

RTTB - 1 cer J. lt ph FF 1555 10 1 DRP?-CNT CO2 1603 WTS lt orl. ľ Cee 115V 1605 WTS lipl 2 N 1600 SOUTYTERN NE æd 1610 4 3 ady Cer 1611 WYS 3 -let a 022 SOUTYTERN 1613 TF E ela 64. CNT E 1615 WTS 4 et pl. Qee et pl N 1616 9 1 6 1619 N 11 1620 CNT a 1628 lt ml. WTS N 1630 CLOSE OBS 1800 Open 083. - Molo Kai few miles to the right CNT 1809 E SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66

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Ship Directio: TIME	n SPECIES	#	– DIR.	SMITHSO DIVI AT SE SPECIMEN or BAND NO	ONIAN INSTITUTION ISION OF BIRDS EA DAILY LOG - E REMARKS	Date 10 July '67 Pg.# 2
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lt of the wearse 1512 WFS 3 8 FF 1515 Soory TERN 150:20 000 5+ WTS It ph seen ; probably mony more > 25? 100 1516 ScoryTERN 3 54 ado. FF 1520 11 11 60:5 8 3T WTS etph Gen. BUL. /S SP large stom pet tuil net soon well Buluens as Sooty ST-CROL 23 FF 1615 Sosty Term Cer faling ST- 466 AF 1630 " " 150-15 Bup- 2 00 FF 1630 WTS SPIENO - 5 willow the sootie Ø 1D 1840 DTr. 50 WTS - 27 2 2 mall - distant NE SHRETR -1650 WTS ce STORM -1700 BWP PTER -SE 2 PEX -1 ... PT, Ethenun JFPTEPE æ 1710 505 V 1715 PT. Sp. Cla Z 5 1743 SM. PTEROSA et ph SI-MNH-958-e 1815 1755 WTS CLOSE OBS 551700Rev. 5-66 ge SOUTH TERN



SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66

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NE **OBSERVERS:** H.FF 8:00 SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION DIVISION OF BIRDS Ship AT SEA DAILY LOG - E Date 15 July Pg.# 1 Direction SPECIMEN or SPECIES DIR. BAND NO. REMARKS # TIME possible Layton - sighted by Mr. Hours - open obs. Por on GREEN SEET B.F. A16. 630 800 1100 - CLOSEOBS. 1230 12 45 BFA OPENOBS l 0 dark rungs dose obs. 1830 36 9.0 hrs SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66





low on works I merrow wings slate - white defficilt + distant, no discernable pattern 1900 CLOSE OBS. SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



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dorsal + ventral - very chanty short neck grouse like tail - slightly smaller then an allatsons RED PHAL. 1150 breeding on portly breeding plum. S 1200 STORMAET DARKROMP O HUMUCHROIL O. LEUCORHOA SOCORROBASIS a 245 pm. juger Q Sul-adult ? PHRASITIC ?? TF 1400 jacyon sp. 9 Q appeared stutty as the above sighting 1602 PTERO (SMHLL) E 1615 RED PHAL bluske Car Phal 1820 E light belly 1930 5 Tom Petral db. no.  $\mathcal{O}$ 1933 2300 full moon - no birds noted 2400 SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



021 dorsæl white shah on outer privaries - clarb sup 1622 WRSP cee JAEGERSP. 1702 ad parasities? no cost tail & seen. N 1703 . dh. rump underwings dork. SYORM PET Ce STURM AT 1705 cea 1710 4 4 Cer 1725 wasp acten - following Ge 15M114. ? STORMPET 1748 aa rang 1810 Storm pat FF feeling with BFA astern mgarlinge 6 æ BFA 4 cel 1920 SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66





**OBSERVERS:** HFF + Khan SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION DIVISION OF BIRDS Ship AT SEA DAILY LOG - E Direction Date Z4 4 SECTION CE SR-Calsoo CW CAISOD-SS SPECIMEN Pg.# / or # DIR. BAND NO. REMARKS SPECIES TIME 0515-FF open obs. 4 BFA 0515 ing ship 0720 DRSP COR 5 0750 BFA eu 0905 JAEGERSP. 2 flueled (ad paraeitic ??) cle 0913 WRSP cell 1911 WRSP Story 0922 PHALSP whit? Delow æ 09+2 SKud Jorga on water - while in ways - light overall 0952 WRSP SH 0955 mammel. Granpen 2 - One animal long ely white on consol surfaces. Highly recurred darsal seen on both animets . O m blow seen , very shart and stronger 0958 Stongah over Augun 1030 WRSP 89 1118 WRSP 874 BFA 140 3 droup., 5 wT. Ap. 8 æ Stom Pet 1350 Not well seen. 1410 Bird sp. 1700 Stam Pd 81-1704 11 888. Feeding 1745 Shear/pet 2 1830 Stown peti distant he 1923. SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66

**OBSERVERS:** CHAN, DELONG, HOFF SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION DIVISION OF BIRDS Ship AT SEA DAILY LOG - E Direction Date <u>25 Jucy 1967</u> Pg.#\_\_\_\_ SPECIMEN or DIR. BAND NO. REMARKS # SPECIES TIME 0600 BEGNORS SR 0532 0615 2dk. , 1 mottled BFA • 3 020 0735 Sm. Pierope. distant N 1 0745 RED PHAL. 3 æ - breed plum. flying and on H20 0758 WRSP de aden 0500 BFA 6 au ilt, 1 matt, 2 dock, 1 ? 0810 Cook's Pet the back type CLE 0815 WRSP CE - 80-90. ( SE- E) a 0834 laeger sp. harranding BFA belief ship 0845 Storm pet. œ 1000 BFA 1 tt. up. 2 close als for Ggad D.C. 1000-1045 Driels. Locus bay 1315 SOOTY SHEME 2 cee BFA 1600 5 CQ: "medum size whited - JOHANSEN - PTERUDROMA" CHAN. 1735 BIRDSP 2 ca 8 1745 BFA 00 1921 35 SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



5de Z FOLLOWING 45TERN 1100 BEA 36 Cae ORSP 2 ca 1107 WRSP æ 1110 11 COL DIFF FROMLIO7 1111 2 11 cu. - SITTING ON HOO 1110BIRD IN FIGHT 1118 K au 1125 15 al 1127 11 1251251605 10n H20 ac 2 1130 DRSP Cle 1136 STORM PET a dist 1142 WRSP - Definite Leachs Petril . 888 1152 5 horebird - Small - mitte photomer - E//ig Cc 50 50 -2-12 1158 WRSP beek above unter. 1220 gauger 84. clan, aquare while onen 2 forked but - a. l. bealing Ar overall light amenine - gray is - uppige tail I kent bankad (16 mit with) purtilly provides SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



Sassocnilas so blackang - month madging, a litertic 1330 Term 1 c/s 1334 Shonehis 1537 Applant 4 Flatherd - 5 848 1340 Sould Runp dand - traces y white on and og Cay 1347 N.Philesone L flarts. Chomming some - sut arenter by the . I three lines of mystind phings around had & week, bill long and shere here, I book dond . 1345 Jacque go 2 1348 WRSP SL SNY 1352 WRSP 2 884 a stompt Forter f /ight? ?? - slight white a side of flate. 1 8m-1413 BEA Tonly 8 filling SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66







