Daily Morning Chronicle.

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DAILY MORNING CHRONICLE.

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NO. 486. PAPER HANGINGS. No. 486. WINDOW SHADES. OVAL PICTURE FRAMES. PICTURE CORD AND TASSELS. J. MARKRITER.

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WINES AND LIQUORS.

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TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS! HUDSON TAYLOR.

THE AMBER GODS, AND OTHER STORIES.

BOOKS, PERIODICALS, AND STATIONERY. LAW, SCHOOL, AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS. W. H. & O. H. MORRISON.

NEW BOOK! NEW BOOKS! PHILP & SOLOMONS.

NEW BOOKS!! NEW BOOKS!! HUDSON TAYLOR.

MILITARY AND NAVAL BOOKS. PHILP & SOLOMONS.

FROM THE PRESS OF J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO. KIRK'S "CHARLES THE BOLD." HISTORY OF CHARLES THE BOLD, DUKE OF BURGUNDY.

MARK'S PENINSULA CAMPAIGN.

DAY DREAMS. BY MAJOR J. A. NUNES, U. S. A.

BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ENLISTING AND DISCHARGING SOLDIERS.

PHILP & SOLOMONS, BOOKSELLERS, ARMY STATIONERS, PRINTERS, AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS, 332 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Daily Chronicle.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

— The Chicago *Tribune*, in an article on "conservatism," says: "If the treacherous, mercenary counsels of the conservative press and politicians had been followed to this time by the President, our soldiers would still be standing guard over the property of rebels, catching and returning loyal slaves to disloyal masters, suffering defeat after defeat, contending with the enemy near the line of Mason and Dixon; the proclamation of freedom would not have been uttered; the confiscation act would not be a law; Chase would not have remained in the Cabinet to manage the finances; greenbacks would be worth less than 20 cents in gold, and foreign intervention would now be upon us, and the destruction of the Union a sealed fact."

— Thomas Kay, Esq., an eminent merchant of Montreal, and well known in the United States, died lately of apoplexy. When attacked he was alone in his carriage, and his faithful horse conveyed him to his own door. The horse stopping, the condition of her husband was seen by Mrs. Kay. He was sitting upright, with the reins firmly grasped in one hand—the other hand, with the entire of that part of the side, was paralyzed. When Mrs. Kay reached the door the only evidence of consciousness he gave was to turn and cast a look upon her with an apparent affectionate recognition.

— Ex Lieutenant Governor Henry W. Cushman died at his residence in Bernardstown, Massachusetts, of typhoid fever, on Saturday, after a sickness of nearly three weeks. Mr. Cushman has represented his town in the House, and the county in the Senate of the Legislature of Massachusetts, served one year as Lieutenant Governor, and filled many offices of trust in his town, county, and State. At the time of his death he was President of the Franklin County Bank. He leaves a widow, but no children. His age was 58.

— The Central Committee of the Ohio War Democrats held a meeting in Columbus lately and resolved to call a mass convention of the capital on the 8th of January next, the day on which the Jackson War Democrats used to assemble when "Old Hickory and the Union" was the rallying cry of the party. The Copperhead State Committee of Ohio have fixed the third Monday in March as the day of holding their convention. The Indiana Copperhead State Convention, called for the 8th of January, is to be postponed until next summer.

— Mrs. Quidor, the wife of a formerly popular physician of Jersey City, died a few days since under the most distressing circumstances. Her husband entered the army recently, leaving her, as he supposed, enough money to keep her comfortable; but through some cause or other the means were soon expended, and the unfortunate woman died in the basement of a house, deserted by all her friends and relatives. Her five children are now left desolate and friendless, as no help can be expected from their remaining parent.

— A Mr. Grant, of Kingston, Canada West, has invented a new war projectile, which he claims will beat all the science of the Yankees, and has gone to England to secure a patent. The principle of Mr. Grant's invention is a conical ball or bolt, for rifled pieces, fitted with several chambers, and so arranged that successive charges explode during the flight of the ball, each explosion propelling it onward.

— Count Andre Zamoyski, whose houses were lately destroyed in Warsaw, and his property all confiscated, is said to have gone to England with the intention of trying whether he cannot sue the Emperor of Russia, in the courts of that country, for the loss he has sustained, and cause a levy or an embargo to be laid on the Emperor's property in England to give him compensation.

— Mr. Daniel Holsman, Senator from Bergen county, N. J., intends, on the meeting of the next Legislature of the State, to introduce a bill compelling the Government "to deposit securities in the office of the Treasurer of the State, before allowing them to circulate their shinplasters in New Jersey." There is no doubt that the bill will receive due consideration.

— Bierstadt, the artist, according to last accounts, is in Oregon, making studies of Shasta, and the great snow-crowned peaks of that territory. Rev. T. Starr King, in a private letter addressed to a friend in Boston, says: "Bierstadt has taken a series of the most superb sketches of the Yo Semite. They will make a great impression East."

— The Cambridge *Intelligencer* names Judge Thomas A. Spence for United States Senator from Maryland, in place of Hon James A. Pearce, deceased. The position is at present filled temporarily by Gov. Hicks, by virtue of the Governor's appointment. Judge Spence is said to be an emancipationist.

— According to reports now prevalent in New Jersey, "greenbacks" are to be repudiated by the Copperhead element of the State after the second Tuesday in January next, on the ground that there has not been any consideration placed in the hands of the State authorities for their redemption.

— Andrew J. Allen, a well known stationer of Boston, who died a few days since, left an estate worth $100,000. This, in his will, after leaving to his five children and some others annuities, he directs to be sold, and to enure to the city of Boston for the benefit of poor mechanics.

— "The Conservative Union men," says the Rochester *Union*—itself Copperhead—"who want the war prosecuted to the end of a restored Union, must unite and throw overboard the obnoxious dead weight of the Fernando Wood order."

— Mr. James K. Mills, for many years one of the most enterprising and wealthy of Boston merchants, died in New York city, on Thursday, of diphtheria. Of late he has resided in Baltimore. His remains were taken to Boston for interment.

— C. W. Hall, a horse contractor for the Government at Cincinnati, has been found guilty and sentenced to six months' imprisonment, and also fined $10,000, for defrauding the Government in purchasing horses.

— Dr. Winship, "the strong man," now lifts daily a dead weight of twenty-six hundred pounds. He says he means to get up to three thousand pounds and stop there.

— The Lockport papers announce the death of Hon. Elias Ransom, of that place, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Niagara county. Judge R. was born in Berkshire county, Mass., in the year 1795.

— Hon Stephen Emery, of Auburn, Maine, father in-law of Vice-President Hamlin, died recently, aged 73 years. He has filled many posts of trust and honor.

— Rogers, the sculptor, of New York, is engaged on a new statuette, the subject of which is, like several of his former works, derived from the war. It is entitled the "Returned Volunteer."

— The Union majority in Minnesota at the late election was 7,000. The vote was very light, and the Union majority is not as much by 5,000 as it would be on a full poll.

— The famous Todleben, who so successfully defended Sebastopol against the French and English, is now superintending the erection of works on the Black Sea.

— Dr C. H. Ray, the originator and chief editor of the Chicago *Tribune*, has disposed of his interest in that establishment to his partners, and has retired therefrom.

— William Matthews, Esq., of Philadelphia, has subscribed $5,000 to aid in completing the endowment of the Theological Seminary of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, in Philadelphia.

— Albert H. Gallatin, M. A., M. D., a grandson of Albert Gallatin, has been appointed to the vacant chair of Natural Sciences in Norwich University.

— The Missouri Senate has passed a bill repealing the old State law which prohibited whites from teaching slaves to read or write.

— "Historicus," who has written so ably in the *Times* relative to international rights, is Dr. Moseley, the author of "The History of the Lowlands."

— At a special election held in Rock Island, Illinois, lately, for police magistrate, the Union candidate was elected by ninety-eight majority.

— George W. Newell is editing a compilation of the letters and papers of the late William L. Marcy, which will soon be given to the public.

— Mr. Leonard Farrell, a respectable citizen of Charles county, died suddenly a few days ago while *en route* from Port Tobacco to his residence.

— Judge W. Y. Gholson, of the Supreme Court of Ohio, has resigned. His health is seriously impaired.

— J. B. Yates Sommers, Esq., Deputy Grand Master of the Masonic Grand Lodge of the State of New York, died in the city of New York lately.

— Boucicault's copyright of the Colleen Bawn has been decided null and void in England.

— Queen Victoria has organized a theatre, to divert her mind, in Windsor Castle.

— The wife of General A. P. Hovey died at Mount Vernon, Indiana, a few days since.

— The Russian Admiral Lisoffsky has taken a splendid mansion uptown in New York for the winter.

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL ITEMS.

At the Chestnut-street Theatre, Philadelphia, Edwin Forrest, the greatest of living actors, is playing to immense houses. He appeared last evening in his great impersonation of Othello.

At the New Arch street Theatre, Philadelphia, Mrs. D. P. Bowers has appeared as Miriam, the Puritan's Wife, and Helen Macgregor.

At the Walnut-street Theatre, Philadelphia, J. S. Clarke has been playing Toodles, and other characters.

At the American Academy of Music, Philadelphia, German opera, the past two weeks, has been performed. This week, the Havana and New York Italian Opera company, of which the celebrated Medori is the prima donna, will produce "Ione."

At the Holliday street Theatre, Baltimore, this week, Miss Helen Western will appear in the "French Spy."

At the Boston Theatre, Edwin Booth has been personating his favorite characters. On Friday night last, he appeared as Othello.

At Willard's Howard Athenæum, Boston, J. W. Wallack, Jr., on Friday night last, took a benefit, appearing as Leon de Bourbon, in the "Iron Mask."

At the Tremont Theatre, Boston, under the management of Mrs. Barrow and Mark Smith, the Walcots and Mr. Knight have been the leading attractions. The Italian and Havana Opera Company will perform here this week, as well as in Philadelphia.

At Pike's Opera House, Cincinnati, the Richings' Opera Troupe are playing the "Enchantress."

At Wood's Theatre, Cincinnati, Edwin Adams played Hamlet, on Wednesday last. He will open, this week, with a play, written by Judge Conrad, for Mr. Forrest, entitled "The Heretic."

At the St. Louis Theatre, under the management of B. DeBar, Emily Thorne has appeared in two dramas of the "Hidden Hand."

At Niblo's, New York, Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams are personating their favorite characters.

At Winter Garden, New York, the Florences are performing in a large variety of pieces.

At the Olympic, New York, Mrs. John Wood has won fresh laurels by her grand burlesque "I am all there."

At Wallack's, New York, "Rosedale" still keeps the stage.

At the Louisville Theatre, Miss Laura Keene is the star.

At Wood's Theatre, Louisville, Mrs. Gladstane has appeared in the "Female Gambler."

At the New Theatre, Nashville, Isabel Cubas has been the attraction the past week.

At the Old Theatre, Nashville, Mr. Joseph Proctor has performed in "Nick of the Woods."

The War Democracy of Illinois.

The Conference Convention of the War Democracy of the North met at Chicago on the 25th inst., Hon. John A. McClernand, of Illinois, in the chair. Two sets of resolutions were reported. The Chicago *Tribune* gives an abstract of both, as follows:

MAJORITY REPORT.

1. In favor of the Union and Constitution.
2. The latter affords no ground or pretence for Secession, but
3. It affords a peaceful remedy for every grievance.
4. The existing wicked rebellion to be suppressed by the whole power of the nation.
5. Duty of all good citizens to aid constituted authorities.
6. Claims right of criticism of all public servants.
7. Avows the accountability of the Administration to the people.
8. There are State rights and National rights, but no State has a right to be a nation.
9. The rebellion a war upon the principles of civil liberty.
10. Calls for disbandment of the African contingent, when the rebellion is subdued.
11. Reaffirms the Monroe Doctrine.
12. A tribute to our volunteers.
13. Urges probity and faithfulness in places of public trust.
14. The preservation of the Union a paramount issue, repudiating everything tending to embroil the people of States.
15. Recommends a general Nominating Convention of War Democrats at Cincinnati on the first Wednesday in May, 1864, and appoints a National Executive Committee to promote the object of this resolution.

MINORITY REPORT.

1. That the security of the American Union, as well as the progress of Democratic principles require the total divorce of the party of Jefferson and Jackson from all association or sympathy with slavery.

2. That the rebel States, by the action of their public authorities, waged war upon the nation in violation of the Constitution—that such war was an abdication of all legitimate State authority; and with such war and abdication the power of the master over the slave was totally and forever abrogated.

3. That whereas, by the Constitution of the United States, no power is delegated, or exists, to hold or make a man a slave, therefore the whole population of the rebel States held as slaves by State authority before the rebellion was immediately thereupon enfranchised by the Constitution.

4. That the same result, only in a lesser degree, has been reached under the laws of war by the Commander-in-Chief of the army, by the forfeiture of the rights of rebel slave holders as contraband of war, by right of capture, and by a confiscation act of Congress.

5. That the remnant of slavery legally existing in the Border States should be immediately removed, but by no other agency than local acts of emancipation.

6. That the re-organization of the rebel States is a proper subject of Congressional legislation, under the constitutional authority to guarantee a republican form of government to the States, and that Congress may impose whatever conditions shall be requisite to secure the permanence and harmony of the American Union, including the limitation of suffrage to loyal men, the revision of boundaries, and the prohibition of slavery or involuntary servitude, except for the commission of crime.

7. That the allotment of the sea coasts of South Carolina and Georgia, and the peninsula of Florida, for permanent and voluntary occupation by the African race of this continent, under a protectorate of the United States, would be an act of justice and humanity, and we recommend such a measure as the alternate of all schemes to combine the white and black races in the same community on the basis of political equality.

8. That upon the restoration of the Union, it will become a paramount duty to a brave and devoted soldiery to assure to them homes upon the national domain, and we shall welcome some well matured system of military colonization of our Rocky Mountain districts, as will discharge our obligations to the citizen-soldier, develop tenfold our immeasurable mineral wealth, seclude the Indian savage upon reservations, and bind the Union indissolubly from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

9. That we look with confidence to the sagacity and patriotism of the Secretary of the Treasury to co-operate in restoring as soon as possible the application of the great Democratic principles, of a system of imports and duties adjusted exclusively with the purpose of revenue, and the prompt convertibility of all paper issues into gold and silver—the currency of the Constitution and of the world.

"To these (the minority) resolutions," says the Chicago *Tribune*, "Mr. Jas W. Taylor, who framed and presented them, spoke in an able and most eloquent manner—decidedly the speech of the occasion, reviewing the whole subject and scathingly rebuking the men who would falter now from their whole duty to the country. The minority resolutions were tabled, but they will be heard of again, and have in Mr. Taylor a most eloquent defender. The other series were passed."

THE PEN WITH WHICH THE EMANCIPATION PROCLAMATION WAS SIGNED.—A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* declares that the identity of the pen with which the emancipation proclamation was signed is lost. He says:

It happened that I was in Washington a few days after the signing of that paper referred to, and by appointment had an interview with the President on matter of official business. Just after I had entered the room and taken a seat, Mr. Lincoln opened and read aloud a letter from a Boston gentleman applying to him for the pen with which he signed the proclamation, and stating in glowing words what great value he should place upon it, could he obtain the prize.

Mr. Lincoln remarked, after he had read the letter, that he did not think he could comply with the request of the writer, as he was not certain which was the right pen. He knew it was one of a lot (this was the word) of a dozen or so, and he would do the best he could. To finish up the matter, Mr. Lincoln, as is his custom, told a story. He asked me if I had ever read or seen a book or story called Squibob, and went on to give some account of it. But the point of the story was that Squibob was asked by some one for his autograph, which was sent with the remark that "it must be genuine, for it was written by his brother-in-law."

THE Dutch fleet in the Japanese waters is to be immediately reinforced by twelve vessels, carrying 229 guns.

FROM LITTLE ROCK.

Speech of General E. W. Gantt—Letter from General Thayer.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., November 14, 1863.

Editors Missouri Democrat:

SIRS: I enclose you extracts from a speech delivered a few days ago by General E. W. Gantt, in a Union meeting held here in Little Rock, which I heard. While the apologists of slavery in the North are advocating the restoration of the seceded States with unimpaired rights, and with slavery still existing when the war is ended, General Gantt and others in the South propose to wipe out of existence, at once and forever, the cause of all our difficulties—slavery. As fast as slaveholders and Secessionists become convinced that the Southern Confederacy is a failure, and that they have got to live under the Federal Government again, just so fast does the conviction force itself upon them, that there can be no permanent peace in the future unless slavery is destroyed; now, with them, one of the alternatives of the proposition enunciated by Mr. Lincoln and Mr. Seward a few years ago: "All free, or all slave," has come, and with them now, it is "all free." The leading Union men here, now take the ground that Arkansas must come back a free State. This conviction is fast spreading, not only in Arkansas, but in Louisiana, Tennessee and Mississippi. Those people in the North who seem so exceedingly fearful lest slavery may be overthrown in this war, and who make such free use of the term, "rabid Abolitionist," will soon have to apply that term to the Southern people themselves.

General Gantt is one of the leading men of Arkansas, and wields a very extensive influence in the State. He was elected to the Federal Congress in 1860, by a very large majority, to succeed Rust, and would have taken his seat in December, 1861, had not Secession taken place. He went out with his State and entered the rebel service. He was in command at New Madrid (when Pope besieged that place) until four days before its evacuation, and was second in command at Island No. 10, when General Mackall surrendered that stronghold to General Pope, and afterwards went to Fort Warren. He has become convinced that the Secession movement is not only a failure, but a great crime, and comes out in an open and manly way and acknowledges his error, and urges the people of Arkansas and the South to return to their allegiance to the flag of the Union. He is now working earnestly and zealously in behalf of the cause of freedom.

Very respectfully, yours,
JOHN M. THAYER,
Brigadier General.

EXTRACTS FROM THE SPEECH OF GENERAL E. W. GANTT, DELIVERED BEFORE THE UNION CLUB AT LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS, NOVEMBER 7, 1863.

NEGRO SLAVERY.

* * * * * * * *

As Secessionists, we supposed we were out of the Union. We went out to protect slavery. We failed. We now come back. For what purpose? To protect slavery? The absurdity is too monstrous to tolerate for a moment. We went out to protect the negro. We come back to protect the white man. We regard the negro question as definitely settled by the last source of appeal, and we say there let it rest.

But we of Arkansas must dispose of what is left of this question for ourselves. We can't dodge it. In our settling it, we are not agitating the slavery question. Can you agitate the dead? Is not slavery dead in our State? Did it not go down in the vortex of Secession and civil war? But, though dead, its remains must be disposed of. Its dead carcass is all that lies between us and a perfect restoration of our former relations with the Government. A convention of the people should meet and bury it. The question of abolition and its converse can't be made in our midst. We are not like Missouri. With us the question is, "What shall we do with that which is already abolished?" To this there can be but one answer: "Amend the Constitution and put it beyond the hope of resurrection." We of the North and South, knowing that slavery was the only disturbing element in our Government, after many "settlements," each one deemed "final," resorted to the last arbitrament—the sword. We who own slaves have lost, fairly lost, and we must abide the decision. The people of Arkansas are therefore the proper ones to act on its final extinction in our midst. The sooner we do it the better for us and the country. To many this truth is unpalatable, but we can't blink it, it must be met—let us do so like men.

There is a large and growing party in the North that is disposed to reduce the seceded States to the condition of Territories. The central idea of this party is to get rid of slavery, as the source of all our calamities. It would be unbecoming to us, as well as a waste of time, to get up and argue the abstract question with them as to their right to do this. Let us anticipate them, and cut under them at once, by meeting in convention, at the earliest day that we can be empowered so to do, and extirpate forever the last vestige of slavery in our midst, and bury out of sight this source of all our calamities, personal, State, and National. By thus formally giving up what is already lost, we will have secured to us all our rights as equal States in the Union. If we do not do so, I give it as my opinion that, right or wrong, we will be reduced to the condition of a Territory, and so remain until we do pass upon this question, definitely, at once and forever. You can't find a soldier in the army who has not already reached, or who is not closely approximating the conclusion, that his health, happiness and life have been exposed and jeopardized because of negro slavery, and who does not feel, and who will not insist, that, after all his toil and hardships, this question, which diplomacy and statesmanship could not settle, being settled by the sword, should be put at rest forever. And this is independent of any opinion he may have held before we tendered him the issue of a settlement by the sword. I am no politician, would not receive an office from President or people, and can therefore speak plainly. And I do say, in candor and sincerity, to those few Arkansas politicians who think they are striking the popular current by their efforts to reinstate slavery here, that they will be borne down by a tide as irresistible and powerful as it will be overwhelming and annihilative of all their hopes and aspirations. The people of Arkansas are determined to go back to the Union, as they now find themselves, and they are not to be frightened from their purpose by having the words "consistency" or "Abolitionist" thrown at them. Finding slavery destroyed, they can so pass upon it, and be neither "inconsistent" nor "Abolitionists."

* * * * *

INCREASING LOYALTY OF THE PEOPLE OF ARKANSAS.

Upon this point, among other things, he said:

The people of Arkansas are ready to return to their allegiance to the Government and to renew their devotion, which shall know hereafter neither change nor decay. The loyalty to Jeff Davis in Arkansas does not extend practically beyond the shadow of his army, while the hatred of him is as wide-spread as it is intense. The Union sentiment is manifesting itself on all sides and by every indication—in Union meetings, in desertions from the Confederate army, in taking the oath of allegiance unsolicited, in organizing for home defence, and enlisting in the Federal army. Old flags that have been hid in the crevices of rocks, and been worshipped by our people as holy relics, are flung to the breeze, and followed to the Union army with an enthusiasm that beggars all description. The little county of Perry, that voted only about six hundred, and which has been turned wrong side out by Hindman and his fellow-murderers and oppressors, with their retinue of salaried gentlemen and negro boys, sent down a company of ninety-four men a few days ago. Where they came from, and how they kept their old flag during these three years of terror, persecution, and plunder I can't tell. But they were the proudest looking set of men I ever saw, and full of fight. And Montgomery county answers to Perry; and Conway and Columbia, and Carroll and Jefferson, and Clark and Sebastian, and Phillips, Pike, and Independence prolong the shout of a redeemed people, and send up their hundred, to be yet followed by their thousands, to assist in breaking the chains of their oppressors.

