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THE
G E N E A L O G I S T.

EDITED BY
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FELLOW OF THE SOCIETY OF ANTIQUARIES.

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P R E F A C E.

In bringing to a close the Sixth Volume of the 'Genealogist' it is once more my pleasant duty to tender my thanks to my contributors and subscribers for their continued assistance and support.

The Visitations of Lincolnshire and Berkshire, and the Calendar of Lambeth Wills, all now completed, will I trust prove of permanent use to the genealogical enquirers. The series of Marriage Licences from the Diocesan Registry at Worcester commenced in this volume is, with the exception of Paver's collection now in course of publication by the Yorkshire Archaeological Association, I believe, the first attempt to illustrate one of the most valuable sources of genealogical information, and will serve to draw attention to the use of this particular class of Records. By devoting the greater portion of the Genealogist to the production of such matter as may be of use to 'working' genealogists, I hope to merit the continued appreciation of those who have enabled me to complete six volumes of a magazine devoted to the interests of a very limited circle of readers.

GEORGE W. MARSHALL.

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The Genealogist.

SIR ALEXANDER BALLIOL OF CAVERS, AND THE BARONY OF VALOYNES.

A paper in the last Volume (xiii) of *Archæologia Cantiana*, written by the Rev. W. A. Scott Robertson, describes (among other things) the remarkable effigy of Isabel de Chillham, Countess of Athole (who died in 1292), now remaining in the crypt of Canterbury Cathedral. This lady, first married to David, Earl of Athole, had for her second husband Alexander de Balliol, of Cavers in Roxburghshire, whom Mr. Robertson, following the beaten track of error, sets down as brother of the Scottish King in the following passages:—

“This crown had been packed among the luggage of John Baliol, claimant of the Scottish throne, whose sister-in-law, Isabel, Countess of Athol, had been buried in this crypt, not far from Becket’s Tomb, seven years before, in 1292. Alexander Baliol, her second husband, was, in her right, lord of Chillham Castle.” (p. 512.)

“Isabel de Chillham, who was twice married; first to David, Earl of Athol, and secondly to Alexander Baliol, brother of the Scottish king.” (p. 523.)

It is true that Mr. Robertson is supported by Mr. J. R. Scott who, in *Memorials of Scott of Scots-hall*, supplies yet one more brother to John Balliol, a “William Baliol le Scot,” called “youngest surviving brother of the King and of Alexander Baliol, Lord of Chillham Castle, Kent.” This personage, though a clerk in holy orders, is appropriated as the founder of the Scott family in Kent; and Mr. Scott ingeniously evades any difficulty on this score by remarking that he was “clerk” to his brother Alexander. Granting the kinship of these two,¹ there is not one particle of proof that either was the brother of John Balliol, King of Scotland.

I turn with reluctance from the temptation of showing that the

¹ That they were brothers is shown by a record (Chapter House, Scotch documents, Box 100, No. 187), printed in Stevenson’s *Documents &c.* i, 285. Robert Hayren (Heron), rector of the church of Forde, and adjacent to the chamberlain of Scotland, acknowledges that he has received on Friday, 21 March, 1291-2, “de domino Alex^o de Ball[iolo] Camerario sociis per nuntios domini Willⁱ de Ball[iolo] fratris sui, clerici, in parte solutionis valiorum meorum,” 13l 6s 8d.

basis of this Scott pedigree is utterly delusive. It rests, and rests only, on hazy tradition, on loose conjectures and random assertions by Philipott,¹ adopted with easy credulity by Hasted in his *History of Kent*,² and then quoted by the family historian as "authority," without a trace of anything bearing the humblest likeness to evidence.

In order to fix the identity of the eminent person, whose name heads this paper, it is necessary to consider—

1. Who were the brothers of John Balliol;
2. Was Alexander, of Cavers, one of them.

In appealing to Edward, as Lord Paramount, the several competitors for the Scottish crown were compelled to set forth their pedigrees. There are extant six copies of the Notarial Record, which details the proceedings leading up to the judgment given. Two of these I have searched for that part of Balliol's petition which states how the right descended to him from his mother. With the exception of a slight difference in spelling her name, and the use of capital letters, the two are identical. That which I now proceed to quote is from Tower Miscellaneous Rolls, No. 75, m. 18:—³

"De Dervorgulda descendit ius et debuit descendere Hugoni ut filio et heredi. Hugo obiit sine herede de corpore suo, et descendit ius et debuit descendere Alano ut fratri et heredi. Alanus obiit sine herede de corpore suo, de quo descendit ius et descendere debuit Alex'o ut fratri et herede. Alexander obiit sine herede de corpore suo, vnde de ipso descendit ius et descendere debuit Joh'i de Balliolo ut fratri et heredi qui modo petit Jus suum ut ille qui exiit de sorore primogenita de regno impartibili. Et supplicat" &c.

John de Balliol, died before 27 Oct. 1268 (Inq. 53 H. III, n° 43).	= Dervorgoyl, died 28 Jany. 1280-90 (Inq. 18 Edw. I, n° 28).
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- | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|
| 1. Hugh, died s.p.
(Inq. 56 H. III, n°
26), and before 10
Apl. 1271 (Fine R.
55 H. III, m. 11). | 2. Alan, died s.p.
(dead at date of
Inq. on Hugh,
i.e. 7 March,
1271-2). | 3. Alexander, heir to
his bro. Hugh, died
s.p. before 13 Nov.
6 Edw. I (1273). | 4. John, bro. & heir
of Alexander; aged
40 on 29 Sept. 1280;
became King of Scot-
land in 1292. |
|---|--|---|---|

It is seen, then, that John Balliol had three elder brothers, whose decease without issue left him heir to whatever right was derived from his mother; and this point, being matter of history, need not be pursued further. Dugdale states that there was one more brother; and, in narrating the life of this person (*Bar. i*,

¹ Such as:—"whom I dare aver upon probable grounds were originally called Balliol;" "and it is probable that . . . this Family . . . altered the Name of Balliol . . . and assumed for the future the Name of Scot" (*Villare Cantuarum*, p. 313).

² Hasted, without previous warning, lets drop the words "and Philipott adds," proclaiming thereby the source of his information (iii, 291).

³ Printed in Pryune, iii, 518. For the other, see Rymer's *Fiedera* (new Edit.) i, pt. 2, 776.

525), distinguished as Alexander Balliol of Cavers, alludes to his "being of the Retinue with that magnificent prelate, Anthony Beke, Bishop of Durham, and Patriarch of Jerusalem, in that expedition which King Edward the First made into Flanders" in 1297. It might have been added that, in the campaign against the Scots which resulted in the battle of Falkirk, he was again with the same Bishop who led the second division of the English army on that memorable Saint Margaret's day in 1298; and that the same Alexander was at the siege of Carlaverock two years later.¹

Mr. Scott, knowing that conflicting statements have been made as to the parentage of Alexander of Cavers, assumes in an elaborate note the tone of one who, after carefully weighing the evidence on both sides, proceeds to deliver judgment:—

"However, be the derivation and circumstances attending the duplicate names of Alexander as brothers in one family what they may, it is clear that by far the greater number of genealogists have given an unhesitating opinion that Alexander, Baron Baliol of Chilham, Kent, was brother of John Baliol, the unfortunate King of Scotland, before his excommunication and exile, Baron Baliol in the English peerage. Dugdale, Burke, Glover, Boys (in *Patrician*), Weever, Morant, Chauncy, Hasted and Philipott, and many others, support this view; and, lastly, Sir Harris Nicolas, in his 'Roll of Carlaverock,' a comparatively recent publication,² in a long and exhaustive biography strongly asserts that there were two Alexanders—the *elder* of whom he describes from authority as 'Alexander filius Johannis de Balliol,' in contradistinction to Alexander de Cavers, afterwards known as of Chilham, 'sons' of John Baliol of Barnard Castle, founder of Balliol College, and Devorgilda, niece," &c. (*Memorials*, &c. p. 89 note).

He seems not to be aware that the repetition of a statement by any number of persons in no way adds to its truth. As will be seen presently, the answer to this long list of writers is ample and complete. But, to take one, Sir Harris Nicolas. In spite of his acquiescence in the general belief, what does he feel himself constrained to admit? Why, this:—

"No *evidence*³ has been discovered to establish that this Alexander was the brother of John, King of Scotland, but not only is he so described by Dugdale, and in a pedigree in the College of Arms compiled by Glover, in a MS. entitled "*Illorum Magnatum Stemmata quorum hereditas, deficientibus masculis, ad foeminas devoluta est.*" Philipot, No. 4. 78. f. 41; but many facts render it highly probable, as they show that he was a man

¹ See *Parliamentary Writs* for numerous writs of military summons addressed to him. Sir Francis Palgrave is there seen to have carefully separated this Alexander from the other who was the son of John Balliol (the elder).

² *Siege of Carlaverock* by Nicholas Harris Nicolas, London: 1828, 4to.

³ Sir Harris's own italics.

of considerable importance in Scotland, and for some years held the office of Chamberlain of Scotland." (*Siege of Carlaverock*, p. 319, note).

As if the man himself had foreseen what might happen, he placed on record the names of both his father and mother, so as to leave absolutely no room whatever for doubt or difficulty. In the cartulary of Binham Priory,¹ Norfolk (Cotton MSS., Claudius D xiii, f. 151 b), is the following:—

"Carta Alex. de Balliolo de quibusdam terris et tenementis.

Sciant presentes et futuri quod Ego Alex. de Baliolo filius Henr. de Balliol', concessi dedi et hac presenti carta mea confirmavi Domine Cristiane de Maunlea² Amite mee omnes terras et tenementa cum suis pertinenciis sine vilo retinemento que m' acciderunt in parte mea Jure hereditario post mortem Domine Lore Matris mee et Gydonis³ fratris mei in villa de Dersingham in Comitatu North[folcie] Habend. et tenend. eidem domine Cristiane et heredibus suis et suis assignatis omnes terras et tenementa predicta cum suis pertinenciis sine vilo retinemento de Capitalibus dominis feodi illius libere quiete integre bene in pace Jure hereditario in perpetuum Reddendo inde annuatim eisdem Capitalibus dominis feodi illius servicia inde debita et consueta. Et nichilominus ego predictus Alex. et heredes mei Warantizabimus acquietabimus et defendemus omnes predictas terras et omnia predicta tenementa cum omnibus suis pertinenciis contra omnes gentes xp'ianos et Judeos in perpetuum. Et pro predictis concessione donacione Carte mee confirmacione warantizacione acquietacione et defensione dedit m' predicta domina Cristiana in excambium omnes terras et tenementa sua cum omnibus suis pertinenciis sine vilo retinemento que habuit in Heyham in parochia de Welcomestowe in Estsex'. In cuius Rei testimonium huic Carte sigillum meum apposui. Hijs testibus: D'no Walt'o de Estsex' tunc vic. Estsex', D'no Will'o de Wilewe, D'no Henrico⁴ de Balliol', D'no Henrico persona de Kentone, Will'o de Wales, D'no Roberto persona de Hertfortingebur', D'no Johanne de Redeswelle, Joh'e de Gelham, Gallr' de Say, Petro filio Joh'is, Petro de Wendene, et alijs. Dat. apud Ware vj^o die Aprilis Anno Regni Regis Henrici filij Regis Joh'is L^o sexto" [1272].

Nothing can be clearer than the statement here made. Alexander de Balliol declares himself to be the son of Henry and Lora de Balliol, and moreover shows by the terms of his grant that,

¹ Founded by Peter de Valoynes. (*Dugdale, Mon.*, new edit., iii. 245).

² So the name appears here; but in the Public Records I take it to be double "u"—"w." In this cartulary (f. 150) is "Cristian de Maule."

³ At the battle of Evesham, August 4, 1265, under Simon de Montfort, when all was lost, Guy de Balliol, his standard-bearer, refused to quit the field, and died with his master. (*Lord Hailes' Annals of Scotland*, i. 195.)

⁴ A Henry de Balliol held the Rectory of Benington in Hertfordshire. On the voidance of the living, by his death, Alexander de Balliol presented his successor January 11, 1291 (*Clutterbuck's Hertfordshire*, ii. 288).

after the death of his mother, Lora, and his brother, Guy, he acquired an estate of inheritance in which his aunt, Christiana de Maule, was a co-parcener. Elsewhere in this cartulary I find the last described indifferently, as "Cristian de Maule," and "Cristinam de Valonijs" (f. 150), in a deed dated at Sheringe on Sunday, 7 Nov., 1277; and "Cristina de Valonijs" (f. 151) in another deed, dated at London on Monday, 14 Nov., 1278. So that we begin to surmise that Lora de Balliol and Christiana de Maule were sisters and co-heirs, who bore before marriage the surname of Valoynes.

In a *quo warranto*¹ 6 Edw. I. (Nov. 1278), Christiana de Valoynes claimed to have certain liberties in her manor of Hertfordingbiri (Hertingfordbury), which she held "in propartem" of the inheritance which was of Peter de Valoynes; and she produced in evidence the charter of Henry I, granting to Peter all lands, &c., as they were held in the time of the King's father and brother. She tendered also a charter of Henry II, witnessing that the King granted to Robert de Valoynes all the fee and land, &c. which Peter his brother held. Following her plea that her said antecessors died seised of these liberties which had descended to her, a verdict with judgment was given in her favour. At the same time it was ordered that Alexander de Balliol and William Comyn should show "quo warranto" they used certain liberties in other manors in the county, which they held "in propartem de hereditate predicta."

Again, Christiana de Maule² says that she holds the manor of Hertfordyngebure "in propartem cum Alex. de Balliolo et Johanne Comyn." On account of John Comyn being a minor, the matter is postponed unti³ he reach his lawful age.

Further (Inq. 16 Edw. I, No. 21), it is shown that Isabel de Valoynes was one of the heirs of the barony of Valoynes, that Gunnora (wife of Robert Fitzwalter), was formerly heir "tocius baronie predicte;" and that the right of Isabel descended to William, her son and heir (under age at his mother's death),³ and from him to the John Comyn above mentioned, who was his (William) son and heir.

It is obviously impossible to do more here than glance at the proofs, that there were three co-heirs of the barony of Valoynes, married to Balliol, Maule, and Comyn respectively; but the following record, which brings them together, can scarcely be omitted, and is therefore quoted in full:—

"Henricus de Bailloel, Lora uxor ejus, David Cumyn, Isabella uxor ejus, Petrus de Maudon' [sic] et Christiana uxor ejus reddunt

¹ See e.g. Hertford' in *Placita de quo warranto*, (folio 181B), p. 281.

² There is additional proof (if such were needed) of the interchangeable character of the two names, representing one and the same person. (*Placita de quo warranto*, p. 299.)

³ She died before 17 April, 1253, leaving William, her son and heir, aged 16, or 17. (It. p. 37 Hen. III, n^o 45.)

compotum de lx marcis; seilicet, singuli eorum, xx m. de fine pro relevio suo de terris quas Christiana, que fuit uxor W. de Mandeville quondam comitis Essex., de rege tenuit in capite. In thesauro xx m. per Henr. de Bailluel. Et debent alii xl m." (Pipe Roll, 17 Hen. III. Norf. and Suffolk.)

Again:—

"Rex pardonavit Henrico de Baylol et uxori eius terciam partem Centum librarum per quas idem Henricus et Petrus de Mauule et David Cumyn participes ipsius Henrici finem fecerunt cum Rege pro relevio suo et pardonavit eidem Henrico terciam partem C marcarum quas idem Henricus et participes sui promiserunt Regi. Et mandatum est Baronibus de Seaccario quod ita fieri et irrotulari facient. Teste ut supra (*i.e.* apud Westm. x die Jan.)" [Close Roll, 22 Hen. III., m. 20.]

The members of the Valoynes family had a remarkable faculty of mentioning their relations with the utmost particularity; and Christiana de Mandeville inherits this quality as well as the estate of her ancestors. She, describing herself (Binham Reg., f. 183 b.) as Countess of Essex and a widow, speaks of her deceased husbands, William de Mandeville, Earl of Essex, and Reymund de Burgh (*Burgo*), in confirming the grants to Binham Priory made by Robert de Valoynes, her grandfather, Robert Fitzwalter, her father, and Gunnora, his wife, her mother. Among the witnesses to this deed is the name, "Gondreda de Wavenne soror mea," and Clutterbuck (*County of Hertford*, ii, 277), apparently on no stronger ground than the bare mention of her name, makes this Gundred the mother of the three co-heirs; overlooking the fact that if Walter, son of Robert Fitz-Walter, had been (as here stated) by Gunnora, the first wife, he must infallibly have inherited his mother's estate. It is clear, therefore, that he could have been only of the half blood. Moreover, Gundred, whether called a sister, as being of the half blood, or as otherwise related, was not a party with Christian de Mandeville and her husband, the Earl of Essex, to the fine levied on the Octave of Saint Martin, 5 Hen. III. (18 Nov. 1220), by which the advowson of the church of Westlee in Norfolk was confirmed to the Prior of Binham and his successors (Binham Reg., f. 140). Nor is there a trace of her executing any deed of release or quit-claim, joint or several, so that it may be concluded that in Christian centred the inheritance of the whole Valoynes estate.

More direct evidence at this point is desirable, for it must be admitted that the degree of relationship to the Countess of Essex is not made out; but, seeing that the three co-heirs undoubtedly bore the surname of Valoynes, the natural and obvious inference is, that they descended from a younger son of the main line of this family.

The following outline pedigree sets forth what stands on documentary proofs. The first three generations are duly re-

corded in deeds quoted in Dugdale's *Monasticon* (ed. Caley) vol. iii, p. 345:—

Peter de Valoynes, *temp.*—Albreda, sister of
Wm. Conq. and Hen. I., Eudo Dapifer.
living in 1108.

Williana. Roger de Valoynes, living in 1130—Agnez, who survived
(Pipe Roll, 31 Hen. I.) her husband.

Peter de Valoynes married Gundred de Wareme, but died s.p.	Robert de Valoynes, dead before 10 Oct. 1194 (Rot. Cur. Regis, i, 11).	—Hawise.	Geoffrey, died s.p. before 27 Dec. 1207 (Cl. R. 9 John, m. 10).	Roger. — John. — Philip.
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Gunnora de Valoynes, sole dau. & heir, married before 13 Oct. 1199 (Rot. Cur. Regis, ii, 41), heir to her uncle Geoffrey and living 27 Dec. 1207, but dead before 18 Nov. 1220.	—Robert Fitz-Walter, said to have died in 1234, buried at Dunmow Priory.	—Rose, 2nd wife.
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Walter, son of Robt.
Fitz-Walter.

William de Mandeville, Earl of Essex, died before 19 Jan. 1226-7 (Close Roll, 11 Hen. III, m. 21), with- out issue.	—Christiana, dau. and heir of Gunnora, wife of Wm. de Mandeville 18 Nov. 1220 (Binham Reg., f. 140), wife of R. de Burgh 15 May 1227 (Cl. R. 11 Hen. III, m. 10), died s.p. before 25 May 1233 (Fine R. 17 Hen. III, m. 5).	—Raymund de Burgh, 2nd husband, living 29 Oct. 1227 (Fine Roll, 12 Hen. III, m. 9.), died before 17 July 1230 (Fine R. 14 Hen. III, m. 4).
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The special descent here given might be greatly strengthened; but the facts, as they stand, are absolutely impregnable. Whatever further proofs may be discovered, they will serve but to confirm and fortify what is already known. In order to bring this paper within a reasonable compass, I have been unwillingly compelled to forego quotations from printed books by writers of repute,¹ who have buoyed the course, and warned the unwary genealogist off the shoals and quicksands of "authorities." The curious reader may consult Dugdale, Banks, and Nicolas (ed. Courthope). He will then see how they are all hopelessly wrong, and how one and all have failed to give any intelligible account concerning the extinction of the ancient barony of Valoynes.²

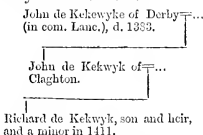
JOHN A. C. VINCENT.

¹ I will refer only to Hodgson's *Northumberland*, vol. ii, part ii, p. 42 (for Balliol pedigree), and to Riddell's (John) *Treats, Legal and Historical, &c., relative to Scotland*. Edinburgh: 1835, 8vo., p. 217 (for Guy and Alexander de Balliol).

² Burke in *Extinct Peerage* (1866) altogether omits the name.

THE NAME AND FAMILY OF KEKEWICH.

In the Visitation of Cornwall published by the Harleian Society, there is a pedigree of the Kekewiches of Catchfrench, which is enlarged by some materials that happened to come under my notice. I propose therefore to give abstracts of these proofs, and also to add one or two stray notes relating to the origin and history of the family. In Burke's 'Landed Gentry' it is said that the Kekewiches came out of Lancashire, but whether this statement is founded on anything more than family tradition I do not know, though if it is true, the Cornish family is, I presume, from the same stock as that of which the following pedigree (proved from the Townley Collections) is given in volume xev of the Chetham Society's Publications.



These Kekewyks, it may safely be presumed, took their name from Keekwick or Keekewich in Bucklow Hundred, near Runcorn, Cheshire, a small manor which appears to have belonged to the Duttons from the time of Henry I until the beginning of the sixteenth century, and they were doubtless of the same family of Kekewykes as Simon and William de Kekewyke mentioned in the note at the end of this article.

Whether a younger son or a sub-tenant of the Duttons took the name of Kekewick, I cannot say, but the latter alternative seems improbable, as the Duttons had a residence in the manor, and so small a place would scarcely contain two families of importance. Possibly also the Lancashire Kekwyks may have been stray settlers from Kekwyk who settled in the neighbouring county, thus gaining a place-name without having been feudal proprietors: considering, however, the rank to which they had so early attained, I consider this last supposition the least probable of the three.

In the notes to the above pedigree I find mention of a deed, dated 50th Edw. III, between William de Keewyke, chaplain, and John de Haydock and Johanna his wife, daughter of Thomas de Dutton, so that there is something to show a connection between the names of Kekwyk and Dutton, and, *quantum valcat*, to strengthen the first of the three theories I have suggested.

Accepting then the descent from Lancashire, it seems very probable that the ancestor of the Cornish Kekewiches was some adherent of the Lancastrian cause, whose services were rewarded by the hand and dower of a South-country heiress, and to show the probability of this, I shall point out hereafter that the match with an heiress of Talcarn may have taken place between 1480 and 1490.

In the absence of any positive proof as to the Lancashire origin of the Cornish Kekewiches, it may perhaps be worth while mentioning that there was at one time a family living at and taking their name from Kenwick or Kenswick in Worcestershire, and in Nash's History of that county, it appears that the first syllable was sometimes reduplicated, so that in the time of Edward I Walter de Kekynwich or Kekenwich appears as a landowner in Kenwick.¹ In the face, however, of a recognised family tradition, and without any definite information to decide the point, there seems only a very remote possibility of any connection having existed between the Worcestershire and the Cornish family, and I shall say no more about it.

The Visitation I have referred to above assigns the following coat of arms to the Kekewiches of Catchfrench:—

Quarterly, 1 and 6, Kekewich; 2, Arg., three gemnelles; 3, Talcarn; 4, Bardfield (Arg. on a bend Azure three fleurs-de-lys Or; 5, Quarterly, Or and Gu. on a bordure Sa. eight escallops Arg.

The same coat as the second quartering is assigned by Papworth to Marshall of Lancashire, but it is curious that he assigns the same coat, with the addition of a canton Ermine, to the name of Bardwell, while the coat here assigned to Bardfield is by Papworth assigned to (among others) Bradfield, Delanere of Essex and (with the bend engrailed) to Holt of Suffolk. Perhaps there has been some mistake, and the fourth quartering was for Holt and brought in the fifth quartering, which is the coat of a Suffolk family, namely the Heveninghams. The Visitation pedigree begins with George Kekewich, who is doubtless the son and heir mentioned in the following Inquisitions post mortem and will:—

- I. Inq. p.m. 36th Hen. VIII, No. 180, Cornwall. The Jurors say, that John Kekewich died seised of the Manor of Talcarn and of 7 messuages, 330 acres of land, 160 acres of pasture, 45 acres of meadow, 21 acres of wood, and of "230 aer. jampnorum et bruere," &c. And George Kekewich is his son and heir aged *thirteen*.
- II. Inq. p.m. 36th Hen. VIII, Nos. 61, 65. From which it appears that Alice formerly wife of John Kekewich had been seised of the manor of Derallburgh and of lands in Ayssheton and Thoynes, that she was daur. and heir of

¹ cf. The Anglo-Norman pronunciation of Lincoln as *Lincicol* in Kingsley's 'Hereward the Wake,' chap. xxi.

William Inne, Esq., son and heir of Sir John Inne, that her marriage settlement, on marriage with John Kekewich, was dated 6 Hen. VIII, and that the marriage itself took place in the following year; that she was dead leaving no issue before the 4th of February 27 Henry VIII, when John Kekewich made some agreement with her heir, John Kenne, Esq.

John Kekewich is found to have died in the year of the Inquisitions, and George his son and heir is aged *sixteen*. The heir of Alice, the late wife of John Kekewich, is found to be John Kenne, Esq., son and heir of John Kenne, son and heir of ... Kenne and Elizabeth his wife, daughter of the above-mentioned Sir John Inne.

III. Will of John Kekewich of Margetting, Esq. P.C.C. (Alenger 34.)

To be buried in the parish church of Margetting.¹

George my son £200 "& all my plate in Cornwall in th'ands of Sir Robert Sominer late pryor of S^t Germans."

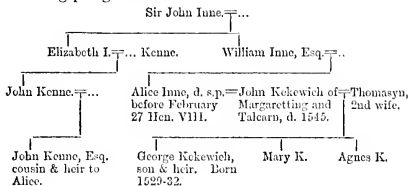
Mary & Agnes my daughters each 200 marks,

The residue to my wife Thomasyn and she Executrix.

John Blake Gentilman Supervisor.

Dated 15th September 34 Hen. VIII.

Before giving the tabular pedigree derived from these proofs, I will just point out that they serve to throw back the match with Talcarn at least as far as the father of John Kekewich, since it is plain that his second wife Thomasyn was not the heiress of Talcarn; had she been, her husband would not have been simply seised in fee of the Manor of Talcarn, but jointly with or in right of his wife.² It may be therefore that John Kekewich was the issue of a match with the heiress of Talcarn, and, judging by the date of his marriage, it is very likely that his parents were married about 1490. The foregoing proofs exhibit the following pedigree:—



¹ Doubtless Margetting in Essex.

² It is a curious thing that in the Talcarn pedigrees no match with the Kekewiches is shown, and that, though seated in Essex, they continued to be styled Talcarn of Talcarn until the seventeenth century. Perhaps they brought back the manor from the Kekewiches.

This George Kekewich is said in the Harleian Society Visitation of Cornwall to have married a daughter of Edward Courtenay of Lanraek, but in Harl. MS. 4031 are some notes apparently taken by a herald from the information of his son, another George Kekewich, and from these it appears that George the son had seen the arms of Kekewich at their ancient dwelling in Essex, and that George the father had married "Buller's daughter."¹

WILLIAM FOWLER CARTER.

Edgbaston, Birmingham.

The following is an almost literal copy of an abstract of five deeds relating to Haulton, near Runcorn, made by John Harland, Esq., of Manchester, F.S.A. The deeds themselves are in the possession of William Beaumont, Esq., of Orford Hall, Warrington, who, at the request of J. Paul Rylands, Esq., F.S.A., kindly lent me the abstracts to copy. Of these five deeds, only No. II is dated; and is apparently of the same date as Nos. I, III and V; while No. IV may be later than the others.

I. I Geoffrey son of Robert of the parish of Haulton have given &c. to William son of Simon de Kekewyke half a selion of land lying between the lands of William Walena and Hugh Oldknave To have &c. of the chief lord of his fee &c. Yielding therefor yearly to the lord in capite due service and custom &c. Witnesses—Peter de Hovebrugge, William the son of Gannet, John Pillekat, John the Porter, Hugh the Hay-ward and many others.

II. I John Totan of Haulton have given &c. to William son of Simon de Keke wyke the fourth part of an acre of land lying in the Bond Street of which one end abuts up to the Rouwerande and the other end toward the Merismoir in the territory of Haulton To have &c. Witnesses, Richard de Aston, Henry del Bruche, Simon del Hurst Peter de Hovebrugge, William Brid, John the Porter, Hugh the Hay-ward and many others. Given at Haulton on Wednesday next after the feast of St. Mark the Evangelist in the 10th year of King Edward son of King Edward (i.e. 25th April 1317)

III. I John the Porter of Haulton have given &c. to William son of Simon de Kekewyke one half acre of land lying in the wood of the vill of Runcovere between the lands of Hugh son of Hugh and Geoffrey de Runcovere Witnesses Peter de Hovebrugge, John son of John de Haulton, William son of William Miller of the same place, William Marischalle of Haulton, Hugh the Hayward and many others.

IV. I William son of William del Car have given &c. to William son of Simon de Kekewyke and Felicia his wife &c. three parts of an acre of land lying in the territory of the vill of Haulton near the water-mill of which one end abuts upon the land of the wife of Robert the Parker. To have &c. Witnesses Robert de Preyeres then Steward of Haulton, Henry del Bruche then receiver, Peter de Hovebrugge, William the Miller of Haulton, John Pileat, William Brid, Hugh Massey all of the same and many others.

V. I Richard Lether have given &c. to William son of Simon de Kekewyke half a selion of land in the vill of Haulton lying in the Wallesche viz. between the lands of the said William and Richard of the whole of which one end extends up to Runcoreway and the other end to Astemor. To have &c. Witnesses, William Bryd, William son of William the Miller, William Marischalle, Henry de Frodesham, John Pyleat, Hugh the Hay-ward, Richard the Clerk and many others.

¹ There was a Peter Kykewyche who took the B.A. degree at Oxford on the 8th July, 1518. In Harl. MS. 1566, f. 18, Anne, daughter and heiress of ... Kekewich of Essex is said to have been married,—first, to John Sherington of Medburn, Wilts, and their grandson had a grown-up family in 1631;—secondly, to Nicholas Stephens of Cheselden, Wilts.

THE DESCENDANTS OF ALICE LISLE.

Having been for some time past engaged on the same research as your correspondent, Mr. Stephenson, I am able to give the extended and, in some respects, corrected information contained in the following pedigree, the whole of which is capable of being verified from parish registers, wills, &c. The one point on which I now most require *proof* is the same as that raised by Mr. Stephenson, viz., the marriage of Margaret Lisle with a Whitaker. There really seems to be very little doubt that it is as stated in the pedigree, but I should very much like to find some piece of evidence, such as the register of the marriage, which would put it entirely beyond question. Lady Alice Lisle (or more properly *Dame Alicia* Lisle) in the codicil to her will, dated in 1682, mentions her daughter Margaret, the wife of *Mr.* Whitaker; at the same time there was living at Burgate (Fordingbridge), about four miles from Moyles Court, the seat of the Lisles, *Robert Whitaker*, and from the entry of her burial in the parish registers of Fordingbridge, on the 27th of March, 1686, we find his wife's name to have been *Margaret*. Must not this be Margaret Lisle? We have yet further evidence from various sources, the chief being these:—*First*.—Jeremiah Whitaker Newman, an old and respected resident of Ringwood, who died in 1839, and was a grandson of Jeremiah Whitaker, had in his possession a copy of Robert Whitaker's funeral sermon, and on it he had written, "My great grandfather's funeral sermon; he married Margaret, daughter of John Lisle, Chancellor of England, and Alicia, his wife, who was beheaded at Winchester." (Signed J. Newman). *Second*.—The Nicholson branch of the family have a ring, which has always been handed down from mother to daughter, and which is said to have been given by Alicia Lisle to one of her daughters on the eve of her execution; and moreover it has always been understood in the family that they were descended from that ill-fated lady. *Third*.—Charles Croke Lisle, the grandson of Alicia Lisle, in his will mentions his godson Charles Lisle Whitaker, who is proved to be a grandson of Robert and Margaret Whitaker; and Jeremiah Whitaker, the father of Charles Lisle Whitaker, in his will leaves memorial rings to "Cha^s Croke Lisle Esq. & his Lady," as well as to Mrs. (Triphena) Grove, a daughter of Alicia Lisle, Lady Russell, her daughter, and Miss Russell, the daughter of the latter. It is difficult to understand this close connexion between these two families, except by believing that Margaret Lisle did marry Robert Whitaker. However, as this has been questioned, I should be very much obliged if you or any of your numerous correspondents can tell me where to find the necessary proof of

the marriage of Margaret, *daughter of Alicia Lisle*, with Robert Whitaker; or, assuming that I may possibly be wrong, with a Whitaker of any other Christian name. At the same time I should like to find the baptism and wife's name of William Whitaker of Ringwood, grandson of Robert and Margaret, and whose life must have been comprised within the years 1700 and 1767.

HENRY MARILLIER.

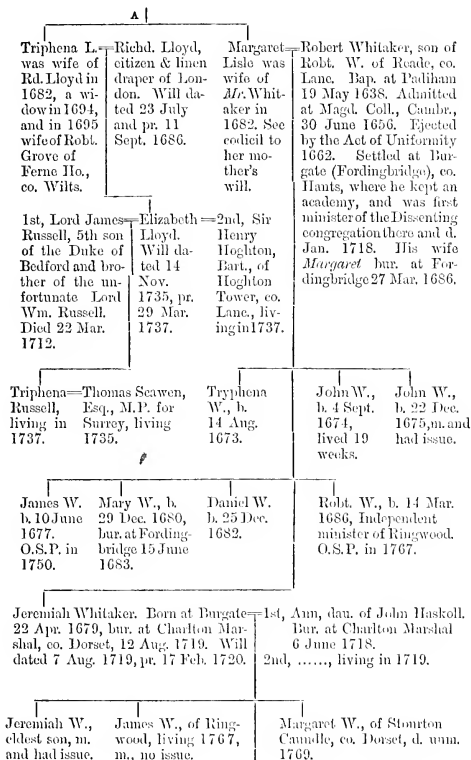
19, Gotha-street, South Hackney, E.

<p>1st, Mary Elizabeth, dan. of Sir Henry Hobart, Kt. and Bt. in 1630, d. 17 Sep. 1633 in her mother's house at Highgate, and was bur. in the chapel there.</p>	<p>= John Lisle, Esq., 2nd son of Sir Wm. L., Knt., b. circa 1609. Took the Parliamentary side in the Civil War, and became one of the Commissioners of the Great Seal, &c. under Cromwell. Fled at the Restoration, and was assassinated at Lausanne 11 Aug. 1664.</p>	<p>2nd, Alicia, elder dau. and co-heir of Sir White Beconsawe of Moyles Court, co. Hants, b. circa 1617, m. at Ellingham, co. Hants, 23 Oct. 1636. Executed at Winchester by order of Judge Jeffries 2 Sept. 1685. Will dated 9 June 1682, proved 11 Nov. 1689.</p>
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<p>Bridget L. was wife of ... Hore in 1682, living 1689.</p>	<p>1st, Rev. Leonard Hore. 2nd, Hezekiah Usher of Boston, Mass.</p>	<p>Mary L. — Mabella L. Both living in 1682.</p>	<p>Anne L. Not 21 in 1682, m. Harfell, and d. 17 Feb. 1708.</p>
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<p>John L. of Moyles Court, Esq., m. at Dibden, co. Hants, 20 May 1679, bur. there 24 Aug. 1709. Will dated 17 Aug. 1709, and pr. 30 of same month.</p>	<p>Catherine, dan. of ... Crooke. Bur. at Dibden 17 Oct. 1684.</p>	<p>Beconsawe L., living in 1638. — ? William L., second son.</p>
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<p>John L., bap. at Dibden 20 Feb. 1680, bur. there 8 Mar. 1681.</p>	<p>Chas. Crooke L., of Moyles Court, Esq., bap. at Dibden 18 Oct. 1684, bur. there 20 Nov. 1721. Will dated 20 Nov. 1720, pr. 22 Dec. 1721. O.S.P.</p>	<p>= Lucy, dan. of Sir Fras. Molyneux of Teveral, co. Notts.</p>
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B |

Elizabeth W., bur. at Charl- ton Marshal, 1 June 1715.	Charles <i>Lisle</i> W., bap. at Charlton Marshal 24 Apr. 1716, living 1720.	William Whitaker of... Ringwood, second son. Was dead in 1767. Left only two daughters.
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Margaret Whitaker, elder dau., b. ab ^t 1737, m. twice, 1st Joseph Laundy, 2nd Henry Maudsley, d. at Woolwich 2 Dec. 1792.	Henry Maudsley, bap. at Clapham, co. York, 2 Feb. 1725, m. 26 July 1763, d. at Woolwich 22 Dec. 1780. Had seven children.
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Isabella Mauds- ley, b. 19 May 1766, d. 1830.	Wm. Nichol- son of Roch- ester, co. Kent, had 11 child ren.
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Ann Nichol- son, d. in 1825.	Rev. H. T. Ella- combe, Rector of Clyst St. George, co. Devon, now living (1881).
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Henry Nicholson Ellacombe,
Rector of Bitton, co. Glouces-
ter. Mar. and has issue seven
daughters and one son, Gilbert
Wemys Henry, b. in 1868.

Ann Maudsley, b. 10 Sep. 1769, d. 31 Aug. 1846.	Wm. Hartshorn. Had 7 children.
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Isabel Hartshorn, b. 20 Dec. 1793, m. in 1827.	Henry Marillier, b. 26 Mar. 1803, now living (1881)
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Charles Henry Marillier, b. 31 Aug.
1834, d. 30 Mar. 1875, leaving one
son, Henry Currie, b. 30 June 1865,
and three daughters.

Henry Maudsley of Lambeth, the celebrated engineer, b. 22 Aug. 1771, m. 20 Sept. 1791, d. 25 Dec. 1831.	Sarah, dau. of Ed. Tindale of Sleaford, co. Linc., bap. 30 Apr. 1760, d. 29 Mar. 1828.
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Thomas Henry Maudsley, of Lambeth, Knight's Hill, Norwood, and Ban- stead Park, co. Surrey, b. 16 June 1792, m. 1 Sept. 1821, d. 23 Apr. 1864.	Elisabeth Prime, b. 10 Mar. 1789, d. 4 Mar. 1855.
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Margaret M., b. 25 May 1794, d. 19 May 1828.	George John Jackson, m. 18 Nov. 1818.
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Henry Maudsley, M.—Emily, dau. of
Inst. C. & M.E., Che-
valier of the Order of
Christ (Portugal), b.
15 June 1822, m. at
Madeira 29 Jan. 1879,
alive 1881.

5. Stewart J., m. & has issue.
4. Henry Lord J., m. & has issue.
3. Margaret J., m. John Corlett
& has issue.
2. William J., m. & has issue.
1. George Maudsley J., d. 1880,
leaving issue.

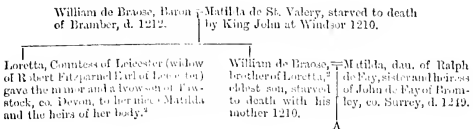
NOTE ON THE DE BRAOSE, MARTYN, AUDLEY, AND
FITZWARYN PEDIGREES.

By SIR WILLIAM R. DRAKE, F.S.A.

Referring to Mr. D. G. Cary Elwes' remarks in the 'Genealogist,' vol. v, p. 147, upon the discrepancy between the statements of one of the authorities cited in the De Braose portion of the pedigree appended to my article on the parentage of Blanche Audley ('Genealogist,' vol. iv, pp. 69-75), and the result of his, Mr. Elwes, researches (of which I was not when I wrote it aware) into the history of the De Braose family, I think it right to state that Mr. Elwes did me the favor to communicate with me on the subject in April 1880, when the article appeared in the 'Genealogist,' and that in reply I pointed out to him that my object in writing it was to correct an error which occurs in the Herald's Visitation of Cornwall in 1620 as to the parentage of Blanche Audley, who married Robert Hatch of Wollegh, co. Devon, but that I thought the publication of the abstract¹ of the King's Writ to the Sheriff of Devon of 23 Nov. 1392 might be useful to any genealogist disposed to undertake the task of working out the pedigrees of some of the baronial families I mentioned, and of reconciling the conflicting statements in the several authorities which I quoted.

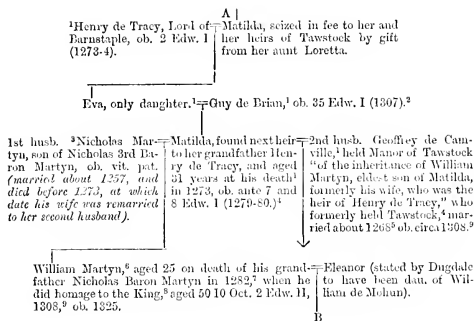
I further pointed out to Mr. Elwes that my authority for the sketch pedigree appended to the article, so far as the portion of the statements as to the De Braose family now in question was concerned, was Glover's pedigree, Harl. M.S. 807, pp. 69-70.

I avail myself of this opportunity of correcting an error in relation to the Martyn family, which inadvertently crept into the sketch pedigree by which I illustrated the King's Writ, and in the revision of which I have adopted Mr. Elwes' view of the De Braose descent, instead of that given by Glover, and I have inserted some additional dates and references to documents in elucidation of the pedigree.



¹ Printed in the 'Genealogist,' vol. iv, pp. 70-73.

² King's Writ to Sheriff of Devon (16 Rich. II) 1391.



¹ Inq. p.m. 2 Edw. I, No. 32. *Vide* Fine Roll 2 Edw. I, m. 10, cited in 'Calendarium Genealogicum,' vol. i, p. 213.

² MS. Coll. Arms, C.I. 175^b.

³ In the pedigree given by Dugdale ('Baronage,' vol. i, p. 729) of the Martyn family, the fourth in descent from Martin of Tours, the Norman ancestor of the race, is stated to have been Nicholas Martin, the date of whose death, upon the authority of Rot. Fin. 10 Edw. I, m. 15, is fixed as having occurred in 1282. To this Nicholas Martin, Dugdale gives as wife "Maud the daughter of Guy de Brian by Eve, who was d. and h. of Henry de Tracy." But this is an error as will be seen by comparing the document above recited with the statements contained in the Escheat 2 Edw. I, No. 32, Devon, from which it appears that in 1274 (eight years before the death of her alleged husband) Maud de Brian was the wife of Geoffrey de Canville and was found to be the next heir of her grandfather, who died 2 Edw. I, "or before," and which Maud was then 31 years old. She was dead previous to 1279-80 (Coram Rege Roll, Michaelmas, 7-8 Edw. I, No. 49, m. 7).

