourth son of William and Margaret (Phillips) Andrews. The father, William Andrews, whose father was Joseph Andrews, was born in Antrim county, Ireland, in 1806, and emigrated to America in 1822.



Samuel Andrews.



He and his brother James were among the earliest firms to engage in the construction of railroads in Pennsylvania, their principal contract being the grading of the Pennsylvania Central line from Philadelphia to Pittsburg. During the latter years of his life he resided upon his farm in Robinson township, which is now owned by his son Samuel. The father died on this farm in 1890. He married Margaret, daughter of James and Hannah Phillips, of Robinson township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. The latter was born in the south of Scotland or north of Wales, and died at the age of ninety-eight years. Their seven children were as follows: Hannah, Helen and Mary, who died in their childhood; Mark, James Phillips, Joseph Phillips and Samuel, the subject of this notice. Mark Andrews, the eldest son in the family, spent his entire life on the old homestead farm which belonged to his father, and there he died in 1901.

James Phillips, the second son, was educated in Easton, Pennsylvania, and followed teaching for a number of years; he became associated in business at Mauch Chunk, Pennsylvania, with Asa Packer, formerly the governor of Pennsylvania, but at the outbreak of the Civil war he became a member of the Forty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and died from the effects of wounds received at the battle of the Wilderness.

Joseph Phillips Andrews, third son of William and Margaret (Phillips) Andrews, received his education in Curry Institute of Pittsburg, and was a teacher in the public schools in Moon township and in what is now the Fourteenth ward, Pittsburg, for twenty-one years. He resigned this position to become superintendent of highways and sewers in Pittsburg, where he died in 1893.

Samuel Andrews, the subject of this sketch, the youngest son in his father's family, was educated in the schools of his native township until thirteen years of age, when he entered Curry University, then under the supervision of the late Robert Curry. After graduating from this institution he taught school in Robinson township until 1868, when he was called to the principalship of the schools of Chartiers township, now the Thirty-ninth ward of Pittsburg. He held that position until 1872, when he took charge of the Thaddeus Stevens school in Pittsburg, remaining there for fifteen years, when he became the principal of the Howard schools, where he remained until elected to his present position of superintendent of the Pittsburg schools in 1899.

Politically Professor Andrews is a Republican, and in his church relations is a consistent member of the United Presbyterian church. He is prominent in the Masonic fraternity and numerous other societies. He now resides in the Twentieth ward in Pittsburg, but represented the Thirty-sixth ward in both branches of the council for over a period of fifteen years. As an advanced educator he ranks high among the instructors of the state.

He was united in marriage in 1870 to Anna Mary, daughter of James and Elizabeth (McCurdy) Bell, of Robinson township. The issue by this union was Frank Leo Andrews, who married Jennie, daughter of Reuben and Katharine (Obey) Reese, of Chartiers township, and by this union is: (1) Samuel Reese Andrews, (2) Katharine Obey Andrews, and (3) Jean Reese Andrews.

* JOSEPH ALBERT HAYS, one of the competent clerks at the offices of the Union Switch and Signal Corporation, was born October 19, 1870, in

Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. He attended the Fourth ward public schools, and later the Curry University. He usually votes with the Republican party, except in borough matters, when he takes an independent stand, voting for the candidate he thinks is best suited to fill the office. In church membership he is identified with the Baptist denomination at Wilksburg. He is a member of the Blue Lodge, Masonic order, and seeks to do his share in the various societies to which he belongs.

Mr. Hays was united in marriage February 27, 1898, to Miss Jennie Estella, daughter of George and Hannah (Sherwin) Van Horn, of Braddock, Pennsylvania. Two children bless their home: 1. Margaret Blanch, born May 27, 1902. 2. Miriam Estella, born May 23, 1904.

JOHN R. HAYS, treasurer of the Potter Title & Trust Company of Pittsburg, was born June 23, 1875, at Allegheny City, a son of John and Miriam (Wilkins) Hays. John Hays, the father, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in January, 1827, and accompanied his parents from county Antrim, Ireland, when but a small boy. The family settled in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, where young Hays was reared and educated in the schools common to that period. While still a youth he learned the tobacco manufacturing trade and subsequently established himself in that business in his home city, where he became a successful tobacco merchant. He built up an extensive wholesale trade in tobacco and kindred goods and also conducted a retail business as well. In his political choice he was a Republican, while in his religious faith he was of the Universalist belief. Mr. and Mrs. John Hays were the parents of the following children:

1. Mary Ida, born August 5, 1859, died in childhood.
2. Jane, born November 1, 1861, married Joseph Herron and now resides in Montana; she has had three children—Earl, Miriam and John.
3. James Grant, born January 11, 1864, now an attorney, married Charlotte Gallagher, and they have children—Blanche G. and James, Jr.
4. Edmund Wilkins, born July 13, 1866.
5. Miriam Emily, born August 4, 1868, married William Scott, and to them have been born daughters—Clara and Mary.
6. Joseph Albert, born October 19, 1870, married Jennie Van Horne, and their children are—Margaret and Miram.
7. Clara Bell, born August 31, 1872, married Frank Hartley, and their children are: Collin H., Clara Esther and Grace.
8. John R., subject.
9. George William, born July 25, 1878.

John R. Hays, of this notice, the eighth child in his parents' family, was reared and educated in Allegheny City. After leaving the schoolroom he first found employment at the Homestead Steel Works, but later went to Montana, where he spent about two years on his sister's ranch. He then returned to his native county and entered the employ of the Potter Title & Trust Company, in which he now holds the responsible position of manager.

LEWIS FUNDIS, one of the pioneer merchants of the East End district of Pittsburg, is another of the German emigrants who has executed well the part of a good citizen and successful business man since his coming to our shores to build for him a home, surrounded with prosperity and plenty.

Lewis Fundis was born January 14, 1832, at Baden, Germany, and came

to this country in 1848, landing at New Orleans, and from there came direct to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where his first employment was as an errand boy for Major Davis, with whom he remained for four years at the small wages of two dollars a month, finding his own clothing. Though well grounded in his studies before coming to America, he found time while in Major Davis' employ to gain further knowledge by attending the public schools during the winter seasons. He next found employment with Luke P. Davison, who then conducted a general store at East Liberty, where the Liberty National Bank now stands. The business was, however, soon removed to the corner of Penn and Frankstown avenue, and here Mr. Fundis received his first lessons in the mercantile business. He was employed in that business for five years, the last year acting as manager. In 1857 he returned to Germany to visit his parents. His father, who did all in his power to aid his children, gave him and another brother and a sister then living in this country the sum of three hundred dollars, with which they united their energy and started in the general mercantile business in a small way. Notwithstanding they had for their competitors three large general stores at East Liberty, they were in no sense discouraged, but continued by hard and able management to build up their business to one of good proportions. From this small beginning they forged their way to the front and gained the confidence and credit of the community, who saw the young Germans were possessed of the true spirit of business enterprise, and soon they were placed on a good financial footing with others at East Liberty. This business they carried on for seventeen years and in 1871 his energy and good management placed him where he could retire from active business relations, which, owing to ill health, he decided to do. But after four years, and when his son, John L. Fundis, had completed his education, Mr. Fundis concluded to re-engage in business, taking his son in with him. They opened a gentlemen's furnishing store, which was successfully carried on for thirty years. In 1906 they retired from active business on account of old age and ill health, since which time Mr. Fundis has led a life of leisure.

In politics Mr. Fundis is an independent voter, seeking to ever support the most suitable man. In his religious faith he is connected with the Presbyterian church.

Lewis Fundis, his father, was a prosperous farmer and by trade a blacksmith at Baden, Germany; he was the son of John and Elizabeth Fundis. Lewis Fundis, Sr., married Sophia Maiers, and they were the parents of the following children: John, Lewis (subject), Frederick, deceased; Daniel, deceased; Katharina, deceased; Jacobina, deceased; Fredericka, married Christopher Strahley; and Annie, married Frank Hartman.

Lewis Fundis, of this notice, married, first, Katharine, daughter of John Stark, of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, born 1840 and died in 1868. In 1869 he married his first wife's sister, Annie Elizabeth Stark, who died in 1905. By his first marriage he had four children—John, Annie, Katharine and Rebecca Sophia. Annie married Frank Hartman, who have one son, William. John married Ida Caldwell, and they have one son, John Louis. Katharine married George P. Wilkinson, and Rebecca Sophia married A. L. Watson, and they have two children—Helen and June.

By Mr. Fundis' second wife two daughters were born—Emma Jane, who married R. M. Richards, and Ida, who died young.

JAMES SCOTT, general superintendent of the Lucy and Isabella furnaces of the Carnegie Steel Company, Pittsburg, is an example of the rise of a practical man fitted by early environment and education to the industry with which he is associated. For more than a quarter of a century he has been connected with the famous furnaces, of which he has been the general superintendent, and as such is regarded as an expert and a very valuable man in one of the leading industries of the city.

Mr. Scott was born near Edinburgh, Scotland, at Dalkeith, in 1850, son of James Murray and Jessie (Brown) Scott. On his maternal side he comes of most distinguished ancestors. His grandmother, Margaret Murray, was the only daughter of James Murray and Elizabeth Stevenson. James Murray was born in the parish of Newbattle, in the county of Midlothian, Scotland, in 1738, and died December, 1822. He was the son of James Murray and Marion Rice or Ryce. This James Murray was the second son of the Duke of Athol. In the Rebellion of 1745 he joined the Athol clan, under Murray of Tullicharden, and followed the fortunes of Charles Stuart until the field of Culloden, when with others he fled and found refuge in France.

James Scott, the subject of this sketch, came from his native land in 1873. His apprenticeship was served under his father at the blacksmith's forge and later as a machinist at the Paragon Works at Dundas at South Queens Ferry. Upon his arrival in this country he secured employment in New York as a machinist for the first year and from there went to Ohio, where he was employed by the Port Washington Iron & Coal Company. Two years later, 1877, he was employed at the Lucy Furnaces at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, first as chief engineer. In 1886 he was promoted to assistant superintendent and in 1888 was made its general superintendent, which position he still holds. Politically Mr. Scott votes the Republican ticket and in his church faith is a Presbyterian.

In 1876 he married Miss Helen E. Johnston, of Sterling, Scotland. She is the daughter of Captain George Johnston and wife, and was born in India in 1854. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Scott are as follows: Jessie B., married to Dr. Alric Garland; Fannie Maxwell, married to Dr. Miller, one daughter; James Murray, deceased; Margaret Murray; Helen E., married to Mr. Frederick Fairbanks; Elizabeth B.; and George J.

WILLIAM JEFFERY SPAHR, one of the leading grocers of East Liberty, a part of "Greater Pittsburg," is a native of the Twentieth ward of this city, born October 24, 1858, son of Lemuel and Elizabeth (Alexander) Spahr. The Spahrs are from old Revolutionary stock, the subject's great-grandfather having been a soldier in that struggle for our national independence. The grandfather, Peter Spahr, was born at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, early in the nineteenth century, and moved from Carlisle to East Liberty in April, 1826. He married Mary Elizabeth Longsdorf, and their children were as follows: 1. Jesse, who married twice and reared a family; two of his children, Edward and Dr. Clarence Spahr, of Bridgeville, Pennsylvania, still survive. 2. Joseph. 3. Lemuel, of whom more later. 4. Ephraim, married Mary Woods, and their children are Joseph H. H. and John B. McFadden. 5. Mary Elizabeth, married Jacob Doolittle, of Carnegie; they have one child,

Jacob Miller Doolittle, born February 26, 1866. 6. Anna, married a Mr. Scott, of Washington, D. C.

Lemuel Spahr, the father, was born March 17, 1823, on Ferry street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He learned the tanner's trade and followed it several years on Penn avenue, East Liberty. He sold the tannery business and returned to the old homestead on Ellsworth avenue, between Highland and College avenues, which consisted of about twenty-one acres. Here he engaged in truck-gardening, continuing in the same for twenty-one years. He married Miss Elizabeth Alexander, daughter of Joseph and Agnes (Fife) Alexander, of Bridgeville, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of the following children: 1. Amelia A., unmarried. 2. Elmira, unmarried. 3. A. Josephine, who married Albert H. Ritscher, and they have children: Ethel Spahr, William J. S., Elizabeth W., Albert Hutter and Robert Coleman. 4. William Jeffery.

William Jeffery Spahr was educated at the common and high schools of Pittsburg and graduated from the commercial department of the last named school in 1877. Having thus well equipped himself for the duties of a business man he at first worked in a coal yard, after which he found better employment in a grocery store at No. 6225 Penn avenue. After being employed there two months, in the Dennison grocery, he, in company with Thomas E. Milliken, March 8, 1880, bought out the business, which they conducted successfully for six years. At that date Mr. Spahr took the entire business himself and continued to operate it for eleven years longer. In 1897 he moved to more commodious quarters at No. 6117 Penn avenue, where he now has one of, if not the largest grocery store in East Liberty. He is also interested in the firm of Spahr & Ritscher, of which he is a partner. The last mentioned business is with his brother-in-law, Albert H. Ritscher, and was organized in 1893. Mr. Spahr has been largely interested in other affairs of the city, being at one time a director in the East End Savings & Trust Company, director of the Board of Trade, and connected with the Lincoln Avenue Building & Loan Association. Politically, Mr. Spahr is an independent voter, and in religious faith is a member of the Presbyterian church.

He was married, January 27, 1887, to Miss Martha R. Wattles, daughter of W. Warren and Martha Washington Wattles.

JAMES CLARENCE ADAMS. The secretary and treasurer of the well known D. J. Kennedy Coal Company, James C. Adams, was born November 25, 1871, at Worthington, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, son of Joseph Shields and Mary Emily (Blaine) Adams. The father was born March 15, 1840, on his father's farm in Richland township, Venango county, Pennsylvania. The subject's grandfather, William Adams, was born about 1802, and his wife, Mary Shields, was born in 1805. William Adams, with his brother James, came from Kishacoquillas, in Eastern Pennsylvania, and settled in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. William, however, remained there but a short time and then went to Venango county, where he engaged in farm pursuits. His brothers and sisters were: 1. James, before mentioned. 2. John, removed to Indiana. 3. Samuel, married a Nesbit. 4. Nancy, married William Donaldson. 5. Rachel, married David Joy.

The issue of William and Mary (Shields) Adams was: 1. Margaret,

who married William Patton, and they had—Mary Katharine, who married Elliott Robb. 2. Sarah Ann, married Charles McClatchey, and their children were: Mary Elizabeth, wife of Hiram Bricker; Emma, wife of Levi Wilson; Albert, Olive, deceased; Rose, unmarried. 3. Nancy, married Edward Blaine, and their children were: Oda, William, Shields and Walter. 4. Rachel, married William Hamilton Noble, and their children were: Ella, Rose, Myrtle, Jennie, Nancy and Robert Shields. 5 and 6. Elizabeth and Mary, died young. 7. Joseph Shields, who is the subject's father. 8. James F., married Miriam Robinson, and their children are: Lula, Carrie, Edward, Laura, Howard and Emma.

Joseph Shields Adams, the seventh child of William and Mary (Shields) Adams, made farming his life occupation. Politically, he is a Republican. In his religion he is of the Presbyterian faith. He married Mary Emily, daughter of James and Margaret (Morrison) Blaine. Her father, James, was the son of James and Deborah (Baird) Blaine. Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Shields Adams are the parents of: 1. William Edward, single. 2. James Clarence, subject. 3. Frank Burton, single. 4. Walter Howard, married Janet Ferguson, and their issue is one daughter, Marion Blaine. 5. Albert Leslie. 6. John Milton.

James Clarence Adams, son of Joseph Shields Adams and wife, was educated in Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and has engaged in the coal business continuously since starting out in life. Politically he votes the Republican ticket and in religious faith is a Presbyterian.

He married, in 1898, May, daughter of Professor L. P. Greves, of Pittsburg, and by this union two children were born: 1. Gertrude Dale, born in 1899. 2. Russell Blaine, born in 1903.

NATHAN FLEMING HART, one of the prominent iron men of the Pittsburg district in his lifetime, was born in Uniontown, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, January 8, 1814, and died April 7, 1883. He came to Pittsburg in 1833, his father removing from Uniontown that year.

Nathan F. Hart entered the firm of Pennock, Mitchell & Company in 1842; in 1847 he, with the late Joseph Pennock, formed a partnership under the firm name of Pennock & Hart; later Samuel L. Pennock came into the firm, the name being changed to Pennock, Hart & Company, located at what is now Twenty-fourth and Railroad streets, where they carried on a general foundry business. In 1859 Mr. Hart became the silent partner in Mackintosh, Hemphill & Company, lending them his financial aid. In 1862 the firm of Pennock, Hart & Company was dissolved, and after this he devoted his time to the interests of Mackintosh, Hemphill & Company, retiring from active business in 1878.

He was a devout Christian gentleman, charitable and patient in all of his dealings with men, and was not ready to believe ill of his fellow-kind. He was a member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, and at one time taught in its Sabbath-school. He was the son of Joshua and Rachel (Fleming) Hart, and had one brother and three sisters, who were: Miranda, died unmarried; Martha, married Dr. W. S. Mackintosh; William K., married a daughter of Dr. George McCook; and Elizabeth B., wife of Henry Hays.

Nathan F. Hart married, September 30, 1852, Sarah Walter Pennock, of the old and well known Pennock family of Chester county, Pennsylvania. By this union one son was born, Pennock Hart, treasurer of the old firm of Mackintosh, Hemphill & Company, who survives his father, and is now residing with his mother on Highland avenue, East End, Pittsburg.

Mrs. Sarah Walter (Pennock) Hart was born July 19, 1829, a daughter of Joel and Phebe (Walters) Pennock. Phebe Walters was born August 8, 1807, and she married Mr. Pennock in the old London Grove Meeting House, Chester county, Pennsylvania, October 15, 1828. Joel Pennock, father of Mrs. Hart, was born January 1, 1801, and came from old Quaker stock. He was engaged in the iron business many years near Coatesville, Pennsylvania (Laurel Iron Works); also at the Chester Furnace, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. He died in 1875, leaving two children: Sarah, who married Nathan Hart, and Samuel, born June 19, 1834, who married Annie Hampton, daughter of Judge Moses Hampton. Joel Pennock was the son of Samuel and Elizabeth Underhill, nee Johnston Pennock. Samuel was born April 4, 1763, and Elizabeth, February 2, 1763.

The American ancestor of the Pennocks was Christopher Pennock, a native of Ireland, who settled in the vicinity of Primative Hall, near Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1685; married Mary Collett, daughter of George Collett, of Ireland; he died in Philadelphia, 1701. He was an officer in the service of King William of Orange, and was at the battle of the Boyne, 1690. He had a son Joseph, who was born in Ireland, 1677, and was eight years of age when his people emigrated to America. He moved to Chester county, Pennsylvania, married Mary Lewis, and from them the present Pennocks of this part of the country descended.

SAMUEL GALEY was the second child of Robert Galey and Margaret Rodgers, who were among the first settlers of Clarion county, Pennsylvania. He was born on August 23, 1852, in the old log house at Red Bank on the Allegheny river, seventy-five miles above Pittsburg. He was named for his grandfather, Samuel Rodgers, who was a member of the Irish Cavalry. In 1865 the family moved to a larger and better farm located near the Clarion creek and back of Perrysville, Pennsylvania. The farm was secured by the foreclosure of a mortgage.

There were ten children in the family, three of them, John, Tom and Robert were step-brothers. The other children were William, James, Rachel, David, Daniel and Laura. They each received the best education the community afforded, while attending to the numerous duties of the farm. The clothes were made by the mother of rough homespun, the flax for which she raised in her garden, and the shoes, which were only used on special occasions, were the handiwork of the father.

Shortly after the family had settled on this farm the first great oil excitement came. Business men of Pittsburg sent out their agents or came in person to lease the lands of the farmers. Robert Galey, who had become prosperous from the products of his farm, drilled several wells on his property along the Clarion creek, and they proved to be good producers. The drilling operations were kept as secret as possible. One well in particular, known as

the Mellon well, is still pumping. Another, known as the Dexter, is still pumped once a week by horse power and produces several barrels of fine quality of oil. It is an interesting old relic, with its squat derrick almost overgrown with weeds and trees. Good coal was discovered on the farm and the mining of this, together with the care of the wells and the farm duties, kept the whole family very busy, the boys working night shift on the wells. The Standard did not exist then with its pipe lines, and the oil, which at first sold from ten to sixteen dollars a barrel, was shipped down the river to the refineries in Pittsburg on a flatboat. The high prices for oil soon fell as the number of wells increased throughout the country.

About 1875 Samuel came to Pittsburg to receive a better education. He made his home with Judge Mellon, on Negley's lane, now known as Negley avenue, in the East End, and attended the old public school on Margaretta and Beatty streets for several years. He was of a powerful build and delighted to wrestle. Next door lived Thomas A. Mellon, the oldest son of the Judge. Here he met Mary E. Drake, who was visiting her cousin, Mrs. Mellon, while attending the school on Margaretta street. She was three years his junior and their acquaintance ripened into marriage in June, 1880, the ceremony being performed in the home where she was visiting.

About this time there came a report that oil had been struck at Bradford, Pennsylvania. There was a great rush to the new field, and Samuel Galey started thence with his wife. He had saved several thousand dollars and borrowed some more from his father. He and his three brothers were among the first in the new field. He secured some timber land in a wild valley at a little place later known as Haymaker and about ten miles from Olean, New York. Here he built three little houses, in one of which he started housekeeping. He drilled several wells in the vicinity in partnership with his brothers, one almost at his front door, and they all produced richly. With the profits thus made more wells were drilled until seventy-five or more wells were producing. He lived in this place about three years and had one son, Thomas. There were many fortunes made in this strike, but many lost it through gambling and other causes. With the business start secured here he extended his operations into the Beaver county fields, moving his home to the town of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania. Here a son Frank was born. After a year here he again moved to Negley avenue, in Pittsburg, and built a house just opposite to the one in which he had met his wife.

His operations in the oil business extended into the opening and developing of all the important fields of the country, notably the Turkeyfoot, Corapolis, Butler, West Virginia and Ohio fields. With two of his brothers, William and James, he was a member of the firm of Galey Brothers. They opened up a particularly valuable field near Woodsfield, Ohio, where they drilled a large number of wells. He was a very hard worker and exposed himself to the elements, which caused the breakdown of his strong constitution. His health first began to fail on returning from the Pan-American Exposition in 1900. His trouble was diagnosed as Bright's disease, and realizing he was doomed, his firm decided to sell out their Ohio properties. He put all his business affairs in good shape, made his will and awaited the end, which came, after much suffering, early Christmas morning of 1901 at the age of forty-nine years and four months. Interment took place in Beaver cemetery, where three of his children had preceded him.

He was a member of the East Liberty Presbyterian church and is survived by his wife, sons, Thomas and Frank, and a daughter, Dorothy. In his prime he was about five feet ten and one-half inches in height and weighed one hundred and eighty-eight pounds. His shoulders were broad and heavy and his build stocky. His affection for his family was unbounded and his greatest delight was to play with children. One of his favorite amusements was to play a joke on a friend. He returned several times a year with his sons to the old farm in Clarion, which was still the home of his brother Daniel, and they all three turned loose in the fields to help harvest or shock the wheat. The walk from the station to the farm was about six miles, and as the boys generally gave out long before the journey was finished, the remainder was finished on his back. He always went around to see the old wells just as though they were old friends, climbed up on the tank, smelled the oil or turned the dead engine over a few times.

DANIEL GALEY was the founder of this family in this country. He was married to Peggy Fulton and had one son, Robert, born 1812. He was a prosperous Protestant Irish farmer, and a native of Lower Casteltown, parish of Cappagh, Kin Kitt, county Tyrone, Ireland. On an adjoining farm lived Andrew Mellon, the father of Judge Thomas Mellon, who was then a small lad. In 1819 the two families emigrated to America, the voyage in a small sailing ship consuming twelve weeks, very severe storms having been encountered. Daniel Galey was very ill during the trip and almost died. They finally landed at St. Johns, New Brunswick, and later shipped for Baltimore, Maryland, arriving at that port October 1, 1819. Here the two families parted, the Mellons going west and Daniel obtained work from a widow lady in Maryland as the superintendent of her plantation and an overseer of her slaves. After a few years in Maryland he died, and his wife and son moved to Pittsburg, the journey being made over the old canal so far as it had been built and the remainder finished in one of the old-fashioned Conestoga wagons. They arrived in Pittsburg about 1820-1 and bought a little house on Wiley avenue. Robert renewed his acquaintance with Judge Mellon, who had come to the city from Plum township to stay with him while he studied law at the Western University. Robert became a fine practical blacksmith, learning his trade at the Morrison foundry, where now stands the Park Building, meanwhile snatching a fair education.

In the early thirties the family landed in the wilderness, traveling by wagon, and settled on Cherry Run, Clarion county. After two years here they moved to Red Bank, on the Allegheny river, where he continued to live, Robert having married, and his mother died shortly after moving here. They obtained the land for three dollars an acre, the owner having received it by grant. The land was rich and soon bore fruit, but the forest first had to be cleared off and a cabin built. There were deer and bear in the woods and it was not uncommon for Indians, who had come down the river in canoes, to call to beg or buy grain. The bitter border warfare between the red and white man was still fresh in the minds of the middle-aged inhabitants. Peggy Fulton was small of stature and very active and intelligent.

Robert Galey was married to Rachel Spahar. Their children were as follows: 1. John H., who married first Jennie Smith. Their child was

Helen. After her death he married Lillian Tebbetts. Their children were Tebbetts and Harry. 2. Thomas married Olive Yingling. Their children were Jesse and Clara. 3. Robert married Mary E. Banks. Their children were George and Anna.

After the death of his first wife, Robert Galey was married to Margaret Rodgers, in March, 1848. Their children were as follows: 1. William, married Ida Nicholas, died October 4, 1907. Their children were Etta and Charlena. 2. Samuel, married Mary E. Drake; died December 25, 1901. Their children were: Thomas, Frank and Dorothy. 3. James, married Caroline Snyder. Their children were: Jean, Florence and Helen. 4. Rachel, married Thomas Grant. 5. Laura, married Charles Farnsworth, died 1892. Their child was Robert. 6. Daniel, married Huldea Neeley. 7. David, married Elsa Dunkel, died, and their children were Laura, Ruth and Rodgers.

Robert Galey was a good and industrious farmer and educated his children to thrift and saving habits. Oil and coal were discovered on his property back of Perrysville, Clarion county, whence he had moved after fourteen or fifteen years' residence in Red Bank. The oil he sent down the river in flatboats to Pittsburg, realizing a very high price for it. By this means, together with the products of his farm, he accumulated a considerable fortune. He passed his last days in Bellevernon, on the Monongahela river, where he died at the age of eighty-four in the year 1896. His wife, who is eighty-seven years of age, still survives him.

The following are the different ways the name has been spelled: Gayley, Gayly, Gealy, Gailey and Galey.

THE RODGERS FAMILY, with a sketch of the life of Margaret Rodgers, wife of Robert Galey, and dictated by her.

My great-grandfather, Oliver Rodgers, came from England into Ireland at the time of the French war. His occupation was that of a calico inspector. He was light complected and was known as the largest man physically in England, being over seven feet in height and broad in proportion. He married Christina Jolmson in Ireland. Both he and his wife died young, about the time powder was put under the Parliament House in the reign of King William. His children were William, Nancy, Molly and George, who was my grandfather.

George Rodgers was fair complected and a finely built man. He was a farmer in county Donegal, Ireland. One of his duties was to help row a big six-oared life boat out to sea during a storm. Both he and his brother William died young by overdoing themselves by hard work. His wife was Susan Howard, and she lived to the age of eighty-nine, her death occurring at the old farm in Red Bank, Clarion county, just after we had settled there and six months after our arrival in America. Their children were: Tom, Susie, Jennie, Lettie and Sam, who was my father.

Sam Rodgers was born and baptized at Linsforth Episcoplier in November, 1786. He was an industrious farmer and a dealer in cattle, by which means he saved considerable money. He was a member of the Irish Cavalry. For thirty years he suffered with dyspepsia and as a result was very weak. He died November 2, 1852, having been under the care of old Dr. Wallace. He was buried in Lawrenceburg, Clarion county. His wife was Margaret Cook,

who was small of stature and healthy. She was born in Ireland in 17—, and died at the age of seventy-two in the old log house on farm back of Perrysville. Their children were Elizabeth, Susan, Jane, Sally, Mary, William, Letilda, Rebecca and myself.

I was born December 15, 1821, at Faum, Ireland, and was baptized there. This place is on the coast and distant seven miles from Derry. My twin sister died at an early age. I went to school in Ireland and can remember well the country and incidents of my life there. In 1831-2, when I was eleven years old, we emigrated to America, where I attended school for one month more.

Our ship was named the *Syrus Butlow*. She was perhaps one hundred feet long and had three masts, the middle one about as great as a linseed hoghead. We were towed out of the harbor by a small steam tug which did not dare venture out to the big waves. We children soon became very ill, but after a week recovered. We all brought our own provisions, which consisted of meal and potatoes. A fire was built under a great kettle mounted in a swinging crane on the deck and in this we cooked all our food. Each family had a net, to which a long string was attached. The potatoes were held in the net until boiled, while the children took turns at holding the string. The captain had a goat to furnish him with milk, but the crew and ourselves used warm sweetened water on our mush.

We encountered two storms, one being especially severe. Three helmsmen were knocked from the helms in succession. The fourth man was chained to it and during that operation the ship got in the trough of the sea and we shipped three seas. The water flooded the cabins and we thought all was lost, but the ship each time righted herself and the crew finally got her head on to the wind. We pitied the poor sailors, who had to climb all over the rigging and reef in or put out sail accordingly as the captain ordered. They would come down almost frozen to death and while they pulled on the ropes they would sing. One young sailor named Isaac Cruso was very kind to me and I took him up some warm brandy now and then which my father had brought along. When nearing the end of the journey he pierced my ears and placed in them a pair of gold earrings which, with two exceptions, when they were broken, I have not had out for over seventy years. Our first sign of land was the sight of birds and we were each in turn permitted to look through the captain's spy glass and we saw far in the distance a narrow brown strip. One night my father noticed that the crew were constantly on the move and the next morning on questioning the captain he was informed that if he had known the conditions he would not have slept much. The ship was sailing between two dangerous Newfoundland sandbanks and had she struck all would have been lost. We sailed south and finally landed near Philadelphia, where we remained a week until a canal boat transported us west. Our journey from Ireland had taken fifty-two days, but a few years before it had taken more than double that time. We received word many months later that our ship had encountered a storm on her return journey and had gone down with all aboard, including the sailor who gave me the earrings.

We came over the old canal from Philadelphia to Hollidaysburg, which was the farthest point to which it had been built. There we hired a big covered wagon pulled by six horses and drove to Wayne township, where we stopped six months. We children all ran along barefoot behind the wagon. Father traveled around seeking to select a final home for us, and we finally located

in Clarion county. We were greatly discouraged and lived in a sheep house until we had constructed a log house at the mouth of the Clarion creek, near Freedom. All was wilderness. The land we bought from Sam Graham for five dollars and twenty cents an acre, the money having been saved in Ireland. Mr. Graham was one of the very first settlers and had received the land by grant twelve years before. Deer and bear were plentiful and Mr. Graham, who was a good hunter, kept us supplied with meat. We bought and planted some wheat, but it proved to be very poor and we had a hard time. Our threshing was all done with a flail, with great labor, and it would take all winter to thresh out the grain one small barn held. We borrowed fire from Mr. Graham's house, carrying it in a shovel, or started the flame ourselves by snapping the flint of an old flintlock musket on flax. No roads existed except tree clearings. We sowed flax, while father made us a loom. We thus made our own clothes and besides sent tow cloth and linen to Pittsburg for sale. We raised our own madder in the garden with which to die the cloth and made quilts, table cloths, blankets, etc. Our dresses were made of wool we sheared from the sheep and the boys' trousers were made from flax. When I was married I had five homespun dresses of different colors.

I was married in February, 1848, to Robert Galey. His father, Daniel Galey had been a most intimate friend of my father and family while still in Ireland. The ceremony was very simple and the honeymoon was nothing but hard work, fixing up my new home. We first lived in a cabin on Cherry Run, Clarion county. Here my first child, Will, was born. In April, 1851, we moved to Red Bank, now township, and this was our home for the next fourteen or fifteen years. The following children were born here: Samuel, James, Rachel, Daniel, David. My mother died in this house at the age of seventy-two. Ten days after Sam was born word came that my father was very ill at the old home twenty miles away. My husband drove over at once and contrary to his orders I harnessed up a horse and drove over in a buggy, taking the child with me. I arrived soon after my husband and my rashness caused him to be a little angry. My father was still alive and he blessed us all, including the baby. The boys slept up under the roof, crawling up a ladder. In 1865 we moved to a new farm back of Perrysville, which we had secured by the foreclosure of a mortgage. An incident happened in this connection which caused me much anxiety. We had saved nine hundred dollars in cash with which to pay off this mortgage and I had hidden the money in an old pair of shoes. One morning one of the boys found these shoes and was not able to put them on because of the obstruction. He was shaking them violently over the fire when I recognized the shoes, but fortunately the money did not fall out. I made all the cloth to clothe my family from the products of my own garden. For fifty cents I would make a calico dress for a neighbor or would sew hard all week until ten at night for one dollar. Laura was born in this home.

About this time came the great oil excitement. My husband put down several wells which produced first rate. The boys worked on them in shifts and I was kept busy preparing enough to eat. Times became easier now and we were able to save considerable money and the boys were starting into business and getting married. In April, 1882, we decided to leave this farm in charge of Dan, and accordingly we purchased a fine farm in Washington county near Bellevernon. It was underlaid with valuable coal. Our house

was a comfortable brick structure and it was here that our last child, Laura, was married in 1889.

We moved to Belleverson a few years later and spent most of our time visiting among our children, but we never failed to return to the old farm in Clarion county several times a year. My husband died in 1896, at the age of eighty-four years, having been in poor health the last few years of his life. He was conscious up to the end and endured no suffering, and was buried in the Beaver cemetery.

I would not care to live my life over again if I had to endure so much hardship and hard work as I have done.

Mrs. Galey is still in fair health, though eighty-seven years of age. She has possession of all her faculties and visits yet among her children. She spends her winters in Florida with some of her children and says she is awaiting her call with complacency. She has outlived four of her children who reached maturity—Laura, Dave, Samuel and William. She is a member of the Presbyterian church in Belleverson and makes her home with her daughter, Rachel Grant, in Charleroi, Pennsylvania.

THE HERSHEY FAMILY. George H. Hershey, a prominent retail grocer of the East End, Pittsburg, and an active member of the Board of Trade, was born in Circleville, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, March 10, 1867, a son of Jacob and Mary E. (Ashbaugh) Hershey. The Hersheys are originally from Germany and the first representative of the family in this country was the Hershey who emigrated from Germany and settled in Adams county, Pennsylvania. He was the great-grandfather of the subject of this notice. Among his children was a son named Jacob, who married Anna McCreary. Jacob Hershey, the grandfather, was born July 19, 1803. He followed the occupation of a farmer throughout the active years of his career. He was a member of German Reformed church and a Republican in politics. He was twice married. His first wife's maiden name was Catherine Wolet and she bore him four children: Rachel, born October 5, 1825, married Daniel Beck and they had two children. Louis, born May 1, 1827, married Eliza Cunningham; he died October 9, 1872, and his wife passed away September, 1904. Elizabeth, born April 4, 1829, married David Sanders and they reared a large family. Christopher C., born March 1, 1831, married three times, and was the father of a large family. The second wife of Jacob Hershey, whose maiden name was Ann McCreary, of York county, Pennsylvania, bore him the following children: Rebecca, born March 23, 1833, married (first) James Saam, and (second) William Ford. Catherine, born November 20, 1834, married Robert Fisher. Mary, born October 3, 1836, became the wife of Absalom Bowser. Jacob, born February 11, 1839, mentioned hereinafter. Sarah, born August 1, 1841, became the wife of John Fulton, and they reside at North Irwin, Pennsylvania. Lydia, born June 25, 1843, died December 27, 1865. Joseph, born August 24, 1845, died October 26, 1845. John, born November 24, 1846, died January 7, 1853. William, born February 12, 1849. Theresa, born March 5, 1852, died September 19, 1854. Jacob Hershey, the father of this family, died May 10, 1872.

Jacob Hershey, eldest son of Jacob, and the father of the subject, was born in Penn township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, February 11,

1839. He chose the occupation of a farmer for his life work and has followed the same in a successful manner. He is a staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party and has held the office of township supervisor for a number of terms with satisfaction to his township. He belongs to the German Reformed church and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He has been married twice, first to Mary Ashbaugh, born in 1847, married in November, 1863, died in 1880. By this union were born the following children to Mr. Hershey: Ida May, born April 27, 1865, wife of Charles Vial. George H., born March 10, 1867, subject of this notice. Charles B., born February 18, 1869, died November 3, 1881. Frank B., born February 17, 1871, married Eva Detrich. John C., born February 19, 1873, married Sana Hammerly. Margaret O., born December 25, 1875, became the wife of Thomas Hutchinson. Wilbur F., born May 29, 1877, married Linna Dougherty. For his second wife Mr. Hershey married, April 19, 1883, Rebecca Naley, born December 30, 1845, daughter of John and Delitha Naley, and one child was born of this union, Jacob Samuel, who died in infancy.

George H. Hershey, the fifth in genealogical line from the German emigrant, and the son of Jacob and Mary (Ashbaugh) Hershey, was reared on his father's farm at Irwin borough, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, to which place his parents removed when he was about five years of age. He attended the common schools of that town, after which he began to master the carpenter's trade, serving an apprenticeship with Robert Fulton for three years and then came to South Pittsburg and entered the employ of Scheutte & Company, with which firm he remained for seven years, doing carpentering work in their planing mill. In 1895 Mr. Hershey abandoned his trade and engaged in the grocery trade. He purchased a lot at the corner of Graham and Claybourne streets, and there erected a store building. He continued in this business and at this location up to 1904, when he had completed his ninth year as a successful groceryman. In 1903 he had bought a business lot on the corner of Center avenue and Graham street, and there he erected a fine four-story brick building, fifty by one hundred feet. On the first floor he has his grocery store, and there is also one of the most fully up-to-date drug stores on the same floor, while the upper floors are arranged for apartments. Mr. Hershey built his present commodious residence, on Graham street, at No. 539, in 1902. He also has real estate interests—residence property—throughout the city.

He is a member of the Friendship Methodist Episcopal church, and formerly belonged to old Smithfield Methodist church, down town. He has always given his full share towards the upbuilding of the church of his choice, and has served as both steward and trustee. Being much interested in the growth and development of Pittsburg, he is numbered among the members of the East End Board of Trade. He was united in marriage, February 27, 1894, to Miss Kate M. New, born in Pittsburg March 14, 1872, daughter of John A. and Mary (Beltz) New. (A history of the New family appears elsewhere in this work.) Mr. and Mrs. Hershey are the parents of one daughter—Florence N., born September 23, 1897, and is now a student of the Liberty public school.

THE NEW FAMILY. John A. New, a retired business man of Greater Pittsburg, was born in Hesse Kassel, Grossenmohr, Germany, February 22,



Geo H Hershey

1840, a son of John and Katherine E. (Lindner) New. The father spelled the name Neu, but the later generations spell it New.

John Neu (as he spelled it), the father, came to America a year later than his son, John A., or in 1858, with his wife and son Christian. John Neu had served in the German army for a period of twelve years. Upon arriving here he rented a farm and followed agricultural pursuits. After the death of his wife he went to Canada, and there purchased a farm upon which he put many substantial improvements. He married again in Canada, a widow with children, but the particulars are not now known. He died at the advanced age of eighty-five years. He was of the Lutheran religious faith and a very energetic, painstaking man. By his first marriage he had three children: 1. Anna Margaret, who married John H. G. Harmeier, and they were the parents of ten children. 2. John A. New, subject of another section of this sketch. 3. Christian, deceased, born in Germany and died in 1891; he served three years in the Union army during the Civil war in America; he married and was the father of seven children. The widow now resides in South Pittsburg.

John A. New came to America in the month of April, 1857, and at once took up the trade of a baker, serving two years with Frederick Frankenbach. He followed his trade, and in 1866 engaged in business for himself on the South Side, Pittsburg. He became the leading baker and caterer in that section of the city, and there laid the foundation for his fortune, which now consists of good property in both South Pittsburg and elsewhere throughout the city. He continued in the bakery trade until 1893, when he retired and now spends his time mostly in looking after his real estate interests. He erected his present residence in 1897. Politically Mr. New is a Republican, while in church relations he is a member of the Evangelical Association church at the corner of Center and Graham streets, to which he has been a liberal giver. He is now a member of the registration board of the city in the Twentieth ward.

Mr. New was united in marriage, May 18, 1865, to Mary Beltc, born in Austria, and came to America with her parents, who located in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Her father was a miller by trade. She was one of five children in the family. The father died aged forty-five years, in 1868, and the mother passed away in 1895, aged seventy-two years. Mr. and Mrs. New are the parents of nine children: Lizzie L., Emma M., Dr. Grant J. A., Kate M., now the wife of George H. Hershey; William E., deceased; Anna May, deceased; Harry G. A., deceased; Walter F. B., employed by Jones & Laughlin for the past five years since graduating from commercial department of the city high school; Hilda S., deceased.

Dr. Grant J. A. New, son of John and Mary A. (Belte) New, was born in South Pittsburg and educated in the public schools on the South Side, at Curry's University and the Western University of Pennsylvania, graduating in 1895. He was employed in the South Side Hospital for a period of sixteen months, since which time he has been attending to his general practice on Carson street. He is a member of the Free and Accepted Masons, Lodge No. 221; a member of the Junior Order United American Mechanics; and is medical examiner of the Knights of the Maccabees, No. 62. Politically he is a Republican. He is a member of the city physicians in the department of charity and correction. Dr. New is a consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and an upright, enterprising citizen.

He was united in marriage August 22, 1900, by Rev. Warren, to Mary A., daughter of James and Winfred (Richard) Griffith. The issue is John A. New (III).

It may here be stated that the first member of this family to come to this country was Anna Margaret Neu, daughter of John Neu, and the wife of the late John H. S. Harmeyer. She came some time prior to 1857. She now resides at 5510 Claybourn street, Pittsburg, and is the mother of ten children.

CHALFANT FAMILY. John Chalfant, the first, came over in the ship "Welcome" with William Penn and was given a deed for six hundred and forty acres of land in Chester county. This was in about 1682. He afterward, in 1699, settled on a tract of land of two hundred and fifty acres in Rockland Manor, Chester county, Pennsylvania, obtaining a warrant for it October 22, 1701. John Chalfant died in August, 1725. The sons were John Chalfant, Jr., the second, and Robert Chalfant.

John Chalfant, Jr., the second, married and among other children had three sons: John, Solomon and Robert.

Robert, son of John Chalfant, Jr., the second, married Ann Bentley, daughter of John and Mary of Newton, Chester county. Their issue was John, the third, Mary, Jane, Ann, Robert and Elizabeth.

Henry Chalfant, son of John the third, married Eliza Jackson, August 5, 1740, and had nine children, the eldest of whom, Jonathan, was born April 8, 1743, and on December 24, 1777, married Ann Barnard.

Ann Barnard was the daughter of Thomas Barnard, or Burnard, or Bernard, who was first mentioned in 1701 as of West Marlborough, and the said Thomas, the father of Ann, died at Chester in 1732. He had married, first, Eliza Swain, of Newark, New Jersey, but on her death married Sarah Carter, and his daughter Ann, by the said Sarah Carter, became the wife of the said Jonathan Chalfant, on December 24, 1777. Of this marriage of Jonathan Chalfant and Ann Barnard were born nine children, viz: Thomas, born November 2, 1778; Ann, born May 11, 1780; Jonathan, born May 15, 1783; Jacob, born November 3, 1786; Annanias, born August 24, 1788; Henry, born May 13, 1792, and died December 14, 1862; Eliza, born October 8, 1794, and died October 15, 1794; Eliza, born August 25, 1797; Amos, born December 9, 1799.

The said Henry, the sixth child of Jonathan, was married by the Reverend George Duffield, at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, on March 27, 1827, to Isabella Campbell Weakley. Isabella Campbell Weakley was the daughter of Samuel Weakley and Hetty Lusk, and was born January 12, 1801, and died March 4, 1885. Henry Chalfant and Isabella Campbell, his wife, settled at Turtle Creek, in the county of Allegheny, about 1827, and there founded the Pittsburg branch of this family. He conducted a general store and kept the postoffice and relay station for the Pittsburg and Philadelphia stage coach line which traversed the old Greensburg Turnpike. About 1840 he moved to the hills above Turtle Creek on the Greensburg Turnpike and settled on a farm of several hundred acres about half way between Wilkensburg and Turtle Creek, on the said turnpike, where he resided until his death, and where also his widow lived with her son, Henry Richard, and his family until her death in 1887. Of this marriage of Henry Chalfant and Isabella Campbell Weakley

were born the following children: John Weakley Chalfant, born December 13, 1827, and died in Allegheny City December 28, 1898; William Barnard Chalfant, born July 8, 1829, and died August 1, 1830; Sidney Alexander Chalfant, born May 14, 1831, and is now living on Walnut street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburg; Ann Rebecca Chalfant, born August 8, 1833, married Albert G. Miller in 1874, and died October 17, 1896; Hetty Isabella Chalfant, born April 4, 1835, and died January 30, 1840; Henry Richard Chalfant, born July 25, 1837, and died September 30, 1887; James Thomas Chalfant, born May 18, 1839, and died April 20, 1901; George Alexander Chalfant, born March 13, 1841, and died August, 1904; William Lusk Chalfant, born August 3, 1843, and died April 20, 1895; Albert McKinney, born October 6, 1846, and is now living on Castleman street, Twentieth ward, Pittsburg.

William Lusk Chalfant married, on November 4, 1874, Elizabeth Ashley Pirtle, and had by her three children: John Weakley Chalfant, Jr., born September 9, 1875; Lewis Rodgers Chalfant, born in 1876, and died in early infancy; and Ashley Pirtle Chalfant, born December 31, 1882, and died on May 15, 1895.

Elizabeth Ashley Pirtle was a daughter of the Honorable Henry Pirtle and Ann Rodgers, of Louisville, Kentucky. Henry Pirtle was judge of the court of chancery of Jefferson county, Kentucky.

John Weakley Chalfant, Jr., was married on October 2, 1901, to Elizabeth Gerry Briggs, who was a daughter of Charles Calvin Briggs and Mary Gerry. Charles Calvin Briggs was born in Freeport, Maine, and Mary Gerry was born in South Waterford, Oxford county, Maine. Charles Calvin Briggs moved to Pittsburg in the early '70s and resided there, and Elizabeth Gerry Briggs was the first child of Charles Calvin Briggs and Mary Gerry. Charles Calvin Briggs died July 19, 1901, and Mary Gerry Briggs, his wife, died February 18, 1906.

John Weakley Chalfant, Jr., and Elizabeth Gerry Briggs have one child, Charles Briggs Chalfant, born June 26, 1902, and resides in the Borough of Edgewood, a suburb of Pittsburg. John Weakley Chalfant, Jr., is a member of the bar of Allegheny county and a practicing attorney in the city of Pittsburg.

THE HEMPHILL FAMILY. Among the men of native genius and laudable ambition, whose name will long be referred to in all parts of the world, is the late James Hemphill, whose family history forms the subject of this notice. He descended from one of the old Pennsylvania families, whose paternal ancestors were of the sturdy Scotch-Irish stock which has accomplished so much for western Pennsylvania with the passing of more than two centuries. On his mother's side Mr. Hemphill came from "Pennsylvania German" ancestry, and on both paternal and maternal sides he was from families of Revolutionary fame. He was born at Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, July 22, 1827, a son of John and Ann (Longsdorf) Hemphill. As a great mechanical engineer, steam engine inventor and builder, discoverer and constructor of numerous steel and iron furnace processes, as well as the original maker of railroad baggage checks, his name will always have a prominent place on the pages of commercial and industrial history.

His father, John Hemphill, was a tailor by trade, and followed this for his livelihood. He removed from Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1846, to

Tarentum, Allegheny county, this state, where he died June 1, 1859. His wife, Ann, died in 1879. Their children included: Sarah Cox, of Oil City, Pennsylvania; Dorcas Aker, of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania; James, of this sketch; Lydia Ann, Mrs. Rhine, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Margaret, Mrs. Kennedy, of Tarentum, Pennsylvania; and John W. Hemphill, of Tarentum, who learned the tailor's trade of his father and followed the same until the opening of the Civil war, when he enlisted as a member of Company A, Seventy-fourth New York Volunteers, under General Sickles, brigade commander.

James Hemphill accompanied his parents to Allegheny county in 1846, and came to Pittsburg in 1850, where he died August 7, 1900. His early life was spent on the farm, and when very young he drove a horse and cart used in the construction of the Cumberland Valley Railroad. He often was pleased to relate in after years that while thus employed he believed himself the "biggest man on the job," but added that "as a matter of fact, the well-trained horse he drove was doing the whole business." In 1847 he was apprenticed to Samuel Black, later of McKeesport, to learn the blacksmith's trade. He worked at the forge for about three years and subsequently acquired a good knowledge of machinery and mechanics in general. When he first made his advent into Pittsburg he had a fine, robust constitution, a clear, active mind, coupled with a laudable ambition, and practiced frugal economy. He had a natural liking for mechanics and kindred branches, and his superior ability was soon appreciated, and he was made assistant engineer of the Pittsburg waterworks, under Joseph French, one of the best hydraulic engineers of those times, and who was later made superintendent of the waterworks system, and young Hemphill then became engineer. He followed this about eight years, and during this period put in his spare time studying mechanical engineering, with such success that later in his life he was quoted as authority as an expert in such matters all over this country.

It was while engaged in the waterworks that he conceived the idea of providing baggage checks for use by the railroads of this country. He finally perfected his plans and manufactured them on a large scale for the various railroad companies, thus realizing his first money upon which he built up his goodly fortune. He was kindly assisted and greatly encouraged by Thomas Scott, of Pennsylvania Railroad fame, who at that date was but the division superintendent of the Pittsburg division. He always gave Mr. Scott the credit of giving him his first real financial start by what he did in the way of helping him to introduce the little brass baggage check, now so universally used in all parts of the world.

In 1856-57 Mr. Hemphill invested some money with others in a small machine shop business, which was conducted in the tool house of the then abandoned steel works of Messrs. McKelvy and Blair, one of the pioneer steel plants of Pittsburg. Within a few years, however, he withdrew from this firm and in 1859 entered into partnership with Messrs. W. S. McIntosh and N. F. Hart, at the corner of Twelfth and Pike streets, Pittsburg, devoting his whole attention to that enterprise, which from the small beginning came the "Ft. Pitt Foundry" of McIntosh, Hemphill and Company, which concern was incorporated later and became one of the gigantic enterprises of Pittsburg. The steel business of Greater Pittsburg indeed owes much to the pluck and genius possessed by Mr. Hemphill, for it should be remembered that he forced

to the front the "blooming mill," by installing one mill of this type at the Pittsburg Bessemer Works, which small plant grew in time to be the extensive Homestead works, so well known the world over as being a part of the vast Carnegie steel interests. He was part owner in the famous "Carrie" furnaces also. He became an acknowledged expert in furnace building and designing, doing such work for nearly all of the great plants in this country in his time. The United States patents covering his claims of invention of blast furnaces were numbered by the score, while his patents along other valuable lines were very numerous. He was the first person to design and build the massive type of steam engines now so common. On these he employed his patent slide valve, the superiority of which has not been excelled in more than the half century which they have been in actual daily use. For the same length of time has his name stood at the head of designers and builders of blast furnaces and rolling mill machinery, all the offspring of his truly inventive brain.

Unlike a majority of men of such genius and zeal in matters with which they have been connected, Mr. Hemphill realized fully that as age advanced no man could perform the same tasks as in youth; hence he gave way to younger men to carry out the details of his work, he merely advising and suggesting as to the best means to be employed. So the last years of his eventful career he spent in approving and improving on the plans and ideas conceived by younger men, thus saving his own strength of both mind and body. His was a many-sided character, as was shown by his success in lines entirely foreign to the business for which he had been trained in his youth. In 1893, as an example, when the Western Pennsylvania National Bank was established, he became its president, and no little strength was given that institution by his being at the helm. His sense of justice and business honor was ever as greatly manifest in his make-up as were his inventive and mechanical gifts, and to this has been ascribed the fact that in all his years of business, in the employment of hundreds of men, he was never hampered by reason of a strike among his own workmen.

As has well been remarked by one of his contemporaries:

"He was a man of strong principles and excellent judgment, which caused him to be sought after as an arbitrator and appraiser in many important controversies and adjustments. He was at all times much interested in young engineers, and was never so happy as when advising and materially aiding them to develop their original ideas and perfect their inventions. His nature was kindly and domestic and all of his love centered in his home circle. He was retiring, never seeking praise or distinction, and his kindly social qualities brought him many close friends who have reason to long remember his sterling qualities of character."

He was public-spirited and was good counsel on the city board, where he served with distinction. After a painful illness he died of neuritis on Tuesday, August 7, 1900, and was buried in Homewood cemetery.

Mr. Hemphill was united in marriage, in 1849, to Elizabeth Frink, of Rome, New York, who died in January, 1879, and was survived by the following children: 1. Newton A., born March 9, 1853; married, in 1874, Mary McMillen, daughter of Hugh and Jennie (Nicholson) McMillen, and they are the parents of: James, Elizabeth B. and Marie N. Hemphill. 2. William A.

married Annie Marshall, of Pittsburg. 3. Katherine, Mrs. W. A. Hoeveler (see Hoeveler sketch). 4. Alice, Mrs. George R. W. Baum (see Baum sketch). 5. Horace F., married, and is living in Philadelphia.

FREDERICK M. JOHNS. Among the business men who are prominently identified with the hardware trade in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, we may mention the name of Frederick M. Johns, whose store is located at No. 7242 Mount Vernon street, in that city. He is of the first generation of his family to have been born in this county, his ancestors having been of an old and honored family of Wales.

Richard Johns, father of Frederick M. Johns, was born in Cardiff, Wales, and emigrated to the United States. Here he very successfully followed the blacksmith's trade, which he had learned in his native land, until his death, which occurred in 1894. He married Hester Brown, who died in 1896, and they had children: Elizabeth, deceased; Katherine, married a Mr. Marquis; Mary, married an Augermyer; Laura, married a Mr. Wallace; Grace, married Mr. Brown; Harry; Nellie, married Mr. Miller; Frederick M. (see forward).

Frederick M. Johns, son of Richard and Hester (Brown) Johns, was born in Pulaski, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1873. He was educated in the public schools and in Mount Academy, Ohio, and upon the completion of his education taught school for one year. He went to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1890, having obtained a position in a hardware store, and retained this for a period of seven years. He then went to Homewood and established himself in the same line of business, and has carried this on very successfully since that time. He is noted throughout the city for his sterling integrity and reliable business qualities. He married Gertrude Armitage, daughter of James Armitage, of Coltsville, Ohio, and they have children: Russell, born October 30, 1899; Victor V., born March 28, 1902; Gladys G., born November 16, 1903.

OSWALD WERNER. Oswald Werner, head of the dyeing establishment of Oswald Werner & Sons, which is the largest and oldest concern of its kind in the western part of the state of Pennsylvania, is a son of Lebrecht and Elinora Christiana (Emerich) Werner, both natives of Saxony, Germany. The Emerichs are counted among the wealthiest families of that section of Germany.

Oswald Werner was born in Saxony, Germany, October 16, 1835, and emigrated to the United States in 1853. He settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and, being enterprising and ambitious, took the first employment that came to his hand. This was on a farm not far from the city, and during the three months he was employed there he acquired a fair working knowledge of the English language. He then obtained a position in the finishing department of a tannery. He had served an apprenticeship to the dyeing trade in his native country, and his next position was in the dyeing establishment of William W. Neeper, where he remained for a period of nine years. He then determined to establish himself in this line of business, and in 1864 opened an establishment on Fourth avenue, between Market and Ferry streets, where

he carried on a successful business until 1869. His reliable and excellent work had brought him such an increased trade that it was necessary for him to seek larger and more commodious quarters, and he purchased a large plot of ground in Penn avenue, erected suitable buildings thereon, and removed his business to that place. Thirty years later he removed to Bryant street, East End, where he now has extensive working space, between St. Clare and Mellon streets, and in addition has a large stable. Although Mr. Werner has retired from active participation in the actual work of the concern, he still retains his connection with it. It is now carried on under the firm name of Oswald Werner and Sons, and by his two sons, John and Oswald H., and gives employment to eighty-five hands.

Mr. Werner married, in 1859, Katrina Stadler, and they have had nine children, seven of whom grew to mature years: 1. Augusta A. 2. John. 3. Emma K. 4. Oswald H. 5. Katrina R. 6. Anna. 7. Stella B.

WILLIAM FLINN. Ex-State Senator William Flinn, of Pittsburg, was born May 26, 1851, in Manchester, England, son of John Flinn, who emigrated the same year to the United States and settled in Pittsburg. From the time of his arrival until 1896 he was a resident of the Sixth ward, but in the year mentioned moved with his family to the Nineteenth ward.

William Flinn received a common-school education and after leaving school learned the trades of brass finisher and gas and steam fitter. He is now a member of the firm of Booth & Flinn, Limited, general contractors, and belongs to the board of directors of the Colonial Trust Company. In 1877 he was elected a member of the board of fire commissioners of Pittsburg. He was elected to the house of representatives for the sessions of 1879 and 1881, and in the years 1884, 1888, 1892, 1896, 1900 and 1902 he served as a delegate to the Republican national convention. For eighteen years he was chairman of the Republican city executive committee.

In 1890 he was elected to the state senate, was re-elected in 1894, and in November, 1898, was honored with a third election. He was the author of the first Greater Pittsburg bill ever introduced in the legislature, and was one of those largely instrumental in bringing about the consolidation of the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny. Nor is it only as a legislator that he has served his home city, but as a private citizen his active interest and his influence have ever been devoted to its welfare and advancement. On March 7, 1892, he resigned public office and retired to private life, intending thenceforth to devote his time to the management of his business interests.

Mr. Flinn married Nancy Galbraith, of Pittsburg, and they are the parents of the following children: George H., Ralph E., W. Arthur, A. Rex, Mary S. and Edith G.

George H. Flinn, eldest child of William and Nancy (Galbraith) Flinn, is actively connected with many of the business enterprises of Pittsburg, among them the Beechwood Improvement Company. He is secretary and treasurer of the Booth-Flinn Company, Limited, contractors, and is a member of the board of directors of the Colonial Trust Company. George H. Flinn married Clara Louise, daughter of D. C. Negley, and their family consists of two children: Clara Louise and George H.

EDWARD ACKER, at present one of Pittsburg's enterprising business men, was born June 4, 1840, at Phillipsburg (now Monaca), Beaver county, Pennsylvania, a son of Edward Acker, who was born at Fulda, Saxony, Germany, and came to this country in the first half of the nineteenth century. He settled at Phillipsburg, where he practiced medicine and established a water-cure sanitarium which for many years was known as the Phillipsburg Water-Cure.

Dr. Acker married Mary Ann, born at Freeport, Pennsylvania, daughter of David Hoover, and their children were: Emil, married in Cincinnati; Edward, of whom later; Josephine, wife of Henry Bimber, has children; George, Marie, Karl and Edward; Armine, went to Indiana and there married; Henry; and Robert, who died in infancy. Dr. Acker, the father, died, aged forty-one years, in Phillipsburg, where he had resided continuously since his arrival in this country.

Edward Acker, son of Edward and Mary Ann (Hoover) Acker, came to Pittsburg in 1859, at the age of nineteen, and began his business career by serving an apprenticeship to the tinner's trade. Upon the expiration of his time he entered the service of a Mr. Dorflinger, and later became connected with John Demler, with whom he remained one year.

Upon the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted in the Seventy-seventh Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served until after the termination of the conflict. His regiment, being attached to the Army of the Cumberland, participated in all the great battles and engagements except Chickamauga. He was twice wounded and once taken prisoner, being confined for five months with many others at Parole Camp Chase until finally exchanged. His regiment, being ordered to Texas at the close of the war, in anticipation of trouble with France over Mexico, was one of the last to be disbanded, and he served in all fours years and three months. At the end of that time has was honorably discharged with the rank of sergeant.

At the close of the war he again worked at his trade, being employed by John Demler and the firm of Brown & Graham. In 1871 he moved to East Liberty and established, in partnership with Peter Forsythe, a house-furnishing and hardware business. After the dissolution of his connection with Mr. Forsythe he was successively associated in this enterprise with Harry Crozer and Henry Carr. Eventually he took charge of the whole business and has successfully conducted it up to the present time. Although now sixty-seven years of age, he is to be found every day at his office. As an instance of the frugality which has formed a large element in his financial success may be mentioned the fact that he was one of the few who served through the Civil war and saved money from their pay, the compensation in Mr. Acker's case never amounting to more than twenty dollars a month.

He is a member of Union Veteran Legion, Camp No. 1; Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, F. and A. M.; Pittsburg Chapter, No. 1, Knights Templar; Consistory, Scottish Rite and Shrine (Syria Temple). In politics he is an ardent Republican and was a member of the Blaine or Americus Club.

Mr. Acker married Mrs. Alice Elizabeth (Kleinfelder) Leslie, and the following children have been born to them: Lotta, deceased; Edward C.; Frances, deceased; and Alice G. Edward C. Acker, the only son, is in business with his father. He married Grace Davis, by whom he has one son, Edward James Potter Acker.

THE ALLERTON FAMILY. Among the Pittsburg families who have the distinction of being able to trace their ancestry in a clear, undisputed, direct line to the band of Pilgrims who came over in the "Mayflower," is the Allerton family, whose male descendants have been prominent in the affairs of the city for many years, and one of whom, Orville Hurd Allerton, is still a resident of the place. The genealogical line is as follows:

1. Isaac, who was the American ancestor. 2. Isaac. 3. Isaac. 4. John. 5. Isaac. 6. Reuben, the subject's great-grandfather. 7. Samuel W., the grandfather. 8. Orville Hurd, Sr., the father. 9. Orville Hurd, Jr., the subject.

(I) Isaac Allerton, who came in the "Mayflower," left but one son, who remained in New England, viz.: Isaac (II), and he in turn left Isaac (III), born in New Haven, Connecticut, and Willoughby, born in Virginia. Isaac (I) was born in New Haven, 1655, and became the progenitor of all the Allertons of later generations. His descendants may be embraced into three branches: those of Rhode Island being one branch, from John (V); the New York branch descending from Isaac (V), and the New Jersey branch, from Zachariah (V).

The exact time and place of the birth of Isaac (I) is not at this time known to his descendants in this country. He was of an old and honorable family of mixed Saxon and Danish descent that had been for many centuries located in the southeastern part of England. He was certainly born between the years of 1583 and 1585, and resided in London for some time prior to his removal to Holland, in 1609, when he was about twenty-six years old, and was thirty-seven when he came to Plymouth, Massachusetts. It is supposed that he was the son of Edward and Rose (Davis) Allerton. He is generally admitted to have been the wealthiest of all the Pilgrims, and was among the few who had the prefix of "Mr." attached to his name, which at that day indicated that he was of a superior family, or respectability. No one in the whole Leyden colony was more efficient and eminently useful in all their preparations for departure to America than he. When he sailed he had four children, all born in Holland: Bartholomew, Remember and Mary came with their parents in the "Mayflower," while Sarah remained behind to come later with an aunt.

Isaac Allerton was the fifth to sign his name to the celebrated "Compact," John Carver, William Bradford and two more only preceding him. His son-in-law, Degory Priest, was the twenty-ninth to affix his signature to the document, which had but forty-one names attached to it.

In September, 1621, a party of ten men went by water to view and explore the country at what is now known as Boston harbor; also to get acquainted with the Indians in that locality. The first headland at Nantucket was named "Point Allerton," which name it still retains. In the autumn of 1626 Mr. Allerton was sent by the colony to England for the purpose of obtaining supplies upon which to subsist. By a contract made, the entire trade of the colony was bound to William Bradford, Edward Winslow and Isaac Allerton for the period of six years. The men named assumed the little colony's indebtedness of twenty-four hundred pounds, they also agreeing to furnish the colony with "fifty pounds worth of hoes and shoes."

Like most of his descendants, Isaac Allerton (I) was a man of quick temper and apt to resent an affront, and acted largely on his impulses. He

was just and fair at all times, however. In 1634 his trading house was taken by the French and Indians and burned, as was also its contents. In 1635, on account of the liberality of his religion, he was notified to leave Marblehead, which he did. From 1636 to 1646 he lived at New Amsterdam, where he engaged in coasting and dealing in tobacco, having a warehouse at East River, near the present Maiden Lane, New York city. He made many voyages to Virginia and the West Indies. Governor Winthrop wrote of him in 1643:

"Three ministers which were sent to Virginia were shipwrecked on Long Island. Mr. Allerton, of New Haven, being there took great pains and care of them and provided them with a very good pinace and all things necessary."

In 1646 he became a permanent resident of New Haven, Connecticut, where he spent the remainder of his days, having built for himself "a grand house on the Creek with Four Porches," as the record reads. He died aged about seventy-five years, in 1659, and was buried in the old burying-ground at New Haven, Connecticut, but no monument ever marked his grave, as was the case in many other instances of the worthy Pilgrims, the reason ascribed being that at that time all gravestones had to be shipped from the Old World and were, necessarily, expensive.

He was thrice married, first to Mary Norris, of Newbury, England, November 4, 1611; she died February 25, 1625. He married his second wife, Fear Brewster, in 1626, and she died December 12, 1634. She was the daughter of Elder William Brewster, who came over on the ship "Ann" in 1623. She was a woman of pleasing appearance and of a pious disposition. For his third wife he married Johanna (maiden name unknown), and she died at New Haven, Connecticut, in 1682. By his first marriage he had children, born at Leyden, Holland: Bartholomew, Remember, Mary and Sarah. By his second wife he had Isaac (II), born 1630.

(II) Isaac Allerton was born at Plymouth, Massachusetts, 1630; graduated at Harvard College, 1650, being in the seventh class to graduate from that institution. He accompanied his father on his numerous sea voyages to the West Indies and Virginia. He married "Elizabeth," and resided at New Haven. His wife died in about 1660. He then settled in Westmoreland county, Virginia, where he was a justice of the peace and held other offices. He was a major in 1675, second in command to John Washington, of Virginia, against the Indians; was also a member of the house of burgesses. He died in Westmoreland county, Virginia, in 1702. The children born to Mr. Allerton were: Elizabeth, born September 27, 1653; Isaac, born July 11, 1655; and Sarah, born about 1660. By his second wife he was the father of two daughters, one named Frances, and a son named Willoughby.

(III) Isaac Allerton was born in New Haven, Connecticut, July 11, 1655. He finally located at or near Norwich, Connecticut, but he died in Rhode Island, where his son John had settled. He was a farmer all his days and also handled produce. He was a quiet man, not caring for publicity. He served in some of the New England Indian wars. His children were: John, born 1685; Jesse, born 1686; Isaac, born a few years later, as was his brother Thomas.

(IV) John Allerton was born at New Haven, Connecticut, in 1685. He married and moved to Norwich, Connecticut, in 1712; was a selectman in 1721, removed to Rhode Island in 1739 and in 1741 resided in Coventry,

Rhode Island, where he died in 1750. He married "Elizabeth," by whom was born the following children: Esther, Sarah, Mary, John, Richard, Isaac, Elizabeth, Anna and Jonathan.

(V) Isaac Allerton was born at Norwich, Connecticut, August 15, 1725. But little is known of his history besides that he was a farmer. He was a tall man and had some local prominence as an athlete. Before the Revolutionary war he was possessed of much wealth, but by exchanging his produce to supply the Continental army, taking his pay in paper money, he lost nearly all he had accumulated. Seeking to retrieve his fortune, he moved to Amenia, Dutchess county, New York, in 1792, and died there December 26, 1807. He had in his possession many relics of the war for national independence, including a broad-axe with which was hewed the logs for the first building erected by the Pilgrim fathers; also a fuzee-gun captured from an old Indian warrior. He married Lucy Spaulding, by whom was born: Jonathan, Alice, Sarah, Daniel and Reuben. The wife died in 1813, aged eighty-six years, and was buried beside her husband at Amenia, Dutchess county, New York.

(VI) Reuben Allerton was born at Canterbury, Connecticut, December 25, 1753. He received an excellent education; studied medicine and became a noted physician and surgeon, beginning his practice about 1777. He entered the colonial army as surgeon of Colonel Hopkins' regiment in 1777. The instruments which he used are still in the possession of the family. He died at Amenia, New York. In Sharon, Connecticut, in 1778, he married Lois Atherton, born 1757, at Newton, New Jersey. Their children were: Cornelius, Polly, Lucy, Samuel Waters, Amaryllis, Mira, Milton Barlow.

(VII) Samuel Waters Allerton was born in Amenia, Dutchess county, New York, December 5, 1785. He studied medicine and intended to take the practice in which his father had been so successful, but he soon abandoned the notion and engaged in the tailoring trade, which he learned, and became a merchant tailor and conducted a country store. In 1828 he was one of the promoters of a woolen factory, but with the Democratic reduced tariff measure enacted in 1833, he with nearly all others engaged in like business was financially ruined. The mills once prosperous stood as so many monuments to the folly of such a political party measure. He then went to Dubuque county, Iowa, hoping to regain what he had lost, but after two years in that new country he was smitten with dumb ague and returned to his former home. He was deputy sheriff of Dutchess county, New York, for three years, and in 1842 moved to Yates county of that state, where he rented a farm, and in 1848 purchased one in Wayne county, New York, where he died. He was a very industrious man—never let a moment slip by idly. He reared his children to believe that true religion consisted in "Love to God and good will to all men." He was a Universalist in his religious faith, although a trustee in the Presbyterian church at Amenia at one time. He was a man of sterling qualities, full of good deeds and integrity. He died like a ripened sheaf when aged ninety-nine years and eight months. The date of his death was August 10, 1885.

March 26, 1808, he married Hannah Hurd, born 1788, at South Dover. She was the daughter of Ebenezer and Rebecca (Phillips) Hurd. Her father was an extensive cattle drover and was known widely throughout New York state as "Uncle Eb." He took large droves of cattle overland to the New York markets, returning with the pay for them packed away in his huge

saddle-bags. He had many business dealings with Henry Astor, brother of the New York dry goods prince, John Jacob Astor. He was the son of Daniel Hurd, of Connecticut, who married Betsy Allen, of Vermont, a cousin of Colonel Ethan Allen. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Waters Allerton were: Cornelia, born March 26, 1809; Amaryllis, born January 1, 1812; Henry Reuben, born December 25, 1814; Orville Hurd, born April 17, 1817; Amanda H., born July 15, 1818; Byron, born September 20, 1822; Rebecca H., born September 28, 1824; Lois J., born January 26, 1826; Samuel Waters, born May 26, 1828.

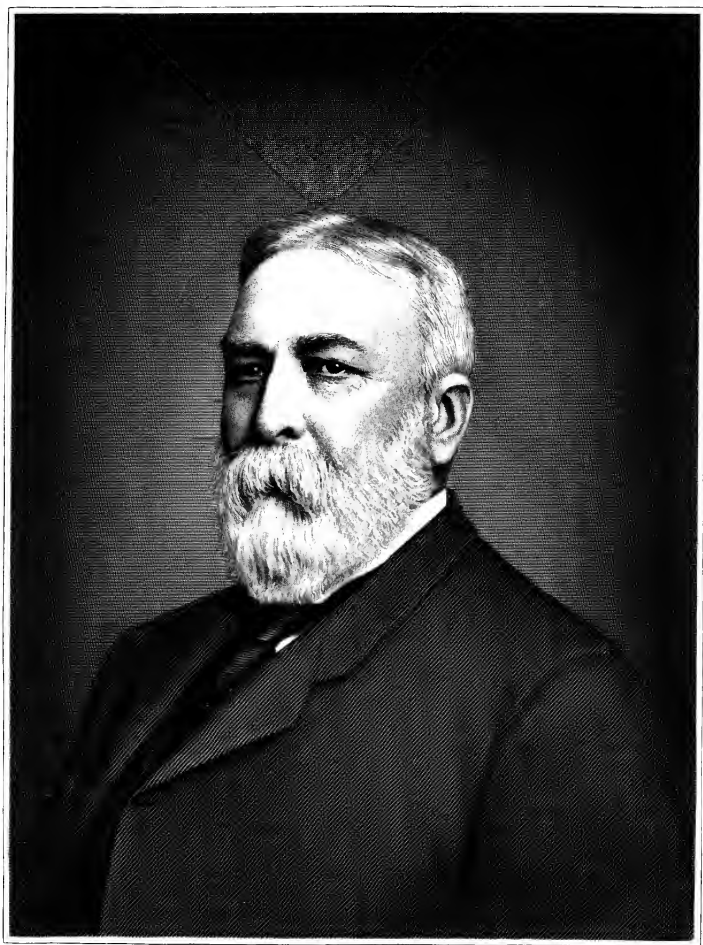
(VIII) Orville Hurd Allerton, the subject's father, was born at Amenia, Dutchess county, New York, April 17, 1817. At the age of ten years he began life's active career by working in a comb factory, which trade he designed to learn, but a few months later his life was turned in another channel by his employer selling out and moving away. He then worked for a time on a farm, doing what a lad of his tender years could, for which he received the sum of three cents a day. He had an uncle, who was chiefly engaged in buying and driving to the New York markets large droves of fat cattle, and when Orville was but eleven years old he had him leave school and help him drive his droves the distance of one hundred miles to New York City, but on the first trip, and when only out about twenty miles, he became very homesick and could not be induced to go farther on the long journey. He turned face homeward and covered the whole distance following behind two men on horseback who were going part way. He hurried on and arrived at home the same evening, having averaged five miles an hour for the four hours. This trait of his character was always a predominating one in his life—he dearly loved his own home and its hallowed influences.

From time to time he assisted in driving stock to New York, always having to trudge along on foot. He received twenty-five cents a day for his services and his steamboat fare to Poughkeepsie, thirty miles from his home, and this distance on his return trips he always walked, unless fortunate enough to find teamsters going his way. Up to fourteen years of age he was educated at the district schools, at the select school of Dr. Leonard and the Amenia Seminary.

At the age of thirteen he commenced to clerk in a store at Nassau, New York, and later at Dover Plains, New York. Subsequently he went to Elmira, New York, and clerked in a drug store. In 1839 he went to Dubuque, Iowa, where he had a brother, Henry Allerton, who was a farmer, living out but twenty miles. He made his way by a fearful perilous voyage over the great lakes to Chicago, Illinois, and by stage two hundred miles to Dubuque, and from there made the twenty miles on foot. There he was to clerk in a store in which the chief stock of merchandise was plug tobacco, clay pipes and whisky. Five weeks was a sufficient time for him amidst such surroundings, and at the end of that period he retraced his steps to his native state. He went to Elmira, New York, and was engaged as clerk and bookkeeper for about twelve years, this giving him a practical business schooling, which was the real foundation for the success he finally achieved.

In 1842 he went to Newark, New York, where he began the mercantile business in earnest and continued for twenty-five years. After thirty-seven years of indoor work he found it necessary to change on account of his health, and so, in 1868, he accepted a position tendered him by his brother, Samuel W.





William Pose

Allerton, as superintendent of the Pennsylvania Central Stock Yards at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. It was a place of more than ordinary responsibility, but the compensation was equal to the labor and so he continued for seventeen years, when he retired, after having been fifty-four years engaged in active business pursuits. He retired to a beautiful home at Newark, New York, where he also owns a well improved farm of one hundred and sixty acres. This is but a fragment of the sum he was enabled to accumulate in his long career. He made many good investments, including western railroad stocks, and numerous deals of a purely legitimate nature. His measure of success in life was mainly due to his order, care, promptness, and integrity of character. He is an able writer and speaker, always being logical in his conclusions and concise in his expression.

On January 15, 1845, Mr. Allerton married Eliza Adelaide Dean, of Dresden, Yates county, New York, who was a natural self-taught painter of portraits and landscape scenes, although she never cultivated her artistic tendencies to any great extent. It has been said of her: "As a wife, no more true, noble or trustworthy heart ever beat in human breast." The children which came to bless this union are as follows: Clarence, born in 1849, died aged nine months; Orville Hurd, born October 3, 1851.

(IX) Orville Hurd Allerton, subject, was born October 3, 1851, at Newark, New York, and received his education at the Newark Academy and a business training at Poughkeepsie, New York, and Elmira, of that state. From 1873 to 1884 he was a live stock shipper from points in the west to the New York markets. During the last named year he succeeded his father as live stock agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He resigned this position in 1904. In 1886 he made a tricycle tour extending through England, Scotland, Wales and France.

Politically Mr. Allerton is a supporter of the Republican party. In January, 1907, he was elected president of the Board of Trade of Pittsburg.

He was married, June 3, 1874, to Miss Ida C. Leggett, daughter of John T. and Susan (Cronise) Leggett, of Newark, New York. The children by this union are: Ida May, born April 17, 1882; Edith Marie, born January 11, 1887.

WILLIAM PORE, now retired from active business life, but for many years connected with the firm of Graff, Hugus & Company, foundrymen of the city of Pittsburg, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, October 4, 1832, the son of Adam and Margaret (Lobingier) Pore. Adam Pore was born in 1783, and was a farmer of Westmoreland county, where he was the owner of several large farms. This was one of the pioneer families of the county. Adam's sons, with the exception of William, the subject, all followed agricultural pursuits.

William Pore received his education in the common schools of his native county up to the year he was ten years of age, when he went forth into the world to do for himself. He began his successful career by working in a store at Weaver's old stand, Mount Pleasant township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. He remained there about two years, when he went to the county seat town, Greensburg, where he was employed by Louis Trauger for three years. In February, 1851, he came to Pittsburg, taking a situation in the dry goods

house known as the Bee Hive, where he was employed one year, after which he entered the large dry goods house of W. & D. Hugus, at Fifth avenue and Market street. In 1856 he took a position as bookkeeper in the foundry business of Graff & Company, successors to Graff, Reisinger & Graff. This was later changed to Graff & Hugus, and in 1863 Mr. Pore became one of the partners in the concern, when the firm name was changed to Graff, Hugus & Company. He continued there until 1870, when he severed his connection with the firm and retired from active business life. Since that date he has occupied his time at managing his estate and buying and selling property.

Mr. Pore has for a dozen or more years been very active in church work in the Lutheran church, holding at this period the office of treasurer of the Pittsburg Lutheran Synod, G. S. He is the only surviving member of the firm of Graff, Hugus & Company, which was among the pioneer concerns of this line of industry in Pittsburg.

He married Anna Mary Graff, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth Graff, who was born March 12, 1837. (See Graff sketch.) She died June 29, 1891.

JOSEPH ROBB, who was the American ancestor, emigrated from County Down, Ireland, in the year 1730, and settled in Pennsylvania, together with his wife and three sons: John Robb, Sr., William and Andrew Robb.

(II) John Robb, Sr., son of Joseph Robb, bought a farm about six miles from what is now called Lancaster, Pennsylvania, on Octorara creek. He married Miss Barbara McKnight, a young woman of that vicinity. To them were born ten children: William, John, James, Andrew, David, Joseph, Samuel, Moses, Isabella and Nancy. They were all members of the Reformed Presbyterian church. In 1775 John Robb, Sr., and his son John came to Pittsburg, which was then a mere village, intending to buy a farm near by and remove to western Pennsylvania. They examined several farms on Chartier's creek and finally viewed a farm belonging to Andrew Walker on Robinson's Run, a tributary to Chartier's creek, about a mile north of what is now McDonald, on the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad. They did not purchase the farm at this time, but sometime later went back to the farm and entered into articles of agreement with Mr. Walker for the purchase of the farm, containing about four hundred acres, and commenced, among many trials and tribulations on account of the depredation of the Indians, to build a home and clear and fence a portion of the land. So dangerous were the Indians at that time, especially at night, that they were compelled to return in the evening after their day's work to one of the two forts in that part of the country, one of which was located at what is now Gregg's Station on the Panhandle railroad, then called Fort Riddle, and the other one, called Fort Little, near Venice, in what is now Washington county, then Monongahela county, Virginia.

Many times the Indians were in the woods upon this farm while the two Johns were at work preparing to remove their family there. All of this farm, although divided into three parts, is in the Robb name to this day, and there has never been a mortgage or a judgment against any portion of it since the original purchase money mortgage was paid off, about the year 1800.

(III) John Robb, Jr., son of John Robb, Sr., was born in 1758 and died in 1849. In June, 1776, he enlisted in the army of the Revolution and was

an ensign under Washington. He was with the army when they crossed the Delaware and pushed on to Trenton, where they had a very important battle and returned upon the night of the same day. We do not know how long he was in the service, but it was at least a year. Returning home, the family proceeded to make themselves a fairly comfortable home and farm where there was little but woods and Indians when the family first moved west of the Alleghenies. John Robb, Sr., divided his farm into three parts, one of which he gave to his son John, containing one hundred and seventy-six acres, another to his son James, containing one hundred and fifteen acres, and another to his son Joseph, containing one hundred and twenty acres. Each of these men remained upon the portions of the farm allotted to them during their lives. Aside from the three sons of John Robb, Sr., among whom his farm was divided, their other brothers and sisters married and went to other parts of the state of Pennsylvania and into Ohio to seek their fortunes. John Robb, Jr., about the year 1790, married Jane Kelso, who prior to that time, with a young lady cousin of hers, had ridden on horseback all the way from Big Spring in the eastern part of the state and took up their abode at Rev. Dr. Riddles, of Fort Riddle, mentioned heretofore. Jane Kelso was born in 1766 at Big Spring and died in 1866 on the farm allotted to her husband, John Robb, Jr. To these parents were born eleven children, eight boys and three girls—John, George, William, James, Andrew, David, Mark, Joseph, Jane, Elizabeth and Isabella.

By the will of John Robb, Jr., the farm given him by his father was devised to Mark Robb, who was born in 1807, and lived there his entire life, until his death in 1892. Mark was married to Jane Scott Donaldson, in 1838, and to these parents were born four sons: John S. Robb, attorney at the Allegheny county bar; Andrew D. Robb, a merchant; Joseph K. Robb, a farmer, and James McB. Robb, a clerk. Upon the death of Mark Robb, his farm descended to his two sons, John S. Robb and James McB. Robb, and the sons of Andrew D. Robb, Joseph having died without issue prior to the death of his father. The farm is now owned by John S. Robb, James McB. Robb, Harry W. Robb and John S. Robb, Jr., who bought the interest of Mark A. Robb, son of Andrew D. Robb, shortly after the death of Mark Robb. James Robb, the third son of John Robb, and he to whom his father devised a portion of the farm which he had bought from Andrew Walker, married Elizabeth Kelso. They had three sons and one daughter. This James Robb devised to his son James the portion of the old farm which his father had given him. This James Robb married Ellen Henry. They had three sons and three daughters. The farm was willed by him to his three sons, James H., William and George. James and William and the heirs of George (deceased) still own all of their grandfather's farm except thirty acres which was bought by Joseph W. Robb, son of Ebenezer Robb, who was a son of Joseph Robb, to whom about one hundred and twenty acres of the original farm was willed by John Robb, Sr.

(IV) Joseph Robb, son of John Robb, Jr., was born in 1776 and lived his entire lifetime, until his death, aged ninety, on the farm before mentioned. He married Mary Sturgeon, born in 1778, and died October 14, 1832, and they had a family: Ebenezer, William, Joseph, Robert S., Joseph W. and Mary E.

ROBERT S. ROBB, secretary and treasurer of the Hostetter Company of Pittsburg, forms the subject of this sketch, but much concerning the Robb family, from which he has descended, will also appear in this connection. From the American ancestor down to the subject the genealogical line is as follows:

- (I) Joseph Robb.
- (II) John Robb, Sr.
- (III) John Robb, Jr., son of the founder.
- (IV) Joseph Robb, son of John Robb, Jr.
- (V) Ebenezer Robb, son of Joseph Robb.
- (VI) Robert S. Robb, son of Ebenezer Robb.

William Penn having obtained a grant from Charles II, in 1681, for the land now known as Pennsylvania (Penn's Woods), founded the city of Philadelphia in 1682, which city was practically all of Pennsylvania during the colonial period. The inducements offered by Penn to attract settlers upon this grant were of such a character as to attract the attention of emigrants from England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales and the Continent generally, and especially Scotland and the north of Ireland, and it is not surprising to find the Robbs coming in families consisting of fathers and sons and in groups of families, seeking new homes in the new land.

It should be remembered at the outset that Philadelphia was the only city in Pennsylvania of any importance in the early years of 1700, and that all emigrants would probably, after landing at that point, diverge toward the most available and most attractive places open for settlement. Consequently we find a number of settlements by the Robbs in Chester, Lancaster and Cumberland counties. The earliest mention of the Robb family in Pennsylvania is under the date of 1725, when Henry Robb, of Germantown (Philadelphia), a weaver by trade, in 1738 appeared as a witness to the signing of a will of one of his neighbors; he seems to have removed to Cheltenham, Philadelphia, now Montgomery county, where he resided in 1746, where an executor of the will of one George Trout executed a deed for some property in this capacity.

(V) Ebenezer Robb, son of Joseph and Mary (Sturgeon) Robb, was born on the old homestead in 1810, and died in 1884. Squire Robb, as he was always addressed, possessed more than ordinary attainments. He served as a justice of the peace for many years, and took great interest in the affairs of his community. He had a strong will and a positive character, with a high sense of honor, and was noted for his great integrity. He was a devout and zealous member of the United Presbyterian church, serving many years as an elder, both in the Robinson and McDonald churches. Politically he was an old-line Whig. The old farm consisted of one hundred and fifty acres, upon which stood a log house, but in his day he built a new one and materially improved the place. It is still in the family. He married Eliza Wallace, born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and was about sixty-seven years of age at her death. She was the daughter of Robert Wallace. Mr. and Mrs. Ebenezer Robb were the parents of the following children: 1. Joseph, died young. 2. William, died young. 3. Robert S. (subject). 4. Joseph W., of Washington, Pennsylvania. 5. Mary E., wife of Joseph Reynolds, of McDonald, Pennsylvania, whose daughter is Mary.

(VI) Robert S. Robb, son of Ebenezer and Eliza (Wallace) Robb, was born August 24, 1841, and received his education at the public schools of his





John V. Starr

native township in Washington county, Pennsylvania. At the age of seventeen years he went to Mansfield, Pennsylvania, and attended the Carnegie Academy, where he took a preparatory course, and in 1861 entered Jefferson College, graduating in 1864. He then came to Pittsburg and read law in the office of Kirkpatrick & Mellon, and was about to be admitted to the bar when his eyesight failed and he was totally blind for three months. Having to abandon the cherished notion of pursuing his profession, he returned to his old home in Washington county and remained on the farm. Prior to this, and during his college term in 1863, he was drafted and was mustered into the Union army, but paid three hundred dollars for a substitute and returned to college, and after he completed his college course he volunteered, serving on detached duty with the rank of orderly sergeant with a corporal's guard, and was stationed at the Union Station of the Pennsylvania railroad on Liberty street, Pittsburg, to take charge of the Rebel prisoners being sent to Dayton, Ohio. After serving six months the regiment to which he belonged was honorably discharged at Camp Howe. He came to Pittsburg about 1866 and followed mercantile pursuits a few years, and in 1872 entered the employ of Hostetter & Smith as a clerk, and has been constantly in the employ of the company (now the Hostetter Company) ever since. He is now secretary and treasurer. Politically Mr. Robb is a supporter of the Republican party, but has never aspired to official position. He is of the United Presbyterian church faith and profession. When a youth he walked four miles to attend the old Robinson church, and after he came to Allegheny City he united with the Third United Presbyterian church, known as Ridge Avenue church. He was a trustee and superintendent of the Sunday school for over ten years. He was appointed a member of the general assembly and was secretary of a committee to revise pastoral and Bible songs of both the church and Sunday school. About 1889 he severed his connection with this church and became a member of the Westminster Presbyterian church, and was chosen treasurer of the building committee for the erection of the new church on Buena Vista street. He was also a member of the session and board of trustees. In 1894, on account of his removal to North Craig street, Pittsburg, he became a member of Bellfield Presbyterian church, where he is a member of the board of trustees, as well as interested in the work of the Sunday school. Mr. Robb is a member of the Sons of the Revolution, being eligible through both the paternal and maternal branches of the family.

He was married first to Miss Emma S. Boyd, daughter of Alexander Boyd and wife. Mrs. Robb was born about 1842 and died September 2, 1904. By this union were born children, but none lived to maturity. For his second wife Mr. Robb married Mrs. Mary Persohn, whose father was the master mechanic of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's shops at Steubenville, Ohio. The Persohn family are of old Huguenot stock.

JOHN VALENTINE STOER, an honored and respected citizen residing at No. 309 Edgewood avenue, Edgewood Park, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and an honorably discharged veteran of the Civil war, descends from an honored family of Germany.

Peter Stoer, grandfather of John Valentine Stoer, was a resident of Nuremburg, Bavaria, and had a number of children. Three of them, who

emigrated to America, bore the names: John J., see forward; Margaret, married Henry Senft; and Sophia, married John Lang.

John J. Stoer, son of Peter Stoer, was born in Nuremberg, Germany, in 1811, and came to this country in 1839, settling in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He was by trade a carpenter and his first position was with George A. Berry, and later he took charge of the powder magazine on Black Horse Hill, where he was employed until 1845. In the great conflagration of that year the building in which he resided was the one in which the fire originated, and he lost everything. He then went to Riceville, where he resumed his work as a carpenter, and the following year built a house at the corner of McGee and Gibbon streets and started in the grocery business, which he later sold. He then purchased a plot of ground consisting of one acre and a half at Oakland, and erected the building which is now (1908) occupied by the Keely Institute. Soon afterward he retired from active labor and took up his residence on Squirrel Hill, where he had acquired a property of fourteen acres, and on which he resided until his death in 1896. He was a member of the city council for two terms, and was a strenuous opposer of the water bond bill. During the Civil war he was a member of the sanitary commission organized to care for the widows and orphans of the soldiers who fell during the struggle. He was also president of the school board for two terms. In politics he was a stalwart Republican. His religious affiliations were with the German Lutheran church, and he was for many years a trustee and active worker in the interests of that institution. He married Charlotte Sophia Grau, and they had children: 1. John F., of Philadelphia, who married Susanna, maiden name unknown, and has two sons, Walter and Frederick. 2. John Valentine, see forward. 3. Louisa, married Charles T. Ebdy and has children: John, Lottie and Charles. 4. George, deceased. 5. John J., Jr., married Margaret Mogle; has children, Frederick and Herbert, the latter a naval cadet at Annapolis. 6. Charlotte Sophia, married J. H. Launer.

John Valentine Stoer, second son and child of John J. and Charlotte Sophia (Grau) Stoer, was born in the old Eighth ward of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1846. His early years were spent in his native city and he was there educated in the public schools. While still a mere lad, in 1861, he enlisted in Company K, Ninth Pennsylvania Cavalry, Colonel E. C. Williams and Captain Jones commanding. He was wounded at Bacon Creek, Kentucky, after a service of twelve months, and spent three months in the hospital. As soon as he was sufficiently recovered he re-enlisted, this time in the Negley Cavalry, under Colonel Negley. After considerable active service with this troop he again enlisted in Company F, Captain Graham. With the exception of the time spent in the hospital Mr. Stoer was in active service throughout the progress of the war, and was an active participant in some of the most important engagements, among them: Chickamauga, Pittsburg Landing, Nashville and Fort Donelson. He received an honorable discharge September 15, 1865, and returned to Pittsburg, where he was engaged in the grocery business until 1876, when he started in the hotel business on Fifth avenue. He made a very successful venture of this line of business, from which he retired in 1903 and removed to Edgewood, where he has since resided. He has served three terms as a member of the school board of the city, and is at present a member of the board of health of Edgewood. He gives his strong support to

the Republican party, and is a member of the J. C. Hull Post No. 157, G. A. R., of Pittsburg.

He married, in the fall of 1867, Caroline Hauch, daughter of Nicholas Hauch, of Pittsburg, and they have one daughter, Annie, born June 2, 1868, widow of August Giesemann. She resides with her father and is the mistress of his beautiful home.

Another member of the family is Miss Clara Gartner, who came into the family when she was fourteen years of age. She was born in Westphalia Dortmund, Germany, September 27, 1871, a daughter of Herman and Fredrika (Von Apen) Gartner. Her mother came to Pittsburg from Germany with her five children—Clara, Herman, Lizzie, Emma and Freda—September 26, 1882. After the death of her mother in 1885, Clara came to the Stoer home, and ever since has been a loved and cherished inmate. Mr. Stoer is a great traveler, both in America and abroad, and is frequently accompanied by his daughter and Miss Gartner.

THE PEABODY FAMILY. This ancient family, which numbers among its representatives George L. Peabody, of Pittsburg, traces its origin from John Paybody (as the name was originally spelled), who was born about 1590, in England, and about 1635 emigrated to the American colonies. From him are descended all in this country who bear the name of Peabody, however varied in orthography.

(I) John Paybody married, in England, Isabel ———, and their children were: Thomas, of whom there is no record; Francis, born 1614, married Mary Foster, of Ipswich, died February 19, 1697-8; William, of whom later; and Annis, who became the wife of John Rouse, who is mentioned, with William Paybody, as one of the original proprietors of Little Compton (originally Seaconet). John Paybody, the emigrant, died in 1667, in Bridgewater, and was survived by his wife.

(II) William Paybody, son of John (I) and Isabel Paybody, was born 1619-20 and married Elizabeth Alden, who was the first white female child born in this country after the landing of the Pilgrims. She was the daughter of John Alden and Priscilla Mullins, the story of whose courtship and marriage has been imperishably embalmed by Longfellow in "The Courtship of Miles Standish." William Paybody and Elizabeth Alden were the parents of the following children: John, born October 4, 1645, died November 17, 1669; Elizabeth, born April 24, 1647, wife of John Rodgers; Mary, born 1648, married, 1669, Edward Southworth; Mercy, born January 2, 1649, married, 1671, John Simmons; Martha, born February 24, 1650, married, 1677, Samuel Seabury; Priscilla, born January 15, 1653, wife of the Reverend Ichabod Wiswall; Sarah, born August 7, 1654, married, 1680, John Coe; Ruth, born June 27, 1658, wife of Benjamin Bartlett, Jr.; Rebecca, born October 16, 1660, married, 1680, William Southworth; Hannah, born October 15, 1662, married, 1683, Samuel Bartlett; William, of whom later; and Lydia, born April 3, 1667. William Paybody, the father, died in Little Compton December 3, 1707.

(III) William Paybody, son of William (II) and Elizabeth (Alden) Paybody, was born November 24, 1664, and was twice married. His first wife was Judith ———, born 1669, and their children were: Elizabeth, born April 18, 1698, married, May 9, 1716, Edward Gray; John, born February 7,

1700, married, February 7, 1723, Rebecca Gray, and died January 12, 1766; William, of whom later; Rebecca, born February 29, 1704, wife of the Reverend Joseph Fish, died October 27, 1783; Priscilla, born March 4, 1706, wife of Gideon Southworth, died 1727-8; Judith, born January 23, 1708, married, May 21, 1728. Benjamin Church; Joseph, born July 26, 1710; and Mary, born April 4, 1712, died September 14, 1766. The mother of these children died July 28, 1714. By the second wife of William Paybody he had one son, Benjamin, born November 25, 1717, probably died young. The death of William Paybody, the father, occurred September 17, 1744.

(IV) William Paybody, son of William (III) and Judith Paybody, was born February 21, 1702, and between the years 1741 and 1744 moved to North Stonington, where he purchased a farm of two hundred and fifty acres, on which he and many of his family are buried. William Paybody married, in Little Compton, July 30, 1724, Jerusha Star, and their children were: Rachel, born June 1, 1725, wife of ——— Stoddard; Thomas, of whom later; Hannah, born December 3, 1729, wife of ——— Chester; William, born April 16, 1733; Lydia, born January 7, 1735, wife of Lodowick Miner; Samuel, born August 31, 1738; Lemuel, born July 12, 1741, died August 16, 1759; James and Mary (twins), born December 14, 1745, died single 1826.

(V) Thomas Paybody, son of William (IV) and Jerusha (Star) Paybody, was born November 3, 1727, and married, August 16, 1761, Ruth Babcock, born 1735, by whom he was the father of the following children: Ruth, born February 7, 1762, wife of Daniel Smith; Jerusha, born April 28, 1763; William, born July 22, 1764, married, December 17, 1795, Polly Holmes; Lydia, born February 28, 1766, wife of ——— Williams; Rebecca, born January 29, 1768, wife of Elijah Wattles; Thomas, born April 12, 1769, died May 3, 1853; Susannah, born April 12, 1770, wife of Jonas Chapman; Benjamin, of whom later; Amy, born February 22, 1774, died June 6, 1775; John, born August 28, 1775, died April 14, 1803; Lucy, born June 26, 1777, wife of John Coates; Lemuel, born December 20, 1778; Joseph, born April 1, 1781; and (perhaps) Mary, wife of Ebenezer Williams. Mrs. Paybody, the mother of this family, died October 6, 1813, and the death of Thomas Paybody, the father, occurred March 24, 1815.

(VI) Benjamin Paybody, son of Thomas (V) and Ruth (Babcock) Paybody, was born April 29, 1772, and was the owner of the farm in North Stonington, Connecticut, on which is situated the old Peabody cemetery where his great-grandfather and the following generations are interred. This estate is still in the possession of the Peabodys. Benjamin Paybody married, November 13, 1796, Abigail Holmes, born 1779, and their children were: Benjamin, born June 16, 1797; George Washington, of whom later; Abigail, born February 17, 1801, died August 22, 1830; John, born May 24, 1803; William Pitt, born July 24, 1805; Giles Henry, born September 25, 1807; Rebecca, born in 1810. Mrs. Paybody died November 30, 1811, and Mr. Paybody subsequently married Martha Packham, born 1789, who bore him the following children: Francis S., born April 29, 1815; Martha E., born April 24, 1819; Mary, born May 2, 1822; Fanny A., born June 29, 1825; Nancy, born September 5, 1827; and James Alden, born May 30, 1830. The death of Mrs. Paybody occurred May 13, 1848, and Mr. Paybody survived until January 7, 1867, when he passed away, in his ninety-fifth year.

(VII) George Washington Peabody, son of Benjamin (VI) and Abigail (Holmes) Paybody, was born January 25, 1799, and in 1823 removed to Ohio, where he passed the remainder of his life. He married Cynthia, born 1805, daughter of Oliver Helme, of Wilkes Barre, Pennsylvania, and their children were: Sarah Delia, born March 10, 1824, married, May 10, 1845, Timothy Banning, and died January 25, 1865; Benjamin Holmes, of whom later, and Melinda Eunice, born April 10, 1833, married, December 27, 1854, Newton J. Swezey. Mrs. Peabody died July 27, 1853, and the death of Mr. Peabody occurred August 27, 1858. Both are buried in East Gustavus cemetery, Ohio.

(VIII) Benjamin Holmes Peabody, son of George Washington (VII) and Cynthia (Helme) Peabody, was born September 21, 1825, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from what is now the Cleveland Medical College. He married, May 25, 1849, Mary Anna, daughter of Asabel and Dency (Crosby) Banning, of East Gustavus, Ohio, and they were the parents of two children, George Lee, of whom later, and Mary.

(IX) George Lee Peabody, son of Benjamin Holmes (VIII) and Mary Anna (Banning) Peabody, was born July 21, 1851, has engaged in several business enterprises, and is chiefly occupied in paving and building, being a pioneer in the erection of tall re-enforced steel concrete fireproof structures. Since his marriage he has resided in Pittsburg.

Mr. Peabody married Marion, daughter of George A. and Mary Augustus (Sperry) Griswold, of East Gustavus, Ohio, and their family consists of the following children: Mary Louise, Helen A., and George Lee, of whom later.

(X) George Lee Peabody, son of George Lee (IX) and Marion (Griswold) Peabody, received his preparatory education at Shady Side Academy and is now (1907) pursuing a course of study preliminary to entering Cornell University.

Mary Louise Peabody, eldest daughter of George Lee and Marion (Griswold) Peabody, is the wife of Earle R. Marvin, and has three children: Marion, Sylvester S. and Martha.

McCLURE FAMILY. The progenitor of this family in America was James McClure (I), who was born in Antrim county, Ireland, and emigrated to this country, settling in Snowden township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1839, and there followed farming for an occupation. In his native country he had married Eliza Thompson, born in that country and by whom he had seven children, five born in Ireland, and who accompanied their parents to America. They were as follows:

(1) John, who died unmarried, aged fifty-seven years. 2. Robert, who married and moved to the state of Washington, where he died in 1905. 3. Margaret, who married John McQuiston, of Pittsburg, and had two children: John, a physician of Pittsburg, married Miss Ida Wadsworth; Marion married Joseph Bowman, and to them has been born—Genevra and Charles. 4. Martha, who married William Shaw, and they had two children—Ida G., who married J. P. Bailey, by whom she had Annaclare, Martha, Addison and James. The other child is William James Shaw, an architect of Pittsburg. 5. William James, born March 22, 1836, died March 9, 1878, married, May 1, 1868.

in Venango county, Pennsylvania, Margaret Zuver, born in New Wilmington, Lawrence county, Pennsylvania, April 4, 1844, the daughter of Joseph and Nancy (Blair) Zuver. He was born in New Jersey in 1804 and died in 1882. Nancy Blair was born near Wilmington, Pennsylvania, in 1806, and died August 2, 1888. They were the parents of nine children, and Margaret (Mrs. William James McClure) was the seventh child. Joseph Zuver was a carpenter and bridge builder and built many bridges in and near Lawrence county.

(II) William James McClure and his wife, Margaret (Zuver) McClure, were the parents of the following children: 1. Eliza, born January 21, 1869, now assistant principal in the Twenty-seventh ward schools. 2. Joseph, born September 29, 1870, unmarried. He attended law school at Michigan University and is now practicing law in the city of Pittsburg. 3. James, born May 23, 1872, married Edith, daughter of W. E. and Robina (Lindsay) Duncan, whose only child is Robina Margaret. James McClure (II) is a graduate of Princeton College with the class of 1897, and is now engaged in the general insurance business at Pittsburg, of the firm of Little & McClure. 4. William C., born June 7, 1874, attended law school at the Michigan University, and now practices at Pittsburg. He married Elizabeth N. Woodside, and their child is Elizabeth N. 5. John B., born March 9, 1880, at McKeesport; he married Jennie G. Scott. 6. Blaine, born September 10, 1881, at Pittsburg, is unmarried and resides in Oklahoma, where he is engaged in the mercantile business. 7. Margaret, born in Pittsburg, April 16, 1884, now a teacher in ward Twenty-three of Pittsburg, being in the department of domestic science. 8. Helen, born in Pittsburg, April 3, 1890, now attending Pittsburg high school. The first four of this family were born in Venango county, Pennsylvania.

William James McClure, father of this family, was reared on a farm, obtained his education at the public schools and at an early age began teaching school, continuing for some time. He went to Venango county during the oil excitement and there taught for a short period at Oil City. He also served as county superintendent of schools in Venango county for one term of three years. Subsequently he removed to McKeesport, where he taught, and from there he came to Pittsburg, where he was made principal of the Morse Schools in the Twenty-fifth ward. He continued there for eighteen years, giving the best of his time and talents towards the work of education. He resigned in 1897, one year before his death.

Of the two children born to James McClure and wife (the American progenitors of the family), in this country—Isaac and Elizabeth—the following is an account:

(II) Isaac McClure married Laura Baker and they now reside at Cincinnati, Ohio. They have three children—Mary, who married a Mr. Lansdale; Florence, who married Frank Kirschner, of Chicago, and Robert, of Chicago.

(II) Elizabeth McClure married Samuel J. Heath, and to them were born eight children, as follows: 1. William S., who married Rebecca Guthrie, by whom was born four children—Helen, Earl S., Olive, Elizabeth. 2. Harry H., who married Martha Gilmore, whose children are—Edna, Margaret and Joe. 3. Malvern, who married W. B. Chamberlain, whose children are—Edith, May and Samuel. 4. Rev. Samuel, who married Belle McCormick.

5. Elizabeth Eleanor, who married Dr. J. M. Davis, by whom was born Wilder and Samuel Davis. 6. Malcom, who married Mabel Mowry. 7. Estella, unmarried. 8. Dr. Edmund P., unmarried.

LAWRENCE OEFFNER, a well known resident of Homestead, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, at present engaged in the real estate and insurance business, and formerly identified with a number of business enterprises, is a representative of the second generation of the Oeffner family in the United States, and traces his ancestry to Germany, where the family was highly respected.

John Frederick Oeffner, father of Lawrence Oeffner, was born in Unterwinterbach, Bavaria, Germany, March 14, 1824. During the political disturbances of 1848 in that country Mr. Oeffner decided to come to America with his wife and infant daughter. They settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in what was then called Lawrenceville or Bayardstown, and for a time he was employed in a planing mill. He had the misfortune, however, to lose his hand while thus employed, and was obliged to abandon this occupation. He engaged in the newspaper business, which he followed for about a period of twelve years. During the Civil war he was the owner of the steamboat "Greenback," which plied for two years on the Monongahela and Ohio rivers, and was sunk shortly after the close of the war while hauling a fleet of coal boats. Mr. Oeffner married, in Germany, Anna Margaret Twentier, born in Shemsdorf, Germany, September 16, 1826, and they had children: 1. Margaret, born in Germany, married William Farquhar, had children: John, Frank, Ellis, Allen, Nettie and Ross. 2. Lawrence, see forward. 3. John G., born in old Fort Pitt, was justice of the peace in Homestead for two terms. He died suddenly June 28, 1893. He married Laura Hawthorne and had children: Lawrence, Maud, Sadie, Laura, Eva and John. 4. Barbara, born in 1851, died in infancy. 5. Anna, who died January 2, 1889, married John Briggs. 6. Mary married Christopher Ross and had children: Edwin, deceased, Ellsworth and Walter. 7. Lizzie married George Ross and had children: Edna, Carl and Llewella. 8. Emma, who died January 25, 1895, married Harry Beck and has one child, Margaret. 9. Peter J., born July 22, 1865, married Emma Evans, and had children: Joseph, Abiram, Ethel and Oliver. 10. William married and had children: Marie, Sherman and Clyde, now of Jefferson, Ohio. The father was killed by accident on the P. M. K. & S. Railroad track on March 13, 1893. The mother died October 19, 1882.

Lawrence Oeffner, eldest son and second child of John Frederick and Anna Margaret (Twentier) Oeffner, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in what was then called Lawrenceville, May 18, 1849. At a very early age he began assisting his father in selling and delivering papers at the corner of Smithfield street and Fifth avenue, at the same time working for Fleming & Brothers on Wood street, manufacturers of McLean's Liver Pills and Vermifuge. During the progress of the Civil war, when the rumor came of the approach of the Confederate army, young Oeffner assisted in the digging of trenches on the farm of Mr. Winebiddle and on Mount Oliver, but these precautions proved unnecessary. Subsequently Mr. Oeffner learned the trade of brass moulding, but ill health compelled him to abandon this. He then worked in succession at the following places and at these various occupa-

tions: With Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, and assisted John Phillips, a member of the firm, to place the cast-iron feather decorations on one of the large smokestacks, and also drape the building in black at the time of the assassination of President Lincoln, remaining with this firm for eight years; for some time with the Atlantic Glass Company; the Enterprise Glass Company, which failed, owing to the panic of 1873, and the works shut down; Wormser, Meyers & Company, of Pittsburg, buying oil barrels and making contracts for the purchase of the same, and he then took up the selling of oil for himself, and continued this for twenty-two years, when he was given a six months' notice by the Standard Oil Company to quit. But he was in business seven years after this, then sold his interest to the Lytle & Pears Company. He then became general agent for the L. Hoster Brewing Company, a position he held until 1892, when he established himself in his present line of business, real estate and insurance, in Homestead, in which he has made a decided success. His political affiliations are with the Republican party and he has filled a number of public offices with credit to himself and advantage to the community, having been a school director in the early days of Mifflin township. He was school director in 1886-7; judge of the election board, and delegate to Republican conventions. He is a member of Franklin Lodge No. 221, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons; Duquesne Chapter No. 193, and Pittsburg Commandery No. 1; Homestead Turn and Gesang Verein "Eintracht," a German singing society of which Mr. Oeffner was one of the incorporators; formerly a member of the United American Mechanics; Independent Order of Odd Fellows; Ancient Order of United Workmen, and Fraternal Bankers of America, of St. Louis, Missouri. He and his family are members of the German Lutheran church.

Mr. Oeffner married, May 30, 1873, Catherine Beam, born November 2, 1851, daughter of John and Margaret (Weaver) Beam, of South Side, Pittsburg, and they have had the following named children: 1. Charles J., born March 15, 1874, resides in Alliance, Ohio. His wife was Margaret Aiken, of Alliance, Ohio, and they have one child, Margaret. 2. George W., born January 8, 1876, resides in Bergholz, Ohio. He married Mary Twaddle. 3. Nellie B., born October 31, 1877, married Myron Mason, deceased, resides in Homestead, and has children: Walter and Elizabeth Thelma. 4. Stella M. E., born December 11, 1879, married, October 28, 1898, Frederick Gluck, deceased; resides in Homestead. 5. Elizabeth E., born December 2, 1882, married George W. Fishell; resides in Homestead. 6. Lawrence O., born October 17, 1886, resides in Homestead. 7. Nora E., born November 27, 1889, resides in Homestead.

THE GRAFF FAMILY. The earliest account of the ancestors of Henry Graff in possession of the family is near the opening of the seventeenth century. Jacob Graff, who lived near Mannheim, Germany, had three sons, the eldest of which came to America and settled near Lancaster, Pennsylvania. The second son was born in 1736, married February 23, 1762, and died in 1802. A daughter, Barbara, born May 31, 1744, married, March, 1767, Nicholas Grann, and their heirs are still living as small farmers near Neuwied, Germany. It is also known that Peter Graff lived on the Unkerhap and married Elizabeth Ellenberger, and that they had children as follows: James,

born 1764, died November 15, 1824; Daniel, born 1767, died 1809, unmarried.

The Lancaster county (Pennsylvania) records mention a Sebastian Graff, who died in 1791 and had been prominent in the affairs of the city of Lancaster. He must have been the son of Jacob Graff, who came to America and settled near that place. In the same records are the names of Hans, Sebastian, George, Henry and John Graff, who must have been sons of Sebastian Graff. On his way to Germany in 1816 Henry Graff, son of John, of Westmoreland county, was taken sick and remained with his cousin in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, until his recovery. This numerous and well-known family, which for three generations has been represented in Pittsburg, was founded in this country by Henry Graff, a native of Germany, whose home was at Neuwied, on the Rhine. During the latter half of the eighteenth century he emigrated to this country and was considerable of a property owner. He married Mary Frudt, born 1742, and their issue was: 1. John, of whom later. 2. Paul, born 1765, died young. 3. Katherine, born 1767. 4. Susannah, born 1768. 5. Elizabeth, born 1770. (All of whom died young.) 6. Jacob, born 1772, died 1849, at Neuwied. 7. Peter, born 1775, died 1842. 8. Elizabeth (second of this name), born 1778, died 1840. 9. Margaret, born 1784, died 1846.

(II) John Graff, son of Henry and Mary (Frudt) Graff, was born in 1763, in Germany, and in 1783 came to the United States, settling on a farm near Pleasant Valley, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. He married Barbara Baum, and had issue: 1. Henry, of whom later. 2. Mary, born September 4, 1795, died December 4, 1833. 3. Sarah, born May 3, 1797, died September 15, 1850. 4. William, born October 1, 1798, died November 18, 1882. 5. John, born August 3, 1800, died January 31, 1835. 6. Margaret, born May 3, 1802, died March 24, 1885. 7. Joseph, born October 13, 1804, died October 13, 1804. 8. Elizabeth, born January 7, 1807, died May 19, 1888. 9. Peter, born May 27, 1808, died April 9, 1890. 10. Jacob, born September 5, 1810, died December 9, 1886. 11. Matthew, born August 23, 1812, died July 22, 1902. 12. Paul, born May 31, 1815, died August 25, 1898. John Graff, the father of this family, died December 31, 1818.

(III) Henry Graff, son of John and Barbara (Baum) Graff, was born in 1794, and died September 9, 1855. On September 19, 1820, he married Elizabeth Lobinger, who was born April 3, 1800, and died July 19, 1869. Both are buried in the Allegheny Cemetery. The birthplace of this Henry Graff was on the old farm near Pleasant Valley, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. From the time he was old enough until he was twenty years of age he assisted his father on his farm. After the death of his grandfather, Henry Graff, of Germany, his father gave him power of attorney and sent him over there to receive his share of the estate. He returned just before his father's death, which occurred December 31, 1818. Before leaving Germany he purchased a great number of farming utensils, including hay-forks, shovels, spades, cutting knives and scythes, these articles being then scarce and of high price in this country. He sold these at a good profit, thus giving proof of his innate business ability.

Among the articles which came as heirlooms from the estate were tea and tablespoons of solid silver and a valuable clock, which played a number of tunes and struck the quarter, half hour and hours. It was the "Grandfather" style of clock, and is said to have been ancient when purchased in 1760 by Henry Graff, the founder. It and the spoons still remain in the family.

In 1822 Henry Graff began his business career by opening a country store in Pleasant Valley. His goods had to be hauled from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and as it took several weeks to transport them the shipment was both tedious and expensive. He remained eleven years at Pleasant Valley, and while there taught the business to his brothers, Peter and Matthew. The business prospered, and in order to give his brothers an interest in it he extended it and placed his brother, Peter, in the small village of New Derry, where he continued several years and met with success. He then sold out and located at Blairsville, Pennsylvania, in Indiana county. Henry then sold his Pleasant Valley store to John, his brother, and removed to Blairsville, where he and Peter formed a partnership and traded under the firm name of Henry and Peter Graff. This change was made about the year 1833, and they did a very extensive business and were prosperous; they built a large grain house on the Conemaugh river, in the town. A year or two afterward Matthew was given an interest in the business.

In 1836 Henry and Peter Graff commenced transportation by railroad and canal from Philadelphia and Baltimore to Pittsburg and the west. Their line was called the Union Transportation Line, the canal and railway being owned by the state of Pennsylvania. Merchandise was carried by rail to Columbia, then by canal boats to Hollidaysburg, then by rail over the Alleghany Mountains to Johnstown and from there by canal to Pittsburg, a distance of one hundred and three miles.

About this time Peter Graff moved to Pittsburg, where he attended to the receiving of the merchandise. In a year or two the forwarding business increased so rapidly and Henry Graff himself moved to Pittsburg, where, thenceforth, he and Peter gave their whole attention to the extensive business interests. A year later Henry Graff began the manufacture of iron, an instance of foresight which was justified by the success of the undertaking. He continued the transportation business until 1853, when the state sold the canal to the railroad company. A Pittsburg newspaper said he was the leading citizen and most active and successful commission merchant and iron manufacturer of the city. He was also instrumental in starting all of his sons in business before his death, which occurred in 1855. He was a member of the Lutheran church and a most liberal giver to the same. He also gave a large contribution to the seminary at Gettysburg.

He married, September 19, 1820, Elizabeth Lobinger, born April 3, 1800, and their children were: 1. John, born January 14, 1822, died unmarried November 11, 1901. 2. Christopher L., born October 2, 1823, died February 15, 1898. 3. Priscilla Sophia. 4. William. 5. Alexander C., born November 10, 1828, died March 7, 1894, unmarried, at Craig, Colorado. 6. Thomas J. 7. Matthew. 8. Anna Mary, born March 12, 1837, married, first, John Kirkpatrick; second, William Pore, by which union there was no issue and she died June 29, 1891. 9. Elizabeth, born April 29, 1842, died January 19, 1855. Henry Graff, the father, died in 1855, and his widow passed away July 19, 1869, and both were buried in the Allegheny Cemetery, Pittsburg.

(IV) Christopher Graff, the second child of Henry and Elizabeth (Lobinger) Graff, born October 2, 1823, married, May 15, 1858, Arabella Blackmore, born April 7, 1839. Mrs. Graff died April 16, 1866, and the death of Mr. Graff occurred February 15, 1897. Their children were: 1. William Henry,

born August 7, 1859, married Lillian Imhoff. 2. John C., born August 18, 1861. 3. Elizabeth L., born January 24, 1864, wife of Dr. William McKelvy, of Breckenridge, Colorado. Dr. and Mrs. McKelvy were the parents of the following children: James Boyd, born June 18, 1893; Mary, born October 28, 1895, died October 29, 1895; Mary Elizabeth, born July 26, 1897, and Graff, born August 23, 1902, died August 27, 1902.

(IV) Priscilla Sophia Graff, daughter of Henry and Elizabeth (Lobinger) Graff, born March 31, 1825, married Paul Hugus, and had the following children: Henry Graff, born April 3, 1847, married Anne Harrison, and has two children, James H. and Mary A.; Edward Reed, born August 22, 1848, married Nancy Coleman Doak, has one daughter, Emily Trevilla; Anna Mary, born February 17, 1850, wife of R. H. Negley, has two sons, Paul H. and Edward C.; and John C., born July 29, 1855, died young. Mrs. Hugus died January 14, 1901.

(IV) William Graff, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Lobinger) Graff, was born December 27, 1826, married Missouri I. Coffin, and their children are: James Coffin and William (twins), died in infancy; Elizabeth B., Anna Mary and Isabell, born February 5, 1872, died October 24, 1874.

(IV) Thomas Graff, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Lobinger) Graff, was born October 26, 1832; married, June 25, 1863, Agnes C. Dixon, born August 17, 1847. Mr. Graff died April 21, 1890. His children were: 1. John D., born June 1, 1864, died January 28, 1902; he married Elizabeth Cameron Wray. 2. Henry L., born June 16, 1865, married Carrie Paisley; has one child, Louise, born May 3, 1895. 3. Bennet, born March 5, 1867, of Denver. 4. Paul Hugus, born June 29, 1869, married Sylvia Packard; has two children. 5. Thomas Ewing, born August 21, 1871. 6. Joseph Way, born May 25, 1873. 7. Maud. 8. Matthew Addison, born August 23, 1876, deceased. 9. Agnes Dixon, born June 11, 1878, married, October 18, 1899, Eugene Murray, and they have two children.

(IV) Matthew Graff, son of Henry and Elizabeth (Lobinger) Graff, was born November 31, 1834; married, November 3, 1862, Jane Addison, born in 1839, and died January 1, 1880. The death of Mr. Graff occurred May 19, 1866. Their children were: 1. Henry Addison. 2. Harriet Inglis. 3. Mary K. 4. William Addison. 5. Benjamin D. 6. Richmond. 7. Francis Erskine.

(V) Harriet Inglis Graff, eldest daughter of Matthew and Jane (Addison) Graff, married, April 30, 1889, Robert R. Singer, and they have two children, John Addison and Jane.

Jane Addison, wife of Matthew Graff, was a granddaughter of Alexander Addison, a descendant of the father of Joseph Addison, of the "Spectator." Alexander Addison was born in 1758, in Morayshire, Scotland, and although of English descent was most decidedly a Scotchman in his cast of mind. He received a very thorough education, in 1775 graduating from the University of Aberdeen, and in 1777 received the degree of Master of Arts. Studying divinity, he was licensed to preach in 1781. To his many attainments he added a very perfect knowledge of Hebrew, French and Italian languages. In 1787 he emigrated to America, and in 1791 was appointed a judge, which office he held until 1803, when he was deposed in consequence of an impeachment for high treason. This charge was due to the political intrigues of the times. So highly was Alexander Addison esteemed by his contempo-

raries that Aaron Burr, when impeached for high treason, selected him for his counsel, a responsibility which Judge Addison was unable to assume. He married, at the home of General Gurney, September 25, 1786, Jean Grant, born July 24, 1763, and their children were: John, born July 19, 1787, died July 30, 1787; Elizabeth, born August 22, 1788; Ann, born February 2, 1791, died October 6, 1855; James, born January 10, 1793, died December 8, 1795; John (2), born January 24, 1795; Mary, born June 27, 1797, died April, 1822; Alexander, born September 10, 1799, died February, 1822; William, of whom later; Jane, born January 4, 1804, and Francis, born February 7, 1807, died young. Alexander Addison, the father, died in 1807, his death being an irreparable loss to his family and friends.

William Addison, son of Alexander and Jean (Grant) Addison, was born December 28, 1801, and received the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He married Harriet Inglis, and they were the parents of the following children: Jane, born May 11, 1839, wife of Matthew Graff; Eliza, born January 26, 1841; Frances, born January 30, 1843; Alexander, born December 24, 1844, died in Germany June 10, 1867; Emmeline, born October 23, 1846, and William, born October 13, 1849, died about 1888. The death of William Addison, the father, occurred about March 26, 1862.

WELLINGTON CHANCY MILLER, D. D. S., who has been engaged in the practice of dentistry for a number of years, resides in Homestead, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and is a descendant of a family which has been resident in the state of Pennsylvania for a number of generations. Its first settlement was in Adams county.

John S. Miller, grandfather of Wellington Chancy Miller, was a farmer of Bedford county, Pennsylvania, and was a staunch supporter of the Democratic party.

Peter Stearn Miller, son of John S. Miller, was born in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, and also followed the occupation of farming. He served in the Union army in the Civil war as a member of the Ninety-second Pennsylvania Regiment, and while thus engaged contracted typhoid fever, from the effects of which he died in August, 1865. He married Mary Hammer, also born in Bedford county, and they had children: 1. Rev. Rufus P., born August 3, 1860. He resides at present in Philipsburg, Center county, Pennsylvania, and was for thirteen years pastor of the Presbyterian church at Homestead, and since 1901 has been pastor of the church at Philipsburg. He was educated in the Soldiers' Orphan School at Andersonburg, Perry county, Pennsylvania; the preparatory school in New Paris, Bedford county, Pennsylvania; was graduated from the Otterbein University, Westerville, Ohio, in 1884; attended the Dayton Theological Seminary; and graduated from the Western Theological Seminary of Allegheny in the spring of 1888, after which he located in Homestead. He married Lydia K. Ressler, of Westerville, Ohio, and had children: Alice Lillian; Edwin, deceased; and Mary Emily. 2. Wellington Chancy (see forward). 3. William Henry, born October 31, 1863, was also educated in Andersonburg, and upon the completion of his education went to Johnstown, where he resides at the present time. He married Jessie Wagner, of Johnstown, and had children: George, deceased; George Wagner; Mary Frances; Jessie, and Alfred. He has been variously



W. A. Hudson

employed with the Cambria Iron Company and mercantile houses of that city, at present being manager of the Johnstown Baking Company.

Wellington Chancy Miller, D. D. S., second son and child of Peter Stearn and Mary (Hammer) Miller, was born in Napier township, Bedford county, Pennsylvania, October 11, 1861. He was educated at Andersonburg until he had attained the age of sixteen years, then spent two years working on a farm. He was in the employ of the Cambria Iron Company at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, and of the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company at Atchison, Kansas, and in 1885 entered the University of Maryland in Baltimore, where he studied dentistry and was graduated in March, 1887. He immediately began the practice of his profession in Atchison, Kansas, in association with Dr. William H. Schulz, and remained with him until June, 1889, then for about one year was in the office of Dr. George T. Gay, of Peoria, Illinois. At this time he went to Homestead to pay a visit, and while there established himself in the practice of his profession. He remained until 1898, when he returned to Peoria and formed a partnership with Dr. George T. Gay, and remained with him until 1902, when the partnership was dissolved. He again took up the practice of his profession in Homestead in that year, and has continued in it up to the present time, having acquired a large and lucrative practice.

Dr. Miller married, October 11, 1894, Mary Clarissa Means, daughter of Robert Shearer and Eliza Ann (McRoberts) Means, of Mifflin township, and granddaughter of Nathan Means, of the same place. Nathan Means, deceased, was one of the early settlers of Mifflin township, coming from Paxtang, Pennsylvania, with his mother and brothers, John, James and Joseph, and settled in Mifflin township, near Lebanon Church.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER HUDSON. The Hudson family in America has always been identified with the learned professions and the world of letters. Such is its history in Virginia, New York and Pennsylvania, especially.

Attorney William A. Hudson, of this notice, is an eminent lawyer of what may be termed the old school of gentlemen, whose broad, far-seeing intellectuality has none of the superficial in its makeup. He is a native of Virginia, and a direct descendant of that most celebrated character, Chief Justice Marshall, and is otherwise connected with some of the best families of the Old Dominion state, his direct ancestors having been identified with Virginia for more than two hundred years.

William Alexander Hudson is the son of James W. and Elizabeth (Abraham) Hudson. He was born in Staunton, Virginia, August 20, 1850. His parents were both natives of Virginia, and the father was an extensive planter. James W. Hudson and wife were the parents of six children, as follows: (1) Theodosia A., wife of John E. Hamilton, of Staunton, Virginia; (2) Adella A., wife of Robert Hunter, of Staunton, Virginia; (3) Mollie, who died at the age of twenty-six years; (4) Wycliffe Y., who died in youth; (5) Elizabeth, who died young, and (6) W. A., the subject. The father died in 1871, and the mother in 1855.

William Alexander, the sixth child in his father's family, was carefully prepared for a higher education at the schools of his native locality. He selected law as his life profession, and in 1873 was graduated from the University

of Virginia with high honors, having also attended Roanoke College, Salem, Virginia. Immediately after his graduation, having been admitted to the bar, he began his active practice, which soon assumed large proportions. He saw, however, that it was wise to locate in a larger field than he was then in, hence, he came to Pittsburg in 1891, where his success has been all that any professional man could desire. The date of his admission to the Allegheny county bar was September, 1891, and later he was admitted to the courts of the state, the federal supreme and superior courts. Before leaving Virginia, and in 1883, his name was presented to the Legislature of his native state for election as judge of the common pleas court, which office was unsought by him, yet, although he had more than a dozen competitors, he received eighty-nine out of the ninety-one Democratic votes cast on the first ballot. He served with dignity and justice until his term expired, when he came to Pittsburg, where he has since taken a prominent position in the Pennsylvania bar.

While Judge Hudson has attended to a general law practice, his special attention has been turned toward commercial and corporation law cases. Many of the largest corporations have retained him for their counsel. By 1891 his practice had so increased that he deemed it wise to form a partnership, and selected Mr. Howley, of Pittsburg, as his partner, the firm being styled Hudson & Howley, who make a specialty of suits against corporations, in which role they have achieved much eminence. He devotes his whole energy to his profession, and when not busily engaged in actual practice he spends his time largely in the reading of legal publications, thus keeping abreast with the ever changing conditions of the profession to which he is so greatly attached.

On May 12, 1875, Judge Hudson married Miss Ida Florence Rector, daughter of Samuel and Annie (Hatcher) Rector, of Loudoun county, Virginia. Mrs. Hudson died May 1, 1898, aged forty-six years. The children by this union were: (1) Rector, (2) W. A., Jr., (3) James Percy, (4) Ida Florence, (5) Welby, (6) Magill Fauntleroy, (7) Elizabeth, (8) John, and (9) Thomas Davis.

JOHN SCOTT WENDT, of the law firm of McCleave & Wendt, Pittsburg, was born at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 29, 1868, a son of Christian I. Wendt, M. D. His genealogical line is as follows:

(I) Frederick Wendt, his great-great-grandfather, emigrated from Hanover, Prussia, after the Revolutionary war in this country and prior to 1800, settling for a short time in New York, after which he came to Pittsburg and was employed by James O'Hara in his glass works. Later he, with several other gentlemen, among them William Eichbaum and Christian Ihmsen, established the Birmingham Glass Company, at what was then Birmingham, now known as the South Side, Pittsburg. In this enterprise he was very successful and continued at the business until his death, acquiring a large amount of South Side real estate, and was identified in various enterprises. He first married Charlotte Eichbaum, a sister of William Eichbaum, and, after her death, Nancy Gates, of Hagerstown, Maryland, a niece of General Horatio Gates, by whom he had several children, including Frederick, Jr., the subject's grandfather.

(II) Frederick Wendt, Jr., son of Frederick, Sr. (I), was born in Birmingham (now South Side), Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1799, and died April

22, 1848. He succeeded his father in the glass business and continued in the manufacture of glassware throughout his life. He married Miss Almira Taylor Brock, a relative of General Brock, of the English army, and to them were born two children, the place of their birth being South Side, Pittsburg, and their names are: 1. Almira, who married John W. Patterson (see Patterson family sketch). 2. Christian I., the subject's father.

(III) Christian I. Wendt, M. D., was the son of Frederick Wendt, Jr., and was also born in Birmingham (South Side), Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1840. He practiced medicine in Beaver county, and represented his district in the state legislature, having been elected as the Republican candidate in 1875. He was prominent in the affairs of Beaver county. He was united in marriage to Agnes Scott, daughter of John Scott, who was associate judge in Beaver county and quite prominent in his part of the state, and who was descended from James Scott, of Roxburghshire, Scotland, who emigrated to Pennsylvania during the Revolutionary war and settled in Pittsburg for a short time, and afterwards moved down the Ohio river and settled on land acquired by him on the Broadhead Road in Beaver county. He, John Scott, married Mary Walker, who was a granddaughter of William Ewing and Isaac Walker, both early settlers in Robinson township, Allegheny county. Christian I. Wendt died in 1883, aged forty-two years; his widow still survives and resides at New Brighton, Pennsylvania. The children by this union were: 1. John Scott. 2. Edwin F., assistant engineer on the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad, who is unmarried and lives in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. 3. Charles I., M. D., a graduate of Hahnemann Medical College of Philadelphia, who is now a practicing physician in Pittsburg. 4. Almira, unmarried, resides at New Brighton with her mother. These children were all born at New Brighton, Pennsylvania.

(IV) John Scott Wendt, subject, after receiving a good education in the public high school at New Brighton, Pennsylvania, entered Geneva College, from which he graduated with the degree of B. A. in 1887. He then chose law for his profession and studied in Pittsburg under William R. Blair, Esq., and was admitted to the Allegheny county bar in 1890. Since then he has practiced in Pittsburg; from 1897 to 1904 he was associated with D. T. Watson and Johns McCleave, in the practice of law; in 1904 he formed a partnership with Johns McCleave, under the firm name of McCleave & Wendt, which firm is counsel for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company and do a general law business at this date. Mr. Wendt is unmarried, is a member of the University Club, Union Club, Pittsburg Country Club, Oakmont Country Club, and in politics is an independent Republican.

ADOLPH KOENIG, M. D. Dr. Adolph Koenig, of Edgewood, physician and editor, was born October 30, 1855, at Wiggiswyl, canton of Berne, Switzerland, son of Christian Koenig and grandson of Bendicht Koenig.

Bendicht Koenig (grandfather) was born in the canton of Berne, Switzerland, 1758, and died there in 1798. He was a landholder, and passed his life as a farmer. He met his death when the passage of Napoleon's armies across the Alps was heroically but vainly opposed by the valiant Swiss. He married Elizabeth Knuchel and their children were: Bendicht; Jacob; Niklaus, a physician; Christian, of whom later; Elizabeth; Anna Maria.

Christian Koenig (father), son of Bendicht and Elizabeth (Knuchel) Koenig, was born in 1796, in Wiggiswyl, canton of Berne, Switzerland. In 1856 he emigrated to the United States, settling at Tarentum, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. In his native country he had been a prominent farmer and the head man of his village, and after his emigration continued to devote himself to agriculture. When the old Brackenridge tract of land was broken upon into lots and sold, Christian Koenig made the first purchase, becoming the owner of one hundred and seventy-six acres, on which he erected a dwelling and farm buildings. In 1873, shortly before his death, he sold this property and moved to Colorado. On coming to this country he gave his allegiance to the Republican party, and during the war was a strong Abolitionist. He was a member of the Evangelical Reformed Lutheran church.

Christian Koenig married Magdalena Iseli, who bore him the following children: 1. Christian, died in infancy. 2. Jacob, the first of the family to come to this country; he settled in Pittsburg, and in 1860 was killed by an accident in a stone quarry near Tarentum. He married Adaline Mullet, by whom he had one daughter, who became the wife of George E. Metz, of Brooklyn, New York, and the mother of three children: Maurice, Albert and Isabel Metz. 3. Nicholas, deceased. 4. Christian II, served throughout the Civil war, attaining the rank of second lieutenant. He moved west, married Mrs. Cecile Blanc, and is now living in Golden, Colorado. 5. Anna, deceased; was wife of Jacob Baldinger, of Allegheny City; children: Emil Robert, married Clara Mutzigg, one son, Allan; Louisa, wife of Julius Stayert, of Baltimore, one daughter, Agnes; Carl F., married Tillie Oesterle, one daughter, Janet; Eda. 6. Rudolph, deceased; married Emma Schuepbach; children: Clara Elizabeth, Frank Rudolph, Edward Frederick, Harry Adolph, Charles Raymond, Mary Alice, deceased; Herman Walter and Ralph Albert. Mrs. Koenig resides in Colorado. 7. Frederick, deceased; married (first) the widow of his brother Jacob; married (second) Elizabeth Schuepbach. Children by first marriage: Louisa, Rosa, deceased; by second marriage: Charles Alfred, John Albert, William Frederick, Emma Cecelia, George Christian, Frederick Herman, Elizabeth Ida and Samuel Adolph. 8. Mary, married Andrew Yost, two children: Carl and Anna; they reside in Colorado. 9. John, deceased; married Ida Willard; children: Carl E., Anna E., Rose A., James V., Lena I., Catharine M. and Alfred A. 10. Rosina, deceased; was wife of James Coffield, also deceased; children: Louise, John, George, Emma, Alice, Roy, Elsa and Eunice. 11. Godfrey, married Kitty Parish; children: Laura, deceased; Arthur, Alfred Christian, Myrtle, Frederic, deceased; Clarence, Eva and Alice, deceased. 12. Adolph, of whom later. Christian Koenig, the father of this large family, died November 27, 1873.

Adolph Koenig, son of Christian and Magdalena (Iseli) Koenig, was one-half year old when brought by his parents to this country, and until the age of eighteen lived on a farm near Tarentum, receiving his early education in the common schools and at the Tarentum Academy. After leaving school he entered the medical department of the University of Louisville, Kentucky, and subsequently studied at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, receiving from the latter institution in 1879 the degree of Doctor of Medicine. In 1897 the honorary degree of Doctor of Pharmacy was conferred upon him by the Western University of Pennsylvania. After graduating he spent one year as interne in the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, and in 1880 went to

California with the intention of practicing in San Francisco, but at the end of two months returned to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he has been actively engaged in practice ever since. He has no specialty, but devotes himself to the general practice of medicine.

In December, 1886, Dr. Koenig aided in the establishment of the "Pittsburg Medical Review," and for five years was one of its staff of editors. In 1892 he became its sole editor and publisher, and in 1905 turned it over to the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, the periodical having been transformed, in June, 1897, into the "Pennsylvania Medical Journal," the official organ of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania. After his resignation as editor in 1905 Dr. Koenig accepted the less arduous office of associate editor on the staff of "The Journal," which office he still holds. From 1885 to 1905 Dr. Koenig was Professor of *Materia Medica* and Botany and is now Professor Emeritus in the Pittsburg College of Pharmacy, where he also fills the chair of physiology. From 1880 to 1895 he was one of the visiting physicians of the Pittsburg Free Dispensary, and since 1893 has been a director of that institution. For nearly twenty years he was visiting physician of the Roselia Maternity Hospital and Foundling Asylum, and since 1904 has been a member of the medical staff of the Allegheny General Hospital. In 1897 he was president of the Allegheny County Medical Society; in 1905 president of the Medical Society of the State of Pennsylvania, and has twice been president of the Western Pennsylvania Botanical Society. Since 1905 he has been a member of the advisory board of the Department of Health of the State of Pennsylvania. His office is in the Westinghouse Building, Pittsburg. From 1880 to 1903 he lived and had his office in the Fourth ward of Pittsburg, but in the latter year moved with his family to the suburb of Edgewood, where he purchased the old Reiter residence, in which he now resides. While a resident of the Fourth ward he held the office of school director, and is to-day a member of the school board of Edgewood.

Dr. Koenig has been twice married, his first wife having been Fanny McFarland Low, daughter of Thomas and Frances (Sears) Low, of Charlton, New York, who died in 1890. His second wife is Mary Beatrice, daughter of John and Maria (Blakemore), Jeffcoat, of England, and they have been the parents of the following children: 1. Adolphus, born September 6, 1896. 2. Eugene Jeffcoat, April 3, 1898. 3. Rhoda Victoria, June 29, 1899. 4. Beatrice Iseli, November 24, 1900. 5. Olivia, February 25, 1902. 6. Frances Mary, July 23, 1903. 7. Evangeline Angliae et Helvetiae, October 12, 1904. 8. Theodore Roosevelt, February 21, 1906. 9. Christian, February 23, 1907, died February 23, 1907. 10. Arthur Rudolph, January 23, 1908.

WILLIAM DANIEL PETERSON. The late William Daniel Peterson, for many years a well-known farmer of the vicinity of Pittsburg, his native city, was born April 20, 1835, in what was formerly known as Limetown, now the South Side, son of John Peterson.

John Peterson was born in Pennsylvania, and during a large part of his life was engaged in the sawmill and coal business. He afterward moved to Elizabethtown, where he purchased a farm of about two hundred acres and became a prominent and successful farmer, his farm being still in the possession of his descendants. He was an active member of the Methodist Epis-

copal church, and for thirty-five years served as superintendent of the Sunday-school.

John Peterson married Mary Huston and the following children were born to them: 1. John, deceased, married Elizabeth Corey, and had two sons, Harry and James. 2. James, died unmarried. 3. William Daniel, of whom later. 4. Elizabeth, widow of Mark Borland, merchant of Monongahela City. 5. Charles, married Helen Duer. 6. Kramer, whose wife's given name was Hetty.

William Daniel Peterson, son of John and Mary (Huston) Peterson, was brought up on the South Side, receiving his education in the public schools, and after leaving school was for a time the assistant of his father in the management of the home farm. At the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted in Company C, One Hundred and Second Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and on May 30, 1863, was made second lieutenant of the same company and mustered into service. He participated in the following battles: Williamsburg, Virginia; Fair Oaks, Virginia; Chantilly; Antietam; Fredricksburg; Chancellorsville; Gettysburg; Rappahannock Station, Virginia; Mine Run, Virginia; battles of the Wilderness; Spottsylvania; Cold Harbor, and Petersburg. He was wounded at Williamsburg May 5, 1862. He was honorably discharged at Charleston, South Carolina, September 3, 1864, at the expiration of his term of service.

After the war he lived for a time at Baton Rouge, moving thence to New Orleans, where for about twelve years he engaged in the coal business. He then sold out and returned to the vicinity of Pittsburg, purchasing a farm above McKeesport, and for the remainder of his life devoted himself to agriculture. His political principles were those upheld by the Republican party, and he was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Peterson married, August 22, 1867, Mary O. Packer, and they became the parents of the following children: Frank N., born August 30, 1868; William Edgar, born December 9, 1869; Mary Electa, born February 9, 1872, wife of James Wright; John William, born September 3, 1873, married Lony Baker, children, Ella May and Clifford Wilson; George Washington, born September 24, 1874; Mark Borland, born October 30, 1877; Elizabeth Corinne, born September 4, 1879, died January 3, 1905, wife of Ralph Albright; Seward Hays, born September 19, 1882; and Charles Hubert, born August 16, 1888.

