## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Twisted Knitting

From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).


Cast on 12 stitches, knit and seam alternate rows for 8 rows; the 3 first and last stitches of each row are always knit.

Ninth row:-Knit 3 stitches, take a third pin and knit 3 more, knit the remainder of the stitches with the first pin.

Tenth row:-Knit 3 stitches, seam the 3 stitches on the third pin, seam the other 3, knit the 3 edge stitches. This completes 1 twist, and is repeated after every 8 rows.

## Updated Version

## Twisted Knitting

Using yarn of your choice and appropriately sized needles, CO 12 sts.

Set-up rows:
Row 1 (RS): k across

Row 2 (WS): k3, p6, k3

Pattern rows:

Rows 3 - 8: repeat rows 1 and 2 three times
Row 9: k 3 , sl 3 sts to cn (as if to purl) and hold to back of work, $\mathrm{k} 3, \mathrm{k} 3$ from $\mathrm{cn}, \mathrm{k} 3$
Row 10: k3, p6, k3
Repeat pattern rows until work is desired size, ending with row 8 . BO knitwise.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Very Pretty Vandyke Border



From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext 21032).

## Original Pattern

Pins No. 19, and No. 10 boar's-head thread.
First row:-Cast on 10 stitches, slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice over the pin, knit 2 together, knit 1 plain.

Second row:-Slip 1, knit 1, knit half the stitch turned twice over the needle, seam the other half, knit 2, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Third row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 4 plain stitches.

Fourth row:-Make a stitch, knit 4, knit 2, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Fifth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread
forward, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice round the pin, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice round the pin, knit 2 together, knit 1 plain.

Sixth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, knit the first half of the double stitch, seam the other half, knit 1 , knit the first half of the double stitch, seam the other half, knit 2 plain, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Seventh row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1 , bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit the remainder of the stitches plain.

Eighth row:-Knit 9 plain stitches, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Ninth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice over the needle, knit 2 together. Repeat this 3 times. Knit 1 plain stitch.

Tenth row:-Knit 2, knit first half of double stitch, seam the other half, knit 1 double stitch as before, knit 1, knit double stitch as before, knit 2, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1 , bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Eleventh row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 10 plain stitches.

Twelfth row:-Knit 3 plain stitches, knit 2 together, knit 5, knit 2, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1 plain, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Thirteenth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice over the needle, and knit 2 together. Repeat this 4 times. Knit 1 plain.

Fourteenth row:-Knit 2, double stitch as before, knit 1, double stitch as before, knit 1, double stitch as before, knit 1, double stitch as before, knit 2, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Fifteenth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit the remaining stitches plain.

Sixteenth row:-Knit 3, knit 2 together, knit 3, knit 2 together, knit 5, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Seventeenth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice over the needle, and knit 2 together. Repeat this 5 times. Knit 1.

Eighteenth row:-Knit 2, double stitch as before, knit 1 plain, double stitch as before, knit 1 , double stitch as before, knit 1, double stitch as before, knit 1, double stitch as before, knit 2, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together.

Nineteenth row:-Slip 1, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit the remainder of the stitches plain.

Twentieth row:-Cast off all the stitches but 10 (there should be 23 in all), knit 5 plain, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together, knit 1, bring the thread forward, knit 2 together. This completes 1 vandyke. You then begin again from the first row, and repeat these 20 rows till sufficient length is done.

## Updated Version

## Abbreviations

$\mathrm{k}=$ knit
yo = yarn over (bring yarn forward between the needles and to back over right needle)
$\mathrm{k} 2 \mathrm{tog}=$ knit two together
$\mathrm{sl}=\mathrm{slip}$ stitch from left hand needle to right hand needle as if to purl
w 2 = wrap yarn twice around right needle
kpws $=$ knit and purl the wrapped stitches
psso $=$ pass slipped stitch over
Cast on 10 sts.
Row 1: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, w2 k2tog, k 1.
Row 2: Sl 1, k 1, kpws, k 2, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 3: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 4.
Row 4: Yo, k 6, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 5: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, w2, k2tog, w2, k2tog, k 1.

Row 6: Sl 1, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 2, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 7: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 7.
Row 8: K 9, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 9: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, * w2, k2tog, repeat from * 2 more times, k 1.
Row 10: K 2, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 2, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 11: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 10.
Row 12: K 3, k2tog, k 7, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 13: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, * w2, and k2tog, repeat from * 3 more times, k 1 .

Row 14: K 2, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 2, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 15: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 13.
Row 16: K 3, k2tog, k 3, k2tog, k 5, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Row 17: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, * w2, and k2tog, repeat from * 4 more times. k 1 .

