

Minnesota - Wisconsin

~~1894~~ 1891

7762

✓

Also 1898

philla.

doc. 72

Charles Schuchert

coll. at

Nuuah
Oskosh

Iron Ridge, Wis

Beloit

Janesville

Monroe

Mineral Point

Debuque, Iowa

Graf

McGregor

Decorah

Granger, Minn.

Preston

Wykoff

Spring Valley

Stewartsville

Kasson

Cannon Falls

Aspelund

Rockton

Appleton
Clifton

Rockton

Hansen's farm
Fountain

Big Springs

doc. 72

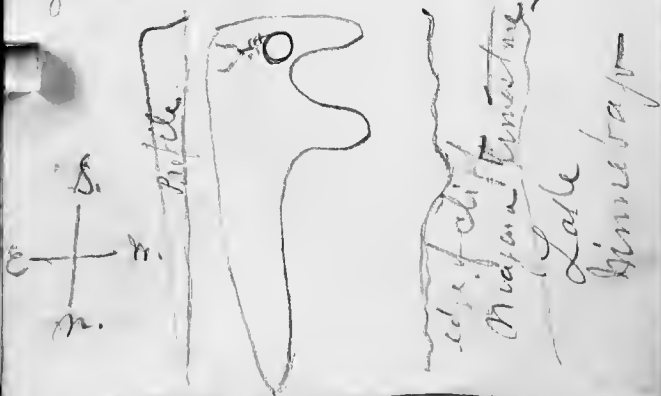
E.R. fare from Albany	
to Crimmesford	30 00
Sleeper to Chicago	4 50
Lunch	1 00
Dinner	1 00
Sleeper to Crimmesford	2 00
Breakfast	.75
	<hr/>
	39.25

Paid July 10-91.

O. D. Mansfield
Sherwood Wisconsin

Mr. Bishop the
man that dug up the
mound buried skeleton
Mansfield was the one to find
it.

The following is a diagram of the
grave



Jens. Gorgensen

Richard ~~Hoare~~
Hoare

Admiral Point Wis.