Mr. Peterson died February 6, 1892, in the prime of life, having not yet completed his fifty-seventh year. He left an honorable record, both as a soldier and a citizen, and was deeply and sincerely mourned by his family and friends.

Mrs. Peterson is a daughter of Captain Wilson S. and Electa (Corbet) Packer, a granddaughter of Job Packer and a great-granddaughter of James and Charity (Bye) Packer, whose children were: Job, of whom later; Giulielma, wife of Robert Wilson; Lydia, wife of George Wilson; Levi, married Ann Crawford; Hannah, wife of Moses Packer; Hulda, wife of Issard Condon; and Sarah, wife of Abel Green.

Job Packer, son of James and Charity (Bye) Packer, married Orpha Wilson, and they became the parents of a son, Wilson S., and two other children.

Captain Wilson S. Packer, son of Job and Orpha (Wilson) Packer, was

born in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, and there received his education. For many years he was captain on a Mississippi river steamboat, afterward settling in Braddock as one of the pioneers of the place.

Wilson S. Packer married Electa Corbet, and the following children were born to them: Sharpley, married Maria Such, children, William, Flora, Edna, John, James, Mary and George, deceased; Mary O., born June 6, 1845, widow of William Daniel Peterson; Loretta, deceased; Olive, married, first, Bert Carvy, and second, Harvey Sampson, children by first marriage, Bert, Olive and Lily, by second marriage, Merle, Hannah and George; Lily, wife of Seward B. Hays, one son, Seward; and Wilson, married Elmira McLaughlin, children, John and Electa.

KENNEDY FAMILY. It is now about sixty years since this family was planted in Pittsburg, where at the present day it numbers among its representatives Thomas Alexander Scott Kennedy, train director at the Pittsburg terminal of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. Kennedy was born May 7, 1868, at McKeesport, son of John Kennedy and grandson of Michael Kennedy, who was a native of the north of Ireland and by trade a blacksmith.

Michael Kennedy emigrated to the United States at some period during the first quarter of the nineteenth century, and married Mary Balph, by whom he became the father of a son, John, mentioned below.

John Kennedy, son of Michael and Mary (Balph) Kennedy, was born in 1831, in Armagh, near Blairsville. His mother dying while he was an infant, he was cared for until five years old by two maiden ladies of the name of Rice, and afterward lived one year with his father in Johnstown. From that time until the age of sixteen he was reared by an uncle, Michael, at Columbus, Ohio, part of the time being spent at school in Pittsburg.

At sixteen he obtained work with the engineers who were then surveying for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, which was extending its lines west of the Alleghanies, and later was employed for a year as compositor in one of the Pittsburg daily papers. He was then again employed as rodman by Mr. Seabrook, during the latter's surveys for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company near Pittsburg.

In 1854 he obtained employment with that company as brakeman in the passenger service and worked in that capacity on the first through train from Pittsburg to Altoona, which ran in July of the same year. He was subsequently promoted to the position of passenger conductor, in which capacity he served (with the exception of two years, when he was in the service of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company) until 1887. He was then moved to the trainmaster's office, where he remained until he reached the age of retirement required by the company, withdrawing as one of the oldest and most valued men in their service.

In early life he was a Democrat, but in later years became a Republican. He was baptized in the Roman Catholic faith, but never became a member of any church.

Mr. Kennedy married, January 22, 1852, Priscilla, daughter of Joseph Allshouse and granddaughter of Henry Allshouse, who came, it is supposed, from a place on the banks of the Rhine and settled with his brother in Northampton county some time prior to the Revolutionary war. Soon after the

commencement of hostilities he enlisted in what was called the "Associators," and served in the battle of Long Island. He was numbered among the killed, wounded and missing, but was actually taken prisoner by the British and held in captivity for about a year and a half. He afterward re-enlisted in a company from the northern part of Northampton county.

After the war he crossed the Alleghanies and settled just north of the present town of Jeannette, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, on a tract of three hundred acres, presumably a grant from the government in compensation for his military services. At his death this land went out of the Allshouse name. In the 'tens and 'twenties he was a member of the Pennsylvania legislature, serving in all fifteen years and spending two terms in the senate. He was in his day one of the most prominent Democratic leaders of Westmoreland county. It was said by his colleagues and constituents that he organized the Pennsylvania legislature, and further, that he was one of the founders of the Democratic party. His wife was Marie Kunkel, and their son Joseph was the father of Mrs. Kennedy. Henry Allshouse died in 1836.

Joseph Allshouse, son of Henry and Marie (Kunkel) Allshouse, was born in 1795, and began life as a farmer, assisting his father in the management of the homestead near Greensburg. In 1843 he came to Wilkinsburg, where he opened a hotel known to old residents as the Seven Mile Run. This hostelry he conducted during the remainder of his life. He married Anna Marie Minuno, and their daughter Priscilla became the wife of John Kennedy. The death of Joseph Allshouse occurred in 1860.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kennedy became the parents of the following children: 1. Mary Balph, deceased. 2. Joseph, married Ida Kiehl; children: Curtis, married Jennie Reed, one son, Reed Curtis Kiehl; and Charles Kiehl. Joseph Kennedy and wife are both deceased. 3. Annie, wife of Samuel McKelvy; children: Russell, married Miss Beale; Pauline; and Harold, deceased. 4. Elizabeth, wife of Dr. J. C. Lemmer, one daughter, Mary. 5. Sarah W., wife of I. M. Porter, one son, John K. 6. Thomas Alexander Scott, of whom later. 7. Charles, died in childhood. 8. John V., married Annie Still. 9. Lottie K. 10. Clara, wife of J. Scott Beckwith. John Kennedy, the father died December 6, 1901.

Thomas Alexander Scott Kennedy, son of John and Priscilla (Allshouse) Kennedy, was brought up in Wilkinsburg and received his education in the local schools. In 1885 he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, beginning as a messenger boy. In the course of time he was advanced to the position of telegraph operator, and subsequently, through successive promotions, attained his present position of train director at the Pittsburg terminal. In the sphere of politics Mr. Kennedy adheres to the Republican party, aiding, to the best of his ability, the men and measures advocated by the organization.

LEWIS H. McCROSKEY, for many years identified with the planing mill industry in the state of Pennsylvania, and at present the proprietor of a fancy goods store in Wilkinsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, is a representative of the third generation of his family in this country, they having come from Ireland.

The paternal grandfather of Lewis H. McCroskey was a native of Ireland, and emigrated to this country about the beginning of the nineteenth century. He married Elizabeth Weise, who was a native of Germany.

Henry McCroskey, their son, was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, in 1807, and died there in 1850. His education was acquired in the schools of his native county, and at a suitable age he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, a calling with which he was identified throughout his life. He was a staunch supporter of the Whig party, and shortly prior to his death was elected justice of the peace. He was a member of the Winebrennerian church, known at the present time as the Church of God. He married Adeline McCann, and had children: Lewis H. (see forward); Calvin, died young; Emma, married Henry Carpenter, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; Agnes, married Lee Croft, of Butler county, Pennsylvania; Addie, married St. John Waddell, an attorney-at-law of Memphis, Tennessee.

Lewis H. McCroskey, eldest child of Henry and Adeline (McCann) McCroskey, was born at Lisburn, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1836. He resided under the parental roof until he had attained the age of fifteen years, attending the public schools of the county, and then went to Philadelphia to pursue his studies still further. The crowded condition of the schools in that city and the limited facilities they possessed made it impossible to attain the object for which he had come, although he was unremitting in his endeavors in this direction for a whole year. He therefore abandoned his original design and found employment in the planing mill of his uncle, William A. McCann. There he remained for a period of six years, learning this business in all its details, and then went to Williamsport, Pennsylvania, in the interests of his uncle, who had established a branch in that town. Mr. McCroskey was in charge of this until 1860, when he came to Pittsburg, and two years later enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, Colonel Clark commanding. He participated in a number of actions, among them being the battles of Antietam and Fredericksburg. He received an honorable discharge at the expiration of nine months and returned to Pittsburg, where he engaged in the planing mill business. At first he was in partnership with James Douglas, and later with James A. Johnson. After many years of profitable business he sold his interests in 1894 and removed to the borough of Wilkesburg, where he established the fancy goods store in Franklin avenue which he is conducting successfully at the present time. His religious faith is that of the Presbyterian denomination, and for nine years he was trustee and for two years treasurer of the East End Presbyterian church. He is commander of Post No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic.

He married, in 1864, Isabella McKee, daughter of David and Frances McKee.

JOSIAH JAMES DUER, president and general manager of the Duer Spring & Manufacturing Company, is a representative of an old family of this country.

Josiah Allen Duer, father of Josiah James Duer, was born August 31, 1817, and died December 12, 1889. His early business occupation was driving the stages between Baltimore, Maryland, and Wheeling, West Virginia, but

later he engaged in farming, with which he was occupied successfully until his death. He was a member of the Presbyterian church in Murrysville, Pennsylvania, and, although a staunch supporter of the principles of the Democratic party, took no active part in the political affairs of his township or county. He married, March 27, 1845, Martha Glendenning, who died August 1, 1904, and they had children: Catherine H., married Andrew Moore; William P., married Emma R. McElroy; John G., married Martha Long; Mary E., married Josiah Long; Jonathan, married Susan Ludwig; Margaret E., unmarried; Jeremiah B., married Olive Summerhill; and Josiah James, concerning whom see forward.

Josiah James Duer, fifth son and eighth and youngest child of Josiah Allen and Martha (Glendenning) Duer, was born near Murrysville, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, April 15, 1864. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, and also in the Laird Institute of the same place. Upon the completion of his education he assisted his father in the management and cultivation of the home farm until he had attained his majority, when he started out in the world to establish himself. His first occupation was that of teaching, but after a time he abandoned this in favor of a mercantile life. He held a position for a time in a general store in Murrysville, and from thence went to East End, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he commenced a grocery business. He sold this after a time very profitably and accepted a position with Carnegie Brothers & Company. He resigned this at the end of five years, and for some years was connected with various other iron and steel manufacturing concerns. He then became the secretary and treasurer of the American Spiral Spring & Manufacturing Company, later disposing of his interests in this company, and, October 1, 1905, organized the J. J. Duer Spring Works, and commenced operations at Twenty-sixth street and Liberty avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. This concern was incorporated December 31, 1906, under the name of the Duer Spring & Manufacturing Company, with office and works at McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania. The success of this undertaking is mainly due to the energy and executive ability of the able president and general manager, whose name heads this sketch. Mr. Duer is Republican in his political affiliations, but has never sought to hold public office. He is a consistent member of the Homewood Presbyterian church, and also of Leetonia Lodge, No. 401, Free and Accepted Masons, of Leetonia, Ohio.

He married, May 14, 1890, at Murrysville, Pennsylvania, Elnora Thompson, born September 21, 1865, at President, Venango county, Pennsylvania, a daughter of William McLain and Susanna (Haslett) Thompson, and granddaughter of Margaret (Hays) Thompson, who was a cousin of General Alexander Hays. Susanna (Haslett) Thompson was a daughter of James Haslett, whose father and one brother were the only survivors of the Haslett family which was massacred by the Indians at their settlement near the present site of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Elnora (Thompson) Duer was educated in the public schools of Dempseytown, Venango county, Pennsylvania, and in the Laird Institute at Murrysville. Mr. and Mrs. Duer have had children: 1. Lenna Romaine, born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 20, 1891. She married Robert Edgar Long, who is a press representative, and resides in Washington, District of Columbia. 2. Carrie Gail, born in Leetonia, Ohio, April 19, 1896, was educated in the public schools of Pittsburg.

JAMES G. STORER, auditor of the Pennsylvania Water Company in Wilkesburg, and prominently identified with the public affairs of that community, is a member of a family which has been resident in the state for some generations.

Thomas Storer, grandfather of James G. Storer, was a farmer in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and owned a fine farm near what is now known as Coal Valley. He married Elizabeth Holcraft, daughter of that historical personage known as "Tom the Tinker," who took a leading part in the famous Whiskey Insurrection. He was one of the farmers who operated a still, and so was a strenuous opponent to the increased tax placed upon whiskey by the government. The old Holcraft dwelling is still to be seen, but the still no longer exists, and the property has passed into other hands. Richard and Elizabeth (Holcraft) Storer had thirteen children, among them being: Richard, Frank, William, Rev. Thomas (see forward), Jane and Elizabeth. The remains of Mr. and Mrs. Storer are buried on the old farm in Washington county, Pennsylvania.

Rev. Thomas Storer, son of Richard and Elizabeth (Holcraft) Storer, was born on the family homestead in 1825. He attended the public schools of that district and later went to the medical college in Cincinnati, from which he was graduated with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He practiced the medical profession for a time and then took up the study of theology and was ordained a minister in the Methodist church. He was at various times pastor of congregations in: Butler, Pennsylvania; West Elizabeth, Pennsylvania; Alliance, Ohio; Freedom, Pennsylvania; Wilkesburg, Pennsylvania; and, lastly, Mount Pleasant, where his death occurred in 1891. During the progress of the Civil war he was chaplain of the One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Colonel Matthew Quay commanding, and he was a member of Mount Pleasant Post, Grand Army of the Republic. He married Margaret N. Morgan, daughter of Captain Morgan, who was prominent in the militia, and lies in the old Mingo cemetery in Washington county. Their children were: James G. (see forward); Enos K., lives in Kansas; Dr. Frank, married Cora Strickler; Elizabeth, and Ella.

James G. Storer, eldest child of Rev. Thomas and Margaret N. (Morgan) Storer, was born at Gastonville, Washington county, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1852. His early years were spent there and he received his education in the local public schools and the Mount Union College, Ohio. He was employed by the Adams Express Company in Pittsburg for a period of eighteen years, and in 1882 removed to Wilkesburg. He was elected borough clerk of Wilkesburg and held that office for four years. He then entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Water Company in Wilkesburg, as secretary and auditor, and holds that position at the present time. He was elected justice of the peace in 1907, to take the place of Samuel Crechman, deceased. His political support is given to the Republican party, and he is a member of the Methodist church. He was one of the organizers of the Pennwood Club; is a member of Beta Lodge, No. 647, Free and Accepted Masons; member of the Improved Order of Heptasophs; and an honorary member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He married Ida Stattenfield, deceased, and they had one child, Eugene, who is a graduate of the medical department of the Western University of Pennsylvania. Ida (Stattenfield) Storer was descended from Jacob Stattenfield, who was a son of Baron Stattenfield, and resided in Germantown

at the time of the Revolutionary war. Jacob married, 1778, Christina Bretz, daughter of Jacob and Christina Bretz, and they had children: Christina, Mary Tacy, Lewis (see forward), John and Annie.

Lewis Stattenfield, son of Jacob and Christina (Bretz) Stattenfield, was engaged in the tobacco business and migrated to Wilkinsburg, where he opened a tobacco store in Penn avenue. He married Elizabeth McClure, of Mifflin township, and had children: Joseph (see forward); Lewis, who married Miss Harbaugh; James, married Mary McClure; Mary, married Samuel Chadwick; Catherine, died young; Margaret, married James Jack; Elizabeth, married Ferdinand Miller; and Synthetia, unmarried.

Joseph Stattenfield, eldest child of Lewis and Elizabeth (McClure) Stattenfield, was born June 15, 1818, and died April 24, 1885. He was a carpenter by trade, but for many years was employed as engineer on the river steamboats. He purchased the property of his father in Penn avenue, afterward selling it to Dr. Pershing. He was a Democrat in politics and a member of the Presbyterian church. He married Mary Jane Hamilton, daughter of William and Betsey (Samson) Hamilton, who had other children: Frank deceased, and Katherine Ven.

WALTER L. SMITH, a prominent business man of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, is of a family which has shown its patriotism and devotion to their country in war as well as in the gentler arts of peace.

Joel Smith, grandfather of Walter L. Smith, was one of the early settlers in Preston county, West Virginia, and received a grant of five hundred acres of land from the government. He married Anna Snyder and reared a large family.

Calvin C. Smith, son of Joel and Anna (Snyder) Smith, was born in Preston county, West Virginia, September 30, 1846, and acquired as good an education as the schools of that time and locality afforded. He was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade, which he followed for some time, and then removed to Connellsville, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in business as a contractor and builder. He carried on this line of business very successfully until 1891, when he retired from active work. At the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted in the Sixth Regiment, West Virginia Volunteers, served with distinction four years, and was honorably discharged with the rank of corporal at the close of the great struggle. He was an active participant in many of the important battles of the war: Piedmont, June 5, 1864; Lynchburg, June 17, 1864; Monocacy, July 9, 1864; Sickles' Ferry, July 18, 1864; Winchester, July 20-24, 1864; Martinsburg, July 25, 1864; Halltown, August 24, 1864; Opequan, September 19, 1864; Fisher's Hill, September 22, 1864; and Cedar Creek, October 19, 1864. He was long held a prisoner of war, being captured at Oakland, Maryland, February 28, 1862, and was paroled at New Market, May 15, 1863. He was an orderly at headquarters for Lieutenant Meigs, chief engineer, Department of West Virginia, from August, 1863, until the death of that officer at Martinsburg, West Virginia, July 25, 1864.

He married Mary A. Crawford, daughter of Colonel James G. and Rachel (Guthrie) Crawford, the former born in Philadelphia, and served in the Civil war with honor as an officer in the volunteer force. Calvin and Mary A. (Crawford) Smith had children: 1. Virginia E., married J. E. Herbert, had

children: Mary A., Ida M., Alverda, Alice, Gladys and Florence. 2. Albert J., married Mary Watson, had children: Clay, Elinor and Mary. 3. Walter L. (see forward). 4. Ida May, married Charles Shank, has children: Herbert, Earl and Mabel.

Walter L. Smith, second son and third child of Calvin and Mary A. (Crawford) Smith, was born at Brandonville, Preston county, West Virginia, February 2, 1872. He was very young when his parents removed to Connellsville, Pennsylvania, where he was educated in the public schools. The first step in his business career was as clerk in a drug store in Ligonier, Pennsylvania, where by strict economy and diligence he saved a sufficient sum of money to enable him to enter the pharmaceutical department of the Western University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with the highest honors of his class in 1897. He then associated himself with F. D. Saupp, J. S. Anderson, H. L. Greer and William Hayden, and organized the Physicians' Supply Company, with business quarters at Penn avenue and Seventh street. Mr. Smith sold out his interest in this enterprise to F. D. Saupp in 1900, and engaged in the drug business independently at No. 3705 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg, until his main store at Wood street and Franklin avenue, Wilkinsburg, should be finished. He then removed the first mentioned business to Tioga and Wood streets, and carried on business in both stores until 1907, when he sold the Tioga store to E. J. Kelley. His business in the main store in Wilkinsburg increased so rapidly that the original space devoted to it was entirely inadequate, and to accommodate the increased demand upon his resources he associated with E. B. Milligan and C. H. Bangs, of Boston, Massachusetts, forming a corporation. They purchased the adjoining property and added the space thus gained to the original store. Subsequently Mr. Smith took over the stock owned by E. B. Milligan, and is now the owner of more than two-thirds of the original capitalization of fifty thousand dollars. The store is equipped in the most modern and up-to-date style in every particular, and has special departments devoted to ice cream, soda water and confectionery and candies. The remarkable success attending this undertaking is largely due to the determination and executive ability of Mr. Smith. Although taking no active part in the political affairs of the city, he is a staunch supporter of the Republican party.

He married, October 19, 1897, Blanche Marie Ambrose, daughter of J. W. and Anna (Beltz) Ambrose, and they have one child, J. Ambrose.

EDWARD REGINALD WALTERS, M. D. Dr. Edward R. Walters, among the leading general medical practitioners of the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, as well as prominent in the municipal affairs of the city, was born in King's Lane, England, December 20, 1869, son of James Smith and Harriet Ann (Dow) Walters, he being one of the three children born to them. This is a family of physicians, each generation for many before the subject having had its noted doctors among its members.

(I) Edward S. Walters, the grandfather, was a prominent physician, as well as his ancestors for two hundred years preceding him, and are noted in medical works.

(II) James Smith Walters, M. D., son of Edward S. and Sarah (Smith) Walters, was born in Staffordshire, England, in 1844 and graduated from

Guy's Hospital, London, England. Following his graduation he practiced as an assistant to Dr. McKenzie in Cheadle, Staffordshire, also assistant to Dr. Woodward in King's Lane. In 1870 he emigrated to America, locating at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he built up a large and very successful practice. He died November 8, 1900. He was a Republican in his political views and in religion an Episcopalian. He married Miss Harriet Ann Dow, born in King's Lane, December 21, 1844. She is the daughter of Edward and Mary (Millington) Dow, still survives and resides with the subject of this notice. The issue by this union was: (1) Fanny H., now the wife of Dr. C. W. Moffitt, a prominent physician of Boston, Massachusetts; (2) Edward R., of this notice; (3) Harry G., deceased.

(III) Dr. Edward R. Walters received his education at the public schools and in a preparatory school directed by Professor Denniston. In the spring of 1887 he went west, spending some eighteen months in the states of Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming and Montana, during which time he was employed on horse and cattle ranches. After thus broadening his scope of knowledge he returned to Pittsburg, where for a short time he was in the employ of the contracting firm of Booth & Flinn. He then traveled abroad, spending a year and a half with an uncle, a paper maker, in Saint Gaudans, France, who is a manufacturer of fine tissue and cigarette papers. While there the subject studied the art of making paper, but he finally determined upon the study of medicine and returned to Pittsburg, after a brief sojourn in England, arriving in his old Pittsburg home in the spring of 1891. He then took up the study of medicine with his father, and later entered the Hahnemann Medical College, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. In the spring of 1894, following his graduation, he formed a partnership with his father, practicing under the firm name of J. S. & E. R. Walters, which partnership existed several years, when the subject's increasing practice demanded all of his attention and he withdrew from the firm. He established an office in the Liberty National Bank building and subsequently located at his present office, No. 280 Shady avenue. He has been very successful as a practitioner, today enjoying an almost enviable professional reputation.

Politically, Dr. Walters is a Republican and has long been active in party work and has held numerous official positions. In February, 1904, he was elected a member of the select council of Pittsburg, and April 2, 1906, was elected president of the select council. Prior to 1904, he had been a member of the executive committee for the twentieth ward of his city for ten years, and was its chairman for six years.

He was united in marriage October 28, 1896, to Miss Katherine A., daughter of Owen Brady and wife, of Philadelphia. Her father is president of the Easton McMann Transportation Company, of that city. Dr. Walters and wife are the parents of the following children: (1) John Edward; (2) and (3) twins Edward R., Jr., and Katherine A.; (4) Mary Harriett.

GEORGE MEYER, JR., the present manager of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, June 16, 1861, a son of George and Rose (Huber) Meyer. George Meyer was born in Bavaria, Germany, and emigrated to this country about 1848, settling at Cincinnati, Ohio, where he engaged in the merchant tailoring business. He

carried on this business for a number of years, becoming a prominent citizen of that city and financially interested in many business enterprises there. He finally retired from active business affairs, a wealthy man. In politics he was a staunch defender of Republican party principles, and became a leader of the German-American element of his adopted city. He never held but one public position, that of superintendent of markets, but was ever an active factor in his political party. He possessed a fine voice and was greatly interested in the singing societies of Cincinnati, belonging to the Pioneer Singer Society and the Central Turn Verein. During the Civil war Mr. Meyer served in the Ninth Regiment, Ohio Volunteers, enlisting for three years. He served his term of enlistment and received his honorable discharge in 1864. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and died at the age of sixty-three years, in 1893. George and Rose (Huber) Meyer were the parents of three children: 1. Emma, who married Frederick Cooke, now deceased, of California. 2. Rose, unmarried. 3. George, Jr., was reared in Cincinnati, where he obtained his education at the public schools. He began his business career in a machine shop, but soon thereafter began clerking for James L. Haven & Company, manufacturers of agricultural implements and hardware goods. Later he was employed by Perrin, Gaff & Company, dealers in hardware. In 1879 he entered the employ of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender Company, makers of and dealers in billiard room goods. With this company Mr. Meyer has been connected ever since, and is now the Pittsburg manager, having been promoted to this position in 1884.

For many years he has been prominent in the Order of Elks of Pittsburg, holding for two years the office of exalted ruler in Lodge No. 11; also for four years was an officer in the grand lodge of the United States. He belongs to the Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg, the Heptasophs and Central Turn Societies. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party. In 1900 he removed to Edgewood Park, where he purchased a handsome property and a dwelling at the corner of Braddock and Hutchinson avenues.

George Meyer, Jr., married Elizabeth Katherine Durr, daughter of Frank and Elizabeth (Fisher) Durr. The father of Mrs. Meyer was killed in the Civil war. Mr. and Mrs. Meyer have had one son, George Meyer (third), who married Jean Miller, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Miller, of Pittsburg.

THE POLLOCK FAMILY, of which Doctor William F. Pollock, of South Side, Pittsburg, is a descendant, is one well known in Pennsylvania history. The ancestor of the family in America was Edwin Pollock, born in County Down, Ireland, and was educated for the ministry, but to avoid entering the army in his native country his relatives smuggled him over in a vessel to America. He died here while his son James C. was but a small boy.

(II) James C. Pollock was educated at the rate school common in the days before 1835, in Chester county, Pennsylvania. After his father's death his mother married Frank Aulhouse, of Chester county, and later young Pollock accompanied his stepfather to Washington county, Pennsylvania, coming over the Alleghany mountains in a covered wagon in which was the family and all of their household goods. The stepfather, Aulhouse, was a farmer, and died in Washington county, Pennsylvania. James C. Pollock began life's work

as a stage driver on the old National Pike, from Monongahela City to Robbstown, Pennsylvania, and later was a teamster in Monongahela City. In 1834 he married Eliza Carney, a native of Ireland, and they were the parents of Dr. William F., now a practicing physician of Pittsburg. The mother of this son died in 1841, and the father, February 23, 1843, married Julia Ann Croner, born June 7, 1817, in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Abraham and Elizabeth (Brown) Croner, by whom was born the following children: Joseph H.; Elizabeth L.; James D.; Margaret and Sarah M., deceased. In 1844 the family moved from Monongahela City to Cross Creek township and then to Burgettstown, where the father conducted the old Keystone Hotel. From there they removed to Florence and conducted a hotel at that point, which was on the stage road from Pittsburg to Steubenville, Ohio. Subsequently he purchased a farm in Hanover township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, and in 1885 moved to a good residence a quarter of a mile out of the borough of Florence, while his two sons operated his farm. He began life's battle as a poor boy, but by his frugal management has accumulated a handsome property, including many fine houses. In his politics Mr. Pollock is a Democrat and has held such offices as jury commissioner, constable, register and assessor. He retired from the active labors of life in 1890.

(III) Doctor William F. Pollock, eldest son of James C. Pollock, by his first marriage, was born at Monongahela City, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1840. His early life was passed mostly on the farm, and he was given his primary tuition in the township schools. He attended the Burgettstown Academy, and when he determined on the medical profession began his studies in the office of Dr. McCarroll, of Florence. He entered Michigan University at Ann Arbor and later graduated from the Cleveland Medical College, Cleveland, Ohio. Dr. Pollock began the practice of his profession at New Manchester, the county seat of Hancock county, West Virginia, where he remained two years. He then practiced for a time in Washington county, Pennsylvania, until 1872. In that year he settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and here for thirty-five years he has been continuously with offices on Carson street, never having moved them from the block between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets. He pursues a general line of practice and has acquired great skill in relieving suffering. His practice is large and he has acquired in these thirty-five years hosts of friends, an unblemished reputation and substantial pecuniary reward. His term of service, thirty-five years of continuous practice, is only equaled by one other physician of the South Side. Dr. Pollock holds membership in various medical bodies, including the Allegheny and Pennsylvania Medical Societies and the American Medical Association. He is a member of Monongahela Lodge, F. & A. M.; Duquesne Chapter, R. A. M., and Commandery No. 1, K. T.

He married, June 9, 1863, at Florence, Pennsylvania, Reumah Jane, daughter of William J. and Margaret Potts. They had one child, who died in infancy.

Dr. Pollock is chairman of the board of trustees of the South Side Presbyterian church, where he and Mrs. Pollock are regular attendants. During the later years of a busy and useful life, stirred by the conditions in his ward, the Doctor joined heartily in the cause of political reform. He aids greatly in securing better conditions for his city. He is a lifelong Democrat.

MATTHEW SLINGER METCALFE, a well-known real estate agent of Pittsburg, was born December 25, 1857, in Iowa, son of William Metcalfe and grandson of John Metcalfe, who was born in 1789, in Wensley Dale, Yorkshire, England. He received but little education, and when a young man learned the trade of a stone mason, which he followed all his life. He was a man of independent character, and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

John Metcalfe married Margaret Slinger, born in 1793, in Bishop Dale, Yorkshire, and they became the parents of the following children, all of whom were born in England: 1. Anthony, born August 22, 1820, died at the age of sixteen. 2. Elizabeth, born December 2, 1821, came in 1843 to the United States, and settled in Pittsburg, where her husband, Francis Robinson, of England, passed his life as a farmer. 3. John, born April 11, 1824, marble cutter, came in 1847 to the United States. He married Mary Hogue, of England, and they were the parents of six children. 4. William. 5. Edward, born December, 1827, farmer, came to this country in 1845, and settled in Pittsburg, now lives in Boone, Iowa. 6. Mary, born January 13, 1830, fatally burned at the age of ten years. 7. Thomas, born May 5, 1831, came in 1843 to the United States, and all his life followed the calling of a miner. He married Eleanor Jones, of Pittsburg, and died February 22, 1906, aged seventy-five. 8. Alice, born May 6, 1833, wife of James Hunter, of Pittsburg. 9. Mathew S., born April 6, 1835, came in 1845 to the United States and settled with his brothers in Pittsburg. He was for years a miner, and is now janitor of Hazelwood school. He served two terms of enlistment in the army. He married Catharine Seeman, a native of Germany. 10. Jane, born July 17, 1838, came to Pittsburg, and is now the wife of Edward Jones, a retired miner. John Metcalfe, the father of this large family, died at the age of seventy-five.

William Metcalfe, son of John and Margaret (Slinger) Metcalfe, was born April 20, 1826, in Yorkshire, and enjoyed but few advantages of education. In 1843 he emigrated to the United States and settled in Minersville, now the Thirteenth ward of Pittsburg. For sixty years he followed the calling of a miner, but has now retired, and makes his home with his son. For two years he was a councilman of Pittsburg and for four years served as school director of the Thirty-eighth ward. His first presidential vote was cast for Buchanan, but he has since been a strong Republican. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Washington avenue.

Mr. Metcalfe married Sarah S., born November 19, 1824, on the shores of Long Island Sound, daughter of William and Catharine Murray, of New York, the former born September 6, 1800, and the latter June 4, 1803. Mr. and Mrs. Metcalfe had the following children, all of whom were born in Pittsburg: Catharine, born October 22, 1854, died in youth; John, born March 7, 1856, died May 18, 1876; Matthew Slinger; Elizabeth, born October 9, 1859, wife of John Patterson, children, John, Harry and Annie; Francis G., born May 5, 1863, carpenter, married twice, first wife Pearl Gregg, who died in 1891, second wife Hattie Duval, children, Myrtle and Francis; and Penolla S., born March 22, 1865, died March 6, 1886.

Matthew Slinger Metcalfe, son of William and Sarah S. (Murray) Metcalfe, was two years old when his parents moved to Pittsburg, and he received a good education in the schools of that city. At twelve years old he began to work at the coal shaft, and was employed there until the age of twenty,

when he entered the plate and sheet department of the mills, where he worked steadily for twenty-two years. In 1900 he engaged in the real estate business, which he carries on at the present time, his office being situated in the Thirty-eighth ward. For seven years he has served as a school director of his ward. He belongs to Elite Lodge, No. 842, I. O. O. F., of Pittsburg. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church, in which he has held for several years the office of steward, also serving as superintendent of the Sunday-school.

Mr. Metcalfe married Sarah A., born February 4, 1862, daughter of George and Nancy A. Fisher, of Pittsburg, and they are the parents of two sons, both of whom live at home with their father and mother: George, born March 23, 1883, clerk in the Pittsburg postoffice; and Matthew Slinger, born September 30, 1892, in school.

GEORGE ROBINSON CREIGHTON. Prominent among the highly esteemed and enterprising business men of the city of Crafton, Pennsylvania, is George R. Creighton, a native of Shousetown, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, born August 2, 1854, son of John and Elizabeth (Harper) Creighton, and grandson of John and Nancy (MacMillan) Creighton.

John Creighton (grandfather) was born in the north of Ireland in 1773, died at Shousetown, Pennsylvania, 1861, aged eighty-eight years. In early manhood he emigrated to the United States, locating for a short time at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, but subsequently removed to Allegheny county, by way of the old stage and canal route, and was among the first settlers of Shousetown. He purchased a farm on what was known as "Flaugherty's Run," near Shousetown; the old homestead is still in the possession of his descendants, and the old log house is still intact. He was one of the most respected men of the community, his influence being always felt on the side of right and justice. He was of the old Scotch Presbyterian stock, and took an active interest in the affairs of the Old Scottsville church. His wife, Nancy (MacMillan) Creighton, born about 1779, and died 1863, aged eighty-four years, bore him the following children, all of whom are deceased: 1. James, of Ohio. 2. John (see forward). 3. William, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania. 4. Martha, wife of Lewis McCartney. 5. Margaret, wife of Robert Morgan.

John Creighton (father) was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, December 12, 1813, and died June 7, 1876. He was educated in the schools of Shousetown, Pennsylvania. In early life he gave his attention to agricultural pursuits; later he served an apprenticeship at the trade of boat building in the boat yards at Shousetown, which he followed for a number of years; he then moved on a farm near Clinton, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and after a residence of fifteen years there sold his farm and moved to Clinton, where he purchased the piece of property on which he resided for the remainder of his life. Mr. Creighton and his family were regular attendants of the United Presbyterian church; their mode of traveling back and forth was on horseback, the older children riding at the back and the younger children in front of their parents.

John Creighton married Elizabeth Harper, born March 5, 1812, and died April 14, 1890, daughter of John and Margaret (MacMillan) Harper, of Scotch origin, John Harper being among the early settlers in this country from Scot-

land. Eleven children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Creighton, namely: 1. John, died in infancy. 2 and 3. Two infants, who died in infancy. 4. John T., a prominent carriage manufacturer of Canton, Ohio; married Sarah Walkup has two children: John, Jr., and Luella, deceased. 5. David Harper, died June 12, 1900, aged sixty-two years; he was a carpenter and contractor in Clinton, Pennsylvania; married Missouri Vandivourt, four children: Edward, Maud, Everett and Avilla. 6. Margaret, married (first) Dr. William Henry, two children: John H. and Nettie Henry; married (second) Jacob Ladshaw, deceased; Mrs. Ladshaw and her children reside at Clinton, Pennsylvania. 7. Andrew, resident of Allegheny City, is a dealer in horses; married Margaret Witherow, three children: James, Lyda and Alfreda, deceased. 8. Robert Pollock, of Ashtabula, Ohio; married (first) Jennie Coates; (second) Bianca Brown; one daughter, Blanche. 9. William, a farmer of Washington county, Pennsylvania; married (first) Bessie Johnston, who bore him three children: Ulysses, John and George; married (second) Mahala Custer, two children: Bessie and Mary. 10. Matilda, wife of Joseph Gordon, one daughter, Lyda; family resides in Washington county, Pennsylvania. 11. George Robinson, see forward.

George Robinson Creighton spent his boyhood in Clinton, Allegheny county, and attended the public schools thereof, acquiring a practical education. In young manhood he went to Alliance, Ohio, and learned the trade of coach painter in the shops of his brothers, John and Robert P. Creighton. At the expiration of three years he came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and worked at his trade for the firm of Workman & Davis on Penn avenue. At the death of his father he went to Clinton in order to look after the interests of his mother, and there lived and followed his trade for three years. He then entered the employ of the Imperial Coal Company as a clerk in their store at Imperial, Pennsylvania, and three years later entered the employ of the firm of Joseph Walton & Company at Elizabeth, Pennsylvania, performing clerical work for two years. He then went to Cliff Mines, Allegheny county, where he engaged in mercantile business for two years, and during this time he secured the establishment of a postoffice and was appointed the first postmaster. In February, 1889, he sold his business and removed to Allegheny City, where he took the management of a mercantile business, conducting the same for two years. He then engaged in insurance business with the Metropolitan Insurance Company, as an agent, and later was appointed assistant superintendent and subsequently superintendent at Bloomington, Illinois. Accompanied by his family he moved thither and had charge of the office and business of the company for seven months; he was then transferred to Des Moines, Iowa, where he remained four years; was then transferred to Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, where he remained until 1904, when he tendered his resignation. He then accepted a position with the Real Estate Trust Company of Pittsburg, and a year later engaged in the real estate business on his own account. In addition to this line he represents many of the best fire insurance companies, including the Allegheny National and Philadelphia companies. Mr. Creighton has been a resident of Crafton borough since 1904, where he has erected an office building in addition to his other interests. He is a member of the First United Presbyterian church of Crafton, a member of the session, treasurer of the missionary funds and a teacher in the Sunday-school.

Mr. Creighton married, April 18, 1877, Sadie E. Adams, born in Beaver

county, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1856, daughter of Alexander M. and Harriet (Quinn) Adams. Their children are: 1. Ella Virginia, born February 20, 1878, married Morton P. Wilson, a graduate of Leland Stanford University, California, and a mechanical engineer with the Westinghouse Company. They are the parents of one child, Marjorie, born February 20, 1905; the family reside at Crafton. 2. Beulah Lee, born May 5, 1882, wife of William R. Phillips, a graduate of Pennsylvania State College, now a civil engineer, with headquarters at Youngstown, Ohio. They reside at Crafton.

HIRAM EDMUND FRIESELL. Mathias Friesell, the American progenitor of the family, was born in Bohemia. When three years of age his family fled to Prussia, owing to persecution of Protestants in his native country. In 1795 he came to America, settling near New Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, and in 1810 removed to Pittsburg. He was a man of remarkable physical strength, and served under Frederick the Great. He followed the occupation of a stonemason, being an expert workman. He was a member of the Lutheran church. He married Mary Magdalena Shafer (spelling not certain), who came from Bavaria or Prussia to America in 1787; she was a member of the Evangelical Lutheran church. Their children were: Molly, married ——— Hartman; Peggy, married Jacob Gass; William, see forward; John, a moulder by trade; Mathias, a blacksmith by trade, died at Wheeling, West Virginia; Henry, a moulder by trade.

William Friesell, son of Mathias and Mary M. (Shafer) Friesell, was born near Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, in 1803, and accompanied his parents to Pittsburg in 1810, living in what was known as Birmingham. He had the reputation of being the best shoemaker in Pittsburg, many customers coming from one hundred miles distant, which was certainly an evidence of his skill in that line. He was an elder in the First German church of Pittsburg, Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, in which he was marred in 1829 to Anna Elizabeth Henrici, who was a daughter of Lewis Henrici, who came to America from Bavaria in 1825 owing to religious persecutions. She was a sister of Jacob Henrici, the leader of the Economite Society, which for many years prospered under his excellent management a few miles west of Pittsburg. Their children were: William, killed in the war of the Rebellion. John, died in 1893; was the owner of West Point Foundry, Penn avenue, near the Point, and together with his brother Jacob, see forward, enjoyed the reputation of being the most skillful iron moulders in Pittsburg. Jacob, of whom later. Peter, deceased; was a moulder by trade. Mary, married Hiram A. Alter. Margaret, married Michael Kistler. William Friesell (father) died in 1877, aged eighty-four.

Jacob Friesell, son of William and Anna E. (Henrici) Friesell, was born on Greensburg Pike, near Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1834. He received a country school education, was a moulder and musician, a Lutheran in religion, a Republican in politics, and served three years and three months during the Civil war. He married Margaret Jane McClaren, born in 1840, in Allegheny county, near Sharpsburg, daughter of Hugh and Jane (Morrow) McClaren. Hugh McClaren was born in Ireland, 1807, was a farmer and machinist, and came to the United States in 1824. He was the son of John and Margaret (McClelland) McClaren; his father was a landowner and

country gentleman in Ireland, and was killed by being thrown from his horse while riding to hounds about the year 1824. Jane (Morrow) McClaren, born 1818, on the Morrow Farm, Westmoreland county, near Murrysville, was the daughter of John Morrow, born in 1780, in the north of Ireland, came to America in 1785, locating in Westmoreland county, near Murrysville, and Frances (McWilliams) Morrow, born at Murrysville, Pennsylvania, 1788, daughter of John McWilliams, who kept the old hotel in Murrysville. Mr. McWilliams was one of the oldest settlers of Westmoreland county, coming there from Ireland prior to 1788. He died at the advanced age of ninety. His wife was Frances Moore, reputed in the family archives to be "a Scotch laird's daughter." Children of Mr. and Mrs. Friesell: Frederick Charles, born in 1867 in Vancouver, Washington, graduated from Allegheny high school, and graduated from Western University of Pennsylvania, 1898, with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. He was professor of histology and bacteriology in the dental department of Western University of Pennsylvania. He married Elizabeth B. Patterson, of Murrysville, Pennsylvania. Hiram Edmund, of whom later. Clara Elizabeth, a graduate of Indiana State Normal, married James Dodds, electrical engineer, Indiana, Pennsylvania. Aimee Winifred, graduate of Pittsburg high school, received the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Master of Arts at Western University of Pennsylvania; married Hugh Lee Fullerton, electrical engineer, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Frank McClaren, born 1880, Allegheny, Pennsylvania, received the degree of Bachelor of Arts in Oregon University, 1906; he spent several years in travel and exploration in the western states and Mexico. His most noted trip was the exploration of the Grand Canon of the Colorado in Arizona, through which he and one companion passed in a boat, spending several months on the trip and facing death many times.

Hiram Edmund Friesell, second child of Jacob and Jane (McClaren) Friesell, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, November 10, 1873. His education was secured in the public and high schools of Allegheny City and for a brief period at the Western University of Pennsylvania. He graduated from the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery (Philadelphia) in 1895, receiving the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. Subsequently he practiced dentistry in Pittsburg. In 1903 he became connected with Western University of Pennsylvania as professor of histology in the dental department, and in 1904 was elected dean of the Dental College and professor of operative dentistry, which position he still occupies. At the time of his election to the deanship he was the youngest dean of a dental college. In 1906 he was elected to the professorship of operative dentistry and dental pathology in the dental department of the Western Reserve University, Cleveland, Ohio, and at the earnest solicitation of the authorities of that institution served also for that year in the office of dean, being for that period dean of two dental colleges. He is a member of the dental staff of the Pittsburg Free Dispensary, and is interested in numerous dental charities. He is the author of numerous papers of scientific and professional nature, and was for several years editor of a dental journal. He holds membership in Psi Omega Fraternity, of which he has been a supreme counselor and grand recorder for over twelve years; Pittsburgh Dental Society; Duquesne Alumni Chapter, Psi Omega; Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania; Pennsylvania State Dental Society; National Dental Association; American Medical Association, section of Stomatology;

National Institute of Dental Pedagogics; National Association of Dental Faculties; The Archaeological Institute of America; Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he was past master in 1906; Pittsburg Chapter and Pennsylvania Consistory, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree. Dr. Friesell attends the United Presbyterian church. His political tendencies are Republican, but he has never sought or held office. The great physical strength of the founder of the family has been a noticeable characteristic of most of his descendants. Dr. Friesell and his brothers have maintained a foremost place in the amateur athletic history of Allegheny county for almost two decades, having won prizes in many national competitions.

Dr. Friesell married, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1898, Esther Hutchison, born August 21, 1879, daughter of Daniel and Lily M. Hutchison. Children: Dorothy Marion, born June 12, 1899, in Pittsburg; Charles Edmund, born June 5, 1905, in Pittsburg.

CHRISTOPHER PASSAVANT LINHART, of Wilkinsburg, passenger conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad, was born April 10, 1856, in Pittsburg, son of Wilkins Linhart, and grandson of Christopher Linhart, who was born at old Fort Duquesne, now Pittsburg, and was by trade a bricklayer and stonemason. He subsequently engaged in business as a contractor, one of the buildings which he erected being the old "Brimstone" Methodist Episcopal church on the corner of Smithfield and Seventh avenues. He married Martha Brindle, and they became the parents of one son, Wilkins, of whom later.

Wilkins Linhart, son of Christopher and Martha (Brindle) Linhart, was born May 9, 1833, near Whitehall, Allegheny county, and was for many years engaged in the wholesale flour business on Liberty street. He afterward turned his attention to contracting, building and real estate, purchasing considerable property on what is known as Duquesne Heights, on which he erected many residences, selling them at a profit. He is now real estate agent, expert and appraiser for the Pittsburg Bank for Savings, the People's Savings and Trust Company, and was elder in the Presbyterian church for years. He is a Republican in politics, and served as a school director for many years.

Mr. Linhart married Sarah Richey, and they have been the parents of the following children: Christopher Passavant, of whom later; George, married Alice Jackson; Jennie, wife of James Bald, deceased; William, married Bessie Johnson, of Tampa, Florida; Harry Daggart, a physician, of California; Arthur, deceased, judge of Porto Rico; Margaret, deceased; Nellie, deceased, wife of Frank Livingston, one son, Gilbert, the youngest; Bessie, at home; Wilkins, died in infancy; and Walter, married Hannah Young.

Christopher Passavant Linhart, son of Wilkins and Sarah (Richey) Linhart, was educated in the public schools of Pittsburg and at Murrayville Academy. On completing his studies he went into business with his father, in connection with whom he later purchased a tobacco plantation which they successfully cultivated for three years. At the end of that time Mr. Linhart, junior, obtained employment with the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad Company, but not long after found work more to his taste in the construction of the Lake Erie Railroad, having charge of the stone construction bridge, under the direction of Mr. Quincy. When the work was completed he was employed on the railroad as fireman and engineer. In 1878 he entered the service of the

Pennsylvania Railroad as passenger brakeman, later becoming conductor, which position he has now held for many years. In 1890 he moved to Wilkensburg.

He belongs to the Railway Conductors' Veteran Association of the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Old Reliable Association of Conductors, and Commandery No. 48, Knights Templar, also the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He is a thirty-second degree Mason, affiliating with Lodge No. 546, East Liberty, treasurer of Chapter No. 285, a Shriner, Syrian Temple, and a charter member of the Eastern Star. He is a staunch Republican and a member of the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Linhart married, April 7, 1886, Blanche, daughter of the later William H. and Margaret (McLean) De Vore. A sketch of Mr. De Vore appears on another page of this work. Mr. and Mrs. Linhart are the parents of one son, Lawrence, who is a doctor surgeon and a specialist.

LEROY BERNHARDT MILLER, M. D. The branch of the Miller family of which Dr. Leroy B. Miller, of South Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is a worthy representative, was founded in the United States by ——— Miller, a native of Gresa, Germany, and died at the age of seventy-five years. He was a member of the Lutheran church, a staunch Republican, and a loyal citizen of his adopted country. His wife, Ernestina Miller, bore him five children, namely: Eli, deceased, was the wife of John Butte; Christina, wife of Benjamin Brosi; Wilhelmina, wife of John Crouch; J. Benjamin, of Washington, Pennsylvania; John Ernest, see forward.

John Ernest Miller was born in Germany August 31, 1840. He was five years of age when his parents emigrated to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He attended the schools under the management of the German Lutheran church and the public schools of South Pittsburg. In early manhood he secured employment in the glass works, but later entered the employ of the firm of Jones & Laughlin, where he served an apprenticeship at the machinist trade, after which he returned to the glass works and was employed in the mould and pattern department. He subsequently went to Steubenville, Ohio, where he was employed for a number of years. Upon his return to Pittsburg he entered the employ of George Duncan & Sons, serving as designer and pattern maker, and later became a member of the firm, and at the present time (1907) is a member of the Duncan & Miller Glass Company of Washington, Pennsylvania. Mr. Miller is a member of the Lutheran church, member of the order of Free and Accepted Masons, and a Republican in politics, serving as school director. He has taken an active interest in educational affairs, using his influence to further its cause.

John E. Miller, married, at Steubenville, Ohio, 1867, Elizabeth D. Bair, born at Steubenville, September 23, 1847, daughter of Charles and Margaret Bair. The children of this marriage were: 1. Emma, died in childhood. 2. Edna, died at the age of twelve years. 3. Clarence M., of Washington, Pennsylvania. 4. Loretta D., wife of Thomas H. Lewis, mother of two children: Delorain and Alice. 5. Carl, died in infancy. 6. Zuleima E., wife of George B. McCutchen, mother of one daughter, Helen D. 7. Leroy Bernhardt, see forward. 8. John E., Jr., of Washington, Pennsylvania. 9. Victor D., of

Washington. 10. Margaret E., died in infancy. 11. Catherine E., at home. 12. Lora Elizabeth, at home.

Dr. Leroy Bernhardt Miller received his preparatory education in the public schools of South Pittsburg and Washington, Pennsylvania. He then took a two-years' preparatory course in Washington-Jefferson College, entering in 1898 and graduating therefrom in 1902. He then became a student in Jefferson Medical College, and received his degree of Doctor of Medicine in the class of 1906. During his school and college days he had four years' experience in the drug business, thereby gaining a practical knowledge of that line. After his graduation he returned to South Pittsburg, spending about a year as resident physician of St. Joseph's Hospital, and April 1, 1907, opened his present offices, which are equipped with the latest appliances for the practice of his chosen profession. He is in receipt of a large and constantly growing practice, and is held in the highest esteem by patients and members of his profession, also by his fellow citizens. His office is located at 2120 Carson street, South Pittsburg. He is a member of St. Mark's Episcopal church, Monongahela Lodge, No. 269, Free and Accepted Masons, and is a staunch Republican in politics.

Dr. Miller married, January 22, 1908, Florence Huxley, daughter of John and Selina Huxley, of Vandegrift.

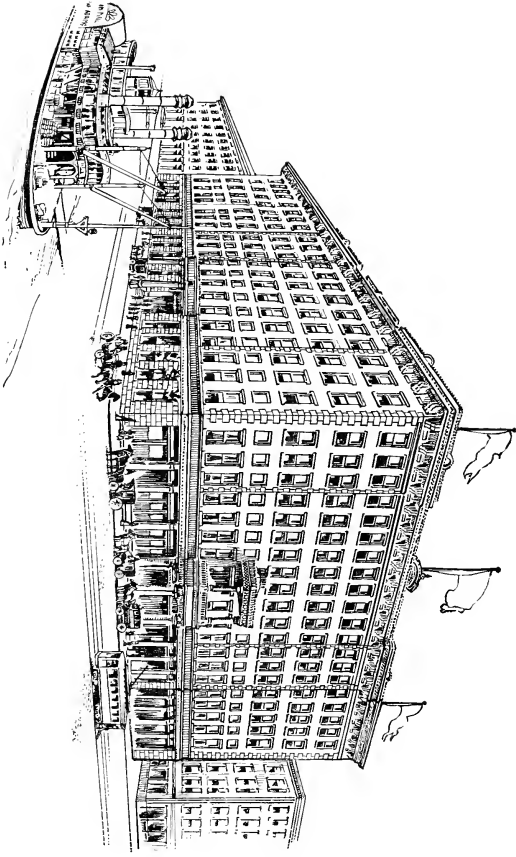
THOMAS GRAHAM HAMILTON, an electrical engineer of Pittsburg, was born in Ireland December 21, 1871, son of John and Sarah Jane Hamilton. The father was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, in 1845, and died in 1884, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He was the son of Moses and Jane (Hazelton) Hamilton, of the north of Ireland.

Thomas G. Hamilton was educated in the public schools of Pittsburg and at the Lehigh University at South Bethlehem, where he took the electrical course and graduated therefrom in 1895. He then found employment with the Citizens' Traction Cable Company, of Pittsburg, with whom he remained until its consolidation and the founding of the Consolidated Traction Company, and continued with the new corporation until its completion of the electric system, when in company with the first chief engineer he went to Havana, Cuba, and superintended the construction of several trolley and steam railroads. He now occupies the position of assistant engineer of the New Castle, Pittsburg & Harmony Railroad, and the New Castle street railway. In politics he votes the Republican ticket. He is a member of the Episcopal church. He married Mildred, daughter of David L. and Frances (Hall) Davis, of Waynesburg, Wayne county, Pennsylvania. By this union one child was born—John Leet Hamilton.

MONONGAHELA HOUSE. Concerning the history of the Monongahela House it may be stated that this is one of the old landmarks in Pittsburg and all western Pennsylvania, and is known from one end of the land to the other, having a history running back to the "thirties," and is, indeed, replete with historic events connected with it.

The original hotel, built on the site of the present one, was erected in 1839-40, and, as appears from the newspaper account of that day which carried

MONONGAHELA HOUSE.



its business card, it contained two hundred and ten rooms; covered an area of one hundred and twenty by one hundred and sixty feet, and was located at the foot of Smithfield street, corner of Front and Smithfield. It was built by James Crossan, who had been proprietor of the old Exchange hotel, of Pittsburg. Its card announced that it was "beautifully located on the banks of the Monongahela river, convenient to the steamboat landing." It was a splendid building for those days and believed to be superior to any in Pennsylvania, and scarce equalled in the United States, outside New York. According to the *Pittsburg Manufacturer*, of that date, it was destroyed by fire at the time of the great conflagration of April 10, 1845, which devastated the heart of the city. It was rebuilt and opened again March 5, 1847, by Messrs. James and John McD. Crossan. It was reopened under the most favorable circumstances and has ever enjoyed the best of patronage. What is now the Monongahela wharf was then largely given up to the building and loading of flatboats, upon which floated the products of the country and carried to southern ports. Travelers on their way from the west and southwest to Philadelphia and other eastern cities rested at the Monongahela House before taking the stage coach across the Alleghanies. Here General George Rogers Clarke and old Hickory Jackson were both among the honored visitors in the early days, and have left reference to the activity of the community in their published letters. It was then one of a chain of a few finely equipped hotels in this country. This line of hostelrys commenced with the Astor, of New York city, and included the Monongahela House, of Pittsburg; the Galt, of Louisville, Kentucky; the Planters, of St. Louis; the St. Charles, of New Orleans, and old Continental, of Philadelphia. The marble floors of the Monongahela House have echoed to the tread of many a celebrated personage, both home and foreign. Here Charles Dickens stopped, and mentions it in one of his books; King Edward VII., when he visited America as the Prince of Wales, stopped here October 2, 1860, and was escorted from the old Pennsylvania station and there made to feel at home. August 1, 1849, President Zachariah Taylor visited Pittsburg and was met at Turtle Creek and escorted in twelve miles by Attorney General Cornelius Darragh and others, and finally conducted to the parlors of the Monongahela House, where a welcoming speech was delivered by the polished Pittsburg orator, Walter Forward. President Lincoln visited the city February 14, 1861, and, after a greatly belated train from the west, finally brought his family through a blinding rainstorm to the doorway of this famous old hotel, being carried through an almost irrepressible crowd of waiting people at nine o'clock in the evening. He went in at the Smithfield entrance, and was greeted as "Our New President," "Old Abe," "The Rail Splitter," etc. He made two speeches—one from a chair in the office and one from the balcony, midst a tumultuous applause. It was estimated that ten thousand people were present in and about the building to get a glimpse of the man from the west who had recently been elected president and who, as the sequel proved, was to be a martyred man within four years.

The famous band of Abolitionists, which met in the old Shakespeare hall back in the early fifties to organize a new political party, were guests of this hotel, and in one of its rooms Salmon P. Chase and David N. White, then editor of the *Gazette*, met and decided to make a general call for a convention, looking to such an organization, which was accomplished; so, really, the birth-place of the Republican party was at this room within the Monongahela House.

Secretaries Edward M. Stanton, the Lovejoys and Horace Greeley stopped here, and the latter's scrawl of a signature can be found on its guest register today. In later years General U. S. Grant was a guest here, and in 1869, on his trip of September 14 and 15, being accompanied by his wife and two children, occupied the best rooms within this hotel, and upon being pressed to speak to the assembled throng, in his modest way merely came to the balcony and tipped his hat and smiled. He spent many hours in and about the office chatting with friends and admirers. Generals Sherman and Sheridan were also frequent guests. General Benjamin F. Butler was registered here when he came to Pittsburg to address the first reunion of the Civil war veterans, and a second time when in 1884 he was a presidential candidate. These, with such men as Hon. James G. Blaine, have all been registered and been welcomed at the Monongahela House, and while all have passed from earthly scenes, the hotel has been improved and remodeled and is still the same—only much more modern and perfect—and is the headquarters for many great banquets and conventions of state and national character. It was here that in 1887 the National Bankers' Association met and for the first time got the proper conception of the great financial strength of Pittsburg and its giant banking institutions. In the old banquet hall (which is now double the size) was held the National Convention of American Hardware Men in 1899, which brought to Pittsburg the leading men in this trade from all parts of the country, and at which was formulated plans, rules and phrases still employed in the hardware trade of America. A year later the Brickmakers' Association of the United States met within this hall of banqueting and formed their union. About the same date the leading coal producers met and transacted important business, bringing about the uniformity of scale prices in this country. The annual glass exhibit of America is held here, lasting many weeks and at which are displayed all the new designs in glassware to be sold by the wholesale trade the following year, prizes being offered for the finest specimen. Here the annual business meetings of great industries, such as iron, glass, coal, etc., are held, and the guests have the freedom of the house. The National Hotel Keepers' Association met here in May, 1888, in its ninth session.

Since this hotel has undergone radical changes in its remodeling during the year 1907 it has come to be second to none in Greater Pittsburg. Its banquet hall is thirty feet wide by one hundred and sixty-eight feet long, and easily accommodates fully fifteen hundred persons. By the underwriters it is pronounced as near fireproof as it is possible to construct a building. Besides, the city engine company has a station located near the rear of the hotel, and in case of emergency this could be brought into requisition, making the property absolutely safe. The ladies' parlors and ladies' and gentlemen's restaurants on the first floor are models of exquisite taste and rare beauty, while the scenery along the river front, looking toward Mount Washington across the waters of the sweeping Monongahela, is indeed one of picturesque beauty. It matters not what state or city one chances to be in and talk of hotels the traveler always finds the popularity of the Monongahela House to be one and the same, and it is growing with the passing years.

The property is now owned by D. F. Henry, who also owns the Hotel Henry, of Pittsburg. It has been recently remodeled and refurnished under the direction of the present manager, J. B. Kelley, a hotel man of much ex-

perience, who has made this noted old hostelry landmark a success in every particular and it ranks high among the best in Greater Pittsburg, sustaining the high reputation it has had for more than three score years.

FRANCIS MORTIMER JOHNSTON, tax assessor for the Nineteenth ward of Pittsburg, was born December 4, 1843, in Wilkins township, Allegheny county, a son of John Johnston and grandson of Charles Johnston, who was of Scotch-Irish stock and in 1795 emigrated to the United States. He settled first at what was known as the "Neck," on the banks of the Monongahela river, where the Duquesne Steel Works are now situated. He became the father of one son, John.

John Johnston, son of William Johnston, was brought to this country by his parents when a child, and on reaching manhood moved to the vicinity of Wilkinsburg, where he purchased land and engaged in farming. For many years he was the proprietor of a public house on the old Northern Pike, which in those days was the route traversed by the famous old Conestoga wagons. He became one of the prominent men of the township and county, and about 1840 was elected county commissioner, having previously held other minor offices, among them that of school director. Politically he was a Democrat.

John Johnston was twice married, his first wife being Margaret Long, by whom he had the following children: Charles Boyd, born January 21, 1815; James, born November 12, 1816; Matthew Long, born January 24, 1820; Rebecca Jane Carothers, born September 10, 1822; John McAfee, born February 25, 1824; Hannah Eliza, born February 14, 1826; William Kirkland, born August 20, 1828; Sarah Nancy, born October 31, 1831; and George, born February 5, 1834. The second wife of John Johnston was Anna Parkinson, whom he married in June, 1839, and who bore him two sons: Benjamin Hara, born July 28, 1840; and Francis Mortimer, of whom later. John Johnston, the father, lived to a ripe old age, passing away May 7, 1871.

Francis Mortimer Johnston, son of John and Anna (Parkinson) Johnston, grew up in Wilkins township, receiving his education in the local schools. In youth and early manhood he assisted his father in the management of the homestead farm, becoming a skilled agriculturist. Later, upon the death of his father, he inherited the estate, which he cultivated until about 1887. In that year he sold the property and moved to East Liberty, Pittsburg, where he was for a few years engaged in the hardware business, after which he became associated in the capacity of treasurer with the Keystone Paint & Color Company. In 1902 he sold his interest in that concern and embarked in the real estate business.

In 1904 he was appointed county ward assessor to finish an uncompleted term and speedily demonstrated his fitness for the office. When the board of assessment and revision of taxes was organized he was elected assessor for the Nineteenth ward of Pittsburg for a term of three years. In the sphere of politics he staunchly supports the principles and interests of the Republican party. He is a member of the Sixth United Presbyterian church of Pittsburg.

Mr. Johnston married Isabella J., daughter of Henry and Isabella (Patterson) Reiter, and they are the parents of two children, Sarah Isabella and Emma Roberta.

REV. SAMUEL WESLEY DAVIS, a clergyman of the Methodist Episcopal denomination, and well known in the mission work among the foreign population in the great coke regions of western Pennsylvania, was born November 9, 1839, in Somerset county, Pennsylvania.

(I) John Davis, great-grandfather of Rev. Samuel W. Davis, was a resident of Bensalem township, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, from whence, after several changes, he removed to Somerset county, Pennsylvania, near Salisbury where he died and was buried. He married Rebecca Davenport, September 24, 1769, and among their children were: Betsy, Benjamin, of whom later; John, a soldier of the war of 1812; William, a blacksmith in Chester county, Pennsylvania; Reese; Abner, went to Freeport, Ohio, and became a local Methodist preacher; a daughter who married a Mr. Flick; a daughter who married a Mr. Heaton; Lorena, who married and moved to Chester county, Pennsylvania; Olivia, who also married and moved to Chester county.

(II) Benjamin Davis, second child and eldest son of John and Rebecca (Davenport) Davis, was born in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, August 14, 1770. He was reared in that part of the country. He learned the trade of millwright and also conducted furnaces. He was married by the Rev. N. Greer, in Chester county, Pennsylvania, to Elizabeth Barker, born April 15, 1774, daughter of Henry and Eleanor (Caldwell) Barker. Henry Barker was a resident of Chester county, Pennsylvania, was a captain in the Revolutionary war and served at the battle of Brandywine, and is buried at the Brandywine Manor meeting house. His wife, Eleanor (Caldwell) Barker, was the daughter of Joseph Caldwell. Benjamin and Elizabeth (Barker) Davis were the parents of the following children: 1. Rebecca, born December 22, 1800, married, July 15, 1817, Matthew P. Brown, and their children were: Nancy J., born July 25, 1818; Elizabeth, September 26, 1819; John W., November 4, 1821; Benjamin, March 7, 1823; Joseph, July 9, 1825; Olivia, March 9, 1828; Henry, October 24, 1830; Rebecca, August 15, 1833; Mary K., November 11, 1835; William P., February 4, 1837; Francis M., February 5, 1841. 2. Benjamin, born 1806, died in North Carolina, July 20, 1838. 3. Joseph B., of whom later. 4. John, born January 13, 1810, married (first) Catharine Shehee, children: George and Margaret; married (second) Margaret Brallier, children: Augustus C., a soldier in the Civil war; Almira, Joseph, Elizabeth, Nora, Ellen and Jennie. 5. Eliza, died young. 6. Nancy, died young.

(III) Joseph B. Davis, second son of Benjamin Davis, was born in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, February 22, 1808. He removed to Somerset county, where he engaged in farming and was a cattle merchant, sending stock over the mountains to eastern Pennsylvania. He owned land in Upper Turkey-Foot township, Somerset county, and was a prominent man in the community in which he resided. In the spring of 1861 he removed to Maryland, where he purchased a grazing farm near Oakland, Garrett county, whereon he resided up to his death, which occurred in Oakland, September 14, 1890. He was a devoted member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Whig and Republican in politics. He married, June 5, 1830, Sarah McMillen, born October 4, 1810, died November 28, 1905, at Oakland, Maryland, daughter of John and Nancy (Patrick) McMillen. John McMillen was born in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, July 19, 1764. He located in Somerset county in 1790, was a prosperous farmer, a justice of the peace, and an official member of the Meth-

odist Episcopal church. He and his wife were the parents of children: John K., born May 26, 1795; James, December 19, 1798; Jane, December 30, 1800; Eleanor, July 23, 1802; William, December 24, 1804; Samuel E., November 12, 1807; Sarah, October 4, 1810, mentioned above; Margaret, November 25, 1813; Mary, April 15, 1820. John McMillen died February 1, 1856, and his wife March 25, 1854, aged seventy-seven years. The parents of Joseph B. and Sarah (McMillen) Davis were all professing Christians and members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Children of Mr. and Mrs. Davis: 1. Ann, born 1831, married John Harned, had one son, Joseph, a pharmacist. 2. Simon, born October 4, 1832, died in childhood. 3. John M., born January 26, 1835, a merchant in Oakland, Maryland, a local Methodist preacher, and one of the founders of Mountain Lake Park, a noted Christian summer resort near Oakland. He married Eleanor Philson, of Somerset county, Pennsylvania, and had children: Charles S., a merchant; William C., deceased, who was a minister of the Methodist Episcopal church; John Wesley, a merchant. 4. Elizabeth, born February 8, 1837, died in childhood. 5. Samuel Wesley, of whom later. 6. Sarah Jane, married M. L. Scott, now deceased.

(IV) Rev. Samuel Wesley Davis was reared in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, and obtained his primary education at the common and select schools in that county, and received instruction in advanced studies from the Rev. T. H. Wilkenson. In 1856-57-58, during the regular school terms of four months, he served as teacher of adjacent public schools, and in 1859 was teacher for a term of five months in Bruceton, Preston county, Virginia. In 1861 he was a student for two terms at Allegheny College, Meadville, Pennsylvania. Favored with the instruction and influence of Christian parents and ministers of the gospel who were frequent visitors at his home, and impressed by the services of the sanctuary, he was converted in early youth and began to realize his call from God to the ministry. At the solicitation of the church he made application and July 19, 1862, received license as a local preacher in the Methodist Episcopal church. November 9, 1862, he became assistant of the Rev. Franklin Ball, preacher in charge of the Kingwood circuit, West Virginia conference, Methodist Episcopal church. In 1863 he became a member of the conference and was returned as junior to the same circuit with the Rev. Ashford Hall as preacher in charge. The circuit included Kingwood, the county seat, and other appointments, seventeen in all, which were increased to twenty, and during this period there were two hundred and seventy-five additions to the membership.

His next appointment was in Marshall county, West Virginia, among the hills at Fish Creek. After one year at that place he was sent to Weston, county seat of Lewis county, and after two years was removed to Clarksburg, county seat of Harrison county, West Virginia. He remained there three years and was appointed at Wheeling, West Virginia, and stationed at the Thomson church, Wheeling Island. He was next transferred to the Pittsburg conference and stationed at Myersdale, Somerset county, Pennsylvania. In the economy of the church after three years he was transferred and made pastor of the congregation in Uniontown. At the close of the pastoral term in Uniontown, in 1878, he accompanied Mr. E. J. Stone, his father-in-law, and sons, J. T. and E. L. Stone, and J. C. Thomas in a seven-months' tour in the east, which included various countries of Europe, also Egypt and the Holy

Land. His next charge was Bellevernon, in Fayette county, then Mount Pleasant, in Westmoreland county. Succeeding these he was pastor for two years at Homestead, five years at the Coursin Street appointment, McKeesport, two years at the Walton church, Pittsburg, and two years at the Jefferson Avenue church in Washington, Pennsylvania.

He was then assigned to the Coke Mission in the interest of the foreign population in the coke regions of western Pennsylvania, of which he has been successful as pastor and superintendent for the last thirteen years. Property for the Mission was purchased in Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, March 28, 1900, at a cost of \$2,500. The building is a substantial brick of two stories, containing four large rooms. The location of this property is most favorable, on a fine elevation on a thoroughfare, near the railroad depots and adjacent to the Standard Coke Works. One room on the first floor is occupied by Mrs. Anna Navratil, the first Bohemian convert, with her son and grandson, and her four orphan grandchildren, and thus under the care of this intelligent and worthy Christian woman there is already the germ of a self-supporting orphanage, suggesting an institution which in that place would surely accomplish great and lasting good. Another room, tastefully decorated, seated with chairs and supplied with a vocalion by Andrew Carnegie, is devoted to public worship. It has an increasing and spiritual membership, and with more than one hundred adherents among adult men and women foreign born. The Sunday-school, organized in August, 1898, with an attendance now of one hundred, largely Bohemian, Slav and Polish, the girl's sewing school, devoted also to religious instruction, the Saturday Evening Bible class, and the class on Monday evening for instruction by the pastor, are all well provided for. It is free from debt. A comfortable parsonage also has been provided in the same locality and is the residence of the Bohemian pastor, Joseph Donat. A Home for Missionaries and young women of foreign nationality in training for mission work is located in Uniontown, county seat of Fayette county. It was purchased October 13, 1906, for \$5,500, A. J. Cochran contributing \$500, Mrs. Sarah B. Cochran \$500, and A. Gaddis \$150, after which Lloyd G. McCrum assumed the mortgage indebtedness of \$4,000.

In spite of his advancing years and arduous labors during forty-five years, Rev. Mr. Davis is still earnestly at work and enjoys the prosecution of his noble Christian undertaking, saving the foreigners. During his terms of pastoral service churches have been erected in Clarksburg and Wheeling, West Virginia, and in Myersdale, Ursina, Uniontown, McKeesport and in several other towns in the coke region in Pennsylvania. The self-sacrificing labors of this truly noble man have extended over nearly half a century, and the influence for good cannot be estimated this side of the eternal world.

Mr. Davis married, March 12, 1872, Mary C. Stone, daughter of E. J. and Elizabeth C. (Thomas) Stone, of Wheeling, West Virginia. They have been blessed with the following children: Anna May, who died young; Alfred Cookman, an official of the Pennsylvania railroad lines west of Pittsburg; Elizabeth Stone, a home missionary; James Edward, died young; Wilbur M., died young; Mary Eleanor; Sarah Blanche.

JAMES HORNER, who has the distinction of being the oldest living inhabitant of the borough of Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, was born there April

1, 1833, in a house then standing on the present site of the First National Bank. This was the first frame house in the borough, which was at that time called McNairstown, after a great-uncle of Mr. Horner's mother, Colonel Dunning McNair, a member of the state senate, and at one time a candidate for congress.

(I) The first Horner of which there seems to be any authentic account is James Horner, born in Allen township, Northampton county, Pennsylvania, in 1710, and died 1793. He married Jean Kerr, born in 1713 and died in 1763, being killed by the Indians at the Craig settlement during the Selon massacre, and is buried in the Allen township burying ground. She was the first white woman killed in the settlement.

James Horner was a member of Captain Bennett's company of Northampton Light Dragoons in 1777, and fought in the Revolutionary war. Subsequently he is mentioned as judge of the county, in 1782. His children were: James, the grandfather of the subject of this memoir; John; Hugh; and a daughter who married into the McNair family.

(II) James Horner, son of James and Jean (Kerr) Horner, was born in Allen township, Northampton county, Pennsylvania, June 4, 1759. The Horner family are of Scotch-Irish ancestry, the first member, it is believed, having come to America in 1706, landing at Chester, Delaware county, Pennsylvania, and soon settled in Allen township, Northampton county of the same state. When nineteen years of age, James Horner went into the Revolutionary service, and was made captain of the Mountain Rangers, serving from 1778 to 1783. In 1786 he came to Pittsburg and became a justice of the peace for Allegheny county. Upon coming to Pittsburg he bought, for the sum of sixty guineas, a piece of property on Market street, extending along it from Second avenue to Third avenue for a distance of three hundred feet. This property today (1907), is worth a fabulous sum of money. Here pioneer Horner erected buildings and carried on a large tannery and harness-making establishment. This land was inherited by his children and subsequently sold. He retired from active business pursuits and moved to Wilksburg, where he purchased a tract of three hundred acres of land, situated on the Frankstown road, and on which land he built a substantial residence, and there remained with his family until 1800, when he removed to what is now the borough of Wilksburg, and there erected him a new house, the same being the first frame structure in the vicinity. It was situated on what is now the corner of Wood street and Penn avenue. The old homestead house on Franklin road stood until 1907, when it was demolished to make way for modern improvements.

In this connection may be related an incident showing the supreme generosity of Mr. Horner's character. Like many another land owner at that time he owned slaves—fifteen in all—one of whom, a big negro named "Jack," who had long been a faithful and trusted servant, and used to carry the farm produce to market to Pittsburg, was coveted by one of Mr. Horner's neighbors, a large land owner. He tried in many ways to entice him away from his master, and finally offered the large sum of seven hundred dollars to purchase him outright. When Mr. Horner found the negro wished to leave him he refused to sell him, saying he would rather not "traffic in human flesh," and gave him his freedom. The deed of his emancipation is now in the possession of his grandson, James Horner, of this sketch. The good slave

did not enjoy his freedom long, however, for he was soon found dead and hidden in a clump of trees on an adjoining estate. His would-be purchaser was charged with the murder, but escaped from justice by removing from the country, but subsequently returned, not until the death of Squire Horner, however, which occurred May 20, 1824.

Mr. Horner married Mary McNair, born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, June 13, 1770, and died in Wilksburg September 16, 1818. She was the daughter of David and Annie (Dunning) McNair. Annie Dunning was a daughter of Colonel Robert Dunning, who was colonel of the Second Regiment in 1747-48, during the French and Indian war. He died in Cumberland August 1, 1750. James and Mary (McNair) Horner were the parents of the following children: 1. David, unmarried. 2. John, of whom further mention is made. 3. Dr. James D. 4. Jane McCrea. 5. Sarah, wife of James Kelly. 6. Ann, who married William Davis.

(III) John Horner, second son of James and Mary (McNair) Horner, was born at the old family homestead on Frankstown road in 1793. He obtained his elementary education at home and later attended college at Washington and Canonsburg. Having completed his studies he learned the druggists business, and in 1820 engaged in business with Thomas Cleland. They conducted a store in a log cabin at the corner of Market and Third avenue, in Pittsburg. Here they continued to operate for a number of years. Later he engaged in the lime business, employing four four-horse teams to haul lime to the Pittsburg market. Upon his giving up the drug business he removed to Wilksburg and occupied the old homestead, his father then being deceased. In 1840 he was elected justice of the peace, which office, then one of much importance, he held for about fifteen years. In 1853 he was elected clerk of the courts of Allegheny county, in which capacity he served for two terms, being succeeded by General Thomas Rowley. About this date his health began to fail him and he was compelled to retire from all active labors, public and official. He possessed many sterling qualities of head and heart; was the soul of integrity and zealous in every enterprise for the betterment of society. In politics he was an uncompromising Republican. He died in 1867, aged seventy-four years. June 7, 1832, he had married Mary M. Davis, born December 12, 1806, at Pittsburg, and died February 9, 1887. She was the daughter of John and Mary (McGonigal) Davis. Her father was born at Tincum, Bucks county, Pennsylvania, August 25, 1764, and died at Meadville, February 27, 1839. Mary McGonigal was born at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, April 23, 1771, and died at Pittsburg in 1818. The children born to John and Mary (Davis) Horner, were as follows: 1. James. 2. John Davis. 3. William Henry, who died young. 4. George Kennedy, died young. 5. Mary G., died young. 6. Matilda Graham, unmarried. 7. Ellen McGonigal, wife of John McKelvy. 8. Eliza McNair, who married Franklin M. Gordon, now deceased.

Franklin M. Gordon, deceased husband of Eliza McNair (Horner) Gordon, was born at Baltimore, Maryland, about 1837, son of John and Maria Gordon. When a mere child he accompanied his parents to Pittsburg, where he was reared and educated. At the age of fifteen years he was employed as a clerk in a store in Pittsburg, and when he reached his twentieth year was a partner in the same business house. Subsequently he engaged in the insurance business, and still later was tendered and finally accepted the position of cashier

in the People's National Bank, which office he held with much credit for a term of eighteen years, and to the time of his death in 1883. He was a highly successful business man and at the date of his death was the owner of a fine home situated upon a charming fifteen-acre plot of ground near Swissvale. Mr. Gordon married Miss Eliza McNair Horner.

(IV) James Horner, the eldest child of John and Mary M. (Davis) Horner, born April 1, 1833, was reared in the borough of Wilkesburg where he obtained his education in the first school house provided in the borough; this house stood at the corner of Wallace and Center streets. Later he attended the Allegheny College at Meadville, Pennsylvania, the period being from 1851 to 1853, inclusive. After completing his studies he acted as clerk for his father, who then was holding public office. In 1856 he went west and engaged in a general merchandising business in Minnesota, at the thriving city of St. Peter. In 1858, however, he returned to his native state for the purpose of marrying, after which he with his bride went back to Minnesota. While residing in that state he was elected and served three terms as county treasurer for Nicholas county. At the time of the great Sioux Indian uprising and massacre in that part of Minnesota, in the month of August, 1862, Mr. Horner served well the part of a citizen-soldier in defending the little inland town of New Ulm, which was completely surrounded by the blood-thirsty Sioux. Four years later, in 1866, he returned to Pennsylvania and conducted an extensive mercantile business until 1898, when owing to ill health he retired from all active work. While his store was located in the city of Pittsburg, he continued to hold his residence at Wilkesburg, of which borough in 1899 he was elected burgess, serving three years.

He married Margaret S., daughter of John and Salome (Atkinson) McFarland, of Meadville, Pennsylvania. The issue by this marriage is: 1. John McFarland, married to Minnie ————. 2. Frank Kennedy, who died young. 3. Georgia Davis, who now resides with her parents, on Hill avenue, Wilkesburg.

Mrs. Horner's grandmother, Margaret Foster Stewart, made the flag that floated proudly from the masthead of Commodore Perry's flagship at the naval battle of Lake Erie.

CHARLES A. MANNING, a retired hotel keeper of Pittsburg, was born in this city, in what was then called Pitt township, on the Fourth street road, now Fifth avenue, March 13, 1840, son of William and Jane (Clair) Manning. The father was born in county Clare, Ireland, and emigrated to this country in 1837, settling in Pittsburg. By trade he was a nail-maker and forged the nails by hand. He continued this work many years. He commenced with a Mr. Craig on Wood street. In the fifties he engaged in the grocery trade on Webster street, where he carried on a successful business until 1869, when he retired. The date of his birth was 1805 and of his death, 1877. He married Miss Jane Clair, by whom was born the following children: 1. William, who married and had three sons—Albert, Charles and William. 2. Charles A., subject. 3. James, who married Miss Downs and they had—Thomas. 4. Albert. 5. James. 6. Jennie.

Charles A. Manning, second child of William and Jane (Clair Manning), began the active duties of life when a mere youth by working around a brick-

yard, but as soon as he had the opportunity he learned the trade of a stove-plate moulder, continuing in such work until 1867, when he engaged in the oyster business, which he carried on with great success until 1875, when he opened the hotel known far and near as the Manning House, which he conducted in a successful manner and by which he was enabled to retire from active work in 1881, when he sold his hotel for a good figure.

In politics he is an Independent and has served on both the common and select councils of the city of Pittsburg and is one of the charter members of East End Republican Club. In church faith Mr. Manning adheres to that of the Catholic faith.

He was united in marriage in 1866 to Miss Maria Cuhn, by whom one son was born—Charles Allinder, deceased.

GEORGE HENRY STOEBEENER, the oldest retail shoe merchant in East Liberty, and one of the oldest in the City of Pittsburg, was born in Allegheny City September 8, 1853, a son of Henry and Annie C. (Miller) Stoebener. He comes of sturdy German ancestry. His grandfather, George Stoebener, came from the Fatherland in 1839 and settled at Pittsburg, where he engaged in the cabinet making business. Prior to the organization of the Pittsburg police force he served as night watchman for a time. He married and had three children: Henry, George, and a daughter who married a Mr. Kreuder, both of whom are now deceased.

Henry Stoebener, the father, was a shoemaker, and was in the employ of Mr. Schmertz for some years, and was his foreman at his shoe store at No. 505 Penn avenue. He later opened a shoe store of his own at No. 501 Penn avenue. In 1873, foreseeing the rapid growth of East End, he removed his business to No. 6222 Frankstown avenue, East Liberty, where the business is still conducted by his son, George Henry Stoebener, the subject of this notice. Henry Stoebener was a member of the Masonic fraternity and a Knight Templar.

He married Annie C. Miller, by whom was born the following children: William, who lives on a farm near Tarentum, Pennsylvania; Emma F. and Anna M. (twins), and George Henry, mention of whom follows.

George Henry Stoebener was educated at the public schools of Pittsburg, to which place his parents removed from Allegheny City soon after his birth. He also had good private instruction. He intended to gain a liberal education and entered the Western University of Pennsylvania, but on account of defective eyesight did not complete his studies. After leaving school he engaged in the shoe business with his father, and in 1876 took entire charge of the business, which he is still successfully operating.

January 1, 1877, he was married to Miss Flora May, daughter of William and Rebecca Robinson, of Pittsburg. Their children are as follows: 1. Henry William. 2. George Viock. 3. Edna Florence. 4. Dorothy Margaret. His two sons are associated with him in his business.

IRVIN REDPATH, a retired business man and capitalist of Greater Pittsburg, was born June 20, 1827, on a farm near Gerty's Run, in what is now a part of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, son of Thomas and Jane

(Woods) Redpath. His father, Thomas Redpath, was born in Ireland March 6, 1789, and emigrated to America in 1812, just at the outbreak of the war with England. The first work he obtained was helping to build the fortifications which were then being erected for the defense of New York harbor. From New York he moved to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. As that was before there was any means of travel otherwise he walked the entire distance from New York to Pittsburg, and being a man of great strength he did not seem fatigued at the journey. He soon found employment in a grocery store, where he remained some time and saved enough from his earnings to engage in business for himself, which he did, and eventually owned two stores on Diamond street, where he handled large stocks of both dry goods and groceries.

Soon after coming to Pittsburg he married Miss Jane Woods. By this union were born the following children: 1. Robert, unmarried. 2. Ann Jane, married George Lee, and they reared a large family of children. 3. Thomas, Jr., who married Margaret Whitesides, and they have two daughters. 4. William, married Annie Fetter. 5. John W., married Annie Fullerton. 6. Irvin, the subject. 7. George, who died young. 8. Henry-Homer, married Sarah Marshall. 9. Lucinda Frances, who married John Kennedy, whose son is John R. Kennedy. The father died in 1867 and the mother in 1875.

Irvin Redpath, subject, the sixth child in his parents' family, was reared in Pittsburg, receiving such education as was then obtainable, and when young went to work with his father in the store, where he continued for twenty years. After this he led somewhat of an adventurous life. He went to California when that country was yet in an unsettled condition. He joined a filibustering expedition, headed for Southern California, under the leadership of Colonel Walker, and went through many hair-breadth escapes and dangers untold. Much of the time they met with great hardship, especially for the lack of food—at times almost starving. On returning to Los Angeles he went in the butchering business. He was also deputy sheriff. After a varied and, on the whole, a successful sojourn in the far west, he returned to his native state. While en route and at Philadelphia he was taken ill with that dread disease—cholera—but recovered after a mild attack. After he had finally gotten settled in Pittsburg, he engaged in the paper hanging and painting business, but not long after this he believed he saw a more rapid way to accumulate wealth and went into the diamond trade, in which he achieved great success. This, together with more recent real estate dealings, has made him one of the foremost men of means in East Liberty.

Mr. Redpath married his cousin, Miss Jane Woods, a daughter of William Woods and wife. She was born January 14, 1829, and died March 15, 1897. By this union the following children were born: William Thomas, born March 13, 1846; Henry Homer, born May 30, 1847; Lucinda Jane and Emma (twins), born December 3, 1848, died February 23, 1849, and April 27, 1850, respectively; Alice, born June 22, 1850, married Frederick Fisher and they have three children: Harry-Irvin (who is married and has one child), Howard and Winfield Scott. The youngest of Mr. Redpath's children was Lucinda F., who died April 4, 1853.

JOSEPH GANSTER, one of the oldest surviving hotel men of the city of Pittsburg, was born in Loraine, Germany, which was formerly a French

province, December 13, 1817, and emigrating to this country, came direct to Pittsburg in 1838, at the age of twenty years. His first employment in this country was in a blacksmith's shop. He continued to follow the blacksmith's trade until 1847, when he opened a hotel in East Liberty, Allegheny county, called the "Johnson House." After remaining there one year he returned to Pittsburg and established himself in the hotel business on grounds where now stands the Pennsylvania station, and there continued until 1851, when he again opened a hotel on Penn avenue, East Liberty. In 1862 he purchased a piece of property situated on Penn and Frankston avenues, which in 1881 he sold for twenty-eight thousand dollars, and then retired from active business operations.

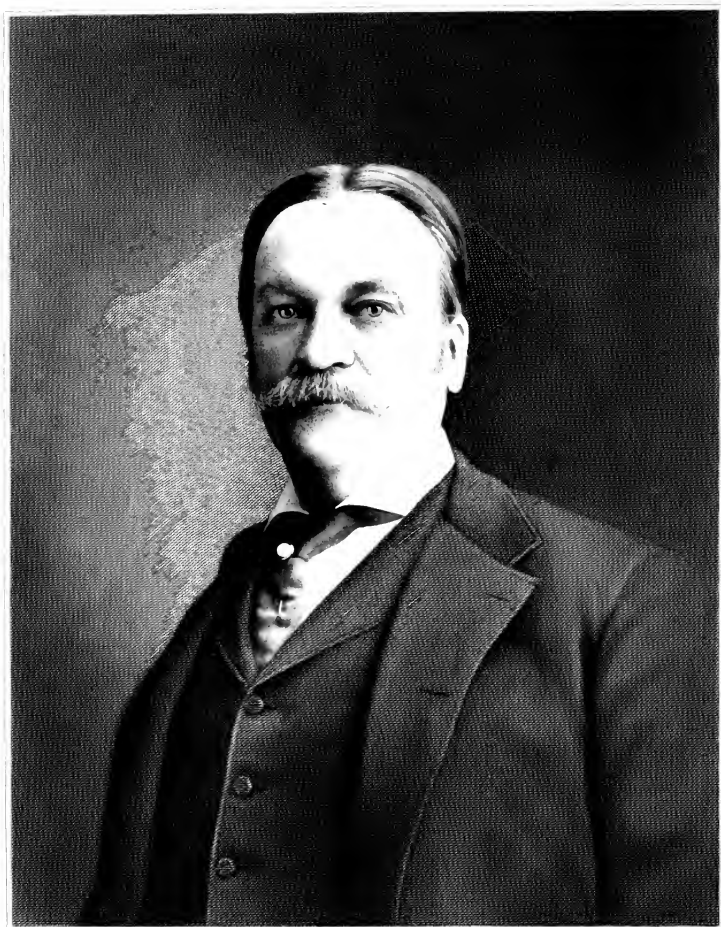
Mr. Ganster was married in 1847 in Pittsburg and became the father of the following children: 1. Nicholas. 2. John. 3. Peter. 4. Harry. 5. Lilly.

CARL W. HENRY SCHWEITZER, PH. G., who is engaged in the retail drug business on Hamilton avenue, Pittsburg, was born in Pittsburg, November 2, 1882, being a son of Henry and Emilie (Hess) Schweitzer, of New Castle. He obtained his education in the public and high schools in this city, graduating from the former at the age of thirteen, and completed his academical and commercial courses at the Western University of Pennsylvania, from which institution he graduated as a pharmacist in 1905, at the age of twenty-two. His parents were humbly fixed and he worked his way through the college. He is a member of the Knights of Maccabees, Iron City Lodge No. 279, holding a high office in the same. In June, 1905, he was united in marriage to Agnes M. Geyer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Geyer, of Elysian avenue, East End, Pittsburg.

Mrs. Schweitzer's father, Henry Brandt Schweitzer, was born in New Castle, Pennsylvania, April 20, 1859, and came to Pittsburg in 1879, engaging in the drug business. In 1880 he was married to Emilie Hess, of New Castle, by which union were born the following children: 1. Floyd L., born November 21, 1888. 2. Ethel Catherine, born September 6, 1894. The father died at Cambridge Springs, Pennsylvania, June 8, 1906. At one time he owned three stores, of which one is now owned by his son William. In 1903 William purchased the remaining store and the partnership of Hess & Schweitzer was formed and continued with success for two years. In November, 1905, he purchased the remaining portion of his partner and conducted it under his father's and own management until the death of his father in 1906. He has held several good positions, one as purchasing agent for Cruikshank Brothers Company, dealers in preserves and pickles, one of the largest firms in this part of the state. He left them to engage in the drug business. By faith he is a Lutheran, taking his letter at the age of fourteen. His father-in-law is a Mason, ranking among the foremost in this part of the state. Mr. Schweitzer has traveled a great deal, having visited the greater part of his own country and Canada.

REV. MATHISON JAMES MONTGOMERY. The late Rev. Mathison James Montgomery, who for nearly half a century ministered to Methodist Episcopal churches in Pittsburg and its vicinity, was born October 31, 1825, in county Tyrone, Ireland, son of William Montgomery and grandson of John Montgomery.





J. C. Grogan

William Montgomery, son of John Montgomery, came in 1829 to the United States, settling in Armstrong county, where he acquired land near Manorville, and became one of the prominent farmers of the county. William Montgomery married, in Ireland, Mary Breden, and among their children were the following: William, deceased, married, second, Neil Beissing; Hugh, died unmarried; Thomas, deceased, married Mary Shumaker, children, Ellis, a physician of the East End, Ida, Lulu and Sarah; Elizabeth, deceased, wife of John McLaughlin, children, John, William, Jennie, Mary; Mary, died unmarried; and Mathison James, of whom later.

Mathison James Montgomery, son of William and Mary (Breden) Montgomery, was brought up in Armstrong county, receiving his education in the local schools. Later he studied for the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal church, and for more than forty years was a preacher of the gospel, having various charges in the Pittsburg Conference. For three years he was pastor of the Methodist Episcopal church of Wilksburg, and the last ten years of his life were passed in that borough, in the welfare and advancement of which he always took an active interest.

Mr. Montgomery married Anna, daughter of Henry and Christianna (Heater) Kinter, of Indiana county, Pennsylvania, and granddaughter of John Kinter, a soldier of the Revolution and captain in the war of 1812. Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery were the parents of the following children: William Henry, physician, married Lola Owens, children, Mathison James and Emma Louise; Bertie, died in childhood; Edward J., physician; Charles Thomas, married Mary Ludwick, of Wilksburg, children, Jane, Charles Thomas and Richard; Anna; Mary, died in infancy; Martha Louise; and Lillie Walter.

Mr. Montgomery died August 13, 1900, leaving the memory of a useful and self-sacrificing life. He was an eloquent and gifted preacher, beloved by his congregation and sincerely respected by his fellow citizens.

JAMES C. GROGAN, prominent in the commercial circles of Pittsburg, was born June 8, 1852, in that city, which has been and still is his home and the scene of his business activities.

His father, Thomas Grogan, was born near Dublin, Ireland, and after receiving his education learned the blacksmiths' trade. He came to the United States, settling first in the east and subsequently removing to Pittsburg, where he lived an industrious and honorable life. He purchased a beautiful farm in Ohio, with the intention of making it his home, but never moved from Pittsburg. He was a Democrat in politics, and an active member of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church. He married, in his native land, Mary Collins, and they became the parents of eight children. Mr. Grogan at the time of his death was about fifty-eight years of age.

James C. Grogan, son of Thomas and Mary (Collins) Grogan, received his education in parochial schools and in the high school, which was then conducted by the Roman Catholic church. He began his business career by entering the service of Henry Richardson & Co., jewelers, with whom he acquired a thorough knowledge of the business in all its branches, mechanical and managerial. In the course of time Mr. Richardson died, and the firm became L. McIntosh & Co., under whom Mr. Grogan still held the position for which his assiduity and ability had well fitted him.

In 1878, upon the death of Mr. McIntosh, Mr. Grogan formed a partnership with A. Merz, which continued until 1886, when Mr. Grogan purchased his partner's interest and continued the business alone until 1892. In that year Mr. Grogan, associating with himself a number who had been among his employes, organized a company which was incorporated under the laws of the state of Pennsylvania, under the corporate title of J. C. Grogan & Co., with Mr. Grogan as president and manager. Since this organization was effected the company has conducted the most extensive high class jewelry establishment in the state, and enjoys a peculiarly local prestige as probably the oldest house in its line in the city, tracing its history for a period of upwards of eighty years, and its success in recent days is acknowledgedly due in largest degree to the executive ability, as well as the practical qualifications, of Mr. Grogan, whose name is widely known and who is recognized as having contributed to a degree not to be estimated to the building up of the jewelry business in the country at large. The products of his house are known throughout the entire country, and are only of the highest types of the manufacturers' art.

Mr. Grogan is the owner of a large tract of land in the Nineteenth ward, and upon which he built in 1880 his present residence. He is a member of St. Paul's Roman Catholic church and a liberal contributor to its support, as well as to many other worthy causes.

He married Marie Juana, daughter of John and Rose (Gallen) Herryman. Mrs. Grogan is a native of Cuba and of Spanish extraction.

WILLIAM J. BAUGHMAN, deceased, was a well-known and enterprising business man of Pittsburg, and at his death was an extensive dealer in builders' supplies. He was a native of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, born in 1831. His father, Peter Baughman, was a farmer and distiller in that county, and married Elizabeth Lenhart. They were both of Pennsylvania German stock, and came from one of the eastern counties of Pennsylvania. Their children were: 1. Katherine. 2. William J. (subject). 3. Nathaniel. 4. Isabella. 5. Sarah. 6. Annie. 7. Margaret. 8. Hiram. 9. Mary.

William J. Baughman, after receiving what education he could in the schools of his county, was employed first as a driver on one of the Conestoga wagons and subsequently took a position at Pittsburg with one of the firms engaged in the lime business. In 1857 he embarked in the same line of business on his own account, being assisted by his wife until his death, when she carried it on successfully until 1901, when she disposed of it. The date of Mr. Baughman's death was December 22, 1887.

He married Miss Ann, daughter of John and Mary (Matthews) Mills, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. John Mills was born in Buckinghamshire, England, and came to America in 1830, settling at Pittsburg. For many years he was engaged in the brick business, and after the great fire of 1845 furnished the brick for the rebuilding of the city, including the Monongahela House and many other large structures. In 1848 he removed to East Liberty, continuing the business at Dallas. While the Pennsylvania railroad was building its lines into Pittsburg he furnished the brick for the construction of the tunnels. In 1871 he retired from all active business, and at his death in 1892 was the owner of considerable real estate in East Liberty. He was a man possessed of

sterling qualities, "his word being as good as his bond." His wife, Mary, died in 1860; by her he had two daughters and one son. The issue was as follows: 1. Eliza, deceased, who married William Glew and had six children: William, Mary, Jennie, Martha, Thomas and Ida. 2. Ann. 3. John, died July 8, 1907, who married Nellie Mason, and they were the parents of Cora, married to Joseph Letzkiss; Thomas and Charles.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Baughman were the parents of the following children: 1. Charles E., married Jennie Gash, whose daughter is Jeannette, and they live in Chicago. 2. Mary E., deceased, married C. E. Smith, and had issue: Charles, Anna M., Clara M., William, Cora and Virginia. 3. Gertrude I., unmarried. 4. Clara E., deceased. 5. William O., married Nellie Cunningham. 6. Cora M., married Floyd L. House, and the issue by their union is Guy B., Harry A., Melvin, Curtis, Jeannette and Charles. 7. John M., single. 8. Augustus A., married Mrs. Fagan, by whom was born one child, Ann Mills. 9. Stuart M., single. 10. Roland H., single. 11. George.

THE BIGHAM FAMILY. A notable character in the public life of Pittsburg, who with voice and pen was always active in the promotion and encouragement of any and every movement tending to develop the higher life or advance the material interests of the community, was the Hon. Thomas James Bigham, born near historic Hannastown, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, at the residence of his grandfather, James Christy, February 12, 1810. His parents, Thomas Bigham, born April 18, 1784, died October 31, 1809, and Sarah Christy, born October 27, 1785, died August 6, 1811, who were married April 4, 1809, were farming people of Scotch-Irish ancestry and Revolutionary stock on both sides.

The name of Bigham is a corruption or changed form of Bingham, and as far as known the Bingham and Bighams in this country are derived from the same north of Ireland family and supposed to be descendants of Sir John de Bingham, who came over with William the Conqueror, was knighted for his valiant services and allotted estates near Sheffield, Yorkshire, England. One of these Bingham (Thomas), according to tradition, about 1480 emigrated from Sheffield to the north of Ireland, and there founded that branch of the family which seems so fully represented in this country. Be that as it may, the subject of this sketch, upon comparison of family histories, considered himself akin to the Bingham of Philadelphia and Ohio, the Bighams of Adams and Mercer counties, Pennsylvania, and many other Bighams and Bingham throughout the country.

His father having died before his birth and his mother so soon thereafter, Thomas J. Bigham was brought up by his maternal grandparents and went through the experiences common to farmers' boys at that period, without any educational advantages save the short-term country district school in the winter, and the long, all-day Sunday preaching which the Covenanters of that day so thoroughly appreciated. Naturally bright, ambitious, and possessed of an unusually retentive memory, he read everything that came within his reach, and what he read or heard rarely passed from his memory, so that he soon became locally noted for his fund of information and his ability in recital. His one great desire was a college education, and feeling himself qualified he endeavored, before reaching his majority, to induce his grandfather to use for

this purpose a small sum of money left by his father, but without result, as the grandfather, a good, sensible man, considered the money much better expended in setting him up at farming, and absolutely refused to squander it upon education. Upon coming of age, however, he took his little patrimony, which, added to what he was able to earn by working during vacations, tutoring, etc., proved sufficient to carry him through a full course at Jefferson College, Canonsburg, where he graduated with honors in the class of 1834. During his course at college he distinguished himself by a readiness of speech, quickness of wit, power of repartee, earnestness of purpose, and fund of general information which led to his frequently being called upon to uphold the honors of his college in debate, and in the course of events being dubbed "Thomas Jefferson Bigham," a sobriquet which stuck to him during life, and is supposed by a majority of his associates to have been his proper name. After graduation he taught school at Harrisburg for a year, during the winter delivering a course of lectures upon scientific subjects. The following year he came to Pittsburg, where he continued to teach and lecture, and at the same time took up the study of law, was admitted to the Allegheny county bar, September 4, 1837, and became associated in practice with Judges Veach and Baird, old time lawyers of distinction, later with W. O. Leslie, as Bigham and Leslie, and about 1870 with his oldest son, Joel L. Bigham, as T. J. Bigham and Son. In the disastrous fire of April 10, 1845, both office and lodgings were destroyed, and he lost his entire office furnishings, library of law, scientific and general works, notes, papers and memoranda.

December 30, 1846, he married Maria Louisa Lewis, daughter of Dr. Joel Lewis, a member of one of the oldest and most prominent families of the state, and in 1849 built a substantial residence upon a wooded knoll on his wife's property on Mt. Washington, south of the city, where the family have resided ever since. Mrs. Bigham was a granddaughter of Major Abraham Kirkpatrick, a Virginia officer in the Revolutionary army, who was paymaster at Fort Pitt, located here permanently at the close of the war, and with Gen. John Neville, his brother-in-law, was a conspicuous figure in upholding federal authority during the so-called "Whiskey Insurrection" of 1794. Major Kirkpatrick purchased in March, 1794, from John Penn, Jr., and John Penn, heirs of William Penn, farms 10 and 11 in the Manor of Pittsburg, south of the Monongahela river, containing seven hundred and fourteen acres and comprising the territory known locally as Mt. Washington and Duquesne Heights. After his death this property was divided among his three children, Eliza M., wife of Christopher Cowan, taking the easterly portion, Amelia L., wife of Judge Charles Shaler, the westerly portion, and Mary Ann, wife of Dr. Joel Lewis, the middle part, which subsequently was divided between her children, Abraham Kirkpatrick Lewis, who died November 10, 1860, and Maria L. Lewis, later Mrs. Bigham.

Mrs. Bigham was distinguished for her charm of manner, warm impulses, strong religious convictions and life-long efforts to uplift and improve the moral, intellectual and spiritual tone of all within the sphere of her influence. Her work among the young, in the various ladies' societies, the Sanitary Commission during the war, Grace church and Sunday-school, and in the establishment and management of the Mt. Washington Free Library and Reading Room Association, which resulted finally in its place being taken by a Branch

Carnegie Library, will not soon be forgotten by the community in which and for which she lived and labored.

Mr. Bigham was prominent in the political affairs of the state, even more than he was as a lawyer, and soon became one of the most widely known citizens of Pittsburg. He had too much taste and aptitude for public affairs to be content in the narrower walks of professional life. His strong voice and clear annunciation made him easily heard, and his well-stored mind, genius for statistics, power of repartee, ready wit, unfailling good humor and sunshiny disposition added much to his popularity as an off-hand speaker, and brought him into constant demand at all public gatherings, where his presence, his voice, and his utterances combined to render him prominent among the men of his day and made him a leader in political affairs. His wonderfully retentive memory enabled him to carry and recall the history of political, financial and industrial affairs so readily that he earned the sobriquets "Old Statistics" and the "Sage of Mount Washington." Frequently he was compared to famous "Bill" Allen of Ohio, on account of his vocal powers. For so many years was he called upon to read the returns election nights to the crowds at Republican headquarters that he came to be regarded as one of the features of an election, and it was difficult for any one else to hold the stage. His announcements of returns were always accompanied by a running fire of comments and comparisons from memory with former figures which gave a very fair idea of the trend of results. So earnest and emotional did he become that his very appearance, as he came forward with each report, would indicate its nature before it was read, and the crowd would take the cue accordingly. In politics he was a Whig, Abolitionist, original Fremonter, and steadfast Republican. He became widely known as an Abolitionist at a time when that cause was not popular, and not only aided with his tongue and pen, but for years maintained at his home on Mt. Washington a place of refuge for the footsore fugitive slaves escaping from their masters, called in the vernacular of those days a "Station of the Underground Railway." The nurse for his two oldest children, born in 1847 and 1851, was a black girl, Lucinda by name, who never went outside the house by daylight and always fled to the attic whenever a stranger was reported in sight.

In 1844 Mr. Bigham was elected to the House of Representatives and served from 1845 to 1848, 1851 to 1854, 1862 to 1864, and in the senate from 1865 to 1869, serving upon the ways and means, railroads and canals, judiciary, and other important committees. He was always recognized as a sound, capable and judicious legislator, and was the author of some of our most important laws. Among them may be named the married woman's act of 1848, the general railroad law of 1867, and the acts extending the municipal powers of the city of Pittsburg, known as the consolidation acts of 1867 and 1869. His attention was early directed to the financial and revenue system of the commonwealth, and he drafted and promoted the passage of many of the laws imposing taxation upon corporations to raise the needed revenue for the maintenance of the state government and the removal of the tax for state purposes upon land. He was a member of many commissions appointed under state authority at different times to investigate and report upon matters affecting the public interest and welfare. The appointment of commissioner of statistics of the state of Pennsylvania, which office he filled from 1873 to 1875, was

tendered him by Governor Hartranft, not as a political reward, but as a recognition of his great ability and attainments especially directed toward the industrial, manufacturing, agricultural, mining and mercantile interests of this great state, and the reports made by him have always been considered of special value. Few citizens of the state have shown more devotion to its interests than has he. In 1851 he was elected to the board of managers of the Pennsylvania Reform School, to which for many years he had been a contributor, and continued to act in that capacity until disabled by the infirmities of age. He was the founder and chief supporter of Grace Episcopal church, Mt. Washington, which grew out of a mission Sunday-school started by him and his wife in 1849, and was carried on almost wholly at their expense for many years, until it became a flourishing congregation. He was the proprietor for years of the *Commercial Journal*, and one of the founders of the *Pittsburg Commercial*, both now merged with the *Pittsburg Gazette*, and was identified with all the public enterprises of his day. From 1878 to 1882 he was a member of the councils of the city of Pittsburg, where his industry and energy in looking after every measure introduced, that it might be strictly for the public good, made him a notable figure, and rendered many meetings of that body lively and interesting. Mr. Bigham devoted much time to scientific and historical studies throughout his entire life. His favorite historical researches were connected with the annals of the state of Pennsylvania, and especially of the western settlements. Many valuable contributions from his pen have been published and are familiar to those who have given attention to the subjects treated. His work is characterized by large natural ability, patient industry in research in the field to which his tastes attracted him, and sound and discriminating judgment in all matters, particularly those of public concern. Socially he was frank and entertaining, and very instructive in conversation, but decided in his views, into the expression of which he carried the enthusiasm which attends thorough conviction and an earnest nature. Brusque in manner, with little regard for outward appearances, but of a generous nature and kindly disposition, with his wit and bright conversation, he was very companionable and always formed the center of an interested group.

His death occurred November 9, 1884, and he was laid to rest in the Allegheny Cemetery, of which he was in 1844 one of the charter members, and the first secretary of the corporation. He was survived by his wife, Maria L. Bigham, who died October 14, 1888, and the following children: Joel L. Bigham, born November 6, 1847; married Sarah Davis, November 14, 1872, and died January 20, 1892; was a lawyer of recognized ability. He is represented by his two sons, Thomas J., in the Episcopal ministry, born March 23, 1875, and Joel Lewis, of the U. S. Navy, born February 28, 1877. Kirk Q. Bigham, born March 17, 1851, unmarried, is a member of the Allegheny County Bar and for many years represented the Thirty-second ward in city councils. Mary A., born March 29, 1854; was married April 7, 1885, to Melville L. Stout, and Eliza A., born January 31, 1857, died June 23, 1902, unmarried, who was noted for her warm-heartedness and love for children.

Kirk Q. Bigham and Mr. and Mrs. Stout, with their children, are still living in the picturesque old homestead among the forest trees, surrounded by the lands inherited through three descents from their great-grandfather, the greater part of which they still own.

EDMUND J. WILKINS, one of Wilkinsburg's retired business men, was born August 16, 1842, in Allegheny City, a son of Edmund Wilkins, who was born September 3, 1812, in Langport, England, youngest of a family of thirteen children.

Edmund Wilkins was a marble-cutter by trade, and in 1833-34 came to the United States, settling in Pittsburg. With him came John Chislett, who afterward became a famous architect and first superintendent of the Allegheny cemetery. They formed a partnership and went into the marble business, which they made extensive and profitable for many years, the partnership being dissolved on Mr. Chislett's assuming charge of the cemetery. Mr. Wilkins then took as a partner Matthew Lawton, who was at that time one of the most talented musicians of Pittsburg. The association lasted but a short time, and Mr. Wilkins thereafter carried on the business by himself. The old city directory of 1847 gives his marble-yard address as Wood street, between Virgin alley and Sixth street. So successful was he that in 1852 being then but forty years old, he was able to retire from all active business, after which he made frequent trips to his birthplace in England.

In spite of his English origin, or rather because of it, he was pre-eminently an American in all things. In his earlier days he was a Whig in politics, and in after years a staunch Republican, as well as an ardent advocate of abolition. In religious belief he was a Baptist, and at one time a member of the old Sandusky street church in Allegheny, in which he was an active worker, serving as superintendent of the Sunday-school.

Mr. Wilkins was twice married. By his first wife, Mary Ann Canterbury, he had the following children: Miriam, born May 25, 1836, widow of John Hays, children, James G., Jennie, wife of Joseph Herron, of Montana, Edward, Miriam, wife of William Scott, Joseph, Clara, wife of Frank Hartly, John R. and George; Josephine, born May 4, 1838, died May 13, 1871, wife of William C. Brown; Mary, died in infancy; Edmund J., of whom later; and John Clarkson, died young. By his second wife, Mary Ann Wainwright, he became the father of three sons and one daughter: Joseph Wainwright, married Frances Kendall, children, Joseph, Mary, Henry and Francis; Harriet E., died young; Reuben and James, both of whom died early in life.

Edmund J. Wilkins, fourth child and eldest son of Edmund and Mary Ann (Canterbury) Wilkins, was reared partly in Allegheny City and partly in Lawrenceville, now within the limits of Pittsburg. He attended the public schools and later the Penn Institute. His first work was in the grocery business with William Smith, after which he was employed for a time by William France in the same line of business. When only sixteen years old he went to Iowa, and for several terms acted as the instructor of a school. Soon after the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted, October 8, 1861, in the Hampton Independent Battery F, and served for three years, receiving an honorable discharge October 24, 1864, with the rank of corporal. He was with his battery in all the battles and engagements in which it participated, among which were the following: Winchester, Bull Run, Chancellorsville, South Mountain and Gettysburg.

After completing his term of enlistment he returned to Pittsburg, and for the next eleven years engaged in the coal business. During this time he was deputy sheriff under John H. Herss, and clerk in the county comptroller's office under Henry Warner, later serving under George Alexander and for a

short time with Josiah Speer. In 1875 he moved to the Twenty-second ward and went into the grain business, which he carried on successfully until 1885, when he retired. In 1892 he moved to Wilksburg, where he has since continued to reside.

He is a member of Major Long Post, G. A. R., and the Veteran Legion, No. 1, also affiliating with Davidge Lodge, No. 374, F. and A. M., of Allegheny.

Mr. Wilkins married Elizabeth Ross, daughter of Henry J. and Letitia (Waddell) Grenet, and they have been the parents of the following children: Mary, wife of Peter Young, children, Edmund W., Mary W., Elizabeth W. and Josephine W.; Frank Samuel, died young; Elizabeth A., wife of William I. Erans, children, Erskine W., Alice L., Elizabeth and Cornelia; Edmund, died young; John H., married Catharine Clarey; Letitia Josephine, and Alice Irene.

WILSON J. RUGH, M. D., well and favorably known as a surgeon and general medical practitioner in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who resides at No. 111 Park avenue in that city, is a representative of one of the old families of the state of Pennsylvania.

John M. Rugh, father of Dr. Wilson J. Rugh, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, in 1812. He was prominently identified with the agricultural interests of that county during his entire life, and died in 1890. He married Mary B. Wilson, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and they had children: Wilson J., see forward, Michael J., Benjamin F. and Martha Jane. Mrs. Rugh died 1901.

Wilson J. Rugh, eldest child of John M. and Mary B. (Wilson) Rugh, was born in Bell township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1848. He received his education in the public schools and the Millersville State Normal School, and then taught school for three terms. He entered the Capital University for three years in 1869, then took up the study of medicine in Columbus Medical College, from which he was graduated in 1877. He immediately established himself in the practice of his profession in Westmoreland county, remaining there for eight years, and removed to Pittsburg in 1885. Here he soon gained the confidence of a large class of patients, and he is highly esteemed in the medical fraternity as well. He has served as surgeon of the Pittsburgh Railway Company for a number of years. He is a member of the county, state and national medical associations, and is supreme treasurer of the Knights of Malta of the continent.

He married (first) Nancy E. Hine, daughter of Simon Hine, and had children: Frank E., Bertha May and Nancy E. Mrs. Rugh died in May, 1884, and he married (second) Elizabeth Kuhns, daughter of John H. Kuhns.

WILLIAM HAAS, for many years identified with the grocery business in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and now living retired from active business responsibilities, is a member of an honored family of Germany, and a representative of the second generation in America.

Lewis Haas was born in Germany August 10, 1809, and emigrating to the United States in 1831, settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he found

employment with Perry, the leading boot and shoe maker on Wood street. Later he established himself in the tin and hardware business on Penn avenue, which he operated successfully until 1868, when he retired from active business. He was a member of the Odd Fellows, William Tell and Redmen fraternal orders until his death, which occurred in 1895. His political support was given to the Democratic party, and he was a member of the old German Lutheran church, Smithfield street. He married Doretta Kehlbach, also a native of Germany, who died November 25, 1876, and they had children: 1. Doretta, married George Havisser, later deceased, and had children: George, Henry, Caroline, wife of William Steinbach; and Tilly, deceased. 2. Caroline, married Henry Herr, of Alliance, Ohio, formerly connected with the Morgan Engineering Company. 3. Lewis, born February 15, 1842, died in 1875, married Mary Till, and had children: George, and two who died in childhood. Lewis enlisted for three months' service under Colonel Rowley in the Thirteenth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and reenlisted in the One Hundred and Second Regiment, and served until the close of the war. 4. William, see forward. 5. Henry, born in 1848, died aged twenty-two years, unmarried.

William Haas, second son and fourth child of Lewis and Doretta (Kehlbach) Haas, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1845. His early education was acquired in the old Franklin school in the Sixth ward, and he was a young lad when he entered upon his business career, his first employment being with the J. K. Moorehead Novelty Company. On August 31, 1869, he enlisted in Company E, Sixth Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, which was recruited in Pittsburg, Colonel Barnes commanding, and at the end of one year's service he received an honorable discharge, June 13, 1865. He returned to Pittsburg, where he took a course at Duff's Business College, in order to better equip himself for his business career. For two years he held the position of clerk with Stamm & Illig, and after one year spent in traveling through the western states he entered the employ of Smith, Johnson & Colvin, wholesale grocers, as shipping clerk. Soon afterward he engaged in the grocery business for himself, taking a store in Forbes street. He conducted a profitable retail business for a number of years, retiring in 1888 and removing with his family to Wilksburg, where he resided for a period of two years. After two years of this inactivity his natural energy asserted itself and he returned to Forbes street, where he resumed the grocery business. At the expiration of four years he again retired, and since that time has devoted much time and attention to real estate matters, in which he has made many successful deals. He is a staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party, and represented the Sixth ward of Pittsburg in the common council in 1880-1, when he made himself conspicuous by his strenuous opposition to the "Marginal road" measure. He is a member of the Lutheran church, but since coming to Edgewood attends with his family the Presbyterian church of that place. The family reside at 130 Beech street, Edgewood.

Mr. Haas married, December 2, 1869, Mary D. Poellot, a daughter of Peter and Barbara (Herschman) Poellot, both natives of Germany, and they have had children: Charles Z., a grocer in Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, married Eugenie Boegel; Bertha E. and Nellie A., at home. He married, second, Anna B. Poellot, a sister of his first wife, and their children are: Walter E. and Ralph A.

WILLIAM DAVID LOW. As an example of steadfast and faithful devotion to the interests of those for whom he labors it would be difficult to find a name more suitable than that which heads this sketch. William David Low is a descendant of one of those sturdy old family of settlers in New England whose habits of thrift and industry and conscientious performance of duty have been handed down to their posterity, and which have helped so materially in building up the prosperity of this country.

James Humphrey Low, father of William David Low, was born in Londonderry, New Hampshire, in 1818. He was extensively engaged in the lumber trade and was a successful man of business. He married Eliza Haines and had children: George A., born in 1844; Martha A., born in 1844, died in 1857; William David, see forward; Robert P., born in 1850, died in 1887; Mary, born in 1854, died in 1855; and Isabella H., born in 1857.

William David Low, son of J. H. and Eliza (Haines) Low, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, April 20, 1847. He received a good education in the public schools of his native city, and at a suitable age entered upon a business career. His first position was as clerk in the shoe store of George Albree, but for the last twenty-eight years he has been in the employ, as clerk, of the United States Steel Company, where his efficient work and faithful performance of the duties which fall to his share meet with due appreciation. He has devoted much time and attention to military affairs, having been one of the organizers and the first lieutenant of Company F, Fourteenth Regiment, National Guard of Pennsylvania, for eleven years, and first lieutenant of Company E for three years. For many years he has been an honored member and active worker in St. James' Memorial church.

He married Mary Fisher, daughter of John Fisher, and they have children: William D., Jr., Helen D., Vincent F., who died in 1889; Marian H., and Florence, who married a Mr. McGahan, and died December 1, 1897. Mr. Low is a member of the following named lodges: Star of Liberty Castle, No. 102, A. O. K. of M. C.; Post Pitt Lodge, No. 170, K. of P.; C. D. Freeman Lodge, No. 1036, I. O. O. F.; Homewood Lodge, No. 378, Knights of Malta; Bruston Circle Lodge, No. 389, P. H. C.; Martha Washington Lodge, No. 1, D. of N.; Adelaide Nicholson Lodge, No. 186, D. of R.; Pittsburg Chapter, No. 268, R. A. M.; Homewood Lodge, No. 635, F. & A. M., and Pittsburg Chapter, No. 39, O. E. S.

ROWLAND ARMSTRONG BALPH, the well-known attorney-at-law of Pittsburg, was born in Allegheny City January 7, 1851, son of Benjamin King and Sarah (Armstrong) Balph. The grandfather on the paternal side was James Balph, a soldier in the war of 1812-14, and a farmer of Butler county, Pennsylvania, his farm lying about five miles from the town of Butler. Here he erected the home in which his children were all born and which subsequently descended to his youngest son, Joseph Balph. James Balph married Mary King and their children were: 1. Eli. 2. Margaret, wife of Joseph Graham. 3. John. 4. James. 5. William. 6. Alexander. 7. Susan. 8. Benjamin K. 9. Joseph.

Benjamin King Balph was born on the old homestead in Butler county, Pennsylvania, and was reared on the farm. He obtained his education in the common schools of his township. Later he came to Allegheny City and be-

came a contractor and builder. He married Sarah Armstrong, by whom children were born: 1. Emma, wife of Robert Ray, first, and secondly of Thomas W. McCune. 2. Harriet Newell, who married Austin M. Woodworth. 3. Rowland A. 4. James, who married Mary Rose. 5. John, who married Martha Cassidy, both deceased. 6. Benjamin, deceased. 7. Elizabeth, deceased. 8. Lawrence, deceased. The last two died young.

Rowland A. Balph was reared in Allegheny City, where he received his primary education at the public schools. Later he attended Westminster College, graduating in 1872, after which he began the study of law with the firm of Gill, Hall & Hay. He was admitted to the Allegheny county bar April 22, 1874, and immediately began the practice of his profession, which he has followed ever since. He practices in United States courts and Pennsylvania supreme court. In 1878 he formed a partnership with his brother, James Balph, for general practice of law, the firm being now known as R. A. & James Balph, with offices in the Park Building. In 1883 he removed to Wilksburg, where he built his present home at 901 Hill avenue. He was the prime mover and one of the organizers of the borough of Wilksburg. At first he met with much opposition from the older inhabitants, but after a long contest and tedious delays the borough organization was effected, after a decree had been handed down by the supreme court. He was one of the charter members of the Masonic lodge at Wilksburg, and the first master of Orient lodge, R. A. M. Politically Mr. Balph is a Republican and in religion is a member of the First Presbyterian church, of which he is an elder. He is chairman of the musical committee of the church and a teacher in the adult Bible class of the Sunday-school. He was one of the organizers and the first president of Penn-wood Club.

Mr. Balph has been twice married, first to Hester Rankin, daughter of Rev. James Rankin, deceased, by which union was born Jean A., Rowland Pollock and Hester Isabel. He married (secondly) Isabel W. Ewing, daughter of William G. Ewing, of Dayton, Ohio.

CHARLES SUMNER EVANS, D. D. S., who has been a leader in the dental profession of Greater Pittsburg for the past twelve years, was born in Warren county, Pennsylvania, July 23, 1868, son of Stephen Hadley and Eveline (Magill) Evans. This family is of Welsh descent, the founder coming to America as early as 1770, settling in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. The subject's father, Stephen H. Evans, furnishes the following sketch of the family, compiled from the best information he can obtain, coupling with it a sketch of his own career as found in a work on leading citizens of his judicial district:

"Stephen Hadley Evans, among the capitalists of Warren county, Pennsylvania, who have obtained their wealth not by inheritance, but by their own exertions alone, stands out prominently among the prosperous men of western Pennsylvania. He is a prosperous and thoroughly progressive farmer and a noted breeder of fine Jersey cattle, and a retired merchant. He was born December 8, 1838, in Cochranon, Crawford county, Pennsylvania, a son of Peter Evans and a grandson of Walter Evans.

"Walter Evans was of Welsh descent and the earliest facts known of him are that he was both a farmer and a cooper of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania.

His children were: Jacob, William, Peter (the father of Stephen H. Evans), John, Samuel, George, Joseph, Henry, Elizabeth, Polly, Julia, Catherine and Susan.

"Peter Evans was born October 5, 1804, in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where when grown to manhood he learned the trade of a boat builder and followed his trade in Chautauqua county, New York. In 1830, in a large canoe which he had built, Mr. Evans brought his family, which consisted of his wife and one child, down the Allegheny river to Franklin, and then by pushing and pulling the canoe up French creek, he succeeded in getting to Cochranton. There he bought fifty acres of wild land covered with white oak timber and built a rude log cabin for the accommodation of his family. He then began the arduous task of clearing and cultivating the land, which cost him but three dollars per acre. After living there many years, engaged in farming and lumbering, he sold his farm and retired to Tidioute in 1876, where his death occurred in 1882. He was united in marriage with Elsie Hadley, a daughter of Stephen Hadley, a well-to-do farmer of Chautauqua county, New York. Elsie's mother died young and she was reared by her mother's sister, Mrs. George W. Fenton, the mother of ex-Governor Reuben E. Fenton. Mrs. Evans was born in 1810 and survived her husband but one year, passing away in 1883. The following are their children: Henry H., Elizabeth, George W., Walter C., Stephen H. and Ellen.

"Stephen H. Evans attended the public schools of his native place, after which he was a student at the Meadville Academy. He then went to Tidioute in 1859, to study medicine with Dr. Charles Kemble. In the meantime he taught school in the Joseph Magee district; also teaching classes in penmanship. After closing his schools in April, 1860, being desirous of taking a little trip and being offered a place on a raft down the Allegheny river to Pittsburg, he readily accepted the opportunity and was soon started on his journey. When at Pittsburg the raft was attached to three others to be run down the Ohio river to Cincinnati, Ohio, and he continued his journey to Maysville, Kentucky, where he visited his brother, Walter, who was a teacher there. His return trip was accomplished by a steamer to Cincinnati, by railroad to Erie, and thence by stage to Meadville and Tidioute.

"In August, 1862, Mr. Evans enlisted in the Union army, and was elected second lieutenant of Company F, One Hundred and Forty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment, under Colonel H. L. Brown. The fourth day after being mustered into the regiment at Erie, Pennsylvania, the regiment was taken in box-cars to Chambersburg, Pennsylvania, thence to Antietam, where with the strength of one thousand men they supported a battery. The next day after the Antietam battle his regiment buried the bodies of five hundred Confederates. After this they marched to Harper's Ferry, and there camped on Bolivar Heights for a month and afterward marched up the Shenandoah valley, where they were engaged in many battles and skirmishes. Among the most important battles in which Mr. Evans participated was the engagement of Fredericksburg, Virginia, where the Union army met with heavy losses, his company and regiment losing over 50 per cent. After that with his company he did light services and picket duty until he was smitten with fever and was compelled to resign, receiving his discharge March 31, 1863.

"Shortly after his return home President Lincoln appointed him postmaster at Tidioute, in which capacity he served for ten years. During this time

Tidioute received an oil boom and the office was changed from a fifth to a first class office, while a similar change took place in the salary. At first he was only paid three hundred and thirty dollars per year, but at the close of his administration three thousand two hundred dollars were paid and two additional clerks required to dispose of the business.

"In 1865 Mr. Evans became associated with W. R. Dawson in the mercantile business, continuing for eleven years. He then sold his entire interest to Mr. Dawson, Mr. Evans wishing an outdoor life for himself and also for his sons. He then purchased one hundred and fifty acres of woodland adjoining the town of Tidioute. After clearing about seventy-five acres, he built two tenement houses and two large, modern barns. Being a lover of fine stock, Mr. Evans next turned his attention to stock raising and purchased for that purpose some fine registered Jersey cattle. Since then he has devoted nearly all of his time and attention to that line of business, and the reputation of his stock has spread throughout the United States. He has shipped over one hundred head of Jerseys to different parts of this country, having sent two car loads direct to Texas, and a similar shipment to West Virginia, realizing in return from fifty dollars to five hundred dollars a head.

"Mr. Evans was twice married. His first wife was Emeline Magill, daughter of Rev. Arthur Magill. She died in 1864 at about the age of twenty-three years, leaving one son, Harry, now a resident of Liberal, Kansas, where he owns five thousand acres of land, and like his father raises fine cattle. For his second wife Mr. Evans married in 1865, Evaline Magill, daughter of Charles Magill, of Warren county, Pennsylvania. Five children blessed this union, but a son and daughter died in infancy and three sons have grown to manhood, and are named as follows: Charles Sumner, Arthur Bliss and Walter Clyde. Arthur B. graduated from the Meadville Commercial College and the Rochester Business University. Walter Clyde was formerly a student at Grove City College and afterwards a private in Company F, Fifteenth Pennsylvania Infantry, during the war with Spain.

"The father, Stephen H. Evans, among other enterprises has been an oil operator. Politically he is a staunch Republican and has served as city councilman. He has been a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal church since he was thirteen years of age. He has served as steward, trustee, etc., in that church. He is a member and also past grand of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and a past master of Temple Lodge, No. 412, Free and Accepted Masons. He has served four years as adjutant of Colonel George A. Cobham Post, No. 311, Grand Army of the Republic."

Dr. Charles Sumner Evans, son of Stephen H. and Evaline (Magill) Evans, began his education in the public schools of Tidioute, Warren county, Pennsylvania, and graduated from the high school with the class of 1885. He was chosen valedictorian of his class. For a time he worked on his father's farm, and when twenty-one years of age went to Springfield, Ohio, where he was engaged in the florist's business for about three years. He then closed out and in the autumn of 1892 went to Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and entered the University of Pennsylvania, where he pursued a full course in dentistry and graduated from that institution in 1895, having been elected president of his class. Leaving college he came direct to Pittsburg and at once opened an office at the corner of Center and Highland avenues, where he has built for himself a splendid professional reputation and enjoys a lucrative practice in

dental surgery. He belongs to the Pennsylvania State Dental Society; is a member of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania; Hailman Lodge, No. 321, Free and Accepted Masons, and the Royal Arcanum. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party. He is interested in various business enterprises.

He was married, December 22, 1898, by Rev. A. D. Carlisle, pastor of the Tabernacle Presbyterian church, to Miss Bessie I. Morton, of Pittsburg, born October 12, 1880. She is the daughter of William and Mary I. Morton. Dr. Evans and wife are the parents of two children: 1. Charles Morton, born October 12, 1900. 2. Dorothy, born June 21, 1903, died December 7, 1905. The family reside at the corner of Baum street and Euclid avenue, East End, Pittsburg.

ALEXANDER C. LOHR, a retired contractor and builder and for many years a resident of the borough of Wilksburg, was born April 8, 1835, in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, a son of Samuel and Hannah (Studebaker) Lohr. His paternal grandfather, Jacob Lohr, was a native of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and in the latter part of the eighteenth century moved to Somerset county, where he settled and became a prosperous and wealthy farmer, owning well improved farms in that county. In politics he was a Whig. He married Christina Coker and became the father of the following children: Samuel, Michael, who married a Miss Wilt; Emanuel, who married a Miss Berkeley; Valentine, who married a Miss Wolfert; Joseph, George Daniel, who married a Miss Grissy; Jacob, who married a Miss Fry.

Samuel Lohr, eldest son of Jacob Lohr, was born on the old homestead in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, Christmas day, 1803, and was reared on his father's farm, consisting of one hundred acres, and which later he inherited. He followed farm life like his forefathers. He was an enthusiastic Whig in politics. He married Hannah Studebaker, by whom the following children were born: (1) Jacob, who married Rosanna Berkey; (2) Eliza, died young; (3) Mary, wife of Joseph Plough; (4) Alexander C., of whom later mention will be made; (5) Elizabeth, who married Noah Myers; (6) Lovinia, wife of Benjamin F. Valentine; (7) Nancy, who married Matthew M. Roberts; (8) Samuel, Jr., who married Elizabeth Drury.

Alexander C. Lohr was reared on his father's farm in Somerset county, Pennsylvania, acquiring his education at the local schools. Until he reached his majority he assisted his father on the farm. In 1858 he went to Ligonier, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where he learned the carpenter's trade. He remained there four years and then moved to Allegheny county, where he worked two years at Braddock as foreman for Jacob H. Jones. On February 14, 1864, he enlisted as a member of the Seventy-seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers and was mustered out of the United States service at Victoria, Texas, December 6, 1865, being finally and honorably discharged at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, January 15, 1866. He then returned to Wilksburg, where he commenced operations as a builder and contractor, with office at No. 119 Collins avenue, East Liberty. He continued in that business up to 1893, when he retired from active work. He was tax collector from 1877 to 1881 and constable for Wilks township before it was organized into a borough. He is a staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party, and in his



Alexander C. Lohr

earlier years was very active in all party work. He attends the Methodist Episcopal church, to which he has always been a liberal supporter. At one time Mr. Lohr was an extensive contractor and builder, operating in East End, Wilksburg and Pittsburg. In the last named place he erected many of the fine residences and business houses. He was then one of the leaders in building in the city. He belongs to the Grand Army of the Republic, being a member of McPherson Post No. 117. He is also a member of the Odd Fellows fraternity, J. B. Nicholson Lodge No. 585, East End, and has attained the highest degree in that order, that of High Chief Patriot; also a member of the order of Elks, Wilksburg Lodge, 577; of the Mystic Chain, East End, and was a member of Knights of Pythias five years and was treasurer of that body.

He was united in marriage February 9, 1871, to Caroline Lacock, daughter of John and Margaret (McCleary) Lacock. By this union two children were born—Lida and Eva, both of whom died young.

ROBERT MCKINLEY. Among the brick manufacturers of Pittsburg is Robert McKinley, who was born in Derry county, Ireland, February 2, 1830, and came to Brownstown, Pennsylvania, July 4, 1833, with his parents. The father was John McKinley, born in Ireland, and came to America as above indicated in July, 1833. He engaged in brick making. He married Isabella Anderson, by whom was born: Margaret J., Martha, Samuel, Robert, Alexander and Eliza. The father died in 1834, and the mother in 1860.

Robert McKinley, of this notice, was educated in the common schools and then moved to what was called Croghanville (now Twelfth ward) and engaged in the manufacture of brick. In 1861 he moved to Bloomfield and later to Brushton, where he and his sons are still in the brick business. He was elected a member of the city council. Mr. McKinley married Margaret, daughter of Conrad Claver, of Pittsburg, and to them were born the following children: 1. Samuel, was elected a select councilman in 1906. He has been secretary of the Odd Fellows Lodge No. 883 for fourteen years, and a member for twenty-five years; for twenty-two years a member of Bainbridge Council 128, Junior Order United American Mechanics, and member of Crescent School Board of the Forty-sixth ward, formerly Sterrett township, for twelve years. 2. William C., an ex-sheriff of the county. 3. Robert, assistant chief of the Pittsburg fire department. 4. Isabella A. 5. Charles, all living, and Fremont, who died in 1856; James, who died in 1868; and Margaret, who died in 1870.

LUKE BABE DAVISON. The late Luke Babe Davison, for many years one of the most prominent and influential citizens of Wilksburg, was born October 29, 1819, in the old McMullen homestead, in Wilks township, son of Thomas Davison, who was a native of the north of Ireland and of Scotch-Irish descent.

Thomas Davison received an excellent education in the old country, and in 1819 emigrated to the United States, landing in Philadelphia, whence he proceeded to Pittsburg. He engaged in teaching, also conducting a small general store, and became a highly respected citizen. He invested his money

intelligently and soon found himself the possessor of what was at that time esteemed a considerable fortune in land and personal property. For twenty-five years he filled the office of justice of the peace. In politics he was a Whig, and later became an ardent supporter of the Republican party. He was an elder in the old Beulah church and an intimate friend and co-worker of its pastor, the Reverend James Graham.

Thomas Davison was twice married, his first wife being Mary Babe, who was, like himself, a native of the north of Ireland, and the descendant of Scotch-Irish ancestors. They were married before coming to this country, and became the parents of five children, the only one who reached maturity being Luke Babe, of whom later. After the death of his wife Mr. Davison married Rebecca Turner, who bore him the following children: Mary A., died in infancy; Rebecca J., wife of Robert Reed, of Newcastle; Mary; Margaret R., wife of John Cochran; John S., married Elizabeth Torrance; Matilda C.; Catharine T., and Thomas K., married Alice Clark. Thomas Davison, the father of the family, died in 1874.

Luke Babe Davison, son of Thomas and Mary (Babe) Davison, was brought up in Wilkins township and at East Liberty, obtaining his education in the local schools and at the Western University of Pennsylvania. On completing his studies he engaged in mercantile business in Pittsburg, in partnership with his father, and when the latter retired carried on the business by himself until 1858. In that year he moved to Wilkinsburg and there opened a general store.

During President Lincoln's first administration he was appointed postmaster and filled that office until 1862, when he was elected justice of the peace, being re-elected in 1867 and 1872. In 1888, owing to impaired health, he retired from all active labor. In politics he was a strong Republican and an active worker for the interests of that party. While residing in East Liberty he was a member of the Presbyterian church, and on moving to Wilkinsburg joined the old Beulah church, later becoming a charter member of the First Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg, of which he was always a liberal supporter and in which for many years he served as trustee.

Mr. Davison married, in 1850, Nancy J., daughter of Samuel and Elizabeth (Allison) McCosh, and the following children were born to them: Thomas, deceased; John Milton, (married, first, Caroline A. Myler, second, Emma B. Young, by first marriage, one daughter, Kathryn Myler); Elizabeth M.; Clara Cary, and Samuel McCosh, deceased.

Mr. Davison died May 19, 1893, at his home in Wilkinsburg. It might truly be said of him that his conduct was always marked by perfect uprightness in all the relations of life and that his character was one of unblemished integrity. In all matters concerning the welfare of the community he was a prime and energetic mover. For instance—in the spring of 1874 when Wilkinsburg was voted out of the city, Mr. Davison, in order to keep the school open until the end of June—himself paid the whole teaching force. While a business man he influenced largely and beneficially, by his discernment and enterprise, the commercial interests of the places in which he resided. Upon many occasions he manifested a praiseworthy willingness to assist by friendly counsel and pecuniary aid those less fortunate than himself. As a public officer he was without reproach, seeking only the public good, regardless of profit or popularity. The loss of such a man to his family, his friends and the com-

munity at large, it is impossible to estimate, but his memory is an inspiration to those who come after him.

MATTHEW HENRY HENNING, of Wilkinsburg, division superintendent of the People's Natural Gas Company, was born February 18, 1853, on the homestead in Wilkins township, son of Samuel Henning and grandson of John Henning, a native of Ireland who came to this country about the beginning of the nineteenth century. He settled in Wilkins township and purchased a tract of land one hundred and fifty acres, which he brought into a state of cultivation. This farm is still in the family name.

John Henning was twice married, his first wife being Matilda Gill and his second Jane Deary. By the first wife he had two sons: Matthew and Samuel. Matthew was thrice married, and by his first wife had one son, John. By his second wife he had no children, and by his third, Martha Ross, he had the following: Eliza Ann, wife of Thomas Addenbrook; Clara J., Mary, Martha E., Ida, Sadie, Matthew, deceased, and Wilbert, married Belle Creighton.

Samuel Henning, son of John and Matilda (Gill) Henning, was born in 1810, and was reared on the farm, receiving his education in the schools of his day. For some time he assisted his father in the management of the farm, and on the latter's death inherited the estate. He continued to cultivate the soil until 1887, when he retired from all active labor and moved to Wilkinsburg, where he owned property. In politics he was a Republican and at one time held the office of tax collector of the township. For more than forty years he was a member and elder of the Reformed Presbyterian church, and was a charter member of the Wilkinsburg Reformed Presbyterian church.

Samuel Henning married Elizabeth Ann, daughter of John and Jane Dodds, and the following were their children: Matilda Jane, who died October 9, 1906; Annie E., married Dr. E. O. Anderson, children, Wilbur, William O., Frank E., Raymond H. and Helen A.; John Dodds, married Mary Sterritt, children, Samuel, Carl and Helen; Matthew Henry, of whom later; Mary Margaret, Josiah Francis, married Stella Lysinger, one daughter, Dorothy; Melissa Belle, wife of S. R. Wills; Olevia Martha, wife of Hugh H. Hervey, one daughter, Elizabeth; Emily S., wife of W. A. Minter, children, Elizabeth, Eleanor, Wendell H. and Stanley A., the two last named deceased. Samuel Henning, the father, died October 6, 1892, and the mother died March 28, 1896.

Matthew Henry Henning, son of Samuel and Elizabeth Ann (Dodds) Henning, was brought up on the farm, receiving his education in the public schools of the township and at the Newell Institute of Pittsburg, where he studied civil engineering. After completing his studies he was employed by John McHenry, city engineer of Allegheny City, and later returned to work on the home farm, afterward purchasing an adjoining farm, which he cultivated until 1885. In that year, when the People's Natural Gas Company was organized, he entered their service and has remained with them up to the present time, occupying various positions until he reached that of division superintendent, with headquarters at Wilkinsburg, which he still retains. He is a director in the Wilkinsburg Real Estate Trust Company.

In politics he is a Republican, taking an active part in local affairs, having served for several years as a member of the county executive committee, and

for the last fifteen years as a member of the school board, during which time he has served for six years as secretary of the board. He is a charter member of the Second United Presbyterian church and a member of the Session. He is an active worker in the interests of the church and for the last seventeen years has served as superintendent of the Sunday-school.

Mr. Henning married, in 1876, Minnie E., daughter of Henry H. and Caroline (Clemson) Harman, and the following children have been born to them: Harry H. H., Ralph Romaine, Mary Belle and Reubent Vincent.

PETER C. WAGNER, of Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, was born February 2, 1829, in Prussia, Germany. In 1849, while still a young man, he came to the United States, settling in Allegheny, where he began working at the trade he had mastered in his native country—shoemaking. He opened a shop and store for the sale of the product of his hand-made work and two years later, on account of room, was obliged to move, and then located in the brick building at the corner of Main and Thirteenth streets, where he did a prosperous business, employed a large number of workmen, and continued there until 1871, when the machine-made goods of New England and the east drove hand-made work almost from the markets of the country. He therefore opened a regular shoe store. In 1883 he was obliged to seek larger quarters, moving this time to a point on Main, below Ninth street, where he remained until 1890, when he retired. He died January 1, 1892.

He was a director of the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank from its inception, and was the treasurer and a director in the Sharpsburg and Etna Fire Insurance Company from 1873 to 1881. He helped with his own hands and spade to dig the trenches for fortifications at Morning Side Road when General Robert E. Lee, Confederate leader, was expected to enter the city of Pittsburg during the Civil war period. Politically Mr. Wagner was a Democrat and espoused the Catholic faith.

He was united in marriage, in 1852, at St. Mary's church, Allegheny, to Elizabeth Bourged, of Allegheny, a native of Germany, born January 10, 1831, and came to this country at the age of two years. She died April 1, 1886. The children by this marriage union were as follows: 1. Mary S., born in 1853, unmarried and at home. 2. John H., born March 1, 1856, married Mary Schramm. 3. Elizabeth, born March 14, 1858; she entered the Sacred Heart Convent, Buffalo, New York, and is known to the world as Sister M. Brigitta. 4. Peter C., the subject of this memoir. 5. Amelia, born October 5, 1862, is unmarried and at home. 6. Sylvester N., born February 25, 1865, married Catherine Glauber. 7. Leo J., born June 9, 1867, married Henrietta Jehle. 8. Martha R., born in 1872, unmarried and at home.

