

# ENGLISH ETYMOLOGY

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A SELECT GLOSSARY

SERVING AS AN INTRODUCTION TO THE HISTORY  
OF THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE

BY

F. KLUGE AND F. LUTZ

STRASSBURG  
KARL J. TRÜBNER

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## PREFACE.

KONRAD BURDACH

Our primer of English Etymology is meant to serve as an introduction to the study of the historical grammar of English. However manifold the advantages which the student may derive from Professor Skeat's Etymological Dictionary, it cannot be denied that it does not commend itself as a book for beginners. Though it is a work of deep research, brilliant sagacity, and admirable completeness, the linguistic laws underlying the various changes of form and meaning are not brought out clearly enough to be easily grasped by the uninitiated. We therefore propose to furnish the student with a small and concise book enabling him to get an insight into the main linguistic phenomena. We are greatly indebted to Professor Skeat, of whose excellent work we have made ample use, drawing from it a great deal of material, which we hereby thankfully acknowledge. As our aim has of course not been to produce a book in any way comparable to our predecessor's work in fulness of detail and general completeness, we have confined ourselves to merely selecting all words the history of which bears on the development of the language at large. We have therefore, in the first place, traced back to the older periods loanwords of Scandinavian, French and Latin origin and such genuine English words as may afford matter for linguistic investigation. In this way we hope to have provided a basis for every historical grammar of English, e.g. for Sweet's History of English Sounds.

If we may be allowed to give a hint as to the use of our little book, we should advise the teacher to make it a point to always deal with a whole group of words at a time. Special interest attaches for instance to words of early Christian origin, to the names of festivals and the days of the week; besides these the names of the various parts of the house and of the materials used in building, the words for cattle and the various kinds of meat, for eating and drinking, etc. might be made the subject of a suggestive discussion. On treating etymology in this way, the teacher will have the advantage of converting a lesson on the growth of the English language into an inquiry into the history of the Anglo-Saxon race, thus lending to a naturally dry subject a fresh charm and a deeper meaning.

In conclusion, our best thanks are due to Professor<sup>r</sup> W. Franz of Tübingen University, who has placed many words and etymologies at our disposal and assisted us in various other ways.

Freiburg i. B.

**F. KLUGE — F. LUTZ.**

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## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS.

acc. = accusative case	lit. = literally
adj. = adjective	LITH = Lithuanian
adv. = adverb	m. = masculine
BRET. = Breton	ME. = Middle English
CELT. = Celtic	MHG. = Middle High German
conj. = conjunction	n. (neutr.) = neuter
CORN. = Cornish	nom. = nominative
cp. = compare	obl. = oblique case
Cymr. = Cymric (Welsh)	ODU. = Old Dutch
Dan. = Danish	OFR. = Old French
dat. = dative case	OHG. = Old High German
der(iv). = derived, derivative	OIR. = Old Irish
dimin. = diminutive	ON. = Old Norse
DU. = Dutch	ONFR. = Old North French
E. = modern English	orig. = original, originally
f. (fem.) = feminine	OSAX. = Old Saxon
frequent. = frequentative	OSLOV. = Old Slovenian
FR. = French	pl. = plural
FRIES. = Friesic	p. p. = past participle
G. = modern German	prob. = probably
Gael. = Gaelic	pron. = pronoun
gen. = genitive case	prop. = properly
GOTH. = Gothic	PROV. = Provençal
GR. = Greek	prt. = preterite, past tense
Icel. = Icelandic	RUSS. = Russian
inf. = infinitive mood	sb. = substantive
infl. = inflected	SKR. = Sanskrit
interj. = interjection	SPAN. = Spanish
IR. = Irish	superl. = superlative
ITAL. = Italian	SWED. = Swedish
LAT. = Latin	TEUT. = Teutonic
LG. = Low German	vb. = verb

## LIST OF SYMBOLS IN TEUTONIC WORDS.

$\ddot{e}$  (not umlauted) = European and Aryan  $e$ .

$e$  in OE. ME. long closed  $e$ .

$\acute{e}$  in OE. ME. long open  $e$ .

$e$  in OHG. MHG. OSAX. closed  $e$  (umlauted).

$\varepsilon$  a reduced Aryan and pre-Teut. vowel.

$\rho$  in Oe. Me. long closed  $o$ .

$\rho$  in OE. ME. words long open  $o$ .

$\acute{e}$  in OE. words palatalized  $k$ .

$\acute{g}$  in ME. words as in NE. *age bridge*.

$\tilde{g}$  in Oe. Me. words a spirantic palatalized  $g$ .

$\acute{t}$  in Teut. words = E. *th*.

$\acute{d}$  in On. Oe. OSAX. words = E. *th*.

$h$  in Goth. is  $h$  +  $w$ .

$\hat{\vee}$  = root.

\* indicates a word or form not actually found, but of which the existence is inferred.

## A

**a<sup>1</sup>, an** indef. article ME. *a an*, OE. *án*: ident. with *one*.

**a<sup>2</sup>** ME. *a*: ident. with *ou* (cp. *back*, *abroad*).

**abase**; cp. *base*.

**abash** short for ME. *abaisshe abaische* (*abaisse*): borrowed from OFR. *esbahiss-* stem of OFR. *esbahir* (FR. *ébahir*) 'astonish'.

**abate** ME. *abâte*: adapt. of OFR. *abatre* 'beat down'.

**abbess, abbey** see *abbot*.

**abbot** ME. *abbot*; older by-form ME. OE. *abbod*. Source LAT. *abbâtem* (*abbas*), whence IT. *abbate*, FR. *abbé*, OHG. *abbât* G.DU. *abt*. — Hence **abbess** ME. *abbesse* from FR. *abbesse* (but OE. *abbudisse* = LAT. *abbatissa*) 'abbess' and **abbey** ME. *abbeie* from FR. *abbaye* (OFR. *abēie*).

**abide** cp. *bide* and *abode*.

**able** ME. *able*: adapt. of OFR. (*h*)*able* = SPAN. *habil*, IT. *abile*; source LAT. *habilis*.

**abode** ME. *abôd* prop. 'delay, abiding'; cp. *bide*.

**abound** ME. *abounde*: adapt. of FR. *abonder* = LAT. *abundare* 'abound'.

**about** ME. *aboute* OE. *ábútan onbútan*; cp. *but* for OE. *bútan*.

**above** ME. *aboue* earlier *abufen* OE. *ábufan*; akin to G. *oben* OHG. *obana* 'from above'; cp. *over*.

**abridge** ME. *abrigge abregge*: adapt. of OFR. *abrigier abregier* (source LAT. *abbreviare* 'shorten').

**abroad** ME. *a brôd* prop. 'broadly, widely'; cp. *broad*.

**abuse** cp. *use*.

**accord** vb. ME. *acorde* late OE. (c.1140) *acordian*: borrowed from OFR. *acorder* FR. *accorder* (cp. IT. *accordare*).

**accuse** ME. *accüse* from FR. *accuser* (LAT. *accusare*).

**accrue** (*accrete*) vb. from FR. *accrue* sb. 'growth, increase' (orig. part. of FR. *accroître*: LAT. *ad+crescitur*); cp. *increase*.

**ace** ME. *ás ace*: loanword from FR. *as* (= SPAN. *as*, G. *ass*, DU. *aas*). Source LAT. *as* (acc. *assem*) 'a unit, pound, foot'.

**ache** earlier spelling *ake* ME. *ake*; derived from OE. *ēce* ME. *ech* 'pain' under the influence of the vb. OE. *acan* ME. *ake* 'ache, feel pain'.

**achieve** ME. *achēve*: adapt. of FR. *achever* 'accomplish'. Akin to *chief*.

**acorn** ME. *acorn* OE. *accorn*; ident. with GOTH. *akran* 'crop, fruit', ON. *akarn*, DU. *aker*, G. *ecker*. The meaning 'acorn' being a later and special one as compared with GOTH. *akran* 'fruit', the group may be derived from TEUT. *akra* = *acere*.

**acquaint** vb. ME. *aqueinte acointe*: borrowed fr. OFR. *acointer* 'advise' cp. *quaint*.

**acquire** ME. *aquire aquere*: borrowed from OFR. *aquerre* (FR. *acquérir* = LAT. *acquirere*).

**acre** ME. *aker* OE. *acer* 'a field, acre' = synon. GOTH. *akrs*, OSAX. *akkar*, OHG. *acchar* G. *acker*, DU. *akker*, ON. *akr*: a common Teut. and Aryan word: TEUT. \**akra-s*, pre-TEUT. *agro-s* = SKR. *ajra-s*, GR. *ἀγρός*, LAT. *ager* (stem *agro-*) 'acre': Aryan √ *ag* in LAT. *ago*, GR. *ἄγω*, SKR. *aj*, ON. *aka*. The orig. meaning of *acre* (INDO-TEUT. *agro-s*) was 'place where the cattle are driven'; cp. G. *trift* from *treiben*.

**adage** from FR. *adage* = LAT. *adagium* 'proverb'.

**add** ME. *addē* from LAT. *addere* add'.

**adder** ME. *adder* older *nadder* OE. *nā(d)dre* = OSAX. *nātra*, DU. *adder*, OHG. *nāt(a)ra* MHG. *nāter* G. *natter* (*otter*), ICEL. *nadr* f. — *nadr* m., GOTH. *nadr*s: cogn. with IR. *nathair*, W. *neidr*. For the loss of initial *n* cp. *auger* and *apron*.

**adjourn** vb. ME. *ajurne ajornue*: adapted from FR. *ajourner* (deriv. of FR. *jour* — *journée* 'day').

**ado** ME. *adō* prop. *at dō*: prop. infinit. 'to do' with *at*, orig. in Northern English.

**advance** vb. for ME. *avaunce*: loanword from FR. *avancer* 'go before' (deriv. of FR. *avant* = ITAL. *avante*, LAT. *ab + ante*).

**advise** sb. for ME. *avis*: adopt. of FR. *avis* (= IT. *avviso*, LAT. *advīsum*). — The vb. **advise** ME. *avise* is FR. *aviser* (= IT. *avvisar*, LAT. \**advīsare*).

**afford** ME. *aforthē* 'provide' OE. *zefordian* 'promote': deriv. of *forth*.

**affray** 'frighten' ME. *afraie*: from FR. *effrayer* 'frighten'. — Hence the part. **afraid** 'frightened' ME. *afraied*.

**after** ME. *after* OE. *after* adv. prep. = GOTH. *aftra* 'back, again', OHG. OSAX. *aftra* 'back', DU. *achter*.

**again** ME. *agein* OE. *ougezū ongein*; ident. with G. *gegen* OHG. *gegin gagan*, OSAX. *gegin?*, ON. *gagn*. — **against** ME. *ageinest* earlier *ageines* = OE. *tīgeznes*.

**age** ME. *āge*: adoption of FR. *âge* (OFR. *a-age e-age*). Source a LAT. type \**actaticum* (= LAT. *actas*) 'time'.

**aghast** part. of ME. *agaste* vb. 'terrify' OE. *gástan* 'terrify'; akin to GOTH. *usgaisjan* 'make afraid' and perh. to *ghost*.

**aglet** 'spangle, pin' (Shakesp.) from FR. *aiguillet* dimin. of *aiguille* 'needle'.

**ago** ME. *agō agōn*: orig. part. 'gone by, past' from *gō*.

**agog** adapt. of OFR. *en gogues* 'lusty, lively, in a pleasant humor' — FR. *gogue* 'mirth, glee'.

**agree** ME. *agrēc*: adapt. of FR. *agrēer* (= IT. *aggradare*; source LAT. *gratum* 'pleasing, agreeable').

**ague** ME. *āgūe*: source OFR. *agu* 'sharp, acute' (= FR. *aigu*). Source LAT. *acūtus*.

**aid** vb. from FR. *aider* 'help'.

**ail** vb. ME. *aile cile* OE. *eȝlan* 'trouble, afflict' = GOTH. *us-ajljan* 'trouble': deriv. of OE. *eȝle* = GOTH. *aglus* 'loathsome, troublesome'. For  $\sqrt{ag}$  cp. *awe*.

**air**<sup>1</sup> ME. *aire* older *cir*: loanword from FR. *air* (source LAT. *aer*). — **air**<sup>2</sup> from FR. *air* 'external appearance' is considered ident. with *air*<sup>1</sup>.

**aisel** (Shakesp.); cp. *eisel*.

**ajar** ME. *acher* — *oncher* (OE. *on cērr* — *on cērr*) 'ajar' cp. *char*.

**akimbo** ME. *a kembōwe* — *a kembōwe* (in the phrase »his hand, his armes a kembōwe setten«); for ME. *bōwe* cp. *bow* and *elbow*. The first element represents an adapted ON. *kengr* 'crook the shape of a horse-shoe' (cp. ON. *kengboginn* 'crooked'). Another suggestion proceeds from an OE. \**cynneboga* formed as OE. *cynwidde*.

**alder** ME. *alder* OE. *alor* = OHG. *âlira êrila* G. *erle*, ON. *elr elre(r)*, DU. LG. *eller* (GOTH. \**ailiza* is found in SPAN. *alisa*, FR. *alizer* 'wild sorb, wild service-berry'). Akin to OSLOV. *jelicha*, LAT. *alnus* (for \**alsnus*) 'alder'.

**ale** ME. *alc* OE. *calu calo* (infl. *calod*) = OSAX. *alo*, ON. SW. DAN. *øl*; akin to OSLOV. *olū* 'cider', LITH. *alus* 'beer'.

**alight** 'alight from a horse' cp. *light* vb.

**all** ME. *all* — plur. *alle* OE. *all* (*call*) — plur. *calle* = OSAX. OHG. DU. LG. *al*, G. *all*, ON. *alfr*, GOTH. *alls*. A primary form *ala-* is found in compounds and derivatives; cp. OSAX. OHG. *alung* MHG. *alenc* 'entire, complete', GOTH. *alamans* 'all men', OHG. *ala-wâri* 'all true', *ala-niurwi* 'all new'. Cogn. w. OIR. *uile* (base *olio-*).

**allay** ME. *alaie aleie alegge* 'lay aside, give up'; from *lay*<sup>1</sup>. Perh. mixed with OFR. *aleyer* (FR. *aloyer*)?

**allege** ME. *alegge* 'give testimony': adapted from OFR. *alegie alegger*?

**alley** ME. *aley*: loanword from FR. *allée* 'a going, passage'.

**allow** vb. ME. *aloue*: adapt. of FR. *allouer* 'grant' (LAT. type *adlocare*).

**allure** ME. *alüre*: from OFR. *alurer*, deriv. of *lure* 'bait'.

**almond** ME. *almaunde*: from OFR. *almande* (= FR. *amande*, whence DU. *amandel*). Source LAT. *amygdala* (GR. *ἀμυγδάλη*) 'an

almond', whence a vulgar LAT. *amendla* (IT. *mandola* = OHG. *mandala* G. *mandel*).

**alms** ME. *almes* OE. *ælmesse* (infl. *ælmessan*): borrowed from OIR. *almsan*. Akin to the synon. OSAX. *alamôsna*, ODU. *aclmoese aelmoesene* DU. *aalmoes*, OHG. *alamuosan alamôsan* G. *almosen*. Source LAT.-GR. *eleemosyna* (cp. IT. *limosina*) with a vulgar pronunciation *almôsna* = PROVENZ. *almosna*, OFR. *almosue* FR. *aumône*.

**alone** ME. *alône* late OE. *callina* prop. 'all singly' = synon. G. *allein*, DU. *alleen*. Cp. *one*.

**along** ME. *along* OE. *ondlong andlong*; cp. *long*. The prefix E. *a* for OE. *and* is = to G. *ent-* in *entlang* 'along' (OFRIS. *ondlinga*).

**aloof** adapt. of DU. *te loef* 'to the windward'; ident. with *luff*.

**already** orig. 'quite ready'; cp. *ready*. — **also** prop. 'quite so' ME. *alsȝ* OE. *całswá* 'quite so' = G. *also*. Ident. with *as*. — **although** ME. *although altheigh*; in OE. we find *theah + eal* (e. g. *speah ic eal mæge* 'although I may'); cp. *though*.

**alum** ME. *alum* from OFR. *alum* = FR. *alun*; source LAT. *alumen*, whence G. *alaun*, DU. *aluin*.

**always** ME. *alwey alwey* OE. *calnewȝ*; orig. acc. sing. (sometimes contr. to *calneȝ*) prop. 'all the way, all the time'; the commoner form is *always* ME. *alweies*, being an adv. gen. sing. 'all the time, always'.

**amaze** vb. ME. *amāse* OE. *á-mā-sian*.

**amid, amidst**; cp. *middle*. — **amiss** ME. *on misse*; cp. *miss*.

**among** ME. *among*; prop. *on-mang* — *on zemang* 'in the crowd'; OE. *zemang* 'crowd' see under *mingle*. Ident. with LG. *mang* 'among'.

**amount** ME. *amounte*: adapt. of FR. *amonter* 'amount to' (FR. *amont* 'uphill' = LAT. *ad montem*); cp. *mount*.

**ancestor** ME. *auncestre*: loanword from FR. *ancêtre* older *ancestre* (ME. *auncessour* from OFR. *ancesour*); source LAT. *antecessor*(em)

**anchor** ME. *anker* OE. *ancor ancor*; cp. ON. *akkeri*, DU. G. *anker* late OHG. *anchar*: a loanword from LAT. *ancora* (IT. *ancora*, FR. *ancré*).

**ancient** ME. *auncient* older *aunciȝn* (for the secondary *t* cp. *pageant, parchment*): adapt. of FR. *ancien* (= IT. *anziano*; LAT. type *antēanus*).

**and** ME. OE. *and* = OSAX. *endi*, DU. *en*, OHG. *anti enti inti unti* MHG. *unde* G. *und*. The cogn. SKR. *atha* 'also, further, and' points to ARYAN *an̥thā* 'and, also'.

**andiron** ME. *aundire*: loanword from OFR. *andier* (FR. *landier*) 'fire-dog'. Source unknown, perh. fr. a LAT. type *amitārius* (LAT. *ames*)? Cp. MED.-LAT. *andēna* 'fire-dog'.

**angel** ME. *auȝel*: borrowed from OFR. *angele* (FR. *ange*). The FR. word supplanted the orig.



OE. ME. *engel* = G. DU. *engel* OHG. OSAX. *ęngil*, GOTH. *aggilus*: early church-loanwords from LAT. *angelus* = GR. ἄγγελος 'angel'.

**anger** ME. *anger* 'affliction, sore, trouble': Scand. loanword from ON. *angr* 'grief, sorrow' (DAN. *anger* 'penitence', SW. *ånger* 'regret'); akin to LAT. *angor* 'bodily or mental torture'.

**angle**<sup>1</sup> ME. *angel* OE. *angol* *ęngul* = synon. OHG. *angul* G. *angel*, ON. *ęngull*. Akin to LAT. *uncus* 'a hook', GR. ὄγκος 'a hook', ἄγκιστρον 'fish-hook', SKR. *ankā* 'hook', OIR. *écaid* 'hook'.

**angle**<sup>2</sup> (corner) ME. *angle* from FR. *angle* = LAT. *angulus* 'corner'.

**anguish** ME *anguisse*: from OFR. *anguisse* FR. *angoisse*. Source LAT. *angustia* 'straitness, poverty, perplexity'.

**ankle** ME. *ankel* orig. *ankli* OE. *ancleaw* 'ankle' = DU. *anklaawic*, OHG. *anchlāo*, ON. *ękka* (prop. \**ankuldāw*?); akin to DU. *enkel*, OHG. *anchal* *ęnchil* G. *enkel* 'ankle'. Source and formation of the group are doubtful; perh. akin to SKR. *aᅅguli* *aᅅguᅅtha* 'thumb, toe', AVEST. *aᅅgusta* 'toe'?

**announce** ME. *anounce*: adapt. of FR. *annoncer* (= LAT. *annuntiare*); cp. *pronounce*.

**annoy** ME. *anoye* *any(e)* 'weariness': from OFR. *enoi* *anui* FR. *ennui* (source LAT. *in odio* 'in hatred').

**anoint** ME. *anointe*: adapt. of OFR. *enoint* 'anointed' part. of *enoinde* 'anoint'; cp. *ointment*.

**anon** 'immediately' ME. *anōn* earlier *anān* OE. *on ān* 'in one' (moment); cp. *one*.

**another**; see *other*.

**answer** sb. ME. *answare* OE. *andswearu*; corresp. to the synon. OSAX. *ant-swōr*. OFRIS. *ondser*, ON. *andsvar*? — Thereto the deriv. vb. **answer** ME. *answere* OE. *andsvarian*. Source the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swar}} = \text{swear}$ ; hence *answer* was orig. a solemn charge made to rebut a charge'; *and-* means 'against'.

**ant** ME. *am(c)te* OE. *æmete* 'emmet': TEUT. base *amaitjōn*; cp. OHG. *ameiza* MHG. *ameize* G. *ameise*. MDU. *emte* *empte*. Perh. akin to G. *emsig* OHG. *ęmizzi* *ęmissi* 'industrious'. See *emmet*.

**antler** ME. *auntelēre*: loanword from OFR. *antoillier* (*andoillier* = FR. *andouiller*); LAT. type *antocularis* 'tine of a stag's horn in front of the eyes'.

**anvil** short for ME. *anvelt* *anfelt* OE. *anfilt* = OHG. *anafalz*, DU. *aanbeeld* ODU. *anbelt*: TEUT. base *anafalti-* and *ana-balti-*; cp. the synon. OHG. *ana-hōz* cogn. w. *beat*.

**any** ME. *any* (*ęny* *ęny*) OF. *ęniᅅ* = OSAX. *ęniᅅ* *ęnag*, DU. *ęniᅅ*, OHG. *einag* G. *einig* 'only, sole': deriv. of TEUT. *aina* = E. *one*.

**ape** ME. *āpe* OE. *apa* = DU. *aaf*, ON. *api*, OHG. *affo* MHG. G. *affe*: a common TEUT. word, whence ORUSS. SLOV. *opica*, OBO-

HEM. *opice* 'ape' are borrowed. Source of TEUT. *apan-* unknown.

**appal(l)** vb. ME. *appalle*: adapted from OFR. *apallir* 'grow pale', akin to *pale*.

**apparel** ME. *aparaile appareile*: adapted from OFR. *aparailler aparreiller* 'dress' = FR. *appareiller* (IT. *apparrechiare*).

**appeal** ME. *a(p)pele*: adapt. from FR. *appeler* (= LAT. IT. *appellare*).

**appear** vb. ME. *a(p)perc*: adapt. from OFR. *aperer aparir apareir aparoir* (= IT. *apparire*; source LAT. *apparere*).

**appease** vb. ME. *apise* earlier *apaise*: loanword from FR. *apaiser* 'pacify'; akin to *peace*.

**apple** ME. *appel* OE. *æppel* = DU. LG. *appel*, MHG. G. *apfel* OHG. *apful*; WESTTEUT. base *applu-*, allied to IR. *uball*, LITH. *obūlas*, OSLOV. *ablūko* 'apple', RUSS. *jabloko*.

**apply** vb. ME. *aplic*: adapted from OFR. *aplier* (FR. *appliquer*, IT. *applicare*, LAT. *applicare* 'apply'); cp. *ply* vb.

**apprentice** ME. *aprentice aprentis*: loanword fr. OFR. *aprentis* and *aprentif* FR. *apprenti* (source LAT. *apprendere* 'learn').

**approach** vb. ME. *aprouche*: adapt. from FR. *approcher*: LAT. type *adpropiare* 'draw near'.

**apricot** borrowed from FR. *abricot*; corresp. to DU. *abrikoos*, G. *aprikose*; akin to SPAN. *albaricoque*, IT. *albercocco* (mod. GR. *αγκουόζια*) from LAT. *praecocium*

(*malum praecocium*?) lit. 'precocious'.

**April** ME. *april(le)*: adapt. of LAT. *aprīlis*; the earlier ME. by-form *averil* points to OFR. *avrill*. Cp. G. DU. *April*.

**apron** orig. *napron* = ME. *nāpron nāpron*: adapt. of FR. *napperon* 'a large cloth', dimin. of *nappe* = LAT. *mappa* 'table, napkin'; cp. *napkin*. For the loss of initial *n* see *adder* and *auger*.

**arch** ME. *arch(e)* OE. *arċe* (*arċe-biscop*): borrowed from FR. *arch-*. Cp. the synon. DU. *aarts*, OHG. *erzi-* G. *erz-*, GOTH. \**ark* (-*aggilus*). Source the LAT. = Gr. prefix *archi-* (ἀρχι-). Perh. OFR. *arch* (in *archangel*) influenced the E. word.

**archer** ME. *archér*: adapt. of FR. *archer* 'bowman' (LAT. type *arcarius*, deriv. of *arcus* 'bow').

**are** (>we, you, they are<>) ME. *are* OE. (Northumbr.) *aron*; plur. to the second person sing. **art** ME. *art* OE. *cart*. An ARYAN. *ar* 'be' is prob. in LITH. *yrà* 'is'.

**ark** ME. *arke* OE. *earc* (infl. *earce*) = OHG. *arahha archa* 'chest' MHG. *arche* 'chest, money-chest' G. *arche* 'Noah's ark', DU. *ark* 'Noah's ark', ON. *ork* 'chest, covenant, ark, box', GOTH. *arka* f. 'money-box, Noah's ark': a Teut. loanword from LAT. (also ROM.) *arca*.

**arm**<sup>1</sup> ME. *arm* OE. *carm* = OSAX. DU. *arm*, ON. *arnr*, GOTH. *arms*, OHG. *ar(a)m* G. *arm*. Akin

to LAT. *armus* 'the topmost part of the upper arm, fore-quarter', OSLOV. *ramç* 'shoulder, arm', PRUSS. *irmo* 'arm', SKR. *irmâ-s* 'fore-quarter, arm', AVEST. *arema* 'arm', ARMEN. *armukn* 'elbow'.

**arm<sup>2</sup>** 'a weapon' ME. *armes* plur. from OFR. *armes* = LAT. *arma* 'weapons'.

**armor** ME. *armour(e)* *armüre*: borrowed from OFR. *armure* *armüre* (LAT. *armatūra*) 'armor'.

**army** ME. *armie* *armç*: adoption of FR. *armée* (= IT. *armata*; base LAT. *armare*).

**arrange** borrowed from FR. *arranger* (deriv. of FR. *rang* 'rank, file' from OHG. *hrinc* G. *ring* 'a ring or circle of people'; cp. *rank*).

**arrant** ident. with *errant*.

**arras** ME. *arras*; orig. »cloth of Arras«: *Arras* is the name of a town in Artois (France) famous for its manufacture. See *cambric* and *lawn*<sup>2</sup>.

**array** ME. *araie*: adapt. of OFR. *arraier* *arçier* 'arrange' (= IT. *arredare*): of Teut. origin; cp. GOTH. *garalds* under *ready*.

**arrest** ME. *a(r)restç*: adapt. of OFR. *arçster* FR. *arrêter* (= IT. *arrestare*, LAT. *restare* 'stay back').

**arrival** ME. *arivaile* prop. 'landing'; adapt. of OFR. *arriaille* 'landing'. — **arrive** ME. *arive* prop. 'bring to shore, come to shore': adapt. of FR. *arriver* = IT. *arrivare*; LAT. type *adripare* (*rîpa* 'shore').

**arrow** ME. *arwe* late OE. *arwe*: adapt. of ON. *or* (plur. *orvar*). The native OE. word was *arh* ident. with ON. *or* (cp. GOTH. *arhwaazna* 'dart' and LAT. *arcus* 'bow').

**as** ME. *as(e)* *als(e)* also *alsteop* OE. *calstæd* = synonym. OSAX. HG. *âlsô*, DU. *als*, MHG. also *als* *âlse*. The compound means prop. 'entirely so'; cp. *all* and *so*.

**ash<sup>1</sup>** sb. 'the name of a tree' ME. *asch* OE. *æsc* = OHG. *asc* G. *esche*, DU. *esch*, ON. *askr* 'ash'.

**ash<sup>2</sup>** sb. ME. *asche* OE. *æsc* (infl. *ascan* *axan*); mod. E. is commonly used in the plur. *ashes* (ME. *asches*). Cogn. w. ON. *aska*, DU. *asch*, OHG. *aska* G. *asche*, GOTH. *azgô* 'ashes'.

**ask** vb. older by-form *ax* ME. *aske* *axe* (KENT. *ǽvi*) OE. *āscian* *āscian*: Teut. base *aiskōjan* = OSAX. *ēsōn*, OHG. *eiskōn* (G. *heischen*). Akin to LIVH. *jeskoti*, OSLOV. *iskati*, SKR. *icçh* 'seek'.

**asp<sup>1</sup>** 'a venomous serpent' from LAT. *aspis*.

**asp<sup>2</sup>** 'a tree' ME. *aspe* OE. *æspe* = synonym. ON. *esp*, OHG. *aspa* MHG. *aspe* G. *espe*, DU. *esp*: perh. connected with LAT. *arbor* (if from \**arbos* by rhotacism) 'tree'.

**ass** ME. *asse* OE. *assa* (infl. sing. *assan*): loanword from OIR. *assan* 'ass'; cp. ON. *asne* from OFR. *asne* = FR. *âne*. Source LAT. *asinus*, whence also GOTH. *asilus*, OE. *esol*, OHG. *esil* G. *escl* 'ass', DU. *ezel* and further OSLOV. *osilú*, RUSS. *osclu* 'ass'.

**assail** vb. ME. *asaile*: adapt. of FR. *assaillir*; see *assault*.

**assault** vb. ME. *a(s)saut*: adapted from FR. *assaut* (= IT. *assalto*, MED. LAT. *assaltus*).

**assay** ME. *assay assai* borrowed from OFR. *assai assay* = FR. *essai* (IT. *assagio* from LAT. *exagium* 'weighing').

**assemble** ME. *a(s)semble a(s)semble*: adapt. of FR. *assembler* (IT. *assemblare* deriv. of LAT. *simul* 'together').

**assuage** ME. *aswāġe a(s)sūāġe*: loanword fr. OFR. *asoager asuager*, LAT. type *ad-suaviare* deriv. of *suavis* 'sweet'.

**assure** vb. ME. *a(s)sūre* borrowed from FR. *assurer* (= IT. *assicurare*).

**astonish** transformed after vbs. in *-ish* from an earlier *astony astone* ME. *astonic astune astounc*: borrowed from OFR. *estoner* = FR. *étonner*; LAT. type *ex+tonare* 'thunder'. But cp. *stun*.

**at** ME. *at* OE. *æt* = OSAX. *at*, OHG. *a*, ON. GOOTH. *at*: akin w. LAT. *ad* 'to', OIR. *ad*.

**atone** vb. from *atone* adv. 'at one, agreed' = ME. *at ōn* 'into one'; cp. *one*.

**attach** vb. ME. *attache* (law term) 'take prisoner, arrest': adapt. of FR. *attacher* (= SPAN. *atacar*, IT. *attaccare*).

**attain** vb. ME. *attaine atteine*: borrowed from FR. *atteindre* (= LAT. *attingere* touch upon).

**attire** vb. ME. *atire*: adapted fr. OFR. *atirer* 'adorn'. Source a Teut. sb. *tir* 'ornament, honor

= OSAX. OE. *tir* 'glory, honor' (G. *zierde*).

**attorney** ME. *atourney* older *aturné atourné* 'agent, deputy, commissioner?': adapt. of FR. *atorné* part. of *atorner* 'direct, appoint'.

**auburn** orig. 'whitish or flaxen-colored, reddish-brown' ME. *auburne atoburne* 'citron-colored': from OFR. *auborne alborne* (= IT. *alburno*) = MED. LAT. *alburnus* 'whitish' (*albus* 'white').

**auger** orig. *nauger* (like *adder* for *nadder*, *apron* for *napron* with loss of an initial *n*) ME. *nauger* older *nāve-gōr* OE. *nafo-gā* 'an auger' prop. 'borer, piercer of naves' (see *nave*<sup>1</sup> and *gore*<sup>2</sup>); cp. the synon. OHG. *nabugēr* MHG. *nabegēr* G. (dial.) *näber*, ICEL. *nafarr*.

**ought** 'a whit, anything' ME. *ught* older *awight* OE. *āwīht āwīht* 'ought'; OE. *ān* is *one* and for *wīht* see *whit* and *not*.

**August** from LAT. *augustus*; ME. *aust* from OFR. *aoust* = FR. *août*? or from late OE. *august* changed to *\*auwest*?

**aunt** ME. *aunt(e)*: adapt. of OFR. *ante* (FR. *tante*). Source LAT. *amita* 'aunt'.

**avail** ME. *availe*: source FR. *vaille* from *valoir* 'be worth'.

**avalanche**: adoption of the synon. FR. *avalanche* (FR. *aval* 'downward' = OFR. *a val* is LAT. *ad vallem* 'valleyward').

**avenge** ME. *avengē*: adapt. of OFR. *avengier* 'avenge' (source

LAT. *vindicare* 'vindicate'); cp. *vengeance*.

**avoid** ME. *avoidē*: adapted from FR. *avoider* 'empty out'; cp. *void*.

**avouch** 'declare, confess' from OFR. *avoch(i)er*; cp. *vouch*.

**avow** ME. *avowe avoue* from FR. *avouer*; cp. *voto*.

**await** ME. *awaite* from ONFR. *await(i)er*; cp. *wait*.

**award** ME. *awarde* from ONFR. *eswardē(i)r* 'examine'. For the Teut. source see under *guard*.

**aware** ME. *tware* OE. *zēwara zēwær* = OHG. OSAX. *gīwar* G. *gewahr*, DU. *gewaar* 'watchful, wary'; cp. *wary*.

**away** ME. *away away* OE. *onwæg* 'away' prop. 'on the way'; cp. *way* and *alway*.

**awe** ME. *awe* older *age*: adapt. of ON. *agi* 'awe, terror'. Akin to OE. *ege* ME. *éc* 'fear, terror' = GOTH. *agis* and GR. *ἄχος* 'anguish'; cp. GOTH. *aglus* 'molesting', OIR. *agor* 'I fear'.

**awkward** ME. *awkward aukward* beside late ME. *auke* 'contrary, wrong'; *auk-* contr. of *awck-* = ON. *ofugr* 'turned the wrong way'. Cogn. w. OSAX. *abuh*, OHG. *abuh* and SKR. *apāk* 'turned away'.

**awl** ME. *aul awel* OE. *awel awol* 'awl': if traceable to a Teut. base *awola* (for *agwold-*), akin to LAT. *acus* 'needle' — *aculeus* 'sting'.

**awn** ME. *aune* older *awene agene*: Scand. loanword from ON. *agn* which is ident. with OE.

*agne*, OHG. *agana* MHG. *agene* G. *ahne*, GOTH. *ahana* 'chaff'; prob. related. to GR. *ἄχρη ἄχρῶν* 'chaff', LITH. *akūtas*, OPRUSS. *ackons* 'awn'.

**awry** ME. *awry(c) onwry*; cp. *wry*.

**ax(e)** ME. *ax* OE. *cax* = the synon. OE. *cax cax*, OHG. *ahsa* MHG. *ahse* G. *achse*, DU. *as* and with formative *-l* the synon. ON. *axull*, whence borrowed ME. *axel* E. *axle-(tree)*. For a pre-TEUT. *aksa* cp. SKR. *ākṣa*, GR. *ἄξωρ*, LAT. *avis*, OSLOV. *osi*, LITH. *aszis* 'axle'.

**ax(e)** ME. *ax(c)* OE. *ax* orig. *acas* \**acces* = synon. OSAX. OHG. *accus* MHG. *ackes* G. *ax(t)*, DU. *aaks*, ON. *ax*, GOTH. *axi* 'axe'. Pre-TEUT. *agēsi agzi* (*aksī*) appears also in GR. *ἄξωρ* 'axe'.

**axle** ME. *axel* in *axel-tré*: borrowed from ON. *axultré*; akin to *ax*.

**aye**<sup>1</sup> 'yes' occurring in the 16<sup>th</sup> cent. as *I* and not found earlier; perh. ident. with *I* = OE. *ic*; in OE. we find *nie* (for *ne + ic*) 'no' (in answering). The orthography of *aye* was influenced perhaps by *aye*<sup>2</sup> (cp. *na*).

**aye**<sup>2</sup> ME. *ay* cp.: borrowed from ON. *ei* ever; akin to GOTH. *aiw* 'ever', OHG. OSAX. *io* G. *je*; cp. *ever*. In the Aryan langs. a sb. *aiwa-* 'age, time' exists in GOTH. *aiwas*, LAT. *aevum*, GR. *αἰών*.

## B

**babe** ME. *babe* fuller form *bābin*: from W. GAEL. IR. CORN. *baban* 'a babe, child'.

**baboon** ME. *babwin* *bāboin*: loanword from the synon. FR. *babouin*. Akin to DU. *baviaan*, G. *pavian*. Source OFR. *babou* 'grimace'?

**baby** ME. *bābi*: dimin. of *babe*.

**bachelor** ME. *bachelūr*: borrowed from OFR. *bachelor* = FR. *bachelier*. Source MED.-LAT. *baccalārius*.

**back**<sup>1</sup> cp. *basin*.

**back**<sup>2</sup> 'the hinder part of the body' ME. *bak* OE. *bac* = OSAX. DU. (in comp.), ICEL. SW. *bak* 'back'. — **back** adv. for *aback* ME. *abak* OE. *on bac* 'backward' prop. 'on the back'. — **back-board** OE. *bæcbord* = DU. LG. *bakboord* (whence G. *backbord*, FR. *tabord*), ICEL. *bakbord* 'larboard'.

**backgammon** prop. 'backgame', because the men when taken are put back. See *gammon*.

**bacon** ME. *bācon* *bācoun*: borrowed from OFR. *bacon* 'fitch of bacon'. Source a TEUT. base *bakon* = MDU. MLG. *bake*, OHG. *bahho* MHG. *bache* 'side of bacon, ham'; akin to *back* sb.

**bad** ME. *bad(de)* 'worthless, wicked'; prob. ident. with OE. *abēded* 'forced, compelled': orig.

part. of the vb. *ā-bēdan* 'compel, restrain'.

**badge** late ME. *baḡge*: of FR. origin, cp. OFR. *bage*, MED.-LAT. *bagia* 'signum, a ring'.

**badger** orig. ident. with an obsolete *badger* 'one who buys corn'; cp. FR. *blaireau* 'badger' orig. little corn-merchant'. The source is a MED.-LAT. *bladarius*, OFR. *blayer* 'corn-merchant' (FR. *blé* 'corn'): E. *badger* for *bladger*?

**bag** ME. *bagge*: loanword from ON. *baggi* 'bag, bundle'. — **baggage** ME. *baggage* according to FR. *bagage* points to OFR. *bague* = ON. *baggi*.

**bail** 'a hoop' ME. *beil*: perh. traceable to an OE. *\*beȝel* *\*byȝel* = G. *bügel*, ON. *bygill*; √ *būg* in *bow*.

**bail** vb. borrowed from OFR. *bailer* 'securer, keep in custody'. Akin to **bailiff** ME. *bailif* *baili*: from OFR. *bailif* (whence also DU. *baljuw*) later *baili* *bailli* = MED.-LAT. *baillivus* *ballivus*. Source LAT. *bajulus* 'burdenbearer'.

**bairn** 'child' (Sc.) ME. *bērn* OE. *bēarn* 'child' = OHG. GOTH. *barn*, ON. *barn* (whence also ME. *barn*): deriv. of the TEUT. √ *ber* 'produce', prop. partic. with the meaning that which is born'.

**bait** vb. ME. *baite* *beite* 'feed': borrowed from ON. *beita* 'cause to bite' = MHG. *beizen* 'bait', OE.

*bétan*: causative of TEUT. *bítan* 'bite'; cp. *bite*.

**bake** ME. *báke* OE. *bacan* str. vb. = ON. *baka*, OHG. *bahhan* 'bake'. The G. forms partly show TEUT. *kk* for TEUT. *k*: G. *backen*, DU. *bakken* (OSAX. *bakkeri* 'baker'); the *kk* is also shown in *batch*. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{bak}}$  from pre-TEUT. *bhōg* is perh. connected with GR.  $\rho\acute{o}\gamma\epsilon\iota\nu$  'roast'.

**bald** ME. *balld* (OE. *\*beallīde?*); source and history unknown.

**baldrick** ME. *baudrik* *bauderik*; akin to ON. *baldrerkr*, MHG. *balderich*, FR. *baudroy* (OFR. *baldrer*, whence ME. *baudrī*), MED.-LAT. *baldringus*: related to LAT. *balticus* under *belt*.

**bale** sb. 'a large bundle of merchandise ready for transportation': loanword from OFR. *ballyle* (= SPAN. *bala*, IT. *balla*); of Teut. origin, ident. with *ball*.

**bale** vb. 'empty water out of a ship', also spelled *bail*: borrowed from DU. *balien* 'bale out'; DU. *balie* (= MLG. *ballige balge*, LG. *balje*, IT. *baglia*) 'tub' fr. FR. *baille* represents a Lat. type *bacula* (cogn. w. *basin*).

**bale** ME. *bále* OE. *bealu*; cp. OSAX. *balu*, OHG. *balu*, ON. *ból* 'evil, calamity'; GOTH. *\*baltas* 'evil' in comp. and deriv. as *balveins* *balvejan* 'torment'.

**ball<sup>1</sup>** 'a spherical body' ME. *ball(e)*: borrowed from OFR. *ballle* = OHG. *balla ballo* 'a ball, sphere', ON. *ballr* 'ball'.

**ball<sup>2</sup>** 'a dance' (= DU. G. *ball*): borrowed from FR. *bal* 'a dance' (= SPAN. *baile*, IT. *ballo*) 'a dance'. FR. *baller* (IT. *ballare*) is traced to GR.  $\beta\alpha\lambda\lambda\acute{\iota}\zeta\epsilon\iota\nu$  'dance'.

**ballast**: loanword from SW. DAN. *ballast* orig. *buglast* for *barlass* prop. 'bare last' i. e. 'mere load' = DU. LG. G. *ballast*.

**balm** ME. *baum* (*baume bame bisme*): adapt. of FR. *baume*. Source LAT. *balsamum*, whence G. *balsam*, DU. *balsm*.

**bane** 'harm' ME. *báne*; OE. *bana* means 'murderer'; cp. ON. *banc*, OHG. *bano* 'death'. Akin to GR.  $\rho\acute{o}\rho\omicron\varsigma$  'murder'.

**bank** ME. *banke* OE. *banca* = ON. *bakki* (orig. *\*banke*): akin to *bench*. — **bank** (for money) adapt. of FR. *banque* = IT. *banca*: ult. source TEUT. *bank(i)* in *bench*.

**bar** ME. *barre*: adapt. of OFR. *barre*.

**bare** ME. *báre* OE. *ber* = OHG. G. *bar*, ON. *berr*: TEUT.-GOTH. base *baza-* = pre-TEUT. *bhaso-* in OSLOV. *bosū* 'bare-foot', LITH. *basas*.

**bargain** sb. ME. *bargain*: adapt. of OFR. *bargaine* 'traffic'.

**barge** ME. *barge*: adapt. of OFR. *barge*. Source a MED.-LAT. *barica*, whence also *bark<sup>2</sup>*.

**bark<sup>1</sup>** 'the rind of a tree' ME. *barke*: possibly a loanword from the equiv. ON. *bærkr*; cp. G. LG. *borke*, NORTHRIS. *buark*, GOTH. *\*barkus*: prob. akin to *birch* on account of SKR. *bhūrja* m. 'birch'

— n. 'birchbark'. *Bark* orig. 'birchbark'? cp. *birch*.

**bark<sup>2</sup>** adapt. of FR. *barque*; ident. with *barge*.

**bark** vb. ME. *berke* OE. *beorcan*; cp. OE. *borcian* 'bark' and ON. *berkja* 'bark': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{berk}}$ , not recorded elsewhere.

**barley** ME. *barli* older *barlich* late OE. *bārlic*; how the word is connected with the synonym. OE. *berc* (cp. *barn*), is uncertain. Source a TEUT. base *baraz* (*bariz* = ON. *barr*, cp. GOTH. *barizeins* 'made of barley'), akin to LAT. *far* 'corn' (ARYAN base *bharos-*).

**barm** 'yeast' ME. *berme* OE. *beorma* = DU. *berm*, MLG. *berme*: Teut. base *berman-* from an Aryan base *bhermen-* in LAT. *fermentum*.

**barn** ME. *berne* OE. *beru* short for orig. *berc-ern* 'barley-house'; cp. *barley*. OE. *-ern* (for *ern* \**renn*) 'house' corresponds to GOTH. *razn* 'house', ON. *rann*.

**barnacle<sup>1</sup>** 'a fish' ME. *bernake*; transformed by suffix-exchange from OE. *byrnete* 'lolligo'.

**barnacle<sup>2</sup>** 'a kind of goose' ME. *bernake*; an ANGLO-LAT. *bernaca* of the 12<sup>th</sup> cent. is the first record of the obscure word.

**barnacles<sup>3</sup>** 'spectacles' orig. 'irons put on the noses of horses to keep them quiet' dimin. to ME. *bernac* from OFR. *bernac* 'camus, a barnacle'.

**baron** ME. *baroun*: loanword from FR. *baron*, whence also ODU. *baroen*, MHG. *barin* G. DU. *baron*. Source a military word LAT. *baro*

'mercenary', which oftentimes is found in the Teut. Leges Barbarorum for 'baron'.

**barrel** ME. *bārel* prop. *baril*: borrowed fr. FR. *baril*.

**barren** ME. *barrein*: a FR. loanword, cp. OFR. *brahuin barhain* (FR. *bréhaigne* 'sterile'). Source unknown.

**barrow** 'a wheel-barrow' ME. *barwe* (OE. \**bearwe*): derived from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{ber}}$  in *bear*; as for the *-w*-suffix cp. also OE. *meox-hyrwe*, WESTPHAL. *bierwe* 'a Bier, stretcher'.

**barter** Engl. deriv. of OFR. *barate* 'deceit, fraud' (OFR. *barater* 'beguile'), whence ME. *barât* *barêt*, ODU. *baract* 'fraud', MHG. *bârât*.

**base<sup>1</sup>** 'low' from FR. *basse* f. (*bas* m.). Source VULG. -LAT. *bassus*?

**base<sup>2</sup>** sb. 'foundation' ME. *bāse* (*bas*): loanword from FR. *base* (LAT. *basis*).

**bashful** see *abash*.

**basin** ME. *bāsin*: loanword from FR. *bassin*. Source LAT. *baccinum* (akin w. LAT. *bacar* and *bicarium*?) whence DU. *bekken*, OHG. (OSAX.) *bekkin* G. *becken* 'basin'; cp. DU. I.G. *bak* 'bowl, tub, trough', FR. *bac* 'trough, basin' = LAT. *bacca*).

**bask** vb. ME. *baske*: a Scand. loanword, from ON. *badask* 'bathe oneself'. Source see under *bath*.

**basket** ME. *bisket*; commonly considered ident. with BRITANN.-LAT. *bascauda* 'dish-pan' (= OFR. *baschoe* 'bucket'); an OE. \**bascoð*



\**baxod* was supplanted by \**bascot*, -*ot* being an E. dimin. suffix. A primit. LAT.-GALL. *basca* appears in FR. *bâche* tilt, vat'.

**bass** 'a fish' ME. *basc barse* OE. *bars* = DU. *baars*, G. *barsch*; cp. SWED. *abborre*, DAN. *oborre* (r from *rs*).

**bastard** ME. *bastard* (= G. *bastard*, DU. *bastard*): borrowed from OFR. *bastard* (FR. *bâtard* = SPAN. IT. *bastardo*). Source OFR. *bast* = SPAN. IT. *basto* 'pack-saddle'; cp. OFR. *fiis de bast* 'a bastard', lit. 'a son of a pack-saddle' (not of a bed, cp. G. *bankert* prop. 'son of a bench').

**baste**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'beat with a stick, strike': a Scand. loanword from ON. *beysta* 'beat' = SW. *hösta* 'thump', DAN. *böste* 'strike'.

**baste**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'pour fat over meat'; origin unknown.

**baste**<sup>3</sup> vb. 'sew slightly' ME. *bäste*: borrowed from OFR. *bastir* (FR. *bâtir* = SPAN. *bastear*, IT. *imbasture*) 'baste'. Source a TEUT. *bastjan* = OHG. *hæstan* 'patch' MHG. *hæsten* 'bind'.

**bat**<sup>1</sup> 'a short cudgel' ME. late OE. *bat(t)*: loanword from IR. GAEL. *bat* 'staff, cudgel' or more prob. fr. FR. *batte* 'a rammer, wand'.

**bat**<sup>2</sup> 'winged mammal'; the Scotch by-form *ba(c)k* points to ME. *bakke* = DAN. *bakke* (only in comp. *aftenbakke* 'evening-bat'). Perh. connected with *back* and *bacon*, made prob. by G. (dial.) *speckmaus* 'bat' prop. 'sitch-mouse'.

**batch** ME. *bacche* OE. \**baēce*; deriv. from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{bakk}}$  (: *bak*); see *bake*.

**bath** ME. *bath* OE. *bad* = OSAX. *bath*, DU. G. OHG. *bad*, ON. *bad*. The dental being suffix, the word rests on a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{ba}}$  (*bē*) in OHG. *bâcn* = G. *bâhen*. — **bathe** vb. ME. *bâthe* OE. *badian* = OHG. *badôn* G. *baden*, ON. *badr*: deriv. from the TEUT. sb. *bafa-* 'bath'.

**batten** vb. 'grow fat' ME. \**batne*: a Scand. loanword from ON. *batna* 'grow better' (= GOTH. *gabatnan* 'profit'). Akin to *better* and *hoot*<sup>2</sup>.

**batter** vb. 'beat' ME. *batre*: from FR. *battre*. Source LAT. *battuere*. Hence **batter** 'a compound of eggs, flour and milk' ME. *batüre*: from OFR. *bate-üre* 'a beating'.

**battle** ME. *bataile*: loanword from FR. *bataille*, whence ODU. *bataclghe*, MHG. *bateile* 'battle'. Source LAT. *battuere* 'beat'.

**bay** adj. 'reddish' ME. *bay*: from FR. *bai*. Source LAT. *badius* 'bay-colored'.

**bay**<sup>1</sup> 'inlet of the sea' ME. *baie*: borrowed from FR. *baie* (= SPAN. *bahia*, IT. *baja*).

**bay**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a kind of laurel-tree, sweet-bay' ME. *bay baie* 'a berry': borrowed from OFR. *baie bare* FR. *baie* 'a berry'. Source LAT. *bacca bâca* 'berry'.

**bay** vb. 'bark as a dog' ME. *baye* shortened from *abaye*: loanword from OFR. *abaier* FR. *aboyer*.

**bay**<sup>3</sup> 'berry' (in *bay-rum*) ME. *bai bei* OE. *bê* = NORTHFRIS. *bei*,

DITMARSCH *beic*, DU. *bei* 'berry': Teut. base *bajjiz* *bajjiz*; not ident. with OFR. *baic* = LAT. *bacca*.

**be** 'exist' ME. *bē* OE. *bēon* fr. a Teut. base \**bijan*; cp. OHG. *bim* = OSAX. *biu-m* 'I am', which answers to LAT. *fiō*: Aryan base *bhiō* (*bhijō*) traceable to *bhwiō bhuiō*; cp.  $\sqrt{bhu}$  in LAT. *fui* 'I was'. Cp. *booth* and *build*.

**be-** prefix ME. OE. *be-*: ident. with *by*.

**beacon** ME. *bēken* OE. *bēacen* = OHG. *bouhhan*, OSAX. *bōkan* (DU. *baak*, G. *bake* fr. OFRIS. *bāken*): TEUT. base *baukna-*. See *beck*.

**bead** ME. *bēde* 'a bead, a prayer' OE. *zēbed* 'prayer'. Deriv. from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{bed}$ ; cp. *bid*.

**beadle** ME. *bēdel* *bēdēl*: loanword from OFR. *bedel* = FR. *bédeau* (IT. *bidello*). Source a Teut. *būdil* = OHG. *bitil*.

**beaker** ME. *biker*; cp. the synonym. DU. *beker*, OSAX. *bikeri*, OHG. *bēhhāri* G. *becher*. Perh. the E. word is borrowed from the synonym. ON. *bikarr*. Source LAT. *biccarium* (IT. *bicchiere*) with the by-form *piccarium* (see *pitcher*). Further connections under *basin*.

**beam** 'a piece of timber' ME. *bēm* OE. *bēam* 'a tree' = OHG. MHG. *boum* G. *baum*, LG. DU. *boom*, OSAX. *bōm* 'a tree'. The corresp. synonym. GOTH. *bagms* (ON. *badmr*?) 'tree' seems to point to a TEUT. *bagwoma-* with a by-form *baewma-* *baumma-*.

**bean** ME. *bēne* *bēn* OE. *bēan* = synonym. OHG. *bōna* G. *bohne*, DU.

*boon*, ON. *baun*: TEUT. base *baunō-* 'bean'. The early existence of the word (GOTH. \**bauna*) is attested by the name of the Fris. island *Baunomia* (island of beans?).

**bear** vb. 'carry' ME. *bēre* OE. *bēran* = OSAX. OHG. *bēran*, ON. *bera*, DU. *baren*, GOTH. *bai ran*. Akin to LAT. *ferre*, GR.  $\varphi\acute{\epsilon}\rho\epsilon\upsilon$ , SKR.  $\sqrt{bhar}$  'bear, carry': ARYAN  $\sqrt{bher}$ . Cp. *bier* and *birth*.

**bear** sb. 'ursus' ME. *bēre* OE. *bēra* = OHG. *bēro* MHG. *bēr* G. *bär*, DU. *beer*. The TEUT. *bēron-* (ON. *björn*) is based on an Aryan adj. *bhero-* 'brown' preserved in LITH. \**bēras* 'brown'.

**beard** ME. *bērd* OE. *bēard* = DU. *baard*, OFRIS. *berd*, OHG. G. *bart*: TEUT. base *barda-* = ARYAN *bhardha-* in LAT. *barba*, OSLOV. *brada*, LITH. *barzdà*, PRUSS. *bor-dus* 'beard'.

**beast** ME. *bēst*: loanword from OFR. *beste* (FR. *bête*), whence also LG. DU. *beest* 'beast'. Source LAT. *bēstia* (in a vulgar form *bēsta*).

**beat** vb. ME. *bēte* OE. *bēatan* = OHG. *bōzgan* MHG. *bōzen*, ICEL. *bauta* 'beat'. Cp. *beetle*.

**beaver<sup>1</sup>** 'an animal' ME. *bēver* OE. *beofor* = OHG. *bibar* G. *biber*, DU. *bever*, ON. *bjorr*: TEUT. *bebruz* (whence are borrowed IT. *bevero*, FR. *bievre*) points to PRE-TEUT. *bhebhrus* = LAT. *fiber*, CORN. *befer*, OSLOV. *bebrū*, LITH. *bebrus*, LETT. *bebris*, RUSS. *bobru* 'beaver'. In SKR. there is an adj. *babhrūs* 'brown', which is perh. a redupl.

form pointing to LITH. *beras* 'brown' under *bear*.

**beaver<sup>2</sup>** 'the lower part of a helmet' borrowed from the synon. FR. *bavière*, whence also the synon. DU. *bever*.

**because** ME. *because* *bicause* *by-cause* (also separately written *be-*, *bi-*, *by-* *cause*): *by* the prep. + *cause*.

**beck<sup>1</sup>** 'a stream' ME. *bek*: loanword from ON. *bekkr* (= SW. *bäck*); cp. OSAX. *beki*, DU. *beck*, OHG. *bah(hh)* G. *bach* from a TEUT. *baki-*.

**beck<sup>2</sup>** 'a nod or sign' ME. *bek* short for ME. *bike* OE. *bīacen*; see *beacon*.

**bed** ME. OE. *bed* (*dǣ*) = GOTH. *badī* (stem *badja-*), OHG. *bēti* *betti* MHG. *bētte* *bēte* G. *bett*, DU. *bed*. The cogn. CYMR. *bedd* 'grave' (CELT. base *bed-*) points to the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{bhedh bhodh}}$  (in LAT. *fodio* 'I dig', LITH. *bedu* 'I dig'), as is evident in G. *beet* (blumenbeet) = E. *bed* (flowerbed).

**bedrid** ME. *bedred* OE. *bedrida*: lit. 'a bed-rider' = MLG. *bedderēde* 'bedridden'. Cp. *ride* (and the phrase »ride on anchor«). Akin to OHG. *bettiriso*, MLG. *beddrēse* 'bedridden' *bankrēse* 'a lazy fellow'.

**bee** ME. *bē* OE. *bēo* contr. of *bīe* (infl. *bīan*) = OHG. *bīa*, DU. *bij*; with *n*-suffix G. *bīene* from OHG. *bīni*. Akin to PRUSS. *bitte*, LITH. *bitis*, LETT. *bitte*, IR. *bech* 'bee'; also LAT. *fūcus* 'drone' (Aryan base *bhoiko-*?).

**beech** ME. *bēche* OE. *bēc* (orig. *bōc* = LG. *bāke* 'beech'): formed with vowel mutation from \**bōc* in OE. *bȳc-trēow*; cp. OHG. *buohta* MHG. *buoche* G. *buche*, ON. *bök*. The name of this tree (whence *book*) is a PRE-TEUT. *bhāgos* = LAT. *fāgnus* 'beech', GR. *q̄āγός q̄γγός*. The GR. word signifies perh. originally 'tree with edible fruit, food-tree' (*q̄a-γείv* 'eat').

**beef** ME. *bēf* older *bāf* (*bcof*): borrowed from OFR. *boef* FR. *boeuf*. Source LAT. *bovem* (*bos*).

**beer** ME. *bēr* OE. *bēor* = OHG. OSAX. *bior* G. DU. *bier*. A common WESTTEUT. word (base *beura-*), perh. derived fr. OE. OSAX. *bēo*, ON. *bygg* 'barley'; hence *beer* prop. 'barley-juice'?

**beet** ME. OE. *bēte*. Source LAT. *bēta* (= FR. *bette*, IR. *bieta*), whence also G. *beete*.

**beetle<sup>1</sup>** ME. *bētel* OE. *bȳtel* *bītel* = the synon. LG. *bâtel*, ON. *beytill* 'hammer'. The TEUT. base *bautila-* belongs to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{baut}}$  in *beat*.

**beetle<sup>2</sup>** an insect ME. *bītel* OE. *bitola*; derived from an adj. OE. *bitol* 'inclined to bite'.

**beg** vb. ME. *begge* shortened from OE. *bedecian*, formed from *bīd* with intensive *k* (as in *hark*, *lurk*, *walk*).

**begin** ME. *beginne* OE. *beginnan* str. vb. — OSAX. OHG. *biginnan*, DU. G. *beginnen*, GOTH. *duginnen* 'begin'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{gen}}$  (the initial *g* of which may be an

Aryan *k* in the compound) is traceable to the Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{ken}}$  in OSLOV. *po-čina* (infinit. *po-četi* 'begin', *kom* 'beginning').

**beguile** vb. ME. *begile* (= MDU. *beghijlen*): loanword from OFR. *guiler*. Cp. *wile*.

**behalf** 'interest, benefit' ME. *on behalve* for *on halve* or *be halve* OE. *on (be) healfe*; OE. *healf* sb. (= OHG. *halbā*) means 'side'.

**behave** vb. late ME. *behāve* OE. *behabban*: ident. with *have*. — **behavior** shows a FR. ending in imitation of *havior*, var. of *haver* for *aver* 'possession'.

**behead** vb. ME. *behēde bihefden* OE. *behēafdian*; cp. MHG. *behoubeten* 'behead'. Cp. *head*.

**behest** ME. *behest(e) bihest* earlier *behēse* OE. *behās* 'command, vow.' OE. *hās* (base *hāsi- hāisi-*) points to TEUT. GOTH. *haitan* = OE. *hātan*; cp. *hight* and *hest*.

**behind** ME. *behind(n)* OE. *behindan* 'afterwards, after'. Cp. *hinder* and *hindmost*.

**behold** vb. ME. *behōlde* OE. *behāldan (behāldan)* 'hold, see'. Cp. *hold*.

**behoof** ME. *behōf* OE. *behōf* = SYNON. DU. *behoef*, MLG. *behōf*, MHG. *behuof* G. *behuf*, ICEL. *hōf* 'moderation'. — **behoove** vb. ME. *behōve* OE. *behōþian* 'be necessary' = DU. *behoeven*, MLG. *behoeven*.

**belch** vb. akin to ME. *belke* OE. *belcian* *bealecian* and with suffix *bealcettan* 'belch'.

**belfry** ME. *berfray* *berfrey* *berfreid* *berfreit* adapt. of OFR. *berfrei* *berfreit* = FR. *beffroi*. Source MHG. *bērcvrit* from *berc* 'protection' and *frid* 'a place of security'.

**belief** ME. *belēve* from the vb. ME. *belēve* = *believe*. Phonetically not ident. with ME. *belēve ilēve* OE. *zēlēfa* = OSAX. *gilōbo*, DU. *geloof*, OHG. *giloubo* G. *glaube*. — **believe** vb. ME. *bilēve* orig. *ilēve* OE. *zēlēfan zēlyfan* 'believe' = OSAX. *gilōbian*, DU. *gelooven*, OHG. *gilouban* G. *glauben*, GOTH. *galauhjan*.

**bell** ME. OE. *belle* = DU. *bel*, LG. *belle*: WEST-TEUT. base *bēllōn*. Akin to *bellow*?

**bellow** vb. ME. *bel(o)we* *belwe* OE. *belgian* *bylgian* 'bellow': TEUT. base \**balligōn*? Prob. an extended form with vowel mutation and intensive formative of OE. *bēllan* = OHG. *bēllan* 'bellow'. If *bell-* is traceable to *belz* *bels*, the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{b}}$  corresponds to SKR. *bhās* (for *bhals*) 'bellow' = *bhās* 'speak' and LITH. *balsas* 'voice'.

**bellows** ME. *belwes* (also *belics*) 'a bellows': prop. plur. of *belowe* *belu* *beli* 'a bellows, a bag, belly' OE. *belz* *bylz* (*blēstbylz*) 'a bag' = ON. *belgr*, G. DU. *balg* 'skin'. Ident. with *belly*. A TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{belg}}$  'swell' appears in OHG. *bēlgan* 'be angry', OE. *zēbolgen* 'angry', ON. *bolgen* 'swollen'; cogn. w. OIR. *bolgaim* 'I swell' — *bolg* *bole* 'bag, bellows' — OGALL. *bulga* 'leather-bag'. Cp. *holster*.

**belly** ME. *belie belí* 'belly, womb, also a bellows' OE. *belz bylz* 'a bag, pouch, purse, bag of any kind'. Ident. with *bellows*.

**below** ME. *bilſowe* cp. *lowe*.

**belt** ME. OE. *belt* = OHG. *balz*, ON. *belti* 'a belt, border'. Source LAT. (GALL.?) *balteus* 'belt'.

**bench** ME. *bench* OE. *benē*: with umlaut and palatalization from a TEUT. base *banki*(z) = OSAX. DU. G. OHG. *bank*, ON. *bekkr*; FR. *banc* and IT. SPAN. *banco* are TEUT. loanwords. Cp. *bank*.

**bend** sb. 'a band, bond' ME. OE. *benđ* (= OSAX. *bendi*, ODU. *bende*, GOTH. *bandi* 'a band, bond') from the √ *bēnd* in *bind*, whence also **bend** vb. 'bow, curve' ME. *bende* OE. *bendan* 'bind, curve, bend'.

**beneath** ME. *benēthe* OE. *beneodan* = DU. *beneden*; from OE. *neodan*, OSAX. *nithana*, OHG. *nidana* MHG. *niden(e)* 'below'. Cp. *nether*.

**benison** ME. *beneisoun*: borrowed from OFR. *beneïçon*. Source LAT. *benedictionem* (vp. ME. *malceisoun* = OFR. *malēïçon*, LAT. *maledictionem*).

**bent-grass** OE. *beonot* = OSAX. *binut*, OHG. *binuz* MHG. *bin(e)z* G. *binse*, DU. *bentgras*.

**bequeath** vb. ME. *bequēthe* OE. *becwēdan* 'declare, affirm'. — **bequest** ME. *biqueste* usually *biquide* *byquide* *bequide*. For the OE. vb. *cwēdan* 'speak' cp. *quoth*.

**bereave** vb. ME. *birēce* (*rēce*) OE. *berēafian* (*rēafian*) = OSAX. *birōbōn*, DU. *berooeven*, OHG. (*bi*)rou-

*bōn* G. *berauben*, GOTH. *biraubōn* 'rob', ON. *raufa* 'rob'.

**berry** ME. OE. *berie*; cp. synonym. OHG. *berī* G. *beere*. The *r* was orig. *z* = *s*; cp. GOTH. *basi* in *weinabasi* 'wineberry, grape', DU. *bes* 'berry'.

**besech** vb. ME. *bisēche* *bisēke* OE. *bisēcan*: ident. with *seek*.

**besom** 'a broom' ME. *besom* *besme* 'a broom, rod' OE. *besma* 'a rod' = DU. *bezem*, OHG. *bēsamo* G. *besen* 'a broom', GOTH. \**bisma*. LAT. *ferula* may accord with the Teut. word in an Aryan √ *bhes*.

**best** ME. *beste* OE. *betsta* = GOTH. *batista*, OHG. *bēzīsto* MHG. G. *beste*, OSAX. *betsto*. Cp. *better* and *boot*<sup>2</sup>.

**bestow** vb. ME. *bestōwe*; cp. *stow*.

**betide** vb. ME. *betide*; cp. *tide*.

**betray** vb. ME. *betraie* (by-form *betraisse*): adapt. of FR. *trahir* (source LAT. *tradere* 'deliver'). Cp. *traitor* and *treason*.

**betroth** vb. ME. *bitreuthie* 'betroth'; deriv. from *truth*.

**better** ME. *better* OE. *betera* = GOTH. *batiza*, OHG. *bēzīro* G. *besser*, OSAX. *bētoro*, DU. *beter*, ON. *betre*. Cp. the corresp. superl. *best*. No primitive adj. exists in the Teut. and Aryan langs.; for the root cp. *boot*<sup>2</sup> and *best*.

**between** ME. *bitwēne* OE. *betwēonum* 'between'; in OE. the orig. construction was *be sēm twēonum* = 'between the seas'.

OE. \**twēon* earlier *twihnu* 'two' answers to GOTH. *twēihns* = LAT. *binus* (Aryan base *dawekno-s*). — **betwixt** ME. *betwix* (by-form *betwixe*) OE. *betwecox* *bitwēih*s (by-form *betwecan* = OSAX. *undartwisk* 'between', OHG. *undar zwiskēm* 'between' G. *zwischen*). The Teut. base *twiska-* 'two' is a deriv. of TEUT. *twa* in *two*.

**beverage** ME. *beverāge* *beverege*: loanword from OFR. *bevrage* *bevrage* *breucaige* = FR. *breuvage*. Source LAT. *bibere* (LAT. type *biberaticum*).

**bevy** 'a company' ME. *bevey* *beve*; doubtful if ident. with OFR. *beveye* FR. *bevee* 'drink, drinking'? then the E. word might prop. denote 'a drinking-party'.

**beyond** ME. *beyonde* OE. *beȝeōndan*. Cp. *yon*.

**bible** ME. *bible*: loanword from FR. *bible*, whence also DU. *bijbel*, G. SW. DAN. *bibel*. Source LAT. *biblia*.

**bid** ME. *bidde* OE. *biddan* str. vb. = GOTH. *bidjan*, OSAX. *biddian*, DU. *bidden*, OHG. *bittan* G. *bitten*, ON. *bidja* 'bid'. The TEUT. √ *bēd* for *bid* goes back to an Aryan √ *bhidh* in GR. *πείθω* 'move by praying' which with LAT. *fidō* 'trust' points to connection with *bide*.

**bide** ME. *bide* OE. *bīdan* str. vb. = GOTH. *beidan*, OSAX. *bīdan*, OHG. *bītan*, ON. *bīda*. The strong verb TEUT. *bīdan* 'wait' agrees with LAT. *fidō* 'I trust' and GR. *πείθωμαι* 'I trust, obey' (*πείθω* 'I move by

entreaty'): pre-TEUT. *bhidh*. Cp. *bid* 'pray' for the identity of *bide* with TEUT. *bidjan*.

**bier** ME. *bēre bēre* OE. *bēr* = OSAX. OHG. *bāra* G. *bahre*, DU. *baar*; the modern spelling with *ie* (since 1600) is due to FR. *bière*. Source a TEUT. *bērō-*, derived fr. *bear* (TEUT. √ *bēr*).

**bile** ME. *bile* OE. *byle* = DU. *huil*, OHG. *būlla* \**būllia* 'blain' MHG. *biule* G. *beule*: TEUT. base *biljō(n)-*.

**bill**<sup>1</sup> 'a writing, account' together with its dimin. **billet** 'a note' ME. *bille* 'a letter' (dimin. *billette* 'a note'): from MED.-LAT. *billu* *bullu* 'a bubble, boss, leaden seal, a bull'. Cp. *bull*.

**bill**<sup>2</sup> 'sword' ME. OE. *bill* 'sword' = OHG. OSAX. *bil(l)* 'a sword'. If GOTH. \**bilja-* goes back to Aryan *bhilyo-* for *bhidlye-*, connection with LAT. *findere* is possible. Hence *bill* 'the instrument for splitting' and

**bill**<sup>3</sup> 'bird's beak' ME. *bill(e)* *bille* OE. *bile* 'beak'; prob. connected with *bill*<sup>2</sup>.

**billow** ME. \**filwe* prop. \**bilge*: borrowed from ON. *bylgja*: TEUT. √ *bilg* 'swell' treated under *bag* and *bellows*.

**bin** ME. *binne* OE. *binu* 'manger': CELT. loanword from GALL. *benna* 'kind of vehicle', whence also FR. *benne* 'a basket, hamper' (fr. *benna* 'sleigh, cart'). G. *benne* 'basket-wagon' is of FR. origin.

**bind** ME. *bīnde* OE. *bīndan* str. vb. = OSAX. *bindan*, ON. *bīnda*, DU.

G. *linden*, OHG. *bintan*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{bënd}$ . An Aryan  $\sqrt{bhendh}$  appears in SKR. *bandh* 'bind'; SKR. *bandhu* 'relative' points to connection with GR.  $\pi\epsilon\rho\theta\epsilon\omicron\upsilon\varsigma$  'father-in-law', GR.  $\pi\epsilon\theta\upsilon\alpha$  for \* $\pi\epsilon\rho\theta\upsilon\omega$ , LAT. *of-fend-imentum* 'band, rope'. Cp. *band*, *bend*.

**birch** ME. *birche* OE. *birce* = OHG. *bircha* G. *birke*: TEUT. base *birkjôn-*. The synonym. OE. *beorc*, DU. *berk*, ON. *björk* from an orig. base *bërkô-* are an Aryan *bhergâ* = SKR. *bhûrja*, OSLOV. *bréza*, LITH. *bërzás* 'birch'. Cp. *bark*!

**bird** ME. *bird* mostly *brid* 'a bird', orig. 'a young bird' OE. *brid* (plur. *bridðlas*) 'the young of any bird': TEUT. base *bridja-* for *brëdjo-*; akin to *breed* and *brood*?

**birth** ME. *birthe* older *i-birde* OE. *zëbyrd* = OSAX. *giburð*, DU. *geboorte*, OHG. *giburt* G. *geburt*, ON. *burðr* 'birth', GOTH. *gabaurfs* 'birth': deriv. from a TEUT. vb. *gabiran* 'produce' with suffix *di-*: *fi* (cp. IR. *brith* 'birth', SKR. *bhÿti* 'bearing').

**bishop** ME. *bishop* *bisshop* OE. *bisēcop* = OSAX. *biskof*, DU. *bischof*, OHG. *bischof* G. *bischof*, ON. *biskup*. WEST-TEUT. *biskop* (taken as a compound *bi* + *skop*) is identical with GOTH. *aipiskauþus* = GR.  $\epsilon\pi\iota\sigma\kappa\omicron\pi\omicron\varsigma$ , LAT. *episcopus*. The initial *e* is also wanting in IF. *vescove*, OFR. PROV. *vesque* (but FR. *évêque* from OFR. *vesque*) = vulgar LAT. *(e)biscopus*.

**bitch** ME. *bicche* OE. *bičēc*; TEUT.

base *bikjôn-* also in ON. *bikkja* 'bitch'; cp. OFR. *biche* 'bitch'.

**bite** ME. *bite* OE. *bitan* str. vb. = OSAX. *bitan*, OHG. *bi-zan* G. *beissen*, DU. *bijten* 'bite', ON. *bita*. A TEUT. str. vb. *bitan* 'bite' is developed from an Aryan  $\sqrt{bhid}$  'split' in LAT. *findo*, SKR. *bhid* 'split'. Cp. *bitter* and *bill*?

**bitter** adj. ME. *bittor* OE. *bitter biter* = OSAX. OHG. *bittar* MHG. G. DU. MLG. LG. DAN. SW. *bitter*, ON. *bitr* 'bitter': TEUT. base *bitra-* (and *bitra-* in GOTH. *bitrs* 'bitter'), prop. 'biting': deriv. from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{bit}$  in *bite*.

**bittern** ME. *bitor* older *butor* (= DU. *butoor*): borrowed from FR. *butor* (= IT. *bittore*). Source LAT. *bos taurus* a bird's name?

**black** ME. *blak* OE. *blac* (*blac-*); akin to LG. *black* 'ink'.

**bladder** ME. *bladdre* OE. *blædre* = DU. *blaar*, LG. *bladere*, OHG. *blättara* G. *blatter*, ICEL. *bladra*; the TEUT. base \**blædrôn-* (with *drô-* as suffix) comes from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{blê}$  in *blow*?

**blade** ME. *blæde* OE. *bled* (plur. *bladu*) = SYNON. OHG. *blat* G. *blatt*, DU. OSAX. *blad*, ON. *blad*, GOTH. \**blada-*. Their dental seems to be formative; *bla-* from pre-TEUT. *bhlo-* is perh. akin to LAT. *fol-ium*, GR.  $\varphi\acute{\upsilon}\lambda\lambda\omicron\varsigma$ : Aryan  $\sqrt{bhol}$  *bhlo-* in *bloom*?

**blain** ME. *blein* OE. *blezen* = DU. *blein*: TEUT. base *blajinô-* from TEUT.  $\sqrt{bla}$  in *bladder*?

**blame** vb. ME. *blâme* (= MDU. *blamen*): loanword from FR.

*blâmer* (= OSPAN. *blasmar*, IT. *biasimare*: source LAT. *blasphemare*).

**blank** ME. *blank* OE. *blanc blonc* = synon. OHG. MHG. *blanc* G. *blank*; ON. *blakkr* 'gray or white horse': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{blenk}}$  in *blink*. The TEUT. adj. *blanka-* was introduced into the Roman. langs.; cp. IT. *bianco*, FR. *blanc* with the deriv. FR. *blanchet* = OFR. *blanket*, whence ME. E. **blanket** 'a coarse woolen cover'.

**blare** vb. 'roar' ME. *bläre* vb. = DU. *blaren*, G. *blarren plarren*.

**blast** ME. *blast* OE. *blæst* = OHG. *blâst*, ON. *blâstr* 'a gust of wind': deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{blæs}}$  = DU. *blazen*, OHG. *blâsan* G. *blasen*, ON. *blâsa*, GOTH. *blêsan*. A shorter  $\sqrt{\text{blê}}$  cp. under *blow*<sup>2</sup>.

**blaze** sb. 'a flame' ME. *blâse* 'flame, torch' OE. *blæse* (infl. *blâsan*) 'torch' = LG. MHG. *blas* 'a torch'. Akin to GOTH. *blêsan* = G. *blasen* 'blow' (cp. G. *windlicht* 'torch').

**blaze** vb. 'proclaim' ME. *blâse* 'blow as a trumpet': perh. loanword from ON. *blâsa* 'blow' = DU. *blazen* 'sound a trumpet', OHG. *blâsan* G. *blasen* 'blow', GOTH. *blêsan* (in *ufblêsan* 'puff up'). — **blazon**<sup>1</sup> 'proclamation' from FR. *blasonner* 'blazon', whence DU. *blazoen*. — **blazon**<sup>2</sup> ME. *blâson* older *blâsoin* from FR. *blason* 'coat of arms' (whence also DU. *blazoen*)?

**bleach** vb. ME. *blêche* OE. *blêcan* = ON. *bleikja* 'whiten': TEUT. base *blaiktan* from the adj. **bleak**

ME. *bleik* late OE. *blæc*: borrowed from ON. *bleikr* = orig. OE. *blac* ME. *blôk*, DU. *bleek*, G. *bleich*. A TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{blîk}}$  appears in OE. *blîcan*, ON. *blîka*, OSAX. *blîkan*, DU. *blijken*, OHG. *blîhhan* 'shine'.

**blear-eyed** 'having sore eyes' ME. *blîr-eyed bler-cighed* fr. *blêre* 'blear' + *eye cîge* 'eye'; cp. DAN. *flîr-gjet*, LG. *blêr-ôged* 'blear-eyed' (akin to LG. *flîrr-ôge* 'a bleared-eye', *ên flîrr up't ôge hebben* 'have a bleared eye').

**bleat** vb. ME. *blête* OE. *blétan* = DU. *blaten bleeten*, LG. *bleten*, OHG. *blâzan* MHG. *blâzen*.

**bleed** vb. ME. *blêde* OE. *\*blêdan* = OFRIS. *blêda*, DU. *bloeden*, LG. *blêden*, OHG. *bluotan*, ON. *blôda* 'bleed': deriv. from TEUT. *blôda-* in *blood*.

**blemish** vb. ME. *blemiss(h)* 'wound, injure, soil': loanword from OFR. *blemiss-*, stem of some forms of FR. *blêmîr* 'grow pale' (FR. *bleme blesme* 'pale, wan').

**blench** vb. ME. *blenche* (also *blenke*) 'shrink back, give way', OE. *blenčan* 'deceive': causative of *blink*, TEUT. base *\*blankjan*.

**blend**<sup>1</sup> vb. ME. *blênde* (pret. *blênde*) OE. *blândan* = OSAX. GOTH. *blândan*, ON. *blânda*, OHG. *blântan* MHG. *blândan*.

**blend**<sup>2</sup> vb. ME. *blende* OE. *blendan* = OHG. *blentan blenten* G. *blenden*: causative of *blind* vb).

**bless** vb. ME. *blesse* older *blêtsie* OE. *blêtsian* older *blêdsian* 'bless' from a TEUT. base *\*blêdisôn*, not found elsewhere in TEUT. The



vb. orig. 'sprinkle with blood' is appar. a deriv. of TEUT. *blôda-* in *blood*.

**blind** adj. ME. OE. *blind* = OSAX. DU. G. SW. DAN. *blind* (OHG. MHG. *blint*), ON. *blindr*, GOTH. *blinds*. Akin to ON. *blunda* vb. 'close one's eyes' and to LITH. *blandyti* 'cast down one's eyes' — *blęsti blisti* 'grow dark'. — **blind** vb. 'make blind' deriv. of *blind*, supplanting ME. *blēnde* (pret. *blēndē*) OE. *blēndan* = synon. OHG. *blentan* G. *blenden*; causative of the TEUT. base *blinda* in *blind* adj. **blindfold** adj. ME. *blāndfelle* OE. *blindfellian* 'strike blind, put out the eyes'; the mod. phonology of the word is due to confusion with *fold*? But its origin is obscure; it may be akin to OE. *fell*, G. *fell* OHG. *fēl*, GOTH. *fill* = LAT. *pellis*.

**blink** vb. ME. *blinke* = G. DU. *blinken*, SW. *blinka*, DAN. *blinke*.

**bliss** ME. *blisse* OE. *bliss* older *blids blids* (= OSAX. *blidsea*): *s*-deriv. of *blithe*.

**blister** ME. *blister* OE. \**blýstre* = ODU. *bluyster*. Root unknown.

**blithe** ME. *blithe* OE. *blide* 'joyful, glad' (cp. *bliss*) = OSAX. *blithi*, LG. *blide*, DU. *blif(de)*, OHG. *blidi*, ON. *blidr*, SW. DAN. *blid*, GOTH. *bleifs*. The dental is formative, but the TEUT.  $\sqrt{bl}$  unknown elsewhere.

**block** ME. *block* 'a block' (of wood). Cp. the synon. DU. *blok*, MLG. *block*, OHG. *bloh* MHG. *block*

G. *block*. Uncertain whether the E. word is a native E. word or adapt. fr. FR. *bloc* 'block, log'.

**blond** from FR. *blond*, whence also G. DU. DAN. *blond*. Source a lost TEUT. *blunda-* (= IT. *biondo*, SPAN. *blondo*).

**blood** ME. OE. *blōd* = OSAX. *blōd*, DU. *bloed*, LG. *blood*, OHG. MHG. *bluot* G. *blut*, ON. *blōd*, SW. DAN. *blod*: TEUT. base *blōda-* (and *blōfa-* in GOTH. *blōf*) from a pre-TEUT. *bhlōto-* *bhlāto-*, not found elsewhere. Its relation to the  $\sqrt{blō}$  'bloom' is doubtful. See *bleed* and *bless*.

**bloom** ME. *blōm(e)*: borrowed from ON. *blōm blōmi* = GOTH. *blōma*, OSAX. *blōmo*, DU. *bloem*, OHG. *bluoma* (*bluomo*) G. *blume* 'flower'. For the  $\sqrt{blō}$  cp. LAT. *flōs* and OIR. *blāth* 'blossom' and *blōw*'.

**blossom** ME. *blōsme* OE. *blōstm(a)* *blōsma* = DU. *bloesem* (*bloem*), MLG. *blo(s)sem*: deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{blō}$  in *blōw*.<sup>1</sup>

**blow** sb. 'a stroke' ME. *blōwe*: deriv. from ME. *blēwe* OE. *blēwcan* = OHG. *bluowan* MHG. *bluowen* G. *bläuen*, DU. *blouwen*, GOTH. *bligwcan* 'strike': TEUT.  $\sqrt{blu}$  *blēw*.

**blow**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'bloom' ME. *blēwe* OE. *blēwcan* 'blossom' = OSAX. *blōjan*, DU. *bloeyen*, OHG. *bluojan* G. *blühen* 'blow, bloom', GOTH. \**blōjan*. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{blō}$  appears also in *bloom* and *blossom*.

**blow**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'puff' ME. *blēwe* OE. *blēwcan* str. vb. = OHG. *blāian* 'blow'

MHG. *blæwen blæjen* G. *blähen* 'blow, swell'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{bl\bar{e}}$  *blâ* agrees partly with LAT. *flare* (Aryan *bhlâ* in *blade* and *bladder*).

**blue** ME. *blēw*: not deriv. from OE. *blæwen* (deriv. of OE. *blāw*), whence ME. *\*blēwe* ought to be derived. ME. *blēw blēu* is loanword from the synon. FR. *bleu* (= IT. *biavō*); ME- *bl̄* 'blue' is adapt. of ON. *blár*. The source of the whole group is a TEUT. base *blāwa- b'ēwa-* 'blue' = OE. *blāw*, ON. *blár*, DU. *blaauw*, OHG. *blāo* G. *blau*; ident. w. LAT. *flavus* 'yellow'.

**boar** ME. *bōr* OE. *bār* = OHG. MHG. *bêr* 'a young boar', OSAX. *bêr(sawin)*, LG. *bêr*, DU. *beer*: TEUT. base *būzu-* or *bairu-*.

**board** 'a plank' ME. OE. *bōrd* 'board, plank, shield, table' = OSAX. DU. SW. DAN. *bord*, LG. *boord*, G. *bort*, ON. *bord*, GOTH. (*fōfu*) *baurd* 'foot-stool': TEUT. base *bōrda-* with the by-form *brēda-* in OE. *brēd* = G. *brett* (DU. *berd* ODU. *bred*).

**boast** vb. ME. *bōste*; perh. traceable to an OE. *\*bōsettian*: deriv. from TEUT.  $\sqrt{haus}$  *bus* in G. *böse* OHG. *bōsi*?

**boat** ME. *bōt* OE. *bāt* = ON. *beit* 'boat'. The E. word is the source of ON. *bitr*, DU. G. *boot* and FR. *bateau*.

**bodice** 'stays for women' formerly *bodies*, being plur. of *body*. Cp. *peuce* for *permis*.

**bodkin** ME. *boidekin* 'a small dagger'; of uncertain origin, related to W. *bidog*, IR. *bideog* 'a dagger'? The diphthong *oi* in ME. shows foreign origin of ME. *boidekin*; but the suffix seems to be Anglized.

**body** ME. *bōdy bōdi* OE. *bōdiŕ* 'body'; akin to OHG. *botah* MHG. *botech* 'trunk, corpse'. Relation to OHG. *botahha* G. *bottich* 'a large vessel, tub' is uncertain.

**boil** 'a small tumor' ME. *bīle* OE. *býl(e)*: ident. with *bile*.

**boil** vb. 'bubble up' ME. *boile boyle*: loanword from OFR. *boillir* FR. *bouillir* = SPAN. *bullir*, IT. *bollire* 'boil'. Source LAT. *bullire* 'bubble'.

**boisterous** ME. *boistrous* 'rough, coarse': an extended form of ME. *boistous* 'rough, clumsy'. The *oi*-diphthong points to foreign origin; no source yet found.

**bold** ME. *bōld* OE. *bāld* (*bāld* older *bālf*) = GOTH. *\*halfa-* (in *halfa* adv.), ON. *ballr* (orig. *\*halfr*), OSAX. OHG. *bald* 'bold' (hence G. *bald* 'soon, quickly').

**bole** ME. *bōle* = MHG. *bole* G. *bohle* 'a thick plank'; akin to ON. *bolr* 'trunk of a tree' and perh. related to GR. *γάλαξ* 'stem of a tree'.

**boll** ME. *bolle* OE. *bolla* 'bowl, a round vessel' = DU. *bol* m. OHG. *bolla* 'a round vessel', ON. *bolli*. Perh. akin to *ball* and LAT. *follic* 'hose'.

**bolster** ME. OE. *bolster* = DU. MHG. *bolster* OHG. *bolstar* G.

*polster*, ON. *bolstr*: deriv. with *str-* suffix from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{belg}}$  'swell'; hence its orig. meaning 'swelling' (TEUT. base *bolstra-* from *\*bolhstra-*).

**bolt** vb. 'sift meal' ME. *bulte*: borrowed from OFR. *butler* (FR. *bluter*) 'sift'.

**bolt** 'a stout pin of iron etc., an arrow' ME. OE. *bolt* = SYNON. OHG. *bolz*, DÜ. *bout*, ON. *bolte*. Borrowed from LAT. *catapulta*?

**bone** ME. *bōn* OE. *bān* = G. *bein*, OSAX. *bēn*, DÜ. *been*, ON. *bēin*, SW. DAN. *ben*, GOTH. *\*bain* (DÜ. G. ON. SW. also 'leg'). Perh. cogn. with ON. *beinn* 'straight'.

**bonnet** ME. *bonet*: loanword from OFR. *bonet* orig. FR. *chapel de bonet*; MED.-LAT. *bonnetta* 'a stuff of which caps were made'.

**bonny** ME. *bony*: an ENGL. derivative of FR. *bon* 'good'.

**booby** not found in ME. OE., with ENGL. ending derived from SPAN. *bobo* 'fool'?

**book** ME. *bōk* OE. *bōc* = G. *buch* OHG. *buoh*, OSAX. *bōk*, DÜ. *bock*, GOTH. *bōka* f. — *bōk* n. 'a letter of the alphabet' shows in the plur. the meaning 'writing, document, book', and the OHG. OSAX. OE. corresponding *buoh bōk* occurs in plural form with the meaning 'a single book'. Therefore it is evident, that the sing. meant orig. (as in GOTH.) 'a single letter of the alphabet'. The TEUT. base *bōka-* (cp. *beech*) was orig. 'beech-bark,

'beech-tablet' used to scratch runes on.

**boom** borrowed from DÜ. *boom* (= LG. *boom*) 'a tree, beam, pole'. Ident. with *beam*.

**boon** ME. *bōne* 'petition, favor': loanword from ON. *bōn* 'a prayer'. There was a native OE. *bēn* ME. *bēne* 'a prayer'.

**boor** adapt. of DÜ. *boer* (= G. *bauer*) 'peasant'. Akin to OE. *ȝehūr*, cp. *neighbor*.

**boot**<sup>1</sup> ME. *bōte*; loanword from OFR. *bote* (*boute*) = FR. *botte* (IT. *bota*); akin to G. *bossen* 'shoes'. Source unknown.

**boot**<sup>2</sup> 'advantage' ME. *bōte* OE. *bōt* = OSAX. GOTH. *bōta*, OHG. *buoza buoz* G. *busse*, ON. *bēt*. For the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{bat}}$  cp. *batten*, *better* and *best*.

**booth** ME. *bōthe*: loanword from ODAN. *bōth* (DAN. *bod*) = MHG. *buode* G. *bude*. The OICEL. *búd* differs from DAN. *bód* in the root-vowels (TEUT. *ò:ú*). The dental is suffix. For the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{bū}}$  (INDO-TEUT. *bhū*) 'dwell' cp. LITH. *butas* 'house', OIR. *both* (*bothán*) 'hut' (base *bhū-to*). See *build* and *be*.

**booty** in the 15<sup>th</sup> cent. spelled *bōtye* and *butin*; akin to the equiv. FR. *butin*, DÜ. *but*, G. *beute*, ON. *býte* 'booty'; the FR. word represents an OSAX. *\*būtūn* *\*būti*, which is cogn. w. OIR. *buaid* 'victory' and CYMR. *budd* 'advantage, profit'. Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{bhud}}$ : *bhau*.

**border** ME. *border bord(e)ure*: adapt. of FR. *bordure*. Ultimate source OHG. *borto* 'edge'.

**bore** vb. ME. *bȳre* OE. *borian* = OHG. *borôn* G. *bohren*, DU. *boren*, ON. *bora*. The TEUT. base *bōrôn* agrees with LAT. *forâre* 'bore': cp. GR. *γάρος* 'plough', SKR. *bhurij* 'scissors': Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{bher}}$  *bh̥r*.

**borough** and *-bury* in place-names ME. *borwe* (and *biry*) OE. *burh burg* (dat. sing. *byrȝ*) 'town'. OE. *burg* = SYNON. OSAX. *bur(u)g*, DU. *burg*, OHG. *bur(u)g* G. *burg*, ON. *borg*, GOTH. *hairgs* 'town'.

**borrow** vb. ME. *borwe* OE. *borgian* 'protect, borrow' = OHG. *borgên* G. *borgen* 'borrow, give a pledge'. Prob. akin to OHG. *bërgan*, GOTH. *hairgan* 'protect, shelter' (OSLOV. *bręq* 'I take care of').

**bosom** ME. *bȳsum* OE. *bȳsm* = OSAX. *bōsm*, DU. *bocsem*, OHG. *buosam* G. *busen*, GOTH. \**bōsma-*.

**botch** vb. 'mend a garment' ME. *bocche* 'repair': deriv. from *boot* 'mending, repair of a thing'? perh. ident. with OE. *bōtettian* 'repair'? Cp. G. dial. *bützen* 'mend shoes' = OHG. *buozzen* 'repair'.

**botch** 'a swelling on the skin, a boil' ME. *bocche*: borrowed from OFR. *boche* 'a sore' (FR. *bosse* 'swelling' = IT. *boccia* 'ball').

**both** ME. *bōthe* = OSAX. *bēdic*, OFRIS. *bēthe bēde*, OHG. G. *beide*, ON. *bádir*, SW. *båda*, DAN. *baade*. The

stem of the numeral in its oldest forms had no dental: GOTH. *bai* = OE. *bezen bá bú* 'both'. The dental ending is short for the article: ME. *bōthe* = OE. *bá dá*, G. *beide* instead of *bei die*. In the older periods the article was combined with the numeral; cp. GOTH. *ba fō scipa* 'both ships', OE. *bezen dá gebródru* 'both brothers'.

**bottle**<sup>1</sup> 'a hollow vessel' ME. *botel* = DU. *bottel*, LG. *buttel bud-del*: loanwords from FR. *bouteille* (= SPAN. *botella*, IT. *bottiglia*) Source MED.-LAT. *buticula* f. dimin. of *butis* 'a butt'.

**bottle**<sup>2</sup> 'a bundle of hay' ME. *botel*: loanword from OFR. *botel* dimin. of FR. *botte* 'a bundle of hay'. Source a TEUT. *bauta-* in OHG. *bōzo* 'a bundle of flax'.

**bottom** ME. *botum* OE. *botm* = OSAX. *bodom*, DU. *bodem*, OHG. *bodam* G. *boden*. The TEUT. bases *buſma-* (= OHG. *bodam*) or *butna* (= ON. *botn*) or with assimilation *butma-* (= OE. *botm*) represent Aryan bases *bhutno-bhudno*; cp. ARYAN *bhudhno-* 'bottom' in SKR. *budhna*; cp. GR. *πυθύνη*, LAT. *fundus* (if traceable to *bhudhno-s?*). The phonetical relations of the group are obscure.

**bough** ME. *bōugh bȳwe* OE. *bōh bȳg* = DU. *bog* 'bow of the ship', OHG. *buog* 'upper joint of the arm or leg, shoulder, hip' G. *bug* 'shoulders, withers', ON. *bógr* 'shoulder, bow of a ship'. GOTH.

\**bôgus* from PRE-TEUT. *bhâghû-s* 'arm, fore-arm' corresponds to SKR. *bâhû* 'arm', also GR. *πᾶχῦς* *πῆχῦς* 'fore-arm, elbow'.

**bounce** vb. ME. *bounse* 'beat, knock' OE. \**bûnsian*: frequent. of a primit. \**bûnan*? Akin to LG. *bunsen bumsen* (*bansen*?) 'knock'?

**bound** sb. ME. *bounde* older *boune*: borrowed fr. OFR. *bonde* *bonne* 'boundary'. — **boundary** points to FR. *bonnier*, whence also DU. *bunder* ODU. *buure*. Source MED.-LAT. *bodina*.

**bound** vb. 'leap, spring' borrowed from FR. *bondir* 'leap, spring' prop. 'resound'. Source LAT. *bombitare* 'hum'?

**bound** adj. 'ready, prepared' ME. *boun* 'ready, prepared to go': loanword from ON. *búinn* 'prepared', part. of *búa* 'till, prepare'; cp. *busk*.

**bounty** ME. *bounté*: loanword from FR. *bonté*; source LAT. *bonitatem*. — **bounteous** ME. *bountevous*: derived from OFR. *bontive* 'benevolent' by influence of *righteous*.

**ourn** 'boundary' adapt. of FR. *borne*; ident. with *bound*.

**bow** vb. 'bend' ME. *bowe* earlier *búwe* OE. *búgan* str. vb. 'bend, flee' (only intr.) = DU. *buigen*, MLG. *bûgen*, OHG. *biogan* G. *biegen*, GOTH. *biugan* 'bend'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{bûg}$  is an ARYAN *bhûk* on account of OHG. *buhil* 'hill'. A cogn.  $\sqrt{bhûg}$  appears in LAT. *fugio*, GR. *φεύγω*. — **bow**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a

weapon, a bend' ME. *bōwe* OE. *boga* = OHG. OSAX. *bogo*, DU. *boog*, G. *bogen*, ON. *bogi*.

**bow**<sup>2</sup> 'the forward part of a ship', var. of *bough*.

**bowel** ME. *bouél* *bowel*: loanword from OFR. *bouel* (FR. *boyau*); source LAT. *botellus* 'sausage' (IT. *budello*), whence also ODU. *bodeline* DU. *beuling* 'sausage'.

**bower** sb. ME. *bour* OE. *bûr* 'a dwelling' (see *neighbor* = OE. *nêhzcûr*) = OSAX. MLG. *bûr* 'a house, cage', OHG. MHG. *bûr* 'a chamber' G. *bauer* 'a cage', ON. *bûr* 'a chamber, larder'. For the TEUT.  $\sqrt{bû}$  'dwell' cp. *build*.

**bowl** ME. *bolle* OE. *bolla* = ON. *bolli*, DU. *bol*, OHG. *bolla*.

**box**<sup>1</sup> 'a chest' ME. OE. *box*: borrowed from a VULG.-LAT. \**buxem* for *buxidem* (nom. *buxis*), whence also DU. *bus*, G. *büchse* 'box' OHG. *buxsa* for \**buxsja*. VULG.-LAT. *buxis* (from GR. *πύξις*: 'box made of the box-tree' cp. *box*<sup>2</sup>) appears in FR. *bossette*, IT. *bossolo* 'box'.

**box**<sup>2</sup> 'the name of a tree' ME. *box-tré* OE. *box*: borrowed from LAT.-ROM. *buxus* (= IT. *bosso*, SPAN. *box*, FR. *buis*), whence also OHG. MHG. *buchs(-boun)* = G. *buchsbau* 'box-tree', DU. *bushboom*.

**boy** ME. *boie* OE. \**bōia*; perh. dimin. of a lost OE. \**bō* 'brother' = FLEM. *boe* 'brother': childish abbreviation of E. *brother*, as G. *bube* OHG. *buobo* is a reduplication of \**bō* 'brother'?

**boycott** first heard of in Dec. 1880. *Captain James Boycott* was a farmer at Lough Mask, co. Mayo, Ireland; the Irish league pronounced their edict, in consequence of which no one wished to work or have anything to do with him; he was the victim of the system of procedure named after him.

**brace** sb. ME. *bráce*: adapt. of OFR. *brace*. Source LAT. *brachium*.

**brach** ME. *bracche*: adapt. of OFR. *brache*. Source OHG. *bracko* 'hunting dog' = DU. *brak* ODU. *bracke*.

**brad** ME. *brad* usually *brod*: loanword from ON. *broddr* 'spike, shaft' (= OE. *brord* 'spike', OHG. *brort* 'edge'). The TEUT. base *brozda-* answers to OIR. *brót* 'sting'.

**brag** vb. 'boast' ME. *bra(ge)*; akin to OFR. *bragner* 'flaunt, brave, brag'. Source doubtful.

**braid** vb. 'weave' ME. *breide* OE. *brēdan* 'move to and fro, weave' = OSAX. *brēgdan*, LG. *breiden*, OHG. *brēttan* MHG. *brätten*, ON. *bregda* 'draw, pull, weave, braid'; orig. 'move quickly'; but MLG. *breiden* 'knit'. Cp. *bridle*.

**brain** ME. *brain* OE. *brægen* = DU. *brein*, LG. *bregen* 'brain'. The TEUT. base *bragēna-* 'brain', if from an ARYAN *mrog-*, is compared with GR. *βροχουός* 'forehead' (for \**μροχ-*).

**brake** 'a thicket' ME. *brāke*; perh. cogn. w. LG. *brāke* 'tree-trunk'?

**bramble** ME. *brembel* OE. *brēmēl* earlier \**brēmīl*; cogn. w. G. *brombeere* 'brambleberry' OHG. *brāma*, DU. *braam*, perh. ident. w. OE. *brōm* under *broom*.

**bran** ME. *bran*: adapt. from IR. w. *bran*. ME. *bren* adapt. from OFR. *bren* points to the same source.

**branch** 'a bough of a tree' ME. *braunche*: borrowed from FR. *branche* (= SPAN. IT. *branca* LAT. type *bi-ramica*? deriv. of LAT. *ramus* 'branch'?).

**brand** ME. OE. *brand* *brond* = ODU. MLG. *brand*, OHG. MHG. *brant* 'a burning, a brand', DU. G. *brand* 'a burning, fuel', ON. *brandr* 'a firebrand', SW. DAN. *brand* 'a firebrand, fire'. From TEUT. *brinnan* = *burn*. — **brandish** vb. ME. *braundisse* *braundisse*: loanword from FR. *brandiss-* in *brandir* (= IT. *brandire*) 'brandish'. Source a TEUT. *brand* 'sword' = E. *brand* 'sword' OE. *brond*, ON. *brandr*, MHG. *brant* 'blade of a sword'. — **brandy** short for *brandywine* = DU. *brandewijn*, G. *brantwein* 'brandy', lit. 'burnt wine'.

**brass** ME. *bras* OE. *bræs*. LAT. *ferrum*, if for *ferse-* ARYAN *blherse-*, is considered akin to the TEUT. base *brasa-* in OE. *bræs*.

**brat** 'a child' perh. ident. with ME. OE. *bratt* 'a coarse cloak': orig. a Celt. word, cp. GAEL. IR. *brat* 'a cloak, mantle' — w. *brat* 'a rag, a pinafore'.

**brave** borrowed from FR. *brave*, whence also DU. *braaf*, G. *brav*.

**brawn** ME. *braun braten* 'muscle, boar's flesh'; orig. \**braoun brahin*: borrowed from OFR. *braon* 'a piece of flesh, muscle'. Source a TEUT. *brâdo* acc. *brâdun* = OHG. *brâto* MHG. *brâte* 'a slice of bread' and also like G. *braten* 'roast meat', OE. *brédan* 'roast meat', G. *braten*, DU. *braden* 'roast'; in LG. dial. an OSAX. *brâdo* 'muscle' is preserved (e.g. WESTPHAL. *wadbrâde*); cp. MLG. *brâde*.

**braze**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'adorn with brass' ME. *brâse* OE. *brasian* 'cover with brass': deriv. of OE. *bræs*; cp. *brass*.

**braze**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'harden': loanword from ON. *brasa* 'harden by fire'.

**breach** ME. *brêche*: adapt. of FR. *brèche*. Source the TEUT. vb. *brëkan* = *break*.

**bread** ME. *brêd* late OE. *brêad* = OHG. *brôt* G. *brôd*, OSAX. *brôd*, DU. *brood*, late ON. *brand*. The Teut. base *brau-da-* is deriv. fr. the √ *brū* in E. *broth* and *brave*. The orig. TEUT. word for *bread* was *loaf* (= TEUT. *hlaiβα-*). In OE. we find *brêad* 'piece of bread' and *bēobrêad* 'honey-comb'.

**breadth** formed after *length strength* with secondary *th* from ME. *brêde* OE. *brâdo* 'breadth': abstract noun formed from *broad* with umlaut (GOTH. *braiðei*, OHG. *breiti*). Cp. WESTPHAL. *breddē*, OSAX. \**brêdtha* from *brêd* 'broad'.

**break** vb. ME. *brêke* OE. *brëcan* str. vb. = DU. *breken*, OSAX. *brëkan*, OHG. *brëhhan* G. *brechen*, GOTH. *brikan*. With the TEUT.

√ *brëk* 'break' (ARYAN *bhrëg*) cp. LAT. *frango* (pret. *frēgi*) 'break'.

**breakfast** ME. *brëkefaste*: prop. 'breaking one's fast, the first meal of the day by which the fast is broken'.

**bream** ME. *brēm*: loanword from FR. *brême*; source a TEUT. *braxma* in OHG. *brahsima* MHG. *bracsem* G. *brassen* = OSAX. *bressemo*, DU. *brasen*, OSW. *braxn*, DAN. *brasen*.

**breast** ME. *brest* short for ME. *brëst* OE. *brëost* = OSAX. *brïost*, OFRIS. *brïast*, ON. *brjöst*; akin to GOTH. *brusts* plur., DU. *borst*, OFRIS. *burst* (and *brïast*), G. *brust*; TEUT. bases *brëst-*; *brust-*.

**breath** ME. *brëth* OE. *brêd* 'breath, odor'; akin to OHG. *brâdam* MHG. *brâdem* G. *brâdem broden* 'steam, vapor, exhalation'.

**breech** 'buttocks' ME. *brëch* OE. *brëc*. Orig. ident. with **breeches** (»a pair of breeches«) ME. *brëch brëche*; the corresp. OE. *brëc* plur. points to a sing. \**brëc* = DU. *broek*, OFRIS. *brök* (plur. *brëk*), ON. *brök* (plur. *bräkr*), OHG. MHG. *bruoch*. The TEUT. base *brök-* plur. *brökiz* is seemingly connected with GALL.-LAT. *brâca* 'clothing for the legs'.

**breed** vb. ME. *brêde* OE. *brédan* = DU. *broeden*, OHG. *bruten* MHG. *brüeten* G. *brüten* 'brood, hatch', GOTH. \**brôðjan*: deriv. of TEUT. *brôda-* see *brood*.

**breeze**<sup>1</sup> 'a strong wind' = SYNON. G. *brise*, DAN. *bris*: source

FR. *brise* 'the north wind' = SPAN. *brisa*.

**breeze<sup>2</sup>** 'gadfly' ME. *brēse* OE. *brēosa*. Connection with G. *bremse* and *breme* (OHG. *brimisa brēma*) is doubtful.

**brew** vb. ME. *brēce* OE. *brēowan* str. vb. = DU. *brouwen*, OHG. *brūwan* G. *brauen*. With the TEUT. √ *brū* (Aryan *bhrū bhrēu*) 'brew' are related PHRYG.-THRAC. *βρωτορ* 'beer, cider', which prob. stands for GR. \**qōwton*, also LAT. *defrūtum* 'must boiled down', OIR. *bruthe* 'broth' — *bruth* 'live coals, heat' — *bruith* 'cooking'. Cp. *bread*.

**bridal**, see *bride*.

**bride** ME. *brīde* OE. *brȳd* (from \**brȳdi* \**brūdi*) = OSAX. ODU. LG. *brūd*, DU. *bruid*, OHG. MHG. *brūt* G. *braut*, ON. *brúdr*; GOTH. *brūps* means 'daughter-in-law' (but *brūp-faps* 'bridegroom'); OSAX. *brūd* is 'the newly married wife' as E. *bride*. — **bridal** ME. *brīd-ale* OE. *brȳd-ealo*: lit. 'bride-ale' (ME. *bride* OE. *brȳd* and ME. *āle* OE. *ealo*). In GERM. dialects, we find *kindelbier* 'baptism'. — **bridegroom** ME. *brīde-gome* OE. *brȳdguma* = SYNON. OSAX. *brūdigumo*, DU. *bruide-gomo*, OHG. *brūtigomo* MHG. *bruite-gome* G. *bräutigam*, ON. *brūd-gume* (GOTH. *brūp-faps*). The second element of these compounds (OE. GOTH. *guma*, OHG. *gomo* 'man' is related to LAT. *homo* from INDO-TEUT. *ghomon*). The phonetical development of

ME. *brīdegome* into E. *bridegroom* is due to the influence of *groom*.

**bridge** ME. *briggē* OE. *bryġ* = OFRIS. *brigge*, DU. *brug*, OHG. *brucka* G. *brücke* (GOTH. \**brugja* \**brugjō*). The corresp. ON. *bryggja* (also LG. *brügge*, NORTHRIS. *bragh*) and GERM. (dial.) *brücke* signify 'pavement, floor'; and OE. *brycgian* ME. *brigge* and NFRIS. *braghin*, MLG. *brüggen* signify 'to pave'.

**bridle** ME. OE. *brīdel* older OE. *brīzdel* *brīzdil* = OHG. *brittil* for \**bričtil*: deriv. from the TEUT. vb. *brēgdan* 'pull' under *braid*. Akin to OSLOV. *brūzda* 'bridle' (Aryan √ *bhregdh* also in LAT. *frēnum* 'bridle'?).

**brief** adj. 'short' ME. *brēf*: borrowed from FR. *bref* (SPAN. IT. *breve* = LAT. *brevis* 'short').

**brief** sb. 'a commission, document' ME. *brēf*; cp. DU. G. *brief* OHG. *brīaf* and the corresponding OFR. *bref* 'an official document'. Orig. ident. with *brief* adj.

**brier** 'a prickly shrub' ME. *brēre* OE. *brær brēr* 'a bramble'.

**bright** ME. *bright* OE. *beorht* 'bright, white, clear' = OSAX. *bērht*, OHG. *bēraht*, GOTH. *batrhts* 'bright'. Akin to MLG. *brēhen* 'shine, glisten'; cp. SKR. *bhargas* 'brightness'.

**brim** ME. *brim*; perh. ident. with OE. *brim* 'ocean, surf' = ON. *brim* 'surf'; cp. the name of the city of *Bremen*.



**brimstone** ME. *brimstōn* earlier *brenstōn* = ON. *brennisteinn* 'brimstone': deriv. of ME. *brenne* = *burn*.

**brine** ME. *brine* 'salt liquor' = DU. *brijn* MDU. *brīnc*.

**bring** vb. ME. *bringe* OE. *bringan* = OHG. OSAX. *bringan* G. *bringen*, GOTH. *briggan*; cp. DU. *brenge*, OSAX. *brēngian*, OE. *brēngan* 'bring': TEUT. √ *breng* *braug*.

**brink** ME. *brink* 'edge'; cp. ON. *brekka* from \**brinkô*, LG. *brink*.

**brisk** a CELT. loanword; cp. W. *brysg*, GAEL. *bri(o)sg* 'quick, lively'.

**bristle** ME. *bristle* older *birstle* OE. \**byrstel*: dimin. of OE. *byrst* = OHG. *hurst* G. *borste*, DU. *borste* 'bristle'; akin to OHG. *bursta* G. *bürste* 'brush'. The TEUT. √ *bors* *burs* (whence *bur* in *burdock*) is an Aryan √ *bhṛs* in SKR. *bhṛṣṭi* 'point, prong'. Cp. *brush*.

**brittle** ME. *britel* OE. \**brytel*: formed with suffix *-il* (OE. *el* cp. *nimble*) from OE. *brȳotan* 'break' = ON. *brjōta* 'break'.

**broach** vb. ME. *brōche* 'bore, spur, spit, tap' (*setten on broche* 'set a-broach, tap' = FR. *mettre en broche* 'tap a barrel'); FR. *brocher* 'broach, pierce' and *broche* 'a broach, spit'.

**broad** ME. *brōd* OE. *brād* = OSAX. MLG. *brād*, DU. *breed*, G. *breit*, ON. *breidr*, SW. DAN. *bred*, GOTH. *braids* 'broad': prob. from a PRE-TEUT. *mraitō-*, akin to an Aryan √ *mrit* in SKR. *mrit* 'fall to pieces' (therefore *broad* prop. 'extended'?).

**brock** 'a badger' ME. *brok* OE. *broce* (= DAN. *brok*); a CELT. loanword; cp. W. CORN. BRET. *broch*, GAEL. IR. MANX *broc* 'a badger' (CELT. base *brokko-*, perh. ident. w. LAT. *broccus* adj. 'having prominent teeth' and OFR. *broc* 'spit, point').

**broil** vb. ME. *broile*; adapt. of OFR. *bruiller* 'broil, roast'. OFR. *bruir* 'roast' seems to be ident. with G. *brühen* MHG. *brüen*, DU. *broejen* 'foment'; cp. *brood*.

**broker** ME. *brȳcour* 'pedlar, pawnbroker'; loanword from OFR. *brocour* *brocor* 'tapster who retails wine from the tap'; cp. FR. *broche* under *broach*.

**brooch** 'broach' ME. *brōche* 'a pin, peg, brooch': borrowed from FR. *broche* 'a spit, point'.

**brood** ME. OE. *brōd* = DU. *broed*, OHG. MHG. *bruot* G. *brut*: appar. formed with dental suffix 'from the TEUT. √ *brō* in G. *brühen*, DU. *broejen*. Cp. *breed*.

**brook** ME. *brōk* OE. *brȳc* = DU. *broek*, MLG. *brōk* LG. *brook* 'marsh, pool', OHG. *bruoh(h)* MHG. *bruoch* G. *bruch* 'marsh, bog'; possibly connected with the TEUT. √ *bräk* 'break' in *break*.

**brook** vb. 'put up with' ME. *bro(o)ke* *brouke* OE. *brūcan* 'use, enjoy' = OSAX. *brūkan*, DU. *gebruiken*, OHG. *brūhan* MHG. *brūchen* G. *brauchen* 'use, need', GOTH. *brūkjan* 'use'. The PRE-TEUT. form of the √ *bhrūg* accords with LAT. *fruor* from

\**frucor* for \**frugvor* and cp. LAT. *fruges*.

**broom** ME. OE. *brōm* 'the plant of the broom' = ODU. *brocm* 'broom'; perh. cogn. w. *bramblic*.

**broth** ME. *broth* OE. *brod* = ON. *brød*, OHG. *brod*: deriv. from the  $\sqrt{\text{brū}}$  under *brēcw*.

**brother** ME. *brother* OE. *brōðer* = DU. *broeder*, OSAX. *brōthar*, OHG. MHG. *bruoder* G. *bruder*, ON. *bróðir*, GOTH. *brōþar* 'brother'. The TEUT. base *brōþer-* (Aryan *bhrāter-*) corresponds to LAT. *frāter*, SKR. *bhrātar-*, OSLOV. *bratru*; cp. GR. *φρατήρ*.

**brow** ME. *browe* *brūwe* OE. *brū*; cp. ON. *brún* 'eyebrow' and SKR. *bhrū*, GR. *ὀφρύς*, OSLOV. *brūvi* 'brow'.

**brown** ME. *broun* OE. *brūn* = MLG. OHG. MHG. OFRIS. *brūn*, DU. *bruin*, ON. *brūnn*. The TEUT. name of the color passed into ROM. (FR. *brun* = SPAN. IT. *bruno* 'brown') and LITH. (*brunas* 'brown'). The proper stem of Aryan *bhr-āno-* appears in LITH. *teras* 'brown' (see *beaver* sb.) and reduplicated in SKR. *babhrū-s* 'reddish-brown' (see *beaver*).

**bruise** vb. ME. *brūse*: loanword from OFR. *bruser* (FR. *briser*) 'break', whence OE. *brýsan* 'break'.

**bruit** 'a rumor' ME. *brūt*: borrowed from FR. *bruit* 'noise'.

**brush** sb. ME. *brusse* 'a brush', orig. 'brush-wood': borrowed from OFR. *broce* FR. *brosse* 'brush-wood, brush'.

**brute** borrowed from FR. *brut* adj. (fem. *brute*); source LAT. *brutus*.

**buck** vb. 'wash linen, steep clothes in lye' ME. *bouke* (OE. \**būcian*) = DAN. *byge*, SW. *byka*, NORW. *boukja*, ICEL. *bauka*, MHG. *büchen* G. *bauchen*. The TEUT. vb. *bükōn* (*bükjan*) is based on OE. *búc* (cp. *bucket*). The ROM. FR. *buer*, IT. *bucare* 'wash' are borrowed from Teut.

**buck** sb. ME. *bukke* OE. *bucca*; cp. the synonym. OSAX. *buck*, FRIS. DU. *bok*, OHG. MHG. *boc(ck)* G. *bock*, ON. *bukkr bokkr*, SW. *bock*, DAN. *buk* 'a he-goat, ram, buck(deer)', GOTH. \**bukks* \**bukka*: ident. w. GAEL. *boc*, OIR. *bocc*, CYMR. *boch* 'buck' from a CELT. base *bukko-* (whence FR. *bouc* OFR. *boe*) and w. ARMEN. *buc* 'lamb', AVEST. *būza* 'buck' (ARYAN *bhūg*?). The INDO-TEUT. base *bhūgo-* is perh. connected with the root of *fugio*, GR. *φεύγω* 'flee'; hence *buck* may have signified orig. 'fugitive'.

**bucket** 'a kind of pail' ME. *boket*: deriv. from OE. *búc* 'a pitcher' with the dimin. suffix *-el*.

**buckle** ME. *bokel*: adapt. of FR. *boucle*, whence also G. *buckel*. Source MED.-LAT. *buc(c)ula* 'a beaver, shield'.

**buckler** ME. *bokclēr*: adapt. of OFR. *bocler bucler* = FR. *bouclier* (whence also DU. *beukelaar*, MHG. *buckeler*, ON. *buklari*). Cp. *buckle*.

**buckram** ME. *bokeram bukeram* = OFR. *bouqueran boucaran* (FR.

*bougran*, MHG. *buckeram*). Source and history unknown.

**buckwheat** = DU. *boekweit*, MLG. *bôkwêite*, G. *buchweizen*, DAN. *boghvede*: lit. 'beech-wheat' from the resemblance of its seeds to the mast of the beech-tree. The E. word is of continental origin. Cp. *beech*.

**bud** ME. *budde*; perh. akin to FR. *bouton*, DU. *bot* 'bud'. History and source uncertain.

**bugle** 'a buffalo, a horn' ME. *bügle*: borrowed from OFR. *bugle* 'a wild ox' (LAT. *buculus*, dimin. of *bos* 'an ox'). The meaning 'horn' is short for 'bugle-horn'.

**build** vb. short for ME. *bilde* (pret. *bilde*) OE. \**býldan* (pret. *býlde*); deriv. with vowel mutation from OE. *bēld* 'house' which goes back, as shown by the older OE. *botl* *bodl*, by metathesis to a FEUT. *bo-pla-* (= ON. *ból*, DU. *boedel*, OSAX. *bodlos* plur., OFRIS. *bodel* *bold*. OE. *býldan* (*hyttan*) is a FEUT. *buþljan*. FEUT. *boþla-* = ARYAN *bhū-tlo-* belongs to the INDO-FEUT. √ *bhū* 'dwell, reside' (cp. *be*, *bower* and *boeth*). For the ARYAN *tl-* suffix cp. *needle*.

**bull** ME. *bule*; OE. only in dimin. *bulluc* = ME. E. *bullock*; cp. the synonym. DU. *bul*, LG. *bulle*, ON. *holi*, DAN. *høll* 'a castrated bull'; LITH. *bullus* is primit. related. Whether the E. *bull* is orig. a SCAND. loanword, is uncertain.

**burden**<sup>1</sup> 'a load' ME. *birthen* OE. *byrden* = OSAX. *burthinnia* 'burden'; cp. the equal. OHG.

*burdi* G. *bürde*, ON. *byrdr*, GOTH. *baurpei*: all deriv. of the FEUT. √ *bēr* in *bear*; cp. SKR. *bhyti* = OIR. *brith* 'the carrying' and see *birth*.

**burden**<sup>2</sup> 'the refrain of a song' ME. *burdon*: loanword from FR. *bourdon*, orig. 'a drone-bee' (= SPAN. *bordon*, IF. *bordone* 'a drone' from LAT. *burdo* 'a drone'); cp. MLG. *bardün* 'tenor; a musical instrument'.

**burgess** ME. *burgeis*: loanword from OFR. *burgeis* FR. *bourgeois* (LAT. type *burgensis* from *burgus* 'town'). — **burgher** borrowed from DU. *burger* = MLG. *borgere*, OHG. *burgâri* MHG. *burgere burger* G. *bürger*: deriv. of FEUT. *burg-* cp. *borough*.

**burial** ME. *burial biriel* prop. *burials biriels* OE. *byrþels* 'tomb' (= OSAX. *burgisli* 'tomb'): deriv. from the OE. vb. *byrþan* (OSAX. \**burgian*); cp. *bury*.

**burin** 'an engraver's tool': borrowed from FR. *burin*; perh. of Teut. origin; cp. OHG. *borā* 'a borer' (see under *borē*).

**burly** ME. *burli* *berli* OE. \**burlice*. Akin to OHG. *burolang* 'very' in *burolang foralung* 'very long' and perh. to SKR. *bhūri* 'much'?

**burn** vb. ME. *berne* OE. *bernan* *bernan* tr. (*byrnan* intr.). Cp. synonym. MHG. *brinnen* intr. and its causative *brennen*; G. *brennen* intr. and tr., GOTH. *brinnan* intr. and *brannjan* tr. Only one *n* belongs to the FEUT. √ *brēn*, as shown by *bryne* 'conflagration'.

**burnish** vb. ME. *burniſſhe burniſſe*: loanword from OFR. *burniſſ-*, the stem of certain parts of *burnir brunir* = FR. *brunir*.

**burr** ME. *burre* 'a bur'; cp. SW. *kardborre* 'a burdock', DAN. *borre*, N. FRIS. *bor*, HELGOL. *borren* 'burdock'. OE. \**burre*, if for TEUT. *burzon-*, may be deriv. from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{bors}$  in G. *borste*; cp. *bristle*.

**burst** vb. ME. *berste* OE. *berstan*; cp. SYNON. OSAX. *brēstan*, LG. DU. *bersten*, OHG. *brēstan* MHG. *brēsten* G. *bersten*, ON. *bresta*. Cp. an Aryan  $\sqrt{bhrest}$  in OIR. *brissim* 'break' (*ss* for *st*).