* * * * *

HIS TRIBUTE TO ORIGINAL UNION MEN.

But there has always been a healthy Union sentiment in our State. It has flourished when the sun of our great political system was obscured from it by clouds and gloom. In the darkness of political storm and night, its lamp has burned on brightly and beautifully. It has survived amid rocks and caves, and mountain gorges and rugged banks of homeless streams. It has "watched and waited" with a faith as astounding and as constant as ever nerved the heart of patriot or saint. Often unlettered and untaught, it has put to shame the pretenses of sophistry and confounded the philosophy of sages. Despotism could not crush, or cruelty erase it. Nor threats nor entreaties, nor chains nor dungeons, nor the hope of life nor the fear of death could chain it to the mad car of rebellion. But through the crucible of anarchy, persecution, and blood, it has arisen, purified and ennobled, to assert its supremacy.

Noble men! "Worthy sons of worthy sires!" Bright examples for all ages! An erring brother returns from his wandering after a mad delusion, does not deem it unbecoming his honor and his manhood to pay you the tribute on the soundness of your judgment and the nobleness and sublimity of your patriotism. Nor does he feel abased before the world, and all good men, whatever may have been his past acts and impressions, to extend to you his hand, and here, after so long a parting, having met, from different extremes, under the old banner at last, to pray Almighty God to rule the madness of the hour—to stay the effusion of fratricidal blood—to incline men's hearts to peace and brotherly love and to give us once more a united, prosperous, and happy country.

A STATEMENT has been issued showing the comparative strength of the Danish and Prussian navies, from which it appears that the navy of Denmark mounts 768 guns, and that of Prussia 390. The comparison of figures shows a numerical superiority in favor of Denmark.

A SOLDIER of the 67th Ohio regiment has sent to Governor Tod a piece of the first brick taken by a Union soldier from the walls of Fort Sumter. The brick was taken during a voluntary reconnoissance.

THE SUNDAY MORNING CHRONICLE.

OFFICE, CHRONICLE BUILDING, 456 NINTH STREET WEST, BETWEEN E AND F STREETS.

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The Destitution of the South.

[From the New York Evening Post.]

Since the publication of our remarks on this subject in our paper of Monday we have received some further and more direct information as to the actual present condition of the inhabitants of the rebel States. Our information is recent, explicit, and from the highest source; being no other than the personal testimony of families just arrived here from the South, who have resided there during the entire period of the war, and whose position there, both as to wealth and social standing, is inferior to none in the entire area of territory. Of course, in making the statement, we vouch for the responsibility of the witness.

The facts are briefly and substantially these: In one of the principal cities of Mississippi, for the last twelve months, the wealthier families have suffered almost every privation excepting actual starvation! For more than six months they have had no flour, no soap for family washing excepting such an imitation of soft soap as they could make themselves; no starch but of their own manufacture, extracted from corn meal, and no means of lighting their rooms but such tallow candles as their own domestic ingenuity could produce from the fat of meat bought of the butcher. In many, in fact in the great majority of instances, the ladies of the families have been compelled to wash their own clothes, because their slaves have all deserted them; and, concurrently with the privations here specified, are scores of others inevitably connected with these, and which need not be particularized for the information of any one who knows the multifarious wants and necessities of housekeeping; and it is altogether essential for the reader to note that this is the condition of the wealthier people of the Southern States. Any one can see for himself what must therefore be the plight of the poorer classes, who necessarily form the majority of all communities.

Now, couple with this statement the notorious condition of the rebel currency—its value being about eight cents on the dollar, and every article of food, as well as everything that is the subject of sale and purchase, being exactly proportioned to that valuation—and let the most hopeful of Northern sympathizers say how far from realization is the prediction that "the rebel army and the rebel people must starve next winter," that is to say, the winter just at hand. To us the thing has the simple certainty of a mathematical proposition.

People at the North and newspapers of the North have, indeed, prophesied such a result from the beginning; but of late the prediction has grown to be an old story—something like the taking of Richmond having been reduced to a mere question of time, and the time a short time. But we can now pretty confidently affirm that, whether the starving out of the rebellion is an old story or not, it is at least a true story, and one certain to be speedily proved so.

The Incendiaries at their Work—A Church Used as a Colored School-house Destroyed.

The pliant tools of the slaveocracy have commenced their fiendish work of incendiarism in this city by an act which would mantle the face of Satan himself with the blush of shame. A month or two since the authorities, impelled by the highest motives of humanity, and a sense of duty to God and their fellow-men, established a number of schools in different quarters of the city for the education of colored children. The movement was a popular one, and they were soon filled with pupils, who were making rapid progress in the rudiments of knowledge, and our colored schools had become a fixed institution. One of them, and the largest and most important, was held in St. Luke's Church, on Hercules street, which had been the former place of worship for the congregation of Dr. Hedges, who some time ago left his flock to take care of itself, and journeyed into the land of Dixie, in company with these outspoken and honest rebels, the registered enemies. The church being vacant, the authorities thought the best use they could put it to was to turn it into a colored school-house, which they did, much to the disgust of the rebel sympathizers in the neighborhood and throughout the city, who were duly indignant that such an insult should have been offered to their nice sense of decency, propriety, and the fitness of things. The very idea of educating the negro was terrible to contemplate and horrible in the extreme. Whatever were we drifting to? and they; but still the school prospered, notwithstanding their frowns and denunciations, their ill-mannered scoffs and jeers at the teachers, and brutal attacks upon the unoffending pupils. In view of these facts, our readers will not be surprised to learn that, about two o'clock this morning, St. Luke's Church was discovered to be on fire, and that only a heap of rubbish and smouldering ashes now marks the spot where it stood. The building was entirely detached from any others, occupying the centre of a large lot, so that the fire could not have been accidental. The engine of No. 20 was the first on the ground, and the firemen found the gate to the yard, as well as the door, locked, while the fire was raging in the interior of the building so fiercely as to force them back from the door when it was burst open. The building was not a very valuable one, being an old frame, neither large nor handsome, and but for the evident causes that led to its sacrifice, the loss would be of slight importance. The books of the pupils, which seem to have all been collected in a pile near one corner of the large room by the incendiary, as the most inflammable agent to be found for carrying into effect his fiendish design, were, of course, all destroyed, and the leaves of spelling-books, readers, arithmetics, geographies and grammars, strewed the ground this morning thick as autumnal leaves in Vallambrosa. A few outhouses and one or two dwellings surrounding the church were destroyed, or more or less injured.—*New Orleans Era*.

Presentation to General D. E. Sickles.

The officers and men of the 3d army corps, desirous of testifying their appreciation of the ability and character of their commander, subscribed the sum of $5,000 to purchase a campaigning carriage and four horses, and equipments complete. The firm of Wood Brothers were selected to build this carriage, and this morning our reporter paid a visit to their repository, and was shown the vehicle. The style is that of an English "Landau," but Americanized to a large extent. It is adapted for either pleasant or stormy weather, and for convenience is unequalled in this or any other country. In fine weather the top unfolds and forms an open carriage. The driver's seat can be removed, and the carriage then forms a phaeton so that its occupant can indulge in a drive himself. Behind is affixed a seat, termed by carriage builders the "Rumble," for the accommodation of the orderlies. This seat turns up, and inside the seat are partitions so arranged that bottles can be conveyed without breaking. The body is black, while the running parts are painted with carmine and striped black, which forms a beautiful contrast. The workmanship and material is of the best quality, and reflects great credit on the builders.

The interior is beautifully arranged. The front seats are dispensed with, and in their place is a writing desk, fitted with a suite of drawers of different sizes. Also arrangements are made so that a couch can be formed. The desk is rosewood, with silk and gilt trimmings; the keys of plated silver. The back is large and roomy, and is built with a view to comfort. The trimmings are of dark blue "Cotline," which is a rich and heavy silk. The carriage is lighted at night by an ingenious contrivance, namely, a "hyperbolic reflector," placed at the window in the rear of the carriage. The cost of this beautiful turnout is $3,000. The General has seen it, and expressed himself highly pleased with the handsome gift and the beautiful appearance of the whole.

Four beautiful young black stallions have also been purchased, with a set of harness to correspond, and the other little matters necessary to complete the equipage of a gentleman, and in a few days our friends will have the pleasure of seeing the vehicle upon Central Park.—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

A Wonderful Escape from Death.

The Louisville *Journal* says:

Mr John S Beggs, a noted mail agent on the Star Grey Eagle, has furnished the New Albany (Indiana) *Ledger* with the particulars of a fearful adventure and remarkable escape from death. On Friday last, as the Star Grey Eagle, running on the Ohio river, was rounding in at Troy, Indiana, she met the Lancaster No. 4, which had just begun to drop out. The watchman on the Lancaster, just previous to her starting out, had stepped into the wheel house for the purpose of making an examination of the wheel, and was standing on one of the buckets when the boat's machinery was put in motion and the wheel commenced to turn. The watchman at once comprehended his perilous position, and, seizing hold of the bucket above him, commenced calling for help at the top of his voice. The momentum of the wheel, however, increased, and it made three revolutions with the watchman hanging to it. On the third revolution he was thrown off the wheel, and with such force that he sank into the water and floated beneath the surface some forty feet down the stream before he again came up. He came up near the Star Grey Eagle, and was rescued by her crew. Strange as it may seem, when he was taken on board it was found that he had sustained no other injury than the weakness produced by the reaction after finding himself saved from what he supposed certain death.

TWO WEDDINGS ON A RAILROAD TRAIN.—The novel performance of celebrating the nuptials of two loving couples took place on the Southwest branch of the Pacific railroad on Sunday the 15th instant. The passenger train started from Rolla at the usual hour, with the bridal parties and a host of friends on board. The polite and affable conductor, Mr Allen, who has been for a long time on the road, was in his element. After the train got under motion, the party of the first part—Mr Dabney Carter—was married to the amiable and blushing Miss Mary Donivan, all of Rolla. The ceremony was performed by Rev R. D. Gaddy, at half past ten A. M. It was mentioned as somewhat singular that this was the first time in his life that the reverend gentleman who tied the loving twain in the holy bonds of wedlock was ever on board of a railroad car. At half past eleven A. M., Mr. J. N. Donivan, Sheriff of Phelps county, and father of the young bride mentioned above, was married to Miss Mary E. Campbell, while the train was still in motion at the rate of twenty miles an hour.—*St. Louis Union, Nov. 24.*

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Daily Chronicle.

D. C. FORNEY, Publisher.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863.

We are requested to announce that from this date until the meeting of Congress the President will be unable to receive visitors, his time being fully occupied by public business.

November 18, 1863.

THE THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.

We present to the readers of The Chronicle this morning, as perfect a list of the names of the Senators and Representatives who will sit in the Thirty-eighth Congress of the United States—the first session of which begins on Monday the 7th of December—as could be arranged after considerable labor. We have studiously avoided a political classification of the two Houses. We have no desire to mark the party politics of any of the representatives of the people—whether chosen by the Legislatures of the States or by popular constituencies. And this because we are not without hope that many who have heretofore been counted among the opponents of the Government, in view of the stupendous popular triumphs of the Administration of that Government within the last year, and in view also of the unparalleled victories of the armies of the Republic, and, furthermore, in the face of the vast responsibilities which devolve upon the one, and the additional and incalculable toils and sufferings in store for the other, may conceive it to be their duty to forget all that should be forgotten of the past, and sustain the constituted authorities and the institutions of their fathers. The whole policy of Mr. Lincoln's Administration, including that of finance, and of war, and of the navy, and of foreign affairs, and of internal relations, and of the legal department, will come in issue before the incoming Congress. Inasmuch as this policy was not adjusted by the rules of party, but was developed by the necessities of a new and peculiar condition; and inasmuch as its results have been confessedly beneficial—as well upon the people who are fighting as the people who are voting—it is right that no appeal to party passions and no revival of party prejudices should be encouraged by the true friends of the general Administration. In all this, we do not mean to intimate that the known advocates of the comprehensive policy of Mr. Lincoln, composed as they are of former Whigs, former Republicans, and former Democrats, should not organize themselves and act as an organization in the election of the officers of their respective bodies. That is equally a duty to themselves and a measure of protection against the class of politicians who are coming into the new Congress, resolved to yield nothing to the credit of our public servants, and to take advantage of every opportunity to misrepresent and to embarrass them, and, in this way, to aid and strengthen the common enemy. Among those who will enter the Senate of the United States as new members of that grave council, are gentlemen who have heretofore belonged to what was once called the Democratic party; and the same may be said of a number who will take their seats for the first time in the popular branch of the National Legislature. There is no necessity of classifying such men by a party designation. They are nearly all ahead even of the Republican pioneers in this great crusade against slavery, and are willing, not simply to accept, but to approve, all Mr. Lincoln has done, and to endorse all that he may do, if suggested and executed in the sense which has inspired his great measures during the last two years and nine months. It would be a blessed beginning of the new Congress if the irresistible enthusiasm which unites the armies of the Republic, and extinguishes all party hatred upon the altar which still smokes with the blood of those who have recently fallen in strife, should animate, consolidate, and press forward the representatives of the American people in both Houses of that Congress.

All eyes are now turned towards the operations of the Army of the Potomac. The interesting report of its movements, published in yesterday's Chronicle, has created a very general impression that it is more than able to cope with the rebel army under General Lee, and there is a universal confidence in the skill, prudence, and courage of General Meade. No one breathes, for no one entertains, the shadow of a doubt that his heart is in his work, and that he is inspired with a noble determination to engage the enemy if he can induce him to give battle under circumstances affording reasonable hope of victory, and that, when he strikes, it will not be his fault if the blow is not a decisive one. The probability at present is that the rebels will make their first stand in the neighborhood of Orange Court House, or may have already made it in that locality. It would seem, at first sight, to have been some urgent necessity that induced Lee to abandon his works on the Rapidan, but we must await further intelligence before a correct decision can be formed upon this point: for, on the other hand, it may have been one of those strategic movements of which General Lee is professedly a master. We incline to a belief, however, that from some cause or other the rebel general deemed a retreat from that position a necessity; that he felt himself unable to hold it, and was unwilling to waste his forces in a futile attempt to do so. If this opinion should prove to be correct, the omen may be regarded as a hopeful one, and as indicating less numerical strength or less confidence in his forces than he has had credit for. Certainly up to the present writing all the indications are in favor of the success of this movement of the well tried Army of the Potomac.

Is it not about time that the "Copperhead" and kindred journals ceased their stereotyped wail about Abolitionism? Or do they intend to die with the lament upon their lips, that the Abolition sentiment will rule the country in spite of all their protests and their appeals in behalf of the perpetuation of human slavery? If they choose to die with such exploded and obsolete ideas disordering their intellects, we may not object to their folly. For that political dissolution is rapidly coming upon the pro-slavery party of this Republic is as certain as that the sun will set this evening. The doom of slavery is sealed, and its advocates but a few years, possibly a few months, from to-day, will be counted among the things that were. The great heart of the people has been touched to its very core with a live coal from the altar of universal human freedom; a new fire glows within it that will utterly eradicate the cold and selfish thoughts that familiarity with slavery had engendered, and, from this hour, nobler, warmer, more generous emotions take their place. The people cannot be forced back to that neutral position on the slavery question which, before the rebellion opened their eyes to the real nature and influence of the system they maintained with regard to slavery. They now more fully understand and appreciate its character and its purpose, and men who, three years ago, shrunk from being denounced as Abolitionists, now glory in the appellation. The name of the converts which this war has made to anti-slavery sentiments is Legion, and they are now too great in numbers, too powerful in influence, and too conscious of having right on their side, to be any longer ashamed of being called Abolitionists. The term is no longer one of reproach. Public opprobrium now rests upon the advocates and defenders of human bondage. The popular conviction that slavery is not only an evil of itself, but that it is the cause of the war which the South has made upon the Union, has doubtless had much to do with this great change of sentiment, and the brutalities of the pro-slavery mobs in New York city have only heightened the disgust with which the "peculiar institution" has come to be regarded. And so firmly have these and other causes implanted this aversion to slavery in the minds of the people of the free States, that they never will cease their efforts to have the last vestige of human bondage removed from a country that, but for its presence, would have this day not only been enjoying profound peace, but would have grown to a magnitude that would have overshadowed all other nations of the world.

List of Senators and Representatives in the Thirty-eighth Congress of the United States.

The following prepared list of Senators and Representatives in the Thirty-eighth Congress of the United States, with their home post offices attached, will be found worthy of preservation. It is made up from the official records, thus far completed, in the Senate and the House.

SENATORS.

MAINE.
William P. Fessenden .... Portland.
Lot M. Morrill .... Augusta.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Daniel Clark .... Manchester.
John P. Hale .... Dover.

VERMONT.
Jacob Collamer .... Woodstock.
Solomon Foot .... Rutland.

MASSACHUSETTS.
Henry Wilson .... Natick.
Charles Sumner .... Boston.

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon .... Hartford.
Lafayette S. Foster .... Norwich.

RHODE ISLAND.
Henry B. Anthony .... Providence.
William Sprague .... Providence.

NEW YORK.
Ira Harris .... Albany.
Edwin D. Morgan .... New York.

PENNSYLVANIA.
Edgar Cowan .... Greensburg.
Charles R. Buckalew .... Bloomsburg.

NEW JERSEY.
William Wright .... Newark.
John C. Ten Eyck .... Mount Holly.

DELAWARE.
James A. Bayard .... Wilmington.
Willard Saulsbury .... Georgetown.

MARYLAND.
Thomas H. Hicks .... Annapolis.
Reverdy Johnson .... Baltimore.

VIRGINIA.
John S. Carlile .... Wheeling.
Lemuel J. Bowden .... Portsmouth.

WEST VIRGINIA.
Waitman T. Willey .... Morgantown.
—— Van Winkle ....

OHIO.
John Sherman .... Mansfield.
Benjamin F. Wade .... Jefferson.

KENTUCKY.
Garrett Davis .... Paris.
Lazarus W. Powell .... Henderson.

INDIANA.
Thos. A. Hendricks .... Indianapolis.
Henry S. Lane .... Crawfordsville.

ILLINOIS.
Lyman Trumbull .... Chicago.
William A. Richardson .... Quincy.

MISSOURI.
B. Gratz Brown .... St. Louis.
John B. Henderson .... Louisiana, Pike Co.

MICHIGAN.
Zachariah Chandler .... Detroit.
Jacob M. Howard .... Detroit.

IOWA.
James Harlan .... Mt. Pleasant.
James W. Grimes .... Burlington.

WISCONSIN.
Timothy O. Howe .... Green Bay.
James R. Doolittle .... Racine.

MINNESOTA.
Alexander Ramsey .... St. Paul.
Morton S. Wilkinson .... Mankato.

KANSAS.
Samuel C. Pomeroy .... Atchison.
James H. Lane .... Lawrence.

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness .... Georgetown, Cal.
James A. McDougall .... San Francisco.

OREGON.
Benjamin F. Harding .... Portland.
James W. Nesmith .... Salem.

REPRESENTATIVES.

MAINE.
District. .... Post Office.
1. Lorenzo D. Sweat .... Portland.
2. Sidney Perham .... Paris.
3. James G. Blaine .... Augusta.
4. John H. Rice .... Foxcroft.
5. Frederick A. Pike .... Calais.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
1. Daniel Marcy .... Portsmouth.
2. Edward H. Rollins .... Concord.
3. James W. Patterson .... Hanover.

VERMONT.
1. Frederick E. Woodbridge .... Vergennes.
2. Justin S. Morrill .... Strafford.
3. Portus Baxter .... Derby Line.

MASSACHUSETTS.
1. Thomas D. Eliot .... New Bedford.
2. Oakes Ames .... North Easton.
3. Alexander H. Rice .... Boston.
4. Samuel Hooper .... Boston.
5. John B. Alley .... Lynn.
6. Daniel W. Gooch .... Melrose.
7. George S. Boutwell .... Groton.
8. John D. Baldwin .... Greenfield.
10. Henry L. Dawes .... North Adams.

RHODE ISLAND.
1. Thomas A. Jenckes .... Providence.
2. Nathan F. Dixon .... Westerly.

CONNECTICUT.
1. Henry C. Deming .... Hartford.
2. James E. English .... New Haven.
3. Augustus Brandegee .... New London.
4. John H. Hubbard .... Litchfield.

NEW YORK.
1. Henry G. Stebbins .... Staten Island.
2. Martin Kalbfleisch .... Brooklyn.
3. Moses F. Odell .... Brooklyn.
4. Benjamin Wood .... New York.
5. Fernando Wood .... New York.
6. Elijah Ward .... New York.
7. John W. Chanler .... New York.
8. James Brooks .... New York.
9. Anson Herrick .... New York.
10. William Radford .... Yonkers.
11. Charles H. Winfield .... Goshen.
12. Homer A. Nelson .... Poughkeepsie.
13. John B. Steele .... Kingston.
14. John V. L. Pruyn .... Albany.
15. John A. Griswold .... Troy.
16. Orlando Kellogg .... Elizabethtown.
17. Calvin T. Hulburd .... Brasher Falls.
18. James M. Marvin .... Saratoga Springs.
19. Samuel F. Miller .... Franklin.
20. Ambrose W. Clark .... Watertown.
21. Francis Kernan .... Utica.
22. Dewitt C. Littlejohn .... Oswego.
23. Thomas T. Davis .... Syracuse.
24. Theodore M. Pomeroy .... Auburn.
25. Daniel Morris .... Penn Yan.
26. Giles W. Hotchkiss .... Binghamton.
27. Robert B. Van Valkenburg .... Bath.
28. Freeman Clarke .... Rochester.
29. Augustus Frank .... Warsaw.
30. John B. Ganson .... Buffalo.
31. Reuben E. Fenton .... Frewsburg.

NEW JERSEY.
1. John F. Starr .... Camden.
2. George Middleton .... Allentown.
3. William G. Steele .... Summerville.
4. Andrew J. Rogers .... Newton.
5. Nehemiah Perry .... Newark.