Concerning the present whereabouts of members of this family it can be stated that Peter C., second son of Peter Wagner, the founder of the family in this country, was born at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, August 17, 1860, and married Alice (Derby) O'Leary, November 8, 1888. Six children were the fruit of this union: 1. Alice M., born January 18, 1891. 2. Mercedes J., born December 18, 1892. 3. Mary E., born May 6, 1895. 4. Peter C., born September 21, 1900. 5. Josephine A., born March 18, 1902. 6. Margaret A., born May 7, 1905. The father was educated at the parochial and public schools of Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, and graduated from Duff's Business Col-

lege in 1878. He remained at home with his father until 1879, and then engaged with Mr. G. W. Tilghman in the clothing business. In 1881 he engaged with Spang, Chalfant & Company as assistant bookkeeper and shipping clerk. Later he returned to Mr. Tilghman's store, in which he had worked and remained two years, when he was appointed assistant postmaster under Mr. Casey at Sharpsburg. In 1887 he came to Homestead and opened a clothing store with Mr. Tilghman, the firm being Tilghman & Wagner. In 1888 he purchased the business and conducted it alone until 1895, when he took his brother, L. J. Wagner, as his partner, but in 1899 bought him out and has operated alone since that date. He is a member of the Knights of Columbus, Duquesne Council, Pittsburg, No. 264, the C. M. B. A., Branch No. 70, of Homestead, and he has held the office of secretary of this branch for sixteen years. He also holds a membership in the Knights of St. George, No. 18, of Homestead, and belongs to the Brotherhood of Elks, No. 650, Homestead. He was one of the incorporators of the Homestead Savings Bank and Trust Company, as well as one of the directors and the treasurer of the Ammy Land Company, and president of the Business Men's Association, both of Homestead. He belongs to St. Mary Magdalene's Catholic church and in politics is an independent voter.

ALFRED TOMKINS, a resident of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, engaged in the business of building heating furnaces and also concrete work, is known throughout the country for the reliability of his work, and is the first member of the Tomkins family to have taken up his residence in this country, his ancestry having been English.

John Tomkins, father of Alfred Tomkins, was a native of England, in which country and in Wales his entire life was spent. For the greater part of his life he was engaged in contracting for the sinking of shafts for mines, etc., in England and Wales, and it was under his supervision that some of the most important mine shafts were sunk. Among them were the "Risker Mines," this name being given to them because of the great danger attached to the sinking of the shafts and the working of the mines. Explosions in them were numerous by reason of the accumulations of gas, and the loss of life attending them was great. Mr. Tomkins married Catherine Jones, also a native of England.

Alfred Tomkins, son of John and Catherine (Jones) Tomkins, was born in Stockton, county Durham, England, February 27, 1868. He was a student at the public schools of that town until he had attained the age of twelve years and was then apprenticed to learn the trade of brick masonry. He followed this for a period of thirteen years, in the meantime attending night school in order to acquire a good education, for which he was very eager and which was an excellent equipment for his future business career. He emigrated to the United States in 1891, settling in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he took up his trade of brick masonry and followed this for about two years. Owing to a strike which was then in progress he abandoned this and accepted a position as engineer, and later became foreman of the Linden Steel Company, a position he filled very efficiently and which gave him considerable insight into the deficiencies of the heating furnaces in use at the time. At the end of two years he established himself in business in a small way, and invented an improved heating furnace, a specimen of which he built in No. 3 mill of the

Oliver Tin Mills. So satisfactory was this to the firm that they had all their mills equipped with the Tomkins Improved Heating Furnaces, and it was but a short time before other mills became aware of the decided advantages offered by this style of furnace and it was generally adopted, not only in the state of Pennsylvania, but in West Virginia and Canada, and its fame is constantly growing. The best testimonial to its excellence is the fact that Mr. Tomkins employs no solicitors to exploit his invention, but the orders come pouring in as the furnace becomes more generally known. In addition to building these furnaces Mr. Tomkins is engaged to a considerable extent in concrete work, and has erected more than one hundred dwelling houses. He is also the inventor of a machine for hoisting materials, which is intended for buildings to convey material to the different floors, such as brick, mortar, cement, beams, lumber, etc., and the engine can also be used to drive concrete mixers, circular saws, or other machinery before or after the elevator or conveyor are put in use; the engine having a large sized belt or pulley wheel for this work. He is also the inventor of a hot water car heating system for automobiles, using the cooling waters from the water jacket of engines to heat car. His business is a prosperous and growing one, and he has the respect of the entire business community. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. He married, April 19, 1886, Ellen Lings, daughter of Thomas Lings, of county Durham, England, and they have had a number of children, of whom six died in infancy. May died December 23, 1906, at the age of twelve years; and those now living are: Beatrice, Violet, Elsie, Nellie and Alfred.

WILLIAM CALVERLEY, foreman of the brass department of the Ruud Manufacturing Company, is a native of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, born January 24, 1863, a son of Walter and Eleanor (Christie) Calverley. The father was born in Leeds, England, the great manufacturing city of that country, and was a merchant. He married Eleanor Christie, by whom were born these children: Mary (Calverley) Harris; Emma (Calverley) Yant, wife of N. D. Yant, Senior, member of the N. D. Yant & Company, structural iron manufacturers, of Allegheny, Pennsylvania; Charles G. Taylor, who is a son by second marriage, and is at present assistant purchasing agent for the Westinghouse Manufacturing Works. The father died in 1863 and the mother in 1898. Walter Calverley enlisted in a Pennsylvania volunteer company during the Civil war and suffered the amputation of a leg, dying a few days after returning home from that cause. His widow afterward married Jackson Taylor, and their children were: Charles G., born in 1871, and Harry, born in 1869, and died in 1872.

William Calverley, subject, was educated at the Allegheny public schools and learned the machinist trade in Pittsburg at the locomotive works. For a term of nine years he was employed by the Westinghouse Air Brake Company's works and for ten years was with the Shook-Anderson Manufacturing Company. He is one of the promoters of the Steamboat Manufactory. In 1903 he had charge of the Ruud Manufacturing Company and is now foreman of the brass department there.

He has been identified with McKinley Lodge, No. 318, Free and Accepted Masons, for nineteen years. He has been elected a member of the Brushton

School Board, and in 1905 was elected president of the Board. Since 1903 he has been a member of the city committee, a member of the ward executive committee for five years, and is now chairman of the district association.

In 1889 Mr. Calverley married Ida Waechter, daughter of George Waechter. By this union two children were born—Walter Raymond, born July 31, 1890, and Emma Margaret, born August 18, 1905. Walter is at present attending the Pittsburg High School as a member of the third year.

HARRY P. HARBAUGH, one of the four hundred traveling salesmen employed by the great pickling and preserve works of the H. J. Heinz Company, of the North Side, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, November 5, 1869. After being thoroughly educated in the schools of Pittsburg he was with the Vienna Yeast Company for about three years and in 1890 went to work with the Heinz Pure Food Preserving Company, which is his present occupation. He is largely interested in the building improvements of Brushton and has just completed five nice residences.

He is a member of the Masonic order, Dallas Lodge, No. 508. He was united in marriage to Elizabeth, daughter of W. L. Stewart, of Homestead, Pennsylvania, who was born in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, and was a carpenter and contractor. He married Amanda Rankin, by whom were born Elizabeth (Mrs. Harbaugh), Mame, Jennie (Stewart) Hunter and Bart R. The father died in 1902 and the mother in 1907.

(For an account of Mr. Harbaugh's parentage the reader is referred to the sketch of their son, John A. Harbaugh, in this work.)

JOHN TOMER CYPHERS, who was the well known and faithful employe of the Pittsburgh Stock Yards for more than a third of a century, was born in Plumb township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 3, 1851, son of John and Emily (Tomer) Cyphers. The father was born February 9, 1821, in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and for thirty-three years was the superintendent of the horse barns at the Pittsburgh Stock Yards. He died in February, 1898. He married, first, Miss Emily Tomer, by whom were born: John T., subject; Sarah, deceased; Nancy, who married a Mr. Denholm; Adam H.; Philip E.; Maggie. The mother of these children died in 1867 and later he married Lizzie Borland, by whom he had the following children: George W. D., William B., Annie, deceased, and Charles. Lizzie (Borland) Cyphers died in 1888.

John T. Cyphers, son of John and Emily (Tomer) Cyphers, received a common school education, after which he went into the Pittsburgh Stock Yards as an employe under his father, who was there for so long a time. But the subject proved a valuable man for the place and remained a year longer than his father had served. After leaving the stock yards Mr. Cyphers was collector for E. F. Rusch and came to East Liberty to reside in 1862. He removed to Homewood November 1, 1902, and engaged in the hotel business.

He is a member of the Pittsburgh Brotherhood of Elks, Lodge No. 11; J. B. Nicholson Lodge, No. 585, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; and the Royal Arcanum Lodge, No. 276; also Pittsburg Encampment No. 2. Politically Mr. Cyphers is a Republican.

September 10, 1872, he was married to Emma N., daughter of William Woolslair and wife, of Pittsburg. Their children are: Cora May, born July 19, 1874; Mildred, born October 11, 1875; William J., born February 16, 1878; Laura, born October 3, 1879, and died in 1880; Harry S., born December 20, 1882; and Dorothy L., born February 9, 1898.

GEORGE WILLIAM KETTENBURG, deceased, for many years engaged in the plumbing business in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and who served his country faithfully and well during the Civil war, represented the second generation of his family in this country, they tracing their ancestry to the old family of Kettenburgs in Hessen Cassel.

William D. Kettenburg, father of George William Kettenburg, was born in Hessen Cassel, Germany, during the year 1800, and emigrated to the United States in 1832. He settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he purchased a piece of property in Penn avenue near Eleventh street. He is said to have been the first locksmith of any experience in the city, and made the locks and keys for the old courthouse and jail. His business was an extensive one for those times, and he was noted for his strict honesty and for his liberality in church and secular matters. He was of a kind and genial disposition and greatly respected in the community. In politics he was a Whig, but affiliated and was a staunch supporter of the Republican party when that body came into existence. His religious faith was that of the Methodist church, and he was a charter member of the First German Methodist church in Pittsburg, and a trustee for twenty years prior to his death, which occurred February 16, 1870. He married Mary Hasenjaeger, of Pittsburg, born February 7, 1815, died December 11, 1865, and they were the parents of children: (1) George William, see forward; (2) Henry, born about 1842, died July, 1874. He was a soldier during the Civil war and was a prisoner at Andersonville; (3) Charles D., born 1844, died March 14, 1889. He also served during the Civil war. Married Charlotte Myers and had children, Walter and William; (4) William, died in childhood; (5) Mary Jane, married Charles Fisher, who was killed during the railroad riots of 1877; (6) William, resides in the west; (7) Matilda, married Henry Scheidler, deceased; (8) Emma, died in childhood; (9) Edward, unmarried; (10) Emma, married Philip Steuhler, has children—Myrtle, Minnie and Mary.

George William Kettenburg, eldest child of William D. and Mary (Hasenjaeger) Kettenburg, was born in the Ninth ward of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, August 21, 1840. He was educated in the public schools and supplemented his education by assiduous home study, as he was from his earliest years an eager reader of all good literature. He was apprenticed to learn the locksmith's trade, and at the outbreak of the Civil war enlisted, on his twenty-first birthday, from Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in Company C, Sixty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, Colonel Hayes commanding, First Division, Third Corps, Army of the Potomac. He served the full term of three years, was promoted to lieutenant, and received his honorable discharge in 1864 with the rank of captain. He took part in all the battles and engagements in which his regiment participated. Upon the completion of his military service he traveled extensively through the eastern states and then returned to Pittsburg, where he engaged in the plumbing business in 1870, in Penn avenue, near



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Eleventh street, and carried this on successfully until his death, which occurred March 24, 1892. In January, prior to his death, he had removed to Edgewood with his family, where he had built the comfortable and commodious home at 336 Locust street now occupied by his widow and children. Like his father, he was a stalwart Republican and an active worker in the interests of that party. He amassed a considerable fortune, which he invested very profitably in real estate holdings. He was a firm believer in the doctrines of the Methodist church, though he was not an active worker in religious affairs. He was a man of many sterling qualities and his death was deeply and sincerely regretted.

He married, January 10, 1866, Mary Louisa Beinecke, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Wiethorn) Beinecke, and they had children: (1) Ida Elizabeth, unmarried; (2) George W., electrical engineer. He married Amelia Eyth, and has had children: John E., deceased; George W., deceased; John R.; George W.; Julia, and Ella. (3) William, died in infancy; (4) Ella L., died in 1906, married Harry E. Giberson.

WILLIAM F. PANKE, one of Pittsburg's enterprising and stirring contractors and builders, was born in the city of Louisville, Kentucky, June 9, 1864, son of Charles L. Panke and wife, natives of Germany and America, respectively. The father was born in 1829 and by trade was a tanner. He emigrated to this country in 1856 and married Charlotte Schulte. Their children were, aside from the subject, Fred, Henry, Minnie (Mrs. Lutz), Mary (Mrs. Scharria), John, Charles, George, Annie (Mrs. Hess) and Lottie.

The subject of this notice obtained his education in the public schools, after which he obtained employment in a woolen mill, where he remained for about six years. He then mastered the carpenter's trade, and in time became a contractor, which line of work he pursued for eighteen years in his native state. He moved to Pittsburg on March 25, 1900, since which date he has followed the same business here and has met with merited success.

Politically Mr. Panke is a supporter of the Republican party, while in his religious faith is of the Methodist Episcopal persuasion.

July 16, 1891, he was united in marriage to Emma, daughter of John and Margaret Miller, of Louisville, Kentucky. By this union were born Emma May Panke, June 27, 1892, and Edith Margaret Panke, born April 11, 1896.

REV. GEORGE WILSON CHALFANT, D. D., who has retired from the pastorate, is descended from a Quaker family which emigrated from Chalfant, St. Giles, England, with William Penn and settled in Philadelphia. He was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, March 29, 1836. He graduated from Jefferson College, Canonsburg, Pennsylvania, in the year 1856. He took up the study of law for a short time, but resigned this in favor of theology, completing his course at the Western Theological Seminary. He was licensed to preach by the Presbytery of Saltsburg in 1860, and his first pastorate was at Mechanicsburg, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, of which he took charge in April, 1861. One and a half years later he was appointed chaplain of the One Hundred and Thirtieth Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment, in which he served until after the battle of Fredericksburg. In 1863 he accepted a call

to Bridgeport and Martins Ferry, Ohio, where he remained until called to Pittsburg in the spring of 1881, in order to organize the Park Avenue Presbyterian church, and continued in charge as pastor for twenty years, retiring in 1901. In 1898 he and his wife visited Japan and China, spending several months with their children in the latter country. The following year he was elected moderator of the Synod, Pennsylvania. The honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by Lafayette College. In addition to the Park Avenue church he has been largely interested in organizing ten churches in the Pittsburg Presbytery and one in the city of Mexico, besides special work for two winters in St. Louis. He has also secured the education of some twenty young men, most of whom have entered the ministry.

He married Sarah E. Moore, daughter of William Moore, of Saltsburg, Pennsylvania, and their children are as follows:

1. Rev. William Parker Chalfant, graduated at Lafayette College, 1881, and Western Theological Seminary. For over twenty years he has been a missionary of the Presbyterian church in Shantung province, North China.
2. Rev. Frank Herring Chalfant, D. D., graduated at Lafayette College, 1881, engaged in legal work for a few years and is now a missionary of the Presbyterian church in Wei Hsien, North China. He is the author of a volume on the History of the Chinese Language, published by the Carnegie Institute.
3. George Newton Chalfant, Lafayette College, 1884, engaged as a civil and mining engineer for three years. He was admitted to the Allegheny county bar in 1889 and is now practicing law in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.
4. Rev. Charles Latta Chalfant, graduate of Lafayette College, is a Presbyterian minister, pastor of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian church, of Cleveland, Ohio, of the Presbyterian church of Ashtabula, Ohio, and now pastor of Grace Presbyterian church, St. Louis, Missouri.
5. Mary B., wife of Rev. U. S. Greves, pastor of the Forty-third Street Presbyterian church, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.
6. Edward Chambers Chalfant, graduate of Lafayette College and Pittsburg Law School, was admitted to the Allegheny county bar in 1898. He is now practicing law in Pittsburg and is prominently identified with many public interests there. He married Frances O'Hara Barr.

WILLIAM H. DUMBAUGH, a well known citizen of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who resides at 628 Homewood avenue, in that city, is one of the most enterprising and progressive business men in that section, and is ever ready to take up his due share of public responsibility. His father was born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1844. He was engaged in farming and was closely identified with agricultural interests throughout his life. He married Louise Stultz, who died in 1903, and they had children: Jacob E., William H., of whom see forward, Christina, deceased, Manuel J., Harry N., Sidney J., deceased, Joseph, deceased, Clara A., Eva, Clarence and Arthur.

William H. Dumbaugh, second son and child, was born near Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania, December 3, 1869. His education was acquired in the public schools of the district and in the academy at Petersville. His first venture in business life was as clerk in a general store in Harmony, and he then came to Pittsburg in 1889. Here he served in the capacity of clerk

for six years, and in 1895 came to Homewood and established himself in his present business, in which he has been decidedly successful. He is very popular socially as well as in business circles, and is a member of the Home Circle, and of Homewood Conclave No. 601. He is also consistent member of the Homewood Avenue Presbyterian church. He married Sue E. McConaghey, daughter of William McConaghey, of Pittsburg, and they have children: Grace C., born November 9, 1898; Elizabeth L., born March 11, 1900.

CHARLES ALEXANDER WARFIELD, of Pittsburg, was born April 27, 1854, in Howard county, Maryland, his father and grandfather having both borne the name of Charles Dorsey Warfield. His great-grandfather, in honor of whom he was named, was Dr. Charles Alexander Warfield, who is linked in the history of Maryland with one of the most thrilling and romantic episodes in the annals of opposition to the tea-tax. The Warfield family was founded in this country by Richard Warfield, who came in 1660 from Berkshire, England, and settled in the province of Maryland. His grandson, Azel Warfield, married Sarah Griffith.

Charles Alexander Warfield, eldest son of Azel and Sarah (Griffith) Warfield, was born December 14, 1751, in Anne Arundel county, Maryland, and it was in his young manhood (being but a year after his marriage) that the incident which has rendered him historically famous occurred. Dr. Warfield, who is also remembered as Major Warfield, during the memorable days of October, 1774, called the members of his club around him, and led them, on horseback, from the uplands which now constitute Howard and Montgomery counties through the lowlands of Anne Arundel county and into Annapolis. They rode by day and without disguise, although on their hats was engraved the legend, "Liberty or Death." On arriving at Annapolis they rode to the front of the residence of Anthony Stewart, who was the owner of the brig "Peggy Stewart," and who had paid the tax on the obnoxious tea with which his vessel was laden. Captain Hobbs, who was one of the party, has handed down the following account of Dr. Warfield's actions and words:

Commanding his companions to draw up in line before the house, he addressed Mr. Stewart in the following words: "You will either go with me and apply the torch to your own vessel, or hang before your own door." His manner, though courteous, conveyed the impression that acceptance of the former proposition would be the safer course, and Dr. Warfield stood beside Mr. Stewart when the latter applied the torch.

Dr. Warfield married Elizabeth, daughter of Major Henry Ridgley, and their children were: Ann, wife of Samuel Thomas; Harry R., attorney-at-law of Baltimore; Peregrine; Gustavus; Charles Dorsey; Elizabeth, wife of Richard Snowden; and Louisa, who, after the death of Elizabeth, became the second wife of Richard Snowden. Peregrine and Gustavus were physicians.

Charles Dorsey Warfield was born April 4, 1780, in Howard county, Maryland, and was engaged in mercantile pursuits. He married, in January, 1823, Ruth H., born February, 1794, widow of Caleb Dorsey and daughter of Philemon Griffith, colonel of the Maryland Rifles during the war of the Revolution. Mr. and Mrs. Warfield were the parents of the following chil-

dren: Sarah Ann; Charles Dorsey, of whom later; Alexander; and Philemon Hammond. Charles Dorsey Warfield, the father, died May 30, 1852, and his widow passed away in August, 1854.

Charles Dorsey Warfield, son of Charles Dorsey and Ruth H. Griffith (Dorsey) Dorsey, was born November 9, 1830, in Bushy Park, Howard county, Maryland, and for many years served as school director. He was a staunch Democrat and a member of the Presbyterian church.

Charles Dorsey Warfield married, May 17, 1853, Isabella, born February 21, 1832, daughter of Dr. Gustavus and Mary (Thomas) Warfield, of Longwood, Howard county, Maryland, who were married in 1810. Dr. Gustavus Warfield died August 8, 1866, in his eighty-fourth year, and his wife, who was born March 15, 1793, died January 18, 1884. Mr. and Mrs. Warfield were the parents of eight children: Charles Alexander, of whom later; Gustavus, born December 13, 1855; Mary Emma, born September 27, 1857; Henry Ridgley, born September 12, 1859, died May 19, 1865; Eugenia Grey, born August 4, 1861, died September 30, 1864; Peregrine, born January 16, 1864; Harry Ridgley, born November 8, 1869; and Arthur, born October 3, 1871. Mr. Warfield, the father, died August 19, 1896, and the death of Mrs. Warfield occurred October 9, 1904.

Charles Alexander Warfield, son of Charles Dorsey and Isabella (Warfield) Warfield, received his education in the public schools of his native county and at public school No. 15, Baltimore. He was engaged in the rolling mill industry until 1890, being successively employed in the mill of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company at Cumberland, in the Abbott Iron Works, Baltimore, and in the National Rolling Mill, McKeesport. Since 1890 he has been connected with the Electric Hotel, of which he is now the owner and manager.

He belongs to the Sons of the Revolution, the I. O. O. F., the Knights of Pythias, the Homeless Twenty-six and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and in politics is a Democrat. He is a member of the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Warfield married, April 26, 1893, Minerva C. Borlin, and they are the parents of one daughter: Caroline Isabella, born December 3, 1894.

Mrs. Warfield is a daughter of James and Hannah Borlin, of Greensburg. James Borlin was born January 19, 1820, and in early life was a tanner and a dealer in live-stock, taking droves of horses and cattle to the eastern markets before the railroads which now facilitate their transportation were built. He was proprietor of hotels in Greensburg, Chicago, McKeesport and Pittsburg. In 1877 he was elected sheriff of Westmoreland county. His death occurred September 26, 1899.

JOHN DAVID SWEENEY, a leading contractor and builder of Pittsburg, was born February 9, 1859, in Tyler county, West Virginia, son of Daniel Sweeney, who was also born in West Virginia, and combined the callings of miller, millwright and surveyor, also dealing extensively in lumber. He was a staunch Democrat. He married Mary Anna Wells, of West Virginia, and their children were: Laura, born in 1852, died December 31, 1906, wife of William W. Patton, of Orange, California, children, Chalmers D., Lesta, Daniel C., Florence, Harry, Carl, Mabel and Olive; Eli Absalom,

born March 19, 1854, married October 19, 1892, Anna Louise, daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth (Bandi) Bandi, of New Martinsville, West Virginia; James N., born in 1856; Thomas, who died aged sixteen years; John David, of whom later; Oliver C., married Alice McCoy, of Pereley, Tyler county, West Virginia, children, Howard, Elsie, Pauline, Myron and Eli Absalom; and Amanda Ruffner. James N., third child and second son of this family, married Anna Smith, of West Virginia, children, Rodney, Mollie, Florence and Homer. Mrs. Sweeney died in 1891, and within a reasonable time Mr. Sweeney married Belle Barrett, of Tyler county, West Virginia, children, Louise Inez, Irene, Harry, Lillie and Ruby. Mrs. Sweeney, the mother, died May 2, 1901.

John David Sweeney, son of Daniel and Mary Anna (Wells) Sweeney, received his preparatory education in the public schools of his neighborhood, passing thence to the Fairmont (West Virginia) Normal School, and afterward entering the University of Morgantown, West Virginia. For twelve years he was principal of the normal school of Athens, Mercer county, West Virginia, and in 1901 came to Pittsburg, where he has since been engaged in the general contracting and building business. For one term he represented the people of his native county in the legislature. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity and the Knights of Pythias, and in politics affiliates with the Democrats. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Sweeney married, December 25, 1893, Mary Maud Reid, and they are the parents of four children: Mary Louise, born October 12, 1894; Maud Ethel, born September 25, 1896; Anna Wilson, born July 22, 1901; and Virginia Ruth, born September 18, 1903. Mrs. Sweeney is a daughter of William Albert Reid, who during the Civil war served as Captain of Company A, Seventeenth Virginia Cavalry, participating in many battles, among them those of Gettysburg and Lookout Mountain. He married Phoebe Louise Hare, and their children were: Walter Scott, married Catharine Hardy, children, Inez and Gladys; Mary Maud, wife of John David Sweeney; Rupert, died in infancy; and Minnie, wife of Edward French, of the vicinity of Parisburg, Virginia, children, William Edward, John Reid, Harriet Louise and Frances.

DAVID FOULK COLLINGWOOD, whose varied interests in the city of Pittsburg make him a leading representative man thereof, and who has been an earnest promoter of general improvements, encouraging any object which he considers to be for the public good, was born September 29, 1862, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, son of William and Maria L. (Foulk) Collingwood.

William Collingwood (father) was born September 23, 1812, in the village of Addison, Somerset county, Pennsylvania. His parents removed to Pittsburg the following year, locating in the Seventh ward, where William attended the subscription schools. In 1853 he established a fire insurance agency at 307 Wood street, known as Loomis & Collingwood, which was in existence until September, 1885, when Mr. Loomis retired, and the firm name became Collingwood & Son. William Collingwood continued in that business very successfully until his death, which occurred November 6, 1902, a period of almost half a century. He served for several years as a director of the public schools of the Seventh ward, Pittsburg, rendering therein efficient

service. He was a staunch Republican in politics. He married, November, 1861, Maria L. Foulk, daughter of David A. and Elizabeth (Hartman) Foulk, of Pittsburg, and ten children were the issue: David Foulk, see forward; Lewis W., Fannie R., Robert L., Clements B., George J., Anna D., deceased; Mary L., Howard D. and Loy H. Mr. and Mrs. Collingwood were members of the First Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg.

David F. Collingwood attended the public schools of the Seventh and Eighth wards of Pittsburg, and upon the conclusion of his studies engaged in the fire insurance business with his father, being admitted to the firm in September, 1895, and this line he still continues, with offices at No. 248 Fourth avenue, Pittsburg. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party on national issues. On November 4, 1902, Mr. Collingwood was elected treasurer of Allegheny county for a term of three years, on the Citizens' Fusion ticket, in which capacity he served with credit. He is a director in the Keystone National Bank of Pittsburg, director of the Union Electric Company, trustee of the Dollar Savings Bank, trustee of the Braddock General Hospital, president of the Pennsylvania State Association of Fire Insurance Agents, member of the Chamber of Commerce and the Pittsburgh Club. He also attained great prominence in Free Masonry, being a member of Crescent Lodge No. 576, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a past master; Shiloh Royal Arch Chapter, No. 257, of which he is a past high priest; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar, and a member of Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, in which he has attained the thirty-second degree. He has also been honored with the thirty-second degree, September, 1906, and is a Sovereign Grand Inspector General of the Supreme Council of the Northern Masonic Jurisdiction of the United States.

Mr. Collingwood married, September 23, 1890, Mary E. Kirkpatrick, daughter of the late Allen Kirkpatrick, who was one of the largest wholesale grocers of Pittsburg, and whose death occurred February 20, 1890. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Collingwood are Rebecca Bell and Allen Kirkpatrick. Mr. and Mrs. Collingwood are members of the Calvary Presbyterian church of Braddock.

JOHN DOTTERWEICH, who has been for nearly a quarter of a century a resident of Pittsburg, and has long been numbered among the city's successful business men, was born June 24, 1862, in Vorra, Bavaria, Germany, son of John Dotterweich, also a native of Bavaria, where he was born in 1820, and where he followed the calling of a farmer. He married Kunigunda Söldner, and the following children were born to them: Kunigunda, Sebastian, Adam, Thorathea, Margaret, George, Elizabeth, Wilhelm, John, of whom later; Michael, John Michael, and Anna. The mother of these children died in 1875, and the father passed away in August, 1896.

John Dotterweich, son of John and Kunigunda (Söldner) Dotterweich, received his education in the public schools, and on reaching manhood emigrated to the United States. In 1883 he came to Pittsburg, and in 1893 established himself in the baking business, which he still continues and in which he has been extremely successful.

Mr. Doterweich married, in 1892, Fanny Spitzerberger, a native of Bavaria, and they have been the parents of the following children: Maria, born

in 1893; died in 1894; Paulina, born in 1895; John, born in 1897; George, born in 1899; Anton, born in 1901, died in 1903; Francis, born in 1904; and Maria Magdalena, born in 1907.

ANDREW HARCUM, justice of the peace and a member of the police force of Greater Pittsburg, was born in Liberty avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1846, son of Samuel and Hannah M. (Kane) Harcum. The father was born in Coal Lane, Pittsburg, in 1822, and was one of the pioneer glass manufacturers of the South Side. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Harcum were as follows: John, Sarah J., Andrew, Elizabeth, Hiram and Samuel. The father died January 25, 1854. His wife died January 18, 1905.

The subject's grandfather, also named Samuel Harcum, was born in Maryland and was a sailor in Commodore Perry's fleet during the battle of Orleans, and was discharged from service in 1825.

Andrew Harcum, of this notice, the son of Samuel Harcum (second), was educated at the public schools of his native city and when but fourteen years of age he ran away from his home and accompanied the First Pennsylvania Cavalry Reserves. He returned after the second fight at Bull Run and enlisted in 1863 in Knapp's Battery of Pennsylvania, served three months and then re-enlisted in the Fourteenth Pennsylvania Cavalry, from which he was discharged August 11, 1865. After his return home he entered the mills in Pittsburg as a "roller." In 1871 he was appointed on the city police force and reappointed for two terms. In 1902 he was elected a justice of the peace, which position he still holds.

He married, in 1869, Sarah, daughter of John and Catherine Gosley, by whom was born the following children: Amelia A. Russell, Gertrude Shop-pener and Sarah, who died at the age of three years, in 1882.

THOMAS CRONIN, president of the Thomas Cronin Company, general contractors of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is a representative of the second generation of his family in this country.

Patrick Cronin, father of Thomas Cronin, was a native of county Cork, Ireland, and made his initial visit to this country about 1822. He lived in Vermont about twenty years, returned to Ireland, where he married and lived for four years, whence he came again to the United States. He lived in Boston, Massachusetts, for a short time, then settled in Brighton, in the same state, where he resided until his death. He was a farmer and gardener by occupation, and he and his family were members of the Catholic church. He married Jane Linehan, and they were the parents of ten children, of whom five died in infancy. Those who lived to attain maturity were: Thomas, see forward; John, who went west and was not again heard from, and it is presumed that he is dead; Mary, deceased, married Martin O'Hara; Jane, married William Cashman; Theresa, married Peter Dowling.

Thomas Cronin, only surviving son of Patrick and Jane (Linehan) Cronin, was born in Brighton, Massachusetts, September 5, 1849. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at the early age of fourteen years he commenced his business career. He accepted any employment that came to his hand that he was able to do and finally drifted into the business of

stock dealing, in which he met with considerable success. However, during the general financial depression which swept over the country in 1873 he abandoned this, and in the following year went to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he found employment at the Keystone Bridge Works. Later he was appointed on the police force and made a gallant and honorable record for seven years. He then resigned and engaged in the business of teaming for a period of about eight years, then formed a partnership with M. O'Herron in the general contracting line, doing business under the firm name of Cronin & O'Herron. This partnership was dissolved at the expiration of eleven years, and Mr. Cronin then organized the contracting firm of which he is the president at the present time. His son John is the vice-president, and John Wallace is secretary and treasurer. They undertake all kinds of contract work and employ about three hundred hands. Mr. Cronin is also the sole proprietor of the Birmingham Supply Company, which deals in all kinds of builders' materials; he is a stockholder in the South Hill Trust Company and the Iron Gloss & Savings Bank. He and his family are members of the Catholic church. He married, November 15, 1879, Julia McConnell, daughter of Nicholas and Alice (Cavanaugh) McConnell, and they had nine children, four of whom died in infancy. Those now living are: John, mentioned above; Alice; Harry, manager of the Birmingham Supply Company; Nicholas; Jane.

THE VILSACK FAMILY. In the development of every city there are always some men who stand out more prominently, in some one or more role of activity, than others, and such was the character of Jacob Vilsack and his sons, who have been intimately associated with the growth of Greater Pittsburg during all the years intervening since 1835, when the father came to this country from Germany. He was born in Carsruhe, Baden, and was a carpenter by trade. He came to Pittsburg while yet a young man. For a number of years he followed his trade successfully, but finally saw a more independent and congenial life as a farmer. He purchased a farm in Shaler township, Allegheny county, where he spent the remainder of his life, dying at the age of sixty years. He married a German woman, or rather, one born in Alsace, in what was then France, but now a part of Germany. Her name was Catharine Farmarie and she emigrated to this country when a young lady and here married Mr. Vilsack. Their children were as follows: (1) George, who married and left four children—Mary, Joseph, Lena and Annie. (2) Elizabeth, deceased, who married Wendal Kraus, of Shaler township. He was engaged in the ice business for a number of years, but is now a prosperous merchant at Etna, Pennsylvania; their children are—Leopold, August, Catherine, William, Lena, John and George. (3) Leopold, of whom a sketch will be found hereinafter. (4) Catherine, married Anthony Shoemaker, who for a number of years was one of the leading merchants of Woodsfield, Monroe county, Pennsylvania, but now leads a retired life on the old Vilsack homestead in Shaler township. Their children are—Elizabeth, Anthony, Jr., Michael, Barbara, Edward, Leo and Catharine.

(II) Leopold Vilsack, third child of Jacob and Catharine (Farmarie) Vilsack, the American ancestors of the family, was born March 3, 1838, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and attended the public schools in Sharpsburg and Saint Philomena, at what was formerly known as Bayardstown; the old



Leopold Tilsack.

school building is still standing and in use. He commenced his active career in the Bennett Brewery, at the corner of Seventeenth and Liberty streets, in 1855, and three years later had an interest in the business, being associated with Edward Frauenheim, John Miller and August Hoeveler. Later, Messrs. Frauenheim and Vilsack purchased the interest of the other partners, when the firm was styled Frauenheim & Vilsack, operating the Iron City Brewery, afterward incorporated and known as the Iron City Brewing Company. These gentlemen associated with them their sons, Aloysius, E. J. and A. A. Frauenheim, and E. J. and J. G. Vilsack. The business was thus headed until merged with the Pittsburgh Brewing Company, with L. Vilsack as president of the Iron City Brewing Company, when the consolidation took place. At this date (1907) Mr. Vilsack is a large stockholder, vice-president and one of the directors in the company. He is also president of the Epping-Carpenter Company, manufacturers of pumping machinery. He was one of the pioneers in this business at Pittsburg, having been connected with it since 1885. He was also associated with the Aliquippa Steel Company at Aliquippa, Pennsylvania, until it was merged into the Crucible Steel Company of America. His son, J. G. Vilsack, was president of the company when the merger took place. Leopold Vilsack is also president of the Vilsack-Martin Company, makers of ornamental iron work, situated on Thirty-second street and Penn avenue. He is one of the directors of the Allegheny Plate Glass Company, one of the modern-day enterprises of Greater Pittsburg, located on the Allegheny river, near Hite Station. He is also identified with numerous banking institutions and financial concerns. He is the vice-president of and leading stockholder of the German National Bank, and president of the East End Savings and Trust Company at Penn avenue, near Sheridan, East End. He is interested in insurance companies, being the director of the National Union Fire Insurance Company and the City Insurance Company, also a director of the Ohio River Improvement Company. He is one of the largest real estate holders in the city, having made extensive and numerous purchases within the last few years.

Politically Mr. Vilsack is a supporter of the Democratic party, and in his religious faith is a Catholic. He is a member of the board of trustees of St. Paul's Cathedral and was appointed by Rt. Rev. Bishop Regis Canevin as one of the building committee for the direction of the construction of the Cathedral at Bellfield. He is also on the boards of St. Paul's Orphan Asylum, at Idlewood, St. Joseph's Protectory for Boys at Wylie avenue and Vine street, Pittsburg, and St. Francis' Hospital. He was one of the originators of the Columbus Club and is still an honored member of the same.

Mr. Vilsack has always taken a deep interest in all that would tend to advance the financial, social and educational interests of his native city and the commonwealth in which it is situated. His successful business career has not made him sordid and unmindful of his fellow men. His charities and true benevolences have extended far and near.

He was married in 1863 to Miss Dorothy Blank, of Etna, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of thirteen children, nine sons and four daughters, all born in Pittsburg and all surviving but one. They are as follows:

1. Edward J., unmarried, and lives in Shaler township, this county, where he bought a one hundred and sixty-acre tract of land, which he has converted into a model farm and upon which he raises stock and carries on general farming pursuits. It is among the best farm properties, in point of value as

well as up-to-date improvements, within Allegheny county. It is located on the old Butler road. His maiden aunt, Miss Mary Blank, his mother's sister, resides with him. He is superintendent of the Iron City Brewery, one of the branch plants of the Pittsburgh Brewing Company; a director of the Pennsylvania National Bank; director of the Sterritt-Thomas Foundry Company, and a director of the East End Savings and Trust Company, and the Pennsylvania National Bank.

2. Joseph G. Vilsack, second son in the family of Leopold Vilsack, was born in Pittsburg, and married Stella Brennen, a daughter of John Brennen and wife. By this union the issue was John Edward, Louise Marie, Dorothy Claire, Joseph G., Jr., and Kenneth Frank. The father of these children, Joseph G. Vilsack, was also admitted as a partner in his father's brewing business, and after the companies were consolidated he continued for a time, but soon associated himself with the Aliquippa Steel Company, and was its president when it merged with the Crucible Steel Company of America, when he became the secretary of the Ohio River Improvement Company; also associated as secretary of the Lutz & Schramm Company; secretary of the Vilsack-Martin & Company, ornamental iron manufacturers; and is also a director in the Sterritt-Thomas Foundry Company, and vice-president of the East End Savings and Trust Company.

3. Nettie M. was born in Pittsburg and married Edward J. Frauenheim, and they are the parents of Dorothy, Edward F., Walter, Regina, Norman, William and Richard. (For Frauenheim sketch see elsewhere in this work.)

4. Leopold W., born February 6, 1872, was educated at St. Vincent's College, and later was connected with the Marshall Kennedy Milling Company, later known as the Pittsburgh Milling Company, as its salesman. He remained with them several years, and in 1893 engaged in the jewelry business, establishing the firm of L. W. Vilsack & Company, located on Fifth avenue. Politically Mr. Vilsack is a Democrat. He married, October 6, 1895, in Pittsburg, Nellie M. Vetter, daughter of John Vetter and wife. The issue by this marriage is Leo, Virginia, Pauline, Mercedes and Robert.

5. William W. Vilsack was born in Pittsburg, is unmarried and is now in the wholesale liquor business at Braddock, Pennsylvania.

6. August A. Vilsack, born February 11, 1876, is twin brother of Anthony J. He was educated in his native city and in the Canisius College, Buffalo, New York, and then entered the Pennsylvania National Bank as a messenger, which position he held until the German National Bank was organized, when he was made its teller. Later he became assistant cashier, which position he still retains. Some years ago he became interested in the Hobensack Drug Company, as a partner in the business. Later he purchased the whole business and took his twin brother in as his partner. In 1905 the business was incorporated as the Vilsack Drug Company, of which August A. Vilsack is president and Anthony J. secretary and treasurer. He married, September 5, 1899, Annie Lauinger, by whom four sons were born—Hubert Anthony, Francis Lauinger, Augustine A., Jr., and Edward Eugene. Mr. Vilsack is a member of the Americus and German Club of Pittsburg, and of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks.

7. Anthony J. Vilsack, twin and brother of August A., was born February 11, 1876, and is now his brother's, Edward J. Vilsack, assistant at the plant of the Iron City Brewing Company. He was educated at Canisius College,

Buffalo, New York, and at St. Mary's Institute, at Emmitsburg, Maryland. He then associated himself with the Aliquippa Steel Company, and was its secretary and treasurer up to the time of its merging with the Crucible Steel Company of America, when, in a short time, he became assistant superintendent of the Iron City Brewing Company, which position he still holds. He is also associated with his twin brother, August A., in the drug business, incorporated in 1905 as the Vilsack Drug Company. He is the secretary and treasurer of the same, while his brother is president of the company. September 12, 1899, he married Veronia Lovington, of St. Louis, Missouri. By this union the issue is one child, Howard J. Vilsack.

8. Kathyne Vilsack, born in Pittsburg, is unmarried.

9. Ollie Vilsack, born July 2, 1880, unmarried, and is now teller at the East End Savings and Trust Company.

10. Mercedes Vilsack, married Robert Maloney, and they have one child—Kathyne.

11. Maurice Vilsack, born May 10, 1884, is now a clerk at the Epping-Carpenter Company. He is unmarried.

12. Carl Vilsack, born April 27, 1887, attended Georgetown University at Washington, and graduated from the classical course in 1907.

THE LAUGHLIN FAMILY of Greater Pittsburg has been from a very early day one of much importance in the industrial and social development of the city. They are of that sturdy Scotch-Irish people who have been noted in the early history of western Pennsylvania for their sterling qualities of both head and heart.

The first member of this family to emigrate to America was Alexander Laughlin, whose father and brothers and sisters came about ten years later. Alexander will be mentioned at length later in the history of the family.

(I) James Laughlin was the progenitor of the family which settled in America. He was a Scotch-Irishman, who was a well-to-do farmer near Belfast, Ireland, and after his wife died he was persuaded to emigrate to this country, where his son Alexander had made himself a home. He came to Baltimore, Maryland, with his son James and two daughters, and they soon found their way to Pittsburg. This was in 1829, and here he pursued farming on a place which he purchased in what is now East Liberty, until his death.

(II) Alexander, eldest son of the progenitor of the American family, was born in county Down, Ireland, in November, 1790, and came to America in 1819, settling at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he formed a partnership with Francis G. Bailey, engaging in the provision and grocery business. Later Mr. Laughlin bought out his partner and conducted the business alone until about 1829, when his brother, with the remainder of the family except his mother, who had died in Ireland, came to America and became associated with Alexander, and they engaged in the pork-packing business both at Pittsburg and at Evansville, Indiana. This business prospered and was thus conducted until 1835, when the firm was dissolved. Alexander then built a store and warehouse at Pittsburg at the corner of Canal and Etna streets. Later he added the lumber business to his other operations, and occupied the whole square bounded by Eleventh and Twelfth streets on the one side and Pike and Etna streets on the other. It was the most extensive

establishment in Pittsburg at that date. He also acted as the agent for the Peach Bottom Slate Quarries, having control of all the territory west of the Allegheny mountains. In 1850 Mr. Laughlin bought out the Stewardson Furnaces of Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, and a firm known as Laughlin & Phillips was formed. In time Mr. Laughlin purchased his partner's interest, after which he conducted the business alone during the remainder of his life. He was connected with many of the financial enterprises of western Pennsylvania and the city of Pittsburg. He was a director of the Bank of Pittsburg, the old Ninth Street Bridge and the Western Hospital of Pennsylvania. He was a member of the First Presbyterian church of Pittsburg, in which he served as an elder until his death in 1867. March 27, 1817, he married Mary Ann Bailey, in county Down, Ireland. By this union the issue was ten children, all deceased.

(II) James Laughlin, son of the emigrant and a brother of Alexander Laughlin, just mentioned, was born March 1, 1806, near Portaferry, county Down, Ireland. He received his education at Belfast, Ireland, which was not far distant from his birthplace. After leaving school he assisted his father in taking care of his estate until his twentieth year of age was passed, when his mother died and the family came to America. Upon his arrival here James Laughlin entered into partnership with his brother Alexander, who had been here in advance of the remainder of the family several years. The two brothers conducted a provision store at Pittsburg, and a branch at Evansville, Indiana, of which James had charge. At that point they carried on a pork-packing house and James spent his winter months there, having to make the journey on horseback or by stage, it taking two or more weeks to make the trip, owing to the condition of the roads and the weather. This partnership was dissolved in 1835, and James Laughlin continued the business, the Indiana branch being in charge of his tried and fellow countryman, Samuel Orr, who later became his partner in the business of conducting a general merchandising store as well as the iron trade at Evansville. This business relation existed about two years. Mr. Laughlin was one of the organizers of the Fifth Avenue Savings Bank and in 1852 was elected its president. This institution was succeeded by the Pittsburgh Trust Company and organized under a charter from the State of Pennsylvania July 12, 1853. Five years later that charter was succeeded by the First National Bank of Pittsburgh. A charter under the new bank was obtained by them, but the old officers were retained. It was this association which took advantage of the national banking act of April 11, 1863, and was the fifth national bank to be established in the United States and the first one in Allegheny county. Mr. Laughlin was its first president.

In 1857 he retired from the provision business and turned his attention toward the manufacture of iron, which had then become the most important industry of the city of Pittsburg. Mr. Benjamin F. Jones had a small mill on the present site of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Plant's works and Mr. Laughlin became associated with Mr. Jones, and the firm of Jones & Laughlin was formed. This firm soon took front rank in the production of iron. In 1860 they formed the firm of Laughlin & Company and engaged in making pig iron, which was then a new industry for Pittsburg. They brought the rich ores from Lake Superior and this firm became the owners of the Eliza Furnaces. The steel and iron industry being treated in the general history

volume of this work it will be sufficient to say that after many changes in the iron and steel business in 1900 the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company was formed and is one of the greatest commercial industrial powers in the world today. Mr. Laughlin remained a member of this firm until his death. He was president of the First National Bank of Pittsburgh, which he helped to organize, and was connected with it until his death. He was in point of service one of the oldest bankers of Pennsylvania. At a special meeting held by the bank directors soon after his death they declared in way of a resolution that:

"We bear testimony that in all of our personal and business relations with Mr. Laughlin, extending over a period of thirty years, we have found in him a true type of successful American bankers, readily grasping opportunities, difficulties and dangers of extended financial operations, meeting all questions with extraordinary freedom from all personal bias or prejudice, keeping pace, even in advancing years, with liberal and progressive principles of finance and business intercourse, yet always just in his business relations."

While Mr. Laughlin had no natural liking for public office holding he did consent to serve on the select council of his city at one time, but repeatedly declined other places of public trust.

His religious affiliations were with the First Presbyterian church of Pittsburgh, of which he was one of the oldest members and a most liberal supporter. In him the Western Theological Seminary ever had a warm friend, he serving as one of the trustees and was the president of the board of the same until his death. He was one of the incorporators of the Western Pennsylvania Institute for the Deaf and Dumb, located at Pittsburgh, and was one of its trustees from its foundation until his death. He also took a deep interest in the higher education of women and founded the Pennsylvania Female College, and was its first president and gave generously toward its maintenance as long as he lived. Being in full sympathy with his hundreds of workmen, he never had trouble on account of labor strikes, he using his men even as though they were of his own household.

At Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, September 10, 1837, Mr. Laughlin was united in marriage to Miss Ann Irwin, daughter of Boyle Irwin, Esquire, by which union there was born one daughter and four sons.

Their second son, Irwin Boyle Laughlin, died at Nice, France, in 1871. He was born December 21, 1840, and was associated with the firm of Jones & Laughlin until his death. He married, in 1870, Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bissell, Esquire, of Pittsburgh, by whom the issue was Mary Irwin Laughlin. The other sons of James Laughlin and wife were: Henry Alexander, George McCully and James, all residents of Pittsburgh, of whom mention will be made in this notice. The only daughter was Eliza Irwin Laughlin, who married, June 14, 1883, Major Duncan Clinch Phillips, now of Washington, District of Columbia.

(III) Francis B. Laughlin, son of Alexander and Mary Ann (Baily) Laughlin, was born in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, December 31, 1835, and there received his education at the public schools, after which he entered the employ of his father, and later became identified with him in all of his enterprises. Upon the death of his father the Stewardson Furnaces were merged into the F. B. & A. Laughlin Company, which was continued for several years. Subsequently F. B. Laughlin helped to organize and incorporate the

Solar Carbon Company in Pittsburg, and this was later merged into the National Carbon Company, when Mr. Laughlin retired from active business. He was one of the founders of the Point Breeze Presbyterian church and a member at the time of his death. Politically he was always a Republican. He died August 9, 1905. Of his domestic relation it may be said that April 27, 1858, he was united in marriage, in Vincennes, Indiana, to Margaret Burch, a native of that place and the daughter of William and Mary (Hannah) Burch. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Laughlin were as follows: 1. Mary B., died young. 2. Alexander Baily, now deceased, left one child—Clothilda. 3. Margaret B., married first John Allison, by whom one child was born, John Allison, Jr., and secondly she married Robert Somers Marshall, by whom there was no issue. 4. P. Burch, died young. 5. Frank M., deceased, married Annie Jenkinson and had Richard J., Francis B. and William H. 6. Henry M., unmarried.

(III) Henry Alexander Laughlin, eldest son of James and Ann (Irwin) Laughlin, was born at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 12, 1838. He graduated from Brown University in 1860 and the following year entered the firm of Jones & Laughlin, Limited, and Laughlin & Company, Limited, he being general manager and chairman of the last named company, which was a pioneer in the mining of rich ores in the Lake Superior district, and smelting the same with Connellsville, Pennsylvania, coke at Pittsburg. He has been identified with the marvelous growth of the iron and steel industry, which has made Greater Pittsburg famous the world over. He also became interested largely in the Pittsburg & Lake Angeline Iron Mining Company, of Michigan. Mr. Laughlin is a member of the Duquesne Club of Pittsburg and the New York Yacht Club. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution, his maternal ancestors having served in the struggle for national independence.

He married, first, September 10, 1860, Alice Ben Demiston, who died in 1873. She was the granddaughter of the late John Thaw, Esq., of Pittsburg. The surviving children of this union are: James B., Anne Irwin and Rev. Edward R. Laughlin. Mr. Laughlin married the second time, in 1876, Mary B. Reed, of Washington, Pennsylvania. No issue by this union.

(III) Major George McCully Laughlin, son of James and Ann (Irwin) Laughlin, was born October 21, 1842, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He received an excellent education at the private schools of his native city and then attended Washington-Jefferson College and was a member of the class which designed to graduate in 1863, but prizing peace and freedom higher than any educational or financial interest, Mr. Laughlin left his college studies at the close of his junior year and enlisted as a volunteer in the Union cause. He was mustered in as a private soldier, but was immediately commissioned by the governor of Pennsylvania as a second lieutenant of Company E, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. He began his military career August 1, 1862, and continued without interruption, honorably discharging his duties until the surrender of Lee to Grant at Appomattox. He was promoted to first lieutenant and on the death of Captain Sackett succeeded the latter in command of the company, receiving a commission as captain of the same. He was in all the engagements of the Army of the Potomac from Antietam to Appomattox. His last year of service was on detached duty as a member of the staff of Major-General Charles Griffin, who was placed in command of the Fifth Army Corps by General Sheridan during

the battle of Five Forks, and continued on the staff until the close of the war. General Griffin was one of the three generals selected by General Grant to arrange the details of the surrender of Lee's army to Grant, and Captain Laughlin accompanied him as his personal aide. He was therefore present and witnessed the meeting of Lee and Grant at the McLean House at Appomattox, where the full terms of the surrender were made and agreed upon. Captain Laughlin was breveted major by the war department for distinguished services at the battle of Quaker Roads, Virginia, and was mustered out at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in June, 1865.

Without any delay he engaged with the house of Jones & Laughlin in the iron and steel industry at Pittsburg, which he continued to follow during all the years from that date until now. In recognition of his patriotism and his business ability no less than for his scholarship and personal characteristics, the trustees of Washington and Jefferson College conferred on him the degree of Master of Arts, the same as though he had completed his course and been a graduate instead of shouldering his musket when the nation was in need of brave, self-sacrificing men.

Major Laughlin is a member of the Duquesne, the Pittsburg and Union Clubs, as well as the Pittsburg Golf Club. He is also connected with the Arts Club of New York City. At home he is numbered among the members of the Loyal Legion, the Sons of the Revolution, the Grand Army of the Republic and the Pittsburg Manufacturers' Club. In his religious belief he is a Presbyterian, belonging to Shady Side church of that denomination. He is connected with some of the most important financial institutions of the city in which he lives, being president of the Keystone Bank of Pittsburg and a director of the Pittsburg Trust Company.

November 16, 1865, he was married to Miss Isabel B., daughter of Judge William McKannan of the United States Circuit Court, of Washington, Pennsylvania. The children born of this union are: 1. Irwin B. 2. George M., Jr., and Thomas K., all of whom were associated with the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company until January 1, 1904, when Irwin B. Laughlin was appointed secretary to the United States minister at Japan under Honorable Lloyd Griscomb. Mrs. George M. Laughlin, the mother, died December 5, 1891.

(III) James Laughlin, youngest son of James and Ann (Irwin) Laughlin, and a brother to Major Laughlin, was born June 18, 1847, in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and there graduated from the private school and from Princeton College in 1867. He became associated with the management of the Laughlin Company and of the Jones & Laughlin Company, steel and iron works, of Pittsburg, with which industry he is still connected, the various companies having merged into one. Aside from his interests in this corporation he is a director in the First National Bank of Pittsburg and is a trustee of Princeton University. He belongs to Duquesne Club of Pittsburg, the University and Yacht Clubs of New York, and the Sons of the Revolution.

Mr. Laughlin was united in marriage, February 10, 1870, to Sidney, daughter of John H. Page, Esq., of Pittsburg. Their children are: 1. Martha Page. 2. Leila Irwin. 3. John Page. 4. Henry Hugart. 5. James.

(IV) James B. Laughlin, son of Henry A. Laughlin, was born August 20, 1864, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and there received his education, after

which he entered the employ of Laughlin & Company at Eliza Furnaces, Pittsburg, where he remained until the firm was merged into the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, when he became its treasurer, which office he is still holding. He is also a director in the South Side Trust Company and vice-president of the same. He married Clara Young, of Pittsburg. Their three children are: Ledlie, Henry and Alice. Mr. Laughlin is a member of the Duquesne Club and other societies.

(IV) Reverend Edward R. Laughlin, son of Henry A. Laughlin (III), was born November 6, 1870, and obtained his early education at the Shady Side Academy in Pittsburg, and prepared for college at Lawrenceville, New Jersey. He finally entered Princeton College and graduated from that institution with the class of 1894. Shortly after his graduation he was ordained minister in the Presbyterian church and has had a charge in Philadelphia for several years. He married Mary Wilson, of Philadelphia, by whom one child is born—Ethel, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

WILLIAM L. JONES, a well known citizen of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, now residing at No. 116 Laug avenue, in that city, was for many years closely identified with the wholesale drug business of the state, and served with bravery during the Civil war. He is descended from an old and honored family of Pennsylvania.

Rees Jones, father of William L. Jones, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1776. During the entire active years of his life he was extensively engaged in the tobacco business. His death occurred in 1850. He married Catherine Hubbard, deceased, and they had children: Paul, Catherine, Ellen, David, Lydia, William L., of whom see forward, Marcus, Mary and George.

William L. Jones, third son and sixth child of Rees and Catherine (Hubbard) Jones, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, March 1, 1830, in the Frankstown Road, on the site of the present Pittsburg Hospital. His education was acquired in the public schools of his native city, and upon attaining a suitable age he engaged in farming. He was thus occupied until 1865, when he established himself in the wholesale drug business, which he conducted on an extensive scale until he retired from active business life in 1880. He enlisted in the Seventy-fourth Regiment of Missouri in 1861 and held the rank of captain of Company G. After serving with bravery he resigned in 1863. He is a member of Hailman Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, and also of Commandery No. 1, Knights Templars. He is a man of intelligence and refinement, devoting much time to reading, and entertaining liberal minded views on all questions of the day. He married Mary Lang, daughter of Henry Lang, and has had children: Henry, William, Kate, Rees, Lydia, Edward, Mary, who married a Mr. Armstrong, and Matilda, who died in 1864. Mrs. Jones died in 1888.

GEORGE McCLELLAN HALL, whose sudden recent death was a great shock and a source of sincere regret in Homestead, Pennsylvania, was one of the foremost business men of the town, interested in many enterprises and a prominent member of the council.

John Hall, grandfather of George McClellan Hall, the first of this branch of the Hall family of whom we have any definite record, was one of the first

settlers at Poke Run, near New Texas, Pennsylvania. He was the owner of a large tract of land in that section which became the family homestead. He married and had children: James, see forward; William; Samuel; John; and two daughters, one of whom married a Mr. Crosier.

James Hall, son of John Hall, was born at Poke Run, Pennsylvania, about 1806, on the homestead farm. He followed the occupation of farming all his life and later settled in Patten township. He died on the old homestead January 18, 1886. He married Evelyn Brown, daughter of William and Evelyn (Hively) Brown, of Jersey, England, and they had children: 1. William, resided in Turtle Creek. He married Agnes Giles and had children: Wilbert, Lewella, Carrie and Curtis. Both sons were in the United States army in the Philippines, were wounded and died there, and their bodies were brought to this country. 2. John, resided in Thompson's Run. He married (first) Margaret Martin, had children: Sadie, Jane and Frank. He married (second) Annie Parks, had children: Frank, Myrtle, George and Myrtle. 3. James, resided in Chicago, Illinois, where he died. He married Maria Martin and had children: Margaret, James, Thomas, Morris, William, Elmer and Harry. 4. Samuel, married Olive Smith and had one child, Harry. 5. Henry, a steel worker, died from the effects of severe burns received in the mills, and is buried at Milton, Patten township. 6. Albert, married and had children: William, John and several others. 7. Robert, married Jennie Kilpatrick, and had several children. 8. George McClellan, see forward. 9. Thomas, married Jennie Silvens and had five children. 10. Hiram, married Mary Riddle and had: Mamie, Harry, Walter, Ralph and others. 11. Ellen, married John Swissallen and had seven children. 12. Joseph, deceased.

George McClellan Hall, eighth son and child of James and Evelyn (Brown) Hall, was born in Monroeville, Pennsylvania, September 15, 1862. He was educated in the public schools of that section and then commenced to assist his father in the cultivation of the home farm, with which work he was occupied until he had attained his seventeenth year. He then went to Turtle Creek, where he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade with Mr. Lenhart. At the end of three years he came to Homestead, where he followed his trade until he was twenty-five years old, and then branched out into the contracting business, with which he was associated for a period of ten years. He engaged in the lumber business and the operation of a planing mill in 1899, under the firm name of George M. Hall, continuing this alone until 1905, when he took in as partners Messrs. Kinley, Morgan, Bridinger, Becker and Flecker, with the idea of relieving himself of some of the care and attention which the many details of his extensive business required. This partnership was in existence at the time of his death. Mr. Hall was also closely identified with a number of other important business enterprises, among which may be mentioned: President and treasurer of the Nonpareil Stone & Brick Company; treasurer of the Empire Gold Mining Company; stock and office holder and also director in the Homestead Supply Company; member of the Lincoln Realty Company; president of the Homestead Savings & Trust Company; formerly a director of the Homestead National Bank; member of the Board of Trade; borough treasurer for a period of seven years, and president of the school board. His political affiliations were with the Republican party, and he was a member of the common council at the time of his death. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church

and a liberal contributor to all church and charitable undertakings. He was a man of sound judgment and keen business foresight, and his counsel was sought by many. His fraternal connections were with the Independent Order of Odd Fellows and the Royal Arcanum. His death, which occurred February 25, 1906, was a sudden one, he being in his office attending to business matters when he was stricken. He was taken to his home, where he expired after a lapse of a few hours.

He married, June 1, 1887, Margaret Hursh, born in Westmoreland county in 1870, a daughter of L. B. and Agnes (Gibbons) Hursh, of Irwin, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, who were the parents of children: 1. Margaret, mentioned above. 2. Albert, married Nora Colligan, had children: Audrey, Lebbish and George. 3. William, married Callie O'Neil, had one son, Neil. Joseph Hursh, grandfather of Mrs. Hall, a resident of Irwin, Pennsylvania, was a soldier during the war of the Revolution. He was wounded, sent home, and died in Irwin six weeks thereafter. He married Christina McKelvy and they had children: L. B., see forward; and Joseph, served in the army during the Civil war. L. B. Hursh, son of Joseph and Christina (McKelvy) Hursh, enlisted three times during the progress of the Civil war and served the full limit of time. Mr. and Mrs. Hall had children: Eva, born February 8, 1888; Olive Lacea, born December 2, 1890; Georgia, born September 7, 1894, died at the age of four years; Jessie, twin of Georgia; Clayton, born May 15, 1900.

GEORGE W. GILES, a prosperous and influential citizen of Munhall, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, for many years holding the office of justice of the peace, and successfully engaged in the real estate and insurance business, traces his ancestry to England.

William Giles, grandfather of George W. Giles, was a native of Monmouthshire, England, whence he removed with his family about 1824 to Wales. Ten years later he emigrated with his family to the United States, settling at Six Mile Ferry, where he was engaged in coal mining. He married, in Monmouthshire, England, Edith, family name unknown, also a native of England, and they had children: 1. John, deceased, was a coal operator at Braddock, Pennsylvania. He married and had children: John, Jr., deceased; George, residing in Colorado; Agnes, married William Hall and resides in Turtle Creek; James; Mary; and Ella, deceased. 2. Thomas, deceased, resided at McKeesport, Pennsylvania. He married and had children. 3. Maria, married John Zirckel and resides in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. 4. Mary Ann, deceased. 5. George, Sr., see forward. 6. James, resides in Greene county, Pennsylvania. 7. William, Jr., resides in Mifflin township, Pennsylvania.

George Giles, Sr., third son and fifth child of William and Edith Giles, was born in Monmouthshire, England, in 1824, and died in Haysboro, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1872. He is buried in Franklin, now Homestead, cemetery. He was about ten years of age when he came to this country with his parents, and at a suitable age was apprenticed to learn the blacksmith's trade, an occupation he followed all his life. He was a staunch supporter of the Republican party, and his religious affiliations were with the Methodist church, in which he held the office of trustee. He married Harriet B. Dougherty, born in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1824,

daughter of John and Anna (Rhodes) Dougherty, who were the parents of the following named children: 1. Anna, married Andrew Gardner, and they resided in California and are both deceased. 2. John, deceased. He was a blacksmith, married a Miss Rhodes, and resided in McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 3. Harriet B., mentioned above. 4. William, deceased, resided in McKeesport. 5. Margaret, married John Bishop, and in 1877 removed to Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, where they were engaged in farming. Both are now deceased. George and Harriet B. (Dougherty) Giles were the parents of children: 1. Charles C., was formerly right-of-way agent for the Central District Printing and Telegraph Company of Pittsburg, and is now superintendent of the electrical department of the Monongahela First Pool Gas and Coal Company. He resided for some years in Pennsylvania, West Virginia and Ohio, and now has his permanent residence in Willock Station, Pennsylvania. 2. Emma J.; married Frederick Lynch, a coal shipper on the Monongahela river, and resides at Glenwood Station, Twenty-third ward, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. They have several children. 3. Margaret Ann was connected for many years with the Home Missionary Society in the Holy Land, Texas, etc., and now (1907) resides in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. 4. Harriet Eva resides in Willock Station, Pennsylvania. 5. George W., see forward. 6. Ada A. married William Jack, foreman of the coal mines of the Monongahela First Pool Coal Company, and resides in Willock Station, Pennsylvania. They have children: Frank, who was graduated from the Pittsburg Academy and is at present employed in the store of the Monongahela First Pool Coal Company; and Ralph, a student at the Pittsburg Academy. 7. Laura L., married John Beam, an electrician, and resides at Hazelwood, Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg. They have children: Harry and Florence. 8. Ira H., born at Hope Church, Pennsylvania, October 30, 1868. He was educated in the public schools, and at the age of fourteen years entered the grocery business of Joseph Mort, in his native town, remaining in this employment for a period of four years. He then entered the service of the Homestead Steel Works, and was thus occupied until the strike of 1892, when he abandoned this line of business. His next occupation was as stationary engineer for the Harrison Gas Coal Company of Pittsburg, a position he resigned at the expiration of two years in favor of one with the Central District Printing and Telegraph Company as lineman. At the end of one year he was advanced to the rank of chief locator, and when the engineering department was organized he was transferred to this department as field engineer, and at the end of four years was advanced to the rank of chief field engineer, a position he holds at the present time. His political affiliations are with the Republican party, and when the borough was incorporated in 1902 he was elected as councilman to serve a term of one year; was re-elected in 1903 to serve a term of three years, and upon the expiration of this in 1906 was again elected for another three years' term. He and his wife are members of the Methodist Episcopal church of Haysboro. He is connected with the following organizations: Member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows of Haysboro for about seventeen years, has been past grand master and representative to the Grand Lodge at Harrisburg and Williamsport; member of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers of Homestead; member of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics of Homestead; member of the National Union of Allegheny; president of the Inde-

pendent Fire Company of Haysboro. He married, February 13, 1888, Anna Luppold, daughter of Matthias and Susan (Sembower) Luppold, the latter born in Somerset county, Pennsylvania. Matthias Luppold was born in Germany, emigrated to America, and was employed as a construction foreman. He was killed at Munhall on the Pennsylvania Railroad in 1902, and was buried in Homestead cemetery. Mr. and Mrs. Ira H. Giles were the parents of children: Edna; Charles; Howard; Mildred; Viola; Kenneth, deceased.

George W. Giles, second son and fifth child of George and Harriet B. (Dougherty) Giles, was born at Six Mile Ferry, now Haysboro, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, December 24, 1860. He was educated in the public schools of his native town, in the Twenty-eighth ward public school of Pittsburg, and was graduated from the high school. At the age of fourteen years he entered upon his business career, in which he has been eminently successful. His first position was with I. D. Risher, in his native town, with whom he remained for two years, then held a position as clerk of the grocery store of Joseph Mort, of the same town, and at the end of nine years removed to Homestead. Here he established himself in the real estate and insurance business, in which his reliability and many sterling qualities have gained for him an enviable business reputation. He has always been a staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party, and has done all in his power to further the interests of that body. He was appointed justice of the peace in 1897 to fill a vacancy caused by resignation in Mifflin township, and in the spring of the following year was elected for a term of five years. In 1901 Munhall borough was organized from a part of Mifflin township and Mr. Giles then held his commission of justice of the peace from that borough, and was elected to another term of five years in 1903. He and his family are members of the Methodist church and he is connected with the following named organizations: Was a member for fourteen years and is now past master of Homestead Lodge No. 582, Ancient Free and Accepted Order of Masons of Homestead; member of Pittsburg Commandery No. 1, Knights Templar; past officer of Magdala Lodge No. 991, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; member of Magdala Encampment No. 228, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; member of Boaz Council No. 814, Royal Arcanum.

He married, March 24, 1891, Mary Frances McCurdy, born January 19, 1866, daughter of Robert and Martha (Eicher) McCurdy, of Loudon, Pennsylvania. Robert McCurdy was a private during the Civil war, and while in service contracted a fever which caused his death shortly after the close of the war. His widow resides in Homestead. They had two children: Mrs. Giles, and a son who died in infancy. Mr. and Mrs. George W. Giles have had children: Ruth McCurdy, born August 4, 1897; George W., Jr., January 28, 1900; and Robert Hamilton, August 2, 1904.

THE REA FAMILY. Among the old time families of Greater Pittsburg is that of the Reas. The first member of this family of which there is any definite account in Pennsylvania, is General John Rea, who was born near Chambersburg, Franklin county, Pennsylvania, in 1775. Lamb in his Biographical Encyclopædia states that, "John Rea was in the Revolutionary war; served as a States representative in Pennsylvania several years, and was elected on the Democratic ticket from the Chambersburg district to the Eighth,

Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh Congresses—1803-1811: defeated in 1810 and 1812; elected to the Thirteenth Congress in 1813 and died at Chambersburg, February 6, 1829." It is also known that he served in the war of 1812-14. He married Elizabeth Culbertson, daughter of Colonel Samuel Culbertson, of Revolutionary fame. By this union were born the following children:

1. Samuel, born in 1808, near Chambersburg, Franklin county, Pennsylvania, died in Pittsburg in 1878. He was one of the original members of the First Presbyterian church, Dr. Herron being the pastor. He was always interested and closely identified with the work of this denomination. In his early life he was connected with and helped to organize the Union Boat Line, which operated both canal and river boats before the Pennsylvania Railroad entered Pittsburg. He was from the organization of the Peoples National Bank of Pittsburg its president for many years. Was also identified with the Pittsburg City Life Insurance Company, and had other large business interests. He retired from the above lines of pursuit and engaged in the oil producing business with others, and as a result lost his goodly fortune by the fault of others, but was always held in high esteem for his personal integrity. He married Elizabeth McKee, of Blairs Gap, Blair county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Guy Carleton McKee. By this union were born four children, who grew to maturity as follows: Anna, who married Professor J. E. Ayers, now residing near Denver, Colorado, and they have three children, Joseph H., Eleanor C. and Lucy E.; John A., who lives in California and married Katherine Ford, by whom was born, Florence, James C. and Katherine E.; Doctor James C., who died unmarried; Mary Laughlin, who married Henry Clinton Ayers, now deceased, leaving two children, Elizabeth Rea, who married Graham C. Wells, and has one child, Clinton Ayers; Eleanor Sharlurne.

2. John Rea, M. D., married Hannah Laughlin, daughter of Alexander Laughlin, whose family sketch appears elsewhere in this work. They were the parents of three children: Samuel, who married, and the issue is, Marjorie Dorothy; Mary Ann, who died unmarried; Elizabeth, who married Edward Simonds, of New Orleans, Louisiana.

3. James D. Rea, who married Ruth Blair Moore, of Blair county, Pennsylvania, and their children are: Jane M., who died unmarried; Thomas B., who married; Samuel Rea, who is the second vice-president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and married Mary Black of Pittsburg and has children, George and Ruth.

4. William Rea, of whom later.

5. Charles Rea (only surviving child) married Elizabeth Cochran and had children: Charles S., who married Irene Palmer; Louise, who married Rev. Walter Wilson, and they have three children, Katherine E., Charles and Ruth R.

(II) William Rea, fourth child of General John Rea, was born in Franklin county, Pennsylvania, in 1820, and married Matilda Robinson, daughter of William C. Robinson; she was a native of Pittsburg. They had two children: William H., who married Mary Childs of Pittsburg, daughter of Colonel James H. Childs and wife, Mary Howe. The issue by this union was, James Childs, Majory and Marriane. Henry Robinson Rea, who married Edith Oliver, daughter of Henry W. Oliver. They have two children, Edith Anne and Henry Oliver.

William Rea, the father, came to Pittsburg in 1837, and was first em-

ployed with the Pennsylvania Canal Company in its transportation department, but subsequently he engaged in the commission business. Later he became a member of the firm of Robinson, Rea & Company, and was connected with their iron foundry until his death in 1892. He was also a director in the Merchants and Mechanics Bank, the Peoples Savings Bank and of the Homewood Cemetery. He was a member of the Presbyterian church.

COLONEL FRANK K. PATTERSON, special agent for the Royal Insurance Company, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was born in Fawn, now Harrison, township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1848; son of John and Mary (Cowan) Patterson. He is the great-grandson of Robert Patterson, whose history, with that of his descendants, is traced below.

(I) Robert Patterson, born in Ireland October 14, 1763, died August 14, 1833; emigrated from the north of Ireland to America about 1785, and settled at what is now Munhall Station, on a farm. Later he purchased the land now known as the John Turner farm, on Squirrel Hill, Pittsburg; there he continued farming for a livelihood. He married Isabella Brisbin, born July 10, 1768, and died December 3, 1832, daughter of Captain John Brisbin, who commanded Company B, of the Third Pennsylvania Line, during the Revolutionary war, and died in 1821, and was buried in the Paxtang burying-ground at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania. Robert and Isabella (Brisbin) Patterson had nine children, as follows: 1. Mary, born March 21, 1790, died May 13, 1855. 2. John (subject's grandfather), born February 20, 1792, died at his home on Squirrel Hill, May 13, 1852. 3. Elizabeth, born March 18, 1794, died July 9, 1872, at the home of her niece, Mrs. Mary Chadwick, Squirrel Hill. 4. James, born May 8, 1796, moved to Indiana, date of death unknown. 5. Isabella, born December 18, 1798, died at home in East Liberty, September 14, 1889. 6. Samuel, born June 24, 1801, died in Ohio in April, 1855. 7. Nancy, born December 4, 1804, died in July, 1870. 8. William, born June 8, 1806, no record of death. 9. Jane, born July 17, 1808, date of death unknown.

(II) John Patterson, eldest son of the emigrant Robert Patterson (I), was born on his father's farm before named as situated on Squirrel Hill, Pittsburg, where he succeeded his father in farm pursuits, which he followed all his life. He married Mary Oldfield, born in Adams county, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of three sons and four daughters, as follows: 1. Robert. 2. John. 3. George, who is still living (1907). 4. Eliza. 5. Isabelle. 6. Mary, who is still a survivor and the widow of Joseph Chadwick. 7. Nancy.

(III) John Patterson, father of Frank K. Patterson and son of John Patterson (II), was born February 24, 1822, on the farm on which his grandfather had settled, and there he also followed farm life until the spring of 1857, when he removed to a farm which he had purchased in Plum township, where he engaged in farming during the remainder of his life, dying in December, 1903. He married Mary Cowan, daughter of Robert Cowan, whose farm was located near where the Schenley Hotel now stands, and where Mrs. Patterson was born. John Patterson and his wife, Mary Cowan, were the parents of five children, including the subject, three sons and two daughters, all born in Harrison township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, except the youngest, who was born in Plum township of the same county. These chil-

dren were: 1. Mary, deceased (unmarried). 2. Frank K., of this notice. 3. John H., of Los Angeles. 4. Robert W., deceased. 5. Belle M., wife of Robert Chesney, of Coraopolis.

(IV) Frank K. Patterson, second child of John Patterson (III) and his wife, Mary (Cowan) Patterson, received his education in the country schools of Plum township, Allegheny county, and while still a youth entered upon the military career which forms an important part of the record of his life. The military records disclose the following facts concerning his able service:

He enlisted, February 12, 1864, at the age of fifteen years, in Battery H, Third Regiment of Pennsylvania Artillery; and was honorably discharged July 25, 1865. He became a private in Parson's Zouaves (afterwards Company H, of Fourteenth Infantry Regiment), August 27, 1870; a private in Dunc Karns Rifles August 21, 1872; appointed captain and aide-de-camp, Third Brigade, Eighteenth Division, October 14, 1873; major and aide-de-camp, Ninth Division, August 19, 1874; to major and quartermaster, Ninth Division, December 29, 1875; mustered out on the reorganization of guard, June 12, 1878; appointed brigade inspector, Second Brigade, April 6, 1887, to rank from February 19, 1887; re-appointed brigade inspector, February 6, 1892; appointed captain and aide-de-camp, Second Brigade, November 26, 1895; major and ordnance officer, June 13, 1896; re-appointed January 26, 1897; commission expired, June 7, 1898; re-appointed, June 15, 1898; to general inspector of rifle practice, January 30, 1899; re-appointed, February 24, 1903, and again re-appointed, February, 1907.

Upon reaching manhood Colonel Patterson engaged in the hardware business at Freeport, Pennsylvania, for a period of about three years, and then engaged in the insurance business until 1884, when he was appointed special agent for the Royal Insurance Company, which position he is still holding in a successful manner.

He is a member of the Pittsburg Board of Trade, and belongs to the Sons of the American Revolution and the Grand Army of the Republic. He is identified with the East Liberty Presbyterian church.

Colonel Patterson has been twice married. His first wife was Sadie E. Magill, born in Freeport, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Dr. Thomas and Elizabeth Magill, and their children were: 1. Mary E., for a number of years teacher of languages in the Pittsburg public schools, died in September, 1903, aged twenty-nine. 2. Hattie, wife of E. N. Gillespie, of Robertson, Illinois. 3. Thomas Magill, unmarried, special agent for the Girard Insurance Company, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. The mother of these children died in Freeport in 1883, and Colonel Patterson subsequently married Alice Mahaffey, of Mahaffey, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, daughter of Robert and Mary Mahaffey, to whom were born the following children: 1. Catharine. 2. Margaret. 3. Frances, who died, aged five years. Colonel Patterson is now a resident of the Twentieth ward, Pittsburg, living at 432 Graham street.

HENRY WISSER CORWIN, now one of Pittsburg's successful fire insurance agents, but for many years intimately connected with mechanical pursuits, was born at Mount Hope, Orange county, New York, January 27, 1827, and there attained his majority, coming to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1844. He learned the pattern-makers trade with William J. Totten, an

uncle. When Mr. Totten operated these works they were styled the Fort Pitt Works. Mr. Corwin remained with him a few years, went to Nashville, Tennessee, returning in 1860, and in 1866 was engaged with what was then the Totten Company and was made superintendent of the pattern-making department, at which he continued until 1901. Mr. Corwin then retired from the business and at present (1907) is following the fire insurance business.

He attends the Christ Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Liberty avenue and Center street. On May 10, 1851, he married (first) Sarah E. Brown, who died May 11, 1854, the mother of two children: 1. Ella, born April 1, 1852; married Charles Lewis, both now deceased; their issue was one child, Etta, a teacher in the Seventeenth ward of Pittsburg. 2. Lydia, who died in infancy. For his second wife, Mr. Corwin married Martha Jane Beson, born in Tennessee. By this union, four children were born: 1. Henry P., who died in infancy. 2. William Beson, now of Washington, District of Columbia, a patent attorney. 3. Carrie Robinson, married Harry E. Wilson. 4. Harry McKendree, who has charge of the patent department in the office of Bakewell & Byrnes, attorneys, of Pittsburg; married Bessie Rosenberger.

Of Mr. Corwin's ancestry it may be stated in this connection that the first of the family name to come to America was Matthias Corwin.

(I) Matthias Corwin was probably born in England about 1590 or 1600, and died September 12, 1658. He married Margaret Morton, by whom was born three children: John, Martha and Theoplus.

(II) John Corwin, son of the English emigrant, is mentioned among the first families of New Haven, Connecticut. Later he settled in Long Island; he was a prominent man of his day in public offices. He was born 1630 and died September 25, 1702. He married Mary, daughter of Charles Glover, February 4, 1658; she died prior to 1690. The issue by such union was: John, Matthias, Samuel, Sarah, Reuben, Hannah, Abigail and Mary. He bought land at Oyster Pond and Aquebogue. He was admitted as a freeman of Connecticut for Southold, 1662, and his name appears on the census list for the year 1698.

(III) John Corwin, son of John (II) and Mary (Glover) Corwin, and known as Captain John, was born in 1663 and died December 13, 1729. He married before 1698. Their children were six in number: Benjamin, John, David, Sarah, Elizabeth and Hester.

(IV) David Corwin, son of Captain John (III), was born about 1705, not later than 1710, and died before 1782. He married Deborah Wells, 1732; she was born in 1717 and died November 24, 1798. Their children were six in number, named as follows: David, Joshua, Joseph, Phinneas, Eli, Annie and perhaps another daughter. He moved to Orange county, New York, probably before or at the opening of the Revolutionary war. He was buried at Middletown in that county. He was a freeholder of Southold in 1737 and his name was written "Curwin."

(V) Joshua Corwin, son of David Corwin (IV), was born on Long Island, New York, March 25, 1735, or March 26, 1733, and died July 6, 1812. He married Anna Paine May 1, 1755, at Southold; she was born September 6, 1733, and died April 4, 1781. For his second wife Joshua Corwin married Rhoda Davis, widow of a Mr. Emerson. Joshua had the following children: Joshua, Peter, David, Abner, Annie, Joseph, John, Jemima and Benjamin. In 1775 he signed an engagement to support congress. In

1776 his name appears on a census list. He lived near Mount Hope and removed to Orange county, New York, during or soon after the close of the Revolutionary struggle.

(VI) Abner Corwin, son of Joshua Corwin (V), was born March 3, 1760, and died in 1838. He married Sarah Overton, February 28, 1782. Their issue was: Seth, John, Joshua, David and Jemima.

(VII) David Corwin, son of Abner Corwin (VI), was born at Mount Hope, New York, July 18, 1799, and died September 26, 1839. He married Hester Totten, of Mount Hope, October 4, 1817; she was born December 10, 1799, a daughter of John Totten (born August 5, 1770, and died October 13, 1864) and Lydia Jacks, born October 2, 1771; died March 1, 1848, her home being at Morristown, New Jersey. Their children were: 1. John T., died young. 2. Stephen O., born May 24, 1820, married Nancy Ann Hobart, August 10, 1844; their issue is, Atrvinette, James B., William Totten, Ellen, Henry Wisser. 3. Benjamin F., born May 26, 1822, was drowned February 5, 1843. 4. Caroline, born June 3, 1824, married Dr. Alfred Bennett, October 26, 1839; they have nine children: Francis, Eliza, Caroline, Ella, Harriett, Alfred, Alice, William Totten and Adolph. 5. Henry W., the subject of this memoir. 6. Andrew Jackson, born January 29 and died February 2, 1829. 7. Jemima Jane, born March 8, 1830; married Adolph J. You, January 23, 1851. He died August 17, 1853, aged twenty-five years. Their children were: Adolph Jackson and Sarah Elizabeth, twins. 8. Lydia Antoinette, born July 16, 1832; married Peter Clark, October 14, 1852; he was born July 3, 1815. The children by this union were: Clinton Corwin, born April 6, 1855; Henry Porter, born December 11, 1857; Evan Peter, born April 15, 1859; Ella Sarah, born February 22, 1861; Jennie Antoinette, born May 12, 1862; Minnie Hester, born June 14, 1865; Frank Totten, born April 21, 1867; Birdie, born December 31, 1869. 9. Sarah Elizabeth, born April 12, 1836; married Evan Evans, March 27, 1855; he was born May 4, 1827. Their issue was: Charles Daniel, born February 24, 1856; Hester Kate, born March 17, 1858; Sarah Caroline, born May 28, 1860; Evan Corwin, born November 13, 1863; Richard Jennings, born October 15, 1866. 10. David R. P., of whom later. The father of this family, David Corwin (VII), was a soldier in the War of 1812, in the coast guard of Long Island, New York. His widow received a land-bounty, but no pension, on account of not being married at the date of his enlistment. He lived for many years at New Vernon, Orange county, New York. In 1836 he removed to Buttermilk Falls, on the Susquehanna, about twenty miles above Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania. His children were all born at the last named place.

(VIII) David R. P. Corwin, son of David Corwin (VII), was born July 18, 1838. He married Susanna Irwin, no issue. He served in the railroad corps of the United States army during the Civil war, and was stationed at Chattanooga in charge of the forwarding department. He was honorably discharged on account of sickness, July 4, 1864. Later he became secretary and treasurer of the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston Railroad Company.

DAVID J. THOMAS, son of the well known foundryman of Pittsburg, was born in Pittsburg October 13, 1832, son of David D. and Rachel (Jones) Thomas, both of whom were natives of Wales and who came to America

in 1832, bringing one child, Daniel, with them. The other two children were born in this country. They settled in Pittsburg immediately upon their arrival in this country. Before coming here, in his native country he had been engaged at farming and also followed the butcher's trade, but upon coming here he with others engaged in mining at Minersville, Pennsylvania, and subsequently at mines on the South Side, Pittsburg, where he was an operator in mines until 1861.

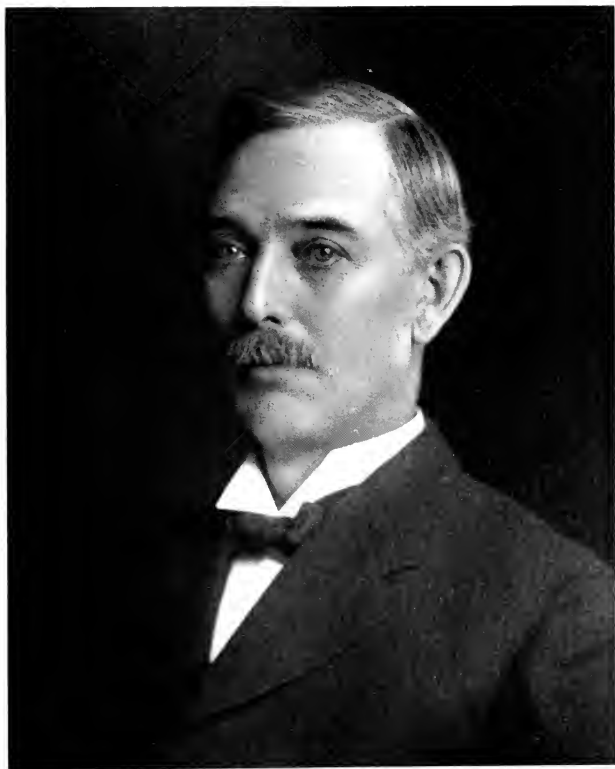
Of his large family of children only three now survive. They are as follows: 1. David J., of this notice. 2. Reese, who now lives in Texas; he was in the Civil war, a member of Company B, One Hundred and Second Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment. He volunteered as a private at the first call, serving in the "three months' men," then re-enlisted and remained throughout the war. 3. Mary, wife of John Stevens.

David J. Thomas, son of David D. and Rachel (Jones) Thomas, learned the trade of a potter and followed the same until twenty-one years of age, when he engaged in the foundry business. In 1870 he engaged in this industry on his own account and is still pursuing it with much success. He has made all he possesses by unceasing toil, frugality and industry of the type which always succeeds in this country.

He was united in marriage to Susana Edwards, born in 1833, and died in 1882. By this union were born five children, as follows: 1. Hannah, wife of Thomas D. Chantler, an attorney of Pittsburg; their children are: Mary, Everett, Rachel and Drummond. 2. Margaret, wife of James G. Strain, a banker of Kansas City, Missouri, formerly of Washington, Pennsylvania; their children are Margaret and James. 3. Catherine, wife of Edward A. Spencer, and their children are: Edward Allen and Catherine Susanna. 4. Shalisha E., now a practicing physician in New York, unmarried. 5. Reba, wife of Joseph W. Adams, of South Bethlehem, Pennsylvania; their two children are John and David.

DR. HAMILTON SCOTT BURROUGHS, who has been one of the foremost physicians and surgeons of the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, since 1891, was born at Rutan, Pennsylvania, December 28, 1852, a son of Thomas Talmage and Eliza Jane (Scott) Burroughs. His paternal grandfather, Samuel Burroughs, was born in England in 1806 and came to the United States when quite young. He finally located at Brownsville, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in carriage and wagon making. Subsequently he removed to Amity, Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he followed farm pursuits until his death about 1886. He married Temperance Reeves, a member of an old New Jersey family. By this union was born the following children: 1. John, who married Mahitable Dilli. 2. Thomas Talmage, the subject's father, of whom further mention is given. 3. Mulford, who married Parney Hendershot. 4. Samuel, married Maria Wood. 5. Dr. James, married Basha Gray. 6. Phineas, married and moved west. 7. Deborah, wife of Theodore Bryan. 8. Elizabeth, wife of Carroll Moore. 9. Ella, unmarried.

Thomas T. Burroughs, the father, was by occupation a farmer. In religious belief he was of the Presbyterian faith. In his politics he was a supporter of the Republican party. He married Eliza Jane, the daughter of John and Susannah (Neciwanger) Scott. The issue by this union was: 1.



H. S. Burroughs M. D.

Hamilton S. (subject). 2. Belle, who married Frank Hedley and their issue is—Emmett, Early, Robert and Dora Hedley. 3. Lotta, married Leroy Marsh, and their children are—Talmage, Mattie, Mont and Cora Marsh. 4. Ella, married Dr. T. M. Milliken. 5. John, married Emma Throckmorton, and they have children—Edna and Etta. 6. James, married Amanda Knight. 7. William, single. 8. Bertha, single.

Doctor Hamilton S. Burroughs was educated in the public schools of Greene county, Pennsylvania, and his early training was supplemented by a collegiate course in Waynesburg College, of Pennsylvania. He then chose the medical profession for his life's work, and attended Jefferson Medical College graduating with the class of 1879. Immediately upon his completing his course he opened an office in Greene county, Pennsylvania, where he continued for twelve years, during which period he broadened his knowledge of the science of medicine through the experience of his general practice. At the expiration of the twelve years of his Greene county practice he removed to the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where for the past fifteen years he has been identified with the medical fraternity of the place, being an active and highly successful physician. His association for organizations for the advancement of professional knowledge and the benefit of the members of his fellow-practitioners embraces a membership in the Allegheny County Medical Society, the Greene County Medical Society, the Pennsylvania State Medical Society and the American Medical Association. Doctor Burroughs is a member in high rank in the Masonic fraternity, being a Consistory Mason. Politically he is a supporter of the Republican party.

June 28, 1882, he was married to Margaret Ann Hopkins, of Waynesburg, Pennsylvania, and to them has been born one son—Samuel Gross Burroughs, born December 23, 1892. Mrs. Burroughs is a descendant of the Pilgrim stock of New England; her father was Samuel Hopkins and her mother's maiden name was Martha Milliken.

ROBERT DILWORTH. George Dilworth (V), son of Benjamin Dilworth (IV), and grandson of Anthony Dilworth (III), was born in Columbiana county, Ohio, April 6, 1806, and died in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in July, 1865. He removed to Allegheny county while yet a young man, before his marriage, and engaged in the saw mill business and later in a planing mill, in which work he continued until his death. He married Mary Jane Robertson, born in Pittsburg, daughter of George and Jane (Mitchell) Robertson. Of the thirteen children born of this union four died young. The names of those growing to maturity are: 1. George, who was a first lieutenant in Company C of the One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers (Colonel J. B. Clark's regiment). At the battle of Chancellorsville he was wounded, and from which he died. He was unmarried. 2. Nancy, married George W. Faulkner, of Allegheny City, both now deceased. 3. J. Lawrence, who was a member of Company C, Sixty-first Pennsylvania Regiment of Volunteers in the Civil war, was a sergeant and was accidentally shot and died from the effects at Auburn, New York, after having his right arm amputated at the shoulder. He was unmarried. 4. William. 5. Mary A., married James Jackson, now deceased. 6. Rebecca, married T. C. Davis, and their issue is: Sadie, Stella, Flora, Olive, Samuel W. Cameron,

all living in Milvale, Pennsylvania. 7. Samuel, unmarried, living in Allegheny City. 8. Irene, deceased, who married Charles D. Hamilton, who is living. Their children are: Florence, who married Morris Ironsides; James and Mabel. 9. Robert, of this notice.

Robert Dilworth (VI), son of George Dilworth (V), born May 26, 1843, in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, received his schooling at the public schools of his native city and at the Iron City Commercial College. Upon leaving school he learned the blacksmith's trade and upon the breaking out of the Civil war in 1861 he enlisted in the Sixty-first Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers, in Company C, for three years as a private soldier. At the battle of Fair Oaks he was seriously wounded, being shot through the left lung and his arm, the effects of which he has felt ever since. He was sent to the Philadelphia hospital, where he finally recovered, and received his honorable discharge from the service of his country in August, 1862. After recovering from his serious wounds he entered the recorder's office in the Allegheny county court house, under Abner McClure, and there remained for three years, after which he was elected clerk of the common council of Allegheny City (1886), serving continuously up to April, 1907, having been there forty-one years. He is a man of unassuming ways, methodical in all of his methods and highly esteemed by all within the radius of his wide acquaintance. Politically he is a Republican.

In Allegheny City, in 1863, Mr. Dilworth married Charlotte Kelly, born in that city, a daughter of Zacharia and Hannah Kelly. His wife died December 3, 1890. They were the parents of thirteen children, eight of whom still survive: 1. George, married Mary Dobb, of Allegheny. 2. Frank, unmarried. 3. Mary O., married William A. Nye, Jr., of Allegheny City, and they have children: Grace, Elsie and Howard. 4. Robert, Jr., married Lillian Smith, of Allegheny City, and has one child—Mary L. 5. Lincoln, married Elsie Hill. 6. Elsie G., married S. W. Davis, of Allegheny City, and their issue is: Lillian, Ruth H., Helen, Walter and Robert (III). 7. Charlotte, married Donald G. Macpherson, of Allegheny City, now of Brad-dock, Pennsylvania, and has one child—Ethel. 8. Cora L., married Homer B. Neely, of Allegheny City. Of the five deceased children, four died in infancy, and one, Edwin A., died aged eighteen years, in 1903.

JOHN HENRY VINCENT, chief clerk under the superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Sheridan, Pennsylvania, was born July 25, 1862.

He received his education at Alliance, Ohio, graduating from the high school, and then entered Rensselaer College, Troy, New York. After leaving college he was employed by the Adams Express Company as assistant agent and messenger in 1881, and remained in that position about six years, then went to Minneapolis, Minnesota, in the service of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie Railroad Company, as a general utility man, under the general manager. He continued there five years and resigned his position to accept one with the Southern Railway Company, which he held one year, and then came to Sheridan, Pennsylvania, in March, 1893, and entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as chief clerk, which position he still occupies. In his political belief he is an ardent Republican; he was elected

first as treasurer of the borough of Sheridan and has since been county committeeman and member of the school board. In 1906 he was elected as chief burgess of his borough for a three years' term. He manifests much interest in local politics. He is a member of the Presbyterian church at Sheridan. In civic societies he is an advanced Mason, belonging to the Thirty-second degree of that body; is also an Odd Fellow and a past exalted ruler of the Brotherhood of Elks. He is connected with the fraternal order of Maccabees, and member of the Loyal Legion (through descent).

Mr. Vincent married, September 10, 1884, Edith Oberlin, of Massillon, Ohio. She is the daughter of Arnold Oberlin and wife. Her father is engaged in the wholesale grocery trade in Massillon. She has one sister, the wife of Adam Knablash, of Canton, Ohio.

William H. Vincent, father of John H. Vincent, was born in Devonshire, England, in 1837, and came to America in 1848, settling at Cleveland, Ohio, where he remained until twenty years of age; he then located at Massillon, Ohio, where he engaged in the hotel business, which he continues to follow. He married Rebecca Voeghan Ellerson, daughter of John Ellerson, of Alliance, Ohio.

MICHAEL HUGH WITHERS, a prominent business man of Sheridan, who has contributed largely to the growth and development of his adopted city and state, is a native of Ireland, born June 6, 1865. He is a lineal descendant of Michael Withers, who was a native of Donegal, Ireland, a grandson of Charles and Mary (Sweeney) Withers, residents of Ireland, the former of whom followed agricultural pursuits near Derry, and son of Hugh and Kate (Logue) Withers.

Hugh Withers (father) was born in Derry, Ireland, 1836. He received a common school education, and later learned the trade of a stone mason, which he followed for a number of years, now (1907) leading a retired life in his native land. He was united in marriage to Kate Logue, daughter of Michael Logue, and niece of a cardinal, and their children are: 1. Michael Hugh, of whom later. 2. Eridget, married, in Ireland, a police officer. 3. Daniel, came to America in the year 1898, was a molder in the Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia, now a resident of Pittsburg, running an express through the village. 4. John, remained in Ireland, on the old homestead. 5 and 6. Mary and Kate, also remained in Ireland on the old homestead. 7. Charles, died young.

Michael H. Withers obtained a practical education in the schools of his native land, and after his arrival in the United States supplemented this knowledge by attendance at a college in Pittsburg. He was twenty-two years of age when he sailed from Londonderry on the ship "Virginia," landing in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. After his arrival here he spent a short period of time with an uncle, Judge Morris Francis Withers, a judge in the police court. His first occupation was in the employ of a coal dealer and he later run the mines for the company he was interested in. In 1896 he took up his residence in Sheridan, Pennsylvania, and there embarked in the coal business. He now deals chiefly in builders' supplies, and in addition has erected several houses, which are models of good workmanship. He is the owner of considerable land, and in many ways is an important factor in the affairs of the town. He is a member of the Catholic church at Sheridan, and his political

allegiance is given to the Republican party. He takes an active interest in politics, but has never sought or held public office.

Mr. Withers was married in Pittsburg, South Side, October 21, 1896, by Rev. Father Wigley, to Kate Holland, of Pittsburg, whose parents emigrated to this country from Ireland. Three children were the issue of this union, as follows: Hugh Morris, born April 12, 1899. Donald and Catherine, who died in infancy. Mrs. Withers died June 28, 1906, and was buried from the Church of Holy Innocents, of Sheridan, Saturday, June 30, 1906. Solemn high mass was celebrated by the pastor, Rev. Father O'Shea, assisted by the Rev. John Brady, of Pittsburg, as deacon, and Rev. B. J. Hynse, of Braddock, as sub-deacon. The sermon preached by Father O'Shea was an exceedingly touching and well deserved tribute to the womanly virtues and christian character of Mrs. Withers, who performed the duties of wife and mother in an exemplary manner, and was regarded as the greatest and most eloquent sermon ever delivered in this valley. Her remains were interred in Calvary cemetery, Pittsburg.

JOHN M. McCONNELL, yardmaster for the Pan Handle Railroad Company at Sheridan, was born July 3, 1856, at Smithfield (or Fernwood) Station, Jefferson county, Ohio, son of James McConnell, who was born in the United States and passed the later years of his life at Holmes Mills. His wife was Susan (Magrue) McConnell, of Jefferson county, Ohio.

John M. McConnell was educated at Powell's school house, and until his twentieth year remained at home with his parents. He then entered the service of the Pan Handle Railroad Company as section hand on section No. 20, Pittsburg division, and at the end of a few months was made freight brakeman, advancing in 1879 to the position of freight conductor. After holding this position for a few years he was made yardmaster, serving in various local yards, and also at Collier, West Virginia, subsequently remaining for a period of ten years at Denison, Ohio, as night yardmaster. He was next made general yardmaster of the Pittsburg yards, which included Sheridan and Carnegie, and upon completion of the Sculley yards his jurisdiction extended from Ingram to Pittsburg as general yardmaster, which position he still holds. He belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics; Whitman Council, No. 20, Denison, Ohio; the Masonic fraternity, and is a member of the Presbyterian church at Sheridan.

Mr. McConnell married, January 3, 1883, Annie A., daughter of James and Annie Brown, of Pittsburg, and they are the parents of two children: 1. Lottie May, wife of Charles Henthorne, private secretary to General Superintendent Andrews, of the Wabash Railroad; Mr. and Mrs. Henthorne have one daughter, Lois Evelyn. 2. Walter E., an operator for the Pan Handle Railroad Company; he is unmarried and resides at home.

HENRY LEWIS SCHILPP, well known in business circles of Pittsburg, was born October 25, 1873, in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, a son of John and Amelia (Bear) Schilpp. He was educated at the common schools of his native county and at the age of twenty-one years was appointed tax collector in the City Hall, Allegheny City. He showed great adaptability for

this position and was retained there twelve years, after which time he removed to the borough of Sheridan, where he was engaged in the real estate business, representing the Pittsburg Realty Company, known as the Keystone Plan. Mr. Schilpp was united in marriage in 1895 to Lydia Blair, of Allegheny City, the daughter of John K. Blair and wife; her father was one of the founders of the well known department store company of Boggs, Buhl & Blair, Allegheny City. Mr. and Mrs. Schilpp are the parents of four children: 1. Henry Lewis, Jr., born June 23, 1897, attending school in Sheridan. 2. Eliza, born 1899, died 1902. 3. Elizabeth Blair, born December, 1902. 4. John, born July 31, 1904, died in infancy.

John Schilpp, father of Henry L. Schilpp, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in 1853. He was by trade a tanner, which business he followed for several years. Subsequently he engaged in the brewing business and is now the secretary and manager of the Old Economy Brewing Company, of Allegheny. He married, in 1872, Amelia Bear, born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1855, and came to Allegheny when young. Mr. and Mrs. Schilpp are the parents of the following children: 1. Henry Lewis, above mentioned. 2. Charles W., born 1875, married Laura Johanson, in 1904; he is now engaged in the ice cream business in Allegheny. 3. Walter E., born 1876; he is now in the Diamond Bank building of Pittsburg, representing Charles Donley Coke Company. 4. John, Jr., born 1883, now a clerk in the James Brown Controller Company, in Allegheny. 5. Norman E., born 1885, now attending school in Allegheny.

Anton Schilpp, grandfather of Henry L. Schilpp, born in Germany in 1806, came to America in 1846. He was a tanner and followed it in Allegheny City. He had thoroughly mastered his trade in the Fatherland and founded the business here, which his son took up later. He married Caroline Kopf, who also came from Germany. Their children are: 1. John, above mentioned. 2. Louisa, married (first) George Herwich, and after his death she married Thomas Johnson. By her first marriage she was the mother of one child, George, Jr., who was born in 1882. There was no issue by the last marriage. 3. Anna, married James A. Hammond, of Greenville, Pennsylvania, and he died in 1904. He was an architect and took an active part in politics, though never sought public office.

THORNLEY URE WILLIAMS, cashier of the First National Bank of Sheridan, was born April 23, 1878, in Allegheny City, son of Harrison Graham Williams, who was born March 24, 1850, on a farm in Butler county, Pennsylvania, and for many years served as engineer on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad. In 1873 he settled in Ohio, and the same year married ———, born in 1854, in Buffalo, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Williams became the parents of the following children: 1. Nettie, died in infancy. 2. Ormsby P., born March 2, 1876, conducts a large farm in Crawford county, Ohio; married, in 1900, Mary F. Breitweiser. 3. Thornley Ure, of whom later. 4. Harrison G., born in 1880, manager of Dupont Powder Company at Hayer Station, Pennsylvania; married, in 1903, Martha Vitt, one child, Katherine, born 1905, at Uniontown, Pennsylvania. 5. Margaret, born January 25, 1883; married, in 1904, Joseph Ripper. 6. Louis F. F., born April 28, 1887, died August —, 1901. 7. Ebenezer P. M., born May 15,

1889. 8. Byard H., born December 25, 1890. 9. Ethel Kathryn, born August 1, 1894.

Thornley Ure Williams, son of Harrison Graham Williams, was six years old when his parents moved to Enon Valley, Pennsylvania, where he attended the country school for about two years. At the end of that time the family returned to Allegheny and he became a pupil at the Fifth ward school. At the early age of nine years he went to work as cash boy in the dry goods store of Boggs & Buhl, at a weekly salary of one dollar and a half. After serving in this capacity about two years and a half he was employed for one year as office boy in the Pittsburg Railroad Coal Exchange, and during the next four years held a similar position with the Federal Street & Pleasant Valley Street Railway Company. He was then offered the position of messenger at the Third National Bank, Allegheny, where he served nine years, being made successively assistant individual bookkeeper, corresponding clerk, general bookkeeper and teller. When the bank at Sheridan was being organized he was offered the position of cashier, which he has ever since retained. Although but twenty-three years old at the time he accepted the position and one of the youngest cashiers in the banking business, he has been very successful, having contributed largely toward building up the interests of the institution. He is the owner of several houses and many building lots in Sheridan, also a large farm in Crawford county, Pennsylvania. He holds the office of borough treasurer and supports the Republican party, having always taken an active part in forwarding the interests of the organization.

Mr. Williams married, September 18, 1901, in Allegheny, Mary W. Fairley; and they are the parents of three children: Gladys, born July 29, 1902; Dorothy Elizabeth, born June 16, 1905. Thornley Ure, born August 13, 1906. Mr. Williams is a resident of the borough of Sheridan.

ANDREW UHL, one of the best-known German residents of the South Side, was born May 28, 1839, in Austria, son of George and Mary (Winter) Uhl, the former a farmer. Both his parents died in their native land.

Andrew Uhl received his education in the common schools, and from the early age of seven years was employed, after school hours and during vacations, in working on the farm. At sixteen he left home, and for a time supported himself by working for neighboring farmers. Later he served as driver of a stage carrying passengers through a number of towns, until the building of the railroad caused this means of traveling to be discarded. In 1866 he sailed from Bremen for New York, landing about June 28, and proceeding immediately to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he met friends. He obtained employment in Jones & Laughlin's mills, where he remained thirty-five years, this long period of service speaking volumes for his usefulness and integrity. Later he found employment at carpenter work and at building coal barges. He has served several times as a juryman, and in politics is a stanch Republican, having ever been ready to do all in his power to advance the cause of the organization. He is a member of the Lutheran church.

Mr. Uhl married, December, 1867, Maggie Kinsel, who was born in Beron, Germany, and in 1866 came to the United States, making her home in Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Uhl are the parents of three sons: 1. John, of Pittsburg, married Maggie Woltz. 2. Frederick A., also of Pittsburg. 3.



Camerow C. Smith.

Albert F., baker on the South Side, married ———, of Virginia. Mr. Uhl, the father, enjoys the distinction of having been the first of his name to settle in Allegheny county. Since 1901 he has lived in retirement, having then relinquished all active labor.

MARTIN LEWIS BARCHFELD, of Pittsburg, is a representative of one of the well-known families of the South Side, being a son of Henry and Mary (Newhagen) Barchfeld, and an elder brother of Congressman Barchfeld, of this district.

Martin Lewis Barchfeld was born June 29, 1850, in Kensington, on the Allegheny river, one hundred miles above Pittsburg, and was an infant in arms when his father removed to that city and took up his abode on the South Side where, in 1857, he was the proprietor of a grocery store on Penn avenue, near "Little Market." The education of Martin Lewis Barchfeld began in a school conducted in Freeman's Hall, near what is now Union Station, where he studied German and English under Professor Rummel. About 1860 his father returned to South Side, and Martin Lewis continued his studies in the St. Clair township school under Mr. Cunningham. His father was then a coal miner, and every day, before school, Martin Lewis would go to the mines and render what help he could. At the age of twelve he left school and entered the glass works, where he was employed for several years. He next became a heater at Soho, where the Pennsylvania Tube Works are now situated. This was in 1864, and a firm was building two gunboats, the "Morielia" and the "Sandusky." Mr. Barchfeld helped to finish them, and then assisted in the construction of the gunboat "Monyunk." After spending some time in the bolt-works of Lewis, Oliver & Phillips (now the Oliver Steel Company), he was employed in the nut-works of the Woods Company, and then learned moulding at the Monongahela foundry. This trade he followed for a number of years, after which he went to work in the Jones-Laughlin mills, and for a short time in the glass works. For the last eighteen years he has been employed in the machine shop of the Jones-Laughlin Company. Politically he is a Republican. He and his wife attend the German Evangelical church.

Mr. Barchfeld married, May 5, 1880, Carrie, daughter of Charles and Catharine (Annon) Schwarzach, the former deceased and the latter living at the age of seventy-six. Mr. and Mrs. Barchfeld became the parents of four sons, all of whom died young.

CAMERON C. SMITH. Among the successful iron and steel captains in the great army of metal producers in Greater Pittsburg is Cameron C. Smith, son of Joseph S. and Mary A. (Watson) Smith. He was born on a farm in Clinton township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, April 24, 1861, and attended the district schools until he was 15 years of age, and then attended the old Third ward school in Allegheny City one year, after which he completed his education at Waynesburg College. During his college life he taught school and worked at farming a part of each year to earn money sufficient to further his education. When through college he studied shorthand and secured a position as an amanuensis in the office of Wilson Walker & Company, iron manu-

facturers. He was employed by them ten years, during which time it was merged into the Carnegie, Phipps & Company, and that into the Carnegie Steel Company. In 1893 he left their employ and engaged with the Reliance Steel Casting Company, a concern engaged in a smaller business. He continued there six years and withdrew and organized the Union Steel Casting Company, and built their plant. This company was organized in 1899 with a capital of sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars, but has now grown to the large sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars, and is at present, perhaps, the most successful plant of its kind in the country. Mr. Smith was secretary and general manager of the concern for the first year of its existence, when he was elected president, the position he still holds. It may be said that his knowledge of men and what they are best calculated to work at has made him wonderfully effective in the discharge of his duties. In the selection of his men for the various departments he makes but few mistakes, and it is this fact that causes him to successfully manage the extensive and successful business which this company now carries on. He is a member of nearly all of the leading engineering societies in the country, and has made close friends of a legion of the leading business men in all sections of the country.

Mr. Smith was united in marriage, in 1902, to Maud Forsaith, of Etna, Pennsylvania, and they now reside at No. 719 North Negley avenue, Pittsburg.

Of his ancestry it may be said in this connection that he has descended from the German emigrant who came to America in 1700. Joseph Smith, for many years prior to his death one of Pittsburg's most highly respected and public-spirited citizens, was born in 1823, at Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, a son of Daniel Smith, who was born in 1799, at New Hill, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, and was by trade a blacksmith.

In 1836 Joseph Smith moved to Pittsburg, where he worked at his trade until 1840, when he settled on a farm in West Deer township, Allegheny county, and then turned his whole attention to farming in its various branches. In 1845, however, he returned to Pittsburg and retired from active labors and business. He was a Whig in politics and an elder in the German Lutheran church. His father was a Revolutionary soldier. Daniel Smith married Eleanora Schrom, whose father was also in the Revolutionary struggle, and their children were: George, Joseph, Frederick, David, Jacob, William, Harvey, Henry, Ann and three who died in childhood. The mother of these children died in 1847, the father surviving until 1873.

Joseph Smith, son of Daniel and Eleanora (Schrom) Smith, was a mere boy when his parents removed to Butler county, and there he spent the greater part of his life. On reaching manhood he decided to become a farmer, and thenceforth became a successful agriculturist. Later he became possessed of a farm on which he made his home for a number of years, and was recognized as one of Butler county's best, most thoroughgoing farmers. In 1881 he sold his estate and moved to Sharpsburg, where he resided three years, and in 1884 went to Tarentum, retiring the same year from all active business. At all times he took a keen interest in public affairs, and was ready to do all within his power to further the best interests and measures in local government. His political principles were those of the Republican party. He was a member of the United Presbyterian church.

He married Mary Ann Watson, and they became the parents of the following children: Mary E., born 1848, wife of Anderson Hazlett; James C.;

born in 1850, married Mary Ann Woods; Elizabeth, born in 1851, died in 1862; John L., born in 1852, married Sadie Noel; David, born in 1854, died in 1862; Frank A., born in 1855, married Catherine Stepp; Maria, born in 1856, died in 1862; Sadie A., born in 1857, wife of W. P. Wood; Walter D., born in 1858, died in 1862; Cameron C. (subject), born in 1861, married Maud Forsaith; George W., born in 1862, married Ida Nease; Alma, born in 1864, wife of A. N. Nevin, and Harry G., born in 1866, married Sarah Martin. Mr. Smith's death occurred in 1898, and was widely and sincerely mourned, not alone by his family, but by the many to whom he was known as a distinguished citizen and a man of marked integrity.

Mary Ann (Watson) Smith, the mother of the family just enumerated, was the daughter of James Watson and a granddaughter of Thomas Watson, who was born in Ireland in 1759 and moved with his parents to Dauphin county, Pennsylvania, when a boy. He served in the Revolutionary war, being taken prisoner at the battle of Brandywine. He was confined at Wilmington one month and on a British prison ship two months. He was later detailed to herd cattle for the British army. On an occasion when the cattle stampeded he chased a two-year-old heifer so far into the woods that he was lost sight of and thus escaped. He served under Lieutenant Colonel Bicker in Captain McGowan's company and enlisted at Middletown, Pennsylvania. He married Sarah Culan, of Chester county, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of one son and one daughter—James and Rebecca. Thomas Watson died in Butler county in 1845.

James Watson, son of Thomas and Sarah (Culan) Watson, was born in 1795, in Chester county, Pennsylvania, and in 1799 was taken by his parents to Butler county, where he became a farmer in Clinton township. He served in the war of 1812. He married Mary, the daughter of John and Deborah (Rosebury) Davis. John Davis was born in 1757, in New Jersey, and in 1798 moved to Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he was one of the first settlers. He was a farmer by occupation. He enlisted in the Revolutionary army at Elizabethtown, New Jersey, under Colonel Oliver Spencer Holmes, in Captain Pierson's company, in December, 1776, and served throughout the entire war. He participated in the battles of Brandywine, Germantown, Monmouth, White Marsh, Connecticut Farms and Short Hills. He applied for a pension October 2, 1820, which was granted (certificate 18,185, issued June 29, 1821, under Act of March 18, 1818, at the Pennsylvania Agency). His wife died in 1834, and he died in 1841.

The Pennsylvania Archives, page 661, Volume XXIV, third series, show that he entered a land warrant on April 29, 1776, in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, for twelve acres of land. Also on page 75, volume VI, fifth series, of the same archives, show that he served in the Seventh Class, Sixth Company, First Battalion of Cumberland county militia, and was ordered out in 1783.

Colonel John Davis (father of the John Davis mentioned) was born in New Jersey and moved to Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, locating near Carlisle about 1750. He reared four sons, Benjamin, Walter, Samuel and John, all of whom served in the Continental army. Pennsylvania Archives, page 661, volume XXIV, third series, state that he, John Davis, entered land by warrant for twenty-five acres September 7, 1753, in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, and for three hundred acres, July 7, 1785. The same record

shows on page 626, volume VI, fifth series, that he commanded the second class militia of Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, serving from 1780 to 1782, inclusive.

The children born to James and Mary (Davis) Watson were as follows: Sarah; Deborah; Rebecca; Mary Ann, who was born in 1824, and married in 1847 to Joseph Smith; Maria Phoebe; John; Thomas; James; and Joseph. The father, James Watson, died in 1868, and the mother, Mary (Davis) Watson, died in 1871.

JOHN WILLIAM RUHLANDT, of Pittsburg, who has been for more than thirty years a factor in the political life of the twenty-sixth ward of that city, was born August 25, 1852, on Nineteenth between Sidney and Wharton streets, son of John William Ruhlandt, who was born in 1817, in Prussia.

John W. Ruhlandt (father) received the usual education of German boys in his rank of life, and was reared to agricultural pursuits. He served seven years in the German army as a member of the "King's Guards." That this body was composed of men of tall stature may be inferred from the fact that Mr. Ruhlandt, though six feet in height, was the smallest man in the regiment. In 1850 he came to the United States, landing in New York and thence proceeding to Pittsburg by way of the canal. His occupations were various, but during the greater part of the time he was employed in a saw mill. In politics he was always a Republican, casting his first vote in 1856 for Fremont. He was a member of the German Evangelical church on Jane street. Mr. Ruhlandt married, in 1850, in the old Presbyterian church, corner of Smithfield avenue and Sixth street, Margaret Boehm, a native of Prussia, who came that year to the United States. They made their home on Joseph (now Nineteenth) street, removing in 1860 to another house in the same street, between Sarah and Jane streets, but always remaining in the twenty-sixth ward. Their children were: 1. John William, of whom later. 2. Lizzie, wife of Gustav Espy, of Pittsburg. 3. Carolina, wife of John Smith, of Pittsburg. 4. Charles J., clerk in county comptroller's office, married Sarah Lutz. Mr. Ruhlandt, the father, died September 10, 1905, and is buried in the German Presbyterian cemetery.

John William Ruhlandt, son of John William and Margaret (Boehm) Ruhlandt, was a pupil in the schools of the twenty-sixth ward from the age of six to that of nine, being obliged, at that early period of life, in consequence of his father's straitened circumstances, to go to work in a glass factory. Later, however, he supplied his educational deficiencies by attending night school. He remained in the glass factory until 1874, when he engaged in the hotel business in Odd Fellows' Hall, on Eighteenth street. In 1885 he bought land on which he erected the hotel which he now conducts. In 1879 he helped to organize the Co-operative Flint Glass Company, of Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and for the last ten years has been president of that body. In 1874 he entered politics, and has ever since taken an extremely active part in the affairs of the twenty-sixth ward. During this whole period he has adhered unwaveringly to the Republican party and has been connected with the organization as a member of the city and county committees. In 1880 he was elected to the common council from the twenty-sixth ward and served until 1889, when the new charter went into effect. In 1896 he was made a mem-

ber of the select council from the ward, serving until January, 1907, when he was compelled to resign in compliance with a ruling of the judge. During his terms as councilman he served on the corporation committee, the police committee and the board of survey. He affiliates with Germania Lodge No. 509, Free and Accepted Masons, Lodge No. 11, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and the Oress and Americus clubs. He has been a Mason for twenty years.

Mr. Ruhlandt married, February 16, 1874, in Pittsburg, Margaret, daughter of the late Conrad Gang, of that city, and the following children have been born to them: 1. William J., at home. 2. Henry, attended the public schools and graduated from the high school. He then served for a time as clerk in the comptroller's office, under Colonel Thompson, and in 1906 was elected to the Pennsylvania state legislature. 3. Clara, married Henry Kyle and died in 1903, leaving one child, Margaret, aged four years.

GEORGE HOHMEYER, a successful merchant in Pittsburg, located at 2505 Jane street, was born November 18, 1866, son of Andrew and Annie Martha (Hahn) Hohmeyer, who at the time of his birth resided between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets on Jane.

When he was but five years of age he commenced going to school at the Morris sub-district school in the twenty-fifth ward. His first teacher was Miss Ella Reed, now the wife of John McKane, and he attended this school for about three years, after which he began to work in the nut and bolt factory of Oliver & Phillips, with whom he remained four years, attending night schools. Among his teachers in this school was a Miss Dyer, who did all in her power to encourage and advance him in his studies at night, after having worked hard all day in the shop. After four years in the nut factory he took employment in the chimney glass factory on Seventh street and later went with a similar factory of Thomas Evans. It was later that he found employment in the flattening department of the window-glass factory of Pittsburg, belonging to Stewart, Estep and Company, with whom he served faithfully for four years and a half. He was then in his twenty-first year and went at the carpenter's trade, under — Noll, with whom he served an apprenticeship of two years, after which he worked as journeyman for ten years. In October, 1897, he engaged in the grocery trade at his present place of business, where he carries a good stock of family groceries. Mr. Hohmeyer has made for himself a good home, and accumulated property by his own will power and labors, assisted by the help of his industrious wife. Mr. Hohmeyer and his family are all members of the German Baptist church, of which body he has been a trustee two years and treasurer. In his national politics he is a staunch Republican, though never desires office at the hands of his fellow countrymen. He is numbered among the membership of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, including the Encampment; Junior Order of American Mechanics and the Protective Home Circle.

He was united in marriage by the Rev. L. H. Donners, pastor of the First German Baptist Church, to Mary Noll, who resided in the twenty-sixth ward of the city; she is the daughter of Andrew and Mary (Kipp) Noll, both natives of Germany and both now deceased. The children born to Mr. and

Mrs. Hohmeyer are as follows: 1. Edna M., born July 14, 1892. 2. Nattie Emma, born March 5, 1894. 3. George Raymond, born November 4, 1906. Three are deceased, Hattie, Andrew and one unnamed.

DAVID LEWIS, who for many years was employed as a "roller" in the steel mills of Jones & Laughlin, of Pittsburg, was born October 25, 1852, in Wales, son of William Lewis, of the same locality, born May 4, 1823, and Cecelia (Richards) Lewis, born February 14, 1823.

William Lewis (father) began, after obtaining a common school education, to learn the iron business at Murtha, Wales, and continued in it throughout his entire active life. With his wife and three children he emigrated to America in 1856, sailing from Liverpool, England, on a sailing vessel, landing in New York, having made the trip in thirty days. They came on directly to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and established a home in the sixth ward. In 1861 they removed to the South Side into what is known as St. Clair township, and later as the borough of Ormsby, but now the twenty-fourth ward of Pittsburg. Mr. Lewis obtained work in the Jones & Laughlin iron mills, where he remained until his death in September, 1884. He was a member of the Baptist church, and in politics a Republican. He was highly esteemed by the community in which he lived for his upright character and daily walk among his fellow workmen. His wife died December 29, 1906. Their issue was as follows: 1. Margaret, born September 15, 1846, died in infancy. 2. Elizabeth, born October 9, 1847, died an infant. 3. Margaret (second), born August 5, 1850, married John Koontz, a veteran of the Civil war who had his leg shot from his body at the battle of Vicksburg. 4. David, of whom later. 5. Mary, born December 27, 1854, married Thomas M——, now deceased, and she resides in the twenty-fourth ward of Pittsburg. 6. Rachel, born May 26, 1857, died aged four years. 7. Ann Jane, born September 26, 1859, married John E. Williams, now of Pittsburg. 8. William, born October 20, 1861, deceased. 9. William (second), born January 3, 1864, attended public school in the twenty-fourth ward and became an assistant roller with his brother David, but later enlisted in Cleveland, participating in the Spanish-American war, serving throughout the Philippine campaigns, being in the service in all three years. After his return home he worked in the structural steel works. He died in Delaware, Ohio.

David Lewis, of this notice, was but four years of age when his parents emigrated to this country. When he reached his sixth year he attended the sixth ward school, taught by Miss Coskey; he also attended the Wickersham school in the twenty-fourth ward until ten years old, when he left school duties to work in the iron mills as a "pull-up" boy. He was paid in the form of a blue ticket which he took home every night and gave to his mother, who received goods and generally provisions for it at the company's store, these being used in providing for the family. He was advanced from one position to another, beginning at twenty-five cents a day, and in the same mills he finally became an expert "roller" and received fifteen dollars a day. In 1898 he quit the iron and steel mills and has been an active builder of residences.

Mr. Lewis has been a lifelong supporter of the Republican party, and has ever taken much interest in politics. He served nine years on the school board and two years on the common council. In church affiliations he is a

member of the Congregational church at South Twenty-second street, of which he has been chairman of the board of trustees for more than ten years.

Mr. Lewis married, in the twenty-fourth ward, in May, 1878, Elizabeth Morris, a native of Wales, but a resident of the city of Pittsburg at the date of her marriage. She died in 1884, leaving two children: David, who married a Miss Jones and they reside in Ohio; and Elizabeth, now deceased. November 12, 1885, Mr. Lewis married Winfred Griffiths, born in Jackson county, Ohio. By Mr. Lewis' second marriage the issue is: Mary, a school teacher in the Morris schools of the twenty-fifth ward of Pittsburg. Cecelia, at home. Edgar Jay, a pupil in the high school.

HON. GEORGE M. HOSACK, a member of the Pittsburg bar and one of the younger leaders in the Republican party of Pennsylvania, was born in Dayton, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, October 7, 1866, a son of Alexander Blackburn and Eliza Wrigley Hosack, who are still living and recently celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary. The Hosacks come of pioneer stock in Pennsylvania and of Scotch-Irish ancestry. Mr. Hosack's mother was born in England and accompanied her parents to this country more than fifty years ago, and a few years later located in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, near Connellsville.

George M. Hosack attended the Dunbar and Connellsville public schools, graduating from the high school in Connellsville in 1886. Upon his graduation he entered the employ of Messrs. Wood, Morrell & Company, at Wheeler, with whom he served as a clerk until the autumn of 1887, when he entered the department of literature, science and the arts at the University of Michigan and spent several years in the special study of history and political science. Later he entered the law department of the same institution, graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Laws in 1891, and was admitted thereon to the circuit and supreme courts of Michigan. The same year he went to Uniontown, Pennsylvania, and there entered the law office of Hon. S. Leslie Mestrezat, now a member of the supreme bench, finished his legal studies and was admitted to the Fayette county bar, where he practiced one year and then removed to Pittsburg for a wider field in which to follow his profession. He was then admitted to the Allegheny county bar, the supreme court of the state and the United States district and circuit courts. Prior to his entering the public schools at Connellsville his early years were spent in working on the farm during the summer months and attending school in the winter. He also clerked for a number of years in a store at Mt. Pleasant, Pennsylvania. The first money he remembers of earning was while acting as water-boy for Fred Gwinner, an Allegheny contractor, who was then building the Atlas Coke Works at Dunbar. During Mr. Hosack's legal practice he has devoted his time and energy largely to the solution of corporate problems and has made a special study of corporate taxation. Unlike many another of his profession, he has sought the right, though often antagonizing the great railroad and other corporate interests of his commonwealth, but whom he has never feared, ever preferring to vindicate the rights of the people at large. In the case of the Clyde Coal Company against the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad Company, he secured a verdict in mandamus proceedings to compel the furnishing of cars to prevent discrimination.

In his political views Mr. Hosack is an unbending Republican. Immediately after leaving college he took an active part in politics, allying himself with the late Hon. Frank M. Fuller, former secretary of the commonwealth, and Hon. John R. Byrne, then chairman of the Fayette county Republican committee. He became secretary of that committee and held the same until his removal to Pittsburg, where he at once became active in political affairs, affiliating with the Allegheny county Republican committee, serving on city, ward and county committees at various times. Inside of three years after his removal to Pittsburg he was appreciated, in a political sense, sufficiently to receive the nomination for member of the house of representatives, to which office he was duly elected from the fifth district of Pittsburg by a majority of over thirteen thousand. He was subsequently re-elected, serving in the sessions of 1889-1901. During his first term in the legislature he was recognized as a useful and influential member. As chairman of the oleo investigation, he brought about a reorganization of the office of dairy and food commissioner, and added to his reputation by his courageous act in refusing to accept mileage from the state for serving upon a legislative investigating committee on the ground that the practice which had long been in use was unconstitutional, and further that he had been put to no expense, for while attending to the duties of the committee he was riding on a railroad pass. This act alone saved the state fifty thousand dollars that session and caused the discontinuance of the practice.

In the session of 1899 he was appointed chairman of the ways and means committee, which position at that time was one very difficult to fill in a proper manner, for there was a deficit at the time of four million dollars and a movement was on foot to erect a new state capitol, the old one having been burned two years before. He introduced a number of measures, one of which is the bonus act relating to foreign corporations putting them on an equal footing with home corporations, which act has brought hundreds of thousands of dollars into the state treasury. His activity was honored by the passing of appropriate resolutions, including these:

"Mr. Hosack has shown himself well equipped for the position, with a broad and comprehensive knowledge of the subject of taxation, and has been uniformly consistent and fair to all parties—that we, the Committee of Ways and Means of the House, tender him our thanks for his effort and the results accomplished at the present session."

This resolution was signed by Quay, anti-Quay and Democratic members alike. During the same session, as well as that of 1901, Mr. Hosack was a member of the corporations committee and assisted in securing legislation of great importance to the industrial and corporate interests of this state and of lasting benefit to the people.

Since his retirement from the legislature he has applied himself to the ever increasing legal practice which his ability has brought to him. While holding no political office he maintains an active interest in party affairs, his services ever being at the command of the Republican organization. In business affairs he is vice-president of the Carnegie Coal Company, a director in the Republic Bank Note Company and various other institutions of Greater Pittsburg. He is a member of the East Liberty Presbyterian church, a director in St. Francis Hospital, and always takes an interest in worthy charitable works. In 1906 he was a candidate, subject to the state Republican con-

vention, for the office of lieutenant-governor of Pennsylvania, but Robert Murphy, of Johnstown, was chosen and elected. The platform upon which Mr. Hosack stood was one which advocated the abolition of the ten dollar excess charged upon thousand-mile tickets in Pennsylvania; a uniform two-cent per mile fare; the establishment of a state railroad commission; that street railroads be allowed to carry small freight; construction and maintenance of good roads, etc.

In his social relations Mr. Hosack is deservedly popular, because genial and generous, to which may be added sincerity, and these traits have won for him a wide circle of friends and admirers throughout the state. He is a member of the Duquesne, University, County, Press, Americus, Tariff and Colonial Republican Clubs of Pittsburg, and of the Harrisburg Club. He is advanced in the Masonic fraternity, belonging to the Knights Templar and Shriners. He belongs to the Alpha Tau Omega college fraternity, which he highly prizes.

Mr. Hosack was united in marriage in 1893 to Della G., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Clark, of Connellsville, Pennsylvania. The children born of this union are: George M., Jr., and Margaret.

CHARLES ALOYSIUS FAGAN, attorney, a descendant of the Celtic race, which has given New York and Pennsylvania, with some other states, so many noted citizens, has had transmitted to him in the fullest extent the sturdy combination of both mental and bodily strength and vigor.

Mr. Fagan's paternal grandfather, James B. Fagan, was numbered among the early settlers of northwestern Pennsylvania, in which locality he served as a civil engineer of more than ordinary ability. Mr. Fagan's father, _____ Fagan, was born in Erie, Pennsylvania, and remained in that section until 1839, when he came to Pittsburg, where Charles Aloysius was born July 1, 1859, in the seventeenth ward.

Charles A. Fagan was educated at St. Mary's parochial school and at Ewalt College. Shortly after his graduation he entered the law office of the then district attorney of Allegheny county, and after his admission to the bar in 1887 officiated as assistant district attorney under Judge W. D. Porter and the late Richard H. Johnson. The ability he there displayed brought for him a speedy recognition and directly led to his re-appointment to the same position in 1894 by the governor of Pennsylvania to fill the unexpired term of John C. Haymaker. Step by step he has gradually forged his way to the front in the legal profession. He has for his partner in the law business ex-Senator Magee, the firm being known as Fagan & Magee, who enjoy a large clientage, including a number of extensive corporations. Politically Mr. Fagan is a Democrat and up to 1896 took an active part in the politics of both city and state. In 1892 he was the presidential elector on the Democratic ticket for the twenty-second congressional district of Pennsylvania. He also filled the position of chairman of the Democratic committee of Allegheny county for the years 1894-95. In 1896 he was unanimously chosen by his party at the state convention as delegate-at-large to the presidential convention of that year, but upon the adoption of the platform of that body he found it to materially differ with his views on the policy of the party and he withdrew and resigned his position as chairman of the county committee, at the same time retiring

from active politics. Mr. Fagan is interested in numerous business enterprises, including a directorship in the German National Bank, the Publishing Company, the Iron City Sanitary Manufacturing Company, the Zelenople Extension Company, the East End Savings & Trust Company, the Duquesne Fireproofing Company and the Fetterman Land Company. He is a member of the Duquesne Club, the Union Club, the Country Club and the Oakmont Country Club. He is the president of the board of directors of Charity Hospital.

He was united in marriage February 9, 1887, to Mary A. Kane, daughter of P. C. Kane. Mrs. Fagan's father is a retired merchant of Pittsburg.

ERNEST WHITWORTH MARLAND, attorney-at-law and an all-round modern business man, was born May 8, 1874, at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, son of the well known iron worker, Alfred Marland, and his wife, Sarah (McLeod) Marland. The father was born in Ashton-Under-Line, Manchester, England. The family were residents of that town for six hundred years, and its numerous members are all buried in one burying place. He came to America in 1860 and located at Mt. Washington, Pittsburg, and there built an iron mill on the South Side. The business was long known as Marland, Neely & Company, who manufactured nuts, bolts, etc. He represented his ward in select council ten years and served two terms in the state legislature. He was of pure Anglo-Saxon blood. In religion an Episcopalian. He married Sarah McLeod, born in Scotland.

Ernest Whitworth Marland, son of Alfred and Sarah (McLeod) Marland, was born and educated in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and later attended the Pond Institute, Rugby College, University of Michigan, graduating from the last named in 1893, with the degree of LL. B. He was admitted to the bar of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, June 1, 1895, when aged but twenty-one years. He became general counsel for the Pittsburgh Securities Company, after having first been its president. He organized the Pittsburgh & West Virginia Coal Company, and was made its president, which position he still holds. He has been the promoter of various other enterprises, all of which have been highly successful. He is a member of the University Club and of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce. In politics Mr. Marland is a Republican; in religion of the Episcopal faith.

He was united in marriage at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, November 5, 1903, to Mary Virginia Collins, daughter of Samuel Collins, clerk of the superior court.

CAPTAIN HARRY STEVENSON DENNY, of Ligonier, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, was born in Pittsburg, February 16, 1854, and is a descendant of pioneer settlers of western Pennsylvania, who have left a noble record of service to their state and nation.

Major Ebenezer Denny, the great-grandfather of Captain Denny, was born in Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, March 11, 1761, and was the eldest son of William and Agnes (Parker) Denny. The Denny family are descendants of an early emigrant from the north of Ireland who located in Bucks county, Pennsylvania, in the first quarter of the eighteenth century,

but soon after became a pioneer in the settlement farther west. William and Walter Denny, brothers, removed to the Cumberland valley in 1745, and located near Carlisle. Walter became a large landowner there. He raised a company for the revolutionary struggle, entered the service and was at the battle of Crooker Billet, in Montgomery county, Pennsylvania. William Denny lived in Carlisle. He was the first coroner west of the Susquehanna, and was a commissary during the revolutionary war. His wife, Agnes Parker, was a daughter of John Parker, and granddaughter of Richard Parker, who settled on the Cannadaguinnet, three miles west of Carlisle, in 1730. Three of the brothers of Mrs. Denny, Alexander, Richard and Andrew Parker, rendered distinguished service in the war for independence. At the close the former settled in western Virginia at the present site of Parkersburg, and the two latter in Kentucky. At the age of thirteen years Ebenezer Denny obtained the position of dispatch bearer between the Cumberland county posts and Fort Pitt, crossing the Allegheny mountains alone and traveling through a wilderness infested with savages, and won the confidence of the officers with whom he became later associated, by the intrepid and intelligent manner in which he performed his duties. He later returned to Carlisle and was employed for a short time in his father's mercantile establishment, but after his stirring experience on the frontier, life behind the counter proved little to his taste, and he repaired to Philadelphia and shipped on board a privateer as a volunteer. The piratical nature of the enterprise proved repulsive to him, and he again returned home, but was soon after (August, 1780) commissioned an ensign in the Seventh Pennsylvania Regiment, and joined the army at York, Pennsylvania. He followed Mad Anthony Wayne through the Virginia campaign which terminated at Yorktown with the surrender of Cornwallis. His regiment next participated in the South Carolina campaign until the close of the war, when Colonel Isaiah Harmar, being named as commander of a regiment for garrisoning the western posts, chose Ensign Denny as one of his officers and aide-de-camp. He served in this capacity until 1793, holding a commission as captain, but filling the position of adjutant and aide-de-camp to Colonel Harmar (later a brigadier-general), and was entrusted with many important missions to the Indians, and was with General Arthur St. Clair when he met his disastrous defeat November 4, 1791. He resigned his commission May 1, 1792, and settling in Pittsburg, engaged in the mercantile business, largely that of a contractor to furnish supplies to the different army posts. On March 1, 1794, he was commissioned captain of a company to be raised in Allegheny and especially appointed to the command of Presque Isle, now Erie, where he remained until May 3, 1795. Returning to Pittsburg, he resided on a farm six miles from Pittsburg during 1795 and 1796, and then removed to Pittsburg, becoming one of the most prominent men of the town, of which he was its first mayor on its organization as a city in 1816. He was commissioner of the county of Allegheny in 1797, and its treasurer in 1803 and 1808. He was a director of the Pittsburg branch of the Bank of Pennsylvania, and of its successor, the Bank of the United States, and filled many positions of trust and honor. He died July 21, 1822, in his sixty-first year. He married in July, 1793, Nancy Wilkins, daughter of John Wilkins, who was a captain in the revolutionary war, and brother of General John Wilkins, quartermaster-general of Pennsylvania. John Wilkins, Sr., father of

Mrs. Denny, was a delegate from Bedford to the constitutional convention of 1777, but later removed to Pittsburg.

The children of Major Ebenezer and Nancy (Wilkins) Denny were: Harmar, William St. Clair and two daughters.

Hon. Harmar Denny, eldest son of Major Denny, received a collegiate education and had a distinguished record. He married Elizabeth, daughter of General James O'Hara, one of the pioneer business men of Pittsburg, who had first crossed the Alleghenies with pack horses to sell goods for a Philadelphia trading house. He, in connection with Isaac Craig, established the first glass works in Pittsburg.

James O'Hara Denny, son of Hon. Harmar and Elizabeth (O'Hara) Denny, was born in Pittsburg, and graduated at Dickinson Law School at Carlisle, and was admitted to the bar at Pittsburg, but at an early age took charge of the O'Hara glass works, the pioneer plant of that industry west of the Alleghenies, and was connected with the business and financial interests of Pittsburg. He served in the Mexican war as a captain of an independent company from Pittsburg known as the "Blues." He married, November 10, 1852, Margaret Darragh Stevenson, daughter of Dr. Harry and Elizabeth (Darragh) Stevenson, of Pittsburg, and their children were: Harry Stevenson, of whom later. James O'Hara, born September 15, 1855. Francis Heren, born November 28, 1857. James O'Hara Denny, the father, died February 4, 1859.

George Stevenson, the great-grandfather of Mrs. Denny, belonged to a distinguished family in Ireland and was educated for the ministry at Trinity College, Dublin, but not taking kindly to an ecclesiastical life selected for him by his parents, he ran away from home and came to America, locating in York, Pennsylvania. He married a sister of General Thompson, the widow of a celebrated lawyer by the name of Clarkson, by whom he had one son, Dr. George Stevenson, who married Mary Holmes, and a daughter, Catherine, who married General John Wilkes, the brother of Mrs. Ebenezer Denny.

Dr. Harry Stevenson, the father of Mrs. Denny, was a son of Dr. George and Mary (Holmes) Stevenson. He married Elizabeth (Betsy) Darragh, daughter of John Darragh, who was the second mayor of Pittsburg, succeeding Major Ebenezer Denny. Mrs. Elizabeth (Darragh) Stevenson, mother of

Mrs. Denny, died February, 1883, in her eighty-fourth year, and Mrs. Har Denny, the mother of James O'Hara Denny, died January 19, 1878, in her eighty-second year. The Holmes family to which Mary (Holmes) Stevenson belonged were a distinguished family of Baltimore, Maryland.

Captain Harry Stevenson Denny, born in Pittsburg, February 16, 1854, was educated at Newell Academy and the Western University of Pennsylvania at Pittsburg, taking a special course at the latter institution. Just prior to his death his father had planned a residence where Captain Denny now lives, on the property once owned by General Arthur St. Clair, and occupied by his family for many years. It was conveyed to Captain O'Hara Denny by Robert St. Clair. On arriving at manhood Captain Harry S. Denny decided to follow out the plans of his father, and has erected the dwelling and improvements, making it his home ever since. Captain Denny was a member of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, being elected captain in the Eighteenth Regiment in 1875, and served for five years. In politics he is a staunch Republican, and stands high in the councils of his party. He was a delegate to the National

Convention at St. Louis in 1896 and to Chicago in 1900, and has represented his district in a number of state conventions. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, being affiliated with Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, of Pittsburg. Captain Denny is warmly attached to Ligonier valley, and has devoted himself to the advancement of the community in every manner possible. In connection with Mr. J. H. Frank he organized the National Bank of Ligonier in 1903, and was elected vice-president of the institution. He married, October 1, 1883, Irene Ashcom, daughter of Dr. John Ashcom.

DR. FREDERICK BEATTY ELLIOTT, a leading practitioner of Pittsburg, was born October 25, 1872, at Smith's Ferry, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, son of Laughlin and Matilda (Dawson) Elliott.

Laughlin Elliott (father) was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in 1839, died in 1903. He received a public school education, and served an apprenticeship at the trade of millwright. He removed to Beaver county with his parents at the age of nineteen, they purchasing a farm. Here he learned his trade, which he followed until his marriage at the age of forty. At that time he turned his attention to farming, and it was on his farm that the first producing oil well was drilled in Beaver county. The farm comprised three hundred acres and is still in the possession of the family. He was a man of strict integrity, and a devout member of the strictest of sects, the Covenanters. He was an uncompromising Democrat, loyal and unflinching in devotion to his party. He married Matilda, daughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth Dawson, members of an old and substantial Beaver county family. Ten children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Elliott: Infant, deceased; George B. McClellan, a physician of Millvale; Harry, died in childhood; Mary, died in childhood; Laughlin, deceased; Laura, twin of Laughlin; infant, deceased; Frederick Beatty, see forward; Amos Laughlin; infant, deceased.

Frederick Beatty Elliott spent his boyhood days on the farm, and attended the public schools, graduating from the Beaver High School in 1891, after which he attended the Clarion State Normal School one term. Choosing medicine as his profession, he began reading under his brother, Dr. George B. McL. Elliott. In 1892 he entered the Western University Medical College, and graduated therefrom in the spring of 1896. He served one year as resident physician of the West Pennsylvania Hospital. In 1907 he established his regular practice at 1007 Wylie avenue, later moving to 815 Wylie avenue, where he is now enjoying a very large and steadily growing general practice. He is popular with his patients and stands high in his profession. He is surgeon for the Pittsburg & Lake Erie Railroad Company, surgery being a branch of the profession in which he most delights and excels. He keeps in touch with the advanced thought of the day along professional lines by membership in the Allegheny County Medical Society and the American Medical Association. He is a member of the Second Presbyterian church of Pittsburg. He was one of the organizers of the Land Trust Company, of which he is a director, and is also director of the Great Eastern Building & Loan Association. He represented the seventh ward on the school board one term, being elected on the Democratic ticket. He is a member of St. John's Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Shiloh Chapter, Royal Arch Masters; Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar; Syria Temple, Nobles of the Mystic Shrine.

