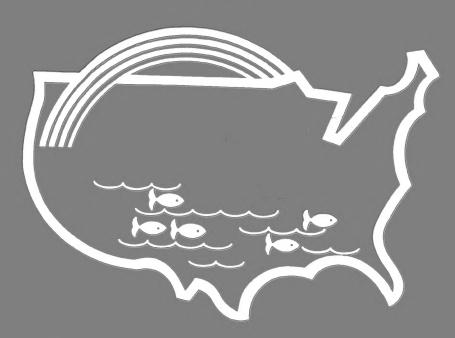


Current Fishery Statistics No. 9000

Fisheries of the United States, 1990

May 1991





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration National Marine Fisheries Service



Fisheries of the United States, 1990

Prepared by: Fisheries Statistics Division

Mark C. Holliday, Chief Barbara K. O'Bannon, Editor

> Silver Spring, MD May 1991



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Robert A. Mosbacher, Secretary

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

John A. Knauss, Under Secretary

National Marine Fisheries Service William W. Fox. Jr., Assistant Administrator

PREFACE

FISHERIES OF THE UNITED STATES, 1990

This publication is a preliminary report for 1990 on commercial and recreational fisheries of the United States and foreign catches in the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ). This annual report provides timely answers to frequently asked questions for the previous year.

SOURCES OF DATA

Information in this report came from many sources. Field offices of the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), in cooperation with various States. collected and complled data on U.S. commercial landings and processed fishery products. The NMFS field offices compiled data on the foreign catch from reports submitted by designated foreign officials. The NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division in Silver Spring, MD, managed the collection and compliation of recreational statistics, and tabulated and prepared all data for publication. Sources of other data appearing In this publication are: U.S. Bureau of the Census, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Coast Guard, U.S. Customs Service, U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Department of Aarlculture, Food and Aarlculture Organization (FAO) of the United Nations and the countries fishing in the U.S. EEZ.

PRELIMINARY AND FINAL DATA

Data on U.S. commercial and recreational landings, foreign catches, employment, prices, and production of processed products are preliminary for 1990. Final data will be published in <u>Fishery Statistics of the United States</u> and other NMFS Current Fishery Statistics publications.

The Fisheries Statistics Division of NMFS takes this opportunity to thank members of states, industry, and foreign nations who provided the data that made this publication possible.

Program leaders of the field offices were: Ronnee Schultz, New England, Middle Atlantic, and Chesapeake; Tony Frank, Great Lakes Fisheries Commission, Great Lakes States; Ernest Snell, South Atlantic and Gulf States; Patricla J. Donley, California and Hawaii; John K. Bishop, Oregon and Washington; and Jessica A. Gharrett, Alaska.

DEFINITIONS - (See Glossary)

As in past issues of this publication, the units of quantity and value are defined as follows: U.S. landings and foreign catch are shown in round weight (mollusk shells excluded), unless otherwise noted; quantities shown for U.S. Imports and exports are in product weight, as reported by the U.S. Bureau of the Census, unless otherwise noted; the value of the U.S. domestic commercial catch is exvessel; the value for U.S. Imports is generally the market value in the foreign (exporting) country and, therefore, excludes U.S. import duties, freight charges from the foreign country to the United States, and insurance; the value for exports is generally the value at the U.S. port of export, based on the selling price, including inland freight, insurance, and other charges. Countries and territories shown in the U.S. foreign trade section are established for statistical purposes in the Tariff Schedules of the United States Annotated (Tariff Commission) and reported by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

SUGGESTIONS

The Fisherles Statistics Division wishes to provide the kinds of data sought by users of fishery statistics, and welcomes any comments or suggestions that will improve this publication.

Address all comments or questions to:

Fisheries Statistics Division, (F/RE1) National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA 1335 East-West Highway, Room 8313 Silver Spring, MD 20910 301-427-2328

Members of the Fisheries Statistics Division in Silver Spring, who helped with this publication were: Gerry Butler, Edward Dickens, Ronald Essig, Josanne Fabian, Ray Glass, Deborah Hogans, Mark Holliday, Willie Mae Holloway, Steven Koplin, Debble Marks, Barbara O'Bannon, Robert Rosette, Richard Schween, David Sutherland, William Uttley, Lelia Wise, and John Witzig.

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IMPORTANT FACTS

U.S. LANDINGS. Commercial landings (edible and industrial) by U.S. fishermen at ports in the 50 states were a record 9.7 billion pounds (4.4 million metric tons) valued at \$3.6 billion in 1990—an increase of 1.2 billion pounds (564,900 metric tons) in quantity, and \$334.0 million (up 10 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings of major finfish species such as Atlantic and Pacific cod, Alaska pollock, and flounders increased. The 1990 average exvessel price per pound pald to fishermen was 37 cents compared to the 38 cents they received in 1989. Finfish accounted for 86 percent of total landings, but only 55 percent of the total value of finfish and shellifish.

Commercial landings by U.S. fishermen at ports outside the 50 states or transferred in the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) onto foreign vessels (joint ventures) were an additional 1.3 billion pounds (595,200 metric tons) valued at \$288.3 million. This was a 40 percent, or 879,400 pounds (398,900 metric tons), decrease in quantity and a \$38.4 million (12 percent) decrease in value compared with 1989. Most of these landings consisted of tuna landed at cannerles in Puerto Rico, American Samoa and other foreign ports and joint ventures for hake. Joint venture catches decreased significantly (see below).

Edible fish and shelifish landings in the 50 states were 7.3 billion pounds (3.3 million metric tons) in 1990-an increase of 1.1 billion pounds (518,000 metric tons) compared with 1989. Landings of clams, crabs, flounders, Alaska pollock, and Atlantic and Pacific cod, increased, while shrimp, salmon and tuna landings decreased.

Landings for reduction and other industrial purposes were 2.4 billion pounds (1.1 million metric tons) in 1990—an increase of 5 percent compared with 1989.

The U.S. marine recreational finfish catch in 1990 on the Atlantic and Gulf coast was an estimated 230.9 million fish. These fish weighed approximately 317.7 million pounds and were taken on an estimated 39.8 million fishing trips. The Pacific coast was not surveyed by NMFS in 1990.

JOINT VENTURE CATCH IN THE U.S. EEZ. Joint venture catches by U.S. fishermen unloaded onto foreign vessels were 363,100 metric tons (800,600 pounds) valued at \$51.3 million. This was a 53 percent

decrease in quantity over 1989, when 771,200 metric tons (1.7 billion pounds) were caught, valued at \$112.2 million. The major species were Pacific hake, flounders, and menhaden.

FOREIGN CATCH IN U.S. EEZ. The foreign catch of fish (excluding tunas) and shellfish in the U.S. EEZ was 9,200 metric tons (20.3 million pounds) in 1990, a 75 percent decrease compared with 1989. The North Atlantic U.S. EEZ supplied 100 percent of the total. Atlantic mackerel catches amounted to 8,700 metric tons (94 percent); followed by river herring, 14 metric tons and other miscellaneous species, 523 metric tons.

<u>U.S. VS. FOREIGN CATCH IN U.S. EEZ.</u> The combined catch by U.S. and foreign vessels in the U.S. EEZ was 2.7 million metric tons in 1990, a decrease of 31,000 metric tons (1 percent) compared with 1989. The U.S. share was 99 percent of the total.

WORLD LANDINGS. In 1989, the most recent year for which data are available, world commercial fishery landings were a record 99.5 million metric tons—an increase of 772,000 metric tons (less than 1 percent) compared with 1988. The USSR was the leading nation with 11 percent of the total catch; China, second with 11 percent; Japan, third with 11 percent; followed by Peru with 7 percent; Chile, fifth with 6 percent; and the United States with 6 percent.

PRICES. Price indices declined for 12 of the 33 species groups being tracked, and increased or remained constant for the remaining 21 species groups. The Dungeness crab price index had the largest increase (37 percent) while the American lobster price index had the largest decrease (10 percent). The 1990 annual exvessel price index for edible fish and shellfish increased 4 percent from 1989. The annual index for industrial fish increased 16 percent from 1989.

PROCESSED PRODUCTS. The 1990 estimated value of the domestic production of edible and nonedible fishery products was a record \$7.4 billion, \$512.1 million (7 percent) more than the \$6.9 billion in 1989. The value of edible products was \$7.0 billion—an increase of \$603.0 million (9 percent) compared with 1989. The value of Industrial products was \$353.5 million in 1990—a decrease of \$90.9 million (20 percent) compared with 1989.

IMPORTANT FACTS

FOREIGN TRADE. The total import value of edible and nonedible fishery products was \$9.0 billion in 1990—a decrease of \$556.7 million (6 percent) compared with 1989. Imports of edible fishery products (product weight) were 2.9 billion pounds (1.3 million metric tons) valued at \$5.2 billion in 1990—a decrease of 358.4 million pounds (11 percent) in quantity and \$264.7 million (5 percent) in value compared with 1989. Imports of nonedible (i.e., industrial) products were \$3.8 billion—a decrease of \$292.0 million (7 percent) compared with 1989.

Total export value of edible and nonedible fishery products of domestic origin was a record \$5.6 billion in 1990-an increase of \$932.4 million (20 percent) compared with 1989. United States firms exported a record 1.9 billion pounds (871,100 metric tons) of edible products valued at a record \$2.8 billion—an increase of 546.4 million pounds (247.9 metric tons) in quantity and \$496.5 million in value compared with 1989. Exports of nonedible products were valued at a record \$2.9 billion, \$435.9 million more than 1989. The \$51.3 million received for U.S.-flag vessel catches transferred onto foreign vessels in the U.S. EEZ in joint venture operations are not included in the export statistics.

<u>SUPPLY</u>. The U.S. supply of edible fishery products (domestic landings plus imports, round weight equivalent) was 13.0 billion pounds (5.9 million metric tons) in 1990–an increase of 699.0 million pounds (6

percent) compared with 1989. The change reflects a decreases of 7 percent in Imports, but an increase of 18 percent in domestic commercial landings. Domestic commercial landings for industrial products of 2.4 billion pounds (1.1 million metric tons) were 103.0 million pounds more than 1989. The supply of industrial fishery products was 3.7 billion pounds (1.7 million metric tons) in 1990-an increase of 469.0 million pounds (15 percent) compared with 1989.

<u>PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION</u>. U.S. consumption of fishery products was 15.5 pounds of edible meat per person in 1990, down 0.1 from the revised 1989 per capita consumption of 15.6 pounds (See page 70).

CONSUMER EXPENDITURES. U.S. consumers spent an estimated \$26.7 billion for fishery products in 1990—a decrease of \$1.6 billion (6 percent) compared with 1989. The 1990 total includes \$18.3 billion in expenditures in food service establishments (restaurants, carry-outs, caterers, etc.); \$8.2 billion in retail stores (for home consumption); and \$188.5 million for industrial fish products. In producing and marketing a variety of fishery products for domestic and foreign markets, the commercial marine fishing industry contributed \$16.6 billion (In value added) to the U.S. Gross National Product—a decrease of \$620.2 million (4 percent) compared with 1989.



OTHER IMPORTANT FACTS

Alaska pollock, with landings of 3.2 billion pounds (1.4 million metric tons), was the most important species in quantity in 1990, accounting for 33 percent of the commercial fishery landings in the United States, and was fourth in value.

Menhaden was the second most important species in quantity, but was low in value.

Salmon was the third most important in quantity and first in value.

Cods were fourth in quantity but low in value.

Flounders were the fifth most important in quantity, and sixth in value.

Crabs were sixth in quantity and third in value.

Shrimp was second in value and seventh in quantity.

Tuna landings by U.S.-flag vessels at ports outside the continental United States amounted to 451.4 million

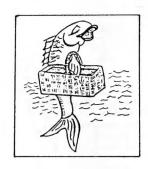
pounds. Other species including menhaden and swordfish were landed at ports outside the United States. Pacific cod, flounders, Atlantic mackerel, menhaden and Pacific hake were species transferred on to foreign vessels in the U.S. EEZ in Joint ventures.

Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, Alaska, was the leading U.S. port in quantity of commercial fishery landings, followed by Pascagoula-Moss Point, Missispipi; Kodlak, Alaska; Empire-Venice, Louislana; and Cameron, Louislana.

New Bedford, Massachusetts was the leading U.S. port in terms of value, followed by Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, Kodiak, Naknek-South Naknek, Alaska; and Brownsville-Port Isabel, Texas.

Alaska led all states in volume with landings of 5.4 billion pounds, followed by Louislana, 1.1 billion; Virginia, 786.8 million; California, 347.1 million; and Massachusetts, 327.9 million pounds.

Alaska led all states in value with \$1.5 billion, followed by Massachusetts, \$303.0 million; Louislana, \$263.5; Texas, \$182.4; and Florida, \$170.5 million.

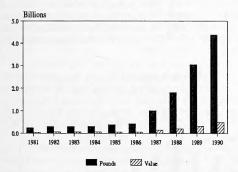


IMPORTANT SPECIES

ALASKA POLLOCK AND OTHER PACIFIC TRAWL FISH. U.S. landings of Pacific trawl fish (Pacific cod, flounders, Pacific hake (whiting), Pacific ocean perch, Alaska pollock, and rockfishes) were 4.4 billion pounds valued at \$497.1 million--an increase of 44 percent in quantity compared with 1989.

Landings of Alaska pollock increased 34 percent to 3.2 billion pounds, more than three times higher than the 1985-1989 5-year average. Landings of Pacific cod were 544.2 million pounds -- an increase of 46 percent from 372.1 million pounds in 1989. Pacific hake (whiting) landings were 21.2 million pounds (up 28 percent from 1989) valued at \$1.2 million (up 12 percent from 1989). The 1990 landings of Pacific hake were slightly below the 5-year average. Landings of rockfishes were 170.5 million pounds (28 percent higher than 1989) valued at \$40.5 million. The 1990 rockfish landings were 55 percent higher than the 5-year average.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Alaska Pollock, Other Pacific Trawl Fish



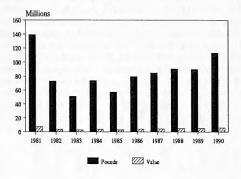
ANCHOVIES. U.S. landings of anchovies were 13.2 million pounds—a decrease of 200,000 pounds (1 percent) compared with 1989. Almost all the landings were used for bait, less than one percent went into animal food.

HALIBUT. U.S. landings of Atlantic and Pacific halibut were 70.5 million pounds (round weight) valued at \$96.7 million--a decrease of 4.7 million pounds (6 percent), but an increase of \$11.6 million (14 percent) in value compared with 1989. The Pacific fishery accounted for all but

35,000 pounds of the 1990 total catch. The average exvessel price per pound in 1990 was \$1.37 compared with \$1.13 cents in 1989.

HERRING, SEA. U.S. commercial landings of sea herring were 221.2 million pounds valued at 37.9 million—an increase of 12.2 million pounds (6 percent) in quantity and \$8.5 million (29 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings of Atlantic sea herring were 113.1 million pounds valued at \$5.7 million—an increase of 23.4 pounds (26 percent) in quantity and \$705,000 (14 percent) in value compared with 1989.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Atlantic Sea Herring



Landings of Pacific sea herring were 108.1 million pounds valued at \$32.2 million--a decrease of 11.2 million pounds (9 percent) in quantity, but an increase of \$7.8 million (32 percent) in value compared with 1989. Alaskan landings were 89.6 million pounds valued at \$24.0 million--a decrease of 7.3 million pounds (8 percent) and \$5.3 million (28 percent) compared with 1989.

JACK MACKEREL. Landings of jack mackerel in 1990 were 9.0 million pounds valued at \$535,000 a decrease of 19.5 million pounds (68 percent) in quantity and \$1.4 million (72 percent) in value compared with 1989. The 1990 average exvessel price per pound was 6 cents.

MACKEREL. ATLANTIC. U.S. landings of Atlantic mackerel were 23.0 million pounds valued at \$3.8 million--an increase of 5.0 million pounds (28 percent) in quantity and

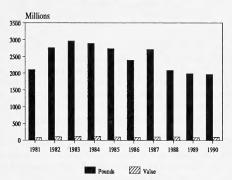
IMPORTANT SPECIES

\$612,000 in value (19 percent) compared with 1989. Rhode Island was the leading state with 10.5 million pounds (46 percent) of the total catch. The average exvessel price per pound in 1990 was 17 cents, down 1 cent from 1989.

MACKEREL. PACIFIC. Landings of Pacific mackerel were 83.7 million pounds valued at \$5.1 million--a decrease of 4.9 million pounds (6 percent) in quantity and \$942,000 (16 percent) in value compared with 1989. The average exvessel price dropped to 6 cents per pound.

MENHADEN. The U.S. menhaden landings were 2.0 billion pounds valued at \$93.9 million--a decrease of 26.6 million pounds (1 percent) in quantity, but an increase of \$9.4 million (11 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings increased by 114.0 million pounds (16 percent) in the Atlantic States and decreased 140.5 million pounds (11 percent) in the Gulf States compared with 1989. Landings along the Atlantic coast were 816.7 million pounds valued at \$39.5 million. Gulf region landings were 1.1 billion pounds valued at \$54.4 million. Menhaden are used primarily for the production of meal, oil, and solubles. Small quantities are used for bait and canned pet food.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Atlantic and Gulf Menhaden



NORTH ATLANTIC TRAWL FISH. North Atlantic landings of butterfish, Atlantic cod, cusk, flounder (blackback, fluke, yellowtail and other), haddock, red and white hake, ocean perch, pollock and whiting (silver hake) were

\$257.8 million pounds valued at \$169.1 million--an increase of 28.1 million pounds (12 percent) in quantity and an increase of \$9.1 million (6 percent) in value compared with 1989. Of these species, flounders led in value, accounting for 41 percent of the total; followed by Atlantic cod, 36 percent; and pollock, 6 percent.

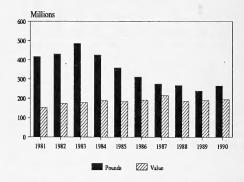
The 1990 landings of Atlantic cod were 95.9 million pounds valued at \$61.3 million--an increase of 17.5 million pounds (22 percent) and \$13.6 million (28 percent) in value compared with 1989. The exvessel price per pound was 64 cents per pound in 1990 compared with 61 cents per pound in 1989.

Landings of yellowtail flounder increased to 31.7 million pounds, an increase of 19.4 million pounds (158 percent) from 1989, almost double the 5-year average.

Haddock landings increased in 1990 to 5.4 million pounds (up 43 percent from 1989). Value increased to \$6.0 million (up 31 percent) from 1989.

The North Atlantic pollock landings were 21.0 million pounds in 1990 valued at \$10.5 million, a decrease of 2.2 million pounds (9 percent) in quantity, but an increase of \$594,000 (6 percent) invalue compared with 1989.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 North Atlantic Trawl Fish



PACIFIC SALMON. U.S. commercial landings of salmon were 733.1 million pounds valued at \$612.4 million-a decrease of 52.7 million pounds (7 percent) in quantity but an increase of \$21.1 million (4 percent) in value

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compared with 1989. Alaska accounted for 94 percent of the total landings; Washington, 4 percent; Oregon and California, 2 percent; landings of 470,000 pounds of silver salmon were taken from the Great Lakes. Red salmon landings were 317.3 million pounds valued at \$396.4 million, an increase of 43.3 million pounds (16 percent) in quantity, and \$50.0 million (14 percent) in value compared with 1989. King salmon landings decreased to 25.8 million pounds--down 5.7 million pounds (18 percent) from 1989. Pink salmon landings of 272.4 million pounds in 1990 decreased by 95.5 million pounds (26 percent); chum salmon, 70.2 million pounds, increased 1.5 million pounds (2 percent); and silver salmon, 47.5 million pounds, increased 3.7 million pounds (8 percent) compared with 1989.

Alaska landings of 689.7 million pounds valued at \$546.7 million decreased 23.3 million pounds (3 percent) in quantity and an increase of \$40.0 million (8 percent) in value compared with 1989. The distribution of Alaska salmon landings by species in 1990 was: sockeye, 305.4 million pounds (44 percent); pink, 272.4 million pounds (40 percent); chum, 62.7 million pounds (9 percent), coho, 37.8 million pounds (5 percent), and chinook, 11.5 million pounds (2 percent). The exvessel price per pound for all species in Alaska was 79 cents in 1990, up 8 cents from 1989.

Washington salmon landings were 33.3 million pounds valued at \$46.1 million--a decrease of 22.0 million pounds (40 percent) in quantity, and \$10.8 million (19 percent) in value compared with 1989. The biennial fishery for pink salmon went from 16.6 million pounds in 1988 to 30,000 pounds in 1990.

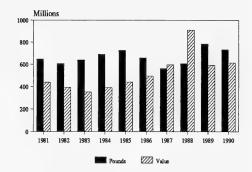
Washington landings of red salmon were 11.9 million pounds—down 469,000 pounds (4 percent), followed by chum, 7.5 million pounds (down 24 percent), silver, 7.9 million pounds (down 6 percent), and chinook, 5.9 million pounds (down 25 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound for all species in Washington increased from \$1.03 in 1989 to \$1.38 in 1990.

Oregonsalmon landings were 5.2 million pounds valued at \$7.4 million--a decrease of 6.2 million pounds (54 percent) in quantity and \$6.7 million (46 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings of chinook salmon decreased to 4.2 million pounds (down 45 percent);

silver, 1.0 million pounds (down 73 percent); and chum, 4,000, the same amount reported in 1989. The average exvessel price per pound for all species in Oregon increased from \$1.23 in 1989 to \$1.41 cents in 1990.

California salmon landings were 4.4 million pounds valued at \$12.0 million—a decrease of 1.3 million pounds (22 percent) in quantity and \$1.3 million (10 percent) compared with 1989. Chinook salmon landings were 4.1 million pounds valued at \$11.4 million—a decrease of 1.3 million pounds (24 percent) in quantity and \$1.6 million (12 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings of silver salmon increased to 311.000 pounds (up 36 percent) in quantity and \$617.000 (up 59 percent) in value compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound paid to fishermen for all species in 1990 was \$2.71 compared with \$2.35 in 1989.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Pacific Salmon



SABLEFISH. U.S. commercial landings of sablefish were 89.8 million pounds valued at \$58.9 million--a decrease of 7.8 million pounds (8 percent) in quantity, and \$14.4 million (20 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings decreased in Alaska to 70.1 million pounds (down 7 percent) compared with 1989. Landings decreased in Washington to 4.2 million pounds (down 25 percent), and in California to 7.2 million pounds (down 3 percent), compared with 1989. The 1990 Oregon catch of 8.2 million pounds was (9 percent less than) the 1989 catch. The average exvessel price per pound in 1990 was 66 cents compared with 75 cents in 1989.

IMPORTANT SPECIES

<u>TUNA</u>. Landings of tuna by U.S. fishermen at ports in the 50 United States, Puerto Rico, American Samoa, other U.S. territories, and foreign ports were 513.8 million pounds valued at \$309.8 million—a decrease of 27.7 million pounds (5 percent) in quantity but a slight increase in value (\$889,000) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound of all species of tuna in 1990 was 60 cents compared with 57 cents in 1989.

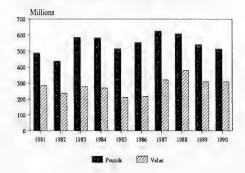
Bigeye landings were 5.1 million pounds—an increase of 503,000 pounds (11 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound was \$3.52 in 1990 compared with \$3.43 in 1989.

Skipjack landings were 252.5 million pounds, an increase of 6.9 million pounds (3 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound was 41 cents in 1990, the same as in 1989.

Yellowfin landings were 233.1 million pounds—a decrease of 40.5 million pounds (15 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound was 63 cents in 1990 compared with 58 cents in 1989.

Bluefin landings were 5.5 million pounds—an increase of 766,000 pounds (16 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound in 1990 was \$4.50 compared with \$4.82 in 1989.

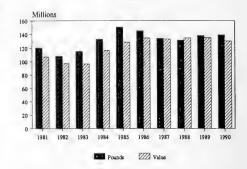
Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Tuna (Includes U.S. and Foreign Ports)



<u>CLAMS</u>. Landings of all species yielded 139.2 million pounds of meats valued at \$130.2 million--an increase of 1.0 million pounds (1 percent) in quantity and a decrease of \$4.7 million (4 percent) in value compared with

1989. The average exvessel price per pound decreased to 94 cents in 1990 from 98 cents in 1989.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Clams



Surf clams yielded 71.8 million pounds of meats valued at \$32.2 million--an increase of 4.7 million pounds (7 percent) in quantity, and \$1.5 million (5 percent) in value compared with 1989. New Jersey was the leading State with 44.8 million pounds (up 4 percent from 1989), followed by New York, 12.6 million pounds (up 100 percent); Maryland, 6.2 million pounds (up 11 percent); Virginia, 5.6 million pounds (down 24 percent); and Massachusetts, 1.6 million pounds (down 53 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats was 45 cents in 1990, down 1 cent from 1989.

The ocean quahog fishery produced 46.7 million pounds of meats valued at \$16.2 million—a decrease of 4.3 million pounds (8 percent) in quantity, and \$185,000 (1 percent) in value compared with 1989. New Jersey was the leading producer with 32.4 million pounds of meats accounting for 69 percent of the total ocean quahog landings. The value for New Jersey in 1990 was \$10.2 million—an increase of \$2.4 million (31 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound of meats was 35 cents in 1990, compared with 32 cents in 1989.

The hard clam fishery produced 9.8 million pounds of meats valued at \$41.9 million--an increase of 555,000 pounds (6 percent) in quantity and a decrease of \$3.0 million (7 percent) in value compared with 1989. Landings in the New England region were 4.1 million pounds

IMPORTANT SPECIES

of meats (up 14 percent); Middle Atlantic region, 1.3 million pounds (up 8 percent); Chesapeake region, 1.5 million pounds (the same as 1989); and the South Atlantic region, 1.9 million pounds (up 6 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats decreased from \$4.84 in 1989 to \$4.26 in 1990.

Soft clams yielded 5.8 million pounds of meats valued at \$22.4 million--a decrease of 1.1 million (16 percent) in quantity, and an increase of \$2.5 million (13 percent) in value compared with 1989. Maine was the leading State with 2.5 million pounds of meats followed by Maryland with 2.2 million pounds (down 14 percent) and Massachusetts with 860,000 pounds (down 22 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats was \$3.88 in 1990 compared with \$2.91 in 1989.

<u>CRABS</u>. Landings of all species of crabs were 499.4 million pounds valued at \$483.8 million--an increase of 41.0 million pounds (9 percent) in quantity and \$69.4 million (17 percent) in value compared with 1989.

Hard blue crab landings were 201.8 million pounds valued at \$77.4 million—a decrease of 4.9 million pounds (2 percent) in quantity and \$3.6 million (4 percent) in value compared with 1989. Hard blue crab landings in the Chesapeake region of 90.3 million pounds increased 2.5 million pounds (3 percent), and the South Atlantic region landings of 54.0 million pounds increased by 1.6 million pounds (3 percent). The Gulf region, with 45.5 million pounds, decreased 9.7 million pounds (18 percent). The Middle Atlantic region landings of 12.0 million pounds valued at \$5.0 million increased 680,000 pounds (6 percent) in quantity but decreased \$109,000 (2 percent) in value compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound of hard blue crabs was 38 cents in 1990, one cent less than 1989.

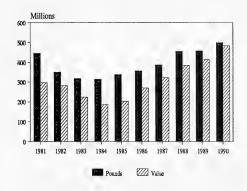
Dungeness crab landings were 31.4 million pounds valued at \$48.1 million—a decrease of 9.6 million pounds (23 percent) in quantity, but an increase of \$2.6 million (6 percent) in value compared with 1989. Washington landings of 11.2 million pounds led all states with 36 percent of the total landings a decrease of 8.8 million pounds (44 percent) compared with 1989. Alaska increased in landings with 7.9 million pounds, up 5 percent compared with 1989. Oregon landings were 9.5 million pounds, down 19 percent compared with 1989. California increased in landings with 2.9 million pounds (up 61

percent from 1989). The average exvessel price per pound was \$1.53 in 1990 compared with \$1.11 in 1989.

U.S. landings of king crab were 33.9 million pounds valued at \$146.8 million—an increase of 7.5 million pounds (29 percent) compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound in 1990 was \$4.33 compared with \$4.02 in 1989.

Snow (tanner) crab landings were 213.4 million pounds valued at \$186.2 million—an increase of 48.8 million pounds (30 percent) in quantity and \$26.1 million (16 percent) in value compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound was 87 cents in 1990, down from 97 cents in 1989.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Crabs



LOBSTER. AMERICAN. American lobster landings were 61.0 million pounds valued at \$154.7 million--an increase of 8.1 million pounds in quantity (15 percent) and an increase of \$5.6 million in value (4 percent) compared with 1989. Maine led in landings for the eighth consecutive year with 28.1 million pounds valued at \$61.6 million -- up 4.8 million pounds (21 percent) from 1989. Massachusetts, the second leading producer, had landings of 15.8 million pounds valued at \$44.0 million, a decrease of 373,000 pounds (2 percent) compared with 1989. These two states combined to produce 72 percent of the total national landings. The average exvessel price per pound was \$2.53 in 1990 compared with \$2.82 in 1989.

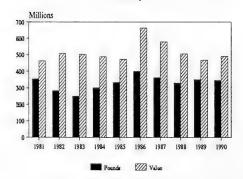
IMPORTANT SPECIES

LOBSTERS, SPINY. U.S. landings of spiny lobster were 7.1 million pounds valued at \$23.2 million—a decrease of 1.0 million pounds (12 percent) in quantity and \$3.2 million (12 percent) in value compared with 1989. Florida, with landings of 5.7 million pounds valued at \$15.6 million, accounted for 81 percent of the total catch and 67 percent of the value. This was a decrease of 727,000 pounds (11 percent) in quantity and \$3.1 million (17 percent) in value compared with 1989. Overall the average exvessel price per pound was \$3.27 in 1990, 1 cent more than 1989.

OYSTERS. U.S. oyster landings yielded 29.2 million pounds of meats valued at \$93.7 million—a decrease of 57,000 pounds (less than one percent) in quantity, but an increase of \$10.8 million (13 percent) in value compared with 1989. The Pacific region (principally Washington with 83 percent of the region's total volume) led in production with 10.8 million pounds of meats, 37 percent of the national total; followed by the Gulf region with 10.6 million pounds (36 percent), and the Chesapeake region, with 3.7 million pounds (13 percent). The average exvessel price per pound of meats was \$3.21 in 1990 compared with \$2.84 in 1989.

SHRIMP. U.S. landings of shrimp were 346.5 million pounds valued at \$491.4 million—a decrease of 5.0 million pounds (1 percent) in quantity, but an increase of \$23.9 million (5 percent) in value compared with 1989.

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Shrimp



Shrimp landings increased in New England (up 22 percent), and the Gulf (up 9 percent) but declined in

the South Atlantic (down 16 percent), and the Pacific (down 28 percent), when compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound of shrimp increased to \$1.42 in 1990 compared with \$1.33 in 1989. Gulf region landings were 249.5 million pounds comparedwith 228.4 million pounds in 1989. Louislana led all Gulf states with 119.2 million pounds (up 18 percent), followed by Texas, 86.9 million pounds (up 10 percent); Mississippi, 15.2 million pounds (down 3 percent); Alabama, 15.0 million pounds (down 10 percent); Florida (west coast), 13.2 million pounds (down 19 percent); and Oregon was the third leading State nationwide with landings of 31.9 million pounds (down 35 percent), and Washington landings were 13.7 million pounds, down 14 percent compared with 1989.

<u>SCALLOPS</u>. U.S. landings of all species scallops were 41.6 million pounds of meats valued at \$158.1 million--an increase of 980,000 pounds (2 percent) in quantity, and \$17.9 million (13 percent) in value compared with 1989. The average exvessel price per pound of meats increased from \$3.45 in 1989 to \$3.80 in 1990.

Bay scallop landings were 539,000 pounds of meats valued at \$3.1 million—an increase of 265,000 pounds (97 percent) in quantity and \$1.4 million (85 percent) in value compared with 1989. Massachusetts was the leading state with 450,000 pounds of meats, 83 percent of the national total. The average exvessel price per pound of meats was \$5.76 in 1990 compared with \$6.12 in 1989.

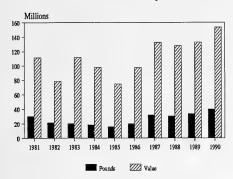
Sea scallop landings were 39.9 million pounds of meats valued at \$153.7 million--an increase of 6.2 million pounds (18 percent) in quantity and \$21.1 million (16 percent) in value compared with 1989.

Massachusetts was also the leading state in landings of sea scallops with 22.8 million pounds of meats, 57 percent of the national total. The average exvessel price per pound of meats in 1990 was \$3.85 compared with \$3.93 in 1989.

Landings of calico scallops were 1.1 million pounds of meats valued at \$1.3 million--a decrease of 5.4 million pounds (83 percent) in quantity and \$4.6 million (78 percent) in value compared with 1989. Florida (east coast) had 66 percent of the total landings in 1990. The average exvessel price per pound of meats was \$1.13 in 1990 compared with 90 cents in 1989.

IMPORTANT SPECIES

Trend in Commercial Landings, 1981-1990 Atlantic Sea Scallops



SQUID. U.S. commercial landings of squid were 95.9 million pounds valued at \$23.8 million--a decrease of 31.4 million pounds (25 percent) and \$7.2 million (23 percent) compared with 1989. California was the leading state with 36.1 million pounds, 38 percent of the national total.

The New England region landings were 36.0 million pounds (down 24 percent) from 1989. Landings in the Middle Atlantic region were 21.6 million pounds (up 23 percent), and the Chesapeake region, 2.1 million pounds (up 20 percent). The average exvessel price per pound for squid was 25 cents in 1990, compared with 24 cents in 1989.

PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION

The NMFS calculation of per capita consumption is based on a "disappearance" model: the total U.S. supply of imports and landings is converted to edible weight; decreases in supply such as exports and inventories are subtracted out; the remaining total is divided by a population value to estimate per capita consumption. Data for the model are derived primarily from secondary sources or voluntary surveys of the U.S. fishing industry. Incomplete reporting, changes in source data or invalid model assumptions may each have a significant effect on the resulting calculation.

The per capita consumption model was modified in 1990 to reflect institutional changes in the seafood industry, including a rapid expansion in the domestic production and export of surimi. After these modifications were made the model was recalculated for the years 1980 through 1990 to maximize the utility of the time series. This represents the time period when industry changes caused long-standing model assumptions to become invalid. Two principal modifications have been made to the program: the method in which disappearance of round tuna for canning is calculated, and a change in the conversion factor for surimi produced from Alaska pollock.

To calculate the fresh and frozen component of per capita, the U.S. catch of tuna is subtracted from the total U.S. landings since almost all the tuna landings are destined for canning. Prior to 1990 the total U.S. harvest of tuna, regardless of its port of offloading, was subtracted from the fresh and frozen component of the model. Over the last 10 years, there has been a shift in the tuna industry to where the majority of the catch is now landed

outside the 50 states, which is beyond the area for which the model calculates fresh and frozen supply for consumption. The 1990 modification to the model now includes only tuna landed in the 50 States. The change retains more seafood in the fresh and frozen component, raising the per capita calculation.

The second modification was to more accurately account for the dramatic growth in U.S. surimi production from 1987 - 1990, which now accounts for approximately 38 percent of the domestic round fish utilized for fresh and frozen consumption. In 1989, a 22 percent yield of surimi per pound of round fish was utilized. Latest data from the industry indicates that at-sea processors yield approximately 15 percent while shore based operations yield 20 percent. The net effect of the conversion factor change lowers overall consumption for the years in which surimi was produced.

U.S per capita consumption of fish and shellfish was 15.5 pounds (edible meat) in 1990. This total was 0.1 pounds less than the revised figure of 15.6 pounds consumed in 1989. Per capita consumption of fresh and frozen products was 10.1 pounds, a decrease of 0.1 pounds from 1989. Fresh and frozen finfish accounted for 6.6 pounds while fresh and frozen shellfish consumption was 3.5 pounds per capita. The fresh and frozen finfish includes approximately 0.7 pounds of farm raised catfish. Consumption of canned fishery products remained at 5.1 pounds per capita in 1990.

Per Capita Use. The per capita use of all fishery products (edible and industrial) in 1990 was 63.2 pounds (round weight), up 1.0 pound compared with 1989.

PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS

FRESH AND FROZEN

FISH FILLETS AND STEAKS. In 1990 the U.S. production of raw (uncooked) fish fillets and steaks, including blocks, was 434.2 million pounds—63.1 million pounds more than the 371.1 million pounds in 1989. These fillets and steaks were valued at \$820.1 million—\$77.7 million more than 1989. Alaska pollock fillets and blocks led all species with 164.4 million pounds—38 percent of the total. Production of groundfish fillets and steaks (see Glossary Section) was 258.8 million pounds compared with 211.5 million pounds in 1989.

FISH STICKS AND PORTIONS. The combined production of fish sticks and portions was 358.8 million pounds valued at \$489.3 million compared with the 1989 production of 368.9 million pounds valued at \$516.7 million—a decrease of 10.1 million pounds and \$27.4 million.

The total production of fish sticks amounted to 65.2 million pounds valued at \$74.9 million, a decrease of 23.9 million pounds and \$41.6 million compared with 1989. The total production of fish portions amounted to 293.6 million pounds valued at \$414.4 million—an

Increase of 13.8 million pounds in quantity and \$14.1 million compared with 1989.

BREADED SHRIMP. The production of breaded shrimp in 1990 was 114.2 million pounds valued at \$370.7 million, compared with the record 1989 production of 121.0 million pounds valued at \$404.6 million.

FROZEN FISHERY TRADE. In 1990, stocks of frozen fishery products in cold storage were at a low of 315.0 million pounds on March 31 and a high of 401.1 million pounds on January 31. Cold storage holdings of shrimp products were at a high of 62.5 million pounds on October 31 and a low of 42.6 million pounds on March 31. Saltwater fillets and steaks holdings reached a high of 108.2 million pounds on January 31 and were at a low of 61.1 million pounds on November 30. Holdings of blocks and slabs were at a high of 49.2 million pounds on January 31 and at a low of 33.0 million pounds on May 31. Surimi holdings reached a high of 28.7 million pounds on June 30 and were at a low of 16.6 million pounds on January 31. Cold storage holdings showed a decrease for ten months when compared with 1989.



PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS

CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS

CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS. The pack of canned fishery products in the 50 states, American Samoa, and Puerto Rico was 45.2 million standard cases (1.2 billion pounds) valued at \$1.6 billion—a decrease of 9.5 million standard cases (277.0 million pounds), and \$430.1 million compared with the 1989 pack. The 1990 pack included 40.6 million cases (957.0 million pounds) valued at \$1.4 billion for human consumption, and 4.6 million standard cases (221.3 million pounds) valued at \$140.9 million for balt and animal food.