6937 WRSP 84 1029 STORMPET Delphinus 5 BFA Q 11:15 aler SM. PIERO. 1120 agained cook-size and habit 15 cm. at lush Ca 1128 STORN PET tion will white au Hoff-flewon bound Ca 0930 Posit? 1200 Burt-till in Dorsal. Ca collected \_\_\_\_ / 5-6 feet in lingth , 1200 WRSP a 1 1740 ShanfPet Small all black. I light atten short, steep NW archo. Occasional flogging at the topy the arch. CI Shammater sized --???? SOOTY SHEAR MAYBE 1742 SOOT Y SHEAR Nu -SS CLUSE ORS. 1922 SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



0925 2 M COORTYPE doo Whater in the water (1015) 1015 5 11 1.5 1030 10 10 darle reval setiel 2 5 10 35 11 11  $\mathcal{P}$ I noted by shift 10 35 Red Phalanger P C 1035 Pterdem Pferohrma Cook, ? X 1038 PT won, ? all : chan 2 1055 Pl. coll. Chan in shift C 1105 Por reared 1107 WRSR. 848 wll. all shiff than. C 1125 Leader Stpet CC1145. 11. Coabi 2 collected Chan, 2 LC - collecter Chun collecter Chan. C/150 PT. Coobi C 1155 SOOTYSHEAR C -P a. C/1220 Cucho Pil SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



100 25 1615 skiff out WRSP - 5 1630 WRSP X COONS - 6 WRSD 1700 70 57187-WASP 1705 24 1725 Contro petrel 1744 1745 1607 11 12 porpoise H sec 2 N ST. PET. 121 N 1815 Corbo pet. N 1820 WRSP 5  $\mathcal{N}$ Cocho Petrel 1845 1850 WASP AN 1911-95 SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



1011 JAEGERSP N 34 1012 STORM PET qu 1015 wasp CNI 1 1035 Ston Peh 1 Sur Doch Runp. 1040 61 SE 1648 " SE 1110 11 585 1120 11 ch 1125 11 all6 lach 548 1128 11 - all black & flight patfor in Not as 2 94 inthe mound for leader. About 4-6 floors of the wing ada dominant glide - covering a good 0 line distance - Flying down wind. Look to smill be homelania. + all block - depit o. l.? Ston Pel 1121 ·/· ~~ 84 1138 11 88 SI-MNH-958-e Rev. 5-66



1542 11 11 cee ( 1555 SOOTY SHEAR N 1557 Ston Psk 84 1604 Publiment Burn month - Doch Chining doch thead gn ENech, while underwings . Looked to be luga the P. 1. mis thought book was to for the Creatopus (monthly Colored wrong also). Culd it he trustendo? - ched. 1606 Ston Och 1 812 16 ho show / per puble Saty She - mhying N 1620 Strim Rel 888 1 1621 WESE N 16212 13 5 1628 WRSP 82 SI-MNH-958-e 1629 Phalange Flying 50 ph above surface Elocalizing 6 Rev. 5-66



1730 wesp SN white articlery mall - dividely Hul. 1732 Floriting Mangetis will fime - fuel! 1810 WRSP ス 50 1815 Svoty Sheer. 5 1815 one oderiel (eared-seal) 1820 15FA Z following oning STORM - 2 1822 Souty Sheer F.P 1830 WRSp 1845 S. Shear ges 1850 WRSP Se Jsp-1900 WRSP  $\gamma$ 1916 Jaeger sp. N 1915 Jooly Sherr. ~ 1925 S. Shear. 2 dose be SI-MNH-958-e 1936 Rev. 5-66

Sub perifi idetification of Albright i andor to Scheffer & Rice 1963, Plene pere asis



E.A.C. CRUISE DATA

TIME LAT. LONG. SUNRISE \$515 33-20 M 122-06W 1923 33°22N 184°24W SUNSET

SHIP YAG-40

TOTAL MILES TRAVELED SUNRISE TO SUNSET 130

POSITION

TIME	LAT.	LONG.	
0400415	33-19.8N	121-5600	1922045 0500
0600	33° 19.5N	122° 15 W	12 77 3425 0700
0800	33-20 N	122 - 36W	240040 0000
1000	33°20.N	123000.00	5 5 53 11 1100
1200	33-19.7 N	123-20.5W	210 2311 - 1301
1400	33°21. N	123°41.5w	
1600	33°22 N	1240 03. 60	20-2413-1-00
1800	33°21 N	124°23 W	25- 2436 - 1900
2000	33°19.0N	124048.2	25 10
2400	33018.51	125032.0	

DATE 2 7/24/67

0N-CSE- 27005 SP- 10.6 KTS

FROM	TO	(AT)	LAT.	LONG.
				an na sharan ya na angala katala katala na sana angala na sana
1/1/10/100 / 10/10/1/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10				ann ann an tha an tha ann an tha a
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E.A.C. CRUISE DATA

 TIME
 LAT.
 LONG.

 SUNRISE
 55p2 33-06n  $126-25\omega$  

 SUNSET
 1921  $32^{\circ}28N$   $124^{\circ}20\omega$ 

TOTAL MILES TRAVELED SUNRISE TO SUNSET 130

LONG. LAT. 126-094 33-17N 11 126-20W 32-54N 126-16W 32-36N 125-59W 32-33 N 125-36W 32-34 N 125-16.20 32º 30.0N 32°30.00 124054.2W 124035.00 32°28.0N 1224º14.2W 32°26.5N 2400 32° 27. UN 123° 33.00

SHIP VAG-40

DATE 7/25/67

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FROM	TO	(AT)	LAT.	LONG.
2697	18	OT	33-18 N	126-14W
180°T	09	0.7	32-33N	126-152
		Ì		

E.A.C. CRUISE DATA

	TIME	LAT.	LONG.
SUNRISE	Ø519	32030N	122°39W
SUNSET	19\$7	31°40N	122011W

SHIP VIG-40

DATE 7/26/67

31

TOTAL MILES TRAVELED SUNRISE TO SUNSET 124

## POSITION

TIME	LAT.	LONG.	
0400	32°28.5N	122°48,5W	
0600	32°30 W	122°26 W	: 3
0800	32°30.5%	122°04.8 W	
1000	32° 29.8 N	12:1º42.7W	
1200	32°29.5N	191°20 W	
1400	32°22.0N	121° 04 W	
1600	32°02.3N	121° 05.5W	
1800	31°47.0N	12.1° \$7.00	
2000	31-42.81	121-32.7W	
2400	31-45N	122-172	

1	FROM	TO (AT)	LAT.	LONG.
196	185	270	31047.00	121007.00
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E.A.C. CRUISE DATA SHIP VAG-40 DATE 7/27/67

LAT. LONG. TIME SUNRISE 0524 31445N 123-10WSUNSET 1924 3145N 125-50W ,

TOTAL MILES TRAVELED SUNRISE TO SUNSET 139

POSITION

TIME	LAT.	LONG.	
0400	31-46N	123-1210	
0600	31-45 KI	123-24W	•
0800	31-44N	123-46W	, 21
1000	31-43 N	124-07W	
1200	31-42 N	124-27.1W	
1400	31-37.71	124°54.2W	
1600	31-31,0N	125º16.0W	
1800	31-37.0N	125039,0W	
2000	31-34.60	126-02.8W	
2400	31-05.2N	126-15W	

