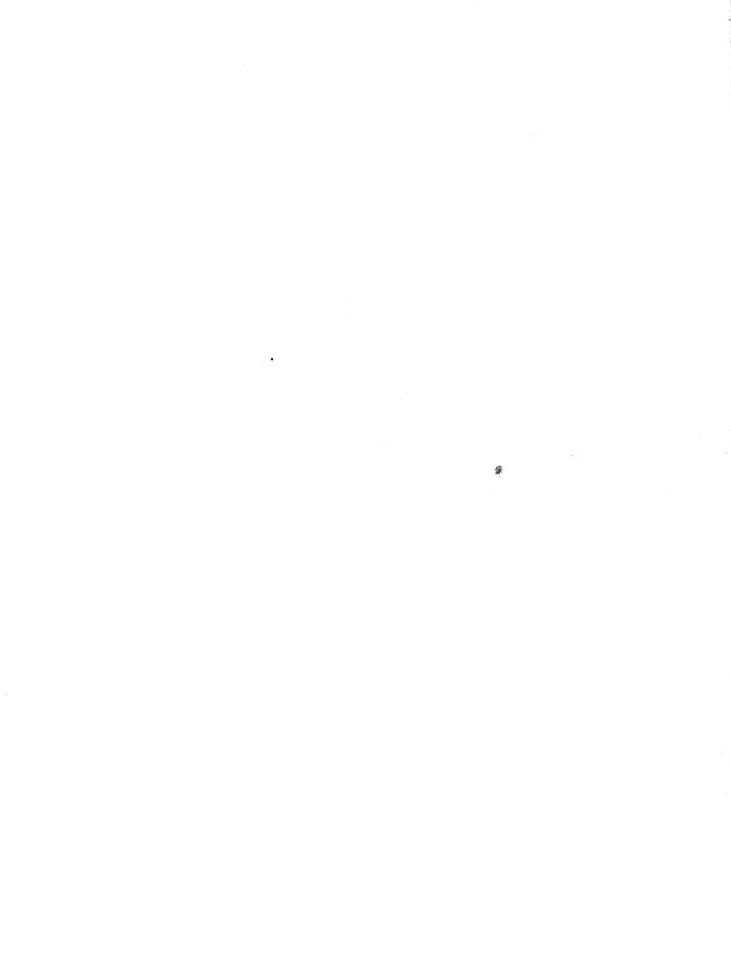
H. C. SHIP DUKE OF YORK ***DECEMBER 1817.







The Make eller to man derin

May in the in

			V	
		(e)		

Heal Court by the Chillians of the Marie Collectual Satitude 11.10 4 hor lower in the stand

C		
		4

THE BOOK

ΟF

COMMON PRAYER,

AND ADMINISTRATION OF

THE SACRAMENTS,

AND

OTHER RITES AND CEREMONIES

οF

THE CHURCH,

ACCORDING TO THE USE OF

The United Church of England and Ireland:

TOGETHER WITH

THE PSALTER OR PSALMS OF DAVID.

POINTED AS THEY ARE TO BE SUNG OR SAID IN CHURCHES;

AND THE

FORM AND MANNER OF MAKING, ORDAINING, AND CONSECRATING

OF

BISHOPS, PRIESTS, AND DEACONS.

OXFORD:

PRINTED AT THE CLARENDON PRESS,

BY BENSLEY, COOKE, AND COLLINGWOOD,

PRINTERS TO THE UNIVERSITY;

And sold by E. Gardner, at the Oxford Bible Warehouse, Paternoster Row, London.

			ė
į.			
		94	

CONTENTS OF THIS BOOK.

- 1. THE Acts for the Uniformity of Common Prayer, &c.
- 2. The Preface.
- 3. Concerning the Service of the Church.
- 4. Concerning Ceremonies, why some be abolished, and some retained.
- 5. The Order how the Psalter is appointed to be read.
- 6. The Order how the rest of the holy Scripture is appointed to be read.
- 7. A Table of Proper Lessons and Psalms.
- 8. The Calendar, with the Table of Lessons.
- 9. Tables and Rules for the Feasts and Fasts through the whole Year.
- 10. The Order for Morning Prayer.
- 11. The Order for Evening Prayer.
- 12. The Creed of St. Athanasins.
- 13. The Litany.
- 14. Prayers and Thanksgivings upon several occasions.
- 15. The Collects, Epistles, and Gospels, to be used at the Ministration of the holy Communion, throughout the Year.
- 16. The Order of the Ministration of the holy Communion.
- 17. The Order of Baptism both Publick and Private.
- 18. The Order of Baptism for those of riper Years.
- 19. The Catechism.
- 20. The Order of Confirmation.
- 21. The Form of Solemnization of Matrimony.
- 22. The Order for the Visitation of the Sick, and the Communion of the Sick.
- 23. The Order for the Burial of the Dead.
- 24. The Thanksgiving of Women after Child-birth.
- 25. A Commination, or denouncing of God's anger and judgements against sinners.
- 26. The Psalter.
- 27. Forms of Prayer to be used at Sea.
- 28. The Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests, and Deacons.
- 29. A Form of Prayer for the Fifth Day of November.
- 30. A Form of Prayer for the Thirtieth Day of January.
- 31. A Form of Prayer for the Twenty-ninth Day of May.
- 32. A Form of Prayer for the Twenty-fifth Day of October.
- 33. Articles of Religion.

An Act for the Uniformity of Common Prayer, and Service in the Church, and Administration of the Sacraments.

PRIMO ELIZABETHÆ.

WHERE at the death of our late Sovereign Lord King Edward the Sixth, there remained one uniform Order of Common Service and Prayer, and of the Administration of Sacraments, Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England, which was set forth in one Book, intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies in the Church of England, Anthorized by Act of Parliament, holden in the fifth and sixth years of our said late Sovereign Lord King Edward the Sixth, intituled, An Act for the Uniformity of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments; The which was repealed, and taken away by Act of Parliament, in the first Year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lady Queen Mary, to the great decay of the due honour of God, and discomfort to the Professors of the Truth of Christ's Religion:

Be it therefore enacted by the Authority of this present Parliament, That the said Statute of Repeal, and every thing therein contained, only concerning the said Book, and the Service, Administration of Sacraments, Rites and Ceremonies, contained or appointed in or by the said Book, shall be void and of none effect, from and after the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next coming; and that the said Book with the Order of Service, and of the Administration of Sacraments, Rites and Ceremonies, with the Alterations, and Additions therein added and appointed by this Statute, shall stand, and be from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, in full force and effect, according to the tenor and effect of the Statute: Any thing in the foresaid Statute of Repeal to the contrary notwithstanding.

And further be it Enacted by the Queen's Highness, with the assent of the Lords and Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and singular Ministers in any Cathedral, or Parish-Church, or other place within this Realm of England, Wales, and the Marches of the same, or other the Queen's Dominions, shall from and after the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next coming, be bounden to say and use the Mattins, Evensong, Celebration of the Lord's Supper, and Administra-

tion of each of the Sacraments, and all their common and open Prayer, in such order and form as is mentioned in the said Book, so Anthorized by Parliament in the said fifth and sixth Years of the Reign of King Edward the Sixth: with one alteration, or addition of certain Lessons to be used on every Sunday in the Year, and the Form of the Litany altered and corrected, and two Sentences only added in the delivery of the Sacrament to the Communicants, and none other, or otherwise. And that if any manner of Parson, Vicar, or other whatsoever Minister, that ought or should sing or say Common Prayer mentioned in the said Book, or minister the Sacraments, from and after the Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next coming, refuse to use the said Common Prayer, or to minister the Sacraments in such Cathedral or Parish-Church, or other places, as he should use to minister the same, in such order and form, as they be mentioned, and set forth in the said Book; or shall wilfully, or obstinately standing in the same, use any other Rite, Ceremony, Order, Form, or Manner of Celebrating of the Lord's Supper, openly or privily, or Mattins, Evensong, Administration of the Sacraments, or other open Prayers, than is mentioned and set forth in the said Book, fopen Prayer in and throughout this Act, is meant that Prayer which is for whers to come unto or hear, either in Common Churches, or Private Charels, or Oratorics, commonly called the Service of the Church] or shall preach, declare or speak any thing in the derogation, or depraying of the said Book, or any thing therein contained, or of any part thereof, and shall be thereof lawfully convicted, according to the laws of this Realm, by verdict of twelve men, or by his own confession, or by the notorious evidence of the fact, shall lose and forfeit to the Queen's Highness, her Heirs and Successors, for his first Offence, the profit of all his Spiritual Benefices, or Promotions, coming or arising in one whole Year next after his Conviction: And also that the Person so convicted, shall for the same Offence suffer Imprisonment by the space of six Months, without Bail or Mainprise. And if any such Person, once convict of any Offence concerning the Premisses, shall after his first conviction eftsoons offend, and be thereof in form.

An Act for the Uniformity of Common Prayer.

aforesaid lawfully convict; That then the same Person shall for his second Offence suffer Imprisonment by the space of one whole Year, and also shall therefore be deprived, ipso facto, of all his Spiritual Promotions, and, that it shall be lawful to all Patrons, or Donors of all and singular the same Spiritual Promotions, or of any of them to present or collate to the same, as though the Person or Persons so offending were dead. And that if any such Person or Persons, after he shall be twice convicted in form aforesaid, shall offend against any of the Premisses the third time, and shall be thereof in form aforesaid lawfully convicted; That then the Person so offending, and convicted the third time, shall be deprived ipso facto of all his Spiritual Promotions, and also shall suffer imprisonment during his life. And if the Person that shall offend, and be convicted in form aforesaid, concerning any of the Premisses, shall not be beneficed nor have any Spiritual Promotion, that then the same Person so offending and convict, shall for the first offence suffer imprisonment during one whole Year next after his said Conviction, without Bail or Mainprise. And if any such Person, not having any Spiritual Promotion, after his first Conviction shall eftsoons offend in any thing concerning the Premisses, and shall in form aforesaid be thereof lawfully convicted, that then the same Person shall for his second Offence suffer imprisonment during his life.

And it is Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever, after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next coming, shall in any Enterludes, Plays, Songs, Rhimes, or by other open Words, declare or speak any thing in the derogation, depraying, or despising of the same Book, or of any thing therein contained, or any part thereof: or shall by open fact, deed, or by open threatenings, compel or cause, or otherwise procure or maintain any Parson, Vicar, or other Minister in any Cathedral or Parish-Church, or in Chapel, or in any other place, to sing or say any common or open Prayer, or to minister any Sacrament otherwise, or in any other manner and form than is mentioned in the said Book; or that by any of the said means shall unlawfully interrupt, or let any Parson, Vicar, or other Minister, in any Cathedral or Parish-Church, Chapel, or any other Place, to sing or say common and open Prayer, or to minister the Sacraments, or any of them, in such manner and form, as is mentioned in the said Book; that then every such Person, being thereof lawfully convicted, in form abovesaid, shall forfeit to the Queen our Sovereign Lady, her Heirs

and Successors, for the first Offence, an hundred Marks. And if any Person or Persons, being once convict of any such Offence, eftsoons offend against any of the last recited Offences, and shall in form aforesaid be thereof lawfully convict; that the same Person so offending, and convict, shall for the second Offence forfeit to the Queen our Sovereign Lady, her Heirs and Successors, four hundred Marks. And if any Person, after he in form aforesaid shall have been twice convict of any Offence concerning any of the last recited Offences, shall offend the third time, and be thereof in form abovesaid lawfully convict, that then every Person so offending and convict, shall for his third Offence, forfeit to our Sovereign Lady the Queen, all his Goods and Chattels, and shall suffer Imprisonment during his Life. And if any Person or Persons, that for his first Offence concerning the Premisses. shall be convict in form aforesaid, do not pay the Sum to be paid by virtue of his Conviction, in such manner and form, as the same ought to be paid, within six Weeks next after his Conviction; That then every Person so convict, and so not paying the same, shall for the same first Offence, instead of the said Sum, suffer Imprisonment by the space of six Months, without Bail or Mainprise. And if any Person or Persons, that for his second Offence concerning the Premisses, shall be convict in form aforesaid, do not pay the said Sum to be paid by virtue of his Conviction and this Estatute, in such manner and form as the same ought to be paid, within six Weeks next after his said second Conviction; That then every Person so convicted, and not paying the same, shall for the same second Offence, instead of the said Sum, suffer Imprisonment during twelve Months, without Bail or Mainprise. And that from and after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next coming, all and every Person and Persons inhabiting within this Realm, or any other the Queen's Majesty's Dominions, shall diligently and faithfully, having no lawful or reasonable excuse to be absent, endeavour themselves, to resort to their Parish-Church or Chapel accustomed, or upon reasonable let thereof, to some usual place, where Common Prayer, and such Service of God, shall be used in such time of let, upon every Sunday, and other days ordained or used to be kept as Holy-days, and then and there to abide orderly and soberly, during the time of Common Prayer, Preaching, or other Service of God there to be used, and ministered; upon pain of Punishment by the Censures of the Church, and also upon pain that every Person so offending, shall forfeit for every such Offence, twelve Pence,

An Act for the Uniformity of Common Prayer.

to be levied by the Church-wardens of the Parish where such Offence shall be done, to the use of the Poor of the same Parish, of the Goods, Lands and Tenements of such Offender, by way of Distress.

And for the due execution hereof, the Queen's most excellent Majesty, the Lords Temporal, and all the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, do in God's name earnestly require and charge all the Archbishops, Bishops, and other Ordinaries, that they shall endeavour themselves to the uttermost of their knowledges, that the due and true execution hereof may be had throughout their Dioceses and Charges, as they will answer before God, for such evils and plagues wherewith Almighty God may justly punish his people for neglecting this good and wholesome law. And for their Authority in this behalf, be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and singular the said Archbishops, Bishops, and other their Officers exercising Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, as well in place exempt as not exempt, within their Dioceses, shall have full Power and Authority by this Act, to reform, correct and punish by Censures of the Church, all and singular Persons which shall offend within any of their Jurisdictions, or Dioceses, after the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next coming, against this Act and Statute; any other Law, Statute, Privilege, Liberty or Provision heretofore made, had or suffered to the contrary notwithstanding.

And it is Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Justice of Oyer and Determiner, or Justice of Assize, shall have full Power and Authority in every of their open and general Sessions, to enquire, hear and determine all and all manner of Offences, that shall be committed or done contrary to any Article contained in this present Act, within the limits of the Commission to them directed, and to make Process for the execution of the same, as they may do against any Person being indicted before them of Trespass, or lawfully convicted thereof.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Archbishop and Bishop, shall or may at all time and times, at his liberty and pleasure, join and associate himself by virtue of this Act, to the said Justices of Oyer and Determiner, or to the said Justices of Assize, at every of the said open and general Sessions to be holden in any place within his Diocese, for and to the enquiry, hearing, and determining of the Offences aforesaid.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Autho-

rity afo.esaid, That the Books concerning the said Services, shall at the Costs and Charges of the Parishioners of every Parish and Cathedral Church, be attained and gotten before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist next following; and that all such Parishes and Cathedral Churches, or other places, where the said Books shall be attained and gotten before the said Feast of the Nativity of St. John Baptist, shall within three Wecks next after the said Books so attained and gotten, use the said Service, and put the same in use according to this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons shall be at any time hereafter impeached, or otherwise molested of, or for any the Offences above mentioned, hereafter to be committed, or done contrary to this Act, unless he or they so offending, be thereof indicted at the next general Sessions, to be holden before any such Justices of Oyer and Determiner, or Justices of Assize, next after any Offence committed or done contrary to the tenor of this Act.

Provided always, and be it Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and singular Lords of the Parliament, for the third Offence above mentioned, shall be tried by their Peers.

Provided also, and be it Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that the Mayor of London, and all other Mayors, Bailiffs, and all other Head-Officers of all and singular Cities, Boroughs, and Towns-Corporate within this Realm, Wales, and the Marches of the same, to the which Justices of Assize do not commonly repair, shall have full Power and Authority by virtue of this Act, to enquire, hear and determine the Offences abovesaid, and every of them, yearly within fifteen Days after the Feast of Easter and St. Michael the Archangel, in like manner and form as Justices of Assize and Oyer and Determiner may do.

Provided always, and be it Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and singular Archbishops and Bishops, and every of their Chancellors, Commissaries, Archdencons, and other Ordinaries, having any peculiar Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, shall have full Power and Authority, by virtue of this Act, as well to enquire in their Visitation, Synods, and elsewhere within their Jurisdiction, at any other time and place, to take Accusations and Informations of all and every the things above mentioned, done, committed, or perpetrated, within the limits of their Jurisdictions and Authority, and to punish the same by Admonition, Excommunication, Sequestration or Deprivation, and other Censures and Process, in like form, as here-

tofore hath been used in like Cases by the Queen's Ecclesiastical Laws.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That whatsoever Person offending in the Premisses, shall for
their Offences, first receive Punishment of the
Ordinary, having a Testimonial thereof under the
said Ordinary's Seal, shall not for the same Offence
eftsoons be convicted before the Justices: And
likewise receiving for the said Offence, Punishment
first by the Justices, shall not for the same Offence
eftsoons receive Punishment of the Ordinary: any
thing contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That such Ornaments of the Church and of the Ministers thereof, shall be retained, and be used, as was in this Church of England, by Authority of Parliament, in the second Year of the Reign of King Edward the Sixth, until other Order shall be therein taken by the Authority of the Queen's Majesty, with the Advice of her Commissioners appointed

and authorized under the Great Seal of England for Causes Ecclesiastical, or of the Metropolitan of this Realm. And also, that if there shall happen any Contempt or Irreverence to be used in the Ceremonies or Rites of the Church, by the misusing of the Orders appointed in this Book, the Queen's Majesty may, by the like Advice of the said Commissioners or Metropolitan ordain and publish such further Ceremonies or Rites as may be most for the advancement of God's Glory, the edifying of his Church, and the due reverence of Christ's holy Mysteries and Sacraments.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Laws, Statutes and Ordinances, wherein or whereby any other Service, Administration of Sacraments, or Common Prayer, is limited, established, or set forth to be used within this Realm, or any other the Queen's Dominions or Countries, shall from henceforth be utterly void and of none effect.

An Act for the Uniformity of Publick Prayers, and Administration of Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies: And for establishing the Form of Making, Ordaining, and Confectating Bishops, Priests, and Deacons in the Church of England.

XIV. CAROLI II.

HEREAS in the first Year of the late Queen Elizabeth, there was one Uniform Order of Common Service and Prayer, and of the Administration of Sacraments, Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England, (agreeable to the Word of God, and usage of the Primitive Church) compiled by the Reverend Bishops and Clergy, set forth in one Book, intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies in the Church of England, and enjoined to be used by Act of Parliament, holden in the said first Year of the said late Queen, intituled, An Act for the Uniformity of Common Prayer, and Service in the Church, and Administration of the Sacraments, very comfortable to all good people desirons to live in Christian Conversation, and most profitable to the Estate of this Realm, upon the which the Mercy, Favour and Blessing of Almighty God is in no wise so readily and plentifully poured, as by Common Prayers, due using of the Sacraments, and often preaching of the Gospel, with devotion of the hearers: And yet this notwithstanding, a great number of people in divers parts

of this Realm, following their own sensuality, and living without knowledge and due fear of God, do wilfully and schismatically abstain and refuse to come to their Parish-Churches, and other publick places where Common Prayer, Administration of the Sacraments, and Preaching of the Word of God is used upon the Sundays, and other days ordained and appointed to be kept and observed as Holy-days: And whereas by the great and scandalous neglect of Ministers in using the said Order of Liturgy so set forth and enjoined, as aforesaid, great mischiefs and inconveniences, during the time of the late unhappy troubles, have arisen and grown; and many people have been led into Factions and Schisms, to the great decay and scandal of the Reformed Religion of the Church of England, and to the hazard of many Souls: For prevention whereof in time to come, for settling the peace of the Church, and for allaying the present distempers, which the indisposition of the time hath contracted, The King's Majesty (according to his Declaration of the five and twentieth of October, One thousand six hundred and sixty)

granted his Commission under the Great Seal of England, to several Bishops, and other Divines, to review the Book of Common Prayer, and to prepare such Alteration and Additions as they thought fit to offer; And afterwards the Convocations of both the Provinces of Canterbury and York, being by his Majesty called and assembled, (and now sitting,) His Majesty hath been pleased to authorize and require the Presidents of the said Convocations, and other the Bishops and Clergy of the same, to review the said Book of Common Prayer, and the Book of the Form and Manner of the Making and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons: And that after mature consideration, they should make such Additions and Alterations in the said Books respectively, as to them should seem meet and convenient; and should exhibit and present the same to His Majesty in writing, for his further Allowanee or Confirmation: Since which time, upon full and mature deliberation, they the said Presidents, Bishops and Clergy of both Provinces, have accordingly reviewed the said Books, and have made some Alterations which they think fit to be inserted to the same; and some additional Prayers to the said Book of Common Prayer, to be used upon proper and emergent occasions; and have exhibited and presented the same unto His Majesty in writing, in one Book, intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the Use of the Church of England: together with the Psalter or Psalms of David, pointed as they are to be sung or said in Churches; and the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons: All which His Majesty having duly considered, hath fully approved and allowed the same, and recommended to this present Parliament, that the said Books of Common Prayer, and the Form of Ordination and Consecration of Bishops, Priests and Deacons with the Alterations and Additions, which have been so made and presented to His Majesty by the said Convocations, be the Book, which shall be appointed to be used by all that offieiate in all Cathedral and Collegiate Churches and Chapels, and in all Chapels of Colleges and Halls in both the Universities, and the Colleges of *Eton* and Winchester, and in all Parish-Churches and Chapels, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and by all that Make or Consecrate Bishops, Priests or Deacons, in any of the said places, under such Sanctions and Penalties as the Houses of Parliament shall think fit. Now in regard that nothing

conduceth more to the settling of the Peace of this Nation (which is desired of all good men) nor to the honour of our Religion, and the propagation thereof, than an universal agreement in the Publick Worship of Almighty God; and to the intent that every Person within this Realm, may certainly know the rule, to which he is to conform in Publick Worship and Administration of Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England, and the manner how, and by whom, Bishops, Priests and Deacons are, and ought to be Made, Ordained and Consecrated;

Be it Enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by the advice, and with the consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all and singular Ministers, in any Cathedral, Collegiate or Parish-Church or Chapel, or other place of Publick Worship within this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall be bound to say and use the Morning Prayer, Evening Prayer, Celebration and Administration of both the Sacraments, and all other the Publick and Common Prayer, in such order and form as is mentioned in the said Book annexed and joined to this present Act, and intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the Use of the Church of England: together with the Psalter or Psalms of David, pointed as they are to be sung or said in Churches; and the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons: And that the Morning and Evening Prayers therein contained, shall upon every Lord's day, and upon all other days and occasions, and at the times therein appointed, be openly and solemnly read by all and every Minister or Curate, in every Church, Chapel, or other place of Publick Worship within this Realm of *England*, and places aforesaid.

And to the end that Uniformity in the Publick Worship of God (which is so much desired) may be speedily effected; Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Parson, Vicar, or other Minister whatsoever, who now hath, and enjoyeth any Ecclesiastical Benefice or Promotion, within this Realm of England, or places aforesaid, shall in the Church, Chapel or place of Publick Worship belonging to his said Benefice or Promotion, upon some Lord's day before the Feast of St. Bartholomew, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God One thousand six hundred sixty and two, openly, publickly and solemnly read the Morn-

ing and Evening Prayer appointed to be read by, and according to the said Book of Common Prayer, at the times thereby appointed; and after such reading thereof, shall openly and publickly, before the Congregation there assembled, declare his unfeigned assent and consent to the Use of all things in the said Book contained and prescribed, in these words and no other;

A. B. Do hereby declare my unfeigned assent and consent to all and every thing contained and prescribed in and by the Book intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the Use of the Church of England: together with the Psalter or Psalms of David, pointed as they are to be sung or said in Churches; and the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests, and Deacons.

And that all and every such person, who shall (without some lawful Impediment, to be allowed and approved of by the Ordinary of the place) neglect or refuse to do the same within the time aforesaid, or (in case of such Impediment) within one Month after such Impediment removed, shall, ipso facto, be deprived of all his Spiritual Promotions: And that from thenceforth it shall be lawful to and for all Patrons, and Donors of all and singular the said Spiritual Promotions, or of any of them, according to their respective Rights and Titles, to present or Collate to the same, as though the person or persons so offending or neglecting were dead.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every person who shall hereafter be presented or collated, or put into any Ecclesiastical Benefice or Promotion, within this Realm of England, and places aforesaid, shall in the Church, Chapel or place of Publick Worship, belonging to his said Benefice or Promotion, within two Months next after that he shall be in the actual possession of the said Ecclesiastical Benefice or Promotion, upon some Lord's Day, openly, publickly and solemnly, read the Morning and Evening Prayers, appointed to be read by, and according to the said Book of Common Prayer, at the times thereby appointed; and after such reading thereof, shall openly and publickly, before the Congregation there assembled, declare his unfeigned assent and consent to the use of all things therein contained and prescribed, according to the form before appointed: And that all and every such person, who shall

(without some lawful Impediment to be allowed and approved by the Ordinary of the Place) neglect or refuse to do the same within the time aforesaid, (or in case of such Impediment, within one Month after such Impediment removed) shall, ipso facto, be deprived of all his said Ecclesiastical Benefices and Promotious: And that from thenceforth it shall and may be lawful to, and for all Patrons and Donors of all and singular the said Ecclesiastical Benefices and Promotions, or any of them, according to their respective Rights and Titles, to present or collate to the same, as though the person or persons, so offending or neglecting, were dead.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all places, where the proper Incumbent of any Parsonage, or Vicarage, or Benefice with Cure, doth reside on his Living, and keep a Curate, the Incumbent himself in person (not having some lawful Impediment to be allowed by the Ordinary of the place) shall once (at the least) in every Month, openly and publickly read the Common Prayers and Service, in and by the said Book prescribed; and (if there be occasion) administer each of the Sacraments, and other Rites of the Church, in the Parish-Church or Chapel of or belonging to the same Parsonage, Vicarage, or Benefice, in such order, manner, and form, as in, and by the said Book is appointed, upon pain to forfeit the sum of five pounds to the use of the Poor of the Parish for every offence, upon conviction by confession, or proof of two credible witnesses upon Oath, before two Justices of the Peace of the County, City, or Town-Corporate where the offence shall be committed, (which Oath the said Justices are hereby impowered to administer,) and in default of payment within ten days, to be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, by the Warrant of the said Justices, by the Church-wardens, or Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish, rendering the surplusage to the

And be it further Enacted by the Anthority aforesaid, That every Dean, Canon, and Prebendary of every Cathedral, or Collegiate-Church, and all Masters, and other Heads, Fellows, Chaplains, and Tutors of or in any College, Hall, House of Learning, or Hospital, and every publick Professor and Reader in either of the Universities, and in every College elsewhere, and every Parson, Vicar, Curate, Lecturer, and every other person in holy Orders, and every School-master keeping any publick or private School, and every person instructing or teaching any Youth in any House or private Family, as a Tutor or School-master, who upon the first

Day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord God One thousand six hundred sixty-two, or at any time thereafter shall be Incumbent, or have possession of any Deanry, Canonry, Prebend, Mastership, Headship, Fellowship, Professor's place, or Reader's place, Parsonage, Vicarage, or any other Ecclesiastical Dignity or Promotion, or of any Curate's place, Lecture or School; or shall instruct or teach any Youth, as Tutor or School-master, shall before the Feast-day of Saint Bartholomew, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty-two, or at or before his, or their respective admission, to be Incumbent, or have possession aforesaid, subscribe the Declaration or Acknowledgement following, scilicet,

A. B. Do declare, That it is not lawful upon any pretence whatsoever to take arms against the King; and that I do abhor that traiterous Position of taking Arms by his Authority against his Person, or against those that are commissioned by him; and that I will conform to the Liturgy of the Church of England, as it is now by Law established. And I do declare, That I do hold there lies no obligation upon me, or on any other person, from the Oath, commonly called The Solemn League and Covenant, to endeavour any change, or alteration of Government either in Church or State; and that the same was in itself an unlawful Oath, and imposed upon the Subjects of this Realm against the known Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom.

Which said Declaration and Acknowledgement shall be subscribed by every of the said Masters, and other Heads, Fellows, Chaplains, and Tutors of or in any College, Hall, or House of Learning, and by every publick Professor and Reader in either of the Universities, before the Vice-Chancellor of the respective Universities for the time being, or his Deputy: And the said Declaration or Acknowledgement shall be subscribed before the respective Archbishop, Bishop, or Ordinary of the Diocese by every other person hereby enjoined to subscribe the same; upon pain, that all and every of the persons aforesaid failing in such subscription, shall lose and forfeit such respective Deanry, Canonry, Prebend, Mastership, Headship, Fellowship, Professor's place, Reader's place, Parsonage, Vicarage, Ecclesiastical Dignity or Promotion, Curate's place, Lecture and School, and shall be utterly disabled, and ipso facto deprived of the same: And that every such respective Deanry, Canonry, Prebend, Mastership, Headship, Fellowship, Professor's place, Reader's place, Parsonage, Vicarage, Ecclesiastical Dignity or Promotion, Curate's place, Lecture and School, shall be void, as if such person so failing were naturally dead.

And if any School-master, or other person, instructing or teaching Youth in any private House or Family, as a Tutor or School-master, shall instruct or teach any Youth, as a Tutor or Schoolmaster, before Licence obtained from his respective. Archbishop, Bishop, or Ordinary of the Diocese, according to the Laws and Statutes of this Realm (for which he shall pay twelve-pence only) and before such Subscription and Acknowledgement made, as aforesaid; Then every such School-master, and other, instructing and teaching, as aforesaid, shall for the first offence suffer three Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprise; and for every second and other such offence, shall suffer three Months Imprisonment without Bail or Mainprise, and also forfeit to his Majesty the Sum of five pounds.

And after such Subscription made, every such Parson, Vicar, Curate, and Lecturer, shall procure a Certificate under the hand and seal of the respective Archbishop, Bishop or Ordinary of the Diocese (who are hereby enjoined and required upon demand to make and deliver the same) and shall publickly and openly read the same, together with the Declaration or Acknowledgement aforesaid, upon some Lord's Day within three Months then next following, in his Parish-Church, where he is to officiate, in the presence of the Congregation there assembled, in the time of Divine Service; upon pain that every person failing therein, shall lose such Parsonage, Vicarage or Benefice, Curate's place, or Lecturer's place respectively, and shall be utterly disabled, and ipso facto deprived of the same; and that the said Parsonage, Vicarage or Benefice, Curate's place, or Lecturer's place, shall be void as if he was naturally dead.

Provided always, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God One thousand six hundred eighty-two, there shall be omitted in the said Declaration, or Acknowledgement so to be subscribed and read, these words following, scilicet:

AND I do declare, That I do hold there lies no Obligation upon me, or on any other person, from the Oath commonly called, The Solemn League and Covenant, to endeavour any change or alteration of Government either in Church or State; and that the same was in itself an unlawful Oath, and imposed upon the Subjects of this Realm against the known Laws and Liberties of this Kingdom.

So as none of the persons aforesaid, shall from thenceforth be at all obliged to subscribe or read that part of the said Declaration or Acknowledgement.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That from and after the Feast of St. Bartholomew, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty and two, no person, who now is Incumbent, and in possession of any Parsonage, Vicarage or Benefice, and who is not already in holy Orders by Episcopal Ordination, or shall not before the said Feast-day of St. Bartholomew be ordained Priest or Deacon, according to the form of Episcopal Ordination, shall have, hold, or enjoy the said Parsonage, Vicarage, Benefice with Cure, or other Ecclesiastical Promotion within this Kingdom of England, or the Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; but shall be utterly disabled, and ipso facto deprived of the same; and all his Ecclesiastical Promotions shall be void, as if he was naturally dead.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person whatsoever shall thenceforth be capable to be admitted to any Parsonage, Vicarage, Benefice, or other Ecclesiastical Promotion or Dignity whatsoever, nor shall presume to conscerate and administer the holy Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, before such time as he shall be ordained Priest, according to the Form and Manner in and by the said Book prescribed, unless he have formerly been made Priest by Episcopal Ordination, upon pain to forfeit for every Offence the sum of one hundred pounds; one moiety thereof to the King's Majesty, the other moiety thereof to be equally divided between the Poor of the Parish where the Offence shall be committed, and such Person or Persons as shall sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, and to be disabled from taking, or being admitted into the Order of Priest, by the space of one whole Year then next following.

Provided, That the Penalties in this Act shall not extend to the Foreigners or Aliens of the Foreign Reformed Churches allowed, or to be allowed by the King's Majesty, his Heirs and Successors in England.

Provided always, That no Title to confer, or present by Lapse, shall accrue by any avoidance or deprivation ipso facto by virtue of this Statute, but after six Months after notice of such avoidance or deprivation given by the Ordinary to the Patron, or such Sentence of deprivation openly and publickly read in the Parish-Church of the Benefice, Parsonage or Vicarage becoming void, or whereof the Incumbent shall be deprived by virtue of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Form or Order of Common Prayers, Administration of Sacraments, Rites or Ceremonies shall be openly used in any Church, Chapel, or other publick Place, of or in any College or Hall in either of the Universities, the Colleges of Westminster, Winchester, or Eton; or any of them, other than what is prescribed, and appointed to be used in and by the said Book; and that the present Governor, or Head of every College and Hall in the said Universities, and of the said Colleges of Westminster, Winchester, and Eton, within one Month after the Feast of St. Bartholomew, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty and two; and every Governor or Head of any of the said Colleges or Halls, hereafter to be elected or appointed, within one Month next after his Election or Collation, and Admission into the same Government or Headship, shall openly and publickly in the Church, Chapel, or other publick place of the same College or Hall, and in the presence of the Fellows and Scholars of the same, or the greater part of them then resident, subscribe unto the Nine and thirty Articles of Religion, mentioned in the Statute made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Elizabeth, and unto the said Book, and declare his unfeigned Assent and Consent unto, and approbation of the said Articles, and of the same Book, and to the use of all the Prayers, Rites and Ceremonies, Forms and Orders in the said Book prescribed and contained, according to the Form aforesaid; and that all such Governors, or Heads of the said Colleges or Halls, or any of them, as are, or shall be in holy Orders, shall once (at least in every quarter of the year not having a lawful Impediment) openly and publickly read the Morning Prayer, and Service in and by the said Book appointed to be read in the Church, Chapel, or other publick place of the same College or Hall; upon pain to lose, and be suspended of and from all the Benefits and Profits belonging to the same Government or Headship, by the space of six Months, by the Visitor or Visitors of the same College or Hall; and if any Governor or Head of any College or Hall, suspended for not subscribing unto the said Articles and Book, and for not reading of the Morning Prayer and Service, as aforesaid, shall not at, or before the end of six Months next after such Suspension, subscribe unto the said Articles and Book, and declare his Consent thereunto, as aforesaid, or read the Morning Prayer and Service, as aforesaid, then such Government or Headship shall be ipso facto void.

Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful

to use the Morning and Evening Prayer, and all other Prayers and Service prescribed in and by the said Book, in the Chapels or other publick places of the respective Colleges and Halls in both the Universities, in the Colleges of Westminster, Winchester, and Eton, and in the Convocations of the Clergies of either Province, in Latin; any thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person shall be, or be received as a Lecturer, or permitted, suffered, or allowed to preach as a Lecturer, or to preach, or read any Sermon or Lecture in any Church, Chapel, or other place of publick Worship, within this Realm of England, or the Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, unless he be first approved, and thereunto licensed by the Archbishop of the Province, or Bishop of the Diocese, or (in case the See be void) by the Guardian of the Spiritualities, under his Seal; and shall in the presence of the same Archbishop, or Bishop, or Guardian, read the Nine and thirty Articles of Religion mentioned in the statute of the Thirteenth year of the late Queen Elizabeth, with Declaration of his unfeigned Assent to the same; and that every person and persons, who now is, or hereafter shall be licensed, assigned, appointed, or received as a Lecturer, to preach upon any Day of the Week, in any Church, Chapel, or place of publick Worship within this Realm of *England*, or places aforesaid, the first time he preacheth (before his Sermon) shall openly, publickly, and solemnly read the Common Prayers and Service in and by the said Book appointed to be read for that time of the day, and then and there publickly and openly declare his Assent unto, and Approbation of the said Book, and to the Use of all the Prayers, Rites and Ceremonies, Forms and Orders therein contained and prescribed, according to the Form before appointed in this Act; and also shall upon the first Lecture-day of every Month afterwards, so long as he continues Lecturer, or Preacher there, at the place appointed for his said Lecture or Sermon, beforc his said Lecture or Sermon, openly, publickly, and solemnly read the Common Prayers and Service in and by the said Book appointed to be read for that time of the day, at which the said Lecture or Sermon is to be preached, and after such reading thereof, shall openly and publickly, before the Congregation there assembled, declare his unfeigned Assent and Consent unto, and Approbation of the said Book, and to the Use of all the Prayers, Rites and Ceremonies, Forms and Orders, therein contained and prescribed, according to the Form aforesaid; and that all and every such person or persons

who shall neglect or refuse to do the same, shall from thenceforth be disabled to preach the said, or any other Lecture or Sermon in the said, or any other Church, Chapel or place of publick Worship, until such time as he and they shall openly, publickly and solemnly read the Common Prayers and Service appointed by the said Book, and conform in all points to the things therein appointed and prescribed, according to the purport, true intent, and meaning of this Act.

Provided always, That if the said Sermon or Lecture be to be preached or read in any Cathedral or Collegiate Church or Chapel, it shall be sufficient for the said Lecturer, openly at the time aforesaid, to declare his Assent and Consent to all things contained in the said Book, according to the Form aforesaid.

And be it further Enacted by the Anthority aforesaid, That if any person, who is by this Act disabled to preach any Lecture or Sermon, shall during the time that he shall continue and remain so disabled, preach any Sermon or Lecture; that then for every such offence, the person and persons so offending shall suffer three Months Imprisonment in the common Gaol without Bail or Mainprise; and that any two Justices of the Peace of any County of this Kingdom and places aforesaid, and the Mayor or other chief Magistrate of any City or Town-Corporate within the same, upon Certificate from the Ordinary of the place made to him or them of the offence committed, shall and are hereby required to commit the person or persons so offending, to the Gaol of the same County, City or Town-Corporate. accordingly.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That at all and every time and times when any Sermon or Lecture is to be preached, the Common Prayers and Service in and by the said Book appointed to be read for that time of the day, shall be openly, publickly and solemnly read by some Priest or Deacon, in the Church, Chapel or place of publick Worship where the said Sermon or Lecture is to be preached, before such Sermon or Lecture be preached; and the Lecturer them to preach shall be present at the reading thereof.

Provided nevertheless, That this Act shall not extend to the University Churches in the Universities of this Reahn, or either of them, when or at such times as any Sermon or Lecture is preached or read in the same Churches, or any of them, for, or as the publick University Sermon or Lecture; but that the same Sermons and Lectures may be preached or read in such sort and manner as the same have been heretofore preached or read; this Act, or any thing

herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several good Laws, and Statutes of this Realm, which have been formerly made, and are now in force for the Uniformity of Prayer and Administration of the Sacraments, within this Realm of England, and places aforesaid, shall stand in full force and strength, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, for the establishing and confirming of the said Book, intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the Use of the Church of England: together with the Psalter or Psalms of David, pointed as they are to be sung or said in Churches; and the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, herein before mentioned to be joined and annexed to this Act; and shall be applied, practised, and put in use for the punishing of all offences contrary to the said Laws, with relation to the Book aforesaid, and no other.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all those Prayers, Litanies, and Collects, which do any way relate to the King, Queen, or Royal Progeny, the Names be altered and changed from time to time, and fitted to the present oceasion, according to the direction of lawful Authority.

Provided also, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that a true printed Copy of the said Book, intituled, The Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church, according to the Use of the Church of England: together with the Psalter or Psalms of David, pointed as they are to be sung or said in Churches; and the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, shall at the Costs and Charges of the Parishioners of every Parish-Church and Chapelry, Cathedral-Church, College and Hall, be attained and gotten before the Feast-day of St. Bartholomew, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred sixty and two, upon pain of forfeiture of three pounds by the month, for so long time as they shall then after be unprovided thereof, by every Parish, or Chapelry, Cathedral-Church, College and Hall, making default therein.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Bishops of Hereford, Saint David's, Asaph, Bangor, and Landaff, and their Successors, shall take such Order among themselves, for the souls health of the Flocks committed to their charge within Wales, that the Book here-

unto annexed be truly and exactly translated into the British or Welsh Tongue; and that the same so translated, and being by them, or any three of them at the least, viewed, perused and allowed, be imprinted to such number at least, so that one of the said Books so translated and imprinted, may be had for every Cathedral, Collegiate and Parish-Church, and Chapel of Ease in the said respective Dioceses and Places in Wales, where the Welsh is commonly spoken or used, before the first Day of May, One thousand six hundred sixty-five; and that from and after the imprinting and publishing of the said Book so translated, the whole Divine Service shall be used and said by the Ministers and Curates throughout all Wales within the said Dioceses where the Welsh Tongue is commonly used, in the British or Welsh Tongue, in such manner and form as is prescribed according to the Book hercunto annexed to be used in the English Tongue, differing nothing in any Order or Form from the said English Book; for which Book so translated and imprinted, the Churchwardens of every of the said Parishes shall pay out of the Parish-Money in their hands for the use of the respective Churches, and be allowed the same on their Account; and that the said Bishops and their Successors, or any three of them at the least, shall set and appoint the price for which the said Book shall be sold: And one other Book of Common Prayer in the English Tongue, shall be bought and had in every Church throughout Wales, in which the Book of Common Prayer in Welsh is to be had by force of this Act, before the first Day of May, One thousand six hundred sixty and four; and the same Book to remain in such convenient places, within the said Churches, that such as understand them may resort at all convenient times to read and peruse the same, and also such as do not understand the said Language, may, by conferring both Tongues together, the sooner attain to the Knowledge of the English Tongue; any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: And until printed Copies of the said Book, so to be translated, may be had and provided, the Form of Common Prayer established by Parliament, before the making of this Act, shall be used as formerly in such parts of Wales where the English Tongue is not commonly understood.

And to the end that the true and perfect Copies of this Act, and the said Book hereunto annexed, may be safely kept, and perpetually preserved, and for the avoiding of all Disputes for the time to come; Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the respective Deans and Chapters of every Cathedral or Collegiate-Church within

England and Wales, shall at their proper Costs and Charges, before the twenty-fifth Day of December, One thousand six hundred sixty-two, obtain under the Great Seal of England, a true and perfect printed Copy of this Act, and of the said Book annexed hereunto, to be by the said Deans and Chapters, and their Successors, kept and preserved in safety for ever, and to be also produced, and shewed forth in any Court of Record, as often as they shall be thereunto lawfully required; and also there shall be delivered true and perfect Copies of this Act, and of the same Book, into the respective Courts at Westminster, and into the Tower of London, to be kept and preserved for ever among the Records of the said Courts, and the Records of the Tower, to be also produced and shewed forth in any Court as need shall require: which said Books, so to be exemplified under the Great Seal of England, shall be examined by such persons as the King's Majesty shall appoint, under the Great Seal of England, for that purpose, and shall be compared with the Original Book hereunto annexed, and shall have power to correct and amend in Writing any error committed by the Printer in the printing of the same Book, or of any thing therein contained, and shall certify in Writing under their Hands and Seals, or the Hands and Seals of any three of them, at the end of the same Book, that they have examined and compared the same Book, and find it to be a true and perfect Copy; which said Books, and every one of them so exemplified under the Great Seal of England, as aforesaid, shall be deemed, taken, adjudged and expounded to be good and available in the Law, to all Intents and purposes whatsoever, and shall be accounted as good Records as this Book itself hereunto annexed; any Law or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That this Act, or any thing therein contained, shall not be prejudicial or hurtful unto the King's Professor of Law, within the University of Oxford, for or concerning the Prebend of Shipton within the Cathedral-Church of Sarum, united and annexed unto the Place of the same King's Professor for the Time being, by the late King James of blessed memory.

Provided always, That whereas the Six and thirtieth Article of the Nine and thirty Articles agreed upon by the Archbishops and Bishops of both Provinces, and the whole Clergy in the Convocation

holden at London, in the Year of our Lord One thousand five hundred sixty-two, for the avoiding of Diversities of Opinions, and for establishing of Consent touching true Religion, is in these Words following, viz.

That the Book of Consecration of Archbishops and Bishops, and Ordaining of Priests and Deacons, lately set forth in the time of King Edward the Sixth, and confirmed at the same time by Authority of Parliament, doth contain all things necessary to such Consecration and Ordaining, neither hath it any thing that of itself is superstitious and ungodly: and therefore whosoever are Consecrated or Ordered according to the Rites of that Book since the second Year of the aforenamed King Edward unto this time, or hereafter shall be Consecrated or Ordered according to the same Rites; We decree all such to be rightly, orderly, and lawfully Consecrated and Ordered;

It be Enacted, and be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Subscriptions hereafter to be had or made unto the said Articles by any Deacon, Priest, or Ecclesiastical person, or other person whatsoever, who by this Act, or any other Law now in force is required to subscribe unto the said Articles, shall be construed, and taken to extend, and shall be applied (for and touching the said Six and thirtieth Article) unto the Book containing the Form and Manner of Making, Ordaining, and Consecrating of Bishops, Priests and Deacons, in this Act mentioned, in such sort and manner as the same did heretofore extend unto the Book set forth in the time of King Edward the Sixth, mentioned in the said Six and thirtieth Article; any thing in the said Article or in any Statute, Act or Canon beretofore had or made, to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

Provided also, That the Book of Common Prayer, and Administration of the Sacraments, and other Rites and Ceremonies of the Church of England; together with the Form and Manner of Ordaining and Consecrating Bishops, Priests and Deacons, herctofore in use, and respectively established by Act of Parliament in the First and Eighth Years of Queen Elizabeth, shall be still used and observed in the Church of England, until the Feast of Saint Bartholomew, which shall be in the Year of our Lord God One thousand six hundred sixty and two.

disarten

0.97

THE PREFACE.

IT hath been the wisdom of the Church of Eng-Land, ever since the first compiling of her publick Liturgy, to keep the mean between the two extremes, of too much stiffness in refusing, and of too much easiness in admitting any variation from it. For, as on the one side common experience sheweth, that where a change bath been made of things advisedly established (no evident necessity so requiring) sundry inconveniences have thereupon ensued; and those many times more and greater than the evils, that were intended to be remedied by such change: So on the other side, the particular Forms of Divine worship, and the Rights and Ceremonies appointed to be used therein, being things in their own nature indifferent, and alterable, and so acknowledged; it is but reasonable, that upon weighty and important considerations, according to the various exigency of times and occasions, such changes and alterations should be made therein, as to those that are in place of Authority should from time to time seem either necessary or expedient. Accordingly we find; that in the Reigns of several Princes of blessed memory since the Reformation, the Church, upon just and weighty considerations her thercunto moving, hath yielded to make such alterations in some particulars, as in their respective times were thought convenient: Yet so, as that the main Body and Essentials of it (as well in the chiefest materials, as in the frame and order thereof) have still continued the same unto this day, and do yet stand firm and unshaken, notwithstanding all the vain attempts and impetuous assaults made against it, by such men as are given to change, and have always discovered a greater regard to their own private fancies and interests, than to that duty they owe to the publick.

By what undue means, and for what mischievous purposes the use of the Liturgy (though enjoined by the Laws of the Land, and those Laws never yet repealed) came, during the late unhappy confusions, to be discontinued, is too well known to the world, and we are not willing here to remember. But when, upon His Majesty's happy Restoration, it seemed probable, that, amongst other things, the use of the Liturgy would also return of course (the same having never been legally abolished) unless some timely means were used to prevent it; those men who under the late usurped powers had made it a great part of their business to render the people disaffected thereunto, saw themselves in point of reputation and interest concerned (unless they would freely acknowledge themselves to have erred, which such men are very hardly brought to do) with their utmost endeavours to hinder the restitution thereof. In order whereunto divers Pamphlets were published against the Book of Common Prayer, the old objections mustered up, with the addition of some new ones, more than formerly had been made, to make the number swell. In fine, great importunities were used to His Sacred Majesty, that the said Book might be revised, and such Alterations therein, and Additions thereunto made, as should be thought requisite for the ease of tender Consciences: whereunto His Majesty, out of 'his pious inclination to give satisfaction (so far as could be reasonably expected) to all his subjects of what persuasion soever, did graciously condescend.

In which review we have endeavoured to observe the like moderation, as we find to have been used in the like case in former times. And therefore of the sundry alterations proposed unto us, we have rejected all such as were either of dangerous consequence (as secretly striking at some established Doctrine, or laudable Practice of the Church of England, or indeed of the whole Catholiek Church of Christ) or else of no consequence at all, but utterly frivolous and vain. But such Alterations as were tendered to us (by what persons, under what pretences, or to what purpose soever tendered) as seemed to us in any degree requisite or expedient, we have willingly, and of our own accord assented unto: not enforced so to do by any strength of Argument, convincing us of the necessity of making the said Alterations: For we are fully persuaded in our judgments (and we here profess it to the world) that the Book, as it stood before established by Law, doth not contain in it any thing contrary to the Word of God, or to sound Doctrine, or which a godly man may not with a good Conscience use and submit unto, or which is not fairly defensible against any that shall oppose the same; if it shall be allowed such just and favourable construction as in common equity ought to be allowed to all human Writings, especially such as are set forth by Authority, and even to the very best translations of the holy Scripture itself.

Our general aim therefore in this undertaking was, not to gratify this or that party in any their unreasonable demands; but to do that, which to our best understandings we conceived might most tend to the preservation of Peace and Unity in the Church; the procuring of Reverence, and exciting of Piety and Devotion in the publick Worship of God; and the cutting off occasion from them that

Concerning the Service of the Church.

seck occasion of cavil or quarrel against the Liturgy of the Church. And as to the several variations from the former Book, whether by Alteration, Addition, or otherwise, it shall suffice to give this general account, That most of the Alterations were made, either first, for the better direction of them that are to officiate in any part of Divine Service; which is chiefly done in the Calendars and Rubricks: or secondly, for the more proper expressing of some words or phrases of ancient usage in terms more suitable to the language of the present times, and the clearer explanation of some other words and phrases, that were either of doubtful signification, or otherwise liable to misconstruction: Or thirdly, for a more perfect rendering of such portions of holy Scripture, as are inserted into the Liturgy; which, in the Epistles and Gospels especially, and in sundry other places, are now ordered to be read according to the last Translation: and that it was thought convenient, that some Prayers and Thanksgivings, fitted to special occasions, should be added in their due places; particularly for those at Sea, together with an office for the Baptism of such as are of riper years: which, although not so necessary when the former Book was compiled, yet by the

growth of Anabaptism, through the licentiousness of the late times crept in amongst us, is now become necessary, and may be always useful for the baptizing of Natives in our Plantations, and others converted to the Faith. If any man, who shall desire a more particular account of the several Alterations in any part of the Liturgy, shall take the pains to compare the present Book with the former; we doubt not but the reason of the change may easily appear.

And having thus endeavoured to discharge our duties in this weighty affair, as in the sight of God, and so approve our sincerity therein (so far as lay in us) to the consciences of all men; although we know it impossible (in such variety of apprehensions, humours and interests, as are in the world) to please all; nor can expect that men of factious, peevish, and perverse spirits should be satisfied with any thing that can be done in this kind by any other than themselves: Yet we have good hope, that what is here presented, and hath been by the Convocations of both Provinces with great diligence examined and approved, will be also well accepted and approved by all sober, peaceable, and truly conscientious Sons of the Church of England.

Concerning the Service of the Church.

HERE was never any thing by the wit of man so well devised, or so sure established, which in continuance of time bath not been corrupted: As, among other things, it may plainly appear by the Common Prayers in the Church, commonly called Divine Service. The first original and ground whereof if a man would search out by the ancient Fathers, he shall find, that the same was not ordained but of a good purpose, and for a great advancement of godliness. For they so ordered the matter, that all the whole Bible, (or the greatest part thereof) should be read over once every year; intending thereby, that the Clergy, and especially such as were Ministers in the congregation, should (by often reading, and incditation in God's word) be stirred up to godliness themselves, and be more able to exhort others by wholesome Doctrine, and to confute them that were adversaries to the truth; and further, that the people (by daily hearing of holy Scripture read in the Church) might continually profit more and more in the knowledge of God, and be the more inflamed with the love of his true Religion.

But these many years passed, this godly and

decent order of the ancient Fathers hath been so altered, broken, and neglected, by planting in uncertain Storics, and Legends, with multitude of Responds, Verses, vain Repetitions, Commemorations, and Synodals; that commonly when any Book of the Bible was begun, after three or four Chapters were read out, all the rest were unread. And in this sort the Book of Isaiah was begin in Advent, and the Book of Genesis in Septuagesima; but they were only begun, and never read through: After like sort were other Books of holy Scripture used. And moreover, whereas St. Paul would have such language spoken to the people in the Church, as they might understand, and have profit by hearing the same; The Service in this Church of England these many years bath been read in Latin to the people, which they understand not; so that they have heard with their ears only, and their heart, spirit, and mind, have not been edified thereby. And furthermore, notwithstanding that the ancient Fathers have divided the Psalms into seven portions, whereof every one was called a Nocturn: Now of late time a few of them have been daily said, and the rest utterly omitted. Moreover, the number

Of Ceremonies.

and hardness of the Rules called the *Pie*, and the manifold changings of the Service, was the cause, that to turn the Book only was so hard and intricate a matter, that many times there was more business to find out what should be read, than to read it when it was found out.

These inconveniences therefore considered, here is set forth such an Order, whereby the same shall be redressed. And for a readiness in this matter, here is drawn out a Calendar for that purpose, which is plain and easy to be understood; wherein (so much as may be) the reading of holy Scripture is so set forth, that all things shall be done in order, without breaking one piece from another. For this cause be cut off Anthems, Responds, Invitatories, and such like things as did break the continual course of the reading of the Scripture.

Yet, because there is no remedy, but that of necessity there must be some Rules; therefore certain Rules are here set forth; which, as they are few in number, so they are plain and easy to be understood. So that here you have an Order for Prayer, and for the reading of the holy Scripture, much agreeable to the mind and purpose of the old Fathers, and a great deal more profitable and commodious, than that which of late was used. It is more profitable, because here are left out many things, whereof some are untrue, some uncertain, some vain and superstitious; and nothing is ordained to be read, but the very pure Word of God, the holy Scriptures, or that which is agreeable to the same; and that in such a Language and Order as is most easy and plain for the understanding both of the Readers and Hearers. It is also more commodious, both for the shortness thereof, and for the plainness of the Order, and for that the Rules be few and easy.

And whereas heretofore there hath been great diversity in saying and singing in Churches within this Realm; some following Salisbury Use, some Hereford Use, and some the Use of Bangor, some of Fork, some of Lincoln; now from henceforth all the whole Realm shall have but one Use.

And forasmuch as nothing can be so plainly set forth, but doubts may arise in the use and practice of the same; to appease all such diversity (if any arise) and for the resolution of all doubts, concerning the manner how to understand, do, and execute, the things contained in this Book; the parties that so doubt, or diversly take any thing, shall alway resort to the Bishop of the Diocese, who by his discretion shall take order for the quieting and appeasing of the same; so that the same order be not contrary to any thing contained in this Book. And if the Bishop of the Diocese be in doubt, then he may send for the resolution thereof to the Archbishop.

HOUGH it be appointed, that all things shall be read and snng in the Church in the English Tongue, to the end that the congregation may be thereby edified; yet it is not meant, but that when men say Morning and Evening Prayer privately, they may say the same in any language that they themselves do understand.

And all Priests and Deacons are to say daily the Morning and Evening Prayer either privately or openly, not being let by sickness, or some other urgent cause.

And the Curate that ministereth in every Parish-Church or Chapel, being at home, and not being otherwise reasonably hindered, shall say the same in the Parish-Church or Chapel where he ministereth, and shall cause a Bell to be tolled thereunto a convenient time before he begin, that the people may come to hear God's Word, and to pray with him.

Of Ceremonies, why fome be abolifhed, and fome retained.

And have had their beginning by the institution of man, some at the first were of godly intent and purpose devised, and yet at length turned to yanity and superstition: some entered into the Church by undiscreet devotion, and such a zeal as was without knowledge; and for because they were winked at in the beginning, they grew daily to more and more abuses, which not only for their improfitableness, but also because they have much blinded the people, and obscured the glory of God, are worthy to be cut away, and clean rejected: other there be, which although they have been devised by man, yet it is thought good to reserve them still, as well for a decent order in the Church, (for the which they were first devised) as because they pertain to edification, whereunto all things done in the Church (as the Apostle teacheth) ought to be referred.

And although the keeping or omitting of a Core-

C

Of Ceremonies.

mony, in itself considered, is but a small thing; yet the wilful and contemptuous transgression and breaking of a common order and discipline is no small offence before God, Let all things be done among you, saith Saint Paul, in a seemty and due order: The appointment of the which order pertaineth not to private men; therefore no man ought to take in hand, nor presume to appoint or alter any publick or common Order in Christ's Church, except he be lawfully called and authorized thereunto.

And whereas in this our time, the minds of men are so diverse, that some think it a great matter of conscience to depart from a piece of the least of their Ceremonies, they be so addicted to their old customs; and again on the other side, some be so new-fangled, that they would innovate all things, and so despise the old, that nothing can like them, but that is new: it was thought expedient, not so much to have respect how to please and satisfy either of these parties, as how to please God, and profit them both. And yet lest any man should be offended, whom good reason might satisfy, here be certain causes rendered, why some of the accustomed Ceremonics be put away, and some retained and kept still.

Some are put away, because the great excess and multitude of them hath so increased in these latter days, that the burden of them was intolerable; whereof Saint Augustine in his time complained, that they were grown to such a number, that the estate of Christian people was in worse case concerning that matter, than were the Jews. And he counselled that such yoke and burden should be taken away, as time would serve quietly to do it. But what would Saint Augustine have said, if he had seen the Ceremonies of late days used among us; whereunto the multitude used in his time was not to be compared? This our excessive multitude of Ceremonics was so great, and many of them so dark, that they did more confound and darken, than declare and set forth Christ's benefits unto us. And besides this, Christ's Gospel is not a Ceremonial Law (as much of Moses' Law was) but it is a Religion to serve God, not in bondage of the figure or shadow, but in the freedom of the Spirit; being content only with those Ceremonies which do serve to a decent Order and godly Discipline, and such as be apt to stir up the dull mind of man to the remembrance of his duty to God, by some notable and special signification, whereby he might be edified. Furthermore, the most weighty cause of the abolishment of certain Ceremonies was, That they were so far abused, partly by the superstitious blindness of the rude and unlearned, and partly by the unsatiable avariee of such as sought more their own lucre, than the glory of God, that the abuses could not well be taken away, the thing remaining still.

But now as concerning those persons, which peradventure will be offended, for that some of the old Ceremonies are retained still: If they consider that without some Ceremonies it is not possible to keep any Order, or quiet Discipline in the Church, they shall easily perceive just cause to reform their judgments. And if they think much, that any of the old do remain, and would rather have all devised anew: then such men granting some Ceremonies convenient to be had, surely where the old may be well used, there they cannot reasonably reprove the old only for their age, without bewraying of their own folly. For in such a case they ought rather to have reverence unto them for their antiquity, if they will declare themselves to be more studious of unity and concord, than of innovations and new-fangleness, which (as much as may be with true setting forth of Christ's Religion) is always to be eschewed. Furthermore, such shall have no just cause with the Ceremonies reserved to be offended. For as those be taken away which were most abused, and did burden men's consciences without any cause; so the other that remain, are retained for a discipline and order, which (upon just causes) may be altered and changed, and therefore are not to be esteemed equal with God's Law. And moreover, they be neither dark nor dumb Ceremonies, but are so set forth, that every man may understand what they do mean, and to what use they do serve. So that it is not like that they in time to come should be abused as other have been. And in these our doings we condemn no other Nations, nor prescribe any thing but to our own people only: For we think it convenient that every Country should use such Ceremonies as they shall think best to the setting forth of God's honour and glory, and to the reducing of the people to a most perfect and godly living, without error or superstition; and that they should put away other things, which from time to time they perecive to be most abused, as in men's ordinances it often chanceth diversly in divers countries.

¶ The Order how the Pfalter is appointed to be read.

THE Psalter shall be read through once every Month, as it is there appointed, both for Morning and Evening Prayer. But in February it shall be read only to the twenty-eighth, or twenty-ninth day of the month.

And, whereas January, March, May, July, August, October, and December have One-and-thirty days apiece; It is ordered, that the same Psalms shall be read the last day of the said months, which were read the day before: So that the Psalter may begin again the first day of the next Month ensuing.

And, whereas the 119th Psalm is divided into twenty-two portions, and is over-long to be read at

one time; It is so ordered, that at one time shall not be read above four or five of the said portions.

And at the end of every Psalm, and of every such part of the 119th Psalm, shall be repeated this Hymn,

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be: world without end. Amen.

Note, that the Psalter followeth the Division of the Hebrews, and the Translation of the great English Bible, set forth and used in the time of King Henry the Eighth, and Edward the Sixth.

¶ The Order how the rest of holy Scripture is appointed to be read.

THE Old Testament is appointed for the first Lessons at Morning and Evening Prayer; so as the most part thereof will be read every year once, as in the Calendar is appointed.

The New Testament is appointed for the second Lessons at Morning and Evening Prayer, and shall be read over orderly every year thrice, besides the Epistles and Gospels; except the Apocalypse, out of which there are only certain Proper Lessons appointed upon divers Feasts.

And to know what Lessons shall be read every day, look for the day of the Month in the Calendar following, and there ye shall find the Chapters that shall be read for the Lessons both at Morning

and Evening Prayer; except only the Moveable Feasts, which are not in the Calendar, and the Immoveable, where there is a blank left in the Column of Lessons, the Proper Lessons for all which days are to be found in the Table of Proper Lessons.

And note, that whensoever Proper Psalms or Lessons are appointed; then the Psalms and Lessons of ordinary course appointed in the Psalter and Calendar (if they be different) shall be omitted for that time.

Note also, that the Collect, Epistle, and Gospel, appointed for the Sunday shall serve all the week after, where it is not in this Book otherwise ordered.

¶ PROPER LESSONS

To be read at Morning and Evening Prayer, on the Sundays, and other Holy-days throughout the Year.

4	LESSONS	PROPER	FOR	SUNDAYS.

TESSUAS PROPER FOR SUNDAIS.							
Sundays of Advent.	Mattins.	Evensong.		Sundays after	Mattins.	-Ei	ensong.
1	Isaiah 1	Isaiah	2	Easter.			
2	5		24	4	Deut.	6 Deut	. 7
3	25		26	5		8	
4	30		32	Sunday after Ascen-			
G 7 P				sion-day.	1	2	18
Sundays after				Whit-Sunday.		1	
Christmas.	37		38	1 Lesson.	16. to v.1		
1 2	41		43	2 Lesson.	Acts 10. τ. 3	4 Acts	19. to v
_	41		4 /	Trinity Sunday.			21
Sundays after the		•	- 1	1 Lesson.		1 Gene	
Epiphany.			- 1	2 Lesson.	Matth.	3 1 Jo	bn á
1	44		46	Sundays after			
2	51		53	Trinity.			
3	55		56	1		0 Josh	
4	57		58	2		4 Judg	
. 5	59		64	3		2 1 Sa	
6	65		66	4	1	2	
Septuagesima.	Genesis 1	Genesis	2	5		5	•
Sexagesima.	3		$\bar{6}$	6	1	2 2 Sa	,
Quinquagesima.	9. to v. 20		12	7		1	2
1	3			8		3 1 Ki	0
Lent.				9		8	•
Sunday 1	19.tov.30		20	10		1	
2	27	!	34	11	2 Kings	5 2 Ki	0
3			42	12	1	0	-
4	43	The state of the s	45	13	l .	9	
5	Exodus 3	Exodus	5	14	Jerem.	5 Jere	
6	1. 1	P. J.	7.0	15	1	5 —	30
1 Lesson.		Exodus	10	16	Ezekiel	2 Ezel	
2 Lesson.	Matth. 26	Heb. 5. to v	. 11	17	1	4	1
Easter-day.				18	1	20 — 3 Dan	2
1 Lesson.	Exodus 12	Exodus	1.4	19	Daniel		
2 Lesson.	Romans 6	Acts 2. v.	22	20	Joel Habakkuk	2 Mic 2 Prov	
Sundays after				21 22	Proverbs	2	verbs
Easter.				23			1
Euster.	Numb. 16	Numb.	22	23 24	1	3	i
2	23, 24		22 25	24 25	4	5	1
3	1 -	Deut.	23 5	25 26		7	ı
	// Cut. 4	117600	J	~''			- 1

¶ LESSONS PROPER FOR HOLY-DAYS.

1	Mattins.	Evensong.	S. Stephen.	Mattins.	Evensong.
S. Andrew.	Proverbs 20	Proverbs 21	1 Lesson.	Proverbs 28	
S. Thomas the Ap.	23	24	2 Lesson.	Acts 6. v. 8 &	Acts 7. v. 30
Nativ. of Christ.				ch. 7. to v. 30	to v. 55
1 Lesson.	Isaiah 9. to v. 8	Isaiah 7. v. 10	S. John.		
		to v. 17	1 Lesson.	Eeeles. 5	Eccles. 6
2 Lesson.	Luke 2. to v. 15	Titus 3. v. 4 to	2 Lesson.	Revelation 1	Revelation 22
		τ'. 9	i		1

¶ LESSONS PROPER FOR HOLY-DAYS.

			- votes		
	Mattins.	Evensong. Wisdom 1	S. Wark.	Mattins. Eccl ^{**} 4	Evensong. Eccl ^{es} 5
Innocents' Day.	Jer. 31. to v. 18	W Isdom 1		Leei 4	Leet 3
Circumcision. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.		Deut. 10. v. 12 Colossians 2	S.Philip&S.James. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	John 1. v. 43	9
Epiphany. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.		Isaiah 49 John 2. <i>to v</i> . 12	Ascension-Day. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	Deut. 10 Luke 24. v. 44	2 Kings 2 Eph. 4. to v. 17
Convers. of S. Paul. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson. Purification of the	Wisdom 5 Acts 22. to v. 22	Wisdom 6 Acts 26	Monday in Whit- sun-week. 1 Lesson.	Gen. 11. to v.	Num. 11. v. 16 to v. 30
Firgin Mary.	Wisdom 9	Wisdom 12	2 Lesson.	t Cor. 12	1 Cor. 14. to v.
S. Matthias.	19	Eccl ^{us}	Tuesday in Whit-		26
Annunciation of our Lady.	Eccl ^{us} 2	3	sun-week.	1 Sam. 19. v. 18 1 Thes. 5. v. 12	Deut. 30 1 John 4. to v.
Wednesday before			S. Barnabas.	to v. 24	14
Easter. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	Hosea 13 John 11. v. 45	Hosea 14	1 Lesson		Eccl ^{us} 12 Acts 15. to v. 36
Thursday before Easter. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.		Jeremiah 31	S. John Baptist. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson. S. Peter.	Matthew 3	Malachi 4 Matt. 14. to v.
Good Friday. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	Gen.22.tov.20 John 18	1	A	Acts 3	Eccl ^{us} 19 Acts 4 Eccl ^{us} 22
Easter-Even.	John	11661 2	S. Bartholomew.	24	
1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	Zechariah 9 Luke 23. v. 50	Exodus 13 Hebrews 2	S. Matthew.	35	
Menday in Easter- week.		F 1	1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.		Dan. 10. v. 5 Jude v. 6 to v. 16
1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	1	Exodus 17	S. Luke.	Ecclus 51	Job 1
Tucsday in Easter-	1	2100	S. Simon & S. Jude.	Job 24, 25	42
week. 1 Lesson. 2 Lesson.	Exodus 20 Luke 24. to 7	1		1	Wis. 5. to v. 17 B Rev. 19. to v.
	1	1		1.7 2	1

¶ PROPER PSALMS ON CERTAIN DAYS.

	Mattins.	Evensong.		Mattins.	Evensong.
Christmas-Day.	19, 45, 85.	89, 110, 132.	$m{\it E}$ aster- $m{\it D}$ ay.	2, 57, 111.	113, 114, 118.
Ash-Wednesday.	6, 32, 38.	102, 130, 143.	Ascension-Day.	8, 15, 21.	24, 47, 108.
Good Friday.	22, 40, 54.	69, 88.	Whit-Sunday.	48, 68.	104, 145.

THE CALENDAR,

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

JANUARY hath xxxi. Days.

			/			
						1
			1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
A	Calendæ	Circumcision of our Lord.				
b	4 Non.		Genesis 1	Matth. 1	Genesis 2	Rom. 1
c	3 Non.		3	2	4	-2
d			5	3	6	3
e			7	4	8	4
f		Epiphany of our Lord.				
<u>g</u>			9	5	12	5
A		Lucian, Priest and Martyr.	13	6	14	6
<u>b</u>			15	7	16	7
<u>c</u>			17	8	18	8
<u>d</u>	ŀ		19	9	20	9
e				10	22	10
f	•	Hilary, Bishop and Confessor.	23	11	24	11
g						12
				13		13
<u>b</u>)		1	14	30	14
c	1			15		15
d		Prisca, Rom. Virg. and Mart.				16
<u>e</u>	1				1 ———	1 Cor. 1
	4	I		18	39	2
						3
-	_	Vincent. Span. D. and Mart.			<u></u>	4
<u>b</u>						5
C			46	22	47	6
d		Conversion of St. Paul.				
6	1					7
			50	24	Exodus 1	8
			Exodus 2	25	3	9
			-4	26	5	10
b		King Charles, Martyr.	(a) 6	27		11
i C	Prid. Cal.		8	28	9	12
	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c }\hline b & c & d \\\hline c & f & g \\\hline A & b & c \\\hline d & e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline d & e \\\hline f & g \\\hline A & b \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline g & A \\\hline b & c \\\hline c & d \\\hline e & f \\\hline \end{array}$	b 4 Non. c 3 Non. d Prid. Non. e Nonæ f 8 Id. g 7 Id. 6 Id. 6 Id. c 4 Id. d 3 Id. e Prid. Id. Idus 19 Cl. Feb. A 18 Cal. c 16 Cal. d 15 Cal. e 14 Cal. g 11 Cal. g Cal. d 8 Cal. g Cal. f 6 Cal. g Cal. f 6 Cal. g 5 Cal. A 4 Cal. b 3 Cal. A 4 Cal. b 3 Cal.	b 4 Non. c 3 Non. d Prid. Non. c Nonæ f 8 1d. Epiphany of our Lord. G 7 1d. A 6 1d. Lucian, Priest and Martyr. b 5 1d. C 4 1d. d 3 1d. e Prid. 1d. Hilary, Bishop and Confessor. G 19 Cl. Feb. A 18 Cal. If Cal. C 16 Cal. If Cal. I	MOR PRA	MORNING PRAYER. Lesson. Lesson. 2 Lesson. 2 Lesson. 3 Non. 3 2 2 2 3 Non. 3 2 3 Non. 3 2 3 Non. 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	MORNING PRAYER. PRAYER

Note, That (a) Exodus 6, is to be read only to ver. 14.

THE CALENDAR,

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

FEBRUARY hath xxviii. Days. And in every Leap-Year xxix. Days.

				MORI PRA		EVEN PRA	
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
1	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	Calendæ	Fast.	Exod. 10	Mark 1	Exod.º 11	1 Cor. 13
2	e	4 Non.	Purification of Virgin Mary.		2		14
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 2 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline 5 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 9 \\ \hline 10 \\ \hline 11 \\ \hline 12 \\ \hline 13 \\ \hline 14 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 16 \\ \end{array} $	f	3 Non.	Blasius, Bishop and Martyr.	12	3	13	1.5
4	g	Prid. Non.		14	4	15	16
5	A	Nonæ	Agatha, a Sicilian V. and M.	16	5	17	2 Cor. 1
6	b	8 Id.		18	6	19	2
7	e	7 Id.		20	7	21	3
8	d	6 ld.		22	8	23	4
9	e	5 ld.		24	9	32	5
10	f	4 ld.		33	10	34	6
11	g	3 ld.		Levit. 18	11	Levit. 19	7
12	A	Prid Id.		20	12	26	8
13	b	Idus		Numb.11	13	Num. 12	9
14	С	16 Cl. Mar.	Valentine, Bishop and Mart.	13	14	14	10
15	d	15 Cal.		16	15	17	11
	e	14 Cal.		20	16	21	12
17	f	13 Cal.		22	Ln.1.to39	23	13
18	g	12 Cal.		24	1. v. 39	25	Galat. 1
$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 17\\\hline 18\\\hline \hline 19\\\hline 20\\\hline \end{array}$	A	11 Cal.		27	2	30	2
20	b	10 Cal.		31	3	32	3
$\overline{21}$	c	9 Cal.		35	4	36	4
$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{22}{23} \\ \frac{23}{24} \\ \frac{25}{25} \end{bmatrix}$	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	8 Cal.		Deut. 1	5	Deut. 2	
23	e	7 Cal.	Fast.	3	6	4	6
24	f	6 Cal.	St. Matthias, Apostle and Mart.		7		Ephes. 1
25	g	5 Cal.		5	8	6	2
<u>26</u>	$\overline{\Lambda}$	4 Cal.		7	9	8	3
$\overline{27}$	b	3 Cal.		9	10	10	4
$\frac{28}{29}$	c	Prid. Cal.		11	11	12	5
29				13	Matth. 7	14	Rom. 12

THE CALENDAR,

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

MARCH hath xxxi. Days.

					NING YER.	EVEN PRA	
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	
1	d		David, Archbishop of Menev.	Deut. 15	Luke 12	Deut. 16	
1 2	ϵ		Cedde, or Chad, B. of Litch.	17	13	18	Philipp. 1
3	f			19	14	20	2
	8			21	15	22	3
		-1		24	16	25	4
(_		26	17	27	Coloss. 1
_ 7		- I	Perpetua Maurit, Martyr.	28	18	29	2
8	- -			30	19	31	3
_ 5	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		32	20	33	4
10	-	-		34	21	Joshua 1	1 Thess. 1
11	- 1			Joshna 2	22	3	2
1:	-	_	Greg. M. B. of Rome and C.		23	5	3
15				6	24	7	-4
14	1			8	John 1	9	5
1.5	d	_		10	2	23	2 Thess. 1
16	-			24	3	Judges 1	2
17	-	_	_	Judges 2	-4	.3	3
18	. _		Edward, K. of West-Sax.	-4	5	5	1 Tim. 1
15	- _	_		6		7	2, 3
_ 20	-			8	7	9	4
14 21		_	Benedict, Abbot.	10		11	5
3 2:	-		_	12	9	13	6
23	- 1			14	10	15	2 Tim. 1
11 2.			Fast.	16	11	17	2
2.	- -	·	Annunciation of Virgin Mary.		12		3
19 20		7 Cal.		18	13	19	4
8 2	-	6 Cal.		20		21	Titus 1
_ 2	_	5 Cal.		Ruth 1	15	Ruth 2	2, 3
16, 2				3		-1	Philemon
5 3	-	· , 3 Cal.		I Sam. 1	17	1 Sam. 2	
3	1	L'Prid. Cal.		:	18	4	2

The Numbers here prefixed to the several Days, between the Twenty-first Day of March and the Eighteenth Day of April, both inclusive, denote the Days apon which those full Moons do fall, which happen upon or next after the Twenty-first Day of March, in those Years, of which they are respectively the Colden Numbers; and

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

APRIL hath xxx. Days.

_					[<u> </u>	
						NING	EVEN	
					PRA	YER.	PRA	YER.
_	_				1 Lesson.			
13	I	g	Calendæ •		1 Sam. 5		1 Sam. 6	Hebr. 3
2	2	A	4 Non.		7	20	8	4
	_3	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	3 Non.	Richard, Bishop of Chichester.	9	21	10	5
10	4	c	Prid. Non.	St. Ambrose, Bishop of Milan.	11	Acts 1	12	6
	5	d	Nonæ		13	2	14	7
18	6	e	8 ld.		15	3	16	8
7	7	Ť.	7 Id.		17	4	18	9
-	8	g	6 Id.		19	5	20	10
15	9		5 Id.		21	6	22	11
4	10	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	4 Id.		23	7	24	12
-	11	$\frac{1}{e}$	3 Id.		25	8	$-\frac{26}{}$	13
$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{d}$	Prid. Id.		27	9	28	James 1
1	$\overline{13}$	${e}$	Idus		29	10	30	2
-	$\overline{14}$	f	18 Cl. March		31	11	2 Sam. 1	3
${9}$	$\overline{15}$	g	17 Cal.		2 Sam. 2	12	3	4
_	16	A	16 Cal.		4	13	5	5
$\overline{17}$	17	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	15 Cal.		6	14	7	1 Peter 1
$\overline{6}$	18	c	14 Cal.		8	15	9	2
_	$\overline{19}$	d	13 Cal.	Alphege, Archbishop of Cant.	10	16	11	3
_	20	e	12 Cal.		12	17	13	4
	$\overline{21}$	f	11 Cal.		14	18	15	5
_	$\overline{22}$	g	10 Cal.		16	19	17	2 Peter 1
_	$\overline{23}$	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	9 Cal.	St. George, Martyr.	18	20	19	2
_	$\overline{24}$	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	8 Cal.		20	21	21	3
-	$\overline{25}$	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	7 Cal.	St. Mark, Evang. and Martyr.		22		1 John 1
	$\overline{26}$	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	6 Cal.		22	23	23	2
	$\overline{27}$	e	5 Cal.		24	24	1 Kings 1	3
	2 8	f	4 Cal.		1 Kings 2	25	3	4
_	29	\overline{g}	3 Cal.		4	26	5	5
_	30		Prid. Cal.		6	27	7	2, 3 John
				l	1 91	4()		

the Sunday-Letter next following any such Full Moon points out Easter-Day for that Year. All which holds until the Year of our Lord 1899 inclusive; after which Year, the Place of these Golden Numbers will be to be changed, as is hereafter expressed.

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

MAY hath xxxi. Days.

					NING YER.	EVENING PRAYER.	
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
31	b	Calendæ	St. Philip & St. James, Ap. & M.	15001		9	Jude
2	c	6 Non.		I Kings 8	Acts 28	1 Kings 9	Rom. 1
± 3	d	5 Non.	Invention of the Cross.	10	Matth. 1	11	$\stackrel{\cdot}{\epsilon}$ 2
<u>4</u>	e	4 Non.		12	2	13	A 43
35	f	3 Non.		L C14	3	15	'1 d 54
26 27	$\frac{g}{A}$	Prid. Non.	St. John Evang. ante Port. Lat.	16	4	17	0 05
_7	A	Nonæ		18	5	19	7 5 76
- 8	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	8 Id.		20	6	21	5 d7
. 9	$\frac{c}{d}$	7 Id.		22	7	2 Kings 1	<u>, 1 68</u>
OF	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	6 Id.		2 Kings 2	8	3	9
11	e	5 ld.		4	9	3	10
12	f	4 Id. ·		6	10	11 7	ा । अ
13	g	3 1d:		8	11	9	- 5 92
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	$\frac{g}{A}$	Prid. Id.		10	12	b !11	13
<u>15</u>	<u>b</u>	Idus		12	13	113	3 44
$\overline{16}$	c	17 Cl. Jun.		14	14	.°15	1 95
17	d	16 Cal.		16	15	1617	16
	e	15 Cal.		18	16	19	1 Cor. 1
$\overline{19}$	f	14 Cal.	Dunstan, Archbishop of Cant.	20	17	21	1 1 1 2
18 19 20 21	g	13 Cal.	X - 2+3c	- 22	18	23	3
$\frac{1}{21}$	Ā	12 Cal.	The state of the s	24	19	25	· 4
22	ь	11 Cal.	To the state of th	Ezra I	20	Ezra 3	- 5
$\overline{23}$	c	10 Cal.		4	21	5	6
$\frac{23}{24}$	$\frac{1}{d}$	9 Cal.		6	- 22	7	7
25	(,	8 Cal.		9	23	Nehem: 1	7.8
$\overline{26}$	F	7 Cal.	Augustin, first Archb. of Cant.	Nehem. 2	24	4	1039
	g	6 Cal.	Ven. Bede, Presb.	5	25	6	7 10
$\frac{27}{28}$	$\frac{1}{A}$	5 Cal.		8	26	9	h 184
29	Ъ	4 Cal.	King Charles 11. Nat. and R.	10	27	13	9 12
30	c	3 Cal.	0	Esther 1	28	Esther 2	ा । प्रिंड
31	$\frac{1}{d}$	Prid. Cal	-	3		4	14
-	·					·	-

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

JUNE hath xxx. Days.

					NING YER.	EVE1 PRA	
		, r	Ŧ ,	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
1	e	Calendæ	Nicomede, Rom. P. and Mar.	Esther 5	Mark 2	Esther 6	1 Cor. 15
$\overline{2}$	f	4 Non.		7	3	8	16
3	g	3 Non.	1 700	9	4	Job 1	2 Cor. 1
4	A	Prid. Non.		Job 2	5	3	2
1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	b	Nonæ	Boniface, B. of Mentz, and M.	4	6	5	3
6	<u>c</u>	8 ld.	3. 3.7	6	7	7	4
27	d	7 ld,		8	8	9	5
8	e	6 ld.		10	9	11	ē,
$\overline{9}$	f	5 ld.		12	10	13	7
10	g	4 ld.		14	11	15	8
11	Ā	3 Id.	St. Barnabas, Apostle and Mart.				7 8 00 1 40 0
12	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	Prid. Id.		16	12	17, 18	9
$ \begin{array}{r} \hline 10 \\ \hline 11 \\ $	c	Adus		19	13	20	10
14	d	18 Cl. Julii.		21	14	22	11
	e	17 Cal.		23	15	24, 25	12
16	$\overline{\mathbf{f}}$	16 Cal.		26, 27	16	28	13
$\frac{\overline{15}}{\overline{16}}$ $\frac{\overline{17}}{\overline{17}}$	g	15 Cal.	St. Alban, Martyr.	29	Luke 1	30	Galat: 1
18	A	14 Cal.		31	2	32	2
19	$\frac{1}{\mathbf{b}}$	13 Cal.	1,	33	3	34	3
20	<u>c</u>	12 Cal.	Tr. of Edward, K. of West-Sax.	35	4	36	4
21	d	11 Cal.		37	5	38	5
22	${e}$	10 Cal.		39	6	40	6
$\overline{23}$	f	9 Cal.	Fast.	41	7	42	Ephes. 1
$\frac{1}{24}$	g	8 Cal.	Nativity of St. John Baptist.				
25	$\frac{3}{A}$	7 Cal.		Prov. 1	8	Prov. 2	2
26	<u>b</u>	6 Cal.		3	9	4	3
27	<u>c</u>	5 Cal.		5	10	6	4
28	d	4 Cal.	Fast.	7	11	8	5
29	e	3 Cal.	St. Peter, Apostle and Martyr.				
22 23 24 25 66 67 28 30 30	T	Prid. Cal.		9	12	10	6
14			. 4.1.	<u>!</u>		,	

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

JULY hath xxxi. Days.

			•	1	NING YER.	EVENING PRAYER.	
		1		1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
1	g	Calendæ		Prov. 11	Luke 13	Prov. 12	Philipp. 1
$\frac{2}{3}$	A	6 Non.	Visit. of the Bl. Virgin Mary.	13	14	14	2
3	b	5 Non.	1	15	15	16	3
4	c	4 Non.	Transl. of St. Martin, B. and C.	17	16	18	4
5	d	3 Non.		19	17	20	Coloss. 1
6	\overline{e}	Prid. Non.		21	18	22	2.0
7	f	Nonæ		23	19	24	3
8	$\overline{\mathbf{g}}$	8 Id.		25	20	26	4
9	A	7 Id.		27	21	28	1 Thess. 1
10	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	6 Id.		29	22	31	2
11	c	5 ld.		Eccles. 1	23	Eccles. 2	-3
12	d	4 ld.		3	24	4	.4
13	e	3 Id.		5	John 1	6	5) 65
14	ť	Prid. Id.		7	2	8	2 Thess. 1
15	g	Idus	Swithun, Bishop Winch. Tran.	9	3	10	2
16	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	17 Cl. Aug.		11	4	12	3
17	Ъ	16 Cal.		Jerem. 1	5	Jerem. 2	1 Tim. 1
18	c	15 Cal.		3	6	4	2, 3
19	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	14 Cal.		5	7	6	4
$\overline{20}$	e	13 Cal.	Margaret, V. and M. at Antioch.	7	8	8	5
21	ť	12 Cal.		9	9	10	6
22	gg	11 Cal.	St. Mary Magdalene.	11	10	12	2 Tim. 1
23	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	10 Cal.		13	11	14	2
$\overline{24}$	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	9 Cal.	Fast.	15	12	16	3
$\overline{25}$	\overline{c}	8 Cal.	St. James, Apostle and Martyr.		13		4
26	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	7 Cal.	St. Anne, Mother to the B.V.M.	17	14	18	Titus 1
27	$\overline{\mathbf{e}}$	6 Cal.		19	15	20	2, 3
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c }\hline 7\\ 8\\ \hline 9\\ \hline 10\\ \hline 11\\ \hline 12\\ \hline 13\\ \hline 14\\ \hline 15\\ \hline 16\\ \hline 17\\ \hline 18\\ \hline 19\\ \hline 20\\ \hline 21\\ \hline 22\\ \hline 23\\ \hline 24\\ \hline 25\\ \hline 26\\ \hline 27\\ \hline 28\\ \hline 29\\ \hline \end{array}$	\overline{f}	5 Cal.		21	16	22	Philemon
$\overline{29}$	g	4 Cal.		23	17	24	Hebr. 1
30	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	3 Cal.		25	18	26	(2)
31	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	Prid. Cal.		27	19	28	3
							

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

AUGUST hath xxxi. Days.

į				MOR: PRA	1	EVENING PRAYER.			
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.		
1	c	Calendæ	Lanmas Day.	Jerem. 29	John 20	Jerem. 30	Hebr. 4		
2	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	4 Non.		31	21	32	5		
3	e	3 Non.		33	Acts 1	34	6		
$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline 2 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 4 \\ \hline 5 \\ \hline 6 \end{array} $	ï	Prid. Non.		35	2	36	7		
5	g	Nonæ		37	3	38	8		
6	A	8 Id.	Transfiguration of our Lord.	39	4	40	9		
7	ь	7 ld.	Name of Jesus.	41	5	40	10		
8	c	6 Id.		43	6	44	11		
	d	5 Id.		45, 46	7	47	12		
$\frac{\overline{10}}{\overline{11}}$	e	4 Id.	St. Lawrence, A. D. of R. and M.	48	8	49	13		
11	1	3 Id.	1.1	5()	9	51	James 1		
12	δ.	Prid. Id.	•	52	10	Lam. 1	2		
	A	idus		Lam. 2	I 1	3	3		
14	ь	19 Cl. Sept.		4	12	5	4		
15	e	18 Cal.		Ezekiel 2	13	Ezekiel 3	5		
16	d	17 Cal.		6	14	7	1 Peter 1		
17	e	16 Cal.		13	15	14	- 6		
18	ť	15 Cal.		18	16	33	3		
19	$\frac{\overline{g}}{A}$	14 Cal.		34	17	Daniel 1	4		
20		13 Cal.		Daniel 2	18	3	5		
21	b	12 Cal.	19	4	19	5	2 Peter 1		
22 23	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	11 Cal.		6	20	7	2		
23	\overline{d}	10 Cal.	Fast.	- 8	21	9	3		
$\frac{24}{25}$	e	9 Cal.	St. Barthólomew, Ap. and Mart.		99		1 John 1		
25	ť	8 Cal.		10	23	11	<u>ō</u>		
$\overline{26}$	g	7 Cal.		12	24	Hosea 1	3		
27	A	6 Cal.		Hos. 2, 3	25	4	4		
28	b	5 Cal.	St. Augustin, B. of Hippo, C. D.	5,6	26	7	5		
29	c	4 Cal.	Beheading of St. John Baptist.	8	27	9	2, 3 John		
30	d	3 Cal.		10	28	11	Jude		
31	e	Prid. Cal.		12	Matth. 1	13	Rom. 1		

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

SEPTEMBER hath xxx. Days.

	•			1	NING YER.	EVENING PRAYER.	
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson
1	f	Calendæ	Giles, Abbot and Confessor.	Hosea 14	Matth. 2	Joel 1	Rom.
2 3	g	4 Non.		Joel 2	3	3	- 1
	A	3 Non.	-	Amos 1	4	Amos 2	
4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1	b	Prid. Non.		3	5	4	
5	c	Nonæ		-5	-6	6	
$\overline{6}$	d	8 Id.		- 7	7	8)
7	e	7 ld	Enurchus, Bishop of Orleans.	9	8	Obadiah	1
8	f-	6 11.	Nativity of the Bl. Virgin Mary.	Jonah 1	9	Jonah 2,3	
9	$\frac{1}{g}$	5 Id.		4	10	Micah 1	1
5	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	4 Id.		Micah 2	11	3	- 1
ī	ь	3 Id.		4	12	5	, 1
2	c	Prid. Id.		6	13	7	
3	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	Idus		Nahum 1	14	Nahum 2	- 1.
4	e -	18 Cl. Oct.	Holy-Cross Day.	3	15	Habak. 1	
$\frac{-}{5}$	$\overline{\mathbf{f}}$	17 Cal.		Habak. 2	16	3	3 20
$\overline{6}$	g	16 Cal.:		Zeph. 1	17	Zeph. 2	1 Cor.
7	$\frac{\ddot{\mathbf{A}}}{\mathbf{A}}$	15 Cal.	Lambert, Bishop and Martyr.	3	18	Haggai 1	
8	Ъ	14 Cal.		Haggai 2	19	Zech. 1	
$\overline{9}$	-c	13 Cal.	A.	Zech. 2, 3	20	4, 5	
$\bar{0}$	d	12 Cal.	Fast.	- 6	21	7	-
ī	<u>е</u>	11 Cal.	St. Matthew, Apostle and Evang.		22		1
\bar{c}	f	10 Cal.		8		9	
$\frac{1}{3}$	 g	9 Cal.		10		11	
1	$\frac{3}{\Lambda}$	8 Cal.		- 12		13	-
25	<u>b</u>	7 Cal.		14		Malac. 1	- 1
26	-c	6 Cal.	St. Cypr. A. B. of Carth. and M.	Malac. 2		3	
27	$\frac{1}{d}$	5 Cal.		4		Tobit - 1	
20 21 22 22 23 24 225 225 226 227 228 229 330	e	4 Cal.	7	Tobit 2		3	
29	F	3 Cal.	St. Michael and All Angels.		2		-
30	g	Prid. Cal.	St. Jerom, Pr. Cou. and Doct.	4		- 6	

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

OCTOBER hath xxxi. Days.

MORNING PRAYER.					EVENING PRAYER.				
_				1 Lesson,	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.		
1	Ā	Calendæ	Remigius, Bishop of Rhemes.	Tobit 7	Mark 4	Tobit 8	1 Cor. 16		
2	$\frac{1}{b}$	6 Non.		9	5	10	2 Cor. 1		
3	- C-	5 Non.		11	6	12	2		
4	<u>d</u> -	4- Non.		-13	7	14	3		
-5	e	3 Non	-	Judith -1	8	Judith 2	4		
6	- f -	Prid. Non-	Faith, Virgin and Martyr.	- 3	9	4	5		
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	g	Nonæ		- 5	10	6	6		
8	-A-	8 Id		7	11	- 8	7		
9	b	7 Id.	St. Denys-Areop. Bp. and Mart.	- 9	12	-10	, 8		
	c	6 Id.		11	13	12	9		
<u>11</u>	_d_	5 ld		13	14	- 14	- 10		
12	_e_	4 Id	-	15	15	16	11		
13	F	3-Id.	Transl. of K. Edw. Confessor.	Wisd. 1	16	Wisd. 2	- 12		
1	<u>g</u>	Prid. Id.		-3	Lu.110-39	- 4	13		
14 15	.A.	Idus		5	1. v. 39	- 6	Galat. 1		
$\frac{16}{17}$	_b_	17 ClNov.		77	2	8	2		
17.	C.	16 Cal.	Etheldreda, V. Q. and Ab. of Ely.	9	3	10	3		
18	d	15 Cal.	St. Luke, Evangelist.		4		-4		
19	e	14 Cal			5	12	5		
20	f	13, Cal		13	6	- 14	6		
21	g	12 Cal		- 15	7	16	Ephes. 1		
22.	A	11 Cal.		17-	8	18	2		
$\overline{23}$	b	10 Cal.		19	9	-Eecl ^{us} 1	3		
24 25 26	·c	9 Cal.		Ecclus 2	-10	_ 3	- 4		
25	d	8 Cal	Crispin, Martyr.	4	11	5	5		
26	_e .	7 Cal.		6	12	7	6		
$\frac{27}{28}$	_f _	6 Cal	Fast.	- 8	13	9	Philipp. 1		
28	$\frac{f}{g}$	_5 Cal.	St. Simon & St. Jude, Ap. and M.		. 14		2		
29	A	4 Cal.		- 10	15	11	3		
30	_b_	3 Cal.		12	16	13	- 4		
31	c	Prid. Cal.	Fast.	14	17	15	Coloss. 1		

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

NOVEMBER hath xxx. Days.

							
				MOR	NING	EVE	NING
				PRA	YER.	PRA	YER.
 	i		I	1	l .	! !	1
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
1	d	Calendæ	All Saints' Day.				
0	e	4 Non.		Ecclus 16	Luke 18	Ecelus 17	Coloss. 2
3	ť	3 Non.		18	19	19	3
$ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ \hline 6 \\ \hline 7 \\ 8 \\ \hline 9 \\ \hline 10 $	g	Prid. Non.		20	20	21	4
5	A	Nonæ	Papists' Conspiracy,	20	21	23	1 Thess. 1
_6	b	8 Id.	Leonard, Confessor.	24	22	(a) 25	2
7	c	7 Id.		27	23	28	3
8	d	6 Id.		29	24	(b) 30	4
9	<u>e</u>	3 Id.		31	John 1	32	. 5
10	f	4 ld.		33	2	34	2 Thess. 1
$\frac{11}{12}$	g	3 Id.	St. Martin, Bishop and Confessor.	35	3	36	2
	A	Prid. ld.		37	4	38	3
13	<u>b</u>	Idus	Britius, Bishop.	39	5	40	1 Tim. 1
14	<u>c</u>	18 Cl. Dec.		41	6	42	2, 3
15	$\frac{\mathrm{d}}{}$	17 Cal.	Machutus, Bishop.	43	7	44	4
16	<u>e</u>	16 Cal.		45	8	(°) 46	5
17	ť	15 Cal.	Hugh, Bishop of Lincoln.	47	9	48	6
18	g	14 Cal.		49	10	50	2 Tim. 1
19	\underline{A}	13 Cal.		51	11	Baruch 1	0
20	Ь	12 Cal.	Edmund, King and Martyr.	Barueh 2	12	3	3
21	e	11 Cal.		4	13	5	4
22	d	10 Cal.	Cceilia, Virgin and Martyr.	6	14	Hist. Sus.	Titus 1
23	e	9 Cal.	St. Clement, L. B. of R. and M.	Bel& Dra	15	Isaiah 1	0, 3
24	f	8 Cal.		Isaiah 2	16	3	Philemon
25	g	7 Cal.	Catharine, Virgin and Martyr.	4	17	5	Hebr. 1
26	A	6 Cal.		6	18	7	9
27	Ь	5 Cal.		8	19	9	3
28	ϵ	4 Cal.		10	20 .	11	4
29	d	3 Cal.	l'ast.	15	21.	13	5
30	e	Prid. Cal.	St. Andrew, Apostle and Martyr.		Acts I		6

Note, That (a) Leelus 25, is to be read only to v. 13, and (b) Ecclus 30, only to v. 18, and (c) Ecclus 46, only to v. 20,

WITH THE TABLE OF LESSONS.

DECEMBER hath xxxi. Days.

				r			
					NING	EVEN	
				PRA	YER.	PRA	YER.
		I 1		<u> </u>			
				1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.	1 Lesson.	2 Lesson.
1	$\overline{\mathbf{f}}$	Calendæ		Isaiah 14	Acts 2	Isaiah 15	Hebr. 7
2	g	4 Non.		16	3	-17	. 8
$\frac{-}{3}$	Ā	3 Non.		18	4	19	9
4	b	Prid. Non.		20, 21	5	22	10
5	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	Nonæ		23	6	24	11
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	d	8 Id.	Nicholas, B. of Myra in Lycia.	25	7 to v. 30	26	12
7	e	7 Id.		27	7 v. 30	28	13
8	f	6 Id.	Concept. of the Bl. Virg. Mary.	29	8	30	James 1
9	$\frac{\overline{g}}{A}$	5 Id.		31	9	32	2
10		4 Id.		33	10	34	3
	$\overline{\mathbf{b}}$	3 ld.		35	11	36	4
12	c	Prid. Id.		37	12	38	5
13	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	Idus.	Lucy, Virgin and Martyr.	39	13	40	1 Peter 1
14	e	19 Cl. Jan.		41	14	42	2
15	f	18 Cal.		43	15	44	3
16	g	17 Cal.	O Sapientia.	45	16	46	.4
$\frac{17}{18}$	A	16 Cal.		47	17	48	5
18	b	15 Cal.		49	18	50	2 Peter 1
$\frac{\overline{19}}{20}$	С	14 Cal.		51	19	52	2
20	d	13 Cal.	Fast.	53	20	54	3
21	e	12 Cal.	St. Thomas, Apostle and Martyr.		21		1 John 1
$ \begin{array}{c} \hline 22\\ \hline 23\\ \hline 24 \end{array} $	f	11 Cal.		55	22	56	2
$\overline{23}$	g	10 Cal.		57	23	58	3
24	Ā	9 Cal.	Fast.	59	24	60	4
25	b	8 Cal.	Christmas Day.				
26	С	7 Cal.	St. Stephen, First Martyr.				
27	$\overline{\mathbf{d}}$	6 Cal.	St. John, Apostle and Evang.				
28	e	5 Cal.	Innocents' Day.		25		5
29	f	4 Cal.		61	26	62	2 John.
30	$\overline{\mathbf{g}}$	3 Cal.		63	27	64	3 John.
31	A	Prid. Cal.	Silvester, Bishop of Rome.	65	28	66	Jude.

TABLES and RULES for the Moveable and Immoveable Feasts; together with the Days of Fasting and Abstinence, through the whole Year.

Rules to know when the Moveable Feasts and Holy-Days begin.

EASTER-DAY (on which the rest depend) is always the First Sunday after the Full Moon which happens upon, or next after the Twenty-first Day of March; and if the Full Moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter-Day is the Sunday after.

Advent-Sunday is always the nearest Sunday to the Feast of St. Andrew, whether before or after.

Septuagesima Sexagesima Quinquagesima	Sunday is	Seven	Weeks be-	Rogation-Sunday Ascension-Day Whit-Sunday	$\begin{bmatrix} \\ is \end{bmatrix}$	Five Weeks Forty Days Seven Weeks	after <i>Easter</i> .
Quadragesima		Six		Trinity-Sunday		Eight Weeks	

A Table of all the Feasts that are to be observed in the Church of England throughout the Year.

$ABC \rightarrow ABC $							
All Sundays in the Year. $\int St. Philip$ and $St. James$ the $\int St. Michael$ and all Angels							
The Circumeision of our \(\frac{1}{5}\) Apostles. \(\frac{1}{5}\) St. Luke the Evangelist.							
Lord JESUS CHRIST. $\frac{x}{2}$ The Ascension of our Lord $\frac{x}{2}$ St. Simon and St. Jude of							
The Epiphany. The Conversion of St. Paul. The Conversion of St. Paul. St. Barnahas. The Ascension of our Lord St. Simon and St. Jude at Apostles. St. Barnahas.							
The Conversion of St. Paul. St. Barnabas.							
The Purification of the Bless- The Nativity of St. John St. John St. Andrew the Apostle.							
ed Virgin. Baptist. St. Thomas the Apostle.							
St. Matthias the Apostle. St. Matthias the Apostle. St. Peter the Apostle. St. Thomas the Apostle. The Nativity of our Lord.							
The Annunciation of the							
The Annunciation of the Blessed Virgin. St. Jumes the Apostle. St. Stephen the Martyr. St. John the Evangelist.							
St. Mark the Evangelist. St. Matthew the Apostle. The Holy Innocents.							
Monday and Tuesday in Easter-week. Monday and Tuesday in Whitsun-week.							

A Table of the Vigils, Fasts, and Days of Abstinence, to be observed in the Year.

The Evens or Vigils before	The Evens or Vigils before	The Evens or Vigils before
The Nativity of our Lord.	Ascension-Day.	St. Bartholomew.
The Purification of the Blessed	Pentecost.	St. Matthew.
Virgin Mary.	St. Matthius.	St. Simou and St. Jude.
The Annunciation of the Blessed	St. John Baptist.	St. Andrew.
Virgin.	St. Peter.	St. Thomas.
Easter-Day.	St. James.	All Saints.

Note, that if any of these Feast-Days fall upon a *Monday*, then the Vigil or Fast-Day shall be kept upon the *Saturday*, and not upon the *Saturday* next before it.

Days of Fasting, or Abstinence.

- I. The Forty Days of Lent.
- II. The Ember-Days at the Four Seasons,

Being the Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday after The First Sunday in Lent. The Feast of Pentecost. September 14. December 13.

- III. The Three Rogation-Days, being the Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, before Holy Thursday, or the Ascension of our LORD.
- IV. All the Fridays in the Year, except CHRISTMAS-DAY.

Certain solemn Days, for which particular Services are appointed.

- 1. The Fifth Day of November, being the Day kept in Memory of the Papists' Conspiracy.
- 11. The Thirtieth Day of January, being the Day kept in Memory of the Martyrdom of King Charles the First.
- 111. The Nine and Twentieth Day of May, being the Day kept in Memory of the Birth and Return of King Charles the Second.
- 1V. The Twenty-fifth Day of October, being the Day on which his Majesty began his happy Reign.

A TABLE TO FIND EASTER-DAY,

From the present Time till the Year 1899 inclusive, according to the foregoing Calendar.

Golden Number.	Days of the Month.	Sunday Letters.	
14 3 11 19 8 16 5 13 2 10 18 7 15 4 12 1 9	March 21	C D E F G A B C	This Table contains so much of the Calendar as is necessary for the determining of Easter; to find which, look for the Golden Number of the Year in the first Column of the Table, against which stands the Day of the Paschal Full Moon; then look in the Third Column for the Sunday Letter, next after the Day of the Full Moon, and the Day of the Month standing against that Sunday Letter is Easter-Day. If the Full Moon happens upon a Sunday, then (according to the first Rule) the next Sunday after is Easter-Day. To find the Golden Number, or Prime, add one to the Year of our Lord, and then divide by 19; the Remainder, if any, is the Golden Number; but if nothing remaineth, then 19 is the Golden Number. To find the Dominical or Sunday Letter, according to the Calendar, until the Year 1799 inclusive, add to the Calendar, until the Year 1799 inclusive, add to the Year of our Lord its fourth Part, omitting Fractions; and also the Number 1: Divide the sum by 7; 3 E and if there is no Remainder, then A is the Sunday 4 D Letter: But if any Number remaineth, then the Letter standing against that Number in the small annexed 6 B Table, is the Sunday Letter. For the next Century, that is, from the Year 1800 till the Year 1899 inclusive, add to the current Year only its fourth Part, and then divide by 7, and proceed as in the last Rule. Note, that in all Bissextile or Leap Years, the Letter found as above will be the Sunday Letter, from the intercalated Day exclusive to the End of the Year.
	$ \begin{array}{cccc} & 23 \\ & 24 \\ & 25 \end{array} $	A B C	

ANOTHER TABLE TO FIND EASTER

Till the Year 1899 inclusive.

SUNDAY LETTERS.

	T				1			t .					
Golden Number.	Α	1	В		C		. D	E		F		G	
11111001	1	1	D				1			-		_	
1.	April	16		17		18	19		20		14		15
11.	April	9		3		4	5	l	6		7		8
Ш.	March	26		27		28	29		23		24		25
1V.	April	16		17		11	12		13		14		15
V.	April	2		3		4	5		6	March	31	April	1
VI.	April	23		24		25	19		20		21		22
VII.	April	9		10		11	12		13		14		8
VIII.	April	2		3	March	2 8	29		30		31	April	1
IX.	April	16:		17		18	19		20		21		22
Χ.	April	9		10		11	5		6		7		8
XI.	March	26		27		28	29		30		31		25
XII.	April	16		17		18	19		13		14		15
XIII.	April	2		3		4	5		.6		7		8
XIV.	March	26		27		28	22		23		24		25
XV.	April	16		10		11	12		13		14		15
XVI.	April	2		3		4	5	March	30		31	A pril	1
XVII.	April	23		24		18	19		20		21		22
XVIII.	April	9		10		11	12		13		7		8
XIX	April	2_{\perp}	March	27		28	29		30		31	April	1

TO make use of the preceding Table, find the Sunday Letter for the Year in the uppermost Line, and the Golden Number, or Prime, in the Column of Golden Numbers, and against the Prime, in the same Line under the Sunday Letter, you have the Day of the Month on which EASTER falleth that Year. But note, that the Name of the Month is set on the Left Hand, or just with the Figure, and followeth not, as in other Tables, by Descent, but Collateral.

A TABLE of the MOVEABLE FEASTS for Forty-five Years, according to the foregoing Calendar.

l	. 7			1 50	1		•				1					100		
Year	The			Sundays						F		h,				Sundays	سط	
ar		ادا	Su	abı	Š.		The	in in		က်ဒိ		isc		=		da	1 6	
of	0	The	Sunday	1.8.	Sch	_		ast		ıtic		en		Ξ.		8.	en.	
ou	Golden	E		after	unc	Lent.	irst	er-		n		. Si	•	<u> </u>		after	\sim	,
rI		Epact.	Letter	er.	Septuagesima Sunday.	ļ -	First Day	Easter-Day		Rogation Sunday		Ascension-Day		Whitsunday		, 1ë	Advent Sunday	
0	ını	ct.	itte	E	. 8		av	¥.		nd		, a	, i	ay.		3.	da	
of our LORD	nb		🖺	dib.	μ μ		of	1		ay.		•				Trinity.	y.	
	Number.			Epiph. 5		_					_	1.7				$\frac{\cdot}{24}$	1)	
1816	12	1	GF	5	Feb. 1	1	28	April	14	May		May		June	2		Dec.	1
1817	13	12	E	3			19		6		11	<u> </u>	15	May		25	Nov.	
1818	14	23	D	1	Jan. 1	t	4	March		April		April			10	27		29
1819	15	4	C	4	ł .		24	April	11	May		May			30	$\begin{array}{c c} 24 \\ 26 \end{array}$	Dec.	28
1820	16	15	BA	3	Jan. 3	1	16		2		7		11	I	21		Dec.	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$
1821	17	26	G	6	Feb. 1				22	ı	27		31	June May	26	23 25		1 1
1822	18	7	F	3	1	Feb.	20	M	7		12		16	May	18	25 26	Nov.	- 1
1823	19	18	E	2	Jan. 2	(12	March			$egin{array}{c} 4 \ 23 \end{array}$		8 27	June	6	23	1107.	28
1824	1	0	DC	5	Feb. 1		h 3 16	April	18 3		23 8		12	May	22	25		27
1825 1826	2	11	В	3	Jan. 3	1	10 8	March		April			4	Julay	14	27	Dec.	3
1820	3	22	A G	5	Feb. 1	1	28	April	15	May			24	June	3	24		2
1828	5	3 14	FE	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$		3	20	April	6		11		15	May		25	Nov.	
1829	6	25	Đ	5	1				19		$\frac{11}{24}$		28	June	7	23		29
1830	7	$\frac{25}{6}$	C	4	1	Feb.	24	1	11	1	16		20	May	30	24	-	28
1831	8	17	В	3	Jan. 3		16		3	-	8		12		22	25		27
1832	9	28	\overline{AG}	6	Feb. 1	l l		<u> </u>	22		27		31	June		23	Dec.	2
1833	10	9	F	3	1 '	Feb.	20		7	1	12		16	May	26	25		1
1834	11	20	E	2	Jan. 2		12	March			4		8		18	26	Nov.	30
1835	12	1 .	Ď	5	Feb. 1	- I		April	19		$^{-24}$		28	June	7	23		29
1836	13	12	CB	3	Jan. 3	1	17		3		8		12	May	22	25		27
1837	14	23	A	2	2	1	8	March		April			4		14	27	Dec.	3
1838	1.5	4	G	5	Feb. 1	1	28	April	15	May			24	June	3	24		2
1839	16	15	F	2	Jan. 2	1	13	March			5		9	May	19	26		1
1840	17	26	ED	5	Feb. 1			April	19		24		28	June	7	23	Nov.	29
1841	18	7	C	4	1	7 Feb.	24		11	i	16		20	May	30	24		28
1842	19	18	В	2	Jan. 2		9	March			1		5		15	26		27
1843	1	0	A	5	Feb. 1	2 Marc	_	April	16		21		25	June	4	24	Dec.	3
1844	2	11	GF	4		Feb.	21		7		12		16	May	26	25		1
1845	3	22	Е	1	Jan. 1		5	March		April	27		I		11	27	Nov.	30
1846	4	3	D	4	1 .	3	25	April	12				21		31	24		29
1847	5	14	C	3	Jan. 3	ı ——	17		4		9		13		23	25		28
1848	6	25	BA	6	Feb. 2				23	1	28	June	I	June		23	Dec.	3
1849	7	6	G	4	1	Feb.	21		8		13	May	17	May		25		2
1850	8	17	F	2	Jan. 2		13	March			5		9		19	26		1
1851	9	28	E	5	Feb. 1			April	20		25		29	June		23	Nov.	
1852	10	9	DC	4	l .	3 Feb.	25		11		16		20	May		24		28
1853	11	20	В	2	Jan. 2		9	March			1		5	-		26	D	27
1854	12	1	A	5	Feb. 1	1		April	16	ı.	21		25	June	4	24	Dec.	3
1855	13	12	G	4	1	Feb.	21		8		13		17	May		25	NT	2
1856	14	23	FE	1	Jan. 2		6	March					1		11	27	Nov.	
1857	15	4	D	4	1	3	25	April	12	May			21		31 23	24 25		29 28
1858	16	15	С	3	Jan. 3		17		4		9 -		13	June		22		27
1859 18 6 0		26	B	$\frac{6}{4}$	Feb. 2				24			June		May			Dec.	
1000	10	7	AG	4		5 Feb.	22		8	1				May				

A TABLE of the MOVEABLE FEASTS, according TABLE to find Easto the several Days that EASTER can possibly fall upon.

ter, from the Year 1900, to 2199 inclusive.