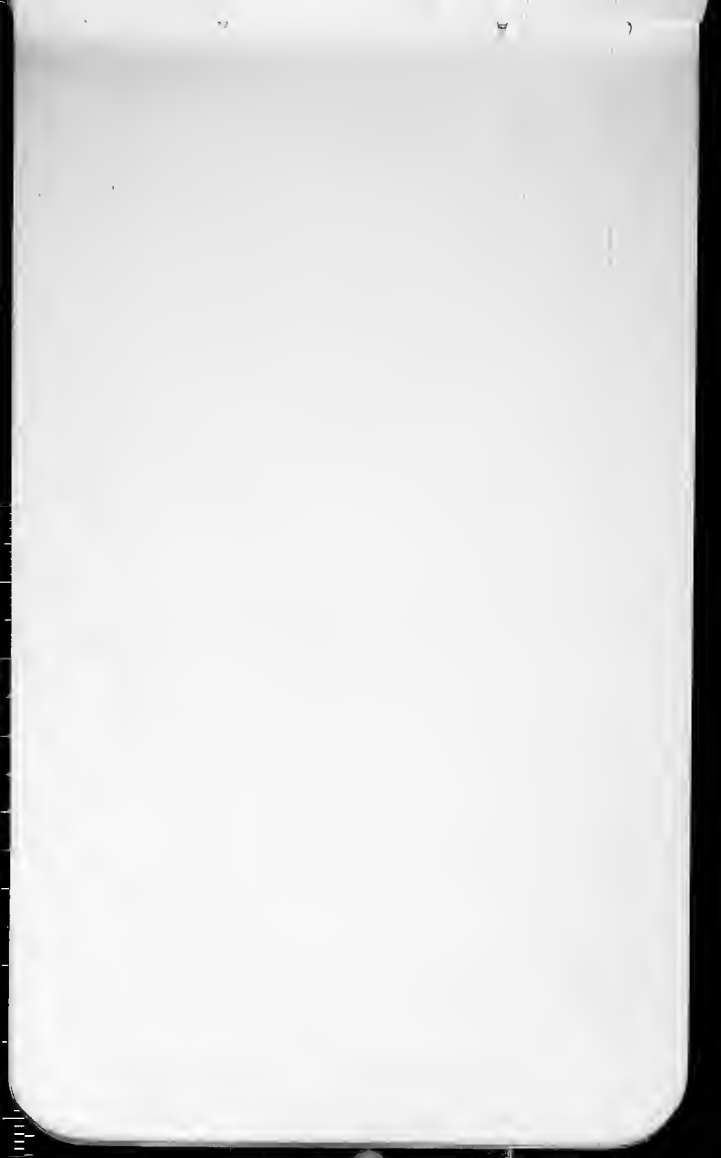
Wm. Dwyer

Decorah Iowa

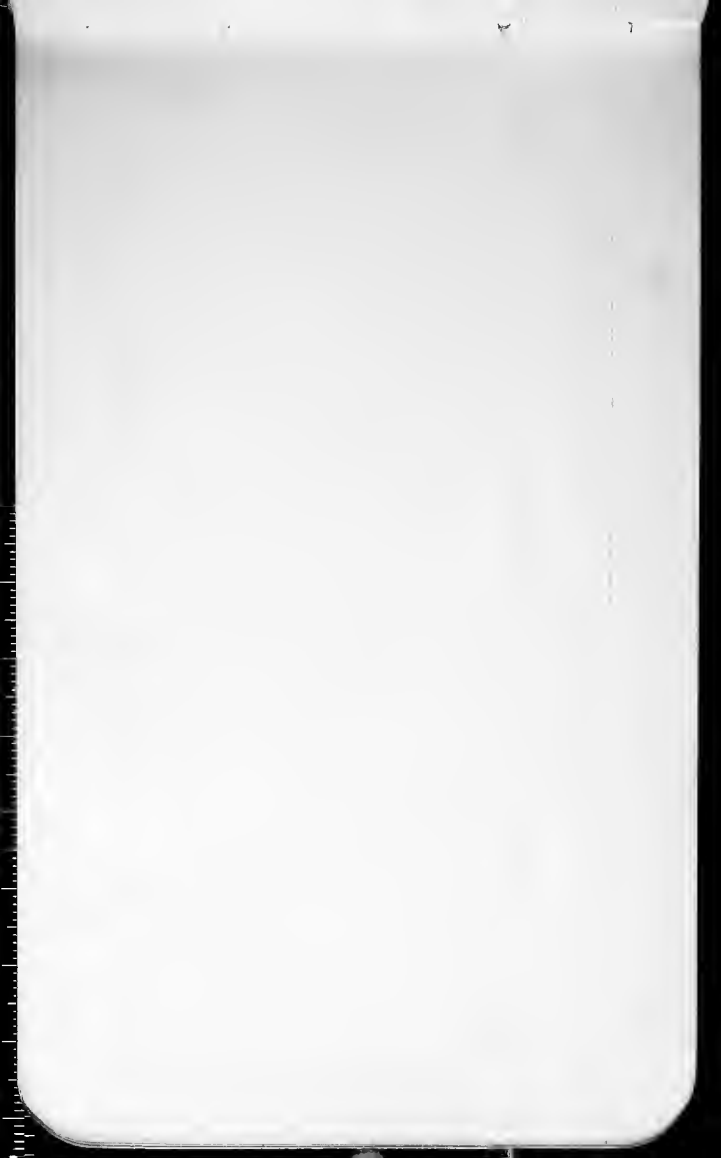
The quarry man that has
the layer Orthoceras











From book

Deloit. Wis.

Cincinnati
group
165' - 240'

Galena 125' - 200'

Upper Blue Bed 15'
Very fossiliferous

Upper Buff Bed 54'

Fossils in colonies near the center.

Lower Blue Bed 23'
Very Fossiliferous

Lower Buff Bed 23'
Fossils not very abundant except in the chalybeate horizon.

Sandstone 2'

Impure limestone 4'

St. Peter

Trenton

under the Trenton group
Deloit, Wis. 1850

Notes from books

Large quarry about 3 m. n. of Beloit
near the C. N. W. R. R.

Another quarry on the same R.R.
not so far north. See the
ravine below this quarry in the
"Lower Blue Bed".

Carpenter's quarry a mile or more
to the S. ^{W.} of the last. See also
the ravine below this quarry.

Hess' quarry and Hanchette quarry
near by.

Smith's quarry: $\frac{1}{2}$ mile n.-w. of the
last quarry is the one owned by
Smith. The Salina comes in
in this quarry.

The quarries at Rockton Ill. present a
magnificent section of the Upper Luff
beds to the lower portion of the
Upper Blue Bed.

100 species are known from these loc.
Salina beds cap the hills. The lower portion
only is to be found. See cut on section Union
R.R. in the town of Turtle between Beloit and Clinton
junction.

notes from book

Janesville

A number of extensive quarries and natural exposures are to be found here.

At a quarry $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of the city is a large quarry. The basal layers are not very fossiliferous. Above these lie layers "eminently fossiliferous".

At the lower R. R. bridge at Janesville the whole of the Lower Buff is shown, resting on the St. Peters, and overlaid by 30' of the higher beds. These beds are here less fossiliferous than usual.

About two miles above the city Rock river cuts through the lower part of the formation and into the St. Peters, and a ravine coming in on the east, through which the road

... coming in on the east, through which the road.

ascends from the river, exposes a large part of the higher strata. Fossil abundant in the usual layers.

Farther up the river above Fulton Center the lower strata crown the bluffs with weather-worn outlines. Near the water edge the St. Peter comes in.

Neenah

Thompson's quarry and others extending north to the county line. This is in the Trenton horizon.

About one mile S.E. the Salina comes to the surface and is quarried to the depth of a few feet. The shaly layers are quite fossiliferous.