FROM	TO	(AT)	LAT.	LONG.
271	24	8	31-45N	123-10W
268	21	17	31-342	126-19W
anderstander-station a June 10 taxes, and a stational				

E.A.C. CRUISE DATA S

SHIP VAG-40

DATE 7/28/67

TIMELAT.LONG.SUNRISE0536 $30^{\circ}57M$  $125^{\circ}35W$ SUNSET1911 $30^{\circ}50M$  $123^{\circ}0/W$ 

TOTAL MILES TRAVELED SUNRISE TO SUNSET 126

POSITION

TIME	LAT.	LONG.	
0400	30°58 N	125-42W	i i i
0600	3054,50	125-21.50	
0800	30°54.0N	125-00.2W	24 4
1000	30°57 N	124350	
1200	30°58 N	124=16 W	
1400	30°56 N	193055.50	
1600	30° 54.2N	12. 3º 34 W	
1800	30°51.5N	123°13.20	64 7
2000	30°50 N.	122053W	
2400	30°50 N	122016.80	

FROM	TO	(AT)	LAT.	LONG.
177	03	0	31-57N	1.26.174
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	And and a second se			

### PRELIMINARY REPORT

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EASTERN AREA CRUISE NO. 17

July 10-30, 1967

including

EASTERN GRID SURVEY NO. 10

Prepared by

Richard D. Chandler

Preliminary Report Eastern Area Cruise No. 17 Eastern Grid Survey No. 10 prepared by Richard D. Chandler

Cruise Itinerary:	10 July 0815 Chandler, Hoff depart Honolulu
	21 July 0514 Begin nominate Grid Cruise Track
	23 July 0900 Depart Grid area for helicopter rendezvous
	23 July 1700 DeLong arrives via helicopter
	24 July 0515 Resume regular Grid observations
	29 July 0830 Depart Grid area
	30 July 1000 Arrive Long Beach
Personnel :	Robert DeLong (Biologist-in-Charge 23-31 July) Richard Chandler (Biologist-in-Charge 10-23 July) David Hoff
Methods :	Diurnal observations were made from the helicopter deck when weather conditions permitted. During high seas the watch was held from the lee wing of the bridge. Nocturnal watches were held on the lee side of the quarterdeck. Other methods and procedures followed those established on previous cruises on this type of vessel. Birds were collected from the skiff on 28 July. No BT casts were made.

#### NON-GRID SECTIONS:

The non-Grid areas have been broken down into four sections as follows:

Section "A" Hawaiian Area 10-11 July

The observations during the first two days out of Honolulu (10-11 July) were strongly influenced by land-based populations from the main Hawaiian islands. Area "A" (see Figure #1) is best discussed separately from the next section.

Section "B" Deep Pelagic Area 12-19 July

Beyond 300 miles from the main Hawaiians the number of birds dropped sharply to a very low level and remained low to the western side of the Grid area ( $126^{\circ}30'$  W, see Figure #1).

Section "C" Pt. Arguello 23 July

During the rendezvous with the helicopter, observations were taken from 11 to 20 miles off the California coast near Pt. Arguello/Pt. Conception (see Figure #2).

#### Section "D" Grid to Long Beach 29-30 July

Departed Grid area at 0830 hours 29 July. Eleven hours of observation 0-100 miles east of the Grid on 29 July, and 1.1 hours between Santa Catalina and Long Beach on 30 July constitute this section (see Figure #2).

#### Section "A" Hawaiian Area:

During 12.4 hours (100 miles) of diurnal observations on 10 and 11 July, 620 birds of 10 species were observed. Sooty Terns, Wedge-tailed Shearwaters, and Common Noddies were the dominant species accounting for 97 percent of the birds in this section. Several large feeding flocks were seen on the 11th, 100-200 miles from land. (See non-Grid Table #2 for summary.)

#### SPECIES ACCOUNTS

Wedge-tailed Shearwater (<u>Puffinus pacificus</u>) # Obs. = 83 % Section total = 13.4

Wedge-tails were abundant on 10 July when passing 10-30 miles north of Molokai, and were regular in the Sooty Tern flocks on 11 July. All birds observed were light-phase.

Newell's Shearwater (Puffinus puffinus newelli) # Obs. = 2

Two Newell's were seen alone on 10 July.

Black-winged Petrel	#	Obs.	Ξ	2
Small Pterodroma sp.	#	Obs.	=	5
Pterodroma externa	#	Obs.	=	1

Pterodroma sp.

The above sightings were all made on the second day out. One small <u>Pterodroma</u> was thought to be a White-winged Petrel, but probably most of the small birds were <u>P. hypoleuca</u>. No Bonin-type birds were observed. The P. externa was probably a Juan Fernandez.

Dark-rumped Petrel (Pterodroma phaeopygia) # Obs. = 1

A bird tentatively assigned to this species was seen north of Molokai on 10 July.

Bulwer (?) Petrel (Bulweria bulweriae) # Obs. = 1

A single large all-dark petrel seen in a Sooty Tern flock on 11 June was probably this species. It was not observed well enough to rule out the possibility of Sooty Storm Petrel. Red-tailed Tropicbird (Phaethon rubricauda) # Obs. = 1
The single bird seen had no visible central tail feathers.
Red-footed Booby (Sula sula) # Obs. = 2
Two adult light-phase birds were recorded north of Molokai.

3

Sooty Tern (Sterna fuscata) # Obs. = 476 % Section total = 76.8

Only a few scattered sooties were seen the first day. Feeding flocks of up to 150 birds were observed over 150 miles from land on the second day. The land base of these birds is uncertain. Except for a single immature, all birds appeared to be adults.

Common Noddy (<u>Anous stolidus</u>) # Obs. = 43 % Section total = 10.2

All noddies were recorded within sight of Molokai where they were associating with Wedge-tailed Shearwaters in loose feeding flocks.

Section "B" Deep Pelagic Area 12-19 July

After leaving the area of typical Hawaiian breeding birds some 300 miles northeast of Hawaii, a barren area about 1600 miles in extent was traversed. Aside from the Black-footed Albatrosses following the ship, 14 birds were sprinkled over the 552 miles of diurnal observations in eight days. This averages out to one non-albatross bird in every 4-1/2 hours, or about one bird every 40 miles. Black-footed Albatrosses accounted for 18 of the 32 birds recorded (56%). Of significant note was the absence of this species during the first four days of the cruise.

Constant northeast trades averaging 17.5 knots accompanied most of this leg, shifting slightly to the north during the last 2-3 days. Relative gusting up to 50 m.p.h. made for generally poor observing conditions. Watch was held from the ship's bridge during most of this section.

Effects of colder north Pacific waters were felt around 26-28° N; 138-145° W, when surface temperatures dropped from 74° to 65° F. Winds increased and cloud cover obscured the sky (see Non-Grid Table #3). These changes only slightly affected bird observations.