That Maud Bryan married for her first husband a Nicholas Martin and by him had a son and heir William Martin is amply proved (Coram Rege Roll, Michaelmas, 7-8 Edw. I, No. 49, m. 7), but the Nicholas who was her husband was *not* the Nicholas who died in 1282, but his son, bearing the same christian name, who died during his father's lifetime and whose son by Maud Bryan, viz., William Martyn, had livery of his GRANDFATHER'S, Nicholas Martyn's lands on his death in 1250, and in 2 Edw. II, upon the death of his stepfather Geoffrey de Canville, had livery of the lands of which his mother had died seized (*Rot. Fin. 2 Edw. II, m. 13*; also *Inq. p.m. 2 Edw. II, No. 75*).

Dugdale's error was perpetuated by Harris and Courthope, 'Historic Peerage of England,' ed. 1857, headings "Martin," "Traci;" but it was in part corrected in Townsend's additions to Dugdale, 'Coll. Top. et General,' vol. vi, p. 152, although the learned Windsor Herald, in correcting his great predecessor, committed another error in giving to Maud Bryan's first husband the christian name of "William" instead of "Nicholas."

⁴ *Vide* Coram Rege Roll, Michaelmas, 7-8 Edw. I, No. 49, m. 7.

⁵ Inq. p.m. 10 Oct. 2 Edw. II.

⁶ Inq. p.m. 16 Edw. III, 1st No. 51; also County Pleas, Devon, No. 25, Trinity 17 Edw. III.

⁷ Inq. p.m. 10 Edw. I, No. 50.

⁸ Fine Roll 10 Edw. I, m. 15.

⁹ Inq. p.m. 2 Edw. II (1308), No. 75.

B |

1st hus- band. Nast- ings.	Eleanor, ¹ who on partition with the representative of her sister Joan as coheireses of their brother William Martyn, became entitled to Tawstock. Was living 8 Edw. III, when on 20 January 1334-5 she and her then husband, Philip de Columbar, were parties to a Fine to uses for settling Tawstock after death of her sister in law Margaret on herself and her husband Philip de Columbar for life, with remainder to Ralph and Alice Basset and the heirs of their bodies, with remainder to her (Eleanor's) right heirs, ² ob. s.p. 13 Dec. 1342. ³	2nd husb. Philip de Colum- bar, ² ob. 10 Feb. 1341-2. ³	William Mar- tyn ⁴ suc- ceeded to Taw- stock as son and heir, and died seized thereof in fee, ob. 1326 ² s.p. ¹	Margaret, dan. of John Lord Has- tings, sur- vived her husband and had Tawstock for dower, living 1334-5. ²
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2Joan, ¹ widow of Henry de Lacy, Earl of Lincoln.	2nd husb. Nicholas de Audley Baron Audley of Helegh, ob. 1319. ²
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Alice. ²	Ralph Basset the younger. ²	1st wife. Joan, da. of Roger Mortimer, Earl of March.	James de Audley of Helegh, s. and h., and also heir to his aunt Eleanor ¹ (ob. 1 April 1386), having levied a Fine 4 Edw. III (1370), whereby he settled his reversion in Tawstock, contingent on death of his nephew Sir Ralph Basset without issue, to Thomas de Audley and the heirs of his body, remainder to Rowland (brother of Thomas) and heirs of his body, remainder to James de Audley and heirs of his body, remainder to right heirs of Thomas. ²	2nd wife. Isabel, dau. of Roger Baron Strange.
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Sir Ralph Basset, only issue, entered into possession of Tawstock after death of Margaret Lady Martyn by virtue of Fine of 20 January 1334-5, ob. 1390, s.p.²

Thomas de Audley. ²	}	All living 5 May 1370, and all dead s.p. ante January 1391-2. ²
Rowland de Audley. ²		
James de Audley. ²		

2Margaret, eventually coh. with her half sister Joan Tuchet.

2Nicholas de Audley, s. and h., obtained seisin of Tawstock on death of Sir Ralph Basset 1390, ob. (1391-2) s.p.

Margaret, ob. s.p. Sir Roger Hillary, Kut.

Fulk Fitzwaryn.² Elizabeth, sister and h. of John, son & h. of Sir William Cogan, Kut.

C

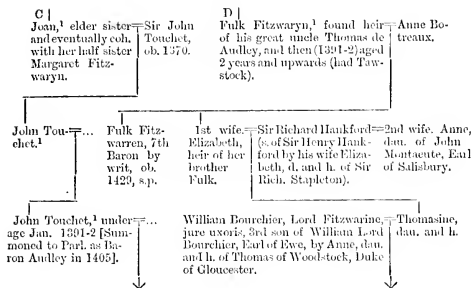
D

¹ Inq. p.m. 16 Edw. III, 1st No. 51; also County Placita, Devon, No. 25, Trinity, 17 Edw. III.

² King's Writ to Sheriff of Devon (16 Rich. II) 1392.

³ Inqs. p.m. 16 Edw. III, Nos. 50, 51.

⁴ *Vide* Coram Rege Roll, Michaelmas, 7-8 Edw. I, No. 49, m. 7



CRADOCK OF LOUGHBOROUGH, CO. LEICESTER.

This family is apparently a branch of the family of Cradock, of Richmond, co. York; of which pedigrees will be found in Plantagenet-Harrison's Yorkshire, Surtees' Durham, Nichols' Leicestershire, &c. (See 'The Genealogists' Guide,' pp. 118, 507.) William Cradock, who died in 1805, and John Cradock, who died in 1833, both used bookplates of these ARMS: Argent, on a chevron Azure, three garbs, Or. CREST: A bear's head proper muzzled Gules. MOTTO: Nee temere, nee timide. How this branch was connected with the Richmond family is not certain: perhaps some correspondent may be able to clear up the point.

John Cradock, of Richmond, co. York, died in 1753. Letters of Admon. to his effects were granted by the Consistory Court of Richmond, in May 1753, to Dorothy Cradock, his widow and relict. The Bondmen were his widow, John Cradock, of Richmond, gentleman, and William Cradock, of Lincoln's Inn, gentleman. By his wife Dorothy, he had two sons—

- (1.) John Cradock, of Richmond, gentleman, born 1723-4; died 1 February, 1777, at Loughborough co., Leicester, aet. 53; buried at Loughborough. On an altar tomb in the Church-yard he is called "John Cradock, late of Richmond, in the county of York." He was residuary devisee under the Will (proved at Richmond, 6 November, 1759) of his "cousin," Richard Fox, of Brompton upon Swale, son of Christopher and Dorothy Fox.

¹ King's Writ to Sheriff of Devon (1 Rich II) 1392.

(2.) William Cradock, of whom next.

William Cradock (second son of John and Dorothy,) was baptized at Richmond, 4 June, 1727. He left Richmond early in life, and settled in Loughborough, where he pursued the profession of Attorney-at-law. In 1753 he is described as of Lincoln's Inn, Middlesex, gentleman. He married at Loughborough, 2 September, 1765, Elizabeth 2nd. dau. of John Davys, of Loughborough, and aunt of the Rt. Rev. George Davys, D.D., Lord Bishop of Peterborough, descended from Edward Davys, elder brother to Sir John Davys, the poet and Attorney General for Ireland. [Arms of Davys, entered at Dublin, Sable a fesse ermine between three cinquefoils argent: Pedigree in the 'Genealogist', v. 25.] He had estates at Barrow upon Soar, Hathern, and Loughborough, &c., in co. Leicester, and at Richmond. He died at Loughborough, 30 November, 1805, æt. 78; bur. at Loughborough. T.S. Will proved P.C.C. 11 March, 1806. His widow, Elizabeth, died 28 June, 1821, æt. 79; bur. at Loughborough, T.S. They had issue,

- (1.) John Cradock, of whom hereafter.
- (2.) William, born 19 Feb., 1767, bapt. at Loughborough 17 April, 1767; lived at Belton, co. Leicester; died unm. 25 May, 1826, æt. 59; bur. 28th at Belton.
- (3.) Lucy, born 6 June, 1768, m. Rev. William Wilkinson, B.A., rector of South Croxton, co. Leicester, had issue John, William Cradock, Sheldon, and 2 daus. Wm. Wilkinson was also rector of Folkesworth, co. Hunt., 1807; Loseby, co. Leic., 1814; and Sproxton and Salthy, 1828; he died at Spalding, co. Lincoln, where some of his descendants are still living.
- (4.) Joseph, born 3 Jan., bapt. at Loughborough 20 March, 1770; lived at Leamington; died unm. 12 Aug., 1835, æt. 65; bur. 17th at Loughborough. T.S. Will proved P.C.C. 15 Oct., 1835.
- (5.) Thomas, born 8 June, 1772, d. 4 Oct., 1783, æt. 11, bur. at Loughborough. T.S.
- (6.) Ferdinando, born 29 Aug., 1774; d. 8 Feb., 1826, æt. 52; bur. at Loughborough. T.S.
- (7.) Elizabeth, born 3 Feb., 1777; d. unm. 9 June, 1836, æt. 59; bur. at Loughborough. T.S.
- (8.) Sheldon, born 29 Sept., 1778; lived at Leicester; mar. at South Croxton, 28 Jan., 1819, Elizabeth Firmadge, of Leicester; and had issue Sheldon Firmadge, who d. young; died 17 June, 1864; buried at Scraptoft, co. Leicester; Will proved at Leicester. His wife and son were also buried at Scraptoft.
- (9.) Thomas, born 6 October, 1786, at Loughborough; Lieut. in 27th, afterwards Captain in 85th Regt., and honorary Major; served throughout the whole of the Pen-

insular War, including the two sieges of Badajos, and was severely wounded at Waterloo; he mar. Florence Eliza, dau. of . . . , and had issue— a dau. Florence who mar. . . Horrocks and died s.p. He was afterwards one of the poor Knights of Windsor; died at Leicester, 5 April, 1851, *æt.* 66; bur. at Loughborough. T.S. There is a stained window in Loughborough Church, erected by his brother Sheldon to his memory. His widow died at Nice 31 July, 1877, *æt.* 82.

John Cradock (eldest son of William & Elizabeth) was born 26 February, 1766; bapt. at Loughborough 1 April, 1766; lived at Loughborough, and was an Attorney-at-law, and afterwards at Woodhouse Eaves; he mar. 26 Jan. 1792, at St. Peter's Nottingham, Mary, dau. & coh. of the Rev. John Alleyne. [See Pedigree of Alleyne in the 'Reliquary,' vol. xxi., 256. Through this marriage the Cradocks have a direct Royal Descent from King Henry III.]; he died 28 March, 1833, *æt.* 67; bur. at Loughborough 23rd. T.S. Will dated 25 Feb., 1833. Mr. Cradock was Lord of the Manor of Walton on the Wolds, co. Leicester. His wife died 11 Aug., 1807, *æt.* 41, and was bur. at Loughborough. T.S. The Arms of Alleyne, as given on John C's bookplate, were Argent a cross moline Sable. They had issue,

- (1.) John Cradock, bapt. at Loughborough 22 Sept., 1792; lived at Loughborough, and was an Attorney-at-law; a noted foxhunter with the Quorn Hunt, it is computed that he rode after the hounds about 400 miles a week; was Lord of the Manor of Walton on the Wolds; mar. Henrietta Maria, dau. of Robert Piper, esq., of Yorkshire; died s.p. 17 June, 1838; bur. at Loughborough. T.S. Will proved P.C.C. 7 June, 1839. His widow remarried 19 Jan., 1842, the Rev. Joseph Place, Rector of Great Casterton, and died 8 Aug. 1872, leaving two sons Robert Place, and William Gordon Place, M.A., Cantab., a Solicitor at Leicester, and two daus.
- (2.) William, of Melton Place, St. Pancras; bapt. at Loughborough 26 April, 1794; died unm. April, 1833, *æt.* 38; bur. 27 April, 1833, at St. James' Westminster.
- (3.) Thomas, of whom hereafter.
- (4.) Edward, of Ashby de la Zouch, co. Leicester, m. at St. Helen's, Ashby de la Zouch, 11 Nov., 1836, Eliza dau. of Henry Whitby, of Atherstone, M. D., [Pedigree of Whitby, in 'Burke's Landed Gentry']; and died 18 Jan., 1858; bur. at Ashby de la Zouch; his widow died 25 March, 1876, *æt.* 69. They had issue, Sheldon, of Liverpool, gent., b. 12 March, 1848; Elizabeth m. John Fry; and Mary Catherine m. at Holy Trinity, Ashby

- de la Zouch 9 Oct., 1873, James Henry Young, of Abbott Hall, N. Lancashire.
- (5.) Ferdinando Robert, of Loughborough, gent., b. there April 1798, m. Mary Smith of Loughborough; died 2 July, 1874, *æt.* 76; bur. 7th at Loughborough; they had issue, John, Ferdinando George (in New Zealand), m. Amelia Lunn, Mary Ann m. Thomas Henry Barnes, Katherine Smith m. Leonard Robert Burrows, and Eliza Arnold.
 - (6.) Mary Penelope, m. 30 May, 1837, Edward Mortimer Green, of Ashby de la Zouch. [See Pedigree of "Green of Odstone Hill," in 'Burke's Landed Gentry.']
 - (7.) Catherine Alleyne, m. 19 June, 1839, Georgica Hawkes, of Talton House, co. Worcester, *esq.*, and died 3 Aug., 1842, leaving two daus. Clara who m. 26 Nov., 1874, at Newbold on Stoure, George L. Field, 17th Regt., and Catherine.
 - (8.) Joseph, of Stanford, co. Notts, died int. and unm. 13 Nov., 1838, *æt.* 39; bur. at Loughborough. T.S.
 - (9.) Catherine Morris, died in her infancy; bur. at Loughborough. T.S.

Thomas Cradock, (3rd son of John and Mary) of Quorn Court, co. Leicester; bapt. 8 Sept., 1795; m. Oct. 1841, Mary Octavia dau. of Harry Grover, of Hemel Hempstead; a Solicitor at Loughborough; Lord of the Manors of Walton on the Wolds and Loughborough; died 7 Sept., 1863; bur. at Quorndon. T.S. Will proved at Leicester 8 Oct., 1863. He had issue,

- (1.) John Davys, of Quorn Court; b. 6 April, 1845; Lord of the Manor of Loughborough; Captain of Prince Albert's Own Leicestershire Yeomanry Cavalry; a Solicitor at Loughborough.
- (2.) Thomas, of Trin. Coll. Cambridge, m. 3 March, 1875, at Quinton, Catherine Louise Jane, dau. of Corbett Holland-Corbett, of Admington Hall, co. Gloucester, J.P. and D.L. [See Pedigree of Holland-Corbett of Admington Hall, in 'Burke's Landed Gentry'.]
- (3.) Mary, m. The Rev. Charles George Anderson, Rector of Otterhampton.
- (4.) Catherine Clara, m. John Henry Paget, of Buck Hill, Loughborough. (See Pedigree of Paget of Ilstock and Riddington, in 'Burke's Landed Gentry'.)
- (5.) Emily Anne, m. 30 June, 1880, at Quorndon, J. Hawkes Woodford, *esq.*, of Temple Balsall, co. Warwick.

Some account of Quorn Court, the present seat of the family, and its historic associations, will be found in T. R. Potter's 'Rambles round Loughborough.'

The following Wills, &c., of Cradock were proved at Richmond,

1621. Cradock William, of Baldersdaile, R. W. Inv. 8 May.
[Brother "Mr. Dr. Cradock" mentioned.]
1752. " Sheldon, of Hartforth; p. Gilling, esq. Will
1753. " John, of Richmond. Admon.
1756. " John, of High Fremington. Will.
1767. " Antony, of Harkaside, p. Grinton. Admon.
1769. " William, of Harkaside, p. Grinton. Admon.
1819. " Christopher, of Hartforth. Admon.

There are doubtless some Wills of Cradock at York; and the Richmond Parish Registers probably contain many Cradock entries.

W. G. DIMOCK-FLETCHER, M.A., Oxford.

CALENDAR OF LAMBETH WILLS.

(Continued from Vol. v, p. 329).

Derby, Robert. Lanygblancford. (Longblancford)	1421	348 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Derby, William. Tyryngton.	1438	461 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Derham, Nicholas, priest. Norwich.	1498	34 ^a Morton.
Despencer, Edwardle, Kut. Tewkesbury.	1375	90 ^a Sudbury.
Deynes, Robert, of Sudbury.	1152	301 ^a Kempe.
Dibben, Thomas, of Dunhed St. Marie.	1590	418 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Digg, Roger. Berham.	1378	79 ^a Sudbury.
Digge, John. Rector of Bishshopesborne.	1375	80 ^b Sudbury.
Dixon, Nicholas. Rector of Chesthunt, Herts.	1418	169 ^a Stafford.
Dockyng, William. Rector of Coelyclaye.	1415	169 ^a Chichele, P. ii.
Dodyngton, John. Canon of Exeter.	1400	170 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Doget, Walter. Citizen of London. St. Leonard, Eastcheap.	1387	223 ^b Courteney.
Dole, William, of Potterne, co. Wilts, husbandman.	1587	415 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Dolman, <i>see</i> Sawtell		
Double, Walter, of Comes in Sussex, yeoman.	1558	50 ^b 53 ^b Post mortem Poli.
Downton, Thomas, gent. Ipswich. White- friars, London.	1452	262 ^b Kempe.
Downman, Elizabeth, of Gippewic. [Ipswich]	1499	40 ^a Morton.
Dranc, William. Yoxford.	1499	57 ^a Morton.
Drapur, Hugh, of Chestrefeld.	1408	148 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Drewe, Robert. Citizen of Bath.	1450	188 ^a Stafford.
Drewell, John. Archdeacon of Exeter.	1453	290 ^a Kempe.
Dromore, John, Bishop of. St. Mary Somerset, London.	1433	437 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Dru, Thomas, of Southcote juxta Redyng.	1453	315 ^a Kempe.

Drury, Nicholas, of Schellond.	1415	72 ^b Stafford.
Drury, Robert, the elder, of Harliston.	1498	16 ^a Morton.
Dunstaple, William. Rector of Derteford.	1401	221 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Dury, Henry. Vicar of St. Just.	1425	394 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Dutton, Thomas, Kut.	1415	293 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Dyer, Thomas, of Wylton.	1407	202 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Dygon, Thomas. Cherde.	1453	292 ^a Kempe.
Eastlauder <i>alias</i> Launder, William, of Sevenoaks, Kent.	1633	197 ^b Laud, P. i.
Eastman, Agnes, of Downton.	1591	418 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Eatwell, Thomas, of Wynterborne Mouncton.	1591	412 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Eboracen, Philippa, Duchess, Dña de Insula Vecta. Buried at Westminster.	1431	428 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Echyngham, Thomas, Kut.	1444	124 ^a Stafford.
Edelen, John, of Saxton. (probate only.)	1413	192 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Edmond, Stephen, of Monketon in Isle of Thanet.	1425	385 ^a Chichele, P. i.
*Edward III, King of England.	1377	97 ^b Sudbury.
*Edward, Prince of Wales.	1376	90 ^b Sudbury.
Edward, John, of Norwich.	1445	65 ^a Stafford.
Edyndon, Bishop of Winchester. Buried at Winchester.	1366	110 ^a Langham.
Ekerdon, William. Canon of Exeter. Coliton.	1413	175 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Ely, John. South Lynn	1413	192 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Elyngbrig, Thomas. Sentence re will of.	1510	15 ^a Warham.
Elys, Robert, of Norwich.	1498	23 ^b Morton.
Emund, Thomas, capellanus. Aylesham.	1404	540 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Engle, Guyehardus de. Earl of Hunting- don. <i>See</i> D'Angle.		
Ergham, Ralph. Bishop of Bath and Wells.	1398	168 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Erpyngham, Thomas, Kut., Norwich.	1427	403 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ertham, Robert. Rector of Denton.	1407	543 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Escot, John. Citizen of London.	1452	278 ^a Kempe.
Esmond, Thomas, of Aylesham.	1404	540 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Estcourt, John. Dean of St. Martin le Grand, London.	1427	401 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Estfeld, William, Kut. London.	1445	139 ^a Stafford.
Estreforth, John. Hoxne.	1413	192 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Euge, Gilbert, of Wadhurst.	1571	116 ^b Gryndall.
Evens, Nicholas, of Barnsley in parish of Wimborne Mynster.	1585	288 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Everard, Thomas, of Aylesham.	1404	540 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Eyerist, Edward, of Chiddingstone, Kent.	1615	268 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Ewell, William, of Herne in Kent, yeoman.	1589	272 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Exall, Augustyn, of Yevell, Innholder.	1591	411 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
*Exeter, John Holland Duke of. St. Katherine by the Tower.	1117	160 ^a Stafford.

Exeter, Thomas, Duke of.	1426	399 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Eyremyn, William de. Rector of Castel- lasheby, Northants.	1401	188 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Facy, William. St. Columb Major, Cornwall.	1440	191 ^a Stafford.
Falstolf, Thomas. Bishop of St. David's. Buried at St. David's.	1361	173 ^a Islep.
Fane, John, of Cherington, co. Wilts.	1591	415 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Fane, Peter, of Wilcott.	1591	412 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Fantleroy, Johann, W ^o of John.	1444	125 ^a Stafford.
Fauconer, William, Knt. Caleys.	1415	278 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Febbrig, John. Rector of Winterton.	1407	543 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Feld, Thomas. Dean of Hereford.	1419	322 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Fen, Christian, W ^o of Kirkby Cane.	1445	64 ^a Stafford.
Fenys, James, Kt., Dñs de Saye and Sele. Greyfriars, London.	1449	190 ^b Stafford.
Feriby, John, Esq. Chertesey.	1441	473 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ferrers, William de, Dñs de Groby. Buried at Ulnescroft.	1372	128 ^b Whittleseye.
Ferrys, Roger, Knt. Hurstonceaux.	1419	178 ^a Stafford.
Ferrers, William, Dñs de Groby.	1445	127 ^a Stafford.
Ferrars, dña Margaret, wife of Sir William of Groby.	1375	81 ^b Sudbury.
Ferour, William. Citizen of London.	1449	295 ^a Kempe.
Ferthyngge, John, capellanus. Oterford.	1116	144 ^b Stafford.
Fetplace, Walter, of Southampton.	1449	171 ^a Stafford.
Feyth, John. Citizen of London.	1453	310 ^a Kempe.
Finnis, William, of St. Margaret at Cliffe, yeoman.	1589	273 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Fische, John, of Pakenham.	1498	54 ^b Morton.
Fisser, John. Burgeys of Thetford.	1499	14 ^b Morton.
Fisser, John. Fulham.	1453	259 ^a Kempe.
Fitz Herberd, Edmund, Knt. Sherman- bury.	1386	219 ^b Courteney.
Fitz Hugh, Robert. Bishop of London.	1435	457 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Fitz Rauf, John, Knt.	1415	171 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Fitz Robert, Robert. London.	1434	445 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Fitz-Wauter, Walter. Dummow.	1431	432 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Fitz Water, Walter, Dñs Fitz-Water.	1408	254 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Fitz Waryn, Ivo, Knt.	1412	270 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Flory, John. Cloford, Somerset.	1415	144 ^b Stafford.
Foog, Joan, W ^o of Sir Thomas, Knt.	1420	337 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Forde, William de. Rector of All Hallows, Bread St. London.	1407	253 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Fordham, John, Bishop of Ely.	1425	389 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Foreman, Richard, of Mylten in parish of Pritwell, co. Essex.	1571	296 ^a Parker, P. i.
Foster, Richard. Bath.	1123	365 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Fouleshurst, Johann. Bertumley.	1415	290 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Founder, <i>see</i> Cappe.		

Fowler, Edmund, of Eyke.	1499	58 ^b Merton.
Fowler, John.	1445	69 ^a Stafford.
Foxe, John, of Eccles.	1498	24 ^b Merton.
Frampton, Walter. Bristol.	1388	227 ^a Courteney.
Fraueklyn, John, of Seende Rewe, co. Wilts.	1591	416 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Franks, John, clerk. Salisbury.	1433	477 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Frere, William, of Reppys.	1445	68 ^b Stafford.
Freshford, Nicholas. Freshford.	1591	447 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Freton, Roger. Dean of Chichester.	1381	195 ^a , 203 ^a Courteney.
Frilond, Walter. Rector of Aldynton.	1376	83 ^a Sudbury.
Frye, John, of Salisbury.	1407	46 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Frysoure, Philip, of Webley.	1452	310 ^a Kempe.
Fulecombe, Alice, of Hithe in Kent.	1588	261 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Fulford, James.	1581	207 ^b Whitgift, P. iii.
Fuller, Thomas, of Great Yarmouth, Shipman.	1448	177 ^b Stafford.
Furbeshow, Margery, of Weston.	1445	61 ^b Stafford.
Fuystour, William. Citizen of Salisbury.	1419	332 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Fylcote, Johann, of London, W ^o .	1153	295 ^a Kempe.
Fyncham, John, of Fyncham, gent.	1499	34 ^b Merton.
Fysher, Thomas, of Bathampton.	1591	447 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Fyncham, William. Parson of Chelnetlum.	1499	60 ^b Merton.
Galande, William. Rector of Bedeford.		
Galot, Alice, widow of Thomas. St. Michael Quern, London.	1435	461 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Gannull, John. Canon of Wells. Rector of Yevill.	1407	251 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Garduer, John, of Romene.	1402	197 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Garnonde, Thomas, of Clewer, gent.	1591	410 ^a Whitgift, P. ii.
Gaye, William. Stokelond.	1412	487 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Geen, <i>see</i> Smyth.		
Geffreye, Agnes, of Charinge, co. Kent, W ^o .	1559	309 ^a Parker, P. i.
Gelys, Alice, wife of Henry Gelys.	1423	364 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Genotte, Robert. Mildenhale.	1410	192 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Gerard, Katerine, w ^o of John, Alderman of Norwich.	1451	191 ^b Stafford.
Gerveys, John. Cirencester.	1453	281 ^a Kemp.
Gervise, John, of Congham.	1499	46 ^a Merton.
Geyst, Thomas. (Probate only.)	1413	194 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Gilbert, John, of Benenden, in Kent.	1589	265 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Gilbert, John. Bishop of St. Davids.	1393	160 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Gilbert, Robert. Bishop of London.	1448	165 ^a Stafford.
Gildeford, Edward. Rolwyndon.	1448	175 ^b Stafford.
Ginner, Roger, of Buckfeild, yeoman.	1580	129 ^b Gryndall.
Girling, Richard, of Northtodenham.	1415	71 ^a Stafford.
Gisors, John. St. Martin Vintry, London.	1380	107 ^a Sudbury.
Glaser, John. Rector of Stisted, Essex.	1409	107 ^a Arundel, P. ii.

Glasbroke, James, of Harrow on the Hill, taylor.	1558	19 ^b Post mortem Poli.
*Gloucester, Alienora Duchess of.	1399	163 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Gloucester, Thomas, Esq.	1446	146 ^b Stafford.
Glover, John, of Benenden in Kent.	1559	11 ^b Post mortem Poli.
Gobet, Mawte, W ^o . St. George Colgate, Norwich.	1499	28 ^b Morton.
God, John, of Wobridge, in Parish of St. James near Taunton. Cheddon.	1591	411 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Godestre, Roger.	1368	129 ^b Whittlesey.
Godewyk, John de. Rector of Clyve.	1397	156 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Godefraye, Thomas. Old Romney.	1426	426 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Godfrey, John, of Teunterden.	1589	265 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Godvey, Edmund. Rector of Roughton.	1445	67 ^a Stafford.
Goghe, Roger. Vicar of Mawncell Gamerge	1558	60 ^a Pole.
Golafre, John, Knt. Friars minors, Oxon.	1393	155 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Golandre, William. Rector of Bedeford.	1422	367 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Golde, John, capellanus. Boxele.	1406	331 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Goldsmyth, John, of Shottisham.	1498	16 ^b Morton.
Goldyngton, Robert de, Knt.	1383	206 ^a Courteney.
Gooddaye, Robert, of Sabridgeworth, in Hartfordshire, yeoman.	1559	85 ^b Post mortem Poli.
Goodin, William, of Otterden, co. Kent, husbandman.	1559	309 ^a Parker, P. i.
Goodloke, Geoffrey. Isleworth, Middx.	1452	261 ^a Kempe.
Goolde, John, clerk.	1406	211 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Goos, Edmund. Citizen of Norwich.	1416	172 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Gore, William. Aldryngton.	1441	487 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Gorgis, Theobald de. Winton.	1380	106 ^b Sudbury.
Goulde, Joane, W ^o of Estbrent.	1590	437 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Goundenham, Thomas. Langford, Somerset.	1410	51 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Gower, John. THE POET. St. Mary Overy, Southwark.	1108	256 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Gowty, John, of Cley. Norfolk.	1445	70 ^b Stafford.
Gracy, Hugh, capellanus. London.	1382	199 ^b Courteney.
Grailli, John, Knt. Major Burdegahi.	1401	182 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Grandisson, John. Bishop of Exeter. Buried at Exeter.	1369	103 ^b Whittleseye.
Grandisson, Otto de, Knt. Ottery St. Mary, Devon.	1358	148 ^a Islep.
Grate, John, of Ipswich.	1498	13 ^b Morton.
Grauncestre, Thomas. Commn for proving will of.	1386	217 ^a Courteney.
Gray, William. Bishop of Lincoln.	1435	458 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Gray, Robert, of Wellys.	1499	42 ^b Morton.
Greene <i>alias</i> Browne, Elizabeth, of Coum- merforde in parish of Calne, co. Wilts.	1590	416 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Greene, Edmond, of Sysewell.	1499	50 ^b Morton.
Gregori, Robert.	1413	186 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Grene, <i>see</i> Baylly.		

Grene, John. Citizen of London.	1452	266 ^a Kempe.
Grene, John. Rector of Castilcombe.	1445	130 ^b Stafford.
Grene, John. Rector of Cherryng.	1434	419 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Grene, John, of Strefham.	1412	163 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Grene, Richard, preest. St. Giles, Norwich.	1499	19 ^a Morton.
Grene, Richard, of Southelmham.	1499	55 ^b Morton.
Grene, William, of Asshe.	1499	58 ^b Morton.
Grevell, William. Campeden.	1401	183 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Grevyle, John, Esq. Diocese of Worcester.	1445	128 ^a Stafford.
Grey, Richard. Dñs de Wylton super Wye.	1442	488 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Grey, Robert. Bemynstre.	1419	316 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Griffith, Edward. Parson of Rasper, in Sussex.	1558	47 ^a Post mortem Poli.
Grofhert, Sarah de. (widow of Robert.) Horsnunden.	1371	120 ^a Whittleseye.
Gryndham, William, capellanus, of Ludgarsale.	1444	125 ^a Stafford.
Gunner, Roger.	1580	129 ^b Grindall.
Gwyford, Sir Robert.	1372	194 ^a Courteney.
Gybbys, John, of Brancastre.	1498	22 ^b Morton.
Gybbes, Walter. Canon of Exeter.	1411	167 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Gyfford, John. St. Peter, Exeter.	1492	130 ^a Morton.
Gyfford, Robert, Esp. Weston under Egge.	1116	144 ^b Stafford.
Gynges, Richard. Merchant of Lynn.	1453	285 ^b Kempe.
Gyldewyn, Gilbert de. St. Nicholas, Rochester.	1369	103 ^b Whittleseye.
Gylt, Agnes, of Winishorowe in Kent, W ^o .	1587	271 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Hadbach, William. St. John, Clerkenwell.	1408	104 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Hadde, Richard, of Hedecone in Kent.	1589	263 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Haggar, George, of Eppinge, Essex, Draper.	1621	169 ^b Laud, P. i.
Halden, William. Abbey of "Pount Robert."	1386	217 ^a Courteney.
Halfpenny, William, of Deptford, baker.	1589	250 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Hall, Nicholas, of Stone in the Yle of Oxney in Kent.	1589	264 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Halle, Amicia. Ore, Sussex.	1430	426 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Halle, John. Hellingley, Sussex.	1431	443 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Hallun, Robert. Bishop of Salisbury.	1417	307 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Halsham, Hugh, Knt. Westgrovestede.	1411	483 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hanforth, Henry. St. Patrick, Exeter.	1492	130 ^b Morton.
Hankeford, William, Knt. Monkleigh, Devon.	1423	375 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Hanley, William de, clerk.	1383	206 ^b Courteney.
Hanslap, Henry, clerk. Windsor.	1452	257 ^a Kempe.
Harburgh, Henry. Canon of Salisbury.	1432	431 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Hardyng, Thomas, of Ingham.	1498	12 ^a Morton.
Hardyng, John, of Chyvele.	1127	400 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Harewell, John. Bishop of Bath and Wells.	1386	218 ^b Courteney.

Harlyng, Thomas. Canon of Chichester.	1422	365 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Harman, Agnes, W ^o . St. Peter Mancroft, Norwich.	1499	46 ^b Morton.
Harris, Joane, of South Petherton.	1591	217 ^b Whitgift, P. ii.
Harryson, Henry, of St. Saviour's South- warke.	1558	92 ^b Post mortem Poli.
Hart, Nicholas, of Snargate in Kent.	1589	266 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Haryngton, John de, Knt. Dñs d' Aldyngham.	1417	311 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hasee, Henry. Sydyngbourne.	1407	36 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Haseley, Thomas, Knt. Submarshal of England. Crutched Friars, London.	1449	174 ^a Stafford.
Hasley, John. Dean of Chichester.	1411	157 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Hastynge, Agnes de. Countess of Pem- broke. Minorettes, London.	1368	119 ^a Langham.
*Hastynge, John de. Earl of Pembroke.	1376	91 ^b 99 ^b Sudbury.
Hathwey, Thomas. Marleburgh.	1424	378 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Hattfeld, Thomas. Bishop of Durham.	1381	107 ^b Sudbury.
Hastine <i>alias</i> Pye, Richard, of Cloford.	1591	439 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Hawley, Thomas, Knt. Bugh super Bayne.	1419	333 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hawyle, John. Rector of Honworth, Norfolk.	1407	543 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Haxey, Thomas. Treasurer of York Cathedral.	1424	382 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hayton, Thomas. Merton.	1431	423 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Haywode, Thomas. Vicar of Poundestowe.	1431	444 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Heghtedbury, William, S.T.P. Rector of Iekham and Canon of Sarum.	1372	126 ^b Whittleseye.
Heisaunt, Alexander.	1452	266 ^b Kempe.
Hele, Matthew atte. Pritwell, Essex.	1390	207 ^b Courteney.
Hele, William atte. Pritwell.	1390	237 ^b Courteney.
Helles, Gilbert de. Hells in parish of Woodnesborough, Kent, buried at God- mersham.	1364	206 ^a Islep.
Helwoldyng, Nicholas, of Herne.	1430	419 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Helwoldyng, Agnes, w ^o of Nicholas, of Herne.	1430	420 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Henbrigge, Richard. Sergeant at Arms. St. Mary Matfelon, London.	1412	156 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Hendye, Robert, of Trolle.	1587	417 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Hennesthorpe, John de, clerk, Master of St. Katherine by the Tower.	1412	163 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Heron, William Knt. Lord Say.	1401	219 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Herrison, John, of Thornham Bishop.	1145	62 ^b Stafford.
Hert, or Hurst, Agnes, of London, W ^o .	1453	316 ^b Kempe.
Hert <i>alias</i> Reynold, Thomas of Devises.	1452	298 ^a Kempe.
Hetersete, John. Rector of Whetceare.	1406	36 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Hevy, Thomas. Rector of St. Margaret Patens, London.	1453	296 ^b Kempe.
Hewes, John, of Plumstede in Kent.	1558	61 ^a Post mortem Poli.
Hewk, John, of Boton.	1410	153 ^a Arundel, P. ii.

Heydon, Thomas. Vicar of Langham.	1407	512 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Heyward, John, of Baconsthorpe.	1413	195 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Heyworth, William. Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield.	1443	151 ^b Stafford.
Hillary, Katherine, wife of Roger. Walsdale All Saints.	1356	120 ^a Islep.
Hillary, Roger, senior, Knt. Chief Justice of King's Bench. Walsale.	1356	121 ^a Islep.
Hillary, Margaret, w ^o of Roger.	1411	148 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Hille, Robert. Ostynglander.	1453	318 ^b Koupe.
Hill, John of Spaxton.	1434	449 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Hill, William. Norwich. (Probate only).	1413	192 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Hilles, William, of Pluckley and Pevington in Kent.	1589	266 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Hodges, Agnes, of Stowgursej.	1591	413 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Hodges, William, of HunsPELL.	1591	438 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Hody, John, Knt. Woollavington, Somerset.	1441	481 ^a Chichele, P. i.
*Holand, Thomas. Earl of Kent. Buried at Brune, Lincoln.	1397	157 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Holden, Thomas. Oxford.	1441	473 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Holden, John, of Great Yarmouth.	1445	60 ^b Stafford.
Holder, John, the older, of Churcham.	1538	101 ^b Crammer.
Hole, William de la. Vicar in Exeter Cathedral.	1282	183 ^a Peckham.
Hohne, Richard de. Canon of York.	1124	375 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Holte, Richard, of Colythe.	1446	143 ^b Stafford.
Honston, William. Cosham.	1411	274 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Honyng, John. Rector of Snoryng. Norfolk.	1413	193 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Hoothe, Robert. Citizen and Waxchandler of Norwich.	1499	29 ^a Morton.
Hore, Richard. Provost of Wells.	1449	180 ^a Stafford.
Horne, John.	1570	205 ^a Parker.
Horsham, Richard, of Upelshire, co. Kent.	1399	166 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Horsman, Richard, of Berton Bendich, Cap ^s .	1498	20 ^b Morton.
Horton, Roger. Croxhale.	1423	362 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hortcrest, Andrew, of Reynham St. Martin.	1499	29 ^a Morton.
Hounde, Richard. St. Andrewes Church.	1558	85 ^a Post mortem Poli.
Houton, Adam. Bishop of St. Davids.	1389	231 ^b Courteney.
Howard, Margaret, W ^o , East Winch, Norfolk.	1416	172 ^a Chicheley, P. ii.
Howell, Hugh ap Rice ap.	1560	181 ^a Parker.
Howse, William, of Criclade St. Sampson, co. Wilts.	1591	411 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Howys, John, of Glaunford.	1499	36 ^b Morton.
Hubberd, Elizabeth, of Beccles, W ^o .		59 ^b Morton.
Huglet, Richard, of Est Peckham.	1404	220 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Hugham, William. Vicar of Northgate, Canterbury.	1416	298 ^b Chichele, P. i.

Hugwett, John, of Chartham.	1420	340 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hulverston, William, of Hevenynglond.	1415	172 ^a Chichele, P. ii.
Humbleton, Alan. Rector of Rowkyng.	1407	249 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Hundelby, Robert, clerk, of Alford, Lincoln.	1406	236 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Hungerford, Sir Walter.	1445	114 ^a Stafford.
Hungerford, Johann, w ^o of Sir Thomas, Knt.	1411	152 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Hunt, Simon, of Enford.	1590	403 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Hunt, John, of Woodshawe in parish of Wotton Bassett, yeoman.	1590	404 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Hunte, Ralph. Citizen of Bath.	1432	430 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Hurst, <i>see</i> Herst.		
Hutchen, Agnes, of Yeadinge in parish of Hayes, W ^o	1606	225 ^a Baneroft.
Hutchins, <i>see</i> Chappell.		
Hyde, John atte, of Sudbury.	1410	153 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
James, Robert, Esq. Dñs de Borstall.	1431	425 ^b Chichele, P. i.
James, John, of Cholsey.	1590	409 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Janson, Clemente, of Bonerage, co. Dorset, in par Cramborne.	1571	43 ^a Parker, P. ii.
Jasper, Robert, of Asshe dioc. Rochester.	1389	356 ^b Courteney.
Jens, Robert, of Fordle.	1499	56 ^b Morton.
Jespar Jones (<i>sic</i>), W ^o . Ric.	1558	54 ^a Post Mortem Poli
Jessope, Andronicus, of Pensherst.	1615	274 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Jewe, John. Wyflescombe.	1415	291 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Incent, Androwe, of Halden, co. Kent.	1566	279 ^b
Ingelose, Henry, Knt. Horsham priory.	1451	192 ^a Stafford.
Inglood, John, of Stanton.	1498	15 ^b Morton.
Inglose, Henry, Knt. Norwich.	1451	297 ^a Kempe.
Joce, Isabel, widow. St. Paul's, London.	1449	308 ^b Kempe.
*Johanna, Princess of Wales. (Fair Maid of Kent).	1385	213 Courteney.
John, "procurator ecclie de Bisshop. sans date		51 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
John, Canon of Wells.	1411	162 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Jones, Alice, of St. Martins in the Fields.	1558	84 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Jones, John, of Luckington, husbandman.	1591	417 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Josep, John. Snoryng Magna.	1499	44 ^b Morton.
Isley, Edward, of Allesford, co. Southamp-ton, shoe-maker.	1635	143 ^b Laud, P. i.
Islep, Ralph, capellanus. Canterbury.	1420	336 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Isely, John. Sundressh.	1375	78 ^a Sudbury.
*Julers, ¹ Elizabeth, Countess of Kent. Winchester.	1411	154 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Kegworth, Roger.	1418	324 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Kelly, John. Rector of Camborn.	1447	181 ^b Stafford.
Kendal, William, of Stone.	1413	204 ^a Arundel, P. ii.

¹ *i.e.*, Juliers. Mother of the "Fair Maid of Kent."