Hartford

The Cincinnati group underlies the iron ore bed of this region. It is usually penetrated in excavations for cellars, wells etc. The upper portion is quite fossiliferous.

Menasha

In the vicinity of Mrs. Verbeck's resi-
~~de~~ dence are several small quarries

Galena. Two quarries only a short
distance apart in or near the
city of Menasha.

Ossikos

Two miles s.w. are quarries in the
Salina. The lower portion
15 1/2 feet is heavy bedded and has
but few fossils. The upper portion
consists of alternating beds of
limestone and shale with a
greenish-gray color. Quite fossiliferous.

Flintville or ^{Big} Suamico.

The change of the typical dolomitic Galena into the shaly beds is best illustrated in their vicinity on the Big Suamico.

These same beds can also be seen along the shore of Green Bay as far north as Pansaukee. Beyond that it is more or less drift covered.

Pewaukee.

Roberts quarry on the south side of Pewaukee Lake there has been a shaft dug into the Cincinnati group some 50 feet for coal. The debris thrown out is full of fossils.

Notes made on trips

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Tuesday July 14-91

Left Minneapolis Minn for
Keenah Wis. 6.25 P. M.
Arrived in Keenah 4 A. M.

Wednesday July 15-91

Spent the day in four quarries about
one mile to the south east of Keenah
in the upper member of the Salina
formation. The country is almost flat
in this region and therefore the quarries
are below the general surface of the
surrounding land. The beds seen
cannot exceed ten feet. The upper
most layers are very shaly, somewhat
sandy, rapidly decomposing when exposed
and of a light yellow color, with
greenish spots. Fossils rather common
but not well preserved, owing to the

soft and sandy nature of the shales.
The most abundant fossil is a sp.
of Prasopora. Other species are Orthis
testudinaria, O. bellarugosa, O. sp.
similar or like the one occurring at
Cannon Falls (finely striated, O. Sweneyi)
Platystrophia bifurcata, Leptaena
sericea, several species of Gastropoda
and one species of Ilacenus. Also
one specimen of Lingulasma Schucheri
and an Orbiculoidea sp.?

Neenah Thursday July 16-90

Neenah Thursday July 16-91

Had a buggy and drove over to the east side of Lake Koshong for the purpose of collecting in the Hudson River shales. About two miles south of Clifton I found an exposure along the water edge. The shales at this locality are exposed about fifteen feet, weather to a blue color but are chocolate tint upon fresh fracture. The basal layers are a mass of Leptaebolus occidentalis. Some thin layers of limestone have bryozoans but their preservation is so poor that it is impossible to determine them. These layers seem to be directly equivalent with the Maquoketa shales of Iowa.

Near the village of Clifton and north of ^{the} Lime Kiln, about thirty feet above the lake level I picked up

several specimens of Rhynchonella
cafas.

The Hudson River shales in
this region is about 75 feet thick above
the lake level. Above this comes
the Gajara limestone forming the cliff
the lower layers of which are very
cherty. Nowhere are there any good
exposures the whole being covered
by the Gajara talus.

Neenah Friday July 17-91.

Yesterday in going over to Clifton I saw great piles of rock in the city of Menasha which I thought would prove to be Salina. Upon investigation this morning I learned that it was taken out of the river by the dredge and proves to be the lower Cherty layers of the Niagara. If I remember the State Geological map correctly the Niagara is not fluted as going this far east.

In a small quarry on the road to Appleton belonging to Jens Jorgensen and about only one mile and one-half east of Menasha the Niagara is again exposed on each side of the lower house. There is a distinct anticlinal to be observed in these two quarries. No fossils to day.
Left for Oshosh 2.05 P.M.

Oskosh, Friday July 17-91.

Arrived at 2:37 P. M. Started out at once for the quarries 2 miles to the south ~~west~~^{east} of the city. Four large quarries were visited and found to be in the Salinas. The horizon is the same as those at Neenah. Fossils are more numerous and of a greater variety. Found some fragments of Lingulasma gh-uchewi and four specimens of Clitambites americana. The other fossils are about the same as those collected at Neenah.

Oshosh Saturday July 18-91

Finished collecting in the quarries visited yesterday afternoon.

Left for Fond du Lac at 2:37 P. M. Made direct connections here for Iron Ridge which place I reached at 5:05 P. M. After supper walked to Iron Mountain and examined the extensive diggings for the Clinton iron ore. This band of ore is at least ten ¹⁵⁻¹⁸ feet thick. The upper surface is uneven and directly overlain by the Niagara dolomite. To the south of the diggings on the road to Iron Ridge the Hudson River shales are somewhat exposed. Picked up a few fossils and returned to the hotel.

Iron Ridge Wis.

Sunday July 19-91.

Started out early for the exposure discovered last night. Picked up quite a number of fossils. Was directed to a place near by back of an abandoned house to the debris taken from a well. The amount of ^{in investigation} ground was small but very prolific in bryozoans. The other classes of fossils are rather rare at this locality.