Row 18: K 2, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 1, kpws, k 2, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.

Row 19: Sl 1, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog, k 16.
Row 20: Bind off 13 sts (leaving 9 sts on left needle). K 4 , yo, k2tog, k 1, yo, k2tog.
Repeat rows 1-20 for desired length.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Two Pretty Fringes for Chair Covers



## Fringe Pattern No 1

Sample fringe was knit with two strands of fingering weight sock wool on 4 mm needles.

## Original Pattern

Cast on an even number of stitches for covers, 8 will be a good number, and use double wool. Make 1 by passing the wool round, seam 2 together, repeat; both rows are done in this manner: when sufficient fringe is done, cast off 4 stitches, take out the other pin, and unravel the remaining stitches.

## Updated Pattern

## Abbreviations

P2tog - purl two stitches together
Yo - yarn over

## Pattern

Using your yarn doubled (or more for thinner yarns), cast on an even number of stitches. This example uses 8 stitches.

Every row: *Yo, p2tog; repeat from * to end
When you have knit your fringe to the desired length, cast off 4 stitches. Unravel the remaining 4 stitches all the way down to the cast on edge to create the fringe.

## Fringe Pattern No 2



Sample fringe was knit with dk weight wool on 4 mm needles.

## Original Pattern

Cast on 9 stitches, make a stitch, seam 2 together, make a stitch, seam 2 together, make a stitch, seam 2 together (the wool is cut in lengths of about 6 inches and put in 3 at a time), put in 1 piece of the fringe, knit 2 plain stitches, pass the piece of fringe between the needles, knit the last stitch.

Second row:-Knit the 2 first stitches, knit the third and the piece of fringe together, knit
the rest plain, knit the next row the same as the first. Continue with these 2 rows alternately till sufficient fringe is made. It may be done either in one plain colour, or the knitting in one colour and the fringe in another.

## Updated Pattern

## Abbreviations

K - knit
P2tog - purl two stitches together
Yo - yarn over

## Pattern

Cut the yarn you would like to use or the fringed edging into 15 cm lengths.
Using the appropriate coloured yarn for the header of your fringe, cast on 9 stitches.

1st row: (Yo, p2tog) three times, lay three (or more) strands of cut fringe between the stitches, knit 2, bring the end of the three strands of fringe yarn from the back of your knitting to the front, k1. You will now have 6 strands of fringe hanging down the front of your knitting.

2nd row: Knit $2, \mathrm{k}$ the next stitch together with the strands of fringe yarn that lay across the back of the knitting between the two stitches, knit to the end of the row.

Repeat these two rows until your fringe is the correct length.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Very Pretty Pattern for a Fish Serviette



From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext 21032).

## Original Pattern

No. 2 linen thread, and pins No. 14. Cast on 116 stitches; 2 are for the edge on each side: knit 1 plain row, seam 1. The 2 stitches for the edge are not mentioned in the pattern.

First row:-Knit 2 together, knit 3, knit 2 together (knit 1 and make 1 twice), knit 1, knit 2 together, knit 3, knit 2 together (knit 1 and make 1 twice), knit 2.

Second row:-Seamed.
Third row:-(Knit 2 together and knit 1 twice,) make 1, knit 3, make 1 (knit 1 and knit 2 together twice), knit 1, make 1, knit 3, make 1, knit 2, and repeat.

Fourth row:-Seamed.

Fifth row:-Slip 1, knit 2 together, pass the slipped stitch over, knit 1, make 1, knit 5, make 1 , knit 1 , slip 1 , knit 2 together, pass the slipped stitch over, knit 1 , make 1 , knit 5, make 1 , knit 2.

Sixth row:-Seamed.

Seventh row:-Knit 2 (make 1 and knit 1 twice), knit 2 together, knit 3, knit 2 together (knit 1 and make 1 twice), knit 1 , knit 2 together, knit 3, knit 2 together, and repeat.

Eighth row:-Seamed.
Ninth row:-Knit 2, make 1, knit 3, make 1 (knit 1 and knit 2 together twice), knit 1, make 1, knit 3, make 1, knit 1, knit 2 together, knit 1, knit 2 together.

Tenth row:-Seamed.

Eleventh row:-Knit 2, make 1, knit 5, make 1, knit 1, slip 1, knit 2 together, pass the slipped stitch over the knit one, make 1, knit 5, make 1, knit 1, slip 1, knit 2 together, pass the slipped stitch over, repeat.

Twelfth row:-Seamed.
Repeat these 12 rows till you have about 9 or 10 nails in length, then knit 1 plain row, seam 1 row, and cast off.