#### SPECIES ACCOUNTS

Black-footed Albatross (Diomedea nigripes) # Obs. = 18

No albatrosses were seen from 10 July through 13 July. A bird was reported by the bridge at sunset on 14 July (27°20' N; 135°20'W). One bird was seen briefly on 15 July but birds were not regularly following the ship until 16 July (29° N; 138° W) when three were present most of the day. Three to six birds were present for the last three days. The increase of albatrosses came at the same time a notable drop of surface temperature was recorded. Of the 14 birds for which rump color was noted six (42%) were white-rumped. This is about the same as the overall percentage of white-rumped birds in the present Grid survey (15 out of 42; 82%).

Sooty Shearwater (<u>Puffinus griseus</u>) # Obs. = 2

Two Sooty/Slender-bill Shearwaters were seen on 14 July. One had "light" underwings, the other was not seen well, but both were probably this species. Both birds were traveling in a west-southwest direction.

Pterodroma sp.# Obs.= 2Both sightings were on 12 July.One may have been a  $\underline{P}$ . externa.Shearwater/Petrel# Obs.= 3

Three shearwater/petrels were observed on 16 July in the area of the most rapid surface temperature drop. Two of the birds were tentatively identified as Kermadec Petrels, one light- and one dark-phase.

Red-tailed Tropicbird (<u>Phaethon rubricauda</u>) # Obs. = 1 A short-tailed bird (subadult ?) on 17 July (ca. 30° N; 134° W) was closer to the North American coast than the Hawaiian Islands. White-tailed Tropicbird (<u>Phaethon lepturus</u>) # Obs. = 1

This was the only bird seen on 13 July.

- 4

Tropicbird sp.

# Obs. = 1

Seen on 14 July, this bird was noted as follows: "Sitting on water, large, pinkish hue, dark bill, long-light tail."

Jaeger sp.

# Obs. = 2

Two birds were seen together on 12 July.

#### Section "C" Pt. Arguello 23 July

One hour of observation was run from the helicopter rendezvous ll miles off Pt. Arguello to A Point 20 miles southwest of Pt. Arguello. Onehundred-sixteen birds of six species were observed. This area is well outside of "pelagic" areas (see Figure #2). Albatrosses were present but low in numbers; no storm petrels were seen. Sooty Shearwater was the dominant species. (See non-Grid Table #4 for summary of observations.)

#### SPECIES ACCOUNTS

Black-footed Albatross (Diomedea nigripes) # Obs. = 3

At point "Dogwood" during the morning of 23 July, at least 19 albatross were present around the ship. Twenty miles from point Dogwood, 11-20 miles from Pt. Arguello, only three were present.

Pink-footed Shearwater (Puffinus creatopus) # Obs. = 9

Pink-foots were found associated with Sooty Shearwater flocks at a ratio of approximately 1:10.

Sooty Shearwater (<u>Puffinus griseus</u>) # Obs. = 97

Sooty Shearwaters were scattered about in loose groups of 4-35. No obvious feeding concentrations were noticed.

Jaeger sp. # Obs. = 3

Three immature Jaegers were observed harassing a seal.

Western Gull (Larus occidentalis) # Obs. = 2

Two adults followed the ship's wake briefly.

Gull sp.

# Obs. = 2

5

Two small gulls were seen at a distance. They were possibly Bonapartes.

Section "D" Grid to Long Beach

29-30 July

Eleven hours of observations on the eastern side of the Grid area on 29 July were much like the southeast section of the Grid with storm petrels the dominant form (70% total). During an hour's observation between Santa Catalina and Long Beach, Western Gulls and Sooty Shearwaters were seen. (See Non-Grid Table #5 for summary of observations.)

#### SPECIES ACCOUNTS

Black-footed Albatross (Diomedea nigripes) # Obs. = 8

The high numbers of albatross noted in conjunction with storm petrels during the Grid survey were not noticeable over this section.

Pink-footed Shearwater (Puffinus creatopus) # Obs. = 1

One bird was seen inside Santa Catalina.

# NON-GRID TABLE #1. Summary of Observations, All Non-Grid Section EAC 17, 10-30 July 1967

Species	Hawaiian "A"	Pelagic "B"	Pt. Arguello "C"	Grid-L.Beach	Total
		٦8	2	8	20
Black-Iooted Albatross		TO	2	L L	10
Pink-Iooted Snearwater	82		7	7	83
Wedge-talled Shearwater	05	2	07	16	115
Sooty Snearwater	2	6	21	TO	2
Newell's Snearwater	C.			1	1
<u>Puilinus</u> sp.	Т			1	1
Snearwater sp.	No W A			5	5
COOK Petrel	0				2
Black-winged Petrel					5
Small Pterodroma	2				1
Pterodroma Externa	1				1
Dark-rumped Petrel	Ţ	0			
Pterodroma sp.	2	2		٦	),
Shearwater/Petrel	7	3		T	7
Bulwer Petrel	T			22	22
White-rumped Storm Petrel				33	22
Storm Petrel sp.		7		20	20
White-tailed Tropicbird	-	1			1
Red-tailed Tropicbird	T	1			2
Tropicbird sp.		T			T
Red-footed Booby	2			2	2
Phalarope sp.		1	2	Ţ	Ť
Jaeger sp.		24	3	2	9
Western Gull			2	TO	12
Gull sp.	1		2		2
Sooty Tern	476				470
Common Noddy	43				43
Total Birds	620	32	116	104	872
			7 0		80.0
# Hrs. Obs.	12.4	63.5	1.0	IC . L	09.0
# Miles Obs.	100	552	9	111	772
# Species	10	5	6	9	20
Linear Pens	6.200	.058	8 12.9		1.13

# NON-GRID TABLE #2. Summary of Observations, Non-Grid Section "A" -Hawaiian Area, 10-11 July 1967 EAC 17, 10-30 July 1967

Species	10 July	ll July	Total	%	Lin. Dens.	
Wedge-tailed Shearwater	s 56	27	83	13.4	.830	
Newell's Shearwater	2		2	0.3	.020	
Shearwater sp.		l	1	0.2	.010	
Total Shearwater			86	13.9	.860	
Black-winged Petrel		2	2	0.3	.020	
Small Pterodroma		5	5	0.8	.050	
Pterodroma externa		1	l	0.2	.010	
Dark-rumped? Petrel	1		1	0.2	.010	
Pterodroma sp.		2	2	0.3	.020	
Total Pterodroma			11	1.8	.110	
Bulwer? Petrel		1	1	0.2	.010	
Red-tailed Tropicbird	1		l	0.2	.010	
Red-footed Booby	2		2	0.3	.020	
Sooty Tern	10	466	476	76.8	4.760	
Common Noddy	43		43	10.2	.430	
Total	115	505	620	100.0	6.200	
# Hrs. Obs	2.4	10.0	12.4	÷		
# Miles Obs.	20	80	100			
# Species	7	5	10			
Linear Dens.	5.75	0 6.320	6.2	200		

# NON-GRID TABLE #3.

8

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Summary of Observations, Non-Grid Section "B" - Deep Pelagic Area, 12-19 July EAC #17 10-30 July 1967