In the afternoon, the Hotel keeper Mr. P. H. Kholinger drove me over in his wagon to a quarry in the Niagara about 3 miles to the north of Iron Ridge. He said I would find "petrified hickory nuts" here.

petrified hickory nuts of here.

After considerable searching we found them and they proved to be a species of Pentamerus.

Saw no other Hudsons River exposures on the way other than that looked over in the morning.

Beloit Wis.

Monday July 20-91.

Raining at Iron Ridge this morning. Not wishing to lose any time packed up and started for Beloit via Milwaukee at 8.45 A.M. Beloit was reached without delay at 12 P.M. Started out at once for the quarry on the Chicago and North-western R.R. Found trace of them about 2 1/2 miles north of Beloit. Fossils not numerous.

Beloit Wis.

Tuesday July 21-91.

Visited the same quarry

visited the same quarries
seen yesterday. The fossiliferous
horizon in ~~the~~ in the ~~vic.~~
reports as the "lower blue beds"
and are the top layers of
these quarries.

Beloit Wis.
Wednesday July 22-91.

Looked over the largest quarries
in the vicinity and down in
the vic. reports as Carpenter's
quarries now owned by Mr.
Damp. The horizon in the
"upper buff beds". Fossils very
poor and not abundant.

In the afternoon started for
the quarries at Rockton Ill.
This place is but four miles S.
W. of Beloit yet the limestone
is ^{hardly} decidedly more compact than

in any exposure of the "upper
buff" in the vicinity of Beloit.
Fossils rather rare but fairly
well preserved as casts. Bought
of one of the men in the quarry
a few fossils for which I paid
him 50¢. Stopped over night
in Rockton ~~in~~ at the New
England House.

Beloit Wis. (Rockton Ill)
Thursday July 23-91.

Started for Beloit at 8.45 A.M.
Reaching there packed my fossils
and ^{then} started for Porters, five miles
east on C. M. St. Paul R.R.

Found no fossils. The "upper buff"
beds at this place are very sandy
and friable. Got back to Beloit
and started west on the Hancock
quarry and another one a short
distance to the S.W. of it. The
first has not been worked in years
and is entirely overgrown with
grass and weeds. The other one
is a new quarry in the "upper
buff" Fossiliferous. Returning
I finished my packing box which
I shipped by freight shortly before
6 P.M. At 7.33 I was on my
way to Janesville.

Jamesville Wis.
Friday July 24-91.

Collected today in two quarries one on each side of the road just over the vehicle bridge below the C. N. R. R. bridge. The beds exposed are the "lower buff" and the "lower blue" beds. Fossils quite abundant and well preserved. Also looked over the rock thrown over the embankment of the canal to the woolen and cotton mills. See section of a small quarry to the east of the cotton mills.

Jamesville Wis.
Saturday July 25-91.

Looked over a quarry about one mile from the depot on the

one mile from the quarry about the
C. M. & St. Paul R.R. to the north
~~to~~ west. Here the "lower buff"
is seen to rest on the St. Peter's
sandstone. I could not see it as
the quarry in that part was filled
with water but the quarry men
said that "white sand rock" came
in there "below the limestone". The
entire "lower blue beds" and about
15 feet of the "upper buff beds" are
also exposed in this quarry. Fossils
not as numerous here as in the
quarry to the south.

In the afternoon looked over
the rock thence over the canal
embankments near the woolen
mills to the west of Janesville.
Found the usual fossils. Sactio-
poda and Pelecyfoda most
abundant.

Janesville Wis.

Sunday July 26-91

Spent the morning in writing letters. In the afternoon I packed fossils for a time and then enjoyed a boat ride up the Rock River to the pic-nic grounds. At this place on both sides of the river are quarries in the "lower buff" and "lower blue beds" resting upon the St. Peter sandstone.

Janesville Wis.

Monday July 27-91

Packed two boxes of fossils and had them forwarded to Minneapolis. Took the

9.33 train for Inmooe.
Before noon, visited a
quarry in the town of Inmooe.
No fossils worth taking along.
In the afternoon walked
west on the C. M. & St. Paul R.R.
about 2 miles. Several cuts
and a quarry were examined
all in the Salina horizon. Fossils
very poor caused by the rough
crystallization and the soft nature
of the rock. Receptaculites —
abundant

7.03 P.M. started for
Mineral Point Wis.

Mineral Point Wis.

Tuesday July 28-91

Spent the morning ~~in~~ collecting in quarries in the rear of the wooden mills and the Gine factory. The "lower ^{buff} sand" and the "lower blue" beds are exposed. Fossils not numerous. Bought several Orthoceras of one of the men in this quarry.

Since Monday my throat has been very sore annoying me considerably. At noon a fever came over me, compelling me to remain in the hotel and attend to my throat. The fever left me late in the afternoon.

Rain after 3 o'clock.

Mineral Point Wis.

Wednesday July 29-91.