CANNED SALMON. The 1990 U.S. pack of natural Pacific salmon was 4.1 million standard cases (196.4 million pounds) valued at \$366.0 million, compared with 4.1 million standard cases (197.0 million pounds) valued at \$513.6 million packed in 1989. Alaskan plants accounted for 94 percent in quantity and 95 percent in value of the salmon pack.

CANNED SARDINES. The pack of Maine sardines (sea herring) was 565,823 standard cases (13.2 million pounds) valued at \$17.3 million, an increase of 834 standard cases (19,000 thousand pounds) and \$502,000 compared with 1989. An additional 249,680 standard cases (5.8 million pounds) of herring valued at \$9.7 million were packed in 1990 — 43,495 standard cases (1.0 million pounds) and \$2.5 million more than the 1989 pack.

CANNED TUNA. The U.S. pack of tuna was 29.8 million standard cases (580.6 million pounds) valued at \$902.0 million—a decrease of 5.4 million standard cases (105.7

million pounds) in quantity, and \$155.7 million in value compared with the 1989 pack. The pack of albacore tuna was 6.8 million standard cases--277,000 standard cases less than the 7.0 million standard cases produced in 1989. Albacore tuna was 23 percent of the tuna pack in 1990. Lightmeat tuna (bigeye, bluefin, skipjack, and yellowfin) comprised the remainder with a pack of 23.0 million standard cases--5.1 million standard cases less than the 28.2 million standard cases packed in 1989.

CANNED CLAMS. The 1990 U.S. pack of clams (whole, minced, chowder, and Juice) was 4.5 million standard cases (100.1 million pounds) valued at \$69.2 million, a decrease of 804,535 standard cases (23.5 million pounds) in quantity and \$13.0 million less in value than the pack in 1989. The pack of whole and minced clams of 2.3 million standard cases (41,241 standard cases) less than the 1989 pack and accounted for 52 percent of the total clam pack. Clam chowder and clam juice (2.2 million standard cases) made up the majority of the remaining pack.

CANNED SHRIMP. The U.S. pack of natural shrimp was 105,245 standard cases (710,000 thousand pounds) valued at \$2.9 million—a decrease of 283,365 standard cases (1.9 million pounds) and \$5.9 million compared with the 1989 pack.

OTHER CANNED ITEMS. The pack of pet food was 4.6 million standard cases valued at \$146.4 million-a decrease of 2.6 million standard cases compared with pack in 1989.



PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS

INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS

INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS. The value of the domestic production of industrial fishery products was \$206.6 million—an increase of \$478,000 thousand compared with the 1989 value of \$206.1 million. The leading state was Louislana (\$50.2 million) which accounted for 24 percent of the total U.S. value for 1990.

FISH MEAL AND SCRAP. The domestic production of fish meal and scrap (including shellfish) was 577.5 million pounds valued at \$120.7 million--a decrease of 40.9 million pounds from the 1989 volume and an increase of \$5.7 million in value. Menhaden meal production was 448.0 million pounds valued at \$77.5 million-a decrease of 15.9 million pounds and \$11.6 million compared with 1989. Menhaden accounted for 78 percent of the 1990 production of fish meal and scrap. Shelifish meal production was 22.4 million pounds-a decrease of 3.0 million pounds from the 1989 level. Tuna and mackerel meal production was 66.3 million pounds--a decrease of 16.0 million pounds from 1989. Production of unclassified meal (consisting mainly of Alaska pollock and unclassified fish) was 40.8 million pounds-a decrease of 5.9 million pounds compared with 1989.

FISH SOLUBLES. Domestic production of fish solubles was 185.7 million pounds, 47.0 million pounds less than the 1989 production.

FISH OILS. The domestic production of fish oils was 281.9 million pounds valued at \$29.0 million—an increase of 56.5 million pounds and \$5.5 million in value compared with 1989 production. The production of menhaden oil was 274.0 million pounds valued at \$28.2 million—an increase of 55.4 million pounds and \$5.0 million in value compared with 1989. Menhaden oil accounted for 97 percent of the volume and value of the total 1990 fish oil production. Unclassified oil production increased by 1.0 million.

OTHER INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS. Oyster shell products, together with agar-agar, animal feeds, crab and clam shells processed for food serving, fish pellets, Irish moss extracts, kelp products, dry and liquid fertilizers, pearl essence, and mussel shell buttons were valued at \$42.8 million, compared with \$49.8 million in 1989—a decrease of \$7.0 million.



FOREIGN TRADE IN FISHERY PRODUCTS

IMPORTS. U.S. Imports of edible fishery products in 1990 were valued at \$5.2 billion, \$264.7 million less than in 1989. The quantity of edible imports was 2.9 billion pounds, 358.4 million pounds lower than the quantity imported in 1989.

The quantity of shrimp imported in 1990 was 501.3 million pounds, 1.6 million pounds less than the auantity imported in 1989. Valued at \$1.7 billion, \$46.5 million less than the 1989 value, shrimp imports accounted for 32 percent of the value of total edible imports. Imports of fresh and frozen tuna were 453.7 million pounds, 196.0 million pounds less than the 649.7 million pounds imported in 1989. Imports of canned tung were 284.6 million pounds, 63.6 million pounds less than the 348.2 million pounds imported in 1989. Imports of fresh and frozen fillets and steaks amounted to 458.4 million pounds, a decrease of 59,200 pounds from 1989. Regular and minced block imports were 264.5 million pounds, a decline of 18.8 million pounds from 1989. Edible imports consisted of 2.3 billion pounds of fresh and frozen products valued at \$4.5 billion, 458.3 million pounds of canned products valued at \$542.6 million, 70.6 million pounds of cured products valued at \$118.6 million, 2.5 million pounds of caviar and roe products valued at \$15.0 million, and 17.2 million pounds of other products valued at \$35.6 million.

Imports of nonedible fishery products were valued at \$3.8 billion, \$292.0 million less than the record \$4.1 billion imported in 1989. The total value of edible and nonedible products was \$9.0 billion in 1990, \$556.7

million less than the record in 1989 when \$9.6 billion of fishery products were imported.

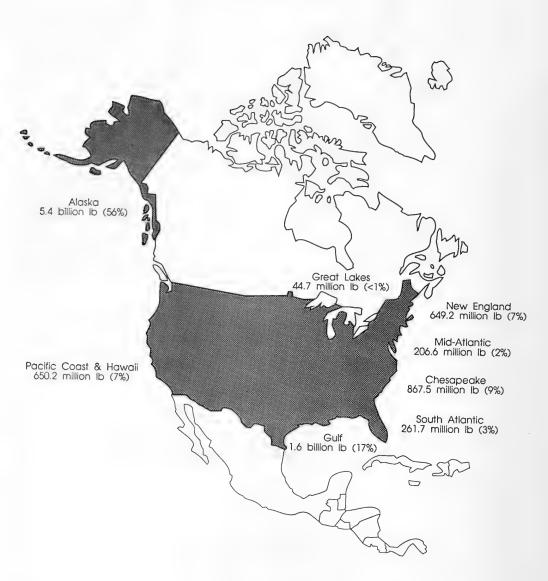
EXPORTS. U.S. exports of edible fishery products of domestic origin were a record 1.9 billion pounds valued at a record \$2.8 billion, compared with exports of 1.4 billion pounds valued at \$2.3 billion in 1989. The \$51.3 million received for U.S.-flag vessel catches transferred onto foreign vessels in the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone Joint venture operations are not included in the export statistics.

Fresh and frozen Items were 1.7 billion pounds valued at \$2.3 billion, an Increase of 606.6 million pounds and \$505.8 million compared with 1989, Fresh and frozen exports consisted principally of 310.3 million pounds of salmon valued at \$672.4 million and 107.5 million pounds of crabs valued at \$351.8 million. Canned Items were 98.3 million pounds valued at \$185.6 million. Salmon was the major canned Item exported, with 49.4 million pounds valued at \$104.3 million. Cured items were 19.0 million pounds valued at \$32.8 million. Caviar and roe exports were 70.4 million pounds valued at \$223.8 million, a decrease of 2.4 million pounds and an increase of \$28.9 million compared with 1989.

Exports of nonedible products were valued at a record \$2.9 billion compared with \$2.4 billion in 1989. Exports of fishmeal amounted to 128.5 million pounds valued at \$38.6 million. The total value of edible and nonedible exports was \$5.6 billion.



U.S. COMMERCIAL LANDINGS BY REGION



U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 1989 AND 1990 (1)

Species	U.S. DOMESTIC LA		1990		Aver. (1985-89)
Fish	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
11011	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	pounds
Alewives: Atlantic and Gulf. Great Lakes Anchovies Bluefish Bonito Butterfish.	4,169 10,030 13,389 10,429 2,676 7,077	508 173 2,696 2,245 582 4,116	3,089 14,141 13,189 13,802 8,272 6,532	411 212 2,723 3,239 1,778 3,334	7,955 15,739 13,335 14,044 5,890 8,610
Cod: Atlantic Pacific Croaker. Cusk	78,423 372,137 8,287 2,058	47,772 55,375 4,114 974	95,881 544,203 6,786 2,702	61,329 94,590 3,437 1,229	71,511 206,934 10,681 3,368
Flounders: Atlantic and Gulf: Blackback Fluke Yellowtail Other Pacific	14,655 21,840 12,294 20,206 133,494	19,609 33,447 13,911 22,712 30,152	14,821 11,971 31,682 13,949 429,795	16,395 21,078 28,060 14,164 79,618	18,521 30,663 17,509 30,575 101,849
Total	202,489	119,831	502,218	159,315	199,118
Groupers Haddock Hake:	15,149 3,808	25,588 4,538	12,223 5,440	20,603 5,967	12,144 8,459
Pacific (whiting). Red White Halibut	16,564 3,436 11,286 75,168	1,094 591 4,423 85,145	21,232 3,875 11,419 70,454	1,229 715 4,466 96,700	22,604 4,069 13,523 74,319
Herring, sea: Atlantic. Pacific Jack mackerel. Lingcod.	89,657 119,346 28,422 8,003	5,041 24,391 1,927 2,785	113,095 108,120 8,959 7,293	5,746 32,178 535 2,311	80,221 129,243 24,433 7,250
Mackerel: Atlantic. King. Pacific. Spanish.	17,913 3,772 88,667 6,759	3,182 4,287 6,023 3,037	22,962 4,253 83,721 5,778	3,794 4,771 5,081 2,585	11,696 4,693 88,732 6,020
Menhaden: Atlantic Gulf	702,688 1,286,038	32,129 52,333	816,669 1,145,491	39,534 54,362	689,892 1,693,676
Total	1,988,726	84,462	1,962,160	93,896	2,383,569
Mullets Ocean perch: Atlantic	31,594	15,023 919	28,554	12,738 703	27,442 4,837
Pacific Pollock: Atlantic	1,392 22,332 23,249	4,646 9,922	1,322 60,972 21,042	8,494 10,516	15,770 39,978
Alaska	2,361,988 133,623 97,590	186,921 42,338 73,272	3,157,406 170,467 89,802	272,640 40,532 58,864	878,909 109,934 91,209
Chinook or king Chum or keta Pink Red or sockeye Silver or coho	31,466 68,685 367,898 274,051 43,768	48,531 30,078 132,784 346,442 33,399	25,753 70,199 272,392 317,315 47,487	47,228 34,299 84,964 396,420 49,456	35,022 96,086 260,296 227,957 48,540
Total	785,868	591, 234	733,146	612,367	667,900
Scup or porgy Sea bass:	9,582	7,720	11,452	8,677	14,082
Black	3,854 94	4,528	5,024 123	5,612 265	4,472
Gray Spotted White Sharks:	14,187 3,438 299	7,160 3,386 136	9,880 1,717 272	5,777 2,240 198	17,930 3,152 487
Dogfish	12,804 17,174	1,602 9,364	35,793 14,979	3,801 8,325	11,944 10,199

See notes at end of table.

U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 1989 AND 1990 (1) - Continued

Species	198	9	199	0	Aver. (1985-89
Fish - Continue:	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	pounds
Snapper:					
Red	3,959	10,329	3,101	8,411	4,304
Other	6,755	12,332	7,122	12,838	5,479
Striped Lass	285	471	1.055	1,453	532
Swordtish	11,768	38,321	13,797	40,851	11,255
Tiletish	2,542	4,246	3,400	5,770	5,326
Tuna:					
Albacore	5,591	4,279	7,331	6,319	11,012
Bigeye	4,547	15,587	4,820	17,640	2,852
Bluefin	4,749	22,893	5,515	24,836	8,470
Skipjack	14,042	7,701	7,398	6,347	14,537
Yellowiim	59,678	52,294	36,280	48,876	58,339
Unclassified	806	789	1,049	1,022	926
Total	89,413	103,543	62,393	105,040	96,137
Valting	39,353	9,403	44,500	11,281	38,813
Other marine	37,333	7, 103	11,500	11,201	33,013
finfishes	256,973	75,286	236,665	81,736	_
Other freshwater	200,515	.0,200	200,000	, , 50	
finfishes	27,198	19,037	30,135	19,236	_
	7,145,154	1,726,247	8,395,918	1,950,539	
Shellfish et al.	7,143,134	1, 120, 241	0,393,910	1,930,339	
Clams:					
Hard	9,278	44,925	9,833	41,889	12,311
Ocean quakoq	51,025	16,386	46,727	16,201	48,987
Soft	6,829	19,854	5,756	22,362	6, 973
Surf	67,072	30,718	71,772	32,244	68,526
Other	3,962	23,060	5,110	17,498	3,244
CCC					
Total	138,166	134,943	139,198	130,194	140,041
Blue, hard	206,720	80,989	201,838	77 201	199,645
Dungeness	40,984	45,534	31,411	77,381 48,099	33,715
King	26,391	106,204	33,917	146,835	23,540
Snow (tanner)	164,643	160,082	213,395	186,199	124, 105
Other	19,640	21,592	18,855	25,323	17,729
j==					The state of the s
Total	458,378	414,401	499, 416	483,837	398,733
Lobsters:	E2 026	140 115	61 017	154 677	47.066
American	52,926	149,115	61,017	154,677	47,866
Spiny	8,125 29,250	26,447 82,948	7,120	23,249 93,718	6,626
Dysters	29,230	02,948	29,193	93, /18	37,268
Bay	274	1,678	539	2 102	698
Calico	6,580	5,928	1,135	3,102 1,281	8,146
Sea	33,757	132,594		153 606	
Shrimp:	33,131	132,394	39,917	153,696	26,435
New England	7,950	7,808	9,668	6,912	9,078
South Atlantic	33,703	53,561	28,453	55,372	26,388
Gulf	228,368	374,013	249,461	398,609	25,388
Pacific	81,493	32,189	58,912	30,540	255,653 64,750
Other	01,493	32,109	30,312	30,340	04,730
	251 514	467 571	246 404	401 400	200 200
Total	351,514	467,571	346, 494	491, 433	355,881
Atlantic	66,829	25,592	59,809	21,178	42,436
Pacific	60.509	5,509	36 082	2 626	49,728
Pacific	60,509 111,618	65,467	36,082 92,583	2,636 62,897	45,720
Total, shellfish	111,010	03,407	72,303	02,037	
			1 212 522	1 601 000	
et al	1,317,926	1,512,193	1,312,503	1,621,898	**

(1) Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). Landings for Mississippi River Drainage area States are not available.

Note:--Data are preliminary. Data do not include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside the 50 States, or catches by U.S.-flag vessels unloaded onto foreign vessels within the U.S. EEZ (joint ventures). Therefore, they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" table on page 6. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters and clams.

DISPOSITION OF U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, 1989 AND 1990

End Use	1989		1990	
	Million	Percent	Million	Percent
	pounds		pounds	
Fresh and frozen: For human food	5,386	63.6	6,576	67.7
For bait and animal food	199	2.4	229	2.4
Total	5,585	66.0	6,805	70.1
Canned:				
For human food	690	8.2	644	6.6
animal food	108	1.3	107	1.1
Total	798	9.4	751	7.7
Cured for human food	128	1.5	126	1.3
Reduction to meal,				
oil, etc	1,952	23.1	2,026	20.9
Grand total	8,463	100.0	9,708	100.0

NOTE: -- Data are preliminary. Table may not add to rounding.

DISPOSITION OF U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY MONTH, 1990

DIOI COI	11014 01 0.0. 00					
Month	Landings	for	Landings for	Industrial		
	Human fo	ood	purpose	s (1)	Total	1
	Million	Percent	Million	Percent	Million	Percent
	pounds		pounds		pounds	
January	456	6.2	37	1.6	493	5.1
February	509	6.9	29	1.2	538	5.5
March	642	8.7	34	1.4	676	7.0
April	574	7.8	62	2.6	636	6.6
May	543	7.4	216	9.1	759	7.8
June	618	8.4	337	14.3	955	9.8
July	931	12.7	411	17.4	1,342	13.8
August	891	12.1	454	19.2	1,345	13.9
September	692	9.4	406	17.2	1,098	11.3
October	541	7.4	214	9.1	755	7.8
November	509	6.9	73	3.1	582	6.0
December	440	6.0	89	3.8	529	5.4
Total	7,346	100.0	2,362	100.0	9,708	100.0

(1) Processed into meal, oil, solubles, and shell products, and used as bait and animal food.

U.S. COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH, 1981-1990 (1)

Year	Landings	for	Landings for	Industrial		
	Human	Food	Purpo	ses (2)	Tot	tal
	Million	Million	Millions	Million	Millions	Million
•	pounds	dollars	pounds	<u>dollars</u>	pounds	dollars
1981	3,547	2,277	2,430	111	5,977	2,388
1982	3,285	2,247	3,082	143	6,367	2,390
1983	3,238	2,203	*3,201	152	6,439	2,355
1984	3,320	2,206	3,118	144	6,438	2,350
1985	3,294	2,198	2,964	128	6,258	2,326
1986	3,393	2,641	2,638	122	6,031	2,763
1987	3,946	2,979	2,950	136	6,896	3,115
1988	4,588	3,362	2,604	158	7,192	3,520
1989	6,204	3,111	2,259	127	8,463	3,238
1990	*7,346	3,416	2,362	156	*9,708	3,572

(1) Statistics on landings are shown in round weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are shown in weight of meats (excluding the shell). All data are preliminary. (2) Processed into meal, oil, solubles, and shell products, or used as bait or animal food. * Record.

NOTE:--Data do not include landings outside the 50 States or products of aquaculture, except oysters and clams.

U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY STATES, 1989 AND 1990 (1)

States	198	9	199	0	Record :	Landings
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand		Thousand
	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	Year	pounds
Alabama	25,444	38,293	22,669	35,931	1973	39,749
Alaska	4,088,780	1,223,230	5,403,787	1,509,345	1990	5,403,787
California	418,409	123,304	347,139	126,928	1936	1,760,193
Connecticut	8,588	18,309	9,471	26,873	1930	88.012
Delaware	6,898	3,453	8,550	4,189	1953	367,500
Florida	197,462	185,858	179,940	170,494	1938	241,443
Georgia	15,770	19,791	13,191	19,761	1927	47,607
Hawaii	24,397	47,109	26,582	65,009	1984	34,824
Illinois	238	304	301	444	-	(2)
Indiana	1.528	1.929	353	505		(2)
Louisiana	1,227,941	264,153	1,061,228	263,467	1984	1,931,027
Maine	151,119	132,522	169,294	129,876	1950	356,266
Maryland	84,920	52,050	80,705	53,905	1890	141,607
Massachusetts	268,861	272,847	327,933	302,950	1948	649,696
Michigan	14,215	9,900	17,428	10,360	1930	35,580
Minnesota	329	73	505	136	-	(2)
Mississippi	298,206	43,949	319,585	42,379	1984	476,997
New Hampshire	11.402	10,247	10,704	10,028	_	(2)
New Jersey	128,459	78,802	149,369	89,344	1956	540,060
New York	37,080	51,096	48,823	56,474	1880	335,000
North Carolina	164,476	70,582	176,038	71,542	1981	432,006
Ohio	3,389	1,344	4,758	3,097	1936	31,083
Oregon	170,052	78,846	139,335	70,449	1989	170,052
Pennsylvania	495	264	291	279	-	(2)
Rhode Island	125,041	75,004	131,782	72,889	1990	131,782
South Carolina	20.065	24,893	14,516	24,012	1965	26,611
Texas	96,421	170,118	99,191	182,351	1960	237,684
Virginia	692,794	100,014	786,791	106,529	1990	789,791
Washington	163,003	134,585	137,186	118,138	1941	197,253
Wisconsin	17,298	5,571	20,976	4,753	-	(2)
Total	8,463,080	3,238,440	9,708,421	3,572,437	-	-

(1) Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). Landings for Mississippi River Drainage Area States are not available.

(2) Data Not available.

NOTE:--Data are preliminary. Data do not include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside the 50 States, or catches by U.S.-flag vessels unloaded onto foreign vessels within the U.S. EEZ (joint venture). Therefore, they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" table on page 6. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters and clams.

U.S. DOMESTIC LANDINGS, BY REGIONS, 1989 AND 1990 (1)

Region	1989		1990	
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
New England	565,011 172,295 777,714 256,391 1,789,394	508,929 133,225 152,064 168,729 648,908	649,184 206,608 867,496 261,727 1,624,631	542,616 149,873 160,434 169,581 640,356
and Alaska	4,840,244 37,634 24,397	1,559,965 19,511 47,109	6,027,447 44,746 26,582	1,824,860 19,708 65,009
Total	8, 463, 080	3, 238, 440	9,708,421	3,572,437

(1) Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). Landings for Mississippi River Drainage Area States are not available.

NOTE:--Data are preliminary. Data do not include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside the 50 States, or catches by U.S.-flag vessels unloaded onto foreign vessels within the U.S. EEZ (joint venture). Therefore, they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" table on page 6. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters and clams.

COMMERCIAL FISHERY LANDINGS AND VALUE AT MAJOR U.S. PORTS, 1988-90

COMMENCIAL FIS	HERT L	ANDING	S AND V	ALUE AT MAJOR U.S. PORTS, 1	900-90		
		Quantit	/			Value	
Port	1988	1989	1990	Port	1988	1989	1990
		ion pour				on dolla	
Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, AK	377.3	504.3	509.9	New Bedford, MA	140.9	141.0	160.4
Pascagoula-Moss Point, MS	292.0	282.1	303.9	Dutch Harbor-Unalaska, AK	100.9	107.0	126.2
Kodiak, AK Empire-Venice, LA	304.6	213.2	272.5	Kodiak, AK Naknek-South Naknek, AK	*166.3	100.2	101.7
Cameron, LA	297.2 438.9	272.7 352.7	244.2	Brownsville-Port Isabel, TX	(1) 39.7	(1) l 54.1	91.1 57.2
Intercoastal City, LA	209.7	207.2	173.0	Egegik, AK Dulac-Chauvin, LA	(1)	(1)	53.9
Dulac-Chauvin, LA Morgan City-Berwick, LA	244.1 43.3	210.9 68.1	164.4	Kenai, AK	56.5 99.3	50.0 56.0	52.7 47.9
Los Angeles, CA	232.0	217.2	133.8	Empire-Venice, LA	67.7	49.2	46.3
Los Angeles, CA	107.4	98.5	126.2	Hampton Roads Area, VA	34.5	31.1	43.4
New Bedford, MA	90.3	90.4	114.8	Gloucester, MA	30.8	30.0	40.5
Beaufort-Morehead City, NC.	110.0	95.0 (1)	102.0 90.4	Petersburg, AK Cordova, AK	58.5 46.4	61.4 35.3	39.4 36.8
Naknek-South Naknek, AK	42.5	55.3	70.8	Aransas Pass-Rockport, TX	45.6	32.0	34.9
Cordova, AK	47.9	54.0	69.2	Cape May-Wildwood, NJ	28.4	30.8	34.4
Petersburg, AK Point Judith, RI	50.4 49.6	113.5	67.5 58.7	Point Judith, RI	25.4 30.4	23.6	32.2 31.7
Ketchikan, AK	28.3	91.6	52.6	Seward, AK	19.5	23.1	29.1
Egegik, AKSeward, AK	(1)	(1)	52.3 51.2	Ketchikan, AK	43.5 37.0	45.6 33.5	28.3 26.5
				The second secon			
Portland, MEValdez, AK	43.9	49.0	48.9 46.1	Dillingham-Togiak, AK Beaufort-Morehead City, NC.	27.0	25.0	24.0
Kenai, AK	(1) 47.4	35.0	41.9	Bellingham, WA	30.1	21.3	23.0
Astoria, OR	44.2 35.3	51.0 40.6	41.2 39.3	Sitka, AK Key West, FL	37.4 16.8	24.2	22.1
Bellingham, WAAtlantic City, NJ	27.7	33.9	39.2	Port Arthur, TX	17.4	23.8	21.1
Rockland, ME	40.6	24.8	36.2	Bayou La Batre, AL	23.8	24.7	20.7
Newport, OR	38.5 33.0	44.4 34.9	34.0 31.8	Cameron, LAValdez, AK	33.2	20.5	20.6
Provincetown-Chatham, MA	25.2	23.7	30.3	Morgan City-Berwick, LA	16.7	17.8	19.7
Crescent City, CA	36.0	39.4	27.0	Pascagoula-Moss Point, MS	28.2	16.9	18.8
Hampton Roads Area, VA	20.0 34.8	24.5	26.9	Westport, WA Atlantic City, NJ	21.2	17.1	17.9 17.8
Westport, WA San Francisco Area, CA	25.0	33.0	26.2 25.7	III.os Angeles, CA	34.0	25.5	17.6
Brownsville-Port Isabel, TX	13.8	22.7	25.2	Astoria, OR Montauk, NY	24.3	20.0	16.2
Dillingham-Togiak, AK Sitka, AK	(1) 27.7	(1) 30.3	24.7	Wanchese-Stumpy	14.7	8.5	15.4
Port Hueneme-Oxnard-				Point, NC	17.0	16.0	15.0
Ventura, CA	55.0 31.0	65.3 25.0	24.2 23.0	Freeport, TX Provincetown-Chatham, MA	22.6	10.7	14.8
Monterey, CA	14.0	17.3	22.0	Newport, OR	24.3	19.2	14.7
Eureka, CA	27.0	21.2	21.3	Delcambre, LA	12.7	15.7	14.7
Ocean City, MD	21.1	24.6	21.1	Coos Bay-Charleston, OR	21.8	16.1	14.5
Golden Meadow-Leeville, LA. Boston, MA	30.1 20.8	24.5 17.3	19.6	Grand Isle, LA Boston, MA	14.5	12.8	14.3
Point Pleasant, NJ	17.3	19.2	18.4	Biloxi, MS	29.5	22.2	14.1
Aransas Pass-Rockport, TX Seattle, WA	15.6 17.5	15.0 15.6	18.0 16.5	San Francisco Area, CA	15.0	13.3	13.9
Fort Bragg, CA	31.0	25.7	16.1	Seattle, WACape Canaveral, FL	24.3	15.8	13.2
Wrangell, AK	3.3 9.4	9.3 15.8	15.6 15.5	Galveston, TXPilot Point-Ugashik, AK	21.4	15.1	13.0 13.0
	11.9	15.3	14.5	Lafitte-Barataria, LA	16.0	10.6	11.1
Blaine, WA	13.2	9.6	14.2	Bon Secour-Gulf Shores, AL.	12.5	9.7	11.1
Grand Isle, LA	10.8	10.8	14.2	Fort Myers, FLPanama City, FLCrescent City, CA	12.7	13.1	10.9
Bayou La Batre, AL Panama City, FL	12.4	14.9	13.7	Crescent City, CA	16.0	15.0	10.5
Ilwaco-Chinook, WA	23.2	23.3	13.2	Anacortes-La Conner, WA	8.8	13.5	10.4
Pilot Point-	(1)	(1)	12.7	Point Pleasant, NJ	7.4	8.4	9.6
Ugashik, AK Key West, FL	9.2	9.6	11.4	Port Hueneme-Oxnard-		1	
Key West, FL	14.0	11.2	11.0	Ventura, CA	10.0	12.0	9.2
Port Arthur, TX	6.2 Pager	11.5		Darien-Bellville, GA			

(1) Not available. *Record. Record quantity was 848.2 million lb landed in Los Angeles, California in 1960.

NOTE: -- To avoid disclosure of private enterprise certain leading ports have not been included.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT

OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 1990 (1)

	DI	Distance caught off U.S. Shores	off U.S. She	ores	Internatic	International Waters		
Species					(Includes	(Includes catch off	E-	-
3	0 to 3 h	Miles (2)	3 to 20	200 Miles	foreign	coasts)		1 2
Fish	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thourand	Theyrand
	spunod	dollars	spunda	dollars	pounds	dollars	spunoa	dellars
Alewives:								
Atlantic and Gulf.	3,062	409	27	2	1	1	3,089	411
Great Lakes	14,141	212	1	ı	1	1	14,141	212
Anchovies	1,426	312	11,763	2,411	ı	1	13,189	2,723
Bluefish	7,556	1,836	6,246	1,403	1	1	13,802	3,239
Bonito	361	100	7,911	1,678	1	1	8,272	1,778
Butterfish	853	469	5,679	2,865	ı	1	6,532	3,334
Cod:								
Atlantic	1,749	1,150	94,110	60,168	22	11	95,881	61,329
Pacific	81,574	14,174	480,437	82,179	1	ı	562,011	96,353
Croaker	6,532	3,332	254	105	1	1	6,786	3,437
Cusk	17	9	2,682	1,222	c	1	2,702	1,229
Flounders:								
Atlantic and Gulf:								
Blackback	1,346	1,150	13,475	15,245	ı	1	14,821	16,395
Fluke	4,421	7,622	7,550	13,456	1	1	11,971	21,078
Yellowtail	225	222	31,444	27,827	13	11	31,682	28,060
Other	585	587	13,342	13,553	22	24	13,949	14,164
Pacific	353, 967	60,394	295, 376	42,751	1		649,343	103,145
Total	360,544	69, 975	361,187	112,832	35	35	721,766	182,842
Groupers	214	361	12,009	20,242	1	1	12,223	20,603
Haddock	80	80	5,429	5,955	3	4	5,440	5,967
Hake:								
Pacific (whiting).	3,927	229	394,231	19,429	1	1	398,158	19,658
Red	437	125	3,438	290	1	ı	3,875	715
White	89	19	11,345	4,443	9	. 4	11,419	4,466
Halibut	47,341	63,634	23,113	33,066	ι	1	70,454	002'96
Herring, sea:								
Atlantic	31,753	1,738	81,342	4,008	ı	ı	113,095	5,746
Pacific	108,120	32,178	ı	ı	1	1	108,120	32,178
Jack mackerel	1	ı	8,959	535	1	1	8,959	535
Lingcod	1,100	150	6,193	2,161	1	1	7,293	2,311
Mackerel:								
Atlantic	1,354	425	21,608	3,369	1	1	22,962	3,794
King	419	433	3,834	4,338	1	1	4,253	4,771
Pacific	23	4	83,698	5,077	1	1	83,721	5,081
1-7	1 000	362	2 073	1 850	1	1	5 770	0 1

(Continued)

See footnotes at end of table.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS. 1990 (1) - Continued

	r P	J.S. SHORES	AND IN IN EN	NATIONAL W	OFF U.S. SHOHES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 1990 (1) - COMMINGE	1) - Conunue	2	
	Dİ:	stance caught	Distance caught off U.S. Shores	ores	International Waters	nal Waters		
Species		- 1			(Includes catch off	satch off	Total	-
	т	Miles (2)	3 to 20	200 Miles	db	coasts)		
Fish	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	spunod	dollars	spunod	dollars	spunod	dollars	spunod	dollars
Menhaden								
Atlantic	816,199	39,513	303.350	14 560	1 1	1 1	816,669	39,534
Total	1.658.340	79,315	303.820	14.581			1,962,160	93.896
Mullet	28,548	12,735	9	3	1	1	28,554	12,738
Ocean perch:								
Atlantic	4	1	1,318	702	1	1	1,322	703
Pacific	50,309	6,451	10,663	2,043	ı	ı	60,972	8, 494
Pollock:								
Atlantic	108	49	20,915	10,453	19	14	21,042	10,516
Alaska	473,205	40,839	2,733,577	233,940	1	1	3,206,782	274,779
Rockfishes	77,799	11,068	92,668	29,464		1	170,467	40,532
Sablefish	7,699	5,322	82,103	53,542	-	_	89,802	58,864
Salmon:								
Chinook or king	20,471	36,952	5,282	10,276	1	1	25,753	47,228
Chum or keta	70,199	34,299	1	1	1	1	70,199	34,299
Pink	272,392	84,964	,	1		1	272,392	84,964
Red or sockeye	317,315	396, 420	1	1		,	317,315	396, 420
Silver or coho	45,372	46,697	2,115	2,759	1	1	47,487	49,456
Total	725, 749	599, 332	7,397	13,035	1.	100 Port 100 C	733,146	612, 367
Scup or porgy	3,258	2,197	8,194	6, 480	1	1	11,452	8,677
Sea bass:								
Black	672	904	4,352	4,708	1	ı	5,024	5,612
White	48	104	75	191	1	ı	123	265
Sea trout:								
Gray	6,339	3,960	3,541	1,817	ı	1	9,880	5,777
Spotted	1,711	2,234	9	9		1	1,717	2,240
White	207	174	65	24	1	1	272	198
Sharks:	4	0	137	0 030	1	ı	35, 793	3,801
		0 0	101103	10011			0 0 0	
Other	2,154	803	12, 762	1,384	63	38	14,9/9	8,323
snapper:	921	272	2 962	7 836		ı	3,101	R. 411
Ked	F 2 0	ר כי יי	206 12	11 221		1	7 122	12 838
Ocher	000	L, 30.	FTC 40	10011			2271	12,000
Striped bass	1,028	1,378	2.1	7.5		1	1,055	1,403
Swordfish	884	1,983	11,841	36,367	1,072	2,501	13, 191	40,83I
Tilefish	1	-	3,400	5,770	1	1	3,400	5,770

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT

	S ic	tance caucht	Distance caucht of 11 & Shores International Materie	2010	Informatio	International Material		
Species	4				(Includes	(Includes catch off	Total	3.1
	0 to 3 Miles	liles (2)	3 to 20	3 to 200 Miles	foreign	coasts)		
Fish	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Theysand	Thousand	Theusand
Tuna:								
Albacore	128	183	4,220	3,566	12,213	10,827	16,561	14,576
Bigeye	923	3,329	2,967	10,969	1,160	3,464	5,050	17,762
Bluefin	15	77	3,314	23,614	2,186	1,145	5,515	24,836
Skipjack	536	1,086	1,100	2,185	250,871	100,366	252,507	103,637
Yellowfin	1,973	4, 930	13,560	30,788	217,588	112,290	233,121	148,008
Unclassified	199	54	818	895	32	73	1,049	1,022
Total	3,774	9, 659	25, 979	72,017	484,050	228,165	513,803	309,841
Whiting	1,431	430	43,069	10,851	-	1	44,500	11,281
Other marine	132,956	41,340	293,971	65,049	1,482	2,057	428,409	108,446
Other freshwater								
finfishes	30,135	19,236	1	1	1	ì	30,135	19,236
Total fish	3,888,348	1,034,563	5, 327, 627	960,515	486, 755	232,830	9, 702, 730	2,227,908
Shellfish, et al								
Clams:								
Hard	9,833	41,889		1	ı	1	9,833	41,889
Ocean quahog	256	755	46,471	15,446	ı	ı	46,727	16,201
Soft	5,756	22,362	ı	1	ı	1	5,756	22,362
Surf	18,801	7,307	52,971	24,937	1	1	71,172	32,244
Other	3,521	17,169	1,589	329	1	_	5,110	17,498
rotal	38,167	89,482	101,031	40,712	1	1	139,198	130,194
Crabs:	100	0000	r	r	1	1	201 838	195 77
Blue, hard	26 236	11,316	7 175	7 833			31.411	48,099
visa.	16 959	73 419	16.958	73.416	ı	ı	33,917	146,835
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,330	16 537	203,065	169.662	1	,	213,395	186, 199
Other	8, 214	7,384	10,641	17,939	1	ı	18,855	25,323
Total	263, 570	214, 984	235,846	268,853	1	1	499, 416	483,837
Lobsters:								
American	50,011	121,284	11,006	33,393	1	1	71011	134,677
Spiny	2,825	9,378	4, 295	13,871	1	1	7,120	23,249
Oysters	29,193	93,718	E	-	1		29, 193	93, /18

See footnotes at end of table.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 1990 (1) - Continued

					100	(1)	2	
	Di	stance caught	Distance caught off U.S. Shores	ores	Internati	International Waters		
Species					(Includes	(Includes catch off	Total	-
	0 to 3	0 to 3 Miles (2)	3 to 20	3 to 200 Miles	foreign	foreign coasts)		
Fish	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	spunod	dollars	spunod	dollars	pounds	dollars	spunod	dollars
Scallops:								
Вау	539	3,102	ı	1			539	3,102
Calico	1	1	1,135	1,281	1	1	1,135	1,281
Sea	1,783	7,270	38,134	146,426	1	-	39,917	153, 696
Shrimp:								
New England	736	573	8,932	6,339	•	1	899'6	6,912
South Atlantic	19,680	46,779	8,773	8,593	ı	,	28,453	55,372
Gulf	146,977	179,659	102,484	218,950	ı	1	249,461	398, 609
Pacific Coast	13,209	6,124	45,703	24,416		_	58,912	30,540
Total	180,602	233, 135	165, 892	258, 298	1		346, 494	491, 433
Squid:								
Atlantic	4,449	2,089	25,360	19,089		1	59,809	21,178
Pacific	23,057	1,684	13,025	952	•	1	36,082	2, 636
Other shellfish	87,600	60,245	10,454	13,594	1	_	98,054	73,839
Total shell-								
fish et al	681, 796	836, 371	636,178	796, 469	ı	ŧ	1,317,974	1,632,840
Grand total, 1990	4,570,144	1,870,934	5, 963, 805	1,756,984	486, 755	232, 830	11,020,704	3,860,748
Grand total,								
1989 (3)	4,174,398	1,702,865	4,174,398 1,702,865 5,970,345 1,628,875	1,628,875	510,042	233, 404	233, 404 10, 654, 785	3,565,144

Landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items, except univalve mollusks, such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). The National Marine Fisheries Service estimated the distance from shore for Texas landings data collected by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. Includes landings from the Great Lakes and other inland waters, but excludes Mississippi River Drainage Area States. (2)

For individual species breakout see "Fisheries of the United States, 1989" pages 6-9.