								Clusi	,	
Easter-Day.		The First Day of Lent.	Rogation- Sunday.	Aseension- Day.	Whit-Sunday.	Sund. aft. Trin.	Advent-Sunday.	Golden Numbers.	Days of the Month.	Sunday Letters.
March 22 1	Jan. 18	Febr. 4	April 26	April 30	May 10	27	Nov. 29	14	March 22	D
23 1	19	5		May 1	11	27	30	3	23	E
24 1	20	6	28	2	12	27	Dec. 1		24	F
25 2	21	7	29	3	13	27	2	11	25	G
26 2	22	8	30	4	14	27	3		26	\mathbf{A}
27 2	23	9	May 1	5	15	26	Nov. 27	19	27	В-
28 2	24	10	2	6	16	26	28	8	28	\mathbf{C}
29 2	25	11	3	 7	17	26	29		29	\mathbf{D}
30 2	26	12	4	8		26	30	16	30	E
31 2	27	13	 5	9	19	26	Dec. 1	5	31	\mathbf{F}
April 1 3	28	14	 6	10	20	26	2		April 1	G
2 3	29	15	7	11		26	3	13	2	\mathbf{A}
3 3	30	16	8	12	22	25	Nov. 27	2	3	В
4 3	31	17	9	13		25	28		4	\mathbf{C}
5 3	Febr. 1	18	10	14		25	29	10	5	\mathbf{D}
6 3	2	19	11	15			30		6	\mathbf{E}
7 3	3	20	12	16		25	Dec. 1	18	7	\mathbf{F}
8 4	4	21	13	17		25	2	7	8	\mathbf{G}
9 4	5	22	14	18		25	3		9	\mathbf{A}
10 4	6	23	15	19			Nov. 27	15	10	\mathbf{B}
11 4	7	24	16	20	30		28	4	11	\mathbf{C}
12 4	8	25	17	21		24	 2 9		12	Ð
13 4	9	26	18			24	30	12	13	\mathbf{E}
14 4	10	2 7	1 9	23		24	Dec. 1.	1	14	\mathbf{F}
15 5	11	2 8	20	24		24	 2		15	G
16, 5	1 1	March 1	21	2 5		24	3	9	16	\mathbf{A}
17, 5	13		22	26		23	Nov. 27	17	17	В
18 5	14	3	2 3	27			 2 8	6	18	\mathbf{C}
19 5	15	4	24	——2 8		23	29		19	\mathbf{D}
20, 5	16	5	25	29		23	30		20	E
21 5	17	6	26	30		23	Dec. 1		21	F
22 6	18	7	27	31		23	2		22	\mathbf{G}
23 6	19	8		June 1		23	3		23	\boldsymbol{A}
24 6	20	 9	29	2	12		Nov. 27		24	В
25 6	21	10	30	3	1 3	20	28		25	C

Note, that in a Bissextile or Leap Year, the Number of Sundays after Epiphany will be the same, as if Easter-Day had fallen One Day later than it really does. And for the same Reason, One Day must, in every Leap Year, be added to the Day of the Month given by the Table for Septuagesima Sunday: And the like must be done for the First Day of Lent (commonly called Ash-Wednesday) unless the Table gives some Day in the Month of March for it; for in that Case, the Day given by the Table is the right Day.

The Golden Numbers in the foregoing Calendar will point out the Days of the Packal Full Moons, till the Year 190 for the First Day of the Golden Numbers mult be removed to different Days of the Calendar, as is done in the annexed Table, which contains to much of the Calendar then to be used, as is necessary for finding the Packal Full Moons, and the Feat of Fagler, from the Year 1900, to the Year 2109 inclusive. This Table is to be made use of, in all respects, as the First Table is the right Day. the Table is the right Day.

till the Year 1899.

GENERAL TABLES

For finding the DOMINICAL or SUNDAY LETTER, and the Places of the GOLDEN NUMBERS in the Calendar.

		ТА	BLE	1.			
6	5	-4	3	2	1	o	
В	C	D	E	F	G	A	
				1600	1700	1800	
1900 2000	2100	2200	2300 2400	2500	2600	2700 2800	
2900	3000	3100 3200	3300	3400	3500 3600	3700	
3800	3900 4000	4100	4200	4300 4400	4500	4600	
4700 4800	4900	5000	5100 5200	5300	5400	5500 5600	
5700	5800	5900 6000	6100	6200	6300 6400	6500	
6600	6700 6800	6900	7000	7100 7200	7300	7400	
7500 7600	7700	7800	7900 8000	8100	8200	8300 8400	
8500	&c.						

To find the Dominical or Sunday Letter for any given Year of our Lord, add to the Year its Fourth Part, omitting Fractions, and also the Number, which in Table I. standeth at the Top of the Column, wherein the Number of Hundreds contained in that given Year is found: Divide the Sum by 7, and if there is no Remainder, then A is the Sunday Letter; but if any Number remaineth, then the Letter, which standeth under that Number at the Top of the Table, is the Sunday Letter.

	'I	`ABI	. E 1	1.	
I	2	3	1	5	3
	Years of our Lord.			Years of our Lord.	
В	1600	()	В	5200	15
	1700	1	l "	5300	16
	1800	i		5400	17
	1900			5500	17
В	2000	2 2 2 3	В	5600	17
	2100	9	ь	5700	18
	2200	3	ı	5800	18
	2300	4	i	3900	
В	2400	3	В	6000	19
	2500	4	ь		19
	2600	5		6100	19
	2700		ļ.	6200	20
В	2800	5 5	В	6300	21
	2900	6	a	6400	20
	3000	5 6 6		6500	21
	3100			6600	22
В	3200	7 7 7	D	6700	23
ь	· ·	7	В	6800	22
	3300	7		6900	23
	3400	8		7000	24
n	3500	9		7100	24
В	3600	8	В	7200	24
	3700	9		7300	25
	3800	10		7400	25
_	3900	10		7500	26
В	4000	10	В	7600	26
	4100	11		7700	26
	4200	12		7800	27
	4300	12		7900	28
\mathbf{B}	4400	12	В	8000	27
	4500	13		8100	28
	4600	13		8200	29
	4700	14		8300	29
\mathbf{B}	4800	14	В	8400	29
	4900	14		8500	ő
	5000	15		&c.	
	5100	16	8		

NO find the Month and Days of the Month to which the Golden Numbers ought to be prefixed in the Calendar, in any given Year of our Lord, consisting of entire Hundred Years, and in all the intermediate Years betwixt that and the next Hundredth Year following, look in the Second Column of Table II. for the given Year consisting of entire Hundreds, and Note the Number or Cypher which stands against it in the Third Column; then, in Table III. look for the same Number in the Column under any given Golden Number, which when you have found, guide your Eye Side-ways to the Left Hand, and in the First Column you will find the Month and Day to which that Golden Number ought to be prefixed in the Calendar, during that Period of One Hundred Years.

The Letter B prefixed to certain Hundredth Years in Table II. denotes those Years which are still to be accounted Bissextile or Leap Years in the New Calendar; whereas all the other Hundredth Years are to be accounted only common Years.

Paschal Full	Sunday Letters.					Т	НЕ	G	οI	. D I	EΝ	N	U M	BI	ERS	s.				
Moon.	day ers.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
March 21	C	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25-	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26
March 22	D	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27
March 23	E	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28
March 24	\mathbf{F}	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29
March 25	\mathbf{G}	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0
		-	_	_				—	_	_	_	—		_	_		_			
March 26	A	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1
March 27	В	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2
March 28	\mathbf{C}	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3
March 29	D	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4
March 30	E	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5
		-	-	<u> </u>	_	_		<u> </u>	_	_	_	—		_			-	—		
March 31	\mathbf{F}	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25	6
April 1	G	19	0	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7
April 2	A	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8
April 3	В	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11.	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9
April 4	C	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10
		-		-	-	_	_=	_					_		_	—	 —			_
April 5	\mathbf{D}	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	. 8	19	0	11
April 6	E	24	5	16	27	8	19	О	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12
April 7	\mathbf{F}	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13
April 8	\mathbf{G}	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14
April 9	A	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15
April 10	В	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16
April 11	C	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	o	11	22	3	14	25	6	17
April 12	D	0	11	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18
April 13	E	1	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19
April 14	F	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	o	11	22	3	14	2.5	6	17	28	9	20
April 15	G	3	14		$\frac{-}{6}$	— 17		9	20	<u> </u>	12	23	4	15	26	7	18	$\frac{ }{29}$	10	21
April 16	Ā	4	15	26	7	18	28 29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	$\begin{bmatrix} 29\\0 \end{bmatrix}$	11	22
April 17	B	5	16	27	8	19	$\begin{bmatrix} 29 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	10	22	3	14	25	6	17	28	$\begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$	20		12	23
April 17	В		'	-1		19	\ \ \ \ \ \	11	ندت	٥	'*	-	7	18	29	10	20	2	13	24
April 18	· C	6	17	28	9	20	1	12	23	4	15	26	′	1.0	129	'	-1	-	1.0	-4
		_	<u>''</u>			_		1-		_			_	_		_	_	_	_	_
April 18	\mathbf{C}	7	18	29	10	21	2	13	24	5	16	27	8	19	0	11	22	3	14	25

¶ The ORDER for MORNING and EVENING PRAYER daily to be said and used throughout the Year.

THE Morning and Evening Prayer shall be used in the accustomed Place of the Church, Chapel, or Chancel; except it shall be otherwise determined by the Ordinary of the Place. And the Chancels shall remain as they have done in times past.

And here is to be noted, that such Ornaments of the Church, and of the Ministers thereof, at all Times of their Ministration, shall be retained, and be in use, as were in this Church of *England*, by the Authority of Parliament, in the Second Year of the Reign of King *Edward* the Sixth.

DAILY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

At the beginning of Morning Prayer the Minister shall read with a loud voice some one or more of these Sentences of the Scriptures that follow. And then he shall say that which is written after the said Sentences.

HEN the wicked man turneth away from his wickedness that he hath committed, and doeth that which is lawful and right, he shall save his foul alive. Ezekiel xviii. 27.

I acknowledge my transgreffions, and my fin is ever before me. *Pfalm* li. 3.

Hide thy face from my fins, and blot out all mine iniquities. *Pfalm* li. 9.

The facrifices of God are a broken fpirit: a broken and a contrite heart, O God, thou wilt not defpife. *Pfalm* li. 17.

Rend your heart, and not your garments, and turn unto the Lord your God: for he is gracious and merciful, flow to anger, and of great kindness, and repenteth him of the evil. *Jocl* ii. 13.

To the Lord our God belong mercies and forgivenesses, though we have rebelled against him: neither have we obeyed the voice of the Lord our God, to walk in his laws which he fet before us. Daniel ix. 9, 10.

O Lord, correct me, but with judgement; not in thine anger, left thou bring me to nothing. *Jer.* x. 24. *Pfalm* vi. 1.

Repent ye; for the Kingdom of Heaven is at hand. St. Matth. iii. 2.

I will arife, and go to my father, and will fay unto him, Father, I have finned against heaven, and before thee, and am no more worthy to be called thy son. St. Luke xv. 18, 19.

Enter not into judgement with thy fervant, O Lord; for in thy fight shall no man living be justified. *Pfalm* exliii. 2.

If we fay that we have no fin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in us: but, if we confess our fins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our fins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. 1 St. John ~ i. 8, 9.

EARLY beloved brethren, the Scripture moveth us in fundry places to acknowledge and confess our manifold fins and wickednefs; and that we flould not diffemble nor cloke them before the face of Almighty God our heavenly Father; but confess them with an humble, lowly, penitent, and obedient heart; to the end that we may obtain forgiveness of the fame, by his infinite goodness and mercy. And although we ought at all times humbly to acknowledge our fins before God; yet ought we most chiefly so to do, when we affemble and meet together to render thanks for the great benefits that we have received at his hands, to fet forth his most worthy praise, to hear his most holy Word, and to ask those things which are requisite and necessary, as well for the body as the foul. Wherefore I pray and befeech you, as many as are here prefent, to accompany me with a pure heart, and humble voice," unto the throne of the heavenly grace, faving after me;

¶ A general Confession to be said of the whole Congregation after the Minister, all kneeling.

A LMIGHTY and most merciful Father; We have erred, and strayed from thy ways like lost sheep. We have followed too much the devices and desires of our own hearts. We have offended against

thy holy laws. We have left undone those things which we ought to have done; And we have done those things which we ought not to have done; And there is no health in us. But thou, O Lord, have mercy upon us, miferable offenders. Spare thou them, O God, which confess their faults. Restore thou them that are penitent; According to thy promifes declared unto mankind in Christ Jesu our And grant, O most merciful Father, for his fake; That we may hereafter live a godly, righteous, and fober life, To the glory of thy holy Name. Amen.

¶ The Absolution, or Remission of sins, to be pronounced by the Priest alone, standing; the people still kneeling.

▲ LMIGHTY God, the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, who defireth not the death of a finner, but rather that he may turn from his wickedness, and live; and hath given power, and commandment, to his Ministers, to declare and pronounce to his people, being penitent, the Abfolution and Remission of their fins: He pardoneth and absolveth all them that truly repent, and unfeignedly believe his holy Gofpel. Wherefore let us befeech him to grant us true repentance, and his holy Spirit, that those things may please him, which we do at this prefent; and that the rest of our life hereafter

may be pure, and holy; fo that at the last we may come to his eternal joy; through Jesus Christ our Lord.

- ¶ The people shall answer here, and at the end of all other prayers, Amen.
- ¶ Then the Minister shall kneel, and say the Lord's Prayer with an audible voice; the people also kneeling, and repeating it with him, both here, and wheresoever else it is used in Divine Service.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, The power, and the glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

¶ Then likewise he shall say,

O Lord, open thou our lips.

Answer. And our mouth shall shew forth thy praise.

Priest. O God, make speed to fave us.

Anfwer. O Lord, make hafte to help us.

¶ Here all standing up, the Priest shall say,

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

Anfwer. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be world without end. Amen.

Prieft. Praife ye the Lord.

Answer. The Lord's Name be praised.

¶ Then shall be said or sung this Psalm following except on Easter-Day, upon which another Anthem is appointed; and on the Nineteenth day of every Mouth it is not to be read here, but in the ordinary Course of the Psalms.

Venite, exultemus Domino. Ps. xcv.

Come, let us fing unto the Lord: let us heartily rejoice in the ftrength of our falvation.

Let us come before his prefence with thankfgiving: and fhew ourfelves glad in him with Pfalms.

For the Lord is a great God: and a great King above all gods.

In his hand are all the corners of the earth : and the ftrength of the hills is his alfo.

The fea is his, and he made it: and his hands prepared the dry land.

O come, let us worship, and fall down: and kneel before the Lord our Maker.

For he is the Lord our God: and we are the people of his pafture, and the fheep of his hand.

To day if ye will hear his voice, harden not your hearts: as in the provocation, and as in the day of temptation in the wildernefs;

When your fathers tempted me: proved me, and faw my works.

Forty years long was I grieved with this generation, and faid: It is a people that do err in their hearts, for they have not known my ways.

Unto whom I fware in my wrath: that they should not en-

ter into my reft.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then shall follow the Psalms in order as they are appointed. And at the end of every Psalm throughout the Year, and likewise at the end of Benedicite, Benedictus, Magnificat, and Nunc dimittis, shall be repeated,

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

Answer. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be world without end. Amen.

- ¶ Then shall be read distinctly with an audible voice the First Lesson, taken out of the Old Testament, as is appointed in the Calendar, except there be proper Lessons assigned for that day: He that readeth so standing and turning himself, as he may best be heard of all such as are present. And after that, shall be said or sung, in English, the Hymn called To Deum Laudamus, daily throughout the Year.
- ¶ Note, that before every Lesson the Minister shall say, Here beginneth such a Chapter, or Verse of such a Chapter, of such a Book: And after every Lesson, Here endeth the First, or the Second Lesson.

Te Deum Laudamus.

E praife thee, O God: we acknowledge thee to be the Lord.

All the earth doth worship thee: the Father everlasting.

To thee all Angels cry aloud: the Heavens, and all the Powers therein.

To thee Cherubin, and Seraphin: continually do cry,

Holy, Holy, Holy: Lord God of Sabaoth;

Heaven and earth are full of the Majesty: of thy Glory.

The glorious company of the

Apostles: praise thee.

The goodly fellowship of the Prophets: praise thee.

The noble army of Martyrs:

praife thee.

The holy Church throughout all the world : doth acknowledge thee;

The Father : of an infinite

Majesty;

Thine honourable, true : and

only Son;

Alfo the Holy Ghoft : the Comforter.

Thou art the King of Glory: O Christ.

Thou art the everlating Son : of the Father.

When thou tookest upon thee to deliver man: thou didst not abhor the Virgin's womb.

When thou hadft overcome the fluorpness of death: thou didst open the Kingdom of Heaven to all believers.

Thou fitteft at the right hand of God: in the Glory of the Father.

We believe that thou shalt come; to be our Judge.

We therefore pray thee, help thy fervants: whom thou haft redeemed with thy precious blood.

Make them to be numbered with thy Saints: in glory everlafting.

En Jon

O Lord, fave thy people : and blefs thine heritage.

Govern them : and lift them

up for ever.

Day by day: we magnify thee;

And we worship thy Name : ever world without end.

Vouchfafe, O Lord: to keep us this day without fin.

O Lord, have mercy upon us:

have mercy upon us.

O Lord, let thy mercy lighten upon us: as our truft is in thee.

O Lord, in thee have I trufted: let me never be confounded.

Flere follows the 2nd Lefson . -

Benedicite, omnia Opera.

O All ye Works of the Lord, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Angels of the Lord, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and

magnify him for ever.

O ye Heavens, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Waters that be above the Firmament, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O all ye Powers of the Lord, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Sun, and Moon, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify

him for ever.

O ye Stars of Heaven, blefs ye

the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Showers, and Dew, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Winds of God, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and mag-

nify him for ever.

O ye Fire and Heat, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Winter and Summer, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Dews, and Frosts, bless ye the Lord : praise him, and

magnify him for ever.

O ye Frost and Cold, bless ye the Lord : praise him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Ice and Snow, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify

him for ever.

O ye Nights, and Days, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Light and Darknefs, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and

magnify him for ever.

O ye Lightnings, and Clouds, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O let the Earth blefs the Lord: yea, let it praife him, and magnify

him for ever.

O ye Mountains, and Hills, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O all ye Green Things upon the Earth, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Wells, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for

ever.

O ye Seas, and Floods, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Whales, and all that move in the Waters, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O all ye Fowls of the Air, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and

magnify him for ever.

O all ye Beafts, and Cattle, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and

magnify him for ever.

O ye Children of Men, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O let Ifrael blefs the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for

O ye Priests of the Lord, bless ye the Lord: praise him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye Servants of the Lord, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and mag-

nify him for ever.

O ye Spirits and Souls of the Righteous, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O ye holy and humble Men of heart, blefs ye the Lord : praife him, and magnify him for ever.

O Ananias, Azarias, and Mifael, blefs ye the Lord: praife him, and magnify him for ever.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then shall be read in like manner the Second Lesson, taken out of the New Testament. And after that, the Hymn following; except when that shall happen to be read in the Chapter for the Day, or for the Gospel on St. John Baptist's Day.

Benedictus. St. Luke i. 68.

DLESSED be the Lord God of Ifrael: for he hath vifited, and redeemed his people;

And hath raifed up a mighty falvation for us: in the house of

his fervant David;

As he fpake by the mouth of his holy Prophets: which have been fince the world began;

That we should be faved from our enemies : and from the hands

of all that hate us;

To perform the mercy promifed to our forefathers : and to remember his holy Covenant;

To perform the oath which he fware to our forefather Abraham:

that he would give us;

That we being delivered out of the hand of our enemies: might ferve him without fear;

In holiness and righteousness before him: all the days of our life.

And thou, Child, fhalt be called

the Prophet of the Highest: for thou shalt go before the face of the Lord to prepare his ways;

To give knowledge of falvation unto his people : for the remiffion

of their fins,

Through the tender mercy of our God: whereby the day-fpring from on high hath vifited us;

To give light to them that fit in darkness, and in the shadow of death: and to guide our feet into the way of peace.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Or this Psalm,

Jubilate Deo. Pfalm c.

Be joyful in the Lord, all ye lands : ferve the Lord with gladnefs, and come before his prefence with a fong.

Be ye fure that the Lord he is God: it is he that hath made us, and not we ourfelves; we are his people, and the sheep of his

pasture.

O go your way into his gates with thankfgiving, and into his courts with praife : be thankful unto him, and fpeak good of his Name.

For the Lord is gracious, his mercy is everlating: and his truth endureth from generation to generation.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then shall be sung or said the Apostles' Creed by the Minister and the people, standing: except only such days as the Creed of Saint Athanasius is appointed to be read.

Believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth:

And in Jefus Chrift his only Son our Lord, Who was conceived by the Holy Ghoft, Born of the Virgin Mary, Suffered under Pontius Pilate, Was crucified, dead, and buried, He descended into hell; The third day he rose again from the dead, He ascended into heaven, And sitteth on the right hand of God the Father Almighty; From thence he shall come to judge the quick and the dead.

I believe in the Holy Ghoft; The holy Catholick Church; The Communion of Saints; The Forgiveness of fins; The Resurrection of the body, And the life everlast-

ing. Amen.

¶ And after that, these Prayers following, all devoutly kneeling; the Minister first pronouncing with a loud voice,

The Lord be with you.

Anfiver. And with thy fpirit.

Minister. Let us pray.
Lord, have mercy upon us.
Christ, have mercy upon us.
Lord, have mercy upon us.

¶ Then the Minister, Clerks, and people, shall say the Lord's Prayer with a loud voice.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

¶ Then the Priest standing up shall say,

O Lord, flew thy mercy upon us. *Anfwer*. And grant us thy falvation.

Prieft. O Lord, fave the King. Answer. And mercifully hear us when we call upon thee.

Priest. Endue thy Ministers with righteousness.

Answer. And make thy chosen people joyful.

Priest. O Lord, fave thy people.

Answer. And blefs thine inheritance.

Priest. Give peace in our time, O Lord.

Answer. Because there is none other that fighteth for us, but only thou, O God.

Prieft. O God, make clean our hearts within us.

Answer. And take not thy holy Spirit from us.

¶ Then shall follow three Collects; the first of the Day, which shall be the same that is appointed at the Communion; the second for Peace; the third for Grace to live well. And the two last Collects shall never alter, but daily be said at Morning Prayer throughout all the year, as followeth; all kneeling.

The fecond Collect, for Peace.

God, who art the author of peace and lover of concord, in knowledge of whom standeth our eternal life, whose fervice is perfect freedom; Defend us thy humble servants in all assaults of our enemies; that we, surely trusting in thy defence, may not fear the power of any adversaries, through the might of Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

7 The third Collect, for Grace.

Almighty and everlating God, who halt fafely brought us to the beginning of this day; Defend us in the fame with thy mighty power; and grant that this day we fall into no fin, neither run into any kind of danger; but that all our doings may be ordered by thy governance, to do always that is righteous in thy fight; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ In Quires and Places where they sing, here followeth the Anthem.

Then these five Prayers following are to be read here, except when the Litany is read; and then only the two last are to be read, as they are there placed. Lilany, not read; him and far as **

A Prayer for the King's Majesty.

O Lord our heavenly Father, high and mighty, King of

kings, Lord of lords, the only Ruler of princes, who doft from thy throne behold all the dwellers upon earth; Most heartily we befeech thee with thy favour to behold our most gracious Sovereign Lord, King GEORGE; and for replenish him with the grace of thy Holy Spirit, that he may alway incline to thy will, and walk in thy way: Endue him plenteoufly with heavenly gifts; grant him in health and wealth long to live; ftrengthen him that he may vanquish and overcome all his enemies; and finally, after this life, he may attain everlafting joy and felicity; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Prayer for the Royal Family.

A LMIGHTY God, the fountain of all goodness, we humbly befeech thee to bless our gracions Queen Charlotte, their Royal Highnesses George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family: Endue them with thy holy Spirit; enrich them with thy heavenly grace; prosper them with all happiness; and bring them to thine everlasting kingdom; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen. A Prayer for the Clergy and people.

A LMIGHTY and everlasting God, who alone workest great marvels; Send down upon our Bishops, and Curates, and all Congregations committed to their charge, the healthful Spirit of thy grace; and that they may truly please thee, pour upon them the continual dew of thy blessing. Grant this, O Lord, for the honour of our Advocate and Mediator, Jesus Christ. Amen.

A Prayer of St. Chryfoftom.

en us grace at this time with one accord to make our common fupplications unto thee; and doft promife, that when two or three are gathered together in thy Name thou wilt grant their requests: Fulfil now, O Lord, the defires and petitions of thy fervants, as may be most expedient for them; granting us in this world knowledge of thy truth, and in the world to come life everlasting. *Amen*.

2 Cor. xiii.

THE grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all evermore. *Amen*.

Here endeth the Order of Morning Prayer throughout the Year.

THE ORDER FOR

EVENING PRAYER,

DAILY THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

¶ At the beginning of Evening Prayer the Minister shall read with a loud voice some one or more of these Sentences of the Scriptures that follow. And then he shall say that which is written after the said Sentences.

WHEN the wicked man turneth away from his wickedness that he hath committed, and doeth that which is lawful and right, he shall fave his foul alive. Ezekiel xviii. 27.

I acknowledge my tranfgreffions, and my fin is ever before me. *Pfalm* li. 3.

Hide thy face from my fins, and blot out all mine iniquities. *Pfalm* li. 9.

The facrifices of God are a broken fpirit: a broken and a contrite heart, O God, thou wilt not defpife. *Pfalm* li. 17.

Rend your heart, and not your garments, and turn unto the Lord your God: for he is gracious and merciful, flow to anger, and of great kindness, and repenteth him of the evil. *Joel* ii. 13.

To the Lord our God belong mercies and forgivenesses, though we have rebelled against him: neither have we obeyed the voice of the Lord our God, to walk in his laws which he fet before us. *Daniel* ix. 9, 10.

O Lord, correct me, but with judgement; not in thine anger, left thou bring me to nothing. *Jer.* x. 24. *Pfalm* vi. 1.

Repent ye; for the Kingdom of heaven is at hand. St. Matth. iii. 2.

I will arife, and go to my father, and will fay unto him, Father, I have finned against heaven, and before thee, and am no more worthy to be called thy fon. St. Luke xv. 18, 19.

Enter not into judgement with thy fervant, O Lord; for in thy fight shall no man living be justified. *Pfalm* exliii. 2.

If we fay that we have no fin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in us: but, if we confess our fins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our fins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. 1 St. John i. 8, 9.

EARLY beloved brethren, the Scripture moveth us in fundry places to acknowledge and confess our manifold fins and wickednefs; and that we should not diffemble nor cloke them before the face of Almighty God our heavenly Father; but confess them with an humble, lowly, penitent, and obedient heart; to the end that we may obtain forgiveness of the fame, by his infinite goodness and mercy. And although we ought at all times humbly to acknowledge our fins before God; yet ought we most chiefly so to do, when we affemble and meet together to render thanks for the great benefits that we have received at his hands, to fet forth his most worthy praise, to hear his most holy Word, and to ask those things which are requisite and necessary, as well for the body as the foul. Wherefore I pray and befeech you, as many as are here prefent, to accompany me with a pure heart, and humble voice, unto the throne of the heavenly grace, faying after me;

¶ A general Confession to be said of the whole Congregation after the Minister, all kneeling.

A LMIGHTY and most merciful Father; We have erred, and strayed from thy ways like lost sheep. We have followed too much the devices and desires of our own hearts. We have offended against

thy holy laws. We have left undone those things which we ought to have done; And we have done those things which we ought not to have done; And there is no health in us. But thou, O Lord, have mercy upon us, miferable offenders. Spare thou them, O God, which confess their faults. Restore thou them that are penitent; According to thy promifes declared unto mankind in Christ Jesu our Lord. And grant, O most merciful Father, for his fake; That we may hereafter live a godly, righteous, and fober life, To the glory of thy holy Name. Amen.

¶ The Absolution, or Remission of sins, to be pronounced by the Priest alone, standing; the people still kneeling.

LMIGHTY God, the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, who defireth not the death of a finner, but rather that he may turn from his wickedness, and live; and hath given power, and commandment, to his Ministers, to declare and pronounce to his people, being penitent, the Abfolution and Remission of their fins: He pardoneth and abfolveth all them that truly repent, and unfeignedly believe his holy Gospel. Wherefore let us befeech him to grant us true repentance, and his holy Spirit, that those things may please him, which we do at this prefent; and that the rest of our life hereaster

may be pure, and holy; fo that at the last we may come to his eternal joy; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

¶ Then the Minister shall kneel, and say the Lord's Prayer; the people also kneeling, and repeating it with him.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, The power, and the glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

¶ Then likewise he shall say,

EO Lord, open thou our lips.

Anfwer. And our mouth shall shew forth thy praise.

Prieft. O God, make fpeed to fave us.

Answer. O Lord, make haste to help us.

¶ Here all standing up, the Priest shall say,

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son : and to the Holy Ghoft;

Answer. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be world without end. Amen.

Priest. Praise ye the Lord.

Anfwer. The Lord's Name be praifed.

¶ Then shall be said or sung the Psalms in order as they are appointed. Then a Lesson of the Old Testament, as is appointed. And after that, Magnificat (or the Song of the blessed Virgin Mary) in English, as followeth.

Magnificat. St. Luke i.

Y foul doth magnify the Lord: and my fpirit hath rejoiced in God my Saviour.

For he hath regarded: the lowliness of his hand-maiden.

For behold, from henceforth: all generations shall call me blessed.

For he that is mighty hath magnified me : and holy is his Name.

And his mercy is on them that fear him: throughout all generations.

He hath shewed strength with his arm: he hath scattered the proud in the imagination of their hearts.

He hath put down the mighty from their feat : and hath exalted the humble and meek.

He hath filled the hungry with good things: and the rich he hath fent empty away.

He remembering his mercy hath holpen his fervant Ifrael: as he promifed to our forefathers, Abraham and his feed, for ever.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son : and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Or else this Psalm; except it be on the Nineteenth Day of the Month, when it is read in the ordinary Course of the Psalms.

Cantate Domino. Pfalm xcviii.

O Sing unto the Lord a new fong: for he hath done marvellous things.

With his own right hand, and with his holy arm: hath he gotten

himfelf the victory.

The Lord declared his falvation: his righteoufness hath he openly shewed in the fight of the heathen.

He hath remembered his mercy and truth toward the house of Ifrael: and all the ends of the world have seen the salvation of our God.

Shew yourfelves joyful unto the Lord, all ye lands: fing, rejoice,

and give thanks.

Praife the Lord upon the harp: fing to the harp with a pfalm of thankfgiving.

With trumpets also and shawms:
O shew yourselves joyful before

the Lord the King.

Let the fea make a noife, and all that therein is: the round world, and they that dwell therein.

Let the floods clap their hands, and let the hills be joyful together before the Lord: for he cometh to judge the earth.

With righteoufness shall he judge the world and the people

with equity.

EGlory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft; As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then a Lesson of the New Testament, as it is appointed. And after that, Nunc dimittis (or the Song of Symeon) in English, as followeth.

Nunc dimittis. St. Luke ii. 29.

LORD, now letteft thou thy fervant depart in peace: according to thy word.

For mine eyes have feen: thy

falvation,

Which thou haft prepared: before the face of all people;

To be a light to lighten the Gentiles: and to be the glory of

thy people Ifrael.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Or else this Psalm; except it be on the Twelfth Day of the Month.

Deus mifereatur. Pfalm lxvii.

OD be merciful unto us, and blefs us: and fhew us the light of his countenance, and be merciful unto us:

That thy way may be known upon earth: thy faving health among all nations.

Let the people praife thee, O God: yea, let all the people praife

thee.

O let the nations rejoice and be glad: for thou shalt judge the folk:

righteoufly, and govern the nations

upon earth.

Let the people praife thee, O God: yea, let all the people praife thee.

Then shall the earth bring forth her increase: and God, even our own God, shall give us his blessing.

God fhall blefs us: and all the ends of the world fhall fear him.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then shall be said or sung the Apostles' Creed by the Minister and the people, standing.

I Believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth:

And in Jefus Chrift his only Son our Lord, Who was conceived by the Holy Ghoft, Born of the Virgin Mary, Suffered under Pontius Pilate, Was crucified, dead, and buried, He defcended into hell; The third day he rofe again from the dead, He afcended into heaven, And fitteth on the right hand of God the Father Almighty; From thence he fhall come to judge the quick and the dead.

I believe in the Holy Ghoft; The holy Catholick Church; The Communion of Saints; The Forgiveness of fins; The Resurrection of the body, And the life everlast-

ing. Amen.

¶ And after that, these Prayers following, all devoutly kneeling; the Minister first pronouncing with a loud voice,

The Lord be with you.

Answer. And with thy spirit.

Minister. Let us pray.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Christ, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

¶ Then the Minister, Clerks, and people, shall say the Lord's Prayer with a loud voice.

UR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs againft us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

¶ Then the Priest standing up shall say, ...,

O Lord, flow thy mercy upon us; *Anfwer*. And grant us thy falvation.

Prieft. O Lord, fave the King. Answer. And mercifully hear us when we call upon thee.

Priest. Endue thy Ministers with

righteoufnefs.

Anfwer. And make thy chofen people joyful.

Prieft. O Lord, fave thy people.

Anfiver. And blefs thine inheritance.

Prieft. Give peace in our time, O Lord.

Answer. Because there is none other that fighteth for us, but only thou, O God.

Prieft. O God, make clean our hearts within us.

Anfwer. And take not thy holy Spirit from us.

¶ Then shall follow three Collects; the first of the Day; the second for Peace; the third for Aid against all Perils, as hereafter followeth: which two last Collects shall be daily said at Evening Prayer without alteration.

The fecond Collect at Evening Prayer.

God, from whom all holy defires, all good counfels, and all just works do proceed; Give unto thy fervants that peace which the world cannot give; that both our hearts may be fet to obey thy commandments, and also that by thee we being defended from the fear of our enemies may pass our time in rest and quietness; through the merits of Jesus Christ our Saviour. Amen.

The third Collect, for Aid against all Perils.

IGHTEN our darknefs, we befeech thee, O Lord; and by thy great mercy defend us from all perils and dangers of this night; for the love of thy only Son, our Saviour, Jefus Chrift. Amen.

¶ In Quires and Places where they sing, here followeth the Anthem.

A Prayer for the King's Majesty.

Lord our heavenly Father, high and mighty, King of kings, Lord of lords, the only Ruler of princes, who doft from thy throne behold all the dwellers upon earth; Most heartily we befeech thee with thy favour to behold our most gracious Sovereign Lord, King GEORGE; and fo replenish him with the grace of thy Holy Spirit, that he may alway incline to thy will, and walk in thy way: Endue him plenteoufly with heavenly gifts; grant him in health and wealth long to live; ftrengthen him that he may vanquish and overcome all his enemies; and finally, after this life, he may attain everlafting joy and felicity; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Prayer for the Royal Family.

A LMIGHTY God, the fountain of all goodness, we humbly befeech thee to bless our gracious Queen Charlotte, their Royal Highnesses George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family: Endue them with thy holy Spirit; enrich them with thy heavenly grace; prosper them with all happiness; and bring them to thine everlasting kingdom; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Prayer for the Clergy and people.

A LMIGHTY and everlasting God, who alone workest great marvels; Send down upon our Bishops, and Curates, and all Congregations committed to their charge, the healthful Spirit of thy grace; and that they may truly please thee, pour upon them the continual dew of thy blessing. Grant this, O Lord, for the honour of our Advocate and Mediator, Jesus Christ. Amen.

A Prayer of St. Chryfoftom.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft given us grace at this time with one accord to make our com-

mon fupplications unto thee; and dost promife, that when two or three are gathered together in thy Name thou wilt grant their requests: Fulfil now, O Lord, the defires and petitions of thy fervants, as may be most expedient for them; granting us in this world knowledge of thy truth, and in the world to come life everlasting. Amen.

2 Cor. xiii.

THE grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all evermore. Amen.

Here endeth the Order of Evening Prayer throughout the Year.

At Morning Prayer.

¶ Upon these Feasts; Christmas-day, the Epiphany, Saint Matthias, Easter-day, Ascension-day, Whitsunday, Saint John Baptist, Saint James, Saint Bartholomew, Saint Matthew, Saint Simon and Saint Jude, Saint Andrew, and upon Trinity-Sunday, shall be sing or said at Morning Prayer, instead of the Apostles' Creed, this Confession of our Christian Faith, commonly called The Creed of Saint Athanasius, by the Minister and people standing.

Quicunque vult.

WHOSOEVER will be faved: before all things it is neceffary that he hold the Catholick Faith.

Which Faith except every one do keep whole and undefiled: without doubt he shall perish everlastingly.

And the Catholick Faith is this: That we worship one God in Trinity, and Trinity in Unity;

Neither confounding the Perfons: nor dividing the Substance.

For there is one Perfon of the Father, another of the Son: and another of the Holy Ghoft.

But the Godhead of the Father, of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft, is all one: the Glory equal, the Majesty co-eternal.

Such as the Father is, fuch is the Son: and fuch is the Holy Ghoft.

The Father uncreate, the Son uncreate: and the Holy Ghoft uncreate.

The Father incomprehensible, the Son incomprehensible : and the Holy Ghost incomprehensible.

The Father eternal, the Son

eternal: and the Holy Ghoft eternal.

And yet they are not three eternals: but one eternal.

As also there are not three incomprehensibles, nor three uncreated: but one uncreated, and one incomprehensible.

So likewife the Father is Almighty, the Son Almighty: and the Holy Ghoft Almighty.

And yet they are not three Almighties: but one Almighty.

So the Father is God, the Son is God: and the Holy Ghoft is God.

And yet they are not three Gods: but one God.

So likewife the Father is Lord, the Son Lord: and the Holy Ghoft Lord.

And yet not three Lords : but one Lord.

For like as we are compelled by the Christian verity: to acknowledge every Person by himfelf to be God and Lord;

So are we forbidden by the Catholick Religion: to fay, There be three Gods, or three Lords.

The Father is made of none: neither created, nor begotten.

H

At Morning Prayer.

The Son is of the Father alone: not made, nor created, but be-

gotten.

The Holy Ghoft is of the Father and of the Son: neither made, nor created, nor begotten, but proceeding.

So there is one Father, not three Fathers; one Son, not three Sons: one Holy Ghoft, not three Holy

Ghofts.

And in this Trinity none is afore, or after other: none is greater, or lefs than another;

But the whole three Perfons are co-eternal together: and co-equal.

So that in all things, as is aforefaid: the Unity in Trinity, and the Trinity in Unity is to be worfhipped.

He therefore that will be faved: must thus think of the Trinity.

Furthermore, it is necessary to everlasting falvation: that he also believe rightly the Incarnation of our Lord Jesus Christ.

For the right Faith is, that we believe and confess: that our Lord Jesus Christ, the Son of God, is God and Man;

God, of the Substance of the Father, begotten before the worlds: and Man, of the Substance of his Mother, born in the world;

Perfect God, and perfect Man: of a reasonable soul and human stell subsisting;

Equal to the Father, as touching

his Godhead: and inferior to the Father, as touching his Manhood.

Who although he be God and Man: yet he is not two, but one Chrift;

One; not by conversion of the Godhead into flesh: but by taking of the Manhood into God;

One altogether; not by confufion of Substance: but by unity of Person.

For as the reafonable foul and flesh is one man: fo God and Man is one Christ;

Who fuffered for our falvation: defcended into hell, rofe again the third day from the dead.

He afcended into heaven, he fitteth on the right hand of the Father, God Almighty: from whence he shall come to judge the quick and the dead.

At whose coming all men shall rise again with their bodies: and shall give account for their own works.

And they that have done good fhall go into life everlasting: and they that have done evil into everlasting fire.

This is the Catholick Faith: which except a man believe faithfully, he cannot be faved.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

THE LITANY.

¶ Here followeth the LITANY, or General Supplication, to be fung or faid after Morning Prayer upon Sundays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, and at other times when it shall be commanded by the Ordinary.

O God the Father, of heaven: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Father, of heaven: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Son, Redeemer of the world: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Son, Redeemer of the world: have mercy upon us mifer-

able finners.

O God the Holy Ghoft, proceeding from the Father and the Son: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Holy Ghost, proceeding from the Father and the Son: have mercy upon us miserable sinners.

O holy, bleffed, and glorious Trinity, three Perfons and one God: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

Oholy, bleffed, and glorious Trinity, three Perfons and one God: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

Remember not, Lord, our offences, nor the offences of our forefathers; neither take thou vengeance of our fins: fpare us, good Lord, fpare thy people, whom thou haft redeemed with thy most precious blood, and be not angry with us for ever.

Spare us, good Lord.

From all evil and mischief; from fin, from the crafts and assaults of the devil; from thy wrath, and from everlasting damnation,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From all blindness of heart; from pride, vain-glory, and hypocrify; from envy, hatred, and malice, and all uncharitableness,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From fornication, and all other deadly fin; and from all the deceits of the world, the flesh, and the devil,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From lightning and tempest; from plague, pestilence, and famine; from battle and murder, and from sudden death,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From all fedition, privy confpiracy, and rebellion; from all false doctrine, herefy, and schifm; from hardness of heart, and contempt of thy Word and Commandment,

Good Lord, deliver us.

By the mystery of thy holy Incarnation; by thy holy Nativity and Circumcision; by thy Baptism, Fasting, and Temptation,

Good Lord, deliver us.

By thine Agony and bloody Sweat; by thy Crofs and Paffion; by thy precious Death and Burial; by thy glorious Refurrection and

H 2

THE LITANY.

Afcension; and by the coming of the Holy Ghost,

Good Lord, deliver us.

In all time of our tribulation; in all time of our wealth; in the hour of death, and in the day of judgement,

Good Lord, deliver us.

We finners do befeech thee to hear us, O Lord God; and that it may pleafe thee to rule and govern thy holy Church univerfal in the right way;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to keep and strengthen in the true worshipping of thee, in righteousness and holiness of life, thy Servant GEORGE, our most gracious King and Governour;

We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to rule his heart in thy faith, fear, and love, and that he may evermore have affiance in thee, and ever feek thy honour and glory;

We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to be his defender and keeper, giving him the victory over all his enemies;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to blefs and preferve on gracious Queen Charlotte, their Royal Highneffes George Prince of Wales, the Princefs of Wales, and all the Royal Family;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to illuminate all Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, with true knowledge and understanding of thy Word; and that both by their preaching and living they may set it forth, and shew it accordingly;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to endue the Lords of the Council, and all the Nobility, with grace, wifdom, and understanding;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to blefs and keep the Magistrates, giving them grace to execute justice, and to maintain truth;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to blefs and keep all thy people;

 $We {\it befeech thee to hearus, good Lord.}$

That it may pleafe thee to give to all nations unity, peace, and concord;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to give us an heart to love and dread thee, and diligently to live after thy commandments;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to give to all thy people increase of grace to hear meekly thy Word, and to receive it with pure affection, and to bring forth the fruits of the Spirit;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord. That it may pleafe thee to bring

THE LITANY.

into the way of truth all fuch as have erred, and are deceived;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to strengthen such as do stand; and to comfort and help the weak-hearted; and to raise up them that fall; and sinally to beat down Satan under our feet;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to fuccour, help, and comfort, all that are in danger, necessity, and tribulation; We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to preferve all that travel by land or by water, all women labouring of child, all fick perfons, and young children; and to fhew thy pity upon all prifoners and captives;

We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord. That it may please thee to de-

fend, and provide for, the fatherlefs children, and widows, and all that are defolate and oppreffed;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to have mercy upon all men;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to forgive our enemies, perfecutors, and flanderers, and to turn their hearts; We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to give and preferve to our use the kindly fruits of the earth, so as in due time we may enjoy them;

We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to give us true repentance; to forgive its all our fins, negligences, and ignorances; and to endue us with the grace of thy Holy Spirit to amend our lives according to thy holy Word;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.
Son of God: we befeech thee
to hear us.

Son of God: we befeech thee to hear us.

O Lamb of God: that takeft away the fins of the world;

Grant us thy peace.

O Lamb of God: that takeft away the fins of the world;

Have mercy upon us.

O Christ, hear us.

O Christ, hear us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Christ, have mercy upon us.

Christ, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us. Lord, have mercy upon us.

¶ Then shall the Priest, and the people with him, say the Lord's Prayer.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

THE LITANY.

Prieft. O Lord, deal not with us after our fins.

Answer. Neither reward us after our iniquities.

Let us pray.

O God, merciful Father, that despitest not the fighing of a contrite heart, nor the defire of fuch as be forrowful; Mercifully affift our prayers that we make before thee in all our troubles and adverfities, whenfoever they opprefs us; and graciously hear us, that those evils, which the craft and fubtilty of the devil or man worketh against us, be brought to nought; and by the providence of thy goodness they may be dispersed; that we thy fervants, being hurt by no perfecutions, may evermore give thanks unto thee in thy holy Church; through Jefus Chrift our Lord.

O Lord, arife, help us, and deliver us for thy Name's fake.

God, we have heard with our ears, and our fathers have declared unto us, the noble works that thou didft in their days, and in the old time before them.

O Lord, arife, help us, and deliver us for thine honour.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son : and to the Holy Ghoft;

Anfwer. As it was in the begin-

ning, is now, and ever shall be: world without end. Amen.

From our enemies defend us, O Chrift.

Gracioufly look upon our afflictions.

Pitifully behold the forrows of our hearts.

Mercifully forgive the fins of thy people.

Favourably with mercy hear

our prayers.

O Son of David, have mercy upon us.

Both now and ever vouchfafe to hear us, O Chrift.

Graciously hear us, O Christ; graciously hear us, O Lord Christ.

Prieft. O Lord, let thy mercy

be shewed upon us;

Anfwer. As we do put our trust in thee.

Let us pray.

Father, mercifully to look upon our infirmities; and for the glory of thy Name turn from us all those evils that we most right-eously have deserved; and grant, that in all our troubles we may put our whole trust and considence in thy mercy, and evermore serve thee in holiness and pureness of living, to thy honour and glory; through our only Mediator and Advocate, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Son Prayer, "O Elemal Lord God"

After the Shanksgiving

THE LITANY.

A Prayer, of St. Chryfoftom.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft given us grace at this time with one accord to make our common fupplications unto thee; and doft promife, that when two or three are gathered together in thy Name thou wilt grant their requests; Fulfil now, O Lord, the defires and petitions of thy fervants, as may be most expedient

for them; granting us in this world knowledge of thy truth, and in the world to come life everlasting. *Amen*.

2 Cor. xiii.

THE grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghoft, be with us all evermore. Amen.

Here endeth the Litany.

The Communion, force 1.

PRAYERS AND THANKSGIVINGS,

UPON SEVERAL OCCASIONS,

¶ To be used before the two final Prayers of the Litany, or of Morning and Evening Prayer.

PRAYERS.

For Rain.

God, heavenly Father, who by thy Son Jefus Chrift haft promifed to all them that feek thy kingdom, and the righteoufnefs thereof, all things necessary to their bodily fustenance; Send us, we befeech thee, in this our necessity, such moderate rain and showers, that we may receive the fruits of the earth to our comfort, and to thy honour; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For fair Weather.

Almighty Lord God, who for the fin of man didft once drown all the world, except eight persons, and afterward of thy great mercy didft promise never to destroy it so again; We humbly beseech thee, that although we for our iniquities have worthily deserved a plague of rain and waters, yet upon our true repentance thou wilt send us such weather, as that we may receive the fruits of the

earth in due feafon; and learn both by thy punishment to amend our lives, and for thy elemency to give thee praise and glory; through Jefus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

In the time of Dearth and Famine. God, heavenly Father, whose gift it is, that the rain doth fall, the earth is fruitful, beafts increafe, and fishes do multiply; Behold, we befeech thee, the afflictions of thy people; and grant that the fcarcity and dearth, which we do now most justly suffer for our iniquity, may through thy goodness be mercifully turned into cheapnefs and plenty; for the love of Jefus Christ our Lord, to whom with thee and the Holy Ghost be all honour and glory, now and for ever. Amen.

Or this.

God, merciful Father, who, in the time of Elisha the prophet, didst suddenly in Samaria turn great scarcity and dearth into plenty and cheapness; Have mercy upon us, that we, who are now for our fins punished with like adversity, may likewise find a seasonable relief: Increase the fruits of the earth by thy heavenly benediction; and grant that we, receiving thy bountiful liberality, may use the same to thy glory, the relief of those that are needy, and our own comfort; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

In the time of War and Tumults.

Almighty God, King of all kings, and Governour of all things, whose power no creature is able to refift, to whom it belongeth justly to punish finners, and to be merciful to them that truly repent; Save and deliver us, we humbly befeech thee, from the hands of our enemies; abate their pride, affwage their malice, and confound their devices; that we, being armed with thy defence, may be preferred evermore from all perils, to glorify thee, who art the only giver of all victory; through the merits of thy only Son, Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

In the time of any common Plague or Sickness.

Almighty God, who in thy wrath didft fend a plague upon thine own people in the wildernefs, for their obstinate rebellion against Moses and Aaron; and also, in the time of king David, didst flay with the plague of Peftilence threefcore and ten thousand, and yet remembering thy mercy didft fave the reft; Have pity upon us miferable finners, who now are vifited with great fickness and mortality; that like as thou didft then accept of an atonement, and didft command the destroying Angel to ceafe from punishing, fo it may now pleafe thee to withdraw from us this plague and grievous ficknefs; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ In the Ember Weeks, to be faid every day, for those that are to be admitted into Holy Orders.

▲ LMIGHTY God, our heavenly Father, who haft purchased to thyfelf an univerfal Church by the precious blood of thy dear Son; Mercifully look upon the fame, and at this time fo guide and govern the minds of thy fervants the Bishops and Pastors of thy flock, that they may lay hands fuddenly on no man, but faithfully and wifely make choice of fit perfons to ferve in the facred Ministry of thy Church. And to those which shall be ordained to any holy function give thy grace and heavenly benediction; that both by their life and doctrine they may fet forth thy glory, and fet forward the falvation of all men; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

Or this.

A LMIGHTY God, the giver of all good gifts, who of thy divine providence haft appointed divers Orders in thy Church; Give thy grace, we humbly befeech thee, to all those who are to be called to any office and administration in the same; and so replenish them with the truth of thy doctrine, and endue them with innocency of life, that they may faithfully serve before thee, to the glory of thy great

Name, and the benefit of thy holy Church; through Jefus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

¶ A Prayer that may be faid after any of the former.

God, whose nature and property is ever to have mercy and to forgive, receive our humble petitions; and though we be tied and bound with the chain of our fins, yet let the pitifulness of thy great mercy loose us; for the honour of Jesus Christ, our Mediator and Advocate. *Amen*.

¶ A Prayer for the High Court of Parliament, to be read during

their Seffion.

MOST gracious God, we humbly befeech thee, as for this Kingdom in general, fo especially for the High Court of Parliament, under our most religious and gracious King at this time affembled: That thou wouldeft be pleafed to direct and prosper all their confultations to the advancement of thy glory, the good of thy Church, the fafety, honour, and welfare of our Sovereign, and his Dominions; that all things may be fo ordered and fettled by their endeavours, upon the best and surest soundations, that peace and happiness, truth and justice, religion and piety, may be established among us for all Thefe and all other generations. necessaries, for them, for us, and thy whole Church, we humbly beg

in the Name and Mediation of Jefus Christ our most blessed Lord and Saviour. Amen.

¶ A Collect or Prayer for all Conditions of men, to be used at such times when the Litany is not appointed to be find.

pointed to be faid.

Ino Litary

is prayer the

gy Deolle.

about; Hwhen

diturne is read,

God, the Creator and Preferver of all mankind, we humbly befeech thee for all forts and conditions of men; that thou wouldest be pleased to make thy ways known unto them, thy faving health unto all nations. More especially, we pray for the good estate of the Catholick Church; that it may be so guided and governed by thy good Spirit, that all

who profefs and call themselves Christians may be led into the way of truth, and hold the faith in unity of fpirit, in the bond of peace, and in righteousness of life. Finally, we commend to thy fatherly goodnefs all those, who are any ways afflicted, or diffressed, in mind, body, or estate; f * e/-* This to be pecially those for whom said when any desire the Prayour prayers are defired, ers of the Conthat it may please thee gregation. to comfort and relieve them, according to their feveral necessities, giving them patience under their fufferings, and a happy iffue out of

all their afflictions. And this we

beg for Jefus Christ his fake. Amen.

Then follows the sea Prayer. " O Clernal word God "1-2-

THANKSGIVINGS.

A General Thanksgiving.

LMIGHTY God, Father of all mercies, we thine unworthy fervants do give thee most humble and hearty thanks for all thy goodness and loving-kindness to us, and

to all men; [* parti-* This to be cularly to those who desaid when any that have been fire now to offer up their prayed for depraifes and thankfgivsire to return praise. ings for thy late mercies vouchfafed unto them. blefs thee for our creation, prefervation, and all the bleffings of this life; but above all, for thine ineftimable love in the redemption of

the world by our Lord Jefus Christ;

for the means of grace, and for the hope of glory. And, we befeech thee, give us that due fense of all thy mercies, that our hearts may be unseignedly thankful, and that we shew forth thy praise, not only with our lips, but in our lives; by giving up ourselves to thy service, and by walking before thee in holiness and righteousness all our days; through Jesus Christ our Lord, to whom with thee and the Holy Ghost be all honour and glory, world without end. Amenancy of the how.

For Rain.

God our heavenly Father,
who by thy gracious provi-

THANKSGIVINGS.

dence dost cause the former and the latter rain to descend upon the earth, that it may bring forth fruit for the use of man; We give thee humble thanks that it hath pleased thee, in our great necessity, to send us at the last a joyful rain upon thine inheritance, and to resresh it when it was dry, to the great comfort of us thy unworthy servants, and to the glory of thy holy Name; through thy mercies in Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For fair Weather.

Lord God, who haft juftly humbled us by thy late plague of immoderate rain and waters, and in thy mercy haft relieved and comforted our fouls by this feafonable and bleffed change of weather; We praife and glorify thy holy Name for this thy mercy, and will always declare thy loving-kindnefs from generation to generation; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

For Plenty.

Most merciful Father, who of thy gracious goodness hast heard the devout prayers of thy Church, and turned our dearth and scarcity into cheapness and plenty; We give thee humble thanks for this thy special bounty; befeeching thee to continue thy lovingkindness unto us, that our land may yield us her fruits of increase, to thy glory and our comfort; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

For Peace and Deliverance from our Enemies.

Almighty God, who art a ftrong tower of defence unto thy fervants againft the face of their enemies; We yield thee praife and thankfgiving for our deliverance from those great and apparent dangers wherewith we were compassed: We acknowledge it thy goodness that we were not delivered over as a prey unto them; befeeching thee still to continue such thy mercies towards us, that all the world may know that thou art our Saviour and mighty Deliverer; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For reftoring Publick Peace at Home.

Eternal God, our heavenly Father, who alone makeft men to be of one mind in a house, and ftilleft the outrage of a violent and unruly people; We blefs thy holy Name, that it hath pleafed thee to appeafe the feditions tumults which have been lately raifed up amongst us; most humbly befeeching thee to grant to all of us grace, that we may henceforth obediently walk in thy holy commandments; and, leading a quiet and peaceable life in all godliness and honesty, may continually offer unto thee our facrifice of praife and thankfgiving

THANKSGIVINGS.

for these thy mercies towards us; through Jesus Christ our Lord.

Amen.

For Deliverance from the Plague, or other common Sickness.

Lord God, who haft wounded us for our fins, and confumed us for our transgressions, by thy late heavy and dreadful visitation; and now, in the midst of judgement remembering mercy, hast redeemed our fouls from the jaws of death; We offer unto thy fatherly goodness ourselves, our fouls and bodies which thou hast delivered, to be a living facrifice unto thee, always praising and magnifying thy mercies in the midst of thy Church; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Or this.

TE humbly acknowledge before thee, O most merciful Father, that all the punishments which are threatened in thy law might justly have fallen upon us, by reason of our manifold transgreffions and hardness of heart: Yet feeing it hath pleafed thee of thy tender mercy, upon our weak and unworthy humiliation, to affwage the contagious fickness wherewith we lately have been fore afflicted, and to reftore the voice of joy and health into our dwellings; We offer unto thy Divine Majesty the facrifice of praife and thankfgiving, lauding and magnifying thy glorious Name for fuch thy prefervation and providence over us; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

COLLECTS, EPISTLES, AND GOSPELS

TO BE USED THROUGHOUT THE YEAR.

¶ Note, that the Collect appointed for every Sunday, or for any Holy-day that hath a Vigil or Eve, shall be faid at the Evening Service next before.

The first Sunday in Advent.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, give us grace that we may cast away the works of darkness, and put upon us the armour of light, now in the time of this mortal life, in which thy Son Jesus Christ came to visit us in great humility; that in the last day, when he shall come again in his glorious Majesty to judge both the quick and dead, we may rife to the life immortal, through him who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghost, now and ever. Amen.

¶ This Collect is to be repeated every day, with the other Collects in Advent, until Christmas Eve.

The Epiftle. Rom. xiii. 8.

WE no man any thing, but to love one another: for he that loveth another hath fulfilled the law. For this, Thou fhalt not commit adultery, Thou fhalt not kill, Thou fhalt not fteal, Thou fhalt not bear false witness, Thou fhalt not covet; and if there be any other commandment, it is briefly comprehended in this saying, name-

ly, Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyfelf. Love worketh no ill to his neighbour; therefore love is the fulfilling of the law. And that, knowing the time, that now it is high time to awake out of fleep: for now is our falvation nearer than when we believed. The night is far fpent, the day is at hand; let us therefore cast off the works of darknefs, and let us put on the armour of light. Let us walk honeftly as in the day; not in rioting and drunkenness, not in chambering and wantonnefs, not in ftrife and envying. But put ye on the Lord Jesus Christ, and make not provision for the flesh, to fulfil the lufts thereof.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxi. 1.

WHEN they drew nigh unto
Jerufalem, and were come
to Bethphage, unto the mount of
Olives, then fent Jefus two difciples, faying unto them, Go into
the village over againft you, and
ftraightway ye shall find an afs tied,
and a colt with her: loofe them,
and bring them unto me. And if

any man fay ought unto you, ye shall fay, The Lord hath need of them; and straightway he will fend them. All this was done, that it might be fulfilled which was fpoken by the Prophet, faying, Tell ve the daughter of Sion, Behold, thy King cometh unto thee, meek, and fitting upon an afs, and a colt the fole of an afs. And the disciples went, and did as Jefus commanded them; and brought the afs, and the colt, and put on them their clothes, and they fet him thereon. And a very great multitude fpread their garments in the way; others cut down branches from the trees, and strawed them in the way. And the multitudes that went before, and that followed, cried, faying, Hofanna to the fon of David; Bleffed is he that cometh in the Name of the Lord; Hofanna in the higheft. And when he was come into Jerufalem all the city was moved, faying, Who is this? And the multitude faid, This is Jefus the Prophet of Nazareth of Galilee. And Jefus went into the temple of God, and caft out all them that fold and bought in the temple; and overthrew the tables of the money-changers, and the feats of them that fold doves; and faid unto them, It is written, My house fhall be called the house of prayer; but ye have made it a den of thieves.

The fecond Sunday in Advent.
The Collect.

BLESSED Lord, who haft caused all holy Scriptures to be written for our learning; Grant that we may in such wise hear them, read, mark, learn, and inwardly digest them, that by patience, and comfort of thy holy Word, we may embrace, and ever hold fast the blessed hope of everlasting life, which thou hast given us in our Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. xv. 4. WHATSOEVER things were written aforetime, were written for our learning; that we through patience, and comfort of the Scriptures, might have hope. Now the God of patience and confolation grant you to be like minded one towards another, according to Christ Jesus: that ye may with one mind, and one mouth, glorify God, even the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift. Wherefore receive ye one another, as Chrift also received us, to the glory of God. Now I fay, that Jefus Christ was a minister of the circumcision for the truth of God, to confirm the promifes made unto the fathers: And that the Gentiles might glorify God for his mercy; as it is written, For this cause I will confefs to thee among the Gentiles; and fing unto thy Name. And again he faith, Rejoice, ye Gentiles, with his people. And again, Praife the Lord, all ye Gentiles, and laud him, all ye people. And again, Efaias faith, There shall be a root of Jesse, and he that shall rife to reign over the Gentiles, in him shall the Gentiles trust. Now the God of hope sill you with all joy and peace in believing, that ye may abound in hope, through the power of the Holy Ghost.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xxi. 25.

A ND there shall be signs in the fun, and in the moon, and in the ftars; and upon the earth diftrefs of nations, with perplexity, the fea and the waves roaring; men's hearts failing them for fear, and for looking after those things which are coming on the earth: for the powers of heaven shall be shaken. And then shall they see the Son of Man coming in a cloud with power and great glory. And when thefe things begin to come to pass, then look up, and lift up your heads; for your redemption draweth nigh. And he fpake to them a parable, Behold the figtree, and all the trees; when they now fhoot forth, ye fee and know of your own felves that fummer is now nigh at hand. So likewife ye, when ye fee thefe things come to pass, know ye that the Kingdom of God is nigh at hand. Verily I fay unto you, This generation

fhall not pass away, till all be fulfilled: heaven and earth shall pass away; but my words shall not pass away.

The third Sunday in Advent. The Collect.

Lord Jefu Chrift, who at thy first coming didst send thy messenger to prepare thy way before thee; Grant that the ministers and stewards of thy mysteries may likewise so prepare and make ready thy way, by turning the hearts of the disobedient to the wisdom of the just, that at thy second coming to judge the world we may be found an acceptable people in thy fight, who livest and reignest with the Father and the Holy Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. iv. 1.

as of the ministers of Christ, and stewards of the mysteries of God. Moreover, it is required in stewards, that a man be found faithful. But with me it is a very small thing that I should be judged of you, or of man's judgement: yea, I judge not mine own fels. For I know nothing by myself, yet am I not hereby justified; but he that judgeth me is the Lord. Therefore judge nothing before

the time, until the Lord come, who both will bring to light the hidden things of darknefs, and will make manifest the counsels of the hearts; and then shall every man have praise of God.

The Gospel. St. Matth. xi. 2.

N OW when John had heard in the prison the works of Christ, he fent two of his disciples, and faid unto him, Art thou he that should come, or do we look for another? Jefus answered and faid unto them, Go and shew John again those things which ye do hear and fee: The blind receive their fight, and the lame walk, the lepers are cleanfed, and the deaf hear, the dead are raifed up, and the poor have the Gospel preached to them: And bleffed is he whofoever shall not be offended in me. And as they departed, Jefus began to fay unto the multitudes concerning John, What went ye out into the wilderness to fee? a reed shaken with the wind? But what went ye out for to fee? a man clothed in foft raiment? behold, they that wear foft clothing are in kings' houses. But what went ye out for to fee? a prophet? yea, I fay unto you, and more than a prophet. For this is he of whom it is written, Behold, I fend my meffenger before thy face, which shall prepare thy way before thee.

The fourth Sunday in Advent.

The Collect.

Lord, raife up (we pray thee) thy power, and come among us, and with great might fuccour us; that whereas, through our fins and wickedness, we are fore let and hindered in running the race that is fet before us, thy bountiful grace and mercy may speedily help and deliver us; through the fatisfaction of thy Son our Lord, to whom with thee and the Holy Ghost be honour and glory, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. Phil. iv. 4.

REJOICE in the Lord alway, and again I fay, Rejoice. Let your moderation be known unto all men. The Lord is at hand. Be careful for nothing: but in every thing, by prayer and fupplication with thankfgiving, let your requests be made known unto God. And the peace of God, which passeth all understanding, shall keep your hearts and minds through Christ Jesus.

The Gofpel. St. John i. 19.

THIS is the record of John, when the Jews fent Priests and Levites from Jerusalem to ask him, Who art thou? And he confessed, and denied not; but confessed, I am not the Christ. And they asked him, What then? Art thou Elias? And he saith, I am not. Art thou that Prophet? And he

CHRISTMAS-DAY.

answered, No. Then said they unto him, Who art thou? that we may give an answer to them that fent us. What fayest thou of thyfelf? He faid, I am the voice of one crying in the wilderness, Make straight the way of the Lord, as faid the prophet Efaias. And they which were fent were of the Pharifees. And they asked him, and faid unto him, Why baptizeft thou then, if thou be not that Christ, nor Elias, neither that Prophet? John answered them, faying, I baptize with water: but there ftandeth one among you, whom ye know not: He it is who coming after me is preferred before me, whose shoe's latchet I am not worthy to unloofe. Thefe things were done in Bethabara beyond Jordan, where John was baptizing.

The Nativity of our Lord, or the Birth-day of CHRIST, commonly called Christmas-day.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft given us thy only-begotten Son to take our nature upon him, and as at this time to be born of a pure Virgin; Grant that we being regenerate, and made thy children by adoption and grace, may daily be renewed by thy Holy Spirit; through the fame our Lord Jefus Chrift, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the fame Spirit,

ever one God, world without end. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. Heb. i. 1.

OD, who at fundry times and in divers manners fpake in time past unto the fathers by the prophets, hath in thefe laft days fpoken unto us by his Son, whom he hath appointed heir of all things, by whom also he made the worlds; who being the brightness of his glory, and the express image of his person, and upholding all things by the word of his power, when he had by himfelf purged our fins, fat down on the right hand of the Majesty on high; being made fo much better than the angels, as he hath by inheritance obtained a more excellent name than they. For unto which of the angels faid he at any time, Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten thee? And again, I will be to him a Father, and he shall be to me a Son? And again, when he bringeth in the first-begotten into the world, he faith, And let all the angels of God worship him. And of the angels he faith, Who maketh his angels fpirits, and his ministers a flame of fire. But unto the Son he faith, Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever; a fceptre of righteoufness is the sceptre of thy kingdom: Thou haft loved righteoufnefs, and hated iniquity; therefore God, even thy God, hath anointed

thee with the oil of gladness above thy fellows. And, Thou, Lord, in the beginning hast laid the foundation of the earth; and the heavens are the works of thine hands: they shall perish, but thou remainest; and they all shall wax old as doth a garment; and as a vesture shalt thou sold them up, and they shall be changed; but thou art the same, and thy years shall not fail.

The Gofpel. St. John i. 1.

N the beginning was the Word, A and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. The fame was in the beginning with God. All things were made by him; and without him was not any thing made that was made. In him was life, and the life was the light of men. And the light shineth in darknefs, and the darknefs comprehended it not. There was a man fent from God, whose name was John. The fame came for a witness, to bear witness of the light, that all men through him might believe. He was not that light, but was fent to bear witness of that light. That was the true light, which lighteth every man that cometh into the world. He was in the world, and the world was made by him, and the world knew him not. He came unto his own, and his own received him not. But as many as received him, to them gave he power to become

the fons of God, even to them that believe on his Name: which were born, not of blood, nor of the will of the flesh, nor of the will of man, but of God. And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us (and we beheld his glory, the glory as of the only-begotten of the Father) full of grace and truth.

Saint Stephen's Day. The Collect.

GRANT, O Lord, that, in all our fufferings here upon earth for the testimony of thy truth, we may stedfastly look up to heaven; and by faith behold the glory that shall be revealed; and, being silled with the holy Ghost, may learn to love and bless our perfecutors by the example of thy first Martyr Saint Stephen, who prayed for his murderers to thee, O blessed Jesus, who standest at the right hand of God to succour all those that suffer for thee, our only Mediator and Advocate. Amen.

¶ Then shall follow the Collect of the Nativity, which shall be said continually unto New-year's Eve.

For the Epiftle. Acts vii. 55.

STEPHEN, being full of the holy Ghoft, looked up stedfastly into heaven, and faw the glory of God, and Jesus standing on the right hand of God, and said, Behold, I see the heavens opened, and the Son of Man standing on the right hand of God. Then they

Saint John the Evangelist's Day.

cried out with a loud voice, and ftopped their ears, and ran upon him with one accord, and caft him out of the city, and ftoned him: and the witnesses laid down their clothes at a young man's feet, whose name was Saul. And they ftoned Stephen, calling upon God, and faying, Lord Jesus, receive my spirit. And he kneeled down, and cried with a loud voice, Lord, lay not this fin to their charge. And when he had said this, he fell asleep.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxiii. 34. **D**EHÖLD, I fend unto you prophets, and wife men, and fcribes; and fome of them ye shall kill and crucify; and fome of them shall ye scourge in your synagogues, and perfecute them from city to city; that upon you may come all the righteous blood fled upon the earth, from the blood of righteous Abel unto the blood of Zacharias, fon of Barachias, whom ye flew between the temple and the altar. Verily I fay unto you, All thefe things shall come upon this generation. O Jerufalem, Jerufalem, thou that killest the prophets, and ftonest them which are fent unto thee; how often would I have gathered thy children together, even as a hen gathereth her chickens under her wings, and ye would not! Behold, your house is left unto you defolate. For I fay unto you, Ye shall not see me henceforth, till ye shall say, Blessed is he that cometh in the Name of the Lord.

Saint John the Evangelist's Day.
The Collect.

ERCIFUL Lord, we befeech thee to cast thy bright beams of light upon thy Church, that it being enlightened by the doctrine of thy blessed Apostle and Evangelist Saint John may so walk in the light of thy truth, that it may at length attain to the light of everlasting life; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 St. John i. 1.

THAT which was from the beginning, which we have heard, which we have feen with our eyes, which we have looked upon, and our hands have handled of the word of life; (for the life was manifefted, and we have feen it, and bear witnefs, and fhew unto you that eternal life, which was with the Father, and was manifefted unto us;) That which we have feen and heard declare we unto you, that ye also may have fellowship with us; and truly our fellowship is with the Father, and with his

Son Jefus Chrift. And thefe things write we unto you, that your joy

may be full. This then is the mef-

fage which we have heard of him,

light, and in him is no darkness at all. If we fay that we have fellowthip with him, and walk in darknefs, we lie, and do not the truth: but if we walk in the light, as he is in the light, we have fellowship one with another, and the blood of Jefus Chrift his Son cleanfeth us from all fin. If we fay that we have no fin, we deceive ourfelves, and the truth is not in us. If we confess our fins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our fins, and to cleanfe us from all unrighteoufnefs. If we fay that we have not finned, we make him a liar, and his word is not in us.

The Gofpel. St. John xxi. 19.

TESUS faid unto Peter, Follow me. Then Peter, turning about, feeth the disciple whom Jesus loved following; which also leaned on his breaft at supper, and faid, Lord, which is he that betrayeth thee? Peter feeing him faith to Jefus, Lord, and what shall this man do? Jefus faith unto him, If I will that he tarry till I come, what is that to thee? Follow thou me. Then went this faying abroad among the brethren, That that disciple should not die: yet Jesus faid not unto him, He shall not die; but, If I will that he tarry till I come, what is that to thee? This is the disciple which testifieth of thefe things, and wrote thefe things, and we know that his testimony is true. And there are also many other things which Jesus did, the which if they should be written every one, I suppose, that even the world itself could not contain the books that should be written.

The Innocents' Day. The Collect.

Almighty God, who out of the mouths of babes and fucklings haft ordained ftrength, and madeft infants to glorify thee by their deaths; Mortify and kill all vices in us, and fo ftrengthen us by thy grace, that by the innocency of our lives, and conftancy of our faith even unto death, we may glorify thy holy Name; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Rev. xiv. 1. T Looked, and lo, a Lamb flood I on the mount Sion, and with him an hundred forty and four thousand, having his Father's Name written in their foreheads. And I heard a voice from heaven, as the voice of many waters, and as the voice of a great thunder: and I heard the voice of harpers harping with their harps: and they fung as it were a new fong before the throne, and before the four beafts, and the elders; and no man could learn that fong, but the hundred and forty and four thousand, which were redeemed from the earth. Thefe are they which were not

The Sunday after Christmas-day.

defiled with women, for they are virgins: these are they which sollow the Lamb whithersoever he goeth: these were redeemed from among men, being the first-fruits unto God, and to the Lamb. And in their mouth was found no guile; for they are without fault before the throne of God.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. ii. 13.

THE Angel of the Lord appeareth to Joseph in a dream, faying, Arife, and take the young child, and his mother, and flee into Egypt, and be thou there until I bring thee word; for Herod will feek the young child to deftroy him. When he arofe, he took the young child and his mother by night, and departed into Egypt, and was there until the death of Herod; that it might be fulfilled which was fpoken of the Lord by the prophet, faying, Out of Egypt have I called my Son. Then Herod, when he faw that he was mocked of the wife men, was exceeding wroth; and fent forth, and flew all the children that were in Bethlehem, and in all the coafts thereof, from two years old and under, according to the time which he had diligently enquired of the wife men. Then was fulfilled that which was fpoken by Jeremy the prophet, faying, In Rama was there a voice heard, lamentation, and weeping, and great mourning, Rachel weeping for her children, and would not be comforted, because they are not.

The Sunday after Christmas-day.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft given us thy only-begotten Son to take our nature upon him, and as at this time to be born of a pure Virgin; Grant that we being regenerate, and made thy children by adoption and grace, may daily be renewed by thy Holy Spirit; through the fame our Lord Jefus Chrift, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the fame Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. Gal. iv. 1.

NOW I fay, that the heir, as long as he is a child, differeth nothing from a fervant, though he be lord of all; but is under tutors and governours, until the time appointed of the father. Even fo we, when we were children, were in bondage under the elements of the world: but when the fulness of the time was come, God fent forth his Son, made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law, that we might receive the adoption of fons. And because ye are fons, God hath fent forth the Spirit of his Son into your hearts, crying, Abba, Father, Wherefore thou art no more a

fervant, but a fon; and if a fon, then an heir of God through Chrift.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. i. 18.

THE birth of Jesus Christ was on this wife: When as his mother Mary was espoused to Jofeph, before they came together the was found with child of the Holy Ghoft. Then Joseph her hufband, being a just man, and not willing to make her a publick example, was minded to put her away privily. But while he thought on thefe things, behold, the angel of the Lord appeared unto him in a dream, faying, Joseph thou fon of David, fear not to take unto thee Mary thy wife; for that which is conceived in her is of the Holy Ghoft: And the shall bring forth a Son, and thou shalt call his name Jesus; for he shall fave his people from their fins. (Now all this was done, that it might be fulfilled which was fpoken of the Lord by the prophet, faying, Behold, a Virgin shall be with child, and shall bring forth a Son, and they fhall call his name Emmanuel, which being interpreted is, God with us.) Then Joseph, being raised from fleep, did as the angel of the Lord had bidden him, and took unto him his wife; and knew her not till she had brought forth her firstborn fon: and he called his name JESUS.

The Circumcifion of Christ.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who madeft thy bleffed Son to be circumcified, and obedient to the law for man; Grant us the true Circumcifion of the Spirit; that, our hearts, and all our members, being mortified from all worldly and carnal lufts, we may in all things obey thy bleffed will; through the fame thy Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. iv. 8.

DLESSED is the man to whom the Lord will not impute fin. Cometh this bleffedness then upon the circumcifion only, or upon the uncircumcifion also? For we fay, that faith was reckoned to Abraham for righteoufnefs. How was it then reckoned? when he was in circumcifion, or in uncircumcifion? Not in circumcifion, but in uncircumcifion. And he received the fign of circumcifion, a feal of the righteousness of the faith which he had yet being uncircumcifed; that he might be the father of all them that believe, though they be not circumcifed; that righteousness might be imputed unto them also: And the father of circumcifion to them who are not of the circumcifion only, but also walk in the steps of that faith of our father Abraham, which he had being yet uncircumcifed. For the promife, that he

fhould be the heir of the world, was not to Abraham, or to his feed, through the law, but through the righteousness of faith. For if they which are of the law be heirs, faith is made void, and the promise made of none effect.

The Gofpel. St. Luke ii. 15.

ND it came to pass, as the A angels were gone away from them into heaven, the shepherds faid one to another, Let us now go even unto Bethlehem, and fee this thing which is come to pass, which the Lord hath made known unto us! And they came with hafte, and found Mary and Joseph, and the babe lying in a manger. And when they had feen it, they made known abroad the faying which was told them concerning this child. And all they that heard it wondered at those things which were told them by the shepherds. But Mary kept all thefe things, and pondered them in her heart. And the fliepherds returned, glorifying and praifing God for all the things that they had heard and feen, as it was told unto them. And when eight days were accomplished for the circumcifing of the child, his name was called JESUS, which was fo named of the angel before he was conceived in the womb. The same of the

The Epiphany, or the Manifestation of Christ to the Gentiles.

The Collect.

God, who by the leading of a ftar didft manifest thy only-begotten Son to the Gentiles; Mercifully grant, that we, which know thee now by faith, may after this life have the fruition of thy glorious Godhead; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. iii. 1.

FOR this cause, I Paul, the prifoner of Jefus Christ for you Gentiles; if ye have heard of the difpensation of the grace of God, which is given me to you-ward; How that by revelation he made known unto me the mystery (as I wrote afore in few words, whereby, when ye read, ye may understand my knowledge in the mystery of Christ) which in other ages was not made known unto the fons of men, as it is now revealed unto his holy Apostles and Prophets by the Spirit; That the Gentiles should be fellow-heirs, and of the fame body, and partakers of his promife in Christ, by the Gospel: whereof I was made a minister, according to the gift of the grace of God given unto me by the effectual working of his power. Unto me, who am lefs than the leaft of all faints, is this grace given, that I should preach among the Gentiles the unfearchable riches

The same Collect, Epistle, and Gospel shall serve for every day after unto the Epiphany.

of Chrift; and to make all men fee what is the fellowship of the mystery, which from the beginning of the world hath been hid in God, who created all things by Jesus Christ: to the intent, that now unto the principalities and powers in heavenly places might be known by the Church the manifold wisdom of God, according to the eternal purpose which he purposed in Christ Jesus our Lord: In whom we have boldness and access with confidence by the faith of him.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. ii. 1.

TY/HEN Jefus was born in Bethlehem of Judæa, in the days of Herod the king, behold, there came wife men from the east to Jerufalem, faying, Where is he that is born King of the Jews? for we have feen his ftar in the eaft, and are come to worship him. When Herod the king had heard thefe things, he was troubled, and all Jerufalem with him. And when he had gathered all the chief priefts and fcribes of the people together, he demanded of them, where Christ flould be born. And they faid unto him, In Bethlehem of Judæa: for thus it is written by the prophet, And thou, Bethlehem, in the land of Juda, art not the least among the princes of Juda: for out of thee shall come a Governour that shall rule my people Israel. Then Herod, when he had privily

called the wife men, enquired of them diligently what time the star appeared. And he fent them to Bethlehem, and faid, Go, and fearch diligently for the young child, and when ye have found him, bring me word again, that I may come and worship him also. When they had heard the king, they departed; and lo, the ftar which they faw in the east went before them, till it came and ftood over where the young child was. When they faw the ftar, they rejoiced with exceeding great joy. And when they were come into the house, they faw the young child with Mary his mother, and fell down and worshipped him: and when they had opened their treafures, they prefented unto him gifts; gold, and frankincenfe, and myrrh. And being warned of God in a dream that they fhould not return to Herod, they departed into their own country another way.

The first Sunday after the Epiphany.

The Collect.

O Lord, we befeech thee mercifully to receive the prayers of thy people which call upon thee; and grant that they may both perceive and know what things they ought to do, and also may have grace and power faithfully to fulfil the fame; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. xii. 1.

Befeech you therefore, brethren, by the mercies of God, that ye prefent your bodies a living facrifice, holy, acceptable unto God, which is your reafonable fervice. And be not conformed to this world; but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind, that ye may prove what is that good, and acceptable, and perfect will of God. For I fay, through the grace given unto me, to every man that is among you, not to think of himfelf more highly than he ought to think; but to think foberly, according as God hath dealt to every man the measure of faith. For as we have many members in one body, and all members have not the fame office; fo we, being many, are one body in Chrift, and every one members one of another.

The Gofpel. St. Luke ii. 41.

NOW his parents went to Jerufalem every year at the feaft of the paffover. And when he was twelve years old, they went up to Jerufalem, after the cuftom of the feaft. And when they had fulfilled the days, as they returned, the child Jefus tarried behind in Jerufalem; and Jofeph and his mother knew not of it. But they, fuppofing him to have been in the company, went a day's journey, and they fought him among their

kinsfolk and acquaintance. And when they found him not, they turned back again to Jerufalem, feeking him. And it came to pass, that after three days they found him in the temple, fitting in the midst of the doctors, both hearing them, and asking them questions. And all that heard him were aftonished at his understanding and answers. And when they faw him, they were amazed: and his mother faid unto him, Son, why haft thou thus dealt with us? behold, thy father and I have fought thee forrowing. And he faid unto them, How is it that ye fought me? wift ye not that I must be about my Father's bufinefs? And they underftood not the faying which he fpake unto them. And he went down with them, and came to Nazareth, and was fubject unto them: but his mother kept all thefe fayings in her heart. And Jefus increafed in wifdom, and ftature, and in fayour with God and man.

The fecond Sunday after the Epiphany.
The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everlafting God, who doft govern all things in heaven and earth; Mercifully hear the fupplications of thy people, and grant us thy peace all the days of our life; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. xii. 6. **MAVING** then gifts differing according to the grace that is given to us, whether prophecy, let us prophefy according to the proportion of faith; or ministry, let us wait on our ministering; or he that teacheth, on teaching; or he that exhorteth, on exhortation: he that giveth, let him do it with fimplicity; he that ruleth, with diligence; he that sheweth mercy, with cheerfulnefs. Let love be without diffinulation. Abhor that which is evil, cleave to that which is good. Be kindly affectioned one to another with brotherly love, in honour preferring one another: not flothful in bufiness; fervent in spirit; ferving the Lord; rejoicing in hope; patient in tribulation; continuing infant in prayer; diftributing to the necessity of faints; given to hospitality. Bless them which perfecute you; blefs, and curfe not. Rejoice with them that do rejoice, and weep with them that weep. Be of the fame mind one towards another. Mind not high things, but condefcend to men of low eftate.

The Gofpel. St. John ii. 1.

AND the third day there was a marriage in Cana of Galilee, and the mother of Jefus was there. And both Jefus was called, and his disciples, to the marriage. And when they wanted wine, the mo-

ther of Jesus faith unto him, They have no wine. Jefus faith unto her, Woman, what have I to do with thee? mine hour is not yet come. His mother faith unto the fervants, Whatfoever he faith unto you, do it. And there were fet there fix water-pots of ftone, after the manner of the purifying of the Jews, containing two or three firkins apiece. Jefus faith unto them, Fill the water-pots with water. And they filled them up to the brim. And he faith unto them, Draw out now, and bear unto the governour of the feaft. And they bare it. When the ruler of the feaft had tafted the water that was made wine, and knew not whence it was, (but the fervants which drew the water knew,) the governour of the feaft called the bridegroom, and faith unto him, Every man at the beginning doth fet forth good wine, and when men have well drunk, then that which is worfe: but thou haft kept the good wine until now. This beginning of miracles did Jesus in Cana of Galilee, and manifested forth his glory, and his disciples believed on him.

The third Sunday after the Epiphany.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everlasting God, mercifully look upon our infirmities, and in all our dangers and necessities stretch forth thy

The fourth Sunday after the Epiphany.

right hand to help and defend us; through Jefus Chrift our Lord.

Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. xii. 16.

BE not wife in your own conceits. Recompense to no man evil for evil. Provide things honest in the fight of all men. If it be possible, as much as lieth in you, live peaceably with all men. Dearly beloved, avenge not yourselves, but rather give place unto wrath; for it is written, Vengeance is mine; I will repay, faith the Lord. Therefore, if thine enemy hunger, feed him; if he thirst, give him drink: for in so doing thou shalt heap coals of fire on his head. Be not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with good.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. viii. 1.

TATHEN he was come down from the mountain, great multitudes followed him. And behold, there came a leper and worfhipped him, faying, Lord, if thou wilt, thou canft make me clean. And Jefus put forth his hand, and touched him, faying, I will; be thou clean. And immediately his leprofy was cleanfed. And Jefus faith unto him, See thou tell no man, but go thy way, shew thyfelf to the prieft, and offer the gift that Mofes commanded, for a testimony unto them. And when Jefus was entered into Capernaum, there came unto him a centurion

befeeching him, and faying, Lord, my fervant lieth at home fick of the palfy, grievously tormented. And Jefus faith unto him, I will come and heal him. The centurion answered and faid, Lord, I am not worthy that thou shouldest come under my roof; but fpeak the word only, and my fervant shall be healed. For I am a man under authority, having foldiers under me: and I fay unto this man, Go, and he goeth; and to another, Come, and he cometh; and to my fervant, Do this, and he doeth it. When Jefus heard it, he marvelled, and faid to them that followed, Verily I fay unto you, I have not found fo great faith, no not in Ifrael. And I fay unto you, That many shall come from the east and west, and shall fit down with Abraham, and Ifaac, and Jacob, in the kingdom of heaven. But the children of the kingdom shall be cast out into outer darknefs: there fhall be weeping and gnashing of teeth. And Jefus faid unto the centurion, Go thy way, and as thou haft believed, fo be it done unto thee. And his fervant was healed in the felf-fame hour.

The fourth Sunday after the Epiphany.
The Collect.

O God, who knowest us to be set in the midst of so many

and great dangers, that by reason of the frailty of our nature we cannot always stand upright; Grant to us such strength and protection, as may support us in all dangers, and carry us through all temptations; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Lord. Amen. The Epiftle. Rom. xiii. 1. LET every foul be fubject unto the higher powers; for there is no power but of God: the powers that be are ordained of God. Whofoever therefore refifteth the power refifteth the ordinance of God: and they that refift shall receive to themselves damnation. For rulers are not a terror to good works, but to the evil. Wilt thou then not be afraid of the power? do that which is good, and thou fhalt have praife of the fame: for he is the minister of God to thee for good. But if thou do that which is evil, be afraid; for he beareth not the fword in vain: for he is the minister of God, a revenger to execute wrath upon him that doeth Wherefore ye must needs be fubject, not only for wrath, but also for conscience sake. For for this caufe pay ye tribute also; for they are God's ministers, attending continually upon this very thing. Render therefore to all their dues; tribute to whom tribute is due, cuftom to whom cuftom, fear to whom fear, honour to whom honour.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. viii. 23. ▲ ND when he was entered into A a fhip, his difciples followed And behold, there arofe a great tempest in the sea, insomuch that the ship was covered with the waves: but he was afleep. And his disciples came to him, and awoke him, faying, Lord, fave us, we perifh. And he faith unto them, Why are ye fearful, O ye of little faith? Then he arofe, and rebuked the winds and the fea, and there was a great calm. But the men marvelled, faying, What manner of man is this, that even the winds and the fea obey him! And when he was come to the other fide into the country of the Gergefenes, there met him two possessed with devils, coming out of the tombs, exceeding fierce, fo that no man might pals by that way. And behold, they cried out, faying, What have we to do with thee, Jefus, thou Son of God? art thou come hither to torment us before the time? And there was a good way off from them an herd of many fwine, feeding. So the devils befought him, faying, If thou caft us out, fuffer us to go away into the herd of fwine. And he faid unto them, Go. And when they were come out, they went into the herd of fwine: and behold, the whole herd of fwine ran violently down a fteep place into the fea, and perished in the waters. And they that kept them fled, and went their ways into the city, and told every thing, and what was befallen to the possessed of the devils. And behold, the whole city came out to meet Jesus: and when they saw him, they besought him, that he would depart out of their coasts.

The fifth Sunday after the Epiphany. The Collect.

Lord, we befeech thee to keep thy Church and houshold continually in thy true religion; that they who do lean only upon the hope of thy heavenly grace may evermore be defended by thy mighty power; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Col. iii. 12.

PUT on therefore, as the elect of God, holy and beloved, bowels of mercies, kindness, humblenefs of mind, meeknefs, longfuffering; forbearing one another, and forgiving one another, if any man have a quarrel against any; even as Christ forgave you, so also do ye. And above all thefe things put on charity, which is the bond of perfectness. And let the peace of God rule in your hearts, to the which also ye are called in one body; and be ye thankful. Let the word of Chrift dwell in you richly in all wifdom, teaching and admonishing one another in plalms, and hymns, and fpiritual fongs, finging with grace in your hearts to the Lord. And whatfoever ye do, in word or deed, do all in the Name of the Lord Jefus, giving thanks to God and the Father by him.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xiii. 24. THE kingdom of heaven is liklened unto a man which fowed good feed in his field. while men flept, his enemy came and fowed tares among the wheat, and went his way. But when the blade was fprung up, and brought forth fruit, then appeared the tares So the fervants of the houfholder came, and faid unto him, Sir, didft not thou fow good feed in thy field? from whence then hath it tares? He faid unto them, An enemy hath done this. The fervants faid unto him, Wilt thou then that we go and gather them up? But he faid, Nay; left while ye gather up the tares, ye root up also the wheat with them. both grow together until the harveft; and in the time of harveft I will fay to the reapers, Gather ye together first the tares, and bind them in bundles to burn them: but gather the wheat into my barn.

The fixth Sundayafter the Epiphany.

The Collect.

O God, whose blessed Son was manifested that he might de-

ftroy the works of the devil, and make us the fons of God, and heirs of eternal life; Grant us, we befeech thee, that, having this hope, we may purify ourfelves, even as he is pure; that, when he shall appear again with power and great glory, we may be made like unto him in his eternal and glorious kingdom; where with thee, O Father, and thee, O Holy Ghost, he liveth and reigneth, ever one God, world without end. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. 1 St. John iii. 1.

D EHOLD, what manner of love **D** the Father hath bestowed upon us, that we fhould be called the fons of God: therefore the world knoweth us not, because it knew him not. Beloved, now are we the fons of God, and it doth not yet appear what we shall be: but we know, that, when he shall appear, we shall be like him; for we shall fee him as he is. And every man that hath this hope in him purifieth himfelf, even as he is pure. ${f W}$ hofoever committeth fin tranfgreffeth also the law: for fin is the transgression of the law. know that he was manifested to take away our fins; and in him is no fin. Whofoever abideth in him finneth not: whofoever finneth hath not feen him, neither known him. Little children, let no man deceive you: he that doeth righteoufnefs is righteous, even as he is righteous. He that committeth fin is of the devil: for the devil finneth from the beginning. For this purpose the Son of God was manifested, that he might destroy the works of the devil.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxiv. 23. THEN if any man shall fay unto you, Lo, here is Chrift, or there; believe it not. For there shall arife false Christs, and false prophets, and fhall flew great figns and wonders; infomuch that (if it were possible) they shall deceive the very elect. Behold, I have told you before. Wherefore, if they fhall fay unto you, Behold, he is in the defert; go not forth: behold, he is in the fecret chambers; believe it not. For as the lightning cometh out of the east, and shineth even unto the west; so shall also the coming of the Son of Man be. For wherefoever the carcafe is, there will the eagles be gathered together. Immediately after the tribulation of those days shall the fun be darkened, and the moon fhall not give her light, and the ftars shall fall from heaven, and the powers of the heavens shall be shaken. And then shall appear the fign of the Son of Man in heaven: and then shall all the tribes of the earth mourn, and they shall see the Son of Man coming in the clouds of heaven, with power and great glory. And he shall fend his angels with a great found of a trumpet, and they shall gather together his elect from the four winds, from one end of heaven to the other.

The Sunday called Septuagefima, or the third Sunday before Lent.

The Collect.

Lord, we befeech thee favourably to hear the prayers of thy people; that we, who are juftly punished for our offences, may be mercifully delivered by thy goodness, for the glory of thy Name; through Jefus Christ our Saviour, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghost, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. ix. 24.

NOW ye not, that they which run in a race run all, but one receiveth the prize? So run that ye may obtain. And every man that ftriveth for the maftery is temperate in all things: now they do it to obtain a corruptible crown, but we an incorruptible. I therefore fo run, not as uncertainly; fo fight I, not as one that beateth the air: but I keep under my body, and bring it into fubjection, left that by any means, when I have preached to others, I myfelf should be a cast-away.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xx. 1. THE kingdom of heaven is like unto a man that is an housholder, which went out early

in the morning to hire labourers into his vineyard. And when he had agreed with the labourers for a peny a day, he fent them into his vineyard. And he went out about the third hour, and faw others ftanding idle in the marketplace, and faid unto them, Go ye alfo into the vineyard, and whatfoever is right I will give you. And they went their way. Again he went out about the fixth and ninth hour, and did likewife. And about the eleventh hour he went out, and found others ftanding idle, and faith unto them, Why ftand ye here all the day idle? They fay unto him, Because no man hath hired us. He faith unto them, Go ye alfo into the vineyard, and whatfoever is right, that fhall ye receive. when even was come, the lord of the vineyard faith unto his fteward, Call the labourers, and give them their hire, beginning from the laft unto the first. And when they came that were hired about the eleventh hour, they received every man a peny. But when the first came, they supposed that they should have received more; and they likewife received every man a peny. And when they had received it, they murmured against the goodman of the house, saying, These laft have wrought but one hour, and thou hast made them equal unto us, which have borne the

burden and heat of the day. But he answered one of them, and said, Friend, I do thee no wrong; didst not thou agree with me for a peny? Take that thine is, and go thy way; I will give unto this last even as unto thee. Is it not lawful for me to do what I will with mine own? Is thine eye evil, because I am good? So the last shall be first, and the first last: for many be called, but few chosen.

The Sunday called Sexagefima, or the fecond Sunday before Lent. The Collect.

O Lord God, who feeft that we put not our trust in any thing that we do; Mercifully grant that by thy power we may be defended against all adversity; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. 2 Cor. xi. 19.

YE fuffer fools gladly, feeing ye yourselves are wise. For ye suffer if a man bring you into bondage, if a man devour you, if a man take of you, if a man exalt himself, if a man finite you on the face. I speak as concerning reproach, as though we had been weak: howbeit, whereinsoever any is bold, (I speak foolishly,) I am bold also. Are they Hebrews? so am I. Are they Israelites? so am I. Are they the feed of Abraham? so am I. Are they ministers of Christ? (I speak as a fool,) I am

more: in labours more abundant; in ftripes above measure; in prifons more frequent; in deaths oft. Of the Jews five times received I forty ftripes fave one; thrice was I beaten with rods; once was I ftoned; thrice I fuffered shipwreck; a night and a day I have been in the deep; in journeying often; in perils of waters; in perils of robbers; in perils by mine own countrymen; in perils by the heathen; in perils in the city; in perils in the wilderness; in perils in the sea; in perils among falfe brethren; in wearinefs and painfulnefs; in watchings often; in hunger and thirst; in fastings often; in cold and nakedness; besides those things that are without, that which cometh upon me daily, the care of all the churches. Who is weak, and I am not weak? who is offended, and I burn not? If I must needs glory, I will glory of the things which concern mine infirmities. The God and Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, which is bleffed for evermore, knoweth that I lie not.

The Gofpel. St. Luke viii. 4.

HEN much people were gathered together, and were come to him out of every city, he fpake by a parable: A fower went out to fow his feed; and as he fowed, fome fell by the way-fide, and it was trodden down, and the fowls of the air devoured it. And fome

fell upon a rock, and as foon as it was fprung up, it withered away, because it lacked moisture. And fome fell among thorns, and the thorns fprang up with it, and choked it. And other fell on good ground, and fprang up, and bare fruit an hundred-fold. And when he had faid thefe things, he cried, He that hath ears to hear, let him hear. And his difciples afked him, faying, What might this parable be? And he faid, Unto you it is given to know the mysteries of the kingdom of God: but to others in parables; that feeing they might not fee, and hearing they might not understand. Now the parable is this: The feed is the Word of God. Those by the way-fide are they that hear; then cometh the devil, and taketh away the word out of their hearts, left they should believe, and be faved. They on the rock are they, which, when they hear, receive the word with joy; and these have no root, which for a while believe, and in time of temptation fall away. And that which fell among thorns, are they, which, when they have heard, go forth, and are choked with cares, and riches, and pleasures of this life, and bring no fruit to perfection. But that on the good ground, are they, which in an honest and good heart, having heard the word, keep it, and bring forth fruit with patience.

The Sunday called Quinquagefima, or the next Sunday before Lent.

The Collect.

Lord, who haft taught us that all our doings without charity are nothing worth; Send thy Holy Ghoft, and pour into our hearts that most excellent gift of charity, the very bond of peace and of all virtues, without which whosever liveth is counted dead before thee: Grant this for thine only Son Jesus Christ's fake. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. xiii. 1.

THOUGH I fpeak with the L tongues of men and of angels, and have not charity, I am become as founding brafs, or a tinkling cymbal. And though I have the gift of prophecy, and understand all mysteries, and all knowledge; and though I have all faith, fo that I could remove mountains, and have no charity, I am nothing. And though I bestow all my goods to feed the poor, and though I give my body to be burned, and have not charity, it profiteth me Charity fuffereth long, nothing. and is kind; charity envieth not; charity vaunteth not itself, is not puffed up, doth not behave itself unfeemly, feeketh not her own, is not eafily provoked, thinketh no evil, rejoiceth not in iniquity, but rejoiceth in the truth; beareth all things, believeth all things, hopeth all things, endureth all things.

Charity never faileth: but whether there be prophecies; they shall fail; whether there be tongues, they fhall ceafe; whether there be knowledge, it shall vanish away. For we know in part, and we prophely in part. But when that which is perfect is come, then that which is in part shall be done away. When I was a child, I fpake as a child, I understood as a child, I thought as a child; but when I became a man, I put away childish things. For now we fee through a glafs darkly; but then face to face: now I know in part; but then shall I know even as alfo I am known. And now abideth faith, hope, charity, thefe three; but the greatest of these is charity.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xviii. 31. THEN Jefus took unto him the L twelve, and faid unto them, Behold, we go up to Jerufalem, and all things that are written by thé prophets concerning the Son of Man shall be accomplished. For he shall be delivered unto the Gentiles, and fhall be mocked, and fpitefully entreated, and fpitted on: and they shall scourge him, and put him to death; and the third day he shall rife again. And they understood none of these things: and this faying was hid from them, neither knew they the things which were fpoken. And it came to pass, that as he was come nigh unto Jericho, a certain blind man fat by the way-fide begging: and hearing the multitude pass by, he asked what it meant. And they told him, that Jefus of Nazareth paffeth by. And he cried, faying, Jefus, thou Son of David, have mercy on me. And they which went before rebuked him, that he should hold his peace: but he cried fo much the more, Thou Son of David, have mercy on me. And Jefus flood, and commanded him to be brought unto him: and when he was come near, he asked him, faying, What wilt thou that I fhould do unto thee? And he faid, Lord, that I may receive my fight. And Jefus faid unto him, Receive thy fight; thy faith hath faved thee. And immediately he received his fight, and followed him, glorifying God: and all the people, when they faw it, gave praife unto God.

The first Day of Lent, commonly called Ash-Wednesday.

The Collect.

ALMIGHTY and everlafting God, who hatest nothing that thou hast made, and dost forgive the fins of all them that are penitent; Create and make in us new and contrite hearts, that we worthily lamenting our fins, and acknowledging our wretchedness, may obtain of thee, the God of all mercy, perfect remission and for-

giveness; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ This Collect is to be read every day in Lent after the Collect appointed for the Day.

For the Epiftle. Joel ii. 12. TURN ye even to me, faith the Lord, with all your heart, and with fafting, and with weeping, and with mourning. And rend your heart, and not your garments, and turn unto the Lord your God: for he is gracious and merciful, flow to anger, and of great kindnefs, and repenteth him of the evil. Who knoweth if he will return. and repent, and leave a bleffing behind him, even a meat-offering and a drink-offering unto the Lord your God? Blow the trumpet in Zion, fanctify a fast, call a folemn affembly, gather the people, fanctify the congregation, affemble the elders, gather the children, and those that fuck the breafts; let the bridegroom go forth of his chamber, and the bride out of her clofet; let the priefts, the ministers of the Lord, weep between the porch and the altar, and let them fay, Spare thy people, O Lord, and give not thine heritage to reproach, that the heathen should rule over them: wherefore should they say among the people, Where is their God?

The Gofpel. St. Matth. vi. 16. WHEN ye fast, be not as the hypocrites, of a fad counte-

nance: for they disfigure their faces, that they may appear unto men to fast. Verily I say unto you, They have their reward. But thou, when thou fafteft, anoint thine head, and wash thy face, that thou appear not unto men to fast, but unto thy Father which is in fecret; and thy Father, which feeth in fecret, shall reward thee openly. Lay not up for yourfelves treasures upon earth, where moth and ruft doth corrupt, and where thieves break through and fteal: but lay up for yourfelves treasures in heaven, where neither moth nor ruft doth corrupt, and where thieves do not break through nor fteal: for where your treafure is, there will your heart be also.

The first Sunday in Lent. The Collect.

Lord, who for our fake didft fast forty days and forty nights; Give us grace to use such abstinence, that, our flesh being subdued to the Spirit, we may ever obey thy godly motions in righteousness, and true holiness, to thy honour and glory, who livest and reignest with the Father and the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. 2 Cor. vi. 1.

WE then, as workers together with him, befeech you also, that ye receive not the grace of

M 2

God in vain; (for he faith, I have heard thee in a time accepted, and in the day of falvation have I fuccoured thee: behold, now is the accepted time; behold, now is the day of falvation;) giving no offence in any thing, that the ministry be not blamed; but in all things approving ourselves as the ministers of God, in much patience, in afflictions, in necessities, in distresses, in stripes, in imprisonments, in tumults, in labours, in watchings, in faftings; by purenefs, by knowledge, by long-fuffering, by kindnefs, by the holy Ghoft, by love unfeigned, by the word of truth, by the power of God, by the armour of righteousness on the right hand and on the left, by honour and dishonour, by evil report and good report; as deceivers, and yet true; as unknown, and yet well known; as dying, and behold, we live; as chaftened, and not killed; as forrowful, yet alway rejoicing; as poor, yet making many rich; as having nothing, and yet possessing all things.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. iv. 1.

THEN was Jefus led up of the Spirit into the wildernefs, to be tempted of the devil. And when he had fafted forty days and forty nights, he was afterward anhungred. And when the tempter came to him, he faid, If thou be the Son of God, command that

thefe ftones be made bread. But he answered and faid, It is written, Man shall not live by bread alone, but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of God. Then the devil taketh him up into the holy city, and fetteth him on a pinnacle of the temple, and faith unto him, If thou be the Son of God, caft thyfelf down; for it is written, He shall give his angels charge concerning thee, and in their hands they shall bear thee up, left at any time thou dash thy foot against a stone. Jesus said unto him, It is written again, Thou fhalt not tempt the Lord thy God! Again, the devil taketh him up inch to an exceeding high mountain, and fleweth him all the kingdoms? of the world, and the glory of them; and faith unto him, All thefe things will I give thee, if thou wilt fall down and worship me. Then saith Jefus unto him, Get thee hence, Satan; for it is written, Thoughalt worship the Lord thy God, and him only fhalt thou ferve. Then the devil leaveth him, and behold, an= gels came and ministered unto him!

The fecond Sunday in Lent.

A LMIGHTY God, who feeft that we have no power of ourfelves to help ourfelves; Keep us both outwardly in our bodies, and inwardly in our fouls; that we may be defended from all adverfities which may happen to the body, and from all evil thoughts which may affault and hurt the foul; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Theff. iv. 1. WE befeech you, brethren, and exhort you by the Lord Jefus, that as ye have received of us how ye ought to walk, and to pleafe God, fo ye would abound more and more. For ye know what commandments we gave you by the Lord Jefus. For this is the will of God, even your fanctification, that we should abstain from fornication; that every one of you fhould know how to poffefs his veffel in fanctification and honour; not in the luft of concupifcence, even as the Gentiles which know not God; that no man go beyond and defraud his brother in any matter; because that the Lord is the avenger of all fuch, as we also have forewarned you, and testified. For God hath not called us unto uncleanness, but unto holiness. He therefore that despiseth despiseth not man, but God, who hath alfo given unto us his holy Spirit.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xv. 21.

ESUS went thence, and departed into the coafts of Tyre and Sidon. And behold, a woman of Canaan came out of the fame coafts, and cried unto him, faying,

Have mercy on me, O Lord, thou Son of David; my daughter is grievously vexed with a devil. But he answered her not a word. And his disciples came and befought: him, faying, Send her away; for the crieth after us. But he and fwered and faid, I am not fent, but unto the loft fleep of the house of Ifrael. Then came she and worshipped him, faying, Lord, help me. But he answered and faid. It is not meet to take the children's bread, and to cast it to dogs. And fhe faid, Truth, Lord; yet the dogs eat of the crumbs which fall from their mafter's table. Then Jefus answered and faid unto her, O woman, great is thy faith: be it unto thee even as thou wilt. And her daughter was made whole from that very hour.

The third Sunday in Lent. The Collect.

God, look upon the hearty defires of thy humble fervants, and stretch forth the right hand of thy Majesty, to be our defence against all our enemies; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. v. 1.

God, as dear children; and walk in love, as Christ also hath loved us, and hath given himself for us, an offering and a facrifice

to God for a fweet-fmelling favour. But fornication, and all uncleannefs, or covetoufnefs, let it not be once named amongst you, as becometh faints; neither filthiness, nor foolifh-talking, nor jefting, which are not convenient; but rather giving of thanks: for this ve know, that no whoremonger, nor unclean perfon, nor covetous man, who is an idolater, hath any inheritance in the kingdom of Christ, and of God. Let no man deceive you with vain words: for because of these things cometh the wrath of God upon the children of difobedience. Be not ye therefore partakers with them: for ye were fometimes darknefs, but now are ye light in the Lord: walk as children of light; (for the fruit of the Spirit is in all goodness, and righteoufnefs, and truth;) proving what is acceptable unto the Lord. And have no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darknefs, but rather reprove them: for it is a shame even to fpeak of those things which are done of them in fecret. But all things that are reproved are made manifest by the light: for whatfoever doth make manifest is light. Wherefore he faith, Awake, thou that fleepeft, and arife from the dead, and Chrift shall give thee light.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xi. 14.

JESUS was cafting out a devil,
and it was dumb. And it came

to pass, when the devil was gone out, the dumb fpake; and the people wondered. But fome of them faid, He cafteth out devils through Beelzebub, the chief of the devils. And others, tempting him, fought of him a fign from heaven. But he, knowing their thoughts, faid unto them, Every kingdom divided against itself is brought to desolation; and a house divided against a house falleth. If Satan also be divided against himself, how shall his kingdom ftand? because we say, that I cast out devils through Beel-And if I by Beelzebub cast out devils, by whom do your fons caft them out? therefore shall they be your judges. But if I with the finger of God cast out devils, no doubt the kingdom of God is come upon you. When a ftrong man armed keepeth his palace, his goods are in peace; but when a stronger than he shall come upon him, and overcome him, he taketh from him all his armour wherein he trufted, and divideth his fpoils. He that is not with me is against me: and he that gathereth not with me fcattereth. When the unclean fpirit is gone out of a man, he walketh through dry places, feeking reft; and finding none, he faith, I will return unto my house whence I came out. And when he cometh, he findeth it fwept and garnished. Then goeth he and taketh to him

feven other fpirits more wicked than himfelf, and they enter in, and dwell there; and the last state of that man is worse than the first. And it came to pass, as he spake these things, a certain woman of the company lift up her voice, and said unto him, Blessed is the womb that bare thee, and the paps which thou hast sucked. But he said, Yea rather, blessed are they that hear the Word of God, and keep it.

The fourth Sunday in Lent.
The Collect.

RANT, we befeech thee, Almighty God, that we, who for our evil deeds do worthily deferve to be punished, by the comfort of thy grace may mercifully be relieved; through our Lord and Saviour Jefus Christ. Amen.

The Epiftle. Gal. iv. 21.

TELL me, ye that defire to be under the law, do ye not hear the law? For it is written, that Abraham had two fons, the one by a bond-maid, the other by a free-woman. But he who was of the bond-woman was born after the flesh; but he of the free-woman was by promise. Which things are an allegory: for these are the two covenants; the one from the mount Sinai, which gendereth to bondage, which is Agar. For this Agar is mount Sinai in Arabia, and answereth to Jerusalem which now

is, and is in bondage with her children. But Jerufalem which is above is free; which is the mother of us all. For it is written, Rejoice, thou barren that beareft not; break forth and cry, thou that travaileft not: for the defolate hath many more children than fhe which hath an husband. Now we, brethren, as Ifaac was, are the children of promife. But as then he that was born after the flesh persecuted him that was born after the Spirit; even fo it is now. Nevertheless, what faith the Scripture? Cast out the bond-woman and her fon; for the fon of the bond-woman shall not be heir with the fon of the freewoman. So then, brethren, we are not children of the bond-woman, but of the free.

The Gospel. St. John vi. 1.

TESUS went over the fea of Galilee, which is the fea of Tiberias. And a great multitude followed him, because they saw his miracles which he did on them that were difeafed. And Jefus went up into a mountain, and there he fat with his disciples. And the Passover, a feaft of the Jews, was nigh. When Jefus then lift up his eyes, and faw a great company come unto him, he faith unto Philip, Whence fhall we buy bread, that these may eat? (And this he said to prove him; for he himfelf knew what he would do.) Philip answer-

ed him, Two hundred peny-worth of bread is not fufficient for them. that every one of them may take a little. One of his disciples, Andrew, Simon Peter's brother, faith unto him, There is a lad here, which hath five barley loaves, and two fmall fishes: but what are they among fo many? And Jefus faid, Make the men fit down. Now there was much grafs in the place. So the men fat down, in number about five thousand. And Jesus took the loaves, and when he had given thanks he distributed to the disciples, and the disciples to them that were fet down; and likewife of the fishes as much as they would. When they were filled, he faid unto his disciples, Gather up the fragments that remain, that nothing be loft. Therefore they gathered them together, and filled twelve balkets with the fragments of the five barley-loaves, which remained over and above unto them that had eaten. Then those men, when they had feen the miracle that Jefus did, faid, This is of a truth that Prophet that should come into the world.