Drove over to Dodgeville eight miles to the north. Mr. Marsh the hotel keeper has quite a collection of minerals etc. but few Trenton fossils. Visited a few localities in the "lower blue" beds but found very little of interest.

A thunder storm set in at 2 o'clock lasting until 3.30. Returned to Mineral Point at 4.30. After this visited a mine in the outskirts of the village. The crevice leads down to and through the lower blue beds into the lower buff where a horizontal deposit of lead, zinc and barytes

of about two feet thickness has
formed. Understood from
miners that all the crevices
form a horizontal deposit at
this level. Lead is called
by the miners mineral; zinc
blend = black jack; carbonate
of zinc ^{or smithsonite} = dry bone. This
dry bone is used exclusively
at the zinc factory in making
oxide of zinc for paints.

Thursday July 30-91
Mineral Point Wis.

Collected in the surface
burrows on the farm of Richard
Hoare. It is at this place
only that I was able to collect
siliceous fossils. These diggings
are quite old and ^{have been} picked over
considerably. Still I got a number
of fossils. Mainly however
Streptelasma coniculum.

Visited other diggings in
the afternoon but found
nothing.

Mineral Point Wis.

Friday July 31-91.

Packed up a box and forwarded it to Minneapoli.
Visited another surface digging in the fair grounds but found only a few fossils mainly *S. corniculatum*.

2.05 P. M. started for Dubuque via Warren Illinois
Arrived at Warren 3.25 and had to wait until 5.35 for the Ill. Cent. R. R. train for Dubuque. Visited a quarry in the Salena front yard east of the town. Fossils few and poorly preserved. Arrived at Dubuque 7.15 P. M.

Dubuque Iowa
In August 1st 91 Saturday.

Rain until 9.30 P.M.

Visited a series of quarries
in the southern portion of the
city. The Salina formation
at this place, and in fact all
the way east to Salina crop
out in great bluffs and heavy
bedded throughout. The fossils
seen are usually casts, poor
and not very numerous. Picked
up a Chonetes which seems
to be identical with those
found by Gardner and Riches.
Also a few specimens of
Heterocrinus and Syngonoceras

2 P.M. left for St. Paul on
the Chicago St. Paul and Kansas
City R.R. Arrived there at 3.45
P.M. in the afternoon in the R.R.
cut just north of the station

Fossils quite plentiful particularly
the *Orthoceras grayi* and
Leptobolus occidentalis. Found
accommodation at Mr. Britbach
in the village of Lattnerville
about mile north of Sraf.

Sraf Iowa
Sunday August 2-91

Spent the morning and afternoon
in the R. R. cut and the by some
in the wagon road near by.
At the latter place quite a
number of Spring Valley Union
brachiopod species occur.
Some of these are *Leptaena sericea*
Rhynchonella capax, *Strophomena*

Wisconsinensis, Orthis testudinaria
etc.

Graft Iowa
Monday Aug 3^d 91.

Collected in the morning in
Cragsheta creek just opposite
to Mr. Breitbach farm. Fossils
about as in the R. R. cut. Shaly
layers are here to be seen which
prove to contain the Brechford
fauna of the wagon road cut.
From 11 to 12 A.M. packed two
boxes which were shipped for
freight. Collected again in the
R. R. cut and wagon road cut.
Started for Dubuque at 3.45 P.M.
Then wrote a letter to Winchell
and another to Hall. Left
Dubuque for Mr. Seyer at 8.05
P.M. reaching the latter place

at 10.40 P. M.

Mr. Seargey Iowa
Tuesday Aug 4th 91

Visited a quarry just west
of town and found it to be of
very heavy bedded dolomitic
limestone. No fossils visible.
Face of quarry nearly 40 feet.
Then followed the road out
about 1/2 mile and came into
some thin greenish limestone layers
containing a fauna identical
with the one occurring at Mineral
Point just above the lower build-
ing stone. The exposures are
very limited and therefore could

not get a large amount of fossils.

In the afternoon visited a quarry operated by the government about $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles north of Mt. Sycor. As it is all in the lower dolomitic limestone and St Peter found no fossils.

Llcorah Iowa
Wednesday Aug 5th 91

Started at 8.20 A.M. for Llcorah Iowa via Calmar, arriving there at 1 P.M. Received a card from Schfield, stating that he had left for Greengrass.

Collected this afternoon at an old abandoned quarry in the bluff of the Upper Iowa River. In quarrying the Lower Taunton limestone which is here very compact.

and in layers from 8 to 10 inches
the overlying "green shales" are
thinner. On these dumps
the fossils are numerous and
of the same species as ^{those that} occur at
St Paul and Puniceafolia.

The limestone makes a good
marble but of poor color and
is cut into slabs in a mill
near by, operated by water power
derived from a large spring coming
out of the Salina limestone.

Above the "green shales" come
some limestones and shales of a
blue-white color and holding a
Salina fauna.

The green shales are not over
10 feet thick. Of this thickness
I saw eight feet.

Decorah Iowa.
Thursday Aug. 6-91.