(3)

NOTE:--Data are preliminary. Data include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside the 50 they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" tables beginning on page 1. Data do not include aquaculture States, and catches by U.S.-flag vessels unloaded onto foreign vessels within the U.S. EEZ (joint ventures). products, except oysters and clams.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT

					יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	(1) 0001		
00000	Di	Distance caught off U.S. Shores	off U.S. Sh	ores	Internati	International Waters	***	
2	0 to 3	0 to 3 Miles (2)	3 to 20	3 to 200 Miles	foreign	foreign coasts)		1
Fish	Metric	Thousand	Metric	Thousand	Metric	Thousand	Metric	Theusand dollars
Alewives:								
Atlantic and Gulf.	1,389	409	12	2	1	1	1,401	411
Great Lakes	6,414	212	ŧ	1	1	1	6,414	212
Anchovies	647	312	5,336	2,411	1	1	5,982	2,723
Bluefish	3,427	1,836	2,833	1,403	1	1	6,261	3,239
Bonito	164	100	3,588	1,678	ı	ı	3,752	1,778
Butterfish	387	469	2,576	2,865	1	1	2,963	3,334
Cod:								
Atlantic	793	1,150	42,688	60,168	10	11	43,491	61,329
Pacific	37,002	14,174	217,925	82,179	1	Þ	254,927	96,353
Croaker	2,963	3,332	115	105	1	1	3,078	3,437
Cusk	80	9	1,217	1,222	1	1	1,226	1,229
Flounders:								
Atlantic and Gulf:								
Blackback	611	1,150	6,112	15,245	1	1	6,723	16,395
Fluke	2,005	7,622	3,425	13,456	,	1	5,430	21,078
Yellowtail	102	222	14,263	27,827	9	11	14,371	28,060
Other	265	587	6,052	13,553	10	24	6,327	14,164
Pacific	160,558	60,394	133,982	42,751	8	1	294,540	103,145
Total	163, 542	69, 975	163, 833	112,832	16	35	327, 391	182,842
Groupers	76	361	5,447	20,242	1	1	5,544	20,603
Haddock	4	80	2,463	5,955	1	4	2,468	5,967
Hake:								
Pacific (whiting).	1,781	229	178,822	19,429	ı	t	180,603	19,658
Red	198	125	1,559	290	ı	i	1,758	715
White	31	19	5,146	4,443	3	4	5,180	4,466
Halibut	21,474	63, 634	10,484	33,066	1	ı	31,958	96,700
Herring, sea:								
Atlantic	14,403	1,738	36,896	4,008	ı	ı	51,300	5,746
Pacific	49,043	32,178	ŧ	ŧ	1	ı	49,043	32,178
Jack mackerel	1	1	4,064	535	1	1	4,064	535
Lingcod	499	150	2,809	2,161	1	1	3,308	2,311
Mackerel:							4	1
Atlantic	614	425	9,801	3,369	ı	1	10,415	3, 194
King	190	433	1,739	4,338	ı	1	1,929	4,771
Pacific	10	4	37,965	5,077	1	1	37,976	5,081
Cospieb	819	726	1,802	1,859	1	1	2,621	2,585

(Continued)

See footnotes at end of table.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT

	E + CE	1000	.,	dollars	370,439 39,534	,591 54,362	890,030 93,896	12,952 12,738			27, 657 8, 494	9,545 10,516	0		40,734 58,864						21,540 49,456	61	5, 195 8, 677		10	56 265		4,482 3,11:1		123 198	16 236 3.801		6, 194 8, 323	1.407 8.411	•			1 542 5
- Continued	1 Waters	asts)		dollars tons	370	- 519	960	- 12		-	- 27	14	1,45	- 77	- 40	;	- 11	- 31	- 123	- 143	- 21	332	- 2		7	ı		1	1	ı	1		88	1			100	
OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS, 1990 (1) - Continued	International Waters	foreign coasts)		Suor		-	data Aust≓ tada ta	-		1	ı	σ,	1	1	-		1		1	ŧ	3	-	ŧ		ı	ı		1	!	1	•		62	1		•	486	
RNATIONAL V	nores	3 to 200 Miles	Thousand	GOLLAES		14,560	14,581	e			2,043	10,453	233,940	29,464	53,542		10,276	ı	,	ı	2,759	13,035	6, 480		4.4	161		1,81,	0	24	0000		7,384	7.836	11,331	75	36.	
AND IN INTE	Distance caught off U.S. Shores	3 to 2	Metric	Suon	213	137,599	137,812	æ		598	4,837	9,487	1,239,942	42,034	37,242		2,396	1	1	1	959	3,355	3,717		1, 9/4	34	,	1,606	n	29	710 01	CT21CT	5,789	1.344	2,864	12	5.371	1010
J.S. SHORES	stance caughi	Miles (2)	Thousand	dollars	39,513	39,802	79,315	12,735		1	6, 451	49	40,839	11,068	5,322		36,952	34,299	84,964	396, 420	46,697	266,332	2,197	6	904	104	•	3,960	FC7 17	174	000	700	903	575	1.507	1,378	1,983	
OFF	Di	0 to 3	Metric	डाउन	370,225	381,993	752, 218	12,949		2	22,820	49	214,644	35,289	3, 492		9,286	31,842	123,556	143,933	20,581	329, 198	1,478		305	22		2,8/5	0//	94		3,021	977	9	798	466	401	!
	0		Fish	Monhaden	Atlantic	Gulf	Total	Mullet	Ocean perch:	Atlantic	Pacific	Atlantic	Alaska	Rockfishes	Sablefish	Salmon:	Chinook or king	Chum or keta	Pink	Red or sockeye	Silver or coho	Total	Scup or porgy	Sea bass:	Black	White	Sea trout:	Gray	Sported	White	Sharks:	noditan.	Other	Snapper:	0+404	String has	Sucretion of the sucret	3 O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

See footnotes at end of table.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF ITS. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS. 1990 (1). Continued

Species	707	Distance caught off U.S. Shores	off U.S. She	res	International	onal Waters		
					(Includes			
	0 to 3	Miles (2)	3 to 20	3 to 200 Miles	foreign	coasts)		
	Metric	Thousand	Merric	The Control	Merric	. ,	Wart	
	tons	dollars	1003	dellars	102	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		:
Tuna:								
Albacore	58	183	1,914	3,566	35315		7,522	15.53
Bigeye	419	3,329	1,346	10,969	965	3,464	2,291	:01,
Bluefin	7	77	1,503	23,614	250	1,145	2,502	14,836
Skipjack	243	1,086	499	2,185	113,794	300,366	114,536	103,637
Yellowfin	895	4,930	6,151	30,788	169,86	112,290	105,743	148,008
Unclassified	06	54	371	895	15	73	476	1,022
Total	1,712	659 6	11,784	72,017	219,564	228, 165	233,060	309,841
Whiting	649	430	19,536	10,851	ι	å	20,185	11,281
Other marine								
finfishes	60,308	41,340	133,344	62,049	672	2,057	194,325	108,446
Other freshwater								
finfishes	13,669	19,236	-	-	ı	-	13,669	19,236
Total fish	1,763,743	1,034,563	2,416,596	960, 515	220, 791	232, 830	4, 401, 129	2,227,908
Shellfish, et al								
Clams:								
Hard	4,460	41,889	ı	1	1	1	4,460	41,889
Ocean quahog	116	755	21,079	15,446	1	1	21,195	16,201
Soft	2,611	22,362	1	1	ı	1	2,611	22,362
Surf	8,528	7,307	24,027	24,937	1	1	32,556	32,244
Other	1,597	17,169	721	329	ı	_	2,318	17,498
Total	17,312	89,482	45,827	40,712	1	1	63,140	130,194
Crabs:								
Blue, hard	91,550	77,378	m	23	t	ı	91,553	77,381
Dungeness	11,901	40,266	2,347	7,833	i	1	14,248	48,099
King	7,693	73,419	7,692	73,416	1	1	15,385	146,835
Snow (tanner)	4,686	16,537	92,110	169,662	1	1	96,795	186, 199
Other	3,726	7,384	4,827	17,939	-	_	8,553	25,323
Total	119,555	214,984	106,979	268,853	-	1	226,534	483,837
Lobsters:								
American	22,685	121,284	4,992	33,393	1	1	27,677	154,677
Spiny	1,281	9,378	1,948	13,871	1	1	3,230	23,249
Oysters	13,242	93,848	ı	ŀ	1	-	13,242	93,848

See footnotes at end of table.

COMMERCIAL LANDINGS OF FISH AND SHELLFISH BY U.S. FISHING CRAFT: BY SPECIES, BY DISTANCE CAUGHT OFF U.S. SHORES AND IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS. 1990 (1) - Continued

	5	OI IOI IO			1000	(1) common	,	
-	Dî	Distance caught off U.S.	off U.S. Sh	Shores	Internatio	International Waters	E	
Species	0 +0 2 Miles	1100 (2)	3 +0 26	3 +0 200 Miles	(includes catch o	foreign coasts)	Total	7
	2 5 3	(2) (2)	2 03 6	O HITES	HETATOT	coases/		
Fish	Metric	Thousand	Metric tons	<u>Thousand</u> dollars	Metric tons	<u>Thousand</u>	Metric	Thousand dollars
Scallops:								
Вау	244	3,102	ı	1	1		244	3,102
Calico	1		515	1,281	1	ı	515	1,281
Sea	808	7,270	17,297	146,426	-	ł	18,106	153,696
Shrimp:								
New England	334	573	4,052	6,339	,	1	4,385	6,912
South Atlantic	8,927	46,779	3,979	8,593	1	1	12,906	55,372
Gulf	899'99	179,659	46,486	218,950	,	1	113,155	398, 609
Pacific Coast	5,992	6,124	20,731	24,416	1	-	26,722	30,540
Total	81,921	233,135	75,248	258,298	and the state of t	1	157,169	491,433
Squid:								
Atlantic	2,018	2,089	25,111	19,089		1	27,129	21,178
Pacific	10,459	1,684	5,908	952	1		16,367	2,636
Other shellfish	39,735	60,115	4,742	13,594	-	-	44,477	73,709
Total shell-	To a second desired,					.1**	6 6 1	
fish et al	309,261	836,371	288,568	796, 469		1	591,829	1,632,840
Grand total,	2,073,004	1,870,934	2, 705, 164	1,756,984	220, 791	232,830	4,998,959	3,860,748
Grand total,	1.893.495	1.702.865	2, 708, 131	1,628,875	231,354	233, 404	4,832,979	3,565,144

landings are reported in round (live) weight for all items, except univalve mollusks, such as clams, oysters, and scallops, which are reported in weight of meats (excluding the shell). The National Marine Fisheries Service estimated the distance from shore for Texas landings data collected by Texas Parks and Wildlife Department. (2) Includes landings from the Great Lakes and other inland waters, but excludes Mississippi River Drainage Area States.

For individual species breakout see "Fisheries of the United States, 1989" pages 6-9. (3)

States, and catches by U.S.-flag vessels unloaded onto foreign vessels within the U.S. EEZ (joint ventures). Therefore, NOTE:--Data are preliminary. Data include landings by U.S.-flag vessels at Puerto Rico and other ports outside the 50 they will not agree with "U.S. Commercial Landings" tables beginning on page 1. Data do not include aquaculture products, except oysters and clams.

HISTORICAL FISHERY STATISTICS

SUMMARY OF PACIFIC COAST SALMON LANDINGS, BY STATE, 1920-1990 (1)

YEAR	ALASKA	WASHINGTON	OREGON	CALIFORNIA	TOTAL
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	pounds	pounds	nounds	pounds	pounds
1920 (2)	333,300	-	_	11,134	344,434
1921 (2)	209,700	-	-	7,991	217,691
1922	352,300	37,356	18,093	7,235	414,984
1923	385,100	71,719	27,279	7,090	491,188
1924	403,400	58,626	33,319	.10,015	505,360
1925	344,300	95,965	34,358	9,526	484,149
1926	508,600	51,657	26,822	6,084	593,163
1927	283,000	97,212	28,069	6,512	414,793
1928	466,900	53,838	22,575	4,479	547,792
1929	411,400	116,745	20,102	5,045	553,292
1930	391,700	72,747	20,865	6,003	491,315
1931	414,700	107,448	20,491	5,421	548,060
1932	405,900	52,238	19,151	4,699	481,988
1933	398,900	82,783	19,339	4,570	505,592
1934	565,600	62,565	20,207	4,320	652,692
1935	398,800	67,008	26,785	5,657	498,250
1936	643,700	37,427	21,582	5,022	707,731
.937	513,100	63,653	25,100	6,908	608,761
1938	527,800	39,581	20,822	3,832	592,035
1939	407,100	51,916	20,162	2,734	481,912
1940	395,700	34,886	19,818	6,675	457,079
1941	526,100	57,915	24,750	3,791	612,556
1942	392,300	48,290	22,825	6,616	470,031
1943	418,200	30,250	12,270	6,581	467,301
1944	379,200	22,754	16,647	10,287	428,888
1945	353,100	64,990	17,877	13,381	449,348
1946	326,200	55,171	17,738	13,658	412,767
1947	338,000	84,121	20,631	11,485	454,237
1948	313,200	38,797	18,815	7,769	378,581
1949	347,600	76,591	12,838	6,430	443,459
1950	259,600	44,771	11,885	7,069	323,325
1951	279,200	76,535	13,907	7,193	376,835
1952	286,700	48,920	13,112	7,274	356,006
1953	231,400	73,475	10,194	7,989	323,058
1954	257,000	59,372	8,812	9,499	334,683
1955	195,800	61,754	12,471	11,980	282,005
1956	242,800	28,700	14,239	11,412	297,151
1957	204,700	44,847	11,370	5,499	266,416
1958	241,255	54,363	8,179	3,657	307,454
1959	147,278	42,308	5,329	6,769	201,684
					*

See footnotes at end of table.

HISTORICAL FISHERY STATISTICS

SUMMARY OF PACIFIC COAST SALMON LANDINGS, BY STATE, 1920-1990 (1)

YEAR	ALASKA	WASHINGTON	OREGON	CALIFORNIA	TOTAL
IEAR .	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	pounds				
	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
1960	207,100	16,528	5,598	6,221	235,447
1961	264,814	29,898	7,048	8,638	310,398
1962	277,848	22,852	7,193	6,673	314,566
1963	223,063	54,993	8,262	7,859	294,177
1964	311,623	21,275	9,867	9,481	352,246
1965	274,844	30,418	11,806	9,738	326,806
1966	333,325	32,367	12,373	9,447	387,512
1967	138,517	53,374	17,371	7,402	216,664
1968	285,272	25,754	9,631	6,952	327,609
1969	219,150	31,978	10,549	6,151	267,828
1970	346,465	37,601	19,442	6,611	410,119
1971	251,705	55,009	16,972	8,117	331,803
1972	179,687	33,958	11,736	6,424	231,805
1973	136,493	58,540	16,944	9,669	221,646
1974	131,607	45,921	15,197	8,749	201,474
1975	137,516	45,181	12,382	6,925	202,004
1976	245,858	41,183	15,261	7,773	310,075
1977	307,379	53,072	10,715	5,919	377,085
1978	349,272	38,076	10,540	6,600	404,488
1979	467,719	49,085	10,518	8,792	536,114
1980	567,066	33,832	7,004	5,907	613,809
1981	589,493	46,011	6,979	5,956	648,439
1982	542,882	48,035	8,583	7,918	607,418
1983	608,675	25,618	2,591	2,407	639,291
1984	658,435	26,960	3,039	2,974	691,408
1985	651,580	64,619	6,103	4,636	726,938
1986	589,636	48,093	13,370	7,411	658,510
1987	489,417	48,880	14,418	9,282	561,997
1988	526,421	47,407	17,488	14,739	606,055
1989	713,027	55,293	11,476	5,666	785,462
1990	689,741	33,280	5,242	4,413	732,676

⁽¹⁾ Data for 1978 through 1990 are preliminary.

NOTE:--In 1958 Alaska obtained statehood and changes were made in their processing of fisheries data. Estimated average weights of salmon taken were determined for each region. These weights were used to convert number of salmon to pounds. In previous years identical factors were used for all regions, therefore, data in this historical table differ from previously published information due to changes made in convertiang number of fish to pounds.

⁽²⁾ Data not available for Washington and Oregon.

HISTORICAL FISHERY STATISTICS

SUMMARY OF PACIFIC COAST SALMON LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 1920-1990 (1)

	CHINOOK	CHUM		RED OR	SILVER	GRAND
YEAR	OR KING	OR KETA	PINK	SOCKEYE	OR COHO	TOTAL
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
1920 (2)	287,334	74,400	118,400	109,600	14,700	344,434
1921 (2)	23,891	19,500	33,500	130,500	10,300	217,691
1922	44,855	48,948	125,245	161,840	34,096	414,984
1923	50,668	49,727	214,297	143,329	33,167	491,188
1924	69,719	90,017	193,298	111,289	41,037	505,360
1925	71,502	93,631	191,609	87,865	39,542	484,149
1926	56,391	84,296	247,528	161,931	43,017	593,163
1927	64,082	54,526	146,570	104,051	45,564	414,793
1928	46,317	98,966	207,761	146,324	48,424	547,792
1929	49,948	89,022	241,950	133,002	39,370	553,292
1930	(3) 54,043	59,868	236,472	86,703	(3) 54,229	491,315
1931	(3) 53,034	53,294	275,035	130,516	(3) 36,181	548,060
1932	(3) 49,093	81,246	156,469	158,704	(3) 36,476	481,988
1933	(3) 46,614	59,271	200,199	168,566	(3) 30,942	505,592
1934	44,332	67,996	283,391	214,297	42,676	652,692
1935	44,732	75,312	266,277	64,154	47,775	498,250
1936	49,231	97,609	338,024	184,790	38,077	707,73
1937	55,992	68,535	293,725	159,842	30,667	608,76
1938	41,559	73,831	239,639	194,491	42,515	592,03
1939	39,677	52,887	211,283	147,076	30,989	481,912
1940	41,787	77,528	216,849	76,755	44,160	457,07
1941	48,760	68,930	356,829	97,295	40,742	612,55
1942	49,027	88,591	208,382	83,688	40,343	470,03
1943	38,169	77,576	176,494	144,977	30,085	467,30
1944	40,830	82,022	155,725	116,965	33,346	428,88
1945	47,498	62,494	200,280	90,550	48,526	449,34
1946	(3) 13,658	69,117	152,302	100,694	(3) 36,269	412,76
1947	54,880	44,956	179,746	138,983	35,672	454,23
1948	46,699	70,510	97,002	125,362	39,008	378,58
1949	40,312	43,540	244,515	78,058	37,034	443,45
950	37,361	70,587	81,445	93,079	40,853	323,32
1951	43,910	66,300	149,878	68,464	48,283	376,83
1952	38,691	83,299	87,110	105,500	41,406	356,00
1953	39,418	64,925	104,593	85,589	28,533	323,05
1954	36,607	83,849	85,602	95,369	33,256	334,68
1955	42,742	31,510	126,083	55,458	26,212	282,00
1956	38,397	54,859	88,205	86,517	29,173	297,15
1957	28,234	65,208	73,169	76,911	22,894	266,41
1958	27,583	68,011	120,721	67,812	23,327	307,45
1959	27,414	38,535	61,740	53,790	20,205	201,68

See footnotes at end of table.

U.S. COMMERCIAL LANDINGS

HISTORICAL FISHERY STATISTICS

SUMMARY OF PACIFIC COAST SALMON LANDINGS, BY SPECIES, 1920-1990 (1)

	CHINOOK	CHUM		RED OR	SILVER	GRAND
YEAR	OR KING	OR KETA	PINK	SOCKEYE	OR COHO	TOTAL
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
1960	24,057	49,811	52,588	95,326	13,665	235,447
1961	26,962	48,138	108,452	103,645	23,201	310,398
1962	25,111	60,345	143,309	58,049	27,752	314,566
1963	27,179	38,840	156,603	43,424	28,131	294,177
1964	28,732	65,842	162,325	57,276	38,071	352,246
1965	29,316	31,266	79,655	148,054	38,515	326,806
1966	27,223	56,506	163,016	102,012	38,755	387,512
1967	26,181	34,459	51,721	66,013	38,290	216,664
1968	25,838	61,466	148,472	54,047	37,786	327,609
1969	28,028	24,816	112,214	81,444	21,326	267,828
1969	20,020	24,810	112,214	61,444	21,326	201,828
1970	31,685	57,396	117,762	159,568	43,708	410,119
1971	30,501	56,423	99,096	105,913	39,870	331,803
1972	26,863	74,308	50,000	49,114	31,520	231,805
1973	35,992	52,655	49,423	50,709	32,867	221,646
1974	28,315	42,388	40,085	48,778	41,908	201,474
1975	29,771	33,061	58,251	52,316	28,605	202,004
1976	30,089	56,815	102,431	83,659	37,081	310,075
1977	35,310	65,563	143,645	101,128	31,439	377,085
1978	29,776	50,485	194,873	98,707	30,647	404,488
1979	33,008	45,784	226,830	190,727	39,765	536,114
1980	28,533	84,916	253,541	207,551	39,268	613,809
1981	31,071	98,880	257,106	226,173	35,209	648,439
1982	34,602	92,023	221,472	200,172	59,149	607,418
1983	24,424	79,920	194,140	310,146	30,661	639,291
1984	21,711	113,340	275,615	229,666	51,076	691,408
1985	27,187	92,499	319,139	236,077	52,036	726,938
1986	30,845	86,459	268,646	212,212	60,348	658,510
1987	39,927	86,320	169,308	227,411	39,031	561,997
1988	45,672	146,467	176,487	190,036	47,393	606,055
1989	31,466	68,685	367,898	274,051	43,362	785,462
1990	25,753	70,199	272,392	317,315	47,017	732,676

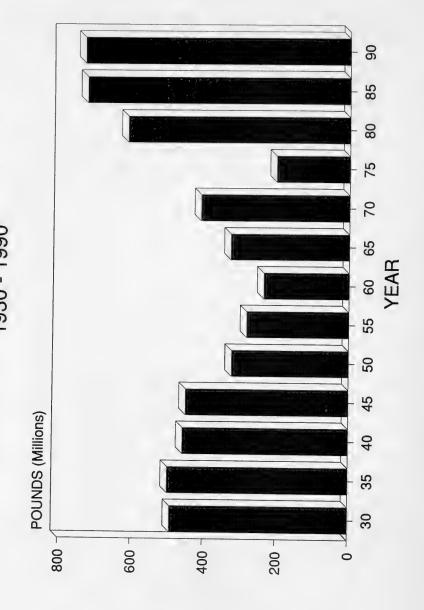
⁽¹⁾ Data for 1978 through 1990 are preliminary.

NOTE:--In 1958 Alaska obtained statehood and changes were made in their processing of fisheries data. Estimated average weights of salmon taken were determined for each region. These weights were used to convert number of salmon to pounds. In previous years identical factors were used for all regions, therefore, data in this historical table differ from previously published information due to changes made in convertiang number of fish to pounds.

⁽²⁾ Data include Alaska only for all species except chinook or king where California is included.

⁽³⁾ Silver or coho landed in California were combined with chinook or king.

HISTORICAL TOTAL U.S. SALMON LANDINGS, 1930 - 1990



JOINT VENTURE CATCHES BY U.S.-FLAG VESSELS, BY SPECIES, 1983-1990

	JOINT VENTURE CATCHES BY U.STLAG VESSELS, BY SPECIES, 1983-1990	משנים שו	D1 0.9rLAG	VESSELS, D	מובטובט, וג	0881-200		
Species	1983		1984		1985		1986	
	tons	<u>Thousand</u> dollars	Metric	Thousand dollars	Metric	Thousand dollars	Metric tons	<u>Thousand</u> <u>dollars</u>
Alewives	1	1	O	1	1	1	(1)	(1)
Atka mackerel	11,302	1,514	36,493	5,632	39,938	6,109	31,991	4,828
Cod	16,749	3,474	38,512	8,546	36,373	7,799	66,015	14,449
Flounders	36,958	5,287	54,372	7,605	179,663	24,833	215,878	28,847
Hake, Pacific (whiting)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	81,639	8,736
Ocean perch	2,114	616	2,313	689	281	56	273	72
Mackerel, Atlantic	(1)	(1)	1,423	220	3,788	584	(1)	(1)
Pollock, Alaska	283,104	26,083	444,256	41,591	614,337	59,730	904,111	95,294
Rockfishes	311	94	346	105	70	14	215	57
Sablefish	363	141	871	396	94	30	434	137
Whiting	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	t	1	65	6
Squid:								
Illex	8,344	1,840	6,010	2,000	2,540	595	(1)	(1)
Loligo	2,332	1,646	160	395	1,082	599	(1)	(1)
Other fish (2)	73,371	10,555	79,192	11,862	33,060	3,971	9,766	2,470
Total	434,948	51,250	664, 557	79,042	911,226	104,320	1,310,387	154,899
Species	1987	7	1988	89	1989	6	1990	0
	Metric	Thousand	Metric	Thousand	Metric	Thousand	Metric	Thousand
	tons	dollars	tons	dollars	tons	dollars	tons	dollars
Alewives	22	(3)	1	ı	1	1	1	1
Atka mackere	30.030	4.775	19,619	3,571	1	1		1
Cod	59,521	15,334	111,526	30,429	44,424	12,495	8,078	1,763
Flounders	224,250	33,272	330,118	53,763	193, 430	34,179	99,586	23,527
Hake, Pacific (whiting)	105,997	11,653	135,781	14,660	203,578	21,628	170,973	18,429
Ocean perch	556	173	ı	1	1	1	•	1
Mackerel, Atlantic	8,012	1,058	5,685	160	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Pollock, Alaska	1,057,315	134,302	826,564	116,102	287,755	40,378	22,397	2,139
Rockfishes	320	100	2,103	705	1	ı	1	1
Sablefish	123	37	51	14	1	ı	ı	1
Whiting	2	(3)	1	ı	1	ı	1	1
Squid:								
Illex	3,140	628	(1)	(1)	1	1	I	ı
Loligo	666	745	•	1	1	1	1	3
Other fish (2)	510	56	20,738	1,086	42,061	3,485	62,100	5,483
Total	1,490,794	202, 133	1, 452, 185	221,090	771,248	112, 165	363,133	51,341
(1) Confidential data.	(2) Include:	s alewives,	Includes alewives, Atlantic mackerel, butterfish, Pacific and red hakes, menhaden,	erel, butter	fish, Pacific	and red hak	ces, menhaden,	sea

herring, whiting, squid, and other miscellaneous fish unless shown separately. (3) Less than \$500.

<u>DATA COLLECTION</u>. While data an commercial fisheries have been collected for many years, detailed statistical information on marine recreational fishing is also required to support a variety of fishery management and development purposes. These include the objectives of the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act. Public Law 94-265, as amended. However, the lack of a continuous or systematic collection of marine recreational fishery data had prevented the accomplishment of these goals. Therefore, NMFS began a new comprehensive Marine Recreational Fishery Statistical Survey (MRFSS) in 1979. Surveys have been conducted in the following areas and years:

Atlantic and Gulf, 1979 through 1990 Pacific, mld-1979 through 1989 Western Pacific, 1979 through 1981 Caribbean, 1979, 1981

Preliminary estimates of catch and trips from the MRFSS for the Atlantic and Gulf for 1990 are presented in the following tables. Summary graphs for 1981-1990 catch and trips are also shown. The survey is being conducted in 1991 along the Atlantic and Gulf coasts.

These surveys consist of an Intercept survey of fishermen in the field and an Independent telephone survey of households. Each component survey provides certain information that is combined to produce estimates of recreational catch, fishing effort and participation. Estimates are generated by subregion or state, species, mode and area of fishing. In addition, information on catch rates and fish lengths and weights is obtained.

The MRFSS is only one of several NMFS efforts to obtain data on recreational fisheries. Specialized surveys on particular fisheries or to obtain socioeconomic data are also conducted by NMFS.

<u>DATA TABLES</u>. The MRFSS catch data show the total number of fish caught for twenty frequently caught species groups on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts. Total number caught includes those fish brought ashore in whole form which were available for Identification, weighing, and measuring as well as those not available for Identification. This latter category includes those fish

used for balt, discarded, filleted or released alive. Each fisheries group may contain one or more species, genera, or families.

Tables show the distribution of total catch by subregion, fishing area and mode. The fishing areas are: ocean 3 miles or less from land, ocean more than 3 miles from land, and inland (sounds, river, bays). However, ocean data for the Gulf coast of Florida are reported as 10 miles or less from land and more than 10 miles from land.

The fishing modes are: shore (man-made structures and beach/bank from previous surveys), party/charter boat, and private/rental boat. However, in 1990 partyboats were not sampled by the MRFSS in the South Atlantic and Gulf subregions, so party/charter estimates include only charterboats in these areas.

The fishing trip tables indicate the estimated number of trips by coastal residents (generally residing within 25 miles of the coast), non-coastal residents of the subregion bordering saltwater, and non-residents. They also include the estimated number of trips by fishing mode.

The 1990 survey did not include Texas or the January and February period for Georgia, South Carolina and the Atlantic coast states north of North Carolina. The data presented below will be finalized in a separate MRFSS report to be published later this year.

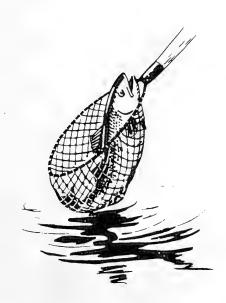
PRELIMINARY 1990 MRFSS DATA. The Atlantic and Gulf coasts marine recreational finfish catch in 1990 was an estimated 230.9 million fish. These fish weighed approximately 317.7 million pounds and were taken on an estimated 39.8 million fishing trips.

In terms of number of fish, frequently caught specles in 1990 were herrings, spot, bluefish, Atlantic croaker and black sea bass. Top-ranked species in each subregion in 1990 were scup in the North Atlantic, spot in the Mid-Atlantic, bluefish in the South Atlantic, and herrings in the Gulf of Mexico. The Gulf (41 percent) and Mid-Atlantic (36 percent) subregions accounted for the highest numbers of Atlantic and Gulf coast fishes.

The Inland, ocean 3 miles or less from shore, and ocean 10 miles or less from shore areas accounted for approximately 86 percent of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts catch in number. The remaining 14 percent of the catch in number was from the Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ), the principal area of NMFS management authority. However, for some species (e.g., red snapper) over 75 percent of the catch was made in the EEZ.

Sixty-five percent of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts catch was taken in the private/rental boat mode in 1990. However, other modes were important for a particular species such as king mackerel from the charter boat mode and kingfishes from the shore mode. Overall, shore mode catches were 25 percent of the total and party/charter boat catches (excluding South Atlantic and Gulf partyboats) were 10 percent of the total.

Coastal residents accounted for 74 percent of the Atlantic and Gulf trips made in 1990. Non-residents accounted for an additional 22 percent of the trips. Total trips in the Mid-Atlantic exceeded all other subregions.



U.S. MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERIES

ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF FISH CAUGHT BY MARINE RECREATIONAL ANGLERS BY SPECIES GROUP AND SUBREGION:

ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS, JANUARY 1990 - DECEMBER 1990

Species	North	Mid-	South	Gulf of	Total
group	Atlantic	Atlantic	Atlantic	Mexico	
-			- Thousands		
Herrings	298	355	1,456	16,684	18,792
Saltwater catfishes	*	#	1,471	10,114	11,585
Black sea bass	86	9,217	1,095	2,465	12,862
Bluefish	2,865	9,011	3,319	370	15,565
Red snapper	*	*	-	758	773
Scup	5,210	5,273	-	*	10,484
Pinfish	*	76	1,764	4,697	6,536
Sheepshead	*		722	2,935	3,658
Spotted seatrout	*	110	1,315	10,237	11,662
Weakfish	-	1,743	161	*	1,904
Sand seatrout	*	*	*	4,125	4,125
Spot	*	14,780	2,763	358	17,901
Kingfishes	-	352	1,895	634	2,882
Atlantic croaker	*	6,078	3,172	3,794	13,044
Red drum	*		475	2,253	2,730
Mullets	*	142	1,231	2,221	3,593
King mackerel	*	-	503	499	1,004
Summer flounder	204	7,138	1,098	*	8,440
Winter flounder	1,721	2,033	*	*	3,753
Other fishes	9,863	25,672	11,969	32,074	79,577
Total	20,248	81,986	34,423	94,216	230,872

Note: -- A dash (-) denotes less than thirty thousand. However the number is included in row and column totals. An asteriak (*) denotes none reported. Figures for the Gulf of Mexico do not include the recreational catch for Texas. Figures for the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico do not include catches for partyboats. Row and column totals may not add due to rounding.

ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF FISH CAUGHT BY MARINE RECREATIONAL ANGLERS BY SPECIES GROUP AND FISHING MODE: ATLANTIC AND GUI F COASTS JANUARY 1990 - DECEMBER 1990

Species	Shore	Charter	Party/	Private/	Total
group		Boats	Charter Boats	Rental Boats	
-			Thousands		~~~~~~
Herrings	9,823	143	39	8,788	18,792
Saltwater catfishes	3,428	58	*	8,100	11,585
Black sea bass	1,368	308	3,360	7,826	12,862
Bluefish	5,086	67	2,005	8,408	15,565
Red snapper	67	239	*	466	773
Scup	652	*	2,095	7,738	10,484
Pinfish	2,875	51	-	3,604	6,536
Sheepshead	568	88	*	3,003	3,658
Spotted seatrout	1,097	213	_	10,351	11,662
Weakfish	45	-	287	1,572	1,904
Sand seatrout	433	_	*	3,669	4,125
Spot	3,645	_	1,433	12,824	17,901
Kingfishes	1,853	_	_	1,017	2,882
Atlantic croaker	2,210	_	108	10,722	13,044
Red drum	406	75	*	2,249	2,730
Mullets	1,868	*	*	1,725	3,593
King mackerel	182	371	-	451	1,004
Summer flounder	1,022	₩.	744	6,673	8,440
Winter flounder	762	*	234	2,758	3,753
Other fishes	19,478	5,567	6,685	47,848	79,577
Total	56,868	7,207	17,008	149,790	230,872

Note: -- A dash (-) denotes less than thirty thousand. However the number is included in row and column totals. An asterisk (*) denotes none reported. Figures for Charter Boats are for the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico subregions (without Texas). Figures for Party/Charter Boats are for the North and Mid- Atlantic subregions. Row and column totals may not add due to rounding.

U.S. MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERIES

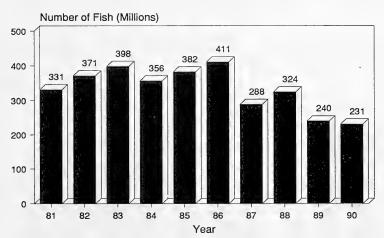
ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF FISH CAUGHT BY MARINE RECREATIONAL ANGLERS BY SPECIES GROUP AND AREA OF FISHING:

ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS, JANUARY 1990 - DECEMBER 1990

		Ocea	n			
Species group	3 Mi or less	Over 3 Mi	10 Mi or less	Over 10 Mi	Inland	Total
			Tho	usands		
Herrings	1,221	265	2,468	99	14,740	18,792
Saltwater catfishes	2,491	487	705	43	7,859	11,585
Black sea bass	1,488	3,993	934	681	5,766	12,862
Bluefish	5,412	1,765	121	-	8,265	15,565
Red snapper	66	515	108	75	-	773
Scup	3,479	956	*	-	6,048	10,484
Pinfish	676	69	1,436	220	4,135	6,536
Sheepshead	656	95	151	-	2,752	3,658
Spotted seatrout	1,870	346	2,068	89	7,290	11,662
Weakfish	458	323	*	*	1,124	1,904
Sand seatrout	1,621	744	368	43	1,349	4,125
Spot	2,382	290	-	*	15,227	17,901
Kingfishes	1,471	46	241	-	1,110	2,882
Atlantic croaker	2,093	164	57	-	10,729	13,044
Red drum	620	118	352	34	1,606	2,730
Mullets	653	51	130	*	2,759	3,593
King mackerel	192	393	331	82	-	1,004
Summer flounder	3,278	429	*	*	4,733	8,440
Winter flounder	953	65	*	*	2,735	3,753
Other fishes	14,294	12,127	11,188	7,309	34,659	79,577
Total	45,374	23,242	20,661	8,696	132,899	230,872

Note: -- "Ocean 10 mi or less" and "ocean over 10 mi" refers only to the Florida Gulf coast where state jurisdiction extends to three marine leagues, approximately ten nautical miles. The total ocean estimate is additive across the four areas. A dash (-) denotes less than thirty thousand. However the number is included in row and column totals. An asterisk (*) denotes none reported. Row and column totals may not add due to rounding.

MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERIES CATCH ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS, 1981 - 1990



Note: 1990 data are provisional.

U.S. MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERIES

ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF FISHING TRIPS BY MARINE RECREATIONAL ANGLERS BY SUBREGION AND AREA OF RESIDENCE:

ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS, JANUARY 1990 - DECEMBER 1990

Subregion	Trips by coastal residents	Trips by non-coastal residents	Non- resident trips	Total
		Thous	sands	
North Atlantic	3,906]	354	1,540	5,800
Mid-Atlantic	9,709	327	2,696	12,732
South Atlantic	8,101	632	2,369	11,102
Gulf of Mexico (1)	7,634	251	2,265	10,150
Total (2)	29,350	1,564	8,870	39,784

(1) Excludes estimates for Texas.

(2) Excludes January/February trips from Maine through Georgia, November/December trips from Maine and New Hampshire, and partyboat trips from the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico subregions.

ESTIMATED TOTAL NUMBER OF FISHING TRIPS BY MARINE RECREATIONAL ANGLERS BY SUBREGION AND MODE OF FISHING:

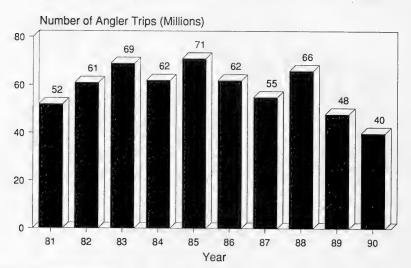
ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS, JANUARY 1990 - DECEMBER 1990

Subregion	Shore	Charter	Party/	Private/	Total
		Boats	Charter Boats	Rental Boats	
-			Thousands		
North Atlantic	2,324	*	532	2,944	5,800
Mid-Atlantic	3,745	*	1,592	7,395	12,732
South Atlantic	5,832	482	*	4,788	11,102
Gulf of Mexico (1)	3,812	527	*	5,811	10,150
Total (2)	15,713	1,009	2,124	20,938	39,784

(1) Excludes estimates for Texas.

(2) Excludes January/February trips from Maine through Georgia, November/December trips from Maine and New Hampshire, and partyboat trips from the South Atlantic and Gulf of Mexico subregions.

MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHING TRIPS ATLANTIC AND GULF COASTS, 1981 - 1990



Note: 1990 data are provisional.