Kendale, Roger. Citizen of London. St. Paul's.	1453	304 ^b Kempe.
Kent, Lucy, countess of	1424	371 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Kent, Robert. Hedecorn.	1483	109 ^b Warham.
Kent <i>alias</i> Bradford. Adam.	1559	48 ^a Post mortem Poli.
Kent, Countess of. <i>See</i> Julers.		
Kentwode, Reginald. Dean of St. Paul's, London.	1441	476 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Kervile, Robert, Knt. Wyggenale.	1418	325 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Kinge, Margarete, W ^o , of Lawlinge in Essex.	1590	276 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Kiriell, John, Knt.	1376	96 ^a Sudbury.
Knap, John. Brode Summerford.	1558	75 ^b Post mortem Poli.
Knighten, Marmaduke, of Donhed Marie.	1591	418 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Knolles, Thomas, senr. Citizen of London.	1435	450 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Knolles, Thomas. Citizen and grocer, of London.	1445	154 ^b Stafford.
Knolles, Robert, Knt. Whitefriars, London.	1404	245 ^a , 247 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Knolle, Thomas, of Lynsted, co. Kent.	1560	309 ^b Parker, P. i.
Knyght, John, of Metyngham.	1498	41 ^a Morton.
Kryel, Letitia, wife of Sir John, Kt. Langdon.	1408	101 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Kykhill (?), <i>see</i> Rykhill.		
Kympton, John, of Hworth, co. Cambridge, husbandman.	1585	318 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Kyng, Katerine, of Wighlyngham. (Probate only).	1413	198 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Kyng, William. Citizen of Norwich.	1451	313 ^a Kempe.
Kynworth, Richard. Citizen of London. St. Michael, Cornhill.	1450	188 ^a Stafford.
Kynwohmersh, William, clerk, treasurer. St. Martin le grand, London.	1422	352 ^b Chichele.
Laade, William, of Teryngton St. Clement.	1499	31 ^b Morton.
Lacy, Peter, Rector of Northhete.	1375	88 ^b Sudbury.
Ladde, Androwe, of All Saints in dioc. of Chichester.	1580	130 ^a Gryndall.
Lambe, Richard, of Langford, husbandman.	1499	20 ^b Morton.
Lamberds, John, of Whepstede.	1499	53 ^a Morton.
*Lancaster, Henry Duke of. Buried at Leicester.	1361	172 ^a Isep.
Landefer, Thomas, of Lyncham, co. Wilts, husbandman.	1590	415 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Lane, Richard, of Fishborne in Sussex.	1559	50 ^a Post mortem Poli.
Langedon, Thomas. Bishop of Rochester.	1433	462 ^b Chichele, P. i.
*Langelea, Edmund of, Duke of York.	1402	194 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Larwode, Katerine, of Heringham.	1415	69 ^a Stafford.

(To be continued.)

GRANT AND EXEMPLIFICATION OF ARMS TO RICHARD ORFORD-HOLTE (FORMERLY RICHARD ORFORD), OF TRINITY COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE, 1st AUGUST, 1825.¹

TO ALL AND SINGULAR to whom these presents shall come *Sir George Nayler* Knight GARTER Principal King of Arms *Rolph Bighaud* Esquire CLARENCEUX King of Arms and *Edmund Lodge* Esquire NORROY King of Arms send Greeting. WHEREAS His Majesty by Warrant under His Royal Signet and Sign Manual bearing date the tenth day of June last signified unto the Most Noble *Bernard Edward* Duke of Norfolk Earl Marshal and Hereditary Marshal of England that He had been graciously pleased to give and grant unto *Richard Orford* of Trinity College Cambridge Esquire only son of *John Orford* of Manchester in the County Palatine of Lancaster Esquire by Elizabeth his wife now deceased the only surviving daughter of *Robert Holt* of Chamber House in the Parish Rochdale in the said County Palatine of Lancaster Esquire also deceased His Royal Licence and Authority that he and his Issue may in compliance with a clause contained in the last Will and Testament of his said late Maternal Grandfather *Robert Holt* deceased take and use the surname of HOLTE in addition to that of ORFORD and bear the Arms of HOLTE Quarterly with those of ORFORD, HOLTE in the first Quarter, such Arms being first duly exemplified according to the Laws of Arms and Recorded in the Heralds Office otherwise the said Licence and Permission to be void and of none effect. AND FORASMUCH as the said Earl Marshal did by Warrant under his hand and seal bearing date the twenty-first day of July last authorize and direct Us to grant and exemplify such Arms accordingly KNOW YE THEREFORE that We the said GARTER CLARENCEUX and NORROY in obedience to His Majesty's command in pursuance of His Grace's Warrant and by Virtue of the Letters Patent of Our several Offices to each of Us respectively granted under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do by these presents grant and exemplify unto the said *Richard Orford* now *Richard Orford-Holte* the Arms following that is to say Quarterly First and Fourth *Ermine two Bars engrailed Azure over all a Pile Gules thereon two Crosses Palee in chief and a Pheon in base Or for Holte*, Second and Third *Or, two chevronsels sable between three Fleurs-de-lis Azure over all a Fess Vert thereon a Greyhound current Argent for Orford*, And for the Crest of HOLTE, On a Wreath of the Colours, *Upon a Mount Vert a Spirell sejant proper charged on the Shoulder with a Cross Palee Or supporting with the fore-paws a Pheon mounted on a Staff and flighted the Head downwards Or*. And for the Crest of ORFORD, On a Wreath of the Colours, *Out of Rushes proper a Demi Greyhound Argent charged on the Neck with two Chevronsels sable holding between the paws a Fleur-de-lis Azure* as the same are in the Margin hereof more plainly depicted to be borne and used for ever hereafter by him the said *Richard Orford Holte* and by his Issue pursuant

¹ Mr. Orford Holte (who built and resided at Torkington Lodge, near Stockport Co. Chester) married Anne, daughter of Mr. Thomas Dewhurst, of Marple, Co. Chester, but died without issue; the arms, therefore, cannot now be borne by any person either singly or as quarterings.

to the tenor of His Majesty's said Sign Manual and according to the Laws of Arms. IN WITNESS whereof We the said GARTER CLARENCEUX and NORROY Kings of Arms have to these Presents subscribed Our Names and affixed the Seals of Our several Offices this First day of August in the Sixth Year of the Reign of Our Sovereign Lord George the Fourth by the Grace of God of [the] United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland King Defender of the Faith, &c., and in the Year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and twenty-five.

(Signed)

GEORGE NAYLER, *Garter,*
Principal King of Arms.
 RALPH BIGLAND, *Clarenceux,*
King of Arms.
 EDMD. LODGE, *Norroy,*
King of Arms.

(Endorsed)

Solicited by JAMES CATHEROWE DISNEY
Somerset Herald.

Recorded in the College of Arms London.

CHAS. GEO. YOUNG,
York Herald and Register.

GRANT OF THE ARMS OF DAVENPORT TO REAR-ADMIRAL
 SIR SALUSBURY DAVENPORT (FORMERLY PRYCE.
 HUMPHREYS), C.B., K.C.H., P.C., &c., AND DAME MARIA
 HIS WIFE, 17 MAY, 1838.

TO ALL AND SINGULAR to whom these Presents shall come, *Sir Ralph Bigland*, Knight GARTER Principal King of Arms, *Sir William Woods*, Knight, CLARENCEUX King of Arms, and *Edmund Lodge* Esquire, NORROY King of Arms send Greeting, WHEREAS Her MAJESTY, by Warrant under Her Royal Signet and Sign Manual, bearing date the Fourth day of May Instant, signified unto the Most Noble *Bernard Edward*, Duke of Norfolk, Earl Marshal and Hereditary Marshal of England, KNIGHT of the Most Noble Order of the GARTER and One of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, that she had been graciously pleased to give and grant to *Sir Salusbury Pryce-Humphreys*, of Bramhall Hall, in the County Palatine of Chester, Knight (Companion of the Most Honourable Military Order of the BATH, Military Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Guelphic Order and Rear Admiral of the Fleet), and unto *Dame Maria*, his Wife, natural daughter of *William Davenport*, late of Bramhall Hall aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, Her Royal Licence and Authority that they may from motives of affectionate regard to the Memory of the said *William Davenport*, henceforth take and use the Surname and Arms of *Davenport* only, and that the said Surname and Arms may in like manner be taken and borne by the issue of their Marriage, such Arms being first duly exemplified according to the Laws of Arms and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal Licence to be void and of none effect, AND FORASMUCH as the said Earl

Marshal did by Warrant under His hand and Seal bearing date the eleventh day of the same month authorize and direct Us to exemplify unto the said *Sir Salusbury Pryce-Humphreys*, now *Sir Salusbury Davenport*, and to grant and exemplify unto the said *Dame Maria Pryce-Humphreys*, now *Dame Maria Davenport* the Arms of *Davenport* respectively, KNOW YE THEREFORE that We the said GARTER, CLARENCEUX and NORROY, in obedience to the Royal Command in pursuance of His Grace's Warrant and by Virtue of the Letters Patent of Our several Offices to each of Us respectively granted, do by these Presents exemplify unto the said *Sir Salusbury Davenport* the Arms following that is to say *Argent, a Chevron between three Cross Crosslets fitchée Sable, a Canton-Azure for distinction, And for Crest, On a Wreath of the Colours A Man's Head proper, around the neck a rope Or, charged (for distinction) on the Neck with a Cross Crosslet fitchée Sable*, as the same are in the Margin hereof more plainly depicted to be borne and used for ever hereafter by him the said *Sir Salusbury Davenport*, and by the issue of his said Marriage, AND We do further by the Authority aforesaid grant and exemplify unto the said *Dame Maria Davenport*, the Arms following that is to say *Argent a Chevron between three Cross Crosslets fitchée Sable within a bordure wavy Azure*, as the same are in the Margin hereof impaled with those of her said Husband to be borne and used by her the said *Dame Maria Davenport*, the whole pursuant to the Tenor of the said Royal Warrant and according to the Laws of ARMS. IN WITNESS Whereof We the said GARTER, CLARENCEUX and NORROY Kings of Arms have to these Presents subscribed Our Names and affixed the Seals of Our several Offices, this seventeenth day of May in the First Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lady VICTORIA by the Grace of GOD of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, QUEEN Defender of the Faith, &c., and in the Year of Our LORD One thousand eight hundred thirty-eight.

(Signed) RALPH BIGLAND, *Garter*.
WILLIAM WOODS, *Clarenceux*.
EDMD. LODGE, *Norroy*.

(Endorsed)

Recorded in the College of Arms, London, this sixth day of June 1838.

CHAS. GEO. YOUNG,
York Herald & Register.

GRANT OF ARMS TO THOMAS NORCLIFFE.

Forasmuch as the vertuous and well-deserving are and ought in all equitie to be distinguished from men of meaner and baser condition and in all ages and all Comonwealthes it hath been houlden as a Regular course of proceedinge for the encouragement of others to adde to the Worthie some token or signe of honoure to remayne to posteritie. In regard thereof I Richard St. George Norroye King of Arms (being trewly informed by persons of good Credite of the good laudible and vertuous Condition as also the Gentilmanlike carriage and place of Magistraeye the whiche Thomas Norcliffe of Greate Gomersall in the Counteye of Yorke

Esquier hath long tunc borne and exercised, do by these presents geve graunte and Assigne unto hym the said Thomas Norcliffe and to his yssue and posteritie Certen Armes and Ensignes with Blazon Helme and Tymbre as manifeste tokens and evident Demonstrations therof vilz. Azure five Lozaunges voided in Crosse Or a Chiefe Emyne. And to his Creaste on a Torce Or and Azure a Greyhownde sciaunte Or (sustayning with his righte forefoote a Lozaunge Argente) collered Azure, Manteled Azure Doubled Argente As in the Margent here depicted more plainely appeareth, To have and to houlde to the saide Thomas Norcliffe and to his saide yssue and posteritie to beare and shewe for Creast and Arms of them with their proper Differances in Shield Coat Armour and otherwise and therein to be invested at their libertie without impedimento lette or interruption of any person or persons.

In witness whereof I the saide Richarde St. George Norroye Kinge of Armes have to these presents put to my hande and Seale of my Office the XIth daye of Julye in the yeares of the Raigne of oure gracious Sovereigne Lorde James by the grace of God Kinge of Englande France and Irelande Deffender of y^e Faith &c. the fowrthe and of Scotland the XXXIXth.

The arms and crest of Norcliffe are depicted in the margin, and there is an elaborate border in colour, with the porteullis and crown, rose and crown, and the thistle crowned, and eight flowers of various kinds. There is also the following inscription: "Sene and allowed in the Visitation taken 31 August in Anno 1612, by me Richard St. Georg, Norroy King of Armes."

The seal bears the usual coat of arms of Norroy and the inscription, "S. Officii Norroy Regis Armorum Boreal."

FAMILY OF TWELLS.

In the 'East Anglian,' vol. iv, p. 31; the 'Genealogist,' vol. i, p. 35; and in the 'Reliquary,' vol. vii, p. 146, some notices of this uncommon surname will be found. I can add a few particulars to them, and shall be glad of any other notes on the name.

The pedigree given in the 'Genealogist' is a copy of that in the 1684 Visitation of Cambridgeshire. To this I add, that Anne wife of William Lyng, was buried at Fulbourn, 25th March, 1683 (Blomefield's Collectanea, p. 37); and that the will of Mathias Twells, Mayor of Lynn Regis in 1666, is dated 27th February, 1676. Testator is described as 'of King's Lynn, co. Norfolk, merchant.' Mentions his lands at Terrington St. Clement and Terrington St. John. His four children—Robert, Elizabeth, Frances, and Mary; his wife's brother, Mr. John Hirne; his wife Mary; she proved the will in P.C.C., 27th April, 1677. (Hale 42). This pedigree, to which I can add the following notes, is continued from Robert Twells, of Wisbech, in the 'East Anglian.'

Elizabeth (daughter of Richard Baldwer, and wife of Robert) Twells, made her will, 3 October, 1675. She mentions her late husband Robert Twells, of Wisbech, deceased, gent., his last will dated 3 April, 1667. My two eldest daughters, Margaret, now wife of Edward Leigh, Dr. of Physic, and Elizabeth now wife of Gabriel Armstrong, Esq., and men-

tions the deaths of Jane and Katherine their late sisters. My daughter Mary. My brother James Baldwer, gent.¹ My sons John, and Robert Twells, under age. John to go to University, and to be allowed £60 a year till he is 21 for his maintenance. 20s. apiece for rings to my brothers and sisters, James Baldwer, Richard Baldwer, and John Baldwer, Margaret, Jane, and Dorothy Baldwer, and Jane wife of my brother James. Admⁿon, in P.C.C., to James Baldwer guardian to John Twells the executor a minor, 20 June, 1676. Proved by said John Twells, 3 April, 1680. (Bence 73.)

This John Twells was of Wisbech at the time of the Visitation in 1684, and after of Broughton Astley, co. Leic^r. See his monumental inscription, Nichols' Leicestershire, vol. iv, p. 62. His will dated 30 May, 1720, was proved by his son John² Twells in P.C.C., 27 October, 1721 (Buckingham 191). He mentions his daughters Mary Twells, and Jane Twells. Mary was 'of Leicester, spinster.' Will dated 7 November, 1755, by which she bequeaths to 'niece Mrs. Mary Giffard who now lives with me £500.' To Ann Cleypole wife of Edward Cleypole of Belton, co. Rutland, gentⁿ £50. Lands at Cambridge to Edward Twells of Royston, Esq. Sister Jane Twells of Wainfleet, co. Lincoln. John son of said Edward Twells. Godfrey another son of said Edward Twells. Appoints Edward Twells executor, and he proved in P.C.C. 9 February, 1758. (Hutton, 57.)

Robert Twells (son of Robert Twells and Elizabeth Baldwer) was buried at Wisbech, see M. I. Watson's 'History of Wisbeach,' p. 268. His will is registered in P.C.C. (Isham, 82). He mentions his daughters Ann, Margaret, Camilla, and Dorothy. This will was proved by his son Edward Twells.

Dorothy Twells³ made her will as of Leicester, spinster, 21 January, 1750. She mentions her sister Ann and her husband George Law; her sister Camilla and her husband Thomas Law; and her sister Margaret Twells. Her nephew Mr. Thomas Life. Her brother Edward Twells proved the will in P.C.C. 13 July, 1751. (Busby, 221.)

I have the following notes of wills of Twells in Nottinghamshire:—

John Twells the eldest of Watnaw Cantlawe in parish of Gresley, co. Nottingham. Gives to Mr. Westabie six shillings to preach funeral sermon. Lease of farm where I now dwell to Elizabeth my wife. Daughter Elizabeth. Two youngest daughters. Wife to be executrix. Brother Charles Jameson. Witnesses, William Jameson and Patrick Cocke. Proved by relict 10 February, 1628, in Exchequer Court at York. (Vol. 40, fo. 344.)

The will of William Twells of Burton Jorce, co. Notts, yeoman, is dated 13 Nov. 1616. To be buried in the church of Burton Jorce. Eldest son James Twells. Second son John Twells. Third son William

¹ James Baldwer, will proved in P.C.C. 6 May, 1646, married Elizabeth dau. of Peter Palmer, and had issue Richard Baldwer, aged 22 in 1631; proved his father's will. Married Margaret dau. of Gilbert Armstrong of Thorpe, co. Nott^m and had Elizabeth wife of Robert Twells, and James Baldwer who married Jane sister of Robert Muggay. Her will was proved in P.C.C. 18 November, 1687. They had issue, Richard Baldwer of Long Sutton admⁿ. of whose estate was granted to John Twells Esq., 11 March, 1685-6.

² M. I. in Nichols' Leicestershire, iv. 62.

³ Buried at All Saints, Leicester, 27 January, 1750-51. *Par. Register.*

Twells. Fourth son Nicholas Twells. Youngest son George Twells. Anne Foxe and John Foxe her son. John Moore my sister's son. Sons James and John executors. Brother Thomas Twells, and John Lilly my brother in law, supervisors. Proved in Exchequer Court at York, 15 May, 1617. (Vol. 31, fo. 533.)

Will of Charles Twells of Nottingham, dated 19 October, 1625. To be buried in churchyard of St. Maries. Gives timber, etc., to son John Twells and makes him executor. Son William Twells. Daughter Elizabeth Twells. My lease at Lenton for two acres. Proved by said executor in Exchequer court at York, 4 May, 1626. (Vol. 39, fo. 406.)

"Ellen Twells of Nottingham servant with Elizabeth Trivet of the parish of St. Peter's Nottingham," in her will dated 22 July, 1598, desires to be buried in the churchyard of St. Peters. Bequeaths to brother "Nicholas Twells of Cambridge 20^s which my brother Charles oweth me." To sister Margaret 10^s which my brother Charles oweth me. To my brother John 2^s. Names Anthony Egington. "My sister Margery, her child Elizabeth Birche." Best gown to sister Birche. To my brother Thomas Birche 10^s to buy him a bible, and appoints him executor. He proved in Exchequer Court at York, 4 August, 1598. (Vol. 27, fo. 355.)

I have examined the wills and administrations at Lichfield of people of this name from 1656-1820, and the following are all I could find there.

Thomas Twells of Codnor in the parish of Heynor, co. Derby, labourer, Adm'on to his widow Mary Twells, 6 October, 1721. Goods appraised at £8 13s. 6d.

Adm'on of Elizabeth Twells of Tamworth, dated 13 January, 1730-31.

Will of Matthew Twells of Kingswinford, co. Stafford, glass-engraver, dated 7 November, 1800. Devises his real estate at Chillwell, co. Nottingham, to his sons John Twells and James Twells in trust to sell,—interest to wife Ann Twells for life,—remainder to his children Mathew T, John T, Mary T, James T, and Charles T. Proved by John and James Twells the executors named in the will, 9 April, 1801.

Besides the wills already mentioned I have noted in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, the adm'on of Christopher Twell (*sic*) of Pinchbeck, co. Lincoln, to George Twell his son, Katherine Twell his relict having renounced. (Act book for 1658, fo. 30.) Also, adm'on of Richard Twelves (*sic*) of Blackwall in the parish of Stepney, co. Middlesex, to his daughter Anne wife of John Bowyer, 23 May, 1665.

The will of John Twell (*sic*) of the parish of Christchurch, Citizen and Draper of London, is dated 20 July, 1728. To be layd in the churchyard of the parish of Camberwell. To my niece Mary Appleyard living with me £100 at her age of 21. M^{rs} Mary Howson of Hackney, spinster. Madam Booth of Hackney. M^{rs} Ann Howson of Peterborough. Brother Stephen Twell attorney at Law at Lincoln. Wife Jane Twell executrix and residuary legatee. She proved 29 December, 1732. (Bedford 298.)

Jane Twell of Warwick Lane in the parish of Christchurch, London, who I take to be the widow of the last named testator, made her will 26 October, 1748. Mentions, Francis Newton of London Wall. His daughters Ann and Jane Newton. M^{rs} Mary Clark of Adle Hill. M^r John Woleston of Warwick Lane. M^{rs} Samuel Williams and his wife. Godson Robert Horne. Joseph Horne and his wife. Daingerfield Taylor of Red-cross street residuary legatee, and executor. He proved 3 August, 1758. (Hutton 252.)

The will of George Twell of St. Giles without Cripplegate, Innkeeper, in which he mentions his brothers Stephen, Christopher and John; his son George; and appoints his wife Ann executrix, is registered, Herne 14.

The will of John Twells of the parish of Saint George the Martyr in the co. of Surrey, gentleman, is dated 29 November, 1733. The only persons mentioned in it are his brother Joseph Twells, and his (testator's) wife Isabell who is appointed executrix. She proved 29 December, 1733. (Price 322.)

The will of Richard Twells¹ of Newark upon Trent, co. Nottingham, gentleman, dated 24 April, 1744, was proved in P.C.C. by Sarah Twells his relict, 11 September following. He devises lands upon trust to the Rev^d Mr. James Gibson of Kirtlington, co. Nott^m clerk. Mentions his wife, and his three daughters Elizabeth, Sarah, and Mary Twells, and his estate at Sutton St. Mary which he had with his wife. By a codicil dated 12 July, 1744, he devises his estates to James Gibson, John Wych of Stamford, and the Revd. Mr. Warburton of Broughton in trust to sell.

Amongst my miscellaneous notes on the surname of Twells, I find the following.

Thomas Twells gave money to the poor of Castle Donington, by will, in 1700. (Nichols' Leicestershire.) John, Jonathan, John, and Thomas Twelves, all residing at Castle Donington, voted at the Poll taken for the co. of Leicester 17 Dec. 1719. (Poll for co. of Leicester, London, 1720, 8vo.)

In the list of Bankrupts in the 'Echo' newspaper for 8th Sept^r 1869, occurs "Twells, John, Exeter, Commercial Traveller."

Mr. Richard Lionel Grose, of Grove Villa, Ealing, assumed some few years since, *proprio motu*, the surname of Twells. He was of St. John's Coll. Cambridge, and in no way related to any person of the name. The probable reason for this change of name was that his mother Mrs. Grose, married for her 2nd husband, the Rev^d John Twells, Prebendary in Lincoln Cathedral and Rector of Gamston, co. Nott^m, by whom she had no issue.

In the printed list of Cambridge Graduates, I am unable to identify the following persons; John Twells of Christ's, A.B. 1694; Leonard of Jesus, A.B. 1704; Thomas (fellow) of Johns' A.B. 1711, A.M. 1718, S.T.B. 1756.

Leonard Twells² was made M.A. by Diploma at Oxford, 7 Dec., 1733, and D.D. July 7, 1740. Leonard Twells of Brasenose was B.A. 4 Nov. 1736. Some letters of Leonard Twells of Jesus College, Cambridge, will be found in Nichols' 'Literary Anecdotes,' vol. i, p. 465.

In the General Cemetery, Nottingham, there is a monument to 'Alfred Twells, died 23 June, 1874, aged 67; and Eliza Twells, relict of the above, died 3 Feb. 1877, aged 69.'

The following are notes of monumental inscriptions in the churchyard at Loughborough, co. Leicester:—

John Twells died 22 Aug. 1812, aged 82. Sarah his wife died 24 Jan. 7, 1834, aged 76.

¹ See his burial, p. 43.

² Rector of St. Matthew, Friday-street. See his burial, p. 46. Author of a book on Demoniae, and other works. See Watt's Bibliotheca Britannica, vol. ii, p. 920.

Joseph Twells¹ died 24 April, 1831, aged 40; and Hannah his wife died 26 April, 1831, aged 35. John Twells,¹ Parish Clerk, died 31 July, 1862, aged 73 (Buried in the cemetery.)

John Twells, jun^r, eldest son of John Twells, clerk of this parish, and Elizabeth his wife, accidentally drowned in the river Soar, in the evening of Friday, June 23, 1837.

Edward Twells son of John the clerk, died 5 July, 1867, aged 31 years; and Joseph Twells, another of his sons, died 21 March, 1867, aged 47 years. James Twells, Accountant, and General Commission Agent, also a son of the clerk, was living at 51 Church gate, Loughborough, in 1878.

The following notes of probates and adm'ons are from the Act Books at York:—

1713. June 20. Probate of Will of John Twells of Newark, gent., to Sara Twells his relict.—*Newark Act Book*.
- 1666-7. March 8. William Twells of Nottingham. Adm'on to Elizabeth his relict.—*Nottingham cum Bingham Act Book*.
1668. October 29. Matthew Twells of Watnall. Adm'on to Mary his widow.—*Ibid*.
1671. Nov. 4. Probate of will of Henry Twells, gent., of Nottingham, to Anne Twells his relict.—*Ibid*.
1677. May 15. Probate of will of Anne Tweles of Nottingham, widow, to Richard Greasley her nephew and universal legatee.—*Ibid*.
1677. November 22. Probate of will of William Twells of Nottingham to Mary his relict and sole ex'x.—*Ibid*.
- 1685-6. March 22. Probate of will of John Twels of Nottingham to Mary Twels his relict.—*Ibid*.
- 1730-1. January 11. Probate of nuncupative will of Mary Twells of Barton to Robert Perkins and Mary wife of Charles Freeman. *Ibid*.
1734. December 7. Probate of will of William Twells of Nottingham to Mary Twells his relict.—*Ibid*.

Matthew Twells is charged for two hearths in Auston, co. York, in Subsidy Roll 330, West Riding, co. York, 16 Car. 11.

John Twells, clerk, is charged for four hearths in Weston, co. Lincoln, in Subsidy Roll 330.

Twell or Twells was a name common in Lincolnshire, and is no doubt an abbreviation of Atwell. A pedigree of Atwell is entered in the 1562 Visitation of Lincolnshire, see 'Genealogist,' vol. iii, p. 345. The will of William Attwell of Wainfleet is registered in the Consistory Court at Lincoln, vol. for 1575, book ii, fo. 190; and that of Thomas Attewell of Horncastle in the vol. for 1617, book i, fo. 76. The undermentioned will of Twells's will also be found in the records of the Consistory Court at Lincoln.

Vol. for 1611, book ii, fo. 39. Richard Twell of Quadring, husbandman. Dated 21 May 1611. Son Edmond Twell, under age. My father

¹ Joseph and John were brothers. They were sons of John Twells of Kegworth. His marriage is entered in the Register of St. Martin's, Birmingham, "John Twells of Kegworth, Bachelor, and Mary Eiddell of this parish, spinster, married Sept. 9th. 1787."

Richard Blades. Edmond Cots. Edmond Twell my brother. Wife Joan executrix. She proved 25 June, 1611.

Vol. for 1611, book ii, fo. 164^b. Robert Twell of Bullingborowe. Undated. Katherine wife of Thomas Aunger, and their two children. Ellen my daughter the wife of John Morrie. Edward son of my said daughter; the other three children of said daughter. Wife Agnes, and son Richard executors. Both proved 13 September, 1611.

Vol. for 1630, fo. 477. Augustin Twell of Donington, co. Lincoln, husbandman. Dated 15 July, 1630. To be buried in churchyard of Donington. To James Skinner my sister's son £4 when twenty years of age. Jane Skinner my sister's daughter. John Twell my son, under age. Mary Twell my daughter. The three children of Edward Twell my brother. The four children of Lenard Twell my brother. The two children of William Browne of Quadringe. Wife Mary sole executrix and residuary legatee. Robert Shepard and John Belton, supervisors. Proved by relict 17 Nov. 1630.

Vol. for 1634, book ii, fo. 206. John Twells of Linwood, co. Lincoln, labourer. Dated 3 May, 1634. Wife Anne Twells executrix. Father in law Robert Blowe and John Blowe my brother supervisors (no probate).

Vol. for 1639, fo. 777. Richard Twell of Wigtoft, labourer. Dated 13 Nov. 1638. Son Richard Twell. Son William Twell, under age. Daughter Frances Twell, under 20. Bridgit Parkin my daughter in law, under 20. Wife Frances sole executrix (no probate).

Vol. for 1645-6, fo. 453. Richard Twell of Billingborough, Taylor.

Vol. for 1649, fo. 91. Tobias Twelves of Edenham, co. Lincoln, husbandman. Dated 5 Nov. 1648. Grandchild Alice Twelves. Daughter Anne wife of Humphrey Priest. Sons Peregrine and Thomas. The children of Humphrey Priest and Anne his wife. Son Edward and daughter Alice executors. Witnesses Edw. Queeny, John Hockerstone. Proved by both executors 21 April, 1649.

Vol. for 1661, fo. 857. Robert Twelles of Trustrhorpe, labourer.

Vol. for 1662, fo. 333. Robert Twelles of Long Leadenham, co. Lincoln, yeoman. Dated 3 Feb. 1662. Son John Twelles, eldest daughter Anne Twelles, youngest daughter Mary Twelles, all under age. Mary my now wife sole executrix. Proved 27 Feb. 1662. At fo. 327 of this Vol. there is a bond entered of Mary widow of Robert Twelles.

Vol. for 1663, fo. 91. Robert Twells of Little Hale, labourer.

Vol. for 1668, fo. 219. John Twells of Whickenby, in co. Lincoln, yeoman. Dated 21 January, 1668. To be buried in churchyard of Whickenby. Elinor Twells of Stainfield my mother. Sister Elizabeth Twells of Stainfield. Brother William Twells. Brother Jerome Twells. Wife Mary sole executrix. She proved 11 Feby. 1668. This is from the original will which is sealed with a swan, not however drawn as a crest, there being no force. When the Twells's of Cambridge in 1684 tried to persuade the Heralds that they were entitled to coat-armour, the crest to which they laid claim was a swan proper. See 'Genealogist,' i, 35.

Vol. for 1669, fo. 10. Charles Twell, of Great Hale.

” ” fo. 288. Stephen Twells, of Swineshead (nuncupative).

” 1670, fo. 391^b. John Twelles, of Long Leadenham, yeoman.

” 1671, fo. 459. Richard Twelles, of Long Leadenham, yeoman.

” 1673, fo. 140. George Twell, of Great Hale.

- Vol. for 1675, fo. 205. Robert Twells, of Helpringham.
 " 1677, fo. 263. John Twells, of Helpringham.
 " 1679, fo. 592. Richard Twell, of Bicker.
 " 1681, fo. 142. Robert Twell, of Billingborough, tailor.
 " " fo. 492. Elizabeth Twell, of Heckington.
 (Examined to 1685.)

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF NEWARK, NOTTS.¹*Marriages.*

- 1690-1. Feb. 12. Mr. John Twells and Mrs. Sarah Mason.
 1715-6. Jan. 3. Richard Twells and Elizabeth Twentyman.²
 1726-7. Feb. 9. Mr. Richard Twells and Mrs. Elizabeth Wharburton.³

Baptisms.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| 1683-4. Jan. 3. Leonard | s. Mr. John Twells. ⁴ | |
| 1685. Sep. 10. Mary | d. | " |
| 1688. May 8. Thomas | s. | " |
| 1692. Dec. 30. Sarah | d. | " |
| 1693-4. Mch. 23. Richard | s. | " |
| 1694-5. Mch. 7. Joseph | s. | " |
| 1713. July 27. John | s. Mr. Thomas Twells. | |
| 1716. Dec. 6. Sarah | d. Mr. Richard Twells. | |
| 1718. June 12. John | s. | " |
| 1719-20. Mch. 5. Joseph | s. | " |
| 1721. Aug. 26. Elizabeth | d. | " |
| 1723. Sep. 24. Twentyman | s. | " |
| 1724-5. Mch. 18. Richard | s. | } Twins. |
| " " Hannah | d. | |
| 1727-8. Feb. 10. Mary | d. | " |
| 1730. May 21. Sarah | d. | " |
| 1731. June 17. Mary | d. | " |
| 1734. April 6. George | s. | " |
| 1731 5. Mch. 21. Ann | d. | " |

Burials.

- 1686-7. Feb. 16. Elizabeth dau. of Mr. John Twells.
 1687. Aug. 18. Mary " "
 1689. Dec. 24. Mary wife " "
 1696. Oct. 1. John son " "
 1708-9. Feb. 10. Joseph Twells.
 1712-13. Jan. 1. Mr. John Twells.⁴
 1720. July 16. A child of Mr. Richard Twells.
 1722. Aug. 19. Sarah dau. of " "
 " Sep. 25. Child of Mr. Twells.
 " Nov. 26. John son of " "
 1725. Dec. 22. Elizabeth wife of Mr. Richard Twells.
 1728-9. Jan. 3. Child of Mr. Twells.
 " Feb. 11. " "

¹ For these and most of the subsequent extracts I have to thank Col. Chester, D.C.L., LL.D.

² *Mar. lic. Archdeaconry of Nottingham.* Richard Twells of Newark, gent. and Elizabeth Twentyman of same spinster aged 22. Thomas Twells of Newark 'pharmacopœia' bound. 2 Jan. 1715.

³ 1726. Feb. 2. Richard Twells of Newark, Attorney at Law, aged 30, and Elizabeth Warburton of same spinster aged 26. *Mar. lic. Archdeaconry of Nottm.*

⁴ *Mar. lic. Archdeaconry of Nottingham.* 1678. Dec. 2. John Twells of Newark, master of the Free School of Newark, and Mary Wightman of Newark, spinster, dau'r of William Wightman of Newark, Esq'.

Mon. Ins.^o for John Twells about 39 years master of Newark School who died 4 Jan. 1713, aged 61. See 'Dickinson's Newark,' page 201.

- 1729-30. Mch. 24. Twentyman son of Mr. Richard Twells.
 1732. June 16. Child of Mr. Twells.
 1734-5. Feb. 5. George son of Richard Twelves.
 1735. Aug. (—) Ann daughter of Mr. Richard Twelves.
 1736. Sept. 21. Child of Mrs. Richard Twells.
 1737. May 23. Elizabeth, wife of Mr. Twells.
 1741. Nov. 6. Elizabeth, dan. of Mr. Richard Twells.
 1743-4. Feb. 21. Richard Twelves, jr.
 1744. July 20. Mr. Richard Twells.
 1750. May 12. Mrs. Elizabeth Twelves.

MAR. LICENSES, FROM ARCHDEACONRY OF NOTTINGHAM.

1674. June 9. George Twells of St. Mary's parish, Nottingham, labourer, a bachelor, aged 22, and Isabel Simons of same, spinster, aged 19.
 1726. Oct' 1. William Twells of Kingston on Soar, co. Nottingham, shoemaker, bachelor, aged about 28, and Mary Peet of same, spinster, aged about 27.

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF ALL SAINTS, LEICESTER.

Baptisms.

1731. Nov. 30. Mary dau'r of William and Mary Twells.
 1736. March 13. Martha dau'r of William and Mary Twells.
 1739. Jan'y 23. Ann dau'r of William and Mary Twells.

Marriage.

1730. Sept. 22. William Twelves and Mary Allen.

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF WISEBEACH.¹*Baptisms.*

1704. Aug^t 25. Anne dau'r of Rob^t and Marg^t Twelves.
 1705. Oct. 16. Elizabeth dau'r of same.
 1706. Dec. 19. Margaret dau'r of same.
 1707-8. Jan'y 6. Marie dau'r of same.
 1708-9. Feb. 16. 'Camilla filia Rob^{ti} Twells, generosi et Margarete uxoris ejus.'
 1710. 'Edwardus filius Rob^{ti} Twells generosi et Marg^{te} uxoris ejus.'
 1715. April 7. 'Dorathia filia Rob^{ti} Twells, Arm. et Marg^{te} ux'is ejus.'

Burials.

1640. Dec. 16. Katherine Twells, wife of Edward Twells, gent.
 In 1662 Robert Twells signs as churchwarden. William Twells signs as churchwarden in the years 1621, 1622-3, 1637, and 1638.
 1709. April 3. Maria filia Rob^{ti} Twells gen^l.

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF ST. MARGARET'S, LYNN REGIS.¹*Baptisms.*

1656. March 6. Mathias son of Mr. Mathias Twells, born 25 Feb.
 1657. May 24. Elizabeth Twelves d^r of Mr. Mathias Twells.
 1659. April 28. Francis dau. of Mr. Mathias Twelves.
 1660. Nov. 8. Robert Twelves son of Mr. Mathias (the name is corrected to *Twells* in a later hand.)
 1661. Nov. 14. John Twells the son of Mr. Mathias.
 1665. Aug. 16. Mary Twelves d^r of Mr. Mathias, Ald^r.

Burials.²

1667. May 1. Mary Twells d^r of Mathias Twells, Esq., Major.
 1667. May 10. Mathias son of Mathias Twells, Esq., Major.
 1691. Aug. 27. Mrs. Mary Twells.

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF ST. MARY'S, NOTTINGHAM.

Married.

1594. July 21. Robert Hawton and Elizabeth Twelles.
 1596. June 12. Thomas Birch and Margery Twelles.
 1610-11. Feb. 6. Robert Twells and Elizabeth Merymann--by licence

¹ These extracts add to the pedigrees in the 'East- Anglian' and the 'Genealogist.'

² The burials for 1666 and 1667 are certified by 'Mathias Twells, Esqr., Major.'

1625. May 18. Thomas Twelles and Margaret Smyth.
 1629. Aug. 13. John Debell and Elizabeth Twells.
 1633. Oct. 5. William Watson and Elizabeth Twells.
 1635. Aug. 3. George Twells and Mary Turner.
 1637. Aug. 15. Henry Twells and Margaret Kirke.
 (Examined to 1754.)

Baptized.

1592. Aug. 24. Edmond son of Henry Twelles.
 1594-5. Mch. 17. Katherine dau. of " "
 1598. May 26. William son " " "
 1599. Oct. 28. Elizabeth dau. of John Twells.
 1600. Nov. 16. George son of Henry Twells.
 1601. Oct. 11. Anne dau. of John Twells.
 1601-2. Feb. 6. William son of Charles Twells.
 1603. Apl. 25. Thomas son of Henry Twells.
 " Nov. 6. Mary dau. of John Twells.
 1603-4. Mch. 8. Elizabeth dau. of Charles Twells.
 1604-5. Feb. 15. Leonard son of Henry Twells.
 1606-7. Feb. 21. Fulcke son of John Twells.
 1607. Mch. 25. Dorothy dau. of Henry Twells.
 1609. Apl. 20. George son " " "
 1612. Nov. 15. Thomas " " " "
 1618. June 7. William son of Edward Twells.
 1627. May 6. Thomas son of Thomas Twells.
 1629. Apl. 19. Theodora dau. " " "
 1631. Apl. 24. Amie " " " "
 1634. Sep. 14. Samuel son " " "
 1635. Dec. 13. Bridget dau. of Thomas & Margaret Twells.
 1636. June 12. Elizabeth " " " " "
 1637. July 23. Samuel son " " " " "
 1638. Sep. 30. Richard son of George & Alice Twells. "
 1639-40. Jan. 19. Mary dau. of George Twells.
 1674. Dec. 11. Samuel son of Mr. John & Susanna Twelves.
 1718. Aug. 24. John son of William & Martha Twelves.
 " Oct. 23. Ann dau. of Henry & Catharine Twelves.
 1720. Nov. 2. John son of Henry & Catherine Twells.
 (Examined to 1750.)

Buried.

1590. Oct. 25. Henry, infant of Henry Twells.
 1603. Apl. 10. Fulcke son of John Twells.
 1614. June 8. Anne wife of Charles Twells.
 1616. Apl. 10. Edward Twells.
 1617-18. Mch. 8. Katherine dau. of Henry Twells.
 1623. June 15. Isabel, sister of Charles Twells.
 1624-5. Jan. 25. Henry Twells.
 1626-7. Mch. 2. John Twells, a poor man.
 1629. July 8. William Twelles, wheelwright.
 " " 22. Mary dau. of Robert Twells.
 1630. Apl. 27. Thomas son of Thomas Twelles.
 1631. Sep. 16. Samuel son of Thomas Twells.
 1635. Nov. 10. Anne dau. " " "
 1636. Apl. 26. Bridget " " " "
 1666-7. Feb. 18. Mr. William Twells. "
 1677. Oct. 20. Mr. William Twelves.
 1748-9. Feb. 27. Mary, wife of Mr. Thomas Twells.
 1758. Mch. 15. Thomas son of " " "
 1761. Mch. 8. Catherine dau. " " "
 " Oct. 20. Mr. Thomas Twells.
 (Examined to 28 Feb., 1763.)

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF ST. PETER'S, NOTTINGHAM.

Married.

1626. July 8. John Twells & Elizabeth Linley.
 1629. Apl. 18. James Watkinson & Elizabeth Twellica.
 1644. Apl. 23. Robert Venum & Elizabeth Twelles.
 1654. Dec. 26. William Baguley & Theodore Twells.
 (Examined to 1748-9.)

Baptized.

1578. Dec. 21. Nicholas son of Richard Twells.
 1626. May 7. Elizabeth dau. of Thomas Twells.
 1650. Dec. 11. George son of George & Mary Twells, of St. Mary's.
 1652. Apl. 7. John son of John & Mary Twells, of St. Mary's.
 (Examined to 1740-1.)

Buried.

- 1578-9. Mch. 12. Richard Twells.
 1598. July 25. Ellen Twells.
 1603. Dec. 23. Margaret Twells.
 1654. Nov. 7. Margaret, wife of Henry Twelves.
 1671. July 28. Henry Twells, Gent.
 1676. Nov. 23. Mrs. Anne Twelves, widow. 1
 1684. Apl. 11. Jane Twelves, widow.
 (Examined to 1740.)

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF ST. NICHOLAS, NOTTINGHAM.

Married.

1631. Aug. 21. Robert Twells & Jane Bowland.
 (Examined to 1754.)

Baptized.

1611. Dec. 8. William son of Robert Twells.
 1613-14. Jan. 31. John " " "
 1616. July 28. Mary dau. of Robert Twelves.
 1619-20. Feb. 11. Robert son of Robert Twelves.
 1632. Apl. 25. Alice dau. of Robert & Jane Twelves.
 1635. Mch. 30. Thomas and Roger sons of Robert & Jane Twelves.
 1637-8. Mch. 4. Henry son of Henry & Margaret Twelves.
 1638. Nov. 4. Mary dau. of Robert Twells.
 (Examined to 1754.)

Buried.

1624. Dec. 24. Elizabeth wife of Robert Twelves.
 1631-2. Jan. 27. Mary Twelves, widow.
 1639-40. Feb. 23. Henry son of Henry Twells.
 1654. Nov. 7. Margaret wife of Henry Twells.
 (Examined to 1754.)

FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF SOUTHWELL, CO. NOTTS.¹*Married.*

1801. Nov. 30. William Twells, of St. Mary's, Nottingham, and Ann Robinson of this parish—by banns.

Baptized.