Species	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	Total	Percent	Linear Density
Black-footed Albatross			(1)	l	3	3	6	24	18	56.3	.033
Sooty/Slender B. Sh.			2						2	. 6.2	.003
Pterodroma sp.	2								2	6.2	.003
Shearwater/Petrel					3				3	9.4	.005
White-tailed Tropicbird		l							1	3.1	
Red-tailed Tropicbird						l			l	3.1	.001
Tropicbird sp.			l						l	3.1	.003
Jaeger sp.	2					2			24	12.6	.007
Total	4	1	4	1	6	6	6	4	32	100.0	.058
# Hrs. Obs.	10.0	10.0	8.0	9.0	6.5	7.5	7.5	5.0	63.5		
# Miles Obs.	80	90	66	79	59	65	68	45	552		
# Species	2	l	3	l	2	3	1	l	5		
Linear Dens.	.05	0.01	1.06	1.01	3.10	1.09	2.08	8.089	.058		
Aug. Sea T in °F	76.0	74.5	74.5	74.0	71.5	67.3	64.8	64.0			
Aug. Cloud Cover (10ths.)	3	7	8	9	10	10	8	1			
Aug. Wind Vel. (kts.)	16	17	22	22	14	13	15	21	17.5		

# NON-GRID TABLE #4. Summary of Observations, Non-Grid Section "C" Pt. Arguello Area 23 July, EAC 17, 10-30 July 1967

Species	23 July	0/0	Linear Dens.
Black-footed Albatross	3	2.6	•333
Pink-footed Shearwater	9	7.7	1.000
Sooty Shearwater	97	83.7	10.7
Jaeger sp.	3	2.6	•333
Western Gull	2	1.7	.222
Gull sp.	2	1.7	.222
Total	116	100.0	12.900
# Hrs. Obs.	1.0		
# Miles Obs.	9		
# Species	6		

![](_page_47_Picture_2.jpeg)

NON-GRID TABLE #5. Summary of Observations, Non-Grid Section "D" Eastern Grid to Long Beach, 29-30 July, 1967, EAC 17, 10-30 July 1967

		29 July			30 Jul	y		Total	
		%	Lin.		%	Lin.		Т	
Species	#	Day Tot.	Dens	#	Day	Dens.	#	%	Dens.
Black-footed Albatross	8	9.4	.075				8	7.7	.072
Pink-footed Shearwater				l	5.3	.25	1	1.0	.009
Sooty Shearwater	8	9.4	.075	8	42.1	2.0	16	15.4	.144
Puffinus sp.	1	1.2	.010				l	1.0	.009
Cooks Petrel	5	5.9	.047				5	4.8	.045
Shear/Pet.	1	1.2	.010				l	1.0	.009
White-rumped Storm Petrel	33	38.9	.308				33	31.6	.298
Storm Petrel sp.	26	30.5	.243				26	25.0	.234
Phalarope sp.	1	1.2	.010				1	1.0	.009

Jaeger sp.	2	2.3	.019				2	1.9	.018	
Western Gull				10	52.6	2.5	10	9.6	.090	
Total	85	100.0	.795	19	100.0	4.75	104	100.0	.937	
# Hrs. Obs.	11.0		1.1			12.1				
# Miles Obs.	107		4			111				
# Species		7			3			9		
Linear Density	.795		4.75			•937				

τ.

# FIG.\*/ EASTERN GRID CRUISE TRACK

![](_page_49_Figure_1.jpeg)

ACTUAL CLUISE TRACK (diurnal) ACTUAL CLUISE TRACK (nocturnal)

# FIG#2

# EASTERN GRID CRUISE TRACK

\* \* \* .

![](_page_50_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_50_Figure_4.jpeg)

FIG. #3 DENSITY GAMES - SEE TEXT

![](_page_51_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_51_Figure_3.jpeg)

- LINEAR DENSITY-

	HATCHED	BLANK
1	•450	•203
2	•460	.234
3	•456	.195

![](_page_51_Figure_6.jpeg)

SOL."A" NO. OF TIMES A SECTION IS IN "DENSE HALF"

-7 -12

	13
-26	+8
-8	+57

SOL, "C" OVERALL LIN. DENS.= . 471

.346
.554
1.043

1		
	1	
1	-	
·		1

SOL. D"

Sol "B"

LINEAR DENSITIES

![](_page_52_Figure_1.jpeg)

ACTUAL CRUISE TRACK (diurnal) ACTUAL CRUISE TRACK (nocturnal)

Sooty Shearwater (Puffinus griseus)	# Obs.	= 16					
Birds began to appear regularly some 50 m	miles east of the	Grid area.					
Puffinus sp.	# Obs.	= 1					
The log reads "[29 July] Brown mantle - d & neck, white underwings. Looked larger than too fast for [ <u>P</u> ] <u>creatopus</u> (probably colored w Townsends (?)-check" - DeLong.	dark crissum, dark <u>P. p. opisthomela</u> wrong also) could	throat <u>s</u> but was it be					
Cook Petrel ( <u>Pterodroma cooki</u> )	# Obs.	= 5					
These birds appeared shortly after leaving the Grid. The bulk of the population appears to be centered around 125° W at this latitude and probably does not come much further east than 120° W.							
White-rumped Storm Petrel Storm Petrel sp.	# Obs. # Obs.	= 33 = 26					
Storm Petrel populations remained fairly were absent inside the Channel Islands.	high for all July	29, but					
Phalarope sp. Jaeger sp.	# Obs. # Obs.	= 1 = 2					
Western Gull (Larus occidentalis)	# Obs.	10					

6

All 10 birds were seen between Santa Catalina and Long Beach.

#10 EASTERN GRID SURVEY

The Grid area was entered from the west side just south of Point Ginko on 19 July at 1226 hours. Observations on 19 and 20 July, before beginning the nominal cruise track, have not been included in the regular summary statistics but are discussed in the species accounts. (See Table #1 for summary of this section.) The extreme northwest portion of the first leg was not covered due to allowances made for the helicopter rendezvous. On the morning of 23 July the ship was making maneuvers 4-8 miles south and southeast of Point Dogwood awaiting the helicopter transfer. Two hours of observations in this area are not included in the statistical Grid summary but are clearly an important part of the Grid area and are considered in the text. (See Table #1 for a summary of these observations.) [See Figure #1 - Cruise Track.]

Over the 891 diurnal miles of nominal Grid track, 378 birds of 15 species were observed. Sixteen specimens of six species were collected. An additional 143 birds over 150 diurnal miles were logged in the nontrack areas. Forty-eight birds were recorded during 7.3 hours of nocturnal watch. (See Table #2). [See Table #1 for observation summaries for all areas.]

Moderately strong (18-20 knot) north winds in the north section gave way to light (5-10 knot) northwest winds in the southern sections. Only 28 July was favorable for skiff work.

7

#### Synoptic Highlights

1.) Six new species recorded for Grid area:

Band-tailed Pigeon - 1 collected 27 July Long-eared Owl - 1 collected 28 July Whimbrel - 4 observed (26 July [3]; 29 July) Northern Phalarope - 16 observed (21, 23, 26 July) Heerman's Gull - 3 observed on 23 July Nighthawk sp. - 1 observed, 23 July

2.) High concentrations of Storm Petrels around Points "D," H," and "J."

3.) High concentrations of Cook Petrels in southern section.

4.) Overall preponderance of birds in eastern and southern sections.

5.) Occurrence of all dark (Leach's) Storm Petrels in regular numbers.