PENNSYLVANIA.
1. Samuel J. Randall .... Philadelphia.
2. Charles O'Neill .... Philadelphia.
3. Leonard Myers .... Philadelphia.
4. William D. Kelley .... Philadelphia.
5. M. Russell Thayer .... Chestnut Hill.
6. John D. Stiles .... Allentown.
7. John M. Broomall .... Chester.
8. Sydenham E. Ancona .... Reading.
9. Thaddeus Stevens .... Lancaster.
10. Myer Strouse .... Pottsville.
11. Philip Johnson .... Easton.
12. Charles Dennison .... Wilkesbarre.
13. H. M. Tracy .... Standing Stone.
14. William H. Miller .... Harrisburg.
15. Joseph Bailey .... Newport.
16. A. H. Coffroth .... Somerset.
17. Archibald McAllister .... Springfield Fur.
18. James T. Hale .... Bellefonte.
19. Glenni W. Scofield .... Warren.
20. Amos Myers .... Clarion.
21. John L. Dawson .... Brownsville.
22. James K. Moorhead .... Pittsburg.
23. Thomas Williams .... Pittsburg.
24. Jesse Lazear .... Waynesburg.

DELAWARE.
1. Nathaniel B. Smithers .... Dover.

MARYLAND.
1. J. A. J. Creswell .... Elkton.
2. Edwin H. Webster .... Belair.
3. Henry Winter Davis .... Baltimore.
4. Francis Thomas .... Frankville.
5. Benjamin G. Harris .... Leonardtown.

VIRGINIA.
1. L. H. Chandler .... Norfolk.
2. Joseph Segar .... Fortress Monroe.
7. Benjamin M. Kitchen .... Martinsburg.

OHIO.
1. George H. Pendleton .... Cincinnati.
2. Alexander Long .... Cincinnati.
3. Robert C. Schenck .... Dayton.
4. J. F. McKinney .... Piqua.
5. Frank C. Le Blond .... Celina.
6. Chilton A. White .... Georgetown.
7. Samuel S. Cox .... Columbus.
8. William Johnson .... Mansfield.
9. Warren P. Noble .... Tiffin.
10. James M. Ashley .... Toledo.
11. Wells A. Hutchins .... Portsmouth.
12. William E. Finck .... Somerset.
13. John O'Neill .... Zanesville.
14. George Bliss .... Wooster.
15. James R. Morris .... Woodsfield.
16. Joseph W. White .... Cambridge.
17. Ephraim R. Eckley .... Carrollton.
18. Rufus P. Spaulding .... Cleveland.
19. James A. Garfield .... Hiram.

KENTUCKY.
1. Lucien Anderson .... Mayfield.
2. George H. Yeaman .... Owensboro.
3. Henry Grider .... Bowling Green.
4. Aaron Harding .... Greensburg.
5. Robert Mallory .... La Grange.
6. G. Clay Smith .... Covington.
7. Brutus J. Clay .... Lexington.
8. William H. Randall ....
9. William H. Wadsworth .... Maysville.

INDIANA.
1. John Law .... Evansville.
2. James A. Cravens .... Hardingsburg.
3. Henry W. Harrington .... Madison.
4. William S. Holman .... Aurora.
5. George W. Julian .... Centreville.
6. Ebenezer Dumont .... Indianapolis.
7. Daniel W. Voorhees .... Terre Haute.
8. Godlove S. Orth .... La Fayette.
9. Schuyler Colfax .... South Bend.
10. Joseph K. Edgerton .... Fort Wayne.
11. James F. McDowell .... Marion.

ILLINOIS.
1. Isaac N. Arnold .... Chicago.
2. John F. Farnsworth .... St. Charles.
3. Elihu B. Washburne .... Galena.
4. Charles M. Harris .... Oquawka.
5. Owen Lovejoy .... Princeton.
6. Jesse O. Norton .... Joliet.
7. John R. Eden .... Sullivan.
8. John T. Stuart .... Springfield.
9. Lewis W. Ross .... Canton.
10. Anthony L. Knapp .... Jerseyville.
11. James C. Robinson .... Marshall.
12. William R. Morrison .... Waterloo.
13. William J. Allen .... Marion.
James C. Allen (at large) .... Palestine.

MISSOURI.
1. Francis P. Blair, Jr. .... St. Louis.
2. Henry T. Blow .... Carondelet.
3. John G. Scott .... Irondale.
4. John W. McClurg .... Linn Creek.
5. S. H. Boyd .... Springfield.
6. Austin A. King .... Richmond.
7. Benjamin Loan .... St. Joseph.
8. Wm. A. Hall .... Huntsville.
9. James S. Rollins .... Columbia.

MICHIGAN.
1. Fernando C. Beaman .... Adrian.
2. Charles Upson .... Coldwater.
3. John W. Longyear .... Lansing.
4. Francis W. Kellogg .... Grand Rapids.
5. Augustus C. Baldwin .... Pontiac.
6. John F. Driggs .... East Saginaw.

IOWA.
1. James F. Wilson .... Fairfield.
2. Hiram Price .... Davenport.
3. Wm. B. Allison .... Dubuque.
4. J. B. Grinnell .... Grinnell.
5. John A. Kasson .... Des Moines.
6. A. W. Hubbard .... Sioux City.

WISCONSIN.
1. James S. Brown .... Milwaukee.
2. Ithamar C. Sloan .... Janesville.
3. Amasa Cobb .... Mineral Point.
4. Charles A. Eldridge .... Fond du Lac.
5. Ezra Wheeler .... Berlin.
6. W. D. McIndoe .... Wausau.

CALIFORNIA.
(Elected at large.)
Thomas B. Shannon .... Plumas.
William Higby .... Calaveras.
Cornelius Cole .... Santa Cruz.

MINNESOTA.
1. William Windom .... Winona.
2. Ignatius L. Donnelly .... Nininger.

OREGON.
J. B. McBride .... La Fayette.

KANSAS.
A. C. Wilder .... Leavenworth.

WEST VIRGINIA.
William G. Brown .... Kingwood.
Jacob B. Blair .... Parkersburg.
Kellian V. Whaley .... Point Pleasant.

DELEGATES.

NEW MEXICO.
F. Perea .... Santa Fe.

UTAH.
John F. Kinney .... Salt Lake City.

WASHINGTON.
George E. Cole ....

NEBRASKA.
Samuel G. Daily .... Peru.

COLORADO.
Hiram P. Bennett .... Denver.

IDAHO.
William H. Wallace ....

Senators and Representatives now in Washington.

SENATORS.

Conness	Cal	Willard's Hotel.
McDougall	Cal	F street, near 13th.
Ramsey	Minn	National Hotel.
Sherman	Ohio.	
Wilkinson	Minn	National Hotel.

REPRESENTATIVES.

Arnold	Ill.	
Alley	Mass.	
Boyd	Mo.	
Colfax	Ind	National Hotel.
Cole	Cal.	
Donnelly	Minn	National Hotel.
Fenton	N. Y.	National Hotel.
Higbee	Cal.	Avenue House.
Hubbard	Iowa	Metropolitan Hotel.
Kasson	Iowa	251 F street.
Kellogg	N. Y.	Washington House.
Longyear	Mich	244 D street.
M'Clurg	Mo	267 G street.
Orth	Ind	417 Thirteenth street.
Price	Iowa	National Hotel.
Stevens	Pa.	279 South B street.
Shannon	Cal	Avenue House.
Washburne	Ill	Willard's Hotel.

[Senators and Members will please report their names and residences at the office of The Daily Morning Chronicle.]

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

The People's, Late Washington, Theatre.—This is the opening night, on which occasion three brilliant stars appear, viz: M'lle Johanna Claussen, Miss Annie Ward, and Miss Fannie Brown. In addition the wonderful Arabs will give some of their best performances. We look for an immense audience to-night.

Ford's New Theatre.—The "Invisible Prince" and "Green Bushes" are the attractions at Ford's this evening, the Webb Sisters and Mr. Harry Pearson being the artists on the occasion. Both are excellent pieces, and with such good acting, must delight and amuse all who attend.

Grover's Theatre.—Washington has seldom witnessed a larger or more gratified audience than was assembled at Grover's last evening. The Ravel-Martinetti troupe and Marzetti family never appeared to better advantage, and never elicited heartier applause. It was a succession of triumphs from beginning to end. Every performance was truly admirable. We were right in anticipating for this troupe the same overflowing audiences which have attended their exhibitions elsewhere.

Attempt to Assassinate General McNeil.—A dispatch to the Missouri *Democrat* says that a daring but unsuccessful attempt to assassinate General McNeil was made at Fort Smith, Arkansas, on the night of the 23d instant. He was returning, unattended, to his quarters from a social party given by a citizen; while upon the street, three shots were fired at him from a revolver. He turned upon the assassin, who fled, and has not yet been discovered.

Post Office Delinquencies.

[For the Daily Morning Chronicle.]

Messrs. Editors: We notice with pleasure your allusion to the delinquency in the mail arrangements between this city and Philadelphia, and wish to call the attention of the General Post Office to the mail arrangements coming this way from Philadelphia. While we receive our New York mail regularly by the first morning train, the Philadelphia mail, about one-half of the time, comes by the second train, and is not distributed till about 11 A. M. We often ship goods by express on the midnight train from Philadelphia, which reach us several hours in advance of the mail containing the bills of said goods. This is very annoying, as many times it is necessary to have the bills in order to know what price to fix upon the goods. Surely there can be no reason why letters deposited in the Philadelphia Post Office up to 9 o'clock in the evening should not be sent off in the midnight train. The New York city mail reaches us about four hours earlier than that from Philadelphia. We hope the Post Office Department will see to it, that the business community suffer no longer from this neglect, and that we have a mail regular from Philadelphia by the first morning train.

Casualties in Tennessee.

Chattanooga, November 29.—The loss in Sherman's column was quite heavy. It will probably exceed 1,000, divided among a few regiments. Lists of killed and wounded can't be sent by telegraph. It is reported that the major of the 73d Pennsylvania is captured; the colonel is killed and the major severely wounded.

Major W. S. Marshall, of the 5th Iowa, with the color company K, and parts of company A, on the right and left, were captured. Lieutenant Colonel Archer, of the 17th Iowa, is wounded and a prisoner. Captain Pickerel, of the 5th Iowa, is a prisoner, and the adjutant of that regiment wounded and a prisoner. Colonel O'Mara, of the 9th Illinois, is not dead, but mortally wounded through the kidneys. Lieutenant Colonel Stuart, of the 9th Illinois, may possibly survive.

Colonel Wiley, of the 41st Ohio, lost a leg; Colonel Moore, of the 69th Ohio, had a narrow escape; Colonel Opdyke, of the 125th Ohio, whose regiment was named the "Ohio Tigers" by General Wood, had two horses shot; Lieutenant Colonel Glass, 32d Indiana, died to-day, in the hospital.

A special dispatch says our losses in killed and wounded on the 23d, 24th, and 25th instants, at the storming of Lookout Mountain, were 3,000, and in the assault on Missionary Ridge about 200.

Our wounded are all under cover and well cared for, the hospital and all other supplies being abundant.

The Annamite ambassadors are preparing to proceed to Spain, being also accredited to the Court of Madrid.

LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE CHRONICLE.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

No More Fighting.

OUR TROOPS HOLD THE SURROUNDING COUNTRY.

Our Loss Not More than Four Thousand

THE ENEMY'S LOSS SIX THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED.

Chattanooga, November 30.—There has been no fighting in Northern Georgia for the past two days. Our troops hold the country as far as Ringgold and Cleveland. The enemy is below Tunnel Hill. The campaign has probably ended.

There is no news from Burnside at headquarters.

The siege of Knoxville is no doubt raised before now, and the rebel forces in East Tennessee can escape only by miracle or miraculous fighting.

The results of the recent fighting are six thousand two hundred prisoners, forty-eight pieces of artillery, seven thousand stand of arms and stores. Our casualties will not exceed four thousand.

MORGAN'S ESCAPE.

Full Particulars Concerning It

NO CLUE YET TO HIS WHEREABOUTS.

Measures Taken to Recapture Him.

NAMES OF HIS CONFEDERATES

Philadelphia, November 30.—A special dispatch to the *Evening Bulletin*, dated Cincinnati, November 30th, says:

The officers who escaped from the penitentiary at Columbus with Morgan were Captains Bennett, Taylor, Sheldon, Hines, Hacker, Smith, and Magee. John H. Morgan, on retiring, changed with his brother Dick from the top cell to the lower of the tier floor, which is two and a-half inches thick, in which a hole was cut running to the main wall around the penitentiary. This wall was cut under and the party escaped into the open country. The night was dark and a heavy rain falling. Not the slightest clue has been discovered of their whereabouts or the route they have taken.

The Governor has telegraphed to all the military committees of the State to arouse their several counties, and Col. Parrot, Provost Marshal General of the State, has notified every Provost Marshal within his jurisdiction to scour their several districts thoroughly. The most plausible theory mentioned is, that they escaped in time to take the Cincinnati train, via. Dayton, which started from Columbus at two A. M. on Friday night.

That their escape was connived at by sympathizers there is little doubt. The manner of escape was ingenious, but, after all, simple enough, based upon the almost certain theory that they were informed as to the ground they had to work through. They, by patient labor, for nearly four weeks, and by means of small pocket-knives, dug through the floors of their cells, which were composed of about one foot of stone and brick, down into a four foot sewer.

Two weeks ago, one of the escaped prisoners asked the guard for a few boards to cover the bottom of the cells, giving as an excuse that the damp stone was injuring their health; but the real use of the boards was to cover up the holes they were cutting. On the night of their final escape, on retiring to their several cells, Dick Morgan managed to change with his brother John from the lower to the upper tier. After getting into the sewer, they crawled to the heavy grating and masonry at its mouth, and found they could not escape by that; they, however, made a hole upward to a heavy pile of coal, which rolled on them to such an extent that they were compelled to work further back into the yard. They there excavated the soft earth clear under the main wall, and so correctly was the distance calculated that they came out into the open road, one foot from the foundation.

One of the party, Captain Hines, was by trade a bricklayer, and it seems he had the management of the whole affair. A note, signed by that worthy, written in a fine commercial hand, was left behind, as follows:

Castle Merrion, Cell No. 20, Nov. 27th, 1863.
To Captain Merion, Warden of the Penitentiary:
November 4, 1863, commencement; November 20, conclusion; number of hours per day's labor, three; tools, two small knives. "*La patience, est amère, mais son fruit est doux*." Patience is bitter, but its fruit is sweet. By order of my six honorable Confederates.
Henry Hines, C. S. A.

Public opinion is divided as to where the blame rests. It is proper to state, however, that for the last two weeks several of the most prominent Copperheads in the State have been putting up at the principal hotels, laying their heads together without any visible reason therefor.

Later.

MORGAN SAFE IN CANADA!

Toronto, Canada West, November 30.—The notorious John H. Morgan arrived here by the Great Western railway to-day.

Arrangement for Feeding our Prisoners at Richmond.

Baltimore, November 30.—The Baltimore *American* says: We have opened a correspondence with Commissioner Ould which may probably lead to the establishment of some systematic arrangement for the care and sustenance of our unfortunate prisoners until such time as a change may be effected. With the conviction that there is neither a sufficiency of food at Richmond for the people or the prisoners, we have made a proposition to visit Richmond in our private capacity, with a view to aid in the establishment of some mutual plan for the care of our prisoners, at least so far as their food and clothing are concerned. That abundance of supplies will be forwarded from Baltimore and the loyal States for this purpose, provided there is a certainty that they will reach their destination, there can be no manner of doubt. All that is required is that there be some medium of communication between the donors and the recipients of their contributions. To supply this much needed medium, we have volunteered to undertake this by no means desirable mission; and, if the Richmond authorities accept the proposition, it will be seen by the following dispatch from the Secretary of War that the sanction of our Government has been already obtained:

War Department, November 30, 1863.
To Mr. C. C. Fulton:
You are authorized to go to Richmond as a private citizen, to look after the provisions sent to our prisoners, and to do what you can to alleviate their sufferings. The Government makes no objection to your doing so. You may proceed to Fortress Monroe and thence to City Point by the flag-of-truce boat.
Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War.

Arrests in Cairo.

Cairo, November 30.—A number of Israelites have been arrested at Memphis, as participants in recent frauds on the Revenue Department. Their property has been seized and themselves imprisoned. Sixty thousand "greenbacks" have been taken from one of the smugglers.

The Memphis *Bulletin*, of the 28th, says: Cotton is dull. Sales of 330 bales at 45a72. The Memphis and Charleston Railroad is in fine running order to Corinth.

Starved to Death.

New York, November 30.—The facts obtained to-day at an inquest on the body of an emigrant child show that it came to its death from want of food on board the ship Cynosure. Twenty-six other persons also died on the passage, from, as alleged, the same cause. At the same time evidence is given that the steward of the ship had provisions to sell to such of the emigrants as could pay.

From Hilton Head

New York, November 30.—The steamer America, from Hilton Head on the 25th, and Stono Inlet at eight o'clock on the evening of the 26th, has arrived with Government dispatches and a detachment of the Sixth regulars.

The St. Louis Market.

St. Louis, November 30.—Cotton is flat—no sales. The receipts of the week were sixteen hundred bales. Flour is dull. The holders are asking higher prices. Wheat still—1.30 a 1.35; prime 1.35 a 1.38. Choice corn higher, 1.15 a 1.20. Oats advancing, 92.

Steamer Chased by a Rebel Propeller

New York, November 30.—A British brig from Jacmel reports, November 18th, to Crooked Island Passage, she saw a rebel propeller bark chasing an American sidewheel steamer. The latter was seven miles ahead, and had an eagle on her wheel-house.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Arrival of the Great Eastern

THE ALEXANDRA BEFORE THE COURTS.

The European Congress.

St. John's, November 30.—The steamship Scotia from Liverpool on the 21st, has arrived off Cape Race.

The steamship Great Eastern has been advertised for sale at auction on the 11th of January by order of the mortgagees.

The *Times* says America is rapidly settling into a normal state of war, and an early peace looks hopeless.

The arguments in the Alexandra case are still progressing. The Attorney General concluded his argument in favor of a new trial on the 20th with a warm eulogium upon the decisions in American courts, calling them an honor to jurisprudence in that country.

The English answer to Napoleon's proposed Congress question has been delivered.

It does not announce an unqualified acceptance, but seeks for information as to the precise points proposed for discussion; and further communication between the two Governments may be expected.

The Papal Government assent, and the Prussian reply is expected on the 21st inst.

It is believed the principal replies will all seek for information as to the programme.

It is vaguely rumored that Napoleon III. invited the King of Belgium to draw up the programme.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Times* asserts the belief that the proposed meeting of such a congress loses ground daily.

Liverpool breadstuffs firm. Provisions heavy. Consols 93¼@93⅜.

Sympathizers Sent South.

Baltimore, November 30.—Ex-Governor Thomas G. Pratt and Colonel Nicholson, of Annapolis, were to-day sent South via Fortress Monroe, by order of General Schenck.

The weather here has been quite cold to-day, but is now moderating.

Casualties in the Army of the Potomac.

[Correspondence of the New York Times.]

Robertson's Tavern, Nov. 28.

Annexed is as full a list of the killed and wounded as I have been able to obtain:

Jacob Lemon, 8th Ohio, killed.
Daniel Leggett, 7th Virginia, killed.
David Dill, company C, 3d Penna. cavalry, killed.

SECOND DIVISION.

George Elerme, company I, 73d, wounded, left hand.
Corporal M. T. B. Farrince, company I, right leg.
H. Brinoltzholz, company H, left arm.
Thos. Duren, company B, 10th Penna., shoulder.
John McDonald, company D, 15th Massachusetts, hand and hip.
Corporal Thos. Kelly, company D, 69th Pennsylvania, flesh wound, side.
Sergeant John Gregg, company F, 69th Pennsylvania, shoulder.
Patrick M. Williams, company K, 19th Massachusetts, finger.
James Ballon, company D, 72d Penna., thigh.
D. Newberg, adjutant 15th Massachusetts, fracture of lower jaw.
B. F. Whitecombe, company E, 106th Pennsylvania.
G. Hawley, company I, 15th Massachusetts, middle forearm.
A. Steer, company H, 52d New York, right arm.
A. N. Potter, 15th Massachusetts, arm.
J. Bowers, company B, 7th Michigan, finger amputated.
J. Riley, company D, 82d New York, finger.
N. H. Burn, company D, 72d Pennsylvania, arm.
W. S. Hazzard, company H, 72d Pennsylvania.
George A. Baker, company F, 72d Pennsylvania, legs.
James Marsh, company B, 20th Massachusetts, thigh.
James E. Sheppard, 15th Massachusetts, shoulder.
Samuel Follis, company F, 72d Pennsylvania, dead.
H. Marsh, company E, 7th Michigan, ankle.
A. Rowe, company B, 69th Pennsylvania, neck.
Lieut. J. J. Taggart, company E, 69th Pennsylvania, left wrist.
J. J. Gallagher, 69th Pennsylvania, leg.
J. H. Boyd, company F, 15th Massachusetts, hand.
Captain L. H. Ellenwood, 15th Massachusetts, hand.

THIRD DIVISION, SECOND CORPS.