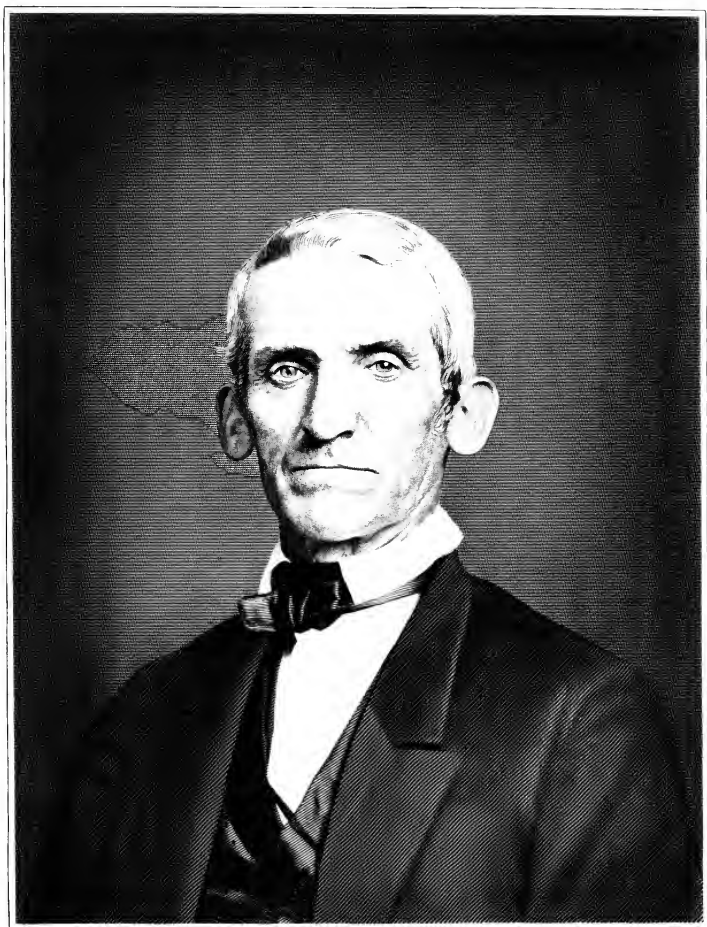
Dr. Elliott married, January 30, 1900, Mary, daughter of James and Mary Egan, of Pittsburg. Four children were born of this union, two of whom died in infancy. The surviving members of the family are: Mary O'Mara, born January 4, 1905; Louisa Matilda, April 2, 1907.

SAWYER AND O'BRIEN FAMILY. John Hamilton Sawyer, deceased, late of Pittsburg and one of the leading business factors of the city in his time, was born on Third avenue, Pittsburg, September 20, 1825, and died July 10, 1877. He was the son of Benair Clement and Catherine (Brooks) Sawyer.

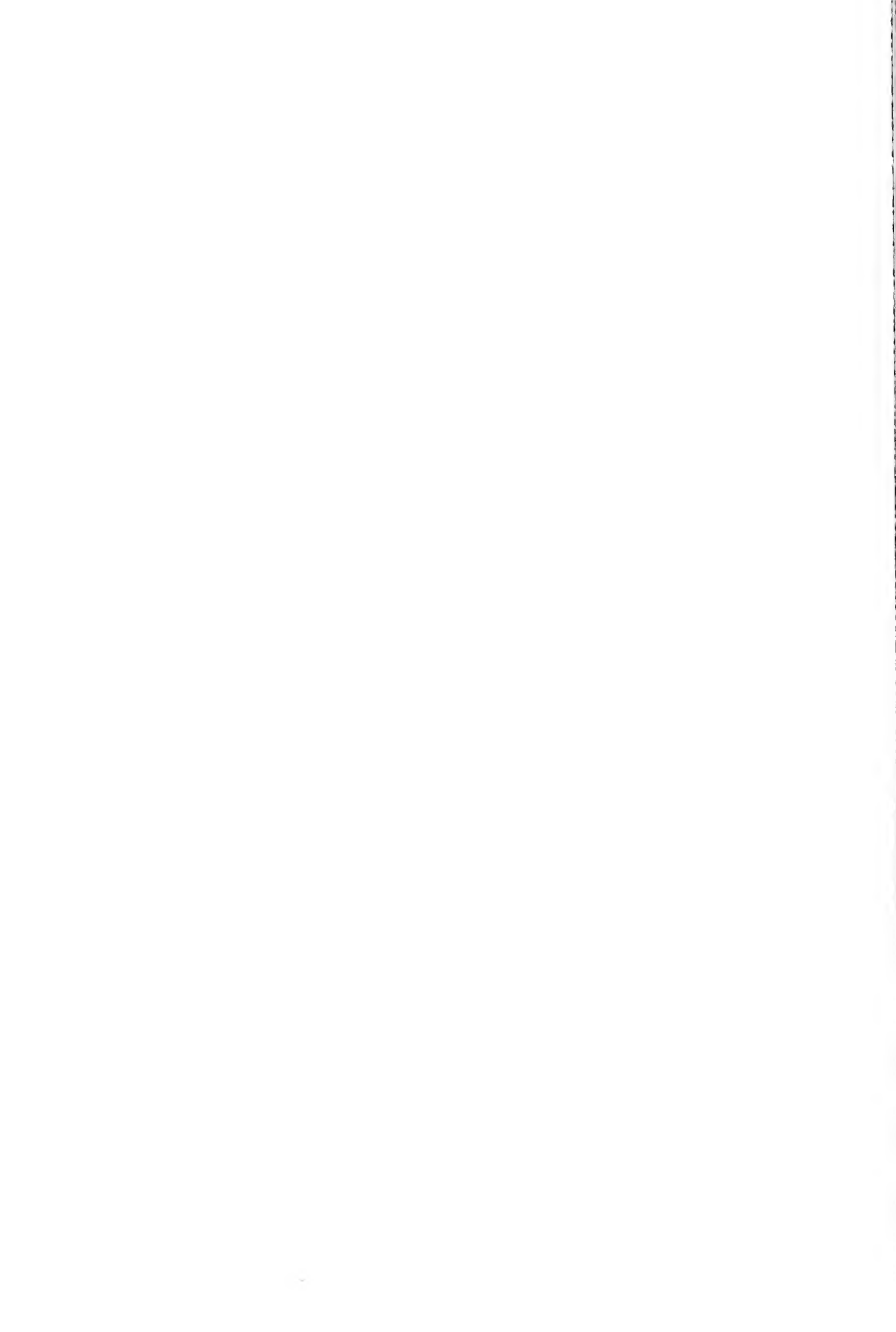
(I) John Sawyer, the grandfather, was born near the city of Boston, Massachusetts. His wife's maiden name was Porter. Both the parents of Mr. and Mrs. Sawyer were among the Pilgrims who came to America and settled near Boston in 1620. John Sawyer was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, and left Boston for Ohio, where he purchased a tract of land near Hockingsport. His name appears among the names of the Revolutionary soldiers on a large monument erected at Wooster, Ohio. He had two brothers who were ministers in the Baptist church, to which denomination he also belonged. He and his wife were the parents of eight children, and their names are as follows: 1. Frances. 2. Eleanor. 3. Robert, a sailor, lost at sea. 4. Samuel. 5. Porter, who became a Methodist minister. 6. James. 7. Nathaniel. 8. Benair Clement, father of the subject now under consideration.

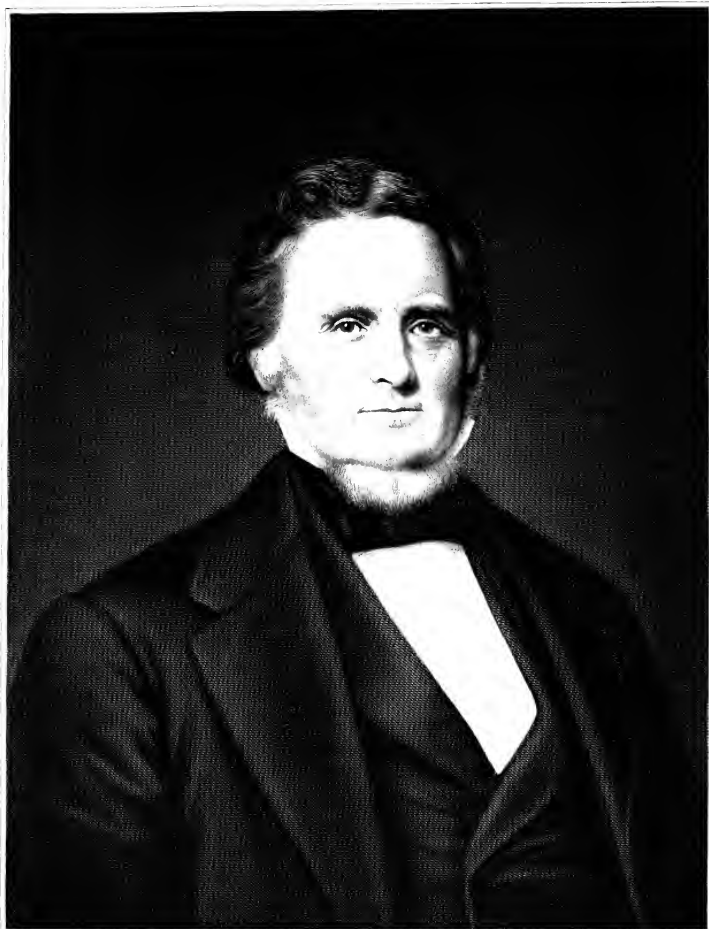
(II) Benair Clement Sawyer, son of John Sawyer, was born in 1791, and died in 1860. He came to Pittsburg in 1812 and learned the printer's trade, which he followed for a short time, and later in life embarked in business for himself as a manufacturer of soap. He took an active part in the affairs of the city and helped to organize the Pittsburgh Volunteer Fire Company. He was an active member of the Trinity Episcopal church. He married Catherine Brooks, born in Carlisle, Pennsylvania, who died at the age of fifty-two years. Her father, Mr. Brooks, was a native of England and her mother a native of Ireland. They were married in England and coming to America settled at Carlisle. He was a highly educated gentleman and the founder of a seminary in which he acted as one of the professors. They were the parents of six children: 1. James Brooks Sawyer, an attorney in Pittsburg, died, aged thirty years, in 1854, unmarried. 2. Robert, died young. 3. Harry, died aged fourteen years. 4. Benair C., who was mayor of Pittsburg in the sixties, and now a resident of Los Angeles, California; he is about eighty-four years of age. He married Catherine Aiken and they have one son and three daughters. 5. John Hamilton. 6. Nathaniel Porter, deceased, late of Pittsburg; he was a member of the soap making firm of "B. C. and J. Sawyer," and was also extensively engaged in real estate transactions. He married Margaret O'Brien, and their children are: John H., of Denver; Henry C., of Pittsburg, and Mrs. Anna Cora Easton, of Pittsburg.

(III) John Hamilton Sawyer was educated in a private school and completed his education in the University of Western Pennsylvania. He studied and became a chemist. At the age of twenty-one years he was taken into the firm with his father and was engaged in the manufacture of soaps until 1865, when he retired from the firm and engaged in the real estate business, in which he continued until his death. He was one of the organizers of the Sharpsburg and Etna Bank, he being president of the same. He was married January 11,



B. C. Sawyer.

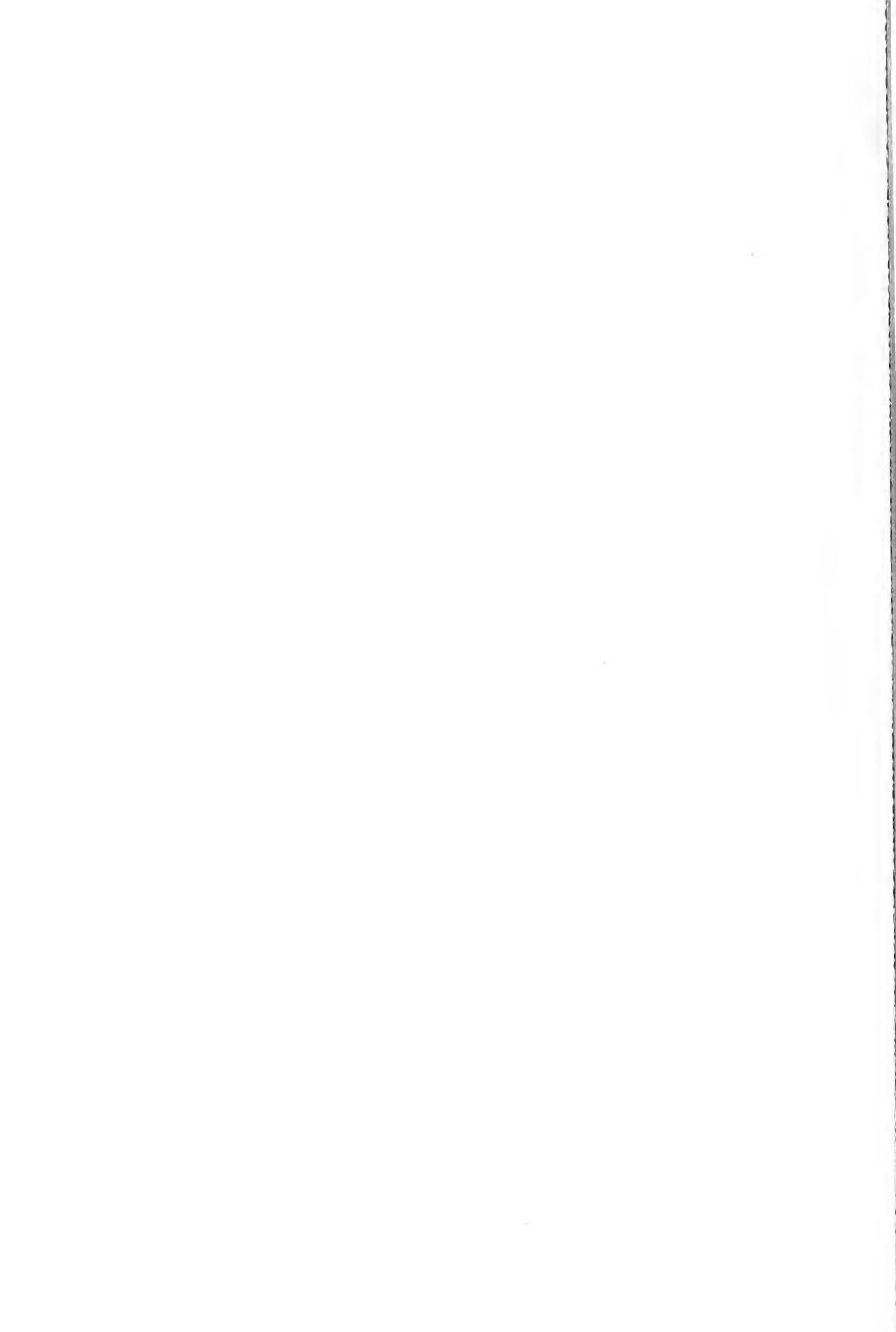




Jno. C. Brien



Mary E. Brien



1855, by Rev. Father McMullen, rector of St. Peter's Church of Allegheny, and later Bishop of Erie, Pennsylvania, to Miss Jane Frances O'Brien, born on Thirty-ninth street, Pittsburg, November 10, 1837, the daughter of John and Mary Elizabeth (Evans) O'Brien.

John O'Brien, her father, was born in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1792, and died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1886. He was the son of Michael and Margaret (Houck) O'Brien. John O'Brien received his education in a private school in Baltimore, Maryland, and accompanied his parents to Pittsburg in 1806.

Michael O'Brien, his father, was born in Baltimore, Maryland, but his parents returned to Ireland, where he was reared, and when twenty-three years of age he came back to Baltimore and embarked in the produce business, coming to Pittsburg in 1806. He died soon after coming to this city. Michael O'Brien married, in Baltimore, Maryland, Margaret Houck, born in Philadelphia, and she was a noted singer of her day. She came to Baltimore in 1790, and sang the first mass ever rendered in the United States, Bishop Carroll officiating. They were the parents of the following children: 1. John. 2. Michael. 3. William. 4. James. 5. Joseph. 6. Samuel. 7. Thomas. 8. Mary, wife of John Haffey, of Pittsburg.

John O'Brien, of the family just mentioned, came to Pittsburg in 1806 with his parents. His father soon died and his widow reared the family, residing on what was known on Fourteen Mile Island. John learned the carpenter's trade and was made a master carpenter at the age of twenty-one years. He helped build the U. S. Arsenal in Pittsburg and continued in the employ of the government for twenty-five years. Later he engaged in the real estate business and had much valuable property in the city, besides being a large stockholder in several of the banks. He was a member of the first Catholic church erected in Pittsburg. He built his residence in 1832, and there died at the advanced age of ninety-five years. He married for his first wife Catherine Leslie, and they had two children, James and Margaret. For his second wife he married, in 1832, Mary Evans, born in Virginia in 1798, and died in 1881, daughter of David and Elizabeth (Chance) Evans, and to this union were born two children: 1. John William, late of Pittsburg, born in 1834, and died in 1895, married Catherine J. Kearns, and they have two sons, Jay Vick and Thomas H., both of Pittsburg. 2. Jane Frances, wife of John Hamilton Sawyer, whose two children are James Brooks and John O'Brien Sawyer.

James Brooks Sawyer, born in Allegheny, November 12, 1856, received a collegiate education and read law with Biddle & Ward at Philadelphia. He was admitted to the bar, and now leads a retired life in Pittsburg.

John O'Brien Sawyer was born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, in 1857. He studied dentistry with Dr. Spencer. He married Mary A. Corbett, of Georgetown, and they have three children—Mary Frances, John Xavier and James Leo. The family resides in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Sawyer's grandmother, Margaret Houck, had a brother in the Revolutionary war who lost a leg at the battle of Brandywine. The Houcks were an old German family of Philadelphia.

BENJAMIN L. ADLER, M. D. Among the prominent and successful members of the medical profession in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, may

he mentioned Benjamin L. Adler, a general practitioner, whose well equipped office is located at 2006 Carson street, South Pittsburg. He is a native of Pittsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, born October 18, 1880, son of Louis H. and Mary (Cohn) Adler.

Louis H. Adler (father) was born in Wurtemberg, Germany, October 4, 1840, son of Jacob and Clara (Ernststein) Adler. He was educated in his native land, and at the age of eighteen emigrated to the United States. He located in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, but after a short residence there removed to Pottsville, Schuylkill county, same state, where he engaged in the wholesale liquor business. Later he returned to Pittsburg and engaged in the wholesale tobacco and cigar business, but subsequently returned to the aforementioned business and for many years has conducted an establishment on Pennsylvania avenue. He is one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of his adopted city, aiding to the best of his ability in promoting its growth and development. He is a member of Rodelph Shalom, member of Pittsburg Lodge, No. 45, Free and Accepted Masons, and member of the Heptasophs. He married, at Millersburg, Ohio, Mary Cohn, born at Millersburg, Ohio, October 2, 1856, daughter of Benjamin and Hannah (Oppenheimer) Cohn. Their children: Jacob B., a resident of Pittsburg; Helen, wife of Moses L. Slock, of Pittsburg; Benjamin L., see forward.

Benjamin Cohn, father of Mary (Cohn) Adler, was born at Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, August 10, 1827, died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, March 27, 1879, aged fifty-two years. He was educated for the ministry in his native land, but it does not appear that he followed that profession. He emigrated to the United States about the year 1848, and for a short period of time resided in New York City. He then went to Ohio, locating at Millersburg, where he engaged in the clothing business, attaining a large degree of success, accumulating considerable wealth, and becoming the owner of several pieces of real estate. At the close of the war he removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and engaged in the same business at the corner of Liberty and Smithfield streets, continuing up to the time of his decease. He was a man of strict integrity, extremely conscientious in all his business dealings, liberal and kind-hearted, and was highly esteemed by all who had the honor of his acquaintance. He married, at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, Hannah Oppenheimer, a native of Hesse Darmstadt, Germany, who accompanied her brother to this country in early life. Five children were born of this marriage, as follows: Henry; William H., of Pittsburg; Bertha, of Pittsburg; Fannie, wife of Alexander Adler (no relation); Mary, wife of Louis H. Adler, and mother of Dr. Benjamin L. Adler.

Dr. Benjamin L. Adler attended the public and high schools of Pittsburg and Pittsburg Academy, after which he spent one year at the West Pennsylvania Medical School, and then entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Baltimore, Maryland, graduating therefrom. He pursued a post-graduate course at Hopkins University, Baltimore, and then opened his present office in his native city, gaining during the intervening years a large and remunerative practice. He has not only the confidence of his patients, but the esteem and good-will of his fellow practitioners. He is a staunch supporter of the principles of the Republican party, to which he has given his allegiance since attaining his majority.

JACOB HARTMAN, an alderman of the city, representing the fifteenth ward, was born in South Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, September 19, 1861, son of Henry and Adaline (Graeser) Hartman.

Henry Hartman was born in Darmstadt, Germany, in 1835, and died in 1879, aged forty-four years. After receiving a good common school education, he served in the German army, as is the regular custom in that country. While in the army his health began to decline and he was permitted to leave and travel for his health. Having a desire to visit America, he came to this country about the year 1856, locating in Pittsburg. Having served as an apprentice at shoemaking in his native land, he resumed his trade here and continued to follow it some years, but later engaged in the hotel business on the South Side, Pittsburg, at No. 68 Eleventh street. After conducting a successful hotel for a time, he finally sold the property and moved to East Palestine, Ohio, where he again engaged in the hotel business, but still later returned to Pittsburg, resumed at his old stand and continued in the hotel business to the time of his death in 1879. During the call for volunteers in the first year of the Civil war—1861—he displayed his true patriotism for his adopted country by enlisting twice. According to Bate's Civil War Record of Pennsylvania, he first enlisted in the one hundred day service, August 26, 1861, in Company I, Third Regiment; was transferred to the Sixth United States regulars, October 25, 1862, and enlisted in Company C, One Hundred and Forty-seventh Pennsylvania Regiment, at its organization, and was mustered out with them July 15, 1865, having seen much service and soldier hardship. He was a member of the German Presbyterian church; a staunch supporter of Republican party principles, and an honored member of the Order of Red Men of America. He was much interested in general and local history and a man of considerable influence in his community.

He married Adaline Graeser, which union was blessed by nine children as follows: 1. Anna, wife of Henry Heck, of South Pittsburg, the mother of six children. 2. Jacob, of whom later. 3. Catherine, deceased, was wife of William Colterjohn, of South Pittsburg, the mother of eight children. 4. Robert E., a merchant on Carson street, Pittsburg; married Catherine ———, and they have one daughter. 5. Harry, a farmer, married Catherine Young, and they have had two children. 6. Herman, of South Pittsburg, married ——— and they have five children. 7. Otto, of Carrick, Pennsylvania. He owns a store in Frankstown avenue, East End, Pittsburg. 8. Frederick, of South Pittsburg, married Annie Bohm and they have five children. 9. Walter, a merchant on Penn avenue, Pittsburg.

Jacob Hartman, son of Henry Hartman and wife, has always been a resident of Pittsburg. He obtained his education on the South Side at the public schools. When nineteen years of age, he engaged in the baker's trade, serving an apprenticeship with George Jacobs, of Lawrenceville. Subsequently he entered the employ of Carl Heberlin, whom he later bought out and conducted a very successful business until 1906, when he sold; his place of business was at No. 3609 Butler street, Pittsburg. In politics Mr. Hartman is a Republican. In 1905 he was elected alderman from the fifteenth ward of his city; he gave his whole time and attention to the duties of this office, except to look after the fire insurance and real estate interests with which he is connected. In 1902 he was elected a member of the school board and served three years with much credit, being president of the board. He has

ever manifested much interest in educational matters as well as all that tends to build up the city and state.

In 1881 he was married to Emma Heberline, daughter of Carl Heberline and wife. Mrs. Hartman was born in Ohio. They are the parents of eight children: 1. Elma, wife of B. W. Campbell, of Pittsburg, whose child, Elvera, is the only grandchild. 2. Robert. 3. Clarence. 4. ————. 5. Ralph. 6. Maria. 7. Gilbert. 8. Clayton. All reside at home but Elma.

BERNARD BANNON, one of the oldest engineers on the Pan Handle branch of the Pennsylvania railroad system, and an esteemed citizen of the borough of Crafton, was born in Ireland and came to this country when a babe with his parents. His early life was spent in Sewickley, Pennsylvania, where he obtained his education. He began life as a railroad employe when but sixteen years of age, gradually working his way up, and has for many years been a trusty engineer, operating fast passenger trains in the service of the Pennsylvania road. He has been in the employ of this company since about 1862 and is at this date (fall of 1907) running between Pittsburg and ———, Ohio. He is strictly a temperance man, and his greatest concern in life is the comfort and happiness of his family. He is a strong advocate of liberal educational training, and is giving his two sons the best educational facilities he can. He is a devoted member of St. Philip's Roman Catholic Church, and contributes liberally to the support of the same. Politically Mr. Bannon is a Democrat, but never allows partisanship to interfere with his good judgment in voting for the man he thinks best fitted to occupy official positions. His home at Crafton he erected himself and it is among the best in the borough.

Mr. Bannon married, January 17, 1882, Elizabeth F. Mackin, born June 12, 1850, a daughter of John and Ann (McDonald) Mackin. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Keeney. Children: 1. Sella Elizabeth, born April 16, 1884, died June 23, 1893. 2. John Mackin, born September 4, 1885. 3. ——— Antonius, born May 10, 1888. Both of the surviving sons are students at Notre Dame College, of Indiana.

Mrs. Bannon comes from an old and honored family of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. Her father, John Mackin, was born in 1812 in Ireland, son of James and Margaret Mackin, and came to America in 1825, locating in New York, where he remained until 1836 and then came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and here followed the bakery business until 1850, during which time he was appointed flour inspector, serving under two governors, Porter and Packer. After 1850 he became a contractor, taking large contracts on the Chartier Valley Railroad. He followed such work until 1876. He built the Pennsylvania railroad offices in Pittsburg, the retaining wall along the Allegheny river on Tenth street, the Pan-Handle railroad bridge, the City Hall in Pittsburg, besides numerous other public buildings. In 1876 he dislocated his hip by an accident, which caused him to abandon contracting work. For several years he was connected with the Franklin glue factory of Pittsburg. In 1866 he purchased eighty-five acres of land in Chartiers township, this county, to which he subsequently moved. He was twice married; first to Ann McDonald in New York in 1836; she bore him ten children, including

Elizabeth, now Mrs. Bernard Bannon. Mrs. Mackin died March 9, 1882, aged seventy-one years. March 10, 1883, Mr. Mackin married Mary L. Harper.

Although not a soldier, Mr. Mackin was present at the battles of Fredricksburg and Chancellorsville. His son John enlisted in Company F, One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Regiment, for three years and was wounded at the battle of the Wilderness, which resulted in his death some time afterward at Washington.

DR. GEORGE JOSEPH McKEE is a member of one of the best known and esteemed families of Greater Pittsburg. He was born at Cambridge, Massachusetts, February 7, 1880, son of John A. and Margaret (McCullough) McKee. His father was born in the north of Ireland and was of Scotch-Irish blood. After coming to this country he first resided in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. He was a prominent man in his day, being interested in the oil business of Pennsylvania, and conducted an oil refinery in Pittsburg for a number of years and was also extensively engaged in real estate business, both in Pittsburg and Allegheny City. He died in Pittsburg about 1892. He had a brother named James B. McKee and a sister, Sarah, now Mrs. Thompson, of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania. John A. McKee was a devoted member of the Reformed Presbyterian church, in which he served a number of years as an elder. He married for his first wife a Miss Armstrong, by whom was born children, as follows: 1. Joseph, deceased. 2. Mary, wife of John T. Morton, of Allegheny. 3. Hugh W. 4. Ella, wife of N. W. Stephenson, Pittsburg. 5. Sadie, wife of Thomas H. Boyd, of Allegheny. 6. John C., deceased. 7. Thomas S., deceased. 8. Samuel S., deceased. 9. James R. For his second wife John A. McKee married Margaret McCullough, a native of Scotland, born in 1837, died, aged sixty-three, in 1900. By this union two children were born, as follows: 1. Samuel Rutherford, died aged eleven years. 2. George J., of whom later.

George J. McKee spent his boyhood days in Allegheny, and attended the public schools, where he gained his primary education. With his mother he removed to California, where he also attended the public schools for a time, residing there for eight years, when the family returned to the east and George J. entered college at Cambridge, Massachusetts, graduating from Harvard College in 1906. He came back to Allegheny, where he was resident physician in the Presbyterian Hospital one year, after which he opened an office in Allegheny, where he still practices his profession. He is a member of the Allegheny County Medical Society. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to McKinley Lodge, Ancient, Free and Accepted Masons, of Allegheny. His present residence is at 2637 Perryville avenue, which he built in 1905. He also owns property in the East End, Pittsburg. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party, and in church relations is a member of the Eighth Street United Presbyterian Church.

JOHN HOWARD CRAWFORD, D. D. S. Among the dental surgeons of Pittsburg who is of the later school of this profession and whose skill is well known by the large practice he now enjoys is John H. Crawford, who was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, September 27, 1878, son of

Samuel Edgar and Lydia Ramsey (Coventry) Crawford. His line of descent is as follows:

(I) Edgar Crawford, the great-grandfather, was a native of Ireland, came to America and settled near the village of Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was a sturdy farmer, and of the old United Presbyterian stock from which have descended so many rugged characters in western Pennsylvania.

(II) Edgar Crawford, son of Edgar Crawford (I), was a farmer and owned and resided on the old homestead in Beaver county. He was a captain in the Civil war and received serious wounds. He died about 1883, in his eighty-fourth year. He and his wife, whose name was Mary Elizabeth, reared a family of children, among whom were: 1. William A., of Baltimore, Maryland, connected with the American Sewer Pipe Company. He married and has two children, Marie and Thomas. 2. Ella, deceased, was wife of Howard Barclay, of Iowa, and the mother of two sons, Harlan and Robert. 3. Samuel Edgar, born December 25, 1853.

(III) Samuel Edgar Crawford, son of Edgar Crawford (II), was born on the old Crawford homestead in Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He received his education in the public schools, and first learned the tinner's trade, which he followed for ten years. Subsequently he went to Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, where he was superintendent for the Pittsburg Supply Company up to October, 1906, when he resigned on account of ill health and retired. He was a man of more than ordinary attainments and the inventor of many valuable patents, among which was the "Crawford's Gas Regulator" and "Crawford's Gas Meter." The improvements on gas appliances and fixtures were numerous. He had been in the employ of the latter company named about twenty-four years and has rendered them valuable service. From his many inventions he had accumulated sufficient means to live comfortably. He finally regained his health, and not wishing to remain idle he accepted a position with the National Metal Company, and in June, 1907, went to Hoboken, New Jersey, to take charge of their plant and there remained to the date of his death, which was indeed a very sad one. In trying to adjust a window shutter in his room, on the fourth floor of the building, he overbalanced and fell to the pavement, sustaining injuries from which he never recovered, dying in the hospital, August 19, 1907. His remains were brought to Pittsburg and buried in the Uniondale cemetery, Allegheny. He had been a resident of Avondale for twenty-two years and was held in high esteem. He was a devout member of the United Presbyterian church, and in politics an active Republican. He married Lydia Ramsey Coventry, born in New Brighton, Pennsylvania. She died September, 1895, aged forty-one years; she was the daughter of John and Anna (Armstrong) Coventry. Mr. and Mrs. Crawford were the parents of five children: 1. Earnest W., born December 31, 1876, now a constructing engineer for the Lewis Foundry and Machine Company; he was formerly with the Carnegie Company. He married Margaret Hutchinson, no issue. 2. Dr. John Howard, of whom later. 3. Helen, wife of Allen R. Gerbaum, of Mt. Washington. They have one son, Allen Edgar, born June, 1907. 4. Anna E., and 5. Agnes M., both residing with their sister, Mrs. A. R. Gerbaum, in Mt. Washington. For his second wife Mr. Crawford married Lydia Marquis, daughter of Captain Marquis, of Rochester, Pennsylvania. She died August, 1904, without issue.

(IV) Dr. John Howard Crawford, son of Samuel Edgar and Lydia Ramsey (Coventry) Crawford, spent his boyhood days in Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, and at Avalon, attending the public schools, completing his primary education from the Avalon high schools. When eighteen years of age he entered the employ of the Equitable Motor Company, at Allegheny, Pennsylvania, where he was apprenticed as a machinist. He remained there nine years, learning the various branches of the trade, and was made an assistant to his father and also represented the firm as its traveling salesman. While in the employ of this company, he took a liking to the profession of dentistry and entered the Pittsburgh Dental College, from which he graduated in 1905, after which he opened an office in the Nixon Theater building, practiced there two years and removed to Nos. 501 and 502 of the Diamond Bank building. He is a member of the Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania; Pennsylvania Dental Society; is secretary of the Alumni Association of the Western University of Pennsylvania; a member of the Delta Sigma Delta of the Dental Fraternity. In his religious faith he is a Presbyterian, and in politics a Republican.

ENOCH HARDERN. One of the oldest engineers in the service of the Pennsylvania railway system is Enoch Hardern, a prominent man of Pittsburgh. He is a native of Wellsburg, West Virginia, born November 15, 1850, a son of Robert and Mary (Turner) Hardern. The father was born in Manchester, England, in either 1811 or 1812. He was a mill spinner in the great cotton factories of Manchester, and in 1846, thinking to better his condition, emigrated to America, settling at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, where he was employed in the cotton factory up to the opening of the Rebellion, 1861, when he was among the first to respond to the call of President Lincoln for troops to preserve the Union. Notwithstanding this was his adopted country, he enlisted with the three months men, being a member of Company C, Sixty-first Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. When his term of service had expired, he re-enlisted as a member of the Seventy-seventh Regiment. On May 12, 1864, at the fierce battle of Spottsylvania Court House, he was shot three times through the right leg and taken to Alexandria Hospital, near Washington, where he was compelled to have his limb amputated. Later he came home. Among other sad experiences he had was that of being taken prisoner, robbed of his clothing and money and finally lodged in Libby prison, from which he was paroled. Upon his return from the war, he opened a grocery store in Allegheny City, which he conducted up to the time of his death, in 1869. This place of business was situated on the corner of Rebecca and Corry streets.

He was united in marriage to Mary Turner, also a native of Manchester, England, and came to this country with her parents. She was the daughter of Richard Turner, who also located, lived and died in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. She died in August, 1877, aged fifty-seven years. This worthy couple are both buried in Allegheny City. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Hardern were as follows: 1. Joseph, who died young. 2. Thomas, died young. 3. Robert, of West Newton, Pennsylvania, an engineer on the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie Railroad; married Mary Jones and they have one daughter, Mrs. Samuel Tucker. 4. Enoch, of whom later. 5. William, of Allegheny, who

married Mary Friel and they are the parents of Joseph, William, Willis and Lizzie.

Enoch Hardern came with his parents to Allegheny City when he was an infant, and when old enough attended the public schools and worked at whatever he could make the most money at and gave all of his earnings to his widowed mother. At the age of twelve years he began to clerk in a store, and when seventeen commenced to work at the painter's trade. January 10, 1871, he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as foreman in the yards, which was but temporary, and in a short time he was given a regular run between Pittsburg and Conemaugh. April 29, 1876, he was promoted to engineer on a passenger train. He ran the accommodation for a year and then took the freight service, continuing until 1901, when he went back to passenger service, continuing until 1907, when he asked the company to give him yard work on a switch engine, which they did, so he might be at home more. His last passenger train was what is known as the "New York Limited," which train he pulled for three years. Twelve years he pulled the Youghenny Express. His record as a railroader is among the best. In all of his experience he has never met with accident; never injured a passenger; never wrecked or disabled his locomotive, and hence has the record which the company highly appreciates. He is a member of Duquesne Lodge, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, No. 325; belongs to the Free and Accepted Masons, Lodge No. 318. He belongs to the Episcopal church, and votes the Republican ticket.

He was married April 12, 1876, to Alice Windram, born in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. By this union was born four children: 1. Olive E., wife of Dr. J. W. Walker, whose sketch appears in this work. 2. William J., of Pittsburg, in the employ of the Westinghouse Electric Machine Company, who married Bessie E. Roberts, and they have one son, Enoch. 3. Harry R., a fireman on the Pennsylvania Railroad. 4. Alice M., at home.

DR. JOHN WALTER WALKER, numbered among Pittsburg's successful dental surgeons, was born on Penn avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, January 9, 1875, a son of William and Amanda (Schoefield) Walker.

William Walker (father) is one of Pittsburg's highly esteemed citizens. He is also a native of Pittsburg, and was left an orphan at the age of seven years. His parents were both natives of the north of Ireland, from whence they emigrated to America. William Walker was educated at Pittsburg in the public schools; he then entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as a fireman, and before he reached his majority was promoted to engineer. He is one of the most thoroughly reliable engineers in this great corporation's employ, having been with them over thirty years. He is identified with the interests of the United Presbyterian church, of which he is a member of long standing. He now resides in the Twenty-second ward of the city of Pittsburg, where he possesses a handsome residence property. He was married to Amanda Schoefield, daughter of John and Sarah Ann (Morrow) Schoefield. By this union were born the following children: 1. Mamie, died in childhood. 2. John Walter, of whom later. 3. Sarah E., wife of Harvey Stenger, the mother of four children: William, Samuel, Glenn and an infant,

deceased. 4. Charles, deceased. 5. Gilbert R., at home. 6. Ethel, at home. 7. An infant, deceased.

John Schoefield, maternal grandfather, came to America with his parents when he was but six months of age. He learned the blacksmith's trade and was one of the leading smiths of Pittsburg, conducting a machine and blacksmith shop for many years, and made much iron work for the construction of early-day bridges. His shops were located on Twenty-seventh street. He was the patentee of one of the first car coupling devices known to be of any practical value. He succeeded well in his operations and retired on account of old age. He married three times, his first wife being Sarah Ann Morrow, grandmother of Dr. Walker.

Dr. Walker was educated at the Pittsburg public schools in the Fifteenth ward, and at Iron City Business College. When seventeen years of age he entered the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company as passenger brakeman, which role he followed until 1901. While in the employ of the railroad company he decided to enter the dental profession, and commenced to study while still attending to his duties on the passenger train. He later entered the Pittsburgh Dental College, from which he graduated in April, 1902. At first he opened an office for the practice of his profession on Elysian avenue, but subsequently removed to the Vilsack building, his present quarters, where he is in possession of a rapidly increasing patronage. Possessing industry and intelligence in business affairs, he has accumulated a good property on Twenty-second street, Pittsburg. Politically Dr. Walker is a supporter of the principles of the Republican party. He attends the Calvary Episcopal church, of which he is a member.

He was married January 8, 1903, to Olive E., a daughter of Enoch and Alice (Windram) Hardern (see sketch of this family elsewhere in this work). Dr. and Mrs. Walker are the parents of one child, Alice Virginia. The home of Dr. Walker and family is one he purchased on Hastings street, in the Twenty-second ward of Pittsburg.

ROSS WILLIS ANDREWS, D. D. S., one of Pittsburg's skillful dental surgeons, is a native of Carroll county, Ohio, born December 23, 1873, son of David Ross and Margaret Rebecca (George) Andrews.

William Andrews (grandfather) was a native of Jefferson county, Ohio, and later came to Carroll county, Ohio, where he operated a fine farm and was a successful agriculturist. This tract of farm land is still held by his descendants. His ancestors were of Irish extraction and originally the name was spelled "McAndrews." William Andrews, the grandfather, died about 1873. He married Rebecca Whittle, whose people all lived in the western states, Iowa and Nebraska; she was from an excellent family and lived to the advanced age of eighty years. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. William Andrews were as follows:

1. William, of Iowa, married and has a family.
2. David Ross, of whom later.
3. John, a successful farmer of Carroll county, Ohio, married and has a family, his wife now being deceased.
4. George, also a farmer of Carroll county, Ohio, married and has a family.
5. Ella, unmarried, resides in Minerva, Ohio.
6. Elizabeth, wife of Jacob Moorhead, mother of two children; this family resides in Carroll county, Ohio, and are farmers.
7. Anna,

wife of James Russell, has two children; this family resides at Dellroy, Ohio. 8. Hattie, wife of ———, a contractor of Minerva, Ohio. William Andrews and wife, parents, are buried at Harlem Springs, Carroll county, Ohio. In religious faith they were Presbyterians.

David Ross Andrews (father) was born in Jefferson county, Ohio, and was reared on the farm, attended the common schools and left home when a young man, working among the farmers of that section of the west. He also operated threshing machines, which was then a different business from that which now obtains, when such implements are common in all neighborhoods. About 1874 he moved to Indiana, where he farmed for a period of years, then returned to his old home in Ohio and now resides on his old farm. He is a man of much ability and public-spirited. He is a thorough believer in education of the young; has been school director and township supervisor for a number of terms each. As a farmer and stockman he is thoroughly up-to-date. His present farm consists of one hundred and sixty acres, well improved and upon which in 1905 he erected a commodious farm house. This farm is located three miles from the sprightly little village of Bergholz, which contains three thousand inhabitants, who live chiefly from off the coal mining interests. Originally Mr. Andrews was a supporter of the Democratic party, but of recent years has voted with the Prohibition party. In his church affiliations he is a Presbyterian, being a liberal contributor. He married, in December, 1872, Margaret Rebecca George, daughter of William and Rebecca (Golden) George, of Carroll county, Ohio. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrews are: 1. Ross Willis Andrews, of this sketch, born December 23, 1873. 2. Sadie Bell, born December 20, 1874, was educated at the public schools and at an academy. She married Henry B. Robinson, a hardware merchant, of Toronto, Ohio. This family are members of the United Presbyterian church. Their children are: Frances, Florence, Dorothy, Irene, David and ———.

Dr. Ross W. Andrews spent his boyhood days on the farm, and had the advantages of the good public schools during the winter months. Later he attended the Normal school at Ada, Ohio, and chose dentistry for a profession. In the autumn of 1895 he entered the Western Reserve University at Cleveland, Ohio, where he took a thorough course in dental surgery, graduating in June, 1899, passing the examination before the state board in December of the same year. In June, 1900, he opened an office at 6202 Penn avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he practiced his profession for two years, then moved to his present location, 127 North Highland avenue. Dr. Andrews is unmarried; is a member of the Pittsburgh Board of Trade; Pittsburgh Dental Society; Society of Western Pennsylvania. He belongs to the Presbyterian church, and in his political affiliations is a Republican.

LOUIS J. VOGEL. Bassilius Vogel, the founder of the family in America, was born at Sackingen, Germany, in 1800. He was a farmer by occupation, and in the year 1850 disposed of his property and came with his entire family to the United States, settling in Birmingham, Pennsylvania, now known as the South Side of Pittsburg. He lived only two years after his arrival in this country, his death occurring in Pittsburg November 28, 1852, aged fifty-two years. In 1827 he married Regina Lutteck, born at Sackingen, Germany,



Joseph A. Vogel

in 1809, and died in 1889 in Pittsburg, aged eighty years. Their children, all of whom were born at Sackingen, were: Ignatius, born in January, 1828; Sophia, February 5, 1832; Jacob, November 5, 1835; Joseph A., March 19, 1838, of whom later; Frederick, March 7, 1840; Rosina, February 15, 1845; Bernard, November 1, 1848. During the Civil war four of these sons, Ignatius, Jacob, Frederick and Bernard, the latter only a lad, enlisted in the Union army. Joseph A. remained at home to care for the widowed mother.

Joseph A. Vogel, third son and fourth child of Bassilius and Regina (Luttek) Vogel, born March 19, 1838, died October 12, 1903, in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He received a part of his education in the schools of Germany, but being required to work at an early age to help support his widowed mother, he was obliged to complete his education by attending the public night school in Birmingham, Pennsylvania. He followed his trade of window glass worker until the age of fifty-six years, when he was compelled to retire, owing to an injury to his hand. He was a member of St. Michael's Roman Catholic Church (on the South Side) until 1898, when he became a resident of the East End and a member of the Holy Rosary congregation. He was a man of integrity and honor, and in both public and private life faithfully performed all duties and obligations.

Joseph A. Vogel married, December 30, 1869, Elizabeth Schmitt, daughter of Anton and Barbara Schmitt, early settlers in Birmingham, Pittsburg. She was born in New York city March 4, 1848, where her parents first settled when coming to the United States from Germany. Six children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Vogel, three sons and three daughters. The sons are: Anton F., born January 29, 1871, is a resident of Mt. Oliver, South Side, Pittsburg, and follows the trade of a glass worker. He married, January 12, 1898, Anna Welsbacher, a daughter of Anton and Elizabeth Welsbacher, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and they have three children, a son and two daughters: Richard J., born May 17, 1901; Elizabeth, born January 13, 1904, and Henrietta, born July 6, 1907. Frederick I. was born February 27, 1876. He resides with his widowed mother in East End, Pittsburg. Louis J., born August 27, 1881, is a resident of the East End, Pittsburg; engaged in the real estate business, and he is a member of the Pittsburg Board of Trade. He married, October 2, 1906, Bertha L. Haberstroh, daughter of Amand and Anna Haberstroh, of Boston, Massachusetts; and they have a son, Louis Frederic, born November 3, 1907. The daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Vogel were: Mary, born August 31, 1873, died November 8, 1877; Henrietta, born August 15, 1884, died December 3, 1892; Lenora, born November 4, 1889, died November 21, 1892.

HERMAN ELLSWORTH KRUMPE, D. D. S., one of Pittsburg's leading dentists, was born November 19, 1879, at Sarversville, Butler county, Pennsylvania, son of William Krumpe, whose parents were born in Germany and who was himself a native of Sarversville, where he was brought up on his father's farm.

William Krumpe attended the public schools, learned the blacksmith's trade and all his life conducted a shop at Sarversville. He belonged to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and was a devout member of the Lutheran church. William Krumpe married Mary A. Kogler, born in Winfield township, Butler county, and the following children were born to them: 1. Albert,

died young. 2. Wesley, also died young. 3. Sarah, wife of C. E. Renick, ticket agent for the Bessemer Railroad Company at Albion, Pennsylvania; children: Herbert E. and Frederick W. 4. Herman Ellsworth, of whom later. Mr. Krumpe died in 1881, at the early age of thirty-five, and his widow married Frederick J. Doerr, by whom she had three children: 1. J. Alfred, teacher in public school at Dubois, Pennsylvania. 2. Norman F., and 3. Clarence F., both at home. The family reside on a farm of one hundred and eight acres at Slippery Rocks, Butler county, and are active members of the Presbyterian church.

Herman Ellsworth Krumpe, son of William and Mary A. (Koegler) Krumpe, was six years old when the family moved to the farm at Slippery Rocks, where he passed his boyhood, receiving his education in the public schools and at the Normal school, graduating from the latter institution in the class of 1899. For three years thereafter he taught in the schools of his native township and in those of Boston, Pennsylvania, and in 1902 came to Pittsburg, where he attended the Pittsburgh Dental College, graduating in 1904 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. During his vacations he was engaged in civil engineering with E. E. Maurhoff, at Tarentum, Pennsylvania. In 1904 he passed an examination by the state board, and in February of that year opened an office in the Geyer building, on Frankstown avenue, where he has since practiced successfully. He is a Democrat, and a member of the Lutheran church.

Dr. Krumpe married, November 29, 1905, Cicely C. Balching, born January 5, 1883, in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of one child, Cicely Mildred.

McCLEMENTS FAMILY. The McClements family of Greater Pittsburg is represented by the descendants of Hugh and Margaret (Burns) McClements (I). This name was first represented in America by Samuel McClements (II), the second child of Hugh and Margaret (Burns) McClements, who arrived in America from Bedford, Ireland, March 20, 1884. The grandfather of Samuel was also a native of Ireland; he was a sailor and followed the sea between Belfast and Liverpool, England. During a severe ocean storm he was washed overboard; beyond this little else is now known of his history. His wife's name was Elizabeth, who died about 1903, aged one hundred and two years. She is said to have been a very remarkable woman and only a short time before her death, when the members of the family paid her a visit from this country, she walked a long distance through the gardens to the depot and acted in all ways like a young woman. She was born on the sea coast and was an active worker in the Presbyterian church. She was the mother of five children: 1. Hugh, of whom further mention will be made in this sketch. 2. Thomas, deceased. 3. John, of Belfast, Ireland. 4. Nancy, wife of Mr. Polly. 5. ———.

Hugh McClements, son of ——— and Elizabeth McClements, was born on a farm near Belfast, Ireland, and there educated. He owned a farm of one hundred acres. He remained at home, his father having died when he was young. After Hugh's son Samuel came to America in 1884 he followed. Here he found employment with Reamer Brothers, confectioners, and has remained in their employ ever since. He is their timekeeper and looks after other inter-

ests for them. His special characteristic in life is his home, in which he ever takes much delight. His flower garden in summer time is also one of his objects of interest. He is a member of the Sixth Presbyterian church, and in early life took a great and active part in the work of the denomination. He is now (1907) past seventy years of age. He married Margaret Burns, now aged about sixty-two years; her mother died in 1905, ninety-six years of age. The Burns family in the old country resided in a beautiful home along the English Channel. Hugh and Margaret (Burns) McClements are the parents of eight children: 1. Jane, wife of John Potter, of Allegheny City. 2. Samuel, of the firm of Randolph & McClements, of the East End, Pittsburg. 3. Elizabeth, wife of Arthur Washington, of Sharon, Pennsylvania. 4. Thomas, of Pittsburg. 5. James B., of whom later. 6. Margaret, of Pittsburg. 7. Hugh, of Allegheny City. 8. John, of Pittsburg.

Samuel McClements, eldest son of Hugh and Elizabeth (Burns) McClements, was born near Belfast, Ireland, May 26, 1866. He received a good education in the schools of his native land, and at the age of fifteen years taught school for one year. March 8, 1884, he sailed on the "City of Nebraska" for America, landing in New York the 20th of the same month. He then came direct to Pittsburg. He was a whole week in this city before he found any friends to greet him, but at the end of that time met John Miller. Soon he commenced working for Joseph McKee, as his clerk, and continued with him for six months, after which he entered the employ of B. A. Elliott in his greenhouse and remained at that for seven years, after which he went with O. B. Patterson, florist, and remained in that position for five years. At the end of that period he engaged in business with Mr. Randolph, under the firm name of Randolph & McClements; today they have one of the leading business places in their line in the East End, Pittsburg. A detailed account of this business appears in the sketch of Mr. Randolph in this work. Mr. McClements is a member of the United Presbyterian church, known as the Sixth church. He is one of the members of the board of trustees. Politically Mr. McClements is a Republican. He belongs to the Chamber of Commerce; to Hailman Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburg Chapter, Duquesne Commandery and Syria Shriners. He was united in marriage in April, 1888, to Ella Crozier, daughter of William J. and Minnie (Owens) Crozier. They are the parents of two children: 1. Adah, born in April, 1889. 2. Samuel, born May 18, 1895. The family reside at No. 5184 Liberty avenue, Pittsburg.

James B. McClements, third child of Hugh and Elizabeth (Burns) McClements, was born near Belfast, Ireland, August 8, 1875. He obtained his education in the schools of his native land, taught by his brother, and after coming to Pittsburg attended the Allegheny City schools. Later he took a business course at Duff's Commercial College of this city. He began his business career as an office boy for Horn & Ward, remained one year and then clerked for A. J. Rankin, druggist, with whom he continued for about one year; then engaged with Reymer Brothers, as a clerk, having charge of their soda fountain. Being faithful, he gradually worked himself up and in October, 1906, was made manager of the wholesale cigar department, and is now one of the stockholders in the business. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Dallas Lodge, No. 508, Free and Accepted Masons; also is a member of Syria Temple of Shriners, No. 329.

He was married June 11, 1899, by the Rev. F. L. Bullard, pastor of the

Presbyterian church, to Gertrude Kiel, born at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, January 10, 1877, daughter of Edward A. and Dorothy (Boom) Kiel. The issue by this union was three children: 1. Gertrude Virginia, born August 13, 1901. 2. James Burns, born July 3, 1904. 3. William McGamery, born September 3, 1906. The family resides at Crafton, Pennsylvania. Mr. McClements is of the Presbyterian church faith, and in politics votes the Republican ticket.

REUBEN HERROD, D. D. S., who has been practicing the dental profession in Pittsburg since 1880, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, on Van Bram street, March 12, 1855, a son of Thomas and Dinah (Taylor) Herrod. His education was obtained in the schools of Derry Station, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, primarily, but in 1875 he came back to Pittsburg to be taught the dental profession. He also attended the Dental School of Philadelphia, graduating on February 28, 1880. The same year he opened an office in Pittsburg, the same being on Penn avenue. Here he has followed his calling for more than a quarter of a century with merited success. Politically Dr. Herrod is a Republican, while in church relations he attends the United Presbyterian church. He has always taken a deep interest in the public school system, and has served as school director in the Thirty-seventh ward of the city of Pittsburg for three years.

He was married to Sallie, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Edgar, on January 26, 1882. They are the parents of these children: 1. Walter Clyde, born in 1883. 2. Bertram Arthur, born in 1884. 3. Ralph Arden, born in 1893. 4. Robert Chester, born in 1896.

Thomas Herrod, the father of Dr. Herrod, was born in Nottingham, England, in 1821, and came to Pittsburg in 1852; he followed agricultural pursuits for a livelihood, and was also engaged in the lumber business quite extensively. He married Miss Dinah Taylor by whom was born: 1. George T. 2. Dr. Reuben. 3. Nora (Herrod) Jackson. 4. Thomas T. 5. Frank. 6. Margrates (Herrod) Smith. 7. Alice (Herrod) Crawford. 8. Agnes (Herrod) Gibson. 9. James C. 10. Harry F. The father died in 1890 and the mother in 1891.

Dr. Herrod is a member of Mount Moriah Lodge, No. 360, I. O. O. F.; Cap Chief Conclave, No. 159, I. O. H., and the Protective Home Circle, No. 48.

BRADEN AND CARLIN FAMILIES. The name Braden, Bredon, Bryden and Bredin, according to certain authorities, are the same and all have their origin in the old form Breton, which surname, or some of its representatives, figured in all the great battlefields, in the extermination of the Huguenots, the Irish troubles and the destruction of the Indians. "Braden is very old, dating back to 800 or 900 A. D." It appears in Domesday Book and has been continuous ever since as an English family title. It is supposed to represent the Danish form of the pronunciation of Breton, which was originally Brayton. There have been families by the name of Braden in England since 1000, and in America since 1650.

During the Revolution in France (about 1790) Andie Bredin, who was a native of France, born June 24, 1759, died in the year 1842, at Gustavus, Trumbull county, Ohio, with other members of his family, came to America,

having fled first to England. He settled first in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, from whence he removed to Gustavus, Ohio, where he purchased a farm of one hundred and sixty acres, on which he resided the remainder of his life. His second wife, Mary (Morrow) Bredin, a native of Gustavus, Ohio, who died in 1840, bore him four children, as follows: 1. James Noble, of whom later. 2. Martha, married a Mr. Smith. 3. Mary, married Samuel Middleton. 4. George Arner, of Gustavus, who resides in the old homestead; he married Adeline Boone, who bore him four children: Lillie, Margaret, died December 27, 1897; James and Ephraim. A brother of Andie Bredin settled in Butler county, Pennsylvania, and he was the father of Judge Braden.

James Noble Braden, eldest son of Andie and Mary (Morrow) Bredin, was born in Gustavus, Trumbull county, Ohio, October 16, 1834. He spent his early life on the farm, and at the age of sixteen years began teaching school, continuing at this occupation for about three years. Later he traveled as a salesman, and by careful management of his income saved sufficient capital to enable him to educate himself. He entered the Western Reserve College, at Cleveland, Ohio, and graduated therefrom four years later. He then came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and embarked in the merchant commission business at No. 329 Old Liberty street, continuing along this line up to his demise, May 23, 1890. He was also interested in real estate, and built and owned several properties in the East End of Pittsburg. He was a man of the strictest integrity, possessed more than ordinary attainments, and was esteemed and beloved by all who had the honor of his acquaintance. He was one of the active members of Calvary Episcopal church, and served as a vestryman for the long period of eighteen years, also as treasurer of the church.

Mr. Braden married Caroline Cowden, born December 1, 1858, at Gustavus, Ohio, daughter of Simpson and Amanda (Bergendorfer) Cowden. Five children were the issue of this union, namely: 1. Harriet Amanda, born November 9, 1859, wife of William J. Carlin, of whom later. 2. Sarah, wife of Edward M. West (see sketch of West family elsewhere in this work). 3. Alma, wife of Wilson Harper, of Landsdown, Pennsylvania, and mother of one child, Harold. 4. James Simpson, of New York City, married Jean Miller. 5. A daughter, who died in infancy.

William James Carlin, son-in-law of the late James Noble Braden, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, June 20, 1856, son of Thomas Carlin, who was born in Belfast, Ireland, in 1821, died in 1885. Upon his emigration to America Thomas Carlin located in Allegheny City. In 1860 he founded the firm of Thomas Carlin & Son, and was one of the most prominent and public-spirited men of his adopted city. He was an active member of the United Presbyterian church, and was noted for his good deeds. His wife bore him four children, as follows: 1. David, died in 1881. 2. Thomas, of Allegheny City. 3. Mary, wife of John ———, of Pittsburg. 4. William James, of whom later.

William James Carlin was educated in the schools of Allegheny City. In early life he became connected with the firm of Thomas Carlin & Son, and in 1899 purchased the interests of his brothers and formed a stock company, of which he is now (1907) president. He is also president of the William J. Carlin Company, both of these large manufacturing concerns in the city of Pittsburg. He is a man of liberal ideas, extremely hospitable, and in his home

and in the society of his family he finds his keenest pleasure. He is a member of Calvary Episcopal church, donating liberally both of his time and money; he contributed largely to the erection of the new church.

Mr. Carlin married, April 27, 1882, Harriet Amanda Braden, who bore him three children: 1. David Noble, born November 4, 1884, was educated under a private tutor and at Western University, and is associated with his father in business, being a member of the firm of Thomas Carlin & Sons. He is a young man of exemplary habits, and his career is bright with promise. He is a member of Calvary Episcopal church, and a Republican in politics. He resides with his parents. 2. Alma Braden, born October 13, 1886, died December 30, 1888. 3. William Douglas, born January 15, 1894, died March 4, 1895. Mr. Carlin and his family reside at No. 380 South Highland avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

THOMAS WIGHTMAN, one of the oldest and most highly esteemed residents of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who has been prominently identified with a number of important business enterprises in that city, now (1907) almost ninety years of age, is a fine example of a life lived well and usefully. He is a representative of an honored family of Ireland, and has inherited the thrifty habits of the natives of that country.

James Wightman, father of Thomas Wightman, was a prosperous farmer in county Down, Ireland, and was of Scotch-Irish ancestry. He emigrated to this country with his family in 1825 and settled in Pittsburg, which was his home for the remainder of his life. He purchased a large tract of land to which he devoted much of his time and attention, cultivating it very profitably for fruits of all kinds that could be raised in that section of the country. He was a man peaceably inclined, of strong intellectual powers, and possessed the courage of his convictions. He was a member of the Presbyterian church while living in Ireland, with which his family had been associated for more than two centuries, but upon coming to America he joined the Protestant Episcopal church. He died at the advanced age of eighty-seven years. He married, in Ireland, Martha Smiley, who died in America in 1830, and they were the parents of nine sons and two daughters.

Thomas Wightman, youngest son of James and Martha (Smiley) Wightman, was born near Newtownards, on Lough Strangford, county Down, Ireland, January 8, 1818. He was but seven years of age when he came to the United States with his parents, and his education was acquired in a small red brick school house in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, under the tuition of A. W. Campbell, at that time one of the most efficient teachers in the city. He developed a decided aptitude and liking for mathematics and, after entering upon his business career, continued his studies in this direction in the evening schools, and supplemented this by assiduous home work. He was but fourteen years of age when he accepted his first business position, which was that of clerk in a grocery store, and he resigned this at the expiration of two years in order to accept a position in a glass manufactory of William McCully, this being at that time the leading industry of that section of the country. He was assigned to the packing department, and here his diligence and faithful and methodical attention to the duties of his position did not fail to attract the attention of Mr. McCully. So great was his confidence in the capacity and reliability of young Wightman that when he had occasion to go to New Or-

leans for an extended period of time, he left the plant in his charge, feeling that he was fully capable of managing it to his entire satisfaction. This confidence was not misplaced, and upon the return of Mr. McCully, Mr. Wightman, though but a mere youth, was advanced to the position of superintendent. This office he retained until he was twenty-two years of age when he was admitted to partnership in the firm, the name being changed to William McCully & Company. This connection was in force until 1851, when Mr. Wightman formed a partnership with Frederick Lorenz, who died suddenly five years later, leaving the business affairs in a very involved condition. It was assigned to Mr. Wightman for the benefit of the creditors, and at the same time he entered the employ of Alexander D. Chambers & Sons, in the same line of business. Shortly afterward Atwood Lorenz, a son of Frederick Lorenz, died, and Mr. Wightman resumed the personal management of the concern, conducting it for several years under the name of Lorenz & Wightman, later changing the name to Wightman & Company, and still later to the present firm name of The Thomas Wightman Glass Company, under which title it has been favorably known in the business world since 1896. This company has an extensive plant, consisting of two factories in Pittsburg, one for the manufacture of window glass, the other for bottle manufacture, and factories at Parker's Landing and Monongahela. The phenomenal success of this business is due in a great measure to the indomitable energy, executive ability and sound judgment of Mr. Wightman. In addition to this concern, Mr. Wightman is interested in a number of other business enterprises. He is vice-president of the First National Bank, and is a director of the People's Bank of Savings and of the Safe Deposit and Trust Company. He is the owner of a quantity of real estate in the city, including the ten-acre lot in Forbes street, on which his residence is located. Though now (1907) almost ninety years of age, Mr. Wightman goes to his office every day, attending to business matters until three o'clock. Early in life he acquired the habit of devoting at least a small portion of each day to the reading of good literature, and this habit he has carried through his life, and is now a man of wide and diversified knowledge. In politics he was formerly a member of the Whig party, but affiliated with the Republican party when that body was organized, and has been a staunch supporter of its principles since that time. He has been a member of the Presbyterian church for more than forty years and has been an elder in the Bellfield church for a third of a century.

He married, July 30, 1845, Isabella Ruth Russell, daughter of John Russell, who was a leading merchant of Pittsburg in his day. Both Mr. and Mrs. Wightman were devoted to their family ties, and until the death of the wife and mother, the entire family were wont to gather in the old home at all holidays. Mrs. Wightman was born July 30, 1824, died March 1, 1904. They had children: 1. Rev. John R., archdeacon in the Protestant Episcopal church and identified with the missionary work in his native city. 2. James Smiley. 3. Algernon. 4. Sidney. 5. William Henry. 6. Mary, died in 1890, aged twenty-eight. 7. Samuel Ralston. 8. Isabella Ruth. 9. Thomas, Jr. Four of the sons are associated with their father in business.

FREDERICK JAMES IRWIN, one of Pittsburg's coal and coke operators, was born in Pittsburg, May 31, 1866, son of Hugh F. and Harriett

M. (Rogers) Irwin, and is descended from John Irwin, of Revolutionary fame, who was a native of Washington county, Pennsylvania.

James Allison Irwin, grandfather, was a native of Washington county, but subsequently became a resident of Pittsburg and was a man of prominence in many things, especially in the literary role. For many years he had charge of the Presbyterian Book Rooms. He was among the leaders in this church and was an elder of the same. He was honored by the nomination for the office of mayor of Pittsburg, but respectfully declined the position. He died aged sixty-six years and was buried in the Allegheny cemetery. He married Martha Morgan, who was of Revolutionary ancestry and of a prominent Washington county, Pennsylvania, family. She was a literary woman and lived to the advanced age of eighty-two years. By her marriage to Mr. Irwin were born the following children: 1. John M., deceased; he was the father of Dr. Robert J. Irwin, of Pittsburg. 2. James A., deceased, of Allegheny, who was connected with the *Pittsburg Banner*. 3. Hugh Finley, born in 1837, died in 1906, of whom later. 4. Margaret, deceased; she was a teacher in the Eleventh ward schools of Pittsburg for many years, and died October 6, 1905, aged sixty years. 5. Lloyd, died in infancy.

Hugh Finley Irwin, father, was born on the old homestead on Bedford street in the Eleventh ward of Pittsburg. He received his education in his native city, attending a private school taught by Professor James Kelley. He entered the office of the *Presbyterian Banner*, where he learned the printer's trade. For many years he, with his brother, John Irwin, published the paper, he having in all been connected with the *Banner* for forty years. He was a devout member of the Presbyterian church, of which he was a deacon and to which he liberally donated in both time and money. Politically he was a supporter of the Democratic party. About 1898 he removed to Cincinnati, Ohio, where he died in 1906 and is buried in the Allegheny cemetery, Pittsburg. He married, about 1864, Harriet M. Rogers, born in New York state, February 11, 1842, daughter of David B. and Nancy Rogers, both natives of New York state. Mrs. Irwin was educated at Yellow Springs College, Yellow Springs, Ohio, and finished at New Brighton Seminary, Pennsylvania. She was an accomplished vocal musician and sang soprano at St. Peter's Episcopal church in Pittsburg in her earlier years. Mr. and Mrs. Irwin were the parents of two children: 1. Frederick J., of whom later. 2. Nancy May, born January 21, 1868, educated in music, sang in Shadyside Presbyterian church, and married L. E. Aiken, of Cincinnati, Ohio, he being superintendent of music in the public schools of that city, as was also his father.

Frederick J. Irwin, eldest child of Hugh F. and Harriet M. (Rogers) Irwin, obtained his education at the public schools of Pittsburg, graduating with high honors from the business department of the city high schools with the class of 1882. He then entered the abstract office of M. E. Cozad, where he read law and examined titles for a period of three years, after which he was title examiner in the law office of McKee & Koethen for five years. In 1889 he was assistant real estate agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. In 1893 he was made chief real estate agent for the company in Pittsburg, serving until July, 1900, when he resigned to accept the position of real estate agent for the Pittsburgh Coal Company and president of the Pennsylvania Mining Company, continuing in the latter until October 1, 1906, when he resigned to look after his own personal interests. His business is divided

among several lines of industry and in these he has been quite successful. Politically Mr. Irwin is an independent voter, while in church choice he affiliates with the Presbyterians. He was united in marriage February 15, 1892, to Elmeretta Louther, born at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, daughter of Valentine and Susan Louther. Her father was among the prominent merchants of Johnstown in his day and was highly influential in that locality, his name standing for the strictest integrity. Mr. and Mrs. Irwin are the parents of four children: 1. Frederick J., Jr., born in Pittsburg, September 15, 1893. 2. V. Louther, born May 8, 1895. 3. Susan, born May 16, 1901. 4. Harriet, born January 31, 1906.

JOHN IRWIN, deceased, was born at Newtown, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, in May, 1807, and died in 1861. He was the son of William Irwin. He received his education in the schools common to that day, and was a well-educated man. For many years he followed boating on the Ohio river and made his residence at Cincinnati, Ohio. He boated from Pittsburg to New Orleans. After accumulating sufficient means to keep him the remainder of his life comfortably, he quit the boating business and located in Franklin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he purchased a farm of one hundred and fifty-two acres, on which he spent the remainder of his life. He was a prominent citizen and highly esteemed by all who knew him. He was a leading factor in the Masonic lodge, belonging to No. 45, Free and Accepted Masons; also to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. In church relations he was a member of the Presbyterian church and contributed largely to the support of the same. After his death his family removed to Allegheny City, where he owned a large amount of valuable property, much of which was destroyed in the great fire of July 4, —. John Irwin was buried in Mount Union cemetery, Allegheny county.

In 1834 he was married to Mary Newell, who was born at Newtown, Ohio, October 21, 1812, a daughter of Rezin B. and Susan Newell. The children born to John and Mary (Newell) Irwin were as follows: 1. Mary, died aged three years. 2. Martha, died young. 3. Thomas, died at the age of twenty-one years. 4. Susan, wife of D. P. Coran; he was secretary and treasurer of the P. V. C. Railroad Company at the time of their marriage. 6. John, of Pittsburg, and his children are: Sallie, Fannie, Susie and John. 7. Fannie, wife of Thomas M. Rees.

Mrs. Mary (Newell) Irwin was born in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1812, and resided there until her marriage to Mr. Irwin. They then moved to Pittsburg, in 1834, and her home has been here ever since. It is supposed that she is the oldest woman living in Pittsburg today. She resides with her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Rees, on Negley avenue. Upon coming to Pittsburg she united with the First Presbyterian church of Allegheny City, then under the pastorate of the distinguished Dr. Elisha Swift. Mrs. Irwin, during the present season (1907), said:

"I well remember the visit of General Lafayette to Cincinnati. There was a great parade on Broadway, and all the Sunday-schools turned out to meet the distinguished Frenchman to show him honor. He walked at the head of the procession, and I ran up to shake hands with him when another girl pushed me aside and grasped his hands. I also saw General Jackson on

three different occasions, and remember his appearance well. I saw Harrison, Tyler and Polk, and many other prominent men of the day, as they all visited Cincinnati."

Mrs. Irwin is one of six sisters and a laughable incident occurred when she was sixty-two years of age: She wanted to arrange for a group-picture of herself and sisters. She asked the cost of a group photo of six persons. The artist answered: "It will depend on the amount of work I have to do. I have much trouble to keep the younger children from giggling and must often make several negatives." When the answer came back, "I am sixty-two and the youngest," there was a change of front. The first sister who died had reached the age of seventy. Mrs. Irwin has one sister living and is now eighty-two years of age. She herself is remarkably well preserved and her memory is excellent. She said recently: "I hope to live to be one hundred years old or longer. I enjoy life very much." She is now in good health and takes much interest in the affairs of life; she is still very keen, alert and active, and goes about her home as if she were still in active control of all its interests.

The facts herein narrated were taken from an article written in the *Westminster*, her church periodical, in February, 1907.

REES FAMILY. Among those of Greater Pittsburg who have been prominent factors in the great business world and whose name goes the world over for having been leaders in their special line of occupation, is that of the Rees family. Wherever steam navigation and steam power in general is employed, this name is favorably known, for some of the best products in both steamboats and engines have come from the Pittsburg works founded and still operated by members of the Rees family.

(1) Captain James Rees, the founder of these immense works, came with his parents from Wales in 1827, when but seven years of age. He was one of nine children and was born December 25, 1821. The family settled near Wheeling, West Virginia, where the father died within one week after his arrival in this country. James, the son, above named, was put to work to learn the shoemaking trade, but soon abandoned that and went to farm pursuits. Soon the family removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and it was here that youthful James Rees conceived the notion of accomplishing something for the world and make for himself a place among the busy men of his country. He first worked in a coal mine, pushing coal cars from the dingy pit; later he entered the Bakewell glasshouse, where he worked industriously for the sum of one dollar and fifty cents a week. Each Saturday night he would place in his mother's hands his earnings, in triumphant glee and just pride. He was by nature a mechanic and soon obtained employment in the machine shops of Pittsburg, where he worked for fifteen months at three dollars a week. In the midst of steamboat building his young mind soon grasped new ideas of the possibility of steam power. Day and night did he work with mind and hands to master his trade as machinist and solve the new problems ever confronting that day in the introduction of improved steam navigation. At the same time he was giving over his scant earnings to aid his mother in the support of the family. As time went on he succeeded and received higher wages. He saved his money and by adding dollar to dollar became forehanded enough to purchase an interest in a shop of his own. He had been made foreman of the

Rowe & Davis shops and later owned an interest in the same. In 1854 he bought the corner of Duquesne way and Fourth street, where the great plants were later built and where he operated until his death, yearly increasing in skill, popularity and wealth. Early in the fifties he established a line of steam freight and passenger packet boats, which he operated with success until 1865, when the railroad took the business. He then turned his whole attention toward the building of steamboats and steam engines. Most of the large steamboats which plied on the water courses of the west and south were built under his direction at Pittsburg. From 1860 to the date of his death this work was his chief occupation. To James Rees & Sons must be ascribed the honor of having constructed the first steel-plate steamboat built in the United States. In 1878 the business assumed immense proportions and they sought business in South America and other foreign ports, where they sold many boats. The "Rees Stern-Wheelers" attracted the attention of the Russian government and this concern sent the plans and specifications to that Empire, from which were constructed the numerous boats on the Volga and Dnieper rivers.

Captain Rees was always public-spirited and active in local affairs in Pittsburg. He was an active member of the fire department; member of the city council; and his judgment was ever looked up to by those having the interest of the growing city at heart. Socially he was genial, affable and companionable. He had a wonderful fund of anecdotes which he used with much pleasing effect on all occasions. His fine home was situated at 5045 Fifth avenue. In manner he was thoroughly democratic. He knew the names of all of his many workmen and freely conversed with each. At the time of his death he was at the head of two large manufacturing plants—the James Rees & Sons, boiler makers, and the James Rees Duquesne Engine Works. These were incorporated into one and in 1898 the officers were: James H. Rees, president; Thomas M. Rees, vice-president; William M. Rees, treasurer; David A. Rees, secretary. Throughout the entire shipping world they became famous as leaders in their specialties—boats and engines. Up to 1898 they had constructed over six hundred steamboats, which plied on the waters of three continents.

(II) Thomas M. Rees, son of Captain James Rees, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, January 4, 1845. He was educated at Lititz, Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and spent his boyhood days in the city of his nativity, where he has always made his home. When but a young man he entered the shops of the Duquesne Engine Works, founded by his father. Here he was taught all the numerous branches of the industry and trade of engine building. After the death of his father he became the president of the company. He is at this writing (1907) interested in many business enterprises, including banking, he being the vice-president of the Pittsburgh Savings Bank. He is also president of the Consolidated Ice Company, and is also largely interested in the Monongahela Iron Works. Aside from his interests at home, he has large financial interests in New York City. Mr. Rees is a member of the Masonic fraternity, being a Knight Templar. He is a member of the American Club and other organizations.

He was united in marriage December 11, 1872, by Rev. Elliott Swift, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Pittsburg, to Fannie Irwin, daughter of John Irwin and wife, Mary (Newell) Irwin. The five children born

of this union are as follows: 1. Mary March, at home. 2. James Irwin, an iron broker of New York City; he received a college education; he married Mary A. Slinger. He served in the Spanish-American war in Company G, Nineteenth Pennsylvania Regiment, for two years. 3. Fannie I., wife of James D. Ayers, who is the assistant cashier of the Pittsburgh Bank. 4. Sue Cenwin, died aged three years. 5. Thomas M., attending college at Troy, New York, at a polytechnic school. He is very active in the affairs of the East Liberty Presbyterian church.

DAVID A. REES, the fourth son of Captain James Rees, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, June 30, 1858, and obtained his education in the public schools of his native city, including the high schools, after which he took a course in mechanical engineering. When about twenty years of age he entered the drafting department of his father's extensive plant, continuing there for five years, at which time he entered the office as clerk. In 1895, when the firm of James Rees & Sons was incorporated, he was chosen secretary of the company. From 1887 to 1891 Mr. Rees was a resident of Memphis, Tennessee, where he was resident manager and secretary for the Milburn Machine Company, after which engagement he returned to Pittsburg, where he has been ever since connected with the James Rees & Sons Company. He is also interested in various other business enterprises in Greater Pittsburg.

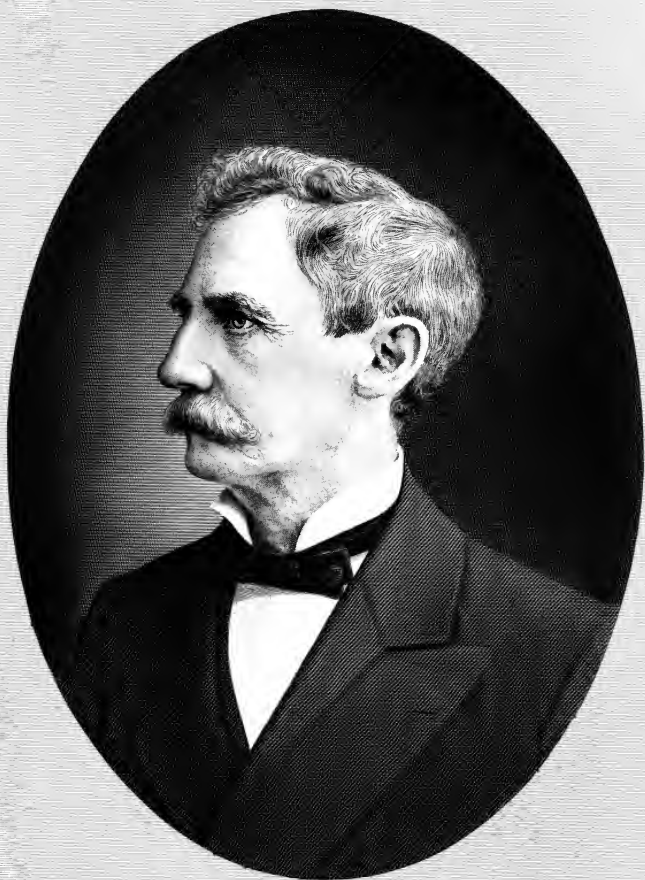
Mr. Rees is a member of the St. Andrew's Episcopal church, in which he is a vestryman. He belongs to the Tennessee Club of Memphis, Pittsburg Country Club, Duquesne Club, of Pittsburg, Pittsburg and Allegheny Driving Club and the Bellefield Club of Pittsburg. In politics he is a Republican and represented the Twentieth ward of his city on the Council from 1884 to 1885.

He was married April 13, 1887, by Rev. David Sessums, now bishop of New Orleans, to Miss Maude Milburn, of Memphis, Tennessee, born at Lincoln, Illinois, the daughter of Thomas and Mary Milburn. By this union three children were born: 1. Mary R., deceased. 2. Frank Milburn. 3. Charles Donald, deceased.

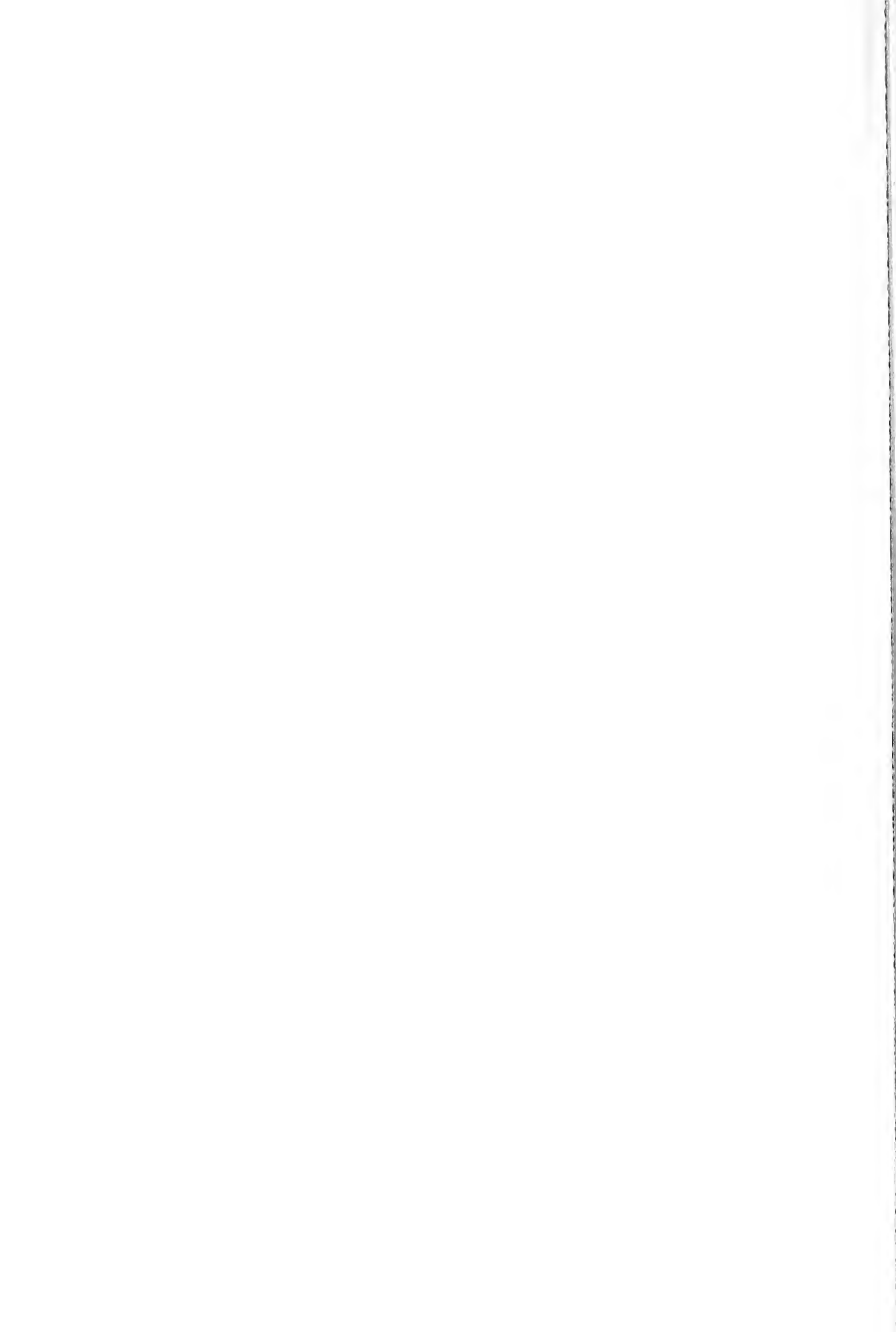
HON. MARCUS WILSON ACHESON. Marcus W. Acheson, son of David and Mary Wilson Acheson, was born in Washington, Pennsylvania, on June 7, 1828. In 1846 he graduated from Washington College, of Washington, Pennsylvania, which institution in later years united with Jefferson College, of Cannersburg, Pennsylvania, to form the Washington and Jefferson College.

Having read law in his native town with his brother, Alexander W. Acheson (later judge of the court of common pleas of Washington and Beaver counties, Pennsylvania), Marcus W. Acheson was in the year 1852 admitted to the bar of Washington county, Pennsylvania. He thereupon moved to Pittsburg, and on June 18, 1852, was there admitted to the bar of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he continuously engaged in the practice of the law until he went upon the federal bench in 1880. In 1860 he and George P. Hamilton joined in the practice of law, and the firm of Hamilton & Acheson continued until Mr. Hamilton's withdrawal, on account of ill health, some years later.

On June 9, 1859, Marcus W. Acheson and Sophie Duff Reiter, daughter of Dr. William C. and Eliza (Reynolds) Reiter, of Pittsburg, were united in marriage.



M. W. Acheson.



On January 7, 1880, Mr. Acheson was appointed by President Hayes judge of the district court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania. He discharged the duties of United States district judge until January 23, 1891, when he was appointed by President Harrison United States circuit judge, to succeed Judge William McKennan, for the Third Federal judicial circuit, composed of the states of Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware. At that time he was the sole circuit judge of that circuit, holding court in Pittsburg, Erie, Scranton, Williamsport, Philadelphia, Trenton and Wilmington.

Upon the organization of the United States circuit court of appeals in 1891 he became and until his death continued as presiding circuit judge of that court for the Third circuit, the sessions of which are held in Philadelphia. He continued also until his death to perform the duties of circuit judge, but there being two additional circuit judges for the Third district, his presence as circuit judge was only required at Pittsburg as a general rule.

Judge Acheson was never in politics, and his entire career was at the bar and on the bench. He died suddenly in his seventy-ninth year at his home on Amberson avenue, Pittsburg, on June 21, 1906. He left no cases undecided and no judicial duty unperformed.

WILLIAM J. BURKE, superintendent of the machine and forge department of the Westingham Machine Company, of Pittsburg, was born in that city July 10, 1866, son of Michael Burke, who was born in county Mayo, Ireland, and at the age of twelve years came alone to the United States. On landing he went immediately to Pittsburg, where he found his brother James, who was employed in the Baglaly foundry. Michael's first employment was that of an office boy for the Dickson Coal Company. He was afterward employed for several years in the Bidwell Plow Works, and for the long period of thirty-nine years was continuously in the service of the Sable Iron Company. He is a resident of the Fourteenth ward, his house on Fifth avenue, which he built for himself, having been the second building on the hill. In politics he is an Independent Democrat. He was one of the first members of St. Agnes' Roman Catholic church, with which he has been identified since the first services were conducted in a stable.

Michael Burke married, in Pittsburg, Anna Mott, a native of that city, and the following were their children: 1. William J., of whom later. 2. Michael H., born October 18, 1867, shoe merchant of Denver, Colorado, formerly in same business in East Liberty; married Kate Hobouck, children, Naomi and Raymond, living, and Noel and Lois, deceased. 3. John W., died in childhood. 4. James T., machinist, with Westingham Electrical Manufacturing Company, married, no children. 5. Harry Edward, accidentally killed at seventeen by being caught in machinery in shop where he worked. 6. Mary Elizabeth, wife of Clyde Cabith, one child, Harry. Mrs. Burke, the mother of the family, died February 1, 1894, at the age of forty-eight.

William J. Burke, son of Michael and Anna (Mott) Burke, received his education in the public schools of the Fourteenth ward, graduating in 1881. After leaving school he worked for two years for the firm of John R. & A. Murdock, florists, and in June, 1883, entered the service of the Westingham Machine Company as an apprentice at the machinist's trade. After serving his time he remained with the company, being subsequently promoted to the

position of assistant foreman and then to that of general foreman. On January 1, 1906, he was made superintendent of the machine and forge department. The position is one of great responsibility, involving the oversight of eight hundred men, but Mr. Burke, during his comparatively brief incumbency, has given ample proof of thorough capability for its arduous duties. In 1900-02 he purchased land and built thereon his present comfortable and attractive home. Politically he is an Independent Republican. He is a member of the Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart.

Mr. Burke married, April 28, 1892, Mary R., born May 11, 1867, in Pittsburg, daughter of Peter and Ellen (McVeigh) Casey, and they are the parents of the following children: 1. Eleanor Anna, born August 17, 1895. 2. William Melchior, born January 6, 1899. 3. Mary Inez, born August 24, 1901. 4. Veronica De Sales, born June 19, 1906. Mr. and Mrs. Casey, parents of Mrs. Burke, both natives of Ireland, are still living, being residents of Pittsburg.

DR. WALTER F. EDMUNDSON, who has practiced medicine in Pittsburg for over thirty-six years, is the son of Eli and Catherine A. (Batman) Edmundson, and was born at the corner of Smithfield street and Third avenue, Pittsburg. He is a descendant of one of seven brothers who emigrated from England with William Penn. These brothers were as follows: Caleb, Thomas, William, Isaac, Hugh, John and Joseph. The last named, Joseph, was the grandfather of Dr. Edmundson.

Joseph Edmundson was among the first settlers in York county, Pennsylvania; later he moved to Baltimore, Maryland, where he operated a tannery. In his religious faith he was a Quaker. In the time of the war of 1812 he furnished teams for the transportation of ammunition and supplies for the American army. He lived to be seventy-six years of age. He reared a family as follows: 1. James, died at the age of thirty-three years, unmarried; he was an artist of considerable note. 2. Elizabeth, became the wife of a Mr. Perine, of Baltimore, and died aged eighty-seven years. 3. Hannah, died aged ninety-one years, unmarried. 4. Eli, of whom later.

Eli Edmundson was born July 5, 1806, in Baltimore, and died aged eighty-five years, in 1892. He was about twelve years old when his father died, and he learned the trade of a wagon-maker, at which he worked, however, only three years, when he changed to the cabinet-making business and followed that, together with upholstering. He established a furniture and upholstering business on his own account in Pittsburg in 1832. Prior to this he had worked at his trade in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, New York and Buffalo, New York. His place of business in Pittsburg was at the corner of Second and Wood streets and was burned, causing him great loss, at the great conflagration which devastated Pittsburg April 10, 1845. He then located on Fifth avenue, from which stand he subsequently removed to Market street and then to Liberty, at which place he added upholstering to his furniture business. He retired and moved to Powhattan county, Virginia. He was a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and in politics a Republican.

WILBERT McMILLIN, who since 1901 has been a resident of Home-wood, where he is engaged in the real estate business, was born January 23,

1873, in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, son of Josephus T. and Harriet M. (White) McMillin. His father was born also a native of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was interested in farming and the dairy business. Children of Josephus T. and Harriet M. McMillin: Wilbert, Minnie J., Harry M., Edward W. and Mary M.

Wilbert McMillin was educated at the public schools, and was for a number of years engaged in the dairy business with his father. In 1901 he removed to Homewood, where he is engaged in the real estate business. He was married to Frances, daughter of James P. Pope and wife, of Pittsburg.

DR. HARRISON D. BEST is a native of Edenburg, Clarion county, Pennsylvania, born August 31, 1869, a son of John L. and Sara (Tompson) Best. The father was born in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, and was a merchant and farmer. Subsequently he engaged in the oil business. He held such local office as school director for a number of years. He married Sara, daughter of ——— Thompson, of Clarion county, by whom was born the following children: Mary F., William T., Lucella, Harrison D., Jennie and Sara. The father died in 1880.

Dr. Best was educated in the public schools and at the State Normal. In 1886 he taught school for one year, and was a clerk in the Clarion County Bank for some time. He then engaged in the hardware trade, continuing until he entered college. He entered the University of Pennsylvania, in 1892, and graduated from that institution (from the dental department) in 1895, after which he came to Pittsburg and began the practice of dentistry. He is a member of St. James' Episcopal church of Pittsburg, and is a citizen ever looking to the welfare and general upbuilding of the city in which he resides. He was united in marriage September 28, 1898, to Anna Elizabeth, daughter of Louis and Catherine Klein. The children of this union are: Daniel Harrison, born July 22, 1899; Katheryn E., September 28, 1901; Dorothy Anna, September 19, 1904.

GEORGE J. BORN, of Pittsburg, assistant pattern foreman for the Westinghouse Electric Company, was born November 17, 1852, in Pittsburg, son of John Born, who was born in Germany, and in 1835 came to Pittsburg. He was an artist by profession. In 1861 he enlisted in Company B, Forty-sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and in 1864 received an honorable discharge. He died in 1897, at the Soldiers' Home, at Dayton, Ohio.

George J. Born, son of John Born, was educated in parochial schools and at Smith College and Iron City College. At eleven years of age he worked on the gunboats "Umqua" and "Manyunk," which were then in process of construction in this city. He afterward worked in a brush factory on Wood street, and is now in the service of the Westinghouse Electric Company, with whom he holds the position of assistant pattern foreman.

Mr. Born married Victoria Altenbach, and the following are their children: John, Theckla, Alsie, Victoria, Alexander, William, George, Elnora, died May 16, 1903; and David Watson. Mrs. Born is a daughter of Alexander Altenbach, who was born in 1820, in France, and was by trade a cooper. He married Cynchia Holman, and they were the parents of the following chil-

dren: Peter, born in 1854; Mary, in 1856, died in 1870; Victoria, wife of George J. Born; John, August 10, 1861; Elizabeth, September 16, 1864. The death of Alexander Altenbach, the father of the family, occurred in 1867.

THOMAS F. HARTMANN, a well-known dairyman of Pittsburg, was born February 5, 1854, in the city of which he is now a resident, son of Jacob Hartmann, who was born in Germany, and in 1847 emigrated to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, where for fifty years he has been at the head of a flourishing dairy business. He has been twice married, his first wife being Mary Nunmacker, who bore him two sons: Thomas F., of whom later; and Frank W., whose sketch appears elsewhere in this work. Mrs. Hartmann died in 1862, and a few years later Mr. Hartmann married —— Warke, by whom he became the father of two more sons: Christian W., whose sketch is found on another page of this work; and George J.

Thomas F. Hartmann, son of Jacob and Mary (Nunmacker) Hartmann, received his education in the public schools of Pittsburg, and since the beginning of his active life has always been associated with his father and brothers in the dairy business, their establishment being a leading one and in all respects a model. In 1895 he was elected common councilman from his ward, and for five years served as quartermaster-general of the Military Bank of the state of Pennsylvania. He belongs to Lodge No. 11, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks; J. B. Nicholson Lodge, No. 585, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Star of Liberty Castle, A. O. K. of M. C. He has always been a Republican, and for three terms served as president of the East End Republican Club.

Mr. Hartmann married, in 1880, Carrie L. Moke, and they became the parents of two daughters: Carrie, born March 24, 1882; Mary Elizabeth, May 6, 1885. The mother of these children died June 4, 1885.

WILLIAM BAXTER, a well-known contractor of Pittsburg, was born in 1869, in county Down, Ireland, son of William Baxter, a native of the same country, where he was born in 1839. He is now engaged in farming. William Baxter married Ellen Ritchev, and they have been the parents of the following children: James, John, Hugh, deceased; William, of whom later; Isaac, George, Samuel H., Mary E. and Ringland (twins).

William Baxter, son of William and Ellan (Ritchev) Baxter, received his education in the public schools of his native place, and afterward learned the carpenter's trade. In 1889 he emigrated to the United States and settled in Pittsburg, where he has since remained, following his trade and taking contracts, thus building up a profitable business. Mr. Baxter married, in 1894, Mary McMaster, and they are the parents of three children: William, born May 29, 1895; Hugh, born October 12, 1896; James A., born February 8, 1898. Mrs. Baxter is a daughter of William McMaster, who was born in county Down, Ireland, and followed the calling of a farmer. He married Dorothea Morrow, and their family consisted of the following children: Isabella, born in 1871, died in 1872; Mary, wife of William Baxter; Isabella (II); Elizabeth; Andrew; William; Gawn.

THOMAS GRACE, well known among the older plumbers in the city of Pittsburg, was born in that city September 2, 1853, son of Richard Grace,

who was a contractor and conducted a general draying business. He married Johanna Kelly, by whom was born one son, Thomas. The father died September 19, 1854, and the mother in 1856.

Thomas Grace was educated in the public schools of his native city. After leaving school he decided upon learning the plumber's trade, which he followed for thirty-eight years, being in the employ of Bailey, Farrell & Company. In 1903 he went to Lincoln avenue and established a plumbing business on his own account, which he still continues to operate in a most successful manner. Mr. Grace was united in marriage September 29, 1878, to Mary A. Duffy, daughter of James and Sarah Duffy, and are the parents of: Richard, Sadie (Grace) Powell, James, a clerk in the postoffice; Elizabeth, Maria, deceased; Thomas Aloysius, deceased; Leo, deceased; Mary and Cecilia. Mrs. Grace, mother of this family, died September 13, 1902.

SIEBERT FAMILY. Among the well-known families of Pittsburg is that of the Sieberts, the origin of which is traced from William Siebert, of Sieberthausen, Germany, where the family had resided for many generations, the men of the race being well-to-do farmers. The history of the descendants of William Siebert is traced through the following generations:

John Siebert, son of William Siebert, and founder of the American branch of the family, was born in Sieberthausen of Rodenburgh, near Hesse Kassel city, Germany, and on June 4, 1836, embarked in a sailing vessel for the United States, landing in Baltimore September 3, whence he made his way with his sons, Christian and William "the grocer," to Pittsburg. They made the journey in Conestoga wagons, accompanied by a number of others, some of whom also had teams for the transportation of their effects, and they averaged about twenty miles a day, arriving in Pittsburg October 3, 1836. On October 7 they began work on the Ashby farm, and during the next three years the father and two sons became farm hands, working in what was later known as Baldwin township, Allegheny county, and the father was for the remainder of his life engaged in agricultural pursuits in the vicinity of Pittsburg. In 1839 Mrs. Siebert arrived, accompanied by the other children.

John Siebert was twice married. His first wife bore him one child, Barthel, who was born in 1811, and eventually became a resident of Ross township, Allegheny county. He was but six months old when his mother died, and did not know until after the family came to the United States that he was not the son of his stepmother, who was, in fact, his mother's cousin. She was Annie Kunigunde, born in Bebra, Germany, daughter of George Krapp. After her marriage to Mr. Siebert she became the mother of the following children: William, of whom later; one who died in infancy; George, who settled in Millvale borough, married Christina Manns, children, Mary and Henry; Christian, of whom later; William, of whom later; Susan, wife of Adam Brown, children, Mary, deceased, Emma, Henry, deceased, and Rebecca; Paul, settled in Pittsburg, a partner of his brother William, married but left no issue; Elizabeth, died young; Barbara, widow of John Devitt, lives in Philadelphia, where she owns a hardware store; Barnard, died in Pennsylvania, aged ten years; Sarah, wife of William Pfusch, and their only son is now deceased; and John, born in 1836, settled in Pittsburg, and during the Civil war enlisted in Company G, Second Regiment, West Virginia Volunteers, which regiment was later merged

in the First Regiment, Virginia Artillery. He served three years and three months, the regiment doing raider's duty in West Virginia. After the close of the war he engaged in the retail grocery business in Pittsburg, and from 1867 to 1906 lived in the Ninth ward of the city. He married in 1866, in Pittsburg, Annie G. Hultz, and their children were: Annie G.; Clara M., wife of Henry H. Gearham, of Freedom, Pennsylvania; Emma; and Christian B., clerk in the Pennsylvania Railroad offices in Pittsburg. The only surviving members of this large family are William "the grocer," Barbara and John. The parents died in Pittsburg, the father in 1852 and the mother in 1854.

William Siebert, eldest child of John and Annie Kunigunde (Krapp) Siebert, was born in 1813 in Germany, and was called William "the shoemaker," in distinction from his brother, William "the grocer." William the shoemaker was the first of the family to emigrate, coming to the United States in the early spring of 1836, a few months prior to the arrival of his father and brothers. He settled in Baltimore, where he followed his trade until his father and brothers had settled in Pittsburg, when he opened a shoe store in the Ninth ward, opposite the market-house, in what was then Bayardstown. Later he removed to Millvale borough, and there purchased a farm, on which is now situated the nunnery. He then went to Wilksburg, where he passed the remainder of his life.

William Siebert was twice married. His first wife was Catherine Miller, by whom he had seven children: Susan, Annie, William, Mary, Amanda, Catherine, and one who died in infancy. On being left a widower he married Margaret Miller (no relation to the first wife), and by this union became the father of six children: Paul, David, Hannah, Emma, Sarah and Cora. Of these all are living with the exception of Paul and Cora. William Siebert, the father, died in 1899, and is survived by his widow.

Christian Siebert, son of John and Annie Kunigunde (Krapp) Siebert, was born in August, 1820, in Germany, and when sixteen years old came to this country with his father and his brother, William "the grocer." Christian Siebert engaged in the dairy business in Pittsburg, and later in Allegheny county, where he purchased a farm, which is still in possession of the family. Subsequently he went into the shoe business, having a store and also a manufactory for shoes, in which he employed forty workmen. Still later he engaged in the leather trade on Penn avenue near Eleventh street. The firm was Siebert & Berg, and they continued the business with great success until 1885, when Mr. Siebert retired. He was at the same time engaged in the feed business, having established the firm of Siebert & Keil, from which he withdrew in 1880. Thenceforth he was extensively engaged in real estate, and as a result accumulated a fortune.

He was one of the founders and incorporators of the German National Bank of Pittsburg, and was one of its directors to the time of his death. He also took an active part in furthering the erection of the Ewalt or Forty-third Street bridge, leading to Millvale borough, across the Allegheny river. This was built in 1868, and he was treasurer of the company from its inception to the time of his death. He was one of the incorporators and founders of the Germania Savings Bank, and a director from its organization until his death. He was one of the originators of the Allemannia Fire Insurance Company, and for the remainder of his life a director and a large stockholder. He was also one of the incorporators of the German Fire Insurance Company, of which he was a director for many years.

In his politics he was an out-and-out Republican, and for a number of years represented the Eighteenth ward of Pittsburg in the city council. He was a member of the Reformed church, and from the organization, in 1868, of St. Paul's church of Pittsburg, served as one of its elders. He was one of the prime movers in the erection of the church edifice, and was one of the promoters and for several years the treasurer of St. Paul's Orphan Home of Butler, Butler county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Siebert married Magdalena M. Gruenagel, who was born in Alsace, France, and after her mother's death was brought to this country and reared by an aunt. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Siebert were: P. William, of whom later; Robert, died young; Charles Theodore, born in 1853, died March 7, 1905, many years a florist on Stanton avenue, married Olga L., born in London, England, daughter of Louis Coan, children, Magda, and Dorothy and Charles, twins; Clara, wife of William Steinmeyer; Mathilda, wife of J. B. Carson, one child, John Stanton; John C., died unmarried at the age of twenty-two; Elmer E., of whom later; and Sarah, died at four years old. The death of Christian Siebert, the father, occurred in 1893.

William Siebert, son of John and Annie Kunigunde (Krapp) Siebert, was born June 21, 1822, in Germany, and was but fourteen when he came with his father and his brother Christian from his native land. He was first employed as a farm hand and in various other ways, including service in hotels in Pittsburg and work on the canal and river, on the express line running from Pittsburg to Johnstown. In the autumn of 1846 he established himself in the retail grocery business, being the first to open what was called a family grocery in Pittsburg and one wherein no liquors were allowed to be sold. From his identification with this business, and in distinction from his brother William "the shoemaker," he was called William "the grocer." His store was situated in the Fifth (now the Ninth) ward, and after a time he took as a partner his brother, Paul Siebert, when the firm became known as W. & P. Siebert. The connection was maintained until 1863, when Paul retired and settled in Ross township, William continuing the business until 1872, when he also retired on account of having lost his hearing. He now leads a retired life, and since 1863 has resided on Mathilda street.

Mr. Siebert married, in 1844, in Pittsburg, Mary, daughter of Joseph and Anna (Geschwindt) Zimmerman, and their children were: Albert, a Lutheran minister at Germantown, Ohio, married Emma Barnes, of Philadelphia, children, Caroline, Albert, Paul and Arthur; Fanny V., wife of W. W. Wattles; Catharine, wife of Joseph Lambie, children, Mary, Charles, Annie, William, Elizabeth, Helen and Allen; Elizabeth; and William P., of whom later.

P. William Siebert, eldest child of Christian and Magdalena M. (Gruenagel) Siebert, was born January 25, 1849, in Shaler township, Allegheny county, on the old Siebert homestead, and received his preparatory education in the schools of the Eighteenth and Ninth wards of Pittsburg, also attending the University of Western Pennsylvania and Witherspoon Institute, in Butler county. Upon the completion of his education he desired to enlist in the army, the Civil war being then in progress, but on account of his youth his father withheld his consent. The son thereupon ran away from home and enlisted, in company with others of his acquaintance from Pittsburg. This occurred three times, his father each time objecting and causing him to be sent home. On the last occasion the father followed him to Wheeling, West Virginia,

where he had enlisted in the Gordon battery, and, using a habeas corpus proceeding against him, compelled him to return once more, after having served fourteen months. Finally, however, the father relented, and decided that if his son was so full of patriotism he might become a real soldier. He therefore sent him to West Chester, Pennsylvania, where he served two years in the Military School, and was made a captain. Later he identified himself with the Duquesne Grays, of Pittsburg, of which he was a member for five years, becoming commander of Company B.

After the close of the war he was for eight years in partnership with his father in the leather business, after which he became bookkeeper for the Third National Bank of Pittsburg, serving two years and a half, and then accepted the position of cashier for the Transverse Street Railway Company. He was connected with his father in the Ewalt bridge enterprise, and after the death of the latter succeeded him as treasurer, which position he still holds, together with the office of secretary, which he has held since the organization of the company. In 1874 he was elected councilman from the Eighteenth ward, and after his removal to the Seventeenth ward was elected to represent that ward, remaining in the council until 1887, and during his term of office was a member of both branches. In 1886 he was elected chief clerk of the county commissioners, which position he retained fifteen years, and since 1901 has had charge of the deed registry office for Allegheny county.

He belongs to the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, the Royal Arcanum and the Heptasophs, and for a number of years was supreme ruler of the Royal Society of Goodfellows. Politically he is a supporter of the Republican party. He is a member of the Young Men's Republican Tariff Club, and one of the incorporators of the Colonial Republican Club and treasurer since its inception. He was one of the incorporators of St. Paul's Reformed church, has been for many years a member of the consistory and chairman of the board, and is the only one of the original number now surviving. He also helped to incorporate St. Paul's Orphan Home (of the Reformed church) of Butler, Butler county, Pennsylvania. For nine years he was a director of the Orphans' Home of Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Mr. Siebert married Sarah O'Brien, and they have been the parents of the following children: William C., a contractor of Pittsburg, married Anna Kleppner; John Franklin, died aged twenty-two years; Paul T., in the real estate and insurance business, Pittsburg; George E.; and Sarah M.

Elmer Ellsworth Siebert, son of Christian and Magdalena M. (Grue-nagel) Siebert, was born July 6, 1861, in Pittsburg, and obtained his education in the public schools of his native city, after which he was for a short time engaged in bookkeeping. Feeling an exceptionally strong attraction toward the study of chemistry and electricity, he became chemist for the Lucy Furnaces, remaining three years. He then went west and installed the first electric plant west of the Mississippi river, at Atchison, Kansas. At one time, while making some electrical tests, he received a severe shock, and ever after abandoned all operations with electricity. For some time prior to his father's death he had charge of the estate, which responsibility he retained until the division was legally made. For one year he was superintendent of Highland Park. He served on the board of assessors of the city of Pittsburg, and in 1903 Mayor Guthrie, then newly elected, appointed him chief assessor, an office which he

still holds to the satisfaction of all. He has always been closely allied with the local matters of his city, voting the Republican ticket.

Mr. Siebert married, June 15, 1887, Emma W., daughter of Joseph and Louise (Reinhart) Ludewig, who was of noble birth, and they have one child, Christian, born August 13, 1888, a student at Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania.

William P. Siebert, son of William "the grocer" and Mary (Zimmerman) Siebert, was born June 9, 1859, in Pittsburg, where he received his education in the public schools. From 1877 to 1880 he was connected with the engineering department of the Pennsylvania railroad, after which he served the McConway & Torley Company in a clerical capacity until 1890. He was then associated until 1892 with the Park Steel Company, in the sales department, Pittsburg, after which he had charge, until April, 1894, of the Denver, Colorado, sales department, with an office in that city. He then returned to Pittsburg. He became manager of the sales department of the Ohio Steel Company at Youngstown, Ohio, in 1895. When this organization was absorbed by the National Steel Company he was made general manager of the sales department, a position which he retained until 1898. In that year the United States Steel Corporation was formed, and Mr. Siebert was stationed in New York until 1901, when he returned to Pittsburg and became assistant general manager of the sales department of the Carnegie Steel Company, which position he now holds.

He belongs to the Duquesne and Union Clubs, the Fort Pitt Athletic Club and the Edgeworth Club, of Sewickley. Since 1873 he has been a member of the First English Lutheran church on Grant street.

Mr. Siebert has been twice married. He was first married, in 1888, to Callie Young, who bore him three children: Paul, Clarence and Haskell. On being left a widower he married Aeola Dickson, daughter of Albert and Catherine Dickson, becoming by this union the father of two children, Ralph and Willard.

CHRISTIAN W. HARTMANN, a well-known dairyman of Pittsburg, was born in that city April 26, 1866, son of Jacob Hartmann, a native of Germany. In 1847 Jacob Hartmann emigrated to the United States, and for half a century has conducted a flourishing dairy business in Pittsburg. He married Mary Nunmacker, and they were the parents of two sons: Thomas, Frank W., whose sketch appears on another page of this work. The mother of these children died in 1862, and some few years later Mr. Hartmann married ——— Warke, two sons being born of this marriage also: Christian W., of whom later, and George J.

Christian W. Hartmann, son of Jacob and ——— (Warke) Hartmann, was educated in the public schools of his native city, and has always been engaged in the dairy business, which he has made his life-work. For ten years he has held the office of judge of election, and for three terms has served on the election committee. He belongs to the Mystic Chain, and is a member of the German Lutheran church. Mr. Hartmann married, April 16, 1891, Mary, daughter of John Deitch, and their children are: Carl, born March 3, 1892; Elmer, born March 2, 1894, died in 1896; Clarence, born March 7, 1896, died in July, 1896; Walter, born in March, 1898; Helen, born May 30, 1900; Jacob, born in September, 1902.

HENRY H. HUBER, a prosperous plumber of Pittsburg, was born September 28, 1855, in Lancaster City, Pennsylvania, son of Henry H. Huber, who was born in 1826, in Lancaster county. Henry H. Huber, Sr., married Mary C. ———, and the following children were born to them: Henry H., of whom later; Susan, Mary, Anna, Margaret and Lottie. Mrs. Huber died in 1861, and her husband survived her many years, passing away in 1892.

Henry H. Huber, son of Henry H. and Mary C. Huber, received his education in the public schools of his native place, and then served four years learning the plumbing business. In 1888 he came to Pittsburg, where he has since been engaged in business for himself. Prior to this he had served a number of years as assistant superintendent of the Lancaster Gas Company, having been appointed July 1, 1873. He is a member of the Protective Home Circle. Mr. Huber married Ida J. Ackerman.

DR. FRANK D. MURTO, a well-known and successful dentist of Pittsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, whose office is located at No. 7039 Frankstown avenue, traces his descent to an honored family of Ireland.

William J. Murto, father of Dr. Frank D. Murto, was born in the city of Dublin, Ireland, in 1834, and died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1900. He settled in Pittsburg in 1854, and for many years was engaged in the steam-boat business, running boats from Pittsburg to Cairo. He became a manufacturer of sheet iron ware in 1861, and was equally successful in this venture. He married Margaret Fulkerson, of New Castle, who died in 1872, and their children were: Florine, Elizabeth, William, Henry, James, Frank D., see forward.

Frank D. Murto, fourth son and sixth and youngest child of William J. and Margaret (Fulkerson) Murto, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, November 12, 1867. His preparatory education was obtained in the parochial schools of his native city, and he then matriculated at Pittsburg College. He accepted a position as clerk in the general office of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in 1883, and held this for almost seven years. He became a student in the department of dental surgery of the University of Pennsylvania in 1889, and was graduated from that institution with honor in the class of 1892. In the same year he came to Pittsburg, where he established himself in the practice of his chosen profession, in which he has achieved a satisfactory degree of success, and has a large and lucrative clientele. He takes a great and active interest in social and fraternal work, and is a member of the following organizations: James Truman Dental Society, Odontological Society of Western Pennsylvania, Duquesne Council, Knights of Columbus, Improved Order of Heptasophs, and member of the Holy Rosary of Homewood.

He married Mary C. Casey, daughter of T. D. and Margaret J. (O'Hanlon) Casey, of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. The former was born in county Cork, Ireland, May 25, 1840, and died October 13, 1903. He came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1856, and engaged in the wholesale liquor business, in which he amassed a considerable fortune. He was inspector of prisons for western Pennsylvania under the administration of Governor Patterson, and it is due to his influence and earnest efforts that the first mass was celebrated in the penitentiaries. He was also a member of the board of directors of the Mercy Hospital of Pittsburg. He married Margaret J. O'Hanlon, and they had children: James D., Mary C., mentioned above; Edmund, William, Annie,

Pauline, Frank, Dora E., Frances, Leo and Charles J. Dr. and Mrs. Murto have had children: Margaret, born December 26, 1894; Kathryn, May 18, 1897; Helen, February 3, 1899; Elizabeth, May 10, 1901.

SAMUEL I. BAKER, for many years prominently identified with some of the most important business interests of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and who resides at No. 7013 Monticello street, is a representative of a family which has borne its full share in the brave defense of the country in which they have lived.

John Baker, father of Samuel I. Baker, was born July 15, 1847, and received his education in the public schools of his native township. He engaged in a mercantile line of business, and is at the present time stable superintendent for the Consolidated Ice Company. He took an active part during the Civil war. He married Leah Shaffer, who died in May, 1905, and they had children: Samuel I., see forward; Susan, Elizabeth, George, Nancy, Francis, William, Mary, Hattie, Lucy, Theresa, James, Sadie, Savilla, John and Dora.

Samuel I. Baker, eldest child of John and Leah (Shaffer) Baker, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1872. His education was acquired in the public schools of Westmoreland county, and he removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1886. There he was engaged in business until 1903, when he organized the United Planing Mill Company, of which he is now the president. He is a man of remarkable executive ability, and this, united with an unusual amount of business acumen, render him invaluable as the head of this important industry. He is a consistent member of the Lutheran Church of the Redeemer.

He married in 1896, Annie Shaffer, daughter of Adam B. and Eliza Jane (Maurer) Shaffer, the former of whom was born in 1846, and has been very successful as a farmer. He enlisted during the Civil war in the One Hundred and Forty-second Regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. He married Eliza Jane Maurer, and had children: Annie, mentioned above; Edmond, John, Etta, married ——— Friedlin; Agnes, married ——— Barnett; Charles, a successful physician; James, George, Lillian, David and Mary. Samuel I. and Annie (Shaffer) Baker have had children: George Edward, born June 10, 1898; Adam Paul, born January 19, 1904.

HARRY BEAVER KLINE, train despatcher for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at the Pittsburg Union Station, was born April 1, 1867, at Helam, York county, Pennsylvania, son of Ephraim Kline, who was born October 13, 1836, near Landisville, Pennsylvania, and was a farmer, for thirteen years serving as school director of his town. Ephraim Kline married Mary Ann Beaver, and they were the parents of two sons: Harry Beaver, of whom later; and Clifford, died in November, 1890. The death of Mrs. Kline occurred December 9, 1896.

Harry Beaver Kline, son of Ephraim and Mary Ann (Beaver) Kline, received his education in the public schools, and after leaving school took up the study of telegraphy, in January, 1886. On becoming proficient he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and for one year was em-

ployed as telegraph operator at Columbia, Pennsylvania. On May 13, 1889, he went for the company to Brandenville, Westmoreland county, remaining until April 1, 1891. In July, 1903, he came to Brushton as telegraph operator, and later was made despatcher at the Pittsburg Union Station, which position he still retains.

Mr. Kline married Myra Baker, and they have been the parents of the following children: Charles S., born January 8, 1890, died January 25, 1890; Homer B., born June 17, 1894; Lee B., born November 14, 1896. Mrs. Kline is a daughter of David Baker, who was born March 20, 1838, and followed the calling of a farmer. He married Mary Witmer, and their children are: Emma, wife of ——— Kauffman; Myra, wife of Harry Beaver Kline; Phares W.; David W. Mr. and Mrs. Baker reside at Landisville.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN FERREE, of Pittsburg, for a number of years assessor of the twenty-first ward of that city, was born there, in 1839, son of George Ferree, who was born in 1794, in Peoples township, where he followed the calling of a farmer. For many years he held the office of justice of the peace. George Ferree married Mary S. Linn, of Washington county, Pennsylvania, and the following children were born to them: Elizabeth, James, Sarah, John, McDonough, Benjamin Franklin, of whom later; Agnes, Isabella, George. George Ferree, the father, died in 1856, and the death of Mrs. Ferree occurred in 1870.

Benjamin Franklin Ferree, son of George and Mary S. (Linn) Ferree, received his education in the public schools and at the Pittsburg Academy. He learned the carpenter's trade, which he combined with the business of a contractor, also engaging in farming, thus working along the lines of mechanics, commerce and agriculture. In August, 1862, he enlisted in Company G, One Hundred and Thirty-sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, participating in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. In 1863 he was honorably discharged. For a long period he filled the office of assessor of the twenty-first ward. Politically he is a Democrat. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Ferree married, in 1871, Martha Kennedy, and they have been the parents of the following children: Lizzie Leone, born April 9, 1873, died in 1883; Monna Elizabeth, born February 2, 1875, died February 16, 1876; McDonough J., born March 24, 1877; Edna G., born September 28, 1879; Delmont K., born October 13, 1888; Melva C., born August 26, 1893.

Mrs. Ferree is a daughter of David Kennedy, who was born in Pittsburg, and was by trade a carpenter. During the Civil war he enlisted in Company C, One Hundred and Third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, and died in 1862, while in service. Mr. Kennedy married Elizabeth Jones, and the following children were born to them: Mary B., James J., Delmont D., Kate C., and Martha, who became the wife of Benjamin Franklin Ferree, as mentioned above.

HUGH KIRK, a well-known business man of the borough of Brushton, was born March 5, 1859, in county Down, Ireland, son of Robert Kirk, a native of the same country and all his life a farmer. He married Elizabeth Furrey,

and the following children were born to them: James, Matthew, Joseph, Mary, Annie, Hugh, of whom later; William and Robert. The mother of these children died in 1877, and the death of the father occurred in 1889.

Hugh Kirk, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Furrey) Kirk, was educated in the public schools, and for a number of years was the assistant of his father in the latter's agricultural labors. As a young man he emigrated to the United States, and in 1882 settled in Pittsburg, where for twenty years he held the position of clerk in the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. June 1, 1901, he took up his abode in Brushton, where he has since been engaged in the grocery business. He is a member of the Reformed Presbyterian church of Wilksburg.

Mr. Kirk married Emily McBride, and they have been the parents of the following children: Eleanor, born December 22, 1877; Mary C., born May 22, 1889, died in 1891; Elizabeth F., born February 14, 1891; William, born April 24, 1893; Emily M., born May 1, 1896; Harry H., born April 28, 1900, died January 25, 1906.

Mrs. Kirk is a daughter of William McBride, who was born in 1829, in county Down, Ireland, and followed the calling of a farmer. He came to the United States in 1870 and settled in Pittsburg. He married Eleanor White, and the following were their children: Mary R., died 1891; Alexander, Thomas W., Emily, wife of Hugh Kirk; William, and David. The death of Mr. McBride occurred March 8, 1886.

WILLIAM ROBERT COLE, a tried and trusty locomotive engineer of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was born in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, August 23, 1862, son of William and Eliza (Powell) Cole. William Cole (father) was born near Bath, England, November 23, 1823, and emigrated to this country in 1848, settling in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. He became division foreman for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, serving faithfully until 1890, when he retired. He married Eliza Powell, by whom was born: William R., Flora A., Edwin, Jennie, Elizabeth, Caroline, James, Albert, Walter, Margaret, Lydia and Maude. The father died October 16, 1899.

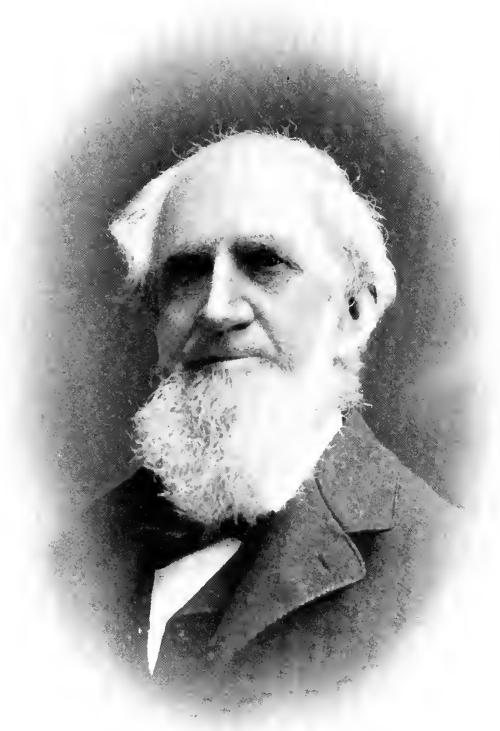
After receiving a good education in the public schools of his native county, William R. Cole, in 1882, commenced railroading with the Lake Erie Railroad, and after two years resigned; in 1884 he entered the service of the Pennsylvania system as a fireman. February 18, 1889, he was justly promoted to the important position of locomotive engineer, which place he still fills with safety to the public and with satisfaction to the officers of the railway. Mr. Cole was united in marriage to Mary E., daughter of John Rist and wife. They are the parents of these children: William E., born April 2, 1883; Clyde, born February 18, 1890; Mary, born July 8, 1892; Marie, born August 5, 1896; Catherine, born June 2, 1905.

THE BOWN FAMILY. The name of Bown has been a familiar and honored name in Pittsburg commercial circles since the year 1832, as it had been in England for generations previous to the coming to this country of William T. Bown, the elder, in the year mentioned. A true Briton was he, but with him loyalty to the land of his birth and to the land of his adoption

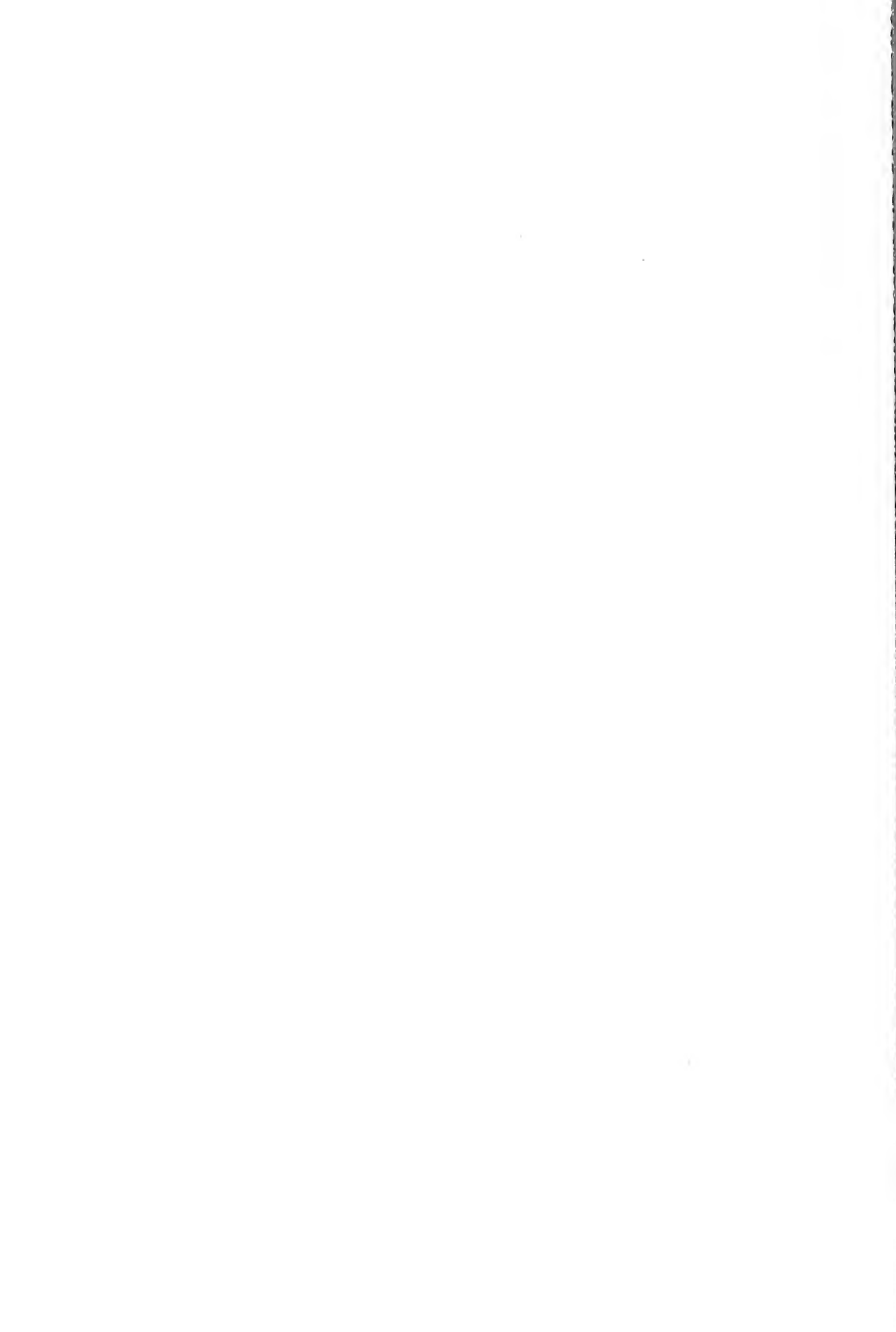
was not incompatible. He was a son of Jacob Bown, who conducted a bakery and grocery business in Cirencester, West of England, where he was married, April 7, 1790, to Mary Tytherleigh. The children of this marriage were: Theodosia, born May 23, 1791; Robert, April 21, 1793; Ann Mary, September 28, 1794; William Tytherleigh; Jacob, April 23, 1798; Daniel, July 24, 1800; Joseph, June 11, 1802; David, June 21, 1806. Jacob Bown brought his boys up in his business, and they all later in life were in mercantile life. Theodosia, Joseph and Daniel remained in England, but the rest came at different periods to the United States. One son, Jacob, became a farmer in Ohio, where he reared a large family. The remainder of the family settled in and around Pittsburg. Jacob Bown departed this life in 1833. His widow, Mary (Tytherleigh) Bown, survived him until 1837.

William Tytherleigh Bown, second son and fourth child of Jacob and Mary Bown, was born April 3, 1796, at Cheltenham, England. He was given a good education and early taught those sound principles of honorable business dealing for which he was noted all his life. He started his business career after leaving his father as a baker and grocer in Cheltenham. During the agitation over the "corn laws" and the consequent business depression his attention was drawn to the United States and the wonderful opportunities there offered. He was greatly disturbed over the distracted condition of his own land, and joined and drilled with the yeoman cavalry recruited in his town. Finally he decided to leave England and become a farmer in the United States. With his two sons and two daughters he sailed from Bristol on the Severn river on the ship "Cosmo," Captain Gillespie commanding, August 20, 1832. Before fairly leaving English shores one daughter died, and his courage failed him. He entreated the captain to allow him to land, but was refused. During the voyage the other daughter died. On October 5, 1832, he landed in New York with his two sons, William T., Jr., and George. They sailed up the Hudson to Albany, then by canal to Buffalo, by lake to Erie, Pennsylvania, and thence by stage to Pittsburg. Here he found there was not a single good bakery in operation, and was persuaded to embark in that line of business. He built the necessary ovens and operated the first bakery in the city, near the old Toll Gate, then called Bayardstown, now about Nineteenth street. He was located here several years, then removed to Liberty street near the corner of Seventh street, and added confectionery to his line. He then bought a property near the corner of Liberty and Ninth streets, where he maintained a high-class bakery and confectionery store until his retirement from business in 1845. He had in the meantime operated a grist mill on the old canal near Eyre's Island, where he made a high grade of flour. This was about 1842. Mr. Bown had also acquired considerable real estate. He had a farm on the Puckety road near Frankstown, and lots on Troy Hill, where he built his residence and where he lived until his death, December 25, 1848.

Mr. Bown embraced with zeal and fervor the cause of abolition, and voted with the Whig party. He was a strong Calvinist in religious belief. He married, in 1819, Elizabeth Ann Weston, at Malmesbury, England. She was of Welsh ancestry, born in 1795, and died June 24, 1830, aged thirty-five years. The children of William T. and Elizabeth Ann (Weston) Bown were four: Caroline, born in 1820; William T., Jr., January 10, 1822; Mary Elizabeth, in 1824; and George, in 1826. Caroline and Mary Elizabeth died on the voyage to America in 1832. In 1838 Mr. Bown returned to England, and while there



W D Brown



married Sarah Bown, a cousin, and brought her to Pittsburg. Four children were born of this marriage: Samuel, June 10, 1839; Albert, November 20, 1840; Charles T., April 18, 1842; Mary, February 8, 1844. Charles T. and Albert are veterans of the Civil war, Charles serving in the army and Albert in the navy. They are both residents of Pittsburg.

William Tytherleigh Bown, Jr., was born January 10, 1822, at Malmesbury, Wiltshire, England. He was the eldest son of William T. and Elizabeth Ann (Weston) Bown. The family moved to Cheltenham, where William T., Jr., received his schooling. When a mere lad he helped in his father's store putting up packages and such other work as a boy can do. After the death of his mother in 1830 the family, as stated, came to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, where William T. received further education. He remained constantly in his father's employment until his marriage in 1846. He thoroughly mastered the details of his father's business and was eminently qualified to operate on his own account. In 1846 the firm of Lease & Bown was formed, and started a bakery and confectionery store on Liberty street, next door to the Second National Bank. In 1848 the firm dissolved, Mr. Bown removing to St. Clair street, and later a branch store on Third street was formed, where he ran the business and remained until 1850, when he formed a partnership with George Parys and bought out the wholesale grocery business of his uncle, Benjamin Bown, who had been the first to introduce coffee-roasting machinery in Pittsburg. The firm of Bown & Parys was dissolved in 1866 by Mr. Bown purchasing the interest of his partner. Owing to ill health Mr. Bown retired from the grocery business and built a plant for the manufacture of salt near Georgetown, Virginia. The change of air and business restored his health and he returned to Pittsburg, where for three years he was with White Brothers, wholesale grocers of Philadelphia. He then went into the merchandise brokerage business and continued that line for twenty-five years. In 1869 the firm of W. T. Bown & Brother was established in the coffee roasting and packing business on Cherry alley. They soon were compelled to seek more commodious quarters, which they found by purchasing Numbers 9 and 11 Seventh street, where they remained until the buildings were destroyed by fire in 1891. For two years the firm found temporary quarters on Fourth street, when they removed to their own handsome five-story brick building, corner of Thirteenth and Liberty streets, which they had fitted up especially for their business. The firm made a specialty of pure and cleanly goods, especially packed fruits, and had a ready sale for their brands. In 1900 Mr. Bown, after an active mercantile life as boy, clerk and proprietor of about sixty years, is a large owner of real estate on Mt. Washington, and here he built his residence at No. 525 Grand View avenue, corner of Merrimac street, where he has resided for forty years. He is now (1907) eighty-five years of age, and is a wonderfully well preserved man.

Mr. Bown joined the Sandusky Street Baptist church, Pittsburg, fifty years ago, where he served as deacon. After moving on the "Hill" he organized a Sunday-school, which grew into a church organization, the Mt. Washington Baptist church. In 1876 they erected their church edifice and Mr. Bown withdrew from Sandusky Street and joined the new congregation. Here too he has served continuously as deacon, and for twenty-five years was superintendent of the Sunday-school, and trustee for many years, as well as helping greatly in the erection of the new building. Politically Mr. Bown is a Repub-

lican. When the first public school building was erected he was a member of the school board. He was largely instrumental in the success of this enterprise; going to Harrisburg for the authority to build, and personally floating the bond issue of thirty thousand dollars necessary to erect the building. He was also a member of the building committee and treasurer of the school board. The cause of education has always had a warm friend in William T. Bown.

Mr. Bown has been twice married. His first wife, for whom he went to England, was Ann Mary Hughes, a playmate of his youth in his English home. She was a daughter of James and Ann Mary Hughes, of Cheltenham, England. Ann Mary Hughes was born September 3, 1823, and was married to William T. Bown November 9, 1846. The newly wedded couple returned to Pittsburg, where Mrs. Bown died November 1, 1866, leaving five children: 1. Elizabeth Ann, born September 28, 1847, died April 8, 1886, unmarried. 2. William J. H., born June 25, 1849, is a member of the firm of Kinsella & Company, spices and coffee, St. Louis, Missouri; he married Mary Digby, of Mt. Washington, February 13, 1871. Their children are: Bessie D., born January 4, 1872; Weston S., February 26, 1874; Bertila H., February 27, 1876, the mother of Guy E. Spenlock, one of the two great-grandchildren of Mr. Bown; Grace Lee, June 30, 1878; Mabel P., August 7, 1881. 3. Lydia Maria, born September 5, 1853, died in infancy. 4. Caroline Maria, born September 12, 1856, widow of Delmont Jones, to whom she was married January 8, 1878. She is the mother of Ella (Mrs. Virgil Mulholland), William Delmont and Herbert Jones. Mrs. Mulholland has a daughter, Elizabeth, the second of the great-grandchildren of Mr. Bown. 5. Walter T., born January 11, 1859, died in infancy. 6. Emily Weston, born February 1, 1861, died July 13, 1871. 7. George E., born April 6, 1865, is a provision broker of Pittsburg, and resides on Mt. Washington. He married Maud E. Boyer October 12, 1893, and they are the parents of Hazel and William T. Bown.

William T. Bown married, second, January 13, 1891, Elizabeth S. Hughes, born October 18, 1837. She was a sister of Ann Mary, his first wife. The family of James and Ann Mary Hughes, who were married October 12, 1821, consisted of Ann Mary (Mrs. William T. Bown); Sarah; Tabitha (Mrs. J. J. East); Maria (Mrs. Adrian Smith); Elizabeth Sophia (Mrs. William T. Bown); and Lydia Louisa, all born in England, and all deceased except the present Mrs. William T. Bown, and all of whom came to the United States. Three daughters, Rhoda, Eliza and Rebecca, remained in England.

ISSACHAR L. SHAW, who was for seventeen years superintendent of the Pittsburgh National Gas and Oil Company, was born May 6, 1839, in Redstone township, on the National pike, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, the son of Isaiah Shaw and wife.

He was educated in the schools of his native county and learned the trade of plasterer. At the very opening of the Civil war he enlisted in Company D, Eighth Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment (Reserves), and served his country three years. He participated in the memorable battles of Cold Harbor, Gaines Mill, Malvern Hill, Second Bull Run, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg and the famous Wilderness campaign under General Ulysses Simpson Grant. He was also in the engagements up to May 24, 1864, when he

was mustered out of service at Pittsburg. He then took up his trade, that of a plasterer, which he followed for four years, after which he followed river life and employment for a number of years. Later he was made superintendent of the Pittsburgh National Gas and Oil Company, with which corporation he was for seventeen years. He is a member of the Veteran Legion, No. 1. He married Catherine T., daughter of Peter McCosker and wife, of Pittsburg. The children by this union are: Joseph V. and Edith. The family are members of the Fourth Presbyterian Church of Wilkesburg.

Isaiah Shaw, father of Issachar L. Shaw, was born in Frostburg, Maryland, and was by trade a contractor. He was elected deputy sheriff of his county, and took much interest in all public affairs. He married Eliza Smith and they became the parents of the following children: Issachar L., William H., George W., Elizabeth A. (Shaw) Hopkins, John A., James C., Sarah J. (Shaw) Clark, Louis C., Laura L. (Shaw) Vaughan. The father of this family died July 5, 1883, and the mother in 1866.

Concerning the parentage of Mrs. Shaw it may be said that her father, Peter McCosker, was a native of Ireland, from whence he came to this country, locating in Philadelphia, where his first work was contracting on the old Pennsylvania canal. He was an associate and co-worker with Colonel Thomas Scott, who became president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Later Mr. McCosker was a conductor on the Pennsylvania lines, and still later had charge of the entrance gate at the Union Station. He married Ellen F. Fehl, daughter of Valentine Fehl, and their children were: Catherine T. (Mrs. Shaw), John J., Blanch M., Elizabeth J., Joseph B. and Edith. The father died October 2, 1881, and the mother April 30, 1884.

EDWARD TRESER, proprietor of a meat market, and a member of the Homewood Board of Trade, was born July 23, 1880, in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, son of Anthony and Catherine (Degenhardt) Treser. Anthony Treser (father) was born in Frankfurt, Germany, in 1853, and came to Allegheny City when a mere child. He followed butchering when old enough, and also dealt in cattle here and there throughout the country. He married Catherine Degenhardt, by whom was born the following children: Minnie, George, William, Walter, Elizabeth, Louis, Elsie, Elmer and Edward.

Edward Treser obtained his education at the public schools, and early engaged in the meat business. He is also connected with various other enterprises, including the Homewood Board of Trade; is one of the directors of the Homewood Building & Loan Association, etc. In 1893 he enlisted in the Pennsylvania National Guards, from which organization he was honorably discharged in 1901. He belongs to the Masonic order, being a member of Lodge No. 546, and of the Knights of Pythias, Lodge No. 4. He married Emma A., daughter of John Mihm, of Germany. They are the parents of: Edward Blair, born April, 1903; Howard Anthony, born August, 1904.

JAMES TODD BUCHANAN, one of the best known and most experienced of Greater Pittsburg's lawyers, was born in Pittsburg, March 4, 1846. He is the son of James W. and Mary (Todd) Buchanan. His ancestors, both paternal and maternal, originally came from Scotland, but both parents and

grandparents were natives of America. His grandfather, on his mother's side, James Todd, was at one time Attorney-General of Pennsylvania, and was later elevated to the bench. His father was also a lawyer, and was admitted to the Allegheny county bar November 19, 1838. He practiced until 1854, and his death occurred the same year. The following named were the children of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Buchanan: John W., James T., Thaddeus T., and one Mary, who died in infancy.

James Todd Buchanan received his education in the common schools of Pennsylvania, but when his sixteenth year had been attained his pure patriotism induced him to enlist as a member of Company D, of the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Pennsylvania Infantry Volunteers, and after serving out his nine months' time he re-enlisted in Company D, of the Twenty-first Pennsylvania Regiment of Volunteer Cavalry, and served until mustered out at the close of the Civil war, on July 8, 1865. After his return from the war Mr. Buchanan filled the position of clerk in a carpet store in Pittsburg until January, 1867, when he accepted a clerical appointment in the United States treasury department at Washington City. While at the national capital he attended the law department of Columbia College, District of Columbia, from which he was graduated with the class of 1871, and there admitted to the bar in June of that year. In 1876 he returned to Pittsburg and was admitted to practice in the Allegheny county courts, and later the supreme court of Pennsylvania and the United States courts. Since that date he has been in constant legal practice at Pittsburg. He held a law partnership with the widely known Montooth Brothers until the death of Major E. A. Montooth, February 9, 1898. Major Montooth devoted his time and talent entirely to criminal law business, while his brother, C. C. Montooth, and Mr. Buchanan attended to the civil branch of all litigations coming into the firm's hands. In this latter branch of the law Mr. Buchanan still makes a specialty, and in it has gained a foremost place among the members of his profession. While in existence the firm just mentioned had the largest general law practice of any firm in Allegheny county.

Politically Mr. Buchanan is a Republican, and in church affiliations he is connected with the Presbyterian denomination.

He was married, May 30, 1870, in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, to Miss Henrietta Z. Ladd, daughter of S. G. Ladd. Their four surviving children are: Violetta, John W., Charles E. and Ruth.

WILLIAM WHINDER, also spelled Winter, for many years connected with the ordnance department at Allegheny arsenal, was born February 5, 1848, in Lesse by Braunschweig, Germany, son of John Whinder, who was born in 1812, in Germany, and was a contractor.

John Whinder married Minnie Stolla, who bore him the following children: John, who went to Australia, in 1858, and was never heard of afterward; Christian, born in 1842, died April 9, 1907; Mena; Dena; and William, of whom later. John Whinder died in November, 1848, being then but thirty-six years old, and his widow survived him more than forty years, passing away November 4, 1891.

William Whinder, son of John and Minnie (Stolla) Whinder, received his education in the public schools of his native town, and in 1866 emigrated to

the United States. He settled first in Philadelphia, and on October 3, 1866, enlisted in Battery M, Second Artillery, United States Army. He served for three years in California, receiving his discharge in 1869. Shortly after he re-enlisted in Company I, Twenty-third Infantry, and served one year and six months in Camp Warner, Oregon, being discharged in 1871. He then came to Pittsburg and enlisted in the ordnance department of the Allegheny arsenal. On May 1, 1897, he retired with the rank of sergeant of ordnance.

He belongs to Fort Pitt Lodge No. 883, I. O. O. F., with which he has been connected since February 5, 1875. From 1875 to 1902 he was a member of the German Lutheran church, but in the latter year united with the English Lutheran.