Table 6 was prepared to test the hypothesis that the east-to-west abundance of birds on the Grid is dependent in part on the distance to land. Grid track observations were divided in half along the oblique line connecting points "Birch" and Oak. Notice that this diagonal very nearly parallels the coastline (see Figure #2). It was hoped that this data would give more interpretable results than the east-west division in respect to distance from land. The results were somewhat surprising. Instead of showing great changes from the standard east-west split, inspection of Table 6 shows few discrepancies; the Jaeger data being the most notable. As a 45° rotation of the central dividing axis produced no marked changes in the density of the two halves, a further rotation of 45° was calculated. The overall densities are figured in Figure 3. Notice that by proper selection of bisectors, all areas except the 1/8 Grid section labeled "A" can be found to lie in that half which is consistently two times more dense than the opposing half. All is not entirely lost in this confusion if all three bisections are superimposed on one another and tabulated as indicated in "Solution 'A'" giving relative densities in six portions of the Grid. "Solution 'B'" shows the densities computed for the routine six subsections (see Figure #2). Where numbers are high enough, this approach to variation of bird densities within the Grid is fairly satisfactory. Even more graphically simple is "Solution 'C'" where the sections are assigned plus and minus values relative to the overall density. Any additive unit that will serve to give a quick summary of direction and degree of non-randomness, is applicable, as the measure is only relative. [In this case the formula is: the difference between the overall density and the subsection density X 100 roundoff, and attach appropriate sign.] When bird numbers are too low to be of statistical validity "Solution 'D'" may be most meaningful.

In this simplification only four symbols are used to describe the distribution:

 $0 = No bird(s) \underline{i.e.}$ , linear density 0.000

\_ = Bird(s) present but at low density as compared to the overall

1 = Bird(s) present in "about the same"\* density as the overall

+ = Bird(s) present at high relative density.

\*(Solution "D" interprets "about the same" as being a single digit in Solution "C".)

Perhaps the best lesson learned from this exercise is the relatively inconsistent results obtained by not having the "correct" number of comparable subdivisions. Clearly, a single bisector has limited value on this particular Grid. The three north-to-south sections are better, but when compared alone are not nearly as effective as when divided by the north-to-south bisector and compared as six equal subdivisions. While six divisions is a fairly good number for the size of this Grid area, I feel that nine subdivisions would yield somewhat more useful information (see Figure #4). In the species accounts that follow the distribution patterns are indicated by six characters arranged according to Solution "D." These representations apply only to track data.

SPECIES ACCOUNTS

Black-footed Albatross (Diomedea nigripes) # Obs. 66 27 93 + 1 1 1 - 1

Albatross numbers are reported as the maximum seen during the day. From 3-19 birds were seen during the survey (mean 8.5/day, median = 7). Of 41 birds with rump color recorded, 15 (32%) were white-rumped. Nineteen birds were seen on 23 and 26 July in similarly high concentrations of Storm Petrels. At Point Dogwood, 42 miles from shore, 19 birds were seen, but later the same day, 11-20 miles from land (Pt. Conception), only three were present; Storm Petrels were absent at that distance from land (see Non-Grid Section "C"). About two-thirds of the albatrosses were seen in the eastern half.

![](_page_55_Figure_12.jpeg)

Five of the six sooties were seen in the western sections (unusual). Densities have dropped since April.

Cooks Petrel	( <u>Pterodroma cooki</u> )	# Obs. # Collected	Track 56 11	Nontrack O	Total 56
	_ 0				
	- 0				
	+ +				

Ninety-four percent of the cooks were in the south section, predominantly in the western half. Since the southern sections have not been fully covered since early April it is possible that this species has been in the Grid for some time, but I think not. The birds were all flying in a north or northwest direction and appeared regularly crossing the ship's bow. This may be part of the populations observed off Southern Baja on EAC 13 in early June, just now reaching this latitude. The direction of travel could bring many birds off to the west of the Grid area before reaching 35° N. Birds were observed as singles and pairs, occasionally on the water.

White-rumped Storm Petrel Dark-rumped Storm Petrel Storm Petrel sp.

		Track	Nontrack	Tota.
# (	Obs.	80	1	81
# (	Obs.	17	4	21
# (	Obs.	58	81	139
			0.6	- 1
	Total	155	86	241
Storm	Petrel	track)		

Over 46 percent of all Grid birds were Storm Petrels. While only some 9 percent of the total were recorded as dark-rumped, or all dark, the proportion was probably at least two times that; the lack of a whiterump being more difficult to ascertain than its presence. Distant or dubious birds were logged as "Storm Petrel sp." and doubtless include more dark birds than light. Unfavorable weather limited collecting and the subspecies present are not known. In addition to the dark form (5), 2 white-rumped forms may be present. Several large-appearing birds with broad white rumps were seen in contrast to smaller birds with more restricted white. Birds were very abundant around Point Dogwood (linear density ca. 10.0 birds/mile) and common in the southeast section (linear density ca. 1.2 birds/mile). Ninety percent of the Storm Petrels were seen in the eastern section. On 23 July a dark-rumped bird with an object (Food ?) in its bill was noted being harassed by a white-rumped bird 125-150 feet above the water. They fluttered together for several seconds at that height, then returned to the surface and disappeared, the dark-rumped bird still possessing the object. I have not observed any phase of this sequence (except mutual fluttering) before. The height was exceptional; the wind speed was ca. 5 knots.

(All

Whimbrel	( <u>Numenius</u>	phaeop	ous)	# Obs. = 4
		0	0	
		0	0	
		0	+	

Three immatures were seen flying east on 26 July. A single bird was seen near Point Oak.

Red Phalarope Northern Phal Phalarope sp. Shorebird sp.	e Larope	<pre># Obs. # Obs. # Obs. # Obs. # Obs. Total</pre>	Track 16 12 20 <u>5</u> 53	Nontrack 0 4 3 0 7	Total 16 23 (+ 46 Noct.) <u>6</u> 60
_	Red	Northern	Total		
] ] +		0 + 0 l 0 0			

Phalarope numbers have dropped markedly since the high counts in April and May. Birds present in the Grid during July are likely nonbreeding birds and late stragglers. Birds returning from the north are probably present by this time as well.As in past cruises, there seems to be little pattern or consistency to distribution within the Grid. Heavy concentrations were noted at night west of Point Juniper in the southeast section (46 birds/hour). The presence of Northern Phalaropes in the northeast area was unexpected. The five "shorebirds" were thought to be phalaropes. Two Red Phalaropes were collected on 28 July; neither bird was in full breeding plumage.

Jaeger sp.			# Obs	Track 23	Nontrack	Total 32
	+	٦		20	)	JL
		-L. 1				
		+				
		-				

Nearly all Jaegers were nonadult birds. One adult long-tailed was seen around Point Dogwood. One adult parasitic was also recorded, but the remainder were immatures and subadults. It is felt that a good many (ca. one-half), were parasitic and one-fourth each, pomarine and longtailed. A "flock" of nine birds was seen in the northwest section.

# Obs. = 2 (Catharacta skua) Skua 0 + 0 +  $\bigcirc$ 0

Heerman	Gull	(Larus	<u>Heermanni</u> )		Track	Nontrack	Total
			#	Obs.	0	3	3
		0 +					
		0 +					
		0 0					

Two adults and an immature followed behind the ship briefly at Point Dogwood, 42 miles from land.