- 1722-3. Jan. 22. William son of Mr. William & Katharine Twells.
 1724. Dec. 28. Katherine dau. of Mr. Thomas & Katherine Twells.
 1725-6. Mch. 14. William son of Thomas & Katherine Twells.
 1727-8. Feb. 29. Mary son of Mr. Thomas & Katherine Twells.

Buried.

- 1722-3. Jan. 24. William son of William Twells.
 1726. June 7. William son of Mr. Thomas Twells.
 1757. May 31. Mr. Twells, apothecary.
 1779. Mch. 13. Mrs. Catharine Twells, widow.
 1793. Feb. 21. Amy Twells.
 1803. Nov. 12. Mary Twells.
 1807. Apl. 3. Catherine Twells.

¹ Examined to 1865.

FAMILY OF TWELLS.

MARRIAGE LICENCE—BISHOP OF LONDON'S REGISTRY.

- 1703-4. Feb. 9. Walter Twells, of St. Clement Danes, bachelor, aged 30, and Mrs. Dorothy Twells of same, spinster, aged 21, with consent of her father Mr. John Twells: to marry at St. Andrew's, Holborn.

MISCELLANEOUS EXTRACTS FROM PARISH REGISTERS.

BOSTON, CO. LINCOLN.

Married.

1686. May 2. Charles Twelves & Abigail Quinsey.

Baptized.

- 1649-50. Feb. 21. Sarah dau. of William Twelves.
1650. Sept. 26. Mary dau. of William & Mary Twelves.

ALFORD, CO. LINCOLN.

Buried.

1685. Dec. 22. William Twells, sojourner.

ST. GILES, CITY OF OXFORD.

Married.

- 1715-16. Jan. 22. Edward Twells & Ann English—by Banns/

ST. MARGARET'S, WESTMINSTER.

Married.

- 1740-1. Feb. 10. John Twells & Margaret Coats—by licence.

ST. JAMES, WESTMINSTER.

Married.

1697. Aug. 3. Thomas Twels of Castle Donington co. Leicester and Mary Preston of St. Clement Danes—Lic. Ep. Lond.

ST. GILES, CRIPPLEGATE, LONDON.

Buried.

1667. Nov. 7. Robert son of Robert Twelves, merchant—consumption.
" " 13. Elizabeth wife of Thomas Twells—childbed—St. Foster's.
ST. MATTHEW, FRIDAY STREET, LONDON.

Buried.

- 1741-2. Feb. 24. Leonard Twells, D.D. Rector—chancel vault.

ST. ANNE, BLACKFRIARS, LONDON.

Buried.

1701. July 30. Elizabeth dau. of John & Sarah Twelves.

ST. MARTIN IN THE FIELDS, MIDDLESEX.

Baptized.

1663. Nov. 12. Charles son of George & Elizabeth Twelves—born 10th.
1666-7. Jan. 24. William son of George & Elizabeth Twelves—born 22^d.
1678. Aug. 25. Charles son of John and Ann Twelves—born 23 July.
1680. Oct. 5. Tobias " " " " " —born 5th.

Buried.

1661. Oct. 6. Charles Twelves—infant.
1671. Oct. 30. John Twells, "puer."
1671-2. Jan. 8. Charles Twells, "puer."
1676. July 21. Jane Twelves, "puella."
" Nov. 17. Richard Twelves, "puer."

LENTON, CO. NOTTS.

Married.

- 1580-1. Jan. 16. Bartholomew Twells & Joan Parkwood.
1627. May 23. Anthony Towell & Elizabeth Twells.
" Dec. 3. Richard Huthwett & Anne Twells.
1712. Aug. 1. Thomas Twelves & Amy Newham, spinster, both of Newark.

Buried.

1585. July 30. Joane wife of Bartholomew Twells.

PEDIGREE OF JULLIAN.

Communicated by HENRY WAGNER, Esq., F.S.A.

Jacob Jullian, Huguenot Refugee, = Jeanne Gourgaz, of
settled in Geneva, Switzerland. Sommières, in Lan-
Dead in 1719. guedoc, France.

Jean Jullian, settled in London, in = Marguérithe, dau. of Antoine
parish of S. Bartholomew's, and elected Blisson, of Sommières, after-
a Director of the French Hospital 6 wards of Bern, m. *cir.* 1720
Jan. 1748, d. ... 1754. Letters of (betrothed at Bern, 22 Nov.
admon. granted to his widow Mar- 1719). Will of 21 Jan., pro.
garet, 26 Mar. 1754. in P.C.C. 13 June, 1771
(258 Trevor.)

Peter Bartholomew Jullian, = Mary, dau. of Henry Jacomb, son and
b. at Geneva, 19 Dec., and 14th child of William and Mary Jacomb,
and there bapt. in the Temple and grandson to Dr. Thomas Jacomb,
Neuf 31 Dec. 1723, d. ... 1776 one of the Puritan Coaljutors at the
or '77, and bur. in Churchyard Savoy Conference of 1661, b. 2 May
of S. Bartholomew's, London. 1730, m. at All Hallows' on the Wall,
11 May 1757.

Rev. Peter Jullian, B. in
Hatton Court, Threadneedle
St., 1 March 1758, Jesus
Coll., Oxford, B.A. 1790,
M.A. 1792, and a Fellow
of Dulwich College, d. unm.
... 1813.

Lewisa Mary,
b. 24 Jan.
1759, and d.
in infancy.

Frances Marga-
retta Mary, b.
21 Dec. 1761,
d. 8 June 1764.

Elizabeth,
b. 26 Sept.
1763, and d.
in infancy.

Mary Anne Harriot, b. 7
March and bapt. at S. Ben-
net Finck 1 April 1767, m.
at Matlock. co. Derby, 21
Oct. 1796, d. at Tenby, 30
Dec. 1841.

Rev. David Bird Allen, Trin.
Coll., Oxf., B.A. 1791, M.A.
1794, Rector of Burton in
Rhos, co. Pembroke, and J.P.
for co., Prebendary of Brecon,
and Rural Dean, b. 16 Feb.
1769, d. 31 Dec. 1831.

Issue, 6 sons, of whom 5 married and have issue.
For continuation, see Burke's *Landed Gentry*,
under Allen of Bicton.

CANTERBURY WILLS.

In Part I of the Appendix to the Eighth Report of the Historical MSS. Commission will be found two lists of Wills which were proved, during vacancies of the See of Canterbury, before the Commissary of the Prior and Chapter of Canterbury, to whom the jurisdiction of the Archbishop's Prerogative Court reverted, "Sede vacante."

These Wills are 481 in number, and as they relate to persons who, for the most part, possessed considerable property, and who died in various parts of the province of Canterbury, they are of great and general value.

The report states that these Wills "never came within the cognizance of the officials of the Archbishop's Prerogative Court," and that "it would be in vain to make a search in the Will Office in London . . . for information concerning them;" and, "in fact, this register contains four hundred Wills which, up to the present time, have been unknown to genealogists."

But an examination of the Prerogative Court registers, now at Somerset House, shows that of the 481 Wills thus entered in the Prior-and-Chapter's book at Canterbury 422 are registered (and indexed) in the London series, and these have been constantly used by genealogists and others.

Amongst the remaining 59 Wills, which are registered in the Canterbury book, but not in the London series, will be found several interesting names—*e.g.*, Tho. Barnardiston, Knt. of Barnardiston; Wm. Sutton, Rector of St. Stephen's, Walbrook, London; John Legh, gent. of Addington; Wm. Purches, Lord Mayor of London in 1497; Adrian Whethill (father of Sir Richard W.); Geoffrey Dormer, of Thame; and Hugh Pemberton, Alderman of London.

Readers of the 'Genealogist' who possess a copy of the Report should note therein that the 59 Wills which are not to be seen in London are as follows (the names mentioned being inclusive):—

- P. 332, column i.—John Tyall of Colchester, and from J. Hervy, Dean of Hereford, to Tho. Hynton.
 P. 334, column ii.—John Gooday, Tho. Barnardiston, Kt., and John Merecroft, gent.
 P. 335, column i.—Eliz: Charles to John Legh, and Will: Purches to Geoffrey Dormer.
 P. 335, column ii.—Ric: Dawson to Robert Welymet.

J. C. C. S.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF WHITE
WALTHAM, BERKS.

Communicated by F. A. BLAYDES, Esq.

BAPTISMS.

1565. Sept. 14, was baptised Elizabeth Loggins, y^e daughter of Simon Loggins, gent.
1567. Sept. 21, was baptised Joane Deffyecke, y^e daughter of Jho. Deffyecke, cleake of Eaton Colledge (John Dethick, publique notarie of Acton College.)
1571. Sept. 16, was baptised Ellen Loggins y^e daughter of Simō Loggins, gent.
1574. July 7, was baptised Rafe Norys y^e sonne of Robert Norrys.
1576. Feb. 4, Itm, was baptised Joyce the dochter of Robert Noris.
1578. Jan. 16, Edwarde Paule the sonne of Richard Paule was Baptised.
1579. June 14, Elizabeth Blower the daughter of John Blower vicar was baptised.
1579. June 28, Roberte Norris the sonn of Robert Norris was baptised.
1581. Octob. 29, Weldon Norris the sonne of Roberte Norris was baptised.
1581. Aug. 26, Thomas Pagett the Sonne of William Pagett was Baptized.
1584. Dec. 2, Mary Blower the daughter of John Blower vicar of White Waltham was baptised.
1584. Dec. 25, Elizabeth Pagett the daughter of William Pagett was baptised.
1590. Nov. 9, Thomas Newberye the sonne of Thomas Newberye was baptised.
1591. March 4, Isabell daughter of Thomas Newbery baptised.
1592. May 18, Hughe sonne of Leonard Avelin gent. Bapti.
1593. May 12, Katherine Daughter of John Blower vicar bapti.
1595. Oct. 29, Ursula the daughter Thomas Newberry was baptызed.
1597. June 25, Margaret the daughter of Thomas Newberry was baptised.
1600. March 8, Thomas the sonne of Roberte Norris was Baptized.
1601. May 11, Robert the sonne of Thomas Newberry.
1602. May 13, Nicholas the sonne of Mathewe Frewin.
1604. Nov. 25, William the some of Willm. Fluddyer.
1606. Sept. 28, Roberte Newberry the sonne of Roberte Newberry.
1609. Oct. 15, Katherine, the daughter of Robert Newberry.
1610. Sept. 21, Thomas the some of Willyam Fluddyer.
1611. Sept. 1, Anne the daughter of Robert Newberry.
1613. Oct. 3, Elizabeth the daughter of Robert Newberry.
1613. Feb. 6, Susanna the daughter of Francis Newberry gent.
1611. Sept. 21, Elizabeth the daughter of Francis Newberry gent.
1615. Oct. 13, Katherine the Daughter of Roberte Newberry.

1616. Feb. 17, Charles the sonne of Francis Newberry gent. was baptized and was buried the 23 day following.
1617. June 22, Margaret the Daughter of Lewis James gent. was baptized.
1617. Aug. 17, Thomas the sonne of Richarde Welden gent. was baptized.
1618. Sept. 6, Maria filia Ludovici James gener. Baptizata fuit.
1622. Sept. 12, Radulphus filius Roberti Newberry.
1622. Jan. 9, Margareta, filia Roberti Winche serui Regii.
1623. Mareh 14, Maria filia Francisci Newberry gener.
1624. Feb. 20, Gratia sine Gracia filia Roberti Winche.
1627. June 16, Elizabetha, filia Roberti Winche.
1630. Dec. 21, Thomas filius Dni Edmundi Sawyer militis.
1632. July 1, Richard y^e son of Robert Winch.
1632. Sept. 11, George the sonne of John Lightfoot of Woodstreet London Esquire.
1632. Dec. 19, Susanna, the Daughter of Henry Newberry gent.
1633. Sept. 20, Robert the sonne of Sr. Edmond Sawyer Knight.
1634. Oct. 22, Francis the sonne of Henry Newbery gent. & Francis his wife.
1634. Feb. 3, Anne the daughter of Sr. Edmond Sawyer Kt. and Anne his Lady wife.
1635. Feb. 19, John ye sonne of Henry Newberry gent, & Francis his wife.
1635. Feb. 23, Arthur ye some of Sr. Edmond Sawyer Kt. and Anne his Lady wife.
1637. Aug. 15, Mary daughter of Sr. Edmond Sawyer and Dame Anne his Lady wife.
1638. Oct. 13, Henry the sonne of Henry Newberry gent.
1638. Jan. 21, Elizabeth, the daughter of Sr. Edmond Sawyer Kt. & the Lady Anne his wife.
1641. Nov. 24, Anne the daughter of M^r. Edward Baker gent was baptized.
1643. Jan. 25, Margaret the daughter of Sr. Edmund Sawyer Kt. & Anne his Lady.
1648. March 16, Elizabeth the daughter of Mr. John Leigh & Elizabeth his wife.
1671. Jan. —, John the son of John finch Esq^r. & Dame Sarah his wife.
1673. June 24, Chapman and Joana being Twines the sonn & daughter of John finch of fecns Esq. & Dame Sarah his wife were Baptized one Midsomer Day.
1675. July 13, Henry the sonn of John Finch of fecns Esq^r. & Dame Sarah his wife.
1678. June 25, Hannah the Daughter of Thomas Montague of Lantons gent & Hannah his wife.
1678. June 29, Edmond the sonn of John finch of Feens Esq and Dame Sarah his wife was Baptized and was buried the 3 day of July following.
1681. June 13, Jane the daughter of Thomas Mountague of Lantons Gent & Hannah his wife.

1681. Oct. 18, Sarah the daughter of Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Esq. & Dame Mary his wife.
1681. Oct. 26, Finch the son of Edmond Sawyer of Heywood Esq. and Dame Mary his wife.
1633. March 27, Martha ye Daughter of Thomas Mountague & Hannah his wife.
1683. Nov. 22, Edmund the sonne of Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Esq. and Dame Mary his wife.
1685. July 8, John the sonne of Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Esq. & Dame Mary his wife.
1686. March 27, Mary the daughter of Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Esq. and Dame Mary his wife.
1687. July 1, George the sonne of Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Esq. and Dame Mary his wife.
1688. Oct. 31, Francis the sonne of Constantine Phlipps Esq. & Catharine his wife.
1689. July 26, Elizabeth the daughter of Edmund Sawyer Esq & D. Mary his wife.
1701. Jan. 28, Theophilis the son of Richard Manlove Esq. and Dame Mary his wife.
1703. Aug. 29, Robert the son of Richard Manlove Esq^r & Mrs. Mary his wife.
1704. June 4, Thomas the son of Thomas Loveday of ffeens gent and Sarah his wife.
1705. Apl. 29, William the son of Thomas Loveday of ffeens gent. and Sarah his wife.
1707. Aug. 10, Selby the son of Thomas Loveday of ffeens gent. and Sarah his wife.
1708. Sept. 19, Thomas the son of Thomas Loveday of ffeens gent and Sarah his wife.
1709. Dec. 19, Mary the daughter of John Sawyer of Heywood Esq. & Dame Anne his wife.
1717. Feb. 27, Sarah the Daughter of John Sawyer of Heywood Esq. & Dame Anne his wife.
1719. Apl. 4, Jane, the daughter of John Sawyer of Heywood Esq. & Dame Anne his wife.
1719. July 1st, Arabella the daughter of James Hayes Esq. & Dame Mary his wife.
1724. July 19, Elizabeth the daughter of Charles Winch and Suanah his wife.
1727. Aug. 1, Robt. son of ye Honble. Col. Jno. Sawyer & M^{rs}. Anne his wife.
1730. Feb. 21, Herbert son of Jno. Sawyer Esq^r. and Ann his wife.
1731. May 27, Sarah Daugh^r. of Char: & Eliz: Winch.
1746. Dec. 30, James the son of M^r. John Lee of Wooley and Mary his wife.
1748. Oct. 23, Anne the daughter of M^r. John Lee of Woolley and Mary his wife.
1751. Nov. 17, Anne the Daughter of Stephen Lampion and Elizabeth his wife.

1755. Jan. 27, William Webb the son of John Wenman and Mary Theodosia his wife.
1757. Feb. 10, Charles the son of John Wenman and Mary Theodosia his wife.
1759. July 2, Mary Theodosia the daughter of John Wenman & Mary Theodosia his wife.
1763. May 18, John Lee son of the Rev^d. Ric^d. Heyes & Lois his wife.
1766. Feb. 14, Nathaniel Cowper the son of Thomas Bouchier & Catherine his wife.
1768. June. 7, Anne, Daughter of Mr. John Lee & Dorothy his wife.
1769. Aug. 14, Dorothy
1770. Sept. 4, Henry Pink the son of Mr. "John Lee &" Dorothy his wife.
1772. Feb. 2, John the son of Mr. John Lee & Dorothy his wife.
1773. May 7, Elizabeth the daughter of Mr. John Lee & Dorothy his wife.
1774. Oct. 31, Mary and Martha the Twin Daughters of Mr. John Lee & Dorothy his wife.
1776. July 17, Thomas the son of Mr. John Lee of Woolley & Dorothy his wife.
1789. Sept. 29, Whitmore, the second son of Baptist Smart Esq. & Sophia his wife whose maiden name was Whitmore was born & baptized.
1770. Sept. 16, Phipps Vansittart the son & thirteenth child of the Rev D^r. Arthur Onslow Vicar of this Parish & Frances his wife (whose maiden name was Phipps) was born the 2nd. & baptized the 16th of September.

MARRIAGES.

1565. June 11, Jho Deffyeke clrk & Dorithe Beeche.
1566. May 6, were marryed Tho Moontagye & Katherine Tanne.
1569. June 12, we^r married Raffie Nveberye & Katherine Hatche.
1589. Apl. 10, Henry Mitchell gent. and Margarette Sharpe wydowe were married.
1589. Nov. 9, Thomas Newberye and Vrsula Grove were mar.
1590. Nov. 21, Michael Siduham gent. and Dorothee Hudson widowe were mar.
1590. Dec. 9, Thomas Durrham of Hurste gent. and Edith Webb (*or Welby*) by virtue of a licence.
1594. Oct. 27, John Crowtehe and Elizabeth Hodsden were mar.
1595. Sept. 7, Master Edwarde Dayyes of Lombarde streete in London mercer and Mistries Elizabeth Wellden Daughter of Thomas Wellden of Shotesbrooke Esquyer were mar.
1599. May 28, Thomas Webbe of Beckington in the Countie of Sommersett gent. and M^{rs}. Elizabeth Norreys the daughter and heyre of John Norreys of Heywoodde in this parrish of White Waltham Esquyre were mar.
1604. Oct. 23, William Fluddyer and Christyne Ottwell were married.
1604. Nov. 21, Robert Newberrie and Anne Newberrie
1606. Aug. 4, Vincent Goddarde widower and Vrsula Newberrie widowe were mar.
1611. Oct. 20, Robert Powle and Elizabeth Manhoode were mar.

1616. Sept. 16, Richard Welden gent. and Millicent James were mar.
 1621. July 16, Richard Staverton gent. and M^{rs}. Elyzabeth Browne were mar.
 1621. Oct. 29, Robert Newberry senior and Mary Thompson wydow were mar.
 1627. Jan. 28, Joannes Poole gener. et Anna Dugdale vidua copulati fuerunt in coniugio.
 1630. June 11, Thomas Newberry et Elizabetha Meore coniuncti fuerunt in matrimonio.
 1631. Apl. 14, Jacobus Nightingale et Johanna Newberry coniuncti fuerunt.
 1631. Sept. 22, James Winch and Anne Blacke were mar.
 1640. May 31, Thomas Bennett of Bray gent and Barbara Taylor of the foresayde p^{ish} by virtue of a licence were mar. here.
 1645. Apr. 16, Mr. Francis Stephens of Henley in the County of Oxford gent. and M^{rs}. Jane Simpson of this p^{ish} were mar. here.
 1649. Feb. 10, Christopher Gorroway & Anne Newberry were mar.
 1650. May 27, Robert Bennett & Elizabeth Winch widdow were mar.
 1651. June 1, John Coaker & Isabella Newberry were mar.
 1661. Nov. 25, Thomas Grove wth Hannah Winch of Bray.
 1662. Feb. 26, Richard Winch of Bray gent. wth Anne Winch of Maydenhead and same p^{ish} by vertue of a licence fro' the Lord Arch Bishopp.
 1664. June 26, William Newberry & Susan Eales both of Laurence Waltham by vertue of a licence from the Lord Arch Bishopp.
 1654. Apr. 3, John Noble widdower and Elner Burgis widdow were married by his honour the gouernor of windsore.
 1654. Aug. 7, Ralph Browne of New Windsor widwoor & Ellin Newberry a maid mar.
 1654. Nov. 29, Mr. Charles Weldon gentleman and Margraet Dewell were mar.
 1668. Jan. 19, Charles Welden of Laurence Waltha' gent. & Elizabeth Edwards daughter of Richard Edwards of this p^{ish}.
 1680. Sept. 2, Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Esq^r and Dame Mary the second daughter of John Finch of ffens Esq. Both of this parish were mar.
 1686. Jan. 20, Francis Cherry of Shottesbrooke Esq with Dame Elizabeth Finch of this Par.
 1694. July 10, Edward Dalby of Saint Laurence Parish in Reading gent. and Mrs Joanna Finch of this Parish were mar.
 1702. May 2, Charles Weldon of the Parish of Shottesbrooke and Mary Sawney of this Parish were mar.
 1712. Apr. 21, James Winch and Anne Lock of Winkfield were mar: by licence.
 1731. Sept. 26, Simon Corbet gent. and Mrs. Mary Woodward.
 1792. July 9, Rev^d. Charles Smith of Aldermanbury & M^{rs}. Ann Sawyer

BURIALS.

1591. Dec. 13, Mrs. Katherine Benger widdow was buried.
 1600. Apr. 3, Margarett the daughter of Thomas Newberrye was bur.
 1603. Aug. 17, Robert Norris was bur.

1605. June 8, Henry Norreys gent was bur.
 1610. June 13, Agmondesham the sonne of Willyam Daye of Braye Esquyer was bur.
 1612. Oct. 18, Hughe Davies gent was buried.
 1612. Dec. 2, Robert Higges gent was bur.
 1612. Dec. 20, Sir John Norreys knight Deceased at Heywoodde the Twentieth day of Dec^r. 1612 but lyeth Interred att Bray Amongst his Ancestors there.
 161 $\frac{3}{4}$. Feb. 28, Susanna the daughter of Francis Newberry gent was bur. the last day of February.
 1616. Mar. 19, John Higgs gent. was bur.
 1618. Dec. 16, Thomas Browne gener. sepultus erat.
 1618. Mar. 18, Anna uxor Roberti Newberry sepulta fuit.
 1620. Dec. 5, M^r. Simon Rous dep^ted this naturall lyfe the vth day of December Anno Dni 1620 at Westminster and there lyeth Interred in St. Margaretts church.
 1621. Apr. 27, The Right Honorable Lady Elizabeth Countess of Kelley departed this naturall lyfe 27 Aprilis 1621 at Heywoodde but lyeth Interred att Inglefelde.
 1623. May 6, Edward Norreys gent departed this naturall lyfe in white waltham the vijth day of May 1623 but was carryed to Bray and there lyeth Interred amongst his ancestors.
 1623. July 22, Maria filia Francisci Newberry gener. sepulta fuit.
 1624. Aug. 9, Radulphus filius Roberti Newberry sep. erat.
 1624. Sept. 3, Johanna uxor Thomae Montague sep. fuit.
 1626. Apr. 26, Catherina filia Roberti Newberry sep. fuit.
 1629. July 4, Catherine Higgs sepulta fuit.
 1630. Aug. 23, Elizabetha Norreys vidua sep. fuit.
 1636. May 22, Arthur ye sonne of Sr Edmond Sawyer Kt. was bur.
 1637. June 13, Thomas Montague was bur.
 1637. March 21, Thomas the sonne of John Knight gent was bur.
 1638. Aug. 9, Thomas Higgs was bur.
 1638. Jan. 21, Sarah, the daughter of John Knight gent. was bur.
 1640. June 26, Charles the son of Charles Longfield gent was bur.
 1643. Nov. 10, William the son of Sr. Edmond Sawyer Kt. was bur.
 1645. March 7, M^{rs}. Elizabeth Gardiner the wife of M^r. Roger Gardiner gent. was bur.
 1646. Aug. 20, Richard Westcott sen. gent was bur.
 1646. Jan. 23, M^{rs}. Anne Newbury was buried.
 1647. Sept. 29, Francis the wife of M^r. Richard Cleer was buried.
 1657. May 2, Mr. Phillips was bur.
 1657. June 1, M^{rs}. Tree was bur.
 1659. May 13, Tho. Sawyer Gentleman buried.
 1659. Sept. 11, Mr. Tho. Sawyer's child was bur.
 1661. May 22, Roger son of Roger Gardner Esq.
 1661. Jan. 21, Richard Westcott sen. gent.
 1665. Sept. 7, George Sawyer of Ballingha' in the county of Hereford Esq^r. dying there being the sonne & heire of Sir Edmund Sawyer, was buried here.
 1666. Apl. 19, Mary Prideaux widlow the Relict of John Prideaux late Lord Bishepp of Worcester.
 1666. Dec. 2, Ann the wife of Mr. John Weston.

1669. Feb. 14, Mr. Edmund Sawyer some of Sr Edmund Sawyer Knt.
 1670. Aug. 2, William Neile some & heire to Sr. Paul Neile Knt.
 1671. Jan. 3, John the infant sonn of John Finch Esquire & Dame Sarah his wife.
 1672. May 18, was Buried Mr. Richard Hardinge vicarij de Alb. Waltham.
 1672. Feb. 28, Mistres — Chapman of fines.
 1673. June 15, Richard Westcote sen^r. of Henley vpon Thames was Buried.
 1674. Oct. 1, Chapman the sonn and heire of John Finch of fees Esq was Bur.
 1674. March 14, Thomas Camusa child ye some of Francis Bickerton of Chancery Lane London was Buried here.
 1675. May 31, John the some and heire of John Lee of ye Inner Temple London Esq. was heer Buried.
 1675. July 1, Samuell Grove of London Esqr was heer Buried.
 1676. June 21, Sir Edmund Sawyer of Heywood Knight was Bur.
 1676. Feb. 7, Henry ye sonne and heire of John Finch of fees Esq.
 1678. July 3, Edmond the sonn and Heire of John Finch of fees Esq.
 1678. Aug. 6, Dorothy the wife of Roger Gardner of Kingstone vpon Thames gent was bur: heer.
 1680. May 28, Richard Westcot gent deceasing vpon Thames was Bur.
 1681. Aug. 11, Dame Elizabeth Finch widow of the parish of West Ham Bernells in ye County of Essex was Bur.
 1682. Oct. 16, John Finch of fees Esq. was Bur.
 1683. July 12, Martha an infant ye Daughter of Thomas Montague of Lanpooney gent was bur.
 1683. Dec. 14, Finch the some and heire of Edmond Sawyer of Heywood Esq was Bur.
 1685. June 12, Edward the some & heire of Edward Sawyer of Heywood Esq
 1685. Oct. 26, Richard Cleare Clrk vicar of this parish living and deceasing in the parish of Shottesbrook was there Buryed.
 1685. March 6, Sarah the wife of John Leigh of fees Esq. was Bur.
 1688. Nov. 2, Francis the wife of Constantine Phipps Esq. was Bur.
 1690. June 18, Thomas, son of Constantine Phipps of the Parish of St Dunstons in the West London was Buryed here.
 1691. Nov. 26, Constantine the son of Constantine Phipps of the Parish of St Andrews Holborne, London Esq^r. in the County of Middlesex was Buryed.
 1697. Jan. 16, Edward Sawyer of Heywood Esq was Bur.
 1701. March 22, Mrs Sarah Carbonell of the Parish of St. Olave's Hart street London, was Bur.
 1701. Sept. 7, Anne the daughter of Constantine Phipps of St. Andrew's Holborn London Esq. was bur.
 1703. Jan. 29, Mrs. Mary Sawyer of the parish of Saint Andrews Holborn London in ye County of Middlesex widow was Buried here.
 1707. Aug. 23, Martha an infant daughter of Mr. Thomas Hawes of the Parish of Christ Church London was buryed.
 1707. Oct. 13, Richard Manlove Esq. was Bur.

1708. Sept. 27th, Mrs. Anne Yeaton of the parish of Saint Michael-Royall in the City of London was Bur.
1710. Jan. 19. Mrs. Mary Cash of the parish of Saint Andrews Holborn London was Bur.
1712. Aug. 23, William Yieldall gent. died here and was buried at Easthamstead.
1713. May 1, Mrs. Jane Phipps who died in the Parish of St Andrews Holborn London was Buried here.
1714. Sept. 13, Penelope the wife of Stephen Lamport Gent. was Bur.
1714. Nov. 27, Jane the daughter of John Sawyer Esq. was Bur.
1715. Sept. 8, Thomas Hawes of the Parish of Christ Church Cittizen of London was Bur.
1720. March 25. John an Infant son of John Sawyer Esq. was Bur.
1721. Sept. 14, Theophilus Manlove of Easthamstead, Gent. was Bur.
1722. May 24, William York of the Saint Machell in the city of Oxford Esq. was Buried here.
1724. May 12, Jane Duncom wid. was Bur.
1726. Jan. 6, Mr. Richard Bassett.
1727. Sept. 17, Mr. John Hawes Cittizen of London.
1728. Nov. 6, Lady Dowager Phipps.
1728. March 19, Mrs. York of St. Giles's Oxon.
1729. Feb. 6, Wm. Phipps Esq.
1733. June 17, Jeremiah Oakley Esq.
1733. Sr- 16, Mrs. Mary Manlove of Esthampsted widow.
1716. June 15, Mary, the daughter of Francis Lee & Elizabeth his wife, an Infant.
1717. May 3, James Phipps Esq.
1717. Feb. 19, William Mackworth Praed one of the foundlings.
1718. Nov. 8, Mary the wife of Mr. John Lee of Woolley.
1750. Sept. 5, John Sawyer Esq. of Heywood buried in Linnen.
1754. Aug. 18, Mr. John Lee of Woolley.
1756. Aug. 27, Mr. Goodall Tame.
1759. March 2, James Theobald Esq.
1759. June 25, Mrs. Elizabeth Theobald.
1769. June 5, Mrs. Elizabeth Theobald (*sic.*)
1769. Oct. 4, Mrs. Martha Marriott.
1769. March 6, Henry Sawyer the eldest son of Anthony Sawyer Esq.
1770. Apr. 11, Mr. Laurence Bacon.
1770. Oct. 20, Mrs. Anne Sawyer Relict of John Sawyer Esq.
1770. Oct. 20, Mrs. Anne Trigg born in this Parish and died in it 80 years unmarried.
1783. June 12, Elizabeth Lamport.
1784. Dec. 13, Anthony Sawyer Esq. of Heywood Lodge buried in Linnen.
1784. Aug. 12, Stephen Lamport.
1785. Nov. 22, Mrs. Alice Gent.
1785. Nov. 10, Mrs. Elizabeth Burnell aged 86.
1790. Jan. 21, John Burnell Esq.
1792. Feb. 6, Mrs. Mary Cane.
1793. Aug. 12, Louisa Charlotte Montolieu an infant.
1796. June 10, Mr. Henry Falwasser.

1797. Jan. 8, Sir Benjamin Tebbs Knight.
 1797. Aug. 4, Mrs. Dorothy Lec.
 1798. Jan. 28, Mr. Robert Laurence Bacon from Reading.
 1800. May 26, Henry Buckstone Esq.
 1800. Aug. 17, Mr. William Falwasser.
 1801. July 11, Mr. John Windsor.
 1801. Nov. 27, Mrs. Elizabeth Yeamon Buckstone.
 1803. Feb. 3, Mr. Eusebias Windsor.
 1803. Mar. 4, Mrs Elizabeth Windsor.
 1803. May 3, John Lee Esq.
 1803. May 11, Mr. Francis Falwasser.
 1803. Nov. 23, Mr. Robert Cane.
 1804. Jan. 16, John Greene Esq.
 1807. Aug. 9, Susanna Tebbs wife of Sir Benjamin Tebbs.
 1808. Nov. 6, Mrs. Jane Bacon aged 48.
 1808. Dec. 15, Mr. Basset Lee aged 68.
 1811. June 1, Mr. Francis Stanley Grant.
 1811. Oct. 25, Mrs. Ann Bailey.
 1812. Sept. 26, Mrs. Sarah Falwasser.

PYPER, OF LAUNCESTON AND TRESMALLOW, CORNWALL.

By the Rev. EDWARD KING, B.A., F.S.A., Scot.

This family seems, at one time, to have been of some importance in Launceston and the neighbourhood. They possessed Madford, in Launceston; Tresmarrow, in South Petherwin; Piper's Hill, in Werrington; Tredawl, in Altarnun; and five parts of Coleshill, in Liskeard. There was also a branch at St. Stephen's-by-Saltash. At what date they settled at Launceston is uncertain.

The first of the family there, of whom mention is found, was Sampson Pyper, one of the eight aldermen named in the Charter of Confirmation of the Municipal Borough of Dunheved, otherwise Launceston, in the year 1555. This is probably the same Sampson Pyper whose name appears in the fifth entry in Parish Registers as father of Digory Pyper, baptised in 1559.

The last of the Launceston and Tresmarrow line was Phillippa, sole child and heiress of Hugh Pyper, Esq. She married Richard Vyvyan, Recorder of Launceston, second son of Sir Richard Vyvyan, of Treloarwarren, Bart., and died May 7th, 1771. By her Tresmarrow, Tredawl, and the five parts of Coleshill, passed to the Vyvyan.

It seems strange that no pedigree of the Pyper family appears in any of the Heralds' Visitations; and this omission is the more singular, inasmuch as John Estcott, of Launceston, father-in-law

of Sir Hugh Pyper, was Deputy Herald for Devon and Cornwall. There are merely two or three incidental notices. In Harleian MS. 3288, fol. 163, the marriage of Sampson Piper, gen., with Elianor, dau. of William Stowford, is given; again, in 3281, fol. 25, in the pedigree of Charles of Plymouth are three generations of a younger son—

ELIANORAM (STOWFORD) NUPTAM SAMFSONI.

Pyper de Launceston, genr.

⋮
 |
 Johem. Piper ⋮
 Attaiynted.

Elizabetham Piper, Inf.
 circ. 8 annor. 1611.

In the Additional MS. 18,448, is—

PIPER OF TRESMERE £500 PER ANN.

⋮ Piper of Launceston ⋮

Sir Hugh Piper of ⋮ Da. of Parr of
 Tresmere. Exeter.

Philip Piper ⋮ Da. of Gaer of
 Plymouth.

Hugh Piper.

In the Visitation of Cornwall, in 1620, under the family of Dotson, of Hey, is a William Piper, who married Elizabeth dau. of John Dotson, of Hey.

These are the only notices of the family in the Visitation. Such being the case, the following extracts from the Registers of St. Mary Magdalen, Launceston, and copies of the monumental inscriptions there, may be of some interest. These extracts are not brought down to the present time, as the elder line merged into the Vyvyans; whilst some of the younger branches seem to have died out, and others to have sunk very much in the social scale, and to have become "day labourers," &c.

The baptismal entries are here given only down to 1700; the marriages are taken as low as 1736; whilst the burials are given to 1754, in order to include those of the main line who, previous to 1700, appear in the baptisms and marriages.

Of the Vyvyan entries such are appended as have been incidentally met with.

BAPTISMS.

1559. December. The xxxth daye Digory the somme of Sampson Pyper gen^t.
 1561. June. The xiiijth daye John the somme of Sampson Pyper.

1563. Julie. The third daie Agnes the daughter of Sampson Pyper.
 1568. Julie. The viijth daie Elizabeth the daughter of Samson Piper.
 1570. December. The xiiijth daie Grace the daughter of Sampson Piper
 gent.
 1573. Aprill. The xxviiijth daie Honour daughter Sampson Piper.
 1574. March. The xxxjth daie Elner daughter of Sampson Piper.
 1574. June. The xxjth daie Hugh the sonne of Arthur Piper.
 1575. April. The xxviiijth daie Jane daughter of Sampson Piper.
 1575. December. The xxvth daie Grace daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1576. February. The xxiiijth daie Henry sonne of Arthur Piper.
 1576. March. The xiiijth daie John sonne of Sampson Piper gent.
 1579. October. The xth daie Jane daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1581. January. The xxvij daie Katherine daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1584. October. The vth daie Mary daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1586. April. The vijth daie Dorothy daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1587. January. xxvth daie Eliner daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1589. December. The iij daie Honor daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1591. June. The xj daie Arthur son of Arthur Piper.
 1593. November. The six daie Sampson sonne of Arthur Piper.
 1596. March. The xxxth daie George base sonne of Honour Piper.
 (Registers defective from 1610—1614.)
 1617. October. The eleventh day, Maria daughter of Arthur Piper gent.
 1620. November. The xxvj daie Will^m son of Arthur Piper gent.
 1622. March. First daie Arthur son of Arthur Piper.
 1625. May. xixth day Honor da: of Arthur Pyper gent.
 1628. October. The 12 daie Roger sonne of Arthur Piper gent.
 1634. August. The 24 day Richard sonne of Sampson Piper.
 1641. The 22th August. Arthure the son of Hugh Piper gent.
 1649. November. The 5. Hugh sonne of Arthur Piper gent.
 1651. March. 28 Thomas the sonne of Arthur Piper gent.
 1654. The 20th of June was borne Mary the daughter of Arthur piper
 gent.
 1655. November. The 6th day was borne Emlicy dau: of Arthur piper
 gent.
 1656. February. The Third was borne Margaret the daughter of Arthur
 Piper gent.
 1658. November. 11th was borne Grace the daughter of Arthur Piper
 gent, and bapt the 23rd day of the same month.
 1661. December. The 6th Honner the daughter of Arthur Piper gent.
 1663. Jule. The 13th Arthur the sonne of Arthur Piper gent.
 1664. September. The 4th the same day William the sonne of Arthur
 Piper gent.
 1668. August. Ye 23th Robert the son of Arthur Piper gent.
 1670. January. Ye 1st Honer ye daughter of Arthur Piper gent.
 1671. December. Ye 3rd Hugh ye son of Phillip Piper gent entered into
 ye book. (This entry occurs again in the beginning of the new
 column).
 1665. February. Ye 1st Sampson ye son of Arthur Piper.
 1676. March. Ye 11th Robert ye son of Arthur Piper.
 1678. November. Ye da: of Arthur Piper.
 1679. Frances. Ye da. of Arthur Piper gent.

1681. January 22. William ye son of Arthur Piper.
 1700. March 27. Elizabeth ye daughter of Sampson Piper.

There are numerous other entries of this name, but after this time the family seems to have decayed, and become "*day labourers*," etc.

MARRIAGES.

1593. October. The 5th daie were maryed John Goldson and Elizabeth Piper.
 1596. April. The six daie were maryed Thomas Collyns and Honour Piper.
 1599. September. The xxijth daie were maryed William Scaner and Katherine Piper.
 1604. September. The second daie were maryed Hugh Piper and Deborah.
 1605. July. The xvth daie were maryed Thomas Wise and Deborah Piper. vid.¹
 1607. June. The xvth daie were maryed Anthony Dennis gent and Mary Piper.
 1612. Maie. The xxvth daie were maryed Arthur Piper and Ffrancis Hatherley.
 1675. June. Ye 21th Arthur Piper gent and Hester Vigars.
 1685. April. Ye 25th Thomas Piper and Mary Dennings of Poughill.
 1736. Nov^r. Ye 27th Joseph Pyper gent and Elizabeth Helson, Licence dated Nov^r ye 26 1736.

LAWHITTON REGISTERS.

1640. Hugh Piper and Mary Escot were marr: 8 of May.

BURIALS.

- Anno dñi 1562. Maye. The xxjth was buryed John some of Sampson Piper.
 1574. September. The 21th daie was buryed Elnor daughter of Sampson Piper.
 1582. February. The 11th daie was buryed John son of Arthur Piper.
 1588. August. The 10th daie buried Elnor daughter of Arthur Piper.
 1590. January. The 20th daie was buryed Piper Captaine.
 1592. August. The second daie was buryed Mr. Sampson Piper gent.
 1593. December. The 22th daie was buryed Sampson son of Arthur Piper.
 1605. April. The second daie was buryed Hugh Piper gent.
 1626. Januarie. The 17 daie Arthur Piper the elder gent.
 1629. June. The 13 daie was buried Roger the son of Arthur Piper gent.
 1630. December. The 14 day was Buryed frances wife of Arthur piper.
 1631. April. The 9 day was Buryed Honour da: of Arthur piper gent.
 1632. December. The 7th day was Buryed Mrs. Margaret Pyper D; Y.
 1639. October. The 30 was Buried Henry Piper gent.
 1641. August. The last day was buryed Mary wife of Hugh Piper gen.
 1642. November. The 2 day was buryed Arthur son of Hugh Piper gent.

(To be continued.)

¹ This Deborah was thus twice married in ten months! Her first husband, Hugh Piper, died in April, 1605.

Notices of Books.

BIBLIOTHECA CORNUBIENSIS, A CATALOGUE OF WORKS RELATING TO THE COUNTY OF CORNWALL. By G. C. BOASE and W. P. COURTNEY. Vol. III. London: Longmans, Green and Co., 1882, 8vo.

ALTHOUGH the first two volumes of the *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis* have been some time before the public, it may not be useless to remind our readers that they are of much wider range than their primary title would lead us to suppose. They comprise "*a catalogue of the writings, both manuscript and printed, of Cornishmen, and of works relating to the County of Cornwall, with biographical memoranda and copious literary references.*" How completely and conscientiously this title-page description of their contents has been carried out, may be seen by a glance at the three well filled and well printed volumes which form the sum of Messrs. Boase and Courtney's labours. The enormous amount of time, industry, and patience, necessary to the compilation of such a book is not likely to meet with pecuniary reward, but it deserves, and will doubtless obtain, one more lasting, the credit of having for the first time made a COUNTY BIBLIOTHECA, worthy the name.

It is difficult to realise how so much information can be condensed into so small a space. The most obscure tract, penny broadside, newspaper, or magazine article, printed in our time, or in the unremembered past, worthy of remembrance, or worthless, are all calendared here. This book is to each of these a *Bibliographer's Manual* which supplies a complete collation, and of their authors, a complete *Biographical Dictionary*. How the authors have managed to find out so many genealogical particulars concerning obscure and unknown writers is perfectly astonishing. This work will be consulted with profit by students of all classes interested in Cornwall, whether their hobby be History, Biography, Genealogy, Mineralogy, Theology, or any other subject.