## Updated Version

## Abbreviations

$\mathrm{k}=$ knit
$\mathrm{k} 2 \mathrm{tog}=$ knit two together
yo $=$ yarn over (bring yarn forward between the needles and to back over right needle)
$\mathrm{s}=$ slip stitch from left hand needle to right hand needle as if to purl
psso $=$ pass slipped stitch over
Pattern repeats over 21 stitches plus 2 stitches for edge garter stitch. For example, for 5 pattern repeats cast on 107 stitches ( $21 \times 5=105+2=107$ ).

Cast on desired number of stitches. Knit 1 row and purl 1 row (making sure to knit first and last stitch of each row).

Row 1: K1, *k2tog, k3, k2tog, (k1, yo) twice, k1, k2tog, k3, k2tog, (k1, yo) twice, k2, repeat from *, k 1 .

Row 2 (and all even numbered rows): K1, purl to within 1 stitch of end, k1.
Row 3: K1, *(K2tog, k1) twice, yo, k3, yo, (k1, k2tog) twice, k1, yo, k3, yo, k2, repeat
from *, k 1 .

Row 5: K1, *S1, k2tog, psso, k1, yo, k5, yo, k1, s1, k2tog, psso, k1, yo, k5, yo, k2, repeat from *, k1.

Row 7: K1, *K2, (yo, k1) twice, k2tog, k3, k2tog, (k1, yo) twice, k1, k2tog, k3, k2tog, repeat from *, k 1 .

Row 9: K1, *K2, yo, k3, yo, (k1, k2tog) twice, k1, yo, k3, yo, k1, k2tog, k1, k2tog, repeat from *, k1.

Row 11: K1, *K2, yo, k5, yo, k1, s1, k2tog, psso, k1, yo, k5, yo, k1, s1, k2tog, psso, repeat from *, k1.

Row 12: As row 2.

Repeats rows 1-12 until desired length. Then, knit 1 row, purl 1 row, and bind off.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Very Elegant Knitted Pelisse



From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises_in_knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).

## Original Pattern

This may be made either smaller or larger by using finer or coarser wool and pins.
It is usually done in 4-thread fleecy, with coloured centre, and border to imitate ermine.
Cast on 270 stitches with white, bring the wool forward, slip a stitch the reversed way, knit 2 together, and repeat: every row is alike. Knit 24 rows with the white, then slip off 24 stitches at the beginning of the next row, and join the coloured wool, leave 24 stitches at the other end. These stitches are not required again till the centre is done, and are then knitted in white to form the border up the sides: this will leave 222, knit with these, with the coloured wool for 12 rows.

Next row:-Knit 27, bring the wool forward, slip 1, and instead of knitting only 2 together, knit 5 together: this decreases 1 rib. Knit to within 30 stitches of the end, decrease 1 rib as before, knit 13 rows, and decrease 1 rib at the beginning and end of the next row as before: each decreasing is done at the beginning of the row after knitting 27
stitches, and when within 30 of the end; knit 11 rows, and decrease 1 rib at each end of the next row; knit 13 rows, and decrease 1 rib at each end; knit 13 rows.

Next row:-Knit 27 stitches, decrease 1 rib; knit 6 stitches, decrease 1 rib; knit 6 stitches, decrease again; knit and repeat, decreasing after every 6 stitches, till 14 ribs are decreased; knit the 30 last stitches without decreasing; knit 24 rows without decreasing.

Next row:-Knit 27 stitches on to another needle, and knit them backwards and forwards for 42 rows: then cast off 3 stitches at the end nearest the centre, knit 2 rows, cast off 3 more stitches, knit 2 rows, and cast off 3 more stitches, till only 9 stitches are left, then cast off the 9 stitches; this completes 1 front, except the white, which will be mentioned below. The 27 last stitches are knitted in the same manner for the other front; then the stitches that remain for the back are knitted for 42 rows; then cast off 3 stitches at each end, knit 2 rows, and cast off 3 at each end, till you have cast off 18 at each end, knit 2 plain rows, and cast off the remainder of the stitches; then sew the shoulders very loosely, or it will contract them. The 24 stitches of white that were let off to another pin must be knit on each side the length of the front, and neatly sewed to it.

For the sleeves:-Cast on 66 stitches, and knit 78 rows: this is for the coloured part, and in sewing it together at the elbow, it must be rather tightened; and for the cuff, which is done in white, cast on 18 stitches and knit 66 rows, and sew it very nicely to the coloured part.

For the collar:-Cast on 120 stitches with white, knit 8 rows.
Next row:-Knit to within 12 stitches of the end, turn back, and knit to within 12 of the other end.

Next row:-Leave 6 more stitches at each end.

Next row:-Leave 24 stitches at each end, then 33, 39, 45, and 48 stitches, turning back between each as before, knit to the end of the row with white, join the coloured wool, knit 8 rows.