U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE

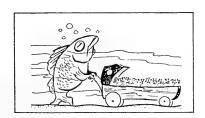
FOREIGN CATCH

ALL FOREIGN COUNTRIES: CATCH IN THE U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE (EEZ), BY COUNTRY, 1989 AND 1990

				Alaska		
	North	Washington,		Eastern		Grand
Country	Atlantic	Oregon, and	Gulf of	Bering Sea	Total	total
	(1)	California	Alaska	and Aleutian	Alaska	
				Islands		
		<u>- M</u> e	etric tons,	round weight-		
1990:						
German Democratic		1	1	1	+	ı
Republic	9,207.7	_	_	_	_	9,207.7
Poland	(2)	-	-	_	-	(2)
Grand Total	9,207.7	-	_	_	_	9,207.7
			ć			
1989;						
European Economic						
Community, Netherlands.	(3)	-	-	-	-	(3)
Other:						
German Democratic	10 000 0					
Republic	18,008.8 7,603.5	_	_		_	18,008.8 7,603.5
USSR	11,489.4		_	122.0	122.0	11,611.4
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	11,400.4			122.0	122.0	11,011.4
Grand Total	37,101.7	_	1, 2 -	122.0	122.0	37,223.7
			,			

⁽¹⁾ Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, northward. (2) Included with German Democratic Republic other finfish. (3) Included with USSR catch.

Note:--Excludes tunas and prohibited species. For further information see text on page iv FOREIGN CATCH IN U.S. EEZ. Catches are for calendar year only. Some fishing years overlap 2 calendar years.



U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE

FOREIGN CATCH

ALL FOREIGN COUNTRIES: CATCH IN THE U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE (EEZ),
BY SPECIES AND AREA, 1989 AND 1990

	270120		A, 1909 AND	Alaska		
						Grand
	North	Washington,		Eastern		
Species	Atlantic	Oregon, and	Gulf of	Bering Sea	Total	total
	(1)	California	Alaska	and Aleutian	Alaska	
				Islands		
		Me	etric tons,	round weight-		
<u>1990:</u>						
Butterfish	(2)	-	-	-	-	(2)
Hake:						
Atlantic, silver			_			
(whiting)	(2)	_	_	-	-	(2)
Herrings, river (alewives)	14.1	-	_	-	-	14.1
Mackerel, Atlantic	8,670.6	-	_	_	-	8,670.6
Other finfish	523.0	_	_	-	_	523.0
						9,207.7
Total fish	9,207.7	-			<u> </u>	9,201.1
Squid, Atlantic:						
Short-finned	(2)		_			(2)
	(2)	-	-			(2)
Long-finned						
Total shellfish	(2)	e selete Lore	-	-11	-	(2)
Grand total	9,207.7	3 to 10 to 1	-	-	344 4411	9,207.7
1989:						
Butterfish	0.9	-	-	-	-	0.9
Hake:				1		
Atlantic:						
Red	(2)	-	-	-	-	(2)
Silver (whiting)	18.3	-	-	-	-	18.3
Herrings, river (alewives)	76.2	-	-	-	-	76.2
Mackerel, Atlantic	36,823.0	-	-	-	-	36,823.0
Other finfish	179.8	-	-			179.8
Total fish	37,098.2					37,098.2
Snails (meats)	_		_	122.0	122.0	122.0
Squid, Atlantic:	_	_		122.0	122.0	122.0
	/23	_				(2)
Short-finned	(2)		_		_	3.5
	3.5	-		100.0	****	
Total shellfish	3.5	80 0 yr = 12 ;	2 1 1 2 S	122.0	122,0	125.5
Grand total	37,101.7	-	-	122.0	122.0	37, 223.7

⁽¹⁾ Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, northward. (2) Included with other finfish.

Note:--Excludes tunas and prohibited species. For further information see text on page iv FOREIGN CATCH IN U.S. EEZ. Catches are for calendar year only. Some fishing years overlap 2 calendar years.

FOREIGN CATCH

NORTH ATLANTIC: FOREIGN CATCH, BY COUNTRY AND SPECIES, 1988-90

Hake: Red. (2) -	Country and species	1988	1989	1990
Netherlands:		<u>-Me</u>	tric tons, round weig	ht
Hake, silver (whiting)				
Herring, river (alewives)				
Mackerel, Atlantic. 12,347,3 (1)				
Other finfish. 27.5 (1) Squid: Short-finned. 1.2 (1) Total. 12,381.3 (1) Total, European Economic Community. 12,381.3 (1) German Democratic Republic: Butterfish. (2) 0.9 Hake: Red. (2) - Red. (2) - Silver (whiting) 3.8 7.2 Herring, river (alewives) 28.3 22.2 1- Mackerel, Atlantic. 20,909.9 17,909.8 8,67 Other finfish. 161.1 67.1 52 Squid: Short-finned. - (2) 2 Long-finned. 1.4 1.6 7.1 52 Sulver (whiting) 0.7 11.1 1				-
Squid: Short-finned.				-
Long-finned		27.5		-
Total		. 7		-
Total, European Reonomic Community. German Democratic Republic: Butterfish	Long-finned	1.2	(1)	_
Serman Democratic Republic: Butterfish.	Total	12,381.3	(1)	-
Serman Democratic Republic: Butterfish.	Total, European			A But the to the
Butterfish		12,381.3	(1)	_
Hake: Red	German Democratic Republic:			
Hake: Red		(2)	0.9	(2)
Silver (whiting) 3.8 7.2 Herring, river (alewives) 28.3 22.2 1 Mackerel, Atlantic 20,909.9 17,909.8 8,67. Other finfish 161.1 67.1 52 Squid: Short-finned - (2) 1.4 1.6 Total 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: Butterfish (2) (2) (2) Hake: Red - (2) (2) Silver (whiting) 0.7 11.1 11.1 Herring, river (alewives) 40.4 28.0 28.0 Mackerel, Atlantic 9,621.5 7,499.1 0.4				,
Silver (whiting) 3.8 7.2 Herring, river (alewives) 28.3 22.2 1 Mackerel, Atlantic 20,909.9 17,909.8 8,67. Other finfish 161.1 67.1 52 Squid: Short-finned - (2) 1.4 1.6 Total 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: Butterfish (2) (2) (2) Hake: Red - (2) (2) Silver (whiting) 0.7 11.1 11.1 Herring, river (alewives) 40.4 28.0 28.0 Mackerel, Atlantic 9,621.5 7,499.1 0.4	Red	(2)	_	_
Herring, river (alewives)			7.2	(2)
Mackerel, Atlantic. 20,909.9 17,909.8 8,67.1 Other finfish. 161.1 67.1 52. Squid: Short-finned. - (2) Long-finned. 1.4 1.6 Total. 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: Butterfish. (2) (2) Hake: Red. - (2) (2) Silver (whiting). 0.7 11.1 Herring, river (alewives). 40.4 28.0 Mackerel, Atlantic. 9,621.5 7,499.1 Other finfish. 104.8 63.4 Squid: Short-finned. - - Long-finned. 0.8 1.9 Total. 9,768.2 7,603.5 USSR: - (2) Hake, silver (whiting). - (2) Harring, river (alewives). - (2) Mackerel, Atlantic. - (2) Mackerel, atlantic. - (2) Herring, river (alewives). - (2) Mackerel, Atlantic. - (2)				14.1
Other finfish 161.1 67.1 52. Squid: Short-finned 1.4 1.6 52. Long-finned 1.4 1.6 52. Total 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: 21,104.5 18,008.8 9,20 Poland: 22,00 22,00 22,00 Hake: Red				8,670.6
Squid: Short-finned				523.0
Long-finned		101.1		323.0
Total		1.4		(2)
Butterfish	Total	21,104.5	18,008.8	9,207.7
Butterfish	Palanda			
Hake: Red		101	40.	
Silver (whiting) 0.7 11.1 Herring, river (alewives) 40.4 28.0 Mackerel, Atlantic 9,621.5 7,499.1 Other finfish 104.8 63.4 Squid: Short-finned - - Long-finned 0.8 1.9 Total 9,768.2 7,603.5 USSR: - (2) Hake, silver (whiting) - (2) Herring, river (alewives) - 26.0 Mackerel, Atlantic - 11,414.1 Other finfish - 49.3 Squid: Short-finned - (2) Long-finned - (2) Total - 11,489.4		(2)		(3)
Herring, river (alewives)		_		_
Mackerel, Atlantic. 9,621.5 7,499.1 Other finfish. 104.8 63.4 Squid: Short-finned. - - Long-finned. 0.8 1.9 Total. 9,768.2 7,603.5 USSR: - (2) Herring, river (alewives) - 26.0 Mackerel, Atlantic. - 11,414.1 Other finfish. - 49.3 Squid: Short-finned. - (2) Long-finned. - (2) Total. - 11,489.4				(3)
Other finfish. 104.8 63.4 Squid: Short-finned. - - Long-finned. 0.8 1.9 Total. 9,768.2 7,603.5 USSR: - (2) Harring, river (alewives) - 26.0 Mackerel, Atlantic - 11,414.1 Other finfish - 49.3 Squid: Short-finned - (2) Long-finned - (2) Total - 11,489.4	Herring, river (alewives)	40.4	28.0	(3)
Squid: Short-finned - - Long-finned 0.8 1.9 Total 9,768.2 7,603.5 USSR: - (2) Hake, silver (whiting) - (2) Mackerel, Atlantic - 11,414.1 Other finfish - 49.3 Squid: Short-finned - (2) Long-finned - (2) Total - 11,489.4	Mackerel, Atlantic	9,621.5	7,499.1	(3)
Long-finned	Other finfish	104.8	63.4	(3)
Total	Squid: Short-finned	_	_	(3)
USSR: Hake, silver (whiting)	Long-finned	0.8	1.9	_
Hake, silver (whiting)	Total	9,768.2	7,603.5	(3)
Hake, silver (whiting)	neen.			
Herring, river (alewives) 26.0 Mackerel, Atlantic 11,414.1 Other finfish 49.3 Squid: Short-finned (2) Long-finned (2) Total 11,489.4			/01	
Mackerel, Atlantic		_		_
Other finfish		-		_
Squid: Short-finned		-		-
Long-finned (2) Total 11,489.4				_
Total 11,489.4		-		_
Grand total	Grand total	43,254.0	37,101.7	9,207.7

Included with USSR catch. (2) Included with other finfish. (3) Included with German Democratic Republic other finfish.

Note:--Excludes tunas and prohibited species. For further information see text on page iv FOREIGN CATCH IN U.S. EEZ. Catches are for calendar year only. Some fishing years overlap 2 calendar years.

U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE

FOREIGN CATCH

WASHINGTON, OREGON, AND CALIFORNIA: FOREIGN CATCH, BY COUNTRY AND SPECIES, 1988-90

Country and species	1988	1989	1990
	<u>M</u> e	tric tons, round weigh	nt
Poland:			
Flounders (flatfish)	2.5	_	-
Hake, Pacific (whiting)	18,041.0	-	-
Jack mackerel	48.5	_	-
Ocean perch, Pacific	2.5	-	-
Rockfishes	149.1	-	_
Sablefish	26.9		-
Other finfishes	67.7	_	
Total	18,338.2	-	-

Note: -- Excludes tunas and prohibited species. Catches are for calendar year only.

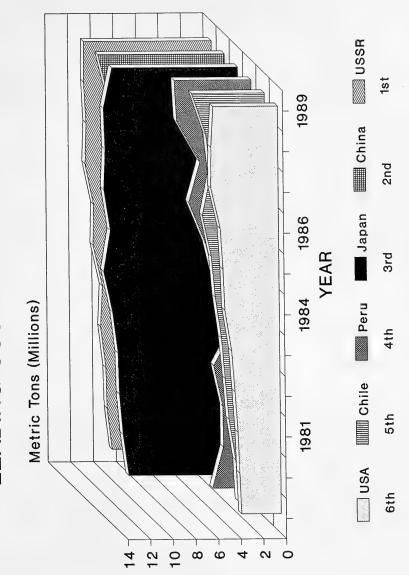
EASTERN BERING SEA AND ALEUTIAN ISLANDS: FOREIGN CATCH, BY COUNTRY AND SPECIES, 1988-90

	1000	1000	1000
Country and species	1988	1989	1990
	<u>Me</u>	tric tons, round weigh	<u>nt</u>
		1	
USSR, Snail (meats)	_	122.0	-

Note: -- Excludes tunas and prohibited species. Catches are for calendar year only.



WORLD COMMERCIAL CATCH BY LEADING COUNTRIES 1979 - 1989



WORLD FISHERIES

U.S. AND WORLD COMMERCIAL FISH CATCHES, 1954-89

		commercial exvessel va				commercial o	catch	
Year	Published by U.S. (excludes	Published	Exvessel	Fresh-		Marine		Grand
	weight of mollusk shells)	by FAO (1)	value	water	Peruvian anchovy	Other (2)	Total	total
:		etric tons weight	Billion dollars					
1954	2.2	2.8	0.4	3.2	0.0	24.4	24.4	27.6
1955	2.2	2.8	0.3	3.4	0.0	25.5	25.5	28.9
1956	2.4	3.0	0.4	3.5	0.1	27.2	27.3	30.8
1957	2.2	2.8	0.4	3.9	0.3	27.5	27.8	31.7
1958	2.2	2.7	0.4	4.5	0.8	28.0	28.8	33.3
1959	2.3	2.9	0.4	5.1	2.0	29.8	31.8	36.9
1960	2.2	2.8	0.4	5.6	3.5	31.1	34.6	40.2
1961	2.4	2.9	0.4	5.7	5.3	32.6	37.9	43.6
1962	2.4	3.0	0.4	5.8	7.1	31.9	39.0	44.8
1963	2.2	2.8	0.4	5.9	7,2	33.5	40.7	46.6
1964	2.1	2.6	0.4	6.2	9,8	35.9	45.7	51.9
1965	2.2	2.7	0.4	7.0	7.7	38.5	46.2	53.2
1966	1.9	2.5	0.5	7.3	9,6	40.4	50.0	57.3
1967	1.8	2.4	0.4	7.2	10.5	42.7	53.2	60.4
1968	1.9	2.5	0.5	7.4	11.3	45.2	56.5	63.9
1969	1.9	2.5	0.5	7.6	9.7	45.4	55.1	62.7
1970	2.2	2.8	0.6	8.4	13.1	46.6	59.7	65.6
1971	2.3	2.9	0.7	9.0	11.2	48.3	59.5	66.1
1972	2.2	2.8	0.7	5.7	4.8	53.7	58.5	62.0
1973	2.2	2.8	0.9	5.7	1.7	55.3	57.0	62.7
1974	2.3	2.8	0.9	5.8	4,0	56.7	60.7	66.5
1975	2.2	2.8	1.0	6.2	3.3	56.9	60.2	66.4
1976	2.4	3.0	1.3	5.9	4.3	59.6	63.9	69.8
1977	2.4	3.0	1.5	6.1	0.8	62.0	62.8	68.9
1978	2.7	3.4	1.9	5.8	1.2	63.6	64.8	70.6
1979	2.8	3.5	2.2	5.9	1.4	63.8	65.2	71.1
1980	2.9	3.6	2.2	6.2	0.7	65.1	65.8	72.0
1981	2.7	3.8	2.4	6.6	1.2	67.0	68.2	74.8
1982	2.9	4.0	2.4	8.5	1.8	66.9	68.7	77.2
1983	2.9	4.3	2.4	9.3	0.1	68.2	68.3	77.6
1984	2.9	5.0	2.3	10.0	0,1	73.8	73.9	83.9
1985	2.8	4.9	2.3	10.7	1.0	74.7	75.7	86.4
1986	2.7	5.2	2.8	11.8	4.9	76.1	81.0	92.8
1987	3.1	6.0	3.1	12.7	2.1	79.5	81.6	94.3
1988	3.3	5.9	3.5	13.4	3.6	81.8	85.4	98.8
1989	3.8	5.7	3.2	13.8	5.4	80.3	85.7	99.5

(1) Includes U.S.-flag vessel landings at foreign ports, transfer of catches onto foreign vessels within the U.S. EEZ (joint ventures), and the weight of mollusk shells. (2) Includes diadromous fishes including salmon and other anadromous fishes and catadromous fishes such as eels.

Note: --There are 2,204.6 pounds in a metric ton. Prior to 1970, the world commercial catch of whales and seals is excluded. For the years 1970-1989, data for marine mammals and aquatic plants are excluded. There is a revision in the total world commercial catch back to 1970 as published in FAO Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, Vol. 48 and 50. However, prior to 1974, data on freshwater and marine catches were not revised. Therefore, for the years 1970 to 1973, data will not add to the grand total

data will not add to the grand total.

Source:--Fishery Statistics of the United States; Fisheries of the United States; Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, Rome; various issues.

WORLD FISHERIES

WORLD COMMERCIAL CATCH OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, BY COUNTRIES, 1985-89 (DOES NOT INCLUDE MARINE MAMMALS AND AQUATIC PLANTS)

Total	86,398	92,776	94,274	98,763	99,53
All others	8,517	8,798	9,272	9,468	9,48
Ghana	276	320	381	362	36
Tanzania	301	310	342	393	38
Netherlands	504	455	446	399	42:
Pakistan	408	416	428	445	44
Turkey	578	583	628	676	45
Argentina	407	421	560	493	48
New Zealand	305	345	431	503	51
Morocco	473	595	494	552	52
Italy	589	568	560	577	55
Poland	683	645	671	655	56
Malaysia	640	622	619	612	60
Burma	649	687	686	705	70:
Ecuador	1,087	1,003	680	771	
United Kingdom	891	850	945	937	82. 72:
Bangladesh	776	797	817	830	82
Brazil	967	941	934	829	83:
ietnam	808	825	871	874	85
rance	838	870	846	883	86
outh Africa	775	819	1,424	1,298	87
pain	1,483	1,434	1,393	1,430	1,37 87
exico	1,226	1,316	1,419	1,372	1,41
celand	1,680	1,659	1,633	1,759	
anada	1,453	1,510	1,562	1,597	1,50
orea (3)	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,70
orway	2,119	1,914	1,949	1,840	1,70
enmark	1,765	1,849	1,706	1,972	1,90
hilippines	1,865	1,916	1,989	2,010	1,92
ndonesia	2,333	2,457	2,585	2,703	2,70
hailand	2,225	2,536	2,779		2,70
epublic of Korea.	2,650	3,103	2,876	2,727	2,82
ndia	2,826	2,923	2,908	3,126	2,832
nited States (2).	4,949	5,167	5,986	5,937	3,619
hile	4,804	5,572	4,815	5,210	5,74
eru	4,137	5,614	4,584	6,638	6,45
apan	11,409	11,976	11,849	11,967	11,174 6,832
hina	6,779	8,000	9,346	10,359	11,220
SSR	10,523	11,260	11,160	11,332	11,310
			nd metric tons- ive weight		
Country	1985(1)		1 short a book		

⁽¹⁾ Revised.

Note:--Statistics for mariculture, aquaculture, and other kinds of fish farming, etc., except for the United States are included in country totals. Statistics on quantities caught by recreational fishermen are excluded.

Source: -- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989, Vol. 68, Rome.

⁽²⁾ Includes the weight of clam, oyster, scallop, and other mollusk shells. This weight is not included in U.S. landings statistics shown elsewhere.

⁽³⁾ Data estimated by FAO.

WORLD COMMERCIAL CATCH OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, BY CONTINENT, 1985-89 (DOES NOT INCLUDE MARINE MAMMALS AND AQUATIC PLANTS)

Continent	1985(1)	1986(1)	1987(1)	1988(1)	1989
		Thous	sand metric tor Live weight	15	
North America	8,371	8,633	9,626	9,532	9,419
South America	11,931	14,121	12,155	14,480	15,953
Europe	12,951	12,721	12,615	12,893	12,241
USSR	10,523	11,260	11,160	11,332	11,310
Asia	37,753	40,765	42,577	44,269	44,795
Africa	4,262	4,592	5,338	5,378	4,953
Oceania	607	684	803	879	864
Total	86,398	92,776	94,274	98,763	99,535

(1) Revised.

Source: -- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989; Vol. 68, Rome.



WORLD COMMERCIAL CATCH OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, BY MAJOR FISHING AREAS, 1985-1989 (DOES NOT INCLUDE MARINE MAMMALS AND AQUATIC PLANTS)

71112710, 1500	1303 (BOLO 1101	HVOLODE WAY	E WIN WHITE THE	D AGOATIO I LAN	110)
Area	1985 (1)	1986(1)	1987 (1)	1988 (1)	1989
		The	ousand metric to	ns	
			Live weight	_	
Marine Areas:					
Pacific Ocean	45,652	50,735	49,776	53,298	54,685
Atlantic Ocean	25,092	25,069	26,355	26,340	24,992
Indian Ocean	4,957	5,213	5,415	5,721	6,081
Total	75,701	81,017	81,546	85,359	85,758
Inland waters:		<u> </u>			
North America	443	484	573	535	529
South America	329	362	386	356	322
Europe	431	459	449	475	476
USSR	906	927	988	996	1,020
Asia	7,025	7,840	8,564	9,176	9,536
Africa	1,543	1,667	1,746	1,843	1,871
Oceania	20	20	22	23	23
Total	10,697	11,759	12,728	13,404	13,777
Grand total	86,398	92,776	94,274	98,763	99,535

(1) Revised.

Source: -- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989; Vol. 68, Rome.

WORLD FISHERIES

WORLD COMMERCIAL CATCH OF FISH, CRUSTACEANS, AND MOLLUSKS, BY SPECIES GROUPS, 1985-1989, (DOES NOT INCLUDE MARINE MAMMALS AND AQUATIC PLANTS)

Species group	1985 (1)	1986(1)	1987(1)	1988 (1)	1989			
	Thousand metric tons							
			Live weight					
Cods, hakes, haddocks	12,466	13,556	13,785	13,641	12,831			
Flatfish	1,351	1,316	1,289	1,338	1,192			
Herrings, sardines, anchovies	21,101	23,955	22,314	24,113	24,574			
Jacks, mullets, sauries	8,315	7,474	8,299	9,137	9,243			
Mackerel, snoeks, cutlassfishes.	3,829	4,010	3,644	3,846	3,826			
Redfish, basses, congers	5,207	5,956	5,694	5,646	5,907			
Salmons, trouts, smelts	1,172	1,093	1,091	1,162	1,437			
Sharks, rays, chimaeras	620	627	662	680	688			
Tunas, bonitos, billfishes	3,196	3,465	3,586	3,993	4,010			
Other fishes	18,725	20,330	21,604	22,650	23,107			
Crabs	888	899	972	1,036	1,146			
Lobsters	214	221	228	222	207			
Shrimp	2,134	2,233	2,364	2,518	2,443			
Other crustaceans	436	726	690	671	705			
Oysters	1,088	1,077	1,112	1,094	1,020			
Scallops	604	531	741	869	840			
Squids, cuttlefishes, octopus	1,787	1,752	2,312	2,255	2,537			
Other mollusks	2,965	3,206	3,522	3,590	3,482			
Miscellaneous	300	349	365	302	340			
Total	86,398	92,776	94,274	98,763	99,535			

⁽¹⁾ Revised.

Source: -- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989, Vol. 68, Rome.

DISPOSITION OF WORLD COMMERCIAL CATCH, 1985-1989 (DOES NOT INCLUDE MARINE MAMMALS AND AQUATIC PLANTS)

Item	1985(1)	1986(1)	1987(1)	1988(1)	1989
		Pe	rcent of tota	1	
Marketed fresh	18.6	19.5	21.0	22.2	21.3
Frozen	23.9	23.6	23.6	23.1	23.4
Canned	13.3	12.5	12.4	12.0	12.1
Cured	14.8	14.1	14.5	14.0	14.1
Reduced to meal and oil (2)	27.9	29.0	27.2	27.4	27.7
Miscellaneous purposes	1.5	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
Total	100.0	100.0	. 100.0	100.0	100.0

⁽¹⁾ Revised.

(2) Only whole fish destined for the manufacture of oils and meals are included. Raw material for reduction derived from fish primarily destined for marketing fresh, frozen, canned, cured, and miscellaneous purposes is excluded; such waste quantities are included under the other disposition channels.

Source: -- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989, Vol. 69, Rome.

WORLD IMPORTS AND EXPORTS OF SEVEN FISHERY COMMODITY GROUPS, BY LEADING COUNTRIES, 1986-89

	1006 (1)	1007 (1)	1988 (1)	1989
Country	1986 (1)	1987 (1)	.S. dollars	
		Inousand U.	.S. dollars	
<u>IMPORTS</u>	C 500 515	8,308,077	10,657,717	10,127,471
Japan	6,593,515	5,662,329	5,389,345	5,756,927
United States	4,748,692 1,510,431	2,021,868	2,243,783	2,199,878
France	1,264,513	1,738,226	1,898,823	1,984,470
Italy	721,977	1,321,771	1,725,879	1,816,160
Spain	1.216.053	1,386,818	1,577,597	1,612,053
United Kingdom	1,112,060	1,268,965	1,428,863	1,479,366
Fed. Rep. of Germany	624,726	794,280	1,030,588	988,063
Hong Kong,	596,060	842,476	852,367	864,219
Denmark	283,658	267,149	537,918	726,846
	387,935	509,430	577,895	671,949
Netherlands	433,087	511,901	593,327	659,238
Canada	425,923	529,941	582,893	603,053
Belgium	197,827	308,247	403,227	452,004
Taiwan	333,934	404,897	421,347	408,338
Sweden	256,373	424,716	457,133	390,589
Singapore	257,666	312,955	370,311	366,126
Australia	236,821	284,997	304,852	353,855
Switzerland	264,921	332,826	362,960	345,236
Other Countries	2,759,301	3,305,626	3,908,205	4,090,162
Total	24, 225, 473	30,537,495	35,325,030	35,896,003
<u>EXPORTS</u>				
United States	1,480,990	1,824,788	2,441,176	2,532,444
Canada	1,751,809	2,092,170	2,206,439	2,051,251
Thailand	1,011,896	1,261,066	1,630,891	1,959,427
Denmark	1,381,460	1,750,652	1,855,542	1,745,056
Taiwan	1,374,723	1,742,028	1,751,539	1,591,648
Norway	1,171,170	1,474,930	1,608,071	1,563,496
Republic of Korea	1,171,111	1,540,072	1,784,068	1,538,408
China	645,813	912,476	1,398,576	1,392,904
Netherlands	766,379	. 953,177	948,156	1,061,331
Iceland	857,994	1,071,067	1,060,389	1,026,990
Japan	897,850	889,827	1,037,341	919,180
Chile	516,023	635,583	804,746	895,780
United Kingdom	511,130	717,418	718,228	775,962
Spain	398,703	474,752	650,542	775,763
France	501,233	654,464	730,885	772,724
Indonesia	340,619	441,079	664,483	767,422
USSR	587,080	637,287	799,633	719,677
Hong Kong	421,605	. 505,815	734,798	687,686
Fed. Rep. of Germany	357,740	437,934	494,151	553,201
Other Countries	8,404,434	10,031,031	11,492,017	11,986,263
				32,784,169

(1) Revised.

Note: --Data on imports and exports cover the international trade of 176 countries or areas. The total value of exports is consistently less than the total value of imports, probably because charges for insurance, freight, and similar expenses were included in the import value but not in the export value. The seven fishery commodity groups covered by this table are: 1. Fish, fresh, chilled or frozen; 2. Fish, dried, salted, or smoked; 3. Crustaceans and mollusks, fresh, dried, salted, etc.; 4. Fish products and preparations, whether or not in airtight containers; 5. Crustacean and mollusk products and preparations, whether or not in airtight containers; 6. Oils and fats, crude or refined, of aquatic animal origin; and 7. Meals solubles, and similar animal foodstuffs of aquatic animal origin.

Source: -- Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) - Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989, Vol. 69, Rome.

VALUE OF PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1989 AND 1990 (Processed from domestic catch and imported products)

Item	198	9	1990 (1)		
	Thousand dollars	Percent of total	Thousand dollars	Percent of total	
Edible:					
Fresh and frozen	4,516,984	65.6	5,429,898	73.4	
Canned	1,753,536	25.5	1,414,846	19.1	
Cured	174,282	2.5	203,039	2.7	
Total edible	6, 444, 802	93.5	7,047,783	95.2	
Industrial: Bait and animal food					
(canned)	238,343	3.5	146,947	2.0	
Meal, oil, and	156,321	2.3	163,796	2.2	
solubles	49,756	0.7	42,759	0.6	
Total industrial.	444,420	6.5		4.8	
Grand total	6,889,222	100.0	7,401,285	100.0	

⁽¹⁾ Preliminary. May not add due to rounding.

Note:--Value is based on selling price at the plant. Processed Fishery Products, Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fishery Statistics No. 9003 will provide additional information.

FISH STICKS, FISH PORTIONS, AND BREADED SHRIMP, 1981-90

U.S. PRODUCTION OF FISH STICKS, FISH PORTIONS, AND BREADED SHRIMP, 1981-90

YEAR	Fish sticks		Fish p	ortions	Breaded shrimp		
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	
1981	88,972	96,754	328,407	388,722	85,177	254,283	
1982	91,178	105,516	304,104	385,894	94,391	282,026	
1983	86,928	115,556	335,270	410,858	100,106	337,604	
1984	92,441	109,677	333,212	413,789	94,522	386,222	
1985	96,239	111,265	330,362	367,734	95,734	369,415	
1986	87,289	94,290	341,628	393,956	107,834	354,808	
1987	98,927	*142,946	323,746	*445,631	108,937	358,442	
1988	80,148	113,868	301,229	438,873	99,471	371,798	
1989	89,112	116,440	279,777	400,289	*120,950	*404,592	
1990	65,209	74,866	293,608	414,428	114,198	370,654	

^{(1) *}Record. Records-1973 fish sticks production: 127,156,000 lb; 1973 fish portions production: 396,089,000 lb; 1980 other industrial products: \$63,525,000 lb; and 1980 Grand total: \$269,606,000 lb.
Note:-- Processed Fishery Products, Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fishery Statistics No. 9003 will provide additional information.

FISH FILLETS AND STEAKS

PRODUCTION OF FRESH AND FROZEN FILLETS AND STEAKS, BY SPECIES, 1989 AND 1990

Species	1989 (1)	1990			
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars		
Fillets:						
Anglerfish	5,499	14,596	3,459	11,228		
Bluefish	349	492	301	547		
Cod	73,091	136,142	65,687	134,086		
Cusk	852	1,737	583	1,160		
Dolphin	1,201	3,313	1,806	5,611		
Flounders	43,778	141,691	. 52,567	148,732		
Groundfish mixed	6,731	18,089	3,951	10,965		
Groupers	2,184	.10,399	2,074	10,032		
Haddock	7,210	25,736	7,025	24,466		
Hake, Atlantic	1,453	2,990	1,666	3,292		
Halibut	1,849	5,648	1,942	7,483		
Lingcod	1,316	2,278	1,525	2,698		
Ocean perch:		0 407	225			
Atlantic	1,955	3,427	396	1,160		
Pacific	3,016	5,893	3,352	6,248		
Ocean pout	1,238	1,663	1,024	1,611		
Atlantic	11,000	18,321	11,738	20,939		
Alaska	106,190	97,976	164,411	174,317		
Rockfishes	25,374	40,119	36,386	58,128		
Sablefish	2,262	3,915	3,655	5,478		
Salmon	11,324	33,590	6,015	21,778		
Sea trout	485	908	381	764		
Shark	5,701	7,501	9,655	15,757		
Snapper:	*****	.,	3,300	20,101		
Red	546	2,121	299	1,557		
Unclassified	587	3,625	1,097	6,578		
Spanish mackerel	595	886	531	455		
Swordfish	824	5,147	2,137	12,482		
Tuna	1,976	8,079	2,062	12,199		
Whitefish	346	898	326	931		
Wolffish	162	315	145	285		
Yellow perch	611	2,899	406	2,231		
Yellow pike	168	565	130	446		
Unclassified	24,927	55,855	23,287	43,426		
Total	344,800	656,814	410,019	747,070		
Steaks:						
Halibut	12,645	41,390	10,738	40,147		
King mackerel	96	258	79	261		
Salmon	5,070	16,278	3,519	10,119		
Shark	715	1,774	849	2,612		
Swordfish	3,097	12,606	2,231	10,512		
Unclassified	4,659	13,293	6,781	9,394		
Total	26,282	85,599	24,197	73,045		
Grand total	371,082	742, 413	434,216	820,115		
(1) Revised.	574,002	TIE Kary	424,510			

Note: -- The following amounts of frozen fish blocks were produced from the fillets reported above: 30,898,182 lb valued at \$22,496,560 in 1989, and 109,889,000 lb valued at \$116,931,171 in 1990. Final data will be published in Processed Fishery Products, Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fishery Statistics No. 9003.

CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS

PRODUCTION OF CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS, BY SPECIES, 1989 AND 1990

PRODUCTION			1989			1990	
Species	Pounds per case	Standard cases	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Standard cases	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
For human consumption:							
Fish:	00.4	005 105	4 005	7,224	249,680	5,843	9,725
Herring	23.4	206,185	4,825		520,569	23,426	10,500
Mackerel	45	391,600	17,622	6,983	·		
Natural	48	4,105,078	197,044	513,622	4,091,311	196,383	365,979
Specialties	48	106,554	5,115	9,957	2,881	138	733
Sardines, Maine	23.4	564,989	13,221	16,799	565,823	13,240	17,301
Tuna:							
Solid	19.5	6,619,358	129,077	317,665	6,234,684	121,576	299,159
Chunk	19.5	28,511,993	555,984	739,011	23,484,108	457,940	601,613
Flakes	18	67,024	1,206	1,086	60,156	1,083	1,242
Total tuna		35,198,375	686,267	1,057,762	29,778,948	580,599	902,014
Specialties	48	186	9	26	85	4	22
Other	48	537,452	25,798	26,139	391,054	18,771	19,197
Total fish		41,110,419	949,901	1,638,512	35,600,351	838,404	1,325,471
Shellfish:							
Clam and clam							
products: (1)							
Whole and minced.	15	2,364,261	35,464	44,357	2,323,020	34,845	41,385
Chowder and juice		2,937,637	88,129	37,781	2,174,343	65,230	27,772
Specialties	48	233,883	11,226	9,229	200,488	9,623	7,319
Crabs, natural	19.5	25,839	504	3,039	35,645	695	3,810
Lobster meat and							
specialties	48	20,425	980	931	17,141	823	887
Oyster, specialties	48	75,444	3,621	1,254	12,858	617	534
Shrimp:	1.0	,	-,	_,			
Natural (2)	6.75	388,610	2,623	8,753	105,245	710	2,878
Specialties	48	10,357	497	622	63	3	12
Other	48	350,889	16,843	9,058	125,253	6,012	4,778
Total shellfish.		6,407,345	159,887	115,024	4, 994, 056	118,558	89,375
Total for human consumption		47,517,764	1,109,788	1 - 753 - 536	40,594,407	956,962	1,414,846
		,,,,,,	-,,,,,,				
For bait and animal							
food:						001 65:	146 ***
Animal food	48	7,195,393	345,379	237,829	4,609,042	221,234	146,444
Salmon eggs	48	1,774	85	514	1,793	86	503
Total for bait & animal food	48	7, 197, 167	345,464	238,343	-	221,320	146,947
Grand total		54,714,931	1, 455, 252	1,991,879	45, 205, 242	1,178,282	1,561,793

(1) "Cut out" or "drained" weight of can contents are given for whole or minced clams, and net contents for other clam products.

Note:--Final figures will be published in Processed Fishery Products, Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fishery Statistics No. 9003.

⁽²⁾ Drained weight.

CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS

PRODUCTION OF CANNED TUNA, 1989-90

	Pounds	19	89	199	0
Item	per case	Thousand standard cases	Thousand dollars	Thousand standard cases	Thousand dollars
Albacore:					
Solid	19.5	6,063	301,348	5,751	285,186
Chunk	19.5	977	43,943	1,012	41,731
Flakes and grated	18	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Total		7,040	345,291	6,763	326,917
Lightmeat:			•		
Solid	19.5	556	16,317	484	13,974
Chunk	19.5	27,535	695,068	22,472	559,881
Flakes and grated	18	67	1,086	60	1,242
Total		28,158	712,471	23,016	575,097
Grand total		35,198	1,057,762	29,779	902,014

⁽¹⁾ Included with lightmeat.

PRODUCTION OF CANNED SHRIMP, BY AREA, 1989-90

	Pounds	198	9(1)	1990		
Area	per case	Thousand standard cases	Thousand dollars	Thousand standard cases	Thousand dollars	
Gulf States	6.75 6.75	386 3	8,710 43	95 10	2,433 445	
Total	6.75	389	8,753	105	2,878	

PRODUCTION OF CANNED SALMON 1989-90

	111000	OTION OF OANINE	D CALINOIN, 1303-C	70	
	Pounds	198	9(1)	1990	
Item	per case	Thousand standard cases	Thousand dollars	Thousand standard cases	Thousand dollars
Chinook	48	5	654	3	471
Chum	48	169	18,290	127	11,755
Pink	48	3,188	361,675	2,758	201,762
Coho	48	36	5,242	38	3,938
Sockeye	48	707	127,761	1,165	148,053
Total	48	4,105	513,622	4,091	365, 979
(1) Revised.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

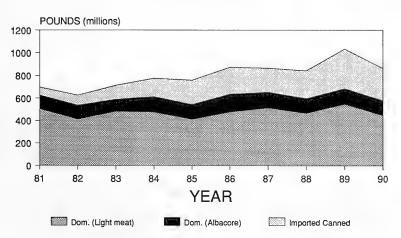
CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS

PRODUCTION OF CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1981-90

Year	For		For		Total	
	human co	nsumption	animal foo	d and bait		
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars
1981	1,067,415	*1,819,409	408,783	134,562	1,476,198	1,953,971
1982	876,157	1,325,435	407,219	132,048	1,283,376	1,953,971
1983	987,329	1,393,604	403,466	140,874	1,390,795	1,534,478
1984	1,041,845	1,435,532	369,123	141,931	1,410,968	1,577,463
1985	913,078	1,269,311	248,068	91,003	1,161,146	1,360,314
1986	1,011,080	1,384,213	320,953	100,377	1,332,033	1,484,590
1987	965,023	1,476,479	220,641	85,416	1,185,664	1,561,895
1988	908,361	1,388,067	222,920	92,722	1,131,281	1,480,789
1989	*1,109,788	1,753,536	345,464	*238,343	1,455,252	*1,991,879
1990	956,962	1,414,846	221,320	146,947	1,178,282	1,561,793

^{*}Record. Records--1973 animal food and bait: 696,357,000 lb; 1973 total: 1,647,357,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED TUNA (CANNED WEIGHT) 1981 - 1990



INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS

PRODUCTION OF MEAL, OIL, AND SOLUBLES, 1989 AND 1990

Product	19	89	1990		
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	
Dried scrap and meal:					
Fish:	460.044	00.000	440.010	77 405	
Menhaden (1)	463,944	89,083	448,012	77,485	
Tuna and mackerel	82,270	10,392	66,290	8,772	
Unclassified	46,790	14,055	40,846	33,028	
Total	593,004	113,530	555,148	119, 285	
Shellfish	25,378	1,519	22,350	1,450	
Total, scrap and meal	618,382	115,049	577, 498	120,735	
Solubles, total	232,709	17,746	185,660	14,067	
Body oil:					
Menhaden (1)	218,542	23,172	273,979	28,188	
Unclassified	6,936	354	7,970	806	
Total, oil	225, 478	23,526	281,949	28,994	

(1) May include small quantities made from other species.