The third volume comprises lists of Acts of Parliament, civil war tracts, papers relating to mining, newspapers and such like, and a supplementary catalogue of authors equal in extent to that in either of the other volumes. The list of civil war tracts will save future historians an immense amount of labour, and the heading "Mining" may be consulted with equal advantage. A very useful index concludes the volume, but if we can detect signs of incompleteness it is here. We think that an index treble the size might have been made with advantage, and that the references should have been made on a more comprehensive plan. For instance, there is as much need of a reference to "Pattens worn by women," p. 253, as there is of "Pasties *Le.* divisions of an orange," p. 1343. It is also puzzling to know why in the body of the work the pedigree of Leigh should be referred to as printed in the *Miscellanea Genealogica* only, when it is also to be found in Col. Vivian's book, the Harleian Society's Visitation, and in that commenced by Sir N. H. Nicolas.

These are, indeed, merely oversights, the wonder is how Messrs. Boase and Courtney have managed to compile so exhaustive a work. It ought to be placed on the shelf of every Cornishman, as well as on those of all who are interested in the history of the county.

HISTORY OF THE WRAYS OF GLENTWORTH, 1523—1852. By CHARLES DALTON, F.R.G.S. Vol. II. A. King & Co., Aberdeen. 1881, 8vo.

We have already noticed (vol. iv., p. 130), the first volume of this work. Mr. Dalton is content (*vide* preface) to frankly acknowledge the mistakes he made in his former volume, to defy his critics, whose "province it is to find out mistakes," and to discontinue *publishing* his book. The volume before us is *privately* printed, because "there are so very few of the many descendants of the Wrays who take any interest in their progenitors." Though vain enough to fancy that we are able to detect matter for criticism, we feel that under the circumstances it would be as useless to point out errors to Mr. Dalton as to throw water upon a duck's back. We congratulate him upon the completion of his labours.

This volume is divided into three parts and an appendix, and concludes with a very useful index to both this and the previous volume.

Part I. contains an account of Sir John Wray, 3rd Baronet of Glentworth, and of Capt. John Hotham, the Parliamentary Commander. Of Sir John but little is known, save that he made two good marriages—1st with Elizabeth, widow of Sir Symonds D'Ewes, and 2ndly with Sarah, daughter of Sir John Evelyn. Capt. Hotham married Frances, daughter of Sir John Wray, 2nd Baronet of Glentworth. His untimely end is a matter of history, and the details of his career, culled by Mr. Dalton from various printed sources, form an interesting chapter in his book.

Part II., chapter i., details the history of Sir William Wray, 1st Baronet of Ashby, who, like his father, Sir Christopher, was a zealous Parliament man. In 1645 he was elected M.P. for Great Grimsby in the place of Gervase Holles. He was created a Baronet at the restoration, and died in 1669. This creation became extinct about March, 1685-6. Chapter ii. gives an account of Sir Henry Vane, whose writings, says Clarendon, "treat, all of them, of religious subjects, and are absolutely unintelligible. No traces of eloquence, or even of common sense, appear in them." Chapter iii. is devoted to Sir Drury Wray, 9th Baronet of Glentworth, who was Lieut. in Henry Cromwell's life guard, and settled in Ireland. Mr. Dalton calls him one of the leading characters in the Wray family, as from him are descended, through the female line, the representatives of some of the best families in Ireland. Rather an empty honour. Chapter iv. gives particulars of the Selwyns and Faringtons, drawn from Mr. Bazeley's "Records of Matson and of the Selwyns."

Part III. This is the most interesting portion of the book, the first chapter devoted to Sir Cecil Wray (13th Bart.) M.P. for Westminster, is as amusing, as the second chapter, which details the history of the last Wrays of Glentworth, is pathetic. Sir Cecil was succeeded by his first cousin, the Rev. Sir Wm. Ulithorne Wray, who only enjoyed the title for three years, and died at the age of 87. His son, Sir William James Wray (15th Bart.), died just a year after him, at the King's Head Inn at Coventry, and with him the family became extinct. Mr. Dalton has not

troubled himself to discover even the name of his wife, or the place of his burial; but, apropos of his death at an inn, indulges in repeating the oft-contradicted story about the Duke of Buckingham's dying "in the worst inn's worst room."

In an Appendix is given the will of Sir Christopher Wray, Lord Chief Justice, a grant of arms to Leonard Wray, and some register extracts. The History of the Wrays is an amusing book and worth reading, but evidently not intended for the critical in matters of pedigree.

WILLIAM PENN'S ORIGINAL PROPOSAL AND PLAN FOR THE FOUNDING AND BUILDING OF PHILADELPHIA. JAMES COLEMAN, Tottenham, 1881. 8vo.

THIS reprint will no doubt be of great interest to many of our American subscribers and friends. Few booksellers know better than Mr. Coleman how to cater for the taste of our Transatlantic cousins. Besides containing a general description of the province of Pennsylvania, its soil, air, water, seasons, and produce, both natural and artificial, and "the good increase" thereof, with plan of the city "newly laid out," there are lists of the original purchasers of 1000 acres and upwards, many of whose descendants survive at the present day, and who are, we presume, the present aristocracy of Philadelphia. To this is added a list of persons holding property, about 1720-30, with particulars of their holdings; and another of "the good and true men" who signed the original Declaration of Independence in 1776. On the last page Mr. Coleman has added a short account of Philadelphia, in which we are told that as a manufacturing city, no city, with the exception of London, in the world, can compare. With such a recommendation Mr. Coleman's little book ought to find more than enough Philadelphians to speedily exhaust this edition.

THE GENEALOGY OF THE FAMILY OF HASLEWOOD, STAFFORDSHIRE AND WARWICKSHIRE BRANCHES, ALSO THE BARBADOES BRANCH. By Revd. FRANCIS HASLEWOOD, A.K.C. London: Mitchell & Hughes. 1881. 4to. 10s.

THE readers of the 'Genealogist' are doubtless already well acquainted with the carefully drawn pedigree of Sir Thomas Haslewood which appeared in our first volume, and also with the genealogy of the Shropshire branch, which appeared in the 'Miscellanea Genealogica.' In the present brochure, which is privately printed, the descent of the Staffordshire, Warwickshire and Barbadoes families of the name is traced with that care and accuracy which renders Mr. Haslewood's previous contributions to the genealogy of the name of permanent value. The only point which appears to need explanation is the engraving of the arms of Mrs. Kingsley, who was a daughter of Richard Haslewood, of the Barbadoes branch. The arms of Kingsley, with a shield of pretence, are there impaled with Haslewood. It would be interesting to know why the shield of pretence appears, and also on what authority the arms of Haslewood were used by this branch, whose pedigree only begins in 1780. An index, worthy all praise, completes the volume.

Mr. Haslewood is still prosecuting his researches into the history of the name, and will be much obliged to any of our readers who can assist him with register extracts, wills, monumental inscriptions, or other material relating to it; and also to the Dering family. His address is—St. Matthew's Rectory, Ipswich.

THE BIBLIOGRAPHER, A JOURNAL OF BOOK-LORE. No. 1. December 1881. ELLIOTT STOCK, 62, Paternoster Row. Price 1s.

SIMILAR in size and type to his popular magazine, "The Antiquary," Mr. Elliot Stock now comes forward as the champion of Bibliography with "The Bibliographer." The taste for collecting rare and curious books is *not* new; the taste for studying their history and their contents is of modern growth. If we wish to estimate the future of Mr. Stock's Magazine by the contents of the first number, it is only necessary to direct the attention of our readers to Mr. Bradshaw's article on Godfried van der Hagen, Mr. Blades on Bercula, and to the columns headed "Notes and News," which present a *resumé* of what is doing in the Bibliographic World. Mr. Stock has foreseen a want, and provided for it well.

PRELIMINARIES TO A HISTORY OF THE COWLEY FAMILY. LOWELL, Mass. 1881, 120 pp. 3s.

THIS little tract is of necessity of a very elementary character. It commences with the assertion that the Cowley Family *may* have existed long before the Roman Conquest, and identifies it with Culege in the Doomsday survey. "The English language had been enriched with the letters *w* and *y* long before either of them embellished this ancient cognomen." It proceeds to enumerate various persons, more or less notable, of the name in this country and America, and of course starts upon the popular delusion that all persons of the same name are descended from a common ancestor.

Stephen Cowley, an admirer of John Wesley, who died early in the present century, is the founder of the American family as to whose ancestors and descendants the writer seeks information. The Rev. Edward Cowley, founder of the Shepherd's and Children's Folds, New York, is the most notable member of the family. He is compared with "the saintly Bishop Camus, who repeatedly declined bishoprics of the first class."

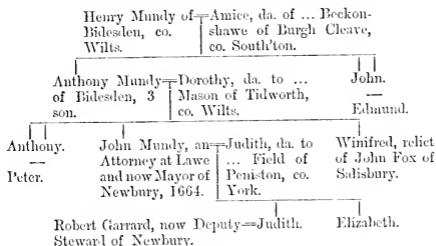
Judge Cowley, of the Boston Bar, well known as a writer on Divorces and Divorce Courts, is another worthy representative of this surname.

Information relating to the family should be addressed to the Rev. Edward Cowley, 106, East 52nd Street, New York City. We presume he is the writer of this little book, and co-philanthropist of the Saintly Camus.

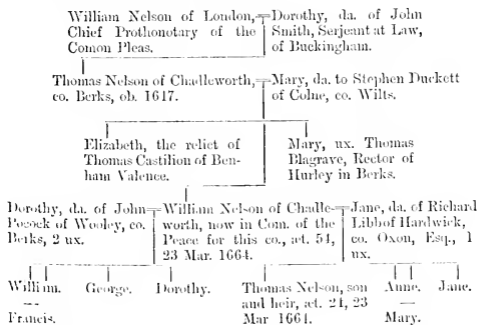
VISITATION OF BERKSHIRE.

(Continued from Vol. v, p. 288.)

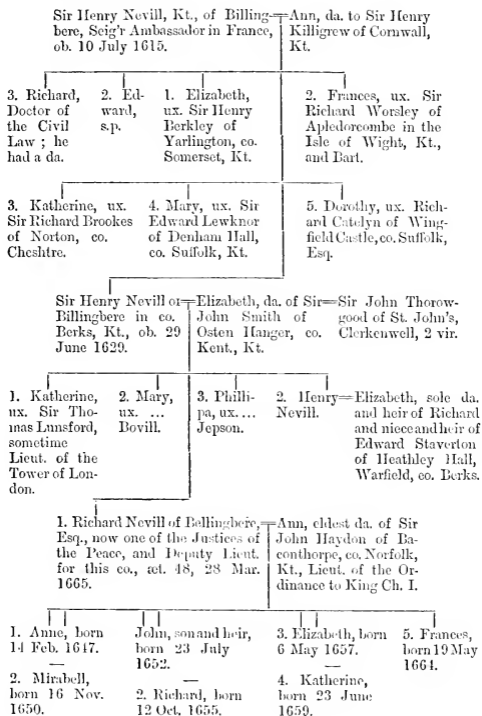
MUNDY of Newbury.

ARMS.—*Sable, on a cross engrailed Argent five lozenges, of the field.*CREST.—*A leopard's head erased Sable bezantée, five issuing from the mouth proper.*

NELSON of Chadleworih.

ARMS.—*Sable, a cross flosy Or, a bend Gules.*

NEVILL of Billingbere.

ARMS.—*Gules, a saltire Or.*CREST.—*A bull passant pie.*

NOKE of Preisthill.

ARMS.—*Or, on a fess Sable between three leopards' faces Gules as many crowns of the field.*

CREST.—*A lion's gamb erased Gules enfiled with a crown Or, holding an arrow Gold barbed and flighted Argent.*

Richard Noke of Bray, = Dorothy, da.
co. Berks. of ...

William Noke of = Margaret, da. to John Noke of Stan...
Preisthill, co. Berks, Tho. Rodkyn of field (? Stanford) co.
Gent., ob. circa Greystocke. Northants.

William Noke = Martha, da. of Agnes, ux. Wil- Frances, ux.
of London, Edmund Hunt liam Lloyd of ... Jerman of
Gent., ob. circa of Norf., one of Oidley, co. Hunts. Stamford (?
1631. the Atties of the Exch. Stamford).

4. Henry Noke, bur. at Ispahan in Persia, 1651, s.p. 3. Charles Noke, bur. in the Barbadoes, 1664-5, s.p. 2. William Noke of London, Merchant, ob. s.p., and bur. at Surralt in the East Indies, 1658.

1. Richard Noke of London, Gent., eldest son, now going to live in Barbadoes, at. 45, Nov. 2, 1666. Anne. = Simon Hopper of Richmond, co. Surrey.

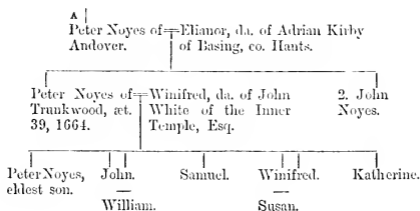
1. Robert. 3. Richard. 2. William. Martha. Jane.

NOYES of Trunkwood.

ARMS.—*Argent, three cross crosslets in bend Sable.*

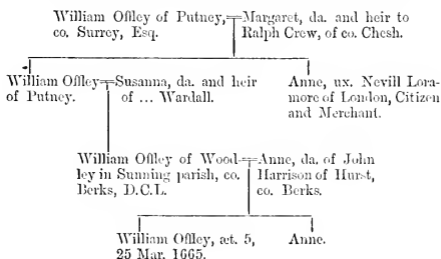
CREST.—*A dove Argent, in her beak an olive branch Vert.*

Peter Noyes = Agnes, da. and heir of John
of Andover, Noyes of Trunkwood in the
co. Hunts. p'sh of Shinfield, co. Berks.



OFFLEY of Woodley in Sunning.

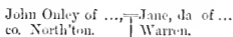
ARMS.—*Argent, on a cross flossy between four Cornish choughs proper, a lion rampant guardant Or, a mullet for difference.*

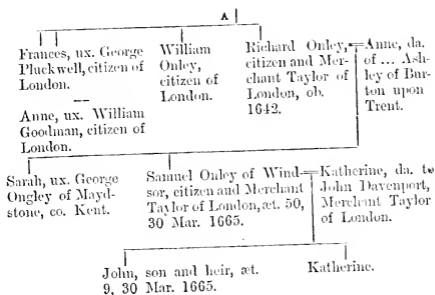


ONLEY of Windsor.

ARMS.—*Or, three piles meeting near the base Gules, on a canton Argent a mullet Sable.*

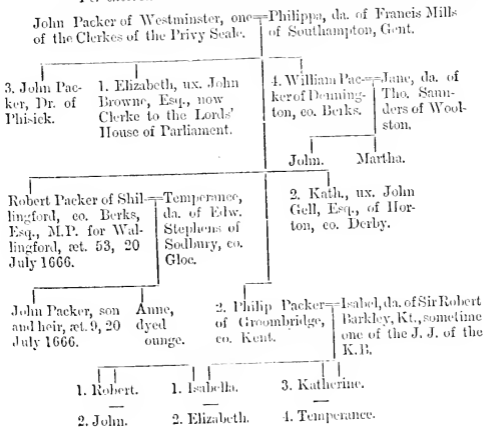
CREST.—*Out of a ducal coronet Or an eagle proper.*



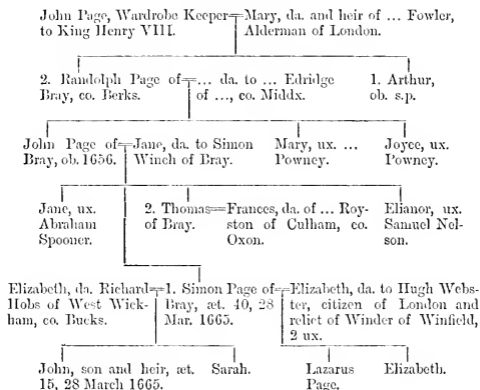


PACKER of Shillingford.

ARMS.—*Gules, a cross lozengey Or, between four roses Argent, Impaling Per chevron Azure and Or in chief two falcons of the second.*



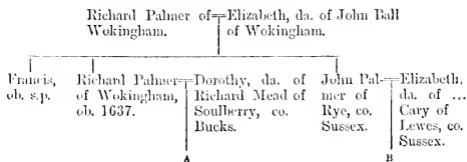
PAGE of Bray.

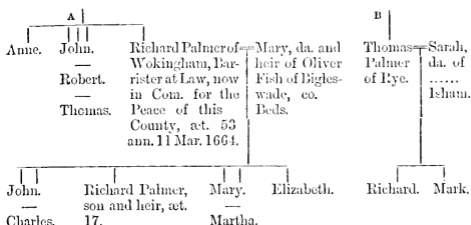


PALMER of Wokingham.

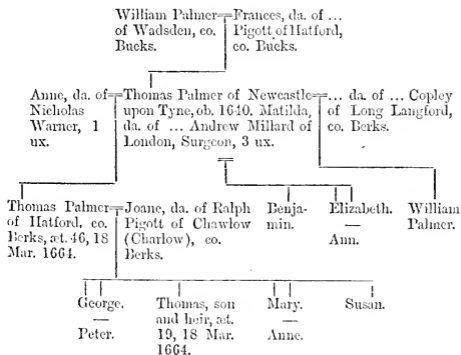
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Chequy Or and Sable, on a chief Gules two mullets of the first*; 2 and 3, *a fess between three annulets*.
P. Sir Edw. Bysshe, Char. 16 Car.

CREST.—*A talbot sejant Erminois.*



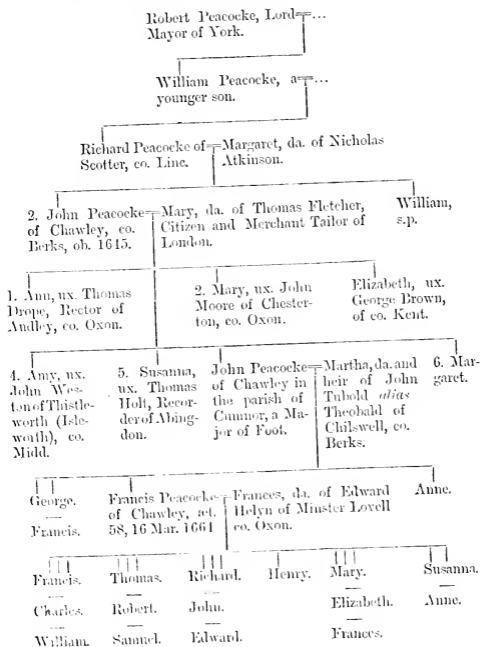


PALMER of Hatford.

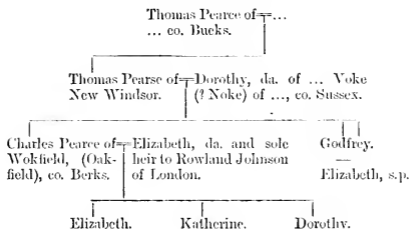
ARMS.—*Sable, a chevron Or between three crescents Argent.*CREST.—*A dragon Gules.*

PEACOCKE of Chawley.

ARMS.—*Gules, on a fess Argent between three plates as many lozenges Sable, a crescent for difference.*



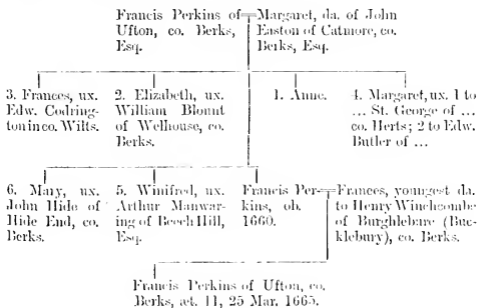
PEARCE of Oakfield.



PERKINS of Ufton.

ARMS.—*Or, a fess dancettée between six billets Ermine.*

CREST.—*A pine apple stalked and leaved proper.*

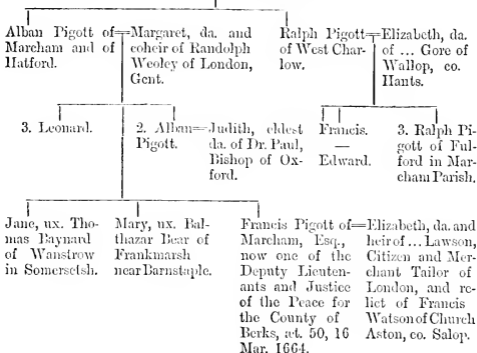


PIGOTT of Hatford and Marcham.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1, *Sable, three millpicks Argent*; 2, *Argent, three bugle horns Sable, stringed Or*; 3, *Argent, a saltire engrailed Sable, on a chief of the second two mullets of the field*; 4, *Argent, on a cross engrailed Sable another plain of the field between four mullets of the second*; 5, *Azure, a lion rampant within an orle of cross crosslets fitchée Or*; 6, *Gules, fretty Argent, on a chief Or a lion rampant gardant of the field.*

CREST.—*A greyhound couchant Sable.*

Francis Pigott of Hatford, = Margaret, da. of Alban Butler of
co. Berks. Aston, co. North'ton, Esq.



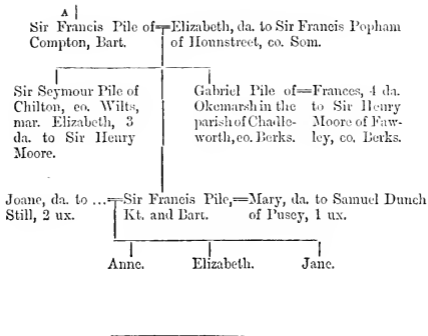
PILE of Okemarsch.

ARMS.—*Argent, a cross between four passion nails Gules.*

CRESTS.—*Out of a coronet an antelope's head Or horned Gules.*

Out of a coronet a pelican in her piety.

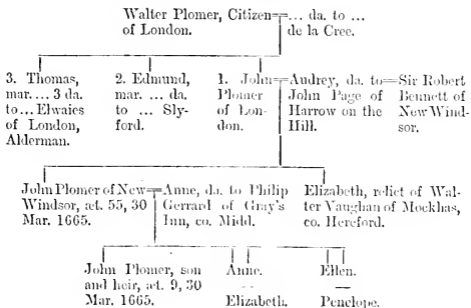
Sir Gabriel Pile of = ...
Compton, co. Bucks.



PLOMER of New Windsor.

ARMS.—*Per fess flory counterflory, three martlets.*

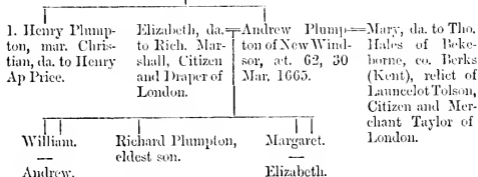
CREST.—*A demi-lion rampant Gules holding a garb Or.*



PLUMPTON of New Windsor.

ARMS.—*Azure, five fusils in fess Or each charged with an escallop Gules.*

Henry Plumpton, Citizen and Salter of London. = Anne, da. to Andrew Osborne, Citizen and Merchant Taylor of London.

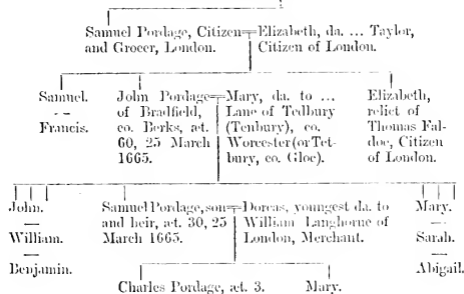


PORDAGE of Bradfield.

ARMS.—*Argent, a fess chequy Or and Gules, in chief three cross crosslets of the last.*

CREST.—*A dragon's head Or vomiting flames of fire proper.*

William Pordage, ...



POTTENGER of Burghfield.

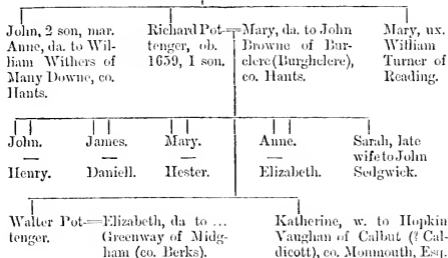
ARMS.—*Per bend Or and Sable, a bend lozengy Argent and Gules between six fleurs-de-lis counterchanged.*

A Patt, p. Sr. Edw. Bysshe.

CREST.—*A fleur-de-lis Sable charged with three lozenges Argent.*

MOTTO.—*"Quodis cita finis ita."*

Richard Pottenger of Burghfield (Burghfield),
co. Berks. = Margaret, da. to ... Butts and
relict of John Holloway of
Pangborne, co. Berks.

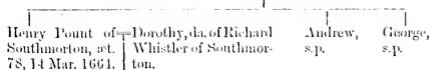


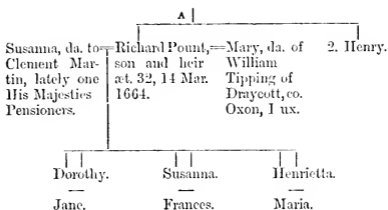
POUNT of South Moreton.

ARMS.—*Quarterly, 1 and 4, Gules, two wings conjoined Argent, a bordure engrailed Or; 2 and 3, Azure, a tower Argent.*

CREST.—*A greyhound's head winged Argent gorged Or.*

George Pount of Brampton, = Margery, da. of
co. Hunts. ... Gosling.

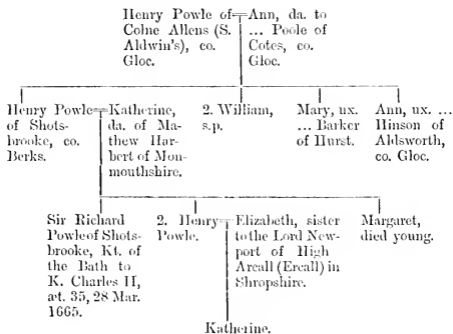




POWLE of Shottesbrook.

ARMS.—*Azure, a fess Ermine between three lions rampant Or.*

CREST.—*A unicorn's head.*



PRATT of Coleshill.

ARMS.—*Argent, on a chevron Sable between three pellets each charged with a martlet of the field, as many mascles Or. The badge of Ulster.*

CREST.—*A wolf's head per pale Argent and Sable gorged Or.*

Sir Henry Pratt, sometime Sheriff and Alderman of London, Kt. and Bart., created 28 July 1640. = Mary, da. to Thomas Adams of Wisbitch, co. Cambr.

Elizabeth, 1 mar. to Edward Baker of Tew, co. Som'sett; 2, to Henry Pratt of Weldon, co. North'ton; 3, to Edwin Beale of London; 4, to Francis Philips of the Middle Temple, London, Esq.

Sir George Pratt, Bart., æt. 58, 9 Mar. 1665 (? of Coleshill. See FORSTER Pedigree). = Margaret, da. to Sir Humphrey Forster of Aldermaston, co. Berks, Kt. and Bart.

Richard Pratt, had only Margaret.

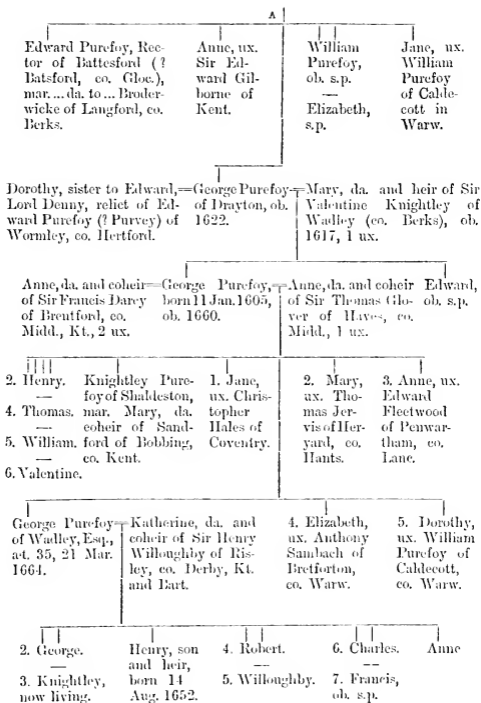
Sir Henry Pratt, son and heir, æt. 16 anno supradict. [dyed Jan. the 10, 1673-4.] = Mary.

PUREFOY of Wadley.

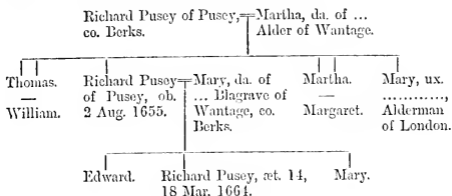
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, *Quarterly, one and four, Azure, three stirrups Or (Purefoy); two and three, Sable, three pairs of dexter hands conjoined Argent (Purefoy).* 2, *Quarterly, one and four, Ermine, two and three, pale of six Or and Gules (Knightley).* 3, *Azure, on a fess Or between three spearheads Argent a greyhound courant Sable (Unton).* 4, *Sable, a chevron Ermine between three crescents Argent (Glover).* On an escutcheon of pretence, Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Or, two bars Gules each charged with three water bougets Argent (Willoughby).* 2 and 3, *Azure, three cinque-foils Argent within an orle of eight cross crosslets Or (Knolles. ? Tilney).*

CREST.—*A dexter gauntlet grasping a broken tilling spear all proper.*

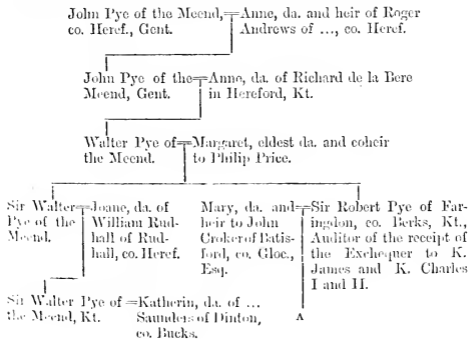
Edward Purefoy of Shaldeston (Shalstone), co. Bucks. = Joyce, da. and heirs of George Purefoy of Drayton, co. Leic.

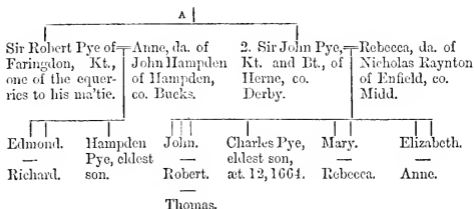


PUSEY of Pusey.

ARMS.—*Gules, three bars Argent.*CREST.—*A leopard passant guardant, Ermine.*

PYE of Farington.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, *Ermine, a bend fasily Gules*; 2, *Sable, a lion passant Argent*; 3, *Per pale Gules and Azure a lion rampant Sable supporting between the paws a tree eralicated Vert*; 4, *Gules three stirraps Or*; 5, *On a chevron between three ravens Sable as many escallops Or* (Croker).CREST.—*A cross-crosslet fitchée between two wings Argent.*

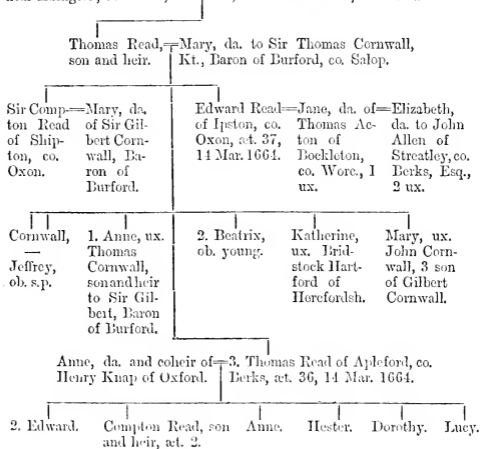


READ of Apleford.

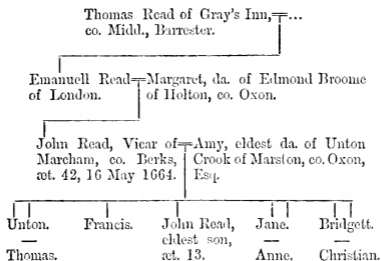
ARMS.—*Gules, a saltire between four garbs Or.*

CREST.—*On the stump of a tree ragulée a falcon with wings expanded all proper.*

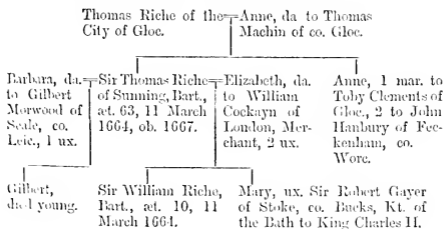
Sir Thomas Read of Barton, near Abington, co. Berks, Kt. = Mary, da. and coheir to Sir John Brockett, Kt., of Brocketts Hall, co. Herts.



READ of Marcham.

ARMS.—*On a bend three shovellers.*

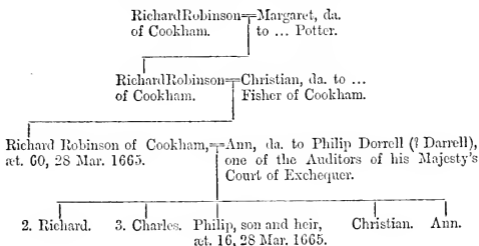
RICHE of Sunning.

ARMS.—*Or, on a saltire ragulé Gules, five cross crosslets fitchée of the field, in chief the badge of Ulster.—Per Garter, 1656.*Confirmed again by Sir Edw. Byssh, *Cluc. K. of Armes*, to Sir William Rich, Bart., and Dame Mary, wife to Sir Robert Gayer of Stoke, November the ... 1663.CREST.—*An armed arm and hand proper holding a cross crosslet fitchée Or.*

ROBINSON of Cookham.

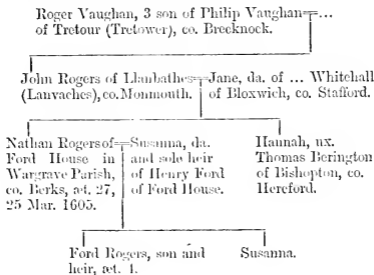
ARMS.—*Vert, a chevron Ermine between three bucks trippant Or.*

CREST.—*Out of a mural coronet Gules a demi-buck salient Or.*



ROGERS of Wargrave.

ARMS.—*Argent, a dragon's head erased Vert holding in the mouth a dexter hand appaunée erased Gules.*



RUDYARD of Westwoodhay.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Argent, fretty Sable a canton Gules*; 2, *a bear salient*; 3, *Gules, on a bend three trefoils s'ipped Vert, on a canton Or a lion's face of the field.*

CREST.—*A Saracen's head proper.*

Sir Benjamin Rudyard, sometime Surveyor to the Court of Wards and Liveries. = Elizabeth, da. to Sir Henry Harrington.

William Rudyard of Westwoodey (Woodhay) co. Berks, Esq., ob. 1661. = Sarah, da. and coheir of Sir Stephen Harvey of Northton, Kt. of the Bath to K. Charles I.

2. William. Benjamin Rudyard, son and heir, æt. 9, 23 Mar. 1664. Mary. Elizabeth.

SALTER of Cookham.

Robert Salter of Cookham, ob. 1645. = Elizabeth, da. of Christopher Grove of Pen, co. Bucks.

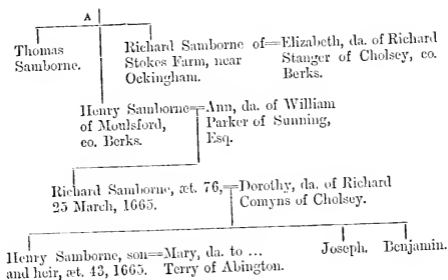
Robert Salter of Bray. = Elizabeth, da. to Thomas Grene of Amerden in the parish of Taplowe, co. Bucks. Elizabeth.
John Salter of Rhemenham, co. Berks, and of Pen, co. Bucks. Elizabeth, mar. George Grove of Pen, co. Bucks.

SAMBORNE of Mouldsford.

ARMS.—*Argent, a chevron Sable between three mullets Azure pierced Or.*

CREST.—*A bull's head erased holding in the mouth three ears of wheat.*

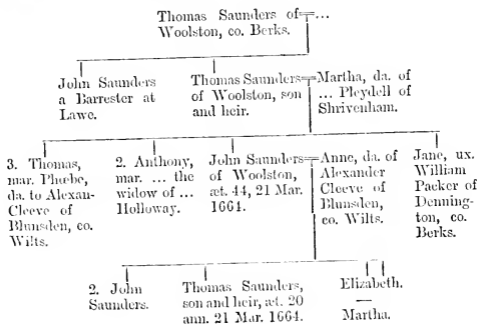
Thomas Samborne of Summing, co. Berks and Oxon.



SAUNDERS of Woolston.

ARMS.—*Per chevron Sable and Argent, three elephants' heads crased counterchanged.*

CREST.—*An elephant's head Sable.*



In UFFINGTON CHURCH in the County of Berkshire, on a gravestone lying in the middle of the nave of the church (on a brass plate), this epitaph:—

Here lyeth the Bodyes of John Saunders & |
Anne his wife both borne in this Parish
w'ch | John had Two wives th'one named
Joane | & had issue by his 1 wife 5 sons &
2 | dau, who departed this life the 26 day
of December Ao. D'ni 1599.

In the west wall of the South crosse of this Church is a fayre Arched monument adorn'd wth carved worke & Guilded but noe Coat of Armes wherein lyes the Statue of a man in a Barrester's Gowne and over him this Inscription:—

Reader this monument presents | the Memory of John
Saunders of Woolston in the County of Berks Esq.,
Justice of the Peace in that county & well experienced
in the com'on lawes of England; hee rendered his
Soule to God the 29th day of April 1638 and this
portion of sacred earth preserves his Body w'ch is
sequestred for the resurrection. Hee was happy in
his marriage with Margaret one of the dau. of John
Evelyn of Godstone in the County of Surrey, Esq.,
att whose charge this monument was erected and by
whome hee had children, Elizabeth, Marg'tt, Thomas,
Elizabeth and Lettice.

Mr. Saunders of Midgiam, lately a Burgessse of Parliament for Walingford is son to this John.

SEYMOUR of Lamborne Woodlands.

Thomas Seymour of = Jane, da. to John Wells
Lamborne Woodlands, | of Stodley (Studeley), co.
co. Berks. | Wilts.

1. Thomas, 2. Roger Seymour = Anne, da. of Edmond Hauke
ob. s.p. of Lamborne Wood- (Hawles) of Mouton Up
lands. Wimborne, co. Dorset.

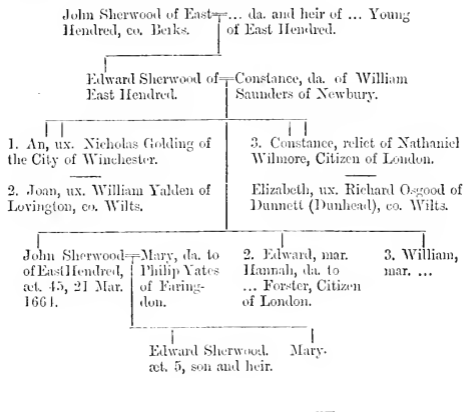
2. Roger, Thomas Seymour of = Jane, da. to John Edmond,
ob. s.p. Lamborne Woodlands, | Eyston of Lamborne now liv-
at. 37, 21 Mar. 1661. | Woodlands. ing, 1664.

2. Roger. 4. John. Thomas, son and Anne. Jane.
3. Eyston. 5. Ednaund. heir, at. 1. — Frances.

SHERWOOD of East Hendred.

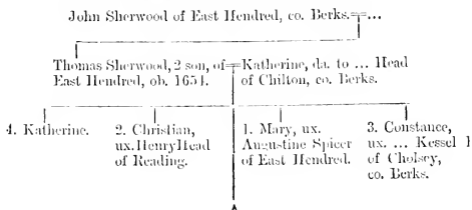
ARMS.—*Argent, a chevron Gules between three torteaux.*

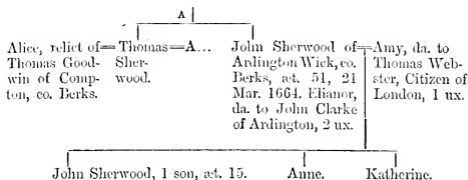
CREST.—*A plume of six peacocks' feathers proper.*



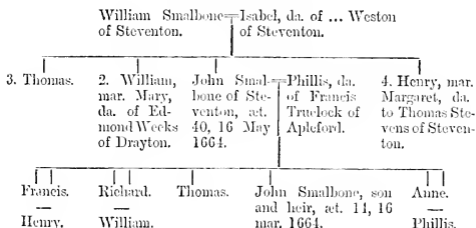
SHERWOOD of East Hendred.

ARMS and CREST as in the last Pedigree, *a crescent for difference.*

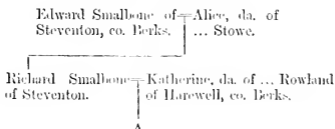


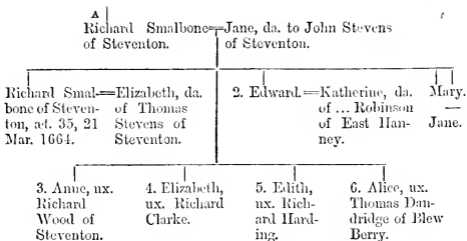


SMALBONE of Steventon.

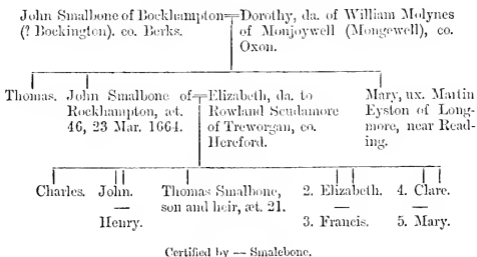


SMALBONE of Steventon.





SMALBONE of Bockington.

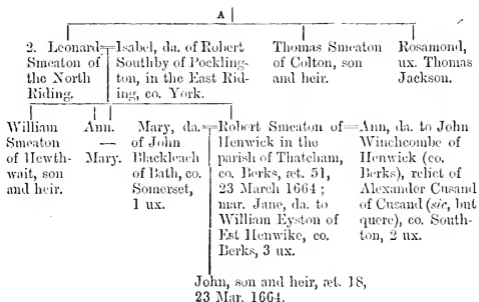


SMEATON of Thatcham.

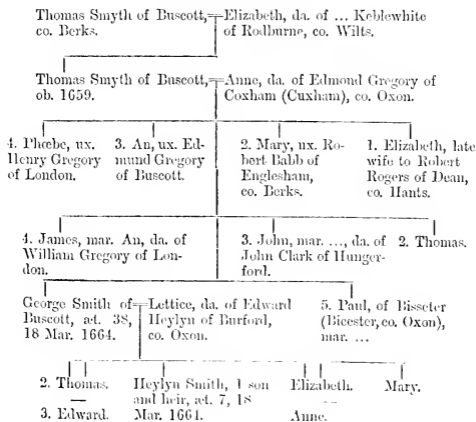
ARMS.—*Azure, a fess between three plough shares Or.*

CREST.—*A parrot Vert.*

Thomas Smeaton of Colton, in the North Riding, co. York. = ... da. to ... Wetherell of North Allerton, co. York.