**bury** vb. ME. *burie birie* OE. *byriſan byriſan* wk. vb.; akin to OE. *byriſen* 'tomb' — *byriſels* under *burial*. TEUT. *burgjan* belongs perh. with OE. *beorg* 'mound, place of burial' to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{bērg}$  in GOTH. *baīrgan*, DU. G. *bergen*, OE. *beorgan* 'protect, shelter, secure'.

**bury** in place-names see *borough*.

**bush** ME. *busholder busk*; ident. with OHG. *busk* G. *busch*, DU. *bosch* *bos* and a ROM. *bosco* (= FR. *bois*, IT. *bosco*). Uncertain whether of Teut. or of Lat. origin.

**bush** 'a thicket' ME. *busch busk* = OHG. *buse* G. *busch*, DU. *bosch*; akin to FR. *bois*, IT. *bosco*. Orig. derived as LAT. \**buxicum* from LAT. *buxus* = *box*?

**busk** vb. 'get one's self ready' ME. *buske* 'prepare one's self': of Scand. origin; cp. ON. *biask* 'prepare'. Cp. *hound* adj.

**busk** 'a support for a woman's stays' borrowed from FR. *buse busque* orig. 'the whole bodice', prob. a corruption of *bust*.

**buss**<sup>1</sup> 'a herring-boat' ME. *busse* OE. *bitse* (in *bitsecarlas*) = DU. *buis*, OHG. *būzo*, ON. *būza*. The Rom. shows similar words: MED-LAT. *bussa buscia* 'a kind of boat', OFR. *busse buse buce*. Source unknown.

**buss**<sup>2</sup> 'kiss' = G. dial. *bussen* 'kiss'; cp. also SPAN. *buz* 'a kiss of reverence'; perh. orig. a childish onomatopoeia.

**bust** from FR. *buste* (= IT. SPAN. *busto*), whence also G. *büste*.

**bustle** vb. ME. *bustele* 'wander blindly or stupidly'; perh. akin to G. (dial.) *pusseln* 'bustle', ICEL. *bustla* 'bustle'?

**busy** ME. *bisy* OE. *bisiſ* = DU. *bezig*, LG. *besig*; TEUT. base \**bisiga-*.

**but** ME. *būte* shortened for *būten* OE. *būtan* conj. 'except' — prep. 'besides, without' = DU. *buiten* 'except'. Contr. from *be-ūtan*; cp. G. *ausser* and E. *out*.

**butcher** ME. *bōcher* earlier *boucher*: borrowed from FR. *boucher* 'one who kills he-goats' (deriv. of FR. *bouc* = *buck*).

**butler** ME. *butelēr bot(e)lēr* fr. OFR. *bouteiller*: deriv. of *bottle*.

**butt** borrowed from OFR. *botta*, FR. *botte* (= SPAN. *bota*, IT. *botte*) 'a butt, cask'. Akin to OE. *bytt* 'hose, a leather bottle', OHG. *butin* G. *bütte*.

**butter** ME. *butere* OE. *butere butore* = G. *butter*, DU. *boter*,

LG. *botter*: source LAT. *būtjrum* (cp. FR. *beurre*, IT. *burro*) = GR. *βούτυρον*. — **butterfly** ME. *butterflie* OE. *butor-flēoge* = DU. *boterflieg*; cp. G. dial. *buttervogel* 'a butterfly' and the G. dial. synonyms *milchdieb* and *molkenstecher*.

**buttock** ME. *buttok* with dimin. suffix (cp. *hillock*) fr. OFR. *bot* (FR. *bout*) 'an end'; cp. *butt-end*.

**button** ME. *būtoun*: borrowed FR. *bouton* 'a bud, a button'.

**buttress** 'a support' (in architecture) ME. *buteras butres*: borrowed from OFR. *bouterets*, prop. plur. of *bouteret* 'a buttress'; cp. FR. *boter bouter* 'thrust, prop'.

**buxom** ME. *buxom* older *ibūh-*

*sum* from OE. *būgan* = *bow*; the old meaning was 'obedient, obliging'. Akin to DU. *buigzaam*, G. *biegsam* 'submissive'.

**buy** vb. ME. *bie* earlier *biġge* OE. *byġan* 'purchase' = OSAX. *buggian*, GOTH. *bugjan* 'buy'.

**buzzard** ME. *būsard* short for *būsard*: loanword from FR. *busard* by-form of FR. *buse* 'buzzard' (= LAT. *būteo* 'buzzard'), whence also DU. *buizerd*, G. *bushart*.

**by** ME. OE. *bi* (but *be-* as prefix) = OSAX. OHG. MHG. *bî* G. *bei*, DU. *bij*; GOTH. *bi* means 'round, round about' and thus connection with GR. *ἀμφί*, LAT. *ambi-* becomes possible.

## C

**cabbage** earlier *cabbache* from FR. dial. *caboche* = FR. *cabus* (DU. *kabuis*), IT. *capuccio*, G. *kappes* OHG. *kabu*; orig. deriv. of LAT. *caput* 'head'.

**cabin** ME. *caban*: borrowed from FR. *cabane* = IT. MED.-LAT. *capanna* 'a cabin'. Source and history unknown.

**cable** ME. *cable* (= G. DU. SW. DAN. *kātel*): adapt. of FR. *câble*. Source LAT. *capulum* 'a rope' (LAT. *capere* 'take, hold').

**caboose** ident. with DU. *kabuis*, G. *kabüse*, DAN. *kabys*. Earlier E. form *comboose* ident. with DU.

*kombuis*, FR. *cambuse*. Prob. akin to E. *cabin*.

**cackle** vb. ME. *kakle* = DU. LG. *kakelen*, G. *kakeln*, SW. *kackla*, DAN. *kagle* 'cackle'. Onomatopoeic formations.

**cage** ME. *cāġe*: adapt. of FR. *cage* = IT. *gabbia gaggia* dial. *cabbia*; source LAT. *cavea*, whence also OHG. *chuvia* G. *käfig* 'cage'.

**cairn** borrowed from GAEL. IR. w. *carn* 'a pile, rock'?

**caitiff** ME. *caitif* 'a captive': loanword from ONFR. *caitif* 'a wretch' (whence also DU. *katijvig* ODU. *catijf caitijf*) = FR. *chétif*

'mean, vile' (IT. *cattivo* = LAT. *captivus* 'captive').

**cajole** vb. = FR. *cajoler* 'coax' (OFR. *cageoler* 'chatter like a bird in a cage, prate', deriv. of FR. *cage* = E. *cage*).

**cake** ME. *cake* OE. \**caca* (inferred from the dimin. formation OE. *écil éicel*, TEUT. base *kakila-*) = ON. SW. *kaka*, DAN. *kage* 'cake'. Akin to OSAX. *kôko*, DÜ. *koek*, SC. *cooky* (also OE. *cécil* ME. *kichel* from the dimin. GOTH. \**kôkila-*), OHG. *kuocho* G. *kuchen*. The base *kakan-* *kôkan-* is genuine TEUT.

**ca(u)ldron** ME. *caudroun*: borrowed from AFR. \**caudroun* = FR. *chaudron* (= IT. *calderone* 'a large kettle'). Source LAT. *caldaria* 'a kettle for hot water' (*caldus calidus* 'hot'). The *l* of modern spelling is inserted in imitation of LAT. (Scotch still *caudron*).

**calf**<sup>1</sup> ME. *calf* OE. *calf* = OSAX. DÜ. LG. SW. *calf*, ON. *kálfr*, OHG. G. *kalb*; GOTH. has only a fem. *kalbô* 'heifer' (OHG. *chalba* G. *kalbe* f. 'a calf'). Outside of TEUT., there is a series of words with the base *glbh-* in SKR. *garbha* 'the womb, an embryo', GR. *δέλφίς* 'womb' and its deriv. *ἀδελφός* 'brother' — *δέλφαξ* 'a young pig'.

**calf**<sup>2</sup> ME. *calf*; perh. adopt. of ON. *kálfi* = NORW. *kalve*, SW. *kalf* (*ben-kalf*) 'calf of the leg'.

**ca(u)lk** vb. ME. *cauke* 'tread as a cock': borrowed from OFR.

*cauquer* 'tread' (source LAT. *calcare* 'tread down').

**call** vb. ME. *calle* OE. (c. 950) *callian* (once misspelled *ceallian*): a SCAND. loanword cp. ON. *kalla* 'say, call, name' (SW. *kalla*, DAN. *kalde* 'call'): ident. with DÜ. *kallen*, OHG. *kallôn*; cp. SKR.  $\sqrt{g}$  *gir* 'call, praise'.

**callous** from LAT. *callosus* 'hard-skinned' (LAT. *callus* 'hard skin').

**callow** adj. ME. *calowe calu* OE. *calu* (*calw-*) = DÜ. *kaal*, OHG. *kalo* (infl. *kalatwêr*) G. *kahl*: an early LAT. loanword = LAT. *calvus* (whence FR. *chauve*, IT. SPAN. *calvo*), which is of Aryan origin (cp. SKR. *kulva*, AVEST. *kaourva* 'callow').

**calm** ME. *calme* (= DÜ. *kalni*) from FR. *calme* (= SPAN. IT. *calma* 'calmness, still weather'). Source MED.-LAT. *cauma* 'the heat of the sun' = GR. *καῦμα* 'great heat', *l* being due to association w. LAT. *calor*.

**cambric** borrowed from FR. *cambray*, so called from *Cambrai* (FLEM. DÜ. *Kamerijk*), a town of northern France where it was first made (hence G. *kammer-tuch*). See *arras* and *lawn*<sup>2</sup>.

**camp** borrowed from FR. *camp* 'field, army' = LAT. *campus* 'field'. — **campaign** from FR. *campaigne* 'an open field, a military campaign'.

**camphor** borrowed from FR. *camphre* = IT. *canfora*, G. *kampfer*, DÜ. *kamfer*.

**can** vb. ME. OE. *can* = GOTH. *kann*, OSAX. OHG. *kan* G. *kann*. The TEUT. vb. *kunnan* is akin to *kennen*: the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{gen}}$  see under *know*.

**can** sb. ME. OE. *canne* = DU. *kan* 'a pot, mug', OHG. *kanna* G. *kanne*, ON. *kanna*, GOTH. \**kannô*. The TEUT. word passed into FR. (OFR. *canne* FR. dimin. *canette* 'a jug').

**canary** = SPAN. *canario* 'bird' = FR. *canari*; cp. G. *kanarienvogel* 'canary-bird', DAN. *canarieflugl*, SW. *canariefogel*, DU. *kanarievogel* 'canary-bird'; so named after the *Canary islands*.

**candle** ME. *candle* *candel* OE. *candel*: early loanword fr. LAT. *candela*, whence also IT. *candela*. Cp. *chandelier*.

**cane** ME. *cane*: borrowed from FR. *canne* = IT. *canna* 'a reed, a cane', LAT. *canna*.

**canker** ME. *cancre* late OE. *cancer* fr. ONFR. *cancre* (FR. *chancre*): source LAT. *cancer*, whence also G. DU. *kanker* OHG. *kankur*.

**canon** ME. *canoun*: adapt. of FR. *canon*. Source LAT. *canon* (GR.  $\kappa\alpha\tau\acute{o}\nu$ ) 'a rule, standard of right'.

**canvas** ME. *can(c)vas* (= DU. *kanefas*, G. *cannevas* *kannevas*, SW. *kanfass*, DAN. *kannevas*): borrowed from ONFR. *cannevas* (LAT. type *canabacius*, deriv. of *cannabis* 'hemp').

**cap** ME. *cappe* OE. *cappe* 'cloak' (= OHG. *kappa* 'cloak' G. *kappe*,

DU. *kap* 'cap'). Source LAT. *capa*; ident. with *cape*<sup>1</sup> and *cape*.

**cape**<sup>1</sup> ME. *capc*: borrowed from ONFR. *cape* (= IT. LAT. *capa* 'a cloak, cape'): ident. with *cap*.

**cape**<sup>2</sup> 'a headland' borrowed from FR. *cap* 'cape, headland, head' = G. *kap*, IT. *capo*. Source LAT. *caput* 'head'.

**caper** from FR. *câpre* (= IT. *cappero*, DU. *kapper*, G. *kaper*): source LAT. *capparis*.

**capon** ME. *capoun* late OE. (c. 1000) *capin* fr. ONFR. *capon* (FR. *chapon*): source LAT. *cappo(nem)*, whence also G. *kapaun* and OHG. *kappo*.

**captain** ME. *capitain* from FR. *capitaine* (LAT. type *capitaneus* *capitanus*, deriv. of LAT. *caput* 'head'). Ident. w. *chieftain*.

**car** ME. *carre* (by-form *charre*): borrowed from ONFR. *carre* (FR. *char*). Source LAT.-GALL. *carrus* (BRET. IR. W. *carr*) 'chariot', whence also IT. *carro*, DU. *kar*, OHG. *charra* *charro* 'cart' G. *karre* *karren*.

**caraway** borrowed from FR. *carvi* = IT. *carvi*, LAT. *carcum* 'caraway'; cp. DU. *karwij*, G. *karbe*.

**carbuncle** ME. *carbuncle*: borrowed from ONFR. *carbuncle* *carboucle* (FR. *escarboucle*; ident. with IT. *carbunchio*, DU. *karbonkel*, G. *karbunkel*): LAT. *carbunculus* 'a glowing coal, gem, boil', dimin. of *carbo*.

**card**<sup>1</sup> ME. *card*: borrowed from FR. *carte* 'a card, ticket, bill,

map, chart; ident. with DU. *kaart*, G. *karte*, IT. *carta*. Source LAT. *c(h)arta* 'a card, paper'.

**card<sup>2</sup>** ME. *carde*: adapt. from FR. *carde*; ident. with the synon. DU. *kaarde*, OHG. *charta* G. *karte*, SPAN. *carda*, IT. *cardo* 'a card'. Source LAT. *carduus* 'a thistle'.

**care** ME. *cāre* OE. *caru* (*cearu*) 'sorrow, suffering, grief' = OSAX. OHG. *kara* 'lament' (G. *kar-* in *karfreitag* 'Good Friday'; MHG. G. *karwoche* 'Passion week') = GOTH. *kara* 'sorrow'. A cognate vb. (meaning 'sigh') is preserved in OHG. *quēran* (GOTH. \**qairan*). Cp. *chary*.

**carol** ME. *carole* 'dance, song' from OFR. *carole* 'a kind of dance, also a carol or Christmas song'. Of CELT. origin (BRET. *koroll* 'a dance', MANX *carval* 'a carol', W. *carol* 'a song', GAEL. *carull* 'melody, harmony').

**carp** ME. *carpe* = DU. *karper*, OHG. *charpho karfo* G. *karpfen*, ON. *karfe*, SW. *karp*, DAN. *karpe*. Ident. with late LAT. *carpa* = FR. *carpe*, IT. SPAN. *carpa*.

**carp** vb. ME. *carpe* 'carp at, talk, say': adapt. of ON. *karpa* 'boast, brag'. The present meaning is prob. an outgrowth of the associated idea in LAT. *carpere* 'pluck'.

**carpenter** ME. *carpentier*: borrowed from ONFR. *carpentier* (FR. *charpentier*). Source LAT. *carpentum* 'carriage'.

**carriage** ME. *cariāge* 'burden, baggage': borrowed from ONFR.

*cariage* (FR. *charriage*), deriv. of *carier* = E. *carry*.

**carrion** ME. *carion caroine* = DU. *karonje*; cp. also ME. *crōne*, ODU. *kronie*: adapt. of ONFR. *caroigne* (OFR. *charoigne* = FR. *charogne*); LAT. type *caronia* 'a carcass' fr. *caro* 'flesh'.

**carry** vb. ME. *carie*: adapt. from ONFR. *carier* (FR. *charrier*); LAT. type *carricare* 'carry' (LAT. *carrus* 'a cart, car'; cp. *car*).

**cart** ME. *cart* fr. ON. *kartr*; ident. W. OE. *cræt* plur. *cratu* 'chariot' = DU. *krat* 'hindpart of a cart': of Celt. origin; cp. OIR. *cret* 'a wain-body'.

**cartridge** with intensive *r* for *cartidge*, a corruption of *cartouche* = FR. *cartouche* (IT. *cartoccio* 'cartridge', deriv. of LAT. *charta* 'paper').

**carve** vb. ME. *kerve* OE. *ceorfan* = DU. *kerven*, G. *kerben* 'notch, indent' (GOTH. \**kairfan*, OHG. \**kīrban* not found). The √ *kerf* appears in GR. γράγω 'scratch, write'.

**case<sup>1</sup>** ME. *cās cāse*: borrowed from FR. *cas* (SPAN. IT. *caso* 'circumstance, chance'). Source LAT. *casus*.

**case<sup>2</sup>** ME. *cāce cāsse*: adapt. from OFR. *casse* FR. *caisse*; source LAT. *capsa* 'box, cover'.

**cash** from FR. *casse*. Hence *cashier* sb.

**cashier** vb. dismiss from service' (= G. *kassiren*): from FR. *casser* 'discharge'.



**cask** borrowed from FR. *casque* 'a cask, helmet' (= IT. *casco* 'a helmet').

**casket** corrupted from FR. *casquette* 'a small casket', dimin. of FR. *casse* 'a chest, box'.

**cassock**: adapt. from FR. *casaque* (IT. *casacca* 'an outer coat', SPAN. *casaca* 'a great-coat, surtout').

**cast** vb. ME. *caste*: a Scand. loanword; cp. ON. SW. *kasta*, DAN. *kaste* 'throw'.

**caste** 'a breed, race' = G. *kaste*, FR. *caste*: borrowed from SPAN. *casta* 'breed, race, caste'.

**castle** ME. late OE. *castel* (also ME. *castil* = ODU. DU. *kasteel*) 'a castle, village': borrowed (c. 1000) fr. ONFR. *castel* (OFR. *chastel* = FR. *château*). Source LAT. *castrum*.

**cat** ME. OE. *cat* (*tt*): borrowed from OIR. CORN. *cat* or from ONFR. *cat* (FR. *chat*) and ident. with G. *katze*, ON. *kottr*, NORW. SW. *katta*. The word (base *cattu-s*) is in use in the Teut. Rom. Celt. languages; cp. late LAT. *cattus* 'cat'.

**catch** vb. ME. *cacche* (with the earlier by-form *cēchen*): borrowed from ONFR. *catcher* (= FR. *chasser*, SPAN. *cazar*, IT. *cacciare*), whence also ODU. *caetsen* 'to chase' DU. *kaatsen* 'play ball' and MLG. *katzen* 'play ball'. Source a LAT. type \**captiare* = *captare* 'catch'. — Hence **catchpoll** ME. *cacchepol* late OE. *cæcēpol* prop. 'catcher of poultry' (cp. FR. *poule* under *poult*) = ONFR. \**cacchepol* (OFR.

*chacepol*); cp. G. *hünervogt* title of a tax-gatherer.

**cater** sb. ME. *catour* *acatour* *achatour* 'a buyer of provisions, a caterer': source ONFR. *acat* = FR. *achat* 'a buying, purchase', whence FR. *acheter*. Orig. LAT. type *acceptare*.

**caterpillar** earlier form late ME. *caterpel* corrupted from OFR. *chatepeleuse* 'a weevil' lit. 'a hairy she-cat': OFR. *chate* 'a she-cat' + *peleuse* (LAT. *pilosus*) 'hairy'. — **caterwaul** ME. *caterwawe* shows the E. word *cat* in an extended form like *caterpillar*; ME. *wawe* 'make a noise' is imitative.

**catkin** dimin. of *cat*; cp. G. *kätzchen* 'catkin'.

**cattle** ME. *catil* (*chatel*, whence E. *chattel*): borrowed from ONFR. *catel* (OFR. *chatel*); source MED.-LAT. *capitale* 'capital, property'.

**caudle** ME. *caudil*: borrowed from ONFR. *caudel* (*chaudel* = FR. *chaudeau*) 'a warm drink'; deriv. of FR. *chaud* 'hot' (LAT. *calidus* 'warm').

**cause** ME. *cause*: adapt. from FR. *cause* (by-form *chosc*) 'a cause, thing' = IT. LAT. *causa*.

**causeway** **causey** corruption of *causey* (due to confusion with *way*) ME. *cause* from ONFR. *cauce* (whence also ODU. *cassie*) = FR. *chaussée*; LAT. type (*via*) \**calciata* 'a paved (way)' fr. *calciare* 'pave'.

**caution** ME. *caucoun*: borrowed from FR. *caution* (IT. *cauzione*) = LAT. *cautio* 'caution'.

**cave** ME. *cave*: adapt. from FR. *cave* 'a cave' (= IT. *cava*); source LAT. *cavus* 'hollow'.

**cease** ME. *cēsse cēse*: adapt. of FR. *cesser* = IT. LAT. *cessare*.

**ceil ciel** ME. *cēle sēle* vb. lit. 'emboss' from an earlier *syle cyll* 'a canopy': source FR. *ciel* 'a canopy' (FR. *ciel*, SPAN. IT. *cielo* 'heaven, canopy, roof' = LAT. *cælum* 'heaven').

**cerge** ME. *cerge*; adapt. from FR. *cierge* (IT. *cero*); source LAT. *ceruus* 'a wax taper'.

**certain** ME. *certein certain*: borrowed from FR. *certain* (= IT. *certano*) from LAT. *certanus*, deriv. of *certus*.

**chafe** ME. *chaufe* 'warm': adapt. of FR. *chauffer*; source a LAT. type *caleficare* (= LAT. *calefacere*) 'make warm'.

**chafer** ME. \**chāfer* OE. *čcafor*: TEUT. base *kafra-*; cp. the synon. DU. *kever*, OHG. *chēvaro* G. *käfer* (GOTH. \**kifra* \**kafrus*). Perh. *chaff* is cognate.

**chaff** ME. *chaf* OE. *čcaf* (= DU. LG. *kaf*); akin to OHG. *chēva* 'pod, husk' and perh. to *chafer*.

**chaffer** ME. *chaffere chaffare* earlier *chap-fare* = OE. *ččap* 'a bargain' + *faru* 'a journey' also 'business'; cp. ON. *kaufspor* 'a journey'.

**chaffinch** prop. 'the chaff-finch'.

**chain** sb. ME. *chaine*: borrowed from FR. *chaîne* OFR. *chaïne* (= IT. LAT. *catena*); ident. with DU. *keten*, OHG. *chētinna* G. *kette*.

**chair** ME. *chaire*: adapt. from FR. *chaire* (OFR. *cha-ere*); source LAT. *cathedra* (GR. *καθέδρα*) 'a chair, seat'.

**chalice** ME. *c(h)alice*: borrowed from OFR. *chalice* (*calice* = FR. *calice*, IT. *calice*); source LAT. *cālic-*, stem of *calix* 'a cup'. From the same source also OE. *cālic*, OSAX. *kēlik*, DU. *kelk*, OHG. *kēlih* G. *kelch*.

**chalk** ME. *chalk* OE. *čcale* 'chalk, lime' = DU. G. *kalk*, ON. SW. DAN. *kalk*: early loanword from LAT. *calc-* stem of *calx* 'limestone, chalk' (whence also FR. *chaux*, IT. *calce*, IR. GAEL. *caile*, W. *calch* 'lime').

**challenge** sb. ME. *chalenge* 'claim': adapt. from OFR. *challengier*; cp. IT. *calogna* 'accusation' = LAT. *calumnia* 'a slander, false accusation'.

**chamber** ME. *chaumbre*: borrowed from FR. *chambre*; cp. IT. *camera* = LAT. *camera camara* 'a vault, a (vaulted) room'; ident. w. DU. *kamer*, OHG. *chamara* G. *kammer* 'chamber, office'. —

**chamberlain** ME. *chaumberlein*: borrowed from OFR. *chambrelein* *chambreleinc* (SPAN. *camarlengo*, IT. *camarlingo camerlengo*); ident. w. MED.-LAT. *camar-camerlingus*, OHG. *chamarlinc* G. *kämmerling*, formed with suffix *linc* and LAT. *camera*.

**champion** ME. *chaumpioun*: borrowed fr. FR. *champion* (cp. DU. *kampioci*). LAT. type *campio*, IT. *campione* 'a combatant' (*campus*

'a battle, duel'). From the same source OE. *cempa*, OHG. *chēmph(i)o* MHG. *kēmpfe*, OLG. *kēmpio*, ON. *kappi* 'warrior, hero'.

**chance** ME. *chaunce*: adapt. of FR. *chance* (whence also MHG. G. *schanze*; but DU. *kans* fr. ONFR. *cancee*): OFR. *che-ance*, IT. *cadenza* point to a LAT. type *cadentia* 'a falling, chance' (esp. in dice-playing).

**chancel** ME. *chauncel*: borrowed from OFR. *chancel*; MED.-LAT. *cancelli* plur. 'a grating, lattice-work', whence OHG. *cancellā chanzella* G. *kansel* 'pulpit', DU. *kansel*. — **chancellor** ME. *chauncelȝer chauncselȝer*: borrowed from FR. *chancelier* (LAT. type *cancellarius* 'a chancellor', orig. 'an officer near the screen before the judge's bench', deriv. of LAT. *cancellus* 'grating'). Ident. w. OHG. *chancilārī* MHG. *kanzelere* G. *kauzler*, DU. *kanselier*, DAN. SW. *kanster*, ICEL. *kanzellari*. — **chancery** ME. *chauncerie* earlier *chauncellerie*: adapt. of FR. *chancellerie* (ident. w. IT. *cancelleria*, DU. *kanselarij*, G. *kauzlei*, DAN. *cancelli*, SW. *kansli*).

**chandelier** from FR. *chandelier* = SPAN. *candelero*, IT. *candelliere*; LAT. type *candelarius* also in DU. *kandelaar*; cp. *candle*. — **chandier** ME. *chaundelȝer*; loan-word fr. FR. *chandelier* 'a candle-maker, candle-stick' = IT. *candelajo*: LAT. type *candelarius*.

**change** vb. ME. *chaunge*: adapt. from FR. *changer* (= SPAN. *cambiar*,

IT. *cambiare cangiare*); source LAT. *cambiare* 'change, exchange'.

**channel** ME. *chanelle*: adapt. from OFR. *chanel*; ident. w. E. *canal* (= FR. SPAN. *canal*, IT. *canale*, DU. *kanaal*, G. SW. *kanal*).

**chant** vb. ME. *chaunte*: adapt. from FR. *chanter* (= SPAN. *cantar*, IT. LAT. *cantare* 'sing').

**chop** vb. ME. *chappe* 'cut, chop' = MDU. DU. *kappen*, DAN. *kappe*, SW. *kappa*.

**chapel** ME. *chapele*: borrowed from FR. *chapelle* (= IT. LAT. *capella*, OHG. *kapella* G. *kapelle*, DU. DAN. *kapel*, SW. *kapell*). LAT. *capella* (dimin. of *capra*) signified 'a cape'; the chapel itself where the cloak of St. Martin and other relics were preserved first obtained the name *capella*; then from the 7<sup>th</sup> cent. the use of the word became general. Cp. *cape*.

**chaplain** ME. *chapelcin*: borrowed from FR. *chapelain* (= SPAN. *capellan*, IT. *capellano*, MED.-LAT. *capellanus*, orig. 'the priest guarding the cloak of St. Martin'). Cp. MHG. *kapellân* G. *kaplan*, DU. *kapelaan*, DAN. SW. *kapellan*.

**chapman** ME. *chapman* 'a merchant' shortened for OE. *ċġapman* = DU. *koopman*, OHG. *houfman* G. *kaufmann*. For OE. *ċġap* 'bargain, trade' cp. *cheap*.

**chapter** ME. *chapitre*: adapt. of FR. *chapitre* = LAT. *capitulum* 'a chapter of a book', whence also G. *kapitel* 'chapter of a book'.

**char** vb. ME. *cherre* OE. *čyrran* wk. vb. 'turn': TEUT. base *karrjan* or *karzjan*? See *ajar*.

**charge** vb. ME. *chargē*; adapt. of FR. *charger* (IT. *caricare*, MED.-LAT. *caricare* 'load a car'); deriv. of LAT. *carrus* = *car*. — **charge** sb. ME. *chargē*: adapt. from FR. *charge* (IT. *carica*) 'a load'.

**chariot** ME. *chariot*: borrowed from FR. *chariot*, dimin. of *char* 'a car'.

**charity** ME. *charité* (*cherité*): borrowed from FR. *charité* (IT. *carità* = LAT. *caritatem*).

**charm** ME. *charme*: borrowed from FR. *charme* 'an enchantment'; source LAT. *carmen* 'a song, enchantment'.

**chart** ident. w. G. *karte*, DU. *kaart*; borrowed from FR. *charte*; source LAT. *charta*. — **charter** ME. *chartre* *charter*: adapt. of FR. *chartre* 'a charter' (LAT. *chartula* 'a little paper').

**chary** ME. *čhart* OE. *čariz* 'full of care, sad' = OSAX. OHG. *karag* (Heliand *môlkarag* 'sad') 'full of care' G. *karg* 'slow to give'. Cp. *care*.

**chase** vb. ME. *châce* *châse*: borrowed from FR. *chasser* (Picard. *cachier* see under *catch*); LAT. type *captiare*. — **chase** ME. *châce* *châse*: adapt. from FR. *chasse* = IT. *caccia* 'chase'.

**chaste** ME. *châste*: borrowed from FR. *chaste* (IT. *casto* = LAT. *castus* 'chaste'). — **chaste** vb. 'chastise' ME. *chastie* also *chasty*: adapt. of OFR. *chastier* = FR.

*châtier* (= SPAN. *castigar*, IT. LAT. *castigare*); ident. w. G. *kasteien*, ODU. *castien*. — **chastise** vb. ME. *chastise* for the shorter *chastie* 'chasten'; see *chaste* vb. **chattel** ME. *chatel* *chetel*, ident. w. *cattle*: source OFR. *chatel*.

**chatter** vb. ME. *chat(e)re* (*chitère*) 'chatter', an imitative word.

**chaudron** 'entrails': borrowed from OFR. *chaudun* *cauldun*; ident. w. G. *kaldannen*. The synonym. IT. *calàume*, Sicilian *quadumi*. Cat. *escaldums* point to vulgar LAT. \**caldūmen*.

**cheap** ME. *chēp* 'trade, barter, price' OE. *ēçap* 'price' = OSAX. *kōp*, DU. *koop*, OHG. *kouf* G. *kauf* 'trade, traffic'; source LAT. *caupo* 'huckster'.

**cheat** vb. ME. *chēte* short for *eschēte* 'escheat'. The meaning 'defraud' was ushered in in the 16<sup>th</sup> cent. on account of the unscrupulousness of the escheaters. Cp. *escheat*.

**checker** sb. ME. *cheker* *chekker(e)* 'a chess-board' short for *escheker* 'the exchequer': loanword from OFR. *eschequier* *eschakier* 'a chess-board, exchequer' = FR. *échiquier* (= IT. *scacchiere*, MED.-LAT. *sca(c)carium*).

**cheek** ME. *chēke* OE. *čēoce*: TEUT. base *keukôn* also in OFRIS. *tziake* 'jaw-bone' (modern *sôke*); akin to GOTH. *kukjan* = EASTFRIS. *kükken* 'kiss'. But ME. *chēke* *chēke* OE. *čéáce* 'jaw-bone' may also point to DU. *kaak* ODU. *câke* 'cheek': TEUT. base *kâkôn*- *kêkôn*-; cp. MLG.

*kåke* (fr. \**kåko*) and *kåke* (fr. \**kcoka*) 'gums, jaw-bone'.

**cheer** sb. ME. *chère*: adapt. of FR. *chère* (whence IT. *cera*).

**cheese** ME. *chese* OE. *ċȳse* (*ċȳs*) = DU. *kaas*, OSAX. OHG. *kāsi* G. *kāse*: early loanword from LAT. *cāseus* (whence also IT. *cascio*, SPAN. *queso* and OIR. *caise*).

**cherish** vb. ME. *cherisshe*: adapt. of FR. *chériss-*, stem of some parts of *chérir* 'hold dear'; source FR. *cher* = LAT. *carus* 'dear'.

**cherry** ME. *chery* in comp. *chere-chiri-* (plur. *cherys cheries chiries*), a new sing. developed from the supposed plur. \**cheris* \**chiris* OE. *ċiris ċȳs* = OHG. *kirsa* G. *kirsche*. Source LAT. *cerasus*, whence the corresp. Rom. group IT. *ciriegā*, FR. *cerise* from a vulgar LAT. type *ceresia*.

**chess** ME. *ches(s)e*: borrowed from OFR. *eschecs* 'chess' prop. the plur. of *eschec* 'check' (IT. *scacco*, G. *schach*, DU. *schaak*). Source PERS. *shāh* 'king'.

**chest** ME. *cheste* (*chiste*) OE. *ċest* (*ċiste*) = DU. *kist*, OHG. *chista* G. *kiste*, ON. SW. *kista*, DAN. *kiste*. Source LAT. *cista* (GR. *κίστη*) 'a box'.

**chestnut** ME. *chestein chastein* 'chestnut': loanword from OFR. *chastaigne* = FR. *châtaigne* and ident. with OHG. *kēstnna* G. *kastanie*, DU. *kastanje*. Source LAT. *castanea*.

**chew** vb. ME. *chēwe* OE. *ċeowan* = DU. *kauwen*, MLG. *keuwen*, OHG. *kūwan* G. *kauen*. A pre-

TEUT. *gāw* cp. in OSLOV. *šivq šivati* 'chew'.

**chich** 'a dwarf pea' ME. *chiche*: borrowed from FR. *chiche* 'chick-pea' (= IT. *coco*, SPAN. *chicharro*, OHG. *kichurra* G. *kicher*). Source LAT. *cicer*.

**chicken** short for ME. *chike* OE. *ċyċen* plur. *ċyċenu* = DU. *keuken kicken*, G. dial. *küchen küchlein*. TEUT. base *kiukīna-* is perh. traceable to OE. *cocc* = *cock*.

**chicory** ident. w. DU. *chikorci*, G. *cichoric*, DAN. *cikorie*; adapt. of FR. *chicorée* = IT. *cicorea*, LAT. *cichorium*?

**chide** vb. ME. *chide* OE. *ċidan* 'chide, brawl': TEUT. base *kidjan*.

**chief** ME. *chef*: borrowed from FR. *chef* = SPAN. *cabo*, IT. *capo*; source LAT. *caput* 'head'. —

**chieftain** ME. *chēvetain chēvetain*: borrowed from OFR. *chevetaine* = MED.-LAT. *capitānus*; ident. w. *captain*.

**child** ME. *child* (plur. *childre*) OE. *ċild* (plur. *ċildru*): TEUT. base *kilpiz- kelpaz-*, not found elsewhere; but perh. akin to GOTH. *inkilpō* 'pregnant'.

**chill** ME. *chile* OE. *ċyle ċele* fr. a TEUT. base *kali-*; for the  $\sqrt{\text{ } kal}$  cp. *cool* and *cold*.

**chime** ME. *chimbe* orig. 'cymbal', short for orig. *ċimble* OE. *ċimbal(a)*: from LAT. *cymbalum* 'a cymbal'.

**chimney** ME. *chimnēe* earlier *chemenē*: loanword from FR. *cheminée* = IT. *camminata*, OHG. *chemināta*;

akin to G. *kamin*. Source LAT. *caminus* 'hearth'.

**chin** ME. *chin* OE. *ċin* = OSAX. OHG. *kinni* G. *kinn*, DU. *kin*. The older meaning 'cheek' cp. in GOTH. *kinnus* 'cheek'. For a pre-TEUT. base *genu-* cp. GR. *γένυς* 'chin, jaw, jaw-bone', *γενειάξ* f. 'chin, beard'; LAT. *gena* 'cheek' (*dentes genuini* 'molar teeth'); IR. *gín* 'mouth'; SKR. *hanu-s* 'jaw', *hanatya* 'jaw-bone'.

**chine** ME. *chine*: adapted from OFR. *eschine* = FR. *échine*, which with IT. *schiena* 'the chine, backbone' is traced to OHG. *skina* 'the shin-bone' G. *schiene* 'shin, shin-bone, splint'; cp. *shin*.

**chip** vb. ME. *chippe* 'cut into small pieces' = DU. G. *kippen* 'hatch out'.

**chirp** vb. ME. *chirpe* (*chirke*): an onomatopoeic word.

**chisel** sb. ME. *chisel*: borrowed from OFR. *cisel* = FR. *ciseau* (IT. *cesello* = MED.-LAT. *sciselum*) 'a chisel'; prob. ult. connected with *scindere*.

**chivalry** ME. *chevalrie*: loanword from FR. *chevalerie* (deriv. of *cheval* from LAT. *caballus* 'a horse').

**choice** ME. *chois(e)*: borrowed fr. OFR. *chois* FR. *choix* 'a choice'. The FR. vb. *choisir* 'choose' points to a TEUT. *kausjan*; cp. *choose*.

**choir** earlier *quire* ME. *quer*: borrowed from FR. *choeur* 'the choir of a church, a troupe of singers': source LAT. *chorus* 'a band of singers'.

**choke** ME. *chōke*; older by-form ME. *a-chōke* OE. *a-ċōccian*? Phonology and etymology doubtful.

**choler** ME. *cholēr*: borrowed from FR. *colère* (= IT. *collera*, LAT. *cholera* 'bile').

**choose** vb. older *chūse* with obscure phonology, but ME. *chēse* OE. *ċōsan* 'choose' = OSAX. OHG. *kiosan* G. *kiesen*, DU. *kiezen*, ON. *kjósa*, GOTH. *kiosan*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{kus}$  from pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{gus}$  in LAT. *gus-tus* — *gus-tare*, GR. *γέω* for *γεύω*; SKR.  $\sqrt{jus}$  'choose, like'. The TEUT. factitive *kausjan* (cp. *choice*) appears in Slav. *kusiti*.

**chop** vb. ME. *choppe* (*chappe*) 'cut up, strike off'; akin to DU. G. *kappen* 'cut, lop'.

**chord** *cord* fr. LAT. *chorda*.

**Christmas** shortened for ME. *Christesmasse* OE. *Cristesmasse* prop. 'the mass of Christ'.

**chronicle** ME. *cronicle* with the by-form *cronike* (but late-OE. *cranic*): from FR. *chronique*; ident. w. DU. *kronijk*, LAT. *chronica*.

**church** ME. *chirche* OE. *ċyrċe* *ċirċe* older *ċiriċe* = OSAX. *kirika*, DU. *kerk*, OHG. *kirīcha* G. *kirchē* 'church'. As shown by the E. palatalization and by the G. *ch* in *kirīcha*, the word must have existed in the 5<sup>th</sup> cent.; but a GOTH. \**kyreikō* 'church' is unrecorded. Source GR. *κυριακόν* (not found in LAT. nor in the Rom. languages).

**churl** ME. *chērl* OE. *ċōrl* 'a churl' = DU. *kerel*, MLG. *kerle* LG. G. *kerl*: TEUT. base *kērla-*. With

different vowel ON. *karl* 'old-man', OHG. *karal* MHG. *karl* 'man, husband, lover'; hence the G. proper name *Karl* (LAT. *Karolus*, FR. E. *Charles*).

**churn** sb. ME. *chirne* OE. *čyrne*; the corresp. vb. *churn* is ME. *chirne* OE. *čyrnan* from a TEUT. base *kirujan* = ON. *kirna*, DU. LG. *kernen karnen* 'make butter' and the 'vessel for making butter', is ON. *kirna*, DU. *karn*, LG. *butterkerne*. Source a TEUT. base *kerna-* 'cream' in G. (prov.) *kern*, ICEL. *kjarna* 'cream'.

**cider** ME. *sider cider*: from FR. *cibre* (= IT. *cidro*, SPAN. *sidra*; source LAT. *sicera*).

**cigar** = FR. *cigare*, SPAN. IT. *cigarro*.

**cinder** sb. ME. *cinder sinder* OE. *sinder* 'dross of iron' = ON. *sindr* 'slag or dross from a forge', DU. *sintels* 'cinders, coke', OHG. *sintar* G. *sinter* 'dross of iron, scale'.

**cipher** sb. ME. *ciphre* (= DU. *cijfer*, G. *ziffer*): loanword fr. OFR. *cifre* FR. *ciffre*, SPAN. *cifra*, IT. *cif(c)ra*.

**cite** borrowed from FR. *citer* = LAT. *citare* (deriv. of LAT. *citus* 'quick?').

**citizen** ME. *citesein* formed after ME. *denizein* (cp. *denizen*); the earlier ME. *citeyēn* is an adapt. of OFR. *citeien* (FR. *citoyen*). — **city** ME. *ciṭē*: loanword from FR. *ciṭé*. Source LAT. *civitatem*.

**clack** vb. ME. *clacke* = DU. *klakken* 'clack, crack'; akin to FR. *claquer* 'clap in applause'.

**claim** vb. ME. *claime cleime*: borrowed fr. OFR. *claimer cleimer* (source LAT. *clamare* = IT. *chiāmare* 'call, name, send for').

**clamp** sb. after MDU. *klampc* DU. *klamp*, LG. *klampc*; akin to MHG. *klimpfen* 'draw, press'.

**clan** sb. borrowed from GAEL. *clann* = IR. *clann* OIR. *cland* 'children'.

**clap** vb. ME. *clappe* OE. *clæppian*? = DU. *klappen*, LG. *klappen* (whence G. *klappen*), OHG. *klaphôn* G. *klaffen*.

**clasp** ME. *claspe*, prob. akin to *clap* and OE. *clýppan* 'embrace'.

**clatter** vb. ME. *clatere* OE. \**clatorian* (inferred from the verbal noun *clatring* 'a clattering'); akin to DU. *klateren* 'rattle'.

**claw** sb. ME. *clawe* (by-form *clē*) OE. *clawen* (by-form *clā clē*) = OSAX. *klāwa*, DU. *klaawē*, OHG. *klāwa chlōa* MHG. *klāwe klā*: a GOTH. \**klōwa* f. is probable, though ON. *klō* seems to point to \**klōwa*. Pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{glu}$ .

**clay** ME. *clai* OE. *clāz* = DU. LG. *klei*; akin to OE. *clīm* 'clay' E. (dial.) *clōam* 'earthenware', OHG. *kleimen*, SCAND. *kleima klina* 'besmear'. Outside of TEUT., GR.  $\gamma\lambda\omicron\iota:\gamma\lambda\iota$  in  $\gamma\lambda\omicron\iota\acute{o}\varsigma$  'sticky oil'.

**clean** ME. *clēne* (*clēne*) OE. *clāne* = OSAX. *klēni*, DU. *kleen klein*, OHG. *kleini* 'pretty' G. *klein* 'small' (GOTH. \**klai-ni-* is wanting). The nasal belongs to the suffix. For

the root syll. cp. GR. γλοιός 'fat oil'. — Hence **cleanse** for ME. *clense* OE. *clēnsian* 'make clean': a causative vb. with formative -s.

**clear** ME. *clēr*: borrowed from OFR. *cler* = FR. *clair* (SPAN. *claro*, IT. *chiaro* from LAT. *clarus*).

**cleave**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'adhere' ME. *clēve* OE. *cleofian* = OSAX. *klibôn*, DU. *kleven*, OHG. *klebôn* G. *kleben* 'adhere'; GOTH. \**klibôn* not recorded. TEUT. √ *klib*.

**cleave**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'split' ME. *clēve* OE. *clēofan* = OSAX. *clioban* \**clūban*, DU. *kleven*, OHG. *klioban* *chliuban* G. *klieben*: TEUT. √ *klib*: *kleub* cogn. w. GR. γλόγειν 'hollow out', perh. also w. LAT. *glūbere* 'peel'.

**cleft** ME. *clift* OE. \**clyft* = OHG. G. *kluft*; from the TEUT. √ *klib*; cp. *cleave*<sup>2</sup>.

**clergy** ME. *clergie*: borrowed from OFR. *clergie* = FR. *clergé* (LAT. type *clericatus*). — **clerk** ME. *clerk* late OE. *clerc* *cleric* (= DU. *klerk*, FR. *clerc*); source LAT. *clericus*.

**clever** not yet found in Shakesp., a recent word, perh. developed from ME. *deliver* 'agile, nimble, lively' (from OFR. *delivere* 'prompt, alert'). Or cogn. w. LG. *kluftig* 'wise, clever', DU. *kluftig*?

**clew** sb. ME. *clēwe* OE. *clēowen* *clīwen* 'clew' = DU. *kluwen*: TEUT. base *kliujina-*: dimin. of a shorter base *kliujō-* = OHG. *kliuwa* (G. *knäuel*) 'clew'.

**cliff** ME. *clif* (*clēve*) OE. *clif* (plur. *cleofu*) = ON. OSAX. DU. *kliif* 'a cliff, rock'; cp. G. DAN.

*kliippe*, perh. akin to ON. *kliifa* = *climb*?

**climb** vb. ME. *climbe* OE. *climban* = DU. *klimmen*, OHG. *klimban* G. *klimmen*. The nasal was orig. a formative of the pres. tense as seen by ON. *kliifa*, ME. *clēve* 'climb'. The TEUT. √ *klib* (cp. *cliff*) may be found in *cleave*<sup>1</sup> and *cling*.

**clinch** vb. ME. *clenche* OE. \**clencean* = OHG. MHG. *klenken* 'knot together'.

**cling** vb. ME. *clinge* OE. *clingan*; akin to SW. *klänga* 'climb', DAN. *klynge sig* 'adhere to, climb'. √ *kling* = √ *klimb*? Cp. *climb*.

**clip**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'embrace' (Shakesp.) ME. *clippe* OE. *clyppan*. Akin to OHG. *klāftra* G. *klafter* 'fathom'.

**clip**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'cut, shear' ME. *clippe*: borrowed from ON. SW. *klippa* 'clip, cut'.

**cloak** by-form *cloke* ME. *clōke*: borrowed from OFR. *cloke cloque* 'a cloak'.

**clock** ME. *clocke*: prob. borrowed from ONFR. *clocke* (FR. *cloche*); ident. w. OE. *clugge* (*clucce*?), DU. *klok*, OHG. *glocka* G. *glocke*, ON. *kluikka*. The ROM.-TEUT. *clocca* is of CELT. origin; cp. CYMR. *cloch*, OIR. *cloc* (OCELT. *kluikka*); OE. *cluge*.

**clod** ME. *clodde*; a var. of *clot*. **clog** ME. *clogge* 'a lump, block'.

**cloister** ME. *cloistre*: borrowed from OFR. *cloistre* = FR. *clôître* (SPAN. *claustra*, IT. *chiostro*). Source MED. - LAT. *claustrum*,



whence also OHG. *klōstar* G. *kloster*.

**close** ME. *clōse*: borrowed from the OFR. part. *clos* = LAT. *clausus* (OFR. *clore* = LAT. *claudere*). —

**closet** ME. *closet* from FR. *closet* (dimin. of OFR. *clos* 'a close').

**clot** ME. *clotte* (also *clodde*, see *clod*) OE. \**clott* = MHG. *klotz* (gen. *klotzes*) G. *klotz*.

**clotbur, clote** ME. *clōte* OE. *clāte*: TEUT. base *klaitōn-*, cogn. w. the equiv. OE. *clide*, G. *klette*.

**cloth** shortened for ME. *clōth* OE. *clāp* (OE. *cildclāp* 'swaddling clothes') = DU. *kleed*, G. *kleid*; TEUT. base *klaiþa*. — **clothe** vb. ME. *clōthe* (*clōde*) OE. *clūdian* (*clēdan*).

**cloud** ME. *cloude*: scarcely ident. with OE. *clūd* = ME. *cloud* 'a mass of rock, a hill'; source and history quite unknown.

**clout** ME. \**clout* OE. *clūt* (whence ON. *klútr*), ident. with W. *clwt*, IR. GAEL. *clud*, MANX *clouid*?

**clove**<sup>1</sup> ME. *clowe clove*: borrowed from OFR. *clo* FR. *clou* 'a nail'; cp. SPAN. *clavo* 'a nail' also 'a clove' fr. LAT. *clavus* 'a nail'.

**clove**<sup>2</sup> ME. *clowe* OE. *clufe* 'clove' (esp. of garlic), in compounds *cluffung* 'crowfoot' — *clufwyr* 'buttercup' (cp. OHG. *chloblouh klofolouh klovolouh* = G. *knoblauch*, DU. *knoflook* 'garlic' with *-n* by dissimilation). The orig. meaning appears in OHG. *klobo* G. *kloben* 'a split stick'.

**clover** ME. *clōver* (*clēver*) OE.

*clāfre* (*clāfre*) = DU. *klaver*; cp. LG. *klēver* (and *klāver*). A shorter and more primit. form is OHG. *klēo* (gen. *klēwes*) G. *klee*: base *klaiw-*. The formation of OSAX. \**klēbara* = OE. *clāfre* looks like a compound, the second element of which is unknown.

**clown** borrowed from ICEL. *klunni* 'a clumsy, boorish fellow'; SW. dial. *klunn* 'a log' — *kluns* 'a clownish fellow', DAN. *klunt* 'a log'?

**club** ME. *clubbe*: borrowed from ON. *klubba*, by-form of ON. *klumba* 'a club'. — The meaning 'association of persons' is a mod. application of a clump of people.

**cluck** vb. ME. *clucke klokke* OE. *cloccian* (\**cluccian*) = DU. *klokken*, MHG. *klucken* (*glucken*) G. *glucken*. The TEUT. group is onomatopoeic like LAT. *glōcīre*, GR. γλωΐζειν 'cluck as a hen'.

**clumsy** adj. earlier *clumse* ME. *clumsed* 'benumbed': orig. part. of ME. *clumse* 'benumb': of SCAND. origin; cp. SW. (dial.) *klummsen* 'benumbed', akin to DU. *kleumsch* 'numb with cold'.

**cluster** ME. *cluster* OE. *clīster* (*clýster*) = LG. *kluster*: akin to LG. (Hannover) *klunder* 'cluster of berries or fruit' and (Ditmarsch) *klus* 'cluster, grapes', DAN. *klunge* 'cluster'.

**clutch** ME. *clucche*; connected with *cloche* 'a claw'. The older ME. form is *clēchen*?

**coach** borrowed from FR. *coche*: a mod. common EUROP. word from HUNG. *kossi* 'wagon from the Hung. town *Kossi*'; cp. SPAN. *coche*, IT. *cocchio*, G. *kutsche*.

**coal** ME. *cōle* and *col* OE. *col* = DU. *kool*, OHG. *kolo* m. — *kol* n. G. *kohle*, ON. *kol* n. plur.; orig. 'a burning coal'; cp. SKR. *jval* 'burn bright, flame'. — **coal-mouse**, also **colemouse** ME. *col-mōse* OE. *colmīse* (= DU. *koolmees*, G. *kohlmeise*); prop. 'coal-tit' on account of its black head; from *col* 'coal' + *māse* ME. *mōse* = G. *meise*, ON. *meisingr*, whence FR. *mésange* 'tit-lark'.

**coast** ME. *cōst(e)*: borrowed from OFR. *coste* (whence also DU. *kuste* = G. *küste*) = FR. *côte* (IT. *costa*, MED.-LAT. *costa* 'coast').

**coat** ME. *cōte*: borrowed from OFR. *cote* = FR. *cotte* (= SPAN. *cota*, IT. *cotta* 'a coat'). Source a TEUT. *kotta-* in OHG. *choszo* MHG. *kotze* 'a coarse woolen mantle'. Cp. *cot* and *cote*.

**cock** ME. *cock* OE. *coc cocc* (perh. cogn. w. *chicken*) = ON. *kokkr*, DAN. *kok*; ident. w. FR. *cog*; perh. of imitative origin. History unknown (earliest reference LAT. *coccus* in *Lex Salica*).

**cockle** ME. *cokel cokkel* OE. *cocel coccel* 'tares' borrowed from IR. *cogal* 'corn-cockle' (= GAEL. *cogall* 'tares, cockle')?

**cod** 'husk, shell' ME. *cod codde* OE. *codd* 'bag' = ON. *kodde* 'pillow',

SW. *kudde* 'cushion', DU. *kodde* 'bag'.

**coffee** = DU. *koffij*, G. *kaffee*: borrowed from TURK. *qahveh* = ARAB. *qahveh* 'coffee'.

**coffer** ME. *cofre*: borrowed from FR. *coffre* (whence DU. G. *koffer*). Source LAT. *cophinus*, GR. *ζόφινος* 'a basket'. From the same source also **coffin** ME. *coffin*: borrowed from OFR. *cofin* (= SPAN. *cofin*, IT. *cofano*).

**cog** ME. *cogge* = SW. *cugge*; prob. of CELT. origin, cp. GAEL. IR. *cog*, W. *cocas* 'a cog'?

**coif** ME. *coif*: borrowed from FR. *coiffe* from MED.-LAT. *cofia cof(e)a*; akin to MHG. *kuffe* OHG. *chuppa* from OHG. *chuph* G. *kopf*. Cp. *cup*.

**coil** vb. borrowed from OFR. *coillir* = FR. *cueillir* 'collect' (LAT. *colligere* 'gather together').

**coin** ME. *coin*: borrowed from FR. *coin* 'wedge' (OFR. *coin* 'wedge, stamp upon a coin, a coin'). Source LAT. *cuneus* 'wedge'.

**cold** ME. *cōld* OE. *cāld* (*ēcald*) = GOTH. *kalds*, ON. *kaldr*, OSAX. *kald*, OHG. G. *kalt*, DU. *koud*: an old partic. formation in LAT. *-tus*, SKR. *-tas* (GOTH. *d* from Aryan *t*, cp. *old*, *loud*, *dead* etc.). A TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{kal}}$  cp. in OE. *calan*, ON. *kala* 'freeze'; a corresp. Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{gel}}$  is seen in LAT. *gelu* 'the cold' and *gelidus* 'cold'. Cp. *chill* and *cool*.

**cole** 'cabbage' ME. *cōl* fr. ONFR. *col* = FR. *chou*; the ME. by-form

**caul** = OE. *cāwl* from LAT. *caulem* (*caulis*). Cp. OHG. *kôl* G. *kohl*.

**collier** ME. *colîer*: deriv. of *coal* with *-ier* as in *lawyer*.

**collop** ME. *colopes*: ident. with SWED. *kalops*, G. *klops*; source LG. *kloppen* (G. *klopfen*) 'beat'?

**color** ME. *colour* from OFR. *colour* = FR. *coulcur* (LAT. *color-em*).

**colt** ME. OE. *colt* 'a young ass'; perh. akin to SKR. *gardabha* 'ass'?

**comb** sb. ME. *cōmb* OE. *cāmb* 'comb, crest' = G. *kamm*, DU. DAN. SW. *kam*: TEUT. base *kamba-* from an Aryan *gombho-* in GR. *γόμφος* 'peg' (*γαυφή* 'jaw'), SKR. *jambha* 'jaw, teeth'.

**come** vb. ME. *come* OE. *cuman* = DU. *komen*, OSAX. *kuman*, OHG. *komān* G. *kommen*, OX. *koma*; cp. GOTH. *qiman*: a common TEUT. str. vb. *kuman qēman* fr. an Aryan  $\sqrt{gem}$  in SKR. *gam*, GR. *βαίνω*, LAT. *venio* (for *\*gvenio*).

**comely** ME. *cunll comly* OE. *cymlic* 'fine, handsome'; cogn. w. OHG. *kûmîg* 'delicate, weak' and G. *kaum* 'hardly'.

**cony** sb. ME. *cont* earlier *coning* 'rabbit': adapt. from OFR. *conuin*, whence also DU. *konijn*, G. *kaninchen*. Source LAT. *cuniculus* (OFR. *conil*) in a by-form *cuninus*.

**cook** sb. ME. *cōk* OE. *cōc*: loan-word fr. LAT. *coquus*, whence OHG. G. *koch* and IT. *cuoco*, OFR. *queux*. — The vb. **cook** ME. *cōke* is derived from the sb. by influence of LAT. *coquere* (= G. *kochen*, DU. *koken*), whence also FR. *cuire* 'cook'.

**cool** ME. OE. *cōl* = LG. *kôl*, DU. *koel*, OHG. *kuoli* G. *kühl*: TEUT. base *kôlu-* from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{kal}$  *kôl* under *cold*. Deriv. *keel*.

**coot** 'a bird' ME. *cōte* OE. *\*cōt(a)* = DU. *koet* 'coot'.

**cope** vb. 'vie with, match' orig. 'bargain or chaffer with': a loan-word fr. DU. *koopēn* 'buy', cogn. w. OE. *ċāpian* 'cheapen' from OE. *ċāp* 'bargain'. Cp. *cheap*.

**copper** ME. *coper* OE. *capor*: borrowed from vulgar LAT. *cuprum* 'copper' (orig. *cuprium aes* 'Cyprian brass'). From the same source OHG. *kupfar* G. *kupfer*. DU. *kofer* and FR. *cuivre*. —

**copperas** ME. *coperose* from OFR. *coperose* = IT. *copparosa*, LAT. *cupri rosa* lit. 'copper-rose'.

**copse** earlier *coplice* contr. of OFR. *copēis* derived from OFR. *coper* (FR. *couper*) 'cut'.

**cork** = G. DAN. SW. *kork*, DU. *kurk*: borrowed from SPAN. *corcho* 'cork' = LAT. *corticem* (*cortex*) 'bark'.

**corn**<sup>1</sup> 'grain' ME. OE. *cōrn* = DU. *koren*, G. OX. DAN. SW. *korn*, GOTH. *kaurn*: TEUT. *korna-* = pre-TEUT. base *grno-* cogn. w. LAT. *grānum*, RUSS. *zerno*.

**corn**<sup>2</sup> 'a hard excrescence on toe or foot': borrowed from FR. *corne* (= LAT. *cornu* 'horn').

**corner** ME. *corner*: borrowed fr. MED.-LAT. *corneria* 'corner, angle' (LAT. *cornu* 'horn').

**cornet** ME. *cornet cornette* 'a horn': borrowed fr. FR. *cornet cornette*, dimin. of FR. *corne* 'a horn'.

**cornice** a loanword from OFR. *cornice* fr. IT. *cornice* 'a cornice, border, ledge' (LAT. type *cornix* 'a border' contr. of MED. - LAT. *coronix* a square frame').

**corps** ME. *corps*: a loanword from FR. *corps cors* from LAT. *corpus*.

**corpse** ME. *corps*: borrowed from OFR. *corps cors* = LAT. *corpus*.

**corset** dimin. of ME. *cors* 'a body'; cp. *corpse*. — **corslet** *corselet*: a loanword fr. FR. *corselet*, dimin. of OFR. *cors* with suffix *-et*.

**cost** vb. ME. *coste*: borrowed fr. OFR. *coster* (= FR. *coûter*, LAT. *constare*), whence also DU. G. *kosten*.

**costume** ME. *custime* (and *custome*): adapt. fr. OFR. *costume* FR. *coutume* = IT. *costume* (MED. - LAT. *costuma* = LAT. *consuetudinem*). Cp. *custom*.

**cot** ME. OE. *cot* = LG. DU. ON. G. *kot* 'hut': TEUT. base *kuta-*.

**cote** (in comp. *dove-cote*, *sheep-cote*) ME. *côte* OE. *cot* = G. *kote*. The TEUT. word passed into SLAV. (OSLOV. *koŭci* 'cella'). Akin to *cot*.

**cottage** ME. *cotage* fr. OFR. *cotage*: deriv. of TEUT. *kota-* under *cot* and *cote*.

**cotton** ME. *cotton*: a loanword fr. FR. *coton* = IT. *cotone*: source ARAB. *qoton* 'cotton'.

**couch** vb. ME. *couche*: adapt. fr. FR. *coucher* (earlier *colcher* = IT. *colcare*) fr. LAT. *collōcare*.

**couch-grass** sb.; see *quitch-grass*.

**cough** ME. *coughe* (OE. *eoſhettan*) = DU. *kugchen*, MHG. *kûchen*.

**council** adapt. fr. FR. *concile* 'a council, an assembly, session' from LAT. *concilium* 'an assembly called together'. — **counsel** ME. *conseil conseil*: loanword fr. FR. *conseil* (LAT. *consilium* 'deliberation').

**count** sb. (ME. \**counte* is not recorded, but inferred fr. ME. *countesse* E. *countess*) loanword fr. FR. *comte* 'a count, an earl'. Source LAT. *comitem* (*comes*) 'a companion, a count'.

**count** vb. ME. *counte*: borrowed fr. FR. *comter* (source LAT. *computare* compute, reckon).

**countenance** ME. *countenaunce*: loanword fr. OFR. *contenance* 'behavior, carriage' (LAT. *continentia* 'abstinence').

**counter** 'contrary' fr. FR. *contre* = LAT. *contra* 'against'.

**counterfeit** ME. *counterfeit*: borrowed fr. OFR. *contrefait*, part. of *contrefaire* 'imitate'.

**counterpane** 'a coverlet for a bed' earlier *counterpoint*: loanword fr. OFR. *contrepoint* 'the quilting stitch'; prop. connected with OFR. *contrepoinctier* 'quilt'; *contrepoinct* is a corruption of *contrepoinct* *countepoint* 'a counterpane' (source LAT. *culcita puncta* 'a stitched quilt').

**country** ME. *cuntré* *contré*: loanword fr. FR. *contrée* (= IT. *contrada*). Source MED. - LAT.

*contrata* derived fr. LAT. *contra* (Cp. G. *gegen* from *gegen*).

**county** ME. *countē*: borrowed fr. OFR. *contē* 'county' (deriv. of FR. *comte* = *count* sb.).

**couple** ME. *couple*: adapt. fr. FR. *couple* (= LAT. *copula*) 'a bond, band'.

**courage** ME. *corāge*: adapt. fr. FR. *courage* (LAT. type *coraticum*).

**court** ME. *curt*: borrowed fr. OFR. *curt cort* (source LAT. *cortis* 'a court-yard, palace'). — Hence

**courteous** transformed fr. ME. *curteis* = OFR. *cortcis* FR. *courtois*.

**cousin** ME. *cosin cousin*: adapt. fr. FR. *cousin* (MED.-LAT. *cosinus* for LAT. *consobrinus* 'a consin').

**cove** ME. *cēve* OE. *cofa* 'a chamber, cave' = ON. *kofi* 'hut'. GOTH. \**kuban* is wanting.

**covenant** ME. *convenant covenant*: loanword fr. FR. *convenant covenant* pres. part. of *convenir* 'agree'.

**cover** vb. ME. *cōvere*: borrowed fr. OFR. *cōvirir cucuērir* FR. *cōverir*. Source LAT. *coopere* 'cover'.

**covet** vb. ME. *cūcite*: adapt. fr. OFR. *cūceiter cōvoiter* = FR. *convoiter* (Lat. type \**cupiditate* 'desire').

**covey** borrowed fr. OFR. *cōvée* = FR. *cōvée* 'a covey of partridges', prop. part. of FR. *cōver* 'hatch' (source LAT. *cubare* 'lie down').

**cow** sb. ME. *cū* (plur. *kīe kīe*) OE. *cū* (plur. *cj*) = ON. *kýr*, DÜ. *koc*, MEG. *kô*, OHG. MHG. *kuo* G. *kuh*: TEUT. base *kô-* 'cow'

from an Aryan stem *gōw-* (*gô-*) in SKR. *gâus* (acc. *gâṃ*), GR. *βούς* (stem *βοδ*), LAT. *bos*.

**cow** vb. (ME. \**cōwee* earlier \**cūgen* are unrecorded): loanword fr. SCAND. *kūga* 'cow, tyrannize over' = DAN. *kuc* 'cow', SW. *kufva* 'check, curb'.

**coward** ME. *coward cōward*: borrowed fr. OFR. *coward coart coard* = IT. *codardo* (formed with suffix *-ard* and OFR. *coe* FR. *qucuc* = LAT. *cauda* 'tail').

**cower** vb. ME. *cōwe*: borrowed fr. ON. *kūra* (SW. *kura*, DAN. *kure*) 'lie quiet, rest'.

**cowl<sup>1</sup>** 'a monk's hood, a cap, hood' ME. *couel* earlier *cūwel* OE. *cugle* 'a cowl' (= MHG. *kugel*): loanword fr. LAT. *cucullus* 'hood'.

**cowl<sup>2</sup>** 'a vessel carried on a pole': borrowed fr. OFR. *cūvel* = FR. *cūveau*, prop. 'a little tub' (source LAT. *cupa* 'a vat, butt').

**cowslip** OE. *cūslȳppe cūslōppe*.

**coxcomb** corrupted fr. *cock's comb* 'cock's crest'. Cp. *cock* and *comb*.

**coxswain, cockswain** 'steersman of a boat' from *cock* 'a boat' and *swain* 'the person in command of the boat'.

**coy**: adapted fr. OFR. *coi* (*coit*). Source LAT. *quietus* 'quiet, still'.

**cozen** vb. 'latter, beguile': adapt. fr. FR. *cousiner* 'call cousin, sponge' fr. FR. *cousin*. Cp. *cousin*.

**crab<sup>1</sup>** ME. *crabbe* OE. *crabba* = ON. *krabbi*, SW. *krabba*, DAN.

*krabbe*, DU. *krab*, MLG. *krabbe* (whence G. *krabbe*): akin to OHG. *krēbaꝛ* = G. *krebs* FR. *crabe* fr. TEUT. — Ident. w. **crab**<sup>2</sup> 'a kind of apple' ME. *crabbe*; a Scand. loanword; cp. SW. *krabb-äpplē*. — **crabbed** 'peevish, cramped'; perh. fr. *crab*<sup>1</sup>.

**crack** vb. ME. *crake* *krake* OE. *cracian* = DU. *kraken*, OHG. *krachôn* *chrahhôn* G. *krachen*: TEUT. √ *krak* fr. pre-TEUT. *gyg*; cp. SKR. *gyg* 'rustle, crackle'.

**cracknel** formerly *crakenel* corrupted fr. FR. *cracuelin* 'a cracknel'.

**cradle** ME. *crádel* OE. *cradol*: a Celt. loanword, cp. IR. *craidhal*, GAEL. *creathall* 'a cradle, a grate'; cp. *crate*.

**craft** ME. *craft* OE. *craft* = OSAX. *craft*, DU. *kracht*, G. *kraft*, ON. *kraptr*. — **crafty** ME. *crafti* OE. *craftig* = OHG. *chrestig* G. *kräftig*.

**crag** ME. *crag*: borrowed fr. W. *craig*, GAEL. *creag*.

**crake** 'a bird' so named fr. its cry; cp. ME. *crake* 'cry out' under *crack*.

**cram** vb. ME. *cramme* OE. *crammian* = ON. *krēmja*, SW. *krama*, DU. *kramme* 'squeeze'.

**cramp** ME. *crampe* OE. \**cromp* (inferred fr. *crompeht* 'full of wrinkles') = DU. LG. *krampf*, G. *krampf*: a common WEST-TEUT. term for 'spasm, cramp'.

**crane** ME. *cráne* OE. *cran* = OLG. *krano*, DU. *kraan*, MHG. *krane*; with formative guttural OE.

*cornuc*, OHG. *chranuh* *chranih(h)* G. *kranich*; cp. the cogn. GR. *γέγρανος*, CYMR. *garan*; OSLOV. *žeravi*, LITH. *gerwė*. LAT. *grus* (gen. *gru-is*) agrees with OHG. *chrcia* 'crane'.

**crank** sb. ME. *cranke*. TEUT. base *krank* 'twist' allied to *cramp*. **cranny** ME. *crany*; formed by adding E. -y to FR. *cran* 'a notch'.

**crápe** borrowed fr. FR. *crépe* (OFR. *créspe* = LAT. *crispus*).

**crash** vb. a var. of *craze* and *crack*: a Scand. loanword; cp. SW. *krasa*, DAN. *krase* 'crackle'. Cp. *crack*.

**cratch** ME. *cracche* *crecche*; borrowed fr. OFR. *creche* (FR. *crèche*) which is of Teut. origin; cp. OSAX. *kribbia* 'crib' under *crib*.

**crate** borrowed fr. LAT. *crates* 'a hurdle'.

**cravat** (= G. *kravatte*) borrowed fr. FR. *cravate* (from *Cravates* 'a Croation').

**crave** vb. ME. *cráve* OE. *crasian* = ON. *kręfja* 'crave, demand', SW. *kräfva* 'demand', DAN. *kræve* 'crave, exact'. Perh. the E. word is borrowed from Scand.

**craven** ME. *cravant* 'beaten, overcome' shortened fr. OFR. *cravante* 'oppressed', partic. of *cravanter* (source a LAT. type \**crepantare* 'crack, break').

**craw** (by-form *crag* 'neck, crop') ME. *crawe* OE. \**craga*; GOTH. \**kraga* is wanting.

**cream** ME. *crème* from FR. *crème* (OFR. *crésme*, LAT. *cremor*).

**creed** sb. ME. *crēde* OE. *crēda*: loanword fr. LAT. *crēdo* 'I believe' («credo in deum patrem» etc.); cp. the origin of *dirge*.

**creek** ME. *crēke crike* (OE. \**creoca* \**crīca*); perh. a Scand. loanword from ON. *krike* 'crack, nook'.

**creep** vb. ME. *crēpe* OE. *crēopan* str. vb.; cp. DU. *kruipen*, LG. *krūpen*, ON. *krjúpa*. Akin to G. *kriechen* OHG. *kriohhan*: TEUT. √ *krūp* *krūq*. Cp. *cripple*.

**cress** ME. *cresse* earlier *kerse* OE. *cerse cærsa*; ident. with G. *kresse* OHG. *kressa*, DU. *kers* and FR. *cresson*, IT. *crecione*. Phonology, history and origin quite obscure; common base a LAT. typé \**crexo(nem)*?

**crest** ME. *creste* from OFR. *creste* FR. *crête* (LAT. *crista*).

**crib** ME. *cribbe* OE. *cribb crybb* = OSAX. *kribbia*, DU. *krib*, G. *krippe* OHG. *krippa*: TEUT. base *kribjō* (*krubjō*) akin to OHG. *krēba*. Cp. *cratch*.

**crimson** ME. *crimosin* from CFR. *cramoisin* = FR. *cramoisi*.

**cringe** vb. ME. *crēnge* OE. *crengan*: TEUT. base *krangjan*, deriv. from OE. *cringan* 'sink, fall in battle', cogn. w. G. *krank* 'sick'.

**cripple** ME. *cripel* OE. *crypel* = DU. *kreupel* 'cripple'; prop. 'a man who creeps'; TEUT. base *krupila-*, deriv. fr. √ *krūp* in *creep*.

**crisp** ME. OE. *crisp* = OHG. *krisp*: an early loanword fr. LAT. *crispus* 'curled'.

**croak** vb. ME. *crōke* OE. \**crācian* (inferred from OE. *crācetung*

'croaking'): TEUT. base *krākôn krākôn*; akin to *crack*?

**crock** ME. *crocke* OE. *crocca*; borrowed fr. OIR. *croccan*; perh. cogn. with G. *krug* OHG. *kruog*, LG. *krūke*, OE. *crōh crōg*.

**croft** ME. OE. *croft* 'small field' = ODU. *crochte* 'high and dry land' DU. *croft* 'hillock'.

**crook** sb. ME. *crōk* OE. \**crōc* = ON. *krōkr krákr* 'hook', ODU. *croec*, DAN. *krog* 'hook'. Akin to OHG. *krāko* 'hook' (as E. *hook* is to G. *haken*).

**crop** ME. *cropp* OE. *cropp*.

**crozier** ME. *crozēr croisēr*.

**cross** ME. *cross* (whence SCAND. *kross*, SW.-DAN. *kors*): borrowed from OIR. *cross* (CYMR. *crocs*). Source LAT. *crux* whence also FR. *croix* (ME. *crēis* from OFR. *crois*); OIR. *croch* and OHG. OSAX. *krūzi* G. *kreuz* point to the infl. LAT. *crūcem*.

**crow** vb. ME. *crōwe* OE. *crāwcan* = DU. *kraucen*, G. *krāchen* OHG. *krācn*: TEUT. base a str. vb. *krējan*, but orig. not restricted to the cock's crowing as shown by the sb. **crow** ME. *crōwe* OE. *crāwe* = G. *krāhe* OHG. *krāia*.

**crowd** vb. ME. *croude* OE. *crūdan* str. vb. 'crowd, press' = ODU. *crūden* 'push, thrust' (DU. *kruien*), MLG. *krūden krodén* vb. 'molest': TEUT. √ *krūd*.

**crown** ME. *crūne* (whence ON. *krūna*, cp. ODU. *crūne* DU. *kruin*) earlier by-form *coroune corūne*: borrowed during the reign of

William the Conqueror fr. OFR. *corone* = FR. *couronne* 'crown'. Source LAT. *corōna* 'crown', whence also OE. *corenbeag* 'crown' and OHG. *korōna* G. *krone*.

**cruel** ME. *crüel* (*crēwēl*) fr. FR. *cruel* = LAT. *crūdēlis* 'severe' in a vulgar form *crūdōlis*.

**crumb** = ME. *crombe* short for *croume* OE. *crūma* (cp. *thumb* OE. *fūma*) = DU. *kruim* ODU. *crūme*, LG. G. *krume* (OSAX. \**krūma*). The *m* is derivative; cp. the TEUT. √ *krū* in G. *krauen* OHG. *krouwōn* vb. 'scratch'.

**cruse** ME. *crouse* OE. *crūse* (cp. E. *room* OE. *rūm*) = ODU. *kruis*, MHG. *krūse* G. *krause*; akin to ODU. DU. *kroes*, ME. *crōs*.

**crust** ME. *cruste* fr. OFR. *cruste* FR. *croûte* = LAT. *crusta* 'crust of bread'.

**crutch** ME. *crucche* OE. *crȳcē* = DU. *kruk*, OHG. *cruccha* G. *krücke* 'crutch': TEUT. base *krukjō-*; ident. w. IT. *croccia* 'crutch', FR. *crose*, which rest on a LAT. *crūcca*, deriv. of *crux* *crucis* 'cross'. Therefore *crutch* *krukja* *crucca* meant originally 'stick having a cross'.

**cry** vb. ME. *crie*: adapted fr. FR. *crier* 'cry'.

**cuckold** ME. *cukewold*: transformation of FR. *coucou* 'cuckoo', whence also E. **cuckoo** ME. *cuckou*.

**cudgel** OE. *cyēgel*: dimin. of a lost primitive OE. \**cyēg*: base *kugja-*?

**cuff** sb. ME. *cuffe coffe* 'sleeve'; perh. ident. w. late OE. *cuffie* 'coif under coif'.

**cull** vb. ME. *culle* (*cole coille*) vb. 'gather, select' fr. OFR. *coillir* = FR. *cueillir* 'collect' (source LAT. *colligere*).

**culver** ME. *culver* (*colver*) OE. *culfre culufre* 'dove'; not found in the other TEUT. languages, prob. of LAT. origin: LAT. *columba* 'dove' in a vulgar form \**colubra*?

**cumber** vb. ME. *cumbre* vb. 'annoy' fr. OFR. *combrer*, whence also G. *kummer* MHG. *kumber*; the base MED.-LAT. *combrus* 'rubbish, bank of earth, ruins' rests on a GALL.-LAT. *combero-* 'that which is carried together'.

**cummin** ME. *comin* late OE. *cumin* (= DU. *komijn*) fr. OFR. *comin* = FR. *cumin*. Source LAT. *cumīnum*, whence also a TEUT. *kumīn* in OE. *cymen*, OHG. *kumīn* *kumil* G. *kümmel*.

**cunning** ME. *cunninge*: deriv. of OE. *cunnan* = *know*.

**cup** ME. OE. *cuppe* 'cup' = MHG. *kopff*, ODU. *kop* 'beaker, cup': loanword fr. LAT. *cuppa* (*cūpa*), whence also OE. ME. *cop* (*copp*) 'summit, head', G. *kopff* 'head'.

**cur** ME. *curre corre* = ODU. *korre* 'watch-dog', SWED. (dial.) *kurra* 'a dog'; cp. LG. G. (dial.) *kurren* vb. 'growl'. Therefore *cur* prop. 'a growler'?

**curate** see *care*.

**curb** vb. ME. *curbe* 'to bend' fr. FR. *courber* 'bend'.



**curd** vb. w. metathesis fr. ME. *crudde* vb.: a CELT. loanword, deriv. fr. IR. *gruth* 'curds'? or cogn. with *crowd*? ep. LAT. *coagulum* fr. *cogere*?

**cure** ME. *cüre* fr. FR. *cure* = LAT. *cura*. — **curate** ME. *cürät* = MED.-LAT. *curätus* (in FR. pronunciation; ep. *curious* ME. *cürious* fr. LAT. *cüriösus*?).

**curfew** ME. *curfëu* (*curfëw*) fr. OFR. *coerefeu* (ep. *poor* fr. OFR. *poivre*): prop. the sign for putting out fires.

**curious** see *cure*.

**curl** vb. deriv. fr. ME. *crul* (*ll*) adj. 'curly' = DU. *krul*; WEST-TEUT. *krull-* for *krust-* *krust-* is cogn. with ODU. *kruis*, G. *kraus* MBG. *krüs* 'curly' (also ME. *crous* 'curly').

**curlew** ME. *curlëw* (*corlëw*) fr. OFR. *corlieu* = FR. *courlieu* 'a bird's name' ('*scolopax arquata*'), composed of OFR. *corre* 'to leap' and *lieu* 'lightly'.

**curry** vb. ME. *currëe* *curraie* vb. fr. OFR. *coureier*; LAT. type *con-rêdâre*?

**curse** vb. ME. *curse* OE. *cürsian* 'to curse'; cogn. with OIR. *cürsachaim* 'I curse'. Source and history unknown.

**curtain** sb. ME. *curtin* *cortin* fr. OFR. *cortine* = LAT. (also IT. SPAN.) *cortina* 'curtain'.

**curve** adj. fr. LAT. *curvus* 'crooked'.

**cushion** ME. *cusshin* (*cusshen* — *cusshon*) *cussin* *quissin* (*quisschen*) fr. OFR. *coissin* = FR. *coussin* 'cushion'; ep. SPAN. *coxin*, IT. *cuscino* and ident. w. DU. *kussen* ODU. *cussin*, G. *küssen* *kissen* OHG. *kussin* 'cushion'. Source a MED.-LAT. *coximum* prop. deriv. of LAT. *coxa* 'hip, haunch' = FR. *cuisse* 'thigh', whence E. (Shakesp.) *cuisse* 'piece of armor for the thighs'.

**custom** ME. *custome* earlier form (c. 1100) *custüme* fr. OFR. *custume* (FR. *coutume*) = IT. PROV. *costuma*: source a LAT. type \**consuetimen* instead of LAT. *consuetudo*.

**cut** vb. ME. *cutte* (by-form with umlaut *kitte*): a ME. vb. of CELT. origin; ep. CYMR. *cwtan* vb. 'shorten' — *cwta* adj. 'short'.

**cutlas** fr. FR. *couteclas* = IT. *collacciaccio* prop. 'a large knife': ROM. deriv. of LAT. *culler* 'knife'. Cp. FR. *couteau* = OFR. *coutel* 'knife' fr. LAT. *cultellus*. Hence FR. *coutelier* = ME. *cutcler* E. *cutler* 'maker of knives'.

## D

**dace** from ME. *darce* *darsc*: called from its swiftness). See from OFR. *dars*, nom. also spelled *dart*.

**dart** 'a dart', also 'a fish' (so **dagger** ME. *dagger* = OS. *dag-*

*gar dr*, DU. *daggert*: of Celt. origin, borrowed from W. *dagr* = IR. *daigear*; BRET. *dag* = GAEL. *daga*: all synon.

**dainty** ME. *deintē*: borrowed from OFR. *deinte* 'dignity, importance, value' (the ME. by-form *daintēth* is an ANGLO-NORMAN *deintēd* 'pleasure'). Source LAT. *dignitatem* (*dainty* and *dignity* are doublets).

**dairy** ME. *deirie* 'room for a milk-woman'; ME. *deie* 'milk-woman' (hence *day-woman* 'dairy-woman' Shakesp.) is borrowed from ON. *deigja* 'milk-woman' (SW. *deja*), which is supposed to be a deriv. of TEUT. *daiga-* (under *dough*) and to mean prop. 'the bread-maker, kneader of dough'. Cp. *dough* and *lady*.

**dais** ME. *deis*: borrowed from OFR. *deis* later *dais* 'a high table in a hall' = FR. *dais* 'a canopy' (base MED.-LAT. *discus* 'a table' = LAT. *discus* 'plate, platter' see under *dish*).

**daisy** ME. *daies-īe daies-eie* OE. *deges-ŷage*: prop. 'the eye of the day'; cp. *day* and *eye*.

**dale** ME. *dāle* OE. *dæl* plur. *dalu* (ME. E. *e* in *dale* is derived from the OE. plur. *dalu* or from the sing. infl. *dæles, dælē*). The TEUT. base *dala-* cp. also in the synon. GOTH. *dals*, ON. *dalr*, OSAX. *dal*, OHG. MHG. *tal* (mod. *thal*).

**dally** vb. ME. *dalye* points to GOTH. *\*dalōn* OE. *\*dalian* (= G. *dahlen*). The ending *y* is a

southern continuation of the OE. infinit. in *-ian* (= OHG. *\*talōn?*).

**dam** ME. *dam(me)* OE. *\*dam(mn)* = G. *damn*, DU. *dam*, ON. *damnr* (GOTH. *fairdamunjan* = OE. *fordemman* 'dam up').

**damage** ME. *damāge*: borrowed from OFR. *damage* *domage* FR. *dommage* 'harm' (IT. *dannajo*), LAT. type *damnaticum* 'harm' (LAT. *damnum* 'loss, injury' under *damn*).

**dame** ME. *dāme*: borrowed from FR. *dame*, whence also G. DU. *dame*. Source LAT. *domina* 'lady' (= IT. *donna*); cp. *damsel*.

**damn** vb. ME. *dam(p)ne*: borrowed from OFR. *damner* *dampner* FR. *damner* (= SPAN. *dañar*, IT. *dannare*) = LAT. *damnare* 'condemn, fine' (LAT. *damnum* 'injury, loss').

**damp** ME. *\*damp* = DU. LG. *damp* 'vapor', G. *dampf* 'vapor, steam'.

**damsel** ME. *damesele* *damisele*: borrowed from OFR. *damisele* *dameisele* = FR. *demoiselle*. The source is MED.-LAT. *domicella* 'a young lady', LAT. type *dom(i)nicella*, dimin. of *domina* 'a lady'.

**dance** vb. ME. *daunce* *daunse*: borrowed from FR. *danser*, whence also DU. *dansen*, G. *tanzen*, DAN. *dandse*, SW. *dansa*. The OFR. *danser* is traced to an OHG. *dansōn* 'draw, trail'.

**dandelion**: borrowed from FR. *dent de lion* (= SPAN. *diente de leon*, IT. *dente di leone*): prop. 'lion's tooth', so called from the jagged

leaves of the plant (G. *löwen-zahn*).

**danger** ME. *daunger*: borrowed from FR. *danger* 'danger'. Source a LAT. type *\*dominiarium* 'power' from LAT. *dominium* 'sovereignty'.

**dank** 'damp' ME. *dank*: borrowed from the Scand.? cp. SW. dial. *dank* 'a marshy piece of ground' = ICEL. *ðokk* for *\*danku* 'pit, pool'.

**dapper** ME. *daper* 'pretty, neat'; cp. OX. *dapr* 'sad, dreary', DÜ. *dapper* 'brave', OHG. *taffar* G. *taffer* 'valiant, brave'.

**dapple** 'a spot, dot' 'a dappled horse' ME. in *dappel-gray*: perh. Scand. loanword from OX. *depill* 'a spot, dot' (*dapi* 'a pool').

**dare** ME. *dar* OE. *dear* 'I dare' = GOTH. *dars*, OHG. *tar*. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{dars}$  *darz* is akin to GR.  $\theta\alpha\sigma\epsilon\iota\nu$  'be bold' —  $\theta\alpha\sigma\acute{\epsilon}\nu\acute{\varsigma}$  'bold' and SKR. *dhṛs* 'dare': Aryan  $\sqrt{dhers}$ .

**dark** ME. *derk* OE. *deorc*; perh. akin to OIR. *derg* 'red': common base *dhergo-* (cp. also OIR. *dorche* 'dark?').

**darling** ME. *dërling* shortened from OE. *dëorling* 'a favorite': deriv. of *dear* = OE. *dëorc*.

**dart** ME. *dart* from OFR. *dart* FR. *dard* (= SPAN. IT. *dardo*); of TEUT. origin: OE. *darod*, OX. *darradr* also shorter *darr*.

**dash** vb. ME. *dasshe*; corresponding to DAN. *daské* (= SW. *daska*) 'slap, strike'. Scand. origin of the E. word (OE. *\*das-*

*cian* *\*daxian*) is improbable, E. *sh* pointing to a hereditary word.

**date**<sup>1</sup> 'an epoch, given point of time' ME. *date* from the synon. FR. *date* (MED.-LAT. *datum*, whence G. *datum*).

**date**<sup>2</sup> 'fruit of the palm' ME. *date*: borrowed from OFR. *date* = FR. *datte*: source LAT.-GR. *daetylus*, whence also G. *dattel*, DÜ. *dadel*.

**daub** vb. ME. *daube*: borrowed from OFR. *dauber* 'whiten' from *\*dalber* = LAT. *dealbare* 'whiten, plaster' (LAT. *albus* 'white').

**daughter** ME. *doughter* OE. *dohtor* = DÜ. *dochter*, OSAX. *dohtar*, OHG. *tohter* G. *tochter*, OX. *döttir*, GOTH. *dauihtar*: ident. with the synon. LITH. *dukti*, OSLOV. *düsti*: Aryan base *dhuktër*; an Aryan base *dhugatër* appears in GR.  $\theta\upsilon\gamma\acute{\alpha}\tau\eta\rho$ , SKR. *duhitär*, AVEST. *duydar* 'daughter'. SKR. *duhitär* 'daughter' is traced to the SKR.  $\sqrt{duh}$  'milk' and is interpreted as 'the milk maid'.

**daunt** vb. ME. *daunte*: borrowed from OFR. *donter* FR. *dompter* = IT. *domitare* 'subdue, tame': the source is LAT. *domitare* (frequent. of *domare*).

**day** ME. *day dai* OE. *deæg* = GOTH. *dags*, OHG. MHG. *tactg* G. *tag*, DÜ. OSAX. *dag*, OX. *dagr*; by-forms OE. *dögor*, OX. *dégr* (fr. *dëgaz dëgis*): all connected with the SKR.  $\sqrt{dah}$  (for Aryan *dhëgh*: *dhöggh*) 'burn'. This root appears also in LITH. *dëgti* 'burn' —

*dagas daga* 'harvest', PRUSS. *dagas* 'summer', SKR. *nidâgha-* 'heat, summer' (also SKR. *âhar* 'day?'). The base *dhôgho-s* common to our *day* and to LITH. *dâgas* signified 'the time of the burning of the sun, the hot part of the day or year'.

**dawn** vb. late ME. *daune* earlier *dawce* OE. *dagian* = ON. *daga*, OHG. *tagen* G. *tagen* become *day*; cp. E. **dawning** ME. *dawinge*: deriv. of TEUT. *daga-* under *day*.

**daze** vb. ME. *dâsc* 'stupefy' from ON. \**dasa*, refl. *dasask* (*sk* represents the refl. 'oneself') 'daze oneself' = DAN. *dasc*, SW. *dasa* 'lie idle'. From *dawce* is deriv. the dimin. *dassle* vb. 'overpower with light'.

**deacon** ME. *dâken* from OE. \**dâcon* for *diakon* (= DC. *deken*, G. *diakon*, ON. *djâkn*, OFR. *diacne* FR. *diacre*, SPAN. IT. *diacono*): source LAT. *diaconus* (GR. *diákonos*) 'a servant, a deacon'.

**dead** adj. ME. *dâd* OE. *djâd* = GOTH. *daufs*, OHG. MHG. *tôt* G. *to(d)t*, ON. *daudr*, OSAX. *dôd*, DC. *dood*. The common base *dau-da* is prop. partic. (*dhau-tô-*) belonging to the TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{dau}}$  discussed under *die*. Cp. *death*.

**deaf** ME. *dâf* OE. *djâf* = OSAX. *dôf*, DC. *doef*, OHG. MHG. *toup(b)* 'hearing or feeling nothing, dull, foolish' G. *taub*, GOTH. *daufs(b)* 'deaf', ON. *daufr*. The meanings of OHG. MHG. *toup(b)* bordering on those of OHG. MHG. *tump* G. *dumm*, connection of both groups

is sure; prob. akin to GR. *τυφλός* 'blind'. Cp. *dumb*.

**deal** vb. 'divide, distribute, negotiate in' ME. *dêle* OE. *dêlan* = OSAX. *dêlian*, DC. *declen*, LG. *dêlen*, G. *teilen*, GOTH. *dailjan*: denominatives of *daili-* (cp. *deal*) like OSLOV. *dêliti* 'divide'.

**deal**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'part, portion, indefinite quantity, degree or extent, bargain etc.' ME. *dêl* OE. *dêl* (*dâl*) = OSAX. *dêl*, DC. *decl*, LG. *decl*, OHG. MHG. G. *teil*, GOTH. *dails* m. *daila* f. TEUT. *dai-li* (*la-*) seems to point to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{dhai}}$ , proved by OSLOV. *dêlu* part.

**deal**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a board, plank' borrowed from DC. *decl* 'a board, threshing floor' = MLG. *dêle* 'board' LG. *dêle* 'a board, floor, a room'. The corresponding OHG. *dili* G. *diele* 'boarded floor' corresponds to ON. *filja*, OE. *fil* 'board'. LITH. *tili* 'plank in the boat', OSLOV. *tilo* 'bottom', SKR. *tala-m* 'surface' are cognate.

**dean** ME. *dên* (contr. of \**dêi(n)*) borrowed from OFR. *deien* = FR. *doyen*: source LAT. *decânus* 'the chief of ten soldiers or monks' (= IT. *decano*, OHG. *têchân* G. *dechant*).

**dear**<sup>1</sup> ME. *dêre* OE. *djêre* 'beloved, precious, of great value' = OSAX. *djuri*, DC. *dier*, OHG. *tiuri* 'dear, beloved, esteemed, costly' G. *teuer*.

**dear**<sup>2</sup> (in Shakesp.) 'fierce, ferocious' ME. *dêr* OE. *djêr* 'wild':

different from *dear*<sup>1</sup>. Ident. with E. *deer*, G. *tier*; cp. *deer*.

**dearth** ME. *dërthe* 'scarcity, dearness' (= OSAX. *diurida*, OHG. *tiurida*, ON. *dýrd*, OLG. *diurtha*): deriv. of *dear*<sup>1</sup> + *-th* formative of abstract nouns.

**death** ME. *dith* OE. *diap* = GOTH. *daufus*, OSAX. *dôth*, OHG. *tôd* MHG. *tôt(d)* G. *tot*, DU. *dood*, ON. *daudr*: a verbal abstr. noun of a  $\sqrt{\text{dau}}$  (cp. *dic*) with the abstract suffix TEUT. *fu* = LAT. SKR. *tu-* (Aryan base *d hau-tu-s*).

**debate** vb. ME. *debâte*: borrowed from OFR. *debatre* 'fight, contend, debatè' FR. *débatre* 'contend, debate' (= SPAN. *debatir*, IT. *dibattere*).

**debt** sb. earlier *det* ME. *dette*: from OFR. *deble dette* FR. *dette* (IT. *detta*) = LAT. *debita* f. sing., orig. neut. plur. of LAT. *debitum*.

**debtor** ME. *dettur* from OFR. *detor deteur* FR. *detteur* (IT. *debitore*) = LAT. *debitorem* acc. of *debitor* 'debtor'.

**decay** vb. from OFR. *decaer* (SPAN. *decaer*, IT. *decadere*) = LAT. type *\*decalere* (instead of *decidere*) 'fall away, perish'.

**decease** sb. ME. *decès* borrowed from OFR. *deces* FR. *décès* — LAT. *decessus* prop. 'departure'.

**deceit** ME. *deccit*: borrowed from OFR. *deccit* = LAT. *deceptus* 'deceit' (*decipere* 'deceive' under *deceive*).

**deceive** vb. earlier *deccare* ME. *deceive*: borrowed from OFR. *dè-*

*cever decevir* FR. *décevoir* = LAT. *decipere* 'entrap'. Cp. *deccit*.

**deck** vb. borrowed fr. DU. *dekken* 'cover'; cp. OE. *þeccēan* under *thatch*.

**declension** from OFR. *declinaison* (FR. *déclinaison*) beside FR. *déclination*, E. *declination* from LAT. *declinationem*.

**decrease** vb. ME. *decrise* borrowed from OFR. *deccresser deccrestre deccreistre deccroistre* FR. *décroître* (LAT. *discresecere*) = LAT. *deccrescere* 'decrease'.

**decree** sb. ME. *decrē* borrowed from OFR. *decre decret* FR. *décret* (SPAN. IT. *decreto*) = LAT. *decretum* 'a decree'.

**deed** ME. *dēd dēde* OE. *dēd dēd* = OSAX. *dād*, DU. *daad*, OHG. MHG. *tāt* G. *that*, ON. *dād*, GOTH. in *ga-dēds* 'deed'. TEUT. base *dē-di-* from *dhē-ti-* from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{dē}}$ : *dō* from ARYAN *dhē*: *dhō*; cp. *do*.

**deem** vb. ME. *dēme* OE. *dēman* (= OSAX. *dēmian* in *ā*, DU. *doemen*, MHG. *dōmen*, OHG. *tuomen* MHG. *tūemen*, ON. *dēma*, GOTH. *ga-dōmjan* 'judge, deem'): deriv. of TEUT. *dōma-* see *doom*.

**deep** adj. ME. *dēp* OE. *dēop* = OSAX. *diop*, DU. *diep*, OHG. *tief tinf* MHG. G. *tief*, ON. *djúpr*, GOTH. *diups*. The common TEUT. adj. *deupa-* belongs to a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{dap}}$  whose by-form *dūb* appears in OE. *dýfan* E. *dive* and in E. *dub*. Cp. cymr. *dūfn*, OIR. *domun fu-domain*, LITH. *dubūs* 'deep, hollow', OSLOV. *dupli* 'hollow' from an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{dūbh}}$ : *dūp*.

**deer** ME. *dȳr* OE. *dȳr* 'wild animal' = ON. *dýr* 'wild animal', OSAX. *dior*, OHG. *tior* MHG. G. *tier* 'animal' ('stag, roe' in the language of hunters). TEUT. *deusa-* is prob. an adj. used as sb. signifying 'wild animal'; cp. OE. *dȳr* 'bold, wild' (cp. *dear*).

**defeat** vb. ME. *defēte*: from OFR. *defeter* 'annul (OFR. *defait* *desfeit* part. of *defaire* FR. *défaire*; MED.-LAT. *defacere* 'annul, undo'). See *feat*.

**defile** vb. 'make unclean, sully' a fusion of ME. *filc* OE. *afýlan* 'defile' and ME. *defoule* 'defile': ME. *foule* (OE. *fúlian*) wk. vb. 'make foul' with parallel form *file* (OE. *fýlan*) has taken the LAT.-FR. prefix *de-*.

**defy** vb. ME. *defie*: from FR. *défier* (= MED.-LAT. IT. *disfidare* *diffidare* 'renounce faith, repudiate'). Cp. *faith*.

**delay** vb. ME. *delaie* *delaye*: from FR. *délayer* (= MED.-LAT. IT. *dilatare*).

**delight** sb. (orig. *delite*) ME. *delite delit*: from OFR. *delit*. With the vb. *delight* ME. *delite* from OFR. *deliter* (IT. *delectare* *dilectare*) = LAT. *delectare* 'please'.

**dell** ME. *delle* OE. *dell* a dimin. derivative of TEUT. *dala-* (under *dale*), pointing to a GOTH. *\*dalja* f. and corresponding to OHG. *tella* MHG. *telle* 'ravine' G. (dial.) *delle*.

**deluge** sb. ME. *delūge*: from FR. *déluge* (= SPAN. IT. *diluvio*, LAT. *diluvium* 'a flood').

**delve** vb. ME. *delve* OE. *dēlfan* str. vb. = DU. *delven*, OSAX. *bi-dēlfan*, OHG. *bi-tēlfan* 'bury'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{dēlf}$  (Aryan *dhelbh* *dhelþ*?) is unknown elsewhere.

**demijohn** from the synon. FR. *dame-jeanne* = Arab. *dāmagān* (orig. the town *Damghan* in northern Persia, once famous for its glass-works).

**den** short for ME. *dēne* OE. *denu dene* 'valley'; akin to MDĪ. *dan* 'woods, wilderness' and G. *tann* 'woods'?

**denizen** ME. *denescyn* *denescin*: source ANGLO-FR. OFR. *densein* *deinsein*: deriv. of OFR. *deins* (= FR. *dans*) 'within' and suffix *-cin* (= LAT. *-anus*); cp. *citizen*. The FR. word means 'a trader within the privilege of the city-franchise as opposed to *foreign*'.

**deny** vb. ME. *denie*: from FR. *dénier* (SPAN. *denegar*, IT. *denegare* = LAT. *denegare* 'deny').

**depaint** vb. ME. *depeinte*: from FR. *dépeindre*. Cp. *paint*.

**depict** vb. ME. only in part. *depict* = LAT. *depictus*, whence also OFR. *depicter* 'depict'.

**deploy** vb. from FR. *déployer* (OFR. *despleyer* *despleier*, whence E. *display*). Source LAT. *displicare*.

**depth** ME. *dēpthe*: an abstract sb. from the ME. adj. *dēp*; DU. *diepte*, ON. *dýpt*, GOTH. *diupīpa* point to an OE. *\*dýpþ*; cp. *deep*.

**derrick** 'a kind of crane' from DU. *Dicrrik*, short *Dirk*, also

*Diederik* corresp. to G. *Dietrich*, OE. *þeodric* 'chief of the people'. Orig. *derrick* signified 'gallows' named from a Dutch hangman.

**descry** vb. ME. *descrie* *discrye* 'discern' from OFR. *descrier* (*descrie* *descriere* FR. *décrire*) 'describe'.

**desire** vb. ME. *desire* from FR. *désirer* (IT. *desirare* = LAT. *desiderare* 'long for').

**desk** from FR. *disque* (IT. *desco* 'a table' = MED.-LAT. *discus* 'a table' see under *dish*).

**despair** vb. ME. *despeire* from OFR. *desperer* FR. *désespérer* (= LAT. IT. *desperare*) 'lose hope'.

**despatch, dispatch** vb. from OFR. *despacher* (FR. *dépêcher*) 'discharge, expedite'.

**despise** vb. ME. *despise* from OFR. *despiser* *despicer* 'despise' (LAT. *despicere* 'look down upon, despise').

**despite** sb. by apheresis *spite* ME. *despit* from OFR. *despit* *despeit* FR. *dépit* (IT. *dispetto* = LAT. *despectus* 'contempt' see *despise*). *Despite* prep. abbrev. for *in despite of*.

**despoil** vb. ME. *despoile* from OFR. *despoiller* (FR. *dépouiller*, IT. *despogliare*, SPAN. *despojar* 'despoil'): source LAT. *despoliare* 'plunder, rob'. See *spoil*.

**destiny** *destenyé* *destinje*: borrowed from FR. *destinée* (IT. LAT. *destinata*).

**deuce** 'a two at cards or dice' early mod. also *dēuce* *dēus* = FR. *deux*.

**devil** ME. *dēvel* OE. *dēofol* = OSAX. *diubal*, DU. *duivel*, OHG. *tiuwal* *tioual* MHG. *tiuwel* (*tiuevel*) G. *teufel*; GOTH. *diabailus* points to LAT. (GR.) *diabolus*.

**dew** ME. *dēw* OE. *dēaw* = OSAX. *dan*, OHG. MHG. *tau* (gen. *tauwes*) G. *tau*, DU. *dauwe*, ON. *dogg* (GOTH. \**daggwa-* is wanting). Perh. cogn. with the SKR.  $\sqrt{d}$  *dhaw* 'to flow'.

**die** sb. (plur. *dice*); the sing. is developed from the plur. *dice*. ME. *dis* usually *dīs* 'dice' which is borrowed from OFR. *des* plur. of *det* 'die' FR. *dé* (= SPAN. IT. *dado* 'a die') from LAT. *datum* 'that which is given' and 'that which is cast'. See *date*.

**die** vb. ME. *dēze* *die* *dye*: generally considered as a SCAND. loanword from ON. *deyja* (= OSAX. *dōian*, OHG. MHG. *touwen* 'die'). An OE. *dýzan* *dēzan* (from *daujan*) is not recorded before 1000 after Chr., hence SCAND. origin is prob. For the TEUT.  $\sqrt{d}$  *dan* cp. *dead*, *death*. In other Aryan languages, OSLOV. *daciti* 'strangle' and LITH. *docyti* 'torment' are compared as related (INDO-EUR.  $\sqrt{d}$  *dhēw* *dhōw*).

**diet** ME. *dīte* *dīte*: from FR. *dīte* (SPAN. IT. *dieta* = LAT. *dicta*).

**dig** vb. ME. *digge* earlier *dikie* OE. *dīcian* 'dig': derivative of OE. *dīc* 'a ditch'. See *dike* and *ditch*.

**dike** ME. *dik(e)* OE. *dīc* 'a ditch, channel, dike, wall' = MHG. *tīch* G. *teich* 'fishpond, pond'.

E. *dike* and *ditch* are doublets.

**dill** 'the two-seeded tare' ME. *dille* OE. *dile* = DU. *dille*, OHG. *tilli* MHG. *tille* G. *dill*. Of obscure origin.

**dim** ME. OE. *dim* (*num*) = OFRIS. *dim*, ON. *dimmr*: perh. by-form of the synonym. OSAX. *thim* (*mm*). A TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{þem}}$  (whence G. *dämmeru*) corresponds to SKR. *tamas* 'gloom', LAT. *tenebrae* (for *temesra*) 'darkness'. For the initial gram. change from *th* — *d* see *doughty*. A PRE-TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{dhem}}$  may be found in OIR. *deme* 'darkness'.

**dime** ME. *dime* 'tithc' from FR. *dime* (= LAT. *decima* 'tenth').

**dimple** ME. *dimpel* = G. *tümpel* OHG. *tumfilo* m. 'whirlpool': deriv. with nasalization from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{dup}}$  'be depressed' in *deep* and *dip*; cp. LITH. *dumbu* 'become hollow'.

**din** sb. ME. *dine* OE. *dyne* (= ON. *dynr*) 'a din'. Cp. OE. *dynnan* = DU. *deunen*, OSAX. *dunnian*, ON. *dynja* and the SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{dhan}}$  *dhun* 'rush'.

**dine** vb. ME. *dine*: from FR. *diner* (= IT. *disinare*) 'dine'. See *dinner*.

**dinner** ME. *diner*: from FR. *diner*; ident. with *dine*: the infinitive is used as sb. See *dine*.

**dint** ME. *dint* OE. *dynt* 'a blow' = ON. *dyntr dyttr* 'a dint, stroke'.

**dip** vb. ME. *dippe* OE. *dyppan*; cp. G. *taufen* OHG. *touffjan* (from \**touffjan*) 'baptize' and *deep*.

**dirge** ME. *dirige* OE. (11<sup>th</sup> cent.) *dirige* 'watches' (cp. »dirige for ford-farenum« = vigilia pro defunctis). »dirige, Dominus meus, in conspectu tuo vitam meam« Psalm 5<sup>s</sup> was used in the office for the dead in medieval service.

**dirt** ME. *drit* 'excrement' fr. OE. *ȝedritan* str. vb. = ON. *dritu*, DU. *drijten* 'to void excrement': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{drīt}}$ .

**dish** ME. *dish* *disch* OE. *disc* 'a dish, plate' = OSAX. *disk* 'table', DU. *disch*, OHG. *tisc* G. *tisch* 'table'. LAT. *discus*, the source of TEUT. *diskuz*, has the meaning 'dish' only post-class. (prop. 'disk'); cp. also IT. *de.co*, OFR. *dois* 'table' (FR. *dais* 'a canopy, dais' see under *dais* and *desk*).

**dismay** vb. ME. *dismaie* *desmaie* (*demaie* *esmaie* 'dishearten, lose courage'): from OFR. *desmayer* *esmayer* (IT. *smagare* from *dis-magare* points to GOTH. *magan*; see *may*).

**dispense** vb. ME. *dispense*: from OFR. *dispenser* FR. *dispenser* (= IT. *spensare* = LAT. *dispensare* 'weigh out, distribute').

**display** vb. ME. *displeic*: from AFR. *despleier* = FR. *déployer* 'deploy' (= IT. *spiegare*, MED.-LAT. *displicare* 'unfold', whence also FR. *déployer* = E. *deploy*).

**dispute** vb. ME. *dispute*: from FR. *disputer* (= LAT. IT. *disputare*).

**dissever** vb. ME. *dissevere* *dessevere*: from OFR. *desseverer* (IT. *disseverare* fr. a LAT. type *disseparare* 'sever').



**distaff** ME. *distaf* orig. *dis-staf*; OE. \**dis-staf* 'staff bedizened with flax' points to a TEUT. *dîsô-* in MLG. *dîse* f. 'distaff, the bunch of flax on the distaff'. Cp. LAT. *fîsus* 'spindle' for an Aryan  $\sqrt{dhs}$  *dhôis* pointing to a PRE-LAT. *dhôiso-*.

**distinguish** vb. ME. *distingwe* *distinge*: borrowed from FR. *distinguer* (LAT. *distinguere*).

**distrain** vb. ME. *distreine* 'compel, constrain': borrowed from OFR. *destraindre* (LAT. *distringere* 'pull asunder').

**distress** ME. *distresse* *destresse*: from OFR. *destrece* 'distress' = FR. *détresse*.

**disturb** vb. ME. *disturbe* *desturbe*: from OFR. *destourber* (SPAN. *disturbar*, IT. *disturbare* = LAT. *disturbare* 'disturb').

**ditch** 'a dike' ME. *diche* OE. *dic*: equiv. to OSAX. *dik* 'dam', whence G. *deich*: related to GR.  $\tau\epsilon\lambda\lambda\omicron\varsigma$  'wall'?

**ditty** ME. *dité*: borrowed from OFR. *dité* 'a story, poem' (LAT. *dictatum*).

**dive** vb. ME. *dive* OE. *dýfan* = ON. *dýfa*, DU. *beduiven*, I.G. *bedúven*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{dub}$  (a by-form of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{dûp}$ ) under *decp*.

**dizzy** adj. ME. *dîsy* OE. *dysig* 'foolish, stupid' = OHG. *tusig*, MDU. *auysigh*:  $\sqrt{dus}$  (*dhûs*). Another form of the  $\sqrt{dus}$  appears in OE. *dwaes* (= MDU. *dwaes* DU. *dwaas*) 'foolish' and in G. *tor* OHG. *tôro* (TEUT. base *dauza-*).

**do** vb. ME. OE. *dôn* = DU. *doen*, OSAX. *dûan*, OHG. MHG. *tuon* G. *thun*. For the TEUT.  $\sqrt{dô}$ : *dê* cp. also *deed* and the suffix *-dom*. The PRE-TEUT.  $\sqrt{dhô}$ : *dhê* has a wide ramification within the other Aryan languages; cp. the GR.  $\sqrt{\theta\eta}$ :  $\theta\epsilon$  in *τίθημι* 'place, put', SKR.  $\sqrt{dhâ}$  (*dadhâmi* and *dhâmi*) 'place, put, do' (*dhâtṛ* 'creator'), OSLOV. *děja* (and *dežda*) 'do, make', LAT. *facio*. The meaning 'place, put' seems to be the original one and the TEUT. meaning secondary.

**dock** sb. origin uncertain; from the E. word are borrowed G. *dock*, DU. *dok*, SW. *docka*, DAN. *dok(ke)*, FR. *dock*.

**doe** ME. *dô* OE. *dâ*; cp. DAN. *daa*. The OE. word — generally considered a loanword from LAT. *dâma* — points to a weak stem *dân* nom. sing. *dâ* from a TEUT. base *dain*, which is evidently connected with OFR. *dain* m. FR. *daine* f. Perh. a LAT. base \**dânus* (assimilated for \**dâmus*) may be assumed. The phonology of the Engl. word may have been affected by *roc* OE. *râ*.

**doff** vb. ME. *doffe*, orig. imper. *dof* contr. of *do of* 'put off'; cp. *don* contr. of *do on* 'put on'.

**dog** ME. *dogge* OE. *dogga*, whence DU. *dog*, SW. *dogg*, G. *dogge*, FR. *dogue*. OE. *dogga* (recorded about 1050) is a WEST-TEUT. *duggan-*.

**dole** 'portion, share, lot, fortune' ME. *dýlle* OE. *dâl*: equiv. w. *dea* (OE. *dôl*).

**dollar** sb. a modern loanword from the continent: DU. *daalder*; the source is G. *thaler* which is short for *Joachimsthaler* 'gulden from *Joachimsthal*' (Bohemia) where the coin was first struck in 1519.

**-dom** ME. *-dom* OE. *-dōm* = OSAX. *-dōm*, DU. *-dom*, OHG. MHG. *-tuom* G. *-tum*: an abstract noun suffix, orig. a sb. meaning 'jurisdiction' preserved in *doom* (and its deriv. *decem*).

**domain** (poet. by-form *dəmain*) from FR. *domaine* (LAT. *dominium*), whence also DU. *domcin*.

**don** see *doff*.

**donkey** not found in ME. OE., appar. a deriv. of *dun*. Suffix *key* of *donkey* is dimin. as in *monkey*. The orig. meaning of *donkey* is 'the little gray one' (Shakesp. uses *dun* 'a gray horse').

**doom** sb. 'judgment, sentence, decree, law' ME. OE. *dōm* = OSAX. *dōm*, OHG. *tuom*, ON. *dōmr*, GOTH. *dōms* 'judgment'; derived from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{dō}$  in *do*; for the *m*-suffix cp. SKR. *dhāman* 'sacred custom' and GR. *θεύμα*.

**door** ME. *dōre* OE. *dor* = OSAX. *dor*, G. *tor*, GOTH. *daúr* 'gate'; ident. with OE. *duru* = OSAX. *dura*; ON. *dyrr* plur. corresponds to OSAX. *duri* plur., OHG. *turi* plur. 'door' G. *tür*. The TEUT. bases *dora-* and *dur-* (cons. stem) cp. also in GOTH. *daúrōns* 'door'. To the Aryan base *dhur* belong also LAT. *fores*, GR. *θύρα*, LITH. *dūrys* and SKR. *dur* (for *dhur*) 'door, gate'.

**dot** OE. *dott* 'speck' = DU. FRIS. *dot*; cp. LG. *dott dōtte* 'the yellow of the egg' and OSAX. *dōdro*, DU. *dooier*, OE. *dydring*, OHG. *totoro tutar-ci* G. *dotter*: prim. term for 'the yellow of the egg'; the orig. meaning of *dydring* is prob. 'spot, point in the egg'.

**dote** vb. ME. *dōte dōtie* = ODU. *doten* 'mope'; perh. akin to MHG. *tûz(e)* 'quiet' — *tûzen* 'be quiet' from a TEUT.  $\sqrt{dūt}$ .

**double** adj. ME. *duble*: borrowed from FR. *double* (IT. *doppio* = LAT. *duplus*); from the FR. source also G. *doppelt*, DU. *dubbel*.

**doubt** ME. *doute*: borrowed from FR. *doute* (IT. *dotta* = LAT. *dubitant*).

**dough** sb. ME. *dōugh* OE. *dāh(g)* = DU. LG. *deeg*, OHG. MHG. *teic(g)* G. *teig*, ON. *deig*, GOTH. *daigs* 'dough': deriv. from a TEUT. *dhīg* 'knead' in GOTH. *dhigan* 'mould, form'; an Aryan  $\sqrt{dhīg}$  cp. in SKR. *dih* 'stroke, smear', LAT. *figere* 'shape, form' (*figura* 'form') and GR. *τεῖχος τοῖχος* 'wall'. Cp. *lady*.

**doughty** adj. ME. *dou(g)hty dohti* OE. *dohtiȝ*; the by-form OE. *dyhtiȝ* corresponds to MHG. G. *tüchtig* deriv. from OHG. MHG. *tucht* an abstract noun of the verb represented by OHG. *tugan* = OE. *dugan*. The OE. by-form *pyhtiȝ* (cp. *dim* = OSAX. *thimm*) points to a primitive TEUT.  $\sqrt{pug}$ .

**dove** short for ME. *douwe* OE. *dūfe*; corresponding to GOTH. *dūbō*, OSAX. *dūba*, OHG. *tūba* G. *taube*.

The TEUT. *dūbōn-* 'dove' is based on a pre-TEUT. adj. *dhūbho-* 'black' in OIR. *dub* 'black'.

**down** sb. 'soft plumage': a Scand. loanword of the ME. period (ME. *doun*), borrowed from ON. *dūnn* = SW. *dun*, DAN. *dunn*, whence also G. *daune*, DU. *dons*.

**down** prep. and adv., orig. *adown* (cp. *back* for *aback*): shortened for ME. *adoun* *adoun* OE. *ofdūne*: OE. *dūn* is 'hill' and *ofdūne* 'off the hill, downwards'. A TEUT. *dūna-* 'hill' (in mod. LG. *dāl* is 'dale' and 'down'), OE. *dūn* survives in the Kentish *dozens*; cp. DU. *dūn*. Perh. the word is a Celt. loanword, cp. IR. *dūn* 'a fortified hill', GAEL. *dun*, W. *din* and the Celt. place-names such as *Tarodunum*, for which cp. also *town*.

**doze** vb. prob. borrowed from ON. *dūsa* 'doze'.

**dozen** ME. *dozaine* *dusain* = FR. *douzaine* (OFR. *dosaine*), whence also G. *dutzend*, DU. *dozijn*. The Fr. word is deriv. from *douze* (OFR. *doze* = LAT. *duodecim*).

**draff** ME. *dráf* OE. *dráf*; cp. OHG. *\*trab* in the plur. *trēbir* G. *trāber* 'grains, husks' and DU. ON. SW. *dráf*. Cogn. W. LAT. *fraces*: ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{dhrak}}$ ; cp. also *dreġs*.

**dragon** ME. *dragon* *drago(u)n*: from FR. *dragon* 'dragon, standard' = IT. *dragone*, LAT. *draco(n)* 'dragon'. See *drake*.

**drain** vb. ME. *dreine* OE. *dręag-nian*; a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{draug}}$  appears in NORTH-FRIS. *druughe* 'sieve,

strainer' and *druugin* vb. 'strain, sieve' (NFRIS. *û* from TEUT. *au*) and in DITMARSH *dorchdroven* 'drain', HESS. *drauen* 'drain'.

**drake**<sup>1</sup> in *drakefly* OE. *draca* 'dragon'; cp. synonym. OHG. *trahho* G. *drache* = OE. *draca* borrowed fr. LAT. *draco*. Cp. *dragon*.

**drake**<sup>2</sup> 'male of the duck' ME. *drāke* OE. *\*draca* = LG. (dial.) *drāke* MLG. *ant-drāke*, which points to identity with ICEL. *andriki*, GERM. *enterich* OHG. *antrēhho* *antrahho* (orig. *\*anut* + *trahho*). The TEUT. *drakon-* occurs only in this compound and in the substituted simple form (the Teut. word for 'duck' was OE. *ened*, OHG. *anut* G. *ente*).

**draw** vb. ME. *drawe* OE. *dragan* = ON. *draga*; perh. ident. with GOTH. *dragan* 'bear, carry', OSAX. *dragan*, DU. *dragen*, OHG. *tragen* G. *tragen* 'carry, bear'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{drag}}$  'bear' (ARYAN *dhragh*) has been compared with OSLOV. *družati* 'hold'.

**dream** 'vision' ME. *drēm*; an equiv. OE. *dręam* is not recorded (the synonym is *sweġn*), but is to be inferred from OSAX. *drōm*, DU. *droom*, ON. *draumr*, OHG. MHG. *troum* G. *traum* 'dream'. The meaning 'dream, vision' attaching to these forms may be deduced from 'deception, vision' so that TEUT. *drauma-* (for *\*draugma-* or *\*dhroughwōmō-*?) would belong to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{drug}}$ , seen in OSAX. *bidriogan* = OHG. *triogan* G. *trügen* 'deceive'.

**dreary** adj. ME. *drēri* OE. *drēoriz* 'sad': corresponding to MHG. *trûre* G. *traurig*; OHG. *trûrên* G. *trauern* 'mourn' belongs perh. to OE. *drūsian* E. *drowse drowze* 'be sluggish'.

**dregs** 'lees' a Scand. loanword of the ME. period (ME. *dregges*) borrowed with the plur. form fr. the equiv. ON. *dregg*. The TEUT. base *dragjō-* may be a pre-TEUT. *dhrakt-* which is also possible of LAT. *fraces* 'dregs' (LAT. *f* = ARYAN *dh* as under *distaff*); cp. also PRUSS. *dragios* 'dregs' (perh. Teut. loanword?).

**dress** vb. ME. *dresse* borrowed from FR. *dresser* (OFR. *dresser drecier*; LAT. type *directiare*).

**drift** sb. 'driving, impulse' ME. *drift* 'act of driving, drove, impulse': deriv. from *drive* with *t-* suffix; cp. DU. *drift* 'drove, flock, course, current, ardor', G. *trift* 'pasture', ON. *drift dript* 'snow-drift'. See *drive*, *drove*.

**drink** vb. ME. *drinke* OE. *drincan* = OSAX. *drinkan*, DU. LG. *trinken*, OHG. *trincan* MHG. G. *trinken*, ON. *drekka*, GOTH. *drigkan*: a common TEUT. str. vb. From TEUT. comes the Roman group IT. *trincare*, FR. *trinquer* 'hobnob'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{dr}i\text{nk}}$  (Aryan *dhrēng*) does not appear outside of Teut.

**drip** vb. ME. *drippe* OE. *dryppan*: associated with OE. *\*drēopan* ME. *drēpe* 'drop, fall' = OSAX. *driopan*, DU. *druipen*, OHG. *triufan*

MHG. G. *triefen*, ON. *drjūpa* 'drop, drip'.

**drive** ME. *drive* OE. *drifan* str. vb. = OSAX. *drīban* 'drive, banish, perform', DU. *drijven* 'drive, do, fly, swim', ON. *drifa* 'hasten', GOTH. *dreiban* 'drive', OHG. *trīban* MHG. *trīben* G. *treiben*. For the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{dr}i\text{b}}$  (ARYAN *dhrībh?* *dhrīp?*) cp. also *drift*.

**droll** adj. perh. borrowed fr. FR. *drôle* 'odd, queer, funny'. Cp. G. *drollig* from LG. *drullig*, DU. *drollig*; not found in the older languages.

**drone** sb. ME. *drōn* OE. *drān* (plur. *drān*). The synon. OHG. *trēno* MHG. *trēne* G. *drohne*, OSAX. *drān* plur. *drāni* (DAN. *drone* is a continental loanword) are evidently related, but not phonetically identical; OE. *drān* points to GOTH. *\*drainus*, while OHG. *trēno* points to GOTH. *\*drina*. An Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{dhr}i\text{en}}$  cp. in GR. *τετ-θρηνη* 'a species of wasp' — also *ἀνθρηνη* 'woodbee' — Laconian *θροναξ* 'drone'.

**drop** vb. ME. *droppe* OE. *droppian* also *dropian* and *droppetian* (= DU. *droppen*, G. *tropfen*): a frequent. deriv. of the orig. str. vb. OE. *drēopan* ME. *drēpe* = OSAX. *driopan*, DU. *druipen*, OHG. *triufan* MHG. G. *triefen*, ON. *drjūpa* 'drop'. See *drip* and *drop*.

**drop** sb. 'a globule' ME. *drōpe* OE. *dropa* = OSAX. *dropa*, DU. *drop*, ON. *drope*, OHG. *troffo*; the OHG. by-form *troffo* (G. *tropfen*) points to a TEUT. base *druppon-*

All derivatives of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{drup}$ . See *drop*<sup>1</sup>.

**dropsy** ME. *dropsie dropesie* short for *idropsie hydropsie*; borrowed from FR. *hydropisie* (LAT. *hydropisis*).

**drought** ME. *drought* older *drougth drught* OE. *drúgod* 'dryness': deriv. from OE. *drúgian* 'become dry' and TEUT. adj. *drúgi* in *dry*.