D. Phillips, 7th Virginia—thigh.
T. J. Holloway, 7th Virginia.
S. Gates, company C, 7th Virginia—side.
L. Victor, company A, 7th Virginia—leg.
I. Singer, company C, 7th Virginia—leg.
Corporal J. Simms, company B, 4th Ohio—leg.
G. N. Parks, company B, 4th Ohio—side.
J. Wheeler, company A, 7th Virginia—chest.
George W. Crow, company B, 7th Virginia—leg.
Captain H. Owens, company E, 8th Ohio.
J. Lemon, 8th Ohio—killed.
S. Gorble, company F, 8th Ohio—thigh.
A. Young, Captain company C, 8th Ohio.
T. P. Kelly, Corporal, company B, 8th Ohio—knee.
S. Gregg, company A, 8th Virginia—hand.
B. F. Smith, company B, 7th Virginia—hand.
N. Nicholson, company B, 2d Virginia—arm.
W. Addison, company A, 2d Virginia—foot.
N. Blanchard, Sergt. company B, 8th Ohio—arm.
R. H. Strickland, Sergt.-Maj. 7th Virginia—ankle.
G. W. Bewiramel, 1st Lieut. company F, 14th Indiana—abdomen.
D. Leggett, company C, 7th Virginia.
George W. Adlipp, company B, 7th Virginia—arm.
G. W. Brown, 2d United States—chest.
Joseph Stafford, company D, 7th Virginia—elbow.
Enos Winans, company C, 7th Virginia—face.
M. F. Haup, company E, 7th Virginia—arm.
J. W. Nowland, company I, 8th Ohio—shoulder.
P. Casbover, company B, 8th Ohio—shoulder.
W. M. Marlin, company F, 4th Ohio.
Samuel Hall, company A, 7th Virginia—head.
H. Stonebreaker, company B, 7th Virginia.
A. Blake, company F, 135th New York.

The railroad between the Rapidan and the Rappahannock is being destroyed by our forces, and the iron sent to Alexandria. Up to this morning the rails were removed to within half a mile south of Rappahannock Station.

The War in the Southwest.

Cairo, November 29.—Frauds upon the Revenue Department to a large amount have been recently discovered at this port, and several of the parties implicated have been arrested, among whom is Major Dwyer, the chief clerk of one of the principal shipping houses here, and a leading operator of the gang of smugglers; it is supposed that one of the guilty parties left here last Sunday and has not been heard from since; the loss to the Government is already reported to be $200,000.

Rumors at Paducah state that General Roddy, with 400 to 600 rebels, made his appearance recently on the Tennessee river below Eastport.

There was great excitement at Columbus, Kentucky, yesterday, owing to General Smith enforcing General Hurlbut's conscription order. There has been a large number of arrests for military purposes.

The steamer Nellie Moore, bound for Nashville with Government stores, sunk on Friday in the Ohio river, just below Smithland.

It is reported by an officer who came down last evening that guerrillas are very thick in the vicinity of Maysville, Kentucky; also, at Eastport, Tennessee. The steamer Spread Eagle landed a lot of horses and mules at Eastport on the 21st. On the same night sixty of them were taken by guerrillas.

The Spread Eagle was fired into three times on the passage down the Tennessee, but no one was hurt. Guerrillas were seen in large numbers all the way down. Twenty bales of cotton were set on fire above Maysville and floated down the river.

Nearly every boat was fired upon, on the Tennessee, that has passed within the last four days. The Spread Eagle came down on the 23d; a gunboat was then shelling the guerrillas from off Eastport.

A steamer from Natchez, bound for New Orleans, and laden with 3,600 bales of cotton, was entirely consumed by fire at Port Hudson last week.

On the 25th cotton was in better demand at Memphis than it has been for several days, and factors were holding the higher grades for better prices. Over 4,000 bales were sold at prices ranging from 55 to 75 cents.

A cargo of 700 bales of cotton passed Cairo yesterday en route for Cincinnati.

A Suit against the Government for Two Millions of Dollars.

We learn that Mr. Milton Whitney, of Baltimore, is here investigating a claim for two millions of dollars made against the Government by certain persons in this city. The claim grows out of an alleged contract made by Postmaster General Hubbard, in 1853, and certain other persons, for the benefit of the Mexican Ocean Mail and Transit Company, for the carrying of the mails between New Orleans and San Francisco, through Mexico, by way of Vera Cruz and Acapulco. It is alleged that the company equipped the overland route and made provisions for transporting the mails, when Postmaster General Campbell abrogated the contract; and this claim of two millions is made for damages sustained in consequence. The claim has been before Comptrollers Medill, Whitney, and Taylor, and both Houses of Congress, and other departments of Government, having been made the subject of controversy for the last ten years. Reverdy Johnson and William Curtis Noyes have appeared as counsel for the claimants, and Milton Whitney, of Baltimore, has been retained by the Government to protect its interest. Mr. Whitney has been here during the week, taking testimony which, it is understood, will take a considerable time.—*New York Post.*

Stealing Horses.—The stable of Mr. Williamson, on Eighth street, was broken into yesterday morning, and two horses carried off. One was a roan colt and the other a bay horse. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of the animals.

Return of Secretary Stanton.—Our honorable Secretary of War has returned from his recent visit to his home, at Steubenville, Ohio, and is again at his official post. The reception given him at all points on the route was of the most enthusiastic character.

In some parts of Germany it is contrary to law for mothers to sleep with their infants until they are two years old, because so many of the latter are suffocated by the practice.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

Amusements this Evening.

Grover's Theatre, Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel.—"La Sylphide," and "Dequignion."

The first appearance of the celebrated Ravel-Martinetti and Marzetti Troupe was one of the most brilliant affairs of the kind that our recollection covers. The crowded and select audience present was delighted by the finest performance that has ever, without exception, been given in this city. A portion of last evening's performance will be repeated to-night. "Dequignion" will be presented in addition; the programme bringing into requisition the artistic talent of all the great stars of the troupe, including Julian, Paul, Philippe, Velarde, Mme Marzetti, M'lle Desiree, Mesdames Martinetti, and M'lle Zanfretta in their several inimitable roles.

The People's Theatre, Eleventh street, near Pennsylvania avenue. Tuesday, "Swiss Cottage," "Bob Nettles," and "The Irish Good-for-Nothing."

The old Washington Theatre, under its new name, will open to-night with a bill of attraction that should, as it no doubt will, attract a crowded and fashionable audience. The Bedouin Arabs, M'lle Johanna Claussen, the celebrated Swiss Soubrette, and Miss Fannie Brown, the beautiful American Soubrette; and a full dramatic company will appear.

Ford's New Theatre, Tenth street, near E.—"Invisible Prince" and "Green Bushes."

Ford's Theatre this evening will present an unusual amount of novelty. The Webb Sisters, Mr. Harry Pearson, Mr. C. B. Bishop, all great favorites with the Washington public, appear in the beautiful play entitled "The Invisible Prince," and "Green Bushes." We have but one word of advice to our readers, which is, that the earlier seats are secured the better.

Canterbury Hall, Louisiana avenue, near Sixth street.—"Coin Forgers; or, the Robber's Wife." Singing, Dancing, &c.

Washington Varieties, Ninth street, near Pennsylvania avenue.—"Fanny's Frolics," Pantomimes, Ballets, &c.

Proceedings of Councils.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

This branch of the City Councils held its regular meeting last night at the City Hall.

The following communications were received from the Mayor:

Mayor's Office, November 30, 1863.
To the Board of Aldermen:
Gentlemen: I approve this day "An act to increase the salary of the Inspector and Tapper of water mains." Also, "An act for cleaning and repairing two branch sewers in the Second ward." Also, "An act for the relief of A. P. Cultinamo." Also, "An act authorizing the grading and gravelling of C street south, between Ninth and Tenth streets west." Also, "An act authorizing the Mayor to have water and gas conveyed to the Washington City Asylum." Also, "An act for the relief of E. Romaine."
Very respectfully,
RICHARD WALLACH, Mayor.

Mayor's Office, November 30, 1863.
To the Board of Aldermen and Common Council:
I would respectfully advise your Boards that the act of November 23, 1863, entitled "An act authorizing the Mayor to contract for fire plugs," has been executed, and that it only remains to select a proper position and place for them, when required. I would respectfully suggest the propriety of making an appropriation for that purpose, and that the positions where to be placed be fixed and determined by the Water Registrar and Chief Engineer.
RICHARD WALLACH, Mayor.

Referred to the Committee on Sewers, &c.

Mr. Brown presented a memorial from Mrs. P. Dole and others, asking permission to erect a temporary building at the junction of Louisiana avenue and Seventh street, for the purpose of holding a fair, the proceeds to be appropriated to the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers in this city.

Mr. Brown offered a resolution that the petition be granted. At Chicago some time since a fair, held for a similar purpose, had realized some fifteen or twenty thousand dollars. In this case Dr. Bellows thought that the sum raised from such an enterprise might even exceed that sum. Mrs. Lincoln and the wives of many officers of the Cabinet were interested in the movement, and in consequence of the humane objects of the memorial he urged the immediate passage of the resolution.

The resolution was passed with an amendment, offered by Mr. Lloyd, "provided that a majority of persons residing in the city do not object."

Mr. Turton, from the Committee on Drainage, &c., reported back the following bills from Common Council, and asked their adoption: One authorizing the Registrar of Water to purchase certain pipes; and also, one for the relief of Francis Fromell, with reference to supplying his brewery with water.

The same gentleman reported a bill from the committee on Improvements for the relief of Thomas B. Morgan and George Lowry, for the building of bridge over Rock creek.

All these bills were passed.

Mr. Lewis was appointed a committee to act with a similar committee from Common Council, to superintend the building of wharves.

Bills from Common Council being in order, one was presented from that body, accompanied by a letter from the Mayor, announcing that he had received information from the Secretary of the Interior that the water from the Potomac would be turned into the Washington aqueduct on Saturday afternoon, and inviting the two Boards to attend in a body upon that occasion, was read by the President. The bill recommended the appointment of a committee of three members of the Board of Aldermen, to act in conjunction with the Mayor and a similar committee from the other body. The bill was adopted, and Messrs. Turton, Brown, and Sargent were appointed a committee.

The bill in reference to the vaulting of the city was then called up by Mr. Pepper, and after a number of amendments, was passed.

A bill from Common Council, to provide for making a numerical book, was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Gulick offered a bill making an appropriation for the laying of a gravel footway in the First ward. Approved.

Also, one for the relief of Robert Ballis. Approved.

Also, one for the relief of Michael O'Brien. Approved.

Mr. Pepper presented a bill for the relief of William Fletcher, which was recommitted to the Committee on Improvements.

Also, one providing for the erection of a wooden bridge in the Second ward. Passed.

Mr. Gulick, from the Joint committee of Councils, reported that the committee had destroyed $8,740 of the corporation of Washington.

Mr. Lloyd, from the Committee on Finance, reported a joint resolution that the two Boards use all their influence with the members of Congress to get refunded to the Corporation the appropriation made for increasing the pay of the Metropolitan Police, and also to induce Congress to increase the pay of the said police. Passed.

A number of minor bills were passed, after which the Board adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The Board assembled last evening at 7½ o'clock, J. Russell Barr, Esq., in the chair—a quorum of members present.

The following communications were received from the Mayor:

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE MAYOR.

The monthly report of the Chief of the Fire Department was presented.

An act to take up and relay the gutter at the intersection of M street south and New Jersey avenue.

An act to construct a flag footway on the south side of L street south at its intersection with Third street east.

A communication was also received from the Water Registrar in acknowledgment of the resolutions of instruction passed by the Board.

Mr. Follansbee, of the Fourth ward, introduced a bill for the relief of Thomas Morrison. Passed.

Mr. Follansbee also introduced a bill in reference to cancelling the due bills against the Corporation.

Mr. Ferguson, of the Fifth ward, offered a resolution in relation to constructing a new school-house in the Fifth ward. Adopted.

He also offered a bill to repair and to erect new vegetable stands in the Sixth ward. Referred to the Committee on Markets.

Mr. McCathren, of the Sixth ward, introduced a bill entitled an act to regulate the sale of fresh meat in the city of Washington. Referred to the Committee on Markets.

Mr. O. Wilson, of the Seventh ward, introduced a resolution that a joint special committee be appointed to examine the office of Register of Deeds by both branches. Adopted.

Mr. Noyes, of the Seventh ward, introduced a bill entitled an act to allow the privilege of the Council Chamber to the National Lyceum Debating Society. Adopted.

Mr. Shedd, of the Second ward, offered a resolution requesting from the Mayor the cause why the blank form of the petitions of taverns and ordinaries are not in accordance with existing laws; and, also, that the commission should be required to sign the certificate. Adopted.

Mr. McCathren, from the Sixth ward, introduced a resolution requiring the Secretary to have printed 50 copies of the act in relation to cows. Adopted, increasing the number to 500 copies.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. O. Wilson, from the Committee on Ways and Means, referred the communication of the bill in relation to the indebtedness of the Corporation to the Bank of Washington.

Mr. Follansbee, from the Committee on Contingent Expenses of the Board, introduced a resolution requiring the Mayor to demand of John Alexander $16 15, as the amount overcharged for carpeting the upper chamber, and, if proper, instituting legal proceedings. Adopted, with the proviso that a committee of three first investigate the matter.

Mr. Knight, from the Committee on Conference, reported the bill in relation to building a school in the first school district.

This question was discussed by Messrs. Shedd, N. D. Larner, O. Wilson, Ellis and Knight.

Upon the adoption of the report of the committee the yeas and nays were demanded. Yeas, 13; nays, 8. Agreed to.

Mr. Larner declined further to serve upon the committee on Contingent Expenses of the Board. Excused.

Mr. H. O. Wilson requested the bill entitled, an act authorizing a gravel foot walk in the First ward to come before the Board as a special favor. Passed.

A bill, granting permission to several ladies to build a frame house at the public reservation on Louisiana avenue, was brought forward. Passed.

Mr. Raub moved to adjourn. Agreed to, and the Board adjourned.

Troops Arrived.—The following troops have arrived in this city since Saturday: 29 recruits for Ohio regiments; 310 convalescents from Philadelphia, 34 battalion 5th New York artillery; 480 men bound for Harper's Ferry; 100 recruits for 1st veteran cavalry; 24 exchanged prisoners from Columbus, Ohio; 75 convalescents from Baltimore, and 51 government employés from Philadelphia.

Recaptured in Queen Ann County, Md.—The Colonel of the 48th Georgia regiment, named Wm. Gibson, who succeeded in escaping from the West Building Hospital, Baltimore, on the 11th inst., was arrested by one of Captain Scheetz's detectives in Queen Ann county, Md. He was taken before Provost Marshal Todd yesterday, who committed him to the Old Capitol.

Arrest of Smugglers and Blockade Runners.—The following smugglers and blockade-runners were sent to this city from Point Lookout, and by order of Captain Todd committed to the Old Capitol: Joseph Murray, Robert Blackam, Robert Donelly, John Leack, Benjamin Hutton, William Jenkins, and Edward Divois.

Funeral.—The funeral of Sergeant Major Robinson took place from his residence on Eighth street east, on Sunday afternoon, and was largely attended. The funeral rites of the Catholic church were performed over the remains.

Sent to Old Point.—The noted Belle Boyd, who has for some time past been confined in the Old Capitol prison, was yesterday afternoon sent to Old Point to be turned over to the commanding officer at that place. She will be delivered by him at City Point for exchange.

Committed.—A rebel deserter, named Thomas Veal, who violated his oath of allegiance, was sent from Alexandria to this city. He was committed to the Old Capitol by Provost Marshal Todd.

Further Hearing in the Alleged Conspiracy and Attempt to Kill Case.—A continuation in the case of Elizabeth Muhlig, as principal, and William H. Davis, Mrs. Dixon and Miss Dixon, as accessories, charged, on the oath of Rev. Mr. Machett, with an attempt to kill his wife, was held at Justice Rowland's office yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. This case was first brought before the Justice on Thanksgiving day, on which occasion evidence was offered by the prosecution to the point that the said Miss Muhlig had on one occasion struck Mrs. Machett, the wife of the preacher, the said lady being in delicate health at the time, thereby greatly endangering her life. The testimony as to the charge of conspiracy to take the life of Mrs. Machett, as also in connection with the act of Miss Muhlig, was repeated yesterday afternoon, by which it appeared "that all the parties accused had on various occasions endeavored to eject Mr. Machett and his family from the house, of which he claims to be a yearly tenant," and several of the rooms of which he had sub-rented to Mr. Davis and Miss Muhlig: that the latter named person had molested him and his wife in various ways: that she, in connection with Davis, had padlocked his door, had attached a dead rat to his door, had entered his room, and endeavored to take possession of it, and finally, that she had jammed his wife up against the bed, and slapped his face. In all these acts, he stated, Miss Muhlig had been aided and abetted by Davis, Miss Dixon, and Mrs. Dixon.

The counsel for the defence argued that the same case had been investigated before by a magistrate of concurrent jurisdiction with the Justice and that the case would be tried at the next term of the Criminal Court.

Mr. Machett, who conducted the prosecution himself, held that the charge "conspiracy with attempt to kill" was one entirely distinct from those upon which warrants had previously been issued. The magistrate decided to hear the testimony, and after this explanation, a witness of the prosecution, Alexander Ayott, was called to the stand and sworn. The testimony of this person had no material bearing upon the case other than that on a certain night he had seen two persons together in the room usually occupied by Miss Muhlig. The object of the prosecution was to prove that parties seen there were Miss Muhlig and Mr. Davis, but witness could not identify them from the distance at which he stood.

The prosecution then [illegible] servant of Miss Muhlig, had stated [illegible] that there was a conspiracy among the parties named to kill him and his wife; that Miss Muhlig was to be the principal actor in the matter, but that she was encouraged and abetted by other persons in the house.

At five o'clock the case was adjourned over until Wednesday afternoon, in order to obtain the presence of Mrs. Machett, the principal witness in the case for the prosecution.

Writs for the Seizure of Property from the District Court.—There has been issued from the District Court writs for the seizure of the following property under the provisions of the confiscation law, on bills being filed by the District Attorney:

The personal property of John A. Campbell, of Alabama, formerly a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, consisting of furniture in a house on I street, opposite Franklin Square.

The interest of W. D. B. Cross (formerly a well-known lawyer in this city, now supposed to be in Richmond,) in lot 6, in square 213, with improvements, consisting of a cottage brick dwelling on I street, near Fifteenth.

The property of George D. Fowle, formerly of Alexandria, consisting of subdivisions 15 and 16, of lots 4 and 2, of Davidson's subdivisions of square 222, with handsome four story brick dwelling on H street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets; lots 3 to 12, in square 773, situated between Third and Fourth streets east, and L and M north, lots 10 to 11, in square 814, between B and C streets north, and Fourth and Fifth east; lots 1 to 4, and 19 to 28, inclusive, in square 1,015, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets east, and D and E south, unimproved.

Lots 1 to 5, and 25, in square 757, near the junction of Virginia and New Jersey avenues, in the name of Thomas W. Greer, late pastor of the Navy-yard Baptist Church.

Lot 2, of subdivision D of Todd's subdivision of square 352, with improvements, on Maryland avenue, near Eleventh street, (Island,) belonging to John L. Lancaster, of St. Mary's county, Maryland, and late clerk in the Sixth Auditor's office, now in Dixie.

Lots 1, 29, 30, and part of lot 2, in square 116, on the corner of Eighteenth and I streets, with improvements, consisting of a handsome brick house, belonging to Joseph C. Ives, formerly a lieutenant in the United States Topographical Engineers.

The personal property of Dr. A. Y. P. Garnett.

Lot 3, in square 317, on I street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, with improvements, consisting of a handsome two-story brick dwelling, belonging to William L. Bailey, of Virginia, late clerk in the Adjutant General's office.

These cases are all made returnable on the third Monday in December.

Arrival of the Storeship Relief at the Navy-Yard.—The storeship Wyandank arrived at the Navy-yard yesterday morning from down the river. On the way up on Friday a boat, rowed by two colored men, and containing four ladies and three children, was picked up coming out of Machodoc creek, Westmoreland county. The ladies and children proved to be refugees from Wilmington, North Carolina, and were on their way here to join their husbands and fathers who escaped from rebeldom some time since. The ladies were turned over to the Provost Marshal of Alexandria. On Saturday morning three persons were discovered at Quantico creek with a white flag and were taken off. One of them proved to be an escaped prisoner from a party of rebel guerrillas, named Mortimer Shaw and the others stragglers who were unable to find their regiments. Shaw had been robbed of everything on his person, including his clothing. They were also left with the Provost Marshal of Alexandria.

The [illegible] at the Navy-yard.—Yesterday [illegible] the old rule of [illegible] at the Navy yard was put into operation, the bell ringing at one hour by sun to commence work, which ceased at sundown, with an hour's intermission for dinner. The committee appointed at the meeting on Tuesday had a conference with Commodore Harwood on Saturday, at which the question was fully discussed, and the Commodore took the matter under advisement, and yesterday morning the workmen were gratified by learning that the old rule had been adopted. We are glad of this change, especially as the rule is in operation among our private workshops.

A Fair.—As will be seen by our City Council reports, a number of our patriotic ladies, among whom is the wife of our Chief Magistrate, President Lincoln, have petitioned the body for the erection of a temporary building on that portion of ground situate at the junction of Louisiana avenue and Seventh street, in which they design holding a fair, the proceeds of which are to be applied to the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers now in our midst. The appeal of these ladies was granted, and the erection of the building will take place immediately. This is a noble object, and one which, we have no doubt, will meet with the hearty endorsement of the public.

Revival at Camp Stoneman.—There has been an extensive and interesting revival at Camp Stoneman, through the agency of the United States Christian Commission of which Mr. John Allen is one of the leading delegates. Over one hundred and fifty soldiers have, within a month past, publicly manifested their contrition, and it is believed that most of them are now sincere converts. The work is still progressing.

Estray.—The Hibernia Steam Fire Engine Company have lost a white horse, about fifteen hands high, faintly branded on the left shoulder with the "U. S." mark, which escaped from the vicinity of the Monument. The animal had on saddle and bridle, and was last seen at Sixteenth and the avenue. Information leading to his recovery may be left at the quarters of the company, Nineteenth and H streets.

Not a Deserter.—J. C. Russ, of the 2d Massachusetts cavalry, writes to us that our report of his having been arrested as a deserter is incorrect. He had mislaid his pass on the occasion of his arrest, and was released by Capt. Todd the moment the facts of the case were reported to him.

The Washington Aqueduct.—On Saturday afternoon water from the Potomac river will be introduced for the first time into the Washington Aqueduct. The event will be celebrated with all due ceremony. The programme of arrangements is in the hands of the Mayor and a joint committee of three from each branch of the Councils.

Joint Committee on Water Works.—The Joint Committee on the water works will meet this morning, at ten o'clock, at the Mayor's office. The following are the committee: From Common Council—Messrs. H. O. Wilson, Ferguson, and O. Wilson; from the Board of Aldermen—Messrs. Brown, Sargent and Turton.