Next row:-Leave 12 stitches at the end, turn back, and leave the same number at the other end.

Next row:-Leave 18 , then $24,30,36$, and 42 , at each end, then 2 rows of coloured, knitting the whole number of stitches, then cast off, and sew it to the neck.

A cord of tassels for the neck and waist, made of the white and coloured wool, to be
added, and little tufts of black wool sewed into the white border at equal distances, completes this elegant pelisse.

## Updated Version

## You will need

$500-600 \mathrm{~g}$ yarn A in white (used for trim)
800 g - 1 kg yarn B in another colour (used for the main body of the pelisse.)
Small amount black yarn
3 straight knitting needles of the same size. (Alternatively, if you only have one pair in the size you need, you can use 1 pair of needles and 1 more large stitch holder or piece of scrap yarn of a different colour to A and B)
Measuring tape
2 stitch holders
Crochet hook
Piece of card (for making tassels)
Snips or scissors
You can change the size of the pelisse by changing your gauge using different sizes of needles and weights of yarn. The one in the sample was knitted using DK weight Aran and 5 mm needles at a gauge of $5 \mathrm{sts} / \mathrm{in}$.

## Abbreviations

CO - Cast on
BO - Bind off
yf - yarn forward
ssp - slip stitch purlwise
k2tog - knit 2 together
k5tog - knit 5 together
w\&t - wrap and turn

## Pattern stitch

yf, ssp, k2tog
The entire pelisse is knitted in this pattern stitch, so for the purpose of this pattern, " $k$ " means "knit in pattern".

Pelisse is knitted from the bottom up.

## Body

CO 270 st with A.
Next row: *yf, ssp, k2tog, repeat from * to end of row.
K 24 rows.

Next row: Slip 24sts on to a stitch holder. Join yarn B and k with B to last 24sts. Slip last 24 sts on to a stitch holder. Turn.

Work even with remaining 222 stitches until work measures from your ankles to the bottom of your hip.

Next row: k 27 , $\mathrm{yf}, \mathrm{ssp}, \mathrm{k} 5$ tog, k to last 30 sts, $\mathrm{yf}, \mathrm{ssp}, \mathrm{k} 5$ tog, k to end.
Work even for 13 rows.
Next row: k27, yf, ssp, k5tog, k to last 30sts, yf, ssp, k5tog, k to end.
Work even for 11 rows.
Next row: k27, yf, ssp, k5tog, $k$ to last 30 sts, $y f, \operatorname{ssp}, \mathrm{k} 5$ tog, $k$ to end.
Work even for 13 rows.

Next row: k27, yf, ssp, k5tog, k to last 30sts, yf, ssp, k5tog, k to end.
Work even for 13 rows or until work reaches the bottom of your waist.
Next row: k27, yf, ssp, k5tog, *k6, yf, ssp, k5tog, rep from * to last 30sts, k to end.
Work even for 24 rows or until work reaches $11 / 2$ ins from underarm.

## Front

Next row: k 27 sts on to another needle of the same size.
Work even with these sts for 42 rows or until work reaches collarbone. Keep a tally of how many rows you knit, as you will need to match the other side.

BO 3sts at end nearest the centre of the work.

K 2 rows

Repeat until 9sts are left. BO 9 sts.

Repeat with first 27 sts from other end of the work.

## Back

Work even with remaining sts until the work matches the length of the fronts.

Next 2 rows: *BO 3 sts, k to end.

Next 2 rows: k

Repeat from * six times.

Next 2 rows: k

BO remaining sts.

Sew top of each front to top of back to form shoulders.

## Trim

Slip the 27sts from 1 stitch holder back on to needles.

Work even until it matches the front of the body and BO.

Sew trim and body together.

Repeat with 27 sts on other side.

## Sleeves

## Make 2 of each:

## Top

With yarn $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{CO}$ 66sts. If this will not fit around the widest part of your upper arm, add sts in multiples of 3 .
Work even for 78 rows or until work reaches from shoulder to elbow.

BO tightly.

## Cuff

With yarn A, CO 18 sts. If this will not fit around the widest part of your forearm, add sts in multiples of 3 .
Work even for 66 rows, or until work reaches from elbow to wrist and BO.
Sew one end of one cuff to one end of one top, gathering the top as needed. Repeat for other sleeve.

## Collar

With yarn A, CO 120 sts.
Work even for 8 rows.