The fifth Sunday in Lent.
The Collect.

WE befeech thee, Almighty God, mercifully to look upon thy people; that by thy great

goodness they may be governed and preserved evermore, both in body and soul; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. Heb. ix. 11.

CHRIST being come an High Prieft of good things to come, by a greater and more perfect tabernacle, not made with hands; that is to fay, not of this building; neither by the blood of goats and calves; but by his own blood he entered in once into the holy place, having obtained eternal redemption for us. For if the blood of bulls and of goats, and the ashes of an heifer fprinkling the unclean, fanctifieth to the purifying of the flesh; how much more shall the blood of Chrift, who, through the eternal Spirit, offered himfelf without fpot to God, purge your conscience from dead works to ferve the living God? And for this cause he is the Mediator of the new testament, that by means of death, for the redemption of the transgressions that were under the first testament, they which are called might receive the promife of eternal inheritance.

The Gofpel. St. John viii. 46.

JESUS faid, Which of you convinceth me of fin? and if I fay the truth, why do ye not believe me? He that is of God heareth God's words; ye therefore hear them not, because ye are not of

God. Then answered the Jews, and faid unto him, Say we not well, that thou art a Samaritan, and haft a devil? Jefus answered, I have not a devil; but I honour my Father, and ye do dishonour me. And I feek not mine own glory; there is one that feeketh and judgeth. Verily, verily, I fay unto you, If a man keep my faying, he shall never fee death. Then said the Jews unto him, Now we know that thou hast a devil: Abraham is dead, and the prophets; and thou fayeft, If a man keep my faying, he shall never taste of death. Art thou greater than our father Abraham, which is dead? and the prophets are dead: whom makeft thou thyfelf? Jefus answered, If I honour myfelf, my honour is nothing; it is my Father that honoureth me, of whom ye fay, that he is your God: yet ye have not known him; but I know him: and if I should fay, I know him not, I shall be a liar like unto you; but I know him, and keep his faying. Your father Abraham rejoiced to fee my day, and he faw it, and was glad. Then faid the Jews unto him, Thou art not yet fifty years old, and haft thou feen Abraham? Jefus faid unto them, Verily, verily, I fay unto you, before Abraham was, I am. Then took they up ftones to cast at him: but Jefus hid himfelf, and went out of the temple.

The Sunday next before Eafter.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everlafting Gou, who, of thy tender love towards mankind, haft fent thy Son, our Saviour Jefus Chrift, to take upon him our flesh, and to fuffer death upon the crofs, that all mankind should follow the example of his great humility; Mercifully grant, that we may both follow the example of his patience, and also be made partakers of his refurrection; through the same Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Phil. ii. 5.

LET this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus: who, being in the form of God, thought it not robbery to be equal with God; but made himfelf of no reputation, and took upon him the form of a fervant, and was made in the likenefs of men: and being found in fashion as a man, he humbled himfelf, and became obedient unto death, even the death of the crofs. Wherefore God also hath highly exalted him, and given him a Name which is above every name; that at the Name of Jefus every knee should bow, of things in heaven, and things in earth, and things under the earth; and that every tongue should confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxvii. 1. WHEN the morning was come, all the chief priefts and elders of the people took counfel against Jesus, to put him to death. And when they had bound him, they led him away, and delivered him to Pontius Pilate the governour. Then Judas who had betrayed him, when he faw that he was condemned, repented himfelf, and brought again the thirty pieces of filver to the chief priefts and elders, faying, I have finned, in that I have betrayed the innocent blood. And they faid, What is that to us? fee thou to that. And he caft down the pieces of filver in the temple, and departed, and went and hanged himfelf. And the chief priefts took the filver pieces, and faid, It is not lawful for to put them into the treafury, because it is the price of blood. And they took counfel, and bought with them the potter's field, to bury ftrangers in. Wherefore that field was called, The field of blood, unto this day. (Then was fulfilled that which was fpoken by Jeremy the prophet, faying, And they took the thirty pieces of filver, the price of him that was valued, whom they of the children of Ifrael did value, and gave them for the potter's field, as the Lord appointed me.) And Jefus flood before the governour; and the governour afked him, fay-

ing, Art thou the King of the Jews? And Jefus faid unto him, Thou fayeft. And when he was accufed of the chief priefts and elders, he answered nothing. Then faith Pilate unto him, Hearest thou not how many things they witness against thee? And he answered him to never a word, infomuch that the governour marvelled greatly. Now at that feaft the governour was wont to release unto the people a prifoner, whom they would. And they had then a notable prifoner, called Barabbas. Therefore when they were gathered together, Pilate faid unto them, Whom will ye that I release unto you? Barabbas, or Jefus which is called Christ? For he knew that for envy they had delivered him. When he was fet down on the judgement-feat, his wife fent unto him, faying, Have thou nothing to do with that just man: for I have suffered many things this day in a dream because of him. But the chief priefts and elders perfuaded the multitude that they should ask Barabbas, and deftroy Jefus. The governour anfwered and faid unto them, When ther of the twain will ye that I releafe unto you? They faid, Bat rabbas. Pilate faith unto them What shall I do then with Jefus, which is called Christ? They all fay unto him, Let him be crucified. And the governour faid, Why,

what evil hath he done? But they cried out the more, faying, Let him be crucified. When Pilate faw that he could prevail nothing, but that rather a tumult was made, he took water, and washed his hands before the multitude, faying, I am innocent of the blood of this just perfon: fee ye to it. Then answered all the people, and faid, His blood be on us, and on our children. Then released he Barabbas unto them: and when he had fcourged Jefus he delivered him to be crucified. Then the foldiers of the governour took Jesus into the common hall, and gathered unto him the whole band of foldiers. And they stripped him, and put on him a fearlet robe. And when they had platted a crown of thorns they put it upon his head, and a reed in his right hand: and they bowed the knee before him, and mocked him, faying, Hail, King of the Jews. And they fpit upon him, and took the reed, and fmote him on the head. And after that they had mocked him they took the robe off from him, and put his own raiment on him, and led him away to crucify him. And as they came out they found a man of Cyrene, Simon by name; him they compelled to bear his crofs. And when they were come unto a place called Golgotha, that is to fay, a place of a fcull, they gave him vinegar

to drink mingled with gall: and when he had tafted thereof, he would not drink. And they crucified him, and parted his garments, cafting lots: that it might be fulfilled, which was spoken by the prophet, They parted my garments among them, and upon my vefture did they caft lots. And fitting down they watched him there; and fet up over his head his accufation written, THIS IS JESUS THE KING OF THE JEWS. were there two thieves crucified with him; one on the right hand, and another on the left. And they that paffed by reviled him, wagging their heads, and faying, Thou that destroyest the temple, and buildest it in three days, fave thyself: if thou be the Son of God, come down from the crofs. Likewife alfo the chief priefts mocking him, with the scribes and elders, faid. He faved others, himfelf he cannot fave: if he be the King of Ifrael, let him now come down from the crofs, and we will believe him. He trufted in God; let him deliver him now, if he will have him: for he faid, I am the Son of God. The thieves also, which were crucified with him, cast the same in his teeth. Now from the fixth hour there was darkness over all the land unto the ninth hour. And about the ninth hour Jefus cried with a loud voice, faying, Eli, Eli, lama fabachthani?

N 2

that is to fay, My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me? Some of them that flood there, when they heard that, faid, This man calleth for Elias. And straightway one of them ran, and took a fpunge, and filled it with vinegar, and put it on a reed, and gave him to drink. The rest said, Let be, let us see whether Elias will come to fave him. Jefus, when he had cried again with a loud voice, yielded up the ghoft. And behold, the vail of the temple was rent in twain from the top to the bottom, and the earth did quake, and the rocks rent, and the graves were opened, and many bodies of faints which flept arofe, and came out of the graves after his refurrection, and went into the holy city, and appeared unto many. Now when the centurion, and they that were with him, watching Jefus, faw the earthquake, and those things that were done, they feared greatly, faying, Truly this was the Son of God.

Monday before Eafter.

For the Epiftle. Ifaiah lxiii. 1.

HO is this that cometh from Edom, with dyed garments from Bozrah? this that is glorious in his apparel, travelling in the greatness of his strength? I that speak in righteousness, mighty to save. Wherefore art thou red in thine apparel, and thy garments

like him that treadeth in the winefat? I have trodden the wine-prefs alone, and of the people there was none with me: for I will tread them in mine anger, and trample them in my fury, and their blood shall be sprinkled upon my garments, and I will ftain all my raiment. For the day of vengeance is in mine heart, and the year of my redeemed is come. looked, and there was none to help; and I wondered that there was none to uphold: therefore mine own arm brought falvation unto me, and my fury it upheld me. And I will tread down the people in mine anger, and make them drunk in my fury, and I will bring down their ftrength to the earth. I will mention the loving-kindneffes of the Lord, and the praifes of the Lord, according to all that the Lord hath bestowed on us, and the great goodness towards the house of Ifrael, which he hath bestowed on them, according to his mercies, and according to the multitude of his loving-kindneffes. For he faid, Surely they are my people, children that will not lie: fo he was their Saviour. In all their affliction he was afflicted, and the angel of his prefence faved them: in his love, and in his pity, he redeemed them, and he bare them, and carried them all the days of old. But they rebelled, and vexed his Holy Spirit; therefore he was turned to be their enemy, and he fought against them. Then he remembered the days of old, Mofes and his people, faying, Where is he that brought them up out of the fea with the shepherd of his flock? where is he that put his Holy Spirit within him? that led them by the right hand of Mofes, with his glorious arm, dividing the water before them, to make himself an everlasting Name? that led them through the deep as an horse in the wilderness, that they should not stumble? As a beast goeth down into the valley, the Spirit of the Lord caused him to reft: fo didft thou lead thy people, to make thyfelf a glorious Name. Look down from heaven, and behold from the habitation of thy holinefs, and of thy glory: where is thy zeal, and thy strength, the founding of thy bowels, and of thy mercies towards me? Are they restrained? Doubtless thou art our Father, though Abraham be ignorant of us, and Ifrael acknowledge us not: Thou, O Lord, art our Father, our Redeemer, thy Name is from everlafting. O Lord, why haft thou made us to err from thy ways? and hardened our hearts from thy fear? Return for thy feryants' fake, the tribes of thine inheritance. The people of thy holiness have possessed it but a little while: our adversaries have trodden down thy fanctuary. We are thine: thou never bareft rule over them; they were not called by thy Name.

The Gofpel. St. Mark xiv. 1.

▲ FTER two days was the feaft A of the Paffover, and of unleavened bread: and the chief priefts and the feribes fought how they might take him by craft, and put him to death. But they faid, Not on the feaft-day, left there be an uproar of the people. And being in Bethany, in the house of Simon the leper, as he fat at meat, there came a woman having an alabafter box of ointment of fpikenard, very precious; and she brake the box, and poured it on his head. And there were fome that had indignation within themselves, and said, Why was this wafte of the ointment made? for it might have been fold for more than three hundred pence, and have been given to the poor: and they murmured against her. And Jefus faid, Let her alone; why trouble ye her? fhe hath wrought a good work on me: for ye have the poor with you always, and whenfoever ye will ye may do them good; but me ye have not always. She hath done what she could; she is come aforehand to anoint my body to the burying. Verily I fay unto you, Wherefoever this Gofpel fhall be preached throughout the whole world, this also that she hath

done shall be spoken of for a memorial of her. And Judas Iscariot, one of the twelve, went unto the chief priefts to betray him unto And when they heard it they were glad, and promifed to give him money. And he fought how he might conveniently betray him. And the first day of unleavened bread, when they killed the paffover, his disciples said unto him, Where wilt thou that we go and prepare, that thou mayest eat the paffover? And he fendeth forth two of his disciples, and faith unto them, Go ye into the city, and there shall meet you a man bearing a pitcher of water; follow him: And wherefoever he shall go in, fay ye to the good-man of the house, The Mafter faith, Where is the gueftchamber, where I shall eat the passover with my disciples? And he will shew you a large upper room furnished, and prepared: there make ready for us. And his difciples went forth, and came into the city, and found as he had faid unto them: and they made ready the paffover. And in the evening he cometh with the twelve. as they fat, and did eat, Jefus faid, Verily I fay unto you, One of you which eateth with me shall betray And they began to be forrowful, and to fay unto him one by one, Is it I? and another faid, Is it I? And he answered and faid

unto them, It is one of the twelve that dippeth with me in the dish. The Son of Man indeed goeth, as it is written of him: but wo to that man by whom the Son of Man is betrayed: good were it for that man if he had never been born. And as they did eat, Jefus took bread, and bleffed, and brake it, and gave to them, and faid, Take, eat: this is my body. And he took the cup, and when he had given thanks he gave it to them: and they all drank of it. And he faid unto them, This is my blood of the new testament, which is shed for many. Verily I fay unto you, I will drink no more of the fruit of the vine, until that day that I drink it new in the Kingdom of God. And when they had fung an hymn they went out into the mount of Olives. And Jefus faith unto them, All ve shall be offended because of me this night: for it is written, I will finite the shepherd, and the sheep shall be feathered. But, after that I am rifen I will go before you into Galilee. But Peter faid unto him, Although all shall be offended, yet will not I. And Jefus faith unto him, Verily I fay unto thee, That this day, even in this night, before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice. But he spake the more vehemently, If I should die with thee, I will not deny thee in any wife. Likewife also said

they all. And they came to a place which was named Gethfemane: and he faith to his disciples, Sit ye here, while I shall pray. And he taketh with him Peter, and James, and John, and began to be fore amazed, and to be very heavy, and faith unto them, My foul is exceeding forrowful unto death; tarry ye here, and watch. And he went forward a little, and fell on the ground, and prayed, that, if it were possible, the hour might pass from him. he faid, Abba, Father, all things are possible unto thee; take away this cup from me; nevertheless, not what I will, but what thou wilt. And he cometh and findeth them fleeping, and faith unto Peter, Simon, fleepest thou? couldest not thou watch one hour? Watch ye and pray, left ye enter into temptation: the spirit truly is ready, but the flesh is weak. And again he went away, and prayed, and fpake the fame words. And when he returned he found them afleep again, (for their eyes were heavy,) neither wift they what to answer him. And he cometh the third time, and faith unto them, Sleep on now, and take your rest: it is enough, the hour is come; behold, the Son of Man is betrayed into the hands of finners. Rife up, let us go; lo, he that betrayeth me is at hand. And immediately, while

the twelve, and with him a great multitude with fwords and flaves. from the chief priefts, and the fcribes, and the elders. that betrayed him had given them a token, faying, Whomfoever I fhall kifs, that fame is he; take him, and lead him away fafely. And as foon as he was come he goeth straightway to him, and faith, Mafter, mafter; and kiffed him. And they laid their hands on him, and took him. And one of them that flood by drew a fword, and fmote a fervant of the high prieft, and cut off his ear. And Jefus answered, and faid unto them, Are ye come out as againft a thief, with fwords and with ftaves, to take me? I was daily with you in the temple teaching, and ye took me not: but the Scriptures must be fulfilled. And they all forfook him, and fled. And there followed him a certain young man, having a linen cloth cast about his naked body; and the young men laid hold on him: and he left the linen cloth, and fled from them naked. And they led Jefus away to the high prieft: and with him were affembled all the chief priefts, and the elders, and the fcribes. And Peter followed him afar off, even into the palace of the high prieft; and he fat with the fervants, and warmed himself at the fire. And the chief he yet spake, cometh Judas, one of priests and all the council fought

for witness against Jesus to put him to death; and found none. many bare falfe witness against him, but their witness agreed not together. And there arose certain, and bare false witness against him, faying, We heard him fay, I will deftroy this temple that is made with hands, and within three days I will build another made without hands. But neither fo did their witness agree together. And the high prieft flood up in the midft, and asked Jesus, faying, Answerest thou nothing? what is it which these witness against thee? But he held his peace, and answered no-Again the high prieft afked him, and faid unto him, Art thou the Chrift, the Son of the Bleffed? And Jefus faid, I am; and ye shall see the Son of Man fitting on the right hand of power, and coming in the clouds of hea-Then the high prieft rent his clothes, and faith, What need we any further witnesses? ye have heard the blasphemy: what think ye? And they all condemned him to be guilty of death. And fome began to fpit on him, and to cover his face, and to buffet him, and to fay unto him, Prophefy: and the fervants did ftrike him with the palms of their hands. And as Peter was beneath in the palace there cometh one of the maids of the high prieft; and when the faw Peter

warming himfelf fhe looked upon him, and faid, And thou also wast with Jefus of Nazareth. But he denied, faying, I know not, neither understand I what thou sayest. And he went out into the porch; and the cock crew. And a maid faw him again, and began to fay to them that flood by, This is one of And he denied it again. And a little after, they that flood by faid again to Peter, Surely thou art one of them; for thou art a Galilean, and thy fpeech agreeth But he began to curfe and to fwear, faying, I know not this man of whom ye fpeak. And the fecond time the cock crew. And Peter called to mind the word that Jesus said unto him, Before the cock crow twice, thou shalt deny me thrice. And when he thought thereon, he wept.

Tuefday before Easter.
For the Epistle. Isaiah l. 5.

mine ear, and I was not rebellious, neither turned away back. I gave my back to the fmiters, and my cheeks to them that plucked off the hair: I hid not my face from fhame and fpitting. For the Lord God will help me, therefore fhall I not be confounded: therefore have I fet my face like a flint, and I know that I shall not be ashamed. He is near that justifieth

me; who will contend with me? Let us ftand together; who is mine adverfary? let him come near to me. Behold, the Lord God will help me; who is he that shall condemn me? Lo, they all shall wax old as a garment: the moth shall eat them up. Who is among you that feareth the Lord, that obeyeth the voice of his fervant, that walketh in darknefs, and hath no light? let him trust in the Name of the Lord, and ftay upon his God. Behold, all ye that kindle a fire, that compals yourselves about with fparks; walk in the light of your fire, and in the sparks that ye have kindled. This shall ye have of mine hand, ye shall lie down in forrow.

The Gofpel. St. Mark xv. 1. ND ftraightway in the morn-A ing the chief priefts held a confultation with the elders, and fcribes, and the whole council, and bound Jefus, and carried him away, and delivered him to Pilate. And Pilate asked him, Art thou the King of the Jews? And he answering faid unto him, Thou fayeft it. And the chief priefts accufed him of many things: but he answered nothing. And Pilate asked him again, faying, Answerest thou nothing? behold how many things they witnefs against thee. But Jesus yet answered nothing: fo that Pilate Now at that feaft he marvelled.

released unto them one prisoner, whomfoever they defired. And there was one named Barabbas, which lay bound with them that had made infurrection with him, who had committed murder in the infurrection. And the multitude, crying aloud, began to defire him to do as he had ever done unto them. But Pilate answered them, faying, Will ye that I release unto you the King of the Jews? For he knew that the chief priests had delivered him for envy. But the chief priefts moved the people, that he thould rather releafe Barabbas un-And Pilate answered, to them. and faid again unto them, What will ye then that I shall do unto him whom ye call the King of the Jews? And they cried out again, Crucify him. Then Pilate faid unto them, Why, what evil hath he done? And they cried out the more exceedingly, Crucify him. And fo Pilate, willing to content the people, releafed Barabbas unto them, and delivered Jesus, when he had fcourged him, to be crucified. And the foldiers led him away into the hall, called Prætorium; and they call together the whole band. And they clothed him with purple, and platted a crown of thorns, and put it about his head: and began to falute him, Hail, King of the Jews. And they fmote him on the head with a reed, and did fpit upon him.

and bowing their knees worshipped him. And when they had mocked him they took off the purple from him, and put his own clothes on him, and led him out to crucify him. And they compel one Simon a Cyrenian, who paffed by, coming out of the country, the father of Alexander and Rufus, to bear his crofs. And they bring him unto the place Golgotha, which is, being interpreted, The place of a fcull. And they gave him to drink wine mingled with myrrh; but he received it not. And when they had crucified him they parted his garments, cafting lots upon them, what every man should take. And it was the third hour, and they crucified him. And the fuperfcription of his accufation was written over, THE KING OF THE JEWS. And with him they crucify two thieves, the one on his right hand, and the other on his left. And the feripture was fulfilled, which faith, And he was numbered with the transgressors. And they that passed by railed on him, wagging their heads, and faying, Ah, thou that destroyest the temple, and buildeft it in three days, fave thyfelf, and come down from the crofs. Likewife also the chief priefts mocking faid among themselves, with the scribes, He faved others; himself he cannot Let Christ the King of Is-

rael descend now from the cross. that we may fee and believe. And they that were crucified with him And when the fixth reviled him. hour was come, there was darknefs over the whole land until the ninth hour. And at the ninth hour Jefus cried with a loud voice, faying, Eloi, Eloi, lama fabachthani? which is, being interpreted, My God, my God, why haft thou forfaken me? And fome of them that ftood by, when they heard it, faid, Behold, he calleth Elias. And one ran and filled a fpunge full of vinegar, and put it on a reed, and gave him to drink, faying, Let alone; let us fee whether Elias will come to take him down. And Jesus cried with a loud voice, and gave up the ghoft. And the vail of the temple was rent in twain from the top to the bottom. And when the centurion, which flood over against him, faw that he fo cried out, and gave up the ghoft, he faid, Truly this man was the Son of God.

Wednesday before Easter.

The Epistle. Hebrews ix. 16.

WHERE a testament is, there must also of necessity be the death of the testator: for a testament is of force after mentare dead; otherwise it is of no strength at all whilst the testator liveth. Where upon, neither the first testament was dedicated without blood: for

when Mofes had fpoken every precept to all the people, according to the law, he took the blood of calves and of goats, with water, and fearlet wool, and hyffop, and fprinkled both the book, and all the people, faying, This is the blood of the testament, which God hath enjoined unto you. Moreover, he fprinkled with blood both the tabernacle, and all the veffels of the ministry. And almost all things are by the law purged with blood; and without fledding of blood is no remiffion. It was therefore necesfary that the patterns of things in the heavens flould be purified with thefe; but the heavenly things themselves with better facrifices than thefe. For Christ is not entered into the holy places made with hands, which are the figures of the true, but into heaven itself, now to appear in the prefence of God for us; nor yet that he should offer himself often, as the high prieft entereth into the holy place every year with blood of others: for then must be often have suffered fince the foundation of the world; but now once in the end of the world hath he appeared to put away fin by the facrifice of himfelf. And as it is appointed unto men once to die, but after this the judgement: fo Christ was once offered to bear the fins of many; and unto them that look for him

fhall he appear the fecond time without fin unto falvation.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xxii. 1. OW the feaft of unleavened bread drew nigh, which is called the Paffover. And the chief priefts and fcribes fought how they might kill him; for they feared the people. Then entered Satan into Judas furnamed Iscariot, being of the number of the twelve. And he went his way, and communed with the chief priefts and captains; how he might betray him unto them. And they were glad, and covenanted to give him money. And he promifed, and fought opportunity to betray him unto them in the absence of the multitude. Then came the day of unleavened bread, when the paffover must be killed. And he fent Peter and John, faying, Go and prepare us the paffover, that we may eat. And they faid unto him, Where wilt thou that we prepare? And he faid unto them, Behold, when ye are entered into the city, there shall a man meet you, bearing a pitchér of water; follow him into the house where he entereth in. And ye shall fay unto the good-man of the house, The Mafter faith unto thee, Where is the guest-chamber, where I shall eat the paffover with my disciples? And he shall shew you a large upper room furnished; there make ready. And they went, and found

O 2

as he had faid unto them: and they made ready the passover. when the hour was come he fat down, and the twelve Apostles with him. And he faid unto them, With defire I have defired to eat this paffover with you before I fuffer: for I fay unto you, I will not any more eat thereof, until it be fulfilled in the Kingdom of God. And he took the cup, and gave thanks, and faid, Take this, and divide it among vourfelves. For I fay unto you, I will not drink of the fruit of the vine, until the Kingdom of God shall come. And he took bread, and gave thanks, and brake it, and gave unto them, faying, This is my body, which is given for you: this do in remembrance of me. Likewife also the cup after supper, faying, This cup is the new testament in my blood, which is fhed for you. But behold, the hand of him that betrayeth me is with me on the table. And truly the Son of Man goeth as it was determined; but we unto that man by whom he is betrayed. And they began to enquire among themselves, which of them it was that fhould do this thing. And there was also a strife among them, which of them should be accounted the greatest. And he faid unto them, The kings of the Gentiles exercife lordfhip over them, and they that exercise authority upon them are called bene-

factors. But ye shall not be so: but he that is greatest among you, let him be as the younger; and he that is chief, as he that doth ferve. For whether is greater, he that fitteth at meat, or he that ferveth? is not he that fitteth at meat? but I am among you as he that ferveth. Ye are they which have continued with me in my temptations. And I appoint unto you a kingdom, as my Father hath appointed unto me; that ye may eat and drink at my table in my kingdom, and fit on thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Ifrael. And the Lord faid, Simon, Simon, behold, Satan hath defired to have you, that he may fift you as wheat: but I have prayed for thee, that thy faith fail not; and when thou art converted, strengthen thy bre-And he faid unto him; Lord, I am ready to go with thee both into prison and to death. And he faid, I tell thee, Peter, the cock fhall not crow this day, before that thou fhalt thrice deny that thou And he faid unto knowest me. them, When I fent you without purfe, and fcrip, and fhoes, lacked ye any thing? And they faid, Nothing. Then faid he unto them, But now, he that hath a purfe, let him take it, and likewife his fcrip: and he that hath no fword, let him fell his garment, and buy one. For I fay unto you, That this that is written must yet be accomplished in me, And he was reckoned among the transgressors: for the things concerning me have an end. And they faid, Lord, behold, here are two fwords. And he faid unto them, It is enough. And he came out, and went, as he was wont, to the mount of Olives, and his difciples alfo followed him. And when he was at the place, he faid unto them, Pray, that ye enter not into temptation. And he was withdrawn from them about a ftone's caft, and kneeled down and prayed, faying, Father, if thou be willing, remove this cup from me: neverthelefs, not my will, but thine be done. And there appeared an angel unto him from heaven, ftrengthening him. And being in an agony, he prayed more earneftly; and his fweat was as it were great drops of blood falling down to the ground. And when he rose up from prayer, and was come to his disciples, he found them fleeping for forrow, and faid unto them, Why fleep ye? rife and pray, left ye enter into temptation. And while he yet fpake, behold, a multitude, and he that was called Judas, one of the twelve, went before them, and drew near unto Jefus to kifs him. But Jefus faid unto him, Judas, betrayeft thou the Son of Man with a kifs? When they who were about him faw what would follow,

they faid unto him, Lord, shall we finite with the fword? And one of them fmote the fervant of the high priest, and cut off his right ear. And Jefus answered and faid, Suffer ye thus far. And he touched his ear, and healed him. Then Jefus faid unto the chief priefts, and captains of the temple, and the elders who were come to him, Be ye come out as against a thief, with fwords and ftaves? When I was daily with you in the temple, ye ftretched forth no hands against me: but this is your hour, and the power of darknefs. Then took they him, and led him, and brought him into the high prieft's houfe: and Peter followed afar off. And when they had kindled a fire in the midft of the hall, and were fet down together, Peter fat down among them. But a certain maid beheld him, as he fat by the fire, and earneftly looked upon him, and faid, This man was also with him. And he denied him, faying, Woman, I know him not. And after a little while another faw him, and faid, Thou art also of them. And Peter faid, Man, I am not. And about the fpace of one hour after, another confidently affirmed, faying, Of a truth this fellow also was with him; for he is a Galilean. And Peter faid, Man, I know not what thou fayeft. And immediately, while he yet fpake, the cock crew. And the

Lord turned, and looked upon Peter: and Peter remembered the word of the Lord, how he had faid unto him, Before the cock-crow, thou fhalt deny me thrice. And Peter went out, and wept bitterly. And the men that held Jefus mocked him, and fmote him. And when they had blindfolded him, they ftruck him on the face, and asked him, saying, Prophesy, who is it that fmote thee? And many other things blafphemoutly fpake they against him. And as foon as it was day, the elders of the people, and the chief priefts, and the fcribes, came together, and led him into their council, faying, Art thou the Chrift? tell us. And he faid unto them, If I tell you, ye will not believe: and if I also ask you, ye will not answer me, nor let me go. Hereafter shall the Son of Man fit on the right hand of the power of God. Then faid they all, Art thou then the Son of God? And he faid unto them, Ye fay And they faid, What that I am: need we any further witness? for we ourfelves have heard of his own mouth.

> Thurfday before Easter. The Epistle. 1 Cor. xi. 17.

IN this that I declare unto you, I praife you not; that ye come together not for the better, but for the worfe. For first of all, when

ve come together in the church, I hear that there be divisions among you, and I partly believe it. there must be also herefies among you, that they who are approved may be made manifest among you. When ye come together therefore into one place, this is not to eat the Lord's supper: for in eating every one taketh before other his own fupper; and one is hungry; and another is drunken. What, have ve not houses to eat and to drink in? or despise ve the church of God, and shame them that have not? What shall I fay to you? shall I praife you in this? I praife you not. For I have received of the Lord that which also I delivered unto you, That the Lord Jefus, the fame night in which he was betrayed, took bread; and when he had given thanks, he brake it, and faid, Take, eat; this is my body, which is broken for you: this do in remembrance of me. After the fame manner also he took the cup, when he had fupped, faying, This cup is the new testament in my blood: this do ye, as oft as ye drink it, in remembrance of me. For as often as ye eat this bread, and drink this cup, ye do shew the Lord's death till he come. Wherefore, whofoever shall eat this bread, and drink this cup of the Lord, unworthily, shall be guilty of the body and blood of the Lord. But

let a man examine himself, and fo let him eat of that bread, and drink of that cup. For he that eateth and drinketh unworthily eateth and drinketh damnation to himfelf, not differing the Lord's body. For this cause many are weak and fickly among you, and many fleep. For if we would judge ourfelves, we should not be judged. But when we are judged, we are chaftened of the Lord, that we should not be condemned with the world. Wherefore, my brethren, when ye come together to eat; tarry one for another. And if any man hunger, let him eat at home; that we come not together unto condemnation. And the rest will I fet in order when I come.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xxiii. 1. HE whole multitude of them arofe, and led him unto Pilate. And they began to accuse him, faying, We found this fellow perverting the nation, and forbidding to give tribute to Cæfar, faying, That he himself is Christ a King. And Pilate afked him, faying, Art thou the King of the Jews? And he answered him, and faid, Thou fayeft it. Then faid Pilate to the chief priefts, and to the people, I find no fault in this man. And they were the more fierce, faying, He stirreth up the people, teaching throughout all Jewry, beginning from Galilee to this place. When

Pilate heard of Galilee, he asked whether the man were a Galilean. And as foon as he knew that he belonged unto Herod's jurifdiction, he fent him to Herod, who himfelf was also at Jerufalem at that time. And when Herod faw Jefus he was exceeding glad; for he was defirous to fee him of a long feafon, because he had heard many things of him; and he hoped to have feen fonce miracle done by him. Then he questioned with him in many words; but he answered him no? thing. And the chief priefts and fcribes ftood and vehemently accufed him. And Herod with his men of war fet him at nought, and mocked him, and arrayed him in a gorgeous robe, and fent him again to Pilate. And the fame day Pilate and Herod were made friends together; for before they were at enmity between themselves: And Pilate, when he had called together the chief priefts, and the rulers, and the people, faid unto them, Ye have brought this man unto me, as one that perverteth the people: and behold, I, having examined him before you, have found no fault in this man touching those things whereof ye accuse him: No, nor yet Herod: for I fent you to him; and lo, nothing worthy of death is done unto him. I will therefore chaftife him, and release him. For of necessity he must release one

unto them at the feaft. And they cried out all at once, faying, Away with this man, and release unto us Barabbas: (who for a certain fedition made in the city, and for murder, was cast into prison.) Pilate therefore, willing to releafe Jefus, fpake again to them. But they cried, faying, Crucify him, crucify him. And he faid unto them the third time, Why, what evil hath he done? I have found no cause of death in him: I will therefore chaftife him, and let him go. And they were infant with loud voices, requiring that he might be crucified: and the voices of them and of the chief priefts prevailed. And Pilate gave fentence that it should be as they required. And he releafed unto them him that for fedition and murder was caft into prison, whom they had defired; but he delivered Jefus to their will. And as they led him away, they laid hold upon one Simon a Cyrenian, coming out of the country, and on him they laid the crofs, that he might bear it after Jefus. there followed him a great company of people, and of women, which also bewailed and lamented him. But Jefus, turning unto them, faid, Daughters of Jerufalem, weep not for me, but weep for yourfelves, and for your children. For behold, the days are coming, in the which they shall fay, Bleffed are the barren, and the wombs that never bare, and the paps which never gave fuck. Then shall they begin to fay to the mountains, Fall on us; and to the hills, Cover us. For if they do thefe things in a green tree, what fhall be done in the dry? And there were also two other, malefactors, led with him to be put to death. And when they were come to the place which is called Calvary, there they crucified him; and the malefactors, one on the right hand, and the other on the left. Then faid Jefus, Father, forgive them, for they know not what they do. And they parted his raiment, and cast lots. And the people stood beholding; and the rulers also with them derided him, faying, He faved others; let him fave himfelf, if he be Chrift, the chosen of God. And the foldiers also mocked him. coming to him, and offering him vinegar, and faying, If thou be the King of the Jews, fave thyfelf. And a superfcription also was written over him in letters of Greek, and Latin, and Hebrew, THIS IS THE KING OF THE JEWS. And one of the malefactors; which were hanged, railed on him, faying, If thou be Chrift, fave thyfelf, But the other answering and us. rebuked him, faying, Doft not thou fear God, feeing thou art in the fame condemnation? And we

indeed justly; for we receive the due reward of our deeds, but this man hath done nothing amifs. And he faid unto Jefus, Lord, remember me when thou comest into thy kingdom. And Jefus faid unto him, Verily I fay unto thee, Today shalt thou be with me in paradife. And it was about the fixth hour: and there was a darknefs over all the earth until the ninth hour. And the fun was darkened, and the vail of the temple was rent in the midft. And when Jefus had cried with a loud voice, he faid, Father, into thy hands I commend my fpirit: and having faid thus, he gave up the ghoft. Now when the centurion faw what was done, he glorified God, faying, Certainly this was a righteous man. And all the people that came together to that fight, beholding the things that were done, finote their breafts, and returned. And all his acquaintance, and the women that followed him from Galilee, flood afar off, beholding thefe things.

GOOD FRIDAY. The Collects.

A LMIGHTY God, we befeech thee graciously to behold this thy family, for which our Lord Jesus Christ was contented to be betrayed, and given up into the hands of wicked men, and to suffer death upon the cross, who now liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

A LMIGHTY and everlasting God, by whose Spirit the whole Spody of the Church is governed and fanctified; Receive our supplications and prayers, which we offer before thee for all estates of men in thy holy Church, that every member of the same, in his vocation and ministry, may truly and godly serve thee; through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

Merciful God, who haft made all men, and hatest nothing that thou haft made, nor wouldest the death of a finner, but rather that he flould be converted and live; Have mercy upon all Jews, Turks, Infidels, and Hereticks, and take from them all ignorance, hardnefs of heart, and contempt of thy Word; and fo fetch them home, bleffed Lord, to thy flock, that they may be faved among the remnant of the true Ifraelites, and be made one fold under one shepherd, Jefus Chrift our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Spirit, one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. Hebr. x. 1.

THE law having a shadow of good things to come, and not the very image of the things, can never with those facrifices, which they offered year by year continu-

P

ally, make the comers thereunto perfect: for then would they not have ceased to be offered? because that the worshippers once purged should have had no more conscience of fins. But in the facrifices there is a remembrance again made of fins every year. For it is not possible that the blood of bulls and of goats should take away fins. Wherefore, when he cometh into the world, he faith, Sacrifice and offering thou wouldest not, but a body haft thou prepared me: In burnt-offerings and facrifices for fin thou haft had no pleafure: Then faid I, Lo, I come (in the volume of the book it is written of me) to do thy will, O God. Above, when he faid, Sacrifice and offering, and burnt-offerings, and offering for fin thou wouldest not, neither hadst pleafure therein, which are offered by the Law: then faid he, Lo, I come to do thy will, O God. He taketh away the first, that he may establish the second. By the which will we are fanctified, through the offering of the body of Jefus Chrift once for all. And every prieft ftandeth daily ministering, and offering oftentimes the fame facrifices, which can never take away fins. But this man, after he had offered one facrifice for fins, for ever fat down on the right hand of God; from henceforth expecting till his enemies be made his foot-

ftool. For by one offering he hath perfected for ever them that are fanctified: Whereof the Holy Ghoft also is a witness to us: for after that he had faid before, This is the covenant that I will make with them after those days, faith the Lord, I will put my laws into their hearts, and in their minds will I write them; and their fins and iniquities will I remember no more. Now where remission of these is. there is no more offering for fin. Having therefore, brethren, boldnefs to enter into the holiest by the blood of Jefus, by a new and living way, which he hath confecrated for us, through the vail, that is to fay, his flesh; and having an High Priest over the house of God; let us draw near with a true heart, in full affurance of faith, having our hearts fprinkled from an evil confcience, and our bodies washed with pure water. Let us hold fast the profession of our faith without wavering; (for he is faithful that promifed;) and let us confider one another to provoke unto love, and to good works; not forfaking the affembling of ourfelves together, as the manner of fome is; but exhorting one another: and fo much the more, as ye fee the day approach-Well and the state of the state

The Gofpel. St. John xix. Mol PILATE therefore took Jefus, and feourged him. And the

foldiers platted a crown of thorns, and put it on his head, and they put on him a purple robe, and faid, Hail, King of the Jews: and they fmote him with their hands. Pilate therefore went forth again, and faith unto them, Behold, I bring him forth to you, that ye may know that I find no fault in him. Then came Jefus forth, wearing the crown of thorns, and the purple robe. And Pilate faith unto them, Behold the man! When the chief priefts therefore and officers faw him, they cried out, faying, Crucify him, crucify him. Pilate faith unto them, Take ye him, and crucify him: for I find no fault in him. The Jews answered him, We have a law, and by our law he ought to die, because he made himfelf the Son of God. When Pilate therefore heard that faying, he was the more afraid; and went again into the judgement-hall, and faith unto Jefus, Whence art thou? But Jefus gave him no answer. Then faith Pilate unto him, Speakest thou not unto me? knowest thou not that I have power to crucify thee, and have power to release thee? Jesus anfwered, Thou couldest have no power at all against me, except it were given thee from above: therefore he that delivered me unto thee hath the greater fin. And from thenceforth Pilate fought to releafe

him: but the Jews cried out, faying, If thou let this man go, thou art not Cæfar's friend: whofoever maketh himfelf a king fpeaketh against Cæfar. When Pilate therefore heard that faying, he brought Jefus forth, and fat down in the judgement-feat, in a place that is called the Pavement, but in the Hebrew, Gabbatha. And it was the preparation of the paffover, and about the fixth hour: and he faith unto the Jews, Behold your King! But they cried out, Away with him, away with him, crucify him. Pilate faith unto them, Shall I crucify your King? The chief priefts answered, We have no king but Cæfar. Then delivered he him therefore unto them to be crucified: and they took Jefus, and led him away. And he, bearing his crofs, went forth into a place called the place of a fcull, which is called in the Hebrew, Golgotha: where they crucified him, and two other with him, on either fide one, and Jefus in the midst. And Pilate wrote a title, and put it on the crofs; and the writing was, JESUS OF NAZARETH THE KING OF THE JEWS. This title then read many of the Jews: for the place where Jefus was crucified was nigh to the city: and it was written in Hebrew, and Greek, and Latin. Then faid the chief priefts of the Jews to Pilate, Write

not, The King of the Jews; but that he faid, I am the King of the Jews. Pilate answered, What I have written, I have written. Then the foldiers, when they had crucified Jefus, took his garments, and made four parts, to every foldier a part; and also his coat: now the coat was without feam, woven from the top throughout. They faid therefore among themselves, Let us not rend it, but cast lots for it, whose it shall be: that the Scripture might be fulfilled, which faith, They parted my raiment among them, and for my vefture they did cast lots. These things therefore the foldiers did. Now there ftood by the crofs of Jefus, his mother, and his mother's fifter, Mary the wife of Cleophas, and Mary Magdalene. When Jefus therefore faw his mother, and the disciple ftanding by, whom he loved, he faith unto his mother, Woman, behold thy fon. Then faith he to the disciple, Behold thy mother. And from that hour that difciple took her unto his own home. After this, Jefus, knowing that all things were now accomplished, that the Scripture might be fulfilled, faith, I thirft. Now there was fet a veffel full of vinegar: and they filled a fpunge with vinegar, and put it upon hyffop, and put it to his mouth. When Jefus therefore had received the vinegar, he

faid. It is finished: and he bowed his head, and gave up the ghoft. The Jews therefore, because it was the preparation, that the bodies should not remain upon the cross on the fabbath-day, (for that fabbath-day was an high day,) befought Pilate that their legs might be broken, and that they might be taken away. Then came the foldiers, and brake the legs of the first, and of the other which was crucified with him. But when they came to Jefus, and faw that he was dead already, they brake not his legs. But one of the foldiers with a fpear pierced his fide, and forthwith came thereout blood and water. And he that faw it bare record, and his record is true: and he knoweth that he faith true, that ye might believe. For thefe things were done that the Scripture should be fulfilled, A bone of him shall not be broken. And again, another Scripture faith, They shall look on him whom they pierced.

Easter Even. The Collect.

RANT, O Lord, that as we are baptized into the death of thy bleffed Son our Saviour Jefus Chrift, fo by continual mortifying our corrupt affections we may be buried with him; and that through the grave, and gate of death, we may pass to our joyful

refurrection; for his merits, who died, and was buried, and rofe again for us, thy Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epifle. 1 St. Pet. iii. 17. IT is better, if the will of God be fo, that ye fuffer for well-doing, than for evil-doing. For Chrift alfo hath once fuffered for fins, the just for the unjust, that he might bring us to God, being put to death in the flesh, but quickened by the Spirit. By which also he went and preached unto the fpirits in prison; which fometime were disobedient, when once the long-fuffering of God waited in the days of Noah, while the ark was a preparing; wherein few, that is, eight fouls, were faved by water. The like figure whereunto, even baptifm, doth also now fave us, (not the putting away the filth of the flesh, but the answer of a good conscience towards God,) by the refurrection of Jefus Chrift: who is gone into heaven, and is on the right hand of God, angels and authorities and powers being made fubject unto him.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxvii. 57.

WHEN the even was come, there came a rich man of Arimathæa, named Joseph, who also himself was Jesus' disciple. He went to Pilate, and begged the body of Jesus. Then Pilate commanded the body to be delivered.

And when Joseph had taken the body, he wrapped it in a clean linen cloth, and laid it in his own new tomb, which he had hewn out in the rock; and he rolled a great ftone to the door of the fepulchre, and departed. And there was Mary Magdalene, and the other Mary, fitting over against the sepulchre. Now the next day that followed the day of the preparation, the chief priefts and Pharifees came together unto Pilate, faying, Sir, we remember that that deceiver faid, while he was yet alive, After three days I will rife again. Command therefore that the fepulchre be made fure until the third day, left his disciples come by night and fteal him away, and fay unto the people, He is rifen from the dead: fo the laft error shall be worse than the first. Pilate said unto them, Ye have a watch; go your way, make it as fure as you can. So they went and made the fepulchre fure, fealing the ftone, and fetting a watch.

EASTER-DAY.

¶ At Morning Prayer, instead of the Psalm, O come let us sing, &c. these Anthems shall be sung or said.

CHRIST our passover is facrificed for us: therefore let us keep the feast;

Not with the old leaven, nor with the leaven of malice and wickedness: but with the unlea-

EASTER-DAY.

vened bread of fincerity and truth. Jefus Chrift our Lord, who liveth 1 Cor. v. 7.

CHRIST being raifed from the dead dieth no more : death hath no more dominion over him.

For in that he died, he died unto fin once: but, in that he liveth, he liveth unto God.

Likewife reckon ye alfo yourfelves to be dead indeed unto fin: but alive unto God through Jefus

Christ our Lord. Rom. vi. 9.

CHRIST is rifen from the dead: and become the first-fruits of them that slept.

For fince by man came death: by man came also the refurrection of the dead.

For as in Adam all die: even fo in Chrift shall all be made alive. A Cor. xv. 20.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

The Collect.

ALMIGHTY God, who through thine only-begotten Son Jefus Chrift haft overcome death, and opened unto us the gate of everlafting life; We humbly befeech thee, that, as by thy special grace preventing us thou dost put into our minds good desires, so by thy continual help we may bring the same to good effect; through Jefus Christ our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghost, ever one God, world without end. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. Col. iii. 1.

IF ye then be rifen with Chrift, feek those things which are above, where Christ sitteth on the right hand of God. Set your affection on things above, not on things on the earth: For ye are dead, and your life is hid with Christ in God. When Chrift, who is our life, shall appear, then shall ve also appear with him in glory. Mortify therefore your members which are upon the earth; fornication, uncleanness, inordinate affection, evil concupifcence, and covetoufnefs, which is idolatry: For which things' fake the wrath of God cometh on the children of difobedience. In the which ye also walked some time, when ye lived in them.

The Gofpel. St. John xx. 1.

eth Mary Magdalene early, when it was yet dark, unto the fepulchre, and feeth the ftone taken away from the fepulchre. Then fhe runneth and cometh to Simon Peter, and to the other difciple whom Jefus loved, and faith unto them, They have taken away the Lord out of the fepulchre, and we know not where they have laid him. Peter therefore went forth,

and that other disciple, and came to the fepulchre. So they ran both together; and the other disciple did outrun Peter, and came first to the fepulchre; and he, ftooping down and looking in, faw the linen clothes lying; yet went he not in. Then cometh Simon Peter following him, and went into the fepulchre, and feeth the linen clothes lie; and the napkin that was about his head, not lying with the linen clothes, but wrapped together in a place by itself. Then went in also that other disciple which came first to the fepulchre, and he faw, and believed. For as yet they knew not the Scripture, that he must rife again from the dead. Then the difciples went away again unto their own home.

Monday in Easter-week.
The Collect.

ALMIGHTY God, who through thy only-begotten Son Jefus Chrift haft overcome death, and opened unto us the gate of everlafting life; We humbly befeech thee, that, as by thy fpecial grace preventing us thou doft put into our minds good defires, fo by thy continual help we may bring the fame to good effect; through Jefus Chrift our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts x. 34. PETER opened his mouth, and faid, Of a truth I perceive faid, Of a truth I perceive that God is no refpecter of perfons; but in every nation he that feareth him, and worketh righteoufnefs, is accepted with him. The word which God fent unto the children of Ifrael, preaching peace by Jefus Christ; (he is Lord of all;) that word (I fay) ye know, which was published throughout all Judæa, and began from Galilee, after the baptifin which John preached: how God anointed Jefus of Nazareth with the Holy Ghoft, and with power; who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppreffed of the devil: for God was And we are witnesses with him. of all things which he did, both in the land of the Jews, and in Jerufalem; whom they flew, and hanged on a tree: Him God raifed up the third day, and shewed him openly; not to all the people, but unto witnesses chosen before of God, even to us, who did eat and drink with him after he rose from the dead. And he commanded us to preach unto the people, and to teftify that it is he who was ordained of God to be the Judge of quick and dead. To him give all the prophets witness, that through his Name whofoever believeth in him shall receive remisfion of fins.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xxiv. 13. BEHÖLD, two of his difciples went that fame day to a village called Emmaus, which was from Jerufalem about threefcore furlongs. And they talked together of all thefe things which had happened. And it came to pass, that while they communed together, and reafoned, Jefus himfelf drew near, and went with them. But their eyes were holden, that they fhould not know him. And he faid unto them, What manner of communications are thefe that ye have one to another, as ye walk, and are fad? And the one of them, whose name was Cleopas, answering, faid unto him, Art thou only a ftranger in Jerufalem, and haft not known the things which are come to pass there in these days? And he said unto them, What things? And they faid unto him, Concerning Jefus of Nazareth, who was a prophet mighty in deed and word, before God and all the people: and how the chief priefts and our rulers delivered him to be condemned to death, and have crucified him. But we trufted that it had been he which should have redeemed Ifrael: and befides all this, to-day is the third day fince thefe things were done. Yea, and certain women also of our company made us aftonished, which were early at the fepulchre; and when they found not his body,

they came, faying, that they had alfo feen a vifion of angels, which faid that he was alive. And certain of them which were with us went to the fepulchre, and found it even fo as the women had faid; but him they faw not. Then he faid unto them, O fools, and flow of heart to believe all that the prophets have fpoken: ought not Christ to have fuffered these things, and to enter into his glory? And beginning at Mofes, and all the prophets, he expounded unto them in all the Scriptures the things concerning himfelf. And they drew nigh unto the village whither they went; and he made as though he would have gone further: but they conftrained him, faying, Abide with us, for it is towards evening, and the day is far fpent. And he went in to tarry with them. And it came to pass, as he fat at meat with them, he took bread, and bleffed it, and brake, and gave to them. And their eyes were opened, and they knew him, and he vanished out of their fight. And they faid one to another, Did not our heart burn within us, while he talked with us by the way, and while he opened to us the Scriptures? And they rofe up the fame hour, and returned to Jerufalem, and found the eleven gathered together, and them that were with them, faying, The Lord is rifen indeed, and hath appeared

to Simon. And they told what things were done in the way, and how he was known of them in breaking of bread.

Tuefday in Eafter-week.
The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who through thy only-begotten Son Jefus Chrift haft overcome death, and opened unto us the gate of everlafting life; We humbly befeech thee, that, as by thy fpecial grace preventing us thou doft put into our minds good defires, fo by thy continual help we may bring the fame to good effect; through Jefus Chrift our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts xiii. 26.

In EN and brethren, children of the ftock of Abraham, and whofoever among you feareth God, to you is the word of this falvation fent. For they that dwell at Jerufalem, and their rulers, because they knew him not, nor yet the voices of the prophets which are read every fabbath-day, they have fulfilled them in condemning him. And though they found no cause of death in him, yet desired they Pilate that he should be slain. And when they had fulfilled all that was written of him, they took him down from the

tree, and laid him in a fepulchre.

But God raifed him from the dead: and he was feen many days of them which came up with him from Galilee to Jerufalem, who are his witneffes unto the people. And we declare unto you glad tidings, how that the promife which was made unto the fathers, God hath fulfilled the fame unto us their children, in that he hath raifed up Jefus again; as it is also written in the fecond Pfalm, Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten thee. And as concerning that he raifed him up from the dead, now no more to return to corruption, he faid on this wife, I will give you the fure mercies of David. Wherefore he faith alfo in another Pfalm, Thou shalt not fuffer thine Holy One to fee corruption. For David, after he had ferved his own generation by the will of God, fell on fleep, and was laid unto his fathers, and faw corruption: But he whom God raifed again faw no corruption. Be it known unto you therefore, men and brethren, that through this man is preached unto you the forgiveness of fins: And by him all that believe are justified from all things, from which ye could not be justified by the law of Mofes. Beware therefore, left that come upon you which is fpoken of in the prophets; Behold, ye defpifers, and wonder, and perish; for I work a work in your days, a work which ye shall

Q

in no wife believe, though a man declare it unto you.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xxiv. 36.

ESUS himfelf ftood in the midft of them, and faith unto them, Peace be unto you. But they were terrified and affrighted, and supposed that they had feen a fpirit. And he faid unto them, Why are ye troubled, and why do thoughts arife in your hearts? Behold my hands and my feet, that it is I myfelf: handle me, and fee; for a spirit hath not flesh and bones, as ye fee me have. And when he had thus fpoken, he shewed them his hands and his feet. And while they yet believed not for joy, and wondered, he faid unto them, Have ye here any meat? And they gave him a piece of a broiled fish, and of an honeycomb. And he took it, and did eat before them. And he faid unto them. These are the words which I fpake unto you, while I was yet with you, that all things must be fulfilled which were written in the law of Mofes, and in the Prophets, and in the Pfalms concerning me. Then opened he their understanding, that they might understand the Scriptures, and faid unto them, Thus it is written, and thus it behoved Christ to suffer, and to rise from the dead the third day; and that repentance and remission of fins flould be preached in his Name among all nations, beginning at Jerufalem. And ye are witnesses of these things.

The first Sunday after Easter. The Collect.

A LMIGHTY Father, who hast given thine only Son to die for our fins, and to rife again for our justification; Grant us so to put away the leaven of malice and wickedness, that we may alway serve thee in pureness of living and truth; through the merits of the same thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 St. John v. 4.

TATHATSOEVER is born of God overcometh the world; and this is the victory that overcometh the world, even our faith. Who is he that overcometh the world, but he that believeth that Jefus is the Son of God? This is he that came by water and blood, even Jefus Chrift; not by water only, but by water and blood: and it is the Spirit that beareth witness, because the Spirit is truth. For there are three that bear record in heaven, the Father, the Word, and the Holy Ghoft: and thefe three are one. And there are three that bear witness in earth, the spirit, and the water, and the blood: and thefe three agree in one. receive the witness of men, the witnefs of God is greater: for this is the witness of God, which he hath

teftified of his Son. He that believeth on the Son of God hath the witness in himself: he that believeth not God hath made him a liar, because he believeth not the record that God gave of his Son. And this is the record, that God hath given to us eternal life; and this life is in his Son. He that hath not the Son hath not life.

The Gofpel. St. John xx. 19. THE fame day at evening, being the first day of the week, when the doors were flut, where the disciples were affembled for fear of the Jews, came Jefus and flood in the midft, and faith unto them, Peace be unto you. And when he had fo faid, he shewed unto them his hands and his fide. Then were the disciples glad when they faw the Lord. Then faid Jefus to them again, Peace be unto you: As my Father hath fent me, even fo fend I you. And when he had faid this, he breathed on them, and faith unto them, Receive ye the holy Ghost. Whosefoever fins ye remit, they are remitted unto them; and whosefoever fins ye retain, they are retained.

The second Sunday after Easter.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who hast given thine only Son to be unto us both a facrifice for fin, and

also an ensample of godly life; Give us grace that we may always most thankfully receive that his inestimable benefit, and also daily endeavour ourselves to follow the blessed steps of his most holy life; through the same Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epifle. 1 St. Pet. ii. 19. THIS is thank-worthy, if a man for confcience toward God endure grief, fuffering wrongfully. For what glory is it, if, when ye be buffeted for your faults, ye shall take it patiently? but if, when ye do well, and fuffer for it, ye take it patiently; this is acceptable with God. For even hereunto were ye called: because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that ye should follow his steps: who did no fin, neither was guile found in his mouth: who, when he was reviled, reviled not again; when he fuffered, he threatened not; but committed himself to him that judgeth righteoufly: who his own felf bare our fins in his own body on the tree, that we, being dead to fins, fhould live unto righteoufnefs: by whofe stripes ye were healed. For ye were as sheep going aftray; but are now returned unto the Shepherd and Bishop of your fouls.

The Gospel. St. John x. 11.

JESUS faid, I am the good shepherd: the good shepherd giveth

his life for the sheep. But he that is an hireling, and not the shepherd, whose own the sheep are not, feeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the fheep, and fleeth; and the wolf catcheth them, and feattereth the fheep. The hireling fleeth, because he is an hireling, and careth not for the sheep. I am the good shepherd, and know my fheep, and am known of mine. As the Father knoweth me, even fo know I the Father: and I lay down my life for the sheep. And other sheep I have, which are not of this fold; them also I must bring, and they shall hear my voice; and there shall be one fold, and one shepherd.

The third Sunday after Eafter.
The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who shewest to them that be in error the light of thy truth, to the intent that they may return into the way of righteousness; Grant unto all them that are admitted into the fellowship of Christ's Religion, that they may eschew those things that are contrary to their profession, and follow all such things as are agreeable to the same; through our Lord Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Epifle. 1 St. Pet. ii. 11.

EARLY beloved, I befeech you as ftrangers and pilgrims, abitain from fleshly lusts, which war against the soul; having your con-

verfation honeft among the Gentiles; that, whereas they fpeak against you as evil doers, they may, by your good works which they fhall behold, glorify God in the day of vifitation. Submit yourselves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's fake; whether it be to the King, as fupreme; or unto governours, as unto them that are fent by him, for the punishment of evil doers, and for the praife of them that do well. For fo is the will of God, that with well-doing ye may put to filence the ignorance of foolish men: as free, and not using your liberty for a cloke of malicioufness; but as the servants of God. Honour all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King.

The Gofpel. St. John xvi. 16. TESUS faid to his disciples, A little while and ye shall not see me; and again, a little while and ye shall see me; because I go to the Father. Then faid fome of his difciples among themselves, What is this that he faith unto us, A little while and ye shall not see me; and again, a little while and ye shall fee me; and, Because I go to the Father? They faid therefore, What is this that he faith, A little while? we cannot tell what he faith. Now Jefus knew that they were defirous to ask him, and faid unto them, Do ye enquire among yourselves of

that I faid, A little while and ye shall not fee me; and again, a little while and ye shall see me? Verily, verily I fay unto you, That ye shall weep and lament, but the world fhall rejoice: and ye fhall be forrowful, but your forrow shall be turned into joy. A woman, when fhe is in travail, hath forrow, because her hour is come: but as soon as fhe is delivered of the child, fhe remembereth no more the anguish, for joy that a man is born into the world. And ye now therefore have forrow: but I will fee you again, and your heart shall rejoice, and your joy no man taketh from you.

The fourth Sunday after Easter.
The Collect.

Almighty God, who alone canft order the unruly wills and affections of finful men; Grant unto thy people, that they may love the thing which thou commandeft, and defire that which thou doft promife; that fo, among the fundry and manifold changes of the world, our hearts may furely there be fixed, where true joys are to be found; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. St. James i. 17.

EVERY good gift, and every perfect gift is from above, and cometh down from the Father of lights, with whom is no variableness, neither shadow of turning. Of

his own will begat he us with the Word of truth, that we should be a kind of first-fruits of his creatures. Wherefore, my beloved brethren, let every man be swift to hear, slow to speak, slow to wrath; for the wrath of man worketh not the righteousness of God. Wherefore lay apart all filthiness and superfluity of naughtiness, and receive with meekness the engrafted Word, which is able to save your fouls.

The Gofpel. St. John xvi. 5. TESUS faid unto his disciples, Now I go my way to him that fent me, and none of you asketh me, Whither goest thou? But, becaufe I have faid thefe things unto you, forrow hath filled your heart. Nevertheless, I tell you the truth; it is expedient for you that I go away: for if I go not away, the Comforter will not come unto you; but if I depart, I will fend him unto you. And when he is come, he will reprove the world of fin, and of righteoufness, and of judgement: of fin, because they believe not on me; of righteoufnefs, because I go to my Father, and ye fee me no more; of judgement, because the prince of this world is judged. I have yet many things to fay unto you, but ye cannot bear them now. Howbeit, when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for

he shall not speak of himself; but

whatfoever he shall hear, that shall he speak: and he will shew you things to come. He shall glorify me: for he shall receive of mine, and shall shew it unto you. All things that the Father hath are mine: therefore said I, that he shall take of mine, and shall shew it unto you.

The fifth Sunday after Eafter.
The Collect.

O Lord, from whom all good things do come; Grant to us thy humble fervants, that by thy holy infpiration we may think those things that be good, and by thy merciful guiding may perform the same; through our Lord Jesus Christ. Amen.

The Epiftle. St. James i. 22.

DE ye doers of the Word, and not hearers only, deceiving your own felves. For if any be a hearer of the Word, and not a doer, he is like unto a man beholding his natural face in a glass. For he beholdeth himfelf, and goeth his way, and ftraightway forgetteth what manner of man he was. But whofo looketh into the perfect law of liberty, and continueth therein, he being not a forgetful hearer, but a doer of the work, this man shall be bleffed in his deed. If any man among you feem to be religious, and bridleth not his tongue, but deceiveth his own heart, this man's religion is vain. Pure religion, and undefiled before God and the Father, is this, To vifit the fatherlefs and widows in their affliction, and to keep himfelf unfpotted from the world.

The Gofpel. St. John xvi. 23.

▼/ERIĽY, verily I fay unto you, Whatfoever ye shall ask the Father in my Name, he will give it you. Hitherto have ye asked nothing in my Name: afk, and ye shall receive, that your joy may be full. These things have I spoken unto you in proverbs: the time cometh when I shall no more fpeak unto you in proverbs, but I shall shew you plainly of the Father. At that day ye shall ask in my Name: and I fay not unto you, that I will pray the Father for you; for the Father himself loveth you, because ye have loved me, and have believed that I came out from God. I came forth from the Father, and am come into the world: again, I leave the world, and go to the Father. His difciples faid unto him, Lo, now fpeakeft thou plainly, and fpeakeft no proverb. Now are we fure that thou knowest all things, and needest not that any man should ask thee: by this we believe that thou camest forth from God. Jefus answered them, Do ye now believe? Behold, the hour cometh, yea, is now come, that ye

fhall be feattered every man to his own, and fhall leave me alone: and yet I am not alone, because the Father is with me. These things I have spoken unto you, that in me ye might have peace. In the world ye shall have tribulation; but be of good cheer, I have overcome the world.

The Afcenfion-day. The Collect.

mighty God, that like as we do believe thy only-begotten Son our Lord Jefus Chrift to have afcended into the heavens; fo we may also in heart and mind thither ascend, and with him continually dwell, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghost, one God, world withoutend. Amen.

The Epiftle. Acts i. 1.

The former treatife have I made, O Theophilus, of all that Jefus began both to do and teach, until the day in which he was taken up, after that he through the Holy Ghoft had given commandments unto the Apoftles whom he had chofen: to whom also he shewed himself alive after his paffion, by many infallible proofs; being seen of them forty days, and speaking of the things pertaining to the Kingdom of God: and, being assembled together with them, commanded them that they should

not depart from Jerufalem, but wait for the promife of the Father, which, faith he, we have heard of me. For John truly baptized with water, but ye shall be baptized with the Holy Ghoft not many days hence. When they therefore were come together, they asked of him, faying, Lord, wilt thou at this time reftore again the kingdom to Ifrael? And he faid unto them, It is not for you to know the times or the feafons, which the Father hath put in his own power. But ye shall receive power after that the Holy Ghoft is come upon you; and ye shall be witnesses unto me, both in Jerufalem, and in all Judea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost part of the earth. And when he had fpoken these things, while they beheld, he was taken up, and a cloud received him out of their fight. And while they looked ftedfaftly toward heaven, as he went up, behold, two men flood by them in white apparel; which also faid, Ye men of Galilee, why ftand ye gazing up into heaven? This fame Jefus, which is taken up from you into heaven, shall fo come, in like manner as ye have feen him go into heaven.

The Gofpel. St. Mark xvi. 14.

ESUS appeared unto the eleven as they fat at meat, and upbraided them with their unbelief and hardness of heart, because they

believed not them which had feen him after he was rifen. And he faid unto them, Go ye into all the world, and preach the Gospel to every creature. He that believeth and is baptized shall be faved; but he that believeth not shall be damned. And these figns shall follow them that believe: In my Name fhall they caft out devils; they fhall fpeak with new tongues; they shall take up ferpents; and if they drink any deadly thing, it shall not hurt them; they shall lay hands on the fick, and they shall recover. then after the Lord had spoken unto them, he was received up into heaven, and fat on the right hand of God. And they went forth and preached every where, the Lord working with them, and confirming the Word with figns following.

Sunday after Afcenfion-day.
The Collect.

God the King of glory, who haft exalted thine only Son Jefus Chrift with great triumph unto thy kingdom in heaven; We befeech thee, leave us not comfortlefs; but fend to us thine Holy Ghoft to comfort us, and exalt us unto the fame place whither our Saviour Chrift is gone before, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 St. Pet. iv. 7. THE end of all things is at hand; be ye therefore fober, and watch unto prayer. And above all things have fervent charity among yourselves: for charity shall cover the multitude of fins. Ufe hospitality one to another without grudging. As every man hath received the gift, even fo minister the fame one to another, as good ftewards of the manifold grace of God. If any man fpeak, let him fpeak as the oracles of God: if any man minister, let him do it as of the ability which God giveth; that God in all things may be glorified through Jefus Chrift, to whom be praife and dominion for ever and ever. Amen.

The Gofpel. St. John xv. 26. and part of Chapter xvi.

HEN the Comforter is come, whom I will fend unto you from the Father, even the Spirit of truth, which proceedeth from the Father, he shall testify of me. And ye also shall bear witness, because ye have been with me from the beginning. Thefe things have I fpoken unto you, that ye should not be offended. They shall put you out of the fynagogues: yea, the time cometh, that whofoever killeth you will think that he doeth God fervice. And thefe things will they do unto you, because they have not known the Father, nor

me. But these things have I told you, that, when the time shall come, ye may remember that I told you of them.

WHIT-SUNDAY. The Collect.

OD, who as at this time didft teach the hearts of thy faithful people, by the fending to them the light of thy Holy Spirit; Grant us by the fame Spirit to have a right judgement in all things, and evermore to rejoice in his holy comfort; through the merits of Christ Jesus our Saviour, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the same Spirit, one God, world without end. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts ii. 1.

WHEN the day of Pentecoft was fully come, they were all with one accord in one place. And fuddenly there came a found from heaven, as of a rufhing mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were fitting. there appeared unto them cloven tongues, like as of fire, and it fat upon each of them: and they were all filled with the Holy Ghoft, and began to fpeak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance. And there were dwelling at Jerufalem Jews, devout men, out of every nation under heaven. Now when this was noifed abroad, the multitude came together, and were

confounded, because that every man heard them fpeak in his own language. And they were all amazed, and marvelled, faying one to another, Behold, are not all thefe which fpeak Galileans? And how hear we every man in our own tongue wherein we were born? Parthians, and Medes, and Elamites, and the dwellers in Mefopotamia, and in Judæa, and Cappadocia, in Pontus, and Afia, Phrygia, and Pamphylia, in Egypt, and in the parts of Libya about Cyrene, and ftrangers of Rome, Jews, and Profelytes, Cretes, and Arabians, we do hear them fpeak in our tongues the wonderful works of God.

The Gofpel. St. John xiv. 15.

TESUS faid unto his disciples, If ye love me, keep my commandments. And I will pray the Father, and he shall give you another Comforter, that he may abide with you for ever; even the Spirit of truth, whom the world cannot receive, because it feeth him not, neither knoweth him: but ye know him; for he dwelleth with you, and shall be in you. I will not leave you comfortless; I will come to you. Yet a little while, and the world feeth me no more; but ye fee me: because I live, ye shall live also. At that day ye shall know, that I am in my Father, and ye in me, and I

Ŕ

in you. He that hath my commandments, and keepeth them, he it is that loveth me; and he that loveth me fhall be loved of my Father, and I will love him, and will manifest myself to him. Judas faith unto him, (not Ifcariot,) Lord, how is it that thou wilt manifest thyself unto us, and not unto the world? Jefus anfwered and faid unto him. If a man love me, he will keep my words, and my Father will love him, and we will come unto him, and make our abode with him. He that loveth me not keepeth not my fayings: and the word which we hear is not mine, but the Father's which fent me. These things have I spoken unto you, being yet prefent with you. But the Comforter, which is the Holy Ghoft, whom the Father will fend in my Name, he shall teach you all things, and bring all things to your remembrance, whatfoever I have faid unto you. Peace I leave with you, my peace I give unto you: not as the world giveth, give I unto you. Let not your heart be troubled, neither let it be afraid. Ye have heard how I faid unto you, I go away, and come again unto you. If ye loved me, ye would rejoice, because I said, I go unto the Father: for my Father is greater than I. And now I have told you before it come to pass,

that, when it is come to pass, ye might believe. Hereafter I will not talk much with you: for the prince of this world cometh, and hath nothing in me. But that the world may know that I love the Father; and as the Father gave me commandment, even so I do.

Monday in Whitfun-week. The Collect.

OD, who as at this time didft teach the hearts of thy faithful people, by the fending to them the light of thy Holy Spirit; Grant us by the fame Spirit to have a right judgement in all things, and evermore to rejoice in his holy comfort; through the merits of Chrift Jefus our Saviour, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the fame Spirit, one God, world without end. Amen.

THEN Peter opened his mouth, and faid, Of a truth I perceive that God is no respecter of persons; but in every nation he that searcth him, and worketh righteousness, is accepted with him. The Word which God sent unto the children of Israel, preaching peace by Jesus Christ; (he is Lord of all;) that Word, I say, ye know, which was published throughout all Judæa, and began from Galilee, after the baptism which John preached: how God anointed Jesus of Nazareth

with the Holy Ghoft, and with power; who went about doing good, and healing all that were oppressed of the devil: for God was with him. And we are witneffes of all things which he did, both in the land of the Jews, and in Jerufalem; whom they flew, and hanged on a tree: Him God raifed up the third day, and shewed him openly; not to all the people, but unto witnesses chosen before of God; even to us who did eat and drink with him after he rofe from the dead. And he commanded us to preach unto the people, and to teftify that it is he which was ordained of God to be the Judge of quick and dead. To him give all the prophets witness, that through his Name whofoever believeth in him shall receive remiffion of fins. While Peter yet fpake thefe words, the Holy Ghost fell on all them which heard the word. And they of the circumcifion, which believed, were aftonished, as many as came with Peter, becaufe that on the Gentiles also was poured out the gift of the Holy Ghoft. For they heard them fpeak with tongues, and magnify God. Then answered Peter, Can any man forbid water, that thefe should not be baptized, which have received the Holy Ghost as well as we? And he commanded them to be baptized in the Name of the Lord. Then prayed they him to tarry certain days.

The Gofpel. St. John iii. 16. OD fo loved the world, that he gave his only-begotten Son, that whofoever believeth in him fhould not perifh, but have everlafting life. For God fent not his Son into the world to condemn the world, but that the world through him might be faved. He that believeth on him is not condemned: but he that believeth not is condemned already; because he hath not believed in the Name of the only-begotten Son of God. And this is the condemnation, that light is come into the world, and men loved darknefs rather than light, because their deeds were evil. For every one that doeth evil hateth the light, neither cometh to the light, left his deeds should be reproved. But he that doeth truth cometh to the light, that his deeds may be made manifest, that they are wrought in God.

Tuefday in Whitfun-week.
The Collect.

OD, who as at this time didft teach the hearts of thy faithful people, by the fending to them the light of thy Holy Spirit; Grant us by the fame Spirit to have a right judgement in all things, and evermore to rejoice in his holy comfort; through the merits of

TRINITY-SUNDAY.

Chrift Jefus our Saviour, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the fame Spirit, one God, world without end. *Amen*.

For the Epiftle. Acts viii. 14.

WHEN the Apostles, which were at Jerusalem, heard that Samaria had received the word of God, they sent unto them Peter and John; who, when they were come down, prayed for them, that they might receive the Holy Ghost: (for as yet he was fallen upon none of them; only they were baptized in the Name of the Lord Jesus.) Then laid they their hands on them, and they received the Holy Ghost.

The Gofpel. St. John x. 1.

VERILY, verily I fay unto you, He that entereth not by the door into the fheep-fold, but climbeth up fome other way, the fame is a thief and a robber. But he that entereth in by the door is the fhepherd of the fheep: to him the porter openeth; and the fleep hear his voice, and he calleth his own fheep by name, and leadeth them out. And, when he putteth forth his own fheep, he goeth before them, and the fleep follow him; for they know his voice. ftranger will they not follow; but will flee from him; for they know not the voice of ftrangers. , This parable fpake Jefus unto them: but they understood not what things

they were which he spake unto them. Then said Jesus unto them again; Verily, verily I say unto you, I am the door of the sheep. All that ever came before me are thieves and robbers; but the sheep did not hear them. I am the door; by me if any man enter in, he shall be saved, and shall go in and out, and find pasture. The thief cometh not but for to steal, and to kill, and to destroy: I am come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly.

TRINITY-SUNDAY. 97091

The Collect. - 13 310 d

A LMIGHTY and everlafting God, who haft given unto us thy fervants grace by the confession of a true faith to acknowledge the glory of the eternal Trinity, and in the power of the Divine Majesty to worship the Unity; We befeech thee, that thou wouldest keep us stedfast in this faith, and evermore defend us from all adversities, who livest and reignest, one God, world without end. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Rev. iv. 1.

A FTER this I looked, and behold, a door was opened in heaven: and the first voice which I heard was as it were of a trumpet talking with me; which said, Come up hither, and I will shew thee things which must be hereaster. And immediately I was in the

TRINITY-SUNDAY.

Spirit; and behold, a throne was fet in heaven, and one fat on the throne: and he that fat was to look upon like a jafper and a fardine ftone: and there was a rainbow round about the throne, in fight like unto an emerald. And round about the throne were four and twenty feats; and upon the feats I faw four and twenty elders fitting, clothed in white raiment; and they had on their heads crowns of gold: And out of the throne proceeded lightnings, and thunderings, and voices. And there were feven lamps of fire burning before the throne, which are the feven fpirits of God. And before the throne there was a fea of glafs like unto crystal: and in the midst of the throne, and round about the throne, were four beafts full of eyes before and behind. And the first beaft was like a lion, and the fecond beaft like a calf, and the third beaft had a face as a man, and the fourth beaft was like a flying eagle. And the four beafts had each of them fix wings about him; and they were full of eyes within: and they rest not day and night, faying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God Almighty, which was, and is, and is to come. And when those beafts give glory, and honour, and thanks, to him that fat on the throne, who liveth for ever and ever, the four and twenty elders fall down before him that fat on the throne, and worship him that liveth for ever and ever, and cast their crowns before the throne, faying, Thou art worthy, O Lord, to receive glory, and honour, and power; for thou hast created all things, and for thy pleasure they are and were created.

The Gofpel. St. John iii. 1.

THERE was a man of the Pharifees, named Nicodemus, a ruler of the Jews: the fame came to Jefus by night, and faid unto him, Rabbi, we know that thou art a teacher come from God: for no man can do these miracles that thou doeft, except God be with him. Jefus answered and faid unto him, Verily, verily I fay unto thee, Except a man be born again, he cannot fee the Kingdom of God. Nicodemus faith unto him, How can a man be born when he is old? can be enter the fecond time into his mother's womb, and be born? Jefus answered, Verily, verily I fay unto thee, Except a man be born of water, and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the Kingdom of God. That which is born of the flesh is flesh; and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit. Marvel not that I faid unto thee, Ye must be born again. The wind bloweth where it lifteth, and thou hearest the found thereof, but canft not

tell whence it cometh, and whither it goeth; fo is every one that is born of the Spirit. Nicodemus answered and faid unto him, How can thefe things be? Jefus answered and faid unto him, Art thou a mafter of Ifrael, and knowest not thefe things? Verily, verily I fay unto thee, We fpeak that we do know, and testify that we have feen; and ye receive not our wit-If I have told you earthly things, and ye believe not; how shall ye believe, if I tell you of heavenly things? And no man hath afcended up to heaven, but he that came down from heaven, even the Son of man, who is in heaven. And as Mofes lifted up the ferpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of man be lifted up: that whofoever believeth in him fhould not perish, but have eternal life.

The first Sunday after Trinity. The Collect.

O God, the strength of all them that put their trust in thee, mercifully accept our prayers; and because through the weakness of our mortal nature we can do no good thing without thee, grant us the help of thy grace, that in keeping of thy commandments we may please thee, both in will and deed; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 St. John iv. 7. **D**ELOVED, let us love one another: for love is of God, and every one that loveth is born of God, and knoweth God. that loveth not knoweth not God: for God is love. In this was manifefted the love of God towards us, because that God fent his onlybegotten Son into the world, that we might live through him. Herein is love, not that we loved God, but that he loved us, and fent his Son to be the propitiation for our fins. Beloved, if God fo loved us, we ought also to love one another. No man hath feen God at any time. If we love one another, God dwelleth in us, and his love is perfected in us. Hereby know we that we dwell in him, and he in us; because he hath given us of his Spirit. And we have feen, and do testify, that the Father fent the Son to be the Saviour of the world. Whofoever shall confess that Jesus is the Son of God, God dwelleth in him, and he in God. And we have known and believed the love that God hath to us. God is love: and he that dwelleth in love dwelleth in God, and God in him. Herein is our love made perfect that we may have boldness in the day of judgement; because as he is so so are we in this world. There is no fear in love; but perfect love casteth out fear; because fear hath torment: He that feareth is not made perfect in love. We love him, because he first loved us. If a man fay, I love God, and hateth his brother, he is a liar: for he that loveth not his brother, whom he hath seen, how can he love God, whom he hath not seen? And this commandment have we from him, That he who loveth God love his brother also.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xvi. 19.

MHERE was a certain rich man, which was clothed in purple, and fine linen, and fared fumptuoufly every day. And there was a certain beggar named Lazarus, which was laid at his gate full of fores, and defiring to be fed with the crumbs, which fell from the rich man's table: moreover, the dogs came and licked his fores. And it came to pass, that the beggar died, and was carried by the angels into Abraham's bosom. The rich man also died, and was buried: and in hell he lift up his eyes being in torments, and feeth Abraham afar off, and Lazarus in his bofom. And he cried and faid, Father Abraham, have mercy on me, and fend Lazarus, that he may dip the tip of his finger in water, and cool my tongue; for I am tormented in this flame. But Abraham faid, Son, remember that thou in thy life-time received thy good things, and likewife Lazarus evil things; but now he is comforted, and thou art tormented. And befides all this, between us and you there is a great gulf fixed: fo that they who would pass from hence to you cannot; neither can they pass to us, that would come from thence. Then he faid, I pray thee therefore, father, that thou wouldest fend him to my father's house: for I have five brethren; that he may testify unto them, left they also come into this place of torment. Abraham faith unto him, They have Mofes and the prophets; let them hear them. And he faid, Nay, father Abraham; but if one went unto them from the dead, they will repent. And he faid unto him, If they hear not Mofes and the prophets, neither will they be perfuaded, though one rose from the dead.

The fecond Sunday after Trinity. The Collect.

Lord, who never faileft to help and govern them whom thou doft bring up in thy ftedfaft fear and love; Keep us, we befeech thee, under the protection of thy good providence, and make us to have a perpetual fear and love of thy holy-Name; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. 1 St. John iii. 13. MARVEL not, my brethren, if the world hate you. We know that we have paffed from death unto life, because we love the brethren. He that loveth not his brother abideth in death. Whofoever hateth his brother is a murderer: and ye know that no murderer hath eternal life abiding in him. Hereby perceive we the love of God, because he laid down his life for us: and we ought to lay down our lives for the brethren. But whofo hath this world's good, and feeth his brother have need, and shutteth up his bowels of compaffion from him; how dwelleth the love of God in him? My little children, let us not love in word, neither in tongue; but in deed, and in truth. And hereby we know that we are of the truth, and shall affure our hearts before him. For if our heart condemn us, God is greater than our heart, and knoweth all things. Beloved, if our heart condemn us not, then have we confidence towards God. And whatfoever we ask, we receive of him, because we keep his commandments, and do those things that are pleafing in his fight. And this is his commandment, That we should believe on the Name of his Son Jefus Chrift, and love one another, as he gave us commandment. And he that keepeth his

commandments dwelleth in him, and he in him: and hereby we know that he abideth in us, by the Spirit which he hath given us.

The Gofpel: St. Luke xiv. 16.

A Certain man made a great fupper, and bade many; and fent his fervant at supper-time to fay to them that were bidden, Come, for all things are now ready. And they all with one confent began to make excuse. The first said unto him, I have bought a piece of ground, and I must needs go and fee it; I pray thee have me excufed. And another faid, I have bought five yoke of oxen, and I go to prove them; I pray thee have me excufed. And another faid, I have married a wife, and therefore I cannot come. So that fervant came, and shewed his lord these things. Then the mafter of the house being angry faid to his fervant, Go out quickly into the streets and lanes of the city, and bring in hither the poor, and the maimed, and the halt, and the blind. And the fervant faid, Lord, it is done as thou haft commanded, and yet there is room. And the Lord faid unto the fervant, Go out into the high-ways and hedges, and compel them to come in, that my house may be filled. For I fay unto you, That none of those men which were bidden shall taste of my supper.

The third and fourth Sundays after Trinity.

The third Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

Lord, we befeech thee mercifully to hear us; and grant that we, to whom thou haft given an hearty defire to pray, may by thy mighty aid be defended and comforted in all dangers and advertities; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 St. Pet. v. 5.

ALL of you be subject one to another, and be clothed with humility: for God refifteth the proud, and giveth grace to the humble. Humble yourfelves therefore under the mighty hand of God, that he may exalt you in due time; cafting all your care upon him, for he careth for you. Be fober, be vigilant; because your adverfary the devil, as a roaring lion, walketh about feeking whom he may devour: whom refift ftedfast in the faith, knowing that the fame afflictions are accomplished in your brethren that are in the world. But the God of all grace, who hath called us into his eternal glory by Chrift Jefus, after that ye have fuffered a while, make you perfect, ftablish, strengthen, settle you. To him be glory and domimion for ever and ever. Amen.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xv. 1.

THEN drew near unto him all the Publicans and finners for to hear him. And the Pharifees

and Scribes murmured, faying, This man receiveth finners, and eateth with them. And he fpake this parable unto them, faying, What man of you having an hundred fheep, if he lofe one of them, doth not leave the ninety and nine in the wildernefs, and go after that which is loft, until he find it? And when he hath found it, he layeth it on his fhoulders, rejoicing. And when he cometh home, he calleth together his friends and neighbours, faying unto them, Rejoice with me, for I have found my sheep which was loft. I fay unto you, That likewife joy shall be in heaven over one finner that repenteth, more than over ninety and nine just persons, which need no repentance. Either what woman having ten pieces of filver, if she lose one piece, doth not light a candle, and fweep the house, and seek diligently till she find it? And when she hath found it, she calleth her friends and her neighbours together, faying, Rejoice with me, for I have found the piece which I had loft. Likewife, I fay unto you, There is joy in the prefence of the angels of God over one finner that repenteth.

The fourth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

O God, the protector of all that trust in thee, without whom

nothing is ftrong, nothing is holy; Increase and multiply upon us thy mercy; that, thou being our ruler and guide, we may so pass through things temporal, that we finally lose not the things eternal: Grant this, O heavenly Father, for Jesus Christ's sake our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. Rom. viii. 18.

I Reckon that the fufferings of this prefent time are not worthy to be compared with the glory which shall be revealed in us. For the earnest expectation of the creature waiteth for the manifestation of the fons of God. For the creature was made subject to vanity, not willingly, but by reafon of him who hath fubjected the fame in hope: because the creature itself alfo shall be delivered from the bondage of corruption, into the glorious liberty of the children of God. For we know that the whole creation groaneth, and travaileth in pain together until now. And not only they, but ourfelves also, which have the first-fruits of the Spirit, even we ourfelves groan within ourselves, waiting for the adoption, to wit, the redemption of our body.

The Gofpel. St. Luke vi. 36.

BE ye therefore merciful, as your Father also is merciful. Judge not, and ye shall not be judged: condemn not, and ye shall

not be condemned: forgive, and ye shall be forgiven: give, and it ihall be given unto you; good measure, pressed down, and shaken together, and running over, shall men give into your bosom. For with the fame measure that ye mete withal, it shall be measured to you again. And he fpake a parable unto them, Can the blind lead the blind? fhall they not both fall into the ditch? The disciple is not above his mafter; but every one that is perfect shall be as his mafter. And why beholdeft thou the mote that is in thy brother's eye, but perceiveft not the beam that is in thine own eye? Either how canft thou fay to thy brother, Brother, let me pull out the mote that is in thine eye, when thou thyfelf beholdeft not the beam that is in thine own eye? Thou hypocrite, cast out first the beam out of thine own eye, and then shalt thou fee clearly to pull out the mote that is in thy brother's eye.

The fifth Sunday after Trinity.
The Collect.

CRANT, O Lord, we befeech thee, that the course of this world may be so peaceably ordered by thy governance, that thy Church may joyfully serve thee in all godly quietness; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 St. Pet. iii. S. **IDE** ye all of one mind, having compassion one of another, love as brethren, be pitiful, be courteous; not rendering evil for evil, or railing for railing; but contrariwife blefling; knowing that ye are thereunto called, that ye should inherit a bleffing. For he that will love life, and fee good days, let him refrain his tongue from evil, and his lips that they fpeak no guile: let him eschew evil, and do good; let him feek peace, and enfue it. For the eyes of the Lord are over the righteous, and his cars are open unto their prayers: but the face of the Lord is against them that do evil. And who is he that will harm you, if ye be followers of that which is good? But and if ye fuffer for righteoufness' fake, happy are ye: and be not afraid of their terror, neither be troubled; but fanctify the Lord God in your hearts.

The Gofpel. St. Luke v. 1.

T came to pass, that as the people pressed upon him to hear the Word of God, he stood by the lake of Gennesareth, and saw two ships standing by the lake; but the sishermen were gone out of them, and were washing their nets. And he entered into one of the ships, which was Simon's, and prayed him that he would thrust out a little from the land: and he sat down,

and taught the people out of the fhip. Now when he had left fpeaking, he faid unto Simon, Launch out into the deep, and let down your nets for a draught. And Simon answering faid unto him, Mafter, we have toiled all the night, and have taken nothing; neverthelefs, at thy word I will let down the net. And when they had this done, they inclosed a great multitude of fishes, and their net brake. And they beckoned unto their partners which were in the other ship, that they fhould come and help them. And they came, and filled both the fhips, fo that they began to fink. When Simon Peter faw it, he fell down at Jefus' knees, faying, Depart from me, for I am a finful man, O Lord. For he was aftonished, and all that were with him, at the draught of the fishes which they had taken; and fo was alfo James, and John, the fons of Zebedee, which were partners with Simon. And Jefus faid unto Simon, Fear not, from henceforth thou fhalt catch men. And when they had brought their ships to land, they forfook all, and followed him.

The fixth Sunday after Trinity. The Collect.

God, who haft prepared for them that love thee fuch good things as pass man's understanding; Pour into our hearts fuch love toward thee, that we, loving thee above all things, may obtain thy promifes, which exceed all that we can defire; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. vi. 3.

K NOW ye not, that fo many of us as were baptized into Jefus Chrift were baptized into his death? Therefore we are buried with him by baptifm into death; that like as Christ was raised up from the dead by the glory of the Father, even fo we also should walk in newnefs of life. For if we have been planted together in the likeness of his death, we shall be also in the likeness of his refurrection: knowing this, that our old man is crucified with him, that the body of fin might be deftroyed, that henceforth we should not serve sin. For he that is dead is freed from fin. Now if we be dead with Christ, we believe that we shall also live with him; knowing that Christ being raifed from the dead dieth no more; death hath no more dominion over him. For in that he died, he died unto fin once; but in that he liveth, he liveth unto God. Likewife reckón ye alfo yourfelves to be dead indeed unto fin, but alive unto God through Jefus Chrift our Lord.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. v. 20.

JESUS faid unto his disciples,
Except your righteousness shall

exceed the righteougness of the Scribes and Pharifees, ye shall in no cafe enter into the Kingdom of heaven. Ye have heard that it was faid by them of old time, Thou fhalt not kill: and whofoever fhall kill, shall be in danger of the judgement. But I fay unto you, that whofoever is angry with his brother without a cause shall be in danger of the judgement: and whofoever shall fay to his brother, Raca, shall be in danger of the council: but whofoever shall fay, Thou fool, shall be in danger of hell-fire. Therefore if thou bring thy gift to the altar, and there rememberest that thy brother hath ought against thee; leave there thy gift before the altar, and go thy way, first be reconciled to thy brother, and then come and offer thy gift. Agree with thine adversary quickly, whiles thou art in the way with him; left at any time the adverfary deliver thee to the judge, and the judge deliver thee to the officer, and thou be east into prifon. Verily I fay unto thee, Thou fhalt by no means come out thence, till thou haft paid the uttermost farthing.

The feventh Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

I ORD of all power and might, who art the author and giver of all good things; Graft in our

hearts the love of thy Name, increase in us true religion, nourish us with all goodness, and of thy great mercy keep us in the same; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

- The Epiftle. Rom. vi. 19.

I Speak after the manner of men, because of the infirmity of your flesh: for as ye have yielded your members fervants to uncleanness, and to iniquity, unto iniquity; even fo now yield your members fervants to righteousness, unto holinels. For when ye were the fervants of fin, ye were free from righteoufness. What fruit had ye then in those things whereof ye are now ashamed? for the end of those things is death. But now being made free from fin, and become fervants to God, ye have your fruit unto holiness, and the end everlafting life. For the wages of fin is death: but the gift of God is eternal life, through Jefus Chrift our Lord.

The Gofpel. St. Mark viii. 1.

IN those days the multitude being very great, and having nothing to eat, Jesus called his disciples unto him, and faith unto them, I have compassion on the multitude, because they have now been with me three days, and have nothing to eat: and if I send them away fasting to their own houses,

they will faint by the way; for divers of them came from far. And his disciples answered him, From whence can a man fatisfy thefe men with bread here in the wildernefs? And he afked them, How many loaves have ye? And they faid, Seven. And he commanded the people to fit down on the ground. And he took the feven loaves, and gave thanks, and brake, and gave to his disciples to set before them; and they did fet them before the people. And they had a few fmall fishes; and he bleffed, and commanded to fet them also before them. So they did eat, and were filled: and they took up of the broken meat that was left feven baskets. And they that had eaten were about four thousand. And he fent them away.

The eighth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

Ogod, whose never-failing providence ordereth all things both in heaven and earth; We humbly befeech thee to put away from us all hurtful things, and to give us those things which be prositable for us; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. Rom. viii. 12.

BRETHREN, we are debtors, not to the flesh, to live after the flesh. For if ye live after the

flesh, ye shall die; but if 've through the Spirit do mortify the deeds of the body, ye shall live. For as many as are led by the Spirit of God, they are the fons of God. For ye have not received the spirit of bondage again to fear; but ye have received the spirit of adoption, whereby we cry, Abba, Father. The Spirit itself beareth witnefs with our fpirit, that we are the children of God: and if children, then heirs; heirs of God, and jointheirs with Chrift: if fo be that we fuffer with him, that we may be alfo glorified together.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. vii. 15. **D**EWARE of false prophets, b which come to you in sheep's clothing, but inwardly they are ravening wolves. Ye fhall know them by their fruits: do men gather grapes of thorns, or figs of thiftles? Even fo every good tree bringeth forth good fruit; but a corrupt tree bringeth forth evil fruit. A good tree cannot bring forth evil fruit; neither can a corrupt tree bring forth good fruit. Every tree that bringeth not forth good fruit is hewn down, and caft into the fire. Wherefore by their fruits ve fluid know them. Not every one that faith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the Kingdom of heaven; but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven.

The ninth Sunday after Trinity.
The Collect.

RANT to us, Lord, we befeech thee, the fpirit to think and do always fuch things as be rightful; that we, who cannot do any thing that is good without thee, may by thee be enabled to live according to thy will; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. x. 1.

DRETHREN, I would not that ye fhould be ignorant, how that all our fathers were under the cloud, and all paffed through the fea; and were all baptized unto Mofes in the cloud, and in the fea; and did all eat the fame spiritual meat, and did all drink the fame fpiritual drink: (for they drank of that fpiritual Rock that followed them; and that Rock was Chrift.) But with many of them God was not well pleafed; for they were overthrown in the wildernefs. Now thefe things were our examples, to the intent we should not lust after evil things, as they also lusted. Neither be ye idolaters, as were fome of them; as it is written, The people fat down to eat and drink, and rofe up to play. Neither let us commit fornication, as fome of them committed, and fell in one day three and twenty thousand. Neither let us tempt Christ, as fome of them also tempted, and were deftroyed of ferpents. Nei-

ther murmur ye, as fome of them alfo murmured, and were deftroyed of the deftroyer. Now all thefe things happened unto them for enfamples: and they are written for our admonition, upon whom the ends of the world are come. Wherefore let him that thinketh he ftandeth take heed left he fall. There hath no temptation taken you, but fuch as is common to man: but God is faithful, who will not fuffer you to be tempted above that ye are able; but will with the temptation also make a way to escape, that ye may be able to bear it.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xvi. 1. TESUS faid unto his disciples, There was a certain rich man which had a fteward; and the fame was accufed unto him that he had wafted his goods. And he called him, and faid unto him, How is it that I hear this of thee? Give an account of thy ftewardship; for thou mayest be no longer steward. Then the fteward faid within himfelf, What shall I do? for my lord taketh away from me the stewardfhip: I cannot dig, to beg I am ashamed. I am resolved what to do, that, when I am put out of the ftewardship, they may receive me into their houses. So he called every one of his lord's debtors unto him, and faid unto the first, How much oweft thou unto my lord?

And he faid, An hundred measures of oil. And he faid unto him, Take thy bill, and fit down quickly, and write fifty. Then faid he to another, And how much oweft thou? And he faid, An hundred meafures of wheat. And he faid unto him, Take thy bill, and write fourfcore. And the lord commended the unjust steward, because he had done wifely: for the children of this world are in their generation wifer than the children of light. And I fay unto you, Make to yourselves friends of the mammon of unrighteoufnefs; that when ye fail, they may receive you into everlafting habitations.

The tenth Sunday after Trinity. The Collect.

ET thy merciful ears, O Lord, be open to the prayers of thy humble fervants; and that they may obtain their petitions make them to afk fuch things as shall pleafe thee; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. xii. 1.
ONCERNING fpiritual gifts,

brethren, I would not have you ignorant. Ye know that ye were Gentiles, carried away unto thefe dumb idols, even as ye were led. Wherefore I give you to understand, that no man speaking by the Spirit of God calleth Jesus accursed; and that no man can say that Jesus is the Lord, but by the

The eleventh Sunday after Trinity.

Holy Ghoft. Now there are diverfities of gifts, but the fame Spirit. And there are differences of administrations, but the same Lord. And there are diversities of operations, but it is the fame God, who worketh all in all. But the manifestation of the Spirit is given to every man to profit withal. For to one is given by the Spirit the word of wifdom; to another the word of knowledge by the fame Spirit; to another faith by the fame Spirit; to another the gifts of healing by the fame Spirit; to another the working of miracles; to another prophecy; to another difcerning of fpirits; to another divers kinds of tongues; to another the interpretation of tongues. But all thefe worketh that one and the felfsame Spirit, dividing to every man feverally as he will.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xix. 41.

A ND when he was come near, he beheld the city, and wept over it, faying, If thou hadft known, even thou, at leaft in this thy day, the things which belong unto thy peace! but now they are hid from thine eyes. For the days shall come upon thee, that thine enemies shall cast a trench about thee, and compass thee round, and keep thee in on every side, and shall lay thee even with the ground, and thy children within thee; and they shall not leave in thee one stone upon

another; because thou knewest not the time of thy visitation. And he went into the temple, and began to cast out them that fold therein, and them that bought, saying unto them, It is written, My house is the house of prayer: but ye have made it a den of thieves. And he taught daily in the temple.

The eleventh Sunday after Trinity.
The Collect.

God, who declareft thy almighty power most chiefly in shewing mercy and pity; Mercifully grant unto us such a measure of thy grace, that we, running the way of thy commandments, may obtain thy gracious promises, and be made partakers of thy heavenly treasure; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. xv. 1.

PRETHREN, I declare unto you the Gospel which I preached unto you, which also ye have received, and wherein ye stand: by which also ye are saved, if ye keep in memory what I preached unto you, unless ye have believed in vain. For I delivered unto you first of all, that which I also received, how that Christ died for our sins, according to the Scriptures; and that he was buried; and that he rose again the third day, according to the Scriptures; and that he was seen of Cephas, then of the

The twelfth Sunday after Trinity.

twelve: after that, he was feen of above five hundred brethren at once; of whom the greater part remain unto this prefent; but fome are fallen afleep: after that, he was feen of James; then of all the Apostles: and last of all, he was feen of me also, as of one born out of due time. For I am the leaft of the Apostles, that am not meet to be called an Apostle, because I perfecuted the Church of God. But by the grace of God I am what I am: and his grace which was bestowed upon me was not in vain; but I laboured more abundantly than they all; yet not I, but the grace of God which was with me. Therefore whether it were I or they, fo we preach, and fo ye believed.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xviii. 9.

I ESUS fpake this parable unto certain which trufted in themfelves that they were righteous, and defpifed others: Two men went up into the temple to pray; the one a Pharifee, and the other a Publican. The Pharifee stood and prayed thus with himfelf, God, I thank thee, that I am not as other men are, extortioners, unjust, adulterers, or even as this Publican: I fast twice in the week, I give tithes of all that I possess. And the Publican, standing afar off, would not lift up fo much as his eyes unto heaven, but fmote

upon his breaft, faying, God be merciful to me a finner. I tell you, this man went down to his house justified rather than the other: for every one that exalteth himself shall be abased; and he that humbleth himself shall be exalted.

The twelfth Sunday after Trinity.
The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everlating God, who art always more ready to hear than we to pray, and art wont to give more than either we defire, or deferve; Pour down upon us the abundance of thy mercy; forgiving us those things whereof our conscience is asraid, and giving us those good things which we are not worthy to ask, but through the merits and mediation of Jesus Christ, thy Son, our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 2 Cor. iii. 4.

SUCH trust have we through Christ to God-ward: not that we are sufficient of ourselves to think any thing as of ourselves; but our sufficiency is of God. Who also hath made us able ministers of the New Testament; not of the letter, but of the Spirit: for the letter killeth, but the Spirit giveth life. But if the ministration of death written and engraven in stones was glorious, so that the children of Israel could not stedsaftly behold the face of Moses for the glory of

The thirteenth Sunday after Trinity.

his countenance, which glory was to be done away; how shall not the ministration of the Spirit be rather glorious? For if the ministration of condemnation be glory, much more doth the ministration of righteousness exceed in glory.

The Gospel. St. Mark vii. 31.

TESUS, departing from the coafts of Tyre and Sidon, came unto the fea of Galilee, through the midst of the coasts of Decapolis. And they bring unto him one that was deaf, and had an impediment in his fpeech; and they befeech him to put his hand upon him. And he took him afide from the multitude, and put his fingers into his ears, and he fpit, and touched his tongue; and looking up to heaven, he fighed, and faith unto him, Ephphatha, that is, Be opened. And ftraightway his ears were opened, and the ftring of his tongue was loofed, and he fpake plain. And he charged them that they should tell no man: but the more he charged them, fo much the more a great deal they published it; and were beyond measure astonished, faying, He hath done all things well; he maketh both the deaf to hear, and the dumb to fpeak.

The thirteenth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

ALMIGHTY and merciful God, of whose only gift it cometh

that thy faithful people do unto thee true and laudable fervice; Grant, we befeech thee, that we may fo faithfully ferve thee in this life, that we fail not finally to attain thy heavenly promifes; through the merits of Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Gal. iii. 16.

TO Abraham and his feed were the promifes made. He faith not, And to feeds, as of many; but as of one; And to thy feed, which is Christ. And this I say, That the covenant that was confirmed before of God in Christ, the Law, which was four hundred and thirty years after, cannot difannul, dthat it should make the promise of none effect. For if the inheritance be of the Law, it is no more of promife; but God gave it to Abraham by promife. Wherefore then ferveth the Law? It was added because of transgressions, till the feed should come, to whom the promife was made; and it was ordained by angels in the hand of a mediator. Now a mediator is not a mediator of one; but God is one. Is the Law then against the promises of God? God forbid: for if there had been a law given which could have given life, verily righteoufnefs should have been by the Law. But the Scripture hath concluded all under fin, that the promife by faith of Jefus Christ might be given to them that believe.

The Gofpel.: St. Luke x. 23. DLESSED are the eyes which • fee the things that ye fee. For I tell you, That many prophets and kings have defired to fee those things which ye fee, and have not feen them; and to hear those things which ye hear, and have not heard them. And behold, a certain Lawyer flood up, and tempted him, faying, Mafter, what shall I do to inherit eternal life? He faid unto him, What is written in the Law? how readest thou? And he answering faid, Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy foul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbour as thyfelf. And he faid unto him, Thou haft anfwered right; this do, and thou shalt live. But he, willing to justify himfelf, faid unto Jesus, And who is my neighbour? And Jefus anfwering faid, A certain man went down from Jerufalem to Jericho, and fell among thieves, which stripped him of his raiment, and wounded him, and departed, leaving him half dead. And by chance there came down a certain Prieft that way, and, when he faw him, he passed by on the other fide. And likewife a Levite, when he was at the place, came and looked on him, and paffed by on the other ofide. But a certain Samaritan, as he journeyed, came where he was;

and, when he faw him, he had compassion on him, and went to him, and bound up his wounds, pouring in oil and wine, and fet him on his own beaft, and brought him to an inn, and took care of him. And on the morrow, when he departed, he took out two pence, and gave them to the hoft, and faid unto him, Take care of him; and whatfoever thou fpendeft more, when I come again, I will repay thee. Which now of these three, thinkest thou, was neighbour unto him that fell among the thieves? And he faid, He that shewed mercy on him. Then faid Jesus unto him, Go, and do thou likewife.

The fourteenth Sunday after Trinity.
The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everlafting God, give unto us the increase of faith, hope, and charity; and, that we may obtain that which thou dost promise, make us to love that which thou dost command; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Gal. v. 16.

Say then, Walk in the Spirit, and ye shall not sulfil the lust of the sless. For the sless lusteth against the Spirit, and the Spirit against the sless; and these are contrary the one to the other; so that ye cannot do the things that ye would. But if ye be led by the Spirit, ye are not under the law.

T 2

The fifteenth Sunday after Trinity.

Now the works of the flesh are manifest, which are these, adultery, fornication, uncleanness, lasciviousnefs, idolatry, witchcraft, hatred, variance, emulations, wrath, strife, feditions, herefies, envyings, murders, drunkennefs, revellings, and fuch like: of the which I tell you before, as I have also told you in time past, That they who do such things shall not inherit the kingdom of God. But the fruit of the Spirit is love, joy, peace, long-fuffering, gentleness, goodness, faith, meekness, temperance: against such there is no law. And they that are Christ's have crucified the flesh, with the affections and lufts.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xvii. 11. ND it came to pass, as Jesus A went to Jerufalem, that he paffed through the midft of Samaria, and Galilee. And as he entered into a certain village, there met him ten men that were lepers, which stood afar off. And they lifted up their voices, and faid, Jefus, Mafter, have mercy on us. And when he faw them, he faid unto them, Go, shew yourselves unto the priefts. And it came to pafs, that, as they went, they were cleanfed. And one of them, when he faw that he was healed, turned back, and with a loud voice glorified God, and fell down on his face at his feet, giving him thanks; and he was a Samaritan. And Jefus

answering said, Were there not ten cleansed? but where are the nine? There are not found that returned to give glory to God, save this stranger. And he said unto him, Arise, go thy way, thy saith hath made thee whole.

The fifteenth Sunday after Trinity.
The Collect.

KEEP, we befeech thee, O Lord, thy Church with thy perpetual mercy: and, because the frailty of man without thee cannot but fall, keep us ever by thy help from all things hurtful, and lead us to all things profitable to our falvation; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Gal. vi. 11.

YE fee how large a letter I have written unto you with mine written unto you with mine own hand. As many as defire to make a fair flew in the flesh, they constrain you to be circumcifed; only left they should suffer perfecution for the crofs of Chrift. For neither they themselves who are circumcifed keep the law; but defire to have you circumcifed, that they may glory in your flesh. But God forbid that I should glory, fave in the crofs of our Lord Jefus Chrift, by whom the world is crucified unto me, and I unto the world. For in Christ Jesus neither circumcifion availeth any thing, nor uncircumcifion, but a new creature.

The fixteenth Sunday after Trinity.

And as many as walk according to this rule, peace be on them, and mercy, and upon the Ifrael of God. From henceforth let no man trouble me; for I bear in my body the marks of the Lord Jefus. Brethren, the grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift be with your fpirit. Amen.

The Gospel. St. Matth. vi. 24. TO man can ferve two mafters: for either he will hate the one, and love the other; or elfe he will hold to the one, and despise the other. Ye cannot ferve God and Mammon. Therefore I fay unto you, Take no thought for your life, what ye shall eat, or what ye fhall drink; nor yet for your body, what ye shall put on: Is not the life more than meat, and the body than raiment? Behold the fowls of the air; for they fow not, neither do they reap, nor gather into barns; yet your heavenly Father feedeth them. Are ye not much better than they? Which of you by taking thought can add one cubit unto his ftature? And why take ye thought for raiment? Confider the lilies of the field how they grow: they toil not, neither do they fpin: and yet I fay unto you, That even Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of thefe. Wherefore, if God fo clothe the grafs of the field, which to-day is, and tomorrow is cast into the oven; shall he not much more clothe you, O

ye of little faith? Therefore take no thought, faying, What shall we eat? or what shall we drink? or wherewithal shall we be clothed? (for after all these things do the Gentiles seek:) for your heavenly Father knoweth that ye have need of all these things. But seek ye first the kingdom of God, and his righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you. Take therefore no thought for the morrow; for the morrow shall take thought for the things of itself: sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof.

The fixteenth Sunday after Trinity. The Collect.

Lord, we befeech thee, let thy continual pity cleanse and defend thy Church; and, because it cannot continue in safety without thy succour, preserve it evermore by thy help and goodness; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. iii, 13.

Defire that ye faint not at my tribulations for you, which is your glory. For this caufe I bow my knees unto the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, of whom the whole family in heaven and earth is named, that he would grant you, according to the riches of his glory, to be ftrengthened with might by his Spirit in the inner man; that Chrift may dwell in your hearts by faith; that ye, being rooted and

The seventeenth Sunday after Trinity.

grounded in love, may be able to comprehend with all faints, what is the breadth, and length, and depth, and height; and to know the love of Chrift, which paffeth knowledge, that ye might be filled with all the fulness of God. Now unto him that is able to do exceeding abundantly above all that we ask or think, according to the power that worketh in us, unto him be glory in the Church by Chrift Jesus, throughout all ages, world without end. Amen.

The Gofpel. St. Luke vii. 11.

ND it came to pass the day A after, that Jefus went into a city called Naim; and many of his disciples went with him, and much people. Now when he came nigh to the gate of the city, behold, there was a dead man carried out, the only fon of his mother, and she was a widow; and much people of the city was with her. And when the Lord faw her, he had compaffion on her, and faid unto her, * Weep not. And he came and touched the bier, (and they that bare him ftood ftill,) and he faid, Young man, I fay unto thee, Arife. And he that was dead fat up, and began to fpeak: and he delivered him to his mother. And there came a fear on all, and they glorified God, faying, That a great Prophet is rifen up among us, and that God hath vifited his people. And this rumour of him went forth throughout all Judæa, and throughout all the region round about.

The feventeenth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

ORD, we pray thee that thy grace may always prevent and follow us, and make us continually to be given to all good works; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. iv. 1.

Therefore the prisoner of the Lord befeech you, that ye walk worthy of the vocation wherewith ye are called, with all lowliness and meekness, with long-suffering, forbearing one another in love; endeavouring to keep the unity of the spirit in the bond of peace. There is one body, and one Spirit, even as ye are called in one hope of your calling; one Lord, one faith, one baptism, one God and Father of all, who is above all, and through all, and in you all.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xiv. 1.

IT came to pass, as Jesus went into the house of one of the chief Pharisees to eat bread on the sabbath-day, that they watched him. And behold, there was a certain man before him which had the dropsy. And Jesus answering spake unto the Lawyers and Pharisees, saying, Is it lawful to heal on the sabbath-day? And they held

their peace. And he took him, and healed him, and let him go; and answered them, faying, Which of you shall have an afs, or an ox, fallen into a pit, and will not ftraightway pull him out on the fabbathday? And they could not answer him again to these things. And he put forth a parable to those which were bidden, when he marked how they chose out the chief rooms, faying unto them, When thou art bidden of any man to a wedding, fit not down in the highest room; left a more honourable man than thou be bidden of him; and he that bade thee and him come and fay to thee, Give this man place; and thou begin with shame to take the lowest room. But when thou art bidden, go and fit down in the lowest room; that, when he that bade thee cometh, he may fay unto thee, Friend, go up higher: then shalt thou have worship in the prefence of them that fit at meat with thee. For whofoever exalteth himfelf shall be abased; and he that humbleth himfelf shall be exalted.

The eighteenth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

ORD, we befeech thee, grant thy people grace to withftand the temptations of the world, the flesh, and the devil, and with pure hearts and minds to follow thee the

only God; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. 1 Cor. i. 4.

I Thank my God always on your behalf, for the grace of God which is given you by Jefus Chrift; that in every thing ye are enriched by him, in all utterance, and in all knowledge; even as the testimony of Christ was confirmed in you; so that ye come behind in no gift; waiting for the coming of our Lord Jefus Christ, who shall also confirm you unto the end, that ye may be blameless in the day of our Lord Jesus Christ.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxii. 34. THEN the Pharifees had heard that Jefus had put the Sadducees to filence, they were gathered together. Then one of them, who was a Lawyer, asked him a question, tempting him, and faying, Mafter, which is the great commandment in the Law? Jefus faid unto him, Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy foul, and with all thy mind. This is the first and great commandment. And the fecond is like unto it, Thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyfelf. On thefe two commandments hang all the Law and the Prophets. While the Pharifees were gathered together, Jefus asked them, faying, What think ye of Christ? whose fon is he? They fay unto him, The

fon of David. He faith unto them, How then doth David in spirit call him Lord, faying, The Lord faid unto my Lord, Sit thou on my right hand, till I make thine enemies thy foot-stool? If David then call him Lord, how is he his Son? And no man was able to answer him a word; neither durst any man from that day forth ask him any more questions.

The nineteenth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

O God, forafmuch as without thee we are not able to pleafe thee; Mercifully grant, that thy Holy Spirit may in all things direct and rule our hearts; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epifle. Ephef. iv. 17.

THIS I fay therefore, and tefti-I fy in the Lord, that ye henceforth walk not as other Gentiles walk, in the vanity of their mind; having the understanding darkened, being alienated from the life of God through the ignorance that is in them, because of the blindness of their heart: who, being past feeling, have given themselves over unto lasciviousness, to work all uncleanness with greediness. But ye have not fo learned Christ; if so be that ye have heard him, and have been taught by him, as the truth is in Jefus: that ye put off, concerning the former conversation,

the old man, which is corrupt according to the deceitful lufts; and be renewed in the spirit of your mind; and that ye put on the new man, which after God is created in righteousness and true holiness. Wherefore, putting away lying, fpeak every man truth with his neighbour: for we are members one of another. Be ye angry and fin not: let not the fun go down upon your wrath: neither give place to the devil. Let him that stole steal no more; but rather let him labour, working with his hands the thing which is good, that he may have to give to him that needeth. Let no corrupt communication proceed out of your mouth, but that which is good to the use of edifying, that it may minister grace unto the hearers. And grieve not the Holy Spirit of God, whereby ye are fealed unto the day of redemption. Let all bitterness, and wrath, and anger, and clamour, and evil-fpeaking, be put away from you, with all malice. And be ye kind one to another, tenderhearted, forgiving one another, even as God for Christ's fake hath forgiven you.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. ix. 1.