Note:--To convert pounds of oil to gallons divide by 7.75. The above data include production in American Samoa and Puerto Rico. Final data will be published in Fishery Products, Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fisheries Statistics 9003.



PRODUCTION OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS, 1981-90

THE BOOTIEST OF INDBOOTIES, 1507 50							
		Quantity		Value			
Year			Marine	Meal,	Other		
	Meal	Solubles	animal	solubles,	industrial	Grand	
			oil	and oil	products	total	
		Thousand pound	<u>ls</u>	<u>T</u>	housand dollar	rs	
1981	637,018	257,242	184,302	166,738	43,497	210,235	
1982	746,854	305,002	347,513	192,138	41,499	233,637	
1983	763,536	317,006	*399,334	*212,606	39,785	252,391	
1984	751,528	252,076	372,804	189,796	44,258	234,054	
1985	721,682	323,028	285,077	144,724	37,775	182,499	
1986	702,194	195,148	336,708	138,765	36,825	175,590	
1987	*786,978	249,289	298,496	174,321	37,524	211,845	
1988	643,796	223,449	224,733	188,843	46,737	235,580	
1989	618,382	232,709	225,478	156,321	49,756	206,077	
1990	577,498	185,660	281,949	163,796	42,759	206,555	

*Record. Record--1959 fish solubles production: 330,718,000 lb; 1980 other industrial products: \$63,525,000 and 1980 grand total: \$269,606,000.

Note: -- Does not include the value of imported items that may be further processed.

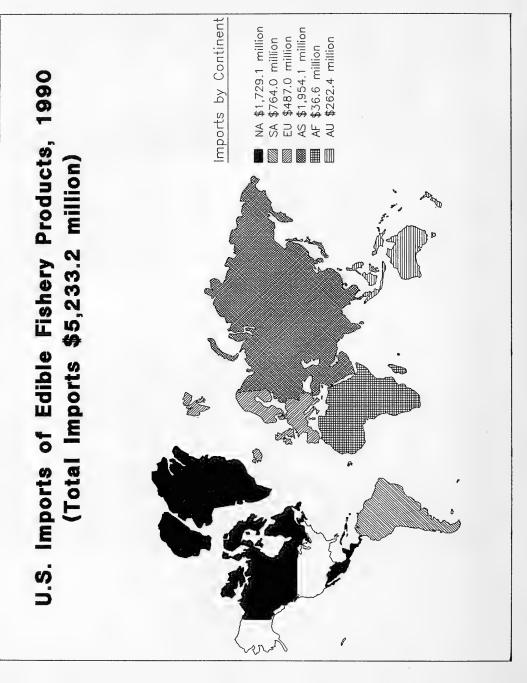
U.S. COLD STORAGE HOLDINGS

FROZEN FISHERY PRODUCTS

U.S. COLD STORAGE HOLDINGS OF FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1990

U.S. COLD STORAGE HOLDINGS OF FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1990					
Item	January	March	June	September	December
	1	31	30	30	31
71 - 1		T	nousand pounds		
Blocks:		1 4 000		1	
Cod	14,242	4,885	7,228	9,834	10,018
Flounder	3,635	1,426	778	1,370	1,622
Greenland turbot	100	52	17	104	149
Haddock	2,390	1,452	1,272	1,910	2,400
Ocean perch	692	1,593	1,283	1,129	1,014
Pollock: Alaska	10,533	11,566	11,261	11,047	11,321
Saithe and other	2,413	1,323	1,217	3,111	1,614
Whiting	2,162	2,492	1,560	1,311	2,298
Minced (grated) all species	11,372	6,438	6,784	11,109	10,028
Unclassified	7,732	5,920	2,772	3,364	3,852
Total blocks	55,271	37,147	34,172	44,289	44,316
Fillets and steaks:					
Cod	35,244	24,709	20,342	10,718	9,309
Flounder	14,838	11,204	9,943	10,147	10,777
Greenland turbot	754	329	308	695	504
Haddock	8,103	4,763	2,842	2,434	1,261
Halibut	2,327	1,467	1,339	1,559	1,883
Ocean perch	7,617	6,670	6,953	4,464	5,032
Pollock	30,772	16,418	11,296	18,385	13,299
Whiting	3,270	2,439	2,421	3,501	4,527
Unclassified	13,451	9,742	12,100	13,180	15,426
Total fillets and steaks	116,376	77,741	67,544	65,083	62,018
Fish sticks and portions					
(cooked uncooked, all species).	27,378	24,152	26,378	29,179	28,166
Round, dressed, etc.:					
Catfish	9,109	9,389	9,295	7,929	9,479
Halibut	9,960	1,589	20,248	15,471	7,240
Rainbow trout	1,902	1,796	1,391	1,078	785
Salmon	39,657	22,916	10,206	45,088	32,868
Whiting	630	608	809	261	258
Unclassified	33,360	28,081	27,434	28,330	30,509
Surimi and analog products	24,998	31,806	35,452	31,343	24,216
Crabs:					
King	3,393	2,316	2,855	1,901	2,092
Snow	12,832	10,270	15,310	11,683	9,176
Unclassified	3,307	2,290	2,189	2,173	3,208
Lobsters (spiny and other)	3,028	2,767	2,098	2,658	2,631
Scallops	3,404	2,064	3,630	3,994	3,161
Shrimp:					0/101
Raw, headless	28,578	19,523	28,295	26,467	27,223
Breaded	6,359	6,753	6,826	6,685	6,005
Peeled		10,939			
Unclassified	14,113 7,134	5,340	13,843 7,966	13,565 8,698	14,532
					11,845
Total shrimp	56,184	42,555	56,930	55,415	59,605
Squid	16,628	10,483	8,275	11,395	14,134
Other shellfish	9,386	8,740	11,163	11,854	11,992
Bait and animal food	9,834	8,762	10,226	11,542	10,729
Total fish and shellfish	420,009	314,989	337,330	369,271	342,449
	**************************************			7777	

Note:--Holdings of frozen fishery products include domestic and imported fish and shellfish. Source:--Frozen Fishery Products, Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fishery Statistics No. 9001 will provide additional information.



IMPORTS

EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS, 1981-90

Year	Edibl	e	Nonedible	Total
	Thousand pounds		- Thousand dollars	
1981	2,272,474	3,034,206	1,171,805	4,206,011
1982	2,225,048	3,202,408	1,321,170	4,523,578
1983	2,386,771	3,626,704	1,502,668	5,129,372
1984	2,454,287	3,742,333	2,141,060	5,883,393
1985	2,754,018	4,064,334	2,614,252	6,678,586
1986	2,978,905	4,813,488	2,812,805	7,626,293
1987	3,201,132	*5,711,233	3,106,464	8,817,697
1988	2,967,786	5,441,628	3,430,369	8,871,997
1989	*3,243,017	5,497,849	*4,106,507	*9,604,356
1990	2,884,613	5,233,165	3,814,513	9,047,678

^{*}Record. Source:--U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.



FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS: VALUE, DUTIES COLLECTED, AND AD VALOREM EQUIVALENT, 1981-90

	Value Duties collected		Average ad valorem equivalent			
Year	Fishery imports	All imports	Fishery imports	All imports	Fishery imports	All imports
		Thousar	nd dollars		Per	cent
1981	4,206,011	260,981,800	102,064	8,893,200	2.4	3.4
1982	4,523,578	243,951,900	111,952	8,687,452	2.5	3.6
1983	5,129,372	256,679,524	116,503	9,430,004	2.3	3.7
1984	5,883,393	322,989,519	145,689	12,042,152	2.5	3.
1985	6,678,586	343,553,150	191,421	13,066,970	2.9	3.8
1986	7,626,293	368,656,594	187,791	13,312,112	2.5	3.
1987	8,817,697	402,066,002	178,861	13,922,567	2.0	3.5
1988	8,871,995	437,140,185	206,470	15,054,304	2.3	3.4
1989	9,604,356	472,976,600	235,851	16,096,400	2.5	3.4
1990	9,047,678	490,553,800	213,710	16,338,700	2.4	3.:

IMPORTS

FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS, BY PRINCIPAL ITEMS, 1989 AND 1990

Item	1989		1990		
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	
Edible fishery products:					
Fresh and frozen: Whole or eviscerated:					
Cod, cusk, haddock, hake					
and pollock	85,880	45,091	73,504	39,006	
Flatfish	33,779	46,386	27,970	40,981	
Salmon	98,799	228,855	104,322	252,880	
Tuna:					
Albacore	200,306	202,291	150,158	145,758	
Other (1)	449,431	199,449	303,551	193,542	
Other	221,404	221,343	241,030	240,703	
Fillets and steaks:	66,403	138,856	60,311	130,548	
FlatfishGroundfish	265,001	437,044	200,980	351,913	
Other	186,216	351,400	197,123	327, 471	
Blocks and slabs	283,278	325,689	264,468	373,292	
Shrimp	491,649	1,684,788	491,613	1,639,181	
Crabmeat	10,317	41,389	10,822	46,978	
Lobster:		· 1	· ·		
American	48,912	246,420	44,672	168,052	
Spiny	23,042	206,228	29,418	271,920	
Scallops (meats)	40,874	139,008	39,839	130,453	
Other fish and shellfish	106,907	180,569	96,191	168,630	
Canned:		10 450	5 706	10 110	
Anchovy	5,822	19,450	5,736	19,410	
Herring	5,869	8,164	3,373	2,829	
Mackerel	18,664	8,507	18,940 1,378	8,014	
Salmon	2,943	9,794	1,376	4,241	
In oil	21,771	29,840	18,660	27,304	
Not in oil	34,608	25,529	38,303	27,885	
Tuna	348,212	375,911	284,593	293,873	
Clams	12,686	11,145	13,858	11,117	
Crabmeat	8,280	21,649	8,563	23,799	
Lobsters	314	1,412	165	933	
Oysters	20,405	36,893	13,920	26,969	
Shrimp	11,315	20,399	9,735	19,510	
Balls, cakes, and puddings	11,104	17,694	9,773	14,020	
Other fish and shellfish	31,423	55,570	31,262	62,720	
Cured:	10 075	02 061	16 050	20 200	
Dried	10,075	23,961	16,058	39,399	
Pickled or salted	50,499 5,234	54,468 18,760	44,603 9,974	49,347 29,835	
Smoked or kippered	2,103	14,413	2,504	15,007	
Prepared meals	16,153	28,742	11,129	18,893	
Other fish and shellfish	13,339	20,742	6,114	16,752	
Total edible fishery products.	3,243,017	5, 497, 849	2,884,613	5,233,165	
Nonedible fishery products:					
Meal and scrap	171,112	31,715	239,426	38,643	
Fish oils	25,449	9,936	36,702	10,209	
Other	_	4,064,856	_	3,765,661	
Total nonedible fishery	a Noti je i tjetovije, vesta i užbevi	Cardida Marca Casa y Maria A	arte 6 kissi ikitik taksoklat	Static Service States	
	**************************************	4, 106, 507	processor of the first transfer of the Alberta	3,814,513	
products					

⁽¹⁾ Includes loins and discs.

Note:--Data include imports into the United States and Puerto Rico and landings of tuna by foreign vessels at American Samoa. Statistics on imports are the weight of individual products as exported, i.e., fillets, steaks, whole, headed, etc.

IMPORTS

EDIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS IMPORTS, 1990

Continent and Country	E AND NONEDIBLE F		Nonedible	Total	
Concinent and country	Thousand				
	pounds				
North America:	690,632	1,174,521	275,721	1,450,242	
CanadaMexico	80,732	278,943	51,193	330,136	
Panama	27,835	63,197	3,995	67,192	
Dominican Republic	939	2,808	59,154	61,962	
Honduras	15,414	61,759	14	61,773	
Other	60,459	147,848	15,601	163,449	
Total	876,011	1,729,076	405, 678	2,134,754	
South America:	870,011	1,123,070	103,070	2,101,701	
Ecuador	149,043	340,604	914	341,518	
Chile	75,928	119,331	18,072	137,403	
Brazil	29,434	83,935	37,651	121,586	
Peru	32,157	34,035	63,393	97,428	
Argentina	62,719	59,035	21,598	80,633	
Other	78,191	127,076	29,837	156,913	
Total	427, 472	764,016	171,465	935, 481	
Europe:					
European Economic					
Community:	605	1,593	1,066,052	1,067,645	
Italy	18,698	9,077	278,404	287,481	
France	1,436	2,788	149,068	151,856	
Fed. Rep of Germany	6,426	23,656	80,643	104,299	
United Kingdom	32,564	68,374	24,660	93,034	
Denmark	53,807	78,450	134,627	213,077	
Total	113,536	183, 938	1,733,454	1,917,392	
Other:	72,488	143,687	490	144,177	
Iceland	40,802	113,005	8,961	121,966	
Norway Switzerland	742	2,167	57,141	59,308	
Turkey	110	189	23,021	23,210	
Poland		17,490	513	18,003	
Other	27,790 11,396	26,537	38,433	64,970	
Total	153,328	303,075	128,559	431,634	
Asia:					
Thailand	375,916	592,271	279,244	871,515	
China	155,028	399,394	34,499	433,893	
Hong Kong	12,629	18,458	385,737	404,195	
Japan	85,161	150,884	202,894	353,778	
Republic of Korea	82,692	124,032	86,633	210,665	
Other	448,446	669,067	339,587	1,008,654	
Total	1,159,872	1,954,106	1,328,594	3,282,700	
Australia and Oceania:		100	16.001	147 005	
Australia	25,677	130,991	16,094	147,085	
New Zealand	59,561	126,445	6,810	133,255	
French Polynesia	423	352	8,671	9,023	
Fiji	1,244	2,487	220	2,707 656	
Vanuatu	1,390	651 1,450	625	2,075	
Other					
Total	88,803	262,376	32,425	294,801	
Africa: Ghana	52,254	17,314	3	17,317	
Morocco	2,858	6,850	3,307	10,157	
Botswana	2,000		7,239	7,239	
Nigeria	3,599	5,789	564	6,353	
Mauritius	3,517	2,663	62	2,725	
Other	3,363	3,962	3,163	7,125	
Total	65,591	36,578	14,338	50,916	
	2,884,613	5, 233, 165	3,814,513	9,047,678	
Grand total	2,004,013	3,233,103	27013,313	.5,511,610	

IMPORTS

REGULAR AND MINCED FISH BLOCKS AND SLABS IMPORTS, BY SPECIES AND TYPE, 1989 AND 1990

Species and type	19	89	1990	
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Regular blocks and slabs:				
Cod	135,615	195,071	125,179	238,274
Flatfish	7,471	10,324	7,538	11,257
Haddock	12,741	21,603	13,832	31,705
Ocean Perch	1,005	1,219	1,532	1,933
Pollock	45,760	31,512	48,201	33,313
Whiting	24,249	15,548	28,278	19,648
Other	12,601	21,240	8,543	15,105
Total	239, 442	296,517	233,103	351,235
Minced blocks and slabs	43,836	29,172	31,365	. 22,057
Grand total	283,278	325, 689	264, 468	373, 292

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

REGULAR AND MINCED FISH BLOCKS AND SLABS IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN 1989 AND 1990

BY COUNTRY OF CRIGIN, 1969 AND 1990								
Country	1989		1990					
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars				
Canada	121,598	154,106	115,864	187,054				
Denmark	34,389	51,243	30,142	61,942				
Iceland	21,868	27,935	16,119	25,770				
Republic of Korea	30,684	25,352	23,540	21,517				
Poland	14,230	8,774	23,084	12,804				
Argentina	15,805	9,942	17,701	12,713				
Norway	5,896	8,013	4,994	12,020				
Japan	11,821	13,449	4,496	9,417				
Uruguay	8,279	. 5,538	7,928	5,749				
Other	18,708	21,337	20,600	24,306				
Total	283,278	325,689	264, 468	373, 292				

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

GROUNDEISH FILLET AND STEAK IMPORTS BY SPECIES 1989 AND 1990 (1)

Species	198	9	1990		
	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	
	pounds	dollars	pounds	dollars	
Cod	168,095	290,084	114,042	223,227	
	52,524	88,363	39,098	69,076	
	44,382	58,597	47,840	59,610	
Total	265,001	437,044	200,980	351,913	

⁽¹⁾ Does not include data on fish blocks and slabs.

Note:--Imports and Exports of Fishery Products Annual Summary, 1990, Current Fishery Statistics No. 9002 will provide additional information.

⁽²⁾ Includes some quantities of cusk, hake, and pollock fillets.

IMPORTS

CANNED TUNA NOT IN OIL, QUOTA AND IMPORTS, 1981-90

Year	Quota	Imports			
	(1)	Under quota (2)	Over quota (3)	Total	
	Thousand pounds				
1981	104,355	76,683	- 1	76,683	
1982	109,742	92,759	-	92,759	
1983	91,904	91,904	28,304	120,208	
1984	95,587	95,587	68,328	163,915	
1985	97,496	97,496	116,854	214,350	
1986	81,092	81,092	153,057	234,149	
1987	91,539	91,539	123,364	214,903	
1988	85,185	85,185	193,784	278,969	
1989	76,734	76,734	234,323	311,057	
1990	87,158	87,158	171,472	258,630	

- (1) Imports have been subject to tariff quotas since April 14, 1956, and are based on 20 percent of the previous year's domestic pack, excluding the pack in American Samoa.
- (2) Dutiable in 1956 to 1967 at 12.5 percent ad valorem; 1968, 11 percent; 1969, 10 percent; 1970, 8.5 percent; 1971, 7 percent; and 1972 to 1990, 6 percent.
- (3) Dutiable in 1972 to 1990, 12.5 percent.

Note: -- Data in this table will not agree with tuna import data released by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census. Any tuna entered for consumption or withdrawn from a warehouse for consumption during the calendar year, except for receipts from insular possessions of the U.S., is subject to this quota.

Source: -- U.S. Department of the Treasury, U.S. Customs Service.

CANNED TUNA, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 1989 AND 1990

Country	198	9	1990	
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Thailand	248,281	260,996	205,049	213,562
Taiwan	27,874	44,857	17,410	26,120
Philippines	34,008	31,129	27,045	22,018
Indonesia	22,639	19,667	21,509	18,056
Malaysia	4,259	5,131	2,938	3,613
Ecuador	2,895	2,912	3,395	2,989
Japan	2,460	5,172	1,408	2,587
Singapore	627	768	2,952	1,394
Venezuela	2,285	1,943	1,022	920
Other	2,884	3,336	1,865	2,614
Total	348, 212	375, 911	284,593	293, 873

IMPORTS

SHRIMP IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 1989 AND 1990

	S, BY COUNTRY C			1990	
Country					
	Thousand pounds	dollars	pounds	Thousand dollars	
North America:	60,387	285,138	37.029	177,118	
Mexico Panama	17,205	68,470	37,029 11,723	41,108	
Honduras	7,565	25,420	9,205	28,593	
Guatemala	6,234	20,268	5,589	17,531	
El Salvador	6,163	17,818	5,240	11,992	
Canada	4,020	9,140	4,876	10,548	
Costa Rica	3,036	10,930	1,233	4,239	
Nicaragua			789	2,327	
Trinidad and Tobago	383	945	482	1,177	
Greenland	1 007	1 072	273 195	1,040	
Other	287	1,073		819	
Total	105, 280	439,202	76,634	296, 492	
South America:					
Ecuador	81,139	308,589	84,386	291,113	
Colombia	6,013	26,060	8,104	31,199	
Venezuela	12,304	44,165	7,692	24,995	
Brazil	16,772	41,433	8,729	21,374	
Peru	3,979	14,910	4,748	16,705	
Guyana	4,898 856	13,360	4,644	12,152	
ChileFrench Guiana	1,469	3,097 5,249	671	3,050 2,365	
Suriname	183	727	461	1,199	
Argentina	2,038	8,553	69	285	
Other	84	325	-		
Total	129, 735	466, 468	120, 497	404, 437	
Europe:	145),100	XV0, XV0			
European Economic Community:					
United Kingdom	962	3,040	437	1,426	
Denmark	27	42	159	616	
Federal Republic of Germany	61	332	38	161	
Netherlands	28	39	41	154	
Spain	172	751	10	108	
Other	238	603	64	124	
Total	1,488	4,807	749	2,589	
Other:					
Norway	155	562	2,233	6,919	
Iceland	162	1,036	378	2,298	
Switzerland	221	678	584	1,703 530	
Faroe Islands	143	595	174 983	379	
USSROther	89	323	64	184	
	770				
Total	170	3,194	4,416	12,013	
Asia:	102 000	276 712	126,637	355,110	
China Thailand	102,988 48,587	276,713 187,134	55,896	249,612	
Indonesia	13,493	51,933	18,952	75,216	
India	28,680	51,649	31,332	56,572	
Bangladesh	12,905	46.003	14,733	56,187	
Philippines	14,238	56,796	10,386	42,491	
Singapore	7,899	29,259	6,811	30,357	
		17,066	12,206	21,075	
Pakistan	9,806				
Malaysia	7,976	19,185	7,522	18,216	
Malaysia Taiwan	7,976 7,427	19,185 23,011	3,513	10,711	
Malaysia	7,976	19,185 23,011 22,059	7,522 3,513 7,380	18,216 10,711 21,076	
Malaysia Taiwan	7,976 7,427	19,185 23,011	3,513	10,711	
Malaysia Taiwan. Other.	7,976 7,427 8,026	19,185 23,011 22,059	3,513 7,380	10,711 21,076	
Malaysia. Taiwan. Other. <i>Total</i>	7,976 7,427 8,026 262,025	19,185 23,011 22,059 780,808	3,513 7,380 295,368	10,711 21,076 936,623	

Note:--Statistics on imports are the weights of the individual products as exported, i.e., raw headless, peeled, etc.

IMPORTS

SHRIMP IMPORTS, BY TYPE OF PRODUCT, 1989 AND 1990

Type of product	1989		1990	
	<u>Thousand</u> <u>pounds</u>	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Shell-on (heads off)	372,455	1,363,564	327,122	1,154,040
Canned	11,315	20,399	9,735	19,510
Raw	109,417	277,812	148,605	400,882
Other	9,232	42,471	15,564	83,661
Breaded	545	941_	322	598
Total	502,964	1,705,187	501,348	1,658,691

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.



FISH MEAL AND SCRAP IMPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF ORIGIN, 1989 AND 1990

Country	1989		1990		
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	
Peru	63,594	10,306	141,705	18,805	
Canada	34,129	10,333	41,826	11,522	
Chile	60,730	9,096	31,876	5,158	
Panama	10,761	1,380	21,601	2,126	
Norway	271	104	1,142	678	
Mexico	670	135	937	194	
Argentina	461	90	243	65	
France	31	26	42	40	
Netherlands	42	37	42	40	
Other	423	208	12	15	
Total	171,112	31,715	239,426	38,643	



EXPORTS

DOMESTIC FISHERY PRODUCTS EXPORTS, BY PRINCIPAL ITEMS, 1989 AND 1990

Item	198	39	1990		
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	
Edible fishery products:	poditas	0011010	poundo	25. W. T. D. T. T.	
Fresh and frozen:					
Whole or eviscerated:					
Cod, haddock, hake,					
and pollock	58,459	56,203	188,802	143,262	
Flatfish	54,575	76,524	76,191	82,807	
Herring	81,028	42,967	94,645	59,190	
Sablefish	50,174	83,004	43,349	72,499	
Salmon	328,557	728,257	307,711	666,583	
Tuna	17,478	38,744	19,773	45,085	
Other	159,372	99,744	319,448	204,079	
Fillets, and steaks:	,	,	,	,	
Cod	4,386	5,605	6,384	8,470	
Salmon	8,818	19,006	2,599	5,801	
Other	43,677	53,517	36,990	52,049	
Blocks and slabs	35,296	36,323	272,019	214,679	
Fish sticks and like products	51,552	49,643	80,660	63,820	
Clams	1,653	3,508	1,490	2,117	
Crabs	81,668	246,292	107,543	351,790	
Crabmeat	1,767	5,362	4,065	10,294	
Lobsters	14,811	59,435	21,041	82,622	
Scallops (meats)	1,914	6,482	6,312	19,518	
Sea urchins	12,290	68,264	13,810	65,622	
Shrimp	20,802	67,537	29,176	112,212	
Squid	46,327	40,926	44,756	28,534	
Other fish and shellfish	10,518	27,334	14,930	29,439	
Canned:		,		,	
Salmon	40,415	89,720	49,400	104,277	
Sardines	8,951	7,823	8,977	9,155	
Tuna	6,168	9,211	8,646	13,211	
Abalone	2,163	31,291	1,739	31,022	
Crabmeat	910	1,944	373	1,153	
Shrimp	2,043	5,506	2,463	6,523	
Squid	16,704	8,146	9,718	5,001	
Other fish and shellfish	59,103	57,562	17,006	15,286	
Cured:					
Dried	5,648	8,837	3,801	11,693	
Pickled or salted	19,323	20,229	14,612	18,728	
Smoked or kippered	1,709	2,537	597	2,410	
Caviar and roe:					
Herring	27,220	30,556	12,628	21,779	
Salmon	18,408	72,729	16,969	80,189	
Other	27,197	91,686	40,796	121,868	
Prepared meals	5,108	4,439	818	1,309	
Other fish and shellfish	47,820	26,101	40,219	15,374	
	194		Address of the second	40.4	
Total edible fishery products.	1,374,012	2,282,994	1,920,456	2,779,450	
Nonedible fishery products:					
Meal and scrap	103,790	23,791	128,522	38,613	
Fish oils	194,795	20,223	222,341	23,887	
Other	151,755	2,379,834	-	2,797,242	
		V	37 384 3 3		
Total nonedible fishery			1. No. 19 148	ga, Principlica	
products	-	2,423,848	F 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2,859,742	
		4,706,842	483 1724 1910 48	5, 639, 192	

Note:--Does not include U.S.-flag vessel catches transferred onto foreign vessels in the U.S. EEZ joint venture operations (see page 19).

EXPORTS

EBIBLE AND NONEDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS EXPORTS, 1990

Continent and Country	Edil	ble	Nonedible	Total
	Thousand		Thousand dollars	
North America:	pounds		- Industric dollars	
Canada	165,397	313,636	599,110	912,746
Mexico	9,278	13,848	138,507	152,355
Dominican Republic	1,135	1,400	43,880	45,280
Panama	967	1,312	26,252	27,564
Neth. Antilles	793	1,621	20,797	22,418
Other	8,185	12,163	90,399	102,562
Total	185, 755	343,980	918, 945	1,262,925
South America:	105,755	543,300	320,3.0	2,002,020
Brazil	47	112	23,210	23,322
Venezuela	2,612	1,508	21,033	22,541
Chile	67	135	13,942	14,077
Argentina	24	23	13,228	13,251
Bolivia	_	_	13,219	13,219
Other	163	399	37,848	38,247
Total	2,913	2,177	122,480	124,657
Europe:	2,313	2,111	122, 700	121,007
European Economic				
Community:				
United Kingdom	53,027	98,832	128,933	227,765
France	49,215	84,590	111,779	196,369
Fed. Rep of Germany	65,383	64,607	87,249	151,856
Netherlands	13,196	20,191	127,897	148,088
Italy	12,453	24,521	54,086	78,607
Other	50,082	57,553	128,975	186,528
Total	243,356	350, 294	638,919	989,213
Other:	243,330	330,234	030/313	303,213
Switzerland	1,059	2,750	115,710	118,460
Norway	63,247	38,474	11,292	49,766
Sweden	13,703	25,145	16,586	41,731
USSR	82,998	2,672	5,462	8,134
Austria	2	9	5,017	5,026
Other	12,309	6,179	12,466	18,645
Total	173,318	75,229	166,533	241,762
Asia:	1:0/010	73/223	100/005	200,702
Japan	1,097,480	1,785,939	395,019	2,180,958
Republic of Korea	138,788	106,497	92,516	199,013
Hong Kong	4,973	24,523	130,332	154,855
Taiwan	25,425	39,908	71,205	111,113
Singapore	1,577	6,605	44,146	50,751
Other	19,674	20,194	194,850	215,044
Total	1,287,917	1,983,666	928,068	2, 911, 734
Australia and Oceania:				-//
Australia	8,771	18,251	47,624	65,875
New Zealand	124	307	7,848	8,155
Fiji	6,083	1,127	676	1,803
French Polynesia	243	419	716	1,135
Fed Sts. of Micronesia	228	121	600	721
Other	230	268	793	1,061
Total	15,679	20,493	58,257	78,750
Africa:				
Rep. of South Africa	1,157	959	11,833	12,792
Egypt	10,171	2,292	5,014	7,306
Nigeria	-	_	3,727	3,727
Mauritius	-	-	1,305	1,305
Morocco	41	50	1,054	1,104
Other	149	310	3,607	3,917
Total	11,518	3,611	26,540	30,151
Grand total	1,920,456	2,779,450	2,859,742	5, 639, 192
Grand Corat	1, 320, 430	4, 113, 430	4,000,144	0,009,192

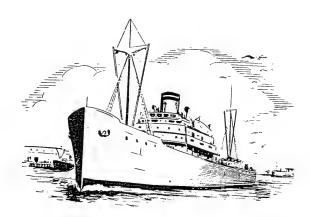
EXPORTS

DOMESTIC FISHERY PRODUCTS EXPORTS, 1981-90

Year	Edil	ble	Nonedible	Total
	Thousand pounds		Thousand dollars-	
1981	669,272	1,072,765	84,230	1,156,995
1982	657,246	998,873	60,011	1,058,884
1983	601,913	907,688	113,804	1,021,492
1984	574,124	842,349	106,490	948,839
1985	648,146	1,010,268	73,846	1,084,114
1986	735,026	1,289,807	66,289	1,356,096
1987	782,935	1,577,607	82,764	1,660,371
1988	1,060,804	2,155,628	118,967	2,274,595
1989	1,374,012	2,282,994	2,423,848	4,706,842
1990	*1,920,456	*2,779,450	*2,859,742	*5,639,192

*Record. Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

NOTE: -- The increase in the nonedible value beginning in 1989 is due to re-examination of commodities that are considered to be based on fishery products including fish, shellfish, aquatic plants and animals and any products thereof, including processed and manufactured products.



EXPORTS

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN SHRIMP PRODUCTS EXPORTS, 1989 AND 1990

Item	198	1989)
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Fresh and frozen: DomesticForeign	20,802 5,889	67,537 22,948	29,176 12,075	112,212 48,473
Total	26,691	90,485	41,251	160,685
Canned: DomesticForeign	2,043	5,506 184	2,463 207	6,523 434
Total	2,128	5,690	2,670	6,957
Total: DomesticForeign.	22,845 5,974	73,043 23,132	31,639	118,735 48,907
Total	28,819	96,175	43,921	167,642

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

DOMESTIC FRESH AND FROZEN SHRIMP EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	1989		1990	
Canada. Japan. Mexico. United Kingdom. Bermuda Hong Kong. Sweden. Netherlands Honduras. Other.	Thousand pounds 8,525 2,104 4,987 599 250 639 753 130 2,815	Thousand dollars 28,486 8,824 12,072 1,869 1,356 1,476 3,005 1,164 9,285	Thousand pounds 21,506 2,508 1,722 529 313 328 257 157 216 1,640	Thousand dollars 85,265 9,894 4,247 1,812 1,566 1,178 871 859 789 5,731
Total	20,802	67,537	29,176	112,212

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

DOMESTIC CANNED SHRIMP EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	198	9	199	0		
Canada Mexico Thailand Belgium. Federal Republic of Germany Greece Hong Kong Taiwan Switzerland Other	Thousand pounds 657 30 246 39 104 343 115 19 158 332	Thousand dollars 1,642 78 776 98 285 797 288 58 444 1,040	Thousand pounds 1,562 158 287 103 53 108 27 38 22 105	Thousand dollars 4,789 297 263 196 143 124 101 100 247		
Total	2,043	5,506	2,463	6,523		

EXPORTS

DOMESTIC FRESH AND FROZEN SALMON EXPORTS, WHOLE OR EVISCERATED, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	19	89	19	90
Japan	Thousand pounds 260,950	Thousand dollars 627,478	Thousand pounds 244,393	Thousand dollars 561,703
France Canada United Kingdom. Sweden Netherlands Belgium. Denmark. Federal Republic of Germany.	10,290 37,513 8,486 2,475 1,657 1,126 1,297 994	17,660 48,991 15,753 3,555 2,691 2,296 2,053 1,644	18,655 17,236 9,772 4,170 2,356 1,582 2,215 1,406	32,319 29,021 16,617 5,119 3,792 3,522 2,983 2,433
Other	3,769	6,136	5,926	9,074
Total	328,557	728,257	307,711	. 666,583

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

DOMESTIC FRESH AND FROZEN SALMON EXPORTS, FILLETS, STEAKS OR PORTIONS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	19	89	19	1990 .	
Japan France. Republic of Korea Denmark. Federal Republic of Germany Hong Kong Switzerland. Sweden Netherlands. Other.	Thousand pounds 6,024 1,088 43 293 15 200 113 49 1,173	Thousand dollars 13,444 1,885 50 595 39 203 124	Thousand pounds 986 624 267 296 148 120 45 31 27 55	Thousand dollars 2,641 1,155 659 464 300 222 70 69 139	
Total	8,818	19,006	2,599	5,801	

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

DOMESTIC CANNED SALMON EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Bomzono ovaniza ovazinon zvi orino, a rocontini ov beominimi ni osovana 1000					
Country	198	39	199	90	
United Kingdom. Australia. Canada. Netherlands Belgium. Ireland. France. Italy. Japan. Other.	Thousand pounds 19,896 7,257 7,921 2,848 913 34 60 69 133 1,284	Thousand dollars 46,336 15,969 17,538 5,308 1,606 73 101 121 421 2,247	Thousand pounds 27,678 6,233 6,348 6,214 1,322 647 301 147 81 429	Thousand dollars 61,096 13,713 13,694 10,883 2,115 1,062 434 268 221 791	
Total	40,415	89,720	49,400	104,277	

EXPORTS

DOMESTIC FRESH AND FROZEN CRAB EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	1989		1990	
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Japan	76,105	230,685	102,374	335,575
Canada	3,371	9,547	· 2,923 1,426	11,119 2,508
Thailand	1,493	5 1	243	499
France	-	-	101	361
United Kingdom	75	307	116	346
Taiwan	226	270	45	293
Hong Kong	76	446	84	250
Federal Republic of Germany	106	622	42	173
Other	213	757	189	666
Total	81,668	246,292	107,543	351,790

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

DOMESTIC FRESH AND FROZEN CRABMEAT EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	1989		1990	
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Japan	922	3,486	2,346	6,288
Republic of Korea	96	120	941	2,118
Australia	36	42	97	413
Canada	277	673	121	290
Yugoslavia	-	-	89	244
China	-	-	88	167
Hong Kong	21	95	48	166
Netherland Antilles	25	58	42	95
Singapore	5	39	9	84
Other	385	849	284	429
Total	1,767	5,362	4,065	10,294

Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

DOMESTIC FRESH AND FROZEN HERRING EXPORTS, WHOLE OR EVISCERATED, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	19	89	19	90
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Japan. Republic of Korea. Canada USSR. Thailand. Mexico Bahamas. Other	48,560 6,751 2,575 23,120 - 11 5	33,549 4,921 1,109 3,365 - 10 4	66,014 8,541 6,027 13,789 222 32 20	50,746 4,300 3,383 589 141 25 6
Total	81,028	42,967	94, 645	59,190

EXPORTS

DOMESTIC FISH AND MARINE ANIMAL OIL EXPORTS, BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	1989		1990	
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Netherlands	164,740	15,838	176,622	16,196
Mexico	823	107	16,692	3,044
Republic of South Africa	13,229	1,204	19,481	1,899
Republic of Korea	132	90	1,316	1,234
Spain	8,079	909	5,548	585
Canada	202	100	626	224
France	-	_	573	180
Ecuador	(1)	3	1,100	147
Taiwan	221	199	101	66
Other	7,369	1,773	282	312
Total	194, 795	20,223	222, 341	23,887

(1) Less than 500 lb.

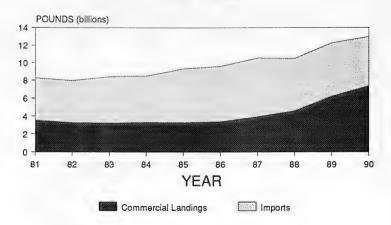
Source: -- U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.



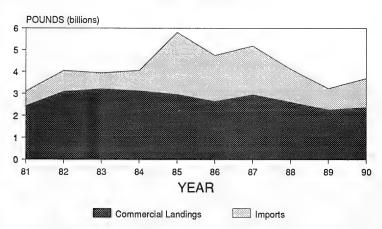
DOMESTIC FISH MEAL EXPORTS. BY COUNTRY OF DESTINATION, 1989 AND 1990

Country	198	989 1990		
	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars	Thousand pounds	Thousand dollars
Taiwan	27,196	8,414	74,579	21,967
Japan	8,051	3,000	17,593	3,732
Canada	10,580	4,828	13,316	3,015
Thailand	1,246	1,281	1,116	2,416
Indonesia	265	765	3,805	1,653
Egypt	-	· -	4,420	1,118
Mexico	855	723	3,840	822
Ecuador	657	677	115	564
Republic of Korea	652	391	1,556	524
Other	54,288	3,712	8,182	2,802
Total	103,790	23,791	128,522	38,613

U.S. SUPPLY OF EDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS (ROUND WEIGHT) 1981 - 1990



SUPPLY OF INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS (U.S., ROUND WEIGHT) 1981 - 1990



U.S. SUPPLY OF EDIBLE AND INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1981-90 (Round weight)

Year	Domestic d	commercial ngs (1)	Impo (2	Total	
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1987 1988 1989	Million pounds 5,977 6,367 6,439 6,438 6,258 6,031 6,886 7,192 8,463	Percent 52.6 53.0 52.1 51.3 41.3 42.0 43.8 49.2 54.7 58.3	Million pounds 5,376 5,644 5,913 6,114 8,892 8,337 8,888 7,436 7,022 6,945	Percent 47.4 47.0 47.9 48.7 58.7 56.2 50.8 45.3 41.7	Million pounds 11,353 12,011 12,352 12,552 15,150 14,368 15,744 14,628 15,485

Note: -- The weights of U.S. landings and imports represent the round (live) weight of all items except univalve and bivalve mollusks (conchs, clams, oysters, scallops, etc.) which are shown in weight of meats (excluding the shell).