**drouse** (*drowse*) vb. ME. *\*drouse* OE. *drús(i)an* 'become slow or sluggish' = MDU. *droosen* 'doze'; cp. LG. *drünse(l)n* 'slumber' *drunsen* 'low' (of cattle); akin to OE. *drósan* = GOTH. *driusan* 'fall'. See *dreary*.

**drove** sb. 'herd, road for sheep or cattle in droves' ME. *drōce* earlier *drof* OE. *dráf* 'drove': deriv. from the  $\sqrt{drīb}$  in *drive*.

**drown** vb. ME. *droune*; short for ME. *druncne* (also dissimil. *drunkle*) OE. *druncnian* 'sink': a passive formation of the TEUT. verb *drink*.

**dry** ME. *drīc drīc* OE. *drýȝe* from TEUT. *drúgi-*, as shown by OE. *drúgod* = mod. E. *drought*. A TEUT. by-form *draugi-* (or *draugu-*) is seen in OE. *drýȝe* ME. *dreic* and in DU. *droog*, LG. *drōge* (by the side of LG. *drýge*, NORTH-FRIS. *drüügh*). All with the same meaning, which appears also in the related G. *trocken* (OHG. *truckan*). Cp. OX. *drauger* 'a dry log'; OHG. proper nouns e. g. *Drúhi-klinga* prove a TEUT. *drúhi* 'dry'. An Aryan

$\sqrt{dhrūk}$  is probable and OHG. *truckan* would point to a by-form Aryan *dhrūg*.

**duck** sb. ME. *douke* OE. *dūce*; akin to OE. *\*dūcan* under *duck* vb.; hence *duck* prop. 'the diving one, diver'; cp. DAN. *dukaud* 'sea-duck', G. *tauchente*.

**duck** vb. ME. *douke*; an OE. *\*dūcan* may be inferred fr. DU. *duiken*, OHG. *tūhan* MHG. *tūchen* G. *tauchen*.

**due** adj. ME. *dūe* from FR. *dū* m. *due* f. OFR. *deu* m. *deuc* f. (= IT. *debuto*); cp. MED.-LAT. *\*debutum debuta* for *debitum*.

**duke** ME. *dūke* from FR. *duc*; with the deriv. **duchess** ME. *dūchesse* short for *dūchesse* = FR. *dūchesse*. — **duchy** (cp. ME. *ducherie* instead of *\*dūchie*) from FR. *duché*.

**dumb** adj. ME. *domb dumb* OE. *dumb*; GOTH. *dumbs*, OX. *dumbr* have essentially the same meaning while the corresponding G. *dumm* (OHG. MHG. *tump*) signifies 'stupid, foolish'. Perh. *deaf* without nasal (= OE. *dīaf*, GOTH. *daufis*) belongs to the same Aryan  $\sqrt{dhubb}$ , which may be found also in GR. *τεφλός* 'blind'.

**dun** adj. 'dark, swarthy' ME. *don donne* OE. *dun (nn)*: an early Celtic loanword (OIR. GAEL. *donn*, GALL. *donnes*); therefore not found in other TEUT. languages.

**dung** ME. *dung dong*; cp. OHG. *tunga* 'dung' G. *dung*. OHG. MHG. *tunc* 'subterranean weaving

room'. If 'cave, underground room' is the orig. meaning, GR. *τάφος* from an Aryan *dhughwos* may be allied.

**dungeon** sb. ME. *donȝeon don-jouu*; loanword from OFR. *don-geon* *dongen donjon* FR. *donjon* (MED.-LAT. *dominionem* 'a commanding tower' fr. a LAT. type *dominionem*; cp. LAT. *dominium* under *domain*).

**dusk** ME. *dusk* OE. *dosc* (of rare occurrence, but also seen in the deriv. vb. *duscian*). Akin to the SW. dial. *duskug* 'misty'. A TEUT. base *dūska-* admits of relation to LAT. *fuscus* 'blackish, dark' (base *dhusko-*?).

**Dutch** orig. meant German including *Dutch*; for down to 1600, *Dutch* was considered

a dialect of Germany. *Dutch* corresponds to G. *deutsch* = MLG. *düdesch*, MHG. *diutsch tiutsch tiusch* OHG. *diutisk* (OSAX. *thiudisce liudi* 'Germania').

**dwarf** ME. *dwergh dwerugh* OE. *dweorh(g)* = DU. *dwergh*, OHG. MHG. *twërc(g) getwërc* G. *zwerg*, ON. *dwergr* m., SW. DAN. *dverg*. TEUT. base *dwërga-* belongs prob. to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{drug}}$  'deceive', hence *dwarf* prop. 'deception, vision'.

**dwell** vb. ME. *dwelle* late OE. *dwellian*: SCAND. loanword from ON. *dvelja* 'delay, stay' = OHG. *twellan* (and *twâllên*) 'linger'.

**dye** vb. ME. *die deie dēze* OE. *dægian*: derived from OE. *dēah(g)*; a TEUT. *dauga* is not found elsewhere.

## E

**each** ME. *ēch* earlier *ēlch* OE. *ēlč* orig. *ā-gilič* = OHG. *iogilih* MHG. *iogelich* G. *jeglich*; cp. OHG. *manno-gilih* 'every man' — *wībo-gilih* 'every woman' etc.

**eager** ME. *ēgre*: adapted from OFR. *ēgre* 'keen, sharp'. Source LAT. *acer* (*acer*).

**eagle** ME. *ēgle*: loanword from FR. *aigle*; source LAT. *aquila*.

**eanling** 'lamb' (Shakesp.) points to an OE. *fan* 'lamb'; cp. *jean*.

**ear**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *ēre* OE. *fare* = TEUT.

base *auzôn-* in GOTH. *ausô*, OSAX. OHG. *ōra* G. *ohr*, DU. *oor*. An Aryan base *aus-* cp. in LAT. *auris*, GR. *οὐρ*; RUSS. SLOV. *ucho* 'ear'; perh. cogn. with *hear*. — Hence **earwig** ME. *ēr-wigge* OE. *far-wigga*.

**ear**<sup>2</sup> sb. (of corn) ME. *ēr* OE. *far* contr. from *\*cahor* (Northumb. *chher*) = TEUT. base *ahaz-*; ident. w. OHG. *ahir* G. *ähre*, GOTH. *ahs*, ON. *av*. Perh. akin to *awns*.

**ear** vb. ME. *ēre* OE. *crian* =

GOTH. *arjan*, OHG. *arian* 'plough'; cogn. with LAT. *arare*, GR. *ἀροῦν*, OIR. *araim* 'I plough': Aryan  $\sqrt{ar}$  in LAT. *arvum* 'field' and in *earth*.

**earl** ME. *érl* OE. *éorl* = ON. *jarl*, OSAX. *érl*. Perh. ident. with the TEUT. tribe-name *Heruli*.

**early** ME. *érlī* OE. *érlīce*; cp. *ere*.

**earn** vb. ME. *érne* OE. *ǣarnian* = OHG. *arnôn*. Perh. traceable to the Aryan  $\sqrt{ar}$  in GR. *ἀρνυμαι*.

**earnest** ME. *érmest* OE. *éornust* = OHG. *ernust* G. DU. *ernst* 'seriousness'; perh. akin to GOTH. *arniba* adv. 'surely'?

**earth** ME. *érthe* OE. *ǣorde* = OSAX. *értha*, OHG. *ērda* G. *erde*, GOTH. *airþa*, ON. *jord*; cognate with OHG. *ēro* 'earth' = ON. *jörvi* 'ground', LAT. *arvum* 'field', GR. *ἐοῤῆ* 'to the ground'.

**earwig** cp. *earl*.

**ease** ME. *ése* earlier *eise* from FR. *aise* 'ease'.

**east** ME. *íst* OE. *íast*; ident. with DU. *oost*, G. *osten*; the TEUT. base *aust-* is traced to the Aryan name of the aurora LAT. *aurora*, GR. *ἠώς*, SKR. *usās*: Aryan base *ausōs*. Cp. *Easter*.

**Easter** ME. *íster* OE. *íastro* = OHG. *ōstarūn* G. *Ostern*. According to Bede Venerabilis, in heathen times the Anglo-Saxons called the feast in April after their goddess *Eostre*, which is elsewhere quite unrecorded. The WEST-TEUT. word (base *austrōn-*) is prob. of the same origin as *east*; cp. LITH. *ausra* 'aurora'.

**eat** vb. ME. *íte* OE. *étan* = DU. *eten*, OSAX. *etan*, ON. *eta*, GOTH. *itan*, OHG. *ēzzan* G. *essen*. Cp. the Aryan  $\sqrt{ed}$  in LAT. *edo*, GR. *ἔδομαι*, SKR. *ad*, LITH. *édmi* 'eat' (see also *tooth*).

**eaves** ME. *fées* OE. *efes* 'eaves'; the E. dial. form *oaves* (Essex) points to an OE. *\*efes* = OHG. *obasa* 'porch, hall', GOTH. *ubisæwa* 'porch', ON. *ups* 'eaves'.

**ebb** sb. ME. *ebbe* OE. *ebba* = OFRIS. *ebba*, DU. *eb ebbe*, G. DAN. *ebbe*, SWED. *ebb*. Source and history unknown.

**edge** ME. *éggē* OE. *eġġ* (infl. *eġġe*) = DU. *egge*, OSAX. *eggia*, ON. *egg*, OHG. *ecka* G. *ecke*. Cogn. with LAT. *acies* 'point', GR. *ἀκίς*; cp. SKR. *acri* 'corner', GR. *ἄζοος* 'pointed', LITH. *aszru-s* 'sharp': Aryan  $\sqrt{ak}$ .

**eel** ME. OE. *ēl* OE. *ēl* = OHG. *āl*, G. DU. DAN. *aal*, ON. *áll*; TEUT. base *ēla- ēlu-*?

**egg** sb. ME. *egg* from ON. *egg*. OE. *éġ* (plur. *éġru*) — ME. *ei* (plur. *ēire*) 'egg' were supplanted by the SCAND. loanword *egg*. OE. *éġ* and ON. *egg* correspond to OSAX. OHG. *ei*, DU. G. *ei*: TEUT. base *aia-* (*ajjiz- ajjaz*) perh. related to LAT. *ovum*, GR. *ὄβιον* 'egg'.

**egg** vb. 'instigate' ME. *egge* from ON. *eggja* 'egg on'; akin to *edge*.

**eight** ME. *eighte* OE. *\*chte* mostly *cahta* = GOTH. *ahtau*, OSAX. OHG. *ahto* G. DU. *acht*; Aryan base *oktōu oktō* in GR. *ὀκτώ*, LAT. *octo*, SKR. *aṣṭāu*, OIR. *ocht*.

**eisel** ME. *aisil* late OE. *aisil* (= ODU. *aisijl*) fr. OFR. *aisil*. SOURCE a LAT. type *acetulum*; cp. OE. *eced* 'vinegar' fr. LAT. *acidum* 'sharp'.

**either** ME. *eithur* OE. *æzder* shortened for *æzthwæder* orig. *i* + *zithwæder*; cp. OHG. *io-giwe-der* 'each of two' and *wehether*.

**eke** ME. *ek* OE. *ec* earlier *fac* fr. a TEUT. *auk* = GOTH *auk*, OHG. *ouh* G. *auch*. Prop. imperative of the str. vb. GOTH. *aukan* 'add' (= LAT. *augere*).

**elbow** ME. *elbowe* OE. *elboga* earlier *eln-boga* = OHG. *elimboga* G. *elbogen*, DU. *elleboog*, ON. *elubogi*: a GOTH. compound \**alcinabuga* 'the bow of the cubit' is wanting. Cp. *ell* and *bow*.

**eld** 'oldage, antiquity' (Shakesp.) ME. *elde* OE. *eldo yldo* 'antiquity': abstract of *old* = OE. *ald*. —

**elder** adj. ME. *elder* OE. *eldra*: compar. of *old*.

**elder** sb. (a tree) ME. *eldre eller* OE. *ellarn*.

**eleven** ME. *enlevene* OE. infl. *endleofane* *enlifane*; OE. *endlufon* corresponds to ON. *ellifu*, OSAX. *elleban*; cp. GOTH. *ainlif*, OHG. *ainlif* G. DU. *elf* 'eleven'. The TEUT. numeral *ain-lif* is a compound of *ain* = *one* and *lif* = pre-TEUT. *-lika* in LITH. *veñolika* 'eleven' (cp. *twelve*). The orig. meaning of the numeral was perh. 'ten + one'.

**elf** (with the older by-form *ouphe* Shakesp.) ME. *elf* OE. *alf*: TEUT. base *alba-* also in ON. *álfr*;

the word occurs in proper names as OE. *Ælf-réd* = OHG. *Alp-rât*. An Aryan *albhu-* is found in SKR. *ṛbhu* 'the name of a certain kind of deity'.

**ell** ME. *elle* earlier *elne* OE. *eln* = OHG. *elina* G. DU. *elle*, ON. *alin*, GOTH. *alcina* 'ell, cubit'. A pre-TEUT. *ōlenâ-* is found in LAT. *ulna*, GR. *ὀλένη*, OIR. *uile* 'cubit'. Cp. *elbow*.

**elm** ME. OE. *elm*; akin to ON. *almr* and LAT. *ulmus* (G. *ulme* is a LAT. loanword, DU. *olm* is OFR. *olme*).

**else** ME. OE. *elles* adv. 'otherwise': genet. of the pron. GOTH. *aljis* 'an other' (= LAT. *alius*, GR. *ἄλλος*, OIR. *aile*, ARMEN. *ail*); cp. OE. *ele-lende* 'a foreign land', OHG. *eli-lenti* 'being abroad' and OHG. *elles* 'elsewhere', LAT. *alias* 'otherwise'.

**ember-days** ME. *imbri-dawes* OE. *ymbren-dagas* prop. 'days of procession'?

**embers** 'ashes' ME. *emmeres* *emeres* plur. OE. *emyrian* plur. = OHG. *einuria*, ON. *emyrja* 'embers'. Prob. a compound of a TEUT. type *ain-usjôn*; cp. ON. *ainv* 'steam, vapor' and *usli* 'a conflagration', MHG. *usel usel* 'ashes, embers' fr. an Aryan  $\sqrt{us}$  in LAT. *urere* vb. 'burn' (cp. ON. *ysja* 'fire').

**emmet** 'ant' ME. *emet* OE. *emete*: TEUT. base *amaitjôn-* = OHG. *ameiza* G. *ameise*: prob. cogn. with OHG. *emizzi* G. *emsig* 'industrious'.



**emperor** ME. *emperour* fr. AFR. *emperur* = LAT. *imperator-em* (but OE. *Cásere* 'emperor' = G. *kaiser* fr. LAT. *Caesar*); cp. **empire** ME. *empire* fr. FR. *empire* = LAT. *imperium* and **empress** ME. *emperesse* earlier form *emperice* fr. OFR. *emperice* = LAT. *imperialicem*.

**empty** ME. *empti emti* short for OE. *æmtig* 'empty'.

**enchant** vb. ME. *enchaunte* fr. FR. *enchanter* = LAT. *incantare*.

**end** ME. OE. *ēnde* = GOTH. *andcis*, OHG. *enti* G. *ende*, DU. *einde*, ON. *endi*: TEUT. base *andja-*, pre-TEUT. *antjō-*; cp. SKR. *anta* 'end, limit' and OIR. *ét*.

**engage** COGN. W. *gagē*.

**enough** ME. *inough* (*inōwe*) OE. *zenoh* (*zenōg* earlier *zīnōg*): TEUT. base *ga-nōga-* in DU. *genoeg*, OSAX. *ginōg*, OHG. *ginnōg* G. *genug* 'enough'; cp. GOTH. *ganōhs* and the GOTH. vb. *ganaihan* 'to suffice' — *ganaiha* 'sufficiency': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{nōk}}$  (*nōk*).

**enter** vb. ME. *entre* vb. fr. FR. *entrer* = LAT. *intrare* vb. 'enter'.

**entire** adj. ME. *entire* fr. FR. *entier* = LAT. *integrum* (*integer*).

**envy** sb. ME. *envie* fr. FR. *envie* = LAT. *invidia*.

**ere** 'before' ME. *ér(e)* OE. *ēr* (fr. *ēri ari* TEUT. *airi*) 'before'; ident. w. GOTH. *air*, OHG. OSAX. *ēr* G. *chr*.

**ermine** sb. ME. *ērmine* fr. OFR. *ermine* FR. *hermine*, which is of Teut. origin; cp. OHG. *harmîn* MHG. *hermîn* 'fur'. The primitive

OHG. *harmo* (corresp. to LITH. *czarmū*) means 'weasel'.

**err** vb. ME. *erre* vb. fr. FR. *errer* = LAT. *errare*; hence *errant* FR. *errant*.

**errand** ME. *ernde erende* short for OE. *ērnde* = OSAX. *ārundi*. OHG. *ārunti* 'message'; uncertain whether cogn. w. GOTH. *airus*, ON. *arr*, OE. *ār*, OSAX. *ēr* 'messenger'.

**escape** vb. ME. *escāpe* vb. fr. ONFR. *escaper* = FR. *échapper*. LAT. type *ex-cappare* deriv. from *cappa* 'cloak'.

**evening** ME. *ēveninge* OE. *āfning*: deriv. of **eve** ME. *ēve(n)* OE. *āfen* *ifen*; cp. OHG. *ābund* G. *abend*, OSAX. *āband*, DU. *avond*; ON. *aptann* (SWED. *afton*, DAN. *aften*) and OE. *āfen* 'evening' belong to the same group: TEUT. base *ābnd-?* *āftn-?*

**ever** ME. *ēver* earlier *ēvre* OE. *āfre* (earlier *ābre*); the word is orig. compounded, but only the 1<sup>st</sup> element is evident; cp. OE. *ā* 'ever' = GOTH. *aiw* under *awc*?. — **every** ME. *ēveri* earlier form *ēverich* late OE. *āfrālc*.

**everywhere** ME. *ēver tūhère* OE. *āfre-zēhtwēr*.

**evil** adj. ME. *ēvel* prop. *īvel* OE. *yfel*: TEUT. base *ubila-* in GOTH. *ubils*, OSAX. *ubil*, OHG. *ubil* G. *übel*, DU. *cavel*; cogn. w. OHG. *uppi* G. *üppig* and perhaps w. TEUT. *uber* = *over*.

**ewe** ME. *ēwe* OE. *eowu* (not *ēowu*, which would be ME. *\*ēwe*): TEUT. base *awī-* 'sheep' in DU. *ooi*, ON. *é-r* 'sheep' and cp. GOTH.

*awēfi* 'flock of sheep' and *awistr* 'a sheepfold'; cp. OHG. *ou* (plur. *ouwi*) fr. a TEUT. base *awwi-*. A base *awi-* occurs in other Aryan languages: SKR. *āvi*, LAT. *ovis*, GR. *ov̄is* (\**ōf̄is*), LITH. *avis* 'sheep', OSLOV. *ov̄ica*, OIR. *ōi* 'sheep'.

**ewer** ME. *ēwēr* fr. AFR. \**ewiere* FR. *aiguère*: source LAT. *aquarium* 'vessel for water', whence also OHG. *ahhāri*, DU. LG. *aker* 'pitcher, bucket'.

**expound** ME. *expoune* vb. fr. OFR. *espondre*: source LAT. *expōnere*, whence also OHG. *spūnōn* 'interpret, expound'.

**eye** ME. *ēie* earlier *ēze* OE. *ēage*: TEUT. base *augōn-* in GOTH. *augō*,

OHG. *ouga* G. *auge*, OSAX. *ōga*, DU. *oog*, ON. *auga* (under *windorw*). As shown by the TEUT. vb. \**aujan* pret. \**awida* (= OE. *ƿwan cotwde*) for \**agwjan* \**agwida* 'to show', TEUT. *augōn-* is transformed (by the influence of TEUT. *ausōn-* = *ear*) from an earlier *agwōn-*: ARYAN base *okon-* fr. a primitive stem *ok* 'eye'; cp. LAT. *oculus*, OSLOV. *oko*, LITH. *akis*, GR. *ὄσος* 'the eyes' (for \**okje*); SKR. *aksi*.

**eyot** sb. ME. *eiet* OE. *īzot* commonly *īzod*: deriv. of OE. *īz* *ēz* 'island', which answers to ON. *ey*, OHG. *ouwa* 'island' (TEUT. *aujō-* fr. *agwō-* deriv. of GOTH. *ahwa* = LAT. *aqua* 'water').

## F

**fable** ME. *fāble* fr. FR. *fable* = LAT. *fabula*.

**face** ME. *fāce* *fās* fr. FR. *face* = LAT. *facies*.

**fade** (Shakesp. *vade*) vb. ME. *fāde* vb. fr. the FR. adj. *fāde* (whence also G. *fāde*, ODU. *vādde*). Source a LAT. type \**fatidus* instead of *fatuus* 'foolish'.

**fail** vb. ME. *fāile* vb. fr. FR. *fāillir* (source LAT. *fallere*), whence also DU. *veilen*, MHG. *vēlen* G. *fehlen*.

**fain** adj. ME. *fāin* OE. *fæzen* 'glad' = OSAX. *fagan*, ON. *feginn* adj. 'glad'; cp. GOTH. *faginōn* 'to enjoy' and *fahēps* 'joy', which is

ident. w. OHG. *gifēho* 'joy' or more accurately w. OE. *zefēa* (contracted fr. \**gifēaha* = \**gīfahō*): TEUT.  $\sqrt{fēh}$  (Aryan *pek*) in OE. *zefēon* (pret. *zefēah*) = OHG. *gifēhan* 'to enjoy'.

**faint** adj. ME. *feint* fr. OFR. *feint* partic. of *feindre*; cp. *feign*.

**fair** adj. ME. *fāir* OE. *fæzer* = GOTH. *fagrs* 'fit', OHG. OSAX. *fagar*, ON. *fagr*. According to GOTH. *gafahrjan* 'to prepare', there exists a TEUT.  $\sqrt{fēh}$  also in G. *fegen* OHG. *vēgen* vb. 'cleanse'; cp. ON. *fāga* and OHG. *fuogan* G. *fūgen*, OE. *zefēzan*.

**fair** sb. 'market, festival' ME.

**feire** fr. AFR. *feire* = FR. *foire*; source LAT. *fēria* 'a holiday', whence also OHG. *fīra* G. *feier* 'ceremony' (*feiertag* 'holiday').

**fairly** ME. *fairie* fr. OFR. *faerie* 'enchantment'; cp. *fay*.

**faith** sb. ME. *faith* *feith* (with the by-form *fai fei*) fr. AFR. *feid* *feid* (with the by-form *fei* = FR. *foi*). Source LAT. *fides* — *fidem*.

**falcon** sb. ME. *faukoun* fr. FR. *faucon*. Source late LAT. *falconem*, whence also OHG. *falko* G. *falke*, ON. *falke*, DU. *valk* 'falcon'.

**fall** vb. ME. *falle* OE. *fallan* (*feallan*) = OHG. OSAX. *fallan*, ON. *falla* str. vb. 'fall': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fall}}$  = Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{pal}}$  in LITH. *pilti* (pres. *piltu*) 'to fall'; cp. also GR. *σπάλλομαι* 'to fall'?

**fallow** adj. ME. *falwe* OE. *fealo* gen. *fealwes* = TEUT. base *falwa-* in ON. *febr*, DU. *vaal*, OHG. *falo* G. *fahl* 'pale, fallow'. Cogn. w. LAT. *pallidus* 'pale' — *pallus* 'dark', GR. *πάλιος* 'gray', SKR. *palita* 'gray'; the TEUT. adj. has the same suffix as OSLOV. *plavu*, LITH. *palkas* 'fallow'.

**false** adj. ME. late OE. *fals* fr. OFR. *fals* = FR. *faux*; source LAT. *falsus* 'false'.

**fame** ME. *fāme* fr. FR. *fāme* = LAT. *fama* 'report'.

**famine** ME. *famin(e)* fr. FR. *famine*: deriv. fr. LAT. *fames* 'hunger'.

**fan** ME. OE. *fan* (*unn*): borrowed during ANGLO-SAX. times fr. LAT. *vannus* (in the vulgar pronunciation *fannus*; cp. G. *vers* =

LAT. *versus*); G. *wanne* is an earlier loanword fr. LAT. *vannus*.

**fancy** short for ME. *fantasie* = OFR. *fantasie* (LAT. *phantasia*).

**far** adv. ME. *fēr* *fōre* OE. *feor* *feorran*; cp. GOTH. *fairra* adv., OHG. *fērro* G. *fern*, DU. *ver*, ON. *sfjarri* 'far': cogn. w. GR. *πέρα* 'beyond', SKR. *pāra* 'distant', ARMEN. *heri* 'far'.

**fardel** ME. *fardel* fr. OFR. *fardel* = FR. *fardieu* 'burden, load'.

**fare** vb. ME. *fāre* OE. *faran* str. vb. = GOTH. *faran*, ON. *fara*, OHG. OSAX. *faran* MHG. *vārn* G. *fahren*, DU. *varen*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{far}}$  = Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{por}}$  in GR. *πορεύομαι* I travel, I go'.

**farm** ME. *fērmē* 'repast, banquet, rent, farm' OE. *feorm* 'banquet, food, subsistence'; cp. OE. *feormian* vb. 'sustain, feed, support' borrowed fr. LAT. *firmare* 'to make strong' (firmare alqm. cibo atque potione).

**farrow** ME. *farh* 'young pig' OE. *fearh* 'pig' = OHG. *farah* (G. *ferkel*, DU. *varken*): TEUT. base *farha-* = PRE-TEUT. *porko-* in GR. *πόρκος*, LAT. *porcus*, LITH. *pārscas*, OSLOV. *prasč*, OIR. *orc* 'pig'.

**farthing** ME. *ferthing* short for *fērthing* OE. *feōrdung* (*feōrding* *feōrdling*) 'the fourth part, farthing': deriv. of OE. *feōrda* 'fourth', cp. *four* and OHG. *fiordung*.

**fashion** ME. *façoun* (*fassoun*) fr. FR. *façon* = LAT. *factio* (*factio*).

**fast** adj. ME. *fast* OE. *fast* = ON. *fastr*, DU. *vast*, OHG. *festi* adj. (*fasto* adv.) G. *fest* 'fast': TEUT.

*fastu-*, Aryan *postu* in ARMEN. *hast* 'fast'. — **fast** vb. ME. *faste* OE. *fæstan* = GOTH. *fastan*, G. *fasten*, DU. *vasten*, ON. *fasta*: prop. derived from the adj. with the orig. meaning 'make firm, observe'.

**fat** adj. ME. *fat* (tt) short for OE. *fætt* prop. *fæted* = TEUT. base *faitila-* in OHG. *feizit* G. *feist*, OSAX. *fētid* LG. G. *fett* 'fat', DU. *vet*: prop. partic. of a TEUT. vb. \**faitjan*. The base is a TEUT. adj. *faitu-* 'fat' in MHG. *veiz*, ON. *fēitr*: Aryan √*pid* cogn. w. √*pi* in GR. *πίον* *πιρός* 'fat' = SKR. *pīvan* — *pīvara* 'fat' (SKR. √*pyō*).

**fatal** ME. *fātal* fr. FR. *fatal*; cp. **fate** ME. *fāte* = OFR. *fate*. Source LAT. *fatum* — *fatalis*.

**father** ME. *fāder* OE. *fæder* = GOTH. *fadar* (commonly *atta*), OHG. *fater* G. *vater*, OSAX. *fadar*, DU. *vader*, ON. *fadir*: TEUT. base *fader-* = Aryan base *fater-* in LAT. *pater*, GR. *πατήρ*, SKR. *pitār* and OIR. *athir*, ARMEN. *hair*: all equivalent.

**fathom** ME. *fathem* OE. *fōdm* 'embrace, extended arms, fathom, cubit': ident. w. ON. *fadm*, DU. *vadem* 'a fathom' = OHG. *fadum* G. *faden* 'a fathom, a thread': TEUT. base *fapma-* fr. an Aryan √*pet* in GOTH. *fapa* 'hedge' = MHG. *vade* 'fence' and in GR. *πετάρρυν* 'I extend'.

**fault** ME. *faute* fr. FR. *faute*.

**favor** ME. *fāvour* = FR. *fāccur*.

**fawn** sb. ME. *faun* prop. *fa-oun* fr. FR. *faon* 'a fawn': source a LAT. type *fētōnus*, deriv. of *fetus*.

**fat** fr. FR. *fêc*; cp. MHG. *feie* fr. OFR. *feie*: source a LAT. *fata* = *fatum*.

**fear** ME. *fêre* OE. *fēr* 'a sudden peril, fear' = OSAX. *fâr*, OHG. *fâra* 'treason, danger' G. *gefahr* 'danger'; GOTH. \**fêra* is the source of *fērja* 'a spy': Aryan √*për* also in LAT. *periculum* 'danger', GR. *πείρα* 'trial'.

**feast** ME. *fēste* fr. OFR. *feste* = FR. *fête*: source LAT. *feſta*.

**feat** ME. *fēt* by-form *feit fait* fr. FR. *fait* = LAT. *factum*.

**feather** short for ME. *fēther* OE. *fēder* = DU. *vader*, OSAX. *fethara*, OHG. *fēdara* G. *feder*, ON. *fjodr* 'feather': TEUT. base *fēprō-*, Aryan *petrâ-*; cogn. w. GR. *πτερόν* 'feather, wing', SKR. *pātātram* 'wing' — *patra* 'feather': Aryan √*pet* in SKR. √*pat* 'to fly', also in LAT. *penna* (prop. \**petsnā*) 'feather'.

**feature** ME. *fētūre* fr. OFR. *faiture* = LAT. *factura*.

**fee** sb. ME. *fē* OE. *feoh* (gen. *fēos* dat. *fēo*) prop. 'cattle, property in cattle'; ident. w. GOTH. *faihu*, ON. *fē* 'cattle, property', OHG. *fihu* G. *vieh* 'cattle': TEUT. *fēhu* Aryan *pēku* neut. in SKR. *pācu* neut. 'cattle'; cp. SKR. *paṇi* masc., LAT. *pecus* 'cattle' (hence *pecunia* 'money').

**feed** vb. ME. *fēde* OE. *fēdan* *fēdan*: TEUT. base *fōdjan* under *food*.

**feeble** adj. ME. *fēble* fr. OFR. *feible foible* = FR. *faible*.

**feel** vb. ME. *fēle* OE. *fēlan fēlan* wk. vb. fr. a TEUT. base *fēljan* in OSAX. *gifōljan*, DU. *voelen*, OFRIS. *fēla*, MHG. *vüelen* G. *fühlen* vb. 'feel'. Perh. cogn. w. LAT. *palma*, OSAX. OE. *folm* 'hand': √ *pal*.

**feign** vb. ME. *feine* fr. FR. *feindre* 'to feign': source LAT. *fingerē*.

**fell** sb. ME. OE. *fel(l)*: TEUT. base *fella-* in GOTH. *fīll*, ON. *fell*, OHG. *fēll* G. *fell*, DU. *vel*. Cogn. w. LAT. *pellis* 'skin': √ *pel* also in *film*.

**fellow** sb. ME. *felawe* late OE. *fēolaga*: borrowed fr. ON. *fēlage*; cp. ON. *fē-lag* 'companionship, association', lit. 'a laying together of property' (ON. *fē* 'property' = E. *fec*).

**felly** (*felloe*) ME. *felic* (*felwe*) OE. *fēlze* (*fēlgan*) = OHG. *fēlga* G. *felge*, DU. *radvelge*. SKR. *parṇa* 'rib' is compared.

**felon** ME. *feloun* borrowed fr. FR. *felon* 'a traitor' fr. MED.-LAT. *fello(nem)* *fēldō(nem)*.

**felt** ME. OE. *felt*; cp. the synon. OHG. G. *fīlz* MHG. *vīlz*, DU. *vilt*, SW. DAN. *filt*: TEUT. *fēltaz* \**fīltiz* from a pre-TEUT. \**peldos*. *Felt* is prob. related to OSLOV. *plusti* 'felt'. The synon. Rom. words IT. *feltro*, FR. *feutre* (MED.-LAT. *fīltrum*) 'felt' are of TEUT. origin.

**fen** ME. OE. *fen(n)*: TEUT. base *fanja-* 'morass' in the synon. GOTH. *fani*, DU. *veen*, ON. *fen*, OHG. *fenni*.

**fence** sb. short for *defence*. —

**fend** vb. ME. *fende*; also abbreviation of *defend*.

**fennel** ME. *fencl* OE. *finul*: borrowed fr. LAT. *feniculum fenuculum* (whence also FR. *fenouil*, IT. *finocchio*); DU. *venkel*, OHG. *fēnahhal fēnihhal* G. *fenchel* are earlier loanwords.

**fern** shortened for ME. *fīrn* OE. *fīarn fīarn* = G. *farn*, DU. *varen*. The TEUT. base *farna-* 'fern' is ident. w. SKR. *parṇa* 'wing, feather, leaf'; cp. GR. *πτερόν* 'feather' — *πτερίς* 'fern'.

**ferret** borrowed fr. FR. *furet* (= IT. *furetto*), which is a derivative of LAT. *fur* 'thief'. FR. *furet* is also the source of DU. *fret*, G. *frett* usually *frettchen*.

**ferry** sb. ME. *ferie*: it is uncertain whether it is a genuine E. word (OE. \**ferie*) or a Scand. loanword (ON. *ferja*); cp. G. *fahre*, DU. *veer*. Source the verbal √ *far* in *fare*.

**ferry** vb. ME. *ferie* OE. *ferian* 'carry' = ON. *ferja* 'carry', GOTH. *farjan* 'travel'; cp. *fare*.

**fetch** vb. ME. *fecche* with the by-form *fēte* (pret. *fette*) OE. *feccan fēljan* earlier *fētian* (pret. *fētode*); E. -*tch* ME. *ech* is developed fr. OE. *tj* (*fēljan* earlier *fētian*, WEST-TEUT. *fēdōjan*). There exists a TEUT. √ *fet* in OE. *sīdset* 'journey', ON. *fēt* 'step, pace'; E. *foot* belongs to the same Aryan √ *pēd*.

**fetlock** orig. 'the tuft of hair behind a horse's pastern-joint'. ME. *fīllock fetlack*: a genuine E.

word ident. w. MHG. *jî-lach jî-loch*, deriv. of MHG. *fēz-el* G. *fessel* 'pastern of a horse' which seems to be cogn. w. TEUT. *fôt* = E. *foot*; cp. LAT. *pes pedem* 'foot'.

**fetter** sb. ME. *feter* OE. *fētor* = OSAX. *fētur*, ON. *fjeturr*, DU. *veter*, OHG. *fēzura* MHG. *vēz-er*; cogn. w. LAT. *pedica*, GR. *πῆδι* 'a fetter' and perh. w. G. *fassen* 'catch': Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{ped pod}}$ .

**fever** ME. *fēver fefre* OE. *fēfor* (= OHG. *fiebar* G. *fieber*): borrowed fr. LAT. *febris febrem*, whence also FR. *fièvre* (= IT. *febbre*).

**few** adj. ME. *fēwe* OE. *fēawe* plur. represents a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fauwai}}$  and is ident. with OHG. *fōhe* plur. of a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fauh(w)a-}}$ : Aryan adj. *paugo-* in LAT. *paucus*. Cp. also GOTH. *fawai* plur. with ON. *fā-r* (DAN. *faa* SW. *få*; ME. *fū* is Scand. loanword); OSAX. *fahē* 'few'. INDO-EUR.  $\sqrt{\text{pau}}$  in GR. *παύω* 'cease'?

**fey** (SC.) 'doomed to die' ME. *fēie* OE. *fēze* = ON. *fēigr*, OSAX. *fēgi* 'doomed to die'; DU. *weg* 'about to die' (OHG. *fēigi* 'daring, petulant' G. *fēige* 'cowardly'): TEUT. base *faiḡi-*.

**fickle** ME. *fikel* OE. *ficol* from OE. *zefic* 'fraud'; cp. OE. *fācen* 'fraud, deception', OSAX. *fēkan* = OHG. *fēihhan* 'deception': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fik faik}}$ , prop. *faih* in GOTH. *bifaihōn* vb. 'defraud' and *faih* sb. 'deception, fraud'. There

exists an Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{fik}}$  in SKR. *piḡuna* 'treacherous'.

**fiddle** ME. *fithel* OE. *fidele* = SYNON. OHG. *fidula* MHG. *videle* G. *fiedel*, ON. *fidla*, DU. *vedel*: the whole group is based on a WESTTEUT. *fiḡula* = FR. *virole*, IT. SPAN. *viola*. Source a vulgar LAT. *vitula* (in a late pronunciation *fidula*?).

**field** ME. OE. *fēld*; *ē* stands for TEUT. *e* before *ld*; cp. OHG. OSAX. *fēld* G. *fēld*, DU. *veld*. The TEUT. stem  $\sqrt{\text{felḡu-}}$  is related to OE. *fēlde*, OSAX. *folda* 'earth'. A pre-TEUT. adj. *plthu-* is found in SKR. *pr̥thu* 'broad' and *pr̥thivī* 'earth'; cp. GR. *πλατύς*, OIR. *lethan* 'broad', LITH. *platus*. Perh. *flat* is cognate.

**fiend** ME. *fēnd* OE. *fēond* = GOTH. *fjānds*, ON. *fjāndi*, OSAX. *fīund*, OHG. MHG. *vīant* G. *fēind*. The sb. is prop. a pres. partic. of the vb. GOTH. *fijan* (OE. *fēozan*, OHG. *fīen* 'hate'). A corresponding verbal  $\sqrt{\text{fīy}}$  'hate' occurs in SKR.; therefore *fēnd* orig. meant 'the hater'. Cp. *friend*.

**fierce** ME. *fērs*: borrowed fr. OFR. *fers fiers*, regular forms *fer fier* = FR. *fier* (LAT. *ferus* 'wild').

**fifth** OE. *fifla* cp. *five*.

**fig** ME. *fīg* borrowed fr. FR. *figue* = LAT. *figus*, whence also OE. *fic-trēo* 'fig-trec'.

**fight** vb. ME. *fīghte* OE. *feohtan* str. vb. = DU. *vechten*, OHG. *fichtan* G. *fechten*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{feht}}$ ?

**file<sup>1</sup>** 'a string, list, order'; FR. *pinson* and E. dialect. *pink* borrowed from FR. *file* 'a line, rank, row'; source LAT. *filum* 'a thread'.

**file<sup>2</sup>** 'a steel rasp' ME. *file* OE. *fil* usually *fīol* (contracted from \**fīhil*); cp. OHG. *fihala* MHG. *vīle* G. *seile*, DU. *vijl*. Connection with ON. *fēl* *fēl* 'file' is uncertain.

**fill** vb. ME. *filler* OE. *fyllan* wk. vb. = OSAX. *fullian*, DU. *vullen*, OHG. *fullen* G. *füllen*, ON. *fylla*: GOTH. TEUT. *fulljan* 'fill' is deriv. fr. the TEUT. adj. *fulla-* = E. *full*.

**filly** loanword fr. ON. *fylja* 'a filly', which is a dimin. of ON. *fofi* = E. *foal*.

**film** ME. *filme* OE. *filmen* *fyfmen* = OFRIS. *filmen* from a TEUT. dimin. base *filmina-* which points to a more primitive TEUT. *fēlma-*, cogn. w. E. *fell*.

**filter** vb. borrowed fr. FR. *filtrer* 'strain through a felt' fr. MED.-LAT. *filtrum* *feltrum* 'felt'; cp. *felt*.

**filth** ME. *filthe* short for OE. *fīld*: abstract formation of OE. *fīl* = E. *foul*; cp. OHG. *fūlida* = GOTH. \**fūlifa*.

**fin** sb. ME. OE. *fin* (*nn*); cp. DU. *vīn*, SW. *fena* 'a fin'; cogn. w. LAT. *penna* *pinna* 'feather'.

**finch** ME. *finch* OE. *finē* fr. a TEUT. base *finki-*; cp. DU. *vīnk*, OHG. *vīnko* G. *finke*. Observe the similarity of sound of the Rom. words for 'finch': IT. *pinzione*,

**find** ME. *finde* OE. *findan* str. vb. = SYNON. GOTH. *finþan*, ON. *finna*, OSAX. *findan* *fīthan*, DU. *vinden*, OHG. *findan* G. *finden*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{fēnf}$  *finþ* or by Verner's law *fend* *find* is pre-TEUT. *font* in the synon. IR. vb. *éaim* 'I find'.

**fine** adj. ME. *fine* borrowed fr. FR. *fin* (whence also MHG. *vīn* G. *fein*, DU. *fijn*). Source LAT. *finire* vb. 'complete'.

**fine** sb. ME. *fine* from LAT. *finis* 'a fine', lit. 'a final payment'.

**finger** ME. OE. *finger* = GOTH. *figgrs*, ON. *fingr*, DU. *vīnger*, OHG. *finḡar* G. *finger*: TEUT. base *fingra-*, perh. allied to *five* (Aryan *penqē*).

**finish** vb. ME. *finishe* fr. OFR. *finiss-* base of some forms of FR. *finir* (LAT. *finire*) 'end, finish'.

**fir** ME. *fīre*; perh. a Scand. loanword: ON. *fyr* rare by-form of *fura* 'fir'. There is a TEUT. name of the tree *furh-*: OE. *furh*, OHG. *forha* G. *föhre*; cp. pre-TEUT. *perk* *qerq* in LAT. *quercus* 'oak'.

**fire** ME. *fīr* OE. *fȳr*: contr. of WESTTEUT. *fūr* = OSAX. OHG. *fūr* commonly OSAX. OHG. *fūr* MHG. *vīur* G. *feuer*, DU. *vuur*. The *ir* of OSAX. OHG. *fūr* (cp. ON. *furr* *fȳrr*) is suffix; *fū* fr. pre-TEUT. *fū-* is the root: ON. *fūr-r*, GR.  $\pi\tilde{\iota}-g$ , Umbrian *fūr*, ARMEN. *hu-r* point to a common

base *pû-r*; SKR.  $\sqrt{pu}$  'flame', whence *pāvaka* 'fire'.

**first** ME. *first* OE. *fyrst* fr. \**fyrst* = TEUT. *furista-* in OHG. *furist* (cp. G. *fürst*, DU. *vorst* 'prince'), ON. *fyrstr* 'first'; the original word for 'first' is OSAX. *formo* = OE. *forma* with *ma-* suffix (GOTH. *fru-ma*) from INDO-EUR. *pr*; cp. GR.  $\rho\rho\beta\upsilon\omicron\varsigma$ , SKR. *pūrva-s*, OSLOV. *prvū*, LITH. *pirmas* 'first'. Cp. *former*.

**fish** ME. *fish* OE. *fisc* (and *fisc*) = GOTH. *fisks*, ON. *fiskr*, OHG. OSAX. *fisk* G. *fisch*. TEUT. *fiska-s* from pre-TEUT. *pisko-s* agrees with LAT. *piscis*; the corresponding OIR. *isc* points to pre-historic \**peiskos*.

**fist** ME. *fist* short for *fist* OE. *fyst* fr. TEUT. \**fusti(s)* = OHG. *füst* G. *faust*, DU. *vuist* 'fist'. If connected with synon. LAT. *pugnus* and GR.  $\pi\upsilon\gamma\upsilon\acute{\nu}\eta$ , WESTTEUT. *fusti-* stands for *fūhsti-* = pre-TEUT. *pūk-sti* *pūg-sti*?

**five** ME. *five* OE. *fife*; without inflection OE. *fif* from TEUT. *fimf* = GOTH. *fimf*, OSAX. *fif*, DU. *vijf*, OHG. *imf* MHG. *vünf* G. *fünf*, ON. *fimm* (DAN. SW. *fem*): pre-TEUT. *pēmpē pēnqe* (for the shifting of INDO-EUR. *q* to *f* see *fir*, *four*, *wolf*); cp. SKR. *pañca*, GR.  $\piέντε$  ( $\piέντε$   $\piέμπτος$ ), LAT. *quinque* (for \**pinque*), LITH. *penki*, OIR. *cōic*, CYMR. *pimp*.

**flag** sb. 'an ensign' = G. *flagge*, DU. *vlag*, DAN. *flag*, SW. *flagg*: a modern word, not found in the OTEUT. periods.

**flail** ME. *flail* *fleil* OE. \**flezgel* (once recorded as *flizel*) = OHG. *flegil* G. *flegel*, DU. *vlegel*: a WESTTEUT. loanword from LAT. *flagellum* 'whip, flail', whence also FR. *fléau* (also OIR. *sraigell*).

**flask** OE. *flasce* = ON. *flaska*, DU. *flesch*, OHG. *flasca* G. *flasche*; corresponding to the synon. IT. *flasco*, OFR. *flasche* FR. *flacon* (MED.-LAT. *flasco* fr. LAT. *vasculum*?).

**flat** ME. *flat*: borrowed fr. ON. *flatr* = SW. *flat*, DAN. *flad*; cp. OHG. *flaz* 'flat'; cp. OE. *flæt*, OSAX. *flētti* 'floor' and OHG. *flazza* 'palm of the hand'.

**flatter** vb. ME. *flaterē*: borrow- ed fr. OFR. *flater* = FR. *flatter*.

**flax** ME. *flax* OE. *fleax* = OHG. *flahs* G. *flachs*, DU. *vlas*; prob. cogn. w. the vb. OHG. *flēhtan* G. *flechten* and GOTH. *flaihtan* 'braid'; the *s* in TEUT. \**flahsa-* would be derivative; cp. the Aryan  $\sqrt{plek}$  'braid' in LAT. *plectere*, GR.  $\piλέξω$  'weave'.

**flay** vb. ME. *flē* OE. *flēan* contr. fr. a TEUT. str. vb. *flahan* = ON. *flā*.

**flea** ME. *flē* OE. *flēah* = OHG. *flōh* G. *floh*, DU. *vloo*, ON. *flō*: TEUT. base *flauh-* for *flauh-* meant orig. 'a fugitive', so that the root under *flee* = GOTH. *fliuhan* is the source of E. *flea*, G. *floh*.

**fleam** 'a kind of lancet' fr. FR. *flamme*. Source LAT. *febotomum*, whence also OE. *flētme*, DU. *vlijm*,



OHG. *flietuma* MHG. *vliete(n)* G. *fliete*.

**fleck** a Scand. loanword: ON. *flekk*, SW. *fläck* = DU. *vlek*, G. *fleck* 'spot'. Cp. ME. *fleked* 'spotted'.

**fledged** adj. ME. *flēgge* OE. *flygġe* = MDU. *vlugghe*, LG. *flügge*, G. *flügge* from a WEST-TEUT. base *fluggj-* (OHG. *flucchi* MHG. *vlučke* from WEST-TEUT. *flukkj-*). The source is the TEUT.  $\sqrt{flug}$  in E. *fly*.

**flee** vb. ME. *flē* OE. *flēon* contr. of *\*flēohan* = OSAX. OHG. *flīohan* MHG. *vliēchen* G. *fliehen*; GOTH. *flīuhan* str. vb. 'flee' points to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{fluk-}$ ; cp. *flea* and *flight*.

**fleece** (the ending *ce* for *s*) ME. *flēs* OE. *flēos* (and with vowel-mutation *flȳs*) from TEUT. *flēusaz* (*flīusis*); cp. DU. *vlics*, MHG. *vlics* (*vlius*) G. *vliess*.

**fleet**<sup>1</sup> 'a number of ships' ME. *flēte* OE. *flēot* 'a ship'. — **fleet**<sup>2</sup> 'a creek, bay' ME. *flēt* OE. *flēt* 'a bay of the sea'. Both belong to the vb. **fleet** ME. *flēte* 'float, swim' OE. *flēotan* 'float, swim' = ON. *fljōta*, OSAX. *flīotan*, DU. *vliēten*, OHG. *fliozzan* G. *flīessen*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{fleut}$  *flut* fr. ARYAN *plēud-plud*. cp. *flit* and *float*.

**flesh** ME. *flesch* OE. *flōsē* shows umlaut and palatalization of the base *\*flāski(z)* *\*flāiski(z)* = OHG. *fleisk* G. *fleisch*, DU. *vleesch*; ON. *flesk* means only 'pork', more esp. 'ham and bacon'; perh. cogn. w. *fritch*.

**flicker** vb. ME. *flikere* OE. *flīcorian* = DU. *flīkkeren* 'sparkle, glitter'; a frequent. of a base *flīk flak* in ME. *flakere*, G. *flackern*?

**flight**<sup>1</sup> 'the act of flying' ME. *flight* OE. *flyht* from OE. *flēogan* = E. *fly*.

**flight**<sup>2</sup> prop. 'the act of fleeing' ME. *flight* OE. *flyht* (= DU. *vlugt*, OHG. OSAX. *fluht*, G. *flucht*) from *flēon* 'flee'. E. *flight* OE. *flyht*, DU. *vlugt* have both meanings of *flight*. Cp. *flee*.

**flint** 'a hard stone' ME. OE. *flint* 'a rock'; cp. DAN. *flint*, G. *flinte* 'musket, flint-lock', SW. *flinta*, DAN. *flint* 'flint': perh. related to GR. *πλίνθος* 'a brick'.

**flit** vb. ME. *flitte* OE. *\*flyttan* = ON. *flytja* (SW. *flytta*, DAN. *flytte*): cp. the root under *flect* vb.

**flich** ME. *flieche* OE. *flīcē* = ON. *flikki*: TEUT. base *flikkja-*, perh. akin to *fleck*? or cogn. w. *flesh*?

**float** vb. ME. *flōte* OE. *flōtan*; cp. ME. *flōte* 'a boat, a fleet' OE. *flota* 'a boat, ship, a fleet': deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{flut}$  under *flect* vb.

**flock**<sup>1</sup> 'herd, flock' ME. *flok* OE. *flōc* = ON. *flokkr*, DAN. *flok*, SW. *flock*.

**flock**<sup>2</sup> 'a lock of wool' fr. OFR. *floc* = LAT. *flocus*, whence also OHG. *flōccho* G. *flocke*, DU. *vlok*.

**flood** ME. OE. *flōd* = OSAX. *flōd*, DU. *vlood*, OHG. *fluot* G. *flut*, ON. *flōd*, GOTH. *flōdus*: a common Teut. word. GOTH. *flōdus* from ARYAN *plōtu-s* is based on the

TEUT.  $\sqrt{fl\ddot{o}}$ - from pre-TEUT.  $pl\ddot{o}$ - in *flōwe*.

**floor** ME. OE. *flōr* = DU. *vloer*, MLG. *vlōr*, MHG. *vlur* (G. *flur*) 'field, surface, hall', ON. *flōr* 'the floor of a cow-house': TEUT. *flōru-s* from pre-TEUT.  $pl\ddot{o}rus$  *plārus* closely related to OIR. *lár* for \**plár* 'floor, paved floor'.

**florin** ME. *florin*: borrowed fr. FR. *florin* (IT. *fiorino* so named because it bore a lily, from IT. *fiore* 'a flower').

**frounce** changed fr. ME. *frounce* 'a plait': loanword fr. FR. *fronce* 'plait, wrinkle' (prob. from a LAT. type \**frontiare* 'wrinkle the forehead').

**flounder** sb. borrowed fr. SCAND. SW. *flundra*, DAN. *flynder*, ON. *flydra*.

**flour** ident. w. *flower* from FR. *flour* 'flower'.

**flourish** vb. ME. *flourisshe*: adapt. fr. OFR. *flouriss-* stem of *flourir* 'flourish' (LAT. *flourescere* inceptive of *florēre* 'bloom').

**flow** vb. ME. *flōwe* OE. *flōwan* str. vb. = ON. *flōa*, DU. *vloeden*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{fl\ddot{o}}$ - in *flood* = pre-TEUT.  $pl\ddot{o}$ - in GR.  $\pi\lambda\acute{o}\omega$ - 'I swim, sail',  $\pi\lambda\omega\tau\acute{o}\varsigma$  'swimming, sailing'.

**flower** ME. *flour*: borrowed fr. AFR. *flour* *flōr* = FR. *flour* (LAT. *flōs*). Ident. w. *flour*.

**fluke** 'a flounder' ME. *flūke* OE. *flūc* = ON. *flōki*: cogn. w. OHG. *flah* G. *flach*, DU. *vlak* adj. 'plain'. Cp. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{plak}$  in LAT. *placenta* 'cake' and *plānus* (for *placnus*?) 'plain'.

**flute** borrowed fr. FR. *flūte*, whence also DU. *fluit*; cp. MHG. *vloite* G. *flöte* 'flute' and OFR. *flaute*, IT. *flauto*. Chaucer uses the vb. *floute* 'play on the flute'.

**flutter** vb. ME. *flotere* OE. *flotorian* fr.  $\sqrt{flut}$  under *floot*. Cp. G. *flattern*?

**fly** vb. ME. *flie* earlier *flēzen* OE. *flīogan* str. vb. = OHG. *flīogan* G. *fliegen*, DU. *vliegen*, ON. *fljúga*. GOTH. \**flīugan* is inferred from the factitive *flaugjan* 'carry away in flight' and shows that the common Teut. vb. was *flēugan*; cp. LAT. *pluma* (for \**plūhma*?) 'feather'. — **fly** sb. ME. *flie* earlier *flēze* OE. *flēoge* = OHG. *flīoga* G. *fliege*, DU. *vlieg* (ON. with ablaut *fluga* 'fly'): evidently *fly* means 'the flyer' from *fly* vb.

**foal** ME. *fōle* OE. *fōla* = synon. ON. *fōli*, OHG. *fōlo* G. *föhlen*, GOTH. *fūla*: a common Teut. term for 'the young of a horse or an ass' from pre-TEUT.  $pl\ddot{o}n$ -; allied to GR.  $\pi\acute{\omega}\lambda\omicron\varsigma$  'colt, young animal', LAT. *pullus* 'a young animal' esp. 'a chicken'.

**foam** sb. ME. *fōme* OE. *fām* = OHG. *feim*: base *faima-* for an earlier \**faina-* = SKR. *phēna*, OSLOV. *pēna* 'foam'.

**fodder** ME. *fodder* OE. *fōddor* = DU. *voeder*, OHG. *fuotar* G. *futter*, ON. *fōdr*: cp. OE. *fōda* under *food*.

**foe** ME. *fī* OE.  $\zeta e f \acute{a}$  CONTR. fr. an earlier *gīfāha* = WEST-TEUT. *gafaiho(u)*-; cp. the abstract OE. *fīehd* (OHG. *gīfēhida* G. *fēhd*):

OE. *ʒefā* sb. and *fēhd* sb. are based on the adj. OE. *ʒefih* = OHG. *ʒifēh*; OE. *fāh* = TEUT. *faiha-* from a pre-TEUT. *paiko-* adj.

**fog**: a Dan. loanword, DAN. *fog* in *sneefog* 'a snow-storm'; cp. ON. *fok* 'spray, snow-drift', *fjūk* 'snow-storm' from *fjúka* str. vb. 'drift'.

**fold** vb. ME. *fōlde* OE. *fāldan* (*fāldan*) str. vb. = GOTH. *faiþan*, ON. *falda*, OHG. *faltan* G. *falten*; TEUT.  $\sqrt{}$  *faiþ* = pre-TEUT. *þlt* cp. in OSLOV. *pletā plesti* 'braid', GR. διπλάσιος for \*διπλάτιος 'two-fold', SKR. *puṣa* 'fold' (for \**putta*). — **-fold** ME. *fōld* OE. *fāld* (*-fāld*) = OSAX. *-fald*, DU. *-voud*, G. *-falt*, ON. *-faldr*, GOTH. *-falþs*; a common Teut. suffix for the formation of multiplicatives corresponding to GR. πλάσιος in διπλάσιος (also δίπλατος 'two-fold').

**folk** ME. *folk* OE. *folc* = OSAX. *folk*, DU. *volk*, OHG. *folc* G. *volk*, ON. *fōlk*. The primit. meaning is perh. 'a crowd of people', whence LITH. *pulkas* 'a crowd', OSLOV. *plūku* 'an army'.

**follow** vb. ME. *folowe folowe* OE. *folgian* (by-form *fylzan*) = ON. *fylgja*, DU. *volgen*, OHG. *folgēn* G. *folgen*: the common WEST-TEUT. and Norse vb. for 'follow'; possibly a compound verbal stem. the first member of which is *full*; cp. OE. *full-foðe* 'he followed', OE. OLG. *fulgangan*, OHG. *folu-gān* 'follow'. Go fr.

OE. *gān* would be the second member.

**fond** ME. *fond* prop. *foun-ed* partic of *foune* 'be foolish'; cp. ME. sb. *fon(un)* 'a fool'; borrowed fr. SW. *fāne* 'a fool'; ICEL. *fāni* 'a buoyant person'.

**food** ME. *fōde* OE. *fōda*; TEUT.  $\sqrt{}$  *fōd fad* (cp. OHG. *fatunga* 'food') fr. ARYAN *pat* in *patēōdau* 'cat'. Cp. also *feed*, *fodder*, *foster*.

**fool** ME. *fōl*; adopt. fr. OFR. *fol* (= FR. *fou fol*) 'a fool'.

**foot** ME. OE. *fōt* (plur. *fōt*) = OSAX. *fōt*, DU. *voet*, OHG. *fuoz* G. *fuss*, ON. *fōtr*, SW. *fo*, DAN. *fo*, GOTH. *fōtus*: TEUT. base *fōt-* from ARYAN *pōd-* changing with ARYAN *pōd-* *pōd-* in the declension; cp. GR. *ποδ-* in *πόδα*, NOM. SING. *πούς*; (AEOL. *πόός*); LAT. *pōd-em* (NOM. SING. *pes*); GR. *πέδιλον* 'sole' — *πεζός* (for \**πεδός*) 'pedestrian', SKR. *pad* 'foot' and *padu* 'step, print'.

**fop** vb. borrowed fr. DU. *foppen* 'prate, cheat' (*fopper* 'a wag', *fopperij* 'cheating'): orig. a word of G. slang.

**for** ME. OE. *for* prep. — GOTH. *faiura* 'before, for', OHG. *fora* G. *vor* 'before', DU. *veor*; cogn. w. LAT. *pro* 'before', GR. *πρὸ* 'before'.

**forbear** ME. *forbēre* OE. *forbēran* str. vb.; cp. *bear* vb.

**forbid** ME. *forbīde* OE. *forbēdan* confounded with ME. *forbidde* OE. *forbiddan*; cp. *bid*.

**force** sb. ME. *force fors*: borrowed fr. FR. *force* (LAT. type *fortia* 'strength' derived fr. *fortis* 'strong').

**ford** ME. OE. *ford* (ME. also *forth*) = DU. *voert*, OSAX. \**ford* in *Heriford* (prop. 'ford of an army'), OHG. *vurt* G. *furt* (*Frank-, Fr-, Schwæin-*); cp. OE. *Oxenaford* (lit. 'ford of the oxen') = *Oxford*. TEUT. \**fordu-* *forfu-* from the TEUT. √*far* in *farc*; hence *ford* prop. 'passable, practicable passage'; cp. AVEST. *peretu* 'bridge', LAT. *portus* 'haven', ON. *fjodr* 'bay'; also CELT.-LAT. *-ritum* (for \**pytom*) in *Augustoritum*, CYMR. *rhyl* 'ford'.

**foreign** ME. *foreine*: adapted fr. OFR. *forain*: LAT. type *foraneus* derived fr. *foras* adv. 'out of door'.

**forfeit** sb. ME. *forfete*: borrowed fr. OFR. *forfait* 'a fine' part. of *forfaire* *forsfaire* 'trespass' (MED.-LAT. *forisfactum* part. of *forisfacere* 'trespass', lit. 'do beyond').

**forge** ME. *forçe* borrowed fr. FR. *forge* from LAT. *fabrica* 'a workshop'.

**forget** vb. ME. *forgete* OE. *for-gitan* str. vb. = OSAX. *fargetan*, DU. *vergeten*, MLG. *vorgeten*, OHG. *fir-gē-zan* G. *vergessen*. The comp. vb. is the remnant of a str. verbal √*gēt*, whence E. *get* 'obtain, reach'; cp. GOTH. *bigitan* 'find', ON. *geta* 'obtain'. Cp. *get* and the ARYAN √*ghed*: *ghend* in LAT. *prae-hendere*, GR. *ζαρωάω* 'seize'.

**fork** ME. *forke* OE. *forca* = DU. *work*, OHG. *furcha* *furka* G. *furke*, ON. *forka*: borrowed fr. LAT. *furca* 'a fork', whence also FR. *fourche*, SPAN. *horca*, IT. *forca*.

**forlorn** 'quite lost' ME. *forlorn* OE. *forloren* part. of OE. *forlōsan* 'lose utterly'; cp. *lose* and G. DU. *verloren*, DAN. *forloren*.

**former** formed by adding the compar. suffix *-er* to ME. *forme* OE. *forma* = OSAX. *formo* 'first'; cp. *first*.

**forsake** vb. ME. *forsake* OE. *forsakan* str. vb. 'oppose'; cp. *sake*.

**forth** ME. *forth* OE. *ford* = OSAX. *forth*, OHG. \**ford* G. *fort*, GOTH. compar. *fairþis* adv. 'earlier'. OTEUT. *forþ* from older *frþo* *prto* is allied to *before* and *further*.

**fortnight** ME. *fourtenight* *fourtēn-night* from ME. *fourtēne* 'fourteen' and *night* (old plur.) 'nights'; cp. OE. *feowertȳne niht* and also E. *sevenight* = *seven night*. It was usual to reckon by *nights* in pre-hist. periods. — **forty** ME. *fourty* OE. *feowertiz* = DU. *veertig*, G. *viersig*, GOTH. *fidwōrtigjus*; cp. OE. *feower* = *four* and OE. *tiz* = *ten*.

**foster** vb. ME. *fostre* short for OE. *fōstrian* from *fōstor* 'nourishment'; akin to *food*: TEUT. √*fōd*.

**foul** ME. *foul* OE. *fūl* = DU. *vuil*, OHG. *fūl* G. *faul*, ON. *fūll*, GOTH. *fūls*; *la-* is suffix, and the TEUT. √*fū* is inferred fr. ON. *fūenn* 'rotten' and from the factitive vb. ON. *scyja* 'cause to

rot'. An Aryan verbal  $\sqrt{\text{pū}}$  appears in SKR. *pūy* 'rot, stink'; cp. LAT. *pūleo* 'stink' — *pūter* 'decayed', GR. *πύω* 'cause to rot', GR. *πύον* — LAT. *pūs* 'puss'.

**found**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'lay the foundation of' ME. *founde*: adapted fr. FR. *fonder* from LAT. *fundare* 'found'.

**found**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'cast metals' borrowed fr. FR. *fondre* from LAT. *fundere* 'cast metals'.

**fount** ME. *fount* fr. OFR. *font* = LAT. *font-em*.

**four** ME. *four fower* OE. *feower* (*feower*?) = OSAX. *fiwar*, DU. G. *vier* OHG. *fior*, ON. *fjörir*. The OE. by-form *fyder-* (in comp. as *fyderfēte* 'four-footed') and GOTH. *fidwōr* (*fidur-*) point to a PRE-TEUT. base *petwor* *petur* for *qetwor* *qetur*; ident. w. SKR. *catur*, LAT. *quattuor*, GR. *τέσσαρες* (*πίσνρες*), OSLOV. *četyri* 'four'.

**fowl** ME. *foul* earlier *fuwel* OE. *fugol* = OSAX. *fugal*, DU. *voegel*, OHG. *fogal* MHG. G. *voegel*, ON. *fugl*, GOTH. *fugls*: TEUT. base *fugla-*.

**fox** ME. OE. *fox* = OHG. *fuhs* G. *fuchs*, DU. *vos*, ON. *fox*; the *s* of the TEUT. base *fuh-s-* is suffix as is shown by GOTH. *faúhō*, ON. *fōa* 'fox' = OHG. *foha* MHG. *vohe* 'she-fox' (and OE. *foege* 'she-fox?'). Cp. *vixen*.

**frail** (ME. *frèle*) borrowed fr. OFR. *fraille* (FR. *frêle*) 'brittle' = LAT. *fragilis*.

**frame** vb. ME. *fremc* OE. *fremman* 'promote, do' (= ON. *fremja*, OHG. *fremman*, OSAX. *fremnian*

'perform'): derived fr. OE. *fram* 'strong, good', ident. w. *from*.

**franchise** ME. *fraunchise*: borrowed from FR. *franchise* 'privileged liberty' from FR. *franchiss-*, stem of some forms of *franchir* 'free' from FR. *franc* 'free'.

**fraught** part. of ME. *fraughte* vb. = DU. *bevrachten*, G. *befrachten*; cp. G. *fracht* OHG. *frêht* 'earnings, gain'. Properly a compound; cp. OE. *áht*, OHG. *íht* 'property' under *own*.

**freak** 'a whim, caprice' ME. *frek* 'quick, vigorous' OE. *fric* 'bold, rash' = ON. *frékr*, OHG. *fréh* 'greedy' G. *frech* 'pert', GOTH. *faíku-friks* 'avaricious': TEUT. base *fréka-*.

**freckle** from ON. *fréknur* plur. 'freckles'; cp. SW. *fräknæ* plur. *fräknar*, FRIS. (Amrun) *friakan* 'freckles'. Perh. cogn. w. GR. *πεστρος* 'spotted'.

**free** ME. *fré* OE. *fréo* *frí*: TEUT. base *frija-* = GOTH. *fréis*, OSAX. OHG. *frí* G. *frei*. The PRE-TEUT. *privé-* is the base of CYMR. *rhydd* 'free' and of SKR. *priyá-s* 'dear, beloved'; cp. the SKR. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{pri}}$  'rejoice, render favorable' with GOTH. *frijôn* 'love' under *friend* and *Friday*.

**freeze** vb. ME. *frísc* OE. *fríosan* str. vb.; cp. synonym. ON. *frijösa*, DU. *vrízen*, OHG. *friosan* G. *frieren*; cp. GOTH. *frius* 'frost, cold': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{frens}}$  *frus* from a PRE-TEUT. *preus* *prūs*, which seems to exist in LAT. *prurio* for *\*prūsio* 'itch', if 'itch, frostburn' is the inter-

mediate meaning, and in SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{pru}}$  'spurt out'; *pruśvâ* 'drop, frozen drop, frost'. Cp. *frost*.

**freight** ident. w. *fraught*.

**fresh** adj. ME. *fresh* *fresch* OE. *firsē* = OHG. *frisc* G. *frisch*, DU. *versch* 'fresh'; cogn. w. OSLOV. *prēsini* 'fresh' from Aryan *prais-**kino-*; cp. LITH. *prėskas* 'sweet, unsoured' with FINN. *rieska* 'fresh, unsoured'. The Rom. family of IT. *fresco*, FR. *frais* comes from WEST-TEUT. *friska-*.

**fret**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'eat up, devour' short for ME. *frēte* OE. *frētan* str. vb. = DU. LG. *vrēten*, OHG. *frēzzan* G. *fressen* 'eat up, consume'. The corresp. GOTH. *fraitan* (pret. *frēt*) 'consume' shows that WEST-TEUT. *frētan* is a compound of *ētan* = *eat*; *fra* is a common prefix in GOTH. (cp. *fraught* and *fret*).

**fret**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'ornament, variegate' ME. *fretie* OE. *fratwan* 'adorn': from OE. *fratice* plur. 'ornament' = OSAX. *frataha* 'ornament': source perh. a Teut. compound *fra* + GOTH. *tēwa* 'arrangement'.

**friar** ME. *frīre*: adapted fr. FR. *frère* 'a brother'.

**Friday** ME. *frīday* OE. *frīgedæg* = DU. *vrijdag*, OHG. *frīatag* MHG. *vritag* G. *freitag*, ON. *Frjádagr*: really 'day of the Teut. goddess *Frīja* *Frījō* in imitation of LAT. *dies Veneris* (*Frīa* and *Venus* correspond). ON. *Frigg* like OHG. *Frīa* is prop. 'the goddess of love'; cp. SKR. *prīyā* 'wife, loved one' (OSAX. *frī*, OE. *frēo* 'wife'). Cp. *free*.

**friend** ME. *frēnd* OE. *frēond* = OSAX. *frīund* 'friend, relative', DU. *vrīend*, OHG. *frīunt* MHG. *vrīunt* (d) G. *freund*, GOTH. *frījōnds* 'friend': TEUT. *frījōnd-* (formed like *frīend*) is pres. partic. of an old TEUT. vb. *frījōn* 'love' = GOTH. *frījōn*, OE. *frēozan* 'love'. Cp. *free*.

**frieze** (of a column) fr. FR. *frise* (= IT. *fregio* 'frieze'), whence also G. DU. *fries*.

**fright** ME. *fright* OE. *fyrhtu* *fyrhto*; cp. the synonym. GOTH. *faiurhte* 'fright' and OSAX. OHG. *for(a)hta* MHG. *vorht(c)* G. *furcht* 'fright'. — **frighten** vb. ME. *frighte* OE. *fyrhtan* = GOTH. *faiurhtjan*, OSAX. *forhtōn*, OHG. *furihten* *forahtan* G. *fürchten*.

**fringe** ME. *frīnge*: loanword from OFR. \**fringe* = FR. *frange* (source LAT. *frimbria* 'fringe'), whence G. *franse*, DU. *franje*.

**frisk** vb. formed from the adj. OFR. *frisque* = SCAND. *friskr* 'frisky, brisk'.

**frith** *firth* ME. *fīrth*: a Scand. loanword; cp. ON. *fjōrdr* (plur. *fīrdir*) 'bay'; DAN. *fiord*, SW. *fjörd* 'a firth': TEUT. base *fērpu-*, ARYAN *portu-* cp. LAT. *portus* 'haven'. For the Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{per}}$  cp. *ford*.

**fritter** late ME. *fritoure*: borrowed fr. FR. *friture* 'dish of fried fish', also 'a fragment' from OFR. *frit* 'fried' (source LAT. *frigerē*); cp. *fry*.

**fro** ME. *frō* earlier *frā*: adapted fr. ON. *frá* 'from', ident. w. *from*.

**frock** ME. *frok*: borrowed fr. OFR. *froc* = MED.-LAT. *frocus* 'a

monk's frock'; source OSAX. *hroc* 'coat'.

**frog** ME. *frogge* OE. *frogga*; the OE. parallel form *frocca* (mod. dial. *frock*) points to the synonym. ON. *fraukr*. Prob. OE. *forse*, OHG. *frosk* G. *frosch*, ON. *froskr* show the same root, if derived fr. TEUT. \**fruhsga*.

**frolic** borrowed fr. DU. *vrolijk* 'merry'; cp. MHG. *vrôloken* 'rejoice', prob. after MHG. *vrô-sanc* 'merry song' supplanting an older *frôlichen*.

**from** ME. OE. *from fram* = OSAX. OHG. *fram* MHG. *vram* prep. 'forth, from' — adv. 'forth', ON. *fram* adv. 'forward' — *frá* prep. 'from' — adv. 'fro', GOTH. *fram* prep. 'from' adv. 'further, forward'.

**frost** ME. *frost* OE. *forst* = ON. DAX. SW. G. *frost*, DU. *vorst*: derived fr. √ *frus* = *freeze*.

**froth** sb. ME. *frôthe* fr. ON. *froda*.

**froward** adj. ME. *frôward* earlier *fráward*: derived fr. *fro*.

**frown** vb. ME. *froune* shortened fr. FR. *refrogner*.

**fruit** ME. *früt* (*fruit*) fr. FR. *fruit* = LAT. *fructus*.

**fry** vb. ME. *frie* fr. OFR. *frire* = LAT. *frigere* 'roast'; cp. *fritter*.

**fry** sb. ME. *fri* fr. ON. *frjó* (*frá*) 'spawn, fry'; ident. w. GOTH. *fraiv* 'seed': pre-TEUT. *pro-aiwo*.

**fuel** sb. late ME. *fouaille* fr. OFR. \**fouaille*: LAT. type *focalia* 'fuel'.

**full** ME. OE. *ful(l)* = GOTH. *fulls*, ON. *fullr*, DU. *vol*, G. *voll* OHG. *fol(l)*: TEUT. base *fulla-* fr. an

ARYAN base *pl̥t-no* in SKR. *pl̥t̥na* 'full'; cp. LAT. *plenus*, OIR. *lán* (orig. \**pl̥nos*) 'full'. Prop. partic. with suffix *-no-* fr. an ARYAN √ *pl̥t̥ pl̥t̥* 'to fill' in SKR. √ *pur̥ p̥r̥*, LAT. *implere*, GR. *πύμπλημι*.

**fuller** sb. ME. *fuller* OE. *fullere* 'a cloth-bleacher': adaption of LAT. *fullo* 'a fuller, bleacher'.

**funnel** late ME. *funel* fr. FR. *fondfle*; source LAT. *infundibulum*.

**fur** ME. *furre forre* fr. OFR. *fuerre forre* 'a sheath, a case'; source TEUT.-GOTH. *fôdr* 'a sheath'; cp. G. *futter* ident. w. E. *fodder*.

**furbish** vb. ME. *furbisse* fr. OFR. *fourbir* (*fourbiss-*) 'polish', which rests on OHG. *furb(j)an* MHG. *vürben* 'purify, clean' (TEUT. √ *furb* = ARYAN √ *p̥r̥p̥* in GR. πρῶπω?).

**furlong** see *furrow*.

**furnace** ME. *furneis fornais* fr. FR. *fournaise* = LAT. *fornax* (*fornacem*) 'an oven'.

**furnish** fr. FR. *fournir* (stem *fourniss-*). Source a TEUT. wk. vb. *frumjan* 'perform'; cp. *perform*

**furrow** ME. *furwe forwe* OE. *furh*: TEUT. base *furh-* also in OHG. *furha* G. *furche* 'furrow', DU. *voor*, ON. *for* 'drain'. A pre-TEUT. *prk* *pork* is evident in LAT. *porca* 'a ridge between two furrows', CYMR. *rhych* 'furrow', ARMEN. *hark*. — **furlong** ME. OE. *furlong* lit. 'furrow-long'.

**further** ME. *further* OE. *furdor*; cogn. w. *for* and OHG. *furdir*.

**furze** ME. *firse* OE. *fyrs* earlier *fyres*: Teut. base *furisa-*?

## G

**gab** ME. *gabbe* 'talk idly, jest, lie': borrowed fr. ON. *gabba*, whence also FR. *gaber*, IT. *gabbare*. Cp. *gabble gibber*. — **gabber** 'gabble', var. of *gabble* both of which are frequent. verbs of *gab*. Cp. *jabber* and *gibber*. — *gabble* var. of *gabber*.

**gabel** 'a tax, impost, esp. the tax on salt': borrowed fr. FR. *gabelle* (= SPAN. *gabala*, IT. *gabella*, MED.-LAT. *gabella gab(u)lum*). Source a TEUT. sb. *gabula* in OE. *gafol* 'tribute'.

**gable** ME. *gáble*: borrowed fr. OFR. *gable* 'a gable', which is of LAT. origin; cp. LAT. *gabalus*, whence ON. *gaf* 'a gable' (but GOTH. *gibla*, G. *giebel* 'a gable' akin to GR. *κεφαλή* 'head': Aryan base *ghabhālâ- ghubhlo-*).

**gad** ME. *gad*: borrowed fr. ON. *gaddr* 'a goad, pike'; TEUT. base *gazda-* ident. w. LAT. *hasta* from an Aryan base *ghazdhu-*; but *gad* in *gadfly* stands for *goad*.

**gag** ME. *gagge* 'suffocate'; prob. imitation of the sound of choking.

**gage**<sup>1</sup> ME. *gáge*: borrowed fr. FR. *gage* = SPAN. *gage*, IT. *gaggio* (LAT. type *wadium*). Source a TEUT. sb. cp. GOTH. *wadi*; cp. *wed* and *wage*.

**gage**<sup>2</sup> also *gauge* ME. *gauȝc*:

adopted from OFR. *gauger* later *jauger* 'measure the contents'. Source uncertain.

**gain** sb. ME. *gain*: borrowed fr. ON. SW. *gagn* = DAN. *gavn* 'gain'.

**gain** vb. late ME. *gaine*: borrowed fr. FR. *gagner* OFR. *gaagner* *gaaagner* 'cultivate, gain': source a TEUT. vb. (OHG. *\*weidanjan* — *weidenôn* 'pasture').

**gain-** pref. ME. *gein* OE. *gezu gēn geān* (= G. *gegen*, ON. *gagn-*). — **gainsay** ME. *geinſcie* 'contradict'. Cp. *against* OE. *ongeanes*.

**gait** ident. w. *gate*<sup>1</sup>.

**gaiter** borrowed fr. FR. *guêtre* (OFR. *gwestre*, perh. loanword fr. MHG. *wester* 'a child's chrisom-cloth'; cp. GOTH. *wasti*, LAT. *vestis* 'clothing').

**gale** sb. a Scand. loanword; akin to DAN. *gal*, SW. *galen* 'furious, mad', NORW. *galen* 'furious, wild, mad' (of wind and storm).

**gall**<sup>1</sup> ME. *galle* OE. *gealla* = OSAX. OHG *galla* G. *galle*, DU. *gal*, ON. *gall*. GOTH. *\*gallin-* (hardly *\*galsin-*) from PRE-TEUT. *ghol-* is cogn. w. GR. *χολή χόλος*, LAT. *fel fellis* 'gall' (whence IT. *fiel*, SPAN. *hiel*, FR. *fiel*). Many think it allied with *yellow* so that *gall* was named from its yellowish color.



**gall**<sup>2</sup> 'a sore on the skin' ME. *galle* OE. *gealla* 'a gall' (on a horse) = DU. *gal* 'a windgall', MHG. G. *galle* 'a foot-disease in horses'; perh. borrowed fr. LAT-ROM. *galla* 'a gallnut, an oak-apple' = IT. *galla*, SPAN. *agalla* 'windgalls'. But a confusion of *galla* with a TEUT. word of similar phonology is possible, since in SW. dialects too there exists a *grässgaller* 'a swelling on a horse's hoof'.

**gall**<sup>3</sup> 'a gall-nut': borrowed fr. FR. *gale* from LAT. *galla* 'a gallnut, an oak-apple'.

**galley** ME. *galcie*: adapted fr. FR. *galie galée* (IT. *galea* = MED.-LAT. *galea* 'a galley').

**gallon** ME. *galoun*: a FR. loan-word: FR. *gallon* = IT. *gallonc*.

**galloon** borrowed fr. FR. *galon*.

**gallop** ME. *galope*: borrowed fr. FR. *galoper*; cp. also *wallop*.

**gallows** (the plur. used as sing.) ME. *galwes* plur. OE. *galga* *gealga* 'cross, gibbet' = OHG. OSAX. *galgo*, DU. *galg*, G. *galgen*, ON. *galgi*, GOTH. *galga*: a common TEUT. word, TEUT. *galgan-* from Aryan *ghalghan-*; cp. LITH. *zalga* 'pole'.

**gamble** appar. a frequent. of an unrecorded ME. *\*gam(c)le*, commonly ME. *gamene* OE. *gamnian* 'play at games'. Deriv. of *game*. For the change of *n* to *l* cp. MHG. *gamel gamen* 'pleasure'. — **game** 'amusement' ME. *gāme* OE. *gamēn gomēn* = ON. OHG. *gaman* (MHG. *gamēn gamel*)

'play'; prob. ident. w. GOTH. *ga-man* 'communion of men'. The pref. *ga-* is used collectively; for *man* cp. *man*.

**gander** ME. *gander* OE. *gandra*; akin to OE. *gōs* from a TEUT. base *gan-s* in *goose* and cp. *gannet*.

**gang** ME. *gang* 'a going, course, way, passage' OE. *gang* 'a going, way, privy' = OSAX. DU. G. *gang* 'a going, walk, way, passage', ON. *gaugr* 'a going, a crew'.

**gannet** ME. *\*ganet* OE. *ganot* 'swan'; akin to DU. *gent* 'gander', OHG. *ganazzo* 'gander'; cp. a primit. TEUT. base *gan-* also in TEUT.-LAT. *ganta* 'goose'; see *gander* and *goose*.

**gantlet** prop. *gantlope* 'a military punishment' corrupted fr. SW. *gallopp* 'running down a lane' (SW. *gata* 'a lane' and *lopp* 'a running' fr. *löpa* 'run' = E. *leap*).

**gaol** see *jail*.

**gap** ME. *gap*: borrowed fr. ON. *gap* 'opening, breach, chasm'. — **gape** vb. ME. *gape* adapted fr. SCAND. *gapa* 'yawn' = DU. *gapen*, G. *gaffen* 'gape, yawn'.

**gar** see *garlic* and *gorc*.

**garb** borrowed fr. OFR. *garbe* 'good fashion' from OHG. *garawē* 'dress' = OE. *gearwe* 'preparation, dress'. Cp. *gear*.

**garden** ME. *gardin* fr. OFR. (Picard.) *gardin* = FR. *jardin*, which is of Teut. origin: OHG. *garto* (gen. and dat. *gartin*) G. *garten*,

OSAX. *gardo*, GOTH. *garda* m. 'a fold'; akin to *yard*.

**gargle** borrowed fr. OFR. *gar-gouiller* 'gargle' fr. *gargouille* 'windpipe'.

**garland** ME. *gerlaund*: borrowed fr. OFR. *garlande* FR. *guirlande*, whence DU. G. DAN. *guirlande*.

**garlic** ME. *garlĕk* *garlick* OE. *gār-līc*; for *lic* = OE. *līc* cp. *leek*. The first element of the compound is OE. *gār* 'a spear' (cp. *gorē*). Hence *garlic* prop. 'spear-leek'.

**garment** short for ME. *gar-nement*: borrowed fr. FR. *gar-nement*, deriv. of FR. *garnir* 'garnish'. Cp. *garnish*.

**garner** ME. *gernēr*: adapted fr. OFR. *gernier* FR. *grenier* (IT. *granaro* = LAT. type *grânâ-rium*).

**garnet** ME. *gerneȝt*: borrowed fr. FR. *grenat* (= SPAN. *granate*, IT. *granato*): source LAT. *granatus* 'having many grains or seeds'.

**garnish** vb. ME. *garnisshē*: borrowed fr. FR. *garniss-*, the stem of certain forms of *garnir* (= IT. *guarnire*) 'avert, warn, garnish', which is of Teut. origin: TEUT. base *warnjan*. — **garrison** ME. *garnison*: borrowed fr. FR. *garnison*; deriv. of FR. *garnir* 'provide, fortify'. Cp. *garnish*.

**garret** ME. *garritē*: borrowed fr. OFR. *garritē* FR. *guçrītē* 'a watch-tower': derived fr. OFR. *garir* *warir* 'save, keep' FR. *guçrir* (= IT. *guarire*). Source a TEUT.

*warjan* = GOTH. *warjan* 'hold, defend'.

**garrison** see *garnish*.

**garter** ME. *gartĕre*: borrowed fr. OFR. *gartier* *jartier* FR. *jarretière*: deriv. of FR. *jarret* 'the small of the leg behind the knee'.

**gash** ME. *garse* *garçe*: borrowed fr. OFR. *garser* 'scarify'.

**gasp** vb. ME. *gaspe* OE. \**gāspian*: TEUT. base *gaispōn* = ON. *geispa* 'gasp'. The E. word is not borrowed fr. Scand.

**gate**<sup>1</sup> (cp. *gait*) 'a way, road' ME. *gāte*: borrowed fr. ON. *gata* (acc. *gōtu*) 'way, path, road' = SW. *gata* 'a street, lane', DAN. *gade* 'a street'; ident. w. OHG. *gata* G. *gasse* 'a street', GOTH. *gatiwō* 'a street'.

**gate**<sup>2</sup> 'door, gate, opening' ME. *gāte* *yāte* OE. *ȝeat* (plur. *gatu* *ȝeatu*) = OSAX. DU. *gat* 'a hole, opening, gap', ON. *gat* 'an opening'.

**gather** ME. *gaderē* OE. *gaderian* (= DU. *gaderen*, G. dial. *gattern*): deriv. of OE. *geador* (cp. *together*). Prob. akin to OE. *gædelling* 'cousin', G. *gatte* 'husband' from the same root as *good*.

**gaud** 'a show, ornament' ME. *gaude*: borrowed fr. LAT. *gaudium*. — **gaudy** 'merry, bright, showy' fr. *gaud* and the suffix *-y*.

**gauge** see under *gage*<sup>2</sup>.

**gaunt** prob. from Scand.; cp. NORW. *gand* 'a thin pointed stick; a tall and thin man'.

**gauntlet** borrowed fr. OFR. *gantlet*, dimin. of *gant* = FR. *gant* (= IT. *guanto*) 'a glove'. Source a TEUT. (MED.-LAT.) *wantus* 'the long sleeve of a tunic, a glove'; cp. DU. *want*, DAN. *vante*, ON. *vottr* 'a mitten'.

**gauze** borrowed fr. FR. *gaze* 'cushion-canvas, tiffany' = SPAN. *gasa* 'gauze'.

**gawk** (cp. *gowk*) 'a cuckoo, fool' ME. *gouke*: loanword from ON. *gaukr* (whence SC. *gowk*) = OHG. *gouh(hh)* MHG. *gouch* G. *gauch*, OE. *ȝæc* 'cuckoo'.

**gay** ME. *gay*: borrowed fr. FR. *gai* (= IT. *gajo*) 'gay, merry'. Source OHG. *gâhi* 'quick, sudden' G. *gâhe—jâh*.

**gaze** vb. ME. *gâse*, prob. of Scand. origin: SW. dial. *gasa* 'gaze, stare'.

**gear** ME. *gêre* points to an OE. \**gêre* or \**gêro*, *é* being vowel mutation of *á* = TEUT. *ai*. Perh. akin to OE. *gâr* 'spear (cp. *garlic*, *gorc*)?

**gem** ME. *ġemme*: adapted fr. FR. *gemme* (= IT. *gemma*). Source LAT. *gemma* 'a swelling bud, a jewel, a gem', whence also OE. *ȝimm*, OHG. *gimma* 'gem'.

**gender** ME. *ġender*: borrowed fr. OFR. *gendre* *genre* FR. *genre* 'kind, genus, style' (= SPAN. *género*, IT. *genere* 'kind'). Source LAT. *gener-* in *genus* 'race, stock'.

**german** **germane** adj. formerly **germain**: borrowed fr. FR. *germain* (source LAT. *germanus*).

**gesture** borrowed fr. MED.-LAT.

*gestura* 'a mode of action' from *gerere* 'carry, behave'.

**get** ME. *gete* borrowed fr. ON. *geta*; OE. *ȝitan* would be ME. *yite ite*; cp. GOTH. *gitan* from a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{g}^{\text{it}}}$ , pre-TEUT. *ghed ghend*; cogn. W. LAT. *prachendere*, GR. *zardárev*. Cp. *forget*.

**gewgaw** corrupted fr. ME. *ginegoue* prop. *gouġoue* (pron. *ȝuġu?*): adapted of FR. *joujou* **ghastly** ME. *gastly* OE. *gástlic* fr. OE. *gástan* 'frighten' and *lic* = E. *-ly*; cp. *aghost*.

**gherkin** = DU. *agurkje*, DAN. *agurke*, G. *gurke*: borrowed as orig. \**agurike* fr. POL. *ogurék*. BOHEM. *okurka* fr. late GR. *áyyo-γiav* 'a cucumber, gherkin'.

**ghost** ME. *ġost* OE. *gást* (*gást*) = SYNON. OHG. G. DAN. *geist*, OSAX. *gêst*: a common Teut. word with the same meaning for which *ahma* is used in Goth. The orig. meaning of the word ('excitement?') is not established; yet ON. *gáisa* 'rage' (of fire and passion) and GOTH. *usgaisjan* 'terrify' seem allied. For the dental formative of TEUT. *gáist* (pre-TEUT. *ghaisdos*) cp. the SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{h}^{\text{id}}}$  (from \**ghízid*) 'be angry', *hídás* 'anger' with which agrees E. *aghost* 'angry, excited'; cp. also *ghastly*.

**giant** ME. *ġiaunt* prop. *ġéaunt* fr. FR. *géant* = LAT. *gigant-em*, whence also OE. OHG. *gigant* 'giant'.

**gibber** and with other var. *gabber* *gabble*, frequentatives of *gab* of which *jabber* and

*jabble* are the assibil. frequentatives.

**giddy** ME. *gidy* OE. *gydiȝ*: orig. perh. 'having a demon, possessed of a demon': deriv. of *god*; cp. OE. *ylfiȝ* 'deranged, crazy' prop. 'possessed of elves'.

**gift** ME. *gift yift* OE. *gift* plur. *gifta* 'nuptials' = DU. OHG. *gift* G. *gift* in *mitgift* 'a dowry' and in OHG. G. DU. *gift* 'poison', lit. 'that which is given', GOTH. *gifts* in *fra-* 'promise' with the abstract formative *-t* from *gifan* = *give*. The initial *g* in E. ME. *gift* points as in *give* to Scand. influence.

**gig** ME. *gigge* 'a whirling thing'; prob. Scand.: ON. *gæga* 'rove at random'; cp. *jig*.

**gild** vb. short for ME. *gilde* OE. *gýldan*: derived with vowel-mutation (TEUT. *gulþjan*) fr. *gold*.

**gill**<sup>1</sup> ME. *gille*: borrowed fr. DAN. *gjælle*, SW. *gäl*; ICEL. *gjölnar* plur. 'gills'.

**gill**<sup>2</sup> 'one-fourth pint' ME. *gille*: borrowed fr. OFR. *gelle* 'a sort of wine-measure' (LAT. type *gella gillo* a wine-vessel).

**gillyflower** corrupted fr. OFR. *giroffle* fr. *clou de girofle*; LAT. type *caryophyllum* 'a clove-tree'.

**gimlet** borrowed fr. OFR. *gimbelet* FR. *gibelet*; of Teut. origin, dimin. of the form represented by E. *wimble* 'a gimlet' cp. *wimble*.

**gimp** adapted fr. FR. *guimpe* (OFR. *guimpe* fr. OHG. *wimpal* 'a light robe' = E. *wimple*).

**gin**<sup>1</sup> 'a trap, snare' ME. (c. 1200) *gin* and *ginn* shortened fr. ME. *engin* = FR. *engin* 'a contrivance'. Source LAT. *ingenium*.

**gin**<sup>2</sup> 'a kind of spirit' shortened fr. earlier FR. *genivre* (= FR. *genivère*) 'juniper' (LAT. *juniperus* 'an evergreen shrub').

**ginger** ME. *ginger*, earlier *gingivere* from OFR. *gengibre* FR. *gingembre* (IT. *zenzero*, MHG. *gingebere* from the synonym. late LAT. *gingiber* = GR. ζιγγίβερος).

**gingerly** a Scand. loanword; SW. dial. *gingla gängla* 'go gently, totter': frequent. of ON. *ganga* 'go'.

**gird** short for ME. *girde* OE. *gyrdan* = OSAX. *gurdian*, DU. *gorden*, OHG. *gurten gurtan* G. *gürten*, ON. *gyrda*: all weak verbs (TEUT. *gurdjan*), ident. w. the str. vb. GOTH. *bi-gairdan* 'begird'.

**girdle** ME. *girdel* OE. *gyrdel* = synonym. OHG. *gurtel* G. *gürtel*, DU. *gordel*, ON. *gyrdill*: deriv. of *gird*. — **girth** ME. *gerth*: adapted fr. ON. *gjord* 'a girdle' (*gerd* 'girth round the waist', GOTH. *gairda* 'girdle').

**girl** ME. *girl gerl*; akin to LG. *gäre* 'boy, girl' which is of late occurrence (first record 1652). The *l* of the E. word (OE. \**gyrel*, TEUT. base *gurila-*) is dimin.

**gist** borrowed fr. OFR. *gist* = FR. *gît* from OFR. *gesir* = FR. *gesir* 'lie'. Source LAT. *jacere* 'lie'.

**give** ME. *give* fr. ON. *gefa*; ident. w. ME. *yeve* OE. *zifan zēfan* = OSAX. *gēban*, DU. *geven*, OHG. *gēban* G. *geben*, GOTH. *giban*: a common Teut. verb; cp. also OIR. *gabim* 'I take', LITH. *gabėnti* 'bring, procure', *gobinti* 'fetch'? Cp. *gift*.

**gizzard** ME. *gisir*: adapted fr. FR. *gésier*; source LAT. *gizeria* 'gizzard'.

**glad** ME. *glad* OE. *glād* 'shining, bright, cheerful, glad'; ident. w. OHG. *glat* G. *glatt* 'smooth, shining', DU. *glad* 'smooth', ON. *gladr* 'glad, bright'. TEUT. \**glada-* for ARYAN *ghladho-* agrees with OSLOV. *gladükü* 'smooth', LAT. *glaber* (for *ghladthro-*) 'smooth'. The meaning of the E. word is secondary when compared with the orig. meaning 'smooth'.

**glair** ME. *gleire*: adapted fr. OFR. *glaire* 'the white of an egg' = IT. *chiara d'un ovo*, whence also G. *cierklar* (MED.-LAT. *clara ovi*).

**glance** vb. a Scand. loanword; cp. SWED. *glans*, DAN. *glands* 'brightness, splendor'.

**glare** vb. ME. *glāre*; OE. \**glārian* is unauthorized.

**glass** ME. *glas* OE. *glas*: a common Teut. word, (not verified in GOTH.) = DU. MHG. G. OSW. SW. DAN. *glas* (OHG. *glas* 'glass', also 'amber'); but ON. *gler* with change from *s* to *r*, thus proving the word to be primit. Teut. (\**glaza-* \**glasa-*). Perh. the OTeut. name of the 'amber' (LAT. *glēsum*) is cognate.

**gleam** ME. *glēm* OE. *glēm* 'splendor, brightness, gleam'; akin to OSAX. *glī-mo* 'splendor' and to G. *glimmer*; cp. OHG. *glīmo glēimo* 'glow-worm'. An ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ghlī}}$  cp. in IR. *glē* (fr. base *gleiwo-*) 'shining, clear' under *glee*.

**glean** vb. ME. *glēne* borrowed fr. OFR. *glēuer* (FR. *glaner*) 'glean'.

**glede** ME. *glīde glēde* OE. *glīda* 'a kite' = ON. *glēdi*: deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{glīd}}$  in *glide* (the name of the bird means prop. 'the glider').

**glee** 'mirth, joy' ME. *glē* OE. *glēo* with the by-form *glīwe* = ON. *glý*: TEUT. base *glīwa-*, perh. akin to IR. *glē* (base *gleiwo-*) 'clear, shining'. Cp. *gleam*.

**gleed** (E. dial.) ME. *glēde* OE. *glēd* (\**glād* fr. *glōdi-*) = DU. *gloed*, OHG. *gluot* G. *glut*, ON. *glód*, GOTH. \**glō-di-*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{glō}}$  under *glow*.

**glen** of Celt. origin; cp. GAEL. IR. *glenn* 'valley' (CYMR. Corn. *glyn*).

**glide** vb. ME. *glīde* OE. *glīdan* = SYNOB. OSAX. *glīdan*, DU. *glīj(d)en*, OHG. *glītan* G. *glēiten*, SW. *glīda*, DAN. *glīde* 'glide, slide'. Cp. *glede*.

**glimmer** vb. ME. *glīmere* = G. *glimmern*, DAN. *glīmre*; akin to SW. *glīmna* and OSAX. *glīmo* 'splendor' under *gleam*.

**glimpse** vb. ME. *glīmse* vb.; akin to *glimmer*.

**glisten** vb. ME. *glīstne* OE. *glīstian* 'gleam'; akin to OE. *glīstian* = OFRIS. *glīsa* 'shine': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{glīt}}$

in **glitter** ME. *glitere* (OE. \**glitorian*) vb. 'shine' = ON. *glitra*, G. *glitzern*. A corresp. strong vb. is ON. *glita*, OSAX. *glitan* = OHG. *glīzan* 'shine' (cp. G. *gleissen* and GOTH. *glitmunjan* 'shine').

**gloat** vb. akin to G. *glotzen*, ICEL. *glotta*; an OE. *glotian* is unrecorded; cogn. w. ME. *gloute* (OE. \**glūtian*) 'look sullen'.

**gloom** OE. *glōm* (*glōmung*) 'gloom, twilight'; the *m* is formative (as in *bloom*, *doom*); for the TEUT. √ *glō* cp. *glow*.

**glory** ME. *glōric* *glōric* from OFR. *glorie* = LAT. *gloria*; cp. FR. *gloire*.

**gloss** vb. akin to MHG. *glōsen* 'glow'.

**glove** ME. *glōve* short for *glōve* OE. *glōf* = ON. *glōfi* 'glove'.

**glow** vb. ME. *glōwe* OE. *glōwean* str. vb.; cp. DU. *glōcjen*, OHG. *gluoen* G. *glūhen*, ON. *glōa* 'glow, glitter, shine': TEUT. √ *glō* *glē* under *gloom* and E. dial. *glēd*.

**glue** ME. *glūc* borrowed fr. OFR. *glu* 'birdlime'; source LAT. *glus glutem*.

**glum** adj. from ME. *glomme* *glombe* vb. 'be gloomy'; as *gloomy* shows, connected with *gloom* and SW. *glāmīg* 'languid of look'.

**glut** sb. ME. *glut* sb. borrowed fr. OFR. *glut* *glout* (IT. *ghiottto*) 'a glutton'. — **glut** vb. ML. *glote* *glute* vb. borrowed fr. OFR. *glotir* *gloutir* (cp. FR. *engloutir* 'swallow up'); source LAT. *gluttire* 'swallow'. — **glutton** ME. *glutoun* *glotoun*: borrowed fr. FR. *glouton* OFR.

*gluton*; source LAT. *glutto-gluttonem* 'glutton'.

**gnarl** akin to OE. *gnyrran*.

**gnash** vb. ME. *gnaste* 'gnash the teeth'; OE. \**gnastian* is akin to ON. *gnista* 'gnash the teeth'.

**gnat** ME. *gnat(tt)* OE. *gnett*: TEUT. base *gnatta*-.

**gnaw** vb. ME. *gnawe* OE. *gnagan* = OSAX. *gnagan*, OHG. (*gnagan* G. *nagen*, ON. *gnaga*; cp. a by-form with initial *k*: DU. *knagen*, OS. HG. *knagan* 'gnaw'; the G. form *nagen* arose from *gnagen*.

**go** ME. *gō* OE. *gān* = OSAX. *gān*, DÜ. *gaan*, OHG. *gān* *gēn* G. *gehen*. The TEUT. √ *ghai*- (= OE. *gā*-, OHG. *gē*-) supplanted the ARYAN √ *i* 'go' in LAT. *ire*, GR. *ieraia*, SKR. √ *i*. Since TEUT. *gai*- has no old primit. noun-derivatives in Teut. and takes the place of the ARYAN √ *i* (the aorist GOTH. *iddja* = OE. *ode* still remains) and as it is inflected after the *mi*-conjugation, the supposition arises that TEUT. \**gaim* \**gais* \**gaif* are contracted fr. the verbal particle *ga* and the inherited *im iz ip* = SKR. *emi eṣi iti*; cp. GR. *ēlu*.

**goad** ME. *gōd* OE. *gād*; ident. with LANGOBARD. *gaida* 'spear': TEUT. base *gaidō*- = pre-TEUT. \**ghai-tā*; akin to OE. *gār*, OHG. *gēr* 'spear' under *gore*. ARYAN √ *ghī* *ghai* in GR. *zūtoç* 'shepherd's rod'.

**goal** borrowed fr. FR. *gaule* OFR. *waule*. Source TEUT. *walu* = ON. *vōlr*, GOTH. *walus* 'a staff'.

**goat** ME. *gôte* OE. *gāt* = DU. ON. *geit*, OHG. *geiz*; G. *geiss*, SW. *get*, DAN. *ged*, GOTH. *gaitis* 'a goat': cogn. w. LAT. *hædus* fr. ARYAN *ghaido-s*.

**gobble** a frequent. with suff. *-le* fr. FR. *gobler* 'devour'.

**god** ME. OE. *god* = OSAX. DU. *god*, OHG. *got* G. *gott*, ON. *gud* *god*. GOTH. *guda- gufa-* 'god' is based on ARYAN *ghu-to-, -to-* being a part. formative as in *old, cold, loud*: INDO-TEUT.  $\sqrt{ghu}$  = SKR. *hû* 'implore the gods' (SKR. *hutá-* part.). Therefore *god* is 'the being implored'; in the VEDA *puruhûta* 'much implored' is an ordinary epithet of the god Indra. **god** in *godfather godson goddaughter* = ME. *god* + compound: used in reference to the spiritual relation between them; cp. *gossip*.

**goggle-eyed** ME. *gogel-cied*; the first element of the compound can scarcely be a native E. word and is traced to IR. GAEL. *gog-shuileach* 'goggle-eyed'.

**gold** ME. OE. *göld* = OSAX. OHG. G. *gold*, DU. *goud*, ON. *goll gull* (for \**golpa*), GOTH. *gulþ*: ARYAN *ghlto-* = OSLOV. *zlato* = RUSS. *zoloto* from \**zolto*. The orig. meaning of the  $\sqrt{ghel}$ , from which *gold* is derived (cp. LITH. *gel-tas* 'yellow' and SKR. *hârîta* and *hari* 'yellow'), is 'yellow'; cp. SKR. *hiranya* 'gold'. Cp. *yellow*.

**good** ME. OE. *gôd* = GOTH. *gôds*, OSAX. *gôd*, DU. *goed*, OHG. *guot* G. *gut*, ON. *gôdr*. The orig.

meaning of the adj. was prob. 'fit, suitable' from a root meaning 'fit, suit' seen in *gather, together*. — **goodbye** short for orig. »God be by you« (Shakesp. »God buy you«).

**goose** ME. OE. *gôs* (plur. *gês*): Teut. base *gans-* = DU. *gans*, OHG. G. *gans*, ON. *gås*; akin to *gander* and *gannet*. An ARYAN *ghan-s-* is represented also by SKR. *hansâ-s* m. — *hansî* 'goose', N.PERS. *γâz*, LITH. *zasis*, OSLOV. *gâsî*, GR. *ζῆν*, LAT. *anser* (for \**hanser*), OIR. *gêis* 'swan' (fr. *ghansi*).

**gore**<sup>1</sup> ME. *gôre* 'a gore of cloth, a garment' OE. *gâra* 'a projecting point of land'; cp. DU. *geer* 'a gusset, gore', OHG. *gêro* G. *gehre* 'a wedge, gusset, gore', ON. *gêiri*, NORW. *gêire*, OSAX. *gere* 'a gore of cloth or land': deriv. of TEUT. *gaiza-* 'spear' = OE. *gâr* 'a spear', OHG. *gâr* 'a spear'. Cp. *goad*.

**gore**<sup>2</sup> 'mud, blood' ME. *gôre* OE. *gôr* 'mud' = OHG. ON. *gor* 'mud', SW. *gorr* 'mud'.

**gorge** ME. *gorġe* borrowed fr. FR. *gorge* 'throat': source LAT. *gurgēs*.

**gosling** dimin. of *goose*.

**gospel** ME. *gospel* OE. *god-spell* 'the word of God', as shown by ON. *gud-spjall*, OHG. *got-spell(l)*. Cp. *spell*.

**gossamer** ME. *gossamer* representing an OE. type \**gôs-sumor* 'summer of the geese'; cp. the G. names *altweibersommer, mädchen-sommer*.

**gossip** ME. *gossip* earlier *gossib* OE. *god-sibb* prop. 'relationship in God'; see the end of the article on *god*. OE. *sibb* = OHG. *sippa*, GOTH. *sibja* means 'relationship'.

**gouge** from FR. *gouge*.

**gourd** ME. *gourde*: borrowed fr. FR. *gourde* (orig. OFR. *gouhourde* *cougourde*; source LAT. *cucurbita* 'a gourd').

**gout** sb. ME. *goute* borrowed fr. FR. *goutte* 'dropsy': source LAT. *gutta*.

**gowk** ident. w. *gawk*.

**gown** ME. *goune* *goun* fr. OFR. *gone* 'a gown', which is of Celt. origin (GALL. - LAT. *gunna* 'fur-coat').

**grab** vb. cp. SW. *grabba*, MLG. *grabben* 'grasp'. An ARYAN  $\sqrt{g}hrbh$  'to grasp' is found in SKR.  $\sqrt{g}rbh$  'grasp, seize' — *grapsa* 'bunch, tuft' and OHG. *garba* G. *garbe* 'sheaf'.

**grace** ME. *grâce* fr. FR. *grace* = LAT. *gratia* 'favor'.

**grade** borrowed fr. FR. *grade*: source LAT. *gradus* 'a step, station'.

**graft** (Shakesp. *graff*) vb. ME. *graffe* 'graft': deriv. of OFR. *graffe* 'a style for writing' (FR. *greffe* 'graft?'). Source LAT. *graphium* 'a style for writing'.

**grail** 'fine sand' fr. OFR. *graille* 'fine, small' = LAT. *gracilis*.

**grain** ME. *grain* *grain* from FR. *grain*: source LAT. *grânum* 'a grain, corn'.

**grammar** ME. *grammère* *grammaire* from FR. *grammaire*.

**grange** ME. *grauñge*: adapt. of FR. *grange* (LAT. type *granea* 'granary' deriv. of *grânum* 'corn').

**grant** ME. *grante* vb. adapt. fr. OFR. *granter* 'caution, secure' (source a LAT. type *\*credentare* vb. — *\*credentia* sb.).

**grape** ME. *gråpe*: loanword fr. OFR. *grape* *grappe* 'cluster of grapes'. The FR. word is considered to be of Teut. origin (TEUT. *\*krappa*?).

**grasp** ME. *grapse* perh. for *\*grapse* OE. *\*grāpsian*: possibly an intensive deriv. of OE. *grāpian* = *gripe*.

**grass** ME. *gras* OE *græs* *gars* = GOTH. ON. OSAX. DU. OHG. G. *gras* 'herb, growth'. The final *s* is formative, the  $\sqrt{}$  is *gra* meaning 'sprout, grow'; cp. *grow* and *green*.

**grasshopper** ME. *grashopper* orig. *grashoppe* OE. *gærs-hoppa* (= DU. *grashupper* LG. *grashüpfer*): 'an insect which hops about in the grass'. Cp. *hop*.

**grate** sb. ME. *gråte*: source LAT. *crates* 'a hurdle'. — **grate** vb. ME. *gråte* vb. from OFR. *grater* 'scratch' (FR. *gratter*), which is prob. of Teut. origin (OHG. *krazzôn* G. *kratzen*).

**grave** vb. ME. *gråve* OE. *grafan* 'dig' = GOTH. OHG. *graban* G. *graben*, DU. *graven* dig, ON. *grafa*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{g}rab$  = ARYAN *ghrabh*, orig. related to OSLOV. *greba* 'dig' and *gröbū* 'grave'.

**grave** adj. from FR. *grave* 'stately'.



**gravel** ME. *gravél* borrowed fr. OFR. *gravele*, dimin. of OFR. *grave* 'rough sand' FR. *grève* 'strand'.

**gravy** earlier orthography *greavy*, akin to *greaves*?

**gray grey** ME. *gray grey* OE. *gráz*; akin to DU. *grauw*, OHG. *grâo* (infl. *grâwêr*) G. *grau*, ON. *grár*, which represent a Teut. base *grâwa-* *grêwa-* (OE. *gráz* pointing to a base *grâga-* *grêga-*?).

**graze** vb. 'feed cattle' ME. *grâse* OE. *grasian* = G. *grascu*: deriv. of TEUT. *grasa-* = *grass*.

**grease** ME. *grêse* *grêce*: adapted from OFR. *gressc* (FR. *graisse*) 'fateness'. Source LAT. *crassus* 'fat'.

**great** ME. *grêt* OE. *grêat*: cp. OSAX. *grôt*, DU. *groot*, OHG. *grôz* G. *gross* 'great': TEUT. *grauta-*.

**greaves** cogn. w. G. *griebe* OHG. *griubo* 'greaves'?

**greedy** ME. *grêdy* OE. *grêdiȝ* *grêwiȝ* = OSAX. *grâdag*, OHG. *grâtag*, ON. *grâdugr*, GOTH. *grêdags* 'hungry': derived from a TEUT. *grêdu-* 'hunger' = GOTH. *grêdus*, ON. *grâdr* 'hunger'. Perh. akin to the SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{grdh}}$  'to be greedy': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ghrêdh}}$  *ghydh*.

**green** ME. OE. *grêne*: Teut. base *grôni-* = OSAX. *grôni*, OHG. *gruoni* G. *grün* 'green', ON. *grénn*, SW. DAN. *grön*: deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{grô}}$  in *grow* and *grass*. The adj. orig. means 'growing'.

**greet** vb. ME. *grête* OE. *grêtan* = OSAX. *grôlian*, DU. *groeten*, ON. *gráta*, OHG. *gruozzan* G. *grüssen*: TEUT. type *grôtjan* 'greet'.

**grey** see *gray*. — **greyhound**

ME. *grêhound* formed after ON. *grêyhundr* 'greyhound'; cp. ON. *grêy* 'dog'?

**griddle** ME. *grêdel* 'griddle': a CELT. loanword; cp. IR. *grêideal* 'griddle' (fr. a LAT. *\*crâtellâ*).

**grief** ME. *grêf* (= ODU. *grief*): adapted fr. OFR. *grêf* 'heavy' — FR. *grief* 'injury' (source LAT. *grêvis* for *gravis*). — **grieve** vb. ME. *grêve* vb. 'burden, injure' fr. OFR. *grêver*.

**grill** vb. adapted fr. FR. *griller* 'broil on a gridiron'.

**grim** ME. OE. *grim* (*mm*): TEUT. base *grimma-* = OSAX. OHG. *grim* G. *grimm*, ON. *grimmr*: cogn. w. OE. OHG. *gram* 'angry' G. *gram*.

**grin** vb. ME. *grinne* *grenne* OE. *gremian* 'show the teeth, snarl, grin'; cogn. w. *grind*.

**grind** vb. ME. *grinde* OE. *grindan* str. vb.: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{grënd}}$  = ARYAN *ghrendh* in LAT. *frêndere* 'gnash'.

**gripe** ME. *grîpe* OE. *grîpan* str. vb. = OSAX. *grîpan*, DU. *griepen*, OHG. *grîfan* G. *grêifen*, GOTH. *grêipan* 'gripe, seize'. Outside of Teut. cp. the related  $\sqrt{\text{ghrib}}$  in LITH. *grêibiu* *grêibiti* 'seize' and LETT. *grêiba* 'will' — *grêibêt* 'to will'.

**grisly** ME. *grisly* short for OE. *grýslíc* (*angrýslíc*) 'terrible, horrible'.

**grist** ME. *grist* short for OE. *grist* lit. 'a grinding': deriv. of *grind*.

**grit** 'gravel' ME. *grêt* OE. *grêot* = OHG. *grîoz* G. *grics*, ON. *grjôt*.

**grizzly** fr. ME. *griscl* 'a gray-haired man': deriv. fr. FR. *gris*

'gray'. Source a TEUT. *grīs*- 'gray' in G. *greis*.

**groan** vb. ME. *grōne* OE. *grānian* 'moan': intensive deriv. of a str. vb. \**grī-nan* = OHG. *grīnan* G. *grēinen* 'weep', DU. *grīnen*.

**groat** sb. ME. *grôte*: a continental TEUT. word: MLG. ODU. *grôte*, DU. *groot*, G. *groschen*.

**grocer** borrowed fr. OFR. *grossier* (LAT. type *grossarius* 'a wholesale dealer', cp. FR. *engros* 'whole sale').

**groin** corrupted fr. OFR. *grīne* FR. *grain* 'the fork of a tree or of a river, a groin'.

**groom** ME. *grōm* 'boy': borrowed fr. OFR. *gromme* *gourme*, whence OFR. *gromet* 'servant'.

**groove** ME. *grōve* 'a pit' = DU. *groeve* *groef* OHG. *gruoba* G. *grube*, ON. *gróf*, GOTH. *grōba*; from OE. *grafan* = *grave*.

**grope** vb. ME. *grōpe* OE. *grāpian*; intensive formation of *grīpe* = OE. *grīpan*.

**ground** ME. *ground* OE. *grūnd* orig. *grūnd* = OSAX. G. *grund*, DU. *grond*, OHG. *grunt*, ON. *grund* 'meadow' — *grunnr* (fr. \**grunþus*) 'bottom of the sea, GOTH. *grundus* in *grunduvcaddjus* 'foundation', lit. 'a ground-wall'.

**group** borrowed fr. FR. *groupe* (= IT. *gruppo*).

**grove** ME. *grōve* OE. *gráf* 'grove'; TEUT. base *graiba-* *graifa-*. The ME. by-form *grēve* *grēve* 'grove, wood' corresponds to OE. *grāfe* = TEUT. base *graibjōn*-?

**grovel** vb. with the adv. *groveling* ME. *groveling(es)* *grufling(es)*; akin

to ME. *agrufl* *agrouve* 'groveling' and ON. *á grúfu* 'groveling' — *grúfa* vb. 'bow down'. The E. word seems to be a Scand. loanword.

**grow** vb. ME. *grōve* OE. *grōwan* = DU. *grocijen*, OHG. *gruoan* MHG. *grüezen*, ON. *gróa*, SW. DAN. *grø*: TEUT. √ *grō*, whence *green* and perh. also *grass*.

**growl** ME. *growle* from DU. *grollen* = G. *grollen*.

**grub** vb. ME. *grubbe* 'dig': TEUT. √ *grab* under *grave*; cp. OHG. *grubilōn* (G. *grübeln* 'brood, pour over').

**grudge** vb. ME. *grugge* earlier *grueche* (short for \**grouchen*?): borrowed fr. OFR. *groucher* *groucer* 'murmur'.

**gruel** ME. *grüel*: borrowed fr. OFR. *gruel* = FR. *gruau* (LAT. type *grutellum*, dimin. of MED.-LAT. *grutum* 'meal').

**gruff** borrowed fr. DU. *grof* = SW. *grof*, DAN. *grov* G. *grob*.

**grumble** loanword fr. FR. *grommeler*; akin to MDU. *grommelen*, frequent. of MDU. *grummen* *grommen* 'murmur'.

**grunt** vb. ME. *grunte* *gronte* OE. *grunncttan*; ident. w. G. *grunzen*, DAN. *grynte*, SW. *grynta*. A more primit. stem appears in OE. *grunian* 'grunt'. The √ *grun* is imitation of sound; cp. LAT. *grunnire*.

**guarantee** see *warrant*.

**guard** vb. borrowed fr. FR. *garder*, see *ward*.

**gudgeon** borrowed fr. FR. *goujon* (ME. \**guḡcon* \**gouḡcoun*?).

**guess** vb. ME. *gesse*: prob. not a native word, but borrowed fr. the continent (DU. LG. *gissen*) or fr. the Scand. (DAN. *gisse*, SW. *gissa*). A native ME. *gesse* would point to an OE. \**gētsian* (cp. *bless* OE. *blētsian*) = TEUT. base \**gōtisōn*?

**guest** ME. *gest* borrowed fr. SCAND. *gestr* 'guest'; there was a native OE. *ȝist* *ȝest*, which was supplanted by the Scand. loanword. SCAND. *gestr* OE. *ȝist* = OHG. OSAX. G. DU. *gast* represent a TEUT. base *gasti-s* = LAT. *hostis* 'enemy', OSLOV. *gosti* 'guest': ARVAN base *ghostis*.

**guide** vb. ME. *gide* borrowed fr. FR. *guider* (OFR. also *guier* = ME. *gie* vb.).

**guild** ME. *gilde* OE. *gyld*; cp. DU. *gild*, G. *gilde*.

**guile** sb. ME. *gile* borrowed fr. OFR. *guile* 'treachery', which is of Teut. origin; cp. *wile*.

**guilt** sb. ME. *gilt* OE. *gylt* 'a crime': TEUT. base *gulti*; a  $\sqrt{\text{gult}}$  is unknown elsewhere.

**guise** ME. *gtse* fr. OFR. *guise* 'way, wise', which is of Teut. origin; cp. *wise*.

**gulf** adapted fr. FR. *golfe*, whence also G. *golf*. The Rom. group Span. IT. *golfo* 'a gulf, bay' is based on GR. *ζόλφος* *ζόλπος*; 'bosom, lap, a deep hollow'.

**gullet** sb. 'throat' ME. *gullet* *golet* borrowed fr. FR. *goule* 'throat' = LAT. *gula*.

**gum**<sup>1</sup> short for ME. *gōme* OE. *gōma* 'palate'; cp. ON. *gōmr*, OHG. *guomo* 'palate'; cogn. with the equival. LITH. *gomurys*: ARVAN  $\sqrt{\text{ghā}}$  (*ghau*?).

**gum**<sup>2</sup> ME. *gomme* *gumme*: borrowed fr. FR. *gomme* = IT. *gomma*; source LAT. *gummi* (GR. *ζόμμου*).

**gun** ME. *gunne* *gonne*; the ME. word was first applied to a catapult or machine for throwing stones; perh. shortened for OFR. *mangonne*, which is the base of OFR. ME. *mangonel* 'machine for throwing stones'.

**gush** vb. ME. *gusche* prop. *gousche*; akin to ON. *gusa* vb. 'gush', ODU. *guisen* 'gush': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{gut}}$  in GOTH. *giutan*, OE. *ȝotan*, OHG. *giōzzan* G. *giessen* 'pour out'.

**gut** ME. OE. *gut* (plur. ME. *guttas* OE. *guttas*): Teut. base *guttu-*.

**gutter** ME. *gutēre* *gotēre* fr. FR. *gouttière* (OFR. *goutier*, LAT. type *guttarium*: deriv. of LAT. *gutta* 'drop').

**Gypsy** short for ME. *Egipciēn* *Egyptian*; cp. SPAN. PORT. *gitano* 'Gypsy' from *Aegyptiānus*; MOD.-GREEK *Γυγτός* aus *Αίγυπτος*. The Gypsies were popularly supposed to be Egyptians.

## H

**habergeon** ME. *haberȝeon* *haberjoun*: borrowed fr. OFR. *haubergon* *hauberjon*, dimin. of OFR. *hauberc*; see *hauberk*.

**habit** ME. *abit*: adapted fr. FR. *habit* 'garment, habit, a custom': source LAT. *habitus* 'condition, habit, dress'.

**hack** vb. ME. *hakke* OE. *haccian* (*hæccēan*) = DU. *hakken*, G. *hacken*, SW. *hakka*, DAN. *hakke*; possibly from the  $\sqrt{hæw}$  *hæw* seen in OE. *hæwan* = E. *heave*.

**hack**<sup>2</sup>; see *hackney*.

**hackle hatchel** sb. ME. *hekel* *hechel*; cogn. w. DU. *heckel*, G. *hechel*; SW. *häckla*, DAN. *hegle* (GOTH. \**hakila*).

**hackney** ME. *hakency*: borrowed fr. FR. *haquencé* 'an ambling horse' (= ODU. *hackeneyc*, SPAN. *hacanea* 'a hackney').

**haft** ME. *haft* OE. *hæft*; cogn. w. DU. *heft*, ON. *hepti*, OHG. *hefti* G. *heft*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{haf}$  (cp. *hcarv*) = ARYAN  $\sqrt{kap}$  in LAT. *capio* 'take'.

**hag** ME. *hagge* short for OE. *hæȝesse* = MDU. *haghetisse*, OHG. *haga-zussa*: the first part of the compound is perh. ident. w. *haw*, the second part still unexplained.

**haggard**<sup>1</sup> adj. adapted fr. FR. *hagard* 'wild, lit. 'of the woods'; formed fr. OHG. *haga* with the Fr. suffix *-ard* from G. *-hart*; cp. *hag*.

**haggard**<sup>2</sup> adj. 'lean, meager' (earlier spelling *haggcd*) prop. 'hag-like'.

**hail** sb. ME. *hail* (*haul*) OE. *hæȝel* (*hagol*) = DU. G. SW. DAN. *hagel*, OHG. *hagal*, ON. *hagl*: Teut. bases *hagla-* and *hagala-*. Perh. cogn. w. GR. *zázληξ* 'a round pebble'. A single pebble is called *stone*: E. *hailstone* OE. *hæȝelstān*, = ON. *haglstēinn*.