JESUS entered into a ship, and passed over, and came into his own city. And behold, they brought to him a man sick of the palfy, lying on a bed. And Jesus,

feeing their faith, faid unto the fick of the palfy, Son, be of good cheer, thy fins be forgiven thee. And behold, certain of the fcribes faid within themfelves, This man blasphemeth. And Jesus, knowing their thoughts, faid, Wherefore think ye evil in your hearts? For whether is eafier to fay, Thy fins be forgiven thee? or to fay, Arife, and walk? But that ye may know that the Son of man hath power on earth to forgive fins, (then faith he to the fick of the palfy,) Arife, take up thy bed, and go unto thine house. And he arose, and departed to his house. But when the multitude faw it, they marvelled, and glorified God, who had given fuch power unto men.

The twentieth Sunday after Trinity. The Collect.

O Almighty and most merciful God, of thy bountiful goodnefs keep us, we befeech thee, from all things that may hurt us; that we, being ready both in body and foul, may cheerfully accomplish those things that thou wouldest have done; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. v. 15.

CEE then that ye walk circumpectly, not as fools, but as wife, redeeming the time, because the days are evil. Wherefore be ye not unwife, but understanding

what the will of the Lord is. And be not drunk with wine, wherein is excess; but be filled with the Spirit; fpeaking to yourfelves in pfalms, and hymns, and fpiritual fongs; finging and making melody in your heart to the Lord; giving thanks always for all things unto God and the Father, in the Name of our Lord Jefus Chrift; fubmitting yourfelves one to another in the fear of God.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxii. 1.

JESUS faid, The Kingdom of heaven is like unto a certain heaven is like unto a certain king, who made a marriage for his fon; and fent forth his fervants to call them that were bidden to the wedding; and they would not come. Again, he fent forth other fervants, faying, Tell them which are bidden, Behold, I have prepared my dinner; my oxen and my fatlings are killed, and all things are ready; come unto the marriage. But they made light of it, and went their ways, one to his farm, another to his merchandife: and the remnant took his fervants, and entreated them fpitefully, and flew them. But when the king heard thereof, he was wroth; and he fent forth his armies, and deftroyed those murderers, and burnt up their city. Then faith he to his fervants, The wedding is ready, but they who were bidden were not worthy. Go ye therefore into

the high-ways, and as many as ye shall find bid to the marriage. So those fervants went out into the high-ways, and gathered together all, as many as they found, both bad and good; and the wedding was furnished with guests. when the king came in to fee the guests, he saw there a man which had not on a wedding-garment. And he faith unto him, Friend, how camest thou in hither, not having a wedding-garment? And he was fpeechlefs. Then faid the king to the fervants, Bind him hand and foot, and take him away, and cast him into outer darkness: there shall be weeping and gnashing of teeth. For many are called, but few are chosen.

The one and twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

GRANT, we befeech thee, merciful Lord, to thy faithful people pardon and peace, that they may be cleanfed from all their fins, and ferve thee with a quiet mind; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. vi. 10.

Y brethren, be ftrong in the Lord, and in the power of his might. Put on the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to ftand againft the wiles of the devil. For we wrestle not against

flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against spiritual wickedness in high places. Wherefore take unto you the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to withstand in the evil day, and, having done all, to ftand. Stand therefore, having your loins girt about with truth; and having on the breaft-plate of righteoufnefs; and your feet flood with the preparation of the Gospel of peace; above all, taking the shield of faith, wherewith ye shall be able to quench all the fiery darts of the wicked; and take the helmet of falvation, and the fword of the Spirit, which is the Word of God: praying always with all prayer and supplication in the Spirit, and watching thereunto with all perfeverance, and supplication for all faints; and for me, that utterance may be given unto me, that I may open my mouth boldly, to make known the mystery of the Gospel, for which I am an ambaffador in bonds; that therein I may fpeak boldly, as I ought to fpeak.

The Gofpel. St. John iv. 46.

THERE was a certain nobleman, whose fon was sick at Capernaum. When he heard that Jesus was come out of Judæa into Galilee, he went unto him, and besought him that he would come down and heal his fon; for he was

at the point of death. Then faid Jefus unto him, Except ye fee figns and wonders, ye will not believe. The nobleman faith unto him, Sir, come down ere my child die. Jefus faith unto him, Go thy way, thy fon liveth. And the man believed the word that Jefus had fpoken unto him, and he went his way. And, as he was now going down, his fervants met him, and told him, faying, Thy fon liveth. Then enquired he of them the hour when he began to amend: and they faid unto him, Yesterday at the seventh hour the fever left him. father knew that it was at the fame hour, in the which Jefus faid unto him, Thy fon liveth; and himfelf believed, and his whole house. This is again the fecond miracle that Jefus did, when he was come out of Judæa into Galilee.

The two and twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

Lord, we befeech thee to keep thy houshold the Church in continual godlines; that through thy protection it may be free from all adversities, and devoutly given to ferve thee in good works, to the glory of thy Name; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Phil. i. 3.

I Thank my God upon every remembrance of you, (always in

every prayer of mine for you all making request with joy,) for your fellowship in the Gospel from the first day until now; being confident of this very thing, that he who hath begun a good work in you will perform it until the day of Jefus Chrift; even as it is meet for me to think this of you all, becaufe I have you in my heart, inafmuch as both in my bonds, and in the defence and confirmation of the Gofpel, ye all are partakers of my grace. For God is my record, how greatly I long after you all in the bowels of Jesus Christ. And this I pray, that your love may abound yet more and more in knowledge, and in all judgement: that ye may approve things that are excellent, that ye may be fincere, and without offence, till the day of Chrift: being filled with the fruits of righteoufnefs, which are by Jefus Chrift, unto the glory and praife of God.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xviii. 21.

PETER faid unto Jefus, Lord, how oft shall my brother sin against me, and I forgive him? till seven times? Jefus faith unto him, I fay not unto thee, until seven times; but until seventy times seven. Therefore is the Kingdom of heaven likened unto a certain king, which would take account of his fervants. And when he had begun to reckon, one was brought

The three and twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

unto him, which owed him ten thousand talents. But forafmuch as he had not to pay, his lord commanded him to be fold, and his wife and children, and all that he had, and payment to be made. The fervant therefore fell down and worshipped him, faying, Lord, have patience with me, and I will pay thee all. Then the lord of that fervant was moved with compaffion, and loofed him, and forgave him the debt. But the same fervant went out, and found one of his fellow-fervants, which owed him an hundred pence; and he laid hands on him, and took him by the throat, faying, Pay me that thou oweft. And his fellow-fervant fell down at his feet, and befought him, faying, Have patience with me, and I will pay thee all. And he would not; but went and caft him into prison, till he should pay the debt. So when his fellow-fervants faw what was done, they were very forry, and came and told unto their lord all that was done. Then his lord, after that he had called him, faid unto him, O thou wicked fervant, I forgave thee all that debt, because thou desireds me: fhouldest not thou also have had compaffion on thy fellow-fervant, even as I had pity on thee? And his lord was wroth, and delivered him to the tormentors, till he should pay all that was due unto him. So likewife flull my heavenly Father do also unto you, if ye from your hearts forgive not every one his brother their trefpasses.

The three and twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

God, our refuge and ftrength, who art the author of all god-lines; Be ready, we befeech thee, to hear the devout prayers of thy Church; and grant that those things which we ask faithfully we may obtain effectually; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epifile. Phil. iii. 17.

PRETHREN, be followers together of me, and mark them which walk fo as ye have us for an enfample. (For many walk, of whom I have told you often, and now tell you even weeping, that they are the enemies of the crofs of Christ; whose end is destruction, whose god is their belly, and whofe glory is in their fhame, who mind earthly things.) For our conversation is in heaven; from whence also we look for the Saviour, the Lord Jefus Chrift; who fhall change our vile body, that it may be fashioned like unto his glorious body, according to the working whereby he is able even to fubdue all things unto himfelf.

The four and twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxii. 15. THEN went the Pharifees and Let took counfel how they might entangle him in his talk. And they fent out unto him their disciples, with the Herodians, faying, Mafter, we know that thou art true, and teachest the way of God in truth, neither careft thou for any man: for thou regardest not the perfon of men. Tell us therefore, what thinkest thou? Is it lawful to give tribute unto Cæfar, or not? But Jefus perceived their wickednefs, and faid, Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites? flew me the tributemoney. And they brought unto him a peny. And he faith unto them, Whofe is this image and fuperfcription? They fay unto him, Cæfar's. Then faith he unto them, Render therefore unto Cæfar the things which are Cæfar's; and unto God the things that are God's. When they had heard thefe words, they marvelled, and left him, and went their way.

The four and twentieth Sunday
after Trinity.
The Collect.

Lord, we befeech thee, abfolve thy people from their offences; that through thy bountiful goodnefs we may all be delivered from the bands of those fins, which by our frailty we have committed: Grant this, O heavenly Father, for Jefus Chrift's fake, our bleffed Lord and Saviour. Amen. The Epifile. Col. i. 3.

TE give thanks to God and the Father of our Lord Lo the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, praying always for you, fince we heard of your faith in Chrift Jefus, and of the love which ye have to all the faints; for the hope which is laid up for you in heaven, whereof ye heard before in the word of the truth of the Gofpel; which is come unto you, as it is in all the world, and bringeth forth fruit, as it doth also in you, fince the day ye heard of it, and knew the grace of God in truth. As ye also learned of Epaphras, our dear fellow-fervant, who is for you a faithful minister of Chrift; who also declared unto us your love in the Spirit. For this caufe we also, fince the day we heard it, do not ceafe to pray for you, and to defire that ye might be filled with the knowledge of his will in all wifdom and spiritual understanding: that ye might walk worthy of the Lord unto all pleafing, being fruitful in every good work, and increasing in the knowledge of God; ftrengthened with all might, according to his glorious power, unto all patience and longfuffering with joyfulnefs; giving thanks unto the Father, which hath made us meet to be partakers of the inheritance of the faints in light.

The five and twentieth Sunday after Trinity.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. ix. 18. WHILE Jefus fpake thefe things unto John's disciples, behold, there came a certain ruler. and worshipped him, faying, My daughter is even now dead; but come and lay thy hand upon her, and the fhall live. And Jefus arofe, and followed him, and fo did his difciples. (And behold, a woman, which was difeafed with an iffue of blood twelve years, came behind him, and touched the hem of his garment; for the faid within herfelf, If I may but touch his garment, I shall be whole. But Jesus turned him about, and, when he faw her, he faid, Daughter, be of good comfort, thy faith hath made thee whole. And the woman was made whole from that hour.) And when Jefus came into the ruler's house, and faw the minstrels and the people making a noife, he faid unto them, Give place; for the maid is not dead, but fleepeth. And they laughed him to fcorn. But when the people were put forth, he went in, and took her by the hand, and the maid arofe. And the fame hereof went abroad into all that land.

The five and twentivth Sunday after Trinity.

The Collect.

STIR up, we befeech thee, O Lord, the wills of thy faith-

ful people; that they, plenteously bringing forth the fruit of good works, may of thee be plenteously rewarded; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

For the Epiftle. Jer. xxiii. 5.

DEHOLD, the days come, faith the Lord, that I will raife unto David a righteous Branch, and a King shall reign, and prosper, and shall execute judgement and justice in the earth. In his days Judah shall be faved, and Israel fhall dwell fafely: and this is his Name whereby he shall be called, THE LORD OUR RIGHTE-OUSNESS. Therefore behold, the days come, faith the Lord, that they shall no more fay, The Lord liveth, which brought up the children of Ifrael out of the land of Egypt; but, The Lord liveth, which brought up, and which led the feed of the house of Israel out of the north-country, and from all countries whither I had driven them; and they shall dwell in their own land.

The Gofpel. St. John vi. 5.

WHEN Jefus then lift up his eyes, and faw a great company come unto him, he faith unto Philip, Whence fhall we buy bread that thefe may eat? (And this he faid to prove him; for he himfelf knew what he would do.) Philip answered him, Two hundred penyworth of bread is not sufficient for

them, that every one of them may take a little. One of his disciples, Andrew, Simon Peter's brother, faith unto him, There is a lad here, which hath five barley-loaves, and two finall fishes; but what are they among fo many? And Jefus faid, Make the men fit down. Now there was much grafs in the place. So the men fat down, in number about five thousand. And Jesus took the loaves, and, when he had given thanks, he distributed to the disciples, and the disciples to them that were fet down, and likewife of the fishes, as much as they would. When they were filled, he faid unto his disciples, Gather up the fragments that remain, that nothing be loft. Therefore they gathered them together, and filled twelve baskets with the fragments of the five barley-loaves, which remained over and above unto them that had eaten. Then those men, when they had feen the miracle that Jefus did, faid, This is of a truth that Prophet that should come into the world.

¶ If there be any more Sundays before Advent-Sunday, the Service of some of those Sundays that were omitted after the Epiphany shall be taken in to supply so many as are here wanting. And if there be fewer, the overplus may be omitted: Provided that this last Collect, Epistle, and Gospel shall always be used upon the Sunday next before Advent.

Saint Andrew's Day. The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who didft give fuch grace unto thy holy

Apostle Saint Andrew, that he readily obeyed the calling of thy Son Jesus Christ, and followed him without delay; Grant unto us all, that we, being called by thy holy Word, may forthwith give up ourselves obediently to fulfil thy holy commandments; through the same Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. x. 9.

IF thou shalt confess with thy mouth the Lord Jesus, and shalt believe in thine heart that God hath raifed him from the dead, thou fhalt be faved. For with the heart man believeth unto righteoufnefs, and with the mouth confession is made unto falvation. For the Scripture faith, Whofoever believeth on him shall not be ashamed. For there is no difference between the Jew and the Greek: for the fame Lord over all is rich unto all that call upon him. For whofoever shall call upon the Name of the Lord shall be faved. How then fhall they call on him, in whom they have not believed? And how fhall they believe in him, of whom they have not heard? And how fhall they hear without a preacher? And how fhall they preach, except they be fent? As it is written, How beautiful are the feet of them that preach the Gospel of peace, and bring glad tidings of good things! But they have not all obeyed the Gofpel. For Efaias faith, Lord,

who hath believed our report? So then faith cometh by hearing, and hearing by the Word of God. But I fay, Have they not heard? Yes verily, their found went into all the earth, and their words unto the ends of the world. But I fay, Did not Ifrael know? First Moses faith. I will provoke you to jealoufy by them that are no people, and by a foolish nation I will anger you. But Efaias is very bold, and faith, I was found of them that fought me not; I was made manifest unto them that asked not after me. But to Ifrael he faith, All day long I have ftretched forth my hands unto a difobedient and gainfaying people.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. iv. 18.

TESUS, walking by the fea of Galilee, faw two brethren, Simon called Peter, and Andrew his brother, cafting a net into the fea, (for they were fifners;) and he faith unto them, Follow me; and I will make you fishers of men. they ftraightway left their nets, and followed him. And going on from thence he faw other two brethren, James the fon of Zebedee, and John his brother, in a ship with Zebedee their father, mending their nets; and he called them. And they immediately left the ship and their father, and followed him.

Saint Thomas the Apostle.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everliving God, who for the more confirmation of the faith didft fuffer thy holy Apostle Thomas to be doubtful in thy Son's resurrection; Grant us so perfectly, and without all doubt, to believe in thy Son Jesus Christ, that our faith in thy sight may never be reproved. Hear us, O Lord, through the same Jesus Christ, to whom, with thee and the Holy Ghost, be all honour and glory, now and for evermore. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. ii. 19.

NOW therefore ye are no more ftrangers and foreigners, but fellow-citizens with the faints, and of the houshold of God; and are built upon the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, Jesus Christ himself being the chief cornerstone; in whom all the building, fitly framed together, groweth unto an holy temple in the Lord; in whom ye also are builded together for an habitation of God, through the Spirit.

The Gofpel. St. John xx. 24.

THOMAS, one of the twelve, called Didymus, was not with them when Jefus came. The other difciples therefore faid unto him, We have feen the Lord. But he faid unto them, Except I shall fee in his hands the print of the nails,

and put my finger into the print of the nails, and thrust my hand into his fide, I will not believe. after eight days again his disciples were within, and Thomas with them: then came Jefus, the doors being flut, and flood in the midft, and faid, Peace be unto you. Then faith he to Thomas, Reach hither thy finger, and behold my hands; and reach hither thy hand, and thrust it into my side; and be not faithlefs, but believing. And Thomas answered and faid unto him, My Lord, and my God. Jefus faith unto him, Thomas, because thou haft feen me, thou haft believed; bleffed are they that have not feen, and yet have believed. And many other figns truly did Jefus in the prefence of his disciples, which are not written in this book. But thefe are written, that ye might believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God; and that believing ye might have life through his Name.

The Conversion of Saint Paul.
The Collect.

God, who, through the preaching of the bleffed Apoftle Saint Paul, haft caufed the light of the Gofpel to fhine throughout the world; Grant, we befeech thee, that we, having his wonderful conversion in remembrance, may shew forth our thankfulness unto thee for

the fame, by following the holy doctrine which he taught; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts ix. 1.

ND Saul, yet breathing out A threatenings and flaughter against the disciples of the Lord, went unto the high prieft, and defired of him letters to Damascus to the fynagogues, that, if he found any of this way, whether they were men or women, he might bring them bound unto Jerufalem. And, as he journeyed, he came near Damafcus, and fuddenly there shined round about him a light from heaven. And he fell to the earth, and heard a voice faying unto him, Saul, Saul, why perfecuteft thou me? And he faid, Who art thou, Lord? And the Lord faid, I am Jefus whom thou perfecuteft: it is hard for thee to kick against the pricks. And he, trembling and aftonished, faid, Lord, what wilt thou have me to do? And the Lord faid unto him, Arife, and go into the city, and it shall be told thee what thou must do. And the men which journeyed with him ftood fpeechlefs, hearing a voice, but feeing no man. And Saul arofe from the earth, and when his eyes were opened he faw no man; but they led him by the hand, and brought him into Damafcus. And he was three days without fight,

and neither did eat nor drink. And there was a certain disciple at Damafcus, named Ananias, and to him faid the Lord in a vision, Ananias. And he faid, Behold, I am And the Lord faid here, Lord. unto him, Arife, and go into the ftreet which is called Straight, and enquire in the house of Judas for one called Saul, of Tarfus: for behold, he prayeth, and hath feen in a vision a man named Ananias, coming in, and putting his hand on him, that he might receive his fight. Then Ananias answered, Lord, I have heard by many of this man, how much evil he hath done to thy faints at Jerufalem; and here he hath authority from the chief priefts to bind all that call on thy Name. But the Lord faid unto him, Go thy way; for he is a chosen vessel unto me, to bear my Name before the Gentiles, and kings, and the children of Ifrael: for I will shew him how great things he must suffer for my Name's fake. And Ananias went his way, and entered into the house; and, putting his hands on him, faid, Brother Saul, the Lord, (even Jefus that appeared unto thee in the way as thou cameft,) hath fent me, that thou mightest receive thy fight, and be filled with the holy Ghoft. And immediately there fell from his eyes as it had been feales; and he received fight forthwith,

and arofe, and was baptized. And when he had received meat, he was ftrengthened. Then was Saul certain days with the disciples which were at Damascus. And straightway he preached Chrift in the fynagogues, that he is the Son of God. But all that heard him were amazed, and faid, Is not this he that deftroved them which called on this Name in Jerufalem, and came hither for that intent, that he might bring them bound unto the chief priefts? But Saul increased the more in ftrength, and confounded the Jews which dwelt at Damafcus, proving that this is very Chrift.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xix. 27.

DETER answered and faid unto Jefus, Behold, we have forfaken all, and followed thee: what shall we have therefore? And Jesus faid unto them, Verily I fay unto you, That ye which have followed me, in the regeneration when the Son of man shall fit in the throne of his glory, ye also shall fit upon twelve thrones, judging the twelve tribes of Ifrael. And every one that hath forfaken houses, or brethren, or fifters, or father, or mother, or wife, or children, or lands, for my Name's fake, fluil receive an hundred-fold, and fhall inherit everlatting life. But many that are first shall be last, and the last shall be first.

The Purification of Saint Mary.

The Prefentation of Christ in the Temple, commonly called, The Purification of Saint Mary the Virgin.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everliving God, we humbly befeech thy Majesty, that, as thy only-begotten Son was this day presented in the temple in substance of our flesh, so we may be presented unto thee with pure and clean hearts, by the same thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Mal. iii. 1.

BEHOLD, I will fend my meffenger, and he shall prepare the way before me: and the Lord, whom ye feek, shall fuddenly come to his temple; even the messenger of the covenant, whom ye delight in; behold, he shall come, faith the Lord of hofts. But who may abide the day of his coming? and who shall stand when he appeareth? for he is like a refiner's fire, and like fullers' foap. And he shall fit as a refiner and purifier of filver; and he shall purify the fons of Levi, and purge them as gold and filver, that they may offer unto the Lord an offering in righteoufnefs. Then shall the offerings of Judah and Jerufalem be pleafant unto the Lord, as in the days of old, and as in former years. And I will come near to you to judgement, and I will be a fwift witness against the forcerers, and against the adulterers, and against falsesweavers, and against those that oppress the hireling in his wages, the widow, and the fatherless, and that turn aside the stranger from his right, and fear not me, faith the Lord of hosts.

The Gofpel. St. Luke ii. 22.

▲ ND when the days of her purification, according to the Law of Mofes, were accomplished, they brought him to Jerusalem, to prefent him to the Lord; (as it is written in the Law of the Lord, Every male that openeth the womb fhall be called holy to the Lord;) and to offer a facrifice, according to that which is faid in the Law of the Lord, A pair of turtle-doves, or two young pigeons. And behold, there was a man in Jerufalem, whose name was Symeon; and the fame man was just and devout, waiting for the confolation of Ifrael: and the Holy Ghoft was upon him. And it was revealed unto him by the Holy Ghost, that he fhould not fee death, before he had feen the Lord's Chrift. And he came by the Spirit into the temple; and when the parents brought in the child Jesus, to do for him after the custom of the law, then took he him up in his arms, and bleffed God, and faid, Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in

X 2

peace, according to thy word: for mine eves have feen thy falvation, which thou haft prepared before the face of all people; a light to lighten the Gentiles, and the glory of thy people Ifrael. And Joseph and his mother marvelled at those things which were spoken of him. And Symeon bleffed them, and faid unto Mary his mother, Behold, this child is fet for the fall and rifing again of many in Ifrael; and for a fign which shall be spoken against; (yea, a fword shall pierce through thy own foul alfo;) that the thoughts of many hearts may be revealed. And there was one Anna a prophetefs, the daughter of Phanuel, of the tribe of Afer; fhe was of a great age, and had lived with an hufband feven years from her virginity: and she was a widow of about fourfcore and four years; which departed not from the temple, but ferved God with faftings and prayers night and day. And the coming in that inftant gave thanks likewife unto the Lord, and fpake of him to all them that looked for redemption in Jerufalem. And when they had performed all things according to the law of the Lord, they returned into Galilee to their own city Nazareth. And the child grew, and waxed ftrong in fpirit, filled with wifdom; and the grace of God was upon him.

Saint Matthias's Day.
The Collect.

Almighty God, who into the place of the traitor Judas didft choose thy faithful servant Matthias to be of the number of the twelve Apostles; Grant that thy Church, being alway preserved from false Apostles, may be ordered and guided by faithful and true pastors; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts i. 15. IN those days Peter stood up in I the midst of the disciples, and faid, (the number of the names together were about an hundred and twenty,) Men and brethren, this Scripture must needs have been fulfilled, which the Holy Ghoft by the mouth of David spake before concerning Judas, which was guide to them that took Jefus: for he was numbered with us, and had obtained part of this ministry. Now this man purchased a field with the reward of iniquity; and falling headlong he burft afunder in the midft, and all his bowels gushed out. And it was known unto all the dwellers at Jerufalem, infomuch as that field is called in their proper tongue, Aceldama, that is to fay, The field of blood. For it is written in the book of Pfalms, Let his habitation be defolate, and let no man dwell therein; and, His bishoprick let another take.

The Annunciation of the Virgin Mary.

Wherefore, of these men which have companied with us all the time that the Lord Jesus went in and out among us, beginning from the baptifm of John, unto that fame day that he was taken up from us, must one be ordained to be a witnefs with us of his refurrection. And they appointed two, Joseph called Barfabas, who was furnamed Juftus, and Matthias. And they prayed, and faid, Thou, Lord, which knowest the hearts of all men, flew whether of thefe two thou haft chosen; that he may take part of this ministry and apostleship, from which Judas by transgression fell, that he might go to his own place. And they gave forth their lots; and the lot fell upon Matthias, and he was numbered with the eleven Apostles.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xi. 25.

AT that time Jefus answered and faid, I thank thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, because thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudent, and hast revealed them unto babes. Even so, Father, for so it seemed good in thy sight. All things are delivered unto me of my Father: and no man knoweth the Son, but the Father; neither knoweth any man the Father, save the Son, and he to whomsoever the Son will reveal him. Come unto me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I

will give you reft. Take my yoke upon you, and learn of me; for I am meek and lowly in heart: and ye shall find rest unto your souls. For my yoke is easy, and my burden is light.

The Annunciation of the bleffed Virgin Mary. The Collect.

pour thy grace into our hearts; that, as we have known the incarnation of thy Son Jefus Chrift by the meffage of an angel, fo by his crofs and paffion we may be brought unto the glory of his refurrection; through the fame Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Ifai. vii. 10.

MOREOVER, the Lord fpake again unto Ahaz, faying, Afk thee a fign of the Lord thy God; ask it either in the depth, or in the height above. But Ahaz faid, I will not ask, neither will I tempt the Lord. And he faid, Hear ye now, O house of David; Is it a fmall thing for you to weary men, but will ye weary my God alfo? Therefore the Lord himself shall give you a fign; Behold, a Virgin fhall conceive, and bear a fon, and fhall call his name Immanuel. Butter and honey shall he eat, that he may know to refuse the evil, and choose the good.

The Gofpel. St. Luke i. 26. ND in the fixth month the angel Gabriel was fent from God unto a city of Galilee named Nazareth, to a Virgin espoused to a man whose name was Joseph, of the house of David; and the Virgin's name was Mary. And the angel came in unto her, and faid, Hail, thou that art highly favoured, the Lord is with thee; bleffed art thou among women. And when fhe faw him fhe was troubled at his faying, and caft in her mind what manner of falutation, this should be. And the angel said unto her, Fear not, Mary; for thou haft found favour with God. And behold, thou fhalt conceive in thy womb, and bring forth a Son, and fhalt call his name JESUS. He shall be great, and shall be called the Son of the Highest; and the Lord God shall give unto him the throne of his father David. And he shall reign over the house of Jacob for ever; and of his kingdom there shall be no end. Then faid Mary unto the angel, How fhall this be, feeing I know not a man? And the angel answered and faid unto her, The Holy Ghoft shall come upon thee, and the power of the Highest shall overshadow thee: therefore also that holy thing which fhall be born of thee fhall be called the Son of God. And behold, thy coufin Elizabeth, fhe hath alfo

conceived a fon in her old age; and this is the fixth month with her who was called barren: for with God nothing shall be impossible. And Mary faid, Behold the handmaid of the Lord; be it unto me according to thy word. And the angel departed from her.

Saint Mark's Day.

The Collect.

Almighty God, who haft infirmed thy holy Church with the heavenly doctrine of thy Eyangelift Saint Mark; Give us grace, that, being not like children carried away with every blaft of vain doctrine, we may be established in the truth of thy holy Gospel; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Ephef. iv. 7.

NTO every one of us is given grace, according to the meagrace, according to the meafure of the gift of Chrift. Wherefore he faith, When he afcended up on high, he led captivity captive, and gave gifts unto men. (Now that he afcended, what is it but that he also descended sirft into the lower parts of the earth? He that defcended is the fame alfo that afcended up far above all heavens, that he might fill all things.) And he gave fome Apostles, and fome Prophets, and fome Evangelifts, and fome Paftors and Teachers; for the perfecting of the faints,

for the work of the ministry, for the edifying of the body of Christ; till we all come in the unity of the faith, and of the knowledge of the Son of God, unto a perfect man, unto the measure of the stature of the fulness of Christ; that we henceforth be no more children, toffed to and fro, and carried about with every wind of doctrine, by the fleight of men, and cunning craftiness, whereby they lie in wait to deceive; but fpeaking the truth in love, may grow up into him in all things, which is the head, even Chrift: from whom the whole body fitly joined together, and compacted by that which every joint fupplieth, according to the effectual working in the measure of every part, maketh increase of the body, unto the edifying of itself in love.

The Gofpel. St. John xv. 1. Am the true vine, and my Father is the hufbandman. Every branch in me that beareth not fruit he taketh away; and every branch that beareth fruit, he purgeth it, that it may bring forth more fruit. Now ye are clean through the word which I have fpoken unto you. Abide in me, and I in you. As the branch cannot bear fruit of itself, except it abide in the vine; no more can ye, except ye abide in me. I am the vine, ye are the branches. He that abideth in me, and I in him, the fame bringeth

forth much fruit; for without me ye can do nothing. If a man abide not in me, he is cast forth as a branch, and is withered; and men gather them, and cast them into the fire, and they are burned. If ye abide in me, and my words abide in you, ye shall ask what ye will, and it shall be done unto you. Herein is my Father glorified, that ye bear much fruit; fo shall ye be my difciples. As the Father hath loved me, fo have I loved you: continue ye in my love. If ye keep my commandments, ye shall abide in my love; even as I have kept my Father's commandments, and abide in his love. Thefe things have I fpoken unto you, that my joy might remain in you, and that your joy might be full.

Saint Philip and Saint James's Day. The Collect.

Almighty God, whom truly to know is everlafting life; Grant us perfectly to know thy Son Jefus Chrift to be the way, the truth, and the life; that, following the fteps of thy holy Apoftles, Saint Philip and Saint James, we may ftedfaftly walk in the way that leadeth to eternal life; through the fame thy Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. St. James i. 1.

AMES, a fervant of God and of the Lord Jefus Chrift, to the

twelve tribes which are fcattered abroad, greeting. My brethren, count it all joy when ye fall into divers temptations; knowing this, that the trying of your faith worketh patience. But let patience have her perfect work, that ye may be perfect and entire, wanting nothing. If any of you lack wifdom, let him ask of God, that giveth to all men liberally, and upbraideth not, and it shall be given But let him ask in faith, nothing wavering; for he that wavereth is like a wave of the fea, driven with the wind, and toffed. For let not that man think that he fhall receive any thing of the Lord. A double-minded man is unftable in all his ways. Let the brother of low degree rejoice in that he is exalted; but the rich in that he is made low; because as the flower of the grafs he shall pass away. For the fun is no fooner rifen with a burning heat, but it withereth the grafs, and the flower thereof falleth, and the grace of the fafhion of it perisheth: fo also shall the rich man fade away in his ways. Bleffed is the man that endureth temptation; for when he is tried, he fhall receive the crown of life, which the Lord hath promifed to them that love him.

The Gofpel. St. John xiv. 1.

AND Jefus faid unto his difciples, Let not your heart be

troubled; ye believe in God, believe also in me. In my Father's house are many mansions; if it were not fo, I would have told you. I go to prepare a place for you: and if I go and prepare a place for you, I will come again, and receive you unto myfelf, that where I am, there ye may be also. And whither I go ye know, and the way ye know. Thomas faith unto him, Lord, we know not whither thou goeft, and how can we know the way? Jefus faith unto him, I am the way, the truth, and the life: no man cometh unto the Father but by me. If ye had known me, ye should have known my Father alfo: and from henceforth ye know him, and have feen him. Philip faith unto him, Lord, shew us the Father, and it fufficeth us. Jefus faith unto him, Have I been fo long time with you, and yet haft thou not known me, Philip? He that hath feen me hath feen the Father; and how fayeft thou then, Shew us the Father? Believest thou not that I am in the Father, and the Father in me? The words that I fpeak unto you I fpeak not of myfelf; but the Father that dwelleth in me, he doeth the works. Believe me, that I am in the Father, and the Father in me; or elfe believe me for the very works' fake. Verily, verily I fay unto you, He that believeth on me, the works

that I do shall he do also; and greater works than these shall he do; because I go unto my Father. And whatsoever ye shall ask in my Name, that will I do, that the Father may be gloristed in the Son. If ye shall ask any thing in my Name, I will do it.

Saint Barnabas the Apoftle. The Collect.

Lord God Almighty, who didft endue thy holy Apostle Barnabas with fingular gifts of the Holy Ghost; Leave us not, we befeech thee, destitute of thy manifold gifts, nor yet of grace to use them alway to thy honour and glory; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

For the Epiftle. Acts xi. 22.

TIDINGS of thefe things came unto the ears of the Church which was in Jerufalem; and they fent forth Barnabas, that he should go as far as Antioch. Who, when he came, and had feen the grace of God, was glad; and exhorted them all, that with purpose of heart they would cleave unto the Lord. For he was a good man, and full of the holy Ghoft, and of faith: and much people was added unto the Lord. Then departed Barnabas to Tarfus, for to feek Saul. And when he had found him, he brought him unto Antioch. And it came to pals, that a whole year they affem-

bled themselves with the Church, and taught much people: and the disciples were called Christians first in Antioch. And in these days came prophets from Jerufalem unto Antioch. And there flood up one of them named Agabus, and fignified by the Spirit, that there fhould be great dearth throughout all the world; which came to pass in the days of Claudius Cæfar. Then the disciples, every man according to his ability, determined to fend relief unto the brethren which dwelt in Judæa. Which alfo they did, and fent it to the elders by the hands of Barnabas and Saul.

The Gofpel. St. John xv. 12.

THIS is my commandment, That ye love one another, as I have loved you. Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friends. are my friends, if ye do whatfoever I command you. Henceforth I call you not fervants; for the fervant knoweth not what his lord doeth: but I have called you friends; for all things that I have heard of my Father I have made known unto you. Ye have not chosen me, but I have chosen you, and ordained you, that ye should go and bring forth fruit, and that your fruit fhould remain: that whatfoever ye shall ask of the Father in my Name, he may give it you.

Y

Saint John Baptist's Day. The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, by whofe providence thy fervant John Baptift was wonderfully born, and fent to prepare the way of thy Son our Saviour, by preaching of repentance; Make us fo to follow his doctrine and holy life, that we may truly repent according to his preaching; and after his example conftantly speak the truth, boldly rebuke vice, and patiently suffer for the truth's sake; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Ifai. xl. 1.

COMFORT ye, comfort ye my people, faith your God. Speak ye comfortably to Jerufalem, and cry unto her, That her warfare is accomplished; that her iniquity is pardoned: for flie hath received of the Lord's hand double for all her fins. The voice of him that crieth in the wildernefs, Prepare ye the way of the Lord, make ftraight in the defert a high-way for our God. Every valley shall be exalted, and every mountain and hill shall be made low, and the crooked shall be made ftraight, and the rough places plain. And the glory of the Lord fhall be revealed, and all flesh fhall fee it together: for the mouth of the Lord hath fpoken it. The voice faid, Cry. And he faid, What fhall I cry? All flefh is grafs, and all the goodliness thereof is as the

flower of the field. The grafs withereth, the flower fadeth, because the Spirit of the Lord bloweth upon it: furely the people is grafs. The grafs withereth, the flower fadeth; but the word of our God shall stand for ever. O Zion, that bringeft good tidings, get thee up into the high mountain: O Jerufalem, that bringeft good tidings, lift up thy voice with ftrength; lift it up, be not afraid: fay unto the cities of Judah, Behold your God. Behold, the Lord God will come with ftrong hand, and his arm shall rule for him: behold, his reward is with him, and his work before He shall feed his flock like a flepherd; he shall gather the lambs with his arm, and carry them in his bofom, and fhall gently lead thofe that are with young.

The Gofpel. St. Luke i. 57. TILISABETH's full time came that fine flould be delivered; and flee brought forth a fon. And her neighbours and her coufins heard how the Lord had shewed great mercy upon her; and they rejoiced with her. And it came to pass, that on the eighth day they came to circumcife the child; and they called him Zacharias, after the name of his father. mother answered and faid, Not fo; but he fhall be called John. And they faid unto her, There is none of thy kindred that is called by

this name. And they made figns to his father, how he would have And he afked for a him called. writing-table, and wrote, faying, His name is John. And they maryelled all. And his mouth was opened immediately, and his tongue loofed, and he fpake, and praifed God. And fear came on all that dwelt round about them; and all thefe fayings were noifed abroad throughout all the hillcountry of Judæa. And all they that had heard them laid them up in their hearts, faying, What manner of child shall this be? And the hand of the Lord was with him. And his father Zacharias was filled with the holy Ghoft, and prophefied, faying, Bleffed be the Lord God of Ifrael: for he hath vifited and redeemed his people, and hath raifed up an horn of falvation for us in the house of his fervant David; as he fpake by the mouth of his holy prophets, which have been fince the world began; that we should be faved from our enemies, and from the hand of all that hate us; to perform the mercy promifed to our fathers, and to remember his holy covenant; the oath which he fware to our father Abraham, that he would grant unto us, that we, being delivered out of the hands of our enemies, might ferve him without fear, in holinefs and righteoufnefs before him all

the days of our life. And thou, Child, fhalt be called the Prophet of the Higheft: for thou fhalt go before the face of the Lord to prepare his ways; to give knowledge of falvation unto his people, by the remission of their fins, through the tender mercy of our God, whereby the day-fpring from on high hath vifited us; to give light to them that fit in darknefs and in the shadow of death, to guide our feet into the way of peace. And the child grew, and waxed ftrong in fpirit; and was in the deferts till the day of his fliewing unto Ifrael.

Saint Peter's Day. The Collect.

Almighty God, who by thy Son Jefus Christ didst give to thy Apostle Saint Peter many excellent gifts, and commandedst him earnestly to feed thy flock; Make, we befeech thee, all Bishops and Pastors diligently to preach thy holy Word, and the people obediently to follow the same, that they may receive the crown of everlasting glory; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts xii. 1.

A BOUT that time Herod the king ftretched forth his hands to vex certain of the Church. And he killed James the brother of

John with the fword. And, because he saw it pleased the Jews, he proceeded further to take Peter alfo. (Then were the days of unleavened bread.) And when he had apprehended him, he put him in prifon, and delivered him to four quaternions of foldiers to keep him, intending after Eafter to bring him forth to the people. therefore was kept in prison; but prayer was made without ceafing of the Church unto God for him. And when Herod would have brought him forth, the fame night Peter was fleeping between two foldiers, bound with two chains; and the keepers before the door kept the prifon. And behold, the angel of the Lord came upon him, and a light flined in the prison; and he fmote Peter on the fide, and raifed him up, faying, Arife up quickly. And his chains fell off from his hands. And the angel faid unto him, Gird thyfelf, and bind on thy fandals: and fo he did. And he faith unto him, Caft thy garment about thee, and follow me. And he went out and followed him; and wift not that it was true which was done by the angel; but thought he faw a vifion. When they were past the first and the fecond ward, they came unto the iron gate that leadeth unto the city, which opened to them of his own accord; and they went

out, and paffed on through one ftreet, and forthwith the angel departed from him. And when Peter was come to himfelf, he faid, Now I know of a furety, that the Lord hath fent his angel, and hath delivered me out of the hand of Herod, and from all the expectation of the people of the Jews.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xvi. 13. TITHEN Jefus came into the coafts of Cæfarea Philippi, he afked his disciples, faying, Whomdo men fay that I, the Son of man, am? And they faid, Some fay that thou art John the Baptift, fome Elias, and others Jeremias, or one of the prophets. He faith unto them, But whom fay ye that I am? And Simon Peter answered and faid, Thou art Chrift, the Son of the living God. And Jefus anfwered and faid unto him, Bleffed art thou, Simon Bar-jona: for flesh and blood hath not revealed it unto thee, but my Father which is And I fay alfo unto in heaven. thee, That thou art Peter, and upon this rock I will build my Church; and the gates of hell shall not prevail against it. And I will give unto thee the keys of the kingdom of heaven: and whatfoever thou shalt bind on earth shall be bound in heaven; and whatfoever thou fhalt loofe on earth fhall be loofed in heaven.

Saint James the Apostle. The Collect.

RANT, O merciful God, that as thine holy Apostle Saint James, leaving his father and all that he had, without delay was obedient unto the calling of thy Son Jesus Christ, and followed him; so we, forsaking all worldly and carnal affections, may be evermore ready to follow thy holy commandments; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts xi. 27.

IN those days came prophets I from Jerufalem unto Antioch. And there ftood up one of them named Agabus, and fignified by the Spirit, that there flould be great dearth throughout all the world; which came to pass in the days of Claudius Cæfar. Then the difciples, every man according to his ability, determined to fend relief unto the brethren which dwelt in Judæa. Which alfo they did, and fent it to the elders by the hands of Barnabas and Saul. Now about that time Herod the king ftretched forth his hands to vex certain of the Church. And he killed James the brother of John with the fword. And, because he faw it pleafed the Jews, he proceeded further to take Peter alfo.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xx. 20.

THEN came to him the mother of Zebedee's children with her

fons, worshipping him, and defiring a certain thing of him. And he faid unto her, What wilt thou? She faith unto him, Grant that thefe my two fons may fit, the one on thy right hand, and the other on the left, in thy kingdom. But Jefus answered and faid, Ye know not what ye ask. Are ye able to drink of the cup that I shall drink of, and to be baptized with the baptifm that I am baptized with? They fay unto him, We are able. And he faith unto them, Ye shall drink indeed of my cup, and be baptized with the baptism that I. am baptized with: but to fit on my right hand, and on my left, is not mine to give; but it shall be given to them for whom it is prepared of my Father. And when the ten heard it, they were moved with indignation against the two brethren. But Jefus called them unto him, and faid, Ye know that the princes of the Gentiles exercife dominion over them, and they that are great exercise authority upon them. But it shall not be fo among you: but whofoever will be great among you, let him be your minister; and whofoever will be chief among you, let him be your fervant: even as the Son of man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give his life a ranfom for many.

Saint Bartholomew the Apoftle. The Collect.

Almighty and everlafting God, who didft give to thine Apofile Bartholomew grace truly to believe and to preach thy Word; Grant, we befeech thee, unto thy Church, to love that Word which he believed, and both to preach and receive the fame; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

For the Epiftle. Acts v. 12.

BY the hands of the Apostles were many figns and wonders wrought among the people: (and they were all with one accord in Solomon's porch: and of the reft durft no man join himfelf to them: but the people magnified them: and believers were the more added to the Lord, multitudes both of men and women:) infomuch that they brought forth the fick into the ftreets, and laid them on beds and couches, that at the leaft the fladow of Peter paffing by might overshadow some of them. There came also a multitude out of the cities round about unto Jerufalem, bringing fick folks, and them which were vexed with unclean fpirits; and they were healed every one.

The Gofpel. St. Luke xxii. 24.

ND there was also a strife among them, which of them should be accounted the greatest. And he said unto them, The kings of the Gentiles exercise lordship

over them; and they that exercise authority upon them are called benefactors. But ye shall not be fo: but he that is greatest among you, let him be as the younger; and he that is chief, as he that doth ferve. For whether is greater, he that fitteth at meat, or he that ferveth? is not he that fitteth at meat? but I am among you as he that ferveth. Ye are they which have continued with me in my temptations. And I appoint unto you a kingdom, as my Father hath appointed unto me; that ye may eat and drink at my table in my kingdom, and fit on thrones judging the twelve tribes of Ifrael.

Saint Matthew the Apofile. The Collect.

Almighty God, who by thy bleffed Son didft call Matthew from the receipt of cuftom to be an Apostle and Evangelist; Grant us grace to forsake all covetous defires, and inordinate love of riches, and to follow the same thy Son Jesus Christ, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghost, one God, world without end. Amen.

The Epiftle. 2 Cor. iv. 1.

THEREFORE feeing we have this minifity, as we have received mercy, we faint not; but have renounced the hidden things of dishonesty, not walking in craftiness, nor handling the Word of

God deceitfully, but by manifestation of the truth commending ourfelves to every man's confcience in the fight of God. But if our gospel be hid, it is hid to them that are loft: in whom the God of this world hath blinded the minds of them which believe not, left the light of the glorious Gospel of Chrift, who is the image of God, fhould fhine unto them. For we preach not ourfelves, but Christ Jefus the Lord; and ourfelves your fervants for Jefus' fake. For God, who commanded the light to fhine out of darknefs, hath shined in our hearts, to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God, in the face of Jesus Christ.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. ix. 9.

AND as Jefus paffed forth from thence, he faw a man named Matthew, fitting at the receipt of cuftom: and he faith unto him, Follow me. And he arofe, and followed him. And it came to pass, as Jefus fat at meat in the house, behold, many Publicans and finners came, and fat down with him and his disciples. And when the Pharifees faw it, they faid unto his disciples, Why eateth your Master with Publicans and finners? But when Jefus heard that, he faid unto them, They that be whole need not a physician, but they that are fick. But go ye and learn what that meaneth, I will have mercy,

and not facrifice; for I am not come to call the righteous, but finners to repentance.

Saint Michael and all Angels. The Collect.

Everlafting God, who haft ordained and conftituted the fervices of Angels and men in a wonderful order; Mercifully grant, that as thy holy Angels alway do thee fervice in heaven, fo by thy appointment they may fuccour and defend us on earth; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. *Amen*.

For the Epiftle. Rev. xii. 7.

THERE was war in heaven: Michael and his angels fought against the dragon, and the dragon fought and his angels; and prevailed not, neither was their place found any more in heaven. And the great dragon was cast out, that old ferpent, called the devil and Satan, which deceiveth the whole world; he was cast out into the earth, and his angels were caft out with him. And I heard a loud voice faying in heaven, Now is come falvation, and ftrength, and the kingdom of our God, and the power of his Christ: for the accufer of our brethren is cast down, which accufed them before our God day and night. And they overcame him by the blood of the Lamb, and by the word of their testimony; and they loved not their

Saint Luke the Evangelift.

lives unto the death. Therefore rejoice, ye heavens, and ye that dwell in them. Wo to the inhabiters of the earth, and of the fea: for the devil is come down unto you, having great wrath, because he knoweth that he hath but a short time.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xviii. 1.

▲ T the fame time came the dif-La ciples unto Jefus, faying, Who is the greatest in the Kingdom of heaven? And Jefus called a little child unto him, and fet him in the midft of them, and faid, Verily I fay unto you, Except ye be converted, and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the Kingdom of heaven. Whofoever therefore shall humble himself as this little child, the fame is greateft in the Kingdom of heaven. whofo shall receive one such little child in my Name, receiveth me. But whofo fhall offend one of thefe little ones which believe in me, it were better for him that a milftone were hanged about his neck, and that he were drowned in the depth of the fea. Wo unto the world because of offences: for it must needs be that offences come: but wo to that man by whom the offence cometh. Wherefore if thy hand or thy foot offend thee, cut them off, and cast them from thee: it is better for thee to enter into

life halt or maimed, rather than having two hands or two feet to be caft into everlafting fire. And if thine eye offend thee, pluck it out, and caft it from thee: it is better for thee to enter into life with one eye, rather than having two eyes to be caft into hell-fire. Take heed that ye defpife not one of thefe little ones; for I fay unto you, That in heaven their angels do always behold the face of my Father which is in heaven.

Saint Luke the Evangelift.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who calledst Luke the Physician, whose praise is in the Gospel, to be an Evangelist, and Physician of the soul; May it please thee, that, by the wholsome medicines of the doctrine delivered by him, all the diseases of our souls may be healed; through the merits of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. 2 Tim. iv. 5.

endure afflictions, do the work of an Evangelist, make full proof of thy ministry. For I am now ready to be offered, and the time of my departure is at hand. I have fought a good fight, I have finished my course, I have kept the faith. Henceforth there is laid up for me a crown of righteous.

nefs, which the Lord, the righteous Judge, shall give me at that day: and not to me only, but unto all them also that love his appearing. Do thy diligence to come fhortly unto me: for Demas hath forfaken me, having loved this prefent world, and is departed unto Theffalonica; Crefcens to Galatia, Titus unto Dalmatia. Only Luke is with me. Take Mark and bring him with thee: for he is profitable to me for the ministry. And Tychicus have I fent to Ephefus. The cloke that I left at Troas with Carpus, when thou comeft, bring with thee; and the books, but efpecially the parchments. Alexander the copper-finith did me much evil: the Lord reward him according to his works. Of whom be thou ware also, for he hath greatly withftood our words.

The Gofpel. St. Luke x. 1.

THE Lord appointed other feventy alfo, and fent them two and two before his face into every city and place whither he himfelf would come. Therefore faid he unto them, The harveft truly is great, but the labourers are few; pray ye therefore the Lord of the harveft, that he would fend forth labourers into his harveft. Go your ways; behold, I fend you forth as lambs among wolves. Carry neither purfe, nor fcrip, nor shoes,

and falute no man by the way. And into whatfoever house ye enter, first say, Peace be to this house. And if the son of peace be there, your peace shall rest upon it: if not, it shall turn to you again. And in the same house remain, eating and drinking such things as they give: for the labourer is worthy of his hire.

St. Simon and St. Jude, Apoftles.

The Collect.

Almighty God, who haft built thy Church upon the foundation of the Apostles and Prophets, Jesus Christ himself being the head corner-stone; Grant us so to be joined together in unity of spirit by their doctrine, that we may be made an holy temple acceptable unto thee; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. St. Jude 1.

JUDE, the fervant of Jefus Chrift, and brother of James, to them that are fanctified by God the Father, and preferved in Jefus Chrift, and called: Mercy unto you, and peace, and love be multiplied. Beloved, when I gave all diligence to write unto you of the common falvation, it was needful for me to write unto you, and exhort you, that ye should earnestly contend for the faith which was once delivered unto the faints. For there

are certain men crept in unawares, who were before of old ordained to this condemnation; ungodly men, turning the grace of our God into lasciviousness, and denying the only Lord God, and our Lord Jefus Chrift. I will therefore put you in remembrance, though ve once knew this, how that the Lord, having faved the people out of the land of Egypt, afterward deftroyed them that believed not. And the angels which kept not their first estate, but left their own habitation, he hath referved in everlafting chains under darknefs unto the judgement of the great day. Even as Sodom and Gomorrha, and the cities about them in like manner giving themselves over to fornication, and going after ftrange flesh, are fet forth for an example, fuffering the vengeance of eternal fire. Likewife also these filthy dreamers defile the flesh, despise dominion, and speak evil of dignities.

The Gospel. St. John xv. 17.

THESE things I command you, that ye love one another. If the world hate you, ye know that it hated me before it hated you. If ye were of the world, the world would love his own: but because ye are not of the world, but I have chosen you out of the world, therefore the world hateth you. Remember the world that I said unto

you, The fervant is not greater than the lord: if they have perfecuted me, they will also perfecute you; if they have kept my faying, they will keep your's alfo. But all these things will they do unto you for my Name's fake, because they know not him that fent me. If I had not come and fpoken unto them, they had not had fin: but now they have no cloke for their fin. He that hateth me hateth my Father alfo. If I had not done among them the works which none other man did, they had not had fin; but now have they both feen, and hated, both me and my Father. But this cometh to pass, that the word might be fulfilled that is written in their law, They hated me without a cause. when the Comforter is come, whom I will fend unto you from the Father, even the Spirit of truth, which proceedeth from the Father, he fhall teftify of me. And ye also fhall bear witness, because ye have been with me from the beginning.

All Saints' Day. The Collect.

Almighty God, who haft knit together thine elect in one communion and fellowship, in the mystical body of thy Son Christ our Lord; Grant us grace so to follow thy blessed Saints in all vir-

thous and godly living, that we may come to those unspeakable joys, which thou hast prepared for them that unseignedly love thee; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

For the Epiftle. Rev. vii. 2.

AND I faw another angel afcending from the east, having the feal of the living God; and he cried with a loud voice to the four angels, to whom it was given to hurt the earth, and the fea, faying, Hurt not the earth, neither the fea, nor the trees, till we have fealed the fervants of our God in their foreheads. And I heard the number of them which were fealed; and there were fealed an hundred and forty and four thousand, of all the tribes of the children of Israel.

Of the tribe of Juda were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Reuben were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Gad were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Afer were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Nephthali were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Manasses were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Symeon were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Levi were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Ifachar were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Zabulon were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Joseph were fealed twelve thousand.

Of the tribe of Benjamin were fealed twelve thousand.

After this I beheld, and lo, a great multitude, which no man could number, of all nations, and kindreds, and people, and tongues, ftood before the throne, and before the Lamb, clothed with white robes, and palms in their hands; and cried with a loud voice, faying, Salvation to our God which fitteth upon the throne, and unto the Lamb. And all the angels ftood round about the throne, and about the elders, and the four beafts, and fell before the throne on their faces, and worshipped God, faying, Amen; Bleffing, and glory, and wifdom, and thankfgiving, and honour, and power, and might, be unto our God for ever and ever. Amen.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. v. 1.

JESUS, feeing the multitudes, went up into a mountain; and when he was fet, his disciples came unto him. And he opened his mouth, and taught them, faying, Blessed are the poor in spirit: for their's is the kingdom of heaven. Blessed are they that mourn: for they shall be comforted. Blessed

All Saints' Day.

are the meek: for they shall inherit the earth. Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness: for they shall be filled. Blessed are the merciful: for they shall obtain mercy. Blessed are the pure in heart: for they shall see God. Blessed are the peacemakers: for they shall be called the children of God. Blessed are they

which are perfecuted for righteoufnefs' fake: for their's is the kingdom of heaven. Bleffed are ye, when men shall revile you, and perfecute you, and shall fay all manner of evil against you falsely for my fake. Rejoice, and be exceeding glad; for great is your reward in heaven: for so perfecuted they the prophets which were before you.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LORD'S SUPPER,

OR

HOLY COMMUNION.

- ¶ SO many as intend to be partakers of the holy Communion shall fignify their names to the Curate, at least some time the day before.
- And if any of those be an open and notorious evil liver, or have done any wrong to his neighbours by word or deed, so that the Congregation be thereby offended; the Curate, having knowledge thereof, shall call him and advertise him, that in any wise he presume not to come to the Lord's Table, until he hath openly declared himself to have truly repented and amended his former naughty life, that the Congregation may thereby be satisfied, which before were offended; and that he hath recompensed the parties, to whom he hath done wrong; or at least declare himself to be in full purpose so to do, as soon as he conveniently may.
- The fame order shall the Curate use with those betwixt whom he perceiveth malice and hatred to reign; not suffering them to be partakers of the Lord's Table, until he know them to be reconciled. And if one of the parties so at variance be content to forgive from the bottom of his heart all that the other hath trespassed against him, and to make amends for that he himself hath offended; and the other party will not be persuaded to a godly unity, but remain still in his frowardness and malice: the Minister in that case ought to admit the penitent person to the holy Communion, and not him that is obstinate. Provided that every Minister so repelling any, as is specified in this, or the next precedent Paragraph of this Rubrick, shall be obliged to give an account of the same to the Ordinary within sourteen days after at the farthest. And the Ordinary shall proceed against the offending person according to the Canon.
- ¶ The Table, at the Communion-time having a fair white linen cloth upon it, shall stand in the Body of the Church, or in the Chancel, where Morning and Evening Prayer are appointed to be faid. And the Priest standing at the North-side of the Table shall say the Lord's Prayer, with the Collect following, the people kneeling.

OUR Father which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, unto whom all hearts be open, all defires known, and from whom no fecrets are hid; Cleanfe the thoughts of our hearts by the infpiration of thy Holy Spirit, that we may perfectly love thee, and worthily magnify thy holy Name; through Chrift our Lord. *Amen*.

¶ Then shall the Priest, turning to the people, rehearse distinctly all the TEN COMMANDMENTS; and the people still kneeling shall, after every Commandment, ask God mercy for their transgression thereof for the time past, and grace to keep the same for the time to come, as followeth.

Minister.

OD fpake these words, and faid; I am the Lord thy God: Thou shalt have none other gods but me.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Thou shalt not make to thyfelf any graven image, nor the likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or in the earth beneath, or in the water under the earth. Thou shalt not bow down to them, nor worship them: for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, and visit the fins of the fathers upon the children, unto the third and fourth generation of them that hate me, and shew mercy unto thousands in them that love me, and keep my commandments.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Thou shalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God in vain: for the Lord will not hold him guiltless, that taketh his Name in vain.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath-day. days fhalt thou labour, and do all that thou haft to do; but the feventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God. In it thou fhalt do no manner of work, thou, and thy fon, and thy daughter, thy man-fervant, and thy maid-fervant, thy cattle, and the stranger that is within thy gates. For in fix days the Lord made heaven and earth, the fea, and all that in them is, and refted the feventh day: wherefore the Lord bleffed the feventh day, and hallowed it.

People. Lord, have mercy upon

us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Honour thy father and thy mother; that thy days may be long in the land, which the Lord thy God giveth thee.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep

this law.

Minister. Thou shalt do no murder.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Thou shalt not commit

adultery.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Thou shalt not steal.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and incline our hearts to keep this law.

Minister. Thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his fervant, nor his maid, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor any thing that is his.

People. Lord, have mercy upon us, and write all thefe thy laws in our hearts, we befeech thee.

¶ Then shall follow one of these two Collects for the King, the Priest standing as before, and saying.

Let us pray.

▲ LMIGHTY God, whose king-And dom is everlafting, and power infinite; Have mercy upon the whole Church; and fo rule the heart of thy chosen fervant *GEORGE*, our King and Governour, that he (knowing whose minister he is) may above all things feek thy honour and glory: and that we, and all his fubjects (duly confidering whose authority he hath) may faithfully ferve, honour, and humbly obey him, in thee, and for thee, according to thy bleffed Word and ordinance; through Jefus Chrift our Lord, who with thee and the Holy Ghoft liveth and reigneth, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

Or,

▲ LMIGHTY and everlafting God, we are taught by thy holy Word, that the hearts of Kings are in thy rule and governance, and that thou doft difpose and turn them as it feemeth best to thy godly wifdom: We humbly befeech thee fo to difpose and govern the heart of *GEORGE* thy Servant, our King and Governour, that, in all his thoughts, words, and works, he may ever feek thy honour and glory, and fludy to preferve thy people committed to his charge, in wealth, peace, and godlinefs: Grant this, O merciful Father, for

thy dear Son's fake, Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall be said the Collect of the Day. And immediately after the Collect the Priest shall read the Epistle, saying, The Epistle [or, The portion of Scripture appointed for the Epistle] is written in the —— Chapter of —— beginning at the —— Verse. And the Epistle ended, he shall say, Here endeth the Epistle. Then shall he read the Gospel (the people all standing up) saying, The holy Gospel is written in the —— Chapter of —— beginning at the —— Verse. And the Gospel ended, shall be sung or said the Creed following, the people still standing, us before.

I Believe in one God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth, And of all things visible and invisible:

And in one Lord Jefus Chrift, the only-begotten Son of God, Begotten of his Father before all worlds, God of God, Light of Light, Very God of very God, Begotten, not made, Being of one substance with the Father, By whom all things were made: Who for us men, and for our falvation came down from heaven, And was incarnate by the Holy Ghoft of the Virgin Mary, And was made man, And was crucified also for us under Pontius Pilate. He fuffered and was buried, And the third day he rofe again according to the Scriptures, And afcended into heaven, And fitteth on the right hand of the Father. And he shall come again with glory to judge both the quick and the dead: Whofe kingdom fhall have no end.

And I believe in the Holy Ghoft,

The Lord and Giver of life, Who proceedeth from the Father and the Son, Who with the Father and the Son together is worshipped and glorified, Who spake by the Prophets. And I believe one Catholick and Apostolick Church. I acknowledge one Baptism for the remission of sins, And I look for the Resurrection of the dead, And the life of the world to come. Amen.

Then the Curate shall declare unto the people what Holy-days, or Fasting-days, are in the Week following to be observed. And then also (if occasion be) shall notice be given of the Communion; and Briefs, Citations, and Excommunications read. And nothing shall be proclaimed or published in the Church, during the time of Divine Service, but by the Minister: nor by him any thing, but what is prescribed in the Rules of this Book, or enjoined by the King, or by the Ordinary of the place.

¶ Then shall follow the Sermon, or one of the Homilies already set forth, or hereafter to be set forth, by authority.

¶ Then shall the Priest return to the Lord's Table, and begin the Offertory, saying one or more of these Sentences following, as he thinketh most convenient in his discretion.

Let your light fo shine before men, that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father which is in heaven. St. Matt. v.

Lay not up for yourfelves treafure upon the earth; where the ruft and moth doth corrupt, and where thieves break through and fteal: but lay up for yourfelves treafures in heaven; where neither ruft nor moth doth corrupt, and where thieves do not break through and fteal. St. *Matt.* vi. Whatfoever ye would that men fhould do unto you, even fo do unto them; for this is the Law and the Prophets. St. *Matt.* vii.

Not every one that faith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the Kingdom of heaven; but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven. St. Matt. vii.

Zacchæus ftood forth, and faid unto the Lord, Behold, Lord, the half of my goods I give to the poor; and if I have done any wrong to any man, I reftore fourfold. St. Luke xix.

Who goeth a warfare at any time of his own coft? Who planteth a vineyard, and eateth not of the fruit thereof? Or who feedeth a flock, and eateth not of the milk of the flock? 1 *Cor.* ix.

If we have fown unto you fpiritual things, is it a great matter if we shall reap your worldly things? 1 Cor. ix.

Do ye not know, that they who minister about holy things live of the facrifice; and they who wait at the altar are partakers with the altar? Even so hath the Lord also ordained, that they who preach the Gospel should live of the Gospel. 1 Cor. ix.

He that foweth little shall reap little; and he that soweth plenteously shall reap plenteously. Let every man do according as he is disposed in his heart, not grudgingly, or of necessity; for God loveth a cheerful giver. 2 Cor. ix.

Let him that is taught in the Word minister unto him that teacheth, in all good things. Be not deceived, God is not mocked: for whatsoever a man soweth that shall he reap. *Gal.* vi.

While we have time, let us do good unto all men; and fpecially unto them that are of the houshold of faith. *Gal.* vi.

Godliness is great riches, if a man be content with that he hath: for we brought nothing into the world, neither may we carry any thing out. 1 *Tim.* vi.

Charge them who are rich in this world, that they be ready to give, and glad to distribute; laying up in store for themselves a good foundation against the time to come, that they may attain eternal life. 1 *Tim.* vi.

God is not unrighteous, that he will forget your works, and labour that proceedeth of love; which love ye have flewed for his Name's fake, who have ministered unto the faints, and yet do minister. *Heb*. vi.

To do good, and to diftribute, forget not; for with fuch facrifices God is well pleafed. *Heb.* xiii.

Whofo hath this world's good, and feeth his brother have need, and flutteth up his compassion from him, how dwelleth the love of God in him? 1 St. John iii.

Give alms of thy goods, and never turn thy face from any poor man; and then the face of the Lord fhall not be turned away from thee. *Tob*. iv.

Be merciful after thy power. If thou haft much, give plenteously: if thou hast little, do thy diligence gladly to give of that little: for so gatherest thou thyself a good reward in the day of necessity. Tob. iv.

He that hath pity upon the poor lendeth unto the Lord: and look, what he layeth out, it shall be paid him again. *Prov.* xix.

Bleffed be the man that provide the for the fick and needy: the Lord shall deliver him in the time of trouble. *Pfalm* xli.

- ¶ Whilst these Sentences are in reading, the Deacons, Church-wardens, or other fit person appointed for that purpose, shall receive the Alms for the Poor, and other devotions of the people, in a decent bason to be provided by the Parish for that purpose; and reverently bring it to the Priest, who shall humbly present and place it upon the holy Table.
- ¶ And when there is a Communion, the Priest shall then place upon the Table so much Bread and Wine, as he shall think sufficient.

After which done, the Priest shall say,

Let us pray for the whole ftate of Chrift's Church militant here in earth.

A LMIGHTY and everliving God, who by thy holy Apostle hast taught us to make prayers, and supplications, and to give thanks, for all men; We humbly befeech

thee most mercifully [to accept our alms and oblations, and] to receive these our prayers, which we offer unto thy Di-

If there be no alms or oblations, then shall the words [of accepting our alms and oblations] be left out unsaid.

vine Majesty; befeeching thee to infpire continually the univerfal Church with the fpirit of truth, unity, and concord: And grant, that all they that do confess thy holy Name may agree in the truth of thy holy Word, and live in unity, and godly love. We befeech thee also to fave and defend all Christian Kings, Princes, and Governours; and fpecially thy fervant GEORGE our King; that under him we may be godly and quietly governed: And grant unto his whole Council, and to all that are put in authority under him, that they may truly and indifferently minister justice, to the punishment of wickedness and vice, and to the maintenance of thy true religion, and virtue. Give grace, O heavenly Father, to all Bishops and Curates, that they may both by their life and doctrine fet forth thy true and lively Word, and rightly and duly administer thy holy Sacraments: And to all thy people give thy heavenly grace; and especially to this congregation here prefent; that, with meek heart and due reverence, they may hear, and receive thy holy Word; truly ferving

thee in holinefs and rightcoufnefs all the days of their life. And we most humbly befeech thee of thy goodness, O Lord, to comfort and fuccour all them, who in this tranfitory life are in trouble, forrow, need, fickness, or any other adverfity. And we also bless thy holy Name for all thy fervants departed this life in thy faith and fear; befeeching thee to give us grace fo to follow their good examples, that with them we may be partakers of thy heavenly kingdom: Grant this, O Father, for Jefus Christ's fake, our only Mediator and Advocate. Amen.

¶ When the Minister giveth warning for the celebration of the holy Communion, (which he shall always do upon the Sunday, or some Holy-day, immediately preceding,) after the Sermon or Homily ended, he shall read this Exhortation following.

EARLY beloved, on —day next I purpofe, through God's afliftance, to administer to all such as fhall be religiously and devortly disposed the most comfortable Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Chrift; to be by them received in remembrance of his meritorious Crofs and Paffion; whereby alone we obtain remission of our fins, and are made partakers of the Kingdom of heaven. Wherefore it is our duty to render most humble and hearty thanks to Almighty God our heavenly Father, for that he hath given his Son our Saviour Jefus Chrift, not only to die for

us, but also to be our spiritual food and fuftenance in that holy Sacrament. Which being fo divine and comfortable a thing to them who receive it worthily, and fo dangerous to them that will prefume to receive it unworthily; my duty is to exhort you in the mean feafon to confider the dignity of that holy mystery, and the great peril of the unworthy receiving thereof; and fo to fearch and examine your own confciences, (and that not lightly, and after the manner of diffemblers with God; but fo) that ye may come holy and clean to fuch a heavenly Feaft, in the marriagegarment required by God in holy Scripture, and be received as worthy partakers of that holy Table.

The way and means thereto is; First, to examine your lives and converfations by the rule of God's commandments; and whereinfoever ye fhall perceive yourfelves to have offended, either by will, word, or deed, there to bewail your own finfulness, and to confess yourfelves to Almighty God, with full purpose of amendment of life. And if ye fhall perceive your offences to be fuch as are not only against God, but also against your neighbours; then ye shall reconcile yourselves unto them; being ready to make reftitution and fatisfaction, according to the uttermost of your powers, for all injuries and wrongs done by you to any other; and being likewife ready to forgive others that have offended you, as ye would have forgiveness of your offences at God's hand: for otherwife the receiving of the holy Communion doth nothing elfe but increase your damnation. Therefore if any of you be a blasphemer of God, an hinderer or flanderer of his Word, an adulterer, or be in malice, or envy, or in any other grievous crime, repent you of your fins, or elfe come not to that holy Table; left, after the taking of that holy Sacrament, the devil enter into you, as he entered into Judas, and fill you full of all iniquities, and bring you to destruction both of body and foul.

And because it is requisite, that no man fhould come to the holy Communion, but with a full truft in God's mercy, and with a quiet confcience; therefore if there be any of you, who by this means cannot quiet his own confcience herein, but requireth further comfort or counsel, let him come to me, or to fome other different and learned Minister of God's Word, and open his grief; that by the ministry of God's holy Word he may receive the benefit of abfolution, together with ghoftly counfel and advice, to the quieting of his confcience, and avoiding of all fcruple and doubtfulnefs.

¶ Or, in case he shall see the people negligent to come to the holy Communion, instead of the former, he shall use this Exhortation.

EARLY beloved brethren, on —— I intend, by God's grace, to celebrate the Lord's Supper: unto which, in God's behalf, I bid you all that are here prefent; and befeech you, for the Lord Jefus Chrift's fake, that ye will not refuse to come thereto, being fo lovingly called and bidden by God himfelf. Ye know how grievous and unkind a thing it is, when a man hath prepared a rich feaft, decked his table with all kind of provision, fo that there lacketh nothing but the guests to fit down; and yet they who are called (without any cause) most unthankfully refuse to come. Which of you in fuch a cafe would not be moved? Who would not think a great injury and wrong done unto him? Wherefore, most dearly beloved in Chrift, take ye good heed, left ye, withdrawing yourselves from this holy Supper, provoke God's indignation against you. It is an eafy matter for a man to fay, I will not communicate, because I am otherwife hindered with worldly bufinefs. But fuch excuses are not fo eafily accepted and allowed before God. If any man fay, I am a grievous finner, and therefore am afraid to come: wherefore then do ye notrepent and amend? When God calleth you, are ye not ashamed to fay ye will not come? When ye should return to God, will ye excufe yourfelves, and fay ye are not ready? Confider earneftly with vourfelves how little fuch feigned excuses will avail before God. They that refused the feast in the Gofpel, because they had bought a farm, or would try their yokes of oxen, or because they were married, were not fo excufed, but counted unworthy of the heavenly feaft. I, for my part, shall be ready; and, according to mine Office, I bid you in the Name of God, I call you in Chrift's behalf, I exhort you, as ye love your own falvation, that ve will be partakers of this holy Communion. And as the Son of God did vouchfafe to yield up his foul by death upon the Crofs for your falvation; fo it is your duty to receive the Communion in remembrance of the facrifice of his death, as he himfelf hath commanded: which if ye shall neglect to do, confider with yourfelves how great injury ye do unto God, and how fore punishment hangeth over your heads for the fame; when ye wilfully abstain from the Lord's Table, and feparate from your brethren, who come to feed on the banquet of that most heavenly food. Thefe things if ye earneftly confider, ye will by God's grace return to a better mind: for the obtaining whereof we shall not cease to make our humble petitions unto Almighty God our heavenly Father.

¶ At the time of the celebration of the Communion, the Communicants being conveniently placed for the receiving of the holy Sacrament, the Priest shall say this Exhortation.

EARLY beloved in the Lord, ye that mind to come to the holy Communion of the Body and Blood of our Saviour Chrift, muft confider how Saint Paul exhorteth all perfons diligently to try and examine themselves, before they prefume to eat of that Bread, and drink of that Cup. For as the benefit is great, if with a true penitent heart and lively faith we receive that holy Sacrament; (for then we fpiritually eat the flesh of Chrift, and drink his blood; then we dwell in Christ, and Christ in us; we are one with Chrift, and Chrift with us;) fo is the danger great, if we receive the fame unworthily. For then we are guilty of the Body and Blood of Christ our Saviour; we eat and drink our own damnation, not confidering the Lord's Body; we kindle God's wrath against us; we provoke him to plague us with divers difeafes, and fundry kinds of death. Judge therefore yourfelves, brethren, that ye be not judged of the Lord; repent you truly for your fins paft; have a lively and ftedfaft faith in Chrift our Saviour; amend your lives, and be in perfect charity with all men; fo shall ye be meet par-

takers of those holy mysteries. And above all things ye must give most humble and hearty thanks to God, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, for the redemption of the world by the death and passion of our Saviour Chrift, both God and man; who did humble himfelf, even to the death upon the Crofs, for us, miferable finners, who lay in darkness and the shadow of death; that he might make us the children of God, and exalt us to everlafting life. And to the end that we fhould alway remember the exceeding great love of our Mafter, and only Saviour, Jefus Chrift, thus dying for us, and the innumerable benefits which by his precious blood-shedding he hath obtained to us; he hath inftituted and ordained holy mysteries, as pledges of his love, and for a continual remembrance of his death, to our great and endless comfort. To him therefore, with the Father and the Holy Ghoft, let us give (as we are most bounden) continual thanks; fubmitting ourfelves wholly to his holy will and pleafure, and ftudying to ferve him in true holinefs and rightcoufness all the days of our life. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say to them that come to receive the holy Communion,

E that do truly and earneftly repent you of your fins, and are in love and charity with your

neighbours, and intend to lead a new life, following the commandments of God, and walking from henceforth in his holy ways; Draw near with faith, and take this holy Sacrament to your comfort; and make your humble confession to Almighty God, meekly kneeling upon your knees.

¶ Then shall this general Confession be made, in the name of all those that are minded to receive the holy Communion, by one of the Ministers; both he and all the people kneeling humbly upon their knees, and saying,

▲ LMIGHTY God, Father of A our Lord Jefus Chrift, Maker of all things, Judge of all men; We acknowledge and bewail our manifold fins and wickedness, Which we, from time to time, most grievoully have committed, By thought, word, and deed, Against thy Divine Majesty, Provoking most justly thy wrath and indignation against us. We do earnestly repent, And are heartily forry for thefe our mifdoings; The remembrance of them is grievous unto us; The burden of them is intolerable. Have mercy upon us, Have mercy upon us, most merciful Father; For thy Son our Lord Jefus Chrift's fake, Forgive us all that is past; And grant that we may ever hereafter Serve and pleafe thee In newnefs of life, To the honour and glory of thy Name; Through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest (or the Bishop, being present,) stand up, and turning himself to the people, pronounce this Absolution.

A LMIGHTY God, our heavenly Father, who of his great mercy hath promifed forgiveness of fins to all them that with hearty repentance and true faith turn unto him; Have mercy upon you; pardon and deliver you from all your fins; confirm and strengthen you in all goodness; and bring you to everlasting life; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

Hear what comfortable words our Saviour Chrift faith unto all that truly turn to him.

COME unto me all that travail and are heavy laden, and I will refresh you. St. *Matt.* xi. 28.

So God loved the world, that he gave his only-begotten Son, to the end that all that believe in him should not perish, but have everlasting life. St. John iii. 16.

Hear also what Saint Paul faith.

This is a true faying, and worthy of all men to be received, That Chrift Jefus came into the world to fave finners. 1 Tim. i. 15.

Hear alfo what Saint John faith.

If any man fin, we have an Advocate with the Father, Jefus Chrift the righteous; and he is the propitiation for our fins. 1 St. *John* ii. 1.

¶ After which the Priest shall proceed, saying,

Lift up your hearts.

Anfwer. We lift them up unto the Lord.

Prieft. Let us give thanks unto our Lord God.

Anjwer. It is meet and right fo to do.

¶ Then shall the Priest turn to the Lord's Table, and say,

T is very meet, right, and our bounden duty, that we should at all times, and in all places, give thanks unto thee, O Lord, Holy Father, Almighty, Eted on Trinity Sunday.

¶ Here shall follow the Proper Preface, according to the time, if there be any specially appointed: or else immediately shall follow,

THEREFORE with Angels and Archangels, and with all the company of heaven, we laud and magnify thy glorious Name; evermore praifing thee, and faying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of hofts, heaven and earth are full of thy glory: Glory be to thee, O Lord moft High. *Amen*.

Proper Prefaces.

Upon Chriftmas-day, and feven days after.

BECAUSE thou didft give Jefus Chrift thine only Son to be born as at this time for us; who, by the operation of the Holy Ghoft, was made very man of the fub-

ftance of the Virgin Mary his mother; and that without fpot of fin, to make us clean from all fin. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Upon Eafter-day, and feven days

after.

BUT chiefly are we bound to praife thee for the glorious Refurrection of thy Son Jefus Chrift our Lord: for he is the very Pafchal Lamb, which was offered for us, and hath taken away the fin of the world; who by his death hath deftroyed death, and by his rifing to life again hath reftored to us everlafting life. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Upon Afcention-day, and feven

days after.

THROUGH thy most dearly beloved Son Jesus Christ our Lord; who after his most glorious Refurrection manifeftly appeared to all his Apostles, and in their fight afcended up into heaven to prepare a place for us; that where he is, thither we might also ascend, and reign with him in glory. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Upon Whit-funday, and fix days

after.

THROUGH Jefus Chrift our Lord; according to whofe most true promise, the Holy Ghost came down as at this time from heaven with a fudden great found, as it had been a mighty wind, in the likeness of fiery tongues, light-

ing upon the Apostles, to teach them, and to lead them to all truth: giving them both the gift of divers languages, and also boldness with fervent zeal conftantly to preach the Gospel unto all nations; whereby we have been brought out of darkness and error into the clear light and true knowledge of thee, and of thy Son Jefus Chrift. Therefore with Angels, &c.

Upon the Feast of Trinity only.

TI/HO art one God, one Lord; not one only Person, but three Perfons in one Substance. For that which we believe of the glory of the Father, the fame we believe of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft, without any difference or inequality. Therefore with Angels, &c.

 \P After each of which Prefaces shall immediately be fung or faid,

THEREFORE with Angels and Archangels, and with all the company of heaven, we laud and magnify thy glorious Name; evermore praifing thee, and faying, Holy, holy, holy, Lord God of hofts, heaven and earth are full of thy glory: Glory be to thee, O Lord most high. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest, kneeling down at the Lord's Table, say in the name of all them that shall receive the Communion this Prayer following.

/E do not prefume to come to this thy Table, O merciful Lord, trufting in our own righteoufnefs, but in thy manifold and great mercies. We are not worthy fo much as to gather up the crumbs under thy Table. But thou art the fame Lord, whofe property is always to have mercy: Grant us therefore, gracious Lord, fo to eat the flesh of thy dear Son Jesus Christ, and to drink his blood, that our finful bodies may be made clean by his body, and our fouls washed through his most precious blood, and that we may evermore dwell in him, and he in us. Amen.

¶ When the Priest, standing before the Table, hath so ordered the Bread and Wine, that he may with the more readiness and decency break the Bread before the people, and take the Cup into his hands, he shall say the Prayer of Consecration, as followeth.

▲ LMIGHTY God, our heavenly Father, who of thy tender mercy didft give thine only Son Jefus Chrift to fuffer death upon the crofs for our redemption; who made there (by his one oblation of himself once offered) a full, perfect, and fufficient facrifice, oblation, and fatisfaction, for the fins of the whole world; and did inftitute, and in his holy Gofpel command us to continue, a perpetual memory of that his precious death, until his coming again; Hear us, O merciful Father, we most humbly befeech thee; and grant that we receiving thefe thy creatures of bread and wine, according to thy Son our Saviour Jefus Chrift's holy inftitution, in remembrance of

his death and paffion, may be partakers of his most blessed Body and Blood: who, in the same night

that he was betrayed, * took Bread: and, when he had given thanks, † he brake it, and gave it to his disciples, faying, Take, eat, ‡ this is my Body which is given for you: Do this in remembrance of me. Likewife after fupper he * took the Cup; and, when he had given thanks, he gave it to them, faying, Drink ye all of this; for this is my Blood of the New Testament, which is fled for you and for many for the remif-

* Here the Priest is to take the Paten into his hands:

+And here to break the Bread:

‡ And here to lay his hand upon all the Bread.

* Here he is to take the Cup into his hand:

+ And here to lay his hand upon every vessel (he it Chalice or Flagon) in which there is any Wine to be consecrated.

fion of fins: Do this, as oft as ye fhall drink it, in remembrance of me. *Amen*.

¶ Then shall the Minister first receive the Communion in both kinds himself, and then proceed to deliver the same to the Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, in like manner, (if any be present,) and after that to the people also in order, into their hands, all meekly kneeling. And, when he delivereth the Bread to any one, he shall say,

THE Body of our Lord Jefus Chrift, which was given for thee, preferve thy body and foul unto everlafting life. Take and eat this in remembrance that Chrift

died for thee, and feed on him in thy heart by faith with thankfgiving.

¶ And the Minister that delivereth the Cup to any one shall say,

THE Blood of our Lord Jefus Chrift, which was fled for thee, preferve thy body and foul unto everlafting life. Drink this in remembrance that Chrift's Blood was fled for thee, and be thankful.

- ¶ If the consecrated Bread or Wine be all spent before all have communicated, the Priest is to consecrate more according to the Form before prescribed; beginning at [Our Saviour Christ in the same night, &c.] for the blessing of the Bread; and at [Likewise after Supper, &c.] for the blessing of the Cup.
- ¶ When all have communicated, the Minister shall return to the Lord's Table, and reverently place upon it what remaineth of the consecrated Elements, covering the same with a fair linen cloth.
- ¶ Then shall the Priest say the Lord's Prayer, the people repeating after him every Petition.

UR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, The power, and the glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

¶ After shall be said as followeth.

O Lord and heavenly Father, we thy humble fervants entirely defire thy fatherly goodnefs mercifully to accept this our facrifice of praife and thankfgiving; most humbly befeeching thee to grant, that by the merits and death of thy Son Jefus Chrift, and through faith in his blood, we and all thy whole Church may obtain remission of our fins, and all other benefits of his paffion. And here we offer and prefent unto thee, O Lord, ourfelves, our fouls and bodies, to be a reafonable, holy, and lively facrifice unto thee; humbly befeeching thee, that all we, who are partakers of this holy Communion, may be fulfilled with thy grace and heavenly benediction. And although we be unworthy, through our manifold fins, to offer unto thee any facrifice, yet we befeech thee to accept this our bounden duty and fervice; not weighing our merits, but pardoning our offences, through Jefus Chrift our Lord; by whom, and with whom, in the unity of the Holy Ghoft, all honour and glory be unto thee, O Father Almighty, world without end. Amen.

Or this.

A LMIGHTY and everliving God, we most heartily thank thee, for that thou dost vouchfase to feed us, who have duly received these holy mysteries, with the spiritual food of the most precious Body and Blood of thy Son our

Saviour Jefus Chrift; and doft affure us thereby of thy favour and goodness towards us; and that we are very members incorporate in the myftical body of thy Son, which is the bleffed company of all faithful people; and are also heirs through hope of thy everlafting kingdom, by the merits of the most precious death and paffion of thy dear Son. And we most humbly befeech thee, O heavenly Father, fo to affift us with thy grace, that we may continue in that holy fellowship, and do all fuch good works as thou haft prepared for us to walk in; through Jefus Chrift our Lord, to whom, with thee and the Holy Ghoft, be all honour and glory, world without end. Amen.

¶ Then shall be faid or fung,

GLORY be to God on high, and in earth peace, goodwill towards men. We praife thee, we blefs thee, we worship thee, we glorify thee, we give thanks to thee for thy great glory, O Lord God, heavenly King, God the Father Almighty.

O Lord, the only-begotten Son Jefu Chrift; O Lord God, Lamb of God, Son of the Father, that takeft away the fins of the world, have mercy upon us. Thou that takeft away the fins of the world, have mercy upon us. Thou that takeft away the fins of the world, receive our prayer. Thou that fittest at the right hand of God the Father, have mercy upon us.

For thou only art holy; thou only art the Lord; thou only, O Christ, with the Holy Ghost, art most high in the glory of God the Father. *Amen*.

¶ Then the Prieft (or Bifhop if he be prefent) fhall let them depart with this Bleffing.

eth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord: and the blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, be amongst you and remain with you always. Amen.

¶ Collects to be faid after the Offertory, when there is no Communion, every fuch day one or more; and the fame may be faid also, as often as occasion shall ferve, after the Collects either of Morning or Evening Prayer, Communion, or Litany, by the discretion of the Minister.

A SSIST us mercifully, O Lord, in thefe our fupplications and prayers, and difpose the way of thy fervants towards the attainment of everlasting falvation; that, among all the changes and chances of this mortal life, they may ever

be defended by thy most gracious and ready help; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

Almighty Lord, and everlafting God, vouchfafe, we befeech thee, to direct, fanctify, and govern, both our hearts and bodies, in the ways of thy laws, and in the works of thy commandments; that through thy most mighty protection, both here and ever, we may be preferved in body and foul; through our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. Amen.

CRANT, we befeech thee, Almighty God, that the words, which we have heard this day with our outward ears, may through thy grace be fo grafted inwardly in our hearts, that they may bring forth in us the fruit of good living, to the honour and praife of thy Name; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

PREVENT us, O Lord, in all our doings with thy most gracious favour, and further us with thy continual help; that in all our works begun, continued, and

ended in thee, we may glorify thy holy Name, and finally by thy mercy obtain everlating life; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

A LMIGHTY God, the fountain of all wifdom, who knowest our necessities before we ask, and our ignorance in asking; We befeech thee to have compassion upon our infirmities; and those things, which for our unworthiness we dare not, and for our blindness we cannot ask, vouchfase to give us, for the worthiness of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft promifed to hear the petitions of them that afk in thy Son's Name; We befeech thee mercifully to incline thine ears to us that have made now our prayers and fupplications unto thee; and grant, that those things, which we have faithfully asked according to thy will, may effectually be obtained, to the relief of our necessity, and to the setting forth of thy glory; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

[¶] Upon the Sundays and other Holy-days (if there be no Communion) shall be said all that is appointed at the Communion, until the end of the general Prayer [For the whole state of Christ's Church militant here on earth] together with one or more of these Collects last before rehearsed, concluding with the Blessing.

[¶] And there shall be no celebration of the Lord's Supper, except there be a convenient number to communicate with the Priest, according to his discretion.

The Communion

- ¶ And if there be not above twenty persons in the Parish of discretion to receive the Communion; yet there shall be no Communion, except four (or three at the least) communicate with the Priest.
- ¶ And in Cathedral and Collegiate Churches, and Colleges, where there are many Priests and Deacons, they shall all receive the Communion with the Priest every Sunday at the least, except they have a reasonable cause to the contrary.
- ¶ And to take away all occasion of dissention, and superstition, which any Person hath or might have concerning the Bread and Wine, it shall suffice that the Bread be such as is usual to be eaten; but the best and purest Wheat Bread that conceniently may be gotten.
- ¶ And if any of the Bread and Wine remain unconsecrated, the Curate shall have it to his own use: but if any remain of that which was consecrated, it shall not be carried out of the Church, but the Priest and such other of the Communicants as he shall then call unto him, shall, immediately after the Blessing, reverently eat and drink the same.
- ¶ The Bread and Wine for the Communion shall be provided by the Curate and the Church-wardens at the charges of the Parish.
- ¶ And note, that every Parishioner shall communicate at the least three times in the year, of which Easter to be one. And yearly at Easter every Parishioner shall reckon with the Parson, Vicar, or Curate, or his or their Deputy or Deputies; and pay to them or him all Ecclesiastical Duties, accustomably due, then and at that time to be paid.
- ¶ After the Divine Service ended, the money given at the Offertory shall be disposed of to such pious and charitable uses, as the Minister and Church-wardens shall think fit. Wherein if they disagree, it shall be disposed of as the Ordinary shall appoint.

"WHEREAS it is ordained in this Office for the Administration of the Lord's Supper, that the Communicants should receive the same kneeling; (which order is well meant, for a signification of our "humble and grateful acknowledgement of the benefits of Christ therein given to all worthy Receivers, "and for the avoiding of such profanation and disorder in the holy Communion, as might otherwise ensue;) "yet, lest the same kneeling should by any persons, either out of ignorance and infirmity, or out of malice and obstinacy, be misconstrued and depraved; It is hereby declared, That thereby no adoration is intend"ed, or ought to be done, either unto the Sacramental Bread or Wine there bodily received, or unto any "Corporal Presence of Christ's natural Flesh and Blood. For the Sacramental Bread and Wine remain still in their very natural substances, and therefore may not be adored; (for that were idolatry, to be abhorred of all faithful Christians;) and the natural Body and Blood of our Saviour Christ are in Hea"ven, and not here; it being against the truth of Christ's natural Body to be at one time in more places than one."

PUBLICK BAPTISM OF INFANTS,

TO BE USED IN THE CHURCH.

- The people are to be admonished, that it is most convenient that Baptism should not be administered but upon Sundays, and other Holy-days, when the most number of people come together; as well for that the Congregation there present may testify the receiving of them that be newly baptized into the number of Christ's Church; as also because in the Baptism of Infants every Man present may be put in remembrance of his own profession made to God in his Baptism. For which cause also it is expedient that Baptism be ministered in the vulgar tongue. Nevertheless, (if necessity so require,) Children may be baptized upon any other day.
- ¶ And note, that there shall be for every Male-child to be baptized two Godfathers and one Godmother; and for every Female, one Godfather and two Godmothers.
- ¶ When there are Children to be baptized, the Parents shall give knowledge thereof over night, or in the morning before the beginning of Morning Prayer, to the Curate. And then the Godfathers and Godmothers, and the people with the Children, must be ready at the Font, either immediately after the last Lesson at Morning Prayer, or else immediately after the last Lesson at Evening Prayer, as the Curate by his discretion shall appoint. And the Priest coming to the Font. (which is then to be filled with pure Water,) and standing there, shall say,

HATH this Child been already baptized, or no?

¶ If they answer, No: Then shall the Priest proceed as followeth.

EARLY beloved, forafmuch DEARLI Delotes, as all men are conceived and born in fin; and that our Saviour Chrift faith, None can enter into the kingdom of God, except he be regenerate and born anew of Water and of the holy Ghoft; I befeech you to call upon God the Father, through our Lord Jefus Chrift, that of his bounteous mercy he will grant to this Child that thing which by nature he cannot have; that he may be baptized with Water and the holy Ghost, and received into Chrift's holy Church, and be made a lively member of the fame.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

Let us pray. ▲ LMIGHTY and everlafting A God, who of thy great mercy didft fave Noah and his family in the ark from perifhing by water; and also didst fafely lead the children of Ifrael thy people through the Red Sea, figuring thereby thy holy Baptifin; and by the Baptifin of thy well-beloved Son Jefus Chrift, in the river Jordan, didft fanctify Water to the myftical washing away of fin; We befeech thee, for thine infinite mercies, that thou wilt mercifully look upon this Child; wash him and fanctify him with the holy Ghoft; that he, being delivered from thy wrath, may be received into the ark of Christ's Church; and being stedfast in faith, joyful

Publick Baptifn of Infants.

through hope, and rooted in charity, may fo pass the waves of this troublesome world, that finally he may come to the land of everlasting life, there to reign with thee world without end; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

▲ LMIGHTY and immortal God, the aid of all that need, the helper of all that flee to thee for fuccour, the life of them that believe, and the refurrection of the dead; We call upon thee for this Infant, that he, coming to thy holy Baptifm, may receive remission of his fins by fpiritual regeneration. Receive him, O Lord, as thou haft promifed by thy well-beloved Son, faying, Ask, and ye shall have; feek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened unto you: So give now unto us that ask; let us that feek find; open the gate unto us that knock; that this Infant may enjoy the everlafting benediction of thy heavenly washing, and may come to the eternal kingdom which thou haft promifed by Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the people stand up, and the Priest shall say,

Hear the words of the Gofpel, written by Saint *Mark*, in the tenth Chapter, at the thirteenth Verfe.

THEY brought young children to Christ, that he should touch them; and his disciples rebuked

those that brought them. But when Jesus saw it, he was much displeased, and said unto them, Suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not; for of such is the kingdom of God. Verily I say unto you, Whosever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall not enter therein. And he took them up in his arms, put his hands upon them, and blessed them.

¶ After the Gospel is read, the Minister shall make this brief Exhortation upon the words of the Gospel.

DELOVED, ye hear in this D Gospel the words of our Saviour Christ, that he commanded the children to be brought unto him; how he blamed those that would have kept them from him; how he exhorteth all men to follow their innocency. Ye perceive how by his outward gefture and deed he declared his goodwill toward them; for he embraced them in his arms, he laid his hands upon them, and bleffed them. Doubt ye not therefore, but earneftly believe, that he will likewife favourably receive this prefent Infant; that he will embrace him with the arms of his mercy; that he will give unto him the bleffing of eternal life, and make him partaker of his everlafting kingdom. Wherefore we being thus perfuaded of the goodwill of our heavenly Father towards this Infant, declared by his Son

Jefus Chrift; and nothing doubting but that he favourably alloweth this charitable work of our's in bringing this Infant to his holy Baptifm; let us faithfully and devoutly give thanks unto him, and fay,

A LMIGHTY and everlasting God, heavenly Father, we give thee humble thanks, for that thou hast vouchsafed to call us to the knowledge of thy grace, and faith in thee: Increase this knowledge, and confirm this faith in us evermore. Give thy holy Spirit to this Infant, that he may be born again, and be made an heir of everlasting salvation; through our Lord Jefus Christ, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Spirit, now and for ever. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest speak unto the Godfathers and Godmothers on this wise.

TEARLY beloved, ye have brought this Child here to be baptized, ye have prayed that our Lord Jefus Chrift would vouchfafe to receive him, to release him of his fins, to fanctify him with the holy Ghoft, to give him the kingdom of heaven, and everlafting life. Ye have heard alfo that our Lord Jefus Chrift hath promifed in his Gofpel to grant all thefe things that ye have prayed for: which promife he, for his part, will most furely keep and perform. Wherefore, after this promife made

by Chrift, this Infant must also faithfully, for his part, promise by you that are his furcties, (until he come of age to take it upon himfelf,) that he will renounce the devil and all his works, and constantly believe God's holy Word, and obediently keep his commandments.

I demand therefore,

OST thou, in the name of this Child, renounce the devil and all his works, the vain pomp and glory of the world, with all covetous defires of the fame, and the carnal defires of the flesh, so that thou wilt not follow, nor be led by them?

Anfwer. I renounce them all. Minister.

DOST thou believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth?

And in Jefus Chrift his only-begotten Son our Lord? And that he was conceived by the Holy Ghoft; born of the Virgin Mary; that he fuffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, dead, and buried; that he went down into hell, and alfo did rife again the third day; that he afcended into heaven, and fitteth at the right hand of God the Father Almighty; and from thence shall come again at the end of the world, to judge the quick and the dead?

And doft thou believe in the

Publick Baptifm of Infants.

Holy Ghost; the holy Catholick Church; the Communion of Saints; the Remission of fins; the Resurrection of the flesh; and everlasting life after death?

Answer. All this I stedsaftly be-

lieve.

Minister.

WILT thou be baptized in this faith?

Answer. That is my defire.

Minister.

WILT thou then obediently keep God's holy will and commandments, and walk in the fame all the days of thy life?

Anfwer. I will.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

O Merciful God, grant that the old Adam in this Child may be fo buried, that the new man may be raifed up in him. Amen.

Grant that all carnal affections may die in him, and that all things belonging to the Spirit may live

and grow in him. Amen.

Grant that he may have power and strength to have victory, and to triumph, against the devil, the world, and the flesh. Amen.

Grant that whofoever is here dedicated to thee by our office and ministry may also be endued with heavenly virtues, and everlastingly rewarded, through thy mercy, O blessed Lord God, who dost live, and govern all things, world without end. *Amen*.

▲ LMIGHTY, everliving God, whose most dearly beloved Son Jefus Chrift, for the forgiveness of our fins, did fhed out of his most precious fide both water and blood; and gave commandment to his difciples, that they flould go teach all nations, and baptize them In the Name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft; Regard, we befeech thee, the fupplications of thy congregation; fanctify this Water to the mystical washing away of fin; and grant that this Child, now to be baptized therein, may receive the fulness of thy grace, and ever remain in the number of thy faithful and elect children; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then the Priest shall take the Child into his hands, and shall say to the Godfathers and Godmothers,

Name this Child.

¶ And then naming it after them (if they shall certify him that the Child may well endure it) he shall dip it in the Water discreetly and warily, saying,

No I baptize thee In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

¶ But if they certify that the Child is weak, it shall suffice to pour Water upon it, saying the foresaid words,

I baptize thee In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

¶ Then the Priest shall say,

WE receive this Child into the congregation of Christ's

 \mathbf{C} \mathbf{c}

* Here the Priest

flock, *and do fign shall make a Cross him with the fign of upon the Child's fore- the Crofs, in token that hereafter *he* fhall

not be ashamed to confess the faith of Chrift crucified, and manfully to fight under his banner, against fin, the world, and the devil; and to continue Christ's faithful foldier and fervant unto his life's end. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

CEEING now, dearly beloved D brethren, that this Child is regenerate, and grafted into the body of Christ's Church, let us give thanks unto Almighty God for thefe benefits; and with one accord make our prayers unto him, that this Child may lead the reft of his life according to this beginning.

¶ Then shall be said, all kneeling;

UR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth. As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

 \P Then shall the Priest say,

WE yield thee hearty thanks, most merciful Father, that it hath pleafed thee to regenerate this Infant with thy holy Spirit, to receive him for thine own Child

by adoption, and to incorporate him into thy holy Church. And humbly we befeech thee to grant, that he, being dead unto fin, and living unto righteoufnefs, and being buried with Christ in his death, may crucify the old man, and utterly abolish the whole body of fin; and that, as he is made partaker of the death of thy Son, he may also be partaker of his refurrection; fo that finally, with the refidue of thy holy Church, he may be an inheritor of thine everlafting kingdom; through Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then, all standing up, the Priest shall say to the Godfathers and Godmothers this Exhortation fol-

NORASMUCH as this Child hath promifed by you his fureties to renounce the devil and all his works, to believe in God, and to ferve him; ye must remember, that it is your parts and duties to fee that this Infant be taught, fo foon as he shall be able to learn, what a folemn vow, promife, and profession, he hath here made by you. And that he may know thefe things the better, ye shall call upon him to hear Sermons; and chiefly ye shall provide, that he may learn the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments, in the vulgar tongue, and all other things which a Christian ought to know and believe to his foul's health; and that this Child may

Private Baptifm of Infants.

be virtuously brought up to lead a godly and a christian life; remembering always, that Baptism doth represent unto us our profession; which is, to follow the example of our Saviour Christ, and to be made like unto him; that, as he died, and rose again for us, so should we, who are baptized, die from sin, and rise again unto righteousness; continually mortifying all our evil and corrupt affections, and

daily proceeding in all virtue and godliness of living.

· ¶ Then shall he add and say,

Lare to take care that this Child be brought to the Bifhop to be confirmed by him, fo foon as he can fay the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments, in the vulgar tongue, and be further inftructed in the Church-Catechifin fet forth for that purpofe.

IT is certain by God's Word, that Children which are baptized, dying before they commit actual sin, are undoubtedly saved.

To take away all scruple concerning the use of the sign of the Cross in Baptism; the true explication thereof, and the just reasons for the retaining of it, may be seen in the xxxth Canon, first published in the Year MDCIV.

THE MINISTRATION OF

PRIVATE BAPTISM OF CHILDREN

IN HOUSES.

- ¶ The Curates of every Parish shall often admonish the people, that they defer not the Baptism of their Children longer than the first or second Sunday next after their birth, or other Holy-day falling between, unless upon a great and reasonable cause, to be approved by the Curate.
- ¶ And also they shall warn them, that without like great cause and necessity they procure not their Children to be baptized at home in their houses. But when need shall compet them so to do, then Baptism shall be administered on this fashion:
- I First, let the Minister of the Parish (or, in his absence, any other lawful Minister that can be procured) with them that are present call upon God, and say the Lord's Prayer, and so many of the Collects appointed to be said before in the Form of Publick Baptism, as the time and present exigence will suffer. And then, the Child being named by some one that is present, the Minister shall pour Water upon it, saying these words;

I baptize thee In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen.

¶ Then, all kneeling down, the Minister shall give thanks unto God, and say,

TE yield thee hearty thanks, most merciful Father, that

it hath pleafed thee to regenerate this Infant with thy holy Spirit, to receive him for thine own Child by adoption, and to incorporate him into thy holy Church. And we humbly befeech thee to grant, that as he is now made partaker

Private Baptism of Infants.

of the death of thy Son, fo he may be also of his refurrection; and that finally, with the residue of thy Saints, he may inherit thine everlasting kingdom; through the same thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ And let them not doubt, but that the Child so baptized is lawfully and sufficiently baptized, and ought not to be baptized again. Yet nevertheless, if the Child, which is after this sort baptized, do afterward live, it is expedient that it be brought into the Church, to the intent that, if the Minister of the same Parish did himself baptize that Child, the Congregation may be certified of the true Form of Baptism, by him privately before used: In which case he shall say thus,

I Certify you, that according to the due and prefcribed Order of the Church, at fuch a time, and at fuch a place, before divers witnesses I baptized this Child.

¶ But if the Child were baptized by any other lawful Minister, then the Minister of the Parish, where the Child was born or christened, shall examine and try whether the Child be lawfully baptized, or no. In which case, if those that bring any Child to the Church do answer, that the same Child is already baptized, then shall the Minister examine them further, saying,

BY whom was this Child baptized?

Who was prefent when this

Child was baptized?

Because some things effential to this Sacrament may happen to be omitted through fear or haste, in such times of extremity; therefore I demand further of you,

With what matter was this Child

haptized?

With what words was this Child baptized?

¶ And if the Minister shall find by the answers of such as bring the Child, that all things were done as they ought to be; then shall not he christen the Child again, but shall receive him as one of the flock of true christian people, saying thus,

I Certify you, that in this cafe all is well done, and according unto due order, concerning the baptizing of this Child; who being born in original fin, and in the wrath of God, is now, by the laver of Regeneration in Baptifm, received into the number of the children of God, and heirs of everlafting life: for our Lord Jefus Chrift doth not deny his grace and mercy unto fuch Infants, but most lovingly doth call them unto him, as the holy Gospel doth witness to our comfort on this wife.

St. Mark x. 13.

THEY brought young children to Chrift, that he should touch them; and his disciples rebuked those that brought them. But when Jesus saw it, he was much displeased, and said unto them, Suffer the little children to come unto me, and forbid them not; for of such is the kingdom of God. Verily I say unto you, Whosever shall not receive the kingdom of God as a little child, he shall not enter therein. And he took them up in his arms, put his hands upon them, and blessed them.

¶ After the Gospel is read, the Minister shall make this brief Exhortation upon the words of the Gospel.

DELOVED, ye hear in this D Gospel the words of our Saviour Chrift, that he commanded the children to be brought unto him; how he blamed those that would have kept them from him; how he exhorted all men to follow their innocency. Ye perceive how by his outward gefture and deed he declared his good will toward them; for he embraced them in his arms, he laid his hands upon them, and bleffed them. Doubt ye not therefore, but earneftly believe, that he hath likewife favourably receivedthis prefent Infant; that he hath embraced him with the arms of his mercy; and (as he hath promifed in his holy Word) will give unto him the bleffing of eternal life, and make him partaker of his everlafting kingdom. Wherefore, we being thus perfuaded of the good will of our heavenly Father, declared by his Son Jefus Chrift, towards this Infant, let us faithfully and devoutly give thanks unto him, and fay the Prayer which the Lord himfelf taught us:

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs a-

gainst us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

LMIGHTY and everlafting God, heavenly Father, we give thee humble thanks, that thou haft vouchfafed to call us to the knowledge of thy grace, and faith in thee; Increase this knowledge, and confirm this faith in us evermore. Give thy holy Spirit to this Infant, that he, being born again, and being made an heir of everlafting falvation, through our Lord Jefus Christ, may continue thy fervant, and attain thy promife; through the fame our Lord Jefus Chrift thy Son, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Spirit, now and for ever. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest demand the Name of the Child; which being by the Godfathers and Godmothers pronounced, the Minister shall say,

DOST thou, in the name of this Child, renounce the devil and all his works, the vain pomp and glory of this world, with all covetous defires of the fame, and the carnal defires of the flesh, so that thou wilt not follow, nor be led by them?

Anfiver. I renounce them all. Minister.

DOST thou believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth?

And in Jefus Chrift his only-begotten Son our Lord? And that he was conceived by the Holy Ghoft;

Private Baptism of Infants.

born of the Virgin Mary; that he fuffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, dead, and buried; that he went down into hell, and also did rife again the third day; that he afcended into heaven, and fitteth at the right hand of God the Father Almighty; and from thence fhall come again at the end of the world, to judge the quick and the dead?

And doft thou believe in the Holy Ghoft; the holy Catholick Church; the Communion of Saints; the Remission of fins: the Refurrection of the fleth; and everlafting life after death?

Answer. All this I stedsaftly be-

lieve.

Minister.

WILT thou then obediently keep God's holy will and commandments, and walk in the fame all the days of thy life?

Anfwer. I will.

¶ Then the Priest shall say,

WE receive this Child into the congregation of Christ's

* Here the Priest upon the Child's forehead.

flock, *and do fign shall make a Cross him with the fign of the Crofs, in token that hereafter *he* fhall

not be ashamed to confess the faith of Christ crucified, and manfully to fight under his banner, against fin, the world, and the devil; and to continue Christ's faithful soldier and fervant unto his life's end. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

EEING now, dearly beloved D brethren, that this Child is by Baptifm regenerate, and grafted into the body of Christ's Church, let us give thanks unto Almighty God for these benefits; and with one accord make our prayers unto him, that he may lead the rest of his life according to this beginning.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

E yield thee most hearty thanks, most merciful Father, that it hath pleafed thee to regenerate this Infant with thy holy Spirit, to receive him for thine own Child by adoption, and to incorporate *him* into thy holy Church. And humbly we befeech thee to grant, that he being dead unto fin, and living unto righteoufnefs, and being buried with Christ in his death, may crucify the old man, and utterly abolish the whole body of fin; and that, as he is made partaker of the death of thy Son, he may also be partaker of his refurrection; fo that finally, with the refidue of thy holy Church, he may be an inheritor of thine everlafting kingdom; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then, all standing up, the Minister shall make this Exhortation to the Godfathers and Godmothers.

TORASMUCH as this Child hath promifed by you his fure-

Private Baptism of Infants.

ties to renounce the devil and all his works, to believe in God, and to ferve him; ye must remember, that it is your parts and duties to fee that this Infant be taught, fo foon as he shall be able to learn, what a folemn vow, promife, and profession *he hath* made by you. And that *he* may know thefe things the better, ye shall call upon him to hear Sermons; and chiefly ye fhall provide, that he may learn the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments, in the vulgar tongue, and all other things which a Chriftian ought to know and believe to his foul's health; and that this Child may be virtuoufly brought up to lead a godly and a christian life; remembering alway, that Baptifm doth reprefent unto us our profession; which is,

to follow the example of our Saviour Chrift, and to be made like unto him; that, as he died, and rofe again for us, fo fhould we, who are baptized, die from fin, and rife again unto righteoufnefs; continually mortifying all our evil and corrupt affections, and daily proceeding in all virtue and godlinefs of living.

¶ But if they which bring the Infant to the Church do make such uncertain answers to the Priest's questions, as that it cannot appear that the Child was baptized with Water, In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost, (which are essential parts of Baptism,) then let the Priest baptize it in the form before appointed for Publick Baptism of Infants; saving that at the dipping of the Child in the Font, he shall use this form of words.

IF thou art not already baptized, N. I baptize thee In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

THE MINISTRATION OF

BAPTISM to fuch as are of RIPER YEARS,

AND ABLE TO ANSWER FOR THEMSELVES.

- When any such persons, as are of riper years, are to be baptized, timely notice shall be given to the Bishop, or whom he shall appoint for that purpose, a week before at the least, by the Parents, or some other discreet persons; that so due care may be taken for their Examination, whether they be sufficiently instructed in the Principles of the Christian Religion; and that they may be exhorted to prepare themselves with Prayers and Fasting for the receiving of this holy Sacrament.
- And if they shall be found fit, then the Godfathers and Godmothers (the people being assembled upon the Sunday or Holy-day appointed) shall be ready to present them at the Font immediately after the second Lesson, either at Morning or Evening Prayer, as the Curate in his discretion shall think fit.
- ¶ And standing there, the Priest shall ask, whether any of the persons here presented be baptized, or no: If they shall answer, No; then shall the Priest say thus,

DEARLY beloved, forafmuch as all men are conceived and born in fin, (and that which is born of the flesh is flesh,) and they that are in the flesh cannot please God, but live in fin, committing many actual transgressions; and that our Saviour Chrift faith, None can enter into the kingdom of God, except he be regenerate and born anew of Water and of the Holy Ghoft; I befeech you to call upon God the Father, through our Lord Jefus Chrift, that of his bounteous goodness he will grant to these perfons that which by nature they cannot have; that they may be baptized with Water and the holy Ghoft, and received into Chrift's holy Church, and be made lively members of the fame.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

Let us pray.

(\P And here all the Congregation shall kneel.)

▲ LMIGHTY and everlafting A God, who of thy great mercy didft fave Noah and his family in the ark from perifhing by water; and also didst fafely lead the children of Ifrael thy people through the Red Sea, figuring thereby thy holy Baptism; and by the Baptism of thy well-beloved Son Jefus Chrift, in the river Jordan, didft fanctify the element of water to the myftical washing away of fin; We befeech thee, for thine infinite mercies, that thou wilt mercifully look upon thefe thy fervants; wash them and fanctify them with the holy Ghoft, that they, being delivered from thy wrath, may be

received into the ark of Christ's Church; and being stedsast in faith, joyful through hope, and rooted in charity, may so pass the waves of this troublesome world, that finally they may come to the land of everlasting life, there to reign with thee world without end; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A LMIGHTY and immortal God, the aid of all that need, the helper of all that flee to thee for fuccour, the life of them that believe, and the refurrection of the dead; We call upon thee for thefe perfons, that they, coming to thy holy Baptifm, may receive remiffion of their fins by spiritual regeneration. Receive them, O Lord, as thou haft promifed by thy wellbeloved Son, faying, Ask, and ye shall receive; feek, and ye shall find; knock, and it shall be opened unto you: So give now unto us that ask; let us that feek find; open the gate unto us that knock; that these persons may enjoy the everlafting benediction of thy heavenly washing, and may come to the eternal kingdom which thou haft promifed by Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the people stand up, and the Priest shall say,

Hear the words of the Gofpel, written by Saint *John*, in the third Chapter, beginning at the first Verse.