Collected today in various
quarries all in the lower Trenton
limestone and green shale.

Packed up my fossils so
that I can get away early to-
morrow morning.

Made an agreement with Mr
Dwyer a quarryman for
two dollars that he will pack and
send two very large specimens of
Orthoceras to Prof. Shook.

See sections in small book
of this locality.

Lecorah Iowa

Friday Aug. 7-91.

Shipped a box to Kinchee.
My slip was forwarded to
L. Estlin at Cannon Falls. At
9 o'clock I was on the way to
Sanger, Minn.

Contracted a heavy cold
while in Lecorah, which became
very alarming in its nature during
the trip north. At Bluffton
I purchased some gasoline, had
dinner and proceeded north
being unable to collect any
specimens along the route because
of my poor condition.

Arrived in Sanger at 7 o'
clock P.M.

Met Jaybird at 7:30 P.M.
Had a long and pleasant chat

Brainer, Minnesota,
Saturday Aug. 8-91.

Crossed back into Iowa about
one mile south of Florence^{village}. In
the road the Hudson River group
is somewhat exposed. Found many
specimens of C. Whitfieldi, Rhyn-
chomella agax and Stictelasma
corniculatum.

In coming through Brainer I
spoke to the daynet, a graduate
of McGill College Montreal, direct-
ing me to Mr. Harse as a
collector of fossils. Called on
Mr. Harse and found him to have
many interesting specimens. He
showed me a Clare slab filled
with Orthoceras prearium and
identical with those collected by me
at Surf. He says it was found
near Brainer but this certainly

is a mistake, as the specimens
seen are not of a chocolate
color, but are ^{quite} white.

He also showed me several
examples of Pentamerus Bligny
described as ^{radiatus} Bligny cactus of
the interior. These could ~~possibly~~
be drifted here from the north or
indicate the existence of Majama
strata in the vicinity.

Of trilobites he has quite
a selection giving the same collec-
tion several fine examples. Two
natural casts are also returned
to him with rather perfect impressions.
These trilobites are found in
a mass on the ~~side~~ of a Tr.
Stutz (about two miles up the
river from Orange another
located in Inda). The associated

located in ^{Stranger} ~~and in~~ ^{and in} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~association~~

fossils are not indicative of the age of the deposits. They are either Upper Solway or Lower Hudson River. If the latter which is probably the case as we found no Solway fossils, then this formation had here a thickness of at least 80 feet. On the way back to Stranger in the road, and 75 feet above the river, we found the same assemblage of species as found in the morning back of Tolovance.

Hudson River group fossils were again found in the debris at the base of a large bluff about one mile up the stream from Stranger. If the entire bluff belongs to the formation it will give it a thickness of about 80 feet. The fossils collected are at least in part Hudson River fossils.

Granger Mines.

Sunday, Aug. 9-91.

Started early for Preston.
About one mile or more east
of Granger the road rises out
of the valley and has bluffs
on each side. The rock weathers
readily and has numerous
holes of various size giving a
characteristic appearance. Fossil
none. Horizon doubtful. Top-
graphically they hold about the
same position as those to the n.w.
of Granger and doubtfully identified
as Hudson River.

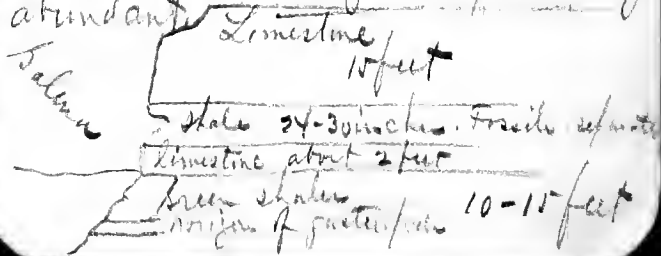
In going into the valley in
which Preston lies we came over
green shales ^(about ten feet) in which we picked
up a small lot of fossils Trenton
limestone about 10 feet; St Peter
sandstone; Shakopee.

limestones about 10 feet; St. Peter
sandstone
and then the Jordan
sandstone forming the ^{lower part of the} bluff
for about ten feet.

Preston Minn.
Monday Aug. 10-91.

Packed two boxes and sent
them on to Minn. Then drove
through the valley towards Fountain
near the village the road rises
rapidly and passes through the
Trouty, green shales and Salina.

Then drove over to Ellie Hansens
Place and collected in the Trouty
shales. Found the gastropods very
abundant.



After dinner drove to the Es-
springs and then to Allen Street
quarry. This horizon is Trenton
limestone with some thin bands of
shale. Near the springs than the
best quarry is where I found that
little species of *Terbratula*, and
these are also in the Trenton limestone.

The springs come out just above
the green shale. From this level
to the general level of the country
is at least 125 feet, the thickness
of the galena.

About four o'clock started
for Lykoff.

Nyhoff Mines
Tuesday Aug. 11-91.