Row 9 \& 10: k to last 12 sts, w\&t

Row 11 \& 12: k to last 18 sts, w\&t
Row 13 \& 14: k to last 24 sts, w\&t
Row 15 \& 16: k to last 33 sts, $\mathrm{w} \& \mathrm{t}$
Row 17 \& 18: k to last 39 sts, w\&t
Row 19 \& 20: k to last 45 sts, w\&t
Row 21 \& 22: k to last 48 sts, w\&t
Row 23 \& 24: k to end.
Work even for 8 rows.

Row 33 \& 34: k to last 12 sts, w\&t

Row 35 \& 36: k to last 18 sts, w\&t

Row 37 \& 38: k to last 24 sts, w\&t

Row 39 \& 40: k to last 30 sts, w\&t
Row 41 \& 42: k to last 36 sts, w\&t

Row 43 \& 44: k to last 42 sts, $w \& t$
Row 45 \& 46: k to end.

BO and sew BO side to neck.
Cords of tassels (optional)
Crochet one cord long enough to fit around your waist with some to spare, and another about 18 inches long to drape around the neck.

Make 7 large tassels and 12 small ones.

Attach 1 large tassel to each end of each cord.
Attach 1 large tassel to the middle of the cord you will be using as a belt.
Attach the other 2 large tassels and the 6 small ones at equal intervals along the belt.
Attach the remaining 6 small tassels at intervals of roughly 2 inches along the second cord and drape it around the neck of the pelisse under the collar.

If you prefer, you can add buttons, a zip or a belt to the pelisse instead of the belt of tassels to fasten it, or simply leave it unfastened.

Make little tufts of black wool and sew to white border and collar if desired.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Sugar-Plum Stitch


(http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/sugar-
plum stitch/wrong-side-sugar-plum/)
Wrong-side Sugar-Plum Stitch
From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).

The Sugar-Plum stitch produces a firm, non-curling, reversible fabric. The right side resembles flat weaving with a subtle, vertical ridging effect. The wrong side resembles
seed stitch.

## Original Pattern

Very pretty for babies' quilts, done in shaded wool and large pins. Cast on an uneven number of stitches.
First row:-Knit 1 stitch, bring wool forward, slip 1 the reverse way, pass the wool back, and repeat.

Second row:-Seam the stitch that was slipped in the last row, pass the wool back, slip 1 the reverse way, bring the wool forward, and repeat. Continue these 2 rows till the knitting is large enough.

## Updated Version

Cast on an odd number of stitches.

Row 1: *Knit 1, bring yarn forward between needles, slip 1 (as if to purl), bring yarn toward the back between needles. Repeat from *. End knit 1.

Row 2: With yarn in back, *slip 1 (as if to purl), bring yarn forward between needles, purl 1, bring yarn toward the back between needles. Repeat from * End slip 1.

Repeat these two rows for desired length.

## Sugar-Plum Stitch Notes

- Be careful not to purl when you're supposed to slip... accidentally purling on the right side will cause unwanted bumps on the smooth woven side. (This error can be seen in the image of the right-side sample on the left-hand side of the piece.)
- The phrase "slip 1 the reverse way" was confusing to me, but I decided to work this pattern assuming that the stitches were not to be twisted, thus the slipping as if to purl on both sides.
- Sample is worked with 4 rows of knit (garter stitch) to show the contrast between the different textures, with worsted weight wool, on size US 7 ( 4.5 mm ) needles).


## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Oriental Mat, or Hookah Carpet

From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).

## Original Pattern

This may also be used as a carriage rug, or is very pretty as a mat for the front of the piano.

It is composed of an open stripe of dark knitting, and a stripe of white knitting, with a pattern worked in cross stitch on it, and is quite new. Large wooden pins are required, and 12-threaded fleecy, dark claret for the open stripe, and white, with 4 shades of gold, green, lilac, and scarlet, form a good combination of colours for the close stripe, and are extremely rich in their effect. For the open stripe cast on 18 stitches.

First row:-Knit 2 stitches, bring the wool forward, pass the first of the 2 knit stitches over, knit 2, bring the wool forward, pass the first of the 2 knit stitches over, repeat.

Second row:-Seamed: repeat these 2 rows alternately till you have done the length you wish your mat to be.

For the close stripe cast on 20 stitches, and knit the same length as the open stripe. When finished, pin it on to a weighted cushion to work the pattern on it, as that stretches the knitting, and shows more plainly where you should put your needle in.

Then work the annexed pattern on it. First pattern in shades of gold; second, shades of green; third, shades of scarlet; fourth, shades of lilac. Repeat with the gold. Four stripes of the white, and 3 of the dark, will make a nice-sized mat for a drawing-room. If for a carriage rug, an additional stripe of each.

/wiki/oriental_mat_or_hookah_carpet/carpet-chart/)

## Updated Version

## Materials

Worsted weight yarn
5.5mm needles (http://www.knitting-and.com/knitting/tips/convert.htm)

## Tension

Approximately 18sts to 4 inches. Anything between 22 t0 16 sts to 4 inches would work fine.