Personal.—Among the arrivals in this city are Hon. E. B. Washburne, M. C. from Illinois, at Willard's; Hon. George C. Preston, of Illinois, Hon. A. W. Hubbard, M. C. from Iowa, and General R. M. B. Mitchell, U. S. Army, at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Who Will be Next?—The conscience-stricken New York defaulter, who, early last week, sent sixty dollars to the Treasury Department, has just remitted fifty dollars more which he had fraudulently withheld from the Government. It may encourage other defaulters to learn that as no efforts are likely to be made to discover their identity they can remit with safety.

National Lyceum.—The first regular meeting of the National Lyceum, organized for the purpose of encouraging debates on political questions, will be held this evening at Smeed's Hall. An election for officers will take place. All desirous of becoming members, and the public generally, are invited to attend.

First Baptist Church.—There will be an exhibition of the Dissolving Views (many of them new) at this place of worship this and to-morrow evenings, the profit to be mainly devoted to furnishing the church. Rev. Dr. Gillette, late of New York city, will commence his pastoral duties next Sunday morning.

Meeting of the Executive Committee.—A meeting of the Executive Committee on enlistments in the District of Columbia will be held at the Mayor's office, at half-past seven o'clock this evening.

"The Statue of Freedom."—We are advised by the architect, Mr. Thomas U. Walter, that the crowning section of the "Statue of Freedom" will be placed on the dome of the Capitol to-morrow at 12 M.

An Interesting Match Game.—A match game of billiards will be played this afternoon at the Franklin Hall Billiard Saloon. It will be a French carom game.

THE COURTS.

CIRCUIT COURT—CHIEF JUSTICE CARTTER.

In this court yesterday the testimony was finally closed in the case of Cook & Sickles vs. The Washington, Georgetown, and Alexandria Steam Packet Company, involving a claim against the company for the use of what is known as the "Sickles Cut off," upon the former Columbia, in her trips between this city and Baltimore. The distinguished counsel on both sides ably argued the case before the jury, and the court and the Chief Justice will charge the jury on the points and purposes for which parole evidence was admitted at this re-hearing of the case, in which a general judgment had once been given for plaintiffs, and after the case had been remanded back from the United States Supreme Court.

The court adjourned till this morning at 10 o'clock.

Stock and Money Market.

To Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, we are indebted for the following report of the stock and money market in this city yesterday:

	Buy.	Sell.		Buy.	Sell.
U S coup 6's of '81	109½	109	U S 1yr cer	97⅞	98¼
do 6's registered	...	...	Am Gold coin	145	...
do 7 3-10 Tr No 106		106¾	Certificate Checks	99	...

New York, November 30

FIRST BOARD.

U S Coupons	109	U S Certif. (new)	98½
U S 7 3-10	106	Gold	148¾

CITY ITEMS.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., November 21, 1863.

Gentlemen: I have been informed that it is your intention to present me with a timekeeper, as a manifestation of your regard for me while Superintendent of the Tent Repair Shop where you are employed. I feel, gentlemen, the full effect of your kindness, and shall ever cherish it; but, gentlemen, I must decline your gift, and, in doing so, will give you my reasons therefor:

1st. Because your expenses will not allow it.

2d. Because every married man needs every cent he can earn to support his family during the coming winter.

3d. Because I have a very good timepiece, one that answers every purpose.

4th, and lastly. There are now in Richmond 12,000 of our brothers, who have left home and friends to give their [illegible] upholding the only Government we can look to for [illegible] and happiness.

These men are actually starving for food, and are perishing for clothing. What a boon, then, would it be to these poor fellows to get even a crust of bread that we would throw away, or a pair of pantaloons or coat that we would not wear. We, who are so favored as to have all the good things that we want, if we would only deprive ourselves of some little luxuries, we, who have so many, compared to these poor fellows, it would gladden their sad hearts to know, in a substantial way, they are not forgotten, by subscribing for them a sum of money, no matter how small. In their case it can be used advantageously, as many of them are obliged to be altogether in the open air, exposed to the storms and frosty nights of this season, and many of them will die this winter from exposure and starvation if some provision is not made for them. Such, gentlemen, are reasons that induce me to decline your gift. I hope you will consider them with all the kindness that I feel in expressing them to you.

Should you see fit to act upon the last suggestion I have made, I will be happy to receive any contribution that will be handed me, and, if you wish, I will keep a list of the names of those who give, and send them, with the amount, to the editor of the Baltimore *American*, who will, I believe, see that the money is used for the purpose intended.

I remain, gentlemen, very respectfully,
Your most obt. servt,
HUGH MASTERSON.

To the Committee: Messrs. E. D. MacGrotty, James Simmons, Thomas Fewsor, William Work.

At a meeting of the Sailmakers employed in the Tent Department, Washington City, D. C., on Saturday, November 28th, 1863, convened for the purpose of presenting a token of respect and esteem to Hugh Masterson, Esq., on the occasion of his resigning his position as Foreman over them, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, Learning that Hugh Masterson, Esq., our worthy and esteemed Foreman, is about to resign his position as such, we feel it to be our duty to express to him our deep and unfeigned regret that he is to be removed from among us.

Resolved, That in the resignation of Mr. Masterson we have lost a good, tried friend, an unexceptionable foreman, an honest man, and one every ready to extend the hand of friendship whenever required, and the Government has lost, in this Department, a careful, economical, attentive, and trustworthy officer, and one who has spared no pains or labor to advance the interest of the Government in all things under his control or management, he has most deservedly won the love, esteem, and regard of us all.

Resolved, That while we deeply regret the withdrawal of Mr. Masterson from among us, we sincerely hope it is to better his condition, he carries with him the warmest and best wishes of every man among us, and, in conclusion, will simply say, may God bless him.

EDWIN D. MACGROTTY,
JAMES SIMMONS,
THOMAS FEWSOR,
WM. WORKMAN,
Committee.

ARRIVALS AT THE HOTELS.

WILLARD'S HOTEL.

C Ripley, Boston	Maj A A Mack, U S A
J H Knapp & lady, N Y	B S Goddard, U S A
J R Dodd, St Louis	G S Drake, Massachusetts
Lt J Faley, U S A	Mrs Welpley, New York
Mrs Collins, New York	A J Richardson, do
J H Schomaker, Phila	O K Robert, do
O Bryant, Boston	[illegible]
Hon E B Washburne, Ill	[illegible]
J McLaughlin, New Jersey	[illegible]
C L Sturdis, New York	W L [illegible], Troy
Hon J A Bell, do	Maj H [illegible], do
G L Davis, U S N	L P Smith, Philadelphia
J K Perry, Jersey City	J N Hayes, New York
C H Davis, Baltimore	J W Shaffer, Illinois
Mrs J La Jernegan, N Y	C Haskell, Philadelphia
C F Clark, Washington	H F Rice, U S A
P P Cool, do	H F Berchuto, New York
H L French, New York	Miss French, do
J L King, Philadelphia	M Simpson, Pennsylvania
Wm H Johnson, N Y	Capt J O Burnside, U S A
Luther O Norton, do	D Clark, Maryland
T S Trumbull, Connecticut	J D Mason, Connecticut
Col L O Baker, D C	S W Storey, D C
Miss Anna King, do	Miss J King, do
A D Irwin, Pennsylvania	Hon S S Cox, Ohio
Peter Bogardus, New York	Jas Perkins, Connecticut
C E Bielkely, Connecticut	R P Coltrell, California
C B Walker, Phila	J A McDougall, Cal
J E King, do	J B Summers, Wash
N Campbell, do	H A Summers, N J
C T Miller, do	J B White, do
G W Tobias, do	M H Sterling, do
H Simons, do	A A Low, do
A McIntyre, do	J O Woods, do
C Haskell, do	J H Pratt, do
S T Clemens & ly, Conn	L Ewlitz, do
J O Wheeden, Balt	H Waldstein, do
Lt W A Bambright, U S A	C L Storrs, do
C K Bambright, Ohio	R B Hill, Iowa
A Lilly, Jr, Balt	C D Schmidt, U S A
L Trowbridge, N Y	W Cheney, Conn
G W Hatch, do	F Cheney, Conn
D G Ogden, do	E Gaylord, Mass
C Cooper, do	W S Baines, Phila
J H Pool, do	N Yocum, Memphis
E Huckman, do	A G Waterman, Phila
M L Reed, St Louis	N B Curtis, Illinois
D Hopkins, Penna	Jonathan Wild, New York

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

Capt De Witt Clinton, U S A	F W Seeley & ly, U S A
J M Brownson & wife, N Y	Pitt Barrows, Balt
Geo Smoser, Ark	Jno Bird, Mo
J F Gray & wife, Md	A Young, wife & child, Md
H M Lazelle, U S A	Mr Dana & wife, N Y
T T Duvall, N Y	H P Smith, Balt
M O Bore, Glasboro Point	Chas J Mekershaw
Stewart Allan, Phila	F E White, U S A
P H Ellis, U S A	A Knox & wife, Conn
S B Ives, Conn	S S Bishop, Ky
Jno A Gelb, Alex	Capt F D Ellis, U S A
Geo C Royce, 3d corps	F B Medlar, D C
F Barrows, Muddy Branch	W B Stale, Mass
Jacob S Cohen, N Y	Geo S Levy, N Y
Henry O Ford, Phila	Paul A Davis, jr, Phila
G W Stilwell, N Y	W Riehl, Phila
C Christ, U S A	Mrs Simons, Phila
Gen Robt B Mitchell, U S A	Lt G Williams, U S A
Lt J B Rankin, U S A	J E H Boston, Balt
Hon A H Hubbard, Iowa	S F Prescott, Mass
K W Leslt, U S Navy	Wm Peripl, New York
Jas C Vuck, Alexandria	Jno McCosby, Alexandria
H M Hall, U S Army	G W Smith, Virginia
Chas C Boyce, Ohio	Lt S Hledman, Maryland
Geo S Cathers, Washington	Lt R McChristian, U S A
E A Dayton, New York	Jno M Hunter, Baltimore
Jno H Hillon, Dist of Col	Capt Jones, U S Army
Mrs Grover, Pennsylvania	Miss S Hilland, Penna
F P Smith, New York	R E Walters, Maryland
Jno Hoover, New York	R S Craig, U S Army
P M Blont, U S Army	Samuel Gardiner, N Y
Wm H Bogart, Michigan	A W Daniels & lady, Mass
H J Lloyd, New York	Peter Higgins, Boston
C H Murray, New Jersey	Major I M Harris, Ky
E R Cole & lady, U S A	A J Beeside, Philadelphia
Feln C Avens, Rockland	Paul St Clair, Maryland
Jno Faller, U S Army	J S Goldsmith, U S Army
J Patterson, Maryland	Geo W Berry, Maryland
C P Wright, Washington	Jos Hilton, U S Army
F Cook, U S Army	G O Metcalf, Boston
J H Michener, Phila	

AVENUE HOUSE.

Wm S Funston, Maine	L Saltz, Baltimore
Jno Wallace, Virginia	Dr W F Manitus, Penna
J W Ludlam, Illinois	J L Duff & wife, do
Mr & Mrs Hutchins, Balto	S C Newman, New York
J W Pell, Pennsylvania	Jas P Lawrence, Penna
M Austin, do	B G Allen, do
O A Balwin, New York	Thos Thompson, U S Army
Col F C Mullin, U S Army	Lt W J Gillet, do
H W Clark, do	F A McMullin, do
J M Hoover, Indiana	W H H Price, Alexandria
M O Egan, Washington	O Myers, Washington
C W Tatcott, U S Army	J E Jones, Glenboro
J Eirran, Dist of Col	Malvin S Smith, U S Army
H S Moonry, Dist of Col	Chas Hatzlen, Baltimore
A W Albert, U S Army	A B Cattle, New York
C B Lyon & lady, U S Army	Thos P Putnam, U S A
John Wash, Vermont	F A Weir, Glasboro
O P Haven, Massachusetts	T Adams, Philadelphia
Thos M Call, Wisconsin	E B Fogg, U S Army
T Wilcox,	J Flint & lady, Alexandria
C E Hard, Illinois	I E Xiho, Virginia
E H Campbell, Baltimore	

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

J G Lyle & ly, Cincinnati	B H Stannard, New York
Miss N Smith, Georgetown	Miss E Smith, Georgetown
R S Pedrick, New Jersey	Joseph B Green, N Jersey
Oliver Pedrick, N Jersey	F Hall, Massachusetts
Mrs A C Rodrigue, Penn	Miss A Rodrigue, Penn
J W Doughty, Philadelphia	W W Ray, Saratoga
O Kellogg, Jr, New York	O F Brainard, U S Army
G M Parker, New York	A J Harnern, Baltimore
L Harnern, Baltimore	Hon O Kellogg, Elizab'town
Jas M. Wheeler, Buffalo	John A Smith, Baltimore
E D Wray, Washington	S M Knox, Washington
A Lyonlia, New York	G Bostle, Vermont
R B Spaulding, Vermont	Geo Taby, Vermont
H Shattuck, Vermont	S Paul, New York
J Snow, New York	R L [illegible], New York
Ephraim Wilson, N Y	Mr Slaughton, Philadelphia

CLARENDON HOTEL.

J W McKee, Washington	Lieut H Barker, U S A
S B Lewis, U S A	E Cottersball, U S A
John Osborn, New York	M M Stella, New York
G E Meade, Washington	J Paugh, Utica
O Brien, U S A	P McDuff, New Jersey
R F Baton, Baltimore	Capt Chas Walker, U S N
N H Brown, N H	Capt J Heusted, Indiana
O M Tracey, New York	B P Mills, Alexandria
Mrs Clark, Washington	J J Cuyler, New York
Annie Cuyler, New York	Joseph Bradley, Buffalo

NATIONAL HOTEL.

Chas Haler, N Y	Lt G W Chester, 2d Vt cav
R W Bennis, D C	W P Bonnel, Detroit
P M Pettit, Alexandria	Lt Col Wm S Bennett, N Y
Wm Barry, N J	Thos McMurtrie, Lt I O
K M Brown, Boston	J G Rollins
Lt E H Brown, City	J M Hess, 3d Pa vols
Hon J F Farnsworth, Ill	T J Pratt, do
Hon M S Wilkinson, Minn	F J Taylor, Vt
B Luce, Michigan	Maj T M Fay, Annapolis
S D Charles, Buffalo	Judge [illegible], Md
E O Mayhew, City	Mrs Spooner & daugh, Phila
W F Shattuck, N Y	O A Scott, Va
George Bowers, N H	O W Leabury, Va
J H McGee, Baltimore	Col Devereux, Philadelphia
K H Taylor, Vt	T Pulyrand, do
J R Doss, W T	W J Martin, do
Thos Moorey, Baltimore	Hon W Saulsbury & fam, Del
Capt O W France, 6th N Y V	Hon R E Fenton, N Y
Capt W W Dorr, 121 Pa vol	H W Williams, do
F Jervis & wf, Chelsea, Eng	Lt M S Blnin, 2d Vt cav
Lt T J Dayst, 120 Ohio vols	Dr J C Fisher, N J
M H Chrzle, 2d Vt cavalry	E F Bunt, N Y
Maj A L Gurnsey, do	J H McPherson, N Y

EBBITT HOUSE.

Henry Barnard, Conn	D J A Freeman, U S A
John McKeen, N Y	Maj J E M Potter, U S A
J B Stonehouse, Albany	James Belper,
O A Zane, St Louis	Lt Daniel Pech, U S A
E B Gore, New York	Jas A Fisher, Phila
Joseph M Wolfman, Boston	Geo Taylor, Phila
W Grawell, Phila	Jas Patterson, Phila
E Park, Phila	Lt L W Jackson, Va
S A Gillespie, Invalid corps	E Lamar and wife, U S A
Chas Rosa, Del	G E Holbrook, Md
W L Judd, Penna	W G Mitchell, Penna
J D Parker, Penna	T G Underwood, Penna
Dr J. Turner, Penna	A H Gurney, Ky

MARKHAM'S HOTEL.

Lt J H Poole, 140th N Y	Capt N Just, U S Army
tra Tripp	J Hall, Pennsylvania
T M James, New York	D D Williams, U S Army
P L Mason, D C	D Miller, Washington
L N Durly, War Dpt	P S Watkin, U S Army
W Ray & son, Phila	T M Baldwin, U S Army
M Willard, Wisconsin	J M Miller, U S Army
J H Monton, N Y	Capt Guier, U S Army
Lt W H Drige	O F Morrill, Massachusetts
T B Morgan, N Y	F Rumsey, New York
F W Taggard, Ohio	A H Townsend, Md
C O Godfrey, Virginia	W L Haswell, Penn
Capt W Wallace, 45d N Y	Dr W J Davis, Virginia
Maj E F Young & wf, U S A	

OFFICIAL.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, November 28, 1863.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. Thomas Savage, the Vice Consul General of the United States at Havana, of the promulgation of a Proclamation, of which the following is a translation:

PROCLAMATION.

Don Carlos de Vargas y Cewelo, a Major General of the Royal Armies, Governor, Captain General of the Spanish portion of the Island of St. Domingo, and General-in-Chief of the Army thereof, &c., &c.

Some doubts having occurred in regard to the fulfillment and meaning of the proclamation of my predecessor, under date of the fifth of October last past, and in order to avoid all irresolution and uncertainty, making use of the powers vested in me as Captain General and in Chief of this Army, I ordain and command:

Article 1st. The blockade of the coasts of the Spanish part of the Island of St. Domingo embraces only the ports, roads, and bights not occupied by the troops of the army, and, therefore, are free those of St. Domingo, Samana and Porto Plata, as well as the others that the army and the legitimate Spanish authorities will go on occupying. In consequence hereof Spanish Consuls may issue the proper documents to vessels that may be bound to such ports with lawful cargoes.

Article 2d. This proclamation will be published and circulated in due form for its punctual and exact fulfillment.

CARLOS DE VARGAS.

SANTO DOMINGO, November 7, 1863. del-1t

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
WASHINGTON, November 28, 1863.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. Charles S. Ogden, the Consul of the United States at Quebec, that the Governor General, by an order in Council, has ordered and directed that the order in Council of the 22d January, 1858, relative to the refunding of duties on exported packages be so modified as to extend to a subordinate package or packages in an assorted case, box, bale, or other package, or to those expressed in one whole line or item of an invoice provided the duties paid and to be refunded on the value of the goods, to be returned or exported, amount to at least $20.

HEADQUARTERS PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., November 12, 1863.

Special Orders, No. 22.

The sale of Liquors is prohibited in the following localities, in addition to those named in Special Orders No. 9, from these headquarters, of date November 4, 1863:

Square 141, so much thereof as fronts on G street.

Squares 232, 233, 267, 268, 269, 270, 297, 298, 326, 327, 352, 353, 384, 385, 386, 409, 410, 453, 454, 462, 463, 492, 534, and Squares O and D on Maryland avenue, in vicinity of Government Railroad, Depots, and Storehouses.

Squares 500, 504, 544, 545, 546, and 547, in vicinity of Sixth and Seventh street wharves.

Squares 381 and 382, so much thereof as front on Louisiana avenue, in vicinity of Central Guard House.

Upon the Mall, in the vicinity of the Monument and Government Cattle Yards; or upon any place in the vicinity of Mount Pleasant, Carver, Stone, Columbia College, Campbell's, Lincoln, Douglas, Emory, or Armory Square Hospitals. The penalty for violation of this order will be the same as specified in Special Orders, No. 9.

By command of
HENRY B. TODD,
Captain and Provost Marshal.

A. S. BAKER,
Lieutenant and Adjutant. no13-tf

SPECIAL NOTICES.

LADIES' FAIR IN AID OF THE SANITARY COMMISSION.—At a meeting of Ladies, held at the residence of Mrs. Lieutenant Brookfield, No. 371 Pennsylvania avenue, on the 27th of November, the following ladies were chosen a committee to organize and conduct a Fair in aid of the Sanitary Commission:

COMMITTEE.

1st Ward—Mrs. Commissioner Dole, 273 Vermont avenue, and Mrs. Edwin Clark, 275 Vermont avenue.

3d Ward—Mrs. J. W. Angus, 457 I street.

4th Ward—Mrs Lieutenant Brookfield, 371 Pennsylvania avenue, and Mrs H. Naler, 467 Sixth street.

5th Ward—Mrs W. L. Nicholson, 281 South D street.

6th Ward—Mrs. Captain Steele, I street, between Ninth and Tenth streets.

7th Ward—Mrs. T. H. Banney, 535 Thirteenth street—Island.

It is earnestly requested that the ladies of this city and District, who feel an interest in this great work, will call upon such members of the General Committee as may reside in their respective wards, to make arrangements for assisting in this benevolent enterprise, in aid of the brave defenders of American Liberty.

The Committee desire it to be understood that this is an invitation to all, and express the hope that none will wait to be called upon for donations of money or goods, but come forward at once with such offerings as they may be pleased to give for the advancement of this noble cause.

CARRIE T. FENNELLY, Secretary,
371 Pennsylvania avenue.

Morning and Evening papers please copy. no29-d&St

NEW, LATEST, MOST BEAUTIFUL GOODS just received at the Dollar Jewelry store, No. 453 Pennsylvania avenue, near Four-and-a-half street. Call and satisfy yourself. no29-d&Stf

WHITEHURST'S GALLERY, NO. 434 PENN. AVENUE.—Have you paid a visit to this celebrated establishment since it has been elegantly refitted and furnished? If not, call at once and see his new collection of *Imperial Photographs*. Also, Card Vignettes and Photographs in Oil and Water Colors. His collection of Photographs numbers over fifteen thousand, being the largest in this country. no30-1m

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on disease, its deplorable consequence upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in stamps or postage currency. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, N. Y. oc12-3m*

FRANKLIN & CO., OPTICIANS, 244 Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets, also 338 Pennsylvania avenue, under the National Hotel.