U.S. SUPPLY OF EDIBLE COMMERCIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1981-90

		(Hourid We	ngin,		
Year	Domestic o	commercial	Impo (2	Total	
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1987 1988	Million pounds 3,547 3,285 3,238 3,230 3,294 3,393 3,993 4,588 6,204 *7,346	Percent 42.9 41.2 38.5 39.1 35.3 35.3 37.4 43.7 50.8	Million pounds 4,720 4,683 5,175 5,178 6,043 6,227 *6,615 5,917 6,064 5,621	Percent 57.1 58.8 61.5 60.9 64.7 62.6 56.3 49.2	Million pounds 8,267 7,968 8,413 8,498 9,337 9,620 10,505 12,268 *12,967

U.S. SUPPLY OF INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1981-90 (Round weight)

(Hound Wolghly										
Year	Domestic co		Import	s	Total					
1981 1982 1983	Million pounds 2,430 3,082 *3,201	Percent 78.7 76.2 81.3	Million pounds 656 961 738	Percent 21.3 23.8 18.7	Million pounds 3,086 4,043 3,939					
1984 1985 1986 1987 1987 1988 1989	3,118 2,964 2,638 2,950 2,604 2,259 2,362	76.9 51.0 55.6 56.9 63.2 70.2 64.1	936 2,849 2,110 2,233 1,519 958 1,324	23.1 49.0 44.4 43.1 36.8 29.8 35.9	4,054 5,813 4,748 5,183 4,123 3,217 3,686					

Preliminary. *Record. Records--1968 imports: 9,989,000,000 lb; 1968 total: 11,802,000,000 lb.

Preliminary.
 Excludes imports of edible fishery products consumed in Puerto Rico, but includes landings of foreign-caught tuna in American Samoa.
*Record. Records--1968 imports: 13,221,000,000 lb; 1968 total: 17,381,000,000 lb.

Preliminary.
 Excludes imports of edible fishery products consumed in Puerto Rico, but includes landings of foreign-caught tuna in American Samoa. *Record.

U.S. SUPPLY OF COMMERCIAL FINFISH AND SHELLFISH, 1989 AND 1990

Item	Domestic commercial landings		Imports (1)		Total	
	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990
		<u>Mill</u>	ion pounds,	round weig	ht	
Edible fishery products:						
Finfish	4,897	6,053	4,838	4,373	9,735	10,426
Shellfish	1,307	1,293	1,226	1,248	2,533	2,541
Total	6,204	7,346	6,064	5, 621	12,268	12,967
Industrial fishery products:						
Finfish	2,249	2,343	(2) 958	(2) 1,324	3,207	3,667
Shellfish	10	19	(3)	(3)	10	19
Total	2,259	2,362	958	1,324	3,217	3,686
Total:						
Finfish	7,146	8,396	5,796	5,697	12,942	14,093
Shellfish	1,317	1,312	1,226	1,248	2,543	2,560
Total	8, 463	9,708	7,022	6, 945	15,485	16,653

See footnotes below.

VALUE OF U.S. SUPPLY OF COMMERCIAL FINFISH AND SHELLFISH, 1989 AND 1990

Item	Domestic c	ommercial ings	Import	s (1)	Total	
	1989	1990	1989	1990	1989	1990
			Million	dollars		
Edible fishery products:				1	1	
Finfish	1,610	1,805	2,859	2,672	4,469	4,477
Shellfish	1,501	1,611	2,598	2,529	4,099	4,140
Total	3,111	3,416	5,457	5,201	8,568	8,617
Industrial fishery products:						
Finfish	116	145	(2) 32	(2) 38	148	183
Shellfish	11	11	(3)	(3)	11	11
Total	127	156	32	38	159	194
Total:						
Finfish	1,726	1,950	2,891	2,710	4,617	4,660
Shellfish	1,512	1,622	2,598	2,529	4,110	4,151
Total	3,238	3,572	5,489	5,239	8,727	8,811

(1) Excludes imports of edible fishery products consumed in Puerto Rico, but includes landings of foreign-caught tuna in American Samoa.
(2) Includes only quantity and value of fish meal.
(3) Not available.

Note: -- Value of domestic commercial landings is exvessel value.

U.S. SUPPLY OF REGULAR AND MINCED BLOCKS, 1981-90 (Edible weight)

Year	U.S. pro	duction	Impo	Total supply	
1501		Percent of		Percent of	
	Quantity total supply		Quantity	total supply	Quantity
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1987 1988 1988	Thousand pounds 1,029 2,766 5,155 2,655 2,551 3,919 13,559 44,602 30,898 109,889	Percent 0.3 0.9 1.3 0.8 0.8 1.1 3.3 12.8 9.8 29.4	Thousand pounds 344,111 318,966 384,458 316,165 334,0897 403,577 303,237 283,278 264,468	Percent. 99.7 99.1 98.7 99.2 99.2 98.9 86.7 87.2 90.2	Thousand BOUNDS 345,140 321,732 389,613 318,820 336,611 367,816 417,136 347,839 314,176 377,357

U.S. SUPPLY OF ALL FILLETS AND STEAKS, 1981-90 (Edible weight)

	(Edible Weight)										
Year	U.S. produ	ction (1)	Impo	Total supply							
	Quantity	Percent of total supply	Quantity	Percent of total supply	Quantity						
1981	Thousand pounds 205, 225 217, 644 230, 649 252, 288 245, 525 279, 468	Percent 33.1 33.0 34.4 34.8 31.4 34.2	Thousand pounds 414,163 440,916 439,716 473,594 536,725 538,532	Percent 66.9 67.0 65.6 65.2 68.6 65.8	Thousand pounds 619,388 658,560 670,365 725,882 782,250 818,000						
1987. 1988. 1989.	356,081 378,236 371,082 434,216	36.4 42.2 41.8 48.6	620,985 517,709 517,620 458,414	63.6 57.8 58.2 51.4	977,066 895,945 888,702 892,630						

⁽¹⁾ Includes fillets used to produce blocks.

U.S. SUPPLY OF GROUNDFISH FILLETS AND STEAKS, 1981-90 (Edible weight)

(Eable Weight)										
Year	U.S. produ	ction (1)	Impo	Total supply						
	Quantity	Percent of total supply	Quantity	Percent of total supply	Quantity					
1981	Thousand pounds 78,788 72,885 82,656 102,142	Percent 23.5 19.8 21.7 24.9	Thousand pounds 257,164 295,193 298,170 307,852	Percent 76.5 80.2 78.3 75.1	Thousand pounds 335,952 368,078 380,826 409,994					
1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	93,292 133,552 199,743 206,786 211,498 258,809	23.4 31.7 38.8 45.0 44.4 56.3	305,690 287,099 315,418 253,187 265,001 200,980	76.6 68.3 61.2 55.0 55.6 43.7	398,982 420,651 515,161 459,973 476,499 459,789					

(1) Includes fillets used to produce blocks. Species include: cod, cusk, haddock, hake, pollock, and ocean perch. Revised to reflect change in definition of groundfish (See Glossary Section).

U.S. COMMERCIAL LANDINGS AND IMPORTS OF TUNA, 1981-90

(Thousand pounds)

	Domestic	commercial lar	ndings	Imports			
Year	Atlantic, Gulf Pacific Coast	Puerto Rico and American	Total	Fresh and frozen including	Canned		
	States, and Hawaii	Samoa (1)		cooked loins and discs (2)	In oil	Not in oil	
		Product	weight				
1981	341,149	148,729	489,878	769,675	268	70,583	
1982	261,409	211,679	473,088	589,558	213	87,366	
1983	278,692	307,298	585,990	533,686	197	122,132	
1984	211,830	371,089	582,919	497,079	277	162,036	
1985	83,054	433,083	516,137	482,742	303	213,645	
1986	87,811	469,034	556,845	567,524	301	236,320	
1987	100,058	526,186	626,244	578,883	329	211,356	
1988	111,349	497,975	609,324	557,488	318	244,186	
1989	89,413	452,050	541,463	664,302	422	*347,790	
1990	62,393	451,410	513,803	564,322	423	284,170	

⁽¹⁾ Includes a quantity of fish landed at other ports by U.S.-flag vessels.

^{*}Record. Records--1976 domestic landings: 664,913,000 lb; 1978 imports: 870,259,000 lb.



U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED TUNA, 1981-90 (Canned weight)

			Carmed	weight/			
		Domestic pro	oduction				
Year	Albacore '		Light	meat	Imported Canned		Total supply
	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds
1981	120,983	17.3	505,986	72.5	70,851	10.2	697,820
1982	125,113	20.0	413,390	66,0	87,579	14.0	626,082
1983	106,175	14.9	484,367	67.9	122,329	17.2	712,871
1984	136,745	17.6	477, 5 6	61.5	162,313	20.9	776,594
1985	132,001	17.4	412,992	54.4	213,948	28.2	758,941
1986	157,341	18.0	479,490	54.9	236,621	27.1	873,452
1987	139,888	16.2	514,095	59.4	211,685	24.5	865,668
1988	131,114	15.6	467,067	55.4	244,504	29.0	842,685
1989	137,284	13.3	548,983	53.1	*348,212	33.6	*1,034,479
1990	131,871	15.2	448,728	51.9	284,593	32.9	865,192

^{*}Record. Record--1978 U.S.Pack: 704,793,000 lb.

⁽²⁾ Includes landings in American Samoa of foreign-caught fish.

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED SARDINES, 1981-90 (Canned weight)

	U.S.					Exports		
Year	pack	In oil	Not in oil	Total	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Total supply
				Thousan	d pounds			
1981	30,586 18,003	18,239 14,119	37,034 35,925	55,273 50,044	85,859 68,047	1,731	183 195	83,945 66,803
1983 1984 1985	13,110 14,650 20,016	17,151 17,535 23,009	18,096 27,216 34,213	35,247 44,751 57,222	48,357 59,401 77,238	1,013 889 529	920 860 570	46,424 57,652 76,139
1986	15,601 13,116	22,949 27,352	30,315 37,670	53,264 65,022	68,865 78,138	271 999	287 158	68,307 76,981
1988 1989 1990	18,611 13,221 13,240	22,813 21,771 18,660	30,546 34,608 38,303	53,359 56,379 56,963	71,970 69,600 70,203	8,555 8,951 8,977	162 119 71	63,253 60,530 61,155

^{*}Record--1974 imports: 69,137,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED SALMON, 1981-90 (Canned weight)

		100.	mod moigni,						
	U.S. pack Imports			Exp					
Year			Total	Domestic	Foreign	Total supply			
		Thousand pounds							
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987	214,855 112,100 181,166 198,926 158,943 141,756 105,206 88,419	71 158 277 551 1,958 4,622 6,652 3,528	214,926 112,258 181,477 160,901 146,378 111,858 91,947	63,494 41,156 54,468 48,963 48,240 59,434 35,901 32,900	201 111 422 245 39 (1) 207 93	151,231 70,991 126,533 150,269 112,622 86,944 75,750 58,954			
1989	197,044 196,383	2,943 1,378	199,987 197,761	40,415 49,400	82 146	159,490 148,215			

(1) Less than 500 lb. *Records--1936 U.S. pack: 430,328,000 lb; 1959 imports: 31,154,000 lb; 1980 domestic exports: 74,006,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF CLAM MEATS, 1981-90 (Meat weight)

Year		U.S. com	nmercial la	ndings	Imports	Expo	rts	Total		
	Hard	Soft	Surf	Other	Total	(1)	Domestic	Foreign	supply	
Thousand pounds										
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	18,118 12,855 14,186 14,749 16,697 11,793 11,418 12,371 9,278	8,072 8,021 8,460 7,919 7,865 5,887 7,469 6,814 6,829 5,756	46,100 49,720 55,938 70,243 72,520 78,749 60,744 63,545 67,072 71,772	48,341 37,709 36,821 40,010 53,469 48,964 54,726 49,010 54,837	120,631 108,305 115,405 132,921 *150,551 145,393 134,357 131,740 138,166 139,198	9,520 11,122 11,006 11,113 12,979 16,880 *17,641 14,872 13,254 15,830	(2) (2) (2) (2) 931 1,227 1,146 1,449 1,757 2,837	(2) (2) (2) (2) 40 16 11 9 106	130,151 119,427 126,411 144,034 *162,559 161,030 150,841 145,154 149,557 152,067	

(1) Imports and exports were converted to meat weight by using these conversion factors: 0.40, in shell or shucked; 0.30 canned chowder and juice; and 0.93, other. (2) Not reported. *Record.

U.S. SUPPLY OF KING CRAB, 1981-90 (Round weight)

	U.S.	Exports	s (1)					
Year	commercial landings	Frozen	Canned	Total supply				
	Thousand pounds							
1981 1982 1983 1984 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	88,054 38,492 25,581 17,204 15,363 25,909 29,065 20,973 26,391 33,917	27,704 8,958 2,039 3,521 4,053 6,941 14,656 9,189 (2)	704 1,071 346 448 752 267 336 1,332 181 396	59,646 28,463 23,196 13,235 10,558 18,701 14,073 10,452 (2)				

(1) Domestic merchandise. Converted to round (live) weight by using these conversion factors: 1.75, frozen; and 5.33, canned. (2) Unavailable. Record U.S. landings 185,624,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF SNOW (TANNER) CRABS, 1981-90

(Round weight)

Year	U.S. commercial landings	Imports (1)	Total	Exports (2)	Total supply
			housand pounds-		
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	107,474 68,767 61,077 48,765 85,742 110,000 113,812 146,326 164,643	3,460 3,135 3,362 4,992 6,572 5,510 7,706 6,765 2,575 4,977	110,934 71,902 64,439 53,757 92,314 115,510 121,518 153,091 167,218 *218,372	68,156 47,220 34,415 31,127 47,436 66,925 92,312 *122,402 (3)	42,778 24,682 30,024 22,630 44,878 48,585 29,206 30,689 (3)

(1) Converted to round (live) weight by multiplying canned weight by 5.00. (2) Domestic merchandise converted to round (live) weight by multiplying frozen weight by 2.13 (believed to be mostly sections). (3) Unavailable. *Record.

U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED CRABMEAT, 1981-90 (Canned weight)

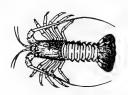
Year	U.S. pack	Percent of total	Imports	Percent of total	Total	Exports	Total supply
	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds	<u>Percent</u>	Т	housand pound	is
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	1,725 1,345 1,435 1,084 553 591 200 359 504 695	25.6 19.1 14.8 6.8 2.4 4.4 5.5	5,019 5,737 6,505 6,233 7,584 8,778 7,7967 7,720 8,280	74.4 81.0 81.9 85.2 93.2 93.7 97.6 95.6 94.3 92.5	6,744 7,086 7,940 7,317 8,137 9,369 8,167 8,079 8,784	132 201 65 84 141 50 63 250 910 373	6,612 6,885 7,875 7,233 7,996 9,319 8,104 7,829 7,874 8,885

Records--1966 U.S. pack: 11,002,000 lb; 1939 imports: 13,507,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF AMERICAN LOBSTERS,1981-90 (Round weight)

	U.S. commercial landings			Imports (1)				
Year	Quantity	Percentage of total supply	of total Fresh of total		Total supply			
	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds			Percent	Thousand pounds	
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989 1990	37,494 39,445 44,206 43,967 46,152 46,053 45,558 48,643 52,926 *61,017	48.2 48.6 47.7 43.9 40.8 40.8 40.1 42.4 55.2	26,857 26,205 43,439 54,359 57,358 65,276 66,585 69,790 (2) 40,357 48,798	13,459 15,480 4,977 1,783 4,029 1,633 2,956 2,756 (2) 696 756	40,316 41,685 48,416 56,142 61,387 66,909 69,541 *72,546 41,053 49,554	51.8 51.4 52.3 56.1 57.1 59.0 59.9 57.6	77,810 81,130 92,622 100,109 107,539 112,962 115,099 *121,189 93,979 110,571	

(1) Imports were converted to round (live) weight by using these conversion factors: 1.00, whole; 4.50, meat; and 4.64, canned. (2) Revised. *Record.



U.S. SUPPLY OF SPINY LOBSTERS,1981-90

(Round weight)									
	U.S. com land			Imports (1)					
Percenta				Quantity	Percentage	Total			
Year	Quantity	of total supply	Fresh and	Canned	Total	of total supply	supply		
			frozen						
	Thousand pounds	Percent	<u>T</u>	housand pound	ls	Percent	Thousand pounds		
1981 1982 1983	6,619 6,438 5,218 6,303	4.9 5.1 3.8 4.1	126,210 120,679 131,102 146,990	978 230 588 79	127,188 120,909 131,690 147,069	95.1 95.9 96.2 95.9	133,807 127,347 136,908 153,372		
1985 1986 1987	5,311 6,775 5,755	3.5 4.5 3.8	148,324 144,933 145,093	253 164 613	148,577 145,097 145,706	96.5 95.5 96.2	153,888 151,872 151,461		
1988 1989 1990	7,166 8,125 7,120	5.1 7.7 7.5	131,837 (2) 96,832 88,223	234 (2) 738 9	132,071 97,570 88,232	94.9 92.3 92.5	139,237 105,695 95,352		

(1) Imports were converted to round (live) weight by using these conversion factors: 1.00, whole; 3.00, tails; 4.35, other; and 4.50 canned. (2) Revised. *Records--1972 landings: 12,215,000 lb; 1976 imports: 168,095,000; and 1976 total supply: 173,738,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF OYSTERS, 1981-90 (Meat weight)

	U.S.	commercial land	ings							
Year				Imports	Total					
	Eastern	Pacific (1)	Total	(2)	supply					
	Thousand pounds									
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1986 1987	46,605 48,820 46,706 46,035 43,085 39,140 29,957 23,916	6,007 7,369 7,342 8,739 7,796 9,629 9,850 7,976	52,612 56,189 54,048 54,774 50,881 48,769 39,807 31,892	25,769 27,529 30,775 36,086 45,926 50,038 *52,085 46,414	78,381 83,718 84,823 90,860 96,807 98,807 91,892 78,306					
1989	21,398 18,395	7,852 10,798	29,250 29,193	37,662 27,546	66,912 56,739					

(1) Includes Western and Eastern oyster landings for Washington and California. (2) Imports were converted to meat weight by using these conversion factors: 0.93, canned; 3.12, canned smoked; and 0.75, other. *Record. Record - 1908 landings: 152,046,000 lb.



U.S. SUPPLY OF SCALLOP MEATS, 1981-90 (Meat weight)

		111104	t troignt/						
		U.S. commerc:	ial landings						
Year	Bay	Calico	Sea	Total	Imports	Total supply			
Thousand pounds									
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	670 1,780 2,338 1,728 1,331 735 580 569 274 539	14,641 11,010 9,606 39,330 12,513 1,615 11,868 6,580 1,135	30,277 21,325 20,478 18,427 15,829 19,992 32,038 30,557 33,757	45,588 34,115 32,422 *59,485 29,673 22,343 40,773 42,994 40,611 41,591	26,227 20,860 34,280 27,270 42,035 *47,916 39,934 32,039 40,874	71,815 54,975 66,702 *86,755 71,708 70,259 80,707 75,033 81,485			

^{*}Record.

U.S. SUPPLY OF ALL FORMS OF SHRIMP, 1981-90 (Heads-off weight)

					Expo	rts (2)				
Year	U.S. Commercial	Imports	Total	Fresh an	d frozen	Can	ned	Total		
	landings	(1)		Domestic	Foreign	Domestic	Foreign	supply		
						Domeseic	roleign			
	Thousand pounds									
1981	218,900	259,112	478,012	20,777	13,687	9,181	78	434,289		
1982	175,613	319,596	495,209	18,350	12,738	6,064	45	458,012		
1983	155,591	421,179	576,770	21,776	6,560	7,573	28	540,833		
1984	188,132	422,340	610,472	15,961	5,069	5,478	83	583,881		
1985	207,239	452,232	659,471	17,708	5,735	3,159	338	632,531		
1986	244,409	492,005	736,414	23,650	2,548	3,967	285	705,964		
1987	223,514	583,030	*806,544	25,938	2,947	4,714	214	*772,731		
1988	203,350	*598,210	801,560	26,097	4,183	4,068	436	766,776		
1989	215,825	563,523	779,348	25,658	6,057	4,127	214	743,292		
1990	213,899	579,427	793,326	41,927	12,259	4,974	522	733,644		

(1) Imports were converted to heads-off weight by using these conversion factors: 0.63, breaded; 1.00, shell-on; 1.28, peeled raw; 2.52, canned; and 2.40, other. (2) Exports were converted to heads-off weight by using these conversion factors: domestic--fresh and frozen, 1.18; other, 2.40; and canned 2.02; foreign--fresh frozen, 1.00; canned, 2.52; and 2.40, other.

*Record. Records--1977 U.S. commerical landings: 288,443,000 lb (heads off); 1973 fresh and frozen domestic exports: 44,172,000 lb; 1970 fresh and frozen foreign exports: 14,699,000 lb; and 1973 domestic canned: 20,097,000 lb.



U.S. SUPPLY OF CANNED SHRIMP, 1981-90 (Canned weight)

(Calling World									
		Percent		Percent		Ехр	orts		
Year	U.S.	of	Imports	of	Total			Total	
	pack	total		total		Domestic	Foreign	supply	
	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds				
1981 1982	9,693 6,276	68.9 54.1	4,383 5,332	31.1 45.9	14,076 11,608	4,545 3,002	31 18	9,500 8,588	
1983	6,723	33.8	13,176	66.2	19,899	3,749	11	16,139	
1984	7,246	34.8	13,580	65.2	20,826	2,712	33	18,081	
1985	4,001 4,596	19.0 22.6	17,088 15,757	81.0 77.4	21,089 20,353	1,564 1,964	134 113	19,391 18,276	
1987	4,382	20.4	17,132	79.6	21,514	2,334	85	19,095	
1988	4,476	24.0	14,138	76.0	18,614	2,014	173	16,427	
1989	2,623	18.8	11,315	81.2	13,938	2,043	85	11,810	
1990	710	6.8	9,735	93.2	10,445	2,463	207	7,775	

*Record. Records--1973 U.S. pack: 25,228,000 lb; 1970 total: 29,001,000 lb; 1973 domestic exports: 9,949,000 lb.

U.S. SUPPLY OF FISH MEAL AND SOLUBLES, 1981-90 (Product weight)

		(0 /		
Year	Dome: product.		Import	Total	
	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds	Percent	Thousand pounds
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1986 1987 1988 1989	765,640 899,356 *922,040 877,566 883,196 799,826 911,622 755,520 734,736 670,328	86.6 84.2 87.2 84.0 63.4 68.3 69.8 74.0 81.1 73.7	118,868 169,664 135,880 166,888 510,654 370,548 393,730 265,310 171,112 239,426	13.4 15.8 12.8 16.0 36.6 31.7 30.2 26.0 18.9 26.3	884,508 1,068,020 1,057,920 1,044,454 1,393,850 1,170,374 1,305,352 1,020,830 905,848 909,754

(1) Includes shellfish meal production plus the production of U.S. solubles. (2) Data do not include imports of fish solubles. *Record. Records--1968 imports: 1,712,344,000 lb, 1968 total supply: 2,254,450,000 lb.

Note: -- Wet weight of solubles has been converted to dry weight by reducing its poundage by one-half.

U.S. SUPPLY OF FISH MEAL, 1981-90 (Product weight)

		(1 100001 110	·9····/						
	Domestic			Exports					
Year	production (1)	Imports	Total	Domestic	Foreign				
	Thousand pounds								
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987	637,018 746,854 763,536 751,528 721,682 702,194 *786,978 643,796	118,868 168,664 135,880 166,888 510,654 370,548 393,730 265,310	755,886 915,518 899,416 918,416 1,232,336 1,072,742 1,180,962 909,106	94,054 35,880 154,834 40,356 69,166 77,020 103,422 150,262	5,384 4,662 6,848 1,234 808 952 664				
1989	618,382 577,498	171,112 239,426	789, 494 816, 924	103,790 128,522	3,560 4,160				

(1) Includes shellfish meal. *Record. Records--1968 imports: 1,710,570,000 lb; 1968 total supply 2,180,842,000 lb.

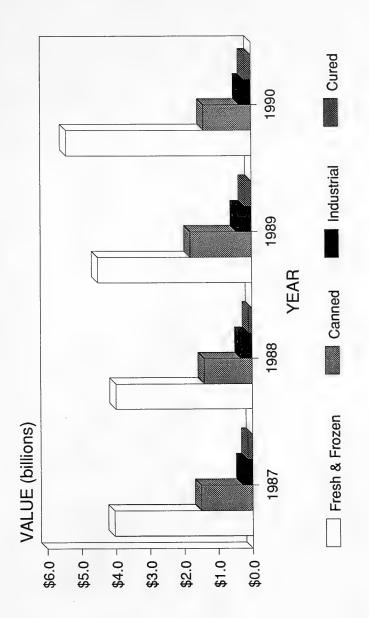
U.S. SUPPLY OF FISH OILS, 1981-90

Year	Domestic production	Imports	Total	Exports	Total supply
			Thousand pound	s	
1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	184,302 347,513 *399,334 372,804 285,077 336,708 298,496 224,733 225,478 281,949	18,255 12,699 15,334 13,426 17,254 19,212 25,697 27,667 25,449 36,702	202,557 360,212 414,668 386,230 302,331 355,920 324,193 252,400 250,927 318,651	238,308 202,345 *404,087 399,425 279,080 192,214 249,119 149,279 194,795 222,341	(1) 157,867 10,581 (1) 23,251 163,706 75,074 103,121 56,132 96,310

(1) The 1981 and 1984 exports, which included prior year stocks, exceed domestic production plus imports. *Record.

Note: -- Does not include exports of foreign merchandise.

VALUE OF PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS FROM DOMESTIC CATCH & IMPORTED PRODUCTS 1987 - 1990



U.S. CONSUMPTION

Annual per capita consumption of seafood products represents the pounds of edible meat consumed from domestically-caught and imported fish and shellfish adjusted for beginning and ending inventories, and exports, divided by the civilian population of the United States as of July 1 of each year.

U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF COMMERCIAL FISH AND SHFI I FISH 1909-90

Year	Civilian resident		Per capita consu	imption	
	population July 1 (2)	Fresh and frozen (3)	Canned (4)	Cured (5)	Total
	Million persons			s, edible meat	
09 (6)	90.5	4.3	2.7	*4.0]	11.
10	92.2	4.5	2.8	3.9	11.
12	95.3	4.8 5.0 5.3	2.8	3.7	11.
13	97.2	5.3	2.9	3.4	11. 11.
14	99.1	5.6	3.0	3.1	11
15	100.5	5.8	2.4	3.0	11
16	102.0	6.0	2.2	2.8	11
17	103.3	6.2	2.0	2.7	10
18	103.2	6.4	2.0	2.5	10
19	104.5	6.4	2.8	2.4	11
21	108.5	6.2	3.2	2.3	11.
22	110.0	6.1	3.2	2.1	10
23	111.9	6.0	2.9	1.8	11 10
24	114.1	6.1	3,2	1.7	11
25	115.8	6.3	3.2	1.6	11
26	117.4	6.6	3.4	1.4	11
27	119.0	7.0	3.9	1.3	12.
28	120.5	7.1 6.9	3.9	1.1	12.
30	121.8	5.8	3.9	1.1	11
31	123.9	4.9	3.4	1.0	10.
32	124.7	4.3	3.2	0.7	8
33	125.4	4.2	3.9	0.6	8.
34	126.2	4.3	4.2	0.7	9,
35	127.1	5.1	4.7	0.7	10.
36	127.9	5 2	*5.8 5.3	0.7	11.
37	128.6	5.6	5.3	0.9	11.
38	129.6	5.2	4.8	0.8	10.
10	130.7	5.3 5.7	4.7	0.7	10.
11	132.1	6.3	4.6	0.7	11.
12	131.4	5.2	2.9	0.7	11.
13	128.0	5.5	1.8	0.6	8.7
14	127.2	5.5	2.6	0.6	8.
5	128.1	6.6	2.6	0.7	9.
16	138.9	5.9	4.2	0.7	10.
8	143.1	5.8	3.8	0.7	10.
9	148.2	6.0	4.4	0.7	11.
0	150.8	6.3	4.9	0.6	10. 11.
1	151.6	6.3	4.3	0.6	11.
2	153.9	6.2	4.3	0.7	11.
3	156.6	6.4	4.3	0.7	11.
4	159.7	6.2	4.3	0.7	11.
6	163.0	5.9	3.9	0.7	10.
7	166.1 169.1	5.7	4.0	0.7	10.
8	172.2	5.5	4.0	0.7	10.
9	175.3	5.9	4.3	0.6	10. 10.
0	178.1	5.7	4.0	0.6	10.
1	181.1	5.9	4.3	0.5	10.
2	183.7	5.8	4.3	0.5	10.
3	186.5	5.8	4.4	0.5	10.
4	189.1	5.9	4.1	0.5	10.
55	191.6 193.4	6.0	4.3	0.5	10.
57	193.4	6.1	4.3	0.5	10.
58	197.1	6.2	4.3	0.5	10. 11.
9	199.1	6.6	4.2	0.3	II.

See notes at end of table.

(Continued)

U.S. CONSUMPTION

U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF COMMERCIAL FISH AND SHELLFISH, 1909-90 - Continued

Year	Civilian resident		Per capita cons	umption	
	population	Fresh and	Canned (4)	Cured (5)	Total
	July 1 (2)	frozen (3)			
	Million persons		<u>-</u> Pound	s, edible meat-	
1970	201.9	6.9	4.5	0.4	11.8
1971	204.9	6.7	4.3	0.5	11.5
1972	207.5	7.1	4.9	0.5	12.5
1973	209.6	7.4	5.0	0.4	12.8
1974	211.6	6.9	4.7	0.5	12.1
1975	213.8	7.5	4.3	0.4	12.2
1976	215.9	8.2	4.2	0.5	12.9
1977	218.1	7.7	4.6	0.4	12.7
1978	220.5	8.1	5.0	0.3	13.4
1979	223.0	7.8	4.8	0.4	13.0
1980 (1)	225.7	7.9	4.3	0.3	12.5
1981 (1)	227.9	7.8	4.6	0.3	12.7
1982 (1)	230.3	7.9	4.3	0.3	12.5
1983 (1)	232.6	8.4	4.7	0.3	13.4
1984 (1)	234.8	9.0	4.9	0.3	14.2
1985 (1)	237.0	9.8	5.0	0.3	15.1
1986 (1)	239.4	9.8	5.4	0.3	15.5
1987 (1)	241.	*10.7	5.2	0.3	*16.2
1988 (1)	244.1	10.0	4.9	0.3	15.2
1989 (1)	246.6	10.2	5.1	0.3	15.6
1990 (1)	249.2	10.1	5.1	0.3	15.5

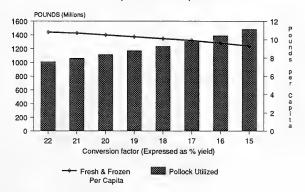
(1) Data revised.

(2) Resident population for 1909 to 1929 and civilian resident population for 1930 to date.
(3) Fresh and frozen fish consumption from 1910 to 1928 is estimated. Beginning in 1973, data include consumption of artificially cultivated catfish. Domestic landings used in calculating consumption are preliminary after 1977.

(4) Canned fish consumption for 1911 to 1920 is estimated. Beginning in 1921, it is based on production reports, packer stocks, and foreign trade statistics for individual years. (5) Cured fish consumption for 1910 to 1928 is estimated. (6) Data for 1909 estimate based on the 1908 census and foreign trade data.

*Record.

Effect of Conversion Factors For Surimi On Fresh And Frozen Per Capita Consumption



U.S. CONSUMPTION

U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS, 1970-90

			<u>Pou</u>	nds		
1970. 1971. 1972. 1973. 1974. 1975. 1976. 1977. 1978. 1979. 1980 (1) 1981 (1) 1982 (1) 1982 (1) 1984 (1) 1985 (1) 1986 (1)	0.7 0.7 0.7 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5	0.4 0.4 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.2 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.2 0.2 0.3	2.5 / 2.9 3.1 3.1 2.9 2.8 2.8 3.3 3.2 3.0 3.0 3.0 3.2 3.3 3.2 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3	0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.4	0.4 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.4 0.4 0.3 0.3 0.1 0.3 0.3 0.4	4.5 4.3 4.9 5.0 4.7 4.3 4.6 5.0 4.3 4.7 4.7 95.0
1986 (1) 1987 (1) 1988 (1) 1989 (1)	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.4	0.3 0.3 0.3	3.5 3.6 3.9 3.7	0.5 0.4 0.4	0.5 0.3 0.2 0.4	5.2 4.9 5.1 5.1

⁽¹⁾ Data revised.

NOTE: -- Domestic landings data used in calculating these data are preliminary after 1977.

U.S. ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF CERTAIN FISHERY ITEMS, 1970-90

		OF CERTAIN FISHERT ITEN	10, 10, 0 00
Year	Fillets and steaks (2)	Sticks and portions	Shrimp all preparation
		<u>Pounds (3)</u>	
1970	2.2 2.0 2.3 2.5 2.1 2.5 2.5 2.7 2.7 2.7 2.4 2.5 3.0 3.2 3.4 *3.6 3.2 3.1	1.7 1.6 1.8 2.0 1.8 1.8 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.2 *2.2 2.0 1.8 1.7 1.8 1.8 1.7 1.5 1.5	1.5 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.5 1.7 1.9 2.2 *2.4 2.4

⁽¹⁾ Data revised.

Note: -- Domestic landings data used in calculating these data are preliminary after 1977.

⁽²⁾ Data include groundfish and other species. Data do not include blocks, but fillets could be made into blocks from which sticks and portions could be produced.
(3) Product weight of fillets and steaks and sticks and portions, edible (meat) weight of shrimp. *Record.

U.S. USE

Per capita use of commercial fish and shellfish is based on the supply of fishery products, both edible and nonedible (industrial), on a round weight equivalent basis, without considering beginning or ending stocks, defense purchases, or exports.

Per capita use figures are not comparable with per capita consumption data. Per capita consumption figures represent edible (for human use) meat weight consumption rather than round weight consumption. In addition, per capita consumption includes allowances for beginning and ending stocks and exports, whereas the use does not include such allowances.

Per capita use is derived by using total population including U.S. Armed Forces overseas. The per capita consumption is derived by using civilian resident population.

U.S ANNUAL PER CAPITA USE OF COMMERCIAL FISH AND SHELLFISH, 1955-90 (1)

0.0744	TUAL PER CAPITA U				
Year	Total population including armed	Total U.S.	Per	capita utiliza	tion
Tear	forces overseas	supply	Commercial	Imports	Total
		Supply	landings	Imports	TOTAL
	July 1		landings		
	Million	Million			
	persons	<u>pounds</u>		Pounds	
1955	165.9	7,121	29.0	13.9	42.9
1956	168.9	7,569	31.2	13.6 13.8	44.8 41.7
1957	172.0 174.9	7,164 7,526	27.9 27.1	15.8	41.7
1959	177.8	8,460	28.8	18.8	47.6
1939	1,,,0	0,100	20.0	10.0	1,10
1960	180.7	8,223	27.3	18.2	45.5
1961	183.7	9,570	28.2	23.9	52.1
1962	186.5	10,408	28.7	27.1	55.8
1963	189.2	11,434	25.6 23.7	34.8 39.0	60.4 62.7
1964	191.9 194.3	12,031 10,535	23.7	29.6	54.2
1966	196.6	12,469	22.2	41.2	63.4
1967	198.7	13,991	20.4	50.0	70.4
1968	200.7	17,381	20.7	65.9	86.6
1969	202.7	11,847	21.4	37.0	58.4
	005 1	11 474		21 0	55.0
1970	205.1 207.7	11,474 11,804	24.0	31.9 32.7	55.9 56.8
1972	207.7	13,849	22.9	43.1	66.0
1973	211.9	10,378	22.9	26.1	49.0
1974	213.9	9,875	23.2	23.0	46.2
1975	216.0	10,164	22.6	24.5	47.1
1976	218.0	11,593	24.7	28.5	53.2
1977	220.2	10,652	23.9	24.4	48.3
1978	222.6	11,509	27.1	24.6	51.7
1979	225.1	11,831	27.9	24.7	52.6
1980	227.7	11,357	28.5	21.4	49.9
1981	229.8	11,353	26.0	23.4	49.4
1982	232.1	12,011	27.5	24.3	51.8
1983	234.2	12,352	27.5	25.2	52.7
1984	237.0	12,552	27.2	25.8	53.0
1985	239.3	15,061	26.2	36.8	63.0
1986	241.6 243.9	14,368	25.0	34.5 36.3	59.5 64.6
1987	243.9	15,744 14,628	28.3 29.2	30.2	59.4
1988	246.3	14,628	34.0	28.2	62.2
1990	251.4	16,653	38.6	27.6	63.2
	II S commorcial la				

(1) Data include U.S. commercial landings and imports of both edible and nonedible (industrial) fishery products on a round weight basis. "Total supply" is not adjusted for beginning and ending stocks, defense purchases, or exports.

WORLD CONSUMPTION

ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF FISH AND SHELLFISH FOR HUMAN FOOD, BY REGION AND COUNTRY, 1986-88 AVERAGE

			NTRY, 1986-88 AVERAGE		
Region and country	Estimated equiv	live weight alent	Region and country	Estimated l equiva	
	Kilograms	Pounds		Kilograms	Pounds
North America: Canada Greenland St. Pierre and Miquelon United States.	26.9 85.2 75.9 20.5	59.3 187.8 167.3 45.2	Europe - Continued: Greece. Hungary Iceland Ireland Italy.	4.9 92.4 17.7 19.7	39.7 10.8 203.7 39.0 43.4
Caribbean: Antigua. Aruba. Bahamas. Barbados. Bermuda. British Virgin Islands. Cayman Islands. Coba. Dominica. Dominica. Grenada.	39.4 422.9 22.4 32.0 46.4 25.7 19.3 21.8 15.9 5.9	86.9 94.6 49.4 70.5 102.3 56.7 42.5 48.1 35.1 13.0 68.8	Malta Netherlands Norway Poland. Portugal Romania Spain Sweden United Kingdom Yugoslavia	15.0 8.1 44.3 19.1 60.1 9.2 38.0 27.4 14.1 19.2 3.6 28.6	33.1 17.9 97.7 42.1 132.5 20.3 83.8 60.4 31.1 42.3 7.9 63.1
Guadeloupe. Haiti Jamaica. Martinique. Montserrat. Netherland Antilles. St. Christopher-Nevis. Saint Lucia. St. Vincent. Trinidad-Tobago.	31.2 4.6 18.6 42.7 9.3 25.1 45.8 14.0 8.7		Near East: Afghanistan Bahrain Cyprus Egypt Iran Iraq Israel Jordan Kuwait Lebanon	0.1 20.3 12.7 7.4 3.0 1.2 19.1 3.5 10.8	0.2 44.8 28.0 16.3 6.6 2.6 42.1 7.7 23.8 1.5
Latin America: Argentina Belize Bolivia Brazil Chile Colombia Costa Rica Ecuador El Salvador French Guiana	6.6 7.2 0.9 6.6 19.9 3.4 5.3 10.1 2.8 43.5	14.6 15.9 2.0 14.6 43.9 7.5 11.7 22.3 6.2 95.9	Libya Oman Qatar Saudi Arabia Sudan Syria Turkey United Arab Emirates Yemen Arab (Aden)	4.0 25.0 9.5 8.1 1.0 0.5 7.1 25.2 3.0 16.5	8.8 55.1 20.9 17.9 2.2 11.1 15.7 55.6 6.6 36.4
Guatemala Guyana Honduras Mexico Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru Suriname Uruguay Venezuela	0.3 43.0 2.0 9.8 0.8 13.6 2.8 23.3 7.2 4.2 13.2	0.7 94.8 4.4 21.6 1.8 30.0 6.2 51.4 15.9 9.3 29.1	Far East: Bangladesh. Brunei. Burma. Cambodia. China. Hong Kong. India. Indonesia. Japan. Laos. Macao.	7.4 31.0 15.3 9.1 8.0 50.9 3.3 14.0 71.2 5.3	16.3 68.3 33.7 20.1 17.6 112.2 7.3 30.9 157.0
Europe: Albania. Austria. Belgium and Luxembourg. Bulgaria. Czechosolovakia. Denmark. Faeroe Island. Fed. Rep. of Germany. Finland. France. German Democratic Rep.	3.3 7.2 18.3 7.2 6.7 19.6 86.4 10.8 31.1 29.0 15.2	7.3 15.9 40.3 15.9 14.8 43.2 190.5 23.8 68.6 63.9 33.5	Macao Maldives Malaysia Mongolia Nepal North Korea Pakistan Philippines Republic of Korea Singapore Sri Lanka Thailand Vietnam	20.4 129.5 30.1 1.3 0.6 42.4 1.8 33.8 49.6 34.0 14.8 20.8 13.0	45.0 285.5 66.4 2.9 1.3 93.5 4.0 74.5 109.3 75.0 32.6 45.9 28.7

See footnote at end of table.