Mr. Whinder married, in 1874, Katharine Cavana, and they became the parents of one son: William, born July 28, 1875, and now in the printing business; residing in Pittsburg. Mrs. Whinder died April 2, 1877, and in 1892 Mr. Whinder married Margaret, daughter of John and Margaret Schauer, who emigrated from Baden, Germany, in 1842, and settled in Pittsburg. They had two daughters, Margaret, who married Conrad Keil in 1865. He died in 1878, and she married William Whinder in 1892. Sophia Schauer married F. Naser in 1874, and they became the parents of three sons and four daughters, all residing in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

FRANCIS LEON SUTER, the present purchasing agent and traffic manager of the Armstrong Cork Company of Pittsburg, was born in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, January 9, 1877, the son of Captain John Peter and Emma Augusta (Vickory) Suter. The Suter family are of German origin.

Peter Suter, great-grandfather of Francis L. Suter, was born in Germany and emigrated to the United States, but the exact year is not known by his descendants. He became a soldier in the Continental army during the Revolutionary war, remaining in the army until independence had been declared. He married Catherine Irwin, whose family history is unknown. By this union was born a son named Peter, who became the subject's grandfather. Peter Suter, grandfather, was born July 17, 1806, in Hagerstown, Maryland, and died in Cumberland, Maryland, June 8, 1897. By trade he was a tailor. He was of the German Lutheran religious faith. He married, May 9, 1833, Amelia Renner, whose great-grandfather was a soldier in the Revolutionary war, being in the American army. Her father was Jacob and her mother Mary (Creager) Renner. She died November 7, 1895, in Cumberland, Maryland.

John Peter Suter (father), the son of Peter and Amelia (Renner) Suter, was born February 25, 1837, in Hagerstown, Maryland. By profession he was a telegraph operator and served as chief operator for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in Pittsburg. Mr. Suter was among the first to respond to President Lincoln's call for troops to suppress the great rebellion, which commenced in April, 1861. He was the first lieutenant of the Johnstown (Pennsylvania) Zouaves, which company started for Camp Curtin, at Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, within forty-eight hours after the call was sent out by Mr. Lincoln. While in camp at Harrisburg he was elected captain of his company, and served until the expiration of the ninety days for which he had enlisted, and then immediately re-entered the service as captain of Company A, Fifty-fourth Pennsylvania Volunteers, and served his country faithfully

and well with his command until the close of the war. He was temporarily in command of the Third Brigade, Third Division of the army after the battle of Winchester, Virginia. He had command of his regiment at the battles of Cedar Creek and Fisher's Hill, in the Shenandoah campaign, under Major General Sheridan. His military career was a brilliant one, which the battle scarred veterans of Cambria county, from where he first made his enlistment, hold in sacred memory. His record is befittingly mentioned in the late history of that county in connection with other heroes of that great conflict.

Captain Suter was a member of the New Jerusalem church of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. Politically he was a Republican.

He married August 30, 1864, Emma Augusta Vickory, at Ferndale, near Johnstown, Pennsylvania. She was the daughter of Edwin A. and Cornelia (Harlan) Vickory. Her grandfather, Thomas Vickory, was one of the original engineers in the laying out of the city of Pittsburg. He was an officer of some distinction under General George Clark, in the Kentucky and Western campaigns during the Revolution. Both his father and grandfather were land surveyors by occupation. Captain Suter died in Pittsburg, on Easter Sunday, April 10, 1887. The subject's mother, Emma Augusta (Vickory) Suter, still survives. The issue by this union was as follows: Philip, Eugene (died in infancy), Cornelia Vickory (deceased), Frederick John (deceased), Rufus Orlando, Francis Leon, Herman Alexander and Jean Augusta (died at age of four years).

Francis L. Suter, the subject of this notice, received a common school education, first in the Lincoln sub-district school of Pittsburg, and at the age of thirteen years entered the Pittsburg Central High School. In June, 1893, he entered the employ of the Liberty National Bank of Pittsburg as messenger, and remained in that institution for seven years, during which time he rose to the position of paying and receiving teller. April 1, 1900, he entered the employ of the Armstrong Cork Company, in Pittsburg, one of the most extensive concerns of its kind in the world. Here Mr. Suter serves in the capacity of purchasing agent and traffic manager.

In his political affiliations he follows in the footsteps of his father and votes with the Republican party. He is a member of Homewood United Presbyterian church of Pittsburg.

Mr. Suter was united in marriage, October 21, 1903, at Pittsburg, to Mary Metcalf Barr. Her father was William Charles Barr, born December 10, 1849, in the city of Pittsburg. He was engaged in the merchant tailoring business, and later became a successful real estate broker. Mrs. Suter's mother, Elizabeth Alice Metcalf, was also born in Pittsburg. Her father, John Metcalf, was born near Birmingham, England, in 1822, and married Mary Hogue, in England, and they came to the United States on their bridal tour. They came direct to Pittsburg and located in what is now the fifteenth ward of the city. He engaged in the stone-cutting business, and was soon recognized as a leader in this line of work in Pittsburg. He was an influential citizen in his section of the city. The date of his death was in January, 1882.

JAMES A. WAKEFIELD, one of the successful legal practitioners at the Pittsburg bar, was born in Redstone, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, May 3, 1865, son of David H. and Mary (Randolph) Wakefield.

The founder of this Wakefield family, in this country, was Rev. David Wakefield, who came to America from county Antrim, Ireland, he having migrated from Yorkshire, England to Ireland. He was a direct descendant of Geoffrey Wakefield, the author of a version of the Bible, now a valuable exhibit in the British Museum. The Wakefields are a very old family in England. The original Tower—The Round Tower—of London in which the crowned jewels are kept was named when built and is still known as the "Wakefield Tower."

The man of whom this notice especially treats is the great-grandson of Samuel Morton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. On the maternal side he descends from the noted Randolph family of Virginia, of Pocahontas ancestry, and he is the local representative of the Pocahontas Memorial Society. His father, David H. Wakefield, led the life of a country gentleman, and enjoyed the reputation of introducing many new fruits into western Pennsylvania. His conservatory of flowers was the admiration of beholders.

Mr. Wakefield's grandfather was Dr. Samuel Wakefield, author of "Wakefield's Theology," the authority of the Methodist Episcopal church of America, and the author also of many other works, religious, musical and literary. He also constructed the first pipe organ west of the Allegheny mountains, preached the gospel for seventy-five years, and up to the time of his death was the oldest living Free Mason.

James Alfred Wakefield is one of a family of seven children. After leaving the public schools of his native county he attended the Allegheny College at Meadville, Pennsylvania, and later Union College at Schenectady, New York, where he took several oratorical prizes and represented his college successfully in the Intercollegiate Chautauquan Oration Contest. After graduating in 1888, he began the study of law in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, in the office of Honorable C. E. Boyle, and completed his law studies in Pittsburg, under the instructions of George W. Acklin. He was admitted to the bar in 1890, and is now a member of the superior and supreme courts of Pennsylvania; also of the United States district and circuit courts. He soon attained prominence at the Pennsylvania bar, being especially successful in complicated litigations in insurance cases. During his career he has been connected with many very important cases, and has won an enviable reputation as an able court lawyer. His arguments are always effective, and his briefs exhaustive of the principles involved.

In his political views Mr. Wakefield is an ardent Democrat, but never lets politics interfere with his legal practice and he has devoted his time and talents toward building up the large, paying practice which he now enjoys. In 1894, however, he deviated from his general course and allowed his name to appear as the Democratic candidate for congressman from the Twenty-second district of Pennsylvania. His opponent on the Republican ticket was Honorable John Dalzell. He was defeated, but made a creditable canvass as against great odds, receiving the full party vote, as well as adding to his already popular standing in his district.

He retains his old college fraternal associations, and is a member of the Delta Tau Delta, as well as the Theta Nu Epsilon Societies. He is Past Master of Hailman Lodge, F. and A. M., and is a member of the Country Club of Pittsburg.

He married, in 1890, Miss Annie Lowry, by whom was born one daughter, Dorothy Randolph Wakefield.

CHARLES STEWART, member of the select council of Pittsburg, and one of the enterprising merchant tailors of the city, was born in Ireland, near Belfast, January 15, 1862, son of Charles and Mary (Burns) Stewart. This family of Stewarts were of Scotch-Irish extraction. The subject's great-grandfather on his paternal side went to the south of Ireland from Scotland. He was engaged in the shoe business. His son, the grandfather, as well as the father, were natives of south Ireland. The grandfather was a bricklayer and contractor. The subject's father, Charles Stewart, went to the north of Ireland early in life, and embarked in the retail grocery business, which he followed throughout his entire life. He died in county Down, Ireland, in 1902, aged seventy-six years. His wife, the subject's mother, was a native of county Down, Ireland, born in either 1838 or 1839. Her ancestry for many generations were born in Ireland. She still survives and resides in Dromore, county Down, Ireland.

Charles and Mary (Burns) Stewart were the parents of eight children, six of whom still survive; they are: 1. Mary, wife of H. M. Corry, of London, England. 2. Emily, wife of J. H. Wilkinson, Belfast, Ireland. 3. James, Belfast, Ireland. 4. Samuel, successor to his father in the grocery business. 5. William, Manchester, England. 6. Charles, the subject of this notice.

Charles remained at home until thirteen years of age, when he was apprenticed to the dry goods business, but being of a somewhat roving disposition, as well as having a great desire to see and know more of the world, in 1876 he came to the United States in company with a half sister, Mrs. James Mussen, a resident of Pittsburg, and who had been to Ireland on a visit. Upon his arrival here he apprenticed himself to learn the tailor's trade under Mr. Mussen. After serving his regular apprenticeship he paid his native country a visit, returning after about two years to Pittsburg, where he was employed as a journeyman tailor for two years. This was in 1885; and after leaving John Bradley, with whom he had been employed, in 1900 he acquired the business of Bradley & Company, in which he has been highly successful.

Politically Mr. Stewart is a Republican. He has served two terms as member of the school board in the Sixteenth ward, and is serving his second term as member of the select council from the same ward. He is identified with the Masonic order, being a member of Lodge, No. 253, F. and A. M.; member of the Royal Arcanum Lodge, No. 276; Lodge No. 11, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks; the Americus Republican Club and the Colonial Republican Club.

He was married, June 28, 1886, to Lizzie R., daughter of John and Mary McCredie, of Pittsburg. By this union there are three children: 1. Mary E., born in 1888. 2. Charles, Jr., born in 1889. 3. John M., born in 1892. The latter is taking a preparatory course for admission to the U. S. Naval Academy at Annapolis. Charles, Jr., is a mechanical draughtsman in the office of the American Bridge Company, of Pittsburg.

LEONARD SAMUEL LEVIN, one of the younger members of the Pittsburg bar, was born at No. 19 Congress street, Pittsburg, July 20, 1874, son of Samuel and Mary (Leavitt) Levin. His father was born in the town of Grodna, Russia, about 1844, while his mother was born in Groningen, Holland, July 20, 1845. Both of the maternal and paternal grandparents were engaged in prosperous mercantile pursuits. Two of the father's brothers are chief Rabbis of the Jewish church in Russia and a nephew of the subject's father is chief Rabbi in Jerusalem.

Samuel Levin acquired his education in Russia and at the age of sixteen years came to the United States, locating in New York city, where he was in the employ of an uncle, Alexander Fink, a wholesale clothing manufacturer. Soon after, however, he went south, and was there engaged in mercantile business in the city of Savannah, Georgia, Tallahassee, Florida, and New Orleans. At about the time of the breaking out of the Civil war he came north and located at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and here took up the study of lens grinding, and later engaged in the optical and jewelry business. He invented a number of optical devices which are widely used today; among the number is the "open hearth glasses," also the "Bessemer blower's glasses," the former used for looking into open-hearth furnaces, and the latter for looking into the "converters" where Bessemer steel is made. The letters patent on both these glasses are on the process of making the lens. So perfect are these glasses that they are now universally in use throughout the world. Mr. Levin, the inventor, has lived a retired life since 1900, and is a resident of the Nineteenth ward.

Concerning the subject's mother it may be said that she came to this country with a sister when a young girl. She was one of the well-known persons in all charitable and philanthropic work in Pittsburg, and was among the real leaders in such work in several of the Jewish societies of her adopted city. Notwithstanding her many cares in this direction she was a lover of her home, which she never neglected, but she found time for both duties. Having filled her mission well, she died, June 13, 1902, beloved by all. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Levin were the parents of two children: Benjamin S. and Leonard S.

Leonard S. Levin was reared at home and received his education in the Fourth ward public schools of Pittsburg; he graduated from Duffs' College in 1890 and from Duquesne College in 1897. After leaving college he took up the study of law in the office of Joseph Stadtfeld, at the same time attending lectures at the Pittsburg Law School. He was admitted to the bar January 21, 1902, and at once entered upon the practice of his profession. In April, 1903, when W. B. Hays took his seat as mayor of Pittsburg, he was appointed assistant city solicitor, and in April, 1906, when George D. Guthrie became mayor, he was re-appointed to the same position. He has applied himself to the study of municipal law and has already built up for himself a good practice.

Politically Mr. Levin has always been active and has been chairman of the Citizens' party of Allegheny county for some time. Socially he takes a prominent place in many societies, he being a member of the governing body of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith (District No. 3), the largest fraternal and charitable organization in the world among the Jewish people. He also holds a membership with the Concordia Club, the American Republican Club,

the Harmony Club, and the Order of the Iroquois. Both he and his wife are members of the Jewish church.

He was united in marriage, March 1, 1906, to Miss Stella May Fink, of Detroit, Michigan. Mrs. Levin is the daughter of Myer S. Fink, a member of the firm of Allen, Fink & Company, manufacturers of silk skirts, in Detroit, Michigan. To Mr. and Mrs. Levin one child has been born: Mary, born June 4, 1907.

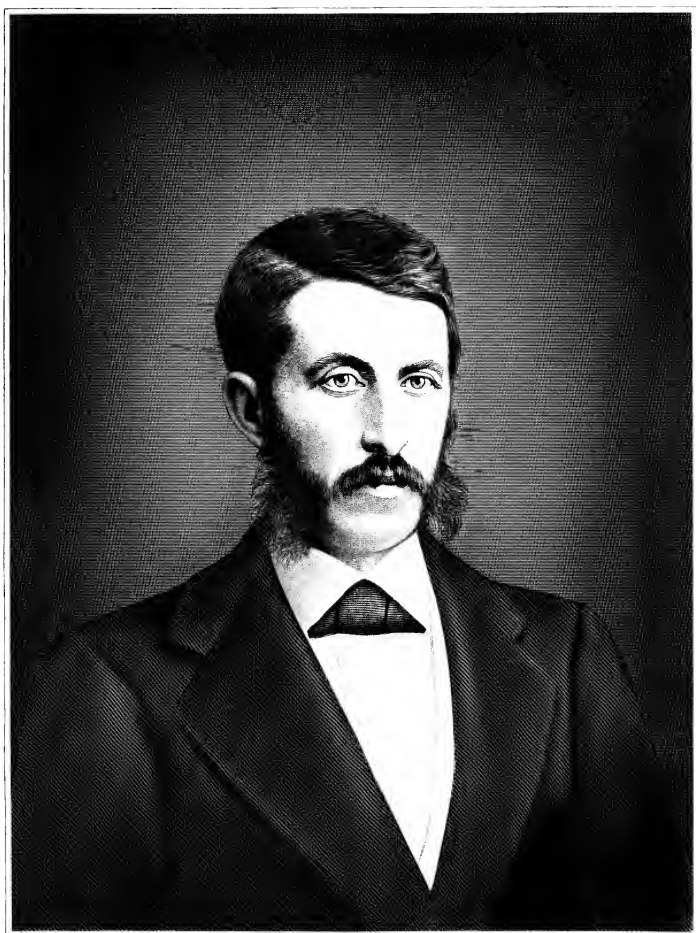
COLONEL JOHN IRWIN NEVIN. In recording the history of past and present citizens of Greater Pittsburg the family name Nevin very naturally comes to notice. This sketch will treat more especially of that branch of an old, highly honored family to which belonged the late Colonel John Irwin Nevin, whose military record during the Civil war and subsequent journalistic career in Pittsburg are well deserving of mention in this connection.

Colonel John I. Nevin was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, in 1837. He was the son of Rev. Daniel E. and Margaret (Irwin) Nevin. The line of descent from the American ancestor is as follows:

(I) Two brothers, John and Daniel Nevin, came to America from the north of Ireland in the middle of the eighteenth century. The former settled on the Hudson river, while the latter, the younger, settled with the Scotch-Irish people in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania. The ancestry was most excellent on both the paternal and maternal sides. Nevin, or its equivalent, Mac-Nevin, is a historic name in the annals of Scotland and Ireland. Daniel Nevin, the younger of the two brothers who came to this country and from which came the subject of this memoir, married Mrs. Margaret (Williamson) Reynolds, a lady of superior ability, a widow, and sister of Hugh Williamson, member of the Continental congress and one of the framers of the United States constitution. To this union were born three daughters, and two sons—John and Daniel.

(II) John Nevin died in 1829. His great ambition was that his children should receive a good education and become of use to their fellow men. He married Martha McCracken, by whom he had several children, including Rev. Daniel E., who became the subject's father.

(III) Rev. Daniel E. Nevin came to Allegheny county when a young man, and made his home with his brother, Rev. John W. Nevin, then the president of the Allegheny Theological Seminary. He graduated from Jefferson College and studied theology in Allegheny City and preached until his voice failed him, when he became principal of the Edgeworth Female Seminary. Politically he was a Whig and later a supporter of the new-formed Republican party. He was appointed internal revenue collector by President U. S. Grant. He married Margaret Irwin, and they had eight children: John L., Martha, Clarence, Hannah, Joseph T., Wilfred, Adelaide and Theodore W. The father died in 1886, and the mother February 17, 1897, in her eightieth year. The father was born in Shippensburg, Pennsylvania, in 1813, and became pastor of the First Presbyterian church at Sewickley upon its organization. Mrs. Nevin was the daughter of John and the granddaughter of Major John Irwin, and of whose family history a further notice will be given. To speak more in detail of the children of Rev. Daniel E. Nevin and wife, it should be stated that Colonel John I., the first born, forms the subject of this sketch. 2. Martha,



John D. Kevin.



married George W. Cochran, and their children are William and George. 3. Clarence, died unmarried. 4. Hannah, unmarried. 5. Joseph T., married Sarah Lawson Cunningham, of Pittsburg, and their children are: William C., who married Mary Steed, of Cleveland, Tennessee; Fred McL.; Henry I.; and Margaret I. 6. Wilfred, who died in 1887, married Ida Carnahan, by whom he left two children, Nina and Clarence. 7. Adelaide, unmarried. 8. Theodore W., married Mary Elizabeth Appel, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and had two children, Susan B. and Hugh W.

(IV) Theodore W. Nevin, the eighth child of Rev. Daniel E. Nevin, was born at Pittsburg, educated there primarily, and was connected with the publication of the Pittsburg *Leader* with his brother from 1873 to 1906, and upon the death of his brother, Col. John I. Nevin, succeeded him as managing editor and continued in that capacity up to the time he and his brother, Joseph T. Nevin, sold out their interests.

(IV) Joseph T. Nevin was for many years engaged in the manufacture of white lead in Allegheny City. From 1877 to 1906 he was the business manager of the Pittsburg *Leader*.

(IV) Colonel John I. Nevin, subject, born in Allegheny City in 1837, graduated from Jefferson College with the class of 1858, and in the early months of the Civil war enlisted in the Union cause as captain of Nevin Battery in "Bates Pennsylvania Volunteers." It is stated that after serving as second lieutenant he recruited and organized in and around Pittsburg, in the autumn of 1862, a regiment, the Ninety-third Pennsylvania Volunteers. He was made captain and ordered to Hagerstown, Maryland, after the great battle of Antietam. He served under General Morrell until December and was ordered to Camp Barry, District of Columbia, for winter quarters. He resigned February 14, 1863. April 1, 1863, he was mustered into the Ninety-third Pennsylvania Regiment and elected its major and commanded his regiment at the battle of Gettysburg. He was wounded at the battle of the Wilderness, Virginia, May 5, 1864, and was mustered out October 27 the same year. During the month of October, 1864, Major Nevin recruited one hundred and eighty men at Pittsburg, and as the original Company G had been greatly reduced, the few men remaining were distributed to other companies and a new Company G formed from the recruits under Major Nevin, commanded by Captain Kuhn. The Ninety-third Regiment was at Cedar Creek with General Sheridan, who gave the famous orders, "We must sleep in our old camp tonight." This was accomplished, but not until a severe engagement took place. Colonel Nevin was at Salisbury and Libby Prisons for nine months, six in Libby and three in Salisbury, and while in these prison pens contracted Bright's disease, which finally resulted in his death. At the close of the war he returned to Pittsburg, and in 1867 became editor of the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, continuing until 1870, when he was one of the organizers of the *Leader* in company with his uncle and brother. Robert P. Nevin, his uncle, is a marked literary character in this part of the state and a noted writer and author, and is still a resident of the city. He engaged in the newspaper business with his nephews to give them the proper start in the field which they had wisely chosen. Colonel John I. Nevin died January 5, 1884, in his forty-seventh year. His funeral was held at the Sewickley Presbyterian church. The pallbearers were: Colonel G. S. Gallupe, Colonel W. A. Stone, General William Blakely, Captain E.

D. Wright, Captain S. C. Baer, Adjutant W. H. Lockhart, Captain Charles N. Burt and Captain W. H. Graham, all of the Grand Army Post No. 88.

The following minutes and resolutions were passed by the Pittsburg Press Club:

"By the death of John Irwin Nevin the journalistic profession has lost one of its brightest members and the community one of its most upright and truly honorable citizens. Though not prominent in public affairs, yet his opinions and comments, directed through the journals with which he was connected, had at all times an influence for good and the higher elevation of the many for whom he wrote. In his personal intercourse with his fellow workers the deceased displayed a warm, sympathetic nature. He was courteous and sincere and in this respect his memory will ever be cherished by those who knew him, labored with him and appreciated him. After almost fifteen years' constant labor in the profession to which he devoted his mature years there are none who can say aught against this strong-minded man with a great heart and noble purpose. We extend to his stricken family and friends our warmest sympathies in this their sad hour of bereavement and sincerely share with them the sorrow they are called upon to sustain."

Colonel Nevin was married September 23, 1873, in Sewickley, to Eleanor Collins Hawes, who was born in Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, the daughter of Rev. Lowman Prince and Mary Jane (McGahan) Hawes. They were married by Mrs. Nevin's father, who was a native of Kentucky and died in Madison, Indiana, in 1861, where he had charge of the Presbyterian church of that place. Colonel Nevin and wife were the parents of four children—two sons and two daughters: 1. Mary Hawes, who died unmarried, aged twenty-one years. 2. Daniel Edward, unmarried, a graduate of Princeton College in the class of 1897; studied with the expectation of taking up journalism. He graduated from the University of Pennsylvania law department in 1900. 3. Ernest Delano, graduated from Princeton College with the class of 1905. He is unmarried. 4. Olive A., married, October 3, 1907, Hurbert T. Muzzy, of Paterson, New Jersey.

Of the Irwin family which intermarried with the Nevin family, Margaret Irwin, the wife of Rev. Daniel E. Nevin, was the granddaughter of Major John Irwin and the daughter of John Irwin. Major Irwin, it is stated in the American Encyclopedia, was born in Ireland, and in 1776, as a young man, emigrated to America, enlisted in the Colonial forces, fought under General Wayne, and was in the Paoli massacre, where he was nearly killed. He was under Major Arnold in the expedition to Quebec; participated in General Wayne's campaign, and was with General Washington at the taking of Yorktown. He was a lieutenant and captain, and later brevetted major. After the war ended he resided in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, where he died in 1808.

Mr. Irwin married Mary Pattison, who became the mother of four children: Mrs. Margaret George, Mrs. Eliza Semple, Dr. W. F. Irwin and John Irwin, who became the father of Mrs. Daniel E. Nevin.

John Irwin, son of Major John Irwin, was born in the city of Allegheny July 1, 1787, and was a rope-maker and made the rigging for a part of Commodore Perry's fleet in the war of 1812-14. He was identified with the growth of Pittsburg, and at one time owned ten acres of ground near West Park. He was a member of the First Presbyterian church, and was the first burgess of Allegheny, when it was yet a borough. He held other positions of trust and

responsibility. He died in 1863, aged seventy-six years. He had married Hannah, daughter of Rev. John Taylor, the first rector of Trinity church in Pittsburg.

FRANKLIN P. BOOTH, of Pittsburg, comptroller of Allegheny county, was born June 15, 1868, in the city of which he is a resident. He is the eldest son of the late George and Elizabeth J. Booth, and has thus far passed his life in Pittsburg.

Franklin P. Booth received his early education in the public schools and is a graduate of the Pittsburg Central High School. After leaving school he was for several years employed in clerical and managerial positions, gaining meanwhile a valuable business experience which stood him in good stead in later years. About ten years ago he engaged in the wholesale butter business, becoming a member of the firm of Booth & Kelly, of Market street. This enterprise was successful from the beginning, the firm having always been a leader in its particular line of business.

Mr. Booth was formerly a member of the Sterrett sub-district school board. He has for many years been active in politics, which he views from the Republican standpoint, and for five years has held the chairmanship of the Twenty-second ward Republican association, and has for the past two years been chairman of the Republican city executive committee, which position he still holds. He takes a lively interest in every movement which has for its object the promotion of municipal progress and the moral and social welfare of the community.

Mr. Booth married in August, 1894, Henrietta M., daughter of James S. and Mary (Paterson) Vance, of this city. Four children were born to them, viz.: 1. Mary. 2. Elizabeth. 3. John. 4. Virginia. Mr. Booth resides at 6600 Northumberland street.

EDWARD HOUSTON FLOOD, attorney-at-law of Pittsburg, was born in that city December 6, 1877, son of James Flood and grandson of Michael Flood, who was born in Longford, Ireland, where he was educated in private schools. In 1853 he emigrated to the United States, settling at Altoona, where he was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Michael Flood married Margaret, daughter of James Reynolds, Esquire, justice of the peace, of Longford, Ireland, and they were the parents of a son and a daughter, James and Ellen, deceased.

James Flood, son of Michael and Margaret (Reynolds) Flood, was born in 1851, in Ireland, and at the age of two years was brought by his parents to the United States. He came to Pittsburg at an early age, receiving his education from a private tutor and at the Iron City College. He belongs to the firm of Arbuckles & Company, and is one of the directors of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association. He has been the editor of several commercial journals. He is an Independent in politics.

James Flood married Anna Elizabeth, daughter of Edward Houston, who was born at Stranorlar, Donegal, Ireland, and in 1825 emigrated to the United States, landing in New York. He was a merchant tailor and was connected with various charitable and philanthropic enterprises.

Edward Houston married, in 1835, Mary Ann, born in 1817, in Munster,

Cambria county, Pennsylvania, daughter of ——— and Mary Johnson (Wilson) Connery, the latter a daughter of ——— Wilson, of Maryland. One branch of the Wilsons settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Houston were married by Prince (otherwise Father) Gallitzin, heir apparent to the Russian throne, and their children were: Thomas Palmer, editor and proprietor of the *Pittsburg Gazette*, now the *Gazette-Times*; Charles Wilson, ex-proprietor of the *Pittsburg Press*; Emeline, deceased, wife of John Bindley, manufacturer, capitalist, president of the Bindley Hardware Company and Seamless Tube Company, vice-president of the Pittsburg Steel Company, and member of various other similar organizations; and Anna Elizabeth, born in Pittsburg and educated in the public schools. Before her marriage to James Flood she was a well-known ballad singer and pupil of Clement Tetedoux.

James and Anna Elizabeth (Houston) Flood, were the parents of the following children: Edward Houston, of whom later; Mary Edna, Francis Reynolds, assistant cashier at People's National Bank, and of some local reputation as a baritone singer; James Vincent, clerk of the Gulf Refining Company, and dilettante illustrator; Henry Clement, student at West Pennsylvania Medical College; Charles Aloysius and Walter Gerald, both at school.

Edward Houston Flood, son of James and Anna Elizabeth (Houston) Flood, until the age of thirteen attended a German school, passing thence to the public schools and the Central High School, Pittsburg, from which he graduated in 1898. In 1901 he graduated from the Western University of Pennsylvania with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He is now engaged in the practice of the law in Pittsburg. He has given much attention to music, having studied the violin with E. G. Rothleder, a pupil of Pablo Sarasate, and Émil Sauret, Paris. He was for three years editor of the *University Courant*. He belongs to the membership committee of the Civic League.

Mr. Flood belongs to the Algonquin Canoe Club, is secretary of Fort Pitt Athletic Club, ex-secretary and treasurer of the Keystone Bicycle Club, and a member of various other boating and athletic organizations. He is an independent in politics. In religion he is a Roman Catholic, as were the preceding Floods herein mentioned, being connected with St. Paul's cathedral.

JAMES ROSS BELL, among the younger members of the Pittsburg bar, was born November 3, 1863, in Chartiers township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, son of James Hulings and Eliza Lecky (Quigley) Bell. The Bell family originally emigrated from Ireland.

(I) Robert Bell, born in county Tyrone, Ireland, married Agnes Fleming, of Edinburgh, Scotland, and came to the south branch of the Potomac river, Virginia, and there engaged in farming and stock raising near where now stands the town of Romney, Virginia. In 1765 he came over into what is now Pennsylvania, along Chartiers creek. Being impressed with the looks of the country and its resources, he returned home with the intention of moving his family there, but died in the meantime. His family, which consisted of his wife and children—eight sons—John, James, Charles, William, David, Robert, Samuel and Joseph, removed to the Charties creek country and became the first settlers in that section, which was where the town of Carnegie now stands. Two of the sons, John and James, took out patents

for four hundred acres, each on opposite sides of the creek. Clearing the land and farming was their principal business, while they were continually harrassed by the Indians, particularly during the Revolutionary war when the Indians were incited and helped the British to attack the settlers on the outskirts.

(II) James Bell, the second son of the American emigrant, married Mary Newkirk and their children were: Robert, Henry, Joseph, James, Jennie, who intermarried with John Hultz; Agnes, who intermarried with Robert Sbawhan.

(III) Robert Bell, son of James and Mary (Newkirk) Bell, married Elizabeth Ross, daughter of Captain John Ross and granddaughter of Colonel Philip Ross, one of the oldest settlers and largest landholders in that vicinity. To this couple were born the following children: James Hulings, Robert, Mary, who intermarried with Francis C. Reno; Fenton, who intermarried with John Edmond; Cynthia, intermarried with Jonathan P. Ross.

(IV) James Hulings Bell, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Ross) Bell, became the subject's father. He was born March 15, 1815, in Chartiers township, and died there June 23, 1903. He obtained a good education, was very religiously inclined and preferred the faith of the Methodist Episcopal church. He followed farm life; also was a dealer in real estate and coal business. He married Miss Eliza Lecky Quigley in 1862; she was born in 1839 in Chartiers township and there died February 13, 1899, at the old Bell homestead. She was the daughter of Charles P. and Sarah Quigley and the granddaughter of Thomas Perkins, who married Mary Barclay, and came from Marcus Hook, Delaware, and was a watch-maker on Market street, in what was then the borough of Pittsburg. He held borough and county offices. It is a well-founded tradition in the family that the subject's great-grandfather, James Bell, while a boy was captured by the Indians and taken to where the town of Vincennes, Indiana, now stands. A hair trunk and other trinkets of his captivity are in the possession of the Justus family of Carnegie, Pennsylvania.

Another tradition is that the John Bell who was governor and United States senator from Tennessee, and who was nominated and ran for President of the United States in 1861, with Everitt, when the lamented Lincoln was elected, was the grandson of Robert Bell, who was a brother of the subject's great-grandfather, James Bell. Bell county, Kentucky, was named for members of this family, some of whom served in the war of 1812-14.

James Hulings and Eliza Lecky (Quigley) Bell—the subject's parents—had five children, as follows: James Ross, who will again be referred to; Elizabeth, who died in 1888; Sarah, Mary B., and Robert C. Bell.

(V) James Ross Bell, subject, the eldest child of James H. Bell and wife, was educated at the Bell school, Chartiers township; at the Pittsburg Academy, Washington and Jefferson College, Washington, Pennsylvania, attending the latter from 1883 to 1887, graduating in the month of June the last year named. From the date of his graduation to December, 1889, he read law with David Bruce and James M. Shields, Esquires, and was admitted to the Allegheny county bar in the month of December, 1889, since which time he has been engaged in the general law practice at Pittsburg. He was reared to farm life on the old homestead place, for which his grandfather obtained a patent from the commonwealth. He taught school two terms when about eighteen years of age, and then took a four-years' classical course as above indicated. In politics

he is a staunch supporter of the Republican party. He has served as a justice of the peace and township commissioner. He is a member of the First Presbyterian church of Carnegie. Like many of the modern business men he is a member of the Masonic fraternity, belonging to Centennial Lodge, No. 544, of the Free and Accepted Masons; also Charters Commandery, No. 78, Knights Templar. He is the president of the Pittsburgh Alumni Club, Phi Delta Theta.

Mr. Bell was married, April 16, 1901, at Carnegie, Pennsylvania, to Sarah Caroline Harvey, daughter of William F. and Amelia (Walker) Harvey. Her father was a soldier in the Civil war, serving three years. For several years he was engaged in the paint business, in which he was successful. James Miller Walker, the grandfather of Mrs. Bell, was a member of the well-known families of Walker and Binning, of Philadelphia, and was the first superintendent of the Allegheny County Home. He was also twenty-five years an elder and superintendent in the Sabbath-school of the First United Presbyterian church of Allegheny City. Mrs. Bell obtained a good education and took special musical training. The subject and his wife had one child born to them, January 16, 1903, who died in infancy.

THE HEINZ FAMILY. Among the modern-day industries in its line none outrank the great H. J. Heinz Pickle and Preserving Works of Greater Pittsburg, which was founded in 1869 by Henry John Heinz, whose ancestors came from Germany, and are traced through the following line of genealogy:

Lorenz Heinz, who was born in the latter part of the seventeenth century, in Kallstadt, province of Rheinfalz, Bavaria, Germany, was a prosperous wine producer, a state official and a church trustee, which, in that country, meant a man of some distinction, as the church and state are there so closely allied.

Henry Heinz was the founder of the family in the United States. He was born at Kallstadt, Germany, and came to this country in 1840, locating at what was then Birmingham, now South Side, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He married Miss Anna Margareta Schmitt, a native of Cruspis, Germany. She came to Pittsburg in 1843, met and married Henry Heinz December 4, the same year of her arrival in America. They were consistent and devout members of the Lutheran church, of the strictest integrity and the highest sense of honor. They moved to Sharpsburg, a suburb of Pittsburg, in 1850, where he engaged in the brick-making trade and later became a well-known contractor and builder. They began life's journey unaided by capital and were hard working and thrifty people. They were blessed with nine children, which gladdened the home circle. The oldest of these children was Henry John, of whom this sketch will largely treat.

Henry John Heinz, well and widely known by reason of his connection as founder and president of the H. J. Heinz Company, makers of the famous "57 Varieties" of pure food products, was born in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, October 11, 1844. He was educated at the public schools and Duff's Business College of his native city. It was the intention of his parents to fit him for the ministry, but his tastes developed in the direction of business pursuits, and excepting for a few years of his early manhood he has followed but the one business calling, of which he has made a great success. While yet a mere boy he evinced business tact in the production and marketing of

vegetables, which were raised by him on his parents' four-acre garden plot. His youthful delight was to grow fine varieties of vegetables and then dispose of the same at good prices, putting the money into the family treasury. He did not, however, in any way neglect such opportunities to acquire an education as were open to him. It is related of Mr. Heinz that the first money he earned for himself was in company with twenty more boys, who, at twenty-five cents a day, picked up potatoes for a nearby farmer, on a tract of land which later was embraced in the holdings of the Aspinwall Land Company, of which he is the president. His religious training was well cared for by devout Christian parents, whose influence was only for the best on his young mind. In later years, after he had been crowned with abundant success, he attributed it largely to the precepts and example of pious parents. Especially did his mother have great influence over him and impressed upon him wholesome principles, which he has used to good advantage all through his life. The attachment between this mother and son was marked by a devotion as beautiful as it was steadfast. At the age of sixteen years young Heinz became a bookkeeper and practical assistant in his father's contracting business. At about this time he also commenced to grow, grate and bottle horseradish, which he disposed of readily at the city market.

When he footed up the receipts for the sales of the year he was seventeen years of age—1861—and he discovered that he had sold twenty-four hundred dollars' worth of garden produce from the four-acre lot, which he had well fertilized and cultivated, believing, as he said, "One must put gold into the ground if they take diamonds out of it."

Upon reaching his majority, his father took him into partnership, and he soon evinced his ability by the introduction of means by which brick yards could be successfully operated in winter as well as summer months.

In 1869 he dissolved his business relations with his father and formed a partnership with another, and engaged in brick making at Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, but this only continued a short time, as destiny held something better in store for him. He returned to his old home at Sharpsburg and engaged in the pickling business, and from that small, modest beginning in 1869 has grown the present large establishment, with a world-wide reputation for the high character of its products and of its business system, standards and ideals. Mr. Heinz has always been at the head of the house and is its president to-day. There have been a few changes in ownership of stock and officers with the passing years, but he has continued to be the leading moving spirit of the company. This firm uses the annual product of more than thirty thousand acres of vegetables and fruit lands; has fourteen branch factories; employs four thousand persons, including about five hundred traveling salesmen; has received medals and awards from all the great expositions in the world, and at the home factory, in Pittsburg, occupies a floor space of seventeen acres, which is increased to fifty-two acres when all branch houses are counted in.

Mr. Heinz has many financial interests growing out of the fortune accumulated in the business which has been uppermost in his mind for a third of a century. He is the president of the Central Accident Insurance Company, of Pittsburg; president of the Winona Interurban Railway Company, of Indiana; president of the Aspinwall Land Company; director of the Union National Bank and a director of the Western Insurance Company, of Pittsburg. In

politics he is a Republican, but has never aspired to office and never held public office except that of member of the board of education at Sharpsburg while he was a resident of that borough. He is a member of the Presbyterian church. For over twenty years he was superintendent of a Sunday-school and that during the busiest years of his life. He has been president of both State and County Sunday-school Associations and a delegate to three International Conventions. He has also been an active worker in the Young Men's Christian Association. As member of the Pittsburgh Chamber of Commerce he, with others, set on foot the means by which the "Greater Pittsburg" bill was finally passed, making Pittsburg and Allegheny City one. He was also one of the founders of the Western Pennsylvania Exposition Society, and is its vice-president.

Mr. Heinz possesses a magnificent home in the East End of Pittsburg, to which locality he removed in 1890 from Sharpsburg. Having been an extensive traveler in many foreign lands, including Europe, Egypt, Palestine, China, Japan, Mexico, West Indies and throughout his own country, he has collected a vast assortment of rare and very valuable curios, which adorn one whole floor in his present residence. This is one of, if not the largest, private collection in Pennsylvania. Every age of the world and every inhabitable portion of the globe have contributed to this museum of antiquities.

Being of a generous and high-minded character, he is philanthropic and given to deeds of charity. He is one of the advisory board in several charitable institutions and member of the board of directors of three educational institutions. With his social qualities he very naturally finds membership in the Duquesne, Country and Union Clubs of Pittsburg.

By reason of his fair dealing with and sympathy for the laboring classes in general, his policy has been so shaped that he has never had the labor strikes so common with large companies. Each of the thousands in his employ feels that he is just and generous.

September 20, 1869, he married Sally Sloan, daughter of Robert and Mary (Sloan) Young, at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Heinz was of a highly esteemed family from County Down, Ireland; they were of the Presbyterian faith. She was a faithful companion and true mother, the light and life of the home she adorned by her noble Christian virtues. She died November 29, 1894. The issue by this union was: 1. Irene Edwilda, who married John L. Given, of New York City, now engaged in the advertising business. Mrs. Given was educated in the Western Pennsylvania College for Women. 2. Clarence Noble, unmarried and connected with the advertising department of the Heinz Company. 3. Howard, who is the vice-president of the H. J. Heinz Company; married, October, 1906, Miss Elizabeth Rust, of Saginaw, Michigan. 4. Robert Eugene, died in infancy. 5. Clifford Stanton, still a young man, just out of Lafayette College.

W. H. SEWARD THOMSON, of the firm of Thomson & Thomson, attorneys-at-law of Greater Pittsburg, was born in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 16, 1856, son of Dr. Alexander R. and Hannah (Charles) Thomson. The line of ancestry through which this family is traced is as follows:

(I) Alexander Thomson, of Scotland, was the progenitor of the American branch of the family.

(II) William and John Thomson, sons of the American ancestor, Alexander, were both soldiers in the Revolutionary war.

(III) Alexander Thomson, third in line from the founder of this family in the United States, came to Beaver county, Pennsylvania, in 1800, making a permanent settlement in 1804, first living in Hopewell township, but a few years later removed to Independence township, where he died. He was a sickle maker, which trade he followed until modern methods rendered it unprofitable. He was major in the militia, and his popularity was repeatedly attested by his election to various official positions, including that of county commissioner. He was the only man in Beaver county in 1824 who cast a vote for President Adams. He died July 8, 1846, aged sixty-five years. His wife was Jane, daughter of George and Martha (Stringer) McElhaney. She died in the autumn of 1867, aged nearly eighty years. Their children were as follows: Elizabeth, Martha, Fannie, William, Jane, Margaret, Alexander R., Nancy, Cynthia (who died aged eighteen years), Lucinda and Louisa.

(IV) Alexander R. Thomson, the subject's father, son of Alexander Thomson, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, February 29, 1820. He was educated in his native county and at Jefferson College. He chose medicine for his profession and studied under Dr. Pollock, then of Clinton but later of Pittsburg. After practicing for seven years he abandoned his profession on account of ill health, and engaged in farming pursuits. Subsequently he studied law with Samuel B. Wilson, Esquire, of Beaver, and was admitted to the bar in 1858. He owned a good farm of three hundred acres, and this was his chief business the later years of his life. The old Thomson stock were all of the Covenanters' religious faith. Mr. Thomson held many positions of trust and honor. In December, 1854, he was elected prothonotary and held this office until April, 1856, when he was forced to resign on account of ill health. The late Hon. M. S. Quay served as a deputy in the same office. Mr. Thomson was a staunch supporter of true Jeffersonian Democracy, but in no sense a blind follower of his party. When the question of slavery was thrust upon the people for solution he raised his voice in public speech against it. He believed that under the correct interpretation of the Declaration of Independence that the proposition was self-evident—that the American slave was entitled to his freedom. Nature had endowed him with rare gifts as a public speaker. With an oratorical diction and temperament, a mind clear and always logical, an accurate knowledge of national politics, with a courage to express his convictions, he at once became a political speaker of rare force and great power. In 1882 he was elected to a seat in the legislature. During the extra session of that body, convened for the purpose of apportioning the state, as required by the constitution, his speeches made in furtherance of the constitutional provision, and for the strict enforcement of the organic law, attracted attention throughout the entire state. The last years of his life were spent in the independent quietude of farm life in Beaver county, where he died in 1905, aged eighty-five years. He married Hannah, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Cheney) Charles, of an old Allegheny county (Pennsylvania) family. She died leaving four sons: John C., William C., Alexander Franklin and W. H. Seward Thomson, of this notice, of whom later mention is made. Of these

sons, William died in Dakota, January 9, 1886; John became a farmer of Oregon, now of the state of Washington; Alexander Franklin is a law partner of his brother, W. H. S. For his second wife Mr. Thomson married Ellen Scott, by whom one son was born—Jeremiah Morgan Thomson.

(V) W. H. Seward Thomson, subject, the great-great-grandson of the American ancestor, Alexander Thomson, and the son of Dr. Alexander and Hannah (Charles) Thomson, was born in Independence township, Beaver county, Pennsylvania. He was named for William H. Seward, Lincoln's secretary of war, for whose ability and patriotism his father entertained the highest opinion. He was educated at Powell's Academy in Catlettsburg, Kentucky; Marshall College, West Virginia; and Washington and Jefferson College. He first intended to fit himself and follow the civil engineering profession, but later chose that of law, at the suggestion and earnest desire of his father. He was admitted to the bar in 1880, in Cabell county, West Virginia; also to the supreme court of that state. In 1881 he located at Beaver, Pennsylvania, where he formed a law partnership with J. R. Martin, under the firm name of Thomson & Martin, which firm acquired an extensive practice, being engaged in much of the important litigation of that county. During the continuance of their partnership Mr. Martin was elected two successive terms as district attorney. In 1894 Mr. Thomson removed to Pittsburg, where he formed a partnership with his brother, Frank Thomson, under the firm name of Thomson & Thomson. This business connection has resulted in a large, profitable legal practice and is constantly increasing on account of the ability and fair dealing with which the firm transacts its business. The firm has won the respect of both the bench and bar of Allegheny county, and of western Pennsylvania as well.

In his political views Mr. Thomson is broad minded and liberal. He was born and reared in a family opposed to human slavery, but has long been identified with the Democratic party, because he believes that it represents the idea of the greatest independence and liberty for men. His Democracy is born of that broad type which has an abiding faith in the will of the people.

Notwithstanding he is a busy man both in his office and in the trial of cases, he has found time for interesting literary pursuits. His lectures on "Glimpses of Europe," "Victor Hugo," "Mirabeau, the Orator of the French Revolution," and others, have gained for him an enviable reputation as a platform orator. In 1906 he was the nominee of the Democratic party, allied with that of the Independents, of Allegheny county, for the office of district attorney and although defeated, ran many thousands of votes ahead of his ticket.

He attends the Presbyterian church and is a member of the board of directors of the Suburban General Hospital of Bellevue. He is public spirited and highly esteemed by a large circle of admirers.

Of his domestic relations it can be said that he was married, May 12, 1887, to Miss Mary E., daughter of Hon. D. L. and Margaret (Carman) Imbrie. Her father served two terms in the legislature from Beaver county and was a state senator. He served as chief clerk of the constitutional convention of Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Thomson are the parents of the following children: Marguerite Imbrie, born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, May 17, 1888, and Florine De Lorme, born in Beaver, Pennsylvania, July 24, 1893.

CHARLES ROSS, a prosperous and prominent farmer of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who has taken a foremost part in making some of the varied improvements in the city and who has held a number of public offices, is a descendant of an old and honored family.

Jasua Ross, grandfather of Charles Ross, was born in Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1781, and died in 1858. He was identified with farming and came to the Ross farm with his parents in 1782. His father, Thomas, great-grandfather of Charles, was born in Chester county, in 1738, was a Revolutionary soldier, was wounded at the battle of Saratoga, and died in 1813. Thomas Ross at one time befriended a starved Indian, and to show his kindness the Indian returned to the Ross cabin and persuaded Mr. Ross to get his ax and follow him, and he would show him a bee tree. For his kindness to this Indian the Ross family were never molested or their cabins burned.

Samuel Brison Ross, father of Charles Ross, was born in 1822, and was prominently identified with the farming interests of his district. He was supervisor of Collins township and tax collector, and was a member of the school board for a number of years. He was elected street commissioner under the Penn avenue act, and improved Lincoln avenue and built the first Lincoln avenue bridge. He held public office for over forty years. He married Emma McCosh, who died in 1867, a daughter of Samuel McCosh, and their children were: Herman, Anna F. and Charles, the subject of this sketch. Mr. Ross died in 1895.

Charles Ross, youngest child of Samuel Brison and Emma (McCosh) Ross, was born in Collins township, on the old Ross homestead, in 1862, and was named after his uncle, Charles McCosh, who was serving in Company A, Sixty-third Pennsylvania Volunteers, at the time of his birth. He was brought up with the idea of taking farming as his life work, and has been so engaged up to the present time. He is progressive and enterprising in his methods, ready to adopt any invention as soon as the practical utility of the same has been proved, and his farm is a model one of its size. He takes an intelligent interest in the public affairs of his district, has been president and treasurer of the Lincoln school board, director and treasurer of the Pythian Home Association of Pennsylvania of Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania, is president of Lincoln Board of Trade, and a member of A. O. K. of M. C., and now represents the Twenty-first ward of Pittsburg in the common council.

He married Agnes Bougher, and their children are: Emma, born September 15, 1887; Samuel Brison, born January 28, 1898, and Martha A., born February 25, 1907.

JAMES McKAY, late a resident of Pittsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, for many years a prominent factor in the business circles of that city, was born in Ireland in 1830, and was the first of his family to come to the shores of this country. He arrived here in 1848, and for a short time made his home in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, but the year after his arrival removed to Pittsburg. He found employment with Robert Watson, the owner of a wholesale grocery house located in the "Diamond." Later he succeeded Mr. Watson in this business and organized the firm of McKay & Philips, after a time purchasing the interests of Mr. Philips and formed the firm of McKay & Brothers, who carried on this business very successfully. Mr. McKay became identified

with the oil industry in 1876, and took a small interest in a company which was formed in Pittsburg, and which had a lease on some oil fields in Butler county, known as the "Jenkins" oil farm. Before oil was struck Mr. McKay bought out the interests of all the others concerned in this company, and shortly afterward was successful in making a decided oil strike. This produced about three thousand dollars per day, but owing to the inadequate facilities of the time and the incompetency in handling the outflow, the greater part of this was lost. Mr. McKay, however, continued in this field for a number of years, meeting with much success in the same locality, and finally disposed of his interests in 1895. He then, in conjunction with W. J. Hammond, purchased in Colorado what was known as the "Yankee Girl Silver Mine," which was one of the largest mines ever worked in that region of Colorado. It contained rich deposits, and Mr. McKay continued in gold and silver mining until his death. The firm of McKay and Hammond was located at the corner of Twenty-ninth and Liberty streets, where they were engaged in the manufacture of chains. Mr. McKay purchased all the interests of his partners in 1887 and organized the firm of James McKay & Company, taking into partnership his two sons, Robert J. and J. Albert. The firm was changed to a stock company in 1905, and Mr. McKay retired, turning over all his interests to his three sons, the two mentioned above and Thomas J. This firm is still carrying on the business in a most successful and enterprising manner. It has long since come to be considered one of the many great industries of the "Iron City." The plant is now (1907) located at McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania. Mr. McKay was in the true sense of the word a self-made business man, and built up a large fortune by his indomitable will and pluck, combined with wonderful energy, keen foresight and sound judgment. He was the vice-president of the Duquesne National Bank of Pittsburg for many years, and held this office at the time of his death. He was an extensive property owner in Pittsburg, as well as in West Virginia, Kentucky, Colorado, Idaho, New Mexico, Arizona and California. He died esteemed and respected by all who knew him, April 30, 1906.

Mr. McKay married Anna Eliza Watson, daughter of Robert and Eliza (Stewart) Watson, and granddaughter of Rev. Robert Stewart, a Methodist minister of Ireland. Mrs. McKay is still living in Pittsburg. Robert Watson and his wife were both natives of Ireland, where they were married, and emigrated to this country in 1829 or 1830. They made their first home in Kentucky, going there on a barge on the Ohio river. In Kentucky Mr. Watson was a builder of flatboats, and upon coming to Pittsburg became a contractor and builder of boats, but later engaged in the grocery trade. Both he and his wife spent the remainder of their lives in Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs. McKay were the parents of children: 1. Robert J., who upon the completion of his education was made a partner in the firm of his father, and is now at the head of the firm of James McKay & Company, chain manufacturers. He also has charge of the estate of his late father, and manages these important interests in a very capable manner. He married Eva M. Little, daughter of Howard D. and Catherine Little, and they have had children: Anna Katherine, Eva M., Roburta and E. Isabelle. 2. Elizabeth, married Florence O'Neil, and has had children: Eugenia, Elizabeth D., deceased, and Arthur. 3. J. Albert, is a member of the firm of James McKay & Company. He married Helen Murphy, of Boston, Massachusetts, and they have children: Alberta, Virginia and James. 4. Anna E., married Ernest Craig, and has had one child, Ernestine.

5. Carrie H., married Roland Erving, and has had children: James McKay, Roland H. and Robert J. 6. Alice, unmarried. 7. Thomas J., also a member of the firm of James McKay & Company. He married Martha Chambers. 8. Edna M., unmarried.

JOHN LIGGETT, deceased, during his lifetime was one of Pittsburg's active business factors. He was born January 19, 1821, in Pittsburg, between Wood and Market streets, in the Second ward. He died March 19, 1905. He was the son of Thomas Liggett, a native of Ireland, who came to America in the early part of the nineteenth century and settled in Pittsburg. In 1840 he purchased twenty acres from Mr. McFarland on what is now Walnut street, near College avenue, where he followed farming. In 1853 he erected a house there, which has been greatly added to from time to time. This house was his home from that date until his death, and in it his son John lived after his father's death. He married, in Pittsburg, Elizabeth McPherson, of Scotland. Of their ten children John Liggett, the subject of this notice, was one.

(II) John Liggett, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (McPherson) Liggett, received his education at the Pittsburg public schools, after which he learned the saddlery business under John Little, but later he inherited his father's property, which had materially grown in value, and he turned the tract of twenty acres mentioned into town lots. He continued to advance his property interests and at his death was possessed of much valuable property. June 7, 1853, in Allegheny City, he married Frances B., daughter of John Kelly and wife. Her father came to Pittsburg in 1830 and was a teacher in Allegheny City many years. He married Frances Hammerton, a native of Ireland. Of their ten children, Mrs. Liggett is the only survivor. On June 7, 1903, Mr. and Mrs. Liggett celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary. They had lived in the same house all these fifty years, and in it the husband died and the widow still lives. They were blessed with eight children, and the four sons who survive are as follows: 1. Thomas, who married Anna G. Say, of Oil City, Pennsylvania, and their four children are: Thomas, Jr., Lawrence, who married Olivia Dawson, whose child is Anita; Dorothy; Elizabeth. 2. John, who married Della Crosby, of Cleveland, Ohio, whose children are: Della Elizabeth and John the third. 3. Frank, married Madge Easton, of Pittsburg, and their children are Margaret and Nancy, deceased. 4. William, married Sarah Watson, of Pittsburg, and they are the parents of three children: Frances Buchanan, Caroline Kelly and Martha Watson.

HENRY A. BREED, a veteran of the Civil war and well known as an extensive Pittsburg business man, was born in the city of Pittsburg on August 1, 1842, a son of George and Rhoda (Edwards) Breed.

(I) The progenitor of the Breed family in America was Allen Breed, who in 1601 spelled his name Bread, but soon after settling in America the name was spelled Breed. He accompanied Governor Winthrop to this country. The entire Breed family in this country came from Allen Breed just named. He came to America in 1630 with his first wife and two sons, having two sons more born in this country, at Lynn, Massachusetts.

(II) Allen Breed, son of the American ancestor, married and among his children was a son named John Breed.

(III) John Breed, son of Allen Breed (II), married for his first wife Mercy Palmer.

(IV) Gershom Breed, son of John and Mercy (Palmer) Breed, married Dorothy McLaren, and among their children was a son, Shubal.

(V) Shubal Breed, son of Gershom and Dorothy (McLaren) Breed, married Lydia Perkins, by whom was born George Breed, the subject's father.

(VI) George Breed, son of Shubal and Lydia (Perkins) Breed, was born at Norwich, Connecticut, March 27, 1799. He received the plain, ordinary education of the times in which he lived, and when fourteen years of age went to Taunton, Massachusetts, where he entered the store of a certain Captain Ingalls as "boy" and clerk. He received a thorough training in method, accuracy and economy and cultivation of inherited qualities of honesty and thrift. In 1823 he came to Pittsburg and established himself. In 1826 he gave up his business in Pittsburg and went to Ravenna, Ohio, where he remained about two years, returning to Pittsburg in 1828. He was from this time engaged in the dry goods business and located on the north side of Market street, between the Diamond and Fifth avenue. On October 8, 1833, he was married to Miss Rhoda Ogden Edwards, a great-granddaughter of Rev. Jonathan Edwards, the eminent divine and president of Princeton College. In 1835 Mr. Breed sold his dry goods business and engaged in the queensware and glass business, being located on Wood street, just south of the Diamond, and later at old No. 100, where he continued until his death.

Mr. Breed belonged to the "heroic age" of Pittsburg's development and enterprise, before even the day of palatial canal boating, when the stage coach and Conestoga wagon were the means of transit. He was active in practical matters, but in no sense a public man. He was modest, his interests in events manifested by quiet and solid results. He was deeply interested in the construction of the old Pennsylvania canal, and was a party to the idea of transporting canal-boats across the mountains in sections over the inclined planes of the old Portage road.

He was the prime mover in the establishment of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital after numerous efforts had failed; and when the charter had about lapsed he raised by individual effort a subscription which secured the grant, called a meeting of subscribers and organized a board. He was also one of the original incorporators of the Third Presbyterian church, of which he continued a member until his death. In politics he was an old-line Whig and threw no obstacles on the track of the "underground railroad" before the Civil war. In 1842 he was one of the parties who purchased the ground and settled at Oakland, at that date known as the "Third Church Colony." In stature he was a large man, being six feet and four inches high and weighed two hundred and seventy-five pounds, but perfectly erect and active in all his movements. He belonged to the old school of merchants and gentlemen. He was the father of eight children, three of whom died in infancy. The others were as follows: 1. Richard E., who engaged in trade in Chicago, Illinois. He married Mattie Lyon, of Covington, Kentucky, and they had four children, including George, who married Clara Meade, daughter of Admiral Meade, and had six children, viz.: Richard Edward, Edwards, George, Rebecca, Mary Paulding and Henrietta. 2. Sarah M., who married Charles H. Zug, Esquire, of Pittsburg, and

whose sketch appears elsewhere in this work. 3. Henry A., of whom later. 4. Emma B., wife of T. F. Phillips, a merchant in Philadelphia. 5. Rev. David R. Breed, D. D., who became pastor of a church in Chicago. He is now professor in the Western Theological Seminary at Allegheny City. He married Elizabeth Kendall, of Grand Rapids, Michigan, and they are the parents of four children: Esther K., Mary E. (who married Captain Frank Giviter of the regular army, who died and left one child, Elizabeth Breed), Morris Edwards, M. D., located at St. Louis, Missouri, and Allen, a student.

(VII) Henry A. Breed, subject, was a soldier in the Civil war, being a lieutenant in the One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment. He was in the Army of the Potomac and served in the battle of Antietam and on to the surrender of Lee at Appomattox. After the war had ended he embarked in the manufacturing business for about fifteen years and in the real estate business a portion of twenty years along special lines. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic and Sons of the Revolution, joining the latter through his mother's ancestry. He is also a member of the Loyal Legion and of the Duquesne Club. He was one of the early members of the Shady-side Presbyterian church, of which he is a ruling elder and trustee.

He married, October 1, 1868, Cornelia Bidwell, a native of Pittsburg, daughter of John C. and Sarah S. (Dilworth) Bidwell. (See Dilworth family sketch.) Mr. and Mrs. Breed are the parents of two children: 1. Mary Bidwell, who is dean of women at the University of Missouri. 2. Charles H., who is a master at Lawrenceville School at Lawrenceville, New Jersey. He married Frances De Forest Martin, a daughter of Robert L. Martin and wife. Their issue is Anne Leiper.

JOSEPH SIDNEY SEAMAN, a resident of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and at the head of one of the important business enterprises of that section of the state, is a descendant of an honored family of Germany, who have been domiciled in this country for a number of generations.

(I) Johan Ludwig Seaman, the progenitor of this family in America, was a member of the body guard of Frederick the Great, of Prussia. On account of his religious convictions, which were not viewed with favor in his native country, he sailed for the New World, arriving at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 25, 1748. In "Rupp's Thirty Thousand Names," which gives an account of the names and dates of landing of the early immigrants, we find it stated that "October 25, 1748, there arrived in Philadelphia the ship 'Paliens and Margaret,' with John Govan as captain, from Rotterdam, last from Leith," and that among the passengers were Henry Seaman and Johan Ludwig Seaman. Later the name was spelled Seaman, as it is at the present time. "It is possible," says Rupp's, "that the signature in the ship's record was made by a clerk and not correctly spelled." However, it evidently referred to one and the same person, and that was the ancestor mentioned above. He married after his arrival in this country, and settled in Berks county, Pennsylvania.

(II) John Seaman, son of Johan Ludwig Seaman (I), was with Washington at Valley Forge.

(III) John Seaman, son of John Seaman (II), was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, and later removed to Harmony, in the same state, with the

society known as "Harmonites." He married Katherine Allwine, also of Berks county, and they had three daughters and five sons.

(IV) Elias Seaman, third child of John (III) and Katherine (Allwine) Seaman, was born in Berks county, Pennsylvania, in 1811. He was a young child when he came to Harmony with his parents, and there grew to manhood. He was apprenticed to learn the harness and saddlery trade, and followed this occupation throughout his life. He married Margaret Charlotte Goehring, born near Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of the following children: 1. William Henry, who resides at Leetsdale. He married Henrietta Cunningham and has six children. 2. Elias Jefferson, died unmarried. 3. Joseph Sidney, see forward. 4. Edwin M., who died without issue. He was a veteran of the Civil war, going out with the "three months" men in 1861, in the Thirteenth Regiment, Pennsylvania Infantry. Later he enlisted in Young's Kentucky Black Horse Cavalry, afterward merged into the Fifty-third Pennsylvania Cavalry, in which he served during the remainder of the war. 5. Elias Francis, who now resides in Bellevue, Pennsylvania. He enlisted in the Second Virginia Infantry, later converted into cavalry, and served three years. He married Carrie Soles, and has three sons and one daughter living.

(V) Joseph Sidney Seaman, third son and child of Elias (IV) and Margaret Charlotte (Goehring) Seaman, was born in Harmony, Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he received his education, April 14, 1839. Upon the conclusion of his studies he came to Pittsburg and there learned the trade of roll turner. He commenced at the bottom of the ladder, a position he did not long retain, as his energy and application soon enabled him to rise from the ranks and make his way to the front. He held the position of foreman for a time, and then became superintendent of the iron mills, continuing in this office until 1864, when he became identified with the firm of Bollman & Bagley, of which he was virtually the organizer. The firm name underwent various changes; being known successively as: Bagley, Young & Company, James B. Young & Company, and later as Seaman, Sleeth & Black. It was incorporated and styled the Seaman-Sleeth Company in 1895, Mr. Seaman being the president and general manager, and R. L. Sleeth the vice-president. These two gentlemen are the sole proprietors of the property. Mr. Seaman is also president of the Pennsylvania National Bank and the Pennsylvania Savings Bank, and a director in the Superior Steel Company, which he organized in 1891. He has been a member and an officer in the First Lutheran church in Grant street for a period of forty years.

He married, March 23, 1863, Hannah Alice Slater, born in Pittsburg, daughter of William and Ruth (Simons) Slater, and they have had children: 1. Charles B., who married Maggie Johnston, of Pittsburg. 2. Alice Grace, married John H. Hammond, president of the Superior Steel Company, of Carnegie, Pennsylvania. They have children: James Sidney and Alice Riddle. 3. Joseph Sidney, Jr., who married Ruth Desso, of Plattsburg, New York.

THE SUCCOP FAMILY. (I) Henry Herman Succop, born in 1800, came to Pittsburg from Germany at an early day with his son, John H. Succop, and died in 1876. His wife was born in 1791 and died in 1877.

(II) John Henry Succop, son of Henry Herman Succop, was born in

Germany October 25, 1822, and came from Hanover to Pittsburg in 1840. He engaged in the grocery business, which he continued to follow for many years, and died May 15, 1888. He was married in Pittsburg to Mary E. Kuhlman, a native of Germany. Of their children, Henry H. became a German Lutheran minister of Chicago, and the youngest son, Frank R., engaged in the grocery trade in Pittsburg; August E., another son, was born in Pittsburg June 7, 1847, and was educated at the German Lutheran schools.

(III) August E. Succop, son of John Henry and Mary E. (Kuhlman) Succop, just named, was placed in his father's store and in 1872 engaged in the general merchandise business at Woodville, Ohio, where he remained several years. In about 1880 he associated himself with E. H. Myers & Company of Pittsburg in the pork-packing and banking business. He is now president of the Germania Savings Bank of Pittsburg, also president of the German Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburg, as well as connected with many other financial institutions.

Mr. Succop married, in 1874, Louise F., daughter of E. H. Myers, of Pittsburg. Among the children born to Mr. and Mrs. Succop are: Charles H. E., Irene A. and Louise R. The third daughter died in infancy. Politically Mr. Succop is a supporter of the Republican party and in church faith is a Lutheran.

(III) Frank Rudolph Succop, son of John Henry and Mary E. (Kuhlman) Succop, was born in Pittsburg November 2, 1852, and in his early days was in his father's store, where he remained until his father retired from business. February 11, 1885, he married Mary Voskamp, a native of Pittsburg, and the daughter of B. H. Voskamp. He was a native of Germany. To Mr. and Mrs. Succop were born Frank Henry, Adaline, Eleanor Louisa and John. Frank R. Succop died December 6, 1900.

REV. WILLIAM EDWARD McCULLOCH is pastor of the Homewood United Presbyterian church, Pittsburg, and resides at 7133 Race street. He is the only son of Joseph M. and Mary (Phillips) McCulloch, and was born in Woodford county, Illinois, June 5, 1869. His father served two terms as county judge, and during the Civil war was captain of Company C, Seventy-seventh Illinois Volunteers. For many years Judge McCulloch was an elder in the United Presbyterian church, giving special attention to Sabbath-school work.

Rev. W. E. McCulloch received his education at Monmouth College, Johns Hopkins University and the Allegheny Theological Seminary. He graduated from the latter institution in 1895, and at once took charge of the Hamilton Avenue church, which, on account of change of location became known as the Homewood church. The new buildings, large and well-equipped, located at the corner of Homewood avenue and Idlewild street, was dedicated in May, 1906.

Mr. McCulloch was for five years a member of the general committee of the Young People's Christian Union, and for three years a member of the evangelistic committee. He is a member of the Board of Home Missions. He was married in 1896 to Delphine Tyler, daughter of H. H. and Lucetta H. Tyler, of Lenox, Iowa. They had one child, Helen Tyler McCulloch, born February 23, 1904, died September 16, 1905.

WILLIS DALZELL STOCKDALE, member of the common council of the city of Pittsburg, was born in Georgetown, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, March 27, 1863, son of Jackman Taylor and Mary J. (Calhoun) Stockdale, being the eighth of thirteen children in his father's family, five of whom survive.

The paternal grandfather, Joseph Stockdale, was of an old Quaker family of Pennsylvania, born near Norristown, and married Miss Annie Allen, of Norristown, Pennsylvania. Joseph Stockdale's uncle, John Sturtyger, was a member of congress in 1827. Joseph Stockdale was by trade a miller, and in early life went to Frederickstown, Ohio, where he built and operated a grist-mill during the greater part of his active life. He died and was buried at that place. He had three children, one of whom, the subject's father, was named Jackman Taylor Stockdale, born at Frederickstown, Ohio, March 3, 1828. He was reared in the county of his nativity, and at the age of twenty years left home and secured work on the river, which in those pre-railroad days offered many inducements to young men possessed of ambition to rise in the world. So it was that he grew to be a real river traffic man, and followed it in one capacity or another up to the time of his death in 1886. He organized and owned the Pittsburg and Cincinnati (Ohio) packet line, and built twenty-eight steamboats in Pittsburg, which he operated in connection with his river traffic. He was one of the best known Ohio and Mississippi river operators. Captain J. T. Stockdale and Captain Joseph Calhoun built the steamboat Euphrates when Captain Stockdale was only twenty-one years of age. He also transferred soldiers under Grant during the Civil war.

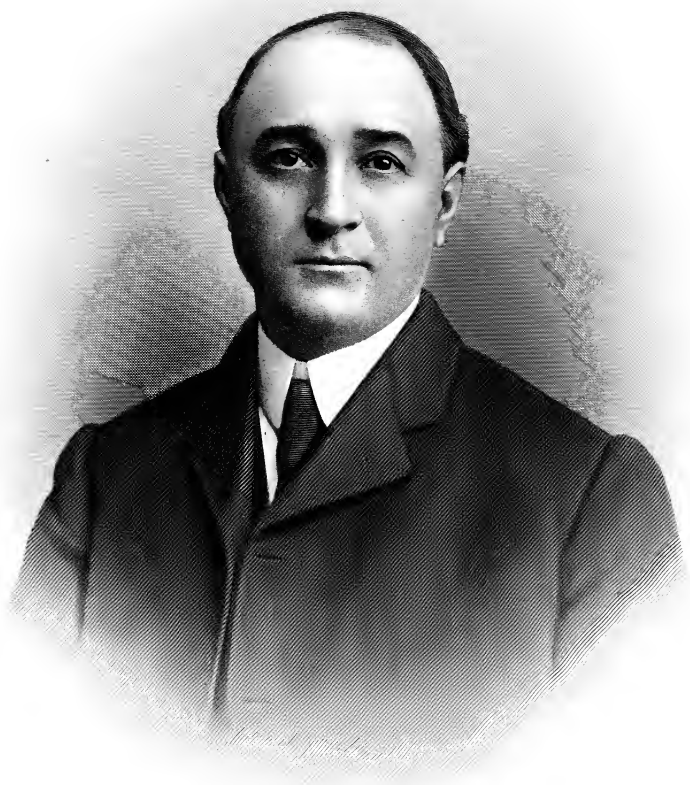
He married Mary J. Calhoun, by whom was born thirteen children, five of whom still live, named as follows: Minnie, wife of W. D. Webb, of Pittsburg; Mary B., wife of John K. Ewing, of Pittsburg; Charles D., of McKee's Rocks, Pennsylvania; Jackson T., Jr., of New York City; Willis D., of this notice.

Willis Dalzell Stockdale remained at home and obtained his education in the ward schools of Allegheny, the Normal School of California, Pennsylvania, and at the University of Western Pennsylvania. After finishing his education he also followed the river for fourteen years, in the capacity of clerk, pilot and later master of a vessel. From 1892 to 1894 he owned and operated a ferry from Liverpool, Ohio, to Chester, West Virginia. In 1894 he severed his connection with the life of a riverman and came to Pittsburg, where he has since been associated with the office of an alderman, J. C. McMasters, of the Second ward. In 1901 he was elected to the common council from his ward, and re-elected in 1906. In 1904 he was elected as member of the school board and has held the office ever since.

In politics Mr. Stockdale is an ardent Republican, and is a member of both city and county Republican committees. He is a member of the Third Presbyterian church of Pittsburg and is connected with the following civic societies: The Royal Arcanum and the Iroquois fraternities.

He was married June 6, 1894, in New York city, to Miss Grace Brown. No issue by this union.

WILLIAM WILSON GIFFEN, vice-president of the Land Trust Company and president of the First National Bank of Trafford City, is a striking instance of what a clean, right-minded country boy, with high ideals and an



DAVID Giffen

honorable ambition, can accomplish in a great city, even though starting without capital or influence.

Andrew Giffen, the earliest American ancestor of the family, was a native of Ireland, from whence he removed to this country, settling on a farm in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, on the banks of the Canadoquinut Creek, about one-half mile below the mouth of the Big Spring. He married, March 26, 1742, Agnes Nesbit, a native of Ireland, and among their children was John, see forward.

John Giffen, son of Andrew and Agnes (Nesbit) Giffen, was born in Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1743. About the year 1763 he with his wife crossed the mountains on horseback, carrying their chattels, etc., on pack saddles. Settling in the wilds of Westmoreland county among the Indians, he purchased about three hundred acres of land, built a log cabin and began to clear his land. Many were the trials and hardships they encountered. Upon one occasion the Indians, who had been very friendly, became warlike, and having been informed of the uprising, he kept a sharp lookout. One morning while working in his clearing he noticed some Indian scouts acting suspiciously, foresaw danger and he called to his wife, and without any preparations both hastily mounted the horse and started as fast as they could for the fort. Immediately the Indian scouts gave the war whoop and looking back in terror they saw many Indians pursuing them. They pressed their terrified horse to his utmost. Fast and furious was the chase, with the Indians gaining on them as their horse had a double load to carry. Just as they came in view and within a few hundred feet of the fort, their trusty horse fell, throwing them to the ground. They regained their feet but expected any moment to be overtaken and scalped. The fleet-footed Indians were almost upon them, and thinking they had them sure let out terrible yells. Fortunately the settlers who had already been driven to the fort heard them, and seeing them opened fire and checked the savages. The plucky couple reached the fort mid a shower of arrows. There they remained ten days. The provisions almost gave out and lots were cast to see who would go first, it falling to Mr. Giffen to go first. They had not seen or heard anything of the Indians for some time. They ventured out and seeing no one, returned to their home, expecting to find all in ruins, but were surprised to find little damage done and their faithful horse grazing nearby.

Mr. Giffen was a member of the Presbyterian church, in the work of which he took an active interest. He married, August 24, 1762, Eleanor Herron, who bore him ten children, three of whom died in infancy. Those who attained years of maturity were: Mary, born September 11, 1766, married William McGeary, November 17, 1788; Agnes, born March 26, 1769, married Fergus Smith, March 25, 1794; Margaret, born October 20, 1771, died unmarried; John, born October 17, 1774, see forward; Hannah, born October 26, 1779, married William Hunter February 18, 1805; Eleanor, born October 18, 1782, died unmarried; Martha, born December 1, 1786, married Andrew Robinson October 15, 1807.

John Giffen, son of John and Eleanor (Herron) Giffen, was born October 17, 1774. He succeeded to the homestead, and throughout the active years of his life followed the occupation of farming. He was a consistent member of the Presbyterian church, and served for many years in the capacity of elder. He married, January 10, 1807, Jean Robison, born December 10, 1785, and

their children were: Hannah, born October 26, 1807, died aged twelve; Eleanor, born November 25, 1809, died unmarried at the age of almost eighty years; John, born March 9, 1812, died in the prime of manhood; Jean, born April 2, 1814, married William Hunter; Thomas, born April 19, 1816, died aged eight years; Andrew, born November 17, 1818; William, born January 15, 1821, died aged seventy-nine years; Oliphant P., born January 12, 1823, died aged sixty years; Amanda, born January 7, 1826, married Alexander Culbertson, of Greensburg, Pennsylvania; Jesse, born January 20, 1831, see forward. John Giffen (father) died October 6, 1854.

Jesse Giffen, son of John and Jean (Robison) Giffen, was born on the old homestead January 20, 1831. He was reared on the farm and attended the township schools, becoming a fair scholar and a practical farmer. He remained at home until his marriage, when his father gave him a farm of one hundred and eighty acres in East Huntington township, which he brought to a high state of cultivation, erected thereon a beautiful house and an immense barn, and stocked the farm with the choicest breeds of cattle and horses. Indeed, fancy stock breeding was with him almost a passion and no price was too great to pay for a thoroughbred of choice blooded family. Mr. Giffen cultivated his farm until the death of his wife, after which he resided in Bellevue (Pittsburg) with his daughter, Mrs. Anna Golden, where he died February 2, 1907. He was a member of the Mt. Pleasant Middle Presbyterian church, attended the services regularly, and reared his children strictly in accordance with his own religious principles. He was a Republican in politics, but never mingled in public affairs further than to exercise his rights as a voter. He was a fine example of manhood, liberal in his dealings with his fellowmen, just and gentle in his dealings with his children, and faithful to his religious obligations.

He married, March 22, 1859, Rebecca, daughter of William and Christiana (Bush) Fisher, born February 22, 1838. The Bush family trace their ancestry to Baron Bush, the wealthy nobleman of Stuttgart, Germany; one of the daughters of this family married a Bonaparte of France. Mrs. Giffen came as a bride to her husband's farm, which was ever afterward her home, and where she died November 10, 1895, aged fifty-eight years. Both Mr. and Mrs. Giffen were buried in the cemetery of the Mt. Pleasant Middle Presbyterian church. Three children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Giffen, as follows: 1. William Wilson, see forward. 2. Anna Jane, born July 1, 1869, married Professor H. W. Golden, of Bellevue, principal of the Allegheny Fifth Ward School. They are the parents of two children, Carl and Harry. 3. Ella May, born September 11, 1875.

William Wilson Giffen, only son of Jesse and Rebecca (Fisher) Giffen, was born at "Shady Side" farm in East Huntington township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, August 22, 1866. His elementary education was obtained in the "Stroh" Public School, after which he attended the Mt. Pleasant Classical and Scientific Institution, graduating in 1884 after a four-years' course. It was his father's wish that he should succeed him in the ownership and management of the home farm, and to that end he did all in his power to make farm life attractive to the young man, but the business instinct was so strong within the boy that in 1889, being then in this twenty-third year, he left home and came to Pittsburg to carve out his own career. After a few months he decided that banking was the one thing in life that most appealed

to him. He solicited and obtained a situation in the banking house of T. Mellon & Sons. He remained in the employ of this house two years, gaining a practical knowledge of banking and business that has been a most valuable asset in his subsequent career. In 1891 he formed a partnership with Samuel W. Gault for the purpose of conducting a general real estate business. The firm started with a single office room in the Ferguson building, and at the present time (1908) is one of the foremost among the many successful firms of Pittsburg. They were among the pioneers in the apartment building development of the city, and have erected some of the finest and most elegantly equipped buildings for apartment purposes in the city. Their activities have reached all sections; they bought, built, sold, rented, and in short energetically promoted every feature of the real estate business. As their business expanded they removed from one office to three on the second floor of the Ferguson building, and from there to spacious offices on the ground floor, 316 Fourth avenue. It was a most successful, well-balanced firm, working in harmony one with the other for the best interests of both, and together they have been important factors in giving to Pittsburg many of her beautiful buildings.

The business grew beyond ordinary limits, and in August, 1903, Gault and Giffen and John N. Dunn, Esq., founded the Land Trust Company, which took over the active earning business of Gault & Giffen, they retaining the ownership of their real estate. They also took a good working interest in the stock of the Land Trust Company and an active part in the management. Mr. Giffen became vice-president and Mr. Gault manager of the real estate department. The Land Trust Company purchased the title business of John N. Dunn and the Security Title Abstract Company, and they also instituted a general banking business. All these departments are concentrated in the Land Trust building, Fourth avenue, and have wonderfully prospered. Situated in the very heart of the famous financial district of Pittsburg, the company has steadily grown in public favor and confidence. Firmly founded and carefully managed as the institution is, it has before it a most prosperous future. Great as have been the labors of Mr. Giffen in the two successful enterprises above mentioned, they by no means comprehend his field of activity. He is president of the First National Bank of Trafford City, and is president, vice-president or director in a number of other active corporations of Pittsburg. In civic matters he also takes an active interest. He is vice-president of the Oakland Board of Trade, a most active and useful body, and a member of the Pittsburg Chamber of Commerce and Young Men's Republican Tariff Club. He is a member and treasurer of the Oakland Presbyterian church, and an independent Republican in politics.

Mr. Giffen married, October 16, 1895, Lidie M., daughter of James L. and Rebecca Jane (Hall) Boardman, of Allegheny. Mr. Boardman is an honored veteran of the Civil war. Mrs. Giffen is a graduate of the Indiana State Normal School and a member of the Presbyterian church. Their children are: William Wilson, Jr., born July 5, 1896, died November 18, 1896; Ruth Rebecca, born March 7, 1898; Margaret Elizabeth, born August 15, 1904. The family reside at 749 Millvale avenue, Shady Side, Pittsburg.

GEORGE BOULTON is a son of Joseph Boulton, who was born in the vicinity of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, in 1799, and died in Duncansville, Penn-

sylvania, in 1844. He had six sons and two daughters, named as follows: Joseph S., Daniel H., William D., Alexander, George, Maria, John H. and Agnes.

George Boulton was born in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, November 27, 1834. When a boy he worked at the Portage Iron Works in Duncansville, Pennsylvania. Later he was employed on the Allegheny Portage Railroad for two years, and when seventeen years of age was employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, remaining with said company for ten years, two of which were spent on freight and passenger trains on the Portage Railroad and the Western Division of the Pennsylvania, and the remaining eight years were spent in the freight department in Pittsburg, shipping local freight eastward on said railroad. In 1862 he was appointed the first freight and passenger agent, in Pittsburg, of the Pittsburgh & Connellsville Railroad Company, now the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. He was superintendent of the Columbia Oil Company of Pittsburg from March, 1865, until May, 1881. The company's oil property was situated in Venango, Butler, Clarion and McKean counties, Pennsylvania. From March, 1865, until May, 1875, he resided on Columbia Farm on Oil Creek, Venango county, and from the latter date until May, 1881, his residence was in Oil City. In May, 1881, he resigned his position as superintendent of the Columbia Oil Company, moved to Jamestown, New York, and took charge of the oil business of Boulton Brothers. Two years later he with others organized the Acme Gas Company and made a contract with the Edgar Thomson Steel Works to supply them with natural gas for steam and heating purposes for a period of five years. The company also supplies gas to the citizens of Braddock, the Homestead Steel Works and the glass works of Bryce, Higbee & Company, of Homestead.

Mr. Boulton aided in organizing the Duquesne Steel Company, whose works are at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, and was the first president of the company. Later new partners were taken in and the name was changed to the Allegheny Bessemer Steel Company, of which he was elected vice-president. In 1890 this company sold its interests to the Carnegie Steel Company, and the business was renamed the Duquesne Steel Works. He then retired from business, and in 1892 moved to No. 326 Maple avenue, in the borough of Edgewood, where he now resides.

Mr. Boulton married Mary Jordan, of Pittsburg, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Alcorn) Jordan, December 4, 1860. Of this union two daughters were born, Jessie M. and Sadie S. Jessie M. married Charles M. Thorp, an attorney of Pittsburg. They have six children: Margaret B., George B., Evelyn L., Charles M., Jr., Jessie M. and Sara E. The second daughter, Sadie S., married Robert J. Eidlitz, an architect and builder of New York city.

JOSEPH SHEA ALEXANDER, whose active life has been spent in the insurance business in Pittsburg, was born in this city March 4, 1870, a son of George Murray and Margaret Ellen (Bridge) Alexander. The name of the founder of this family in America was Thomas Alexander, of Scotch-Irish nativity, who settled in America in about the year 1760, at Bridgeville, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he followed farming for a livelihood. He was of the Presbyterian church faith and was a soldier in the Revolutionary war. Of

his wife's history nothing is now known. Among their children was a son, John Alexander, born in 1803, the grandfather of Joseph S. Alexander.

George Murray Alexander, the father, was born July 7, 1828, near Bridgeville, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he became a carpenter and was one of the very first employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, working on the original construction work. He was later employed with such men as Andrew Carnegie, Thomas Scott, Robert Pitcairn and others who made the early history of this corporation. In 1873 he left the railroad company to enter the employ of the People's Insurance Company of Pittsburg, afterwards becoming its general manager, and thus continuing until 1890, when he resigned. He then formed a partnership with his son, Joseph S. Alexander, in the general insurance business, under the name of G. M. Alexander & Son, in which he continued, as the senior partner until his death, February 25, 1906. He was much interested in music, being musical director of Christ's Methodist Episcopal church for thirty-two years. He was a member of the Central board of education of Pittsburg for many years. In church connection he was of the Methodist denomination. He married Margaret Ellen Bridge, born in 1832, in Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

Joseph S. Alexander, son of George Murray and Margaret Ellen (Bridge) Alexander, was educated in the Pittsburg public schools and the Central High School. In 1883 he engaged in the insurance business, which he has followed ever since. He succeeded to the business of G. M. Alexander & Son. Politically he is a Republican, but in no wise a politician. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church on Homewood avenue. He is a member of the following fraternal societies and other organizations: Pittsburgh Board of Trade, Board of Underwriters of Allegheny County, Union Club, Fort Pitt Athletic Club, Automobile Club of Pittsburg, Hailman Lodge No. 321, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a past master; Pittsburg Chapter, No. 258, Royal Arch Masons; Tancred Commandery, No. 48, Knights Templar; Pennsylvania Consistory, A. O. S. R.; Syria Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S.

Mr. Alexander was married, November 28, 1898, at Port Perry, Pennsylvania, to Nelle West Menges, daughter of Captain Jacob Menges, of the W. W. O'Neil Coal Company. She was educated at the public schools of Pittsburg, the Pittsburg Female College, and the Indiana State Normal School. The issue by this union was as follows: 1. George Murray, born September 12, 1899. 2. Charles Alexander, born September 11, 1901. 3. Clarence Harvey, born June 17, 1903.

THE TIM FAMILY, members of which have been prominent in the business world of Pittsburg for the last sixty years, is now ably represented by Captain Anthony G. Tim, president of the Guardian Trust Company and proprietor of the firm of John W. Tim & Son, and by his only son, John Frederick Tim, a member of the Allegheny county bar.

The founder of the American branch of the family was William Tim, who emigrated from Holland and settled in Baltimore, Maryland, where for the remainder of his life he followed his trade, which was that of a butcher. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church. He married Rosanna Wolf, and the following were their children: Mary, deceased, wife of Jacob Miller, children, one son and three daughters; Sophia, wife of Jacob Heinz, of Pittsburg; and mother of a family of children, two of whom are living; another daughter,

Dorothy, deceased, late of Pittsburg, wife of Charles Youer, and mother of two children; Anthony G., deceased, of Huntingdon, Pennsylvania, for years a merchant at Steubenville, Ohio, married, children, two daughters living and one son deceased; and John W., of whom later. The father of the family was about forty-five years old at the time of his death. He is buried in Baltimore. His widow came with her children to Pittsburg, where she died at about the age of seventy.

John W. Tim, son of William and Rosanna (Wolf) Tim, was born September 15, 1815, in Amsterdam, Holland, and was three years old when brought by his parents to the United States. He received his education in the public schools of Baltimore, and learned the making of umbrellas, whips and canes, acquiring a thorough and general knowledge of the business. In 1848 he came to Pittsburg, and established himself in business on Wood street, near the present site of the firm of John W. Tim & Son. To that site he subsequently moved and there continued the business during the remainder of his life. He took his son into partnership, after which the business was conducted under the firm name of John W. Tim & Son. Mr. Tim was for several years president of the City Deposit Bank, and was one of the founders and also the vice-president of the German Fire Insurance Company. He was interested in the cause of education and served as school director of the Nineteenth ward. In 1861 he built the residence on Grafton avenue which was his home for many years.

He was in early life a Democrat, but his liberality of spirit caused him to cast his vote regardless of party considerations for the man best qualified for the office. Among the presidents for whom he voted was Abraham Lincoln. He was a member of the Roman Catholic church, and contributed freely to the support of the churches of St. Peter, St. Paul and the Sacred Heart, the last-named being at the East End.

Mr. Tim married, September 4, 1849, in Pittsburg, Elizabeth Schaeffer, born in 1820, two and one-half miles from Greensburg, on the Mount Pleasant road, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, daughter of George and Elizabeth Schaeffer. The family was well known, Mr. Schaeffer being popularly styled "Blue Dyer Schaeffer." Mr. and Mrs. Tim were the parents of the following children: Anthony G., of whom later; Mary, born in 1852, died in March, 1853, aged thirteen months; Emma, born April 5, 1853, wife of Samuel Young, children, Kate Edna, Martha R., Mary A., Ella Mabel, Ethel L. and John W.; Catharine L., born June 2, 1855, wife of Louis Kable, a sketch of whom appears elsewhere in this work; and John George, of Salem, Ohio, married Hannah Market, children, Elizabeth and Catharine. The mother of these five children died about 1870, aged fifty years. She was a member of the Lutheran church.

The death of Mr. Tim, which occurred April 9, 1899, was a shock to the community, in view of the fact that on the previous day he had visited his place of business as usual. He was a man of marked executive ability, and held in laudable pride the establishment of which he was the founder, requesting in his will that the business should always be continued under the firm name of John W. Tim & Sons. His domestic affections were strong, for he was devoted to his family and sincerely attached to his home.

Anthony G. Tim, son of John W. and Elizabeth (Schaeffer) Tim, was born June 7, 1850, in Pittsburg, where he was educated in public and parochial schools, afterward spending about two years and a half at Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio. In 1869, after finishing his studies, he was employed by his

father in the latter's business, and on January 1, 1873, was admitted to the firm. In 1905 he purchased the interest of his brother, who was then a partner, thus becoming sole owner of the business. He remodeled the store, which is now one of the best-equipped of its kind to be found anywhere, Mr. Tim being an aggressive business man. He has been president of the Guardian Trust Company of Pittsburg since its organization in October, 1903, and is a stockholder in many other enterprises, among them the German Fire Insurance Company. In 1903 he built his residence on South Fairmount avenue.

He was for many years a member of Company F, Fourteenth Regiment, National Guard, State of Pennsylvania, and from 1888 to 1898 served as captain of the company, which, after the great flood of 1889, was stationed eight weeks in Johnstown. He is a Republican in politics and has always taken a keen interest in the affairs of the organization, but although repeatedly solicited to accept office, has invariably declined. He belongs to Oakland Lodge, F. and A. M., and is a member of the East Liberty Presbyterian church.

Captain Tim married, December 25, 1872, Jennie J. Markt, born in Baltimore, Maryland, daughter of the Rev. Frederick and Amelia Markt, the former, an acknowledged minister of the Society of Friends, for many years settled at Salem, Ohio. Captain and Mrs. Tim are the parents of one son, John Frederick, born June 4, 1880, who attended the schools of Pittsburg and took a preparatory course at the Shady Side Academy, graduating in 1901 from Lafayette College, Easton, Pennsylvania. He studied for the legal profession at the Pittsburgh Law School, and in the office of Patterson, Sterrett and Acheson, and in 1904 was admitted to the bar. He is now practicing with offices in the Berger Building. He belongs to the F. and A. M. and is a member of the Presbyterian church.

John Frederick Tim married, October 11, 1904, Ida F. Davis, of Phillipsburg, New Jersey, and they are the parents of two children: John Frederick, Jr., and an infant daughter, Anita.

ADOLPH GOEDDEL. The late Adolph Goeddel, a native and life-long resident of Pittsburg, and always a highly esteemed citizen, was born August 19, 1851, son of Peter and Margaret Goeddel, of whom the former came to this country when a young man.

Adolph Goeddel passed his childhood on the farm, receiving his education in the public schools of McKeesport and Pittsburg. He learned the trade of a stone-mason, but followed it for a short time only. For a brief period he conducted a dry goods store in Pittsburg, and was also temporarily the proprietor of a store in which he dealt in hardware and wood and willow ware. He was engaged in various other enterprises, among which was the manufacture of soap. The chief element in his business life was his extensive interest in real estate. He was the owner of much valuable property at the East End, and at the time of his death was building a block at Penn and Collins avenues, which was completed by his widow.

He belonged to Hailman Lodge, No. 321, F. and A. M., Duquesne Commandery, the Consistory, the Knights Templar and the Mystic Shrine. In politics he was a liberal Republican, voting for the best man independently of party considerations. He was an active member of the German Reformed church, and contributed to the building of St. Peter's Lutheran church. At the

time of his death he was an elder in St. Mark's Reformed church, in the work of which he took a leading part.

Mr. Goeddel married, May 31, 1881, Anna Mary Schusler, and they became the parents of the following children: William Adolph, of whom later; Margaretha, born April 9, 1885, wife of the Reverend J. Grant Walter, rector of the Hughes Avenue Reformed church of Cleveland, Ohio; Oscar Harry, born March 17, 1888, receiving his education in Pittsburg; Henrietta Marie, born April 18, 1890, and Gertrude Elizabeth, born January 13, 1893. All these children, with the exception of Mrs. Walter, reside with their widowed mother.

Mr. Goeddel died November 24, 1899, and is buried in lot 21, section 28, of Allegheny cemetery. His death was both a public and a private bereavement. D deservedly esteemed as a citizen, he was endeared to his friends and beloved by his family. He was a man of strict integrity and very domestic in his tastes, one of his strongest characteristics being a love of home. He was a self-educated man and well-read on all subjects, being particularly fond of history.

Mrs. Goeddel is a daughter of J. Peter Schusler, who was born in 1815, in Baden, Germany, was educated in his native land and learned the business of a butcher. In 1846 he came to the United States with his wife and three children, John, now of Pittsburg, and two daughters who died young. He landed at Baltimore, Maryland, and made the journey to Pittsburg by wagon and boat. He first worked at unloading boats, and after saving a little money established himself as a butcher on Penn avenue. In 1854 he moved to the East End, where for the remainder of his life he conducted a flourishing business on Frankstown avenue. He erected several buildings. He belonged to the I. O. O. F., and was a member of the German Lutheran church.

He married Margaret Hass, and the following were their children: John, born January 18, 1842, of Pittsburg; two daughters died young; William, died in 1884; Peter, of East End, Liberty, Pittsburg; Anna Mary, born August 14, 1853, widow of Adolph Goeddel; Adam, late of Pittsburg, died in 1898; Louisa, wife of Edward Krebs; Henry, of Pittsburg, and Margaret, deceased. Mr. Schusler was fifty-eight years old at the time of his death. His widow passed away in 1889, at the age of seventy.

The residence now occupied by Mrs. Goeddel, on the corner of Bryant and North Negley avenues, was erected by herself in 1906, and is one of the finest in the city. Mrs. Goeddel is a member of Grace Reformed church.

William Adolph Goeddel, eldest child of Adolph and Anna Mary (Schusler) Goeddel, was born January 15, 1883, attended the schools of Pittsburg, his native city, and graduated from Mercersburg Academy in 1899, and from Purdue University in 1903. He is secretary and treasurer of the Ousler Concrete Company, which was incorporated in December, 1906, with Howard Ousler as president, Patrick Ridge as general manager, and William Adolph Goeddel as secretary and treasurer. The office of the company is at 3134 Penn avenue. Mr. Goeddel is a member of Hailman Lodge, No. 321, F. and A. M. He is unmarried and resides at home.

JOHN FLEMING LOWERS, of Braddock, special clerk to the auditor-general, was born April 23, 1873, in the borough of which he is now a resi-

dent, a son of Samuel B. Lowers, who was born August 4, 1842, at Blairsville, Pennsylvania. While he was still a young child his parents moved to Linetown, Washington county, Pennsylvania, and he received his education in the public schools of that place. He learned the painter's trade, which he followed for many years. He belonged to the Knights of Pythias and the Junior Order of United American Mechanics and in politics was a Republican. He was a member of the First Christian church of Braddock.

Samuel B. Lowers married, in 1872, Anna McDougal, daughter of George and Euphemia (McDougal) Hunter, who came from Scotland about 1850 and were among the first settlers of Braddock, where Mr. Hunter conducted a general store for a number of years. Mr. and Mrs. Lowers were the parents of the following children: John Fleming, of whom later; Nancy, wife of Levi Goughenour, of Scottdale, Pennsylvania; children, Thelma, Gertrude, George, John and Carrie; Euphemia, wife of I. W. Duncan, a milk dealer and ice cream manufacturer of Braddock; Samuel Bennett, foreman for I. W. Duncan, married Ada Keibler, of Braddock, one child, Chester; Carrie, wife of Adam Mehlman, of Schnectady, New York; George, time clerk at McVey & Walker's foundry, Braddock; Roy, at home. Samuel B. Lowers, the father of the family, died April 23, 1896. His three brothers, James, Moses and Smith Lowers, served during the Civil war. Moses was confined four months in Andersonville prison, and after being exchanged returned to his regiment. James was wounded on the second day of the battle of Gettysburg.

John Fleming Lowers, son of Samuel B. and Anna McDougal (Hunter) Lowers, was educated in his native borough, attending the grammar school of North Braddock. After leaving school he obtained employment at the Edgar Thomson Works of the Carnegie Steel Company, serving first as stationary engineer and later as a steel rail inspector. He then held for seven years the office of assistant postmaster of Braddock, and is now special clerk to the auditor general in the collection of the collateral inheritance tax. He is secretary of the board of education of North Braddock, was formerly president of the North Braddock Fire Department, and is now treasurer of Braddock Hose Company No. 2. He is exalted ruler of Braddock Lodge, No. 883, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, and first lieutenant of the Knights of Malta Drill Corps. He is a representative at the state council of the Independent Order of Americans, and is a member of the Royal Arcanum, the German Beneficial Union, the Young Men's Republican Tariff Club, the Republican Executive Committee, and secretary and treasurer of the Republican Borough Executive Committee. He is a member of the First Christian church of Braddock.

Mr. Lowers married, September 12, 1895, Jessie Olive, a daughter of William and Sarah Ann (Critchlow) Bennett, of Braddock, Mr. Bennett being chief of police of that borough. Mr. and Mrs. Lowers are the parents of two daughters: Jome Cecil, born October 11, 1897, and Jessie Olive, born February 18, 1905.

ADIN LOUIS SAILOR, a representative citizen of Swissvale, Pennsylvania, and an active factor in the business and banking circles of Greater Pittsburg, is a lineal descendant of Mathias Sailor, a German Swiss, who enlisted July 21, 1746, in Captain Perry's company, one of the first com-

panies in the Provincial service, and served five years in the war of the British against the Indians and French; he was with General Wolfe at the capture of Quebec. Later he re-enlisted in the Colonial service in the Revolutionary war as captain of the First Battalion of Cumberland County Militia, commanded by General Valentine Shoufler and Colonel Ephraim Blain. After his service in the Revolutionary war he settled in Cumberland Valley, and in 1778 was a land proprietor. His death occurred there, and his remains were interred in the Trindle Springs cemetery. Other ancestors of Adin L. Sailor who served in the Revolutionary war were: Captain John Sailor, son of Mathias Sailor; John Jacob Wise; George Smith, with his father and three brothers; Johanus Wonderleigh, and John Otto, who served in the war of 1812. All of these histories have been accepted by the Society of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Adin Louis Sailor was born at Boiling Springs, Cumberland county, Pennsylvania, April 10, 1850. He was reared to habits of industry and thrift, and his business career has been most successful in consequence. For the past three decades he has been a merchant in Pittsburg, and the profits therefrom have been expended in purchasing real estate, and he is now one of the largest real estate owners in Swissvale. He has been a resident of Pittsburg for forty years, twenty of which have been spent in Swissvale, his present residence. He has served as councilman in the borough of Swissvale, and was an organizer and director of the First National Bank of Swissvale and of the Union National Bank of Braddock. He is a member of the Sons of the American Revolution.

Mr. Sailor married, in August, 1877, Anna Wilson, a lineal descendant of Captain Charles Wilson, who according to the records in the pension office at Washington, D. C., served as quartermaster, was a prisoner on Long Island for two years, having been captured at Fort Washington, and was a member of the Flying Camp. Mrs. Sailor is a Daughter of the American Revolution.

JOHN LOCKS, of Braddock, who has been for more than thirty years continuously employed at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works, was born August 9, 1849, in Wasa, Finland, son of John Frederick Locks, who was a native of Finland and a farmer.

John Frederick Locks married Bertha Hillman and the following children were born to them: John Frederick, Andrew, Herman, John, died at the age of five years; John, of whom later; Benjamin, August, Minnie, Victor and Isaac. Of these children, Andrew served in the Civil war and after the termination of the conflict embarked for Central America on a trading vessel which was never heard of after the day she set sail. Victor, a miner and fisherman, has been living in Alaska for the last fifteen or twenty years.

John, son of John Frederick and Bertha (Hillman) Locks, came to the United States in July, 1873, and after a brief sojourn in Chester county, Pennsylvania, came in the same year to Pittsburg, where he was employed on contract work. On October 2, 1873, he settled in Braddock, and there worked first for Thomas Cosgrove and afterward for George Hartley, being employed by each for a brief period. From April 13, 1874, until July of the same year he was employed by the Keystone Bridge Company and on March 2, 1875,

entered the service of the Edgar Thomson Company (now a branch of the Carnegie Steel Company), his connection with the latter organization having remained unbroken to the present day. He served first in the capacity of machinist and now holds the position of millwright. He belongs to the Swedish Society and in matters of politics staunchly adheres to the principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the Lutheran church of Brad-dock.

Mr. Locks married, August 17, 1876, Matilda, daughter of Lawrence and Sophia Peterson, of Pittsburg, and the following children have been born to them: Axtel Andrew, who died in infancy; John Siegfried, who died at the age of eleven months; Arthur Leonard; John Frederick; Jennie Matilda, who died aged eighteen months; Victor Aldrick; Harriet Matilda, wife of Carl Anderson, of Minnesota; Alice Sophia and Harry Benjamin. The fifty-eighth birthday of Mr. Locks was celebrated by a pleasant surprise party planned by his sons, Arthur Leonard, John Frederick and Victor Aldrick. Friends and neighbors came in large numbers to offer congratulations and good wishes and the evening was devoted to dancing and social intercourse. Refreshments were served at midnight, at which time Mr. Locks was presented by his three sons with a handsome gold watch.

THE SCOTT FAMILY, of which this notice treats, had for its ancestor in this country Hugh Scott, who was born in the northern part of Ireland, and came to America about 1670, possibly a little earlier.

(II) Abraham Scott, son of Hugh Scott (I), was born before 1677. He married and was the father of seven children; an account of five of whom follows: 1. Ann, married Arthur Patterson about 1720; he died in 1763 and she died in 1792. They were the parents of the following children: William, Rebecca, Samuel, born 1727, died November 15, 1820; Arthur, Ellen, James, born February 7, 1731, died May 19, 1789; Catherine, Jane, born 1739, died May 2, 1800. 2. Rebecca, became the second wife of James Agnew, a Scotch-Irish immigrant of the early part of the eighteenth century, who settled in Gettysburg and was the progenitor of the family which bears his name. They were married in 1737 and had the following children (surname Agnew): Samuel, born January 29, 1738, married Elizabeth Johnston, and had children: Martha, born September 9, 1740, married Samuel Patterson and they had four children; James, born May 1, 1742, married Mary Ramse and they had eight children; David, born July 17, 1743, married Mary Erwin and they were the parents of twelve children; Margaret, born August 27, 1745, married James Patterson and they had nine children; Rebecca, born May 3, 1747, married John McLanahan and had two children; Sarah, born May 15, 1749, married Archibald Douglass and had two children; Abraham, born December 23, 1750, died in infancy; Ann, born October 3, 1753, married Rev. John Smith and was the mother of ten children. 3. Alexander Scott, born in 1716 or 1717, is said to have settled in Virginia. 4. Hugh, see forward. 5. Josiah Scott, see forward.

(III) Hugh Scott, son of Abraham Scott (II), grandson of the American ancestor, was born in 1726. In 1773, when quite an emigration took place from where he was living, he went with his brothers and others to Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and the next year removed to Washington

county. Hugh Scott located near Pigeon creek, where after a residence of forty-five years he was buried beside his wife, Janet (Agnew) Scott, who was born August 13, 1735, died October 9, 1814, aged seventy-nine years. He died October 11, 1819, aged ninety-three years. As will be discovered by the several dates, it will be seen that Janet Agnew was quite young when her father married Rebecca Scott and that she was but nineteen when she married Hugh Scott, who was her senior by nine years; also that Hugh was forty-eight years of age when he settled in Washington county. Their wedded life extended over a period of fifty-nine years. Hugh Scott was noted for being a left-handed blacksmith. He was ordained one of the five ruling elders in the Pigeon Creek congregation of the Presbyterian church, on the third Sunday of November, 1776. He was also a member of the first grand jury impaneled, October 2, 1781. He was a justice of the peace under a commission dated November 8, 1788. He settled on a tract of land in Nottingham township (where his grandsons, James K. and Hugh C. Scott, still live), for which he received a patent dated January 23, 1799, in pursuance of a warrant dated September 22, 1788. His sons, Abraham and James, settled in Adams county when young men, and there married, lived and died. His son Hugh settled in Newark, Ohio. His son John owned, and was finally buried on a farm adjoining that of his uncle, Josiah Scott (III), a mile and a half east of Washington. His daughters married as follows: Rebecca, married George Van Eman; Sarah, married John Jordan; Margaret, married James Ramsey; Elizabeth, married Edward Todd. Josiah was given the old homestead in Washington county, Pennsylvania.

(III) Josiah Scott, son of Abraham Scott (II), was born 1735. He married (first) Violet Foster, and for his second wife he married Jane Gordon. Children of first wife: Sarah, died in infancy; Alexander, married Rachel McDowell; Abraham, married ——— McDowell; Mary, married William Cotton; Elizabeth, married Robert Stevenson; James, married Jane Wilson; Jane, married Hugh Workman; Josiah, married Sarah Coe. Children of second wife: Hugh, married Jane Blakely; Robert, married Elizabeth Munnell; Samuel, married Mary Ann Wyle; John, married Isabell Cotter. Each of the above children of the fourth generation of Scotts left issue, some of the families were large, numbering more than twelve children.

(IV) Josiah Scott, son of Hugh Scott (III), married Jane Darrah. He died August 16, 1834, aged sixty-four years. The children of this union were as follows: 1. Margaret McKinley, born 1807, married Thomas Weir and had issue of six children. 2. James Smith, see forward. 3. John Darrah, married Sarah Vance in 1839, died in 1880; he was by occupation a farmer; he was the father of five children. 4. Abraham Baird, inherited the old homestead of Hugh Scott (III), through Josiah (IV). In 1834 he married Rebecca Finley, by whom was born four children. He died in 1861. 5. Archibald Darrah, married Tamar Crawford, in 1839, and they had six children; he died in 1891. 6. Mary Jane, married William Sample, in 1837, and they were the parents of two children.

(V) James Smith Scott, son of Josiah Scott (IV), born 1808, died 1869. He was a major of the state militia at the time of the Mexican war. He was later commissioned a justice of the peace; he settled many estates; he engaged in farming. He married Mary Cabbage, daughter of Josiah Cabbage, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of nine children,

four of whom grew to maturity, as follows: 1. Almira Jane, born 1841, married John B. McBride, in 1873, and their children were as follows: James Scott, born 1874; John B., 1876; Charles C., 1878; Samuel Bruce, 1880; Mary Alice, 1883; George Wallace, 1884. 2. William Wallace, married Mary J. Roddy, of Sewickley, Pennsylvania, in 1868. Their children were: Mary Winfred, Gertrude R., Jean Alice and William Wallace, Jr. He married Miss Mary McKinnie, of Sewickley, Pennsylvania. William Wallace Scott, the father, served in the Union cause in the Civil war as member of the Tenth Pennsylvania Regiment of Reserves; was also in the Buckshot Sharpshooters and was breveted major at the close of the war. He is now postmaster at Sewickley, Pennsylvania. 3. George Winfield, married Adaline Speer, in 1882, and they now reside in Des Moines, Iowa. Their two children are Winfield and Dwight. 4. James H., married Fannie Ramsey Kuhn (see Kuhn family sketch); she died leaving three children: John Kuhn, Mary Ella, married Rev. B. R. McKnight, now living in Beaver Falls, Pennsylvania, and Gertrude, who married Dr. H. S. Midgley, of Elizabeth, Pennsylvania. Of the father of this family, James H. Scott, it may be stated that he was a graduate of Jefferson College, with the class of 1867. He then went to Iowa, where he engaged in the banking business, remaining some five years, and then came to Pittsburg, where he became cashier of the Anchor Bank, continuing there for five years, when he went to Chicago and was cashier of a life insurance company for three years. He then returned to Pittsburg to become paymaster and bookkeeper for a coal operating company, with whom he continued seven years. During this time he was acting as agent for the Fidelity and Casualty Insurance Company. In 1887 he became resident manager of the same institution and still retains such position. He is identified with the United Presbyterian church, and from 1880 has served as superintendent of the Sunday-school of that church. For the past three years he has been superintendent of the Sunday-school of the Second United Presbyterian church of Pittsburg.

JOHN THOMPSON, proprietor of the Hamilton Avenue Hotel, at Duquesne, Pennsylvania, was born April 17, 1846, in a little mining village called Shotley Bridge, England, son of Thomas Thompson. The father of the subject was a native of county Durham, England, and with his wife and son John came to America in 1853, locating for a brief period at Temperanceville (now West End), from which place they moved to Brown's Station, where he was in the employ of William H. Brown for several years. He next removed to Salineville, Ohio. He was the superintendent of copper mines for John Hays of Cleveland, Ohio, for fifteen years. He had followed coal mining before emigrating to this country. He married Jane Richardson, of Cassop Colliery district, England. They had seven children, as follows:

1. John (subject), born April 17, 1846, of whom later.
2. Thomas, of Bridgeport, Ohio.
3. Ross, died aged two years.
4. Elizabeth, the widow of Robert Robson, who was a merchant in Duquesne for many years; he died in Pueblo, Colorado, where his widow still resides.
5. Mary, is the wife of Andrew Moffitt, a native of Scotland, and recently of Duquesne, Pennsylvania.
6. Dorothy, wife of Matthew Smith, of Scotch parentage; he is a blacksmith by trade, but follows mining and resides at Salineville, Ohio.
7. Margaret,

wife of John Smith, of English parentage, of Salineville, Ohio. The father and mother of this family are both dead. They were both members of the Methodist Episcopal church.

John Thompson, eldest son of Thomas and Jane (Richardson) Thompson, was but about seven years of age when his parents came from England, in 1853. He first attended the public schools at Temperanceville and next in an old log school house at Brown's Station, but most of his education was obtained at Salineville, Ohio. After leaving school he commenced coal mining and was superintendent of the William J. Rainey's mines at Martin's Ferry, Ohio, and at Moyer, Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in all fourteen years. In 1888 he moved to Duquesne, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in drilling artesian wells, contracting and excavating. He held the office of constable at Duquesne borough for fifteen years, and in 1890 purchased the Hamilton Avenue Hotel, which he has since successfully managed. He owns a fine farm in Washington county, where he procures most of his provisions. Mr. Thompson is a veteran of the Civil war, having been a member of Company A, One Hundred and Forty-third Ohio Regiment. The date of his honorable discharge from the service of his country was August, 1864. He was married February 28, 1867, to Christina Lewis, daughter of John Lewis, of Salineville, Ohio. The children of this union were: William; John Lewis, died in infancy; Clarence Norman, Nora, Robert, married ——— Stephens, and they are the parents of five children; Birdella, the widow of William Geodley; he was a son of the Rev. Mr. Geodley, of Mt. Washington, and they have two children—Thelma and an infant son, deceased; Roy, married a Miss Snyder, and they have children; Ola M., at home and looks after the affairs of the hotel, in which she takes much pride and interest. Also one child who died December 31, 1906. Mrs. Thompson, the mother, is dead. Mr. Thompson is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Mystic Chain; Eagles of Duquesne, and the Grand Army of the Republic. Politically he supports the Republican party and attends the Methodist church, the denomination to which his parents belonged.

JOHN E. HURFORD, of Bellevue, who has been for forty years associated with the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company, and during the greater portion of that period as manager of the Pittsburg office, was born October 6, 1833, near Cadiz, Ohio, being a son of Aquila and Rachel Hurford, and grandson of Evan and Sarah Hurford, who lived near Cadiz, Ohio, and was all his life extensively engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was a member of the Society of Friends. The Hurford family was of English origin.

Aquila Hurford moved from Cadiz to Pittsburg, where he opened and operated the only water cure establishment in the county. It was opened in 1856, at Haysville, and was known as the Pittsburg Water Cure. Like his father, Mr. Hurford was a member of the Society of Friends. Aquila Hurford conducted the water cure establishment until his death, which occurred in 1863.

John E. Hurford assisted his father in the management of the Pittsburg Water Cure, and later became associated with the Pennsylvania Salt Manufacturing Company. He is one of the board of directors of the Western In-

urance Company, and was for twenty years a director of the Merchants and Manufacturers' National Bank, and is now a director of the Bank of Pittsburg, N. A., with which the M. and M. Bank merged. He is also a member of Chamber of Commerce of Pittsburg. For eleven years he served the borough of Bellevue as school director. While a resident of Allegheny he was one of the trustees of the Sixth United Presbyterian church of that city, and is now a member of the Presbyterian church of Bellevue.

Mr. Hurford married Maria B. Dawson, and they have three daughters, of whom the eldest, Annie Irwin, was born August 27, 1863, and is now the wife of William S. Purviance of Smithfield, Ohio. Mary Matson, the second daughter, was born May 30, 1865, and is the wife of J. Harvey Wattles of the firm of W. W. Wattles & Sons. Edith Marie, the youngest daughter, was born December 14, 1868, and is the wife of Nathan G., a son of Matthew B. Eyster, a veteran of the Civil war; he is the assistant secretary of the Colonial Trust Company. Mr. and Mrs. Eyster have one son, John Hurford Eyster, born March 23, 1902.

Mrs. Hurford is a member of the family which was planted in this country by three brothers, John, Thomas and George Dawson, who came here from England in the seventeenth century. John Dawson became enamored of an Irish girl, whom he met on board the ship which brought them to this country, proposed to her and was accepted. They were married by a minister who was among the passengers. At the end of the voyage they landed at New Haven, Connecticut, and thence proceeded to New York, which had but recently passed into the possession of the British. From New York they went as far as Chesapeake Bay, and settled at a place called Chesapeake, whence their descendants have dispersed to many of the central and southern states.

Thomas Dawson, son of John Dawson, moved to Montgomery county, Maryland, where he built a stone house which is still standing, and in which he passed the remainder of his life. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Colonel Nicholas Lowe, and they were the parents of three sons: Benoni, Nicholas and Robert D.

Benoni Dawson, son of Thomas and Elizabeth (Lowe) Dawson, was a farmer, also engaging in business as a lumberman and miller. In 1780 he went to Pennsylvania and settled where Georgetown now stands. He laid out the town and built the first block-house in that section, and was the second largest taxpayer in the county. Being a slave holder in Maryland, he built cabins for his slaves and also erected a grist-mill. At the time of his removal he supposed that he was settling in Virginia, but after establishing himself he had the land surveyed and was surprised to find that it was situated in Pennsylvania. It is recorded to his honor that he emancipated his slaves, and that while they accepted their freedom most of them remained with him until they died. He married Rebecca Mackall, who bore him six sons and six daughters. He died in 1806.

Nicholas Dawson, son of Benoni and Rebecca (Mackall) Dawson, was born in Maryland in 1772, and married Rachel, daughter of Augustine Moore, in whose house at Yorktown Lord Cornwallis signed his capitulation to General George Washington. Augustine Moore was a relative of Thomas Moore, the poet.

William M. Dawson, son of Nicholas and Rachel (Moore) Dawson, was born June 10, 1804. He was one of the first merchant tailors of Allegheny, and

was one of the original subscribers to the capital stock of the Pittsburg Savings Fund Company, which is today the Farmers' Deposit National Bank. He settled in the Diamond, where his children were born. In 1833 he opened a store in South Diamond, which he conducted until 1850, when he retired to a farm at Killbuck, now Glenfield, where he passed the remainder of his life. He died December 25, 1872.

Mr. Dawson married Anna, daughter of Ephraim Irwin, of Pittsburg, a veteran of the war of 1812. Mrs. Dawson died March 8, 1864. The children born to them were: Nicholas, December 14, 1828; James, February 1, 1833; Maria B., wife of John E. Hurford, March 28, 1840; William H. H., August 29, 1842, a soldier of the Civil war, and in Sherman's march to the sea; John L., November 14, 1847.

WILSON McLEAN. The late Wilson McLean, for more than twenty years an active business man and esteemed citizen of Wilkinsburg, was born in 1843, in Pittsburg, a son of William John McLean, whose name would seem to indicate that Scotland had been the land of his birth. He emigrated to the United States during the first quarter of the nineteenth century and settled in Peers township, Washington county, Pennsylvania. When a young man he learned the carpenter's trade, but later engaged in farming among the large estates in Nottingham township.

William John McLean married Margaret McWhinney, and their children were: Wilson, of whom later; Eliza Jane, of Wilkinsburg; Sarah Martha, deceased, wife of William Bryant, also deceased; Mary Euphemia, deceased; James H., married Mary Renwick, children, Jean, who is living; Gertrude, deceased; Samuel Neil, deceased; Clara Henrietta, wife of Jesse Williams, children, Lida, May and Kenneth, and another daughter deceased.

Wilson McLean, son of William John and Margaret (McWhinney) McLean, was reared and educated in Washington county, where he learned the carpenter's trade under the instruction of his father. He went to Allegheny City, where he was for a time employed by John Chambers. In 1874 he moved to Wilkinsburg and went into the planing-mill business, which he subsequently sold, taking up contracting and building. In this business he remained actively engaged until a few years previous to his death. In 1879 he built the house on South avenue which is now occupied by his widow. His political doctrines were those advocated by the Democratic party. He was for thirty years a member of the United Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg, in which for a long time he held the office of trustee.

Mr. McLean married Ann, daughter of James and Isabel (Caldwell) McNary, and they became the parents of the following children: Fanny Belle, born February 15, 1864, married, December 16, 1886, Dr. J. R. Vincent; Ida Jane, born April 17, 1866, married, March, 1889, W. S. Haymaker, of Wilkinsburg; Minnie May, born April 27, 1871, wife of William Kammerer, children, John V., William Wilson, and James Ray; Frank, born December 3, 1874, married Gertrude Schriber; Samuel Oliver, born August 1, 1877, married Hannah Ramsden, one son, Thomas Wilson; Sarah B., born June 23, 1879, wife of Robert C. Patterson, one son; and Clyde James, born November 30, 1881, educated in Wilkinsburg, now engaged in wholesale produce business and resides at home with his mother.

The death of Mr. McLean occurred September 3, 1895, while he was still in the prime of life and in the midst of a career of usefulness and honor. The bereavement sustained by his family and friends was indescribably great, while the loss to the community to which he had so long given the example of a conscientious citizen, was one which it would be difficult to estimate.

SAMUEL H. YAHRES, who has been a life-long resident and worthy citizen of Pittsburg, was born August 5, 1844, in Shaler township, Allegheny county, a son of J. Mathias Yahres, who was born February 20, 1807, in Germany, and in 1831 emigrated to the United States, making the journey from New York to Buffalo on a canal boat and from Buffalo to Pittsburg by stage-coach. In his native land he had served as assistant superintendent of the stock of the Grand Duke of Hesse. Upon his arrival in Pittsburg he secured employment with the Wayman Tobacco Manufacturing Company, but soon left the city and moved to Shaler township, where he followed agricultural pursuits. Later he settled in Etna, and for the remainder of his life engaged in various occupations. He was a Whig and a member of the Lutheran church.

J. Mathias Yahres married, in 1832, Christina, daughter of Henry Boyer (or Byers), who came to Pittsburg about 1800, and in 1820 moved to Pine Creek, where he bought a farm and built a saw-mill and gunsmith's shop, also a sickle factory, which he operated until 1844. In that year he sold the factory and gunsmith shop, retaining the mill, and later moved to Etna, where he passed the residue of his days. He was a Whig and a member of the Baptist church. Henry Boyer married, in 1802, in Lancaster county, Barbara, daughter of Peter Moyer, a native of Switzerland, who came to this country in 1742, accompanied by his widowed mother, one sister and three brothers, William, Henry and Jacob. They came from Germany, the original home of the race, where for a year previous to their emigration they had been the guests of family connections. Peter Moyer settled in Springfield township, Bucks county, where he aided in founding the Mennonite church. He was the father of the following children: Peter, born in 1758; Christian, born in 1766, died about 1800; Barbara, born in 1770, wife of Henry Boyer; Rebecca, born in 1775, died in young womanhood; Frederick, born in 1778; and George, born in 1780, served in the state legislature in 1828 and later moved to Armstrong county, where he became a prominent farmer. Peter Moyer, the father, was a preacher in the Mennonite church as well as one of its founders in Pennsylvania. He is mentioned in the sketch of Dr. Irwin J. Moyer, which appears on another page of this work.

The following children were born to Henry Boyer and his wife: Henry; Jacob; Elizabeth, wife of Jacob Vogel; Christina, born in 1809, in Pittsburg, where the Frick Building now stands, wife of J. Mathias Yahres; Daniel; Susan, deceased, wife of A. Reighard, and Catharine, wife of Joseph Hunter. Henry Boyer, the father, died in 1856. It is a noteworthy fact that his farm was situated where the court house now stands, the land extending over the hill.

J. Mathias Yahres and his wife, Christina Boyer, became the parents of five children: John, born December 19, 1839, married Sophia Gregg; Samuel H., of whom later; Elizabeth, born in 1846, wife of William A. Curtis; Jacob,

born January 25, 1849, married Valeria Welch, and Julia A., born in March, 1852, wife of Millard F. Rayburn. J. Mathias Yahres died in 1896, being then in his ninetieth year.

Samuel H. Yahres, son of J. Mathias and Christina (Boyer) Yahres, was educated in the public schools of Etna, and learned the roller's trade, at which he was employed in Spang & Company's rolling-mill, also working in other mills. In 1864 he enlisted in Company C, Fifth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Heavy Artillery. On August 20, 1864, the regiment being then on guard at the Manassas Gap Railroad, which was the line of supply of Sheridan's army, was engaged in a skirmish and captured the Mosby Artillery. After the battle of Cedar Creek the regiment returned to a fort north of Washington, District of Columbia, whence they were ordered to winter quarters in Virginia. In April, 1865, they buried nearly two thousand soldiers who fell at the battle of Bull Run. Mr. Yahres was mustered out of service with the Battery June 30, 1865. He returned to Etna, resumed his work in the rolling-mill, and soon rose to the superintendency of the rolling-mill department. In January, 1904, he retired from the mill, and entered the service of the Sharpsburg & Lawrence Bridge Company, with whom he still remains. For three terms he has served the borough of Etna as councilman. He is commander of George A. Custer Post No. 38, G. A. R., and also belongs to Temperance Lodge, No. 453, I. O. O. F., in which he held the rank of noble grand at the time of the Chicago fire. He is connected with the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, in which he is past councillor, and is also a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Yahres married, in 1873, Susan A., born in county of Cornwall, England, daughter of Richard and Elizabeth Taylor, and the following children have been born to them: Thomas W., married LaRoka Dunbar; Sarah C.; Charles, married Elva Conner; Christina; Bessie P., wife of Harry J. Yerkins; Samuel H.; John M., and Albert.

HENRY AUGUSTUS SHEPHARD, of Braddock, mill manager for the Edgar Thomson Steel Company, was born November 2, 1870, in the borough in which he now resides, a son of John Shephard, who was born April 16, 1833, in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, his ancestors having been among the early German settlers of the state. John Shephard when a boy was brought by his parents to Pittsburg, and learned brickmaking under the instruction of his father, an occupation in which he is still engaged. The Shephards have been and still are noted brick manufacturers. During the Civil war he enlisted in a regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, participating in the battles of The Wilderness, Vicksburg, Gettysburg, Chancellorsville and many others. He was taken prisoner and confined in Libby prison three months before being exchanged. Being an expert with the gun, he was made a sharpshooter and served in that capacity during the portion of his term of enlistment. He was appointed by the citizens of Braddock one of a committee of three to fix the boundaries of the place, which is today encompassed by the boundaries set by this committee. He served several terms on the school board of Braddock, and is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Christian church.

John Shephard married, at the age of twenty-one, Louisa Fix, born No-

ember 12, 1835, in Frankfort, Germany, a daughter of John Fix, who came in 1837 to the United States and settled in what is known as Fix's Hollow, East End, Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Shephard became the parents of the following children: 1. Joseph Francis, born December 24, 1854, a brickmaker of Braddock, married Mary Jones, of the same place, children: Edward, Ross and Alice. 2. Andrew, a brickmaker of Braddock, married Kate Fitzpatrick, of Akron, Ohio, children: Evaline, George, Leonard and Elizabeth. 3. Mary, wife of A. T. Reed, a retired business man of Braddock, children: Olive, Cora and Eleanor. 4. Sadie Belle, wife of Charles Haws, of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, children: Harry, Herbert and Louisa Shephard. 5. Henry Augustus, of whom later. 6. Laura. 7. Samuel Edward, a brickmaker of Little Boston, Pennsylvania. 8. William, deceased. 9. Elizabeth, deceased. Mrs. Shephard, the mother of this family, died April 16, 1901.

Henry Augustus Shephard, son of John and Louisa (Fix) Shephard, attended the North Braddock public schools, and was instructed by his father in the brickmaker's trade. His tastes, however, proving an exception to those of the other members of his family, he soon abandoned his trade and entered the service of the Edgar Thomson Steel Company, beginning as water boy, advancing to messenger boy, and thence was promoted to the position of roller, which he held for twelve years. At the end of that time he was made mill manager, in which capacity he has ever since served. He belongs to Lodge No. 510, F. and A. M., and in politics is a staunch Republican.

Mr. Shephard married, September 24, 1896, Margaret Jane, daughter of Sadie (McVey) and the late William Shaw, of Braddock, and they have been the parents of the following children: Harry Bartilson, born in 1897, died May 21, 1897; Russell Wilbert, born March 23, 1898; Andrew Jackson, born May 17, 1901, and Albert Henry, born November 21, 1903.

EDWARD WILLIAM DEAN, M. D., of Braddock, was born December 2, 1849, in Northwood, Ohio, a son of Henry Dean, who came from the north of Ireland and settled in St. Louis, where he engaged in mercantile business. He married Helen Armour, of old South Carolina stock.

Edward William Dean, son of Henry and Helen (Armour) Dean, received his early education in a private school in St. Louis. In 1862 the family moved to Pittsburg, where he attended for a time the Wilkinsburg school, afterward entering Thiel College, Greenville, Pennsylvania, whence he graduated in 1870 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts. He then entered Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, and in 1875 received from that institution the degree of Doctor of Medicine. After practicing his profession one year in East Liberty, Dr. Dean moved to Braddock, where he has since resided and has built up an extensive practice. In 1886-87, 1887-88 and 1888-89 he took a four-month term at the New York Post-Graduate School in the specialties of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and in 1893-94 spent fourteen months in Europe, nine months of which were spent in the Moorfields and Westminster ophthalmic hospitals, London, and the remainder of the time at specialty work in Gray's Inn Hospital and in the hospitals of Berlin and Vienna. He belongs to the Allegheny County Homeopathic Society, the State Society and the American Institute of Homeopathy, and is identified with Braddock Field Lodge, No. 510, F. and A. M., Shilo Chapter, No. 257, R. A. M., Tancred

Commandery, No. 48, and the Knights Templar, of Pittsburg. In politics he is a Republican and for several years served in the Braddock council. He and his wife and three of their children are members of the United Presbyterian church.

Dr. Dean married, October 8, 1876, Helen D., daughter of James and Sarah A. (Rowan) Anderson, pioneer settlers of Pittsburg, and the following children have been born to them: Cecile H., assistant principal of the North Braddock High School; Howard E., of the class of 1904, medical department of the University of Pennsylvania; Charles L., class of 1905, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston; Netta, class of 1903, North Braddock High School, also one year in the Washington Seminary and one year in the Fairmont Seminary, Washington, D. C., and Harvey A., class of 1904, Braddock High School, and will graduate in Washington and Jefferson College in 1909.

DAVID STACEY ELLIOTT. The late David Stacey Elliott, for many years an esteemed business man and honored citizen of North Braddock, was born December 19, 1841, in McKeesport, a son of Matthew and Maria (Soles) Elliott, of that place.

From the age of four years until reaching man's estate, David Stacey Elliott was an inmate of the home of his grandfather, David Soles, one of the leading farmers of Wilkins township, being a special favorite of both his grandparents. He attended the public schools of the township, and after leaving school engaged in the coal business. For ten years he served as assessor of North Braddock and Wilkins township, and in politics was a stanch Democrat. He attended the United Brethren church in North Braddock, to the erection of which his grandfather, David Soles, had largely contributed.

Mr. Elliott married, September 19, 1867, Agnes Jane McCutcheon, and they became the parents of the following children: David Trovilla, born October 1, 1868, a coal dealer of North Braddock, married Mary Hannah, daughter of Gottlieb and Hannah Berringer (both deceased), of that place, children, Lee, Ruth Florence and David Trovilla; Jennie Florence, born January 10, 1873, died September 3, 1902, wife of Charles Everett Lewis, children, Raymond Everett and Nina Agnes Elliott; Willie, born June 8, 1877, died July 8, 1878; George Elmer Soles, born March 22, 1879, deceased; Clarence Columbus, born August 30, 1884, deceased; Lester Alonzo, born June 12, 1887; Bessie May, born November 21, 1889, and one who died in infancy unnamed.

The death of Mr. Elliot, which was caused by paralysis and occurred October 8, 1904, was felt to be a great loss, not only to his family and friends but to the community at large. His high moral character and sterling honesty commanded the respect and affection of all who were associated with him, whether in business or in social life. He is survived by his widow, three children and a sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Campbell, of Milligan Manor, Swissvale.

Mrs. Elliott, who was born August 15, 1847, is a daughter of Samuel and Eliza Jane (Stewart) McCutcheon. During his earlier life Mr. McCutcheon was a farmer of Westmoreland county and later engaged in the teaming business at Braddock. In politics he was a Democrat. He and his wife were

members of the Baptist church of Braddock. Mr. McCutcheon died at the advanced age of eighty-one, and the death of Mrs. McCutcheon occurred when she had reached the age of sixty-four years.

JOHN ROWE, of Braddock, who has been for the last seventeen years employed as foreman by the Carnegie Steel Company, was born March 16, 1861, in Cornwall, England, a son of James Rowe, who was born May 1, 1830, in Newlyn, England. He was a fisherman and also a sailor, visiting in the course of his life before the mast many foreign ports. He was a member of the Primitive Methodist Episcopal church. James Rowe married Elizabeth Williams, daughter of Richard and Alice Payne, of Newlyn, England, and the following children were born to them: James, Elizabeth, Richard Payne, John, of whom later; Caroline Mary, and Alice. Mrs. Rowe, the mother, died at the age of fifty-five.

John Rowe, son of James and Elizabeth Williams (Payne) Rowe, received his education at the Methodist Episcopal school in his native place, and early in life adopted his father's calling, becoming an able seaman. For twenty years he followed the sea, visiting in that space of time Italy, Germany, Greece, Turkey, France, Spain, Egypt, the St. Michael Islands, Malta, Japan, Holland, Morocco and many other foreign countries. During the latter part of his life as a sea-faring man he served on an American trader (an English ship) running from Spain to America, and in 1891 settled in the United States, making his home in Braddock. He speedily secured employment at the Edgar Thomson Works of the Carnegie Steel Company as foreman of the rigging gang, a position which he still retains. He belongs to the Domestic Senate and is a member of the Methodist Protestant church of Braddock.

Mr. Rowe married, July 13, 1887, Eliza Jane, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Mathews) Clift, of the village of Moushle, Cornwall, England. Three children are the issue of this marriage: John James, born October 10, 1899; William Clift, born August 17, 1901, and Elizabeth Violet, born December 17, 1904. Mr. and Mrs. Rowe also have an adopted daughter, Hester, born March 30, 1885.

JOHN FIGNAR, an enterprising real estate and mercantile broker of Braddock, Pennsylvania, was born in Austria, Hungary, May 5, 1869, a son of Andrew Fignar, also a native of that country. Andrew Fignar followed farming for his livelihood and was the owner of considerable real estate in Austria. He died in 1868 and his wife in 1879. He married Anna Adamcho, by whom was born eight children: 1. Mary, who was the wife of Ignatz Pasternack and they had six children, one of whom (John) lives in Clarion, Pennsylvania. 2. Anna, died in 1905, the wife of William Sulin, of Hrabzske; they had five children. 3. William, who is a realty owner of Austria, Hungary, and resides on an estate that belongs to John and William. The latter made three visits to this country. John married Catherine Adamcho. 4. Eva, died in 1904; she was the wife of Ignatio Pasternack. 5. Catherine, was the wife of Michael Cundra and they had three children, one of whom (Stephen)

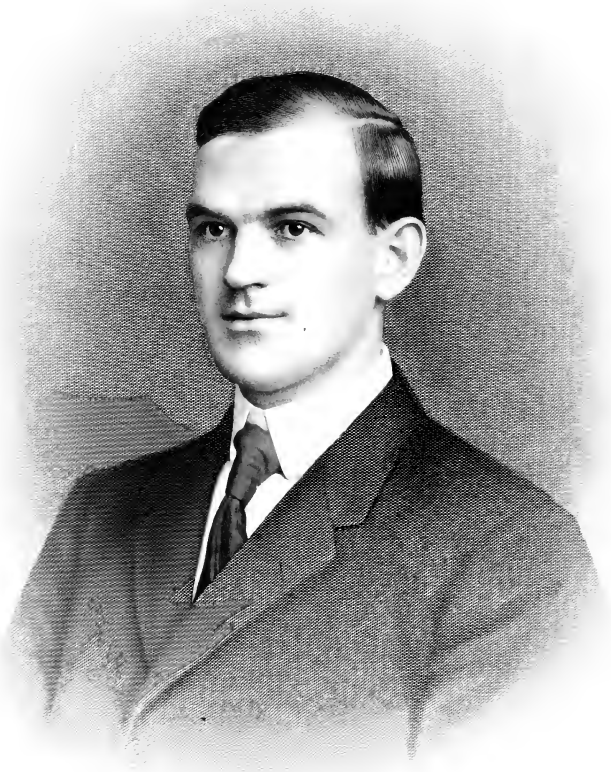
lives at Clarion, Pennsylvania. 6. Susie, who died in infancy. 7. Andrew, who died in infancy. 8. John, of whom later mention is made.

John Fignar, subject, was born in the little old and quaint village of Hrabzske, Hungary, where he attended the public schools, coming to this country when but fifteen years of age with friends from his native country, who located at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. He was there placed in a box-car to land wherever he might chance to, to make what he could of himself in life. He landed at Mount Carmel, Pennsylvania, where he found employment for a short time in a restaurant, coming to Pittsburg July 5, 1895. Here he secured employment in a restaurant on Diamond street. Next he went to the Hotel Slosser (now Victoria), where he was employed by Mr. Dillenbaugh as a waiter and pantry man. From there he went to the Hotel Goetz in East Pittsburg, where he found employment for several years. On May 5, 1900, he engaged with Rinard & Stewart in the real estate and insurance business as a clerk and interpreter, being able to speak seven different languages. He soon became acquainted with nearly every citizen of Braddock and vicinity. He continued with this firm for six years, until he engaged in the real estate and brokerage business on his own account, his first venture being at Mount Pleasant, Pennsylvania, where he lost, by a fire, every dollar he had accumulated. He is a member of the Greek Catholic church of Braddock, but being liberal attends all churches. Politically he takes but little interest but votes the Republican ticket.

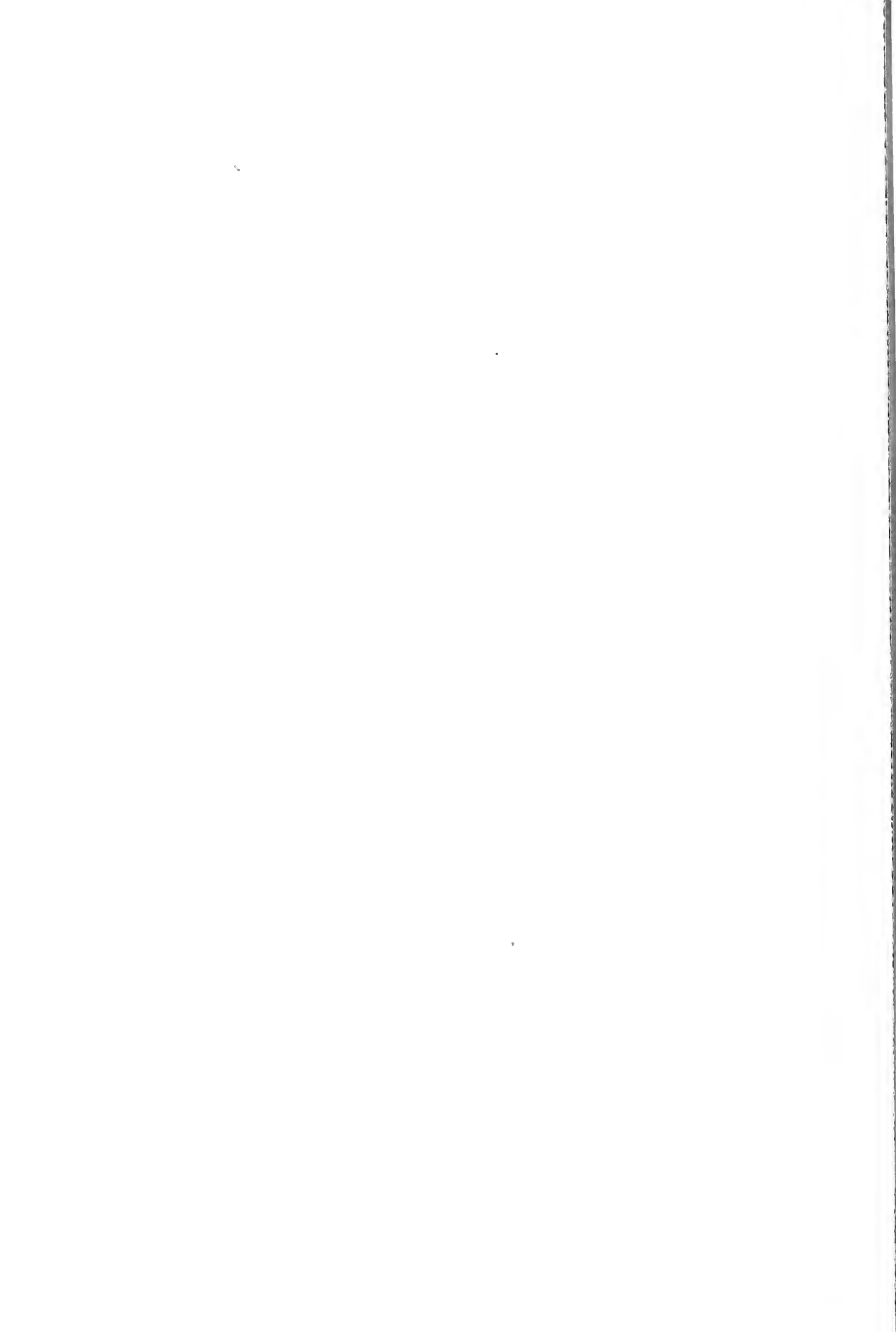
CHARLES F. HOCHBERG, who resides at No. 618 Homewood avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is an excellent example of what diligence, faithful attention to duty and ambition can rise to. He is a native of this country, of German descent, and has probably inherited the habits of thrift and industry which as a general rule characterize the natives of Germany.

Jacob Hochberg, father of Charles F. Hochberg, was born in Ammweiler, Germany, in 1849, and emigrated to this country in 1861. He came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and engaged in general farming and market gardening, with which he was successfully occupied for many years. He has taken a prominent and influential part in public affairs and has served in several public offices. He was a school director for a period of twenty years, and for part of that time was treasurer of the school board. He married Caroline Unger and had children: William H., born in 1874; Louis G., born in 1876; John J., born in 1878; Charles F., see forward; Walter, born in 1882; Albert G., born in 1884, and Matilda C., born in 1887.

Charles F. Hochberg, fourth son and child of Jacob and Caroline (Unger) Hochberg, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, March 27, 1880. His education was acquired in the public schools of that city, and this was supplemented by a course in Duff's College, in all of which institutions of learning he displayed remarkable aptitude. At the age of twenty-one years he accepted a position as messenger in the Homewood People's Bank, of Pittsburg, and here his careful attention to the details connected with his work, his executive ability, and his conscientious performance of the duties which fell to his share earned him rapid promotion and the confidence of those in charge of this financial institution. In time he became the assistant cashier, and on November 15, 1907, was promoted to cashier of the bank, being the youngest cashier in



Chas P Hochberg.



the city. He is a charter member of the Homewood Free and Accepted Masons, No. 635, of Ascalon Commandery, K. T., No. 59, and is a charter member of Belmar Lodge, I. O. O. F.

AMOS WELLINGTON NULL, a well-known contractor of Braddock, was born April 11, 1862, in East Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, a son of Marion Null, grandson of Henry Null, great-grandson of Philip Null, who was born about 1755 at Wrightsville, York county, Pennsylvania, and was the son of Huguenots who emigrated from Alsace-Lorraine.