Sabines Gull (Xema sabini) # Obs. 3 Track Nontrack Total 0 00 +0 0

The fourth and fifth sightings of Common - Arctic - Forster's type on the Grid. The bird on 20 July did not appear to be Forsters and I believe Forsters is the least likely possibility for all four sightings. My feeling is that these are all probably Arctics.

Xantus Murrelet	(Endomychura	<u>hypoleuca</u> )	Track	Nontrack	Total
Alcid sp. O O O	# 0 +	Obs. Obs.	2 1 3	00000	2 1 3

The one "Alcid sp." was probably a Xantus Murrelet. All three birds were seen in the southeast section.

Band-tailed Piged	n ( <u>Columba fasciata</u> )	Track	Nontrack	Total
Columbid sp.	# Obs. # Obs.	l (Col.) 0	) O l	1 1 2
0 ( 0 + (				

The band-tail, a new species for the Grid area, was collected off the top of the after mast on 27 July. The unidenified Columbid seen on 20 July was possibly of this species, and not inconceivably the same individual that was collected.

Long-eared Owl (Asio otus) # Obs. = 1 Collected 0 0 0 0 + 0 The bird was collected from the skiff as it investigated the ship on 28 July. It was a thin specimen.

Nighthawk sp. # Obs. = 1

A nonadult bird fluttered about and occasionally landed on the ship while maneuvering at Point Dogwood. I am not able to identify the bird to species. The lesser would be the most probable as it ranged onto the Pt. Conception area, 42 miles from "Dogwood."

Passeriform sp. # Obs. = 1 0 + 0 0

0 0

A small landbird flitted briefly about the ship at Pt. Dogwood, 23 July. It was about the size of a House Finch/Sparrow, and probably was one or the other.

Marine Mammals. EAC 17 10-30 July

Non-Grid Areas

23 July 1823

Date	Time	Lat.	Long.	Species	<u>#</u>	Remarks
23 July	1834	34-23	120-47	Otarid sp.	1	Floating back down, being

Otarid sp. 1

29 July 1815 " 1

30 July 0710 33-368N 118-26.9W

Globicephala 10 In one pod 4 large animals; 2 cows w/calves; 5 in another pod.

Grid

21 July 0815 34-58 123-26 "Whales"

24 July 0955 32-20 122-56 Grampus

-2 Light olive brown, small straight dorsal 20-25' possibly <u>B. acutorostrata</u>

2 One animal largely white on dorsal surfaces. Highly recurved dorsal seen in both animals - one blow seen, very short and stumpy.

Dat	te	Time	Lat.	Long.	Species
27	July	1129	31-42	124-27	Delphinus
28	July	1745	30°51'N	123°16'V	V Porpoise

- # Remarks
- 5 All with some degree of white in dorsal 5-6 feet
- 4 Drawing resembles Delphinus

![](_page_60_Picture_5.jpeg)

# TABLE #1. Summary of Diurnal Observations, All Grid Areas, Eastern Grid #10, 19-29 July 1967

Species	Nominal Track 21,22,24-29	Non-Track 19 & 20	"D"	Total	% Total	# Coll.	<pre># Blood Samples</pre>
Black-footed Albatross	66	8	19	93	17 9		
Sooty Shearwater	6	Ū.	2	8	1 5	Т	
Cooks Petrel	56		-	56	10.8	11	5
Shearwater/Petrel	1	2		3	0.6	of-al-	
White-rumped Storm Petrel	80		- 1	81	15.6	٦	
Dark-rumped Storm Petrel	17	1	3	21	4.0		
Storm Petrel sp.	58	3	78	139	26.7		
Whimbrel	24			4	0.8		
Red Phalarope	16			16	3.1	2	
Northern Phalarope	12		4	16	3.1		
Phalarope sp.	20		3	23	4.4		
Shorebird sp.	5			5	1.0		
Parasitic Jaeger	1			1	0.2		
Long-tailed Jaeger	1		1	2	0.4		
Jaeger sp.	21		8	29	5.6		
Skua	2			2	0.4		
Heerman Gull			3	3	0.6		
Sabine's Gull	3			3	0.6		
Gull sp.			3	3	0.6		
<u>Sterna</u> sp.	1	1		2	0.4		
Xantus Murrelet	2			2	0.4		
Alcid sp.	1			1	0.2		
Band-tailed Pigeon	1			1	0.2	1	
Columbid sp.		1		1	0.2		
Long-eared owl	1			1	02	1	
Nighthawk sp.			1	1	0.2		
Passeriforme sp.			1	1	0.2		
Bird sp.	3			3	0.6		
Total Birds	278	16	107	E 01	100	7 17	
TOOUT DITUD	510	TO	IC (	JET	TOO	1	5
# Miles	891	140	10	1041			
# Hours	98.0	17.8	2.0	117.8			
# Species	15	5	9	19			

.

						<u></u>		
	20-21	21-22	23-24	24-25	25-26	26-27	28-29	Total
Storm Petrel sp.	· .					l		1
Phalarope sp.						46		46
Bird sp.						1		1
Total	0	0	0	0	0	48	0	48
# Miles	5	9	9	9	9	9	17	67
# Hours	0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.8	7.3
	<del></del>							

TABLE #2. Summary of Nocturnal Observations, Eastern Grid #10, 19-29 July 1767

TABLE #3. Daily Summary of Observations, Diurnal, Eastern Grid #10, 19-29 July 1967

Date	# Birds	# Miles	# Hours	Linear Density	# Species
19	24	42	5.0	.096	1
20	12	98	12.8	.122	5
21	36	119	14.5	.303	9

	47/Day	95/Day	10.7/Day		5.8/Day
Total	521	1041	117.8	.500	19
29	8	24	2.2	.333	4
28	76	126	13.6	.603	6
27	17	139	14.0	.122	6
26	160	123	13.8	1.30	10
25	21	119	12.6	.176	6
24	25	130	14.2	.193	5
23	127	10	2.0	12.7	8
22	35	111	13.1	.316	24