FIELD GLASSES and OPERA GLASSES, with the best achromatic lenses. *COMPASSES*, for pocket or surveying purposes. *MICROSCOPES*, simple or compound. *THERMOMETERS, BAROMETERS, DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS* and *CARTES DE VISITE*, &c. PEBBLE and PERISCOPIC SPECTACLES, correctly suited for every eyesight, and warranted. au28-dly

A WORD OF ADVICE.—Those who have been doctoring for weeks and months without obtaining relief, should consult Dr. Fishblatt, whose office is at No. 421 E street, corner of Eighth street, and be radically cured. Twenty-five years' experience has established Dr. Fishblatt's reputation as a physician. Recent cases cured in a few days. Charges moderate.

DR. FISHBLATT, No. 421 E street,
corner of Eighth st., opp. Gen. Post Office. no24-tf

EDWARD EVERETT'S GREAT ORATION and the Proceedings of the Dedication of the National Cemetery, at Gettysburg, have been issued in pamphlet form. For sale at the "Chronicle" Office. no25-tf

HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!!—Batchelor's celebrated Hair Dye is the best in the world! The only harmless, true, and reliable dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect—changes Red, Rusty, or Gray Hair, instantly to a *Glossy Black or Natural Brown*, without injuring the Hair or staining the Skin, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful; imparts fresh vitality, frequently restoring its pristine color, and rectifies the ill effects of Bad Dyes. The Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, all others are mere imitations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists, &c. FACTORY—81 BARCLAY ST., N. Y. Batchelor's New Toilet Cream for Dressing the Hair. la23-dly

NOTICE.—WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., January 25th, 1863.—In consequence of the pressure of business at the War Department passes for citizens to visit the army of the Potomac will be given at the office of LIEUT. COL. CONRAD, 182 Pennsylvania avenue, above Nineteenth street. ja26

THE ONLY PLACE where you can purchase India Rubber Goods of all kinds at manufacturers' prices, is at H. A. Hall's India Rubber Warehouse, 310 Pennsylvania avenue, between Ninth and Tenth streets. Also all kinds of Rubber Goods beautifully repaired at short notice. fe19-d&Stf

NEW BOOK.—THE HISTORICAL WAR MAP and Rebellion Record, from 1860 to October 20, 1863. Price 25 cents. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of price. Liberal discount to pedlars, sutlers, and purveyors. Just published and for sale by HUDSON TAYLOR, Bookseller and Stationer, 334 Penna. avenue. no21-d&Stf

NEVER TOO LATE TO LEARN.—By Professor Alexander Wolowski's new and simplified method for piano forte and singing. Professor Wolowski continues his Singing and Piano Classes, and opens a new course for Piano and Singing, which will be the best in Washington. Professor Wolowski receives visitors daily, at his residence, No. [illegible] F street, on the Northeast corner of Eleventh street. no22-d&Slm

DENTAL NOTICE.—DR. LOCKWOOD, Surgeon Dentist, Washington Building, corner Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.—Teeth inserted on Vulcanized Rubber, a cheap and improved plan. Also, Gold and Silver Plates made in superior style. Teeth extracted without pain. jy1-tf

EXHIBITION OF DISSOLVING VIEWS of a Scriptural, Historical, and Miscellaneous character, at the Baptist Church, in Thirteenth street, between G and H, on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, at 7½ o'clock. Admission 20 cents; children 10 cents. del-2*

E. YOUNG, Supt. Sunday School.

LECTURE ON THE INQUISITION.—The Rev. DANIEL LYNCH, S. J., of Gonzaga College, will deliver a Course of Lectures on the "Inquisition," for the benefit of the Society of Saint Vincent de Paul, on Thursday, December 3d, Wednesday, December 9th, and Wednesday, December 16th, at half-past 7 o'clock P. M., in the new School-room of St. Aloysius Church, on I street.

Tickets, 25 cents for each Lecture, may be procured at J. F. Ellis' Music Store, and in Georgetown at J. L. Kidwell's Drug Store. no30 2t,Dec9&16

UNION LEAGUE.—HEREAFTER THE meetings of the League will be held in their hall every WEDNESDAY evening. Distinguished speakers will be present throughout the winter. no25-tf

WAR DEPARTMENT—ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Washington, March 23, 1863.—The Agents of the several States, who reside in this city, are requested to leave their address at this office, that they may be [illegible] communicated with if necessary.

L. THOMAS,
mh23-tf Adjutant General.

OHIO STATE MILITARY AGENCY, 344 Pennsylvania avenue, corner Seventh street, Washington, D. C. ja19-tf

OHIO SOLDIERS are warned against applying for transportation elsewhere than to Captain Curtis, Acting Quartermaster, 209 G street, or to the undersigned, particularly are they warned against a ticket office of the Sanitary Commission at Pay Department of discharged soldiers on New York avenue.

JAMES C. WETMORE,
Ohio State Military Agent, corner of
ja16-tf Pennsylvania avenue and Seventh street.

WAR DEPARTMENT, ADJUTANT General's Office, Washington, February 15th, 1862. SPECIAL ORDERS NO. 83.

1. Hereafter all passes to visit the army of the Potomac, by whatsoever authority granted, must be countersigned by Lieutenant Colonel J. S. Conrad, A. D. C., before they will be recognized as valid.

By order of the Secretary of War:
L. THOMAS, Adjutant General.

Colonel Conrad's office No. 182 Pennsylvania avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth streets. fe18-tf

MICHIGAN MILITARY AGENCY,
DR. J. TUNNICLIFF,
Southeast corner of Seventh and [illegible] streets, Washington, D. C. no11-1md&S

MASSACHUSETTS MILITARY STATE AGENCY.—[illegible]

CHRONICLE JOB PRINTING OFFICE.—We have now prepared to execute all kinds of job printing [illegible]

DR. WM. P. RUCKER will please send his address to [illegible] convenient. [illegible] Corner of Washington and [illegible] streets, Alexandria, Va. del-1*

MEMBERS Desiring CHOICE ROOMS, [illegible]

EVERY MAN in the city of Washington and vicinity [illegible] Good Meal at [illegible] NEW ENGLAND [illegible] avenue, between [illegible] near the [illegible] del-3*

BOYCE & WHITE, Proprietors.

GREAT CLOSING-OUT SALE OF GROCERIES, &c.—[illegible] doors south of [illegible] stock formerly [illegible] Sugars, Teas, Coffees, [illegible] low-ware, Cutlery, [illegible] Wines, Liquors, [illegible] out within the [illegible] to suit customers.

NATIONAL COURSE,
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1863.
SWEEPSTAKES PURSE $100.

American Star, to wagon. McClellan, to wagon. Lady Hamblin, to [illegible] Miss Mary B[illegible] Best 3 in 5. [illegible]

A. MOFFATT, Proprietor. del-2t*

CAVALRY BUREAU.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, WASHINGTON D. C., November 30, 1863.

On the first and third WEDNESDAYS of December, 1863, will be sold at public auction, at the Cavalry Depot, at Giesboro' Point, near [illegible], a lot of

CAVALRY HORSES,

condemned as unfit for cavalry service. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms cash, in Government funds.

Lieut. Col. and Chief Quartermaster, Cavalry Bureau. dl-14t

TO TINNERS AND STOVE DEALERS.

We offer to country [illegible] scriptions, in quantities to suit, [illegible] Bright Iron Wire, [illegible] Annealed Iron Wire, [illegible] Brass Wire, [illegible] Copper Wire, [illegible] Steel Wire, [illegible] deltuthsa 3t

SPLENDID STOCK OF ELEGANT DRY GOODS
FROM THE NEW YORK AUCTIONS

The subscriber would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies of the District [illegible] to one of the [illegible] SILK DRESS GOODS [illegible]

WE ALSO HAVE ON HAND

A splendid assortment [illegible] and Black Silks [illegible]

BLACK GOODS.

Our stock of [illegible] Lupin's Black Fr[illegible]

English Bombazines, Black Alpacas, [illegible] Black Cashmeres, [illegible]

Crape Veils, [illegible] And many other [illegible] to sell as low as [illegible] The lowest cash [illegible] article in plain figures.

del-1uthsa3t

SUTLERS ARE THE SHREWDEST men out, generally speaking, and many of them take their meals at the NEW ENGLAND DINING ROOMS, [illegible] Four and-a-Half [illegible] no30 3t*

BOYCE & WHITE.

THE PRESIDENT'S ILLINOIS Letter gave [illegible] England Dining [illegible] tween Four and [illegible] day and try one of [illegible] cup of Coffee.

MANHOOD; HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED! [illegible] Price six Cents. [illegible] and Radical Cure [illegible] ness, Involuntary [illegible] pediments to Marriage, [illegible] sumption, Epilepsy, [illegible] capacity, resulting [illegible] Culverwell, M. D., [illegible] Boon to Thousands [illegible] plain envelope, to [illegible] No. 127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4586. fe13-d&Stmeif

LECTURES.

THE COURSE OF LECTURES under the auspices of the

WASHINGTON LYCEUM,

will commence TUESDAY EVENING, December 8th 1863, by

P. T. BARNUM,
"The Great Showman."
Subject—"The Art of Money-getting."

To be followed regularly by

BAYARD TAYLOR,
REV. WM. H. MILBURN,
W. H. C. HOSMER,
JOHN G. SAXE,
"EDMUND KIRKE,"
E. P. WHIPPLE,
GEORGE VANDENHOFF,
GEO D. PRENTICE, and others.

TERMS:

Single Admission ... 50 cents
Course Ticket, admitting one ... $3
Course Ticket, admitting Gent. and Lady ... $5

Tickets to be had at the principal Hotels and Book Stores, and from members of the Lyceum. del 7t

AUCTION SALES.

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

FRAME HOUSE AND LOT, NEAR THE CAPITOL, AT PUBLIC SALE.

On FRIDAY AFTERNOON, December 4th, at 4 o'clock, on the premises, we shall sell part of Lot No. 13, in Square No. 725, fronting 16 feet on First street east, between D and C streets north (No. 382,) and running back 115 feet to a wide alley. Improved by a two story frame dwelling house, containing five rooms, all private and well arranged.

The Furniture and Fuel may be had if desired. Immediate possession given.

Terms cash.
del-4t JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

BY W. L. WALL & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

GRAND AND VALUABLE SALE
OF
RICH AND COSTLY FURS AT AUCTION,

It being its first consignment of the same to Washington, FROM THE

AMERICAN AND RUSSIAN FUR COMPANY,
CONSISTING OF

Hudson Bay Sables,
Mink Sables,
Russian Squirrels,
Royal Ermines,
French Sables,
French Fitch, &c., &c.

In Capes,
Cloaks,
Victorines,
Collarettes,
Muffs, Cuffs, &c.

TO SUTLERS.

Also, a Rich and Valuable assortment of
Fur Robes,
Gloves and Gauntlets,
and Mufflers.

To be sold at public auction, over the store of Messrs. Hoon Brothers, Pennsylvania avenue, between Eighth and Ninth streets, where they have been removed for convenience of sale, on

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,

December 4th and 5th, commencing at 10 o'clock.

WM. L. WALL & CO.,
Auctioneers.

N. B.—All Furs warranted true to name and of best manufacture. del-3t

BY JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS.

EXCELLENT "STEINWAY" PIANOFORTE, FURNITURE, AND HOUSEHOLD EFFECTS, AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

On THURSDAY MORNING, December 31, at 10 o'clock, at the residence of a gentleman declining housekeeping, No. — E street, between Second and Third streets, we shall sell his Furniture and effects, comprising—

Superior Rosewood-case Pianoforte, by "Steinway."
Large French Plate Mirrors
Handsome Marble and French China Vases, Ornaments, &c
Lace Window Curtains and Shades
Velvet, Brussels, and other Carpets, Oil-cloth, and Rugs
Sofas, Parlor Chairs, Marble-top Tables
Bookcase and Secretaries, Whatnot
Extension Dining-table, Sideboard
Cane seat Chairs, Lounge
French China Dinner Set, with gold band
Table Cutlery, silver plated Tea Set
China, Glass, and Queensware
Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands
Feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows
Hair and Husk Mattresses, Toilet Sets
Cooking and Warming Stoves, together with a general assortment of Kitchen Utensils.

Terms cash.
no29-11*4td JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE NEAR WASHINGTON.

The Subscriber, as Trustee, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court for Prince George's county, will offer at public sale, on the premises, on FRIDAY, the 18th of December, 1863, at 12 o'clock, M., if fair, if not, on the next fair day thereafter, all the residue of the Real Estate, situate in Prince George's county, which was heretofore conveyed to Thomas W. Cummings by Martin Buel and wife, containing about sixty-seven acres. These lands are valuable for Gardening and Farming purposes, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. The County road to Washington, by the way of Seventh and North Capitol streets, is a boundary on one side, and this property is within two miles of the "Soldiers' Home," and within a few miles of Washington. There is a good deal of wood upon it, and it adjoins the estates of the late Stephen Marswood, Messrs. Wingerd, Digges, Clarke, and others.

TERMS OF SALE: Five Hundred Dollars on the day of sale, and the balance of the purchase money to be paid in one, two, three, and four years, in equal instalments, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with security to be approved by the Trustee. Upon the payment of the purchase money and interest, the Trustee is authorized by the decree to convey the property to the purchaser or purchasers in fee simple.

Those wishing to purchase are invited to view the premises.

C. C. MAGRUDER,
Trustee.

Upper Marlboro, November 25, 1863.
no23 1Sthu&s9t JAS. C. McGUIRE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty-second streets, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 27, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction on Wednesdays, the 9th and 23d of December, 1863, at the Corral, near the Observatory, in this city—

A lot of public Horses and Mules condemned as unfit for public service.

Sales to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
Terms—Cash in Government funds.

CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,
no28 22t Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, Corner of G and Twenty-second streets, WASHINGTON, D. C. November 27, 1863.—NOTICE.—The Public Sale of Quartermaster Stores advertised for Wednesday the 2d of December, is postponed until Wednesday, the 16th.

C. H. TOMPKINS,
no28 16t Captain and A. Q. M., U. S. Army.

ASSISTANT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CORNER G AND TWENTY-SECOND STREETS, WASHINGTON, D. C., November 18, 1863.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Quartermaster's Warehouse, on the Square between G and F and Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, Washington, D. C., on WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 2d, a large lot of Quartermaster's Stores, condemned as unfit for public service, consisting in part of Scrap-Iron, and Leather, Saddles, Bridles, parts of Harness, and Wagons, Tents, Tools, and Implements.

Terms cash in Government funds.
Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS,
no19 12t Captain and Quartermaster, U. S. A.

LIST OF CONTRACTS Solicited or Proposed to the War Department and its several Bureaus during the week next preceding the 1st day of December, 1863:

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S BUREAU.

S. & J. M. Flanagan, Philadelphia, Pa., offer to sell the steamship Ashland at $115,000, or to charter her at $350 per day.

E. A. Souder & Co., Philadelphia, Pa., offer to sell the steamer Rockland for $23,000, or to charter her at $90 per day.

Wm. Cramp & Sons, Philadelphia, Pa., offer to contract for four steam transport and ferry boats at $59,000 each. To be built in accordance with the plan of Norman W. Wheeler. Referred by Secretary of War.

J. B. & J. D. Van Deusen offer to contract to build four steam transports and ferry boats at $60,000 each. To be built in accordance with the plan of Norman W. Wheeler. Referred by Secretary of War.

J. S. Potter, Boston, Mass., proposes to charter the steam propeller George Shattuck at $250 per day, or 62 cents per ton. Substitute for offer of November 2, 1863.

S. G. Comstock, Washington, D. C., offers to sell steamer T. F. Rodman for $16,000, or to charter her at $60 per day.

John Casey, Washington, D. C., proposes to furnish 300 mules to be delivered at Washington in from six to ten days after notice of acceptance of bid. No price given.

James B. Leach, Washington, D. C., offers to furnish from 2,000 to 20,000 cords of wood at $4 45 per cord. Referred by Lieutenant Colonel C. G. Sawtelle.

E. F. Watkins, Chicago, Illinois, offers to deliver in Chicago, within ninety days, 1,000 artillery horses at $145 each. Referred from Captain J. A. Potter, through Lieutenant Colonel C. G. Sawtelle.

A. R. Whitney, New York, offers to charter the propeller Jean Sands at $125 per day. Also, the steamer Nellie Bell at $85 per day. Government to furnish coal.

M. N. Falls, President, Baltimore, Md., offers to charter the steamer Georgia at $175 per day. Referred by Captain C. W. Thomas.

W. G. Smithers, Baltimore, Md., offers to charter the steamer North Point at $150 per day.

D. Underwood, Bridgeport, Ct., offers to manufacture army blankets for the Government. No price stated.

ORDNANCE BUREAU.

E. P. Howland & Co., New Brighton, Pa., offer 1,000 telescope rifles. Price not stated.

Palmer & Fitch, New York, offer 25,000 to 30,000 Palmer's carbines at $22 50.

W. W. Welch, Norfolk, Conn., offers 10,000 Springfield rifles at $19.

J. R. Force, Philadelphia, Pa., offers 100 Starr's carbines, and 1,000 Starr's revolvers. Price not stated.

J. W. Cogley, Troy, N. Y., offers artillery harness. Price not stated.

Charles Gould, New York, offers 20,000 Day's rifles at $25, and 20,000 Day's carbines at $22 50.

Thomas Kelb & Co., Newark, N. J., offer artillery projectiles. Quantity and price not stated.

Oswell & Perkins offer 100 tons of lead at 8.25 cents per pound; 100 tons at 8.70 cents per pound; 100 tons at 8.45 cents per pound; 1,000 tons at 8.45 cents per pound.

J. P. Lindsay, New Haven, Conn., offers saltpetre. Quantity and price not stated.

Richardson & Overman, Philadelphia, Pa., offer two million Gallagher's carbine cartridges at $19 75 per M. del 1t

RADICAL CURE OF RUPTURE.
DR. MARSH,

from the Surgical Institute of Marsh Bros. cor. Broadway and Ann street New York, who has devoted many years to the treatment of Hernia, or Rupture, desires to inform those afflicted, residing in Washington and suburbs, that he has taken rooms at 303 F street, between Eleventh and Twelfth, in this city, where he can be consulted for a few weeks from the 1st of December. Examinations made and advice given gratuitously. In addition to Trusses he will also have on hand a select assortment of Silk Elastic Stockings and Knee Caps for varicose veins and swollen joints, Silk Elastic Belts for abdominal supports; Prolapsus Ani Instruments; Suspension Bandages for varicocele; Instruments for all kinds of physical deformities, such as Bow Legs, Knock Knees, Curvature of the Spine. Also, Shoulder Braces, &c. Office Hours from 9 A. M. till 9 P. M.; Sundays 10 A. M. till 5 P. M. n23 6t*

NEW BOOKS.

MRS WOOD'S NEW BOOK.

THE
RUNAWAY MATCH,
BY
MRS. HENRY WOOD,

Author of "Verner's Pride," "Squire Trevlyn's Heir," "The Earl's Heirs," "East Lynne," "Channings," "Mystery," "A Life's Secret," "Castle's Heir," "Shadow of Ashlydyat," "Lost Bank Note," &c., &c.

Price 50 cents per copy.

Just published, new editions of all the works of Mrs. Southworth, Mrs Hentz, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Ann S. Stephens, Charles Dickens, Samuel Lover, Charles Lever, Capt James Grant, J. F. Smith, Alexander Dumas, and all other popular authors.

All Books and Magazines sent free of postage on receipt of advertised prices.

Almanacs and Diaries for 1864, for sale at

SHILLINGTON'S Book Store,
Odeon Building, corner Four-and-a-half street and Pennsylvania avenue, Washington. del-2t

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—By Hibernia Steam Fire Engine, a WHITE HORSE, 16 hands high, faintly branded U. S., with saddle and bridle. Was last seen at Sixteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue, about 2 o'clock P. M., on Monday, 30th instant. By returning the same to their Engine house, corner Nineteenth and H streets, the finder will be suitably rewarded.

del-1t* JAS. M. COLGAN, Foreman.

LOST—On the night of the 30th ultimo, as a team was running off, a BOX containing seventeen (17) pairs of boots, which fell from the wagon on D street, somewhere between Eighth and Tenth streets. The box was marked F. S. Templeton, Agent, 105th P. V. A suitable reward will be given for the delivery of the box and contents, or information regarding it, at the Richmond House, corner Eighth and D streets.

del 3t* THOS. S. TEMPLETON, Sutler, 105th P.V.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—LOST.—Thursday, November 26, between the hours of 5 and 6 P. M., a Bay Pony, about twelve hands high, long, black tail, black mane; mane and forelock cut. Had on a McClellan saddle, grey blanket, and a citizen's bridle. Any one returning him to the Hoboken Hotel, Tenth street, and Pennsylvania avenue, or to the Franklin Hotel, 273 Pennsylvania avenue, will receive the above reward.

no28 3t* GEORGE H. MOESER.

WANTS.

WANTED—A Youth of about seventeen to read copy. One accustomed to read manuscript preferred. Apply at this office. del-1t

A GOOD PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER wanted. Good wages and steady employment given immediately, by S. GOLDSTEIN, U. S. Hotel. del-3t*

WANTED—A Portable Shanty, medium size, in good order. Apply immediately to S. GOLDSTEIN, U. S. Hotel, Pennsylvania ave. del-3t*

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A BOY to FEED an ADAMS PRESS. None but a good hand need apply. Inquire at the Chronicle Job Printing Office. no30 3t

COOK WANTED.—A good Cook is wanted at the "Waverly House," in Eighth street, between E and F. Good wages will be paid to a competent hand. Apply immediately. no23-tf

WANTED.—Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons for colored regiments in the Departments of the South, Gulf, and Tennessee.

All candidates must be examined before a Board of Medical officers.

Boards are now in session at Boston, New York, Washington, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, and at the headquarters of the Armies of the Potomac, Cumberland, and Tennessee.

Applications for examination should be made to the *Surgeon General, U. S. A., Washington, D. C.*, and must be accompanied with one or more testimonials of good moral character from respectable persons.

The Board will determine whether the candidate is qualified for Surgeon or for Assistant Surgeon.

The candidate must be a graduate of some Regular Medical College; non-graduates will not be examined.