THERE was a man of the Pharifees, named Nicodemus, a ruler of the Jews. The fame came to Jefus by night, and faid unto him, Rabbi, we know that thou art a teacher come from God; for no man can do thefe miracles that thou doest, except God be with him. Jefus answered and faid unto him, Verily, verily I fay unto thee, Except a man be born again, he cannot fee the kingdom of God. Nicodemus faith unto him, How can a man be born when he is old? Can be enter the fecond time into his mother's womb, and be born? Jefus anfwered, Verily, verily I fay unto thee, Except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdom of God. That which is born of the flesh is flesh; and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit. Marvel not that I faid unto thee, Ye must be born again. The wind bloweth where it lifteth, and thou heareft the found thereof; but canst not tell whence it cometh, and whither it goeth: fo is every one that is born of the Spirit.

¶ After which he shall say this Exhortation following.

THE OVED we hear in this

BELOVED, ye hear in this Gofpel the express words of our Saviour Christ, that except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdom of God. Whereby ye may perceive the great necessity of this

D d

Publick Baptism of such as are of Riper Years.

Sacrament, where it may be had. Likewise, immediately before his afcenfion into heaven, (as we read in the laft Chapter of Saint Mark's Gospel,) he gave command to his disciples, saying, Go ve into all the world, and preach the Gofpel to every creature. He that believeth and is baptized shall be faved; but he that believeth not shall be dammed. Which also sheweth unto us the great benefit we reap thereby. For which cause Saint Peter the Apostle, when upon his first preaching of the Gofpel many were pricked at the heart, and faid to him and the rest of the Apostles, Men and brethren, what shall we do? replied and faid unto them, Repent, and be baptized every one of you for the remission of fins, and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghoft. For the promife is to you and your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God fhall call. And with many other words exhorted he them, faying, Save yourfelves from this untoward generation. For (as the same Apostle testisieth in another place) even Baptifm doth also now fave us, (not the putting away of the filth of the flesh, but the answer of a good confcience towards God,) by the refurrection of Jefus Chrift. Doubt ye not therefore, but earneftly believe, that he will favourably receive thefe prefent perfons, truly repenting, and coming unto him by faith; that he will grant them remission of their fins, and bestow upon them the holy Ghost; that he will give them the blessing of eternal life, and make them partakers of his everlasting kingdom.

Wherefore we being thus perfuaded of the good will of our heavenly Father towards thefe perfons, declared by his Son Jefus Chrift; let us faithfully and devoutly give thanks to him, and fay,

A LMIGHTY and everlating God, heavenly Father, we give thee humble thanks, for that thou haft vouchfafed to call us to the knowledge of thy grace, and faith in thee: Increase this knowledge, and confirm this faith in us evermore. Give thy holy Spirit to these persons, that they may be born again, and be made heirs of everlasting falvation; through our Lord Jesus Christ, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Spirit, now and for ever. Amen.

¶ Then the Priest shall speak to the persons to be baptized on this wise:

ELL-beloved, who are come hither defiring to receive holy Baptifin, ye have heard how the congregation hath prayed, that our Lord Jefus Christ would vouchfafe to receive you and bless you, to release you of your fins, to give you the kingdom of heaven, and

Publick Baptifm of fuch as are of Riper Years.

everlafting life. Ye have heard alfo, that our Lord Jefus Chrift hath promifed in his holy Word to grant all those things that we have prayed for; which promife he, for his part, will most furely keep and perform.

Wherefore, after this promife made by Chrift, ye must also faithfully, for your part, promife in the prefence of these your Witnesses, and this whole congregation, that ye will renounce the devil and all his works, and conftantly believe God's holy word, and obediently keep his commandments.

¶ Then shall the Priest demand of each of the persons to be baptized, severally, these Questions following:

Question.

OST thou renounce the devil and all his works, the vain pomp and glory of the world, with all covetous defires of the fame, and the carnal defires of the flesh, fo that thou wilt not follow, nor be led by them?

Aufwer. I renounce them all.

Question.

OST thou believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth?

And in Jefus Chrift his only-begotten Son our Lord? And that he was conceived by the Holy Ghoft; born of the Virgin Mary; that he fuffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, dead, and buried; that

he went down into hell, and also did rife again the third day; that he afcended into heaven, and fitteth at the right hand of God the Father Almighty; and from thence fhall come again at the end of the world, to judge the quick and the dead?

And doft thou believe in the Holy Ghoft; the holy Catholick Church; the Communion of Saints; the Remission of fins; the Refurrection of the flesh; and everlasting life after death?

Answer. All this I stedfastly be-

lieve.

Question.

WILT thou be baptized in this faith?

Answer. That is my defire. Question.

VILT thou then obediently keep God's holy will and commandments, and walk in the fame all the days of thy life?

Answer. I will endeavour so to do, God being my helper.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

Merciful God, grant that the old Adam in thefe perfons may be fo buried, that the new man may be raifed up in them. Amen.

Grant that all carnal affections may die in *them*, and that all things belonging to the Spirit may live

and grow in them. Amen.

Grant that *they* may have power and ftrength to have victory, and

Publick Baptism of such as are of Riper Years.

to triumph, against the devil, the world, and the flesh. *Amen*.

Grant that they, being here dedicated to thee by our office and ministry, may also be endued with heavenly virtues, and everlastingly rewarded, through thy mercy, O blessed Lord God, who dost live, and govern all things, world without end. Amen.

▲ LMIGHTY, everliving God, whose most dearly beloved Son Jefus Chrift, for the forgiveness of our fins, did fhed out of his most precious fide both water and blood, and gave commandment to his difciples, that they flould go teach all nations, and baptize them In the Name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft; Regard, we befeech thee, the fupplications of this congregation; fanctify this Water to the myftical washing away of fin; and grant that the perfons now to be baptized therein may receive the fulness of thy grace, and ever remain in the number of thy faithful and elect children, through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest take each person to be baptized by the right hand, and placing him conveniently by the Font, according to his discretion, shall ask the Godfathers and Godmothers the Name; and then shall dip him in the water, or pour water upon him, saying,

I baptize thee In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

E receive this person into the congregation of Christ's flock; *and do fign *Here the Priest him with the fign of shall make a Cross the Cross, in token "pon the person's forehead."

not be ashamed to confess the faith of Christ crucified, and manfully to fight under his banner, against fin, the world, and the devil; and to continue Christ's faithful soldier and servant unto his life's end. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

SEEING now, dearly beloved brethren, that thefe perfons are regenerate, and grafted into the body of Christ's Church, let us give thanks unto Almighty God for these benefits, and with one accord make our prayers unto him, that they may lead the rest of their life according to this beginning.

Then shall be said the Lord's Prayer, all kneeling.

UR Father, which art in hea-

ven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs againft us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

O heavenly Father, that thou haft vouchfafed to call us to the

Publick Baptism of such as are of Riper Years.

knowledge of thy grace, and faith in thee; Increase this knowledge, and confirm this faith in us evermore. Give thy holy Spirit to these persons; that, being now born again, and made heirs of everlasting salvation, through our Lord Jesus Christ, they may continue thy servants, and attain thy promises; through the same Lord Jesus Christ thy Son, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the same Holy Spirit, everlastingly. Amen.

¶ Then, all standing up, the Priest shall use this Exhortation following; speaking to the Godfathers and Godmothers first.

have promifed in your prefence to renounce the devil and all his works, to believe in God, and to ferve him; ye must remember, that it is your part and duty to put them in mind, what a solemn vow, promise, and profession they have now made before this congregation, and especially before you their chosen witnesses. And ye are also to call upon them to use all

diligence to be rightly inftructed in God's holy Word; that fo they may grow in grace, and in the knowledge of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and live godly, righteoufly, and foberly in this prefent world.

(¶ And then, speaking to the new baptized persons, he shall proceed, and say,)

ND as for you, who have now Let by Baptism put on Christ, it is your part and duty alfo, being made the *children* of God and of the light, by faith in Jefus Chrift, to walk answerably to your Christian calling, and as becometh the children of light; remembering always that Baptism representeth unto us our profession; which is, to follow the example of our Saviour Chrift, and to be made like unto him; that as he died, and rofe again for us; fo fhould we, who are baptized, die from fin, and rife again unto righteoufnefs; continually mortifying all our evil and corrupt affections, and daily proceeding in all virtue and godlinefs of living.

[¶] It is expedient that every person, thus baptized, should be confirmed by the Bishop so soon after his Baptism as conveniently may be; that so he may be admitted to the holy Communion.

[¶] If any persons not baptized in their infancy shall be brought to be baptized before they come to years of discretion to answer for themselves; it may suffice to use the Office for Publick Baptism of Infants, or (in case of extreme danger) the Office for Private Baptism; only changing the word [Infant] for [Child or Person] as occasion requireth.

A CATECHISM,

THAT IS TO SAY,

AN INSTRUCTION TO BE LEARNED OF EVERY PERSON, BEFORE HE BE BROUGHT TO BE CONFIRMED BY THE BISHOP.

Question.

WHAT is your Name?

Anjwer. N. or M.

Quest. Who gave you this Name? Answ. My Godfathers and Godmothers in my Baptism; wherein I was made a member of Christ, the child of God, and an inheritor of the kingdom of heaven.

Queft. What did your Godfathers and Godmothers then for

you?

Anfw. They did promife and vow three things in my name. First, that I should renounce the devil and all his works, the pomps and vanity of this wicked world, and all the sinful lusts of the slesh. Secondly, that I should believe all the Articles of the Christian Faith. And thirdly, that I should keep God's holy will and commandments, and walk in the same all the days of my life.

Queft. Doft thou not think that thou art bound to believe, and to do, as they have promifed for

thee?

Anfw. Yes verily; and by God's help to I will. And I heartily thank our heavenly Father, that he hath called me to this ftate of falvation,

through Jefus Christ our Saviour. And I pray unto God to give me his grace, that I may continue in the same unto my life's end.

Catechift.

Rehearfe the Articles of thy Belief.

Answer.

Believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth:

And in Jefus Chrift his only Son our Lord, Who was conceived by the Holy Ghoft, Born of the Virgin Mary, Suffered under Pontius Pilate, Was crucified, dead, and buried, He defcended into hell; The third day he rofe again from the dead, He afcended into heaven, And fitteth at the right hand of God the Father Almighty; From thence he fhall come to judge the quick and the dead.

I believe in the Holy Ghoft; The holy Catholick Church; The Communion of Saints; The Forgiveness of fins; The Refurrection of the body; And the life everlafting. Amen.

Quest. What dost thou chiefly learn in these Articles of thy Belief?

Answ. First, I learn to believe in

God the Father, who hath made me, and all the world.

Secondly, in God the Son, who hath redeemed me, and all man-kind.

Thirdly, in God the Holy Ghoft, who fauctifieth me, and all the elect people of God.

Question.

You faid, that your Godfathers and Godmothers did promife for you, that you should keep God's Commandments. Tell me how many there be?

Anfwer. Ten.

Question. Which be they?

Anfwer.

THE fame which God fpake in the twentieth Chapter of Exodus, faying, I am the Lord thy God, who brought thee out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of bondage.

Ι.

Thou fhalt have none other gods but me.

H.

Thou shalt not make to thyself any graven image, nor the likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or in the earth beneath, or in the water under the earth. Thou shalt not bow down to them, nor worship them: for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, and visit the sins of the fathers upon the children, unto the third and fourth generation of them that

hate me, and flew mercy unto thousands in them that love me, and keep my commandments.

III.

Thou fhalt not take the Name of the Lord thy God in vain: for the Lord will not hold him guilt-lefs that taketh his Name in vain.

IV

Remember that thou keep holy the Sabbath-day. Six days fhalt thou labour, and do all that thou haft to do; but the feventh day is the Sabbath of the Lord thy God. In it thou shalt do no manner of work, thou, and thy fon, and thy daughter, thy man-fervant, and thy maid-fervant, thy cattle, and the ftranger that is within thy gates. For in fix days the Lord made heaven and earth, the fea, and all that in them is, and refted the feventh day; wherefore the Lord bleffed the feventh day, and hallowed it. V_{\cdot}

Honour thy father and thy mother, that thy days may be long in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee.

Thou shalt do no murder.

VII.

Thou fhalt not commit adultery. VIII.

Thou fhalt not fteal.

IX.

Thou fhalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour.

Χ.

Thou fhalt not covet thy neighbour's house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his fervant, nor his maid, nor his ox, nor his afs, nor any thing that is his.

Question.

What doft thou chiefly learn by thefe commandments?

Anfw. I learn two things: my duty towards God, and my duty towards my Neighbour.

Queft. What is thy duty towards

Anfw. My duty towards God, is to believe in him, to fear him, and to love him with all my heart, with all my mind, with all my foul, and with all my ftrength; to worfhip him, to give him thanks, to put my whole truft in him, to call upon him, to honour his holy Name and his Word, and to ferve him truly all the days of my life.

Quest. What is thy duty towards

thy Neighbour?

Anfw. My duty towards my Neighbour, is to love him as myfelf, and to do to all men, as I would they should do unto me: To love, honour, and fuccour my father and mother: To honour and obey the King, and all that are put in authority under him: To fubmit myfelf to all my governours, teachers, spiritual pastors and masters: To order myfelf lowly and reverently to all my betters: to hurt no body by word nor deed: To be true and just in all my dealing: To bear no malice nor hatred in my heart: To keep my hands from picking and ftealing, and my tongue from evil-fpeaking, lying, and flandering: To keep my body in temperance, foberness, and chastity: Not to covet nor defire other men's goods; but to learn and labour truly to get mine own living, and to do my duty in that ftate of life, unto which it shall please God to call me.

Catechift.

My good Child, know this, that thou art not able to do thefe things of thyfelf, nor to walk in the Commandments of God, and to ferve him, without his special grace; which thou must learn at all times to call for by diligent prayer. Let me hear therefore, if thou canft fay the Lord's Prayer.

Anfiver.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, As we forgive them that trefpass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Quest. What defireft thou of God in this Prayer?

Anfiv. I defire my Lord God

our heavenly Father, who is the giver of all goodness, to fend his grace unto me, and to all people; that we may worship him, serve him; and obey him, as we ought to do. And I pray unto God, that he will fend us all things that be needful both for our fouls and bodies; and that he will be merciful unto us, and forgive us our fins; and that it will pleafe him to fave and defend us in all dangers ghoftly and bodily; and that he will keep us from all fin and wickednefs, and from our ghoftly enemy, and from everlafting death. this I truft he will do of his mercy and goodnefs, through our Lord Jefus Chrift. And therefore I fay, Amen, So be it.

Question.

HOW many Sacraments hath Christ ordained in his Church?

Answ. Two only, as generally necessary to falvation, that is to fay, Baptism, and the Supper of the Lord.

Quest. What meanest thou by this word Sacrament?

Anfw. I mean an outward and visible fign of an inward and spiritual grace given unto us, ordained by Christ himself, as a means whereby we receive the same, and a pledge to assure us thereof.

Queft. How many parts are there

in a Sacrament?

Anfw. Two; the outward vifi-

ble fign, and the inward fpiritual grace.

Queft. What is the outward vifible fign or form in Baptism?

Answ. Water; wherein the perfon is baptized In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.

Queft. What is the inward and

fpiritual grace?

Anfw. A death unto fin, and a new birth unto righteoufnefs: for being by nature born in fin, and the children of wrath, we are hereby made the children of grace.

Quest. What is required of per-

fons to be baptized?

Anfw. Repentance, whereby they forfake fin; and Faith, whereby they ftedfaftly believe the promifes of God made to them in that Sacrament.

Quest. Why then are Infants baptized, when by reason of their tender age they cannot perform them?

Anfw. Because they promise them both by their Sureties; which promise, when they come to age, themselves are bound to perform.

Queft. Why was the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper ordained?

Answ. For the continual remembrance of the facrifice of the death of Christ, and of the benefits which we receive thereby.

Queft. What is the outward part or fign of the Lord's Supper?

A Catechifm.

Anfic. Bread and Wine, which the Lord hath commanded to be received.

Queft. What is the inward part,

or thing fignified?

Anfw. The Body and Blood of Chrift, which are verily and indeed taken and received by the faithful in the Lord's Supper.

Quest. What are the benefits whereof we are partakers there-

by?

Anfw. The ftrengthening and

refreshing of our fouls by the Body and Blood of Christ, as our bodies are by the Bread and Wine.

Queft. What is required of them who come to the Lord's Supper?

Answ. To examine themselves, whether they repent them truly of their former fins, stedsaftly purposing to lead a new life; have a lively faith in God's mercy through Christ, with a thankful remembrance of his death; and be in charity with all men.

- The Curate of every Parish shall diligently upon Sundays and Holy-days, after the second Lesson at Evening Prayer, openly in the Church instruct and examine so many Children of his Parish sent unto him, as he shall think convenient, in some part of this Catechism.
- ¶ And all Fathers, Mothers, Masters, and Dames, shall cause their Children, Servants, and Apprentices, (which have not learned their Catechism,) to come to the Church at the time appointed, and obediently to hear, and be ordered by the Curate, until such time as they have learned all that is here appointed for them to learn.
- ¶ So soon as Children are come to a competent age, and can say, in their Mother Tongue, the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments; and also can answer to the other Questions of this short Catechism; they shall be brought to the Bishop. And every one shall have a Godfather, or a Godmother, as a Witness of their Confirmation.
- ¶ And whensoever the Bishop shall give knowledge for Children to be brought unto him for their Confirmation, the Curate of every Parish shall either bring, or send in writing, with his hand subscribed thereunto, the names of all such persons within his Parish, as he shall think fit to be presented to the Bishop to be confirmed. And, if the Bishop approve of them, he shall confirm them in number following.

CONFIRMATION,

OR LAYING ON OF HANDS UPON THOSE THAT ARE BAPTIZED AND COME TO YEARS OF DISCRETION.

¶ Upon the day appointed, all that are to be then confirmed, being placed, and flanding in order, before the Bifhop; he (or fome other Minister appointed by him) shall read this Preface following.

TO the end that Confirmation may be ministered to the more edifying of fuch as shall receive it, the Church hath thought good to order, That none hereafter shall be Confirmed, but fuch as can fay the Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments; and can alfo answer to such other Questions, as in the fhort Catechifm are contained: which order is very convenient to be observed; to the end, that children, being now come to the years of difcretion, and having learned what their Godfathers and Godmothers promifed for them in Baptism, they may themselves, with their own mouth and confent, openly before the Church, ratify and confirm the fame; and also promife, that by the grace of God they will evermore endeavour themfelves faithfully to observe such things, as they, by their own confession, have affented unto.

Then shall the Bishop say,
O ye here, in the presence of
God, and of this congregation,
renew the solemn promise and vow
that was made in your name at

your Baptism; ratifying and confirming the same in your own persons, and acknowledging yourselves bound to believe, and to do, all those things, which your Godfathers and Godmothers then undertook for you?

¶ And every one shall audibly answer, I do.

The Bifhop.

OUR help is in the Name of the Lord;

Anfiv. Who hath made heaven and earth.

Bishop. Bleffed be the Name of the Lord;

Anfw. Henceforth, world without end.

Bishop. Lord, hear our prayers.

Answ. And let our cry come unto thee.

The Bishop. Let us pray.

A LMIGHTY and everliving God, who haft vouchfafed to regenerate thefe thy fervants by Water and the holy Ghoft, and haft given unto them forgiveness of all their fins; Strengthen them, we befeech thee, O Lord, with the

Holy Ghoft the Comforter, and daily increase in them thy manifold gifts of grace; the spirit of wisdom and understanding; the spirit of counsel and ghostly strength; the spirit of knowledge and true godlines; and fill them, O-Lord, with the spirit of thy holy sear, now and for ever. Amen.

¶ Then all of them in order kneeling before the Bishop, he shall lay his hand upon the head of every one severally, saying,

Child [or this thy Servant] with thy heavenly grace, that he may continue thine for ever; and daily increase in thy holy Spirit more and more, until he come unto thy everlasting kingdom. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Bishop say,

The Lord be with you.

Anfic. And with thy fpirit.

 \P And (all kneeling down) the Bishop shall add,

Our Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs againft us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

And this Collect.

A LMIGHTY and everliving God, who makeft us both to will and to do those things that be

good and acceptable unto thy divine Majesty; We make our humble supplications unto thee for these thy fervants, upon whom (after the example of thy holy Apostles) we have now laid our hands, to certify them (by this fign) of thy favour and gracious goodness towards Let thy fatherly hand, we befeech thee, ever be over them; let thy Holy Spirit ever be with them; and fo lead them in the knowledge and obedience of thy Word, that in the end they may obtain everlafting life; through our Lord Jefus Chrift, who with thee and the Holy Ghoft liveth and reigneth, ever one God, world without end. *Amen*.

Almighty Lord, and everlafting God, vouchfafe, we befeech thee, to direct, fanctify, and govern, both our hearts and bodies, in the ways of thy laws, and in the works of thy commandments; that, through thy most mighty protection both here and ever, we may be preserved in body and foul; through our Lord and Saviour Jefus Christ. Amen.

¶ Then the Bishop shall bless them, saying thus,

THE Blefling of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft, be upon you, and remain with you for ever. *Amen*.

[¶] And there shall none be admitted to the holy Communion, until such time as he be confirmed, or he ready and desirous to be confirmed.

SOLEMNIZATION OF MATRIMONY.

¶ First the Banns of all that are to be married together must be published in the Church three several Sundays, during the time of Morning Service, or of Evening Service, (if there be no Morning Service,) immediately after the second Lesson; the Curate saying after the uccustomed manner,

Publish the Banns of Marriage between M. of—and N. of—. If any of you know cause, or just impediment, why thefe two perfons fhould not be joined together in holy Matrimony, ye are to declare This is the first [fecond, or *third*] time of asking.

- \P And if the persons that are to be married dwell in divers Parishes, the Banns must be asked in both Parishes; and the Curate of the one Parish shall not solemnize Matrimony betwixt them, without a Certificate of the Banns being thrice asked, from the Curate of the other Parish.
- ¶ At the day and time appointed for solemnization of Matrimony, the persons to be married shall come into the body of the Church with their friends and neighbours: and there standing together, the Man on the right hand, and the Woman on the left, the Priest shall say,

DEARLY beloved, we are gathered together here in the fight of God, and in the face of this congregation, to join together this Man and this Woman in holy Matrimony; which is an honourable estate, instituted of God in the time of man's innocency, fignifying unto us the myftical union that is betwixt Christ and his Church; which holy eftate Chrift adorned and beautified with his prefence, and first miracle that he wrought, in Cana of Galilee; and is commended of Saint Paul to be

honourable among all men: and therefore is not by any to be enterprifed, nor taken in hand, unadvifedly, lightly, or wantonly, to fatisfy men's carnal lufts and appetites, like brute beafts that have no understanding; but reverently, difcreetly, advifedly, foberly, and in the fear of God; duly confidering the causes for which Matrimony was ordained.

First, It was ordained for the procreation of children, to be brought up in the fear and nurture of the Lord, and to the praife

of his holy Name.

Secondly, It was ordained for a remedy against fin, and to avoid fornication; that fuch perfons as have not the gift of continency might marry, and keep themselves undefiled members of Chrift's body.

Thirdly, It was ordained for the mutual fociety, help, and comfort, that the one ought to have of the other, both in prosperity and adverfity. Into which holy estate these two perfons prefent come now to be joined. Therefore if any man can shew any just cause, why they may not lawfully be joined together, let him now fpeak, or elfe hereafter for ever hold his peace.

Solemnization of Matrimony.

¶ And also, speaking unto the persons that shall be married, he shall say,

Require and charge you both, as ye will answer at the dreadful day of judgement when the secrets of all hearts shall be disclosed, that if either of you know any impediment, why ye may not be lawfully joined together in Matrimony, ye do now confess it. For be ye well assured, that so many as are coupled together otherwise than God's Word doth allow are not joined together by God; neither is their Matrimony lawful.

- ¶ At which day of Marriage, if any man do alledge and declare any impediment, why they may not be coupled together in Matrimony, by God's Law, or the Laws of this Realm; and will be bound, and sufficient sureties with him, to the parties; or else put in a Caution (to the full value of such charges as the persons to be married do thereby sustain) to prove his allegation: then the solemnization must be deferred, until such time as the truth be tried.
- ¶ If no impediment be alledged, then shall the Curate say unto the Man,

M. WILT thou have this Woman to thy wedded wife, to live together after God's ordinance in the holy eftate of Matrimony? Wilt thou love her, comfort her, honour, and keep her in fickness and in health; and, forsaking all other, keep thee only unto her, so long as ye both shall live?

¶ The Man shall answer, I will.

I Then shall the Priest say unto the Woman,

N. WILT thou have this Man to thy wedded hufband, to live together after God's ordi-

nance in the holy eftate of Matrimony? Wilt thou obey him, and ferve him, love, honour, and keep him in fickness and in health; and, forfaking all other, keep thee only unto him, so long as ye both shall live?

¶ The Woman fhall answer, I will.

Then shall the Minister say,

Who giveth this Woman to be married to this Man?

¶ Then shall they give their troth to each other in this manner.

The Minister, receiving the Woman at her father's or friend's hands, shall cause the Man with his right hand to take the Woman by her right hand, and to say after him as followeth.

M. take thee N. to my wedded wife, to have and to hold from this day forward, for better for worfe, for richer for poorer, in fickness and in health, to love and to cherish, till death us do part, according to God's holy ordinance; and thereto I plight thee my troth.

¶ Then shall they loose their hands; and the Woman, with her right hand taking the Man by his right hand, shall likewise say after the Minister,

N. take thee M. to my wedded hufband, to have and to hold from this day forward, for better for worfe, for richer for poorer, in fickness and in health, to love, cherish, and to obey, till death us do part, according to God's holy ordinance; and thereto I give thee my troth.

¶ Then shall they again loose their hands; and the Man shall give unto the Woman a Ring, laying the

Solemnization of Matrimony.

same upon the book with the accustomed duty to the Priest and Clerk. And the Priest, taking the Ring, shall deliver it unto the Man, to put it upon the fourth finger of the Woman's left hand. And the Man holding the Ring there, and taught by the Priest, shall say,

with my body I thee wed, with my body I thee worfhip, and with all my worldly goods I thee endow: In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

¶ Then the Man leaving the Ring upon the fourth finger of the Woman's left hand, they shall both kneel down; and the Minister shall say,

Let us pray.

Eternal God, Creator and Preferver of all mankind, Giver of all fpiritual grace, the Author of everlafting life; Send thy blefling upon thefe thy fervants, this man and this woman, whom we blefs in thy Name; that, as Isaac and Rebecca lived faithfully together, fo thefe perfons may furely perform and keep the vow and covenant betwixt them made, (whereof this Ring given and received is a token and pledge,) and may ever remain in perfect love and peace together, and live according to thy laws; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest join their right hands together, and say,

Those whom God hath joined together let no man put afunder.

¶ Then shall the Minister speak unto the people.

FORASMUCH as M. and N. have confented together in

holy wedlock, and have witneffed the fame before God and this company, and thereto have given and pledged their troth either to other, and have declared the fame by giving and receiving of a Ring, and by joining of hands; I pronounce that they be Man and Wife together, In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

¶ And the Minister shall add this Blessing.

OD the Father, God the Son, God the Holy Ghoft, blefs, preferve, and keep you; the Lord mercifully with his favour look upon you; and fo fill you with all fpiritual benediction and grace, that ye may fo live together in this life, that in the world to come ye may have life everlafting. Amen.

¶ Then the Minister or Clerks, going to the Lord's Table, shall say or sing this Psalm following.

Beati omnes. Pfalm exxviii.

BLESSED are all they that fear the Lord: and walk in his ways.

For thou fhalt eat the labour of thine hands: O well is thee, and

happy shalt thou be.

Thy wife shall be as the fruitful vine: upon the walls of thine house;

Thy children like the olivebranches: round about thy table.

Lo, thus shall the man be blessed: that feareth the Lord.

The Lord from out of Sion shall

fo blefs thee: that thou fhalt fee Jerufalem in prosperity all thy life long;

Yea, that thou shalt see thy children's children: and peace upon

Ifrael.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Or this Psalm.

Deus mifereatur. Pfalm lxvii.

OD be merciful unto us, and blefs us: and fhew us the light of his countenance, and be merciful unto us.

That thy way may be known upon earth: thy faving health among all nations.

Let the people praife thee, O God: yea, let all the people praife thee.

O let the nations rejoice and be glad: for thou shalt judge the folk righteously, and govern the nations upon earth.

Let the people praife thee, O God: yea let all the people praife

thee.

Then shall the earth bring forth her increase: and God, even our own God, shall give us his blessing.

God shall bless us: and all the ends of the world shall fear him.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is

now, and ever shall be: world without end. Amen.

¶ The Psalm ended, and the Man and the Woman kneeling before the Lord's Table, the Priest standing at the Table, and turning his face towards them, shall say,

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Anfiver. Chrift, have mercy upon us.

Minister. Lord, have mercy upon us.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpafles, As we forgive them that trefpafs againft us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Minister. O Lord, fave thy fervant, and thy handmaid;

Answer. Who put their trust in

thee.

Minister. O Lord, fend them help from thy holy place;

Anfwer. And evermore defend

them.

Minister. Be unto them a tower of ftrength,

Anfiver. From the face of their enemy.

Minift. O Lord, hear our prayer.

Anfwer. And let our cry come unto thee.

Minister.

OGod of Abraham, God of Ifaac, God of Jacob, blefs thefe thy

fervants, and fow the feed of eternal life in their hearts; that whatfoever in thy holy Word they shall profitably learn, they may in deed fulfil the fame. Look, O Lord, mercifully upon them from heaven, and blefs them. And as thou didft fend thy bleffing upon Abraham and Sarah, to their great comfort, fo vouchfafe to fend thy bleffing upon thefe thy fervants; that they obeying thy will, and alway being in fafety under thy protection, may abide in thy love unto their lives' end; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ This Prayer next following shall be omitted, where the Woman is past child-bearing.

Merciful Lord, and heavenly Father, by whose gracious gift mankind is increased; We beseech thee, assist with thy blessing these two persons, that they may both be fruitful in procreation of children, and also live together so long in godly love and honesty, that they may see their children christianly and virtuously brought up, to thy praise and honour; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

God, who by thy mighty power haft made all things of nothing; who also (after other things set in order) didst appoint, that out of man (created after thine own image and similitude) woman should take her beginning; and, knitting them together, didst teach

that it fhould never be lawful to put afunder those whom thou by Matrimony hadft made one: O God, who halt confecrated the state of Matrimony to fuch an excellent mystery, that in it is fignified and reprefented the spiritual marriage and unity betwixt Christ and his Church; Look mercifully upon thefe thy fervants, that both this man may love his wife, according to thy Word, (as Christ did love his fpoufe the Church, who gave himfelf for it, loving and cherifhing it even as his own flesh,) and alfo that this woman may be loving and amiable, faithful and obedient to her hufband; and in all quietness, fobriety, and peace, be a follower of holy and godly matrons. O Lord, blefs them both, and grant them to inherit thy everlafting kingdom; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest say,

ALMIGHTY God, who at the beginning did create our first parents, Adam and Eve, and did fanctify and join them together in marriage; Pour upon you the riches of his grace, fanctify and bless you, that ye may please him both in body and soul, and live together in holy love unto your lives' end. Amen.

[¶] After which, if there be no Sermon declaring the duties of Man and Wife, the Minister shall read as followeth.

ALL ye that are married, or that intend to take the holy eftate of matrimony upon you, hear what the holy Scripture doth fay as touching the duty of hufbands towards their wives, and wives towards their hufbands.

Saint Paul, in his Epiftle to the Ephefians, the fifth Chapter, doth give this commandment to all married men; Hufbands, love your wives, even as Chrift also loved the Church, and gave himfelf for it, that he might fanctify and cleanfe it with the washing of water, by the Word; that he might prefent it to himfelf a glorious Church, not having fpot, or wrinkle, or any fuch thing; but that it should be holy, and without blemish. ought men to love their wives as their own bodies. He that loveth his wife loveth himfelf: for no man ever yet hated his own flesh, but nourisheth and cherisheth it, even as the Lord the Church: for we are members of his body, of his flesh, and of his bones. For this caufe fhall a man leave his father and mother, and shall be joined unto his wife; and they two shall be one flesh. This is a great myftery; but I fpeak concerning Christ and the Church. Nevertheless, let every one of you in particular fo love his wife, even as himfelf.

Likewife the fame Saint Paul, writing to the Coloflians, fpeaketh

thus to all men that are married; Hufbands, love your wives, and be not bitter againft them.

Hear alfo what Saint Peter, the Apostle of Christ, who was himfelf a married man, faith unto them that are married; Ye husbands, dwell with your wives according to knowledge; giving honour unto the wife, as unto the weaker vessel, and as being heirs together of the grace of life, that your prayers be not hindered.

Hitherto ye have heard the duty of the hufband toward the wife. Now likewife, ye wives, hear and learn your duties toward your hufbands, even as it is plainly fet forth in holy Scripture.

Saint Paul, in the aforenamed Epiftle to the Ephefians, teacheth you thus; Wives, fubmit yourfelves unto your own hufbands, as unto the Lord. For the hufband is the head of the wife, even as Chrift is the head of the Church: and he is the Saviour of the body. Therefore as the Church is fubject unto Chrift, fo let the wives be to their own hufbands in every thing. And again he faith, Let the wife fee that the reverence her hufband.

And in his Epiftle to the Coloffians, Saint Paul giveth you this fhort leffon; Wives, fubmit yourfelves unto your own hufbands, as it is fit in the Lord.

Saint Peter also doth instruct

The Vifitation of the Sick.

you very well, thus faying; Ye wives, be in fubjection to your own hutbands; that, if any obey not the Word, they also may without the Word be won by the conversation of the wives; while they behold your chaste conversation coupled with fear. Whose adorning, let it not be that outward adorning of plaiting the hair, and of wearing of gold, or of putting on of apparel; but let it be the hidden man of the heart, in that

which is not corruptible; even the ornament of a meek and quiet fpirit, which is in the fight of God of great price. For after this manner in the old time the holy women alfo, who trufted in God, adorned themfelves, being in fubjection unto their own hufbands; even as Sarah obeyed Abraham, calling him lord; whofe daughters ye are as long as ye do well, and are not afraid with any amazement.

¶ It is convenient that the new-married persons should receive the holy Communion at the time of their Marriage, or at the first opportunity after their Marriage.

THE ORDER FOR

THE VISITATION OF THE SICK.

¶ When any person is sick, notice shall be given thereof to the Minister of the Parish; who, coming into the sick person's house, shall say,

PEACE be to this house, and to all that dwell in it.

¶ When he cometh into the sick man's presence he shall say, kneeling down,

REMEMBER not, Lord, our iniquities, nor the iniquities of our forefathers: Spare us, good Lord, fpare thy people, whom thou haft redeemed with thy most precious blood, and be not angry with us for ever.

Anfiv. Spare us, good Lord.

 \P Then the Minister shall say,

Let us pray.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Chrift, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

UR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Minister. O Lord, fave thy fervant;

Anfiver. Which putteth his truft in thee.

Minister. Send him help from thy holy place;

Anfwer. And evermore mightily

defend him.

Minister. Let the enemy have no advantage of him;

Answer. Nor the wicked ap-

proach to hurt him.

Minister. Be unto him, O Lord,

a strong tower,

Answer. From the face of his enemy.

Min. O Lord, hear our prayers.

Anfwer. And let our cry come unto thee.

Minister.

Lord, look down from heaven, behold, vifit, and relieve this thy fervant. Look upon him with the eyes of thy mercy, give him comfort and fure confidence in thee, defend him from the danger of the enemy, and keep him in perpetual peace and fafety; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

EAR us, Almighty and most merciful God and Saviour; extend thy accustomed goodness to this thy fervant who is grieved with fickness. Sanctify, we befeech thee, this thy fatherly correction to him; that the fenfe of his weaknefs may add ftrength to his faith, and ferioufness to his repentance: That, if it shall be thy good pleafure to reftore him to his former health, he may lead the refidue of his life in thy fear, and to thy glory: or elfe, give him grace fo to take thy vifitation, that, after this painful life ended, he may dwell with

thee in life everlasting; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Minister exhort the sick person after this form, or other like.

EARLY beloved, know this, that Almighty God is the Lord of life and death, and of all things to them pertaining, as youth, strength, health, age, weakness, and fickness. Wherefore, whatfoever your fickness is, know you certainly, that it is God's vifitation. And for what cause soever this fickness is fent unto you; whether it be to try your patience for the example of others, and that your faith may be found in the day of the Lord laudable, glorious, and honourable, to the increase of glory and endless felicity; or elfe it be fent unto you to correct and amend in you whatfoever doth offend the eyes of your heavenly Father; know you certainly, that if you truly repent you of your fins, and bear your fickness patiently, trusting in God's mercy, for his dear Son Jefus Chrift's fake, and render unto him humble thanks for his fatherly vifitation, fubmitting yourfelf wholly unto his will, it shall turn to your profit, and help you forward in the right way that leadeth unto everlafting life.

¶ If the person visited be very sick, then the Curate may end his exhortation in this place, or else proceed.

TAKE therefore in good part the chaftifement of the Lord:

For (as Saint Paul faith in the twelfth Chapter to the Hebrews) whom the Lord loveth he chafteneth, and fcourgeth every fon whom he receiveth. If ye endure chaftening, God dealeth with you as with fons; for what fon is he whom the Father chasteneth not? But if ye be without chaftifement, whereof all are partakers, then are ye baftards, and not fons. Furthermore, we have had fathers of our flesh, which corrected us, and we gave them reverence: shall we not much rather be in subjection unto the Father of spirits, and live? For they verily for a few days chaftened us after their own pleafure; but he for our profit, that we might be partakers of his holinefs. Thefe words, good brother, are written in holy Scripture for our comfort and instruction; that we should patiently, and with thankfgiving, bear our heavenly Father's correction, whenfoever by any manner of adverfity it shall please his gracious goodness to visit us. And there should be no greater comfort to Christian persons, than to be made like unto Chrift, by fuffering patiently advertities, troubles, and ficknesses. For he himself went not up to joy, but first he suffered pain; he entered not into his glory before he was crucified. So truly our way to eternal joy is to fuffer here with Christ; and our door to

enter into eternal life is gladly to die with Christ; that we may rise again from death, and dwell with him in everlafting life. Now therefore, taking your fickness, which is thus profitable for you, patiently, I exhort you, in the Name of God, to remember the profession which you made unto God in your Baptifm. And forafmuch as after this life there is an account to be given unto the righteous Judge, by whom all must be judged, without respect of perfons, I require you to examine yourfelf and your estate, both toward God and man; fo that, accufing and condemning yourfelf for your own faults, you may find mercy at our heavenly Father's hand for Christ's fake, and not be accufed and condemned in that fearful judgement. Therefore I shall rehearse to you the Articles of our Faith, that you may know whether you do believe as a Chriftian man should, or no.

¶ Here the Minister shall rehearse the Articles of the Faith, saying thus,

DOST thou believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth?

And in Jefus Chrift his only-begotten Son our Lord? And that he was conceived by the Holy Ghoft, born of the Virgin Mary; that he fuffered under Pontius Pilate, was crucified, dead, and buried; that he went down into hell, and also

did rife again the third day; that he afcended into heaven, and fitteth at the right hand of God the Father Almighty; and from thence shall come again at the end of the world, to judge the quick and the dead?

And dost thou believe in the Holy Ghost; the holy Catholick Church; the Communion of Saints; the Remission of sins; the Refurrection of the slesh; and everlasting Life after death?

¶ The sick person shall answer, All this I ftedfaftly believe.

I Then shall the Minister examine whether he repent him truly of his sins, and be in charity with all the world; exhorting him to forgive, from the bottom of his heart, all persons that have offended him; and if he hath offended any other, to ask them forgiveness; and where he hath done injury or wrong to any man, that he make amends to the uttermost of his power. And if he hath not before disposed of his goods, let him then be admonished to make his Will, and to deelare his Debts, what he oweth, and what is owing unto him; for the better discharging of his conscience, and the quietness of his Executors. But men should often be put in remembrance to take order for the settling of their temporal estates, whilst they are in health.

¶ These words before rehearsed may be said before the Minister begin his Prayer, as he shall see cause.

¶ The Minister should not omit earnestly to move such sick persons as are of ability to be liberal to the poor.

¶ Here shall the sick person be moved to make a spevial Confession of his sins, if he feel his conscience troubled with any weighty matter. After which Confession, the Priest shall absolve him (if he humbly and heartily desire it) after this sort.

Our Lord Jefus Chrift, who hath left power to his Church to abfolve all finners who truly repent and believe in him, of his great mercy forgive thee thine offences: And by his authority com-

mitted to me, I absolve thee from all thy fins, In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen.

¶ And then the Priest shall say the Collect following.

Let us pray.

Most merciful God, who, according to the multitude of thy mercies, doft fo put away the fins of those who truly repent, that thou rememberest them no more; Open thine eye of mercy upon this thy fervant, who most earnestly defireth pardon and forgivenefs. Renew in him, most loving Father, whatfoever hath been decayed by the fraud and malice of the devil, or by his own carnal will and frailnefs; preferve and continue this fick member in the unity of the Church; confider *his* contrition, accept his tears, affwage his pain, as shall feem to thee most expedient for him. And forafmuch as he putteth his full trust only in thy mercy, impute not unto him his former fins, but ftrengthen him with thy bleffed Spirit; and, when thou art pleafed to take him hence, take him unto thy favour, through the merits of thy most dearly beloved Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Minister say this Psalm.

In te, Domine, Speravi. Pfahm lxxi. N thee, O Lord, have I put my trust; let me never be put to confusion: but rid me, and deliver.

me in thy righteoufness; incline thine ear unto me, and save me.

Be thou my ftrong hold, whereunto I may alway refort: thou haft promifed to help me; for thou art my house of defence, and my castle.

Deliver me, O my God, out of the hand of the ungodly : out of the hand of the unrighteous and

cruel man.

For thou, O Lord God, art the thing that I long for: thou art my

hope, even from my youth.

Through thee have I been holden up ever fince I was born: thou art he that took me out of my mother's womb; my praife shall alway be of thee.

I am become as it were a monfter unto many: but my fure truft

is in thee.

O let my mouth be filled with thy praife: that I may fing of thy glory and honour all the day long.

Caft me not away in the time of age : forfake me not when my

ftrength faileth me.

For mine enemies fpeak against me, and they that lay wait for my foul take their counsel together, saying: God hath forsaken him, persecute him, and take him; for there is none to deliver him.

Go not far from me, O God: my God, hafte thee to help me.

Let them be confounded and perish that are against my foul: let

them be covered with flame and dishonour that feek to do me evil.

As for me, I will patiently abide alway: and will praife thee more and more.

My mouth fhall daily fpeak of thy righteoufness and falvation: for I know no end thereof.

I will go forth in the ftrength of the Lord God: and will make mention of thy righteoufness only.

Thou, O God, haft taught me from my youth up until now: therefore will I tell of thy wondrous works.

Forfake me not, O God, in mine old age, when I am gray-headed: until I have flewed thy ftrength unto this generation, and thy power to all them that are yet for to come.

Thy righteoufness, O God, is very high, and great things are they that thou hast done: O God, who is like unto thee?

Glory be to the Father, &c.

As it was in the beginning, &c.

¶ Adding this.

Saviour of the world, who by thy Crofs and precious Blood haft redeemed us, Save us, and help us, we humbly befeech thee, O Lord.

¶ Then shall the Minister say,

THE Almighty Lord, who is a most strong tower to all them that put their trust in him, to whom all things in heaven, in earth, and

under the earth, do bow and obey, be now and evermore thy defence; and make thee know and feel, that there is none other Name under heaven given to man, in whom, and through whom, thou mayest receive health and falvation, but only the Name of our Lord Jefus Chrift. Amen.

¶ And after that shall say,

I JNTO God's gracious mercy and protection we commit The Lord blefs thee, and keep thee. The Lord make his face to fhine upon thee, and be gracious unto thee. The Lord lift up his countenance upon thee, and give thee peace, both now and evermore. Amen.

A Prayer for a sick child.

Almighty God, and merciful Father, to whom alone belong the iffues of life and death; Look down from heaven, we humbly befeech thee, with the eyes of mercy upon this child now lying upon the bed of fickness: Visit him, O Lord, with thy falvation; deliver him in thy good appointed time from his bodily pain, and fave his foul for thy mercies fake: That, if it shall be thy pleafure to prolong his days here on earth, he may live to thee, and be an inftrument of thy glory, by ferving thee faithfully, and doing good in his generation; or elfe receive him into those heavenly habitations, where the fouls of them that fleep in the Lord Jefus enjoy perpetual reft and felicity. Grant this, O Lord, for thy mercies fake, in the fame thy Son our Lord Jefus Chrift, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

A Prayer for a sick person, when there appeareth small hope of recovery.

Father of mercies, and God of all comfort, our only help in time of need; We fly unto thee for fuccour in behalf of this thy fervant, here lying under thy hand in great weakness of body. Look graciously upon him, O Lord; and the more the outward man decayeth, ftrengthen him, we befeech thee, fo much the more continually with thy grace and holy Spirit in the inner man. Give him unfeigned repentance for all the errors of his life past, and stedfast faith in thy Son Jefus; that his fins may be done away by thy mercy, and his pardon fealed in heaven, before he go hence, and be no more feen. We know, O Lord, that there is no word impossible with thee; and that, if thou wilt, thou canft even yet raife him up, and grant him a longer continuance amongst us: Yet, forafmuch as in all appearance the time of his diffolution draweth near, fo fit and prepare him, we befeech thee, against the

hour of death, that after his departure hence in peace, and in thy favour, his foul may be received into thine everlating kingdom, through the merits and mediation of Jefus Christ, thine only Son, our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

A commendatory Prayer for a sick person at the point of departure.

Almighty God, with whom do live the spirits of just men made perfect, after they are delivered from their earthly prifons; We humbly commend the foul of this thy fervant, our dear brother, into thy hands, as into the hands of a faithful Creator, and most merciful Saviour; most humbly befeeching thee, that it may be precious in thy fight. Wash it, we pray thee, in the blood of that immaculate Lamb, that was flain to take away the fins of the world; that whatfoever defilements it may have contracted in the midst of this miferable and naughty world, through the lufts of the flesh, or the wiles of Satan, being purged and done away, it may be prefented pure and without fpot before thee. And teach us who furvive, in this and other like daily spectacles of mortality, to fee how frail and uncertain our own condition is; and fo to number our days, that we may feriously apply our hearts to that holy and heavenly wifdom, whilst we live here, which

may in the end bring us to life everlasting, through the merits of Jesus Christ thine only Son our Lord. *Amen*.

A Prayer for persons troubled in mind or in conscience.

Bleffed Lord, the Father of mercies, and the God of all comforts; We befeech thee, look down in pity and compaffion upon this thy afflicted fervant. Thou writest bitter things against him, and makest him to posless his former iniquities; thy wrath lieth hard upon him, and his foul is full of trouble: But, O merciful God, who haft written thy holy Word for our learning, that we, through patience and comfort of thy holy Scriptures, might have hope; give him a right understanding of himfelf, and of thy threats and promifes; that he may neither cast away his confidence in thee, nor place it any where but in thee. Give him strength against all his temptations, and heal all his diftempers. Break not the bruifed reed, nor quench the fmoking flax. Shut not up thy tender mercies in displeasure; but make him to hear of joy and gladnefs, that the bones which thou haft broken may rejoice. Deliver him from fear of the enemy, and lift up the light of thy countenance upon him, and give him peace, through the merits and mediation of Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

THE COMMUNION OF THE SICK.

If Forasmuch as all mortal men be subject to many sudden perils, diseases, and sicknesses, and ever uncertain what time they shall depart out of this life; therefore, to the intent they may be always in a readiness to die, whensoever it shall please Almighty God to call them, the Curates shall diligently from time to time (but especially in the time of pestilence, or other injectious sickness) exhort their Parishioners to the often receiving of the holy Communion of the Body and Blood of our Saviour Christ, when it shall be publickly administered in the Church; that so doing, they may, in case of sudden visitation, have the less cause to be disquieted for lack of the same. But if the sick person be not able to come to the Church, and yet is desirous to receive the Communion in his house; then he must give timely notice to the Curate, signifying also how many there are to communicate with him, (which shall be three, or two at the least,) and having a convenient place in the sick man's house, with all things necessary so prepared, that the Curate may reverently minister, he shall there celebrate the holy Communion, beginning with the Collect, Epistle, and Gospel, here following.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY, everliving God, Maker of mankind, who doft correct those whom thou dost love, and chastise every one whom thou dost receive; We befeech thee to have mercy upon this thy servant visited with thine hand, and to grant that he may take his sickness patiently, and recover his bodily health, (if it be thy gracious will;) and whensoever his foul shall depart from the body, it may be without spot presented unto thee; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Epiftle. Hebrews xii. 5.

Y fon, despise not thou the chastening of the Lord, nor faint when thou art rebuked of him. For whom the Lord loveth he chasteneth; and scourgeth every fon whom he receiveth.

The Gofpel. St. John v. 24.

VERILY, verily I fay unto you, He that heareth my word, and believeth on him that fent me, hath everlasting life, and shall not come into condemnation; but is passed from death unto life.

¶ After which the Priest shall proceed according to the form before prescribed for the holy Communion, beginning at these words [Ye that do truly, &c.]

¶ At the time of the distribution of the holy Sacrament, the Priest shall first receive the Communion himself, and after minister unto them that are appointed to communicate with the sick,

and last of all to the sick person.

¶ But if a man, either by reason of extremity of sickness, or for want of warning in due time to the Curate, or for lack of company to receive with him, or by any other just impediment, do not receive the Sacrament of Christ's Body and Blood, the Curate shall instruct him, that if he do truly repent him of his sins, and stedfastly believe that Jesus Christ hath suffered death upon the Cross for him, and shed his Blood for his redemption, earnestly remembering the benefits he hath thereby, and giving him hearty thanks therefore, he doth eat and drink the Body and Blood of our Saviour Christ profitably to his Soul's health, although he do not receive the Sacrament with his mouth.

¶ When the sick person is visited, and receiveth the holy Communion all at one time, then the Priest, for more expedition, shall cut off the form of the Visitation at the Psalm [In thee, O Lord, have I put my trust, &c.] and go straight to the Communion.

¶ In the time of the Plague, Sweat, or such other like contagious times of sickness or diseases, when none of the Parish or neighbours can be gotten to communicate with the sick in their houses, for fear of the infection, upon special request of the diseased, the Minister may only communicate with him.

THE BURIAL OF THE DEAD.

- ¶ Here is to be noted, that the Office ensuing is not to be used for any that die unbaptized, or excommunicate, or have laid violent hands upon themselves.
- ¶ The Priest and Clerks meeting the Corpse at the entrance of the Church-yard, and going before it, either into the Church, or towards the Grave, shall say, or sing,

Am the refurrection and the life, faith the Lord: he that believeth in me, though he were dead, yet shall he live: and who-foever liveth and believeth in me shall never die. St. John xi. 25, 26.

Know that my Redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter day upon the earth. And though after my skin worms destroy this body, yet in my slesh shall I see God: whom I shall see for myself, and mine eyes shall behold, and not another. Job xix. 25, 26, 27.

E brought nothing into this world, and it is certain we can carry nothing out. The Lord gave, and the Lord hath taken away; bleffed be the name of the Lord. 1 *Tim.* vi. 7. *Job* i. 21.

¶ After they are come into the Church, shall be read one or both of these Psalms following.

Divi, Cuftodiam. Pfalm xxxix.
Said, I will take heed to my ways: that I offend not in my tongue.

I will keep my mouth as it were with a bridle : while the ungodly is in my fight.

from good words; but it was pain and grief to me.

My heart was hot within me, and while I was thus mufing the fire kindled: and at the laft I fpake

I held my tongue, and fpake nothing: I kept filence, yea, even

with my tongue;

Lord, let me know mine end, and the number of my days: that I may be certified how long I have to live.

Behold, thou hast made my days as it were a span long: and mine age is even as nothing in respect of thee; and verily every man living is altogether vanity.

For man walketh in a vain fhadow, and difquieteth himfelf in vain: he heapeth up riches, and cannot tell who shall gather them.

And now, Lord, what is my hope : truly my hope is even in thee.

Deliver me from all mine offences: and make me not a rebuke unto the foolish.

I became dumb, and opened not my mouth: for it was thy doing.

Take thy plague away from me:

G g 2

I am even confumed by means of

thy heavy hand.

When thou with rebukes doft chaften man for fin, thou makeft his beauty to confume away, like as it were a moth fretting a garment: every man therefore is but vanity.

Hear my prayer, O Lord, and with thine ears confider my calling: hold not thy peace at my

tears.

For I am a stranger with thee: and a sojourner, as all my fathers were.

O fpare me a little, that I may recover my ftrength: before I go hence, and be no more feen.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

Domine, refugium. Pfalm xc.

LORD, thou hast been our refuge: from one generation to another.

Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever the earth and the world were made: thou art God from everlafting, and world without end.

Thou turnest man to destruction: again thou fayest, Come again, ye children of men.

For a thousand years in thy fight are but as yesterday: seeing that is past as a watch in the night. As foon as thou fcatterest them, they are even as a sleep: and sade away suddenly like the grass.

In the morning it is green, and groweth up: but in the evening it is cut down, dried up, and withered.

For we confume away in thy displeasure: and are afraid at thy wrathful indignation.

Thou haft fet our mifdeeds before thee: and our fecret fins in the light of thy countenance.

For when thou art angry all our days are gone: we bring our years to an end, as it were a tale that is told.

The days of our age are threefcore years and ten; and though men be fo ftrong, that they come to fourfcore years: yet is their ftrength then but labour and forrow; fo foon paffeth it away, and we are gone.

But who regardeth the power of thy wrath: for even thereafter as a man feareth, fo is thy difpleafure.

O teach us to number our days: that we may apply our hearts unto wifdom.

Turn thee again, O Lord, at the last: and be gracious unto thy fervants.

O fatisfy us with thy mercy, and that foon: fo shall we rejoice and be glad all the days of our life.

Comfort us again now after the

At the Burial of the Dead.

time that thou haft plagued us: and for the years wherein we have fuffered adverfity.

Shew thy fervants thy work:

and their children thy glory.

And the glorious Majesty of the Lord our God be upon us: profper thou the work of our hands upon us, O prosper thou our handy-work.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then shall follow the Lesson taken out of the fifteenth Chapter of the former Epistle of Saint Paul to the Corinthians.

1 Cor. xv. 20.

NOW is Chrift rifen from the dead, and become the firstfruits of them that flept. For fince by man came death, by man came also the refurrection of the dead. For as in Adam all die, even fo in Chrift shall all be made alive. But every man in his own order: Chrift the first-fruits; afterward they that are Christ's, at his coming. Then cometh the end, when he shall have delivered up the kingdom to God, even the Father; when he shall have put down all rule, and all authority, and power. For he must reign, till he hath put all enemies under his feet. The last enemy that shall be destroyed is death. For he hath put all things under

his feet. But when he faith, all things are put under him, it is manifest that he is excepted, which did put all things under him. And when all things shall be subdued unto him, then shall the Son also himfelf be fubject unto him that put all things under him, that God may be all in all. Elfe what fhall they do which are baptized for the dead, if the dead rife not at all? Why are they then baptized for the dead? and why stand we in jeopardy every hour? I protest by your rejoicing, which I have in Christ Jesus our Lord, I die daily. If after the manner of men I have fought with beafts at Ephefus, what advantageth it me, if the dead rife not? Let us eat and drink, for to morrow we die. Be not deceived: evil communications corrupt good manners. Awake to righteoufnefs, and fin not; for fome have not the knowledge of God. I speak this to your shame. But some man will fay, How are the dead raifed up? and with what body do they come? Thou fool, that which thou fowest is not quickened, except it die. And that which thou fowest, thou fowest not that body that shall be, but bare grain, it may chance of wheat, or of fome other grain: But God giveth it a body, as it hath pleafed him, and to every feed his own body. All flesh is not the fame flesh; but there is

one kind of flesh of men, another flesh of beafts, another of fishes, and another of birds. There are alfo celeftial bodies, and bodies terreftrial; but the glory of the celeftial is one, and the glory of the terreftrial is another. There is one glory of the fun, and another glory of the moon, and another glory of the ftars; for one star differeth from another star in glory. So also is the refurrection of the dead: It is fown in corruption; it is raifed in incorruption: It is fown in dishonour; it is raised in glory: It is fown in weaknefs; it is raifed in power: It is fown a natural body; it is raifed a spiritual body. There is a natural body, and there is a fpiritual body. And fo it is written, The first man Adam was made a living foul; the laft Adam was made a quickening fpirit. Howbeit, that was not first which is spiritual, but that which is natural; and afterward that which is fpiritual. The first man is of the earth, earthy: the fecond man is the Lord from heaven. the earthy, fuch are they that are earthy: and as is the heavenly, fuch are they also that are heavenly. And as we have borne the image of the earthy, we shall also bear the image of the heavenly. Now this I fay, brethren, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God; neither doth corrup-

tion inherit incorruption. Behold. I fhew you a mystery: We shall not all fleep, but we shall all be changed, in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the laft trump, (for the trumpet shall found,) and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed. For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality. So when this corruptible shall have put on incorruption, and this mortal shall have put on immortality; then shall be brought to pass the faying that is written, Death is fwallowed up in O death, where is thy victory. fting? O grave, where is thy victory? The fting of death is fin, and the ftrength of fin is the law. But thanks be to God, which giveth us the victory through our Lord Jefus Chrift. Therefore, my beloved brethren, be ye stedfast, unmoveable, always abounding in the work of the Lord, forafmuch as ye know that your labour is not in vain in the Lord.

¶ When they come to the Grave, while the Corpse is made ready to be laid into the earth, the Priest shall say, or the Priest and Clerks shall sing:

AN that is born of a woman hath but a fhort time to live, and is full of mifery. He cometh up, and is cut down, like a flower; he fleeth as it were a fhadow, and never continueth in one ftay.

In the midst of life we are in

death: of whom may we feek for fuccour, but of thee, O Lord, who for our fins art justly displeased?

Yet, O Lord God most holy, O Lord most mighty, O holy and most merciful Saviour, deliver us not into the bitter pains of eternal

death.

Thou knowest, Lord, the secrets of our hearts; shut not thy merciful ears to our prayer; but spare us, Lord most holy, O God most mighty, O holy and merciful Saviour, thou most worthy Judge eternal, suffer us not, at our last hour, for any pains of death, to fall from thee.

¶ Then, while the earth shall be cast upon the Body by some standing by, the Priest shall say,

PORASMUCH as it hath pleafed Almighty God of his great mercy to take unto himfelf the foul of our dear brother here departed, we therefore commit his body to the ground; earth to earth, ashes to ashes, dust to dust; in sure and certain hope of the Resurrection to eternal life, through our Lord Jesus Christ; who shall change our vile body, that it may be like unto his glorious body, according to the mighty working, whereby he is able to subdue all things to himself.

¶ Then shall be said or sung,

Heard a voice from heaven, faying unto me, Write, From

henceforth bleffed are the dead which die in the Lord: even fo faith the Spirit; for they rest from their labours.

¶ Then the Priest shall say,

Lord, have mercy upon us. Christ, have mercy upon us. Lord, have mercy upon us.

UR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Priest.

LMIGHTY God, with whom A do live the fpirits of them that depart hence in the Lord, and with whom the fouls of the faithful, after they are delivered from the burden of the flesh, are in joy and felicity; We give thee hearty thanks, for that it hath pleafed thee to deliver this our brother out of the miferies of this finful world; befeeching thee, that it may pleafe thee, of thy gracious goodness, shortly to accomplish the number of thine elect, and to haften thy kingdom; that we, with all those that are departed in the true faith of thy holy Name, may have our perfect confummation

At the Burial of the Dead.

and blifs, both in body and foul, in thy eternal and everlafting glory; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Collect.

Merciful God, the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, who is the refurrection and the life; in whom whofoever believeth fhall live, though he die; and whofoever liveth, and believeth in him, fhall not die eternally; who also hath taught us, by his holy Apoftle Saint Paul, not to be forry, as men without hope, for them that sleep in him; We meekly befeech thee, O Father, to raife us from the death of fin unto the life of righteousness; that, when we shall depart this life, we may rest in

him, as our hope is this our brother doth; and that, at the general Refurrection in the last day, we may be found acceptable in thy fight; and receive that blessing, which thy well-beloved Son shall then pronounce to all that love and fear thee, saying, Come, ye blessed children of my Father, receive the kingdom prepared for you from the beginning of the world: Grant this, we beseech thee, O merciful Father, through Jesus Christ, our Mediator and Redeemer. Amen.

THE grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the love of God, and the sellowship of the Holy Ghost, be with us all evermore. *Amen*.

THANKSGIVING OF WOMEN AFTER CHILD-BIRTH,

COMMONLY CALLED,

THE CHURCHING OF WOMEN.

¶ The Woman, at the usual time after her Delivery, shall come into the Church decently apparelled, and there shall kneel down in some convenient place, as hath been accustomed, or as the Ordinary shall direct: And then the Priest shall say unto her,

PORASMUCH as it hath pleafed Almighty God of his goodness to give you fase deliverance, and hath preserved you in the great danger of Child-birth; you shall therefore give hearty thanks unto God, and fay,

(¶ Then shall the Priest say the exvith Psalm,)

Dilexi quoniam.

Am well pleafed: that the Lord hath heard the voice of my prayer;

That he hath inclined his ear unto me: therefore will I call

upon him as long as I live.

The fnares of death compaffed me round about: and the pains of

hell gat hold upon me.

I found trouble and heavinefs, and I called upon the Name of the Lord: O Lord, I befeech thee, deliver my foul.

Gracious is the Lord, and righteous: yea, our God is merciful.

The Lord preferveth the fimple: I was in mifery, and he helped me. Turn again then unto thy rest, O my soul: for the Lord hath rewarded thee.

And why? thou haft delivered my foul from death: mine eyes from tears, and my feet from falling.

I will walk before the Lord: in

the land of the living.

I believed, and therefore will I fpeak; but I was fore troubled: I faid in my hafte, All men are liars.

What reward shall I give unto the Lord: for all the benefits that he hath done unto me?

I will receive the cup of falvation: and call upon the Name of the Lord.

I will pay my vows now in the prefence of all his people: in the courts of the Lord's house, even in the midst of thee, O Jerusalem. Praise the Lord.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

Ηh

Or, Pfalm exxvii. Nifi Dominus. XCEPT the Lord build the house: their labour is but lost that build it.

Except the Lord keep the city: the watchman waketh but in vain.

It is but loft labour that ye hafte to rife up early, and fo late take reft, and eat the bread of carefulness: for fo he giveth his beloved sleep.

Lo, children and the fruit of the womb: are an heritage and gift that cometh of the Lord.

Like as the arrows in the hand of the giant : even fo are the

young children.

Happy is the man that hath his quiver full of them: they shall not be ashamed when they speak with their enemies in the gate.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

¶ Then the Priest shall say,

Let us pray.

Lord, have mercy upon us. Christ, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name.

Thy kingdom come. Thy will be

done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpasses, As we forgive them that trefpass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, The power, and the glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

Minister. O Lord, fave this woman thy fervant;

Answer. Who putteth her truft in thee.

Minister. Be thou to her a strong tower;

Anfwer. From the face of her enemy.

Minister. Lord, hear our prayer.

Answer. And let our cry come unto thee.

Minister. Let us pray.

Almighty God, we give thee humble thanks for that thou haft vouchfafed to deliver this woman thy fervant from the great pain and peril of Child-birth; Grant, we befeech thee, most merciful Father, that she, through thy help, may both faithfully live, and walk according to thy will, in this life present; and also may be partaker, of everlasting glory in the life to come; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

[¶] The Woman, that cometh to give her Thanks, must offer accustomed Offerings; and, if there be a Communion, it is convenient that she receive the holy Communion.

A COMMINATION,

OR

DENOUNCING OF GOD'S ANGER AND JUDGEMENTS AGAINST SINNERS,

With certain Prayers, to be used on the first Day of Lent, and at other times, as the Ordinary shall appoint.

¶ After Morning Prayer, the Litany ended according to the accustomed manner, the Priest shall, in the Reading-Pew or Pulpit, say,

Church there was a godly discipline, that, at the beginning of Lent, fuch perfons as stood convicted of notorious fin were put to open penance, and punished in this world, that their fouls might be faved in the day of the Lord; and that others, admonished by their example, might be the more afraid to offend.

Inflead whereof, (until the faid discipline may be restored again, which is much to be wished,) it is thought good, that at this time (in the prefence of you all) should be read the general fentences of God's curfing against impenitent finners, gathered out of the feven and twentieth Chapter of Deuteronomy, and other places of Scripture; and that ye should answer to every Sentence, Amen: To the intent that, being admonished of the great indignation of God against finners, ye may the rather be moved to earnest and true repentance; and may walk more warily in thefe

dangerous days; fleeing from fuch vices, for which ye affirm with your own mouths the curfe of God to be due.

CURSED is the man that maketh any carved or molten image, to worship it.

¶ And the people shall answer and say, Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that curfeth his father or mother.

Anfwer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that removeth his neighbour's land-mark.

Anfwer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that maketh the blind to go out of his way.

Anfwer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that perverteth the judgement of the stranger, the fatherless, and widow.

Anfwer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that fmiteth his neighbour fecretly.

Anfwer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that lieth with his neighbour's wife.

Answer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that taketh reward to flay the innocent.

- Anfwer. Amen.

Minister. Curfed is he that putteth his trust in man, and taketh man for his defence, and in his heart goeth from the Lord.

Anfiver. Amen.

Minister. Curfed are the unmerciful, fornicators, and adulterers, covetous perfons, idolaters, flanderers, drunkards, and extortioners.

Anfwer. Amen. Minister.

Psalm cxix. 21.

S. Matt. iii. 10.

Пев. х.

NOW feeing that all they are accurred (as the work of D accurfed (as the prophet David beareth witness) who do err and go aftray from the commandments of God; let us (remembering the dreadful judgement hanging over our heads, and always ready to fall upon us) return unto our Lord God, with all contrition and meekness of heart; bewaiting and lamenting our finful life, acknowledging and confessing our offences, and feeking to bring forth worthy fruits of penance. For now is the ax put unto the root of the trees, fo that every tree that bringeth not forth good fruit is hewn down, and cast into the fire. is a fearful thing to fall into the Psalm xi. hands of the living God: he shall pour down rain upon the finners, fnares, fire and brimftone, ftorm and tempest; this shall be their portion to drink. For lo, the Lord Isaiah xxvi. 21. is come out of his place to vifit the wickedness of such as dwell upon the earth. But who may Mal. iii. abide the day of his coming? Who shall be able to endure when he appeareth? His fan is in his hand, s. Matt. and he will purge his floor, and gather his wheat into the barn; but he will burn the chaff with unquenchable fire. The day of 1 Thess. the Lord cometh as a thief in the v. 2, 3. night: and when men shall fay, Peace, and all things are fafe, then fhall fudden deftruction come upon them, as forrow cometh upon a woman travailing with child, and they shall not escape. Then shall Rom. ii. appear the wrath of God in the 4,5. day of vengeance, which obstinate finners, through the ftubbornness of their heart, have heaped unto themselves; which despised the goodnefs, spatience, and long-fufferance of God, when he calleth them continually to repentance. Then fhall they call upon me, (faith Prov. i. the Lord,) but I will not hear; they fhall feek me early, but they shall not find me; and that, becaufe they hated knowledge, and received not the fear of the Lord, but abhorred my counfel, and defpifed my correction. Then shall s. Matt. it be too late to knock when the 11, 12. door shall be shut; and too late to cry for mercy when it is the time of justice. O terrible voice of most

just judgement, which shall be pronounced upon them, when it shall be faid unto them, Go, ye curfed, into the fire everlasting, which is prepared for the devil and his ancor. vi. gels. Therefore, brethren, take we heed betime, while the day of falvation lafteth; for the night com-. John eth, when none can work. let us, while we have the light, believe in the light, and walk as children of the light; that we be not 1xv. 30. cast into utter darkness, where is weeping and gnashing of teeth. Let us not abuse the goodness of God, who calleth us mercifully to amendment, and of his endless pity promifeth us forgiveness of that which is past, if with a perfect and true heart we return unto him. (saiah i. For though our fins be as red as fearlet, they shall be made white as fnow; and though they be like purple, yet they shall be made white as wool. Turn ye (faith the Lord) Ezekiel xviii. 30. from all your wickedness, and your fin shall not be your destruction: Caft away from you all your ungodlines that ye have done: Make you new hearts, and a new fpirit: Wherefore will ye die, O ye houfe of Ifrael, feeing that I have no pleafure in the death of him that dieth, faith the Lord God? Turn 1 s. John ye then, and ve fhall live. Although we have finned, yet have we an Advocate with the Father, Jefus Christ the righteous; and he is the

s. 4, 5.

propitiation for our fins. For he Isaiah was wounded for our offences, and finitten for our wickedness. us therefore return unto him, who is the merciful receiver of all true penitent finners; affuring ourfelves that he is ready to receive us, and most willing to pardon us, if we come unto him with faithful repentance; if we fubmit ourfelves unto him, and from henceforth walk in his ways; if we will take S. Matt. xi. 29, 30. his eafy yoke, and light burden upon us, to follow him in lowlinefs, patience, and charity, and be ordered by the governance of his Holy Spirit; feeking always his glory, and ferving him duly in our vocation with thankfgiving: This if we do, Chrift will deliver us from the curse of the law, and from the extreme malediction which shall light upon them that fhall be fet on the left hand; and S. Matt. he will fet us on his right hand, 34. and give us the gracious benediction of his Father, commanding us to take possession of his glorious kingdom: unto which he vouchfafe to bring us all, for his infinite mercy. Amen.

¶ Then shall they all kneel upon their knees, and the Priest and Clerks kneeling (in the place where they are accustomed to say the Litany) shall say this

Miserere mei, Deus. Pfalm li. TAVE mercy upon me, O God, after thy great goodnefs: according to the multitude of thy mercies do away mine offences.

Wash me throughly from my wickedness: and cleanse me from my fin.

For I acknowledge my faults: and my fin is ever before me.

Against thee only have I sinned, and done this evil in thy fight: that thou mightest be justified in thy faying, and clear when thou art judged.

Behold, I was shapen in wickedness: and in fin hath my mother conceived me.

But lo, thou requireft truth in the inward parts : and fhalt make me to understand wisdom secretly.

Thou shalt purge me with hyffop, and I shall be clean: thou shalt wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow.

Thou shalt make me hear of joy and gladness: that the bones which thou hast broken may rejoice.

Turn thy face away from my fins: and put out all my misdeeds.

Make me a clean heart, O God: and renew a right fpirit within me.

Cast me not away from thy prefence: and take not thy holy Spirit from me.

O give me the comfort of thy help again: and ftablish me with thy free Spirit. Then shall I teach thy ways unto the wicked: and sinners shall be converted unto thee.

Deliver me from blood-guiltines, O God, thou that art the God of my health: and my tongue shall fing of thy righteousness.

Thou fhalt open my lips, O Lord: and my mouth fhall fhew thy praife.

For thou defireft no facrifice, elfe would I give it thee: but thou delighteft not in burnt-offerings.

The facrifice of God is a troubled fpirit: a broken and contrite heart, O God, shalt thou not defpife.

O be favourable and gracious unto Sion: build thou the walls of Jerufalem.

Then shalt thou be pleafed with the facrifice of righteousness, with the burnt offerings and oblations: then shall they offer young bullocks upon thine altar.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

Anfwer. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

Lord, have mercy upon us. Christ, have mercy upon us. Lord, have mercy upon us.

Our Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name.
Thy kingdom come. Thy will be

done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpasses, As we forgive them that trefpass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Minister. O Lord, fave thy fervants;

Answer. That put their trust in thee.

Minister. Send unto them help from above.

Anfwer. And evermore mightily defend them.

Minister. Help us, O God our Saviour.

Answer. And for the glory of thy Name deliver us; be merciful to us finners, for thy Name's fake.

Min. O Lord, hear our prayer.

Anfwer. And let our cry come unto thee.

Minister. Let us pray.

Lord, we befeech thee, mercifully hear our prayers, and spare all those who confess their fins unto thee; that they, whose consciences by fin are accused, by thy merciful pardon may be absolved; through Christ our Lord. Amen.

O Most mighty God, and merciful Father, who hast compassion upon all men, and hatest

nothing that thou haft made; who wouldest not the death of a finner, but that he should rather turn from his fin, and be faved; Mercifully forgive us our trespasses; receive and comfort us, who are grieved and wearied with the burden of our fins. Thy property is always to have mercy; to thee only it appertaineth to forgive fins. Spare us therefore, good Lord, fpare thy people, whom thou haft redeemed; enter not into judgement with thy fervants, who are vile earth, and miferable finners; but fo turn thine anger from us, who meekly acknowledge our vilenefs, and truly repent us of our faults, and fo make hafte to help us in this world, that we may ever live with thee in the world to come; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the people say this that followeth, after the Minister.

TURN thou us, O good Lord, and fo shall we be turned. Be favourable, O Lord, be favourable to thy people, Who turn to thee in weeping, fasting, and praying. For thou art a merciful God, Full of compassion, Long-suffering, and of great pity. Thou sparest when we deserve punishment, And in thy wrath thinkest upon mercy. Spare thy people good Lord, spare them, And let not thine heritage be brought to con-

A Commination.

fusion. Hear us, O Lord, for thy mercy is great, And after the multitude of thy mercies look upon us; Through the merits and mediation of thy blessed Son, Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then the Minister alone shall say,

THE Lord blefs us, and keep us; the Lord lift up the light of his countenance upon us, and give us peace, now and for evermore. Amen.

PSALMS OF DAVID.

THE FIRST DAY.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm i. Beatus vir, qui non abiit &c.

DLESSED is the man that hath not walked in the counfel of the ungodly, nor ftood in the way of finners: and hath not fat in the feat of the fcornful.

2 But his delight is in the law of the Lord: and in his law will he exercise himself day and night.

3 And he shall be like a tree planted by the water-side: that will bring forth his fruit in due feason.

4 His leaf alfo shall not wither: and look, whatsoever he doeth, it

shall prosper.

5 As for the ungodly, it is not fo with them: but they are like the chaff, which the wind fcattereth away from the face of the earth.

6 Therefore the ungodly shall not be able to stand in the judgement: neither the sinners in the congregation of the righteous.

7 But the Lord knoweth the way of the righteous: and the way

of the ungodly shall perish.

Psalm ii. Quare fremuerunt gentes?

WHY do the heathen fo furiously rage together: and why do the people imagine a vain thing?

2 The kings of the earth ftand up, and the rulers take counfel together: against the Lord, and

against his Anointed.

3 Let us break their bonds afunder: and caft away their cords from us.

4 He that dwelleth in heaven fhall laugh them to fcorn: the Lord fhall have them in derifion.

5 Then shall he speak unto them in his wrath: and vex them in his fore displeasure.

6 Yet have I fet my King: upon

my holy hill of Sion.

7 I will preach the law, whereof the Lord hath faid unto me: Thou art my Son, this day have I begotten thee.

8 Defire of me, and I shall give thee the heathen for thine inheritance: and the utmost parts of the

earth for thy possession.

9 Thou shalt bruife them with

a rod of iron : and break them in pieces like a potter's veffel.

10 Be wife now therefore, O ye kings: be learned, ye that are judges of the earth.

Il Serve the Lord in fear : and rejoice unto him with reverence.

12 Kifs the Son, left he be angry, and fo ye perifh from the right way: if his wrath be kindled, (yea, but a little,) bleffed are all they that put their trust in him.

Psalm iii. Domine, quid multiplicati?

ORD, how are they increased that trouble me: many are they that rife against me.

2 Many one there be that fay of my foul: There is no help for

him in his God.

3 But thou, O Lord, art my defender: thou art my worship, and the lifter up of my head.

4 I did call upon the Lord with my voice : and he heard me out of

his holy hill.

5 I laid me down and flept, and rose up again : for the Lord sustained me.

- 6 I will not be afraid for ten thousands of the people: that have fet themselves against me round about.
- 7 Up, Lord, and help me, O my God: for thou fmitest all mine enemies upon the cheek-bone; thou hast broken the teeth of the amgodly.

8 Salvation belongeth unto the Lord: and thy bleffing is upon thy people.

Psalm iv. Cum invocarem.

EAR me when I call, O God of my righteoufnefs: thou haft fet me at liberty when I was in trouble; have mercy upon me, and hearken unto my prayer.

2 O ye fons of men, how long will ye blafpheme mine honour : and have fuch pleafure in vanity,

and feek after leafing?

3 Know this also, that the Lord hath chosen to himself the man that is godly: when I call upon the Lord, he will hear me.

4 Stand in awe, and fin not: commune with your own heart, and in your chamber, and be ftill.

- 5 Offer the facrifice of righteoufnefs: and put your trust in the Lord.
- 6 There be many that fay: Who will flow us any good?

7 Lord, lift thou up : the light

of thy countenance upon us.

8 Thou hast put gladness in my heart: fince the time that their corn, and wine, and oil, increased.

9 I will lay me down in peace, and take my reft: for it is thou, Lord, only, that makeft me dwell in fafety.

Psalm v. Verba mea auribus.

PONDER my words, O Lord: confider my meditation.

2 O hearken thou unto the voice

of my calling, my King, and my God: for unto thee will I make

my prayer.

3 My voice that thou hear betimes, O Lord: early in the morning will I direct my prayer unto thee, and will look up.

4 For thou art the God that haft no pleafure in wickedness: neither shall any evil dwell with thee.

5 Such as be foolish shall not stand in thy fight: for thou hatest

all them that work vanity.

6 Thou shalt destroy them that fpeak leasing: the Lord will abhor both the blood-thirsty and deceitful man.

7 But as for me, I will come into thine house, even upon the multitude of thy mercy: and in thy fear will I worship toward thy holy temple.

8 Lead me, O Lord, in thy righteoufnefs, because of mine enemies: make thy way plain before

my face.

9 For there is no faithfulness in his mouth: their inward parts are very wickedness.

10 Their throat is an open fepulchre: they flatter with their

tongue.

If Deftroy thou them, O God; let them periff through their own imaginations: caft them out in the multitude of their ungodliness; for they have rebelled against thee.

12 And let all them that put

their trust in thee rejoice: they shall ever be giving of thanks, because thou defendest them; they that love thy Name shall be joyful in thee;

13 For thou, Lord, wilt give thy bleffing unto the righteous : and with thy favourable kindnefs wilt thou defend him as with a fhield.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm vi. Domine, ne in ficrore.

Lord, rebuke me not in thine indignation: neither chaften me in thy difpleafure.

2 Have mercy upon me, O Lord, for I am weak: O Lord, heal me, for my bones are vexed.

3 My foul also is fore troubled: but, Lord, how long wilt thou punish me?

4 Turn thee, O Lord, and deliver my foul: O fave me for thy

mercy's fake.

5 For in death no man remembereth thee: and who will give thee thanks in the pit?

6 I am weary of my groaning; every night wash I my bed: and water my couch with my tears.

7 My beauty is gone for very trouble: and worn away because of all mine enemies.

8 Away from me, all ye that work vanity: for the Lord hath heard the voice of my weeping.

9 The Lord hath heard my pe-

tition: the Lord will receive my

prayer.

10 All mine enemies shall be confounded, and fore vexed: they shall be turned back, and put to fhame fuddenly.

Psalm vii. Domine, Deus meus.

Lord my God, in thee have I U put my trust : save me from all them that perfecute me, and deliver me;

2 Left he devour my foul, like a lion, and tear it in pieces: while

there is none to help.

3 O Lord my God, if I have done any fuch thing : or if there be any wickedness in my hands;

4 If I have rewarded evil unto him that dealt friendly with me: yea, I have delivered him that without any cause is mine enemy;

- 5 Then let mine enemy perfecute my foul, and take me : yea, let him tread my life down upon the earth, and lay mine honour in the dust.
- 6 Stand up, O Lord, in thy wrath, and lift up thyfelf, becaufe of the indignation of mine enemies : arife up for me in the judgement that thou haft commanded.

7 And fo shall the congregation of the people come about thee: for their fakes therefore lift up thy-

felf again.

8 The Lord fhall judge the people; give fentence with me, O Lord: according to my righteoufnefs, and according to the innocency that is in me.

9 O let the wickedness of the ungodly come to an end: but guide thou the just.

10 For the righteous God: tri-

eth the very hearts and reins.

11 My help cometh of God: who preferveth them that are true of heart.

12 God is a righteous Judge, ftrong, and patient : and God is provoked every day.

13 If a man will not turn, he will whet his fword: he hath bent

his bow, and made it ready.

14 He hath prepared for him the inftruments of death: he ordaineth his arrows against the perfecutors.

15 Behold, he travaileth with mischief: he hath conceived forrow, and brought forth ungodlinefs.

16 He hath graven and digged up a pit : and is fallen himfelf into the destruction that he made for other.

17 For his travail shall come upon his own head : and his wickedness shall fall on his own. pate.

18 I will give thanks unto the Lord, according to his righteoufnefs: and I will praife the Name of the Lord most High.

Psalm viii. Domine, Dominus nofter.

Lord our Governour, how excellent is thy Name in all

the world: thou that haft fet thy

glory above the heavens!

2 Out of the mouth of very babes and fucklings haft thou ordained strength, because of thine enemies: that thou mightest still the enemy, and the avenger.

3 For I will confider thy heavens, even the works of thy fingers: the moon and the ftars,

which thou hast ordained.

4 What is man, that thou art mindful of him: and the fon of man, that thou vifitest him?

5 Thou madeft him lower than the angels: to crown him with

glory and worship.

6 Thou makeft him to have dominion of the works of thy hands: and thou hast put all things in subjection under his feet;

7 All fheep and oxen: yea, and

the beafts of the field;

- 8 The fowls of the air, and the fishes of the sea: and whatsoever walketh through the paths of the seas.
- 9 O Lord our Governour: how excellent is thy Name in all the world!

Morning Prayer.

Psalm ix. Confitebor tibi.

Will give thanks unto thee, O Lord, with my whole heart: I will fpeak of all thy marvellous works.

2 I will be glad and rejoice in

thee: yea, my fongs will I make of thy Name, O thou most Highest

3 While mine enemies are driven back: they shall fall and perish

at thy prefence.

4 For thou hast maintained my right and my cause: thou art set in the throne that judgest right.

- 5 Thou hast rebuked the heathen, and destroyed the ungodly: thou hast put out their name for ever and ever.
- 6 O thou enemy, deftructions are come to a perpetual end: even as the cities which thou haft deftroyed; their memorial is perifhed with them.

7 But the Lord shall endure for ever: he hath also prepared his feat for judgement.

8 For he shall judge the world in righteousness: and minister true

judgement unto the people.

9 The Lord also will be a defence for the oppressed: even a refuge in due time of trouble.

- 10 And they that know thy Name will put their trust in thee. for thou, Lord, hast never failed them that seek thee.
- 11 O praife the Lord which dwelleth in Sion : flew the people of his doings.
- 12 For, when he maketh inquifition for blood, he remembereth them: and forgetteth not the complaint of the poor.

13 Have mercy upon me, O

Lord; confider the trouble which I fuffer of them that hate me: thou that liftest me up from the gates of death.

14 That I may flew all thy praifes within the ports of the daughter of Sion: I will rejoice in

thy falvation.

15 The heathen are funk down in the pit that they made: in the fame net which they hid privily, is their foot taken.

- 16 The Lord is known to execute judgement: the ungodly is trapped in the work of his own hands.
- 17 The wicked fhall be turned into hell: and all the people that forget God.
- IS For the poor shall not alway be forgotten: the patient abiding of the meek shall not perish for ever.
- 19 Up, Lord, and let not man have the upper hand : let the heathen be judged in thy fight.
- 20 Put them in fear, O Lord: that the heathen may know them-felves to be but men.

PSALM X. Ut quid, Domine? WHY ftandeft thou fo far off, O Lord: and hideft thy face in the needful time of trouble?

2 The ungodly for his own luft doth perfecute the poor: let them be taken in the crafty wiliness that they have imagined.

3 For the ungodly hath made

boaft of his own heart's defire: and fpeaketh good of the covetous, whom God abhorreth.

4 The ungodly is fo proud, that he careth not for God: neither is

God in all his thoughts.

5 His ways are alway grievous: thy judgements are far above out of his fight, and therefore defieth he all his enemies.

- 6 For he hath faid in his heart, Tufh, I shall never be cast down: there shall no harm happen unto me.
- 7 His mouth is full of curfing, deceit, and fraud: under his tongue is ungodlines and vanity.
- 8 He fitteth lurking in the thievish corners of the streets: and privily in his lurking dens doth he murder the innocent; his eyes are fet against the poor.

9 For he lieth waiting fecretly, even as a lion lurketh he in his den: that he may ravifu the poor.

10 He doth ravish the poor: when he getteth him into his net.

11 He falleth down, and humbleth himfelf: that the congregation of the poor may fall into the hands of his captains.

12 He hath faid in his heart, Tufh, God hath forgotten: he hideth away his face, and he will never fee it.

13 Arife, O Lord God, and lift up thine hand : forget not the poor.

14 Wherefore should the wicked blaspheme God: while he doth fay in his heart, Tush, thou God carest not for it.

15 Surely thou haft feen it: for thou beholdeft ungodlinefs and

wrong.

16 That thou mayeft take the matter into thine hand: the poor committeth himfelf unto thee; for thou art the helper of the friendlefs.

17 Break thou the power of the ungodly and malicious: take away his ungodlines, and thou shalt find none.

18 The Lord is King for ever and ever: and the heathen are perified out of the land.

19 Lord, thou haft heard the defire of the poor: thou prepareft their heart, and thine ear hearkeneth thereto;

20 To help the fatherless and poor unto their right: that the man of the earth be no more exalted against them.

Psalm xi. In Domino confido.

N the Lord put I my trust: how say ye then to my soul, that she should flee as a bird unto the hill?

- 2 For lo, the ungodly bend their bow, and make ready their arrows within the quiver: that they may privily fhoot at them which are true of heart.
 - 3 For the foundations will be

cast down: and what hath the righteous done?

4 The Lord is in his holy temple: the Lord's feat is in heaven.

- 5 His eyes confider the poor: and his eye-lids try the children of men.
- 6 The Lord alloweth the righteous: but the ungodly, and him that delighteth in wickedness doth his foul abhor.
- 7 Upon the ungodly he shall rain fnares, fire and brimstone, storm and tempest: this shall be their portion to drink.
- 8 For the righteous Lord loveth righteoufness: his countenance will behold the thing that is just.

Evening Prayer,

Psalm xii. Salvum me fac.

ELP me, Lord, for there is not one godly man left: for the faithful are minished from among the children of men.

2 They talk of vanity every one with his neighbour: they do but flatter with their lips, and diffemble in their double heart.

3 The Lord shall root out all deceitful lips: and the tongue that speaketh proud things;

4 Which have faid, With our tongue will we prevail: we are they that ought to fpeak, who is lord over us?

5 Now for the comfortless troubles' fake of the needy: and be-

cause of the deep fighing of the

poor,

6 I will up, faith the Lord: and will help every one from him that fwelleth against him, and will set him at rest.

7 The words of the Lord are pure words: even as the filver, which from the earth is tried, and purified feven times in the fire.

8 Thou shalt keep them, O Lord: thou shalt preserve him from this generation for ever.

9 The ungodly walk on every fide: when they are exalted, the children of men are put to rebuke.

PSALM XIII. Ufque quo, Domine?

HOW long wilt thou forget me, O Lord, for ever: how long wilt thou hide thy face from me?

2 How long shall I feek counfel in my foul, and be so vexed in my heart: how long shall mine enemies triumph over me?

3 Confider, and hear me, O Lord my God: lighten mine eyes,

that I fleep not in death.

4 Lest mine enemy say, I have prevailed against him: for if I be cast down, they that trouble me will rejoice at it.

5 But my trust is in thy mercy: and my heart is joyful in thy fal-

vation.

6 I will fing of the Lord, because he hath dealt so lovingly

with me: yea, I will praife the Name of the Lord most Highest.

PSALM xiv. Dixit infipiens.

HE fool hath faid in his heart:
There is no God.

- 2 They are corrupt, and become abominable in their doings: there is none that doeth good, no not one.
- 3 The Lord looked down from heaven upon the children of men: to fee if there were any that would understand, and feek after God.

4 But they are all gone out of the way, they are altogether become abominable: there is none that doeth good, no not one.

5 Their throat is an open fepulchre, with their tongues have they deceived: the poifon of afps is un-

der their lips.

6 Their mouth is full of curfing and bitterness: their feet are swift to shed blood.

7 Destruction and unhappiness is in their ways, and the way of peace have they not known: there is no fear of God before their eyes.

S Have they no knowledge, that they are all fuch workers of mifchief: eating up my people as it were bread, and call not upon the Lord?

9 There were they brought in great fear, even where no fear was: for God is in the generation of the righteous.

10 As for you, ye have made a

mock at the counfel of the poor: because he putteth his trust in the Lord.

11 Who shall give falvation unto Ifrael out of Sion? When the Lord turneth the captivity of his people: then shall Jacob rejoice, and Ifrael shall be glad.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm xv. Domine, quis habitabit? T ORD, who fhall dwell in thy Labernacle: or who shall rest upon thy holy hill?

2 Even he, that leadeth an uncorrupt life: and doeth the thing which is right, and fpeaketh the

truth from his heart.

3 He that hath used no deceit in his tongue, nor done evil to his neighbour: and hath not flandered his neighbour.

4 He that fetteth not by himfelf, but is lowly in his own eyes: and maketh much of them that

fear the Lord.

5 He that fweareth unto his neighbour, and disappointeth him not: though it were to his own hindrance.

6 He that hath not given his money upon ufury: nor taken reward against the innocent.

7 Whofo doeth thefe things :

shall never fall.

Psalm xvi. Conferva me, Domine. **D**RESERVE me, O God : for I in thee have I put my truft.

2 O my foul, thou haft faid unto the Lord: Thou art my God, my goods are nothing unto thee.

3 All my delight is upon the faints, that are in the earth: and

upon fuch as excel in virtue.

4 But they that run after another god: shall have great trouble.

5 Their drink-offerings of blood will I not offer: neither make mention of their names within my lips.

6 The Lord himfelf is the portion of mine inheritance, and of my cup: thou shalt maintain my lot.

7 The lot is fallen unto me in a fair ground: yea, I have a goodly heritage.

8 I will thank the Lord for giving me warning : my reins alfo chaften me in the night feafon.

9 I have fet God always before me: for he is on my right hand, therefore I shall not fall.

10 Wherefore my heart was glad, and my glory rejoiced: my

flesh also shall rest in hope.

11 For why? thou shalt not leave my foul in hell: neither fhalt thou fuffer thy Holy One to fee corruption.

12 Thou shalt shew me the path of life; in thy prefence is the fulnefs of joy: and at thy right hand there is pleafure for evermore.

Psalm xvii. Exaudi, Domine.

TEAR the right, O Lord, confider my complaint : and hearken unto my prayer, that go-

eth not out of feigned lips.

2 Let my fentence come forth from thy prefence: and let thine eyes look upon the thing that is equal.

- 3 Thou haft proved and vifited mine heart in the night-feafon; thou haft tried me, and shalt find no wickedness in me : for I am utterly purposed that my mouth shall not offend.
- 4 Because of men's works, that are done against the words of thy lips: I have kept me from the ways of the deftroyer.

5 O hold thou up my goings in thy paths: that my footsteps slip not.

- 6 I have called upon thee, O God, for thou fhalt hear me: incline thine ear to me, and hearken unto my words.
- 7 Shew thy marvellous lovingkindnefs, thou that art the Saviour of them which put their trust in thee: from fuch as refift thy right hand.

8 Keep me as the apple of an eve: hide me under the fhadow of thy wings,

- 9 From the ungodly that trouble me : mine enemies compafs me round about to take away my foul.
- 10 They are inclosed in their own fat : and their mouth fpeaketh proud things.

11 They lie waiting in our way on every fide: turning their eyes down to the ground;

12 Like as a lion that is greedy of his prey : and as it were a lion's whelp, lurking in fecret places.

13 Up, Lord, disappoint him, and cast him down: deliver my foul from the ungodly, which is a fword of thine;

14 From the men of thy hand, O Lord, from the men, I fay, and from the evil world: which have their portion in this life, whose bellies thou filleft with thy hid treafure.

15 They have children at their defire : and leave the reft of their fubstance for their babes.

16 But as for me, I will behold thy prefence in righteoufnefs: and when I awake up after thy likenefs, I shall be fatisfied with it.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm xviii. Diligam te, Domine. Will love thee, O Lord, my I ftrength; the Lord is my ftony rock, and my defence: my Saviour, my God, and my might, in whom I will truft, my buckler, the horn also of my falvation, and my refuge.

2 I will call upon the Lord, which is worthy to be praifed: fo shall I be fafe from mine enemies.

3 The forrows of death com-

paffed me: and the overflowings of ungodliness made me afraid.

4 The pains of hell came about me: the fnares of death overtook me.

5 In my trouble I will call upon the Lord : and complain unto

my God.

6 So shall he hear my voice out of his holy temple: and my complaint shall come before him, it shall enter even into his ears.

7 The earth trembled and quaked: the very foundations also of the hills shook, and were removed, because he was wroth.

- 8 There went a fmoke out in his prefence: and a confuming fire out of his mouth, fo that coals were kindled at it.
- 9 He bowed the heavens also, and came down: and it was dark under his feet.

10 He rode upon the cherubims, and did fly: he came flying upon the wings of the wind.

11 He made darkness his secret place: his pavilion round about him with dark water, and thick clouds to cover him.

12 At the brightness of his prefence his clouds removed : hailftones, and coals of fire.

13 The Lord also thundered out of heaven, and the Highest gave his thunder: hail-stones, and coals of fire.

14 He fent out his arrows, and

fcattered them: he cast forth lightnings, and destroyed them.

I5 The fprings of waters were feen, and the foundations of the round world were difcovered, at thy chiding, O Lord: at the blafting of the breath of thy difpleafure.

16 He shall fend down from on high to fetch me : and shall take

me out of many waters.

17 He shall deliver me from my strongest enemy, and from them which hate me : for they are too mighty for me.

18 They prevented me in the day of my trouble: but the Lord

was my upholder.

- 19 He brought me forth alfointo a place of liberty: he brought me forth, even because he had a favour unto me.
- 20 The Lord shall reward me after my righteous dealing: according to the cleanness of my hands shall he recompense me.
- 21 Because I have kept the ways of the Lord: and have not forsaken my God, as the wicked doth:
- 22 For I have an eye unto all his laws: and will not caft out his commandments from me.
- 23 I was also uncorrupt before him: and eschewed mine own wickedness.
- 24 Therefore shall the Lord reward me after my righteous deal-

ing: and according unto the cleannefs of my hands in his eye-fight.

25 With the holy thou fhalt be holy : and with a perfect man thou fhalt be perfect.

26 With the clean thou fhalt be clean: and with the froward thou

fhalt learn frowardnefs.

27 For thou shalt fave the people that are in adversity: and shalt bring down the high looks of the proud.

28 Thou also shalt light my candle: the Lord my God shall make my darkness to be light.

- 29 For in thee I shall discomfit an host of men : and with the help of my God I shall leap over the wall.
- 30 The way of God is an undefiled way: the word of the Lord also is tried in the fire; he is the defender of all them that put their trust in him.
- 31 For who is God, but the Lord: or who hath any ftrength, except our God?

32 It is God, that girdeth me with ftrength of war: and maketh

my way perfect.

33 He maketh my feet like harts' feet : and fetteth me up on high.

- 34 He teacheth mine hands to fight: and mine arms shall break even a bow of steel.
- 35 Thou haft given me the defence of thy falvation: thy right

hand also shall hold me up, and thy loving correction shall make me great.

36 Thou fhalt make room enough under me for to go: that

my footsteps shall not slide.

37 I will follow upon mine enemies, and overtake them: neither will I turn again till I have deftroyed them.

38 I will finite them, that they fhall not be able to ftand: but fall

under my feet.

- 39 Thou haft girded me with ftrength unto the battle: thou shalt throw down mine enemies under me.
- 40 Thou haft made mine enemies also to turn their backs upon me: and I shall destroy them that hate me.
- 41 They shall cry, but there shall be none to help them: yea, even unto the Lord shall they cry, but he shall not hear them.
- 42 I will beat them as finall as the dust before the wind: I will cast them out as the clay in the streets.
- 43 Thou shalt deliver me from the strivings of the people : and thou shalt make me the head of the heathen.
- 44 A people whom I have not known: fhall ferve me.
- 45 As foon as they hear of me, they shall obey me: but the strange children shall dissemble with me.

46 The ftrange children shall fail: and be afraid out of their prisons.

47 The Lord liveth, and bleffed be my ftrong helper: and praifed

be the God of my falvation.

48 Even the God that feeth that I be avenged: and fubdueth

the people unto me.

- 49 It is he that delivereth me from my cruel enemies, and fetteth me up above mine adverfaries: thou shalt rid me from the wicked man.
- 50 For this cause will I give thanks unto thee, O Lord, among the Gentiles: and sing praises unto thy Name.
- 51 Great prosperity giveth he unto his King: and sheweth loving-kindness unto David his Anointed, and unto his feed for evermore.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM XIX. Cœli enarrant.

THE heavens declare the glory of God: and the firmament fleweth his handy-work.

2 One day telleth another: and

one night certifieth another.

3 There is neither fpeech nor language: but their voices are heard among them.

4 Their found is gone out into all lands: and their words into the

ends of the world.

5 In them hath he fet a taber-

nacle for the fun: which cometh forth as a bridegroom out of his chamber, and rejoiceth as a giant to run his courfe.

6 It goeth forth from the uttermost part of the heaven, and runneth about unto the end of it again: and there is nothing hid from the heat thereof.

7 The law of the Lord is an undefiled law, converting the foul: the testimony of the Lord is sure, and giveth wisdom unto the simple.

8 The ftatutes of the Lord are right, and rejoice the heart: the commandment of the Lord is pure, and giveth light unto the eyes.

9 The fear of the Lord is clean, and endureth for ever: the judgements of the Lord are true, and

righteous altogether.

10 More to be defired are they than gold, yea, than much fine gold: fweeter also than honey, and the honey-comb.

11 Moreover, by them is thy fervant taught: and in keeping of them there is great reward.

12 Who can tell how oft he offendeth: O cleanfe thou me from

my fecret faults.

13 Keep thy fervant also from prefumptuous fins, lest they get the dominion over me: so shall I be undefiled, and innocent from the great offence.

14 Let the words of my mouth,

and the meditation of my heart: be alway acceptable in thy fight,

15 O Lord: my strength, and

my redeemer.

PSALM XX. Examinate Dominus.

THE Lord hear thee in the day of trouble: the Name of the God of Jacob defend thee;

2 Send thee help from the fanctuary: and strengthen thee out of

Sion;

3 Remember all thy offerings: and accept thy burnt facrifice;

4 Grant thee thy heart's defire:

and fulfil all thy mind.

5 We will rejoice in thy falvation, and triumph in the Name of the Lord our God: the Lord perform all thy petitions.

6 Now know I, that the Lord helpeth his Anointed, and will hear him from his holy heaven : even with the wholesome strength

of his right hand.

7 Some put their trust in chariots, and some in horses: but we will remember the Name of the Lord our God.

8 They are brought down, and fallen: but we are rifen, and ftand

upright.

9 Save, Lord, and hear us, O King of heaven: when we call upon thee.

PSALM XXI. Domine, in virtute two.

THE King shall rejoice in thy strength, O Lord: exceeding glad shall he be of thy falvation.

2 Thou haft given him his heart's defire : and haft not denied him the request of his lips.

3 For thou fhalt prevent him with the bleffings of goodnefs: and fhalt fet a crown of pure gold

upon his head.

4 He asked life of thee, and thou gavest him a long life : even for ever and ever.

5 His honour is great in thy falvation: glory and great worship

fhalt thou lay upon him.

6 For thou shalt give him everlasting felicity: and make him glad with the joy of thy countenance.

- 7 And why? because the King putteth his trust in the Lord: and in the mercy of the most Highest he shall not miscarry.
- 8 All thine enemies shall feel thy hand: thy right hand shall find out them that hate thee.
- 9 Thou shalt make them like a fiery oven in time of thy wrath: the Lord shall destroy them in his displeasure, and the fire shall confume them.
- 10 Their fruit shalt thou root out of the earth: and their feed from among the children of men.

11 For they intended mischief against thee: and imagined such a device as they are not able to perform.

12 Therefore shalt thou put them to slight: and the strings of

thy bow fhalt thou make ready

against the face of them.

13 Be thou exalted, Lord, in thine own ftrength: fo will we fing, and praife thy power.

Evening Prayer.

PSALM XXII. Deus, Deus meus.
Y God, my God, look upon me; why haft thou forfaken me: and art fo far from my health, and from the words of my complaint?

2 O my God, I cry in the daytime, but thou hearest not: and in the night season also I take no

reft.

3 And thou continueft holy: O thou worship of Ifrael.

- 4 Our fathers hoped in thee: they trufted in thee, and thou didft deliver them.
- 5 They called upon thee, and were holpen: they put their trust in thee, and were not confounded.
- 6 But as for me, I am a worm, and no man: a very fcorn of men, and the out-cast of the people.

7 All they that fee me laugh me to fcorn: they fhoot out their lips, and fhake their heads, faying,

8 He trufted in God, that he would deliver him: let him deliver him, if he will have him.

9 But thou art he that took me out of my mother's womb: thou wast my hope, when I hanged yet upon my mother's breasts.

10 I have been left unto thee ever fince I was born: thou art my God even from my mother's womb.

11 O go not from me, for trouble is hard at hand : and there is none to help me.

12 Many oxen are come about me : fat bulls of Bafan close me in

on every fide.

13 They gape upon me with their mouths: as it were a ramping and a roaring lion.

14 I am poured out like water, and all my bones are out of joint: my heart also in the midst of my body is even like melting wax.

15 My ftrength is dried up like a potsherd, and my tongue cleaveth to my gums: and thou shalt bring me into the dust of death.

16 For many dogs are come about me : and the council of the wicked layeth fiege against me.

17 They pierced my hands and my feet; I may tell all my bones: they ftand ftaring and looking upon me.

18 They part my garments among them: and caft lots upon my vefture.

19 But be not thou far from me, O Lord: thou art my fuccour,

hafte thee to help me.

20 Deliver my foul from the fword: my darling from the power of the dog.

21 Save me from the lion's

mouth: thou haft heard me also from among the horns of the unicorns.

22 I will declare thy Name unto my brethren: in the midst of the congregation will I praise thee.

23 O praife the Lord, ye that fear him: magnify him, all ye of the feed of Jacob, and fear him,

all ye feed of Ifrael;

24 For he hath not defpifed, nor abhorred, the low eftate of the poor: he hath not hid his face from him, but when he called unto him he heard him.

- 25 My praise is of thee in the great congregation: my vows will I perform in the fight of them that fear him.
- 26 The poor shall eat, and be satisfied: they that seek after the Lord shall praise him; your heart shall live for ever.
- 27 All the ends of the world fhall remember themselves, and be turned unto the Lord: and all the kindreds of the nations shall worship before him.

28 For the kingdom is the Lord's : and he is the Governour

among the people.

29 All fuch as be fat upon earth:

have eaten, and worshipped.

30 All they that go down into the dust shall kneel before him : and no man hath quickened his own foul.

31 My feed shall ferve him:

they shall be counted unto the Lord for a generation.

32 They shall come, and the heavens shall declare his righteousness: unto a people that shall be born, whom the Lord hath made.

PSALM XXIII. Dominus regit me.
THE Lord is my shepherd:
therefore can I lack nothing.

2 He shall feed me in a green pasture: and lead me forth beside the waters of comfort.

3 He shall convert my foul: and bring me forth in the paths of righteousness, for his Name's fake.

- 4 Yea, though I walk through the valley of the fhadow of death, I will fear no evil: for thou art with me; thy rod and thy staff comfort me.
- 5 Thou shalt prepare a table before me against them that trouble me: thou hast anointed my head with oil, and my cup shall be full.
- 6 But thy loving-kindness and mercy shall follow me all the days of my life: and I will dwell in the house of the Lord for ever.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM XXIV. Domini eft terra.

THE earth is the Lord's, and

all that therein is: the compass of the world, and they that dwell therein.

2 For he hath founded it upon the feas : and prepared it upon the floods.

3 Who shall ascend into the hill of the Lord : or who shall rife up

in his holy place?

4 Even he that hath clean hands, and a pure heart: and that hath not lift up his mind unto vanity, nor fworn to deceive his neighbour.

5 He shall receive the bleshing from the Lord: and righteoufness from the God of his falvation.

6 This is the generation of them that feek him: even of them that

feek thy face, O Jacob.

7 Lift up your heads, O ye gates, and be ye lift up, ye everlafting doors: and the King of glory shall come in.

8 Who is the King of glory: it is the Lord ftrong and mighty, even the Lord mighty in battle.

9 Lift up your heads, O ye gates, and be ye lift up, ye everlafting doors: and the King of glory shall come in.

10 Who is the King of glory: even the Lord of hofts, he is the

King of glory.

Psalm xxv. Ad te, Domine, levavi. INTO thee, O Lord, will I lift up my foul; my God, I have put my trust in thee: O let me not be confounded, neither let mine enemies triumph over me.

2 For all they that hope in thee shall not be ashamed: but such as transgress without a cause shall be

put to confusion.

3 Shew me thy ways, O Lord:

and teach me thy paths.

4 Lead me forth in thy truth, and learn me: for thou art the God of my falvation; in thee hath been my hope all the day long.

5 Call to remembrance, O Lord. thy tender mercies: and thy loving-kindnesses, which have been

ever of old.

6 O remember not the fins and offences of my youth: but according to thy mercy think thou upon me, O Lord, for thy goodnefs.

7 Gracious and righteous is the Lord: therefore will be teach fin-

ners in the way.

8 Them that are meek shall he guide in judgement : and fuch as are gentle, them shall be learn his way.

9 All the paths of the Lord are mercy and truth: unto fuch as keep his covenant, and his tef-

timonies.

10 For thy Name's fake, O Lord: be merciful unto my fin, for it is great.

11 What man is he, that feareth the Lord: him shall he teach in the way that he shall choose.

12 His foul shall dwell at ease: and his feed shall inherit the land.

13 The fecret of the Lord is among them that fear him: and he will shew them his covenant.

14 Mine eyes are ever looking

unto the Lord : for he shall pluck

my feet out of the net.

15 Turn thee unto me, and have mercy upon me : for I am defolate, and in mifery.

16 The forrows of my heart are enlarged: O bring thou me out

of my troubles.

17 Look upon my adverfity and mifery: and forgive me all my fin.

18 Confider mine enemies, how many they are : and they bear a tyrannous hate against me.

19 O keep my foul, and deliver me: let me not be confounded, for I have put my truft in thee.

20 Let perfectness and righteous dealing wait upon me : for my hope hath been in thee.

21 Deliver Ifrael, O God : out

of all his troubles.

Psalm xxvi. Judica me, Domine.

DE thou my Judge, O Lord, for I have walked innocently: my truft hath been also in the Lord, therefore shall I not fall.

2 Examine me, O Lord, and prove me : try out my reins and

my heart.

3 For thy loving-kindness is ever before mine eyes: and I will walk in thy truth.

4 I have not dwelt with vain persons: neither will I have fel-

lowship with the deceitful.

5 I have hated the congregation of the wicked : and will not fit among the ungodly.

6 I will wash my hands in innocency, O Lord: and so will I go to thine altar;

7 That I may shew the voice of thanksgiving: and tell of all thy

wondrous works.

8 Lord, I have loved the habitation of thy house: and the place where thine honour dwelleth.

9 O flut not up my foul with the finners: nor my life with the

blood-thirfty;

10 In whose hands is wickedness: and their right hand is full of gifts.

II But as for me, I will walk innocently: O deliver me, and be

merciful unto me.

12 My foot ftandeth right: I will praife the Lord in the congregations.

Ebening Prayer.

PSALM XXVII. Dominus illuminatio.

HE Lord is my light, and my falvation; whom then shall I fear: the Lord is the strength of my life; of whom then shall I be afraid?

- 2 When the wicked, even mine enemies, and my foes, came upon me to eat up my flesh: they stumbled and fell.
- 3 Though an hoft of men were laid against me, yet shall not my heart be afraid: and though there rose up war against me, yet will I put my trust in him.

4 One thing have I defired of the Lord, which I will require: even that I may dwell in the house of the Lord all the days of my life, to behold the fair beauty of the Lord, and to vifit his temple.

5 For in the time of trouble he fhall hide me in his tabernacle: yea, in the fecret place of his dwelling shall he hide me, and set

me up upon a rock of ftone.

6 And now shall he lift up mine head : above mine enemies round about me.

7 Therefore will I offer in his dwelling an oblation with great gladnefs: I will fing, and fpeak praifes unto the Lord.

8 Hearken unto my voice, O Lord, when I cry unto thee: have mercy upon me, and hear me.

9 My heart hath talked of thee, Seek ye my face: Thy face, Lord, will I feek.

10 O hide not thou thy face from me: nor caft thy fervant away in difpleafure.

11 Thou haft been my fuccour: leave me not, neither forfake me,

O God of my falvation.

12 When my father and my mother forfake me: the Lord taketh me up.

13 Teach me thy way, O Lord: and lead me in the right way, be-

cause of mine enemies.

. 14 Deliver me not over into the will of mine adverfaries: for there are falfe witneffes rifen up against me, and fuch as fpeak wrong.

15 I fhould utterly have fainted: but that I believe verily to fee the goodness of the Lord in the land

of the living.

16 O tarry thou the Lord's leifure: be ftrong, and he shall comfort thine heart; and put thou thy truft in the Lord.

Psalm xxviii. Ad te, Domine.

INTO thee will I cry, O Lord my ftrength: think no fcorn of me; left, if thou make as though thou hearest not, I become like them that go down into the pit.

2 Hear the voice of my humble petitions, when I cry unto thee: when I hold up my hands towards the mercy-feat of thy ho-

ly temple.

3 O pluck me not away, neither deftroy me with the ungodly and wicked doers: which fpeak friendly to their neighbours, but imagine mischief in their hearts.

4 Reward them according to their deeds: and according to the wickedness of their own inventions.

5 Recompense them after the work of their hands : pay them

that they have deferved.