			NORTH			(	CENTRAL				SOUTH	
Species	#	Species	% Section	Birds/ Sq.Mi.	#	Species %	% Section	Birds/ Sq.Mi.	#	Species	% Section	Birds/ Sq.Mi.
Black-footed												
Albatross	15	20	21.0	.016	24	32	18.6	.017	35	48	18.8	.028
Sooty						5-			57			
Shearwater	2	33	2.8	.004	2	33	1.5	.003	2	34	1.1	.003
Cooks Petrel	1	2	1.4	.002	2	4	1.5	.003	53	94	28.6	.084
White-rumped												
Storm Pet	12	15	16.9	.052	41	51	31.8	.119	27	34	14.5	.085
Dark-rumped												
Storm Pet	5	30	7.0	.022	5	30	3.9	.015	7	40	3.8	.022
Storm Pet.												
sp.	11	19	15.6	.048	14	24	10.8	.041	33	65	17.7	.105
Whimbrel									24	100	2.2	.005
Red Phalarope	e 2	12	2.8	.018	3	8	2.3	.018	11	80	5.9	.070
Northern	0	-			,							
Phalarope	8	67	11.3	.070	4	33	3.2	.022				
Jaeger	11	48	15.6	.024	10	43	7.8	.014	2	9	1.1	.003
Skua	1	50	1.4	.002	1	50	0.8	.001				
Sabine's	0			0.05	-	0.0	o 0	0.07				
GULL	2	6.1	2.8	.005	1	33	0.8	.00T				
Xantus									0			000
Murrelet									2	TOO	1.1	.003
Bana-tallea									7		0 5	007
Figeon									1	100	0.5	100.
Choon /Dot	W T				'n		0.8	001	T	TOO	0.5	.001
Shear/ret					<u>г</u>	100	0.0	.001				
Dhalarone an	•	5	ו( ד	008	2	100	2.9	.050	17	25	2 8	
Sterne en	• -		1.4	.000	TC	100	9.5	.001	(		2.0	• 0++
Alcid an					1	TOO	0.0	.OOT	٦	100	05	006
Bird sp.					3	100	23	004	Ŧ	TOO	0.)	.000
Total	71	18	100	.271	129	33	100	.358	186	49	100	.468
Storm Pet.	28	18	39.5	.122	60	39	46.5	.175	67	43	36.0	.212
Phalaropes	11	23	15.5	.096	19	40	14.8	.110	18	37	9.7	.114
Miles 2	230				345				316			

TABLE #4. Sectional Breakdown, Norinal Track Only, Eastern Grid #10, Diurnal, 21-29 July 1967

. . \*

		E	AST		WEST				
Species	#	% Species	% Section	Birds/	#	% Species	% Section	Birds/	
DECTES	11	ppecres	DCCUIUI	DY.MI.	11	opecies	DCCOTOII	<u>nd•1.11•</u>	
Black-footed									
Albatross	66	55	24.0	.036	42	45	29.2	.024	
Sooty									
Shearwater	1	17	0.4	001	5	83	3.5	.005	
Cooks Petrel	8	14	2.9	.008	48	86	33.3	.056	
White-rumped									
Storm Petrel	69	86	25.0	.304	11	14	7.4	.050	
Dark-rumped									
Storm Petrel	16	94	5.8	.070	1	6	0.7	.004	
Storm Petrel sp.	51	88	18.5	.224	7	12	4.9	.032	
Whimbrel	4	100	1.5	.005					
Red Phalarope	3	19	1.1	.014	13	81	9.0	.060	
Northern									
Phalarope	12	100	4.4	.052					
Jaeger	12	52	4.4	.013	11	48	7.7	.013	
Skua	2	100	0.7	.002					
Sabines Gull	3	100	1.1	.004					
Xantus									
Murrelet	2	100	Q.7	.008					
Band-tailed									
Pigeon					1	100	0.7	.001	
Long-eared Owl					1	100	0.7	.001	

TABLE #5. Sectional Breakdown, Nominal Grid Track Only, Eastern Grid #10, Diurnal, 21-29 July 1967

Shearwater/

Petrel Shorebird sp. Phalarope sp. <u>Sterna</u> sp. Alcid sp.	5 19 1 1	100 95 100 100	1.8 6.9 0.4 0.4	.022 .082 .001 .004	1	100 5	0.7	.001 .004
Bird sp.	1	33	0.4	.001	2	67	1.4	.002
Total	276	66	100	.849	144	34	100	.253
Storm Petrels	136	88	49.3	.598	19	12	13.0	.086
Phalaropes	34	71	12.4	.148	14	29	9.7	.064
Miles	455				436			

Lin. Density East	Lin. Density - "E"	Lin. Density West	Lin. Density "SW"
.146*	.090*	.096*	.062*
.002	.004	.011	.008
.017	.006	.103	.103
.152	.142	.025	.027
.035	.037	.002	
.112	.107	.016	.016
.009	.006		.002
.007	.006	.030	.025
.026	.026		
.026	.045	.025	.004
.004	.004		
.007	.006		
	Lin. Density East .146 <sup>*</sup> .002 .017 .152 .035 .112 .009 .007 .026 .026 .026 .026 .004 .007	Lin. Density EastLin. Density " E" $.146^*$ $.090^*$ $.002$ $.004$ $.017$ $.006$ $.152$ $.142$ $.035$ $.037$ $.112$ $.107$ $.009$ $.006$ $.007$ $.006$ $.026$ $.026$ $.026$ $.045$ $.004$ $.004$ $.007$ $.006$	Lin. Density EastLin. Density "E"Lin. Density West $.146^*$ $.090^*$ $.096^*$ $.002$ $.004$ $.011$ $.017$ $.006$ $.103$ $.152$ $.142$ $.025$ $.035$ $.037$ $.002$ $.112$ $.107$ $.016$ $.009$ $.006$ $.030$ $.026$ $.026$ $.025$ $.026$ $.045$ $.025$ $.004$ $.004$ $.004$

Comparison of E-W Division vs. NW-SE Diagonal Division, Nominal Diurnal Track, Eastern Grid #10, 21-29 July 1967

TABLE #6.

Xantus' Murrelet

Band-tailed Pigeon			.002	.002
Long-eared Owl			.002	.002
Shearwater/Petrel			.002	.002
Shorebird sp.	.011	.011		
Phalarope sp.	.041	.043	.002	
<u>Sterna</u> sp.	.002	.002		
Alcid sp.	.002	.002		
Bird sp.	.002	.002	.005	.004
Total	.606(.460)	.546(.456)	.330(.234)	.257(.19
Storm Petrels	.299	.286	.043	.043
Phalaropes #	.074	.075	.032	.025
# Miles	455	465	436	515
* Albatross densities not o	comparable.			

.004

.004

#-Notable discrepancies.
( ) -Albatross lin. dens.

# TABLE #7. Diurnal Density of Species Groups, Eastern Grid, 19-21 July 1967

Group	# Track	Total	Linear Track	Density Total	Squar Den Track	e Mile sity Total	% Track	Total
Albatross	66	93	.074	. 089	.018	.022	17.5	17.9
Shearwater/Petrel	63	67	.071	.064	.035	.032	16.7	12.9
Storm Petrel	155	241	.174	.231	.174	.231	41.0	46.2
Phalarope	48	55	.054	.053	.108	.106	12.7	10.5
Skua Jaeger	25	34	.028	.033	.014	.016	6.6	6.5
Gull	3	9	.003	.009	.001	.004	0.8	1.7
Tern	1	2	.001	.002	.001	.001	0.3	0.4
Alcid	3	3	.003	.003	.006	.006	0.8	0.6
Misc.	14	17	.016	.016	.018	.018	3.6	3.3
Total	378	521	.424	.500	.375	.436	100.0	100.0

![](_page_66_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_67_Figure_0.jpeg)

FIG. #1. CRUISE TRACK, NON-GRID SECTIONS "A" & B, EAC 17, 10-19 JULY 1967.

NOON POSITIONS INDICATED

# NON-GRID FIG #2 CRUISE TRACK, SECTIONS C \*D

![](_page_68_Figure_1.jpeg)

 NO:MAC	GRID	1005
 ACTUAL	CRUISE	IRACK
(diuri	al)	THE YOR
(noctu	urnal)	1 11076 26