**hail** adj. (ident. w. *hale* adj.) ME. *heil* 'healthy, sound': Scand. loanword (ON. *heill*) superseding the native OE. *hāl* = E. *whole*. — **hail** vb. 'greet, salute' ME. *heile*, formed fr. the ME. adj. *heil*, which was borrowed fr. ON. *heill*. — **hail** (an exclamation of greeting) ME. *heil* from ON. *heill* 'hale, whole' (esp. used in greeting as *far heill* 'farewell').

**hair** (earlier spelling *hear* *heare* in the 16. cent.) ME. *hér* OE. *hēr* *hēr* = ON. *hár*, OSAX. OHG. MHG. *hâr*, DU. DAN. G. *haar*, SW. *hâr*: Teut. base *hêra-* (*hêza-*?). Orig. allied are ON. *hadár*, OE. *heord* (GOTH. \**hasda-*) 'hair'. Outside of Teut. cp. OSLOV. *kosmū kosa* (Lith. *kasà*) 'hair' — *česati* vb. 'comb'.

**hale** adj. (ident. w. *hail* adj.) fr. ON. *heill* 'sound'; cp. *whole*.

**hale haul** vb. 'drag' ME. *hale* OE. (*ȝcholian* and) \**ȝchalian* = OSAX. *halôn*, OFRIS. *halia*, DU. *halen*, OHG. *holôn* (*halôn*) G. *hōlen*. The

TEUT.  $\sqrt{hal}$  *hol* answers to LAT. *calâre*, GR.  $\alpha\lambda\epsilon\iota\nu$  'summon'.

**half** ME. *half* OE. *healf* = GOTH. *halbs*, ON. *hálfr*, OHG. G. *halb*, OSAX. DU. SW. *half*, DAN. *halv*: Teut. base *halba-*, perh. cogn. w. SKR. *klpay* 'arrange, divide'.

**halibut holibut** ME. *halibut*; from ME. *hōly* 'holy' and *butte* 'a plaice'; cp. DU. *heilbot* 'halibut', SW. *helgflundra*, DAN. *hellefjynder*; the fish is so called because it is excellent eating for holydays; cp. SCAND. *heilagr fiskr*, LG. *heilige butt* and *heilbutt*.

**hall** ME. *halle* OE. *heall* = ON. *hall holl*, OSAX. *halla*, DU. *hal*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{hāl}$  *hēl* in OE. *hēlan* 'hide' = DU. *helen*, OHG. *hēlan* G. *hehlen*; cp. ARYAN  $\sqrt{kēl}$  'conceal, cover' in LAT. *celâre oculere*, GR.  $\sqrt{\alpha\lambda}$  in  $\alpha\lambda\iota\nu\pi\tau\omega$  'hide' —  $\alpha\lambda\epsilon\beta\eta$  'hut', OIR. *celim* 'I hide'; SKR. *gâlu* 'house'.

**hallow** vb. ME. *haltee* short for OE. *hālgian*: from OE. *hāliġ* = E. *holy*. — **hallowmass** 'feast' shortened from *All Hallows' Mass* 'mass of all saints'; *hallowes'* is the gen. of *hallowes*, plur. of ME. *hal(o)we* 'a saint' = OE. *hālgā* 'a saint' from OE. *hāliġ* 'holy'. Cp. *holy*.

**halo** borrowed fr. LAT.-GR. *halos* 'circle around the sun or moon'.

**halt** adj. ME. *halt* OE. *healt* = GOTH. *halts*, ON. *haltr*, OSAX. *halt*, OHG. *halz*: Teut. base *haltā-*, pre-TEUT. *koldo* — *klōdo* in LAT. *claudus* *halt*, GR.  $\alpha\lambda\alpha\delta\alpha\rho\acute{o}\varsigma$

'brittle'. — **halt** vb. ME. *halte* OE. *healtian* (= OHG. *\*halzēn* MHG. *halzen* 'limp') from OE. *healt* = *halt* adj. 'lame'.

**halter** ME. *halter* OE. *halftre* = MDU. *halfter* DU. *halster*, OHG. *halftre* G. *halfter*; closely allied to OE. *hylf* m. = E. *helve* 'handle', OHG. *halp*. From the same root are derived with *m*-formation ME. *halme* 'handle', OHG. *halmo* in *jioh-* 'rope fastened to the yoke to guide the oxen'.

**halyard halliard** 'a rope for hoisting sails' shortened from *hale-yard*, because the ropes haul the yards into their places. Cp. *hale* vb. and *yard*.

**ham** ME. *hamme* OE. *hamm* lit. 'bend of the leg'; Teut. base *hamma-* from an Aryan *kanmâ-knâmâ-* in GR.  $\alpha\lambda\iota\nu\eta$ ? OIR. *cnám* (base *knâmî-*) 'bone'.

**hame** 'horse-collar' ME. *háme* (OE. *\*hama*) = DU. *haam*, G. *hamen*: Teut. base *haman-* cogn. w. GR.  $\alpha\eta\mu\omicron\varsigma$ , LAT. *câmus* 'muzzle'.

**hamlet** ME. *hamlet*; formed with dimin. suffix *-el* from OFR. *hamel* (= Fr. *hameau*): source a Teut. word OFRIS. *hâm* = E. *home* (with dimin. suffix *-el*).

**hammer** ME. *hamer* OE. *hamor* = ON. *hamarr*, OSAX. *hamur*, OHG. *hamar* G. *hammer*; ON. *hamarr* denotes also 'rock, cliff', pointing to relationship with OSLOV. *kamy* 'stone'.

**hamper** vb. ME. *hampere* *hampre* vb.

**hamper** sb. borrowed fr. OFR.

*hanapier*, orig. 'a vessel to keep cups in' from OFR. *hanap* (Lat. type *hanapus*) 'goblet'. The Fr. *hanap* is of Teut. origin; cp. OE. *hnap*, OHG. *hnapf* G. *nappf*, MLG. DU. *napp*.

**hand** ME. OE. *hand* *hond* = GOTH. *handus*, ON. *hond*, OHG. *hant* G. OSAX. DU. *hand*: prob. derived fr. TEUT. GOTH. *hinþan* 'catch' (cp. *hound* and *hunt*).

— **handle** vb. ME. *handle* OE. *handlian* = DU. *handelen*, ON. *hondla*, OHG. *hantalôn* G. *handeln*: frequent. vb. derived fr. *hand*.

— **handle** sb. ME. *handel* OE. *handle* from *handle* vb. — **handcuff** 'a cuff for the hand' adopted fr. ME. *handcops* 'a handcuff' from OE. *handcops* 'a handcuff' from OE. *hand* 'hand' and *cops* 'a fetter'. — **handicraft** with unorig. inserted *i* (after *handiwork*) from OE. *handcraft*. — **handiwork** ME. *handiwerc* OE. *hand-zerwerc* from OE. *hond* and *zerwerc* ident. w. *werc*. The *i* is due to the prefix OE. *ze*.

**handsome** ME. *handsom* prop. 'easy to handle'. — **handy** ME. *hendy* OE. *hendiz* in *listhendiz*? Akin w. GOTH. *handugs* 'clever', DU. *handig* 'handy, expert'; perh. not derived fr. *hand*, but akin to GR. *zeréō* 'prick, spur'; cp. OHG. *hantag* 'sharp'.

**hang** vb. ME. *hange* OE. *hangian* = OHG. *hangên* G. *hanger*: deriv. of a str. vb. TEUT. \**hanhan* = GOTH. OHG. *hâhan* = OE. *hôn* (for \**hóhan*); cp. *hunger*.

**hanker** vb. akin to DU. *hunkeren* (dial. *hankeren*) 'long after'; prob. akin to *hang* and *hunger*.

**hap** sb. ME. *hap* borrowed fr. SCAND. *happ* 'chance, good luck'; cp. OE. *zchap* 'fit'. — Hence **happen** vb. ME. *happene* extended for ME. *happen* (cp. SWED. *happa*). — Cp. *perhaps*.

**harass** vb. loanword fr. FR. *harasser* 'vex'.

**harbor** sb. ME. *herberwe*, earlier (12. cent.) *herberge* 'inn, lodging, guest house': Scand. loanword, cp. ON. *herberge* 'inn, lodging' = OHG. *heri-bërga* 'guest house' (prop. 'sheltering place for the army') G. *herberge*, DU. *herberg*. The first part of the compound is OE. *here* = OHG. OSAX. *heri*, GOTH. *harjis* 'army'. The second part is derived fr. a lost str. vb. TEUT. *bërgan* 'shelter'. — **harbinger** ME. *herberzour* 'one who provides lodgings': deriv. of OFR. *herberger* vb. 'lodge, quarter' which is a deriv. of OFR. *herberge* (= FR. *auberge*). This is ident. w. OHG. *heribërga* (see *harbor*).

**hard** adj. ME. *hard* OE. *hæard*; perh. the ME. phonology points to its being borrowed from ON. *hardr*. Cp. OSAX. DU. *hard*, OHG. *herti hart* G. *hart* 'hard, solid, heavy, painful', ON. *hardr*, SW. *hård*, DAN. *haard*, GOTH. *hardus* 'hard, severe': Teut. base *hardu-* = ARYAN *kartú-* in GR. *καρτός* (*καρτα*). — **hardy** adj. ME. *hardy* borrowed fr. FR. *hardi* which is

of Teut. origin; cp. OHG. *harti herti* under *hard*.

**hards** sb. 'the refuse or coarse part of flax' ME. *hérdes* OE. *hēordan* plur. 'hards of flax'; akin to OE. *heord*, ON. *haddr* 'hair'?

**hare** ME. *háre* OE. *hara* = OHG. *haso* G. *hase*; for the rhotacism in E. cp. ON. *here*: Teut. base *hasan-* *hasan-*; an ARYAN *kaso-* is represented in the synonym. SKR. *çāçā*, OPRUSS. *sasins* 'hare'. The Aryan name of the animal points perh. to the OE. adj. *haso hasu* 'gray'.

**hark** vb. ME. *hërke* (OE. *\*hércian* *\*hýrcian*) from a Teut. base *\*hausiqôn* = OFRIS. *hèrkia*, MLG. *horken* G. *hórchen* MHG. *hórchen* late OHG. *hòrchen* from *\*hòrahôn*: derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{hauz}$  in GOTH. *hausjan* = E. *hear*. —

**harken** vb. ME. *hèrkne* short for OE. *hèrenian* *hýrenian*; an E. derivative of the verb *hear*; cp. *talk* and *tell*, *lurk* and *lower*.

**harlot** ME. *harlot* 'a disorderly person' (of either sex): loanword fr. OFR. *harlot* 'vagabond'.

**harm** ME. *harm*, OE. *harm* = OSAX. *harm* OHG. *haram* 'insult, mortification'; cogn. w. OSLOV. *sramü* (fr. *\*sormü*) 'shame, disgrace'.

**harness** ME. *harnéis*; borrowed fr. OFR. *harnéis* 'armor', whence also G. *harnisch*.

**harp** ME. *harpe* OE. *hearpe*; cp. synonym. ON. *harpa*, DU. *harp*, OHG. *harpsa* *harfa* G. *harfe*. The Teut.

word occurs first in the 5<sup>th</sup> cent. as LAT. *harpa*; FR. *harpe* is of Teut. origin.

**harpoon** adopted fr. FR. *harpon*, whence also DU. *harpoen* (G. *har-pune*). Source LAT. *harpago(nem)*.

**harrow** sb. ME. *harwe* (pointing to OE. *\*hearwe* or *\*hearge*); perh. akin to the synonym. G. *harke*, DU. *hark*, ON. *herfi*, DAN. *harv*, SW. *hærf* 'harrow'.

**harry** vb. ME. *herie herien* OE. *herzian herigan* 'overcome with an army' (= GOTH. *\*harjôn*, ON. *herja* 'go on a plundering expedition', OHG. *hëriôn* G. *ver-heeren*): derived fr. TEUT. *harja* 'army' under *harbor*.

**harsh** adj. late ME. *harsk*: a Scand. loanword; cp. DAN. OSW. *harsk* 'rancid'.

**hart** sb. ME. *hert* OE. *heort* (*heorot*) = DU. *hert*, OHG. *hiruz* *hirz* G. *hirs* now *hirsch*, ON. *hjortr*, SW. *hjort*, DAN. *hiort*: Teut. base *\*hërut-* from ARYAN *kerud-*, cogn. with LAT. *cervus* 'hart' and GR. *ζεράος* (lit. 'horned' from *ζεράς* 'a horn'), KYMR. *carw* 'hart', PRUSS. *sirwis*, OSLOV. *sürna* 'roe'.

**harvest** ME. *hervest* OE. *hærfest* = DU. *herfst*, OHG. *hërbist* G. *herbst*: related to LAT. *carpere* 'pluck', GR. *ζωπός* 'fruit', *ζωόπιον* 'a pruning-knife', SKR. *kypana* 'sword', LIT. *kirp-ti* 'shear'.

**hash** sb. from FR. *hacher* vb. 'hack' (of Teut. origin, cp. *hack* vb.).

**hasp** ME. *haspe* OE. *hæps* (for

\**hasp*) = DAN. SW. G. MHG. *haspe*, ON. *hespa* 'hasp'.

**haste** vb. ME. *haste*: loanword fr. OFR. *haster* (FR. *hâter*), whence also DU. *haasten*, G. *hasten* 'make haste'. The FR. vb. is prob. a Teut. loanword.

**hat** sb. ME. *hat* (plur. *hattes*) OE. *hæt* (plur. *hattas*) = ON. *höttr* 'hood, cowl', SW. *hatt*, DAN. *hat* 'hat': Teut. base *hattu-* cogn. w. *hood* sb. and perh. also with LAT. *cassis* (for \**cat-tis*) 'helmet'.

**hatch** vb. ME. *hacche*; cp. MHG. *hęcken* 'produce young from eggs by incubation' G. *aushecken* 'hatch', SW. *häcka* 'breed', DAN. *hækkebuur* 'breeding cage'.

**hatch** sb. 'halfdoor' ME. *hacche* OE. *hæcc?* cogn. w. DU. *hek?*

**hatchel** see *hackle* sb.

**hatchet** sb. ME. *hacchet*: loanword from FR. *hachette*, dimin. of FR. *hache* 'axe': source a TEUT. *hakka* cp. *hack* vb.

**hate** vb. ME. *häte* older *hätien* OE. *hatian* = GOTH. *hatan*, DU. *haten*, OSAX. *hatôn*, OHG. *ha<sub>5</sub>ôn* G. *hassen*. — **hate** sb. ME. *häte* influenced by the vb. *häte*; earlier ME. *hete* OE. *hete* = OSAX. *heti*, DU. *haat*, OHG. *ha<sub>5</sub>* G. *hass*, ON. *hatr*, SW. *hat*, DAN. *had*, GOTH. *hatis*. The TEUT.  $\surd$  *hat* 'hate' is perh. ident. w. the Teut.  $\surd$  *hap* in OE. *heado-* 'war' = OHG. *hadu* and G. *hader* 'quarrel'.

**hatred** ME. *hatrēde(n)*: abstr.

noun from the vb. *hate*; cp. *kindred*.

**hauberk** ME. *hauberk* borrowed fr. OFR. *hauberc*; source OHG. *halsbērc* prop. 'neck-defence'.

**haughty** adj. ME. *hautein* 'arrogant' from OFR. *hautain*; source OFR. *haut* = LAT. *altus* 'high'.

**haul** see *hale* vb.

**haunch** sb. ME. *haunche*: loanword from FR. *hanche* (OFR. *hanke* of Teut. origin; cp. OHG. *anka*?).

**haunt** vb. ME. *haunte* borrowed fr. FR. *hanter* 'haunt, frequent'.

**have** ME. *have* OE. *habban* = OSAX. *hebbian*, DU. *hebben*, OHG. *habēn* G. *haben*, ON. *hafa*, GOTH. *haban*: Teut. base *habai-*, ident. w. LAT. *habere*? Aryan base *khabh<sub>2</sub>y?*

**haven** ME. *hāven* late OE. *hæfene*, prob. a Scand. loanword; cp. ON. *hofn* 'haven'; perh. allied to OE. *hæf*, ON. *haf* 'ocean'.

**haversack** borrowed fr. FR. *havresac* 'a knapsack' from G. *habersack* *hafersack* 'a sack for oats'.

**haw** ME. *hawe* OE. *haga* 'an inclosure' = ON. *hagi*; cp. OHG. *hag* 'an inclosure' G. *hag* 'a hedge', DU. *haag* 'a hedge, garden'. A corresponding Aryan  $\surd$  *kagh* is evident in CYMR. *cae*, CORN. *ke* 'hedge'. — Hence **hawthorn** OE. *hagu-forn*. Cp. *hedge*.

**hawk** ME. *hawk* OE. *heafoc*; cp. OSAX. \**habuc* in the proper name *Habuc-horst*, DU. *havik*, OHG. *habuh* G. *habicht* with secondary



*t*, ON. *haukr* (for *hobukr*), SW. *hök*, DAN. *hög*; GOTH. \**habuks* with formative *-ka-* as in *ahaks* 'dove'. The  $\sqrt{haf}$  is seen in OE. *hebban* E. *heave* orig. 'take, seize' as in LAT. *capere*.

**hawser** 'a tow-rope' borrowed fr. the OFR. vb. *haulser* 'raise, tow a boat' (Lat. type *altiare* 'elevate, raise').

**hay** ME. *hey* OE. *hēȝ hīȝ*: Teut. base *hauja-* = GOTH. *hawi* (gen. *haujis*) 'hay, grass', OHG. *hewi hrowwi* G. *heu*, ON. *hey*, SW. DAN. *hø*, DU. *hooi*; orig. verbal adj. of the Teut. verbal  $\sqrt{hause}$  seen in *hew*. Hence *hay* 'grass to be hewn' (orig. *hauja-* sc. *grasa-*).

**hazel** ME. *hāsel* OE. *hæsel* = DU. *hazel*, OHG. *hasala* G. *hasel*, ON. *hasl*: from pre-TEUT. *kōsto-*, hence in Lat. with rhotacism *corulus* for \**cosulus* 'hazel'; cp. also OIR. *coll* 'hazel' for \**cosl*?

**he** ME. OE. *hē* = OSAX. *hē*.

**head** short for ME. *hēd* fuller form *hēved* OE. *hēafod* = ON. *haufuf* (*hōfuf*), GOTH. *haubiþ*, OSAX. *hōbid*, DU. *hoofd*, OHG. *houbit* G. *haupt*: Teut. base *haubida-* *haubuda-* is closely allied to OE. *hūfe*, OHG. *hūba* G. *haube* 'cap, hood'. This *ū*-root (ARYAN *kūp-*?) may be connected with LAT. *caput*, if this is traceable to an hypothetical \**cauput* \**cōput*. — **head** var. suffix of *-hood*.

**heal** vb. ME. *hēl*, OE. *hēlan*; cp. the synonym. OSAX. *hēlian*, DU. *heelen*, OHG. *heilan* G. *heilen*, ON. *heila*, GOTH. *hailjan* 'heal': deriv.

of the Teut. adj. *haila-* = E. *whole* (cp. also *hail* adj. — *hale* adj.). — **health** ME. *helthe* OE. *hēlþ* 'healing, cure' = OHG. *heilida*: an abstract formation from the adj. *hāl* 'whole, hale' (see *whole*).

**heap** ME. *hēp* OE. *hēap* 'heap, troop, crowd' = OSAX. *hōp*, DU. *hoop*, OHG. *houf* 'crowd, troop' G. *haufe* 'crowd, troop, pile' (GOTH. \**haups*). OSLOV. *kupū* and LITH. *kaupas* 'heap' are prob. allied.

**hear** vb. ME. *hēre* OE. *hēran* (WEST-SAX. *hýran*) = OSAX. *hōrian*, DU. *hooren*, OHG. *hōran* G. *hören*, ON. *heyra*, SW. *höra*, DAN. *høre*: all with rhotacism versus GOTH. *hausjan* 'hear' (cp. *hark* and *hearken*). The TEUT.  $\sqrt{haus}$  = ARYAN *kous* may be connected with GR. *ἀ-ζούω* for *ἀ-ζούω* (with prefix *a-* = SKR. *sam*) and with TEUT. *ausō* 'ear' = *ear*.

**hearken** var. of *harken*; cp. *hark*.

**hearse** sb. ME. *hērc* *hērc* orig. 'a triangular harrow', then 'a carriage for a dead body': adopted fr. OFR. *herce* 'a harrow' = FR. *herse* 'a harrow'. Source LAT. *hirpex* — *hirpicem* 'a harrow'.

**heart** ME. *herte* OE. *heorte*; equivalent to OSAX. *hērtu*, ON. *hjárta*, GOTH. *hairtō* (OHG. *hērza* G. *herz* by the second sound-shifting): Teut. base *hērtōn-* or *hērtan-* = Aryan base *kērd* *krd* in LAT. *cor cordis*, GR. *ζαοῦδία*

and  $\kappa\eta\rho$  for  $^*\kappa\eta\rho\delta$ , IR. *críde*, OSLOV. *srǫdice* 'heart'.

**hearth** ME. *herth* OE. *heorþ* = DU. *heerd*, OSAX. *hērth*, G. *herd*: a TEUT.  $\sqrt{h\bar{e}r}$  'burn' (cp. LAT. *cre-mare* 'burn?') may be assumed as the base of E. *hearth* and GOTH. *haiŕi* 'coal' plur. *haiŕja* 'fire', ON. *hyrr* 'fire'.

**heat** sb. ME. *hēte* OE. *hēto*, the abstract sb. from the adj. OE. *hāt* (= E. *hot*) formed by vowel mutation (GOTH. *\*haitēi* f. 'heat'). — **heat** vb. ME. *hēte* OE. *hētan*: a factitive vb. from the adj. OE. *hāt* = E. *hot* (GOTH. *\*haitjan* from *\*haitis*); cp. G. *heizen*.

**heath** ME. *hēth* OE. *hēþ* = OHG. *heida* G. *heide* 'heath', GOTH. *haiþi* 'a waste', ON. *heidr*. Hence **heathen** ME. *hēthen* OE. *hēden* corresponding to ON. *heidinn*, DU. MHG. *heiden* G. *heide*. In GOTH. we find only a feminine *haiþnô* 'a heathen woman', whereby the existence of the common Teut. masculine *haiþina* is secured for the fourth century. It seems to be a translation of the synon. LAT. *paganus* occurring in the latter half of the fourth century of the Christian era.

**heave** vb. ME. *hēve* earlier *hebbe* OE. *hebban* str. vb. = ON. *hefja*, OSAX. *hebbian*, DU. *heffen*, OHG. *heffan* *hēvan* G. *heben*, GOTH. *hafjan* 'lift, raise': ARYAN.  $\sqrt{kap}$  in LAT. *capio* 'seize'. See *heavy*.

**heaven** ME. *hēven* OE. *heofon* = OSAX. *hēban* (LG. *heaven*) with a by-form *himil*, OHG. *himil*, DU. *hemel*, G. SW. DAN. *himmel*: the *l*-suffix stands by dissimilation for the older *n*-suffix after GOTH. *himins*, ON. *himinn*, whilst in the Saxon forms the orig. *m* is dissimilated to *þ*. The common Teut. word is prob. a deriv. of a more primit. TEUT. *haiman*- 'clearness, brightness' (OFRIS. *hâmlicht* 'bright as the sky'): TEUT.  $\sqrt{hai}$  in G. *heiter*, OE. *hā-dor* 'serene'. Cp. *hoar*.

**heavy** ME. *hevy* OE. *hefīȝ* = OHG. *hēbīg*, ON. *hofugr* 'heavy': deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{haf}$  in *heave*.

**hedge** ME. *heġge* OE. *heġġ* (OE. also *heġe* ME. *heye haye*): Teut. base *hagja-*; cp. OHG. *hecca* G. *hecke*, DU. *hegge* *heg*. Cp. *haw*.

**heed** vb. ME. *hēde* OE. *hēdan* = OSAX. *hōdian*, OHG. *huoten* G. *hüten*, DU. *hoeden*. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{hōd}$  from ARYAN *kādh* (*kōdh*?) or *kāt* is regarded as orig. cogn. w. LAT. *cassis* (for *\*cat-tis*) 'helmet'; cp. *hood* sb.

**heel** sb. ME. *hēle* OE. *hēla hāla* shortened from *\*héhila* = EAST-FRIS. *hēla* (whence DU. *hiel*), dimin. of OE. *hōh* 'heel'; a Teut. base *hanha-* cp. in ON. *hēll* 'heel', DAN. *hæl*, SW. *hæl*, and in E. *hough*.

**heel** vb. 'incline' shortened from ME. *hēlde* OE. *hēldan* *hyldan* = OHG. *hēldan* w. vb. 'incline': Teut. base *halþjan* derived fr. the Teut. adj. *halþa-* 'inclined'

in OE. *niderheald* 'bent downwards'.

**heifer** ME. *haifer* (*heckfre*) OE. *heahfore heahfre* (\**hægfre?*) 'a young cow': apparently a compound, but of obscure elements. the first element seems to be *heah-hæz-* = TEUT. *haha-* *haga-* cp. G. dial. *hagen hegel* 'bull, ox'; the second element is perh. OE. *fearr* 'bull, ox' (GR. *πότις* heifer).

**height** ME. *heghte* earlier *heghte* OE. *hēhþo hýhþo* = GOTH. *hauhiþa* 'height', ON. *héd:* abstr. formation from the TEUT. adj. *hauha-* = *high* formed with suff. *-iþa* (cf. *length, strength*).

**heinous** ME. *heinous* from OFR. *hainos* = FR. *haineux* 'hateful'.

**heir** ME. *heir eir* from OFR. *heir eir* = LAT. *heres* 'an heir'.

**hell** ME. *helle* OE. *hell*; cp. GOTH. *halþa*, OSAX. *hell*—*hella*, OHG. *hella* G. *hölle*: common Teut. Christian name for 'Hades, infernum'; ON. *hel* shows that the older orig. word was also used in pre-Christian times for heathen 'infernum'. Cp. also ON. *Hel* 'goddess of death'. Usually connected with  $\sqrt{\text{hel}}$  *hal* 'conceal' (cp. *hall*), hence *hell* 'the hiding place, the unseen place'.

**helm** sb. ME. *helme* OE. *helma*; cp. ON. *hjaln* 'a rudder'.

**helmet** dimin. of ME. OE. *hēlm*. In the form *hēlma-* 'helmet' common to the Teut. langs.; cp. GOTH. *hilms*, ON. *hjaln*, SW. DAN. *hjelm*, OSAX. DU. G. *helm* with the same meaning that may be

derived fr. the verbal  $\sqrt{\text{hel}}$  in OE. OHG. *hēlan*, GOTH. *hīlan* 'hide, conceal' (ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{kēl}}$  in LAT. *celāre, occulere*, SKR. *çarman* 'protection').

**help** vb. ME. *helpe* OE. *hēlpān* = GOTH. *hīlpān*, ON. *hjalpa*, SW. *hjälpa*, DAN. *hjælpe*, OSAX. *hēlpān*, DU. LG. *helfen*, OHG. *hēlfan* G. *helfen*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hēlp}}$  from PRE-TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{kelb-}}$  (LITH. *szēlpti* vb. *paszālpa* 'help' pointing to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{kelp}}$ ).

**helve** sb. ME. *helve* OE. *helf hylf*: Teut. base *halbi-*; cp. MLG. MDU. *helve*, OHG. *halba helba* MHG. *helf halp* 'a handle'. See *halter*.

**hem** sb. ME. *hem* (plur. *hemmes*) OE. *hem* (plur. *hemmas*): Teut. base *hamja-*.

**hemlock** ME. *hemlok humlok* OE. *hēmlic hýmlec*: the second part of the compound seems to be explanatory (cp. *leek*), the first part points to a Teut. base \**haumi-*?

**hemp** ME. *hemp* OE. *hæncp*; cp. ON. *hampr*, DU. *hennep*, OHG. *hanaf* G. *hanf*: ident. w. the synon. LAT. *cannabis*, GR. *závraßtç*. The Teut. word cannot be borrowed from GR. or LAT. Perh. the Teutons adopted the word and the thing from the Scythians whence the word came also to Greece.

**hen** ME. OE. *hen* (stem *henn-*): the fem. of OE. *hana* 'cock' = OHG. *henna* G. *henne* (GOTH. \**hanjō-*) derived fr. *hana* m. 'cock'. ON. *hóna* (SW. *höna*

'hen') points to GOTH. \**hônjô*. The common TEUT. masc. *hanan-* (GOTH. OE. *hana*, OHG. *hano*) orig. meant 'singer', primit. related to LAT. *canere* 'sing'.

**hence** ME. *hennes* with secondary -s (as in *thence*, *once*) for an earlier *henne*, which by syncope stands for late OE. *heonane* mostly OE. *heonan* = OSAX. OHG. *hinân* (G. *von himmen*). An original stem *hi-* 'this' is evident also in *here* and *hither*.

**herald** ME. *herald* (*heraud*): borrowed fr. FR. *h'raut* (LAT. type *heraldus*), which is of Teut. origin (*heri-wald*?).

**herb** ME. *herbe* adopted fr. FR. *herbe*: source LAT. *herba* 'grass'.

**herd<sup>1</sup>** 'a flock' short for ME. *herde* OE. *hëord* = GOTH. *hairda*, ON. *hjørd*, SW. DAN. *hjørd* OHG. *hërta* G. *herde*, TEUT. *hërdô-* from ARYAN *kerdhâ* is cogn. w. SKR. *gârdhas gârdha-s* 'troop'; also OSLOV. *črëda* 'herd, flock', LITH. *keřdëus* 'shepherd'. See *herd<sup>2</sup>*.

— **herd<sup>2</sup>** 'shepherd' now usually compounded (*shep-*, *cow-*, *swine-*) ME. *herde* OE. *hÿrde* (*hëorde*), GOTH. *hairdeis*, ON. *hirdir*, OHG. *hirti* G. *hirte*: with formative *ja-* from TEUT. *herdô-* 'herd, flock'.

**here** ME. *here* OE. *hër* = GOTH. ON. OSAX. *hër* OHG. *hÿar* G. *hier*: adv. of place (formed like GOTH. *aljar* 'elsewhere', *far* 'there' cp. *there*) from the pronom. stem *hi-* in GOTH. *hi-mma daga* 'to-day' und *hi-na dag* 'till to-day' (cp. *hence* and *hither*). The

stem *hi-* is cogn. w. LITH. *szis*, OSLOV. *si* 'this one', LAT. *ci-s ci-tra* 'on this side'.

**heron** ME. *heiroun* from OFR. *hairon* = FR. *héron*.

**herring** ME. *hering* OE. *hëring* = OHG. *hâring* MHG. *hëring* G. *hering*, DU. *haring*. WESTTEUT. *hâring* is the source of FR. *hareng*.

**hest** 'a command' ME. *hëste hëst* with inorganic *t* from OE. *hës* 'a command' = TEUT. *haisi-* orig. *hait-ti*: TEUT.  $\checkmark$  *hait* in OE. *hitan* 'command'. See *behest* and *hight*.

**hew** vb. ME. *hëwe* OE. *hëqwan* = OSAX. *hauwan*, OHG. *houwan* G. *hauen*, DU. *houwen*; ON. *hoggeva* points to GOTH. \**haggwan* in place of TEUT. *hawwan*. The verbal  $\checkmark$  *haww haw* (cp. *hay*) is allied to the ARYAN  $\checkmark$  *kow* in OSLOV. *kovā* — *kovati* 'forge', LITH. *kauju* 'I strike' — *kujis* 'hammer'.

**heyday** orig. *hey day* = E. *high day*.

**hiccough hiccup**, also **hick-et** looks like a dimin. of *hick* or *hik* 'a catch in the voice', imitative of sound?

**hide<sup>1</sup>** sb. ME. *hÿde* OE. *hÿd* (by vowel mutation fr. a Teut. base *hÿ-di-*); synon. in all Teut. languages except Goth.; cp. OHG. *hÿt* G. *haut*, ON. *hÿd*, DAN. SW. *hud*, DU. *huud*. ARYAN *kÿti-s* answers to LAT. *cÿtis* 'skin'; cp. GR.  $\alpha\upsilon\tau\omicron\varsigma$  'skin, hide'. The  $\checkmark$  *ku* appears in LAT. *scÿtum* 'shield', GR.  $\sigma\chi\upsilon\text{-}\tau\omicron\varsigma$  'skin, hide' with a prefix *s*.

**hide**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a measure of land' OE. *hid* contr. of OE. *higid* 'enough land for a household'; prop. \**h̥wida-* 'family' allied to *hind*<sup>2</sup>.

**hide** vb. ME. *hīde* OE. *hīdan*: Teut. base *hūdjan*, perh. cogn. w. CYMR. *cudd* 'hidden, concealed' and GR. *κεῖθω* 'hide': ARYAN √ *kūdh*?

**hideous** by change of suffix for ME. *hidous* adopted fr. OFR. *hidous* = FR. *hideux*: source a LAT. type *hispidosus*, extension of LAT. *hispidus* 'rough, shaggy, bristly'.

**hie** vb. 'hasten' ME. *hie* earlier *hize* *higen* OE. *higian*. Teut. base *hī-gai-* perh. a reduplication of an ARYAN √ *kī* in LAT. *ci-to* 'quickly', GR. *τίειν* 'go'? Or cogn. w. SKR. *çighra* 'quick'?

**high** adj. ME. *heigh* earlier *hēh* OE. *hēah* = GOTH. *hāuhs*, ON. *hār*, DU. *hoog*, OSAX. OHG. *hōh*, G. *hoch*: TEUT. *hauha-* from an ARYAN *kouko-*. OTEUT. possessed a sb. formed from the adj. meaning 'hill' (base *kouko-s*); cp. ON. *haugr* 'hill' (whence E. *how* in proper names) and with ablaut G. *hügel*; cp. LITH. *kaukara* 'hill'.

**hight** vb. ME. *highte* *heghte* OE. *heht* (*hēht*?) 'was called': pret. to OE. *hitan* = GOTH. *haitan*, G. *heißēn*.

**hill** ME. *hil* (plur. *hilles*) OE. *hyll* (plur. *hyllas*): Teut. base *hulli-* or *hulfa-* cogn. w. GOTH. *hallus* 'rock' and ON. *hallr* 'hill'; an ARYAN √ *kol* cp. in LAT. *collis*

'a hill', *culmen* 'a top', LITH. *kaūnas* *kaūvā* 'hill', GR. *ζολωνός*.

**hilt** ME. OE. *hilt* = ON. *hjalt*, OHG. *hēlza* 'a sword-hilt'.

**hind**<sup>1</sup> ME. *hinde* OE. *hind* = ON. DAN. SW. *hind*, DU. *hinde*, OHG. *hinta* G. *hindin*. GOTH. \**hindi* (gen. \**hindjōs*) is perh. connected with GR. *νεῦ-άς* 'youngdeer'.

**hind**<sup>2</sup> 'a peasant' ME. *hine* OE. *hina* 'a domestic'. Cp. *hidc*<sup>2</sup>. There is a Teut. base *hīwa-* in GOTH. *heīwa-frauja* 'husband', OE. *hīwerāden* 'family, household' = OHG. *hīrāt* 'marriage' G. *heirat*.

**hind** in *behind* and *hind-feet* akin to the OE. adv. *hindan* 'at the back of' — *hinder* 'backwards' = GOTH. *hindar* prep. 'behind', G. *hinter* prep. 'behind'. — **hinder** vb. ME. *hindre* OE. *hinderian* = ON. *hindra* OHG. *hintiren* *hintarōn* G. *hindern*. — **hindmost** corrupted fr. *hindmest* (confused with *most*) = GOTH. *hindumists* 'hindmost'.

**hinge** ME. *hēnge*; OE. \**henčge* (for TEUT. \**hangjōn-*) is not recorded: deriv. of the TEUT. √ *hanh* *hang* (see *hang*): cp. MLG. MDU. *henge* 'rack for hanging up things'.

**hint** sb. shortened fr. ME. *hinted* part. of *hinte* (*hente*) = OE. *hentan* 'seize, hunt after' from √ *hēnp* seen in *hunt*?

**hip**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *hipe* OE. *hype*; cp. GOTH. *hups* (nom. plur. *hupēis*), DU. *heup*, G. *hüfte* MHG. *huf* (plur. *hüfi*) OHG. *huf* (plur. *huffi*): TEUT. *hūpi-* from ARYAN *kūbi-*.

**hip**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'the fruit of the dog-rose' ME. *hēpe* OE. *hēope* = OSAX. *hiopa*, OHG. *hiufo* MHG. *hiefe*.

**hip** vb. ME. *hippe* OE. \**hyppan* = MHG. *hupfen hüpfen* G. *hüpfen*; allied to OE. *hoppian* = E. *hop* vb.; OE. *hoppettan*, G. *hopfen*, ON. *hoppa*.

**hire** vb. ME. *hīre* OE. *hýrian* vb. = DU. *huren*, OFRIS. *héra*, SW. *hyra*, DAN. *hyre* MLG. *hūren*, G. *heuern* 'hire, rent': West-Teut. base *hūrjōn*.

**hiss** vb. ME. *hisse*: prob. an onomatopoeitic word as ODU. *hisschen* 'to hiss'.

**hit** vb. ME. *hitte*: adopted fr. ON. *hitta*, DAN. *hitte*; perh. cog. w. GOTH. *hinþan* 'catch'.

**hitch** vb. ME. *hūche* 'move'; OE. \**hyčcan*?

**hither** ME. OE. *hīder*: derived from a Teut. pronoun *hi* 'this' in *here* and *hence*; cp. GOTH. *hīdrê*, ON. *hedra* 'on this side'; cogn. with LAT. *ci-tra* 'on this side'. For the suffix cp. *thither*.

**hive** ME. *hīve* OE. *hýf*: Teut. base *hūbi-* in MLG. *hūve* 'hive', DU. *huif*; cogn. w. LAT. *cupa* 'bowl'?

**hoar** adj. ME. *hūr* OE. *hār* = GOTH. \**haira-*, ON. *hārr* 'hoary', OSAX. OHG. *hēr* G. *hehr* 'distinguished', also 'venerable'. The orig. meaning of the adj. was prob. 'venerable', ON. and E. have the meaning 'gray with age'. A TEUT. √ *hai* 'glitter, shine' is supported by *heaven* and ON. *heid* 'clearness of the sky'; TEUT. *hai* from ARYAN

*koi* is cogn. with SKR. *kê-ti-s* 'light, lustre, torch'.

**hoard** ME. OE. *hōrd* = OSAX. *hord* (*horth*), GOTH. *huzd*, ON. *hodd* n. — *hoddr* m., OHG. G. *hort*. TEUT. *hozda-* from ARYAN *kuzdhō-* for *kudhto-* part. 'that which is hidden'; cp. GR. *κεύθω* under *hide* vb.

**hoarhound** ME. *hōrhoun* OE. *stō hāre hūne* 'the hoar hound'; OE. *hūne* is a plant-name.

**hoarse** ME. *hōrse* prop. *hōs*, OE. *hās* pointing to GOTH. \**haisa-* = OHG. *heis heisi* MHG. *heis heise*; the *r* of MHG. G. *heiser* seems to be the same *r* as in E. *hoarse* = MDU. *heersch* (mod. DU. *heesch*); perh. originating from the OE. dat. *hāsre* (*mīd hāsre stefne*) transposed to *hārse* = ME. *hōrse*?

**hobble** vb. ME. *hoble* for \**hopple*; frequent. of *hop* vb.

**hobby** sb. 'a toy like a horse, ambling nag, a favorite pursuit'; ME. *hobin* 'a nag': borrowed fr. OFR. *hobin* 'a little horse'?

**hock** corruption of *Hochheim*: the name of a German town on the river Main, famous for wine.

**hoe** sb. from FR. *houe* 'a hoe': source OHG. *houwa* = G. *haue* 'hoe'.

**hog** ME. *hog* (plur. *hogges*) OE. *hocg* (plur. *hoggas*): a Welsh loanword, cp. w. *hach* 'a sow' (BRET. CORN. *hoch* 'pig'). — **hogshead** cp. the equiv. MLG. *hukes-hōvet huxhōvet* DU. *okshoofd* (earlier also *hokshoofd*) G. *oxhoft*, SW. *oxhufvend*, DAN. *oxehoved*: origin

and history of this compound are unauthorized.

**hoist** vb. earlier *hoise* akin to the equivalent LG. *hissen*, DU. *hijſchen*, DAN. *heise*, SW. *hissa*, G. *hissen*, FR. *hisser*, IT. *issare*.

**hold** vb. ME. *hōlde* OE. *haldan* (*hēaldan*) = OHG. *halten* (*haltan*) G. *halten*, OSAX. GOTH. *haldan*, DU. *houden*, ON. *halda*: a common TEUT. vb. Cp. *behold*.

**hold** sb. (the hold of a ship) prop. *hole*: ident. w. *hollow* and *hollow*; cp. DU. *hol* 'a hole, cave'.

— **hole** sb. ME. *hole hol* OE. *hol* 'a cave' = ON. *holr*, OHG. MHG. *hol* G. *hohl*, DU. *hol*; the E. ME. OE. OHG. MHG. adjectives are used as substantives: TEUT.  $\sqrt{hel}$  'conceal' in OE. *hēlan*, G. *hehlen*. — **hollow** ME. *holwe* OE. *hoth* (gen. *holwes*); cogn. with equival. OHG. MHG. *hol*, ON. *holr*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{*hul}$  connected with the TEUT.  $\sqrt{hel}$  in OE. OHG. *hēlan* 'hide, conceal' (cp. *hell*, *helmet*).

**holiday** prop. *holy day*.

**holly** ME. *holin* OE. *holcȝn*; akin to the equivalent DU. G. *hulst* MHG. *huls*, OHG. *hulis*, whence FR. *houx*; pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{kel}$ - in W. *celyn*, CORN. *celin*, BRET. *kelen*, IR. *cuileann* 'holly'.

**hollyhock** for ME. *hōlihoc* prop. 'holy hock': OE. *hocc* means 'mallow'.

**holster** borrowed fr. DU. *holster* 'a case for a pistol' (G. *pistolenholfter*); ident. w. ON. *hulstr* 'a case, a sheath', GOTH. *hulistr* 'a

veil'; from TEUT. *huljan* and suff. *-stra* fr. *-s-tra* (OE. *hcolstor*).

**holy** ME. *hōly* OE. *hālīz* earlier *hālez* = OSAX. *hēlag*, OHG. *heilag* G. DU. *heilig*, ON. *heilagr*, DAN. *hellig*, SW. *helig* (GOTH. *hailag* in a Goth. runic inscription). Common TEUT. *hailaga-* from common TEUT. *haila-* cp. *whole* and *hale*.

**homage** ME. *homāge*: borrowed fr. OFR. *homage* = FR. *hommage*; source a LAT. type *homaticum* 'the service of a vassal or man' (LAT. *homo* 'man').

**home** ME. *hōm* OE. *hām* = OSAX. *hēm*, ON. *heimr*, OHG. G. DU. *heim* 'home'; GOTH. *haimis* 'a village'. Teut. base *haimō-* (*haimi-*) from a pre-TEUT. *kaimō-* (*kaimi-*) = LITH. *kēmas* — PRUSS. *caymis* 'a village', GR. *ζῳαῖν* 'village'.

**hone** ME. *hōne* OE. *hān*: Teut. base *hainō-* = ON. *hein*, SW. *hen* 'hone'. Cp. OE. *hānan* 'to stone'.

**honey** ME. *hūnt* OE. *huniȝ huneȝ*: Teut. base *hunang* = ON. *hunang*, DU. *honinc*, OHG. *honang* G. *honig* 'honey'. Origin uncertain; perh. cogn. w. GR. *ζῳριϋ* 'dust'?

**-hood** a suff. used to form abstract nouns; orig. an independent sb. dying out in ME.: OE. *hād* 'state, quality' = GOTH. *haidus*, OHG. MHG. *heit* 'manner' (G. *-heit* only suffix). Cp. its var. *-head*.

**hood** sb. 'covering' ME. OE. *hōd* = DU. *hოდ*, OHG. *huot* G. *hut*. Closely allied to *hat* and

to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{had}$  *hōd* in *heed*.

**hoof** ME. OE. *hōf* = OSAX. *hōf*, DU. *hoef*, ON. *hófr*, OHG. *huof* G. *huf*: Teut. base *hōfa-* from Aryan *\*hōpo-*, whence OSLOV. *kopyto* 'hoof'. Others derive TEUT. *hōfa-* from Aryan *kōpho* and compare it with SKR. *çaphá*, AVEST. *safa* 'hoof'.

**hook** ME. OE. *hōc* = MDU. *hoek* 'hook'. The kindred forms have a diff. vowel and answer to OE. *haca*, ON. *haki*, OHG. *hâ(c)ko* G. *hake*. OHG. *hâg(g)o* points to GOTH. *\*hêg(g)a* 'hook'. G. *haken* being 'a kind of plough', GOTH. *hōha* 'plough' may also be compared, so that the stem may be *hōh hêg huk*.

**hoop** sb. ME. OE. *hōp* = DU. *hoep*, OFRIS. *hōp*, NORTH-FRIS. *hūp* 'hoop', MLG. *hōp*; TEUT. base *hōpa-*.

**hoop** vb. ME. *houpe* adopted fr. FR. *houper* 'hoop unto'; of Teut. origin, cp. OE. *hwoþan* = GOTH. *hwōþan* vb. 'boast, glory'.

**hoot** vb. ME. *houte* borrowed fr. OSW. *hūta* 'hoot'.

**hop** vb. ME. *hoppe* OE. *hoppian* = DU. *hoppen*, ON. SW. *hoppa* DAN. *hoppe*, G. MHG. *hopfen*. Cogn. w. *hip* vb.

**hop** sb. ME. *hoppe* = DU. *hop*, G. *hopfen* late OHG. *hopfo*, MED.-LAT. *hupa* (for *\*huppa*). Its origin is obscure.

**hope** vb. ME. *hōpe* OE. *hopian* = MDU. *hopen*, MHG. G. *hoffen*. The labial in OE. *hopian* (GOTH. *\*hupōn*) is a substitute for a

guttural (base *\*hugōn*) as shown by the OE. abstract noun *hyht* 'hope' (base *huh-ti-s*): TEUT.  $\sqrt{hug}$  *hup*. — *hope* sb. ME. *hōpe* for OE. *tō-hopa* = OSAX. *tō-hopo* sb. 'hope'.

**horn** ME. OE. *hōrn* = ON. OHG. G. DU. *horn*, GOTH. *haurn*: common Teut. (in a runic inscription) *horna* 'horn' cogn. w. LAT. *cornu* and IR. CYMR. *corn*, with other suffix GR. *κέρο-αξ* 'horn'; cp. also E. *hart* prop. 'horned' and SKR. *çñ-ga* 'horn'.

**hornet** OE. *hyrnet* = OHG. *hornaz*; *hurñz*; G. *hornisse*. The synonym. Slav. and Lat. words for 'hornet' point to GOTH. *\*haurznuts* with an ARYAN.  $\sqrt{krs}$  (IND. *çrs*): LAT. *crâbro* 'hornet' for *\*crâsro*, OSLOV. *srūšem*, LITH. *szirszone* 'hornet'. The Aryan stem is *krs* for 'hornet', cp. OSLOV. *srūša*, LITH. *szirszū*. Du. preserves a trace of this inner *s* in *horzel* 'hornet' (GOTH. *\*haur-suls*) — *horzelen* vb. 'hum'.

**horse** ME. OE. *hors* = OSAX. *hors* — *hers*, DU. *ros*, OHG. *ros* (gen. *rosses*) G. *ross* (whence IT. *rozza*, FR. *rosse* 'a jade'), ON. *hross*, also *hors*, SW. DAN. dial. *hors* 'a horse': Teut. base *hrossa-*.

**hose** ME. *hōse* OE. *hōsu* = DAN. G. *hose*, DU. *hoos*, OHG. ON. *hosa* (GOTH. *\*hūsō*). The Teut. words found their way into Celt. (CORN. *hos* 'ocrea, cuisses') and into Rom. (OFR. *hosc*).

**host**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'army' ME. *hōst* *ōst*:



loanword fr. OFR. *hoste* 'army' (source LAT. *hostis* — *hostem*).

**host<sup>2</sup>** sb. 'entertainer' ME. *hōste*: loanword fr. OFR. *hoste* (= LAT. *hospitem*). Hence **hostess** ME. *hōstesse* from OFR. *hostesse* and **hostler** ME. *hostlér* 'innkeeper' from OFR. *hostelier* 'innkeeper'.

**host<sup>3</sup>** sb. (in the mass) ME. *hōste* *ōste*: source LAT. *hostia*, FR. *hostie*.

**hot** adj. ME. *hōt* OE. *hāt*: Teut. base *haita-* = ON. *heitr*, DU. *heet*, OSAX. *hêt*, OHG. *hei*; G. *heiss* 'hot'; the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hit}}$  cp. in GOTH. *heitō* 'fever' and in ON. *hiti*, OSAX. *hittia*, G. *hitze* 'heat'; cp. *heat* sb.

**hough** sb. ME. *hough* (*hō*) OE. *hōh* 'the heel'; hence the dimin. *heel*. Teut. base *hanha-* in ON. *háll* 'heel'.

**hound** ME. *hound* OE. *hūnd* *hund* = GOTH. *hunds*, ON. *hundr*, DAN. SWED. *hund*, DU. *hond*, OSAX. G. *hund* OHG. *hunt*: Teut. base *hunda-* prop. 'the hunter', derived fr. the TEUT.-GOTH. vb. *hinfan* 'seize, capture' (OE. *hūf* 'booty'); see *hunt*.

**hour** ME. *houre ourc* borrowed fr. OFR. (*h)ure* (*h)ore* (= FR. *heur*), whence also DU. *uur*, G. *uhr* (dial. *auer*). Source LAT. *hora*.

**house** ME. *hous* OE. *hūs*: Teut. base *hūsa-* in GOTH. *gud-hūs* 'house of God', OSAX. OHG. *hūs* G. *haus*, DU. *huis*, ON. *hūs*.

**hosings** earlier *houss* (of a horse), borrowed fr. FR. *housse*?

**hovel** ME. *hovēl* 'small hut': dimin. with suffix *-el* from OE. *hof* = ON. *hof* 'a temple, a hall'; cp. G. *hof* 'a yard'. — **hover** vb. intensive derivative of ME. *hōve* vb. 'tarry, wait'; cp. OFRIS. *hovia* 'receive in one's house': derived fr. TEUT. *hofa-* 'hall, yard'.

**how** ME. *how* OE. *hū* (for \**havi* \**hæō*): Teut. form *hæō* in OSAX. *hæō* 'how', OHG. *wuo*; DU. *hoe* for *hæō*, OFRIS. *hū*: formed from the Teut. stem *hwa-* in *wō*; cp. GR. *πώγ*.

**how** in local names cp. *high*.

**howl** vb. ME. *houle*; cp. DU. *huiten*, G. *heulen*.

**huckster** ME. *huckstere* (OE. \**hucestre*); orig. 'a female retailer'; akin to MHG. *hucke hocke* 'a retailer'; derived from MHG. *hocken* vb. 'squat', ON. *hokkinn* 'bowed, bent'. Cp. DU. *heuken* vb. 'huckster, retail' — *heuker* 'huckster, retailer'.

**hue<sup>1</sup>** sb. ME. *hēwe hēw* OE. *hēow* 'appearance': ident. w. GOTH. *hīwi* (G. *hiujis*) 'form, appearance', SW. *hy* 'skin, complexion'.

**hue<sup>2</sup>** sb. 'outcry' ME. *hū* derived fr. FR. *huer* 'hoot, hiss'.

**huge** adj. ME. *hūge* (*houge*): loanword fr. OFR. *ahuge* 'huge'.

**hull** 'husk' ME. *hule* OE. *hulu* 'hull, husk'; cp. synonym. G. *hülse* OHG. *hulsa* for \**hulisa* (GOTH. \**hulisi* or \**huluzi*): formed from the  $\sqrt{\text{hel}}$  *hul* (G. *hülle*) under

*hell*, *hollow* and *holster*. — **hull** 'body of a ship' ident. w. *hold* sb.

**humble** adj. ME. *humble* borrowed fr. FR. *humble* (= LAT. *humilis*).

**humblebee** sb. ME. *hombel-bē*; an equivalent OE. \**humbol* is to be assumed for OHG. *humbal* G. *hummel*, DU. *hommel* 'humblebee'.

**humor** ME. *hūmour* from OFR. *humor* = FR. *humour*.

**hundred** ME. OE. *hundred* (*hundreþ*), ident. w. OSAX. *hundarod*, G. *hundert*, ON. *hundrad*; the word is appar. a comp., the second part of which belongs to GOTH. *raþjan* vb. 'count'; the first part GOTH. OE. *hund* is cogn. w. LAT. *centum*, GR. ἑκατόν, SKR. *çatām*.

**hunger** ME. *hunger* *honger* OE. *hungor*; cp. synon. OSAX. OHG. *hungar* G. *hunger*, ON. *hungr*; GOTH. *hūhrus* (for \**hunhrus*) 'hunger' with the derived *hug-grjan* 'hunger': common TEUT. *hunhru-* *hungru-* 'hunger' from ARYAN. *kankru-*? cp. LITH. *kankà* 'torture' with ON. *há* vb. 'torture' (from TEUT. \**hanhôn*).

**hunt** vb. ME. *hunte* OE. *huntian*: a secondary verb from a primit. vb. shown in GOTH. *frahinþan* 'take prisoner'. From the same root E. *hound* and *hand*.

**hurdle** ME. *hirdel* OE. *hyrdel*, dimin. of an OE. \**hyrd* = OHG.

*hurt* (plur. *hurtē*) G. *hürde*; cp. ON. *hurd* 'door', GOTH. *haurds* 'door'. The meaning 'door' is developed from the common meaning 'wickerwork'. Teut. base *hurdi-* = ARYAN *krti* in LAT. *crâtes*, GR. κίρτη 'a fishing-basket' — κάρταλος 'a (woven) basket'; cp. SKR. *krt* 'spin' — *crt* 'bind, connect'.

**hurl** vb. ME. *hurle* earlier *hurtle* vb.

**hurricane** sb. akin to the synon. DU. *orkaan*, DAN. SW. G. *orkan*, FR. *ouragan*, IT. *uracano*, SPAN. *huracan* 'a hurricane'; after the discovery of America adopted fr. Caribbean *hurakan* 'a hurricane'.

**hurry** vb. ME. *hurie* *horie* vb. 'hasten'.

**hurt** vb. ME. *hurte* *hirte* vb. 'offend' borrowed fr. OFR. *hurter* (FR. *heurter*).

**husband** sb. ME. *husbonde* OE. (about 1050) *húsbónda*: a Scand. loanword, cp. ON. *húsbóndi*, SW. DAN. *husbonde* from *hús* 'house' and ON. *bóndi* *búndi* 'husband'.

**husk** ME. *huske* OE. \**húscca* 'a small house'(?); cp. G. *gehäuse*.

**hussy** short for *housewife*.

**hut** ME. *hutte* from FR. *hutte*. Source OHG. *hutta* = G. *hütte*.

**hutch** sb. 'a box' ME. *hucche* prop. *hücche* (whence ME. *whicche*): loanword fr. FR. *huche* 'trough, bin'.

## I

**I** ME. *i* earlier *ich ic* OE. *iċ* = DU. *ik*, OSAX. *ic*, OHG. *ih* G. *ich*, GOTH. *ik*: common TEUT. *ik ek* from ARYAN. *egom*; cp. LAT. *ego*, GR. *ἐγώ*, SKR. *ahám*, ASLOV. *azŭ*, LITH. *az*. The oblique cases were formed in all Aryan languages alike from a stem *me-*; cp. *me* and *mine*.

**ice** ME. OE. *is* = OHG. *is* G. *eis*, ON. *iss*, DU. *ijs* (GOTH. \**eisa-*): a common Teut. word, not found elsewhere. — **icicle** ME. *isikel*: prop. a compound, OE. *is-ȝicel* (*isesȝicel*): *ȝicel* is dimin. 'a small piece of ice' (cp. MLG. *isjokel* 'icicle', ON. *isjokull*).

**idol** ME. *idole* borrowed fr. FR. *idole* (LAT. *idolum*, GR. *εἰδωλον* 'an image, likeness').

**idle** adj. ME. OE. *idel* 'empty, vain, useless' = OSAX. *idal* 'empty, useless', OHG. *ital* 'empty, vain, boastful' G. *citel* 'vain', DU. *ijdel* 'empty'.

**if** ME. *if* OE. *ȝif* = OSAX. *ef* *of*, DU. *of if* 'whether, but', OHG. *oba* with the older by-form *ibu* 'if, whether' G. *ob* 'if, as if, even if, whether', ON. *if ef* 'if, GOTH. *iba(i)* 'whether, perhaps'. Prop. dat. instr. of ON. *ifi efi* m. and *if ef* n. 'doubt', OHG. *iba* f. 'doubt, condition'.

**ill** ME. *ill ille*: Scand. loanword from ON. *illr*; the native E. SYNON. is *evil* (OE. *yfel*).

**imp** sb. ME. OE. *impe* 'graft, scion' with the vb. ME. *impe* OE. *impian* 'graft'; cp. OHG. *impfōn* G. *impfen*, DAN. *ympē*, SW. *ympa*. Source a LAT. type *imputare*, whence also FR. *enter*, DU. *enten* vb. 'graft'.

**impair** vb. ME. *empeire* borrowed fr. OFR. *empeirer* = FR. *empirer* (LAT. type *impeiorare* 'make worse').

**impeach** vb. prop. 'hinder' for ME. *apēche* vb. 'hinder' borrowed fr. FR. *empêcher* (LAT. type *impedicare* 'fetter' from *pedica* sb. 'fetter').

**imply** cp. *ply*.

**in** prep. ME. *in* OE. *in* = OSAX. G. DU. GOTH. *in*, ON. *i*, SW. DAN. *i*. Orig. related to LAT. *in*, GR. *ἐν(ι)*, LITH. *i*, LETT. *ē*.

**inch** sb. ME. *inche* OE. *ynċe*: early loanword from LAT. *uncia* 'an inch', also an 'ounce'.

**ingot** ME. *ingot* = FR. *lingot* *ingot*? Source and history doubtful.

**ink** ME. *inke* from OFR. *enque* (FR. *encre*, DU. *inkt*, LG. *inket*): source LAT. *encaustum* 'the purple red ink'.

**inkling** sb. from the vb. ME. *inkle* 'hint'.

**inn** ME. OE. *in inn* sb. 'house, lodging - house' = ON. *innu* 'inn'.

**inquest** ME. *enquēste* from OFR.

*enquêste* (= FR. *enquête*). Akin to **inquire** vb. ME. *enquêre* from OFR. *enquerrer* (= FR. *enquêrir* 'inquire'); source LAT. *inquirere*.

**ire** ME. *ire* 'anger' from OFR. *ire* (LAT. *ira*).

**irk** vb. ME. *irke* 'tire' with the adj. *irksome* extended fr. ME. *irk* 'distasteful'.

**iron** ME. OE. *īren* oldest OE. form *īsern* = GOTH. *eisarn*, OSAX. OHG. *īsarn* G. *eisen*, DU. *ijzer*, ON. *īsarn* (*jarn*): Teut. base *īsarna-* perh. borrowed fr. a Celt. *īsarno-* (= OIR. *iarn* 'iron'); GALL. *Isarnodorum* a placename.

**island** ME. *ilond* OE. *īslond* (*ēzland*) 'island'; the first part of the compound represents the OE. *īz* *ēz* 'isle' (cp. ON. *eyland*, OFRIS. DU. *eiland* 'island'), blended w. OFR. *isle*. The word starts from a TEUT. *aujō-* (in *Scandin-avia Bat-avia*), which is a derivative of TEUT.-GOTH. *ahwa* 'stream, flowing water' OHG. *aha* = OE. *ea* = LAT. *aqua* 'water'.

**isle** ME. *île* borrowed fr. FR.

*île* (source LAT. *insula*) 'an isle'. Cp. *island*.

**issue** ME. *issüe* from OFR. *issue* 'end, event' (derived fr. *issir* = LAT. *exire*).

**it** ME. *it* earlier ME. OE. *hit* neuter to E. *he* (OE. ME. *hē*).

**itch** vb. ME. *icche* for *zicche* OE. *ȝyččan*: Teut. base *jukjan* = DU. *jeuken*, OSAX. *jukkian*, OHG. *juckan* G. *jucken*. TEUT. √ *juk*.

**ivory** ME. *iwōry* (*ivoire*) borrowed fr. OFR. *ivorie* — FR. *ivoire*, whence also DU. *ivoor*. Source LAT. *eboreus* 'made of ivory' — *ebur* 'ivory'.

**ivy** ME. *ivy* OE. *ifiz* short for *\*if-hiz* *if-hēz* = OHG. *ēba-hēwi* MHG. *ēp-hōu* (G. *epheu*) with the by-form OHG. *ēbah*: perh. akin to GOTH. *ibuks* 'backwards'? It is uncertain, whether the 2<sup>nd</sup> element of OHG. *ēba-hēwi* = OE. *ifiz* is ident. w. *hay*.

**iwis** 'certainly' ME. *iwis* OE. *zewiss* = OHG. *gīwis* G. *gewiss*, DU. *gewis*: Teut. base *ga-wissa-* prop. part. of the Teut. vb. *witan* 'know' (cp. *wot*).

## J

**jabber** variant of E. *gabber*.

**jacket** from FR. *jaquet*; cp. ME. *jakke* = OFR. *jaque* (G. *jacke*).

**jade** ME. *jāde* 'old horse'. Source and history unknown.

**jail** with the by-form *gaol* ME. *gail jaiole gaihōl* borrowed fr. OFR. *gaiole gaole* (FR. *geôle*) 'a prison, bird-cage'. Source LAT. *carrola* from *cavea* (= E. *cage*, G. *käfig*).

**jamb** from FR. *jambe* 'a leg', also 'a jamb' (source LAT. *gamba*).

**jar** sb. 'an earthen pot' from FR. *jarre*.

**jaundice** ME. *jaundis jaunis* from FR. *jaunisse* prop. 'yellowness'; source FR. *jaune* 'yellow' = LAT. *galbinus* 'greenish yellow'.

**javelin** sb. from FR. *javelin*: of Celt. origin, cp. CYMR. *gafloch* (whence OE. *gafeloc*) 'spear'.

**jaw** ME. *chaul* (*choul*) earlier *chavel* OE. (plur.) *ċāflas*; akin to OSAX. *kāflos* plur. 'jaw' and with other formatives ON. *kjaptr*, G. *kiefer* 'jaw': TEUT.  $\lambda$  *kef kēf* fr. an ARYAN *gēph*, perh. cogn. w. AVEST. *zafra* 'mouth, jaw'.

**jay** ME. *jai* from FR. *geai* (OFR. *jai gai*).

**jealous** ME. *jelous ġelous* from OFR. *gelous* (FR. *jaloux*, whence DU. *jalocs*).

**jelly** sb. late ME. *ġellē* from FR. *gêlée*.

**jeopardy** sb. ME. *juperdi* orig. *jūparti* 'hazard, hazardous feat' borrowed fr. FR. *ju parti* 'risk, hazard' (orig. 'a game, in which the chances are equally divided').

**jest** prop. 'a merry tale' ME. *ġeste* (also *ġġste*) 'a story' from OFR. *geste* 'romance'.

**jet** sb. (a mineral) short for ME. *ġēt* contracted fr. *ġeyēt*: loanword from OFR. *gaiēt* (*jaet jet*): source LAT. *gagātes*.

**jew** ME. *ġēw* earlier *ġāw* borrowed fr. OFR. *Giu Jui*: source

LAT. *Judæus*. In OE. we find *Judæas* plur. 'the Jews' from the Latin.

**jewel** ME. *jouel juel* from OFR. *jouel* (whence G. *juwel*, DU. *juweel*) = FR. *joyau*. Source a LAT. type *gaudiale* from *gaudium*.

**jig** sb. ME. *gigge* 'a fiddle' from OFR. *gige* (= MHG. *gīge* G. *geige*) 'a fiddle'.

**jingle** ME. *ġingle*.

**job** sb. cp. ME. *gobēt* 'small piece' and OFR. *gob* 'a mouthful'.

**jockey** ident. w. *Jackey*: dimin. of *Jack*.

**jog** vb. ME. *jogge* vb. 'go hastily'.

**join** vb. ME. *joine* borrowed fr. FR. *joindre* (= LAT. *junġere*). — Hence E. ME. *joint* sb. from FR. *joint*.

**joist** sb. ME. *ġiste* 'joist' from OFR. *giste* (= FR. *gîte*? derivative of FR. *ġisir* 'lie').

**jolly** ME. *joli* earlier *jolif*: loanword from FR. *joli* (OFR. *jolif*).

**jostle** *justle* vb. intensive formation from ME. *jouste* 'ilt' = OFR. *jouster* (ME. *jouste* 'tournament' fr. OFR. *jouste* = MHG. *tjoste*).

**journal** from FR. *journal*. — **journey** ME. *journeġe journee* 'a day's travel, a day's work' from FR. *journee* 'a day, a day's work' (IT. *giornata*, LAT. type *diurnāta*).

**joy** ME. *joie* from FR. *joie* (source LAT. *gaudia* = *gaudium*).

**judge** sb. short ME. *jūge* from FR. *juge* (source LAT. *judex* — *judicem*) 'a judge'. — **judge** vb. ME. *jūge* from FR. *juger* = LAT. *judicare*.

**juice** ME. *jūse* *jūce* from FR. *jus* (source LAT. *jus*) 'juice'.

**July** ME. *jūli* from LAT. *Julius*.

— **June** ME. *jūne* earlier *jūnie* from OFR. *gunie*? (FR. *Juin*) = LAT. *Junius*.

**just** ME. *jūst* (short for *jūst*?) from FR. *juste* (= LAT. *justus*). — **justice** ME. *jūstice* orig. *jūstīce* = FR. *justice*; source LAT. *justitia*. — **justify** vb. ME. *justīfe* from FR. *justifier*.

## K

**keel** sb. ident. w. ON. *kjǫlr* (Teut. base *kelu-*) 'keel of the ship' = synonym. DAN. *kjøl*, SW. *köl*, G. DU. *kiel*. Source and history unknown.

**keel** vb. 'cool' ME. *kēle* OE. *cēlan*: Teut. base *kōljan* derived fr. the adj. TEUT. *kōlu-* = E. *cool*.

**keen** adj. ME. *kēne* 'sharp, bold, brave' OE. *cēne* orig. *cēni* 'bold, brave, wise': Teut. base *kōni-* = OHG. *kuoni* G. *kühn*, DU. *koen* 'bold, daring'; the original meaning is evident in ON. *kánr* 'wise', which points to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{kan}}$  'know' in *can*, *ken* and *know*.

**keep** ME. *kēpe* OE. *cēpan cēpan* 'keep': from a Teut. base *kōpjan*; no  $\sqrt{\text{kōp}}$  exists in the other Teut. languages.

**keg** sb. Scand. loanword: ON. *kaggi* 'a keg'.

**ken** vb. 'know' ME. *kenne* bor-

rowed fr. ON. *kenna* vb. 'know' = G. *kennen*, GOTH. *kannjan*; causative of TEUT. *kunnan* 'know'. Cp. *can* vb.

**kennel** 'a house for dogs' ME. *kenel*: adopted fr. ONFR. *kenil* (*chenil*); source ONFR. *ken* (FR. *chien*) 'dog' with suff. *-il* (LAT. type *\*canile* from *canis* 'dog').

**kerchief** sb. earlier spelling *curchief* ME. *coverchief*; borrowed fr. OFR. *coverchef* lit. 'a head-covering'. OFR. *couvrir* (= FR. *couvrir*) 'cover' and *chef* 'head'.

**kernel** ME. *kirnel* OE. *cyrnel* (Teut. base *kurnila-*): dimin. of *corn* (with the Teut. dimin. suff. *-ila*).

**kettle** ME. *ketel* borrowed fr. ON. *ketill* = GOTH. *katils*, OHG. *kezzil* G. *kessel*, DU. *ketel*; corresponding to OE. *ċetel* ME. *chetel*, which was superseded by ON. *ketill*. The Teut. word was

early borrowed fr. LAT. *calinus* 'kettle', whence also OHG. *kezzîn*.

**key** sb. ME. *keie* OE. *cæg cæge* = OFRIS. *kêi* 'a key': Teut. base *kaigi*?

**kid** sb. ME. *kid* borrowed fr. ON. *kid*; cogn. w. OHG. *kizzin* *chizzî* G. *kitze* 'a young goat'; a native E. word cogn. w. SCAND. *kid* would begin with *ch*.

**kidney** sb. ME. *kid-nêre* (OE. \**cȳdenȳore* \**cydnȳora*?); the second part of the compound is ME. *nêre* (= ON. *nýra*, D. *nier*, OHG. *nioro* G. *niere* 'kidney'). The first part is obscure.

**kill** vb. ME. *kille*; a corresp. OE. \**cyllan* is wanting; Teut. base *kuljan* akin to OE. *cwellan* = ME. *quelle* vb. 'kill', ON. *kvelja*, OSAX. *quellian*. There was a primit. str. vb. OE. *cwēlan* 'die', OSAX. OHG. *quēlan* 'smart'; cp. G. *qual*.

**kiln** sb. ME. *kilne* OE. *cyln* = older *cykene* *cyline* 'furnace': early loanword fr. LAT. *culina* 'kitchen', whence also OIR. *cuile* 'kitchen'. ON. *kylna* 'kiln' is an OE. loanword.

**kin** sb. ME. *kin* OE. *cynn* orig. 'a tribe': Teut. base *kunja-* = ON. *kyn*, OSAX. *kunni*, OHG. *chunni* MHG. *künne* 'race', GOTH. *kuni*; deriv. fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{ken}}$  'produce' in OHG. G. *kind* 'child', OE. *cennan* vb. 'produce', answering to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{gen}}$  in LAT. *genus, gens-gentis*, GR.  $\gamma\epsilon\iota\omicron\varsigma$  —  $\gamma\omicron\rho\upsilon\acute{\iota}$  —  $\gamma\acute{\iota}\gamma\omicron\upsilon\alpha\upsilon$ , SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{jan}}$ . Cp. *kind*,

*kindred* and *mankind*. —

**kind** adj. 'natural, loving' ME. *kinde* OE. *ȳecȳnde* 'natural, in-born': derived fr. *kind* sb. —

**kind** sb. 'nature, sort' ME. *kinde* OE. *ȳe-cȳnd* 'nature'.

**kindle** vb. ME. *kindle*: derived with intensive *-l* from ON. *kynda* vb. 'kindle'? (ON. *kyndill* 'a torch'?)

**kindred** ME. *kinrēde* (OE. \**cyn-rāden*): composed of *kin* = OE. *cynn* 'kin' and OE. *rāden* (= GOTH. *garairdeins*) a suffix meaning 'state, condition' (cp. *hatred*).

**king** ME. late OE. *king* OE. *cyng* a late shortening for the common OE. *cyning*: Teut. base *kuninga-* = OSAX. OHG. *kuning* G. *könig*, D. *koning*; cp. ON. *konungr* (but GOTH. *raiks* 'king').

**kirtle** sb. ME. *kirtel* OE. *cyrtel* from a TEUT. base \**kurtil* (= ON. *kyrtill*): prop. 'a short undergarment' from LAT. *curtus* 'short' (cp. G. *kurz* and see *short* and *shirt*).

**kiss** sb. ME. *kiss* with the vowel accommodated to the vb. *kiss* for OE. *coss* = OSAX. *kus* *cos*, D. *kus*, OHG. *kus* G. *kuss*, ON. *koss*, DAN. *kys*, SW. *kysse*, GOTH. \**kussus*. — **kiss** vb. ME. *kisse* OE. *cȳssan* = OSAX. *kussian*, D. *kussen* G. *küssen*, ON. SW. *kyssa*, DAN. *kysse*.

**kitchen** sb. ME. *kicchen* OE. *cyčene* from a WEST-TEUT. base *kukina* = D. *keuken*, OHG. *kuchina* *chuhhina* G. *küche*: an early West-Teut. loanword from

late LAT. *coquina* (class. *culina* see under *kiln*) or rather from a common Rom. and vulg. LAT. *coquina* 'kitchen' (cp. FR. *cuisine*, IT. *cucina*, SPAN. *cocina*). Cp. *cook*.

**kite** sb. ME. *kite* OE. *cýta* 'a kite': Teut. base *kûljan-*.

**kitten** ME. *kitoun* answers to the synonym. FR. *chatton* 'a young cat' (perh. the E. word points to ONFR. \**keton*?)

**knave** ME. *knáve* OE. *cnafa* = OHG. *knabo* G. *knabe* 'boy'; identical with OE. *cnafa* ME. *knápe* 'boy' = OSAX. *knápo*, OFRIS. *knápa*, ON. *knápi* 'boy'. GERM. *knáppe* points to a TEUT. *knabhan-*. Perh. cogn. w. *kníght*? or. w. GALL. *gnabat* 'son'?

**knead** vb. ME. *knēde* OE. *cnēdan* = MLG. DU. *kneden*, OHG. *knētan* G. *kneten*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{kned}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{gnēt}}$  in RUSS. *gnētatē* 'press'.

**knee** vb. ME. *knē* OE. *cnēo* = OSAX. *knio*, DU. G. *knie* OHG. *chniu knēo*, GOTH. *knīu* (gen. *knīwis*): Teut. base *knēwa-*, cogn. w. the synonym. LAT. *genu*, GR. *γόνυ*, SKR. *jānu* 'knee'. — **kneel** vb. ME. *cnēle* OE. \**cnēowlian* = DU. *knien* MLG. *knēlen*, SW. *chnüle* 'kneel', DAN. *knæle*?

**knell** vb. ME. *knille* OE. *cnyllan*; cogn. w. MHG. *knellen* in *er-*, G. *knallen*.

**knife** sb. ME. *knif* OE. (about 1000) *cnif*. The occurrence in late OE. favors Scand. origin: ON. *knifr*. On the continent,

there is an equivalent DU. *knijf*, LG. *knîf*, G. dial. *knēif*.

**knight** sb. ME. *kníght* OE. *cníht*: Teut. base *knūhta-* = DU. G. *knēcht* OHG. *knūht*, OFRIS. *knūht*; cogn. w. *knave*?

**knit** vb. ME. *knitte* OE. *cnyttan*: deriv. of OE. *cnotta* (by vowel-mutation) (= ON. *knitr*) = E. *knot*; OE. *cnyttan* is ident. w. LG. *knütten*?

**knob** sb. ME. *knobbe*; allied to MHG. *knübel* 'knuckle', DU. *knobbel* 'knot, lump, callosity', G. *knopf* 'button, bud', ON. *knáppr*.

**knock** vb. ME. *knocke* OE. \**cnoccian*; ident. w. OE. *cnucian*, ON. *knoka*: a sound imitation, closely allied to *knack*.

**knoll** sb. ME. *knol* OE. *cnoll* = DU. *knol* 'a turnip', G. *knollen*.

**knot** sb. ME. *knotte* OE. *cnotta* = MHG. *knotsze*, DU. *knót*; cogn. w. OHG. *knodo knoto* G. *knöten* and ON. *knitr* 'a knot' — *kníta* f. 'dice' — *knöttr* (GOTH. \**knattus*) m. 'ball'.

**know** vb. ME. *knōwe* OE. *cnāwan* str. vb. = OHG. *chnāan* 'know', ON. *kná* vb. 'know how to do': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{knē knō}}$  (akin to *can* and *keen*) = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{gen gnō}}$  in LAT. *gignosco ignotus ignatus ignarus*, GR. *γινώσσω*, SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{jñā}}$ . — **knowledge** sb. ME. *knōwleche* derived fr. the vb. ME. *knōwleche*, intensive formation of ME. *knōwe* = E. *know* (OE. \**ȝecnāwleccan* is wanting).

**knuckle** sb. ME. *knokel* OE.



\**cnucel*; cogn. w. G. *knöchel*, dimin. of a simple word, seen OFRIS. *knokle*, DU. *knokkel*, MLG. in G. *knochen* 'a bone', DU. *knok knokel*, DAN. *knogle knokkel*: 'a knuckle, a bone'.

## L

**labor** sb. ME. *labour* adopted fr. FR. *labour* = LAT. *labor(um)* 'labor'.

**lace** sb. ME. *lās*: borrowed fr. FR. *lace* — OFR. *las (laqs)*: source LAT. *laqueus* 'noose, snare' (= IT. *laccio*). See *latchet*.

**lack** sb. ME. *lak* OE. \**lac* = ODU. *lac* DU. *lak* 'blemish, stain, lack'. — **lack** vb. ME. *lacke* from the sb., but earlier ME. *lake* (OE. \**lacian*) = ODU. *laken* 'be wanting', OFRIS. *lakia*. Teut. √ *lek* in *leak*.

**lacquer lacker** sb. adopted fr. FR. *laque* 'varnish'? cp. G. *lack*, IT. *lacca*.

**lad** ME. *ladde* borrowed fr. IR. *lath* 'a youth, champion'; cp. *lass*.

**ladder** ME. *laddre* short for OE. *hlēdder*: Teut. base *hlaidrjō-* = DU. *ladder lecr*, OHG. *leitara* G. *leiter*; GOTH. \**hlai-dri* (gen. \**hlai-drjōs*): TEUT. √ *hlai hli* in *lean* vb., ARYAN √ *klī* in GR. *zλῆ-μαξ* 'ladder'. The Teut. suffix *-dr-* in *ladder* answers to a GR. *-rou*.

**lade** sb. ME. *lāde* OE. *hladan* = OSAX. *hladan*, DU. G. *laden* OHG. (*h*)*ladan*, ON. *hlada*, GOTH.

*hlapan* 'load, lade': TEUT. √ *hlad* *hlaf* from an ARYAN √ *klad*; perh. cogn. w. √ *klad* in OSLOV. *kladq* 'I lay'. — The vb. OE. *hladan* ME. *lāde* signifies also 'draw water', hence E. **ladle** ME. *lādel* OE. *hlædel*.

**lady** ME. *lādy* earlier *lafdi* *lafdiȝ* OE. *hlēfdiȝe* 'a lady, mistress'; cogn. w. *lord* OE. *hlūford*. The first part of both words is OE. *hlūf* = E. *loaf*, the second part in OE. *hlēfdiȝe* is connected with GOTH. *deigan* vb. 'knead' (see *dough*). Therefore OE. *hlēfdiȝe* (TEUT. \**hlaiwa-dīgjō-*) meant orig. 'the kneader of bread'.

**lair** ME. *leir* OE. *lēzer* 'lair, couch, bed' = OSAX. *lēgar* 'couch, sick-bed', DU. *leger* 'a couch, bed, lair', OHG. *lēgar* G. *lager* (for *leger*) 'a couch, bed, place of lying, storehouse', GOTH. *lēgrs* 'a couch': Teut. base *lēgra-* from √ *leg* in *lie* and *lay*.

**laity** sb. from the adj. *lay*.

**lake** ME. *lake* 'lake' OE. *lacu* 'lake' and 'stream': early loan-word fr. LAT. *lacus* 'a lake, pool'. OE. *lugu* 'sea, ocean' is

the genuine E. correspondence of the LAT. word and of IR. *loch* 'lake'; cp. *loch*.

**lamb** sb. ME. OE. *lamb lomb* = OSAX. *lamb*, DU. *lam*, OHG. *lamb* G. *lamm*, GOTH. ON. *lamb*: Teut. base *lamba-* (*lambaz-* in the plur. OE. *lombriu* ME. *lombren*, *lambis-* in the plur. OHG. *lëmbir* G. *lämmcr*).

**lame** adj. ME. *lame* OE. *lama* = OSAX. *lamo*, DU. *lam*, OHG. MHG. *lam* (gen. *lames*) G. *lahm*, ON. *lami*, SW. DAN. *lame*. The commoner meaning 'bruised, maimed' is prob. the orig. one, though the meaning 'lame' is very old (GOTH. used *halts* cp. *halt*). Cp. OSLOV. *lomiti* vb. 'break, bruise', ON. *lama* 'bruise'?

**lammas** ME. *lammasse* shortened fr. late OE. *hlammesse*, commonly OE. *hlaf-mæsse*: lit. 'loaf-mass' from *hlaf* 'loaf, bread' and *mæsse* 'mass'. See *loaf*.

**lamp** short for ME. *laumpe* adopted fr. FR. *lampe*, whence also DU. *lamp*, DAN. G. *lampe*, SW. *lampa*. Source LAT.-GR. *lampas* 'a torch, lamp' (= IT. *lampa*).

**lamprey** sb. ME. *laumpreie* borrowed fr. OFR. *lampreie* (= FR. *lamproie*), whence also DU. *lamprei*. Source LAT. *lampetra* 'lamprey' in a vulgar form *lampreda* (= IT. *lampreda*), whence also OE. *læmpedu* 'lampreta' and perh. the synon. *pride* (OE. \**pride* short for \**lampride*?).

**lance** ME. *launçe* borrowed fr. FR. *lance*, whence also DU. *lans*,

G. *lanze*. Source LAT. *lancea* (= IT. *lancia*); cp. *launch*.

**land** sb. ME. OE. *land* (*lond*) = OSAX. DU. G. ON. SW. DAN. *land* from a Teut. base *landa-*; cogn. w. IR. *land lann*, CYMR. *llan*, CORN. *lan* (from \**landhâ*) 'open space, surface', BRET. *lan* 'heath', OSLOV. *lędina* 'heath, untilled land' (RUSS. *ljada ljadina*). — **land** vb. ME. *lande* = DU. G. *landen*, DAN. *lande*, SW. *landa* from *land* sb. — **landscape** borrowed fr. DU. *landschaf* 'a landscape'.

**lane** sb. ME. OE. *lane* (*lone*) = OFRIS. *lona lana*, DU. *lan* 'a lane, a narrow passage': Teut. base *lanôn-*.

**language** ME. *langage* adopted from FR. *langage*: deriv. of FR. *langue* = LAT. *lingua* 'tongue, speech'.

**languish** vb. ME. *languisse* from FR. *languiss-* stem of *languir* 'languish' (LAT. *languere* 'be weak').

**lank** adj. ME. *lank* OE. *hlanc*; perh. cogn. w. G. *schlank*, which points to a TEUT. *slanka-*: ARYAN *klang-* *s(k)lang*?

**lantern** ME. *lanterne launterne* borrowed from FR. *lanterne*: source LAT. *laterna lanterna*, whence also G. *laterne*.

**lap** sb. ME. *lapp* 'lap, border' OE. *læppa* 'a loosely hanging portion'; cogn. w. DU. *lap*, OFRIS. OHG. *lappa* G. *lappen* 'rag, tatter' and LITH. *lopas* 'patch' (LAT. *labare* 'hang down, fall'). See *limp* adj.

**lapwing** vb. accommodated to *wing* for ME. *lapwinke*, shortened fr. OE. *hlēapwince* lit. 'the bird which turns about in running'; cp. *leap* for OE. *hlēapan* 'run' and *wink*.

**larboard** earlier *lērboard* and *leerboard* (cp. *starboard*); perh. from ME. *lēr* 'cheek'? In Scand. the planks in a ship's side have different names as *aur-*, *skaut-*, *söl-bord*.

**larch** sb. ME. \**lerch* OE. \**lerc* \**leric* = MHG. *lerche* G. *lärche*. Source LAT. *larix* (*laricem*).

**lard** late ME. *lard* from the synon. FR. *lard* = LAT. *lardā* (*lāridus* adj. 'fat').

**large** ME. *lārge* 'large, wide, liberal, generous' from FR. *large* = LAT. *largus*.

**lark** ME. *larke* contracted fr. OE. *lāwerce* earliest form *lāwericæ*: Teut. base *lāwerekōn-* = OHG. *lērähha* (from \**lāwrahha*) G. *lerche*, DU. *lecuwerick*, MLG. *lēwerke*. Formation and origin quite obscure.

**lash** sb. ME. *lasshe* 'the string of a whip' OE. *læsce* = DU. *lasch*, MLG. *lasche* 'a stripe'.

**lass** ME. *lasse*: perh. for \**ladse* and cogn. w. *lad* ME. *ladde*?

**last** adj. ME. *last(e)* earlier *latst(e)* shortened for OE. *latost* 'latest': superl. of OE. *let* — *late*.

**last** sb. the shoemaker's wooden mould of the foot ident. w. OE. *lāst* sb. 'foot-track, footprint'; the E. meaning agrees w. G. *leisten*, DU. *leest*, SW. *läst*, DAN.

*lest* 'the shoemaker's last'. The orig. meaning is evident in ON. *leistr* 'foot below the ankle, a short sock'. Cp. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{lis}}$  *lais* 'go' in LAT. *delirare* 'go mad'.

**last** vb. ME. *lāste* short for OE. *lāstan* 'perform, stand by, carry out' = OSAX. *lāstian*, OHG. G. *leisten*, GOTH. *laistjan*: derived fr. a TEUT. *laista-* 'foot-mark' under *last* sb.

**latch** vb. ME. *lacche* OE. *læccan*  $\sqrt{\text{e-læccan}}$  'seize, catch hold of'. — Hence **latch** sb. ME. *lacche* 'a catch, fastening'.

**latchet** sb. ME. *lacchet* from ONFR. \**lachtet* = FR. *lacet* a dimin. of FR. *lacs* 'a snare, noose'; see *lace*.

**late** adj. ME. *lat* (*late* adv.) OE. *let* 'slow, late' = OSAX. *lat*, (LG. *lāte* adv. 'late'), DU. *laat*, OHG. *laz* ( $\sqrt{\text{z}}$ ) G. *lass*, ON. *latr*, GOTH. *lats* 'slow, slothful': an OTEUT. adj.-stem *lata-*, belonging to the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{lad}}$  in LAT. *lassus* (from \**lad-tus*, an old part.) 'weary'. Cp. *let* vb. and *last* adj.

**lath** ME. *laffe* OE. *latta* (*leppa*) = OHG. *latta* G. *latte*, DU. *lat*. Though OE. *tt* corresponds here to OHG. *tt* (regularly OE. *ƿƿ* = OHG. *tt*), the word is still genuine Teut., since it is allied w. G. *laden* 'board, plank, lash, shutter', whence FR. *latte* (= SPAN. *lata*, IT. *latta*); akin to w. *llath* 'a rod, staff', IR. *slat*, BRET. *laz* 'rod, lath' (Celt. base *slattō-*).

**lather** ME. *lather* short for OE. *læator* = ON. *lauðr* (mod. ICEL. *loðr*) 'froth, foam': Teut. base *lau-fra-* derived from the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{lawe}}$  in LAT. *lavare*; as for the Teut. suffix cp. GR. *λουτροόν* 'bath' and GALL. *laustrum* 'balneum'.

**Latin** adj. ME. *Latin* adopt. fr. FR. *latin* (= SPAN. IT. *latino*, DU. *latijn*, G. *latein*); source LAT. *Latīnus*, whence also OE. *læden* 'Latin'.

**latten** sb. 'a kind of brass or bronze' ME. *latoun* borrowed fr. the synon. OFR. *laton* = FR. *laiton*, SPAN. *laton*.

**lattice** sb. ME. *latis* adopted fr. FR. *lattis* 'lathwork, lattice-work' formed from FR. *latte* 'a lath'; see *lath*.

**laugh** vb. ME. *laghe* *laughe* earlier *lahhe* OE. *hlæhhan* *hlyhhan* = OSAX. *hlehhhan*, DU. G. *lachen* OHG. *lahhēn* (*hlahhan*), ON. *hléja* (for \**hlahja*), GOTH. *hlahjan* 'laugh'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hlah}}$  = ARYAN *klak*, prob. onomatopoeic. — **laughter** sb. ME. *laughter* OE. *hleahtr* = OHG. *hlahtar* G. *gelächter*, ON. *hlátr* from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hlah}}$  with the suffix *fra-tra-*.

**launch** vb. ME. *launche* commonly *launce*; adopted fr. ONFR. (Picard.) *lancher* = FR. *lancer* 'hurl, cast, dart, thrust'; deriv. of FR. *lance* = E. *lance*.

**laundress** extended with suffix *-ess* fr. ME. *launder* *lavendère* from OFR. *lavandière* 'washer woman' FR. *lavandière* 'laundry-maid'.

Source LAT. *lavandus* 'to be washed' (IT. *lavanda* 'a washing').

**laurel** ME. *laurér* (with the by-forms *lorér* *lorél*) from FR. *laurier*: source LAT. *laurus* 'a laurel tree'.

**lave** vb. ME. *lave* OE. *zelaſian* = OHG. *labôn* G. *laben* 'refresh'. The WEST-TEUT. *labôn* is perh. a loanword fr. LAT. *lavare* (= FR. *laver*).

**lavender** ME. *lavendre* (with an inserted E. *r*) borrowed from FR. *lavande* = IT. *lavanda* *laventola*, whence DU. G. *lavendel*. Source LAT. *lavare* 'wash' (lavender was laid in freshly washed linen).

**law** ME. *lawe* OE. *lagu* 'law', which about 900 was borrowed fr. an early SCAND. \**lagu* = ON. *lag* nom. plur. 'law' (SW. *lag*, DAN. *lov* 'law'). Cogn. w. LAT. *lex* — *lēgam* fr. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{leg}}$  'lie'; cp. G. *gesetz*, *satzung* for the meaning. The genuine E. word for 'law' was OE. *á* = OHG. *êwa*.

**lawn**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a grass plot' ME. *launde* *lande*; borrowed from FR. *lande* 'a grassy plain', which is of Celt. origin (cp. IR. *lann* under *land*).

**lawn**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'fine linen' orig. 'lawn linen': so called from FR. *Laon* a city N. W. of Rheims; cp. *Arras* and *Cambric*.

**lay** vb. ME. *leie* *lein* earlier *legge* OE. *lēġan* wk. vb. (3 sing. OE. *læþ* ME. *lei-th*): Teut. base *lagjan* = GOTH. *lagjan*, OSAX. *leggian*, OHG. *lękan* G. *legen*, DU. *leggen*, ON. *leggja*: causative for-

mation of the  $\sqrt{\text{leg}}$  'lie' in *lie*; hence *lay* 'cause to lie down'.

**lay** sb. 'a song' ME. *lai* from OFR. FR. *lai*.

**lay** adj. ME. *lai* from OFR. FR. *lai* 'secular, belonging to the laity'. Source LAT. *laicus*, whence also OE. *læwed* (G. *laic* 'a layman'). See *læwd*.

**lazar** sb. ME. *lazar* fr. OFR. *lazare*? Source the biblical prop. n. *Lazarus*; 'the lazar-house' is in G. *lazaret* = IT. *lazzaretto*, FR. *lazaret*.

**lazy** from FR. *las* = LAT. *lassus*.

**lead** vb. ME. *lêde* (*lêde*) OE. *lêdan*: Teut. base *laidjan* = OSAX. *lêdian*, DÜ. *leiden*, G. *leiten*, ON. *leida* 'lead': prop. factitive of the str. vb. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{liþan}}$  = OE. *lidan* 'go, travel', OSAX. *lithan*, GOTH. *leiþan*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{liþ}}$  under *lode-star*.

**lead** sb. short for ME. *lêd* OE. *lêad* = DÜ. *lood* 'lead a weight', G. *lot* 'a lead-weight': Teut. base \**lauda-* cogn. w. SYNON. OIR. *luáide* (base *laudio-*).

**leaf** ME. *lêf* OE. *lêaf* — OSAX. *lêf*, DÜ. *loof* 'foliage', OHG. *laub* G. *laub* 'leaves, foliage', ON. *lauf* 'leaf', GOTH. *laufs* (plur. *laubôs*) 'leaf': Teut. base *lauba-* orig. 'the single leaf' (used as a collective sb. 'the foliage').

**league** sb. 'an alliance' adopted from FR. *ligue* 'a league': source LAT. *ligare* 'bind'.

**league** sb. 'about three miles' late ME. *lêge* borrowed fr. OFR.

*legue* = FR. *lieu*: source a LAT.-GALL. *leuga leuca* 'a Gallic mile', whence also late OE. *lētwe* 'leuga'. GALL. *leuga* corresponds to BRET. *leo*, IR. *lêige* 'a league'.

**leak** vb. ME. *lêke* OE. *lêcan* (the factitive *leccan* 'wet' from a base *lakjan*) = ON. *leka* 'drip, leak as a ship', DÜ. *lecken*, OHG. *lêchan* G. *lecken* vb. — *leek* adj. 'leaky'. — TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{lek lak}}$  see under *lack* vb.

**lean** adj. ME. *lêne* OE. *hlêne* from a Teut. base *hlai-ni* 'lean' (with suffix *-ni* as in *clean*, *green*).

**lean** vb. ME. *lêne* OE. *hlênan* 'cause to lean': Teut. base *hlainjan* — OHG. *lêinan*: factitive of OE. *hlionian* 'lean' = OSAX. *hlinôn*, OHG. *hlinên* 'lean'; cp. G. *lehnen*, DÜ. *leunen*. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hlî}}$  (cp. *ladder*) corresponds to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{hli}}$ ; cp. LAT. *inclinare* 'incline', GR. *zênô* 'I lean' — *zê-tôz* 'hill', LAT. *clivus* 'hill', GOTH. *hlai-w* (OE. *hlaw*) 'mound'.

**leap** vb. ME. *lêpe* OE. *hlêpan* str. vb. 'leap, run' = DÜ. *loopen*, OSAX. *hlôpan*, OHG. *louffan* G. *laufen*, ON. *hlaupa*, GOTH. *hlaupan* 'leap, run': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hlauf}}$ , perh. cogn. w. LITH. *klupai* vb. 'stagger, stumble'.

**learn** vb. short for ME. *lêrne* OE. *lêornian*: from a base *lêrnôn* TEUT. *lîznôn* — OHG. *lîrnên lîrnên* G. *lernen* 'learn'; cp. OSAX. *lînôn* from a base *lîznôn*. Akin to the primit. str. vb. GOTH. *lais* 'I know' and the deriv. OE. OHG.

*lis-t*, GOTH. *lis-ts* 'art, cunning'. See *lore* for the TEUT. √ *laisz lis*.

**lease**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'let tenements' borrowed from FR. *laisser*.

**lease**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'gather, pick, glean' ME. *lȳse* OE. *lȳsan* 'gather' = OSAX. *lȳsan*; DU. *lezen* 'gather, read', OHG. *lȳsan* G. *lesen* 'gather, read', ON. *lesa* 'gather, pick', GOTH. *lisan* 'gather'; cogn. w. LITH. *lęsti* 'pick up'.

**least** ME. *lęst* OE. *lęst* shortened fr. *lęsest* (by-form *lęrest*): Teut. base *laisista-* superl. to the compar. TEUT. *laisiza-* = *less*.

**leather** ME. *lether* OE. *lȳder* = ON. *ledr*, DU. *leder*, OHG. *lȳdar* G. *leder* 'leather': Teut. base *lȳpra-* = pre-TEUT. *letro-* in IR. *lethar*, CYMR. *lledr*, BRET. *lezh* 'leather'.

**leave** vb. ME. *lȳve* OE. *lȳfan* tr. 'leave' — intr. 'remain': Teut. base *lȳbjan*; cp. OSAX. *farlȳbian* 'remain', OHG. MHG. *leiben* 'leave', ON. *leifa* 'leave': causat. of a str. vb. *liban* in OE. *belifan* ME. *belȳve*, OSAX. *biliban*, DU. *blijven*, OHG. *biliban* G. *bleiben*, ON. *lifa* (orig. str.). GOTH. *bi-leiban* 'remain'. For the root see *live*.

**leave** sb. ME. *lȳve* (*lȳve*) 'permission' OE. *lȳf* 'permission'; cp. OE. *alȳfan* *alȳfan* 'permit', OHG. *irlouben* G. *erlauben*.

**leaven** ME. *levain* from FR. *levain* 'ferment'. Source LAT. *levāmen*.

**lee** ME. *lę* from ON. *hlę* (»sigla

á hlę« 'to stand to leeward') prop. 'shelter, protection' (OE. *hlȳo*, OSAX. *hlȳo* 'shelter'). Cogn. w. ON. *hlȳ* 'warmth' — *hlȳr* 'warm'; and G. *lau* OHG. *hlao*; cp. *luke-warm*.

**leech**<sup>1</sup> 'physician' (Shakesp.) ME. *lȳche* OE. *lȳče lȳče* 'physician' = GOTH. *lȳkeis*, OHG. *lȳhhi* 'physician': Teut. base *lȳkja-lȳkja-*. Perh. allied to OIR. *liaig* (gen. *lȳga*) 'physician'.

**leech**<sup>2</sup> 'hirudo' ME. \**lȳche* (not recorded) OE. *lȳče* 'hirudo': prop. 'physician' and ident. w. *leech*<sup>1</sup>. Cp. ODU. *lȳke* 'leech'?

**leek** ME. *lȳk* OE. *lȳac* = DU. *look*, OHG. *louh* G. *lauch*, ON. *laukr* 'leek': Teut. base *lauka-* pre-TEUT. *lougo-*.

**leer** ME. *lȳr* OE. *hlȳor* 'cheek' = OSAX. *hlȳor*, ON. *hlȳr* 'cheek': Teut. base *hleusa-*. If the orig. meaning was 'ear', *listen* might be allied.

**lees** 'dregs of wine' from FR. *lie* 'lees': base a late Gallo-Latin *lia* for \**liga* 'sediment' (ARYAN √ *leg* in *lie*).

**left** ME. *left lift* allied to the synon. ODU. *lucht luft*, LG. *lucht*, NFRIS. *leeft*; the orig. meaning was perh. 'faint, weak' in OE. *lyft* 'manis': Teut. base *lufti-?* *lumfti-?* perh. allied to OHG. *lenka* 'the left hand' G. *links* 'left'?

**legend** ME. *leȳende* from OFR. *lȳgende*.

**leisure** ME. *lȳsure* (commonly *leisȳr*) fr. OFR. *leisir* = FR. *loisir*. Source LAT. *licēre*.

**lemman** 'sweetheart' ME. *lemman* shortened fr. an earlier *lifman*: prop. »*lief man*«.

**lemon** from FR. *limon*; cp. *lime*<sup>2</sup>.

**lend** vb. ME. *lène* OE. *lénan* vb. 'lend' from OE. *lén* 'a loan'; cp. *loan*.

**length** ME. *lengthe* OE. *lengþ* from a Teut. base *langiþô-* = ON. *lengd*: abstract formation of TEUT. *langa-*; cp. *long*.

**lent** ME. *lente* *lenten* OE. *lenzten* 'spring' = OHG. *lenzin* with the by-form *lenzgin lenziso lenzo* G. *lenz* 'spring', DÜ. *lente*. OHG. *lenzin* (= OE. *lenzten*) points to a TEUT. *langa-lina-* 'the long day'; for the second element cp. GOTH. *sin-teins* 'daily', SLOV. *dini*, SKR. *dina* 'day'.

**lentil** ME. *lentil* fr. FR. *lentille*; source the sydon. LAT. *lenticula* (*lens* — *lentis* 'lentil').

**leper** ME. *lepre* 'leprosy' fr. FR. *lepre* 'leprosy' (LAT. *lepra*).

**less** ME. *lesse* *lasse* OE. *lêssa* 'smaller' fr. a Teut. base *laisizan-* = OFRIS. *lessa*; the adv. E. *less* ME. *les* OE. *lês* answers to OSAX. *lê* (TEUT. *laisiz*). For the superl. cp. *least*. A primitive adj. *laisais* LITH. *lêsas* 'little, small'.

**-less** suffix = ME. *-lê*s OE. *-lê*s: prop., adj. meaning *loose*.

**lesson** ME. *lessoun* fr. FR. *leçon*: source LAT. *lectio(nem)*.

**lest** 'that not' ME. *leste* shortened for *the lêt the OE. þý lês þe* 'for the reason less that'; for OE. *lê*s = ME. *les* cp. *less*.

**let**<sup>1</sup> vb. ME. *lête* OE. *lêtan lêtan* str. vb. = GOTH. *lêtan*, ON. *lêta*, OSAX. *lêtan*, OHG. *lêtzan* G. *lassen*, DÜ. *laten*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{let}} \text{ lât}$  'permit'.

**let**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'hinder' ME. *lette* OE. *lettan* fr. a base *latjan* 'to make slow' (TEUT. *lata-* 'slow' see under *late*) = GOTH. *latjan* 'tarry' ON. *letja*, OSAX. *lettian*, OHG. *lêzzan* (G. *verletzen*), DÜ. *letten*.

**letter** ME. *lettre* fr. FR. *lettre* (LAT. *littera*).

**lettuce** late ME. *letuce*; allied to FR. *laitue* = LAT. *lactuca* (whence OHG. *lattuh*).

**levy** fr. FR. *levée* (FR. *lever* = LAT. *levare*).

**lewd** ME. *lêved* OE. *lêwed* 'unlearned' fr. IAT. *laicus* cp. *lay*<sup>3</sup>.

**lick** vb. ME. *likke* OE. *liccian* = OSAX. *likkôn*, OHG. *lêckôn* G. *lecken*, GOTH. *\*likkôn*. TEUT. *likkôn* belongs to the Aryan  $\sqrt{\text{ligh}}$  'lick' in GOTH. *laigôn*, GR. *λείζω* 'lick' — *λεζρεύω* 'taste secretly', SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{rih}} \text{ lih}$  'lick', OSLOV. *ližq* (*ližati*) and LITH. *lêziù* 'lick', LAT. *lingo* and perhaps LAT. *lingua* LITH. *lêzdė*s 'tongue', OIR. *ligim* 'lick'.

**lid** sb. (*eye-lid*) ME. *lid* OE. *hlid* 'cover, lid' = DÜ. *lid* 'lid, cover', OHG. *lit* (older *hlit*) G. *lid* (in *augenlid* 'eyelid'), ON. *lid* 'cover, gate'. Cp. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hlid}}$  in the str. vb. OE. OSAX. *hlidan* 'cover'.

**lie**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'speak falsely' ME. *lie* earlier *lic* *lêze* OE. *lêgan* = OSAX. OHG. *liagan*, DÜ. *liagen*, G. *lügen*, ON. *ljuga*, GOTH. *liagan*

str. vb. 'tell a falsehood'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{leug}$  answers to an Aryan  $\sqrt{leugh}$  - *lugh* in OSLOV. *ližga* (*liḡati*) vb. 'lie' — *liža* sb. 'lie'.

**lie<sup>2</sup>** vb. 'rest, repose' ME. *lie* *lin* OE. *liġan* = OSAX. *liġgian*, DU. *liġgen*, OHG. *licken* G. *liġen*, ON. *liġja*, GOTH. *liġan* str. vb. 'lie'. The str. vb. TEUT. *liġjan* is derived fr. the Aryan  $\sqrt{legh}$  in GR. *λέκτρον λέχος* 'bed' — *ἄλοχος* 'wife' — *λέζω* 'bedridden woman' — *λοχέω* 'bear' — *λόχος* 'ambush, lair', LAT. *lectus* 'bed', OSLOV. *leḡa* (*ležati*) 'lie'. Cp. *lay* and *lair*.

**lief** adj. ME. *lef* OE. *liof* (cp. *lemman*) = OSAX. *liof*, DU. *liof*, OHG. *liob* (*liub*) G. *lieb* 'dear, lief', ON. *liúfr*, GOTH. *liufs* 'dear': Teut. base *leuba-* adj. 'lief from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{lub}$  in *love*.

**liege** ME. *liġe* (by-form *liġe*) fr. OFR. *liege* *lie* FR. *liege*.

**life** ME. OE. *lif* = OSAX. *lif*, ON. *lif*, OHG. *lib* 'life' (G. *leib*, DU. *lijf* 'body'); allied to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{lib}$  in *live*; a lost str. vb. *liban* cp. under *leave* vb. Outside of TEUT., GR. *λειπέω* 'remain' points to an Aryan  $\sqrt{lip}$ .

**lift** vb. ME. *liftē* fr. SCAND. *lyfta*; cogn. w. *loft*.

**light** sb. ME. *light* OE. *leoht* = OSAX. OHG. *liohht*, DU. G. *licht* 'light'. The dental of the word is formative as seen in GOTH. *liuh-af* 'light'; cp. the Aryan  $\sqrt{luk}$ : *leuk* in LAT. *lucēo* 'shine', GR. *λευκός* 'white', SKR. *ruc* 'shine'. — Hence **lighten** vb. ME.

*light(e)ne* (where the *n* is formative) 'become light' and **lightning** verbal sb. 'an illuminating flash' (with the suffix *-ing*).

**light** adj. ME. *light* OE. *liht leoht* = DU. *liht*, OHG. *liht* G. *leicht*, ON. *liht*, GOTH. *leihts*: Teut. base *liuhhta-* for *lenkto-*? Perhaps cogn. w. GR. *ελαγής* 'small', LITH. *lengvas lengvas* 'light'. See *lung*.

Hence also **lights** 'animal's lungs'. — **light** vb. 'alight, descend' ME. *lihte* OE. *lihtan* lit. 'make light, relieve a horse of his burden' fr. OE. *liht* = *light*. — **lighten** vb. ident. w. *light* vb. (w. formative *-en*). — **light** in the phrase "to make light of somebody" represents ME. *lite* OE. *lyt* 'little, small, which is cogn. w. *little*.

**like** vb. ME. *like* OE. *lician* wk. vb. 'please' = GOTH. *leikan* (pret. *leikandi*) 'please', DU. *lijken* 'suit', ON. *lika* 'please': deriv. of *like* adj. or cogn. w. OIR. *liḡach* 'beautiful' — *liḡ* 'color, splendor'?

**like** adj. ME. *lik* earlier *lik* OE. *zelle* = GOTH. *galiks*, ON. *glikr*, OSAX. *gilik*, DU. *gelijk*, OHG. *gilih* (*hh*) G. *gleich*. The Teut. adj. *ga-lika-* is a comp. of the particle GOTH. *ga-* and a sb. *lika-* 'body', the comp. meaning having the same body'; cp. GOTH. *leik*, OSAX. ON. *lik* 'body', OE. *lic-homa* 'body', G. *leiche* — *leichnam* 'corpse'. Cp. *-ly*, *which* and *such*. — Hence **liken** vb. ME. *likne* 'compare'.



**lily** ME. *lilie* OE. *lilie* (plur. *lilian*) = OHG. *lilia* G. *lilie*, DU. *lilie*: source LAT. plur. *lilia* 'lily', whence also OSAX. *lilli* 'lily'.

**limb** ME. *lim* OE. *lim* (plur. *leomu*) = ON. *limr* 'limb': Teut. base *li-ma-* cogn. w. GOTH. *li-fus*, OHG. *li-d*, OSAX. *li-th*, OE. *li-þ* 'limb'; cp. also LITH. *lėmu* 'stature, growth': ARYAN  $\sqrt{li}$ .

**lime**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'viscous substance, bird-lime' ME. OE. *lim* 'cement, glue' = DU. *lijm*, G. *leim* OHG. *lim*, ON. *lim* 'glue': TEUT. *lima-* is allied to TEUT. *laima-* (see *loam*). LAT. *limus* 'slime' corresponds to *lime* in form, to *loam* in meaning.  $\sqrt{lai}$   $\bar{l}$  is attested by ON. *leir* ('Teut. base *lai-z-a-*) 'clay, loam' and LAT. *li-no* 'rub over, daub'.

**lime** sb. 'the linden-tree', corrupted fr. earlier *linc-tree* for *lind-tree*; see *linden*.

**lime**<sup>3</sup> sb. 'a kind of citron' borrowed fr. FR. *lime* 'a lime'; ident. w. *lemon*.

**linch-pin** earlier **lins-pin** ME. *lins* OE. *lynas* = OSAX. *lunisa*, DU. *luns lens*, G. *lünse*; allied to OHG. *luning* and OHG. MHG. *lun* 'linch-pin'. The primit. base *luni-*, if fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{ni-}$ , is perhaps ident. w. SKR. *ani* 'linch-pin'; cp. OE. *á-lynnan* 'loosen'.

**lindentree** ME. *linde* OE. *lind* 'lime-tree' = OHG. *linda* G. DU. *linde*, ON. SW. DAN. *lind*: Teut. base *lindō* pre-TEUT. *lentā-*, if allied to GR.  $\xi\lambda\acute{\alpha}\rho\eta$  'fir-tree' or LITH. *lentā* 'board'.

**line** ME. OE. *line* = DU. *lijn*, OHG. *lina* MHG. MLG. *line* G. *leine*, ON. *lina* 'cord, rope': Teut. base *lin-jōn-* prop. 'the thing made of flax'; cp. *linen*.

**lineage** ME. *lināge* adopted fr. *lignage*: source LAT. *linca* 'a line'.

**linen** adj. and sb. (orig. only adj.) ME. OE. *linen* adj. = OSAX. OHG. *linn* G. *leinen* *linnen*, DU. *linen* 'made of flax': deriv. of OE. *lin* 'flax' = OSAX. OHG. *lin*, GOTH. *lein* sb. 'linnen'; cogn. w. LAT. *linum*, GR.  $\lambda\iota\nu\omicron\nu$ , OSLOV. *linū* 'flax'.

**linger** vb. extended fr. ME. *lenge* vb. 'tarry' w. the frequent suffix *-er*; OE. *lengan* 'prolong' fr. *long*.

**link** sb. 'ring in a chain' fr. an unrecorded ME. *\*lnk* *\*link*: SCAND. loanword fr. an orig. *hlenk-* cp. ON. *hlekkr* (for *\*hlenkr*), SW. *iänk*, DAN. *lenke* 'link'. There was a genuine OE. *hlence* 'link' fr. a base *hlanckjōn-*; but the guttural of *link* shows that the word may not be the development of OE. *hlence*.

**linnet** sb. ME. *linet* adopted fr. FR. *linotte* 'a linnet' fr. FR. *lin* 'flax' so called from feeding on the seed of flax or hemp; cp. G. *hanfiling* 'linnet' fr. *hanf* 'hemp'. Cp. OE. *linece* 'carduelis' and *lincwige* 'linnet'.

**linseed** short for ME. *lin-sēd* prop. 'flax-seed'; cp. *linen*.

**lion** ME. *lioun* earlier *lūn*: borrowed in the 12<sup>th</sup> cent. fr. FR. *lion*; source LAT. *leonem* (*leo*).

**lip** ME. *lippe* OE. *lippa* = OSAX. \**lippia*, DU. *lip*, MLG. *lippe* (whence G. *lippe*); cogn. w. the synon. OSAX. *lêpur* = OHG. *lêffur* and OHG. *lêfs* 'lip'. LAT. *labium* 'lip' with the Teut. group points to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{leb lab}}$ .

**lisp** vb. (Scotch *wlisp*) ME. *lipse* (*lipse*) formed fr. the adj. OE. *wlisp* *wlips* 'lispings' = OHG. *lêfs* (for \**wlêfs*) 'stammering'; akin to DU. *lispou*, G. *lispeln* 'lisp': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{wlifs}}$  — pre-TEUT. *wlips*.

**list**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *list* short for OE. *list* = DU. *lijst*, G. *leiste* 'list, border' OHG. *lîste* 'border'. — Ident. w. **list**<sup>2</sup> 'catalogue' fr. FR. *liste*, which is of Teut. origin (OHG. *lîsta* 'border, strip').

**list** vb. ME. *liste* OE. *lystan* 'desire' derived fr. *lust*.

**listen** vb. ME. *listene* earlier form *liste* OE. *hlystan* 'hear'; allied to OE. *hlos-nian*, OHG. (*h*)*losên* 'hear', ON. *hlora* (GOTH. \**hlusan*) 'listen'. An ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{klus}}$  'hear' is evident in SKR. *crus-ti* 'obedience', OSLOV. *shysati* vb. 'hear', LITH. *klusyti* 'hear', ON. *hlus-t* 'ear'; CYMR. *clust* 'ear'. Cp. *leer*.

**litter** ME. *litre* fr. OFR. *litère* (FR. *litière*) 'a horse-litter' (LAT. type *lectaria* fr. *lectus* 'bed').

**little** short for ME. OE. *litel* = GOTH. *leitils* 'small', ON. *litill* 'little'. Relation to the synon. DU. *luttel*, OSAX. *luttil*, OHG. *luzzil*, OE. *lyttel* 'little' is obscure.

**live** vb. ME. *live* earlier form *livie* *libbe* OE. *libban* (*lifian*) wk. vb. = GOTH. *liban*, OHG. *lêbên*

G. *leben*, DU. *leven*, OSAX. *libbian*; cogn. w. OE. *beltfan* = OHG. *biliban* G. *bleiben*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{lib}}$  see under *leave* vb. and *life*.

**liver** ME. *livre* OE. *lifer* = DU. *lever*, OHG. *libara* *lêbara* G. *leber*, ON. *lifr*. Connection of TEUT. *librô-* w. the synon. GR.  $\eta\pi\alpha\sigma$ , LAT. *jecur*, SKR. *yakrt* and the two assumed stems \**lik* and \**ljêk* is doubtful.

**livery** ME. *livere* fr. FR. *livrée*.

**lizard** ME. *lesarde* fr. FR. *lézard* 'lizard' (= LAT. *lacerta*).

**lo** interj. ME. *lô* OE. *lâ*; a pre-historic OE. \**lâw* for TEUT. *lâiw* is warranted by OHG. *lêw-es* 'lo'! Perhaps TEUT. *lai-wa-* is connected with *lai-ya-* in *loath*.

**loadstar** see *lode-star*.

**loaf** ME. *lôf* OE. *hlâf*: Teut. base *hlaiba-* in GOTH. *hlaifs* 'bread', ON. *hleifr*, OHG. *leib* G. *laib*; akin to LITH. *klêpas* 'bread'. See *lady*, *lammas* and *lord*.

**loam** ME. *lôm* OE. *lâm* = OHG. *leim* G. *lehm*, DU. *leem*: Teut. base *lai-ma-* fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{lê}}$  under *lime*.

**loan** ME. *lôn* fr. ON. *lân* 'a loan'. There was a genuine OE. *lên* fr. a TEUT. *laihniz*; cp. OHG. *lêhan* 'a thing granted' and ON. *lân* fr. a TEUT. *laihua* (-z?): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{lihve}}$  (GOTH. *leihwan* 'lend', OHG. *lîhan* G. *leihen*, OE. *lêon* pret. *lâh* 'lend, give') = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{liq}}$  in LAT. *linquere* 'leave', GR.  $\lambda\acute{\iota}\nu\epsilon\omega$ , SW. *ric* 'leave'.

**loath** adj. ME. *lôth* OE. *lâp* 'hateful' = ON. *leidr* 'loathed',

OHG. *-leid* 'odious', OSAX. *lêth*; cogn. w. OHG. *lidan* G. *leiden* 'suffer'. Perhaps there was an ARYAN  $\sqrt{li}$  lai cp. *lo*.

**lobster** ME. *lopstre* OE. *loppestre* earlier *lopus* 'lobster': adoption fr. LAT. *locusta* 'lobster, locust'.

**loch** OE. *loh* 'lake': a Gaelic word; cp. GAEL. IR. *loch* 'lake' (ident. w. LAT. *lacus*, OE. *lagu* 'sea' under *lake*).

**lock**<sup>1</sup> sb. fr. the vb. ME. *lôke* *louke* OE. *lûcan* 'lock, enclose' = GOTH. *galûkan* 'shut up', OHG. *lûhhan*, DU. *luiken*.

**lock**<sup>2</sup> (of hair) ME. *lok* (plur. *lockes*) OE. *locc* (plur. *loccas*) = DU. *lok*, ON. *lokkr*, OHG. *lok* G. *locke*: Teut. base *lokka-* cogn. w. GR.  $\lambda\upsilon\gamma\iota\epsilon\omega$  'I bend'.

**lode-star** ME. *lode-sterre* contains OE. *zêlâd* 'way, course' (cf. ON. *leidarstjarna* = G. *leitstern*), which is cogn. w. *lead* vb. = TEUT. *laidjan* 'guide, lead'. Cp. ME. *lôdesman* 'pilot' and E. *lode-stone*.

**lodge** vb. ME. *logge* vb. adopted fr. FR. *loger*; E. **lodge** ME. *logge* 'lodge, tent' fr. FR. *loge* orig. 'a small house'? Source a LAT. type *laubia* fr. OHG. *louba* 'an arbor' (G. *laube* 'a covered hall'; allied to *leaf*).

**loft** sb. ME. *loft* 'an upper room' borrowed fr. ON. *loft* 'upper story, balcony', which has also the meaning 'air, sky' = GOTH. *luftus*, G. *luft*, OE. *lyft* 'air'. Hence *lift* vb.

**loin** late ME. *loine*: adopted fr.

OFR. *logne* now *longe* (LAT. type \**lumbea* fr. LAT. *lumbus* 'loin').

**loiter** vb. ME. *loitre*.

**loll** vb. ME. *lolle*.

**lone** short for *alone*.

**long** adj. ME. OE. *long* (*lang*) = OSAX. *lang*, DU. OHG. G. *lang*, ON. *langr*, GOTH. *laggs*; cogn. w. SYNON. LAT. *longus* (whence IT. *lungo*, FR. *long*); cp. *linger*. —

**long** vb. ME. *longe* OE. *langian* 'long after, long' = OSAX. *langôian*, G. *verlangen* 'wish for'.

**look** vb. ME. *lôke* earlier *lôkie* OE. *lôcian* = OSAX. *lôkôn* (OHG. *luogôn* G. *lügen*). The early history of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{lok}$  (*lôg*) is obscure; cp. SKR. *laks* 'notice, perceive' and CYMR. *llygat* CORN. *lagat* 'eye'.

**loom** sb. ME. *lôme* OE. *zê-lôma* (*andlôma*) 'a tool, implement'; perh. akin to OE. *zêlôme* = OHG. *giluomo* *gilâmo* 'frequently', OHG. *gasthuomi* 'hospital'.

**loose** adj. ME. *lôs* (*lous*) borrowed fr. ON. *louss* = GOTH. *laus*, OE. *lêas* (cp. *less*), DU. *los*, OSAX. OHG. *lôs* G. *los*. The common TEUT. adj. *lausa-* is a deriv. of the  $\sqrt{lus}$  'be loose' under *lose*.

**lord** ME. *lôrd* short for *lôverd* OE. *hlâfôrd* prop. *hlâf-weard* 'loaf-ward' — 'keeper of bread' (cp. OE. *hlâf* under *loaf*): the masc. corresponding to the fem. formation *lady* = OE. *hlêf-diȝe*. Both compounds are peculiar to English.

**lore** ME. *lôre* OE. *lâr* infl. *lâre*

= OHG. OSAX. *lêra*, G. *lehre*, DU. *leer*: Teut. base *laizô-*, whence GOTH. *laisjan*, OE. *lêran*, OHG. *lêran* G. *lehren*, DU. *leeren* 'teach'. See also *learn* for the TEUT.  $\sqrt{lis}$  *laiz*.

**lose** ME. *lôse* mostly *forlôse* OE. *forlôsan* str. vb. = GOTH. *farlôsan* G. *farlôsan*, OSAX. OHG. *farlôsan* G. *verlôren* str. vb. *lose*. An ARYAN  $\sqrt{lis}$  (cp. *loose*) may be an extended form of  $\sqrt{lu}$  in GR. *λύω* 'I release', LAT. *luere*. — **loss** sb. ME. OE. *lôs* 'destruction'.

**lot** ME. *lot* OE. *hlôt* = DU. *lot*; ident. w. OE. *hlýt* = GOTH. *hlauts*, OHG. *lôz* G. *loos*: Teut. base *hlauti-*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{hlut}$  *hlaut* in ON. *hljóta* str. vb. 'get by lot', OE. *hlôtan*, OHG. (*h*)*lîo-zan*.

**loud** adj. ME. *loud* OE. *hlūd* = OSAX. *hlūd*, DU. *luid*, OHG. (*h*)*lūt* G. *laut*: the Teut. base *hlū-da-* (cp. *cold*, *old*, *couth*) was orig. a part. with suffix *-to* (LAT. *-tus*, GR. *-τός*, SKR. *-tas*); pre-TEUT. *klu-tós* (SKR. *krutās*, GR. *κλυτός*, LAT. *inclutus* 'famous') fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{klū}$  in SKR. *krū* 'hear', GR. *κλυω* — *κλυός*.