Philip Null settled in Reading, Pennsylvania, and in 1780 enlisted as a captain in the militia which was ordered to North Carolina. He was present at the battle of Camden, where the defeat of General Gates by Lord Cornwallis was rendered more disastrous by the death of our brave ally, Baron De Kalb. Philip was also under the command of General Francis Marion, for whom he named his youngest son. About 1781 Philip Null settled at Lincolnton, North Carolina, and after his marriage resided several years in the home of his father-in-law. In 1799 he crossed the Allegheny mountains and made a home for himself and his family in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, settling on land which now forms the site of St. Joseph's Academy, Greensburg. After a few years the family, with the exception of three children—the son Henry and two married daughters—removed to Putnam county, Virginia, taking up their abode on a tract of several hundred acres. Philip Null married Margaret, daughter of Pierre Beauchamp, of Rockingham county, Virginia, thus introducing into the family an additional strain of French blood. Mr. and Mrs. Null were the parents of six children, the eldest of whom was Henry, mentioned later. Captain Philip Null died in 1834, at Point Pleasant, Virginia, becoming one of the victims of an epidemic of cholera while on his way to visit his son Henry at Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Henry Null, eldest child of Philip and Margaret (Beauchamp) Null, was born April 24, 1783, in North Carolina, and was sixteen years old when the family migrated to Pennsylvania. When they returned to Virginia he remained behind, settling at "McKean's Old Stand," East Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, and devoting himself to the labors of a farmer. He became a promoter of many large business enterprises and carried on an extensive business as a contractor, constructing portions of the old Pennsylvania canal in Indiana county. Assisted by his sons he built several miles of the National Pike Road, and also helped to construct the Washington and Bedford Pike, becoming a charter member of the company and for many years serving as a director of the middle division. He built some portions of the Cross Pike connecting the Philadelphia and Pittsburg Pike with the Washington and Bedford Pike, and also procured the charter for the company. He was likewise instrumental in obtaining the charter for the company which superintended slack-water navigation on the Youghiogheny river. He finally retired to his old home at "McKean's Old Stand," now Ruffsdale, where he established a postoffice. He was the owner in all of some one thousand five hundred acres of land, acquired by his unceasing energy and toil, joined to his remarkable business sagacity. He never sought office, but was a candidate for the Pennsylvania Assembly, and in 1836 was a delegate to the Harrisburg Conven-

tion which nominated General William Henry Harrison for president. He and his wife were devout members of the Presbyterian church.

Henry Null married, May 20, 1804, Elizabeth Pool, of Reading, Pennsylvania, and they became the parents of seven sons and two daughters, all of whom with the exception of one of the sons survived their father. All were brought up at "McKean's Old Stand," and each of the sons received a farm from his father. The death of Henry Null occurred October 9, 1845, after a brief illness. He was a man of such fair-mindedness and generosity that even those who differed greatly from him were ever ready to admit his possession of these qualities. His wife survived him.

Amos Wellington Null, son of Marion Null, received his education in the public schools of the neighborhood, and while still a boy assisted his father in the labors of the farm, also acquiring a knowledge of the butcher's business. In 1887 he came to Braddock, where he has since been successfully engaged in the contracting business, at the same time conducting a livery establishment. In the sphere of politics he identifies himself both as to doctrine and practice with the Independent Republicans. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Ruffsdaie.

Mr. Null married Lillie May, daughter of Andrew Jackson Williams, of Ruffsdaie, and they became the parents of one child, Edward Williams, born March 29, 1887, now engaged in business as a butcher. Mrs. Null died in April, 1887, and on July 1, 1890, Mr. Null married Sarah Ann, born December 1, 1864, daughter of David W. and Sarah Ann (Hutchinson) Hough, the former a farmer of East Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county. The first child of this marriage, born February 8, 1891, died in infancy, and the others are: Alfred Jay, born February 5, 1892; Gail, born January 6, 1894; Forest, born November 27, 1895; Mary Joe, born October 21, 1897, and Amos Wendle, born November 5, 1902. Mrs. Null, the mother of these children, died September 21, 1905.

GEORGE GREENWOOD BLAKEY, of Pittsburg, manager for the United States Steel Company, was born November 25, 1866, in Etna, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a son of Mildred Blakey, who was born in Bradford, Yorkshire, England, and obtained his education in the public schools of his native town, afterward learning the trade of patternmaker. In 1860 he emigrated to the United States, and for eight years was superintendent of Spang & Chalfont's tube works at Etna. He was a mechanical genius and was the inventor of the open-back skip die and the roller weld coupling machine. During the Civil war he served in a company commanded by Captain Crane. His political principles were those supported by the Republican party. He was a member of the United Presbyterian church of Etna.

Mildred Blakey married Eliza Stewart, and two sons were born to them: George Greenwood, of whom later, and Robert Oxley, who married Linda May, daughter of John and Elizabeth Montgomery, of Hazelwood, one child, Helen Oxley. Mrs. Blakey, the mother of these two sons, died January 9, 1869. Some time after the death of his wife Mr. Blakey married Elizabeth Love, who bore him the following children: Mary Emma Albertha; John Love, who died June 17, 1891, in his seventeenth year; Laura, who died December 28, 1898, in her twenty-first year, and Elizabeth Susan. The mother

of these children died May 31, 1894, and Mr. Blakey afterward married Mrs. Mary L. Foster, who still survives him. The death of Mr. Blakey occurred April 19, 1905.

George Greenwood Blakey, son of Mildred and Eliza (Stewart) Blakey, received his education in the public schools of Etna, and after finishing his course of study engaged with his brother, Robert Oxley Blakey, in the manufacture of the Blakey thread protector. Their factory was at Hazelwood, and they conducted the enterprise until 1901, when they disposed of their interests to the National Tube Company. This organization is now the United States Steel Company, for which both the brothers are at the present time managers. They are also engaged in the manufacture of silk dress goods, having the only factory of the kind in Pittsburg.

George Greenwood Blakey affiliates with the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry, Valley of Pittsburg, and Joppa Lodge, No. 608, F. and A. M. He is a Republican and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Blakey married, November 23, 1893, Olive May, daughter of Thomas G. and Malinda (Sisley) Herwick, of Connellsville, Pennsylvania.

WALTER PHILIP NEUBERT, a mechanical engineer employed in the engineering department of the Union Switch & Signal Company, at Swissvale, Pennsylvania, was born June 7, 1872, in East Liberty, Pennsylvania, a grandson of Carl Christian and Wilhelmina (Fisher) Neubert. The grandfather was a silver miner near Freiberg, Germany, and came to America in 1869 with his wife, Wilhelmina (Fisher) Neubert, locating at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. Their children were as follows: 1. Otto Carl, a machinist, of whom further mention will be made. 2. Ida, the widow of Gotthold Helbig, a farmer of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. 3. Antonia, who died in 1885, wife of Jacob Rusch of Westmoreland county. 4. Anna, wife of Henry Neiman, of East Liberty. 5. Oliver, a farmer of Marwood, Butler county, Pennsylvania, married Miss Barbara Wagner. 6. Oscar, a machinist by occupation and at present an extensive fruit grower of Escondido, California, married Amelia Goeddell. 7. Emil, a meat merchant of Saxonburg, Butler county, Pennsylvania, married Mary Sachs. 8. Richard, a meat merchant of Freeport, Pennsylvania, married Christian Wagner. 9. Carl, a farmer, of Butler county.

Otto Neubert, eldest child of Carl and Wilhelmina (Fisher) Neubert, was born September 30, 1846, in Saxony, Germany. By trade he is a machinist. He came to this country in 1866, locating first at Pittsburg, and was there employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in their shops, where he remained for two years. He has been in the employ of the Westinghouse Air Brake Works since 1870. In politics he votes the Republican ticket, and in church relation he is identified with the German Lutheran. He is a member of Duquesne Lodge, No. 32, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows. He married, July 31, 1871, Miss Wilhelmina Christian, daughter of Carl and Christliebe (Roesel) Schott, of Werdau, Saxony, Germany. They are the parents of: Walter Philip, of this notice.

Walter Philip Neubert, son of Otto and Wilhelmina (Schott) Neubert, is a mechanical engineer in the Union Switch & Signal Company's works at Swissvale. He received a good education at the Homewood public schools

and the Pittsburg City High School, and graduated at the Western University of Pennsylvania in the class of 1894, with the degree of electrical engineer. Before engaging with the company for which he now works he was employed a year with the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company. He is a member of the Second Presbyterian church of Wilksburg and in politics is a Republican, but seeks to vote for the best men to fill public positions.

SAMUEL CORNELIUS WALL, for many years toll collector at Hazelwood, Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is a descendant of a family which was among the pioneer settlers of the state.

James Wall, grandfather of Samuel Cornelius Wall, came from Philadelphia with his brother Michael in 1786 and located in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in what is now known as Versailles township. They took up five hundred acres of land and the government made them a further grant of three hundred acres for settling in the county. At that time this land was practically a wilderness, and it was by hard labor that they cleared about two hundred acres on the present site of the town of Pitcairn. James Wall died in 1850. He married Miss Morgan, of Philadelphia, and they had children: Thomas, Catherine, Henry, of whom see forward, James and John.

Henry Wall, son of James Wall, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1818. He was educated in the public schools of his district, and followed farming as an occupation throughout his life. He was the owner of a tract of land of eight hundred and fifty acres on which Pitcairn is now situated, and which extends to Wilmerding. His death occurred in 1856. He and his family were members of the Catholic church, and in politics he was a Republican. He married Susan Diamond, daughter of Mathew and Margaret (McGee) Diamond, of Pittsburg, and they had children: 1. Charles Henry, who married Margaret Briney. 2. Mary Diamond. 3. Samuel Cornelius, of whom later. 4. Susan, who died in 1878. 5. Andrew Joseph, who married Hannah Cruden. 6. Elizabeth, who married W. H. Glynn, of East End, Pittsburg. Mrs. Wall died in 1878.

Samuel Cornelius Wall, third child and second son of Henry and Susan (Diamond) Wall, was born at Walls Station, Versailles township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 3, 1848. He was educated in the Huckleberry school house, Unity township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and upon the completion of his education entered the employ of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. He was conductor on a passenger train from 1889 until 1898, and now holds the position previously mentioned. In politics he is a Democrat and is one of the public spirited citizens of the city, and has served one term as ward assessor of the Twenty-third ward. He is a member of St. Stephen's church of Hazelwood.

He married, June 26, 1879, Catherine Rourke, daughter of Thomas and Catherine (Saultz) Rourke of Marion Station, Twenty-third ward, and they have had children: 1. Jennie Diamond, born January 20, 1881, died October 26, 1882. 2. Samuel Henry, born October 2, 1882, died June 27, 1883. 3. Mary, born October 4, 1884, is a Sister of Charity. 4. Andrew Joseph, born May 24, 1886. 5. Victor Edmund, born July 29, 1889. 6. Nellie Diamond, born March 12, 1891.

SPIRIDON JOHN JEHA, of Swissvale, who has been for a number of years identified with the real estate business of Pittsburg, was born November 2, 1868, in Bishniszen, Mount Lebanon, Syria, son of Shak John Namey Jeha, who was born in Bishniszen, Syria, and comes of the ancient nobility of his native country. His calling was that of a manufacturer of raw silk goods. John Namey Jeha married Catharine M. Gazey, who bore him the following children: Michael, Constantine, Namey, Helen, Gabriel, Spiridon, of whom later, and Mary John. Mrs. Jeha, the mother of these children, died in 1895.

Spiridon John Jeha, son of John Namey and Catharine John Jeha, attended the private schools of Caftan, Syria, and in 1888 emigrated to the United States. After a short visit in Philadelphia he came to Pittsburg, and for seven years engaged in the sale of Oriental goods. He then turned his attention to the real estate business, in which he is still active. He is a Republican and a member of the Protestant Episcopal church.

Mr. Jeha married, March 17, 1898, Eliza Brown Phillips, and they are the parents of the following children: Fareda John, born February 7, 1899; Henry Spiridon, born June 20, 1901; Richard George, born February 5, 1903, and Catharine Spiridon, born July 19, 1906. Mrs. Jeha is a daughter of Robert Brown Phillips, a prominent glass manufacturer of Pittsburg in association with his brother. The factories of the firm were situated on the South Side. Robert Brown Phillips was a resident of Squirrel Hill, where he owned a farm of one hundred and fifty acres. He was the possessor of many other valuable pieces of property. His wife was Phoebe Longeay. The death of Robert Brown Phillips occurred in 1893.

WILLIAM GEORGE NEWBY, of Pittsburg, was born in the Twenty-third ward of that city August 11, 1860, a son of Charles C. Newby, who was born December 30, 1829, in Yorkshire, England, and in 1849 emigrated to the United States, taking up his abode in Pittsburg, where he engaged in landscape gardening. He became a naturalized citizen of the United States and cast his first vote for Abraham Lincoln, thus identifying himself with the Republican party, to which he ever after adhered. He was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church.

Charles C. Newby married, in September, 1859, Margaret, daughter of William and Isabella (Crothers) Anderson, of county Fermanagh, Ireland, and they were the parents of one child: William George, of whom later. Charles C. Newby died April 15, 1902.

William George Newby, son of Charles C. and Margaret (Anderson) Newby, obtained his education at the People's School in his native ward. It is a fact worthy of note that his life thus far has been passed entirely in the Twenty-third ward. Not only was he born and educated within its precincts, but since reaching manhood he has been thoroughly and continuously identified with its progress. For six years he served as constable of this ward and is now installed as its truant officer. For one term he served as school director of the Colfax District, Twenty-second ward. His vote and influence are given to the support of the men and measures endorsed by the Republican party, and he is a member of the Church of the Good Shepherd.

Mr. Newby married, November 7, 1900, Frances Maud, daughter of

Matthew and Bertha (Bowen) Truran, of the Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Newby are the parents of four children: Matthew Truran, born August 21, 1901; Charles Christopher, born May 28, 1903; William George, born July 19, 1905; John Moore, born November 25, 1907.

GEORGE FLEMMING BOONE, who has been for a number of years a resident of Pittsburg, was born August 3, 1860, in Taylorstown, Greene county, Pennsylvania, a son of William Boone, who was a descendant of Daniel Boone, the famous pioneer.

William Boone was born in 1806, and for many years was an instructor in the schools of Greensboro, Greene county, Pennsylvania. For ten years he held the office of justice of the peace. He was a staunch Republican and a member of the Presbyterian church. Mr. Boone married Sarah, daughter of William and Elizabeth Rumble, of Greensboro, and eight children were born to them, of whom the first and second died in infancy. The others were: Catharine, wife of Albert Herrington, children, Jefferson, Cora and William; Minerva, wife of Hiram Herrington, children, Ettie, Warren, Alonzo, Artemus, Jessie and Albert; Joseph, married and had children, Lloyd, George, Frank, Daniel, Myrtle, Sadie, Lena, Lucy and Lawrie Crawford; Harrison, married and had children, George, Minerva, William and Grover; George Flemming, of whom later; and Benjamin, who died in infancy. The death of Mr. Boone, the father, occurred in March, 1866.

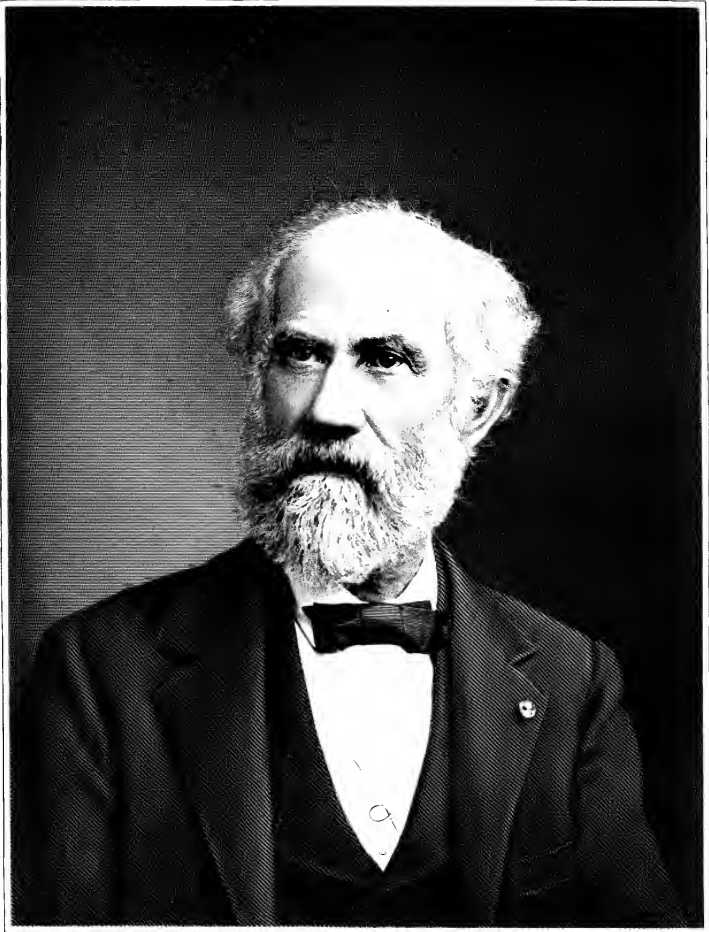
George Flemming Boone, son of William and Sarah (Rumble) Boone, received his education in the public schools of Taylorstown, and learned the blacksmith's trade in the shops of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company at Connellsville. He belongs to Pittsburg Lodge, No. 484, F. and A. M., Hazelwood Lodge, No. 130, Knights of Pythias, and Hazel Glen, No. 1043, I. O. O. F. In politics he is a staunch Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Christian church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Boone married, March 4, 1884, Elizabeth M., daughter of Christian and Mary (McCormick) Balsley, the former a contractor and builder of Connellsville. Mr. and Mrs. Boone are the parents of the following children: Nelson Evans; William McClelland, married, in 1905, Isabella, daughter of James Fossett, of Pittsburg; Lute Joseph, Florence Emma, Jeannette Elizabeth, and Ruth Helen.

Mr. Boone has in his possession a very valuable relic, namely, an old pepper-box pistol which was at one time the property of his distinguished ancestor, Daniel Boone.

GEORGE H. CALLAHAN, a well-known merchant of Braddock, was born February 3, 1870, at Chest Springs, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, a son of Thomas Callahan and grandson of George Callahan, a native of Ireland who came about 1852 to the United States and settled on a farm near Chest Springs, where he subsequently died.

Thomas Callahan, son of George Callahan, was born in 1837, in Ireland, and at the age of fifteen came with his father to the United States. He attended the public schools of the neighborhood, and until he grew to manhood helped his father on the farm, afterward engaging in the lumber business in



James Stephenson

connection with farming and stock-raising. He is a staunch Democrat and a member of the Roman Catholic church. Thomas Callahan, married Mary, daughter of Lewis and Margaret (Pfoff) Storm, the former a farmer of Cambria county. Mr. and Mrs. Callahan were the parents of thirteen children: Elizabeth, who died in infancy; Margaret, James, John, Agnes, Ellen, George H., of whom later; Annie, Edward, Thomas, Judith, William, and Mary. Mrs. Callahan, the mother of these children, died June 21, 1904.

George H. Callahan, son of Thomas and Mary (Storm) Callahan, attended the public schools of his native place, and after leaving school assisted his father in the labors of the farm and in the lumber business. In 1895 he came to Braddock and established himself in the butter and egg business on the corner of Library and Braddock avenues. His trade increased to such proportions that in the course of time he moved to his present place of business on Braddock avenue, where he enjoys a large patronage. He belongs to Ben Hur Tribe, and Braddock Lodge, No. 883, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks. Like his father he adheres to the Democratic party. He is a member of the Roman Catholic church of Braddock.

Mr. Callahan married, October 18, 1896, Mary Gertrude Lynch, daughter of Patrick and Mary Lynch, of Wilmore, Pennsylvania, the former a farmer. Their children were: Annie, Mary Gertrude, wife of George H. Callahan; James, Henry, Joseph, Raymond, and Catharine. Mr. and Mrs. Callahan have no children.

CAPTAIN JAMES STEPHENSON, late a resident of Edgewood, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, whose record as a soldier is a highly interesting one, is a descendant of a family many of whose members have bravely borne their share in defense of the country of their adoption. He traced his ancestry back to John Stephenson, whose name is mentioned in the book of Captain John Smith as having come to America with him in 1607. Another tradition in the family is that they came to America with Lord Berkely later.

(I) Richard Stephenson, great-grandfather of Captain James Stephenson, is the first of the family, however, of whom we have any authentic record. He married Mrs. Crawford, mother of Colonel John and Valentine Crawford, and had children: 1. Colonel John, an officer during the war of the Revolution. 2. Colonel Hugh, unmarried, also an officer of the Revolutionary army. 3. Richard, who married a Mrs. Cloakey. 4. James, see forward. 5. Marcus. Colonel John Crawford was burned at the stake by Indians at Sandusky.

(II) James Stephenson, fourth son of Richard (1), was born in Berkely county, Virginia, and removed to Pennsylvania soon after the close of the war of the Revolution. There he settled in Cherry Valley on a grant of land consisting of one thousand acres given him by the government for colonial and Revolutionary services. He became a prosperous farmer in the western part of the State of Pennsylvania, and a man of influence in the community, serving as a member of the legislature. The homestead which he built in Cherry Valley is still in the family name. He was twice married, and his first wife was a Miss McKeever's. He married, second, Martha Barr, and had among other children a son, John.

(III) John Stephenson, youngest child of James (2) and Martha (Barr) Stephenson, was born on the family homestead in Cherry Valley February 17,

1804, and died January 9, 1890. He married Susan Shipley, born March 9, 1813, and died January 24, 1857, and they were the parents of children as follows: 1. Sabot A., born May 29, 1834, died February 23, 1839. 2. James, see forward. 3. Martha E., born May 22, 1838, married Dr. William Simcox. 4. Sabot A., born February 3, 1841, died February 4, 1878. 5. John P., born October 17, 1845, married Dora Parsons. 6. Edward Shipley, born March 23, 1843, died December 9, 1884. 7. Robert Scott, born April 11, 1848, married (first) Ella Reiter (second), Frances Graham. 8. Anna May, born May 24, 1850, married Francis Scott. 9. Margaret, born October 10, 1852, married Samuel McNary. 10. Wallas, born March 23, 1855, died January 17, 1859.

(IV) Captain James Stephenson, second son of John (3) and Susan (Shipley) Stephenson, was born in Burgettstown, Washington county, Pennsylvania, March 6, 1836. He received as good an education as the common schools of that time and section afforded, and assisted his father in the management and cultivation of the home farm until he attained his majority. He then traveled for a considerable time in the west. When President Lincoln issued his first call for men Captain Stephenson was one of the first to respond, and enlisted at Pittsburg in the Duquesne Grays, Twelfth Regiment, and was mustered out August 5, 1861. Later he helped organize Battalion C. Thompson Independent Artillery. He rose to the rank of senior first lieutenant, commanding for a time Hampton's Battery, which was attached to his own after the death of its commander, May 7, 1863. He served in all the engagements of the Army of the Potomac until 1864, when he resigned. At the second battle of Bull Run he was twice shot through the right leg; at Chancellorsville the drum of his left ear was broken by the noise of the concussion; and at Gettysburg he was slightly wounded. He received March 13, 1865, the rank of captain by brevet for gallant and meritorious services at the battles of Gettysburg and Bull Run. After leaving the service he established the Excelsior Coffin Factory, which he subsequently sold. He was assistant general superintendent of the Central Transportation Company for eight years, and from 1882 until the time of his death was associated with his sons in the firm of James Stephenson & Sons. He was not a member of any church, but usually attended divine services at the Episcopal church. He was a liberal contributor to the financial needs of churches of all denominations, without distinction. Although his early education had been a limited one, his keen powers of observation and the studious habits of later life made him a man of wide reading and culture and a close observer of human nature. He purchased considerable property in Edgewood, where he took up his residence in 1875, and where his death occurred June 2, 1903. The house and property are now occupied by his widow and children. He was associated with the following organizations: Post No. 259, Grand Army of the Republic; Union Veteran Legion; Military Order of the Loyal Legion; Franklin Lodge, No. 221, F. & A. M. He was a Democrat and was greatly interested in educational matters, serving for many years on the school board.

Captain Stephenson married, June 17, 1869, Margaret Reed Taylor, daughter of Edward and Sarah Anna (Robinson) Taylor, the former a native of Ireland, who came to this country about 1845 and settled in Pittsburg, where he engaged in the shoe business. Captain and Mrs. Stephenson had children: Charles E., Ella B., Maude, India and Don Franklin. Mrs.

Stephenson and her children reside at 144 West Swissvale avenue, Edgewood, Pennsylvania.

JOHN THOMAS RILEY, general superintendent of the Stock House of the Duquesne Blast Furnace, was born August 3, 1837, in New York City, a son of Thomas Riley. The father was born in Ireland and emigrated to America, locating in New York City, where he was foreman for the Hudson & Poughkeepsie Coal Company for many years. He was a Democrat in politics and in religion a Roman Catholic. He died in 1868. He married Miss Alice Tracey, of New York City, and they were the parents of four children: 1. James. 2. John Thomas. 3. Daniel. 4. Mary. The mother, Mrs. Alice (Tracey) Riley, died in 1849.

John Thomas Riley, son of Thomas and Alice (Tracey) Riley, attended the public schools of his home neighborhood and worked on a farm for a short time. He then learned the trade of a blacksmith, which he followed for seven years, and up to the breaking out of the Civil war, when he enlisted at Baltimore, Maryland, in 1862, in the Second Eastern Shore Infantry, participating in the battles of Snicker's Gap, Fisher's Hill, Shenandoah Valley, Cedar Creek and Gettysburg, at which last place his regiment was badly cut to pieces. Later they were consolidated with the Eleventh Infantry. He was mustered out of service in June, 1865. At the battle of Snicker's Gap he was wounded, though not seriously. He came to Pittsburg (Duquesne) in 1895, to become general superintendent of the Stock House of the blast furnaces at the Duquesne Mills of the Carnegie Steel Company and is still holding the position. Mr. Riley is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, the Samuel Black Post, No. 59, of McKeesport. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party.

Mr. Riley was married, June 20, 1860, to Miss Charlotte Ann, daughter of Nimrod and Rhoda (Tracey) Barnhart, of Baltimore county. By this union eleven children were born: 1. Ida May Riller, a teacher of music, at home. 2. Ella Jane, died December 14, 1895, aged thirty years. 3. George Froescher, died August 27, 1897; he married Kittie Brecken of Braddock, Pennsylvania, who bore him two children—Charlotte Brecken and Paul Raymond, who have made their home with the grandparents, John Thomas Riley and wife, since the death of their parents. Mrs. George (Brecken) Riley died November 30, 1894, aged twenty-seven years. 4. Alice Annie, died aged three years. 5. Nettie Kirk, died aged nine months. 6. Lottie Belle, died aged twenty-four years. 7. Mary Beatrice, wife of George M. Alford, of Baltimore, Maryland; they were married September 25, 1907, in Philadelphia. 8. James Herbert, died aged twenty years. 9. Grace Russell, wife of John Bryce, of McKeesport, and they are the parents of two children. 10. Rhoda Barnhart, died in Duquesne, Pennsylvania, April 6, 1905, aged twenty-two years. 11. Bertha Barnhart, married Clifford H. Thompson, of Asheville, North Carolina, and died in Duquesne in July, 1903, aged twenty-nine years.

JOHN HENRY HYSONG, D. D. S., one of the skilful dental surgeons of Pittsburg district, residing at Braddock, was born May 30, 1878, at Latrobe, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, a son of James Martin and Anna Mary (Gross) Hyson. Of his ancestry the following is an account:

(I) John Hyson, Sr., was born near Mount Pleasant, Pennsylvania, and followed the coal business most of his active life. He was the superintendent for the Loyalhanna Coal and Coke Company, near Latrobe, for about fifteen years. He was a soldier in the Union army during the Civil war, a member of a regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers. Politically he was a Republican and in religious faith a United Presbyterian. He married Eliza Myers, of the vicinity of Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of the following children: 1. John, of Derry township, Westmoreland county, who has been in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for many years. 2. James Martin, the subject's father, of whom further notice is made. 3. Charles, of Pittsburg. 4. Kate, the wife of William Johnston, a contractor and builder of Lycippus, Westmoreland county. 5. Ida. 6. Jennie, wife of Captain Brooks, of Pittsburg, who served with distinction in the Civil war. 7. Belle, a charming daughter, who died at the age of twenty years.

(II) James Martin Hysong (father), the son of John Hysong, Sr. (I), was born February 22, 1854, in Mount Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and died in 1893. He followed in the footsteps of his father and engaged in the coal industry in his native county and was his assistant and superintendent at the Loyalhanna Coal and Coke Company's works near Latrobe for fifteen years. He attended the Methodist Episcopal church of Latrobe and was a member of the Knights of Pythias and Odd Fellows orders. Politically he was a Republican. He married Anna Mary Gross, born in February, 1857, in Latrobe, Pennsylvania, and she now makes her home with her son, Dr. Hysong, of Swissvale. She is the daughter of Henry and Rachel (Sterrett) Gross, of Latrobe. Seven children blessed this union, as follows: 1. Laura May, born March 12, 1876, now the wife of Captain John Burke, the captain and owner of a large fishing boat of Santiago, California. 2. John Henry, of whom later. 3. Martin Wellington, born October 8, 1880, is now an undertaker and embalmer of Fairmont, West Virginia. 4. Frank Westley, born in February, 1882, now of Altoona, Pennsylvania, in the employ of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. 5. Charles Edward, born in July, 1884, a traveling salesman for the Pacific Produce Company of Los Angeles, California. 6. Nellie, born in 1886, makes her home with her brother, Dr. John Henry. 7. Mary Jane, died at the age of two years.

(III) John Henry Hysong, son of James Martin Hysong (II), was educated at the public schools of Latrobe and afterward took a business course at Curry's Institute and entered the Western Pennsylvania University in 1898, graduating from the same in 1902. He was with Dr. C. Wade, of Oakland, who was his preceptor for three years. He first located, in 1901, at No. 848 Braddock avenue. His present office is at the Braznell building, Braddock and Library avenues, Braddock, Pennsylvania. He was one of the charter members of the order of Elks of Braddock and in politics is a supporter of the Republican party except in local affairs, when he votes an independent ticket.

Dr. Hysong was united in marriage February 2, 1903, to Sarah Loretta, daughter of John and Sarah E. Dunn, of Turtle Creek, Pennsylvania. Three children bless this union: 1. John Dunn, born November 6, 1903. 2. Mary Martha, born June 26, 1905. 3. Paul, born March 1, 1907.

JOHN EDWARD HICKEY, who has been for more than forty years a resident of Pittsburg, was born at Oswego, New York, and received his education in the public schools of his native town. In the early sixties he went to Pittsburg, where for many years he was employed by William H. Brown and Captain Samuel S. Brown, in their boat yards at Brown's Station. He has now been for a number of years in the boat yard of John O. Phillips at Beek's Run.

In politics Mr. Hickey is a stanch Democrat, ever ready to use his influence in the interests of the organization. He and his family are members of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Hickey married Margaret Keefer, and the following children have been born to them: Joseph Ambrose, married Lena Wagner, children, Hazel and Josie; Archie Odilla, Lillie, Colletta, wife of Edward Wirrig; Alfonso, Eva and Katharine. Mrs. Hickey is a daughter of John Christian Keefer, who was born June 24, 1824, in Prussia, and about 1839 accompanied his parents to the United States. They lived five years in New York City, where John Christian Keefer worked as a tailor, and then moved to Newcastle, Pennsylvania, where they spent three years. John Christian Keefer was a man of inventive genius, and invented the incline cars, the first of the kind in Pittsburg, and many years before they were put into operation, thus drawing upon himself the ridicule of those of his friends who had less advanced ideas. He always voted the Democratic ticket and was a member of St. Michael's Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Keefer married Mary, daughter of Cashmere and Mary (Phister) Hetzel, of Pittsburg, whose children were: Walborga, Phoebe, Magdalena, Mary, wife of John Christian Keefer; Joseph, Clement and Jonas. Mr. and Mrs. Keefer are the parents of the following children: Margaret, wife of John Edward Hickey; John Christian, of Mount Oliver, married Elizabeth Maler, children, Anna and William; Mary Catharine, wife of Ignatius Schar-dong, children, Emma, Bertha, Minnie, Colletta, Catharine, Cleopha and Leonilda; Joseph, who died at the age of three years; William, who died at ten years old; Catharine, Sister of St. Francis, died at twenty-five; Frank, married Laura Bryant, children, Maud, George, Harry and Deorhas. The death of Mr. Keefer, which occurred in July, 1874, was caused by a car leaving the track on the Mount Oliver incline, which incline, by a most singular coincidence, he had planned and constructed.

JAMES JONES. Among the successful coal operators in western Pennsylvania is James Jones, who is a native of South Wales, from which so many of the industrious, intelligent and most worthy adopted citizens of the coal-bearing districts of Pennsylvania come. He was born May 6, 1835, a son of Samuel and Rachel Jones, who had twelve children in their household.

James Jones was the son of a farmer, and was schooled to manual labor from his earliest boyhood. He received his education in his native country, at the schools of Carmarthen, South Wales. When about twenty-three years of age, in 1858, he came to America and followed blacksmithing, which trade he had been taught in Wales. After a time he concluded to change the bellows and anvil for miners' tools, and became a coal miner on Tough River, in the employment of Messrs. David Steen, Hon. Thomas Mellon and Charles

Armstrong. He was one of the originators of the Ocoala Coal Company. He owned and operated the Grant Mines at Mansfield, Pennsylvania, now known as Carnegie. He sold these mines to the late Senator William Scott, of Erie, Pennsylvania, and he is at present the chairman for the Pittsburg & Buffalo Coal Company. Mr. Jones votes the Republican ticket, but is not disposed to office holding. In religious matters he is a member of the Baptist church.

He has been twice married, first in November, 1863, to Miss Anna Agnes, daughter of William and Sarah Ivill, of Pittsburg. Thirteen children were born of this union, as follows: 1. Samuel. 2. Sarah. 3. John H. 4. Thomas Price. 5. William Ivill. 6. David George. 7. Samuel Reese. 8. Harry Phillips. 9. Rachel Elizabeth. 10. Mary Agnes. 11. Stella Margaret. 12. Jane. 13. Anna Agnes. Mrs. Anna Agnes (Ivill) Jones, his first wife, died November 25, 1895, and March 8, 1900, Mr. Jones married Miss Margaret Anna, daughter of Moses R. and Mary J. (Arthur) Thompson, of Pittsburg. Moses R. Thompson was a soldier in the Civil war, a veteran, and was killed at the battle of Hatchie River in 1861. Mr. Jones, our subject, also took part in the earlier years of the Civil war, being a member of Company D, Sixth United States Cavalry, under General Winfield Scott and General George B. McClellan.

WILLIAM FRANK BINGLER, one of the stirring factors in the business circles of Greater Pittsburg, connected with the Commonwealth Realty Company, also one of the directors of the First National Bank of Millsborough, Washington county, Pennsylvania, was born July 22, 1862, in the Twenty-third ward of the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, a son of John Rudolph and Catharine Louise (Shumpa) Bingler.

John Rudolph Bingler was born in Hanover, Germany, in August, 1832, and came to America in 1850, locating at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in the mercantile business at what is known as Hazelwood, in the Twenty-third ward. He continued there many years, and was successful in his operations. He died in November, 1875, and his wife died March 26, 1897. They were both of the German Lutheran religious faith. In his political views Mr. Bingler was a Republican.

He married Miss Catharine Louise Shumpa, born in Hesse Cassel, Germany, and by this union seven children were born, as follows: 1. W. Louise, now the widow of James P. Cunningham, whose child is James Rudolph Cunningham. 2. John Rudolph, married Miss Dora E. Lucky, and their children are Ola Lucky and Alberta Lucky Bingler. 3. Earnest Henry, married Miss Margaret R. Stoney, who is the mother of Earnest H., Jr. 4. Charles Herman, married Miss Elizabeth Cadwallader, the mother of Bessie Irene Bingler. 5. William Frank, the subject, who is reviewed later. 6. Emma Margaret, widow of W. B. Wolf, and their four children are: Eleanor Blackmore, Catharine Louise, Emily Brice and William Blackmore. 7. Clara Amelia, who died at the age of six years.

William Frank Bingler, of this notice, the fifth in his father's family, received his education in the public schools of the Twenty-third ward of the city of Pittsburg, including the high school. His has been an active business career, commencing at an early age to transact business on his own account, and he is now connected with many successful business enterprises, including

the directorship of the First National Bank at Millsborough, Washington county, Pennsylvania; the Commonwealth Realty Company of Pittsburg; president of the Prince Edwards Granite Company of Virginia, and otherwise financially interested.

Politically Mr. Binger votes with the Republican party, and in church choice both he and his wife are members of the Presbyterian church.

He was united in marriage, May 30, 1891, to Miss Mabel, daughter of John and Rachel (Swindler) Ammons, of Millsboro, Washington county, Pennsylvania. Of this union three children were born: Catharine Louise, born May 26, 1892; John Rudolph, born February 22, 1897, the third by this name in succession; and Virginia Ammons, born July 3, 1902.

DAVID LEWIS BURNS, of Pittsburg, passenger conductor for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, was born October 31, 1859, at Palo Alto, Bedford county, Pennsylvania, a son of James Burns, who was born July 28, 1817, at Burns' Mills, in the same county.

James Burns was educated in the public schools of his native county and at Washington and Jefferson College, and was by profession an instructor, teaching in the Bedford county public schools. For many years he served as a justice of the peace of Bedford county, and during a large portion of his life held the office of county clerk. He was a Republican and a member of the United Presbyterian church. James Burns married, May 31, 1857, Jane, born April 21, 1827, daughter of David U. and Elizabeth (Swartzwelder) Evans, of Hyndman, Bedford county, where Mr. Evans was a farmer. Mr. and Mrs. Burns became the parents of the following children: 1. Oliver James, born May 12, 1858, died September 29, 1890, married Sarah Jane Cochenour, of Fossilville, Pennsylvania, who died September 4, 1890. Their children were: Harvey Elwood, born August 29, 1882; Chester Roy, born June 9, 1884; John Clyde, born May 14, 1886; and Walter Scott, born November 1, 1887. 2. David Lewis, of whom later. 3. Sarah Elizabeth, born August 27, 1861, married and has children, Robert, one who died in infancy, Herman Burns and Anna Mason. 4. Henry Grant, born May 1, 1863, married Jane Lowery, who died September 8, 1889, aged twenty-one. His second wife was Alice Whitacker, and their children were: Charles Oliver, three who died in infancy; and Pearl. Henry Grant Burns is a passenger conductor on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. 5. Anna Dorcas, born March 27, 1865, widow of Shanon R. Mason, of Connellsville, who died August 10, 1906, leaving one child, Henry Edward. 6. Aldia Rebecca, born June 23, 1869, wife of Samuel Campbell, of Eilerslie, Maryland, children, Leah, Grace Marie, Ruth, Richard and Jerry Sharp. James Burns, the father of the family, died May 6, 1874, and his widow passed away November 29, 1903. She was a charter member of the Central Christian church, and from childhood belonged to the body known as Bible Christians. She was well known in church circles and was always a liberal contributor to church charities.

David Lewis Burns, son of James and Jane (Evans) Burns, was educated in the public schools at Burns' Mills, the Nicum school-house at Man's Choice, the Cochenour school-house, and the normal school at Hyndman, under Professor G. D. Chrisman. In October, 1882, he entered the service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and in May, 1885, was transferred to

the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad as passenger conductor, which position he still retains. He belongs to the Order of Railway Conductors, the I. O. O. F., and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Morgantown, West Virginia. In politics he is a Republican, but votes for the best man regardless of party considerations. He is a member of the Christian church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Burns married, June 8, 1884, Mary Catharine, daughter of Samuel and Lavinia (Baker) Miller, of Hyndman, and they have been the parents of the following children: Glenn Roy, born July 19, 1886; Bertha Lenora, born September 1, 1888, died October 19, 1892; Samuel James, born January 17, 1890; Anna Pearl, born March 21, 1892, died April 7, 1894; and William David, born August 22, 1895, died August 6, 1896.

Glenn Roy Burns, the eldest of these children, served on the gunboat "Castine," and in the first class of the battleship "Brooklyn," and was taken off for duty in San Domingo, where he served for twenty-eight days. He then returned to the "Brooklyn," and there served fifteen months, at the end of that time receiving an honorable discharge. He married, January 22, 1906, Estella Lavilla, daughter of George and Hannah Smith, of Corsica, Clarion county, Pennsylvania.

HENRY MORROW JOHNSTON, who has been for the last forty-three years a resident of Wilkinsburg, was born March 8, 1828, in Penn township, now Wilkins township, a son of William Johnston and grandson of Charles Morrow Johnston, a native of Ireland who emigrated to this country about 1790. He settled in Washington county, where he purchased about four hundred acres of land and began farming. About 1810 he removed to Wilkins township, where he permanently settled, eventually acquiring a great deal of property.

He married Jane Rogers, and their children were: 1. James, married Phoebe Haymaker, who bore him the following children: Jacob H., who married and had children, Annie P., wife of William Lucas, Margaret, wife of J. H. McCune, and Lucinda; Maria; John L.; James R.; Sarah E., wife of Hiram McDowell; George W., married and had children, William H., George H., John B., Frank E., Minnie J. and Clarence L.; William A., married and had children, William A. and John P.; Lucy A., wife of Isaac T. Tress; and Priscilla G., wife of William Meskimins. 2. John, who died in 1871, married first, Margaret Long, second, Ann Parkinson. By these marriages he had the following children: Charles B., married and had children, John M. and Elizabeth; John McF.; James; William K.; Hannah E.; Sarah N.; Benjamin H.; Francis W.; and Rebecca, wife of Thomas Wilson, children, Margaret M., wife of John L. Coulter, Ann E., Virginia, wife of George Farr, and Rebecca, wife of Joseph Corbett. 3. Andrew, married Margaret Robertson, by whom he had the following children: Charles M., James R., William, Rebecca and Archibald. 4. William, of whom later. 5. Jane, wife of John Morrow. 6. Mary, wife of Henry Morrow. Charles Morrow Johnston, the father of these six children, died about 1827.

William Johnston, son of Charles Morrow and Jane (Rogers) Johnston, was born about 1793, probably in Washington county, where his early life was passed. In 1810 he moved with his parents to Allegheny county, where he became a farmer and later kept a tavern on the northern turnpike. He

married Sarah Morrow, who bore him the following children: 1. Charles R., who died in 1884, married Margaret Munroe, and had three children: Sarah A., wife of Edward McMillen; Margaret J., wife of George C. Johnston; Ann E., wife of James Harmon; Lillias A., wife of E. M. McCosabs; and Minnie R., deceased, wife of Thomas Carson. 2. Eliza Ann. 3. Henry Morrow, of whom later. 4. William F., who died March 10, 1887, married Angeline Wilson. 5. Mary M., who died in 1887, wife of Joseph Hughey, children, Francis W., Charles M., Sarah A., wife of George Reiter; Joseph G., Ella, John K. and Thomas J. 6. Olivia, who died March 25, 1881, wife of James D. Carothers, children, Harry M., Ella M., wife of Curtis A. Graham, and Charles M. 7. Martha H., wife of Thomas Wilson. The death of William Johnston, the father of the family, occurred in 1837.

Henry Morrow Johnston, son of William and Sarah (Morrow) Johnston, was brought up in Penn township, receiving his education in the local schools and studied civil engineering with Dr. Hilley, of Canonsburg, Pennsylvania. At the age of seventeen he was apprenticed to the carpenter's trade, which he followed for thirteen years, and was then for a time engaged in cultivating the farm which he still owns in Penn township. In October, 1861, he enlisted in Company A, One Hundred and First Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and served through McClellan's peninsular campaign, taking part in many battles and engagements, among them those of Yorktown, Fair Oaks, Williamsburg and the seven days' battle before Richmond. The regiment was then sent to North Carolina and Company A remained for a year on Roanoke Island. On April 20, 1864, they were made prisoners at Plymouth, and confined in Andersonville prison for four months and two weeks, and at Florence, South Carolina, for five months and a half, being released March 1, 1865. On June 25, 1865, Mr. Johnston received an honorable discharge, with the rank of sergeant, and on being mustered out of service was commissioned first lieutenant.

After the war he engaged in land surveying, to which he devoted himself until a few years ago, when, in consequence of his advanced age, he retired from all active labor. Since 1864 he has been a resident of Wilksburg. He is a member of Prisoners of War Association, and past commander of Post No. 548, G. A. R., and affiliates with Lodge No. 321, F. and A. M., East Liberty. He is a Democrat, and a member of the United Presbyterian church.

Mr. Johnston married, January 13, 1870, Sarah, daughter of John and Sarah Long, of English descent, and they became the parents of one son, who died at the age of three months.

JOHN H. CROSBIE, contractor and builder of Wilksburg, was born September 9, 1879, at Canonsburg, Washington county, Pennsylvania, a son of Thomas Crosbie, who was born in Scotland, and learned gardening on one of the great landed estates of that country. In 1872 he emigrated to the United States, settling in Washington county, and was soon after appointed gardener of the Reformatory at Morgantown, Pennsylvania. In 1882 he moved to Pittsburg, taking up his abode on Herron Hill, and continued to follow his calling as an expert gardener. He later removed to Wilksburg, settling on the De Vore farm, and in 1907, in connection with his son, John H. Crosbie, purchased about three acres of land in the First ward of the borough, where

he has since carried on a gardening and florist business. He is now engaged in landscape gardening, having among his patrons many of the prominent residents of Pittsburg and vicinity.

Mr. Crosbie married, in Edinburgh, Helen Cunningham, like himself a native of Scotland, and the following are their children: Thomas A., an electrician; Margaret M., William W., deceased; Irvin C., a contractor; John H., of whom later; Jean E., a teacher in the First ward school of Wilkinsburg; Archibald A., a mechanic; and Blanche H., a teacher at the Boyd school.

John H. Crosbie, son of Thomas and Helen (Cunningham) Crosbie, received his education in the public schools of Wilkinsburg and in the high school of that borough. At the age of sixteen he began to learn the carpenter's trade, and at the close of his apprenticeship entered the service of Eichenlaub & Madden, contractors and builders. He soon became superintendent for the firm, remaining with them about two years. He then engaged in business for himself as a contractor and builder, and is now conducting a very successful establishment. He has contracted for and built a number of the better-class dwellings in the East End and in Wilkinsburg and vicinity, beside erecting some business blocks.

He belongs to Orient Lodge, No. 590, F. and A. M., and to the Knights of Malta. In politics he is a strong Republican and an earnest worker for the organization. He is a member of the Presbyterian church.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN LEE, a leading contractor and builder of Wilkinsburg, was born October 6, 1859, in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, a son of Nathan Lee. The paternal father was a native of Virginia, where he held the position of overseer of slaves on one of the large plantations. He married a Miss Bortz, and among their children were the following: Andrew, Jane, Mitchell, Benjamin and Nathan, of whom later.

Nathan Lee was born about 1814, probably in Cumberland Valley, Bedford county, where he became a farmer and passed his life in tilling the soil. He was a Republican and attended the Presbyterian church. Nathan Lee married Martha Hunt, and their children were: 1. David, married first, Harriet Boor, children, Ella, Charles, Samuel, Millie and Ross; second, Elizabeth Weisel, one daughter, Minnie, and third, Rachel Smith. 2. Henry, married Marion Radabaugh, children, Martha, Harry, William, Elsie, Jennie and Olive. 3. Scott, married Rose Black, one son, Charles. 4. Andrew, died in infancy. 5. Joseph, also died in infancy. 6. George, deceased. 7. Benjamin Franklin, of whom later. 8. John, married Mary Radabaugh, children, Ebenezer, Mary, Cora, Maud and Nellie. Nathan Lee, the father of this family, died in 1874, being then about sixty years old.

Benjamin Franklin Lee, son of Nathan and Martha (Hunt) Lee, passed the first seven years of his life on a farm about seven miles from Bedford, when his parents moved to a farm adjacent to that town. He received a common school education, and remained on the homestead with his father and mother until 1875. He then began to learn the carpenter's trade, being apprenticed to John Davidson, with whom he remained two years, after which he worked another two years with A. C. Mycum, of Bedford, and then went to Altoona. In the latter part of 1879 he went to Homestead, and was there employed for a short time by a steel company, also helping as a carpenter to

construct the roof of the first Homestead mill. In 1881 he removed to Brad-dock and worked for Ely Doller until 1882, when he returned to Bedford, remaining in that vicinity until 1886. During this time he served as foreman for Meyer Dickerhoof, a contractor and builder, and also did some contracting and building in a small way for himself. He then took up his abode in Wil-kinsburg, where he was employed by James A. Wilson for a year, and by Amos Miller for a like period. After this he took charge of H. B. Grannis' outside operations at Braddock, working in a planing mill and contracting. He then formed a partnership with Robert C. Smith and established himself in the contracting and building business at Swissvale. In 1894 he sold his interest to his partner, and went into the same line of business for himself at Wilkinsburg, settling on the corner of Case and Walnut streets. He conducted the business successfully until 1902, when he organized it into a stock com-pany, of which he is now president and general manager.

Politically he is a Republican. He was brought up in the faith of the Presbyterian church, but is now a member and deacon of the Reformed church of Wilkinsburg and an active worker in its behalf.

Mr. Lee married Margery Ella Dorsey, and they are the parents of one son, Frank D., born December 22, 1883. The genealogy of the Dorsey family is given below:

Edward Dorsey, great-grandfather of Mrs. Lee, married Sarah Cum- ming, and the following were their children: William Cumming, of whom later; Deborah, married, first, Hugh McElroy; second, John Welsh, and third, a Mr. Larm; Robert, married Phœbe Myers; Richard, married Lucy Jeffreys; Thomas, married Amelia Glover; Johnson, married Rebecca Silver; and Anna, wife of John Geoghegan.

William Cumming Dorsey, son of Edward and Sarah (Cumming) Dor- sey, married Mary Black, who bore him the following children: James Black, married Nancy Wells; David, married, first, Rose Ann Weyands; second, Margaret Adams; Jane, wife of Isaac Weisel; Sarah, wife of Joseph Hardy; William, married Louisa Bryan; Edward, married Mary Hardy; Lloyd, mar- ried Margaret France; Henry, of whom later; Cordelia, wife of David Wertz, and Lewis, who served in the Civil war.

Henry Dorsey, son of William Cumming and Mary (Black) Dorsey, married Margery Davidson, and the following children were born to them: Edward, who died in infancy; William C., deceased, married Mary Cesna, children, May, Helen G. and Minna; George K., Margaret B., deceased; John D., also deceased, married Jennie Mackelfish, children, Alta, Ethel and Minta, deceased; Henry, married Alta Leggett, children, Margery and Frank; Frank F., deceased; Mary C., died in infancy; Margery Ella, wife of Benjamin Franklin Lee, and Susan J., wife of John Line, children, Margery L., Donald, Helen and Dorsey.

FRANCIS MARION HUGUS, a resident of Wilkinsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, whose influence was keenly felt in financial, industrial and manufacturing circles for many years, until ill health compelled him to retire from all active business undertakings, is a descendant of an old and honored Huguenot family.

The paternal great-great-grandfather of Francis Marion Hugus was a

French Huguenot who was compelled to flee from his native country to avoid religious persecution. He emigrated to America about the year 1745, and settled in Northampton county, Pennsylvania, where he reared a family of several children.

John Hugus, son of the above, moved to Unity township, where he married, and also raised a family.

Henry Hugus, son of John Hugus, moved to Salem township in 1818, and there purchased a farm about one and a half miles south of New Salem, on which he died in 1829. He married Elizabeth Schwartz, who died in June, 1854, and their children were: 1. Catherine, who married Isaac Bosler, of Ohio. 2. Margaret, married George Lose. 3. Sarah, married George Keck. 4. Hon. John, see forward. 5. Simon. 6. Isaac. 7. Jacob. 8. Henry, married Sarah Wangman. 9. Major William, who died December 20, 1906.

Hon. John Hugus, eldest son and fourth child of Henry and Elizabeth (Schwartz) Hugus, was born at Pleasant Unity, Pennsylvania, December 21, 1810. His education was acquired in the public schools of the district in which he lived, and at the age of eighteen years he engaged in mercantile life in New Salem, continuing in this for more than twenty years. He was also engaged in milling, and for a number of years owned and operated a large distillery near New Salem. He took an active part in the direction and improvement of public affairs in his township, and his influence was beneficially felt in many ways. He was sheriff of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, from 1849 to 1852, and was elected to the state legislature in 1876, serving for a period of two years. He married (first), Ann C. McGinley, (second) Catherine A. Ford, and had children: 1. Elizabeth, married Henry McKeever, has one daughter, Anna Mary, who married Edwin Johnson. 2. Louisa, married Rev. T. J. Barclay, of Gettysburg, and has had children: Anna K., married Charles Duncan; William, married Mary Mitchell; and Dr. Bernard. 3. Francis Marion, see forward. 4. Anna, unmarried. 5. Sarah, married O. P. Hargrave, of Duquesne, and has had children, Paul Hugus and Eunice, who married William Bryan.

Francis Marion Hugus, only son and third child of Hon. John Hugus, was born in New Salem, Pennsylvania, March 17, 1847. His education was acquired in the public schools of his native township, in several select schools, and this was supplemented by a course of one year in Jefferson College. At the age of twenty-one years he engaged in the distillery business at Bouquet and followed this line of business for three years. From that time until 1876 he assisted his father in the management of his varied undertakings, and then went to the oil fields of Pennsylvania, where he was busily occupied until 1882. In that year he entered into a business connection with the well-known contractor, Daniel Dull, and remained in his service for a period of two years, drilling artesian wells, etc. He then returned to Westmoreland county and engaged in the natural gas business, with which operation he was successfully connected until 1893, when he commenced the manufacture of drilling and fishing tools. His usual success attended this new venture, but increasing ill health obliged him to retire from all active participation in business affairs, and he has since that time lived a retired life. His political affiliations are with the Democratic party, and he is a member of the First Presbyterian church of Wilkesburg.

He married (first), June 15, 1870, Susanna Ogden Torrance, daughter

of Fenton Torrance, of Westmoreland county, and had one son, Hervey McGinley. He married (second), Sarah McIlvain, daughter of John and Sarah McIlvain, also of Westmoreland county, and they have had children: Martha Helen, John and Ann Louise.

HARRY CLAY BOWERS, recently deceased, a well known lawyer of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was a representative of the fourth generation of his family in this country, the family tracing its origin and many of its admirable characteristics to the sunny land of France.

The paternal great-grandfather of Harry Clay Bowers came from France to this country with La Fayette, and served with bravery throughout the war of the Revolution.

John Bowers, son of the above, was probably born in Manheim, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in the tobacco business for many years. He married there and raised a family.

Jacob Bowers, son of John Bowers, was born in Manheim, Pennsylvania, where he was reared and educated. He followed the profession of chiropody, and died November 7, 1887. He married Eva Catherine Fralich and had children as follows: 1. Catherine, who died in infancy. 2. Harry Clay, see forward. 3. Marie Louise, married W. A. Gillilan, of Wilkensburg, and has children, Arthur and Katherine. 4. Louise, married Charles King, of Pasadena, California. 5. Anna E., unmarried, now residing in Pasadena, California. 6. George F., deceased. 7. Edwin M., married Kate Hooper. 8. Herbert R., a prominent physician and surgeon of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, who married Sally Dehaven, and has had children, Mary, deceased, and Katherine Marie.

Harry Clay Bowers, eldest son and second child of Jacob and Eva Catherine (Fralich) Bowers, was born November 1, 1847, and died in 1903. His early years were spent in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, where he received his preparatory education in the public and high schools, being graduated from the latter with honor. He then removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he commenced the study of law under the preceptorship of Mr. Gill, and later under that of Mr. Hamilton. In this he was eminently successful and was admitted to the bar of Pennsylvania in the early seventies. He immediately commenced the active practice of his chosen profession, and at once met with a notable amount of success. He was noted for his sound reasoning, his logical statements and clear and concise pleading. He was an eloquent speaker, and his language was forceful and well chosen. During the great coal strike in Pennsylvania he held the rank of first lieutenant in Colonel Breck's Battery, and was engaged in active service in Wilkesbarre and Scranton. He attained an eminent position in the ranks of the legal profession, and in addition to this was actively engaged in oil operations for some years prior to his early death. His political affiliations were with the Republican party, and he was an earnest and devoted member of St. Stephen's Episcopal church of Wilkensburg, in which he held the office of vestryman. His wife also has taken a prominent part in the affairs of the church.

He married Anna Isabel Hoffman, a daughter of Charles and Charlotte (Demme) Hoffman. Charles Hoffman was born in Soeur Louise, France, emigrated to the United States, and was in active service during the Civil war.

His death occurred in June, 1905. Charlotte (Demme) Hoffman was born in Mühlhaus, Prussia, in 1830, and is a daughter of Christian Gottlieb and Susanna (Hertzog) Demme. She came to America in 1847 to join her father, who had settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, some years previously. Harry Clay and Anna Isabel (Hoffman) Bowers were the parents of children as follows: 1. Herbert C., born June 30, 1880, died July 8, 1903. He was educated in the public schools of Wilkinsburg and Pittsburg, later attending the East End Academy for a period of four years. He had been in the employ of the Westinghouse Electric Company, and had just entered the service of the Pittsburgh & Allegheny Telephone Company when he met with an instantaneous death in an accident. 2. Marion S., is a student in the high school of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania.

WILLIAM S. HAYMAKER, vice-president of the Empire Lumber Company of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, is a representative of a family which has been domiciled in the United States for a number of generations, and which has been active in various fields of industry.

Jacob Haymaker, great-grandfather of William S. Haymaker, is the first of this branch of the Haymaker family of whom we have definite record. He settled near Murrysville, where he eventually became the owner of a considerable amount of landed property and followed farming as an occupation. Among his children were: George R., see forward; John and Michael.

George R. Haymaker, son of Jacob Haymaker, was born on the family homestead, and like his father was a farmer. He, however, branched out in other directions, and at the time of the construction of the Pennsylvania Railroad he had the contract for the cutting of the Georgia cut. He became prominent in the community and served one or more terms in the state legislature. He married Priscilla W. Graham, born December 18, 1830, daughter of Rev. James and Elizabeth (Martin) Graham, who were the parents of children: 1. Mary, born March 25, 1806, died September 18, 1869. She married, in 1840, a Mr. Agnew, and had one child, Mary Eliza. 2. Robert, born September 25, 1807, died October 20, 1862. 3. Martha Matilda, born February 25, 1809, married Dr. James Carruthers. 4. Elizabeth, born January 31, 1810, married Rev. Adam Torrance, had children: Mary, Martha, Matilda, Judge Eli, E. Swift, A. Graham and Elizabeth. 5. James, born February 22, 1812, married Eliza McFarlane, had children: Martha, Elizabeth M., Eveline R., and Margaretta McF. 6. Priscilla W., mentioned above. The children of George R. and Priscilla W. (Graham) Haymaker were: 1. James G., see forward. 2. Jacob, a soldier during the Civil war, who died shortly after his discharge from active service. 3. Agnes, unmarried. 4. Michael, married Annie Murray, deceased. 5. Elizabeth, unmarried. 6. Matilda, deceased. 7. Obadiah M., deceased, married Annie Irwin. 8. Margaret, married William Walker.

James G. Haymaker, eldest child of George R. and Priscilla W. (Graham) Haymaker, was born on the family homestead. His preliminary education was acquired in the local public schools and this was supplemented by further instruction in the academy at Wilkinsburg and at Jefferson College. Throughout his entire life the greater part of his time and attention were given to the development of the oil and gas industries, with which he was

extensively connected. In politics he was a Democrat, and he was a member of the Presbyterian church. He married Adela Skinner, born March 27, 1842, daughter of William Skinner, at one time sheriff of Franklin county, Pennsylvania, and they had children: 1. William S., see forward. 2. Bertha G., married Rev. J. C. Dible, a Presbyterian minister, and they have had children: James, Rayburn, deceased; Clarence, Russell and Wilber Clayton. 3. George R., who died in infancy. 4. Frank A., married Mary Busby. 5. James Graham, married Effie Idella Sell, and has children: Frank Graham, Adela Elizabeth and William Skinner.

William S. Haymaker, eldest child of James G. and Adela (Skinner) Haymaker, was born at Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, July 2, 1865. His boyhood days and youth were spent at Murrysville, Turtle Creek and Canonsburg, and his early education was obtained in the public schools of these places, and this was supplemented by two years spent at the Jefferson Academy at Canonsburg. His first work was undertaken at Wilkinsburg, where he was apprenticed to learn the carpenter's trade with James A. Wilson. He continued to work for Mr. Wilson until 1891, when he formed a partnership with Amos Miller, and they established themselves in the retail lumber, contracting and building business. This partnership was dissolved in 1895, Mr. Haymaker buying out the interests of his partner and carrying on the work alone until 1897. He then closed out this enterprise and engaged in the wholesale lumber business until 1900, when the Empire Lumber Company was organized and Mr. Haymaker acquired a large portion of the stock. He was elected vice-president of the company, an office he still holds at the present time. This corporation has a mill and yard at Toledo, Ohio, where they receive the lumber from the lakes, a branch office at Duluth, and the main office in the Arnott Building, in Pittsburg. He is interested in a number of other local and city undertakings. His political support is given to the Republican party, and he is a member of the First United Presbyterian church.

Mr. Haymaker married Ida J. McLean, daughter of the late Wilson and Annie (McNary) McLean, who had children: Fanny Belle, married Dr. J. R. Vincent; Ida Jane, mentioned above; Minnie May, married William Kammerer; Frank, married Gertrude Schuter; Samuel Oliver, married Hannah Ramsden; and Clyde James, engaged in the wholesale produce business. Mr. and Mrs. Haymaker have had children: Clarence M., born June 10, 1889; Ethel Anna Caldwell, born April 3, 1894.

EDWARD MASON BRITNER, a well-known roofer and tinsmith of Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, who has attained prominence as an exhorter in the interests of the Methodist church, is a representative of an honored family of West Virginia.

The paternal grandfather of Edward Mason Britner was a farmer by occupation and settled in West Virginia, where he purchased the old Carney homestead, on which his children were born. This homestead was located near Falling Waters. Mr. Britner was a strict Catholic. He married and had children: 1. Gregory, see forward. 2. John, who married and resided in Peoria, Illinois. The third child resides near the old homestead at Falling Waters, West Virginia.

Gregory Britner, the eldest son, was born on the family homestead at

Falling Waters, West Virginia, in 1834. He was educated in the common schools of Martinsburg, about seven miles from his birthplace, at which place he also learned the trade of a stone mason. At the outbreak of the Civil war he enlisted in the Confederate army, and was an active participant in the struggle until the close of the war. He was in the Winchester Cavalry and Artillery, in which latter service he became noted as a marksman. It is related of him that he disabled four cannon of the Northern army with four successive shots. At the close of the war he went to Shepherdstown, West Virginia, and engaged in the contracting and building business, in which he continued until his death in 1888, at which time he was engaged in the construction of a dam across the Potomac, near Antietam, for the Potomac Cement Works. Among the public buildings he erected in that section is the county jail. In politics he was a Democrat, and always an enthusiastic supporter of the cause of the south. He married Mary C. Freeze, and they had children: 1. William J., resides in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, married Nellie Show. 2. Henry Lee, married Bertha Warner. 3. Edward Mason, see forward. 4. Preston A., resides in Wilkinsburg, married Minnie Dougherty. 5. Dora, married H. C. Preston, resides in Shepherdstown, West Virginia. 6. Alice D., married Edward Hoffman, resides in California. 7. Cordelia, married Alfred Datz, and resides in Greensburg, Pennsylvania.

Edward Mason Britner, third son and child of Gregory and Mary C. (Freeze) Britner, was born in Shepherdstown, Jefferson county, West Virginia, October 4, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of the district, and apprenticed to learn the trade of tinsmithing with H. C. Martin. After he had become an expert in this line of work he went to Washington, District of Columbia, and there he had charge of the roofing of the new pension office, which occupied him from 1875 to 1878. He then spent considerable time in travel, working at his trade in various cities during this period. At the end of three years spent in this manner he removed to Greensburg, Pennsylvania, where he established himself in the tinsmithing business, and two years later removed to Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, where he established himself in the same line of business at No. 818 South avenue, where he successfully engaged for sixteen years, until 1906, when he moved his factory and office to No. 320 Meade street, in the same borough. He is a strong supporter of the principles of the Prohibition party, and an active worker in its interests. He was converted and received into the Methodist church in 1897, during a religious revival conducted by Rev. J. W. Miles, during which one hundred and forty-six converts were made and received into the church. Mr. Britner frequently addresses congregations at Salvation Army and other religious assemblies. He is a member of the South Avenue Methodist church, one of its elders and local preachers, and is superintendent of the Sabbath-school.

He married, in 1890, Stella May Lawrence, daughter of John W. and Jane (Lewis) Lawrence, of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: Edward L. and John P.

NATHAN S. WILLIAMS, for a quarter of a century a resident of Wilkinsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, who has filled with efficiency and benefit to the community a number of public offices of great trust and

responsibility, represents several of the oldest colonial families of this country, who came originally from England.

Warren Williams, grandfather of Nathan S. Williams, was a lineal descendant of Robert Williams, who was born in Norwich, England, came to this country in 1632 and settled in Roxbury, Massachusetts. He married Elizabeth Stanton Gallup, a descendant of John Gallup, who came to this country from the parish of Mostrum, county Dorset, England, and settled at Boston, Massachusetts, in 1630. The wife of John Gallup was a daughter of Thomas Stanton, who was born in Wales in 1614, settled in Boston, Massachusetts, January 2, 1635, and later founded the town of Stonington, Connecticut.

Henry Warren Williams, son of Warren and Elizabeth Stanton (Gallup) Williams, was born in Groton (now Ledyard), New London county, Connecticut, January 20, 1816, and died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, February 19, 1877. His preparatory education was acquired in Plainfield and Colchester academies in Connecticut, and he matriculated in Amherst College in the fall of 1833, being graduated from that institution in 1837. He went to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, the following year and was admitted to the bar in May, 1840. He entered into a law partnership with Hon. Walter H. Sowrie, afterward chief justice of Pennsylvania, and this relation continued until Mr. Sowrie was elected a judge of the district court, now the court of common pleas No. 2, when Mr. Williams formed another partnership with William M. Slevin, Esquire, which remained in force until 1851. At this time Mr. Williams was elected an associate judge of the district court on the Whig ticket, and at the expiration of his term of ten years he was nominated and elected, without opposition, by the unanimous vote of the Republicans and Democrats. He was appointed a justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania by Governor John W. Geary, in July, 1868, in place of Hon. William Strong, resigned, and in October of the following year was elected a justice of the supreme court of Pennsylvania for the full term of fifteen years, and served in this office until his death. He received the degree of Master of Arts from Amherst College in 1851, and that of Doctor of Laws in 1866. He was professor of law in the Western University of Pennsylvania from 1863 until his death. He is considered by the legal profession of Pennsylvania to have been one of the ablest judges who ever adorned the bench, and his decisions, which were written in concise, vigorous English, are regarded as judicial models. He was a member, and from 1858 until his death a ruling elder of the Third Presbyterian church of Pittsburg; several times a member of the Presbyterian General Assembly; a member of the committee on laws at the time of the fusion of the old and new schools, and a member of the American board of commissioners for foreign missions.

He married, May 20, 1846, Lucy Jane Stone, a daughter of Major Abner and Anna Clark (Powers) Stone, of Salem, Washington county, New York. The former was descended from Rev. Thomas Stone, who came from England and settled at Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1630, and the latter was a descendant of Walter Powers, who came from England and settled at Middleton, Connecticut, in 1639. Henry Warren and Lucy Jane (Stone) Williams were the parents of children as follows: One which died in infancy; Elizabeth W., married B. B. Haseltine, now deceased, resides at Swissvale, Pennsylvania; Henry W., Jr., a resident of Washington, Pennsylvania; Nathan S., see for-

ward; Grace S., resides at No. 912 Maryland avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Gurdon Walter, resides at the same address as Grace S.

Nathan S. Williams, second son of Henry Warren and Lucy Jane (Stone) Williams, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, July 13, 1859. He was a student at the Western University of Pennsylvania and the Ayers Latin School, then entered Amherst College, from which he was graduated with the degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1877. He registered as a law student in December of the same year from the office of A. H. Miller, Esquire, of Pittsburg, and was graduated from the law school of the University of Michigan in 1880, receiving the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He was admitted to the Allegheny county bar February 14, 1880. He was appointed first assistant United States attorney in September, 1890, and served in this office until October 1, 1903; he was acting county solicitor from January, 1894, until 1895; was elected county solicitor in June, 1895; reelected in 1898 and resigned January 1, 1901; he was reappointed assistant United States attorney in March, 1904, and is still serving in that office. In all these offices which he has filled so capably he has been noted for the sound judgment and keen foresight which characterized all his methods. He has been a resident of Wilkinsburg since January, 1882.

Mr. Williams married, November 4, 1880, Jennie Hayden Balkam, daughter of James Madison and Harriet Alden (Palmer) Balkam, of Robinson, Maine, both members of distinguished New England families. Mr. and Mrs. Williams have had children: Edith Lesley, who married Wellington F. Evans, of Edgewood, Pennsylvania, and Edwin Stowe, who resides with his parents.

JOHN CUPPLES, residing at No. 430 Ella street, Wilkinsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, manager of the real estate department of the Carnegie Steel Company in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is a member of a family of Irish ancestry.

Joseph Cupples, grandfather of John Cupples, was born in Ireland, emigrated to the United States in 1823, and soon after his arrival in this country settled in Pittsburg, which he made his permanent home. He was at one time occupied as a lock tender on the old canal. He married in Ireland, in 1816, Esther Hezlep, born April 24, 1797, and died December 23, 1874, and they had children: 1. Alexander, married Ann Hare, had children: Jane, Emma, Joseph and George. 2. John, married Rebecca Strannah, had children: Joseph, John, Jane, Martha, William, Rebecca and Kate. 3. Nancy Jane, married D. W. Risten, had children: Joseph, Rebecca, Esther, Agnes, Aleck, Sally, Martha, Molly, Maggie and Maud. 4. Samuel, who died in 1859, married Martha Strannah. 5. Mary, married William Crisswell, had children: Martha, Robert, William, Joseph, John, Mary, Pedo and Charles. 6. Joseph, married Morinda Akers. 7. James, married Mary Walklefish, had one son, John. 8. Sarah, married Charles Stuart, had children: Agnes, Mary, Rose, Joseph, Lydia, Charles and Edwin. 9. Andrew J.

Andrew J. Cupples, sixth son and ninth child of Joseph and Esther (Hezlep) Cupples, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, about the year 1830. There he was educated in the public schools and learned the trade of molding. He worked for many years in Knapp's foundry, where he assisted during the Civil war in the manufacture of heavy ordnance. He was connected with the

Pittsburg Fire Department for a period of twenty years, being chief engineer for a part of that time. He now lives retired from active duties. In politics he has always been a steadfast Republican, and in religious affiliations a member of the English Lutheran church. He married Hannah Kaye, and they were the parents of children as follows: 1. Bella, deceased, married William J. Best, had children: Albert, William, Hannah, Jennie, John, Carrie, Andrew, George and Louis. 2. John, see forward. 3. Joseph, unmarried. 4. Aleck, married and had children: Hannah, Hines, George, Elizabeth and Alexander. 5. William, married Lizzie Weisger, had children: Andrew, Esther and Margaret. 6. Charles, married Julia Beck, had children: Frank, William, Boyd and Mazie. 7. Mary, married and had one daughter, Hannah. 8. Walter, married Susie Bagler. 9. Sarah, married George Rhoers and had one daughter, Hannah K. 10. Andrew J., Jr., unmarried.

John Cupples, second child and eldest son of Andrew J. and Hannah (Kaye) Cupples, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, February 4, 1860. He acquired a good education in the public schools of his native city, and commenced his business career at the early age of fourteen years. He worked in the McIntosh & Hemphill foundry from 1874 until 1878, and then entered the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company, with whose interests he has been actively identified up to the present time (1907). For twelve years he was head shipper at the Homestead works, and for the past two years has had charge of the real estate department. He removed to Wilkinsburg in 1889, and has resided in Ella street since that time. In politics he is a Republican and is a regular attendant of the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Cupples married Hattie Conrad, daughter of Max and Elizabeth Conrad, and they have three children: George, Stewart and Elizabeth.

DR. JOHN EDWIN RIGG, one of the foremost physicians of Wilkinsburg, was born October 13, 1855, in Washington county, Pennsylvania, a son of Newton Rigg and grandson of Hijah Rigg, who came of English stock and was for many years a respected resident of Washington county, where the Rigg family were pioneers.

Newton Rigg, son of Hijah Rigg, in his younger manhood worked at the carpenter's trade in Pike Run township, Washington county, afterward purchasing a farm near Scenery Hill in the same county, and there engaging in agricultural pursuits during the remainder of his life. He and his wife were many years members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Newton Rigg married Margaret, daughter of Jonathan Winnett, a well-known farmer, prominent in the public affairs of that section of the state, and their children were: Ella, John Edwin, of whom later; Laura and Mark A., of Grafton, Allegheny county. Newton Rigg, the father, died in 1879, aged sixty-eight.

John Edwin Rigg, son of Newton and Margaret (Winnett) Rigg, attended the district school, at the same time assisting his father on the farm until the age of fourteen, after which he studied for a time with a private tutor. Subsequently he took a college course in pharmacy with a preceptor, and at the age of sixteen entered a drug-store. Perfecting himself in the study of pharmacy, he soon became a clerk in the prescription department of the store, serving in that capacity for two or three years. At the end of that time he resigned his position, took a course at the Long Island Medical Col-

lege, Brooklyn, New York, and in 1879 received from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, of Baltimore, the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He subsequently took a partial course at Johns Hopkins University, and in the winter of 1885-1886 took a full course at the Philadelphia Polyclinic. Prior to this, however, Dr. Rigg had established himself as a practitioner at Stonersville, Pennsylvania, where he remained seven years. In 1886 he came to Wilkesburg, where he has since devoted himself to his profession, building up a large and lucrative practice and earning the reputation of one of the most skillful physicians in the city. While engaged in general practice he gives a certain portion of his time to the treatment of diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, in which he has had special success.

He was one of the organizers of the Wilkesburg Electric Light Company, is president of the board of health and for two terms served as school director. For three terms he held the office of township auditor. He is a member of the American Medical Association, the Allegheny County Medical Society and the Wilkesburg Club, and also belongs to the Improved Order of Heptasophs and the Royal Arcanum. He is a Scottish Rite Mason, holding membership in Orient Lodge, F. and A. M., and in the Valley of Pittsburg Consistory. In politics he is a thorough Republican. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, which he represented at the general conference held in Cleveland.

Dr. Riggs married, January 18, 1878, Ida Belle, daughter of John H. and Eliza (McDonald) Weaver, and they are the parents of the following children: Lida, Carl H., Laura Belle, Edna Winnett and Margaret Stella. Like her husband Mrs. Rigg is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

ROBERT WOODSIDE, residing at No. 917 Wallace avenue, Wilkesburg, Pennsylvania, and for many years engaged in the ice business in Pittsburg and its vicinity, is of Irish ancestry.

John Woodside, a native of Ireland, emigrated to the United States some time during the thirties of the nineteenth century. He settled in Wilkes township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he was profitably engaged in the weaving of carpets, coverlets, blankets, etc. He amassed a considerable fortune and built for himself a comfortable home in Penn avenue, in what is now (1907) Wilkesburg. This is one of the oldest brick houses now standing in the borough. He removed to Burlington, Ohio, in 1852, and died there two years later. He married Sarah Ratcliff or Jackson, of English parentage, and had children: Sarah, Maggie, who married a Mr. Tellen; Mary and Annie, who died in infancy; and Robert.

Robert Woodside, only son of John and Sarah (Ratcliff or Jackson) Woodside, was born in Wilkesburg, Pennsylvania, March 25, 1842. He received his education in the local schools of Wilkesburg, and at the age of ten years went to Kentucky, where he was employed for some years in a brick yard. Upon the breaking out of the Civil war he enlisted and served under General Buell for two years as a teamster, hauling army supplies. During the following three years he worked in various capacities on a river tow boat, and then formed a partnership with David Richmond, engaging in the ice business. He was subsequently superintendent for twelve years of the Chautauqua Ice Company, then engaged in business for himself at Homestead,

and is an ice dealer on an extensive scale. He may be considered the dean of the ice business in Pittsburg and the vicinity. He entertains independent views in political matters, but generally votes for the Republican candidates. He is connected with the following fraternal organizations: Orient Lodge, No. 590, Free and Accepted Masons, of which he is a charter member; member of Pittsburg Chapter No. 268; charter member of Duquesne Commandery, No. 72; charter member of Schenley Park Lodge, No. 1037, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; charter member of Wilkinsburg Camp, No. 280, Independent Order of Odd Fellows; member of Rebekah Lodge, No. 276, Wilkinsburg; Myrtle Crest, and member of the Eastern Star, Wilkinsburg.

Mr. Woodside married, December 25, 1865, Sarah McWilliams, and has had children: 1. Ida, unmarried. 2. William, married Jane McDowell, has children: William, Robert and Mary. 3. John, married Ella Cullum, has children: Irene, Helen, Vivian and Addie. 4. Addison, unmarried. 5. Harry, married Jennie Fernstone. 7. Blanche, married Charles Dyer, has children: Alfred and Raymond. 8. Grace, unmarried. 9. Vivian, married William Cam and has one daughter, Margaret. Sarah (McWilliams) Woodside is a daughter of William and Anna (Perchment) McWilliams, the former a son of William McWilliams, of Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he spent the greater part of his life as a farmer. After retiring from active labor he removed to Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, and there resided until his death. Mr. and Mrs. Woodside are now living on the site of his residence. He married, in Washington county, Anna Perchment, and had children: 1. James, a soldier during the Civil war, whose death in Beverly Hospital, Virginia, was caused by wounds received in battle. 2. Frank, married Martha Garman. 3. Mary, died young. 4. Emily, died in childhood. 5. John, married and had children: William, John and Julia. 6. Sarah, who married Mr. Woodside. On the maternal side Mrs. Woodside was a granddaughter of Peter Perchment, one of the pioneer settlers of Wilkins township. He made his home in that section at the time of the war of the Revolution, in which he served as captain. He acquired considerable property in Allegheny county, and was one of the leading farmers of the district. He was at one time a prisoner in the hands of the Indians, who caused him to endure such hardships as crippled him for the remainder of his life. He married Elizabeth Powell, who bore him children as follows: 1. Elizabeth, married John Detrich. 2. Agnes, married William Sprague. 3. Sarah, married William Thompson. 4. Martha, married Bernard Kane. 5. Anna, married William McWilliams, as mentioned above. 6. Hannah, married Bernard Grant. 7. Margaret, married Robert Price. 8. Julia, married Silas Anderson. 9. Emily, married William Delancy. 10. John, married Margaret Harrison. 11. Peter, married a Miss Anderson.

WILLIAM B. MEGAHAN, one of Wilkinsburg's enterprising business men, was born March 24, 1847, in Berlin, Somerset county, Pennsylvania, a son of Washington Megahan and grandson of Jacob Megahan, who was the father of eleven sons and one daughter.

Washington Megahan, one of the eleven sons of Jacob Megahan, was born June 22, 1821, on the old homestead at Alexandria, Pennsylvania, and was brought up and educated at Hollidaysburg, Pennsylvania. In his youth he learned the plasterer's trade, and for a time followed it, but afterward went

into the general contracting and building business. He lived for a time at Bedford, thence moved to Berlin, and in 1872 took up his abode in Somerset, Somerset county, Pennsylvania. After the fire of that year, which nearly destroyed the town, he assisted largely in its rebuilding. In 1876, after the second great fire, he again erected many buildings. It may be said of him that during his business career he was one of the best known men in Somerset county. In 1886-87 he retired from all active labor, and has for the last twenty years lived very quietly, taking little part in local matters outside of church affairs, in which he is still actively engaged, having always been a working member and a devoted attendant of the Methodist Episcopal church. For years he was class-leader and also held the offices of trustee and elder.

Mr. Megahan married Catharine Waters, and the following children were born to them: Jacob, who died in infancy; William B., of whom later; Ambrose, married Crissy Laumeister, children, Amber, Mabel, Bruce W. and Muriel; John W., married Pamela Hefley, one son, George; Ida, who died young; and Oakley Bush, who died in childhood.

William B. Megahan, son of Washington and Catharine (Waters) Megahan, was reared in Somerset county, receiving his education in the common schools and at Mount Union College, Ohio. Like his father, he learned the plasterer's trade, but later went into the lumber business in Somerset county, and up to the time of his coming to Wilkinsburg was engaged in many different employments and enterprises, traveling as far as the Pacific coast. In 1898, in Wilkinsburg, he established himself in the transfer and storage business, first in partnership with C. F. Minter, and later with his brother, John W. Megahan, with whom he is now carrying on a large and successful business. They employ from twenty to forty men, according to the exigencies of their establishment, and are constantly using eighteen head of horses. In politics Mr. Megahan adheres to the doctrines of the Democratic party and to the support of its candidates and measures. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Megahan married Anna B., daughter of Frederick and Mary Naugle, of Somerset, Pennsylvania, and they have had the following children: George, who died young; William, who also died in childhood; Marion, wife of S. Allman; Arthur, who married Mabel McMasters, one daughter, Adelaide; Roy, a young physician; Ambrose, Ella, Catharine, deceased; Florence, Donald, Frederick and Howard D.

GEORGE S. DAVISON, prominent in the engineering circles of Greater Pittsburg, was born in Lawrenceville, now a ward of Pittsburg, September 21, 1856, a son of Edward and Isabella (Kennedy) Davison.

The father was born in England in 1813, and came to America with his grandfather when but a mere child, about five years of age. The family settled in Clarion county, Pennsylvania, where Edward was reared and received his early education. When a young man, in the thirties, he came to Pittsburg and became one of the pioneers in the borough of Lawrenceville. By trade he was a carpenter, and later in life reached considerable prominence as a contractor and builder. He was also a competent architect for his times, and through thrift and frugality he accumulated what was then termed a handsome competency. He erected many buildings in Lawrenceville and the

city proper. One of the streets in the Seventeenth ward of the city was named for him. At the corner of Forty-second street he erected the family homestead, which still stands and in the name of Davison, being owned by his son Edward Davison, Jr. In the early days of Lawrenceville he represented one of the wards in the borough council. In his religion he was of the Presbyterian faith and an active church worker. He was a member of the old Lawrenceville church, his friend, Rev. Richard Lee, being the present pastor, having served for half a century. Edward Davison died in 1876. He was the father of the following children: 1. John K., deceased. 2. Agnes M., deceased. 3. Mary, deceased. 4. Edward, Jr., married Elizabeth Smith, and their children are: Edward, George M., Henry and Butler. 5. Annie S., married John G. Fox, whose children are: Charles, William Malcom, Isabella and Christal. 6. George S., the subject of this notice. 7. Charles W., unmarried.

George S. Davison, sixth child of Edward and Isabella (Kennedy) Davison, was reared at Lawrenceville, now a ward in Pittsburg, and educated in the public schools and at the Pittsburg high school, after which he took a course in civil engineering at the Rensselaer Polytechnic at Troy, New York, graduating from the latter in 1878. He built the Pittsburgh, Chartiers & Youghiogheny Railroad, and was its general manager for ten years. Later, as a member of the firm of Wilkins & Davison, civil engineers, he located the Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie Railroad; built the Pittsburgh & Moon Run Railroad, and the Monongahela Street railway system, Allegheny county. He was general manager of the last named system as well as of the Pittsburgh-Birmingham street railway system. Besides these large building operations and management, Mr. Davison built the Pittsburgh & Charleroi Railway, the West Braddock bridge over the Monongahela river, suspended the Sixth street bridge, built the Allegheny Valley Street Railway, besides many other important engineering works in which he has acted as consulting engineer, among which may here be named the Steubenville, Ohio, water works, and the water works of Grafton, West Virginia. In 1900 Mr. Davison retired from active duties as an engineer and has since that date associated himself with many other important enterprises, being interested in some fifteen to twenty companies especially engaged in the oil business, viz.: Vice-president of the Gulf Refining Company; assistant to the president of the Gulf Pipe Line Company; same title in the J. M. Guffey Petroleum Company; vice-president of the Pennsylvania Water Company; president of the Colorado Light and Power Company; president of the Meadville and Cambridge Street Railway Company; secretary of the Allegheny Street Railway Company, also of the Monongahela Street Railway Company, and the Pittsburgh-Birmingham Traction Company. Aside from these great enterprises he is largely interested in the coal business.

Politically Mr. Davison affiliates with the Republican party. He is a deacon in the Presbyterian church and is numbered among the membership of the Pennsylvania Society of Civil Engineers and several other organizations.

He was married in 1881 and has one son, Allen S., a student at the Rensselaer Polytechnic school at Troy, New York, the same school from which the father graduated.

CHARLES EDWARD WILLOCK, treasurer of the Fidelity Trust Company of Pittsburg, was born December 24, 1870, in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, on the old homestead built by his great-grandfather, Alexander Willock, a native of Ireland. Alexander Willock came to America at the age of eighteen years, about the beginning of the last century. He was a baker on Fourth street of this city for many years. He purchased two hundred acres of land in Mifflin township, which he cleared of its timber and cultivated and upon which he finally died, aged fifty-six years. He married Mary McElhanev and was the father of the following children: 1. Jane. 2. Mary. 3. John. 4. Alexander. 5. Eliza. 6. James.

(II) John Willock, son of Alexander the emigrant, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 10, 1812, and became quite prominent in local politics, being all of his life an active Republican. He held nearly if not all of the township offices, and made his influence felt in the community. He belonged to the Lebanon Presbyterian church. He was married to Jane Moore, who died leaving the following children: William A., Samuel M., Sarah J., Mary E., Delilah A., John P. and Bell. His second wife was Eliza Leech, who survived him and died March 12, 1885.

(III) William Alexander Willock, eldest son of John and Jane (Moore) Willock, was born on the old homestead August 25, 1839, and died February 28, 1904. For seven years he served as trustee of the Lebanon Presbyterian church. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John McRoberts and wife. By this union were born the following children: 1. Charles E. (subject). 2. John Park, married Adda McCorkle and has one daughter, Mary Gladys. 3. Laura Agnes, wife of J. C. Rankin. 4. Seward Perry, unmarried. 5. Sylvester Rhodes, unmarried. 6. Roy Leech, unmarried.

(IV) Charles Edward Willock, of this notice, the eldest in his parents' family, was reared on the old home farm, receiving his education in the district schools of Mifflin township and the public schools of Pittsburg. He began his business career as a messenger-boy for the Fidelity Trust Company of Pittsburg in 1890 and has been employed by this concern ever since, having gradually worked himself to the position he now holds, a responsible one, that of treasurer. Mr. Willock is interested in many other corporations and enterprises. He is at present director of the Pittsburgh, Brighton & Eastern Railway Company; director and treasurer of the Fort Pitt Light, Heat and Power Company; director and treasurer of the Finance Company of Pittsburg, and director and treasurer of the Riverview Land Company.

Mr. Willock belongs to Duquesne and Edgewood Clubs, being director and treasurer of the last named. He is a member of Pittsburg Lodge, No. 45, F. and A. M., and politically affiliates with the Republican party, and is a member of the Edgewood council and chairman of the finance committee. In religious belief and membership he is of the Presbyterian faith, and at one time was a trustee of this church.

He was united in marriage to Margaret Adda Fife, daughter of John McKinnick and Mary Jane (Kiddoo) Fife. They have one son, Charles Edward, Jr.

JOSEPH S. GIVEN, justice of the peace of Shaler township, was born in that township March 22, 1871, a son of Joseph Given, grandson of Samuel Given and great-grandson of Edward Given, who was born in 1755, in Balti-

more, and in his young manhood was a teamster, making trips over the mountains to Ohio. After his marriage he settled in Ohio, and after the Revolutionary war moved to Pittsburg, later purchasing land in Westmoreland county. He and his wife were the parents of a son and a daughter, both of whom were born in Ohio; Samuel, of whom later; and Sarah, wife of Robert Martin, of Ohio. Edward Given lived to the great age of one hundred and seven years, passing away in 1862, at the home of his son in Westmoreland county. He was buried in Allegheny cemetery.

Samuel Given, son of Edward Given, was born in 1802, in Columbiana county, Ohio, and settled in Allegheny City, but after remaining a few years took up his abode at Sharpsburg, where he followed his trade, which was that of a shoemaker. Later he sold his farm at Sharpsburg and moved to Etna. In 1885 he bought a farm in Shaler township, on which he made his home, still working at his trade in connection with his agricultural labors. Later in life he turned his whole attention to husbandry. Samuel Given married a Miss Ray of Meadville, Pennsylvania, and a descendant of the Mead family who were pioneers in Mercer county. Mr. Ray settled on Herr's Island, which he subsequently leased for a period of ninety-nine years. The following children were born to Mr. and Mrs. Given: Edward, Eliza, Sarah, Robert, Mary, Joseph, of whom later; and Samuel D. Samuel Given, the father, maintained the reputation of the family for longevity, passing away in 1900, in the ninety-eighth year of his age.

Joseph Given, son of Samuel Given, was born March 1, 1845, in Shaler township, and learned the puddler's trade. During the Civil war he enlisted from Chicago in the Nineteenth Illinois Bridges Battery, and at the expiration of his term reenlisted, at Nashville, Tennessee, on the gunboat "General Thomas," Admiral Porter's Squadron, United States Navy, for three years. He participated in all the battles of the Mississippi and also served in the Gulf of Mexico, being mustered out at Cairo. On his return home he entered the iron mill of Graft, Bennet & Company, at Millvale, and also worked in other mills. In 1888 he abandoned mill work and opened a stone quarry on his father's farm in Shaler township, which he operated during the remainder of his life. He belonged to the G. A. R. and the N. V. A., and in politics was a Republican. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Joseph Given married Mary, daughter of Philip and Caroline Grossman, who in 1855 came to this country from Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Given were the parents of the following children: Joseph S., of whom later; Kriss T., born in 1876; Jennie, born in 1878; Ralph, born in 1884, married Clara E. Crider; and Carrie, born in 1887, wife of Frederick Birch. On May 22, 1895, Mr. Given was accidentally killed in his quarry, and by a singular coincidence, his wife's death also was the result of an accident. She died February 16, 1901, from injuries inflicted by the explosion of a lamp.

Joseph S. Given, son of Joseph and Mary (Grossman) Given, received his education in the public schools of Shaler township, and learned the blacksmith's trade, at which he was employed by various firms in the city. In 1900 he began to operate the stone quarry which had belonged to his father, after whose death it had become the property of the heirs. In 1903 he was elected school director and was reelected in 1906. In the latter year he was appointed justice of the peace to fill a vacancy, and in 1907 was elected to the same office. He affiliates with Corinthian Lodge, No. 573, F. and A. M.,

of Millvale, and is a Republican politically. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Given married, in July, 1901, Harriet, daughter of William H. and Ellen (Smith) Crider, and they have one son, Albert J., born April 14, 1902.

THE PATTERSON FAMILY. The first of the Patterson family of which this sketch treats was the American ancestor, Nathaniel Patterson (I), who was the son of John or James (it is not certain as to which name is correct), who with his brother came to America and settled in Virginia before 1729. Nathaniel was born in 1729 and died in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, 1795. He was a surveyor and accompanied Washington on his trip through western Pennsylvania, at the time the latter discovered and reported to the government authorities of Virginia the importance of building a fort at the "Forks of the Ohio," in 1755. Later Mr. Patterson acquired land in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, which he cleared up and lived upon the remainder of his days. This tract of land is still owned by his descendants. He married Elizabeth Bell and to them were born six children. Nathaniel was a soldier in the Revolutionary war.

(II) Andrew Patterson, son of Nathaniel Patterson (1), was born in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and died there in 1808, aged about fifty-five years. In his younger days he removed to Kentucky and there followed farming; subsequently he returned to Pennsylvania and settled in Allegheny county. He was in the Revolutionary war. He married Mary McNeil, by whom several children were born, including: Nathaniel, James, Robert, Elizabeth, Mary and others.

(III) Nathaniel Patterson, son of Andrew (2) and Mary (McNeil) Patterson, was born in Kentucky in 1795 and died in 1877. He was a member of the Pittsburgh Blues in the Mexican war; served in the war of 1848 as major. At the time of the Civil war he was recorder of Allegheny county. He married a Miss Williams and they were the parents of eleven children: James W., Andrew, Nathaniel, Isaac, Robert, Mary, who married Joseph Ramsey, and of this union was born Joseph, Jr., Alfred and John. Joseph Ramsey, Jr., was president of the Wabash Railroad Company; Nancy, married Robert C. Duncan, of whom later; Margaret, John W., Amelia and —.

(IV) James W. Patterson, son of Nathaniel Patterson (3), married Matilda McGuire and they had children: James W., Jr., see forward; Charles, died unmarried; Agnes, married Dr. Franklin N. Staub, nine children.

(IV) John W. Patterson, son of Nathaniel Patterson (3), was born in 1835 in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, on the farm where his father settled on his return from Kentucky. In April, 1861, he enlisted in Company E, Thirtieth Pennsylvania Regiment of Volunteers, and was made captain of his company. In 1862 he was promoted to colonel of his regiment, which he commanded until his death, being killed in the battle of the Wilderness, while in command of his regiment, in 1864, when aged twenty-nine years. Grand Army Post, No. 151, on the South Side, Pittsburg, is named in honor of him. He married Almira Wendt, daughter of Frederick Wendt (see Wendt sketch), who was one of the pioneer glass makers of Pittsburg, residing on the South Side. They had three children: Frederick W., Agnes and Mary, all born on the

South Side, Pittsburg. After the death of John W. Patterson, his widow removed to Beaver county and is still living at this date, 1908.

(IV) Nancy Patterson, daughter of Nathaniel Patterson (3), married Robert Cunliff Duncan, who was the son of Andrew (or Thomas) Duncan, whose wife's maiden name was Cunliff. Robert Cunliff Duncan followed mercantile pursuits for a number of years in Allegheny county, but later bought a farm in Beaver county, Pennsylvania, which he operated some time, and again engaged in mercantile life at Beaver Falls. He continued there but a short time and then gave up active business; he died at the age of seventy-two years. Nancy Duncan died in October, 1907, aged ninety-one years. They were the parents of seven children, as follows:

1. Rev. Thomas Duncan, married Ella Craig, of Ohio. He is a Presbyterian clergyman and located at Perry, Oklahoma, and they have two children.
2. Elizabeth, married Daniel W. Scott, now deceased, of Beaver county; he was a United Presbyterian minister.
3. Nathaniel Duncan, M. D., deceased, practiced in Beaver county and married Mary A. Craner.
4. Agnes, married a Mr. Potter, now deceased.
5. Mary, died in infancy.
6. Robert Cunliff, Jr., unmarried; read law in the office of George Shiras, Jr., and was admitted to the bar in 1884, since which time he has practiced his profession in Pittsburg. In politics he is an independent Republican. He is a member of the Masonic order, Elks and the University Club.
7. Jessie M., married Charles Wilcox and their children are: Charles, Jr., Howard, Bertha, Virginia and Helen.

(V) Frederick W. Patterson, son of John W. Patterson (4), was born in 1860, in South Side, Pittsburg, and moved to New Brighton in 1866, where he was reared. When he reached manhood he studied civil engineering and became a surveyor and was connected with the Pennsylvania, Lake Erie & Baltimore railroad companies for several years, but later became city engineer of McKeesport, where he was engaged six years, after which time he became county road engineer for Allegheny county, serving in such capacity for nine years, since which time he has continued his profession as consulting engineer. He married Mary Searight, of Pittsburg, daughter of David Searight, who bore him two children, born in Beaver county, John W. and David S.

(V) James W. Patterson, Jr., son of James W. Patterson (4), was born May 13, 1847. He married Margaret Campbell (see Campbell family sketch), and they were the parents of thirteen children, five of whom died under twelve years of age, and those who arrived at maturity are as follows: 1. Gertrude, married W. J. Burns, and their children are: Margaret, Elizabeth, Gertrude, Ann, died at the age of four years, and John. 2. Frank P., married Bertha Mooney and has children: Helen, Elizabeth and Virginia. He was a graduate of the Pittsburg high schools in the class of 1896, and devoted the following ten years to newspaper work in Pittsburg and vicinity. During that period he studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1906 and is now following a general law practice. 3. James W., Jr., married Genevieve Moran, and their children are: Margaret, Mary, James W. (third). 4. Jane, married Robert Maxwell Morris, and had child, Margaret. 5. John, married Edith Loughney, now deceased. 6. Harry. 7. Ann. 8. Elizabeth. The last three named are unmarried.

ROBERT J. GUMBERT, present deputy sheriff of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, was born in the Twenty-first ward of Pittsburg, December 20,

1876, a son of Jeremiah and Jennie (Judge) Gumbert. The father was born in Pittsburg January 4, 1832, and for thirty-five years was a detective for the city of Pittsburg. He married Jennie Judge, of Pittsburg. He died May 29, 1904, and his wife passed away March 4, 1900.

Robert J. Gumbert, subject, received his education at the Pittsburg public schools and at the Iron City College, after which he was employed as a shipping clerk for the Howe Brown Steel Company, and he remained with them for seven years. He then became interested in politics and in 1899 was appointed clerk in the city assessor's office, and held this position until April 1, 1902, when he resigned and was for two years with the Freehold Real Estate Company. In 1904 he was appointed deputy sheriff under James W. Dickson, and in 1907 was re-appointed by the present incumbent, A. C. Gumbert.

Mr. Gumbert married Edna, daughter of Valentine and Valeska Lange, of Pittsburg.

DAVID HUTCHISON, deceased, the venerable and philanthropic man who was universally known and esteemed in the vicinity of Pittsburg for more than three score years, and who laid down life's cares and duties in the summer of 1906, was born March 20, 1822, in Coldingham, near Berwick-on-Tweed, Scotland, of an old ancestral Scottish family. When eight years of age he accompanied his parents to America. The father, Peter Hutchison, secured a large tract of land from the government near Marietta, Ohio, and opened up a very extensive farm, upon which the son David remained until twenty years of age.

David Hutchison obtained a good education in his adopted country, considering the pioneer section in which his early years were spent. He was gifted with a splendid physique, tall and muscular, a perfect type of the hardy Scotch race, to which western Pennsylvania is so largely indebted for her stalwart and rugged characters. His habits were none but temperate. He retained his mental and bodily vigor to a remarkable degree. Upon leaving his father's home in Ohio in 1842 he came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, to make for himself a name among the potent factors of this stirring city. After a few years he had so far won the confidence of his fellow townsmen that he was enabled to enlist the necessary capital to start in the brick making business, which he did in the Sixth ward of the city, where he first lived. As the city grew his business increased with great strides, and he became known as a man of unflinching courage, coupled with an integrity never once questioned by those with whom he mingled and transacted his extensive business operations. He was for years an authority on real estate values, being largely interested in realty as well as in brick and tile manufacturing, and with the ability to properly manage both, he accumulated a large property, the greater part of which was in residence holdings and mostly situated in the Sixth ward. He was the largest property owner in that ward. Mr. Hutchison retired from the active duties of life in 1886. He died August 20, 1906.

During the Civil war he gained deserved prominence through his manifold acts of kindness and benevolence exhibited toward the wives of the brave defenders of the Union cause then in the field. In more than one instance did he provide for whole families thus left without their support. It was his delight to give good advice to the young men whom he met, and also to help them



David Hutchinson

on in the world in more substantial ways. Pittsburg has numerous cases where success was attained by the encouragement and aid which he cheerfully rendered. His example and precept ever went hand in hand, and the truly good life he daily lived was but a benediction on all. It was he who saw merit in a young man of Pittsburg and he helped him up the ladder of success until he became a famous playwright and actor. In his political life he measured up to the desirable standard of good citizenship. He was a thorough-going and ardent supporter of the Republican party, in which he saw the greatest good for the greatest number. In the early sixties he was elected to the city council from his home ward, serving several terms. He was a member of the school board for twelve years, and thoroughly believed in the public school system—ever seeking to advance the standard of practical knowledge, believing that the security of the Republic rests in the knowledge and integrity of its people. He served twenty years as member of the board of directors of the poor, besides other public offices.

In making his liberal donations he never made any distinction as to church faith or creed, giving to worthy objects both Protestant and Catholic. He was well known by his more intimate friends as a discriminating friend of the needy poor, and each year was a regular contributor to orphans' asylums, homes for the aged, and many other institutions depending upon the benevolence of the public for their support. As he advanced in years he was quoted as good authority on local history.

Mr. Hutchison married, in 1851, Miss Margaret Mawhinney, of Pittsburg. By this union were born the following children: Margaret, Adam, Mary, David and Sarah, who died before reaching maturity; Anna Margaret, wife of George Snow, of Pittsburg, and Jeannette P., wife of Joseph M. Moffat, of Pittsburg.

JAMES PATRICK MULVIHILL, one of the most enterprising, energetic and progressive men in Arnold, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, general manager of the Independent Brewing Company of Pittsburg, one of the largest brewing companies in the United States, president of the Monongahela, Ellsworth & Washington Street Railway Company, and director in a number of banks, is descended from sturdy Irish stock.

James Mulvihill, father of James Patrick Mulvihill, was born in county Limerick, Ireland, and came to this country with his wife in 1864. He settled in Hartford, Connecticut, and there became a mill worker. He always took an active, intelligent interest in all matters of public import, whether political, educational or religious, but never held public office. His political affiliations were Democratic, and he was a consistent member of the Roman Catholic church. He married, in Ireland, Johanna Bigley, also a native of county Limerick, who was a very charitable woman. They had six children: James Patrick, Thomas, Bartholomew, Margaret and Johanna. The parents are both deceased, the mother dying in April, 1890, at forty-six years, and father December 25, 1904, at sixty-two years.

James Patrick Mulvihill, eldest son of James and Johanna (Bigley) Mulvihill, was born in Hartford, Connecticut, October 8, 1865. He received his education in the public schools of the Fourteenth ward, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and completed it at the age of sixteen years. He then entered the employ

of the iron and steel mills, and in 1887 became connected with the department of public safety in Pittsburg. Here he served with credit to himself and satisfaction to the department in various grades, and was one of the selected men sent to Johnstown, Pennsylvania, at the time of the great flood in May, 1889. The city of Johnstown presented him with an engraved set of resolutions for faithful and meritorious performance of his duties. The city of New Kensington, Pennsylvania, was founded in the month of August, 1891, and Mr. Mulvihill, with his wife and child, immediately settled in the new town, being one of the pioneers of the settlement. His second child, Irene, was one of the first children born in this town. He opened and conducted successfully for a number of years the first hotel in New Kensington. The New Kensington Brewing Company was then organized and built a small brewery, with a capacity of ten thousand barrels, and Mr. Mulvihill was elected president of the company. It had a capital of fifty thousand dollars, and afterward became a branch of the Independent Brewing Company of Pittsburg, one of the largest in the United States, and of which Mr. Mulvihill is the general manager. Aside from his connection with the brewing business Mr. Mulvihill has many other business interests. He is president of the Monongahela, Ellsworth & Washington Street Railway Company, as above mentioned; director in the First National Bank of New Kensington; and director in the First National Bank of Monongahela, Pennsylvania. He is a strong Democrat, and has always taken an active interest in the affairs of his party, assisting them in word and deed. He has attended almost all the state conventions, and was a delegate to the national convention in Kansas City, Missouri, which gave William J. Bryan the presidential nomination. He has frequently been offered nomination to various positions of honor in his party, but has invariably declined to hold public office. He organized the first volunteer fire company in New Kensington, and was elected its first chief. This has since become the leading volunteer company in the state. He also organized the first brass band in the town. He is a devout member of St. Joseph's Catholic church, and chairman of the church committee. This was the first Catholic church built in New Kensington. He is a liberal contributor to all charities, and to any movement which has for its object the welfare of the community. He is a member of the following fraternal associations: Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, Ancient Order of Hibernians, and Order of Heptasophs. His residence, a spacious and commodious house fitted with all modern improvements, is in Arnold, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and here he lives with his family, enjoying all the comforts and luxuries of a delightfully situated country home.

He married, May 14, 1889, in St. Luke's Catholic church, Carnegie, Pennsylvania, Annie Irene Hampsey, daughter of Bernard and Bridget (Liner) Hampsey. The former was an active Democrat. Mrs. Hampsey is well known for her charity and benevolence. Mrs. Mulvihill was educated at the famous Oakdale Academy, Oakdale, Pennsylvania, from which she was graduated with honor. She taught school until the time of her marriage. She is a woman of very domestic tastes, is a model wife and mother, and in spite of the manifold duties which the care of a large family entails finds time to assist in all charitable and religious undertakings. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Mulvihill are: James Mead, born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, February 21, 1890, educated at St. Vincent's College, Latrobe, Pennsylvania; Annie Irene, October 13, 1891, New Kensington, Pennsylvania, educated at the Ursuline

Academy, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania; Bernard Hampsey, June 8, 1893, Fort Pitt, Pennsylvania, educated at St. Vincent's College, Latrobe, Pennsylvania; William Herron, February 12, 1895, New Kensington, Pennsylvania, public schools, Arnold, Pennsylvania; Marguerite Rosalind, April 13, 1896; Mary Ruth, April 13, 1896; Thomas Joseph, January 24, 1898; Alexander Richard, November 8, 1902; Johanna Regina, Monongahela, Pennsylvania, August 23, 1904; Ursula Clare, March 17, 1906. Marguerite, Mary, Thomas, Alexander and Ursula were all born in Arnold, Pennsylvania.

JOHN LAWRENCE MILTON, well known as a structural iron worker and builder, was born September 29, 1872, in Byerstown, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, a son of Edward Milton and Catherine (Gallagher) Milton. The father, Edward Milton, was born August 15, 1854, at Atlanta, Georgia, where he attended the public schools. He learned the iron worker's trade. Politically he is a Democrat and in religious faith a Roman Catholic. He married, January 1, 1871, Catherine, daughter of John and Alice (Cull) Gallagher, of county Donegal, Ireland. By this union were born five children as follows: 1. John Lawrence, of whom further mention will be made. 2. Edward. 3. William James. 4. Daniel. 5. Francis, who died aged eight years. Of these children, Edward, the second son, married Anna Burns and they have issue: Ellen and John. William James married Catherine McAleer, and they have children as follows: Marie, Gertrude, William and Katherin. Daniel married Ellen Marron and has one child, Edith.

John Lawrence Milton, the subject of this notice, obtained his education at the public schools of the Twenty-third ward, and soon thereafter found an opening and learned the most useful trade of a structural iron-worker, and after well equipped with his trade went into the business for himself and erected the "Annex" to Kaufman Brothers' store and their immense warehouse on Stevenson street. He also erected the entire plant of the Rochester Tumbler Works, at Rochester, Pennsylvania. He, in addition to structural work, has done much bridge building work for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and was employed with the United States Steel Company for four years. At present (1907) he is engaged in erecting electric cranes. The superiority of his workmanship affords him all the work in way of contracts he can fill.

He was the organizer of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers (Local No. 3), of which he was the treasurer for four years. He was presented with a diamond ring, valued at two hundred and fifty dollars and a befitting and beautiful "Resolution Card," costing twenty-five dollars, by the order for services rendered. Politically Mr. Milton votes the Democratic ticket, but seeks the best men to fill the public positions regardless of party lines. He is a consistent member of the St. Rosalia Catholic church of Greenfield avenue, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

September 19, 1906, he was married to Miss Frances Veronica Courtney, a daughter of Michael and Frances (Coyle) Courtney, of Philadelphia.

IRA McVEY BURCHFIELD, one of Pittsburg's progressive business men, was born December 11, 1866, in Peebles township, now the Twenty-third ward of that city, a son of William Warmcastle Burchfield, who was born

March 8, 1839, in East End, Pittsburg, where he attended the public schools and also took a course at Duff's Business College. He was at different times engaged in banking, in the oil business, in the manufacture of brick and in real estate. He has served several terms as director of the schools of Peebles township, now the Twenty-third ward. He belongs to the Masonic order, is a Republican and a member of the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Burchfield married, June 4, 1863, Elizabeth Irwin, daughter of Robert Neal and Asinath (Worth) Stewart, of Showestown.

The paternal grandfather of William W. Burchfield was Adam Burchfield, for many years a merchant in Pittsburg. His son, Edwin Burchfield, father of William W. Burchfield, was for many years a tailor in Peebles township, now the East End. Edwin Burchfield married Mary Ann Warmcastle, and they were the parents of the following children: 1. Elizabeth McCoy, wife of William H. Stewart, who died in February, 1893. 2. William Warmcastle. 3. Charles, who died in 1907. 4. Mary, deceased. 5. Martha, wife of Miles Tunsel. 6. Priscilla, deceased.

The maternal great-grandfather of Ira M. Burchfield was William Stewart. He was by trade a nail maker, and he was one of the first nail manufacturers in Pittsburg. According to tradition he built the first three-story brick house in Pittsburg, and in 1820 built the residence now occupied by William W. Burchfield, located on Squirrel Hill. He was the father of two children, Robert Neal and James. Robert, the grandfather of Ira M. Burchfield, was the father of four children: Margaret P., William H., Elizabeth I. and Samuel W., deceased. William W. Burchfield was the father of children: Laura A., Ira M., William S., Isabella C., and two sons and a daughter who died in infancy.

Ira McVey Burchfield, son of William Warmcastle and Elizabeth Irwin (Stewart) Burchfield, was educated at the Colfax public school, the People's public school and the Newell Institute, Pittsburg, which at that time was presided over by W. A. Burchfield and Samuel McCreary. After leaving school he engaged in the real estate and brokerage business, opening an office on Fourth avenue May 10, 1889. His office is now situated on Second avenue, Hazelwood, and he there conducts a flourishing brokerage, investors and real estate business. He is a director of the Homestead & Pittsburg Bridge Company, and was one of the original promoters of the Squirrel Hill resident district. In politics he is a Republican and is a member of the Americus Club, the Free and Accepted Masons, Franklin Lodge, No. 221, Pittsburg; Shilo Chapter, No. 257; Tancred Commandery, Knights Templar, No. 48, and the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite Masons, thirty-second degree. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Burchfield married, October 18, 1893, Nancy Elinore, daughter of Charles L. and Elizabeth (Rupert) Zimmerman, of McKeesport, and they are the parents of the following children: Henrietta Arelia, Irena Elinore, William Warmcastle and Charles Lewis.

WILLIAM STEWART BURCHFIELD was born September 17, 1872, in what was known as Peebles township, now the Twenty-second ward of the city of Pittsburg. He received his primary education at the public schools of his native township and ward, also attended Newell Institute, after which he

entered Washington and Jefferson College, from which institution of learning he graduated in 1895. He chose the real estate and brokerage business for his calling, and has conducted a successful business in this line at 424 Fourth avenue, Pittsburg. He is also treasurer of the National Plumbing and Heating Company. Mr. Burchfield is a member of the Sixth Presbyterian church of Pittsburg. He is chairman of the board of deacons, and is one of the superintendents of the Sabbath-school. Politically he is a Republican. He is connected with the Masonic fraternity, being a member of Milnor Lodge, Free and Accepted Masons, No. 287, and the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rites, of Pittsburg, thirty-second degree.

JOHN MILLER, of Pittsburg, an artist and gilder of considerable note was born January 18, 1852, in Hardscrabble, now the Sixth ward of Pittsburg, a son of Conrad Miller, who was born in Germany, and on emigrating to the United States took up his abode in Hardscrabble, coming hither in 1848, the memorable year when political disturbances forced so many of his countrymen to quit their native land. Conrad Miller was by trade a baker and confectioner, and for some years engaged in that business in his new home, but during the latter part of his life he followed the rivers for a livelihood. He was a Republican and a member of the German Lutheran church at Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

Conrad Miller married, in his native land, Elizabeth Wilhelm, born in Ellstein, Germany, January 1, 1823, and came to Pittsburg in 1847. She married Conrad Miller in New York city. Mr. Miller died in 1894. The couple resided in the Sixth ward for over fifty years; Mrs. Miller is now eighty-five years of age, and is quite vigorous, both physically and mentally. Their children were: Conrad, John, of whom later; Augustus, Elizabeth, wife of William Eaburg, of Pittsburg; Arnsdena, Edward, who died in infancy; and Rosena, wife of James McColl.

John Miller, son of Conrad and Elizabeth (Wilhelm) Miller, received his education at the old Sixth ward school, and learned the trade of an artist and gilder with Peter Young, whose establishment was on Wood street, and in whose service he remained thirty-three years. During this long period Mr. Miller worked at his art for many of the leading families of Pittsburg, the list of his patrons including the Thaws, the Peacocks, the Fricks, the Mellons, United States Senator P. C. Knox, Charles Schwab and many others of the Pittsburg millionaires. At the present time he is connected with an enterprise for public park entertainment. In politics he is a Republican. He and his family are members of the Methodist Episcopal church in Hazelwood.

Mr. Miller married, in January, 1874, Mary Catharine Mills, and they became the parents of the following children: Oliver Cromwell, who died in March, 1894, in his nineteenth year; Edward, Alberta Emma, Edward, who died in infancy; Reuben Howard, who died in 1895, aged fifteen years; Myrtle May, wife of Harry H. Dannals, children, Dorothy Nelson and Mary Catharine, and Emma, who died in infancy. Mrs. Miller is a daughter of Edward Mills, who was born March 6, 1816, at Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and was by trade a moulder. The greater part of his life was passed in Pittsburg. He was a Republican and a member of the Asbury Methodist Episcopal church. Edward Mills married Lydia Woodmansee, and they were the parents of nine

children, the first and second dying in infancy. The others were: James Howard, a merchant of Lafayette, Indiana, married Louisa Poindexter, of that state; John Westley, of Pittsburg, married Alice Syphex; Alberta Vincent; Mary Catharine, wife of John Miller; Emma Jane, wife of John Dodd, children; Edward Anderson, Marie Alberta and Samuel Calvin Tate; Edward White, married and has children, Roy and Edward; and Charles Fletcher. Alberta Vincent, fifth child of this family, married, first, Ambrose Thompson, by whom she had two children, Alberta, who died in infancy, and Frank T., who died at the age of fourteen years. Mrs. Thompson, after the death of her husband, became the wife of George Urquhart, real estate agent for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company west of Pittsburg. Edward Mills, the father of this large family, died September 20, 1891, and his widow survived him but two days, passing away September 22, 1891.

DR. JAMES MADISON LINN, one of the present practicing physicians and druggists of Pittsburg, doing business at Swissvale, was born May 15, 1871, at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, a son of Isaac L. and Emily (Stewart) Linn. The maternal grandfather, James Madison Linn, Sr., was born in Fayette county, Pennsylvania, in 1799, and died in 1892, aged ninety-three years. He conducted a combined grist and saw mill, using water power. He was also an extensive farmer and possessed great business foresight. Having accumulated much valuable property he was enabled to give to each of his sons and daughters a good farm situated in Fayette county, Pennsylvania. He married and was the father of nine children: 1. William, who at the age of eight years was drowned in his father's mill-race. 2. George. 3. Ayers, who died in infancy. 4. Jemima A. 5. Isaac L. 6. Charlotte L. 7. Samuel B. 8. Alcinda B. 9. Mary E. Of this family of children Jemima became the wife of John C. Hanna, of Fayette county, Pennsylvania. Isaac L. became the father of the subject of this notice. Charlotte is the wife of Samuel L. Philips, of Brownsville, Pennsylvania, and they have one child, Linn Samuel Philips. Samuel B. married Florence A. Holmes, of Ohio. He died in 1886, at Carthage, Missouri, where he was engaged in the sale of carriages and wagons. He was an advanced Mason, belonging to the Knights Templar. Alcinda B. is the wife of Webster C. Barnett, of Fayette, Pennsylvania. Mary E. is the wife of Oliver D. Porter, a farmer of Fayette county, and they had one child, Ollie, deceased.

(II) Isaac L. Linn, fifth child of James M. Linn, Sr., and wife, was born in 1845 at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, and died September 20, 1884. He received his education at the public schools of Brownsville and in his younger days followed farming. When thirty-four years of age he took charge of his father's milling interests, which he continued to operate until his death. He married Miss Emily Stewart, who still survives him. She was the daughter of Emanuel and Rebecca (Work) Stewart, of Fayette county, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Linn had two children, James Madison, of whom later, and Bertha Ida, who married James B. Neel, of Smithton, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, and they were the parents of two children, James Corey, deceased, and Emily Bertha, born January 7, 1905. James B. Neel is the superintendent of the Bertha Mines of the Pittsburgh and Buffalo Coal Company.

(III) Dr. James M. Linn, eldest child of Isaac L. and Emily (Stewart) Linn, born May 15, 1871, at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, and attended the public schools, after which he attended the California State Normal School and studied pharmacy at the Western University of Pennsylvania, and graduated in April, 1895. He was then employed at McKeesport in the drug store of Joseph A. Neely for two years. In 1896 he engaged in the drug business for himself at the corner of Beuna Vista and Jackson streets, in Allegheny City. In the autumn of 1897 he entered the medical department of the University of Pennsylvania, graduating from the same with high class honors in 1902. In 1897 he opened a drug store in Swissvale, which he still conducts in connection with the practice of medicine, which has become extensive. He is vice-president of the First National Bank of Swissvale; is a director of the Swissvale and Braddock Lumber Company, and has numerous other financial interests. He is identified with the Masonic fraternity, being a member of the Blue Lodge, Chapter and Commandery. He is also an Odd Fellow and a member of the Royal Arcanum and Knights of Malta. The doctor being fully up to the times is an active member of the Wilkinsburg Medical Society, the Allegheny Medical Society, the Allegheny Medical Association and the Western Pennsylvania Medical Club. Politically he is a supporter of the Republican party. He has served as burgess of Swissvale, to which office he was unanimously elected in 1903, holding the same for three years. In 1907 he was elected school director of Swissvale for three years.

On September 20, 1899, he was married to Rose Marguerite Heck, daughter of Jacob and Catherine Heck. Mrs. Linn's father conducted a wholesale and retail grocery house at Pittsburg. Mr. and Mrs. Linn are the parents of two children: 1. James Madison, Jr., born August 28, 1900. 2. Ruth Heck, born December 16, 1903.

PETER GILLESPIE, a well-known contractor and builder of Pittsburg, was born November 10, 1853, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a son of Joseph Taylor Gillespie, who was born in 1819, in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and received his education in the public schools. After he grew to manhood he worked on the river, building barges and floating coal to the southern markets. During the Civil war he enlisted in Company E, Fourth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry, and was eighteen months in active service and five months in the hospital, after which he was honorably discharged for disability. He was a Republican and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Joseph Taylor Gillespie married, July 26, 1838, Catharine, daughter of Peter and Catharine Kuhns, of Port Perry, and their children were: Jordan, married Margaret Arthurs, children, Arthur, Lionel, Maud, Ella and Margaret; Jane, who died January 11, 1859; Elizabeth Fry, who died August 30, 1890; William Kuhns, who died July 31, 1904; Cordelia, wife of George S. Toumans, of Wisconsin; Joseph, who died September 3, 1894; Peter, of whom later; and Catharine, wife of Nathan Roney, of Stillwater, Minnesota, children, Bessie, Irene, William Alfred and Catharine. Mrs. Gillespie, the mother of these children, died October 6, 1858, of typhoid fever, and about 1860 Mr. Gillespie married Sidney Jane, daughter of Thomas Douglass, of near Boston, Allegheny county, where the former was a farmer.

Peter Gillespie, son of Joseph Taylor and Catharine (Kuhms) Gillespie, was educated in the public schools of Coulterville, and after leaving school learned the carpenter's trade. In 1876 he went to Pittsburg, where he has for the last nine years been engaged in business as a contractor and builder. He has served one term as school director of the Twenty-third ward and has been reelected. He is also a member of the central board of education. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, and the Grand Fraternal Insurance. Politically he is a Republican. He and his wife are members of the Mary S. Brown Memorial Methodist Episcopal church of the Twenty-third ward.

Mr. Gillespie married, December 10, 1884, Ruth Anna, daughter of John and Martha (Pascoe) Jones, of Newport, Monmouthshire, England, and they have been the parents of the following children: Edith Ruth, who died at the age of four months and ten days; Catharine Martha, born August 13, 1888; Joseph Alan, born July 4, 1890; and Eva Ruth, born September 21, 1901.

CHARLES CHRISTIAN KOHNE, of Hazelwood, member of the select council of that borough, was born January 24, 1865, in the Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg, a son of Frank Kohne and grandson of Frank and Anna Marie Kohne, natives of Prussia.

Frank Kohne, son of Frank and Anna Marie Kohne, was born June 4, 1825, in Prussia, left home about 1841, and for four years followed the sea. In 1848 he came to Pittsburg, making his home in the Sixth ward, and for two years followed the rivers for a livelihood. He then learned the plumbing and steam-fitting trade, which he followed in the Sixth and Twenty-third wards for about forty years. At the end of that time he transferred his interests to his sons, who have since conducted the business at Hazelwood. He served nine years as director of schools of Peebles township, now the Twenty-third ward, and seven years in the councils of that ward. He is a Republican and a member of the Lutheran church on High street, Pittsburg.

Frank Kohne married, August 5, 1852, Catharine, daughter of Henry and Margaret (Dicbrader) Schumpe, of Hanover, Germany, and their children were: Anna Marie, Frank C., Marie Elsie, who died in infancy; William Herman, who also died in infancy; Catharine Elizabeth, Charles Christian, of whom later; Frank Henry, Louise Adaline (twin to Frank Henry), wife of George Klingelhofer, of Pittsburg, children, Edward Kohne, Lewis Oliver and Louise Edwin; Sarah Christina, Herman David, Marie Bertha, who died in infancy; Sabina Dorothea, and Emma Marie.

Frank C. Kohne, the eldest son of this family, was born August 22, 1855, in the Sixth ward of Pittsburg, where he was educated in the German Lutheran school, the public schools of the Twenty-third ward and at Duff's Business College. He is a Republican in politics, and a member of the Sixth United Presbyterian church. He married Anna, daughter of Ernest and Anna (Petter) Succop, of the Twenty-second ward, and their children are: Luvia, Adda, Elsie, Bessie and Dorothea.

Charles Christian Kohne, sixth child and third son of Frank and Catharine (Schumpe) Kohne, received his preparatory education in the German Lutheran school of Pittsburg and the public schools of Peebles township, afterward pursuing a course at Duff's Business College. He is now, in partnership with

his brothers, conducting his father's business. He has served one term as a member of the common council and is now holding office in the select council. Like his father and brother he adheres to and advocates the principles of the Republican party. He is a member of the United Presbyterian church.

Mr. Kohne married Marion Henderson and the following children have been born to them: Catharine, Marion, Francis and Charles.

GEORGE WASHINGTON CARNEY, of Pittsburg, who has been for the last twelve years engineer at the Homestead Steel Works, was born June 27, 1860, in Portland, Oregon, a son of Thomas Carney, who was born June 28, 1835, near Ripley, West Virginia, and during the early part of his life was engaged in agricultural pursuits. While still a young man he moved to Portland, Oregon, where in addition to farming he was engaged in the general merchandise business. About 1888 he bought the Portland ferry, which he conducted until the close of his life. In politics he was a staunch Democrat, and while a member of no church he was a true Christian, strictly honest, truly kind-hearted, and a firm believer in the Bible and in Divine Providence.

Thomas Carney married, in his twentieth year, Berthenia Wells Steed, who died at the end of four years, leaving four children, one of whom, Harvey, still survives. In July, 1859, he married Rachel Esther Steed, a sister of his first wife, and of this marriage were born two children: George Washington, of whom later, and Eliza Scott. The death of Mr. Carney occurred March 2, 1897, at Portland, the result of softening of the brain. Funeral services were held at the Methodist Episcopal church, the Rev. P. S. Butts officiating, and all classes of the community united in showing their respect for an upright citizen and a good man. His widow is still living.

George Washington Carney, son of Thomas and Rachel Esther (Steed) Carney, was educated in the public schools of Portland, and for a number of years was employed as mate on many of the steamboats plying on the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, including the "Ed Roberts," the "Charles Brown," the "Transit," the "John Penny," the "Alice Brown," the "Harry Brown," the "W. W. O'Neil," the "John C. Risher," and the "Theodore Swan," which was a government boat.

He served as superintendent of the Lucas landing for Charles Jutte, and held a similar position at the Soho landing. He also took charge of S. S. Brown & Company's landing at Brown's station, and for seventeen years was employed by W. H. Brown & Sons. For the last twelve years he has held the position of engineer at the Homestead Steel Works. He belongs to the Masonic, the I. O. O. F., and the Knights of the Golden Eagle fraternities, and in politics affiliates with the Republicans. He and his family are members of the Baptist church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Carney married, August 18, 1879, Mary Ellen, daughter of Owen and Elizabeth (Miller) Ashton, of Pomeroy, Oregon, and they have been the parents of the following children: Hattie Bernetta, born December 28, 1880, died December 5, 1899; Lizzie Belle, born September 13, 1883, wife of Cillie B. Mahan, engineer on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad; Mattie Clare, born March 18, 1866, wife of Patrick Higgins; Oakey Clokey, born February 7, 1890; Sarah Esther, born January 18, 1895; and Thomas Washington, born May 4, 1897.

DOSCH FAMILY. This numerous family, members of which are to be found in different parts of Pennsylvania, is well represented in Pittsburg and was planted in this country by Martin Dosch, who was born in Baden, Germany, and in 1832 emigrated to the United States, arriving in Baltimore in August of that year. From Baltimore he proceeded by wagon to Butler, Pennsylvania, where he resided several years, and then moved to Allegheny City, where he made his home for several years. He then moved to Kittanning, Pennsylvania.

Martin Dosch married Mary Eva Weimer, also a native of Baden, Germany. Mr. and Mrs. Dosch were the parents of four children: George, John, Peter, who died in 1866, in the Shasta mountains, California; and Mary Eva. Martin Dosch, the father, was accidentally drowned in Beaver river.

George Dosch, son of Martin and Mary Eva (Weimer) Dosch, for many years conducted a clothing store in Allegheny. He married Mary Henry, of Butler, and their children were: Charles, Frank, George and William. The death of Mr. Dosch occurred in 1900, and Mrs. Dosch died several years prior to her husband.

John Dosch, son of Martin and Mary Eva (Weimer) Dosch, was by trade a potter and is now living in retirement at Kittanning. He married Anna Truby, and they are the parents of eight children: Ruford, John, George, Harry, Cora Lena, and three others.

Mary Eva Dosch, daughter of Martin and Mary Eva (Weimer) Dosch, was born March 26, 1830, in Baden, Germany, and was but two years old when brought by her parents to the United States. She married, January 31, 1855, Thomas Welfer, who was born November 16, 1830, and was by occupation a florist. They were the parents of the following children: Thomas, George, Mary, William, Bertha, Annie, Catharine, John and Frank. Thomas Welfer, the father of the family, died in February, 1902.

Thomas Welfer, son of Thomas and Mary Eva (Dosch) Welfer, was born February 2, 1856, and married Allie Robinson, of Hazelwood. They have two children, Grace and Clarence.

George Welfer, son of Thomas and Mary Eva (Dosch) Welfer, was born in October, 1858, and is engaged in the grocery business on Homewood avenue, Pittsburg. He married Anna McLaughlin, and they have four children: Charles, George, Gertrude and Ross.

William Welfer, son of Thomas and Mary Eva (Dosch) Welfer, was born in 1861, and is a resident of Los Angeles, California. He married Fame Sutch, and they have two children: Harry and Vanchia.

Bertha Welfer, daughter of Thomas and Mary Eva (Dosch) Welfer, is the wife of William Heasley and the mother of five children: Thomas, Bessie, Alice, Kate and William.

The family circle of Mr. and Mrs. Welfer has been broken by death but in two instances.

DR. JAMES IRVIN PLYLER, in general practice of medicine at Homewood, was born in Red Bank township, Pennsylvania, November 28, 1872, and was educated at the public schools and at Westville Academy, after which he followed school teaching for six years and received his diploma in the academic normal course September 13, 1894. He then attended the

Clarion State Normal, where he finished his collegiate course. In 1901 he attended the Western University of Pennsylvania (medical department), graduating in 1905, since which time he has practiced his profession at Homewood.

Dr. Plyler is connected with the O. U. A. M., Lodge No. 395, and the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Belmar Lodge No. 1149, and other societies. He was united in marriage, December 3, 1893, to Henista Gerheim, whose father, William Gerheim, was born in Germany June 26, 1840. Dr. Plyler and wife are the parents of children as follows: 1. Joseph Ionia, born April 12, 1896. 2. Cecil Jeanette, born September 16, 1899. 3. Lucile, born June 26, 1901.

The father of the subject, Martin Plyler, was born April 1, 1852, and followed contracting and building for a livelihood. He married Catherine Young, born in 1857, and to them were born these children: Merrill Excell, Mamie Plyler Fetterhoff, Ida, Lettie and Ruth Myra.

Mrs. Plyler's father came to Pennsylvania and followed mining from 1873 on for several years, and then engaged in the hotel business. He married Louisa Zimmerman, and their issue was: 1. William H. Andrew, born August 16, 1871, died in 1888. 2. Henry, born May 7, 1877, died in 1888. 3. Wallace, born in 1893, died in 1894. 4. Louis, born in September, 1895, died in 1898. 5. Harry N. 6. Herman H. 7. Mary. 8. Augusta. 9. Minnie. The father died July 20, 1898.

THE EMPIRE LUMBER COMPANY of Pittsburg is now ten years old, having been incorporated in May, 1898. During the past decade this firm has probably distributed more white pine lumber to the lumber yards of western Pennsylvania than any firm in this territory. Beginning in a small way with a capital of twenty-five thousand dollars, and handling about six or seven million feet of lumber annually, they have grown steadily in capital and volume of business, and at the present time the shipments amount to about fifty million feet annually, and the capital stock is five hundred thousand dollars. This firm is still owned and managed by the incorporators, all being comparatively young men, who expect to live and supply their share of the lumber requirements of Greater Pittsburg for many years to come.

The officers are: R. D. Baker, president and treasurer; W. S. Haymaker, vice-president; E. H. Wean, secretary.

The principal office is in the Arrott Building, Pittsburg, with branch offices at Toledo, Ohio, and Duluth, Minnesota.

PAUL LIVINGSTON, D. D. S., a representative citizen of Pittsburg, is a lineal descendant of John Livingston, a Scotchman of Billerica, Massachusetts, whose ancestor was among the prisoners captured in 1651 by Cromwell, sent to Boston, Massachusetts, and distributed among the colonists. He married, September 12, 1681, Margaret Ross, daughter of Thomas Ross, one of the pioneer settlers of Billerica, whose family was destroyed by the Indians in 1695. Margaret (Ross) Livingston died June 16, 1705. Mr. Livingston married (second), November 29, 1705, Eunice Shedd, a daughter of Daniel Shedd. The children of John and Margaret (Ross) Livingston were:

1. Margaret, born August 29, 1683, died December 22, 1683. 2. Sarah, born November 12, 1684, taken captive by the Indians August 5, 1695. 3. Seth, born April 6, 1687. 4. Thomas, born February 6, 1688. 5. Mary, born December 16, 1690. 6. Margaret, born May 26, 1693. 7. Alexander, born July 1, 1695. 8. Seth, born February 9, 1696-97. 9. Hannah, born February 5, 1698-99. 10. Sarah, born December 4, 1700. 11. Jonathian. 12. Mary, born April 17, 1703.

Seth Livingston, eighth child and fourth son of John and Margaret (Ross) Livingston, was born February 19, 1696-97, and died December 16, 1754, at Tewksbury, Massachusetts. He married (first), March 2, 1720-21, Hannah Frost, daughter of James Frost; she died December 19, 1724. He married (second) Hannah Hopkins, daughter of William Hopkins; she died August 18, 1740. He married (third), June 20, 1741, Prudence, maiden name unknown. The children of Seth Livingston are as follows: 1. Hannah, born March 1, 1721. 2. Seth, November, 1723. 3. Margaret, March 27, 1724. 4 and 5. Bettie and Rebecca (twins), March 9, 1726. 6. William, April 27, 1728. 7. Deborah, March 9, 1730, died in infancy. 8. Deborah, January 1, 1736. 9. Abigail, February 27, 1737. 10. Benjamin, April 8, 1743.

Benjamin Livingston, tenth child and youngest son of Seth Livingston, was born April 8, 1743. He took an active part in the Revolutionary war, having been a member of the Leicester Company of Minute Men, who marched April 19, 1775, at the Lexington alarm to Cambridge under Captain Thomas Newhall, and fought at the battle of Bunker Hill, as well as in the siege of Boston, Bennington and Saratoga. He later became corporal of Captain Todd's artillery, Colonel Craft's regiment, and was commissioned captain April 28, 1778. He married Margaret Scott, daughter of Alexander Scott, and their children were: 1. Martha, born in December, 1769. 2. Matthew, in 1774. 3. James, in 1777. 4. Benjamin, in 1780. 5. Nabby, in 1782. 6. Amosa, in 1784.

Benjamin Livingston, fourth child and third son of Benjamin and Margaret (Scott) Livingston, was born in 1780. He was a prominent contractor and builder of Peacham, Vermont, and also owned and cultivated a farm. He was a member of the Congregational church, and was a man of influence in the community. He married Elizabeth Rawson, daughter of Stephen Rawson, and a descendant of Edward Rawson. Their children were: Lawristo R., Lucia Ann, Samantha and Julia.

Lawristo R. Livingston, eldest son and child of Benjamin and Elizabeth (Rawson) Livingston, was born in the state of Vermont in 1802, and died in May, 1863. He served an apprenticeship at the trade of cabinet making, and later engaged in the manufacturing business. He located in Pittsburg in 1833 and founded the Pittsburgh Novelty Works, being one of the pioneer manufacturers of that enterprising city. The business was conducted under the name of Livingston, Copeland, Roger & Company, and they controlled an extensive trade for many years, up to the death of Mr. Livingston, a period of thirty years. In addition to this Mr. Livingston was interested in the Fifth avenue street car line, which ran to Oakland. He was one of the promoters of the first high school of Pittsburg, and served for many years in the capacity of school director. He was a director of the House of Refuge, a member of the Third Presbyterian church as ruling elder, and an old-line Whig in politics. He married Sarah F. Osgood, born in Cabot, Vermont, in 1803, and she died

in May, 1875, a daughter of Solomon and Ruth (Marsh) Osgood. Six children were the issue: Benjamin, who died in infancy; Lucien Osgood, of whom later; Philena, Sarah J., deceased; Lawristo, deceased; Laura.

Lucien Osgood Livingston was the second son and child of Lawristo R. and Sarah F. (Osgood) Livingston. He attended the public schools of the Sixth ward of Pittsburg, Peacham Academy, Peacham, Vermont, and Dartmouth College, Hanover, New Hampshire, from whence he was graduated in 1858. He was in business with his father in Pittsburg until the death of the latter, when he went to Venango county, Pennsylvania, and was interested in the oil business until 1865, when he embarked in the foundry business in Allegheny City, under the firm name of Livingston & Company, conducting a general foundry, which proved highly remunerative. In 1897 he retired from active pursuits, and is now enjoying a well earned rest. He is a member of the Third Presbyterian church and interested in Sunday-school work. He married Carrie F. Stowell, born in Waterbury, Vermont, a daughter of Samuel H. and Martha (Hutchins) Stowell, representatives of old Worcester, Massachusetts, families. Their children are: Lauriston R., born August 14, 1879, educated in the schools of Allegheny City, and at present engaged in the brokerage business. He resides at home. Paul, of whom later. Mrs. Livingston on the maternal side is a lineal descendant of Colonel Hutchins, of Haverhill, New Hampshire. He was a man of affairs in the colonial period, being a selectman, a member of the Committee of Safety in 1775 and 1776, a member of the New Hampshire legislature for two terms, and a member of the convention that adopted the United States Constitution, as well as an officer in the Revolutionary war. He was attached to the eastern division of the Northern army under General Stark, in General Bagley's brigade, and was at Bennington and Saratoga. He died in Middlesex, Vermont, November 12, 1814. He was born in Concord in 1743. He had eleven children: Timothy, the ninth child, married Hannah Cross, and Martha, the fourth child and daughter of Timothy Hutchins, married S. H. Stowell. Carrie F. Stowell was the fourth child and daughter of S. H. Stowell. She married Lucien O. Livingston.

Paul Livingston, second son and child of Lucien O. and Carrie F. (Stowell) Livingston, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, October 24, 1882. He spent his boyhood days in Allegheny City, attended the public schools of Avolin and New Brighton, and graduating from the high school in 1902. He then took up a course of study in dentistry, graduating from the Pittsburgh Dental College with the class of 1905. He began the practice of his profession at No. 6027 Pennsylvania avenue, where he remained until the present year (1908), when he disposed of his business and returned to college to complete his study in medicine, with the intention of practicing the same. He entered the Western University of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Dr. Livingston had the patronage of many of the prominent families of Pittsburg, and it is safe to predict that in his new field of activity he will also achieve a decided degree of success. He is a member of Delta Sigma Delta Fraternity, the Theta Nu Epsilon and Nu Sigma Nu Societies, and also of the Sons of the American Revolution. He is a member of the Third Presbyterian church, Negley avenue, Pittsburg, and an adherent of the Republican party. He resides at 819 Heberton avenue, Pittsburg.

JOHN McHALE, JR., connected with the iron industry as a "puddler" for a period of fifteen years, was born July 2, 1856, in Columbus, Ohio. He was educated in the public schools of Baltimore, Maryland, and came to Pittsburg in July, 1878. Politically he is a member of the Citizen's party. He belongs to St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church at Hazelwood, Pennsylvania. He was married October 26, 1885, to Miss Helen Neill, daughter of Joseph and Ellen (Best) Neill, of Pittsburg, and to them has been born one child, Helen, born November 17, 1900.

Of the subject's parents it may be stated in this connection that his father, John McHale, Sr., was born in Ireland and came to America in 1852, with his wife, whom he married in Edinboro, Scotland. They located in Columbus, Ohio, where he followed contracting and building. He erected several fine churches in that city, one being the First Presbyterian church (a stone structure), which was the largest church in that city at that date. Politically he was a Democrat and was a candidate for mayor of Columbus at one time. He removed from Columbus, Ohio, to Cumberland, Maryland, where he superintended the construction of the bridge for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. From Maryland he moved to Pittsburg, locating on the South Side, where he enlisted in the Union army in the days of the Civil war, being a member of Company K, under General W. S. Hancock. After the war had closed he located in Baltimore, Maryland, where he superintended the construction of the city hall. Later he removed to Wheeling, West Virginia, where he did contracting for the Ohio River Railroad Company, and from there to Crafton, Pennsylvania. He also did contracting on the Pennsylvania Railroad. He died at Crafton, Pennsylvania, in 1878. He with his family were members of the Catholic church. He married Miss Helen Wilson, who was the daughter of John and Ellen Wilson, of Edinboro, Scotland. They were the parents of the following children: 1. Christopher, who died in infancy. 2. James, who died aged twelve years. 3. John. The next four children's names are not known. 8. Ellen, who died of small-pox in Cumberland, Maryland, aged ten years.

DR. FRANK CARL SCHURZ BLESSING, of Pittsburg, was born May 29, 1876, in the Seventeenth ward of that city, a son of Frank X. Blessing, who was born in 1832 in Germany, and in 1860 emigrated to the United States, settling at Saltsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he was employed at coal-mining. During the Civil war he served with the rank of captain in the Seventy-second regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, being subsequently made lieutenant colonel and shortly afterward major, which rank he held until honorably discharged. He participated in many engagements and in one of the battles received a scalp wound. He was a Republican, and a member of the Lutheran church at the corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield.