## Pattern

## Plain Strip (Make 4)

With MC cast on 20 stitches. Knit in stockinette stitch (knit 1 row, purl 1 row) for a mulitple of 46 rows. (Your desired length)

## Open Strip (Make 3)

A single repeat measures approximately 5 inches x 11 inches.
With CC cast on 18 stitches.
Row 1: * Knit 2 stitches, yarn over, pass the first knitted stitch over the second knitted stitch and the yarn over (similar to binding off). Repeat from * to end.

Row 2: Purl.
Repeat rows 1-2 23 times for the same number of rows as your plain strip.

## Finishing

Sewing strips together, alternating plain and open strips.
On plain strips embroider the design with a single strand of worsted weight yarn using cross stitch (see graph and sample).

Block and add fringe if desired.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Narrow Vandyke Edging



From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category lexercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).

## Original Pattern

Pins No. 21, and linen thread No. 9. Cast on 8 stitches.
First row:-Knit 4, make 1, knit 2 together, make 1, knit 2 together.
Second row:-Slip 1, knit 3, make 1, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice round the pin, knit 2 together.

Third row:-Make 1, knit 1, knit the first half of next stitch, seam the other half, knit 2, make 1 , knit 2 together, make 1 , knit 2 together.

Fourth row:-Slip 1, knit 3, make 1, knit 2 together, knit 4.
Fifth row:-Make 1, knit 6, make 1, knit 2 together, make 1, knit 2 together.
Sixth row:-Slip 1, knit 3, make 1, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice round the pin, knit 2 together, pass the thread twice round, slip 1, knit 1, pass the slipped one over, knit 1.

Seventh row:-Knit 2, knit the first half of next stitch, seam the other half, knit 1, knit first half of next stitch, seam the other half, knit 2, make 1, knit 2 together, make 1, knit 2
together.
Eighth row:-Slip 1, knit 3, make 1, knit 2 together, knit 7. Cast off 5 stitches, and repeat from first row.

## Updated Version

## Abbreviations

$\mathrm{k}=$ knit
yo $=$ yarn over (bring yarn forward between the needles and to back over right needle)
k 2 tog $=$ knit two together
$\mathrm{s}=$ slip stitch
$\mathrm{w} 2=$ wrap yarn twice around right needle
kpws $=$ knit and purl the wrapped stitches
psso $=$ pass slipped stitch over
Cast on 8 stitches.
Row 1: K4, yo, k2tog, yo, k2tog.
Row 2: S1, k3, yo, k2tog, w2, k2tog.
Row 3: Yo, k1, kpws, k2, yo, k2tog, yo, k2tog.
Row 4: S1, k3, yo, k2tog, k4.
Row 5: Yo, k6, yo, k2tog, yo, k2tog.
Row 6: S1, k3, yo, k2tog, w2, k2tog, w2, s1, k1, psso, k1.
Row 7: K2, kpws, k1, kpws, k2, yo, k2tog, yo, k2tog.
Row 8: S1, k3, yo, k2tog, k7. Turn, bind off 5.
Repeat rows 1-8 for desired length.

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Shell Pattern for a Baby's Cap



From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).

Shell pattern on the needles
This is the shell pattern as it is knitted. The 1X1 ribbing at the bottom of the sample is not part of the shell pattern.


Shell pattern on a beanie
This is the shell pattern used for a simple hat. Again, the 1X1 ribbing at the bottom is not part of the pattern. This sample was knit on 4 mm (US 6) needles with DK weight yarn.

## Original Pattern

Pins No. 22, and the finest linen thread.
The front part is knit with 2 needles only. Cast on 208 stitches, knit 5 rows plain for the beginning.

After these 5, you must diminish 1 stitch in every shell, so as to have only 192.
Then 3 rows of the pattern, or shells, 2 rows of holes (for putting narrow ribbon in) before doing the pattern again, which is done in this manner: bring your thread forward, knit 2 stitches together, and so on to the end of your needle.

Knit 5 rows of plain between these 2 rows of holes; when this is concluded, knit 4 rows of the shells, and then 2 rows of the holes the same as before, with the 5 plain rows between, then again 2 rows of the pattern or shells.

You now take your two other needles, and increase 43 stitches for the back of the head;
2 rows plain, 1 row for putting ribbon in, and 3 rows plain, then knit 8 rows of the shells;
the 7th row you must have 7 holes in each shell, and the 8th but 6 .
After this, seam the first and second stitches, knit the third plain, without taking it off, and twist it so as to make 2 stitches of this last one; then seam the fifth, slip the sixth without knitting, knit the seventh plain, and pass the sixth over, knit the eighth plain, slip the ninth, and the tenth knit plain, and pass the ninth over it.