**lough** 'lake' fr. IR. GALL. *loch*; see *loch*.

**louse** ME. *lous* (plur. *līs*) OE. *lūs* (plur. *lŷs*) = DU. *luis*, OHG. *lūs* G. *laus*, ON. *lūs* (plur. *lŷss*): Teut. base *lūs-*, derived perh. fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{lus}$  'destroy under loose and lose'; cp. GR. *φθείρω* 'louse' — *φθείρω* 'I destroy'.

**lovage** fr. FR. *livèche* mixed

w. ME. *luvestiche* OE. *lufestiče*. Source of the whole group LAT. *ligusticum* 'lovage'.

**love** ME. *love* OE. *lufu* = GOTH. *lubô*, OHG. *luba* 'love': Teut. base *lubôn-* allied to the TEUT. adj. *leuba-* = *lief*. An ARYAN  $\sqrt{lubh}$  'desire' is evident in LAT. *lubido*, SKR. *lôbha* 'desire' and SKR.  $\sqrt{lubh}$  'to desire'.

**low** adj. ME. *lôw* earlier *lâg* late OE. *lâg*: borrowed fr. ON. *lâgr* 'low' (SW. *låg*, DAN. *lav*) = DU. *laag*, which are derived from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{leg}$  *lag* 'lie'. Hence *low* prop. 'lying flat'.

**low** vb. ME. *lôwe* OE. *hlôwan* 'low'; cp. DU. *locien*, OHG. *luoien* 'low': TEUT.  $\sqrt{hlô}$ , pre-TEUT. *klâ* in LAT. *clâ-mâre* 'cry'.

**lower** vb. ME. *loure* = MHG. *lûren* G. *lauern* 'lurk'; cp. *lurk*.

**luck** found since the 15<sup>th</sup> cent.; ident. w. DU. *luk geluk* 'good fortune', MHG. *gelücke* G. *glück*, OFRIS. *luk*. Akin to G. *locken*, DU. *locken* 'entice, allure'.

**lucre** ME. *lûcre* fr. FR. *lucre* = LAT. *lucrum*.

**lug** vb. ME. *lugge* 'drag, lug'; cogn. w. SW. *lugga*.

**lukewarm** fr. ME. *lêuke* (*lûke*) earlier *hlêuk*; perh. contr. fr. an unrecorded OE. *\*hlêowoc* 'lukewarm'; cogn. w. ME. *lêwe* OE. *hlêowe* 'lukewarm' = ON. *hlŷr* 'warm' (OHG. *hlâo* G. *lau* 'lukewarm').

**lull** ME. *lulle* = DU. *lullen*, DAN. *lulle*, SW. *lulla*.

**lump** sb. ME. *lumpe* *lompe*;

ident. w. DU. *lomp* 'a lump', G. *lumpen* 'rags'.

**lung** ME. *lunge longe* OE. *lungen* = ON. *lunga*, DU. *long*, OHG. *lunga* G. *lunge* 'lung': Teut. base *lungon-j-*, allied to an ARYAN adj. *lŋghu-* 'light' = GR. *ἐλαχρός*, SKR. *laghu* 'light'. Cp. *lights* as synonym. with *lungs*. See *light* for the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ lŋghu-}}$ .

**lure** sb. ME. *lure* fr. FR. *lurre* 'bait'; source a TEUT. *lōpra-* = MHG. *luoder* 'bait' (G. *luder*).

**lurk** vb. ME. *lurke*: derived fr. ME. *louren* (= *lower*) as *hark* fr. *hear*, *talk* fr. *tell*.

**lust** sb. ME. OE. *lust* 'desire' = OSAX. DU. G. ON. *lust*, GOTH. *lustus* 'desire': a common Teut. formation, prob. allied to the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ las}}$  'desire' in GR.

*λκαιομαι*, SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{ las}}$  for *lals* 'desire', LAT. *las-civus*.

**lute** sb. ME. *lute*: borrowed fr. OFR. *lut leut* = FR. *luth*; ident. w. DU. *luit*, G. *lute*, IT. *liuto luto*, SPAN. *laud*. Source ARAB. *al ud* 'lute'.

**-ly** adj.-suffix ME. *-ly -li* earlier *-lich(c)* OE. *-lic* = OSAX. *-lik*, DU. *lijk*, OHG. *-lich* G. *-lich*, ON. *-likr*, GOTH. *-leiks*. Orig. the same as *lika-* 'body' discussed under *like* (GOTH. *waira-leiks* 'manly' prop. 'having the body of a man').

**lye** sb. ME. *lic* OE. *līah* (infl. *lēagē*); cp. synonym. DU. *loog*, OHG. *louga* G. *lauge*, ON. *loug* 'warm bath': prob. connected with the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ lou lu}}$  'bathe' (cp. *lather*).

## M

**mace** 'a big club' borrowed fr. OFR. *mace* FR. *masse*: source a LAT. type *\*matea* 'a beetle'.

**mackerel** ME. *makerel* adopted fr. OFR. *maquerel* (FR. *maquereau*) = DU. *makreel*, whence G. *makrelē*: source MED.-LAT. *macarellus maquerellus* 'a mackerel'.

**machine** (= G. *maschine*, DU. *machine*) fr. FR. *machine*: source LAT. *machina* GR. *μηχανή* 'a device'.

**mad** adj. ME. *mad* OE. *zēmēd* prop. *zēmēded*: part. of OE.

*zēmēdan* 'drive mad', deriv. from the OE. adj. *zēmād* 'mad' = OSAX. *gimēd* 'foolish', OHG. *gimeit* 'foolish', GOTH. *ga-maids* 'frail, feeble'.

**madder** sb. ME. *\*maddre* OE. *mēdre* (*mædre*?) = ON. *madra*, OHG. *matara*; cogn. DU. LG. *mede* 'madder'?

**maggot** late ME. *maggot maggat*; prob. fr. CYMR. *macciaid macai* 'a maggot'?

**magpie** sb. 'a bird'; **mag** short for *Magot* = FR. *Margot*

'Marguerite', also 'magpie'; *pie* = FR. *pie* fr. LAT. *pīca* 'a magpie'; see *pie*.

**maid** ME. *maide* OE. *mæȝden* = OHG. *magatīn*: Teut. base *magadīna-* is diminutive of a TEUT.-GOTH. *magaf-* 'a girl, virgin' = OE. *mæȝef*, OSAX. *magath*, DU. *meid*, OHG. *magad* G. *magd* — *mädchen*. Allied to the Teut.-Goth. base *magu-* 'boy' = ON. *mōgr* 'boy, son'. OE. *magu*.

**mail**<sup>1</sup> sb. adapted fr. FR. *maille* 'mail' (also 'a mesh of a net'): source LAT. *macula* 'a spot, hole, mesh of a net'.

**mail**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *male* 'a bag, wallet' borrowed fr. the synon. OFR. *male* = FR. *malle* (OHG. *malha* 'a leather bag').

**maim** vb. ME. *mainte* prop. *maine* borrowed fr. OFR. *mchaigner* 'torment'.

**main** sb. ME. *main* OE. *mæȝen* 'strength' = OHG. *magan mēgin*, OSAX. ON. *mēgin* 'strength': TEUT. √ *mag* in *might* and *may*.

**main** adj. borrowed fr. OFR. *maine magne* 'chief' (LAT. *magnus* 'great').

**maintain** vb. ME. *maintēne* adopted fr. FR. *maintenir* (LAT. type *manutene* 'hold by the hand').

**maize** sb. = FR. *mais*, G. *mais*; adopted fr. SPAN. *maiz*. Columbus is said to have imported the Haytian name *mahis* and the cereal to Spain whence

it was adopted by the other mod. languages.

**make** vb. ME. *make* OE. *macian* = OSAX. *makôn*, DU. *maken*, OHG. *mahhôn* 'make, also fit or fasten together' G. *machen*: Teut. base *makôn* 'join, belong together'. Cp. with GOTH. \**makôn* the ON. comparat. *makara* 'more suitable, fitting', OE. *ȝmæc* 'fit, suitable', OHG. *gimah* 'convenient, comfortable' G. *gemach*; OE. *ȝmæcēca* 'husband, wife' (E. *make* companion, spouse', E. *match* 'spouse').

**malady** sb. ME. *maladie* borrowed fr. OFR. *maladie* fr. FR. *malade* (source *male* 'ill, bad' and *aptus* 'disposed').

**male** adj. ME. *māle* adopted fr. FR. *mâle* (source LAT. dimin. *masculus*).

**malice** sb. ME. *malice* borrowed fr. FR. *malice* (source LAT. *malitia* 'ill will'). — **malign** adj. adopted fr. FR. *malin* (f. *maligne*) 'malignant' (source *malignum* i. e. *male genus* 'ill-born').

**mall** sb. ME. *malle melle mail* borrowed fr. FR. *mail* 'a mall': source LAT. *malleus* 'a hammer'.

— Hence **mallet** sb. ME. *maillet* borrowed fr. FR. *maillet* 'a mallet'.

**mallow** ME. *malwe* OE. *meatwe* = DU. *maluwe*: borrowed fr. LAT. *malva*, whence also FR. *mauve*, SPAN. IT. *malva*, G. *malve*. Cp. *mauve*.

**malt** sb. ME. *malt* OE. *mealt* = OSAX. ON. *malt*, DU. *mout*, G. *malz*. The Teut. base *malta-*

fr. a TEUT.  $\sqrt{melt}$  in OE. *mēltan* 'dissolve, melt' with which is allied the ON. adj. *maltr* 'rotten' = OHG. *malz* 'melting away, soft' so that \**malt* is perh. the adjectival neut. sb. meaning 'that which is soft'. Cp. *melt*.

**man** sb. ME. OE. *man mon* (*nn*) = OSAX. OHG. DU. MLG. *man* G. *mann*, ON. *maðr*, GOTH. *manna* 'mankind, man'. In OE., *man mon* (*n = nn*) denotes 'man' and 'woman' (cp. OE. *wifmon* = E. *woman*). GOTH.-TEUT. *mann-* is based on older *manw-* *manu-* (as *chin* is based on an ARYAN *kenw-* *genu-*). INDO-EUR. *mānu* 'mankind' appears in SKR. as *Manu*, but it signified also the 'father of mankind'; cp. also SKR. *manus* and *mannsa* 'homo' and OSLOV. *maži* 'man'.

**mane** sb. ME. *mane* OE. *manu* = OHG. *mana* G. *mähne*, DU. *maan*, ON. *mon*, SW. DAN. *man*. The Teut. base *manô-* 'mane' shows a later development of meaning; the older meaning was 'neck'; cp. ON. *men*, OE. *menc*, OHG. *menni* 'necklace', cogn. with LAT. *monile* 'necklace', OCELT. *uervúarig* = OIR. *muince* 'necklace'. In lieu of ARYAN *manâ* 'neck' occurs SKR. *manyâ* 'nape', closely allied to OIR. *muin muinél* 'nape'.

**mange** sb. shortened fr. the adj. ME. \**maungē* which is borrowed from the FR. part. *mangé* lit. 'eaten'; cp. FR. *mangaison* 'mangé'. — **manger** sb. ME. *maungēr* borrowed fr. FR. *man-*

*geoire* 'manger, stable' (FR. *manger* 'eat' = LAT. *manducare*).

**mangle** vb. ME. *mangele* frequent. and weakened for \**mankete* fr. ME. *manke* OE. *zēmancian*, which was prob. formed from an adj. OE. \**manc* = DU. *mank*; loanword fr. LAT. *mancus* adj. 'maimed'.

**mangle** sb. borrowed fr. DU. *mangel* (= SW. G. *mangel*); dimin. of a simple word represented by G. *mange* 'a mangle' = IT. *mangano* 'a machine for smoothing linen, a war-engine' fr. LAT. *manganum* = GR. *μάγγανον* 'a war-machine'.

**manikin** *manakin* borrowed fr. FR. *mannequin* = DU. *manneken*; cp. G. *männchen*, DU. *mannetje*: all diminutives of *man*.

**mankind** sb. ME. *mankinde* earlier *man-kin* OE. *mon-cynn*. See *man* and *kin*, also *kind*.

**manner** ME. *manēre* borrowed fr. OFR. *manere* = FR. *manière*.

**mantle** ME. *mantel* (a form *mauntel* is unrecorded) = DU. SW. DAN. *mantel*; ON. *moðtull* and OE. *mentel* rest on a lost LAT. *mantulum mantilum* (fr. LAT. *mantum* = FR. *manche*, IT. *manto* 'a cloak'), whence also G. *mantel* OHG. *mantal*; cogn. w. FR. *manteau*, IT. *mantello* (LAT. type \**mantellum*).

**many** ME. *mani many* OE. *manig moneg*; Teut. base *managa-* = OSAX. OHG. *manag* G. *manch*, DU. *menig*, ON. *margr*. Cogn. w. OIR. *menicc* IR. *minic* 'frequently' (base *menecci*?) and CYMR. *maint*, BRET. *meñt* (CELT. base *mantī-*).

**map** sb. borrowed fr. FR. *nappe* = IT. LAT. *mappa* prop. 'a napkin, table-cloth'.

**maple** sb. ME. *māpel* OE. \**mæpel* \**mapul* in *mapoltréo mapulder* 'a maple-tree': perh. ident. w. OHG. *maz̄altra* (G. *massholder*), which points to TEUT. *matlu-*, whilst the E. word points to a base *maplu-*.

**mar** vb. ME. *merre* OE. *ámerran ámyrran* wk. vb. 'to hinder, obstruct' = GOTH. *marzjan* 'offend', OHG. *marren*, DU. *marren* 'tarry': TEUT.-ARYAN √ *mars mars*.

**marble** ME. *mārble mārbre* fr. FR. *marbre*; source LAT. *marmor*.

**march** sb. ME. *mārche* 'march, boundary' fr. FR. *marche* 'boundary'. The Fr. word is of Teut. origin; cp. GOTH. *marka*, OE. *mearc*, OSAX. OHG. *marka* 'boundary' which are primitively related to LAT. *margo* 'border, edge', AVEST. *meresu* 'border', IR. *mruig* 'shire' (Celt. base *mrogi*). Cp. *mark*.

**march** vb. fr. FR. *marcher*.

**March** (the month) ME. (since the 12<sup>th</sup> cent.) *Mārch* fr. FR. *mars*? Source LAT. *Martius mensis* (whence OHG. *meizo* G. *mārz*, LG. *merete*).

**mare** ME. *mère* OE. *mère mýre*: Teut. base *marhjon-* (= OHG. *merihha* G. *mähre*, DU. *meric*, ON. *mer*), deriv. fr. TEUT. *marha* 'horse' in OE. *mearh*, OHG. *marah*, ON. *marr* 'horse' (see *marshal*). There is a pre-TEUT. *marka-* in the Celt. languages; cp. GALL.

*marca*, IR. GAEL. *marc*, CYMR. CORN. *march* 'horse'.

**margin** ME. *mārgīn(e)* fr. LAT. *marginem* (nom. sing. LAT. *margo* = FR. *marge*).

**mark**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'line, dot, cut' ME. *marke* OE. *mearc* = DU. ON. *mark*, MHG. *marc* (gen. *markes*) G. *marke* (GOTH. *marka* 'boundary'). — Hence **mark** vb. ME. *marke* OE. *mearcian* = ON. *marka*, OSAX. *markôn*; cp. DU. G. *merken* = GOTH. \**markjan*.

**mark**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a unit of weight, a coin' ME. *mark* late OE. *marc*: borrowed fr. ON. *mork*, whence also DU. G. *mark* (MED.-LAT. *marca*).

**market** sb. ME. *market* late OE. (11<sup>th</sup> cent.) *markt marcāt*: borrowed fr. OFR. \**market* FR. *marché* (IT. *mercato*) = LAT. *mercātus* 'market', whence also OHG. *markāt* *merchāt* G. DU. *markt*. See *mart*.

**maroon** adj. 'chestnut-colored' borrowed fr. FR. *marron* = IT. *marrone* 'a chestnut'.

**marrow** ME. *marow mary* OE. *mearh mearg* = OSAX. *marg*, OHG. *mar(a)g* G. *mark*, DU. *merg*, ON. *mergr*: Teut. base *mazga-* = ARYAN \**mazgho-* in OSLOV. *mozgū*, ZEN *mazga*, SKR. *majjan* 'marrow'. The root is SKR. *majj* 'immerge' = LAT. *mergere*.

**marry** vb. ME. *marie* vb. adopted fr. FR. *marier*: source LAT. *maritare* 'marry'. — Hence **marriage** ME. *marriage* = FR. *mariage*.

**marsh** ME. *mersh* OE. *mersē* earliest form *merisc* = MDU.



*maersche*, LG. G. *marsch*, DAN. *marsk*: Teut. base *mariska-* = MED. - LAT. *mariscus* 'swamp', whence OFR. *maresc* FR. *marais*. Source TEUT. *mari-* 'ocean' (= LAT. *mare*) in OE. *mere*, OHG. *meri* G. *meer*, ON. *marr*, GOTH. *marei*.

**marshal** ME. *mar(e)schal* adopted fr. OFR. *mareschal* = FR. *maréchal*, SPAN. *mariscal*, IT. *mariscalo* 'a marshal, farrier'. Source a TEUT. *marha-skalkaz* 'horsethane' = OHG. *marah-scalc* (OHG. *marah* 'a horse' = E. *mare* and OHG. *scalch* = OE. *scalc* ME. *schalk*, ON. *skálkr*, OSAX. *skalk*, GOTH. *skalks* 'servant').

**mart** sb. short for *market*.

**marten** short for *martern* orig. *martre* ME. *martre* adopted fr. FR. *martre* (= IT. *martora*, SPAN. *martá*). The Fr. word, which supplanted a genuine OE. *marf*, is of Teut. origin: ON. *mǫrdr*, OHG. *mardar* G. *marder*, DU. *marter*; OSAX. *\*marthar* inferred fr. the adj. *marthrin*.

**martin** sb. borrowed fr. FR. *martin*, orig. the proper name *Martin*, which was applied to various birds and animals; cp. *robin red-breast*.

**martyr** sb. ME. *martir* OE. *mar-tyr* = OSAX. *martir*, OHG. *martyr*, GOTH. *martyr* (with suffix DU. *martelaar*, OHG. *martirári* G. *martyrer*): fr. LAT.-GR. *martyr* 'a witness'.

**marvel** vb. ME. *merveile* borrowed fr. FR. *merveiller*; source LAT. *mirabilia* 'wonderful things'.

**mash** vb. *masche* vb. 'mix' (OE. *\*māscian?*) = G. *meischen*: prob. cogn. w. OSLOV. *mežga* 'sap of trees' (OSLOV. *zg* = TEUT. *sk?*). Cp. *mix*.

**mask** sb. borrowed fr. FR. *masque*, whence also G. DU. DAN. *maske* SW. *mask*.

**mason** ME. *māoun* adopted fr. FR. *maçon*; source a type *matio* 'a maison' = OHG. *mezzo* G. *steinmetz* 'a stone-mason'.

**mass**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a lump of matter' late ME. *masse* borrowed fr. FR. *masse* (= IT. *massa*): source LAT. *massa* 'a lump, a mass', whence also OHG. *massa* G. *masse*.

**mass**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'the eucharist' ME. *masse* OE. *mæsse*; evidently identical w. OSAX. *missa*, DU. *mis*, OHG. *mëssa* *missa* G. *messe*: a Christian word from MED.-LAT. *missa* 'mass' = FR. *messe* (whence ME. *messe*).

**mast** ME. *mast* OE. *mæst* = DU. LG. G. SW. DAN. *mast*, ON. *mastr*. In accordance with Grimm's law, the Teut. base *masta-* is based on pre-TEUT. *mādo-* = LAT. *mālus* (for *\*mālus*) 'a mast'.

**master** sb. ME. *maister* late OE. *mæzester* borrowed fr. OFR. *maistre* FR. *maître* (= IT. *maestro*): source LAT. *magister*, whence also OSAX. *mēstar*, DU. *meester*, OHG. *meistar* G. *meister*. See *mister*.

**mastiff** ME. *mestif* *mastif* adopted fr. OFR. *mestif* prop. an adj. fr.

the sb. OFR. *mastin* (FR. *mâtin*) 'a mastiff'.

**mat** ME. *matte* OE. *meatta* = DU. *mat*, OHG. *matta* G. *matte*, IT. *matta* borrowed fr. LAT. *matta* 'a rug', whence FR. *natte*.

**match**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *macche* OE. *ȝemacēa* 'a companion' ident. w. OE. *ȝemaca* sb. = E. *make*.

**match**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'the wick of a candle, a match' ME. *macche* borrowed fr. FR. *mèche* 'match of a lamp': source LAT. *myxa* 'the nozzle of a lamp'.

**mate** sb. 'a companion' ME. *māte* = DU. *maat*, OSAX. \**gimato*, OHG. *gimarȝo* MHG. *gemaȝe*, OE. \**ȝemāta* (wanting) would be derived from OE. *mete* = *meat*; hence *mate* prop. 'mess-mate'.

**mate** adj. ME. *māte mat* 'confounded, dejected' borrowed fr. OFR. FR. *mat* (= SPAN. *mate*, IT. *matto*). Source the Arab.-Pers. expression in the chess-play *schâh mât* 'the king is dead'.

**matins, mattins** 'morning prayers' ME. *matin(e)s*: borrowed fr. FR. *matins* plur. of *matin* 'morning': source LAT. *matutinus* 'belonging to the morning'; cp. LAT. *hora matutina* in OHG. *meġtina* G. *mette* 'matutinal service'.

**matter** sb. ME. *matġre* adopted fr. FR. *matġre*; source LAT. *materia* 'materials'.

**mattock** ME. *mattoġ* OE. *mattoġ* prob. fr. CYMR. *matog* 'a hoe'; but OSLOV. *motyka* and LITH. *matikas* 'mattock' point to a Teut. word.

**mattress** ME. *materas* (= DU. *matras*) borrowed fr. OFR. *materas* = FR. *matelas* = MED.-LAT. *matratium*: source ARAB. *matrah* prop. 'a place where something is thrown'.

**maudlin** adj. corrupted fr. ME. *Maudelein* = *Magdelaine* = OFR. *Magdeleine*, LAT.-GR. *Magdalena*. *Maria Magdalena* was considered a type of sorrowing penitence.

**maul** vb. ME. *malle* 'strike with a maul' formed fr. the ME. sb. *malle* 'a maul' borrowed fr. IR. *mail* 'a mall', whence also *miall*.

**Maundy Thursday** ME. *maundē thursdai* fr. OFR. *mandē* (= OHG. MHG. *mandât*) 'the ceremony of Christ's washing his disciples' feet': source LAT. *mandatum* according to John XIII 34.

**mauve** 'mallow color' borrowed fr. FR. *mauve* 'a mallow' = LAT. *malva*; ident. w. *mallow*.

**maw** ME. *matwe* OE. *maga* 'stomach' = OHG. *mago* 'stomach' G. *magen*, DU. *maag*, ON. *magi* 'stomach'.

**may** vb. ME. *mai* OE. *mæȝ* = OSAX. OHG. G. DU. *mag*, ON. *má*, GOTH. *mag*. TEUT. √ *mag* (*mug*) fr. ARYAN *magh* is closely allied to OSLOV. *mogq moŝti* 'be able'.

**May** ME. *may mai* fr. FR. *Mai* (LAT. *Maius mensis*).

**mayor** sb. ME. *maire* adopted fr. FR. *maire*: source LAT. *major* 'greater'.

**me** pers. pron. dat. and acc. ME. OE. *mē* fr. a Teut. and ARYAN stem *mē-* in GOTH. *mī-s mī-k*, G. *mī-r mī-ch*, LAT. *mihi me*; GR. *μοί ἐμοί με ἐμέ*; SKR. *māhyam me* dat., *mām mā* acc.; base *ma-*.

**mead**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *mēde* OE. *meodo* = DU. MLG. *mede* OHG. *mēto mitu* G. *met*, ON. *mjodr*: base TEUT. *medu* = ARYAN *\*medhu*; cp. SKR. *mādhu* 'honey, sweet drink', GR. *μέθυ* 'wine' (allied *μεθύω* 'I am drunk', *μέθυη* 'drunkenness'), OSLOV. *medū* 'honey, wine', LITH. *midus* 'mead' — *medūs* 'honey', IR. *mid*.

**mead**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'meadow' (now in poetry) ME. *mēde* OE. *mēd* (gen. *mēdwe*) = DU. *mat* MLG. *māde* OLG. *mātha māda*, OFRIS. *mēth*, G. *matte*, GOTH. *\*mēdwa*: based on a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{maþ}}$  *mēd*, connected w. LAT. *mēto* 'I mow, reap' and showing a shorter form *mē* in E. *mow*. But the GOTH. *\*mē* might represent the root and *twā* the suffix. — **meadow** ME. *medwe* OE. *mēd* gen. *mēdwe*. *Mead* and *meadow* are related as *shade* and *shadow*. Cp. *mead*.

**meagre** adj. ME. *mēgre* borrowed fr. FR. *maigre* (= SPAN. IT. *magro*): source LAT. *macer* 'lean, thin, meagre'. OE. *mæzer* (= DU. MLG. G. *mager* OHG. *magar*, ON. *magr* is common Teut.). The Teut. forms with LAT. *macer*, GR. *μακρός* 'tall', *μακρός* 'long' have prob. come fr.

an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{mak}}$  'thin, long'. LITH. *māzas* 'small' and OHG. *magar* might point to a common  $\sqrt{\text{magh}}$ . Perh. the Teut. group comes fr. vulg. LAT.-IT. *magro*.

**meal**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'flour' ME. *mīle* OE. *mēlo* (gen. *mēlwe*) = OSAX. *mēlo*, DU. DAX. *meel*, OHG. *mēlo* (gen. *mēlwe*) G. *mehl*, ON. *mjöl*: Teut. base *\*mēlwa-* 'flour meal' lit. 'that which is ground' from a Teut. and ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{mel}}$  'grind' seen in OSAX. OHG. GOTH. *malan* DU. *malen* G. *mahlen*, ON. *mala* 'grind'; cp. LAT. *molo*, GR. *μύλλω*, OSLOV. *mělja* (*měti*), LITH. *malu* (*malti*), OIR. *melim* 'grind'; cp. *mill*.

**meal**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a repast' ME. *mēl* = OSAX. *māl*, DU. *maal*, G. *mahl*, ON. *māl*, OHG. *\*māl* wanting with this meaning; ident. w. GOTH. *mēl* 'time', OE. *mēl* 'time'.

**mean** adj. ME. *mēne* OE. *zomēne* fr. a Teut. base *ga-maini-* = GOTH. *gamains*, OSAX. *gimēni*, OHG. *gimēni* G. *gemein*, DU. *gemeen*; cogn. w. LAT. *communis* for *com-moini-s*; cp. LAT. *ionus* with GOTH. *ains* = ARYAN *oino-s*.

**mean** vb. ME. *mēne* OE. *mēnan* — OSAX. *mēnian*, DU. *meenen*, OHG. *mēnen* *mēnan* G. *mēnen*, ON. *mēna*, GOTH. *\*mēnan*; OSLOV. *menja meniti* is closely allied. Connected with  $\sqrt{\text{man}}$  'think in mind'?

**mean** adj. ME. *mēne* adj. 'middle' contracted fr. *\*mējen* — OFR.

*meyen* FR. *moyen* 'intermediate':  
SOURCE LAT. *mediānus*.

**measles** sb. ME. *mesel* sb.  
'leper' — adj. 'leprous': loan-  
word fr. OFR. *mesel* = LAT. *misellus*.

**measure** sb. ME. *mésüre* bor-  
rowed fr. FR. *mesure* (= SPAN.  
*mesura*, IT. *misura*) from LAT.  
*mensūra*.

**meat** ME. *mēte* OE. *mete* fr. a  
Teut. base *mati-* = OSAX. *mẽti*,  
DU. *met* (in *-wurst*), OHG. *maz*,  
ON. *matr*, GOTH. *mats* 'food'.

**medal** borrowed fr. FR. *mé-  
daille* (= SPAN. *medalla*, IT.  
*medaglia*); source a LAT. type  
*metalla* fr. LAT. *metallum*.

**meddle** ME. *medle* (*mēlc*) 'mix'  
borrowed fr. OFR. *medler mesler*  
= FR. *mêler*: source a LAT. type  
*misculare* 'mix' fr. LAT. *miscere*  
'mix'. — **medley** sb. ME. *medlȝ*  
adopted fr. OFR. *medle mesle*  
(fem. *medlee* = FR. *mêlée*) part.  
of OFR. *medler* 'mix'.

**medlar** sb. ME. *medle-trē* fr.  
OFR. *meslier mesle* 'medlar-tree':  
source LAT. *mespilum* 'a med-  
lar'.

**meed** sb. ME. OE. *mēd* (OE.  
once *meord*) = OSAX. *mēda*,  
DU. *miede*, OHG. *mēta miata* G.  
*miete* 'hire'; GOTH. *mizdô* 'reward'  
(the *z* of which was lost in  
Teut. with lengthening of *i* to  
*ē*) fr. an ARYAN *mizdho-* in GR.  
*μισθός* 'wages, pay, hire', OSLOV.  
*mizda*, AVEST. *mizda* 'wages',  
GIND. *mīdhā* (for *mizdhā*) 'contest,  
match, booty' (perh. orig. 'a  
prize' by inference fr. the SKR.

adj. *mīdhvās* 'spending lavishly').

**meek** adj. ME. *mēk* (late OE.  
\**mēoc*) borrowed fr. the equiv.  
ON. *mjúkr* = SW. *mjuk*, DAN.  
*myg* 'soft', cp. DU. *muik* 'soft',  
GOTH. *múks* (inferred fr. *mūka-  
mōdci* 'meekness').

**meet** vb. ME. *mēte* OE. *mētan*  
vb. = OSAX. *mōtian*, DU. *moeten*,  
ON. *mēta*, GOTH. *gamōtjan* 'meet':  
TEUT. √ *mōt*.

**meet** adj. ME. *mēte* OE. *zēmēte*  
= OFRIS. *mête*, MLG. *mâte*, OHG.  
*gimâzi*; cp. *mete*.

**melt** vb. ME. *melte* OE. *mēltan*;  
for the √ *melt* see *malt*. An  
Aryan √ *meld* is evident in SKR.  
*mṛdú* 'soft, tender', GR. *μῆλδεν*  
'cook'.

**menace** sb. ME. *menáce* *manáce*  
borrowed fr. FR. *menace* (LAT.  
*minacia*) 'threat'.

**mend** vb. *mende* short for  
*amende* borrowed fr. FR. *amender*  
(LAT. *emendare*). See *amend*.

**menial** (prop. adj., but also  
used as sb.) ME. *meineal* formed  
with the suffix *-al* fr. ME. *meine*  
*mainé* 'a household'. This is  
borrowed fr. OFR. *mesne méisnee*  
answering to a LAT. type \**man-  
sionata*.

**merchant** ME. *marchaunt* *mar-  
chaund* borrowed fr. OFR. *mar-  
chant* = FR. *marchand*: source  
LAT. *mercari* 'buy' (cp. *market*).

**mercy** ME. *mērci* borrowed  
from FR. *merci* (source MED-  
LAT. *merces* 'mercy, pity' extended  
fr. LAT. *merx* 'traffic'). See  
*market*, *merchant*.

**merge** vb. adopted fr. LAT. *mergere* 'plunge under water'.

**merit** ME. *merit* fr. FR. *mérite*.

**mermaid** ME. *mer-maide*; OE. *mere* 'ocean' ME. *mere* agree with OHG. OSAX. *meri*, GOTH. *marci* 'ocean'; cp. *marsh*.

**merry** adj. ME. *mirie* OE. *myrȝe* from a Teut. base *murgi-* 'short' in OHG. *murgfâri* 'of short life', Swiss *murg* 'mannikin'; cp. GOTH. *maurgjan* 'shorten'. The adj. TEUT. *murgu-* 'short' = IE. *myrghu-* corresponds to GR.  $\beta\alpha\tau\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\varsigma$  'short' (for  $\ast\mu\alpha\zeta\acute{\alpha}\zeta\epsilon\varsigma$ ).

**mesh** sb. ME. *mesche* OE. *mâscē* = ON. *mōskve*, OHG. *mâsca* G. *masche*; the Teut. base  $\ast mēsgen$  belongs to the IE. *mēzg* in LITH. *māzgas* 'knot' from the vb. *mezgù* (*mēgsti*) 'knot, weave nets'; hence *mesh* may be traced to a TEUT.  $\surd mēsq$  (ARYAN  $mēzg$  'braid').

**mete** vb. ME. *mēte* OE. *mētan* = OSAX. *mētan*, DU. *meten*, OHG. *mēzān* G. *messen*, ON. *meta*, GOTH. *mītan* with which is allied GOTH. *mītōn* 'think over', OHG. *mēzōn* 'moderate'. The TEUT.  $\surd mēt$  is based on the ARYAN  $\surd mēd$  in GR.  $\upsilon\acute{\epsilon}\delta\omicron\upsilon\alpha$  'I devise' —  $\upsilon\acute{\epsilon}\delta\omicron\upsilon\alpha$  'counselor' —  $\upsilon\acute{\epsilon}\delta\upsilon\omicron\varsigma$  'a corn-measure', LAT. *modus* 'manner' — *modius* 'a corn-measure', GOTH. *mītafs* 'measure'.

**mess** sb. ME. *messe* borrowed fr. OFR. *mes* FR. *mets* (source LAT. *missus* fr. *mittere*) 'send' and in MED.-LAT. 'put, place').

**message** ME. *messāȝe* borrowed fr. FR. *message*; LAT. type *missatica*

an extension of LAT. *missus*. — Hence **messenger** (with the insertion of *n* as in *passenger*) ME. *messāȝer* formed fr. *message* with the suffix *-er* denoting 'the agent'.

**metal** ME. *metal* borrowed fr. FR. *métal*.

**mete** vb. 'measure' ME. *mēte* OE. *metan* sw. vb. 'measure' = GOTH. *mītan*, G. *messen* OHG. *mēzān*, DU. *meten*.

**mettle** ident. w. *metal* but meaning now 'spirit, ardor'.

**mew** vb. onomatopoeic like DU. *mauwen*, G. *mauen*; imitative of a cat's cry.

**mew** ME. *mēw* OE. *mēw*; cp. DU. *mecuw*, ON. *mī-r*, G. *möwe*; TEUT. base *mīw-*.

**mickle** ME. *mikel* *michel* *mukel* *muchel*, OE. *mīcel* *mýcel* = GOTH. *mīkils*, ON. *mīkill* *mykill*, OSAX. *mīkil*, OHG. *mīhhil*; cp. *much*.

**mid-** adj. ME. *mid* OE. *mid* *midd* = OSAX. *middi*, OHG. *mitti* G. *mit-*, ON. *mīdr*, GOTH. *mīdjis*. In mod. E. and in mod. G., the adjectives E. *mid-* = G. *mit-* are only used in compounds as E. *midday*, *midlent*, *midsummer*, *midwinter*; G. *mittag*, *mitternacht*, *mittwoch* (orig. dat. sing.). The TEUT. stem *midja-* answers to ARYAN *mīdhyo*; cp. GR.  $\upsilon\acute{\epsilon}\theta\omicron\varsigma$  (for  $\ast\upsilon\epsilon\theta\upsilon\omicron\varsigma$ ), SKR. *mādhvas*, LAT. *modius*. — **middle** adj. and sb. ME. OE. *middel* = DU. *middel*, OHG. *mittil* G. *mittel*; with formative *-l* from the adj. *mid*.

**midge** ME. *mīgġe* OE. *myġġ* fr. a Teut. base *mugjō-* = OSAX. *muggia*, DU. *mug*, OHG. *mucka* G. *mücke*. From ON. *mý* it may be inferred that the West-Teut. guttural is secondary.

**midst** formed with excrescent *t* from ME. *in middes* equivalent to *amid*.

**mien** borrowed fr. FR. *mine* fr. IT. *mina* = OIT. *mena* 'fashion, carriage of man': source MED.-LAT. *minare* 'conduct, lead'.

**might** ME. *might* OE. *miht mecht* = OSAX. OHG. *maht*, DU. *magt*, G. *macht*, ON. *mátt*, GOTH. *mahts*. The common TEUT. *\*mahti* is an old verbal abstract from GOTH. *magan* (like OSLOV. *mošti* from *\*mokti* from *moga* 'clean'). See *may*.

**milch** adj. ME. *milche* OE. *\*mylċe*: deriv. of *milk*; cp. the equiv. adj's. ON. *milkr mjólkr*, OHG. *mēlch* G. *melk*, OE. *mēlc*.

**mild** adj. ME. OE. *milde* = OSAX. *mildī*, DU. G. *mild* OHG. *milti*, ON. *mildr*, GOTH. *mildcis*. Cogn. w. OIR. *meldach* 'agreeable' or *blaith* 'soft, smooth' (base *mlâti-*)? or OSLOV. *mladn* 'young, tender', LITH. *mildūs* 'pious'?

**mildew** ME. *mildēwe* OE. *miledġaw* = DU. *meclāuwe*, OHG. *mili-tou* G. *michtau*; the first part is prob. fr. OE. *mele* = GOTH. *miliþ* 'honey'; cp. ON. *milskā* 'a honeyed drink'; the second part see under *dew*.

**mile** ME. *mīlc* OE. *mīl* = DU. *mījl*, OHG. *mīla mīlla* (for *\*mīlja*) G. *meile*: borrowed fr. LAT. *mīlia*

(*passuum*) lit. 'thousand paces', (whence also FR. *mille*, IT. *miglia*). The more frequent plur. *mīlia* was adopted in Rom. and G. as a fem. sing. (omitting *passuum*).

**milfoil** ME. *milfoil* fr. FR. *millefeuille* = LAT. *millefolium*.

**milk** ME. *milk* OE. *meoloc mīlc* = OSAX. *miluk*, DU. *melk*, OHG. *miluh* G. *milch*, ON. *mjólkr*, GOTH. *miluks*. It is remarkable that a common Aryan or at least a West-Aryan term for 'milk' is wanting, although the  $\sqrt{\text{melg}}$  = TEUT. *mēlk* 'to milk' occurs in all the West-Aryan languages. From a common Indo-Eur. vb.: OE. *mēlcan*, DU. *melken*, OHG. *mēlchan* G. *melken*, GOTH. *\*milkan*. Cp. LAT. *mulgere*, GR. *ἀμείλγειν*, OSLOV. *mlēsti* (pres. *mlūzā*), LITH. *mīlsti* (pres. *mēlžu*) OIR. *mbligim* (*mlicht* and *melg* 'milk'). — **milk** vb. ME. *milke* OE. *meolcian* (= OFRIS. *melka*, ON. *mjólka*) fr. OE. *meole*.

**mill** ME. *mille* earlier *mīlne* OE. *myln* (whence ON. *mylna*) = DU. *molen meulen*, OHG. *mul(n)* G. *mühle*; borrowed fr. late LAT. common ROM. *molina* 'mill' (for class. LAT. *mola*), whence also IT. *mulino*, FR. *moulin*.

**millet** fr. FR. *millet*; source LAT. *milium* 'millet'.

**milt** ME. OE. *mīlte* = DU. *milt*, OHG. *mīlzi* G. *mīlz*, ON. *mīlti*: from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{melt}}$  seen in *malt*. E. and DU. *milt* 'soft roe of fishes' is a corruption of *milk* (sw. *mjölke* 'milt' fr. *mjólk* 'milk', DAN.

*fiskemelk* 'soft roe of fishes', lit. 'fish-milk').

**mince** vb. ME. *mince* OE. *min-sian* wk. vb. 'make small' deriv. fr. OE. *min(n)* = DU. *min* 'smaller'; cp. FR. *mincer* 'mince' from *mince* 'small' of Teut. origin.

**mind** sb. ME. *minde* OE. *ȝe-mýnd* 'memory, mind': Teut. base *ga-mundi-* = GOTH. *ga-munds* 'memory' from GOTH. *ga-munan* = OSAX. (*far*)*munan* 'despise', ON. *muna*, OE. *ȝemunān*, cp. GOTH. *muns* 'purpose, desire, mind', ON. *munnr* 'mind, desire, love, OE. *myne* 'memory, love'. Allied to ON. *minni* 'remembrance, mind', OSAX. *minna*, OHG. *minnia* and OHG. *minnê* G. *minne* 'love', orig. 'remembrance'. All belong to the common Aryan and TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{men man}}$  'think'; cp. GR. *μῆρος* 'courage, mind', *μνησθεω* 'I remember', LAT. *memini* *reminiscor* *mens* *monco*, SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{man}}$  'think, believe'.

**mine** possessive pron. ME. OE. *min* = OSAX. OHG. *mîn*, DU. *mijn*, G. *mein* (also OHG. *mîn* G. *meiner*), ON. *minn*, GOTH. *meins*: derived fr. the stem *me-* of the pers. pron. cp. *me* and for the suffix cp. SKR. *makina* 'mine' and *thine*.

**mine** sb. ME. *mine* = DU. *mijn*, G. DAN. *mine*: borrowed from FR. *mine* (= SPAN. IT. *mina*): of Celt. origin; cp. IR. GAEL. *mein* 'metal', BRET. *men* 'stone, metal, CYMR. *maeyn* 'metal': CELT. base *mēna* *meina*?

**mingle** a frequent. vb. from ME. *minge* *menge* OE. *mengan* = OSAX. *mengian*, DU. *mengen*, OHG. *mengan* G. *mengen*, GOTH. \**maggjan*. Cp. *among*.

**minnow** 'a fish' ME. *minnowe* OE. \**mynwe* (and *mynē* 'capito') = OHG. *munīwa* 'capedo'; cp. WESTPHAL. *mâne*, HESS. *mahn*? Etymology unknown.

**minster** ME. *minster* OE. *mynster* fr. a base *munistirja-* = DU. *munster*, OHG. *munistri* prop. 'monastery' then 'convent-church' G. *münster*: after LAT.-GR. *monasterium*, whence also FR. *moutier* 'monastery, convent'.

**minstrel** ME. *ministr* *menstral* borrowed fr. FR. *ménestrel*: source LAT. *ministerialis* 'an artisan, jester, buffoon'.

**mint**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *mint* OE. *mynet* = DU. *munt*, OHG. *muniz* *munizza* G. *münze*: TEUT. *munita-* *munitō-* borrowed fr. LAT. *moneta* 'place of coinage, money', whence also FR. *monnaie* under *money*.

**mint**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a plant' ME. OE. *mintc* = DU. *munt*, OHG. *minza* G. *minze*: adapted fr. LAT. *mentha* *menta* (GR. *μῆνθᾶ*), whence also FR. *menthe*, IT. SPAN. *menta*.

**mire**<sup>1</sup> 'deep mud' ME. *mire* OE. *myre* from WEST-TEUT. *miurjôn* = ON. *mýrr* 'slime'; the *r* of these words is orig. *z* = *s*; cp. OE. *mōs* 'moss' by the side of OE. *mos* 'moss, swamp'; G. *moos* also signifies 'marsh'; cp. *moss*. Hence E. *mire* prop. 'mossy soil'.

**mire**<sup>2</sup> cp. *pismire*.

**mirth** ME. *mirthe* earlier *murhde* OE. *myrgd* deriv. fr. OE. *myrȝe* = *merry* with formative *-th* (as in *length*, *strength*).

**mis**<sup>1</sup> prefix ME. OE. *mis-* = DU. *mis-*, OHG. *missa-* *missi-* G. *miss-*, ON. *mis-*; GOTH. *missa-* for \**mipta-* (prop. 'lost') is an old part. in *tô-* from a  $\sqrt{\text{mif}}$  seen in OE. *mīdan* ME. *mīthe* 'shun, avoid' (= OSAX. *mīdan*, OHG. *mīdan* G. *meiden*). Akin to OIR. *mī* in *mīgnim* 'misdeed'?

**mis**<sup>2</sup> prefix older *mes-* borrowed fr. OFR. *mes-* (FR. *mé-*): source LAT. *minus* 'less'. — **mischief** ME. *mes-chief* borrowed fr. OFR. *mes-chief* 'a bad result, damage' fr. *mis*<sup>2</sup> and *chief* (cp. ME. *bōn-chief* 'happiness'). — **miscreant** borrowed fr. OFR. *mescreant* (source LAT. *credent-em*).

**miss** vb. ME. *missen* OE. *missan* = DU. G. *missen*, ON. *missa*, GOTH. *missjan*. Evidently connected with WEST-TEUT. *mīfan* 'avoid' in OE. *mīdan*, OHG. *mīdan* G. *meiden* 'avoid'. Cp. *mis*.

**miss** contr. of *mistress*.

**mist** ME. OE. *mist* = DU. *mist*, LG. *mīst* 'darkness, fog, mist', ON. *mistr* 'darkness, mist'.

**mister** ME. *maister* = *master*.

**mistle** ME. *mistel* OE. *mistel* = OHG. *mistil* G. *mistel*, ON. *mistel* 'mistletoe'. — **mistletoe** OE. *mīsteltān* (= ON. *mīstilsteim*) fr. *mīstil* 'bird-lime' and *tān* 'branch'.

**mite**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a small insect' ME. OE. *mīte* = LG. *mīte*, OHG. *mīȝa* 'a midge, fly': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{mit}}$  'cut

small', whence GOTH. *maitan* = ON. *meita* 'cut'.

**mite**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a very small portion' ME. *mīte* borrowed fr. ODU. *mijt* 'a small coin'.

**mitten** ME. *mitaine* borrowed fr. FR. *mitaine* 'a mitten'.

**mix** vb. ME. *mixe* OE. *miscian* = OHG. *miskan* from \**miskjan* MHG. MLG. G. *mischen*: all prob. borrowed fr. LAT. *miscere* 'mix'.

**mizzen** sb. borrowed fr. FR. *misaine* = IT. *mezzana*: source LAT. *medius*. Ident. w. G. *bezaan-segel*.

**moan** vb. ME. *mōne* (OE. \**mānian*) with the by-form ME. *mēne* OE. *mōnan* 'moan'.

**moat** sb. ME. *mote* borrowed fr. OFR. *mote* 'dike'.

**mock** fr. FR. *se moquer*.

**mode** fr. FR. *mode*.

**moiety** borrowed fr. FR. *moitié* (LAT. type *medietatem*).

**moist** adj. ME. *moiste* 'moist, fresh': borrowed fr. OFR. *moiste* (= FR. *moite*). Source LAT. *musteus* 'belonging to new must or wine', also 'new, fresh' (*mustus* 'new wine').

**mole**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a mark on the body' ME. *mōle* OE. *māl* = OHG. *meil* also *meila*, GOTH. *mail* 'a spot'.

**mole**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'breakwater' borrowed fr. FR. *mole* 'a bank' (= IT. *mole molo*): source LAT. *moles* 'a great heap, a vast pile'.

**mole**<sup>3</sup> sb. 'an insectivorous animal' ME. *molle* = DU. *mol?* Prob. short for ME. *moldewerp*



= OHG. *moltwërf* G. *maulwurf*. From ME. *mōlde* OE. *mōlde* 'earth' = ON. *mōld*, OHG. *molta*, GOTH. *mulda* 'earth' and from the  $\sqrt{\text{werp}}$  seen in GOTH. *warpan*; see *warp*.

**monday** ME. *mōnenday* OE. *mōnandæg* = DU. *maandag*, OHG. *mānatac* G. *montag*, ON. *mānadagr*: the common Teut. name for LAT. *dies Lunae* (FR. *lundi*, IT. *lunedì*); the first syllable of *monday* is ident. w. *moon*.

**money** ME. *monce* borrowed fr. OFR. *monce* = FR. *monnaie* (= SPAN. *moneda*, IT. *moneta*): source LAT. *monēta*. See *mint*<sup>1</sup>.

**monger** sb. ME. OE. *mongere* OE. *mangere* (= OHG. *mangāri*, ON. *mangari*) formed from OE. *mangian* 'trade' with suffix *-ere*. Source LAT. *mango* 'a defrauding trader'.

**monk** ME. *monk* OE. *munuc* = OSAX. *munik*, DU. *monnik*, OHG. *munih(h)* G. *mōnch*: source LAT. *monachus* (GR. *μοναχός*), whence also FR. *moine* and OIR. *manach*.

**monkey** formed like *donkey*: source IT. *monna mona* 'ape', whence also G. (16. cent.) *mün-  
aff* 'simia prasiāna'.

**month** ME. *mōneth* OE. *mōnath* = DU. *maand*, OHG. *mānôd* G. *monat*, ON. *mānuðr*, GOTH. *mēnôþs*. The common Teut. stem *mēnôþ-* 'month' (pre-TEUT. *mēnôþ-*) is ident. w. TEUT. *mēnan-* = *moon*.

**mood** sb. ME. OE. *mōd* = OSAX. *mōd*, DU. *moed*, OHG. *muot*

G. *mut*, GOTH. *mōds*, ON. *mōðr*. The orig. meaning of the TEUT. stem *mōda-* was perhaps 'strong emotion, violent excitement' and was prob. derived fr. the  $\sqrt{\text{ma-}}$  in GR. *μαίεσθαι* 'desire'.

**moon** ME. *mōne* OE. *mōna* = OSAX. OHG. *māno*, DU. *maan*, G. *mond*, ON. *māni*, GOTH. *mēna* 'the moon'. The Teut. base *mēnan-* (and *mēnôþ-* = *month*) is cogn. with the greater part of the terms for 'moon, month' in the other ARYAN languages; cp. SKR. *mās* (for *māns mēns*) 'moon, month' — *māsa* 'month', GR. *μῆν* (for *\*μῆνς*) 'month', LAT. *mēnsis* 'month', OSAX. *mēsēci* 'moon, month', LITH. *mėnu* 'moon' — *mėnesis* 'month', OIR. *mí* 'month'.

**Moor**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'an inhabitant of Barbary' borrowed fr. FR. *Morre*; source LAT. *Maurus*, whence also SPAN. IT. *Moro*, OHG. *Môr* G. *Mohr*.

**moor**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a tract of untilled land' ME. OE. *mōr* 'a moor, morass, bog' = OSAX. *môr*, DU. *moer*, OHG. *muor*, LG. G. *moor*; related to OE. *mere*, OHG. *mēri* 'sea' = LAT. *mare* 'sea'. See *marsh*.

**morass** sb. ME. *mareis* borrowed fr. FR. *marais* (= IT. *maresè*), whence also DU. *moras* *moeras*, LG. *moras* (whence G. *morast*): source MED.-LAT. *maragium* 'swamp, marsh'.

**more** adj. ME. *mōre* OE. *māra* = OSAX. OHG. *mēro* G. *mehr*, DU. *meer*, ON. *mēiri*; GOTH. *maiza*

(whose *iza* is the OTeut. comparat. suffix) became OE. *māra* (*r* from *z* by rhotacism) The stem *ma-* belongs to the TEUT. adj. *mê-ra* 'illustrious'.

**morning** ME. *morninge mor-  
eveninge* deriv. of OE. *morgen* = OSAX. OHG. *morgan*, DU. G. *morgen*, ON. *morgunn* and *myrgenn*, GOTH. *maurgins*: a common TEUT. word for the first half of the day from day break. — Cp. *evening*.

**morrow**; see *morn* and *to-morrow*.

**morsel** ME. *morsel* adapted fr. OFR. *morsel* (= FR. *morceau*, IT. *morsello*): dimin. of LAT. *morsum* 'a bit'.

**mortar**<sup>1</sup> 'a vessel in which substances are beaten to powder' ME. *mortér* OE. *mortère* (= DU. *mortier*): borrowed fr. FR. *mortier* (= SPAN. *mortero*, IT. *mortajo*) 'mortar': source LAT. *mortarium* 'a vessel in which substances are pounded'.

**mortar**<sup>2</sup> 'a mixture of lime and of sand so called from the vessel in which it was made' *mortar*<sup>1</sup> ME. *morter mortier* adopted fr. FR. *mortier* (= SPAN. *mortero*, IT. *mortajo*), whence also DU. *mortel*, MHG. *morter mortel* G. *mörtel*): source LAT. *mortarium*.

**mortgage** borrowed fr. FR. *mortgage* lit. 'a dead pledge'.

**moss** ME. OE. *mos* 'a swamp, a plant': Teut. base *mosa-* = DU. *mos* 'moss, plant', OHG. *mos*

'a swamp, plant' G. *moos* 'plant, bog', ON. *mosi* 'moss, mire'. Ident. w. OE. *mōs*, OHG. *mios* from a Teut. base *meusa-*, whence *mire*. Outside of TEUT., LAT. *muscus* and OSLOV. *müchü* are cognate.

**most** adj. and adv. 'greatest in size' ME. *mōst* OE. *māst* commonly OE. *māst* = OSAX. *mēst*, DU. *meest*, OHG. G. *meist*, ON. *mestr*, GOTH. *maists*. Superl. belonging to the compar. *more*. GOTH. *maists* has the old superl. suffix like GOTH. *bat-ists*, OHG. *bezzist*, OE. *betst* (for *bet-est*). The adj. stem GOTH. *mērs*, OHG. *mâ-ri*, OE. *mære* etc. seems to be the base of *more* and *most*.

**mote** ME. *mōte* OE. *mot* (plur. *mōtu*) 'atom'; the ME. form are based on the OE. nom. plur. Cp. DU. *mot*?

**moth** ME. *moththe* OE. *mōþþe* = DU. *mot t*, MHG. G. *motte*, ON. *motti*, SW. *mott* 'a moth' with the by-forms MHG. *matte*, OE. *mōþþe* ME. *moughþe*.

**mother**<sup>1</sup> ME. *mōder* OE. *mōdor* = OSAX. *mōdar*, DU. *moeder*, OHG. *muoter* G. *mutter*, ON. *mōdir*. The common TEUT. word for 'mother' (GOTH. said *aipēi*). TEUT. *mōdr-* 'mother' from ARYAN *mātr-* in SKR. *mātr*, GR. *μητέρα μάτηρ*, LAT. *māter*, OSLOV. *mati*, OIR. *māthir* 'mother'.

**mother**<sup>2</sup> 'dregs, lees' from \**mudder* = ODU. *modder* 'mud, dregs', DU. *moer* 'dregs, lees',

LG. G. *moder*, DAN. SW. *muddler* 'mud, mould'. Cogn. w. *mud*.

**motley** adj. ME. *motlé* borrowed fr. OFR. *mattele* 'clotted, curdled'.

**mould**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'fine soft earth' ME. OE. *mōlde* 'ground, land, earth, country' = OHG. *molta*, ON. *mold* 'mould', GOTH. *mulda* 'dust': √ *mal* (cp. *meal*) with formative *d* as in *old*, *cold*.

**mould**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *mōlde* adopted fr. OFR. *molle* (FR. *moule*) 'a mould': source LAT. *modulus* dimin. of *modus* 'measure'.

**moult** vb. ME. *moute* OE. *hīmūltian*: borrowed fr. LAT. *mūtāre* 'change', whence also DU. *muiten*, OHG. *mūz-ōn* G. *mausern* 'change the feathers or skin, moult'.

**mount** vb. adapted fr. FR. *monter* 'mount'.

**mount** sb. ME. *mount*: loanword from FR. *mont*. Ident. with OE. *mūnt* from LAT. *montem* (*mons*). The ME. *ou* = *ū* is not the OE. *ū*, but substitution for the FR. nasal vowel. — **mountain** ME. *mountaine* fr. OFR. *montaine* = FR. *montagne* (LAT. type *montanca*).

**mourn** vb. ME. *mourne* OE. *mūrnan* str. vb. = OSAX. *mornian*, OHG. *mornēn*, ON. *morna*, GOTH. *maúrnan*: ARYAN √ *mer* in GR. *μέρινα* 'sorrow' and LAT. *memor*.

**mouse** ME. *mous* (plur. *mīs*) OE. *mūs* (plur. *mýs*) = DU. *muis*, OHG. *mūs* G. *maus*, ON. *mús*. The base *mūs-* occurs in almost all ARYAN languages. Cp. SKR. *mūs*

'mouse' with the √ *muś muś* *muśāy* 'take away, rob'; also GR. *μῦς*, LAT. *mūs*, OSLOV. *mýš*.

**mouth** ME. *mouth* OE. *mūd* = OSAX. *mūd*, DU. *mond*, OHG. *mund* G. *mund*, ON. *munur mūd*, GOTH. *munfs* 'mouth'. The TEUT. *munfa-s* 'mouth' is based on pre-TEUT. *manto-s* and connected with LAT. *mentum* 'chin'.

**move** vb. ME. *mōve* with the by-form *moeve* fr. OFR. *moveoir* *mevoir* FR. *mouvoir* = LAT. *movere*.

**mow** sb. ME. *mōwe* *mouwe* OE. *mūga mūwa* = ON. *mūgi* 'heap'; cp. OHG. *mū-wērf* 'mole' orig. 'maker of mole-heaps'.

**mow** vb. ME. *mōwe* OE. *mūwan* str. vb. = DU. *maaijen*, OHG. *māen* MHG. *mājen* G. *māhen*. A common WEST-TEUT. √ *mē* 'mow' appears in OE. *mēþ* (E. *math* in *after-*, *latter-*), OHG. *mād* G. *mahd* 'mowing, swath', and in GR. *ἀ-μῆρος* 'harvest' — *ἀ-μῆω* 'I mow' and in LAT. *metere* 'reap'.

**much** ME. *moche* *muche* for earlier *muchel* OE. *mycel* fr. a Teut. base *mukila-* (*mikila-*); cogn. w. GR. *μεγάλη* and *μεγας*, SKR. *māhan* 'great'. Cp. *mickle*.

**muck** ME. *muck* borrowed fr. a SCAND. \**muk-* = ON. *myki* *mykr* 'dung'.

**mud** ME. *mud* = OLG. *mudde* 'mud'.

**muff** vb. DU. *mof* LG. G. SW. *muff*: DAN. *muffe* a new TEUT. word derived fr. FR. *moufle*

'mitten'. MED.-LAT. *muffula* (9<sup>th</sup> cent.). Cogn. w. *muffie* vb. 'cover up warmly' fr. OFR. *moufle* 'mitten'.

**mulberry** ME. OE. *mūrberie* OE. *mōr-berie* = DU. *moerbes moerbesie*, OHG. *mūrbēri mōrbēri* G. *maulbeere*; the *l* of the first part of the compound for *r* is the effect of dissimilation; *mōr* is LAT. *mōrum* 'a mulberry'. The second part is an explanatory addition.

**mule** ME. *mūlc* borrowed fr. FR. *mule*; source LAT. *mulus* 'a mule', whence also IT. *mulo*, G. *maulesel* (OHG. *mūl*, OIR. OE. *mūl*).

**murder** sb. ME. *morther* OE. *mordor* = GOTH. *maírfr̥*; from √ *m̥* *m̥r* 'die' and suffix *-fra*; cp. OE. *mord* = ON. *mord*, OSAX. *morth*, DU. *moord*, OHG. G. *mord* 'premeditated murder'. TEUT. *morfa-* 'murder' is based on pre-TEUT. *m̥to-m* 'death': √ *m̥* *m̥r* widely diffused through all the Aryan languages signified 'die'. Cp. the SKR. √ *m̥* *m̥r* 'die' (*m̥rti-m* 'death' — *m̥rtas* 'dead' — *m̥rta-s* 'mortal') *m̥rtyús* 'death'; LAT. *mori* 'die' — *mortuus* 'dead' — *mors* 'death'; OSLOV. *m̥rēti* 'die' — *m̥r̥s̥ā-m̥r̥ūt̥i* 'death' — *m̥r̥t̥v̥ū* (LAT. *mortuus*) 'dead'; LITH. *m̥irti* 'die' — *m̥irtis* 'death'; GR. β̥οο̥τός (for \*μ̥οο̥τός) 'mortal' — ἀμ̥β̥οο̥τός 'immortal'; OIR. *marb* 'dead'. — **murder** vb. ME. *murthre mirthre* OE. *myrdrian* = OHG. *murdiren*, GOTH. *maírfr̥jan* 'murder, kill'.

**murky** ME. *m̥irke m̥irk* borrowed fr. ON. *myrkr* and ident. w. OE. *m̥ir̥ce m̥yr̥c̥e*. OE. *m̥yr̥c̥e*, OSAX. *m̥ir̥ki* and ON. *myrkr* 'dark' represent a Teut. base *m̥irkw̥i-*.

**murmur** vb. ME. *murmure* adopted fr. FR. *murmurer* (= SPAN. *murmurar*, IT. *mormorare*, OHG. *murmurôn* G. *murmeln*); source LAT. *murmurare*.

**muscle** adopted fr. FR. *muscle*; source LAT. *musculus* 'a muscle, a little mouse', dimin. of *mus* 'a mouse' (GR. μῦς) 'a mouse, a muscle'. From the same source also DU. G. *muskel* 'a muscle'.

**must** sb. ME. OE. *must* 'new wine' (= DU. G. *most*, ON. *must*) adopted fr. LAT. *mustum* 'new wine', whence also OFR. *moust*, FR. *moût*, IT. *mosto*. See *musty*, *moist* etc.

**must** vb. ME. OE. *m̥oste* pret. of OE. *m̥otan* = OSAX. *m̥ôtan*, DU. *moeten*, OHG. *muozzan* G. *müssen*, GOTH. *m̥ôtan*.

**mustard** ME. *mustard mostard* (= DU. *mosterd mostaard*, G. *mostert (mostrich)*): borrowed fr. OFR. *moustard* = FR. *moutard*. Source OFR. *moust* = LAT. *mustus* 'new wine'.

**mute** ME. *m̥uet* fr. FR. *muet*. Source LAT. *mutus* 'dumb'.

**mutton** ME. *motoun mutoun* adopted fr. OFR. *moton* (FR. *mouton*).

**muzzle** ME. *mosel* borrowed fr. OFR. *musel* = FR. *museau* 'muzzle'; perh. orig. identical w. *morcel* = E. *morsel*.

**mushroom** late ME. *musheroun* fr. the equiv. OFR. *mousseron*.

**muster** sb. 'a show; review, array; pattern' etc. short for ME. *moustre* from OFR. *monstre* (FR. *monstre* = IT. *mostra*): source LAT. *monstrare*, whence also DU. *monster*, MLG. *munster*, G. *muster*,

SW. DAN. *mönster*. — Hence the vb. **muster** vb. 'exhibit, review' etc. ME. *mustere* < OFR. *monstre* (FR. *montrer* = SPAN. *mostrar*, IT. *mostrare*) from LAT. *monstrare*; cp. DU. *monsteren*, MLG. *munsteren*, G. *mustern*, SW. *mönstra*, DAN. *mönstre*.

## N

**nag** ME. *nagge* 'horse'; cp. ODU. *negge* 'a small horse'.

**nail** ME. *nail* OE. *naȝel* = OSAX. OHG. *nagal* DU. G. *nagel*, ON. *nagl* 'finger-nail' — *nagli* 'wooden, iron nail'; GOTH. \**nagls* inferred from the vb. *nagljan* 'nail'. TEUT. *nagla-* arose from ARYAN *noghlo-* or *nokhlō-*; cp. SKR. *nakhā* 'nail of a finger or toe, claw of a bird', GR. *ὄνυξ* (nom. *ὄνυξ*) 'nail of a finger or toe, claw, hoof, hook', LAT. *unguis* 'claw, talon', OIR. *ingen* (CYMR. *ewin*) from *nghewinâ*, OSLOV. *noguti* 'nail, claw' (fr. OSLOV. *noga* 'foot'); LITH. *nāgas* 'finger-nail' — *nagà* 'horse's hoof'. ARYAN √ *nokh* *nogh*.

**naked** adj. ME. *naked* OE. *naeod* = DU. *naakt*, OHG. *nackut* *nahhut* G. *nacht*, ON. *nokkeidr*, GOTH. *naqaps*: Teut. base *naqo-da-* *naga-da-* from a pre-TEUT. *nogoto-* *nogetō-*; cp. OIR. *nocht* 'naked' from a base *nokto-* and SKR. *nagnā* 'naked' with suffix *na* for *ta*;

without consonantal suffix are formed OSLOV. *nagū*, LITH. *nūgas* 'naked'. Allied also LAT. *nūdus* for \**noēdus* \**nogēuāus*. — ARYAN √ *nōg*?

**name** sb. ME. *nāme* OE. *nāma* *nama* = OSAX. OHG. *name*, DU. *naam*, G. *name*, ON. *nafn* (for \**namn*), GOTH. *namō*; SYNON. with SKR. *nāma*, GR. *ὄνομα*, LAT. *nōmen* and perh. also ident. with OSLOV. *ime* fr. \**in-men* \**en-men*, PRUSS. *emmans*, OIR. *ainm*. The ARYAN base was *nō-men-*, which perh. was orig. \**gnō-men-* fr. the ARYAN √ *gnō* in *know*. Then *name* prop. meant 'name by which a thing is known'.

**nap**<sup>1</sup> sb. from the vb. ME. *naffe* OE. *hneppian* *hnappian* 'doze'; cp. OHG. *hnaffesen* MHG. *nafsen* vb. 'slumber'. Perh. cogn. w. OE. *hnipian*, ON. *hnipna* vb. 'droop'.

**nap**<sup>2</sup> sb. earlier *nop* ME. *noffe* 'nap', OE. *hnoppa* ('villus') 'nap of cloth' = DU. *nop*, MLG. DAN. *noffe*, OSW. *nop* 'nap of cloth or

wool'; cogn. w. NORWEG. *nappa*, GOTH. *dishniupan* 'to break'.

**nape** ME. *nape* 'knob'; perh. with inner labial for guttural and cogn. w. *neck*.

**napkin** ME. *napkin* adopted fr. FR. *nappe* 'table-cloth' with dimin. suffix *-kin*. Source a vulg. LAT. \**nappa* = LAT. *mappa* 'a cloth'. See *map*.

**nard** ME. *nard* borrowed fr. FR. *nard* (= SPAN. IT. *nardo*) = LAT. *nardus*, whence also G. *narde*.

**narrow** adj. ME. *narowe narwe* OE. *nearu* = OSAX. *naru*, DU. *naar*) from a TEUT. adj. *narwa-* (used as fem. sb. in OHG. *narwa* G. *narbe* 'scar'). Cp. LITH. *nir-ti* vb. 'thread' (a needle) — *narva* 'cell of the queen-bee'.

**narwhal** (= G. *narwal*) adopted fr. DAN. SW. *narhval* = ON. *ná-hvalr* 'sea-unicorn'. The second element see under *whale*; the first part is obscure.

**nasty** adj. corruption of an earlier *nasky*; perh. borrowed fr. SW. dial. *naskug* 'nasty, dirty'.

**naught** ME. *naught* OE. *náht* earlier *náwíht* = OSAX. *níowíht* OHG. *níowíht* G. *nicht*, DU. *niet*, GOTH. *ni waihts* 'no thing'; cp. *whit*.

**nave**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'the body of the church' borrowed fr. OFR. *nave* FR. *nef* (= SPAN. IT. *nave*) 'a ship' — 'the body of the church': MED.-LAT. *nâvis* 'the nave of a church' = LAT. *nâvis* 'ship'.

**nave**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'the hub of a wheel' ME. *nâve* OE. *nâfu* = DU. *naaf aaf nave*, OHG. *naba* G. *nabe*, ON. *nef*, GOTH. \**naba*: an old ARYAN word (base *nobhâ*); cp. SKR. *nâbhi* f. and *nabhya* n. 'the nave' (of a wheel); cogn. w. *navel*. See *auger*.

**navel** sb. ME. *nâvel(e)* OE. *nâfela* = DU. *navel*, OHG. *nabulo* G. *nabel*, ON. *nafli*; GOTH. \**nabala*: a common ARYAN word with a base *nobhâlo-*: *onbhalo-*; cp. the synon. GR. *ὀμφαλόσ*; LAT. *umbilicus* (for \**nobilicus* \**nobilicus*), SKR. *nâbhîla*, OIR. *imblíu* 'navel'. These words are very old *l*-derivatives of ARYAN *nóbhâ onbhâ* 'nave, navel'; cp. LETT. *naba* 'navel', LAT. *umbo* 'boss of a shield'. Cp. *nave*.

**navy** ME. *nâvie nâve*; borrowed fr. OFR. *navée* orig. 'a single ship' (fr. LAT. *navis* 'ship').

**nay** ME. *nai*; loanword fr. ON. DAN. *nei* 'no, not', which answers to genuine *no* (cp. *aye*).

**neap-tide** sb. ME. *nēp-sēsoun* OE. *nēp-flōd* 'ebb'; a TEUT. adj. *nēpa-* is not found elsewhere.

**near** adj. 'nigh' now used as a positive, but prop. a comparative adverb ME. *nēr* (*nēr*) OE. *nīar* (*nīr*) contr. of \**nīahor* (\**nīa-hīr*) = OSAX. OHG. *nâhōr* adv., DU. *naar* adv. Cp. *nigh*.

**neat** adj. borrowed fr. FR. *net* (source LAT. *nitidus* 'shining, clear').

**neck** ME. *nekke* OE. *hnēcca* = DU. *nek*; cp. OHG. *nac hnac* (*ck*)

G. *nacken*, ON. *hnakki*: Teut. base \**hnakkan-* for ON. *hnakki* and \**hnëkkan-* for OE. *hnëcca*. OIR. *cnoc*, OBRET. *enoch* 'hill' (stem *cnocco-*) may be cognate, perhaps also *nape*.

**need** sb. ME. *nēd* (*nēd*) OE. *nēd* *nȳd* (*nēad*) fr. a Teut. base *naudi* = OSAX. *nōd*, DU. *nood*, OHG. *nōt* G. *not*, ON. *naudr*, GOTH. *naufs*: pre-TEUT. *nauti-* has been connected with PRUSS. *nauti-* 'distress'; pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{nanu}}$ .

**needle** ME. *nēdle* OE. *nēdl* *nēdl* (oldest form *nēdl*) = OSAX. *nādlā*, DU. *naald*, OHG. *nādala* G. *nadel*, ON. *nāl*, GOTH. *nēfla*: a common Teut. word for 'needle' formed with the suffix *-flō-*, ARYAN *-llā-* fr.  $\sqrt{\text{ne}}$  seen in OHG. *nājan* G. *nāhen* 'sew'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{ne}}$  is usually connected with the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{snē}}$  in LAT. *nēre*, GR. *νέω* 'I spin' — *νήμα* 'thread' — *νήτωρον* 'spindle'; OIR. *sním* 'spinning' and *snáthe* 'thread' — *snáthat* 'needle'.

**neeze** vb. cp. ME. *nēsinge* 'sneezing' and ON. *hnjōsa*, OHG. *hnio-san* G. *niesen*, DU. *niesen* vb. 'sneeze': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hnuc}}$ , cogn. w. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fnuc}}$  in OE. *fnūsan* ME. *fnūse* and DU. *fnūzen* 'to sneeze' and  $\sqrt{\text{sneuc}}$  in *sneeze*.

**neif neaf** ME. *nēve* 'fist' borrowed from ON. *hnēfi* 'fist' (SW. *näfve*, DAN. *næve*).

**neigh** vb. ME. *nēie* OE. *hnēzan* 'neigh' = DU. *neien* vb. and MLG. *neinge* sb. 'neighing', MHG. *neigen* vb. 'neigh': of imitative

origin like ON. *gneggja* and OHG. *hveciōn* vb. 'neigh'.

**neighbor** ME. *neighbour* OE. *nēhhebur* prop. *nēah-gebūr* = OSAX. *nābūr* (for *nāh-gibūr*), DU. *nabuur*, OHG. *nāh-gibūr* G. *nachbar*: a common West-Teut. compound of *nigh* and *bower*, pointing to GOTH. \**nēhtwa-gabūr*.

**neither** see *either*; ME. *nouthor* OE. *nāweder* earlier form *nā-hwæder*.

**nephew** ME. *neve* borrowed from FR. *neveu*; supplanting the genuine ME. *nēve* OE. *nēfa* 'grandson, nephew' = ON. *nefi* 'relative', DU. *neef* 'grandson, nephew, cousin', OHG. *nēvo* G. *neffe* 'sister's (or brother's) son': Teut. base *nēfan-* from a pre-Teut. base *nēpot-* appearing in SKR. *nāpāt* (stem *nāptṛ*) 'descendant, son, grandson', GR. *ἀνεπιός* 'a first cousin, kinsman' — *νέποδες* 'offspring', LAT. *nepos* (the source of FR. *neveu*, whence E. *nephew*) 'a grandson, also a nephew', OIR. *nia* 'a sister's son'.

**nest** ME. OE. *nest* = OHG. G. DU. *nest*: TEUT. *nēsta-* = pre-Teut. form *nizdo-* confirmed by SKR. *nīda-s* 'lair of animals' also 'dwelling', ARMEN. *nist* 'seat', OIR. *net* 'nest', LAT. *nīdus* 'nest' for \**nizdos*. The ARYAN *ni-zdo-* is prop. a compound of the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sed}}$  'sit, seat oneself', and the verbal particle *ni* preserved in SKR. (see *nether*); *nizdo-* from *ni-sedō-* means lit. 'settlement'; cp. SKR. *ni-sad* 'sit down,

settle'. — **nestle** vb. ME. *nest(c)le* OE. *nistlian* (= DU. *nestelen*, G. *nisteln*): a frequent. form, lit. 'frequent a nest'.

**net** ME. OE. *net* (tt) fr. a Teut. *natja-* = OSAX. *net* (*netti*), DU. ON. *net*, OHG. *netzi* G. *netz*, GOTH. *nati*; allied to ON. *nöt* 'a large net' and LAT. *nassa* 'net'.

**nether** adj. ME. *nethere* OE. *neodera*; cogn. w. OSAX. *nithiri*, DU. *neder*, OHG. *nidiri* G. *nieder* and OE. *nider* = OSAX. *nithar*, DU. *neder*, OHG. *nidar* G. *nieder*, ON. *nidr*, GOTH. *\*nifar*: deriv. from the Aryan verbal particle *ni* 'downward' mentioned under *nest* and the comparat. suffix LAT. *-ter*, GR. *-τερος*, SKR. *-tara*.

**nettle** ME. *nettle* OE. *netcle* = DU. MLG. *netel*, OHG. *netzila* G. *nessel*; with dimin. suffix *-ilôn-* from a more original form seen in OHG. *nazza* 'nettle', GOTH. *\*nata* and *\*natilô*; possibly connected with *net* and with the reduplicated OIR. *nenaid* (base *neuat-*) 'nettle'; cp. LITH. *notere* 'nettle'.

**never** adv. ME. *never* OE. *nefre* from *ne* 'not' and *éfre* = *ever*.

**new** adj. ME. *newe* OE. *newe* (*nūwe*) = OSAX. OHG. *niuci*, DU. *nieuw*, G. *neu*, ON. *nýr*, GOTH. *niujis*. The common TEUT. *niuja-* from pre-TEUT. *néuyo-* answers to SKR. *nāvyas nāvīyas* (and *nāvas*), LITH. *naujas navas* (OSLOV. *novu*, LAT. *novus*, GR. *νέος*); prob. connected with the ARYAN particle *nū* 'now', so that that which is new' means now, recent'. Cp. *now*.

**newt** with secondary *n* from ME. *cute evete* OE. *efete*; not found in the other Teut. languages. Teut. base *abitôn-*?

**next** adj. ME. *next* OE. *nieht* *nēht* = OSAX. OHG. *nāhist* G. *nächst*: superl. of OE. *neah* = E. *nigh*. See also *near*.

**nice** ME. *nice* 'foolish' fr. OFR. *nice* 'slothful, idle, dull'; source LAT. *nescius* 'ignorant'.

**niche** borrowed fr. FR. *niche* = IT. *nicchia* 'a recess in the wall'.

**nickname** short for earlier *nekenāme* ME. *ēke-nāme* prop. 'additional name'; cp. ON. *auknafn*, DAN. *øgnavn* 'nickname'. For OE. *ēcan yēcan* 'to add' cp. *eke*. The initial *n* of *nickname* is secondary as in *newt*.

**niece** ME. *nēce* fr. FR. *nièce*; source MED.-LAT. *neptia* 'a niece' = LAT. *neptis* 'a grand-daughter, niece'.

**niggard** sb. ME. *nigard* with the by-form ME. *nigoun* 'niggard'; the formation of the Me. words points to Fr. influence.

**nigh** adj. adv. and prep. ME. *nigh* OE. *nēh* earlier *nēah* = OSAX. *nāh*, OHG. *nāh* G. *nahe*, ON. *nā-r*, GOTH. *nēhtes* 'nigh, near': Teut. base *nēhwa-* = pre-TEUT. *nēko- nēqe-*. Cp. *near*, *next* and *neighbour*.

**night** ME. *night* (*naught*) OE. *nīht* (*neahht*) = OSAX. OHG. *naht*, DU. G. *nacht*, ON. *nātt nōtt*, GOTH. *nahts*: TEUT. *naht-* from pre-TEUT. *nokt-*; cp. LAT. *nox* (stem



*nocti-*), GR. *νύξ* (*nyx*), SKR. *nākta* — *naktan* — *nākti*, LITH. *naktis*, OSLOV. *nošti*. See *fort-night*, *sennight*.

**nightingale** ME. *nightengale* OE. *nihte-gale* = OSAX. OHG. *nahti-gala*, DU. *nachtegal*, G. *nachtigall* 'a nightingale': from OE. *niht* (gen. *nihte*) = *night* and TEUT. *galan* str. vb. 'sing'. Cp. *stanyel*.

**nightmare** ME. *nightmare*; OE. OHG. ON. *mara* 'a night-mare' (DU. *nach-merrie* 'nightmare').

**nightshade** OE. *niht-scedu* from OE. *niht* = E. *night* and OE. *scedu* = E. *shade*.

**nimble** adj. ME. *nimel* lit. 'ready to catch' from OE. *niman* vb. 'take, seize'; for the suffix cp. *brittle*.

**nine** ME. *nine* OE. *nigone* without inflexion *nigon* *neogon* = OSAX. *nigun*, DU. *negen*; cp. GOTH. OHG. *nīun* G. *neun*, ON. *nīu* 'nine': the forms with *g* are based on TEUT. *\*nēgun* for *\*nēwun*, whilst GOTH. and OHG. *nīun* are based on *\*nēwun*. The numeral is common to all Aryan languages in the form *newun* *newun*; cp. SKR. *nīwan*, LAT. *novem*, GR. *ἐννέα*, OIR. *nói*.

**nit** ME. *nite* OE. *hnitu* = DU. *neet*, MLG. *nete nit*, OHG. *nīz* G. *niss*. GR. *oviz* (plur. *ovīdez*) 'egg of lice, bee-bugs and fleas' may be allied, if *z(o)wō* is common to both languages. Cp. also SLAV. *gnida* and ALBAN. *ḡeni* from *\*kenidā*.

**no** adv. ME. *no* OE. *nā* (= ON.

*nai* cp. *ay*) from *ne* 'not' and *ā* 'aye, ever'.

**noble** ME. *noble* fr. FR. *noble* = LAT. *nobilis*.

**nod** vb. ME. *nodde*; cogn. w. OHG. *hnuttēn* 'vibrate' MHG. *notten* 'stake' and ON. *hnjóða* vb. 'hammer': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hnut}}$ .

**noddle** 'head' ME. *nodde*.

**noise** sb. ME. *noise* borrowed fr. FR. *noise* 'quarrel'; source LAT. *nausea* 'nausea'.

**noisome** adj. of ME. *noy nuy* 'annoyance, hurt' earlier ME. *annui* fr. FR. *ennui* (OFR. *annui*); cp. *annoy*.

**none** ME. *nōn* OE. *nān* from *ne* 'not' and *ān* = *one*.

**nook** ME. *nōk* 'corner'.

**noon** ME. OE. *nōn* = OSAX. OHG. *nōna*, DU. *noon*, G. *none*, ON. *nōn*. Source LAT. *nōna* (sc. *hora*) lit. 'the ninth' (hour) with an extension of meaning 'midday, twelve o'clock'.

**nor** ME. *nor* short for *nother* 'neither', OE. *nāweder* contr. of *nāhwæder* 'neither' from OE. *nā* = *no* and OE. *hwæder* = *whether*.

**north** ME. *north(e)* OE. *norþ* = DU. *noord*, OHG. G. *nord*, ON. *nordr*, SW. DAN. *nord*; IT. SPAN. *norte*, FR. *nord* are of Teut. origin.

**northern** ME. *northerne* OE. *norðerne* prehistoric *\*norþrēni* fr. a TEUT. type *norþrēni* = OHG. *norðruoni*, ON. *norrēnn* 'northern'.

**nose** ME. *nōse* OE. *nōsa* (*nasu*) 'the nose'; cp. DU. *neus*, OHG. *nasa* G. *nase*, ON. *nōs*; TEUT. *\*nasō-nosō* 'nose' = ARYAN *nas-*; cp.

SKR. *nasa nas*, OSLOV. *nosù*, LITH. *nòsis*, LAT. *nâsus nâres*. — **nostril** ME. *nosethirl* OE. *nos-fyrel* (*nes-fyrl*) lit. 'a nose-orifice' from OE. *nosu nasu* = *nose* and OE. *fyrel* 'a perforation, orifice'.

**not** ME. *not* short for *nought* OE. *nauht nâwîht* = OSAX. OHG. *niotwîht*, DU. *niet*, G. *nicht*. From OE. *ne* 'not' and OE. *âwîht* = *aught*.

**notch** also **nock** ME. *nokke* = ODU. *nock* 'a notch in the head of an arrow', OSW. *nocka* 'a notch': source OFR. *hoche* 'notch'?

**note** ME. *note* adopted fr. FR. *note*: source LAT. *nota* 'a mark, sign, note'. — **notice** borrowed fr. FR. *notice* 'notice' = LAT. *notitia* 'knowledge, acquaintance'.

**noun** sb. borrowed fr. OFR. *non* = FR. *nom* 'a name': source LAT. *nômen* 'a name'.

**nourish** vb. ME. *nurisshe* vb. adopted fr. OFR. *noriss-* the stem of certain forms of OFR. *norrir* = FR. *nourrir* 'nourish': source LAT. *nutrire* 'feed'. Cp. *nurse*.

**now** ME. *now* OE. *nû* = OSAX. *nũ*, DU. *nu*, OHG. *nũ* G. *nu(n)*, ON. *nú*, GOTH. *nû*: a common ARYAN adv.; cp. SKR. *nũ nûn-am* 'now', GR. *ré rêr*, LAT. *nunc* (with the *c* of *hi-c*), OSLOV. *nynê* 'now', LITH. *nu*. Cp. *now*.

**nude** adj. fr. FR. *nude* = LAT. *nûdus* 'naked'.

**nuisance** sb. ME. *noisauce* borrowed fr. FR. *nuisance* 'a hurt':

a verbal noun formed fr. the pres. part. of FR. *nuire* = LAT. *nocere* 'hurt, injure'.

**numb** adj. ME. *nome nomen* prop. part. of ME. *nime* = OE. *niman* 'take, overpower, deprive of sensation'; cp. ON. *numinn* 'bereft (of life, of speech)'.

**number** adopted fr. FR. *nombre*: source LAT. *numerus* 'a number'. — **numerous** adj. adopted fr. FR. *numereux* (for the usual *nombreux*) fr. LAT. *numerosus* adj. 'numerous'.

**nun** ME. *nonne* OE. *nunne* = DU. *non*, OHG. *nunna* G. *nonne*. In the 8<sup>th</sup> cent. adopted fr. LAT. *nonna* (orig. meaning 'mother'); cp. FR. *nonne*, IT. *nonna* 'a nun'.

**nurse** sb. contr. of ME. *nortçe nurîçe*: loanword fr. OFR. *nurricc* = FR. *nourrice*. Source LAT. *nutric-em* 'a nurse'. — **nurture** sb. ME. *nortüre* adopted fr. OFR. *no-riture* (= FR. *nourriture*): source LAT. *nutritura* 'nourishment'. See *nourish*.

**nut** ME. *note nute* OE. *hnutu* = DU. *noot*, OHG. *nutz* G. *nuss*, ON. *hnot* 'nut'. The Teut. base *hnut-* points to  $\sqrt{\text{knud}}$  (seen in OIR. *cnú* 'nut?'). — **nutmeg** ME. *notemuge nutmege* from ME. *nut* = *nut* and ME. *müge* borrowed fr. OFR. *muge* 'musk' = LAT. *muscus* 'musk?'. Cp. OFR. *muguette* FR. *muguet* 'a nutmeg' = ITAL. *noce moscada*.

## O

**oaf** ident. with *elf*; perh. OE. *ælf* or rather borrowed fr. ON. *álfr* 'elf'.

**oak** ME. *ók* OE. *ác* fr. a Teut. base *aik-* = ON. *eik*, DU. *eik*, OHG. *eih* G. *eiche*: all with the same meaning 'oak'; perh. cogn. w. GR. *αἰγανή* 'spear' — *Αἰγίς*.

**oakum** ME. *ókumb* OE. *á-cumba* 'tow'; cp. OHG. *á-kambi* 'tow': prop. 'that which is combed out'. For OE. *cōmb* cp. *comb*.

**oar** ME. *óre* OE. *ár* (infl. *árc*) fr. a Teut. base *airô-* = ON. *ár* (DAN. *aarc*, SW. *åra*). If TEUT. *airô-* is an ARYAN *êryâ-*,  $\sqrt{\text{er}}$  in GR. *ῥοῦτης* 'oarsman' — *ῥοῦτος* 'oar' might be cognate, cp. *rova*.

**oast** ME. *óst* OE. *ást* 'kiln, dryinghouse' = DU. *east*: TEUT. *aistu-* cogn. w. LAT. *aestus* 'glowing heat'; ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{aidh}}$  'burn' in GR. *αἶθος* 'heat'.

**oath** ME. *ôth* OE. *áp* = GOTH. *aifs*, ON. *cidr*, DU. *ced*, OHG. G. *cid* 'oath': TEUT. *aifa-* fr. a pre-TEUT. *oito-* in OIR. *oeth* 'oath'; perh.  $\sqrt{\text{ai}}$  in OHG. *êwa* 'law'.

**oats** ME. *ôtes* plur. of *ôte* OE. *âta*.

**oblige** vb. ME. *oblîge* = FR. *obliger*, LAT. *obligare*.

**obtain** fr. FR. *obtenir*.

**odd** ME. *odde* 'distinguished, special': loanword fr. ON. *oddi* 'a triangle', which also means 'an

odd number' (*standask i oddu* 'be at odds, quarrel').

**of** ME. OE. *of* = GOTH. ON. DU. *af*, OHG. *aba* G. *ab*: ARYAN *apo* in GR. *ἀπο*, SKR. *ápa* 'away'. — **off** orig. ident. w. *of*.

**offend** vb. ME. *offendé* fr. FR. *offendre* = LAT. *offendere*.

**offer** vb. ME. *offre* OE. *offrian* wk. vb. 'offer': loanword fr. LAT. *offerre* 'offer'; cp. DU. *offer* sb. 'offering' and OSAX. *offrôn* vb. 'offer'.

**office** ME. *office* fr. FR. *office* = LAT. *officium* 'duty'.

**often** earlier *oft* ME. *ofte* OE. *oft* = ON. *opt*, GOTH. *uſta*, OHG. *ofto* G. *oft* 'frequently'. The adv. points to a Teut. adj. *of-ta-*, which is perh. part. of an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{uq}}$  = SKR. *uc* 'to be wont'.

**oil** ME. *oile* (*olie*) fr. OFR. *oile* = FR. *huile* 'oil' (LAT. *oleum*).

**ointment** ME. *oinement* fr. OFR. *oignement*: deriv. of FR. *oindre* = LAT. *ungere* vb. 'anoint'.

**old** ME. *ôld* OE. *ald* (*ǣld*): Teut. base *alda-* = OSAX. *ald*, OHG. G. *alt*, ON. *aldr*, DU. *oud* 'old'; cogn. w. GOTH. *alþeis* 'old' and *usalþan* 'grow old'. A primitive TEUT. and ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{al}}$  'grow' cp. in GOTH. *alan* = LAT. *alere* 'nourish'.

**on** ME. OE. *on* = GOTH. *ana* 'on', G. *an* OHG. *ana*, DU. *aan*, ON. *á* (for \**an*): cogn. w. GR. *ἄνω*, SKR. *ana*.

**once** ME. *ones* late OE. *anes* (commonly *enes*); orig. genitive of OE. *an* = *one*; cp. G. *cinst* OHG. *cins*. — **one** ME. *on* OE. *an* fr. a Teut. base *aina-* = GOTH. *ains*, ON. *cinn*, DU. *een*, G. *ein*. ARYAN *oino-*s may be inferred fr. LAT. *innus* (for *oinos*), IR. *óen*, CYMR. *un*, GR. *οἶνός*; cogn. W. SKR. *ê-ka* 'one'.

**onion** ME. *onioun* fr. FR. *oignon* whence also FLAM. *anjocn* DU. *ajuin* fr. ODU. *onjuun*: source LAT. *uniô(nem)*, whence also OE. *yunc* 'onion' fr. WEST-TEUT. \**unnjôn-* = TEUT. *unnjôn-*.

**only** ME. *onli* earlier *onlic* OE. *anlic* 'unique'. From *one*.

**ooze** ME. *wōse* OE. *wōs* (infl. *wōse*) 'juice'; perh. fr. a Teut. base *wansa-* in ON. *vás* 'wetness'; cp. MLG. *wōse* 'juice'.

**or** conj. ME. *or* shortened fr. an earlier *odr*, which supplants OE. *odde* 'or' under the influence of OE. *ánweder áhwæder* = ME. *auther outhur* 'either' ('one of two')

**or** adv. 'cre' ME. *or* late OE. (*rare*) *ár*; commonly OE. *ær* ME. *ér* 'cre'. See *ere*.

**orange** ME. *orcūge* fr. OFR. *orenge* = FR. *orange*.

**open** ME. *ōpen* OE. *open* fr. a Teut. base *opana-* = OHG. *offan* G. *offen*, OSAX. *opan*, DU. *open*, ON. *opinn*. The adj. has the form of a participle and points to a lost verbal root (*eup?* *wēp?*).

**orchard** ME. *orchard* OE. *orçerd* older *ort-zeard* (= GOTH. *airti-gards* 'garden'): adoption of LAT. *hortus* (for the mute *h* cp. IT.

*orto*); GOTH. *airtja* 'gardener' and OHG. *orzôn* 'cultivate' point also to LAT. *hortus*. The *ch* of the E. word is owing to a fusion of *t* + *z* (OE. *ort* + *zeard*). OE. *zeard* 'garden' (cp. *yard* and *garden*) is added in explanation of LAT. *hortus* (= TEUT. *ort*).

**ordain** vb. ME. *ordaine* fr. OFR. *ordener* = LAT. *ordinare*. — **ordre** ME. *ordrc* fr. FR. *ordre* = LAT. *ordinem* (nom. *ordo*).

**ordure** (Shakesp.) 'excrement'. ME. *ordüre* fr. FR. *ordure*.

**ore** ME. *or* OE. *ár* 'brass' = GOTH. *ais* 'brass' (*aiza-smiþa* 'coppersmith'), ON. *cir*, OHG. *êr* 'brass'; cogn. W. LAT. *aes* 'ore, bronze'; SKR. *ayas* 'iron'.

**origin** ME. *origīne* fr. FR. *origine*.

**orison** 'prayer' ME. *oreisoun* fr. FR. *oraison* 'prayer': source LAT. *oratio-nem*.

**orts** ME. *ortes* plur. of a sing. \**ort* OE. \**oret* for \**or-ét*; cp. LG. *ort* 'what is left by the cattle in eating' and GOTH. *usêta* 'crib': prefix *or* 'out' and  $\sqrt{et}$  in *eat*.

**ostrich** ME. *ostriche* fr. OFR. *ostruche* = FR. *autruche*; source LAT. *avis struthio* 'ostrich', whence OE. *strýta*, OHG. *strûz* (G. *vogel straus*) and also IT. *struzzo*.

**other** ME. *ōther* OE. *ōðer* fr. a Teut. base *anþera-* = GOTH. *anþar*, OHG. G. DU. *ander*, ON. *annarr*; cogn. W. LITH. *antras*, SKR. *antara* and *anya* 'other'.

**otter** ME. *oter* OE. *otor* = DU. G. *otter* OHG. *ottar*, ON. *otr*: base TEUT.  $\sqrt{otra-}$  = ARYAN *udro-* cogn.

w. *water*; *otter* prop. 'the water animal'. Cp. GR. *ῥόδα* 'a water-snake' and closely allied to the Teut. group OSLOV. *vydra*, LITH. *udra* 'otter'.

**ouch** ME. *ouche* commonly *nouche* 'necklace, collar' fr. OFR. *nouche* prop. *nosche* (= OHG. *nusca*).

**ought** = *aught*.

**ounce** ME. *ounçe* fr. FR. *once*; source LAT. *uncia*, whence also *inch*.

**our** ME. *oure* OE. *ūre* for \**ūsre* = GOTH. *unsara*: from the Teut. pron. *uns*; cp. *us*.

**ousel** ME. *ysel* OE. *ysle* for \**omsle* TEUT. *amsla* = OHG. *amsala* G. *amsel* 'ousel'.

**out** ME. *oute* OE. *ūte* earlier *ūt* = GOTH. *ūt*, ON. *ūt*, OHG. *ūz* G. *aus*, DU. *uit*. Cp. SKR. *ud* 'up, out'.

**outlaw** ME. *outlawe* late OE. *ūtlaga* fr. ON. *ūtlagi*; cp. LAT. *exlex* and see *late*.

**outrage** ME. *outrāge* fr. FR. *outrage* (= source a LAT. type *ultra-ticum*).

**oven** ME. *ofen* OE. *ofen* = OHG. *ovan* G. *ofen*, DU. *oven*, ON. *ofn* and GOTH. *aīhns* 'oven'; an original meaning of the Teut. word is preserved in OE. *ofnet* 'vessel'.

An ARYAN type *uqno-* is found in GR. *ἰνώς* 'oven'.

**over** ME. *ofer* OE. *ofer* = GOTH. *ufar*, OHG. *ubar*, ON. *ofr*, DU. *over*; cp. G. *über* OHG. *ubiri*. Outside of the Teut. languages, GR. *ὑπερ* and SKR. *upāri* 'above' are cognate.

**owe** vb. ME. *ōwe* OE. *āgan* possess' = GOTH. *aigan*, OHG. *eigan* 'possess': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{aik}}$  in SKR. *ic* 'possess'. — **ought** ME. *ūghte* OE. *āhte* is the pret. tense of OE. *āgan* and **own** ME. *ōwen* OE. *āgen* is part. = OHG. *eigan* G. *eigen*, OSAX. *ēgan*. The vb. **own** ME. *ōune* OE. *āgnian* 'possess' is a deriv. of the adj. *ōwn*.

**owl** ME. *oule* OE. *ūle* fr. a Teut. base *uawalōn-*; cp. OHG. *ūwila* G. *eule*; ON. SW. *ugla* points to a GOTH. \**uggwalōn-*. The word is sound-imitation.

**ox** ME. *ox* OE. *oxa* = GOTH. *aūhsa*, OHG. *ohso* G. *ochse*, ON. *oxi* *uxi*, DU. *os* 'ox': Teut. base *ohsan-*, ARYAN *ukson-* in SKR. *uksan* 'ox', CYMR. *ych*.

**oyster** ME. *oistre* fr. OFR. *oistre* = FR. *huitre* 'oyster': source LAT. *ostrea*, whence also OE. *īstre*, G. *auster*, DU. *oester*.

## P

**pace** ME. *pāce* *pās* borrowed fr. FR. *pās* = LAT. *passus* 'a step'.

**pack** sb. ME. *packe* = DU. *fak*, ON. *pakki*, G. *pack*, IT. *pacco*, FR.

*paquet*; BRET. *fak*: source and history of the group unknown. — **package** formed by adding the FR. suffix *-age* = LAT. *-aticum*

to the sb. *pack*. — **packet** formed fr. the FR. dimin. *paquet*.

**pact** adopted fr. FR. *pacte* = LAT. *factum*, whence also IT. *patto*, DU. G. *pacht* 'rent-contract'.

**paddock** ME. *paddock*; the ending *-ock* is a dimin. suffix as in *bullock*, *hillock*. Primit. ME. *padde* 'frog' = SCAND. *padda*, DU. LG. FRIES. *padde* (G. *schildpatt*). There exists also LG. *pad-hucke* 'paddock', the second element of which is LG. *hucke* 'paddock'.

**page** sb. ME. *pāge* fr. FR. *page* (whence G. *page*). Source GR. *παιδίον* 'a little boy'.

**page**<sup>2</sup> sb. (of a book) fr. OFR. *page*. Source LAT. *pāgina*, whence also OFR. *pagene* (ME. *pāgine* *pāgent* 'page') and OHG. *peine* (rare) 'page'. — **pageant** orig. 'the movable scaffold on which the old mysteries were acted' ME. *pāgent* — earlier form *pāgine* 'pageant'. Source MED.-LAT. *pagina* 'scaffold' = LAT. *pagina* 'a page', also 'a plank of wood'. For the excrescent *t* in *pageant* cp. *parchment*.

**pail** ME. *pail* OE. *pæzel* 'bucket' = DU. *pegel* *peil*, LG. *pigel*, whence G. *pegel* 'water-gauge' is borrowed.

**pain** ME. *peine* fr. FR. *peine*; source LAT. *poena*, whence also OE. *pin* = E. *pine*.

**painim** ME. *painim* 'heathendom' fr. OFR. *pacnime* = LAT. *paganismus* 'heathendom'.

**paint** vb. ME. *peinte* *peinte* vb. borrowed fr. FR. *peint*, part. of *peindre* = LAT. *pingere* 'paint'. See *depaint*.

**pair** ME. *peir* fr. FR. *paire* (= SPAN. *par*, IT. *paro* *pajo*): source LAT. *par* 'alike', whence MHG. *pār* G. *paar* 'pair'. See *peer*.

**palace** ME. *paleis* *palais* fr. FR. *palais*, whence also MHG. *palas* (rare *paleis*) G. *palast*: source MED.-LAT. *palatium*.

**palate** fr. the synonym. LAT. *palatum* (ME. *palét* *palát* from OFR. *palat*).

**pale** adj. ME. *pāle* borrowed fr. FR. *pāle*: source LAT. *pallidus* 'pale'.

**pale** sb. ME. *pāl(e)* 'stake' fr. FR. *pāl* 'stake or pole'. Source LAT. *pālus* 'a stake'. For the rare OE. *pāl* 'stake' see *pole*.

**palfrey** ME. *pal(e)frei* *palefrai* fr. ONFR. *palefrei* = FR. *palefroi*. Source LAT. *paraverēdus* 'an extra post-horse' which is also the source of OHG. *pferfrid* G. *pferd* and IT. *palafreno*, SPAN. *palafren*. The Lat. word is a compound of GR. *παρά* and GALLO-LAT. *verēdus* 'horse' (*rhēda* is Gallo-Lat. for 'travelling carriage' and *re* is a Celt. prefix); hence *παρά-verēdus* was orig. the horse in reserve'.

**palisade** Shakesp. *palisado* = FR. *palissade*, SPAN. *palizada*, IT. *palizzata*. All equiv. and deriv. fr. LAT. *pālus* 'a stake'. Cp. *pale* and *pole*.

**pall** ME. *pal* OE. *pall*: source LAT. *pallium*. The adoption cannot have occurred before the literary period of Anglo-Saxon, as we should expect an OE. form \**pelle* \**pylle* 'wrapper'.

LAT. *patta* cannot be the source, as it never was the ecclesiastical terminus technicus, but rather *pallium*.

**palm** 'inner part of the hand' ME. *paume palme*: borrowed fr. OFR. *palme* = *paume*. Source LAT. *palma* 'the palm of the hand' (cogn. w. OE. *folm* under *fecl*).

**palm**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a tree' ME. *palm* OE. *pālm*: a bible word, LAT. *palma* 'a palm-tree'.

**palsy** ME. *pal(es)ie* oldest form *parlesie* fr. FR. *paralytic*: source LAT. *paralysis* 'palsy', which was used in OE. as *paralysis*.

**pan** ME. OE. *panne* = OHG. *pfanna* G. *pfanne*, ON. SW. *panna*, DU. *pan*: TEUT. *panna* is regarded as a transformation of LAT. *patina* (or rather *\*patna*) 'a basin'.

**pane** ME. *pāne* 'patch, piece, pane' fr. FR. *pan* a pane, piece, or pannel: source LAT. *pannus* 'a cloth, rag, patch'. — **panel**

**pannel** ME. *panél* 'a piece of cloth' (= DU. *panel*) fr. OFR. *panel* FR. *panneau*. Source a LAT. type *panellus* fr. *pannus*.

**pannier** ME. *panier* 'bread-basket' fr. FR. *panier* (= LAT. *pānārium* 'bread-basket', whence also DU. *paander*, OSAX. *paneri*, OHG. *pfanāri*).

**pansy** borrowed fr. FR. *pensée*: derived from FR. *penser* 'think' (cp. G. *vergissmännicht* as the name of a flower).

**pant** vb. 15<sup>th</sup> cent. *pante paunte* fr. OFR. *pantoyer* (cp. FR. *pan-*

*telet*) 'gasp, pant'; cp. OFR. *pantais* = E. *pantas* (in falconry) 'a disease of hawks'.

**pantaloons** fr. FR. *pantalon*. The FR. word prop. meant trousers worn by the Venetians who were called *Pantalone* after the patron Saint of Venice, St. Pantaleone.

**pantry** ME. *pan(etr)ie* fr. FR. *pancterie* (derived fr. LAT. *panis* 'bread').

**paper** ME. *pāper* earlier *pāpēr* fr. FR. *papier* = LAT. *papyrus* (cp. also *taper*), whence also G. DU. *papier*. In late OE. (11<sup>th</sup> cent.), a rare *pāpēr* (cp. OHG. *pāpūr*) 'papyrus' is found.

**paradise** ME. *paradis* (*parais*) fr. OFR. *paradis* (*parais parcis*) — FR. *paradis*, IT. *paradiso*. Source LAT. *paradisus*, whence also OHG. OSAX. *paradis* G. *paradies*, DU. *paradijs*, ON. SW. DAN. *paradis*. The corresp. OE. term was *neorxnateong*.

**paramour** ME. *paramour* 'lover, concubine'. Source the FR. phrase *par amour* 'by love' (cp. ME. *par de* 'by God' — *par fay* 'by my faith' and *perhaps*).

**parcel** ME. *parcel* prop. *parcell* fr. FR. *parcelle* (LAT. type *\*particella* derived fr. *particula*).

**parch** vb. prop. the same as *pierce* fr. ME. *perche perce*.

**parchment** ME. *parchemin* fr. FR. *parchemin* (DU. *perkamēt* fr. OFR. *parcamin*): source LAT. *pergamēna* (*charta*) 'parchment'. The city of *Pergamon* in Asia

Minor was famous for the invention of parchment. The crescent *t* in NE. *parchment* is the same as in *tyrant*; cp. *pageant*.

**pardon** sb. ME. *pardoun* from FR. *pardon*: source LAT. *perdonare* 'remit a debt', whence FR. *pardonner*.

**pare** vb. ME. *päre* fr. FR. *parer* = LAT. *parare*.

**parish** ME. *parisse* earlier *parosche* fr. OFR. *paroche* = FR. *paroisse*: source LAT. *paracia* (GR. *παροικία*), an ecclesiastical terminus technicus.

**paritory** see *pellitory*.

**park** ME. *park* short for OE. *pearroc*; ident. w. DU. MLG. *perk* 'a park', OHG. *pferrih* G. *pfereh* 'an inclosure, sheepfold': source a Celt. base *parraka-* (*parrika-*) in FR. *parc*, IT. *parco*. Cogn. w. SPAN. *parra* 'fruitwall, espalier for vine' and PROVENC. *parran* 'small garden'.

**parlour** ME. *parlour* fr. FR. *parloir* 'conversation room' (FR. *parler* 'speak').

**parrot** for earlier (15<sup>h</sup> cent.) *perrot* = FR. *Pervot* *Pierrot* 'little Peter' (in FR. also used as a name for a sparrow).

**parsley** ME. *persli* earlier form *persil* fr. FR. *persil* = LAT. *petroselinum* 'parsley' (cf. G. OE. *petter silie*).

**parsnip** late ME. *parsnēpe* *pasnēpe* fr. OFR. *pastenaque* = LAT. *pasinaca* 'parsnip'.

**parson** ME. *persoun* ident. w. *person*. MED.-LAT. *persōna* also meant 'curate, parson'.

**part** sb. ME. *part* fr. FR. *part* (= SPAN. IT. *parte*): source LAT. *pars-partem*. — **part** vb. ME. *parte* vb. fr. FR. *partir* = LAT. *partiri partire* 'divide, part'. — **partake** vb. ME. *part take*; cp. G. *teil nehmen*. — **party** sb. ME. *parti(e)* fr. FR. *partie*, whence also MHG. *partie* G. *partei*, DU. *partij*; IT. *partita* = LAT. type *partita*.

**partridge** ME. *pertriche* fr. OFR. *pertris*, whence also DU. *patrijs* (ODU. *pertrise*): source LAT. *perdix-peraiceum*.

**parvis** ME. *parvis* fr. FR. *parvis* 'porch of a church'; ident. w. *paradise*. The church-porch is called in several languages *paradise* (esp. the portico of St. Peter's church, Rome, was called *paradisus*).

**pass** vb. ME. *passé* (*pāce*) vb. fr. FR. *passer* (IT. MED.-LAT. *passare* 'step, walk' fr. LAT. *passus* 'step'. — **passage** ME. *passage* fr. FR. *passage*. — **passenger** earlier *passager* ME. *passagēr*; cp. *messenger* for the secondary *n*.

**paste** sb. ME. *pāste* fr. OFR. *pāste* = FR. *pâte*; source late LAT. *pasta* 'paste'.

**pastern** earlier *pastron* represents an unrecorded ME. \**past(ū)-roun* fr. the synon. OFR. *pasturon* = FR. *pâturon*.

**pastime** for *pass-time*, an imitation of the synon. FR. *passé-temps*.

**pastry** sb. ME. *pāsté* 'pie' fr. OFR. *pasté* (earlier *pastéth*, whence



ODU. *pasteide* = DU. *pastei*): derived fr. LAT. *pasta* = *paste*.

**patch** ME. *pacche*; perh. ident. w. LG. *plakke* 'a piece'.

**path** ME. *path* OE. *paþ* = DU. LG. *pad*, OHG. *pfath pfad* G. *pfad* 'a way': Teut. base *paþa-*, not cogn. w. GR. *πατος*; 'a way', SKR. *path* 'a way', AVEST. *paþ* 'way'. But cp. OE. *paþþan* 'tread', LG. *pedden* vb. 'tread', MHG. *pfetten*.

**pattern** ME. *patroun* borrowed fr. FR. *patron* 'pattern'.

**pause** adopted fr. FR. *pause* = LAT. *pausa*.

**pave** vb. ME. *pave* borrowed fr. FR. *paver* 'pave' (LAT. *pacire* 'beat').

**paw** sb. ME. *pauc poue* borrowed fr. OFR. *roue* (= PROV. *pauta* 'a paw'); ident. w. DU. *poet*, G. *pfote*: it is uncertain whether the base *pauta* is orig. Celt. or Teut.

**pawn**<sup>1</sup> sb. borrowed fr. FR. *pan* 'a pawn, gage, pledge'; perh. ident. w. OFRIS. DU. *paud*, OHG. *pfant* G. *pfand*.

**pawn**<sup>2</sup> sb. (at chess) ME. *pawn poun* borrowed fr. OFR. *poon paon peon* = FR. *pion*: source IT. *pedone* prop. 'a footman (LAT. *pedo-nem*). Cp. ON. *ped-madr* 'pawn at chess'.

**paxwax** late ME. *pax-wax* 'tendon of the neck'; cp. OHG. *waltorwahso*, OFRIS. *walderwaxe* 'nervus' and *wax* for the second element of the compound. The first part of E. *paxwax* (dial. E. *fax-wax* is obscure.

**pay** vb. ME. *paie* vb. fr. FR. *payer* (prop. 'satisfy, content' = LAT. *pacare* 'pacify'), whence also DU. *paaten* 'pay'.

**pea** (plur. *peas*) fr. ME. *pēs(e)*, the *s* of which was considered to be the plural ending. ME. *pēs* points to ONFR. *peis* = FR. *pois*. Source LAT. *pisum* 'a pea', whence also OE. *pisu*.

**peace** ME. *pēs* earlier *pais* (= DU. MLG. *peis*, MLG. *pais*) fr. OFR. *pais* = FR. *paix* (LAT. *pax-pacem*).

**peach** late ME. *pêche* fr. FR. *pêche* for *pesche* = IT. *pesca*, LAT. *persicum* 'a peach'. Fr. the LAT. word, G. *pfirsich*, DU. *perzik*, OE. *persoc* 'a peach' are borrowed.

**peacock** ME. *pe-cock* and **peahen** ME. *pe-henne* point to OE. *peca* with the by-form *peawa* 'peacock': source LAT. *phavō-nem*, whence also OHG. *pfawo* G. *pfau*, DU. *pauw*, ON. *þáfulgl*: cp. FR. *paon* 'peacock'.

**pear** ME. *pece* OE. *pearu* 'a pear' = ODU. *perc*, DU. LG. *peer*: loanword fr. the equival. LAT. *pirum* (whence also G. *birne*) = FR. *poire* 'a pear'. Cp. *perrier*.

**pearl** ME. *perle* fr. FR. *perle* = OHG. *perala* G. *perle*, IT. *perla*: source LAT. *pirula* (for *pilula* 'a little ball?').

**peasant** fr. FR. *paysan*; cp. *phasant* fr. FR. *faisan* and see *parchment*.

**peat** for *beat* (see *purse* for the change of *b* to *p*).

**pebble** sb. ME. *pibbel-stōn* and *puble-stōn* OE. *papol-stān* *popol-stān* 'a pebble-stone'.

**peck** vb. a var. of *pick*.

**peck** sb. ME. *pekke* 'a measure'; perh. akin to FR. *picotin* 'a measure'.

**pedant** sb. (= DU. G. DAN. SW. *pedant*) borrowed fr. FR. *pédant*, IT. *pedante*, the ultimate source of which is GR. *παιδῶν* 'educate'.

**pedigree** late ME. *petegrēw* *petigrū*; perh. adopted fr. FR. *pieu de grue* 'a crane's foot'?

**peel** vb. adopted fr. FR. *peeler*. Source LAT. *pellis* 'skin'.

**peep**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'chirp' ME. *\*pepe pipe* borrowed fr. FR. *piper*. Source LAT. *pipare* = GR. *πιπιλλεῖν* 'chirp': sound - imitation; for variant in form see *pipe*.

**peep**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'look pryngly'; cp. OFR. *piper* 'peep' — *la pipe du jour* 'the peep of day'.

**peer** sb. ME. *père pēr* borrowed fr. OFR. *per peer* FR. *pair*. Source LAT. *par* 'equal'; see *pair*.

**peer**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'appear' ME. *père* short for ME. *appère* = *appear*.

**peer**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'pry' ME. *pīre* = LG. *pīren* 'look closely'.

**peevish** adj. ME. *pēvisch* *pēviche* *pēvāge*. The ending (cp. *partridge* and *parish*) points to FR. origin.

**peg** sb. ME. OE. *pegge*; akin to DAN. *pig*, SW. *figg* 'spike', LG. *figge* 'peg'.

**pellitory** sb. late ME. *paritoric* fr. FR. *paritoire*, which goes back to a LAT. type *\*parietaria* 'the plant of the walls'?

**pelt** sb. ME. *pelt* 'a sheep-skin' (E. *peltry* = DU. *pelterij*, MLG. *peltrīc* fr. FR. *pelletrie*); ident. w. G. *peltz* OHG. *pelliz*. Source a Rom. type *pellicia* = FR. *pelisse*, IT. *pellicia*. Cp. *pitch*.

**pelt** vb. ME. *felte* also *pilte pulte*, the latter forms corresponding to OE. *pyllan* *pyllan*. Source LAT. *pultare* 'beat, strike'?

**pen** sb. borrowed fr. FR. *penne*. Source LAT. *penna* 'a feather'.

**pen** vb. ME. *penne* OE. *onpenman* 'impound, enclose': prob. connected with *pound*<sup>2</sup> and LG. *topennen* 'bar, bolt' — *uppenen* 'open'.

**penance** ME. *penauce* fr. OFR. *penance* older *penēance* = LAT. *penitentia* 'penitence'.

**pencil** orig. 'a hair-brush' ME. *pençel* fr. OFR. *pinçel* FR. *pinceau* 'a brush'. Source LAT. *penicillus* 'a painter's brush', whence also G. *pinsel*.

**pennon** **pennant** ME. *penoun* borrowed fr. OFR. *pennon* 'a flag, streamer' (for the secondary *t* of *pennant* see *pageant*, *parchement*). Source LAT. *penna* 'wing, feather'.

**penny** ME. *peni* plur. *penies* (contr. *pens*, whence E. *pence*) OE. *peniz* *penniȝ* *penning* *pending* = OSAX. *pending* *penning*, DU.

*penning*, OHG. *phantinc pfenting* *pfenning* G. *pfennig*, ON. *penningr*. The word may be derived fr. *pan*, so that the form of the *pennies* may have suggested the word or it may have been associated with the base \**pani* under *paron*? For the suffix *-ing* cp. *shilling*, *farthing*.

**people** ME. *péple* *póple* borrowed fr. OFR. *pueple* FR. *peuple*, whence also G. *pöbel*. Source LAT. *pópulus* 'people' (cp. also DU. *peupel*).

**pepper** ME. *peper* *piper* OE. *pípor* = DU. *peper*, OHG. *pfēffar* G. *pfesser*, ON. *píparr*: borrowed fr. LAT. *píper* (whence also IT. *pepe*, FR. *poivre*). Cp. OSLOV. *píprü* 'pepper'.

**perceive** vb. ME. *pérceive* fr. OFR. *percever* FR. *apercevoir*. Source LAT. *percipere* 'apprehend'.

**perch**<sup>1</sup> 'a rod' ME. *pérche* fr. the synon. FR. *perche*. Source LAT. *pértica* 'a pole, bar'?

**perch**<sup>2</sup> 'a fish' ME. *pérche* borrowed fr. FR. *perche*. Source LAT. *perca* = GR. *πέσζη* 'a perch'.

**perchance** cp. *perhaps*. —

**perdy** (Shakesp.) 'by God' ME. *pardí* = FR. *par dieu* 'by God'.

**perform** vb. ME. *perfourme* earlier *parfourne* borrowed fr. OFR. *parfournir* 'perform'.

**perhaps** (late ME. *perhappous* 15<sup>th</sup> cent.) and *perchance* have the FR. preposition *par* (*per*) in imitation of ME. *peravcutüre-*

*parauntre* and *per cas*; *haps* is the plur. of *hap* under *happy* (cp. *paramour*).

**peril** ME. *peril* fr. FR. *péril*. Source LAT. *periculum* 'danger'.

**perish** vb. ME. *perisse* borrowed fr. the stem of some forms of the FR. verb *périr* 'perish'.

**deriwig** formerly *periwigge* *perwicke* borrowed fr. FR. *perruque* (*wi* being substituted for FR. *ü*); cp. also G. *perrücke*, DU. *pruik*.

**periwinkle**; cp. the synon. ME. *perwenke* OE. *perwinca*. Source LAT. *perwinca* 'a twining plant'.

**perry** adopted fr. FR. *poire* 'perry', formed fr. a vulgar LAT. type \**piratus* 'perry, drink made of pears' (LAT. *pirum* under *pear*).

**person** ME. *pérsoun* borrowed fr. FR. *personne*. Source LAT. *persóna*; ident. w. *parson*.

**pert** adj. ME. *pért* 'pert, plain, clever, bold'; cp. ODU. *gepertlich* FLAM. *pertig* 'alert'. The group goes back to FR. *apert*.

**pertain** vb. ME. *parténe* borrowed fr. OFR. *partenir*. Source LAT. *pertinere* 'belong'.

**peruke** ident. w. *periwig*.

**pervious** adj. borrowed fr. LAT. *pervius* 'passable'.

**pest** borrowed fr. FR. *peste*. Source LAT. *pestis* 'plague'.

**pester** vb. short for *impester* borrowed fr. OFR. *empêtrer* 'pester, entangle' FR. *empêtrer*.

**pet** sb. 'a tame animal, a

favoured child' short for earlier *peat* (ME. \**pēt*).

**petty** adj. ME. *petit* adopted fr. FR. *petit* 'small'.

**pew** sb. ME. *pie* (*piève*) fr. OFR. *puie* 'an elevated space', an open gallery with rails', whence also DU. *pui*, OFRIS. *poie*. Source LAT. *podium* 'a balcony'.

**pewet** **peewit** so called from its plaintive cry; the earlier by-form *puet* points to a FR. source.

**pewter** late ME. *pēuter* adopted fr. OFR. *peutre* (*peautre*) a kind of metal'. It stands for \**peltre* = SPAN. *petre*, IT. *peltra* 'pewter'; cp. DU. *piauter*.

**pheasant** ME. *fīsaunt* earlier *fīsaun* fr. FR. *faisan* = IT. *fagiano*. Source LAT. *phasiānus*, GR. *φασιανός* 'bird of Phasis in Colchis', whence also OHG. *fasân* G. *fasan*.

**phial** **vial** borrowed fr. OFR. *phiole* (FR. *fiolle*). Source LAT. *phiala*, GR. *φιάλη* 'a broad, flat, shallow cup'.

**philtre** borrowed from FR. *philtre*. Source LAT. *philtrum*, GR. *φίλτρον* 'a love potion'.

**phlegm** adopted fr. FR. *phlegme*. Source LAT. GR. *phlegma* 'a flame, inflammation, phlegm'.

**pick** vb. ME. *pikke* OE. *pician* = LG. DU. *pikken*, G. *picken*.

**picket** borrowed fr. FR. *piquet* *picquet* 'a little pick axe', dimin. of OE. *pic* 'a pike' under *pike*.

**pickle** sb. ME. *pikel* = DU. *pekel*, MLG. *pekel* G. *pökel*; prob. fr. *pickle*, frequentative of *pick* 'pickout, cleanse'.

**picnic** a modern word arising about 1700 and soon received into FR. (*piquénique* about 1740) and GERM. (*picknick* about 1770).

**pie** ME. *pie* fr. FR. *pie* 'a broiled remnant of a shoulder of mutton'.

**pie** (in *magpié*) ME. *pie* fr. OFR. *pie* = LAT. *pīca*.

**piebald** composed of *pie* 'a magpie' and *bald* 'streaked'.

**piece** ME. *pièce* borrowed fr. FR. *pièce*.

**pier** ME. *pire* borrowed fr. OFR. *piere*, FR. *piere* = LAT. *petra* 'stone'.

**pierce** vb. ME. *perce* borrowed fr. FR. *percer* 'pierced'. ME. by-form *përche*.

**piety** adopted fr. FR. *piété* 'piety' = LAT. *pietâtem*; ident. w. *pity*.

**pig** ME. *pigge*.

**pigeon** late ME. *piçoun* fr. FR. *pigeon*. Source LAT. *pipio(nem)* 'a chirper'. See *peep* and *pipe*.

**pike** ME. *pike* OE. *pic* = DU. *pick*, G. *pick*; cp. *pick*.

**pilch** ME. *pilche* OE. *pilce pylce* 'fur'. Source MED.-LAT. = IT. *pelliccia* 'felt', whence also FR. *pelisse* and OHG. *pellî*; G. *pelz*, DU. *pels* 'fur (primitive source LAT. *pellis*). Cp. *pelt*.

**pile**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'an arrow' ME. OE. *pīl* (= DU. *pīl*, OHG. *pfīl* G. *pfeil*, ON. *pīla*): borrowed fr. LAT. *pīlum* 'a javelin', whence OFR. *pile*, SPAN. IT. *pilo* 'a javelin, pestle'. The

corresponding Goth. word was *arhwazna*; cp. ON. *or*, OE. *earh* = LAT. *arcus*.

**pile**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a heap' ME. *pile* 'tower, castle' borrowed fr. OFR. *pile* 'a pier, pyramid' FR. *pile* 'a mole' = SPAN. *pila* 'a pillar, trough', IT. *pila* 'trough'. Source LAT. *pila* 'a pier of stone'. See *pillar*.