J. K. BARNES,
Acting Surgeon General.

Surgeon General's Office, November 18, 1863.
no19-1wtu2w

10,000 AGENTS WANTED.—Soldiers, Sutlers, and others, in and out of the army, to sell our new National Battle Pins and Medals of Generals Grant, Meade, Rosecrans, Hooker, Banks, McClellan, Gillmore, Foster, &c. The above Pins have a fac simile Photograph of the above Victorious Generals of the Army of the United States, varying only in dates of the same. The beauty of this is its adaptability to any person who has been in the battles named in the margin of each Pin. By getting a miniature likeness of themselves, and inserting in the place of the general, as a gift to their friends, a living record, to be handed down from generation to generation, of the most gallant acts ever recorded in any land. Each Pin is gold set. Every soldier should secure this Battle Pin and present to his friends so that, living or dead, he will ever be in remembrance. Agents are now making from $500 to $1,100 per month. Samples and circulars will be sent on receipt of $1.

Apply to or address J. Barnet & Co., No. 227 Pennsylvania avenue, opposite Willard's Hotel, Washington, D. C. no 19-1 dec 1*

WANTED.—A person who understands farming and gardening can hear of a good situation by addressing Box 199 City Post Office. To one thoroughly qualified liberal wages will be paid. A married man without children preferred. Best of reference required. [Star.] oc13 tf

WANTED—At the Treasury Extension, twenty CARPENTERS. To good workmen the highest wages will be given and steady work. Apply at the office of Construction, Treasury Building.

ISAIAH ROGERS,
se25-tf Supervising Architect.

FOR SALE AND TO RENT.

TO RENT—A Large FURNISHED ROOM, on Capitol Hill, in a good location, suitable for a Member of Congress. Apply at 572 New Jersey avenue, below B street. del 1t

FOR RENT AND SALE.—For Rent, Ten very desirable dwelling houses, large and small, furnished and unfurnished. Situated in nearly every ward in the city. Rent from $25 per month to $200 per month. For Sale, a number of fine dwelling houses, eligible building lots and business places. Apply to

JACKSON & CO., Real Estate Brokers,
del-5t* Cor Seventh and F streets, opposite P. O.

FOR RENT—A comfortable furnished house, having modern conveniences, located in the First ward. Immediate possession given. For particulars, address Box 219 P. O. del 1t

FOR RENT—Single or Communicating ROOMS, comfortably Furnished and desirably located, within a few moments' walk of the city cars. Neat table board opposite. Apply at 317 K street, between Twelfth and Thirteenth. del 6.*

FOR RENT—A Three-story Brick House, furnished, and in the best location in the city, eleven rooms. Rent $1,400 for ten months. Will not be rented for a boarding-house. Address Box 970 P. O., with real name. del-2t*

FURNISHED ROOMS for Rent—No. 584 Twelfth street, between B and C, near the Smithsonian Institute, containing nine rooms. Possession given immediately. del 6.*

THE LEASE for 8 years and good-will of a House and two good Stores for sale in Seventh street, opposite the Patent Office. Rent low. Apply immediately to

S. GOLDSTEIN,
del 3t* U S Hotel, Pennsylvania avenue.

FOR RENT—A large Parlor, with chamber adjoining. Also, three chambers, with new furniture. Apply at No. 516 Eleventh street, one door north of Pennsylvania avenue. no30 2t*

FOR RENT—A handsomely furnished PARLOR and BEDROOM adjoining, suitable for a member of Congress. No 457 Ninth, between E and F streets, near the Patent Office. no30-4t*

FOR RENT.—Members of Congress, or others, can be accommodated with one Floor or the entire House, well furnished, gas and water, within one square of Capitol. Address P. O. box 661. no30-mwf12t*

FOR RENT—Furnished PARLOR and CHAMBER adjoining, (or two Chambers,) near the Kirkwood House, on Pennsylvania avenue. Also, four unfurnished ROOMS, near Pennsylvania avenue. Apply to MITCHELL & SON, Real Estate Brokers,

no30 3t* S. E. corner Penna. av. and Fifteenth st.

DESIRABLE THREE-STORY BRICK RESIDENCE.—For sale, the House No. 485 D street north, between First and Second west, containing gas, water, and modern improvements generally; in an excellent and improving neighborhood, convenient to Capitol, Pennsylvania avenue cars, and Railroad Depot. Also, the adjoining valuable Building Lot. Sold on account of removal of the owner from the city. Apply to

THOS. SCRIVENER, JR., Att'y at Law,
no30 6t* 488½ Seventh street west.

FOR SALE.—A FIRST-CLASS BAR and Steamed Oyster Saloon, in the centre of the city. Four years' lease. Rent $30 per month. Inquire at No 244 Pennsylvania avenue, between 10 and 12 A. M., at the Restaurant in the rear. no28 6t*

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD.—A pleasant suite of first class rooms, on first floor, newly furnished. Also, suites and single rooms above, desirable for a gentleman and wife, or Congressmen. May be obtained by inquiring at No. 27 Four-and-a-half street, between Pennsylvania avenue and C street. no28-6t*

FURNISHED ROOMS FOR RENT.—Handsomely and newly furnished parlor and chamber, in a central location, 469 Ninth street, between E and F streets, in a private family. no29*

FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT—TO single gentleman only—in house kept by a private family. Situation central, near hotels, Pennsylvania avenue, Post Office, and Departments. Address "Domestic" Chronicle office. no28 3t*

FOR RENT—A fine Store and back Room, on Seventh street, near Patent and Post Offices. Possession given immediately. Inquire at the Gosling House, No. 247 Pennsylvania avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets. no28 3t

FOR RENT—Two parlors and three chambers, in a private family, with new and handsome furniture, close by the city cars. The house is a three-story brick, in the most healthy part of the city. Reference required. Address B. H., Box 73½ P. O. no26 6t*

FOR SALE OR RENT—A large Mansion House and Lot, in Baltimore, at the corner of Mount and Hollins street, near Union Square. Apply to J. P. P. Jones, No. 4 Calhoun street, Baltimore. no17-12t*

THE PROPRIETOR of the CLARENDON HOTEL has rented the large and desirably-located house, No. 458 G street, opposite the Patent Office. The house has been thoroughly cleaned and renovated, and is now ready for immediate occupancy. The rooms will be rented either singly or in suits, without board, or, if desired, meals can be taken at the hotel. For particulars, &c., apply at the office of the Clarendon Hotel. oc21-tf

NEW ROSEWOOD (CARVED) 7 OCTAVE PIANOS for $225.

Come and see them.

SCHOMACKER & MONTGOMERY'S
New Music Store,
No. 4 Market Space and Penna. ave., 2d story,
no28 3t* Washington, D. C.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATRE.

LATE WASHINGTON THEATRE.

Eleventh street, near Pennsylvania avenue.

OPENS TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863,
AT POPULAR PRICES,

with the most extraordinary combination of attractions ever known in America.

TWO POPULAR LADY STARS.

2 NATIONAL SOUBRETTES 2

M'LLE JOHANNA CLAUSSEN,
The celebrated Swiss Soubrette.
Her third appearance in America.

A STAR OF THE FIRST MAGNITUDE,

now playing with immense success alternately with Edwin Forrest, at the New Chestnut-street Theatre, Philadelphia.

MISS FANNIE BROWN,
The charming Vocalist and beautiful American Soubrette.

THE WORLD'S WONDER,
THE GREAT BEDOUIN ARAB TROUPE.
THE REAL CHILDREN OF THE DESERT!

The Most Astonishing Leapers! Marvellous Bounders
Unapproachable Pyramidists! And Strongest Men Extant!

The only Genuine Arabs who have ever visited this Country, whose performances throughout Europe, and lately at the Alhambra Palace, New York, have proven the Arab Troupe the Wonder of the Age! The press and people have been unanimous in their praise—their late engagement at the Walnut street Theatre, Philadelphia, being the most successful of any stars of the Season.

A MAGNIFICENT DRAMATIC COMPANY,
Of the highest order of Dramatic Talent, and
A GRAND ORCHESTRA.

The programme for the grand opening, the beautiful Petite Comedy,

THE SWISS COTTAGE,

Presenting M'lle Johanna Claussen in the charming character of Lisette, in which she will sing her famous song,

"THE CAPTAIN."

The Mirthful Pleasantries of

BOB NETTLES,

Introducing the beautiful Miss Fannie Brown as the School Boy.

GRAND DIVERTISEMENT,

Comprising upwards of one hundred distinct acts of performance by the

ARAB TROUPE,

Including all of the members named above.

Rates of Admission—Dress Circle 35 cents; Parterre 25 cents; Orchestra Chairs 50 cents.

No extra charge for Reserved Seats. del-1t

NO IMPROPER PERSONS ADMITTED

FORD'S NEW THEATRE,

TENTH STREET, ABOVE E.

JOHN T. FORD ... Proprietor and Manager.
(Also of Holliday Street Theatre, Baltimore.)

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863,

Third week of

THE COMEDY COMBINATION,
consisting of
THE WEBB SISTERS,
MR. HARRY PEARSON,
MR. C. B. BISHOP,
MR. J. A. HERNE,
AND
THE STAR COMPANY.

THE INVISIBLE PRINCE;
OR,
THE ISLE OF TRANQUIL DELIGHTS.

Don Leander ... Miss Emma Webb
Apricotina ... Miss Ada Webb
Farisond ... Mr. C. B. Bishop

To commence with
Celeste's celebrated drama,

GREEN BUSHES;
OR,
IRELAND AND AMERICA 100 YEARS AGO.

Connor O'Kennedy ... Mr. J. A. Herne
Grinidge ... Mr. Harry Pearson
Jack Gunn ... Mr. C. B. Bishop

COLLEEN BAWN
is in preparation. del-1t

GROVER'S THEATRE,

Pennsylvania avenue, near Willard's Hotel.

LEONARD GROVER ... DIRECTOR

TUESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 1, 1863.

Carnival of Beauty and Merriment.

FIRST APPEARANCE OF

THE GREAT RAVEL TROUPE,
MARTINETTI,
AND
MARZETTI FAMILIES,

Including entire all the Celebrated Talent in America, in

PANTOMIMES,
BALLETS,

AND THE CELEBRATED RAVEL FEATS:

CORDA TENDU, CONFRERES ROMA, &c.

GRAND JUXTA CONSTELLATION.

TOLEDO, Costumer, from Niblo's, New York.
BISHOP, Machinist, from Theatre Olympe, Paris.
KUNSMAN, Maitre de Musique du Pantomime.

At a quarter to 8 precisely, Grand Overture,
"ALPINE MEMORIES,"
Koppitz and Grand Orchestra.

Wonderful Exercises on the

CORDA TENDU!

JULIAN PHILIPPE and PAUL MARTINETTI
in their
TRIPLE EXERCISES
ON THE
SINGLE ROPE.

M'LLE MARIETTA ZANFRETTA

in her wonderful evolutions without the balance.

Grand Ballet from the Opera of Paris,

LA SYLPHIDE,

Produced under the direction of Mons. Mathieu.

Classic and Graceful Groupings.

BOUQUET PENSEES,

Julian Philippe, Mme Philippe, Paul Martinetti, and M'lle Desiree.

Spring-time Symphony ... Koppitz and Grand Orchestra

Concluding with the Laughable Pantomime of

MONS. DOGUIGNION.

RATES OF ADMISSION.

Dress and Parquette Circles ... 50 Cents
Orchestra Chairs ... 75 Cents
Family Circle ... 25 Cents

Seats may be secured during the day at the Box Office. No extra charge for Reserved Seats.

ESPECIAL NOTICE.—No improper characters will be admitted. Persons securing Seats or Boxes for improper persons will forfeit the Seats or Boxes and be subject to ejectment. del-1t

OPERA GLASSES FOR HIRE AT FRANKLIN & CO., OPTICIANS, 244 Penna. avenue, between 12th and 13th streets, And under the National Hotel. se8-tf

MR. JOHN K. GOODALL'S Fashionable Dancing Academy, Eleventh street, near the avenue. Private lessons any hour. Academy for Children and Ladies, Tuesday and Friday, at 3 o'clock. Gentlemen's Class, Tuesday and Saturday, at 7 P. M. The beautiful *Sceptre* exercise for children and ladies; also, the *Indian Club* exercise for gentlemen. Lessons on the Violin and Violoncello. Private families attended. Mrs. Goodall continues to give lessons in singing and on the piano-forte. no18 d&S1m*

FOR SALE—A blooded Filly, four years old next spring, a well broken and beautiful animal, for a boy or man of light weight. Apply at the Navy-yard gate, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 P. M. no25-12t*

BALL TICKETS and PROGRAMMES printed in the best manner at the office of the DAILY CHRONICLE. no3-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETIES! VARIETIES!

Fronting Pennsylvania avenue and Ninth street.

Hamblin & Co. ... Proprietors
Fitz Simmons ... Stage Manager and Advertiser

THIS EVENING, DECEMBER 1.

Second time of the fine protean piece,

FANNY'S FROLICS,

with M'lle Cherrie Petrie in five distinct characters.

The Grand Ballet,

LES AMOURS DE FIGARO.

M'LLE LINA WINDELL,
MONS. BAPTISTIN,

and the entire troupe of beautiful ladies.

THE ETHIOPIAN SKETCH
MESMERISM,

By the Dudworth Brothers and Bob Hall.

The Roaring Comic Farce,

FAMILY SECRET,

by the Comedy Company of Artistes.

In preparation,

THE DUMB GIRL OF GENOA,
with an unequalled cast.

Friday, December 4,

GRAND FESTIVAL INAUGURATION

of the second year of the

VARIETIES.

A Prize Address, a splendid display of Fireworks on the exterior of the building, and

A GREAT BILL FOR THE OCCASION.

Admission, 25 and 50 cents. Doors open at 7—commence at 8 o'clock.

CANTERBURY HALL

CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,
CANTERBURY,

THE POPULAR

MUSIC HALL AND THEATRE,

Louisiana avenue, near the corner of Sixth street.
In the rear of the Metropolitan and National Hotels.

SIGN OF THE BIG CALCIUM LIGHT.

WILLIAM E. SINN ... Manager and Proprietor.

CONTINUED UNEXAMPLED SUCCESS
OF
THE GREAT SENSATION ALLIANCE.
HOUSES CROWDED NIGHTLY.
AUDIENCES WILD WITH DELIGHT.

THIS EVENING,

MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,
MISS KATHLEEN O'NEIL,

The eminently popular Irish Comedienne and Vocalist.

MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,
MISS ERNESTINE DE FAIBER,

The favorite Vocal and Terpsichorean Artiste.

MR. L. J. DONNELLY,
MR. L. J. DONNELLY,

The famous representative of Ethiopian Femininisms.

G. R. EDESON
G. R. EDESON

In some entirely new Comic Songs, written expressly for and sung only by him.

Protracted engagement of the celebrated Ethiopian Duo,

EAGAN AND EDWARDS,
EAGAN AND EDWARDS.

An interesting Drama, entitled the

COIN FORGERS;
COIN FORGERS;
COIN FORGERS;
OR,
THE ROBBER'S WIFE.
THE ROBBER'S WIFE.

Miss Lillie Brandon as ... Rose Redland
J. S. Edwards as ... Mark Redland
George R. Edeson as ... Larry O'Gig

A charming New Ballet, arranged by the Great Maitre,

MONS. GUILLAUME FOUCHE,
MONS. GUILLAUME FOUCHE,

CALLED

THE WOLF
THE WOLF
AMONG THE LAMBS.
AMONG THE LAMBS.

Introducing the unrivalled

BOUQUET OF BEAUTY,
BOUQUET OF BEAUTY,

LILLIE BRANDON, KATE HARRISON,
JULIA RICHMOND, LUCY CLIFTON,
M'LLE JENNIE, M'LLE GERALDINE,
LA PETITE ELLA, &c., &c.

THE GREAT CORPS D'ETHIOPE
THE GREAT CORPS D'ETHIOPE

WILL APPEAR.

A NEW OLIO OF FUN,
A NEW OLIO OF FUN,
A NEW OLIO OF FUN,

Consisting of Songs, Dances, Farces, Burlesques, &c.

Calling into requisition, in addition to the eminent artistes above named, the acceptable services of Messrs.

HARRY BLOODGOOD, H. W. WILLIAMS,
WILLIS ARMSTRONG, J. S. CLARKE,
MONS. SOL, O. W. SWAGGART,
T. BROWN, &c.

Admission 25 cents; Orchestra 50 cents; Private boxes holding six persons, $5.

Doors open at ¼ before 7 o'clock. Performance at ¾ before 8 o'clock.

POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,
POPULAR FAMILY MATINEE,

REGULAR SERIES, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock.

Admission—Ladies 20 cents; Children 10 cents.

THE GREAT TERPSICHOREAN ALLIANCE,
M'LLE ANNETTA GALETTI and
MONS. TOPHOFF;
ALSO,
MISSES JULIA MORTIMER,
MILLIE FOWLER, and
CLARA FOWLER.

Will appear on MONDAY Evening, December 7.

BOARDING.

BOARDERS.—A gentleman and lady or a few single gentlemen, can secure very pleasant rooms, with Board, by applying at 486 Eleventh street. Also, a few day boarders can be accommodated. del 3t*

FIRST CLASS BOARD, WITH LARGE and handsomely furnished Rooms, for gentlemen, or gentlemen and their families, at New York prices, in a pleasant location near Pennsylvania avenue, southwest corner of H and Twenty-first streets. Table board $5. no28 3t*

ROOM WITH BOARD.—A Furnished Front Room, with fire and lights, now vacant in 2d story of brick house, No. 250 New York avenue, near Tenth street, occupied by a private family, will be let with board to a gentleman and wife or two gentlemen. References exchanged. Terms, $70 per month. no29-1t-tuths6t*

THE HOUSE No. 373 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, formerly occupied by Mrs. Davis, has been rented by the proprietor of the Clarendon Hotel. The house is large and commodious, location unsurpassed. The rooms will be let furnished, either to transient or permanent boarders, with or without meals, which can be had at the Hotel if desired. oc17-tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF WASHINGTON.

CAPITAL—$500,000.

This Bank, organized under the National Banking Law of the last Congress, is opened this day for the transaction of business, at the corner of Fifteenth and F streets, opposite the Treasury Department.

H. D. COOKE, President.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier. oc22-tf

CUBA CIGARS.—Cigars from 1,000 to 47,000, of Jiguani tobacco, for sale at a low price for cash. Apply to JOSE PICATO HIJO,
no25 6t* 448 Twelfth street, between G and H sts.

GREAT BARGAINS
IN
PIANOS
That have been used.

One fine 7-octave Piano, Nunns & Co, $200.
One fine 7 octave Piano, $180.
One 6¾ octave, Rosewood, Hallet & Davis, $150
One 6¾-octave, Chickering, $100.
One 6-octave, Andrew Stein, $65.

Also, just received a large assortment of

NEW PIANOS,

from the manufactories of

STEINWAY & SONS,
RAVEN & BACON, AND
HAINES BROTHERS,

which we sell at lowest factory prices.

We have also on hand several of Mason & Hamlin's Organ Harmoniums, suitable for churches, together with the largest stock of Musical Instruments and Sheet Music in this city.

W. G. METZEROTT,
Music Depot,
no29-1t&4td Cor of 11th street and Pennsylvania av.

MUSIC
FOR PARTIES
AND
FASHIONABLE BALLS

Can be engaged by calling on ALBERT POPPENBERG, Leader of the 17th U. S. Infantry Band, at the Barracks, corner of 17th and I sts. west, no25-1m* or Box 953, Post Office.

Daily Chronicle.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1863.

NEWS ITEMS.

On the 18th ult., the jubilee of the battle of Leipsig was celebrated all over Germany; the song of Arndt, "Was ist des Deutschen Vaterland," was sung, and the name of the composer published for the first time. He is Herr Johannes Cotta, born at Ruhla, in the Thuringian Forest. When a student of theology at Jena, in 1814, he composed Arndt's song. He is now a clergyman at Willerstedt, a small village in Thuringia.

The exhumation of the remains of Beethoven, which recently took place under official recognition, has been protested against by the family of the great composer, having taken place without their knowledge, and being opposed to their will. They declare that this "profanation" has awakened the most painful feelings, and "that they will strenuously oppose the carrying out of all further projects already conceived and made known in that matter."

A marriage is arranged and will shortly take place between Sir Henry Havelock, son of the late Major General Sir Henry Havelock, of Lucknow, and Lady Alice Moreton, daughter of the Countess Dowager of Ducie. A marriage is also arranged to take place between Mr. Walter Smyth, brother to Sir Frederick Smyth, and Miss Louisa Herbert, daughter of Mr. William Herbert, of Clytha.

The chronicler of the Paris *Nation* states that at one of the late races at Vincennes, a workman of the Faubourg St. Antoine, on seeing some ladies of the *demimonde* approaching in splendid equipages, exclaimed, "Make room there for the rag-gatherers of the future!" His words were caught up by the bystanders, who seemed to think them quite appropriate.

The future Queen of Greece is designated most unhesitatingly in the person of Eugenie, second daughter of Maria, Duchess of Leuchtenberg. The promessi sposi have already met at St. Petersburg, and are mutually plighted. The bride's mother is now in Italy with her elder daughter, whose hand is also disposed of to Prince Umberto, the heir apparent of the Italian throne.

A characteristic letter from Mr. Ruskin has appeared, in which that eminent critic excuses himself from attending an art meeting in Liverpool, because he is so shocked at the condition of Polish affairs. He says that a country "which will not fight for its ideas is not likely to have anything worth painting."

The London *Times* has a long and favorable notice of Mr. Hawthorne's work, "Our Old Home." It opens thus: "Mr. Hawthorne is, after Washington Irving, the best prose writer that America has produced, and somewhat in Irving's manner he now favors us with a description of scenes in England, the old home of his fathers."

The London correspondent of the *Northern Whig* states that the intended establishment of the *May Fair Magazine*, under Miss Braddon's editorship, is abandoned, and that the *Temple Bar* will still retain the benefit of that lady's services, a new novel by her being commenced in the January number.