Frank X. Blessing married Caroline Gussensmith, of Germany, and their children were: Annie, wife of Adam Rote, of Pittsburg, eight children, Minnie, Frank, Freda, Carrie Jane, Lillie, Louise, Lottie and Edward; Minnie died aged one year; Bertha, Carrie, wife of George Speidel, of Braddock, three children, Arline, George and Erminie; Victoria, wife of John Shirer, of Braddock, four children, John, Charles, Victoria and Caroline; Louisa, Lottie, Frank Carl Schurz, of whom later; and Rosie. Major Frank X. Blessing, the father of this family, died February 3, 1895.

Frank Carl Schurz Blessing, son of Frank X. and Caroline (Gussen-smith) Blessing, received his literary education at the Pittsburg high school, and was fitted for his profession in the medical department of the Western University of Pittsburg, graduating from that institution in June, 1899, with the degree of Doctor of Medicine. He is a member of the common council of the Twenty-third ward, in which he resides, and is chairman of the ward district. In questions of politics he is to be found on the side of the Republican party. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church of Glenwood, in which he serves as vestryman.

Dr. Blessing married, January 23, 1901, Elenor Allen, daughter of Robert Allen Kerr, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of two children: Jane Caroline, born September 6, 1902, and Anna Louise, born January 10, 1904.

PHILIP GLASS, one of the trusty, ever-to-be-counted-on conductors of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad system, running through Greater Pittsburg, was born August 20, 1867, in Hessen Darmstadt, Germany, a son of Conrad and Catharine (Nickle) Glass.

The father, Conrad Glass, was born October 18, 1826, in the same German province in which his son was born. He came to America in 1873, locating in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, where for many years he followed the cooper's trade. He married in Germany Miss Catharine Nickle, by whom was born seven children as follows: 1. Henry. 2. Louisa. 3. Philip, of whom further mention will be made. 4. William. 5. Elizabeth. 6. John. 7. Emma. Of this family, Henry is a cooper and resides at Millvale, near Pittsburg; he married and has five children: Florence, William, Clarence, Lillie and Lottie. Louisa is the wife of Harry Lint, of Dawson, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of four children. John is a farmer by occupation. He married and they have one child, Walter A. They live in Fayette county, Pennsylvania. Emma is the wife of William Bowman, of Confluence, Pennsylvania, and they are the parents of three children.

Philip Glass, subject, came to this country with his parents from Germany in 1873, and obtained a good common-school education at the Allegheny City public schools and in those of Pittsburg. He has been employed on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad for eighteen years as passenger conductor, where he has proven himself a man to be highly respected by the traveling public. Both he and his wife are devoted members of the German Lutheran church and politically Mr. Glass is a supporter of the Democratic party.

He was united in marriage on March 23, 1889, to Miss Emma, daughter of John and Mary Ann (Graver) Hohman, of Fayette county, Pennsylvania. They are the parents of the following children: Earl Raymond, born March 10, 1895, and Albert Lewis, born October 10, 1897.

HEZEKIAH SCRITCHFIELD, a resident of Swissvale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, who served gallantly and bravely in defense of the rights of his country during the Civil war, is a member of a family which has been resident in the state of Pennsylvania for some generations.

Daniel Scritchfield, father of Hezekiah Scritchfield, was a resident of

Bedford county, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in farming and stock raising. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and a Democrat. He married Elizabeth Snyder, and they were the parents of children: 1. Hezekiah. 2. Mary Jane, married Henry Fatum, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and had children: Harry, Gertrude, William, Edgar and Ellen (twins), and George. Mrs. Fatum died in 1882. 3. Betsey Ann, deceased.

Hezekiah Scritchfield, only son of Daniel and Elizabeth (Snyder) Scritchfield, was born in Bedford county, Pennsylvania, October 10, 1844, and when he was a very young lad moved with his parents to Cambria county in the same state. His education was acquired in the public schools of Johnstown, Cambria county, and when he was still a boy he entered upon the serious business of life. His first occupation was that of teaming in Johnstown, in which he was engaged until he enlisted for nine months in 1862. He was a member of the One Hundred and Thirty-third Infantry, and was actively engaged in the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. He was discharged in April, 1863, at Harrisburg, but reënlisted in August of the same year for six months in Company F, Twenty-first Regiment Cavalry. He was discharged in March, 1864, and again enlisted, this time in an independent company under the command of Captain Bruce Lampert for one hundred days' service or more. He was finally discharged in 1864. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, Royal Arcanum and the Maccabees. In politics he affiliates with the Republican party.

Mr. Scritchfield married, July 4, 1865, Elmira Spangler, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Hildebrand) Spangler, farmers of Roder township, Cambria county, Pennsylvania. Mrs. Scritchfield is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church of Braddock. Mr. Scritchfield has been boss heater at the Edgar Thomson Steel Works for a number of years.

ANDREW HORNYAK, of Pittsburg, was born August 8, 1850, in Zemplen county, Hungary, youngest of the six sons of Michael and Susan (Dobos) Hornyak, the names of the others being as follows: Michael, George, John, Stephen and Joseph.

Andrew Hornyak received his education in the schools of his native land, and after completing his course of study learned the trade of a carriage-maker, which he followed until 1887. In that year he emigrated to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, where he was employed for two years by the Pittsburg, V. & C. Railroad Company. He is now the successful proprietor of a hotel in Second avenue. He belongs to the Pittsburgh Hungarian Reformed Sick-ness and Benevolent Society, and is a member of the Hungarian Reformed church.

Mr. Hornyak married, January 20, 1891, Susan Pataky, and they are the parents of the following children: Stephen, Barbara, Homer, Rosie, Lydia and Mercedes.

OLIVER TODD, of Pittsburg, assistant superintendent of the brick-laying department of the firm of Jones & Laughlin, was born February 7, 1875, at Belle Vernon, Pennsylvania, a son of Charles F. Todd, who was born November 12, 1842, in the county of Durham, England, and in 1863 emigrated

to the United States. He settled at Belle Vernon, learned the bricklayer's trade and for many years was in business as a contractor. Among the structures which he erected were the First National Bank of Glassport, Pennsylvania, a hotel at Clairton, Pennsylvania, and a row of brick houses on Boyd street, Pittsburg, for Miss Amanda Alexandria. He belonged to Bricklayers' Union No. 2, and was a charter member of Hazel Glen Lodge, I. O. O. F., also affiliating with the Mystic Chain. He was a Republican and a member of the McKeesport Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. Todd married, January 4, 1867, Clarasa Layhew, of Belle Vernon, and their children were: Twins, who died in infancy; Florence, born February 4, 1868, died the same day; Adaline, born February 6, 1869, died July 26, 1904, wife of William Naugle, of Pittsburg, children, Flora, Mary, Harry, Arthur, Lillie, Myrtle and Adaline; Rosey and Melvina (twins), born November 23, 1871, the former died the same day and the latter September 1, 1873; Priscilla, born July 30, 1873, wife of Joseph Larkins, of Pittsburg, children, Clara, William, Joseph, Pearl and Teddy; Oliver, of whom later; Margaret Jane, born January 9, 1877, died November 4, 1882; Robert Julius, born September 2, 1879, of South Side, a bricklayer, married Edith Elizabeth Bateman, also of the South Side, and their two children died in infancy; David Elias, born February 4, 1882, of Pittsburg, a bricklayer, married Mamie Grattan, two children, Raymond James, born August 28, 1905, and Elizabeth, born in 1907; Daisy Lavina, born November 26, 1884; Joseph, born November 29, 1887, a bricklayer of Pittsburg, married, August 22, 1906, Florence Rebecca, daughter of Thomas and Sarah Ann Benson, of Loraine, Ohio; and Josephine May (twin to Joseph), born November 29, 1887, died March 31, 1889. The mother of these children died December 26, 1894.

Oliver Todd, a son of Charles F. and Clarasa (Layhew) Todd, was educated in the Greenfield avenue public school in the Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg, and learned the bricklaying trade under the instruction of his father. He helped to erect the First National Bank Building of Duquesne, the public school at Butler, Pennsylvania, the Christian Mission church of Hazelwood, the Christian church on Bristol street, the Lydia street public school and a brewery on Butler street. He belongs to Court Bud of the Forest No. 26, Foresters of America, and Hazel Glen Lodge No. 1043, I. O. O. F. He is a Democrat and a member of the Christian church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Todd married, April 6, 1898, Mary Jane Gardner, and they are the parents of the following children: Edith Elizabeth, born May 21, 1899; Albert, born December 10, 1900; and Mamie Estella, born August 28, 1904.

Mrs. Todd is a daughter of George Frederick Gardner, who learned the heating trade at Ebburvale, England, and in May, 1885, came to the United States, settling in Pittsburg. He married Elizabeth Ann Chambers, and of the twelve children born to them but three are living: John, an engineer of Pittsburg, married Zela Goodworth, of that city, children, Ethel, Arnold George and Lester; James, of Pittsburg, foreman at the National Tube Mill, Frankstown; and Mary Jane, born September 11, 1881, in Monmouthshire, England, wife of Oliver Todd.

ANDREW KELLY, deceased, of the firm of Kelly & Company, who carried on an extensive planing mill and manufactured sash, doors and kindred

goods, was born near Dublin, Ireland, in 1824, and died aged about seventy-four years in 1898. He was the son of Andrew and Elizabeth (Dunlop) Kelly, both natives of Ireland. They had four sons, who came to America and settled in Pittsburg before they arrived. These sons were all carpenters, and upon coming here engaged at this trade, soon establishing themselves in the saw and planing mill business at Seventh avenue and Fountain street. They met with good success and soon sent to their native land for their father and mother and family, all of whom came to Pittsburg. The father entered the firm with his sons, the style being Kelly & Company. The business was thus conducted for several years. A few years previous to the death of the father he retired from active life, but his youngest son, Andrew, continued the business. Andrew Kelly, the senior, and his wife were the parents of seven children, the subject being the youngest.

Andrew Kelly, of this notice, son of Andrew and Elizabeth (Dunlop) Kelly, came here with his parents when a mere boy and after receiving a good common education entered the employ of his brothers in the planing mill business and later succeeded them. But on account of ill health he was obliged in the midst of a prosperous business career to retire some years before his demise. He was a conservative man, highly esteemed and a most excellent citizen. He was a devout member of the United Presbyterian church. He married in Pittsburg, December 7, 1854, Sarah A. Palmer, a native of this city and the daughter of Robert Palmer. Her father was born near Belfast, Ireland, and came to America when a child with his parents, James and Sarah (Kennedy) Palmer, who settled in Pittsburg. After securing his schooling Robert Palmer engaged in the brick-making business, his plant being located on Second avenue. There he successfully operated many years and until his death, which occurred when he was about fifty-four years of age. His wife, who survived him, lived to the age of seventy-six years.

Andrew Kelley and wife, Sarah A. Palmer, were the parents of three children, as follows: 1. Jennie P., who married Fred G. Andrew, of Pittsburg, and they have children: Clara Elizabeth, born in Pittsburg; Elmore L., born in Minneapolis, Minnesota, and Palmer Kelly, born in Minneapolis, Minnesota. 2. Clara Elizabeth. 3. Robert Palmer, who married Jane V. Sullivan, of Savannah, Georgia, and they have one child, Claudia S.

The Palmers, as well as the Kellys, were members of the United Presbyterian church, the subject being a trustee for many years.

COLONEL FRANK IRVING RUTLEDGE, who is among the enterprising and successful business men of Pittsburg, where he has resided thirty-five years, is a native of Ireland, born in county Tyrone, in 1852, a son of Robert and Mary (McDonnell) Rutledge.

The Rutledges in Ireland are nearly all agriculturists and stock breeders. Robert Rutledge, the father, is still living on the old homestead where he was born, and which has been occupied for several generations by the family. The members of this family were nearly all very tall men, Robert and his brothers being six feet and four inches high. The paternal grandfather was William Rutledge, who married a Miss Nelson. Robert Rutledge married twice, first to Miss Mary McDonnell, the mother of the subject. She died aged twenty-

eight years, and Frank Irving was the oldest of her children. For his second wife Robert Rutledge married Ellen McEllen, who still survives.

Frank Irving Rutledge when about sixteen years of age looked upon this country as the best place for him to succeed in gaining for himself a competency, and sailing to New York he found employment for a time at various occupations. In 1872 he came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and engaged to work in a drug house at the corner of Tenth and Liberty streets, he having charge of the shipping department. He continued there between two and three years, but on account of the odor of the drugs he handled affecting his health he was compelled to abandon the position. He next became a traveling salesman for McEllery & Company. He remained on the road about four years and was very successful in selling goods on commission. He then engaged in the grocers' supplies and manufacturing business on his own account, in company with a partner, who proved to be dishonest and left him in debt when he absconded. Mr. Rutledge then closed out his business and returned to work for McEllery & Company, remaining with them until he had paid all of the debts contracted by the firm of which he had been an unfortunate member. At this time he became interested in the oil business, having an interest in the McGimpisig's Refining Oil Company, he having charge of the business end of the operations. This continued for some years, when he was employed by Austin, Nichols & Company, of New York, one of the largest importing firms in the wholesale trade of that city, to become one of their traveling salesmen. He accepted this offer and was a successful salesman up to 1884, when he engaged in the flour and feed business in a wholesale way at Pittsburg, in which he is still engaged. He also deals considerably in real estate, buying and holding for advanced prices. Being a man possessed of a keen business foresight and energetic, he has made his business life a success, at the same time has the esteem of all with whom he transacts business by reason of his fair dealing.

For many years Mr. Rutledge has been an active politician in Pittsburg. He was formerly identified with the Democratic party, but when the Citizen's party was formed he did not take so active a part in politics. He was twice nominated for sheriff of Allegheny county, but declined both times. He has always been an untiring worker for others, but never aspired to office for himself. He has been a prominent figure in military affairs for many years. In 1876, during the month of April, he joined the Eighteenth Duquesne Gray's Regiment, as a private member, but has from time to time been promoted, and at the time of the Spanish-American war, in which his regiment saw service, he was made lieutenant-colonel of his regiment, and immediately after the war closed he was made colonel, which office he now holds with military dignity and ability. He takes great pride in his regiment, and through his efforts in 1902 the funds were raised for the purchase of the three and a half acre tract of land at the corner of Craft avenue and Forbes street designed for armory purposes, and they expect to build thereon in the near future.

Mr. Rutledge was united in marriage, in 1884, at Pittsburg, to Clara J. Vetter, daughter of Stephen A. and Mary (Yagger) Vetter, which is an old Pittsburg family of prominent connection. By this union was born the following children, all born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania: 1. Frank Irving, Jr., who graduated from the Pittsburg College in 1906. 2. James A., who grad-

uated at the Pittsburg Academy in 1906, and has come to be a noted athlete and hockey player. 3. Marie E. 4. Clara M.

JOHN EDWARD YOUNG, chief millwright in the Lower Union Iron Mills of Pittsburg, was born March 17, 1869, and obtained his education at the public schools. In 1880, deciding on his occupation, he was given employment with the Oliver Steel Mills, and later with the Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company. He attended to every known duty in these several mills, and in 1893 had no trouble in securing employment with the Lower Union Mills. In August, 1906, he was for faithfulness promoted to the position of boss millwright, which place he still occupies. He is of a musical disposition and is now numbered among the membership of the American Military Band.

In 1900 Mr. Young married Mary C. Cannon, daughter of James F. and Rebecca J. Cannon, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Two children have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Young: John Elliott, born January 2, 1901, and Marie Mercedes, born January 30, 1905.

Of Mr. Young's parentage it may be stated that his father, John Elliott Young, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1835, and was by trade a glass blower. On August 7, 1875, he was appointed steward of the Western Penitentiary, and served in such capacity until his death, January 4, 1885. He married Magdelene Goehring, and to them were born the following children: 1. John E. (subject), born March 17, 1869. 2. George A., born in 1871. 3. Charles A., born in 1873. 4. Wayne F., born in 1876, died April 10, 1886. 5. Frances Ord, born in 1878. 6. Mary Elizabeth, born December 27, 1880. 7. Lillian A., born January 1, 1884, died August 19, 1884.

Mrs. Mary C. Young's father, James Cannon, was born in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in 1839, and was a machinist. In 1868 he married Rebecca J. McDevitt, and their children were: 1. Mary C., born July 7, 1869. 2. Charlotte. 3. James H., born September 12, 1873. 4. Joseph F., deceased. 5. William A. 6. Frank, born April 22, 1885. 7. John V., born February 17, 1887. The father, James Cannon, died February 1, 1905.

DR. FRANK H. MILLER, who has been one of the able physicians and surgeons of Greater Pittsburg for the past eighteen years, was born in Jefferson township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, January 22, 1865, a son of John D. and Mary E. (Torrence) Miller. The father of Dr. Miller was born in Snowden township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, in 1835, and was always a successful farmer of his native county. He was always a public spirited citizen and held many local positions of trust, including the holding of the office of chairman of the Fourteenth district of the Twenty-first ward one term and was assessor for three terms. He married Mary E. Torrence, and they were the parents of two children: Dr. Frank H. Miller and Emma P. Miller.

WILLIAM J. BOYLE'S record as an officer of the Pittsburg police force is well known for the many positions held and the ability he has ever displayed in such work. He was born in Tyrone county, Ireland, September 21, 1867, and received his education at the national schools of his native town. On

July 10, 1884, he came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and for sixteen years was engaged at making pots for the glass makers. In 1900 he was appointed to a place on the police force, but after two years, resigned for a time and resumed his work as a potmaker in the glass works. On April 3, 1900, he was appointed captain of the police force, and after serving three months was promoted to inspector of the East End district. Two years later he was transferred to the Oakland district and still later to the Lawrenceville district, where he arrested "the man in black" who caused so much trouble in holding up prominent citizens. On October 16, 1906, he was appointed lieutenant on the force.

Mr. Boyle is a charter member of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of Pittsburg. He was united in marriage in 1887 to Della Lyons, of Pittsburg, and to them have been born the following children: 1. Mary C., born February 13, 1889. 2. Catherine Irene, born November 21, 1890. 3. Olive M., born September 29, 1892. 4. Anna F., born February 26, 1895. 5. Mathilda C., born February 4, 1897. 6. John L., born January 17, 1899. 7. Margaret C., born October 3, 1904. 8. Dorothy Z., born January 26, 1907.

James Boyle, the father of Lieutenant Boyle, was born in county Tyrone, Ireland, and was always engaged in farming pursuits. He married Mary McGuiggean, and to them were born nine sons and four daughters. The mother of the subject died in 1903.

ROBERT J. STONEY, SR., deceased, was a native of Ireland, born March 22, 1824, and came to the United States early in 1854, settling in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He first found employment in the Pearl Mills of Allegheny City as a bookkeeper. After a time he accepted a like position with the firm of Head & Metzgar. In 1860 he was engaged by the Iron City Trust Company, which later became the Second National Bank of Pittsburg. In this well-known institution he served as cashier from 1870 to 1872, when he resigned and became a silent partner in the extensive lumber business conducted under the name of William Anschutz & Company. In 1875 he became the cashier of the Anchor Savings Bank, where he continued until his death, April 11, 1900.

Mr. Stoney was a member of the Protestant Episcopal church, and in his political views was a supporter of the Republican party. In all of his business and social relations with his fellow men he stood for all that was straightforward and honorable. He was one in whom all could confide and never be misguided.

He married before coming from his native country Miss Eleanor, daughter of William Masterson and wife. Their home circle was blessed by the birth of twelve children, as follows: 1. Mary, married W. S. Ward. 2. Robert J., Jr., of whom further mention is made. 3. One who died in infancy. 4. Alice E., unmarried. 5. Annabell L., who married Herbert Wightman. 6. Beatrice B., unmarried. 7. Katharine J., who married Homer H. Philips. 8. Florence H., who died aged fourteen years. 9. Eleanor, unmarried. 10. Margaret R., who married E. H. Bingler. 11. William, who died aged seven years. 12. Edna M., who married a Mr. Hanlen.

Robert J. Stoney, Jr., was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he obtained a good education, both at the public schools and later at Newell

Institute, from which he graduated in 1873. His first business position was in the employ of Thomas Cook & Son, of New York city, in 1875. He remained with that firm as cashier and manager until 1880, when he returned to Pittsburg and became bookkeeper and manager for Pier & Darnall, continuing until 1887, when he engaged in business for himself as a banker and broker at Pittsburg, which line he is still following.

In his religious faith he espouses that of his father, the Episcopal. In politics he is an ardent Republican. He has held the office of school director in the Twenty-second ward of the city of Pittsburg for thirteen years.

Among the several responsible positions he holds in his native city may be enumerated: President of the Banking Publishing Company, of which he is also treasurer; president and treasurer of the Allegheny and Westmoreland Bridge Company; secretary and treasurer of the Allegheny Safe Deposit Company; treasurer and director of the Colfax sub-school district; director of the First National Bank of Sewickley; director of the Anchor Savings Bank; director of the United States Glass Company; chairman of the Pennsylvania Bankers' Association, and a member of the American Bankers' Association. His is indeed a busy life, but by pursuing orderly methods and attending to one thing at a time in a proper manner his business is transacted in a business-like manner.

Mr. Stoney married Miss Laura E. Beacon, daughter of Rev. James S. and Fanny E. Beacon.

THOMAS McCREERY DONEHOO, present auditor of the Mellon National Bank of Pittsburg, is a lineal descendant of William Donehoo, who married Rose Ann Elliott, of Rich Hill Union Presbyterian Church, county Armagh, Ireland. They were the parents of four children: 1. Thomas, who lived his entire life in his native land. 2. James, who emigrated to America, and was with Anthony Wayne on his expedition to the Maumee, being drowned in crossing, on horseback, the Little Sawmill Run, which is in the South Side, Pittsburg. 3. Daniel, see forward. 4. A daughter, unmarried.

Daniel Donehoo, third son of William and Rose Ann (Elliott) Donehoo, born in 1765, married Nancy McCune, born in 1770, and they, accompanied by their children, came to America in October, 1800. Their children were: James, John, see forward; Nancy, Jane, Thomas, Marshall, Margaret, Daniel, Polly and William.

John Donehoo, second son of Daniel and Nancy (McCune) Donehoo, was a schoolmaster of Noblestown, Pennsylvania. He married Isabell McIlhane, born in 1800, and eight children were born to them: James, William, Thomas, Daniel M., Henry Marshall, see forward; Frank, Sarah Jane and Isabell.

Henry Marshall Donehoo, fifth son of John and Isabell (McIlhane) Donehoo, born February 1, 1835, and was a tailor by trade. In 1861 he enlisted in the Civil war and served three months, then reënlisted in Company A, Seventeenth Pennsylvania Cavalry. Later he was made captain of Company B of same regiment, and had the honor of opening the battle of Gettysburg. He was wounded at Five Forks, Virginia. In 1878 he was elected register and recorder of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and was reelected in 1881. He married Elizabeth Bryson McCreery in 1862, and had one son,

Thomas McCreery, see forward. Henry M. Donehoo died in Dayton, Ohio, in 1885.

Thomas McCreery Donehoo, son of Henry Marshall and Elizabeth B. (McCreery) Donehoo, was born May 9, 1864. He attended the common schools of Beaver, Pennsylvania, and upon the completion of his studies accepted a position as clerk in the office of the register and recorder of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and later was a bookkeeper in the First National Bank, McKeesport, Pennsylvania. In 1891 he came to Pittsburg as bookkeeper for T. Mellon & Sons, engaged in the banking business, and at the present time (1908) is auditor of the Mellon National Bank. He married, in 1885, Eliza McClintock McGinnis, a daughter of Elliot W. and Catharine Bell McGinnis, of Pittsburg, and have four children: Elliot McCreery, born in 1886; Henry Marshall, in 1888; Elizabeth Kirk, 1890; Catharine McCune, in 1893.

ROBERT OXLEY BLAKEY, mechanical foreman of the National Tube Works at the Frankstown mills, was born December 28, 1868, at Etna, Pennsylvania, where he was educated in the public schools. He was associated with his brother, George G. Blakey, in the manufacture of the Blakey Thread Protector at Hazelwood, which enterprise they conducted until 1901, when they disposed of their interests to the National Tube Company (now the United States Steel Company), of which department they are at present managers. They are also engaged in the manufacture of silk dress goods, the only establishment of the kind in Pittsburg. Mr. Robert O. Blakey and wife are members of the Presbyterian church at Hazelwood, and in politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. He also belongs to Joppa Lodge No. 608, blue lodge of Masons, and is connected with the Ancient Scottish Rites of Masonry—Valley of Pittsburg. He was united in marriage March 27, 1895, to Miss Linda, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Montgomery) May, of Hazelwood, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. May were born in Scotland, of Scotch-Irish parentage. One child has come to bless this home circle, Helen Oxley, born July 11, 1897.

Of Mr. Blakey's parentage it may be said that his father, Mildred Blakey, was born September 23, 1842, in Yorkshire, Bradford, England. He was educated at the public schools of his native town and seemed "a natural born mechanic." In 1860 he came to America and learned the pattern-maker's trade, as well as that of a millwright. He became superintendent of Spang & Chalifant's tube works at Etna, Pennsylvania, where he remained eight years, and was the inventor of the open back Skelp Die and the rolling weld Butwell machine. During the Civil war in this country he served under Captain Crane. He was thrice married, first to Miss Eliza Stewart, daughter of George and Anna (Fleming) Stewart, of Etna (then known as Stewartstown). By this union were born the following children: 1. George Greenwood, and 2. The subject, Robert Oxley. The mother died January 9, 1869, and later Mildred Blakey, the father, married Miss Elizabeth Love, who bore him four children, as follows: 1. Mary Emma Alberta. 2. John Love, who died June 17, 1891, in his seventeenth year. 3. Laura, who died December 28, 1898, in her twenty-first year. 4. Elizabeth Susan. The mother of this family died May 31, 1894, and afterward Mr. Blakey married Mary L. Foster, who survives her husband. He died April 19, 1905. He was a member of the United Pres-

byterian church at Etna and a man who stood for all that was good and progressive in the community. Politically he was an ardent Republican.

SAMUEL ROSE HUDSON, an official at McKinley Park, Pittsburg, was born September 21, 1834, in Diseworth, Leicestershire, England, a son of George Hudson, who was a native of Derbyshire, England, and was given an extremely meager education. At the early age of nine years he began to support himself as a peddler, carrying his wares about the country on his back. He succeeded so well that after a few years he was able to employ men to sell goods for him in this manner, and continued to do this until he was about fifty years old. He then bought a farm of one hundred and fifty acres in Diseworth, Leicestershire, and cultivated it for several years, after which his sons managed it for him during the remainder of his life. For five years he held the office of overseer of Leicestershire. He was a Liberal in politics and a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

George Hudson married Catharine Rose, a native of Diseworth, and the following children were born to them: Mary, Rebecca, John, Mugleston, Walter, Sarah, Katharine, Martha, George, William, Elizabeth and Samuel Rose, of whom later. George Hudson, the father, attained to the advanced age of eighty-six.

Samuel Rose Hudson, son of George and Catharine (Rose) Hudson, received a limited education, and after leaving school worked on the farm for his father until the age of twenty-two. He was then employed for nine years in operating a stationary engine at a brewery, after which for three years he traveled through the country setting up engines. His next employment was at a colliery, and for a time he served as examiner of mines. In 1884 he came to the United States, embarking on October 21 of that year, and making the voyage in eleven days. He settled in Pittsburg, on the South Side, and for five years worked in the tack factory, after which he was employed for a short time in Byers' pipe mill. He next worked in the Twenty-fifth street iron works and in the rail mill, a year and a half in each. He was then employed for eight years in running engines and doing repair work in Oliver's iron shop, on the South Side, after which he was placed in the position which he still holds, that of head of the nursery at McKinley Park.

In politics he is a Republican and cast his first presidential vote for Mr. Cleveland. He is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church of Pittsburg.

Mr. Hudson married, March 30, 1858, C. F. Cook, vicar of the parish, officiating, Caroline Elizabeth Millnes, of Olsley Walton, England, born in 1834, and their children were: 1. Walter John, born June 17, 1860, in Burnton-on-Trent, England, as were all the other children. He received a fair education, and at twenty-one came to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, where he is employed as a stationary engineer at the Pittsburgh Iron Works. He married Mary Street, of Staffordshire, England, children: Florence F., Walter Samuel, Arthur Franklin and Carrie Margaret. 2. Arthur, born May 18, 1861, was fairly well educated and came with his father to the United States. He is stationary engineer at Jones & Laughlin's Iron Works. He is a strong Republican and a member of the Protestant Episcopal church of Pittsburg. He married Clara Trickett, of Wolverhampton, England, born May 18, 1866, children, Walter, Albert, Martha, Melvis, Clara and William. 3.

Martha, born in 1863, is the wife of Albert Rushton, a native of Willenall, England, and a roller at the McKeesport Iron Works. He is a Republican and a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. Their children are: William, Edna and Edith. 4. Edith, is the wife of Samuel Tranter, a native of England and a traveling agent by occupation. Their children are: Caroline, Hudson, Margaret and Elizabeth. Three others, Edmund, Rebecca and William, died in youth. Mrs. Hudson, the mother of the family, died April 11, 1904, deeply mourned not only by her husband and children but by the many friends to whom her estimable qualities had endeared her. She is buried in South Side cemetery.

CHARLES A. JOHNS, who is closely identified with the real estate and insurance interests of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and its vicinity, and whose commodious offices are located in the Frick Building, No. 79 South Oakland Square, is a representative of the second generation of the Johns family in the United States.

Henry Johns, father of Charles A. Johns, was born in Swazey, Wales, in 1826. He emigrated to this country in 1845 and located in Baltimore, Maryland, but in the following year removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. His brother William came with him to the United States, and also settled in Pittsburg, where he married and died, his death occurring in 1853. His widow survived him five years and left five children. Henry Johns was a copper refiner by trade, and upon his arrival in Pittsburg found employment with the firm of C. G. Hussey & Company, who were the pioneers in the copper industry of this country. He and his brother William built the furnace and were the inventors of the removable crown furnace, which was a great factor in the success of the copper and iron industries, and which revolutionized work of this class in the United States. Henry Johns remained with this company until his death, having entire charge of the copper plant. He was held in the highest esteem and enjoyed the fullest confidence of his employers and fellow citizens. An incident in connection with this will not be out of place. On one occasion Mr. Hussey, whose duty it was to sign the checks for the payroll, was called out of the city, and in the hurry of events neglected his usual duty, forgetting that payday was near. When the morning arrived Mr. Johns went to the bank with which the company transacted its business, and explaining matters to the cashier, said he wanted twenty-three thousand dollars upon his own responsibility. Without a moment's hesitation the cashier granted his request, saying that his word was as good as his bond. In politics Mr. Johns was a Republican, and he was a member of the Baptist church, in which he had held various offices, being treasurer and trustee of the institution at the time of his death in 1901. He married Sarah Jones, born in Llandyril, South Wales, in 1830, and came to the United States at the age of five years. They were the parents of children: 1. Henry, Jr., born November 10, 1840. 2. William H., born October 16, 1851, married Maud M. Tanner. 3. David J., deceased, born March 19, 1854, married Carrie Lloyd. 4. Thomas F., born June 28, 1856, married Olivia Danler. 5. Mary E., born December 14, 1858, died at the age of two years. 6. Benjamin S., born December 16, 1860, married Susan Adams. 7. Edward A., born January 24, 1866, is a mine owner in Colorado and resides in Pittsburg. 8. Sarah E., born March 5, 1867, married George E. Hardie.

9. Joseph B., married Florence Orwig. 10. Charles A., of whom see forward.

Charles A. Johns, youngest child of Henry and Sarah (Jones) Johns, was born in the Fourteenth ward of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, March 28, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and in 1885 entered the Western University of Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated with honor in 1889. He then entered the employ of the Olivia Iron and Steel Company, and remained with them for a period of five years, having charge of the order department. At the expiration of this time he established himself in the real estate and insurance business in the building in which his offices are now (1906) located, and has been eminently successful in this venture. He is enterprising and progressive, quick to see an opportunity, and with the ability to make the best use of it. He is a member of the Baptist church and is a staunch supporter of the Republican party. He married (first) Margaret Geiger, daughter of D. F. and Mary (Cassidy) Geiger. She died in 1903, and three years later, in August, 1906, he married (second) Sarah J. Steward, daughter of W. J. and Hannah (Bluek) Steward, of Pittsburg.

JAMES H. MOORE, a prominent dentist of the Fourteenth ward, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, with elegant and commodious offices at No. 1904 Forbes street, at the corner of Craig, is a representative of a family which has been settled in this country for several generations and which came originally from Ireland.

William Moore, grandfather of James H. Moore, was born in the northern part of Ireland, and emigrating to the United States settled in Belmont county, Ohio. Later he removed to Perry county in the same state, and was one of the pioneer settlers of that county. He took up a large tract of land, and one of his sons—James L.—is still resident thereon. There he married Jane Bowels and raised his family, consisting of children as follows: John, who married Rebecca Bozel; Margaret, married William Thomson; William, married Anna Miller; Samuel, who removed to Missouri, and James L., of whom see forward.

James L. Moore, son of William and Jane (Bowels) Moore, was born in Lexington, Ohio, in 1834. When quite a young man he engaged in the lumber business, manufacturing the lumber himself and taking it to market, where he found a ready sale for his product. He followed this line of business for about fifteen years and then turned his attention to farming and stock raising, in which he has been engaged since that time. He is an enterprising and energetic business man, and takes a lively interest in educational matters. He has served the town of Bearfield, Perry county, Ohio, as school director, and also as a justice of the peace for a number of terms. He is considered a prominent and influential man of the district. He married Rebecca Orsyphé, daughter of Robert and Martha Orsyphé, and they have had children: Lawrence, born in 1881; Lula, in 1883; John, in 1884; Leanna, in 1889, and James H., see forward.

James H. Moore, eldest child of James L. and Rebecca (Orsyphé) Moore, was born in Lexington, Ohio, December 25, 1878. His education was an excellent one. He was a student at the public school in New Lexington, Ohio, and was graduated from the dental department of the Western University of Pennsylvania in 1902 with honor. He immediately commenced the practice

of his chosen profession, associating himself with J. C. Todd, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and from there he went to Braddock, where he practiced for one year. He then returned to Pittsburg and was associated with Mr. Todd for another year, at the expiration of which period he established himself in his present offices. He has a large and lucrative practice, and has the full confidence of all his patients, as well as the respect of his colleagues. He identifies himself closely with his work, and is devoted to it. His political support is given to the Independent party, and he is a member of the United Presbyterian church.

ALEXANDER McKNIGHT, who has become prominently identified with all the political movements of the Fourteenth ward, Oakland, Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in which he enjoys great popularity, is well known as a landscape gardener, with his offices at No. 4520 Filmore street, in that city. He traces his ancestry to Ireland.

James McKnight, father of Alexander McKnight, was a native of Ireland, and emigrated to this country about 1850. He was a landscape gardener by occupation, and was thus employed until his death, which occurred in 1894. He was a member of the United Presbyterian church, and a staunch supporter of the Republican party. His children were: One which died in infancy, James, Elinor, Robert, William C., Alexander, see forward; Mary J., John B. S. and Martha A. E.

Alexander McKnight, sixth child of James McKnight, was born in Oakland, Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1864. He obtained a reasonably good education in the public schools of the Fourteenth ward, and at a suitable age commenced learning the art of landscape gardening under the tuition of his father. He displayed great taste and ability in his chosen occupation and has followed it up to the present time (1906). He is always employed on large contracts, principally in the East End, Pittsburg. His work is of the highest character and has gained him a widespread reputation. Politically he affiliates with the Republican party, in whose ranks he is an active worker. He has been chairman of the Fourteenth ward Republican committee for four years, and was defeated for the office of select councilman of the Fourteenth ward in 1895. He is very popular in his district, and is a member of the United Presbyterian church. He married Mary A. Grant, who is a member of the same family as the late President Grant, and they have two children: William, born June 4, 1886, and Mary J., August 17, 1887.

MORRIS WALSH, of Knoxville, for more than a quarter of a century prominently identified with the manufacturing interests of Pittsburg, was born October 13, 1847, in county Tipperary, Ireland, where he received but a limited education. When a boy of thirteen he came to the United States and settled on the South Side of Pittsburg, where he obtained work in a glass factory. For nine years thereafter he was employed by A. & D. H. Chambers & Company. In 1871 he opened a grocery store at the corner of Eighth and Ninth streets and conducted the business five years. He then undertook to collect barrels and prepare them for use in the glass factories, succeeding so well that in 1878 he established a manufactory of barrels, and is in the business at the present day. In every part of the country he has factories in which

barrels are made for use in glass works. One is situated on Ninth street, South Side, and there is a large one at McMackin, Washington county, Pennsylvania.

Mr. Walsh belongs to the Knights of Columbus, No. 491, Pittsburg, and has served as a trustee of the order. His political principles coincide with those of the Democratic party. He is a member of St. Francis' Roman Catholic church, Knoxville, in which for two years he has served as trustee.

Mr. Walsh married Mary Ann, daughter of James and Bridget McKeever, of Pittsburg. Mr. McKeever was a cooper, and he and his wife were the parents of another daughter, Margaret, wife of Edward Deblin. Mr. and Mrs. Walsh have been the parents of the following children: 1. James, born August 4, 1871, a graduate of Holy Ghost College, Pittsburg, and manager and president of the Walsh Manufacturing Company. He married Mary Fitzgerald, of Pittsburg, and their children are: Morris, Beatrice, Helen, Gerald, Anna Mary, Margaret and James. 2. Margaret, born April 20, 1873, died young. 3. Lawrence, born June 5, 1874, a graduate of Holy Ghost College, and associated with his father's business. He married Margaret Fitzpatrick, and they have one child, Thomas. 4. Mary Anna, born November 16, 1875, received an academical education, and is the wife of Thomas Couleham, a contractor and manufacturer. They have two children, Morris and Thomas. 5. Thomas, born August 7, 1877, a graduate of the Iron City Business College, is with the Walsh Manufacturing Company, and lives with his parents. 6. Alice, born July 19, 1879, is a graduate of the public schools, and is at home with her parents. 7. Morris, born April 24, 1881, a graduate of St. Francis' College, and a bookkeeper for his father and treasurer of the Walsh Manufacturing Company. He lives with his parents, as do all his younger brothers and sisters. 8. Agnes, born March 23, 1883, educated at St. Mary's School. 9. George Francis, born July 31, 1884, graduate of St. Vincent's College and Duff's College, connected with his father's business. 10. Margaret Ellen, born July 24, 1886, died February 22, 1898. 11. Joseph, born June 22, 1888, educated at St. Vincent's College and employed by the Philadelphia Company. 12. Robert, born June 7, 1890, attending Holy Ghost College. 13. Vincent Paul, born December 11, 1892, at school.

WILLIAM P. GETTY, who is extensively engaged as a contractor in plaster work in the Fourteenth ward, Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was born in Allegheny county in that state. His parents, who were natives of Ireland and of Scotch-Irish descent, emigrated to America and settled in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where they raised their children. William P. attended the public schools of his district and acquired a good education. He was apprenticed to the trade of plastering, which he mastered thoroughly in all its details, and in which he is still (1906) engaged. About fifteen years ago he extended his operations, taking large contracts in plaster work, and is now the leading contractor in this line of business in his section. He is influential in his ward and highly respected as a citizen. He takes a great interest in educational matters, and is a member of the school board. He is one of the prime movers in any movement that tends towards the advancement or improvement of his district. His political support is given to the Republican party, and he is a member of the Presbyterian church.

MARSHAL C. RODGERS, of Sharpsburg, president of the Imperial Oil & Gas Company, was born at Pleasant Mills, Venango county, Pennsylvania, a son of David R. Rodgers. His paternal great-grandfather emigrated from Ireland and founded the family in this country. The father of David R. Rodgers was a farmer in Venango county, and a prominent temperance worker, being known as one of the orators of the cause. His children were: William, a clergyman; Archibald, David, of whom later; Robert, Cyrus, James, Sarah, wife of a Mr. Randall; and another daughter who became the wife of Mr. Stocker. Mr. Rodgers carried his fidelity to the temperance cause to the last moment of his life, refusing, when on his death bed, to partake of spirituous liquors, even at the command of his physician.

David R. Rodgers was born August 19, 1839, and received a common school education, passing his boyhood on his father's farm in his native county of Venango. In 1861 he enlisted as a private in Company A, Eighty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, at Union City, Pennsylvania. At the close of the war he purchased a farm on Silver Creek, New York, where he followed agricultural pursuits. On the death of his father-in-law he became executor of the will and manager of the estate, which included a pottery manufactory, and shortly after oil was found in large quantities on the property. He disposed of the estate, but remained in Venango county until 1870, and has since engaged in the oil business with varied success. He is now living in Pittsburg as manager of an oil property. He is an Independent in politics and a member of the Baptist church.

While at home on a furlough in 1864 Mr. Rodgers married Julia, daughter of W. and Julia (Webster) Porter, the latter a cousin of Daniel Webster. Mr. and Mrs. Rodgers are the parents of the following children: William J., born February 27, 1867, married Mamie Baily, of Lilydale, New York; Marshal C., of whom later; LeVerne, born in September, 1870, wife of S. H. Huselton, a lawyer of Pittsburg, and Clara A., born June 6, 1876, a graduate of Parkersburg School of Art and an artist of no mean ability.

Marshal C. Rodgers, son of David and Julia (Porter) Rodgers, was educated in the public schools, and in 1887 graduated from the Greenville (Pennsylvania) High School, whence he passed to Duff Mercantile College, Pittsburg, graduating in 1889. He then engaged in the oil business as manager of a branch store of oil supplies at North Baltimore, Ohio, afterward filling the same position at Toledo, Ohio. In 1901 he was transferred to the city office, Pittsburg, where he was employed as accountant. Later he went into the oil producing business and is now president of the Imperial Oil & Gas Company and also of another oil and gas company, both concerns being large producers of petroleum in Ohio and Pennsylvania, having their principal offices in Pittsburg. He was one of the organizers of the Cosmopolitan Bank of Pittsburg and is now a stockholder. He is also secretary and treasurer of the Bonanza Mining Company, of Bacon City, Oregon.

He affiliates with St. John's Lodge, No. 219, F. and A. M., of Pittsburg, and with Lodge No. 187, I. O. H., of Sharpsburg Conclave. He is a member of Grace Methodist Protestant church, serving as secretary and treasurer of the board of trustees.

Mr. Rodgers married Lillian Mulholland, and they have two children: David R., born February 14, 1894, and Grayson K., born December 11, 1896. Mrs. Rodgers is a daughter of William and Artlissa (Miller) Mulholland, of

Monongahela City, the latter a daughter of Henry and Margaret (Sehler) Miller, of Philadelphia, and a granddaughter of Colonel William Miller, who served in the patriot army of the Revolution.

JOSEPH O. LEFEVRE, now living in retirement in Pittsburg, was born October 30, 1844, in Allegheny county, a son of George LeFevre and grandson of Peter LeFevre, who was a farmer of Allegheny county and the father of the following children: William, Daniel, Josiah, Perry, George, of whom later; Elizabeth and Sarah. The children and grandchildren of Peter LeFevre have always been residents of Allegheny and Mercer counties, where the third generation is represented at the present time.

George LeFevre, son of Peter LeFevre, was born in 1809, in Allegheny county, and was brought up on a farm. At the outbreak of the Mexican war he enlisted in the Seventh Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, from Philadelphia, and died in 1848, while still in the service. He was a Whig in politics and a member of the Baptist church.

George LeFevre married Mary, daughter of William and Mary Hickey, and they became the parents of the following children: Francis H., born in 1832; John W., born in 1833; Sarah, wife of a Mr. Kingsland; Agnes, who died in childhood; Mary, who died at the age of twenty-eight; Ruth A., deceased, wife of a Mr. Shroeder, and Joseph O., of whom later.

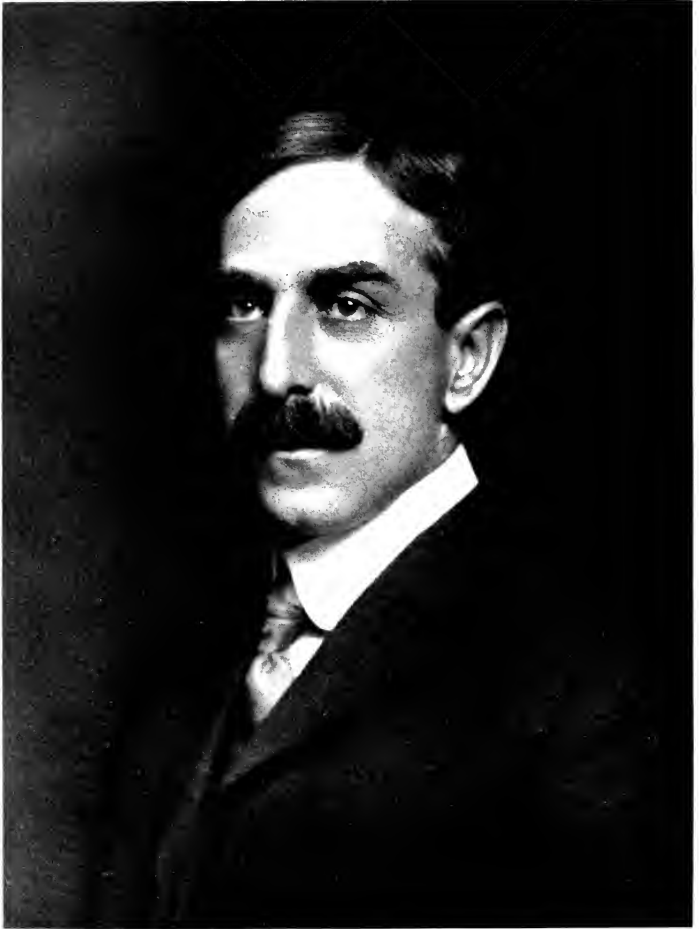
Joseph O. LeFevre, son of George and Mary (Hickey) LeFevre, in 1863 began to learn the machine moulder's trade, which he followed steadily until 1904. In that year he retired from business and has since been enjoying in well-earned leisure the fruits of his industry. He belongs to the Royal Arcanum, and in the sphere of politics is identified with the Republican party. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. LeFevre married, January 15, 1878, Alice, daughter of Nathan and Mary (Roseman) Mathews, and they became the parents of the following children: Harry E., born in March, 1879, died in childhood; May S., born July 17, 1881, wife of Warren Craig, with the East End Savings & Trust Company; George N., born January 27, 1886, at home, a clerk in East End Savings & Trust Company's Bank; and Sarah, born July 5, 1890.

DR. FRANK M. DOYLE, a representative physician and surgeon of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, with commodious offices located at No. 2217 Forbes street in that city, is a representative of a family which, while it was born on foreign soil, fought bravely in defense of the country of its adoption.

Patrick Doyle, grandfather of Frank M. Doyle, M. D., was born in Ireland in 1818 and emigrated to the United States in 1852. He settled in Greensburg, Pennsylvania, where he resided for two years and then removed to Lynchburg. He was a laborer by occupation, generally employed on public works, and died at the age of seventy-six years, his wife dying in 1884. He was a Democrat and a member of the Catholic church. He had children: Moses, of whom later; Mary, Thomas, Ann, Margaret, Bridget, Ella, and three who died in childhood.

Moses Doyle, eldest child of Patrick Doyle, was born in county Wexford, Ireland, February 13, 1843. He was a child when he came to America with



Harry G. Tinker

his parents, and received his education in this country. He followed the occupation of a heater and was thus occupied in the mill from 1879 until 1893. During the three years next following he conducted a livery stable very successfully, and in 1896 he sold his interest in this business and removed to Pittsburg, where he has since that time lived a retired life. His record during the Civil war is a brave and commendable one. He enlisted in the army in 1862, becoming a member of the One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, and was honorably discharged at the close of the war, June 21, 1865. He was an active participant in the following battles: Antietam, September 17, 1862; Falmouth, April, 1863; Chancellorsville, April 29 to May 6, 1863; Marye's Heights, May 3, 1863; Salem Church, May 4, 1863; South Mountain, September 16, 1863; Franklin Church, June 5, 1863; Gettysburg, July 2 and 3, 1863; Rappahannock Station, after which they went into winter quarters at Harper's Ferry, December 20. Upon the breaking up of their winter quarters they marched to the Wilderness, where he was captured May 5, 1864, and taken to Libby prison, where he was incarcerated for one month and then transferred to Andersonville. Here he was held for another seven months and then paroled December 15, and sent to Parole Camp, where he was kept until the surrender of Lee. He then returned to his home at Lynchburg and resumed his peaceful occupations. He is a member of J. A. Hunter Post, No. 123, Grand Army of the Republic, of Lynchburg, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and affiliates with the Republican party. He married Ellen B. Moore, daughter of George Washington Moore, and they have children: 1. Frank M., of whom at length hereinafter. 2. Paul B., born April 14, 1874, unmarried. 3. Thomas, born March 15, 1879, died in infancy.

Frank M. Doyle, M. D., eldest child of Moses and Ellen B. (Moore) Doyle, was born in Lynchburg, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1872. He was educated in the public and high schools of his native town, and was then apprenticed to learn the printer's trade. At this he worked earnestly and steadfastly for some years, at the same time fitting himself for college by diligent home study. He came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1893, and entered the Western Pennsylvania Medical College, from which he was graduated March 25, 1897. He became one of the regular physicians in the South Side Hospital, and commenced the outside practice of his profession in 1899. He established his office at No. 1628 Fifth avenue, and later removed to his present location, where he is in the enjoyment of a constantly increasing practice. He devotes his entire time to this and to private research and reading, keeping well abreast of the times in all the branches of his chosen profession. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and affiliates with the Republican party. He is also associated with the following organizations: Davage Lodge, No. 347, Free and Accepted Masons; Chapter, No. 162, Royal Arch Masons; Association Commandery, No. 57, Ancient Arabic Order of Scottish Rites; Royal Temple, Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystic Shrine; Alumni Association of the Western Medical College of Pennsylvania; and the Alumni Medical Club.

HARRY GEORGE TINKER. Among the members of the Greater Pittsburg bar is Harry G. Tinker, who was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania,

April 15, 1868, son of Francis and Amelia Caroline (Haller) Tinker. This family, on the paternal side, is from England, the line running as follows:

(I) Joshua Tinker, born of English ancestors, June 17, 1777, in Yorkshire, England, died February 2, 1854. He came to America in 1805, settling on the banks of the Allegheny river, near the mouth of Two Mile Run, now about Thirty-sixth street, in the section later known as Lawrenceville. He was a woolen manufacturer. In his religious faith he was an adherent of the Episcopal church. He married Ann Wainwright, born of English parents, April 14, 1782, at "Bankhouse," near Penistone, Yorkshire, England. She, too, was a devoted and faithful member of the Episcopal church. Children of Joshua and Ann (Wainwright) Tinker: 1. Uriah, born February 24, 1800, died 1877; his wife died also in 1877. 2. Charlotte, born August 28, 1801, died 1894. 3. George, born June 4, 1803, died September 21, 1803. 4. William Jarvis, born December 1, 1804. 5. James Wainwright, born June 15, 1808, died July 5, 1879. 6. Hannah Jarvis, born July 17, 1810, died about 1899. 7. Edwin, born March 11, 1812. 8. Charles, born June 1, 1814. 9. Zachariah Wainwright, born December 18, 1816. 10. Joseph Wainwright, born February 15, 1821. 11. George, born March 25, 1824, died January, 1904.

(II) Uriah Tinker, son of Joshua and Ann (Wainwright) Tinker, was born February 24, 1800, at Yorkshire, England. He married Frances Raynor, of Penistone, England, and both died in the year 1877.

(III) Francis Tinker, son of Uriah and Frances (Raynor) Tinker, was born March 21, 1840, at Thurlstone, near Penistone, Yorkshire, England. He obtained a good education at the half-day sessions of the grammar school. He learned the trade of carpenter and joiner, which he followed for a livelihood. In politics he has always been identified with the Republican party. He married Amelia, born September 16, 1844, at Washington, District of Columbia, daughter of August and Ernestine (Fredericks) Haller, who were natives of Germany. The family came to western Pennsylvania about 1850, making the trip from Philadelphia to Pittsburg by the old canal. They located in the borough of Lawrenceville, Allegheny county. Mr. and Mrs. Francis Tinker are the parents of the following children: 1. Uriah, treasurer of the Sterling Steel Foundry Company, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. 2. Harry G. 3. Wesley Raynor, secretary and treasurer of the Samuel Trethewey Company, Limited, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. 4. Pearl Frances, wife of A. M. Brown, Oakmont, Pennsylvania, secretary of Zug Iron and Steel Company, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania.

(IV) Harry George Tinker, second son of Francis and Amelia Caroline (Haller) Tinker, was educated in the public schools of Pittsburg, his native city, and also attended the high school of the same city. Subsequently he attended Amherst College, Massachusetts. He graduated from the high school in 1888, and after a full four years' course in college graduated with the class of 1893. He took up the study of law, having registered as a law student June 23, 1888, and was admitted to the bar of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, June 15, 1895, on motion of William R. Blair, his preceptors having been Messrs. Shiras and Dickey, of Pittsburg. The degree of Bachelor of Arts was conferred upon Mr. Tinker at the time of his graduation from Amherst College. He has been in constant practice at the bar in Pittsburg from the date of his admission to the present time. Politically, Mr. Tinker has always

supported the Republican party. He has preferred to attend strictly to his legal practice rather than become an office holder. The legal fraternity elected him secretary of the Allegheny County Bar Association in 1903, and he has served in that capacity ever since.

THOMAS E. MILLER, a successful contractor and builder of Sharpsburg, was born July 30, 1854, in O'Hara township, Allegheny county, a son of John Weible Miller.

Thomas E. Miller received his education in the public schools of his native township, and learned the carpenter's trade, which he followed as a journeyman until 1895. In that year he established himself in business as a contractor and builder, and now carries on a flourishing enterprise, his field of operations including Sharpsburg, Pittsburg and the neighboring towns. His residence is on Noble Hill. He is a member of the Presbyterian church, and in politics affiliates with the Republicans.

Mr. Miller married Anna E., daughter of James C. and Mary (Borland) Campbell, and they are the parents of a son and a daughter, Howard R., born September 14, 1884; and Edna R., born September 5, 1888. The son, Howard R. Miller, is a carpenter at Sharpsburg, and is now taking a course in architectural drawing in the Scranton Correspondence School. He is in this manner cultivating a natural taste for drawing and at the same time fitting himself thoroughly for the business of a contractor and builder, which is his chosen field of endeavor and in which his natural endowments and careful training seem to hold out a promise of success.

THE KUNKEL FAMILY to which Dr. Howard W. Kunkel, of Pittsburg, belongs is of German extraction. He was born at Irwin, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, September 23, 1880, the second son of Jacob R. and Anna M. Kunkel.

Dr. Kunkel's great-grandfather was Peter Kunkel, who emigrated from Holland in the latter part of the Eighteenth century. He built the old stone mansion house, now a land-mark in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. This was built in 1818.

The grandfather was Jacob Peter Kunkel, born 1803, and died in 1856, and resided at the old Kunkel farm home at Irwin, Westmoreland county. By occupation he was a farmer. He married Sarah Byerley Lenhart, born in 1814, and died in 1893; she reared a family of seven children, including Jacob, the subject's father. Jacob's mother was the granddaughter of Andrew and Beatrice Byerly Andrews. Andrew Byerly was born in 1746, was prominent in the early French and Indian wars, and served, at the age of seventeen years, as one of Colonel Boquet's scouts on that memorable march to Pittsburg in 1763. Beatrice Culden, his wife, was from the Canton Berne, Switzerland, and was a schoolmate of Colonel Boquet in his youth. History states that after the close of the war Andrew Byerly obtained a grant of land in Westmoreland county from the heirs of the Penns and built a road-house, where Colonel Boquet frequently visited his girl companion of his earlier years.

Jacob Byerly, second son of Andrew Byerly, and who accompanied his father on his military marches, was afterwards a conspicuous figure in the Rev-

olutionary war and is buried at Bush Creek cemetery, where his remains are annually honored by the decoration of his grave.

Dr. Kunkel descends on the maternal side from the Bickerstaff family. James Bickerstaff, the grandfather, served in the Civil war with his three brothers, and was killed at the battle of the Wilderness. He was descended from the famous Knickerbocker family. He married Mary James, of a prominent family whose early ancestors came from Wales. The ancestors on both the paternal and maternal side of the subject were noted for their longevity, a majority having survived to be from ninety to one hundred years of age.

Jacob Kunkel, deceased, the father of the Doctor, was born August 23, 1842, at the old Kunkel homestead near Irwin, Pennsylvania. The date of his death was April 27, 1884. By occupation he was an extraordinarily capable merchant. In politics he supported the Democratic party, and in religious faith was a Lutheran. He was regarded as one of the most brilliant and successful business men of Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. In disposition he was truly kind and considerate; he had a genial manner which won for him many admirers. He married Ann M. Bickerstaff, of Allegheny county, Pennsylvania; she was the daughter of James and Mary (James) Bickerstaff. The date of her birth was September 27, 1858, and she now resides with her son in Pittsburg. By this union were born three children: 1. Frank, born June 14, 1879, now reading law in New York city. 2. Dr. Howard, born September 23, 1880. 3. Rufus Joy, born November 21, 1882, now a steel inspector at the Pittsburg Steel Works.

Dr. Howard W. Kunkel, subject, obtained his education at the Homestead common schools and high school; at the Pennsylvania State College, and then took a four-year course at the University of Pennsylvania, from which institution he graduated with the class of 1905. He was then appointed resident physician of the Western Pennsylvania Hospital at Pittsburg, serving for one year, since which time he has attended to a general medical practice. He resides at No. 3514 Forbes street, Pittsburg.

While attending the university he was an active athlete and was captain of the basket-ball team for three years, and substitute for the varsity foot-ball team. He is a member of the Phi Sigma fraternity, and also of the Modern Woodmen of America. Politically he is a supporter of the Republican party, and in church faith a Presbyterian.

MARY J. INGRAM, of Ingram borough, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, was born in Chartiers township, this county, January 10, 1832, the daughter of Henry and Mary (Scully) Ingram. The father was born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1804, and accompanied his father to America in 1824, remaining at Philadelphia for three years, and then removed to the county and township where the subject was born. He lived and conducted the farm given him by his father and followed agricultural pursuits. He was also the supervisor of the old Steubenville Pike road for a term of ten years, and a school director and tax-collector for many years. He married Mary Scully, daughter of Esquire John and Mary (Sullivan) Scully, of Scully Springs, Pennsylvania. They were the parents of one daughter, Mary J., but the mother died at her birth and she was reared kindly by her grandmother Ingram. Her father never again married and died March 1, 1886. He was a man of true and noble senti-

ment and impulses. He was a true friend to all in need and his advice was sought for and duly appreciated when given by him. He was a member of Trinity Episcopal church at Sixth avenue in Pittsburg. Politically, he favored the Democratic party.

Miss Mary J. Ingram's paternal grandfather, Thomas Ingram, was born near Belfast, Ireland, in 1773, and came to America in 1824. In 1826 he purchased five hundred acres of land in Charleirs township, Allegheny county, where he settled with his family. He married Alice Bert, daughter of Nathaniel and Anna (Moore) Bert, of Belfast, Ireland. They had thirteen children, as follows: 1. Arthur. 2. Ann Jane. 3. Henry. 4. Thomas. 5. William. 6. Nathaniel. 7. James. 8. Hannah. 9. Alice. 10. Edward. 11. Eliza. 12. John. 13. Mary. The father followed agricultural pursuits all his life and divided his estate (landed) between his sons, giving its equivalent to each of his daughters. Henry, Nathaniel and Edward were the only sons who remained in the township. They bought the other brothers' land. The borough of Ingram is located now on a part of this tract of land. The father died in 1865 and the mother during the same year.

CAPTAIN JOHN J. WALKER, residing at No. 914 Center street, Wilkensburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, one of the leading men of business in the city, bore a notable part during the late Civil war, as well as having served his township and county in public affairs for a great many years. He is a descendant of an old and honored family in Ireland, many members of which have served their country in affairs of importance.

Joseph Walker, grandfather of Captain John J. Walker, was born in Derry, Ireland, and for many years was keeper of the prison in that city. He emigrated to America in 1851 and settled in Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, where he engaged in farming. His death occurred in the ninetieth year of his age, when he was in robust health, and was caused by an accident while he was driving a team of spirited horses. He married and had children: 1. Joseph, a son of whom, also named Joseph, is now (1907) residing in Scranton, Pennsylvania. He is an electrical engineer and the inventor of many useful electrical appliances. 2. William. 3. Isaac. 4. James, see forward. 5. Eliza. 6. Jane. All of these are now deceased, and with the exception of James, they settled in permanency in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where many of their descendants are still to be found.

James Walker, fourth son and child of Joseph Walker, was born in the city of Derry, Ireland, in 1803. He was but nine years of age upon his arrival in this country, and when he had attained his majority became a citizen of the United States. He was a weaver by trade in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, where he did an extensive business in the weaving of carpets, comforters, etc., and in 1833 he removed to Allegheny City, in the same state, where he obtained a position in the penitentiary. He introduced his trade into the institution, making it an employment for those incarcerated there, and gave his personal supervision to the proper conduct of this industry. He was connected with this institution for many years and in 1852 opened the county house as warden, and retained that position for five years, when he returned to Allegheny City and resumed his connection with the penitentiary. This office he held until shortly before his death, which occurred July 19, 1875. He was an elder of the First

United Presbyterian church for forty-five years, superintendent of the Sunday-school connected with it for ten years, and was one of the most active workers in the congregation in the interests of both of these institutions. He married Matilda Benning, a daughter of Jacob Benning, of Philadelphia, and they had children as follows: 1. Eliza, married George Clark, is now residing in Carnegie, Pennsylvania, and has children: James W., Boyd and George William. 2. Mary Jane, married Dr. S. S. Mehard, deceased, of Mercer, Pennsylvania, and has children: Dr. James, deceased; Samuel S., ex-judge of Mercer county, a twin of Mary Jane, died in childhood. 4. Joseph Alexander, died young. 5. Calvin Theodore, now residing in Duquesne, Pennsylvania, married Nancy Zimmerman. 6. Annie Caroline, deceased, married Joseph Corbett, also deceased. 7. Samuel J., married Margaret Jane Walker, of Philadelphia. 8. John J., see forward. 9. Amelia Matilda, married William Harvey. 10. Margaret, died in childhood. 11. Joseph Presby. 12. Louisa Jeannette.

Captain John J. Walker, fourth son and eighth child of James and Matilda (Benning) Walker, was born in Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, February 1, 1841. His early years were spent in the city of his birth, where he received his preliminary education in the public schools, and he then attended the sessions at the following educational institutions: Western University of Pennsylvania, Mercer Academy and New Bethlehem Academy. Upon the completion of his course of studies he was apprenticed to learn the trade of painting, and at the expiration of his apprenticeship, associated himself in a business partnership with his brother-in-law, Joseph Corbett, with whom he carried on a very successful business until the outbreak of the Civil war. Upon the first call of President Lincoln for seventy-five thousand men Captain Walker was among the first to respond, and with twenty-five other young men left Allegheny City for the front as members of Company E, Seventh Pennsylvania Volunteers. This was afterward known as the "Blue Coat Company." It contained no men over twenty-three or under eighteen years of age. It was organized for three months' service and was discharged August 5, 1861, at which time Mr. Walker returned to his painting business. On September 1 of the same year he commenced to recruit Battery I, Pennsylvania Heavy Artillery, and remained with this company until the following spring, when he was offered a captain's commission, which he declined. In July, 1861, he recruited a company of the One Hundred and Thirty-ninth Pennsylvania Volunteers, Colonel Colloer commanding, and is at the present time president of that regimental association. From that time until the battle on the field at Appomattox this regiment participated actively in all of the great battles of the war. Captain Walker was slightly wounded during the battle of the Wilderness, and on September 16, 1864, was advanced to the position of hospital steward of the regular army, and held that office until December 9, 1865, when he received his honorable discharge at Augusta, Georgia. After this event he returned to his native city and resumed his peaceful business occupation, again forming a partnership with Joseph Corbett. This was, however, dissolved in the fall of 1866, and in the spring of the following year Captain Walker came to Edgewood and established himself in business, in which he has been very successful. He was elected justice of the peace for Wilkins in 1871, and was the first and only alderman of what was then the Thirty-seventh ward, and which now includes the borough of Wilkinsburg. He has been elected eight times and is now (1907) serving his thirty-seventh year in this office, being the oldest

justice of the peace in Allegheny county. Although a staunch supporter of Republican principles, he has been twice appointed under Democratic administration, on both occasions under Governor Patterson. He was deputy clerk of courts for six years, and in 1888 was elected jury commissioner of the county, and served for a period of three years. He has just been reelected for five years for justice of the peace. He is connected in various capacities with the following fraternal and other organizations: Member for forty-four years of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and is Past District Department Grand Master; member of the Knights of Pythias for forty years, representative to the grand lodge for fifteen years, and the only living charter member of the Wilkinsburg lodge; also member of the Order of United American Mechanics, Maccabees, Heptasophs, Grand Army of the Republic, Union Veteran Legion, and the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Walker married Sarah Ann Gould, a daughter of Jacob and Ann Gould, of Allegheny City, and they have had children: 1. Sadie A. M. 2. Loyal John, married (first) Rebecca Turner Reed, who died in 1892, leaving children: Loyal R., who is a seaman on the United States battleship Connecticut, and Rebecca J., who resides with her grandparents. Mr. Walker married (second) Stella O'Neil.

JOHN J. CAMPBELL, formerly burgess of Wilkinsburg, and for many years connected with various business enterprises in that borough, was born January 28, 1846, at Medway, Washington county, Pennsylvania, a son of William C. Campbell and grandson of John Campbell, who was a native of Virginia, where he was a farmer and landowner.

John Campbell was the father of the following children: James C., clergyman, married Eliza Gardner, of Paris, Washington county, Pennsylvania; William C., of whom later; John, married Ellen Dickey, of Washington county, and Robert K., married Viola Voorhis, of Loveland, Ohio. This youngest son is also a clergyman.

William C. Campbell, second son of John Campbell, married Margaret Symington, who bore him the following children: John J., of whom later; Alice Jane, widow of John S. Jacobson, children, Thomas, John and Margaret; Emma Elizabeth, wife of William Hoffman, of Monongahela City; Cora, wife of James Gladden, of Pasadena, California, children, Adda, Dwight, Terza and one other; William Watson; Edwin Harper, married Tronie Fielding, children, Elizabeth and one other; John S., married Mary Potter, one child, Cora; and Belle, wife of B. J. Gladden, children, Minnie, Alice and another.

John J. Campbell, son of William C. and Margaret (Symington) Campbell, received his education in the common schools of his birthplace, and after completing his studies remained at home for some years, assisting his father in the management of the farm, after which for a short time he took charge of an adjoining farm belonging to an uncle. In 1873 he moved to Swissvale, Allegheny county, where for four years he was engaged in the coal and general hauling business. He was then for a time connected with the local express business, plying between Wilkinsburg and Pittsburg. In 1900 he sold out to the Pittsburgh Express Company and went into the real estate business and the manufacture of bricks. He is now manager and partner in the Enterprise Brick & Stone Company, and also president of the Swissvale Lime Company.

He was elected burghess of the borough of Wilksburg and served three terms, and during his incumbency of that office the borough was entirely sewerred and three-fourths of its streets were paved. He was one of the prime factors in the organization of the borough and has always taken an active interest in all local enterprises and improvements. He served eight years on the school board of Swissvale when that borough formed part of the Twenty-second ward of Pittsburg.

He belongs to the Heptasophs, and in politics adheres stanchly to the Republican party. He is one of the charter members of the Second Presbyterian church, in which he is an active worker, being also a member of the session.

Mr. Campbell married, December 10, 1868, Rebecca, daughter of James Brimmer, of Florence, Pennsylvania, and they have been the parents of the following children: Frank, deceased; Cora Lucinda; William Thomas, married Susan Gilmore, children, William, Thomas and Rebecca S.; and Anna Louise.

WILLIAM GOLDIE, of Wilksburg, Greater Pittsburg, well known as an inventor of railway appliances, was born April 27, 1835, at Ayr, Scotland, a son of David Goldie and grandson of William Goldie, who never quitted his native "land of brown heath and shaggy wood." He was the father of the following children: Gilbert, William, John, James, Anna, Giles and David.

David Goldie, son of William Goldie, was born in 1810, at Ayr, and was a manufacturer of shoelasts. He is entitled to the distinction of having been the first to develop the mechanism for making these articles, which until that time were products of handwork. He had a large factory at Ayr and carried on a flourishing business. In 1844 he brought his family to the United States, being also accompanied by his brothers, Gilbert and John. Gilbert settled in Illinois and John found a home in Canada, where he became a prosperous flour merchant. David, after a short stay in New York, went to Montreal, Canada, where in 1846 he met his death by drowning. David Goldie married Jessie, daughter of James and Agnes (Bond) McCall, both natives of Scotland, and two children were born to them: Jennie, wife of Albert Early, and William, of whom later.

William Goldie, son of David and Jessie (McCall) Goldie, was a child at the time of his father's death, and after that event his widowed mother returned to Scotland with her two children. At the end of a year, however, she returned with them to Canada, where William received his education. On reaching the age of eighteen he came to the United States, settling at Fenton, Michigan, where he engaged in the stove business, a branch of industry with which he is today indirectly connected. Upon attaining his majority he elected to become a citizen of the United States, and thereupon took out his naturalization papers. Not long after he turned his attention to the invention of various railway appliances, especially those pertaining to road-beds and railway construction. He has taken out in all more than sixty patents, including some for woodworking and steelworking, and no fewer than twenty for railroad tieplates. During the last sixteen years he has devoted himself solely to the improvement of railway spikes and tieplates. Among the former is the well-known Goldie Patented Perfect Railroad Spike. In 1889 he went to Pittsburg for the purpose of introducing these inventions, many of which were purchased and used by the firm

of Dilworth, Porter & Company, Limited, of that city. Mr. Goldie derives a large income from royalties on his many patents.

While a resident of Michigan he made his home for the greater part of the time at Fenton, and during the remainder at Bay City. He is still interested in many enterprises in those places, being president of the Goldie Manufacturing Company of West Bay City, and of a flour company. He is also president of the New Kensington Stone Company and the Iron City Stone & Concrete Company. For the past years he has resided in Wilksburg, and at one time held the office of school director of that borough. In politics he gives his aid and endorsement to the principles of the Republican party. He is an active member of the First Presbyterian church of Wilksburg, and for three years served on its board of trustees.

Mr. Goldie has been twice married. His first wife was Nancy Ann Malone, of Canada, by whom he had the following children: Jessie, wife of Henry W. Kennedy, children, Lucile, Florence, Ruth and Marion; Eva, wife of E. A. Porter, children, Edna, Florence and Brewerton; and William, married Mary Danskin, of Bay City, Michigan. On being left a widower Mr. Goldie married Emma, daughter of Willard Hall, of Fenton, Michigan. The only child of this marriage is a daughter named Elizabeth.

JOHN A. KEYS, a prominent lawyer of Wilksburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a man of high standing in educational circles, and who has held a number of public positions with great benefit to the community, is a representative of one of the old families of the state of Pennsylvania.

Isaac Keys, or Kees, as the name is variously spelled, was of Pennsylvania Dutch descent, his ancestors having come to Pennsylvania from Maryland and settled in Lancaster county. He was a farmer by occupation and married Mary Lewis, and they were the parents of the following named children: 1. John, see forward. 2. Daniel, married Ruth Bane. 3. Elizabeth, married Otho West. 4. Sarah, unmarried. 5. Mary. 6. Delilah. 7. Hester. 8. Isaac. The ninth child became the wife of a Mr. Wise.

John Keys, eldest child of Issac and Mary (Lewis) Keys, was born near Zollerville, Washington county, Pennsylvania, August 12, 1813. He was very successful in life as a farmer, and became the owner of a farm of about one hundred and ninety acres, which is now (1907) in the possession of his son, John A. He was a man of a deeply religious turn of mind and a devoted member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He displayed great interest in the development of local educational affairs, and for a considerable period of time he served as one of the directors of the school board. His business occupation was that of farming, to which he devoted his time and attention until his death in May, 1885. He married Hannah McClelland, who died in 1887, a daughter of John and Nancy (Montgomery) McClelland, of Greene county, Pennsylvania, of Irish and Scotch descent, respectively. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Keys were: 1. Isaac, married Ella Gillett and had children: Walter, Helen and Kenneth. 2. Cary McC., married, first, Lida Shaw and had children: Hannah, Helen and Lida; married, second, Marcella Study, and had one child: Edward. 3. Samuel M., unmarried. 4. Daniel W., married Mary McCullough and had children: Olive M., Bertha, Howard, Walter, John and Gertrude. 5. John A., see forward.

John A. Keys, fifth and youngest son and child of John and Hannah (McClelland) Keys, was born on the old McClelland homestead in Greene county, Pennsylvania, January 16, 1856. His early years were spent in that county and he acquired his preliminary education in the public schools of that section, subsequently becoming a student at Monongahela College, Jefferson, Pennsylvania, in order to prepare for entrance into the Washington and Jefferson College, which he entered in the freshman class. His career in this institution was a distinguished one. He became a member of the Philo and Union Literary Society, and also of the Phi Delta Kappa Fraternity. His talents as a public speaker in the former were highly appreciated, and he twice represented the society "in contest." On the first occasion, in 1874, he was select orator and was opposed and defeated by a classmate; on the second occasion, three years later, he was original orator, and won the honors from another classmate. He was graduated from the college with high honors in June, 1877, and the following year took up the study of law with Wyley, Buchanan & Walton, in Waynesburg, Pennsylvania. Later he became a student at the Washington University in St. Louis, Missouri, and was graduated from its law department in 1881 with the degree of Doctor of Laws. Shortly afterward he was admitted to the bar in St. Louis, and immediately entered upon the active practice of his profession in that city, where he remained for three years, and then, on account of the ill health of his parents, returned to Greene county, Pennsylvania, in order to assist his father in the management of the home farm. He was thus occupied until the death of his mother in 1887, in the meantime teaching in the local schools. He turned his attention to higher educational work in 1889, and accepted the chair of Greek and Latin in Defiance College, Defiance, Ohio, besides being instructor in higher mathematics. He was honored by having the degree of Master of Arts conferred upon him by the Washington and Jefferson College, in 1891, and in the fall of the same year was elected principal of the high school in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, a position he retained for two years, and then went to Beaver, Pennsylvania, as superintendent of the borough schools and principal of the high school, which position he filled very acceptably for a period of three years, when he again turned his attention to the legal profession and was admitted to the bar in Pittsburg in March, 1898. During the following year he served as secretary of the school board of Wilkinsburg, and in February, 1903, was elected burgess of that borough, holding that office until 1906. He is a member and active worker in the interests of the First Presbyterian church of Wilkinsburg, and is also superintendent of the Sunday-school connected with that institution. In political matters he upholds the principles of the Republican party, and he is a member of the Royal Arcanum.

Mr. Keys married in 1888 Lucy R. Bayard, a daughter of Samuel and Rebecca Ann (Randolph) Bayard, and they have one child: Florence Rebecca, born November 22, 1889.

AUGUST CHARLES GIES, so well known as the leading jeweler of the East End, Pittsburg, was born January 29, 1855, in Pittsburg, on what was then Pitt, but now Fifth street, a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Gies.

John Gies, the subject's father, was born June 25, 1814, in Colmar, Alsace, France, but at an early age was taken across the border into Bayern,

Rheinpfalz, Germany, and came to America in 1847, settling on old Pitt street, Pittsburg. He was by trade a shoemaker and also served as city weigh-master in Pittsburg from 1866 to the date of his death, which occurred August 1, 1878. In 1848 he married Mrs. Marie E. (Nieman) Banker, born August 12, 1814, in Venna, Hanover, and who died March 31, 1887. By her marriage to William Banker she was the mother of one son, W. H. Banker, who died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1895. W. H. Banker was the father of George A. Banker, of New York city; Arthur L. Banker, of the Banker Automobile Company, of the East End, Pittsburg; Mrs. Leon Firestone, of Wooster, Ohio; Mrs. George Price, who died in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1907, and A. L. Banker, of Chicago. By the marriage union of Mrs. William Banker and John Gies, the following children were born: 1. George E., born October 9, 1852, at 34 Pitt street (as were all the children), married Miss Lilly Thatcher, born June 4, 1856, at Millertown, Butler county, Pennsylvania, and their two children are: Dr. Charles J. A., born October 9, 1877, and Arthur A. W., born September 16, 1879, in Allegheny, Pennsylvania. 2. August Charles, subject, born January 29, 1855. 3. and 4. (twins) John H. and Albert J., born November 16, 1856. Of this family George E. resides in Allegheny City, and is master car builder at the Fort Wayne railroad shops; Albert J. is engaged in mining pursuits in Butte, Montana, unmarried. His twin brother, John H. Gies, is an optician, at the East End, Pittsburg. He was twice married, first to Miss Mary Wetzel in November, 1887. She was the daughter of Jacob Wetzel. She died in 1904, leaving children: Harold R., Albert Chester, who died aged one year, in 1893, and Clifford W., born August 9, 1897. For his second wife Mr. Gies married Mrs. Margaret Linn, whose maiden name was Taylor; she was the daughter of a Mr. Taylor, of Avalon, Pennsylvania. Her first husband's name was William Linn.

After the marriage of John Gies (I) and Marie E. (Nieman) Banker they settled for one year in old Shoustown, Pennsylvania, after which period they moved to an old log cabin between Penn and Liberty streets, at what is now No. 34 Fifth street, Pittsburg.

August Charles Gies, of this notice, son of John and Marie E. (Banker) Gies, received his education in the common school in the old Fourth ward district in Pittsburg, which stood where now stands the great department store of the Joseph Horne Company. After leaving school he very wisely chose a trade, that of a watchmaker; which he thoroughly mastered and which he has followed with its kindred branches ever since. Since 1879 he has been located in the East End, on Frankstown avenue, where he carries a most excellent and complete stock of jewelry. He has one of the finest collections of rare coins to be seen in Pennsylvania. Through this collection he has become widely known throughout the entire country as a numismatist. He belongs to the American Numismatic Association.

Mr. Gies is a thirty-second degree Mason and is numbered in the following lodges: Duquesne Lodge, No. 546, Free and Accepted Masons; Pittsburg Chapter Royal Arch Masons, No. 268; Mt. Moriah Council, No. 2, Royal and Select Master Masons; Duquesne Commandery No. 72, Knights Templar, of which he is the present treasurer; Pennsylvania Consistory S. P. R. S., Thirty-second degree Masons; Ancient Arabic Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, Syria Temple. He was reared in the Lutheran church faith

and politically is a staunch Democrat, though never aspiring to official positions.

He was united in marriage, June 14, 1887, to Miss Ella M. Caddes, of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, daughter of Henry and Susan (Orr) Caddes. In her parents' family were the following children: Elmer E. Caddes, of the South Side; Mrs. Charles R. Cunningham, of Crafton, Pennsylvania; Henry Caddes, of Newport News; Mrs. Henry S. Steven, of Danbury, Connecticut; Mrs. Thomas C. Beggs, deceased; John Caddes, William Caddes and Thomas Caddes. The children born to Mr. and Mrs. August C. Gies are as follows: 1. Edna E., born March 31, 1888. 2. A. C. Gies, Jr., born July 26, 1890. 3. George Arthur, born February 12, 1895, died February 29, 1896.

CHARLES BLANCHARD SEELY, interested in the real estate of Pittsburg through the estate of his father and otherwise, is a son of Charles B. and Sarah Stauffer (McIlvain) Seely.

(I) Charles Seely, the great-grandfather, was born in New York city, sometime in the latter half of the eighteenth century. But little is known of his personal history, further than that he married and had a son named Charles Blanchard Seely, probably named for Judge Blanchard, with whom he afterward studied law.

(II) Charles Blanchard Seely became an eminent lawyer in Cambria county, Pennsylvania, from which place he removed from New York city, the place of his birth. Besides his legal practice he was an extensive lumberman and owned several thousand acres of timber land in the vicinity of Ebensburg. One of the saw mills built by him is still standing in that borough. For a time he was treasurer of the county of Cambria, where he was one of the influential citizens. His death was caused by an accident, he being thrown from his horse, sustaining serious injuries which finally caused his death about 1839. He married and among his children were: Margaret, Samuel and Charles Blanchard, the second.

(III) Charles Blanchard Seely, son of Charles Blanchard Seely (II), was born in 1824, at Ebensburg, Pennsylvania, and remained there until his father's death, about fifteen years later, when he went to New Castle, Pennsylvania, where he remained four years in the employ of a Mr. Patterson. In 1843 he moved to Pittsburg, where he found work with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He continued in this company's employ for fifteen years, filling various positions of trust. Among the places he filled during this period was that of state agent for the corporation. He was always addressed and spoken of as "Captain Seely." Although he joined a state military company during the Civil war, he saw no active service. After he left the Pennsylvania Railroad Company he engaged in the real estate business, and at that date there were but three firms exclusively engaged in that line in Pittsburg, one of which was his. He was highly successful in his realty operations, which he conducted many years. The last decade of his life, however, was spent in retirement from the cares of active business, and he died in the year 1900. He was among, if not the first, of the pioneer real estate dealers to develop what is known as the "East End" of the city of Pittsburg, where he laid out many of the present-day important

residence streets, giving them the names which they still bear. In selecting such street names he was influenced by his great admiration for some of the Civil war heroes, as, for example, he named them Sheridan, Grant, Jackson, etc. He was at one time a member of the city council and also an assessor. Through the influence of his wife, whose uncle was the first pastor of the East Liberty Presbyterian church, he became much interested in church matters.

He was twice married, first to Anna B. Negley, by whom two sons were born—Frank H. and Daniel Negley Seely. For his second wife he married Sarah McIlwain, daughter of George and Sarah (Stauffer) McIlwain. By this union were born Sarah M. and Charles Blanchard, the last named being the subject.

(IV) Charles Blanchard Seely, subject, was educated in the common schools of Pittsburg and occupies his time in looking after the interests of his father's large estate.

He married Jean Shaw, daughter of John E. and Jean (Miller) Shaw, of Pittsburg, by which union one son is born—Charles Blanchard, born December 19, 1904, he being the fourth in direct line of descent having this name.

ROBERT JAMES McCUEAN, one of the busy workers at the plant of the United States Steel Corporation of Pittsburg, is the son of Joseph M. and Emily (Graham) McCuean. He was born at the city of Washington, District of Columbia, March 6, 1857, and received his education at the public schools of Cumberland, Maryland, after which he learned the boilermaker's trade with his father.

Joseph M. McCuean was born in or near Washington city, and there received a common school education, after which he mastered the trade of a boilermaker and followed it many years. He served in the Civil war, doing his full share to suppress the great rebellion from 1861 to 1865. Politically he was a Republican, and in church faith and profession of the Episcopal church. He resided for many years at Cumberland, Maryland. The date of his death was August 6, 1879. He married Miss Emily Graham, the daughter of Robert and Isabella Graham, of Scotland. To Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McCuean were born seventeen children, including the following who survive: 1. John. 2. Isabella. 3. Ellen. 4. Robert James. 5. Henrietta. 6. William. 7. George. 8. Ora. 9. Clara. 10. Joseph. 11. Frank. 12. Christopher. 13. Bertha. The mother, Mrs. Emily (Graham) McCuean, died August 3, 1899.

Robert James McCuean, of this sketch, was permitted to gain a fair common school education and then learned the boilermaker's trade from his father, who conducted a large shop at Cumberland, Maryland. In 1883 Robert J. came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and was in the employ of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company as an assistant foreman, which position he filled for eleven years in a highly satisfactory manner. At the end of that period Mr. McCuean entered the employ of the United States Steel Corporation, where he has remained twelve years.

He was married, December 22, 1881, to Miss Ida, daughter of Christopher and Mary (McCormick) Bosley. They have two children: Oakford Knott, born October 21, 1882, and Christopher Bosley, born May 18,

1884. In his political choice Mr. McCuean is an ardent supporter of the Republican party, and in church relations is an Episcopalian.

HARRIE HASTIE, of Hazelwood, Pittsburg, was born September 20, 1860, in Zurich, Switzerland, a son of Thomas Hastie, who was born in England, of English parentage, and married Ellen Middleton, a native of Leeds, England. Their family consisted of the following children: Sarah Ann, who died at the age of seventeen; William; Harrie, of whom later, and Ellen, who died at the age of twenty-two. The death of Thomas Hastie, the father, occurred in 1899, at Zurich.

Harrie Hastie, son of Thomas and Ellen (Middleton) Hastie, received his education in the public schools of his native town, and later went to Paris, France, and attended school there two or three years. In 1882 he emigrated to the United States. In 1884 he settled in Pittsburg, where for eight years he was employed as a machinist in a mill operated by the firm of Jones & Laughlin. For the last fourteen years he has been engaged in the dairy business at Hazelwood. He belongs to the Grand Fraternity, and in the sphere of politics affiliates with the Republicans. He is a member of the Presbyterian church.

Mr. Hastie married, July 11, 1891, Clara Ida, daughter of Frederick and Mary Ann (Jones) Faulkner, of Pittsburg, and the following children have been born to them: Thomas, born April 23, 1892, died September 19, 1902; Erick, born February 28, 1893, died September 10, 1893; George Edward, born January 13, 1894, and Francis Robert, born September 1, 1897.

ANDREW H. MCKIM, one of the skilled workmen of the Pittsburg Forge and Iron Company at Woods Run, where he has been for nearly a quarter of a century, was born in Scotland October 23, 1861, a son of Andrew McKim. The father, Andrew, was born in 1837 in Donegal, Ireland, of Scotch extraction. Samuel McKim emigrated to America in 1856. He located at Williamsburg, New York, where he was employed in a pottery for about one year, and in 1857 came on to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he was furnished work at gardening, but he soon discovered that would not be paying in the outcome, so he changed and went to work for the Duquesne forge, where he spent thirty years of his life, and up to date of removing the plant to Rankin. He then went to Rankin and continued twenty years longer with the same company, serving as a hammerman, in which work he was very skillful. He finally retired from the service. He married, in June, 1865, Mrs. Jane (McWatters) McKim, daughter of Thomas and Anna (Greenshield) McWatters, of Ayrshire, town of Kilwinning, Scotland. Jane McWatters was the widow of Andrew McKim, who was Samuel McKim's brother. To Andrew and Jane (McWatters) McKim two children were born: James and Andrew H., of whom later mention will be made. Andrew McKim, the father of James and Andrew H., died June 17, 1861, in Scotland. To Samuel and Jane (McWatters) McKim were born ten children, as follows: 1. David, who was a hammerman for many years but now an invalid, married Kate Jackson and has one child—Ruth. 2. Robert, who is a hammerman, married Margaret Bates—issue, one child, David. 3. Annie.

4. Margaret, the wife of George Thomas, of Sewickley. 5. Alexander, who is a heater in the iron works. 6. Thomas, a steel worker. 7. Lillian. 8. Mathew McDonald, a law student. 9. Helen, the wife of Herbert Morse, of New Castle, has one child—Margarie. 10. Maude, wife of Bert Reynolds. Samuel McKim and family are members of the United Presbyterian church of Braddock, Pennsylvania, and he is a staunch Republican in politics.

Andrew H. McKim, son of Andrew and Jane (McWatters) McKim, came to this country with his mother, Mrs. Jane McKim. He attended the Minorsville First and Fourth ward schools, as well as Curry Institute. He then went to work in the Duquesne forge, though not very old for such heavy labor. He first put up the doors to the furnaces, but continued from one position to another until he learned to be a good hammerman, which position he has held for over twenty-three years. He is now with the Pittsburgh Forge and Iron Company.

In 1888 he married Emma Jane Sarah, daughter of Philip Sarah and wife, of Braddock, and to them have been born seven children: 1. Annie McWatters, born March 23, 1889. 2. James, deceased, born January 31, 1892. 3. Charles, born December 12, 1893. 4. Lulu, born May 16, 1896. 5. Duncan McWatters, born May 26, 1898. 6. and 7. Children who died in infancy. Politically Mr. McKim is a Republican except in local matters, when he is independent. He is a member of the United Presbyterian church.

WICKLIFFE C. LYNE, insurance manager and educator, was born near Richmond, Virginia, September 22, 1850. His ancestors were of old English and Scotch stock, prominent in civil and ecclesiastical affairs of England as well as of Virginia in Colonial times. His father, Robert Baylor Lyne, a graduate of Transylvania University, Kentucky, was a Virginia physician, a man of great public spirit and influence, and brother to the mother of William Lyne Wilson, the author of the Wilson tariff bill and postmaster-general in the cabinet of President Cleveland. His great-grandfather, William Lyne, represented the county of King and Queen in the house of burgesses, composed of the most eminent men in Virginia, and was a member of the Virginia convention of 1775, made memorable by the first resolution planning the organization and defense of the colonies, in which Patrick Henry made his passionate speech for "liberty or death." He was also a member of the famous convention of 1788 with Madison, Jefferson, Henry and Randolph, when Virginia ratified the Federal constitution, and the career of the American Republic virtually began.

On the maternal side Mr. Lyne is a descendant of Colonel John Baylor, who was a member of the Virginia house of burgesses during the Colonial period, and a member of General Washington's staff during the Revolution. The wife of Colonel Baylor was Lucy Mann Page, descendant of Colonel Mann Page of his Majesty's council and of King Carter, president of the Colonial council, and grandfather of Carter Braxton, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. This line of descent makes Mr. Lyne eligible to membership in the Sons of the Colonial Wars, Society of the Cincinnati, and Sons of the American Revolution, of which he is a prominent member.

Wickliffe C. Lyne received a thorough classical training under private

tutors at Jefferson Academy. At sixteen he entered the sophomore class at Bethany College, West Virginia, and three years later was graduated with distinction, ranking first in the classics and science, though the youngest of his class. His alma mater subsequently conferred on him the honorary degree of Master of Arts in recognition of his successful work as principal of a normal school, an academy and a high school, and offered him the chair of Latin and Greek. Declining, he accepted the management for western Pennsylvania of a western insurance company. In this field he built up so large and lucrative a business that his territory was enlarged to include Iowa and West Virginia, and his skill as an underwriter and manager was sought in various executive capacities by leading life insurance companies. On the organization of the Pittsburgh Underwriters' Association he was made chairman of the executive committee, and the following year was chosen president.

Mr. Lyne is general agent of the Union Central Life Insurance Company of Cincinnati, Ohio, and is favorably known in business circles outside of life underwriting. He operated largely in real estate, and served for many years as director of a national bank, a trust company and an accident insurance company, and as trustee of a Carnegie library and of Bethany College. He has also been identified actively with some of the largest influential organizations promoting standards of public taste and civic betterment, such as the Pittsburgh Academy of Science and Art, Pittsburgh Art Society, of which he is a trustee; Mozart Musical Society, of which he is a trustee; American Academy of Political and Social Science of Philadelphia, of which he is a member, and the Sons of American Revolution, of which he was delegate and chairman of the state delegation in the National Congress held in Pittsburgh. He has the reputation of being a forceful speaker and writer. His services as a speaker at various times has brought him before state and national conventions. He was editor and proprietor of the *Review and Examiner*, an old Washington paper. Some of his writings have been published abroad, the *Financial Chronicle* of London reproducing his address upon the "Evolution and Ethics of Insurance Contracts" delivered before the annual convention of underwriters in Pittsburgh. In addition to all of these many-sided activities Mr. Lyne has always been an interested and active churchman, serving as president of the board of trustees for over ten years, as superintendent of Sunday-school for over twenty years, and as vice-president of the Pennsylvania Board of Home Missions. He is a member of the Duquesne and Union Clubs of Pittsburgh, and is affiliated with other social organizations.

Mr. Lyne has interested himself in public improvements, and mainly to his energetic efforts before council is due the pavement of the eastern end of Pennsylvania avenue for about a mile, and the macadamizing of Greensburg Pike to East Pittsburgh. He also was the founder of the beautiful Woodlawn cemetery, which was purchased, landscaped and organized under his sole personal direction. The Grand Army of the Republic elected him honorary member of a post by reason of his erecting a handsome soldiers' monument for that metropolis. His active interest in college work is further endorsed by the gift of a large library to a college, and the trustees, in honor of the donor, have called it the Lyne Library.

Mr. Lyne has never taken any special interest in politics, but once, while

on a business visit to West Virginia, he was drawn into active participation in a congressional campaign, which was one of the storm centers of the Cleveland-Harrison campaign. His kinsman, Hon. William Lyne Wilson, was in the field for reelection, but during his absence west speaking upon national issues the political managers of West Virginia became discouraged and formally announced through State Chairman Walker that Wilson's reelection was hopeless and not good politics to undertake, but by concentrating the canvass in other parts of the state other Democratic candidates could be pulled through. At this critical time, influenced more by friendship than political sympathies, Mr. Lyne threw himself into the canvass and undertook the sole management of the campaign with all his force as an organizer. He edited the local paper, wrote political circulars, thoroughly organized the whole district, planned the management of the entire campaign, roused up the people from their hopeless lethargy and succeeded in reelecting Mr. Wilson when every other district in the state went down in the hopeless wreck.

Mr. Lyne married Mary V. Winter, of ———, Pennsylvania, a daughter of Addison Winter, Esq., and descendant of Governor Henry Bull, colonial governor of Rhode Island, and of a president of Rhode Island, a Providence planter. She was the granddaughter of a Mr. Brown, of the international banking house of Brown Brothers. During her life she was identified with the Society of Colonial Dames of Pennsylvania, and the Civic Club of Allegheny County as director, and otherwise was active in leading clubs and church organizations of Pittsburg. Their children are: Wickliffe Bull, Sarah Harmon, Robert Addison and Virginia Brown Lyne. At his beautiful home, Fifth and Highland avenues, Mr. Lyne has one of the finest private libraries in the city. His collection of rare manuscripts and illuminated missals are of a very high grade.

THOMAS MULVEHILL, a venerable citizen of Swissvale, now living in retirement, and for half a century distinguished as an engineer, was born June 6, 1818, near the site of the Allegheny court house, a son of James Mulvehill, who was born in Ireland, and at the age of twenty-one emigrated to the United States. He settled in Pittsburg, where for many years he was engaged in business as a contractor for the building of turnpikes, his partner being John Claffy, his father-in-law. They constructed the greater portion of the old national pike from Columbus, Ohio, to Wheeling, Little Washington and Pittsburg, and a great part of the old northern pike from Williamsburg through the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland and Indiana to Philadelphia.

James Mulvehill married Susan, daughter of John Claffy, of Washington, Pennsylvania, and their children were: Thomas, of whom later; James, who served in the Civil war; Peter, who went to the Mexican war and was never again heard of; John, who died in the early sixties, in Pittsburg, during an epidemic of cholera, and Mary Jane.

Thomas Mulvehill, son of James and Susan (Claffy) Mulvehill, received his education in the district schools, and then learned the machinist's trade, also acquiring a knowledge of engineering. For fifty years he served as pilot, commander and engineer on boats plying on the Monongahela, Ohio and Mississippi rivers, between Pittsburg and New Orleans. He was employed

on the boats "Robert E. Lee," "Natchez," "Buckeye State," "Tom Reese No. 2," and many others. He built the "Tom Reese," the "Tom Reese No. 2" and the "Tom Jones." During a great part of the Civil war he served as engineer on the gunboat "Louisville." He is a Democrat and a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. Mulvehill has been twice married. His first wife was Mary Jane, daughter of John Foster, of Pittsburg. By her he became the father of twelve children, all of whom are deceased. Mrs. Mulvehill died about 1862, and Mr. Mulvehill married, in 1865, Mary Ann, daughter of James Dillon, of Pittsburg. The issue of this marriage has been two children: Susanna, wife of Frank Carroll, of McKeesport, and James Dillon, who married Mary, daughter of a Mr. Gibson, of Negley, Ohio.

JAMES B. LASH, one of the most enterprising and energetic of the business men of Pittsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, whose business interests extend into the fields of contracting, building, insurance and real estate, is a representative of one of the old families of the state.

John Lash, grandfather of James B. Lash, was born and reared in Washington county, Pennsylvania, and followed the occupation of farming throughout the active years of his life. He was a descendant of Scotch ancestry, and was one of the most prosperous and successful farmers in the county. He married and raised children.

David Lash, son of John Lash, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in huckstering for the greater part of his life. He also was a successful business man, and was highly respected in the community in which he resided. He married Mary Ann Sands and had children: 1. Henry B., married Minnie Miller. 2. Ella, married Sterly S. Fetzer. 3. James B., see forward. 4. Maggie, married Thomas Shannahan. 5. Jane, married William McNary. 6. David H., married Sarah McGahan. 7. Thomas, deceased, married Jane Milligan.

James B. Lash, second son and third child of David and Mary Ann (Sands) Lash, was born in Washington county, Pennsylvania, April 1, 1859. He was a pupil at the public schools of his native county during the winter months, and worked during the summer. Owing to the death of his father when he was a young lad he was early compelled to assist in the support of the family. When he had attained the age of seventeen years he went to Pittsburg and was there apprenticed to John Kenney to learn the carpenter's trade. At the end of three years, when he had mastered all the details of his trade, he entered the employ of McMillen & McCoston, where he subsequently rose to the rank of foreman. He was in the employ of this company for about eleven years, and then started in business for himself in a small way, as a contractor and builder. The reliability of his work and the honorable manner in which his business was conducted earned for him a steady, influential and constantly increasing patronage, until he is now one of the most successful builders in Mount Washington. He entered into the real estate and insurance business in 1880, building this up in a similar manner to his first venture, and is now equally successful in this line of business. He has been a stockholder and director for about one year in the Mount Washington Savings and Trust Company, and has been a director in the

Prospect Building and Loan Association for about eighteen years. He has been a member and elder in the Mount Washington Presbyterian church for more than twenty years, and has also served as assistant superintendent of the Sunday-school for many years. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, also of the Encampment; of the Royal Arcanum; and of the Senior Order of American Mechanics.

Mr. Lash married, August 20, 1885, Ida B. Lent, daughter of John and Mary E. (Welsh) Lent, the former a florist who resided the greater part of his life at Sewickley, Pennsylvania, and was for many years a member of the Presbyterian church; the latter was born in Wales, and came to America with her parents when she was an infant. Mr. and Mrs. Lash have had children: 1. Alberta M., who died in infancy. 2. James H., a carpenter and builder in business with his father. 3. Ethel L. 4. Frank H. 5. Clarence. All the children are members of the Presbyterian church.

NICHOLAS McTURK. In the offices of the United States Steel Corporation at Swissvale, Pennsylvania, was born August 2, 1868, in county Antrim, Ireland, a son of John McTurk. The father was born in the same county of Ireland and married Margaret White, by whom eight children were born: 1. David, residing in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. 2. William. 3. Nicholas (twin of William). William died at the age of twenty-one years and Nicholas died in infancy. 4. Nicholas, of whom later mention is given. 5. Margaret, who died in infancy. 6. John, who died in infancy. 7. John. 8. Maggie, wife of Joseph Couples, of Nevada county, California.

Nicholas McTurk, fourth son of Mr. and Mrs. John McTurk, received his education in Ballymena, Ireland, and came to this country in 1890. He was employed with the Westinghouse manufacturing interests in the Pittsburg district for a number of years at the air brake department, but at present is in the clerical department of the United States Steel Corporation. He was married in 1895 to Miss Sarah Ann McKay, born July 31, 1874, a daughter of John G. and Jennie (McTurk) McKay, of Dansville, New York. Four children bless this marriage union: 1. Jeannette Williams, born September 20, 1897. 2. Walter Nicholas, born March 30, 1899. 3. Charles Edward, born April 20, 1903. 4. John Wilson, born October 5, 1905.

WILLIAM J. PAYNE, head of the firm of William J. Payne & Company, general contractors, and who is also actively interested in a number of other important business enterprises, is in the truse sense of the word a self-made man. He was the first of his family, which is an old one of England, to come to the United States.

Caleb Payne, grandfather of William J. Payne, was by trade a butcher, an occupation he followed all his life. He married and had children: Annie, Martha, Hester, Sarah Jane, Mary, William, John, Charles, Caleb, Richard and Abraham.

John Payne, son of Caleb Payne, spent his entire life in England, where he was employed as a stone mason, and died while still a very young man. He married Annie Sansom, and they had children: Charles H., who married Lizzie Hutchins; William J., see forward, and Frederick.

William J. Payne, son of John and Annie (Sansom) Payne, was born in Somersetshire, England, November 14, 1860. He had some instruction in a private school, and attended night school for a time, in which the greater part of his education was acquired. At the age of eight years he was apprenticed to learn the stone mason's trade, and had completed his apprenticeship at the age of fourteen years. During five years of this time he earned but twenty-five cents a week, and from this he gradually rose until at the age of eighteen years he was earning five dollars and twenty-five cents a week. When he attained his majority he emigrated to the United States, locating at what is known as Mount Washington Hill, Thirty-first ward of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and obtained employment as a stone mason. He was thrifty, industrious and economical, and after a time had amassed a sufficient sum to enable him to establish himself in the general contracting business. The reliability of his work soon enabled him to operate on a more extensive scale, and he now has a business which is in a most flourishing and satisfactory condition. During the continuation of the big strikes in Pittsburg there was absolutely nothing to be done in the contracting line, and Mr. Payne found employment in a rolling mill at a daily wage of one dollar and twenty-five cents, which, in the course of a year, without any request on his part, was increased to three dollars per day. He resumed his general contracting business in 1905, also buys ground, erects houses thereon and sells them, and now has associated with him in the business his sons, William J. and Walter E. The business has been greatly extended and they furnish employment to about two hundred men. Mr. Payne is a director in the Hilltop Savings & Trust Company; director in the Thirty-first Ward Building & Loan Association; stockholder in the Twelfth Street Building & Loan Association, and for seven years has been a director in the latter organization. He is a member of the Masonic fraternity, having attained the Thirty-second degree; of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows; the Foresters of America; and the Royal Arcanum. His political support is given to the Republican party.

Mr. Payne married, November 31, 1881, Eliza Jane Stone, a daughter of George Stone, and they have had children: 1. William J., married Anna Hiris, and has two children: Grace and Edith. 2. Walter E. 3. Ray E. 4. Eliza. 5. Albert. 6. Bessie.

REV. JOHN H. NORRIS, pastor of the Church of the Pentecost at Mount Washington, Pennsylvania, is of English and Scotch descent, both his maternal and paternal ancestors having come to America many years ago.

James Norris, grandfather of Rev. John H. Norris, was born in New Jersey, and while still quite a young man migrated to Columbiana county, Ohio, where he followed agricultural pursuits.

John Norris, son of James Norris, was also born in New Jersey, and later followed the occupation of farming in Columbiana county, Ohio. He and his entire family were members of the Presbyterian church, in which he was for many years an elder. He married Hannah Cameron, daughter of John Cameron, and granddaughter of Simeon Cameron, both natives of Glasgow, Scotland. Simeon Cameron emigrated to this country with his family when his son John was five years of age, settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, for a time, and from thence went to Columbiana county, Ohio, where he pur-

chased a farm, and was engaged in its cultivation during the remainder of his life. The Camerons for many generations had adhered to the Presbyterian faith. John and Hannah (Cameron) Norris had children: James; Rev. John H., see forward; Nancy, who died in infancy; Emma F., who married Joseph M. Larkins, and Frank M. Mr. Norris died in 1885, at the age of fifty-three years, and his wife in 1904, aged seventy-five years.

Rev. John H. Norris, second son and child of John and Hannah (Cameron) Norris, was born near Wellsville, Ohio, June 1, 1860. His early years were spent on the home farm, and his preparatory education was obtained at the Aldrick public school and the Lisbon high school. He was then engaged in teaching for several terms, then entered Duff's Business College in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated, and went to the Union College, Stark county, Ohio, from there to the Wooster College, at Wooster, Ohio, from which latter institution he was graduated in 1888. He then matriculated at the Western Theological Seminary at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, from which he was graduated in 1890. While pursuing his theological studies he taught two years in the Pittsburg Academy, and immediately after his graduation from the seminary he received a call to the Presbyterian church in Toronto, Ohio, of which he was the pastor two years. He was then pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian church of Chicago, Illinois, for one year, and then for about five years of the Mount Washington church in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He began the organization of his present congregation in December, 1897, and has met with remarkable success in his new undertaking. Withdrawing from the Presbyterian church, he became identified with the denomination known as Pentecostal Nazarians, the main body of which was organized eleven years ago on the Pacific coast and has had a phenomenal growth. It now (1907) has forty-five churches, twelve missionaries and two publications devoted to the interests of this denomination. Rev. Mr. Norris is a frequent contributor to the publications. He conducted the first services at Mount Washington in a hall December 12, 1897, and this place was used for divine services for a period of two years, by which time his efforts had been so successful that funds sufficient to build a church edifice had been raised. The congregation now owns a beautiful church, with a seating capacity of about seven hundred, and a fine parsonage, and the two properties are worth about thirty thousand dollars. The church has about two hundred and fifty members, and one of the best organized Sunday-schools in western Pennsylvania. In addition to this they have erected a church at Lincoln Place, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, worth about five thousand dollars. They support twelve foreign missions and have some of the most enterprising and progressive ministers working for the denomination. Rev. Mr. Norris is an energetic and faithful worker and an eloquent and forceful preacher. He has been associated in divine services with the noted evangelist, Rev. Sam. Jones, at various times, and has been prominently identified with camp meetings and religious revivals for some years. He is one of the leading spirits in the denomination he represents, and was a member of the committee which framed the Manual of Church Government. He married, in May, 1882, Eva Sebring, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Larkins) Sebring, of East Liverpool, Ohio. This family is one of the most prominent in that section of the state of Ohio, and brothers of Mrs. Norris were the founders of the prosperous

town of Sebring, Ohio. Rev. John H. and Eva (Sebring) Norris have had children: 1. Gertrude F., married Harry B. McCrary, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and has one child, Eva. 2. Lois C.

JAMES McKEEVER, in his lifetime a prosperous business man of Swissvale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, for many years engaged in the live stock business, was a representative of an honored family of Ireland.

Patrick McKeever, father of James McKeever, was born in Ireland and spent his entire life there. He was an extensive dealer in live stock and all connected with that line of business. He married Mary McCaffrey, also a native of Ireland, and they had children: Nellis, Patrick, Mary and James.

James McKeever, third son and fourth and youngest child of Patrick and Mary (McCaffrey) McKeever, was born in county Armagh, Ireland, July 22, 1840. He emigrated to the United States in 1865 and settled in Swissvale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, which was ever afterward his home. He established himself as a dealer in live stock, with which line of business he was thoroughly familiar, and was very successful in all his business dealings in this direction. He accumulated a considerable amount of this world's goods and was a highly respected citizen and a kind and helpful neighbor. He married, November 14, 1864, Annie Trainor, daughter of James Trainor, of Chapel Hall, Lanarkshire, Scotland, who came to America in 1866. They have had children: Patrick, who died in 1898, married Mary Newmyer; James, Jr., who married Annie Rhone, of Youngstown, Ohio; Mary, who married John Fitsgibbon, of Pittsburg; Catherine, Thomas, John, Frank, William, Annie, George, and one child who died unnamed in infancy. All the members of the McKeever family are members of the Catholic church of Swissvale, and Mr. McKeever affiliated with the Democratic party. He died February 13, 1908.

JOHN JOSEPH McNAMARA, of Pittsburg, was born October 10, 1869, at Little Orleans, West Virginia, a son of John McNamara, who was born at Point of Rocks, Maryland, and was educated in the common schools of his native town. He was for the very long period of fifty-two years in the service of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, his last position being that of signalman. In 1901, in recognition of his faithfulness to duty for more than half a century, he was placed on the retired list. He was a Democrat and a member of the Roman Catholic church.

John McNamara married Bridget, daughter of John and Mary (Laughlin) Bradley, of Little Orleans, West Virginia, and the following were their children: James William; Daniel Francis; Margaret Agnes; John Joseph, of whom later; Elizabeth Bradley, George, Charles, Clara, Ella and Irene.

John Joseph McNamara, son of John and Bridget (Bradley) McNamara, received his education in the public schools of his birthplace, and for five years was connected with the street railway system. He is now the prosperous and genial proprietor of the Hotel McNamara, Glenwood, Pittsburg. His political principles are those upheld by the Republican party, and he is a member of the Roman Catholic church.

Mr. McNamara married, June 14, 1897, Martha Lyden, daughter of

Patrick and Martha (Lyden) Needham, of Clifden, county Galway, Ireland, and they are the parents of the following children: John Joseph, born September 7, 1904; Martha M., born January 12, 1907, and Regis C., born February 2, 1908.

JOHN H. McCrARY, a well-known resident of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and proprietor of a large wire and nail factory at Elwood, Pennsylvania, is a representative of an old and honored family of county Antrim, Ireland. This name is a highly esteemed one in Ireland, and there are no less than twenty families bearing it in the county above mentioned, and they are all related to each other.

Barney McCrary, great-grandfather of John H. McCrary, was a farmer in county Antrim, Ireland. He married Rosa Martin, also of ancient ancestry.

John McCrary, son of Barney and Rosa (Martin) McCrary, followed in the footsteps of his father as a farmer. He married Rose Hammill of the same county, and they were the parents of children: Barney, John, Hugh, see forward; Thomas, Margaret, Rose, Bridget, Henry and Mary.

Hugh McCrary, third son and child of John and Rose (Hammill) McCrary, was also born in the county of Antrim, Ireland, where he died at the age of forty years. He married Margaret Bolton, born in the same county, where she died at a comparatively youthful age. Their children were: John H., see forward; Mary Jane, married Samuel Hill; Margaret, unmarried; Henry, and Daniel.

John H. McCrary, eldest child of Hugh and Margaret (Bolton) McCrary, was born in county Antrim, Ireland, in April, 1845. He was educated in the public schools of his native district and at the age of sixteen years emigrated to the United States, where he settled in the city of New York and was apprenticed to learn the manufacture of wire. At the conclusion of his apprenticeship of three years he worked as journeyman for a number of years, being employed in various wire factories, and rising to the position of foreman in a factory in New York city. Later he resigned this position and went to Johnstown, Cambria county, Pennsylvania; was foreman in wire mills for a period of two years, and then came to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in 1881, and accepted the position of foreman in the Oliver & Roberts Wire Mills. At the expiration of six years he resigned this in favor of the superintendency of the wire mills of Lambert & Bishop, of Joliet, Illinois, but at the end of seven years returned to Oliver & Roberts, with whom he remained for another seven years. He then sold his interests in these mills and established himself in the same line of business in Elwood, Pennsylvania, where he now (1907) has an extensive wire and nail factory, furnishing employment to forty men. The factory is run under the business name of John H. McCrary & Sons, and its reputation for excellence of goods and reliability is surpassed by none in the state. Mr. McCrary and his family are members of the Catholic church, and he is a member of the church committee.

He married, in 1881, Margaret McCulley, daughter of James McCulley, and they have had children: John, James, married Florence Reynolds, daughter of Charles Reynolds, of Pittsburg; Elnora, Margaret, Mary, who

died in infancy; Hubert, two who died in infancy, Rosela and Mary (second).

CHARLES E. MITCHEL, a well-known resident of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and a man of varied attainments who has been instrumental in furthering the welfare of his city in a number of directions, is a brother of Laurance A. Mitchel, a sketch of whom and the ancestry of the family will be found elsewhere in this work.

Charles E. Mitchel was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, May 27, 1867. His education was acquired in St. Mary's Catholic School and in the College of the Holy Ghost, from which he was graduated with honor. He then studied law for a period of two years, after which, in March 26, 1902, he was appointed as clerk in the box department of the post office. He has devoted much time to the study and instruction in music, making a profession of this art, and at the present time has in charge one thousand of the school children of the public schools in preparation for public exercises. He is gifted with a fine voice, and has more than a merely local reputation as a teacher of vocal music. Politically he is a Republican, and he is a member of the Catholic church. He is one of the foremost members of the Musical Club of Pittsburg.

Mr. Mitchel married, in 1904, Maria Ann McDowell, also highly gifted with musical abilities, a daughter of Martin and Jane McDowell, of Irish descent, and they have one child, Grace Cecelia, born April 18, 1905.

IRWIN J. MOYER, M. D., of Oakland, comes of an old-time family of the Keystone state. In the counties of Bucks, Berks and Lehigh the name is common, and it appears from early records that it was at one time spelled by some members of the family Meyer. The history of the race is traced through the following generations:

(I) Jacob Moyer, founder of the American branch of the family, came to this country from Switzerland, in 1742. He was accompanied by his widowed mother, one sister and three brothers, William, Henry and Peter. They were all natives of Switzerland, but the year previous to their emigration had been the guests of connections in Germany, where the family had originally resided, but whence they were exiled by the Calvinists or State Reformed church. William, Henry and Peter settled in what was then included in Bucks county, Peter taking up his abode in Springfield township. He was born in 1723 and aided in founding the Mennonite church in Bucks county.

Jacob Moyer, the progenitor of the Pittsburg branch of the family, settled in Centre Valley, Lehigh county, where, as shown by the records, he was granted, March 4, 1749, a tract of one hundred acres, an additional one hundred acres being granted to him December 6, 1749. He was a farmer and also preached in the Mennonite church, which he aided in founding in Lehigh county. He married and reared a family, including a son, Philip.

(II) Philip Moyer, son of Jacob Moyer (I), was born about 1750, in Lehigh county, and was a soldier in the Continental army, being a member of the Eighth Company of the Sixth Battalion, Pennsylvania Line. He married, and among his children was a son, George.

(III) George Moyer, son of Philip Moyer (II), was born about 1780, in Lehigh county, and removed to Mercer county, where he passed the remainder of his life. He married Rebecca Woodle, by whom he became the father of fourteen children, including the following: Nancy, Joseph, Josiah, Mary, Peter, William, George and Rebecca. The names of the remainder of the family have not been preserved, but it is known that all the members reached mature years. George Moyer, the father, died in 1845.

(IV) William Moyer, son of George (III) and Rebecca (Woodle) Moyer, was born in 1813, in Lehigh county, and in 1835 settled near Greenville, Mercer county, where until the close of his long and useful life he devoted himself to agricultural pursuits, in which he prospered. He served West Salem township in various official capacities, and ever took a deep interest in educational matters. Politically he was first a Whig and later a Republican. He was a devout member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

William Moyer married Nancy, daughter of George and Mary (Clark) Dunham, of Ireland, and there children were: Peter, born in 1839, died unmarried in February, 1904; George, born in 1840, died in childhood; Sanford, born in 1842; Jotham, born in 1844, married, but died in December, 1879, without issue; James, born in 1846, married Mary Welk; Xenia, born in 1848, died in infancy; Jerusha, born in 1850, died in 1871; Emma, born in 1852, died unmarried in 1876, and Irwin J. Sanford, third of these six sons, served three years during the Civil war with the rank of sergeant, and was wounded in battle by the bursting of a shell, which caused the loss of one eye. He was promoted to regimental quartermaster, and upon the expiration of his term returned to Mercer county. Subsequently he took up the study of law and practiced in Colorado till his death. James, the fifth son, despite his youth, entered the army and served one year in the One Hundred and Ninety-ninth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

(V) Irwin J. Moyer, son of William (IV) and Nancy (Dunham) Moyer, was born in 1858, in Mercer county, and received his preparatory education in the common schools, graduating, in 1882, from Edinboro, Pennsylvania. In 1886 he graduated from the medical department of the Western Reserve University of Ohio, and in 1888 from the University of Pennsylvania. In the latter year he began practice in Pittsburg. He is professor of Clinical Medicine in the medical department of the Western University of Pennsylvania. He is connected with the Allegheny County Medical Society, and is a charter member of the Pittsburgh Academy of Medicine, of which he has been president. He belongs to the Masonic fraternity and in politics affiliates with the Republicans. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Dr. Moyer married Lilian Carter, daughter of John and Mary (Herlehy) Carter, and they have been the parents of the following children: William J., born in 1893; Joseph C., born in December, 1894, died in 1895; and Sanford, born in December, 1896.

That the Moyer family have ever been loyal to their country is fully proved by various records in the several counties of Pennsylvania in which they have from time to time been resident. The earlier histories of the state and its counties have the name of Casper Moyer, who served as a grand juryman in 1813 in the quarter sessions court of Lehigh county. Among the list of patrons of the first history of Lehigh county, dated 1844, appear the

names of Samuel Moyer, Robert B. Moyer, of Salisbury township, and Major Daniel Moyer, of South Whitehall township. Samuel Moyer served in the Pennsylvania legislature in 1826, and among the residents named on tax lists are Abraham, Henry, senior; and Henry, junior, and also William Moyer. The tax roll on which these names appear is that for 1812.

As patriots the family have a good record. As mentioned above, Philip Moyer, great-grandfather of Dr. Moyer, was a soldier of the Revolution. It is also worthy of note that Adam, Christian and Michael Moyer (relatives) enlisted in the Continental army June 25, 1775, and were sent to Cambridge, Massachusetts, Adam and Christian serving under Captain George Negley. From the "Proceedings of the Pennsylvania German Society," Volume XV, page 55, it appears that recently there has been published an account of finding in a closet in the old White Horse Tavern, when it was remodeled in 1884, the only muster roll of the company commanded by Captain Benjamin Weiser in the Revolutionary war. It is dated October 3, 1776, and in it is to be found the name of Everhart Moyer.

Thus it appears that the Moyer family have in every generation been true to country, great readers and preservers of history, and property owners and pioneers in several counties of Pennsylvania.

GEORGE A. BAEURLEIN, a well-known contractor and builder residing at No. 906 Evergreen avenue, Millvale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, is a representative of the second generation of his family in this country, his ancestors having been natives of Germany.

John Baurlein, father of George A. Baurlein, was born in Bavaria, Germany, in 1817. He emigrated to the United States in 1845, and settled for a time in Mount Washington, removing later to Marshall township. There he bought a fine farm which became an excellent oil producer, and is still in the possession of members of the family. It is one of the best producers in the Brush Creek field. Mr. Baurlein had received an excellent education in his native land, but his eyesight became impaired and he was compelled to refrain from all clerical work, consequently he devoted all his time to agriculture. He retired to Millvale in 1890, where he died July 20, 1900. He was noted for his integrity and the liberality of the opinions he entertained. He was a member of the German Lutheran church, and gave his political support to the Democratic party. His wife, whom he married in Germany, died in 1903, and they were the parents of children: 1. Elizabeth, who married John Jenson. 2. John, who died in 1905, married (first) Elizabeth Bigtner, (second) Matilda Smith. 3. Barbara, married William Seel. 4. George A., see forward.

George A. Baurlein, second son and fourth and youngest child of John and Barbara Baurlein, was born in Bavaria, Germany. His early years were spent on the farm of his father in Marshall township, where he also attended the public schools. He came to Millvale in 1881, and was apprenticed to learn the trade of carpentering with his brother, who was a contractor and builder. He established himself in the contracting and building business in 1892, in which he has been successfully engaged since that time, having erected some of the most important buildings of that section of the county. He is a Republican in his political affiliations, and has served the borough three terms as a member of the school board and has been a

volunteer fireman. He is a member of the Presbyterian church of Millvale, and also of Lodge No. 779, Royal Arcanum, of Millvale.

Mr. Baurlein married, in 1884, Martha Neely, daughter of James and Martha Neely, and they have had children: 1. Caroline, born in 1885, married John Gillespie. 2. Martha M., born June 14, 1888. 3. Florence, born November 20, 1890.

THOMAS H. McCUTCHEON, superintendent for Armstrong & McKelvey, of Pittsburg, was born in that city in 1870, a son of Robert S. McCutcheon, and grandson of Hugh McCutcheon, who was born in 1806, in county Down, Ireland, and was a flower gardener and stone mason. In 1828 he emigrated to the United States and settled in Philadelphia, abandoning the stone mason's trade and entering the service of John Rearider as head vegetable gardener and steward of the farm. Mr. Rearider was at this time under contract to carry the mail from Washington, District of Columbia, to New York, by way of Philadelphia, which he accomplished by relays of horses, his farm being headquarters for the horses between Philadelphia and New York.

Mr. McCutcheon remained there until the winter of 1836, when he came to Pittsburg, making the journey in a sleigh and spending eleven days on the road. In that city he was for a short time employed by a commission house, and later purchased teams with which he drew sand from the bar in the Monongahela river and stored it for the use of the builders of Pittsburg. This afterward led him into the draying business, which he continued until 1849, when he sold out and bought a farm in Indiana township which is still in the family. Politically he was a Democrat. His religious belief was that of the Covenanters, and he was for many years a trustee of the East Union Presbyterian church.

Hugh McCutcheon married, in Philadelphia, Mary A., daughter of William and Margaret Scott, of county Armagh, Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. McCutcheon became the parents of the following children: Robert S., of whom later; John, born in 1839, died in childhood; William, born in 1840, married Margaret Merlo; Nancy, born in 1842, died in childhood; James, born in 1843, died in youth; George, born in 1844, died at the age of sixteen; Ann, born in 1846, wife of James Henderson; Samuel, born in 1848, married Mary Shopie; Hugh, born in 1849, married Elizabeth Woods. The mother of this family died in 1885, and the father passed away in 1893, at the home of his son, Robert S., at Millvale.

Robert S. McCutcheon, son of Hugh and Mary A. (Scott) McCutcheon, was born February 4, 1837, in Pittsburg, and received his education in the public schools of that city. When he was twelve years old the family moved to the farm, and he became his father's assistant in the labors of the homestead. Later he learned the carpenter's trade, and for more than nine years was employed at his trade by the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company. In 1880 he began teaming and contracting, quarrying stone and excavating cellars, and continued the business until 1891, when he received the appointment of tipstaff, which he still holds. Eight times he acted as delegate to state conventions, was present at both nominations of Governor Patterson, and was alternate delegate to the National convention at which Cleveland was

nominated for president. He belongs to Evergreen Lodge No. 763, Royal Arcanum, and to the I. O. O. F., having filled all the chairs of a subordinate lodge to the encampment. He is a member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and in 1877 was one of the organizers of the church of that denomination at Millvale. In 1897, when the present edifice was erected, he served as chairman of the building committee. For five years he has been superintendent of the Sunday-school, in which he is an ardent worker.

Mr. McCutcheon married, in 1867, Mary, daughter of Thomas and Mary (Lane) Lemon, and they became the parents of the following children: Anna, born in 1868, died in 1894; Thomas H., of whom later; Samuel, born in 1877, married Anna Mantz, and four who died in childhood. The mother of these children died December 30, 1894, and in 1899 Mr. McCutcheon married Matilda Rook McKeys, daughter of William and Jane Rooks.

Thomas H. McCutcheon, son of Robert S. and Mary (Lemon) McCutcheon, received his education in the public schools of Millvale, and in 1880 entered the service of Armstrong & McKelvey, lead and oil merchants of Pittsburg. Beginning in the capacity of clerk, his energy and close attention to business advanced him step by step until in 1898 he was made superintendent of the entire plant, which position he still holds. In 1896 he was elected to the council of Millvale as a representative of the Third ward; in 1902 was chosen to fill the same office from the Second ward, and has been reelected for three successive terms. In 1905, 1906 and 1907 he served as president of the council. He belongs to the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, No. 39, of Millvale; Lodge No. 763, Royal Arcanum, of Evergreen, Pennsylvania; St. John's Lodge, No. 10, Knights of Pythias, of Millvale, and Corinthian Lodge, No. 573, F. and A. M., of which he was third master in 1902. He also affiliates with Allegheny Chapter, No. 217, Allegheny Commandery, No. 35, Allegheny Council, No. 38, Pennsylvania Consistory and Syria Temple. He is a Republican in politics and a Protestant in religious belief.

Mr. McCutcheon married Emily, daughter of George H. and Wilhelmina S. Noll, of Allegheny, and they are the parents of two children: Robert G., born July 7, 1897, and Ruth E., born September 24, 1904.

FREDERICK LAWRENCE GRAF, a mantle and tile manufacturer of Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, was born May 13, 1870, on the old Walker homestead, near Troutville, Clearfield county, Pennsylvania. His grandfather, Paul Graf, was a native of Germany, born at Coburg, where he was engaged in the milling business and possessed a considerable wealth. He married Anna Kendegunde Zech, and among other children had Charles, George, August and Katherine Wilhelmina. These came to America and settled in different places. Charles finally located in Ohio; George in Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, and August in Clearfield county. Katherine Wilhelmina was born June 18, 1831, and married, September, 1853, the Rev. Mr. Raisig.

August Graf, the father of the subject of this notice, was born at Coburg, Germany, in 1826, and emigrated to this country in the forties. After coming to Clearfield he engaged in opening mines, which he followed until his death in January, 1900. In politics he was a Democrat, and in his religious faith and

profession a German Lutheran, being a member and a very zealous worker in that church. He married Mary Walker, of Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, and by her had three children: 1. Emma, wife of J. H. Youngk, and their issue is: Ralph, Frank, Paul and Lewis. 2. Lizzie, who married Frederick Hoffman, whose children are: William, Roy and Nellie. 3. Edward. 4. Frederick L., the subject, of whom later. 5. Katie. 6. Frank. 7. William. 8. Arthur. 9. Julia.

Frederick L. Graf, of this memoir, was born at Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, and was educated at the public schools of that section and later attended Duff's College at Pittsburg. He began his business career by clerking in a drug store for Dr. William Altman at Punxsutawney. Subsequently he went to Delancy postoffice, Jefferson county, where he had employment in the company stores of the Buffalo, Rochester, Pittsburgh Coal and Iron Company. After one year thus engaged he came to Pittsburg, taking his course at Duff's College, after which he was bookkeeper for Raisig & Company, with whom he continued until 1890, when he launched out for himself in the window glass business, locating on Penn avenue. In 1893 he engaged in the mantle and tile business on Wallace avenue, Wilksburg, and still continues, and is a partner in the firm of Morris Graf & Company. He is the treasurer of the Inter-State Mantle and Tile Association of the United States. He is connected with the Masonic fraternity, a member of Washington Lodge No. 253, of Pittsburg; a Knight Templar, of the Pittsburg Commandery No. 1, and of the Pennsylvania Consistory; also belongs to the order of Shriners, Syria Temple, as well as being a member of the Wilksburg Royal Arch Chapter No. 285. In politics Mr. Graf is a supporter of the Republican party, and is of the Presbyterian church.

He was united in marriage to Myra A. Carrothers, daughter of Alfred L. Carrothers, of Orbisonia, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. By this union the issue is two children.

WILLIAM O. McNARY, of Wilksburg, who has for the last twelve years been numbered among the active practicing lawyers of Greater Pittsburg, in whose ranks he has made for himself an honorable place, was born in 1870 at Bloomington, Indiana, a son of the Rev. William P. McNary, who was born in Canonsburg, Washington county, Pennsylvania, where his boyhood was passed.

The early education of Dr. McNary was obtained in the local schools. He afterward attended the academy at Wilksburg, and later entered Washington and Jefferson College, whence he graduated in 1861. Immediately thereafter, in response to President Lincoln's call for one hundred and twenty-five thousand men, he enlisted in the Tenth Regiment, Pennsylvania Reserves, but by reason of the Pennsylvania quota being already filled the regiment was held several weeks before being mustered into service. After nearly a year's service at the front Dr. McNary was made adjutant of the One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, Colonel Clark commanding. This was an Allegheny county regiment and was actively engaged during its entire period of service, participating in the following battles: First Bull Run, second Bull Run, Antietam, Wilderness, Fredericksburg, seven days' battle before Richmond, and a number of other important engagements as well as numerous skirmishes.

During the war Dr. McNary served in various ranks, first as sergeant, then as second lieutenant, then as captain, and finally as lieutenant colonel in a regiment enlisted at the time of Morgan's raid to protect Pennsylvania from invasion. Though not expected to do any active service out of the state it ultimately captured Morgan, with his whole force, in Ohio. At the termination of the war Dr. McNary entered the United Presbyterian Theological Seminary at Xenia, Ohio, and later went to the Allegheny Theological Seminary at Allegheny City. Soon after graduating he was ordained, and in 1867 was installed as pastor of the United Presbyterian church at Leavenworth, Kansas, remaining two years and a half. At the end of that time he went to Bloomington, Indiana, as pastor of the United Presbyterian church in that town, and was in charge there for the next thirteen years. In 1884 he founded the *United Presbyterian* in St. Louis, and after editing the paper for two years sold out and removed to Tarkio, Missouri, where he became pastor of the United Presbyterian church and president of the board of trustees of the United Presbyterian College situated in that city. After thirteen more years of service in the church he retired from the active ministry, and has since been extensively engaged in the west in managing ranches under the new government ditch at Torrington, Wyoming, where he has also organized a United Presbyterian mission.

Dr. McNary married, September 27, 1866, Elizabeth Graham, whose family history is given below:

(I) Jared Graham, founder of the family in this country, came hither, presumably from Scotland, early in the eighteenth century. He was accompanied by his wife, Janet Buchanan Graham, by whom he was the father of several children.

(II) James Graham, son of Jared (I) and Janet (Buchanan) Graham, was born in 1725, and married Martha Hutchison, who was born in 1731. Their children were: Jared, born 1765, married Jennie Simmons and moved with ten children to Ohio; Martha, married, April 22, 1787, John Kennedy; Thomas, born in 1768, married, March 16, 1802, a McKeehan, and had one son, George; Arthur, born in 1770, married, February 14, 1797, Nancy McClure, children, Robert, James and William; Isaiah, born in 1771, married Nancy Lindsay, children, Martha, Elizabeth, Nancy, Samuel and James; and James, of whom later. The mother of these six children died July 22, 1779, and the father passed away September 2, 1807. The history of the grandchildren of their sons, Thomas, Arthur and Isaiah, is traced below:

George, son of Thomas Graham, married, February 3, 1830, Elizabeth Alter, children, Thomas, George, Alter and John. Robert, son of Arthur and Nancy (McClure) Graham, married Eliza McFarlane, one daughter, Martha. William, brother of Robert, married Nancy Davidson, children, Robert, John, James, Albert and Finley. Martha, daughter of Isaiah and Nancy (Lindsay) Graham, married John McFarlane, children, Eliza, Isaiah G., James and Nancy Evaline. Elizabeth, sister of Martha, married Ezekiel Kilgrove, children, Nancy Jane, William, Ezekiel and Martha Belle. James, brother of Martha and Elizabeth, held the office of judge, and married, first, Eliza Davidson, children, Isaiah, a captain in the Civil war; Jane and Laura. He married, secondly, Mary Ziegler, children, John, Mary, Agnes, Samuel, James, Alice, Sally, Duncan and Frank.

(III) James Graham, son of James (II) and Martha (Hutchison) Gra-

ham, was born in 1775, and was a clergyman. He married, June 14, 1804, Elizabeth Martin, and their children were: Mary, born March 25, 1805, and died September 18, 1869, married, in 1840, a Mr. Agnew, and had one child, Mary Eliza; Robert, born September 25, 1806, died October 20, 1862; Martha Matilda, born February 25, 1808, wife of Dr. James Carruthers; Elizabeth, born January 31, 1810, wife of the Rev. Adam Torrance, children, Mary, Martha, Matilda, Ell (judge), E. Swift, A. Graham and Elizabeth; James, of whom later; and Priscilla W., born December 18, 1813, wife of George Haymaker, children, James, Agnes, Elizabeth, Jacob, Martha and Mary (twins), Priscilla, Margaret, Michael and Obadiah. After the death of the mother of these children Mr. Graham married, November 26, 1815, Rachel Glenn, who bore him two children: Rebecca Jane, who died at the age of eight years; and Thomas, who died in infancy. On being again left a widower Mr. Graham married, December 13, 1831, Martha McCullough, by whom he became the father of two daughters: Margaret, born September 22, 1832, married, first, James Huston, second, John McFarlane Johnston, by first marriage having one son, John, and by the second marriage one daughter, Martha Graham; and Rachel G., born in June, 1834, wife of James L. Johnston.

(IV) James Graham, son of James (III) and Elizabeth (Martin) Graham, was born February 9, 1812, and married Eliza McFarlane, by whom he had the following children: Martha, born April 21, 1843; Elizabeth M., born November 22, 1844, wife of the Rev. William P. McNary; Evaline R., born November 8, 1846, married, October 20, 1868, Henry R. Chalfant; and Margaretta McF., born January 6, 1849, married, October 20, 1875, George W. Black.

The Rev. William P. McNary and his wife, Elizabeth (Graham) McNary, became the parents of the following children: Eliza McF., wife of Samuel S. Marshall, a lawyer of Denver, Colorado, children, William McN., Edward and Ruth; William O., of whom later; Nora R., wife of Henry R. Chalfant, in the brick business at Imperial, Allegheny county, one child, Margaretta Elizabeth; Margaretta M., wife of Henry T. Bowie, traveling freight agent for the Illinois Central Railroad Company; James Graham, banker of El Paso, Texas, married Ruth Reynolds, children, James G., Ruth E. and an infant; George Read and John C.

William O. McNary, son of William P. and Elizabeth (Graham) McNary, received his primary education in the public schools of his native town, later attending the St. Louis (Missouri) High School, and in 1889 graduating with the degree of Bachelor of Science from the Tarkio (Missouri) College. After spending two years on the plains in Colorado he engaged in the furniture business at Greeley, in the same state, and at Tarkio, Missouri, in all about two years. In 1893 he entered the law school of the University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, graduating in June, 1895, with the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He then came to Pittsburg and immediately entered upon the practice of his profession, in which he has since been actively engaged.

At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war he organized a company, enlisted, and on August 9, 1898, was elected captain. This company was transferred to the Seventeenth Regiment as Company L until the reorganization of the National Guard after the war, when it became Company I, of the One Hundred and Forty-first Regiment of the Pennsylvania National Guard. This company Mr. McNary commanded until November, 1901, when he

resigned. A few months later he was appointed aide-de-camp, with the rank of captain, on the staff of General John A. Wylie, commanding the Second Brigade of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, and served in this capacity until early in 1906, when he was promoted to the post of judge-advocate on the staff of the Second Brigade, with the rank of major, which commission he now holds. He is a member of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Major McNary married Martha, daughter of Henry R. and Evaline R. (Graham) Chalfant, and they have had two children: Elizabeth Graham and William Selwin.

FRANK B. TOMB, who is one of the successful real estate dealers at the borough of Wilksburg, Pennsylvania, was born in Armagh, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, April 27, 1859, near the old family homestead. The grandfather was Hugh Tomb, who was a native of Ireland and emigrated to America about 1810, settling in Indiana county. With his brothers, Dickson, William and David, he took up several hundred acres of land in what was at that time known as a wilderness. They cleared up good farms from out the dense forest and erected a good house. All of this landed estate has been handed down from one generation to another, and is still in the possession of the Tombs family. William Tomb was a soldier in the war of 1812-14. Hugh married Nancy Devlin, by whom was born the following children: 1. Samuel, who married a McCartney. 2. David, married, secondly, Jane Bracken. 3. John married Matilda Hutchison. 4. William, of whom later mention will be made. 5. George W., married first, Mary Ling, and second, Lizzie Bracken. 6. Robert J., married first, Fanny Blair, and second, Mary Hill. 7. DeWitt Clinton, married Mary Bupey. 8. Benjamin F. 9. Archibald, married Amanda Dill. 10. Dickson. 11. James.

William Tomb, fourth son of Hugh and Nancy (Devlin) Tomb, and who became the father of the subject of this notice, was born on the old homestead in Indiana county, Pennsylvania, in 1823, and died in 1891. In his younger days he was a cabinet maker and undertaker, but later in life engaged in the foundry business and was an extensive manufacturer of plows, threshers and stoves. His business was very large and profitable. He served in many official capacities, including the offices of justice of the peace, school director, supervisor, etc. He was known for his benevolence and charity, and was highly esteemed by his neighbors. He married Ellen McElvy, who bore him the following children: 1. Martha, who died young. 2. Rosa, died young. 3. Eliza J. 4. Hugh M., who married first, Fanny Moore, the issue being a son named Hall; secondly he married Ella Black, by whom was born: May, John, Ruth and Catherine. 5. Nancy, died young. 6. William W., unmarried. 7. Frank B., of this notice.

Frank B. Tomb was reared at Armagh, Indiana county, Pennsylvania, where he received his education at the common schools. He then turned his attention to the hardware and tinning business, establishing himself at Punxsutawney, Jefferson county, Pennsylvania, but later removed to Johnstown, locating at Morrelville, where he continued in the same business up to 1885, and then came to Wilksburg. For the succeeding three years he traveled for the firms of Woodruff & Sons and the Bradley Company, successively. He then engaged in the stove and hardware business at Wilksburg, locating on

Rebecca street. After pursuing this line of business for some years he engaged in the real estate business, which he has followed.

Politically Mr. Tomb is a Republican, and he was appointed by the court to serve out the unexpired term of office of burgess partly filled by Charles C. McLean. In the Masonic fraternity he is well advanced, and is past master of Orient Lodge at Wilkinsburg. He also belongs to the degrees of Scottish Rites, Knights Templar and Mystic Shriners.

He married Anabella Lowry, daughter of John and Nancy (McCartney) Lowry. By this marriage union were born: Howard L., Nancy E. and Mabel N.

CHARLES FOWNES, deceased, well and favorably known for many years in the financial and industrial circles of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, was a representative of the second generation of his family in this country, which traced its ancestry to England.

Thomas Fownes, father of Charles Fownes, was born in England and there he was reared and educated, and later became interested in the iron foundry business. He emigrated to America in 1841, settling in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he continued the business in which he had been interested in England, and founded the Fownes Foundry. He was one of the pioneers in the manufacture of iron in the state of Pennsylvania, but he suffered a considerable financial loss when his foundry and a number of others were destroyed by incendiary fires. He afterward, however, reengaged in the same line of business, and later went to Youngstown, Ohio, where he conducted a hardware business very successfully. He died in Ohio. He married, in England, Sarah Smyth, and had children: Henry, Charles, see forward; Benjamin, Louisa, Sarah and Mary.

Charles Fownes, second son and child of Thomas and Sarah (Smyth) Fownes, was born in Staffordshire, England, November 26, 1832. He was but nine years of age when he came to the United States with his parents, and his education was acquired in the schools of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. He was still very young when he engaged in the foundry business with J. B. Herron, later selling out his interests and entering upon the manufacture of hoop-iron, a business in which he continued very successfully until the time of his death, in 1862. He was also at one time one of the partners in the firm of William Clark & Company. He was a most excellent man of business, being progressive and enterprising in his methods of work, and possessed of great executive ability.

Mr. Fownes married Sarah A. Clark, a daughter of Thomas and Jane (Franks) Clark, and they had children: Clara, deceased, who married T. F. Best; Henry C., married Mary Morse and had children: William C., Amy, Charles B. and Mary; William C., who married Jessie Gather and had children: Henry G. and Florence.

JOHN LAFAYETTE HOFFMAN, at present and for some years engaged in the real estate business in Wilkinsburg, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and who has been prominently identified with a number of important

financial undertakings in the state of Pennsylvania, is a representative of an honored family of Switzerland.

Frederick Hoffman, was a native of Switzerland, and emigrated to the United States in the early part of the nineteenth century, settling in Allegheny. He married Frony Allishbach, and had children: Frederick A., who married Susan Brown; John Lafayette, see forward; Elizabeth H., married Thomas Still, deceased; Fanny, who married Jacob Hess.