**pile**<sup>3</sup> sb. 'a tumor' (now used in plur.) fr. LAT. *pila* 'a ball'.

**pile**<sup>4</sup> sb. 'hair' borrowed fr. OFR. *peil* FR. *poil* = SPAN. IT. *pelo*. Source LAT. *pilus* 'a hair'.

**pilfer** borrowed fr. OFR. *pelfrer* 'pilfer'.

**pilgrim** ME. *pilgrim* borrowed fr. MHG. *pilgrim*. Source MED.-LAT. *peregrinus* (late LAT. *pelegrinus*), whence FR. *pèlerin*, IT. *pellegrino*, SPAN. *peregrino*, DU. *pelgrim*.

**pill** = G. DAN. *pille* prob. borrowed fr. the dimin. FR. *pilule*. Source LAT. *pilula* 'a pill'.

**pillar** ME. *pilèr* borrowed fr. FR. *pilier* (= SPAN. *pilar*, IT. *piliere*). Source MED.-LAT. *pilâre pilârius* (LAT. *pila*) 'pillar', whence also OHG. *pfilâri* G. *pfiler*; DU. *pilaar* is FR. *pilier*, but DU. *pijler* is LAT. *pilâre*.

**pillory** sb. ME. *pilôry* borrowed fr. FR. *pilori* 'a pillory'.

**pillow** sb. ME. *pilwe* OE. *pyle* \**pylwe* = DU. *peulwe*, OHG. *pfuliwi(n)* also *pfulwo* G. *pfühl*: borrowed fr. LAT. *pulemus* 'cushion'. Cp. *cushion*.

**pilot** sb. borrowed fr. FR. *pilote* = SPAN. IT. *piloto pilota*, DU.

*piloot*, G. *pilote*. Origin unknown. The word occurs in Germ. and Engl. since the 15<sup>th</sup> cent.; in Germ. it appears first in the It. form *piloto*. Perh. the It. word became European through the commerce with Genoa and Venice.

**pimpernel** sb. fr. FR. *pimprenelle* *pimpinelle*.

**pin** sb. ME. OE. *pin* = DU. LG. *pin*. Source LAT. *pinna* 'a pin, nail'.

**pinch** vb. ME. *pinche* borrowed fr. FR. *pincer*.

**pine** sb. ME. *pine* OE. \**pin*(*tréo*) 'pine-tree': borrowed fr. LAT. *pinus* 'a pine', whence FR. *pin* (DU. *pijn*), SPAN. IT. *pino* 'a pine-tree'.

**pine** vb. ME. *pine* OE. *pinian* 'torment' = ON. *pinna*, DU. *pijnen*, OHG. *pfiuôn pinôn* (G. *peinigen*): deriv. fr. OE. *pin* = OHG. *pinna* G. *pein*. Source LAT. *pinna* (pronounced *pinna*).

**pinfold**; see *pound*<sup>2</sup>.

**pint** sb. late ME. *pinte* fr. FR. *pinte* (whence DU. *pint*, LG. *pinte* 'can'): source LAT. *pincta*.

**pip** sb. ME. *pippe* = DU. LG. *pip*, G. *pijs* OHG. *pijsi*; borrowed fr. a vulgar LAT. *pipita* (= LAT. *pituita*) 'phlegm', whence also FR. *pépie*, SPAN. *pepita*, IT. *pipita*.

**pipe** sb. ME. OE. *pipe* = DU. *pijp*, LG. *pipe*, OHG. *pfifa* G. *pfife*, ON. *pipa*: borrowed fr. MED.-LAT. *pipa*, whence also the synon. FR. *pipe*, SPAN. *pipa*, IT. *piva*. Source LAT. *pipare* 'chirp'.

**pit** sb. ME. *pit* OE. *pyt* (*tt*) = DU. *put*, LG. *pütt* OHG. *puzzi pfuzzi* G. *pfütze*: TEUT. *putjus*: borrowed fr. LAT. *puteus* 'a well, pit', whence also IT. *pozso*, SPAN. *poza*, FR. *puits* and OIR. *cuithe*, CYMR. *peten* 'well, pit'.

**pitch** sb. ME. *pich* OE. *piē* = OSAX. ODU. *pik* DU. *pek*, OHG. *pēh bēh* (*hh*) G. *pech*, ON. *bik*: borrowed fr. LAT. *pix* (*pic-*) 'pitch', whence also FR. *poix*, SPAN. *pez*, IT. *pece* 'pitch'.

**pitcher** sb. ME. *piecher* borrowed fr. OFR. *picher*. Source MED.-LAT. *picarium*, a by-form of late LAT. *bicarium* under *beaker*.

**pith** sb. ME. *pithe* OE. *pida* cognate w. DU. *pit* ODU. *pitte* 'pith' and MLG. *pēdik* 'pith'. A West-Teut. base *piþan-* is to be assumed, perh. a TEUT. *piþwon-* instead of *qifwon-*: √ *git*?

**pittance** sb. ME. *pitauŋce* (= MLG. *pitancē*) borrowed fr. FR. *pitance* 'meat, food, daily subsistence'.

**pity** sb. ME. *piti* fr. FR. *pitié*. Source LAT. *pictātem*.

**place** ME. *plāce* fr. FR. *place* (= SPAN. *plaza*, IT. *piazza*). Source LAT. *platea* = GR. *πλατεῖα* 'a street'. G. *platz* and DU. *plaats* are also of Fr. origin.

**plague** ME. (14<sup>th</sup> cent.) *plāge* adopted fr. LAT. *plāga* 'an injury' whence DU. *plaag*, OHG. *plāga* G. *plage* and IT. *piaga*, FR. *plau*.

**plaiŋce** ME. *plaiŋce* borrowed fr. FR. *plaise* OFR. *plāise*. Source MED.-LAT. *platīsa* prop. *platessa* 'a

flat-fish', whence also DU. *pladijs*, G. *platteise*.

**plain** adj. ME. *plain* borrowed fr. FR. *plain* (whence also DU. *plein*) = SPAN. *plano*, IT. *piano*. Source LAT. *plānus* 'flat, even'.

**plain** sb. ME. *pleine* adopted fr. FR. *plaine* = SPAN. *plana*, IT. *piano*. Source LAT. *plānum* 'a plain'.

**plaint** sb. ME. *pleinte plainte* fr. FR. *plainte* (= LAT. *planctus* 'lamentation').

**plait** vb. ME. *plaitē* 'fold' derived fr. OFR. *pleit* (*plait*) sb. 'fold'. Source LAT. *plicare* 'fold, braid'.

**plan** adopted fr. FR. *plan*, whence DU. G. *plan*. Source LAT. *plānus* 'flat, plane', whence SPAN. *plan*, IT. *piano*. See *plain*, *plane*.

**plane** adj. borrowed fr. FR. *plane* (= SPAN. *plano*, IT. *piano*). Source LAT. *plānus* 'flat, level'.

**plane** sb. 'a carpenter's tool' late ME. *plāne* borrowed fr. FR. *plane*. Source MED.-LAT. *plāna* 'a carpenter's tool'.

**plane-tree** ME. *plāne(-trē)* = DU. *plaan-boom* fr. FR. *plane*. Source LAT. *platanus* 'plane-tree'.

**plank** ME. *planke* borrowed fr. ONFR. *planke* FR. *planche* (= SPAN. *plancha*, IT. *pianca*). Source MED.-LAT. *planca*, whence DU. *plank*, G. *planke*.

**plant** ME. *plante* OE. *plant* = DU. *plant*, OHG. *pflanza* G. *pflanze* (ON. *planta*): fr. LAT. *planta*, whence also FR. *plante*, SPAN.

*planta*, IT. *pianta*. In ME. we find also *plaunte* sb. vb. as adaptation of FR. *plante* — *planter*. —

**plantain** ME. *plantain* (*plautain*?) borrowed fr. FR. *plantain*. Source LAT. *plantago* (*plantaginem*) 'a plantain'.

**plash** ME. *plache* borrowed fr. ODU. *plach* DU. *plas* 'water-puddle'.

**plaster** ME. *plāstre* *plaister* fr. OFR. *plastre* (*plāistre*, whence DU. *pleister*) cp. FR. *plâtre*. Source GR.-LAT. *ἐμπλαστρον* = IT. *empiastro*, FR. *emplâtre* 'plaster'. LAT. *emplastrium* = MED.-LAT. *plastrum* 'gypsum', whence OHG. *pflastar* G. *pflaster*.

**plat plot** ME. OE. *plot* (*tt*). See *plot*.

**plate** ME. *plāte* borrowed fr. OFR. *plate* *plaite* 'plate-armor, ingot, silver' FR. *plat*, whence DU. *plat*, G. *platte*. Source a MED.-LAT. *plata* 'plate of metal' (GR. *πλατύς*).

**platoon** fr. FR. *peloton* 'a ball, platoon'.

**platter** ME. *plater* fr. OFR. *platel* 'a plate' = FR. *plateau* also 'waiter'.

**play** vb. ME. *plaie* *pleie* OE. *plēgian* 'play' and **play** sb. ME. *plaie* *pleie* OE. *plēga*. The other TEUT. languages have no such root as *plēg* 'play'.

**plea** sb. ME. *plē* *plai* 'debate' fr. OFR. *ple* *plai* with the by-forms *plait* *plaid*. Source MED.-LAT. *placitum* 'a decree, sentence'. — **plead** vb. ME. *plēde*

*plaide* fr. FR. *plaidier* 'plead, argue', whence also DU. *pleiten* 'sue'.

**please** vb. ME. *plēse* borrowed fr. OFR. *plesir* *plaisir* (FR. *plaire* 'please'). Source LAT. *placere* 'please'. — **pleasure** (late ME. *plēsüre* 15<sup>th</sup> cent.) fr. the FR. infinit. *plaisir*, but influenced by abstract nouns such as *nature* *leisure*.

**pledge** sb. ME. *plēgge* fr. OFR. *plege* (FR. *pleige*) 'a surety', which is related to OSAX. *plēgan* OHG. *plēgan* 'be responsible for, answer for' (cp. *plight*).

**plenty** ME. *plentē* fr. OFR. *plentē*, source LAT. *plēnitātem*.

**plier** see *ply*.

**plight** sb. ME. *plight* OE. *pliht* formed by means of the abstract formative *-t* from a vb. seen in OE. *plēon* 'risk' (OHG. *pflegen* G. *pflegen* whence G. *pflicht* 'friendly care, interest').

**plot**<sup>1</sup> short for *complot* = FR. *complot* 'a conspiracy'.

**plot**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. OE. *plot* (*tt*).

**plough** ME. *plough* *plōwe* OE. *plōh* = DU. *ploeg*, OHG. *pfloeh* *pfloog* G. *pflug*, ON. *plōgr*. This Teut. group *plōhu-* *plōgu-* was borrowed by the Slav. (SERB.-RUSS. *plugŭ*, LITH. *plugas*).

**plover** ME. *plōcŕ* borrowed fr. OFR. *plouier* FR. *pluvier*. Source a LAT. type *\*pluuiarius* 'rainy'.

**pluck** vb. ME. *plukke* *plokke* (*plicche*) OE. *pluccian* (OE. *\*plýccan*) = DU. *plukken*, OHG. *\*pflicchen* *\*pflockôn* G. *pflücken*, ON. *plokka*.

Source a LAT. type *\*pilūccāre* = IT. *piluccare*, FR. *éplucher*. Vulgar LAT. *\*pilūccāre* (whence ME. *pilken* 'pluck') prop. 'pluck hairs one by one' is an extension of LAT. *pilāre*.

**plug** sb. ident. w. DU. *plug*, LG. *plugge* (*pluck*) late MHG. *pfloc* G. *pflock* 'plug'.

**plum** ME. *ploume* OE. *plūme* (*plūme*) = DU. *pruim*, LG. *prūme* (*plūme*, OHG. *prūma* beside *prūmo* (LAT. *r* changed to TEUT. *l*) G. *prflaume*: early loanword fr. LAT. *prūnum*, whence also FR. *prune*, IT. *pruna*. Cp. *prune*.

**plumb** fr. FR. *plomb* = LAT. *plumbum*.

**plume** fr. FR. *plume* = LAT. *plūma*.

**plummet** ME. *plommet* borrowed fr. FR. *plombet* 'a plummet' dimin. of FR. *plomb* 'lead'.

**plump** adj. borrowed fr. LG. *plump*, DU. *plomp*.

**plunder** vb. adopted fr. MDU. *plunderen* = G. *plündern* 'rob, pillage'.

**plunge** vb. short for ME. *ploungē*: borrowed fr. FR. *plonger* 'duck, dive', whence also DU. *plonzen*.

**plush** sb. = DU. *pluis*, G. *plüsch*; borrowed fr. FR. *peluche* = IT. *peluzzo*. Source a LAT. type *\*pilucia*, an extension of LAT. *pilus* 'hair'.

**ply** vb. ME. *plie* 'bend' adopted fr. FR. *plier* 'fold, bend, bow'. Source LAT. *plicāre* 'fold'.

**poach**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'dress eggs' fr. FR. *pocher*. — **poach**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'intrude into preserves' borrowed fr. FR. *pocher* from *poche* 'a pouch'.

**pock** ME. *pokke* OE. *poc* = MDU. *pocke*, DU. *pock*, G. LG. *pocke* 'small pox'. — **pocket** ME. *poket* fr. OFR. *poquette*, dimin. of OFR. *pocke poche*. See *poke*.

**poignant** adj. ME. *poinant* *poinzaunt* fr. FR. *poignant*. (Source LAT. *pungere*). — **point** ME. *point* fr. FR. *point* (source LAT. *punctum*) 'point'.

**poise** vb. ME. *poise* earlier *peise* fr. OFR. *poiser* *peiser* FR. *peser* 'to weigh'. Source LAT. *pensare* 'to weigh'.

**poison** ME. *puisoun* fr. FR. *poison* 'poison' = LAT. *potio(nem)* 'a drink'.

**poke** sb. ME. *pōke* 'a bag' = ODU. *poke*, ON. *poki*. FR. *poche* is perh. an Engl. loanword. Cp. *pock*.

**poke** vb. ME. *pōke* (*pouke* *pucke*) 'thrust, throw' = DU. *poken*, MLG. *pūken*.

**pole**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a stake' ME. *pōle* OE. *pāl* 'a pale, pole': source LAT. *pālus* 'a stake', whence G. *pfahl* OHG. MHG. *pfāl*. See *pale*.

**pole**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a pivot' the synonym. FR. *pol* = LAT. *polus* (GR. *πόλος*) 'a hinge'.

**polish** vb. ME. *polisshe* fr. FR. *polir* (*poliss-*) 'polish'.

**poll** ME. *pol* (*ll*) 'head' = LG. ODU. *polle* 'head'; perh. ident. w. *bowl*?



**pommel** ME. *pomel* borrowed fr. OFR. *pomel* FR. *pommeau* 'the pommel of a sword': prop. dimin. LAT. *pōmum* 'apple'.

**pomp** ME. *pompe* fr. LAT. *pompa*, whence also FR. *pompe*.

**pond** ME. *pond* *ponde*.

**ponder** vb. borrowed fr. LAT. *ponderare* 'weigh'.

**pontiff** fr. FR. *pontif* *pontife*, LAT. *pontifex*.

**pontoon** fr. FR. *ponton*, IT. *pontone* 'a great broad bridge'.

**pool** sb. ME. OE. *pōl* = DU. *poel*, LG. *pōl*, OHG. *pfuol* G. *pfuhl*; perh. akin to OE. *pull* *pyll* 'pool' = ON. *pollr* 'pool, pond'.

**poop** borrowed fr. FR. *poupe* = LAT. *puppis* 'the hinder part of a ship'.

**poor** adj. ME. *pœvre* fr. OFR. *povre* = *pauvre* (source LAT. *pauper*) 'poor'.

**pope** ME. *pōpe* OE. *pāpa* = LAT. *pāpa*. The continental dialects differ from the LAT.-OE. forms; cp. OSAX. *pābos*, DU. *paus*, MHG. *bābes* G. *papst*.

**popinjay** late ME. *popinjay* earlier *papégai* (= DU. *papegai*, MLG. *papegoie*, G. *papagai*) fr. FR. *papegai* OFR. *papegay* and *papegau* = IT. *papagallo*. Prob. derived fr. Low GR. *πανηγύς* = ARAB. *babaghâ* (PERS. *baḡā*). The Lat. name *psittacus* agrees with GR. *ψιττακος*.

**poplar** sb. ME. *poplér(c)* = DU. *populier*, ODU. *popelier*; borrowed fr. OFR. *poplier* = FR. *peuplier*. Source FR. *peuple* 'poplar' =

LAT. *pōpulus* 'poplar', whence also DU. *popel* and G. *pappel*.

**poppy** sb. ME. *poppy* OE. *popiȝ* *papaȝ* (about 800). The suffix *i* (not producing umlaut) points to an older form *-ang* as in *body*, *holly*. There are no Teut. equivalents. Usually considered to be borrowed fr. LAT. *papāver*.

**porcelain** sb. = FR. *porcelaine*, DU. *porselein*, G. *porzellan* (since the 16th. cent.); the base is IT. *porcellana*. orig. 'the Venus-shell', 'concha Veneris'; this having much resemblance to *porcelain*, the name of the shell was transferred to that of the ceramic ware.

**porch** sb. ME. *porche* borrowed fr. FR. *porche*; source LAT. *porticus*, from which OE. *portic* and OHG. *pforsih* are earlier loan-words.

**porcudine** occurring in the 15<sup>th</sup>—16<sup>th</sup> cent's in the forms *porpentine* *porpoint* and *porkepin* which go back to OFR. *porc espin* (now *porc-épic*) = IT. *porco spino* (*porco spinoso*) 'thornbush hog'. — **pork** 'flesh of swine'

ME. *pork* 'pork, swine' fr. the synon. FR. *porc* (= LAT. *porcus*).

**port**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'harbor' ME. OE. *port* 'harbor' fr. the equal. LAT. *portus* (= FR. *port*, IT. *porto*) 'harbor', whence also ODU. *port* 'city'.

**port**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'a gate' fr. FR. *porte* = LAT. *porta* 'a gate', whence also OE. *port* or *port-ȝeat* 'a gate', DU. *poort*, G. *pforte*.

**port**<sup>3</sup> sb. 'behavior' ME. *port* fr. FR. *port* 'behavior': deriv. of LAT. *portare* 'carry'.

**port**<sup>4</sup> = *Port-wine* orig. »wine of Oporto in Portugal«.

**portray** vb. ME. *pourtraic* fr. FR. *peindre*. — **portrait** = FR. *portrait*.

**post**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a pillar' ME. OE. *post* = DU. LG. *post*: early loanword fr. LAT. *postem* (nom. sing. *postis*), whence also G. *pfosten* OHG. *pfost* and FR. *potiau*.

**post**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'mail service' = DU. G. *post*, FR. *poste*, IT. *posta*. The word is a native of Italy and was borrowed from there by the modern languages in the 16<sup>th</sup> cent.

**post**<sup>3</sup> sb. 'a military post' = G. *posten*, DU. *post* fr. IT. *posto* 'guard, post'.

**pot** ME. OE. *pot* (*tt*), = DU. LG. *pot* (*tt*), ON. *pottr* (SWED. *potta*, DAN. *potte*); akin to FR. *pot* = CYMR. *pot*, IR. *pota*.

**potato** imported in the second half of the 16<sup>th</sup> cent. together with SPAN. *patata* from America (in Hayti the name was *batata* about 1530).

**pouch** ME. *pouche* 'bag' fr. OFR. *pouche* (*poche*) 'pocket'; akin to *poke*.

**poult** sb. 'chicken' (= *pullet*) late ME. *pulte* fr. FR. *poulet* 'chicken' (*poule* 'hen'). — **poulterer** extended for ME. *pultēr* fr. FR. *boullétier*. — **poultry** ME. *pultrīc* is derived fr. ME. *pultēr*.

**pounce** vb. see *punch*.

**pound**<sup>1</sup> ME. *pound* OE. *pūnd* 'a pound' (weight and money) = OSAX. *pund*, DU. *pound*, OHG. *pfunt* G. *pfund*, ON. SW. DAN. *pund* GOTH. *pund*: borrowed in the second cent. fr. LAT. *pundo* (indecl.) 'pound', not fr. LAT. *pundus* 'weight'.

**pound**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'enclosure' ME. *pound* (shortened in *pon-*, *punfōlde* 'pound'). OE. *pūnd* 'enclosure' with the verb OE. *þýndan* ME. *þinde* 'impound, dam up the water' = ON. *þynda* 'shut in' (E. *pinfold* ME. *pinfōlde* 'pound' points to OE. *þýndan* ME. *þinde*). Prob. *þen* OE. *þennan* is cognate, if the base \**þanjan* goes back to an earlier form \**þandjan*: TEUT. √ *þand þund*.

**pound** vb. 'beat' ME. *poune* OE. *þūnian* 'pound'; perh. cognate w. DU. *þuin* 'ruin, rubbish'.

**pout** vb. ME. *poute* 'sulk' (OE. \**þūtian*?). — **pout** sb. (a kind of fish) OE. *þūta* or *þūte* (in the compound *ælcþūtan* 'eelpouts'); cp DU. *þuit* a kind of fish. The word is derived from the vb. *pout* (TEUT. √ *þūt*): the fish has its name from its pouting lips.

**powder** sb. ME. *poudre* 'hair-powder' fr. FR. *poudre*, whence also DU. *poeder*, G. *puder*. Source LAT. *pulverem* (*pulvis*), whence G. *pulver*, IT. *polve* 'dust, powder'.

**power** ME. *pouër* earlier *poër* fr. OFR. *poër* = FR. *pouvoir*; ident. w. IT. *potere* and deriv. fr. LAT. *potest potui* etc.

**praise** sb. ME. *prais preis* fr. OFR. *preis*, ident. with *price*.

**pram** sb. 'a flat-bottomed lighter' = LG. *prahm*, DU. *praam*; LG. *prâm*, ON. *prâmvr*, SW. *pram*. DAN. *pram* are of Slav. origin; cp. OSLOV. *pramü* 'belonging to the ARYAN  $\sqrt{per}$  'cross, ferry' seen in *fare* vb.

**prance** vb. ME. *praunce* vb. ident. w. E. *prank* vb. ME. *pranke*; the sound points to Fr. origin.

**prate** vb. late ME. *prate* = DU. LG. *praten* 'prate', DAN. *prate* 'tattle'.

**pray** vb. ME. *preie* fr. OFR. *preier* = FR. *prier* 'pray' (source LAT. *precari* 'pray').

**preach** vb. ME. *prêche* fr. FR. *prêcher*. Source church-LAT. *praedicare* 'preach', whence also OE. *predician*, ON. *predika*, DU. *prediken*, OSAX. *predikôn*, OHG. *predigôn* MHG. G. *predigen* 'preach'.

**press** vb. ME. *presse* fr. OFR. *presser* = LAT. *pressare*.

**pretty** adj. ME. \**préti* for *prati* 'pretty' and 'clever, cunning'; OE. *prætiȝ* 'tricky, deceitful'. The OE. sb. *prætt* plur. *prattas* means 'trickery'.

**prey** sb. ME. *preie preie* fr. OFR. *preie preie* = FR. *proie* (hence DU. *prooi*) 'prey'. Source LAT. *praeda*.

**price** sb. ME. *pris* fr. OFR. *pris* = FR. *prix*. Source LAT. *pretium* 'price'. See *prize*.

**prick** sb. ME. *pricke* (*prike*) OE. *pricca* (*prica*) 'prick, spike'. --

**prick** vb. ME-*pricke* (*prike*) OE.

*prician*) 'prick, spur'. Cp. MHG. *pfrecken*, ON. *prikka*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{prik}$ . — *prickle* relation ME. *prikel* OE. *pricel*.

**pride** ME. *pride* OE. *prýda*: umlaut-relation to *proud*.

**priest** sb. ME. *prést* OE. *préost*; ident. w. OHG. *prést* *friestar* MHG. G. *priester*, OSAX. *prêstar*, FR. *prêtre* for OFR. *prestre*: descendants of LAT. *presbyter* 'priest'. But there are discrepancies in the phonetical development of the Rom. and Teut. forms.

**prime** fr. FR. *prime* = LAT. *primus*. --

**primrose** fr. FR. *prime rose* = LAT. *prima rosa* 'first rose'. — **prince** ME. *prinçe* fr. FR. *prince* (source LAT. *princeps* — *principem* — IT. *principe*), whence also G. *prinz* DU. *prins*.

**print** vb. ME. *printe* short for *prénte imprénte* fr. FR. *empréinte* sb. 'a stamp, print'; cp. FR. *empréindre* = LAT. *imprimere*.

**prison** ME. *prisoun* fr. FR. *prison*; source LAT. *prehensio(nem)* = IT. *prigione*.

**privy** ME. *prive* fr. FR. *privé* (= LAT. *privatus*).

**prize** vb. ME. *prise* fr. FR. *priser*; cf. E. *prise* fr. FR. *priz*. — *prize* sb. 'taking or capture e. g. of a ship' fr. FR. *prise* 'seizure' (DU. *prijs*, G. *prise*).

**proud** ME. *proud* late OE. *prūd* (by-form ME. *prout* late OE. *prūt* *préto*); cp. ON. *prúdr* 'proud', DAN. *prud* 'stately'. Cp. the umlaut-relation *pride*. Source OFR.

*proud* 'valiant' (under *proweess*) = FR. *preux*.

**prove** vb. ME. *prōve* late OE. (c. 1000) *prōfian*: loanword fr. LAT. *probare*, whence also FR. *prouver*, MHG. *prüeven* G. *prüfen*, ON. *prófa* and also ME. *prēve prāve* 'prove'. — The sb. *proof* is derived fr. the vb. (cp. ME. *prēve prāve* = FR. *preuve*).

**prow** ME. \**proue* fr. FR. *proue* (IT. *prua proda*, LAT. *prora*) 'prow'.

**proweess** ME. *prouesse* fr. OFR. *prouesse* 'prowess', abstr. sb. of OFR. *prou proud* = late OE. *prūd* s. under *proud*.

**proxy** sb. earlier *prockesy* for *procuracy*; cp. **proctor** late ME. *proketour* = LAT. *procurator(em)*.

**prune** sb. ME. *prūne* fr. FR. *prune* = LAT. *prūnum*; cp. *plum*.

**pry** vb. ME. *prīe* OE. \**prīwan* \**preowian*, the root of which is evident in OE. *beprīwan* vb. 'wink with the eye' — *preowothwīl* 'twinkling of the eye'.

**psalm** sb. ME. *psalm* = LAT. *psalmus*; already OE. *salm*.

**puck** sb. short for ME. *pouke* OE. *pūca* 'demon, hobgoblin' = ON. *pūki* 'imp'; cp. OE. *pūcel* 'demon', NORTH-FRIES. *puk* 'mischievous sprite with large eyes'.

**pudding** ME. *pudding* prob. borrowed fr. FR. *boudin* 'black-pudding' (cp. ME. *cuning* fr. OFR. *conin* under *cony*).

**puff** vb. ME. *puffe* OE. \**puffjan* aside of OE. *pyffjan* 'blow': TEUT. base *puffōn puffjan*.

**pull** vb. ME. *pulle* OE. *pullian* 'draw'.

**pullet** ME. *polēte* fr. FR. *poulette* 'a young hen', cp. *poult*.

**pulp** sb. fr. FR. *pulpe* = LAT. *pulpa* 'pulp'.

**pumpion** (dimin. *pumpkin*) earlier *pompoun* fr. FR. *pompon* (= DU. *pompouen*) 'a kind of gourde'. Source LAT. *pepo* (= FR. *pépon*, IT. *pepone popone*).

**punish** vb. ME. *punisse* fr. FR. *punir* (*puniss-*) 'punish'.

**purblind** ME. *purblind* orig. 'blind as a *pur*'? OE. *pūr* means the bird 'onocrotalus'; cp. SWED. *purblind*.

**purchase** vb. ME. *purchāce* fr. FR. *pourchasser*.

**purge** vb. ME. *purġe* fr. FR. *purger*.

**purple** ME. *purpre* fr. FR. *pourpre* = LAT. *purpura*.

**purpose** vb. ME. *purpōse* fr. OFR. *pourposer* = FR. *proposer* 'propose'.

**purse** ME. *purs* late OE. (c. 1050) *purs*: loanword fr. OFR. *hourse* = FR. *bourse*; cp. LAT. *bursa*.

**pursue** vb. ME. *pursūe* fr. OFR. *poursuir* = FR. *poursuivre* (source LAT. *prosequi*) 'prosecute'.

**purvey** vb. ME. *porveie* fr. OFR. *porvoir* = FR. *pourvoir* (LAT. *providere*) 'provide'.

**push** vb. ME. *posse pusse* (*posshe*) 'push' fr. FR. *pousser* (= LAT. *pulsare*) 'strike, thrust'.

**put** vb. ME. *pute putte* vb. fr. OFR. *bouter* 'thrust' (cp. OE. 'throw, push, thrust' OE. (c. 1000) *purs* 'purse' fr. OFR. *horse* under *potian* 'thrust'; perh. borrowed *purse*).

## Q

**quail** sb. ME. *quaille* fr. OFR. *quaille* = FR. *caile* 'a quail'; cp. late OE. *cwæne*-cp. IT. *quaglia*. Source a vulgar *fugel* 'a hen-bird' fr. the equiv. ON. *kenfugl*. There was a genuine *quaccola*, whence also DU. *kwakkel* = ODU. *quackele* 'quail'. OE. corresponding *cwæne* 'bad woman'. The group rests on a TEUT. *qēnōn*- 'wife' = ARYAN *genâ*; cp. GR. *γνίη*, SKR. *gnâ*, OIR. *ben*, OSLOV. RUSS. SERB. *žena*, PRUSS. *gena* 'wife'. See the following word.

**quaint** adj. ME. *quaint*, earlier form *coint* (*quoint*) 'famous, well-known, clever, neat, elegant': loanword fr. OFR. *coint* 'neat, fine' = LAT. *cognitus* 'known'.

**quake** vb. ME. *quake* OE. *cwacian* vb. 'quake'; cp. OE. *cwæccan* 'move' = ODU. *quecken* 'shake one's head': TEUT.  $\sqrt{qak}$ .

**qualm** ME. *qualm* 'death, pestilence, torture' OE. *cwæalm* 'death, pestilence': derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{qel}$  in OE. *cwēlan* ME. *quile* vb. 'die'; cp. *quell*.

**quarrel** ME. *querèle* fr. FR. *querelle* = LAT. *querēla* 'a complaint'.

**quash** vb. ME. *quasshe* vb. fr. OFR. *quasser* = FR. *casser* 'break'; source LAT. *quassare* 'to shake'.

**quaver** vb. derived fr. ME. *quāve* (OE. *\*cwafian*) vb. 'tremble'; cogn. W. ME. *quaffe* vb. 'tremble'.

**quay** earlier spelling *keie* late ME. *keie* fr. FR. *quai*.

**quean** ME. *quēne* OE. *cwæne* 'woman': perhaps a SCAND. loanword cp. ON. *kona* G. plur.

*kienna* (= OHG. *quēna kona*, GOTH. *qinō*); cp. late OE. *cwæne*-cp. IT. *quaglia*. Source a vulgar *fugel* 'a hen-bird' fr. the equiv. ON. *kenfugl*. There was a genuine OE. corresponding *cwæne* 'bad woman'. The group rests on a TEUT. *qēnōn*- 'wife' = ARYAN *genâ*; cp. GR. *γνίη*, SKR. *gnâ*, OIR. *ben*, OSLOV. RUSS. SERB. *žena*, PRUSS. *gena* 'wife'. See the following word.

**queen** sb. ME. *quēn* OE. *cwēn* 'queen, distinguished lady'; base *qēni* for *qāni* — GOTH. *qēns*, ON. *krán krēn*, OSAX. *quân* 'wife': TEUT. *qēni*- = ARYAN. *gēni*- (= SKR. *jāni* 'wife') is of the same root as TEUT. *qēnōn*- (see *quean*) = ARYAN *genâ*.

**quell** vb. ME. *quelle* OE. *cwēllan* 'kill': derived fr. the str. vb. OE. *cwēlan* ME. *quile* 'die' (cp. *qualm*). They belong to the TEUT.  $\sqrt{qel}$  in G. *qual* = OHG. OSAX. *quāla* 'torment, torture': ARYAN  $\sqrt{qel}$  in LITH. *gelà* 'grief' — OSLOV. *žalī* 'suffering'.

**quench** vb. ME. *quenche* OE. *cwēncan* wk. vb. 'extinguish': derived fr. OE. *ā-cwēncan* 'be extinguished' = OFRIS. *kwinka* 'vanish'. It is doubtful whether OE. *cwēnan* 'to be extinguished' is

connected with E. *quench* (DU. *kwijnen* 'wither').

**question** ME. *questioun* fr. FR. *question*.

**quick** adj. ME. *quick* OE. *cwicu* 'living, alive' = OSAX. DU. *quik*, OHG. MHG. *quēc* (G. *quecksilber* 'quicksilver' and *erquicken* vb. 'quicken, refresh') G. *keck* (for *queck*) 'pert', ON. *kwikr kyr*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{qiq}$  fr. ARYAN  $\sqrt{gīg}$  in LAT. *vivo* (*vixi-victum-vivere*). There exists an ARYAN doublet *gīw* in GOTH. *qius* (stem *qīwa-*) adj. 'alive' = SKR. *jīva*, LITH. *gyvas*, LAT. *vivus* 'living, alive' (cp. GR. *βίος* 'life'). See *quitch-grass*.

**quill** sb. ME. *quille* = WESTPHAL. *quicle* 'quill': TEUT. base *qili-*, perh. ident. w. MHG. *kil* G. *kiel* 'quill'.

**quilt** sb. ME. *quilt* fr. OFR. *cuilte* = LAT. *culcita* 'cushion, pillow'.

**quince** ME. *coine quine* fr. OFR. *coine* = FR. *coing* 'a quince' (the *ce* of modern E. *quince* belongs prop. to the plural). Source LAT. *cydonia* = IT. *cotogna*, OHG. *kutina* G. *quitte*, OE. *godeappel*; DU. *kwee* ODU. *quêde* corresponds to MHG. *quiten* = G. *quitte*.

**quire** (of paper) sb. ME. *quaër* *quair* 'book' fr. OFR. *quaier* (DU.

*kohier*) = FR. *cahier* 'copy book'. Source a late Latin *quaternum* 'collection of four leaves' (= IT. *quaderno* 'a quire of paper', OE. *cwatern*).

**quitch-grass** (also *quick-grass* *couch-grass*) ME. \**quicche*; OE. *cwiçe* 'quitch-grass' answers to DU. *kweck*, LG. *quêke*, G. *quêcke* 'quitch-grass'. The name derives fr. TEUT. *quiku-* 'alive' (under *quick*), because the weed seems not clearable.

**quite** adv. ME. *quite* fr. FR. *quit*.

**quiver** vb. derived fr. the adj. ME. *quiver*, late OE. *cwifor* 'lively, brisk, eagerly'; cp. OFR. *quiverer* vb. 'awaken, encourage'.

**quiver** sb. ME. *quiver* fr. FR. *cuivre*; ident. w. FR. *cuivre* *cuivre*: late Latin base *cucurum*, whence also OE. *cocor*, OHG. *kohhar* G. *köcher* 'quiver', DU. *koker*.

**quoth** (*quoth he* 'he said') 3<sup>d</sup> sing. pret. = ME. *quoth* earlier *quath* OE. *cwæð* pret. of ME. *quethe* OE. *cwēðan* str. vb. 'say, speak' = GOTH. *qipān*, ON. *kveda*, OSAX. *quēðan*, OHG. *quēðan* 'say': ARYAN  $\sqrt{get}$  (by-form *ged* in SKR. *gad* 'speak?'). Cp. *bequeath* and *bequest*.

## R

**rabbit** cogn. w. ODU. *robbe* *robbeken* 'rabbit'; perh. identical w. DU. *rob*, G. *robbe* 'phoca'?

**race**<sup>1</sup> ME. *ræs* OE. *ræs*? or borrowed from ON. *rás* 'a running': TEUT. base *ræsa-*.

**race**<sup>2</sup> 'family' fr. FR. *race* = SPAN. PORT. *raza*; source ARAB. *râs* 'origin'.

**race**<sup>3</sup> 'root' fr. OFR. *raïs* = LAT. *radix*. — From the same source also *radish* = DU. *radijs* (FR. *radis*).

**rafter** ME. *rafter* OE. *ræfter*; formed by suffix *-tra-* from the same root as ON. *ráf* 'roof' and OHG. *râvo* 'rafter'. Cp. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{rēph}$  in GR.  $\xi\rho\acute{\epsilon}\phi\omega$  —  $\delta\rho\omicron\omicron\gamma\omicron\varsigma$ .

**rag** ME. *ragge* (late OE. \**ragg* inferred from the adj. *raggīȝ* 'shaggy'): borrowed fr. ON. *rogg* 'shagginess'.

**rage** ME. *rāġe* fr. FR. *rage* = LAT. *rabies*.

**rail**<sup>1</sup> ME. *rail* *reil* fr. OFR. *reille*; source LAT. *régula*, whence also G. *riegel* OHG. *riġil*, ODU. *rijchel* 'bar, rail'.

**rail**<sup>2</sup> ME. *rail* OE. *hræzl* 'a garment'; ident. w. OHG. *hręgil* 'a garment': TEUT. base *hrag(i)la-*.

**rain** ME. *rain* *rein* OE. *rēzn* = OHG. OLG. *rēgan* G. DU. *regen*, ON. *regn*, GOTH. *rīgnz*; TEUT. base *rēgna-*. Cp. Lith. *rokė* 'drizzling rain'.

**raise** vb. ME. *reise* borrowed fr. ON. *reisa* 'raise': causal of ON. *rīsa* = GOTH. *reisan*; cp. *risc*.

**raisin** ME. *reisin* fr. OFR. *raisin* 'a grape', whence also DU. *rozijn*, G. *rosine*. Source LAT. *racēmus* 'a bunch of grapes'.

**rake** ME. *rāke* OE. *raca* = DU. *raak*; ident. w. OHG. *rāhho* G. *rechen*, ON. *reka*: TEUT. base *rakon-rēkon-*, derived fr. the str. vb. GOTH. *rikan* 'gather'.

**ram** sb. ME. OE. *ram* (*mm*) OE. *rōm* (*mm*) = OHG. MHG. DU. *ram*: TEUT. base *ramma-*; perh. cogn. w. ON. *ramr* 'strong'.

**ramsons** ME. *ramsen* OE. *hramsan* plur.: TEUT. base *hramusan-* also in G. (dial.) *ramsen*, SWED. *ramslök* 'bear-garlick'; further allied to GR.  $\lambda\omicron\tau\upsilon\mu\upsilon\upsilon$  'onion', IR. *crem* — CYMR. *craf* 'garlick', LITH. *kermusze* 'wild garlick'.

**range** vb. fr. FR. *ranger*.

**ransack** vb. ME. *ransake* fr. ON. *ramsaka* prop. 'search the house': ON. *rann* 'house' (= GOTH. *razn*, OE. *ræsn* *ræn* *arn* 'house'); for ON. *saka* see *seek*.

**ransom** ME. *raunçon* (DU. *rantsoen*) fr. FR. *rançon* (= LAT. *redemptio-nem*).

**rap** vb. ME. *rāpe* 'rush, hasten' ON. *hrāpa* vb. 'hasten'; cp. DU. *rapen*, MHG. *raffen* 'seize': TEUT. base *hrapōn*.

**rape** sb. ME. *rāpe* (= DU. *raap*) fr. LAT. *rāpa* 'turnip'.

**rat** ME. *rat* OE. *rat* (*tt*) — G. *ratte* OHG. *ratta*, DU. *rat* *rot*;

ident. w. FR. *rat*, IT. *ratto*. History of the group unknown.

**rate** fr. FR. *rate* = LAT. *ratum*.

**rather** ME. *rather* OE. *hrador* prop. 'quicker, sooner': comparative form of OE. *hræde* 'quickly'; cp. the adj. OE. *hræd*, ON. *hradr* 'swift', OHG. *hrad*, DU. *rad* 'quick' fr. a TEUT. base *hrapa-*. Akin to OIR. *crothim* 'I shake'.

**rattle** vb. ME. *ratele* vb.; cp. OE. *hrætele* sb. 'rattle wort' and LG. *ratclen* vb. 'rattle', MHG. *razzeln* G. *rasseln* vb. 'rattle': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hrat}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{krad}}$  in GR.  $\chi\rho\alpha\delta\alpha\iota\nu\omega$  ( $\sqrt{\text{krot}}$  in GR.  $\chi\rho\sigma\tau\alpha\lambda\iota\zeta\epsilon\iota\nu$  vb. 'rattle?').

**raven** sb. ME. *rāven* OE. *hræfn* = ON. *hrafn*; cp. OHG. *hraban* G. *rabe*, DU. *raaf*: TEUT. base *hrabna-* *hrabn-*; perh. fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{kro}}$ : *kor* in LAT. *corvus*, GR.  $\rho\acute{o}\rho\alpha\zeta$  'raven'.

**ravish** vb. ME. *ravisse* vb. fr. FR. *raviss-* in *ravir* 'to ravish'.

**raw** ME. *raw* OE. *hræaw* = OHG. *hrao hrô* G. *roh*, DU. *rauw*, ON. *hrár*: TEUT. base *hrāwa-*; perh. cogn. w. SKR. *krūra* 'sore' and LAT. *cruur* 'blood'.

**ray** see *roach*.

**reach**<sup>1</sup> vb. ME. *rēche* OE. *rāccan* fr. a TEUT. type *raikjan* in OHG. *reihhan* G. *reichen* vb. 'reach', DU. *reiken*.

**reach**<sup>2</sup>, *retch* vb. ME. *rēche* OE. *hrāccan*; TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{hrāk}}$  in OE. *hrāca* = ON. *hrāki* 'spittle' and OHG. *rāhhisôn* 'to try to vomit'.

**read** vb. ME. *rēde* OE. *rēdan* vb. = ON. *ráda* 'read'; prop.

ident. w. GOTH. *rēdan*, OHG. *rātan* G. *raten* vb. 'advise', ON. *ráda* 'counsel, consult'. *read* meant orig. 'to read a riddle' (cp. *riddle*), then 'to interpret the runes' (ON. *ráda gáttu* 'read a riddle' — *ráda draum* 'read a dream' — *ráda rúnar* 'read runes'). SKR. has a corresponding  $\sqrt{\text{rādhi}}$  'perform'; cp. also OSLOV. *raditi*.

**ready** adj. ME. *rēdi* (OE. *\*rēdiȝ* extended fr.) OE. *rāde* 'ready' = OHG. *reiti* 'ready'; cp. GOTH. *garaiðs* = ON. *greiðr* 'ready'. As G. *fertig* prop. meant 'ready for a journey' (G. *fahrt*), perh. a TEUT. base *raida-* 'journey' may be the source of the group; cp. IR. *rēid* 'passable' and see *ride* and *road*.

**realm** sb. ME. *réalme* (*rialme*) fr. OFR. *realme* (FR. *royaume*).

**ream** late ME. *rēme* fr. OFR. *raime* FR. *rame*; cp. SPAN. *resma*, ITAL. *risma* (G. *rics*) 'ream of paper'. Source ARAB. *rizma* 'a bundle'.

**reap** vb. ME. *rēpe* OE. *riopan* vb. fr. a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{rīp}}$  'cut' in *ripe*; cp. OE. *rifter* 'sickle' and see *ripe*.

**rear** vb. ME. *rēre* OE. *rēran* vb. = OHG. *rēran* vb. 'raise' fr. a TEUT. base *raizjan*; cp. *rise* and *raise* for  $\sqrt{\text{rīs}}$ .

**rear** adj. ME. *rēre* OE. *hrēr*.

**reason** ME. *rēson* earlier *reison* fr. FR. *raison* = LAT. *ratio-nem*.

**reave** (*bercave*) vb. ME. *rēve* OE. *rēafian* vb. = OHG. *raubôn* G. *rauben*, GOTH. (*bi*)*raubôn* 'de-



spoil', ON. *raufa* (see also *robe*): derived fr. a primitive str. vb. OE. *berēofan*, ON. *rjúfa* 'to break'. Cp. SKR. √ *lup*.

**receive** vb. ME. *receiue* fr. OFR. *recever* = FR. *recevoir*.

**reck** vb. ME. *recke* (*recche*) short for OE. *rēcean* earlier *rācean*: TEUT. base *rōkjan* in ON. *rākja*, OSAX. *rōkian*, OHG. *ruohhan* 'have a care for'.

**reckon** vb. ME. *rekne* OE. *zē- rēceanian* vb. = OHG. *rēhhanôn* G. *rechnen* 'reckon', DU. *rekenen*; cp. the TEUT. √ *rēk* in OHG. *rahha* 'subject, thing'.

**-red** suffix in *hatred*; cp. OE. *fēondræden* *friōndræden* 'friendship' (*hīweræden* under *hind*); orig. *-raidūn* in GOTH. *ga-raideins*.

**red** adj. short for ME. *rēd* OE. *rīad* = TEUT. *rauda-* in GOTH. *rauds*, OHG. *rōt* G. *rot*, DU. *rood*, ON. *raudr* 'red'; cp. OE. *rēodan* = ON. *rjóda* vb. 'redden' and *ruddock* (*rust*). There is a corresponding ARYAN √ *rūdh* *reudh* in GR. *ῥοῦθός*, SKR. *rudhira*, OSLOV. *rūdrū*, LAT. *ruber* 'red', LAT. *rūfus*, IR. *ruad*.

**reed** sb. ME. *rēd* OE. *hrēod* = OHG. *hriot* G. DU. *riet*: TEUT. base *hrenda-*.

**reek** sb. ME. *rēk* sb. fr. the vb. OE. *rēocan* 'reek, smoke' — ON. *rjúka*, OHG. *riohhan* G. *riechen*; cp. OE. *rēc rýc*, ON. *reykr*, OHG. *rouh* G. *rauch*, DU. *rook* 'smoke' fr. a TEUT. base *rauki-*.

**reel** ME. *rēle* OE. *hrēol*; prop. \**hráhil* fr. a TEUT. base \**hranhil*

in ON. *hráll* 'a weaver's rod', NORTH-FRIES. *raial*.

**rehearse** vb. ME. *rechérce* fr. OFR. *rehercer*.

**rein** sb. ME. *reine* fr. OFR. *reine* = FR. *rêne* (cp. ITAL. *redina*; source LAT. *retinere* 'restrain').

**relieve** vb. ME. *relève* fr. FR. *relever* = LAT. *relevare*.

**rely** vb. from LAT. *re* (as in *recall*, *remind*, *renew*) and E. *lie* 'to rest'.

**remnant** sb. ME. *remnaunt* fr. OFR. *remenant* 'remnant'.

**rend** vb. ME. *rende* OE. *rendan* vb. 'tear, lacerate' = OFRIS. *renda* vb. 'tear, break'.

**rennet**<sup>1</sup> sb. fr. the vb. ME. *renne* 'run, make to run'; cp. under *run*.

**rennet**<sup>2</sup> sb. fr. FR. *reinette*.

**renounce** vb. ME. *renouñce* fr. FR. *renoncer*. — **renown** ME. *renoun* fr. FR. *renom*.

**rest** sb. ME. *reste* OE. *rest*: TEUT. base *rasti-*, cp. OHG. *rasta* 'rest, a measure of distance', GOTH. *rasta* 'a mile', ON. *rost* 'a mile'. There is a TEUT. √ *ras* in GOTH. *razn* 'house', ON. *rann* (cp. *ransack*).

**retch** vb. see *reach*<sup>2</sup>.

**ribb** ME. *ribbe* OE. *ribb* = TEUT. *ribja-* in ON. *rif*, OHG. *rippi*: ARYAN √ *rēbh* in OSLOV. RUSS. *rebro* 'rib'.

**rhythm** see *rime*.

**-ric** in *bishopric* = ME. *bisshop-riche* OE. *bisecopricē*; cp. OE. *rīc* 'reign' — GOTH. *reiki*, OHG. *rihhi*

G. *reich*: fr. TEUT. *rik-* = GOTH. *reiks* 'king'.

**rice** sb. fr. FR. *riz* (DU. *rijst*) = ITAL. *riso*, G. *reis*: source GR. ῥιζῆ *'rice'*.

**rich** adj. ME. *riche* fr. FR. *riche*; ident. w. OE. *riče* 'powerful', OHG. *rihhi* G. *reich*, DU. *rijk*, ON. *rikr*, GOTH. *reiks*. Originally a derivative of GOTH. *reiks* 'king' under *rie*. — **riches** sb. ME. *richesse* fr. FR. *richesse*: derived fr. FR. *riche* = TEUT. *riki* 'powerful'.

**rick** sb. short for ME. *rēk* OE. *hrēac* 'a heap' = DU. *rook*, ON. *hraukr* (*hrokī*) 'a heap': TEUT. base *hrauka-*, akin to ON. *hrūga* 'a heap' and IR. *crnach* 'heap'.

**rid** vb. ME. *ridde* prop. *redde* OE. *hreddan* = OHG. *hrēttan* G. *retten*: TEUT. base *hradjan* from an ARYAN √ *krath* in SKR. *crathay*. 'loosen'.

**riddle** sb. ME. *rēdles* OE. *rēdels* *rēdelse* = DU. *raudsel*, OSAX. *rādli* G. *rätsel* 'riddle'; cp. OHG. *rātisca* *rātussa* 'riddle': TEUT. √ *rād* *rēd* under *read*.

**riddle**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'sieve' ME. *riddel* for OE. *hrīdder* = OHG. *hrītara* G. *reiter* 'sieve': ARYAN √ *krī* in LAT. *crībrum* 'sieve', GR. *zētvo* and in GOTH. *hrāi-us*, OHG. *reini* G. *rein* 'clean' (prop. 'sifted?').

**ride** ME. *ride* OE. *ridan* str. vb. = OHG. *ritan* G. *reiten*, DU. *rijden*, ON. *rida*: TEUT. √ *rīd* = pre-TEUT. *reidh* in GALLO-LAT. *rēda* 'carriage' — *verēdus* 'horse' (under *palfrey*) and IR. *riadaim* 'I go'; see *ready*.

**ridge** ME. *riġge* OE. *hryġ* (genit. *hryġes*) = TEUT. *hrugja-* in OSAX. *hruggi*, DU. *rug*, OHG. *hrucki* G. *rücken* 'back', ON. *hrygg*: pre-TEUT. *krukjo-*, cogn. w. IR. *crocen* sb. 'back'.

**rife** adj. ME. OE. *rif* 'abundant, frequent' = ON. *rifr* 'munificent, abundant', ODU. *rijf* 'copious', LG. *rive* 'abundant'.

**right** adj. ME. *right* OE. *riht* earlier *\*rēht* = OHG. OSAX. *rēht* G. DU. *recht*, ON. *rētr*, GOTH. *rahts* 'right, straight': TEUT. *rēhta-* fr. an ARYAN *rēkto-* (= LAT. *rectus* 'right, straight'), prop. participle fr. a verbal √ *rēg* in LAT. *regere* 'to rule'; cp. SKR. *ṛjū* 'right, straight'.

**righteous** transformed fr. ME. *rihtweis* OE. *rihtweis* = OHG. *rēhtweis* 'knowing the right'; see *weisc*.

**rim** sb. ME. *rime* OE. *rīma* *rioma* 'border, margin'; probably cogn. w. OE. *rānd*, ON. *rōnd*, OHG. *rant* G. DU. *rand* 'border, margin': TEUT. *ran-dō-* for *ram-dō-* (as *sand* for ARYAN *samdhō-*). Perh. *rind* belongs to the same ARYAN √ *rēm*.

**rime**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *rīm* 'verse, song' borrowed about 1200 fr. OFR. *rīme*, whence also MHG. *rīm* G. *reim*, DU. *rijm* (properly 'verse'). Source LAT. *rhythmus*.

**rime**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *rīme* OE. *hrīm* = DU. *rijm*, ON. *hrīm* 'hoarfrost'; doubtful, whether OHG. *hrīfo* G. *reif*, OSAX. *hrīpo*, DU. *rijp* 'hoarfrost' are cognate.

**rind** sb. ME. *rinde* OE. *rind* 'bark of a tree' fr. a TEUT. base *rindô-* (*rëndô-*) = OHG. *rinta* G. *rinde* 'rind'; perh. cogn. w. OHG. *rant* G. *rand* and OE. *rand* 'border, margin' under *rim*.

**ring** sb. ME. *ring* OE. *hring* = ON. *hringr*, OHG. *hring* ring G. DU. *ring*: TEUT. base *hringa-* (*hrënga-*) fr. a pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{krëng}}$  in OSLOV. *kragû* 'circle' and *kraglû* 'round'.

**ring** vb. ME. *ringe* OE. *hringan* = ON. *hringja* 'ring the bells'.

**rip** vb. ME. *rippe* (*ruffe*) OE. *ryppan* = HG. *ruffen* 'to tear': TEUT. base *ruppjan*; cogn. w. GOTH. *raupjan*, OHG. *rouffen* G. *raufen*, OE. *rypan* *répan* and perh. allied to SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{rup}}$  'break'.

**ripe** adj. ME. OE. *ripe* 'mature, ripe' = WEST-TEUT. *rîpi-* in OSAX. *rîpi*, DU. *rijp*, OHG. *rîfî* G. *reif* 'mature, ripe'; derived fr. the TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{rîp}}$  'cut' in E. *reap* and OE. *rifler* sb. 'sickle'. Therefore *ripe* orig. meant 'cuttable, fit for reaping'.

**rise** vb. ME. *rîse* OE. *rîsan* str. vb. = ON. *rîsa*, OHG. *rîsan* str. vb. 'to move up, rise': TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{rîs}}$ , whence also *rear* and *raise*.

**risk** sb. fr. FR. *risque* = ITAL. GERM. *risico*.

**rive** vb. ME. *rtœ* fr. ON. *rifa* 'tear' = OHG. *rîban* G. *reiben*, DU. *rijven* 'grate, rub': TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{wrîb}}$  in ODU. MLG. *wrîven* 'rub'.

**river** ME. *rivër* fr. FR. *rivière* 'river, stream'; ident. w. ITAL.

*riviera* sea-shore: deriv. from LAT. *rîpa* 'bank'.

**roach** late ME. *rôche* points to a FR. source (cp. SWED. *rokka*, DAN. *rocke* 'roach'); the synonym *ray* goes back to FR. *raie* = LAT. *raia* 'roach'.

**road** ME. *rôde* 'journey, road' OE. *rad* 'journey, road' = TEUT. base *raidô-* (ON. *reit* 'riding') fr. the verbal  $\sqrt{\text{rîd}}$  in *ride*.

**roar** vb. ME. *rôre* OE. *rârian* vb. = OHG. *rêren* MHG. *rêren* vb. 'low, bellow': TEUT. base *rairan?* or *raisan?*

**roast** vb. ME. *rôste* fr. OFR. *rostir* = FR. *rôtir* 'roast'. Source a TEUT. vb. *raustjan* = OHG. *rôsten* G. *rôsten* 'roast'; cp. OHG. MHG. *rôst* G. *rost* 'gridiron, grate'.

**rob** vb. ME. *robbe* fr. FR. *rober*.

**robe** sb. ME. *rôbe* fr. FR. *robe*. Source a TEUT. sb. *rauba-* = OE. *rîaf* 'spoil, clothing', OHG. MHG. *roup(b)* 'booty, spoil'. Cogn. w. *reave*.

**robin** = FR. *Robin* the name Robert.

**rock** sb. ME. *rock* late OE. *rocc* (*stânrocc*): borrowed about 1000 fr. ONFR. *roc* (FR. *roche*) = ITAL. *rocca*. Source CELT. *rokka*?

**rock**<sup>2</sup> vb. ME. *rocke* late OE. *roccian* 'shake, swing, rock'; cogn. w. OHG. *ruckan* G. *rücken*, ON. *rykkja* 'to pull roughly and hastily': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{rukk}}$ .

**rod** ident. w. *rood*.

**roe**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'a female deer' ME. *rô* OE. *râ* earliest form *râha* = OHG. *rêho*: TEUT. base *rairan*:

ident. w. OHG. *rêh* G. *rch*, DU. *ree*, ON. *râ* fr. a TEUT. base *raihu-*.

**roe**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'the spawn of fishes' short for late ME. *rôunc*; properly OE. \**hrogen* = ON. *hrogn*, OHG. *rogan* G. *rogen* with the by-form OHG. *rogo*: TEUT. base *hrogna-* (*hrogan-*).

**rogue** sb. fr. FR. *rogue*.

**roll** vb. ME. *rolle* fr. OFR. *rôler* = FR. *rouler*: source LAT. *rotularc*.

**rod** ME. *rôde* OE. *rôd* (obl. *rôde*) 'cross', original meaning 'a rod or pole'. Ident. w. OSAX. *rôda*, DU. *roede*, OHG. *ruota* G. *rute* and w. E. *rod*. TEUT. base *rôdô-*, pre-TEUT. *râdhâ-* or *râtâ-*.

**roof** ME. *rîf* OE. *hrôf*: TEUT. base *hûfa-* in ON. *hrôf* 'shed', OFRIES. *hrôf* 'roof', DU. *roef* 'cabin'. Perh. allied to *roost*. IR. *cro* 'roof' points to a pre-TEUT. form *krâpo-*.

**rook** sb. ME. *rôk* OE. *hrôc* = ON. *hrôkr*, OHG. *hruoh*: TEUT. base *hrôka-*, pre-TEUT. *krâgo-*.

**room** sb. ME. *roum* OE. *rûm* = OHG. *rûm* G. *raum*, DU. *rûim*, ON. *rûm*, GOTH. *rûms* 'room': TEUT. *rû-ma-* fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{rû}$  in LAT. *rûs* (*rûris*) 'open country'.

**roost** sb. ME. *rôst* OE. *hrôst* = DU. *roest* 'hen-roost', OSAX. *hrôst* 'roof'; prop. *hrôfsta-* and cogn. w. *roof*?

**root** sb. ME. *rôte* late OE. *rôt* borrowed fr. the equival. ON. *rôt*: TEUT. base *wrôtâ-*, cogn. w. E. **root** vb. OE. *wrôtan* 'grub up'

= ON. *rôta* 'grub up'; cp. MHG. *rûezzel* G. *rüssel*.

**rope** sb. ME. *rôp* OE. *râp* = TEUT. base *raipa-* in ON. *reip*, DU. *reep*, OHG. G. *reif* 'hoop, ring, rope'; perh. cogn. w. GR.  $\rho\alpha\iota\beta\acute{o}\varsigma$  'bent'.

**rose** sb. ME. *rôse* OE. *rôse* (by-form *rôse*) borrowed fr. LAT. *rosa*, whence also FR. G. *rose* OHG. *rôsa*.

**rosemary** sb. ME. *rosmarine* fr. OFR. *rosmarin* (FR. *romarin*) = LAT. *ros marinus* (prop. 'marin dew'); cp. G. *rosmarin*.

**rotten** adj. ME. *roten* = ON. *rotinn*: partic. of a verbal  $\sqrt{rut}$  *reut* in OE. *rotian*, OSAX. *rotôn*, MHG. *rotzen* vb. 'putrify'.

**rough** adj. ME. *rough* (*row*) OE. *rûh* = OHG. *rûh* G. *rauh* 'rough' (DU. *ruig* 'rough'): TEUT. base *rûha-*, pre-TEUT. *rûko-*, cogn. w. LITH. *raukas* 'wrinkle'?

**round** vb. 'whisper' ME. *roune* OE. *rûnian* = OSAX. *rûnian*, OHG. *rûnên* G. *raunen* 'whisper': derivative of TEUT. *rûnô-* 'secret, mystery' under *runc*.

**round** adj. ME. *round* fr. FR. *rond* (OFR. *roond* = LAT. *rotundus*), whence also G. *rund*, DU. *rond* 'round'.

**row** sb. ME. *rôwe* OE. *râw* 'row' fr. a TEUT. base *raiwô-* orig. *raigwô-*; cogn. w. MHG. *rîhe* G. *reihe* 'row' and the str. vb. OHG. *rîhan* 'rank, string': pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{rikh}$  *reikh* in SKR. *rêkhâ* 'line'.

**row** vb. ME. *rôwe* OE. *rôwan* = ON. *rôa*, DU. *rocijen*, MHG.

*rüejēn* 'to row': common base a strong verbal  $\sqrt{rô}$  in **rudder** ME. *rôther* OE. *rôdor* = OHG. *ruodar* G. *ruder*, DU. *roer* 'rudder': TEUT. base *rô-fra-*. LAT. *rô-mus* 'rudder' and GR.  $\xi\text{-}\rho\epsilon\text{-}\tau\upsilon\omicron\omicron\varsigma$  belong to the same ARYAN  $\sqrt{rô} : rî$ .

**rowlock** rollock sb. prop. 'hole for rowing'; cp. G. *loch* and OE. *árlóc* ME. *órlóck* 'hole of oars'.

**ruddock** sb. ME. *ruddok* OE. *rudduc* 'red-breast'; cogn. w. **ruddy** ME. *rodî rudý* (OE. *\*rudîz*) 'reddish' and OE. *rudu* 'red color'; cp. the adj. *red*.

**rude** adj. ME. *rüde* fr. FR. *rude* = LAT. *rudis* 'rude'.

**rue** vb. ME. *rêve* OE. *hrēowan* str. vb. = OSAX. *hreuwan*, OHG. *riúwan* G. *reuen*, ON. *hryggva* vb. 'distress, grieve': base a strong verbal  $\sqrt{hreuw}$ . Cp. *ruth*.

**rue** sb. (a plant) ME. *rüe* fr. FR. *rue* = LAT. *ruta* 'rue'.

**rule** ME. *rüle* earlier *riule* fr. OFR. *reule riule*: source LAT. *régula*, whence also OE. *rēgol*, OHG. *rēgala* G. *regel*, FR. *règle*.

**rump** late ME. *rumpc*; ident. w. MHG. G. *rumpf*, DU. *romp* 'trunk, body'.

**ruple** parallel form to ME. *rimple* OE. *hrimpele* and ident. w. ODU. *rompel* 'ripple': derived fr. the TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{hrcmp}$  in OE. *gehrumpen* 'wrinkled' and OHG. *rimpfau* str. vb. 'wrinkle'.

**run** vb. ME. *rinne* (part. *ironne*) OE. (rare) *rinnan* (mostly *rynnan*) = ON. *rinna*, GOTH. *rinnan* 'run';

OHG. *rinnan* G. *rinnen* str. vb. 'run'.

**rune** the TEUT. word for the old characters in writing: OE. ON. *rún* with the orig. meaning 'mystery, secret' (GOTH. OHG. *rúna*); ident. w. OIR. *rún* 'secret'. Cp. *round* vb. for the root.

**rung** ME. *runge* OE. *hrung* (obl. *hrunge*) GOTH. *hrugga* 'staff', HG. LG. *runge*, DU. *rong* 'spar, bolt': TEUT. base *hrungô-*.

**rust** ME. *rust roust* OE. *rîst* fr. a TEUT. base *rûsta-*; ident. w. HG. LG. *rost* fr. a TEUT. base *rûsta-*: derived with *st-* formative from the ARYAN  $\sqrt{rûsth}$  (in E. red and ruddy), whence also LAT. *robigo* 'rust' and OSLOV. *rûzda* (for *\*rudja*) 'rust'.

**rush** sb. ME. *russhe* OE. *rýsêc*; ident. w. LG. DU. *rusch* 'rush, reed'.

**rush** vb. ME. *rousche* = G. *rauschen* MHG. *rûschen*, DU. *ruischen* ODU. *ruuschen*, OSWED. *raska* 'rush': TEUT. base *hrûskôn*? There occurs also OE. *hryscan*.

**ruth** sb. ME. *rêuthe*: extended fr. a more primitive sb. OE. *hréow*: cp. OE. *hréowan* str. vb. 'rue' under *rue*.

**rye** sb. ME. *rîe* OE. *rȳȳc*: TEUT. base *rugi-* in ON. *rugr* 'rye'; OHG. *rocco* G. *roggen* and OSAX. *roggo* 'rye' point to a TEUT. parallel base *ruggan-*. Outside of TEUT., OSLOV. *rūži* 'rye' (base *rugi-*) and LITH. *rugiai* 'rye' show the same base as OE. *rȳȳc* and ON. *rugr* = TEUT. base *rugi-*.

## S

**sable** sb. ME. *sable* borrowed fr. OFR. *sable*; ident. w. MHG. G. *zobel*; source a SLAV. word, RUSS. *sobolj* 'sable'.

**sabre** **saber** fr. FR. *sabre* = G. *säbel*, SERB. RUSS. *sablja*, HUNGAR. *szablya*. Source and history unknown.

**sack** sb. 'bag' ME. *sakk* OE. *sacc* = GOTH. *sakkus*, DU. *zak*. G. *sack* OHG. MHG. *sac*; TEUT. base *sakku-* borrowed fr. LAT. *saccus*, whence also ITAL. *sacco*. FR. *sac*. Source HEBR.-Phenic. *sak*.

**sad** ME. *sad* 'sad, quiet, serious'; the ident. OE. *sæd* 'satiated' corresponds with OHG. *sāt* G. *satt*, OSAX. *sad*, ON. *sadr*, GOTH. *saps* 'satiated'. There is an ARYAN  $\sqrt{sa}$  'satiated' in LAT. *satur-satis* and OIR. *sathach* 'satiated'; cp. GR. *ἄ-μερα* 'satiated'.

**saddle** ME. *sadel* OE. *sadol* = ON. *sodull*, OHG. *satul* G. *sattel*, DU. *zadel*; TEUT. base *sadula-*, perh. borrowed from a non-TEUT. language which might have formed a sb. *sadulo-* from the ARYAN  $\sqrt{sed}$  in *sit* — *set*.

**safe** ME. *saf* earlier *sauf*; loan-word fr. FR. *sauf* = LAT. *salvus*; cp. *save*.

**sail** sb. ME. *sail* *seil* OE. *sēzel* = OHG. *sēgal* G. *segel*, DU. *zeil*, ON. *segl*; TEUT. base *sēgla-*.

**saint** sb. ME. *seint* *saint* fr. FR. *saint* = LAT. *sanctus*.

**sake** sb. ME. *sake* OE. *sicu* = TEUT. base *sakō-* in OHG. *sahha* G. *sache*, DU. *zaak* 'matter, affair'; perh. based on the TEUT. verbal *sakan* 'content, rebuke'.

**sale** ME. *sale* OE. *salu*; hence *sell*.

**sallow** sb. ME. *salwe* earlier *\*salge* OE. *scalh* (*\*scalg-*) = OHG. *salaha*; TEUT. base *salhō-*; cp. ON. *selja* 'willow' (base *salhjôn-*). Prob. cognate w. LAT. *salix* (base *salic-*) 'willow' and GR. *ἑλκρη*.

**sallow** adj. ME. *salwe* OE. *sealo* *salo* = DU. *salwe*, ON. *splr* 'yellowish', OHG. *salo* 'sallow'; TEUT. base *salwa-*.

**salt** sb. ME. *salt* OE. *scalt*; TEUT. base *salta-* in GOTH. ON. OSAX. *salt*, OHG. G. *salz* 'salt'. Cogn. w. LAT. *sal*, GR. *ἄλς*, OSLOV. *solj*, OIR. *salann* 'salt'.

**salve** sb. ME. *salve* OE. *scalf* (infl. *scalfc*) = OHG. *salba* G. *salbe*, DU. *zalf*; cp. GOTH. *salbôn* vb. = OE. *scalfian* E. *salve* vb. Cognate w. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{selp}$  *solp* in SKR. *sarpis* 'butter' — *sypra* 'fat', GR. *ἔλαιον* 'oil'.

**same** sb. ME. *sāme* OE. *sam* = GOTH. *sama*, ON. *samr*, OHG. *sam* 'the same'; pre-TEUT. *somo-* in GR. *ὁμός*, SKR. *sama* 'the same'.

**sample** sb. ME. *saumple* earlier *asaumple* fr. OFR. *essemble* FR. *exsample* = LAT. *exemplum*.

**sand** sb. ME. OE. *sand* = OSAX. *sand*, OHG. *sant* G. *sand*, DU. *zand*,

ON. *sandr*: TEUT. base *sanda-* for *samda-*, cp. pre-TEUT. *samadhos* in GR. *ἄσασθος* 'sand'.

**sap** sb. ME. *sap* OE. *sæp* = MLG. ODU. *sap*, MHG. OHG. *saf* G. *saft* 'sap': TEUT. base *sapa-* borrowed fr. LAT. *sāpa* 'must'.

**satin** sb. ME. *satin* fr. FR. *satin*: source the vulgar LAT. *seta* 'silk' (in G. *seide* OHG. *sīda* = OE. *sīd* 'silk').

**Saturday** ME. *saterday* earlier *Saterndai* OE. *Saterdag* = DU. *zaterdag*, OFRIS. *saternesdag*, WEST-PHAL. *Säterdach*: adaptation of LAT. *Saturni dies*. Cp. the names of the other days of the week.

**sauce** sb. ME. *sauce* fr. FR. *sauce*: source LAT. *salsa*. Hence **sausage** fr. FR. *sauçisse*.

**savage** adj. ME. *sauvage* fr. FR. *sauvage* = LAT. *silvaticus*.

**save** vb. ME. *save* earlier *sauve* fr. FR. *sauver* = LAT. *salvare* 'secure'. Cp. *safe*.

**savor** sb. ME. *savour* fr. OFR. *savour* = LAT. *sapor-em* 'taste'.

**saw**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *sawe* OE. *sage* = OHG. *saga*, LG. *sage*, DU. *zaag*, ON. *sag*: cp. the ablaut-variation OHG. *sēga* 'saw': derived fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sek}}$  *sok* (in LAT. *secare* 'cut'), whence also OE. *secg* 'sword' and E. *scythe*.

**saw**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *sawe* OE. *sagu* 'saying' = G. *sage* OHG. *saga*: derived fr. the TEUT. verb *sagain* = OE. *secgan* ME. *sein sein* E. **say** and OHG. *sagēn* G. *sagen*: cp. ON. *segga* 'say': perh. cognate w. LITH. *sakýti* vb. 'say'.

**scale**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'shell' ME. *scale*: loanword fr. OFR. *escala* FR. *écale*. Source OHG. *scala* under *shell*.

**scale**<sup>2</sup> (of a balance) ME. late OE. *skāle*: loanword fr. ON. *skāl* 'scale of a balance'; ident. w. OHG. OSAX. *skāla* 'bowl'.

**scarce** ME. *scars* fr. OFR. *escars* (FR. *échars*) = ITAL. *scarso* 'scarce': source LAT. *excarsus* = *excarpsus* 'selected'.

**scarlet** ME. *scarlāt* fr. OFR. *escarlate* (FR. *écarlate*); ident. w. G. *scharlach*, DU. *scharlaken* (MHG. *scharlāt*, ODU. *schaerlact*). Source PERS. *sakirlāt*.

**scathe** vb. ME. *scathe* fr. ON. *skada*; ident. w. OE. *scēpan* = GOTH. *skafjan* vb. 'harm'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skaf}}$  corresponds to an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{skath}}$  in GR. *ἀσσηθής* 'harmless'.

**scatter** vb. ME. *scatere*: loanword of the 12<sup>th</sup> century fr. ODU. *scateren* 'scatter'?

**scent** vb. properly *sent* (late ME. *sent* sb. 'scent') fr. OFR. *sentir* 'smell' = LAT. *sentire*.

**school** ME. *scōle* OE. *scōl* (infl. *scōle*) = OHG. *scuola* G. *schule*, DU. *school*: loanword fr. LAT. *scola* (in a medieval pronunciation *scōla*), whence also FR. *école* and ITAL. *scuola*.

**scissors** ME. *sisoures cisoures* fr. OFR. *cisoires* 'scissors' (FR. *ciseaux*).

**scoff** ME. *scof*; cogn. w. the equiv. OHG. *scopf* sb. and OFRIES. *schof*; cp. ON. *skopa* vb. 'scoff, mock'. Source and history un-

known; the E. word probably not genuine Anglosaxon.

**scold** vb. ME. *scōlde*; cognate w. OHG. *scēltan* G. *schelten* vb. 'scold'. Probably the E. word is not genuine English, but borrowed fr. abroad.

**score** ME. *scōre* late OE. *scor* 'twenty': loanword fr. ON. *skor* 'notch': source the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skér}}$  in *shear*.

**scorn** ME. *scōrn* earliest form (about 1200) *scārn*; borrowed fr. OFR. *escarn* 'scorn'. Source OHG. *scērn* 'mockery'.

**scour** vb. ME. *scoure*.

**scourge** sb. 'whip' ME. *scourge* fr. OFR. *escurge* (whence also FR. *escourgée* *écourgée*) 'a scourge'.

**scrape** vb. ME. *scrāpe* fr. ON. *scrāpa*; cp. MLG. DU. *schrapen* G. *schrapfen*.

**scream** vb. ME. *serēme* vb. fr. ON. *skrēma* 'to scare, terrify'.

**screw** sb. fr. OFR. *escroue*, modern FR. *écrou*.

**scribe** sb. ME. *scribe* fr. LAT. *scriba*.

**scrip** sb. ME. *scrippe* fr. ON. *skreppa*.

**scurf** ME. late OE. *scurf* borrowed fr. ON. *skurf* (= SWED. *skorf*, DAN. *skurv*); cp. OHG. *scorf* G. *schorf*, DU. *schurft* 'scurf'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skurf}}$  *skorf* in OE. *scorfan* 'to scrape'.

**scuttle** sb. ME. OE. *scutel* 'a dish, bowl'; identical w. OHG. *scuzgila* G. *schüssel*, DU. *schotel*, ON. *skutell* 'dish'. Source LAT. *scutula* *scutella*.

**scythe** ME. *sithe* OE. *sīþe* *sīþe* 'sickle' = ON. *sigdr* 'sickle': Teut. base *sigijja-*, derived fr. a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sæg}}$  in OHG. *sēgansa* G. *sense* 'scythe'; cp. *σαω*.

**sea** ME. *sē* OE. *sé*; ident. w. GOT. *saiws*, ON. *sár*, OHG. OLG. *sēo* G. *see* DU. *zee*: base *saiwi-*.  
**seal**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *sēl* fr. OFR. *sēel* FR. *sceau*. Source LAT. *sigillum*.

**seal**<sup>2</sup> (the animal) sb. ME. *sēle* OE. *seolh* (pl. *seolas*) = OHG. *sēlah*, MLG. *sel*, ON. *selr*: Teut. base *sēlha-*.

**seam** sb. 'suture' ME. *sēm* OE. *sēam* = ON. *saumur*, OHG. MHG. *soum* G. *saum* DU. *zoom*? Teut. base *sau-ma-*, derived from the same root as the vb. *sew*. —

*scampstress* ME. *semster* OE. *sēamestre* 'a woman who sews seams'.

**sear** 'withered' ME. *sēr* OE. *sēar* = DU. *zoor* 'dry', OHG. *sōr*.

**search** vb. ME. *sērche* *ērche* vb. fr. OFR. *cercher* (= FR. *chercher*). Source LAT. *circare*.

**season** sb. ME. *sēsoun* (*seisoun*) fr. OFR. *seson* FR. *saison*: source LAT. *satio-nem* '(time of) sowing'.

**seat** sb. ME. *sēte* borrowed fr. ON. *sēti* 'a seat': derivative of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sēt}}$  in *sit* and *set*.

**sedge** sb. ME. *sēgge* OE. *seġġ*: Teut. base *sagja-* also in ODU. MLG. *segge*.  $\sqrt{\text{sah}}$  *sag* in OHG. *sahar* 'sedge'. Perh. cognate with a reduplicated GALLO.-LAT. *sī-sc-a* 'sedge' = IR. *seisg*.

**see** vb. ME. *sē* OE. *sēon* contracted for *\*sēhan* = OHG. OLG. *sēhan* G. *sehen* DU. *zien*: WEST-



TEUT. *sēhan* = GOTH. *sathran*.

TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sēhno}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sēg}}$  in LAT. *sequi*, GR. *ἔπειθοι*, SKR. *sac* 'follow'. The original meaning of the TEUT. verb probably was 'to follow with the eyes'.

**see** sb. 'seat of a bishop' ME. *sē* fr. OFR. *se* 'seat' = LAT. *sedē-m* 'seat'.

**seed** ME. *sīd* (*sīd*) OE. *sēd sēad* = OHG. *sāt* G. *saat*, DU. *zaad* (GOTH. *sēþs* in *manasēþs* 'mankind'): Teut. base *sē-di-*; for  $\sqrt{\text{sē}}$  cp. *sow*

**seek** vb. ME. *sēke* OE. *sēcan* (*sēcan*) = GOT. *sōkjan*, ON. *sōkja*, OHG. *suohhan* G. *suchen*, DU. *zooken*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sōk}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sāg}}$  in OIR. *sāgim* 'I seek' (LAT. *sāgīre*?)

**seethe** vb. 'boil' ME. *sēthe* OE. *sēodan* str. vb. = ON. *sjōda*, OHG. *siodan* G. *sieden*, DU. *zieden*. In GOTH., we find only the derivative *sauþs* sb. 'sacrifice' (prop. 'a burnt-offering'). TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{seup}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{scut}}$ .

**seldom** adv. ME. *seldom* prop. *sēlde(n)* OE. *sēldan* adv. = ON. *sjaldan*, OHG. *sēltan* G. *selten*, DU. *zelden* adv. Cogn. w. GOTH. *silda-leiks* 'wonderful'.

**self** pron. ME. OE. *self* = OHG. *sēlb* G. *selbst*, DU. *zelf*, ON. *sjalfr*, GOTH. *silba*: Tent. base *sēlba-*.

**sell** vb. ME. *selle* (pret. *sōlde*) OE. *sellan* (pret. *sēlde*) 'to give' = GOTH. *saljan* 'to bring an offering', ON. *selja* 'to hand over', MHG. *sellēn*.

**selvage**, *selvedge* cp. the synonym.

DU. *zelfkant*, G. (dial.) *self-ent* and LG. *egge*; therefore *selvedge* compound of *self* and *edge*, perhaps in imitation of early DU. *selfegge*.

**send** vb. ME. *sēnde* (prt. *sēnte*) OE. *sēndan* (prt. *sēnde*) wk. vb. = GOTH. *sanþjan*, ON. *senda*. DU. *zenden*, OSAX. *sēndian*, OHG. *sēntan* G. *senden*. Derived fr. GOTH. *sinþ*, OHG. *sind*, OE. *sīþ* 'journey' = OIR. *sēt* 'way' (ARYAN base *sento-* sb. — *sontjō* vb.).

**sennight** prop. 'seven night' OE. *seofon niht*; cp. *fourtnight*. **sermon** ME. *sērmoun* fr. FR. *sermon*.

**serve** vb. ME. *sērve* borrowed in the 12<sup>th</sup> cent. fr. FR. *servir* (= LAT. *servire*). Derivative *servant* ME. *sērvant* fr. FR. *servant* and **service** ME. *sērvice* fr. FR. *service* (LAT. *servitium*).

**set** vb. ME. *sette* OE. *settan* wk. vb. = GOTH. *satjan*, ON. *setja*, DU. *zetten*, OSAX. *settian*, OHG. *sezsan* G. *setzen*: TEUT. *satjan* causal vb. to *sitjan* = *sit*. — **settle** vb. ME. *settle* OE. *sēttian* 'to fix': derived fr. OE. *sētt* 'a seat'; cp. GOTH. *sitts*, OHG. *sēttal* G. *sessel*.

**seven** num. ME. *seven* OE. *seofon* prop. *seofon* = GOTH. OHG. *sibun* G. *sieben* DU. *seven*. Oldest Teut. form *sēptun* in Lex Salica. Ident. w. LAT. *septem*, GR. *ἑπτὰ*, SKR. *saptan*.

**sever** vb. ME. *severe* fr. OFR. *severer* = LAT. *separare*.

**sew** vb. ME. *sēwe* OE. *sēwian*

*sīwian*; cp. GOTH. *siujan*, ON. *sýja*, OHG. *sīwian* 'to sew': TEUT.-ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sīw}}$  in LAT. *suere*, SKR. *sīw* 'to sew'; cp. *scam*.

**shackle** sb. ME. *schackle* OE. *sēaccol* 'a bond'; ident. w. ON. *skokull* 'pole of a carriage'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skak}}$  in *shake*.

**shad** sb. ME. *schadde* OE. *sēcadda*. Perhaps an orig. TEUT. *skadan* 'herring' is found in *Scadin-avia*, if it originally meant 'herring's isle'. Cp. yet IR. GAEL. *sgadan* 'herring'.

**shade, shadow** ME. *schāde* *shadwe* OE. *sēcādu* obl. *sēcādwe*: Teut. base *skadwa-* in DU. *schaduw*, OHG. *skato* gen. *skatzwes*, G. *schatten*, GOTH. *skadus*; cogn. w. OIR. *scáth* 'shadow': pre-TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skāt}}$ .

**shaft** sb. ME. *schafft* OE. *sēcaft* = OSAX. *skaft*, OHG. *scaft* G. *schafft*, ON. *skaft*: TEUT. *skaftu-* prop. a 'shaven' pole; cp. *shave* and GR. *σκήπτρον* 'staff, sceptre' — *σκάπτρον* 'staff'.

**shag** 'rough hair' OE. *sēacga* 'hair'; cogn. w. ON. *skegg* 'beard'.

**shake** vb. ME. *schāke* OE. *sēācan* str. vb. = ON. *skaka*; cp. OSAX. *skakan* 'to go away'.

**shall** vb. ME. *schal* (prl. *schōlde*) OE. *sēcal* (prl. *sēōlde*) = GOTH. *skal* (*skulda*), OHG. *scal* (*scolda*) G. *soll* (*solte*), DU. *zal*, ON. *skál*. Cogn. w. LIH. *skelē-ti* 'to be liable'.

**shallop** see *sloop*.

**shallow** ME. *schalwe* 'not deep' with the byform ME. *schōld*; not found in OE. nor in the other

TEUT. languages. Base *skal-wa-* (*skal-da-*).

**shambles** ME. *schāmel* 'bench' OE. *sēcamol* 'stool'; borrowed fr. LAT. *scamellum*, whence also OHG. OSAX. *scamal* G. *schemel*.

**shame** vb. ME. *schāme* OE. *sēcāmu* = OSAX. *skama*, OHG. *scamu* G. *scham*; cp. GOTH. *sik skaman* 'to shame' = OE. *sēcānian*.

**shank** vb. ME. *schanke* OE. *sēanca*; cp. G. *schenkel* 'shank' fr. a lost OHG. \**scenkil*. Cogn. w. G. *schinken* 'ham' OHG. *scinko* 'shank', which is perh. a doublet by the side of OE. *sēanca*.

**shape** vb. ME. *schāpe* str. vb.; ident. w. OE. *sēieppan* = GOTH. (*ga*)*skapjan* 'to create', OHG. *scēpfan* 'to create' (G. *schaffen*): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skap}}$ .

**share** sb. 'part' OE. *sēāru*; cogn. w. *shear*.

**share** sb. 'plough-share' ME. *schāre* OE. *sēāru* = OHG. *scara* G. *pflugschaar*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skēr}}$  'cut' in *shear*.

**sharp** adj. ME. *scharp* OE. *sēcarp* = ON. *skarpr*, DU. *scherp*, OSAX. *skarp*, OHG. *scarf* G. *scharf* adj. 'sharp'. TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{skērp}}$  in OE. *sēcorpan* str. vb. 'to scrape'.

**shave** vb. ME. *schāve* OE. *sēāfan* str. vb. = GOTH. *skaban*, ON. *skafa*, OHG. *scaban* G. *schaben*, DU. *schaven* 'to shave': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skab}}$  cogn. w. LAT. *scabere* 'to shave' and prob. w. GR. *σκάπτω* 'to dig'. Cp. *shaft*.

**shaw** ME. *schawe* OE. *sēāga* 'thicket, small wood'; ident. w.

OX. *skagi* 'promontory' and cogn. w. ON. *skógr* 'wood' and MHG. *schache* 'piece of wood'.

**shawm** ME. *schalmý* borrowed fr. FR. (dial.) *chalemie*, whence also G. *schalmci*; standard FR. *chaluveau* fr. a LAT. type *calamella*.

**she** ME. *sché*; functionally corresponding to OE. *hēo* (fem. of *hē*), but phonetically to OE. *sīo* (fem. of the article *sī* = *the*).

**sheaf** sb. ME. *schēf* OE. *scēaf*: TEUT. base *skauða-* in ON. *skauf*, OHG. *scoub*, DU. *schoof*. Cogn. w. OHG. *scobar* G. *schuber* 'rick' (of corn). All derivatives of the Teut.  $\sqrt{\text{skūb}}$  in *shove* with the orig. meaning 'things shoved together'.

**shear** vb. ME. *schēre* OE. *scēran* str. vb. = OHG. *scēran* DU. G. *scheren*, ON. *skēra*: ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sker}}$  in LITH. *skīr-ti* 'separate', cogn. w.  $\sqrt{\text{ker}}$  in GR. *κείρω* 'shear'.

**sheath** vb. ME. *schēthe* OE. *scēaþ* obl. *scēaþe*: fr. a TEUT. *skaiþjō-* in OSAX. *skēdia*, OHG. *scēida* G. *scheide*, DU. *schēcie*: orig. meaning 'that which separates'. Cogn. w. **shed** vb. ME. *schēde* OE. *scēadan* = GOTH. *skaidan* with the byform OSAX. *skēdan* = OHG. *scēidan* G. *scheiden* 'to separate': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skaiþ}}$  *skaid*, which is compared to GR. *σχιζέω*, SKR. *chid*, LAT. *scindere* 'to cleave, cut' (ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{skhid}}$ ?). See *shide*.

**sheen** sb. (prop. adj.) ME. *schēne* OE. *scēne* (*scēne*) adj. 'fair' = OSAX. OHG. *skōni* DU. *schoon*

G. *schön*, GOTH. *skauins*: TEUT. base *skau-ni-*, verbal adj. 'to be looked at' fr.  $\sqrt{\text{skau}}$  in *show*.

**sheep** sb. ME. *schēp* OE. *scēp* (*scēap*) = OSAX. *skâp*, DU. *schap*, OHG. *scâf* G. *schaf*: Teut. base *skêpa-* (*skâpa-*).

**sheet** sb. ME. *schēte* OE. *scēte* (*scēte*), umlaut-deriv. of OE. *scēat* 'fold of a garment' = GOTH. *skauts* 'hem of a garment', OHG. *scōz* G. *schoss* 'bosom, lap'; OE. *scēte* represents a TEUT. type *skautjōn-*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skcut}}$  in *shoot*.

**shelf** ME. *schelre* OE. *scēlf* = MLG. ODU. *schelf*, OHG. *scēlb*; cp. ON. *Illid-skjalf*.

**shell** sb. ME. *schelle* OE. *scēll* obl. *scēlle*: TEUT. type *skaljō-* in DU. *schel*, ON. *skel* 'shell' and in GOTH. *skalja* 'a tile'; cogn. w. OHG. *scala* G. *schale* 'shell'.

**shepherd** sb. ME. *schepherd* OE. *scēp-hyrde* prop. compound of OE. *scēp* 'sheep' and OE. *hyrde* E. *herd* 'one who tends a herd'; cp. GOTH. *hairdeis*, OHG. *hirti* G. *hirte* and see *herd*.

**sheriff** sb. ME. *scherife* earlier *schīr-rēve* OE. *scīr-zerēfa*; 1<sup>st</sup> part of the OE. compound see under *shire*; OE. *zerēfa* E. *reeve* is derived fr. TEUT. *rōba rōfa* = OHG. *ruoba ruofa* 'number'?

**shide** sb. ME. *schīde* OE. *scīd* = ON. *skīd*, OHG. *scīt* G. *scheit* 'thin board'; ident. w. OIR. *scíath* 'shield' (ARYAN base *skēto-*). Cogn. w. *sheath*.

**shield** sb. ME. *schīld* OE. *scēld* (byform *sēld*): TEUT. base *skēldu*

in GOTH. *skildus* = ON. *skjoldr*, OHG. *scilt*, DU. G. *schuld*. Perh. cogn. w. LITH. *skeliū* I split'.

**shift** vb. ME. *schifte* OE. *sēftan* 'to divide' = ON. *skipta*, DU. *schiften* 'to divide'.

**shilling** sb. ME. *schilling* OE. *sēilling* = GOTH. *skillinggs*, ON. *skilling*, OHG. OSAX. *scilling* G. *schilling*: TEUT. base *skillinga-* more orig. *skēllingo-*, perh. akin to OHG. *scēlla* G. *schelle* 'bell'. The common Teut. name of the coin properly meant 'the tinkling money' (for the suffix *-ing* in names of coins see *penny* and *farthing*).

**shimmer** vb. ME. *schimere* OE. *sēimorian*: deriv. of OE. *sēma* 'light' = GOTH. *skeima* 'light'; cp. G. *schimmern* aside of OHG. *sēmo* 'light'. Cp. *shine* for the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skī}}$ .

**shin** (*shinbone*) sb. ME. *schine* (*schinebōn*) OE. *sēina* (*sēinebān*) = OHG. *scina* (MHG. *schinebein*) G. *schiene* (*schienbein*), DU. *scheen* (*scheenbeen*). OE. *sēte* 'shin' shows evidently the more primitive root-form *skī*: separate OE. OHG. *sēi-na*.

**shine** vb. ME. *schine* OE. *sēinan* str. vb. = GOTH. *skeinan*, ON. *skina*, OHG. OSAX. *skinan* G. *schinen*, DU. *schijnen*: all equivalent. TEUT. *skī-na-n* rests on a  $\sqrt{\text{skī}}$  as shown by OE. *sēi-ma* OHG. *sēi-mo* GOTH. *skei-ma* 'light'.

**shingle** sb. ME. *schingel*; apparently identical w. G. *schindel* OHG. *scintula* (loanword fr. LAT.

*scindula*, byform of *scandula* 'shingle'); but the phonetic anomaly is not yet explained.

**ship** sb. ME. *schip* OE. *sēip* = GOTH. ON. OSAX. *skip*, OHG. *scif* G. *schiff*: common Teut. base *skipa-*.

**shire** sb. ME. *schire* OE. *sēir* (obl. *sēire*) = OHG. *skīra* 'provincia'.

**shirt** sb. ME. *schirte* pointing to an OE. *\*sēyrte*; deriv. fr. the adj. OE. *sēcort* = *short*, as shown by G. *schurz* 'shirt' aside of MHG. *schurz* 'short'. ON. *skyrta* = OE. *\*sēyrte* represents a TEUT. type *skurtjōn-*, but OE. *sēcort* a base *skorta-*. See *short*.

**shoal** 'crowd' ME. *schōle* OE. *sēcolu* = OSAX. *skōla* 'troop'.

**shock** vb. ME. *schocke* fr. FR. *choquer* 'give a shock'.

**shock** sb. ME. *schocke* 'heap of corn'. OE. *\*scoce* is lost, but inferred from MHG. *schoc* 'heap' — *schocke* 'shock'. Cogn. also w. MLG. *hocke* 'shock of corn'.

**shoe** sb. ME. *schō* OE. *sēōh* (pl. *sēō-s* for *\*sēōhas*): Teut. base *skōha-* in GOTH. *skōhs*, ON. *skō-r*, OHG. *scuoh* G. *schuh*, DU. *schoen*. Perhaps derived fr. a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skēh}}$  *skē(g)w* in GOTH. *skēvajan* ON. *skēva* 'to go'.

**shoot** vb. cp. ME. *schōte* vb. OE. *sēcōtian* 'to dart', derived fr. the primitive ME. *schēte* OE. *sēcōtan* = ON. *skjōta*, OSAX. *skeotan* OHG. *sciozzan* G. *schieszen*, DU. *schieten*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skeut}}$ : *skut*.

**shop** sb. ME. *schoppe* OE. *sēcōppa*

'booth, hut'; cognate w. OE. *scypen* 'shed for cattle', G. *schopf* *schuppen* 'shelter'.

**shore** sb. ME. *schōre*; fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skēr}}$  'shear, cut'.

**short** adj. ME. *schōrt* OE. *sceōrt*: base *skorta-*; cp. OHG. *scurz* fr. a base *skurtu-*: loanword fr. LAT. \**ex-curtus*, as LAT. *curtus* is preserved in G. OHG. *kurz* 'short', DU. *kort*, ON. *kortr* (see *kirtle* for OE. *cyrtel* and *shirt* for G. *schürze*).

**shot** sb. ME. *shot* OE. *ʒesceot* 'a missile': deriv. from the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skeut}}$  *skut* in *shoot*.

**shoulder** sb. ME. *schulder* OE. *sēuldor*; cp. DU. *schouder*, G. *schulter* (OHG. *scultirra*).

**shout** vb. ME. *schoute*.

**shove** vb. ME. *schouwe* OE. *sēufan* = ON. *skúfa*, DU. *schuiven*: ident. w. GOTH. *skiuban*, OHG. *scioban* G. *schieben*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skūb}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{skubh}}$ ; SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{ksubh}}$  'to be agitated' seems to be cognate. — *shovel* sb. ME. *schovel* OE. *sceofl*; cp. DU. *schoffel* and OHG. *sēufala* G. *schanfel*.

**show** vb. ME. *schēwe* late OE. *ʒesceawian* to show'; the corresponding OE. *sēawian* means 'to look, behold and is identical with the equiv. OHG. *skoutwōn* G. *schauen* DU. *schouwen*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skau}}$  *sku* (see *sheen*) in GOTH. *skuggwa* 'looking glass'. Cogn. w. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ku}}$  *koce* in LAT. *cavere* 'to take care', GR. *zoēiv* 'to beget'.

**shower** sb. ME. *schour* OE. *sciūr*

= GOTH. *skūra* 'storm', OHG. *sciūr* G. *schauer*, ON. *skūr*.

**shred** sb. short for ME. *schrēde* OE. *sērčad* (obl. *sērčade*) 'shred, piece'; cp. OE. *sērčadung* 'shred' and *sērčadian* 'to pare': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skraud}}$  in OHG. *scrōtan* 'to cut, pare'; perh. cogn. w. *shroud*.

**shrew** sb., *shrewed* adj. fr. ME. *schrēwe* sb. 'bad person' — *schrēwed* adj. 'wicked, bad'; the corresp. OE. *sērčawa* means 'shrew-mouse'. Origin and history of the group unknown.

**shriek** vb. ME. *schrike* (OE. *sērīctan*); cogn. w. **shrike** sb. OE. *sērīc* 'a bird's name'. Cp. ON. *skrikja* 'to titter'.

**shrine** sb. ME. *schrin* OE. *sērīn*; ident. w. OHG. *scrīni* G. *schrein*, DU. *schrijn*: loanword fr. LAT. *scrīnium*, whence also ITAL. *scrigno*, FR. *écriin*.

**shrink** vb. ME. *schrinke* OE. (for) *sērīncan* str. vb. = ODU. *schrinken*; cogn. w. SWED. *skrynka* 'a wrinkle': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skrēnk}}$ .

**shroud** sb. ME. *schroud* OE. *sērūd* 'garment' = ON. *skrūd* 'ornament, dress'. See *shred*.

**shudder** vb. ME. *schudere* (OE. \**sēudorian*) = LG. *schuddern* (whence G. *schauern*), DU. *schudden* 'to tremble'; cp. OHG. *scutisōn* 'to shudder'.

**shun** vb. ME. *schunc* OE. *sēuntan* wk. vb. 'to avoid, abhor'; perh. deriv. fr. a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{skēn}}$  'to flee away' in ON. *skynda* 'to hasten', OHG. *scuntan* 'to urge on'.

**shut** vb. ME. *schutte* OE. *sēytan*

= DU. *schutten* 'to shut in, to block up': Teut. base *skutjan* cogn. w. **shuttle** sb. ME. *schitel* OE. *sçytels* 'bar, bolt': Teut. base *skutisla-*,  $\sqrt{\text{skcut}}$  *skut* in *shoot*.

**shy** adj. ME. *schey* OE. *sçjoh* (\**sçjog-*) 'timid' = MHG. *schiech* (G. *scheu*), DU. *schuw*: Teut. base *skeoha-* *skeuha-*, whence OHG. *sçiuhan* 'to frighten' (G. *scheuen*).

**sick** adj. short for ME. *sçk* OE. *sçoc* = GOTH. *siuks*, ON. *sjukr*, OSAX. *siok*, OHG. *sioh* G. *siech*, DU. *siek*: TEUT. *seuka-* adj. 'ill, sick' by the side of the str. vb. GOTH. *siukan* 'to be ill', whence the verbal noun GOTH. *sauhts*, OHG. *suh* 'illness'.

**sicker** (Scotch) adj. ME. *siker* OE. *sicor* = OHG. *sihhür* G. *sicher*, OSAX. *sikur*, DU. *zeker*: loanword (Teut. base *siküra-*) fr. LAT. *sçcürus*, borrowed during the first centuries of the Christian era.

**sickle** sb. ME. *sikel* OE. *sicol*: borrowed fr. LAT. *sçcula*, whence also OHG. *sihhila* G. *sichel* DU. *sikkel*.

**side** sb. ME. *side* OE. *side* (obl. *sidan*) = ON. *sida*, OHG. *sita* G. *seite*, DU. *zijde*: Teut. base *süd-jôn-*, perh. connected w. OE. *süd* adj. 'long, wide' = ON. *sidr* 'hanging down'?

**siege** sb. ME. *sçge* fr. FR. *siege*.

**sieve** sb. ME. *sive* OE. *sife* (oldest form *sibi*) = OHG. *sib* G. *sieb*, DU. *zeef* 'a sieve': Teut. base *sibi-*, connected w. the vb. *sift*.

**sift** ME. *sifte* OE. *siftan* = DU. *siften*, LG. (G.) *sichten* 'to sift'. There exists a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sik}}$  in

OE. *sçon* OHG. *sihan* G. *siehen* 'to filter, strain', the guttural of which may have changed to a labial (*sif* for *sih*).

**sigh** vb. ME. *sighe* points to an OE. \**sihhan*; cogn. w. the equivalent ME. *sike* OE. *sican*. The root *sik* *sihh* looks like sound-imitation.

**sight** sb. ME. *sight* earlier ME. *sighthe* OE. *zçsihp*: deriv. of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sçh}}$  in *see*.

**sign** sb. ME. *signe* fr. FR. *signe*. **silk** ME. *silk* OE. *siolc* fr. an earlier \**siluc*; cogn. w. ON. *silki*: source LAT. *sericum* (whence also OIR. *sivic* and OSLOV. *selkü* 'silk').

**sill** sb. ME. *sille* OE. *syll* obl. *syllc*: Teut. base *suljô-* borrowed fr. LAT. *solca* 'sole of the foot', whence also GOTH. *sulja* 'sole of a shoe'. ON. *syll* is an OE. loanword. Cp. *sole*.

**silly** adj. ME. *sçly* OE. *sçliç* (*sçeliç*) 'happy, fortunate' = OHG. *sâlig* G. *selig*, DU. *zalig* 'blessed': secondary extension to GOTH. *sçls* 'good' = ON. *sçll* 'happy' (cp. OE. *sçl* sb. 'happiness'). TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sçl}}$ .

**silver** ME. *silver* OE. *siolfor* = GOTH. *silubr*, OSAX. *silubar*, OHG. *silabar* G. *silber*, DU. *zilver*, ON. *silfr*; ident. w. OSLOV. *sirebro* RUSS. *scriebro*, LITH. *sidabras*. Source and history uncertain.

**sin** sb. ME. *sinne* OE. *synn* obl. *synne*: base *sunjô-* for an earlier *sundjô-* in OHG. *suntea* G. *sünde*, OSAX. *sundia*, DU. *zonde*; cp. yet

ON. *synd* fr. a base *sunidjô-* (the dentals are suffixal). Cogn. w. LAT. *sons* (*sont-is*) 'guilty'.

**since** with the more original byform (Shakesp.) *sithence* ME. *sithens* prop. *sithen* OE. *sifpan*; the additional *s* of the ME. form is of adverbial origin (cp. *once*, *twice*). The orig. OE. form was *sif-pan* (cp. the identical GOTH. *fana-seifs* 'later'), resting on the OE. adverb *sif* 'later', which is a comparative to GOTH. *seifus* 'late'. ON. *sidan* corresponds to OE. *sifpan*; cp. OHG. *sîd* G. *seit* = OE. *sif* 'later'.

**sinew** sb. ME. *sinewe* OE. (*sionu* pl.) *sioncwe*, which results fr. a Teut. base *sinêwê-* or *sênêwê-*; cp. ON. *sin*, OHG. *sênawa* G. *sehne*, DU. *zenne*; cogn. w. SKR. *snâwa* 'sinew' or w. GR. *ἰνέξ* 'sinew'.

**sing** vb. ME. *singe* OE. *singan* str. vb. = OHG. OSAX. *singan* G. *singen* DU. *zingen*; oldest Teut. form GOTH. *siggwan* (= ON. *syngva*): all synonymous. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sêngw}}$  *sangw* is related to GR. *ᾠφή* 'speech, oracle': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{senghæ}}$ . The corresp. causal is represented by **singe** ME. *sênge* OE. *sêngean* fr. a Teut. ground-form *sang(w)jan* = OHG. *sengan* G. *sengen* 'to singe' prop. 'to make to sing'.

**sink** vb. *sinke* OE. *sincan* str. vb. = OHG. *sinkan* G. *sinken* DU. *zinken*; oldest form GOTH. *siggan* (= ON. *sökka*): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sinkw}}$  'to sink'.

**sip** vb. ME. *sippe*; deriv. fr. OE. *sypē* 'absorbing', which is verbal noun to OE. *stēpan*; see *sup*.

**sir, sire** ME. *sire* fr. FR. *sire*, whence also ON. *sira*. — **sirrah**, spelt in 16<sup>th</sup> cent. *sirraha serrha*, points to orig. »sir, ah« or »sir, ha«.

**sister** sb. ME. *sister* is regarded as a distinctively Scand. loan-word fr. ON. *systir*. The OE. equivalent *sæcostor sæustor* ME. *suster* is not responsible for the modern phonology. The Teut. base is *sæstr-* *sæistr-*; cp. GOTH. *sæistar*, OHG. *sæwester* G. *schwester*, DU. *zuster*. The *t* of the common Teut. word is excrement. Aryan base *sæstr-* (nom. *sæstôr*) in SKR. *sasr*, LAT. *soror* (for *\*sæstôr*), LITH. *sesū* 'sister'.

**sit** vb. ME. *sitte* OE. *sittan* str. vb. = DU. *zitten*, OSAX. *sittian*, OHG. *sizzan* G. *sitzen*; WESTTEUT. *sittjan* fr. TEUT. *sitjan* (= ON. *sitja*); cp. GOTH. *sitan*: strong verbal  $\sqrt{\text{sēt}}$  *sat* (whence a causal vb. *satjan* under *set*), ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sēd}}$  in LAT. *sēdo*, GR. *ἕζουσι* (*ἕδος* 'seat'), SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{sad}}$  'to sit', OSLOV. *sěsti*, LITH. *sėsti*. Cp. *settle* and *soot*.

**six** ME. OE. *six* fr. a TEUT. *sîhs* = GOTH. *sahs*, OHG. OSAX. *sîhs* G. *sechs*, DU. *zes*, ON. *sex*; ARYAN *sîks* in LAT. *sex*, GR. *ἕξ*; cp. SKR. *ṣaṣ*.

**sketch** sb. = DU. *schets*, G. *skizze* borrowed fr. ITAL. *schizzo*.

**skew** vb. late ME. *skewe* 'to

slip away'; cp. ODU. *schoutven* vb. 'to shun?'

**skill** sb. ME. *skil* 'reason' borrowed fr. ON. *skil* 'discernment' (*skilja* vb. 'to separate').

**skin** sb. ME. *skin* late OE. *skinn* borrowed fr. ON. *skinn*, which arises fr. a Teut. base *skinpa-*, whence derived OHG. *scintan* G. *schinden* wk. vb. 'to skin'. BRET. *scant* 'scale' rests on an ARYAN *sknto-*.

**skirmish** sb. ME. *scarmishe* fr. FR. *escarmouche*; cp. ITAL. *scaramuccia*, G. *scharmützel*. The group rests on OHG. *scirman* (G. *schirmen*).

**skirt** sb. ME. *skirt* fr. ON. *skyrta* 'a shirt'; further relations see under *kirtle* and *shirt*.

**skull** sb. ME. *sculle* (*scolle*).

**sky** sb. ME. *skie* borrowed fr. ON. *ský* 'cloud'; not found in OE. (but OSAX. *skion*).

**slack** adj. ME. *slak* OE. *slæc* 'languid, slothful' = ON. *slakr*, OLG. *slak*, OHG. *slah* 'slack': Teut. base *slaka-*. -- Hence **slake** vb. ME. *slake* OE. *slacian* 'slacken'.

**slaughter** sb. ME. *slaughter*: borrowed in 11<sup>th</sup> cent. fr. ON. *slátr* or its oldest form *\*slahtr*. Der. fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slah}}$  in *slay*.

**slave** sb. = DU. *slaaf*: loan-word fr. FR. *esclave*, whence also G. *sklave*. Source ITAL. *schiaivo* 'slave' = GR. *Ἐσλαβῆροι* 'the Slavonians, Slaves'.

**slay** vb. ME. *slē* (part. *slain*) OE. *slācan* (part. *slōzen*) str. vb. = GOTH. OHG. OSAX. *slahan* (G.

*schlagen*), DU. *slaan*, ON. *slá*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slah slōh}}$  = ARYAN *slāk*; cp. *slaughter* and *sledge*.

**slay** sb. (a weaver's reed) OE. *slēze* 'percussorium' cogn. with the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slah}}$  = *slay* vb.; ON. *slā* 'bar, bolt'.

**sled** short for ME. *slēde*; borrowed fr. ON. *slēdi* 'a sledge'; corresponding to OHG. *slīto* G. *schlitten*, DU. *slēde* 'sledge'. The group rests on the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slīd}}$  in *slide*.

**sledge-hammer** ME. *slēgǣ* OE. *slēcǣ* (obl. *slēcǣ*) sb. 'sledge-hammer': Teut. base *slagjō-* deriv. fr.  $\sqrt{\text{slah}}$  in *slay*; cp. ON. *slēggja*, DU. *slēgge slei* 'mallet'.

**sleek** adj. ME. *slīk* borrowed fr. ON. *slīk-r* 'sleek, smooth' (= DU. *slīk*): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slīk}}$  in OHG. *slīhan* G. *schleichen*.

**sleep** vb. ME. *slēpe* (*slīpe*) OE. *slēpan* (*slēpan*) str. vb. = GOTH. *slēpan* (pret. *slēzlep*), OSAX. *slāpan*, DU. *slāpen*, OHG. *slāffan* G. *schlafen*. Cogn. w. G. *schlaff* OHG. *slāf* 'lax, loose, remiss'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slap}}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{slab}}$  perh. in LAT. *labi* 'to slide'.

**sleet** sb. ME. *slēt*; OE. *\*slēt* (*\*slýt*) not found; umlaut-relation to MHG. *slōz* (G. *schlosse* 'hail'): Teut. base *slauti-*, whence also DU. *sloot*, FRIES. *slāt*.

**sleeve** sb. ME. *slēve* OE. *slēfe* (*slýfe*): Teut. base *slambjō(n-)* in ODU. *sloove* 'veil'.

**sleight** sb. ME. *slēighte* earlier ME. *slēhpe*: borrowed fr. ON. *slēgd* 'slyness', which is abstract for-



mation to the adj. *sly* = ME. *slēh* ON. *slúgr*.

**slice** sb. ME. *slice* fr. OFR. *eslice* 'a shiver, splinter'; source the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slit}}$  in *slit*.

**slide** vb. ME. *slide* OE. *slidan* str. vb. = MHG. *sliten* 'to slide'; TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slid}}$  under *sled*; ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{slidh}}$  in LITH. *slidus* 'slipper' (cp. OE. *slidor* 'slippery').

**slight** adj. ME. *slight*; OE. *\*sliht* not found, but may be inferred fr. the corresp. GOTH. *slaihts* 'smooth', OHG. *slēht* 'smooth, flat' (G. *schlecht* 'bad' — *schlicht* 'simple'), DU. *slēcht*, ON. *slēttir* 'flat, smooth': Teut. base *slēh-ta-* prop. *slih-ta-* fr. the verbal  $\sqrt{\text{slik}}$  in *sleek* (ON. *slīkr* 'sleek, smooth').

**slime** sb. ME. OE. *slim* = OHG. MHG. *slīm* G. *schleim*, DU. *slīm*, ON. *slīm*: Teut. type *slī-ma-* fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{slī}}$ , whence also LAT. *li-mus* 'mud'.

**sling** vb. ME. *slinge* str. vb. (OE. *\*slingan* not recorded) 'to fling' = ON. *slyngva* str. vb. 'to cast, fling'; cp. MHG. *slinge* sb. 'sling', DU. *slingeren* vb. 'to toss' and OHG. *slingan* 'to swing'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slēngw}}$  (*slēnhw?*).

**slip** vb. ME. *slippe* OE. *\*slyppan* belongs to the str. vb. OE. *slūpan* 'to glide' = DU. *sluipen* 'to sneak'; cp. GOTH. *slūpan* str. vb. 'to slip' and OHG. *sluffan* G. *schlüpfen* 'to slip': Teut. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{slūp}}$ , perh. related to LAT. *lubricus* 'slippery'.

**slit** vb. ME. *slitte* deriv. fr. ME. *slite* OE. *slitan* str. vb. 'to slit';

cp. ON. *slita*, OSAX. *slitan* str. vb. 'to slit', DU. *slīten*, OHG. *slīzzan* G. *schleissen*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slit}}$  'to tear'.

**sloe** sb. ME. *slō* OE. *slā* (infl. *slā-n*), prob. contracted fr. OE. *\*slāhe* (infl. *\*slāhan*) = OHG. *slēha* G. *schlehe*; cp. DU. *slee*, SWED. *slån*, DAN. *slaaen* 'sloe' and OE. *slāh-forn* 'black-thorn'. Doubtful whether LITH. *slývas* 'plum' and OSLOV. RUSS. *slīva* 'plum' are cognate.

**sloop** sb. fr. DU. *sloep*: source FR. *chaloupe*, whence also E. *shallop* = G. *schaluppe*.

**slot** sb. 'bar, bolt' late ME. *slot* = DU. LG. *slot*, OHG. *slōz* G. *schloss*; derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slūt}}$  'shut' in DU. *sluiten*, LG. *slūten*, OHG. *slōzzan* G. *schliessen* (cp. G. *schlüssel* OHG. *sluzzil* = OSAX. *slutil* 'key'). TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slūt}}$  rests on an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sklūd}}$ , cogn. w. LAT. *claudere* 'shut'.

**sloth** sb. ME. *slōthe* with abstr. suffix fr. the adj. *slōw*; cp. the umlaut-relation OE. *slōwof* ME. *slenthe*.

**slough** sb. 'mire' ME. *slough* OE. *slōh* 'mire'.

**slow** adj. ME. *slōw* OE. *slāw* = OSAX. OHG. *slēo* 'blunt', DU. *slēuwe* 'sour', ON. *sljör* 'blunt': Teut. base *slāwca-*, perh. cogn. w. LAT. *laevus* 'left', GR. *λαός*.

**slow-worm** sb. prop. ME. *slō-worm* *slō-wurm* OE. *slā-wyrm* 'blindworm'; ident. w. SWED. *slå* (*ormslå*), NORWEG. *slø* (*ormslø*) 'blindworm'. Not compounded with *slōw* OE. *slāw*, but resting

on a TEUT. *slaiha-* 'blindworm'; cp. LITH. *slėkas*, PRUSS. *slayv* 'rainworm'.

**sluice** sb. = DU. *sluis*, G. *schleuse*: source OFR. *escluse* (FR. *écluse*) fr. a low Lat. type *ex-clūsa* 'a floodgate'.

**slumber** vb. ME. *slomere* frequentative of ME. *sloume* vb. 'slumber', derived fr. the sb. OE. *slū-ma* 'slumber'; cp. DU. *sluimen slūmeren*, LG. *slūmeren* (G. *schlummern*) vb. 'slumber'. OE. *slū-ma* sb. 'slumber' rests on an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{slū}}$  in GOTH. *slawan* 'to cease, be silent'.

**sly** adj. ME. *slī* (*slý*) prop. *slēi slēz* (Ormm *slēh* under *slēight*): borrowed fr. ON. *slēgr* adj. 'sly, cunning'; ident. w. the non-umlauted DU. *sluē* LG. *slū* (G. *schlau*), SWED. DAN. *slug*. As seen by G. *verschlagen* 'sly', the adj. rests on the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{slah}}$  in *slay*?

**smack**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'taste' ME. *smak* OE. *smæc* sb. = DU. *smak*; OHG. (*gi*)*smah*; cp. the vb. OE. *smæccan* 'to taste' = ODU. *smaken* OFRIES. *smakia*; cp. OHG. *smackēn smæcken* G. *schmecken* 'to taste'. WEST-TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{smak}}$  *smakk*.

**smack**<sup>2</sup> (Shakesp.) sb. 'a loud kiss' cp. G. *schmatzen* fr. MHG. *smatzen* prop. *smacketzen*, LG. *smacken* 'to smack the lips'.

**smack**<sup>3</sup> sb. (a fishing-boat) fr. ODU. MLG. *smacke* (DU. *smack*), whence also the equivalent G. *schmacke*, FR. *semaque*, ITAL. *semacca*, SPAN. *sumaca*. Source and

history of the group unknown. It is doubtful whether late OE. *smacc* ON. *smekka* (kind of ship) is cognate.

**small** adj. ME. *smal* (infl. *smale*), OE. *smel* (infl. *smala*): Teut. adj. *smala-* in GOTH. *smals*, OHG. OSAX. *smal* G. *schmal*. ON. *smali* = OHG. *smala-uōz* — *smala<sub>z</sub> vihu* 'sheep' points to GR. *μῆλον* 'sheep' and OIR. *míl* 'beast'; cp. also OSLOV. *malū*.

**smallage** sb. prop. *small ache*; ME. *áche* is FR. *ache* 'parsley'. Source LAT. *apium* 'parsley'.

**smalt** sb. fr. DU. *smalt* = G. *schmalte*, FR. *smalt*: source ITAL. *smalto*, which is of Teut. origin (cp. MHG. *smelzen* G. *schmelzen*).

**smart** vb. ME. *smërte* OE. *smeor-tan*: a Teut. strong vb. = OHG. *smërzan* 'to smart'; cp. DU. *smart* sb. = OHG. *smërzo* G. *schmerz* sb. 'pain': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{smërt}}$  PRE-TEUT. *smërd* cogn. w. LAT. *mordere* 'to bite', GR. *σμερδαλέος*.

**smear** vb. ME. *smëre* vb. fr. the sb. OE. *smcoro* = ON. *smjor* 'butter', OHG. OSAX. *smëro*; ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{smër}}$  also in GOTH. *smair-fr* 'fatness' and in LITH. *smarsas* 'fat' and OIR. *smír* 'marrow'.

**smell** sb. ME. *smel* cogn. w. *smoulder* vb. ME. *smoldere* vb. 'to burn with a stifling smoke'; cp. the sb. ME. *smolder* 'a stifling smoke' and the vb. DU. *smculen* 'to smoulder' = LG. *smölen*.

**smelt** vb. not found in OE. ME. (see *melt*); borrowed fr.

SWED. *smälta* = DAN. *smelte*, DU. LG. *smelten*, OHG. *smēlzan* G. *schmelzen* 'melt'; cp. ITAL. *smalto* = FR. *émail* 'enamel'. The TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{smēlt}}$  is probably connected w.  $\sqrt{\text{mēlt}}$  under *melt*.

**smelt** sb. (a kind of fish) ME. OE. *smelt*; ident. w. DAN. DU. *smelt*; cp. NORW. *smelta* (name of various kinds of small fish).

**smile** vb. ME. *smile* (OE.  $\sqrt{\text{smýlan}}$ ?); cogn. w. the non-umlauted MHG. *smielen smieren* 'to smile' and the frequentative E. *smirk* OE. *smearcian* 'smile'.

**smirch** vb. 'to besmear' derivative of *smear*.

**smirk** see under *smile*.

**smite** vb. ME. *smite* OE. *smítan* str. vb. = GOTH. *smēitan*, DU. *smijten*, LG. *smíten*, OHG. *smīzzan* G. *schmeissen* 'to cast': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{smít}}$  'strike, beat, smear'.

**smith** vb. ME. *smith* OE. *smif* = ON. *smidr*, DU. *smid*, OHG. *smid* G. *schmied*; cp. GOTH. *aizasmifa* 'coppersmith'; cogn. w. OHG. *smīdagismīdi* NHG. *geschmeide*, DU. *gesmijde*. The dental is formative. There is an ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{smi}}$  in GR.  $\sigma\mu\text{-}\lambda\eta\ \sigma\mu\text{-}\nu\acute{o}\tau\epsilon$ . — **Smithy** sb. seems to be the SCAND. *smidja* (= OE. *smiffe*, OHG. *smittha*).

**smock** sb. ME. *smok* OE. *smoc* 'smock, frock, shirt' = ON. *smokkr*; cp. OHG. *smocko* 'shirt': deriv. fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{smūg}}$  in OE. *smūgan*, ON. *smjúga* 'to creep through a hole', MHG. *smiegen* G. *schmiegen*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{smūk}}$  in

OSLOV. *smykati sę* 'to creep', LITH. *smūkti* 'to glide'.

**smoke** sb. ME. *smōke* OE. *smōca* sb. 'smoke'; cogn. w. OE. *smīc* 'smoke' (base *smauki-*) and the str. vb. OE. *smōcan* 'to smoke'; cp. DU. *smoken* (base  $\sqrt{\text{*smukōn}}$ ) and *smook* sb. (base  $\sqrt{\text{*smauki-}}$ ): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{smūk}}$ , perh. cogn. w. LITH. *smaukti* 'to choke'.

**smooth** adj. ME. *smōthe* late OE. *smōd* with the umlauted by-form OE. *smōde*; MLG. *smōde* represents an OSAX.  $\sqrt{\text{*smōthi}}$  fr. a Teut. base *smanfi-*.

**smother** sb. ME. *smorther* (fr. being an abstract suffix); OE. *smorian* 'to choke, suffocate' = DU. LG. *smoren* G. *schmoren* 'to stew'. — **smoulder** vb. ME. *smoldere* vb. rest on ME. *smolder*, which is ident. w. ME. *smorther*.

**snail** sb. ME. *snail* OE. *snæzł*: Teut. base *snagla-*; cp. MHG. *sneggel*, ON. *snigill* 'snail'; cogn. w. OHG. *snēcko* G. *schnecke* (LG. *snigge*), ME. *snegge*.

**snake** sb. ME. *snāke* OE. *snaca*: cp. the equiv. ON. *snākr snōkr*, LG. *snāke*. Teut.  $\sqrt{\text{snak}}$  in OHG. *snahhan* 'to creep'.

**snare** sb. ME. *snāre* borrowed fr. ON. *snara* 'a snare, halter'; ident. w. OHG. *snar(a)hu* OE. *snearh* 'noose, snare' fr. a Teut. base *snarhōn-*; cp. the str. vb. OHG. *snēr(a)han* MHG. *snērhen* 'to bind tightly'. Probably cogn. w. OHG. *snuor* G. *schnur* 'a lace, cord' (GOTH. *snōrjō*).

**sneeze** vb. ME. *snēse* (OE. *snēo-*

san); ident. w. *neese* ME. *neſe* = ON. *hnjösa* and w. OE. *fnöſan*.

**snipe** sb. ME. *snipe*; ident. w. ON. *nýri-snipa* 'a moor-snipe' and cogn. w. the equiv. OHG. *snēpfa* G. *schneppfe* DU. *snep snip* (ITAL. *sgneppa* is of Teut. origin).

**snite** see under *snot*.

**snore** vb. ME. *snōre* vb. with the frequentative *snort* ME. *snorte*; cogn. w. G. *snarochen*, DU. *snorken snurken* 'to snore, snort'.

**snot** vb. ME. *snot* OE. *ȝesnot* 'mucus of the nose' = DU. *snot*; cogn. w. **snout** sb. ME. *snoute* = ODU. *snūte* DU. *snuit* and w. **snite** vb. ME. *snite* OE. *snýtan* = ON. *snýta* 'to wipe the nose'. Cp. G. *schmütze*, *schmützen*.