SMYTH of Buscott.

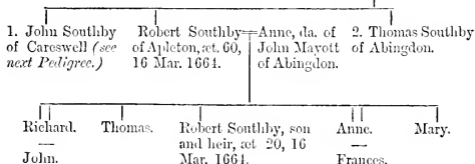


-SOUTHBY of Apleton.

ARMS.—*Or, a chevron between three apples Gules, a mullet for difference.*

CREST.—*A demi-lion rampant Or holding in the dexter paw an apple Gules.*

Richard Southby of Careswell, co. Berks. = ...

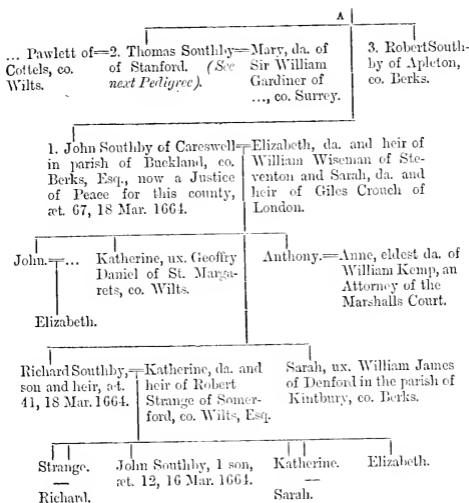


SOUTHBY of Careswell.

ARMS.—*Scutum Gentilitium sive Palludimentum et Christa Joh'is Southby de Careswell in co. Berks, Gen. fil. et haredis Ric'i Southby, fil. Jo. Southby, Exemplificata singula sibiq. heredibus posterisq. suis confirmata in p'petuum unacum propria eorundem descripta per mee, Guilielm. Seagar, Garter: Principalem Regem Armor'um dat. sub manu meà et sigillo officii mei, decimo die mensis Feb. An^o Regni Regis Caroli 7 A^o D'ni 1631;—Il port d'Or, une chevron entre tres Pommes de Gueules et pour son tymbre sur une Heaulme et fortillon de ses couleurs Une demy lion ramp't d'or tenant en son p'ntee une pomme de Gueules, le Manteale rouge double Argent; par moy, Guillaume Seagar, Gartere Principall Roy d'Armes des Anglois.*

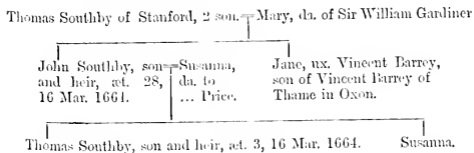
John Southby of Careswell, = ...
co. Berks.

Richard Southby of Careswell, ob. 1606. = Jane, eldest da. of Edward Keat of Locking, co. Berks.

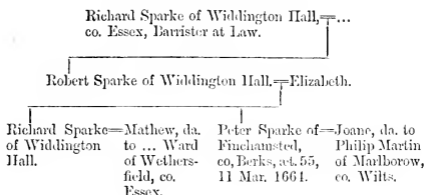


SOUTHBY of Stanford.

ARMS and CREST as under Southby of Apleton, each charged with a crescent for difference.

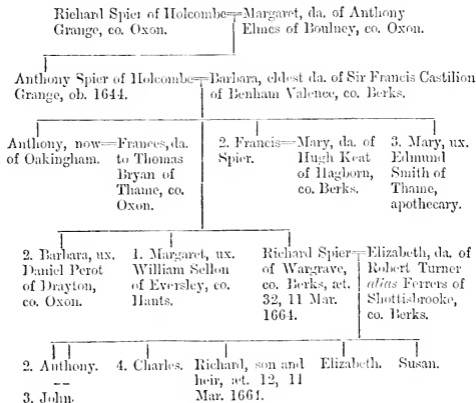


SPARKE of Finchamsted.



SPIER of Wargrave.

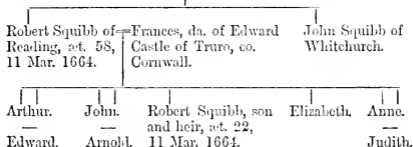
ARMS.—*Or, two chevrons Azure between three trefoils slipped Vert, a crescent for difference.*



SQUIBB of Reading.

ARMS.—*Or, three bulls passant Sable.*

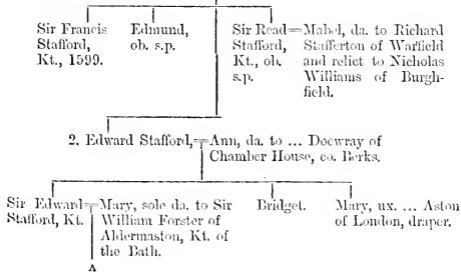
John Squibb of Whitchurch, co. Dorset, = Anne, da. to John Seamor (Seymer) of Hanford, co. Dorset.

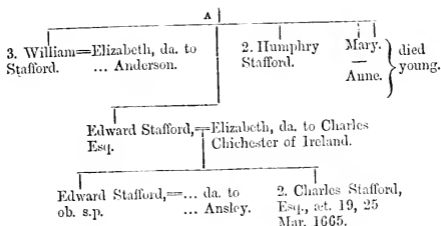


STAFFORD of Bradfield.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, *Or, a chevron Gules a canton Ermine*; 2, *Paly of six Gules and Or, on a chief Azure a lion passant guardant of the second*; 3, *Argent, a chevron between three eagles' heads erased Sable*; 4, *Argent, a chevron Gules between three unicorns' heads Azure.*

Thomas Stafford of Bradfield, co. Berks, Esq., = Ann, da. to ... Best of London.

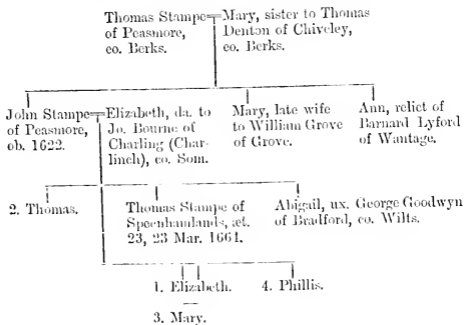




STAMPE of Speenhamlands.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Sable, a fess Ermine between three horses courant Argent*; 2 and 3, *Gules, fretty Argent, a chief of the second*.

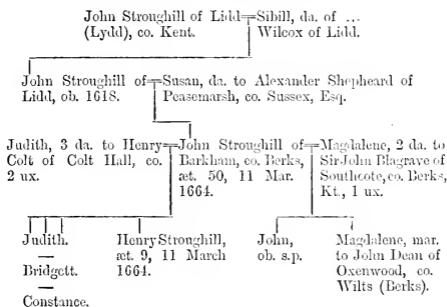
CREST.—A demi-horse rampant Argent, a mullet for difference.



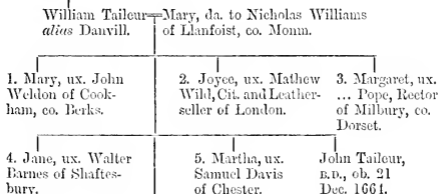
STROUGHILL of Barkham.

ARMS.—*Argent, a chevron between six escallops Gules*]

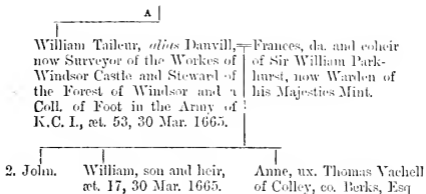
CREST.—*An arm in armour embowed proper holding a spear Or point Argent downwards.*

TAILEUR *alias* DANVILL of Windsor.

William Taileur *alias* Danvill = Joane, da. of Sir John Awbrey
of ..., co. Essex. of ..., co. Glamor.

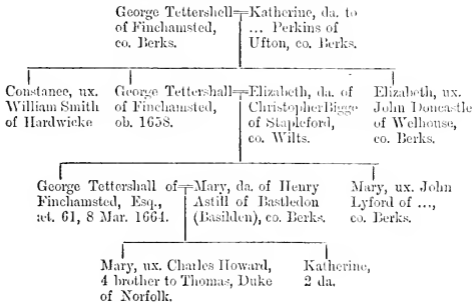


A



TETTERSHALL of Finchamstead.

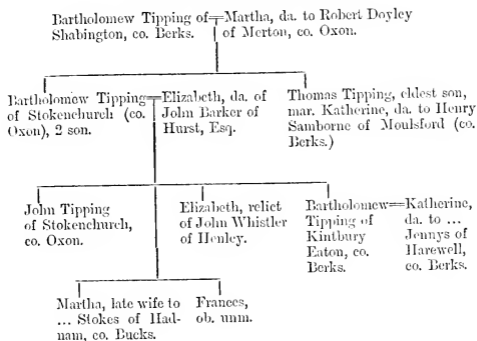
ARMS—*Sable, a chevron between three tigers passant Or.*



TIPPING of Kintbury Eaton.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Or, on a bend engrailed Vert three pheons of the field*; 2 and 3, *Argent a chevron pale of six Azure and Or.*

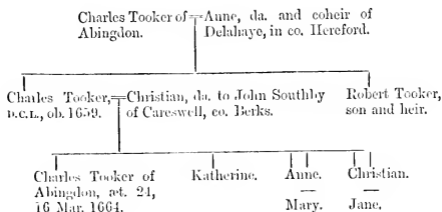
CREST.—*Out of a coronet Or an antelope's head Vert attired and maned of the first.*



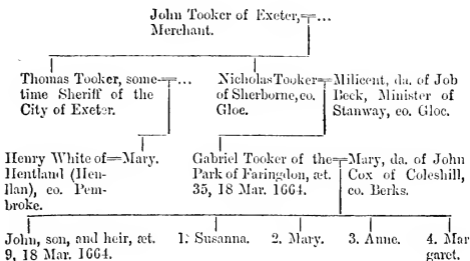
TOOKER of Abingdon.

ARMS.—Vert, on a bend Argent, three human hearts Gules.

CREST.—A human heart Argent encircled with a ducal coronet Gules; Another, a human heart Gules surmounted by a ducal coronet Or.



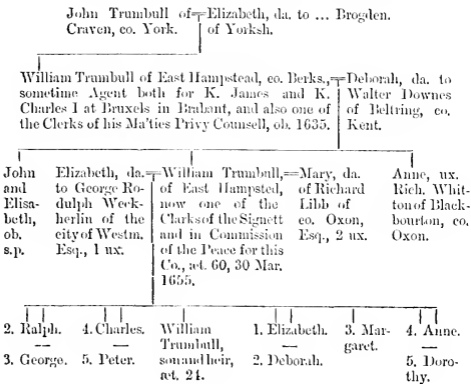
TOOKER of Faringdon.



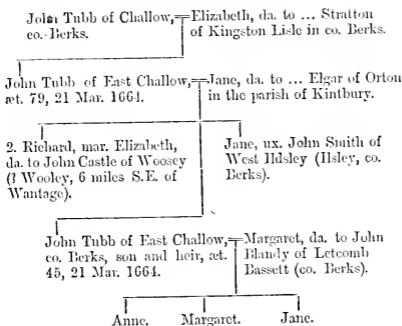
TRUMBULL of East Hampstead.

ARMS.—*Argent, three bulls' heads erased Sable, horned and langued Azure.*

CREST.—*A bull's head erased Sable, horned Azure breathing fire proper.*



TUBB of East Challow.

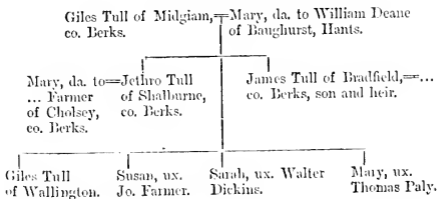


TUCKER of Farington Towne.

ARMS.—*Azure, on a chevron embattled and counter-embattled Argent between three sea horses naiant proper five gullées de poiz.*

CREST.—*A demi horse holding a trident, all proper.*

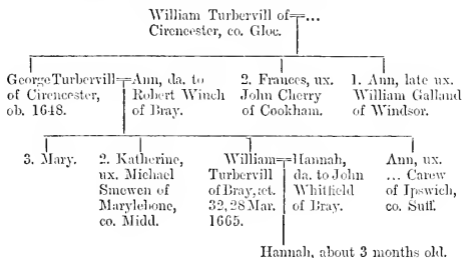
TULL of Bradfield



TURBERVILL of Bray.

ARMS.—*Chequy Or and Gules, a fess Ermine, a trefoil slipped for difference.*

CREST.—*An eagle displayed Sable, the same difference.*



To Sir Edward Bysshe, Kt., Clarenceux King of Armes.

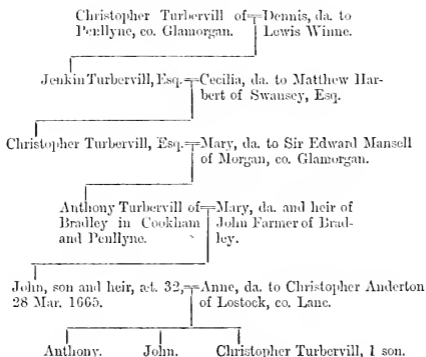
This is to certify that William Turbervill, late of Cirencester in the County of Gloucester, Grandfather to William Turbervill, now of Bray in the County of Berks, was constantly and assuredly reputed by myself and my father to be a branch of our family by a younger son, though I cannot directly express of what younger son he is descended; to the end, therefore, that the memory of himself and his descendants may be henceforth better preserved, my earnest request is that he may be allowed to bear the arms of our family with such a distinction as you shall think most proper, and without doing wrong to any others of our house. In witness whereof I have hereunto subscribed my name and put to my seal of armes the eight and twentieth day of March in the year of our Lord 1665.

In the presence of David Barry,
John Turbervill, Hen. Bestland.

ANTHONY TURBERVILL

TURBERVILL of Bradley in Cookham.

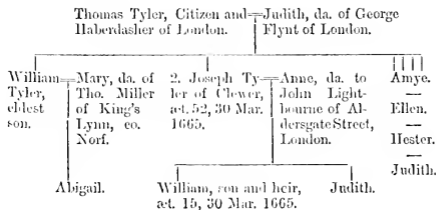
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, Turbervill, *without the difference*; 2, Gules, three chevrons Argent; 3, Quarterly, Argent and Gules, in the second and third quarters a fret Or over all a fess Azure; 2, Argent, a chevron between three eagles' heads crested Sable. Over the whole shield a bend sinister.



TYLER of Clewer.

ARMS.—*On a fess between two lions passant guardant pelletée three crescents.*

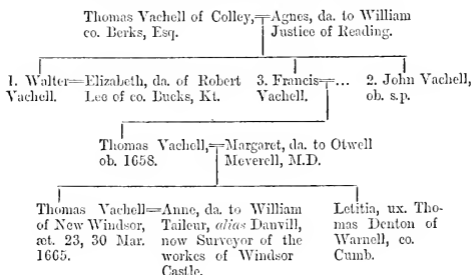
CREST.—*A demi-lion rampant Argent pelletée holding between the paws a crescent.*



VACHELL of New Windsor.

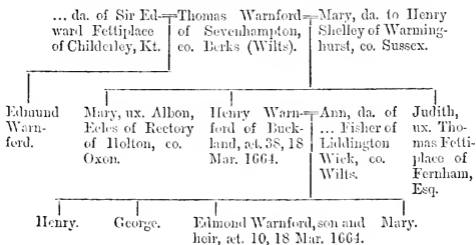
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Body of six Ermine and Azure*; 2 and 3, *Argent a chevron Sable between three cocks Gules.*

CREST.—*A bull's gamb couped at the knee Argent hooped Or.*



WARNFORD of Buckland.

ARMS.—*Per fess embattled Argent and Sable six crosses patée counter-changed.*



WATERMAN of Holt.

Hugh Waterman of Tangley, co. Hants. = ...

John Waterman of Tangley, = Dorothy, da. to Thomas Noyes of Charleton
ob. Sept. 1665. in the p'sh of Andover.

Thomas. — Hugh. — Henry.	Anne, ux. William Walter of Tangley.	John Waterman of Holt in the p'sh of Kintbury, æt. 40, 23 Mar. 1665.	= Elizabeth, da. to Rich. Blandey of Holt.	Dorothy, ux. Jo. Haskerds.
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John, 2 son.	Blandey Waterman, son and heir, æt. 13, 8 Mar. 1665.	Elizabeth.	Mary.
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WELBECK of Reading.

Leonard Welbecke of Garsington, co. Oxon. = Frances ...

Richard Welbecke of Reading, 8 son, ob. 1662.	= Dorothy, da. of Edward Dant of Banbury.	William Welbeck, eldest son.
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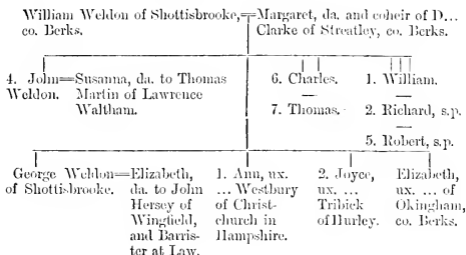
Leonard Welbecke of Reading, æt. 59, 11 Mar. 1664.	= Margery, da. of George Winthurst of Stour- bridge, co. Worcester.	1. Richard.	Robert.
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Leonard Welbeck, æt. 5.	Sarah.	Ann.	Elizabeth.	Mary.	Marg
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WELDON of Shottesbrook.

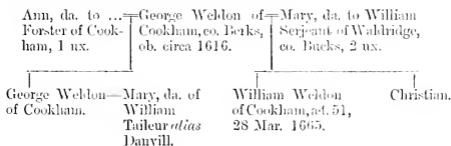
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Argent, a cinquefoil Gules on a chief of the second a demi lion rampant of the field*; 2 and 3, *Argent, on a chevron Sable three escallops Or on a chief of the second a lion passant regardant.*

CREST.—*A demi lion rampant Argent gullée de sang.*

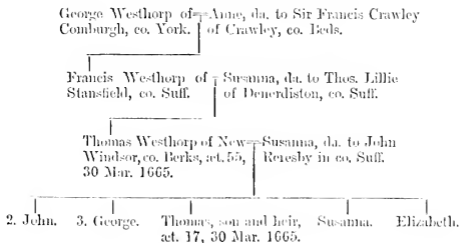


WELDON of Cookham.

ARMS and CREST as in the preceding Pedigree.



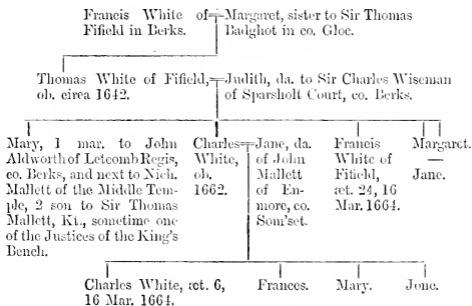
WESTHORP of New Windsor.



WHITE of Fyfield.

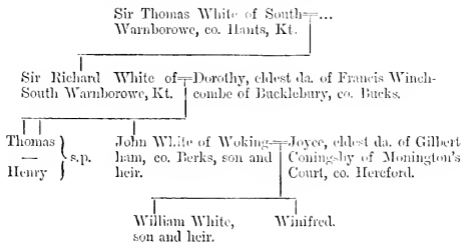
ARMS.—*Gules an annulet Or within a bordure Sable charged with eight estoiles of the field on a canton Ermine a lion rampant of the third.*

CREST.—*An ostrich Argent beaked and legged Or.*



WHITE of Wokingham.

ARMS.—*Argent, a chevron Gules between three popinjays Vert within a bordure Azure charged with ten bezants.*



WIGHTWICKE of Mareston.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Azure, on a chevron Argent between three pheons Or as many crosses palee Gules*; 2, *Argent, three bears' heads coupé Sable, a chief of the second*; 3, *Azure, a garb Or between three bezants.*

CREST.—*A demi tiger rampant Azure holding between the paws a pheon Or.*

Francis Wightwicke of Mareston
Wightwicke, co. Staff. = Margaret, da. to Mathew Moreton
of Ingleton, co. Staff.

Samuel Wightwicke, 3 son, of Mareston (five miles N.E. of Newbury), Esq., ob. 1662. = Abigail, da. to ... Wright of ... co. Essex.

John Wightwicke of Mareston, æt. 34, 23 Mar. 1664.	= Jane, da. and coheir to Edw. Pritchard of Llanccayach, co. Glamorgan.	3. Humfrey, mar. to Letitia, da. to ...	2. Francis, mar. to Thomasine, da. to ... Denys.	Abigail, ux. Henry Williams of Gwernevit co. Brecknock.
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WILCOX of Bray.

ARMS.—*Gules, a lion rampant Argent, on a chief of the second three Cornish choughs, Sable* (1 Colebrooke).

Richard Wilcox of Tysoe, co. Warw. = Judith, da. to ... Apleford.

Mary, da. to Robert Scroop of Lewknor, co. Oxon. = Thomas Wilcox of Creswell in the parish of Bray, co. Berks, ob. 9 Sept. 1662. = Judith, da. to ... Bland, citizen of London, 1 ux.

Joyce, ux. Thomas Lane of Bradley, co. Berks.	Katherine, ux. John Curle of Buttermere, co. Wiltshire.
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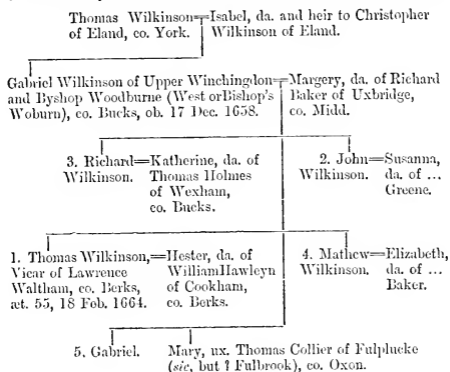
Mary, ux. Edward Harbert of Arberfield, co. Oxon, (Berks).	Thomas Wilcox. = Elizabeth, da. to Thomas Hawes of the parish of St. Martins in the Fields, co. Middx.	Peregrine = Mary, da. to William Hester of Thame, co. Oxon.
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Anne. 2. William. Peregrine, æt. 11, son and heir.

WILKINSON of Lawrence Waltham.

ARMS.—*Gules, a fess Vair in chief a unicorn courant Or.*

CREST.—*A wolf's head Or holding in the mouth a wing erased Argent.*



WILMOTT of Charleton.

ARMS.—*Argent, on a fess Gules between three eagles' heads erased Sable a unicorn couchant between two fleurs de lis Or.*

CREST.—*A demi panther rampant guardant proper holding a battle axe Or.*

Sir George Wilmott of Charleton, = Margaret, da. of Richard Aldworth,
Kt., act. 63, 21 Mar. 1664. | Citizen of London.

Mary, da. to Edw. = William Wilmott, = Helena, da. of John,
Hungerford of son and heir, act. 38, Lord Pawlett of Hinton
Cadenham, co. Wilts. | 21 Mar. 1664. | St. George, co. Som.

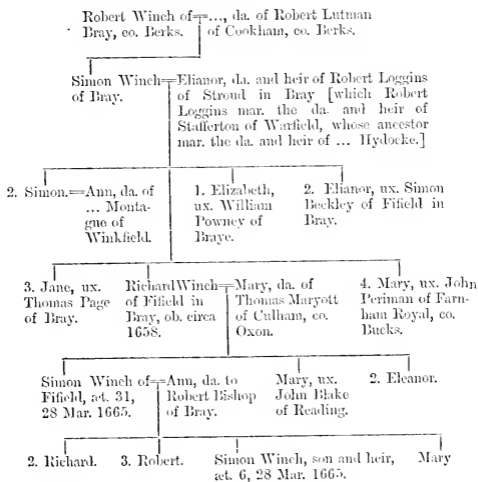
George Wilmott, *died young.*

Certified by Sir Geo. Wilmot, Kt.

WINCH of Fifield in Bray.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, *Argent on a fess Gules three cross crosslets Or, on a canton Azure five fleurs de lis of the third (Winch); 2, Or a lion rampant Sable, a chief indented of the second (Loggins); 3, Quarterly per fess indented in the first quarter an eagle's head crused Sable (Loggins); 4, Argent a chevron between three mantouches Sable (Stafferton); 5, Argent a cross Sable in dexter chief a fleur de lis of the second (Haydock).*

CREST.—*A lion's head affrontée ducally crowned Or between two spears of the second headed Argent.*



WINCHICOMBE of Bucklebury.

ARMS.—*Azure on a chevron engrailed between three Cornish choughs as many cinquefoils of the field, on a chief of the second a fleur de lis between two spear heads of the first, on a canton Argent the badge of Ulster.*

CREST.—*A stag's head quarterly Or and Azure horns counterchanged holding in the mouth a branch Vert. Vile Patt., libr., 36.*

Henry Wincheombe of Burghulbury (Bucklebury), co. Berks, Esq. = Mary, da. of William Wollascott of Wollhampton, co. Berks.

Anne, ux. Edmond Bruning of ... in Hampshire.	Mary, ux. Francis Hildesley of Little Stoke, co. Oxon.	2. William.	Henry Wincheombe, Esq.	= Elizabeth, da. of George Miller of Swallowfield.	Frances, ux. Francis Perkins of Ufton Court, co. Berks.
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Henry Wincheombe of Burghulbury (Bucklebury), Kt. and Bart., ob. 1667. *Sepult apud Burghulbury Dec. 1667.* = Frances, eldest da. to Coll. Thomas Howard, 2 son to the Earl of Berkshire.

Henry, son and heir,
et. 5, 1665.

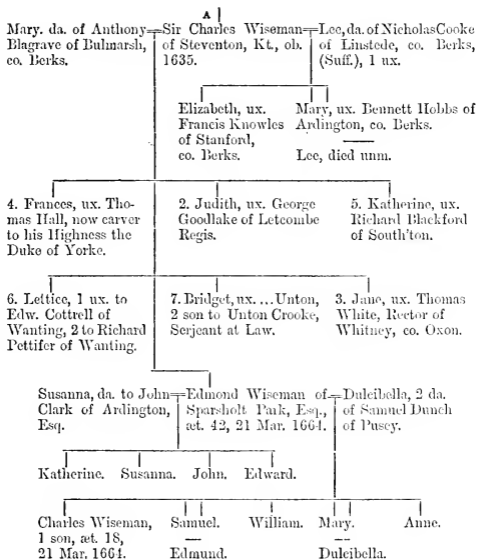
WISEMAN of Sparsholt Park.

ARMS.—*Sable, a chevron Ermine between three walnut leaves (Pronols) Argent.*

CREST.—*A tower Or port Argent on the top a demi Moor habited in mail all proper, in the dexter hand a dart and in the sinister hand a Roman shield of the first.*

Certified by Edm. Wiseman, Esq.

Edmund Wiseman of Steventon, co. Berks, Esq., a younger son of Thomas Wiseman of Thornham, co. Suff. = Anne, da. and heir to William Hawkins of London.

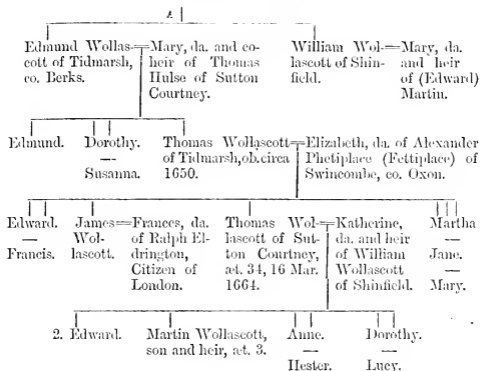


WOLLASCOTT of Sutton Courtney.

ARMS.—Sable, a bend between six martlets Or.

William Wollascott of Shinfield. = ...

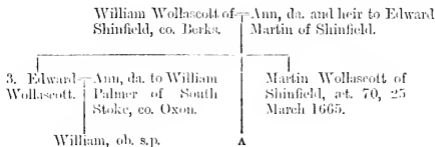
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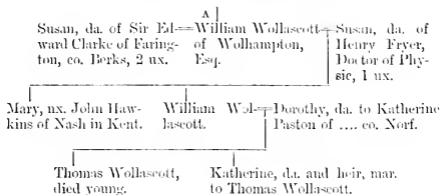


WOLLASCOTT of Woolhampton.

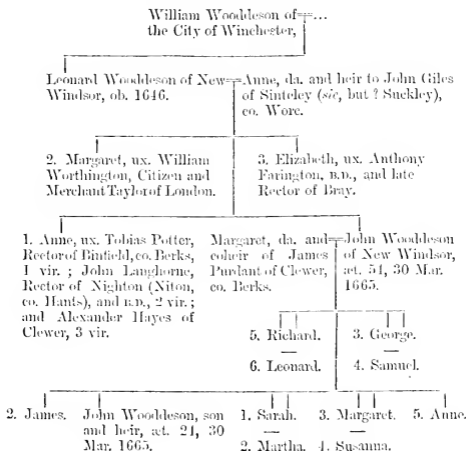
ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, Wollascott; 2, *Or, a lion passant Sable*; 3, *Gules a shoreller Argent*; 4, *Argent, a chevron Gules between three buge horns Sable*; 5, *Argent, on a bend Sable cotised Ermines three cinquefoils Or*.

CREST.—*Out of a coronet Or an eagle's head Azure, a crescent for difference.*





WOODDESON of New Windsor.



YATE of Buckland.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, a fess between three gates; 2, Sable, a chevron Vair between three crescents Ermine (Goddard); 3, Azure, a fess of five lozenges between three hawks' heads erased; 4, Or, a fess engrailed cotised Sable; on an escutcheon of pretence the badge of Ulster.

CREST.—Out of a coronet Argent a goat's head Sable horned of the first collared Or.

Sir Edward Yate = Katherine, sister of Sir Henry
of Buckland, Bart. Baker of Sisinghurst, co. Kent,
Kt. and Bart.

Sir John Yate of = Mary, da. and coheir of
Buckland, Bart. Humphry Packington
of Chaddesley Corbett,
co. Wore. Mary, ux. Charles
Paris of Linton in
Cambridge.

Edward, son
and heir, died
at Paris 1611,
s.p.

Abigail, ux.
Charles, Vis-
count Fairfax
of Ireland.

Sir Charles Yate
of Buckland, Kt.
and Bart., et. 30,
18 Mar. 1664.

Frances, da.
of Sir Thomas
Gage of Ferle,
co. Sussex,
Bart. [ob.
1668.]

Apol-
onia.

Penelope
[born 1655.]

John, son and heir, et. 3,
18 Mar. 1661.

Mary.

Elizabeth.

(See Burke's *Dormant and Extinct Baronetries*.)

YATES of Westbrooke.

ARMS and CREST, without the quarterings, same as YATE of Buckland.

John Yates of = Jane, da. and coheir to Richard
Lyford. Goddard of Upham, co. Wilts.

Bartholomew Yate of Fernham, co. ...
Berks, Master of Arts in Oxford.

A

A |
 Philip Yates of Westbrook = Elizabeth, da. of ... Fisher of Wicke (or
 in Farrington, ob. 1656. | Weeke, in Downton Hund., co. Wilts.

Philippa, ux. William Mors of Hodshon (Hodson), co. Wilts.	Elizabeth, ux. John Sadler of Chilton, co. Wilts.	Thomas Yates, ob. s.p.	Bartholomew Yates of West- brooke.	Mary, ux. John Sher- wood of Hendred, co. Berks.
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ZINZAN of Tylchurst.

ARMS.—*Azure, a falcon with wings expanded proper on a rock Or in dexter chief an estoile of the last.*

Sir Robert Zinzan of = ... da. of ... Westcott of Hansaker,
 St. Albans, co. Herts. | Hall, co. Stafford.

3. Henry Zin- zan of Walten upon Thames, co. Surrey.	= Elizabeth, da. of ... Alder of Reading.	2. Robert, s.p.	Mary, ux. ... Digby.	Dulcibella, ux. ... Wil- liams of St- Albans.
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Sr Sigismund Zinzan of Molesey, = Margaret, da. of Sir Philip
 co. Surrey, ob. 1623. | Sterley (Strelley) of co. Notts.

2. Sigismund.	4. Charles Zinzan, mar. 1 Elizabeth, da. to ...	1. Margaret, ux. Robert Thomas.	2. Elizabeth, ux. John Elton of Kingston.
3. Robert.	Plume of Essex, 2 Elizabeth, da. to ...		
5. John.	Stanton, n.d., 3 ... da. of ... Hogg of Scot- land, where he lives.		

Henry Zinzan = Jacoba, one of the das.
 of Tylchurst, | of Sir Peter Vandore of
 co. Berks, Esq. | Tylchurst, Kt. and Bart.

Susanna. 1 da., ux. Leonard Lawrence, Citizen and Jeweller of London.	Peter. — Henry.	Henry, son and heir, at 28, 25 March, 1665.	Mary. — Elizabeth.	Jane. — Frances.
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THE ORIGIN OF THE FOLEY FAMILY.

By H. SYDNEY GRAZEBROOK.

In "Notes and Queries," 5th s. ii, p. 262, I expressed my belief that Richard Foley, the ancestor of the ennobled family of that name, was a native of Dudley, and not of Stourbridge as is generally supposed.

According to the pedigree given in Nash's 'Worcestershire,' he was the son of *Edward Foley* of Stourbridge; but not only is there no trace of this Edward in the Parish Registers of Old Swinford (the parish in which the town of Stourbridge is situated), but the very first Foley entry therein is the baptism, in 1631, of Richard's youngest son John, who was living unmarried and aged 50, at the Visitation of Worcestershire taken in 1682.

Sir Simon Degege informs us that Richard Foley was "first a seller of nails, afterwards a forge-master, and a very honest man at Stourbridge in Worcestershire." He died July 6, 1657, and was buried at Oldswinford on Thursday, July 9. He is stated to have acquired his wealth and position by discovering the method—then a secret—employed by the Swedish (or the Dutch) for slitting iron into rods for the purpose of making nails; and in the article before referred to I gave one version of the story of his adventures in search of this secret. Another version is given in Playfair's 'British Family Antiquities,' ii, 217. Both describe him as a man of very humble position. In the one he is "a fiddler living near Stourbridge," who wandered, as a strolling minstrel, to Hull, and thence, without funds, worked his passage to the Swedish iron port. Thence he "begged and fiddled his way" to the iron-works, where by pretending to be half-witted, he was received by the workmen without suspicion, and eventually succeeded in acquiring the knowledge he was in search of.

In Playfair's version he is "one Richard Foley, a nailer, and rather addicted to the ale-house." He is said to have been one day drinking when his wife entered to tell him that the cow was seized for rent.

"Up rose Richard, and swore that he should never be told so again, and away he went, and was not seen again for three years, when he returned from *Holland* with the invention of the slitting mill. He had worked his passage out there, and maintained himself by begging, and playing on a *flute*. In this manner he went at intervals, in the habit of a mendicant, and with the counterfeited appearance of an idiot, to the slitting mill where no strangers were allowed to enter.

"The foolish piper was not admitted for a great length of time, but after two years returning at intervals, always longer and longer, he was let in, and saw the nature of the machine, which indeed is all that is necessary to see in order to get it made. When he returned to England, he soon found monied people to support him; for it is clear he must have been a man of great mind and ingenuity.

"Before he died he built and endowed an hospital, still maintained, on a great scale for an individual."

This affair is said to have happened in the reign of Charles II, whereas Richard Foley died before the Restoration; and as early as the year 1616 was of sufficient social importance to be deemed worthy to fill the office of Mayor of his *native* town, Dudley. Moreover the hospital of which Playfair speaks was built and endowed by his son Thomas in the year 1670.

According to his monument in Oldswinford church Foley was aged 77 at his death in 1657. This would place his birth in or about the year 1580. There is no difficulty, therefore, in identifying him with "Richard sonne to Richard Foly," who was baptized at Dudley in that year; and it is certain that he lived at Dudley until about the year 1630, when he removed to Stourbridge.

There is no doubt that his father was "Richard Fooley, of Duddleley, Nayler," whose will was proved at Worcester, March 4, 1600.

The testator directs his body to be buried in the parish church-yard of St. Thomas in Dudley, and he gives to Anne his wife two kine, a heifer, a bolster, a pillow, and his best brass pot. "To the four children I had by her two weynling calves and two pieces of pewter. To my daughter Katherine Robynson my white-faced heifer, and the greate cheste that standeth in Gerry Smith's shop." To his two sons John and Edward Fooley, feather beds, &c. Residue to Richard Fooley, his son, whom he appoints sole executor. Richard Shawe, of Dudley, and John Fooley, testator's brother, to be overseers.

The following entries occur in the Dudley¹ registers:—

1577, Dec. 24, Katharen dau. to Richard Foly bapt.

1580,² *Richard sonne to Richard Foly bapt.*

1584, Dec. 13, Edward son to Richard Foley bapt.

1594, Oct. 9, Thomas Mason and Katherine Foley married.

The last entry refers, undoubtedly, to Richard's daughter Katherine Robinson, for I learn from other sources that Mason was "*alias* Robinson."

The long will of "Richard Foley, of Stourbridge, in the county of Worcester, Gent.," is dated 27 June, 1657, and was proved in London on the 7th of December following by Alice

¹ Margery, wife to Richard Foly, was also buried there in February, 1588.

² Month and day illegible.

his relict and sole executrix. Besides his children, &c., &c., he mentions his brother John, then deceased, and his—testator's—godson Richard, son of his brother Edward. He also names the mansion in the town of Stourbridge erected by him in which he then lived, and lands in Oldswinford and Stourbridge purchased of Samuel Holtofte, John Rocke, and Nicholas Addenbrooke. Likewise lands in Kinver, Dudley, Rowley, &c. His overseers were his sons Thomas and Robert, and his sons in law Edward Tyson and Henry Glover. The will is attested by Daniel Titterie, John Plimley, Thomas Jewkes, and Roland Alport.

John, the brother, whose baptism I have not found, was also a nailer at Dudley. He made his will on August 8, 1641, and it was proved at Worcester in October, 1648. He gives to his children, Edward, John, Richard, and Alice, five shillings each, and his dwelling house, with stable, shops, orchards, barns, &c., in Dudley, to his well-beloved wife Alice, whom he makes sole executrix. His brother Richard to be overseer: and the inventory was made (*inter alios*) by "Richard Foley, of Stourbridge, yeoman."

Richard Foley was twice married. I have not been able to discover the name and parentage of his first wife, but he had issue by her:—

1. Richard, baptized at Dudley, 27 March, 1608.
2. Katherine, married to ... Cumberlidge.
3. Margery, married at Dudley, Nov. 4, 1623, to William White.

The eldest son Richard is stated to have been thrice married, but was living at Longton Hall, Staffordshire, in 1682, without surviving male issue. "He had issue," says the pedigree in Nash, "Richard, who died s.p.: and Thomas, who married, and had one daughter." It appears from his father's will that his *first* wife was Margaret Brindley, the sister of his father's second wife, and that he had issue Richard, Josias, Thomas, Lydia, and Hannah the two latter being described as "daughters of the said Richard by his first wife Margaret Brinley." I find the following in the Dudley registers:—

1. Anne, dau. of Richard Foley, jun., bapt. 27 June, 1630; bur. 28 Jan., 1636-7.
2. Richard, son of the same, bapt. Feb. 16, 1631-2.
3. Josia, son of the same, bapt. Jan. 28, 1633-4.
4. Lydia, dau. of Richard and Margaret Foley, bapt. Oct. 1, 1635.
5. Hanna, dau. of the same, bapt. May 30, 1637.
6. Thomas, son of the same, bapt. June 18, 1639.

The second wife of Richard Foley, the elder, was Alice, daughter of William Brindley, of Willenhall, and sister of George Brindley, of the Hyde, Kinver, co. Stafford, ironmaster; by her, who was buried at Oldswinford, May 28, 1663, aged 75, he had

the following further issue ; all, except John and Samuel, baptized at Dudley—

1. Anne, bapt. Sept. 21, 1611 ; mar. at Oldswinford, May 28, 1632, to William Normansell, of Wolverhampton.

2. Edward, bapt. Oct. 24, 1613. According to the pedigrees he was mar. but died s.p. "Edward Foley, gent.," was bur. at Dudley, May 12, 1656 ; and several children of Edward and Mary Foley were bapt. there.

3. Priscilla, bapt. Dec. 17, 1615. She was mar. first, at Oldswinford, Nov. 23, 1635, to Excehiel Wallis,¹ of Bristol ; and secondly, about 1665, to Henry Glover,² of Stourbridge. She was buried at Oldswinford, April 6, 1687.

4. Thomas, bapt. Dec. 7, 1617, the founder of Oldswinford Hospital. He purchased Witley Court and numerous other landed estates, and was grandfather of the first Lord Foley. According to his monument in Witley church, he was born Dec. 3, 1617, and died Oct. 1, 1677.

5. Honor, bapt. Dec. 30, 1619 ; mar. to Henry Pretty.

6. Margaret, bapt. May 27, 1622 ; mar. to Edward Tyson.

7. Robert, bapt. Sept. 19, 1624. He was of Stourbridge, and served the office of Sheriff of Worcestershire in 1671, in which year he had a grant of an augmentation to his arms ;³ from him sprang the Foleys of Stourbridge, now extinct. He was buried at Oldswinford, Dec. 1, 1676.

8. Samuel, of Ireland. His baptism has not been found either at Dudley or Oldswinford. For his issue and descendants see Nash and the Peerages.

9. Sarah, bapt. April 7, 1629 ; married first to John Baker, (son of Gregory Baker of Stourbridge), and secondly to George Hill both of Bridgnorth.

10. John, bapt. at Oldswinford, July 20, 1631 ; a turkey mer-

¹ The name of "Ezekiell Wallis" occurs in the list of Bristol men who were disclaimed at the Visitation of Somersetshire in 1623. (*Hurl. Society's* edition, p. 146.) In the 'Gentleman's Magazine,' for October, 1812, p. 343, is a letter from Lord Foley, dated 1713, to John Baxter, his agent, concerning iron. Baxter, in reply, suggests that his lordship should write "to Mr. Wallis to inform you how the rates go at Bristol fair." Robert Foley, of Stourbridge, in a letter dated 1663, refers to his "kinsman, Mr. Richard Wallis." (See my "Heraldry of Worcestershire," p. 533.) A Samuel Wallis attests a Foley deed of 1698.