John Lafayette Hoffman, second son and child of Frederick and Frony (Allishbach) Hoffman, was born in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, July 13, 1838. He was educated in the public schools of his native city and then learned the machinist's trade with Hugh M. Bowles & Company, builders of steam engines. At the outbreak of the Civil war he in conjunction with Alexander Bowles made the core for the first fifteen-inch gun built for the United States government. He enlisted in 1861 in Company K, One Hundred and Twenty-third Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, Colonel Clark commanding, and served nine months, during which he participated in the battles of Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville, and was slightly wounded at the former. At the expiration of his term of enlistment he was honorably discharged with the rank of sergeant. Upon his return from the battlefield he found employment in the Pennsylvania railroad shops, Andrew Carnegie being then superintendent of the western division. Later he went to the oil fields in Venango county, where he invented a number of useful tools for drilling oil wells and for pumping oil. Through the instrumentality of Davis A. Stewart, then secretary and treasurer of the Carnegie Company, and also president of the Columbia Oil Company of Pittsburg, he became in 1883 connected with the latter company, and was the first to develop the Muncyville gas belt, and laid the first large pipe from that section into the Edgar Thomson works. This was the commencement of the introduction of natural gas into the city of Pittsburg. He became superintendent of the Acme Gas Company, owned by Doubleday, Boulton, Hoffman Brothers and others, Mr. John L. Hoffman being the leading spirit in this enterprise. Later he became connected with the Allegheny Bessemer Steel Company as a stockholder and general manager, and when this was sold to the Carnegie Company Mr. Hoffman retained his position as general superintendent until 1890, when he resigned from the steel industry altogether. He then established himself in the real estate business, in which he has been engaged since that time, and took up his residence in Wilksburg in 1884. In politics Mr. Hoffman is an adherent of the Republican party, and his religious affiliations are with the South Avenue Methodist Episcopal church of Wilksburg, of which he is member, trustee and elder, and active in its interests in many directions. He has taught in the Sabbath-school connected with this institution for the past thirty-five years.

Mr. Hoffman married, in 1878, Eleanor Shanor, daughter of John Shanor, of Beaver county, Pennsylvania, whose ancestors were actively engaged in the stirring period of the Revolution. Mr. and Mrs. Hoffman have had children: 1. Addison, who married and has children: Charles, Florence, John, Robert and Eleanor. 2. Mary Eliza, married Allen E. Ware, now residing in Arizona, and has one son, John. 3. John M., who married Emma Vogel, and has children: Milton, James, Mary and Grace. 4. Lida, deceased. 5. Grace E., married Seth Thomas, and has one daughter, Eleanor. 6. Charles. 7. James.

VOEGTLY FAMILY. Among the Swiss emigrants who came to this country in 1822 was the Voegtly family, the first representative of which was John Jacob Voegtly, son of Nicklaus, Sr. The history of the family is as follows:

(I) Nicklaus Voegtly, Sr., was born April 10, 1769, in Basel August, Switzerland, the old Roman name of the village being Augusta Rauracorum. The house in which he and all of his children were born and in which his father and grandfather lived still stands. He came to America in 1822, landing November 19, at Pittsburg. His son, John Jacob, had preceded the family and looked up a future home for them in the new world. Nicklaus, Sr., was united in marriage in Switzerland in 1792 to Elizabeth Herring, by whom were born eight children, as follows: 1. John Jacob, born in 1796, of whom later. 2. Nicklaus, Jr., born in 1798. 3. Verena, born in 1799. 4. John, born in 1802. 5. Marie, born in 1803, died in her infancy. 6. Elizabeth, born in 1804. 7. Martin, born in 1806. 8. Mathias, born in 1811.

In 1817, when his eldest son, John Jacob, was aged twenty-one years, he was sent to America to look up a suitable location for the family to make settlement in. He came to Pittsburg and from this point went to Cincinnati, Ohio, on to New Orleans, and finally returned to Pittsburg, to which place he induced his family to come, which they did in 1822. The father, Nicklaus Voegtly (1) and some of his neighbors in Switzerland secured a boat and came down the river Rhine, landing at Amsterdam August 15, 1822, going from thence to Helder, from which port they sailed on the ship "Senne," Captain William William, September 13, and landed at New London, Connecticut, October 16, the same season, after a favorable voyage. They arrived at New York October 21, at Philadelphia October 25, left Philadelphia November 2, and arrived at Pittsburg November 19. On March 15, 1823, he, in company with some of his sons and others, bought one hundred and sixty-one acres of land where Allegheny City now stands, paying for the same the sum of eight thousand four hundred dollars. This tract fronted along the Allegheny river from about where Madison avenue now is to the old water works and extended to near Spring-garden avenue. His first house was on the corner of River avenue and Voegtly street. From time to time he sold off small tracts of this land and in 1835 sold thirty-five acres, south of the Butler Pike, now known as Ohio street, to C. E. Warner and Jacob Painter for the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, the same being known as the Voegtly orchard. In 1847 he sold to the city of Allegheny seven acres of land on Troy Hill for twelve thousand dollars, which is still used as a place for the reservoir. He with several of his sons and other persons of the same religious faith organized the First German United Evangelical Protestant church of Allegheny, and in 1833 he donated the congregation the present site of the church edifice, which is still called "Voegtly's Church." He died December 11, 1852, his wife surviving until August 29, 1854, dying aged nearly eighty-three years. This worthy pioneer couple were buried in the lot which he had presented to said church, but were later removed to the new cemetery of this congregation on Troy Hill. A family reunion was held by their descendants on November 17, 1896, attended by approximately two hundred and seventy-five persons.

(II) Nickolas Voegtly, son of the Swiss emigrant of the same name, was born in 1798, and accompanied his parents to this country. He married Miss Mary Reichenbach, of his native place, before coming to this country. Her

people came here with the Voegtly family. By this marriage union was born four daughters and one son, who was named Nickolas H. A daughter, Margaret, married Charles Edward Fenderich; Mary married Henry Gerwig; Elizabeth married Jacob Kopp; Susan married John Habernehl. Nickolas, Jr., and his two brothers built and operated the old Banner Cotton Mills of Allegheny City, the same being started about 1840. As he accumulated wealth, he invested in stocks and bonds, which he preserved until his death in May, 1881. He was first of the Whig party and later voted the Republican ticket. In his church faith he was a German Lutheran.

(III) Nickolas H. Voegtly, son of Nickolas (II), was born at Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, November 24, 1834, and there obtained his education, after which he learned the lithograph trade or art. In 1857 he established a flour and feed business, and in 1860 purchased the Painter & Warner saw mill, which he conducted with his feed mill until his death in August, 1893. This mill was operated as Kopp & Voegtly and the feed mill branch under the firm name of Voegtly & Kopp. Mr. Voegtly served as mayor of Allegheny City for three months during the impeachment trial of the regular mayor. He was elected to the legislature of Pennsylvania in 1877, and reelected each term until 1887, serving with distinction and honor to his party. He was also a member of the Allegheny City council. In the early days he was a very prominent politician. He voted the Republican ticket, and in church relations was a German Lutheran, as had been so many of his ancestors. He was united in marriage to Miss Mary Stiner, daughter of Nicholas and Anna Stuper. The issue by this union was seventeen children, thirteen of whom grew to manhood and womanhood and were as follows: William N., Charles, Frank L., Edwin B., Sr., Anna V., Lena S., Robert, Florence R., Jacob, Flora M., Gertrude O., Nicholas H. and Emma.

(IV) Edwin B. Voegtly, son of Nickolas H. and Mary (Stiner) Voegtly, was born July 19, 1863, and now resides at No. 139 Ohio street, Allegheny, where he was born and reared, receiving his education at the public schools and at the Western University of Pennsylvania. After leaving the latter he took a course at that most excellent institution, Duff's Business College, of Pittsburg, in 1883, after which he entered the employ of the Binley Hardware Company, with whom he remained for three years. In 1886 he entered the employ of Kopp & Voegtly, with whom after five years he took an interest as one of the partners. In 1895, after the death of the senior partner, the business was closed out. In 1893 he was elected secretary and treasurer of the Northern Liberty Bridge Company, which position he still retains. In 1901 his brother and himself built a boat and engaged in the sand and gravel dredging business in the Allegheny river. This business interest he sold in 1906, since which date he has lived a retired life. He is of the German Lutheran church faith, and in his political views a Republican.

He married, November 19, 1895, Adelia Jeffrey, daughter of Jackson and Jane (Crothers) Jeffrey.

FRANK L. VOEGTLY, who has been for many years prominently identified with the financial interests of Allegheny, was born in that borough July 21, 1862, a son of Nicholas and Mary (Stiner) Voegtly. The history of the Voegtly family appears elsewhere in this work.

Frank L. Voegtly received his preparatory education in the public schools of his native city, and afterward took courses in the Western University and at the Iron City Commercial College. He learned the trade of stove-plate moulding, and in 1885 was employed in the saw mill and lumber business of the firm of Kopp & Voegtly. He remained with them one year, and then established himself in Allegheny as a manufacturer of stoves, continuing the business until 1900, when he sold out to the Pittsburgh Stove & Range Company, which was then organized. He was employed by the company for one year as superintendent of the Aushutz-Bradbury Company's plant of the above corporation. In 1903 he organized and promoted the National Sand & Gravel Company, and for two years was its president and general manager. In 1905 he sold his interest in the company, and has since been engaged in the production of oil. From 1897 to 1901 he was a member of the city council and in 1900 acted as a state delegate. His political principles are those advocated by the Republican party and he is a member of the German Lutheran church.

Mr. Voegtly married, January 10, 1888, Elizabeth, daughter of Frederick and Hannah (Walker) Stiner, and they are the parents of the following children: Anna, born November 26, 1888; Helen, born November 8, 1890; Lucy, born December 25, 1892; Lillian, born July 2, 1895; Francis, born August 24, 1897; Oscar, born November 11, 1899; and Earl, born June 6, 1901.

HAYS FAMILY. Among the pioneer Scotch-Irish families who settled in the vicinity of Greater Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, none are more worthy of mention in history than the family whose name heads this sketch. According to Dr. Eglee, the author of genealogical works of the state of Pennsylvania, this name has been spelled in a variety of ways—the American branch of the family spelling it Hays, while at an earlier period it was spelled Hayes, Hay and De La Haye. William Hays, a native of Scotland, left that country during a period of religious persecution and settled in county Tyrone, Ireland. He was present at the siege of Derry and suffered with others of his faith until relief came, being absent from his family twenty months.

(1) Abraham Hays, the first of the family to settle in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, removed to that county from Maryland in 1767, locating one mile above what is now Homestead, opposite Braddock's Field, and remained there nine months. On account of the Indian troubles they returned to Maryland, and three years later again came to Allegheny county, where they took up land still in the possession of their descendants. In his religious faith he was a Presbyterian, and he was of an upright and manly character. He and his wife died on the old homestead where they first located about one mile from the present borough of Homestead. He married Fannie Pittee, a French lady, sister of the wife of James Whittaker, and the two families had as neighbors: Robert Byerley, who also came from Maryland; Andrew McClure, Samuel Hamilton, Samuel Ferguson, James McKinley, Edward and Joseph West, John Neal, Judge McClure, John Risher, Davy Calhoun, John Irvine, Robert Patterson, William Furl, William Brown and David McKee, all being men of about the same age. Abraham and Fannie (Pittee) Hays had children: 1. Francis, born in 1770, married Beckley Drennen, and in 1820 moved to Butler county, Pennsylvania, and were the parents of six sons and six daughters. 2. Isaac, married Miss Wylie of Pittsburg, and removed to Owl Creek, down the

river. 3. Abraham, married and had two sons and two daughters. 4. Patty, married Stephen Wylie, who manufactured the first brick made in Pittsburg. 5. Jacob, see forward. 6. John, unmarried. 7. Thomas, married Elizabeth Hamilton, had four sons and six daughters. 8. Sarah. 9. Elizabeth, died unmarried.

(II) Jacob Hays, son of Abraham and Fannie (Pittee) Hays, was born in 1778. He followed the occupation of farming, and at one time owned and operated a mill and a distillery. In association with one of his sons he operated the first ferry on the Monongahela river in 1811, at Six Mile Ferry. He was a soldier of the war of 1812, and died January 2, 1866. His widow died March 28 of the same year. He married, in 1799, Jane Harden, born in 1779, daughter of Thomas Harden, who was an officer in the Continental army during the war of 1812, and had a horse shot from under him at the battle of the Brandywine. Jacob and Jane (Harden) Hays had children: 1. James H., born in 1800, married Mary Crady and had ten children: Ann E., Mary J., Josephine, Henry B., Emeline, Sarah, Agnes, James H., John S. and Walter F. The father died at Beck's Run in 1876. 2. E. W., with his father operated the first ferry on the Monongahela river. He handled the first stick of timber that ever went into a steamboat at Pittsburg, and which was used for a keel. He had eighteen oxen and seven horses to draw it to Six Mile Ferry, whence it was rafted down the river. He married, in 1822, Ivy McKenzie, a native of Jamaica, and they had children: Mary, born in 1822; Emily, in 1824; Sarah, in 1826; Charles, in 1828; Elizabeth, in 1830; Josephine, in 1834; Alexander and Arthur (twins), in 1837; Thomas, in 1839; and Virginia, in 1841. 3. Thomas Harden, see forward. 4. Emily J., born in 1806, married Charles Gibbs and had thirteen children. 5. Frances, born in 1808, married James Rippert and had four children. 6. Nancy, born in 1810, married Henry Alexander and had four children. 7. Mary, born in 1812, married Jacob Painter, an iron manufacturer, and had children: Byron, Augustus E. W., Christopher, Park, Jacob and Al-mira. 8. Abraham, see forward. 9. John K., born in 1815, married a Miss Large and had four children. 10. Sarah, born in 1817, married David E. Park and had one child, Retta. 11. Alexander, born in 1819. 12. Ivy, in 1821. 13. Caroline, in 1824.

(III) Thomas Harden Hays, son of Jacob and Jane (Harden) Hays, was born in 1804, on the old homestead owned by the Hays family in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He came to Pittsburg in his youth and there learned the trade of millwrighting, but later engaged in the manufacture of white lead and linseed oil in partnership with his brother-in-law, Jacob Painter. This business was carried on until the death of Mr. Hays, when it was sold to the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Mr. Hays was possessed of more than an ordinary share of intelligence and ability. He was a member of the First Presbyterian church of Pittsburg, toward the building of which he contributed the sum of five hundred dollars. His death occurred in 1853. He married Sarah Stewart, daughter of Lazarus and Mary (Thompson) Stewart, the former of whom was twice a member of the legislature, and twice elected sheriff of Allegheny county. Mr. and Mrs. Hays had ten children, five of whom died in childhood, the others being: 1. Amanda, married Walter F. Hunter. 2. Mary, widow of D. McKinley. 3 and 4. George S. and Charles T., both of whom were soldiers in the Union army during the Civil war, and

died as a result of exposure in the service of their country. 5. Alice Park, married David K. Calhoun.

(III) Abraham Hays, son of Jacob and Jane (Harden) Hays, was born on the Hays homestead in Allegheny county in 1809. He was reared on the farm, and his education was acquired by means of private instruction received from Henry M. Twining until he was eighteen years of age, when he commenced to learn the trade of millwrighting with his brother-in-law, Charles Gibbs. He followed this trade until his marriage, soon after which he removed to Pittsburg, and there became a partner in the lead and oil manufacturing business with his brother, Thomas. Some years later, because of ill health, he removed to Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he was engaged in farming for three years, later returning to the old homestead and residing there for some years. He then removed down the Monongahela river, where he took up his old trade of millwrighting, later engaging in steamboating with his brother. They were the owners of steamboats and towed coal barges down the river. Finally he purchased a farm just above Homestead, and died there September 10, 1887. Both he and his wife were members of the Presbyterian church at Lebanon. He married Sarah Brenneman, daughter of Jacob and Susan Brenneman, who came from Westmoreland county and located in Mifflin township, Allegheny county, the farm on which they settled now being included in the borough of Duquesne. They were of German descent, members of the Presbyterian church, and had a family of six sons and six daughters. Mr. and Mrs. Hays had children: Almira Painter, who died unmarried at the age of twenty-four years, and Captain W. Seward B.

(IV) Captain W. Seward B. Hays, only son and only surviving child of Abraham and Sarah (Brenneman) Hays, was born where the Union Station of the Pennsylvania Railroad is now located in Pittsburg, December 14, 1838. He was six months old when his parents removed to Butler county, and three years later to Mifflin township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he received his education at both public and private schools. At the age of eighteen years he commenced to assist his father in the management of the steamboats owned by the latter, and was occupied successively as a steamboat pilot, boat owner and captain until 1890, and is now a successful coal merchant in Pittsburg. He and his family are members of the Presbyterian church, and his political support is given to the Republican party. He married (first) June 7, 1876, Flora B. Packer, of Braddock, daughter of Captain Wilson and Electa (Corbett) Packer, the former a retired steamboat captain and coal shipper. Captain and Mrs. Hays were the parents of: Abraham Packer, born September 16, 1887; and Flora Bell, born January 30, 1890. Mrs. Hays died February 11, 1890, and is buried in Lebanon Presbyterian Church cemetery. Captain Hays married (second), 1894, Lilly J. Packer, a sister of his first wife, and had children: 1. Wilson Packer, born April 1, 1895, died in infancy. 2. Seward Brenneman, born February 8, 1897.

EDWARD M. SEIBERT, paying teller in the Bank of Pittsburgh, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, May 15, 1869, a son of Martin and Elizabeth (Smith) Seibert. Martin Seibert was a native of Germany and accompanied his parents to this country in 1848. Martin's father and mother, Nicholas and Catherine (Mohr) Seibert, after coming to this country settled at

or near Defiance, Ohio, where the family resided about three years. There the wife died and the family was overtaken by sickness, and removed to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in the spring of 1852, settling in Allegheny City, where he followed shoemaking until his death in 1858. Nicholas Seibert and wife were the parents of the following children: 1. Martin, the father of the subject. 2. Christian. 3. Nicholas. 4. Charles. 5. Barbara, who married Michael Sauer. 6. A male child who died and was buried at sea. 7. Annie M., wife of a Mr. Muller, of Allegheny. Christian Seibert, of this family of children, lived for some time at Allegheny, but now resides at New York city. Nicholas, of Pittsburg, of whom later.

Charles Seibert, a resident of Pittsburg, was born in Germany, April 2, 1845, and came to this country in 1848 with his parents, settling at Allegheny in 1852 after having lived near Defiance, Ohio, four years. He engaged in the real estate business for some time, but later was connected with the German National Bank of Allegheny as its bookkeeper and teller. In 1861 he enlisted in Company G, Sixty-second Pennsylvania Volunteers as a private, serving until the close of the Civil war. He was mustered out as a sergeant. In 1878 he became secretary and treasurer of the German Savings Bank, of Pittsburg, continuing there until May, 1891, when on account of ill health he resigned and went to Colorado, where he was engaged in business for about two years. He next went to St. Louis, Missouri, where he was connected with the Hope Mutual Fire Insurance Company. Later he became the assistant cashier of the Investment Bank of St. Louis, remaining in that position until 1906, when he returned to Pittsburg, and is now leading a retired life. In 1867, in Allegheny, Pennsylvania, he married Philomena Zensmeister, of Allegheny; she died in that city in 1880. By this union three sons and one daughter were born: Henry E., Charles A., William E. and Estella Mary.

Nicholas Seibert, the father of the family before mentioned, was born and married in Germany and the children were all born in that country. Nicholas had three brothers, who came to America: Charles, Peter and Christian. Peter settled in Cincinnati, Ohio, where the family still reside. Christian settled at Defiance, Ohio. The first of the family to come to this country was Charles, who emigrated about 1840; he was a native of Schweppenhausen, Prussia, near Bingen-on-the-Rhine. Upon arriving in this country he engaged in the manufacture of bedsteads under the firm name of The Pittsburgh Bedstead Factory. In this industry he built up an extensive business. The place of the factory was on Irvin street, now Eighth street, Pittsburg, but later the works were moved. He subsequently sold out to his two sons, Christian and Joseph Seibert, who retained the old company name. The business was carried on successfully until burned in 1885, after which they moved to Allegheny City, continuing there until they sold, when Joseph went to St. Louis, Missouri, and later to Los Angeles, California, where he still resides. Christian removed to Altamont, Illinois, where he became a prosperous farmer.

After selling out to his sons, Charles Seibert, the pioneer of the family in this country, went up the Allegheny river and engaged in the coal mining business. At that date the coal all had to be brought down the river by boats and barges, which, via the Ohio river, found its way to Cincinnati, Ohio, where it was consumed. It was during one of these river trips that he contracted a cold, by exposure, and died from its effects.

(II) Nicholas Seibert, son of Nicholas (I), received his education in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, and learned the wood turner's trade. In 1861, at the opening of the Civil war, he enlisted in the Sixty-second Pennsylvania Volunteer Regiment, being a member of Company G. He served as a private until just before the close of the war, when he was promoted to sergeant of his company. He was in the famous campaign along the Potomac river. After his return home he resumed his trade, later purchasing an interest in the bedstead factory already mentioned, and in this he continued until 1891, when he retired from business, but looks after his private affairs and real estate interests. He was married in Butler county, Pennsylvania, in 1865, to Mary Heyl, daughter of Michael and Katharine (Eichenlamb) Heyl. By this union the issue was as follows: 1. Clarence L., who married Margaret Hemmingway. 2. Andrew M. 3. William N. 4. Isabella, married John Sauer and their two children are Ralph and Margaret. 5. Clara, married Edward Magee, and they have: Marie, Clarence, Grace and Edward. 6. Alice, married William Ratcliff. 7. Amelia, married Thomas Hassen.

(II) Martin Seibert, son of Nicholas (I) and Catharine (Mohr) Seibert, received his education in the Fourth ward schools of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, and when old enough entered the bedstead factory of his father, and remained in that business until 1891, when he retired from active life, and now resides in Allegheny City. He is a reserved, quiet man, never caring for public offices or publicity. He married Miss Elizabeth Smith, by whom was born the following children: 1. Edward M., the subject, of whom later mention will be made. 2. Laura, married Florence P. Friday, whose four children are: Mildred, Gilbert, Florence E. and Thomas. 3. Albert N., who was a volunteer in the late Spanish-American war, serving two years in the Philippines, after which he served four years in the auditor-general's office, from which position he went to Washington, District of Columbia, where he was a clerk on the Panama Canal Commission, and is now in the New York Custom House. 4. Rose, unmarried. 5. Ada, married Lawrence McClintock. 6. Lee, unmarried and a bookkeeper in the firm of Critsfield & Moulton, of Pittsburg.

(III) Edward M. Seibert, son of Martin and Elizabeth (Smith) Seibert, and the third in line from the German emigrant, Nicholas Seibert. He was educated in the Allegheny City public schools and at the Pittsburg College, receiving a thorough commercial education, after which he at once engaged in the banking business, commencing as a messenger in the Third National Bank of Pittsburg, where he continued for four years. He then went with the Merchants' and Manufacturers' National Bank of this city. He filled various positions in these banking houses until they were merged into the Bank of Pittsburg, where he holds the responsible position of paying teller. He has been identified with the banking business for eighteen years, during which time he has won the esteem of all connected with the Pittsburg banking business.

Mr. Seibert is a member of the Knights of Columbus, a social club, and the Columbus Club of Pittsburg.

He was united in marriage, in Allegheny City, in 1898, to Miss Elizabeth A., daughter of James and Sarah (McGill) Charles, of Allegheny. The issue by this union is: 1. Mariam E., born July 4, 1899. 2. Elizabeth C., born January 6, 1901. 3. Edward M., Jr., born March 4, 1902. 4. James Albert, born August 12, 1903.

WILLIAM BRIGGS, connected with the great Westinghouse Electric Works, was born in county Armagh, Ireland, June 8, 1868, and after attending school assisted on his father's farm a number of years. Finally seeing it to his advantage he came to this country, and for three years was employed with the Pullman Car Company, having charge of their supply house. In January, 1892, he found employment at the Homeopathic Hospital of Pittsburg, where he acted as a nurse for eight years, after which time he was employed in the electrical department of the Westinghouse works.

Mr. Briggs is a devout member of the Homewood Presbyterian church, and in lodge relations is a member of the Knights of Pythias, Smoky City Lodge No. 392, and of the Knights of Malta, Lodge No. 203.

His father, William Briggs, is a native of Ireland, was a farmer in that country and married Mary Ann Prentis, by whom was born James, John, Robert, Annie, Margaret, Mary, William and Sarah. The father died in 1892 and the mother in 1886.

THE KERN FAMILY. The first of this family to locate in Pittsburg was John Kern, a native of Wurtemberg, Germany. Emigrating to America he located in Pittsburg, where he worked as a laborer and at the furnaces. He married Miss Rosie Miller, the daughter of George Miller. She was born in Germany. They were the parents of ten children: 1. Margaret. 2. John. 3. George. 4. Rosie. 5. Leonard. 6. Annie. 7. Katharine. 8. William. 9. Henry. 10. Albert. The father of this family is deceased, and the mother died in September, 1903.

Albert Kern, tenth child of John Kern, the German emigrant, was born March 16, 1868, in the Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg, and was educated in the Hazelwood schools. He is now a successful dairyman residing at No. 4263 Second avenue, Pittsburg. He married June 5, 1898, Miss Estella Rebecca Lyness, daughter of Robert and Jennie (DeLosier) Lyness, of Pittsburg, but now residing in Rural Valley, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. Kern are the parents of the following children: 1. Henry James, born August 30, 1899. 2. Albert William, born March 11, 1901. 3. Mildred Esther, born December 30, 1902. 4. Theodore Roosevelt, born October 7, 1904, died March 2, 1906, aged one year, three months and twenty-five days. 5. Walter Raymond, born March 22, 1906. In politics Mr. Kern is a Republican and in church faith a Methodist Episcopal.

John Kern, second child of John and Rosie (Miller) Kern, was born March 30, 1851, in the Third ward of Pittsburg (now the Sixth), and obtained his education at the public schools of Pitt township, Squirrel Hill School and Peebles Hill of Hazelwood. He then learned the glass-blower's trade with William Frank & Son. Of his ancestry the former part of this sketch treats. He was united in marriage May 12, 1872, to Miss Louisa Rohrick, by whom were born five children, as follows: 1. Annie, who died December 14, 1887, aged fourteen years. 2. Mary Louise, the wife of Frank Ellis, and they have three children. 3. Bertha Caroline, wife of William Lewis, whose children are: Virginia, Louise and Ruth. 4. Cora Katherine, wife of John Heptine. 5. George Albert. The mother of this family died December 23, 1883, and on September 16, 1884, Mr. Kern married Miss Martha Jones, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Hier) Jones, of the Fourteenth ward of Pittsburg.

George Jones was an iron-worker by trade. By Mr. Kern's second marriage there were born the following children. 1 and 2. Both died in infancy. 3. John Harrison. 4. A daughter, unnamed, who died in infancy. 5. Albion Raymond. 6 and 7. Died in infancy. 8. Margaret Elizabeth. 9. Grace Olive.

Mr. Kern and wife are members of the Greenfield Presbyterian church. In politics he is a supporter of the Republican party. He is a member of the Glass-Workers' Union and of Junior Order of American Mechanics.

ROBERT C. FERGUSON. Robert Ferguson, father of Robert C. Ferguson, was born in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, a son of Robert and Margaret (Andrews) Ferguson. His early years were spent on the farm of his father, and his education was acquired in the public schools of the township. Upon the death of his father he inherited a portion of his estate, consisting of one hundred and fifty acres of land, and this is still in the possession of the family. He followed agricultural pursuits until 1889, when he removed to Wilkesburg and retired from active business labors. His political affiliations were with the Republican party, to whose principles he was a devoted adherent. He married Sarah Semple, third daughter and seventh child of Robert Anderson and Mary (Simpson) Semple, and their children were: Mary E., Annie F., Eliza Jane, married Fred C. Arlington, and has children: Gladys L., Robert F. and Mary E. Charles died in infancy. Louise married Carleton H. Covell and has children: Ellis M. and Sarah F. Robert C., see forward. Sarah M.

Robert C. Ferguson, second son and sixth child of Robert and Sarah (Semple) Ferguson, was born on the family homestead August 15, 1872. There his early years were spent and he attended the public schools of the district. Later he became a student at the Curry University in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and was graduated from this institution in the class of 1891. Shortly afterward he entered the employ of the Wilkesburg National Bank as bookkeeper, and has been constantly connected with that institution until the present time (1908), where he is holding the position of teller, which responsible office he is filling to the entire satisfaction of the officers of the bank. Like all the members of his family for a great many generations he is a staunch Republican, and his religious affiliations are with the First Presbyterian church of Wilkesburg, in which he holds the office of deacon.

THE PRUGH FAMILY of Pittsburg, to which Rev. J. H. Prugh belongs, were early settlers in the state of Pennsylvania and Maryland. The following genealogical facts have been taken from a paper read in 1886 at a reunion of the family at Springfield, Ohio, by a member of the family, Harry H. Prugh:

(I) The great-grandparents, the progenitors of the family in this country, were natives of Prussia, Europe. They emigrated to America between the years 1720 and 1725, landing at the city of Philadelphia. Like most of the original emigrants at that period, they belonged to the more humble class in society, and came here when young and vigorous to better their condition in life. This is known from the fact that they sold themselves to the ship-master

to defray the expenses of their passage from the old to the new world. Upon their arrival at Philadelphia they were sold as mere servants to liquidate the expense attending their passage over the seas. The father then instituted arrangements by which he paid for his own freedom and also that of his sweetheart. They were united in marriage and settled at a place known then as Trappe, in eastern Pennsylvania, and from this union has come the numerous Prugh family in America.

Of their European ancestry but little is now known, as is the case of many of the earlier families, who sought for themselves a home in the new world. It is related, however, that three brothers came over at the same time, one of whom became dissatisfied and returned to his native land; the second brother remained, but was separated from the progenitor of this branch of the family, and there seems to be no trace of him, or of his descendants, if indeed he ever married and had children.

(II) Conrad Prugh, supposed to be the only child of the American emigrant ancestors, was born in Trappe, Pennsylvania, November 29, 1742, and died about December 30, 1806, aged sixty-three years and one day. He married a lady who emigrated from Germany named Lucie Marie Finkebeiner, born June 27, 1743, and died May 3, 1816, aged sixty-seven years, five months and three days. A few years after his marriage Conrad Prugh removed to Frederick county, Maryland, where he purchased a tract of land of one hundred acres. He was by trade a shoemaker and followed this and carried on his farm. To this couple were born sixteen children, including two twins who died in infancy. The remaining children by this marriage were as follows: Frederick, Jacob, Henry, Katherine, Elizabeth, Hannah, George, Hester, Peter, Susan, Abner, Mary, John and Sophia.

(III) Frederick Prugh, the first born of the emigrant ancestor's grandchildren, was born February 2, 1768, and died in Frederick, Maryland, July 28, 1851, in his eighty-fourth year. Both he and his wife were of sturdy stock, and they as well as many of the descendants furnish instances of unusual longevity. To this couple were born nine children, *viz.*: John, David, Peter, Abram, Sophia, Mary, Rachel, Callie and one other. Abram, David and Peter went west. John was born in Frederick county, January 1, 1794, and emigrated to Ohio in 1821, settling in Preble county, but not liking that section removed to Montgomery county, where he bought a farm. He had considerable property when he came to this county, and by frugal management and upright dealings amassed quite a goodly fortune at the time of his death. He was a devout and consistent member of the Methodist Episcopal church, and died October 23, 1879, at the advanced age of eighty-six years.

(III) Jacob Prugh, the second child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in 1770, and settled in Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, about 1804, twenty-five miles east of Pittsburg, near Greensburg, the county seat. There he bought a farm which he greatly improved and sold in 1806, when he bought again in the same county. His two children were Abner and Susan Prugh.

(III) Henry Prugh, the third son of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in 1772 and settled in Butler county, Pennsylvania, near Armstrong, about the time his brother Jacob did. He purchased a farm of one hundred and sixty acres in the heavy timber. By trade he was a blacksmith and a man of marvelous strength and endurance. It is said that he met an untimely death

in exerting his strength at throwing a hogshead over his head by his teeth. He had one child, George Prugh.

(III) Katherine Prugh, the fourth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in the same place as her older brothers, about 1774, and was married to John Winter, a farmer by whom she had the following five children: Samuel, Martin, Rebecca, Hester and Judah. Samuel lived on the old homestead near New Windsor, Frederick county, Maryland. Martin and Hester died prior to 1886. Rebecca married a Mr. Warner and was living a widow in Montgomery county in 1886. Juda married a Mr. Appler, who died, and last accounts she was residing in Hannibal, Missouri.

(III) George Prugh, the fourth son and fifth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in Frederick county, Maryland, in 1776, and died August 21, 1831, aged fifty-five years. He married Margaret Makely, of the same county, and removed to Madison county, Ohio, in 1812. His home consisted of one hundred and sixty acres and was in the big woods where he began the life of a pioneer in the unbroken forest under perplexing surroundings. This was during the war period of 1812 and the government confiscated his horses and wagons, but having a stalwart make-up and a willing disposition he was enabled to go ahead and by his ceaseless toil succeeded in improving his land, thus making for himself a good home. He reared his family of ten children, who were as follows: Henry, Katherine, Gabriel, Samuel, Julia and Mary (twin sisters), George W., Aquilla and Margaret. Henry, the oldest, was killed by lightning August 23, 1835, aged thirty-two years. The descendants of this branch of the Prugh family are quite numerous and well-to-do as a rule.

(III) Elizabeth, the sixth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born about 1778, and married Larry Schell, removing to Ohio in 1812. Unto this couple were born: Jacob, Henry, Larry, Joseph, Katherine, Mary, Rebecca and Elizabeth.

(III) Hannah, the seventh child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in 1780, married Thomas Crept, and died in 1867, aged eighty-seven years. She was the mother of five children: Elizabeth, Mary, Hester, Abram and William, none of whom ever married. Three survived in 1886.

(III) Hester, the eighth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in Frederick county, Maryland, in 1782, and married a Mr. Slepurn and with him emigrated to Montgomery county, Ohio, in 1812. Of this union eight children were born: John, Peter, Abner, Sophia, Rebecca, Katherine, Abbie and Mary.

(III) Peter Prugh, the ninth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in 1784, and with his wife lived in Preble county, Ohio. To them were born fourteen children: Abner, Peter, John, Daniel, Sarah, Jacob, Joshua, Julia, Isaac, Elizabeth, Benjamin, Abraham, Caroline and Joseph. The father died March 23, 1859, aged seventy-five years, and his wife Elizabeth died November 12, 1845. Their surviving children are all highly respected citizens.

(III) Susan Prugh, fifth daughter and tenth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in Frederick county, Maryland, about 1786, and moved to Ohio with her two sisters, Hester and Elizabeth. She subsequently married a Mr. Rhodes, by whom one child was born, Mary, who died young. He was the first grocer in the city of Dayton, Ohio.

(III) Abner Prugh, the sixth son and eleventh child of Conrad and

Mary Prugh, was born in Frederick county, Maryland, about 1780. He settled in Ohio in 1813, in Montgomery county, where he purchased eighty-seven acres of land. He reared a family of eleven children, as follows: Elizabeth, born March 11, 1819; Levi, born August 24, 1820; Sally A., born April 27, 1822; Rachel, born October 15, 1823; Mary A., born May 15, 1825; John, born June 9, 1827; Abner, born January 2, 1829; Abram, born August 30, 1830; Nathan, born April 15, 1832; Martin, born September 15, 1834; Lydia, born August 30, 1837; Rachel and John, both of whom were deceased prior to 1886.

(III) Mary Prugh, the twelfth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born in Maryland and moved with her sisters, Hester and Elizabeth, to Ohio. She married a Mr. Isenangle and they settled at Flat Rock, Indiana, where she died leaving a large family.

(III) John Prugh, the thirteenth child of Conrad and Mary Prugh, was born November 25, 1795, in Frederick county, Maryland. On November 25, 1816, he married a Miss Maines, of his own county. By this union was born ten children: Jesse, David H., John, Peter, Henry, Nathan, Gideon, Jacob, Catherine and Thomas. About 1818 he moved to Clark county, Ohio, near Springfield, where he died in 1878, in his eighty-fifth year. He was a man of strong mental traits and an irreproachable character, a worthy example for the rising generations of his posterity. Although the Prugh family are all descendants from the same stock, Conrad being the progenitor of all, yet they have scattered widely in settlements and many of them are remote from each other as perfect strangers as truly as though not connected by the ties of blood and real lineage.

Sophia Prugh, the youngest of the large family of Conrad and Mary Prugh, died when aged but sixteen years.

It may be said of the Prugh family of which this notice treats that most of them are in good financial circumstances, many wealthy among them, and few, if any, indigent. As a family they are honest, frugal, hospitable and industrious. The type of the original stock was a pronounced blonde, but by intermarriage a diversity of types vary from the blonde to the deep brunette. They are usually healthy, robust and long lived.

(IV) Rev. Peter C. Prugh, D. D., the subject's father, and the son of John Prugh, was born in Dayton, Ohio, September 13, 1823. He graduated at Mercersburg, Pennsylvania, Marshall College, and was pastor of the First Reformed church of Xenia, Ohio, for twenty-one years. He was instrumental in establishing the Sailors' and Orphans' Home at Xenia, which was finally taken over by the G. A. R., and subsequently made a state institution. For twenty-one years he was superintendent of the St. Paul's Orphans' Home at Butler, Pennsylvania. Since 1903 he has lived in retirement with his daughter in the place where the last twenty-one years of his active work was spent. He received the degree of Doctor of Divinity both from the Franklin and Marshall Colleges, as well as from Heidelberg University. He married Charlotte Hassler.

(V) Rev. John H. Prugh, D. D., is the second son of Dr. Peter C. and Charlotte (Hassler) Prugh. His mother was a native of Mercersburg, Pennsylvania. He was born in Xenia, Ohio, October 23, 1854. He graduated from the Xenia High School, Wittenberg College, Springfield, Ohio, and the United Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Xenia, Ohio. He entered the ministry of the church of his ancestors, the Reformed Church in the United States. Upon

completing his theological course he accepted a call to Grace Reformed church, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in May, 1880, and is now the oldest pastor in point of service in Pittsburg. He has been the president of the Bethesda Home, of Pittsburg, since its organization in 1891. This home has received over one thousand young girls during its existence. He has been president of the Pittsburg Synod of the Reformed church and president of the General Synod of the Reformed church in the United States—the highest honor which the church can bestow upon any of its ministers. For fifteen years he has been the vice-president of the Foreign Missions of the denomination to which he belongs.

In 1895 the *Pittsburg Times* inaugurated a plan to send as its guests the five most popular clergymen in western Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia and eastern Ohio on a cruise of the Mediterranean and visit to the countries of the far east. Dr. Prugh was one of the five ministers chosen. Seven million votes were cast for four thousand clergymen in the states mentioned. Dr. Prugh's vote was four hundred and sixty thousand. On three other occasions his congregation sent him to Europe, and in 1905, upon the invitation of the German Emperor, and as his guest, he represented the churches of the United States at the dedication of the great Protestant Cathedral in Berlin, Germany. Dr. Prugh's eldest daughter, Charlotte, accompanied him, also as the guest of the Emperor.

Grace Reformed church at Pittsburg, of which Dr. Prugh has been the pastor for twenty-seven years, was organized in 1854. Its first edifice was erected in 1857, and the present handsome building, one of the most beautiful in all the city of Greater Pittsburg, was built in 1903, at the corner of Dithridge and Bayard streets, near the Carnegie Institute and Schenley Park.

In 1883 Dr. Prugh married Miss Jane Cross, of Germantown, Ohio. By this union were born the following children: Charlotte A., Robert C., Julia Etta, John H., Jr., and Jane C. Prugh. Mrs. Prugh died in 1893, and their son Robert C. three years later.

EDWIN N. PRUGH, of the firm of Conroy, Prugh & Company, manufacturers of mirrors, of Allegheny, and a resident of Bellevue, was born July 9, 1853, in Xenia, Ohio, a son of the Rev. Dr. Peter C. Prugh and grandson of John Prugh.

Dr. Peter C. Prugh married Charlotte Hasler, and they were the parents of four sons: Edwin N., of whom later; Daniel Kieffer, who died in 1898; William S., and John H. Prugh, D. D., pastor of Grace Reformed church, Pittsburg.

Edwin N. Prugh, eldest son of Peter C. and Charlotte (Hasler) Prugh, was educated in the public schools of Xenia, graduating from the high school with the class of 1872. He early displayed a taste for music and took a course in the Xenia Conservatory of Music, becoming proficient on the pipe-organ, and also as a singer. After leaving school he began his business career in Dayton, Ohio, and at the same time became organist in the First Presbyterian church of that city. In 1881 he went to Pittsburg and entered the service of the wholesale dry goods firm of Joseph Horne & Company. In 1885 he formed a partnership with John M. Conroy, under the firm name of Conroy & Prugh, for the manufacture of mirrors, this being the first firm of the kind between Philadelphia and Chicago. They began in a humble way, with a limited capital

and in a small building on Pennsylvania avenue, Allegheny. Two years later Mr. Prugh's brother, Daniel Kieffer Prugh, of Xenia, Ohio, was admitted into partnership, the style of the firm becoming Conroy, Prugh & Company. A plot of ground was purchased on Western avenue, upon which the first buildings of the firm were erected, additional ground being subsequently bought adjoining and across the street, upon which was reared another large structure. From the beginning the firm, as mirror manufacturers and jobbers in plate and window glass, has had a steadily increasing and truly remarkable growth.

Mr. Prugh is now serving on the Bellevue school board. He has a beautiful residence on the corner of Dawson and Thomas avenues, in which he has lived since 1898. He belongs to the Mozart Club of Pittsburg, the Bellevue Club and the board of the Young Men's Christian Association. He is a member of Grace Reformed church, Pittsburg.

Mr. Prugh married, in 1892, Laura, daughter of Captain George H. and Loretta (Shillito) Ghriest, of Allegheny, and the following children have been born to them: Elizabeth, Margaret, Edwin, Nevin, Loretta and Helen.

EDWARD BUGES was born in Lawrenceville, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, March 24, 1851, was educated in the public schools of Wilksburg, and is a bricklayer and engaged in general contract work. He is a member of the Bricklayers' Union. He married Martha Ann Divens, of Pittsburg, and their children are: Laura (Buges) Pittenger, of Allegheny; Emma, Bertha V., William John, Edward, Howard Wilson, Walter, who died May 3, 1894.

Dr. Thomas Buges, father of Edward Buges, was born in Kent, England, in 1819, and came to Pittsburg in 1832, where he practiced medicine. He married Ann Jane Williams, and they were the parents of: Margaret (Buges) Bruce, Elizabeth McKennon, Sophia (Buges) Scott, Martha (Buges) Scott, Mathilda, Pheoby, Ann Jane McCreery, William, Thomas, Edward, Timothy Orlando and John. The father died in 1883, and the mother in 1880.

THOMAS HENRY MORGAN, special agent for the American Bridge Company, with offices in the Frick Building, was born June 19, 1863, at Racine, Wisconsin, son of Ebenezer Harrison and Leah (Morris) Morgan. The father of the subject of this memoir was born at Scranton, Pennsylvania, and died in 1890, at Tacoma, Washington, while West on a prospecting tour. He was engaged in the general merchandising business at Middleport, Ohio, where he resided for many years. In his political views he was a Republican, while in church faith he was of the Methodist Episcopal denomination. He married Miss Leah, daughter of Thomas Morris. The issue by this marriage was three children: 1. William Edwin, married. 2. Maggie, wife of John W. Pryale, of Kentucky, now living in Avalon, the parents of three children—Leah Morris, Harry Morris, Mary Ethel. 3. Thomas Henry, subject of whom presently.

Thomas Henry Morgan attended the public schools of Middleport, Ohio, and later followed steamboating on the Monongahela and Ohio rivers as well as for a time on the Mississippi. He came to Pittsburg in 1879 and became

a member of the Fire Department, serving for twelve years at Engine House No. 2. After resigning that position, he engaged with the American Bridge Company with whom he has been employed ever since, as special agent.

Mr. Morgan is a member of the Eagles, of the Odd Fellows, and in politics a staunch Republican. He was married to Belle Dell, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania. Three children have blessed this union, as follows: Elizabeth Sophia, William and George Washington.

THOMAS HADDOCK EVANS, who by trade is an iron-worker, is a native of Tredegar, Monmouthshire, South Wales, born September 13, 1848, son of Thomas and Frances (Haddock) Evans.

Thomas Evans, the father, was born April 13, 1815, and July 8, 1863, arrived in this country from his native land, the south of Wales. He was a moulder by trade and occupation, and he usually followed the trade he had early mastered. Upon coming to America he settled at Mount Savage, Maryland. He died at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 4, 1879. He married Frances Haddock, the daughter of William and Isabella (Smith) Haddock. She was reared in Tredegar, South Wales, and settled in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. The children by this union were: Enoch Evans, William Evans, Mrs. Ann James (nee Evans), Thomas H. Evans, Mrs. Frances Johns (nee Evans), Mrs. Jennie Jenkins (nee Evans), Mrs. Catherine Griffith (nee Evans). Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Evans were members of the Baptist church; politically he was a supporter of the Republican party.

Thomas H. Evans, obtained a good common school education, and later wisely chose to learn a trade, by which he could be numbered among the more independent class of toilers. He selected that of an iron-worker, which he has followed many years. In his political career he has been a supporter of the Republican party. He was elected a member of the school board for the twenty-third ward in Pittsburg, in February, 1891. He is a member of the Congregational church; was one of the founders of the Amalgamation Association, and is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, having joined that fraternity in 1870.

He was married at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, August 24, 1872, to Eliza Ann, daughter of Charles Henry and Sarah (Jones) Weager. Her father is a professional bookkeeper. This union resulted in the following children: Thomas Charles, married Mazie C. Erskine, of Pittsburg; Sarah Ann, Charles William, Ruth, Jennie Virginia, Isabella, Frances, Eliza.

JOHN FINNEGAN. The late John Finnegan, of Pittsburg, for many years in the service of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, was born August 29, 1853, at Grafton, West Virginia, and was by trade a machinist. It was in that capacity that he was employed by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, earning for himself a most creditable reputation. He left this company and engaged in the hotel business in 1883, conducting it until his death; his family later sold the hotel in Hazelwood. He adhered strongly to the doctrines and principles advocated by the Democratic party. He and his family were members of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic church, of Hazelwood, but his family are at present members of St. Paul's cathedral of

the East End, Pittsburg. Mr. Finnegan married, August 29, 1877, Mary Herbert, and the following children were born to them: Daisy, wife of Albert Langenheim, of Pittsburg; Herbert Francis, Ralph John, Mary Claire. The death of Mr. Finnegan occurred August 29, 1903. He was, in all respects, an estimable man, and his widow and children had, in their bereavement, the sincere sympathy of his many friends.

Mrs. Finnegan is a daughter of John and Mary (Dailey) Herbert, whose children were: David, deceased; John; Katherine, deceased, was wife of Andrew Burns; Patrick, deceased; Mary, wife of John Finnegan. Mrs. Finnegan was born in Pittsburg; at the age of three she lost her parents; she was reared by ex-sheriff Dean, of Connellsville, where she received her education in the public schools.

ROBERT CULLEY SMITH, justice of the peace of Swissvale, was born January 2, 1830, at Florence, Washington county, Pennsylvania, son of Robert Gamble Smith, who was born in York county, Pennsylvania, and was a farmer and stock-raiser. He moved to Florence, Washington county, when a boy.

Robert Gamble Smith married Nellie, daughter of Levi J. and Easter Culley, of the vicinity of Florence; their children were: Catharine, widow of Frank Hood, of Burgettstown, Pennsylvania, and Easter Ann, widow of James Clelland, of Florence, who died in 1905; their children were William and Mary.

Robert Culley Smith, son of Robert Gamble and Nellie (Culley) Smith, received his education in the common schools of Florence, and after leaving school engaged in farming and stock-raising, devoting special attention to sheep.

Mr. Smith married, May 2, 1861, Alice, daughter of Eli and Sarah (Mathews) Jackson. Mr. and Mrs. Smith are the parents of a son and daughter: Charles Ellesworth Smith, born January 22, 1862, and Nellie Smith, born February 14, 1867, died September 19, 1888, wife of Clarke Bayne, of Cannonsburg, Pennsylvania. Charles Ellesworth Smith married Nellie Rankin, of Pittsburg. They have two children.

In 1861 Robert Culley Smith enlisted in Company L, Twenty-eighth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry, and participated in the battles of Antietam, Chancellorsville, Bolivar Heights, Cedar Mountain, Wauhatchie, Lookout Mountain, Mission Ridge, Burnt Hickory, Resaca, Peach Tree Creek (or Pea Vine Creek), made memorable by the death of General McPherson, and was honorably discharged August 18, 1864, at Louisville, Kentucky.

In May, 1874, Mr. Smith moved with his family to Swissvale, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, where he has resided ever since.

On May 12, 1897, he was appointed by Governor Hastings a justice of the peace in what was then Braddock township. For his first term he was elected on the Republican ticket, for his second term chosen by the Citizens' party, and on February 18, 1908, was elected for his third term of five years, on the Citizens' ticket.

WILLIAM FRANKLYN STEVENS, who fills the responsible and important position of librarian of the Carnegie Library at Homestead, Allegheny

county, Pennsylvania, is a descendant of an old family whose members have not hesitated to lay down their lives in defense of their country when occasion arose.

(I) William Stevens, great-grandfather of William Franklyn Stevens, was born in 1759. He married and had eleven children.

(II) John Stevens, fourth child of William Stevens (I), was born in 1791, and died in 1854. He married Sarah Jett, born in 1801, and died in 1889, and they had nine children. He was a commissary in the war of 1812.

(III) William Stevens, sixth child of John and Sarah (Jett) Stevens, was born in 1834, and died in 1863. He was a merchant in Kirby, Ohio, and at the outbreak of the Civil war enlisted from that village in Company F, One Hundred and First Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, and died in the hospital soon after the battle of Murfreesboro, Tennessee. He married Caroline Amelia Sherman, born in 1843 and died in 1899, second of the nine children of Royal and Maria (Curtis) Sherman, the former born near Montpelier, Vermont, in 1818, and died in 1901, and the latter born in Medina, Ohio, in 1821, died in 1898. Among the children of Mr. and Mrs. Stevens were: William Franklyn, see forward, and Elias Sherman, born in 1861, a missionary in Japan.

(IV) William Franklyn Stevens, son of William and Caroline Amelia (Sherman) Stevens, was born in the village of Kirby, Wyandot county, Ohio, May 4, 1863. He was graduated from the Ohio Northern University of Ada, Ohio, with the class of 1887, and since that time has had conferred upon him the degrees of Master of Science, Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy. He was librarian of the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian Association of the city of New York from 1890 to 1901, this branch having been founded by Cornelius Vanderbilt, and has been librarian of the Carnegie Library at Homestead, Pennsylvania, founded and sustained by Andrew Carnegie, since 1901.

Mr. Stevens married Matilda Elizabeth DeFord, born in 1867, the second child of Samuel Fletcher and Mary Vashti (Duncan) DeFord. Mrs. Stevens was graduated from the Ohio Wesleyan University in the class of 1887, and received the degree of Bachelor of Literature. She is a member of the Pittsburg Chapter of the Daughters of the American Revolution, No. 53961. Samuel Fletcher DeFord, a banker of Ottawa, Ohio, was a son of John DeFord, whose earlier years were spent in Uniontown, Pennsylvania, and his later life in Carroll county, Ohio, and who married Matilda Littell, a daughter of Alonzo Littell and a cousin of Eliakim Littell, founder of "Littell's Living Age." Alonzo Littell married Catherine Custis, born in 1790, daughter of George Custis, who died in 1829, and his second wife, Catherine Leatherman, born in 1765, died in 1844. George Custis was the son of Paul Custis, Custer or Custus. Paul Custer was an English gentleman, but whether he was born in this country or in England is not a matter of record. It is very unfortunate that his lineal descent from English noblemen was not preserved. He lived in Pennsylvania about the beginning of the eighteenth century, and there married Sarah Martha Ball, a sister of Jonathan and Mary Ball, who afterward became the wife of Augustine Washington and the mother of the illustrious George Washington. Alonzo Littell, who wrote a manuscript history of the ancestral Custer family in 1876 tells the following:

"Paul Custer had four sons, George, William, Jonathan and John. His

wife's maiden name was Martha Ball, the daughter of Colonel Ball of Lancaster, Pennsylvania. She had a sister whose name was Mary, and a brother, Jonathan Ball. On the 6th day of March, 1730, at the age of twenty-six, Mary Ball was married to Augustine Washington, of Gloucester county, Virginia, who was then a widower with four children, three sons and a daughter. They had six children, and the eldest of these, who was born on the 22d of February, 1732, was the renowned General George Washington, who in 1776 became commander-in-chief to the armies of the Revolution, and in 1789 the first president of the United States, and died in 1799, two years after his second presidential term, and whose name stands today on the proudest page of his country's history. His mother, our grandfather's aunt, lived to see her son inaugurated president, but died in the autumn of 1789, aged eighty-five years. Her brother, Jonathan Ball, had a son, Joseph Ball, who died in 1820 in Philadelphia possessed of immense wealth. Our grandfather, George Custer, preferred his claim as a first cousin of Joseph Ball to a share of his estate and it was allowed by the court with seventy other claimants in different degrees of relationship. He received a part of the money during his lifetime, and since his decease his executors have received an additional amount and paid it over to us as the heirs of our mother. In this list of seventy heirs which I have in my possession are the honored names of the Lewises, the Balls, the Washingtons, the Custers and Custises, who were shown to be of the same family but with a different spelling of the name rendered in English. The fact is a matter of record in the United States court at Philadelphia, and indisputable that our grandfather, George Custer, and George Washington were sisters' children and cousins in the first degree, and that the Custers, the Custises and the Washingtons were bound in the closest bonds of relationship and consanguinity.

"Our grandfather, George Custer, was twice married and had fifteen children, seven sons and eight daughters. Our mother was his ninth child and the third of his second wife, whose maiden name was Catherine Leatherman. They all lived to marry and have large families except Hannah Ache, who had no children. Our mother was the first of them to die, dying in her thirty-sixth year and on the birth of her twelfth child. Most of them lived to very old age, and his eldest daughter, Sally Fouch, to over one hundred years. They were all agriculturists, large, strong, healthy men and women, with very fair skin, blue eyes, hair nearly black, good teeth, good singers, spoke and wrote the English language well and could read and write the German. In religion they belonged to the Dunkards, of which grandmother's three brothers and a son-in-law were ministers, and the elders, my grandfather included, wore their beards as a religious duty, while all the other men in those days were closely shaved. Grandfather Custer emigrated with his family from Chester county, Pennsylvania, in 1788. They came over the mountains on pack horses, and two of the horses were loaded with the gold and silver, for he was a rich man in his day and lived and died so. He gave every one of his fifteen children a large farm or the money to buy one, and they lived and died like their father, rich in goods and lands, and no blood relative of ours, either on father or mother's side was ever indicted for a crime or failed to pay their debts promptly and dollar for dollar. I do not know the exact number of George Custer's grandchildren who lived to man and womanhood, but I know that the average could not have been

less than eight to each one of the fourteen, which would make one hundred and twelve grandchildren, and the great-grandchildren must have exceeded that number at his death. He was buried on his farm near Uniontown, and in 1846 our grandmother, who was one of the excellent of the earth, was laid by his side, and several of his children and sons-in-law and grandchildren were gathered around him in that peaceful slumber which knows no waking or setting sun. There is a wonderful contrast between our ancestors on the father's and mother's side. Mother's people as a rule were agriculturists of the highest type, including the southern branch, called planters, who made use of slave labor, and the western pioneer of ample means and free strong arms of their own with which they hewed out a fortune in the wilderness."

No word picture of the strength and virtue of the Custer descendants can be written. It is not flattery to add that today, throughout the breadth of the land wherever you find a Custer descendant you find an honest and industrious man. They number today in the thousands, and yet as a whole they are a religious, law-abiding people, neither very rich or very poor, but always independent and well-established as respectable citizens. Alonzo Littell goes on to tell of his illustrious family, which is a fair illustration of the prominence of many branches of the Custer family:

"The Littells have always been and still are a family of thinkers, readers, writers, lawyers, ministers, teachers, poets and editors, engaged in guiding the thought of the age and in which many of them have excelled, as for instance Hon. William Littell, our father's only brother, a distinguished lawyer of Lexington, Kentucky, whose digest of its laws was for many years the universally received legal authority in that state and fully equal in talent and social position to his distinguished contemporaries, Felix Grundy, Colonel R. M. Johnston, Henry Clay and others of his day, and also Eliakim Littell of Boston, our father's cousin, the founder and publisher of 'Littell's Living Age,' for many years and at the present day one of the best and popular periodicals of the age. Two hundred and fifty-five volumes (1844-1907) of his work are now in the public library of Cleveland, and so thorough and important a work is it that no public library in the land is complete without it. And I would also name Rev. Dr. Luther Littell of the Presbytery of Hudson, New York, our near relative, and many others, distinguished in literature, science and religion, but strange to say the Littells have never sought or obtained either political advancement or great wealth. I never knew one of them, male or female, who married and took a position in life, who worked for wages, or who did not command their own time and carry on their own business. And the same is as fully true in regard to our Custer relations. As in the millions of Israel who left Egypt there was not a sickly or feeble person; so with our most extensive relationship; it would be hard to find a poor one, such as need public or private charity. I have never known any one of them ever asking or receiving such, or would accept it at the hand of any one."

We might pursue the history of the Custers into the many branches of the family, but it would take volumes to contain it. At a low estimate there are fifteen or twenty distinct branches of the Custer family, aggregating between three and five thousand descendants in the United States, yet it is hardly probable that more than one hundred will prove heirship.

William Franklyn and Matilda Elizabeth (DeFord) Stevens have had children: Carolyn Duncan, born in 1894; William DeFord, born in 1898; and James Curtis, born in 1899. Carolyn Duncan is a member of the John Hart Chapter of the Children of the American Revolution, No. 7438.

WILLIAM H. DEVORE. The late William H. DeVore, who had the distinction of being the oldest undertaker, not of Pittsburg only, but of all western Pennsylvania, was born January 31, 1833, in Washington county, a son of Peter DeVore, and grandson of William DeVore, who was born in 1764, and was a resident of Bower Hill, Washington county, Pennsylvania. His death occurred in 1845. The DeVores are a family of French origin, the founder having come to this country during the Colonial period from the province of Lorraine, which was then included in the realm of France.

Peter DeVore, son of William DeVore, was born in 1810, in Washington county, where he passed his life as a farmer. He was thrice married, his first wife being Sarah Foster, by whom he had the following children: Margaret, first wife of William Fairtrace; Daniel, married Marab Beatty; William H., of whom later; Mary, wife of William Townsend; Henry, married Mary Clark; Agnes, second wife of William Fairtrace; Rachel, wife of Joseph Vance, and Lida. After the death of the mother of these children Mr. DeVore married Zillah, maiden name unknown, by whom he became the father of one son, Willet, who died in childhood. The third wife of Mr. DeVore was Elizabeth Summony, who bore him two children, Abraham L. and Alice. The death of Mr. DeVore occurred in 1868, in his native county.

William H. DeVore, son of Peter and Sarah (Foster) DeVore, received his education in the common schools of Washington county, and began life at the age of thirteen by learning the cabinetmaker's trade with his uncle, David DeVore, at Monongahela City, with whom he stayed four years. In 1850 he came to Pittsburg, serving an apprenticeship with William Lemon, whose place of business (furniture) was on Fourth avenue. He worked with Mr. Lemon about four years and then went to work for a Mr. Williams, who was then in the undertaking business on the old Fourth street road (now Fifth avenue), near Congress street. He remained with Mr. Williams until 1856 and then went into business for himself, beginning in a small way on the corner of Grant street and Fifth avenue, now the site of the Frick building. His business increased rapidly, and later he took as a partner Lewis Beinhauer, with whom he was successfully associated for many years. He afterward formed a partnership with William Jackson, who had charge of the livery and Mr. DeVore the undertaking, the two departments being conducted independent of each other until finally the livery came under the supervision of Jackson & DeVore. After a short time Mr. DeVore continued the business by himself.

It may be said of him he was one of the most successful men who ever engaged in the undertaking and livery business. In 1872 he erected one of the finest undertaking houses in the state, a substantial modern four-story building, having a spacious frontage at No. 104, now No. 512, Grant street, at a cost of \$18,000. Mr. DeVore bought that place in 1856, and remained

in the same location until March, 1897, a period of forty-one years, and then sold it to James F. McMorris. On the latter date he moved to 1310 Fifth avenue, near Magee street, and remained there until he retired from business March 25, 1901. In May, 1889, during the Johnstown flood, he volunteered his services to the governor of Pennsylvania, was put in full charge, and was employed in the burial of many of the victims of the ever memorable flood. All of his work and services were free of charge. In 1867 he made his home in Wilkinsburg, where he purchased twenty-two acres of land, on which was a house which he took for his dwelling. This house is still standing. The land was then in Wilkins township but now is in the borough of Wilkinsburg.

Mr. DeVore was engaged in the undertaking business for over fifty years, and numbered among his patrons some of the most prominent families in western Pennsylvania. At the beginning of the Civil war he received the contract from the government for the burying of the dead, and he conducted the funerals of many of those who fell in battle, also buried most all of the victims of the Arsenal explosion on Butler street in 1862, was undertaker for all of the railroads centering in Pittsburg; performed the Pennsylvania Railroad work east of Pittsburg for twenty-eight years, also had all the burials from the hospitals in connection with railroad work, and his place on Grant street was used as a morgue by Allegheny county for many years. He was the only embalmer in this section of Pennsylvania until the 70s and would often be called to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and other large cities to do embalming.

He was a regular attendant at Masonic affairs, and was a member of St. John's Lodge, No. 219, F. and A. M., and also affiliated with Allegheny Chapter, No. 217, Royal Arch Masons, Mt. Moriah Council, No. 2, R. and S. M., and W. H. DeVore Lodge, No. 676, I. O. O. F., of Wilkinsburg, now known as Wilkinsburg Lodge, No. 676, I. O. O. F., the name having been changed some time after his death. It was named in his honor at its organization, and he was a charter member. He was also a charter member of Duquesne Commandery, No. 72, Knights Templar, an honorary member of Allegheny Commandery, and past eminent commander of Jacques de Molay Commandery. He was one of the Masonic pilgrims who toured European countries in 1871, and also traveled over the entire western part of the United States. In politics he was a Republican, and held several county and borough offices, among them those of councilman and school director. He was a member of the Smithfield Methodist Episcopal church, better known as the old Brime Stone Corner.

Mr. DeVore married Margaret, born in 1834, a daughter of Archibald and Anna (Blood) McLean, and the following children were born to them: 1. Henrietta C., wife of William H. Culp and the mother of a son and daughter, Harry R., who married Minnie Tedwick, and Maud L., who married Daniel E. Doncaster, chief of police of Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, who died March 14, 1908, from injuries received at a big fire in Wilkinsburg on March 10, 1908. Their children are Agnes B., Henrietta D. and Daniel E., Jr. 2. Edward L., who married, first, Kate Sykes, and, second, Lottie Ludwig. By the first marriage he has one daughter, Margaret, wife of John Hall, of Jeanette, Pennsylvania. 3. Lillie A., wife of Joseph G. Lloyd, and their children are Helen D. and Marion S. 4. Alice M., deceased, wife of

Elmer Bachelor. 5. Cora M., wife of Calvin D. Collins. 6. Clyde S., deceased. 7. Carrie Blanche, wife of Christopher P. Linhart, and they have one son, Lawrence R. 8. Olive L., unmarried. 9. William H. DeVore, Jr., married Edith Heston, and their children are William H. and Robert B. 10. Clifford W., of whom later. Mrs. DeVore, the mother of the family, died August 22, 1881.

Mr. DeVore closed his long career of usefulness October 20, 1905, passing away in the seventy-third year of his age, rich in the love of his family and friends and in the sincere respect with which the example of his upright life had inspired the whole community.

Clifford W. DeVore, son of William H. and Margaret (McLean) DeVore, was born August 15, 1881, on his father's farm in Crab Hollow, Wilkins township, and was brought up in Wilkinsburg, receiving his preparatory education in the local schools. From March, 1893, to April, 1896, he attended the Southwestern State Normal School at California, Pennsylvania. In June, 1896, he went into business with his father, with whom he remained until March 19, 1901, his father at that time retiring from active business life. In the following November he entered the service of the Columbia Iron & Steel Company, but the works soon after closing down he became a fireman for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Having the misfortune to meet with an accident he resigned as fireman and started anew in the passenger service, as passenger brakeman, which position he still retains. He is a staunch Republican, and attends the Methodist Episcopal church.

Mr. DeVore married Anna Laura, daughter of Matthew H. and Anna Eliza (Dempsey) Hamilton, and they are the parents of two sons—Clifford W. DeVore, Jr., and Harry Hamilton DeVore.

JOHN STEWART ASHBROOK, D. D. S., professor of dental anatomy and dental medicine at the Pittsburg Dental College, was born September 5, 1872, in Buffalo township, Washington county, Pennsylvania, a son of Abraham Luther and Mary Ellen (Stewart) Ashbrook, and is a descendant on the paternal side of German ancestry and on the maternal side of English ancestry. His great-grandfather, Simon Ashbrook, was born June 6, 1766, and died June 16, 1848. His wife, Mary (Fennel) Ashbrook, born September 9, 1768, died October 11, 1855. They were natives of Lancaster county, Pennsylvania, and were of German descent. The maternal great-grandfather, John Braddock, was born September 17, 1783, and died April 1, 1858. His wife, Mary (Wilson) Braddock, born March 11, 1782, died March 5, 1871. They were of English descent, and settled in Washington county, Pennsylvania, in the latter part of the eighteenth century.

Absolem Ashbrook was born June 3, 1808, and died June 6, 1894, and his wife, Elizabeth (Braddock) Ashbrook, was born May 15, 1813, and died September 5, 1886. They were residents of Washington county, Pennsylvania.

Abraham Lewis Ashbrook, father, was born March 31, 1847, in Buffalo township, Washington county, Pennsylvania. He received his education in the public schools, and after leaving school passed his early manhood as a farmer. He then began the study of dentistry with Dr. W. W. McClery, of

Washington, Pennsylvania, and afterward entered the College of Dental Surgery, Baltimore, Maryland, graduating in 1884 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. He returned to Washington, where he practiced twenty years, retiring in 1905. He is the owner of a farm of one hundred and twenty acres in Buffalo township, but resides in Washington. Politically he is a Democrat. He is a member of the Second Presbyterian church of Washington. Dr. Ashbrook married, first, Mary Ellen Stewart, born near Claysville, Pennsylvania, August 5, 1851, and died October 10, 1877, leaving one son, John Stewart. Dr. Ashbrook married, second, Frances, daughter of Gideon Chapman, born in New York city. Of this marriage there is no issue.

John Stewart Ashbrook, only son of Abraham Luther and Mary Ellen (Stewart) Ashbrook, attended the public schools of Washington, subsequently spending four years at Washington and Jefferson College. He studied dentistry with his father for one year, going at the end of that time to Philadelphia and entering the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, where he graduated in 1895 with the degree of Doctor of Dental Surgery. The same year he came to Pittsburg and established himself in the Horn Office Building, his present office being at 219 Sixth street, known as the Pittsburg Life Building. He was one of the organizers of the Pittsburg Dental College, and is now professor of Dental Anatomy and Dental Medicine in that institution. He belongs to the State Dental Society, the Odontological Society, the National Institute of Dental Pedagogics and the Psi Omega fraternity. He is a Democrat in politics and a member of the Lincoln Avenue Methodist Episcopal church. In 1905 Dr. Ashbrook purchased his attractive residence on Homer street, East End.

Dr. Ashbrook married, September 16, 1896, Nellie Eva, daughter of Minor Noah and Frances (Black) Reamer. A sketch of the Reamer family appears elsewhere in this work.

JOHN SCOTT TODD, one of the enterprising and painstaking contractors and builders of Swissvale, Pennsylvania, was born December 31, 1862, son of Robert and Elizabeth (Scott) Todd. The father of the subject of this notice, Robert Todd, was born in county Durham, England, March 20, 1816, and was a well-known master builder in his native county, in England. He was the son of Robert Todd, also a prominent contractor and builder in his day and generation in the same county. Robert Todd (II), subject's father, came to this country October, 1879, locating at Swissvale, Pennsylvania. He was a member of the Episcopal church, until shortly before his death when he united with the Catholic church of Wilkinsburg.

He married Elizabeth Scott, daughter of James and Margaret (McPherson) Scott, of Durham county, England. They were the parents of thirteen children, as follows: 1. Christopher. 2. Robert, Jr. 3. William. 4. Isabella. 5. Christopher (second). 6. Thomas. 7. Elizabeth. 8. John S. 9. Mary Ellen. 10. George. 11. Emily. 12. Margaret. 13. Infant unnamed at death. The father of this family died May 11, 1889, and his wife died April 22, of the same year.

John Scott Todd, the eighth child of Robert Todd, Jr., and wife, was born in Durham county, England, and attended the National school in his

native country. He left England on Royal Oak Day (May 29), 1879, landing in America June 10 the same year, and located at Swissvale, Pennsylvania, where he earned a livelihood as journeyman bricklayer. He aided in the building of the Homestead Steel Work's plant, he laying the first brick. He was then engaged by Charles Mackin, who had the building contract for that building. For the last eighteen years Mr. Todd has been engaged at contract work. He erected the St. Wenceslaus church in Allegheny City and the Laird and Ray building on Liberty street, Pittsburg, which at that date was the largest business house in Pittsburg. His workmanship has always been praised by the persons for whom he has been engaged to erect structures.

Mr. Todd is a member of St. Anselm's Catholic church at Swissvale, and in politics he is a Republican. He was married May 8, 1889, to Miss Elizabeth, daughter of Dennis and Mary (McCarthy) Clifford, of Scottdale, Pennsylvania, but formerly of Dudley, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania. Ten children have blessed this union, and their names are as follows: 1. John Scott, Jr., born January 21, 1890, died February 3, 1903. 2. Marguerite, born October 26, 1892, now in the Swissvale high school. 3. Martina, born March 2, 1893. 4. Cornelia, born April 6, 1894. 5. Henrietta, born November 13, 1896. 6. Eleanor, born May 14, 1898. 7. Christopher, born December 25, 1899, died June 30, 1900. 8. Dorothea, born April 6, 1901. 9. Joseph, born October 8, 1903. 10. Dolores, born March 23, 1904.

THOMAS LAMB, the pioneer ancestor of the family of which George Harris Lamb, of Braddock, is a representative, was born in Derbyshire, England, 1794, came to America about 1818, settled on a farm at Millbrook, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, then an unsubdued forest, and was one of the pioneer farmers in that section. He was a local preacher of the Methodist Episcopal church, but left that body on account of the agitation on the slavery question, and became one of the founders of the Wesleyan Methodist church. He married, about 1820, Elizabeth Grace, born April 14, 1800, on a pioneer farm in Millbrook, Pennsylvania, and among their children was a son, John Boyer, see forward. Thomas Lamb died 1881. His life was one of usefulness and activity, and his influence for good was felt throughout the community in which he resided.

John Boyer Lamb, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Grace Lamb, was born April 16, 1831, on pioneer farm in Millbrook, Pennsylvania, died 1893, in the sixty-second year of his age. He received a common school education, followed the occupation of farming, in which he was highly successful, was a Methodist in religion, and a Republican in politics. He was respected by his neighbors and townsmen for his sterling integrity and uprightness of character, and his demise was sincerely mourned. He married, in 1857, Prudence Egbert, born June 15, 1830, daughter of Lewis Egbert, who was born at Elizabeth, Pennsylvania, 1798, was a pioneer farmer and served as justice of the peace. Among their children was George Harris, see forward.

George Harris Lamb, son of John Boyer and Prudence (Egbert) Lamb, was born in Millbrook, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, January 21, 1859. In the public schools of his native village, and at Pine Grove Normal Academy, now Grove City College, he acquired a practical education which prepared

him for entering Allegheny College, from which institution he graduated in 1885 with the degree of Bachelor of Arts and later received the degree of Master of Arts. He has served in the capacity of Principal of McElwain Institute, New Lebanon, Pennsylvania; principal of the borough schools of Mercer, Pennsylvania, and of the grammar school in the city of Youngstown, Ohio; superintendent of the borough schools of Braddock, Pennsylvania; librarian of Carnegie Free Library, and superintendent of Carnegie Club, Braddock, Pennsylvania. He is actively connected with the Methodist Episcopal church of Braddock, in which he has served as steward and superintendent of the Sunday-school. He is a Republican in politics. He is a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and of Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity.

Mr. Lamb married, July 28, 1885, at Fowler, Ohio, Sarah Effie Viets, who was a teacher prior to her marriage, having acquired her education in the common schools and academy of her native village. Her father, Abner Viets, died when she was quite young. She is a representative in the seventh generation in direct line of descent from Dr. John Viets, a pioneer settler in Connecticut, early in the eighteenth century. Her grandparents were among the pioneer settlers who came out from Connecticut early in the nineteenth century to settle the Western Reserve in northeastern Ohio. Children of George Harris and Sarah Effie (Viets) Lamb: 1. Harold Henry, born March 31, 1889, now (1908) a student in Allegheny College, and a member of Phi Gamma Delta Fraternity. 2. Mary, born April 22, 1893, now a High School student at home, Wilksburg, Pennsylvania.

CHARLES EBERLE LONG, one of the most enterprising and progressive business men of Greater Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, who holds and fills very efficiently the responsible position of superintendent of the Pittsburg Railway Company, is a representative of a family which has been settled in Pennsylvania for some generations.

Charles E. Long, Sr., father of Charles Eberle Long, was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, October 23, 1841. He was educated in the public schools of that city, and then studied chemistry and pharmacy, and for many years was engaged in the drug business. He is a member of the Lutheran church of Lancaster, and a staunch adherent of the Republican party. He married, September 17, 1863, Jane Sample, daughter of Dr. Nathaniel and Sarah (Steele) Sample, of Lancaster, and they have had children: 1. Louisa. 2. William, who died in childhood. 3. Sarah. 4. Charles Eberle, of whom see forward. 5. John, who is a banker and broker in Lancaster, married May Stauffer, daughter of J. Newton and Augusta (Shreiner) Stauffer. 6. Margaret, who died April 24, 1902.

Charles Eberle Long, second son and fourth child of Charles E., Sr., and Jane (Sample) Long, was born in Lancaster, Pennsylvania, December 6, 1870. He was educated in the public schools of his native city, and upon attaining manhood, came to Pittsburg, in 1902, in order to accept the position of superintendent of the Pittsburg Railway Company. Here his remarkable executive ability and excellent managerial powers are duly appreciated. He is a member of the Lutheran church, and his political affiliations are with the

Republican party. He married, February 14, 1893, Eleanor Myers, a daughter of Henry and Mary (Diffenbaugh) Myers, of Lancaster, Pennsylvania, and they have one child: Henry Myers, born January 17, 1894.

WILLIAM MORRISON CHERRY, cashier, formerly purchasing agent and clerk for the department of charities for the city of Pittsburg, was born May 23, 1863, in Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, son of William Dawson and Sarah (Morrison) Cherry, and grandson of John W. and Eliza (Lemon) Cherry.

John W. Cherry (grandfather) was born and reared in the town of Mt. Pleasant, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, attended its common schools, and learned the trade of cabinet making. He preferred a mercantile career, and accordingly turned his attention to the butchering and livery business, which he followed in Mt. Pleasant, Pennsylvania, and at Palmyra, Missouri, where his death occurred in the year 1858. He married Eliza Lemon, daughter of ——— and Polly Lemon, of Connellsville, and six children were the issue of this union: 1. William Dawson, see forward. 2. Mary Elizabeth. 3. Anna Maria, wife of James Allen, of St. Joseph, Missouri. 4. Sarah Emily, wife of Thomas Clark, of St. Joseph. 5. Henrietta, wife of Samuel N. Jeffries, of St. Joseph. 6. Eliza Catharine, wife of James M. Cartney, of Joplin, Missouri. Eliza (Lemon) Cherry died in the year 1884.

William Dawson Cherry (father) was born in the town of Mt. Pleasant, Pennsylvania, attended its public schools, and learned the trade of carriage painting, which line of work he followed constantly with the exception of his service in the Civil war. He enlisted in Company E, Two Hundred and Sixth Regiment, Volunteer Infantry, participated in many skirmishes, was discharged June 26, 1865, at Camp Reynolds, Pittsburg, and was mustered out of service at Richmond, Virginia. He is a member of the Presbyterian church of Greensburg, where he has resided for many years, and affiliates with the Republican party. He married Sarah Morrison, daughter of William and ——— (Selfrige) Morrison, who came from the northern part of Ireland, and located in Greensburg, Pennsylvania. Children of Mr. and Mrs. Morrison: 1. William J., deceased; was a merchant and conducted stores in Pittsburg and Greensburg, Pennsylvania. 2. Matilda. 3. Catharine, died at the age of twenty years. 4. Eliza, wife of Nicholas Dick. 5. Samuel, deceased. 6. Lavina, deceased, was the wife of the late Joseph McClelland, a banker of Franklin, Pennsylvania; they were the parents of one child, Sarah. 7. Mary Jane, of McKeesport, Pennsylvania. 8. Emma, deceased, married (first) James Scott, of McKeesport; married (second) George Reed, of Pittsburg. 9. Sarah, above mentioned as the wife of William Dawson Cherry. Children of William Dawson and Sarah (Morrison) Cherry: 1. William Morrison, see forward. 2. Elizabeth, wife of Henry Greenwalt, of Jeannette, Pennsylvania. 3. Mary Morrison, at home. 4. James B., of Braddock. 5. Joseph, of Greensburg, married ——— Kimmell, daughter of Jeremiah Kimmell, who was a dairyman of Greensburg for many years, being the second man to deliver milk there in a wagon from door to door, John Byerly being the first in that business at that place.

William Morrison Cherry attended the Greensburg Academy, after

which he learned the druggist business with his cousin, James Cherry, of Pittsburg, who was at that time one of the leading druggists of this city. William M. Cherry was engaged in the drug trade from 1878 to 1903, at Pittsburg and Greensburg, and then accepted a position as purchasing agent and clerk for the department of charities for the city of Pittsburg, and October 1, 1907, was promoted to cashier. In politics he is a Republican of the stalwart type.

Mr. Cherry married, April 1, 1889, Mary Edna Forgey, daughter of William N. Forgey, of Allegheny City, Pennsylvania. Mr. Forgey was a veteran of the Civil war, a member of a regiment of Pennsylvania Volunteers. Mr. and Mrs. Cherry are members of the Presbyterian church.

THOMAS CONROY, foreman of the Duquesne works of the Carnegie Steel Works, was born November 15, 1861, in county Galway, Ireland, son of Michael and Mary (True) Conroy. Michael Conroy was born in the same county in Ireland in which his son was, and there he followed farming for his livelihood. He married Mary True, daughter of Thomas and ——— (Devine) True, of county Galway, Ireland. Michael and Mary (True) Conroy were the parents of the following children: 1. Patrick, born in county Galway, Ireland; lived in McKeesport, Pennsylvania, for many years, and died in 1905, in Ireland. 2. Michael, Jr., lives at Homestead, Pennsylvania, where he worked for many years in the rolling mills of the Carnegie Steel Company. 3. Thomas, of whom later. 4. Mary, died in infancy. The mother, Mary (True) Conroy, died in 1864. For his second wife Mr. Conroy married Mary, daughter of Owen and Mary Flaherty, of county Galway, Ireland, who bore him five children: 1. Nora, who became the wife of Michael Wallace, of county Galway, Ireland; she died in 1898. 2. John. 3. Ellen. 4. Mary, died in infancy. 5. Ann, now the wife of John Flaherty, of Boston, Massachusetts.

Thomas Conroy, of this notice, came to America in 1879, and located first at a point in Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, where he worked at firing a steam boiler for about one year, then came to Homestead, Pennsylvania, where he was employed in the Carnegie Steel Works from the time they first opened until 1882, then removed to McKeesport, Pennsylvania, where he had employment in the National Rolling Mills, at the boilers. In 1893, seeing an opportunity of improving his condition, he moved to Duquesne, Pennsylvania, and was there employed by the Howard Plate Glass Company, having charge of their steam boilers, where he also hoisted sand for the Carnegie Steel Works for fourteen years. Mr. Conroy in politics is a staunch Republican, and is serving as one of the councilmen for the third ward in Duquesne borough. He belongs to Holy Name Roman Catholic Church of Duquesne, Rev. Father David Shannon, pastor. He is also connected with the Ancient Order of Hibernians and Catholic Benevolent Association.

He married, September 22, 1882, Bridget Conley, daughter of Edward and Mary (Cole) Conley, of county Galway, Ireland. To them have been born five children: 1. Michael John, born August 20, 1883, died July, 1885. 2. Edward Francis, June 28, 1885, died in infancy. 3. Thomas Francis, August 20, 1886. 4. Mary, August 10, 1888. 5. Patrick John, June 1, 1892.

ALEXANDER McKIM, proprietor of the Eagle Hotel, East Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, one of the leading hostleries in that section of the state, which he has conducted successfully for a number of years, is a native of Ireland, from which country have come so many of the loyal and patriotic citizens of the United States, and who are ever faithful in defending the interests of the land of their adoption.

William McKim, father of Alexander McKim, was born in county Derry, Ireland, and in 1866 emigrated to the United States, locating in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, where for several years he followed his trade of blacksmith. For many years prior to his death, which occurred July 30, 1901, aged sixty-four years, he devoted his attention to contracting work, such as excavating, grading, etc., in which he was highly successful. In politics he was a Republican. He married Letitia Cook, of county Derry, Ireland, who died November, 1904, and who bore him eight children, as follows: John; Alexander, of whom later; William; Andrew; Samuel, of East Pittsburg; Hugh, engaged in the marine service; Thomas, engaged in the hotel business in Allegheny City; Letitia, wife of David Hastings, a hotel man of Irwin, Pennsylvania. Mr. and Mrs. McKim were members of the Presbyterian church.

Alexander McKim was born in county Derry, Ireland, August 12, 1864. In 1866, when two years of age, his parents came to the United States, and his education was acquired in the public schools of the Second ward of Allegheny City. He served an apprenticeship at the trade of sheet iron worker, which he followed for seven or eight years, after which he entered the employ of the Westinghouse Electric & Manufacturing Company, serving for fifteen years as foreman of the copper department. He then engaged in the hotel business, for which he was eminently qualified, and conducted the Linden Avenue Hotel for four years; he then sold out and moved to Irwin, Pennsylvania, where he conducted the Hotel Crescent, after which he disposed of this and lived a retired life for two years. He then returned to East Pittsburg and purchased the Eagle Hotel, which he is conducting at the present time. The hotel is modern in every respect, having pleasant, cheerful rooms, and the cuisine being of the best makes it a delightful place for the traveling public. He is a member of the Elks, Eagles, Knights of Pythias, Foresters and Odd Fellows. He is a Republican in politics.

Mr. McKim married, September 17, 1889, Philomena Reiner, daughter of William and Walberg (Bach) Reiner, of Allegheny City. Children: William, born November 25, 1891, died July 27, 1893, aged twenty months. Cyril, August 5, 1901. William Reiner, father of Mrs. McKim, was born in Würtemberg, Germany, was a cabinetmaker by trade, and in early manhood came to the United States. He married, in Allegheny City, Pennsylvania, Walberg Bach, a native of Würtemberg, Germany, who came to this country at the age of thirteen, and located in Allegheny City. Mr. and Mrs. Reiner spent the remainder of their lives in that city, his death occurring December 23, 1883, and hers January, 1886. Their children were: Herman, a farmer of Pine Creek, married Katharine Kittrell; Minnie, wife of Joseph Shultz, of Millvale; Anna, widow of William Remaley; Philomena, wife of Alexander McKim, aforementioned; Elizabeth, wife of Samuel W. Wolf, a hotel man of East Pittsburg.

SAMUEL EMANUEL PEARSON, a well-known contractor and house mover of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, is a representative of a family which has been resident in America since before the war of the Revolution, and which has borne its share in the defence of the land of their adoption.

(I) Thomas Pearson, great-grandfather of Samtiel Emanuel Pearson, was a native of England and emigrated to this country prior to the war of the Revolution. He joined the Continental forces and was wounded during the struggle for independence in which he was an active participant. He married _____, and they were the parents of: John, see forward; Allen, Thomas, Elizabeth, Pollie and George.

(II) John Pearson, eldest child of Thomas Pearson, married Rachel Meadows, and they had children: Wyatt, Peyton, Clayborn Austin, see forward; Washington.

(III) Clayborn Austin Pearson, third son and child of John and Rachel (Meadows) Pearson, was born in Harden county, Kentucky, in 1811. He was engaged in farming, stock raising and boat building, and was a prosperous man. In politics he was at first a Whig and later a radical Republican. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. He married Hannah Springer, born in Crawford county, Indiana, in 1819, daughter of Charles and Comfort (Walker) Springer. Charles Springer came from the east, presumably Delaware, where the Springers had grants of land on the site of the present city of Wilmington. He married (first) Hannah Harden, of Kentucky, and they had children: Lewis, Mordecai, Sallie, Missouri and Nancy. He married (second) Comfort Walker, and had child, Hannah. Clayborn Austin and Hannah (Springer) Pearson had children: 1. Charles Robert, was in active service during the Civil war, and was transferred from a southern to an Iowa regiment, and was later sent to the western states to fight against the Indians. He was not mustered out until 1867. 2. John, also a soldier during the Civil war, was with Sherman during the famous march to the sea. 3. Tipton Walker. 4. Minerva Jane. 5. Clayborn Austin, Jr. 6. Elizabeth Comfort. 7. Lewis Springer. 8. Elihu. 9. Samuel Emanuel, see forward. Clayborn Austin Pearson died in November, 1875, and his wife died in December, 1878.

(IV) Samuel Emanuel Pearson, seventh son and ninth and youngest child of Clayton Austin and Hannah (Springer) Pearson, was born in Crawford county, Indiana, June 18, 1859. His early years were spent in attendance at the schools of Warwick and Gibson counties, Indiana, and in assisting his father in the cultivation of the home farm. At the age of sixteen years he found employment in a saw mill, where he remained for a period of two years, then worked on the E. & T. H. Railroad as bridge carpenter, where he learned his trade, and remained in the employ of this company for three years. He then established himself in the contracting business, building barns, bridges, etc., and December 5, 1888, entered into a contract with the Keystone Bridge Company and assisted in building the bridge over Green river, at Spottsville, Kentucky. He removed to Turtle Creek June 15, 1889, and there erected the Westinghouse Air Brake Works at Wilmerding. He then went to Homestead, Pennsylvania, where he was employed from December 1, 1889, to February, 1894, erecting open hearth furnaces, armor plate mills, and various other plants. He was with the Westinghouse concern until 1895 and then returned to the Keystone Bridge Company until they were merged into

the American Bridge Company, remaining with the latter until May, 1903, when he established himself in the contracting and house moving business. He removed from Turtle Creek in 1893 to No. 321 Whipple street in the Twenty-second ward, Pittsburg, where he resides at the present time (1907). He is a member of the Baptist church of Swissvale, and a staunch Republican in politics, having held a number of public offices. He is now serving his second term as a member of the Colfax school board, having been a member for five years, and never absent from a single meeting. He has been a member of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows for twenty-three years, and of the Maccabees for ten years.

He married, May 15, 1878, Debby Jane Stockwell, daughter of Miles and Nancy (Howell) Stockwell, farmers of Hazelton, Gibson county, Indiana. Mr. and Mrs. Pearson have had children: 1. Ada May, married Edward Milliren, of Wilson Station, Pennsylvania, and they have had children: Theodore and Milton. 2. Sarah Viola, married Lewis Hemminger, of the twenty-second ward, and has children: Harry and Charles. 3. ———, died in infancy. 4. Samuel Arthur. 5. Carl Austin, died at the age of two years. 6. Ethel Pearl, died at the age of seven years as the result of burns received from the accidental igniting of her clothes. 7. Grace Enod. 8. Homer Orville. 9. Maggie Lena. 10. Everett, died at the age of six months. 11. Mabel Irene.

JAMES HENRY MULLIGAN, an expert molder in iron work, now residing at the borough of Swissvale, Pennsylvania, near Pittsburg, was born May 5, 1877, son of John and Sarah (Cassiday) Mulligan, who at the time of his birth were living at Altoona, Pennsylvania.

John Mulligan, the father, was born October 29, 1848, in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and there learned the trade of machinist in the Baldwin Locomotive Works. He came to Pittsburg in 1898, locating first at Braddock, but later removed to Swissvale where he is now employed in the shops of the United States Steel Corporation. In his church faith he is a Roman Catholic, being a member of that church at Swissvale. In politics he is a Democrat. He was united in marriage to Sarah, daughter of David and Elizabeth (Harbison) Cassiday, of Newry, Blair county, Pennsylvania. To this union has been born the following children: Edward, married Catherine Blotzer; Thomas; David; Ferdinand; James Henry, born May 5, 1877, of whom later mention will be made; Elizabeth; Mary, and Regina.

James Henry Mulligan attended the public and parochial schools of Altoona, Pennsylvania, and when old enough to choose a trade for his life calling learned that of an iron molder, which he has since followed. He learned this trade in the shops of the Bellewood Manufacturing Company at Bellewood, Pennsylvania. He came to Pittsburg, the great iron center, in 1893, first working at McVey & Walker's at Braddock, then went to the Carnegie Steel Company, Braddock, and for the last four years, since 1903, has been employed at the United States Steel Corporation's Works at Swissvale. Mr. Mulligan votes an independent political ticket, and is a member of the Roman Catholic church of Swissvale. He was united in marriage April 23, 1901, to Margaret, daughter of Patrick and Mary (Ward) McCauley, of Braddock. Two children have blessed this union: Estella, born October 2, 1902; James, June 12, 1905. Mrs. Mulligan died July 12, 1906.

HENRY EMIL FREDERICK, of Pittsburg, was born November 17, 1869, at Kittanning, son of Charles Rinehart Frederick, who was by trade a cabinetmaker. He emigrated to the United States and settled at Kittanning. He was a Democrat and a member of the Reformed church.

Charles Rinehart Frederick married a Miss Ringling, and their family consisted of the following children: Augusta; William, deceased; Margaret, wife of William Meyer, two children, Freda and Caroline; Charles, married Fannie Aber, two children; Charlotte, deceased; John, machinist; Henry Emil, of whom later; Katharine, widow of Greer T. Nolf, has three children, Kyle Frederick, Ward and Surena.

Henry Emil Frederick, son of Charles Rinehart and ——— (Ringling) Frederick, is a tonsorial artist, having his place of business in Glenwood.

He belongs to three branches of the Masonic fraternity, Pittsburg Lodge, No. 11, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, the I. O. O. F., and the Knights of Pythias. He is a Republican and a member of the Lutheran church.

Mr. Frederick married, September 28, 1901, Annie Laura, daughter of William and Belle (McElhaney) McGlaughlin, of Duquesne Heights, Pittsburg, and they were the parents of two children: Corran Force, born July 19, 1902, and John Blessing, born November 26, 1903. The mother of these children died March 15, 1906.

CHARLES ANDREW FINLEY, superintendent of the Bureau of Engineering and Surveying of the city of Pittsburg, and who has been in the employ of the city for a number of years, is a representative of an English family which has been prominent in manufacturing, literature and other lines for many years.

Thomas Hudson Finley, grandfather of Charles A. Finley, came from Birmingham, England, early in the nineteenth century. He settled in what is now the Twenty-first ward of Pittsburg, and there spent he remainder of his days. He married Jane Ferree (originally Lefevre), daughter of John and ——— (Irwin) Ferree. The Ferree or Lefevre family were of Huguenot origin and the name is familiar throughout the early history of the state, and the Irwin family were among the early settlers of what is now a part of Pittsburg.

George Finley, son of Thomas Hudson and Jane (Ferree) Finley, and father of Charles A. Finley, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, 1820, died in 1900. He passed his entire life in Pittsburg, his home being on property which was patented by his ancestors from John Penn, who secured the same from William Penn. He saw Pittsburg develop from a comparatively small town to its present importance as a city, and took an active and influential part in its history. He was a member of council for many years, and was a prominent figure in the politics of Allegheny county, and was noted for his political independence and fearlessness in supporting such issues as he believed to be right. He was engaged in various enterprises, and was a large owner and dealer in real estate. He married Lydia A. Denniston, of Pittsburg, daughter of the late Andrew Denniston, and cousin of the late William H. Denniston, of Pittsburg, and the late Major Joseph F. Denniston, for many years city treasurer. The following children are now (1908) living: James A., unmarried; a manager; William D., civil engineer; mar-

ried Annie Lytle; Frances H., married Francis O. Torrens; Lydia E., married John T. Morris; Charles A., of whom later.

Charles A. Finley was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, December 15, 1872. He was educated in the public schools, Shadyside Academy, and Lafayette College, graduating from the civil engineering course of the latter institution in 1895. He has been connected with the Department of Public Works of Pittsburg for the last twelve years, has been identified with various public works, and for the past five years has been superintendent of the Bureau of Engineering and Surveys. His executive ability, accuracy, attention to detail, and faithful performance of the duties assigned him, have earned for him the commendation of those in charge. He is popular in social circles and has a host of friends. He married Ella A., daughter of J. W. Barnett, of Hillside, Pennsylvania.

LOUIS RAPHAEL. Among the prominent and successful business men of the city of Pittsburg, whose success can be attributed to the exercise of energy, perseverance and executive ability, may be named Louis Raphael, a native of New York City, born April 21, 1861.

Lippman Raphael, father of Louis Raphael, was a native of Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, from whence he came to the United States in 1847, locating in New York City, where he pursued a successful career as a merchant. He married Jeannette Victorius, who came to New York in 1850 from Frankfort-on-Main, daughter of Charles and Mary (Streng) Zeugschmidt, who bore him six children: Rudolph, Jacob, Mary, Louis, see forward; Flora and Rebecca. Charles Zeugschmidt was a native of Rockenhausen, Palatinate, Germany, from whence he emigrated to the United States, settling in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he was a merchant of note. His wife, Mary (Streng) Zeugschmidt, was born in Otteasos, Bavaria, Germany, coming from thence and taking up her abode in Pittsburg in 1854.

Louis Raphael acquired a practical education in the common schools of Meadville, Pennsylvania. His first employment was as solicitor for a job printing office, and after becoming thoroughly familiar with the details of that line of work became proprietor of a similar office, in the management of which he achieved a certain degree of success. He then came to New York in order to accept a position as salesman, and in this capacity traveled extensively throughout the United States and Mexico, sometimes acting as stationary and sometimes as traveling salesman. Later he was for a time manager of a clothing establishment in Chicago, Illinois, and was also employed at St. Paul, Minnesota. In 1891 he embarked in the wholesale liquor business at No. 1038 Fifth avenue, Pittsburg, a single store, sixteen by sixty feet in dimensions. The business increased rapidly in volume and importance, and in order to meet the requirements of their trade they were compelled to seek more commodious quarters, securing the Charles Donnelly building, No. 1028 Fifth avenue, four floors of which they use in their business, each floor being twenty-two by one hundred and twelve feet, making a total of one hundred and forty-seven thousand, eight hundred and forty cubic feet. The firm controls exclusively several famous brands of whiskey, among them the Couneant, Tioga, Geneva, Mt. Union and Popular Price Rye, the latter being the most popular of any brand placed on the market in

this section of the country, and its great popularity is attributed to the fact that the quality is far superior to any other brand of goods sold at the same price. Two of the leading factors in the success of this business are the maintenance of mutual confidence with its employees and their straightforward manner of dealing with customers.

Mr. Raphael married, in 1896, Mayme Perrault, of Butler, Pennsylvania.

THE CAMPBELL FAMILY. (I) Mathew Campbell the progenitor of this family, was born in Ireland. He was a blacksmith by trade and on account of his making pikes for the Irish soldiers was forced to leave Ireland. He came to America about 1817, accompanied by his wife, who was Sarah Campbell (no relation) and three children; all landed in Baltimore, Maryland, from which city they came overland to Pennsylvania and located at Castle Shannon, where he had a blacksmith shop on the National pike road and there remained some time. He then went to work for M. Lorenzo, at what is now the West End of Pittsburg. There he had charge of the shops for some years, when he settled on a farm in Crafton, Pennsylvania, where he died, aged fifty-seven years. His wife died, aged eighty-four years. They had three children: Terrance, see forward; Isabelle, married Thomas ———, and settled on a farm in Illinois; Mathew, see forward.

(II) Terrance Campbell, eldest son of the progenitor, was born in Ireland in 1808 and died in Pittsburg, August 28, 1884. He was eight years of age when he came from Ireland with his parents. Upon attaining manhood he learned the trade of a window-glassblower, on the South Side, and continued at this work until 1859, when he with Francis Plunkett and John A. Wolf established on the South Side the firm of Wolf, Howard & Company, and they commenced the manufacture of all kinds of window glass, continuing until 1871, when Mr. Campbell with his son, Joseph O'Connor Campbell, purchased the business and founded the firm of T. Campbell Company, which business was incorporated. This continued until the death of Terrance Campbell, in 1884, when the business was continued by the son, Joseph O'Connor, until 1905. For thirty years Terrance Campbell was a director of St. Paul's Orphans' Asylum. In politics he was an old Douglas Democrat. He married Jane C. O'Connor, born in Baltimore, Maryland, 1810, and died in Pittsburg, January, 1876. She was the daughter of Dominick O'Connor, a native of Ireland, who came to America in 1810 and settled in Baltimore, where he engaged in the ship chandlery business on St. Charles street. Terrance Campbell and wife were the parents of ten children, all born on the South Side, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, as follows: 1. James D., died unmarried. He served three years in the Sixty-second Pennsylvania Regiment under Colonel Black, in the Civil war, and three years in the regular army. 2. Mathew, deceased. He married Jane Plunkett and the children were: Edward, deceased; Mathew, deceased; William; Julia, deceased, married John McNulty; Amanda, married Philip Rogers; Annie, married Grant Hays; Emily, a teacher in ward Twenty-seven schools. 3. John, deceased, married Margaret Shannonton, of Pittsburg, and they had one child, J. O'Connor, Jr. 4. Emily, married Theodore Zeller, by whom six children were born: Mathew, William, Theodore, Jr., Terrance, John and Jennie. 5. Terrance, Jr., deceased; was a member of the Artillery at Fort Donelson

during the Civil war, in Company G, Independent Pennsylvania Artillery, serving under Captain John J. Young. He was discharged from the United States service, June 15, 1865. He previously served in the "three months men" in West Virginia under Generals McClellan and Rosecrans. He never married. 6. Joseph O'Connor, see forward. 7. Jennie, died unmarried. 8. Margaret, deceased; married J. W. Patterson (see Patterson sketch). 9. Anna, married John W. Albertson, of Pittsburg, and they are the parents of eight children, five of whom still survive: Campbell, John W., Jr., Samuel, Jennie and Grace.

(III) Joseph O'Connor Campbell, son of Terrance Campbell (II) and wife, was born in 1845. At the age of ten years he entered the glass factory on the South Side, Pittsburg, to learn the glass-blowing trade and remained there until 1864, when he entered the United States navy, in which he served about one year on the Mississippi gunboat squadron. He then went back to his trade, on the South Side, continuing until 1871, when he formed a partnership with his father, retiring from active business in 1905. He is a member of Duquesne Council of Knights of Columbus. He married Josephine Brennen, born in Pittsburg, daughter of John Brennen. To Mr. and Mrs. Campbell were born children as follows: Joseph O'Connor, Jr., John B., Florence, Frank T. (who married Rose Zimmerman, of Paterson, New Jersey), George, Oliver W.

(II) Mathew Campbell, son of Mathew Campbell (I), and the youngest in his parents' family, studied medicine and was for fifty years a prominent physician and surgeon for the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. He died at Parkersburg, West Virginia. He married Margaret Ackland and they had two children: John, a physician, practicing in Wheeling, West Virginia, and a daughter, Philomena, who is a sister in a sisterhood.

JOSEPH KIER WALLACE, a carpenter and builder of the borough of Swissvale, Pennsylvania, was born March 4, 1865, in Braddock township, now Swissvale borough, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, son of Albert Lucien and Rachel (Ekis) Wallace, and grandson of Robert and Lydia (Stevenson) Wallace. Robert Wallace was born in Centre county, Pennsylvania, and came to Pittsburg at an early day. He was a contractor and builder.

Albert L. Wallace, the father, was born July 12, 1840, at Elizabeth, Pennsylvania. By trade he was a carpenter and builder. He was a soldier in the Civil war; was a member of Company H, One Hundred and Twenty-third Pennsylvania Volunteers, and participated in the great battles of that war, including Antietam, Fredericksburg, Wilderness, Lookout Mountain, Chancellorsville and other lesser engagements. He died August 13, 1890. He belonged to the Grand Army of the Republic; to the Free Methodist church, and in politics was a staunch Republican. He married Rachel, daughter of Joseph and Jane (Staley) Ekis, from near Saxonburg, Butler county, Pennsylvania. The issue by this union was: 1. Joseph Kier, born March 4, 1865, of whom further mention is given. 2. Wilford, born in 1866, died aged seventeen months. 3. Lydia Belle, born 1868, wife of Lewis Roessler, of Los Angeles, California. 4. Minnie, born 1871, was the wife of Charles A. Smith, of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; she died in 1896. 5. Albert Lucien, Jr., born 1873, married (first) Jennie Kutzler, of Allentown, Pennsylvania, who was

divorced in 1899, after which he married, June 15, 1901, Nydia Mitzler, of Allentown, Pennsylvania. 6. Howard; born 1875, married (first) Mary Stamates, of Braddock, in 1897; she died February 2, 1903; August 2, 1905, he married (second) Edna Keefer, of Youngwood, Pennsylvania. 7. Edward Robert, born March 1, 1877, married, December 20, 1899, Maud McNay, of Jacktown, Pennsylvania. 8. Frank S., born January 22, 1879, and was married to Anna L. Leonardson, February 17, 1908. 9. Harry, born March 4, 1881. 10. Bessie, born November 5, 1883.

Joseph Kier Wallace, son of Albert Lucien Wallace, attended the common schools in his youth at North Braddock, and learned the carpenter's trade, which vocation he has followed ever since, having been generally employed at building for the last twenty-nine years. Politically Mr. Wallace is a supporter of the Republican party, and was one of the first councilmen of the borough of North Braddock borough; he held this office one term. He was united in marriage June 7, 1888, to Mary Catherine, daughter of Robert and Mary (Sherwin) Bates, of Braddock, Pennsylvania, by whom he had three children: 1. Ralph Waldo, born September 14, 1889. 2. Mary Bates, October 25, 1891. 3. Hazel, December 16, 1893. Mrs. Mary Catherine (Bates) Wallace died July 13, 1894, and June 26, 1901, Mr. Wallace married Ida Elizabeth, daughter of William and Elizabeth (Taylor) Peoples, of Allegheny City. William Peoples was a stair builder and died January 3, 1895. The children born to Mr. Wallace by his second marriage were as follows: 1. Joseph Kier, Jr., born July 12, 1902. 2. Virginia Frances, October 26, 1903. 3. William Robert, November 16, 1905.

EDWIN HUGO WASMUTH, traffic manager for the Union Switch & Signal Company of Swissvale, was born August 5, 1879, in Baltimore, Maryland, son of John C. Wasmuth, who was born in that city and received his education in its public schools. For a number of years he was engaged in mercantile business in Baltimore, retiring in 1903 and moving to Swissvale. In politics he is an ardent Democrat. He and his wife are members of the Lutheran church. John C. Wasmuth married, September, 1877, Theckla, daughter of Philip and Christina (Schmeik) Walker, of Baltimore. Mr. and Mrs. Walker were natives of Germany, and before coming to this country the former had served as mayor. He settled in Baltimore, where he erected the Walker Academy, afterward becoming a member of the faculty. On being made principal of the institution he sold the property to the city of Baltimore. Mr. and Mrs. Wasmuth were the parents of a son and a daughter: Edwin Hugo, of whom later; and Amelia, wife of C. R. Lester, of Baltimore.

Edwin Hugo Wasmuth, son of John C. and Theckla (Walker) Wasmuth, received his education in the public schools of his native city, and after leaving school was for seven years engaged with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company. On June 8, 1903, he came to Pittsburg and accepted a position with the Union Switch & Signal Company of Swissvale, where he is now acting as traffic manager. He belongs to the Traffic Club of Pittsburg and the Order of Heptasophs of Wilkinsburg. His political allegiance is given to the Republican party. He is a member of the Lutheran church. Mr. Wasmuth married, September 6, 1901, Blanche Mary, daughter of Benjamin and Mollie Love, of Baltimore, and they are the parents of three children: Lillian Mildred, born

June 24, 1902; May Evaline, May 24, 1904; Edwin Herbert, September 28, 1906.

THOMAS SAW, of Pittsburg, chief engineer of the continental department of the National Tube Works, was born June 9, 1853, in Monmouthshire, South Wales, son of Robert Saw, a native of the same county and an engineer. He and his wife were members of the Methodist Episcopal church. Robert Saw married Sophia, daughter of George and Jane Batchelor, and the following were their children: Sarah, wife of John Millist, of Monmouthshire; children, Anna and Sarah; Alfred, married Catharine Davis; Thomas, of whom later; Jonah, died in 1874, aged sixteen years; Amelia.

Thomas Saw, son of Robert and Sophia (Batchelor) Saw, learned the engineer's trade and in April, 1880, emigrated to the United States, and after remaining a short time at Scranton, Pennsylvania, came to Pittsburg. In 1880 he took up his abode in the Twenty-third ward, where he still resides, and on December 25, of the same year, obtained a position in the continental department of the National Tube Works, where he has ever since remained. He belongs to the National Engineers' Association and Court Bud of the Forest, No. 26, F. of A. He is a Republican, and a member of the Squirrel Hill Christian church.

Mr. Saw married, July 5, 1885, Margaret Jane James, and they are the parents of the following children: Robert James, born October 26, 1886; Edwin George, February 10, 1888; Thomas Fitton, July 14, 1889; Ernest Windsor, July 9, 1891; Margaret, October 2, 1904.

Mrs. Saw is a daughter of Thomas James, who served for eight years as tax collector of the Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg. He married Mary, born January 1, 1819, in Breconshire, South Wales, daughter of James and Ann Fitton, the former a native of Lancashire, England. Mr. and Mrs. James were the parents of the following children: Robert F., born 1842, married Eliza Maria Bayne, children: Una, Robert Hatton, Albert Newton, Ernest and Edison; Sarah Ann, born February 7, 1845, wife of Edwin Collins, brick manufacturer of Pittsburg, children: William James, Edwin George, Mary Eliza, Thomas Alfred, Margaret and Sarah; William Fitton, born February 12, 1847, of San Francisco, married Elizabeth Williams, children: Edwin Pond, Linda Alberta, Garnet and Clarence; Thomas Fitton, born September 28, 1850, died January, 1906, married Anna Richards, children: Florence and Thomas; Margaret Jane, born September 27, 1856, wife of Thomas Saw, as mentioned above.

TIMOTHY J. LAWTON, who is well known in real estate circles of Pittsburg and vicinity, was born March 18, 1877, at that city, in the Fifth ward. He is the son of Daniel and Catherine (Welton) Lawton, whose other child is William J. Lawton.

The father was born in county Cork, Ireland, in 1835, and the grandfather was Timothy J. Lawton. He remained at home until he was about eighteen years of age and then, in 1853, came to the United States and located at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania. Here he was apprenticed to the trade of a saddler, with which he was connected a number of years, being employed by the government during the Civil war. Later he engaged in the grocery trade, in the Fifth ward of the city of Pittsburg, and was thus engaged to about 1898, when he

retired from active life; he now resides in the Thirteenth ward, where he is enjoying the competency gained during his long business career.

He has been a life-long supporter of the Democratic party and a consistent member of the Roman Catholic church.

He married Catherine Welton, born in county Cork, Ireland, in 1841. She accompanied her parents to this country in 1852. They located in Pittsburg, also.

Timothy J. Lawton, of this notice, acquired his education at the parochial schools connected with St. Paul's Cathedral, and in the high schools of Pittsburg, from which he graduated in 1893. Soon after leaving school he secured a position with the then well known real estate firm of Baxter, Thompson & Company, with whom he was associated two years, until the firm was dissolved. One of its members, however, organized a new firm in the same line of business, known as Hopkins & Company, with whom Mr. Lawton was employed until 1900, when he engaged in business for himself and is now one of the enterprising real estate dealers of the city.

He is a Democrat in politics, but of the liberal wing of that party and regardless of party lines believes in reformed and thoroughly clean politics. He has been somewhat of a factor in his party, yet has not sought political preferment. His business in real estate and the settlement of numerous estates of deceased Pittsburgers demanding his time, he only incidentally has anything to do politically. He is a member of the Catholic church and is identified with the Knights of Columbus.

Mr. Lawton was married February 10, 1904, to Miss Margaret A. O'Donnell, daughter of ex-Postmaster J. C. O'Donnell and wife. By this union was born one child, Catherine M. Lawton.

PATRICK HENRY GILDAY, of Pittsburg, assistant superintendent for the firm of Jones & Laughlin, of that city, was born December 17, 1860, in county Roscommon, Ireland, son of Francis Gilday, a native of the same county, where he was educated and afterwards worked at the furnace. He was a stanch Democrat, and a member of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic Church. Francis Gilday married Catharine Lyden, also born and educated in county Roscommon, and their children were: Patrick Henry, of whom later; Mary, deceased; Francis, died in infancy; Sadie, wife of John O'Hara, of the Twenty-third ward of Pittsburg. Francis Gilday, the father, died in 1905.

Patrick Henry Gilday, son of Francis and Catharine (Lyden) Gilday, received his education in Ayrshire, Scotland, and in 1880 emigrated to the United States. He settled at Braddock, where for fifteen years he worked as furnaceman at the Edgar Thomson Furnaces. At the end of that time he went to Duquesne, where he was employed four years and a half by the Carnegie Company. On September 17, 1900, he became assistant superintendent for the firm of Jones & Laughlin, a position which he has ever since retained. His political sentiments and principles are those advocated and supported by the Republican party. He is a member of St. Stephen's Roman Catholic Church of Hazelwood.

Mr. Gilday married, October 20, 1887, Agnes B. Flannigan, and they are the parents of the following children: Joseph Francis, Anna Catharine, John, Clara Marie and James Patrick.

WILLIAM A. GRIFFITH, one of the energetic and successful members of the Allegheny county bar, practicing at Pittsburg, was formerly from Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, but a native of Allegheny county, born at Buena Vista, October 9, 1862, son of Hugh C. and Isabel (Lewis) Griffith.

The grandfather, James Griffith, a native of Ireland, came to this country when a young man and settled in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He was without any means, save his own determination to gain an honorable living, which he did as a common laborer. He was endowed with that peculiar trait of his race—strong intelligence; possessed of a high sense of humor, most excellent judgment, and was a model citizen. Politically he was a Democrat, and in religious belief a United Presbyterian. Before leaving the Emerald Isle he married Margaret Thompson, by whom he was born seven children, of whom four sons and two daughters grew to manhood and womanhood.

Hugh C. Griffith, the subject's father, the son of the American ancestor, James Griffith, was born November 5, 1829, in Elizabeth township, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania. He became a harness maker, following the trade at Elizabeth, West Newton, Buena Vista and finally at Adamsburg, Westmoreland county, where he remained for twenty-four years. In March, 1887, he removed to Greensburg, Westmoreland county, and there engaged in the grocery trade. He married Isabel Lewis, a daughter of Abraham Lewis, who was born near Trenton, New Jersey, and whose wife was the daughter of Willianna Cowan, daughter of Captain Cowan, a soldier in the Revolutionary war. Senator Edgar Cowan was of this family. Hugh C. and Isabel (Lewis) Griffith were the parents of the following children:

1. Edgar Cowan, for many years engaged in railroad work and now in the real estate and insurance business in Greensburg, Pennsylvania.
2. James, who followed the same business in Dallas, Texas, where he died July 29, 1907.
3. Mary E., residing with her parents.
4. Thomas W., who graduated from West Point in 1883 as a second lieutenant, and was located at various forts west of the Mississippi river; for three years, from 1888 to 1891, was detailed as professor of military science and tactics in the University of Nebraska at Lincoln; in 1898 was ordered with his regiment, the Eighteenth United States Infantry, to which he had been attached from the time of his graduation, to the Philippines, where he went and remained until about September 1, 1901, when he was in command of his regiment as acting colonel, although only captain, and brought his regiment to San Francisco. From that point he was detached from his regiment for duty as recruiting officer in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, from November 1, 1901, to November 1, 1903. He was then transferred to the Twenty-seventh Infantry and proceeded to Fort Sheridan, Illinois. A few months later he was made a major in the Twenty-eighth Infantry, and joined his regiment at the Presidio, in San Francisco. After a few weeks he was ordered to join the Provincial Porto Rican Regiment at San Juan, in command of a battalion, which point he reached on June 30, 1904, since which time he has served at San Juan and Henry Barracks, Cayey, Porto Rico. He was ordered to bring to Washington, D. C., to the inaugural ceremony of President Roosevelt, on March 4, 1905, a battalion of the native Porto Rican regiment, which he commanded on that occasion, and in November, 1906, while in command of the troops at Henry Barracks, had the distinguished honor of entertaining President Roosevelt and

his party at luncheon. While professor of military science and tactics, under his detail at the University of Nebraska, he married Aileen Oakley, daughter of O. R. Oakley and wife, in September, 1890. To them was born a daughter, on December 15, 1895, named Aileen.

5. Anna B., who was married on Thanksgiving Day, 1894, to Theodore Butterfield, to whom two sons have been born: Hugh, born August 14, 1896; and Frank, born December 29, 1898. They reside at Greensburg.

6. Harry C., who died in August, 1903.

7. William A., son of Hugh C. and Isabel (Lewis) Griffith, obtained his education at the public schools and the normal school at Greensburg, Pennsylvania; and also attended the Southwestern State Normal School at California, Pennsylvania. At the age of seventeen years he took up teaching, which he followed until he was twenty-two years old. For two years he was the principal of the Penn Station schools, in Westmoreland county, and two years was vice-principal of the most excellent schools of Greensburg.

In 1882 he entered the law office of Hazlett & Williams, where he did clerical work until October, 1883, when he was registered as a law student upon his twenty-first birthday, and admitted to the Westmoreland county bar on April 3, 1886, on motion of V. E. Williams, one of his preceptors, with whom he entered into partnership on September 1, 1886, under the firm name of Williams & Griffith, which firm was regarded as among the strongest in Westmoreland county at that time. In 1893 A. M. Sloan was taken into partnership, and the firm name became Williams, Sloan & Griffith, and so continued until his removal from Greensburg to Pittsburg in 1903. The firm was then dissolved on April 1, 1903, when he entered into partnership with the firm of Lyon, McKee & Mitchell, of Pittsburg, of which firm he remained a member until April 1, 1905. In the meantime he was admitted to the supreme court of Pennsylvania, and also to the United States district court and United States circuit court. He now practices in all of those courts and in the superior court of Pennsylvania.

He began the practice of law when but twenty-three years of age. He forged his way to the front among the young members of the western Pennsylvania bar in a commendable manner. Possessed of a keen intellect and affable in manner, as well as diligent in his chosen work, he has won for himself a name and good reputation in the Allegheny county bar, to which he was admitted in December, 1902. Here he began to practice law on February 1, 1903, and still continues in active practice. As the attorney for the "Homeless 26," he made the fight before the Secretary of Internal Affairs of the Commonwealth to have declared illegal the practice of the Pennsylvania railroad in charging the extra ten dollars upon mileage books, and succeeded in having the same so declared, and has also been identified with the Pennsylvania State Board of Trade as its general counsel.

Politically, Mr. Griffith is a supporter of the Democratic party, but is thoroughly independent in local politics, where he practices his belief that votes should be cast for men and not for party, and always endeavors to be active in and identified with those things which are deemed for the best interests of the people and the community as a whole. He is a member of the Lutheran church, a Mason and an Elk; also a member of the Duquesne Club and the Pittsburg Board of Trade. As a member of the latter body, he was selected by its president as one of a committee of three to act with similar committees from

the Chamber of Commerce and M. & M. Association in an advisory capacity to Mayor Guthrie upon the question of rapid transit and surface and underground railway lines.

He was united in marriage, November 5, 1884, to Miss Mary, daughter of Adam J. Turney and wife, of Greensburg, Pennsylvania. By this union the following children were born: 1. James Hazlett, born September 23, 1885. 2. Elizabeth Turney, born October 23, 1887. 3. Lemuel Offutt, born February 4, 1890. 4. Isabelle Oakley, born January 29, 1892. 5. William Alvin, born June 4, 1898. 6. Mary Emiline, born February 2, 1901.

HARRY FEAR, of Pittsburg, was born June 14, 1869, in Brownsville, Pennsylvania, son of Benjamin Franklin Fear, who was born in 1838 in Frostburg, Maryland, and received his education in the common schools of his native town. For many years he was engaged in the hotel business in Frostburg and Brownsville. At the latter place he was proprietor of the Girard Hotel, which numbered among its guests many men of note, including celebrated statesmen and presidents of the United States. Mr. Fear was a Republican, and a member of the Protestant Episcopal church.

He married Harriet Marilla, widow of Daniel Mockbee and daughter of ——— Cox. She was a sister of Captain Michael Cox, who at the time of his death was the oldest steamboat man on the river between Pittsburg and Cincinnati. Mr. and Mrs. Fear were the parents of two children: Opal, born in 1867, died in 1868; and Harry, of whom later. August 25, 1898, Mr. Fear, the father, while returning to his home in Glenwood, in the midst of a violent electrical storm, was instantly killed, the street car on which he was riding being struck by lightning.

Harry Fear, son of Benjamin Franklin and Harriett Marilla (Cox) (Mockbee) Fear, was educated in the public schools of Brownsville and Connellsville and at the Third ward school, Allegheny. He now resides in Hazelwood, where he is engaged in business as a contractor. Like his father, he adheres to the Republican party and is a member of the Protestant Episcopal church. Mr. Fear married, April 25, 1899, Margaret Adelaide, daughter of Bernard and Ellen (Britt) Rafferty, of Braddock, and they have one child, Benjamin Franklin, born August 17, 1902.

J. A. KAERCHER, late treasurer of the German-American Insurance Company of Pittsburg, and one of the foremost business men of his city, was born in 1825 in the city of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and accompanied his father to Pittsburg seventy years ago, when he was but twelve years of age. He became one of the pioneer manufacturers, establishing the old Washington tannery more than sixty years ago. That industry was located in what is now the Sixth ward, on Forbes and Van Braam streets. He conducted the tannery business for more than twenty years, and at the same time purchased many tracts of real estate adjoining the city. He retired from active pursuits about 1867, but was always a busy man, employing his time in looking after his investments, which rapidly grew in value on his hands. He was an early settler in the Twenty-third ward of the city and became a power in the financial circles of western Pennsylvania. He bought land on which his last home resi-

dence is located, and was one of the first to duly appreciate the commanding view of Squirrel Hill property. When this section was annexed to Pittsburg he was a member of the select council. He was seemingly a born financier. He was president of the Fifth Avenue Bank many years ago, also connected with Hazelwood Savings and Trust Company, as well as one of the original stockholders of the Union and German National banks. At his death he was the president of the German-American Insurance Company. For fifty years he was a devoted member of the First English Evangelical Lutheran Church, and had much to do with its finances. He was tenacious of life and refused to take to his bed in his last illness until really compelled to by the stern demands of nature. Though he had reached his four score and two years, he was active in both mind and body until a short time before his demise. As a financier, good citizen, devoted churchman, kind husband and loving father, he was greatly mourned. He laid down the burden of life February 1, 1907.

Mr. Kaercher married (first) Margaret Barker, by whom he had one son, J. B. Kaercher, who was engaged in the hardware trade on Wood street until recently. For his second wife he married Edith Spaulding, by whom he had one son, Alexis S. Kaercher. Mr. Kaercher left two sisters, Mrs. Christian Hess and Mrs. J. K. Thumm. His was indeed a life of well spent years. He ever sought to better the condition of the community in which he lived, and to provide for the home in which he took supreme delight.

JAMES JOSEPH DEIGAN, one of the trusty and skillful machinists employed in the Homestead Steel Works, was born May 6, 1875, in the town of Irwin, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, son of Michael and Martha (Boyd) Deigan. The father was born in county Wexford, Ireland, and came to America in 1865, locating at Irwin, where he was employed by the Western Coal Company at their mines and where he still remains. He married Martha Boyd and they were the parents of nine children, as follows: 1. Catherine, who is known to the world as "Sister Celesta," is a Sister of Charity at St. Joseph's Academy, Greensburg, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. 2. James Joseph, born May 6, 1875, of whom later mention will be made. 3. Peter, died at the age of eighteen months. 4. Michael, died aged twenty-one years. 5. John, married Nellie Barnett. 6. Mary. 7. Martha. 8. Patrick. 9. Jane, died at the age of fourteen months. Michael Deigan and family are members of the Catholic church at Irwin, Pennsylvania; he belongs to the C. T. A. U.; politically he is a Democrat.

James Joseph Deigan, son of Michael and Martha (Boyd) Deigan, was educated at the Irwin parochial schools. When but a mere lad he commenced to assist his father in his coal mining operations. Believing he could succeed in life better if he possessed a good trade, he went with the Edgar Thomson Steel Company as engineer, and later learned the trade of machinist at the Homestead Steel Works, in which company he is still engaged as machinist. Politically he is an independent voter. In his church connection he with his family are members of St. Brendan's Roman Catholic Church of Braddock, Pennsylvania. He belongs to the C. T. A. U.

He was married August 16, 1900, to Catherine, daughter of Patrick L. and Annie (Carney) Conley, of Tamaqua, Pennsylvania. Three children have

blessed this union: Raymond, born May 29, 1901; Celesta, January 18, 1903; Catherine, January 18, 1907.

MICHAEL O'HERRON, head of the general contracting firm of O'Herron & Company, of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, an enterprising and progressive business man of that city, is of the second generation of his family in this country and traces his ancestry to Ireland.

Patrick O'Herron, grandfather of Michael O'Herron, was a native of Ireland, where his entire life was spent. He was born in Kings county, where he was engaged in farming all the active years of his life. He married and had several children.

Patrick O'Herron, son of Patrick O'Herron, was born in Kings county, Ireland, and there obtained his education. He assisted his father in the cultivation of the home farm until he was twenty years of age, when he emigrated to the United States. He settled in Bradford county, Ohio, and was engaged in farming until his death in 1884. He and his family were devout members of the Catholic church. He married Margaret Quinn, daughter of Patrick Quinn, a farmer of Ireland, the greater part of whose life was spent near Waterford, Ireland. Mr. and Mrs. O'Herron had children: Michael, see forward; Mary, married Patrick Cummings; and James, married a Miss Day. Mrs. O'Herron died in 1887.

Michael O'Herron, eldest child of Patrick and Margaret (Quinn) O'Herron, was born in Bradford county, Ohio, April 2, 1856. There he was educated in the public schools and worked on the farm of his father until he had attained the age of eighteen years, when he found employment in the lumber and saw mills of Clearfield and McKean counties, Pennsylvania, for two years, then went to Bradford, Pennsylvania, and bought a team of horses and was engaged in teaming for two years. He then accepted a position with the Standard Oil Works and in a short time had been advanced to the position of foreman in that concern, which he held for five years, at the expiration of that time coming to Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, as foreman for the Carpenter Natural Gas Company for one year, when this company was merged into the Philadelphia Natural Gas Company, for which he was superintendent at Pittsburg for a period of about four years. He was then sent by the company to Toledo, Ohio, to superintend the installation of a gas plant for the city of Toledo, and at the end of two years returned to Pittsburg. He formed a business partnership with Thomas Cronin in 1893, in the general contracting business, operating under the firm name of Cronin & O'Herron, and they were profitably engaged in this until the partnership was dissolved in 1903. Mr. O'Herron then organized another concern, doing business under the firm name of O'Herron & Company, which is in existence at the present time and extensively engaged in general contracting, constructing sewers, gas lines, etc., building gas and water plants, laying concrete paving, brick and stone masonry, etc. The firm employs about five hundred men, and its business is not confined to Pittsburg or the state of Pennsylvania, but is called for in a number of states of the Union. They now (1907) have a contract for the building of a water plant in New Orleans, Louisiana, and that alone employs two hundred men. Their reputation for work of this kind is second to none in the country. Mr. O'Herron is a devout member of the Catholic church and is connected with the fol-

lowing organizations: Knights of Columbus, Columbia Club and the Allegheny Fishing Club. He married in 1880 Euphemia McCormick, daughter of Alexander and Jane McCormick, of Pittsburg, and they have had children: John C., a clerk in the office of his father; Edward M. and Margaret M., and three children who died in infancy.

WILLIAM J. CARSON, of Pittsburg, assistant to the secretary and treasurer of the Pittsburg Valve & Fitting Company, was born October 11, 1861, in Ballyatwood, county Down, Ireland, son of William Carson, who was born in the same county, and was engaged in agricultural pursuits.

William Carson married Ellen Clotworthy, and they were the parents of four sons: James, Samuel C., Walter A., and William J., of whom later. William Carson, the father, died March 15, 1864.

William J. Carson, son of William and Ellen (Clotworthy) Carson, received his education in the public schools and in 1872 was brought to Pittsburg, where he was first employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. He held for seven years a position in the private office of Robert Pitcairn, superintendent of Pennsylvania railroad, Pittsburg division, and for four years thereafter served as assistant paymaster.

In 1883 he was employed by the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, located at Ford City, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, as paymaster for seven years. He then for eight years had charge of the real estate department of the same company, under M. J. Alexander, who is now secretary and treasurer of the Pittsburg Valve & Fitting Company, Mr. Carson serving as his assistant.

In connection with his office work Mr. Carson established, in 1897, a dry goods store in Homewood, and in this enterprise has been extremely successful.

He belongs to Homewood Lodge No. 635, F. and A. M.; Belmar Lodge No. 1149, I. O. O. F., and Homewood Lodge No. 119, Protective Home Circle.

Mr. Carson married, in 1887, Alice Carse, daughter of Thomas Lindsay, of Pittsburg, and they have three children: William Lindsay, born in 1888; Russell Stewart, born in 1893, and Walter Ashton, born in 1897.

Thomas Lindsay and Alice Carse Martin were married at Derryboy, county Down, Ireland, in 1846, and had nine children: Isaac, James, Thomas, John, Washington, Mary Jane, Sarah, Alice Carse and Robert. Alice Carse Lindsay was born May 25, 1865, in New Matamoras, Ohio.

Thomas Lindsay, father of Alice Carse Lindsay, was born at Derryboy, county Down, Ireland, in 1813. Died at Beaver, Pennsylvania, in 1871. He was by occupation a contractor and builder. The mother, Alice Carse Martin was born at Derryboy, county Down, Ireland, in 1823, and died in 1877.

WILLIAM CLEM ZEIGLER, secretary and assistant treasurer of the Land Trust Company, one of the important enterprises of the city of Pittsburg, was born in Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, on what is now Third street, October 31, 1874, a son of John N. and Margaret L. (Orr) Zeigler.

His early days were spent in Wilkinsburg, Pennsylvania, where he attended the public schools and received a good preparatory education, which was supplemented by attendance at Curry Institute, Pittsburg. He began his business life as a clerk and in 1892 entered the employ of the Pennsylvania

Railroad Company, being assigned to the office at Pitcairn, where he remained five years. At the outbreak of the Spanish-American war Mr. Zeigler enlisted, April 28, 1898, in Company F, Fourteenth Regiment, N. G. P., under Captain W. S. McKee. He was promoted from his initial rank of corporal to sergeant and then to acting sergeant-major. He was mustered into the United States service at Mount Gretna and the regiment was ordered to Fort Delaware, then to Camp Meade, where they remained until October, when they were mustered out without seeing further service. On returning to Pittsburg, Mr. Zeigler was appointed messenger in the Columbia National Bank, remaining in various positions until September 14, 1903, when he began his connection with the Land Trust Company of Pittsburg. He served as bookkeeper until January 1, 1906, when he was elected secretary and assistant treasurer, the responsible position he now acceptably fills. He is a member of the Emory Methodist church, East End. In politics he is a Republican, and is treasurer of the Colonial Republican Club, of which he is a charter member. He is serving as junior warden of Port Lodge No. 634, Free and Accepted Masons; a member of Pittsburg Chapter No. 268, Royal Arch Masons; Mount Moriah Council, Royal and Select Masters; Duquesne Commandery No. 72, Knights Templar; a thirty-second degree member of Pennsylvania Consistory, Ancient Accepted Scottish Rite, and of Syria Temple, Mystic Shrine, all of Pittsburg. He is a member of Wilksburg Lodge No. 686, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, and Pittsburg Lodge No. 11, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Mr. Zeigler married, October 31, 1899, Mabel Irene, daughter of James and Amelia (Holland) McKee. Children: Dorothy Mabel, born September 1, 1900; Bertha Irene, March 3, 1903. Mr. Zeigler resides at 246 South Euclid avenue, East End, Pittsburg.

For many generations have the various members of the Zeigler family been identified with the material development and the religious and moral institutions of western Pennsylvania. They appear prominently as valiant supporters of the Patriots' cause, the beloved Mrs. Kezia Newlin Zeigler, the maternal grandmother, being a lineal descendant of a Revolutionary soldier. Unflinching patriotism has not only been a family trait, but a deep religious faith rooted in the Methodist church has also been a distinguishing characteristic.

Jacob Kaufmann Zeigler, the grandfather, was born in what is now East Liberty, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania, in the year 1804, and died at his home in Pittsburg, on the 18th of October, 1871. The great-grandparents were both natives of Lancaster county, the grandmother being a member of the Miller family. Jacob Zeigler removed to Pittsburg in 1862, and within the succeeding thirty years attained a high position as a business man, an able citizen and a public-spirited and liberal-hearted gentleman. Soon after becoming a citizen of Pittsburg he became a leader in the maintenance and development of the public school system, as a director being especially prominent in the growth and efficiency of the Seventh ward schools. During Governor Curtin's administration he also served as flour inspector, and occupied other positions of responsibility which were signal testimonials to the strength and integrity of his character. When twenty-six years of age Mr. Zeigler joined the Nolan Methodist church in Elizabeth township, Westmoreland county, and when he settled in Pittsburg became a member of the Asbury chapel. As class

leader, Sunday-school superintendent and as an earnest Christian worker in the ranks, he earned the respect and affection due to his faithfulness and disinterestedness, and it was among his church associates and old-time friends that his death caused the vacancy which seemed the most difficult to view with resignation. His remains were taken to Westmoreland and deposited in the burying-ground of the church he had first joined. Mrs. Kezia (Newlin) Zeigler, the wife of the deceased, was widely and affectionately known as "Aunt Kizzie," and her life was one long ministration to those who suffered in mind, body or estate. She was born May 4, 1810, near the Youghiogheny river, twenty-five miles from Pittsburg, at a locality now known as Dravo Church, the daughter of Nathan Newlin, who was born about 1700, married a Miss Shannon, and died in his forty-seventh year. After her marriage in 1834 Mrs. Zeigler lived for several years in Westmoreland county, and upon coming to Pittsburg with her husband in 1862 entered with loving enthusiasm into the work of the church which she had joined as a girl at Newlin. She passed peacefully away on Sunday, July 21, 1878, in the seventy-ninth year of her age, and her remains were deposited in the Methodist burying-ground of the church which she had first joined, at Newlin, Westmoreland county.

The ancestry of Mrs. Zeigler originated in Ireland, on the paternal side, and in Germany on the maternal. James McKee, the great-grandfather, was born in the Emerald Isle, and at the age of eighty-six his body was placed in its soil. His son, Alexander McKee, who became the grandfather of Mrs. Zeigler, also passed his earlier years in the mother country, dying at the age of fifty-six years. James McKee, the father, is a native of Freedom, Pennsylvania, and was born January 6, 1843. He served bravely in the Civil war, being sergeant of Company F, Tenth Pennsylvania Reserve Volunteer Corps, and was wounded at New Market Cross Roads, still carrying the bullet in his shoulder. He was taken a prisoner at the second battle of Bull Run, and altogether served his country for a period of three years and two months. The Hollands, who are the maternal ancestors of Mrs. Zeigler, have been identified with the advancement of Butler and Beaver counties, Pennsylvania, since the late twenties of the nineteenth century. John Louis Roll, the great-grandfather, was a native of Gross Wurtemberg, Villars, Germany, where he was born June 27, 1790. For seven years he received a military training in the Wurtemberg army, and afterward joined the army of Napoleon the Great, serving under him in the famous campaigns of 1813-15. He participated in the battles of Lautzen, Katzenbach, Jiederbock, Leipzig, Montro, Bixend, Waterloo, Hageman and Strausburg, the last being his final engagement. Although during the last of his military career he fought with a losing cause, he sustained his soldierly character and received a certificate for bravery on the field. In 1828 Mr. Roll came to America and settled in Cranberry township, Butler county, Pennsylvania, where he died January 17, 1881, at the venerable age of ninety-one years. His wife, Hannah, who had been born in Germany, January 24, 1793, died at Freedom, Beaver county, on the 11th of June, of the same year. Their daughter Margaret married Christian Holland, who was born in Rosenthal, Hessen, Germany, June 29, 1815; came to America September 16, 1837, and soon after completing his ocean voyage of ninety-three days settled at Freedom, Beaver county, his death occurring on the 15th of October, 1897. His wife, the grandmother of Mrs. Zeigler, is a native of Grosswillar, Wurtemberg, Germany, where she was born March 6, 1820. She celebrated her eighty-

eighth birthday in 1908. Amelia Holland, the mother, was born in Freedom, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, November 5, 1852. It will be seen by the above genealogical records that the children of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Zeigler are enriched with the blood of the substantial, patriotic German, and that of the brilliant and brave Irishman—an ideal combination for the typical American.

DR. GRANT McHUGH, a well-known physician of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, whose offices are located at No. 2113 Forbes street in that city, is a representative of a family which bore its share bravely during the war of the revolution, and which traces its ancestry to Scotland and Ireland.

William John McHugh, grandfather of Grant McHugh, M. D., was born about the year 1760. He resided for many years in Chester county, Pennsylvania, and in 1808 traveled on foot to Ohio and there purchased a tract of land on the present site of Zanesville, Ohio. This he subsequently lost by endorsing notes. He was a contractor and builder on an extensive scale in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and in Baltimore, Maryland. He was a soldier during the war of the Revolution, and served under the personal command of Washington. He was with the latter during the terrible winter of 1776 and 1777, at Valley Forge; at the capture of Trenton, New Jersey; during the Delaware campaign; and was present at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown. He married Rose McDonough, sister of Commodore John McDonough, who died leaving a large fortune to be used in the education of the poor of Baltimore, Maryland, and New Orleans, Louisiana, both of which cities erected monuments to his memory. The children of William John and Rose (McDonough) McHugh were: William J., Duncan and James, both of whom took an active part in the war of 1812.

William J. McHugh, son of William John and Rose (McDonough) McHugh, was born in Wellsburg, West Virginia, in 1829. He settled in Bridgeport, Ohio, where he owned and cultivated a large farm for market gardening purposes. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and a Republican. He married Mary J. Laney, and they had children: 1. Luella, born 1854, unmarried. 2. Elizabeth, born 1857, married William Fox and had two children: Ruth and Luella. 3. Edwin, born 1862, married Ida Dutton, and has three children. 4. Grant, of whom see forward.

Grant McHugh, M. D., son of William J. and Mary J. (Laney) McHugh, was born in Bridgeport, Ohio, in 1869. He was reared on the farm and educated in the common schools of Bridgeport, Ohio, and then entered the Baltimore University of Medicine, Maryland, from which he was graduated in 1896. He established himself in the practice of his profession at No. 2113 Forbes street, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where he still resides, and is in the enjoyment of a large and lucrative practice. He is affiliated with Milnor Lodge, No. 287, Free and Accepted Masons, and is Republican in politics. He married, April 24, 1902, Anna Harper, daughter of William Harper, of Pittsburg.



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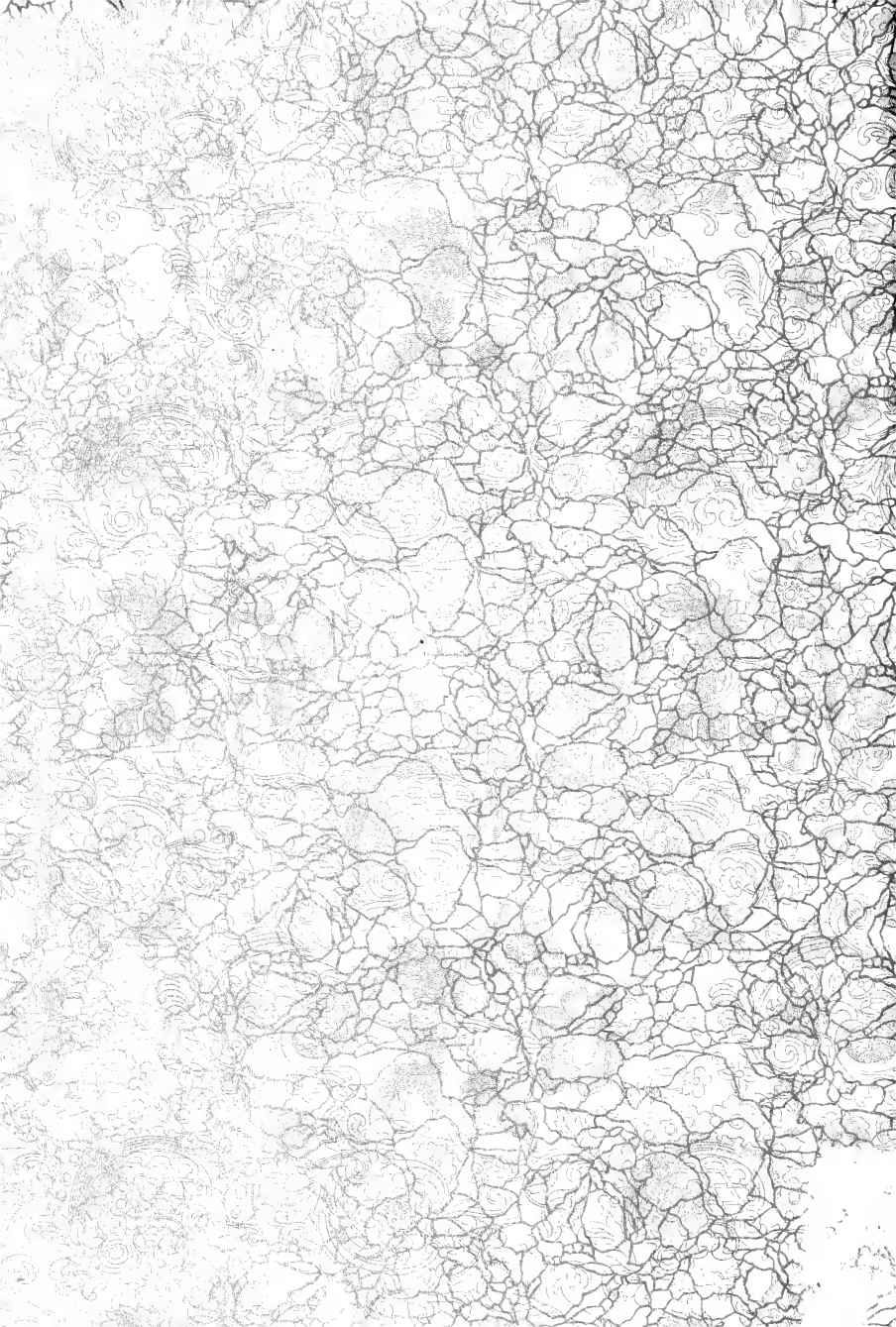
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