**snow** sb. ME. *snōw* OE. *snāw* = GOTH. *snaiwēs*, ON. *snár snjór*, DU. *sneeuw*, OHG. *snēo* G. *schnee*: Teut. base *snaiwa-*, derived fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{snigh}}$  in OHG. *snīwan* G. *schneien*, OE. *snīwan* 'to snow' = LAT. *ningere*, LITH. *snigti*, AVEST. *snīž* 'to snow'; cp. GR. *nīg-a* 'snow' and LAT. *nix nīx-em*, IR. *snechta* — CYMR. *nijf* 'snow'. LITH. *snīgas* and OSLOV. *snēgū* 'snow' correspond completely to TEUT. *snaiwa-* fr. *snaiwēa-*.

**so** adv. ME. *sō* prop. *swō* OE. *swā* = GOTH. *swa*, ON. *swá* (OHG. *sō* DU. *zoo*). Cp. the derivative *such* and MHG. *sus* (G. *sonst*), DU. *zus*.

**soap** sb. ME. *sāpe* OE. *sāpe* = OHG. *saifja* G. *saife*: Teut. base *saipōn-*. Whether LAT. *sapo(nem)* = FR. *savon*, ITAL. *sapone* are in

any way related with the Teut. word-group, is uncertain.

**sob** vb. ME. *sobbe* (OE. \**sobbian*): frequentative of a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sūb}}$  in OHG. *sūfti* 'a sigh, a sob' — *sūftōn* (G. *seufzen*) 'to sigh'.

**sock** sb. ME. *sock* OE. *socc*: loan-word fr. LAT. *soccus* (= FR. *socque*, ITAL. *socco*), whence also OHG. MHG. *soc*, ON. *sokkr*.

**sod** sb. ME. *sōde*: probably borrowed fr. MLG. *sōde*, which corresponds to OFRIES. *sātha* 'sod, turf': Teut. base *saufōn-*; perhaps related to *seethe*.

**soft** adj. adv. ME. *sōfte* short for OE. *sōfte* adv. by the side of the unlauted adj. OE. *sēfte*; ident. w. OSAX. *sāfti* adj. — *sāfto* adv. = OHG. *sanfti* adj. — *samfto* adv. (G. *sanft sacht*, DU. *zacht*).

**soil<sup>1</sup>** sb. 'ground' ME. *soile* fr. OFR. *soel* = FR. *sueil*: source LAT. *solea*.

**soil<sup>2</sup>** vb. 'to defile' ME. *soile* fr. FR. *souiller*.

**solace** sb. ME. *solās* fr. OFR. *solaz* = LAT. *solatium*.

**soldier** sb. ME. *soudiour* properly *souldier* fr. OFR. *soldier* (FR. *soldat*). Source OFR. *soulde* 'pay for soldiers', whence DU. G. *sold*. Source LAT. *solidus* (= ITAL. *soldo*, FR. *sou*) 'piece of money'.

**sole<sup>1</sup>** (of a shoe) sb. ME. *sōle* OE. *sole* = OHG. *sola* G. *sohle*, DU. *zool*: Teut. base *sola*, borrowed fr. a LAT. type \**sola*, represented by FR. *sole*, ITAL. *suolo*, SPAN. *sucla* 'sole of a shoe'. The vul-

gar-LAT. *sola* has supplanted LAT. *solea*, whence GOTH. *sulja* 'sole' is borrowed.

**sole**<sup>2</sup> (a flat fish) ME. *sôle* fr. FR. *sole*; ident. w. *sole*<sup>1</sup>; cp. LAT. *solea* 'sole-fish'.

**some** pron. ME. *sum* *som* OE. *sum* = GOTH. *sums*, ON. *sumr*, OHG. *sum*: ARYAN base *somo-* in GR. *ἄμωθεν*, SKR. *sama*.

**son** sb. ME. *some* *sune* OE. *sunu* = GOTH. *sumus*, ON. *sunr*, OSAX. *sunu*, OHG. *sun* G. *sohn* DU. *soon*: Teut. base *sunu-*. An ARYAN base *sīnu-* is evident in SKR. *sīnu-*, OSLOV. *synü*, LITH. *sūnis* 'son'. Cogn. w. GR. *υἱός* 'son' fr. an ARYAN base *syu-* and w. OIR. *suth* 'foetus'. There occurs also a SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{śū}}$  'to beget, bear, bring forth'.

**song** vb. ME. OE. *sung*: Teut. base *sang(æ)ja-* also in GOTH. *saggwas*, ON. *sengr*, DU. *zang*, G. *sang*. Cp. *sing*.

**soon** adv. ME. *sōne* OE. *sōna*; as shown by GOTH. *suns-aiwo* 'soon', OE. *sōn-a* is a compound of OE. *sōn* (= OHG. OSAX. *sân*) and *á* (= GOTH. *aiwo* OHG. *io*); cp. OHG. *sâr-sâr-io* and GOTH. *suns* 'soon'.

**soot** sb. ME. OE. *sōt* = ODU. *soet*, ON. *söt*; derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sēt}}$  'sit, set'; cogn. w. OIR. *suide* (base \**sodū*), LITH. *sólis*, OSLOV. *sažúa* 'soot'.

**sooth** adj. 'true' ME. *sōth* OE. *sōþ* fr. a Teut. base *sanþ-* = ON. *sannr*, OHG. *sand*, OSAX. *sēth*; cogn. w. GOTH. *sunjis* (for \**sundja-*). TEUT. *sanþ-* answers to SKR. *sat*,

which is participle of the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{es}}$  'to be' (SKR. *asti*, GR. *ἔσται*, LAT. *est*, G. *ist*) with the suffix *-out-* in GR. *φειγοῦτ-* (cp. *tooth*). GOTH. *sunjis* 'true' corresponds to SKR. *satya* 'true'.

**sore** adj. ME. *sōr* OE. *sār* fr. a TEUT. adj. *sai-ra-* in ON. *sārr*, OHC. *sâr*, DU. *zcer* 'sore, wounded'; cp. GOTH. *sair* sb. 'pain', OHG. *sēr* (G. *versehren* vb. 'to hurt'). Cogn. w. LAT. *sac-rus* 'wild' and OIR. *sai-th* 'pain'. Cp. *sorry*.

**sorrel** (plantname) fr. OFR. *sorel* (FR. *surcille*), which is derived fr. FR. *sur* 'sour' = OHG. *sûr* (see under *sour*).

**sorrow** sb. ME. *sorwe* OE. *sorg* infl. *sorge*: Teut. base *sorgō-* in GOTH. *saurga*, OHG. *sorga* G. *sorge*, DU. *zorg*, ON. *sorg*: ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sirgh}}$  in LITH. *sergēti* 'to heed' — *sirgti* 'to suffer'.

**sorry** adj. ME. *sōry* OE. *sariz* earlier *sarez*: Teut. base *sair-ag-*, deriv. fr. TEUT. *saira-* = *sore*.

**soot** sb. ME. *sot* late OE. (c. 1000) *sott*; borrowed fr. FR. *sot*, whence also DU. *sot* and MHG. *sot*; cogn. w. IR. *suthan* 'a dunce'.

**soul** sb. ME. *soule* prop. *sōule* OE. *saewol* infl. *saewle*: TEUT. *saiw-alō-* in GOTH. *saiwala*, OHG. *sēla* (for \**sēwala*) G. *seele*, OSAX. *scula*, DU. *ziel*. Cp. GR. *αιολος* 'movable'.

**sound**<sup>1</sup> adj. 'healthy' ME. *sound* prop. *isound* OE. *zēsund* = OSAX. *gisund*, OHG. *gisunt* G. *gesund*, DU. *gezond*; probably cognate w. LAT. *sānus* 'healthy'.

**sound** (of the sea)<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *sound* OE. *sūnd*; the original meaning of the OE. word is 'a swimming' which affirms connection w. *swim*: Teut. base *sunda-* (ON. *sund*) for \**swunda-*.

**sound**<sup>3</sup> sb. 'a noise' ME. *soun* fr. FR. *son*: source LAT. *sonus*.

**sound**<sup>4</sup> vb. fr. FR. *souder*.

**sour** adj. ME. *sour* OE. *sūr* = ON. *sūrr*, DU. *zuur*, OHG. *sūr* G. *sauer*: ARYAN base *sūro-* in LITH. *sūras*, OSLOV. *syrū* 'raw, rough'.

**source** sb. ME. *sours* fr. FR. *source* (deriv. fr. LAT. *surgerē*).

**south** sb. ME. *south* OE. *sūþ* = ON. *súdr*, DU. *zuid*: Teut. base *sunþ-* in OHG. *sundan* 'from the south' (= OE. *sūdan*, ON. *sunnan*). Probably allied to GR. *νότος* (for \**ónóτος*) 'south-wind'. — **southern** ME. *sothern* OE. *sūðerne* corresponds to OHG. *sundrōni* = ON. *sudrōnn*.

**sow**<sup>1</sup> vb. ME. *sōwe* OE. *sāwan* str. vb. = GOTH. *saian*, ON. *sá*, DU. *zaaijen*, OSAX. *sājan*, OHG. *sācn* G. *sācn* = ARYAN verbal  $\sqrt{sē}$  in LAT. *sero* (ground-form \**siso*) -*sēvi-satum*, OSLOV. *sē-ti*, LITH. *sēti* 'sow' and in LAT. *sē-men* = OHG. *sā-mo* G. *same*. Cp. *seed*.

**sow**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *sowe* earlier *suwe* *suge* OE. *sugu*. Cogn. w. TEUT. *sū* 'sow' (under *swine*) and w. IR. *suig* 'a pig'.

**space** sb. ME. *spāce* fr. OFR. *espace*; source LAT. *spatium*.

**spade** sb. ME. *spāde* OE. *spādu* infl. *spadan*; ident. w. ON. *spadi*, DU. *spādē*, OSAX. *spado*, G. *spaten*;

cogn. w. GR. *σπάθη* 'a blade of wood or metal'.

**span** vb. ME. *spanne* OE. *spannan* str. vb. = OHG. *spannan* G. DU. *spannen* 'to extend'.

**span-new** adj. ME. *span-nēwe* fr. ON. *spán-nýr*; ON. *spánn* (cp. *spoon*) means 'a chip, shaving'.

**spar** sb. ME. *sparre* (cp. the vb. OE. *zespærrian* 'to shut, bar') = OHG. *sparro* (whence G. *sparren*), DU. *spar*, ON. *sparri*: Teut. base *sparron-*.

**spar**<sup>2</sup> sb. OE. *spar-stán*; cp. G. *sparkalk*.

**spar**<sup>3</sup> vb. ME. *sparre* fr. OFR. *esparer* = FR. *éparer*.

**spare** adj. ME. *spar* infl. *spāre* OE. *spar* (infl. \**spara*) in the compound *spar-hende* (original meaning 'having spare, thrifty hands') and in the vb. *sparian* 'to spare'. Teut. base *spara-* in ON. *sparr*, OHG. *spar* (G. *spar-sam*); cp. ON. *spara*, OHG. *sparōn* G. *sparen* 'to spare'. Outside of TEUT., OSLOV. *sparū* 'thrifty' and GR. *σπαρρός* 'rare, lacking' are cognate.

**spark** sb. ME. *sparke* OE. *spearca*: Teut. base *sparkon-* in DU. *spark*, LG. *sparke*; cogn. w. LAT. *spar-gere*?

**sparrow** sb. ME. *sparwe* OE. *spearwa* = GOTH. *sparwa*: Teut. base *sparwan-*; cp. OHG. *sparo* (G. *spering*).

**speak** vb. ME. *spēke* OE. *spēcan* str. vb. = OHG. *spēhhan* with the byforms OE. *sprecau* = OHG. *sprēhhan* G. *sprechen*, DU. *spreken*,

OSAX. *sprēkan*; WEST-TEUT. strong verbal  $\sqrt{\text{sprēk}}$ : *spēk*, perhaps connected w. ON. *spraka* 'to crackle' and LITH. *spragėti* 'to crackle'. See *speech*.

**spear** sb. ME. *spēre* OE. *spēre*; ident. w. ON. *spjor*, OHG. *spēr* G. DU. *speer* and cogn. w. LAT. *sparus* 'a dart'.

**speck** vb. ME. *specke* OE. *spēcca* 'a spot, mark'; cp. DU. *spikkel*.

**speech** sb. ME. *spēche* OE. (rare) *spēc* (*spēc*) with the common byform OE. *spræc*: Westteut. base *spāki-* *sprāki-*; derived fr.  $\sqrt{\text{spēk}}$  *sprēk* in *speak*.

**speed** sb. ME. OE. *spēd* properly OE. *spād* fr. a Teut. base *spō-di-* in OSAX. *spōd* 'success', DU. *spoed* 'speed', OHG. *spuot* 'success' (whence G. *sputen* 'to make haste'): verbal abstract to the str. vb. OE. *spōwan* 'to succeed' = OHG. *spuon* 'to succeed', which are cognate w. OSLOV. *spējati* 'to succeed', SKR. *sphāy* 'to increase': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sphō}}$  *sphō*.

**spell** sb. ME. OE. *spel* (infl. *spell-*) 'story, saying' (see also *gospel*) = GOTH. *spill* 'tale, myth', ON. *spjall* 'a saying', OHG. *spil* 'a narrative' (DU. *spellen* vb.): Teut. base *spella-*, assimilated for *sqedlo-*, pre-TEUT. *sq-ettlo-* OIR. *scél*, CYMR. *chwedl* 'a story'. Derived from the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{seq}}$  'to say, tell' (cp. *say*); ARYAN suffix *-etto-* as in GR. *ἐξέτητο*.

**spell** vb. ME. *spelle* 'syllabicate' (Orms *spelledrenn* 'syllabicate'); not found in this mean-

ing in OE. Cognate w. OFR. *espeler* = FR. *épeler* 'to spell'.

**spelt** sb. OE. *spēlt* = DU. *spelt*, OHG. *spēlta spēlza*: loanword fr. late LAT. *spelta* (= IT. *spelta*, FR. *épeautre*).

**spend** vb. ME. *spende* OE. \**spendan* (in the sb. *spending* and in the compounds *ā-*, *for-spendan*): loanword fr. LAT. *dispendere* vb. 'spend', whence also G. *spenden* OHG. *spēntan*.

**spew** vb. ME. *spewe* OE. *spēwan* = OHG. OSAX. *spēwan* G. *speien*, GOTH. *speiwan* str. vb. (ON. *spýja*, DU. *spuven*): strong verbal  $\sqrt{\text{spīw}}$  as in LAT. *spuere*, LITH. *spiauti* 'to spew'; cp. the cognate  $\sqrt{\text{spju}}$  in GR. *πυρέω*, OSLOV. *spjuti*?

**spice** sb. ME. *spīce* fr. OFR. *espice* (FR.) = LAT. *species*.

**spider** sb. ME. *spither* in Kent. for *spinder* OE. \**spinnēre*; derived fr. *spin*.

**spike** sb. ME. *spīk* 'an ear of corn' fr. LAT. *spīca*.

**spill** vb. ME. *spille* late OE. *spillan* fr. ON. *spilla*; ident. w. OE. *spillan*, OHG. *spildan* 'to spill': Teut. base *spilþjan*.

**spin** vb. ME. *spīnne* OE. *spinnan* str. vb. — GOTH. OHG. *spinnan*, G. DU. *spinnen*, ON. *spinna*: all equivalent. The str. vb. TEUT. *spinnan* rests on a  $\sqrt{\text{spen}}$  in **spindle** ME. OE. *spīnel* = OHG. *spīnula*.

**spirit** see *sprite*.

**spit**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *spīte* OE. *spītu* 'roasting spit' — OHG. *spīz*, DU. *spit* (ITAL. *spito*, FR. *épois* repre-

sent a TEUT. *spitus*); derived fr. the TEUT. adj. *spitu-* in OHG. *spitsi* G. *spitz*.

**spit**<sup>2</sup> vb. ME. *spitte* OE. *ȝespyttan*; ident. w. ON. *spytta* with the by-form *spýta*, LG. *spjiten*, G. *speutzen*; see *spout*.

**spite** sb. ME. *spit* for *despit*; see *despite*.

**spleen** sb. fr. LAT. (GR.) *splen*.

**split** vb. Scandin. loanword; cp. DAN. *splitte*; cogn. w. DU. *splijten* = MHG. *splizen* G. *spleissen* (whence G. *splitter*).

**spoil** vb. ME. *spoile* fr. FR. *spolier* (LAT. *spoliare*).

**spoke** sb. ME. *spōke* OE. *spāca* = OSAX. *spēka* DU. *speck*, OHG. *speihha* G. *speiche*. All equivalent; Teut. base *spaihōn*.

**sponge** sb. ME. *sponȝe* fr. OFR. *esponge* (FR. *éponge*); source LAT. *spongia*, whence also OSAX. *spunsia* DU. *spons*.

**spool** sb. (not found in ME. OE.) loanword fr. DU. *spoel*; ident. w. OHG. *spuolo* G. *spule* (ITAL. *spuola* is of TEUT. origin): Teut. base *spōlōn-*; doubtful whether cogn. w. *spin*.

**spoon** sb. ME. OE. *spōn* fr. a TEUT. *spānu-* (*spēnu-*) in OHG. *spān* 'a chip, splint', DU. DAN. *spaan* 'a chip', ON. *spānn spōnn* 'a chip' (cp. *span-net*). Cogn. w. MHG. *spāt* 'a chip':  $\sqrt{\text{spē}}$ .

**sport** sb. for *disport* as *spend* for *dispend*; ME. *disporte* vb. fr. OFR. *se desporter* 'to amuse oneself'.

**spot** sb. ME. *spot* pl. *spottes*;

not found in OE. (where *splot* pl. *splottas* 'a spot'); cp. ODU. *spotte* DU. *spot* 'a blot'.

**spouse** sb. ME. *spouse* fr. OFR. *espouse* (FR. *épouse*); source LAT. *sponsa*.

**spout** vb. ME. *spoute*; cogn. w. *spit*.

**sprat** sb. ME. *sprot* (pl. *sprottes*) OE. *sprot* (pl. *sprottas*); cp. MLG. *sprot* G. *sprotte*, DU. *sprot*.

**sprawl** vb. ME. *spraule* OE. *spræawlian* fr. a TEUT. *sprauwalōn*.

**spread** vb. ME. *sprēde* OE. (*ȝe*) *sprēdan* 'to extend' = OHG. G. *spreiten*, DU. *spreiden*; deriv. fr. the str. vb. OHG. *sprītan* 'to become extended'.

**spring** str. vb. ME. *springe* OE. *springan* = OSAX. OHG. *springan*, ON. *springa* (ITAL. *springare* is a TEUT. loanword): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sprēng}}$  *sprang*, perhaps related to GR. *σπρόρεισθαι* 'to make haste'.

**sprite** sb. ME. *sprite* fr. FR. *esprit*; ident. w. *spirit*. Source LAT. *spiritus*.

**sprout** vb. ME. *sproute* (OE. *\*sprūtan*) = DU. *spruiten*, LG. *sprūten*, OFRIES. *sprūta* 'to sprout'; cp. G. *sprössen*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{sprūt}}$  *spreut*.

**spur** sb. ME. *spure* OE. *spura* (*spora*); ident. w. OHG. *sporo* (G. *sporn*), DU. *spoor*, ON. *spori* (ITAL. *sprone* FR. *épéron* are of TEUT. origin): Teut. base *spuron-sporon-*  $\sqrt{\text{spor}}$  in OHG. OSAX. OE. *spurnan* 'to kick against' under *spurn* and in G. *spur* DU. *spoor* OE. *spor* 'a foot-track'.



**spurge** sb. short for ME. *spourge*: loanword fr. OFR. *espurge* (source LAT. *expurgare*).

**spurn** vb. ME. *spurne* OE. *spurnan* str. vb. 'to kick against' = OHG. OSAX. *spurnan* 'to kick against': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sp}}r$  in LAT. *spurnere* 'to despise', LITH. *spirti* 'to kick against', GR.  $\sigma\pi\alpha\rho\epsilon\iota\nu$ , SKR. *sphur*. Cp. *spur*.

**spy** vb. ME. *spie* fr. OFR. *espier*, which is of Teut. origin: OHG. *spēhōn* G. *spähen*, ODU. *spien* (ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sp}}ēk$  in LAT. *conspicio*, *speculum*, SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{sp}}ac$ ).

**square** sb. ME. *square* fr. OFR. *esquarre* 'a square'.

**squire** sb. ME. *squire* = *esquire*.

**squirrel** sb. ME. *squirrel* for *scürēl* fr. OFR. *escurel* (= FR. *écureuil*); source a LAT. type *scurellus* (*sciuriolus*) for LAT. *sciurus* 'a squirrel'.

**stable**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *stable* fr. OFR. *estable* (= FR. *étable*); source LAT. *stabulum* 'abode, stable'.

**stable**<sup>2</sup> adj. ME. *stable* fr. OFR. *estable* = LAT. *stabilis* 'stable'.

**staff** sb. ME. *staf* (pl. *staves*) OE. *staf* (pl. *stafas*) = ON. *stafr*, DU. *staf*, OHG. G. *stab*; cp. OHG. *stabēn* 'to be stiff' and the adj. EASTFRIES. *staf* 'stiff', also LITH. *stūbas* 'staff' - *stābas stobras*; SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{stabh}}$  'be stiff'.

**tag** sb. ME. *tagge* late OE. *tagga* 'a tag'.

**stage** sb. ME. *stāge* fr. OFR. *estage* = FR. *étage* (LAT. type *staticum*).

**stain** sb. ME. *steine* fr. OFR. *desteindre* = LAT. *dis-tingere*.

**stair** sb. ME. *steir* properly *stēier* OE. *stēizer* = ODU. OLG. *stēiger* DU. *steiger* 'stair': WEST-TEUT. ground-form *stāigir*, derived fr. the Teut. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{stīg}}$  in OE. *stigan*, OHG. *stigan* G. *steigen*, DU. *stijgen* 'to climb'; cogn. w. GR.  $\sigma\tau\acute{\alpha}\chi\epsilon\iota\nu$  'to march', SKR. *stigh* 'ascend' (cp. LAT. *ve-stigium* 'a foot-track').

**stake** sb. ME. *stake* OE. *stāca* = ODU. *stāke* DU. *staak*, SWED. *stake*; cp. OFRIES. *stak* 'stiff', G. *stachel* 'a prick, goad'.

**stalk**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *stalke*, a dimin. form with suffixed *k* of ME. *stāle*; cp. OE. *stēla*, ON. *stil-kr* 'a stalk', OHG. G. *stil*, also GR.  $\sigma\tau\epsilon\lambda\epsilon\acute{\omicron}\nu$  'a handle'.

**stalk**<sup>2</sup> vb. ME. *stalke*; *k* is a frequentative suffix; cp. OE. *stylan* 'to leap' (OE. \**stealcian*).

**stall** sb. ME. *stal* OE. *steall* fr. a Teut. base *stalla-* in ON. *stallr*, OHG. *stal* G. *stall*, DU. *stal* 'stall, stable' (ITAL. *stallo* 'place' — *stalla* 'stable' are of Teut. origin). ARYAN base *stadhlo-* in LAT. *stabulum* 'stable'.

**stallion** sb. ME. *stalloun* fr. OFR. *estalon* (FR. *étron*) = ITAL. *stallone*: of Teut. origin (TEUT. *stalla-* 'stable' under *stall*).

**stammer** vb. ME. *stamere* deriv. fr. OE. *stamer* adj. 'stammering'; cp. DU. *stameren-stamelen*, OHG. *stamalōn*;  $\sqrt{\text{stam}}$  in ON. *stamr* 'stammering' — *stama* vb. 'to stammer', OHG. *stamēn* 'stammer';

cp. also GOTH. *stamms* 'stammering'. Cogn. w. OSAX. OHG. *stum* G. *stumm* 'dumb'.

**stamp** vb. ME. *stampe* (E. \**stampian*) = DU. *stampen*, OHG. *stampfôn* G. *stampfen* (ITAL. *stampare* FR. *étamper* are of TEUT. origin): TEUT. √ *stamp* cogn. w. GR. *στῆμ-βειν* 'to stamp'.

**stanch**, *staunch* vb. ME. *staunche* vb. fr. OFR. *estancher*.

**stand** vb. ME. *stande* OE. *standan* (prt. OE. ME. *stōd*) = GOTH. OSAX. *standan*, ON. *standa*, OHG. *stantan* 'to stand': a strong vb., common to the Teut. languages; TEUT. √ *stap* *stad*; the nasal of the verb is orig. characteristic of the present tense).

**standard** sb. ME. *standard* (= DU. *standaard*) fr. OFR. *estandard* = FR. *étandard* (ITAL. *standardo* fr. LAT. *extendere* 'spread out').

**stang** sb. ME. *stange* loanword fr. ON. *stong* gen. *stangar*; ident. w. OHG. *stanga* G. *stange*, DU. *stang* and the unlauded OE. *steng* 'pole, stake'; source the vb. OE. *stingan* 'to stab, pierce'; see *sting*.

**stanyell** sb. (Shakesp.) OE. *stān-ǰella* properly 'rock-yeller': cp. *yell*.

**staple** sb. ME. *stāpel* OE. *stāpol* 'a prop' = DU. LG. *stapel*, OFRIES. *stapul* 'block'.

**star** sb. ME. *stërre* OE. *steorra* = OHG. OSAX. *stërro*, ODU. MLG. *stërre*: Teut. base *stërron-*; ident. w. GOTH. *stairnô*, ON. *stjarna* (hence ME. *sternc*), OHG. *stërno* (G. *stern* OHG. *stërn*). Cogn. w.

SKR. *star*, GR. *ἀστὴρ*, LAT. *stella* (for \**sterula*?). All equivalent.

**starboard** sb. ME. *stërbôrd* short for OE. *stëorbord*; cp. ON. *stjörborði* 'starboard' and OE. *stëor* under *steer*<sup>2</sup>.

**starch** sb. ME. \**sterche* OE. *stërcô* (= G. *stärke*): umlaut-derivative with palatalisation of *stark*.

**stare** vb. ME. *stäre* OE. *starian* = ON. *stara*, OHG. *starêu* 'to stare'; derived fr. an adj. *stara-* in SKR. *sthira* 'fast, hard', GR. *στερεός* 'hard': ARYAN √ *sta* 'to stand' in OHG. *stân stên* G. *stehen*, DU. *staan*, LAT. *stare*, GR. *ἵσταρα*, SKR. *sthâ*.

**stark** adj. ME. *stark* OE. *stearc* = OSAX. MHG. G. *stark*; cp. ON. (with umlaut) *sterkr* and GOTH. *gastaurknan* 'to become dry': ARYAN √ *styg* in LITH. *stręgti* 'to become stiff'.

**starling** sb. ME. *stërling* short for OE. *stërling*: dimin. formation of OE. *stër* 'a starling' = OHG. *stära* G. *staar* 'a starling'; cogn. w. OE. *stjarn* = LAT. *sturnus*.

**start** vb. ME. *sterte* (OE. \**steortan* str. vb.); cp. ODU. DU. *storten*, OHG. *sturzen* G. *stürzen*: TEUT. √ *stërt* *sturt*.

**starve** vb. ME. *stërve* OE. *steorfan* str. vb. 'die(of hunger)' = DU. *sterven*, OSAX. *stërbau*, OHG. *stërbau* G. *sterben* str. vb. 'to die'; cp. ON. *starfi* 'stiffness', EAST-FRIES. *bestarfen* 'be stiff'. The original meaning of the TEUT. √ *stërb* was probably 'be stiff'.

**state** sb. ME. *estât* fr. OFR. *estat* FR. *état* = LAT. *status*.

**stay**<sup>1</sup> vb. ME. *staie* fr. OFR. *estayer* fr. *étayer*.

**stay**<sup>2</sup> sb. OE. *stæȝ*; Teut. base *staga-*, whence FR. *étay*; cp. DU. LG. *stag*.

**stead** sb. ME. *stēde* OE. *stēde* fr. a Teut. base *stadi-* = GOTH. *stafs* 'a stead, place', OHG. *stat* (G. *Stadt* 'town'), ON. *stadr* 'a place': abstract formation of the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sta}}$  'to stand' (see *stare*); cp. LAT. *statio*, SKR. *sthiti* 'a standing'.

**steak** sb. ME. *stike* (late OE. *staccan* vb. 'to roast'); borrowed fr. ON. *steik* 'a steak' — *steikja* 'to roast'.

**steal** vb. ME. *stīle* OE. *stīlan* str. vb. = GOTH. *stīlan*, ON. *stela*, OSAX. OHG. *stelan* G. *stehlen* DU. *stelen*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{stēl}}$ , perhaps ident. w. GR. *στέρεισθαι* — *στερίθζειν* 'bereave'.

**steam** sb. ME. *stīm* OE. *stīam* fr. a Teut. base *stau-ma-* (DU. *stoom*, EASTFRIES. *stōm*):  $\sqrt{\text{stau}}$ , not found elsewhere.

**steed** sb. ME. *stēde* OE. *stēda* 'a stallion': umlaut-derivative of OE. *stōd* = E. *stud*.

**steel** sb. ME. *stēle* OE. *stēle* (*stīle*): umlaut-formation by the side of the equival. OHG. *staīal* G. *stahl*, DU. *staal*, ON. *stīl*: Teut. base *stahla-* and (for OE. *stīle*) *stahlja-*; ident. w. OPRUSS. *stakla-* 'steel'.

**steep** adj. ME. *stīp* OE. *stīap* adj.; ident. w. OE. *stīap* = ON. *staup* 'beaker' under *stoup*. — Umlaut-deriv. **steeple** ME. *stīpel* OE. *stīpel* *stīpel* (fr. a Teut. base *staupila-*; cp. ON. *stopull* 'a steeple').

**steer**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. *stēr* OE. *stjōr* = GOTH. *stīur*, ON. *stjōrr*, OHG. OSAX. *stior* G. DU. *stier* 'a bull'; ident. w. ON. *hjōrr* (DAN. *tyr*): ARYAN base (*s*)*teuro* (OSLOV. *turū* 'steer'). But GR. *ταῦρος* corresponds to OIR. *tarb* (ARYAN base *tarwo-*, not cogn. w. *steer*).

**steer**<sup>2</sup> vb. ME. *stere* OE. *stjēran* w. the unlauded byform *stjran* = OHG. *sturan* G. *steuern*, DU. *sturen*; cp. ON. *stjri* 'a rudder'; for a non-unlauded root-form see under *starboard*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{steur}}$  also in GOTH. *stjurjan* 'to confirm'.

**stem** sb. ME. *stem* OE. *stēm* *stēfn* 'a stem of a tree': ablaut-relation to ON. *stafn*, OSAX. *stann* = OHG. *stam* G. *stamm* DU. *stam*: TEUT. ground-forms *stēmna-* *stamna-*, cogn. w. IR. *tamón* 'stem'.  $\sqrt{\text{sta}}$  'to stand' under *stare*.

**stench** sb. ME. *stench* OE. *stēnē* fr. a TUET. base *stank(w)j-*; see *stink*.

**step** vb. OE. *stæppan* *stēppan* str. vb.; cp. DU. *stappen*, OHG. *stapfōn* 'to step' and OE. *stæpe* *stæpe* 'a step, pace'; probably related to OSLOV. *stofa* 'foot-track'? The root seems to be nasalized in *stamp*.

**step** in *stepfather* *stepmother* etc. ME. *stēp-fader*, *-mōder* short for OE. *stēp-fæder*, *-mōdor*: ident. w. ON. *stjūpfadir*, *-mōdir* — OHG. *stiof-fater*, *-muoter* G. *stiefvater*, *stiefmutter*: Teut. base *steupa-*, whence OHG. *bist. ufēn* OE. *astīfan* vb. 'bereave, deprive (of parents)'.

**stern**<sup>1</sup> adj. ME. *stérne* OE. *styrne*: Teut. base *stirni-* prop. *stérnu-*, cogn. w. LAT. *strēnuus*.

**stern**<sup>2</sup> sb. ME. *stérne* fr. ON. *stjórn* 'a steering'; see *starboard* and *steer* vb.

**stew** vb. ME. *stūwe* vb. fr. the sb. OFR. *estue* = G. *stube*; see *stove*.

**steward** sb. ME. *steward* (since the 12<sup>th</sup> cent.); cogn. w. OE. *sti(ʒ)-wita* 'house-holder'. The first element is ident. w. *sty*.

**stick** sb. ME. *sticke* OE. *sticca* = OHG. *stēcko* G. *stecken*: Teut. base *stikkon-*, derived fr. the verbal  $\sqrt{\text{stik}}$  in OHG. *stēhhan* G. *stechen*.

**stiff** adj. short for ME. OE. *stif* 'stiff' = ON. *stifr*, DU. *stijf*, G. *steif*; cogn. w. LITH. *stipti* 'to become stiff' and LAT. *stipes* 'a pole'.

**stile** sb. ME. *stīle* contracted from OE. *stīgol* infl. *stīzcle* = OHG. *stīgila* 'a stile'; derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{stīg}}$  under *stair*.

**still** adj. ME. OE. *stille* = OHG. OSAX. *stīli* G. *still*, DU. *stil*, OFRIES. *stille*; deriv. fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{stell}}$  'to stand firmly' in the factitive vb. OHG. G. *stellen* 'to place' and in OHG. *stollo* 'post'.

**stilt** sb. ME. *stīle*; ident. w. OHG. *stēla* G. *stēlce*, DU. *stelt*; all equivalent.

**sting** vb. ME. *stinge* OE. *stingan* str. vb. = GOTH. (*us*)*stiggan*, ON. *stinga*; cp. OHG. *stungōn* *stungen* 'to sting': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{stēng}}$  under *stang*.

**stink** vb. ME. *stinke* OE. *stincan* str. vb. = GOTH. *stiggan*, OHG.

OSAX. *stinkan* G. DU. *stinken*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{stēng}}$  pre-TEUT. *stēngaw* (*tēngaw* in GR. *ταγγός* 'rancid').

**stir** vb. ME. *stīre* OE. *styrian* vb.; ident. w. the ablauted OHG. *stōren* G. *stören*, DU. *storen*, OFRIES. *stēra*: WEST-TEUT. bases *sturjan* *staurjan*;  $\sqrt{\text{stur}}$  also in *storm*?

**stirrup** sb. ME. *stīroþ* properly *stī-rōþ* OE. *stīz-rāþ*; ident. w. OHG. *stēga-reif* G. *stēgreif* (DU. *steegreep*), ON. *stīg-reif*. Second element of the compound is TEUT. *raipa* = *roap*; for the 1<sup>st</sup> element (Teut. *stiga-*  $\sqrt{\text{stīg}}$ ) see *stair*.

**stitch** sb. ME. *sticche* OE. *stīce* early *stīci*: Teut. base *stiki-* 'a pricking' by the side of OE. *stician* 'to prick'; cf. OHG. *stēhhan* G. *stechen* (OHG. *stih* G. *stich* sb. 'pricking'), OSAX. *stekan*, DU. *steken*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{stīg}}$  in GR. *στίγυα* — *στίζω*; cf. SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{stij}}$  'be sharp'.

**stith** sb. ME. *stīth* borrowed fr. ON. *stedi* 'an anvil'.

**stock** sb. ME. *stock* OE. *stoc* 'trunk, log, pillory' = DU. *stok*, OHG. G. *stock*, ON. *stokkr*: Teut. base *stokka-* for *stukka-*; TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{stuk}}$  in DU. LG. *stoken*, ME. *stōke* 'to stab'; cogn. w. SKR. *tuj* 'push'.

**stone** sb. ME. *stōn* OE. *stān* = GOTH. *stains*, ON. *steinn*, OHG. G. *stein*, OSAX. *stēn* DU. *steen*: Cogn. w. OSLOV. *stēna* 'a wall' — *stēninnū* 'rocky', GR. *στῖον* *στία* 'pebble-stone'. Cp. *stanyel*.

**stool** sb. ME. OE. *stōl* = GOTH. *stōls*, ON. *stōll*, DU. *stoel*, OSAX. *stōl*, OHG. *stuol* G. *stuhl*: Teut. base *stō-la-* deriv. fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sthā}}$

'to stand' under *stead*. Cp. also OSLOV. *stollü* 'table', GR. *στήλη* 'column'.

**stoop** vb. ident. w. ME. *stoupe* OE. *stūpian* 'to curve downwards' = ODU. *stuiþen* 'to bow', ON. *stúpa* SWED. *stupa* 'to fall'.

**stop** vb. ME. *stoppe* (OE. *for-stopþian* 'to stop up, close'), ident. w. DU. *stoppen*, OHG. *stopfōn* G. *stopfen* and w. ITAL. *stoppare* 'to stop up with tow'. Source low LAT. *stuppāre* (LAT. *stuppā* 'oakum').

**stork** vb. ME. *stork* OE. *storc* = DU. *stork*, OHG. *stork* G. *storch*, ON. *storkr*; cogn. w. GR. *τόρυος* 'a large bird'.

**storm** sb. ME. OE. *storm* = ON. *stormr*, DU. *storm* (OHG. G. *sturm*); derived fr.  $\sqrt{\text{stur}}$  in *stir* or cogn. w. LAT. *sternere* 'to strew'.

**story** sb. ME. *storie* fr. OFR. *estoire* = LAT. *historia*.

**stoup** *stoop* ME. *stip*: borrowed fr. ON. *stouþ* 'beaker, cup' = *stoop* 'a gallon': the sb. (TEUT. *staupa* 'beaker') rests on the adj. *staupa* = *steep*.

**stout** adj. ME. *stout* fr. OFR. *estout*; ident. w. DU. *stout*, OHG., G. *stolz* 'proud': source LAT. *stultus* 'foolish'.

**stove** sb. OE. *stofa* 'a bath' = OHG. *stuba* 'a bathing-room' (G. *stube* 'a room'), DU. *stoof*; ident. w. FR. *étuve* and OSLOV. *istuba* 'a room'. Source and history uncertain. Cp. *stew*.

**stow** vb. ME. *stōwe* OE. *stōweian* 'to restrain'; derived fr. OE. *stōwe* 'a place' = LITH. *stova* 'place'.

**straight** adj. ME. *streight* OE. (*a*)*streht*; part. of OE. *streccan* = *stretch*.

**strain** vb. ME. *streine* fr. OFR. *estraindre* = LAT. *stringere* and *strait* ME. *streit* fr. OFR. *estroit* (FR. *étroit*) = LAT. *strictus*.

**strand** sb. ME. OE. *strand* 'shore' = ON. *strönd* (gen. *strandar*) 'margin, edge', DU. LG. G. *strand* 'shore' (FR. *étrain* of Teut. origin).

**strange** adj. ME. *straunȝe* fr. OFR. *estrange* (FR. *étrange*): source LAT. *extraneus*.

**strangle** vb. ME. *strangle* vb. fr. OFR. *estrangler* = LAT. *strangulare*.

**strap** sb. ME. OE. *strop* (*sp*): loanword fr. LAT. *strappus* 'thong, fillet', whence also DU. LG. *strop* and FR. *étrope*.

**straw** sb. ME. *straw* OE. *streatw* (with the byforms ME. *stré* OE. *stréa*): Teut. base *strawā-* = ON. *strá*, DU. *stroo*, OHG. *strō* G. *stroh*: cp. the vb. *strew* OE. *stréawan*, *strézan* = GOTH. *straujan*, OHG. *strouwen* G. *streuen*, DU. *strooien* 'to strew'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{strau}}$  derived fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ster}}$  in GR. *στρογγύριον* *στρογγύριον* and LAT. *sterno* (*stravi* — *stratum*), OSLOV. *stréti* 'to spread out'; cp. esp. LAT. *stramen* 'straw'.

**straw-berry** sb. ME. *straw-berie* OE. *streatw-berie*: not cogn. w. *straw*. Probably connected w. LAT. *fragum* 'straw-berry': ARYAN base *sraghāw-* = Teut. base *strawā-*; the 2<sup>nd</sup> element in *straw-berry* might be explanatory.

**stray** vb. ME. *straie* fr. OFR. *estraier*; derived fr. LAT. *strata* (= *street*).

**streak** sb. ME. *strike* OE. *strica* 'a line'; cp. GOTH. *striks* 'a stroke with the pen' and *strike*.

**stream** sb. ME. *strēm* OE. *strēam* = OHG. *stroum* (G. *strom*), DU. *stroon*, ON. *straumr*: Teut. base *strau-ma-*, derived fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{stru}}$  'to flow' = SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{sru}}$  'to flow'; cp. GR.  $\rho\acute{\alpha}\nu\alpha\varsigma$ , OIR. *sruth* 'river' — *srúim* 'stream' (LAT. *flūmen* instead of \**frūmen*: ARYAN *srou-men-*).

**street** ME. *strēte* OE. *strēt* *strēt* infl. *strāte* (whence ON. *strāti* is borrowed) = OSAX. *strāta*, DU. *straat*, OHG. *strāzza* G. *strasse*: WEST-TEUT. *strāta* fr. LAT. *strāta* (sc. *via*) prop. 'a paved way', whence ITAL. *strada* = FR. *étroite* (OIR. *sráth*) 'a street'.

**strength** sb. ME. *strengthe* OE. *strengdu* (GOTH. \**straggiþa*) derived fr. *strong*.

**stress** sb. force' short for ME. *distresse* fr. OFR. *destresse*.

**stretch** vb. ME. *strecche* OE. *strēcēcan* (part. *streht* under *straight*); ident. w. OHG. *strēchen* G. *strecken*, DU. *strekken*: TEUT. type *strakkjan*; cp. OHG. *strackēn* 'be straight and the adj. DU. LG. *strak* 'straight' (G. *stracks* 'immediately').

**strew** see under *straw*.

**stride** vb. ME. *stride* OE. *strīdan* vb. = MLG. *strīden* 'to stride':  $\sqrt{\text{strīd}}$ .

**strife** sb. ME. *strif* fr. OFR.

*estrif*, which rests on a Teut. sb. = OSAX. *strīd*, OHG. *strīt* G. *streit*.

**strike** vb. ME. *strike* OE. *strīcan* str. vb. 'to rub, wipe' = OFRIES. *strīka*, DU. *strijken*, OHG. *strīhhan* G. *strichen*; TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{strīk}}$ , ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{strīg}}$  in LAT. *strigilis*, OSLOV. *strigā* — *strīsti* 'to shear'. Cp. *stroke*.

**string** sb. ME. OE. *strīng* fr. a TEUT. base *strangi-* in ON. *strengr*, DU. *streng*, OHG. G. *strang*; cogn. w. the adj. *strong*.

**strive** vb. ME. *strīve* fr. OFR. *estrīver* vb. (OFR. *estrif* under *strife*).

**stroke** sb. ME. *strōk* and *stroke* vb. OE. *strācian* fr.  $\sqrt{\text{strīk}}$  under *strike*.

**strong** adj. ME. OE. *strōng* fr. TEUT. base *strangu-* in OHG. *strang* *strēngi* G. DU. *streng* (G. *sich anstrengen* vb.); cogn. w. LAT. *stringere* 'to draw tight, compress'.

**stub** sb. ME. *stubbe* with the umlauted byform OE. *stybb* 'a stub'; cp. LG. *stubbe*, DU. *stobbe*, ON. *stubb* and GR.  $\sigma\tau\acute{\upsilon}\nu\omicron\varsigma$  'a stub, stump'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{stup}}$ , nasalized in *stump*.

**stubble** sb. ME. *stoble* *stuble* fr. OFR. *estouble*; ident. w. OHG. *stufala* DU. G. *stoppel*: source vulgar LAT. *stup(i)la* instead of LAT. *stipula* 'stubble'.

**stud** sb. short for ME. OE. *stōd* 'a stud' (cp. the umlaut-derivation *steed*) = ON. *stōd*, OHG. *stuot*. Cp. OSLOV. RUSS. *stado*, LITH. *stodas* 'a herd of horses'.

**study** vb. ME. *studie* prop. *stūdie*

vb. fr. OFR. *estudier* (FR. *étudier*) = LAT. *studere*.

**stuff** sb. fr. OFR. *estoffe* = FR. *éttoffe* (whence also G. *stoff*, DU. *stof*).

**stump** sb. ME. *stump stomp*; ident. w. DU. *stomp*, OHG. G. *stumpf*: probably connected w. *stüb*: ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{stumb}}$ : *stu(n)þ*, also in ON. *stúfr stúfi* 'a stump'.

**stun** vb. ME. *stune stone* OE. *stūnian* 'to resound'; cp. the unlauted ON. *stynja* 'to groan', G. *stönen*, DU. *stencn*: ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{stn}}$  *sten* in GR. *στῆναι*. OSLOV. *stenja*, SKR. *stan* 'to groan, resound'.

**sturgeon** ME. *stourgeoun* fr. FR. *esturgeon*: source a TEUT. base *sturjon-* in OHG. *sturio* (G. *stör*, DU. *steur*) = OE. *styria* 'a sturgeon'. Doubtful whether cogn. w. *stir*.

**stutter** vb. fr. ME. *stote stute* vb.; cp. G. *stottern* 'to stammer'. All derivations of  $\sqrt{\text{staut}}$  in GOTH. *stantan*, ON. *stauta* 'to beat, strike' = OHG. *stōzzan* G. *stossen*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{(s)tud}}$  in LAT. *tundere* 'to beat', SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{tud}}$  'to strike'.

**sty**<sup>1</sup> sb. ('sty for swine') ME. *stie* OE. *stiz* infl. *stize* 'a pig-sty'; ident. w. OHG. *stia* 'a pig-sty', ON. *stī* (*svin-stī*), SWED. (*svin*)*stia* 'a sty'.

**sty**<sup>2</sup> sb. ('sty in the eye') cp. OE. *stizend*; equivalent w. LG. *stige*, NORW. *stig*.

**subdue** vb. ME. *subdiē* properly *sudie* fr. OFR. *souduir* = LAT. *subducere*.

**subtle** adj. ME. *sotel sutel sutil*

fr. OFR. *sotil* (FR. *subtil*) = LAT. *subtilis*.

**succeed** vb. ME. *succède* fr. FR. *succeder* = LAT. *succedere*.

**succour** vb. ME. *sucoure socoure* fr. OFR. *soccorre* = LAT. *succurrere*.

**such** pron. ME. *such* earlier *swuch swich* OE. *swylē swilē*: Teut. base *swulik* in OSAX. *subik*, OHG. *subih* (G. *solch*); as shown by GOTH. *swaleiks*, the 1<sup>st</sup> element of the compound rests on *so* = OE. *swā*.

**suck** vb. short for ME. *souke* OE. *sūcan* str. vb. with the byform OE. OHG. *sūgan* G. *saugen*: cogn. w. LAT. *sūgere*: ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sūg}}$  *sūk*.

**sudden** adj. ME. *sodein* prop. *sodain* fr. FR. *soudain* (LAT. type \**subitanus* for *subitaneus* 'sudden').

**suffer** vb. ME. *suffre soffre* fr. FR. *souffrir* (LAT. *suffirere*).

**sugar** sb. ME. *sūgre sücre* fr. FR. *sucré*, whence also ODU. *sūker* DU. *suiker*; cp. G. *zucker* fr. ITAL. *zucchero*.

**sum** sb. ME. *summe somme* fr. FR. *somme*.

**summer** sb. ME. *sumer somer* OE. *sūmor* fr. a Teut. base *sumaru-* in OSAX. OHG. *sumar* G. *sommer*, DU. *somer*, ON. *sumar*. Cogn. w. AVEST. *ham*, OR. *sam*, CYMR. *ham haf*, ARMEN. *amarn*: all equivalent. Cp. also SKR. *samā* 'year'.

**summit** sb. fr. FR. *sommet* (rests on LAT. *summus*).

**summon** vb. ME. *somone* fr. OFR. *somoner* (LAT. *submonere* 'to remind privately').

**sun** sb. ME. *sunne* *sonne* OE. *sunne* infl. *sunnan* = GOTH. *sunnô*, OHG. OSAX. *sunna* G. *sonne*, DU. *zon*; TEUT. base *sunnôn-*.

**supper** sb. ME. *soper* *süper* fr. FR. *souper*. Cp. *dinner*.

**sure** adj. ME. *sür* properly *scür* fr. OFR. *sur* *scur* FR. *sûr* (= LAT. *sécurus*, whence also *sicker*).

**surgeon** sb. ME. *surgēn* (*surgein*) fr. OFR. *chirurgien* (LAT. type *chirurgianus*). — Hence **surger** ME. *surgerie*; LAT. *chirurgia*.

**swaddle** vb. ME. *swathele* OE. *swæðelian* vb.: derived fr. OE. *swædel* 'bandage'; ident. w. the unlauted OHG. *swēdīl* 'bandage'; see *swathe*.

**swain** sb. ME. *swain* prop. *swēin*: borrowed in the 11<sup>th</sup> cent. fr. ON. *swēinn*; ident. w. OE. *swān* 'man, warrior', OHG. *swēin* 'servant'.

**swallow** sb. (the bird) ME. *swalowe* OE. *swælcwe* = OHG. *swalarwa* G. *schwalbe*; ident. w. OSAX. *swala*, ON. *swala* 'a swallow': Teut. base *swalcwōn-*; if for \**swalgwōn-*, cogn. w. GR. ἄλκυων?

**swallow** vb. ME. *swel(o)we* earlier *swelgen* OE. *swēlgan* str. vb. = OSAX. OHG. *swēlgan* (*swēllhan*) G. *schwelgen*, DU. *zwelgen* (ON. *swelgja*): Teut. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{swēlh}}$  *swēlg*, ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{swēlk}}$ .

**swamp** sb. cogn. w. OHG. G. *sumpf*, DAN. SWED. *sump* 'a swamp'.

**swan** sb. ME. OE. *swan* fr. a TEUT. *swana-* = ON. *swaur*; cp. OHG. *swana* G. *schwan* DU. *zwaan*. Cogn. w. LAT. *somare* (properly \**swonare*), SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{swan}}$  'to sound'.

**sward** sb. ME. *swarde* OE. *swearde* infl. *swearde* 'the skin of bacon' = ODU. *zwaerde*, MHG. *swarte* G. *schwarte* 'skin of bacon', ON. *svorðr* 'skin'. The modern E. meaning 'green turf' is due to Northern influence; cp. ON. *jarðar-svorðr* 'earth-sward', *gras-svorðr* 'grass-sward' (and MLG. *grünswarde*, DAN. *grønsvær*).

**swarm** sb. ME. *swarm* OE. *swearm* = ON. *swarmr*, OHG. *swarm* G. *schwarm* (DU. *zwerem*): all equivalent. Cp. the SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{swar}}$  'to sound'?

**swart** adj. ME. *swart* OE. *swært* = GOTH. *swarts*, ON. *swartr*, DU. *zwart*, OHG. *swartz* G. *schwarz*; Cogn. w. LAT. *sordes* (properly \**svordes*) 'dirt': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{sward}}$ . **swath** sb. ME. *swath* OE. *swæþ* 'footprint, track' (with the by-form OE. *swadu* 'track'); cp. MLG. *swat* — *swade*, G. *schwaden*, DU. *swaad* 'a row of mown grass': Teut. base *swaþa*.

**swathe** vb. ME. *swáthe* OE. *swāðian*; cp. *swaddle*.

**swats** (Scotch) 'beer' OE. *swata*; derived fr.  $\sqrt{\text{swōt}}$  under *sweet*.

**swear** vb. ME. *swēre* OE. *swērīan* (prt. ME. OE. *swōr*) str. vb. = OHG. OSAX. *swērīan* G. *schwören*, DU. *zweren*, ON. *swerja* str. vb.; cp. GOTH. *swaran*. The original meaning of the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swar}}$  was probably 'to declare', as shown by the derivative *answer*.

**sweat** vb. short for ME. *swēte* OE. *swētun*; derived fr. OE. *swát* ME. *swōte* (E. *sweat* sb. influenced



by the vb. *sweat*) = DU. *zweet*, ON. *sveiti*, OHG. *swei*z G. *schweiss*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swait}}$  (*swit* in G. *schwitzen* OHG. *swizzan*) = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{swoid}}$  *swoid* in SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{swid}}$  'to sweat', GR. ἰδρώς 'sweat' — ἰδρῶν 'to sweat', LAT. *sūdor* (orig. \**swoidos*) 'sweat', LETT. *swidrs* 'sweat'.

**sweep** vb. ME. *swēpe* OE. *swāpan* 3<sup>d</sup> p. sg. pres. t. *swēpd* 'to sweep': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swaip}}$  under *swoop*.

**sweet** adj. ME. OE. *swete* adj. with the non-umlauted adverb OE. *swēte* (ME. *sēte* adj. adv.); ident. w. ON. *sætr* (orig. \**swētr*), OSAX. *swēti*, DU. *zoet*, OHG. *swēuo*zī G. *süss*: Teut. base *swēti-*, orig. *swōtu-* (cp. GOTH. *sūts* 'sweet'), ARYAN base *swādu* in SKR. *swādū*, GR. ἄδύς ἡδίς, LAT. *suavis* (orig. \**suādu-is*). Cp. *swats*.

**swell** vb. ME. *swelle* OE. *swellan* str. vb. = OSAX. OHG. *swellan* G. *schwellen*, DU. *zwellen*, ON. *swella* str. vb.: TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{\text{swell}}$  (also in GOTH. *ufswallans* sb.).

**swerve** vb. ME. *swerve* OE. *swēorfan* str. vb. 'to scrub, file'; ident. w. OSAX. *swērfan*, DU. *zwerfen*, GOTH. *swairfan*, ON. *swërfa*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swērb}}$ , ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{swērbh}}$  in RUSS. *swerbēti*, OSLOV. *swerbēti* 'to itch'.

**swift** adj. ME. OE. *swift* (OE. *swift*?) ; p. participle of OE. *swifan* 'to move quickly' — ON. *swifa*, formed by suffix *to* (see *old*, *cold*, *loud*). Cogn. w. DU. *zweven*, OHG. *swēbēn* G. *schweben*.

**swill** vb. ME. *swile* OE. *swellan* (3<sup>d</sup> p. sg. pres. t. *swiled*).

**swim** vb. ME. *swimme* OE. *swimman* str. vb. = OSAX. OHG. *swimman* str. vb. G. *schwimmen*; ident. w. ON. *symja* (for orig. \**swumjan*) 'to swim': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swēm}}$  (*sum* under *sund*).

**swine** sb. ME. OE. *swēn* = OSAX. OHG. *swin* G. *schwein* DU. *swijn*, ON. *swin*, GOTH. *swēin*: Teut. base *swēna-*, properly *sū-ina-*, derived fr. ARYAN *sū* 'a pig' in OE. OSAX. OHG. *sū* 'a sow' = LAT. *sūs*, GR. ἴς σῦς. The suffix *-ina-* in TEUT. *swēna-* is diminutive, as shown under *chicken*, *maiden*. See also *sove*.

**swing** vb. ME. *swinge* OE. *swingan* str. vb. = OSAX. OHG. *swingan* G. *schwingen*. — **swinge** ME. *swēnge* OE. *swēnġean* 'to beat, shake' causal of *swing*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{swēng}}$  *swang* (*swangw* in GOTH. *afswaggwjan*?)

**swink** vb. ME. *swinke* OE. *swincan* str. vb. Ident. w. *swing*?

**swoon** vb. ME. *swōune* earlier *swōgnien*; derived fr. the p. participle OE. *zestwōgen* 'in a swoon' — *astwōgen* 'choked'; allied to GOTH. *gastwōgjan swōgatjan* 'to sigh', OE. *swōgan* 'to sigh, sigh': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{swōgh}}$  *swāgh* in LITH. *swagēti* 'to sound'.

**swoop** vb. ME. *swēpe* OE. *swāpan* (identical w. *sweep*).

**sword** sb. ME. *swērd* OE. *swērd* (*swurd*) = OSAX. OFRIES. *swērd*, DU. *zwaard*, ON. *swērd*, OHG. *swērt* G. *schwert*: ARYAN base *swērdho-* (in LAT. *sorbus* 'service-tree?').

## T

**table** sb. ME. *table* fr. FR. *table* = LAT. *tabula* (whence OE. *taefel* 'chess-board' = OHG. *zabal* 'board'); cp. also G. DU. *tafel*.  
**tackle** sb. ME. *takel*; ident. w. MLG. *takel* 'equipment' (G. SWED. *takel*, DAN. *takkel*).

**tadpole** short for *toad-poll*.

**tail** sb. ME. *tail* OE. *taezel* = OHG. *zagal* 'a tail', ON. *tagl* 'a tail', GOTH. *tagl* 'hair'.

**tailor** sb. ME. *taillour* fr. OFR. *tailleur* = FR. *tailleur*.

**take** vb. ME. *take* late OE. (11<sup>th</sup> cent.) *tācan* borrowed fr. ON. *taka* str. vb. taking the place of OE. *niman* (under *nimble*); cp. *cast* = ON. *kasta* supplanting OE. *weorpan* (under *war p*). Ident. w. GOTH. *tikan* str. vb. 'to touch'; TEUT. √ *tēk tak*; pre-TEUT. √ *dēg dag*?

**tale** sb. ME. *tāle* OE. *talū* = DU. *taal* 'language', OHG. *sala* G. *sahl*; cp. ON. *tal* 'a tale'. Cp. the TEUT. verb *taljan* in OE. *tellan* ME. *telle* E. **tell** = OHG. *zellan* (cp. GOTH. *talzjan*). Hence derived **talk** vb. ME. *talke* vb. (OE. *\*talcian* *\*talēcian*); *k* is suffixed as in *hark*.

**tall** adj. ME. *tal*; probably OE. *zetal* 'swift, prompt' with the by-form *geatol(līc)* 'swift'. Ident. w. OHG. *gizal*: Teut. base *ga-tala-*.

**tallow** ME. *talugh* earlier *\*tallh* = MLG. *talch* (G. *talz*, DU. *talk*), ON. *tolgr*. Cogn. w. GOTH. *tulgus* 'fast'?

**tame** adj. ME. *tāme* OE. *tam* (infl. *tāma*) = ON. *tamr*, DU. *tam*, OHG. *sam* G. *sahm*: Teut. base *tama-* (hence derived GOTH. *tamjan* 'to tame' = ON. *temja*, OHG. *zimmen*). ARYAN √ *dom* in LAT. *domare* 'to tame', GR. *δαμῶν*, SKR. *damāy* 'to tame'.

**tan** vb. ME. *tanne* OE. *tannian* vb.; cogn. w. FR. *tan* 'oak-bark' (LAT. *tannare* in the 8<sup>th</sup> cent. = FR. *tanner*; cp. DU. *taan* 'bark'). Hence E. *tawny* = FR. *tanné*.

**tang** sb. (sea-weed) fr. DAN. *tang* = ON. *fang* (*þongull*).

**tap** sb. ME. *tappe* OE. *tæppa* 'a tap' = OHG. *zapfo* G. *zapfen*, DU. *tap*, ON. *tappi* (FR. *tape tapon* are Teut. loanwords).

**taper** sb. ME. *tāper* OE. *tāpor*: properly *\*papur*, loanword fr. LAT. *papīrus*, which appears in Rom. dialects as 'taper'.

**tar** sb. ME. *terre*; cp. OE. *teoru* (*tyrwe*) 'tar' and DU. (G.) *teer*, ON. *tjara*; ident. w. LETT. *darwa* 'tar'. The group rests on Aryan *deru* = *trec*; *tar* orig. 'tar-wood'.

**tare** sb. ME. *tāre*; Teut. base *tar(w)ōn* also in ODU. *taruwe* DU. MLG. *tarwe*. Cogn. w. SKR. *dūrva* (a kind of grass) and LITH. *dūrva* 'field'.

**tarn** sb. ME. *terne* fr. ON. *tjorn* (G. *tjarnar*) 'a tarn, pool'.

**tarry** vb. ME. *terie* OE. *terian* *terzan* 'to vex' = DU. LG. *tergen*.

**tart** sb. ME. *tarte* fr. OFR. *tarte* *zoum* G. *zaum*). Root the same = FR. *tourte* (whence DU. *taart*, as in *team*<sup>1</sup>).

G. *torte*).

**task** sb. ME. *task(e)* fr. OFR. *tasque* = FR. *tâche*; source LAT. *taxare*, whence also *tax*.

**tatter** sb. a Scand. loanword fr. ON. *tǫtrar* pl. 'tatters'; already ME. *tatered* 'ragged'.

**tattle** vb. fr. ME. *tatere* vb. **taw**, *tew* vb. ME. *tǣwe*; OE. *tāwian* *teawian* means prop. 'prepare' and corresponds with DU. *tauwen* 'to curry leather', OHG. *sauwen* 'make, prepare', GOTH. *taujan* 'do': TEUT.  $\sqrt{taw}$ ; see *tool*.

**tawny** see *tan*.

**tax** vb. fr. FR. *taxer* — LAT. *taxare*; ident. w. *task*.

**tea** sb. — FR. *té*, G. *thee*: source CHINESE *té*; the word became European in the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the 17<sup>th</sup> cent.

**teach** sb. ME. *tēche* (prt. *taughte*) OE. *tēcean* (prt. *tehte*): cogn. w. *token* OE. *tācen*; cp. OHG. *zeigēn* G. *zeigen*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{dik}$ .

**team**<sup>1</sup> sb. 'family' ME. *tēm* OE. *tēam* 'family, offspring' — MLG. *tōm* 'progeny' (with the unlauted vb. **teem** ME. *tēme* OE. *tēman* *týman* 'to teem'): Teut. base *tau(h)ma-* fr.  $\sqrt{tuh}$  in GOTH. *tiuhan*, OHG. *zihan* G. *zichen*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{duk}$  in LAT. *dūco*. See the following word.

**team**<sup>2</sup> sb. (team of oxen) ME. *tēme* *tēme* OE. *zētyme* 'team of oxen'; derived fr. TEUT. *tau(h)ma-* 'rein, bridle' (in ON. *taumr* OHG.

**tear** vb. ME. *tēre* OE. *tēran* str. vb. = GOTH. *gatairan* 'to break'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{der}$  in SKR. *dār* 'to burst, break asunder', GR. *δέσσειν* 'to flay', LITH. *dirti* 'to flay'.

**tear** sb. ME. *tēr* OE. *tēr*: TEUT. *tahr-* in ON. *tār*, OHG. *zahar* (G. *zähre*); cp. ONORTHUMBR. *tehher* and according to Verner's law GOTH. *tagr*. ARYAN base *dakru* in GR. *δάκρυ*, WELSH *daiyr* (perhaps SKR. *acru* and LAT. *lacrima* are cognate). All equivalent.

**tease** vb. (ME. *tēse*) OE. *tēsan* 'to pull to pieces, to tease (wool) with the non-unlouted byform ME. *tēse* (OE. *\*tasan* or *\*tāsian*). TEUT. strong verbal  $\sqrt{tais}$  in OHG. *zeisan* 'to tease' = DU. *terzen*. — Cogn. w. **teasel** (plantname) ME. *tēsel* OE. *tēsel* = OHG. *zeisila* 'thistle'.

**teat** sb. ME. *tēte* fr. FR. *tette*; ident. w. OE. *titt* — MHG. G. *sitze*.

**ted** vb. fr. ON. *tedja*; ident. w. OHG. G. (dial.) *zetten* 'to spread'. As shown by the p. participle GOTH. *un-gatass* 'undisposed', there existed also a str. vb. *\*taujan*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{dat}$  in GR. *δατέωμαι* 'I divide, distribute'.

**teem**<sup>1</sup> vb. 'to bring forth' see *team*.

**teem**<sup>2</sup> vb. 'to empty' see *toom*.

**teen** sb. ME. *tēne* OE. *tēona* 'suffering, insult' OSAX. *tiona* 'injury'; cp. OFRIES. *tiuna* 'to hurt'.

**tell** vb. ME. *telle* (prt. *tælde*) OE. *tellan* (prt. *tælde*) under *tale*.

**tempest** sb. ME. *tempēst* fr. OFR. *tempēste* = FR. *tempête*. Source vulgar LAT. *tempesta* for *tempestatas*.

**temple** sb. ME. *temple* OE. *tempel* fr. LAT. *templum*.

**temples** ME. *temples* fr. OFR. *temples* (FR. *tempē*) plur. = LAT. *tempora* the temples'.

**tempt** vb. ME. *tempte* vb. fr. OFR. *tempter* (FR. *tenter*) = LAT. *temptare*.

**ten** num. ME. *tēn* rests on an unrecorded OE. \**tēon*, instead of which an unlauded *tyn* is found. Teut. base *tēhun tēhan* in GOTH. *taihun*, OSAX. *tēhan*, DU. *tien*, OHG. *zēhan* G. *zehn*. Ident. w. SKR. *daśa*, GR. *δέκα*, LAT. *decem*, OIR. *deich*. — The suffix **-teen** (in *thirteen* etc.) ME. *-tēne* OE. *-tene -týne* is the inflected form of the numeral *ten*. — The suffix **-ty** (in *twenty* etc.) represents the sb. GOTH. *tigus* 'decade' (in *saihs tigjus* = ON. *sextigir*); cp. OE. *fritiġ sixtiġ* = OHG. *drīzūg sēhzūg* G. *dreissig sechzig*. For the *g* in GOTH. *tigus* cp. GR. *δεκάς* 'decade'.

**tender** adj. ME. *tendre* fr. FR. *tendre*; source LAT. *tener*.

**tense** sb. fr. OFR. *tens* (= FR. *temps*) = LAT. *tempus*.

**tent** sb. ME. *tente* (= DU. *tent*) fr. OFR. *tente* = vulgar LAT. *tenta*; cp. LAT. *tentorium*.

**term** sb. ME. *terme* fr. FR. *terme*; source LAT. *terminus*.

**terror** sb. fr. FR. *terreur* = LAT. *terror(em)*.

**test** sb. meant properly in alchemy 'a vessel for testing gold' and rests on ME. *test(e)* = LAT. *testa*, whence also FR. *tête* OFR. *teste* 'head' with the borrowed E. *testy*.

**tether** sb. short for ME. *tēder*; doubtful, whether genuine English or of Scand. origin. Cp. ON. *tjódr* = OHG. *zotar* 'a tether': Teut. base *teudra-*.

**tetter** sb. ME. OE. *teter* fr. a Teut. base *tētru-* = ARYAN *dēdru-*. Cp. OHG. *zitaroh* 'tetter' and SKR. *dadrū* 'a kind of leprosy', LITH. *dedervinė* 'tetter'.

**than** conj. ME. *thanne* OE. *þanne* = OHG. MHG. *danne*; derived fr. the article *the*.

**thane** sb. ME. *thein* (the modern spelling *a* instead of *ai* — as in *rain* — is of Scotch origin) OE. *þēzen*: Teut. base *þēgna-* in ON. *þegn*, OSAX. *thēgan*, OHG. *thēgan* 'a thane, warrior' (in the Bavarian dialect 'a male child'). Ident. w. GR. *τένον* 'child'; ARYAN  $\sqrt{tek}$  in GR. *τίκτω* (aorist  $\acute{\epsilon}\text{-}\tau\epsilon\kappa\text{-}\omicron\omicron$ ).

**thank** vb. ME. *thanke* OE. *þancian þancian* wk. vb. = OHG. *dankôn* G. DU. *danken*, ON. *þakka* 'to thank'. Root as in *think*.

**that** pron. ME. *that* OE. *þæt* = OSAX. *that*, OHG. *das* G. *das* (*dass*): ARYAN form *to-d* (fr. the stem *to* under *the*) = SKR. *tad*, GR. *το* (for \* $\tau\omicron\text{-}\delta$ ); cp. LAT. *istud illud*

*aliud* show the *d* as neutral ending.

**thatch** sb. properly and dialectical *thak* ME. *thak* OE. *ƿæc* = OHG. *dah* G. *dach*, ON. *ƿak*: Teut. base *ƿaka-*. Cp. the wk. vb. TEUT. *ƿakjan* in OE. *ƿeċċean* = OHG. *deccan* G. *decken*, DU. *dekken*. ARYAN √ *tæg* in LAT. *tegere*, cogn. w. √ *steg* in GR. *στέγειν*, SKR. *sthaḡ*, LITH. *stegti* 'to cover'; cp. GR. *τέγος στῆγος* 'a roof', OIR. *tig* 'a house'.

**thaw** vb. ME. *thāwe* OE. *þāwian*; cp. OHG. *douwen* G. *tauen*, DU. *doeien*, ON. *þeyja*: √ *ƿau ƿaw* properly \**þagw*, ARYAN √ *taq* in GR. *τήθειν* 'to melt'?

**the** article ME. *thé* late OE. *þe* (OE. *se* influenced by the inflected stem *ƿa-* in *that*). ARYAN base *to-* in SKR. *ta-m* = GR. *τε-ν*, SKR. *ta-d* GR. *το* etc. Cp. *than*, *that*, *their*, *there*, *they*.

**theft** sb. ME. *thifte* short for *þefte* prop. *þefthe*: abstract derivation fr. *thief*. Cp. the unlauted OE. *þyff* infl. *þyffe* 'theft' = OFRIES. *thiufthe*.

**their** pron. ME. *their(e)* borrowed fr. ON. *þeira*. — **then** ME. *thenne* OE. *þanne* ident. w. *than*. — **thence** adv. ME. *thennes* extended for *thenne thanne* = OE. *þanone* prop. *þanon* = OHG. *dannan* (G. *von dannen*). — **there** adv. ME. *thère ther* OE. *þēr þār* — OHG. *dār* (G. *da*). — **they** pron. ME. *thei they*; borrowed in the 11<sup>th</sup> cent. fr. ON. *þeir*.

**thick** adj. ME. *thicke* probably

borrowed fr. ON. *þykk* (*þjǫkk*); the corresponding OE. *þicce* would have changed into ME. \**thicche* E. \**thitch*. Perhaps ME. *thicke* is blended w. OE. *þicce* = OHG. *dicki* G. *dick* DU. *dik*. Teut. base *þigu-* = ARYAN base *tigu-* in OIR. *tiug* 'thick'.

**thief** sb. ME. *thef* (pl. *thēves*) OE. *þeof* (pl. *þeofas*) = GOTH. *þiubs*, ON. *þjófr*, OHG. *diob* G. *dieb*, DU. *dief*: Teut. base *þeuba-*, by Verner's law changed fr. original \**þeufa*, as shown by OHG. *diuwa* 'theft'.

**thigh** sb. ME. *theigh* earlier *thēh* OE. *þēoh* = OHG. *dioh*, DU. *dij*, ON. *þjó*: Teut. base *þeaha-*, ARYAN base *teuko-*, cogn. w. LITH. *taukas* 'fat of animals, marrow', OSLOV. *tuku* 'fat'.

**thimble** sb. ME. *thimbel* short for *thimel* OE. *þymel* 'thumb-stall': diminutive of OE. *þuma* = *thumb*.

**thin** adj. ME. *thinne* OE. *þynne* = OHG. *dunni* G. *dünn*, DU. *dun*, ON. *þunnr*: Teut. base *þunnu-* properly *þunu- þunw-*, ARYAN base *tonu* in SKR. *tanu*, LAT. *tenuis*, CYMR. *tencu*; cp. GR. *ταυός* (all equivalent). ARYAN √ *ton* in SKR. *tan* 'to stretch', OE. *þennan*, OHG. *dennan* G. *déhnen*, GOTH. *þanjan* 'to stretch out'.

**thine thy** pron. ME. *thin* OE. *þin* = GOTH. *þeins*, ON. *þiuv*, OHG. *din* G. *dēin*, DU. *dijn*; TEUT. *þina-* formed by suffix *-ina-* (cp. SKR. *tāvakīna* 'thine') fr. TEUT. *þu* = *thou*.

**thing** sb. ME. *thing* OE. *þing* = ON. *þing*, OHG. G. DU. *ding*: Teut. base *þinga-* *þenga-*; probably ident. w. GOTH. *þeihs* 'time' = LAT. *tempus* (for *\*tenquus?*).

**think** vb. ME. *þenke* (*þenchen*) OE. *þenccan* (3<sup>rd</sup> sg. pres. t. *þencþ*) = GOTH. *þagkjan*, ON. *þekkja*, OSAX. *þenkian*, OHG. *deþkan* G. *denken*. Cp. GOTH. *þagkjan* = OSAX. *þunkian*, OHG. *dunkan* G. *dünken*, OE. *þynccan* 'to seem'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{tong}$  (*tung*) in LAT. (Praenestine) *tongere* 'to think'.

**third** see *three*.

**thirst** vb. ME. *þirste* OE. *þyrstan* and *thirst* sb. from the vb.; the sb. is ME. *thurst* OE. *þurst* = TEUT. *þurs-tu-* = OHG. G. *durst*, DU. *dorst*; cp. ON. *þorsti*, GOTH. *þaurstei* sb. 'thirst'. TEUT. verbal  $\sqrt{þers}$  in GOTH. *gafairsan* 'to be dry' — *þaursus* 'dry' (OE. *þyrre* = OHG. *durri* G. *dürr*). ARYAN  $\sqrt{ters}$  *trs* in SKR. *trs* 'to be thirsty' — *trśu* 'greedy', GR. *τεροειρω*, LAT. *torreo*.

**thirteen, thirty** see *three*.

**this** pron. ME. *this* earlier *thes* OE. *þes* masc. — *þis* neutr. — *þeos* fem.; ident. w. OHG. *dese* G. *dieser*, DU. *deze*. The article *the* (TEUT. *þa-* under *that*) is extended by GOTH. *sai* 'lo', as shown by ON. (runic) *sá-si* 'this here' (*sú-si* fem.).

**thistle** sb. ME. *þistel* OE. *þistel* = ON. *þistill*, DU. *distel*, LG. *distel*, OHG. *distil* G. *distel*.

**thither** adv. ME. *þiðer* OE. *þiðer* (orig. *þæder*); derived fr.

the stem *þa-* in *that*. Cp. GOTH. *þaprô* 'thence', ON. *þadra* 'there'.

**thole** sb. ME. *thol* OE. *þol* (ll): Teut. base *þolla-* in ON. *þoltr*, DU. *dol*, G. *rudderdolle*. ARYAN base *tolno-* (= SKR. *tûna* 'quiver' for *\*tulna*) fr.  $\sqrt{tol}$  = SKR.  $\sqrt{tul}$  'to lift up', LAT. *tollere*.

**thong** sb. ME. *thong* orig. *þwong* OE. *þwong* 'thong'; cp. ON. *þwengi*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{þwong}$ .

**thorn** sb. ME. *thorn* OE. *þorn* sb. = ON. *þorn*, OHG. G. *dorn*, DU. *doorn*; cp. GOTH. *þairnus*. Ident. w. OSLOV. *trîni* 'thorn'; cp. SKR. *trna* 'grass'.

**thorough** ME. *thorow* OE. *þorh*; orig. preposition = OE. *þurh*, OHG. *duruh* G. *durch*, GOTH. *þairh*.

**thou** pron. ME. *thou* OE. *þú* = GOTH. *þû*, OHG. *dû* (G. *du*): ARYAN ground-form *tû* in LAT. *tu*, GR. *τὺ*, SKR. *tu-am*. Cp. *thine*.

**though** conj. ME. *though* earlier *thoh*: Scand. loanword of the 11<sup>th</sup> cent. (ON. *þó* orig. *\*þoh*). Corresponding to OE. *þeah* = GOTH. *þauh*; cp. OHG. *doh* G. DU. *doch*.

**thought** sb. ME. *thought* OE. *zefôht*: Teut. base *ga-þanhtu-*, derived fr.  $\sqrt{þank}$  in *þink*.

**thousand** num. ME. *thousand* *thousand* OE. *þûsend* = OHG. *dûsunt* G. *tausend*, DU. *duizend*, ON. *þûsund þûshund*, GOTH. *þûsundi*; in the Lex Salica, we find *þûs-chunde* 'thousand'. Teut.

base *þús-hund-*, compound of *hund* = *hundred* with an ARYAN *tūs* 'great, much' (cp. SKR. *tūti* 'much', *tvas* 'might'). LITH. *tukstantis* = OSLOV. *tysašta* 'thousand' correspond to the Teut. word.

**thrall** sb. ME. *thral* (pl. *thralles*) late OE. *þræll* (*þræl*) prop. *þræll* fr. ON. *þræll* 'a thrall' (Teut. base *þrahila-*); cogn. w. OHG. *drigil* 'a slave' and w. GOTH. *þragjan* 'to run' = GR. *τοῦζεν* 'to run'.

**thrash**, *thresh* vb. ME. *thresshe* OE. *þerscan* str. vb. = GOTH. *þriskan*, OHG. *driskan* G. *dreschen* (DU. *dorschen*), ON. *þreskja*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{þresk}}$  (ITAL. *trescare* is of Teut. origin); cp. LITH. *traskėti* 'to rattle, clap'?

**thrave** sb. ME. *thraue* *thrive*: a Scand. loanword; cp. ON. *þreji*, DAN. *trave* 'a number of sheaves'.

**thread** sb. ME. *thrūd* OE. *þrād* = ON. *þrádr*, OHG. *drāt* G. *draht*, DU. *draad*. The dental is suffix. Derivative of  $\sqrt{\text{þrā}}$  (*þrê*) in OE. *þrāwan* = *throw*.

**threat** sb. short for ME. *þrēt* OE. *þreat*; cogn. w. OE. *þrūþian* *þreatian* wk. vb. 'to threaten'; cogn. w. OE. *þrēazan* wk. vb. 'to threaten' = OHG. *drēwen* *dronwen* (G. *drohen*).

**three** num. ME. *thré* OE. *þreo* (f. n. — *þri* m.); ident. w. GOTH. *þreis*, ON. *þrir*, DU. *drie*, OHG. *drî* G. *drei*: ARYAN base *tri-* in SKR. *tri* (nom. *trayas*), GR. *τρεις*, LAT. *tres*, OIR. *tri*, OSLOV. RUSS. *tri*, LITH. *trys*. — The ordinal

**third** ME. *thridde* OE. *þridda* corresponds to GOTH. *þridja*, ON. *þridi*, DU. *derde*, OHG. *dritto* G. *dritte*; cp. SKR. *trīya*, LAT. *tertius*, OSLOV. *tretijf*. — **thirteen** ME. *threttene* short for OE. *þrēotene* (*þryttýne*). **thirty** ME. *thrittý* OE. *þrittiþ* *þritiþ* = OHG. *drīzuc* G. *dreissig* (see under *ten* about the OE. *-tiþ* = G. *-sig* in *zwanzig vierzig* etc.). — **thrice** ME. *thries* extended for an older form *þrie* OE. *þriþa* (*þriwa*) = OSAX. *þrīþo* (*þriwa*), OFRIES. *þrīa*; see *twice*.

**threshold** sb. ME. *threshawold* OE. *þerscawald* mostly *þerscald*; ident. w. OHG. *driscūfili*, ON. *þreskjöldr*. Probably not cognate w. *thrash*.

**thrice** see *three*.

**thrift** sb. ME. *thrift* fr. ON. *þrift*. The str. vb. **thrive** ME. *thrice* is borrowed fr. ON. *þrifa-sk* 'to thrive'.

**throat** sb. ME. *throte* OE. *þrotu* = OHG. *drozza* MHG. *drozze* 'throte' (G. *erdrosseln* 'to throttle') ident. w. OLG. *strota*, DU. *strot*: ARYAN ground-form (*s)trud-*. ITAL. *strozza* 'gullet' is of TEUT. (Lombard.) origin.

**throe** sb. 'pain' ME. *throve* fr. the wk. vb. OE. *þrōcian* = OHG. *drūwen* 'to suffer' (Teut.  $\sqrt{\text{þrēw}}$ ).

**throne** sb. for ME. *trōne* fr. OFR. *trone*.

**throng** sb. ME. *throng* OE. *þrōng* fr. the str. vb. OE. *þringan* = OHG. *dringan* G. DU. *dringen*; ident. w. GOTH. *þreihan*, ON. *þryngva* 'to throng': TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{þring}}$  *þrōnh*,

ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{tr}}\check{\text{e}}\text{nk tr}\check{\text{e}}\text{ng}$  in LITH. *trėnkti* 'to shake'.

**throstle** sb. ME. *thrōstel* OE. *frōstle*; cogn. w. LG. *drāssl* (OSAX. *\*thrāstala* fr. *\*framstala*) and w. ON. *frōstr* (GOTH. *\*frastus*) 'throstle'; cp. also LITH. *strāzdas* 'throstle'.

**through** adv. ident. w. *thorough*: ME. *thuruh* OE. *furh* = OHG. *duruh* G. *durch*. DU. *dorch*, GOTH. *fairh*.

**throw** vb. ME. *throwe* OE. *þrawan* str. vb. 'to twist, turn' = OHG. *drāen* G. *drehen* (DU. *draaien*): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fr}}\check{\text{e}}$  (also in *thread*) = ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{tr}}\check{\text{c}}(\text{terc})$  in GR.  $\tau\rho\eta\text{-}\mu\alpha$  'a hole' —  $\tau\rho\epsilon\check{\text{e}}\nu$  'to pierce' —  $\tau\rho\epsilon\tau\rho\omicron\rho$  'auger'.

**thrush** sb. (a bird's name) ME. *thrush* short for OE. *þrýsce* (TEUT. base *þrúskjōn*); cogn. w. OHG. *drōsca* (base *frauskōn*).

**thud** sb. (Scotch) short for OE. *þōden* 'whirlwind'.

**thumb** sb. ME. *thombe* *thumb* older *þūme* OE. *þūma* = OHG. *dūmo* G. *daumen*, DU. *duim*, SWED. *tumme* (ON. *þumall* 'the thumb of a glove'): TEUT. base *þū-man*. It rests on an ARYAN adj. *tū-mo* 'thick, strong' in AVEST. *tūma* (SKR. *tūtuma*) 'strong'; cp. LAT. *tumere* 'to swell'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{tū}}$ .

**thunder** sb. ME. *thunder* older form *thoner* *thuner* OE. *þunor* = OHG. *donar* G. *donner*, DU. *donder* (cp. ON. *þórr* for *\*four* the god of thunder). ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ton}}$  *ton* in LAT. *tonare* — *tonitru*, SKR. *tan* 'to sound', OE. *þunian* 'to resound, creak' (byform  $\sqrt{\text{st}}\text{en}$  in SKR. *stan*

'to sound', see under *stun*). -- **thursday** ME. *thorsday* *thursday* late OE. *þūresdæg* OE. *þunresdæg* = OHG. *donares-tag* G. *donnerstag*, DU. *donderdag*, ON. *þórsdagr*. Early translation of LAT. *Iovis dies*. TEUT. *þūnara* - was the god of thunder, corresponding to ON. *þórr* 'Thor'.

**thus** adv. ME. *thus* OE. *þus* = OSAX. OFRIES. *thus*, DU. *dus*; corresponding to OHG. *sus*. Forms of the article *the*.

**tick** (of a bed) sb. not found in ME. nor OE., probably borrowed fr. DU. *tijk* = OHG. *zichha* G. *zicche*; source LAT. *thēca*, whence also FR. *taie* 'a tick'.

**ticket** sb. fr. FR. *étiquette*.

**tickle** vb. ME. *tikele*.

**tide** sb. ME. *tide* 'season' OE. *tīd* (gen. *tīde*) 'time, hour' = ON. *tīd*, OSAX. *tīd*, DU. *tijd*, OHG. *sīt* G. *zeit*: Teut. base *tī-di*, cogn. w. OE. *tī-ma* = *time*. -- Hence **tidings** ME. *tīdinges* older form *tīhende* fr. ON. *tīdindi* 'tidings' (= DU. *tijding*, G. *zeitung*).

**tie** vb. ME. *tīe* OE. *tīzan* *tēzan* wk. vb. 'to tie, connect'; derived fr. OE. *tīg* 'bond, chain, rope' = Teut. base *taugō*:  $\sqrt{\text{taug}}$  *tauh* *teuh* 'to pull, draw', cogn. w. LAT. *dūcere* 'to lead'; cp. OHG. *zīohan* G. *zichen*, OE. *tēon* (prt. *tīah*).

**tight** adj. ME. *tīght* borrowed fr. ON. *þéttr* (therefore also ME. *thīght*) = MHG. *dīhte* (G. *dicht*): Teut. base *þīhti-* *þinhti-*. Cogn. w. *thick*?



**tike** sb. ME. *tike* fr. ON. *tik* 'a bitch'.

**tile** sb. ME. *tile* contraction fr. OE. *tīzle* — *tīzle*: source LAT. *tēgula*, whence also OHG. *ziagal* G. *ziegel*, DU. *tegel tichel* (cp. FR. *tuile*, ITAL. *tegola*).

**till** vb. ME. *tile* older *tilien* OE. *tilian* 'to till land, to work'; cogn. w. OHG. *zilōn* G. *zielen* 'to aim at', OSAX. *tilōn tilōian*, DU. *telen* 'to till, cultivate' (cp. GOTH. *gatils* adj. 'fitting').

**till** prepos. ME. OE. *til* (in Northumb. dialect) = ON. *til* 'till, to'. Cogn. w. GOTH. *gatils* and OHG. *zilōn* under *till* vb.

**tilt** sb. late ME. *telt* 'a covering' for an earlier form *tēld* (under the influence of *tent*) = OE. *zētēld* 'a covering, tent'; ident. w. OHG. *zēlt gizēlt* G. *zelt* 'tent', ODU. *telt ghetelt* 'tent', ON. *tjald*: Teut. base *tēlda- ga-tēlda-*.

**timber** sb. ME. OE. *timber* 'material for building'; cp. GOTH. *timrjan* 'to build', OHG. *zimbar* 'material for building, edifice' G. *zimmer* 'room', OSAX. *timbar* 'edifice', DU. *timmer*, ON. *timbr*. Cognate w. GR. *δέυειν* 'to build' — *δόμος* 'edifice', LAT. *domus* 'house', OSLOV. *domū* 'house', SKR. *damā-*.

**time** sb. ME. *time* OE. *tīma* = ON. *tīmi* 'time': Teut. base *tī-mon-* fr. the  $\sqrt{tī}$  in *tide*.

**tin** sb. ME. OE. *tīn* = ON. DAN. DU. *tīn*, OHG. *zīn* G. *zinn*: common Teut. base *tīna-*.

**tinder** sb. ME. *tinder* OE. *tyndre*:

= base *tundrjōn-* in OHG. *zuntira* G. *zunder*; cp. DU. *tinder*, ON. *tundr*. Teut. verbal  $\sqrt{tand}$  *tund* in GOTH. *tundjan*, OHG. *zuntan* G. *zünden*, OE. *ontendan* 'to kindle'.

**tine** (of a fork) sb. ME. OE. *tīnd* 'prong, spike' = ON. *tindr* 'a spike', MHG. *zint*: Teut. base *tīnda-tēnda-*. Probably connected w. *tooth* (Teut. base *tanf-*).

**tire** vb. ME. *tīre* OE. *tīran* with the non-umlauted byform ME. *tēre* OE. *tēorian*.

**tit** see *titmouse*.

**tithe** sb. ME. *tithc*; prop. ordinal OE. *tīzēda* (*teogoda tēopa*) 'tenth'; see *ten*.

**titlark** see *titmouse*.

**title** sb. ME. *title* fr. OFR. *title* — FR. *titre*: source LAT. *titulus*.

**titmouse** sb. (a bird's name) not connected w. *mouse*; the second element of the compound is ME. *mōse* OE. *māse* = DU. *mees*, OHG. *meisa* G. *meise* 'a titmouse' (FR. *mésange* is of Teut. origin). The first element of *titmouse* (as of *titlark*) is ON. *tīt* 'a small bird'.

**to** prep. ME. OE. *tō* prep. adv. — OSAX. *tō* adv. (— *tī* prep.), OHG. *zuo* adv. (— *zi* prep.); cp. DU. *toe*, G. *zu*.

**toad** sb. ME. *tōde* OE. *tād-tīzē* (see *tadpole*); there are no further connections.

**toast** vb. ME. *tōste* fr. OFR. *toste* — LAT. *tosta* (fr. the vb. *torrere*).

**today** ME. *tō day* OE. *tō dæzē* — OSAX. *te dage*. — For *tonight* — *tomorrow* = ME. *tō night* — *tō*

*mortwe* OE. *tō morgue* cp. OSAX. *te naht* 'tonight'.

**toe** sb. ME. OE. *tō* (pl. *tōn*) OE. *tā* (pl. *tān*) oldest form *tāhe* = OHG. *zēha* G. *zēhe*; Teut. base *taihōn*; cp. DU. *teen*, ON. *tā*.

**together** adv. ME. *tōgedere* OE. *tōgedre*; cogn. w. *gather*.

**token** sb. ME. *tōken* OR. *tāccu*: Teut. base *taikna-* in OHG. *zēihhan* G. *zeichen*, OSAX. *tēkan*, DU. *tecken*; cp. GOTH. *taikns* (base *taikni-*). Pre-Teut. base *doigno-* *doigni-* cogn. w. GR. *δεῖγμα* by the side of *δεῖραγμα*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{dik}}$  (*dīg*) in LAT. *dico* (— *dignus* — *prodigium*). E. *teach* OE. *tēccan* belongs to the same root.

**toll** sb. ME. OE. *tol* (*ll*) = OHG. *zol* (*ll*) G. *zoll*, OSAX. DU. *tol*; cp. OSAX. *tolna* = OE. *tolne* 'toll'. Source LAT. *telōnium* in a vulgar form *tolonēum* for *telonēum*. Cp. OE. *tolnere* OHG. *zolanāri* = LAT. *tolonarius* (*telonarius*).

**tomb** sb. ME. *tombe* *toumbe* fr. FR. *tombe* = LAT. *tumba*.

**tomorrow** see *today*.

**tongs** sb. ME. OE. *tonge* (*tange*) = OHG. *zanga* G. *zange*, DU. *tang*, ON. *tong*: Teut. base *tangō-n-* fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{dak}}$  in SKR. *daç* — GR. *δάκνειν* 'to bite'.

**tongue** ME. *tonge* *tunge* OE. *tunge* = GOTH. *tuggō*, OHG. *zunga* G. *zunge*, DU. *tong*. Teut. base *tungōn-* fr. pre-TEUT. *danghā-* in OLAT. *dīngua* (= LAT. *lingua*).

**tonight** see *today*.

**too** ident. w. *to*.

**tool** sb. ME. OE. *tōl* = ON. *tól*;

probably derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{tau}}$  'to make' (see under *taw*).

**toom** adj. ME. OE. *tōm* loanword fr. ON. *tómr* 'empty'; cp. OSAX. *tōmi* *tōmīg*, OHG. *zuomīg* 'empty'.

**tooth** sb. ME. *tōth* (pl. *tēth*) OE. *tōþ* (pl. *tēþ*) fr. a Teut. base *tanþ-* in OSAX. DU. *tand*, OHG. *zand* (*zan* G. *zahn*), ON. *tōnn*; ablaut-variation GOTH. *tunþus*. ARYAN base *dont-* *dant-* in SKR. *dat* — *danta*, GR. *ὀδοντ-* (*ὀδοίς*), LAT. *dent-* (*dens*), LITH. *dantis*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{ed}}$  'to eat' see under *eat*; the form of the Aryan word (cp. *sooth*) is present participle.

**top**<sup>1</sup> sb. ME. OE. *top* (*pp*) = ON. *toppr*, DU. *top* (OHG. G. *zopf* a tuft of hair'): Teut. base *toppa-* *tuffa-*.

**top**<sup>2</sup> sb. (a child's toy) ME. OE. *top* (*pp*); phonetically differing fr. the equiv. LG. *dop*, OHG. *topfo* G. *topf*.

**torch** sb. ME. *torche* fr. FR. *torche*, whence also DU. *toorts*.

**touch** vb. ME. *touche* fr. FR. *toucher*, whence also DU. *toetsen*.

**tough** adj. ME. *tough* OE. *tōh* fr. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{tanhu-}}$ , whence also DU. *taui*, OHG. *zāhi* G. *zāhe*. Perhaps cogn. w. OE. *zetung* adj. 'in contact with' — *zetenge* 'close to'.

**towel** sb. ME. *touail* fr. OFR. *toaille* = FR. *touaille*. Source an old Teut. word; cp. OHG. *dawahilla* G. *zwehle* 'towel'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{fawah}}$  in GOTH. *fawahān* = OE. *fōwān* str. vb. 'to wash'.

**tower** sb. ME. *tour* late OE.

(11<sup>th</sup> cent.) *tūr* fr. FR. *tour*.  
Source LAT. *turris*.

**town** sb. ME. *toun* OE. *tūn*; the original meaning 'fence' is seen in OE. *týnan* wk. vb. 'to fence, enclose'. Cp. ON. *tūn*, DU. *tuin*, OHG. *zūn* G. *zaun* 'fence, hedge'. Cogn. w. OIR. *áin* 'fortress' (in CELT. place-names as in *Augusto-dūnum*).

**trace** sb. ME. *trāce* fr. FR. *trace* (source LAT. *tractare*).

**trade** sb. original meaning 'path' fr. the vb. *tread*.

**trail** vb. ME. *traile* late OE. *træglian* fr. OFR. *trailler*, whence also DU. LG. *treilen*.

**traitor** sb. ME. *traitour* fr. OFR. *traïtor* (FR. *traître*) = LAT. *trāditor* (em).

**tramp**, *trample* vb. ME. *trampe* = LG. *trampen trampeln*; cp. GOTH. *trimpan* 'to tread'.

**trap** sb. ME. *trappe* late OE. *trappe* loanword fr. FR. *trappe*; source OHG. *trappa*.

**travel** vb. ME. *travaille* fr. FR. *travailler*.

**treachery** sb. ME. *trēcherie* *trischerie* fr. FR. *tricherie* (FR. *tricher* vb.).

**tread** vb. ME. *trēde* OE. *trēdan* str. vb. = OSAX. *trēdan*, DU. *treden*, OHG. *trētan* G. *treten*; cp. GOTH. *trudan*, ON. *troda* 'to tread'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{trēd}}$  *trōd*.

**treason** sb. ME. *traïson* fr. OFR. *traïson* -- FR. *trahison*; source LAT. *trāditiō*(nem).

**treasure** sb. ME. *tresōr* fr. FR. *trésor* = LAT. *thesaurus*.

**treat** vb. fr. FR. *traïter* = LAT. *tractare*.

**tree** sb. ME. *trē* OE. *trē* = GOTH. *triu*. OSAX. *trio*, ON. *tré*: Teut. base *trēwa-*, derived fr. an ARYAN *dru doru* in SKR. *dru dāru* 'wood', GR. *δοξ*; 'oak' -- *δόρυ* 'spear', OSLOV. *druga* -- *drēvo* 'wood'; cogn. w. *tar* and *trough*.

**tripe** sb. ME. *tripe* = DU. *trijp* fr. FR. *tripe*.

**trouble** vb. short for ME. *trouble*; loanword fr. FR. *troubler*.

**trough** sb. ME. *trog* OE. *troh* *trog* -- ON. OHG. G. DU. *trog*: Teut. base *troga-* *truga-*, probably derived fr. ARYAN *dru-* 'wood' under *tree*.

**trout** sb. ME. *troute* (for *troughte*?) OE. *trūht*: early loanword fr. LAT. *trūcta* = FR. *truite*.

**truant** sb. ME. *trūant* prop. *trūaund* fr. FR. *truand* 'a vagabond'.

**truce** sb. ME. *truces* plural form of ME. *truce* 'truce' = OE. *trēowa* 'confidence, faith'. Derivative of the adj. **true** ME. *trēwe* OE. *ztrēowe* *ztrēwe* -- OHG. *triuwi* *gītriuwi* G. (ge)trou. OSAX. *trūte*; cp. GOTH. *triggas* -- ON. *trýgr* 'true'. Cogn. w. OPRUSS. *drucis* 'belief' -- *drucīt* 'to believe'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{dru}}$ . See *truth* and *trust*.

**trump** sb. ME. *trumpe* *trompe* fr. FR. *trompe*, whence also ODU. *trompe*.

**truncheon** sb. ME. *trounchoun* *trouchoun* fr. OFR. *tronchon* -- FR. *tronçon*.

**trust** sb. ME. *trust* fr. ON. *troustr* 'confidence' (= OHG. *trôst* G. *trost* 'consolation'): Teut. base *trausta-* fr. an ARYAN base *drouzda-*; cogn. w. IR. *druit* (base *druzdi-*) 'firm, trustworthy'.

**truth** ME. *trêuthe* OE. *trêowþ* 'faith, fidelity': abstract formation to *true*.

**try** vb. ME. *trie* fr. FR. *trier*.

**tub** sb. ME. *tubbe* = DU. *tobbe*, LG. *tubbe* 'a tub'; cogn. w. OHG. *subar* G. *zuber*. Source LAT. *tubus* 'a pipe, tube'?

**tuck** vb. ME. *tukke* = OHG. *sockôn* *sucken*: intensive formation of  $\sqrt{t}$  *tuh* in GOTH. *tiuhan* = OHG. *siohan* (see under *tie*).

**Tuesday** sb. ME. *Tiuesday* OE *Tiuesdæg* = ON. *Týsdagr*, G. (Altmann.) *Zistag*; translation of LAT. *Martis dies*. The Teut. god *Tiue* corresponds to *Mars*. OE. *Tiue* ON. *Týr* rests on ARYAN *deiwos* 'god' (in SKR. *dēva*, LAT. *deus*; cp. ON. *tiwar* 'the gods').

**tumble** vb. ME. *tumble* *tomble* fr. OE. *tumbian* 'to dance, tumble'; cp. DU. *tuimelen* fr. ODU. *tūmen*.

**tun** sb. ME. *tunne* *tonne* OE. *tunne* = DU. *ton*; ident. w. OHG. *tunna* G. *tonne* and FR. *tonne*. Source and history of the group not cleared up yet.

**turbot** sb. ME. *turbut* fr. FR. *turbot*.

**turf** sb. ME. *turf* *torf* OE. *turf* = ON. *torf*, OHG. *zurba*, DU. *turf* 'peat': Teut. base *turb-* *torb-* fr. an ARYAN base *dybh-* *drbh-*; cp. SKR. *darbha* 'bunch of grass'.

**turn** vb. short for ME. *tourne* late OE. *tūrnian* fr. FR. *tourner*.  
**turtle** sb. ME. OE. *turtel* (= OHG. *turtulatūba* G. *turteltaube*) fr. LAT. *turtur*.

**tusk** sb. ME. *tusk* *tusch* short for OE. *tūsc* (*tusē*); probably Teut. base *tunsa-*, derived fr. TEUT. *tunþ-* (*tanþ-*) = *tooth*.

**twelve** num. ME. OE. *twelf* (infl. ME. *twelve* OE. *twelfe*) = GOTH. *twalif*, OHG. *zwĕlif* G. *zwŏlf*, OSAX. *twēlif*, DU. *twaalf*. The word rests on the num. *two*; the 2<sup>nd</sup> element (cp. LITH. *dvylika* 'twelve') occurs again in GOTH. *ainlif* = OHG. *ainlif* (see *eleven*). —

**twenty** ME. *twenty* OE. *twentiȝ* probably contracted for \**twēzentiȝ* = OHG. *zweinzug* (G. *zwanzig*, DU. *twintig*). — **twice** adv. ME. *twetes* prop. *twie* OE. *twiȝa* (*twiwa tuwa*). —

**twig** sb. ME. *twig* pl. *twiggēs*; cogn. w. OE. *twi* (pl. *twiȝu*), OHG. *zwei* and also w. OHG. *zweig* G. *zweig*, DU. *twijg*. Probably connected w. the numeral *two* (ARYAN stem *dwi-*).

**twins** pl. ME. *twinnes* OE. *zētwinnas*; ident. w. ON. *twinnr* 'two and two'; cp. OHG. *zwiniling* G. *zwilling*, DU. *tweeeling* 'a twin' and LITH. *dvyñū* 'twins'. All derived fr. the ARYAN stem *dwi-*; see *two*.

**twine** vb. ME. *twine* vb. fr. the sb. OE. *twīn* 'linen, a twisted thread' = DU. *twijn*, which is ident. w. MHG. G. *zwirn*, DU. *twecern*: Teut. base *twiȝna-* fr.

√ *twis* (see under *twist*), cogn. w. the num. *two*.

**twinkle** vb. ME. *twincle* OE. *twincian*.

**twist** vb. ME. *twiste* vb. fr. OE. *twist* sb. 'rope' = ODU. *twist* 'thread'; TEUT. √ *twis* as in G. *zwirn* 'thread'; see *twine*.

**twit** vb. short for ME. *at-wite* OE. *æt-witan* str. vb. 'to reproach'; cp. OE. *ēd-wit* sb. 'reproach' and GOTH. *idwēitan* vb. 'to reproach', OHG. *firwīzzan* G. *verweisen*, DU. *verwijzen* 'to reproach' and OE. *wite*, OSAX. *wīti*, OHG. *wīzzi* 'punishment', GOTH. *fraweitan* str. vb.

**twitch** vb. ME. *twicche* (without palatalisation *twicke*) OE. *twiccian*

= G. *zwicken* (cp. OHG. *zwēcchôn*): Teut. ground-form \**twikkjôn*?

**twitter** vb. ME. *twitere* = OHG. *zwissirôn* G. *zwitschern*; perh. a reduplicated WEST-TEUT. \**twi-twirôn*? (TEUT. √ *twis*?).

**two** num.: orig. *twain* masc. — *two* f. n. = ME. *twain* — *twō* OE. *twozen* — *twā* (f. n. for \**twū* orig. \**twō*); cp. OHG. *zweine* — *zwa* — *zwei*, OSAX. *twēne* — *twō* (*twā*) — *twē*, GOTH. *twai* — *twōs* — *twa*. ARYAN stem *duo-* *dwo-* in LAT. *duo*, GR. *δύο* (but *δύοδεκα* for \**δφώδεκα*), SKR. *dua dca*.

**tyrant** sb. ME. *tiraunt* (with excrescent *t* as in *pageant*) fr. OFR. *tiran* = LAT. *tyrannus*.

## U

**udder** sb. ME. *udder* short for OE. *úder* = OHG. *útar* (G. *euter*), ODU. OFRIES. OSAX. *úder*: ARYAN base *úhr-* in SKR. *údhar*, LAT. *úber*: cp. GR. *ὀῦθῦρ*. All equivalent.

**ugly** adj. ME. *úgly* fr. ON. *uggligr* 'dreadful'; cp. ON. *ugga* 'to fear'.

**umpire** prop. *numpire* (as *auger* for orig. *nauger*) ME. *noumpère* fr. OFR. *nonper*.

**un-**<sup>1</sup> prefix (of adjectives) ME. OE. *un-* = G. OHG. GOTH. *un-*; ident. w. LAT. *in-*, GR. *av-* *á-*, SKR. *an-* *a-*: ARYAN ground-form *an-*, cogn. w. SKR. *ná*, LAT. *ne*, GOTH. OHG. *nī*, OE. *na* 'not'.

**un**<sup>2</sup> prefix (of verbs) ME. *un-*

late OE. *un-* OE. *on-* = GOTH. *and-*, OHG. *int-* G. *ent-*.

**uncle** sb. ME. *uncle oncle* fr. FR. *oncle* (= LAT. *avunculus*). Cp. also *aunt*, *nephew*, *niece*.

**under** prep. ME. OE. *under* = GOTH. OSAX. *undar*, ON. *undir*, DU. *onder*, OHG. *untar* G. *unter*. Two different prepositions are blended in this form: LAT. *inter*, SKR. *antar* and LAT. *infra* SKR. *adhás*.

**up** prep. adv. ME. *up* OE. *úpp*; ident. w. OHG. *úf* G. *auf*, OSAX. *úp*; cp. the ablaut-relation GOTH. *iup*. Cogn. w. OE. *ufan* 'from above' = OHG. *obana* OSAX. *obana* 'from above'. See *above* and

and *over*. *upon* ME. *upon* OE. *upp-on*; cp. ON. *upp á*.

**urchin** sb. ME. *irchoun* fr. OFR. *irçon* (FR. *hérisson*); source a vulgar LAT. *ericio(nem)*. = LAT. *ericius* 'hedge-hog' (the genuine E. word was OE. *īzel* = OHG. *igil* G. *igel*, cogn. w. GR. *ἔζυρος*).

**us** pron. ME. *us* (*ous*) OE. *ús* for TEUT. *uns-* in G. OHG. GOTH. *uns*, OSAX. *ús*, DU. *ous*. Cp. *our* and *we*.

**use** sb. ME. *üse* fr. FR. *us* = LAT. *usus*.

**usquebaugh** sb. fr. IR. *uisge beatha* 'water of life'; ident. w. *whisky*.

**utmost** short for ME. *outemeste* OE. (w. umlaut) *ýtemest*; ident. w. *outmost*.

**utter** vb. ME. *uttre outre* derived fr. ME. *oute* vb. 'to put out' OE. *ūtian* 'to put out'. Source *out*.

## V

**vain** adj. ME. *vain* fr. FR. *vain* = LAT. *vānus*.

**vale** sb. ME. *vāl* fr. FR. *vale* and **valley** ME. *vallic* fr. FR. *vallée*. Source LAT. *vallis*.

**valiant** adj. ME. *valiaunt* fr. FR. *vaillant*.

**valley** see *valc*.

**van** ident. w. *fan*.

**vane** sb. (a wether-cock) ME. (Kent.) *vāne* — (else) *fāne* OE. *fāna* = OHG. *fāno* (gund-*fāno*) G. *fāne*, DU. *vaan*, GOTH. *fāna*: Teut. base *fānan-*, cogn. w. LAT. *pannus* 'cloth'.

**vanish** vb. ME. *vanisshe* fr. OFR. *vanir* (*vaniss-*); source LAT. *evanescere*.

**vanquish** vb. ME. *venquisshe* fr. OFR. *venquir* (*venquiss-*) = FR. *vaincre*; source LAT. *vincere*.

**vat** sb. ME. (Kent.) *vat* — (else) *fat* OE. *fat* = OSAX. ON. *fat*,

OHG. *faz* G. *fass*, DU. *vat*: Teut. base *fata-*. Cogn. w. LITH. *pudas* 'a pot' and OHG. *fazōn* G. *fassen* 'to contain'.

**vaunt** vb. short for ME. *avaunte* vb. fr. OFR. *avanter* (FR. *vanter*) = late LAT. *vanitare*.

**veal** sb. ME. *vēl* fr. OFR. *vēl* (FR. *veau*); source LAT. *vitellus* 'a little calf'.

**veil** sb. ME. *veile* fr. ONFR. *veile* = LAT. *vēlum*.

**vein** sb. ME. *veine* fr. FR. *veine* = LAT. *vēna*.

**venison** sb. ME. *venisoun* fr. OFR. *venison* = LAT. *venatio(nem)*.

**venom** sb. ME. *venim* fr. OFR. *venim* = LAT. *venēnum*.

**verse** sb. ME. *vērs* fr. FR. *vers*; OE. ME. *fers* is loanword fr. LAT. *versus* with the medieval pronunciation of LAT. *v* as *f*.

**very** adj. ME. *verrei verrai* fr. OFR. *vrai* (FR. *vrai*); source

a LAT. type *verâcus* for LAT. *verâc-em*.

**vessel** sb. ME. *vessel* fr. OFR. *veissel* (FR. *vaisseau*) = LAT. *vascellum* (*vasculus* — *vas*).

**vetch** sb. ME. *vecche* fr. OFR. *veche* (FR. *vesce*) = LAT. *vicia*, whence also OHG. *wicka* G. *wicke* DU. *wik*.

**vex** vb. ME. *vene* fr. FR. *vexer* = LAT. *vexare*.

**vial** (*phial*) sb. ME. *viol* fr. FR. *fiol* (OFR. *viol*).

**vice** sb. ME. *vice* fr. FR. *vice* = LAT. *vitium*.

**victory** sb. ME. *victorie* fr. OFR. *victorie* = FR. *victoire*.

**victuals** sb. (ME. *vitaille*) fr. OFR. *vitaille* in the spelling *victuaille*. Source LAT. *victualia*.

**view** sb. fr. FR. *vue*.

**vigil** sb. ME. *viġile* fr. FR. *vigile* = LAT. *vigilia*.

**vigor** sb. ME. *vigour* fr. OFR. *vigour* (FR. *vigour*) = LAT. *vigor-em*.

**vile** adj. ME. *vil* fr. FR. *vil* = LAT. *vîlis*.

**villain** sb. ME. *vilein* fr. OFR. *vilein* = LAT. *villanus*.

**vine** sb. ME. *vine* fr. FR. *vigne* = LAT. *vinca*. Cp. *wine*.

**vinegar** sb. ME. *vinggre* fr. FR. *vinagre* = LAT. *vinum acre*. For the 2<sup>nd</sup> element cp. *eager*.

**vinewed** adj. (the initial *v* instead of *f* is due to Kentish influence) fr. OE. *fyneġian* 'to become mouldy' (*fyniŕ* 'mouldy').

**vintage** sb. transformed fr. ME. *vindage*, which rests on FR. *vendange* = LAT. *vindemiya* (whence OHG. *wintimma* 'vintage').

**viol** sb. fr. FR. *viol* = ITAL. SPAN. *viola*; source a late LAT. *vitula*, whence also *fiddle*.

**virgin** sb. ME. *virgine* fr. OFR. *virgine*.

**virtue** sb. ME. *vertü* fr. FR. *vertu*.

**visage** sb. ME. *visage* fr. FR. *visage*. — **vision** sb. ME. *visioun* fr. FR. *vision*.

**vixen** sb. (*v* instead of *f* due to Kentish influence) OE. \**fyxen*: Teut. base *fuhsin*-ô- (G. *fuchsin*), derived fr. TEUT. *fuhs-* *fohs-* under *fox* (*-injô-* being fem. suffix as in G. *göttin*, *gräfin* etc.).

**voice** sb. ME. *vois* fr. OFR. *vois* (FR. *voix*) = LAT. *vox*.

**vouch** vb. ME. *vouche* fr. OFR. *voucher* (= LAT. *vocare*).

**vow** sb. ME. *vou* fr. OFR. *vou* (FR. *vou*) = LAT. *votum*.

**voyage** sb. fr. FR. *voyage*; cp. ME. *vūage* *vūage* fr. OFR. *veiage*. Source LAT. *viaticum*.

## W

**wade** vb. ME. *wāde* OE. *wadan* | DU. *waden*, OHG. *watan* str. vb. (prt. *wād*) str. vb. = ON. *wada*, (G. *waten* wk. vb.): TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{wād}}$ ,

ARYAN √ *wādth* in LAT. *vādere* 'to go'.

**wafer** sb. ME. *wāfre* fr. OFR. *waufre* = FR. *gaufre*; ident. w. DU. *wafel*, G. *waffel* (OSAX. \**wāfla*). The group prop. meant 'honey comb' as in FR. and is derived fr. a Teut. word (OHG. *wabo* G. *wabe*; √ *wēb* in *weave*).

**wag** vb. ME. *wagge* (OE. \**wag-gian*) derived fr. √ *wēg* (in OE. *wagian* 'to move, wag'); see *way*.

**wage** sb. ME. *wāge* fr. OFR. *wage* (FR. *gage*; source a vulgar LAT. *wadium* for LAT. *radium* (influenced by a TEUT.-GOTH. *wadi* 'a pledge' under *wed*).

**waggon** sb. fr. DU. *wagen*; ident. w. *wain*.

**wail** vb. ME. *waile weile*; derived fr. ME. *wai* 'woe' (loanword fr. ON. *vai*; see *woe*).

**wain** sb. ME. *wain* OE. *wæzn*: Teut. base *wagmu-* in OHG. *wagan* G. DU. *wagen* (ON. *vagn*); ARYAN √ *wēgh* as in LAT. *vehiculum*, GR. *οζος*, OIR. *fēn* 'wain'. See *way*.

**waist** sb. ME. *wāst*; doubtful whether allied to *wax*?

**wait** vb. ME. *waite* fr. OFR. *waiter*; source a vulgar LAT. vb. *wactare*, der. fr. OHG. *wahta* = GOTH. *wahtwô* 'a watching'. For the root see *wake* and *watch*.

**wake** vb. ME. *wāke* OE. *wacian* = OSAX. *wakôjan*, DU. *waken*, ON. *waka*, OHG. *wahhên* G. *wachen* wk. vb. (only GOTH. *wakan* str.

vb.). Cp. also OE. *weccean*, OHG. *wecchan*, OSAX. *wekkian*, DU. *wekken*, GOTH. *wakjan* 'to awake'. ARYAN √ *wēg* in LAT. *vegere* 'to excite, arouse' (*vigil* 'awake') and SKR. *vâjay* 'to incite'. See *watch* (and *wait*).

**walk** vb. ME. *walke*: intensive formation (cp. *lurk*, *stalk*) of OE. *weallian* 'to wander' = OHG. *wallôn* G. *wallen*.

**wall** sb. ME. *wal* (pl. *walles*) OE. *weall* (pl. *weallas*) = DU. *wal*, OSAX. *wal* (pl. *wallôs*); not found in OHG. (but G. *wall* borrowed fr. LG.). Source LAT. *vallum* 'a rampart'.

**wall-eyed** adj. fr. OE. *wealden-izc* = ON. *vall-eygdr* 'wall-eyed'?

**wallow** vb. ME. *walwe* OE. *weal-wian* 'to wallow'; cp. GOTH. *wal-wisôn* 'to wallow' and *walwjan* 'to roll'. Cogn. w. LAT. *volvare* (GR. *σῆλεν*) 'to roll'. ARYAN √ *wēlwo* *wolwe*.

**walnut** sb. ME. *walnote walnute* OE. *wealh-hnutu* = ON. *vallnot*, DU. *walnoot* G. *walnuss* (not found in OHG.). The former element (TEUT. *walnu-*) see under *Welsh* (*walnut* prop. meant 'French nut'; cp. LAT. *nux Gallica* = FR. *gaugé*).

**walrus** sb. = DU. *walrus walros*, G. *walross*, DAN. *hvalros*; cp. ON. *hrosshvatr* (whence OE. *hors-hwæl*): lit. 'a horse-whale'. See *whale*.

**wan** adj. ME. *wan(un)* OE. *wann* (*wonn*).

**wand** sb. ME. *wand* fr. ON.



*vond* (gen. *vandar*) = GOTH. *wandus* 'a rod'. Cogn. w. LITH. *wanta?* or w. *wind* vb.?

**wander** vb. ME. *wandre* OE. *wandrian*; cp. MHG. G. *wandern* *wandeln* (OHG. *wantalôn*) 'to wander'. Cogn. w. *wend* vb.

**wane** vb. ME. *wâne* OE. *wanian* = OHG. *wanôn*, ON. *vana* 'to wane, diminish': derived fr. TEUT. *wana-* 'lacking' in OE. *wan*, ON. *vaur*, OHG. *wan*, GOTH. *wans* 'lacking' (cp. DU. *wanhoop* 'despair' and G. *wahnwitz* 'want of wits'). Cogn. w. SKR. *īma* 'wanting'. — **want** sb. ME. *want* fr. ON. *vant* neutr. of *vaur* 'lacking, deficient'. — **wanton** ME. *wantoun* prop. *wantōwen* for \**wantogen*; OE. *togen* is participle of *tēon* (see *team*) 'to educate'.

**war** sb. ME. (since 12<sup>th</sup> cent.) *werre* = DU. *werre* fr. OFR. *werre* (FR. *guerre*); source OHG. *wēra* 'vexation' (OHG. OSAX. *wērnan* str. vb. 'to bring into confusion or disorder').

**ward** sb. ME. *ward* OE. *weard* 'watchman, guardian' — OSAX. *ward*, OHG. G. *wart* (ON. *vǫrdr* for \**wardus*): ARYAN √<sup>1</sup>*wor* see under *wary*. — **warden** sb. ME. *wardēin* fr. OFR. *wardēin* (*gardein*) ident. w. *guardian*; see *guard*. — **wardrobe** ME. *warderōbe* fr. OFR. *warderobe* (FR. *garderobe*).

**ware** sb. ME. *wāre* OE. *waru* 'merchandise' = DU. *waar* G. *ware*, ON. *vāra*.

**warlock** sb. for ME. *warlōwe*

OE. *wērloga* 'traitor' (= OSAX. *wārlogo*): compound of OE. *wēr* 'faith, agreement' and *-loga* 'a liar' (OE. *lōgan* under *lie*<sup>1</sup>).

**warm** adj. ME. *warm* OE. *wearm* = OSAX. OHG. G. DU. *warm*, ON. *varmr* (cp. GOTH. *warmjan* 'to make warm'): Teut. base *warma-* for ARYAN base *ghwērmō-* in GR. *θερμός* (*ηερμός*) = LAT. *formus* 'warm'.

**warn** vb. ME. *warne* OH. *wearnian* *war(e)nian* = OHG. *warnôn* G. *warnen* 'to warn'.

**warp** sb. ME. *warp* OE. *wearp* derived fr. OE. *weorpan* ME. *werpe* str. vb. 'to throw' = GOTH. *wairpan*, OSAX. *werpan*, DU. *werpen*, OHG. *wirfan* G. *werfen* str. vb. 'to throw'. ARYAN √<sup>1</sup>*werǵw* in SKR. *vij* 'to remove', OSLOV. *vrěsti* (*vrūga*) 'to throw'.

**warrant** sb. ME. *waraunt* fr. OFR. *warant* (FR. *garant*).

**wart** sb. ME. *werte*: unlauted byform of OE. *wearte* = ON. *varta*, ODU. *warte*, OHG. *warza* G. *warze*. Perhaps cogn. w. OE. *wearr* 'callosity, wart' and LAT. *verruca* 'wart'.

**wary** adj. extension of ME. *war* OE. *wear* 'cautious, aware' = GOTH. *wars*, OSAX. *wear* 'cautious' (OHG. *gēwar* G. *gewahr*): ARYAN √<sup>1</sup>*wor* also in GR. *οαίρ* 'to observe'.

**was** (I, he) — *were* (we) ME. *was-wēre* OE. *wes-wēron* (*wéron*): forms of the preterite of OE. *wēsan* — DU. *wezen*, OHG. *wēsan*, GOTH. *wisan* (G. *wesen* sb. 'a

being'). ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{was}}$  in SKR. *was* 'to stay in a place'.

**wash** vb. ME. *wasshe* OE. *wascan* = ON. *waska*, OHG. *wascan* G. *waschen*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{wash}}$  in IR. *faiscim*, w. *gwasgu* 'I press'.

**wasp** sb. ME. *waspe* OE. *waeps* fr. a Teut. base *wafsa-* in OHG. *wafsa*; cogn. w. LAT. *vepa*, LITH. *vapsà* 'breeze', OSLOV. *rosa* 'wasp'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{webh}}$  in *weave*; *wasp* orig. 'weaver'.

**waste** adj. ME. *wást* fr. OFR. *wast* (cp. FR. *gâter* 'to make waste'). Source LAT. *vastus*, influenced by TEUT. *wôsti* 'waste' (OE. *wêste*, OHG. *wuosti* G. *wüsst* fr. an ARYAN *wâstu-* in OIR. *fás*, LAT. *vastus* 'waste').

**watch** vb. ME. *wacche* OE. \**wæc-ðan* (in the pres. partic. *wæcðende*) = OE. *wacian* under *wake*.

**water** sb. ME. *wäter* OE. *wæter* = OSAX. *watar*, DU. *water*, OHG. *wazzar* G. *wasser*: WEST-TEUT. base *watera-*; ident. w. GOTH. *watô*, ON. *watn*. Cogn. w. *wet* and outside of TEUT., w. GR. *ἕδωο*, SKR. *udan*, OSLOV. RUSS. *woda* 'water'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{wod}}$ : *ud*.

**wattle** sb. ME. *watel* OE. *watol* 'hurdle, tile'.

**wave** sb. derived fr. the wk. vb. *wave* ME. *wæve* OE. *wafjan* 'wave, fluctuate'; cp. ON. *vafa* 'to vibrate to and fro'.

**wax** sb. ME. *waxe* OE. *wæxan* str. vb. — OHG. OSAX. *wahsan* G. *wachsen*, DU. *wassen*; cp. GOTH. *wahsjan*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{waks}}$  *uks* in

SKR. *uks* 'grow up, get strong', GR. *ἄξεν* 'wax'. Cp. *ox*.

**wax** sb. ME. *wax* OE. *weax* = ON. *wax*, OHG. *wahs* G. *wachs*, DU. *wass*. Cogn. w. LITH. *wasskas*, OSLOV. RUSS. *woskù*.