The next row: seam the first stitch, slip the second, knit the third, and pass the second over without taking it off, and knit it twisted; twist the fourth, seam the fifth, and knit the 3 remaining plain.

After this row, knit 2 rows plain all round; after these, make a row of holes (for putting ribbon in) by taking 2 stitches together, and making one as before.

First 3 rows plain all round, another row of holes, and then 3 rows plain.
Then do the pattern 8 shells round the cap, and so continue until you have but 5 stitches instead of 9 (not including the 2 twisted, and the seamed).

After this row, seam the 1 st, twist the 2 d and 3 d , seam the 4 th, raise a stitch by picking up a loop, slip the 5th, knit the 6th, and pass the 5th over, knit the 7th plain, and take the 8th and 9th together, raise one stitch before beginning to seam.

The next row:-Seam the 1st, slip the 2d, knit the 3d plain, and pass the 2d half through, and knit it plain, seam the 4th, knit the 5th plain, slip the 6th without knitting, knit the 7th, and pass over the 6th to the left, and the 8th to the right, knit the 9th plain.

Then do 2 rows of plain knitting all round, 2 rows of the holes (for ribbon), knitting 2 rows plain to divide them, and 4 plain rows to finish with. Take off your stitches on a needle with coarse thread, and tie it up.

The pattern stitch:-First row:-Seam the 1st stitch, twist the 2d and 3d, seam the 4th, knit the 5th plain, bring your thread forward, and so continue for 9 stitches plain, counting the 5 th for 1 ; by putting your thread forward, you will have 17 stitches.

Second row:-Seam the 1st stitch, twist the 2d and 3d, seam the 4th, and knit the 17 plain when with 4 needles, and seam them when with 2 .

Third row:-Seam the 1st, twist the 2d and 3d, seam the 4th, slip the 5th, knit the 6th plain, and pass over the 5 th; knit 15 stitches plain, including the 6 th, and take 2 together at the 15th.

Fourth row:-The same as the 3d, with the exception of the number, which is 13 this time, diminishing at the first and thirteenth as before.

Fifth row:-The same as the fourth row, only 11 stitches instead of 13.
Sixth row:-The same as the fifth, only 9 stitches instead of 11 .
After the 6 rows, you begin at the first again, the 6 rows comprising all the pattern.

## Updated Version

Note: This is a preliminary pattern and needs someone to test it and make corrections.

## Materials

Knitting needles: Old UK size No. 22/ US 000000 (6/0), Metric 0.7mm, fine linen thread.

## Pattern

The front part is knit flat. K3 stitches at the beginning and end of each shell pattern row. This will not be repeated in the pattern (work in shell pattern stitch only once you start knitting in the round).

Cast on 208 stitches and knit 5 rows

6th row decrease 16sts across evenly as follows: K13, (k2tog, k10) 15 times, k2tog, k13 (192sts)

Repeat rows 1-6 of shell pattern 3 times (18 rows)
Next row K1, *yo, k2tog; repeat from * to last stitch, k1 Knit 5 rows

Next row K1, *yo, k2tog; repeat from * to last stitch, k1
Repeat rows 1-6 of shell pattern 4 times ( 24 rows)
Next row K1, *yo, k2tog; repeat from * to last stitch, k1 Knit 5 rows

Next row K1, *yo, k2tog; repeat from * to last stitch, k1

Repeat rows 1-6 of shell pattern twice ( 12 rows)
From now on you will be knitting in the round
Cast on 42sts for the back of the head (234sts)
Knit 2 rounds garter stitch
Next round: (yo, k2tog) around
Work 3 rounds garter stitch

Work 6 repeats of the shell pattern ( 36 rows)
Begin decreasing in shell pattern (chart follows):
1st round: *P1, k2tbl, p2tog, (yo, k1) 7 times, k1; repeat from * to end of round
2 nd round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, k15; repeat from * to end of round
3rd round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k11, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
4th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k9, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round

5th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k7, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
6th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k5, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (216sts)
7th round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, (yo, k1) 6 times, k1; repeat from * to end of round
8th round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, k13; repeat from * to end of round
9th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k9, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
10th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k7, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
11th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k5, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
12th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k3, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (198sts)

Legend:

| purl |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| purl stitch |

## and.com/wiki/shell_pattern_for_a_babys_cap/decrease-section-baby-hat/)

Next round: *P2, inc (knit into the front and back of the stitch), p1, ssk, k1, ssk; repeat from * to end of round (176sts)