² Henry Glover founded a charity at Stourbridge, known as "Glover's Charity." He was buried at Oldswinford, Nov. 6, 1689. His will is dated Sept. 3, 1689, but was not proved till Nov. 2, 1717. He had, by Priscilla his wife, the following issue, bapt. at Oldswinford :—

Henry, born Jan. 23, and bapt. Feb. 12, 1655-6.

Priscilla, born Dec. 31, 1657, and bapt. 19th Jan. following.

Hannah, born Dec. 5, and bapt. Dec. 27th, 1658.

On 21st Nov., 1681, "Mrs. Yates, Esq. and Mrs. Priscilla Glover" were mar. They had issue Priscilla, bapt. Jan. 20, 1684-5, and Henry, bapt. 21 May, 1686.

Abigail, the wife of Mr. Henry Glover, was bur. June 25, 1688 ; and "Mrs. Hannah Glover" was bur. May 26, 1729.

³ See 'Genealogist,' ii, 37.

chant, unmarried and aged 50, in 1682. He was "of Stourbridge, Esq.," in 1678.

The subsequent history of the Foley family will be found in the pages of Nash and Shaw and in the various Peerages.

I copy the following from an old manuscript¹ in my possession: "FOLEY OF WHITLEY beareth Argent, a fess ingrailed betwene three cinquefoyles within a border sable. This family hath had great fortune, for the world hath favoured them soe that from a meane estate they are rose to great possessions. Master Foly, now living, hath bene promoted firste to be High Sheriff of the countie, and knight of the shire in Oliver that usurper's time."

Richard Foley sealed two deeds (*penes me*) dated respectively 1646 and 1648,² with these arms impaling Per pale, a chevron between three escallops, for *Brindley*;³ but he was disclaimed at the Visitation of Worcestershire taken in 1634, as was also his son Richard, of Longton, at the Staffordshire Visitation in 1663-4. How these arms were acquired does not appear. In the grant of an augmentation to Robert Foley, in 1671, it is recited that he had "for some time borne" the said arms; and in the Harl. MS., 1172, is a note that "Thomas Foley, Esq., of Great Whitley Court, in Com. Wigorn, bears the Foley's arms without the augmentation."

To revert to the romantic story of Foley's discovery of the iron slitting secret,—there is very little doubt that the real hero of the story was a Brindley. Anyhow Dr. Wilkes, the Staffordshire antiquary, so states. "Here," he says (speaking of the *Hyde*) "was the first mill for rolling and splitting iron that was erected in England. One Brindley, whose posterity enjoyed it till about twenty years ago, went into Germany, there acted the part of a fool, and from thence brought this excellent machine, which has been so serviceable, and has brought so much money to this country." Dr. Wilkes was born in 1691 and died in 1760. As he lived at Willenhall he must have been personally acquainted with the Brindleys of that place. George Brindley, Foley's brother-in-law, lived at the Hyde; he was the son of William Brindley of Willenhall, and we learn from a pedigree in the Harl. MS. 2119, drawn up in 1637 by Randal Holme, for "Mr. Samuel Smyth, of Sutton Colfield," that William Brindley had four daughters, of whom three were married to Foleys, viz.: Alice, the eldest, to "Ric. Foley, of Stourbridge, co. Worcest.;" Margaret, the second, to "Rich'd Foley, of Dudley, son of Richard by his first wife;" and Johanna, the third, first to "Edward Foley, of Bristow, and secondly, to

¹ Cited in my "Heraldry of Worcestershire" as the "*Penn MS.*"

² In the deed of 1618 he is described as of Stourbridge, *gentman*, but in that of 1646 he is called "gentleman."

³ George Brindley of Kinver, was likewise disclaimed by Dugdale in 1664.

Thos. Jackson, of Bristow." The youngest daughter, Margaret, was the wife of the aforesaid Samuel Smyth.

The following wills and administrations will further illustrate the Foley pedigree:—

THOMAS FOLEY, of Chadwick, in the parish of Bromsgrove, co. Worcester, yeoman. Will dated 6 Feb., 1653, and proved at Westminster 29 April, 1654. Witnessed by Leonard Synson, Francis Westwood, and (the mark of) Francis Stubbs; mentions his "loving friend and kinsman Mr. Richard Foley, of Stourbridg, gent.;" his wife Margery; his sons Thomas and John; his six daughters, Agnes Foley, Catherine Foley, Christian Foley, Margery Foley, Mary Westwood, and Frances Bowyer; and his father-in-law, Francis Stubbs, who then occupied a farm at Chadwick, belonging to the testator; his wife Margery to be executrix, and the said Francis Stubbs and Richard Foley overseers (115 Alehin).

THOMAS FOLEY, of Chadwick, yeoman; will dated Dec. 3, 1667, and proved at Worcester, April 24, 1668; to Sarah his wife a bond for £100 "for payment of £50, with consideration for the same, wherein John Foley standeth bound unto me;" to his eldest son Thomas certain parcels of land, conditionally that he should pay to his younger brother William £100; to his son John certain other lands, conditionally that he should pay to his younger brother William £50; also to his son John—whom he appointed sole executor—all his goods and chattels. Overseers, William Russell, of Rowley, and John Foley, of Rowley.

JOHN FOLEY, of Rowley Regis, co. Stafford; administration granted at Worcester, June 23, 1668, to John his son.

JOHN FOLEY, of Rowley Regis, Nailor; administration granted at Worcester, Oct. 26, 1681, to Isabella, his relict.

ISABELLA FOLEY, of Rowley Regis, widow; administration granted at Worcester, April 19, 1697, to John Foley, yeoman, her son. Inventory taken Dec., 1696. John Parkes, of Rowley, Nailor, and John Smallwood, of the same place, Nailor, joined in the bond.

PYPER OF LAUNCESTON.

(Continued from p. 60).

LAWHITTON REGISTERS.

BURIALS.

1643. July. The 30th was buried Mrs Honour Colling¹ wid.
 1647. April. The 13th was Buried Arthur Piper gent.
 1655. September. The 15th was Buried Mrs Alice Piper in the Chancell.
 1661. December. The 11th was buried Susanna the daughter of Arthur
 piper gent in the Chancell.
 1674. April. Y^e 22th Katherine y^e wife of Arthur Piper.
 1676. Jan^y. Y^e 12th William son of Arthur Piper.
 1676. Jan^y. Y^e 17th Robert son of Arthur Piper.
 1677. May. Y^e 14th Robert y^e son of Arthur Piper.
 1677. March. Y^e 22th Phillip Piper Esqr.
 1679. November. Y^e 22th Mary Piper of Tresmarrow wid.
 1687. July. Y^e 26th Sr Hugh Piper Knight.
 1690. September. Y^e 3^d was buried Margaret y^e daughter of William
 Piper.
 1690. October. Y^e 10th Grace y^e daughter of William Piper
 1691. May. Y^e 21th William Piper labourer.
 1691. Novemb^r. Y^e 28th Grace Piper wid. of St Stephens.
 1700. April. 18th Mrs Hester Piper, wid.
 1704. January. Y^e 7 Lady Sibella Piper.
 1704. February 28. Anne daughter of Sampson Piper.
 1707. May. Y^e 16 Margaret Piper.
 1711. May. 23 Phillip son of Sampson Piper.
 1711. January. 3 Susannah dachter of Sampson Piper.
 1712. October. 23 Edward son of Sampson Piper.
 1712. Novemb. 1 Elis: wife of Hugh Piper, Esq^r.
 1716. May. Y^e 7th Elizabeth y^e wife of Sampson Piper day labourer.
 1722. Apr^l. 7th Joanna y^e daug: of Sampson Piper Day labourer.
 1750. Jan. Y^e 27th Sampson Pyper.
 1754. Oct. Y^e 29th Hugh Pyper Esq^r.

BAPTISMS.

1731. May. Y^e 24th Philip y^e son of Richard Vyvyan Esqr.
 1736. Feby. Y^e 12th Elizabeth y^e Daug: of Rich: Vyvyan Esq^t.
 1738. June. Y^e 27th Richard y^e son of Richard Vyvyan, Esq^r.

BURIALS.

1730. March. Y^e 5th Mary y^e daug: of Rich: Vyvyan.
 1738. Febr^y. Y^e 20th Elizabeth y^e daug: of Richard Vyvyan.
 1741. Aug. 13th James, ye son of Richard Vyvyan Esqr.
 1771. Jan^y. 18 Richard Vyvyan Esqr, Recorder.
 1771. May. 11 Philippa, widow of Richard Vyvyan Esqr.
 1774. July. 20 Edw^d Merrin Walter son of Philip Vyvyan Esq^r.
 1791. March. 27th Philip Vyvyan Esq^r.

¹ Dau. of Sampson Piper gent. bapt April 28 1573.

Monumental Inscriptions.

On a flat stone now in the pathway outside the chancel door is—

Here lies the Body
of Arthur the
son of Captaine
Hugh Piper gent.
and Marie his wife, who
was the daughter of
Captain John Esteott
Alderman & twice Mayor
of this Town, he was
buried the first² day of
Nouember An^o 1612.

A slab, in the floor of the north aisle, has the following—

Here lyeth the body of
Thomas Collings gent who
maried Honner ye daughter
of Sampson Piper gent and
was buried the 15 day
of May 1614.

Below is a quartered shield—

1st & 4th [Sable] on a chev. between three doves [argt.]
five gutteés de sang. (Collins, of Devon.)

2nd & 3rd [Argt.] a chev. between three magpies, ppr. (Piper.)

At the north-east angle of the north chancel aisle is a large mural
monument of marble, surmounted with the Piper hatchment, viz. —

Quarterly. 1st, Argt., a chev. Sa. between three magpies ppr.—(Piper.)

2nd, Argt., a chev. between three birds Sa, a fable of three
points, Gu.

3rd, Argt., two bars, and a canton, Azure. (Parr?)

4th, Erm., a fleur-de-lis, Sa, on a chief of the second, an
estoile, Or. (Gaer.)

Then follows the first inscription, behind the figures of Sir Hugh, in
armour, and his lady, kneeling at a small desk—

HERE lies the body
of Colonel ^{S^r} HUGH PIPER K^t
Lieutenant Governour of the Royal Citadel
and Island of PLYMOUTH, Captain of the Castle of Exon,
Constable of the Castle of LAUNCESTON,
one of his Majesties Justices of the Peace,
For the Counties of DEVON & CORNWALL;
an Alderman and Representative in Parliament
For the Borough of DUNHEVID.

He served in the Civil Wars, as an Ensign, Lieutenant, and
Cap^t under ^{S^r} RICHARD & ^{S^r} BEVILL GRANVILLE K^t
at the Siege of PLYMOUTH, the Battles of Stratton and Lansdown,
where he was wounded in the Neck, & Thigh & shot throo
the Shoulder. His Estates were sequestrated to the Rump
Parliament for his Loyalty to his Master and Injured
SOVEREIGN, KING CHARLES the FIRST.
He died July 24th 1687, aged 70.

¹ The top line has been cut off.

² The Register has "the second day."

Near Him is Buried DAME SIBELLA His Wife (a
Daughter of JOHN PARR of the CITY of EXETER Gent)
Who Died Jan'y 4th 1704 Aged 83.

Below the two kneeling figures—

HERE lies the body of Cap^t PHILLIP PIPER (Son of
S^r HUGH PIPER Kn^t & Dame SIBELLA his Wife)
Constable of the Castle of LAUNCESTON and
an Alderman of this BOROUGH. He married
MARY Daughter of HUMPHRY GAER
of PLYMOUTH, Gent., by Whom he had
Two Sons HUGH and GRANVILLE.
He Died March 21st 1677, Aged 32.

On a tablet near the former—

SACRED to the MEMORY
of RICHARD VYVYAN of TRESMALLOW
in the County of CORNWALL Esq^r
(Second Son of S^r RICHARD VYVYAN
of TRELWARREN Bar^t)
Barrister-at-Law and Recorder of LAUNCESTON
who died Jan^y 14th 1771.
Aged 69.

NEAR him lies PHILLIPPA his Wife
Daughter and Heiress of HUGH PYPER Esq^r
who died May 7th 1771,
Aged 67.

NEAR them are the Remains
of MARY ELIZth & JAMES their children
& E. M. W. VYVYAN their Grandson,
who died in their Infancy.

BENEATH this stone
are deposited the remains of HUGH PYPER
of TRESMALLOW
in the County of CORNWALL Esq^r
(Eldest Son of PHILLIP PYPER Esq^r
and Grandson of S^r HUGH PYPER Kn^t)
who departed this life
Oct^{br} 25th 1754
Aged 83.

NEAR him lies ELIZABETH his Wife
(Daughter of SHELSTON CALMADY of LAYWOOD
in the County of DEVON, Esq^r)
who died Oct^{br} 27th 1712.
Aged 39.

In the north aisle is a large monument, reaching from the pavement to the roof, of coloured and veined marbles, with full length figures of Faith, Hope, and Charity, Justice and Truth. On the top are marble busts of Rich. Wise and Granville Pyper, with two shields, one bearing: Sable, three chevrons, Erm. (Wise); the other, Arg., a chevron between three magpies, Sable (Pyper). The centre has the following—

Cenotaphium
 Granvilli Pyper, Armigeri,
 Et Ricardi Wise, Generosi,
 Hujus Municipii quondam Aldermanorum,
 Quorum Reliquiæ mortales Bathoniæ
 In Agro Somersettensi sitæ sunt.
 Vtque Vnanimis et conjunctissimi Sua Vita fuerunt,
 Ita post mortem jam non sunt divisi,
 Fidissimum Anicorum Par.
 Ille, cum ad tenendam suam Sanitatem
 Bathoniæ concesset. Phuritide correptus
 Ibidem obiit Aprilis xvjth, A.D. MDCCVII^{mo}
 .Ætatis XXXVII^{mo}.
 Hic Launcestoniæ moriens Julii xxvii^{mo}
 A:D: MDCCXXVI; .Ætatis LXIV^{to},
 Bathoniæ juxta sineres Domini Amantissimi
 Et charissimi suos deponi Voluit.
 Hoc Cenotaphium (Monumentum mutui eorum Anoris,
 Et Summæ suæ Observantiæ,
 Munificentissimumque Semper coluit)
 Supremis tabulis hic fieri jussit
 Richardus Wise, Gen^{us}
 Vt igitur tam piis Mandatis satisfacerent
 Marmor hoc,
 Vtriusque Memoriam Sacrum posuerunt jus Heredes
 Philippus Welsh et Gulielmus Couch,
 Generosi.

In Bath Abbey Church is this inscription over the remains of
 Granville Piper—

Hic Subtus Jacet
 GRANVILLE PYPER,
 Nuper de Madford, Juxta Launceston, in Agro Cornub. Ar.
 Phillippi Pyper, Armi: filius natu minimus, et
 Hugonis Pyper mil: non ita pridem munimenti apud Plumthum
 et Insulæ adjacentis, Prefecti, Nepos.
 VIR
 Ingenij viridi et Elegantis Genij benigni et amæni
 Gestus decori gratissima comitatis temperie Venerandi,
 Amicitie cordate, fide amiceissimæ, Qui cum
 Convalescente gratia, has solis aquas inviserit primo in
 Molimine fatiscens In ipso .Ætatis flore malignâ
 Decusus, et brevi oppressus mortalitatem exiit,
 Aprilis die decimo sexto, Ano .Ætatis Supra xxx
 currente octavo, Salutis reparatæ MDCCXVII.
 Cujus memoriam Sacrum, hoc devotissimi pectoris
 Monumentum lubens mærensq' posuit
 RICHARDUS WISE.

CALENDAR OF LAMBETH WILLS.

(Continued from p. 32.)

Latimer, William. Gyseburne in Clyveland.	1381	108 ^b Sudbury.
Launde, Robert, Knt. Citizen of London.	1367	209 ⁱ Courteney.
Lauder, <i>see</i> Eastlaunder.		
Leciter, William, of Barwicke pryor, co. Oxon, husbandman.	1569	276 ^b Parker, P. i.
Leche-ford, Henry, of Charlewode.	1386	229 ^b Courteney.
Leese, Dyonisia atte, relict of William atte Leese.	1404	214 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Lennia, William, Bishop of Worcester. Buried at Chichester.	13.3	129 ^a Whittleseye.
Lerchedeken, Martin. Canon of Exeter.	1430	435 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Leserop, Richard, Knt. Dñs de Bolton.	1401	202 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Leserop, Roger. Dñs de Bolton.	1403	204 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Leserop, Stephen. Dñs de Bentley.	1405	40 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Lese, dña Lora ate.	1378	100 ^b Sudbury.
Lese, Thomas, of Little Purlond.	1415	64 ^a Stafford.
Levendele, Frances, of St. John Baptist, Isle of Thanet, taylour.	1583	271 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Leverer, Richard, Esq. Weston Colvyte.	1426	402 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Leveringe, John, of Henton St. George, husbandman.	1591	442 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Leverton, Alan. Rector of Harietsham.	1429	414 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Levesson, Katherine, of Great Yarmouth.	1445	65 ^b Stafford.
Lewenthorp, John.	1435	454 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Lexham, Thomas de. Canon of Hereford.	1382	203 ^b Courteney.
Leybourn, Juliana de. Countess of Huntingdon.	1367	115 ^a Langham.
Leyke, Robert, of Wyneton. (Probate only).	1413	191 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Leyng, John, of Batesford, co. Suffolk.	1410	191 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Leyston, John, of Bergh.	1499	55 ^a Morton.
Lichfeld, Thomas de. Citizen of Worcester.	1394	176 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Lisle, John Viscount, Kt.	1452	312 ^b Kempe.
Littel, Edward, of Plompstead, Kent, husbandman.	1553	135 ^b Cranmer.
Lodelowe, Agnes de. (Probate only).	1387	226 ^b Courteney.
Lombe, William, senr., of Wymondham.	1497	39 ^b Morton.
Londesdale, Robert, Esq., of Norwich.	1416	138 ^b Stafford.
Longe, Richard, of Lavington Forum.	1590	417 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Lorch, William, of New Wyndesore.	1407	51 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Loryng, William. Canon of Salisbury.	1415	290 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Lot, John.		116 ^a Langham.
Lotoft, John, of the Bishopric of Ely.	1105	229 ^a Arundel, P. i.

Love, William. Rector of Sybbesdenne.	1437	463 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Love, John, the younger, of Gowthurste, co. Kent, yeoman.	1559	309 ^a Parker, P. i.
Lovel, Gawen, of Wretton.	1499	37 ^a Morton.
Lovell, John. Dñs Lovell and Holond.	1408	255 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Lovell, John, of Stysted in Deanery of Bocking, husbandman.	1590	275 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Lovelich, John. Rector of St. Alphege, Canterbury.	1438	463 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Loveyne, Nicholas, Knt. Poplar. Pens- hurst.	1375	86 ^a Sudbury.
Lownde, Adam, of Kesynghond, Baxter.	1496	60 ^b Morton.
Lucy, Lady Alienore, late wife of Sir Walter, Kt. Greyfriars, Worcester.	1445	156 ^a Stafford.
Luddham, John. Rector of Godmersham.	1389	236 ^a Courtney.
Lynde, William, of Stokelisle, co. Oxford.	1452	267 ^a Kempe.
Lyndefeld, John. Archdeacon of Chichester.	1440	472 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Lyndewode, John. Lyndewode.	1419	330 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Lyndewode, William. Bishop of St. Davids.	1443	142 ^b Stafford.
Lyndvych, John. Haverill.	1408	106 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Lyngg, Richard de. Archdeacon of Nor- wich.	1355	337 ^a Islep.
Lynne, John, of Martham.	1445	60 ^a Stafford.
Lynton, Thomas de. Rector of Clyve near Rochester.	1387	225 ^b Courteney.
Lyonne, Margaret wife of Thomas. Ash- ton, Somerset.	1402	195 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Lypizate, Nicholas, of Wells.	1405	223 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Lyster, John, of Bauham.	1445	71 ^a Stafford.
Lyster, Roger. Citizen of Norwich.		
Machon, John. Upwell.	1499	21 ^a Morton.
Madoc, Llewellen. Son of Bishop of St. Asaph.	1373	88 ^b Sudbury.
Madocke, Edward, of Teynton, co. Ox- ford, yeoman.	1560	51 ^a Parker, P. ii.
Makenade, William de. Preston juxta Faversham.	1407	242 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Makerell, John.	1423	363 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Maldonn, John. Provost of Oriel.	1401	198 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Malyns, Reginald, of Henton.	1430	426 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mandion, John, of Leyham.	1403	205 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Mankywell, Thomas. Brideport.	1415	111 ^b Stafford.
Manny, Walter de, Knt. Charterhouse, London.	1372	120 ^b ; littleseye.
Marache, John. Canterbury.	1420	336 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Marchaunt, Hugh. Citizen of London.	1452	269 ^a Kempe.
Marchaunt, William. Idenne.	1422	370 ^b Chichele, P. i.

Marche, Margaret, of Lenn, [Lynn.] W ^o late wife of William Marche.	1498	25 ^b Morton.
Marche, William of the. South Yarmouth.	1413	195 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Marcheson, Percival. Merchant of Genoa.	1411	168 ^b Stafford.
Markele, Robert. Citizen of London.	1420	341 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Marker, Thomas, of Beccles.	1493	24 ^b Morton.
Marshall, Thomas. Wexchaundler of Canterbury.	1418	335 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Marshall, Robert. Citizen and grocer of London.	1416	152 ^a Stafford.
Martyn, John, of Wramplyngham.	1415	72 ^a Stafford.
Martyn, Fernand. Merchant of Vernieu in Biskaye.	1411	127 ^a Stafford.
Martyn, John, of Wurmegay.	1498	10 ^a Morton.
Martyn, Robert, of Westerham, gent.	1558	68 ^b Post mort. Poli.
Martyn, William. Lostwithiel, Cornwall.	1493	131 ^a Morton.
Mascall, Robert. Bishop of Hereford.	1416	300 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mason, Thomas, of Shropham.	1415	71 ^b Stafford.
Mason, John, of co. Oxford, husbandman. Horlye.	1571	65 ^b Parker, P. ii.
Mason, Robert, of Maghfeld in Sussex.	1558	10 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Massell, Thomas, of Much Peringdon in Essex.	1559	89 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Massenger, Thomas. Rector of Schymp- lyng.	1199	37 ^a Morton.
Masters <i>alias</i> Weaver, John, of Bicknell in parish of Staple.	1592	411 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Mattesson <i>alias</i> Soler, Thomas, of Monas- tery of St. Benedict Hulme.	1445	72 ^b Stafford.
Mathewe, William, of Goosley, co. Berks.	1593	399 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Mauresward, Margaret. Brampton juxta Dyngle.	1125	387 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mauro, Ela de Sancto, dña de Santo Mauro. Staverdall.	1409	43 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Maydenhith, John. Dean of Chichester.	1407	240 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Maygood, Ralph, of Wyghton.	1415	59 ^b Stafford.
Mayhewe, William, of Whelpstede.	1499	54 ^a Morton.
Mayrer, Thomas, of Wygentale.	1445	67 ^a Stafford.
Maynard, John, of Wythiam, Sussex.	1580	129 ^a Gryndall.
Meateaffe, John, of Tenterden.	1560	309 ^a Parker, P. i.
Medeford, Richard. Bishop of Salisbury.	1107	237 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Medeford, Walter. Dean of Wells.	1421	359 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Medlue, John. Esclyngham.	1102	199 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Melchison, Ralph. Vicar of Wrotham.	1401	207 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Mendury, Simon. Canon of Salisbury.	1123	363 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Mempase, Nicholas, of Holie Crosse near unto the Walles of the citie of Canter- burie.	1581	139 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Mew, John. Eastpeckham.	1420	311 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mersdon, John. Rector of Thurkeston.	1121	390 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Michell, Nicholas. St. Thomas Aqueduct, London.	1118	177 ^a Stafford.

Michell, Thomas, of Norwood.	1607	223 ^b Baucroft.
Michell, Johann, of Wallbery-swyk,	1498	56 ^b Morton.
Michell, Johann, widow of Andrew Mn. and of Thomas Roche, St. Mary, Wol- noth.	1453	282 ^a Kempe.
Middleton, Thomas, Rector of Multon.	1381	195 ^a Courtenay.
Mille, Christian atte, wife of Nicholas. Fyfedo Nevile.	1421	363 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Mille, Edmund.	1452	307 ^a Kempe.
Milreth formerly Cokayn, Beatrix, relict of Will ^m Alderman of London.	1448	165 ^b Stafford.
Milton, William. Dean of Chichester.	1424	374 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Milton, John. Rector of St. Sampson, Cricklelade. (Probate only)	1407	75 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Mohun, <i>see</i> Moun.		
Moldyne, Robert, Citizen and Bruar of of Christchurch in London within Newegate.	1558	82 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Molton, <i>see</i> Beeston.		
Mone, Geoffrey. St. Clement Danes.	1447	162 ^b Stafford.
Mone, Guy. Bishop of St. David's.	1407	246 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Mongomery, John, Knt. St. Mary Graces, London.	1445	175 ^a Stafford.
Monter, Robert. Clerk of the Hanaper.	1449	186 ^b Stafford.
Montravers, Agnes, dña. London.	1374	78 ^b Sudbury.
Montacute, Thomas de. Earl of Salisbury.	1427	406 ^a Chicheley, P. i.
Montefort, Peter de, Knt. Lord Beau- desert.	1369	111 ^a Whittleseye.
Moor, John. Citizen of Norwich.	1413	195 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Moore, John a, of Thorp.	1499	58 ^a Morton.
More, Thomas, clerk. London.	1119	349 ^b Chichele, P. i.
More, Thomas atte, of Chalucroft in parish of Pageham.	1374	78 ^a Sudbury.
Mores, John.	1558	57 ^b Post mort. Poli.
Morgan, David, of Llandaff.	1564	180 ^a Parker.
Morgan, Philip. Bishop of Ely.	1435	454 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Morgyll, John, of Heathfeld.	1559	54 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Morle, William de, Knt. Hallingbourn Magna.	1379	101 ^b Sudbury.
Morlee, Cecilia de. Dña de Aldely.	1386	221 ^a Courtenay.
Morlee, Anne, dña de. Norwich.	1426	400 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Morten, Richard.	1611	276 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Mortimer, Hugh, Esq. Tewkesbury.	1115	292 ^b Chichele, P. i.
*Mortimer, Esmon de. Earl de la Marche.	1382	188 ^a Courtenay.
*Mortimer, Phillippa de. Countess de la Marche.	1381	189 ^b Courtenay.
Motte, John, the elder. Foxley.	1383	207 ^a Courtenay.
Mottisfont, John. Vicar of Lyde.	1420	310 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Mottrum, Adam de. Precentor of Salis- bury.	1415	277 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Moun, Johanne de, dña. de Doumster.	1404	218 ^b Arundel, P. i.

Mountagu, Elizabeth. Countess of Salisbury.	1414	268 ^b Chicheley, P. i.
Mountagu, John. Brother of the Earl of Salisbury.	1388	236 ^b Courtenay.
Mountagn, William. Earl of Salisbury.	1387	159 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Mountforte, John, Knt.	1451	302 ^a Kempe.
Mounke, Thomas, of Merkishall (Probate only).	1413	193 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
*Mowbray, John. Duke of Norfolk. Axholme, Lincolnsh.	1432	434 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Moysen, William, of Bromleigh in Kent, yeoman.	1559	61 ^b Post mort. Poli.
Mugge, William. Dean of Windsor.	1380	201 ^b Courtenay.
Mulburne, John. Salisbury.	1419	327 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mulsho, Henry. Gedyngton.	1425	401 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mulso, Thomas, of Newton parva, co. Northampton.	1444	131 ^a Stafford.
Multon, Thomas, of Crowmere.	1498	29 ^b Morton.
Mulward, Richard. Burgess of Kerlion in Wales. [Caerleon, co. Monmouth &]	1422	358 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Mundys, Olyve, W ^o , of Norwich.	1499	45 ^b Morton.
Muskham, Robert de. Parson of church of Overe.	1385	214 ^b Courteney.
Muston, John. Foderinghey.	1430	423 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Myddleton, William, the elder, of Westham in Kent, Esq.	1557	62 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Mycheil, William, of Harple.	1499	46 ^a Morton.
Myller, Agnes, of Clapton, in parish of Crewkerne.	1589	445 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Myllynchop, John, of Eye.	1538	103 ^a Cranmer
Mynot, William. Ippiswiche.	1498	13 ^a Morton.
Mynteron, John, of Weston in Zoylande	1591	436 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Nashe, Nicholas, of Newe Windsor, tanner	1590	409 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Neale, Thomas. Pymore, Midlx.	1443	121 ^a Stafford.
Neel, William. Citizen of Chichester.	1418	316 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Nevill, Thomas. Dñs de Fernevall.	1406	235 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Newton, Richard, Kt. Judge of the Common Pleas. Yatton.	1449	169 ^a Stafford.
Newall, Richard, of Clybury Mortimer.	1558	35 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Newedegate, John (Probate only).	1387	226 ^b Courtenay.
Newenton, Geoffrey. West Wickham.	1400	179 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Newman, Margaret w ^o of Thomas.	1445	62 ^b Stafford.
Newman, Robert, of Therston.	1445	68 ^b Stafford.
Newman, Thomas, of Maghfeld.	1557	10 ^b Post mort. Poli.
Nicholls, John, of Aston Keynes, co. Wilts.	1591	113 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Nichole, Thomas de Sancto, Knt.	1375	79 ^a Sudbury.
Nicholas, Rector of Orpyngton.	1371	119 ^a Whittleseye.
Nicolas alias Toppe William, clerk.	1452	258 ^b Kempe.
Nicols, Benedict. Bishop of St. Davids.	1433	438 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Nobys, John, of Caston.	1498	15 ^a Morton.

Noion, William. Rector of Hadenham.	1405	22 ^{1a} Arundel, P. i.
Noke, William. Rector of St. Peter, Walvingford.	1426	393 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Nolly, John, Cap ^{ns} (Probate only).	1413	19 ^{1b} Arundel, P. ii.
Noon, Isabell, wife of Sir Edmund, Knt.	1406	540 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Noon, Edmund, Knt. Shelfang.	1413	198 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Norman, Watir, of Bonewelle.	1499	27 ^b Morten.
Norman, Richard, of Nunnington, hus- bandman.	1589	267 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Northburgh, Michael. Canon of Chichester	1384	207 ^b Courtenay.
Northern, Bartholomew. Rector of Blyk- lyng and Rollesby.	1499	38 ^b Morten.
Northew, Simon. Canon of Chichester.	1428	409 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Northwode, John, Knt.	1378	100 ^b Sudbury.
Norton, Andrew, of Southelmham.	1499	56 ^a Morten.
Norton, Clement, of the town ⁶ of Aus- trop, co. York, yeoman.	1589	270 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Norton, Elizabeth, late wife of Richard Norton. Burnham.	1498	26 ^a Morten.
Norton, Thomas. St. Peter, Bristol.	1449	184 ^b Stafford.
Norton, John, of Deptford, yeoman.	1552	135 ^a Cramer.
Norton, Richard. Rector of St. Mary at Stronde, London.	1384	207 ^b Courtenay.
Notte, Thomas. Vicar of Gasely, co. Suffolk.	1498	27 ^a Morten.
Norwich, Bp. of. <i>See</i> Alexander.		
Olton, David. Vicar of Kirketon in Holland.	1439	267 ^a Kempe.
Olyett, John, of Denver.	1559	154 ^b Parker.
Olyver, Thomas, of Burwasse.	1559	50 ^b Post mort. Poli.
Ondeby, John, clerk. Flunstede.	1413	202 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Orchard, John. Cottelegh.	1447	164 ^a Stafford.
Orchard, Richard, of Everle.	1441	476 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ormesby, Mercy, wife of Arthur, Esq. Blackfriars, London.	1451	298 ^b Kempe.
Oryche, Thomas, of Rochester.	1558	60 ^a Post mort. Poli.
Osborne, John, of Bray, co. Berks, yeoman.	1591	411 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Ostler, Thomas, of Ware.	1396	161 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Ostriche, Thomas. St. Alban Wood St., London.	1452	279 ^b Kempe.
Osyn, Johann, w ^o , of London.	1452	283 ^a Kempe.
Oteleye, Robert. London.	1436	460 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Otery, Roger. Claverby.	1387	224 ^b Courtenay.
Oudeby, <i>see</i> Ondeby.		
Overay, Robert, of Newmarket.	1453	313 ^b Kempe.
Overton, Clement, of St. Nicholas at Wade in Isle of Thanet.	1439	479 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Overton, John, Esq.	1406	237 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Outon, Luke, of Newynden in Kent.	1589	266 ^a Whitgift, P. i.

Owen, Howell ap, of Aberiskire, co. Brecknock, yeoman.	1592	179 Whitgift, P. ii.
Oxenbregge, Nicholas. St. Laurence Pountney.	1429	418 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Pachet, John. St. Cross, Westgate, Canterbury.	1120	339 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Padyngton, John, Esq. St. Andrew Cornhill, London.	1452	273 ^b Kempe.
Page, John, of Voxham.	1415	71 ^b Stafford.
Paige, John, of Bennington.	1589	264 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Pakenham, Henry, senr. Stopham.	1409	105 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Pakenham, Henry, of Shropham.	1445	61 ^b Stafford.
Pakynon, William, Archdeacon of Canterbury.	1389	231 ^b Courtenay.
Palnere, Philip. Kedyngton.	1407	542 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Palmer, Robert, of Charle.	1590	443 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Palmer, Thomas. Aylesford.	1452	308 ^a Kempe.
Palmer, William, Esq.	1418	184 ^b Stafford.
Paunter, Richard, of co. Gloucester.	1125	387 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Parke, Margaret. Mateshale.	1415	70 ^b Stafford.
Parker, Richard. Rector of Newton.	1125	385 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Parker, Henry.	1412	164 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Parker, <i>see</i> Balescot.		
Parker, Roger. Citizen of Norwich.	1415	171 ^a Chichele, P. ii.
Parker, William, of Bethersden, in Kent.	1589	263 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Parnell, William, of Hatham.	1594	255 ^a Whitgift, P. ii.
Parrott, Thomas, of Much Morton.	1558	60 ^b Pole.
Parrott, Richard, of Moorton upon Lugg, husbandman.	1558	60 ^b Pole.
Parry, John. Canon of Hereford.	1414	264 ^a Chichele P. i.
Parrys, John, of Hedd.	1558	8 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Parsons, Isabel, of Chatwalle in par. Cardyton, W ^c .	1558	60 ^a Pole.
Passele, Edmund, Kut. Kenarlyntonc, Kent.	1326	158 ^a Reynolds.
Passelewe, Matthew. Citizen of London. (Two wills).	1386	222 ^a , 226 ^a Courtenay.
Passwater, <i>see</i> Possewater.		
Patman, John, of Southwold.	1498	56 ^b Morton.
Patrik, Reginald, of Wynchelsey.	1387	226 ^b Courtenay.
Patryngton, Stephen. Bishop of St. David's.	1117	310 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Paule, Walter, Kut.	1380	104 ^b Sudbury.
Paulo, Maria de Sancto. Braxted, co. Essex.	1376	96 ^a Sudbury.
Payn, Thomas, Esq. Rokeborne, Hauts.	1417	161 ^a Stafford.
Payn, Thomas. Vicar of Stowebydon.	1415	61 ^b Stafford.
Payn, Thomas. Anneport.	1416	306 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Peche, William. Caleys.	1396	161 ^a Arundel.

Peckham, John. Archbishop of Canterbury. ¹	1292	164 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Peeche, John. Citizen of London.	1380	105 ^b Sudbury.
Peert, Nicholas, of Norwich, cap ^t .	1498	11 ^a Merton.
Peke, John, of Takesle, co. Huntingdon.	1423	385 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Pekham, James, of Wrotham.	1400	176 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Pekham, Reginald. Wrotham.	1407	250 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Pekham, Alice wife of Reginald, Wrotham.	1407	251 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Pellam, John, Knt. Robertsbridge.	1428	411 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Pell, Clement, of Maghfield, co. Sussex, yeoman.	1607	158 ^a Baneroft.
Penton, Roger, of Hornyngesham.	1152	268 ^b Kempe.
Penwortham, Henry, clerk. Registrar Archiep. Cant.	1438	472 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Percy, Thomas. Bishop of Norwich.	1369	105 ^b Whittleseye.
Perot, Hugh. North Currey, Somerset.	1411	487 ^a Chicheley, P. i.
Perott, John, of Holt Market.	1497	25 ^a Merton.
Pescod, Richard, of Themythorp.	1499	20 ^a Merton.
Petegrewe, Thomas, of Kesgrave.	1498	59 ^a Merton.
Peverell, Katherine, widow of Sir Andrew.	1375	90 ^a Sudbury.
Pewterer, Hugh. Blandford Forum.	1449	185 ^b Stafford.
Peyke, John, of Puckington, co. Somerset, husbandman.	1591	145 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Peyke, Thomas, of Lynn Ep ⁱ .	1445	69 ^b Stafford.
Philipp, William. D ^{ns} de Bardolf.	1438	480 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Philippe, William ap John, of Erevyll, Salop.	1559	177 ^b Parker.
Philipp, Symon, of Banham.	1445	71 ^a Stafford.
Philippes, <i>see</i> White.		
Philpys, William. Citizen of Bath.	1443	122 ^a Stafford.
Plawe, John, of Wrestwram.	1558	65 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Plesseley, Robert. Rector of Suthflete. St. Martin le Grand, London.	1368	123 ^a Langham.
Plumpton, Henry.	1558	170 ^b Parker.
Plumpton, John. Citizen of Norwich.	1415	170 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Pole, Michael de la. Earl of Suffolk. Hull.	1415	283 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Pole, William de la. Duke, &c., of Suffolk. Charterhouse, Hull.	1450	189 ^b Stafford.
Pole, William, of Harden.	1418	321 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Pollard, Barnabas, of Haringe in Kent.	1589	266 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Pollard, William. Parson of Tansor, in Northamptonshire.	1559	105 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Polton, Thomas. Bishop of Worcester. Brystelesham.	1432	438 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Ponde, Richard, of Yellynge, co. Middx.	1453	316 ^a Kempe.
Ponynges, Blauche d ^{na} de. Lewys.	1409	109 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Ponynges, Margaret, Lady (formerly Crowemer.) St. Martin Orgar, London.	1448	167 ^a Stafford.
Ponynges, Michael de, Knt. Ponynges.	1369	5 ^b , 98 ^a Whittleseye.

¹ Extract only.

Ponynges, Joan, wife of Sir Michael de Ponynges.	1369	100 ^b Whittleseye.
Ponynges, Thomas. Dñs de St. John. Boxgrave.	1428	405 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ponyngs, Thomas de, Knt.	46 Ed. III.	84 ^a Sudbury.
Ponynges, Richard. Dñs de Ponynges.	1387	223 ^b Courtenay.
Pope, Alice, of Eye, W ^o .	1499	51 ^b Morton.
Pope, Thomas. Burgess of Gloucester.	1400	174 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Pope, Thomas, of Foxley.	1499	28 ^b Morton.
Popham, Henry. Lymyngton.	1417	311 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Porter, John, of Eye.	1499	52 ^a Morton.
Possewater, Robert. Rector of Sampford, Somerset.	1414	203 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Postell, Richard. Canon of Salisbury.	1400	173 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Potter, Robert, of Caston.	1499	15 ^a Morton.
Potyn, William. Precentor of South- mallyng.	1402	192 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Pottyn, Nicholas.	1402	192 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Pountfreyt, William. Rector of St. Nicholas, Calais.	1411	150 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Poynes, John, senr., of North Wokendon, Essex.	1416	149 ^b Stafford.
Poyt, John. Rector of Estherlyng.	1407	541 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Praty, Richard. Bishop of Chichester.	1445	128 ^b Stafford.
Preiste, Edmond, of Pynnor in parish of Harrowe.	1615	272 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Preone, William de. Woolwich, Rector of Lymmyng, Kent.	1404	220 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Preston, Peter de. Citizen of London.	1377	99 ^a Sudbury.
Price, Symon. Citizen and Mercer of London.	1523	409 ^b Warham.
Prickesield, John, of Misterton in the parish of Crewkerne.	1590	446 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Priscotte, John, the elder, of Newport in the Isle of Wight.	1594	244 ^a Whitgift, P. ii.
Procurator, John, ecc'lie de Bisshop.		51 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Pryme, Amable, of Thriplowe, co. Cam- bridge.	1585	317 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Purdy, Richard. Rector of Ichyngham.	1498	11 ^b Morton.
Purdy, John, of Heylesdon juxta Nor- wich.	1445	62 ^a Stafford.
Puryamc, William, of Outwell.	1499	40 ^b Morton.
Pye, <i>see</i> Haussine.		
Pyell, Johann, w ^o of John, citizen of London.	1412	161 ^b Arundel, P. ii.

(To be continued.)

PEDIGREE OF CASTELION.

From the original illuminated roll in the possession of Egerton Leigh, of the West Hall, High Leigh, Clushire, Esq.

Peter Castelon of Thuren in Diamontt, married and had issue,=
 Arms: *Gules, a demisson rampant Or issuant from a tower Argent.*

John Baptista Castelon, Esquier, of Benam Valence in Comit. Barksh., one of ye gentlmen. of ye^e Maygett, daughter and priuey chamber to Q. Eliz., died ye^e 12 of febrüary & was buried at Spaine 17 of March 1597.
 Arms: *Gules, a demission rampant Or issuant from a tower Argent, a canton Ermine, impaling Or, a Fret Sable, in sinister chief a rose Gules, seeded Gold barbed Vert.*

Francis Castelon of Denam Valence in the Countie of Barkshire, = Elizabeth, daughter of Willm. Sanct John of ye Countie of Hamsh.
 Arms: Castelon and Compaigne quarterly impaling, *Argent, on a chief Gules two mullets Or a crescent Sable for difference.*

Elizabeth Castelon, first daughter [only child named in this pedigree].

Peter Castelió, 3th some, a Captain in Ireland, = Thomasin, daughter to Nofor Payton, Auditor of Ireland.
 Arms: Castelon and Compaigne, quarterly, in the center a mullet Sable for difference, impaling Sable on a cross engrailed Or a crescent of the field, in dexter canton a mullet Argent.

Payton Castelon, some and heire,

first daughter.