**way** sb. ME. *way wey wei* OE. *wēȝ* = OSAX. OHG. *wēg* G. DU. *weg*, ON. *vegr*, GOTH. *wigs* 'way': Teut. base *wēga-* (allied to LAT. *via* 'way'), derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{wēg}}$  in OE. *wēgan* 'to carry' = OHG. *wēgan* 'to move', GOTH. *garwigan*; ident. w. LAT. *vehere* 'to carry', GR. *ἔξεν*, SKR. *vah* 'to carry': ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{wēgh}}$  also in *wain*.

**we** pron. ME. OE. *wē* = GOTH. *weis*, OHG. G. *wir*, OSAX. *wī*; ident. w. SKR. *vay-am* 'we': ARYAN ground-form *wei* fr. a stem *wē-* in ON. *vǫrr* 'our'.

**weak** adj. ME. *weik* fr. ON. *veikr weykr*; ident. w. OE. *wāc* ME. *wōk* = DU. *week*, OSAX. *wēk*, OHG. *weih* G. *weich*. TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{wik}}$  in OE. *wēcan* 'to give way' = OSAX. *wikan*, ON. *wikja*, OHG. *wīhhan* G. *weichen*. Cogn. w. GR. *ἔξεν* 'to give way', LAT. *vices* 'change'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{wīg}}$  *wīk*.

**weal** sb. ME. *wēle* OE. *wēla* (*wēola*) 'prosperity, riches' = OSAX. *wēlo* 'happiness, riches' (OHG. *wēla* — *wōla* G. *wohl* 'welfare'). Cogn. w. *well* and *will*. — **wealth** ME. *welthe* extension of *weal* — DU. *wælde*.

**wean** sb. ME. *wēne* OE. *wēnian* 'to wean a child' prop. 'to accustom'; ident. w. OSAX. *wēnnian*,

(G. *gewöhnen*), ON. *venja* 'to accustom'. Derived fr. the adj. *wana-* in ON. *vanr* 'accustomed' (cp. OHG. *gīwon* OE. *zīwun* 'usual').

**weapon** sb. ME. *wēpen* OE. *wēpen* = ON. *vápn*, OSAX. *wāpan*, DU. *wapen*, OHG. *wāffan* G. *waffe* (GOTH. *wēþna* plur.).

**wear** vb. ME. *wēre* OE. *wērian* wk. vb. 'to clothe' = GOTH. *wasjan* 'to clothe', OHG. *wērian*, ON. *verja* 'to cloth': TEUT.  $\sqrt{was}$  *was* (also in GOTH. *was-ti* 'garment'), ARYAN  $\sqrt{wēs}$  in LAT. *vestis* 'garment', GR.  $\epsilon\sigma\text{-}\theta\eta\varsigma$  'clothing',  $\epsilon\rho\rho\omega$  'I clothe', SKR. *vas* 'to clothe'.

**weary** adj. ME. *wēry* OE. *wēriȝ* (*wāriȝ*) = OSAX. *wōrig* 'tired', OHG. *wuorag* 'intoxicated': TEUT.  $\sqrt{wōr}$ ? or *wōz*?

**weasand** sb. ME. *wēsend* OE. *wāsend* umlauted byform of OE. *wāsend* 'throat, gullet' = OFRIES. *wāsende* 'windpipe', OHG. *weisunt* 'veins'.

**weasel** sb. ME. *wāsel* OE. *wēsule* = OHG. *weisula* G. *wiesel*, DU. *weszel* 'weasel'. Perhaps cogn. w. LAT. *visio* 'bad smell', whence OFR. *voison* 'foumart'.

**weather** sb. ME. *wēder* OE. *wēder* = OSAX. *wēdar*, DU. *weder*, OHG. *wētar* G. *wetter*, ON. *vedr*: Teut. base *wēdra-*, ARYAN base *wedhro-* in OSLOV. *vedru* 'clear' (weather) — *vedro* 'clear weather'.

**weave** sb. ME. *wēve* OE. *wēfan* str. vb. = ON. *vēfa*, DU. *weven*, OHG. *wēban* G. *weben*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{wēbh}$  (see *wasp*, *wafer* and

*weevil*) also in GR.  $\upsilon\eta\eta\text{-}\upsilon\eta\sigma$  'a web' —  $\upsilon\eta\alpha\iota\upsilon\epsilon\upsilon$  'weave'. — **web** ME. OE. *web* (*bb*) fr. TEUT. *wabja-* in OHG. *wēppi*, DU. *web*, ON. *wefr* 'a web'.

**wed** vb. prop. 'to engage' ME. *wedde* OE. *weddian* = GOTH. *ga-wadþōn* 'to pledge', ON. *wedja*. Derived fr. the sb. OE. *wedd* = GOTH. *wadi*, OHG. *wētti* 'a pledge' and cogn. w. LAT. *vas* — *radis* 'a pledge'. Further relations see under *gage* and *wage*. — **wedlock** ME. *wedlōk* OE. *wedlic* (OE. *lic* 'gift, offering').

**wedge** sb. ME. *wēgȝe* OE. *wēgȝ* = OHG. *wēcki* (G. *weck*), DU. *wēg*, ON. *wegger*: Teut. base *wagja-*; cogn. w. LITH. *wagis*, LETT. *wadsis* 'a wedge'.

**wedlock** see *wed*.

**Wednesday** ME. *wednes-day* umlauted byform of OE. *Wōdnes-dæg* = LG. *wōdnescdach*, DU. *woensdag*; prop. 'day of Wōden': translation of LAT. *Mercurii dies*. The Teut. god *Wōden* (OHG. *Wuotan*, ON. *Odinn*) is identified w. *Mercurius*.

**weed**<sup>1</sup> sb. (plantname) ME. *wēd* OE. *wēod* — OSAX. *wiod* 'weed'.

**weed**<sup>2</sup> sb. 'garment' ME. *wēde* OE. *wēd* *wēd* (inll. -e) = ON. *vād*, OSAX. *wād*, OHG. *wāt* 'clothing, garment': Teut. base *wē-di-* fr. an ARYAN  $\sqrt{wē}$  'to weave' in SKR. *vā* 'to weave'.

**week** sb. ME. *wēke* *wike* OE. *wīcu* = OSAX. *wika*, ON. *wika*, OHG. *wēhha* *wōhha* G. *woche* 'week'; cp. GOTH. *wikō* 'order, succession'.

Derived fr.  $\sqrt{wik}$  in OE. *wican* 'to give way' see under *wcak*.

**ween** vb. ME. *wēne* OE. *wēnan* (prop. *wōnan*) 'to hope, expect' = GOTH. *wēnjan*, ON. *wāna*, OHG. *wān(n)an* G. *wāhnen*: derived fr. OE. *wēn* (*wōn*) sb. 'hope' = OHG. *wān* G. *wahn*, ON. *wān*, GOTH. *wēns*: Teut. base *wēni-*.

**weep** vb. prop. a str. vb. ME. *wēpe* (prt. *wēp*) OE. *wēpan wōpan* (prt. *wēop*) = GOTH. *wōþjan* wk. vb., OSAX. *wōþian*, OHG. *wuoffjan* MHG. *wüefen* 'lament', ON. *wāpa* (orig. *\*wāpa*) 'to cry'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{wēp}$ .

**weevil** sb. ME. *wēvel wīvel* OE. *wīfel* = OSAX. *wībil*, OHG. *wībil*, ON. *yfill*: derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{wēb}$  in *wearve*; cp. LITH. *wabalas* 'weevil'. — From the same root also *west* ME. OE. *wēst* = ON. *wēptr*.

**weight** sb. ME. *wēight* fr. ON. *wétt* orig. *\*wæht*; cp. OE. *wiht* 'weight' fr. OE. *wēgan* (see *way*).

**weird** sb. 'fate' cp. ME. *wirde* OE. *wyrd* 'fate' = ON. *urd*, OSAX. *wurd* 'fate'. Derived fr. TEUT. *wērfan* = OE. *wecordan*, OSAX. *wērdan*, OHG. *wērdan* G. *werden*, ON. *verda*, GOTH. *wairfan* 'to become'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{wert}$  in LAT. *verte* 'to turn', SKR. *ṛt* 'to turn'.

**welkin** sb. ME. *welkne welken*; umlauted byform of ME. *wolkne* OE. *wolcen* 'cloud' = OSAX. OHG. *wolkan*, OSAX. *wulka*, OHG. *wolka* G. *wolke* 'cloud'. Perhaps cogn. w. OSLOV. *vlugukū* 'humid' —

*vlaga* 'humidity', LITH. *vilgyti* 'to moisten'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{wēlg}$ .

**well** adv. ME. OE. *wēl* = DU. *wel*, OSAX. *wēl*, ON. *vēl*; cp. OHG. *wēlu wola* G. *wohl* (GOTH. *walla*). Origin doubtful, but connection w. *wcal* and *will* certain.

**well** sb. ME. *welle* OE. *welle wella* (*wylle wylle*): Teut. base *walljōn-*: umlaut-relation of OE. *wecallan* str. vb. 'boil, flow' = OSAX. OHG. *wallan* str. vb. 'boil, flow'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{wel wal}$  in OE. *wylm* 'boiling, flowing' = SKR. *ūrmi* 'flood', OHG. *wēlla* G. *welle* 'wave' = OSLOV. *vlūna*, LITH. *vilnis* 'wave'.

**Welsh** adj. ME. *welsh* OE. *wylsē* umlauted fr. a TEUT. *walhiska-*; derived fr. OE. *Wealh* 'foreigner', prop. 'a Celt' (cp. *walnut*). The corresponding adj. OHG. *walhisc* — sb. *Walaha* means an inhabitant of a Romance country. TEUT. *Walha* rests on the Celtic tribe name *Folcac*.

**wen** sb. ME. *wen* OE. *wenn* 'tumour' = DU. *wen*, LG. *wēne*: Teut. base *wanja-* (perhaps cogn. w. *wound*?).

**wench** sb. ME. *wenche* older *wenchel* prop. 'infant'; ablaut-relation of OE. *wincel* 'child'.

**wend** vb. (only in the prt. *went*) fr. ME. *wēnde* prt. *wente* OE. *wēndan* prt. *wēnde*; orig. meaning 'to turn' = GOTH. *wandjan*, OSAX. *wēndian*, OHG. *wēntan* G. *wenden*. Causal of *wind*.

**were** see *was*.

**west** sb. ME. OE. *wēst* = ON. *vēstr*, DU. G. *west* (FR. *ouest* of Teut. origin).

**wet** adj. short for ME. *wēt* OE. *wét wēt* = ON. *vátr*, OFRIES. *wét*: Teut. base *wēta-* fr. the same root as *water*.

**wether** sb. ME. *wether* OE. *wēder* = GOTH. *wiprus*, ON. *vēdr*, OSAX. *withar wēthar*, DU. *weder wēer*, OHG. *widar* G. *widder*. Cogn. w. LAT. *vitulus* 'calf' and SKR. *vatsa* 'calf'.

**whale** sb. ME. *whal* (pl. *wháles*) OE. *hwæl* (pl. *hwálas*) = ON. *hwálr*, OHG. *wal* (G. *walfisch*, DU. *walvisch* = ON. *hwálfiskr*). Cogn. w. GR. *πύλωρ* 'monster'. Cp. *walrus*.

**what** pron. ME. *what* OE. *hwæt* = OHG. *hwaꝛ* G. *was*, DU. *wat*, OSAX. *hwat*; cp. the Teut. stem *hwa-* under *who*.

**wheat** sb. ME. *whēte* OE. *hwæte* = GOTH. *hwaiteis*, ON. *hwēiti*, DU. *weite*, OHG. *weizzi* G. *weizen*. Cogn. w. *white* = TEUT. *hwíta-* (in ME. we find *white* 'wheat' by the side of *whēte*).

**wheel** sb. ME. *whēl* OE. *hwēol* (w. the byform *hwecwōl hwecogol*) = ON. *hjóll* (for *\*hájól*) — *hwél*, DU. *wiel* (OFRIES. *fiál*): TEUT. base *hwēula-* (for *hwēgwēla-*) and *hwēhēla-*, ARYAN base *qeqlo-* in SRK. *akra* 'wheel', GR. *κύκλος* 'wheel'. By the side of the reduplicated word *qe-ql-o-* cp. OSLOV. *kolo* 'wheel'.

**wheeze** vb. ME. *wheze* OE. *hwēsan* (for *\*hwāsan*) 'to wheeze'; cogn. w. OE. *hwēsta*, ON. *hósti*, OHG.

*h(w)uosto* G. *husten*, DU. *hoest* 'coughing'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{hwōs}$  = ARYAN  $\sqrt{kās}$  in SKR. *kās*, IR. *casad*, LITH. *kōsėti* 'to cough'.

**whelk** sb. cp. ME. *wilk* OE. *wiole weolk* (older *wiluc*) 'whelk' = DU. *wulk welk wullok*. Ident. w. OFR. *welke*.

**whelp** sb. ME. *whelp* OE. *hwēlp* 'whelp, cub' = ON. *hwēlpr*, DU. *welp*, OHG. *hwēlf wēlf*.

**when** conj. ME. *when* OE. *hwænne* fr. stem *hwa-* in *who*.

**whence** adv. ME. *whenne-s* prop. *whanene* OE. *hwanone* older *hwanon* = OHG. *hwanân*.

**where** pron.-adv. ME. *whér(e)* OE. *hwēr* (ME. *whóre* late OE. *hwār*) = OSAX. OHG. *hwâr* MHG. *wâr* G. *wo*, DU. *waar*: TEUT. base *hwēr* (cp. GOTH. *hwar*); derived fr. stem *hwa-* under *who*.

**whet** vb. ME. *whette* OE. *hwettan* 'to sharpen' = ON. *hwetja*, DU. *wetten*, OHG. *hwēssan* G. *wetsen* 'to sharpen': Teut. ground-form *hwatjan*. Cogn. w. ON. *hwatr*, OSAX. *hwat*, OHG. *hwaꝛ* 'sharp': TEUT.  $\sqrt{hwat}$ .

**whether** pron. ME. *whether* OE. *hwæder* 'which of two' = GOTH. *hwapar*: corresponding by ablaut to OHG. *hwēdar* 'which of two'. GR. *πόρος* (SKR. *katara*) 'which of two' is more closely allied to GOTH. OE. The word is orig. comparative to stem *hwa-* (*hwa-*) in *who*.

**whey** sb. ME. *whey* OE. *hwēȝ* = DU. LG. *wēi* (byform MLG. *huy hoie* DU. *hui*).

**which** pron. ME. *which* OE. *hwylc* (prehistoric form \**hwilic*) = GOTH. *hweiks*, OSAX. *hwilik*; cp. OHG. *hēlih* G. *welch*: Teut. base *hwilika-* (*hweilika-*) and for OHG. *hweilih* a base *hwalika-*. Derived fr. stem *hwa-* *hwe-* under *who*.

**while** sb. ME. *while* OE. *hwil* infl. *hwile* = GOTH. *hweila*, OHG. OSAX. *hwila*, G. *weile*, DU. *wijl*. ON. *hweila* 'bed' (cp. OHG. *hwilēn* 'to rest') points to connection w. LAT. *quies* 'quiet' and OSLOV. *počiti* 'to rest'. ARYAN √ *qī*.

**whine** vb. ME. *whine* OE. *hwinan* str. vb. 'to make a shrill sound' = ON *heina* 'to whiz'.

**whisky** ident. w. *usquebaugh*.

**whisper** vb. ME. *whisperere* OE. *hweisprian* 'to murmur'; cp. OHG. *hweispalōn* G. *weispeln*. Sound-imitation? or cogn. w. *whistle*?

**whistle** vb. ME. *whistle* OE. *hwistlian*; perh. akin to *whisper*.

**whit** ident. w. *wight*.

**white** adj. (short in *Whit-sunday* lit. 'white sunday') ME. *whit* OE. *hwit* = GOTH. *hweits*, ON. *hwitr*, OHG. *hwiz*, G. *weiss*: Teut. base *hwēta-*, cogn. w. SKR. *śveta* 'white' — √ *śvit* 'to shine'. ARYAN √ *kwid* *kwit*. See also *wheat* and *whittle*.

**whither** pron. ME. *whider* OE. *hwider*; cp. GOTH. *hadrē* 'whither'; derived fr. the stem *hwa-* *hwe-* in *who*.

**whittle** sb. short for ME. *whitel* OE. *hwitel* 'blanket'; derived fr. *white*.

**who** pron. ME. *whō* prop. *whō* OE. *hwā* = GOTH. *hwa-s*; cp. OHG. *hwe-r* G. *wer*: stem *hwa-hwe-*, also in *what* and *howe* and in *which*, *whither*, *whether*. ARYAN base *go-* in LAT. *quo-d*, SKR. *ka-s* 'who', LITH. *ka-s* 'who'.

**whole** adj. ME. *hol* OE. *hāl* (hence the abstract formation *health*) = GOTH. *hails*. ON. *heill* (see *hail*), OHG. G. *heil*, OSAX. *hēl*, DU. *hecl*: Teut. base *haila-* (whence derived *hailaga-* = *holy*). Ident. w. OSLOV. *čělu* 'complete, whole' (ground-form *kailo-*); cp. OPRUSS. *kailustikan* 'health'.

**whore** sb. ME. OE. *hōre* 'prostitute' = ON. *hōra*, OHG. *huora* 'adulteress'; cp. GOTH. *hōrs* 'adulterer'. ARYAN √ *kār* 'to love' in OIR. *cara* 'friend' — *caraim* I love (Gallo-LAT. *carisa* 'prostitute') and LAT. *cārus* 'dear'.

**why** pron. ME. *whi* OE. *hwē* = ON. *hwī*: instrum. of the stem *hwa-* in *what*.

**wick** sb. short for ME. *wēke* OE. *wēoce* = OHG. *wiohha*. LG. *wēke*, DU. *wiek*: Teut. base *wenkōn*, perhaps reduplicated for *wē-wēk-ōn*, as made probable by the equiv. OE. *wēcca* = G. (dial.) *wicke*; cogn. w. MHG. G. *wickel*?

**wicked** adj. extended for ME. *wicke*.

**wicket** sb. ME. *wikēt* fr. ONFR. *wiket* (FR. *guichet*), whence also ODU. *wiket* (DU. *winket*).

**wide** adj. ME. OE. *wīd* = ON. *widr*, OSAX. *wīd*, DU. *wijd*, OHG.

*wît* G. *wicit*: TEUT. *wîda-*, perhaps participle of a lost verbal  $\sqrt{\text{w}}$ .

**widow** sb. ME. *widwe* OE. *widwe* (*wendwe*) = GOTH. *widuwô*, OHG. *widurwa* G. *witwe*, OSAX. *widurwa*, DU. *weduwe*. Ident. w. the equiv. SKR. *vidhavâ*, LAT. *vidua*, OSLOV. *vidova*, OIR. *fedb*: ARYAN base *widhawâ*.

**wield** vb. ME. *wælde* OE. *zeweldan* (*zewýldan*) wk. vb. fr. a TEUT.  $\sqrt{\text{gawaldjan}}$ . Derived fr. the str. vb. OE. *waldan* *wáldan* = GOTH. OSAX. *waldan*, OHG. *waltan* (G. *walten*) 'to govern'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{wal}}$  in LAT. *valere* 'to be strong'; cp. also OSLOV. *vlasti*, LITH. *valdyti* 'to govern'.

**wife** sb. ME. OE. *wif* = ON. *wif*, OSAX. *wif*, DU. *wijf*, OHG. *wîb* G. *wëib*: Teut. base *wiba-*. No equiv. connections outside of TEUT. (an older word for 'wife' see under *queen*). — **woman** ME. *wumman* prop. *wimman* (pl. *wimmen*) OE. *wif-mann* (pl. *wif-menn*) lit. 'a wife-man'.

**wight** sb. ME. *wíght* OE. *wiht* 'thing, creature, being' = OHG. OSAX. *wiht* 'thing, being' (G. DU. *wicht*); cp. GOTH. *wihts* 'thing' and ON. *vétrr* 'being, thing'. Teut. base *wiht-* for *wéhti-* ident. w. OSLOV. *vesti* 'thing': ARYAN base *wékti-*.

**wild** adj. ME. OE. *wilde* fr. a TEUT. *wilþja-* (prop. *wélfþja-*) = GOTH. *wilþeis*, ON. *vilþr*, OSAX. OHG. *wildi* G. DU. *wild*. Probably connected w. *wold* OE. *wáld* = OHG. G. *wald* 'wood', as FR.

*sauvage* = LAT. *silvaticus* fr. LAT. *silva* 'wood'. — **wilderness** (cp. DU. G. *wildernis*) extension of ME. *wilderne* 'a desert'.

**wile** sb. ME. (fr. 12<sup>th</sup> cent.) *wille* fr. OFR. *wile* (*guile*); ident. w. *guile*.

**will** vb. ME. *wille* (prt. *wölde*) OE. *willan* (prt. *wölde*) = GOTH. *wiljan*, ON. *vilja*, OSAX. *willian*, DU. *willen*: Teut. base *wiljan* (prop. *wélfjan*); ident. w. OSAX. *wéllian*, OHG. *wéllan* (G. *wollen*) fr. a TEUT. *waljan*. ARYAN  $\sqrt{\text{wél wol}}$  in LAT. *vel-le*, OSLOV. *voliti*, LITH. *velyti*. All equivalent. Perhaps cogn. w. *well* and *weal*; also GOTH. *waljan* 'to choose' = OHG. *wellan* G. *wählen*, OHG. *wala* G. *wahl* 'choosing', SKR.  $\sqrt{\text{var}}$  *vy* 'choose'. Cp. the following word.

**will** sb. ME. *wille* OE. *willa* = OSAX. OHG. *willio*, DU. *wil*, G. *wille*, GOTH. *vilja*, ON. *vili*: Teut. base *wiljan-* for *wélfjan-*, derived fr.  $\sqrt{\text{wél}}$  in *will* vb.; cp. OSLOV. *volja* sb. 'will'.

**willow** sb. ME. *wilwe* OE. *wylig* (infl.  $\sqrt{\text{wilge}}$ ?); ident. w. DU. *wilg* ODU. LG. *wilge* OSAX. *wilgia*, MHG. *wilge*.

**wimple** sb. ME. OE. *wimpel* OE. *wimpel* 'neck covering' = DU. G. *wimpel* OHG. *wimpal*. Source and history unknown (OFR. *guimpe* FR. *guimpe* are of TEUT. origin; see *gimp*).

**win** vb. ME. *winne* OE. *winnan* str. vb. = GOTH. *winnan* 'to suffer', OHG. OSAX. *winnan* 'to

struggle' (G. *gewinnen*, DU. *winnen*), ON. *vinna*: Teut. verbal  $\sqrt{w\ddot{e}nn}$ , cogn. w. SKR. *van* 'obtain, acquire'.

**wind** sb. ME. OE. *wind* = OSAX. DU. *wind*, OHG. *wint* G. *wind*, ON. *vindr*, GOTH. *winds*: Teut. base *winda-* prop. *w\ddot{e}ndo-* = ARYAN base *w\ddot{e}nto-* in LAT. *ventus*, SKR. *v\ddot{a}ta* 'wind'. Derived fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{w\ddot{e}}$  in OE. *w\ddot{a}wan* = GOTH. *waian*, DU. *waaien*, OHG. *w\ddot{a}en* G. *w\ddot{e}hen* 'to blow'; cp. LITH. *v\ddot{e}jas* 'wind', OSLOV. *v\ddot{e}tru* 'wind' — *v\ddot{e}jati* 'to blow', SKR.  $\sqrt{v\ddot{a}}$  'to blow', GR. *\acute{\alpha}\eta\tau\eta\varsigma* 'wind'. Cp. *window*.

**wind** vb. ME. *w\ddot{u}nde* OE. *w\ddot{u}ndan* str. vb. = GOTH. OSAX. *w\ddot{u}ndan*, ON. *v\ddot{u}nda*, OHG. *w\ddot{u}ntan* G. DU. *w\ddot{u}nden*: TEUT.  $\sqrt{w\ddot{u}nd}$  *w\ddot{u}nd*. — **windlass** sb. (machine for raising heavy weights) transformed fr. ME. *w\ddot{u}ndas*: loanword fr. ON. *v\ddot{u}nd-áss* prop. 'a winding pole'.

**window** sb. ME. *w\ddot{u}nd\ddot{u}we* borrowed fr. ON. *v\ddot{u}nd-auga* 'window', lit. 'wind-eye'. See *wind* sb. and *eye* (ON. *auga*).

**wine** sb. ME. OE. *w\ddot{u}n* = GOTH. *w\ddot{e}in*, ON. *v\ddot{u}n*, OSAX. OHG. *w\ddot{u}n* G. *w\ddot{e}in* DU. *w\ddot{u}n*: Teut. base *w\ddot{u}na-*, early loanword fr. LAT. *v\ddot{u}num* (cp. *vine* and *vintage*), whence also ITAL. *v\ddot{u}no* — FR. *v\ddot{u}n* and OIR. *f\ddot{u}n*, OSLOV. *v\ddot{u}no*.

**wing** sb. ME. *w\ddot{u}nge* short for older *w\ddot{u}nge*: loanword fr. ON. *v\ddot{u}ng\ddot{u}r*.

**wink** vb. ME. *w\ddot{u}nke* OE. *w\ddot{u}ncian* wk. vb. 'blink, wink'; OHG. *w\ddot{u}nkan*

str. vb. (G. *w\ddot{u}nken*) 'to give a sign' = ME. *w\ddot{u}nke* str. vb. 'wink'.

**winnow** vb. ME. *w\ddot{u}ndwe* OE. *w\ddot{u}ndw\ddot{u}n*; ident. w. OHG. *w\ddot{u}nt\ddot{u}n* (for *\*w\ddot{u}ntw\ddot{u}n*) 'to winnow'; cp. GOTH. *w\ddot{u}nþi-skaur\ddot{u}* 'a winnowing fan', LAT. *ventilare* 'to winnow'. All cogn. w. *wind* sb.

**winsome** adj. ME. *w\ddot{u}n-som* OE. *w\ddot{u}nn-sam* = OHG. *w\ddot{u}nni-sam* (G. *w\ddot{u}nn-sam*): derived fr. OE. *w\ddot{u}nn* = OSAX. OHG. *w\ddot{u}nnia* (cp. G. *w\ddot{u}nn*) 'joy'.

**winter** sb. ME. OE. *w\ddot{u}nter* = GOTH. *w\ddot{u}ntr\ddot{u}n*, OSAX. OHG. *w\ddot{u}ntar* DU. G. *w\ddot{u}nter*, ON. *v\ddot{e}tr*: Teut. base *w\ddot{u}ntr-*. Perhaps cogn. w. CELT. *w\ddot{u}ndo-* 'white' in OIR. *f\ddot{u}nd* 'white'?

**wipe** vb. ME. *w\ddot{u}pe* OE. *w\ddot{u}þian*; cp. LG. *w\ddot{u}þ* sb. 'wisp of straw' and GOTH. *w\ddot{u}þja* 'garland' — *w\ddot{u}þan* 'wreath'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{w\ddot{u}þ}$ .

**wire** sb. ME. OE. *w\ddot{u}r* = ON. *v\ddot{u}rr*, LG. FRIES. *w\ddot{u}r*; cogn. w. OHG. *w\ddot{u}ara* 'wire' and LAT. *v\ddot{u}riac* 'armlets of metal', which according to Plinius' Hist. Nat. 15 is a Celtic word.

**wise** adj. ME. OE. *w\ddot{u}s* = ON. *v\ddot{u}ss*, GOTH. *w\ddot{e}is*, OSAX. OHG. *w\ddot{u}s* (OHG. *w\ddot{u}si* G. *w\ddot{e}ise*), DU. *w\ddot{u}js*. Teut. base *w\ddot{u}sa-* (for *w\ddot{u}t-to-*), derived fr. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{w\ddot{u}d}$  in GR. *\omega\ddot{u}da*, SKR. *v\ddot{u}da* = GOTH. *w\ddot{u}it*, OE. *w\ddot{u}t*, OHG. *w\ddot{e}i\ddot{z}* G. *w\ddot{e}iss*. See *w\ddot{u}t*.

**wise** sb. ME. OE. *w\ddot{u}se* = OSAX. OHG. *w\ddot{u}sa* G. *w\ddot{e}ise*, DU. *w\ddot{u}js*: Teut. base *w\ddot{u}s\ddot{o}-n-* (FR. *guise* ITAL. *guisa* of Teut. origin). Probably



connected w. the ARYAN  $\sqrt{wid}$  'to know' under *wise* — *wit*.

**wish** vb. ME. *wissh* short for OE. *wyscean* fr. a Teut. base *wunskjan* = OHG. *wunsc(i)an* G. *wünschen*, DU. *wenschen*, ON. *áskja* 'to wish'; cp. SKR. *vānich* 'to wish': ARYAN  $\sqrt{wonsk}$ ?

**wisp** sb. ME. *wisp* (not found in OE.); perh. ident. w. ON. *risk*, OHG. *wisc* G. *wisch* 'wisp of straw'?

**wit** vb. ME. *wite* OE. *witan* 'to know' = GOTH. OSAX. *witan*, ON. *vita*, DU. *weten*, OHG. *wiŕzan* G. *wissen*. The 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>d</sup> p. sing. were ME. *wót* OE. *wát* = GOTH. *wait*, ON. *veit*, OSAX. *wêt*, OHG. *weiz* G. *weiss*, corresponding to SKR. *vêda* 'I know, he knows', GR. *oîda oîde*. See also *witness*.

**wit** sb. ME. *wit* (tt) OE. ( $\zeta$ )*wit* 'intellect, understanding' = OSAX. *gîwit*, OHG. *wissi* (G. *witz*) 'understanding', ON. *vit* 'intellect': derived fr. *wit* vb.

**witch** sb. ME. *wicche* OE. *wiccea* 'wizard' — *wicce* 'witch'; ident. w. FRIES. LG. *wicke* 'witch' LG. *wicker* 'wizard' (LG. *wicken* vb. 'to predict' = OE. *wiccian* 'use witchcraft') and probably cogn. w. OE. *wizian* 'practise divination' — *wizlere* 'diviner' = ODU. *wijchelâre*, DU. MLG. *wichelen* 'practise divination'. TEUT.  $\sqrt{wikk}$  *wîg*.

**witch-elm** sb. ME. *wicche* short for OE. *wice* 'elm' fr. a Teut. base *wikjôn*.

**with** prep. ME. *with* OE. *wid* prep. 'against' short for *wider* (in compounds like OE. *widersaca*

*widerflita* 'adversary') = ON. *vid* *vidr*, OSAX. *with wider*, OHG. *widar* G. *wider*, GOTH. *wifra*.

**wither** vb. ME. *widre* vb. fr. *wecather* (ME. *wider*).

**withy** sb. ME. *withi* OE. *widiŕ* 'willow'; cogn. w. OHG. *wida* G. *weide*, ON. *viŕja* and GR. *ἴτλα*, LITH. *zil-vitis*, POL. *witwa*, PRUSS. *witwo* 'a willow'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{wi}$  in LAT. *vî-tis* *vî-men* and OSLOV. *viti* — LITH. *vyti* 'to twine, plait'.

**witness** sb. ME. *witnesse* OE. *witness* (infl. -e) 'testimony'; as GOTH. *witwōds* and ON. *vitni* 'witness', derived fr. the TEUT.  $\sqrt{wit}$  'to know'; see *wit* vb.

**wizard** sb. ME. *wisard* transformed (under the influence of ME. *wis* = *wise*) fr. \**wischar*: loanword fr. OFR. *wischar* (*guischar*) 'prudent, cunning'.

**woad** sb. ME. *wōd* OE. *wād* = DU. *wede*, OHG. *weit* G. *waid*: Teut. base *waida-*, pre-Teut. *waita-*; cp. LAT. *vitrum* 'woad'.

**woe** interj. ME. *wō* OE. *wā* interj. = GOTH. *wai*, ON. *vai*, OHG. OSAX. *wē* G. *wch* DU. *wcc*. Ident. w. LAT. *vae* interj. 'woe': ground-form ARYAN *wai*.

**wold** sb. ME. *wōld* OE. *wāld* (*wēald* in 'Wcald of Kent') fr. a Teut. base *walŕu-*: cp. OSAX. OHG. G. *wald* 'wood', DU. *woud* 'wood', ON. *vōllr* plain, field': pre-TEUT. *waltu-s*, cogn. w. SKR. *vāta* (for \**vāta*?) 'garden'? See *wild*.

**wolf** sb. ME. *wolf* (pl. *wolves*) OE. *wulf* (pl. *wulfas*) = GOTH.

*wulfs*, ON. *úlfr* (for \**vulfr*), OSAX. *wulf*; cp. OHG. G. *wolf*: Teut. base *wulfa-* *wolfa-*, ARYAN base *wolgo-* in SKR. *vṛka*, GR. *λύκος*, LAF. *lupus*, LITH. *vilkas*, OSLOV. *vukū*. All equivalent.

**woman** see *wife*.

**womb** sb. ME. *wōmbe* OE. *wōmb* (*wōmb*) 'stomach' = GOTH. OHG. *wamba*, ON. *womb*, DU. *wam* 'belly, stomach': Teut. base *wambō-*.

**wonder** sb. ME. *wonder* OE. *wundor* = OSAX. *wundar*, OHG. *wuntar* G. *wunder*, ON. *undr*: Teut. base *wundra-*.

**wont** adj. for ME. *woned* p. participle of ME. *wone* OE. *wunian* 'to be used to'; cp. OE. *zæwuna* 'custom, use' and ON. *vannr*, OHG. *gawon* G. *gewohnt* 'accustomed'. See *wcan*.

**woo** vb. ME. *wōwo* OE. *wōgian* 'to woo'; no further relations known. TEUT. √ *wōg*.

**wood** sb. ME. *woode* OE. *wudu* orig. *widu* = ON. *vīdr* 'tree, wood', OHG. *witu* 'wood' (also in OHG. *witu-hoffa* G. *wide-hoff*): Teut. base *widu-*, pre-Teut. base *widhu-* in CELT. *vidu-* (GALL. *Vidu-Casses*); cp. OIR. *fid* 'tree'.

**wool** sb. ME. *wolle* OE. *wull* infl. *wulle* = GOTH. *wulla*, ON. *ull* (for \**vull*); cp. OHG. *wolla* G. *wolle*: Teut. base *wullō* *wollō*, ARYAN base *wolnā* in SKR. *ūrṇā*, OSLOV. *vlna*, LITH. *vilna* 'wool'; cogn. w. LAF. *villus vellus* 'fleece' and SKR. √ *vy* (*var*) 'to cover'.

**word** sb. ME. OE. *wōrd* = GOTH. *waird*, ON. *ord* (for \**vord*), OSAX.

*word*, DU. *woord*, OHG. G. *wort*: Teut. base *worda-*, pre-Teut. base *wordho-* in LAT. *verbum*, OPRUSS. *wirds* 'word', LITH. *vardas* 'name'. ARYAN √ *wer* (*werē*) in GR. *εἶπεν* 'to say' — *ῥῆμα* 'word'?

**work** sb. ME. *werk* OE. *werc* = OSAX. OHG. *wērk* G. DU. *werk*, ON. *verk*: Teut. base *wērka-*, ARYAN base *wērgo-* in GR. *εργον*. ARYAN √ *wērg* in GR. *ῥέξεν* 'to do' — *ἔργον* 'instrument', SKR. *vṛjana* 'labor'; cp. GOTH. *wairkjan*, OHG. *wurkan* = OE. *wyrcan* vb. 'to work'. See *wright*.

**world** sb. ME. *world* *werld* OE. *worold* *worold* = OSAX. *wērold*, DU. *wereld*, OHG. *wēralt* (*worolt*) G. *welt*, ON. *vērld*. First element of the compound (*wēr-ald-*) is TEUT. *wēra-* 'man' in GOTH. *wair*, OSAX. OHG. OE. *wēr*, ON. *vēr* (ARYAN base *wēro-* in LAT. *vīr*, SKR. *vīra*, LITH. *vīras* 'man'). 2<sup>nd</sup> part of the compound is TEUT. *aldi-* in GOTH. *alds* 'world', OE. *ýld* (*ēld*) 'period, age'.

**worm** sb. ME. *worm* for *wurm* prop. *wīrm* OE. *wyrm* fr. a Teut. base *wurmi-* in OSAX. OHG. G. *wu m*, GOTH. *wairms*; ident. w. LAT. *vermis* 'worm'; cp. ON. *ormr* (for \**wormaz*) and GR. *ὄμνος* (for *φρόμνος*).

**wormwood** sb. transformed fr. OE. *wērmōd* (*wormōd*) = OHG. *wērmuota* (*wormuota*). Formation and origin unknown.

**worse** compar. adj. ME. *worse* *wurse* older *wīrse* OE. *wyrsa* = OSAX. *wīrso* fr. a Teut. base

*wirsizan-* in GOTH. *wairsiza* = OHG. *wirsiro*. — *worst* superl. ME. *worste* *wurste* orig. *wirste* OE. *wyrsta* fr. a TEUT. superl. *wirsistan-* in GOTH. *wairsista*, OSAX. OHG. *wirsisto*.

**worship** sb. ME. *worschip* older *wurfschipe* OE. *weordscipe*; derived fr. *worth*.

**wort**<sup>1</sup> sb. (a plant) ME. *wort* *wurt* older *wirt* OE. *wyrt* fr. a Teut. base *wurti-* in GOTH. *wairts*, ON. *urt*, OSAX. *wurt*, OHG. G. *wurz* 'plant, herb': ARYAN √*werd* in LAT. *râdix* (for *\*râdic-*) see under *root*.

**wort**<sup>2</sup> sb. (a kind of drink) ME. *wort* *wurt* for *wirt* OE. *wyrt* for *\*wirt* = ON. *virtr*, MHG. *wirz* 'wort': TEUT. ground-form *wirtiz* (pre-TEUT. base *wêrdes-wêdos*).

**worth** adj. ME. *worth* *wurth* OE. *wyrde*: umlauted byform of OE. *weorþ* = GOTH. *wairþs*, OSAX. *wêrth*, ON. *wêdr*, OHG. *wêrd* (G. *wert*): ident. w. LITH. *vertas*, OPRUSS. *werts* 'worthy'.

**wound** sb. ME. *wounde* OE. *wûnd* infl. *wûnde* = OSAX. *wunda*, OHG. *wunta* G. *wunde*, ON. *und* (for *\*und*): Teut. base *wundô-*. Cogn. w. the adj. GOTH. *wounds* = OE. *wûnd*, OSAX. *wund*, OHG. *wunt* G. *wund*. TEUT. √*wun*, ARYAN √*won* in GOTH. *winnan* 'to suffer, feel pain' (see *win*)?

**wrath** sb. ME. *wraththe* short for OE. *wrâþfu* (Teut. base *wraipifô*): umlaut-abstract of OE. *wrâþ* adj. = *wroth*.

**wreak** vb. ME. *wrîke* OE. *wrêcan*

str. vb. = GOTH. *wrikan* ('to persecute'), OSAX. *wrêkan*, DU. *wrecken*, OHG. *rêhhan* (for *\*wêrhhan*) G. *râchen* 'to revenge'. ARYAN √*wêg* urg in LAT. *urgere* 'to urge', SKR. *vyj* 'to remove'.

**wreath** sb. ME. *wrêthe* OE. *wrâþ*; cogn. w. *writh*.

**wren** sb. ME. *wrenne* OE. *werenna*; ident. w. OSAX. *werendio* and probably w. OHG. OSAX. (*w*)*renno* 'a stallion' (medieval LAT. *waramio*).

**wrench** sb. ME. *wrench* 'deceit' OE. *wrenc* 'deceit, trick' fr. a Teut. base *wranki-* (also in MHG. *rank* 'trick' G. *rânke* plur.). The modern E. meaning 'twist, sprain' seems to be older than the metaphorical sense in ME. OE. and G. See also *wrong*.

**wretch** sb. ME. *wreche* OE. *wrecca* 'outlaw, exile' = OHG. OSAX. *wrêkkio* (G. *recke* 'warrior'); derived fr. √*wreck* in GOTH. *wrikan* 'persecute' (see *wreck*).

**wright** sb. ME. *wrighte* OE. *wyrhta* = OSAX. *wurhtio*, OHG. *wurhto* (MHG. *-würhte*) 'worker'; derived fr. TEUT. *wurhtjan-*; cp. GOTH. *waurstja* 'worker' by the side of *wairstja* 'work'. For the root see *work*.

**wring** vb. ME. *wringe* OE. *wringan* str. vb. 'to press out' = DU. LG. *wringen*, OHG. *ringen*, (for *\*wringan*) 'to press out' (G. *ringen*).

**wrinkle** sb. ME. *wrinkel* OE. *wrinkle* = ODU. *wrinckel*; cogn. w. MHG. *runke* and OHG. *runza* (for *\*wrunka* — *\*wrunkza*).

**wrist** sb. ME. *wrist* OE. *wyrst*

= MHG. G. *rist* (for \**wrist*), ON. *rist* SWED. *wrist* 'instep, wrist'; perhaps cogn. w. G. *reihen* MHG. *rîhe* 'wrist'?

**write** vb. ME. *writte* OE. *writan* str. vb. = OSAX. *writan*, ON. *rita* 'to write'. Orig. sense 'to engrave, scratch, tear, split' in OSAX. *writan* = OHG. *rîz̄an* (for \**wîz̄an*) G. *reissen*. Cp. GOTH. *writs* 'a stroke of a pen'. TEUT. √ *writ*.

**writhe** vb. ME. *writhe* OE. *wridan* str. vb. 'to twist' = OHG. *rîdan*, ON. *rîda* str. vb. 'to wind, twist'. Cogn. w. *wroth*.

**wrong** adj. ME. *wrong* (*wrang*) late OE. (11<sup>th</sup> cent.) *wrang* borrowed fr. ON. *rangr* (older \**wrangr*) 'wrong, unjust' prop. 'awry, perverse'. Probably fr. the same root as *wrench* (TEUT. √ *wrank* *wrang*).

**wroth** adj. short for ME. *wrōth* OE. *wrāþ* (see also *wrath*) = OSAX. *wrēth*, ON. *wreidr* *reidr*, ODU. *wreed* 'wroth'; orig. sense in OHG. *reid* (for \**wreid*) 'curled'. √ *wriþ* 'to twist' in *wreath* and *writhe*.

**wry** fr. ME. *wrie* vb. 'to twist'.

## Y

**yacht** sb. fr. DU. *jacht* prop. *jachtschip*; DU. *jacht* corresponds to G. *jagd* 'hunting' (OHG. *jagôn* G. *jagen* 'to chase').

**yard<sup>1</sup>** sb. ME. *ȝerd* prop. *ȝerd* OE. *ȝārd* 'fence, enclosure' = ON. *gārdr*; Teut. base *garda-* = ARYAN base *ghorto-* in LAT. *hortus* (GR. *χῶρον*) 'garden'. Allied to *garden*.

**yard<sup>2</sup>** sb. (a measure) ME. *yerde* OE. *ȝerd* (*ȝyrd*) 'rod, rood' = OHG. *gerta* G. *gerle* 'a rod, switch'; cp. GOTH. *gards* 'a stick, goad' = ON. *gaddr* 'goad' and LAT. *hasta* 'a spear' (common base *ghazdha-*).

**yard** sb. ME. *ȝirn* prop. *ȝirn* OE. *ȝārn* = ON. OHG. G. *garn* (DU. *garen*); perhaps cogn. w. ON. *gǫn* 'guts' and LITH. *zarna* 'entrail'?

**yarrow** sb. ME. *ȝarwe* OE. *ȝarwe*

= OHG. *garwa* G. *garbe*, DU. *gerwe* 'millefolium'.

**yawl** vb. ME. *ȝoule* by the side of *goule* vb. (change of *ȝ* and *g* unexplained); source ON. *gaula* (*goula*) 'to bellow'.

**yawn** vb. ME. *gāne* *gōne* OE. *gānian* (the phonology of the ME. word is dark) = OHG. *geinôn* (G. *gähnen*); derived fr. OE. *tȝ-zīnan* str. vb. 'to yawn' = ON. *gīna*; cogn. w. OHG. *gīen* *gīwēn* 'to yawn'; ARYAN √ *ghī* in LAT. *hiare*, OSLOV. *zījati*, LITH. *žiūti* 'to yawn'.

**ye** pron. ME. *ȝé* OE. *ȝé* fr. a prehistoric *jiz* = DU. *gij*, OSAX. *gî*, OHG. *ir* (for \**jir*) G. *ihr*; oldest TEUT. form *jûz* in GOTH. *jûs* 'ye'. Ident. w. SKR. *yūy-am* 'ye'; ARYAN stem *iw* — *yu*.

**yea** adv. ME. *ȝé* OE. *ȝeá* (for \**ȝeá*) = OSAX. OHG. *jā* G. *ja* 'yes'; oldest form GOTH. *ja* 'yes'. — **yes** ME. *yes* OE. *ȝese* for \**ȝeá-swa* prop. 'yea so' (cp. ME. *nese* für *ne-swa*).

**yea**n older *ean* vb. ME. *ēne* OE. *ēanian* (*ȝe-ēanian*) 'to yean'; derived fr. a TEUT. *auna-* (for *agwana-*) 'lamb' = LAT. *agnus*, OIR. *úan*: ARYAN base *aghno-*.

**year** vb. ME. *ȝēr* OE. *ȝēr* (*ȝeār* for \**ȝeār*) = OHG. *jār* G. *jahr*, DU. *jaar*, ON. *ár*, GOTH. *jēr*: Teut. base *jēra-*; cogn. w. the ablauted GR. *ἔτος* 'year' — *ἔρα* 'season' and w. AVEST. *yāre* 'year'.

**yearn** vb. 'desire' ME. *yērn* fr. ME. *yērn* OE. *ȝeorn* 'desirous' (whence also the unlauded OE. *ȝīrnian* 'desire') = GOTH. *gairns*, OSAX. OHG. *gērōn* 'desirous': TEUT.  $\sqrt{gēr}$  in OHG. *gērōn* G. *begehren* — OHG. *gēr* 'desirous' — *giri* (G. *gier*) sb. 'desire'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{gher}$  in SKR. *hary* vb. 'desire'.

**yell** vb. ME. *ȝelle* OE. *ȝellan* (*ȝillan*) = OHG. *gellan* G. *gellen*, DU. *gillen*, ON. *gjalla* 'to resound'. Cp. *stanyell*.

**yellow** adj. ME. *ȝelwe* OE. *ȝeolo* (infl. *ȝeolwo-*) fr. a Teut. base *gēlwa-* in OSAX. OHG. *gēlo* G. *gelb*, DU. *geel*: ARYAN base *ghēlwo-* in LAT. *helvus* 'light yellow'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{ghēl}$  also in ON. *gulr* 'yellow', GR. *χλωρός* 'green', OSLOV. *selenu* 'yellow'; from the same root also *gold* (and *glow*?). — **yellow-hammer** (a bird's name)

rests on the equiv. OE. *amore* = OHG. *amero* G. *ammer*.

**yelp** vb. ME. *ȝelpe* OE. *ȝilpan* (*ȝilpan*) str. vb. 'to boast' = ON. *gjalpa*, OHG. *gēlpfan*.

**yes** see *yea*.

**yesterday** adv. ME. *ȝesterday* OE. *ȝeostrandæȝ* (*ȝystrandæȝ*) prop. only *geostra(n)* = OHG. *gēstarōn* G. *gestern*, DU. *gisteren* (*gisteravond*); cp. GOTH. *gistra-dagis* with the sense of 'tomorrow'. Teut. base *gēstra-*, cogn. w. ON. *t-gér* and LAT. *heri*; GR. *χθές* and SKR. *hyas* 'yesterday' point to an ARYAN base *ghyes* 'yesterday'.

**yet** adv. ME. *ȝet* short for OE. *ȝēt* (*ȝyt*, *ȝit*); ident. w. OFRIES. *ietu eta* 'yet'.

**yew** vb. ME. *ȝew* OE. *ȝow* *ta* — OHG. *īwa* G. *eibe*, ON. *yr*: Teut. base *īwa-*, ident. w. OE. *coh* 'yew' — OHG. *īha* 'yew'. FR. *if* (whence borrowed DU. *ijf*) is of Teut. origin. Cp. also CYMR. *yw* 'yew'.

**yield** vb. ME. *ȝelde* OE. *ȝeldian* (*ȝildan*) str. vb. 'to pay' = GOTH. *gildan*, ON. *gjalda*, OHG. *gēltan* str. vb. 'to pay': TEUT.  $\sqrt{gēld}$ .

**yoke** sb. ME. *ȝok* (pl. *ȝokes*) OE. *ȝoc* (pl. *ȝocu*) = GOTH. *juk*, ON. *ok* (for \**jok*), DU. *juk*, OHG. *joh* G. *joch*: Teut. base *joka-*, ARYAN base *jūgo-* in LAT. *jūgum* GR. *ȝyγór*, SKR. *jugá* 'yoke'. ARYAN  $\sqrt{jug}$  in GR. *ȝéȝyrvu*, LAT. *jungere*, SKR. *yuj* 'to yoke'.

**yolk** sb. ME. *ȝolke* (*ȝelke*) OE. *ȝoleca* for TEUT. *gēl(w)ukan-*:

derived fr. TEUT. *gēlwa-* = *yel-* low.

**yon** pron. ME. *zōn zōn* OE. *zēon* (see *beyond*); cogn. w. GOTH. *jains*, OHG. *jenēr* G. *jener*.

**yore** adv. ME. *zōre* OE. *zēara* (pron. *jāra*) prop. 'of years' gen. plur. of OE. *zēar* = *year*.

**yow** pron. ME. *zōw* acc. dat. of *zē* (= *ye*), OE. *zōw* acc. dat. of *zē* (= *ye*); ident. w. OHG. OSAX. *eu* OHG. *iu*: ARYAN base *iw* under *ye*.

**young** adj. ME. *zong zung* OE. *zong* (prop. *jung*) = GOTH. *juggs*, OSAX. OHG. G. *jung*, DU. *jong*, ON. *ungr* (for *\*jungr*): TEUT. *junga-*, contracted fr. *juwungo-* = LAT. *juvencus*, SKR. *yuvāca* 'young': ARYAN base *juwanko-* (ablauted byform in CYMR. *ieuanc* 'young'). Cogn. w. LAT. *juvenis*, SKR. *yuvan*, OSLOV. *junū*, LITH. *jāunas* 'young'.

— **youth** sb. ME. *zouthe* older *zūwede* for *zūgede* OE. *jugod* (*zēogod*) = OSAX. *jugud* fr. a base *jugunþ-* in OHG. *jugunil* G. *jugend*: TEUT. *jugunþ-* probably for *juwunþ-* cp. LAT. *juven-t-a* (and GOTH. *junda* contracted for *\*juwunda*); derived fr. ARYAN *juwen-* in LAT. *juvenis*, SKR. *yuvan* etc.

**yule** sb. ME. *zōl* fr. ON. *jól*; ident. w. OE. *zēol* (contracted fr. *zēohol*) 'Christmas'. Cogn. w. GOTH. *jiuleis* 'november' = ON. *slir* (OE. *Giuli* in Beda). Teut. base *jeula-* (in ON. *jól*) and *jiulja-* (in GOTH. *jiuleis*): OE. *zēohhol* 'Christmas' points to TEUT. *jēhw-la-* (by the side of *jeula-* for *jēgw-la-*); probably related to ON. *él* 'snow-storm' (TEUT. base *jēhwla*). Hence *Yule* 'the time of snow-storms' and GOTH. *jiuleis* 'the month of snow-storms'.

# Etymologisches Wörterbuch der deutschen Sprache

von

Friedrich Kluge,

ord. Professor der deutschen Sprache an der Universität Freiburg i. Br.

Fünfte verbesserte und stark vermehrte Auflage.

Leg.-8. XVI, 491 S. 1894. M. 10.—, in Halbfrz. geb. M. 12.—.

Der Verfasser des vorliegenden Werkes hat es unternommen, auf Grund der zerstreuten Einzelforschungen und seiner eigenen mehrjährigen Studien ein etymologisches Wörterbuch des deutschen Sprachschätzes auszuarbeiten, das dem gegenwärtigen Stande der Wissenschaft entspricht. Er hat es sich zur Aufgabe gemacht, Form und Bedeutung jedes Wortes bis zu seiner Quelle zu verfolgen, die Beziehungen zu den klassischen Sprachen in gleichem Masse betonend, wie das Verwandtschaftsverhältnis zu den übrigen germanischen und den romanischen Sprache. Selbst die Vergleichung mit den entfernteren orientalischen (Sanskrit und Zend), den keltischen und slavischen Sprachen ist in allen Fällen herangezogen, wo die Forschung eine Verwandtschaft festzustellen vermag und wo diese Verwandtschaft zugleich Licht auf die Urzeit des germanischen Lebens wirft.

Eine allgemeine Einleitung behandelt die Geschichte der deutschen Sprache in ihren Umrissen.

Die Verbesserungen der neuen Auflage bestehen in der Verwertung der neuesten Forschungsergebnisse auf dem Gebiete der germanischen Etymologie; die Vermehrungen in der Aufnahme einer grossen Anzahl solcher Fremdwörter, welche seit dem 16. Jahrh. aufgekommen sind, und seitdem einen unzweifelhaften Bestandteil der deutschen Sprache ausmachen. In den meisten Fällen ist es dem Verfasser gelungen, genau festzustellen, wann und auf welchem Wege das einzelne Fremdwort in unsere Sprache eingedrungen und damit Nachweisungen zu bieten, welche ausser dem sprachlichen, ein hohes culturgeschichtliches Interesse beanspruchen.

(Ankündigung des Verlegers.)

„Das Klugesche Wörterbuch nimmt durch seine hervorragenden Eigenschaften anerkanntermassen den ersten Platz unter allen ähnlichen Werken ein. Eine neue Auflage bedürfte keiner besonderen Empfehlung, wenn nicht das bewährte Hilfsmittel seit seinem ersten Erscheinen und vor allem seit der vierten Auflage in mehrfacher Beziehung ein verändertes Aussehen erhalten hätte. Dass die Forschungen der letzten zehn Jahre, an denen Kluge selber einen bedeutenden Anteil gehabt hat, gewissenhaft verwertet, dass zahllose Verbesserungen und Ergänzungen im einzelnen vorgenommen sind, braucht nicht besonders versichert zu werden; jede Seite zeugt von dem unermüdeten Streben, zu bessern, Unsicheres zu stützen oder durch Neues zu ersetzen, »möglichst viele Einzelheiten in den Zusammenhang der grossen Sprachbewegungen einzugliedern.«

*Zeitschrift d. u. d. Sprachvereins 1895 Nr. 3.*

# Deutsche Studentensprache

von

Friedrich Kluge

Professor an der Universität Freiburg i. Br.

Inhalt: I. Über die Studentensprache. Studenten und Pöhlster. — Trunkenlitanei. — Antike Elemente. — Burleske Zoologie. — Biblisch-theologische Nachklänge. — Im Baum des Notwelsch. — Französische Einflüsse. — Grammatische Eigenart. — Ursprung und Verbreitung.

II. Wörterbuch der Studentensprache.

8°. XII, 136 S. 1895. Geheftet M. 2.50, in Leinwand gebunden M. 3.50.

„Beim Lesen dieses Buches fühlt man sich oft von einem Hauche frischen, fröhlichen Studentenlebens berührt, und selbst das anscheinend so trockene Wörterbuch reizt durch seinen manchmal recht humoristischen Inhalt zu einem herzlichen Lachen. Es war in der That eine dankbare, freilich auch recht schwierige Aufgabe, das für die ältere Zeit so spärliche und vielfach sehr versteckte Material zu sammeln und daraus in grossen Zügen eine Geschichte der deutschen Studentensprache zu entwerfen, die um so grösseren Dank verdient, als sie nicht nur der erste umfassende und auf wirklichem Quellenstudium beruhende Versuch der Art ist, sondern auch mit grossem Geschick sich auf jenem Grenzgebiet zwischen populärer und streng wissenschaftlicher Darstellung bewegt, das einzuhalten nicht jedem Gelehrten gegeben ist. Gerade auf diesem Gebiet hat sich Kluge durch sein musterhaftes etymologisches Wörterbuch grosse Verdienste erworben; denselben Weg betritt er jetzt mit gleichem Erfolg auch in der vorliegenden Schrift, die ihre Entstehung zumeist den Arbeiten zu jenem anderen Werke verdankt. . . .“

*Liter. Centralblatt 1895. Nr. 28.*

„Prof. Kluge hat mit vielem Fleisse, wie die zahlreich eingestreuten Belegstellen beweisen, sowie gestützt auf eine ausgedehnte Lektüre und auf eigene Beobachtung die Sprache der Studenten in alter und neuer Zeit nach ihrem Ursprung und ihrer Verbreitung dargestellt und seiner Abhandlung ein reichhaltiges Wörterbuch der Studentensprache beigegeben. Ist das Buch als Beitrag zur deutschen Sprachgeschichte und Lexikographie von grossem Werte, so ist es auch für den Akademiker, der die eigenartige Sprache seines Standes nach ihrer Entstehung und Geschichte kennen und verstehen lernen will, ein interessantes Buch und besonders zu Dedikationszwecken geeignet, wofür wir es bestens empfohlen haben wollen.“

*Akad. Monatshefte 1895 v. 26. Mai.*

In Kürze erscheint:

Kluge, Friedr., und Friedr. Lutz, English Etymology. A select Glossary serving as an Introduction to the history of the English language. 8°. VIII, 234 S. M. 4. —.



# Don Luther bis Lessing.

Sprachgeschichtliche Aufsätze

von

Friedrich Kluge

Professor an der Universität Freiburg i. Br.

Dritte Auflage.

Inhalt: Kirchenprache und Volkssprache. — Maximilian und seine Kanzlei. — Luther und die deutsche Sprache. — Schriftsteller und Buchdrucker. — Schriftsprache und Mundart in der Schweiz. — Oberdeutscher und mitteldeutscher Wortschatz. — Niederdeutsch und Hochdeutsch. — Latein und Humanismus. — Oberdeutschland und die Katholiken.

8°. VI u. 150 S. mit einem Märtychen. 1897. Preis Mk. 2.50, gebunden Mk. 3.50.

„Das lebendige Interesse der Gebildeten für die deutsche Sprache und ihre Geschichte ist, wie man mit Genugthuung wahrnehmen kann, augenblicklich lebhafter denn je. Die Schrift Kluges, in welcher die wichtigsten, für die Bildung unserer neuhochdeutschen Schriftsprache maßgebenden Momente gemeinverständlich besprochen werden, darf daher auf einen angedachten dankbaren Leserkreis rechnen.“

(Schwäb. Merkur II. Abt. 1. Bl. v. 9. Dez. 1887.)

„Schon der Gegenstand an sich, den hier ein auch weiteren Kreisen bereits durch sein treffliches „Etymologisches Wörterbuch der deutschen Sprache“ bekannter Gelehrter nicht bloß mit der Zuverlässigkeit des Fachmannes, sondern auch mit dem Geschick und Geschmack eines gewandten Schriftstellers behandelt hat, sollte wohl darnach angethan sein, dem Büchlein unter den nicht gelehrten Freunden der deutschen Sprache Liebhaber und — Käufer zu erwerben. Denn daß die Fragen, deren Beantwortung den Inhalt dieser Schrift ausmacht, in den Bereich des Interesses der höher Gebildeten fallen, braucht dem nicht erst bewiesen zu werden, der weiß, wie tren gerade die Geschichte unserer Sprache, mehr wohl als irgend etwas anderes, den Kampf und den Sieg unseres Volkstums widerspiegelt. Diese Auffassung, von der des Verfassers Behandlung und Darstellung vielfach erst rechtes Licht und volle Wärme empfängt, ist es, worin diejenigen Leser einen besonderen Reiz und Vorzug des Buches erblicken werden, welche gewohnt sind, die verschiedenartigen Vorgänge in unserm Kulturleben, wie sie sich in Literatur und Kunst, Politik und Religion kundgeben, nicht gesondert für sich, sondern in ihrer Wechselwirkung zu betrachten, die einzige Art, wie sich uns doch erst das Verständnis für Wert und Tragweite eines jeden einzelnen derselben erschließt. In welchem Geiste der Verfasser seine Aufgabe erfaßt hat, bezeichnet er selber, wenn er im Vorworte sagt, daß auch sein Büchlein Zeugnis davon ablegen solle, „was den Entwicklungsgang unsrer Nation gehemmt und beschleunigt und gefördert“ habe; es will zeigen, warum Jakob Grimm unsre Schriftsprache einen protestantischen Dialekt genannt hat, warum erst seit 1580 Luthers Sprache eine autoritative Stellung erlangen konnte, warum der Gegensatz von Schriftsprache und Mundart erst nach der siegreichen Bekämpfung des Lateinischen ausgeglichen worden ist.“

„Nicht mit dem Anspruche, eine vollständige Geschichte der deutschen Sprache zu bieten, tritt Kluge auf, er will in einer „Reihe unverbundener Aufsätze“ nur „zusammensassen, was Fachleute vor und seit Jakob Grimm über ein paar sprachwissenschaftliche Probleme ermittelt haben.“ Diese Aufsätze aber fügen sich von selber zu einem innerlich zusammenhängenden Ganzen, sodaß wir hier in der That, eine höchst anziehende Darstellung der Lebensgeschichte unsrer Neuhochdeutsch von seinen Anfängen um die Wende des fünfzehnten und sechzehnten Jahrhunderts bis zur Begründung seiner Alleinherrschaft um die Mitte des achtzehnten Jahrhunderts vor uns haben . . . .“

(Die Grenzboten 1888. Nr. 19.)

Soeben erschienen

Vorgeschichte  
der  
altgermanischen Dialekte

von

Friedrich Kluge.

Zweite Auflage.

Mit einem Anhang.

Geschichte der gotischen Sprache.

Sonderabdruck aus der zweiten Auflage von Pauls Grundriss  
der germanischen Philologie.

Lex. 8. VIII und S. 323—517 und 10 S. Register. M. 4. 50.

Urteile der Presse:

Das grösste Interesse der Fachmänner dürfte unter den verschiedenen Aufsätzen dieser neuen Lieferung [des Grundrisses] wohl Kluges Vorgeschichte der altgermanischen Dialekte erwecken, da es der erste in Deutschland gemachte Versuch ist, mit Benutzung der in den letzten Jahrzehnten gelungenen Entdeckungen und angestellten Einzeluntersuchungen ein Bild von der urgermanischen Sprache und ihren grossen Gruppen zu zeichnen . . . Sehr dankenswert ist die Einleitung, in welcher die Beziehungen der germanischen zu den Sprachen der benachbarten Völker dargelegt werden, vor allem die Liste der Entlehnungen aus dem Lateinischen, ebenso die Verwertung der germanischen Wörter römischer Inschriften, der malbergischen Glosse, denen man sonst nur selten in grammatischen Darstellungen begegnet.

*Heinzel, Zeitschr. f. d. österr. Gymnasien 1890 S. 440.*

Mit Meisterschaft hat Kluge die noch schwerere Aufgabe gelöst, die „Vorgeschichte der altgermanischen Dialekte“, d. h. die aus der Sprachvergleichung erschlossene älteste (vorhistorische) Gestalt der germanischen Sprache auf 100 Seiten so darzustellen, dass neben den als sicher zu betrachtenden Ergebnissen der bisherigen Forschung auch noch schwebende Fragen und künftige Aufgaben berührt werden.

*L. Tobler, Litteraturblatt f. germ. u. rom. Philologie 1890 S. 135.*

Kluge liefert eine Vorgeschichte der altgermanischen Dialekte; dieser Abschnitt dürfte für den Benutzer des Buches mit zu den vollkommensten gehören. Der Verfasser stellt hier zusammen, was sich aus der neuesten idg. Sprachforschung an einigermassen gesicherten Resultaten für die älteste Geschichte des Germanischen ergeben hat. Dabei geht er auch solchen Fragen, welche bisher noch kaum angefasst worden sind, nicht aus dem Wege und vermag uns hier recht schätzbare Ergebnisse seiner eigenen Forschung vorzulegen. Ref. erwähnt, ohne auf Einzelheiten einzugehen, die Ausführungen über den Einfluss fremder Sprachen auf das Germanische, über den Accent, die Chronologie der Lautentwicklung u. s. w.

*von Bahder, Liter. Centralblatt 1890, Sp. 282.*

Soeben erschienen:

# Wörterbuch der Elsässischen Mundarten

bearbeitet von

E. MARTIN und H. LIENHART

IM AUFTRAGE DER LANDESV ERWALTUNG VON  
ELSASS-LÖTHRINGEN.

1. und 2. Lieferung. Lex.-8<sup>o</sup>. Preis pro Lieferung M. 4.—

Dieses Wörterbuch ist die Frucht jahrelangen Sammel- eifers und angestrebter wissenschaftlicher Thätigkeit. Es soll nach dem Vorbild des schweizerischen Idiotikons den Sprachschatz der heutigen elsässischen Mundarten, soweit diese sich zurück verfolgen lassen, zusammen- fassen und nach dem gegenwärtigen Stand der Sprach- wissenschaft erklären. Dabei wird die Eigentümlichkeit des elsässischen Volkes in Sitte und Glauben, wie sie sich in Redensarten, Sprichwörtern, Volks- und Kinder- reimen kund gibt, so weit als möglich zur Darstellung gebracht werden. Das sprachliche Gebiet wurde nach den Bezirksgrenzen von Ober- und Unterelsass abge- steckt.

Das Wörterbuch der elsässischen Mundarten wird in ungefähr 6 Lieferungen von je 10 Bogen zum Preise von je M. 4.— erscheinen und voraussichtlich schon im Jahre 1898 vollständig vorliegen.

... Das elsässische Wörterbuch ist keine Aufspeicherung sprachwissen- schaftlicher Raritäten. Es ist eine lebensvolle Darstellung dessen, wie das Volk spricht. In schlichten Sätzen, in Fragen und Antworten, in Anekdoten und Geschichten kommt der natürliche Gedankenkreis des Volkes zu unmittelbarer Geltung. Die Kinderspiele und die Freuden der Spinnstuben treten mit ihrem Formelapparat auf. Die Mehrzahl der Artikel spiegeln das eigentliche Volksleben wieder und gewähren dadurch einen wahren Genuß. Wenn man Artikel wie Esel oder Fuchs liest, wird man bald verstehen lernen, dass in der Schlichtheit und Schmuck- losigkeit der Artikel der Erforscher deutschen Volkstums eine sehr wert- volle Quelle für das Elsass findet.

*Strassburger Post 1897 Nr. 344.*

# Deutsche Grammatik

## Gotisch, Alt-, Mittel- und Neuhochdeutsch

von

**W. Wilmanns**

o. Professor der deutschen Sprache u. Litteratur a. d. Universität Bonn.

**Erste Abteilung: Lautlehre.** 2. verbesserte Auflage.  
gr. 8<sup>o</sup>. XX, 425 S. 1897. M. 8.—. In Halb-  
franz gebunden M. 10.—.

**Zweite Abteilung: Wortbildung.** 1. Hälfte. gr. 8<sup>o</sup>.  
S. 1—352. 1896. M. 6.50.

— 2. Hälfte. gr. 8<sup>o</sup>. S. I—XVI u. 353—663. 1896.  
M. 6.—.

Beide Hälften zusammen in einem Band, in Halbfranz ge-  
bunden M. 15.—.

Das Werk wird in vier Abteilungen erscheinen: Lautlehre,  
Wortbildung, Flexion, Syntax. Eine fünfte, die Geschichte der  
deutschen Sprache, wird sich vielleicht anschliessen.

„ . . . Es ist sehr erfreulich, dass wir nun ein Buch haben  
werden, welches wir mit gutem Gewissen demjenigen empfehlen  
können, der sich in das Studium der deutschen Sprachgeschichte  
einarbeiten will, ohne die Möglichkeit zu haben, eine gute Vor-  
lesung über deutsche Grammatik zu hören; in Wilmanns wird  
er hierzu einen zuverlässigen, auf der Höhe der jetzigen For-  
schung stehenden Führer finden. Aber auch dem Studierenden,  
der schon deutsche Grammatik gehört hat; wird das Buch gute  
Dienste leisten zur Wiederholung und zur Ergänzung der etwa  
in der Vorlesung zu kurz gekommenen Partien. Jedoch auch  
der Fachmann darf die Grammatik von W. nicht unberück-  
sichtigt lassen. Denn alle in Betracht kommenden Fragen sind  
hier mit selbständigem Urteil und unter voller Beherrschung der  
Literatur erörtert. Und nicht selten werden Schlüsse gezogen,  
die von der gewöhnlichen Auffassung abweichen und zum Min-  
desten zur eingehenden Erwägung auffordern, so dass niemand  
ohne vielfache Anregung diese Lautlehre aus der Hand legen  
wird. Besonders reich an neuen Auffassungen ist uns die Lehre  
von den Konsonanten erschienen. Aber auch die übrigen Teile  
unter denen die bisher weniger oft in Grammatiken dargestellt,  
Lehre vom Wortaccent hervorzuheben wäre, verdienen Be-  
achtung . . . “ *W. B., Literarisches Centralblatt 1893 Nr. 40.*

Geschichte  
der  
Deutschen Litteratur

bis zum Ausgange des Mittelalters

von

Rudolf Koegel,

ord. Prof. für deutsche Sprache und Litteratur a. d. Universität Basel.

Erster Band: Bis zur Mitte des elften Jahrhunderts.

Erster Teil: Die stabreimende Dichtung und die gotische  
Prosa. 8<sup>o</sup>. XXIII u. 343 S. 1894. M. 10.—

Ergänzungsheft zu Band I: Die altsächsische Genesis. Ein  
Beitrag zur Geschichte der altdeutschen Dichtung und  
Verskunst. 8<sup>o</sup>. X, 71 S. 1895. M. 1.80

Zweiter Teil: Die endreimende Dichtung und die Prosa  
der althochdeutschen Zeit. 8<sup>o</sup>. XX, 652 S. 1897.  
M. 16.—

Der II. (Schluss-) Band ist in Vorbereitung.

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„... Koegel hat eine Arbeit unternommen, die schon wegen ihres grossen Zieles dankbar begrüsst werden muss. Denn es kann die Forschung auf dem Gebiete der altdeutschen Litteraturgeschichte nur wirksamst unterstützen, wenn jemand den ganzen vorhandenen Bestand von Thatsachen und Ansichten genau durchprüft und verzeichnet, dann aber auch an allen schwierigen Punkten mit eigener Untersuchung einsetzt. Beides hat K. in dem vorliegenden ersten Bande für die älteste Zeit deutschen Geisteslebens gethan. Er beherrscht das bekannte Material vollständig, er hat nichts aufgenommen oder fortgelassen, ohne sich darüber sorgfältig Rechenschaft zu geben. Kein Stein auf dem Wege ist von ihm unumgewendet verblieben. K. hat aber auch den Stoff vermehrt, einmal indem er selbständig alle Hilfsquellen (z. B. die Sammlungen der Capitularien, Concilbeschlüsse u. s. w.) durchgearbeitet, neue Zeugnisse den alten beigefügt, die alten berichtigt hat, ferner dadurch, dass er aus dem Bereiche der übrigen germanischen Litteraturen herangezogen hat, was irgend Ausbeute für die Aufhellung der ältesten deutschen Poesie versprach. In allen diesen Dingen schreitet er auf den Pfaden Karl Müllenhoffs, dessen Grösse kein anderes Buch als eben das seine besser würdigen lehrt...“

*Anton E. Schönbach im Oestreich. Literaturblatt 1894 Nr. 18.*

„Koegel bietet Meistern wie Jüngern der Germanistik eine reiche, willkommene Gabe mit seinem Werke; vor allem aber sei es der Aufmerksamkeit der Lehrer des Deutschen an höheren Schulen empfohlen, für die es ein unentbehrliches Hilfsmittel werden wird durch seinen eigenen Inhalt, durch die wohlausgewählten bibliographischen Fingerzeige und nicht zum wenigsten durch die Art und Weise, wie es den kleinsten Fragmenten ein vielseitiges Interesse abzugewinnen und sie in grossen geschichtlichen Zusammenhang zu stellen versteht. Wie es mit warmer Teilnahme für den Gegenstand gearbeitet ist, wird es gewiss auch, wie der Verfasser wünscht, Freude an der nationalen Wissenschaft wecken und mittelbar auch zur Belebung des deutschen Literaturunterrichts in wissenschaftlich-nationalem Sinne beitragen.“

*Beilage zur Allgem. Zeitung 1894 Nr. 282.*

Geschichte  
der  
**Englischen Litteratur**

von  
Bernhard ten Brink.

Erster Band: Bis zu Wiclifs Auftreten.

8°. VIII, 470 S. 1877.

(Vergriffen; neue Auflage in Vorbereitung.)

Inhalt: I. Buch. Vor der Eroberung. II. Buch. Die  
Uebergangszeit. III. Buch. Von Lewes bis Crecy. IV.  
Buch. Vorspiel der Reformation und der Renaissance.

Zweiter Band: Bis zur Reformation.

Herausgegeben von Alois Brandl.

8°. XV u. 658 S. 1893. M. 13.— geb. M. 15.—.

Inhalt: IV. Buch. Vorspiel der Reformation und der  
Renaissance (Fortsetzung). V. Buch. Lancaster und York.  
VI. Buch. Die Renaissance bis zu Surrey's Tod.

Daraus einzeln: die 2. Hälfte.

8°. XV u. S. 353—658. 1893. M. 6,50.

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„Die Fortsetzung zeigt alle die glänzenden Eigenschaften des ersten Bandes nach meiner Ansicht noch in erhöhtem Masse; gründliche Gelehrsamkeit, weiten Blick, eindringenden Scharfsinn, feines ästhetisches Gefühl und geschmackvolle Darstellung.“

Berlin. *Julius Zupitza*, Deutsche Litteraturzeitung 1889 Nr. 19.

Bernhard ten Brink's Litteraturgeschichte ist ohne Zweifel das grossartigste Werk, das je einem englischen Philologen gelungen ist. Mehr noch: es ist eine so meisterhafte Leistung, dass es jedem Litteraturhistoriker zum Muster dienen kann. Und dies Urtheil hat seine volle Kraft trotz der unvollendeten Gestalt des Werkes. Wäre es dem Verfasser vergönnt gewesen, es in derselben Weise zu Ende zu bringen, so würde es leicht die hervorragendste unter allen Gesammllitteraturgeschichten geworden sein . . . . .  
*Museum, 1893, Nr. 7.*

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Die Bearbeitung der zwei weiteren Bände hat Herr  
Professor Dr. Alois Brandl übernommen.

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Soeben erschienen:

# Deutsche Heldensagen

VON

**Otto Luitpold Jiriczek,**

Privatdozent an der Universität Breslau.

**Erster Band:** Gr. 8<sup>o</sup>, XII, 326 Seiten. M. 8.

Der zweite Band ist in Vorbereitung.

Der Verfasser behandelt eine Reihe von deutschen Heldensagen nicht in grundrissartiger Form, sondern monographisch unter Hauptbetonung der entwickelungsgeschichtlichen Detailprobleme. Das Buch will weniger den Stoff der Sagen reproduzieren und über die Resultate der bisherigen Forschung referieren, als vielmehr bei dem Bekannten einsetzen und die Detailforschung, soweit es sich im Rahmen einer grösseren Gesamtdarstellung thun liess, fördern, doch ist durch stete Rücksichtnahme auf den Stand der Forschung und durch cursorische Vorführung des Stoffes für die Übersichtlichkeit und leichte Orientierung gesorgt, so dass es in seiner Anlage eine gewisse Vollständigkeit erstrebt und nicht in Einzelheiten aufgeht. Nach dem Wunsche und der Absicht des Verfassers soll es nicht bloss für den engsten Kreis spezieller Fachgenossen auf dem Gebiete der Sagenforschung bestimmt sein, sondern auch den Bedürfnissen von Benutzern entgegenkommen, denen an eingehenderer Orientierung über die hier behandelten Probleme der Stoffgeschichte deutscher Heldensagen gelegen ist. Der vorliegende Band behandelt die Wielandsage, die Ermanarichsage und den grossen Komplex der Dietrichsagen. Der zweite Band wird den Ortnit-Wolfdietrichcyclus und eine Reihe von deutschen Heldensagen aus der Sphäre des Brautwerbungsmotives behandeln und in einem Schlussabschnitte sich mit einigen allgemeinen Problemen der Stoffgeschichte beschäftigen. Ein ausführliches Register über das ganze Werk wird mit dem zweiten Bande folgen.

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Unter der Presse:

# Grundriss der germanischen Philologie

unter Mitwirkung von

K. von Amira, W. Arndt, O. Behaghel, A. Brandl, O. Bremer, H. Jellinghaus, K. Th. von Inama-Sternegg, Kr. Kalund, Fr. Kauffmann, F. Kluge, R. Koegel, R. v. Liliencron, K. Luick, J. A. Lundell, J. Meier, E. Mogk, A. Noreen, J. Schipper, H. Schück, A. Schultz, Th. Siebs, E. Sievers, B. Symons, F. Vogt, Ph. Wegener, J. te Winkel, J. Wright

herausgegeben

von

**HERMANN PAUL**

ord. Professor der deutschen Sprache und Literatur an der Universität München.

Zweite verbesserte und vermehrte Auflage in drei Bänden.

Diese neue Auflage soll ebenso wie die erste in Lieferungen zu je M. 4.— erscheinen und im Laufe des Jahres 1898 vollständig werden.

## INHALT:

- |                                    |   |  |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
| I. Bd.                             | { | I. ABSCHN.: BEGRIFF UND AUFGABE DER GERMANISCHEN PHILOLOGIE.   |
|                                    |   | II. ABSCHN.: GESCHICHTE DER GERMANISCHEN PHILOLOGIE.   |
|                                    |   | III. ABSCHN.: METHODENLEHRE.   |
|                                    |   | IV. ABSCHN.: SCHRIFTKUNDE.   |
|                                    |   | V. ABSCHN.: SPRACHGESCHICHTE.<br>(Mit Anhang: Die Behandlung der lebenden Mundarten.)  |
| II. Bd.                            | { | VI. ABSCHN.: LITERATURGESCHICHTE.<br>(Mit Anhang: Übersicht über die aus mündlicher Überlieferung geschöpften Sammlungen der Volkspoesie.) |
|                                    |   | VII. ABSCHN.: METRIK.  |
| II. Bd.                            | { | VIII. ABSCHN.: WIRTSCHAFT.   |
|                                    |   | IX. ABSCHN.: RECHT.  |
|                                    |   | X. ABSCHN.: KRIEGSWESEN.   |
|                                    |   | XI. ABSCHN.: MYTHOLOGIE.   |
|                                    |   | XII. ABSCHN.: SITTE.<br>(Mit Anhang: Die Behandlung der volkstümlichen Sitte der Gegenwart.)   |
|                                    |   | XIII. ABSCHN.: KUNST.  |
|                                    |   | XIV. ABSCHN.: HELDENSAGE.  |
|                                    |   | XV. ABSCHN.: ETHNOGRAPHIE.   |
| NAMEN-, SACH- UND WORTVERZEICHNIS. |   |  |

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# Grundriss der romanischen Philologie

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W. Deecke, Th. Gartner, M. Gaster, G. Gerland, G. Jacobsthal,  
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A. Morel-Fatio, Fr. d'Ovidio, M. Philippson, A. Schultz, W. Schum,  
Ch. Seybold, E. Stengel, A. Stimming, H. Suchier, H. Tiktin, A.  
Tobler, W. Windelband, E. Windisch

herausgegeben von

**GUSTAV GRÖBER,**

o. ö. Professor der romanischen Philologie an der Universität Strassburg.

## Plan des Werkes:

- |                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | I. EINFÜHRUNG IN DIE ROMANISCHE PHILOLOGIE.<br>GESCHICHTE DER ROMANISCHEN PHILOLOGIE.<br>IHRE AUFGABE UND GLIEDERUNG.  |
| I. Bd.                 | II. ANLEITUNG ZUR PHILOLOGISCHEN FORSCHUNG.<br>DIE QUELLEN DER ROMANISCHEN PHILOLOGIE.<br>DIE BEHANDLUNG DER QUELLEN.  |
|                        | III. DARSTELLUNG DER ROMAN. PHILOLOGIE.<br>ROMANISCHE SPRACHWISSENSCHAFT.<br>a. Die vorromanischen Volkssprachen der romanischen Länder,<br>b. Die romanischen Sprachen.<br>LEHRE VON DER ROMANISCHEN SPRACHKUNST. |
| II. Bd. }<br>1. Abt. } | LITTERATURGESCHICHTE DER ROMANISCHEN VÖLKER.<br>Die latein. Litteratur. — Die französ. Litteratur.   |
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| II. Bd. }<br>3. Abt. } | Die italienische Litteratur. — Die rätoromanische Litteratur. —<br>Die rumänische Litteratur.  |
|                        | IV. GRENZWISSENSCHAFTEN.<br>GESCHICHTE DER ROMANISCHEN VÖLKER.<br>CULTURGESCHICHTE DER ROMANISCHEN VÖLKER.<br>KUNSTGESCHICHTE DER ROMANISCHEN VÖLKER.<br>DIE WISSENSCHAFTEN IN DEN ROMAN. LÄNDERN.                 |

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I. Band, Lex.-8°. XII u. 853 S. mit 4 Tafeln u. 13 Karten. 1888. Preis  
M. 14.—, in Halbfranzband: M. 16.—  
Auch noch in einzelnen Lieferungen zu M. 4.—, M. 4.— und M. 6.—  
zu haben.

I. Band, 2. Abteilung, Lex. 8°. VIII, 496 S. 1897. Preis M. 8.—, in  
Halbfranzband: M. 10.—  
Auch noch in 4 Lieferungen à M. 2.— zu haben.

II. Band, I. Abteilung, I. Lieferung, 16 Bogen. 1893. M. 4.—
"    I.    "    2.    "    11    "    1893. M. 2.80.
"    2.    "    3.    "    16    "    1898. M. 4.—
"    3.    "    1.    "    8    "    1895. M. 2.—
"    3.    "    2.    "    8    "    1897. M. 2.—

# Grundriss der iranischen Philologie

unter Mitwirkung von

F. K. Andreas, Chr. Bartholomae, C. H. Ethé, K. F. Geldner, P. Horn, H. Hübschmann, A. V. W. Jackson, F. Justi, Th. Nöldeke, C. Salemann, A. Socin, F. H. Weissbach, E. W. West und V. Zúkovskij

herausgegeben von

Wilh. Geiger und Ernst Kuhn.

Der Grundriss der iranischen Philologie wird in Lieferungen von durchschnittl. 10 Bogen in möglichst kurzen Zwischenräumen erscheinen.

Die Käufer verpflichten sich mindestens zur Abnahme eines Bandes. Einzelne Lieferungen werden nicht abgegeben.

## Plan des Werkes:

EINLEITUNG. GESCHICHTE DER IRANISCHEN PHILOLOGIE Prof. Dr. *E. Kuhn.*

### I. ABSCHNITT. SPRACHGESCHICHTE.

I. Bd.  
1. Abt.

- 1) Vorgeschichte der Irán. Sprachen Prof. Dr. *Chr. Bartholomae.*
- 2) Awestäsprache und Altpersisch Prof. Dr. *Chr. Bartholomae*
- 3) Mittelpersisch Akademiker Dr. *C. Salemann.*
- 4) Neupersische Schriftsprache Privatdozent Dr. *P. Horn.*
- 5) Die übrigen modernen Sprachen und Dialekte

I. Bd.  
2. Abt.

A. Afghanisch, B. Balúči Prof. Dr. *W. Geiger.* C. Kurlisch Prof. Dr. *A. Socin.* D. Ossetisch Prof. Dr. *H. Hübschmann.* E. Pamirdialekte, F. Mázandaráni, Giláki etc. Akademiker Dr. *C. Salemann.* G. Dialekte in Persien Prof. *V. Zúkovskij.*

### II. ABSCHNITT, LITTERATUR.

- 1) Awestälitteratur Prof. Dr. *K. F. Geldner.*
- 2) Die altpersischen Inschriften Dr. *F. H. Weissbach.*
- 3) Die Pahlavilitteratur Dr. *E. W. West.*
- 4) Das Iran. Nationalepos Prof. Dr. *Th. Nöldeke.*
- 5) Neupersische Litteratur Prof. Dr. *C. H. Ethé.*

### III. ABSCHNITT. GESCHICHTE UND KULTUR

I. Bd.

- 1) Grundlagen, Geographie von Irán Prof. Dr. *W. Geiger.*
- 2) Geschichte Irans von den ältesten Zeiten bis zum Ausgang der Sāsāniden Prof. Dr. *F. Justi.*
- 3) Geschichte Irans in islamitischer Zeit Privatdozent Dr. *P. Horn.*
- 4) Die Iránische Religion Prof. Dr. *A. V. W. Jackson.*
- 5) Münzen, Gemmen Privatdozent Dr. *P. Horn.*
- 6) Schriftkunde Dr. *F. K. Andreas.*

Bis jetzt erschienen: I. Band, 1. Lief. M. 8.—, 2. Liefg. M. 4.50.

II. „ 1., 2. u. 3. Liefg. à M. 8.—.

**Nöldeke**, Das iranische Nationalepos. (Separatdruck).

IV, 82 S. 1896.

M. 4.50

Grundriss  
der  
indo- arischen Philologie  
und  
Altertumskunde.

Herausgegeben von

**Georg Bühler,**

K. K. Hofrat und ord. Professor des Sanskrit an der Universität Wien.

In diesem Werk soll zum ersten Mal der Versuch gemacht werden, einen Gesamtüberblick über die einzelnen Gebiete der indo-arischen Philologie und Altertumskunde in knapper und systematischer Darstellung zu geben. Die Mehrzahl der Gegenstände wird damit überhaupt zum ersten Mal eine zusammenhängende abgerundete Behandlung erfahren; deshalb darf von dem Werk reicher Gewinn für die Wissenschaft selbst erhofft werden, trotzdem es in erster Linie für Lernende bestimmt ist.

Gegen dreissig Gelehrte aus Deutschland, Österreich, England, Holland, Indien und Amerika haben sich mit Hofrat G. Bühler in Wien vereinigt, um diese Aufgabe zu lösen, wobei ein Teil der Mitarbeiter ihre Beiträge deutsch, die übrigen sie englisch abfassen werden. (Siehe nachfolgenden Plan.)

Besteht schon in der räumlichen Entfernung vieler Mitarbeiter eine grössere Schwierigkeit als bei anderen ähnlichen Unternehmungen, so schien es auch geboten, die Unzuträglichkeit der meisten Sammelwerke, welche durch den unberechenbaren Ablieferungstermin der einzelnen Beiträge entsteht, dadurch zu vermeiden, dass die einzelnen Abschnitte gleich nach ihrer Ablieferung einzeln gedruckt und ausgegeben werden. Durch einen gemeinsamen Titel und ein ausführliches Namen- und Sachregister am Schluss jedes Bandes werden die einzelnen Hefte zu einem gemeinschaftlichen Ganzen zusammengefasst.

Das Werk wird aus drei Bänden Lex.-8° im ungefähren Umfang von je 1100 Seiten bestehen, in der Ausstattung des in demselben Verlag erscheinenden *Grundrisses der iranischen Philologie*. Der Subskriptionspreis des ganzen Werkes beträgt durchschnittlich 65 Pf. pro Druckbogen von 16 Seiten; der Preis der einzelnen Hefte durchschnittlich 80 Pf. pro Druckbogen. Auch für die Tafeln und Karten wird den Subskribenten eine durchschnittliche Ermässigung von 20% auf den Einzelpreis zugesichert. Über die Einteilung des Werkes giebt der nachfolgende Plan Auskunft.

**Band I. Allgemeines und Sprache.**

- 1) Geschichte der indo-arischen Philologie und Altertumskunde von *Ernst Kuhn*.
- 2) Urgeschichte der indo-arischen Sprachen von *R. Meringer*.
- 3) a. Die indischen Systeme der Grammatik, Phonetik und Etymologie von *B. Liebich*.  
b. Die indischen Wörterbücher (Košā) von *Th. Zachariae*.  
Subskr.-Preis M. 2.—, Einzel-Preis M. 2.50.
- 4) Grammatik der vedischen Dialekte von *C. R. Lanman*. (engl.)
- 5) Grammatik des klassischen Sanskrit der Grammatiker, der Litteratur und der Inschriften sowie der Mischdialekte (epische und nordbuddhistischer) von *O. Franke*.

Fortsetzung s. nächste Seite.

Grundriss der Indo-arischen Philologie und Altertumskunde (Fortsetzung):

- \*6) Vedische und Sanskrit-Syntax von *J. S. Speyer*.  
Subskr.-Preis M. 4.—, Einzel-Preis M. 5.—
- 7) Paligrammatiker, Paligrammatik von *O. Franke*.
- 8) Prakritgrammatiker, Prakritgrammatik von *R. Pischel*.
- 9) Grammatik und Litteratur des tertiären Prakrits von Indien von *G. A. Grierson* (englisch).
- 10) Grammatik u. Litteratur des Singhalesischen v. *Wilh. Geiger*.
- \*11) Indische Palaeographie (mit 17 Tafeln) von *G. Bühler*.  
Subskr.-Preis M. 15.—, Einzel-Preis M. 18.50.

## Band II. Litteratur und Geschichte.

- 1) Vedische Litteratur (Śruti).  
a. Die drei Veden von *K. Geldner*.  
b. Atharvaveda von *M. Bloomfield* (englisch).
- 2) a. Epische Litteratur von *H. Jacobi*.  
b. Klassische Litteratur (einschliesslich der Poetik und der Metrik) von *H. Jacobi*.
- 3) Quellen der indischen Geschichte.  
a. Litterarische Werke und Inschriften von *G. Bühler* (engl.).  
\*b. Indian Coins (with 5 plates) by *E. J. Rapson* (englisch).  
Subskr.-Preis M. 5.—, Einzelpreis M. 6.—.
- 4) Geographie von *G. Bühler* und *M. A. Stein*.
- 5) Ethnographie von *A. Baines* (englisch).
- 6) Staatsaltertümer | von *G. Bühler*, *J. Folly* und  
7) Privataltertümer | Sir *R. West* (englisch).
- \*8) Recht und Sitte (einschliessl. der einheimischen Litteratur) von *J. Folly*. Subskr.-Preis M. 6.50, Einzel-Preis M. 8.—.
- 9) Politische Geschichte bis zur muhammedanischen Eröberung von *G. Bühler* (englisch).

## Bd. III. Religion, weltl. Wissenschaften u. Kunst.

- 1) \*a. Vedic Mythology by *A. A. Macdonell* (engl.).  
Subskr.-Preis M. 7.50, Einzel-Preis M. 9.—.  
b. Epische Mythologie von *M. Winternitz*.
- \*2) Ritual-Litteratur, Vedische Opfer und Zauber von *A. Hillebrandt*.  
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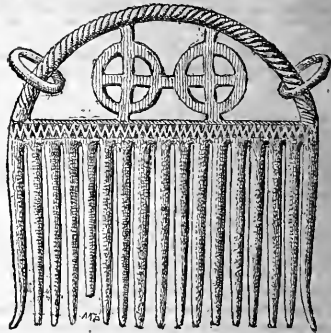


Abb. 121. Kamm aus der jüngeren Bronzezeit.

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Die Darstellung Müllers beruht auf umfassender Kenntnis der Funde und auf einem gründlichen Verständnis der Entwicklung, die sich aus ihnen erschliessen lässt; die Übersetzung ist gut. Die beiden ersten Lieferungen führen den Leser zunächst sicher und behaglich durch die uralten gewaltigen Zeugen der Steinzeit. Sie erklären ihm die Muschelhaufen, die ältesten erkennbaren Wohnplätze von Menschen im Norden Deutschlands, zeigen ihm die Altertümer, die sich darin gefunden haben, und weisen ihm ihre Herstellung und wahrscheinliche Verwendung nach, sie besprechen die Frage der Chronologie der ältern Steinzeit, führen dann den Leser an der Hand der Altertümer in die Übergangszeit zwischen Muschelhaufen und Steingräbern und schliesslich hin zu den zahlreichen kleinen Steingräbern, den Rundgräbern und Hünenbetten, und zu den gewaltigen Riesenstüben. Eingestrente Abschnitte über die Geschichte der Forschung geben wohlthätige Ruhepunkte in der Arbeit des Aufnehmens ab, andre lösen das Auge von dem gespannten Eindringen in das kleine Gebiet und lenken den Blick auf die Verbreitung entsprechender Funde in ausserdeutschen, ja aussereuropäischen Landen, und überall erhöht eine grosse Anzahl guter Holzschnitte die Anschaulichkeit der Darstellung. Das Werk wird ausser der Steinzeit, der Bronzezeit und der Eisenzeit auch die Kultur in der Periode der Völkerwanderung und der Wikingerfahrten umfassen: kein Lehrer des Deutschen, der deutschen Geschichte, der deutschen Geographic darf es also unverarbeitet lassen, wir denken überdies, dass es auch viele Laien zu Freunden bekommen wird.



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Dem immer wachsenden Betribe der deutschen Volkskunde bietet sich dieses Buch als ein Führer an. Es will das ausgedehnte Gebiet dieser jugendlichen Wissenschaft schärfer umgrenzen, die leitenden Gesichtspunkte für die weitere Erforschung desselben festzustellen suchen und über eine blosse Ansammlung von allerhand Einzelheiten hinaus eine zusammenhängende Schilderung aller seiner Teile anbahnen. Die Hauptabschnitte: Dorf und Flur, das Haus, Sitten und Bräuche, Volkssprache und Mundarten, Sprichwort, Rätsel, Schwank und Lied, Sage und Märchen bringen ein reiches bald kurz charakterisiertes, bald des Beispiels halber breiter entfaltetes Material, wie es durch langjähriges Studium des deutschen Volkes im Norden wie im Süden unseres Vaterlandes gewonnen worden ist. Diese Skizze des ganzen deutschen Volkstums wendet sich nicht nur an die Fachleute, sondern auch an weitere Kreise. Alle fordert es auf, mit zu suchen, zu beobachten und zu verstehen, damit einmal eine deutsche Volkskunde in grossem Stil entstehen könne.

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Fischer, Rudolph, Professor der engl. Philologie an der Universität Innsbruck, Zur Kunstentwicklung der englischen Tragödie von ihren ersten Anfängen bis zu Shakespeare. 8. XIII, 192 S. 1893. M. 5.—

Kahle, Bernh., Die Sprache der Skalden, auf Grund der Binnen- und Endreime, verbunden mit einem Rimarium. 8. VIII, 308 S. 1892. M. 7.—

Solmsen, Dr. Felix, Studien zur lateinischen Lautgeschichte. 8. VIII, 200 S. 1894. M. 5.50

Tappolet, Ernst, Über die romanischen Verwandtschaftsnamen. Mit besonderer Berücksichtigung der französischen und italienischen Mundarten. Ein Beitrag zur vergleichenden Lexikologie. 8. VII, 178 S. mit 2 Karten. 1895. M. 6.—

# Shakspeare.

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Fünf Vorlesungen aus dem Nachlaß

von

Bernhard ten Brink.

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Mit dem Bildniß des Verfassers, radiert von W. Krauskopf

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Erste und zweite Auflage.

Klein 8°. 166 S. 1893. M. 2.—, gebunden M. 3.—.

Inhalt: Erste Vorlesung: Der Dichter und der Mensch. —  
Zweite Vorlesung: Die Zeitfolge von Shakspeare's Werken.  
— Dritte Vorlesung: Shakspeare als Dramatiker. — Vierte  
Vorlesung: Shakspeare als komischer Dichter. — Fünfte  
Vorlesung: Shakspeare als Tragiker.

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„Es ist ein hoher und herrlicher Geist, der aus diesen Vorträgen spricht. Flammende Begeisterung, philosophische Bildung und strenge Wissenschaftlichkeit, feinstes Verständniß und Nachfühlen des Dichters, das sind die Vorzüge, die sich hier miteinander vereinigen.“

*Seemanns Litterar. Jahresbericht 1893.*

„Bedarf es eines Beispiels für die Art von Wissenschaft, wie wir sie uns denken, so sei nur im Augenblick auf das köstliche Buch über „Shakspeare“ verwiesen, das aus dem Nachlasse von ten Brink, eines der hervorragendsten Gelehrten unserer Zeit, durch die Sorgfalt Edward Schröders zugänglich geworden ist. Was psychologische Synthese und nachfühlende Aesthetik zu leisten vermag, darüber belehrt dieses kleine Werk besser, als es der weitläufigsten Theorie gelänge.“

*Anton E. Schönbach in Vom Fels zum Meer 1893/94 Heft 1.*

Dieses Buch ten Brinks ist bei Schönbach (*Über Lesen und Bildung, 4. Aufl.*) unter den besten deutschen Prosawerken genannt.

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# Geschichte der Musik

in

## England.

Von

Dr. Wilibald Nagel.

**Erster Teil.** 8°. VII, 154 S. 1894. M. 4. —.

**Zweiter Teil.** 8°. VII, 304 S. 1897. M. 8. —.

„ . . . Das Ergebnis der Untersuchungen N.'s lässt sich in den Satz zusammenfassen: die Entwicklung der englischen Musik zeigt viel stärker als in anderen Ländern volkstümliche Einflüsse. Sie äussern sich gleich stark in den Theorien der englischen Tractatisten, wie in den Compositionen, soweit sie erhalten oder beschrieben sind. Sie äussern sich, möchten wir hinzufügen, auch in der neuesten Zeit und das ist der Standpunkt, von dem aus die englische Musik auch nach dem Tode Händel's Bedeutung gewinnt. . . .“ *Literarisches Centralblatt 1894. Nr. 32.*

„Anfangs 1893 begab sich Dr. Wilibald Nagel, der geistvolle und scharfsinnige Musikgelehrte, der bekanntlich vor einigen Jahren sein Domizil in Zürich genommen hat, nach England, um für seine damals schon begonnene Musikgeschichte dieses Landes an Ort und Stelle weitere Studien zu machen und das Werk zum Abschluss zu bringen. Von dieser hochverdienstlichen, wissenschaftlich bedeutsamen Arbeit, welche mit H. Purcells Leben, d. h. mit dem Beginn des 18. Jahrhunderts und dem epochemachenden, aber bereits durch Chrysaider ausführlich dargestellten Auftreten Händels in England ihren Abschluss finden soll, liegt nun der erste ohne die Anmerkungen 128 Seiten umfassende Teil vor. Derselbe behandelt im Wesentlichen die Musikgeschichte des Mittelalters d. h. die Zeit von den ersten Anfängen musikalischer Kunstpflege in dem Inselreich bis ungefähr Ende des 15. Jahrhunderts und beweist nicht nur, wie gründlich der Autor die Quellen beherrscht, sondern auch wie erfolgreich er bemüht gewesen ist, wissenschaftliche Genauigkeit und Schärfe mit möglichst anziehender und gemeinverständlicher Darstellung zu verbinden. . . . Doch man lese das Buch selbst, das eine bis dahin ziemlich dunkel gebliebene Partie der Musikgeschichte in das ihr gebührende Licht setzt und wesentlich dazu beitragen wird, das lang verbreitete Vorurteil zu zerstreuen, als wäre den Engländern von jeher der Sinn für höhere Musik abgegangen und hätten sie keinen wesentlichen Teil an deren künstlerischer Entwicklung genommen.“

*A. N. Schweizerische Musikzeitung 1894. Nr. 15.*

**Elze, Karl** (Prof. a. d. Univ. Halle a. S.), **Lord Byron.**  
Dritte verb. Auflage. gr. 8°. VI, 516 S. 1886. M. 7.50  
geb. M. 9.—

**Inhalt:** I. Familie und Kindheit. — II. Schule und Universität. — III. Newstead Abbey. — IV. Die Pilgerfahrt. — V. London. — VI. Die Ehe. — VII. Die Schweiz und Venedig. — VIII. Ravenna, Pisa, Genua. — IX. Griechenland. — X. Zur Charakteristik. — XI. Byron's Stellung in der Litteratur. — XII. Nachträge und Abschlüsse. — **Anhang:** I. Der Prozeß gegen William Lord Byron. — II. Die Fugitive Pieces. — III. Mrs. Spencer Smith. — IV. Charakteristik von der Gräfin Albizzi. — V. Die Vernichtung der Memoiren.

**Brandl, Alois** (Prof. a. d. Univ. Straßburg), **Samuel Taylor Coleridge und die englische Romantik.** 8°. XII, 437 S. 1886. Broschirt M. 7.—, geb. M. 8.—

**Inhalt:** I. Kap. Kinder- und Knabenjahre (1772–90). — II. Kap. Auf der Universität (1791–94). — III. Kap. Antisofokratie. Bristol (1795–96). — IV. Kap. In Nether Stowey, Wordsworth (Nov. 1796 bis September 1798). — V. Kap. Die deutsche Reise. Wallenstein (Sept. 1798 bis April 1800). — VI. Kap. An den Seen. Krank und unstät. (Sommer 1800 bis Herbst 1810). — VII. Kap. In Hammersmith und Calve. Aesthetische Hauptleistungen (Herbst 1810 bis Frühjahr 1816).

**Druskowitz, S., Percy Bysshe Shelley.** 8°. XII, 387 S. 1884. M. 6.—

— **Drei englische Dichterinnen.** Johanna Bailie. — Elisabeth Barrett Browning. — George Eliot. Essays. 8°. 244 S. 1885. M. 4.—

**Schipper, J.** (Prof. a. d. k. k. Univ. in Wien), **William Dunbar.** Sein Leben und seine Gedichte in Analysen und ausgewählten Uebersetzungen nebst einem Abriß der altschottischen Poesie. Ein Beitrag zur schottisch-englischen Litteratur- und Kulturgeschichte. 8°. XVIII, 412 S. 1884. Broschirt M. 7.—, geb. M. 8.—

Die Dichtungen William Dunbars, des genialsten, einem Chaucer ebenbürtigen, Dichters des schottischen Volkes, sind bisher in Deutschland so gut wie unbekannt geblieben.



Soeben erschien:

# Englische Sprachschneider.

Gebrauch lächerlicher, aufstößiger, oft unanständiger Worte und Redensarten von Seiten englisch sprechender Deutscher.

Zur Belehrung Erwachsener.

Ein humoristischer Vortrag gehalten im Londoner deutschen Athenäum

von

O'Clarus Hiebslac, Esq., M. A.

Fellow of the German Athenaeum in London etc.

Mit einem Anhang über deutsche Familiennamen in England, Verhaltensregeln in englischer Gesellschaft, Titel, Anrede, Briefadressen, englische Abkürzungen.

Vierte Auflage.

8<sup>o</sup>. X, 156 S. 1896. M. 2.—.

„In der Form eines humoristischen Vortrags wird hier eine willkommene Belehrung Allen geboten, die sich mit England in irgend einer Weise beschäftigen, sei es sprachlich, brieflich, geschäftlich oder in persönlichem Umgang. Das Hauptgewicht ist auf die Sprachschneider gelegt, d. h. auf die Kennzeichen lächerlicher, anstößiger, oft unanständiger Worte und Redensarten, die von englisch sprechenden Deutschen gebraucht werden. Derlei findet man in keiner Grammatik; nur längerer, mit grosser Aufmerksamkeit verbundener Aufenthalt in England kann über die Schwierigkeiten in diesem Punkte hinweghelfen. Um so dankenswerther ist die Anleitung dazu in dem vorliegenden Werkchen. Dasselbe enthält aber auch noch eine willkommene Zugabe: eine Studie über deutsche Familiennamen in England, Verhaltensmassregeln in der englischen Gesellschaft, Titel, Anrede und Briefadressen, sowie ein Verzeichniss der gebräuchlichsten englischen Abkürzungen, lauter Dinge, in denen sich der Deutsche nicht leicht zurecht findet und über die er sonst nirgends die Belehrung so nahe beisammen hat wie in diesem Büchlein. Möge auch dessen dritte Auflage recht viel benützt werden.“

*Frankfurter Zeitung 1886 Nr. 234.*

„In diesem Büchelchen weist der Verfasser seine Landsleute auf die Gefahr hin, die in dem Gebrauch lächerlicher, anstößiger, oft unanständiger englischer Worte und Redensarten oder in der unrichtigen Aussprache einzelner Buchstaben und Worte liegt, die er in äusserst humoristischer, wenn auch mitunter etwas drastischer Weise durch zahlreiche Beispiele illustriert und es so Allen, die in der englischen Sprache noch nicht ganz sattelfest sind, ermöglicht, manch arge Böcke, manch peinliche Verlegenheiten zu vermeiden. Und ganz vortrefflich hat der Verfasser es verstanden, seine durchaus nicht leichte Aufgabe zu lösen, und indem er eine sehr delicate Sache in humoristischem Gewande behandelte, ist es ihm gelungen, auch das etwa Anstössige mundgerecht zu machen, ohne das Anstandsgefühl zu verletzen. . . Im Ganzen bildet das Büchelchen einen äusserst werthvollen Beitrag zur englischen Sprachkunde, und können wir dem Verfasser zu dem Geschick, mit welchem er seine schwierige Aufgabe gelöst hat, sowie zu der gründlichen Kenntniss der englischen Sprache, Sitten und Gebräuche, die er in dem Schriftchen entwickelt, nur gratuliren.

*Londoner Zeitung 1886 Nr. 1431.*

## Sammlung indogermanischer Wörterbücher.

- I. *Hübschmann, H.*, Etymologie und Lautlehre der ossetischen Sprache. 8°. VIII u. 151 S. 1887. M. 4.—
- II. *Feist, S.*, Grundriss der gotischen Etymologie. 8° XVI u. 167 S. 1888. M. 5.—
- III. *Meyer, Gustav*, Etymologisches Wörterbuch der albanesischen Sprache. 8°. 524 S. 1891. M. 12.—
- IV. *Horn, Paul*, Grundriss der neupersischen Etymologie. 8°. XXV, 386 S. 1893. M. 15.—
- V. *Leumann, E. u. J.*, Etymologisches Sanskritwörterbuch (unter der Presse).

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## Grammatik der Oskisch-Umbrischen Dialekte von R. von Planta.

Erster Band: Einleitung und Lautlehre. 8°. VIII u. 600 S. 1892. M. 15.—

Zweiter Band: Formenlehre, Syntax, Sammlung der Inschriften und Glossen, Anhang, Glossar. 8°. XX, 765 S. 1897. M. 20.—

Nachdem die Sprachwissenschaft die oskisch-umbrischen Dialekte längere Zeit ziemlich abseits hat liegen lassen, herrscht jetzt auf diesem Forschungsgebiet wieder ein erfreulich reges Leben. Fast gleichzeitig sind drei grössere Arbeiten erschienen, die sich mit der Lautgeschichte dieser Mundarten beschäftigen. Davon ist die umfassendste und bedeutendste das uns vorliegende Buch eines jungen Schweizers. Die Einleitung giebt zunächst einen geschichtlichen Ueberblick über die Erforschung der oskisch-umbrischen Mundarten; darauf wird die Stellung der letzteren im Kreis der altitalischen Sprachen und ihr Verhältnis unter sich behandelt; weiter werden die Denkmäler (hauptsächlich Inschriften) aufgezählt und charakterisirt. Im ersten Kapitel der Lautlehre werden die Alphabete der Inschriften und die orthographischen Fragen (Bezeichnung der Consonantendeckung, der Vocallänge etc.) erörtert. Darauf folgt die Darstellung der Lauterscheinungen, die sowohl dem statistisch-descriptiven als auch dem entwicklungsgeschichtlichen Betrachtungsstandpunkt gerecht wird. . . .

Wir behalten uns vor, auf das Werk nach Erscheinen des zweiten Bandes etwas ausführlicher zurückzukommen. Für jetzt sei nur noch bemerkt, dass wir es mit einer auf gründlichstem Studium beruhenden, durchaus soliden und in manchen Beziehungen geradezu musterhaften Arbeit zu thun haben, die als ein die gesammte bisherige Forschung zusammenfassendes Handbuch für jeden, der sich mit den altitalischen Sprachen beschäftigt, unentbehrlich sein wird.

*Literarisches Centralblatt 1893 Nr. 10.*

## Essays und Studien

zur  
Sprachgeschichte und Volkskunde

von  
Gustav Meyer

Professor an der Universität Graz.

I. Band. 8°. VIII, 412 S. 1885. M. 7.—, geb. M. 8.—.

Inhalt: Zur Sprachgeschichte. I. Das indogermanische Urvolk. II. Die etruskische Sprachfrage. III. Ueber Sprache und Literatur der Albanesen. IV. Das heutige Griechisch. V. Constantin Sathas und die Slavenfrage in Griechenland.

Zur vergleichenden Märchenkunde. I. Folklore. II. Märchenforschung und Alterthumswissenschaft. III. Aegyptische Märchen. IV. Arabische Märchen. V. Amor und Psyche. VI. Die Quellen des Decamerone. VII. Südslavische Märchen. VIII. Der Mattenfänger von Hameln. IX. Der Pathe des Todes. X. Rip van Winkle.

Zur Kenntniß des Volksliedes. I. Jüdische Bierzeilen. II. Neugriechische Volkspoesie. III. Studien über das Schnaderhüpfel. 1. Zur Literatur der Schnaderhüpfel. 2. Bierzeile und mehrstrophisches Lied. 3. Ueber den Natureingang des Schnaderhüpfels. — Anmerkungen.

II. Band. 8°. VI, 380 S. 1893. M. 6.—, geb. M. 7.—.

Inhalt: I. Franz Bopp. — II. Georg Curtius. — III. Weltsprache und Weltsprachen. — IV. Etruskisches aus Aegypten. — V. Die Aussprache des Griechischen. — VI. Von der schlesischen Mundart. — VII. Zur Charakteristik der indischen Literatur. 1. Allgemeine Grundlagen. 2. Der Rveda. 3. Rāli-dāsa. — VIII. Zigeunerphilologie. — IX. Volkslieder aus Piemont. — X. Neugriechische Hochzeitsbräuche. — XI. Zur Volkskunde der Alpenländer. — XII. Finnische Volksliteratur. — XIII. Das Räuberwesen auf der Balkanhalbinsel. — XIV. Eine Geschichte der byzantinischen Literatur. — XV. Athen im Mittelalter. — XVI. Das heutige Griechenland. — XVII. Griechische Reiseummente. 1. Von Korfu nach Athen. 2. Athen. 3. Im Lande der Pelopiden. — XVIII. Zante. — XIX. Apulische Reisetage. 1. Von Brindisi nach Lecce. 2. Lecce. 3. Kalimera. 4. Tarent. — XX. Bei den Albanesen Italiens. — XXI. Das Jubiläum der Universität in Bologna. — Anmerkungen.

Der wissenschaftliche Wert eines Werkes von Gustav Meyer ist stets über allem Zweifel erhaben; das vorliegende ist aber vermöge seiner glänzenden Darstellung von Anton Schönbach für würdig befunden worden, in seinem Buche „Über Lesen und Bildung, 4. Auflage“ unter den Werken aufgeführt zu werden, die einen Ehrenplatz in dem geistigen Haushalt jedes Gebildeten verdienen.

Handbuch  
der  
neugriechischen Volkssprache.  
Grammatik, Texte und Glossar.

Von

Dr. A. Thumb,

a. o. Professor an der Universität Freiburg i. Br

8<sup>o</sup>. XXV, 240 S. mit einer Schrifttafel. 1896. Broschirt M. 6.—,  
in Leinwand gebunden M. 7.—.

„Endlich einmal eine brauchbare Grammatik der neugriechischen Volkssprache, ein Buch, das nicht jenes aus allen möglichen Formen zusammengebraute Kauderwelsch der Zeitungen und Bücher, sondern die in gesetzmässiger Entwicklung entstandene lebendige Sprache der Gegenwart lehrt! Th. hat es verstanden, den wichtigsten Sprachstoff auf sehr knappem Raume mitzuteilen, indem er sich auf die Verzeichnung der That- sachen mit den unentbehrlichsten Erklärungen beschränkte; die gram- matische Abtheilung des Handbuches umfasst nur 124 Seiten; dann folgen gemeinneugriechische und dialektische Texte in Poesie und Prosa (S. 127 bis 194), endlich ein Glossar (S. 197–239). Hundertmal bin ich nach einem praktischen Handbuch der neugriechischen Volkssprache gefragt worden, und stets war ich in Verlegenheit, was ich den Leuten eigentlich nennen sollte; die gleiche Verlegenheit drückte mich jedesmal, wenn ich eine Vor- lesung über neugriechische Grammatik hielt und den Zuhörern zur Ver- einfachung und Erleichterung des Unterrichts etwas Gedrucktes in die Hand geben wollte. Wer die Not so an eigenster Haut gefühlt hat, wird dem Verfasser für seine schöne Arbeit doppelt dankbar sein und gerne darauf verzichten, ihm einzelne Unebenheiten aufzumutzen. Möchte nun auch eine historische Grammatik des Neugriechischen, die dem byzan- tinischen Studienkreise noch näher liegen würde, uns bald bescheert werden!“  
*K. K. (Byzantinische Zeitschrift 1895 S. 220).*

**Berneker, Dr. Erich, Die preussische Sprache.** Grammatik, Texte, etymologisches Wörterbuch. 8<sup>o</sup>. XII u. 335 S. 1896. M. 8.—

**Luick, Karl, Untersuchungen zur englischen Lautgeschichte.** 8<sup>o</sup>. XVIII, 334 S. 1896. M. 9.—

**Viljoen, W. J., Beiträge zur Geschichte der Cap-hollän- dischen Sprache.** 8<sup>o</sup>. 58 S. 1896. M. 1.50.

**Wiedemann, Dr. Oskar, Handbuch der litauischen Sprache.** Grammatik, Texte, Wörterbuch. 8<sup>o</sup>. XVI, 350 S. 1897. M. 9.—

In Vorbereitung sind:

**Fortunatow, Philipp F.,** (Prof. a. d. Univ. Moskau), **Vor- lesungen über die Lautlehre der altslavischen (alt- kirchenslavischen) Sprache.** Deutsch von Dr. Erich Berneker. 8<sup>o</sup>. ca. 18 Bogen.

**Simonyi, Sigmund** (Prof. a. d. Universität Budapest), **Die ungarische Sprache.** Geschichte und Grammatik. 8<sup>o</sup>. ca. 30 Bogen.

# Griechische Geschichte

von

Julius Beloch.

- I. Band: **Bis auf die sophistische Bewegung und den peloponnesischen Krieg.** gr. 8<sup>o</sup>. XII, 637 S. 1893. Broschirt M. 7.50, in Halbfranz gebunden 9.50.
- II. Band: **Bis auf Aristoteles und die Eroberung Asiens.** Mit Gesamtregister und einer Karte. gr. 8<sup>o</sup>. XIII, 720 S. 1897. Broschirt M. 9.—, in Halbfrz. gebunden M. 11.—.
- I. u. II. Band complet in 2 Halbfranzbände gebunden M. 20.—.

„ . . . Das Ganze ist fliegend geschrieben, von durchsichtiger Klarheit, gleich abgerundet in Form und Fassung. So tritt das Buch mit dem Anspruch auf, dem deutschen Publikum zu bieten, was es bis jetzt noch nicht besitzt: eine von wirklich historischem Geist getragene und zugleich lesbare Geschichte Griechenlands. Ref. steht nicht an zu erklären, dass es diesen Anspruch in weitem Umfang erfüllt. Durch einen freien und weiten Blick, durch umfassende historische Kenntnisse, durch gründliche Durcharbeitung des Materials war der Verf. für seine Aufgabe vorbereitet. Von der Selbständigkeit und der vor keiner Consequenz zurückschreckenden Energie seines historischen Urteils hat er schon früher vielfach Proben abgelegt . . .“

*Edvard Meyer im Literarischen Centralblatt 1894, Nr. 4.*

Der eigentliche Vorzug des Werkes liegt auf dem Gebiete der Darstellung der wirtschaftlichen und socialen Grundlagen des Lebens, in denen B. die materiellen Grundlagen erkennt, auf denen sich die grossartigen Umwälzungen, auch der geistigen und politischen Entwicklung vollzogen. Da B. gerade in dieser Beziehung das Material beherrscht, wie nicht leicht ein anderer Forscher, so durfte man hierin von seiner Darstellung Ausführliches und Vorzügliches erwarten . . . . Glanzpunkte sind der VII. Abschnitt: Die Umwälzung im Wirtschaftsleben (vom 7. zum 6. Jahrh.) und der XII.: Der wirtschaftliche Aufschwung nach den Perserkriegen . . . . Ueber die Bevölkerungsverhältnisse, über die Getreideeinfuhr, über das Aufhören der Natural- und den Beginn der Geldwirtschaft, die Erträge der Industrie und des Handels, über Zinsen, Arbeitslöhne etc. erhalten wir die eingehendsten Aufschlüsse und wundern uns, wie diese wichtigen Dinge bei der Darstellung der griechischen Geschichte bisher unberücksichtigt bleiben konnten.

„ . . . Die Form der Darstellung ist eine ausserordentlich gewandte und fließende.

*Bl. f. d. Gymnasialschulwesen, XXX. Jahrg. S. 671 u. ff.*

Soeben erschien: **Geschichte**

der

**Griechischen Plastik**

von

**Maxime Collignon**

Mitglied des Instituts, Professor an der Faculté des Lettres in Paris.

**Erster Band:** Anfänge -- Früharchaische Kunst -- Reifer Archaismus -- Die grossen Meister des V. Jahrhunderts. Ins Deutsche übertragen und mit Anmerkungen begleitet von Eduard Thraemer, a. o. Professor an der Universität Strassburg. Mit 12 Tafeln in Chromolithographie oder Heliogravüre und 281 Abb. im Text. Lex. 8°. XV, 592 S. 1897. Broschirt M. 20. --, in eleg. Halbfranzband M. 25. --.

**Zweiter Band:** Der Einfluss der grossen Meister des V. Jahrhunderts -- Das IV. Jahrhundert. -- Die hellenistische Zeit. -- Die griechische Kunst unter römischer Herrschaft. Ins Deutsche übertragen von Fritz Baumgarten, Professor am Gymnasium zu Freiburg i. B. Mit 12 Tafeln in Chromolithographie oder Heliogravüre und 377 Abbildungen im Text. Lex. 8°. XII, 763 S. 1898. Broschirt M. 24. --, in eleg. Halbfranzband M. 30. --.



„Collignon's *Histoire de la sculpture grecque*, ... hat mit Recht überall eine sehr günstige Aufnahme gefunden. Der Verf. steht von vorn herein auf dem Boden, der durch die umwälzenden Entdeckungen der letzten Jahrzehnte geschaffen ist, und betrachtet von diesem neu gewonnenen Standpunkte aus auch die älteren Thatsachen und Forschungsergebnisse. Er beherrscht die einschlägige Literatur, in der die deutsche Forschung einen bedeutenden Platz einnimmt, und weiss die Streitfragen oder die Thatsachen in geschmackvoller Form und ohne ermüdende Breite darzustellen. Eine grosse Anzahl gut ausgeführter Textillustrationen, nach zum grössten Teil neu angefertigten Zeichnungen, dient dem Texte zu anschaulicher Belebung

und bietet eine vornehme Zierde des Buches, sehr verschieden von jenen oft nichtssagenden Umrissen, welchen wir in ähnlichen Büchern so oft begegnen. So war es ein glücklicher Gedanke, Collignon's Werk dem deutschen Publikum, nicht blos dem gelehrten, durch eine deutsche Uebersetzung näher zu bringen. Der Uebersetzer, Dr. Ed. Thraemer, hat seine nicht ganz einfache Aufgabe vortrefflich gelöst: die Darstellung liest sich sehr gut und man wird nicht leicht daran erinnern, dass man eine Uebersetzung vor sich hat. Hier und da ist ein leichtes tatsächliches Versehen stillschweigend berichtigt, anderswo durch einen (als solcher bezeichneten) Zusatz ein Hinweis auf entgegenstehende Auffassungen, auf neuerdings bekannt gewordene Thatsachen, auf neu erschienene Literatur gegeben. . . . Im Ganzen jedoch handelt es sich um eine Uebersetzung, nicht um eine durchgehende Bearbeitung des Originalwerkes, so dass der Leser überall Collignon's Auffassungen ohne fremde Aenderungen kennen lernt . . . .

*fs. (Liter. Centralblatt 1899. Nr. 53.)*



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