Next round: P1, ssk tbl, k1tbl, p1, k3; repeat from * to end of round (154sts)
Work 2 rounds garter st

Next round: *k2tog, yo; repeat from * to end of round
Work 3 rounds garter st
Next round: *k2tog, yo; repeat from * to end of round
Work 3 rounds garter st, increasing 2 sts in the final round (156sts)
Work 6 rounds of shell pattern stitch ( 36 rounds) then decrease in shell pattern as follows:

1 st round: *P1, k2tbl, p2tog, (yo, k1) 7 times, k1; repeat from * to end of round
2 nd round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, k15; repeat from * to end of round
3rd round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k11, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round 4th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k9, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round 5th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k7, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round 6th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k5, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (132sts)

7th round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, (yo, k1) 6 times, k 1 ; repeat from * to end of round
8th round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, k13; repeat from * to end of round
9th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k9, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
10th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k7, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
11th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k5, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round
12th round: * P1, k2tbl, p1, SSK, k3, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (108sts)
Next round: *P1, k2tbl, p1, m1, ssk, k1, k2tog, m1; repeat from * to end (108sts)
Next round: *P1, ssk, p1, k1, slip 2 together, k 1 , psso, k 1 ; repeat from * to end of round (72sts)

Work 2 rounds garter stitch
Next round: *K2tog, yo; repeat from * to end of round
2 rounds of garter stitch
Next round: *K2tog, yo; repeat from * to end of round
Knit 4 rounds garter st.
Take off your stitches on a needle with coarse thread, and tie it up. 3

## The pattern stitch knit flat

Begin with a multiple of 13 sts plus 4 extra edge stitches
1st row: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, k1, (yo, k1) 8 times; repeat from * to last 4 sts, P1, k2 through back of loop, p1 (21sts per repeat)

2nd row: *k1, p2 through back of loop, k1, p17; repeat from * to last 4 sts, $\mathrm{k} 1, \mathrm{p} 2$ through back of loop, k1 (21sts per repeat)

3rd row: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, ssk, k13, k2tog; repeat from * to last 4 sts, P1, k 2 through back of loop, p1 (19sts per repeat)

4th row: k1, p2 through back of loop, k1, *p2tog, p11, p2tog through the back loops; repeat from * to last 4 sts, k1, p2 through back of loop, k1 (17sts per repeat)

5th row: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, ssk, k9, k2tog; repeat from * to last 4 sts, P1, k2 through back of loop, p1 (15sts per repeat)

6th row: *P2tog, p7, p2tog tlb; repeat from * to last 4 sts, k1, p2 through back of loop, k1 (13sts per repeat)

These 6 rows form the pattern

## Chart


(http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/shell_pattern_for_a_babys_cap/shell_pattern_flat/)
The pattern stitch knit in the round
Begin with a multiple of 13 sts
1st round: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, k1, (yo, k1) 8 times; repeat from * to end of round (21sts per repeat)

2 nd round: *P1, k 2 through back of loop, p1, k17; repeat from * to end of round (21sts per repeat)

3rd round: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, ssk, k13, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (19sts per repeat)

4th round: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, ssk, k11, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (17sts per repeat)

5th round: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, ssk, k9, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (15sts per repeat)

6th round: *P1, k2 through back of loop, p1, ssk, k7, k2tog; repeat from * to end of round (13sts per repeat)

These 6 rounds form the pattern

## Chart



Legend:

- purl
purl stitch
B knit tbl
Knit stitch through back loop
knit
knit stitch
(0) $y$

Yarn Over

## No Stitch

Placeholder - No stitch made.
ssk
$\Delta$
Slip one stitch as if to knit, Slip another stitch as if to knit. Insert left-hand needle into front of these 2 stitches and knit them together

## k2tog

Knit two stitches together as one stitch
and.com/wiki/shell pattern for a babys cap/shell pattern round/)

## KnitWiki (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/)

## Pretty Feather-Pattern for the Border of a Shawl

From Exercises in Knitting by Cornelia Mee. (http://www.knitting-and.com/wiki/category /exercises in knitting/) Original text at Project Gutenberg (http://www.gutenberg.org/etext /21032).

## Original Pattern

Twelve stitches to a pattern.
First row:-Knit 2 together, knit 2 together, make 1 and knit 1 for four times, knit 2 together, knit 2 together.

Second row:-Seamed.

Third row:-Knit plain.
Fourth row:-Seamed.

This is also a pretty pattern for toilet covers.

## Updated Version

Cast on a multiple of twelve stitches
First row: (k2tog) twice, (yo, k1) four times, (k2tog) twice; repeat to end
Second row: purl
Third row: Knit

Fourth row: Purl

Repeat these four rows