Looked over the collection of
Dr. Robbins. One Staurium he showed
us which appeared to be distinct
from any seen before by me. He
also presented me with a specimen
of Strophocephalus Euptini which
appears to have been found in the
drift. Also a specimen of Zygospira
localis? probably from the Dakota
limestone.

9.30, started for Spring Valley.
About four miles west of Nyhoff a
cut occurs in the rail-road crossing
the upper side of the Quinquecostatus rocks.
About one mile, still further west another
cut occurs at a somewhat lower
level in the formation. The large
Strophomena alternata like var
scrobilata is common in the cut.

After dinner drive to Reischach
dam about $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles, n.e. of
Jung valley. The bluff at this
point are about 125 feet high of
a bluish-white color and
thin bedded. Near the base and
in loose material do field picked
up two specimens of Syzyphia
orealis while I noticed a small
slab with several specimens on it
some 15 feet above the water. I
am of the impression that this
specimen comes from a still higher level.
On the top of bluff I picked up
Receptaculites Arbani, Trochomena
umbilicata, and Murchisonia
major indicating that the entire
bluff is of Salend limestone.

Spring Valley
Wednesday Aug. 12-91.

Visited a small quarry in the Devonian one mile east of the town and near the rail-road. Fossils fairly numerous and of about the species. Then visited a quarry about one mile west of town also in the Devonian. On the side of the yard near the entrance to this quarry there is a small exposure of Devonian which appears to be the lowest beds of this formation. From this level to the top of the quarry mentioned above the thickness of the Devonian in this section must be not less than 25 feet in thickness. Fossils in this quarry are numerous. On our return to the town and near the station on the Princeton R.R. at the base of the trestle there is an exposure of the Cincinnati group. A little

to the north of the latter is the
quarry visited by Ulrich and myself
four years ago. The fossils are few
in number and indicate layers
of the same horizon as the section
cut on the rail road visited yesterday
on our way from Sicily to I. Valley.
The central thickness of the *Crinoid*
Wells can hardly be over 25-30 feet
in thickness.

After dinner walked to the
township pit east on the R.R. This loc.
once prolific in specimens is now
nearly barren.

We joined Leffler and then
drove to Etna eight miles south
to see if possible more of the *Lev.*
and *Crinoid* groups. On this we
were disappointed, seeing a few
but very meagre exposures of *Lev.*

As we could get no hotel accommoda-
tion we returned to Spring Valley.

Spring Valley,
Thursday August 13-91.

Started north for a cut about
2 1/2 miles n.e. on the Kinross and
South Western R.R. The cut proved
to be Devonian about ten feet deep.
Just a little north on the R.R., there
is a borrowing pit exposing the lower
layer of the Devonian and the upper
layer of the Cincinnati group. Between
the two formations there is a bed
of a reddish ^{about two feet thick} ~~cut~~ ^{stone} in which are
numerous *U. nodular* and corals
in a siliceous condition. There are
about ten species and indicate a
horizon lower than the superimposed

Upper Devonian. At present, I shall correlate this horizon with the beds found at Waterloo Iowa. About one mile north of this place this same bed was observed but nearly washed away and only one coral was observed. Between these two places there is one borrowing pit in the Cincinnati group and one cut in the Devonian.

After rejoining Fairfield, ^{the} drive to Stewartsville. In a stream a short distance to the south of Hamilton and just below the road bridge I found in a heavy bed of limestone a fine specimen of Lingula ma abundant. This specimen was imbedded with the pedicle and down wards the natural position of recent Lingula. Above this bed

of limestone there is a series of very sandy shale of a yellowish color and in thickness about 15-18 feet. We estimated these beds to be about 30 feet thick in going along the road. The observed fossils were Orthis testudinaria O. (P.) crassa.

After supper in Stewartville walked to the quarry in the Salina limestone. Gastropods quite abundant such as Maclurea majora, Murchisonia major, Fusispiria ventricosa and Rhipidaculites Oweni.

Stewartville Minn
August 14-91 Friday.

Finished the quarry seen last evening. Saw good Endoceras five feet in length but rather poorly preserved. Has given a fair specimen

of Smicras anceps?

As it rained rather hard last night the roads were in poor condition, this morning making traveling very slow. Reached High Forest at 9.30. No perfume seen. They drove north for Nassau which place was reached at 6.30 P.M. Passed over several wells, some of Salina age. Nothing worthy of mention.

Kasson Minn
Saturday August 15-91.

No quarries at this place.
Started out at once for Mantorville
2 1/2 miles north of the place.

The Mantorville quarries are
Salina limestone and just above
the Salina shale. These
shales are shown in the stream
above the dam. See section
a few pages forward.

At these quarries we found
among other things the Lechizotreta
n. sp. and lingula Sturkurti.

3 P. M. started northward
arriving 8.30 P. M. at Asman
King's house one mile north
of Aspelund. No U. formosa
seen along the route.

Cannon Falls

August 16 Sunday

Drove this morning from
Mr. Osman King's house to
Cannon Falls, a distance of
12 miles. Rested during
the balance of the day.