The Yelverton cause, it is believed, will be ready for the House of Lords in February—the case for the respondent, the Hon. Mrs. Theresa Longworth or Yelverton, being in an advanced state of preparation, and the appellant's having been lodged before the House of Lords rose.

The London *Times, Daily News, Telegraph,* and *Star*, all think that the appointment of Dr. Trench to the Archbishopric of Dublin the best that could be made, and that it is calculated to satisfy the great majority of reasonable churchmen on both sides of the Irish Channel.

Garibaldi has addressed a letter to the Workingmen's Association in Ravenna, in which he declares that Napoleon is the great enemy of Italy and that it should be the aim of every Italian to "unBonapartise" his native land.

FINANCIAL.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

BANKERS.

No. 452 Fifteenth Street,

We shall continue to furnish

U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS

At par until further notice.

Persons desiring information concerning this Loan can procure at our counter, or upon application by mail, Circulars answering all questions that may arise.

We buy and sell all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS, TREASURY NOTES, CERTIFICATES, AND VOUCHERS.

Coin, Currency, and Exchange.

And pay the highest prices for

CERTIFICATE CHECKS.

au4-1m-tf JAY COOKE & CO.

UNITED STATES 5.20 BONDS,

UNITED STATES 7-30 TREASURY NOTES,
UNITED STATES COUPONS OF 1881,
UNITED STATES CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS,

Gold, Silver, Uncurrent Money, Exchange on all parts of Europe and the Northern Cities,
BOUGHT AND SOLD.

We are authorised to furnish 5-20 bonds at par until the 1st of August next, when the privilege of conversion ceases.

Orders for Stocks and Gold executed in New York exclusively on commission.

RITTENHOUSE, FANT & CO.,
Bankers, 352 Pennsylvania avenue.
1716-tf [Star & Con. Union.]

FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.

We are now prepared to furnish to purchasers
U. S. 5-20 BONDS,
OF ALL DENOMINATIONS, UPON APPLICATION, WITHOUT ANY DELAY.

Subscribers holding our receipts are notified that their bonds are ready for delivery, and are requested to call for them.
JAY COOKE & CO.

ARMOR PLATES

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington, D. C. November 21, 1863.

THE DEPARTMENT will, until the — day of December next, receive proposals for the delivery at each of the Navy Yards at Portsmouth, N. H.; Charlestown, Mass.; Brooklyn, N. Y., and Philadelphia, of the following described side armor, stringers, and deck plating for the vessel at each yard. The proposition may be separately for the side armor, stringers, and deck plating, and may be for one or more vessels, but it must embrace the whole of each description of iron for a vessel; that is, the deck plating, the stringers, or the side armor may be bid for separately:

DECK ARMOR.

Eleven hundred (1,100) wrought iron plates, more or less ten (10) feet long, thirty-two (32) inches wide, and one and one-half (1½) inch thick.

A portion of these plates will be sheared to suit the curvature of the side line of the vessel; also, to fit around the turrets and hatches, for which plans will be furnished to the contractors. To be of the best iron, ends and edges square, straight, and planed true to the sizes given. The whole to be delivered within ten (10) months from the day of contract.

WROUGHT IRON STRINGERS.

Three thousand and twenty (3,020) lineal feet of iron stringers, eight (8) inches square except at the stern and stem, where they will taper one way for the length of about forty (40) feet on each end of the vessel to about three (3) inches. These stringers to be in length twenty-three (23) feet six (6) inches, the ends to be fitted together with a proper scarph one (1) foot long; one half of the scarph to be taken from the end of each. There will be four ranges of these stringers on each side of the vessel. To be made of the best iron, ends and edges square and straight, true to the sizes given. The whole to be delivered in eight (8) months from the date of the contract.

SIDE ARMOR.

One hundred and forty-six (146) plates of wrought iron, three (3) inches in thickness, of the following lengths and widths, viz:

1	plate	16 feet		long by	39 inches wide
23	"	16		"	39
1	"	10 feet	6 inches	long by	33 inches wide
21	"	10 "		"	33
2	"	16 "	2 "	"	26 "
1	"	16 "	2 "	"	39 "
51	"	7 "	7 "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	6¾ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	6½ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	6¼ "	"	45 "
2	"	7 "	6 "	"	45 "
2	"	7 "	5¾ "	"	45 "
2	"	7 "	5½ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	5¼ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	5 "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	4¾ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	4 "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	3¾ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	3½ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	3¼ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	3 "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	2½ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	2¼ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	2 "	"	45 "
2	"	7 "	1¾ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	1½ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	1¼ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	1 "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	0½ "	"	45 "
1	"	7 "	0¼ "	"	45 "
10	"	7 "		"	45 "
2	"	10 "		"	26 "
1	"	10 "	2 "	"	32 "

The whole of the side armor to be made from the best iron, ends and edges to be square and straight and planed true to the sizes given. To be delivered in nine (9) months from date of the contract.

The whole of the iron to be of a quality that will bear a tensile strain of twenty-two (22) United States tons to the square inch.

No bids will be received except from parties having establishments capable of doing this work, and their establishments will be examined before a contract will be awarded.

Particulars will be given on application to the commandant of the Brooklyn, New York, Navy-yard.

The contract will embrace the usual conditions, and the Department reserves the right to reject any or all the proposals that may be made under this advertisement if, in its opinion, the public interests require.

The proposition must state the price per pound for which each class of the iron will be delivered in the respective navy yards, and must be accompanied by a guarantee that the parties will execute a contract if awarded to them.
no24-tuthsde3t

MARBLE MANTELS.—Constantly on

hand at my Warerooms, corner of First street and New Jersey avenue, the largest supply of the different styles and patterns of Marble Mantels that can be found at any other establishment in this city, and at lower prices. Purchasers will please give me a call and judge for themselves before making engagements. Also, all kinds of stone work for building purposes, such as Brown Stone, Marble, Granite, and North River stone work, manufactured to order at the shortest notice and lowest cash prices. Marble, North River, and Bresman Tile and Flagging constantly on hand and laid down to order. North river Blue Stone of all descriptions, as well as Lime, Cement, and Plaster, for sale low for cash.
oc17-1y NICHOLAS ACKER.

No. 287 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

A. M. BININGER & CO.'S Store is at 287 Pennsylvania avenue, below Thirteenth street, and nearly opposite Hentler's.

MISCELLANEOUS.

F. DESFOSSE,

FRENCH AND AMERICAN BAKER.

No. 367 Nineteenth street, near Pennsylvania avenue.

The undersigned, favorably known in this city for the last five years begs leave to inform his numerous customers that, after many trials, he has at last succeeded in imparting to his French Bread that beautiful gilt color thus far only to be seen in Paris. He also makes the French "flutes croustillantes," so justly celebrated there.

The best judges are the numerous and distinguished visitors expected during Congress, who, having traveled in Europe, have not failed to enjoy the luxuries of life in Paris. Patronage respectfully solicited.

Arrangements have been made to supply bread in any part of the town by 7 o'clock A. M.

The French Bread has been highly recommended to their patients by the first doctors in the city of Washington as the best for persons of weak constitutions.
no28-1m F. DESFOSSE.

CLARIFIED CIDER,

CLARIFIED CIDER.

Just received, per schooner Julia Anna, direct from Massachusetts, a shipment of Prime Clarified Cider, in barrels. For sale by

RILEY A. SHINN,
Union Bottling Depot,
no28 6t [Star] 57 Greene st., Georgetown, D. C.

SAPONIFIER,

OR CONCENTRATED

LYE.

FAMILY SOAP-MAKER.

ECONOMY! ECONOMY!!

EVERY FAMILY can make its own SOAP from WASTE KITCHEN GREASE at a cost of only

FOUR CENTS

per pound with Saponifier, which is

THREE TIMES THE STRENGTH OF POTASH.

Full directions accompany each one-pound iron can.

NOTICE.

The genuine Saponifier is only put up in 1-lb IRON cans, by the

PENNSYLVANIA SALT-MANUFACTURING CO.,

Patentees and sole Manufacturers.

Beware of Counterfeits! Be sure you buy the IRON can!

FOR SALE BY

no23-3m Druggists and Grocers generally.

W. H. HARROVER,

MANUFACTURER OF

STOVES, RANGES,

And Dealer in all kinds of

TIN-WARE, HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,

Camp Equipments, &c.,

633 Seventh street, 633

Five doors north Pennsylvania avenue,

no19-tf Washington, D. C.

"HOW ARE YOU, GREENBACKS?"

"Old men for counsel, young men for war."

You can't see it? Then call at the corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Twentieth street and examine our new stock of Splendid Clothing.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

of every description.

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

SMITH & CO.,
oc10-1y Cor. Penn ave. and Twentieth street.

460. 460. 460.

AND still the wonder grew.

Cash does the business.

"A thing of joy is always beautiful:"

That is the reason why our new style of

FALL AND WINTER COATS

please everybody. Call and examine our Splendid Stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, &c.

Suits made to order. Call and see samples.

J. H. SMITH,
au16-1y 460 Seventh street, opposite Post Office.

CLEAR THE TRACK while the bell rings.

There's no use of talking.

The goods must be sold

Constantly receiving from our Manufactory,

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

of every description.

Custom Goods made to order.
Call and examine samples at 351 Seventh street.
oc10-1y SMITH & BEALL.

THE OLD WAR HORSE IN THE FIELD.

J. BRUCE & CO.

Invite your attention to their large stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING,

at prices that defy competition.

Boys' Clothing!
Which will fit them all,
High or low, large or small,
Old or young, short or tall,
White or black, "one and all."

J. BRUCE & CO.,
oc11-1y 464 Seventh street.

452 SEVENTH STREET. 452

PAPERHANGINGS

AND

WINDOW SHADES.

FALL STYLES.

L. J. ROTHROCK,

452 Seventh street, opposite the Patent Office,

Has in store a large stock of the most fashionable descriptions of decorative and plainer styles of Paperhangings, Window Shades, Gilt Cornice, &c. Also a large and very select stock of Picture Frames, Card de Visite Frames, Picture Cord, Tassels, Nails, &c.

All work executed promptly to the best manner.

Come and see at 452 Seventh street, opposite the Patent Office.
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SHOW CASES.

FRASER'S
WAREROOM:
Of plain and Elegant
SHOW CASES,
Corner of READE and HUDSON Streets,
NEW-YORK.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.

LADIES' BLACK, COLORED, AND SCARLET CLOAKS AND CIRCULARS;
Black, Frosted Beaver, Plush, and Water-proof Cloaking Cloths;
French Merinos, Reps, and Ottomans in all colors;
Plain, Plaid, and Striped Valencias;
White, Red, and Blue Flannels, in all qualities;
Sack and Shirting Flannels;
Cassimeres and Satinets;
White and Colored Blankets;
Long and Square Shawls;
Black Silks;
Mourning Goods, in great variety;
White and Brown Cotton Sheetings, &c.;
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts;
Hosiery, Gauntlets, Jouvin's Kid Gloves, &c., &c.

M. TAYLOR & CO.,
no 8-Sk41mo No. 42 Centre Market space.

ORDNANCE OFFICE, War Department,

Washington, November 13, 1863.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on the first of December next, for furnishing 75,000 sets, complete, of Cavalry Accoutrements, to be delivered in the following quantities, at the undernamed places, viz:

10,000 sets at the United States armory, Springfield, Mass.

20,000 sets at the United States Arsenal, Governor's Island, New York.

15,000 sets at Frankford Arsenal, Bridesburg, Pa.

20,000 sets at Allegheny Arsenal, Pittsburg, Pa.

10,000 sets at St. Louis Arsenal, St. Louis, Mo.

These accoutrements are to be made in strict conformity with the regulation patterns, which can be seen at the above-named places. Each set is to consist of one sabre-belt and plate complete; one carbine-sling, with swivel, complete; one sabre knot; one carbine cartridge-box; one pistol cartridge-box; one belt-holster, for army-size revolver; and one cap pouch, with cone pick. All of which are to be made of the best materials and workmanship. The sabre-belt, sabre-knot and carbine-sling are to be of *Buff Leather, blacked*; and the cartridge boxes, belt-holster, and cap pouch, of best *Oak Tanned Leather. It is to be distinctly understood by bidders that leather partially tanned with anything else but Oak will not be received.* All the articles to be inspected at the place where to be delivered.

Deliveries must be made in lots of not less than 600 sets per week for all contracts of 10,000 sets and under, and not less than 1,000 sets per week for all contracts of over 10,000 sets. The first delivery to be made within fifteen days after date of contract; and any failure to deliver at a specified time will subject the contractor to a forfeiture of the number of sets which he may fail to deliver at that time. The accoutrements are to be boxed in the usual manner, the boxes for which will be paid for at cost price, to be determined by the inspector.

Bidders will state explicitly the Arsenal where they propose to deliver, and if more than one place, a separate bid must be made for each. No bid will be considered from parties other than regular manufacturers of the article, and such as are known to the Department to be fully competent to execute, in their own shops, the work proposed for. Each party obtaining a contract will be required to enter into bonds, with approved sureties, for its faithful fulfillment.

The Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if not deemed satisfactory, for any cause.

Proposals will be addressed to Brig. General George D. Ramsay, Chief of Ordnance, Washington, D. C., and will be endorsed "Proposals for Cavalry Accoutrements."

GEO. D. RAMSAY,
Brigadier General and Chief of Ordnance.
no14-stuthtDec1

LIME! LIME! LIME!

1,400 barrels Lime, just arrived at Gunnell's wharf, per schooner E. Bullwinkle, and for sale by

A. C. McKNEW,
Corner Seventh street and Canal.

BUSINESS CARDS printed neatly, and with promptness, at the "Chronicle" Job Printing Office.

DINING SALOONS.

READ, EXAMINE, AND DECIDE

BILL OF FARE

AT THE

HOWARD DINING ROOMS.

413 H street, second door west from Twelfth street.

Potatoes, Bread and Butter included, without extra charge, with those dishes marked with a dagger, thus (†).

MORNING MEAL.

MEATS.		VEGETABLES.	
Sirloin Steak†	25	Mercer Potatoes	5
Tenderloin Steak†	25	Sweet Potatoes	5
Porterhouse Steak†	30	Stewed Tomatoes	10
Veal Cutlet†	30	BREAD.	
Pork Steak†	20	Boston Brown	5
Ham and Eggs†	30	Graham	5
Sausage†	20	Corn	5
Beef Liver†	20	White	5
Meat Cakes†	10	Hot Rolls	5
Cold Meats	10	Dry Toast	5
FOWL.		Milk Toast	10
Chicken, Broiled†	35	CAKES.	
Chicken, Fried†	25	Buckwheats, per plate	10
Cold Fowl	25	Batter	10
FISH—fresh or corned.		Indian Meal	10
Boiled†	25	BEVERAGES.	
Fried†	25	Tea	5
Fish Balls†	20	Coffee	5
		Chocolate	10
Apple & Cranberry Sauce, Preserves, &c.		Milk	5

DINNER.

SOUPS.		OYSTERS.	
Oyster	15	Raw, with Trimmings	20
Vegetable	10	Stewed "	25
Beef	10	Fried "	30
ROAST.		Broiled "	30
Sirloin of Beef†	25	FISH.	
Loin of Lamb†	30	Broiled†	25
Pork†	25	Fried†	25
Chicken†	37	Boiled†	25
Turkey†	37	Lobster†	30
BOILED.		VEGETABLES.	
Leg of Lamb†	25	Mercer Potatoes	5
Corned Beef & Cabbage†	25	Sweet Potatoes	5
Ham†	25	Beets	5
Mutton†	25	Parsnips or Carrots	5
BROILED.		Cabbage	5
Sirloin Steak†	25	Tomatoes	10
Porterhouse Steak†	30	Boiled Onions	5
Mutton Chop†	25	Turnips	5
FRIED.		DESSERT.	
Veal Cutlet†	30	Puddings	10
Pork Steak†	20	Pies	5
Sausage†	20	Baked Apples	5
Ham and Eggs†	30	Fruits	
BAKED.		Cake	
Chicken Pie			
Meat Pie†	25		
Oyster Pie†	30		
Beans and Pork†	20		

Tea ..... 5 | Coffee ..... 5 | Chocolate 10

EVENING MEAL.

Cold Fowl†	25	Toast, dry	5
Cold Meats	10	Toast, Milk	10
Oysters		Brown bread	5
Chicken†	35	Light bread	5
Ham and Eggs†	30	Buckwheats, per plate	10
Steak (Tenderloin)†	25	Sauces and Preserves	5
Fish†	25	Pickles	5

Tea ..... 5 | Coffee ..... 5 | Chocolate 10

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

The rooms are now in successful operation. Connected with the above, there is a

LADIES' ORDINARY,

conducted with all the privacy desired by ladies or gentlemen requiring Board by the week or month. The charges are moderate, and made known at the rooms. Meal Hours in the Ordinary; Breakfast, 7 till 9; Dinner, 12 till 2 and 3 till 5; Tea 6 till 7; Sundays, 8, 2, and 6.

In both departments it will be the object of the proprietor to render the tables and the attention to customers superior to the best in the city. There is room for improvement. Such an establishment has for some time been required, and every effort will be made to supply this deficiency to the fullest possible extent.

Dinners or Suppers for Parties served in the Rooms, or at private residences, on the shortest notice. Particular attention paid to evening parties. By giving twenty-four hours' notice, dinner parties can have a dining room appropriated to their exclusive use after 7 o'clock in the evening.

Those in the vicinity who have houses or rooms to be rented, will do themselves and the inquiring public a favor by sending immediately a list of the same, with prices, to the office of these Dining Rooms, where they will be registered, without charge, for the inspection of applicants for apartments.

HOWARD DINING ROOMS,

No. 413 H street, between 12th and 13th streets, south side, Washington, D. C.
no29-1t52td

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE SUPREME COURT of the District of Columbia,

holding a District Court of the United States for the said District, to all whom it may concern, greeting:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That, on the 2d day of October, 1863, the schooner Alma, her tackle, &c. and cargo, were captured by the United States gunboat Seneca, and brought into this District for adjudication, and the same are libeled and prosecuted in this Court in the name of the United States, for condemnation, as lawful prize, for reasons in the libel set forth; and that said cause will stand for trial at the City Hall in the city of Washington, on the second Monday of December next, when and where all persons are warned to appear to show cause why condemnation should not be decreed, and intervene for their interests.

November 20, 1863.
no21-td14 R. J. MEIGS, Clerk.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the

subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Washington county, in the District of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of Richard Donnelly, late of Washington county aforesaid, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of November next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 14th day of November, 1863.

ANNIE DONNELLY,
no17-tu3w* Administratrix.

GRAVEL ROOFS.

THE WILSON MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Successors to J. P. WALKER & SON.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,

AND

PHILADELPHIA PA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

LAMP BLACK, ROOFING MATERIALS,

AND

WILSON'S IMPROVED FIRE AND WATER-PROOF FELT, CEMENT, AND GRAVEL

ROOFS;

OFFICE—No. 167 Twenty-second street west.

WORKS—Foot of Twenty-second street west Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, Washington; and Thirtieth and Hamilton streets, Philadelphia.

T. P. WILSON, Jr., Secretary.
1y22-d&3m G. W. WILSON, Superintendent.

COAL AND WOOD.

COAL AT WHOLESALE,

At my wharf, foot of Eleventh street, Island.

OAK WOOD AT WHOLESALE,

At my yard, near Baltimore and Ohio Railroad depot.

COAL AND WOOD AT RETAIL.

Anthracite and Cumberland Coal.

Hickory, Oak, and Pine Wood.

au15-3&dtf G. W. PALMER.

COAL, COAL.

2,000 TONS COAL
FOR SALE CHEAP.
Look to your interest.
Red Ash Coal, Egg and Stove size.
White Ash Coal, Furnace, Egg, and Stone Size.
1,500 CORDS
OAK, WOOD,
PINE, and
HICKORY WOOD,

Cord length, or sawed and split any length required.

Consumers of Fuel will find it greatly to their advantage to call before buying elsewhere, as the above will be sold very low. Remember the place.

W. H. MARLOW,
oc13-tf South side Canal, corner Seventh street.

HICKORY, OAK, AND PINE WOOD

for sale, cord length, cheap, by

N. C. McKNEW,
se11-tf corner Seventh street and Canal.

COAL! COAL! COAL!—Of all kinds,

on hand and for sale by N. C. McKNEW,
Union Fire Wood Mill,
se11-tf corner Seventh street and Canal.

WOOD! WOOD!!

Sawed in four pieces and Split for One Dollar per Cord.

N. C. McKNEW,
Union Fire Wood Mill,
se11-tf corner Seventh street and Canal.

MILITARY BUCKSKIN GLOVES and

GAUNTLETS.—Officers by sending an order with number of kid glove they wear, can immediately be supplied, at $4 per pair for Buck Gauntlets, and $3 for Lamb-lined do. Regiments and companies can be supplied with Buck Gauntlets, at 90 cents per pair. A large assortment of Long Black Leggings, Undershirts, and Drawers, constantly on hand and made to order.

HEALEY & CO.,
S. E. corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets,
no5-3m Philadelphia.

EDUCATIONAL.

MR. H. TOWNSEND

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SECURE A MUSICAL EDUCATION.

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THOMAS B. FORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

[illegible]

JOHN JOLLIFFE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

[illegible]

WILLIAM HALSTED,

[illegible]

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[illegible]

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[illegible]

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322 BUHLER RESTAURANT 322

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TO SUTLERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN MILITARY AND OTHER GOODS.

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KNIGHT & JOHNSON

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EXPRESS COMPANIES.

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GREAT OPPORTUNITY.—Ground for

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PROPOSALS.

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SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until

[illegible]

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CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

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[illegible]

TRUNK, VALISE AND BAG MANUFACTORY.

[illegible]

FOR SALE—Copies of the Judge Advocate General's Report

[illegible]

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CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,

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PROPOSALS FOR MORTAR SHELLS.

[illegible]

321 HEADQUARTERS 321

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GREAT PENNSYLVANIA ROUTE TO THE NORTHWEST AND SOUTHWEST.

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BILL-HEADS for Storekeepers and others, printed in the best style at the "Chronicle" Job Office.