6 For they regard not in their mind the works of the Lord, nor the operation of his hands: therefore shall he break them down, and not build them up.

7 Praifed be the Lord: for he

hath heard the voice of my hum-

ble petitions.

S'The Lord is my ftrength, and my fhield; my heart hath trufted in him, and I am helped: therefore my heart danceth for joy, and in my fong will I praise him.

9 The Lord is my ftrength: and he is the wholfome defence of

his Anointed.

10 O fave thy people, and give thy bleffing unto thine inheritance: feed them, and fet them up for ever.

PSALM XXIX. Afferte Domino.

BRING unto the Lord, O ye mighty, bring young rams unto the Lord: afcribe unto the Lord worship and strength.

2 Give the Lord the honour due unto his Name : worship the

Lord with holy worship...

3 It is the Lord, that commandeth the waters: it is the glorious God, that maketh the thunder.

4 It is the Lord, that ruleth the fea; the voice of the Lord is mighty in operation: the voice of the Lord is a glorious voice.

5 The voice of the Lord breaketh the cedar-trees: yea, the Lord breaketh the cedars of Libanus.

6 He maketh them also to skip like a calf: Libanus also, and Si-

rion, like a young unicorn.

7 The voice of the Lord divideth the flames of fire; the voice of the Lord flaketh the wilder-

ness: yea, the Lord shaketh the wilderness of Cades.

8 The voice of the Lord maketh the hinds to bring forth young, and discovereth the thick bushes: in his temple doth every man speak of his honour.

9 The Lord fitteth above the water-flood: and the Lord re-

maineth a King for ever.

10 The Lord shall give strength unto his people: the Lord shall give his people the blessing of peace.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM XXX. Exaltabo te, Domine:

Will magnify thee, O Lord, for thou halt fet me up: and not made my foes to triumph over me.

2 O Lord my God, I cried unto thee: and thou haft healed me.

3 Thou, Lord, haft brought my foul out of hell: thou haft kept my life from them that go down to the pit.

4 Sing praifes unto the Lord, O ye faints of his : and give thanks unto him for a remembrance of

his holinefs.

5 For his wrath endureth but the twinkling of an eye, and in his pleafure is life: heaviness may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning.

6 And in my profperity I faid, I fhall never be removed : thou, Lord, of thy goodness hast made

my hill fo ftrong.

7 Thou didft turn thy face from me: and I was troubled.

8 Then cried I unto thee, O Lord: and gat me to my Lord right humbly.

9 What profit is there in my blood: when I go down to the pit?

10 Shall the dust give thanks unto thee: or shall it declare thy truth?

11 Hear, O Lord, and have mercy upon me: Lord, be thou

my helper.

12 Thou haft turned my heaviness into joy: thou hast put off my fackcloth, and girded me with gladness.

13 Therefore shall every good man sing of thy praise without ceasing: O my God, I will give thanks unto thee for ever.

Psalm xxxi. Inte, Domine, speravi.

IN thee, O Lord, have I put my trust: let me never be put to confusion, deliver me in thy right-eousness.

2 Bow down thine ear to me: make hafte to deliver me.

3 And be thou my ftrong rock, and house of defence: that thou mayest fave me.

4 For thou art my ftrong rock, and my caftle: be thou also my guide, and lead me for thy Name's fake.

5 Draw me out of the net, that they have laid privily for me: for thou art my ftrength.

6 Into thy hands I commend my fpirit: for thou haft redeemed me, O Lord, thou God of truth.

7 I have hated them that hold of fuperfitious vanities: and my trust hath been in the Lord.

8 I will be glad, and rejoice in thy mercy: for thou haft confidered my trouble, and haft known my foul in advertities.

9 Thou haft not flut me up into the hand of the enemy: but haft for my foot in a large room

fet my feet in a large room.

10 Have mercy upon me, O Lord, for I am in trouble : and mine eye is confumed for very heaviness; yea, my foul and my body.

11 For my life is waxen old with heaviness: and my years with

mourning.

12 My strength faileth me, because of mine iniquity: and my bones are consumed.

13 I became a reproof among all mine enemies, but especially among my neighbours: and they of mine acquaintance were assaid of me; and they that did see me without conveyed themselves from me.

14 I am clean forgotten, as a dead man out of mind: I am be-

come like a broken veffel.

15 For I have heard the blafphemy of the multitude: and fear is on every fide, while they confpire together against me, and take their counsel to take away my life.

16 But my hope hath been in

thee, O Lord: I have faid, Thou art my God.

17 My time is in thy hand; deliver me from the hand of mine enemies: and from them that perfecute me.

18 Shew thy fervant the light of thy countenance: and fave me for

thy mercy's fake.

19 Let me not be confounded, O Lord, for I have called upon thee: let the ungodly be put to confusion, and be put to filence in the grave.

20 Let the lying lips be put to filence: which cruelly, difdainfully, and defpitefully, fpeak against

the righteous.

- 21 O how plentiful is thy goodnefs, which thou haft laid up for them that fear thee: and that thou haft prepared for them that put their truft in thee, even before the fons of men!
- 22 Thou shalt hide them privily by thine own presence from the provoking of all men: thou shalt keep them secretly in thy tabernacle from the strife of tongues.

23 Thanks be to the Lord: for he hath flewed me marvellous great kindness in a strong city.

24 And when I made hafte, I faid: I am cast out of the fight of

thine eyes.

25 Nevertheless, thou heardest the voice of my prayer: when I cried unto thee.

26 O love the Lord, all ye his faints: for the Lord preferveth them that are faithful, and plenteously rewardeth the proud doer.

27 Be ftrong, and he shall establish your heart: all ye that put

your trust in the Lord.

Evening Prayer.

PSALM XXXII. Beati, quorum.

LESSED is he whose unrighteousness is forgiven: and whose sin is covered.

2 Bleffed is the man unto whom the Lord imputeth no fin: and in whose spirit there is no guile.

3 For while I held my tongue: my bones confuned away through

my daily complaining.

4 For thy hand is heavy upon me day and night: and my moifture is like the drought in fummer.

- 5 I will acknowledge my fin unto thee: and mine unrighteoufnefs have I not hid.
- 6 I faid, I will confess my fins unto the Lord: and so thou forgavest the wickedness of my fin.
- 7 For this shall every one that is godly make his prayer unto thee, in a time when thou mayest be found: but in the great water-floods they shall not come nigh him.
- 8 Thou art a place to hide me in, thou shalt preferve me from trouble: thou shalt compass me about with songs of deliverance.
 - 9 I will inform thee, and teach

thee in the way wherein thou shalt go: and I will guide thee with

mine eve.

10 Be ye not like to horse and mule, which have no understanding : whose mouths must be held with bit and bridle, left they fall upon thee.

11 Great plagues remain for the ungodly: but whoso putteth his trust in the Lord, mercy embraceth him on every fide.

12 Be glad, O ye righteous, and rejoice in the Lord: and be joyful,

all ye that are true of heart.

Psalm xxxiii. Exultate, justi.

REJOICE in the Lord, O ye righteous: for it becometh well the just to be thankful.

2 Praife the Lord with harp: fing praifes unto him with the lute, and instrument of ten strings.

3 Sing unto the Lord a new fong: fing praifes luftily unto him with a good courage.

4 For the word of the Lord is true: and all his works are faithful.

5 He loveth righteoufness and judgement : the earth is full of the goodness of the Lord.

6 By the word of the Lord were the heavens made: and all the hofts of them by the breath of his mouth.

7 He gathereth the waters of the fea together, as it were upon an heap: and layeth up the deep, as in a treafure-house.

8 Let all the earth fear the Lord: ftand in awe of him, all ye that dwell in the world.

9 For he fpake, and it was done: he commanded, and it ftood faft.

10 The Lord bringeth the counfel of the heathen to nought: and maketh the devices of the people to be of none effect, and cafteth out the counfels of princes.

11 The counfel of the Lord shall endure for ever: and the thoughts of his heart from generation to ge-

neration.

12 Bleffed are the people, whofe God is the Lord Jehovah: and bleffed are the folk, that he hath chofen to him to be his inheritance.

13 The Lord looked down from heaven, and beheld all the children of men : from the habitation of his dwelling he confidereth all them that dwell on the earth.

14 He fashioneth all the hearts of them: and understandeth all their works.

15 There is no king that can be faved by the multitude of an hoft: neither is any mighty man delivered by much ftrength.

16 A horfe is counted but a vain thing to fave a man: neither shall he deliver any man by his great

ftrength.

17 Behold, the eye of the Lord is upon them that fear him: and upon them that put their trust in his mercy;

18 To deliver their foul from death; and to feed them in the time of dearth.

19 Our foul hath patiently tarried for the Lord : for he is our

help, and our fhield.

20 For our heart shall rejoice in him : becaufe we have hoped

in his holy Name.

21 Let thy merciful kindness, O Lord, be upon us: like as we do put our trust in thee.

Psalm xxxiv. Benedicam Domino.

I Will alway give thanks unto the Lord: his praife shall ever be in my mouth.

2 My foul shall make her boast in the Lord: the humble shall

hear thereof, and be glad.

3 O praife the Lord with me: and let us magnify his Name together.

4 I fought the Lord, and he heard me : yea, he delivered me

out of all my fear.

- 5 They had an eye unto him, and were lightened: and their faces were not ashamed.
- 6 Lo, the poor crieth, and the Lord heareth him: yea, and faveth him out of all his troubles.
- 7 The angel of the Lord tarrieth round about them that fear him: and delivereth them.
- 8 O tafte, and fee, how gracious the Lord is : bleffed is the man that trufteth in him.
 - 9 O fear the Lord, ye that are

his faints: for they that fear him lack nothing.

10 The lions do lack, and fuffer hunger: but they who feek the Lord fhall want no manner of thing that is good.

11 Come, ye children, and hearken unto me: I will teach

you the fear of the Lord.

12 What man is he that lufteth to live: and would fain fee good days?

13 Keep thy tongue from evil: and thy lips, that they fpeak no

guile.

14 Efchew evil, and do good :

feek peace, and enfue it.

15 The eyes of the Lord are over the righteous : and his ears are open unto their prayers.

16 The countenance of the Lord is against them that do evil: to root out the remembrance of them from the earth.

17 The righteous cry, and the Lord heareth them: and delivereth them out of all their troubles.

18 The Lord is nigh unto them that are of a contrite heart: and will fave fuch as be of an humble fpirit.

19 Great are the troubles of the righteous: but the Lord deliver-

eth him out of all.

20 He keepeth all his bones : fo that not one of them is broken.

21 But misfortune shall slay the

ungodly; and they that hate the

righteous shall be desolate.

22 The Lord delivereth the fouls of his fervants: and all they that put their truft in him shall not be destitute.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM XXXV. Judica, Domine.

PLEAD thou my cause, O Lord, with them that strive with me: and fight thou against them that fight against me.

2 Lay hand upon the shield and buckler : and stand up to

help me.

3 Bring forth the fpear, and ftop the way against them that perfecute me: fay unto my foul,

I am thy falvation.

4 Let them be confounded, and put to fhame, that feek after my foul: let them be turned back, and brought to confusion, that imagine mischief for me.

5 Let them be as the dust before the wind : and the angel of

the Lord fcattering them.

6 Let their way be dark and flippery: and let the angel of the

Lord perfecute them.

7 For they have privily laid their net to destroy me without a cause: yea, even without a cause have they made a pit for my soul.

8 Let a fudden destruction come upon him unawares, and his net, that he hath laid privily, catch

himfelf: that he may fall into his own mifehief.

- 9 And, my foul, be joyful in the Lord: it shall rejoice in his falvation.
- 10 All my bones fhall fay, Lord, who is like unto thee, who delivereft the poor from him that is too ftrong for him: yea, the poor, and him that is in mifery, from him that fpoileth him?

11 False witnesses did rife up: they laid to my charge things that

I knew not.

12 They rewarded me evil for good: to the great difcomfort of

my foul.

- 13 Neverthelefs, when they were fick, I put on fackcloth, and humbled my foul with fafting: and my prayer shall turn into mine own bosom.
- 14 I behaved myfelf as though it had been my friend, or my brother: I went heavily, as one that mourneth for his mother.
- 15 But in mine adverfity they rejoiced, and gathered themselves together: yea, the very abjects came together against me unawares, making mouths at me, and ceased not.
- 16 With the flatterers were bufy mockers: who gnashed upon me with their teeth.
- 17 Lord, how long wilt thou look upon this: O deliver my foul from the calamities which

M m

they bring on me, and my darling from the lions.

18 So will I give thee thanks in the great congregation: I will praife thee among much people.

19 O let not them that are mine enemies triumph over me ungodly: neither let them wink with their eyes that hate me without a caufe.

20 And why? their communing is not for peace: but they imagine deceitful words against them that are quiet in the land.

21 They gaped upon me with their mouths, and faid: Fie on thee, fie on thee, we faw it with our eyes.

22 This thou haft feen, O Lord: hold not thy tongue then, go not far from me, O Lord.

23 Awake, and ftand_up to judge my quarrel : avenge thou my caufe, my God, and my Lord.

24 Judge me, O Lord my God, according to thy righteoufnefs: and let them not triumph over me.

25 Let them not fay in their hearts, There, there, fo would we have it : neither let them fay, We have devoured him.

26 Let them be put to confusion and shame together, that rejoice at my trouble: let them be clothed with rebuke and dishonour, that boast themselves against me.

27 Let them be glad and rejoice, that favour my righteous dealing:

yea, let them fay alway, Bleffed be the Lord, who hath pleafure in the profperity of his fervant.

28 And as for my tongue, it shall be talking of thy righteousness: and of thy praise all the day long.

Psalm xxxvi. Dixit injustus.

MY heart sheweth me the wickedness of the ungodly: that there is no fear of God before his eyes.

2 For he flattereth himfelf in his own fight: until his abomina-

ble fin be found out.

3 The words of his mouth are unrighteous, and full of deceit: he hath left off to behave himfelf wifely, and to do good.

4 He imagineth mischief upon his bed, and hath set himself in no good way: neither doth he ab-

hor any thing that is evil.

5 Thy mercy, O Lord, reacheth unto the heavens: and thy faithfulness unto the clouds.

6 Thy righteoufness standeth like the strong mountains: thy judgements are like the great deep.

7 Thou, Lord, fluit fave both man and beaft; How excellent is thy mercy, O God: and the children of men fluil put their trust under the fluidow of thy wings.

8 They shall be fatisfied with the plenteousness of thy house: and thou shalt give them drink of thy pleasures, as out of the river.

9 For with thee is the well of

life: and in thy light shall we see

light.

10 O continue forth thy loving-kindness unto them that know thee: and thy righteousness unto them that are true of heart.

11 O let not the foot of pride come against me : and let not the hand of the ungodly cast me down.

12 There are they fallen, all that work wickedness: they are cast down, and shall not be able to stand.

Ebening Prayer.

PSALM XXXVII. Noli æmulari.

PRET not thyfelf because of the ungodly: neither be thou envious against the evil doers.

2 For they shall soon be cut down like the grafs: and be withered even as the green herb.

3 Put thou thy trust in the Lord, and be doing good: dwell in the land, and verily thou shalt be fed.

4 Delight thou in the Lord: and he shall give thee thy heart's defire.

5 Commit thy way unto the Lord, and put thy trust in him: and he shall bring it to pass.

6 He shall make thy righteousness as clear as the light: and thy just dealing as the noon-day.

7 Hold thee still in the Lord, and abide patiently upon him: but grieve not thyself at him, whose way doth prosper, against the man that doeth after evil counsels.

8 Leave off from wrath, and let

go displeasure: fret not thyself, else shalt thou be moved to do evil.

- 9 Wicked doers shall be rooted out: and they that patiently abide the Lord, those shall inherit the land.
- 10 Yet a little while, and the ungodly shall be clean gone: thou shalt look after his place, and he shall be away.

11 But the meek-fpirited shall possess the earth : and shall be refreshed in the multitude of peace.

12 The ungodly feeketh counfel against the just: and gnasheth upon him with his teeth.

13 The Lord shall laugh him to fcorn: for he hath seen that his day is coming

day is coming.

14 The ungodly have drawn out the fword, and have bent their bow: to cast down the poor and needy, and to slay such as are of a right conversation.

15 Their fword fhall go through their own heart: and their bow

shall be broken.

16 A fmall thing that the righteous hath: is better than great riches of the ungodly.

17 For the arms of the ungodly fhall be broken: and the Lord up-

holdeth the righteous.

18 The Lord knoweth the days of the godly: and their inheritance shall endure for ever.

19 They shall not be confounded in the perilous time : and in

the days of dearth they shall have

enough.

20 As for the ungodly, they shall perish; and the enemies of the Lord shall consume as the fat of lambs: yea, even as the smoke, shall they consume away.

21 The ungodly borroweth, and payeth not again: but the righte-

ous is merciful, and liberal.

22 Such as are bleffed of God fhall poffers the land : and they that are curfed of him fhall be rooted out.

23 The Lord ordereth a good man's going: and maketh his way

acceptable to himfelf.

24 Though he fall, he fhall not be caft away: for the Lord upholdeth him with his hand.

25 I have been young, and now am old: and yet faw I never the righteous forfaken, nor his feed begging their bread.

26 The righteous is ever merciful, and lendeth: and his feed

is bleffed.

27 Flee from evil, and do the thing that is good: and dwell for evermore.

28 For the Lord loveth the thing that is right: he forfaketh not his that be godly, but they are preferved for ever.

29 The unrighteous shall be punished: as for the feed of the ungodly, it shall be rooted out.

30 The righteous shall inherit

the land : and dwell therein for ever.

31 The mouth of the righteous is exercised in wisdom: and his tongue will be talking of judgement.

32 The law of his God is in his heart: and his goings shall not slide.

33 The ungodly feeth the righteous: and feeketh occasion to flay him.

34 The Lord will not leave him in his hand : nor condemn him

when he is judged.

35 Hope thou in the Lord, and keep his way, and he shall promote thee, that thou shalt possess the land: when the ungodly shall perish, thou shalt see it.

36 I myfelf have feen the ungodly in great power: and flourish-

ing like a green bay-tree.

37 I went by, and lo, he was gone: I fought him, but his place could no where be found.

38 Keep innocency, and take heed unto the thing that is right: for that shall bring a man peace at the last.

39 As for the transgressors, they shall perish together: and the end of the ungodly is, they shall be rooted out at the last.

40 But the falvation of the righteous cometh of the Lord: who is also their strength in the time of trouble.

41 And the Lord shall stand by

them, and fave them: he shall deliver them from the ungodly, and shall fave them, because they put their trust in him.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm xxxviii. Domine, ne in furore.

PuT me not to rebuke, O Lord, in thine anger: neither chaften me in thy heavy displeasure.

2 For thine arrows flick fast in me: and thy hand presset me fore.

3 There is no health in my flesh, because of thy displeasure: neither is there any rest in my bones, by reason of my fin.

4 For my wickednesses are gone over my head: and are like a fore burden, too heavy for me to bear.

5 My wounds ftink, and are corrupt: through my foolifhnefs.

6 I am brought into fo great trouble and mifery: that I go mourning all the day long.

7 For my loins are filled with a fore difease: and there is no whole

part in my body.

8 I am feeble, and fore fmitten: I have roared for the very disquietness of my heart.

9 Lord, thou knowest all my defire : and my groaning is not hid from thee.

10 My heart panteth, my strength hath failed me: and the fight of mine eyes is gone from me.

11 My lovers and my neighbours did ftand looking upon my

trouble: and my kinfmen ftood afar off.

12 They also that fought after my life laid fnares for me: and they that went about to do me evil talked of wickedness, and imagined deceit all the day long.

13 As for me, I was like a deaf man, and heard not: and as one that is dumb, who doth not open

his mouth.

14 I became even as a man that heareth not: and in whose mouth are no reproofs.

15 For in thee, O Lord, have I put my truft: thou fhalt answer

for me, O Lord my God.

16 I have required that they, even mine enemies, should not triumph over me : for when my foot slipped, they rejoiced greatly against me.

17 And I, truly, am fet in the plague: and my heaviness is ever

in my fight.

18 For I will confess my wickedness: and be forry for my fin.

- 19 But mine enemies live, and are mighty: and they that hate me wrongfully are many in number.
- 20 They also that reward evil for good are against me: because I follow the thing that good is.

21 Forfake me not, O Lord my God: be not thou far from me.

22 Hafte thee to help me: O Lord God of my falvation.

PSALM XXXIX. Divi, cuftodiam.
Said, I will take heed to my ways: that I offend not in my tongue.

2 I will keep my mouth as it were with a bridle : while the un-

godly is in my fight.

3 I held my tongue, and fpake nothing: I kept filence, yea, even from good words; but it was pain and grief to me.

4 My heart was hot within me, and while I was thus mufing the fire kindled: and at the laft I spake

with my tongue;

5 Lord, let me know mine end, and the number of my days: that I may be certified how long I have to live.

6 Behold, thou haft made my days as it were a fpan long: and mine age is even as nothing in refpect of thee; and verily every man living is altogether vanity.

7 For man walketh in a vain fladow, and disquieteth himself in vain; he heapeth up riches, and cannot tell who shall gather them.

8 And now, Lord, what is my hope: truly my hope is even in

thee.

- 9 Deliver me from all mine offences: and make me not a rebuke unto the foolish.
- 10 I became dumb, and opened not my mouth; for it was thy doing.

11 Take thy plague away from

me: I am even confumed by the means of thy heavy hand.

12 When thou with rebukes doft chaften man for fin, thou makeft his beauty to confume away, like as it were a moth fretting a garment: every man therefore is but vanity.

13 Hear my prayer, O Lord, and with thine ears confider my calling: hold not thy peace at my

tears.

14 For I am a stranger with thee: and a fojourner, as all my fathers were.

15 O fpare me a little, that I may recover my ftrength: before I go hence, and be no more feen.

Psalm xl. Expectans expectavi.

I Waited patiently for the Lord: and he inclined unto me, and heard my calling.

2 He brought me also out of the horrible pit, out of the mire and clay: and set my feet upon the rock, and ordered my goings.

3 And he hath put a new fong in my mouth: even a thankfgiving

unto our God.

- 4 Many shall fee it, and fear : and shall put their trust in the Lord.
- 5 Bleffed is the man that hath fet his hope in the Lord: and turned not unto the proud, and to fuch as go about with lies.

6 O Lord my God, great are the wondrous works which thou haft

done, like as be also thy thoughts which are to us-ward: and yet there is no man that ordereth them unto thee.

7 If I should declare them, and fpeak of them: they should be more than I am able to express.

8 Sacrifice, and meat-offering, thou wouldest not: but mine ears

haft thou opened.

9 Burnt-offerings, and facrifice for fin, haft thou not required:

then faid I, Lo, I come,

10 In the volume of the book it is written of me, that I should fulfil thy will, O my God: I am content to do it; yea, thy law is within my heart.

11 I have declared thy righteoufnefs in the great congregation: lo, I will not refrain my lips, O Lord, and that thou knowest.

- 12 I have not hid thy righteoufnefs within my heart: my talk hath been of thy truth, and of thy falvation.
- 13 I have not kept back thy loving mercy and truth: from the great congregation.

14 Withdraw not thou thy mercy from me, O Lord : let thy loving-kindnefs and thy truth alway

preferve me.

15 For innumerable troubles are come about me; my fins have taken fuch hold upon me that I am not able to look up: yea, they are more in number than the hairs of my head, and my heart hath failed me.

16 O Lord, let it be thy pleafure to deliver me: make hafte, O Lord,

to help me.

17 Let them be ashamed, and confounded together, that feek after my foul to deftroy it: let them be driven backward, and put to rebuke, that wish me evil.

18 Let them be defolate, and rewarded with fhame: that fay unto me, Fie upon thee, fie upon

thee.

19 Let all those that feek thee be joyful and glad in thee: and let fuch as love thy falvation fay alway, The Lord be praifed.

20 As for me, I am poor and needy: but the Lord careth for me.

21 Thou art my helper and redeemer: make no long tarrying, O my God.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm xli. Beatus qui intelligit. BLESSED is he that confidereth the poor and needy: the Lord shall deliver him in the time of trouble.

- 2 The Lord preferve him, and keep him alive, that he may be bleffed upon earth : and deliver not thou him into the will of his enemies.
- 3 The Lord comfort him, when he lieth fick upon his bed: make thou all his bed in his fickness.

4 I faid, Lord, be merciful unto me: heal my foul, for I have finned against thee.

5 Mine enemies fpeak evil of me: When shall he die, and his

name perish?

- 6 And if he come to fee me, he fpeaketh vanity: and his heart conceiveth falfhood within himfelf, and when he cometh forth he telleth it.
- 7 All mine enemies whifper together against me : even against me do they imagine this evil.

8 Let the fentence of guiltiness proceed against him: and now that he lieth, let him rife up no more.

- 9 Yea, even mine own familiar friend, whom I trufted: who did also eat of my bread, hath laid great wait for me.
- 10 But be thou merciful unto me, O Lord: raife thou me up again, and I shall reward them.

11 By this I know thou favoureft me: that mine enemy doth

not triumph against me.

12 And when I am in my health, thou upholdeft me : and fhalt fet me before thy face for ever.

13 Bleffed be the Lord God of Ifrael: world without end. Amen.

Psalm xlii. Quemadmodum.

IKE as the hart defireth the water-brooks: fo longeth my foul after thee, O God.

2 My foul is athirft for God, yea, even for the living God: when

fhall I come to appear before the prefence of God?

- 3 My tears have been my meat day and night: while they daily fay unto me, Where is now thy God?
- 4 Now when I think thereupon, I pour out my heart by myfelf: for I went with the multitude, and brought them forth into the house of God;
- 5 In the voice of praife and thankfgiving : among fuch as keep holy-day.

6 Why art thou fo full of heavinefs, O my foul: and why art thou fo difquieted within me?

7 Put thy trust in God: for I will yet give him thanks for the

help of his countenance.

- 8 My God, my foul is vexed within me: therefore will I remember thee concerning the land of Jordan, and the little hill of Hermon.
- 9 One deep calleth another, because of the noise of the waterpipes : all thy waves and storms are gone over me.

10 The Lord hath granted his loving-kindness in the day-time: and in the night-season did I sing of him, and made my prayer unto the God of my life.

11 I will fay unto the God of my ftrength, Why haft thou forgotten me: why go I thus heavily, while the enemy oppresseth me? 12 My bones are finitten afunder as with a fword: while mine enemies that trouble me cast me in the teeth;

- 13 Namely, while they fay daily unto me: Where is now thy God?

14 Why art thou fo vexed, O my foul: and why art thou fo dif-

quieted within me?

15 O put thy trust in God: for I will yet thank him, which is the help of my countenance, and my God.

Psalm xliii. Judica me, Deus.

GIVE fentence with me, O God, and defend my cause against the ungodly people: O deliver me from the deceitful and wicked man.

- 2 For thou art the God of my ftrength, why haft thou put me from thee: and why go I fo heavily, while the enemy oppresseth me?
- 3 O fend out thy light and thy truth, that they may lead me: and bring me unto thy holy hill, and to thy dwelling.
- 4 And that I may go unto the altar of God, even unto the God of my joy and gladness: and upon the harp will I give thanks unto thee, O God, my God.

5 Why art thou fo heavy, O my foul: and why art thou fo dif-

quieted within me?

6 O put thy trust in God: for I will yet give him thanks, which

is the help of my countenance, and my God.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm xliv. Deus, auribus.

E have heard with our ears, O God, our fathers have told us: what thou haft done in their time of old;

- 2 How thou haft driven out the heathen with thy hand, and planted them in: how thou haft deftroyed the nations, and caft them out.
- 3 For they gat not the land in possession through their own fword: neither was it their own arm that helped them;

4 But thy right hand, and thine arm, and the light of thy countenance: because thou hadst a favour

unto them.

5 Thou art my King, O God:

fend help unto Jacob.

6 Through thee will we overthrow our enemies: and in thy Name will we tread them under, that rife up against us.

7 For I will not truft in my bow: it is not my fword that shall

help me;

8 But it is thou that faveft us from our enemies : and putteft them to confusion that hate us.

- 9 We make our boaft of God all day long: and will praife thy Name for ever.
 - 10 But now thou art far off, N n

and putteft us to confusion: and goest not forth with our armies.

11 Thou makeft us to turn our backs upon our enemies: fo that they which hate us fpoil our goods.

12 Thou letteft us be eaten up like fheep: and haft fcattered us

among the heathen.

13 Thou felleft thy people for nought: and takeft no money for them.

14 Thou makeft us to be rebuked of our neighbours: to be laughed to fcorn, and had in derifion of them that are round about us.

15 Thou makeft us to be a byword among the heathen: and that the people flake their heads at us.

16 My confusion is daily before me: and the shame of my face hath covered me;

17 For the voice of the flanderer and blafphemer: for the

enemy and avenger.

18 And though all this be come upon us, yet do we not forget thee: nor behave ourfelves frowardly in thy covenant.

19 Our heart is not turned back : neither our fteps gone out

of thy way;

- 20 No, not when thou halt finitten us into the place of dragons: and covered us with the shadow of death.
- 21 If we have forgotten the Name of our God, and holden up our hands to any ftrange god:

fhall not God fearch it out? for he knoweth the very fecrets of the heart.

22 For thy fake also are we killed all the day long: and are counted as sheep appointed to be flain.

23 Up, Lord, why fleepest thou: awake, and be not absent from us

for ever.

- 24 Wherefore hideft thou thy face : and forgetteft our mifery and trouble?
- 25 For our foul is brought low, even unto the dust : our belly cleaveth unto the ground.

26 Arife, and help us: and de-

liver us for thy mercy's fake.

Psalm xlv. Eructavit cor meum.

MY heart is inditing of a good matter: I fpeak of the things which I have made unto the King.

2 My tongue is the pen : of a

ready writer.

- 3 Thou art fairer than the children of men: full of grace are thy lips, because God hath blessed thee for ever.
- 4 Gird thee with thy fword upon thy thigh, O thou most Mighty: according to thy worship and renown.
- 5 Good luck have thou with thine honour: ride on, because of the word of truth, of meekness, and righteousness; and thy right handshall teach thee terrible things.
- 6 Thy arrows are very fharp, and the people shall be subdued

unto thee: even in the midst a-mong the King's enemies.

7 Thy feat, O God, endureth for ever: the fceptre of thy kingdom

is a right fceptre.

8 Thou haft loved righteoufnefs, and hated iniquity: wherefore God, even thy God, hath anointed thee with the oil of gladnefs above thy fellows.

9 All thy garments finell of myrrh, aloes, and caffia : out of the ivory palaces, whereby they

have made thee glad.

10 Kings' daughters were among thy honourable women: upon thy right hand did ftand the queen in a vefture of gold, wrought about with divers colours.

11 Hearken, O daughter, and confider, incline thine ear: forget also thine own people, and thy father's house.

12 So shall the King have pleafure in thy beauty: for he is thy Lord God, and worship thou him.

13 And the daughter of Tyre shall be there with a gift: like as the rich also among the people shall make their supplication before thee.

14 The King's daughter is all glorious within: her clothing is of

wrought gold.

15 She shall be brought unto the King in raiment of needlework: the virgins that be her fellows shall bear her company, and shall be brought unto thee.

16 With joy and gladness shall they be brought: and shall enter into the King's palace.

17 Instead of thy fathers thou shalt have children: whom thou mayest make princes in all lands.

18 I will remember thy Name from one generation to another: therefore shall the people give thanks unto thee, world without end.

Psalm xlvi. Deus noster refugium.

GOD is our hope and ftrength: a very prefent help in trouble.

- 2 Therefore will we not fear, though the earth be moved: and though the hills be carried into the midst of the sea.
- 3 Though the waters thereof rage and fwell: and though the mountains shake at the tempest of the same.
- 4 The rivers of the flood thereof shall make glad the city of God: the holy place of the tabernacle of the most Highest.

5 God is in the midft of her, therefore shall she not be removed: God shall help her, and that right

early.

6 The heathen make much ado, and the kingdoms are moved: but God hath shewed his voice, and the earth shall melt away.

7 The Lord of hofts is with us: the God of Jacob is our refuge.

8 O come hither, and behold the works of the Lord: what deftruction he hath brought upon the earth.

9 He maketh wars to cease in all the world: he breaketh the bow, and knappeth the spear in funder, and burneth the chariots in the fire.

10 Be ftill then, and know that I am God: I will be exalted among the heathen, and I will be exalted in the earth.

11 The Lord of hofts is with us: the God of Jacob is our refuge.

Ebening Prayer.

Psalm xlvii. Omnes gentes, plaudite.

Clap your hands together, all ye people: O fing unto God with the voice of melody.

2 For the Lord is high, and to be feared: he is the great King upon all the earth.

3 He shall subdue the people under us: and the nations under our feet.

4 He shall choose out an heritage for us: even the worship of Jacob, whom he loved.

5 God is gone up with a merry noise: and the Lord with the found of the trump.

6 O fing praifes, fing praifes unto our God: O fing praifes, fing praifes unto our King.

7 For God is the King of all the earth: fing ye praifes with understanding.

S God reigneth over the heathen: God fitteth upon his holy feat.

9 The princes of the people are joined unto the people of the God of Abraham: for God, which is very high exalted, doth defend the earth, as it were with a fhield.

Psalm xlviii. Magnus Dominus.

GREAT is the Lord, and highly to be praifed: in the city of our God, even upon his holy hill.

2 The hill of Sion is a fair place, and the joy of the whole earth: upon the north-fide lieth the city of the great King; God is well known in her palaces as a fure refuge.

3 For lo, the kings of the earth: are gathered, and gone by together.

4 They marvelled to fee fuch things: they were aftonished, and fuddenly cast down.

5 Fear came there upon them, and forrow: as upon a woman in her travail.

6 Thou shalt break the ships of the fea: through the east-wind.

7 Like as we have heard, fo have we feen in the city of the Lord of hofts, in the city of our God: God upholdeth the fame for ever.

8 We wait for thy loving-kindnefs, O God: in the midst of thy

temple.

9 O God, according to thy Name, fo is thy praife unto the world's end: thy right hand is full of righteoufnefs.

Day 9.

10 Let the mount Sion rejoice, and the daughter of Judah be glad: because of thy judgements.

11 Walk about Sion, and go round about her : and tell the

towers thereof.

12 Mark well her bulwarks, fet up her houses: that ye may tell them that come after.

13 For this God is our God for ever and ever : he shall be our

guide unto death.

Psalm xlix. Audite hæc, omnes.

Hear ye this, all ye people: ponder it with your ears, all ye that dwell in the world;

2 High and low, rich and poor:

one with another.

3 My mouth shall speak of wifdom: and my heart shall muse of understanding.

4 I will incline mine ear to the parable: and fhew my dark fpeech

upon the harp.

5 Wherefore should I fear in the days of wickedness: and when the wickedness of my heels compaffeth me round about?

6 There be fome that put their trust in their goods: and boast themselves in the multitude of

their riches.

7 But no man may deliver his brother: nor make agreement unto God for him;

8 For it cost more to redeem their fouls : fo that he must let that alone for ever;

9 Yea, though he live long: and fee not the grave.

10 For he feeth that wife men also die, and perish together: as well as the ignorant and foolifh, and leave their riches for other.

11 And yet they think that their houses shall continue for ever: and that their dwelling-places shall endure from one generation to another; and call the lands after their own names.

12 Nevertheless, man will not abide in honour: feeing he may be compared unto the beafts that perish; this is the way of them.

13 This is their foolifhness: and their posterity praise their faying.

14 They lie in the hell like fheep, death gnaweth upon them, and the righteous shall have domination over them in the morning: their beauty shall consume in the fepulchre out of their dwelling.

15 But God hath delivered my foul from the place of hell: for he

fhall receive me.

16 Be not thou afraid, though one be made rich: or if the glory of his house be increased;

17 For he shall carry nothing away with him when he dieth: neither shall his pomp follow him.

18 For while he lived, he counted himfelf an happy man: and fo long as thou doeft well unto thyfelf, men will fpeak good of thee.

19 He shall follow the generation of his fathers: and shall never

fee light.

20 Man being in honour hath no understanding: but is compared unto the beasts that perish.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm 1. Deus deorum.

THE Lord, even the most mighty God, hath spoken: and called the world, from the rising up of the sun, unto the going down thereof.

2 Out of Sion hath God appear-

ed: in perfect beauty.

3 Our God shall come, and shall not keep silence: there shall go before him a consuming fire, and a mighty tempest shall be stirred up round about him.

4 He shall call the heaven from above : and the earth, that he may

judge his people.

5 Gather my faints together unto me: those that have made a covenant with me with facrifice.

- 6 And the heaven shall declare his righteousness: for God is Judge himself.
- 7 Hear, O my people, and I will fpeak: I myfelf will teftify against thee, O Ifrael; for I am God, even thy God.

8 I will not reprove thee because of thy facrifices, or for thy burnt-offerings: because they were not always before me.

9 I will take no bullock out of thine house: nor he-goat out of thy folds.

10 For all the beafts of the forest are mine: and so are the cattle

upon a thousand hills.

11 I know all the fowls upon the mountains: and the wild beafts of the field are in my fight.

12 If I be hungry, I will not tell thee: for the whole world is mine, and all that is therein.

13 Thinkest thou that I will eat bulls' flesh: and drink the blood

of goats?

14 Offer unto God thankfgiving: and pay thy vows unto the most Highest.

15 And call upon me in the time of trouble : fo will I hear thee, and thou fhalt praife me.

16 But unto the ungodly faid God: Why doft thou preach my laws, and takeft my covenant in thy mouth;

17 Whereas thou hateft to be reformed: and haft caft my words

behind thee?

18 When thou faweft a thief, thou confentedft unto him; and haft been partaker with the adulterers.

19 Thou haft let thy mouth fpeak wickedness: and with thy tongue thou hast set forth deceit.

20 Thou fatest, and spakest against thy brother: yea, and hast slandered thine own mother's son.

21 These things hast thou done, and I held my tongue, and thou thoughtest wickedly, that I am even such a one as thyself: but I will reprove thee, and set before the the things that thou hast done.

22 O confider this, ye that forget God: left I pluck you away, and there be none to deliver you.

23 Whofo offereth me thanks and praife, he honoureth me : and to him that ordereth his converfation right will I shew the falvation of God.

Psalm li. Miserere mei, Deus.

HAVE mercy upon me, O God, after thy great goodness: according to the multitude of thy mercies do away mine offences.

2 Wash me throughly from my wickedness: and cleanse me from my fin.

3 For I acknowledge my faults: and my fin is ever before me.

4 Against thee only have I finned, and done this evil in thy fight: that thou mightest be justified in thy faying, and clear when thou art judged.

5 Behold, I was fhapen in wickedness: and in fin hath my mother

conceived me.

6 But lo, thou requireft truth in the inward parts: and fhalt make me to understand wisdom secretly.

7 Thou shalt purge me with hystop, and I shall be clean: thou

fhalt wash me, and I shall be whiter than snow.

8 Thou shalt make me hear of joy and gladness: that the bones which thou hast broken may rejoice.

9 Turn thy face from my fins:

and put out all my mifdeeds.

10 Make me a clean heart, O God: and renew a right fpirit within me.

11 Caft me not away from thy prefence: and take not thy holy

Spirit from me.

12 O give me the comfort of thy help again : and ftablish me with thy free Spirit.

13 Then shall I teach thy ways unto the wicked: and sinners shall

be converted unto thee.

14 Deliver me from blood-guiltines, O God, thou that art the God of my health: and my tongue shall fing of thy righteousness.

15 Thou fhalt open my lips, O Lord: and my mouth fhall fhew

thy praise.

16 For thou defireft no facrifice, else would I give it thee: but thou delightest not in burnt-offerings.

17 The facrifice of God is a troubled fpirit: a broken and contrite heart, O God, shalt thou not despife.

18 O be favourable and gracious unto Sion: build thou the walls of

Jerufalem.

19 Then shalt thou be pleafed

with the facrifice of righteoufness, with the burnt-offerings and oblations: then shall they offer young bullocks upon thine altar.

Psalm lii. Quid gloriaris?

WHY boastest thou thyself, thou tyrant: that thou canst do mischief;

2 Whereas the goodness of God:

endureth yet daily?

3 Thy tongue imagineth wick-edness: and with lies thou cuttest like a sharp razor.

4 Thou haft loved unrighteoufness more than goodness: and to talk of lies more than righteousness.

5 Thou haft loved to fpeak all words that may do hurt : O thou

false tongue.

- 6 Therefore shall God destroy thee for ever: he shall take thee, and pluck thee out of thy dwelling, and root thee out of the land of the living.
- 7 The righteous also shall see this, and fear : and shall laugh him to feorn;
- 8 Lo, this is the man that took not God for his ftrength: but trufted unto the multitude of his riches, and ftrengthened himfelf in his wickedness.
- 9 As for me, I am like a green olive-tree in the house of God: my trust is in the tender mercy of God for ever and ever.
- 10 I will always give thanks unto thee for that thou haft done:

and I will hope in thy Name, for thy faints like it well.

Evening Prayer.

PSALM liii. Divit infipiens.

THE foolish body hath said in his heart: There is no God.

2 Corrupt are they, and become abominable in their wickedness: there is none that doeth good.

- 3 God looked down from heaven upon the children of men: to fee if there were any, that would understand, and feek after God.
- 4 But they are all gone out of the way, they are altogether become abominable: there is also none that doeth good, no not one.
- 5 Are not they without underftanding that work wickedness: eating up my people as if they would eat bread? they have not called upon God.
- 6 They were afraid where no fear was: for God hath broken the bones of him that belieged thee; thou haft put them to confusion, because God hath despited them.
- 7 Oh, that the falvation were given unto Ifrael out of Sion: Oh, that the Lord would deliver his people out of captivity!

8 Then should Jacob rejoice : and Israel should be right glad.

Psalm liv. Deus, in nomine.

SAVE me, O God, for thy Name's fake: and avenge me in thy ftrength.

- 2 Hear my prayer, O God: and hearken unto the words of my mouth.
- 3 For strangers are rifen up against me: and tyrants, which have not God before their eyes, seek after my foul.

4 Behold, God is my helper: the Lord is with them that up-

hold my foul.

5 He shall reward evil unto mine enemies: destroy thou them

in thy truth.

- 6 An offering of a free heart will I give thee, and praife thy Name, O Lord: because it is so comfortable.
- 7 For he hath delivered me out of all my trouble: and mine eye hath feen his defire upon mine enemies.

PSALM lv. Exaudi, Deus.

HEAR my prayer, O God: and hide not thyfelf from my petition.

2 Take heed unto me, and hear me: how I mourn in my prayer,

and am vexed.

3 The enemy crieth fo, and the ungodly cometh on fo fast: for they are minded to do me fome mischief; fo maliciously are they set against me.

4 My heart is disquieted within me: and the fear of death is fallen

upon me.

5 Fearfulness and trembling are come upon me : and an horrible dread hath overwhelmed me.

6 And I faid, O that I had wings like a dove : for then would I flee away, and be at reft.

7 Lo, then would I get me away far off: and remain in the wilder-

nefs.

8 I would make hafte to escape: because of the stormy wind and

tempest.

9 Deftroy their tongues, O Lord, and divide them: for I have fpied unrighteousness and strife in the city.

10 Day and night they go about within the walls thereof: mischief also and forrow are in the

midst of it.

11 Wickedness is therein: deceit and guile go not out of their streets.

12 For it is not an open enemy, that hath done me this dishonour: for then I could have borne it.

13 Neither was it mine adverfary, that did magnify himfelf against me: for then peradventure I would have hid myself from him.

14 But it was even thou, my companion: my guide, and mine own familiar friend.

15 We took fweet counfel together: and walked in the houfe of God as friends.

16 Let death come haftily upon them, and let them go down quick into hell: for wickedness is in their dwellings, and among them.

17 As for me, I will call upon God: and the Lord fhall fave me.

18 In the evening, and morning, and at noon-day will I pray, and that inftantly: and he shall hear my voice.

19 It is he that hath delivered my foul in peace from the battle that was against me : for there

were many with me.

20 Yea, even God, that endureth for ever, shall hear me, and bring them down: for they will not turn, nor fear God.

21 He laid his hands upon fuch as be at peace with him: and he

brake his covenant.

- 22 The words of his mouth were fofter than butter, having war in his heart: his words were fmoother than oil, and yet be they very fwords.
- 23 O cast thy burden upon the Lord, and he shall nourish thee: and shall not suffer the righteous to fall for ever.
- 24 And as for them: thou, O God, fluit bring them into the pit of destruction.
- 25 The blood-thirfty and deceitful men shall not live out half their days: nevertheless, my trust shall be in thee, O Lord.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM lvi. Miferere mei, Deus.

BE mereiful unto me, O God, for man goeth about to devour me: he is daily fighting, and troubling me.

- 2 Mine enemies are daily in hand to fwallow me up: for they be many that fight against me, O thou most Highest.
- 3 Nevertheless, though I am fometime as a since it is the sinc
- 4 I will praife God, because of his word: I have put my trust in God, and will not fear what flesh can do unto me.
- 5 They daily miftake my words: all that they imagine is to do me evil.
- 6 They hold all together, and keep themselves close: and mark my steps, when they lay wait for my foul.

7 Shall they escape for their wickedness: thou, O God, in thy displeasure shalt cast them down.

8 Thou telleft my flittings; put my tears into thy bottle: are not thefe things noted in thy book?

9 Whenfoever I call upon thee, then shall mine enemies be put to slight: this I know; for God is on my side.

10 In God's word will I rejoice: in the Lord's word will I

comfort me.

11 Yea, in God have I put my trust: I will not be afraid what man can do unto me.

12 Unto thee, O God, will I pay my vows: unto thee will I give thanks.

13 For thou haft delivered my

foul from death, and my feet from falling: that I may walk before God in the light of the living.

Psalm lvii. Miserere mei, Deus.

DE merciful unto me, O God, be merciful unto me, for my foul trufteth in thee: and under the shadow of thy wings shall be my refuge, until this tyranny be over-past.

2 I will call unto the most high God: even unto the God that shall perform the cause which I

have in hand.

3 He shall fend from heaven: and fave me from the reproof of him that would eat me up.

4 God shall fend forth his mercy and truth: my foul is among lions.

- 5 And I lie even among the children of men, that are fet on fire: whose teeth are spears and arrows, and their tongue a sharp sword.
- 6 Set up thyfelf, O God, above the heavens: and thy glory above all the earth.
- 7 They have laid a net for my feet, and preffed down my foul: they have digged a pit before me, and are fallen into the midft of it themselves.

8 My heart is fixed, O God, my heart is fixed: I will fing, and give praife.

9 Awake up, my glory; awake, lute and harp: I myfelf will awake right early.

10 I will give thanks unto thee, O Lord, among the people: and I will fing unto thee among the nations.

11 For the greatness of thy mercy reacheth unto the heavens : and

thy truth unto the clouds.

12 Set up thyfelf, O God, above the heavens: and thy glory above all the earth.

Psalm lviii. Si vere utique.

ARE your minds fet upon righteoufnefs, O ye congregation: and do ye judge the thing that is right, O ye fons of men?

2 Yea, ye imagine mischief in your heart upon the earth: and your hands deal with wickedness.

3 The ungodly are froward, even from their mother's womb: as foon as they are born, they go aftray, and fpeak lies.

4 They are as venomous as the poifon of a ferpent : even like the deaf adder that ftoppeth her ears;

5 Which refuseth to hear the voice of the charmer : charm he

never fo wifely.

6 Break their teeth, O God, in their mouths; fmite the jaw-bones of the lions, O Lord: let them fall away like water that runneth apace; and when they shoot their arrows let them be rooted out.

7 Let them confume away like a final, and be like the untimely fruit of a woman: and let them not fee the fun.

8 Or ever your pots be made hot with thorns : fo let indignation vex him, even as a thing that is raw.

9 The righteous shall rejoice when he feeth the vengeance: he shall wash his footsteps in the

blood of the ungodly.

10 So that a man shall fay, Verily there is a reward for the righteous: doubtlefs there is a God that judgeth the earth.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm lix. Eripe me de inimicis. DELIVER me from mine enemies, O God: defend me from them that rife up against me.

2 O deliver me from the wicked doers : and fave me from the

blood-thirfty men.

3 For lo, they lie waiting for my foul: the mighty men are gathered against me, without any offence or fault of me, O Lord.

4 They run and prepare themfelves without my fault : arife thou therefore to help me, and behold.

- 5 Stand up, O Lord God of hofts, thou God of Ifrael, to vifit all the heathen: and be not merciful unto them that offend of malicious wickednefs.
- 6 They go to and fro in the evening: they grin like a dog, and run about through the city.
- 7 Behold, they fpeak with their mouth, and fwords are in their lips: for who doth hear?

8 But thou, O Lord, fhalt have them in derifion: and thou shalt laugh all the heathen to fcorn.

9 My ftrength will I afcribe unto thee: for thou art the God of

my refuge.

10 God fleweth me his goodnefs plenteoufly: and God shall let me fee my defire upon mine enemies.

11 Slay them not, left my people forget it: but fcatter them abroad among the people, and put them down, O Lord, our defence.

12 For the fin of their mouth, and for the words of their lips, they shall be taken in their pride: and why? their preaching is of curfing and lies.

13 Confume them in thy wrath, confume them, that they may perish: and know that it is God that ruleth in Jacob, and unto the ends of the world.

14 And in the evening they will return : grin like a dog, and

will go about the city.

15 They will run here and there for meat: and grudge if they be not fatisfied.

16 As for me, I will fing of thy power, and will praife thy mercy betimes in the morning: for thou haft been my defence and refuge in the day of my trouble.

17 Unto thee, O my strength, will I fing: for thou, O God, art my refuge, and my merciful

God.

PSALM IX. Deus, repulisti nos.

God, thou hast cast us out, and scattered us abroad: thou hast also been displeased; O turn thee unto us again.

2 Thou haft moved the land, and divided it : heal the fores

thereof, for it shaketh.

3 Thou haft flewed thy people heavy things: thou haft given us a drink of deadly wine.

4 Thou hast given a token for fuch as fear thee: that they may triumph because of the truth.

5 Therefore were thy beloved delivered: help me with thy right

hand, and hear me.

6 God hath fpoken in his holinefs, I will rejoice, and divide Sichem: and mete out the valley of Succoth.

7 Gilead is mine, and Manasses is mine: Ephraim also is the strength of my head; Judah is my law-giver;

8 Moab is my wash-pot; over Edom will I cast out my shoe: Philistia, be thou glad of me.

9 Who will lead me into the ftrong city: who will bring me

into Edom?

10 Hast not thou cast us out, O God: wilt not thou, O God, go out with our hosts?

11 O be thou our help in trouble: for vain is the help of man.

12 Through God will we do great acts: for it is he that shall tread down our enemies.

Psalm Ixi. Exaudi, Deus.

HEAR my crying, O God: give ear unto my prayer.

2 From the ends of the earth will I call upon thee: when my

heart is in heavinefs.

3 O fet me up upon the rock that is higher than I: for thou haft been my hope, and a strong tower for me against the enemy.

4 I will dwell in thy tabernacle for ever: and my trust shall be under the covering of thy wings.

5 For thou, O Lord, haft heard my defires: and haft given an heritage unto those that fear thy Name.

6 Thou shalt grant the King a long life: that his years may endure throughout all generations.

7 He shall dwell before God for ever: O prepare thy loving mercy and faithfulness, that they may preferve him.

8 So will I alway fing praife unto thy Name: that I may daily

perform my vows.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM lxii. Nonne Deo?

MY foul truly waiteth still upon God: for of him cometh my falvation.

2 He verily is my ftrength and my falvation: he is my defence, fo that I shall not greatly fall.

3 How long will ye imagine mischief against every man : ye shall be flain all the fort of you; yea, as a tottering wall shall ye be, and like a broken hedge.

4 Their device is only how to put him out whom God will exalt: their delight is in lies; they give good words with their mouth, but

curfe with their heart.

5 Neverthelefs, my foul, wait thou ftill upon God: for my hope is in him.

6 He truly is my ftrength and my falvation : he is my defence, fo that I shall not fall.

7 In God is my health, and my glory: the rock of my might, and

in God is my truft.

8 O put your trust in him alway, ye people : pour out your hearts before him, for God is our

hope.

9 As for the children of men, they are but vanity: the children of men are deceitful upon the weights, they are altogether lighter than vanity itself.

10 O truft not in wrong and robbery, give not yourfelves unto vanity: if riches increase, set not

your heart upon them.

11 God fpake once, and twice I have also heard the same: that power belongeth unto God;

12 And that thou, Lord, art merciful: for thou rewardeft every man according to his work.

Psalm lxiii. Deus, Deus meus.

God, thou art my God: early will I feek thee.

2 My foul thirsteth for thee, my flesh also longeth after thee: in a barren and dry land where no water is.

3 Thus have I looked for thee in holinefs: that I might behold

thy power and glory.

4 For thy loving-kindness is better than the life itself: my lips fhall praife thee.

5 As long as I live will I magnify thee on this manner: and lift

up my hands in thy Name.

6 My foul shall be fatisfied, even as it were with marrow and fatnefs: when my mouth praifeth thee with joyful lips.

7 Have I not remembered thee in my bed : and thought upon

thee when I was waking?

8 Because thou hast been my helper: therefore under the fhadow of thy wings will I rejoice.

9 My foul hangeth upon thee: thy right hand hath upholden

me.

10 These also that seek the hurt of my foul: they shall go under the earth.

11 Let them fall upon the edge of the fword: that they may be a portion for foxes.

12 But the King shall rejoice in God; all they also that fwear by him shall be commended: for the mouth of them that fpeak lies shall be stopped.

PSALM lxiv. Exaudi, Deus.

HEAR my voice, O God, in my prayer: preferve my life from fear of the enemy.

2 Hide me from the gathering together of the froward : and from the infurrection of wicked doers;

3 Who have whet their tongue like a fword: and fhoot out their arrows, even bitter words;

4 That they may privily shoot at him that is perfect: suddenly do

they hit him, and fear not.

- 5 They encourage themselves in mischief: and commune among themselves how they may lay snares, and say, that no man shall see them.
- 6 They imagine wickedness, and practife it: that they keep fecret among themselves, every man in the deep of his heart.

7 But God fhall fuddenly fhoot at them with a fwift arrow: that

they shall be wounded.

8 Yea, their own tongues shall make them fall: infomuch that whoso feeth them shall laugh them to fcorn.

9 And all men that fee it shall fay, This hath God done: for they shall perceive that it is his work.

10 The righteous shall rejoice in the Lord, and put his trust in him: and all they that are true of heart shall be glad.

Evening Praper.

PSALM lxv. Te decet hymnus.

THOU, O God, art praifed in Sion: and unto thee shall the vow be performed in Jerusalem.

2 Thou that hearest the prayer:

unto thee shall all flesh come.

- 3 My mifdeeds prevail against me: O be thou merciful unto our fins.
- 4 Bleffed is the man, whom thou choofeft, and receiveft unto thee: he shall dwell in thy court, and shall be fatisfied with the pleasures of thy house, even of thy holy temple.
- 5 Thou fhalt flow us wonderful things in thy righteoufnefs, O God of our falvation: thou that art the hope of all the ends of the earth, and of them that remain in the broad fea.
- 6 Who in his ftrength fetteth faft the mountains : and is girded about with power.

7 Who stilleth the raging of the fea: and the noise of his waves, and the madness of the people.

8 They also that dwell in the uttermost parts of the earth shall be assaid at thy tokens: thou that makest the outgoings of the morning and evening to praise thee.

9 Thou vifitest the earth, and blessest it: thou makest it very

plenteous.

10 The river of God is full of water: thou prepareft their corn, for fo thou provideft for the earth.

- 11 Thou waterest her furrows, thou sendest rain into the little valleys thereof: thou makest it soft with the drops of rain, and blessest the increase of it.
- 12 Thou crownest the year with thy goodness: and thy clouds drop fatness.
- 13 They shall drop upon the dwellings of the wilderness: and the little hills shall rejoice on every side.

14 The folds shall be full of sheep: the valleys also shall stand so thick with corn, that they shall

laugh and fing.

Psalm lxvi. Jubilate Deo.

Be joyful in God, all ye lands: fing praifes unto the honour of his Name, make his praife to be glorious.

2 Say unto God, O how wonderful art thou in thy works: through the greatness of thy power shall thine enemies be found liars unto thee.

3 For all the world fhall worfhip thee: fing of thee, and praife

thy Name.

- 4 O come hither, and behold the works of God: how wonderful he is in his doing toward the children of men.
- 5 He turned the fea into dry land: fo that they went through the water on foot; there did we rejoice thereof.
- 6 He ruleth with his power for ever; his eyes behold the people:

and fuch as will not believe shall not be able to exalt themselves.

7 O praife our God, ye people : and make the voice of his praife to be heard;

8 Who holdeth our foul in life: and fuffereth not our feet to flip.

- 9 For thou, O God, haft proved us: thou also hast tried us, like as filver is tried.
- 10 Thou broughtest us into the snare: and laidest trouble upon our loins.
- 11 Thou fuffereds men to ride over our heads: we went through fire and water, and thou broughtest us out into a wealthy place.
- 12 I will go into thine house with burnt-offerings: and will pay thee my vows, which I promised with my lips, and spake with my mouth, when I was in trouble.
- 13 I will offer unto thee fat burnt-facrifices, with the incenfe of rams: I will offer bullocks and goats.
- 14 O come hither, and hearken, all ye that fear God: and I will tell you what he hath done for my foul.

15 I called unto him with my mouth: and gave him praifes with

my tongue.

16 If I incline unto wickedness with mine heart: the Lord will not hear me.

17 But God hath heard me: and confidered the voice of my prayer.

18 Praifed be God who hath not caft out my prayer: nor turned his mercy from me.

Psalm lxvii. Deus mifereatur.

OD be merciful unto us, and U blefs us : and fhew us the light of his countenance, and be merciful unto us:

2 That thy way may be known upon earth: thy faving health a-

mong all nations.

3 Let the people praife thee, O God: yea, let all the people praife thee.

4 O let the nations rejoice and be glad: for thou shalt judge the folk righteously, and govern the nations upon earth.

5 Let the people praife thee, O God: let all the people praife

thee.

6 Then shall the earth bring forth her increase: and God, even our own God, shall give us his bleffing.

7 God shall blefs us: and all the ends of the world shall fear him.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm lxviii. Exurgat Deus.

LET God arife, and let his enemies be feattered: let them alfo that hate him flee before him.

2 Like as the fmoke vanisheth, fo fhalt thou drive them away: and like as wax melteth at the fire, fo let the ungodly perish at the prefence of God.

3 But let the righteous be glad and rejoice before God: let them

alfo be merry and joyful.

4 O fing unto God, and fing praifes unto his Name: magnify him that rideth upon the heavens, as it were upon an horfe; praife him in his Name JAH, and rejoice before him.

5 He is a Father of the fatherlefs, and defendeth the cause of the widows: even God in his holy

habitation.

6 He is the God that maketh men to be of one mind in an house, and bringeth the prifoners out of captivity: but letteth the runagates continue in fcarcenefs.

7 O God, when thou wentest forth before the people: when thou wentest through the wilderness,

8 The earth flook, and the heavens dropped at the prefence of God: even as Sinai alfo was moved at the prefence of God, who is the God of Ifrael.

9 Thou, O God, fentest a gracious rain upon thine inheritance: and refreshedst it when it was weary.

10 Thy congregation shall dwell therein: for thou, O God, haft of thy goodness prepared for the poor.

11 The Lord gave the word: great was the company of the preachers.

12 Kings with their armies did flee, and were difcomfited: and they of the houshold divided the

fpoil.

13 Though ye have lien among the pots, yet shall ye be as the wings of a dove : that is covered with filver wings, and her feathers like gold.

14 When the Almighty feattered kings for their fake: then were they as white as fnow in Salmon.

15 As the hill of Bafan, fo is God's hill: even an high hill, as the hill of Bafan.

16 Why hop ye fo, ye high hills? this is God's hill, in the which it pleafeth him to dwell: yea, the Lord will abide in it for ever.

17 The chariots of God are twenty thousand, even thousands of angels: and the Lord is among them, as in the holy place of Sinai.

18 Thou art gone up on high, thou haft led captivity captive, and received gifts for men: yea, even for thine enemies, that the Lord God might dwell among them.

19 Praifed be the Lord daily : even the God who helpeth us, and poureth his benefits upon us.

20 He is our God, even the God of whom cometh falvation: God is the Lord, by whom we escape death.

21 God shall wound the head of his enemies : and the hairy scalp of such a one as goeth on still in his wickedness.

22 The Lord hath faid, I will

bring my people again, as I did from Bafan: mine own will I bring again, as I did fometime from the deep of the fea.

23 That thy foot may be dipped in the blood of thine enemies: and that the tongue of thy dogs may be red through the fame.

24 It is well feen, O God, how thou goeft: how thou, my God and King, goeft in the fanctuary.

25 The fingers go before, the minftrels follow after: in the midft are the damfels playing with the timbrels.

26 Give thanks, O Ifrael, unto God the Lord in the congregations: from the ground of the heart.

27 There is little Benjamin their ruler, and the princes of Judah their counfel: the princes of Zabulon, and the princes of Nephthali.

28 Thy God hath fent forth ftrength for thee: ftablish the thing, O God, that thou hast wrought in us,

29 For thy temple's fake at Jerufalem: fo shall kings bring prefents unto thee.

30 When the company of the fpear-men, and multitude of the mighty are fcattered abroad among the beafts of the people, fo that they humbly bring pieces of filver: and when he hath fcattered the people that delight in war;

31 Then shall the princes come out of Egypt: the Morians' land

fhall foon ftretch out her hands unto God.

32 Sing unto God, O ye kingdoms of the earth: O fing praifes

unto the Lord;

33 Who fitteth in the heavens over all from the beginning: lo, he doth fend out his voice, yea, and that a mighty voice.

34 Afcribe ye the power to God over Ifrael: his worship, and

ftrength is in the clouds.

35 O God, wonderful art thou in thy holy places: even the God of Ifrael; he will give ftrength and power unto his people; bleffed be God.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm lxix. Salvum me fac.

SAVE me, O God: for the waters are come in, even unto my foul.

- 2 I flick fast in the deep mire, where no ground is: I am come into deep waters, so that the floods run over me.
- 3 I am weary of crying; my throat is dry: my fight faileth me for waiting fo long upon my God.
- 4 They that hate me without a cause are more than the hairs of my head: they that are mine enemies, and would destroy me guiltles, are mighty.
- 5 I paid them the things that I never took: God, thou knowest my simpleness, and my faults are not hid from thee.

6 Let not them that truft in thee, O Lord God of hofts, be a-fhamed for my cause: let not those that seek thee be consounded through me, O Lord God of Israel.

7 And why? for thy fake have I fuffered reproof: fhame hath co-

vered my face.

8 I am become a ftranger unto my brethren: even an alien unto

my mother's children.

9 For the zeal of thine house hath even eaten me: and the rebukes of them that rebuked thee are fallen upon me.

10 I wept, and chaftened myfelf with fafting: and that was turned

to my reproof.

11 I put on fackcloth alfo: and

they jested upon me.

I2 They that fit in the gate fpeak against me : and the drunkards make fongs upon me.

13 But, Lord, I make my prayer unto thee: in an acceptable time.

14 Hear me, O God, in the multitude of thy mercy: even in the truth of thy falvation.

15 Take me out of the mire, that I fink not: O let me be delivered from them that hate me, and out of the deep waters.

16 Let not the water-flood drown me, neither let the deep fwallow me up: and let not the pit shut her mouth upon me.

17 Hear me, O Lord, for thy loving-kindness is comfortable:

turn thee unto me according to the multitude of thy mercies.

18 And hide not thy face from thy fervant, for I am in trouble : O hafte thee, and hear me.

19 Draw nigh unto my foul, and fave it: O deliver me, because of mine enemies.

20 Thou hast known my reproof, my shame, and my dishonour: mine adversaries are all in

thy fight.

21 Thy rebuke hath broken my heart; I am full of heaviness: I looked for some to have pity on me, but there was no man, neither found I any to comfort me.

22 They gave me gall to eat: and when I was thirfty they gave

me vinegar to drink.

23 Let their table be made a fnare to take themselves withal: and let the things that should have been for their wealth be unto them an occasion of falling.

24 Let their eyes be blinded, that they fee not : and ever bow

thou down their backs.

25 Pour out thine indignation upon them: and let thy wrathful displeasure take hold of them.

26 Let their habitation be void: and no man to dwell in their tents.

27 For they perfecute him whom thou haft fmitten: and they talk how they may vex them whom thou haft wounded.

28 Let them fall from one wick-

edness to another: and not come into thy righteousness.

29 Let them be wiped out of the book of the living : and not be written among the righteous.

30 As for me, when I am poor and in heaviness: thy help, O God,

fhall lift me up.

31 I will praise the Name of God with a fong: and magnify it with thanksgiving.

32 This also shall please the Lord: better than a bullock that

hath horns and hoofs.

33 The humble fhall confider this, and be glad: feek ye after God, and your foul fhall live.

34 For the Lord heareth the poor : and defpifeth not his pri-

foners.

35 Let heaven and earth praife him: the fea, and all that moveth therein.

36 For God will fave Sion, and build the cities of Judah: that men may dwell there, and have it in possession.

37 The posterity also of his fervants shall inherit it and they that love his Name shall dwell therein.

Psalm lxx. Deus in adjutorium.

ASTE thee, O God, to deliver me: make hafte to help me, O Lord.

2 Let them be ashamed and confounded that seek after my foul: let them be turned backward and put to confusion that wish me evil.

3 Let them for their reward be foon brought to fhame: that cry over me, There, there.

4 But let all those that seek thee be joyful and glad in thee: and let all such as delight in thy salvation say alway, The Lord be praised.

5 As for me, I am poor and in mifery: hafte thee unto me, O God.

6 Thou art my helper, and my redeemer: O Lord, make no long tarrying.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm lxxi. In te, Domine, speravi.

In thee, O Lord, have I put my trust, let me never be put to confusion: but rid me, and deliver me, in thy righteousness; incline thine ear unto me, and save me.

2 Be thou my ftrong hold, whereunto I may alway refort: thou haft promifed to help me, for thou art my house of defence, and my castle.

3 Deliver me, O my God, out of the hand of the ungodly : out of the hand of the unrighteous and cruel man.

4 For thou, O Lord God, art the thing that I long for: thou art my hope, even from my youth.

5 Through thee have I been holden up ever fince I was born: thou art he that took me out of my mother's womb; my praife shall always be of thee.

6 I am become as it were a

monfter unto many: but my fure trust is in thee.

7 O let my mouth be filled with thy praise: that I may fing of thy glory and honour all the day long.

8 Cast me not away in the time of age: forsake me not when my

ftrength faileth me.

9 For mine enemies fpeak against me, and they that lay wait for my foul take their counsel together, faying: God hath forfaken him; perfecute him, and take him, for there is none to deliver him.

10 Go not far from me, O God: my God, hafte thee to help me.

11 Let them be confounded and perish that are against my foul: let them be covered with shame and dishonour that seek to do me evil.

12 As for me, I will patiently abide alway: and will praife thee more and more.

13 My mouth fhall daily fpeak of thy righteoufness and falvation: for I know no end thereof.

14 I will go forth in the ftrength of the Lord God: and will make mention of thy righteoufness only.

15 Thou, O God, hast taught me from my youth up until now: therefore will I tell of thy wondrous works.

16 Forfake me not, O God, in mine old age, when I am gray-headed: until I have shewed thy strength unto this generation, and

thy power to all them that are yet for to come.

17 Thy righteoufnefs, O God, is very high: and great things are they that thou haft done; O God, who is like unto thee?

18 O what great troubles and adverfities haft thou shewed me! and yet didft thou turn and refresh me : yea, and broughtest me from the deep of the earth again.

19 Thou haft brought me to great honour : and comforted me

on every fide.

20 Therefore will I praise thee and thy faithfulnefs, O God, playing upon an inftrument of mufick: unto thee will I fing upon the harp, O thou Holy One of Ifrael.

21 My lips will be fain when I fing unto thee: and fo will my foul whom thou haft delivered.

22 My tongue alfo shall talk of thy righteoufness all the day long : for they are confounded and brought unto shame that feek to do me evil.

Psalm Ixxii. Deus, judicium.

TIVE the King thy judge-T ments, O God: and thy righteoufness unto the King's son.

2 Then shall be judge thy people according unto right: and de-

fend the poor.

3 The mountains alfo fhall bring peace: and the little hills righteoufness unto the people.

4 He shall keep the simple folk by

their right: defend the children of the poor, and punish the wrong doer.

5 They shall fear thee, as long as the fun and moon endureth: from

one generation to another.

6 He shall come down like the rain into a fleece of wool: even as the drops that water the earth.

- 7 In his time shall the righteous flourish: yea, and abundance of peace, fo long as the moon endureth.
- 8 His dominion shall be also from the one fea to the other: and from the flood unto the world's end.

9 They that dwell in the wildernefs shall kneel before him: his enemies shall lick the dust.

10 The kings of Tharfis and of the ifles shall give prefents: the kings of Arabia and Saba shall bring gifts.

11 All kings fhall fall down before him: all nations shall do him

fervice.

12 For he fhall deliver the poor when he crieth: the needy alfo, and him that hath no helper.

13 He fhall be favourable to the fimple and needy: and fhall pre-

ferve the fouls of the poor.

14 He fhall deliver their fouls from falfhood and wrong: and dear fhall their blood be in his fight.

15 He shall live, and unto him fhall be given of the gold of Arabia: prayer shall be made ever unto him, and daily shall he be praised.

16 There shall be an heap of corn in the earth, high upon the hills: his fruit shall shake like Libanus, and fhall be green in the city like grafs upon the earth.

17 His Name shall endure for ever; his Name shall remain under the fun among the posterities: which shall be blessed through him; and all the heathen shall praise him.

18 Bleffed be the Lord God. even the God of Ifrael: which only doeth wondrous things;

19 And bleffed be the Name of his Majesty for ever : and all the earth shall be filled with his Majesty. Amen, Amen.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm lxxiii. Quam bonus Ifrael! TRULY God is loving unto Ifrael: even unto fuch as are of a clean heart.

2 Nevertheless, my feet were almost gone: my treadings had

well-nigh flipt.

3 And why? I was grieved at the wicked: I do also see the ungodly in fuch prosperity.

4 For they are in no peril of death: but are lufty and ftrong.

5 They come in no misfortune like other folk : neither are they plagued like other men.

6 And this is the cause that they are fo holden with pride: and overwhelmed with cruelty.

7 Their eyes fwell with fatnefs: and they do even what they luft.

8 They corrupt other, and fpeak of wicked blafphemy: their talking is against the most High.

9 For they ftretch forth their mouth unto the heaven: and their tongue goeth through the world.

10 Therefore fall the people unto them: and thereout fuck they no finall advantage.

11 Tufh, fay they, how fhould God perceive it : is there know-

ledge in the most High?

I2 Lo, thefe are the ungodly, thefe prosper in the world, and thefe have riches in possession: and I faid, Then have I cleanfed my heart in vain, and wafhed mine hands in innocency.

13 All the day long have I been punifhed : and chaftened

every morning.

14 Yea, and I had almost faid even as they: but lo, then I should have condemned the generation of thy children.

15 Then thought I to understand this: but it was too hard for me,

16 Until I went into the fanctuary of God: then understood I the end of these men;

17 Namely, how thou doft fet them in flippery places: and cafteft them down, and destroyest them.

18 Oh, how fuddenly do they confume : perifh, and come to a fearful end!

19 Yea; even like as a dream when one awaketh: fo shalt thou make their image to vanish out of the city.

20 Thus my heart was grieved: and it went even through my reins.

21 So foolish was I, and ignorant: even as it were a beast before thee.

22 Nevertheless, I am alway by thee: for thou hast holden me by my right hand.

23 Thou fhalt guide me with thy counfel: and after that re-

ceive me with glory.

24 Whom have I in heaven but thee: and there is none upon earth that I defire in comparison of thee.

25 My flesh and my heart faileth: but God is the strength of my heart, and my portion for ever.

26 For lo, they that forfake thee shall perish: thou hast destroyed all them that commit fornication against thee.

27 But it is good for me to hold me fast by God, to put my trust in the Lord God: and to speak of all thy works in the gates of the daughter of Sion.

Psalm lxxiv. Ut quid, Deus?

O God, wherefore art thou abfent from us fo long: why is thy wrath fo hot against the sheep of thy pasture?

2 O think upon thy congregation: whom thou haft purchased,

and redeemed of old.

3 Think upon the tribe of thine

inheritance: and mount Sion, wherein thou hast dwelt.

4 Lift up thy feet, that thou mayest utterly destroy every enemy: which hath done evil in thy fanctuary.

5 Thine adverfaries roar in the midft of thy congregations: and fet up their banners for tokens.

6 He that hewed timber afore out of the thick trees: was known to bring it to an excellent work.

7 But now they break down all the carved work thereof: with axes and hammers.

8 They have fet fire upon thy holy places: and have defiled the dwelling-place of thy Name, even unto the ground.

9 Yea, they faid in their hearts, Let us make havock of them altogether: thus have they burnt up all the houses of God in the land.

10 We fee not our tokens, there is not one prophet more: no, not one is there among us, that understandeth any more.

11 O God, how long shall the adversary do this dishonour: how long shall the enemy blaspheme thy Name, for ever?

12 Why withdrawest thou thy hand: why pluckest thou not thy right hand out of thy boson to consume the enemy?

13 For God is my King of old: the help that is done upon earth he doeth it himfelf.

14 Thou didft divide the feathrough thy power: thou brakeft the heads of the dragons in the waters.

15 Thou fmotest the heads of Leviathan in pieces: and gavest him to be meat for the people in the wilderness.

16 Thou broughtest out fountains and waters out of the hard rocks: thou driedst up mighty waters.

17 The day is thine, and the night is thine: thou haft prepared the light and the fun.

18 Thou haft fet all the borders of the earth: thou haft made fum-

mer and winter.

19 Remember this, O Lord, how the enemy hath rebuked: and how the foolish people hath blasphemed thy Name.

20 O deliver not the foul of thy turtle-dove unto the multitude of the enemies: and forget not the congregation of the poor for ever.

21 Look upon the covenant: for all the earth is full of darknefs, and cruel habitations.

22 O let not the fimple go away ashamed: but let the poor and needy give praise unto thy Name.

23 Arife, O God, maintain thine own cause: remember how the foolish man blasphemeth thee daily.

24 Forget not the voice of thine enemies: the prefumption of them

that hate thee increafeth ever more and more.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm lxxv. Confitebimur tibi.

UNTO thee, O God, do we give thanks: yea, unto thee do we give thanks.

- 2 Thy Name also is so nigh: and that do thy wondrous works declare.
- 3 When I receive the congregation: I shall judge according unto right.

4 The earth is weak, and all the inhabiters thereof: I bear up the

pillars of it.

5 I faid unto the fools, Deal not fo madly: and to the ungodly, Set not up your horn.

6 Set not up your horn on high:

and fpeak not with a ftiff neck.

7 For promotion cometh neither from the east, nor from the west: nor yet from the fouth.

8 And why? God is the Judge: he putteth down one, and fetteth

up another.

9 For in the hand of the Lord there is a cup, and the wine is red: it is full mixed, and he poureth out of the fame.

10 As for the dregs thereof: all the ungodly of the earth shall drink them, and fuck them out.

11 But I will talk of the God of Jacob: and praise him for ever.

12 All the horns of the ungodly

alfo will I break: and the horns of the righteous shall be exalted.

Psalm Ixxvi. Notus in Judæa.

IN Jewry is God known: his Name is great in Ifrael.

2 At Salem is his tabernacle:

and his dwelling in Sion.

3 There brake he the arrows of the bow: the fhield, the fword, and the battle.

4 Thou art of more honour and might: than the hills of the robbers.

- 5 The proud are robbed, they have flept their fleep: and all the men whose hands were mighty have found nothing.
- 6 At thy rebuke, O God of Jacob: both the chariot and horfe are fallen.
- 7 Thou, even thou art to be feared: and who may ftand in thy fight when thou art angry?

S Thou didft cause thy judgement to be heard from heaven: the earth trembled, and was still,

9 When God arofe to judgement: and to help all the meek upon earth.

10 The fierceness of man shall turn to thy praise: and the fierceness of them shalt thou refrain.

Il Promife unto the Lord your God, and keep it, all ye that are round about him: bring prefents unto him that ought to be feared.

12 He shall refrain the spirit of princes: and is wonderful among the kings of the earth.

Psalm lxxvii. Voce mea ad Dominum.

I Will cry unto God with my voice: even unto God will I cry with my voice, and he shall hearken unto me.

2 In the time of my trouble I fought the Lord: my fore ran, and ceafed not in the night fea fon; my foul refused comfort.

3 When I am in heavinefs, I will think upon God: when my heart is vexed, I will complain.

4 Thou holdest mine eyes waking: I am so feeble, that I cannot speak.

5 I have confidered the days of old: and the years that are paft.

6 I call to remembrance my fong: and in the night I commune with mine own heart, and fearch out my fpirits.

7 Will the Lord absent himself for ever : and will he be no more

intreated?

8 Is his mercy clean gone for ever : and is his promife come utterly to an end for evermore?

9 Hath God forgotten to be gracious: and will he flut up his loving-kindness in displeasure?

10 And I faid, It is mine own infirmity: but I will remember the years of the right hand of the most Highest.

11 I will remember the works of the Lord: and call to mind thy wonders of old time.

12 I will think also of all thy works : and my talking shall be of thy doings.

13 Thy way, O God, is holy: who is fo great a God as our God?

14 Thou art the God that doeth wonders: and haft declared thy power among the people.

15 Thou haft mightily delivered thy people : even the fons of Jacob

and Joseph.

16 The waters faw thee, O God, the waters faw thee, and were afraid: the depths also were troubled.

17 The clouds poured out water, the air thundered : and thine arrows went abroad.

18 The voice of thy thunder was heard round about : the light-nings fhone upon the ground; the earth was moved, and fhook withal.

19 Thy way is in the fea, and thy paths in the great waters: and thy footsteps are not known.

20 Thou leddeft thy people like fheep: by the hand of Mofes and

Aaron.

Evening Prayer.

PSALM IXXVIII. Attendite, popule. EAR my law, O my people: incline your ears unto the words of my mouth.

2 I will open my mouth in a parable: I will declare hard fen-

tences of old;

- 3 Which we have heard and known: and fuch as our fathers have told us;
- 4 That we should not hide them from the children of the generations to come: but to shew the honour of the Lord, his mighty and wonderful works that he hath done.
- 5 He made a covenant with Jacob, and gave Ifrael a law: which he commanded our forefathers to teach their children;
- 6 That their posterity might know it : and the children which were yet unborn;

7 To the intent that when they came up: they might shew their children the fame;

- 8 That they might put their trust in God: and not to forget the works of God, but to keep his commandments;
- 9 And not to be as their forefathers, a faithless and stubborn generation: a generation that set not their heart aright, and whose spirit cleaveth not stedsaftly unto God;
- 10 Like as the children of Ephraim: who being harneffed, and carrying bows, turned themfelves back in the day of battle.

11 They kept not the covenant of God: and would not walk in his law;

12 But forgat what he had done: and the wonderful works that he had shewed for them.

13 Marvellous things did he in

the fight of our forefathers, in the land of Egypt: even in the field of Zoan.

14 He divided the fea, and let them go through: he made the waters to ftand on an heap.

15 In the day-time also he led them with a cloud: and all the night through with a light of fire.

16 He clave the hard rocks in the wildernefs: and gave them drink thereof, as it had been out of the great depth.

17 He brought waters out of the ftony rock : fo that it gushed

out like the rivers.

18 Yet for all this they finned more against him: and provoked the most Highest in the wilderness.

- 19 They tempted God in their hearts: and required meat for their luft.
- 20 They fpake against God also, faying: Shall God prepare a table in the wilderness?
- 21 He fmote the ftony rock indeed, that the water gushed out, and the streams flowed withal: but can be give bread also, or provide flesh for his people?

22 When the Lord heard this, he was wroth: fo the fire was kindled in Jacob, and there came up heavy displeasure against Israel;

23 Because they believed not in God: and put not their trust in his help.

24 So he commanded the clouds }

above : and opened the doors of heaven.

- 25 He rained down manna alfo upon them for to eat: and gave them food from heaven.
- 26 So man did eat angels food : for he fent them meat enough.
- 27 He caufed the eaft-wind to blow under heaven: and through his power he brought in the fouth-west-wind.
- 28 He rained flesh upon them as thick as dust: and feathered fowls like as the fand of the sea.
- 29 He let it fall among their tents: even round about their habitation.
- 30 So they did eat, and were well filled; for he gave them their own defire: they were not difappointed of their luft.
- 31 But while the meat was yet in their mouths, the heavy wrath of God came upon them, and flew the wealthieft of them: yea, and fmote down the chofen men that were in Ifrael.
- 32 But for all this they finned yet more : and believed not his wondrous works.
- 33 Therefore their days did he confume in vanity: and their years in trouble.
- 34 When he flew them, they fought him: and turned them early, and enquired after God.

35 And they remembered that

God was their ftrength: and that the high God was their redeemer.

36 Nevertheless, they did but flatter him with their mouth: and dissembled with him in their tongue.

37 For their heart was not whole with him: neither continued they

stedfast in his covenant.

38 But he was fo merciful, that he forgave their mifdeeds: and destroyed them not.

39 Yea, many a time turned he his wrath away: and would not fuffer his whole displeasure to arise.

40 For he confidered that they were but flesh: and that they were even a wind that passeth away, and cometh not again.

41 Many a time did they provoke him in the wildernefs: and

grieved him in the defert.

42 They turned back, and tempted God: and moved the Holy One in Ifrael.

- 43 They thought not of his hand: and of the day when he delivered them from the hand of the enemy;
- 44 How he had wrought his miracles in Egypt: and his wonders in the field of Zoan.
- 45 He turned their waters into blood: fo that they might not drink of the rivers.
- 46 He fent lice among them, and devoured them up : and frogs to deftroy them.

47 He gave their fruit unto the

caterpillar: and their labour unto the grafshopper.

48 He deftroyed their vines with hail-ftones : and their mul-

berry-trees with the frost.

49 He finote their cattle alfo with hail-ftones: and their flocks with hot thunder-bolts.

50 He cast upon them the furiousness of his wrath, anger, displeasure, and trouble : and sent evil angels among them.

51 He made a way to his indignation, and fpared not their foul from death: but gave their

life over to the peftilence;

52 And fmote all the firstborn in Egypt: the most principal and mightiest in the dwellings of Ham.

- 53 But as for his own people, he led them forth like sheep: and carried them in the wilderness like a flock.
- 54 He brought them out fafely, that they should not fear: and overwhelmed their enemies with the fea.
- 55 And brought them within the borders of his fanctuary: even to his mountain which he purchafed with his right hand.
- 56 He cast out the heathen also before them: caused their land to be divided among them for an heritage, and made the tribes of Israel to dwell in their tents.
 - 57 So they tempted, and dif-

pleafed the most high God: and

kept not his testimonies;

58 But turned their backs, and fell away like their forefathers: ftarting afide like a broken bow.

59 For they grieved him with their hill-altars: and provoked him to difpleafure with their images.

60 When God heard this, he was wroth: and took fore dif-

pleafure at Ifrael.

61 So that he forfook the tabernacle in Silo: even the tent that he had pitched among men.

62 He delivered their power into captivity: and their beauty

into the enemy's hand.

63 He gave his people over alfo unto the fword : and was wroth with his inheritance.

64 The fire confumed their young men : and their maidens

were not given to marriage.

65 Their priefts were flain with
the fword : and there were no wi-

dows to make lamentation.

66 So the Lord awaked as one out of fleep: and like a giant refreshed with wine.

67 He fmote his enemies in the hinder parts: and put them to a perpetual fhame.

68 He refused the tabernacle of Joseph: and chose not the tribe of

Ephraim ;

dah: even the hill of Sion which he loved.

70 And there he built his temple on high: and laid the foundation of it like the ground which he hath made continually.

71 He chofe David also his fervant: and took him away from

the fheep-folds.

72 As he was following the ewes great with young ones he took him: that he might feed Jacob his people, and Ifrael his inheritance.

73 So he fed them with a faithful and true heart: and ruled them prudently with all his power.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm lxxix. Deus, venerunt.

O God, the heathen are come into thine inheritance: thy holy temple have they defiled, and made Jerufalem an heap of ftones.

- 2 The dead bodies of thy fervants have they given to be meat unto the fowls of the air: and the flesh of thy faints unto the beafts of the land.
- 3 Their blood have they fled like water on every fide of Jerufalem: and there was no man to bury them.
- 4 We are become an open fhame to our enemies: a very fcorn and derifion unto them that are round about us.
- 5 Lord, how long wilt thou be angry: fhall thy jealoufy burn like fire for ever?
 - 6 Pour out thine indignation

upon the heathen that have not known thee: and upon the kingdoms that have not called upon thy Name.

7 For they have devoured Jacob: and laid waite his dwelling-place.

S O remember not our old fins, but have mercy upon us, and that foon: for we are come to great mifery.

9 Help us, O God of our falvation, for the glory of thy Name: O deliver us, and be merciful unto our fins, for thy Name's fake.

10 Wherefore do the heathen fay: Where is now their God?

11 O let the vengeance of thy fervants' blood that is fhed: be openly flewed upon the heathen in our fight.

12 O let the forrowful fighing of the prifoners come before thee: according to the greatness of thy power, preserve thou those that

are appointed to die.

13 And for the blasphemy wherewith our neighbours have blasphemed thee: reward thou them, O Lord, seven-fold into their bosom.

14 So we, that are thy people, and sheep of thy pasture, shall give thee thanks for ever: and will alway be shewing forth thy praise from generation to generation.

PSALM IXXX. Qui regis Ifrael.

HEAR, O thou Shepherd of Ifrael, thou that leadest Joseph

like a fleep: flew thyfelf alfo, thou that fittest upon the cherubims.

2 Before Ephraim, Benjamin, and Manasses: stir up thy strength,

and come, and help us.

3 Turn us again, O God: fhew the light of thy countenance, and we shall be whole.

4 O Lord God of hofts: how long wilt thou be angry with thy

people that prayeth?

5 Thou feedest them with the bread of tears: and givest them plenteousness of tears to drink.

6 Thou haft made us a very strife unto our neighbours : and our enemies laugh us to scorn.

7 Turn us again, thou God of hofts: fhew the light of thy countenance, and we shall be whole.

8 Thou haft brought a vine out of Egypt: thou haft caft out the heathen, and planted it.

9 Thou madeft room for it: and when it had taken root it

filled the land.

10 The hills were covered with the fhadow of it: and the boughs thereof were like the goodly cedar-trees.

11 She stretched out her branches unto the fea : and her boughs unto the river.

12 Why haft thou then broken down her hedge: that all they that go by pluck off her grapes?

13 The wild boar out of the

wood doth root it up: and the wild beafts of the field devour it.

14 Turn thee again, thou God of hofts, look down from heaven: behold, and vifit this vine;

15 And the place of the vineyard that thy right hand hath planted: and the branch that thou madest fo strong for thyself.

16 It is burnt with fire, and cut down: and they shall perish at the rebuke of thy countenance.

17 Let thy hand be upon the man of thy right hand : and upon the fon of man, whom thou madeft fo ftrong for thine own felf.

18 And fo will not we go back from thee: O let us live, and we

fhall call upon thy Name.

19 Turn us again, O Lord God of hofts: fhew the light of thy countenance, and we shall be whole.

Psalm lxxxi. Exultate Deo.

SING we merrily unto God our ftrength: make a cheerful noise unto the God of Jacob.

- 2 Take the pfalm, bring hither the tabret: the merry harp with the lute.
- 3 Blow up the trumpet in the new-moon: even in the time appointed, and upon our folemn feaft-day.
- 4 For this was made a ftatute for Ifrael: and a law of the God of Jacob.
- 5 This he ordained in Joseph for a testimony: when he came

out of the land of Egypt, and had heard a ftrange language.

6 I eafed his fhoulder from the burden: and his hands were deli-

vered from making the pots.

7 Thou calledft upon me in troubles, and I delivered thee: and heard thee what time as the ftorm fell upon thee.

8 I proved thee also: at the

waters of strife.

9 Hear, O my people, and I will affure thee, O Ifrael: if thou wilt hearken unto me,

10 There shall no strange god be in thee: neither shalt thou wor-

thip any other god.

- 11 I am the Lord thy God, who brought thee out of the land of Egypt: open thy mouth wide, and I shall fill it.
- 12 But my people would not hear my voice : and Ifrael would not obey me.

13 So I gave them up unto their own hearts' lufts: and let them follow their arm imaginations

low their own imaginations.

14 O that my people would have hearkened unto me: for if Ifrael had walked in my ways,

15 I should foon have put down their enemies : and turned my hand

against their adversaries.

16 The haters of the Lord fhould have been found liars: but their time fhould have endured for ever.

17 He should have fed them

alfo with the fineft wheat-flour: and with honey out of the ftony rock should I have fatisfied thee.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm lxxxii. Deus stetit.

OD standeth in the congregation of princes : he is a Judge among gods.

2 How long will ye give wrong judgement: and accept the per-

fons of the ungodly?

3 Defend the poor and fatherlefs: fee that fuch as are in need and necessity have right.

4 Deliver the out-cast and poor: fave them from the hand of the

ungodly.

- 5 They will not be learned nor understand, but walk on still in darknefs: all the foundations of the earth are out of courfe.
- 6 I have faid, Ye are gods: and ye are all the children of the most Higheft.

7 But ye shall die like men: and fall like one of the princes.

8 Arife, O God, and judge thou the earth: for thou fhalt take all heathen to thine inheritance.

Psalm lxxxiii. Deus, quis fimilis?

HOLD not thy tongue, O God, keep not still silence : refrain not thyfelf, O God.

2 For lo, thine enemies make a murmuring: and they that hate thee have lift up their head.

3 They have imagined craftily

against thy people : and taken counfel against thy secret ones.

- 4 They have faid, Come, and let us root them out, that they be no more a people : and that the name of Ifrael may be no more in remembrance.
- 5 For they have caft their heads together with one confent : and are confederate against thee;

6 The tabernacles of the Edomites, and the Ifmaelites: the Moabites, and Hagarens;

7 Gebal, and Ammon, and Amalek: the Philiftines, with them

that dwell at Tyre.

- 8 Affur also is joined with them: and have holpen the children of Lot.
- 9 But do thou to them as unto the Madianites: unto Sifera, and unto Jabin at the brook of Kilon;

10 Who perifhed at Endor: and became as the dung of the earth.

- 11 Make them and their princes like Oreb and Zeb: yea, make all their princes like as Zeba and Salmana;
- 12 Who fay, Let us take to ourfelves: the houses of God in poffession.

13 O my God, make them like unto a wheel: and as the ftubble before the wind;

14 Like as the fire that burneth up the wood: and as the flame that confumeth the mountains.

15 Perfecute them even fo with

 $\mathbf{R} \mathbf{r}$

thy tempest: and make them afraid with thy storm.

16 Make their faces ashamed, O Lord: that they may seek thy Name.

17 Let them be confounded and vexed ever more and more: let them be put to fhame, and perifh.

18 And they shall know that thou, whose Name is Jehovah: art only the most Highest over all the earth.

Psalm lxxxiv. Quam dilecta!

O How amiable are thy dwellings: thou Lord of hofts!

2 My foul hath a defire and longing to enter into the courts of the Lord: my heart and my flesh rejoice in the living God.

3 Yea, the sparrow hath found her an house, and the swallow a nest where she may lay her young : even thy altars, O Lord of hosts, my King and my God.

4 Bleffed are they that dwell in thy house: they will be alway

praising thee.

5 Bleffed is the man whofe ftrength is in thee: in whofe heart are thy ways.

6 Who going through the vale of mifery use it for a well: and the pools are filled with water.

7 They will go from ftrength to ftrength: and unto the God of gods appeareth every one of them in Sion.

8 O Lord God of hofts, hear my prayer : hearken, O God of Jacob.

9 Behold, O God our defender:

and look upon the face of thine Anointed.

10 For one day in thy courts: is better than a thousand.

11 I had rather be a door-keeper in the house of my God: than to dwell in the tents of ungodliness.

12 For the Lord God is a light and defence: the Lord will give grace and worship, and no good thing shall he withhold from them that live a godly life.

13 O Lord God of hofts: bleffed is the man that putteth his truft

in thee.

Psalm lxxxv. Benedixifti, Domine.

L ORD, thou art become gracious unto thy land: thou haft turned away the captivity of Jacob.

- 2 Thou hast forgiven the offence of thy people : and covered all their fins.
- 3 Thou haft taken away all thy displeasure: and turned thyself from thy wrathful indignation.

4 Turn us then, O God our Saviour: and let thine anger cease from us.

- 5 Wilt thou be displeased at us for ever: and wilt thou stretch out thy wrath from one generation to another?
- 6 Wilt thou not turn again, and quicken us: that thy people may rejoice in thee?

7 Shew us thy mercy, O Lord: and grant us thy falvation.

S I will hearken what the Lord God will fay concerning me: for he shall speak peace unto his people, and to his faints, that they turn not again.

9 For his falvation is nigh them that fear him: that glory may dwell

in our land.

10 Mercy and truth are met together: righteoufness and peace have kissed each other.

11 Truth shall flourish out of the earth : and righteousness hath looked down from heaven.

12 Yea, the Lord fhall fhew loving-kindness: and our land shall

give her increase.

13 Righteoufness shall go before him: and he shall direct his going in the way.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm lxxvi. Inclina, Domine.
BOW down thine ear, O Lord,
and hear me: for I am poor,
and in mifery.

2 Preferve thou my foul, for I am holy: my God, fave thy fervant that putteth his trust in thee.

3 Be merciful unto me, O Lord:

for I will call daily upon thee.

4 Comfort the foul of thy fervant: for unto thee, O Lord, do I lift up my foul.

5 For thou, Lord, art good and gracious: and of great mercy unto all them that call upon thee.

6 Give ear, Lord, unto my

prayer: and ponder the voice of my humble defires.

7 In the time of my trouble I will call upon thee: for thou hearest me.

8 Åmong the gods there is none like unto thee, O Lord: there is not one that can do as thou doeft.

- 9 All nations whom thou haft made shall come and worship thee, O Lord: and shall glorify thy Name.
- 10 For thou art great, and doeft wondrous things: thou art God alone.
- 11 Teach me thy way, O Lord, and I will walk in thy truth: O knit my heart unto thee, that I may fear thy Name.

12 I will thank thee, O Lord my God, with all my heart : and will praife thy Name for evermore.

13 For great is thy mercy toward me: and thou haft delivered my foul from the nethermost hell.

14 O God, the proud are rifen against me: and the congregations of naughty men have fought after my foul, and have not set thee before their eyes.

15 But thou, O Lord God, art full of compassion and mercy: long-fuffering, plenteous in good-

nefs and truth.

16 O turn thee then unto me, and have mercy upon me: give thy ftrength unto thy fervant, and help the fon of thine handmaid.

17 Shew fome token upon me

for good, that they who hate me may fee it, and be ashamed: because thou, Lord, hast holpen me, and comforted me.

Psalm lxxxvii. Fundamenta ejus.

ER foundations are upon the holy hills: the Lord loveth the gates of Sion more than all the dwellings of Jacob.

2 Very excellent things are fpoken of thee: thou city of God.

3 I will think upon Rahab and Babylon: with them that know me

4 Behold ye the Philiftines also: and they of Tyre, with the Morians; lo, there was he born.

5 And of Sion it shall be reported that he was born in her: and the most High shall stablish her.

6 The Lord shall rehearse it when he writeth up the people: that he was born there.

7 The fingers also and trumpeters shall be rehearse: All my fresh springs shall be in thee.

Psalm lxxxviii. Domine Deus.

Lord God of my falvation, I have cried day and night before thee: O let my prayer enter into thy prefence, incline thine ear unto my calling.

2 For my foul is full of trouble: and my life draweth nigh unto hell.

3 I am counted as one of them that go down into the pit: and I have been even as a man that hath no ftrength.

4 Free among the dead, like unto them that are wounded, and lie in the grave: who are out of remembrance, and are cut away from thy hand.

5 Thou haft laid me in the lowest pit: in a place of darkness,

and in the deep.

6 Thine indignation lieth hard upon me : and thou haft vexed me with all thy froms.

7 Thou haft put away mine acquaintance far from me: and made me to be abhorred of them.

8 I am fo fast in prison: that I

cannot get forth.

9 My fight faileth for very trouble: Lord, I have called daily upon thee, I have firetched forth my hands unto thee.

10 Doft thou flew wonders among the dead or fhall the dead rife up again, and praife thee?

11 Shall thy loving-kindness be shewed in the grave : or thy faith-

fulness in destruction?

12 Shall thy wondrous works be known in the dark : and thy righteourness in the land where all things are forgotten?

13 Unto thee have I cried, O Lord: and early fhall my prayer

come before thee.

14 Lord, why abhorrest thou my foul: and hidest thou thy face from me?

15 I am in mifery, and like unto him that is at the point to die: even

from my youth up thy terrors have I fuffered with a troubled mind.

16 Thy wrathful difpleafure goeth over me : and the fear of thee hath undone me.

17 They came round about me daily like water: and compafied

me together on every fide.

18 My lovers and friends haft thou put away from me: and hid mine acquaintance out of my fight.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm lxxxix. Mifericordias Domini.

Y fong shall be alway of the loving-kindness of the Lord: with my mouth will I ever be shewing thy truth from one generation to another.

2 For I have faid, Mercy fhall be fet up for ever: thy truth fhalt thou ftablish in the heavens.

3 I have made a covenant with my chofen: I have fworn unto David my fervant;

4 Thy feed will I stablish for ever : and fet up thy throne from

one generation to another.

5 O Lord, the very heavens fhall praife thy wondrous works : and thy truth in the congregation of the faints.

- 6 For who is he among the clouds: that shall be compared unto the Lord?
 - 7 And what is he among the

gods: that shall be like unto the Lord?

8 God is very greatly to be feared in the counfel of the faints: and to be had in reverence of all them that are round about him.

9 O Lord God of hofts, who is like unto thee: thy truth, most mighty Lord, is on every fide.

10 Thou ruleft the raging of the fea: thou ftilleft the waves thereof

when they arife.

11 Thou haft fubdued Egypt, and deftroyed it: thou haft feattered thine enemies abroad with thy mighty arm.

12 The heavens are thine, the earth also is thine: thou hast laid the foundation of the round world,

and all that therein is.

13 Thou haft made the north and the fouth: Tabor and Hermon shall rejoice in thy Name.

14 Thou haft a mighty arm: ftrong is thy hand, and high is thy

right hand.

15 Righteoufness and equity are the habitation of thy feat: mercy and truth shall go before thy face.

- 16 Bleffed is the people, O Lord, that can rejoice in thee: they shall walk in the light of thy countenance.
- 17 Their delight shall be daily in thy Name: and in thy right-cousiness shall they make their boast.

18 For thou art the glory of their

ftrength: and in thy loving-kindnefs thou fhalt lift up our horns.

19 For the Lord is our defence: the Holy One of Ifrael is our King.

20 Thou fpakest sometime in visions unto thy faints, and saidst: I have laid help upon one that is mighty; I have exalted one chosen out of the people.

21 I have found David my fervant: with my holy oil have I

anointed him.

22 My hand shall hold him fast: and my arm shall strengthen him.

- 23 The enemy shall not be able to do him violence: the fon of wickedness shall not hurt him.
- 24 I will fmite down his foes before his face : and plague them that hate him.
- 25 My truth also and my mercy shall be with him: and in my Name shall his horn be exalted.
- 26 I will fet his dominion also in the fea : and his right hand in the floods.
- 27 He shall call me, Thou art my Father: my God, and my strong salvation.

28 And I will make him my first-born: higher than the kings

of the earth.

29 My mercy will I keep for him for evermore: and my covenant shall stand fast with him.

30 His feed also will I make to endure for ever : and his throne as the days of heaven.

31 But if his children forfake my law: and walk not in my judgements;

32 If they break my ftatutes, and keep not my commandments: I will vifit their offences with the rod, and their fin with fcourges.

- 33 Nevertheless, my loving-kindness will I not utterly take from him : nor suffer my truth to fail.
- 34 My covenant will I not break, nor alter the thing that is gone out of my lips: I have fworn once by my holinefs, that I will not fail David.
- 35 His feed shall endure for ever : and his feat is like as the sun before me.
- 36 He shall stand fast for evermore as the moon : and as the faithful witness in heaven.
- 37 But thou haft abhorred and forfaken thine Anointed: and art displeased at him.

38 Thou haft broken the covenant of thy fervant : and caft his

crown to the ground.

39 Thou haft overthrown all his hedges: and broken down his ftrong holds.

40 All they that go by fpoil him: and he is become a reproach

to his neighbours.

41 Thou hast fet up the right hand of his enemies : and made all his adversaries to rejoice.

42 Thou haft taken away the

edge of his fword : and giveft him

not victory in the battle.

43 Thou haft put out his glory: and cast his throne down to the ground.

44 The days of his youth haft thou fhortened: and covered him

with dishonour.

45 Lord, how long wilt thou hide thyfelf, for ever : and shall thy wrath burn like fire?

46 O remember how fhort my time is: wherefore haft thou made

all men for nought?

- 47 What man is he that liveth, and fhall not fee death: and fhall he deliver his foul from the hand of hell?
- 48 Lord, where are thy old loving-kindnesses : which thou fwarest unto David in thy truth?

49 Remember, Lord, the rebuke that thy fervants have: and how I do bear in my bosom the

rebukes of many people;

50 Wherewith thine enemies have blasphemed thee, and flandered the footsteps of thine Anointed: Praifed be the Lord for evermore. Amen, and Amen.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm xc. Domine, refugium.

LORD, thou hast been our refuge: from one generation to another.

2 Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever the earth

and the world were made: thou art God from everlasting, and world without end.

3 Thou turnest man to destruction: again thou fayeft, Come a-

gain, ye children of men.

4 For a thousand years in thy fight are but as yesterday: seeing that is past as a watch in the night.

5 As foon as thou fcatterest them they are even as a fleep: and fade away fuddenly like the grafs.

6 In the morning it is green, and groweth up: but in the evening it is cut down, dried up, and withered.

7 For we confume away in thy displeasure : and are asraid at thy wrathful indignation.

8 Thou haft fet our mifdeeds before thee : and our fecret fins in the light of thy countenance.

- 9 For when thou art angry all our days are gone; we bring our years to an end, as it were a tale that is told.
- 10 The days of our age are threefcore years and ten; and though men be fo ftrong that they come to fourfcore years : yet is their ftrength then but labour and forrow; fo foon paffeth it away, and we are gone.

11 But who regardeth the power of thy wrath: for even thereafter as a man feareth, fo is thy difpleafure.

12 O teach us to number our

days: that we may apply our hearts unto wifdom.

13 Turn thee again, O Lord, at the laft: and be gracious unto thy fervants.

14 O fatisfy us with thy mercy, and that foon: fo fhall we rejoice and be glad all the days of our life.

15 Comfort us again now after the time that thou haft plagued us: and for the years wherein we have fuffered adverfity.

16 Shew thy fervants thy work:

and their children thy glory.

17 And the glorious Majesty of the Lord our God be upon us: prosper thou the work of our hands upon us, O prosper thou our handy-work.

Psalm xei. Qui habitat.

WHOSO dwelleth under the defence of the most High: shall abide under the shadow of the Almighty.

2 I will fay unto the Lord, Thou art my hope, and my ftrong hold:

my God, in him will I truft.

3 For he shall deliver thee from the snare of the hunter: and from

the noifome peftilence.

4 He shall defend thee under his wings, and thou shalt be safe under his feathers: his faithfulness and truth shall be thy shield and buckler.

5 Thou fhalt not be afraid for any terror by night: nor for the arrow that flieth by day;

6 For the peftilence that walk-

eth in darknefs: nor for the ficknefs that deftroyeth in the noon-day.

7 A thousand shall fall beside thee, and ten thousand at thy right hand: but it shall not come nigh thee.

8 Yea, with thine eyes fhalt thou behold: and fee the reward of the

ungodly.

9 For thou, Lord, art my hope: thou haft fet thine house of defence very high.

10 There shall no evil happen unto thee : neither shall any plague

come nigh thy dwelling.

11 For he shall give his angels charge over thee: to keep thee in all thy ways.

12 They shall bear thee in their hands: that thou hurt not thy foot

against a stone.

13 Thou fhalt go upon the lion and adder: the young lion and the dragon fhalt thou tread under thy feet.

14 Because he hath set his love upon me, therefore will I deliver him: I will set him up, because he

hath known my Name.

15 He shall call upon me, and I will hear him: yea, I am with him in trouble; I will deliver him, and bring him to honour.

16 With long life will I fatisfy him: and shew him my falvation.

Psalm xeii. Bonum est consiteri.

IT is a good thing to give thanks unto the Lord: and to

fing praifes unto thy Name, O

most Highest;

2 To tell of thy loving-kindness early in the morning: and of thy truth in the night-season;

3 Upon an inftrument of ten ftrings, and upon the lute: upon a loud inftrument, and upon the

harp.

4 For thou, Lord, haft made me glad through thy works: and I will rejoice in giving praife for the operations of thy hands.

5 O Lord, how glorious are thy works: thy thoughts are very deep.

- 6 An unwife man doth not well confider this: and a fool doth not understand it.
- 7 When the ungodly are green as the grafs, and when all the workers of wickedness do flourish: then shall they be destroyed for ever; but thou, Lord, art the most Highest for evermore.

8 For lo, thine enemies, O Lord, lo, thine enemies shall perish: and all the workers of wickedness shall

be deftroyed.

9 But mine horn shall be exalted like the horn of an unicorn: for I am anointed with fresh oil.

10 Mine eye also shall see his lust of mine enemies: and mine ear shall hear his desire of the wicked that arise up against me.

11 The righteous shall flourish like a palm-tree : and shall spread abroad like a cedar in Libanus.

- 12 Such as are planted in the house of the Lord: shall flourish in the courts of the house of our God.
- 13 They also shall bring forth more fruit in their age: and shall be fat and well-liking.

14 That they may flow how true the Lord my ftrength is: and that there is no unrighteoufness in him.

Ebening Prayer.

Psalm xciii. Dominus regnavit.

THE Lord is King, and hath put on glorious apparel: the Lord hath put on his apparel, and girded himfelf with ftrength.

2 He hath made the round world fo fure: that it cannot be moved.

3 Ever fince the world began hath thy feat been prepared: thou art from everlafting.

4 The floods are rifen, O Lord, the floods have lift up their voice: the floods lift up their waves.

5 The waves of the fea are mighty, and rage horribly: but yet the Lord, who dwelleth on high, is mightier.

6 Thy testimonies, O Lord, are very sure: holiness becometh thine

house for ever.

PSALM XCIV. Deus ultionum.

O Lord God, to whom vengeance belongeth: thou God, to whom vengeance belongeth, shew thyself.

2 Arife, thou Judge of the world

and reward the proud after their deferving.

3 Lord, how long fhall the ungodly: how long fhall the ungodly

triumph?

4 How long shall all wicked doers speak so disdainfully : and make such proud boasting?

5 They finite down thy people, O Lord: and trouble thine

heritage.

- 6 They murder the widow, and the ftranger: and put the father-lefs to death.
- 7 And yet they fay, Tufh, the Lord fhall not fee: neither fhall the God of Jacob regard it.
- 8 Take heed, ye unwife among the people : O ye fools, when will ye understand?
- 9 He that planted the ear, fhall he not hear : or he that made the eye, fhall he not fee?

10 Or he that nurtureth the heathen: it is he that teacheth man knowledge, fhall not he punish?

- 11 The Lord knoweth the thoughts of man: that they are but vain.
- 12 Bleffed is the man whom thou chafteneft, O Lord: and teacheft him in thy law;

13 That thou mayest give him patience in time of adversity: until the pit be digged up for the ungodly.

14 For the Lord will not fail his people: neither will he forfake his inheritance;

- 15 Until righteoufness turn again unto judgement : all such as are true in heart shall follow it.
- 16 Who will rife up with me against the wicked: or who will take my part against the evil-doers?

17 If the Lord had not helped me: it had not failed but my foul

had been put to filence.

18 But when I faid, My foot hath flipt: thy mercy, O Lord, held me up.

- 19 In the multitude of the forrows that I had in my heart : thy comforts have refreshed my foul.
- 20 Wilt thou have any thing to do with the ftool of wickedness: which imagineth mischief as a law?
- 21 They gather them together against the soul of the righteous: and condemn the innocent blood.
- 22 But the Lord is my refuge: and my God is the strength of my confidence.
- 23 He shall recompense them their wickedness, and destroy them in their own malice: yea, the Lord our God shall destroy them.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm xcv. Venite, exultemus.

- Come, let us fing unto the Lord: let us heartily rejoice in the strength of our falvation.
- 2 Let us come before his prefence with thankfgiving: and flow ourfelves glad in him with pfalms.

3 For the Lord is a great God: and a great King above all gods.

4 In his hand are all the corners of the earth: and the ftrength of the hills is his alfo.

5 The fea is his, and he made it: and his hands prepared the

dry land.

6 O come, let us worship and fall down: and kneel before the Lord our Maker.

7 For he is the Lord our God: and we are the people of his pafture, and the fheep of his hand.

8 To-day if ye will hear his voice, harden not your hearts: as in the provocation, and as in the day of temptation in the wildernefs;

9 When your fathers tempted me: proved me, and faw my works.

10 Forty years long was I grieved with this generation, and faid: It is a people that do err in their hearts, for they have not known my ways;

11 Unto whom I fware in my wrath: that they fhould not enter

into my rest.

Psalm xcvi. Cantate Domino.

O Sing unto the Lord a new fong: fing unto the Lord, all the whole earth.

2 Sing unto the Lord, and praife his Name: be telling of his falva-

tion from day to day.

3 Declare his honour unto the heathen: and his wonders unto all people.

4 For the Lord is great, and cannot worthily be praifed: he is more to be feared than all gods.

5 As for all the gods of the heathen, they are but idols: but it is the Lord that made the heavens.

6 Glory and worship are before him: power and honour are in his fanctuary.

7 Afcribe unto the Lord, O ye kindreds of the people : afcribe unto the Lord worship and power.

8 Afcribe unto the Lord the honour due unto his Name: bring prefents, and come into his courts.

9 O worship the Lord in the beauty of holiness: let the whole

earth ftand in awe of him.