(Continued)

WORLD CONSUMPTION

ANNUAL PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION OF FISH AND SHELLFISH FOR HUMAN FOOD, BY REGION AND COUNTRY, 1986-88 AVERAGE - Continued

Region and country	Estimated live weigh	nt equivalent
	Kilograms	Pounds
Africa:		
Algeria	4.4	9.7 52.0
Angola	23.6	52.0
Benin	11.1	24.5
Botswana	3.1	6.8
Burkina	1.8	4.0
BurundiCameroon.	1.2	31.7
Cane Vordo	12.2	26.9
Cape VerdeCentral African Republic	5.2	11.5
Chad	17.5	38.6
Comoros	11.4	25.1
Congo (Brazaville)	36.3	80.0
Djibouti Equatorial Guinea	3.5	7.7
Equatorial Guinea	21.5	47.4
Ethiopia	0.1	0.2
Gabon	31.1	68.6 35.3
Gambia	16.0 26.0	57.3
GhanaGuinea	8.4	18.5
Guinea-Bissau	3.6	7.9
Ivory Coast	16.9	37.3
Kenva	5.7	12.6
Lesotho	1.8	4.0
Liberia	14.6	32.2
Madagascar	7.9	17.4
Malawi	10.5	23.1
Mali	6.8	15.0
Mauritania	11.8	26.0 38.6
Mauritius	7.6	16.8
Mozambique	3.0	6.6
Namibia	9.0	19.8
Niger	0.4	0.9
Nigeria	6.7	14.8
Republic of South Africa	10.1	22.3
Reunion	23.8	52.5
Rwanda	0.3	0.7
Sao Tome	28.3	62.4
Senegal	21.3	47.0 120.2
Seychelles	54.5 14.7	32.4
Somalia	2.3	5.3
St. Helena	70.7	155.
Swaziland	0.2	0.
Tanzania	14.2	31.3
Togo	13.4	29.
Tunisia	11.0	24.3
Uganda	12.6	27.
Zaire	9.2	20.3
Zambia	8.9	19.
Zimbabwe	2.1	4.
ceania:		
Australia	18.6	41.
Fiji	47.5	104.
Fiji French Polynesia	32.3	71.:
New Caledonia	20.6	45.
New Zealand	13.0	28.
Papua New Guinea	24.8	54. 115.
Solomon Islands	52.4	65.
Tonga	29.5	72.5
Vanuatu	32.9	72.
Western Samoa	34.0	13.
World	13.1	28.

Note: -- Data for most countries are tentative. Aquatic plants are included where applicable.

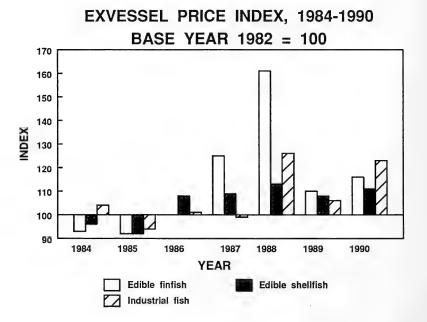
Source:--Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations (FAO) Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, 1989, vol. 69, Rome.

The Exvessel Price table is an index of changes in the relative dockside value of fish and shelifish sold by fishing vessels. The table indexes the average annual exvessel value (price per pound) received for each species or group to the average price per pound received for the same species or group in the base year 1982.

The exvessel price for each year was obtained by dividing total value for each species or group by its total quantity as reported in the distance from shore tables on pages 6-9. The index for each species or group was obtained by multiplying the current annual price by the total quantity caught in 1982 (the base year). That number was then divided by the 1982 value to obtain the final index:

1982 Annual Value

Each Index number measures price changes from the 1982 reference period when the Index equaled 100. A species of fish that sold for \$0.75 a pound in 1986 and a \$1.00 a pound in 1982 would have an index of 75 in 1986. In 1990, if the price of the same species increased to \$1.05, the index in 1990 would be 105.



INDEXES OF EXVESSEL PRICES FOR FISH AND SHELLFISH, BY YEARS, 1984-90 (1982=100)

		(19	82=100)				
Species	1984 (1)	1985 (1)	1986 (1)	1987 (1)	1988 (1)	1989 (1)	1990
Groundfish, et al:							
Cod	77	75	69	88	73	73	83
Haddock	142	189	200	257	220	239	220
Pollock:							
Atlantic	73	72	115	175	150	191	223
Alaska	77	79	85	110	121	134	151
Flounders	105	70	64	70	55	66	69
Total groundfish, et al.	98	85	83	101	86	96	100
Halibut	62	73	124	135	104	132	159
Sea herring	83	144	133	144	162	75	97
Salmon:							
Chinook	95	87	90	110	141	85	101
Chum	89	87	89	113	206	98	109
Pink	111	104	91	147	319	159	138
Sockeye	94	114	161	177	258	142	140
Coho	91	89	80	145	198	77	105
Total salmon	95	102	121	151	232	120	
Swordfish	105	99	115	131	121	119	125
Tuna:	103	99	113	130	121	119	108
Albacore	90	78	78	111	124	126	107
Bluefin	295	160	81	483	587	612	127 572
Skipjack	80	67	68	80	103	86	85
Yellowfin	89	76	72	92		101	
	90		71		114		112
Total tuna		74		97	121	108	112
Total edible finfish	93	92	100	125	161	110	116
Clams:							
Hard	101	92	119	130	164	145	127
Ocean quahog	98	98	111	106	103	103	111
Soft	137	150	171	145	150	159	213
Surf	94	103	104	88	88	88	86
Total clams	104	105	122	118	134	127	127
Crabs:							
Blue	110	111	124	142	153	158	152
Dungeness	159	147	138	138	122	118	162
King	79	88	114	114	135	135	145
Snow	67	57	72	82	89	92	83
Total crabs	91	91	107	113	124	126	131
American lobster	113	108	114	127	130	122	110
Oysters	119	113	137	165	175	198	227
Scallops:	-117	-15	1 23 /	100	173	1 100	221
Bay	127	115	229	140	155	158	149
Calico	54	97	186	106	102	88	110
Sea	145	129	133	113	115	107	105
Total scallops	133	124	146	114	116	109	109
Shrimp:							
Gulf and South Atlantic.	84	77	92	89	90	79	79
Other	107	95	113	155	102	92	113
Total shrimp	85	77	93	92	91	80	81
Total edible shellfish	96	92	108	109	113	108	111
Total edible fish							
and shellfish	95	92	104	116	135	109	113
	33	32	104	210	100	109	213
Industrial fish,	104	94	101	99	126	106	123
Menhaden	104				126		
All fish and shellfish		92	104	115	134	109	114

⁽¹⁾ Revised.

SUMMARY OF 1990 VALUE ADDED, MARGINS, AND CONSUMER EXPENDITURES FOR COMMERCIAL MARINE FISHERY PRODUCTS IN THE LINITE

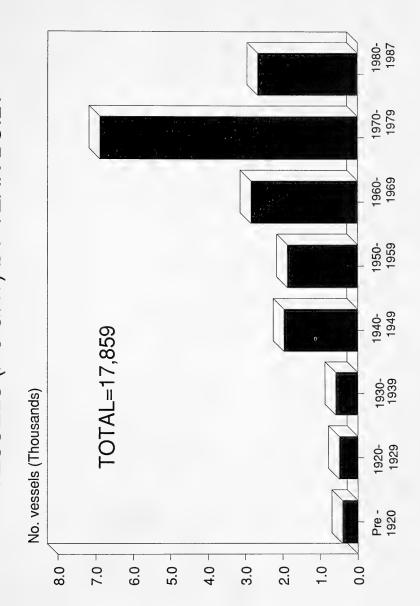
	ı	FISHERY PRO	FISHERY PRODUCTS IN THE UNITED STATES (1)	UNITED STATE	ES (1)			
sector	Purchase	Mark-up	Total	Value	Value	Value	Value	Offehore
adk to	io :	Jo	mark-up	added as	added	of	מקטים ל	floot c
OL OL	fishery	fishery	within	percent of	within	sales by	contr1-	exported
Antata a	TIDALS	Inpurs	sector	total mark-up	sector	sector	bution	fishery
	Thousand	Percentage	Thousand	Percentage	Thousand	Thomas		produces
	Dollars	of Fishery	Dollars		Dollars	Dollars	of GNP Con-	Thousand
Domestic Harvest:		SARATITE .					tribution	
Edible	1 1	100.0	\$3,478,541	63.40	\$2,205,545	\$3,478,541	13.3	
Harvest not		0.001	393, 896	60.87	\$57,157	\$93,896	0.3	
landed in U.S	1	100.0	\$288,311	66.18	\$190,812	\$288,311	1.2	112 886 3
Imports, Unprocessed	\$2,050,287	1	ı	,	ı	\$2.050.287		110 100 100
Exports, Unprocessed	1	1	1	1	1			
Primary Wholesale							ı	\$1,265,112
and Processing	\$4,356,952	104.9	\$4,570,317	57.5	\$2,626,393	\$8,927,269	15.0	
Imports, Processed	\$3,231,730	ı	,	,	. 1	53.231.730		
Exports, Processed	1	1	ı					
					ı	1		\$1,576,178
Secondary Wholesale and Processing:								
Edible	\$10,429,326	22.8	\$2,376,564	54.9	\$1,304,742	\$12,805,889	7.8	
Industrial	\$153,495	22.8	\$34,978	54.9	\$19,203	\$188.473	0.1	
Retail Trade from Food Service	\$6,571,444	177.8	\$11, 685, 595	73.4	\$8,571,739	S18.257.040		
Retail Trade								
Trom Stores	\$6,234,445	31.9	\$1,989,331	80.5	\$1,600,793	\$8,223,776	7.6	
ADDED ACTIVITY:					\$16.576.384		000	
A 100 M 100 M 100 M		100		2	100 1010 1011		T00.0	
CONSUMERS EXPENDITURES (* WHOLESALE PURCHASES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS) FOR FISHERY PRODUCTS;	& WHOLESALE PUR	CHASES OF IND	JSTRIAL PRODUC	TS) FOR FISHE	RY PRODUCTS:	000 022 363		
		the same and the same of the same of the same of				202 " 200 " 202		

550,009,289 (1) Includes industrial products, landings by U.S.-flag vessels at U.S. and foreign ports, and joint ventures. Note.-- The table reports the contribution of commercial marine fishing to the national economy as measured by margin, value added, and sales. These measures are consistent with the Bureau of the Census definitions.

Margin or mark-up is the difference between the price paid for the product by the consumer or wholesale purchaser and the dockside or wholesale value for an equivalent weight of the product. (It is assumed that fishermen catch their fish without paying purchase price and therefore the entire dock-Gross National Products (GNP) is equal to the sum of the value added of all economic entities in the economy. Value added within a sector represents side or exvessel price is considered margin.) Value added is a measure of the factors added to the total worth of a product at each stage of the production process. It is defined as the gross receipts of firms minus the cost of purchased goods and services needed to fabricate the product. that sector's contribution to GNP.

Value added includes wages, salaries, interest, depreciation, rent, taxes and profit. Consumer expenditures are the final retail value of seafood products sold through stores and food service outlets plus secondary wholesale and processing of industrial products.

1987 U.S. FISHING FLEET, NUMBER OF VESSELS (> 5 GRT) BY YEAR BUILT



(CONTINUED)

EMPLOYMENT, CRAFT, AND PLANTS

TOTAL (1)	3,166	4,790	2.237	1,339	1 051	488	627	419	438	749	617	417	306	529	163	88	102	89	49	126	Ø	_	co.	n	4	7	S	Ø	-	10	4	-	_	-	က	n	2
AVER- AGE GROSS TONS	80	14	24	i &	4	38	2	74	28	8	103	115	125	134	144	155	165	174	184	196	204	213	228	234	243	255	564	272	288	295	314	326	333	352	364	374	382
PACIFIC	1,065	1,833	636	398	330	184	122	92	23	8	8	42	21	ន	13	9	12	_	4	12	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•
GULF	453	1,588	1.106	225	435	316	335	217	276	530	479	274	197	156	82	32	83	52	19	15	N	_	ო	က	ო	8	2	-	-	80	ო	-	-	•	2	က	0
SOUTH	270	427	288	225	151	110	8	29	8	107	92	8	88	17	18	80	rv.	N	m	21	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
CHESA- PEAKE	1,294	265	14	52	σ	28	2	12	25	82	34	99	48	35	24	15	3	18	6	28	•	•	8	•	_	S	e	•	•	4	•	•	•	_	•	•	-
MIDDLE	23	113	22	20	47	38	8	52	78	20	18	ଷ	83	31	19	0	15	15	80	14	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	•	•
NEW ENGLAND	79	261	146	117	104	64	63	4	36	28	27	65	48	62	20	34	20	25	20	74	•	•	•	•	-	-	•	•	_	•	_	-	•	•	2	•	•
	8	19	50	30	40	20	69	62	83	66	109	119	129	139	149	159	169	179	189	199	509	219	229	539	249	259	569	279	588	299	319	329	339	329	369	379	000
GROSS	- 00	10 -	. 02	30.	8 8	50	- 09	- 02	- 80	- 06	100	110 -	120 -	130 -	140 -	150 -	160 -	170 -	180 -	190 -	200 -	210 -	- 220	230 -	240 -	250 -	260	270 -	- 580	- 5	310 -	320 -	330 -	350 -	360 -	370 -	000

17,859

EMPLOYMENT, CRAFT, AND PLANTS

	TOTA(1)		
	AVER- AGE GROSS TONS	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	•
7 - Continued	PACIFIC	. d	4,980
E GROUP, 198	GULF	-aoman-mod-aam	7,236
NUMBER OF U.S. FISHING VESSELS, BY TONNAGE GROUP, 1987 - Continued	SOUTH	1	2,050
IING VESSELS	CHESA- PEAKE	4 w to	2,464
R OF U.S. FISH	MIDDLE		658
NUMBE	NEW ENGLAND		1,434
		4 49 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	
	GROSS	410 430 440 450 460 460 550 550 550 650 650 650 650 650 650 6	TOTAL VESSELS

NOTE:-This table represents a special survey conducted in 1987 by the National Marine Fisheries Service. Data do not include vessels in the States of Alaska and Hawaii, or the Great Lakes area, but includes a partial estimate for the States of Maryland and Virginia. (1) Total is exclusive of duplication.

LENGTH DISTRIBUTION OF U.S. FISHING VESSELS, 1987

17,859	*	4,980	7,236	2,050	2,464	859	1,434		Vessels
					1 % A				Total
-	049	•	-	•	•	•	•	649	- 049
-	555	•	-	1	•	1	•	229	- 029
-	267	-	,	•	•	1	•	569	- 500
-	526	•	-	•	•	•	•	529	250 -
80	201	9	01	•	•	•	•	508	200 -
=	195	9	4	-	•	1	•	199	190
-	187	-	•	•	•	•	•	189	180 -
80	176	•	•	80	7	•	•	179	170 -
70	164	4	55	-	12	•	-	169	160 -
19	153	80	10	-	-	•	•	159	150 -
16	141	•	12	•	4	•	-	149	140 -
23	134	•	13	•	12	2	2	139	130
21	124	-	4	-	13	က	2	129	120 -
18	115	က	2	•	4	က	10	119	110 -
35	104	-	4	က	7	2	21	109	100
99	26	9	19	S	=	10	28	66	- 06
270	83	23	88	F	52	46	111	88	- 08
1,188	74	88	1/29	125	178	129	266	79	- 02
2,597	85	238	1,778	386	169	133	222	69	- 09
1,888	72	358	666	273	77	96	194	29	- 09
4,084	4	1,232	1,751	480	421	105	202	49	- 04
5,962	88	1,892	1,627	574	1,476	112	325	39	30 -
1,567	27	1,113	191	181	56	14	49	59	20 -
TOTAL (1)	AVERAGE LENGTH	PACIFIC	GULF	SOUTH	CHESA- PEAKE	MIDDLE	NEW		LENGTH IN FEET

NOTE:-This table represents a special survey conducted in 1987 by the National Marine Fisheries Service. Data do not include vessels in the States of Alaska and

Hawaii, or the Great Lakes area, but includes a partial estimate for the States of Maryland and Virginia.

PLANTS PRODUCING CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS, INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS, AND FISH FILLETS AND STEAKS, 1990

	Canned	Industrial	Fish fillets	Total plants
Area and State	fishery	fishery	and	exclusive of
	products	products	steaks	duplication
		<u>Numb</u>	<u>er</u>	
New England:				
Maine	10	1	26	37
Massachusetts	- 1	1	67	68
New Hampshire	-	-	1	1
Rhode Island	-	-	18	18
Connecticut	1	-	2	3
Total	11	2	114	127
Mid-Atlantic:				
New York	2	1	16	19
New Jersey	5	_ ^	_ 10	5
Pennsylvania	2	_	1	3
Delaware	2	_	_ 1	2
Maryland	1	_	_	1
Virginia	2	5	5	12
Total	14	6	22	42
10021	74		24	42
South Atlantic and Gulf:				
North Carolina	- 1	3	17	20
South Carolina	1	-	9	10
Georgia	-	1	2	3
Florida	1	-	45	46
Alabama	- 1	2	3	5
Mississippi	2	3	_	4
Louisiana	5	17	22	44
Total	9	26	. 98	132
Pacific:				
Alaska	51	8	34	85
Washington	21	3	30	49
Oregon	3		16	17
California	6	5	42	51
Total	81	16	122	202
Hawaii	-	-	9	9
Inland States	1	1	18	20
American Samoa	2	2	_	2
Puerto Rico	5	4	_	5

PROCESSORS AND WHOLESALERS: PLANTS, AND EMPLOYMENT, 1989

	2	Processing	MINCES OF		Drocessing Wholesale	C IMILIA'S	200		
		6117000077			-			1707	
State and area	Plants	Employment	average	Plants	Employment	average	Plants	Employment	Year
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	y odmil N	Ъ				
New England:									
Maine	86	2,129	1,978	285	875	814	383	3,004	2,792
New Hampshire	0 0 0	3,368	3 340	250		1, 373	368	4.764	4.713
Rhode Island	31	478	478	98		326	117	850	804
Connecticut	4	78	77	44		193	48	275	270
Total	252	6,364	6,182	682	2,879	2, 745	934	9,243	8,927
Mid-Atlantic:	UE.	000	300	167	-	1 274	197		1 666
New Jorkson	17	969	643	19	1+	371	78		1,014
Dennsylvania	- M	1,116	1,113	12	182	182	21	1,298	1,295
Delaware	2		539	9		21	8		260
District of				_	~ ~	~		~ ~	~ ~
Columbia	I	2000	096	4 4	444	577	102	2 050	2 831
Warytand	77	2,800	2,525	54	410	397	131	3,210	2,922
100	101	7.887	7 472	177	2 025	2.860	562	10.812	10.332
court at leating	101	100/1	7024	T. C	2000			200101	200/01
North Carolina	97	1,830	1,664	163		206	260	2,402	2,170
South Carolina	18	315	301	82	424	339	100	739	640
Georgia	15	1,283	1,282	58		164	73	1,447	1,446
Coast	37	1,527	1,499	45	483	483	82	2,010	1,982
	45.5	1	A	0.00		400	4.01	000	000
Total	191	4,955	4, 146	348	1,643	1, 492	575	6, 398	6,238
Gulf:									
	172	4,053	4,032	181	873	843	353	4,926	4,875
Alabama	67	1,628	1,565	24	109	91	91	1,737	1,656
Mississippi	98	2,137	2,093	32	174	1 201	1/1	2,311	7 200 7
Louisiana	31	1,307	1,273	131	1,43/	1, 301	162	1,960	1,909
E + + C E	Vay	12 6/0	10 647	ZAZ.	300 5	3 045	1 175	16.795	15.692
ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	OC.	12000	****				24.4		
Alaska (1)	247	10.841	6.978	20	89	45	267	10,909	7,023
Washington	145	3,810	3,682	163	519	467	308	4,329	4,149
Oregon	35	1,029	966	19		267	54	1,300	1,263
California	129	4,845	4,681	388	1,	1,953	517	6,831	6, 634
Total	556	20,525	16,337	290	2,844	2,732	1,146	23,369	690'61
Inland States (2),									
Total	39	547	540	21	73	69	09	620	609
Other Areas or States: (3), Total.	23	12,016	12,013	44	299	299	19	12,315	12,312
	1 710	64 943	50 037	174 6	17 900	CPC &1	4.459	79, 752	73.179
erand tocat	31.	25 7 100	12000				7-26-1	Tarre Michigan	

(1) Data for Alaska based on a partial survey. (2) Data covers Colorado, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Minesota, Missoui, Nevada, Ohio, South Dakota, Utah, Wisconsin, and a partial survey conducted for other States. (3) Includes American Samoa, Guam, Hawaii, Northern Marianas, and Puerto Rico.

FISHERY PRODUCTS INSPECTION

FISHERY PRODUCTS AND ESTABLISHMENTS INSPECTED IN CALENDAR YEAR, 1990

			Edible fishery products				
Region	Establishme	ents (1)		A	mount inspec	ted	
	SIFE (2)	PUFI (3)	Grade A	PUFI (4)	No mark (5)	Lot (6)	Total
	Numl	oer		Th	ousand pound	s	
Northeast	5	55	60,380	206,991	54,788	121,453	443,612
Southeast	0	94	27,961	27,580	34,828	56,095	146,464
West	4	64	30,106	33,102	84,932	103,808	251,947
Total, 1990	. 9	213	118,447	267, 673	174,548	281,355	842,023
Total, 1989	6	160	.: £ 117, 432	190,141	80,993	174,604	563,170

- (1) These establishments are inspected under contract and certified as meeting U.S. Department of Commerce (USDC) regulations for construction and maintenance of facilities and equipment, processing techniques, and employment practices.
- (2) Fish processing establishments approved for sanitation under the Sanitary Inspected Fish Establishment service (SIFE). Products are not processed under inspection.
- (3) Sanitarily inspected fish establishments processing fishery products under USDC inspection.
- (4) Products processed under USDC inspection in inspected establishments and labeled with USDC inspection mark as "Packed Under Federal Inspection" (PUFI) and/or "U.S. Grade A."
- (5) Products processed under inspection in inspected establishments but bearing no USDC inspection mark.
- (6) Lot inspected products checked for quality and condition at the time of examination and located in processing plants, warehouses, cold storage facilities, or terminal markets anywhere in the United States.

Note: -- Table may not add due to rounding.

Source: -- NMFS, Office of Trade and Industry Services, F/TS4.



THE MAGNUSON FISHERY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT

The Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MFCMA), Public Law 94-265 as amended (Magnuson Act), provides for the conservation and management of all fishery resources within the U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ). It also provides for fishery management authority over continental shelf resources and anadromous species beyond the EEZ, except when they are found within a foreign nation's territorial sea or fishery conservation zone (or equivalent), to the extent that such sea or zone is recognized by the United States.

The EEZ extends from the seaward boundary of each of the coastal States (generally 3 nautical miles from shore for all but two States) to 200 nautical miles from shore. The seaward boundaries of Texas, Puerto Rico, and the Gulf coast of Fiorida are 3 marine leagues (9 nautical miles).

GOVERNING INTERNATIONAL FISHERY AGREEMENTS

Under the Magnuson Act, the U.S. Department of State, with cooperation from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) of the U.S. Department of Commerce, negotiates Governing International Fishery Agreements (GIFAs) with foreign countries wishing to fish within the EEZ. After a GIFA is signed, it is transmitted by the President to the Congress for review.

FOREIGN FISHING PERMITS

Vessels of foreign nations which have GIFAs with the United States may fish in the EEZ for species managed under the Magnuson Act after receiving an allocation of that species and a valid fishing permit. After a GIFA is in force, a foreign nation must submit a permit application to the U.S. Department of State for each vessel to fish in the EEZ. Permit applications must also be made for foreign vessels to receive U.S. harvested fish in the EEZ, and to conduct any other operation in the EEZ in support of the catching, taking, or harvesting of fish. The U.S. Department of State provides copies of the applications to the Congress, the U.S. Coast Guard, the appropriate Regional Fishery Management Council, and to the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries of the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) with its recommendations. The NMFS also receives recommendations from the Regional Fishery Management Councils and the U.S. Coast Guard, as well as the general public.

The Assistant Administrator for Fisheries reviews recommendations bearing on approval of each application and, after consulting with the U.S. Department of State and the U.S. Coast Guard, may approve an application in whole or in part. Any conditions and restrictions on the approval of an application are sent to the foreign nation through the U.S. Department of State, and must be accepted by the nation before a permit is issued.

PEES

Foreign nations engaged in fisheries subject to U.S. Jurisaliction are charged permit fees, poundage fees, a foreign fee surcharge, and an observer fee. An incremental fee may also be charged, which is a percentage of the poundage fee from any country found not to be cooperating in the conservation and development of U.S. fishery resources.

The permit fees in 1990 recovered costs of Issuing permits, based upon a standard administrative charge of \$354 for each foreign permit application.

Poundage fees are charged for the fish harvested by foreign vessels. Poundage fees vary in relation to the exvessel values of the species harvested by a nation's vessels. Poundage fees are not currently charged for U.S. harvested fish received by foreign vessels. Collections from 1990 poundage fees were expected to continue to decrease as foreign fishing falls to very low levels. No incremental fees were paid in 1990.

The surcharge is to capitalize a fund to compensate U.S. fishermen operating in the EEZ whose vessels or gear are lost or damaged because of conflicts with foreign vessels. The surcharge on poundage and permit fees was walved in 1990 because the fund was fully capitalized.

The observer fee covers U.S. costs Including salary, per diem, transportation, and overhead for U.S. observers on board foreign vessels. The fee is computed on the basis of actual observer trips.

FOREIGN ALLOCATIONS

The total allowable level of foreign fishing (TALFF), if any, for any fishery subject to the exclusive fishery management authority of the United States is that portion of the optimum yield (OY) of such fishery that will not be harvested by vessels of the United States.

THE MAGNUSON FISHERY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT

Each assessment of OY and each assessment of the anticipated U.S. harvest is reviewed during the fishing season. Adjustments to TALFFs are based on updated information relating to status of stocks, estimated and actual performance of domestic and foreign fleets, and other relevant factors.

FMPs and PMPs

Under the Magnuson Act, eight Regional Fishery Management Councils are charged with preparing Fishery Management Plans (FMPs) for the fisheries needing management within their areas of authority. After the Councils develop FMPs which cover domestic and foreign fishing efforts, the FMPs are submitted to the Secretary of Commerce for approval and implementation. The Department, through NMFS agents and the U.S. Coast Guard, is responsible for enforcing the law and regulations.

The Secretary of Commerce is also empowered to prepare plans. Where no FMP exists, Preliminary Fishery Management Plans (PMPs), which only cover foreign fishing efforts, are prepared by the Secretary for each fishery for which a foreign nation requests a permit. The Secretary is also empowered to produce an FMP for any fishery that a Council has not duly produced. In this latter case, the Secretary's FMP covers domestic and foreign fishing.

As of December 31, 1990, six Preliminary Fishery Management Plans (PMPs) were in effect, many of which have been amended since first being implemented.

Atlantic Billfishes and Sharks
Foreign Trawi Fisheries of the Northwest
Atlantic
Hake Fisheries of the Northwestern
Atlantic
Pacific Billfishes and Oceanic Sharks
Bering Sea Herring
Bering Sea Snalls

Fishery Management Plans (FMPs)

Under section 304 of the Magnuson Act, all Council prepared FMPs must be reviewed by the Secretary of Commerce. After FMPs have been approved under section 304 of the Magnuson Act, they are implemented by federal regulations, under section 305 of the Act. During 1990, two new FMP's

were adopted by a Council, submitted for Secretarial review and approved. As of December 31, 1990, there are 32 fishery management plans in place. The FMPs are listed below, and those marked with an asterisk (*) were approved and implemented during 1990. Many FMPs are amended by the Council and submitted for approval under the same Secretarial review process as new FMPs. Many of the FMPs listed have been amended since initial implementation. Those marked with a double asterisk (**) were amended in 1990.

American Lobster Northeast Multispecies Atlantic Billfishes Atlantic Bluefish (*) Atlantic Coast Red Drum (*) Atlantic Mackerel, Sauld, and Butterfish Atlantic Salmon Atlantic Sea Scallops (**) Atlantic Surf Clams and Ocean Quahoas fisheries (**) Summer Flounder Swordfish Gulf and South Atlantic Splny Lobster Caribbean Shallow Water Reef Flsh (**) Gulf and South Atlantic Corals Gulf of Mexico Reef Fish (**) Gulf of Mexico Shrimp (**) Gulf of Mexico Stone Crab Coastal Migratory Pelagics (**) Caribbean Spiny Lobster Snapper/Grouper (**) Northern Anchovy King and Tanner Crab Commercial and Recreational Salmon High Seas Salmon (**) Pacific Groundfish Gulf of Alaska Groundfish Berina Sea and Aleutian Islands Groundfish Western Pacific Crustaceans Western Pacific Precious Corals Western Pacific Bottomfish and Seamount Groundfish Gulf of Mexico Red Drum Western Pacific Pelaalcs

During 1990, 428 regulatory actions were processed via the <u>Federal Register</u> to implement FMP fishery management actions and rules for foreign fishing. This number includes hearing, meeting, and correction notices.

REGIONAL FISHERY MANAGEMENT COUNCILS

Council	<u>States</u>	Telephone Number	Executive Director
NEW ENGLAND	(Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut)	617-231-0422	Douglas G. Marshall Suntaug Office Park 5 Broadway (Rt. 1) Saugus, MA 01906
MID-ATLANTIC	(New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Pennsylvania, Maryland, and Virginia)	302-674-2331	John C. Bryson Federal Bldg., Rm, 2115 300 So. New St. Dover, DE 19901
SOUTH ATLANTIC	(North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida)	803-571-4366	Robert K. Mahood Southpark Bldg., Suite 306 1 Southpark Circle Charleston, SC 29407
GULF OF MEXICO	(Texas, Louislana, Mississippi, Alabama, and Florida)	813-228-2815	Wayne E. Swingle Lincoln Center, Suite 881 5401 W. Kennedy Blvd. Tampa, FL 33609
CARIBBEAN	(Virgin Islands and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)	809-753-6910	Miguel A. Rolon Banco de Ponce Bldg. Suite 1108 Hato Rey, PR 00918
PACIFIC	(California, Washington, Oregon, and Idaho)	503-326-6352	Lawrence D. Six Metro Center, Suite 420 2000 S.W. First Avenue Portland, OR 97201
NORTH PACIFIC	(Alaska, Washington, and Oregon)	907-271-2809	Clarence G. Pautzke 605 W.4th Ave., Rm. 306 P.O. Box 103136 Anchorage, AK 99510
WESTERN PACIFIC	(Hawaii, American Samoa, Guam, and the Northern Marianas Islands)	808-523-1368	Kitty M. Simonds 1164 Bishop St., Rm.1405 Honolulu, Hl 96813



OPTIMUM YIELD, DOMESTIC ANNUAL HARVEST, RESERVE, TALFF, AND FOREIGN FISHING ALLOCATIONS: NORTH ATLANTIC, BY SPECIES AND COUNTRY, 1990 (1)

Item	Red	Silver	Loligo	Illex	Atlantic mackerel	Butter- fish	River	Other finfish	Total
			(2)	(2)	(3) (4)	(2)			
				Me	tric tons, r	Metric tons, round weight-			
Max Optimum		000 20	000	000	4/N	16,000	8	247 000	,
ABC	1 200	000	37,000	22,500	333,000	16,000		000/157	1
Initial Optimum	2 500	000 26	31 010	18 000	114 000	010.01	000	247,000	457,529
ран	1,400	22,000	31,000	18,000	90,000	10,000	7, 800	200, 200	380,400
DAP	1,400	19,000		15,000	24,000	10,000	7,800	180,000	257,200
JVP	ī	3,000	ı	3,000	54,000	ı	1	20,200	80,200
Reserve	006	4,500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1	ı	5, 400
TALFF	200	200	10	ı	24,000	19	200	46,800	71,729
Country									
Allocations									
German Democratic									
Republic	Ŋ	15	2	1	16,500	S	30	100	16,657
Poland	S	15	2	-	2,334	5	20	50	2,431
Total	10	30	Þ		18,834	10	50	150	19,088
Unallocated	5,475	13,320	8	1	102	17	55	46,400	66,527

OY=Optimum Yield; ABC=Allowable Biological Catch; DAH=Domestic Annual Harvest; and TALFF=Total Allowable Level of Foreign Fishing; Initial Optimum Yield = DAH & TALFF or max optimum yield. (1)

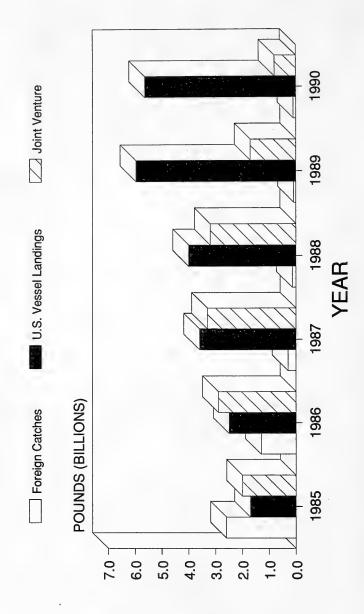
These are the maximum OYs as stated in the FMP; TALFF is for by catch purposes.

DAH includes 14,000 metric tons for recreational catch. No TALFF released. (4) (3) (5)

N/A: -- Not Applicable.

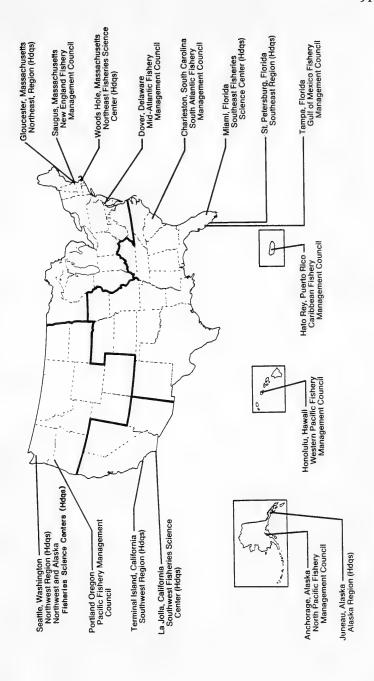
Source: --NMFS, Office of Trade and Industry Service, F/TS2.

COMMERCIAL CATCHES IN THE U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE (EEZ) 1985 - 1990



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

NMFS Regional Offices NMFS Fisheries Science Centers Regional Fishery Management Councils HDOS Locations



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

14th and E Streets, NW Washington, D.C. 20230

Mail routing code		<u>Telephone</u> number
	Secretary of Commerce Robert A. Mosbacher	202-377-2112
A	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration John A. Knauss	202-377-3436

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE

1335 East-West Highway (Silver Spring Metro Center #1) Silver Spring, MD 20910

F	Assistant Administrator for Fisheries William W. Fox, Jr.	301-427-2239
Fx1	Deputy Assistant Administrator for Fisheries Michael F. Tillman	301-427-2239
Fx2	Program Management Officer Samuel W. McKeen	301-427-2239
Fx3	Senior Scientist for Fisheries Michael P. Sissenwine	301-427-2239
F/MS	Management Services Office James H. Czerwonky	301-427-2245
F/BP	Budget and Planning Office John E. Oliver, Jr.	301-427-2250
F/PC	Policy and Coordination Office John T. Everett	301-427-2253
F/SC	National Seafood Marketing Council (*) Thomas P. Jones	202-673-5237
F/EN	Office of Enforcement Morris M. Pallozzi	301-427-2300
F/CM	Office of Fisheries Conservation and Management Richard H. Schaefer	301-427-2334
F/CM1	Operations Support and Analysis Division	301-427-2339
F/CM2	Plans and Regulations Division	301-427-2343
F/CM3	Recreational and Interjurisdictional Fisheries Division	301-427-2347
F/RE	Office of Research and Environmental Information Glenn A. Flittner	301-427-2367
F/RE1	Fisheries Statistics Division	301-427-2328
F/RE2	Data Management Division	301-427-2372
F/RE3	Prediction, Analysis and Monitoring Division	301-427-2363
F/PR	Office of Protected Species Nancy Foster	301-427-2332
F/PR1	Permits and Documentation Division	301-427-2289
F/PR2	Protected Species Management Division	301-427-2322
F/PR3 ·	Habitat Policy and Conservation Division	301-427-2325
F/PR4	Conservation Science Division	301-427-2319

(Continued)

^(*) Office is located at 1825 Connecticut Ave., NW (Universal Bldg., South) Room 6220, Washington, DC 20235.