Cannon Falls

Monday August 17.

Packed two boxes of fossils
in the morning.

Collected in the afternoon
along side of the road $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles
south of Cannon Falls in the
Salina shale. This is the
Orthisina horizon of Mr. DeField.

Oriskany shale *Thompson* *of the*
Oriskany horizon *Thompson* *of the*
Cannon Falls
Tuesday August 18.

Started out early and drove
six miles S. S. W. to Mr. Harrison
farm. Along the hills back of
his house are several exposures
in the Salina shale horizon.
Fossils numerous and well
preserved. Mr. Ledfield found
22 specimens of a Camarilla
which may prove to be new. This
species is restricted to a small
area and came out of a pocket
as none were found elsewhere.
I picked up a very fine specimen
of Stœnium.

Then collected at a place
about 9 miles S. of Cannon Falls
in the Salina shale at a some-
what higher horizon. Gastropods
abundant.

7.30 P.M. we reached Osman
Kings house where we stopped
over night.

Near Aspelund
Wednesday August 19.

Looked over a small quarry
just north of Osman King's farm
in the Salina limestone horizon.
Fossils not numerous. A very
large Orthoceras was given me
by the quarry-man.

Then drove 2 miles west to
a large exposure in the Salina
shale horizon.

After this on our way
back to Cannon Falls we visited
several small exposures

several small *Orthis* ~~specimens~~
all in the Salina shaly.
At one place we found the range
of *Orthis americana* to be
nearly 50 feet.

Cannon Falls
Thursday August 20-

Packed two boxes of fossils
Spent the balance of the day
in discussions.
3.20 P. M. left for
Minneapolis.

Cromatherium sphaerocarpum Emmer
across the G. M. M. V. says it
is from the coal seam of the Deep River
beds, Cumrook, N. C.

Another feature in the installation of mineral
specimens on very white paper trays across
the inner margin of the tray is a
thin glossy black frame. The bottom is covered
with white loose cotton upon which the label
and specimen is laid. The label is just tacked
on a small sloping block

Age of Mammals

	Prima		
	Quint & Christ.	Equus & Myalony.	150
	Phis	Blanca & Palo Verde	150
		Loop Fork	400
	Micha	Deep Run	great unconformity 110
		John Day Crown Shale	1000
	Blifren	White River New York, N. York, Col. Canada	1000
	Eocene	Wata (Utah)	800
		Bridges Wyoming, Utah	2000
		King River Wyoming	800
		Kasatch (Wyoming, New Mexico)	2000
		Tarazon (New Mexico)	300
		Pueico (New Mexico)	100

a.p.R.

int

Age of Members	Period		Location	Notes	Elevation
	Period	Sub-Period			
Age of Members	Eocene		Torreya		300
			Puerco		000
Age of Members	Cretaceous	Upper	Shinarump		1000 - 1700
			Montano		1200 - 1700
			Alameda		1000 - 2000
		Lower	Dodds		4000 - 5000
			Chimanche		300
			Potrero		2600
Age of Members	Jurassic	Mid	Purbeck		1000 -
			Stromfeld & others (Exp)	Yes	4000
Age of Members	Triassic	Mid	Chaco		
			Red Sandstone	Yes	3000
Age of Members	Permian	Lower	Beater		6000
					1000



At Louisa also on 9th
near Mr. Kaji I secured
Murchisons *Liluria* with her
autograph to Prof. Hitchcock
for \$50. A bargain.

with Marshall. All these cases
are then in frame of a unit
about 4 feet. The glass sashes
fit into the iron frame and in
that way cheap cases are secured.
Three sheet cubic cases and the
table including the shelving are
secured for about \$30. The
shelving and supports is that of
the Westar Institute - gas pipe
for uprights with moveable arms
secured by a screw.

Phil. Oct 18-98

Spent the morning looking over
two second hand book stores.
At Mr. Day 23, 9th S. I purchased
the 340 vol. of Penn. by Rogers
for \$3.00. Lester Dick and Hall &
Quehr for \$1.00. Lyell's Principles for
25¢ - 1 copy Miller 10¢ and three
other books for 9¢.

Washington, Oct 16-98

Left for Philadelphia at 12.

15 P. M. Stopping at the "Hanover 12th
and Arch street" for 2 1/2 per day

Philadelphia Oct 17-98

Spent a good portion of the
morning at Cramp's Ship Yards.
Also saw the grave of Benjamin
and Deborah Franklin. In the
same region is also the house
of Peter Ross.

I secured three books (Machin
Sept. N. A. & the two reports of Fra-
threstman) for 2²⁵ at a second
hand shop on 13th &
to their no 33 North. He also
had Lear Tertiary paper in
fine condition for \$3.00 Also
the five Ann. Rep of the Royal
Society for 7⁵⁰

Spent most of the afternoon
at Philadelphia Museum Ass.

with Marshall. All these cases
are for 12.00





324 - 15 Ave S.E.

Mrs. White

1316 5th S.E.



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