10 Tell it out among the heathen that the Lord is King: and that it is he who hath made the round world fo fast that it cannot be moved; and how that he shall judge the people righteously.

II Let the heavens rejoice, and let the earth be glad: let the fea make a noife, and all that therein is.

12 Let the field be joyful, and all that is in it: then shall all the trees of the wood rejoice before the Lord.

13 For he cometh, for he cometh to judge the earth : and with righteourners to judge the world, and the people with his truth.

Psalm xevii. Dominus regnavit.

THE Lord is King, the earth may be glad thereof: yea,
S s 2

the multitude of the ifles may be

glad thereof.

2 Clouds and darkness are round about him: righteousness and judgement are the habitation of his feat.

3 There shall go a fire before him: and burn up his enemies

on every fide.

- 4 His lightnings gave shine unto the world: the earth faw it, and was afraid.
- 5 The hills melted like wax at the prefence of the Lord: at the prefence of the Lord of the whole earth.
- 6 The heavens have declared his righteoufnefs: and all the people have feen his glory.
- 7 Confounded be all they that worship carved images, and that delight in vain gods: worship him,

all ye gods.

8 Sion heard of it, and rejoiced: and the daughters of Judah were glad, because of thy judgements, O Lord.

9 For thou, Lord, art higher than all that are in the earth: thou art exalted far above all gods.

10 O ye that love the Lord, fee that ye hate the thing which is evil: the Lord preferveth the fouls of his faints; he shall deliver them from the hand of the ungodly.

11 There is fprung up a light for the righteous: and joyful gladnefs for fuch as are true-hearted. 12 Rejoice in the Lord, ye righteous: and give thanks for a remembrance of his holinefs.

Evening Prayer.

PSALM XCVIII. Cantate Domino.

O Sing unto the Lord a new fong: for he hath done marvellous things.

2 With his own right hand, and with his holy arm: hath he gotten

himself the victory.

3 The Lord declared his falvation: his righteousness hath he openly shewed in the fight of the heathen.

4 He hath remembered his mercy and truth toward the house of Ifrael: and all the ends of the world have seen the salvation of our God.

5 Shew yourfelves joyful unto the Lord, all ye lands : fing, re-

joice, and give thanks.

6 Praife the Lord upon the harp: fing to the harp with a pfalm of thankfgiving.

7 With trumpets also, and shawms: O shew yourselves joyful before the Lord the King.

8 Let the fea make a noise, and all that therein is: the round world,

and they that dwell therein.

9 Let the floods clap their hands, and let the hills be joyful together before the Lord: for he is come to judge the earth.

10 With righteoufness shall be judge the world : and the people

with equity.

Psalm xeix. Dominus regnavit. THE Lord is King, be the peo-L ple never fo impatient : he fitteth between the cherubins, be the earth never fo unquiet.

2 The Lord is great in Sion: and

high above all people.

3 They shall give thanks unto thy Name: which is great, won-

derful, and holy.

4 The King's power loveth judgement; thou hast prepared equity: thou haft executed judgement and righteoufness in Jacob.

5 O magnify the Lord our God: and fall down before his footstool,

for he is holy.

6 Mofes and Aaron among his priefts, and Samuel among fuch as call upon his Name: thefe called upon the Lord, and he heard them.

7 He spake unto them out of the cloudy pillar: for they kept his testimonies, and the law that he

gave them.

8 Thou heardest them, O Lord our God: thou forgavest them, O God, and punishedst their own inventions.

9 O magnify the Lord our God, and worship him upon his holy hill: for the Lord our God is holy.

Psalm c. Jubilate Deo.

O Be joyful in the Lord, all ye lands: ferve the Lord with gladness, and come before his prefence with a fong.

2 Be ye fure that the Lord he is | he shall be my fervant.

God: it is he that hath made us, and not we ourfelves; we are his people, and the sheep of his pasture.

3 O go your way into his gates with thankfgiving, and into his courts with praife: be thankful unto him, and fpeak good of his Name.

4 For the Lord is gracious, his mercy is everlafting: and his truth endureth from generation to generation.

Psalm ci. Mifericordiam et judicium.

MY fong shall be of mercy and judgement: unto thee, O Lord, will I fing.

2 O let me have understand-

ing: in the way of godlinefs.

3 When wilt thou come unto me: I will walk in my house with

a perfect heart.

4 I will take no wicked thing in hand; I hate the fins of unfaithfulness: there shall no such cleave unto me.

5 A froward heart shall depart from me: I will not know a wicked person.

6 Whofo privily flandereth his neighbour: him will I destroy.

- 7 Whofo hath alfo a proud look and high ftomach: I will not fuffer him.
- 8 Mine eyes look upon fuch as are faithful in the land: that they may dwell with me.

9 Whofo leadeth a godly life:

10 There shall no deceitful perfon dwell in my house: he that telleth lies shall not tarry in my fight.

11 I shall foon destroy all the ungodly that are in the land: that I may root out all wicked doers

from the city of the Lord.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm cii. Domine, exaudi.

HEAR my prayer, O Lord: and let my crying come unto thee.

2 Hide not thy face from me in the time of my trouble : incline thine ear unto me when I call; O hear me, and that right foon.

3 For my days are confumed away like finoke: and my bones are burnt up as it were a fire-brand.

4 My heart is fmitten down, and withered like grafs: fo that I

forget to eat my bread.

5 For the voice of my groaning: my bones will fcarce cleave to my flesh.

6 I am become like a pelican in the wildernefs : and like an owl

that is in the defert.

7 I have watched, and am even ' as it were a fparrow: that fitteth

alone upon the houfe-top.

8 Mine enemies revile me all the day long: and they that are mad upon me are fworn together against me.

9 For I have eaten ashes as it

were bread: and mingled my drink with weeping;

10 And that because of thine indignation and wrath: for thou haft taken me up, and caft me down.

11 My days are gone like a fladow: and I am withered like grafs.

12 But, thou, O Lord, fhalt endure for ever : and thy remembrance throughout all generations.

13 Thou fhalt arife, and have mercy upon Sion: for it is time that thou have merey upon her, yea, the time is come.

14 And why? thy fervants think upon her ftones: and it pitieth them to fee her in the duft.

15 The heathen shall fear thy Name, O Lord: and all the kings of the earth thy Majesty;

16 When the Lord shall build up Sion: and when his glory shall

appear;

17 When he turneth him unto the prayer of the poor destitute: and despifeth not their desire.

18 This shall be written for those that come after: and the people which shall be born shall praise the Lord.

19 For he hath looked down from his fanctuary: out of the heaven did the Lord behold the earth;

20 That he might hear the mournings of fuch as are in captivity: and deliver the children

appointed unto death;

21 That they may declare the Name of the Lord in Sion: and his worship at Jerusalem;

22 When the people are gathered together: and the kingdoms also, to serve the Lord.

23 He brought down my strength in my journey: and fhortened my

days.

24 But I faid, O my God, take me not away in the midst of mine age: as for thy years, they endure throughout all generations.

25 Thou, Lord, in the beginning haft laid the foundation of the earth: and the heavens are

the work of thy hands.

26 They shall perish, but thou fhalt endure: they all fhall wax

old as doth a garment;

27 And as a vefture fhalt thou change them, and they shall be changed: but thou art the fame, and thy years shall not fail.

28 The children of thy fervants shall continue: and their feed shall

stand fast in thy fight.

Psalm ciii. Benedic, anima mea. **D**RAISE the Lord, O my foul : and all that is within me praife his holy Name.

2 Praife the Lord, O my foul: and forget not all his benefits;

3 Who forgiveth all thy fin: and healeth all thine infirmities;

4 Who faveth thy life from

deftruction: and crowneth thee with mercy and loving-kindness;

5 Who fatisfieth thy mouth with good things: making thee young

and lufty as an eagle.

6 The Lord executeth righteoufnefs and judgement : for all them that are oppreffed with wrong.

7 He shewed his ways unto Mofes: his works unto the chil-

dren of Ifrael.

8 The Lord is full of compaffion and mercy: long-fuffering, and of great goodnefs.

9 He will not alway be chiding: neither keepeth he his anger

for ever.

10 He hath not dealt with us after our fins : nor rewarded us according to our wickednesses.

11 For look how high the heaven is in comparison of the earth: fo great is his mercy also toward them that fear him.

12 Look how wide also the east is from the west: fo far hath he fet our fins from us.

13 Yea, like as a father pitieth his own children: even fo is the Lord merciful unto them that fear him.

14 For he knoweth whereof we are made: he remembereth that we are but duft.

15 The days of man are but as grafs: for he flourisheth as a flower of the field.

16 For as foon as the wind go-

eth over it, it is gone : and the place thereof shall know it no more.

17 But the merciful goodness of the Lord endureth for ever and ever upon them that fear him: and his righteoufness upon children's children;

18 Even upon fuch as keep his covenant : and think upon his commandments to do them.

19 The Lord hath prepared his feat in heaven : and his king-

dom ruleth over all.

- 20 O praife the Lord, ye angels of his, ye that excel in strength: ye that fulfil his commandment, and hearken unto the voice of his words.
- 21 O praise the Lord, all ye his hofts: ye fervants of his that do his pleafure.
- 22 O fpeak good of the Lord, all ye works of his, in all places of his dominion: praife thou the Lord, O my foul.

Evening Praper.

Psalm civ. Benedic, anima mea.

DRAISE the Lord, O my foul: I O Lord my God, thou art become exceeding glorious; thou art clothed with majesty and honour.

2 Thou deckeft thyfelf with light as it were with a garment : and fpreadest out the heavens like a curtain.

3 Who layeth the beams of his chambers in the waters : and maketh the clouds his chariot, and walketh upon the wings of the wind.

4 He maketh his angels fpirits: and his ministers a flaming fire.

- 5 He laid the foundations of the earth: that it never should move at any time.
- 6 Thou covereds it with the deep like as with a garment: the waters ftand in the hills.
- 7 At thy rebuke they flee: at the voice of thy thunder they are afraid.
- 8 They go up as high as the hills, and down to the valleys beneath: even unto the place which thou haft appointed for them.
- 9 Thou haft fet them their bounds which they shall not pass: neither turn again to cover the earth.
- 10 He fendeth the fprings into the rivers: which run among the hills.
- 11 All beafts of the field drink thereof: and the wild affes quench their thirst.
- 12 Befide them shall the fowls of the air have their habitation: and fing among the branches.

13 He watereth the hills from above: the earth is filled with the

fruit of thy works.

14 He bringeth forth grafs for the cattle: and green herb for the fervice of men;

15 That he may bring food out

of the earth, and wine that maketh glad the heart of man: and oil to make him a cheerful countenance, and bread to strengthen man's heart.

16 The trees of the Lord alfo are full of fap: even the cedars of Libanus which he hath planted;

17 Wherein the birds make their nefts: and the fir-trees are a dwell-

ing for the ftork.

18 The high hills are a refuge for the wild goats: and fo are the ftony rocks for the conies.

19 He appointed the moon for certain feafons: and the fun know-

eth his going down.

20 Thou makeft darkness that it may be night: wherein all the beafts of the forest do move.

21 The lions roaring after their prey: do feek their meat from God.

22 The fun arifeth, and they get them away together: and lay them down in their dens.

23 Man goeth forth to his work, and to his labour: until the evening.

24 O Lord, how manifold are thy works : in wifdom haft thou made them all; the earth is full of thy riches.

25 So is the great and wide fea alfo: wherein are things creeping innumerable, both finall and great

beafts.

26 There go the ships, and there is that Leviathan: whom thou haft made to take his pastime therein.

27 These wait all upon thee: that thou mayest give them meat in due feafon.

28 When thou giveft it them they gather it: and when thou openeft thy hand they are filled with good.

29 When thou hideft thy face they are troubled: when thou takeft away their breath they die, and are turned again to their duft.

30 When thou letteft thy breath go forth they shall be made : and thou fhalt renew the face of the earth.

31 The glorious Majesty of the Lord shall endure for ever: the Lord shall rejoice in his works.

32 The earth shall tremble at the look of him: if he do but touch the hills, they shall smoke.

33 I will fing unto the Lord as long as I live: I will praife my God while I have my being.

34 And fo fhall my words pleafe him: my joy shall be in the Lord.

35 As for finners, they shall be confumed out of the earth, and the ungodly shall come to an end : praife thou the Lord, O my foul, praise the Lord.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM CV. Confitemini Domino. Give thanks unto the Lord, U and call upon his Name : tell the people what things he

hath done.

2 O let your fongs be of him, and praife him: and let your talking be of all his wondrous works.

3 Rejoice in his holy Name: let the heart of them rejoice that feek

the Lord.

- 4 Seek the Lord and his ftrength: feek his face evermore.
- 5 Remember the marvellous works that he hath done : his wonders, and the judgements of his mouth,
- 6 O ye feed of Abraham his fervant : ye children of Jacob his chofen.

7 He is the Lord our God: his judgements are in all the world.

8 He hath been alway mindful of his covenant and promife: that he made to a thousand generations;

9 Even the covenant that he made with Abraham: and the oath that he fware unto Ifaac;

10 And appointed the fame unto Jacob for a law: and to Ifrael for an everlafting testament;

11 Saying, Unto thee will I give the land of Canaan: the lot

of your inheritance;

12 When there were yet but a few of them: and they ftrangers in the land;

13 What time as they went from one nation to another: from one

kingdom to another people;

14 He fuffered no man to do them wrong: but reproved even kings for their fakes; 15 Touch not mine Anointed : and do my prophets no harm.

16 Moreover, he called for a dearth upon the land : and deftroyed all the provision of bread.

17 But he had fent a man before them: even Joseph, who was fold to be a bond-fervant;

18 Whofe feet they hurt in the ftocks: the iron entered into his foul:

19 Until the time came that his cause was known: the word of the Lord tried him.

20 The king fent, and delivered him: the prince of the people let him go free.

21 He made him Lord also of his house: and ruler of all his substance;

22 That he might inform his princes after his will: and teach his fenators wifdom.

23 Ifrael also came into Egypt: and Jacob was a stranger in the land of Ham.

24 And he increased his people exceedingly: and made them stronger than their enemies;

25 Whose heart turned so, that they hated his people : and dealt

untruly with his fervants.

26 Then fent he Mofes his fervant: and Aaron whom he had chofen.

27 And these shewed his tokens among them: and wonders in the land of Ham.

 $Day\ 21.$

28 He fent darknefs, and it was dark: and they were not obedient unto his word.

29 He turned their waters into

blood: and flew their fish.

30 Their land brought forth frogs: yea, even in their kings' chambers.

31 He fpake the word, and there came all manner of flies: and lice

in all their quarters.

- 32 He gave them hail-ftones for rain: and flames of fire in their land.
- 33 He fmote their vines also and fig-trees: and deftroyed the trees that were in their coafts.
- 34 He fpake the word, and the grafshoppers came, and caterpillars innumerable : and did eat up all the grafs in their land, and devoured the fruit of their ground.

35 He finote all the first-born in their land: even the chief of all

their ftrength.

- 36 He brought them forth alfo with filver and gold: there was not one feeble perfon among their tribes.
- 37 Egypt was glad at their departing: for they were afraid of them.
- 38 He fpread out a cloud to be a covering: and fire to give light in the night-feafon.

39 At their defire he brought quails: and he filled them with the bread of heaven.

40 He opened the rock of ftone, and the waters flowed out: fo that rivers ran in the dry places.

41 For why? he remembered his holy promife : and Abraham

his fervant.

42 And he brought forth his people with joy: and his chosen with gladness;

43 And gave them the lands of the heathen: and they took the labours of the people in poffession;

44 That they might keep his ftatutes: and observe his laws.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm cvi. Confitemini Domino.

Give thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious : and his mercy endureth for ever.

2 Who can express the noble acts of the Lord: or flew forth

all his praife?

- 3 Bleffed are they that alway keep judgement : and do righteoufnefs.
- 4 Remember me, O Lord, according to the favour that thou beareft unto thy people: O vifit me with thy falvation;
- 5 That I may fee the felicity of thy chosen: and rejoice in the gladness of thy people, and give thanks with thine inheritance.
- 6 We have finned with our fathers : we have done amifs, and dealt wickedly.

7 Our fathers regarded not thy

wonders in Egypt, neither kept they thy great goodness in remembrance: but were disobedient at the sea, even at the Red sea.

8 Neverthelefs, he helped them for his Name's fake: that he might make his power to be known.

- 9 He rebuked the Red fea alfo, and it was dried up : fo he led them through the deep, as through a wildernefs.
- 10 And he faved them from the adverfary's hand: and delivered them from the hand of the enemy.
- 11 As for those that troubled them, the waters overwhelmed them: there was not one of them lest.

12 Then believed they his words: and fang praife unto him.

- 13 But within a while they forgat his works: and would not abide his counfel.
- 14 But lust came upon them in the wilderness: and they tempted God in the desert.
- 15 And he gave them their defire: and fent leanness withal into their foul.
- 16 They angered Mofes also in the tents: and Aaron the faint of the Lord.
- 17 So the earth opened, and fwallowed up Dathan: and covered the congregation of Abiram.
- 18 And the fire was kindled in their company: the flame burnt up the ungodly.

19 They made a calf in Horeb: and worshipped the molten image.

20 Thus they turned their glory: into the fimilitude of a calf that eateth hay.

21 And they forgat God their Saviour: who had done fo great things in Egypt;

22 Wondrous works in the land of Ham: and fearful things by

the Red fea.

23 So he faid, he would have deftroyed them, had not Mofes his chofen ftood before him in the gap: to turn away his wrathful indignation, left he fhould deftroy them.

24 Yea, they thought fcorn of that pleafant land: and gave no

credence unto his word;

25 But murmured in their tents: and hearkened not unto the voice of the Lord.

- 26 Then lift he up his hand against them: to overthrow them in the wilderness;
- 27 To cast out their feed among the nations: and to scatter them in the lands.
- 28 They joined themselves unto Baal-peor: and ate the offerings of the dead.
- 29 Thus they provoked him to anger with their own inventions: and the plague was great among them.
- 30 Then ftood up Phinees and prayed: and fo the plague ceafed.

31 And that was counted unto him for righteoufnefs: among all posterities for evermore.

32 They angered him alfo at the waters of strife: so that he punish-

ed Mofes for their fakes;

33 Because they provoked his fpirit: fo that he fpake unadvifedly with his lips.

34 Neither destroyed they the heathen: as the Lord command-

ed them;

35 But were mingled among the heathen: and learned their works.

- 36 Infomuch that they worfhipped their idols, which turned to their own decay : yea, they offered their fons and their daughters unto devils;
- 37 And fled innocent blood, even the blood of their fons and of their daughters: whom they offered unto the idols of Canaan; and the land was defiled with blood.

38 Thus were they stained with their own works: and went a whoring with their own inventions.

- 39 Therefore was the wrath of the Lord kindled against his people: infomuch that he abhorred his own inheritance.
- 40 And he gave them over into the hand of the heathen: and they that hated them were lords over them.
- 41 Their enemies oppressed them: and had them in subjection.

42 Many a time did he deliver | foul fainted in them.

them: but they rebelled against him with their own inventions, and were brought down in their wickednefs.

Day 22.

43 Nevertheless, when he saw their adverfity: he heard their

complaint.

44 He thought upon his covenant, and pitied them, according unto the multitude of his mercies: yea, he made all those that led them away captive to pity them.

45 Deliver us, O Lord our God, and gather us from among the heathen: that we may give thanks unto thy holy Name, and make

our boaft of thy praife. 46 Bleffed be the Lord God of

Ifrael from everlafting, and world without end: and let all the peo-

ple fay, Amen.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm cvii. Confitemini Domino.

Give thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious : and his mercy endureth for ever.

2 Let them give thanks whom the Lord hath redeemed: and delivered from the hand of the enemy;

- 3 And gathered them out of the lands, from the eaft, and from the west: from the north, and from the fouth.
- 4 They went aftray in the wildernefs out of the way: and found no city to dwell in;

5 Hungry and thirsty : their

6 So they cried unto the Lord in their trouble: and he delivered them from their diffrefs.

7 He led them forth by the right way: that they might go to the

city where they dwelt.

8 O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!

9 For he fatisfieth the empty foul: and filleth the hungry foul

with goodnefs.

10 Such as fit in darknefs, and in the fladow of death: being faft

bound in mifery and iron;

11 Because they rebelled against the words of the Lord: and lightly regarded the counsel of the most Highest;

I2 He also brought down their heart through heaviness: they fell down, and there was none to help

them.

- 13 So when they cried unto the Lord in their trouble: he delivered them out of their diffrefs.
- 14 For he brought them out of darkness, and out of the shadow of death: and brake their bonds in funder.
- 15 O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodnefs: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!
- 16 For he hath broken the gates of brafs: and fmitten the bars of iron in funder.

- 17 Foolish men are plagued for their offence: and because of their wickedness.
- 18 Their foul abhorred all manner of meat: and they were even hard at death's door.
- 19 So when they cried unto the Lord in their trouble: he delivered them out of their diffress.
- 20 He fent his word, and healed them: and they were faved from their destruction.
- 21 O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodnefs: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!
- 22 That they would offer unto him the facrifice of thankfgiving: and tell out his works with gladnefs!
- 23 They that go down to the fea in fhips: and occupy their bufiness in great waters;
- 24 Thefe men fee the works of the Lord: and his wonders in the deep.
- 25 For at his word the ftormy wind arifeth: which lifteth up the waves thereof.
- 26 They are carried up to the heaven, and down again to the deep: their foul melteth away because of the trouble.
- 27 They reel to and fro, and ftagger like a drunken man: and are at their wit's end.
- 28 So when they cry unto the Lord in their trouble: he delivereth them out of their diffress.

29 For he maketh the ftorm to ceafe: fo that the waves thereof are still.

30 Then are they glad, because they are at reft : and fo he bringeth them unto the haven where

they would be.

31 O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodnefs: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!

32 That they would exalt him also in the congregation of the people: and praife him in the feat of the elders!

33 Who turneth the floods into a wildernefs: and drieth up the

water-fprings.

34 A fruitful land maketh he barren: for the wickedness of them that dwell therein.

35 Again, he maketh the wildernefs a flanding water : and water-fprings of a dry ground.

36 And there he fetteth the hungry: that they may build

them a city to dwell in;

37 That they may fow their land, and plant vineyards : to yield them fruits of increase.

38 He bleffeth them, fo that they multiply exceedingly: and fuffereth not their cattle to decreafe.

39 And again, when they are minished, and brought low: through oppression, through any plague, or trouble:

40 Though he fuffer them to be evil intreated through tyrants: and let them wander out of the way in the wildernefs;

41 Yet helpeth he the poor out of mifery: and maketh him houfe-

holds like a flock of sheep.

42 The righteous will confider this, and rejoice: and the mouth of all wickedness shall be stopped.

43 Whofo is wife will ponder thefe things: and they shall understand the loving-kindness of the Lord.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm cviii. Paratum cor meum.

God, my heart is ready, my heart is ready : I will fing and give praife with the best member that I have.

2 Awake, thou lute, and harp: I myfelf will awake right early.

- 3 I will give thanks unto thee, O Lord, among the people: I will fing praifes unto thee among the nations.
- 4 For thy mercy is greater than the heavens: and thy truth reacheth unto the clouds.
- 5 Set up thyfelf, O God, above the heavens : and thy glory above all the earth.
- 6 That thy beloved may be delivered : let thy right hand fave them, and hear thou me.
- 7 God hath fpoken in his holinefs: I will rejoice therefore, and

divide Sichem, and mete out the valley of Succoth.

8 Gilead is mine, and Manasses is mine: Ephraim alfo is the

ftrength of my head.

9 Judah is my law-giver, Moab is my wash-pot : over Edom will I caft out my shoe; upon Philistia will I triumph.

10 Who will lead me into the ftrong city: and who will bring

me into Edom?

11 Haft not thou forfaken us, O God: and wilt not thou, O God, go forth with our hofts?

12 O help us againft the enemy:

for vain is the help of man.

13 Through God we shall do great acts: and it is he that shall tread down our enemies.

Psalm cix. Deus laudum.

TOLD not thy tongue, O God of my praife: for the mouth of the ungodly, yea, the mouth of the deceitful is opened upon me.

- 2 And they have fpoken against me with false tongues: they compaffed me about also with words of hatred, and fought against me without a caufe.
- 3 For the love that I had unto them, lo, they take now my contrary part: but I give myfelf unto prayer.

4 Thus have they rewarded me evil for good : and hatred for my

good will.

be ruler over him: and let Satan ftand at his right hand.

6 When fentence is given upon him, let him be condemned: and let his prayer be turned into fin.

7 Let his days be few: and

let another take his office.

8 Let his children be fatherlefs: and his wife a widow.

9 Let his children be vagabonds, and beg their bread: let them feek it also out of desolate places.

10 Let the extortioner confume all that he hath: and let the ftran-

ger fpoil his labour.

11 Let there be no man to pity him: nor to have compassion upon his fatherlefs children.

- 12 Let his posterity be deftroyed: and in the next generation let his name be clean put
- 13 Let the wickedness of his fathers be had in remembrance in the fight of the Lord : and let not the fin of his mother be done away.

14 Let them alway be before the Lord: that he may root out the memorial of them from off the earth:

15 And that, because his mind was not to do good: but perfecuted the poor helplefs man, that he might flay him that was vexed at the heart.

16 His delight was in curfing, 5 Set thou an ungodly man to and it shall happen unto him: he loved not bleffing, therefore shall it be far from him.

17 He clothed himfelf with curfing, like as with a raiment : and it fhall come into his bowels like water, and like oil into his bones.

18 Let it be unto him as the cloke that he hath upon him: and as the girdle that he is al-

way girded withal.

19 Let it thus happen from the Lord unto mine enemies: and to those that speak evil against my foul.

20 But deal thou with me, O Lord God, according unto thy Name: for fweet is thy mercy.

21 O deliver me, for I am helplefs and poor: and my heart is wounded within me.

22 I go hence like the fladow that departeth: and am driven

away as the grafshopper.

23 My knees are weak through fafting: my flesh is dried up for want of fatnefs.

24 I became also a reproach unto them: they that looked upon me shaked their heads.

25 Help me, O Lord my God: O fave me according to thy mercy;

26 And they shall know, how that this is thy hand: and that

thou, Lord, haft done it.

27 Though they curfe, yet blefs thou: and let them be confounded that rife up against me; but let thy fervant rejoice.

28 Let mine adverfaries be clothed with fhame: and let them cover themselves with their own confusion, as with a cloke.

29 As for me, I will give great thanks unto the Lord with my mouth: and praife him among

the multitude:

30 For he shall stand at the right hand of the poor : to fave his foul from unrighteous judges.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm ex. Dixit Dominus.

THE Lord faid unto my Lord : Left Sit thou on my right hand, until I make thine enemies thy footftool.

- 2 The Lord shall fend the rod of thy power out of Sion: be thou ruler, even in the midft among thine enemies.
- 3 In the day of thy power shall the people offer thee free-will offerings with an holy worship: the dew of thy birth is of the womb of the morning.

4 The Lord fware, and will not repent : Thou art a Priest for ever after the order of Melchifedech.

5 The Lord upon thy right hand: fhall wound even kings in the day of his wrath.

6 He shall judge among the heathen; he shall fill the places with the dead bodies: and fmite in funder the heads over divers countries.

7 He shall drink of the brook in the way: therefore shall he lift up his head.

Psalm cxi. Confitebor tibi.

Will give thanks unto the Lord with my whole heart: fecretly among the faithful, and in the congregation.

2 The works of the Lord are great: fought out of all them that

have pleafure therein.

3 His work is worthy to be praifed, and had in honour : and his righteoufness endureth for ever.

- 4 The merciful and gracious Lord hath fo done his marvellous works: that they ought to be had in remembrance.
- 5 He hath given meat unto them that fear him: he shall ever be mindful of his covenant.
- 6 He hath shewed his people the power of his works: that he may give them the heritage of the heathen.
- 7 The works of his hands are verity and judgement: all his commandments are true.

8 They fland fast for ever and ever : and are done in truth and

equity.

- ¹9 He fent redemption unto his people: he hath commanded his covenant for ever; holy and reverend is his Name.
- 10 The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wifdom: a good understanding have all they that do

thereafter; the praife of it endureth for ever.

Psalm exii. Beatus vir.

BLESSED is the man that feareth the Lord: he hath great delight in his commandments.

2 His feed shall be mighty upon earth: the generation of the faith-

ful fhall be bleffed.

- 3 Riches and plenteoufness shall be in his house: and his righteousness endureth for ever.
- 4 Unto the godly there ariseth up light in the darkness: he is merciful, loving, and righteous.
- 5 A good man is merciful, and lendeth: and will guide his words with differetion.
- 6 For he shall never be moved: and the righteous shall be had in everlating remembrance.
- 7 He will not be afraid of any evil tidings: for his heart standeth fast, and believeth in the Lord.
- 8 His heart is established, and will not shrink: until he see his desire upon his enemies.
- 9 He hath dispersed abroad, and given to the poor and his right-eoufness remaineth for ever; his horn shall be exalted with honour.
- 10 The ungodly shall fee it, and it shall grieve him: he shall gnash with his teeth, and consume away; the defire of the ungodly shall perish.

Psalm exiii. Laudate, pueri.

PRAISE the Lord, ye fervants: O praife the Name of the Lord.

2 Bleffed be the Name of the Lord: from this time forth for evermore.

3 The Lord's Name is praifed: from the rifing up of the fun unto the going down of the fame.

4 The Lord is high above all heathen : and his glory above the

heavens.

- 5 Who is like unto the Lord our God, that hath his dwelling fo high: and yet humbleth himfelf to behold the things that are in heaven and earth?
- 6 He taketh up the fimple out of the duft: and lifteth the poor out of the mire;

7 That he may fet him with the princes: even with the princes of

his people.

8 He maketh the barren woman to keep house: and to be a joyful mother of children.

Evening Prayer.

PSALM CXIV. In exitu Ifrael.
WHEN Ifrael came out of
Egypt: and the house of
Jacob from among the strange
people,

2 Judah was his fanctuary: and

Ifrael his dominion.

3 The fea faw that, and fled: Jordan was driven back.

4 The mountains skipped like rams: and the little hills like young sheep.

5 What aileth thee, O thou fea,

that thou fleddeft: and thou Jordan, that thou wast driven back?

6 Ye mountains, that ye fkipped like rams: and ye little hills, like

young fheep?

7 Tremble, thou earth, at the prefence of the Lord: at the prefence of the God of Jacob;

8 Who turned the hard rock into a ftanding water : and the flint-ftone into a fpringing well.

PSALM CXV. Non nobis, Domine.

OT unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto thy Name give the praife: for thy loving mercy, and for thy truth's fake.

2 Wherefore shall the heathen fay: Where is now their God?

3 As for our God, he is in heaven: he hath done whatfoever pleafed him.

4 Their idols are filver and gold: even the work of men's hands.

5 They have mouths, and fpeak not: eyes have they, and fee not.

6 They have ears, and hear not: nofes have they, and fmell not.

7 They have hands, and handle not; feet have they, and walk not: neither fpeak they through their throat.

S They that make them are like unto them: and fo are all fuch as put their truft in them.

9 But thou, house of Israel, trust thou in the Lord: he is their succour and defence.

10 Ye house of Aaron, put your

U u 2

trust in the Lord : he is their helper and defender.

11 Ye that fear the Lord, put your trust in the Lord: he is their

helper and defender.

12 The Lord hath been mindful of us, and he shall bless us: even he shall bless the house of Israel, he shall bless the house of Aaron.

13 He shall bless them that fear the Lord: both small and great.

- 14 The Lord shall increase you more and more : you and your children.
- 15 Ye are the bleffed of the Lord: who made heaven and earth.
- 16 All the whole heavens are the Lord's: the earth hath he given to the children of men.

17 The dead praife not thee, O Lord: neither all they that go down into filence.

18 But we will praife the Lord: from this time forth for evermore. Praife the Lord.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm exvi. Dilevi, quoniam.

Am well pleafed: that the Lord hath heard the voice of my prayer;

2 That he hath inclined his ear unto me: therefore will I call

upon him as long as I live.

3 The fnares of death compafied me round about : and the pains of hell gat hold upon me.

4 I shall find trouble and heavi-

nefs, and I will call upon the Name of the Lord: O Lord, I befeech thee, deliver my foul.

5 Gracious is the Lord, and righteous : yea, our God is mer-

ciful.

- 6 The Lord preferveth the fimple: I was in mifery, and he helped me.
- 7 Turn again then unto thy reft, O my foul: for the Lord hath rewarded thee.
- 8 And why? thou haft delivered my foul from death: mine eyes from tears, and my feet from falling.

9 I will walk before the Lord:

in the land of the living.

10 I believed, and therefore will I fpeak; but I was fore troubled: I faid in my hafte, All men are liars.

- 11 What reward fhall I give unto the Lord: for all the benefits that he hath done unto me?
- 12 I will receive the cup of falvation: and call upon the Name of the Lord.
- 13 I will pay my vows now in the prefence of all his people : right dear in the fight of the Lord is the death of his faints.
- 14 Behold, O Lord, how that I am thy fervant: I am thy fervant, and the fon of thine handmaid; thou haft broken my bonds in funder.
- 15 I will offer to thee the facrifice of thankfgiving: and will call upon the Name of the Lord.

16 I will pay my vows unto the Lord, in the fight of all his people: in the courts of the Lord's house, even in the midst of thee, O Jerusalem. Praise the Lord. Psalm exvii. Laudate Dominum.

Praife the Lord, all ye heathen: praife him, all ye nations.

2 For his mereiful kindness is ever more and more towards us: and the truth of the Lord endureth for ever. Praise the Lord. Psalm exviii. Confitemini Domino.

O Give thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious: because his mercy endureth for ever.

2 Let Ifrael now confefs, that he is gracious: and that his mercy

endureth for ever.

3 Let the house of Aaron now confess: that his mercy endureth for ever.

4 Yea, let them now that fear the Lord confess: that his mercy endureth for ever.

5 I called upon the Lord in trouble: and the Lord heard me at large.

6 The Lord is on my fide: I will not fear what man doeth unto me.

7 The Lord taketh my part with them that help me: therefore shall I fee my defire upon mine enemies.

8 It is better to trust in the Lord: than to put any confidence in man.

9 It is better to trust in the

Lord: than to put any confidence in princes.

10 All nations compaffed me round about : but in the Name of the Lord will I deftroy them.

11 They kept me in on every fide, they kept me in, I fay, on every fide: but in the Name of the Lord will I deftroy them.

12 They came about me like bees, and are extinct even as the fire among the thorns : for in the Name of the Lord I will deftroy them.

13 Thou haft thrust fore at me, that I might fall: but the Lord was my help.

14 The Lord is my ftrength, and my fong : and is become my

falvation.

15 The voice of joy and health is in the dwellings of the right-eous: the right hand of the Lord bringeth mighty things to pass.

16 The right hand of the Lord hath the pre-eminence: the right hand of the Lord bringeth mighty things to pass.

17 I shall not die, but live : and declare the works of the Lord.

18 The Lord hath chaftened and corrected me: but he hath not given me over unto death.

19 Open me the gates of right-eoufnefs: that I may go into them, and give thanks unto the Lord.

20 This is the gate of the Lord: the righteous shall enter into it.

21 I will thank thee, for thou haft heard me : and art become my falvation.

22 The fame from which the builders refused : is become the

head-ftone in the corner.

23 This is the Lord's doing : and it is marvellous in our eyes.

24 This is the day which the Lord hath made: we will rejoice and be glad in it.

25 Help me now, O Lord : O

Lord, fend us now prosperity.

- 26 Bleffed be he that cometh in the Name of the Lord: we have wished you good luck, ye that are of the house of the Lord.
- 27 God is the Lord who hath flewed us light: bind the facrifice with cords, yea, even unto the horns of the altar.

28 Thou art my God, and I will thank thee: thou art my God, and I will praife thee.

29 O give thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious: and his mercy

endureth for ever.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm exix. Beati immaculati.

BLESSED are those that are undefiled in the way: and walk in the law of the Lord.

- 2 Bleffed are they that keep his testimonies: and feek him with their whole heart.
- 3 For they who do no wickednefs: walk in his ways.

- 4 Thou haft charged: that we shall diligently keep thy commandments.
- 5 O that my ways were made fo direct: that I might keep thy ftatutes!
- 6 So shall I not be confounded: while I have respect unto all thy commandments.
- 7 I will thank thee with an unfeigned heart: when I shall have learned the judgements of thy righteousness.

S I will keep thy ceremonies : O forfake me not utterly.

In quo corriget?

WHEREWITHAL shall a young man cleanse his way: even by ruling himself after thy word.

10 With my whole heart have I fought thee: O let me not go wrong out of thy commandments.

11 Thy words have I hid within my heart: that I should not fin against thee.

12 Bleffed art thou, O Lord:

O teach me thy ftatutes.

13 With my lips have I been telling: of all the judgements of thy mouth.

14 I have had as great delight in the way of thy testimonies : as

in all manner of riches.

15 I will talk of thy commandments: and have respect unto thy ways.

16 My delight shall be in thy

ftatutes: and I will not forget thy word.

Retribue fervo tuo.

No well unto thy fervant : that ✓ I may live, and keep thy word.

18 Open thou mine eyes: that I may fee the wondrous things of thy law.

19 I am a ftranger upon earth: O hide not thy commandments

from me.

20 My foul breaketh out for the very fervent defire: that it hath alway unto thy judgements.

21 Thou haft rebuked the proud: and curfed are they that do err from thy commandments.

22 O turn from me shame and rebuke: for I have kept thy testimonies.

23 Princes also did fit and speak against me: but thy fervant is occupied in thy statutes.

24 For thy testimonies are my

delight: and my counfellors.

Adhæfit pavimento.

Y foul cleaveth to the dust: O quicken thou me, according to thy word.

26 I have acknowledged my ways, and thou heardest me: O

teach me thy ftatutes.

27 Make me to understand the way of thy commandments: and fo fhall I talk of thy wondrous works.

28 My foul melteth away for very heavinefs: comfort thou me according unto thy word.

29 Take from me the way of lying: and cause thou me to make much of thy law.

30 I have chosen the way of truth: and thy judgements have

I laid before me.

31 I have ftuck unto thy teftimonies: O Lord, confound me

32 I will run the way of thy commandments: when thou haft fet my heart at liberty.

Morning Prayer.

Legem pone.

TEACH me, O Lord, the way of thy ftatutes: and I shall keep it unto the end.

34 Give me underftanding, and I fhall keep thy law : yea, I fhall keep it with my whole heart.

35 Make me to go in the path of thy commandments: for therein is my defire.

36 Incline my heart unto thy testimonies: and not to covetoufnefs.

37 O turn away mine eyes, left they behold vanity: and quicken thou me in thy way.

38 O ftablish thy word in thy fervant: that I may fear thee.

39 Take away the rebuke that I am afraid of : for thy judgements are good.

40 Behold, my delight is in thy commandments: O quicken me in

thy righteousness.

Et veniat fuper me.

TET thy loving mercy come 🋂 alfo unto me, O Lord : even thy falvation, according unto thy word.

42 So fhall I make answer unto my blafphemers : for my truft is

in thy word.

- 43 O take not the word of thy truth utterly out of my mouth: for my hope is in thy judgements.
- 44 So fhall I alway keep thy law: yea, for ever and ever.

45 And I will walk at liberty: for I feek thy commandments.

- 46 I will fpeak of thy testimonies alfo, even before kings: and will not be afhamed.
- 47 And my delight shall be in thy commandments: which I have loved.
- 48 My hands also will I lift up unto thy commandments, which I have loved and my ftudy shall be in thy statutes.

Memor esto servi tui.

O Think upon thy fervant, as concerning thy word: wherein thou haft caused me to put my truft.

50 The fame is my comfort in my trouble : for thy word hath quickened me.

51 The proud have had me exceedingly in derifion : yet have I not fhrinked from thy law.

52 For I remembered thine

everlafting judgements, O Lord: and received comfort.

53 I am horribly afraid : for the

ungodly that forfake thy law.

54 Thy statutes have been my fongs : in the house of my pilgrimage.

55 I have thought upon thy Name, O Lord, in the nightfeafon: and have kept thy law.

56 This I had: becaufe I kept

thy commandments.

Portio mea, Domine.

THOU art my portion, O Lord: I have promifed to keep thy law.

58 I made my humble petition in thy prefence with my whole heart: O be merciful unto me, according to thy word.

59 I called mine own ways to remembrance : and turned my feet

unto thy testimonies.

60 I made hafte, and prolonged not the time : to keep thy commandments.

61 The congregations of the ungodly have robbed me : but I have not forgotten thy law.

62 At midnight I will rife to give thanks unto thee: because of

thy righteous judgements.

63 I am a companion of all them that fear thee : and keep thy commandments.

64 The earth, O Lord, is full of thy mercy: O teach me thy

statutes.

Bonitatem fecifi.

O Lord, thou haft dealt graciously with thy fervant: according unto thy word.

66 O learn me true understanding and knowledge: for I have believed thy commandments.

67 Before I was troubled, I went wrong: but now have I kept thy word.

68 Thou art good and gracious:

O teach me thy ftatutes.

69 The proud have imagined a lie against me: but I will keep thy commandments with my whole heart.

70 Their heart is as fat as brawn: but my delight hath been

in thy law.

71 It is good for me that I have been in trouble: that I may

learn thy ftatutes.

72 The law of thy mouth is dearer unto me: than thousands of gold and filver.

Evening Prayer.

Manus tuæ fecerunt me.

THY hands have made me and fashioned me: O give me understanding, that I may learn thy commandments.

74 They that fear thee will be glad when they fee me : because I have put my trust in thy

word.

75 I know, O Lord, that thy judgements are right: and that

thou of very faithfulness hast caufed me to be troubled.

76 O let thy merciful kindness be my comfort : according to thy word unto thy fervant.

77 O let thy loving mercies come unto me, that I may live:

for thy law is my delight.

78 Let the proud be confounded, for they go wickedly about to deftroy me: but I will be occupied in thy commandments.

79 Let fuch as fear thee, and have known thy testimonies: be

turned unto me.

80 O let my heart be found in thy ftatutes: that I be not ashamed.

Defecit anima mea.

Y foul hath longed for thy falvation: and I have a good hope because of thy word.

82 Mine eyes long fore for thy word : faying, O when wilt thou

comfort me?

83 For I am become like a bottle in the fmoke : yet do I not forget thy ftatutes.

84 How many are the days of thy fervant: when wilt thou be avenged of them that perfecute me?

85 The proud have digged pits for me: which are not after thy law.

86 All thy commandments are true: they perfecute me falfly; O be thou my help.

87 They had almost made an

end of me upon earth: but I forfook not thy commandments.

88 O quicken me after thy loving-kindness: and so shall I keep the testimonies of thy mouth.

In æternum, Domine.

O Lord, thy word : endureth for ever in heaven.

90 Thy truth also remaineth from one generation to another: thou hast laid the foundation of the earth, and it abideth.

91 They continue this day according to thine ordinance : for

all things ferve thee.

92 If my delight had not been in thy law: I should have perished in my trouble.

93 I will never forget thy commandments: for with them thou

haft quickened me.

94 I am thine, O fave me : for I have fought thy commandments.

95 The ungodly laid wait for me to deftroy me: but I will confider thy testimonies.

96 I fee that all things come to an end: but thy commandment is

exceeding broad.

Quomodo dilexi!

I ORD, what love have I unto thy law: all the day long is

my ftudy in it.

98 Thou through thy commandments haft made me wifer than mine enemies : for they are ever with me.

99 I have more understanding

than my teachers: for thy testimonies are my study.

100 I am wifer than the aged: because I keep thy commandments.

101 I have refrained my feet from every evil way: that I may keep thy word.

102 I have not fhrunk from thy judgements: for thou teacheft me.

103 O how fweet are thy words unto my throat: yea, fweeter than honey unto my mouth.

104 Through thy commandments I get understanding: there-

fore I hate all evil ways.

Morning Prayer.

Lucerna pedibus meis.

THY word is a lantern unto my feet: and a light unto my paths.

106 I have fworn, and am fted-faftly purposed: to keep thy right-

eous judgements.

107 I am troubled above meafure: quicken me, O Lord, according to thy word.

108 Let the free-will offerings of my mouth pleafe thee, O Lord: and teach me thy judgements.

109 My foul is alway in my hand: yet do I not forget thy law.

110 The ungodly have laid a fnare for me: but yet I fwerved not from thy commandments.

111 Thy testimonies have 1 claimed as mine heritage for ever:

and why? they are the very joy of

my heart.

112 I have applied my heart to fulfil thy ftatutes alway: even unto the end.

Iniquos odio habui.

Hate them that imagine evil things: but thy law do I love.

114 Thou art my defence and fhield: and my truft is in thy word.

115 Away from me, ye wicked: I will keep the commandments of my God.

116 O ftablish me according to thy word, that I may live : and let me not be disappointed of my hope.

117 Hold thou me up, and I shall be fafe: yea, my delight shall be ever in thy statutes.

118 Thou haft trodden down all them that depart from thy ftatutes: for they imagine but deceit.

119 Thou putteft away all the ungodly of the earth like drofs: therefore I love thy testimonies.

120 My flesh trembleth for fear of thee: and I am afraid of thy judgements.

Feci judicium.

Deal with the thing that is lawful and right: O give me not over unto mine oppressors.

122 Make thou thy fervant to delight in that which is good: that the proud do me no wrong.

123 Mine eyes are wafted away with looking for thy health: and for the word of thy righteoufnefs.

124 O deal with thy fervant according unto thy loving mercy : and teach me thy ftatutes.

125 I am thy fervant, O grant me understanding: that I may

know thy testimonies.

126 It is time for thee, Lord, to lay to thine hand : for they have destroyed thy law.

127 For I love thy commandments: above gold and precious

stone.

128 Therefore hold I straight all thy commandments: and all false ways I utterly abhor.

Mirabilia.

THY testimonies are wonderful: therefore doth my foul keep them.

130 When thy word goeth forth: it giveth light and under-

ftanding unto the fimple.

131 I opened my mouth, and drew in my breath: for my delight was in thy commandments.

132 O look thou upon me, and be merciful unto me: as thou ufeft to do unto those that love thy Name.

133 Order my steps in thy word: and so shall no wickedness have dominion over me.

134 O deliver me from the wrongful dealings of men: and fo shall I keep thy commandments.

135 Shew the light of thy countenance upon thy fervant : and teach me thy ftatutes.

136 Mine eyes gush out with water: because men keep not thy law.

Day 26.

Justus es, Domine.

RIGHTEOUS art thou, O Lord: and true is thy judgement.

138 The testimonies that thou haft commanded: are exceeding righteous and true.

139 My zeal hath even confumed me : because mine enemies

have forgotten thy words.

140 Thy word is tried to the uttermost: and thy fervant loveth it.

- 141 I am fmall, and of no reputation: yet do I not forget thy commandments.
- 142 Thy righteoufnefs is an everlafting righteoufnefs : and thy law is the truth.

143 Trouble and heaviness have taken hold upon me : yet is my delight in thy commandments.

144 The righteoufness of thy testimonies is everlasting: O grant me understanding, and I shall live.

Evening Prayer.

Clamavi in toto corde meo.

Call with my whole heart: la hear me, O Lord, I will keep thy ftatutes.

146 Yea, even unto thee do I call: help me, and I shall keep thy teltimonies.

147 Early in the morning do I

cry unto thee: for in thy word is my truft.

148 Mine eyes prevent the night-watches: that I might be

occupied in thy words.

149 Hear my voice, O Lord, according unto thy loving-kindnefs: quicken me, according as thou art wont.

150 They draw nigh that of malice perfecute me : and are far from thy law.

151 Be thou nigh at hand, O Lord: for all thy commandments are true.

152 As concerning thy testimonies, I have known long fince: that thou hast grounded them for ever.

Vide humilitatem.

Confider mine adverfity, and deliver me : for I do not forget thy law.

154 Avenge thou my caufe, and deliver me : quicken me, according

to thy word.

155 Health is far from the ungodly: for they regard not thy ftatutes.

156 Great is thy mercy, O Lord: quicken me, as thou art wont.

157 Many there are that trouble me, and perfecute me : yet do I not fivering from the testimonies.

158 It grieveth me when I fee the transgressors: because they keep not thy law.

159 Confider, O Lord, how I

love thy commandments: O quicken me, according to thy lovingkindnefs.

160 Thy word is true from everlafting: all the judgements of thy righteoufness endure for evermore.

Principes perfecuti funt.

PRINCES have perfecuted me without a cause: but my heart standeth in awe of thy word.

162 I am as glad of thy word: as one that findeth great spoils.

163 As for lies, I hate and abhor them: but thy law do I love.

164 Seven times a day do I praife thee: because of thy right-eous judgements.

165 Great is the peace that they have who love thy law: and they

are not offended at it.

166 Lord, I have looked for thy faving health: and done after thy commandments.

167 My foul hath kept thy testimonies : and loved them exceed-

ingly.

168 I have kept thy commandments and testimonies: for all my ways are before thee.

Approprinquet deprecatio.

Let my complaint come before thee, O Lord: give me understanding, according to thy word.

170 Let my fupplication come before thee: deliver me, according to thy word.

171 My lips shall speak of thy

praife: when thou haft taught me thy ftatutes.

172 Yea, my tongue fhall fing of thy word: for all thy command-

ments are righteous.

173 Let thine hand help me: for I have chosen thy commandments.

174 I have longed for thy faving health, O Lord: and in thy law is my delight.

175 O let my foul live, and it fhall praife thee: and thy judge-

ments shall help me.

176 I have gone aftray like a fheep that is loft: O feek thy fervant, for I do not forget thy commandments.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM CXX. Ad Dominum.

WHEN I was in trouble I called upon the Lord: and he heard me.

- 2 Deliver my foul, O Lord, from lying lips : and from a deceitful tongue.
- 3 What reward shall be given or done unto thee, thou salse tongue: even mighty and sharp arrows, with hot burning coals.
- 4 Wo is me, that I am conftrained to dwell with Mefech: and to have my habitation among the tents of Kedar.
- 5 My foul hath long dwelt among them: that are enemies unto peace.

6 I labour for peace, but when I fpeak unto them thereof: they make them ready to battle.

Psalm exxi. Levavi oculos.

I Will lift up mine eyes unto the hills: from whence cometh my help.

2 My help cometh even from the Lord: who hath made heaven

and earth.

3 He will not fuffer thy foot to be moved: and he that keepeth thee will not fleep.

4 Behold, he that keepeth If-rael: fhall neither flumber nor

fleep.

5 The Lord himfelf is thy keeper: the Lord is thy defence upon thy right hand;

6 So that the fun shall not burn thee by day: neither the moon

by night.

7 The Lord shall preserve thee from all evil: yea, it is even he

that shall keep thy foul.

8 The Lord shall preferve thy going out, and thy coming in : from this time forth for evermore.

Psalm exxii. Lætatus fum.

Was glad when they faid unto me: We will go into the house of the Lord.

2 Our feet shall stand in thy gates: O Jerusalem.

3 Jerufalem is built as a city:

that is at unity in itself.

4 For thither the tribes go up, even the tribes of the Lord : to

testify unto Ifrael, to give thanks unto the Name of the Lord.

5 For there is the feat of judgement: even the feat of the house of David.

6 O pray for the peace of Jerufalem: they shall prosper that love thee.

7 Peace be within thy walls: and plenteoufnefs within thy palaces.

8 For my brethren and companions' fakes: I will wish thee

prosperity.

9 Yea, because of the house of the Lord our God: I will seek to do thee good.

Psalm exxiii. Ad te levavi oculos meos.

UNTO thee lift I up mine eyes:
O thou that dwelleft in the heavens.

2 Behold, even as the eyes of fervants look unto the hand of their mafters, and as the eyes of a maiden unto the hand of her miftrefs: even fo our eyes wait upon the Lord our God, until he have mercy upon us.

3 Have mercy upon us, O Lord, have mercy upon us : for

we are utterly despifed.

4 Our foul is filled with the fcornful reproof of the wealthy: and with the defpitefulness of the proud.

Psalm exxiv. Nifi quia Dominus.

If the Lord himfelf had not been on our fide, now may Ifrael

fay: if the Lord himfelf had not been on our fide, when men rofe up against us;

2 They had fwallowed us up quick: when they were fo wrath-

fully displeased at us.

3 Yea, the waters had drowned us: and the ftream had gone over our foul.

4 The deep waters of the proud: had gone even over our foul.

- 5 But praifed be the Lord: who hath not given us over for a prey unto their teeth.
- 6 Our foul is escaped even as a bird out of the fnare of the fowler: the fnare is broken, and we are delivered.
- 7 Our help ftandeth in the Name of the Lord: who hath made heaven and earth.

Psalm cxxv. Qui confidunt.

THEY that put their trust in Let the Lord shall be even as the mount Sion: which may not be removed, but standeth fast for ever.

2 The hills ftand about Jerufalem: even fo ftandeth the Lord round about his people, from this time forth for evermore.

3 For the rod of the ungodly cometh not into the lot of the righteous : lest the righteous put their hand unto wickedness.

4 Do well, O Lord: unto those that are good and true of heart.

5 As for fuch as turn back unto their own wickedness: the Lord

fhall lead them forth with the evil-doers; but peace shall be upon Ifrael.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm cxxvi. In convertendo. **IX**/HEN the Lord turned again the captivity of Sion: then were we like unto them that

2 Then was our mouth filled with laughter : and our tongue with joy.

3 Then faid they among the heathen: the Lord hath done

great things for them.

4 Yea, the Lord hath done great things for us already : whereof we rejoice.

f 5 Turn our captivity, O Lord : as the rivers in the fouth.

6 They that fow in tears: shall

reap in joy.

7 He that now goeth on his way weeping, and beareth forth good feed: shall doubtless come and bring his again with joy, sheaves with him.

Psalm cxxvii. Nifi Dominus.

EXCEPT the Lord build the houfe : their labour is but loft that build it.

- 2 Except the Lord keep the city: the watchman waketh but in vain.
- 3 It is but loft labour that ye hafte to rife up early, and fo late take reft, and eat the bread of

carefulness: for so he giveth his beloved sleep.

4 Lo, children and the fruit of the womb : are an heritage and gift that cometh of the Lord.

5 Like as the arrows in the hand of the giant: even fo are the

young children.

6 Happy is the man that hath his quiver full of them: they shall not be ashamed when they speak with their enemies in the gate.

Psalm exxviii. Beati omnes.

BLESSED are all they that fear the Lord: and walk in his ways.

2 For thou shalt eat the labours of thine hands: O well is thee,

and happy shalt thou be.

3 Thy wife shall be as the fruitful vine : upon the walls of thine house.

4 Thy children like the olivebranches: round about thy table.

5 Lo, thus fhall the man be bleffed: that feareth the Lord.

6 The Lord from out of Sion shall so bless thee: that thou shalt see Jerusalem in prosperity all thy life long.

7 Yea, that thou shalt see thy children's children: and peace up-

on Ifrael.

Psalm exxix. Sæpe expugnaverunt.

ANY a time have they fought againft me from my youth up: may Ifrael now fay.

2 Yea, many a time have they

vexed me from my youth up: but they have not prevailed againft me.

3 The plowers plowed upon my back: and made long furrows.

4 But the righteous Lord: hath hewn the fnares of the ungodly in pieces.

5 Let them be confounded and turned backward : as many as

have evil will at Sion.

6 Let them be even as the grafs growing upon the houfetops: which withereth afore it be plucked up;

7 Whereof the mower filleth not his hand: neither he that bindeth up the sheaves his bosom.

8 So that they who go by fay not fo much as, The Lord profper you: we wish you good luck in the Name of the Lord.

Psalm cxxx. De profundis.

Our of the deep have I called unto thee, O Lord: Lord, hear my voice.

2 O let thine ears confider well:

the voice of my complaint.

- 3 If thou, Lord, wilt be extreme to mark what is done amifs: O Lord, who may abide it?
- 4 For there is mercy with thee: therefore fhalt thou be feared.
- 5 I look for the Lord; my foul doth wait for him: in his word is my truft.
 - 6 My foul fleeth unto the Lord:

before the morning watch, I fay,

before the morning watch.

7 O Ifrael, trust in the Lord, for with the Lord there is mercy: and with him is plenteous redemption.

8 And he shall redeem Israel:

from all his fins.

PSALM CXXXI. Domine, non eft.

T ORD, I am not high-minded: I have no proud looks.

- 2 I do not exercife myfelf in great matters: which are too high for me.
- 3 But I refrain my foul, and keep it low, like as a child that is weaned from his mother: yea, my foul is even as a weaned child.

4 O Ifrael, trust in the Lord: from this time forth for evermore.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm cxxxii. Memento, Domine. L ORD, remember David : and all his trouble;

2 How he fware unto the Lord: and vowed a vow unto the Almighty God of Jacob;

3 I will not come within the tabernacle of mine house: nor

climb up into my bed;

4 I will not fuffer mine eyes to fleep, nor mine eye-lids to flumber: neither the temples of my head to take any rest;

5 Until I find out a place for the temple of the Lord: an habitation for the mighty God of Jacob.

6 Lo, we heard of the fame at Ephrata: and found it in the wood.

7 We will go into his tabernacle: and fall low on our knees before his footstool.

8 Arife, O Lord, into thy refting-place: thou, and the ark of thy ftrength.

9 Let thy priefts be clothed with righteoufnefs: and let thy

faints fing with joyfulnefs.

10 For thy fervant David's fake: turn not away the prefence of thine Anointed.

11 The Lord hath made a faithful oath unto David: and he shall not fhrink from it;

12 Of the fruit of thy body:

fhall I fet upon thy feat.

13 If thy children will keep my covenant, and my testimonies that I shall learn them: their children also fhall fit upon thy feat for evermore.

14 For the Lord hath chosen Sion to be an habitation for himfelf: he hath longed for her.

15 This shall be my rest for ever: here will I dwell, for I have

a delight therein.

16 I will blefs her victuals with increase: and will fatisfy her poor with bread.

17 I will deck her priefts with health: and her faints shall rejoice and fing.

18 There shall I make the horn of David to flourish: I have ordained a lantern for mine Anointed.

clothe them with fhame: but upon himfelf fhall his crown flourish.

Psalm exxxiii. Ecce, quam bonum!

BEHOLD, how good and joyful a thing it is: brethren, to dwell together in unity!

2 It is like the precious ointment upon the head, that ran down unto the beard : even unto Aaron's beard, and went down to the fkirts of his clothing.

3 Like as the dew of Hermon: which fell upon the hill of Sion.

4 For there the Lord promifed his bleffing : and life for evermore.

Psalm exxxiv. Ecce nunc.

BEHOLD now, praife the Lord: all ye fervants of the Lord;

2 Ye that by night ftand in the house of the Lord: even in the courts of the house of our God.

3 Lift up your hands in the fanctuary : and praife the Lord.

4 The Lord that made heaven and earth: give thee blefling out of Sion.

Psalm exxxv. Laudate Nomen.

O Praife the Lord, laud ye the Name of the Lord: praife it, O ye fervants of the Lord;

2 Ye that stand in the house of the Lord: in the courts of the

houfe of our God.

3 O praife the Lord, for the Lord is gracious: O fing praifes unto his Name, for it is lovely.

4 For why? the Lord hath cho-

fen Jacob unto himfelf: and Ifrael for his own poffession.

5 For I know that the Lord is great: and that our Lord is above

all gods.

6 Whatfoever the Lord pleafed, that did he in heaven, and in earth: and in the fea, and in all deep

places.

7 He bringeth forth the clouds from the ends of the world: and fendeth forth lightnings with the rain, bringing the winds out of his treasures.

8 He fmote the first-born of Egypt: both of man and beast.

9 He hath fent tokens and wonders into the midft of thee, O thou land of Egypt: upon Pharaoh, and all his fervants.

10 He fmote divers nations:

and flew mighty kings;

11 Sehon king of the Amorites, and Og the king of Bafan: and all the kingdoms of Canaan;

12 And gave their land to be an heritage: even an heritage un-

to Ifrael his people.

13 Thy Name, O Lord, endureth for ever: fo doth thy memorial, O Lord, from one generation to another.

14 For the Lord will avenge his people : and be gracious unto his fervants.

15 As for the images of the heathen, they are but filver and gold: the work of men's hands.

16 They have mouths, and fpeak not: eyes have they, but they fee not.

17 They have ears, and yet they hear not: neither is there any breath in their mouths.

18 They that make them are like unto them: and fo are all they that put their truft in them.

19 Praife the Lord, ye house of Ifrael: praise the Lord, ye house

of Aaron.

- 20 Praife the Lord, ye house of Levi: ye that fear the Lord, praife the Lord.
- 21 Praifed be the Lord out of Sion: who dwelleth at Jerufalem.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm cxxxvi. Confitemini.

Ofive thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious: and his mercy endureth for ever.

2 O give thanks unto the God of all gods: for his mercy endureth

for ever.

- 3 O thank the Lord of all lords: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 4 Who only doeth great wonders: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 5 Who by his excellent wifdom made the heavens: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 6 Who laid out the earth above the waters: for his mercy endureth for ever.

7 Who hath made great lights: for his mercy endureth for ever;

8 The fun to rule the day: for

his mercy endureth for ever;

- 9 The moon and the ftars to govern the night: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 10 Who fmote Egypt with their first-born: for his mercy endureth for ever;
- 11 And brought out Ifrael from among them: for his mercy endureth for ever;
- 12 With a mighty hand, and ftretched out arm: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 13 Who divided the Red fea in two parts: for his mercy endureth for ever;
- 14 And made Ifrael to go through the midft of it : for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 15 But as for Pharaoh and his hoft, he overthrew them in the Red fea: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 16 Who led his people through the wilderness: for his mercy endureth for ever.

17 Who fmote great kings: for his mercy endureth for ever;

18 Yea, and flew mighty kings: for his mercy endureth for ever;

- 19 Sehon king of the Amorites: for his mercy endureth for ever;
- 20 And Og the king of Bafan: for his mercy endureth for ever;

21 And gave away their land for an heritage: for his mercy endureth for ever;

22 Even for an heritage unto Ifrael his fervant : for his mercy

endureth for ever.

23 Who remembered us when we were in trouble: for his mercy endureth for ever;

24 And hath delivered us from our enemies : for his mercy endur-

eth for ever.

25 Who giveth food to all flesh: for his mercy endureth for ever.

- 26 O give thanks unto the God of heaven: for his mercy endureth for ever.
- 27 O give thanks unto the Lord of lords: for his mercy endureth for ever.

Psalm exxxvii. Super flumina.

BY the waters of Babylon we fat down and wept : when we remembered thee, O Sion.

2 As for our harps, we hanged them up: upon the trees that are therein.

3 For they that led us away captive required of us then a fong, and melody, in our heavinefs: Sing us one of the fongs of Sion.

4 How shall we sing the Lord's

fong: in a ftrange land?

5 If I forget thee, O Jerufalem: let my right hand forget her cunning.

6 If I do not remember thee, let my tongue cleave to the roof

of my mouth: yea, if I prefer not Jerufalem in my mirth.

7 Remember the children of Edom, O Lord, in the day of Jerufalem: how they faid, Down with it, down with it, even to the ground.

8 O daughter of Babylon, wafted with mifery: yea, happy fhall he be that rewardeth thee, as thou

haft ferved us.

9 Bleffed shall he be that taketh thy children: and throweth them against the stones.

Psalm exxxviii. Confitebor tibi.

Will give thanks unto thee, O Lord, with my whole heart: even before the gods will I fing praife unto thee.

2 I will worship toward thy holy temple, and praise thy Name, because of thy loving-kindness and truth: for thou hast magnified thy Name, and thy Word, above all things.

3 When I called upon thee, thou heardest me ; and enduedst my foul with much strength.

4 All the kings of the earth fhall praife thee, O Lord: for they have heard the words of thy mouth.

5 Yea, they fhall fing in the ways of the Lord: that great is

the glory of the Lord.

6 For though the Lord be high, yet hath he respect unto the lowly: as for the proud, he beholdeth them afar off.

7 Though I walk in the midst of trouble, yet shalt thou refresh me: thou shalt stretch forth thy hand upon the suriousness of mine enemies, and thy right hand shall save me.

8 The Lord fhall make good his loving-kindness toward me: yea, thy mercy, O Lord, endureth for ever; despise not then the works of thine own hands.

Morning Prayer.

Psalm exxxix. Domine, probafti.

O Lord, thou haft fearched me out, and known me: thou knowest my down-sitting, and mine up-rising; thou understandest my thoughts long before.

2 Thou art about my path, and about my bed : and fpieft out all

my ways.

3 For lo, there is not a word in my tongue: but thou, O Lord, knoweft it altogether.

4 Thou haft fashioned me behind and before and laid thine

hand upon me.

5 Such knowledge is too wonderful and excellent for me: I cannot attain unto it.

6 Whither shall I go then from thy Spirit: or whither shall I go

then from thy prefence?

7 If I climb up into heaven, thou art there: if I go down to hell, thou art there also.

8 If I take the wings of the

morning: and remain in the uttermost parts of the sea;

9 Even there alfo fhall thy hand lead me: and thy right hand fhall

hold me.

10 If I fay, Peradventure the darkness shall cover me: then shall my night be turned to day.

II Yea, the darkness is no darkness with thee, but the night is as clear as the day: the darkness and light to thee are both alike.

12 For my reins are thine: thou haft covered me in my mother's

womb.

- 13 I will give thanks unto thee, for I am fearfully and wonderfully made: marvellous are thy works, and that my foul knoweth right well.
- 14 My bones are not hid from thee: though I be made fecretly, and fashioned beneath in the earth.
- 15 Thine eyes did fee my fubftance, yet being imperfect: and in thy book were all my members written;
- 16 Which day by day were fashioned: when as yet there was none of them.
- 17 How dear are thy counfels unto me, O God: O how great is the fum of them!
- 18 If I tell them, they are more in number than the fand: when I wake up I am prefent with thee.

19 Wilt thou not flay the wicked, O God: depart from me, ye blood-thirfty men.

20 For they fpeak unrighteoufly against thee: and thine enemies

take thy Name in vain.

21 Do not I hate them, O Lord, that hate thee: and am not I grieved with those that rise up against thee?

22 Yea, I hate them right fore: even as though they were mine

enemies.

23 Try me, O God, and feek the ground of my heart : prove me, and examine my thoughts.

24 Look well if there be any way of wickedness in me : and lead me in the way everlasting.

PSALM CXI. Eripe me, Domine.

DELIVER me, O Lord, from the evil man: and preferve me from the wicked man.

2 Who imagine mischief in their hearts: and stir up strife all the day long.

3 They have fharpened their tongues like a ferpent : adder's

poison is under their lips.

4 Keep me, O Lord, from the hands of the ungodly: preferve me from the wicked men, who are purposed to overthrow my goings.

5 The proud have laid a fnare for me, and fpread a net abroad with cords: yea, and fet traps in

my way.

6 I faid unto the Lord, Thou art my God: hear the voice of my prayers, O Lord.

7 O Lord God, thou ftrength of my health: thou haft covered my

head in the day of battle.

S Let not the ungodly have his defire, O Lord: let not his mifchievous imagination profper, left they be too proud.

9 Let the mischief of their own lips fall upon the head of them:

that compass me about.

10 Let hot burning coals fall upon them: let them be cast into the fire, and into the pit, that they never rife up again.

11 A man full of words shall not prosper upon the earth : evil shall hunt the wicked person to

overthrow him.

12 Sure I am that the Lord will avenge the poor : and maintain the caufe of the helplefs.

13 The righteous alfo shall give thanks unto thy Name: and the just shall continue in thy fight.

Psalm exli. Domine, clamavi.

LORD, I call upon thee, hafte thee unto me: and confider my voice when I cry unto thee.

2 Let my prayer be fet forth in thy fight as the incenfe : and let the lifting up of my hands be an evening facrifice.

3 Set a watch, O Lord, before my mouth: and keep the door of my lips.

4 O let not mine heart be inclined to any evil thing: let me not be occupied in ungodly works with the men that work wickednefs, left I eat of fuch things as pleafe them.

5 Let the righteous rather fmite me friendly: and reprove me.

6 But let not their precious balms break my head : yea, I will pray yet against their wickedness.

7 Let their judges be overthrown in ftony places: that they may hear my words, for they are fweet.

- 8 Our bones lie fcattered before the pit: like as when one breaketh and heweth wood upon the earth.
- 9 But mine eyes look unto thee, O Lord God: in thee is my truft, O cast not out my foul.

10 Keep me from the fnare that they have laid for me: and from the traps of the wicked doers.

11 Let the ungodly fall into their own nets together: and let me ever escape them.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm exlii. Voce mea ad Dominum.

Cried unto the Lord with my voice: yea, even unto the Lord did I make my fupplication.

2 I poured out my complaints before him: and shewed him of

my trouble.

3 When my fpirit was in hea-

vinefs thou knewest my path: in the way wherein I walked have they privily laid a snare for me.

4 I looked alfo upon my right hand : and faw there was no man

that would know me.

5 I had no place to flee unto: and no man cared for my foul.

6 I cried unto thee, O Lord, and faid: Thou art my hope, and my portion in the land of the living.

7 Confider my complaint : for

I am brought very low.

8 O deliver me from my perfecutors: for they are too ftrong for me.

9 Bring my foul out of prison, that I may give thanks unto thy Name: which thing if thou wilt grant me, then shall the righteous resort unto my company.

Psalm exlin. Domine, exaudi.

EAR my prayer, O Lord, and confider my defire: hearken unto me for thy truth and righteoufnefs' fake.

2 And enter not into judgement with thy fervant: for in thy fight fhall no man living be justified.

- 3 For the enemy hath perfecuted my foul; he hath finitten my life down to the ground: he hath laid me in the darknefs, as the men that have been long dead.
- 4 Therefore is my fpirit vexed within me: and my heart within me is defolate.

5 Yet do I remember the time past; I muse upon all thy works: yea, I exercise myself in the works of thy hands.

6 I ftretch forth my hands unto thee: my foul gaspeth unto thee

as a thirfty land.

7 Hear me, O Lord, and that foon, for my spirit waxeth faint: hide not thy face from me, lest I be like unto them that go down into the pit.

8 O let me hear thy loving-kindness betimes in the morning, for in thee is my trust: shew thou me the way that I should walk in, for I lift up my foul unto thee.

9 Deliver me, O Lord, from mine enemies: for I flee unto thee to hide me.

10 Teach me to do the thing that pleafeth thee, for thou art my God: let thy loving Spirit lead me forth into the land of right-eoufnefs.

11 Quicken me, O Lord, for thy Name's fake: and for thy righteoufness' fake bring my foul out of trouble.

12 And of thy goodness flay mine enemies: and destroy all them that vex my foul; for I am thy servant.

Morning Prayer.

PSALM exliv. Benedictus Dominus.

BLESSED be the Lord my
ftrength: who teacheth my

hands to war, and my fingers to fight;

2 My hope and my fortrefs, my caftle and deliverer, my defender in whom I truft: who fubdueth my people that is under me.

3 Lord, what is man, that thou haft fuch respect unto him: or the fon of man, that thou so regard-

eft him?

- 4 Man is like a thing of nought: his time passeth away like a shadow.
- 5 Bow thy heavens, O Lord, and come down: touch the mountains, and they shall smoke.
- 6 Cast forth thy lightning, and tear them: shoot out thine arrows, and consume them.
- 7 Send down thine hand from above: deliver me, and take me out of the great waters, from the hand of ftrange children;

8 Whose mouth talketh of vanity: and their right hand is a right hand of wickedness.

9 I will fing a new fong unto thee, O God: and fing praises unto thee upon a ten-stringed lute.

10 Thou haft given victory unto kings: and haft delivered David thy fervant from the peril of the fword.

Il Save me, and deliver me from the hand of ftrange children: whose mouth talketh of vanity, and their right hand is a right hand of iniquity.

12 That our fons may grow up as the young plants: and that our daughters may be as the polifhed corners of the temple.

13 That our garners may be full and plenteous with all manner of ftore : that our sheep may bring forth thousands and ten thousands in our ftreets.

14 That our oxen may be ftrong to labour, that there be no decay: no leading into captivity, and no complaining in our ftreets.

15 Happy are the people that are in fuch a case: yea, blessed are the people who have the Lord for their God.

Psalm exlv. Exaltabo te, Deus.

Will magnify thee, O God, my L King: and I will praife thy Name for ever and ever.

- 2 Every day will I give thanks unto thee: and praife thy Name for ever and ever.
- 3 Great is the Lord, and marvellous, worthy to be praifed: there is no end of his greatness.
- 4 One generation shall praise thy works unto another: and declare thy power.
- 5 As for me, I will be talking of thy worship: thy glory, thy praife, and wondrous works;

6 So that men shall speak of the might of thy marvellous acts: and I will also tell of thy greatness.

7 The memorial of thine abundant kindness shall be shewed

and men fhall fing of thy righteoufnefs.

8 The Lord is gracious, and merciful: long-fuffering, and of great goodnefs.

9 The Lord is loving unto every man: and his mercy is over all

his works.

10 All thy works praife thee, O Lord: and thy faints give thanks unto thee.

11 They shew the glory of thy kingdom: and talk of thy power;

12 That thy power, thy glory, and mightiness of thy kingdom: might be known unto men.

13 Thy kingdom is an everlafting kingdom : and thy dominion endureth throughout all ages.

14 The Lord upholdeth all fuch as fall: and lifteth up all those that are down.

15 The eyes of all wait upon thee, O Lord: and thou giveft them their meat in due feafon.

16 Thou openeft thine hand: and fillest all things living with plenteoufnefs.

17 The Lord is righteous in all his ways: and holy in all his works.

18 The Lord is nigh unto all them that call upon him: yea, all fuch as call upon him faithfully.

19 He will fulfil the defire of them that fear him: he also will hear their cry, and will help them.

20 The Lord preferveth all them that love him: but fcattereth a-

broad all the ungodly.

21 My mouth shall speak the praise of the Lord : and let all slesh give thanks unto his holy Name for ever and ever.

PSALM cxlvi. Lauda, anima mea. PRAISE the Lord, O my foul; while I live will I praife the Lord: yea, as long as I have any being, I will fing praifes unto my God.

2 O put not your trust in princes, nor in any child of man: for

there is no help in them.

3 For when the breath of man goeth forth he shall turn again to his earth: and then all his thoughts perish.

4 Bleffed is he that hath the God of Jacob for his help: and whose hope is in the Lord his God;

5 Who made heaven and earth, the fea, and all that therein is: who keepeth his promife for ever;

6 Who helpeth them to right that fuffer wrong: who feedeth

the hungry.

7 The Lord loofeth men out of prison: the Lord giveth fight to the blind.

8 The Lord helpeth them that are fallen: the Lord careth for the righteous.

9 The Lord careth for the ftrangers; he defendeth the fatherless and widow: as for the

way of the ungodly, he turneth it upfide down.

10 The Lord thy God, O Sion, fhall be King for evermore: and throughout all generations.

Evening Prayer.

Psalm exlvii. Laudate Dominum.

O Praife the Lord, for it is a good thing to fing praifes unto our God: yea, a joyful and pleafant thing it is to be thankful.

2 The Lord doth build up Jerufalem: and gather together the

out-cafts of Ifrael.

3 He healeth those that are broken in heart : and giveth medicine to heal their fickness.

- 4 He telleth the number of the ftars : and calleth them all by their names.
- 5 Great is our Lord, and great is his power: yea, and his wifdom is infinite.
- 6 The Lord fetteth up the meek : and bringeth the ungodly down to the ground.

7 O fing unto the Lord with thankfgiving: fing praifes upon the harp unto our God;

8 Who covereth the heaven with clouds, and prepareth rain for the earth: and maketh the grafs to grow upon the mountains, and herb for the ufe of men;

9 Who giveth fodder unto the cattle : and feedeth the young ravens that call upon him.

10 He hath no pleasure in the strength of an horse: neither delighteth he in any man's legs.

11 But the Lord's delight is in them that fear him: and put their

trust in his mercy.

12 Praife the Lord, O Jerufalem: praife thy God, O Sion.

13 For he hath made fast the bars of thy gates: and hath blessed thy children within thee.

14 He maketh peace in thy borders : and filleth thee with the

flour of wheat.

15 He fendeth forth his commandment upon earth: and his word runneth very fwiftly.

16 He giveth fnow like wool: and fcattereth the hoar-frost like

ashes.

- 17 He cafteth forth his ice like morfels: who is able to abide his frost?
- 18 He fendeth out his word, and melteth them: he bloweth with his wind, and the waters flow.
- 19 He fleweth his word unto Jacob: his ftatutes and ordinances unto Ifrael.
- 20 He hath not dealt fo with any nation: neither have the heathen knowledge of his laws.

Psalm exlviii. Laudate Dominum.

Praife the Lord of heaven : praife him in the height.

2 Praise him, all ye angels of his: praise him, all his host.

- 3 Praife him, fun and moon : praife him, all ye ftars and light.
- 4 Praife him, all ye heavens: and ye waters that are above the heavens.
- 5 Let them praise the Name of the Lord: for he spake the word, and they were made; he commanded, and they were created.

6 He hath made them fast for ever and ever: he hath given them a law which shall not be broken.

7 Praife the Lord upon earth:

ye dragons, and all deeps;

8 Fire and hail, fnow and vapours: wind and ftorm, fulfilling his word;

9 Mountains and all hills: fruitful trees and all cedars;

10 Beafts and all cattle : worms and feathered fowls ;

- 11 Kings of the earth and all people : princes and all judges of the world;
- 12 Young men and maidens, old men and children, praife the Name of the Lord: for his Name only is excellent, and his praife above heaven and earth.
- 13 He shall exalt the horn of his people; all his faints shall praise him: even the children of Israel, even the people that serveth him.

PSALM CXIX. Cantate Domino.

O Sing unto the Lord a new fong: let the congregation of faints praife him.

2 Let Ifrael rejoice in him that made him: and let the children of Sion be joyful in their King.

3 Let them praise his Name in the dance: let them fing praises unto him with tabret and harp.

4 For the Lord hath pleafure in his people : and helpeth the meek-hearted.

5 Let the faints be joyful with glory: let them rejoice in their beds.

6 Let the praifes of God be in their mouth: and a two-edged fword in their hands;

7 To be avenged of the heathen: and to rebuke the people;

8 To bind their kings in chains : and their nobles with links of iron.

9 That they may be avenged of [

them, as it is written: Such honour have all his faints.

PSALM cl. Laudate Dominum.

Praife God in his holinefs: praife him in the firmament of his power.

2 Praife him in his noble acts: praife him according to his excel-

lent greatness.

3 Praise him in the sound of the trumpet: praise him upon the lute and harp.

4 Praife him in the cymbals and dances: praife him upon the

ftrings and pipe.

5 Praife him upon the well-tuned cymbals: praife him upon the loud cymbals.

6 Let every thing that hath

breath: praife the Lord.

FORMS OF PRAYER

TO BE

USED AT SEA.

¶ The Morning and Evening Service to be used daily at Sea shall be the same which is appointed in the Book of Common Prayer.

¶ These two following Prayers are to be also used in his Majesty's Navy every day.

Eternal Lord God, who alone fpreadeft out the heavens, and rulest the raging of the sea; who haft compafied the waters with bounds until day and night come to an end; Be pleafed to receive into thy Almighty and most gracious protection the perfons of us thy fervants, and the Fleet in which we ferve. Preferve us from the dangers of the fea, and from the violence of the enemy; that we may be a fafeguard unto our most gracions Sovereign Lord, King GEORGE, and his Dominions, and a fecurity for fuch as pass on the feas upon their lawful occafions: that the inhabitants of our Island may in peace and unietness ferve thee our God; and that we may return in fafety to enjoy the bleffings of the land, with the fruits of our labours, and with a thankful remembrance of thy mercies to praife and glorify thy holy Name; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

after this the hanksywing Frayer.

The Collect.

PREVENT us, O Lord, in all our doings, with thy most gracious favour, and further us with thy continual help; that in all our works begun, continued, and ended in thee, we may glorify thy holy Name, and finally by thy mercy obtain everlasting life; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Prayers to be used in Storms at Sea.

Most powerful and glorious Lord God, at whose command the winds blow, and lift up the waves of the fea, and who ftilleft the rage thereof; We thy creatures, but miferable finners, do in this our great diftrefs cry unto thee for help: Save, Lord, or elfe we perifh. We confefs, when we have been fafe, and feen all things quiet about us, we have forgot thee our God, and refused to hearken to the ftill voice of thy word, and to obey thy commandments: But now we fee, how terrible thou art in all thy works of wonder; the

great God to be feared above all: And therefore we adore thy Divine Majesty, acknowledging thy power, and imploring thy goodness. Help, Lord, and save us for thy mercy's sake in Jesus Christ thy Son, our Lord. Amen.

Or this.

Most glorious and gracious Lord God, who dwelleft in heaven, but beholdest all things below; Look down, we befeech thee, and hear us, calling out of the depth of mifery, and out of the jaws of this death, which is ready now to fwallow us up: Save, Lord, or elfe we perifh. The living, the living, shall praise thee. O fend thy word of command to rebuke the raging winds, and the roaring fea; that we, being delivered from this diftrefs, may live to ferve thee, and to glorify thy Name all the days of our life. Hear, Lord, and fave us, for the infinite merits of our bleffed Saviour, thy Son, our Lord Jefus Chrift. Amen.

¶ The Prayer to be said before a Fight at Sea against any Enemy.

Most powerful and glorious Lord God, the Lord of hosts, that rulest and commandest all things; Thou sittest in the throne judging right, and therefore we make our address to thy Divine Majesty in this our necessity, that thou wouldest take the cause into thine own hand, and judge between us and our enemies. Stir up thy ftrength, O Lord, and come and help us; for thou givest not alway the battle to the strong, but canst save by many or by sew. O let not our sins now cry against us for vengeance; but hear us thy poor servants begging mercy, and imploring thy help, and that thou wouldest be a defence unto us against the sace of the enemy. Make it appear that thou art our Saviour and mighty Deliverer, through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Short Prayers for single persons, that cannot meet to join in Prayer with others, by reason of the Fight, or Storm.

General Prayers.

LORD, be merciful to us finners, and fave us for thy mercy's fake.

Thou art the great God, that haft made and ruleft all things: O deliver us for thy Name's fake.

Thou art the great God to be feared above all: O fave us, that we may praise thee.

Special Prayers with respect to the Enemy.

THOU, O Lord, art just and powerful: O defend our cause against the face of the enemy.

O God, thou art a ftrong tower of defence to all that flee unto thee: O fave us from the violence of the enemy.

O Lord of hofts, fight for us,

that we may glorify thee.

O fuffer us not to fink under the weight of our fins, or the violence of the enemy.

O Lord, arife, help us, and de-

liver us for thy Name's fake.

Short Prayers in respect of a Storm.

THOU, O Lord, that stillest the raging of the sea, hear, hear us, and save us, that we perish not.

O bleffed Saviour, that didft fave thy difciples ready to perifh in a ftorm, hear us, and fave us, we befeech thee.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Chrift, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

O Lord, hear us.

O Chrift, hear us.

God the Father, God the Son, God the Holy Ghoft, have mercy upon us, fave us now and evermore. Amen.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trefpaffes, As we forgive them that trefpafs against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil: For thine is the kingdom, The power, and the glory, For ever and ever. Amen.

¶ When there shall be imminent danger, as many as can be spared from necessary service in the Ship shall be called together, and make an humble Confession of their sin to God: In which every one ought seriously to reflect upon those particular sins of which his conscience shall accuse him; saying as followeth,

The Confession.

A LMIGHTY God, Father of A our Lord Jefus Chrift, Maker of all things, Judge of all men; We acknowledge and bewail our manifold fins and wickedness, Which we, from time to time, most grievoully have committed, By thought, word, and deed, Against thy Divine Majesty, Provoking most justly thy wrath and indignation against us. We do earneftly repent, And are heartily forry for these our misdoings; The remembrance of them is grievous unto us; The burden of them is intolerable. Have mercy upon us, Have mercy upon us, most merciful Father; For thy Son our Lord Jefus Chrift's fake, Forgive us all that is paft; And grant that we may ever hereafter Serve and please thee In newness of life, To the honour and glory of thy Name; Through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Priest, if there be any in the Ship, pronounce this Absolution.

ALMIGHTY God, our heavenly Father, who of his great mercy hath promifed forgiveness of fins to all them that with hearty repentance and true faith turn unto him; Have mercy upon you; pardon and deliver you from all your fins; confirm and ftrengthen you in all goodness, and bring you to everlasting life; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

Thankfgiving after a Storm.

Jubilate Deo. Pfalm lxvi.

O Be joyful in God, all ye lands: fing praifes unto the honour of his Name, make his praife to be glorious.

Say unto God, O how wonderful art thou in thy works: through the greatness of thy power shall thine enemies be found liars unto thee.

For all the world shall worship thee: sing of thee, and praise thy Name.

O come hither, and behold the works of God: how wonderful he is in his doing toward the children of men.

He turned the fea into dry land: fo that they went through the water on foot; there did we rejoice thereof.

He ruleth with his power for ever; his eyes behold the people : and fuch as will not believe shall not be able to exalt themselves.

O praife our God, ye people : and make the voice of his praife to be heard;

Who holdeth our foul in life: and fuffereth not our feet to flip.

For thou, O God, haft proved us: thou also hast tried us, like as filver is tried.

Thou broughtest us into the snare : and laidest trouble upon our loins.

Thou fuffereds men to ride over our heads: we went through fire and water, and thou broughtest us out into a wealthy place.

I will go into thine house with burnt-offerings: and will pay thee my vows, which I promised with my lips, and spake with my mouth, when I was in trouble.

I will offer unto thee fat burntfacrifices, with the incense of rams: I will offer bullocks and goats.

O come hither, and hearken, all ye that fear God: and I will tell you what he hath done for my foul.

I called unto him with my mouth: and gave him praifes with my tongue.

If I incline unto wickedness with mine heart: the Lord will not hear me.

But God hath heard me: and confidered the voice of my prayer.

Praifed be God who hath not cast out my prayer : nor turned his mercy from me.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end.

Confitemini Domino. Pfalm evii.

O Give thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious: and his mercy endureth for ever.

Let them give thanks whom the Lord hath redeemed: and delivered from the hand of the enemy;

And gathered them out of the lands, from the east, and from the west; from the north, and from the fouth.

They went aftray in the wildernefs out of the way: and found no city to dwell in;

Hungry and thirfty: their foul fainted in them.

So they cried unto the Lord in their trouble; and he delivered them from their diffress.

He led them forth by the right way: that they might go to the city where they dwelt.

O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!

For he fatisfieth the empty foul: and filleth the hungry foul with goodnefs.

Such as fit in darknefs, and in the fladow of death: being faft bound in mifery and iron;

Because they rebelled against the words of the Lord: and lightly regarded the counsel of the most Highest;

He also brought down their heart through heaviness: they fell

down, and there was none to help them.

So when they cried unto the Lord in their trouble : he delivered them out of their diffress.

For he brought them out of darkness, and out of the shadow of death: and brake their bonds in funder.

O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodness; and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!

For he hath broken the gates of brafs : and fmitten the bars of iron in funder.

Foolish men are plagued for their offence: and because of their wickedness.

Their foul abhorred all manner. of meat: and they were even hard at death's door.

So when they cried unto the Lord in their trouble: he delivered them out of their diffrefs.

He fent his word, and healed them: and they were faved from their destruction.

O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!

That they would offer unto him the facrifice of thankfgiving : and tell out his works with gladnefs!

They that go down to the fea in fhips: and occupy their bufiness in great waters;

Thefe men fee the works of the Lord : and his wonders in the deep.

For at his word the ftormy wind arifeth: which lifteth up the waves

thereof.

They are carried up to the heaven, and down again to the deep: their foul melteth away because of the trouble.

They reel to and fro, and ftagger like a drunken man: and are at their wit's end.

So when they cry unto the Lord in their trouble: he delivereth them out of their diffrefs.

For he maketh the ftorm to cease: so that the waves thereof are still.

Then are they glad, because they are at rest: and so he bringeth them unto the haven where they would be.

O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men!

That they would exalt him also in the congregation of the people : and praise him in the seat of the elders!

Who turneth the floods into a wildernefs: and drieth up the water-fprings.

A fruitful land maketh he barren : for the wickedness of them that dwell therein.

Again, he maketh the wilder-

nefs a ftanding water: and waterfprings of a dry ground.

And there he fetteth the hungry: that they may build them a

city to dwell in;

That they may fow their land, and plant vineyards: to yield them fruits of increase.

He bleffeth them, fo that they multiply exceedingly: and fuffereth not their cattle to decreafe.

And again, when they are minished, and brought low: through oppression, through any plague, or trouble;

Though he fuffer them to be evil intreated through tyrants: and let them wander out of the way in the wilderness;

Yet helpeth he the poor out of mifery: and maketh him houfeholds like a flock of fheep.

The righteous will confider this, and rejoice: and the mouth of all wickedness shall be stopped.

Whoso is wife will ponder these things: and they shall understand the loving-kindness of the Lord.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end.

Collects of Thankfgiving.

Most blessed and glorious Lord God, who art of infinite goodness and mercy; We thy poor

creatures, whom thou haft made and preferved, holding our fouls in life, and now refcuing us out of the jaws of death, humbly prefent ourselves again before thy Divine Majesty, to offer a facrifice of praife and thankfgiving, for that thou heardest us when we called in our trouble, and didft not caft out our prayer, which we made before thee in our great diffres: Even when we gave all for loft, our fhip, our goods, our lives, then didft thou mercifully look upon us, and wonderfully command a deliverance; for which we, now being in fafety, do give all praife and glory to thy holy Name; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

Most mighty and gracious good God the ... all thy works, but in special manner hath been extended toward us, whom thou haft fo powerfully and wonderfully defended. Thou haft flewed us terrible things, and wonders in the deep, that we might fee how powerful and gracious a God thou art; how able and ready to help them that trust in thee. Thou haft flewed us how both winds and feas obey thy command; that we may learn, even from them, hereafter to obey thy voice, and to do thy will. We therefore blefs and glorify thy Name, for this thy mercy in faving us, when we were ready to perisher And, we befeech thee, make us as truly fenfible now of thy mercy, as we were then of the danger: and give us hearts always ready to express our thankfulnefs, not only by words, but alfo by our lives, in being more obedient to thy holy commandments. Continue, we befeech thee, this thy goodness to us; that we, whom thou haft faved, may ferve thee in holinefs and righteoufnefs all the days of our life; through Jefus Chrift our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

An Hymn of Praise and Thanksgiving after a dangerous Tempest.

Come, let us give thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious: and his mercy endureth for ever.

Great is the Lord, and greatly to be praifed; let the redeemed of the Lord fay fo: whom he hath delivered from the merciles rage of the fea.

The Lord is gracious and full of compassion: slow to anger, and of great mercy.

He hath not dealt with us according to our fins : neither rewarded us according to our iniquities.

But as the heaven is high above the earth: fo great hath been his mercy towards us.

We found trouble and heavinefs: we were even at death's door.

The waters of the fea had wellnigh covered us: the proud waters had well-nigh gone over our foul.

The fea roared: and the ftormy wind lifted up the waves thereof.

We were carried up as it were to heaven, and then down again into the deep: our foul melted within us, because of trouble;

Then cried we unto thee, O Lord: and thou didft deliver us out of our diffress.

Bleffed be thy Name, who didft not despife the prayer of thy fervants: but didft hear our cry, and hast faved us.

Thou didft fend forth thy commandment: and the windy ftorm ceafed, and was turned into a calm.

O let us therefore praife the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he hath done, and still doeth for the children of men.

Praifed be the Lord daily : even the Lord that helpeth us, and poureth his benefits upon us.

He is our God, even the God of whom cometh falvation: God is the Lord by whom we have escaped death.

Thou, Lord, haft made us glad through the operation of thy

hands : and we will triumph in thy praife.

Bleffed be the Lord God: even the Lord God, who only doeth wondrous things;

And bleffed be the Name of his Majesty for ever: and let every one of us fay, Amen, Amen.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

2 Cor. xiii.

THE grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghoft, be with us all evermore. *Amen*.

After Victory or Deliverance from an Enemy.

A Psalm or Hymn of Praise and Thanksgiving after Victory.

If the Lord had not been on our fide, now may we fay: if the Lord himfelf had not been on our fide, when men rofe up against us;

They had fwallowed us up quick: when they were fo wrathfully difpleafed at us.

Yea, the waters had drowned us, and the ftream had gone over our foul: the deep waters of the proud had gone over our foul.

But praifed be the Lord: who hath not given us over as a prey unto them.

The Lord hath wrought: a

mighty falvation for us.

We gat not this by our own fword, neither was it our own arm that faved us: but thy right hand, and thine arm, and the light of thy countenance, because thou hadst a favour unto us.

The Lord hath appeared for us: the Lord hath covered our heads, and made us to fland in the day of battle.

The Lord hath appeared for us: the Lord hath overthrown our enemies, and dashed in pieces those that rose up against us.

Therefore not unto us, O Lord, not unto us: but unto thy Name

be given the glory.

The Lord hath done great things for us: the Lord hath done great things for us, for which we rejoice.

Our help frandeth in the Name of the Lord: who hath made hea-

ven and earth.

Bleffed be the Name of the Lord: from this time forth for evermore.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son : and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. *Amen*.

¶ After this Hymn may be sung the Te Deum.

¶ Then this Collect.

Almighty God, the Sovereign Commander of all the world, in whose hand is power and might which none is able to withftand; We blefs and magnify thy great and glorious Name for this happy Victory, the whole glory whereof we do afcribe to thee, who art the only giver of Victory. And, we befeech thee, give us grace to improve this great mercy to thy glory, the advancement of thy Gofpel, the honour of our Sovereign, and, as much as in us lieth, to the good of all mankind. we befeech thee, give us fuch a fense of this great mercy, as may engage us to a true thankfulness, fuch as may appear in our lives by an humble, holy, and obedient walking before thee all our days, through Jefus Chrift our Lord; to whom with thee and the Holy Spirit, as for all thy mercies, fo in particular for this Victory and Deliverance, be all glory and honour, world without end. Amen.

2 Cor. xiii.

THE grace of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the love of God, and the fellowship of the Holy Ghoft, be with us all evermore. *Amen*.

At the Burial of their Dead at Sea.

¶ The Office in the Common Prayer-book may be used; only instead of these words [We therefore commit his body to the ground, earth to earth, &c.] say,

WE therefore commit his body to the deep, to be turned into corruption, looking for the refurrection of the body, (when the Sea shall give up her dead,) and the life of the world to come, through our Lord Jesus Christ; who at his coming shall change our vile body, that it may be like his glorious body, according to the mighty working, whereby he is able to subdue all things to himself.

THE

FORM AND MANNER

OF

MAKING, ORDAINING, AND CONSECRATING

ΟF

BISHOPS, PRIESTS, AND DEACONS,

ACCORDING TO THE ORDER

ΟF

THE UNITED CHURCH

OF

ENGLAND AND IRELAND.

THE PREFACE.

IT is evident unto all men diligently reading the holy Scripture and ancient Anthors, that from the Apostles' time there have been these Orders of Ministers in Christ's Church; Bishops, Priests, and Deacons. Which Offices were evermore had in such reverend Estimation, that no man might presume to execute any of them, except he were first called, tried, examined, and known to have such qualities as are requisite for the same; and also by publick Prayer, with Imposition of Hands, were approved and admitted thereunto by lawful Authority. And therefore, to the intent that these Orders may be continued, and reverently used and esteemed, in the United Church of England and Ireland; no man shall be accounted or taken to be a lawful Bishop, Priest, or Deacon in the United Church of England and Ireland, or suffered to execute any of the said Functions, except he be called, tried, examined, and admitted thereunto, according to the Form hereaster following, or hath had formerly Episcopal Consecration, or Ordination.

And none shall be admitted a Deacon, except he be Twenty-three years of age, unless he have a Faculty. And every man which is to be admitted a Priest shall be full Four-and-twenty years old. And every man which is to be ordained or confectated Bishop shall be full Thirty years of age.

And the Bishop, knowing either by himself, or by sufficient testimony, any Person to be a man of virtuous conversation, and without crime; and, after examination and trial, sinding him learned in the Latin Tongue, and sufficiently instructed in holy Scripture, may at the times appointed in the Canon, or else, on urgent occasion, upon some other Sunday or Holy-day, in the sace of the Church, admit him a Deacon, in such manner and form as hereaster solloweth.

THE FORM AND MANNER

MAKING OF DEACONS.

When the day appointed by the Bishop is come, after Morning Prayer is ended, there shall be a Sermon or Exhortation, declaring the Duty and Office of such as come to be admitted Deacons; how necessary that Order is in the Church of Christ, and also, how the people ought to esteem them in their Office.

¶ First the Archdeacon, or his Deputy, shall present unto the Bishop (sitting in his chair near to the holy Table) such as desire to be ordained Deacons, (each of them being decently habited,) saying these words,

REVEREND Father in God, I prefent unto you these persons present, to be admitted Deacons.

The Bishop.

TAKE heed that the perfons, whom ye prefent unto us, be apt and meet, for their learning and godly conversation, to exercise their Ministry duly, to the honour of God, and the edifying of his Church.

¶ The Archdeacon shall answer,

Have enquired of them, and also examined them, and think them so to be.

¶ Then the Bishop shall say unto the people:

PRETHREN, if there be any of you who knoweth any Impediment, or notable Crime, in any of these persons presented to be ordered Deacons, for the which he ought not to be admitted to that Office, let him come forth in the Name of God, and shew what the Crime or Impediment is.

¶ And if any great Crime or Impediment be objected, the Bishop shall surcease from ordering that person, until such time as the party accused shall be found clear of that Crime.

¶ Then the Bishop (commending such as shall be found meet to be Ordered to the Prayers of the congregation) shall, with the Clergy and people present, sing or say the Litany, with the Prayers as followeth.

The Litany and Suffrages.

God the Father, of heaven: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Father, of heaven: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Son, Redeemer of the world : have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Son, Redeemer of the world: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Holy Ghoft, proceeding from the Father and the Son: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O God the Holy Ghoft, proceeding from the Father and the Son: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O holy, bleffed, and glorious Trinity, three Perfons and one God: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

O holy, bleffed, and glorious Trinity, three Perfons and one God: have mercy upon us miferable finners.

Remember not, Lord, our of-

3 B

fences, nor the offences of our forefathers; neither take thou vengeance of our fins: fpare us, good Lord, fpare thy people, whom thou haft redeemed with thy most precious blood, and be not angry with us for ever.

Compare us, good Lord.

From all evil and mischief; from fin, from the crafts and affaults of the devil; from thy wrath, and from everlasting damnation,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From all blindness of heart; from pride, vain-glory, and hypocrify; from envy, hatred, and malice, and all uncharitableness,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From fornication, and all other deadly fin; and from all the deceits of the world, the flesh, and the devil,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From lightning and tempest; from plague, pestilence, and famine; from battle and murder, and from sudden death,

Good Lord, deliver us.

From all fedition, privy confpiracy, and rebellion; from all falfe doctrine, herefy, and fchifin; from hardness of heart, and contempt of thy Word and Commandment,

Good Lord, deliver us.

By the mystery of thy holy Incarnation; by thy holy Nativity and Circumcission; by thy Baptism, Fasting, and Temptation,

Good Lord, deliver us.

By thine Agony and bloody Sweat; by thy Crofs and Paffion; by thy precious Death and Burial; by thy glorious Refurrection and Afcention; and by the coming of the Holy Ghoft,

Good Lord, deliver us.

In all time of our tribulation; in all time of our wealth; in the hour of death, and in the day of judgement,

Good Lord, deliver us.

We finners do befeech thee to hear us, O Lord God; and that it may pleafe thee to rule and govern thy holy Church univerfal in the right way;

We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to keep and strengthen in the true worfhipping of thee, in righteousness and holiness of life, thy Servant GEORGE our most gracious King and Governour;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to rule his heart in thy faith, fear, and love, and that he may evermore have affiance in thee, and ever feek thy honour and glory;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to be his defender, and keeper, giving him the victory over all his enemies;

We befrech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bless and preserve our gracious Queen Charlotte, their Royal Highnesses George Prince of Wales, the Prin-

cefs of Wales, and all the Royal Family;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to illuminate all Bishops, Priests, and Deacons, with true knowledge and understanding of thy Word; and that both by their preaching and living they may set it forth, and shew it accordingly;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to bless these thy servants, now to be admitted to the Order of Deacons, [or Priests,] and to pour thy grace upon them; that they may duly execute their Office, to the edifying of thy Church, and the glory of thy holy Name;

 ${\it We be feech thee to hearus, good Lord.}$

That it may please thee to endue the Lords of the Council, and all the Nobility, with grace, wisdom, and understanding;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to blefs and keep the Magistrates, giving them grace to execute justice, and to maintain truth;

We befrech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to blefs and keep all thy people;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to give to all nations unity, peace, and concord;

We befrech thee to hear us, good Lord.
That it may pleafe thee to give

us an heart to love and dread thee, and diligently to live after thy commandments;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to give to all thy people increase of grace to hear meekly thy Word, and to receive it with pure affection, and to bring forth the fruits of the Spirit; We befrech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to bring into the way of truth all such as have erred, and are deceived;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to strengthen such as do stand; and to comfort and help the weak-hearted; and to raise up them that fall; and finally to beat down Satan under our feet;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to fuccour, help, and comfort, all that are in danger, necessity, and tribulation;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to preferve all that travel by land or by water, all women labouring of child, all fick persons, and young children; and to shew thy pity upon all prisoners and captives;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to defend, and provide for, the fatherlefs children and widows, and all that are defolate and opprefled;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may please thee to have

mercy upon all men;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to forgive our enemies, perfecutors, and flanderers, and to turn their hearts; We befrech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to give and preferve to our ufe the kindly fruits of the earth, fo as in due time we may orien them.

time we may enjoy them;

We befeech thee to hear us, good Lord.

That it may pleafe thee to give us true repentance; to forgive us all our fins, negligences, and ignorances; and to endue us with the grace of thy Holy Spirit to amend our lives according to thy holy Word;

We be feech thee to hear us, good Lord. Son of God: we be feech thee

to hear us.

Son of God: we befeech thee to hear us.

O Lamb of God: that takeft away the fins of the world;

Grant us thy peace.

O Lamb of God : that takeft away the fins of the world;

Have mercy upon us.

O Chrift, hear us.

O Chrift, hear us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Chrift, have mercy upon us.

Christ, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

Lord, have mercy upon us.

¶ Then shall the Priest, and the people with him, say the Lord's Prayer.

OUR Father, which art in heaven, Hallowed be thy Name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done in earth, As it is in heaven. Give us this day our daily bread. And forgive us our trespasses, As we forgive them that trespass against us. And lead us not into temptation; But deliver us from evil. Amen.

Prieft. O Lord, deal not with us after our fins.

Anjwer. Neither reward us after our iniquities.

Let us pray.

God, merciful Father, that despifest not the fighing of a contrite heart, nor the defire of fuch as be forrowful; Mercifully affift our prayers that we make before thee in all our troubles and advertities, whenfoever they opprefs us; and graciously hear us, that those evils, which the craft and fubtilty of the devil or man worketh against us, be brought to nought; and by the providence of thy goodnefs they may be dispersed; that we thy fervants, being hurt by no perfecutions, may evermore give thanks unto thee in thy holy Church; through Jefus Chrift our Lord.

O'Lord, arife, help us, and deli-

ver us for thy Name's fake.

God, we have heard with our ears, and our fathers have de-

The Ordering of Deacons.

clared unto us, the noble works that thou didft in their days, and in the old time before them.

O Lord, arife, help us, and deli-

ver us for thine honour.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son : and to the Holy Ghoft;

Answer. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be: world without end. Amen.

From our enemies defend us,

O Christ.

" Graciously look upon our afflictions.

Pitifully behold the forrows of our hearts.

Mercifully forgive the fins of thy people.

Favourably with mercy hear our

prayers.

O Son of David, have mercy upon us.

Both now and ever vouchfafe to hear us, O Christ.

Gracioufly hear us, O Christ; gracioufly hear us, O Lord Christ.

Priest. O Lord, let thy mercy

be shewed upon us;

Answer. As we do put our trust in thee.

Let us pray.

TE humbly befeech thee, O Father, mercifully to look upon our infirmities; and for the glory of thy Name turn from us all those evils that we most righteously have deferved; and grant, that in all our troubles we may put our

whole trust and confidence in thy mercy, and evermore ferve thee in holiness and pureness of living, to thy honour and glory; through our only Mediator and Advocate, Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then shall be sung or said the Service for the Communion, with the Collect, Epistle, and Gospel, as

The Collect.

LMIGHTY God, who by thy A Divine Providence haft appointed divers Orders of Ministers in thy Church, and didft infpire thine Apostles to choose into the Order of Deacons the first Martyr Saint Stephen, with others; Mercifully behold thefe thy fervants now called to the like Office and Administration; replenish them so with the truth of thy Doctrine, and adorn them with innocency of life, that, both by word and good example, they may faithfully ferve thee in this Office, to the glory of thy Name, and the edification of thy Church; through the merits of our Saviour Jefus Chrift, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, now and for ever. Amen.

The Epiftle. 1 Tim. iii. 8.

IKEWISE must the Dea-Lons be grave, not double tongued, not given to much wine, not greedy of filthy lucre, holding the mystery of the faith in a pure confcience. And let these also first be proved; then let them use the Office of a Deacon, being found blameles. Even so must their wives be grave, not slanderers, sober, faithful in all things. Let the Deacons be the husbands of one wise, ruling their children and their own houses well. For they that have used the Office of a Deacon well purchase to themselves a good degree, and great boldness in the faith which is in Christ Jesus.

Or else this, out of the Sixth of the Acts of the Apostles.

Acts vi. 2.

PHEN the twelve called the **■** multitude of the difciples unto them; and faid, It is not reason that we fhould leave the Word of God, and ferve tables. Wherefore, brethren, look ye out among you feven men of honest report, full of the holy Ghost and wisdom, whom we may appoint over this business. But we will give ourfelves continually to prayer, and to the ministry of the Word. And the faying pleafed the whole multitude. And they chose Stephen, a man full of faith, and of the holy Ghoft, and Philip, and Prochorus, and Nicanor, and Timon, and Parmenas, and Nicolas a profelyte of Antioch; whom they fet before the Apostles; and, when they had prayed, they laid their hands on them. the Word of God increased, and the number of the disciples multiplied in Jerufalem greatly, and a great company of the Priests were obedient to the faith.

¶ And before the Gospel, the Bishop, sitting in his chair, shall cause the Oath of the King's Supremacy, and against the power and authority of all foreign Potentates, to be ministered unto every one of them that are to be Ordered.

The Oath of the King's Sovereignty.

I A. B. do fwear, that I do from my heart abhor, deteft, and abjure, as impious and heretical, that damnable Doctrine and Polition. That Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of Rome, may be deposed or murdered by their Subjects, or any other whatfoever. And I do declare, that no foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State, or Potentate, hath, or ought to have, any Jurifdiction, Power, Superiority, Pre-eminence, or Authority, Ecclefiaftical or Spiritual, within this Realm. So help me God.

¶ Then shall the Bishop examine every one of them that are to be Ordered, in the presence of the people, after this manner following.

O you trust that you are inwardly moved by the Holy Ghost to take upon you this Office and Ministration, to serve God for the promoting of his glory, and the edifying of his people?

Anfiver. I trust so.

The Bishop.

Do you think that you are truly called, according to the will of our Lord Jefus Christ, and the

The Ordering of Deacons.

due order of this Realm, to the Ministry of the Church?

Answer. I think fo.

The Bishop.

O you unfeignedly believe all the Canonical Scriptures of the Old and New Testament? Answer. I do believe them.

The Bishop.

WILL you diligently read the fame unto the people affembled in the Church where you fhall be appointed to ferve?

Answer. I will.

The Bishop.

T T appertaineth to the Office of a Deacon, in the Church where he shall be appointed to serve, to affift the Prieft in Divine Service, and fpecially when he ministereth the holy Communion, and to help him in the distribution thereof, and to read holy Scriptures and Homilies in the Church; and to instruct the youth in the Catechifm; in the absence of the Priest to baptize Infants, and to preach, if he be admitted thereto by the Bishop. And furthermore, it is his Office, where provision is fo made, to fearch for the fick, poor, and impotent people of the parish, to intimate their estates, names, and places where they dwell, unto the Curate, that by his exhortation they may be relieved with the alms of the Parishioners, or others. Will you do this gladly and willingly?

Answer. I will fo do, by the help of God.

The Bishop.

VILL you apply all your diligence to frame and fashion your own lives, and the lives of your families, according to the Doctrine of Christ; and to make both yourfelves and them, as much as in you lieth, wholefome examples of the flock of Christ?

Anfwer. I will fo do, the Lord

being my helper.

The Bishop.

VILL you reverently obey your Ordinary, and other chief Ministers of the Church, and them to whom the charge and government over you is committed, following with a glad mind and will their godly admonitions?

Answer. I will endeavour myfelf, the Lord being my helper.

¶ Then the Bishop laying his Hunds severally upon the Head of every one of them, humbly kneeling before him, shall say,

TAKE thou Authority to execute the Office of a Deacon in the Church of God committed unto thee; In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghoft. Amen.

¶ Then shall the Bishop deliver to every one of them the New Testament, saying,

TAKE thou Authority to read **L** the Gospel in the Church of God, and to preach the fame, if thou be thereto licensed by the Bishop himself.

¶ Then one of them, appointed by the Bishop, shall read the Gospel.

St. Luke xii. 35.

LET your loins be girded about, and your lights burning; and ye yourselves like unto men that wait for their Lord, when he will return from the wedding; that, when he cometh and knocketh. they may open unto him immedi-Bleffed are those fervants, ately. whom the Lord when he cometh fhall find watching. Verily I fay unto you, that he shall gird himfelf, and make them to fit down to meat, and will come forth and ferve And if he shall come in the fecond watch, or come in the third watch, and find them fo, bleffed are thofe fervants.

- ¶ Then shall the Bishop proceed in the Communion, and all that are Ordered shall tarry, and receive the holy Communion the same day with the Bishop.
- ¶ The Communion ended, after the last Collect, and immediately before the Benediction, shall be said these Collects following.