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE Silver Springs, Md. 20910

<u>Mail</u> <u>routing</u> <u>code</u>		<u>Telephone</u> number
F/TS	Office of Trade and Industry Services James E. Douglas, Jr.	301-427-2351
F/TS1	Financial Services Division	301-427-2390
F/TS2	Trade Services Division	301-427-2379
F/TS3	Utilization Research and Services Division	301-427-2358
F/TS4	Inspection Service Division	301-427-2355
F/IA	Office of International Affairs Henry R. Beasley	301-427-2272
F/IA1	Organizations and Agreements Division	301-427-2276
F/IA2	International Science, Development and Polar Affairs Division	301-427-2288
LA11	Office of Congressional Affairs - Fisheries William Price	301-427-2263
PAF	Office of Public Affairs - Fisheries Roddy Moscoso	301-427-2370
GCF	Office of General Counsel - Fisheries Margaret Frailey Hayes	301-427-2231

REGIONAL FACILITIES

<u>Location</u>	<u>Telephone</u> <u>number</u>	
Gloucester, MA	508-281-9300	Northeast Region, One Blackburn Drive Gloucester, MA 01930
Woods Hole, MA	617-548-5123	Northeast Fisheries Science Center Woods Hole, MA 02543
Woods Hole, MA	617~548-5123	Woods Hole Laboratory Woods Hole, MA 02543
Narragansett, RI	401-789-9326	Narragansett Laboratory, Route 7A, P.O. Box 522A Narragansett, RI 02882
Milford, CT	203-878-2459	Milford Laboratory Milford, CT 06460
Highlands, NJ	201-872-0200	Sandy Hook Laboratory, P.O. Box 428 Highlands, NJ 07732
Oxford, MD	301-226-5193	Oxford Laboratory Oxford, MD 21654
Gloucester, MA	508-281-3600 Ext. 237	Gloucester Laboratory, Emerson Ave. Gloucester, MA 01930
Washington, DC	202-357-2550	National Systematics Laboratory 10th and Constitution Ave., N.W. Washington, DC 20560
		(Continued)

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE

REGIONAL FACILITIES - Continued

Location	<u>Telephone</u> <u>number</u>	
St. Petersburg, FL	813~893-3141	Southeast Region, 9450 Koger Blvd. St. Petersburg, FL 33702
Miami, FL	305-361-4284	Southeast Fisheries Science Center, 75 Virginia Beach Dr. Miami, FL 33149
Miami, FL	305-361-4225	Miami Laboratory, 75 Virginia Beach Dr. Miami, FL 33149
Pascagoula, MS	601-762-4591	Mississippi Laboratories, 3209 Frederick St. P.O. Drawer 1207 Pascagula, MS 39567
Panama City, FL	904-234-6541	Panama City Laboratory, 3500 Delwood Beach Rd. Panama City, FL 32407
Galveston, TX	409-766-3500	Galveston Laboratory, 4700 Avenue U Galveston, TX 77551
Charleston, SC	803-762-1200	Charleston Laboratory, 217 Fort Johnson Rd. P.O. Box 12607 Charleston, SC 29412
Beaufort, NC	919-728-8724	Beaufort Laboratory, Pivers Island Beaufort, NC 28516
Seattle, WA	206-526-6150	Northwest Region, 7600 Sand Point Way, N.E. BIN C15700, Bldg. 1 Seattle, WA 98115
Seattle, WA	206-442-1872	Northwest Fisheries Science Center 2725 Montlake Boulevard, East Seattle, WA 98112
Terminal Island, CA	213-514-6196	Southwest Region, 300 South Ferry St. Terminal Island, CA 90731
La Jolla, CA	619-546-7000	Southwest Fisheries Science Center 8604 La Jolla Shores Dr., P.O. Box 271 La Jolla, CA 92038
Honolulu, HI	808-943-1221	Honolulu Laboratory, 2570 Dole St., P.O. Box 3830 Honolulu, HI 96812
Tiburon, CA	415-435-3149	Tiburon Laboratory, 3150 Paradise Dr. Tiburon, CA 94920
Monterey, CA	408-646-3311	Pacific Fisheries Environmental Group P.O. Box 831 Monterey, CA 93942

(Continued)

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE REGIONAL FACILITIES - Continued

<u>Location</u>	<u>Telephone</u> <u>number</u>	
Juneau, AK	907-586-7221	Alaska Region, Federal Bldg., Room 453 709 West Ninth St., P.O. Box 21668 Juneau, AK 99802
Seattle, WA	206-526-4000	Alaska Fisheries Science Center, 7600 Sand Point Way, N.E. BIN C15700, Bldg. 4 Seattle, WA 98115
Kodiak, AK	907-487-4961	Kodiak Investigations, P.O. Box 1638 Kodiak, AK 99615
Auke Bay, AK	907-789-6000	Auke Bay Laboratory, P.O. Box 210155 Auke Bay, AK 99821

REFERRAL DIRECTORY - SILVER SPRING, MD OFFICE

FEES AND PERMITS -- 301-427-2339

Foreign fishing Joint ventures

FINANCIAL SERVICES -- 301-427-2390

Compensation for loss of gear Construction, vessels (Tax Deferral Program) Insurance - vessel seizure by foreign governments Loans and loan guarantees

FISHERY MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS -- 301-427-2343

Artifical reefs Fishery management plans Fisheries regulations State grants

INDUSTRY SERVICES -- 301-427-2351

Consumer education and marketing Exports/Imports licenses Saltonstall-Kennedy (S-K) grants Tariffs Trade issues

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES -- 301-427-2272

Allocation (foreign fishing catches) Foreign fisheries (general)

LAW ENFORCEMENT AND FINES -- 301-427-2300

PROTECTED SPECIES -- 301-427-2332

Lacey Act (general information)
Marine Mammal Protection Act (general)
Permits and regulations

RESOURCES INVESTIGATIONS -- 301-427-2367

Acid rain and pollution Aquaculture information Diseases of fish Ecology and fish recruitment Fishing methods Resource abundance

STATISTICAL DATA_SERVICES -- 301-427-2328

Commercial fisheries - landings and value Imports and exports
Joint ventures
Market news reports (general)
Operating units (fishermen and vessels)
Processed fishery products
Recreational fisheries

UTILIZATION RESEARCH -- 301-427-2358

Botulism and ciguatera poisoning Nutrition and quality of fishery products Safety and product standards Seafood inspection and identity

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE

NATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS OFFICES

City	<u>Telephone</u> <u>number</u>	Name and address
NEW_ENGLAND		NORTHEAST REGION
Portland	207-780-3322	Robert C. Morrill or Scott McNamara, Federal Court House, 156 Federal St., Rm. 17, P.O. Box 425, DTS,
Rockland	207-594-5969	Portland, ME 04101 Peter S. Marckoon, Federal Bldg., 21 Limerock St., Rm. 207, P.O. Box 708, Rockland, ME 04841
Boston	617-223-8012	
Boston	617-223-8015	Louis O'Donnel, 408 Atlantic Ave., Rm. 141, Boston, MA 02210 Paul Sheahan, 408 Atlantic Ave., Rm. 141 Boston, MA 02210
Gloucester	508-281-9304	Vito P. Giacalone, Rm. 107, 1 Blackburn Dr. Gloucester, MA 01930
New Bedford	508-999-2452	Dennis E. Main, U.S. Custom House, 2nd and Williams Sts., New Bedford, MA 02740
New Bedford Chatham	508-994-9200 508-945-5961	Paul O. Swain, Address same as above Lorraine Spenle, 29C Stage Harbor Road
(1)Woods Hole	508-548-5123 Ext. 264	Chatham, MA 02633 Ronnee L. Schultz, Northeast Fisheries Center, Water St., Woods Hole, MA 02543
Newport	401-847-3115	Lori Lathan, Post Office Bldg., Thames St., Newport, RI 02840
Pt. Judith	401-783-7797	Newport, RI 02840 Susan Murphy, 310 Great Island Rd., Rm. 203, P.O. Box 547, Pt. Judith, RI 02882
MIDDLE_ATLANTIC		
New York	212-620-4505	Russell Meredith, 201 Varick St., Rm. 1145, New York, NY 10014
Riverhead	516-727-0707	New York, NY 10014 Al Usinger, 518-B E. Main St., P.O. Box 873, Riverhead, L.I., NY 11901 Fred C. Blossom, 75 Oak St., Social Security Bldg. P.O. Box 606, Patchoque, L.I., NY 11772 Eugene A. LoVerde. 26 Main St., P.O. Box 143.
Patchogue	516-475-6988	Fred C. Blossom, 75 Oak St., Social Security Bldg.
Toms River	201-349-3533	
Cape May	609-884-2113	Toms River, NJ 08753 Walt Makowski, 1382 Lafayette St., P.O. Box 624, Cape May, NJ 08204
CHESAPEAKE		
Oxford	301-226-5420	William E. Brey, Oxford Laboratory, P.O. Box 338, Oxford, MD 21654 George E. Ward, Biological Lab., Franklin City,
Greenbackville	804-824-4725	George E. Ward, Biological Lab., Franklin City, Greenbackville, VA 23356
Hampton	804-723-3369	Anthony Silvia, 55-57 West Queenway Mall, P.O. Box 436, Hampton, VA 23669
		SOUTHEAST REGION
SOUTH ATLANTIC Beaufort	919-728-4168	Kanash C. Hamis Disagn Taland Danifant
		Kenneth C. Harris, Pivers Island, Beaufort Laboratory, Box 500, Beaufort, NC 28516
Manteo	919-473-5929	Glenwood P. Montgomery, Marine Resource Center, P.O. Box 967, Manteo, NC 27954 John C. DeVane, Jr., 217 Ft. Johnson Rd.,
Charleston	803-762-1200	P.O. Box 12607, James Island, SC 29412
Brunswick	912-265-7080	Richard F. Dumas, Federal Bldg., 801 Gloucester St., Rm. 302, Brunswick, GA 31520
New Smyrna Beach	904-427-6562	Claudia Dennis, 200 Canal St., Room 200 New Smyrna Beach, FL 32168
(1)Miami	305-361-4462	J. Ernest Snell or Guy S. Davenport, 75 Virginia Beach Dr., Miami, FL 33149
Tequesta	407-575-5407	Howard C. Schaefer, 19100 S.E. Federal Highway Tequesta, FL 33469

(Continued)

NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE

NATIONAL FISHERY STATISTICS OFFICES

City	<u>Telephone</u> <u>number</u>	Name and address
GULF		
Key West	305-294-1921	Edward J. Little, Jr., Post Office & Custom House
Fort Myers	813-334-4364	Bldg., P.O. Box 269, Key West, FL 33040 Tom Herbert, 2000 Main St., Suite 409
St. Petersburg	813-893-3151	Fort Myers, FL 33901 VACANT, 9450 Koger Blvd.,
Panama City	904-234-6541	St. Petersburg, FL 33702 Deborah Fable, 3500 Delwood Beach Rd.,
Bayou La Batre	205-824-4149	Panama City, FL 32407 Horace M. Flowers, D&H Furniture Bldg., Second Floor 93 S. Wintzell Ave., P.O. Box 591, Bayou La Batre, AL 36509
Pascagoula	601-762-4591	Hermes G. Hague, 3209 Frederic St., SEFC Pascagoula
Cameron	318-762-3887	Lab., P.O. Box Drawer 1207, Pascagoula, MS 39567 Vacant, Sabine National Wildlife Refuge, Highway 27
Golden Meadow	504-475-7072	South, 3000 Main Street, Hackberry, LA 70645 Gary J. Rousse, 1614 So. Bayou Dr., Rm. 211,
Houma	504-872-3321	P.O. Box 623, Golden Meadow, LA 70357 Kathleen M. Hebert, Post Office Bldg., 425 Lafayette
New Iberia	318-365-1558	St., Rm. 128, Houma, LA 70360 Linda F. Picou, 327 S. Iberia St., Suite 8,
(1) New Orleans	504-589-6153	New Iberia, LA 70560 Leryes "Lee" Usie, World Trade Center, 2 Canal St.,
Rockport	512-729-0189	Suite 400-H, New Orleans, LA 70130 Thomas N. Scott, Roy Spears, NMSS - Statistics
Brownsville/ Port Isabel	512-548-2516	P.O. Box 2259, Rockport, TX 78382 Kit Doncaster or Edie Lopez, Harbor Masters Bldg., Shrimp Basin, P.O. Box 467,
Freeport	409-233-4551	Brownville, TX 78520 Richard A. Allen, 307 East Park, P.O. Box 2533,
Galveston	409-766-3705	Freeport, TX 77541 Margot Hightower or John P. Davidson II
Port Arthur	409-724-4303	4700 Avenue U, Bldg. 308, Galveston, TX 77551 Madeline Bailey, Federal Bldg., 2875 75th St., Rm. 113, Port Arthur, TX 77640
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(1) Seattle	206-526-6128	John K. Bishop, 7600 Sand Point Way, N.E., Bldg., 1, BIN C15700, Seattle, WA 98115
		ALASKA REGION
(1) Juneau	907-586-7221	Jessica A. Gharrett, 9109 Mendenhall Mall Road, Federal Building Annex Suite 6, P.O. Box 21668, Juneau, AK 99802

⁽¹⁾ Regional headquarters for statistics offices.

PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE FROM NATIONAL MARINE FISHERIES SERVICE, NOAA

SCIENTIFIC PUBLICATIONS

Information on formal scientific publications by NMFS (such as NMFS journals and Technical Publications) may be obtained from the Scientific Publications Office (F/NWR1), 7600 Sand Point Way N.E., BIN C-15700, Seattle WA 98115.
Telephone: 206-526-6107.

CURRENT FISHERY STATISTICS (CFS) SERIES

The reports listed below are in the Current Fishery Statistics (CFS) series. They are statistical bulletins on marine recreational fishing, commercial fishing, and on the manufacture and commerce of fishery products. For further information or to obtain a subscription to these publications, contact the office shown below:

NOAA, National Marine Fisheries Service Fisheries Statistics Division (F/RE1) 1335 East-West Highway Silver Spring, MD 20910 Telephone: 301-427-2328

Marine recreational fishing publications are released annually. If you wish a copy of the following publications, check the designated space () and return to the Office shown above

- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Atlantic and Gulf Coast, 1987-1989 C.F.S. No. 8904
- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Pacific Coast, 1986 C.F.S. No. 8393
- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1986 C.F.S. No. 8392
- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1983-1984 C.F.S. No. 8326

- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Pacific Coast, 1983-1984 C.F.S. No. 8325
- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Pacific Coast, 1981-1982 C.F.S. No. 8323
- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1979 (Revised) -1980 C.F.S. No. 8322
- () Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, Pacific Coast, 1979-1980 C.F.S. No. 8321

The bulletins shown below cover freezings and holdings, the production of various processed products, and the U.S. foreign trade in fishery products. The annual data shown in the publication are later published in Fishery Statistics of the United States. To order publications from the Government Printing Office (GPO) or the National Technical Service (NTIS), see the two pages that follow.

The following are available annually:

- () FF Frozen Fishery Products
- () MF Processed Fishery Products
- () Imports and Exports of Fishery Products

The following publication is only available quarterly.

() Fish Meal and Oil

LIBRARY INFORMATION

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PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE FROM U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

TECHNICAL REPORTS

Stock Number

003-009-00522-1 International Trade
Administration Report, "1989
U.S. Industrial Outlook" - a
one-year forecast on the U.S.
fishing industry plus one and
five-year forecasts on other
U.S. industries. January 1989
. . .\$24,00

STATISTICAL REPORTS

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003-020-00160-2 Fisheries of the United States, 1989. . .\$6.50

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PUBLICATIONS AVAILABLE FROM NATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION SERVICE (NTIS), U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

COMMERCIAL FISHERIES

Fisheries of the United States is a preliminary report with historical comparisons on the Nation's fishing, fish processing, and foreign trade in fishery products.

Year	Accession number	Year	Accession number
1966 1967 1968 1969 1970 1971	COM-75-10662 COM-75-10663 COM-75-10664 COM-75-10665 COM-71-50081 COM-75-10666	1978 1979 1980 1981 1982 1983	PB-297083 PB-80-201593 PB-81-241648 PB-82-215542 PB-83-216473 PB-84-195148 PB-86-144953
1973 1974 1975 1976 1977	COM-74-50546 COM-75-10862 PB-253966 PB-268662 PB-282741	1985 1986 1987 1988 1989	PB-87-143145 PB-88-164132 PB-88-215173 PB-89-216485 PB-91-129320

Fishery Statistics of the United States (Statistical Digest) is a final report on the Nation's commercial fisheries showing more detail than Fisheries of the United States.

Year A	ccession	number	Year 1	Accession	number
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1951 1951 1952 1953 1955 1955 1956	COM-75-1 COM-75-1	11265 11266 11267 11268 11269 11270 11271 11272 11273 11274 11275 11056 11055 11055 11055 11055 11055	1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 1964 1965 1966 1967 1970 1970 1971 1972 1973 1974 1975	COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-75-1 COM-72-5 COM-72-5 COM-75-1 COM	11062 11063 11064 11065 11066 11067 11068 29 30 502249 10887 10643 51227 11430 58 89 66 25 53438
1958	COM-75-1	11061			

STATE LANDINGS

Maine, 1946-76, PB-271296/1977-79, PB-81-128258. Massachusetts, 1943-76, PB-275866/1977-79, PB-81-143182. Rhode Island, 1954-77, PB-287627/1978-79, PB-81-157158.

New York, 1954-76, PB-275449/1977-79, PB-81-134546.

STATE LANDINGS - CONTINUED

New Jersey, 1952-76, PB-275696/1977-79, PB-81-159048.

Maryland, 1960-76, PB-300636/1977-79, PB-81-159003. Virginia, 1960-76, PB-300637/1977-79, PB-82-151960. North Carolina, 1955-76, PB-288928/1977-79, PB-82-151978. South Carolina, 1957-76, PB-289405/1977-79, PB-81-163198. Georgia, 1956-77, PB-829814/1977-78, PB-81-157166. Florida, 1950-76, PB-292068. Alabama, 1950-77, PB-80-121262/1978, PB-82-168071. Mississippi, 1951-77, PB-80-121270/1978, PB-82-169079. Louisiana, 1957-77, PB-300583/1978, PB-82-168063. Texas, 1949-77, PB-300603/1978-79, PB-82-168004. Shrimp, 1956-76, PB-80-124696/1977-78, PB-82-156183.

PROCESSED FISHERY PRODUCTS ANNUAL SUMMARY

Gulf Coast Shrimp Data, 1958-76, PB-80-126899/

1979	PB-89-215248/AS	1983	PB-89-215271/AS
1010	ID OJ ZIJZJO/NO	1000	LD 09 2132/11/10
1980	PB-89-215255/AS	1984	DD 00 015007/20
1900	PB-09-213233/AS	1904	PB-89-215297/AS
	00 015050/		00 045005/0+
1981	PB-89-215263/AS	1985	PB-89-215305/AS
1982	PB-89-215289/AS	1986	PB-89-215313/AS

MARINE_RECREATIONAL FISHING

1970 Salt-Water Angling Survey, PB-265416.

Determination of the Number of Commercial and Non-Commercial Recreational Boats in the United States, Their Use, and Selected Characteristics, COM-74-11186.

Participation in Marine Fishing: Northeastern United States, 1973-74, COM-75-10655.

Southeastern United States, 1974, PB-273160.

Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey:

Atlantic and Gulf Coasts:

1977, PB-82-170390.

PB-84-199652
PB-89-102552
PB-89-102560
PB-89-102628
PB-89-102669
PB-89-102701

Pacific Coast:

1981-1982	PB-89-102925/AS
1983-1984	PB-89-102933/AS
1985	PB-89-102941/AS
1986	PB-89-102958/AS

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OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Processors and Wholesale Dealers of Fishery Products in U.S. 1989 (shows firm name, address, and major products), PB-91-129429

Aquaculture and Capture Fisheries: Impacts in U.S. Seafood Markets, PB-88-204185/GBA.

Revenues, Costs, and Returns from Vessel Operation in Major U.S. Fisheries, PB-265275.

Development of Value Added, Margin and Expenditures for Marine Fishery Products, PB-89-125108.

Seafood Plant Sanitation, PB-271161.

Economic Impacts of the U.S. Commercial Fishing Industry, COM-75-11354.

A Survey of Fish Purchases by Socio-Economic Characteristics - Annual Report, COM-71-00647.

National Marine Fisheries Service: Seafood Consumption, 1973-1974, (a magnetic tape) PB-294725.

National Marine Fisheries Service: Species/ Mercury Data (a magnetic tape) PB-283265.

The Maryland Blue Crab and Oyster Processing Industries: The Effects of Government Regulations, PB-82-159054.

ECONOMIC PROFILES

The U.S. Blue Crab Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysts, PB-83-165704.

The Maine Sardine Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysts, PB-83-165712.

The U.S. Menhaden Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysts, PB-83-165720.

The U.S. Oyster Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysts, PB-83-166215.

The U.S. Shrimp Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysts, PB-83-166233 (includes canned shrimp, breaded shrimp, and headless peeled shrimp).

The New England Groundfish Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysts, PB-83-166231.

Analysis of Seafood Consumption in the U.S. 1970, 1979, 1978, and 1981, PB-86-135043.

The U.S. Seafood Processing Industry: An Economic Profile for Policy and Regulatory Analysis, PB-83-199265.

BASIC ECONOMIC INDICATORS

American and Spiny Lobster, 1947-73, COM-47-11587.

Atlantic and Pacific Groundfish, 1932-72, COM-74-11638.

Blue Crab, 1947-72, COM-74-11585.

Clams, 1947-74, COM-75-11089.

Halibut, 1929-72, COM-74-11583.

King and Dungeness Crabs, 1947-72, COM-74-11586.

Menhaden, 1946-72, COM-74-11581.

Oyster, 1947-72, COM-75-10384.

Salmon, 1947-72, COM-74-11710.

Scallops, 1930-72, COM-74-11582.

Shrimp, 1947-72, COM-74-11709.

Tuna, 1947-72, COM-74-11584.

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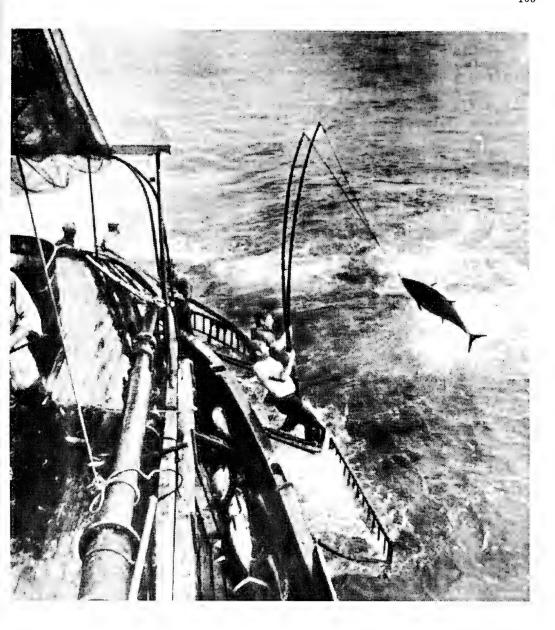
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ANADROMOUS SPECIES. These are species of fish that mature in the ocean, and then ascend streams to spawn in freshwater. In the Magnuson Act, these species include, but are not limited to, Atlantic and Pacific saimons, steelhead trout, and striped bass. See 42 FR 60682, Nov. 28, 1977.

ANALOG_PRODUCTS. These include imitation and simulated crab, lobster, shrimp, scallops, and other fish and shellfish products fabricated from processed fish meat (such as suriml).

BATTER-COATED FISH PRODUCTS. Sticks and portions or other forms of fish or shellfish coated with a batter containing a leavening agent and mixture of cereal products, flavoring, and other ingredients, and partially cooked in hot oil a short time to expand and set the batter.

<u>BOAT, OTHER</u>. Commercial fishing craft not powered by a motor, e.g., rowboat or saliboat, having a capacity of less than 5 net tons. See motorboat.

BREADED FISH PRODUCTS. Sticks and portions or other forms of fish or shellfish coated with a non-leavened mixture containing cereal products, flavorings, and other ingredients. Breaded products are sold raw or partially cooked.

<u>BREADED</u> <u>SHRIMP</u>. Peeled shrimp coated with breading. The product may be identified as fantall (butterfly) and round, with or without tail fins and last shell segment; also known as portions, sticks, steaks, etc., when prepared from a composite unit of two or more shrimp pleces whole shrimp or a combination of both without fins or shells.

<u>BUTTERFLY FILLET</u>. Two skin-on fillets of a fish joined together by the belly skin. See fillets.

<u>CANNED FISHERY PRODUCTS</u>. Fish, shellfish, or other aquatic animals packed in cans, or other containers, which are hermetically sealed and heat-sterilized. Canned fishery products may include milk, vegetables, or other products. Most, but not all, canned fishery products can be stored at room temperature for an indefinite time without spoiling.

COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN. An individual who derives income from catching and selling living resources taken from inland or marine waters.

CONSUMPTION OF EDIBLE FISHERY PRODUCTS. Estimated amount of commercially landed fish, shellfish, and other

aquatic animals consumed by the civilian population of the United States. Estimates are on an edible-weight basis and have been adjusted for beginning and ending inventories of edible fishery products. Consumption includes U.S. production of fishery products from both domestically caught and imported fish, shellfish, other edible aquatic plants, animals, and imported products and excludes exports and purchases by the U.S. Armed Forces.

CONTINENTAL SHELF FISHERY RESOURCES. These are living organisms of any sedentary species that at the harvestable stage are either (a) Immobile on or under the seabed, (b) unable to move except in instant physical contact with the seabed or subsoil of the continental shelf. The Magnuson Act now lists them as certain abalones, surficiam and ocean quahog, queen conch, Atlantic deep-sea red crab, dungeness crab, stone crab, king crabs, snow (tanner) crabs, American lobster, certain corals, and sponges.

CURED FISHERY PRODUCTS. Products preserved by drying, pickling, salting, or smoking; not including canned, frozen, irradiated, or pasteurized products. Dried products are cured by sun or alr-drying; pickled or salted products are those products preserved by applying salt, or by pickling (immersing in brine or in a vinegar or other preservative solution); smoked products are cured with smoke or a combination of smoking and drying or salting.

<u>CUSTOMS TERRITORY.</u> Unless otherwise noted, the foreign trade information presented is based on Bureau of the Census data for the Customs territory of the United States. The territory Includes the 50 States, District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

EDIBLE WEIGHT. The weight of a seafood item exclusive of bones, offal, etc.

EEZ. See U.S. Exclusive Economic Zone.

EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC). Belgium and Luxembourg, Denmark, Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, France, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, and United Kingdom.

EXPORT VALUE. The value reported is generally equivalent to f.a.s. (free alongside ship) value at the U.S. port of export, based on the transaction price, including inland freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in placing the merchandise alongside the carrier at the U.S. port of exportation. The value

excludes the cost of loading, freight, insurance and other charges or transportation cost beyond the port of exportation.

EXVESSEL PRICE. Price received by the harvester for fish, shellfish, and other aquatic plants and animals,

FISH BLOCKS. Regular flsh blocks are frozen blocks or slabs of fillets or pleces of fillets cut or sliced from flsh. Minced flsh blocks are frozen blocks or slabs of minced flesh produced by a meat and bone separating machine.

FISH FILLETS. The sides of fish that are either skinned or have the skin on, cut lengthwise from the backbone. Most types of fillets are boneless or virtually boneless; some may be labeled as 'boneless fillets.'

FISH MEAL. A high-protein animal feed supplement made by cooking, pressing, drying, and grinding fish or shellfish.

FISH OIL. An oil extracted from body (body oil) or liver (liver oil) of fish and marine mammals; mostly a byproduct of fish meal production.

<u>FISH PORTION</u>. A plece of fish flesh that is generally of uniform size with thickness of 3/8 of an inch or more and differs from a fish stick in being wider or of a different shape. A fish portion is generally cut from a fish block.

FISH SOLUBLES. A water-soluble protein byproduct of fish meal production. Fish solubles are generally condensed to 50 percent solids and marketed as "condensed fish solubles."

FISH STEAK. A cross-section silce cut from a large dressed fish. A steak is usually about 3/4 of an inch thick.

FISH STICK. An elongated piece of breaded fish flesh welghing not less than 3/4 of an ounce and not more than 1-1/2 ounces with the largest dimension at least three times that of the next largest dimension. A fish stick is generally cut from a fish block.

FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN (FMP). A plan developed by a Regional Fishery Management Council, or the Secretary of Commerce under certain circumstances, to manage a fishery resource in the U.S. EEZ pursuant to the MFCMA (Magnuson Act).

FISHING CRAFT, COMMERCIAL. Boats and vessels engaged in capturing fish, shellfish, and other aquatic plants and animals for sale.

FULL-TIME COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN. An Individual who receives more than 50 percent of their annual income from commercial fishing activities, including port activity, such as vessel repair and re-rigging.

GROSS REGISTERED TONNAGE (GRT). The gross registered tonnage of a vessel is the internal cubic capacity of all space in and on the vessel that is permanently enclosed, with the exception of certain permissible exemptions. GRT is expressed in tons of 100 cubic feet.

GROUNDFISH. Broadly, fish that are caught on or near the sea floor. The term includes a wide variety of bottomfishes, rockfishes, and flatfishes. However, NMFS sometimes uses the term in a narrower sense. In 'Fisheries of the United States,' the term applies to the following species—Atlantic and Pacific cod; Atlantic and Pacific ocean perch; cusk; haddock; and Atlantic and Alaska pollock.

IMPORT VALUE. Value of Imports as appraised by the U.S. Customs Service according to the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended. It may be based on foreign market value, constructed value, American selling price, etc. It generally represents a value in a foreign country, and therefore excludes U.S. Import duties, freight, insurance, and other charges incurred in bringing the merchandise to the United States.

<u>IMPORT WEIGHT</u>. The weights of individual products as exported, i.e., fillets, steaks, whole, headed, etc.

INDUSTRIAL FISHERY PRODUCTS. Items processed from fish, shellfish, or other aquatic plants and animals that are not consumed directly by humans. These items contain products from seaweeds, fish meal, fish oils, fish solubles, pearl essence, shark and other aquatic animal skins, and shells.

JOINT VENTURE. An operation authorized under the MFCMA (Magnuson Act) in which a permitted foreign vessel receives fish in the U.S. EEZ from a U.S. vessel. The fish received from the U.S. vessel are part of the U.S. harvest

LANDINGS, COMMERCIAL. Quantities of fish, shellfish, and other aquatic plants and animals brought ashore and sold. Landings of fish may be in terms of round (live) weight or dressed weight. Landings of crustaceans are generally on a live-weight basis except for shrimp which may be on a heads-on or heads-off basis. Mollusks are generally landed with the shell on, but for some species only the meats are landed, such as sea scallops. Data for all mollusks are published on a meat-weight basis.

MAGNUSON FISHERY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT, Public Law 94-265, as amended. The Magnuson Act provides a national program for the conservation and management of fisheries to allow for an optimum yield (OY) on a continuing basis and to realize the full potential of the Nation's fishery resources. It established the U.S. Exclusive Economics Zone (EEZ) (formerly the FCZ - Fishery Conservation Zone) and a means to control foreign and certain domestic fisheries through PMPs and FMPs. Within the U.S. EEZ, the United States has exclusive management authority over fish (meaning finfish, mollusks, crustaceans, and all other forms of marine animal and plant life other than marine mammals, birds, and highly migratory species of tuna). The Magnuson Act provides further exclusive management authority beyond the U.S. EEZ for all continental shelf fishery resources and all anadromous species throughout the migratory range of each such species, except during the time they are found within any foreign nation's territorial sea or fishery conservation zone (or the equivalent), to the extent that such a sea or zone is recognized by the United States.

MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHING. Fishing for pleasure, amusement, relaxation, or home consumption. If part or all of the catch is sold, the monetary returns constitute an insignificant part of the person's income.

MARINE RECREATIONAL CATCH. Quantities of finfish, shellfish and other living aquatic organisms caught, but not necessarily brought ashore, by marine recreational fisherman.

MARINE RECREATIONAL FISHERMEN. Those people who fish in marine waters primarily for recreational purposes. Their catch is primarily for home consumption, although occasionally a part or all of their catch may be sold and enter commercial channels. This definition is used in the NMFS Marine Recreational Fishery Statistics Survey, and is not intended to represent a NMFS policy on the sale of angler-caught fish.

MAXIMUM SUSTAINABLE YIELD (MSY). MSY from a fishery is the largest annual catch or yield in terms of weight of fish caught by both commercial and recreational fishermen that can be taken continuously from a stock under existing environmental conditions. A determination of MSY, which should be an estimate based upon the best scientific information available, is a biological measure necessary in the development of optimum yield.

METRIC TONS. A measure of weight equal to 1,000 kilograms, 0.984 long tons, 1.1023 short tons, or 2,204.6 pounds.

MOTORBOAT. A motor-driven commercial fishing craft having a capacity of less than 5 net tons, or not officially documented by the Coast Guard. See "boat, other."

NORTHWEST ATLANTIC FISHERIES ORGANIZATION (NAFO). This convention, which entered into force January 1, 1979, replaces ICNAF. NAFO provides a forum for continued multilateral scientific research and investigation of fishery resources that occur beyond the limits of coastal nations' fishery jurisdiction in the northwest Atlantic, and will ensure consistency between NAFO management measures in this area and those adopted by the coastal nations within the limits of their fishery jurisdiction.

OPTIMUM YIELD (OY). In the MFCMA (Magnuson Act), OY with respect to the yleid from a fishery, is the amount of fish that (1) will provide the greatest overall benefit to the United States, with particular reference to food production and recreational opportunities; and (2) is prescribed as such on the basis of maximum sustainable yleid from such fishery, as modified by any relevant ecological, economic, or social factors.

<u>PACKAGED FISH</u>. A term used in NMFS publications prior to 1972 to designate fresh or frozen raw fish fillets and steaks.

PART-TIME COMMERCIAL FISHERMAN. An Individual who receives less than 50 percent of their annual income from commercial fishing activities.

PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION. Consumption of edible fishery products in the United States divided by the total civilian population. In calculating annual per capita consumption, estimates of the civilian resident population of the United States on July 1 of each year are used. These estimates are taken from current

population reports, series P-25, published by the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

PER CAPITA USE. The use of all fishery products, both edible and nonedible, in the United States divided by the total population of the United States.

PRELIMINARY FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN (PMP). The Secretary of Commerce prepares a PMP whenever a foreign nation with which the United States has made a Governing International Fishery Agreement (GIFA) submits an application to fish in a fishery not managed by an FMP. A PMP is replaced by an FMP as soon as the latter is implemented. A PMP applies only to foreign fishing.

RETAIL PRICE. The price of fish and shellfish sold to the final consumer by food stores and other retail outlets.

ROUND (LIVE) WEIGHT. The weight of fish, shellfish, or other aquatic plants and animals as taken from the water; the complete or full weight as caught. The tables on world catch found in this publication include, in the case of mollusks, the weight of both the shells and the meats, whereas the tables on U.S. landings include only the weight of the meats.

<u>SURIMI</u>. Minced fish meat (usually Alaska pollock) which has been washed to remove fat and undestrable matters (such as blood, pigments, and odorous substances), and mixed with cryoprotectants, such as sugar and/or sorbitol, for a good frozen shelf life.

<u>TOTAL ALLOWABLE LEVEL OF FOREIGN FISHING (TALFF)</u>. The TALFF, If any, with respect to any fishery subject to the exclusive fishery management authority of the United States, is that portion of the optimum yield of

such fishery which will not be harvested by vessels of the United States, as determined by provisions of the MFCMA.

<u>U.S. EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE (EEZ)</u>. The MFCMA (Magnuson Act) defines this zone as contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States and extending seaward 200 nautical miles measured from the baseline from which the territorial sea is measured. This was formerly referred to as the FCZ (Fishery Conservation Zone).

U.S.-FLAG VESSEL LANDINGS. Includes landings by all U.S. fishing vessels regardless of where landed as opposed to landings at ports in the 50 United States. These include landings at foreign ports, U.S. territories, and foreign vessels in the U.S. FCZ under joint venture agreements. U.S. law prohibits vessels constructed or registered in foreign countries to land fish catches at U.S. ports.

<u>U.s. TERRITORIAL SEA</u>. A zone extending 3 nautical miles from shore for all states except Texas and the Gulf Coast of Florida where the seaward boundary is 3 marine leagues (9 nautical miles).

<u>USE OF FISHERY PRODUCTS</u>. Estimated disappearance of the total supply of fishery products, both edible and nonedible, on a round-weight basis without considering beginning or ending stocks, exports, military purchases, or shipments to U.S. territories.

<u>VESSEL</u>. A commercial fishing craft having a capacity of 5 net tons or more. These craft are either enrolled or documented by the U.S. Coast Guard and have an official number assigned by that agency.

WHOLESALE FISH AND SHELLFISH PRICES. Those prices received at principal fishery markets by primary wholesalers (processors, importers, and brokers) for customary quantities, free on board (f.o.b.) warehouse.



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Federal Inspection Marks For Fishery Products

FISHERY PRODUCTS VOLUNTARILY INSPECTED. Beef and poultry, as well as many other perishable food Items, are federally inspected at various stages of processing to ensure buyers that the product is safe, wholesome. and acceptable. Fishery products have no similar mandatory federal inspection however, the Department of Commerce (USDC) provides a voluntary inspection program for fishery products. Seafood processors, packers, brokers, and users who are interested in having USDC products inspect their subscribe voluntarily to Users of the service program. pay for USDC inspection which evaluates their raw materials, ensures the hygienic preparation of products, and certifies the final quality and condition of the product. The USDC inspector functions QS an objective observer in evaluating processing techniques and product quality and condition. Products packed In plants under USDC Inspection can carry marks for easy consumer identification.

FEDERAL INSPECTION MARKS. Federal inspection marks are official marks approved by the Secretary of Commerce and authorized for use on brand labels of fishery products. When displayed on product labels, these marks signify that inspectors licensed by the USDC inspected, graded, and certified the products as having met all the requirements of inspection regulations, and have been produced in accordance with official U.S. grade standards or approved specifications.

WHAT DO THE INSPECTION MARKS MEAN? The distinctive inspection marks are symbols that signify two distinct but related functions in guiding the consumer to safe, wholesome products produced in a sanitary environment and

packed in accordance with uniform quality standards under the supervision of the USDC's voluntary inspection service. The functions symbolized by each mark follow:

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The "U.S. Grade" mark signifies that:

- 1. The product is clean, safe, and wholesome.
- 2. The product is of a specified quality, identified by the appropriate U.S. Grade designation, as determined by a federally-licensed inspector in accordance with established requirements in U.S. Grade Standards.
- 3. The product was produced in an acceptable establishment with proper equipment and in an appropriate processing environment as required by food control authorities.
- A. The product was processed under supervision by federally-licensed food inspectors and packed in accordance with specific Good Manufacturing Practice Reguliements.

statement signifies that the properly labeled product is clean, safe, and wholesome and has been produced in an acceptable establishment with appropriate equipment under the supervision of federally-licensed inspectors. The product has not been graded as to a specific quality level: rather, it is an acceptable commercial quality as determined by Federal inspectors in accordance with approved standards or specifications.



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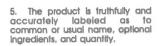
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