A LMIGHTY God, giver of all good things, who of thy great goodness hast vouchsafed to accept and take these thy Servants unto the Office of Deacons in thy Church; Make them, we beseech thee, O Lord, to be modest, hum-

ble, and conftant in their Miniftration, to have a ready will to observe all spiritual Discipline; that they having always the testimony of a good conscience, and continuing ever stable and strong in thy Son Christ, may so well behave themselves in this inferior Office, that they may be found worthy to be called unto the higher Ministries in thy Church; through the same thy Son our Saviour Jesus Christ, to whom be glory and honour world without end. *Amen*.

PREVENT us, O Lord, in all our doings with thy most gracious favour, and further us with thy continual help; that in all our works begun, continued, and ended in thee, we may glorify thy holy Name, and finally by thy mercy obtain everlasting life; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

THE peace of God, which paffeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord: And the Blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost, be amongst you, and remain with you always. *Amen*.

And here it must be declared unto the Deacon, that he must continue in that Office of a Deacon the space of a whole year (except for reasonable causes it shall otherwise seem good unto the Bishop) to the intent he may be perfect, and well expert in the things appertaining to the Ecclesiastical Administration. In executing whereof if he be found faithful and diligent, he may be admitted by his Diocesan to the Order of Priesthood, at the times appointed in the Canon; or else, on urgent occasion, upon some other Sunday, or Holy-day, in the face of the Church, in such manner and form as hereafter followeth.

THE FORM AND MANNER

OF

ORDERING OF PRIESTS.

- ¶ When the day appointed by the Bishop is come, after Morning Prayer is ended, there shall be a Sermon or Exhortation, declaring the Duty and Office of such as come to be admitted Priests; how necessary that Order is in the Church of Christ, and also how the people ought to esteem them in their Office.
- ¶ First, the Archdeacon, or, in his absence, one uppointed in his stead, shall present unto the Bishop (sitting in his chair near to the holy Table) all them that shall receive the Order of Priesthood that day (each of them being decently habited) and say,

REVEREND Father in God, I prefent unto you these perfons present, to be admitted to the Order of Priesthood.

The Bishop.

AKE heed that the perfons, whom ye prefent unto us, be apt and meet, for their learning and godly conversation, to exercise their Ministry duly, to the honour of God, and the edifying of his Church.

¶ The Archdeacon shall answer,

Have enquired of them, and also examined them, and think them so to be.

 \P Then the Bishop shall say unto the people;

OOD people, these are they whom we purpose, God willing, to receive this day unto the holy Office of Priesthood: For after due examination we find not to the contrary, but that they be lawfully called to their Function and Ministry, and that they be persons meet for the same. But yet if there be any of you, who knoweth any

Impediment, or notable Crime, in any of them, for the which he ought not to be received into this holy Ministry, let him come forth in the Name of God, and shew what the Crime or Impediment is.

¶ And if any great Crime or Impediment be objected, the Bishop shall surcease from Ordering that person, until such time as the party accused shall be

found clear of that Crime.

¶ Then the Bishop (commending such as shall be found meet to be Ordered to the Prayers of the congregation) shall, with the Clergy and people present, sing or say the Litany, with the Prayers, as is before appointed in the Form of Ordering Deacons; save only, that, in the proper Suffrage there added, the word [Deacons] shall be omitted, and the word [Priests] inserted instead of it.

¶ Then shall be sung or said the Service for the Communion, with the Collect, Epistle, and Gospel, as

followeth.

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, giver of all good things, who by thy Holy Spirit haft appointed divers Orders of Ministers in the Church; Mercifully behold these thy servants now called to the Office of Priesthood; and replenish them so with the truth of thy doctrine, and adorn them with innocency of life, that, both by word and good example, they may faithfully serve thee in this Office, to the glory of thy Name, and the edification of thy

Church; through the merits of our Saviour Jefus Chrift, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, world without end. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. Ephef. iv. 7. NTO every one of us is given grace, according to the meafure of the gift of Christ. Wherefore he faith, When he afcended up on high, he led captivity captive, and gave gifts unto men. that he afcended, what is it but that he also descended first into the lower parts of the earth? He that descended, is the same also that afcended up far above all heavens, that he might fill all things.) And he gave fome Apostles, and fome Prophets, and fome Evangelifts, and fome Paftors and Teachers; for the perfecting of the Saints, for the work of the Ministry, for the edifying of the Body of Christ; till we all come in the unity of the

¶ After this shall be read for the Gospel part of the ninth Chapter of Saint Matthew, as followeth.

faith, and of the knowledge of the Son of God, unto a perfect man,

unto the measure of the stature of

the fulness of Christ.

St. Matth. ix. 36.

WHEN Jefus faw the multitudes, he was moved with compassion on them, because they fainted, and were scattered abroad as sheep having no shepherd. Then faith he unto his disciples, The harvest truly is plenteous, but the labourers are few. Pray ye therefore the Lord of the harvest, that he will fend forth labourers into his harvest.

¶ Or else this that followeth, out of the tenth Chapter of Saint John.

St. John x. 1.

T/ERILY, verily I fay unto you, He that entereth not by the door into the fheep-fold, but climbeth up fome other way, the fame is a thief and a robber. But he that entereth in by the door is the To him Shepherd of the sheep. the porter openeth, and the sheep hear his voice; and he calleth his own fheep by name, and leadeth them out. And when he putteth forth his own sheep he goeth before them, and the sheep follow him; for they know his voice. And a ftranger will they not follow, but will flee from him; for they know not the voice of strangers. This parable fpake Jefus unto them, but they understood not what things they were which he fpake unto them. Then faid Jefus unto them again, Verily, verily I fay unto you, I am the door of the theep. All that ever came before me are thieves and robbers; but the sheep did not hear them. I am the door; by me if any man enter in, he fhall be faved, and fhall go in and out, and find pafture. The thief cometh not but for to fteal, and to kill, and to deftroy: I am

come that they might have life, and that they might have it more abundantly. I am the good Shepherd: the good Shepherd giveth his life for the fleep. But he that is an hireling, and not the Shepherd, whofe own the fheep are not, feeth the wolf coming, and leaveth the fleep, and fleeth; and the wolf catcheth them, and fcattereth the fheep. The hireling fleeth, because he is an hireling, and careth not for the fleep. I am the good Shepherd, and know my fheep, and am known of mine. As the Father knoweth me, even fo know I the Father; and I lay down my life for the fleep. And other fleep I have, which are not of this fold: them also I must bring, and they fhall hear my voice; and there fhall be one fold, and one Shepherd.

¶ Then the Bishop, sitting in his chair, shall minister unto every one of them the Oath concerning the King's Supremacy, as it is before set forth in the Form for the Ordering of Deacons.

¶ And that done, he shall say unto them as hereafter followeth.

VOU have heard, Brethren, as well in your private examination, as in the exhortation which was now made to you, and in the holy Lessons taken out of the Gofpel, and the writings of the Apoftles, of what dignity, and of how great importance this Office is, whereunto ye are called. now again we exhort you, in the Name of our Lord Jefus Chrift,

that you have in remembrance, into how high a Dignity, and to how weighty an Office and Charge ye are called: that is to fay, to be Meslengers, Watchmen, and Stewards of the Lord; to teach, and to premonish, to feed and provide for the Lord's family; to feek for Chrift's sheep that are dispersed abroad, and for his children who are in the midst of this naughty world, that they may be faved

through Christ for ever.

Have always therefore printed in your remembrance, how great a treasure is committed to your charge. For they are the sheep of Chrift, which he bought with his death, and for whom he shed his blood. The Church and Congregation whom you must serve, is his Spoufe, and his Body. if it shall happen the fame Church, or any Member thereof, to take any hurt or hindrance by reason of your negligence, ye know the greatness of the fault, and also the horrible punishment that will ensue. Wherefore confider with your felves the end of your Ministry towards the children of God, towards the Spoufe and Body of Christ; and fee that you never ceafe your labour, your care and diligence, until you have done all that lieth in you, according to your bounden duty, to bring all fuch as are or shall be committed to your charge, unto

3 C 2

that agreement in the faith and knowledge of God, and to that ripeness and perfectness of age in Chrift, that there be no place left among you, either for error in religion, or for viciousness in life.

Forafmuch then as your Office is both of fo great excellency, and of fo great difficulty, ye fee with how great care and ftudy ye ought to apply yourfelves, as well that ve may flew yourfelves dutiful and thankful unto that Lord, who hath placed you in fo high a Dignity; as also to beware, that neither you yourfelves offend, nor be occasion that others offend. Howbeit, ye cannot have a mind and will thereto of yourselves; for that will and ability is given of God alone: therefore ye ought, and have need, to pray earneftly for his holy Spirit. And feeing that you cannot by any other means compass the doing of fo weighty a work, pertaining to the falvation of man, but with doctrine and exhortation taken out of the holy Scriptures, and with a life agreeable to the fame; confider how fludious ye ought to be in reading and learning the Scriptures, and in framing the manners both of yourfelves, and of them that fpecially pertain unto you, according to the rule of the fame Scriptures: and for this felf-fame caufe, how ye ought to forfake and fet afide (as much as you may) all worldly cares and ftudies.

We have good hope that you have well weighed and pondered thefe things with yourfelves long before this time; and that you have clearly determined, by God's grace, to give yourfelves wholly to this Office, whereunto it hath pleafed God to call you: fo that, as much as lieth in you, you will apply yourfelves wholly to this one thing, and draw all your cares and ftudies this way; and that you will continually pray to God the Father, by the Mediation of our only Saviour Jefus Chrift, for the heavenly affiftance of the Holy Ghoft; that, by daily reading and weighing of the Scriptures, ye may wax riper and ftronger in your Ministry; and that ye may fo endeavour yourfelves, from time to time, to fanctify the lives of you and yours, and to fashion them after the Rule and Doctrine of Chrift, that ye may be wholefome and godly examples and patterns for the people to follow.

And now, that this prefent Congregation of Christ here assembled may also understand your minds and wills in these things, and that this your promise may the more move you to do your duties, ye shall answer plainly to these things, which we, in the Name of God, and of his Church, shall demand of you touching the same.

DO you think in your heart, that you be truly called, according to the will of our Lord Jefus Chrift, and the order of this United Church of *England* and *Ireland*, to the Order and Ministry of Priesthood?

Anfwer. I think it.

The Bishop.

ARE you perfuaded that the holy Scriptures contain fufficiently all Doctrine required of necessity for eternal falvation through faith in Jesus Christ? and are you determined, out of the faid Scriptures to instruct the people committed to your charge, and to teach nothing, as required of necessity to eternal falvation, but that which you shall be perfuaded may be concluded and proved by the Scripture?

Anfwer. I am fo perfuaded, and have fo determined by God's grace.

The Bishop.

faithful diligence always fo to minister the Doctrine and Sacraments, and the Discipline of Christ, as the Lord hath commanded, and as this Church and Realm hath received the same, according to the Commandments of God; so that you may teach the people committed to your Cure and Charge with all diligence to keep and observe the same?

Anfwer. I will fo do, by the help of the Lord.

The Bishop.

faithful diligence, to banish and drive away all erroneous and strange doctrines contrary to God's Word; and to use both publick and private monitions and exhortations, as well to the sick as to the whole, within your Cures, as need shall require, and occasion shall be given?

Anfwer. I will, the Lord being my helper.

The Bishop.

Prayers, and in reading of the holy Scriptures, and in fuch ftudies as help to the knowledge of the fame, laying afide the ftudy of the world and the flesh?

Anfwer. I will endeavour myfelf fo to do, the Lord being my helper.

The Bishop.

and fashion your own selves, and your families, according to the Doctrine of Christ; and to make both yourselves and them, as much as in you lieth, wholesome examples and patterns to the flock of Christ?

Anfiver. I will apply myfelf thereto, the Lord being my helper.

The Bishop.

WILL you maintain and fet forwards, as much as lieth in you, quietness, peace, and love, among all Christian people, and especially among them that are or fhall be committed to your charge?

Anfiver. I will fo do, the Lord being my helper.

The Bishop.

I/ILL you reverently obey your Ordinary, and other chief Ministers, unto whom is committed the charge and government over you; following with a glad mind and will their godly admonitions, and fubmitting yourselves to their godly judgements?

Answer. I will so do, the Lord

being my helper.

¶ Then shall the Bishop, standing up, say,

LMIGHTY God, who hath ful given you this will to do all thefe things; Grant also unto you ftrength and power to perform the fame; that he may accomplish his work which he hath begun in you; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

- \P After this, the Congregation shall be desired, secretly in their Prayers, to make their humble supplications to God for all these things; for the which Prayers there shall be silence kept for a space.
- ¶ After which shall be sung or said by the Bishop (the persons to be ordained Priests all kneeling) Veni, Creator Spiritus; the Bishop beginning, and the Priests, and others that are present, auswering by verses, as followeth.

YOME, Holy Ghoft, our fouls \checkmark infpire,

And lighten with celestial fire. Thou the anointing Spirit art, Who doft thy feven-fold gifts impart. Thy bleffed Unction from above, Is comfort, life, and fire of love.

Enable with perpetual light The dulness of our blinded sight. Anoint and cheer our foiled face With the abundance of thy grace. Keep far our foes, give peace at home:

Where thou art guide, no ill can come. Teach us to know the Father, Son, And thee, of both, to be but One. That, through the ages all along, This may be our endlefs fong; Praife to thy eternal merit, Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.

Or this:

COME, Holy Ghoft, eternal God, Proceeding from above, Both from the Father and the Son, The God of peace and love; Vifit our minds, into our hearts Thy heavenly grace infpire; That truth and godlinefs we may Purfue with full defire. Thou art the very Comforter In grief and all diftrefs; The heavinly gift of God most high, No tongue can it express; The fountain and the living fpring Of joy celeftial;

The fire fo bright, the love fo fiveet, $\it The \ Unction fpiritual.$

Thou in thy gifts art manifold, By them Christ's Church doth stand: In faithful hearts thou writ'ft thy law, The finger of God's hund.

According to thy promife, Lord, Thou giveft fpeech with grace; That thro' thy help God's praifes may Refound in every place.

The Ordering of Priests.

O Holy Ghoft, into our minds Send down thy heavenly light; Kindle our hearts with fervent zeal, To ferve God day and night. Our weakness strengthen and confirm. (For, Lord, thou know'ft us frail;) That neither devil, world, nor flefh, Against us may prevail. Put back our enemy far from us, And help us to obtain Peace in our hearts with God und (The best, the truest gain;) And grant that thou being, O Lord, Our leader and our guide, We may escape the snares of sin, And never from thee flide. Such measures of thy powerful grace Grant, Lord, to us, we pray; That thou may'ft be our Comforter At the last dreadful day. Of strife and of diffention Diffolye, O Lord, the bands, And knit the knots of peace and love Throughout all Christian lands. Grant us the grace that we may know

The Father of all might, That we of his beloved Son

Ever acknowledge thee,

And to his bleffed Son,

Co-equal Three in One.

May gain the blifsful fight;

And that we may with perfect faith

The Spirit of Father, and of Son,

To God the Father laud and praife,

And to the Holy Spirit of grace,

One God in Perfons Three.

And pray we, that our only Lord Would pleafe his Spirit to fend On all that fhall profess his Name, Fromhence to the world's end. Amen.

¶ That done, the Bishop shall pray in this wise, and say,

Let us pray.

LMIGHTY God, and heavenly A Father, who, of thine infinite love and goodness towards us, hast given to us thy only and most dearly beloved Son Jefus Chrift, to be our Redeemer, and the Author of everlafting life; who, after he had made perfect our redemption by his death, and was afcended into heaven, fent abroad into the world his Apostles, Prophets, Evangelists, Doctors, and Paftors; by whofe labour and ministry he gathered together a great flock in all the parts of the world, to fet forth the eternal praife of thy holy Name: For these fo great benefits of thy eternal goodness, and for that thou haft vouchfafed to call thefe thy fervants here prefent to the same Office and Ministry appointed for the falvation of mankind, we render unto thee most hearty thanks, we praife and worship thee; and we humbly befeech thee, by the fame thy bleffed Son, to grant unto all, which either here or elfewhere call upon thy holy Name, that we may continue to flew ourfelves thankful unto thee for thefe

and all other thy benefits; and that we may daily increase and go forwards in the knowledge and faith of thee and thy Son, by the Holy Spirit. So that as well by thefe thy Ministers, as by them over whom they shall be appointed thy Ministers, thy holy Name may be for ever glorified, and thy bleffed kingdom enlarged; through the fame thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee in the unity of the fame Holy Spirit, world without end. Amen.

¶ When this Prayer is done, the Bishop with the Priests present shall lay their hands severally upon the head of every one that receiveth the Order of Priesthood; the Receivers humbly kneeling upon their knees, and the Bishop saying,

Priest in the Office and Work of a Priest in the Church of God, now committed unto thee by the imposition of our hands. Whose sins thou dost forgive, they are forgiven; and whose sins thou dost retain, they are retained. And be thou a faithful Dispenser of the Word of God, and of his holy Sacraments; In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen.

¶ Then the Bishop shall deliver to every one of them kneeling, the Bible into his hand, saying,

TAKE thou Authority to preach the Word of God, and to mi-

nifter the holy Sacraments in the Congregation, where thou fhalt be lawfully appointed thereunto.

- ¶ When this is done, the Nicene Creed shall be sung or said; and the Bishop shall after that go on in the Service of the Communion, which all they that receive Orders shall take together, and remain in the same place where Hands were laid upon them, until such time as they have received the Communion.
- ¶ The Communion being done, after the last Collect, and immediately before the Benediction, shall be said these Collects.

OST merciful Father, we befeech thee to fend upon thefe thy fervants thy heavenly bleffing; that they may be clothed with righteoufness, and that thy Word fpoken by their mouths may have fuch fuccess, that it may never be fpoken in vain. Grant alfo, that we may have grace to hear and receive what they shall deliver out of thy most holy Word, or agreeable to the fame, as the means of our falvation; that in all our words and deeds we may feek thy glory; and the increase of thy kingdom; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

PREVENT us, O Lord, in all our doings, with thy most gracious favour, and further us with thy continual help; that in all our works begun, continued, and ended in thee, we may glorify thy holy Name, and finally by thy mercy obtain everlasting life; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

The Ordering of Priefts.

THE peace of God, which | Lord: And the bleffing of God paffeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jefus Chrift our

Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft, be amongst you, and remain with you always. Amen.

¶ And if on the same day the Order of Deacons be given to some, and the Order of Priesthood to others; the Deacons shall be first presented, and then the Priests; and it shall suffice that the Litary be once said for both. The Collects shall both be used; first, that for Deacons, then that for Priests. The Epistle shall be Ephes. iv. 7-13, as before in this Office. Immediately after which, they that are to be made Deacons shall take the Oath of Supremacy, be examined, and Ordained, as is above prescribed. Then one of them having read the Gospel (which shall be either out of St. Matth. ix. 36-38, as before in this Office; or else St. Luke xii. 35—38, as before in the Form for the Ordering of Deacons,) they that are to he made Priests shall likewise take the Oath of Supremacy, be examined, and Ordained, as is in this Office before appointed.

FORM OF ORDAINING OR CONSECRATING

OF AN

ARCHBISHOP OR BISHOP;

Which is always to be performed upon some Sunday or Holy-day.

¶ When all things are duly prepared in the Church, and set in order, after Morning Prayer is ended, the Archbishop (or some other Bishop appointed) shall begin the Communion Service; in which this shall be

The Collect.

A LMIGHTY God, who by thy Son Jefus Chrift didft give to thy holy Apostles many excellent gifts, and didst charge them to feed thy flock; Give grace, we befeech thee, to all Bishops, the Pastors of thy Church, that they may diligently preach thy Word, and duly administer the godly Discipline thereof; and grant to the people, that they may obediently follow the same; that all may receive the crown of everlasting glory; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

 \P And another Bishop shall read the Epistle.

1 Tim. iii. 1.

THIS is a true faying, If a man defire the Office of a Bishop, he defireth a good work. A Bishop then must be blameless, the husband of one wife, vigilant, sober, of good behaviour, given to hospitality, apt to teach; not given to wine, no striker, not greedy of filthy lucre, but patient, not a brawler, not covetous; one that ruleth well his own house, having

his children in fubjection with all gravity; (For if a man know not how to rule his own house, how shall he take care of the Church of God?) Not a novice, lest being lifted up with pride he fall into the condemnation of the devil. Moreover, he must have a good report of them which are without; lest he fall into reproach, and the snare of the devil.

Or this.

For the Epiftle. Acts xx. 17.

TROM Miletus Paul fent to Ephefus, and called the elders of the Church. And when they were come to him, he faid unto them, Ye know, from the first day that I came into Afia, after what manner I have been with you at all feafons, ferving the Lord with all humility of mind, and with many tears and temptations which befel me by the lying in wait of the Jews: and how I kept back nothing that was profitable unto you, but have flewed you, and have taught you publickly, and from house to house, testifying both to the Jews, and also to the Greeks, repentance toward God, and faith toward our Lord Jefus Chrift. And

now behold, I go bound in the fpirit unto Jerufalem, not knowing the things that shall befal me there; fave that the Holy Ghoft witneffeth in every city, faying, That bonds and afflictions abide me. But none of these things move me, neither count I my life dear unto myfelf, fo that I might finish my courfe with joy, and the miniftry which I have received of the Lord Jefus, to teftify the Gospel of the grace of God. And now behold, I know that ye all, among whom I have gone preaching the kingdom of God, shall see my face no more. Wherefore I take you to record this day, that I am pure from the blood of all men. For I have not flummed to declare unto you all the counfel of God. Take heed therefore unto yourfelves, and to all the flock over the which the Holy Ghoft hath made you Overfeers, to feed the Church of God, which he hath purchased with his own blood. For I know this, that after my departing shall grievous wolves enter in among you, not fparing the flock. Also of your own felves shall men arife speaking perverfe things, to draw away disciples after them. Therefore watch, and remember, that by the fpace of three years, I ceafed not to warn every one night and day with tears. And now, brethren, I commend you to God, and to the

word of his grace, which is able to build you up, and to give you an inheritance among all them which are fanctified. I have coveted no man's filver, or gold, or apparel; yea, ye yourfelves know, that thefe hands have ministered unto my necessities, and to them that were with me. I have shewed you all things, how that so labouring ye ought to support the weak; and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, how he said, It is more blessed to give than to receive.

¶ Then another Bishop shall read the Gospel. St. John xxi. 15.

JESUS faith to Simon Peter, Simon for of I mon, fon of Jonas, loveft thou me more than these? He saith unto him, Yea, Lord, thou knowest that I love thee. He faith unto him, Feed my lambs. He faith to him again the fecond time, Simon, fon of Jonas, lovest thou me? He faith unto him, Yea, Lord, thou knoweft that I love thee. He faith unto him, Feed my sheep. He saith unto him the third time, Simon, fon of Jonas, loveft thou me? Peter was grieved because he faid unto him the third time, Lovest thou me? And he faid unto him, Lord, thou knowest all things; knowest that I love thee. faith unto him, Feed my sheep.

Or elfe this. St. John xx. 19.

THE fame day at evening, being the first day of the week,

when the doors were flut where the disciples were affembled for fear of the Jews, came Jefus, and ftood in the midft, and faith unto them, Peace be unto you. when he had fo faid, he shewed unto them his hands and his fide. Then were the disciples glad, when they faw the Lord. Then faith Jefus to them again, Peace be unto you: as my Father hath fent me, even fo fend I you. And when he had faid this, he breathed on them, and faith unto them, Receive ve the holy Ghoft. Whofefoever fins ye remit, they are remitted unto them; and whosesoever sins ye retain, they are retained.

Or this. St. Matth. xxviii. 18.

JESUS came and spake unto them, saying, All power is given unto me in heaven and in earth. Go ye therefore and teach all nations, baptizing them In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost; teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world.

¶ After the Gospel, and the Nicene Creed, and the Sermon are ended, the Elected Bishop (vested with his Rochet) shall be presented by two Bishops unto the Archbishop of that province (or to some other Bishop appointed by lawful commission) the Archbishop sitting in his chair near the holy Table, and the Bishops that present him saying,

MOST Reverend Father in God, we prefent unto you

this godly and well-learned man to be Ordained and Confecrated Bishop.

¶ Then shall the Archbishop demand the King's Mandate for the Consecration, and cause it to be read. And the Oath touching the acknowledgement of the King's Supremacy, shall be ministered to the persons elected, as it is set down before in the Form for the Ordering of Deacons. And then shall also be ministered unto them the Oath of due Obedience to the Archbishop, as followeth.

The Oath of due Obedience to the Archbishop.

IN the Name of God. Amen. IN. chofen Bishop of the Church and See of N. do profess and promise all due reverence and obedience to the Archbishop and to the Metropolitical Church of N. and to their Successors: So help me God, through Jesus Christ.

- ¶ This Oath shall not be made at the Consecration of an Archbishop.
- ¶ Then the Archbishop shall move the Congregation present to pray, saying thus to them:

The Gospel of Saint Luke, That our Saviour Christ continued the whole night in prayer, before he did choose and send forth his twelve Apostles. It is written also in the Acts of the Apostles, That the Disciples who were at Antioch did fast and pray, before they laid hands on Paul and Barnabas, and sent them forth. Let us therefore, following the example of our Saviour Christ, and his Apostles, first fall to prayer, before we admit, and

The Confectation of Bishops.

fend forth this perfon prefented unto us, to the work whereunto we trust the Holy Ghost hath called him.

¶ And then shall be said the Litany, as before in the Form of Ordering Deacons, save only, that after this place That it may please thee to illuminate all Bishops, &c. the proper Suffrage there following shall be omitted, and this inserted instead of it;

THAT it may pleafe thee to blefs this our Brother elected, and to fend thy grace upon him, that he may duly execute the Office whereunto he is called, to the edifying of thy Church, and to the honour, praife and glory of thy Name;

Answer. We befeech thee to hear

us, good Lord.

¶ Then shall be said this Prayer following.

▲ LMIGHTY God, giver of all A good things, who by thy Holy Spirit haft appointed divers Orders of Ministers in thy Church; Mercifully behold this thy fervant now called to the Work and Ministry of a Bishop; and replenish him so with the truth of thy doctrine, and adorn him with innocency of life, that, both by word and deed, he may faithfully ferve thee in this Office, to the glory of thy Name, and the edifying and well governing of thy Church; through the merits of our Saviour Jefus Chrift, who liveth and reigneth with thee and the Holy Ghoft, world without end. Amen.

¶ Then the Archbishop, sitting in his chair, shall say to him that is to be Consecrated.

BROTHER, forafmuch as the holy Scripture and the ancient Canons command, that we should not be hafty in laying on hands, and admitting any person to Government in the Church of Christ, which he hath purchased with no less price than the essuant you to this Administration, I will examine you in certain Articles, to the end that the Congregation present may have a trial, and bear witness, how you be minded to behave yourself in the Church of God.

ARE you perfuaded that you be truly called to this Ministration, according to the will of our Lord Jesus Christ, and the order of this Realm?

Answer. I am so perfuaded.

The Archbishop.

RE you perfuaded that the holy Scriptures contain fufficiently all Doctrine required of necessity for eternal falvation through faith in Jesus Christ? And are you determined out of the same holy Scriptures to instruct the people committed to your charge; and to teach or maintain nothing as required of necessity to eternal falvation, but that which you shall be perfuaded may be concluded and proved by the same?

Answer. I am so perfuaded, and determined, by God's grace.

The Archbishop.

WILL you then faithfully exercife yourfelf in the fame holy Scriptures, and call upon God by prayer, for the true understanding of the fame; fo as you may be able by them to teach and exhort with wholesome Doctrine, and to withftand and convince the gainfayers?

Answer. I will so do, by the

help of God.

The Archbishop.

▲ RE you ready, with all faithful La diligence, to banish and drive away all erroneous and ftrange doctrine contrary to God's Word; and both privately and openly to call upon and encourage others to the fame?

Answer. I am ready, the Lord being my helper.

The Archbishop.

WILL you deny all ungodlinefs and worldly lufts, and live foberly, righteoufly, and godly, in this prefent world; that you may shew yourfelf in all things an example of good works unto others, that the adverfary may be afhamed, having nothing to fav againft you?

Anfiver. I will fo do, the Lord

being my helper.

The Archbishop.

/ ILL you maintain and fet forward, as much as shall

lie in you, quietness, love, and peace among all men; and fuch as be unquiet, disobedient, and criminous, within your Diocefe, correct and punish, according to fuch authority as you have by God's Word, and as to you shall be committed by the Ordinance of this Realm?

Answer. I will fo do, by the help of God.

The Archbishop.

X/ILL you be faithful in Ordaining, fending, or laying hands upon others?

Anfiver. I will fo be, by the

help of God.

The Archbishop.

TILL you shew yourfelf gentle, and be merciful for Chrift's fake to poor and needy people, and to all ftrangers deftitute of help?

Anfiver. I will fo flew myfelf,

by God's help.

¶ Then the Archbishop standing up shall say,

LMIGHTY God, our heaven-🔼 ly Father, who hath given you a good will to do all thefe things, Grant alfo unto you ftrength and power to perform the fame; that, he accomplishing in you the good work which he hath begun, you may be found perfect and irreprehenfible at the latter day; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

The Confecration of Bifhops.

¶ Then shall the Bishop elect put on the rest of the Episcopal habit; and kneeling down, Veni, Creator Spiritus, shall be sung or said over him, the Archbishop beginning, and the Bishops, with others that are present, answering by verses, as followeth.

COME, Holy Ghoft, our fouls infpire,

And lighten with celeftial fire.

Thou the anointing Spirit art,
Who doft thy feven-fold gifts impart.

Thy bleffed Unction from above,
Is comfort, life, and fire of love.

Enable with perpetual light
The dulnefs of our blinded fight.

Anoint and cheer our foiled face
With the abundance of thy grace.

Keep far our foes, give peace at home:

Where thou art guide, no ill can come.

Teach us to know the Father, Son,
And thee, of both, to be but One.
That, through the ages all along,
This may be our endless fong;
Praise to thy eternal merit,
Father, Son, and Holy Spirit.
Or this.

COME, Holy Ghoft, eternal God, &c.

As before in the Form for Ordering Priests.

¶ That ended, the Archbishop shall say,

Lord, hear our prayer.

Answer. And let our cry come unto thee.

Let us pray.
A LMIGHTY God, and most merciful Father, who of thine infinite goodness hast given thine only and dearly beloved Son Jesus

Chrift, to be our Redeemer, and the Author of everlafting life; who, after that he had made perfect our Redemption by his death, and was afcended into heaven, poured down his gifts abundantly upon men, making fome Apostles, some Prophets, fome Evangelists, some Paftors and Doctors, to the edifying and making perfect his Church; Grant, we befeech thee, to this thy fervant fuch grace, that he may evermore be ready to fpread abroad thy Gofpel, the glad tidings of reconciliation with thee: and use the authority given him, not to destruction, but to falvation; not to hurt, but to help: fo that as a wife and faithful fervant, giving to thy family their portion in due feafon, he may at last be received into everlating joy; through Jefus Chrift our Lord, who, with thee and the Holy Ghoft liveth and reigneth, one God, world without end. Amen.

¶ Then the Archbishop and Bishops present shall lay their hands upon the head of the elected Bishop kneeling before them upon his knees, the Archbishop saying,

RECEIVE the holy Ghoft, for the Office and Work of a Bishop in the Church of God, now committed unto thee by the Imposition of our hands; In the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost. Amen. And remember that thou stir up the grace of God which is given thee by this Imposition of our hands: for God hath not given us the spirit of fear, but of power, and love, and soberness.

¶ Then the Archbishop shall deliver him the Bible, saying,

TIVE heed unto reading, ex-Thortation, and doctrine. Think upon the things contained in this Be diligent in them, that Book. the increase coming thereby may be manifest unto all men. heed unto thyfelf, and to doctrine, and be diligent in doing them: for by fo doing thou fhalt both fave thyfelf and them that hear Be to the flock of Christ a fhepherd, not a wolf; feed them, Hold up the devour them not. weak, heal the fick, bind up the broken, bring again the out-cafts, feek the loft. Be fo merciful, that you be not too remifs; fo minister discipline, that you forget not mercy: that when the chief Shepherd fhall appear you may receive the never-fading crown of glory; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

- ¶ Then the Archbishop shall proceed in the Communion-Service; with whom the new Consecrated Bishop (with others) shall also communicate.
- ¶ And for the last Collect, immediately before the Benediction, shall be said these Prayers.

OST merciful Father, we befeech thee to fend down upon this thy fervant thy heavenly

bleffing; and fo endue him with thy holy Spirit, that he, preaching thy Word, may not only be earnest to reprove, befeech, and rebuke with all patience and doctrine; but also may be to such as believe a wholefome example, in word, in conversation, in love, in faith, in chaftity, and in purity; that, faith fully fulfilling his courfe, at the latter day he may receive the crown of righteoufness laid up by the Lord the righteous Judge, who liveth and reigneth one God with the Father and the Holy Ghoft, world without end. *Amen*.

PREVENT us, O Lord, in all our doings, with thy most gracious favour, and further us with thy continual help; that in all our works begun, continued, and ended in thee, we may glorify thy holy Name, and finally by thy mercy obtain everlasting life; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

THE peace of God, which paffeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jesus Christ our Lord: And the Blessing of God Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost be amongst you, and remain with you always. Amen.

A.FORM OF

PRAYER WITH THANKSGIVING,

To be used yearly upon the Fifth Day of November,

For the happy Deliverance of King JAMES I. and the three Eftates of England, from the most traiterous and bloody-intended Massacre by Gunpowder: And also for the happy Arrival of his Majesty King William on this Day, for the Deliverance of our Church and Nation.

¶ The Minister of every Parish shall give warning to his Parishioners publickly in the Church at Morning Prayer, the Sunday before, for the due Observation of the said Day. And after Morning Prayer, or Preaching, upon the said Fifth Day of November, shall read publickly, distinctly, and plainly, the Act of Parliament, made in the third Year of King James the First, for the Observation of it.

The Service shall be the same with the usual Office for Holy-days in all things; except where

it is hereafter otherwise appointed.

¶ If this Day shall happen to be Sunday, only the Collect proper for that Sunday shall be added to this Office in its place.

¶ Morning Prayer shall begin with these Sentences.

THE Lord is full of compassion, and mercy: long-suffering, and of great goodness. *Pfalm* ciii. 8.

He will not alway be chiding: neither keepeth he his anger for ever. Ver. 9.

He hath not dealt with us after our fins : nor rewarded us according to our wickedness. *Ver.* 10.

¶ Instead of Venite exultemus shall this Hymn following be used; one Verse by the Priest, and another by the Clerk and people.

Ofive thanks unto the Lord, for he is gracious: and his mercy endureth for ever. *Pfalm* cvii. 1.

Let them give thanks, whom the Lord hath redeemed: and delivered from the hand of the enemy. Ver. 2.

Many a time have they fought against me from my youth up: may Ifrael now fay. *Pfalm* cxxix. 1.

Yea, many a time have they vexed me from my youth up: but they have not prevailed against me. Ver. 2.

They have privily laid their net to destroy me without a cause: yea, even without a cause have they made a pit for my foul. Ps. xxxv. 7.

They have laid a net for my feet, and pressed down my foul: they have digged a pit before me, and are fallen into the midst of it themselves. Pfalm lvii. 7.

Great is our Lord, and great is his power: yea, and his wifdom is infinite. *Pfalm* cxlvii. 5.

The Lord fetteth up the meek: and bringeth the ungody down to the ground. Ver. 6.

Let thy hand be upon the man of thy right hand: and upon the fon of man whom thou madest so strong for thine own felf. *Pfalm* lxxx. 17.

And fo will not we go back from thee: O let us live, and we fhall call upon thy Name. Ver. 18.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever fhall be : world without end. Amen.

Proper Pfalms. lxiv, exxiv, exxv. Proper Leffons.

The First. 2 Sam. xxii.
Te Deum.

The Second. Acts xxiii.

Jubilate.

¶ In the Suffrages after the Creed these shall be inserted and used for the King.

Prieft. O Lord, fave the King; People. Who putteth his truft in thee.

Prieft. Send him help from thy holy place.

People. And evermore mightily defend him.

Priest. Let his enemies have no advantage against him.

People. Let not the wicked approach to hurt him.

¶ Instead of the first Collect at Morning Prayer shall these two be used.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft in all ages shewed thy Power and Mercy in the miraculous and gracious deliverances of thy Church, and in the protection of righteous and religious Kings and States professing thy holy and eternal truth, from the wicked conspiracies, and malicious practices of all the ene-

mies thereof: We yield thee our unfeigned thanks and praife, for the wonderful and mighty Deliverance of our gracious Sovereign King James the First, the Queen, the Prince, and all the Royal Branches, with the Nobility, Clergy, and Commons of England, then affembled in Parliament, by Popish treachery appointed as fleep to the flaughter, in a most barbarous and favage manner, beyond the examples of former ages. From this unnatural Conspiracy, not our merit, but thy mercy; not our forefight, but thy providence delivered us: And therefore not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto thy Name be afcribed all honour and glory, in all Churches of the faints, from generation to generation; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

A CCEPT alfo, most gracious God, of our unseigned thanks for filling our hearts again with joy and gladness, after the time that thou hadst afflicted us, and putting a new song into our mouths, by bringing His Majesty King William, upon this Day, for the Deliverance of our Church and Nation from Popish Tyranny and arbitrary Power. We adore the wisdom and justice of thy Providence, which so timely interposed in our extreme danger, and disappointed all the designs of our enemies. We be-

feech thee, give us fuch a lively and lafting fenfe of what thou didft then, and hast fince that time done for us, that we may not grow fecure and careless in our obedience, by prefuming upon thy great and undeferved goodness; but that it may lead us to repentance, and move us to be the more diligent and zealous in all the duties of our Religion, which thou haft in a marvellous manner preferved to us. Let truth and justice, brotherly kindness and charity, devotion and piety, concord and unity, with all other virtues, fo flourish among us, that they may be the stability of our times, and make this Church a praife in the earth. All which we humbly beg for the fake of our bleffed Lord and Saviour. Amen.

¶ In the end of the Litany (which shall always this Day be used) after the Collect [We humbly beseech thee, O Father, &c.] shall this be said which followeth.

A LMIGHTY God and heavenly Father, who of thy gracious
Providence, and tender mercy towards us, didft prevent the malice
and imaginations of our enemies,
by discovering and confounding
their horrible and wicked Enterprize, plotted and intended this
day to have been executed against
the King, and the whole State of
England, for the subversion of the
Government and Religion established among us; and didst likewise
upon this day wonderfully conduct

thy Servant King William, and bring him fafely into England, to preferve us from the attempts of our enemies to bereave us of our Religion and Laws: We most humbly praife and magnify thy most glorious Name for thy unspeakable goodness towards us, expressed in both thefe acts of thy mercy. We confefs it has been of thy mercy alone, that we are not confumed: For our fins have cried to heaven against us; and our iniquities justly called for vengeance upon us. But thou haft not dealt with us after our fins, nor rewarded us after our iniquities; nor given us over, as we deferved, to be a prey to our enemies; but haft in mercy delivered us from their malice, and preferved us from death and deftruction. Let the confideration of this thy repeated goodness, O Lord, work in us true repentance, that iniquity may not be our ruin. And increase in us more and more a lively faith and love, fruitful in all holy obedience; that thou mayest ftill continue thy favour, with the light of thy Gofpel, to us and our posterity for evermore; and that for thy dear Son's fake, Jefus Chrift our only Mediator and Advocate. Amen.

¶ Instead of the Prayer [In time of War and Tumults] shall be used this Prayer following.

O Lord, who didft this day difcover the fnares of death that

were laid for us, and didft wonderfully deliver us from the fame; Be thou still our mighty Protector, and fcatter our enemies that delight in blood: Infatuate and defeat their counfels, abate their pride, affwage their malice, and confound their devices. Strengthen the hands of our gracious Sovereign King GEORGE, and all that are put in authority under him, with judgement and justice to cut off all such workers of iniquity, as turn Religion into Rebellion, and Faith into Faction; that they may never prevail against us, or triumph in the ruin of thy Church among us: but that our gracious Sovereign, and his Realms, being preferved in thy true Religion, and by thy merciful goodness protected in the fame, we may all duly ferve thee, and give thee thanks in thy holy congregation; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ In the Communion Service, instead of the Collect for the Day, shall this which followeth be used.

TERNAL God, and our most mighty Protector, we thy unworthy servants do humbly present ourselves before thy Majesty, acknowledging thy power, wisdom, and goodness, in preserving the King, and the Three Estates of the Realm of England assembled in Parliament, from the destruction this day intended against them. Make us, we beseech thee, truly

thankful for this, and for all other thy great mercies towards us; particularly for making this day again memorable, by a fresh instance of thy loving-kindness towards us. We blefs thee for giving his late Majesty King William a safe arrival here, and for making all opposition fall before him, till he became our King and Governour. We befeech thee to protect and defend our Sovereign King GEORGE, and all the Royal Family, from all treafons and confpiracies; Preferve him in thy faith, fear, and love; Profper his Reign with long happiness here on earth; and crown him with everlafting glory hereafter; through Jefus Chrift our only Saviour and Redeemer. Amen.

The Epiftle. Rom. xiii. 1.

TET every foul be fubject unto the higher powers; for there is no power, but of God: the powers that be are ordained of God. Whofoever therefore refifteth the power refifteth the ordinance of God; and they that refift shall receive to themselves damnation. For rulers are not a terror to good works, but to the evil. Wilt thou then not be afraid of the power? do that which is good, and thou thalt have praife of the fame: for he is the minister of God to thee for But if thou do that which good. is evil, be afraid; for he beareth

not the fword in vain: for he is the minister of God, a revenger to execute wrath upon him that doeth evil. Wherefore ye must needs be subject, not only for wrath, but also for conscience sake. For for this cause pay ye tribute also; for they are God's ministers, attending continually upon this very thing. Render therefore to all their dues; tribute to whom tribute is due, custom to whom custom, fear to whom fear, honour to whom honour.

The Gofpel. St. Luke ix. 51.

ND it came to pass, when the time was come that he should be received up, he ftedfaftly fet his face to go to Jerufalem, and fent messengers before his face; and they went and entered into a village of the Samaritans, to make ready for him: And they did not receive him, because his face was as though he would go to Jerufalem. And when his disciples James and John faw this, they faid, Lord, wilt thou that we command fire to come down from heaven, and confume them, even as Elias did? But he turned and rebuked them, and faid, Ye know not what manner of fpirit ye are of: For the Son of man is not come to deftroy men's lives, but to fave them. And they went to another village.

¶ After the Creed, if there be no Sermon, shall be read one of the six Homilies against Rebellion.

¶ This Sentence is to be read at the Offertory.

HATSOEVER ye would that men fhould do to you, do ye even fo to them; for this is the Law and the Prophets. St. Matth. vii. 12.

¶ After the Prayer for the Church militant this following Prayer is to be used.

God, whose Name is excellent in all the earth, and thy clory in all the earth, and thy glory above the heavens; who on this day didft miraculoufly preferve our Church and State from the fecret contrivance and hellish malice of Popish confpirators; and on this day also didst begin to give us a mighty deliverance from the open tyranny and oppression of the same cruel and blood-thirfty enemies: We blefs and adore thy glorious Majefty, as for the former, fo for this thy late marvellous lovingkindness to our Church and Nation, in the prefervation of our Religion and Liberties. And we humbly pray, that the devout fenfe of this thy repeated mercy may renew and increase in us a spirit of love and thankfulnefs to thee its only Author; a fpirit of peaceable fubmission and obedience to our gracious Sovereign Lord, King GEORGE; and a spirit of fervent zeal for our holy Religion which thou haft fo wonderfully refcued, and established, a blessing to us and our posterity. And this we beg for Jefus Chrift his fake. Amen.

PRAYER WITH FASTING,

To be used yearly on the Thirrieth of January,

Being the Day of the Martyrdom of the Bleffed King CHARLES the First; to implore the mercy of God, that neither the Guilt of that facred and innocent Blood, nor those other fins, by which God was provoked to deliver up both us and our King into the hands of cruel and unreasonable men, may at any time hereafter be visited upon us or our posterity.

- ¶ If this Day shall happen to be Sunday, this Form of Prayer shall be used and the Fast kept the next Day following. And upon the Lord's Day next before the Day to be kept, at Morning Prayer, immediately after the Nicene Creed, notice shall be given for the due Observation of the said Day.
- ¶ The Service of the Day shall be the same with the usual Office for Holy-days in all things; except where it is in this Office otherwise appointed.

THE ORDER FOR MORNING PRAYER.

If that ministereth, shall begin with one or more of these Sentences.

To the Lord our God belong mercies and forgiveneffes, though we have rebelled against him: neither have we obeyed the voice of the Lord our God, to walk in his laws which he fet before us.

Daniel ix. 9, 10.

Correct us, O Lord; but with judgement: not in thine anger, left thou bring us to nothing. *Jer.* x. 24.

Enter not into judgement with thy fervants, O Lord: for in thy fight fhall no man living be justified. *Pfalm* exlini. 2.

¶ Instead of Venite exultemus the Hymn following shall be said or sung; one Verse by the Priest, another by the Clerk and people.

RIGHTEOUS art thou, O Lord: and just are thy judgements! Pfalm exix. 137.

Thou art just, O Lord, in all that is brought upon us: for thou hast done right, but we have done wickedly. Neh. ix. 33.

Neverthelefs, our feet were almost gone : our treadings had wellnigh slipped. *Pfalm* lxxiii. 2.

For why? we were grieved at the wicked: we did also see the ungodly in such prosperity. Verse 3.

The people ftood up, and the rulers took counfel together: againft the Lord, and againft his Anointed. *Pfalm* ii. 2.

They cast their heads together with one confent: and were confederate against him. Pfalm lxxxiii. 5.

He heard the blasphemy of the multitude, and fear was on every side: while they conspired together against him, to take away his life. P/alm xxxi. 15.

King Charles the Martyr.

They spoke against him with salse tongues, and compassed him about with words of hatred: and sought against him without a cause. Pfalm cix. 2.

Yea, his own familiar friends, whom he trufted: they that eat of his bread laid great wait for him. *Pfalm* xli. 9.

They rewarded him evil for good: to the great difcomfort of his foul. Pfalm xxxv. 12.

They took their counsel together, faying, God hath forsaken him: perfecute him, and take him, for there is none to deliver him. *Pfalm* lxxi. 9.

The breath of our nostrils, the Anointed of the Lord was taken in their pits: of whom we faid, Under his shadow we shall be safe. Lam. iv. 20.

The adverfary and the enemy entered into the gates of Jerufalem: faying, When shall he die, and his Name perish? Ver. 12. Pfalm xli. 5.

Let the fentence of guiltiness proceed against him: and now that he lieth, let him rise up no more. Ver. 8.

False witnesses also did rife up against him: they laid to his charge things that he knew not. *Pfalm* xxxv. 11.

For the fins of the people, and the iniquities of the priefts: they fled the blood of the just in the midst of Jerusulem. Lam. iv. 13. O my foul, come not thou into their fecret; unto their affembly, mine honour, be not thou united: for in their anger they flew a man; Gen. xlix. 6.

Even the man of thy right hand: the Son of man, whom thou hadfl made fo firong for thine own felf. Pfalm lxxx. 17.

In the fight of the unwife he feemed to die: and his departure was taken for mifery. Wifd. iii. 2.

They fools counted his life madnefs, and his end to be without honour: but he is in peace. Wifd. v. 4. & iii. 3.

For though he was punished in the fight of men: yet was his hope full of immortality. *Wifd*. iii. 4.

How is he numbered with the children of God: and his lot is among the faints! Wifd. v. 5.

But, O Lord God, to whom vengeance belongeth, thou God, to whom vengeance belongeth: be favourable and gracious unto Sion. *Pfalm* xciv. 1. & li. 18.

Be merciful, O Lord, unto thy people, whom thou haft redeemed: and lay not innocent blood to our charge. Deut. xxi. 8.

O flut not up our fouls with finners: nor our lives with the blood-thirsty. *Pfalm* xxvi. 9.

Deliver us from blood-guiltinefs, O God, thou that art the God of our falvation: and our tongues fhall fing of thy righteoufnefs. Pfalm li. 14.

For thou art the God that haft no pleasure in wickedness: neither shall any evil dwell with thee. *Pfalm* v. 4.

Thou wilt deftroy them that fpeak leafing: the Lord abhors both the blood-thirfly and deceitful man. Ver.

6.

O how fuddenly do they confume: perifh, and come to a fearful end! *Pfalm* lxxiii. 18.

Yea, even like as a dream, when one awaketh: fo didft thou make their image to vanish out of the city. Ver. 19.

Great and marvellous are thy works, O Lord God Almighty: just and true are thy ways, O King of faints. *Rev.* xv. 3.

Righteous art thou, O Lord: and just are thy judgements. Pfalm exix. 137.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghost;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

Proper Pfalms. ix, x, xi.
Proper Leffons.
The Firft, 2 Sam. i.
The Second, St. Matth. xxvii.

¶ Instead of the First Collect at Morning Prayer shall these two which next follow be used.

Most mighty God, terrible in thy judgements, and wonderful in thy doings toward the children of men; who in thy heavy displeasure didst suffer the life of our gracious Sovereign King Charles the First, to be (as this day) taken away by the hands of cruel and bloody men: We thy finful creatures here affembled before thee, do, in the behalf of all the people of this land, humbly confess, that they were the crying fins of this Nation, which brought down this heavy judgement upon us. But, O gracious God, when thou makeft inquifition for blood, lay not the guilt of this innocent blood, (the fliedding whereof nothing but the blood of thy Son can expiate,) lay it not to the charge of the people of this land; nor let it ever be required of us, or our posterity. Be merciful, O Lord, be merciful unto thy people, whom thou haft redeemed; and be not angry with us for ever: But pardon us for thy mercies fake, through the merits of thy Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

the death of thy faints is precious; We magnify thy Name for thine abundant grace beftowed upon our martyred Sovereign; by which he was enabled fo cheerfully to follow the fteps of his bleffed Mafter and Saviour, in a conftant meek fuffering of all barbarous indignities, and at last resisting unto blood; and even then, according to the same pattern, praying for his murderers. Let his memory,

King Charles the Martyr.

O Lord, be ever bleffed among us; that we may follow the example of his courage and conftancy, his meekness and patience, and great charity. And grant, that this our land may be freed from the vengeance of his righteous blood, and thy mercy glorified in the forgiveness of our fins: and all for Jesus Christ his sake, our only Mediator and Advocate. Amen.

¶ In the end of the Litany (which shall always on this Day be used) immediately after the Collect [We humbly beseech thee, O Father, &c.] the three Collects next following are to be read.

fpare all those who confess their

cifully hear our prayers, and

fins unto thee; that they whofe confciences by fin are accufed, by thy merciful pardon may be abfolved; through Chrift our Lord. Amen. Most mighty God, and merciful Father, who haft compassion upon all men, and hatest nothing that thou hast made; who wouldest not the death of a sinner. but that he should rather turn from his fin, and be faved: Mercifully forgive us our trefpasses; receive and comfort us, who are grieved and wearied with the burden of Thy property is always our fins. to have mercy; to thee only it appertaineth to forgive fins. us therefore, good Lord, fpare thy people, whom thou haft redeemed; enter not into judgement with thy

fervants, who are vile earth and

miferable finners: but fo turn thine anger from us, who meekly acknowledge our vilenefs, and truly repent us of our faults; and fo make hafte to help us in this world, that we may ever live with thee in the world to come; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

TURN thou us, O good Lord, and fo shall we be turned. Be favourable, O Lord, be favourable to thy people, Who turn to thee in weeping, faiting, and praying. For thou art a merciful God, Full of compassion, Long-suffering, and of great pity. Thou sparest when we deferve punishment, And in thy wrath thinkest upon mercy. Spare thy people, good Lord, fpare them, And let not thine heritage be brought to confusion. us, O Lord, for thy mercy is great, And after the multitude of thy mercies look upon us, Through the merits and mediation of thy bleffed Son Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

¶ In the Communion Service, after the Prayer for the King [Almighty God, whose kingdom is everlasting, &c.] instead of the Collect for the Day shall these two be used.

O most mighty God, &c. Blessed Lord, in whose fight, &c.

The Epiftle. 1 St. Peter ii. 13. SUBMIT yourselves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake; whether it be to the King, as supreme; or unto governours, as

unto them that are fent by him, for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the praife of them that do well. For fo is the will of God, that with well-doing ye may put to filence the ignorance of foolish men: as free, and not using your liberty for a cloke of maliciousness, but as the fervants of God. nour all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King. Servants, be subject to your mafters with all fear, not only to the good and gentle, but also to For this is thankthe froward. worthy, if a man for confcience toward God endure grief, fuffering wrongfully. For what glory is it, if when ve be buffeted for your faults ye shall take it patiently? but if when ye do well, and fuffer for it, ve take it patiently; this is acceptable with God. For even hereunto were ve called; because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that ye flould follow his fteps; who did no fin, neither was guile found in his mouth.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxi. 33.

HERE was a certain householder which planted a vineyard, and hedged it round about,
and digged a wine-press in it, and
built a tower, and let it out to
husbandmen, and went into a far
country. And when the time of
the fruit drew near, he fent his
fervants to the husbandmen, that

they might receive the fruits of it. And the hufbandmen took his fervants, and beat one, and killed another, and ftoned another. Again he fent other fervants, more than the first: and they did unto them likewife. But last of all he fent unto them his fon, faying, They will reverence my fon. But when the husbandmen faw the fon, they faid among themselves, This is the heir, come, let us kill him, and let us feize on his inheritance. they caught him, and caft him out of the vineyard, and flew him. When the lord therefore of the vineyard cometh, what will he do unto those husbandmen? They fay unto him, He will miferably deftroy those wicked men, and will let out his vineyard unto other hufbandmen, which shall render him the fruits in their feafons.

¶ After the Nicene Creed, shall be read, instead of the Sermon for that Day, the first and second parts of the Homily against Disobedience and wilful Rebellion, set forth by Authority; or the Minister who officiates shall preach a Sermon of his own composing upon the same argument.

¶ In the Offertory shall this Sentence be read.

THATSOEVER ye would that men flould do unto you, even fo do unto them; for this is the Law and the Prophets. St. Matt. vii. 12.

¶ After the Prayer [For the whole state of Christ's Church &c.] these two Collects following shall be used.

Lord, our heavenly Father, who didft not punish us as our fins have deferved, but haft in

King Charles the Martyr.

the midst of judgement remembered mercy; We acknowledge it thine especial favour, that, though for our many and great provocations, thou didft fuffer thine anointed bleffed King Charles the First (as on this day) to fall into the hands of violent and bloodthirsty men, and barbarously to be murdered by them, yet thou didft not leave us for ever, as sheep without a shepherd; but by thy gracious providence didft miraculoufly preferve the undoubted Heir of his Crowns, our then gracious Sovereign King Charles the Second, from his bloody enemies, hiding him under the fladow of thy wings, until their tyranny was overpaft; and didft bring him back, in thy good appointed time, to fit upon the throne of his Father; and together with the Royal Family

didft reftore to us our ancient Government in Church and State. For thefe thy great and unspeakable mercies we render to thee our most humble and unseigned thanks; befeeching thee, still to continue thy gracious protection over the whole Royal Family, and to grant to our gracious Sovereign King GEORGE, a long and a happy Reign over us: So we that are thy people will give thee thanks for ever, and will alway be flewing forth thy praise from generation to generation; through Jefus Christ our Lord and Saviour. Amen.

A ND grant, O Lord, we befeech thee, that the course of this world may be so peaceably ordered by thy governance, that thy Church may joyfully serve thee in all godly quietness; through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

THE ORDER FOR EVENING PRAYER.

¶ The Hymn appointed to be used at Morning Prayer instead of Venite exultemus shall here also be used before the Proper Psalms.

Righteous art thou, O Lord, &c.

Proper Pfalms. lxxix, xciv, lxxxv.

Proper Leffons.
The First, Jer. xii. or Dan. ix. to verfe 22.

The Second, Hebrews xi. verfe 32. and xii. to verfe 7.

¶ Instead of the first Collect at Evening Prayer shall these two which next follow be used.

Almighty Lord God, who by thy wifdom not only guideft and ordereft all things most fuitably to thine own justice; but also performest thy pleasure in such a manner, that we cannot but acknowledge thee to be righteous in all thy ways, and holy in all thy works: We thy finful people do here fall down before thee, confessing that thy judgements were right, in permitting cruel men, sons

3 F 2

of Belial (as on this day) to imbrue their hands in the blood of thine Anointed; we having drawn down the fame upon ourfelves, by the great and long provocations of our fins against thee. For which we do therefore here humble ourfelves before thee; befeeching thee to deliver this Nation from bloodguiltinefs, (that of this day especially,) and to turn from us and our posterity all those judgements, which we by our fins have worthily deferved: Grant this, for the all-fufficient merits of thy Son our Saviour Jefus Chrift. Amen.

DLESSED God, just and pow-Derful, who didft permit thy dear Servant, our dread Sovereign King Charles the First, to be (as upon this day) given up to the violent outrages of wicked men, to be despitefully used, and at the last murdered by them: Though we cannot reflect upon fo foul an act, but with horror and aftonishment: yet do we most gratefully commemorate the glories of thy grace, which then flined forth in thine Anointed; whom thou waft pleafed, even at the hour of death, to endue with an eminent meafure of exemplary patience, meeknefs, and charity, before the face of his cruel enemies. And albeit thou didft fuffer them to proceed to fuch an height of violence, as to kill him, and to take possession of his Throne;

yet didft thou in great mercy preferve his Son, whose right it was, and at length by a wonderful providence bring him back, and set him thereon, to restore thy true Religion, and to settle peace amongst us: For these thy great mercies we glorify thy Name, through Jesus Christ our blessed Saviour. Amen.

¶ Immediately after the Collect [Lighten our darkness, &c.] shall these three next following be used.

O Lord, we befeech &c. O most mighty God, &c.

As before at Morning Prayer.

¶ Immediately before the Prayer of St. Chrysostom shall this Collect which next followeth be used.

▲ LMIGHTY and everlafting God, whose righteousness is like the ftrong mountains, and thy judgements like the great deep; and who, by that barbarous murder (as on this day) committed upon the facred Person of thine Anointed, haft taught us, that neither the greatest of Kings, nor the best of men, are more fecure from violence than from natural death: Teach us also hereby so to number our days, that we may apply our hearts unto wifdom. And grant, that neither the fplendour of any thing that is great, nor the conceit of any thing that is good in us, may withdraw our eyes from looking upon ourselves as finful dust and ashes; but that, according to the example of this thy bleffed Martyr, we may prefs forward to

The Restoration of the Royal Family.

is before us, in faith and patience, humility and meeknefs, mortification and felf-denial, charity and constant perseverance unto the end: | out end. Amen.

the prize of the high calling that | And all this for thy Son our Lord Jefus Chrift his fake; to whom with thee and the Holy Ghoft be all honour and glory, world with-

A FORM OF

THANKSGIVING PRAYER WITH

TO ALMIGHTY GOD,

For having put an end to the Great Rebellion, by the Restitution of the King and Royal Family, and the Reftoration of the Government after many years interruption; which unspeakable Mercies were wonderfully completed upon the Twenty-ninth of May, in the Year 1660. And in Memory thereof that Day in every Year is by Act of Parliament appointed to be for ever kept holy.

- \P The Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth, and confirmed in the Thirteenth Year of King Charles the Second, for the Observation of the Twenty-ninth Day of May yearly, as a Day of Publick Thanksgiving, is to be read publickly in all Churches at Morning Prayer, immediately after the Nicene Creed, on the Lord's Day next before every such Twenty-ninth of May, and notice to be given for the due Observation of the said Day.
- \P The Service shall be the same with the usual Office for Holy-days; except where it is in this Office otherwise appointed.
- ¶ If this Day shall happen to be Ascension-Day, or Whit-Sunday, the Collects of this Office are to be added to the Offices of those Festivals in their proper places: If it be Monday or Tuesday in Whitsun-week, or Trinity-Sunday, the Proper Psalms appointed for this Day, instead of those of ordinary Course, shall be also used, and the Collects added as before; and in all these cases the rest of this Office shall be omitted: But if it shall happen to be any other Sunday, this whole Office shall be used, as it followeth, entirely. And what Festival soever shall happen to fall upon this solemn Day of Thanksgiving, the following Hymn, appointed instead of Venite exultemus, shall be constantly used.

¶ Morning Prayer shall begin with these Sentences.

O the Lord our God belong mercies and forgivenesies, though we have rebelled against him: neither have we obeyed the voice of the Lord our God, to walk in his laws which he fet before us. *Daniel* ix. 9, 10.

It is of the Lord's mercies that we were not confumed: because his compaffions fail not. Lam. iii. 22.

The Restoration of the Royal Family.

¶ Instead of Venite exultemus shall be sung or said this Hymn following; one Verse by the Priest, and another by the Clerk and People.

Y fong shall be alway of the loving-kindness of the Lord: with my mouth will I ever be shewing forth his truth from one generation to another. *Pfalm* lxxxix. 1.

The merciful and gracious Lord hath fo done his marvellous works: that they ought to be had in remem-

brance. Pfalm exi. 4.

Who can express the noble acts of the Lord: or shew forth all his praise? *Pfalm* cvi. 2.

The works of the Lord are great: fought out of all them that have pleafure therein. Pfalm exi. 2.

The Lord fetteth up the meek: and bringeth the ungodly down to the ground. *Pfalm* exlvii. 6.

The Lord executeth righteoufnefs and judgement: for all them that are oppreffed with wrong. Pf. ciii. 6.

For he will not alway be chiding: neither keepeth he his anger for ever. *Ver.* 9.

He hath not dealt with us after our fins: nor rewarded us according to our wickednefs. Ver. 10.

For look how high the heaven is in comparison of the earth: fo great is his mercy toward them that fear him. *Ver.* 11.

Yea, like as a father pitieth his own children: even fo is the Lord merciful unto them that fear him. Ver. 13.

Thou, O God, haft proved us:

thou also hast tried us, even as filver is tried. *Pfalm* lxvi. 9.

Thou suffereds men to ride over our heads, we went through sire and water: but thou hast brought us out into a wealthy place. Ver. 11.

O how great troubles and adverfities halt thou shewed us! and yet didst thou turn and refresh us: yea, and broughtest us from the deep of the earth again. *Pfalm* lxxi. 18.

Thou didst remember us in our low estate, and redeem us from our enemies: for thy mercy endweth for ever. Pfalm exxxvi. 23, 24.

Lord, thou art become gracious unto thy land: thou haft turned away the captivity of Jacob. *Pfalm* lxxxv. 1.

God hath shewed us his goodness plenteously: and God hath let us see our desire upon our enemics. Pfalm lix. 10.

They are brought down and fallen: but we are rifen and ftand upright. *Pfalm* xx. 8.

There are they fallen, all that work wickedness: they are cast down, and shall not be able to stand. Pfalm xxxvi. 12.

The Lord hath been mindful of us, and he shall bless us: even he shall bless the house of Israel, he shall bless the house of Aaron. *Pfalm* exv. 12.

He shall bless them that fear the Lord: both small and great. Ver. 13.

The Reftoration of the Royal Family.

O that men would therefore praife the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men! *Pfalm* cvii. 21.

That they would offer unto him the facrifice of thankfgiving: and tell out his works with gladness!

Ver. 22.

And not hide them from the children of the generations to come: but flew the honour of the Lord, his mighty and wonderful works that he hath done! *Pfalm* lxxviii. 4.

That our posterity may also know them, and the children that are yet unborn: and not be as their foresathers a faithless and stubborn generation. Ver. 6, 9.

Give thanks, O Ifrael, unto God the Lord in the congregations: from the ground of the heart. *Pfulm* lxviii. 26.

Praifed be the Lord daily: even the God who helpeth us, and poureth his benefits upon us. Ver. 19.

O let the wickedness of the wicked come to an end: but establish thou the righteous. Pf. vii. 9.

Let all those that seek thee be joyful and glad in thee: and let all such as love thy salvation say alway, The Lord be praised. Psalm xl. 19.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

Proper Pfalms. exxiv, exxvi, exxix, exviii.

Proper Leffons.

The first, 2 Sam. xix. verse 9.

or Numb. xvi.

Te Devm.

The fecond, The Epiftle of St. Jude.

Jubilate Deo.

¶ The Suffrages next after the Creed, shall stand thus.

Prieft. O Lord, thew thy mercy upon us.

Answer. And grant us thy fal-

vation.

Priest. O Lord, fave the King; Answer. Who putteth his trust in thee.

Prieft. Send him help from thy

holy place.

Answer. And evermore mightily defend him.

Prieft. Let his enemies have no

advantage against him.

Answer. Let not the wicked approach to hurt him.

Prieft. Endue thy Ministers with

righteoufnefs.

Answer. And make thy chosen people joyful.

Prieft. Give peace in our time,

O Lord.

Answer. Because there is none other that fighteth for us, but only thou, O God.

Priest. Be unto us, O Lord, a

ftrong tower,

Answer. From the face of our enemies.

Priest. O Lord, hear our prayer.

The Restoration of the Royal Family.

Answer. And let our cry come unto thee.

¶ Instead of the first Collect at Morning Prayer shall these two which follow be used.

Almighty God, who art a ftrong tower of defence unto thy fervants against the face of their enemies; We yield thee praife and thankfgiving for the wonderful deliverance of these Kingdoms from THE GREAT REBEL-LION, and all the Miferies and Oppressions confequent thereupon, under which they had fo long groaned. We acknowledge it thy goodness, that we were not utterly delivered over as a prey unto them; befeeching thee ftill to continue fuch thy mercies towards us, that all the world may know that thou art our Saviour and mighty Deliverer; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

Lord God of our falvation, who haft been exceedingly gracious unto this land, and by thy miraculous providence didft deliver us out of our miferable confusions; by reftoring to us, and to his own just and undoubted Rights, our then most gracious Sovereign Lord, King *Charles* the Second, notwithstanding all the power and malice of his enemies; and, by placing him on the Throne of thefe Kingdoms, didft reftore alfo unto us the publick and free profession of thy true Religion and Worship, together with our former Peace

and Prosperity, to the great comfort and joy of our hearts: We are here now before thee, with all due thankfulnefs, to acknowledge thine unspeakable goodness herein, as upon this day shewed unto us, and to offer unto thee our facrifice of praife for the fame; humbly befeeching thee to accept this our unfeigned, though unworthy oblation of ourselves; vowing all holy obedience in thought, word and work, unto thy Divine Majesty; and promifing all loyal and dutiful Allegiance to thine Anointed Servant now fet over us, and to his Heirs after him; whom we befeech thee to blefs with all increase of grace, honour and happinefs, in this world, and to crown him with immortality and glory in the world to come, for Jefus Chrift his fake our only Lord and Saviour. Amen.

¶ In the end of the Litany (which shall always this Day be used) after the Collect [We humbly beseech thee, O Father, &c.] shall this be said which next followeth.

A LMIGHTY God, who haft in all ages flewed forth thy power and mercy in the miraculous and gracious deliverances of thy Church, and in the protection of righteous and religious Kings and States, professing thy holy and eternal truth, from the malicious Conspiracies and wicked Practices of all their enemies; We yield unto thee our unfeigned thanks and praise, as for thy many other great

and publick mercies, fo especially for that fignal and wonderful Deliverance, by thy wife and good Providence as upon this day completed, and vouchfafed to our then most gracious Sovereign King Charles the Second, and all the Royal Family, and in them, to this whole Church and State, and all orders and degrees of men in both, from the unnatural Rebellion, Ufurpation, and Tyranny of ungodly and cruel men, and from the fad confusions and ruin thereupon enfuing. From all thefe, O gracious and merciful Lord God, not our merit, but thy mercy; not our forefight, but thy Providence; not our own arm, but thy right hand, and thine arm, did refcue and deliver us. And therefore, not unto us, O Lord, not unto us, but unto thy Name be ascribed all Honour, and Glory, and Praife, with most humble and hearty thanks, in all Churches of the Saints: Even fo bleffed be the Lord our God, who alone doeth wondrous things, and bleffed be the Name of his Majesty for ever; through Jesus Chrift our Lord and only Saviour. Amen.

¶ In the Communion Service, immediately before the reading of the Epistle, shall these two Collects be used, instead of the Collect for the King and the Collect of the Day.

O Almighty God, &c.
O Lord God of our falvation, &c.

As before at
Morning
Prayer.

The Epifle. 1 St. Peter ii. 11. EARLY beloved, I befeech you as ftrangers and pilgrims, abftain from flefhly lufts, which war against the foul; having your converfation honeft among the Gentiles: that, whereas they fpeak against you as evil-doers, they may, by your good works which they shall behold, glorify God in the day of vifitation. Submit yourfelves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's fake; whether it be to the King, as fupreme; or unto Governours, as unto them that are fent by him for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the praife of them that do well. For fo is the will of God, that with well-doing ye may put to filence the ignorance of foolish men: as free, and not using your liberty for a cloke of maliciousness, but as the fervants of God. Honour all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxii. 16.

AND they fent out unto him their disciples, with the Herodians, faying, Master, we know that thou art true, and teachest the way of God in truth, neither carest thou for any man; for thou regardest not the person of men. Tell us therefore, what thinkest thou? Is it lawful to give tribute unto Cæsar, or not? But Jesus perceived their wickedness, and faid,

Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites? Shew me the tribute-money. And they brought unto him a peny. And he faith unto them, Whofe is this image and fuperfcription? They fay unto him, Cæfar's. Then faith he unto them, Render therefore unto Cæfar the things which are Cæfar's; and unto God the things that are God's. When they had heard these words, they marvelled, and left him, and went their way.

¶ In the Offertory shall this Sentence be read.

NOT every one that faith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the Kingdom of heaven: but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven. St. Matth. vii. 21.

¶ After the Prayer [For the whole state of Christ's Church &c.] this Collect following shall be used.

▲ LMIGHTY God and heavenly Father, who, of thine infinite and unspeakable goodness towards us, didft in a most extraordinary and wonderful manner disappoint and overthrow the wicked defigns of those traiterous, heady, and highminded men, who, under the pretence of Religion and thy most holy Name, had contrived, and wellnigh effected the utter destruction of this Church and Kingdom: As we do this day most heartily and devoutly adore and magnify thy glorious Name for this thine infinite goodness already vouchfafed to us; fo do we most humbly be-

feech thee to continue thy grace and favour towards us, that no fuch difinal calamity may ever again fall upon us. Infatuate and defeat all the fecret counfels of deceitful and wicked men againft us: Abate their pride, affwage their malice, and confound their devices. Strengthen the hands of our gracious Sovereign King GEORGE, and all that are put in authority under him, with judgement and justice to cut off all fuch workers of iniquity, as turn Religion into Rebellion, and Faith into Faction; that they may never again prevail against us, nor triumph in the ruin of the Monarchy and thy Church among us. Protect and defend our Sovereign Lord the King, with the whole Royal Family, from all Treasons and Conspiracies. Be unto him an helmet of falvation, and a ftrong tower of defence against the face of all his enemies; clothe them with shame and confusion, but upon Himfelf and his Posterity let the Crown for ever flourish. thy people, and the sheep of thy pafture, will give thee thanks for ever, and will always be shewing forth thy praife from generation to generation; through Jefus Chrift our only Saviour and Redeemer, to whom, with thee, O Father, and the Holy Ghoft, be glory in the Church throughout all ages, world without end. Amen.

A FORM OF

PRAYER WITH THANKSGIVING

TO ALMIGHTY GOD;

To be used in all Churches and Chapels within this Realm, every Year, upon the Twenty-fifth Day of October; being the Day on which His Majesty began his happy Reign.

¶ The Service shall be the same with the usual Office for Holy-days in all things; except where it is in this Office otherwise appointed.

¶ If this Day shall happen to be Sunday, this whole Office shall be used, as it followeth, entirely.

¶ Morning Prayer shall begin with these Sentences.

Exhort that first of all, Supplications, Prayers, Intercessions, and giving of Thanks, be made for all men; for Kings, and for all that are in Authority; that we may lead a quiet and peaceable life, in all godliness and honesty: For this is good and acceptable unto God our Saviour. 1 Tim. ii. 1, 2, 3.

If we fay that we have no fin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not in us; but, if we confess our fins, he is faithful and just to forgive us our fins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness. 1 St. John i. 8, 9.

¶ Instead of Venite exultemus the Hymn following shall be said or sung; one Verse by the Priest, and another by the Clerk and people.

Lord our Governour: how excellent is thy Name in all the world! *Pfalm* viii. 1.

Lord, what is man, that thou haft fuch refpect unto him: or the fon of man, that thou fo regardest him? Pfalm exliv. 3.

The merciful and gracious Lord hath fo done his marvellous works: that they ought to be had in remembrance. *Pfalm* cxi. 4.

O that men would therefore praise the Lord for his goodness: and declare the wonders that he doeth for the children of men! Psalm cvii. 21.

Behold, O God our Defender: and look upon the face of thine Auointed. *Pfalm* lxxxiv. 9.

O hold thou up his goings in thy paths: that his footsteps slip not. Pfalm xvii. 5.

Grant the King a long life: and make him glad with the joy of thy countenance. *Pfalm* lxi. 6. & xxi. 6.

Let him dwell before thee for ever:

O prepare thy loving mercy and faithfulness, that they may preserve him. Pfalm lxi. 7.

In his time let the righteous flourish: and let peace be in all our borders. *Pfalm* lxxii. 7. & cxlvii. 14.

As for his enemies, clothe them with fhame: but upon himfelf let

3 G 2

A Form of Prayer for the Twenty-fifth of October.

his crown flourish. Pfalm exxxii. 19.

Bleffed be the Lord God, even the God of Ifrael: which only doeth wondrous things. *Pfalm* lxxii. 18.

And bleffed be the Name of his Majesty for ever: and all the earth shall be filled with his Majesty. Amen, Amen. Ver. 19.

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son: and to the Holy Ghoft;

As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be : world without end. Amen.

Proper Pfalms. xx, xxi, ci.
Proper Leffons.

The first, Joshua i. to the end of the ninth verse.

Te Deum.

The fecond, Romans xiii.

Jubilate Deo.

¶ The Suffrages next after the Creed shall stand thus.

Prieft. O Lord, flew thy mercy upon us.

Answer. And grant us thy falvation.

Priest. O Lord, fave the King; Answer. Who putteth his trust in thee.

Priest. Send him help from thy holy place.

Answer. And evermore mightily defend him.

Prieft. Let his enemies have no advantage against him.

Answer. Let not the wicked approach to hurt him.

Prieft. Endue thy Ministers with righteousness.

Answer. And make thy chosen people joyful.

Priest. O Lord, fave thy people. Answer. And bless thine inheritance.

Prieft. Give peace in our time, O Lord.

Answer. Because there is none other that fighteth for us, but only thou, O God.

Prieft. Be unto us, O Lord, a ftrong tower;

Answer. From the face of our enemies.

Priest. O Lord, hear our prayer; Answer. And let our cry come unto thee.

¶ Instead of the first Collect at Morning Prayer shall be used this following Collect of Thanksgiving for His Majesty's Accession to the Throne.

LMIGHTY God, who ruleft over all the kingdoms of the World, and disposest of them according to thy good pleafure; We yield thee unfeigned thanks, for that thou wast pleased, as on this day, to place thy fervant our Sovereign Lord, King GEORGE upon the throne of this Realm. Let thy wifdom be his guide, and let thine arm ftrengthen him; let juftice, truth, and holinefs, let peace and love, and all those virtues that adorn the Christian Profession, flourifh in his days; direct all his counfels and endeavours to thy glory, and the welfare of his people; and

A Form of Prayer for the Twenty-fifth of October.

give us grace to obey him cheerfully and willingly for confeience fake; that neither our finful passions, nor our private interests, may disappoint his cares for the publick good; let him always posses the hearts of his people, that they may never be wanting in honour to his Person, and dutiful submission to his Authority; let his Reign be long and prosperous, and crown him with immortality in the life to come; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ In the end of the Litany (which shall always be used upon this Day) after the Collect [We hambly beseech thee, O Father, &c.] shall the following Prayer, for the King and Royal Family, be used.

A Lord our God, who upholdeft and governest all things in heaven and earth; receive our humble prayers, with our hearty thanksgivings, for our Sovereign Lord *GEORGE*, as on this day, fet over us by thy grace and providence to be our King; and fo together with him blefs our gracious Queen Charlotte, their Royal Highneffes George Prince of Wales, the Princess of Wales, and all the Royal Family; that they all, ever trufting in thy goodness, protected by thy power, and crowned with thy gracious and endless favour, may continue before thee in health, peace, joy, and honour, and may live long and happy lives upon earth, and after death obtain everlafting life and glory in the kingdom of heaven, by the Merits and Mediation of Christ Jesus our Saviour, who with the Father and the Holy Spirit, liveth and reigneth ever one God, world without end. *Amen*.

¶ Then shall follow this Collect, for God's protection of the King against all his enemies.

MOST gracious Gou, who have fet thy fervant GEORGE our King upon the Throne of his Anceftors, we most humbly befeech thee to protect him on the fame from all the dangers to which he may be exposed; Hide him from the gathering together of the froward, and from the infurrection of wicked doers; Do thou weaken the hands, blaft the defigns, and defeat the enterprizes of all his enemies, that no fecret confpiracies, nor open violences, may difquiet his Reign; but that, being fafely kept under the shadow of thy wing, and supported by thy power, he may triumph over all opposition; that fo the world may acknowledge thee to be his defender and mighty deliverer in all difficulties and advertities; through Jefus Christ our Lord. Amen.

¶ Then the Prayer for the High Court of Parliament (if sitting.)

¶ In the Communion Service, immediately before the reading of the Epistle, instead of the Collect for the King, and that of the Day, shall be used this Prayer for the King, as supreme Governour of this Church.

BLESSED Lord, who haft called ed Christian Princes to the

defence of thy Faith, and haft made it their duty to promote the spiritual welfare, together with the temporal interest of their people; We acknowledge with humble and thankful hearts thy great goodnefs to us, in fetting thy Servant our most gracious King over this Church and Nation; Give him, we befeech thee, all those heavenly graces that are requifite for fo high a trust; Let the work of thee his God profper in his hands; Let his eyes behold the fuccefs of his defigns for the fervice of thy true Religion established amongst us; And make him a bleffed inftrument of protecting and advancing thy Truth, wherever it is perfecuted and oppressed; Let Hypocrify and Profaneness, Superstition and Idolatry, fly before his face; Let not Herefies and false Doctrines difturb the peace of the Church, nor Schifms and caufelefs Divisions weaken it; But grant us to be of one heart and one mind in ferving thee our God, and obeying him according to thy will: And that thefe bleffings may be continued to after-ages, let there never be one wanting in his house to succeed him in the government of this United Kingdom, that our posterity may fee his children's children, and peace upon Ifrael. So we that are thy people, and fheep of thy pafture, shall give thee thanks for

ever, and will always be shewing forth thy praise from generation to generation. *Amen*.

The Epiftle. 1 St. Peter ii. 11.

DEARLY beloved, I befeech you as ftrangers and pilgrims, abstain from fleshly lusts, which war against the foul; having your converfation honest among the Gentiles: that, whereas they fpeak against you as evil-doers, they may, by your good works which they shall behold, glorify God in the day of vifitation. Submit yourfelves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's fake; whether it be to the King, as fupreme; or unto governours, as unto them that are fent by him for the punishment of evil-doers, and for the praife of them that do well. For fo is the will of God, that with well-doing ye may put to filence the ignorance of foolish men: as free, and not using your liberty for a cloke of maliciousness, but as the fervants of God. Honour all men. Love the brotherhood. Fear God. Honour the King.

The Gofpel. St. Matth. xxii. 16.

AND they fent out unto him their disciples, with the Herodians, faying, Master, we know that thou art true, and teachest the way of God in truth, neither carest thou for any man: for thou regardest not the person of men.

Tell us therefore, What thinkeft thou? Is it lawful to give tribute unto Cæfar, or not? But Jefus perceived their wickedness, and faid, Why tempt ye me, ye hypocrites? flew me the tribute-money. And they brought unto him a peny. And he faith unto them, Whofe is this image and fuperfcription? They fay unto him, Cæfar's. Then faith he unto them, Render therefore unto Cæfar the things which are Cæfar's; and unto God the things that are God's. When they had heard thefe words, they marvelled, and left him, and went their way.

 \P After the Nicene Creed shall follow the Sermon.

¶ In the Offertory shall this Sentence be read:

Let Your light fo shine before men, that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father which is in heaven. St. Matth. v. 16.

¶ After the Prayer [For the whole State of Christ's Church &c.] these Collects following shall be used.

A Prayer for Unity.

God the Father of our Lord Jefus Chrift, our only Saviour, the Prince of Peace; Give us grace feriously to lay to heart the great dangers we are in by our unhappy divisions. Take away all hatred and prejudice, and whatsoever elfe may hinder us from godly Union and Concord: that, as there is but one Body, and one Spirit, and one Hope of our Calling, one Lord,

one Faith, one Baptism, one God and Father of us all, so we may henceforth be all of one heart, and of one foul, united in one holy bond of Truth and Peace, of Faith and Charity, and may with one mind and one mouth glorify thee; through Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

RANT, O Lord, we befeech thee, that the course of this world may be so peaceably ordered by thy governance, that thy Church may joyfully serve thee in all godly quietness, through Jesus Christ our Lord. *Amen*.

RANT, we befeech thee, Almighty God, that the words, which we have heard this day with our outward ears, may through thy grace be fo grafted inwardly in our hearts, that they may bring forth in us the fruit of good living, to the honour and praife of thy Name; through Jefus Chrift our Lord. Amen.

A LMIGHTY God, the fountain of all wisdom, who knowest our necessities before we ask, and our ignorance in asking; We befeech thee to have compassion upon our infirmities; and those things, which for our unworthiness we dare not, and for our blindness we cannot ask, vouchfase to give us for the worthiness of thy Son Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

A Form of Prayer for the Twenty-fifth of October.

THE peace of God which | Lord: And the bleffing of God paffeth all understanding, keep your hearts and minds in the knowledge and love of God, and of his Son Jefus Chrift our

Almighty, the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghoft, be amongst you, and remain with you always. Amen.

"GEORGE R.

OUR Will and Pleafure is, That thefe four Forms of Prayer and " Service, made for the Fifth of November, the Thirtieth of Ja-"nuary, the Twenty-ninth of May, and the Twenty-fifth of October, "be forthwith printed and published, and annexed to the Book of "Common Prayer and Liturgy of the Church of England; to be used "yearly on the faid Days, in all Cathedral and Collegiate Churches "and Chapels, in all Chapels of Colleges and Halls within both our "Universities, and of our Colleges of Eaton and Winchester, and in " all Parish-Churches and Chapels within that part of our Kingdom " of Great Britain called England, the Dominion of Wales, and Town " of Berwick upon Tweed.

"Given at our Court at St. James's the feventh Day of October, " 1761, in the first Year of our Reign.

" By his Majesty's Command,

"BUTE."

ARTICLES

Agreed upon by the Archbishops and Bishops of both Provinces, and the whole Clergy, in the Convocation holden at *London* in the Year 1562, for the avoiding of Diversities of Opinions, and for the establishing of Consent touching true Religion: Reprinted by His Majesty's Commandment, with his Royal Declaration prefixed thereunto.

HIS MAJESTY'S DECLARATION.

BEING by God's Ordinance, according to Our just Title, Defender of the Faith, and Supreme Governour of the Church, within these our Dominions, We hold it most agreeable to this our Kingly Office, and our own religious Zeal, to conserve and maintain the Church committed to Our Charge, in Unity of true Religion, and in the Bond of Peace; and not to suffer unnecessary Disputations, Altercations, or Questions to be raised, which may nourish Faction both in the Church and Commonwealth. We have therefore, upon mature Deliberation, and with the advice of so many of our Bishops as might conveniently be called together, thought fit to make this Declaration following:

That the Articles of the Church of England (which have been allowed and authorized heretofore, and which Our Clergy generally have subscribed unto) do contain the true Doctrine of the Church of England agreeable to God's Word: which We do therefore rutify and confirm, requiring all our loving Subjects to continue in the uniform Profession thereof, and prohibiting the least difference from the said Articles; which to that end We command to be new printed, and this Our Declaration to be published therewith.

That We are Supreme Governour of the Church of England: And that if any difference arise about the external Policy, concerning the Injunctions, Canons, and other Constitutions whatsoever thereto belonging, the Clergy in their Convocation is to order and settle them, having first obtained leave under Our Broad Seal so to do: and We approving their said Ordinances and Constitutions; providing that none be made contrary to the Laws and Customs of the Land.

That out of Our Princely Care that the Churchmen may do the Work which is proper unto them, the Bishops and Clergy, from time to time in Convocation, upon their humble Desire, shall have Licence under Our Broad Seal to deliberate of, and to do all such Things, as, being made plain by them, and assented unto by Us, shall concern the settled Continuance of the Doctrine and Discipline of the Church of England now established; from which We will not endure any varying or departing in the least Degree.

That for the present, though some differences have been ill raised, yet we take comfort in this, that all Clergymen within Our Realm have always most willingly subscribed to the Articles established; which is an argument to Us, that they all agree in the true, usual, literal meaning of the said Articles; and that even in those curious points, in which the present differences lie, men of all sorts take the Articles of the Church of England to be for them; which is an argument again, that none of them intend any desertion of the Articles established.

That therefore in these both curious and unhappy differences, which have for so many hundred years, in different times and places, exercised the Church of Christ, We will, that all further curious search be laid aside, and these disputes shut up in God's promises, as they be generally set forth to us in the holy Scriptures, and the general meaning of the Articles of the Church of England according to them. And that no man hereafter shall either print, or preach, to draw the Article aside any way, but shall submit to it in the plain and full meaning thereof: and shall not put his own sense or comment to be the meaning of the Article, but shall take it in the literal and grammatical sense.

That if any publick Reader in either of Our Universities, or any Head or Master of a College, or any other person respectively in either of them, shall affix any new sense to any Article, or shall publickly read, determine, or hold any publick Disputation, or suffer any such to be held either way, in either the Universities or Colleges respectively; or if any Divine in the Universities shall preach or print any thing either way, other than is already established in Convocation with our Royal Assent; he, or they the Offenders, shall be liable to Our Displeasure, and the Church's censure in Our Commission Ecclesiastical, as well as any other: And We will see there shall be due Execution upon them.

3 H

1. Of Faith in the Holy Trinity.

THERE is but one living and true God, everlasting, without body, parts, or passions; of infinite power, wisdom, and goodness; the Maker, and Preserver of all things both visible and invisible. And in unity of this Godhead there be three Persons, of one substance, power, and eternity; the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost.

II. Of the Word or Son of God, which was made very Man.

THE Son, which is the Word of the Father, begotten from everlasting of the Father, the very and eternal God, and of one substance with the Father, took Man's nature in the womb of the blessed Virgin, of her substance: so that two whole and perfect Natures, that is to say, the Godhead and Manhood, were joined together in one Person, never to be divided, whereof is one Christ, very God, and very Man; who truly suffered, was crucified, dead and buried, to reconcile his Father to us, and to be a saerifice, not only for original guilt, but also for actual sins of men.

III. Of the going down of Christ into Hell.

A S Christ died for us, and was buried, so also is it to be believed, that he went down into Hell.

IV. Of the Resurrection of Christ.

CHRIST did truly rise again from death, and took again his body, with flesh, bones, and all things appertaining to the perfection of Man's nature; wherewith he ascended into Heaven, and there sitteth, until he return to judge all Men at the last day.

V. Of the Holy Ghost.

THE Holy Ghost, proceeding from the Father and the Son, is of one substance, majesty, and glory, with the Father and the Son, very and eternal God.

V1. Of the Sufficiency of the holy Scriptures for salvation.

to salvation: so that whatsoever is not read therein, nor may be proved thereby, is not to be required of any man, that it should be believed as an Article of the Faith, or be thought requisite or necessary to salvation. In the name of the holy Scripture we do understand those canonical Books of the Old and New Testament, of whose authority was never any doubt in the Church.

Of the Names and Number of the Canonical BOOKS.

CENESIS,
Exodus,
Leviticus,
Numbers,
Deuteronomy,
Joshua,
Judges,
Ruth,
The 1 Book of Samuel,
The 2 Book of Samuel,
The 1 Book of Kings,
The 2 Book of Kings,
The 2 Book of Chronicles,

The 2 Book of Chronicles,
The 1 Book of Esdras,
The 2 Book of Esdras,
The Book of Esther,
The Book of Job,
The Psalms,
The Proverbs,
Ecclesiastes, or Preacher,
Cantica, or Songs of Solomon,
Four Prophets the greater,
Twelve Prophets the less.

And the other Books (as *Hierome* saith) the Church doth read for example of life and instruction of manners; but yet doth it not apply them to establish any doctrine; such are these following:

The 3 Book of Esdras,
The 4 Book of Esdras,
The Book of Tobias,
The Book of Judith,
The rest of the Book of
Esther,
The Book of Wisdom,
Jesus the Son of Sirach,

Baruch the Prophet,
The Song of the three
Children,
The Story of Susanna,
Of Bel and the Dragon,
The Prayer of Manasses,
The 1 Book of Maccabees,
The 2 Book of Maccabees.

All the Books of the New Testament, as they are commonly received, we do receive, and account them Canonical.

VII. Of the Old Testament.

THE Old Testament is not contrary to the New: for both in the Old and New Testament everlasting life is offered to Mankind by Christ, who is the only Mediator between God and Man, being both God and Man. Wherefore they are not to be heard, which feign that the Old Fathers did look only for transitory promises. Although the Law given from God by Moses, as touching Ceremonies and Rites, do not hind Christian men, nor the Civil precepts thereof ought of necessity to be received in any common-wealth; yet notwithstanding, no Christian man whatsoever is free from the obedience of the Commandments which are called Moral.

VIII. Of the Three Creeds.

Creed, and that which is commonly called the Apostles' Creed, ought thoroughly to be received and believed: for they may be proved by most certain warrants of holy Scripture.

1X. Of Original or Birth-sin.

ORIGINAL Sin standeth not in the following of Adam, (as the Pelagians do vainly talk;) but it is the fault and corruption of the nature of every man, that naturally is ingendered of the offspring of Adam; whereby man is very far gone from original righteousness, and is of his own nature inclined to evil, so that the flesh lusteth always contrary to the spirit; and therefore in every person born into this world, it deserveth God's wrath and damnation. And this infection of nature doth remain, yea in them that are regenerated; whereby the last of the flesh, called in the Greek, Φρόνημα σαρκός, which some do expound the wisdom, some sensuality, some the affection, some the desire, of the flesh, is not subject to the Law of God. And although there is no condemnation for them that believe and are baptized, yet the Apostle doth confess, that concupiseence and lust bath of itself the nature of sin.

X. Of Free-Will:

THE condition of Man after the fall of Adam is such, that he cannot turn and prepare himself, by his own natural strength and good works, to faith, and calling upon God: Wherefore we have no power to do good works pleasant and acceptable to God, without the grace of God by Christ preventing us, that we may have a good will, and working with us, when we have that good will.

XI. Of the Justification of Man.

E are accounted righteous before God, only for the merit of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ by Faith, and not for our own works or deservings: Wherefore, that we are justified by Faith only is a most wholesome Doctrine, and very full of comfort, as more largely is expressed in the Homily of Justification.

XII. Of Good Works.

A LBEIT that Good Works, which are the fruits of Faith, and follow after Justification, cannot put away our sins, and endure the severity of God's Judgement; yet are they pleasing and acceptable to God in Christ, and do spring out necessarily of a true and lively Faith; insomuch that by them a lively Faith may be as evidently known as a tree discerned by the fruit.

XIII. Of Works before Justification.

ORKS done before the grace of Christ, and the Inspiration of his Spirit, are not pleasant to God, forasmuch as they spring not of faith in Jesus Christ, neither do they make men meet to receive grace, or (as the School-authors say) deserve grace of congruity: yea rather, for that they are not done as God hath willed and commanded them to be done, we doubt not but they have the nature of sin.

XIV. Of Works of Supercrogation.

WOLUNTARY Works besides, over and above, God's Commandments, which they call Works of Supererogation, cannot be taught without arrogancy and impiety: for by them men do declare, that they do not only render unto God as much as they are bound to do, but that they do more for his sake, than of bounden duty is required: whereas Christ saith plainly, When ye have done all that are commanded to you, say, We are unprofitable servants.

XV. Of Christ alone without Sin.

CHRIST in the truth of our nature was made like unto us in all things, sin only except, from which he was clearly void, both in his flesh, and in his spirit. He came to be the Lamb without spot, who, by sacrifice of lamself once made, should take away the sins of the world, and sin, as Saint John saith, was not in him. But all we the rest, although baptized, and born again in Christ, yet offend in many things; and if we say we have no sin, we deceive ourselves, and the truth is not m us.

XVI. Of Sin after Baptism.

Baptism is sin against the Holy Ghost, and impardonable. Wherefore the grant of repentance is not to be denied to such as fall into sin after Baptism. After we have received the Holy Ghost, we may depart from grace given, and fall into sin, and by the grace of God we may arise again, and amend our lives. And therefore they are to be condemned, which say, they can no more sin as long as they live here, or deny the place of forgiveness to such as truly repent.

XVII. Of Predestination and Election.

PREDESTINATION to Life is the everlasting purpose of God, whereby (before the foundations of the world were laid) he hath constantly decreed by his counsel secret to us, to deliver from curse and damnation those whom he hath chosen in Christ out of mankind, and to bring them by Christ to everlasting salvation, as vessels made to honour. Wherefore, they which be endued with so excellent a benefit of God be called according

to God's purpose by his Spirit working in due season: they through Grace obey the calling: they be justified freely: they be made sons of God by adoption: they be made like the image of his only-begotten Son Jesus Christ: they walk religiously in good works, and at length, by God's mercy, they attain to everlasting felicity.

As the godly consideration of Predestination, and our Election in Christ, is full of sweet, pleasant, and un-peakable comfort to godly persons, and such as feel in themselves the working of the Spirit of Christ, mortifying the works of the flesh, and their earthly members, and drawing up their mind to high and heavenly things, as well because it doth greatly establish and confirm their faith of eternal Salvation to be enjoyed through Christ, as because it doth fervently kindle their love towards God: So, for curious and carnal persons, lacking the Spirit of Christ, to have continually before their eyes the sentence of God's Predestination, is a most dangerous downfal, whereby the Devil doth thrust them either into desperation, or into wretchlessness of most unclean living, no less perilous than desperation.

Furthermore, we must receive God's promises in such wise, as they be generally set forth to us in holy Scripture: and, in our doings, that will of God is to be followed, which we have expressly declared unto us in the Word of God.

XVIII. Of obtaining eternal Salvation only by the Name of Christ.

THEY also are to be had accursed that presume to say, That every man shall be saved by the Law or Sect which he professeth, so that he be diligent to frame his life according to that Law, and the light of Nature. For holy Scripture doth set out unto us only the Name of Jesus Christ, whereby men must be saved.

XIX. Of the Church.

THE visible Church of Christ is a Congregation of faithful men, in the which the pure Word of God is preached, and the Sacraments be duly ministered according to Christ's ordinance in all those things that of necessity are requisite to the same.

As the Church of Jerusalem, Alexandria, and Antioch, have erred; so also the Church of Rome hath erred, not only in their living and manner of Ceremonies, but also in matters of Faith.

XX. Of the Authority of the Church.

THE Church hath power to decree Rites or Ceremonies, and authority in Controversies of Faith: And yet it is not lawful for the Church to

ordain any thing that is contrary to God's Word written, neither may it so expound one place of Scripture, that it be repugnant to another. Wherefore, although the Church be a witness and a keeper of holy Writ, yet, as it ought not to decree any thing against the same, so besides the same ought it not to enforce any thing to be believed for necessity of Salvation.

XXI. Of the Authority of General Councils.

ENERAL Councils may not be gathered together without the commandment and will of Princes. And when they be gathered together, (forasmuch as they be an assembly of men, whereof all be not governed with the Spirit and Word of God,) they may err, and sometimes have erred, even in things pertaining unto God. Wherefore things ordained by them as necessary to salvation have neither strength nor authority, unless it may be declared that they be taken out of holy Scripture.

XXII. Of Purgatory.

THE Romish Doctrine concerning Purgatory, Pardons, Worshipping and Adoration, as well of Images as of Reliques, and also Invocation of Saints, is a fond thing vainly invented, and grounded upon no warranty of Scripture, but rather repugnant to the Word of God.

XXIII. Of Ministering in the Congregation.

It is not lawful for any man to take upon him the office of publick preaching, or ministering the Sacraments in the Congregation, before he be lawfully ealled, and sent to execute the same. And those we ought to judge lawfully called and sent, which be chosen and called to this work by men who have publick authority given unto them in the Congregation, to call and send Ministers into the Lord's vineyard.

XXIV. Of speaking in the Congregation in such a tongue as the people understandeth.

To is a thing plainly repugnant to the Word of God, and the custom of the Primitive Church, to have publick Prayer in the Church, or to minister the Sacraments in a tongue not understanded of the people.

XXV. Of the Sacraments.

ACRAMENTS ordained of Christ be not only budges or tokens of Christian men's profession, but rather they be certain sure witnesses, and effectual signs of grace, and God's good will towards

us, by the which he doth work invisibly in us, and doth not only quicken, but also strengthen and confirm our Faith in him.

There are two Sacraments ordained of Christ our Lord in the Gospel, that is to say, Baptism, and the Supper of the Lord.

Those five commonly called Sacraments, that is to say, Confirmation, Penance, Orders, Matrimony, and extreme Unction, are not to be counted for Sacraments of the Gospel, being such as have grown partly of the corrupt following of the Apostles, partly are states of life allowed in the Scriptures; but yet have not like nature of Sacraments with Baptism, and the Lord's Supper, for that they have not any visible sign or ceremony ordained of God.

The Sacraments were not ordained of Christ to be gazed upon, or to be carried about, but that we should duly use them. And in such only as worthily receive the same they have a wholesome effect or operation: but they that receive them unworthily purchase to themselves dammation, as Saint *Paul* saith.

XXVI. Of the Unworthiness of the Ministers, which hinders not the effect of the Sacrament.

A LTHOUGH in the visible Church the evil be ever mingled with the good, and sometimes the evil have chief authority in the Ministration of the Word and Sacraments, yet forasmuch as they do not the same in their own name, but in Christ's, and do minister by his commission and authority, we may use their Ministry, both in hearing the Word of God, and in receiving of the Sacraments. Neither is the effect of Christ's ordinance taken away by their wickedness, nor the grace of God's gifts diminished from such as by faith and rightly do receive the Sacraments ministered unto them; which be effectual, because of Christ's institution and promise, although they be ministered by evil men.

Nevertheless, it appertaineth to the discipline of the Church, that enquiry be made of evil Ministers, and that they be accused by those that have knowledge of their offences; and finally being found guilty, by just judgement be deposed.

XXVII. Of Baptism.

APTISM is not only a sign of profession, and mark of difference, whereby Christian men are discerned from others that be not christened, but it is also a sign of Regeneration or new Birth, whereby, as by an instrument, they that receive Baptism rightly are grafted into the Church; the promises of forgiveness of sin, and of our adoption to be the

sons of God by the Holy Ghost, are visibly signed and sealed; Faith is confirmed, and Grace increased by virtue of prayer unto God. The Baptism of young Children is in any wise to be retained in the Church, as most agreeable with the institution of Christ.

XXVIII. Of the Lord's Supper.

THE Supper of the Lord is not only a sign of the love that Christians ought to have among themselves one to another; but rather is a Sacrament of our Redemption by Christ's death: insomuch that to such as rightly, worthily, and with faith, receive the same, the Bread which we break is a partaking of the Body of Christ; and likewise the Cup of Blessing is a partaking of the Blood of Christ.

Transubstantiation (or the change of the substance of Bread and Wine) in the Supper of the Lord, cannot be proved by holy Writ; but is repugnant to the plain words of Scripture, overthroweth the nature of a Sacrament, and hath given occasion to many superstitions.

The body of Christ is given, taken, and eaten, in the Supper, only after an heavenly and spiritual manner. And the mean whereby the Body of Christ is received and eaten in the Supper is Faith.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was not by Christ's ordinance reserved, carried about, lifted up, or worshipped.

XXIX. Of the wicked which eat not the Body of Christ in the use of the Lord's Supper.

THE Wicked, and such as be void of a lively faith, although they do carnally and visibly press with their teeth (as Saint Augustine saith) the Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Christ, yet in no wise are they partakers of Christ: but rather, to their condemnation, do eat and drink the sign or Sacrament of so great a thing.

XXX. Of both kinds.

THE Cup of the Lord is not to be denied to the Lay-people: for both the parts of the Lord's Sacrament, by Christ's ordinance and commandment, ought to be ministered to all Christian men alike.

XXXI. Of the one Oblation of Christ finished upon the Cross.

THE Offering of Christ once made is that perfect redemption, propitiation, and satisfaction, for all the sins of the whole world, both original and

actual; and there is none other satisfaction for sin, but that alone. Wherefore the sacrifices of Masses, in the which it was commonly said, that the Priest did offer Christ for the quick and the dead, to have remission of pain or guilt, were blasphemous fables, and dangerous deceits.

XXXII. Of the Marriage of Priests.

BISHOPS, Priests, and Deacons, are not commanded by God's Law, either to vow the estate of single life, or to abstain from marriage: therefore it is lawful for them, as for all other Christian men, to marry at their own discretion, as they shall judge the same to serve better to godliness.

XXXIII. Of excommunicate Persons, how they are to be avoided.

THAT person which by open denunciation of the Church is rightly cut off from the unity of the Church, and excommunicated, ought to be taken of the whole multitude of the faithful, as an Heathen and Publican, until he be openly reconciled by penance, and received into the Church by a Judge that hath authority thereunto.

XXXIV. Of the Traditions of the Church.

It is not necessary that Traditions and Ceremonies be in all places one, and utterly like; for at all times they have been divers, and may be changed according to the diversities of countries, times, and men's manners, so that nothing be ordained against God's Word. Whosoever through his private judgement, willingly and purposely, doth openly break the traditions and ceremonies of the Church, which be not repugnant to the Word of God, and be ordained and approved by common authority, ought to be rebuked openly, (that others may fear to do the like,) as he that offendeth against the common order of the Church, and hurteth the authority of the Magistrate, and woundeth the consciences of the weak brethren.

Every particular or national Church hath authority to ordain, change, and abolish, ceremonies or rites of the Church ordained only by man's authority, so that all things be done to edifying.

XXXV. Of the Homilies.

THE second Book of Homilies, the several titles whereof we have joined under this Article, doth contain a godly and wholesome Doctrine, and necessary for these times, as doth the former Book of Homilies, which were set forth in the time of Edward the Sixth; and therefore we judge them to be read in Churches by the Ministers, diligently and dis-

tinetly, that they may be understanded of the people.

Of the Names of the Homilies.

- 1. Of the right Use of the Church.
- 2. Against peril of Idolatry.
- 3. Of repairing and keeping clean of Churches.
- 4. Of good Works: first of Fasting.
- 5. Against Gluttony and Drunkenness.
- 6. Against Excess of Apparel.
- 7. Of Prayer.
- 8. Of the Place and Time of Prayer.
- 9. That Common Prayers and Sucraments ought to be ministered in a known tongue.
- 10. Of the reverend estimation of God's Word.
- 11. Of Alms-doing.
- 12. Of the Nativity of Christ.
- 13. Of the Passion of Christ.
- 14. Of the Resurrection of Christ.
- 15. Of the worthy receiving of the Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Christ.
- 16. Of the Gifts of the Holy Ghost.
- 17. For the Rogation-days.
- 18. Of the state of Matrimony.
- 19. Of Repentance.
- 20. Against Idleness.
- 21. Against Rebellion.

XXXVI. Of Consecration of Bishops and Ministers.

Bishops, and Ordering of Priests and Deacons, lately set forth in the time of Edward the Sixth, and confirmed at the same time by anthority of Parliament, doth contain all things necessary to such Consecration and Ordering: neither hath it any thing, that of itself is superstitious and ungodly. And therefore whosoever are consecrated or ordered according to the Rites of that Book, since the second year of the forenamed King Edward unto this time, or hereafter shall be consecrated or ordered according to the same Rites; we decree all such to be rightly, orderly, and lawfully consecrated and ordered.

XXXVII. Of the Civil Magistrates.

THE King's Majesty hath the chief power in this Realm of *England*, and other his Dominions, unto whom the chief Government of all Estates of this Realm, whether they be Ecclesiastical or Civil, in all causes doth appertain, and is not, nor ought to be, subject to any foreign Jurisdiction.

Where we attribute to the King's Majesty the chief government, by which Titles we understand the minds of some slanderous folks to be offended;

we give not to our Princes the ministering either of God's Word, or of the Sacraments, the which thing the Injunctions also lately set forth by Elizabeth our Queen do most plainly testify; but that only prerogative, which we see to have been given always to all godly Princes in holy Scriptures by God himself; that is, that they should rule all states and degrees committed to their charge by God, whether they be Ecclesiastical or Temporal, and restrain with the civil sword the stubborn and evildoers.

The Bishop of Rome hath no jurisdiction in this Realm of England.

The Laws of the Realm may punish Christian men with death, for heinous and grievous offences.

It is lawful for Christian men, at the commandment of the Magistrate, to wear weapons, and serve in the wars. XXXVIII. Of Christian men's Goods, which are not common.

THE Riches and Goods of Christians are not common, as touching the right, title, and possession of the same, as certain Anabaptists do falsely boast. Notwithstanding, every man ought, of such things as he possesseth, liberally to give alms to the poor, according to his ability.

XXXIX. Of a Christian man's Oath.

As we confess that vain and rash Swearing is forbidden Christian men by our Lord Jesus Christ, and James his Apostle, so we judge, that Christian Religion doth not prohibit, but that a man may swear when the Magistrate requireth, in a cause of faith and charity, so it be done according to the Prophet's teaching, in justice, judgement, and truth.

THE RATIFICATION.

THIS Book of Articles before rehearsed, is again approved, and allowed to be holden and executed within the Realm, by the assent and consent of our Sovereign Lady ELIZABETH, by the grace of God, of England, France, and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c. Which Articles were deliberately read, and confirmed again by the subscription of the hands of the Archbishops and Bishops of the Upper-house, and by the subscription of the whole Clergy of the Nether-house in their Convocation, in the Year of our Lord 1571.

A TABLE OF THE ARTICLES.

- 1. OF Faith in the Holy Trinity.
- Of Christ the Son of God.
 Of his going down into Hell.
- 4. Of his Resurrection.
- 5. Of the Holy Ghost.
- 6. Of the Sufficiency of the Scripture.
- 7. Of the Old Testament.
- 8. Of the Three Creeds.
- 9. Of Original or Birth-sin.
- 10. Of Free-Will.
- 11. Of Justification.
- 12. Of Good Works.
- 13. Of Works before Justification.
- 14. Of Works of Supererogation.
- 15. Of Christ alone without Sin.
- 16. Of Sin after Baptism.
- 17. Of Predestination and Election.
- 18. Of obtaining Salvation by Christ.
- 19. Of the Church.
- 20. Of the Authority of the Church.

- 21. Of the Authority of General Councils.
- 22. Of Purgatory.
- 23. Of Ministering in the Congregation.
- 24. Of Speaking in the Congregation.
- 25. Of the Sacraments.
- 26. Of the Unworthiness of Ministers.
- 27. Of Baptism.
- 28. Of the Lord's Supper.
- 29. Of the Wicked which eat not the Body of Christ.
- 30. Of both kinds.
- 31. Of Christ's one Oblation.
- 32. Of the Marriage of Priests.
- 33. Of Excommunicate Persons.
- 34. Of the Traditions of the Church.
- 35. Of the Homilies.
- 36. Of Consecrating of Ministers.
- 37. Of Civil Magistrates.
- 38. Of Christian men's Goods.
- 39. Of a Christian man's Oath.
 - The Ratification.

A TABLE

OF

KINDRED AND AFFINITY.

WHEREIN WHOSOEVER ARE RELATED ARE FORBIDDEN IN SCRIPTURE AND OUR LAWS TO MARRY TOGETHER.

A Man may not marry his

- I RANDMOTHER,
- 2 Grandfather's Wife,
- 3 Wife's Grandmother.
- 4 Father's Sister,
- 5 Mother's Sister,
- 6 Father's Brother's Wife.
- 7 Mother's Brother's Wife,
- 8 Wife's Father's Sister,
- 9 Wife's Mother's Sister.
- 10 Mother,
- 11 Step-Mother,
- 12 Wife's Mother.
- 13 Daughter,
- 14 Wife's Daughter,
- 15 Son's Wife.
- 16 Sister,
- 17 Wife's Sister,
- 18 Brother's Wife.
- 19 Son's Daughter,
- 20 Daughter's Daughter,
- 21 Son's Son's Wife.
- 22 Daughter's Son's Wife,
- 23 Wife's Son's Daughter,
- 24 Wife's Daughter's Daughter.
- 25 Brother's Daughter,
- 26 Sister's Daughter,
- 27 Brother's Son's Wife.
- 28 Sister's Son's Wife,
- 29 Wife's Brother's Daughter,
- 30 Wife's Sister's Daughter.

A Woman may not marry with her

- RANDFATHER,
- 2 Grandmother's Husband,
- 3 Husband's Grandfather.
- 4 Father's Brother,
- 5 Mother's Brother,
- 6 Father's Sister's Husband.
- 7 Mother's Sister's Husband,
- 8 Husband's Father's Brother,
- 9 Husband's Mother's Brother.
- 10 Father,
- 11 Step-Father,
- 12 Husband's Father.
- 13 Son,
- 14 Husband's Son,
- 15 Daughter's Husband.
- 16 Brother,
- 17 Husband's Brother,
- 18 Sister's Husband.
- 19 Son's Son,
- 20 Daughter's Son,
- 21 Son's Daughter's Husband.
- 22 Daughter's Daughter's Husband,
- 23 Husband's Son's Son,
- 24 Husband's Daughter's Son.
- 25 Brother's Son,
- 26 Sister's Son,
- 27 Brother's Daughter's Husband.
- 28 Sister's Daughter's Husband,
- 29 Husband's Brother's Son,
- 30 Husband's Sister's Son.



			1
			-
			1
			À
			- 1
	,		
			1
			Ŷ.
			1
			,
			3
			1
			į.
			2

	•		
	-		

Br. Formy to Fait for Par



University of California SOUTHERN REGIONAL LIBRARY FACILITY Return this material to the library from which it was borrowed.