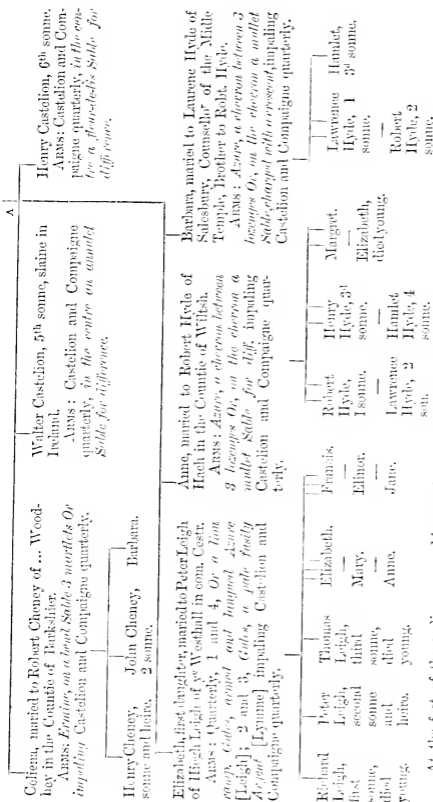
Valentien Castelon Second some.

Arms: Castelon and Compaigne quarterly, in the center a crescent Sable for difference.

Dowglass Castelon, fourth some, fellow of Magdelaine Colledge in Oxford.

Arms: Castelon and Compaigne quarterly, in the center a mullet Sable for difference.

A



At the foot of the pedigree an achievement:—

Arms: Quarterly, 1 and 4, Gules, a devil-lion rampant Or, issuant from a tower Argent, a canton Ermine [Castleton]; 2 and 3, Or, a bend Sable, in sinister chief a rose Gules, seeded Gold, barbed Vert [Compaigue]

Crest: On an eagle's beak, garnished Or, mantled Argent, beak-lod Gold, out of a round Or flames of fire proper, issuant therefrom a salamander's head Vert, breathing fire also proper.

Among Capt. Egerton Leigh's deeds are two relating to the marriage of Peter Leigh of High Leigh, Esq., and Elizabeth Castellion. The first of these is dated 14 November, 29 Elizabeth [1587], being an indenture "between John Baptist Castellion, one of the groomes of Her Majesty's preevie Chamber esquire of the one party and Peter Leigh of Highleigh co. Chester, esquire of the other party." It witnesses that the said Peter Leigh shall before "the feast of the Nativity of our Lord God next after the date hereof" marry "Elizabeth Castellion, daughter of the said John Baptist, if the laws of Holy Church will it permit and suffer." The marriage portion of Elizabeth Castellion was £400, which was to be paid in four instalments "at the new dwelling house of the said John Baptiste, being in Kinges Steect in the City of Westminster." Peter Leigh agrees to make a covenant with Henry Seckforde, Esq., Francis Castellion and Valentine Castellion, Gentlemen, settling an annuity of £80 on the said Elizabeth. The indenture is signed "By me Baptiste Castellion" and sealed with the Castellion arms, Peter Leigh, Valentine Castellion and others signing as witnesses. The other deed is an indenture dated 8 February, 30 Elizabeth [1587-8], made between "Peter Leighe of Highe Leighe, co. Chester, Esquire, of the one part and Henry Seckford of London, Esquire, Francis Castellion of London aforesaid, gent., and Valentyne Castellion of the Middle Temple, London, gent., of the other part." It settles certain lands in trust for the benefit of "Elizabeth Leigh now wife of the said Peter Leigh," as directed in the indenture of 14 November, 1587, which is mentioned. It is signed by "F. Castellion" and "Val. Castellion," and has two seals bearing the Castellion arms.

PENSARN, ABERGELE, N. WALES.

J. P. EARWAKER.

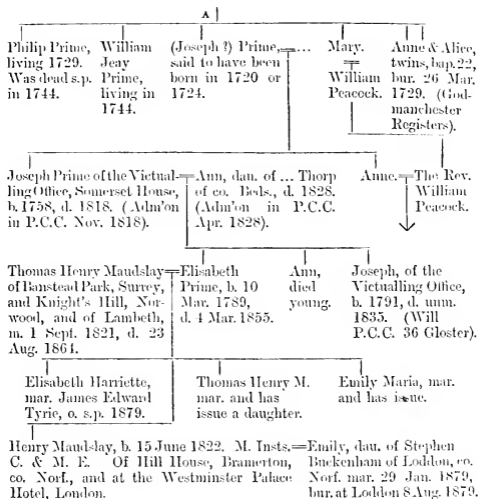
PRIME OF HUNTINGDON.

Mordaunt Chase of Milton = Mary = ... Risley,
Ernest, co. Beds. | ... 2 husband.

... Prime. = ... Sir Thomas Bromsall, Kt. = Elizabeth,
| | | dau. and heir.

Philip Prime of Hem- ingford Abbots, near Huntingdon. Adm'on granted to his widow, Mary Prime, 24 Feb. 1716. (Adm'on in P.C.C. 1716).	=	Mary, dau. of Sir Thos. Bromsall, and widow of Throgmorton. Mar. three times. Will pro. 1735. (P.C.C. 9 Ducie.)	=	William Jay, Mayor of Huntingdon in 1701. Third husband, d. 1727. Will pro. by his widow Mary Jay. (P.C.C. 112 Farrant.)
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Philip Prime of Godman- chester, Huntingdon. Will pr. 1729 by his mother, Mary Jay. (P.C.C. 84 Abbott).	=	...Robertson living 1729. {An Ellen Prime bur. at God- manchester 30 Mar. 1734.}	Samuel, living 1735.	Anne, living 1735.
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The foregoing pedigree has been compiled from wills and parish registers, and is, I venture to think, tolerably complete except as to two points:—First, I should like to obtain more information about (?) Joseph, son of the second Philip Prime, of whom we have no knowledge except from family letters; and, secondly, as to the parentage of the first Philip. It would appear that he was descended from the Primes of Normanton, Derbyshire, rather than from either the French family of De la Pryme of Cambridge, or the older one of Prime of Triploe and elsewhere in Cambridgeshire, as some of the wills of our family mention Derbyshire property, and there is a family tradition of a Major Prime, who came from the North, and raised a troop of horse for the assistance of King Charles during the Civil War; whilst at Dugdale's Visitation of Derbyshire in 1664 Major Prime of Normanton, perhaps the very same individual, was disclaimed. For any information bearing upon either of these points, or any part of the pedigree, I shall be very much obliged.

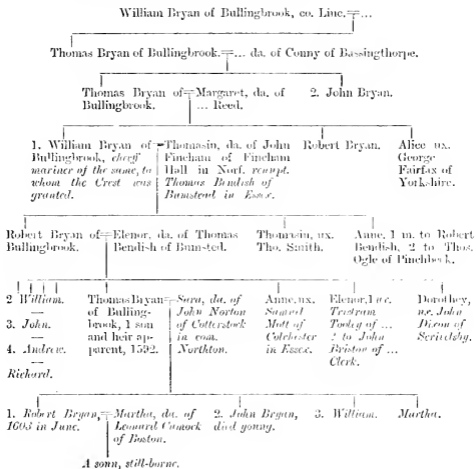
THE VISITATION OF LINCOLNSHIRE, 1592.

(Continued from Vol. v, page 317.)

BRYAN.

ARMS.—*Or, three piles meeting near the base Azure, within a bordure engrailed Ermine.*
 Another Coat, Bryan, impaling *Argent a chevron Sable between three roses' heads crused Azure* (Bendish).

CREST.—*A greyhound courant regardant Ermine, collared Or.*



BURGES.

Thomas Burges of Sevenoak, co. Kent. =...

Thomas Burges of Fenterden, co. Kent. =...

John Burges of Cattle Pytham, co. Linc. =...

John Burges of Creeton, co. Linc.

BURGIL

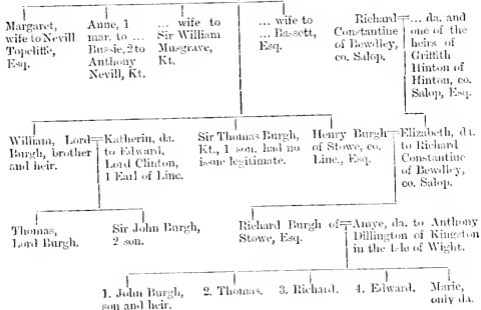
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, Azure, three fleurs de lis Ermine (Burgil). 2, Quarterly, one and four, Or, a lion rampant Azure charged with an annulet Argent, two and three, Or, three pales sable. 3, Gules, on a chevron Or three estoiles Sable (Cobham); in the fess point a rose Gules.

CHEST.—A falcon rising Ermine belled Or and ducally gorged Or charged on the breast with a rose Gules.

Sir Thomas Burgil, Kt. of the Garter. = Margaret, da. to Lord Roos.

Sir Edward Burgil, Kt., Lord of Geynburgh (Gainsborough). = Anne, da. and heir to Sir Thomas Cobham, Kt.

Thomas, Lord Burgil. = ... da. to ... Tyrwhitt.



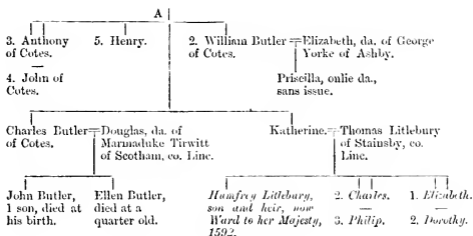
BUTLER.

ARMS.—Argent, on a chevron Azure three covered cups Or.

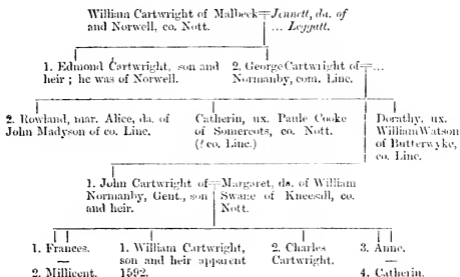
CHEST.—A horse's head crused quarterly Argent and Sable.

Humphrey Butler. = ... da. of ... Fitzwilliam of Mablethorpe, co. Line.

Anthony Butler of Coates, near Stow, co. Line. = Margaret, da. of Mary = Charles Dynock, son of Orogen of Blocham, co. and heir of Sir Edward, 2 husb. Oron.



CARTWRIGHT.



CLAYTON, No. 1.

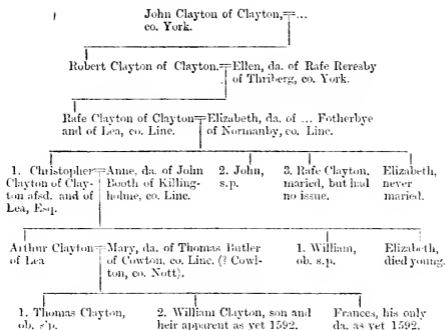
Clayton of Yorkshire, = ...

<p>Richard Clayton of Appleby, co. Line.</p>	<p>= Anne, da. of Robert Leeds of Moscroft, co. York.</p>
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CLAYTON, No. 2.

*(No arms in the Visitation in the Office.)*ARMS (added).—*Per pale Azure and Gules, a lion rampant Or.*

In the booke of Church notes taken at this Visitation by Richard Skarlett painter I found these armes with this wrighting that followeth over the hed thereof,

Delivered to Mr. Clayton of Clayton under my hand these armes according as is entred in my black book of entries. He cam out of Clayton Hall in Yorkshire—look for it in the Yorksh. booke at London.

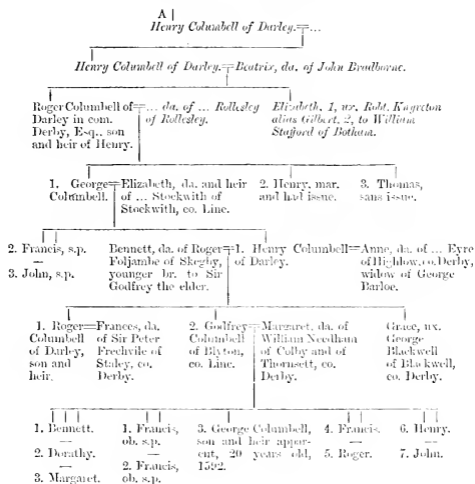
COLUMBELL.

ARMS (added).—*Quarterly, 1 and 4, Sable, three doves Argent, a crescent Or for difference (Columbell). 2 and 3, Or, three bars Azure a bordure Gules (Stockwith).*CREST (added).—*On a chapeau turned up Ermine a dove proper with an ear of wheat in the mouth.*

Thomas Columbell of Darley co Derby: ...

John Columbell of Darley: ...

A



COPELDIKE.

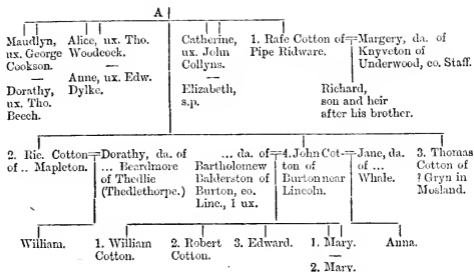
(This Pedigree commences with the marriage of *John Copledike* and *Margaret Etton*, and continues as in the Visitation of 1564, giving the issue of *Thomas* and *Hester Pawfreyman*, merchant of the Staple of Calais, as, *Thomas Copledike*, son and heir apparent, about 3 years old, 1592; *Mary*; and *Elizabeth*.)

COTTON.

ARMS.—*Azure*, a chevron between three links of cotton Argent, a bordure Or.

Joane, widow of ... Henry Cotton of Pipe = Elizabeth, da. of
... Jarvis of co. Ridware, co. Stafford. Thomas Temple
Stafford, by the youngest son of of ... co. Stafford,
whom he had Cotton of Cheshire, 1 ux.
no issue; 2 ux.

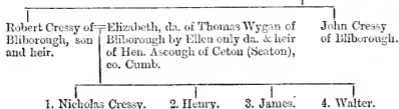
A



CRESSY.

ARMS.—*Argent, a lion rampant Sable in dexter chief a cinquefoil Gules.*

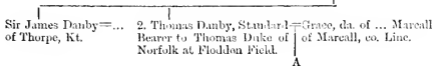
John Cressy of Bliborough, eo. Line., ...
descended from a younger brother of
Cressy of Yorkshire.

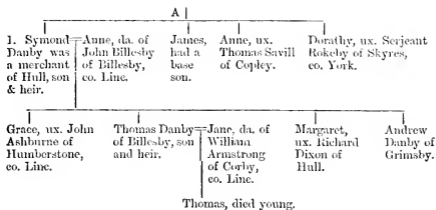


DANBY,

ARMS.—*Argent, three chevronels braced Sable, on a chief of the second three mullets of the first, a crescent Gules for difference.*

Sir James (a note suggests *Robert*) Danby ...
of Thorpe, eo. York, Kt.





DARNELL.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, Azure two bars between six mascles 3, 2, 1, Or (Darnell). 2, Argent a saltire engrailed between four estoiles of six points Gules (Gourney). 3, Or a buck's head cabossed Sable (Helion). 4, Barry of ten Argent and Gules; a Lion rampant Or, crowned per pale of the first and second (Brandon).

Sir Arthur Darnell, Kt. = ...

Richard Darnell = ...

Thomas Gourney = Alice, da. and heir to ... Helion.

William. John Darnell = ..

Henry Gourney = Katherin, da. and heir to Sir William Brandon, Kt.

... da. of ...
Cole, 1 ux.

James Darnell =

Christian, da. and coheir to Henry Gorney, Loke in Ayscough his line for this Gorney.

Elizabeth, ux. —
Mary.

John Darnell, son and heir of James by his 1 ux.

... da. of Doekwra.

Anne, ux. Robert Woodward.

Adam Darnell of Thornholme, co. Linc., Esq.

Anne, 2 da. of Thomas Musenden of Helynge.

2. John.

1. William Darnell, son and heir of John.

Anne, ux. Robert Woodward.

Mary, ux. Silvester Brough of Kirton Linsey, and had issue, Elizabeth.

Thomas Darnell of Thornholme, son and heir.

Helen, da. and heir of John Stanlow of Stickford, co. Linc.

Frances, ux. Rafe Vavasor, of Spaldington, co. York.

Mabell, ux. Henry Lyon of Teyford, co. Mid-^l., Esq.

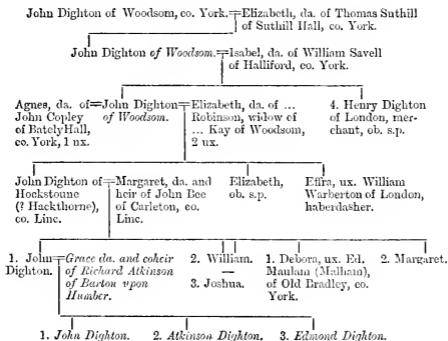
1. Katherine, da. and one of the coheirs apparent, 1592.

2. Elizabeth, da. and one of the coheirs apparent, 1592.

DIGHTON, No. 1.

ARMS.—*Argent a lion statant between three crosses patée fitchée Gules.*

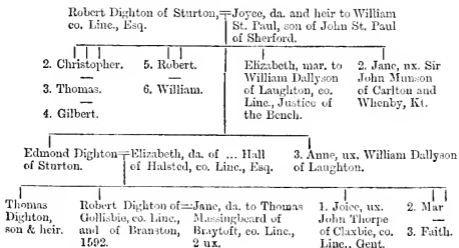
CREST.—*On a ducal coronet Or a hawk close Argent beaked proper.*



DIGHTON, No. 2.

CREST.—*Per pale Gules and Argent an antelope passant counterchanged, on a chief divided as the field Or and Azure two crosses formée fitchée also counterchanged, a crescent for difference.*

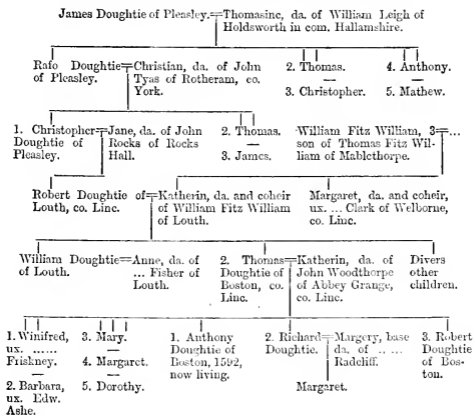
CREST.—*A squirrel sejant per pale Argent and Gules collared Or cracking a nut of the last, a crescent for difference.*



DOUGHTIE.

ARMS.—*Argent, two bars between three mullets of six points Sable pierced Or.*

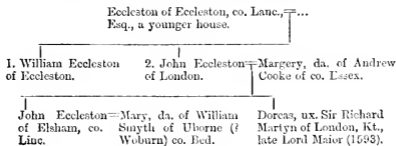
CRESTS.—1, *A cubit arm erect vested per pale crenelle Or and Azure cuffed of the first holding in the hand proper a mullet as in the Arms.* 2, Same as No. 1, but the hand grasping the mullet.



ECCLESTON.

ARMS.—*Argent, a cross Sable, in dexter chief a fleur-de-lis Gules, a crescent on a crescent for difference.*

CREST.—*A magpie proper charged with a crescent on a crescent as in the Arms.*



ELMER.

ARMS.—*Argent, a cross between four Cornish choughs Sable membered Gules.*

John Elmer *alias* Aylmer of Norf. = ...

John Elmer, al's Aylmer, Bishop of London, *Archdeacon of Lincoln*, ob. 5 June 1594. = Judith, da. of Robert King of Audley End Esq., 1 husband. in Essex, ob. 1618. = Nathaniel Traherne,

Samuel Elmer, eldest son, of *Mugden Hall* (in Ulting), co. Essex.

2. Theophilus Elmer, *Archdeacon of London*. = Mary, da. of William Newee of Hadham, co. Herts.

3. John Elmer of Risby, co. Linc. 1592. = Susan, da. of George Sampson of Harkstead, co. Suff.

One readye but not yet come.

4. Zacherie, ob. 1 Aug. 1627, s.p.

5. Nathaniel. — Tobias.

7. Edmond, ob. 25 July 1627.

Judith, ux. William Linch of Staple in Kent.

Elizabeth, ux. John Foliott of Picton, co. Wore.

EVERINGHAM.

ARMS (added).—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Gules, a lion rampant vairé*, 2, *Argent, a fess Azure in chief a label of five points Gules*. 3, *Argent, a bend wavy Sable*.

Sir Adam Everingham of ... Everingham, co. York, Kt.

Sir Adam Everingham of ... da. of Sir George Hastings of Hatfield, co. York.

Sir John Everingham of Rokeby, Kt. = Katherin, da. and heir of ... Wadesley of Wadesley Hall, co. York, Kt.

Sir John, *vide* York. Thomas Everingham of Staynburgh and Rokeby, co. York, Esq.

Margaret, da. of Thomas Wentworth of Bretton, co. York.

Sir John Burton of Kynesley in co. York. = Margaret, da. of Mathew Wentworth of Bretton.

Henry Everingham of Staynburgh. = Muriel, da. of Sir John Burton by a former wife, also aunt and heir of Dowsabel.

Thomas Burton of Kynesley, ob. in *vitâ parisi*. = Elizabeth, da. of Richard York.

Henry Everingham of Barton upon Humber, son and heir. = Agnes, da. of Sir Thomas Waterton of Walton, co. York, Kt.

Dowsabel, da. and sole heir, ob. s.p.

Francis Everingham, eldest son and heir apparent, 1592. = Elizabeth, da. of Richard More of Grantham, co. Linc.

2. Henry.

1. Muriel, ux. Richard Atkinson of Barton upon Humber.

2. Isabel, not yet mar.

FITZ WILLIAMS.

ARMS.—Lozenge Argent and Gules, a mullet Sable for difference.

CREST.—Out of a ducal coronet Or a triple plume of ostrich feathers Argent, a similar difference.

John Fitz Williams of Grenes Norton in Northton, 6 son of Sir John by Elenor his wife, da. to Scene of Drayton. = Helen, da. of William Villers of Brookesbie.

Anne, da. to John Hawes, 1 ux. = Sir William Fitz William of Gainspark Hall, co. Essex. = Millicent, da. to Richard Sackvyle of Buckhurst, 2 ux. William de St. Piere. = Agnes de Hudson.

William Fitz William, son and heir.

Francis Fitz William of Kempston, co. Bedford.

Elizabeth, da. to William de St. Piere.

Frances, da. to Sir James Fuljante, 1 ux., he had by her noe issue.

Henry Fitz William of Scampton, co. Line., son and heir of Francis.

Elizabeth, da. to Henry Ascough of Blyborough, co. Line., Esq., 2 ux.

1. Henry, died young, 1587.

2. William Fitz William, 2 son and heir apparent.

3. John.

1. Elizabeth. — Anne.

3. Mary, died young, 1589.

4. Mildred.

FITZ WILLIAM.

William Fitz William of Mablethorp, co. Line., Esq. = Elizabeth, 4 da. to Sir Robert Tirwitt of Kettleby, co. Line., Kt.

Robert Fitz William, eldest son and heir apparent, of the age of 19, 1592.

2. William.

George. — Edmund.

Charles.

Elizabeth, mar. to John Wythernwyke of Claxby, co. Line., Esq.

2. Dorothy, wife to Roger Ascough of co. Nott. Esq.

Mary, mar. to Roger Halton of Cley, now of Mablethorp, Esq.

4. Bridget. — 5. Susannah.

6. Hester.

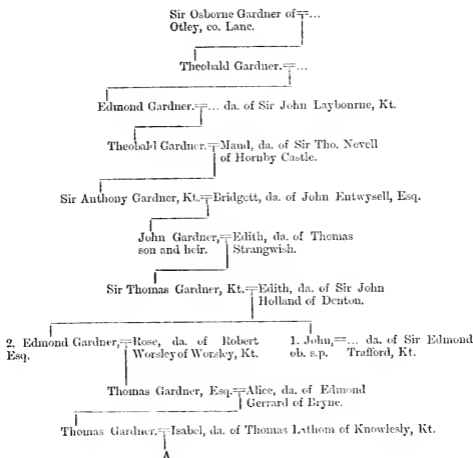
GARDNER.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, Or, on a chevron Gules between three griffins' heads erased Azure two lions combatant Argent (Gardner). 2, Ermine, on a fess Gules, three fleurs-de-lis Or (Harilbeanc or Harbyn). 3, Argent, a cross patonce Gules (Crossholme). 4, Sable, a chevron between three bugle horns stringed Argent (Gardynner).

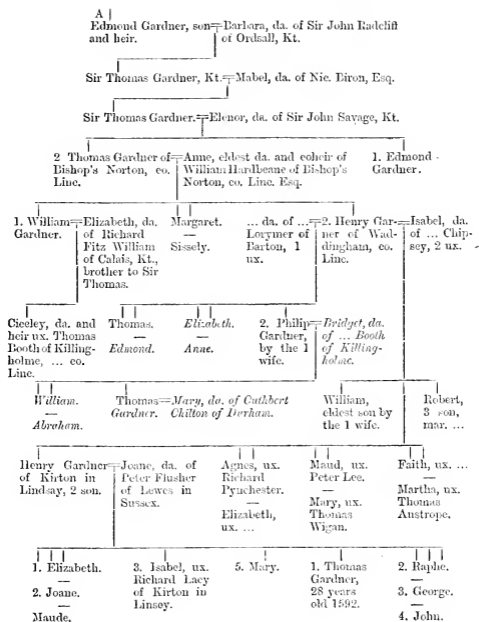
SUPPORTERS.—Two tigers Sable spotted Or, breathing "fier" proper.

CREST.—A Saracen's head full faced proper erased at the neck Gules, wreathed about the temples of the last and Azure, on his head a cap Or.

This arms and crest was given to William Gardner of North Hall pres de la Ville de Bishop Norton euter comte de Lincon, Esq., by Thomas Gartier¹ Kt. alias Gartier, and Thomas Benolt, 8 March 18 H. 8, 1526.



¹ Should be "Wriothlesley," an evident error of the writer of the MS



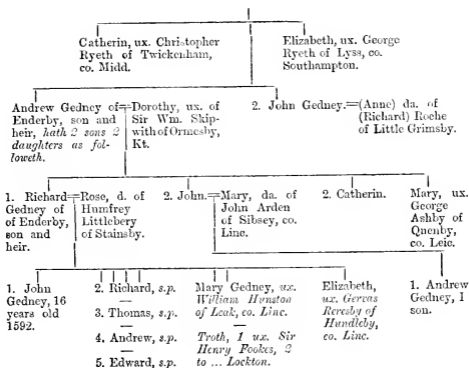
GEDNEY.

ARMS.—Quarterly, Gedney and Enderby, as in the *Visitation of 1564*.

CREST (added).—Two gals in saltire Argent.

John Gedney of Enderby, co. Linc. = Mabel, da. of Vincent Grantham.

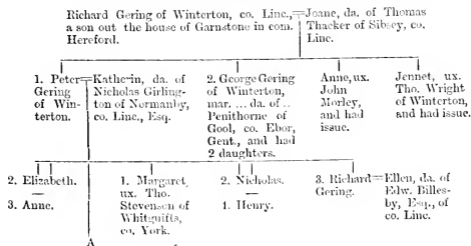
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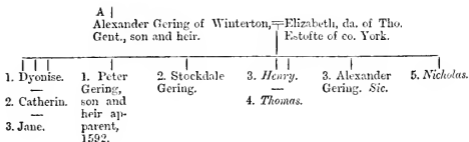


GERING.

ARMS.—*Gules, two bars Or, each charged with three mascles of the field, on a canton Sable a leopard's face; an annulet for difference of the second.*

CREST (added).—*An ontelope's head erased quarterly Argent and Sable charged with four mascles counterchanged attired Or; an annulet of the last for difference.*





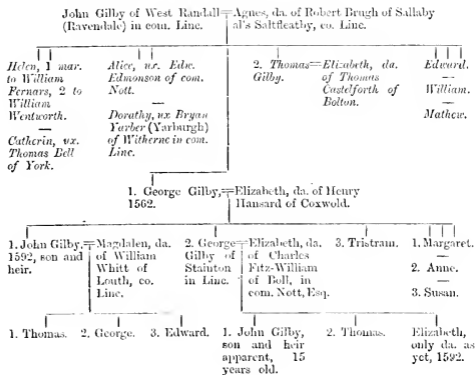
Be it remembered that there is a pettgree of this family w'ch I have seen in the month July 1630, made by Dakins, with a seale on it of many descents from the first Richard (of this descent), which are all false and no credit to be given thereto; the crest in that pettgree is a *deny dragon, volant Or*.

Witness my hand, R. MUNBY.

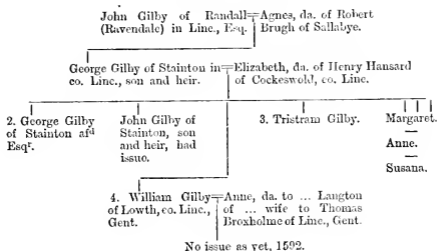
GILBY. No. 1.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Azure, a fess wavy between three estoiles Or* (Gilby). 2, *Azure three lions passant Or a chief Argent* (Grant). 3, *Azure a chevron between three covreal cups Or* (Pillott).

CREST.—*A tower Or with a dragon's head issuing from the top and the tail out of the door Argent*.



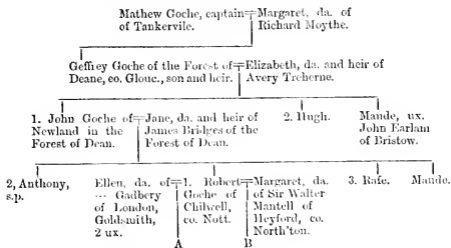
GILBY. No. 2.

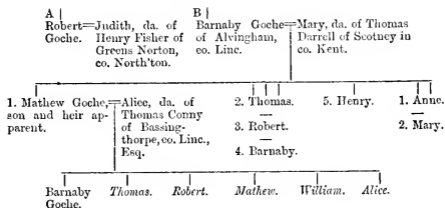


GOCHE.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1, Azure, three boars Argent armed Or (Goche). 2, Argent, a griffin sejrcant Sable armed Or. 3, Argent, a lion stantant Or ducally crowned Sable, a mullet for difference. 4, Gules, three towers Or. 5, Ermine, a cross quarter pieced crimines counterchanged. 6, Or, on a chevron between three goats' heads erased Gules a quatrefoil of the field.

CREST.—A cubit arm erect vested per pale embattled Or and Argent grasping in the hand proper a dragon's head erased Azure.

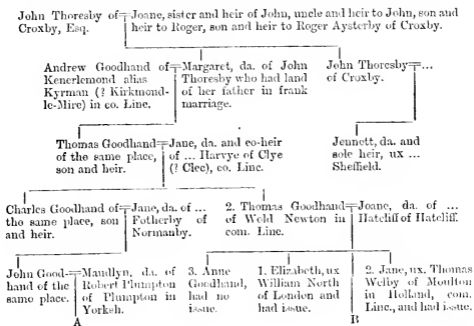


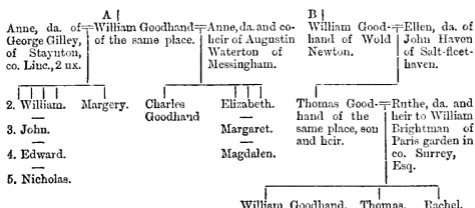


GOODHAND.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Chequy Argent and Gules on a fess Azure three dexter hands mailed of the first* (Goodhand). 2 and 3, *Argent a chevron Azure between three lions rampant Gules* (Harvye). On an escucheon of pretence, *Barry of six Ermine ond Gules three crescents Sable an annulet Or for difference* (Waterton).

CREST.—*An armed arm embowed proper holding a sword Argent hilt and pomel Or.*



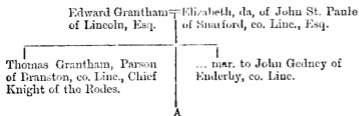


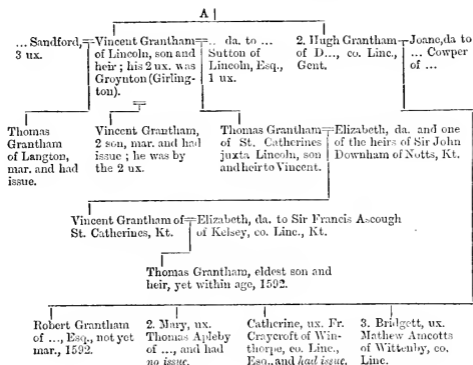
GOODRICK.

The ARMS, CREST and Pedigree are the same as those in *The Visitation of 1564*, except that John Goodrike, who mar. ... Hutton, is called ... Gooderick (as the name is spelt throughout), and his son Edward is called *William*, and he has a da. *Mary* besides Elizabeth and Catherin, whose husbands are not mentioned; Richard Goodrike, son of Richard and Alice, is called "Attorney of the Augmentation Court," and is said to marry Dorothy, da. of ... *Barbye* of Essex (which is probably right); the second wife of Lyon Goodrike is said to be ... da. of ... *Sapcotes* of Lincoln, and widow of ... *Brinckley* of Boston; and Dorothy, the wife of Richard Goodrick, is said to be da. of John Jermyn of Debden, co. Suff. (This is clearly wrong); and Lyon Goodrike, son of Edward, is called son and heir apparent, 1592.

GRANTHAM.

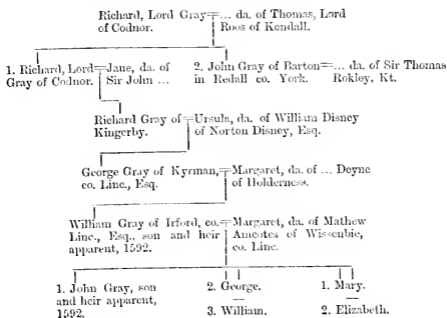
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, *Ermine, a griffin segreant Gules, beaked and clawed Azure, a crescent for difference.* 2, *Gules on a crescent ... an estoile Or.* 3, *Argent, two bars Azure.* 4, *Argent on a chevron between two crescents in chief and a cross crosslet fitché in base Sable a mullet Or, a crescent for difference.*





GRAY.

ARMS.—Barry of six Argent and Azure, a bend gobony Or and Gules, a crescent of the third on another of the last for difference.

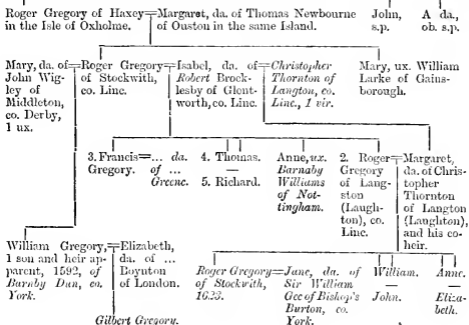


GREGORY.

ARMS (added).—Quarterly, 1, Or, two bars Azure, in chief a lion passant guardant of the second (Gregory). 2, Argent, a chevron Sable a chief indented Gules. 3, Azure, three mullets Or. 4, Gules, three cushions Ermine tressed Or. On an escutcheon of pretence, Gules, a sword in bend Argent point upwards.

CREST (added).—Out of a ducal coronet Or a maiden's head proper vested Gules crested of the first.

William Gregory of Stony Middleton, co. Derby. = ...



GRESLEY.

ARMS (added).—Vair Argent guttee de poise and Gules.

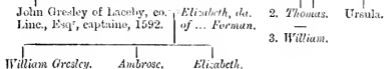
CREST (added).—A lion passant Ermine collared Gules.

Sir William Gresley of ... in com. Leic., Kt. = ...

... Gresley, 3 son. = ...

William Gresley of Saltash, co. Devon. = ...

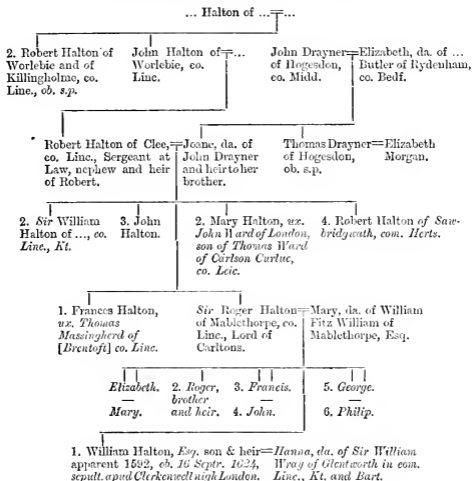
William Gresley of Saltash. = Row, sister of Sir George Blount of Kynlett, co. Salop.



HALTON.

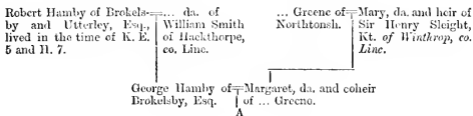
ARMS.—*Per pale Azure and Gules, a lion rampant Argent* (quartering, addition) *Sable a fess between three close helmets Argent garnished Or* (Drayner).

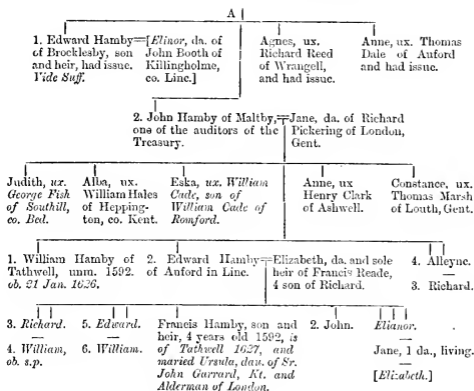
Vide a descent in the old Visitation of Glostershire descended of this family.



HAMBY.

ARMS and CREST as in the Visitation of 1564.



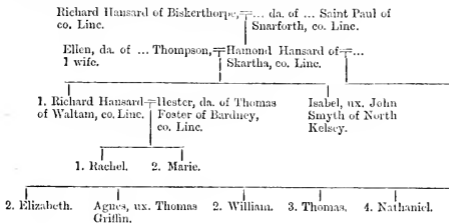


HANSARD.

ARMS (added).—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, Hansard. 2, *Gules a cross patonce Argent in dexter chief an escallop of the last.* 3, *Argent a lion rampant double tailed Gules ducally crowned Or.* 4, *Argent a fess Sable between three maypicks proper.* 5, *Gules on a bend Argent three eagles displayed Vert.*

CREST.—*An arm erect sleeve Or enfold Argent hand proper grasping a mullet of the second.*
MOTTO.—“*Cali sub-sunt.*”

Md. I am credibly informed by sundrie men of good worship that there is no heir male living within the con. Linc. but such as are descended of a bastard.



BRUCES OF CULTMALUNDIE IN PERTHSHIRE.
 " OF MUNESS
 " OF SUMBURGH
 " OF SYMBISTER } IN SHETLAND

By MAJOR W. BRUCE ARMSTRONG.

Except a short notice in 'The Bruces and the Cumyns' by Mrs. Cumming-Bruce, no account of these branches of the Bruce family has (so far as I know) appeared in print, and I now propose to give as full particulars of them as I have been able to ascertain.

BRUCES OF CULTMALUNDIE.

Lucas Brus, 1st Laird of Cultmalundie.—Lucas Brus, 4th son of Sir Alexander Brus, 2nd Baron of Airth, and 3rd of that branch, married 1495 Katherine Barber, heiress of Cultmalundie in Perthshire, and obtained with her that estate. She is supposed to have been heiress of line and grand-daughter of Robert Brus, 2nd son of John Brus, 5th Baron of Clackmannan, who married the heiress of Gray of Cultmalundie; by her Lucas Brus had issue 1 son—

Hector Brus, 2nd of Cultmalundie, who was father of

John Brus, 3rd Laird of Cultmalundie.—John Brus succeeded his father and married¹ Euphane daughter of the 1st Lord Elphingstone, she having previously been the mother by King James V of Robert Stewart, afterwards created Earl of Orkney, by her John Brus had issue 1 son Laurence.

[Some say there was another son Robert, ancestor of Bruce of Sunburgh, but this is not certain.]

Laurence Brus, 4th Laird of Cultmalundie and 1st of Muness.—Laurence Bruce succeeded his father and married 1st in 1559 Helen Kennedy, and in 1566 was surety² for Sir Hew Kennedy, who was in feud with the Lord Oliphant. Laurence married 2ndly Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick, 5th Lord Gray,³ Laurence Bruce being uterine brother to the Earl of Orkney (who had 26th May, 1565, a grant of the crown lands in Orkney and Shetland, and on 25th September, 1569, a charter under the great seal ratifying an exchange of his abbacy of Holyrood with Adam Bothwell, for the temporal estates of the Bishop of Orkney, these lands were creeted into an Earldom in 1581), was

¹ Douglas Peerage; Lord Elphingstone.

² 'Bruces and the Cumyns,' p. 237.

³ Douglas Peerage; Lord Gray.

appointed by him in 1571 Fowle of Zetland, which appointment caused him to settle there, where he built the castle of Muness. Laurence held the office of Fowle of Zetland for a long period, and from the following extracts, his mode of performing his duties does not appear to have given satisfaction to the islanders.¹—"Laurence Bruce of Cultmalundie eftir the cuming of Lord Robert Stewart Fewar of Orkney and Zetland to the dominion of the said Countrees, obtenit from Lord Robert the office of Fowle of Zetland, to collect the Scatt &c. was his duty." He appears to have changed the weights and measures, in order to assimilate them to those of Scotland, so "a general complaynt before the regents grace" was numerously signed "the ferd and fyfth dayis of Februar 1576." There appears to have been complaints of "Sindry² inhabitants of the countreis of Orkney and Zeitland against Laurence Bruce of Cultmalindeis 1st Nov. 1576." On 23rd February, 1576-7, there is an obligation³ recorded by Laurence Bruce, of Cultmalindy, on appointment of Admiral depute of Orkney and Zeitland. On⁴ August 30th, 1577, there is a complaint against Laurence Bruce, of Cultemalindeis, by the "awnaris of the ship callit the Marie Galliard."

Laurence Bruce⁵ raised an action in the Court of Session in 1606, against Patrick, 2nd Earl of Orkney, the Earl's servant Capt. Allen, master of the ship Dunkirk, having boarded his Cultmalendies ship on his voyage to Scotland, took his household men and servants prisoners, struck and dragged them and detained them prisoners; took them to land and kept them in prison five or six days. The relevancy of this summons was disputed by Council for the Earl, but his objections were overruled by the Lords. Mrs. Cumming Bruce⁶ says, "at first when Cultmalundies ship appeared in the little bay of Muness, the inhabitants fled and hid themselves as from the vikings of old; but soon seeing him with his handsome lady and beautiful children, to walk on shore, and then quietly return to their home on the billows, they gathered about him and assisted in collecting materials for the tower which his people were already beginning to construct, and afterwards lived peaceably and prosperously under his sway, although it was long before any native would sleep under his roof.. In Laurence Bruce's time the islanders first began to cultivate the English language."

In 1592⁷ Laurence Bruce joined with Bishop Law and others

¹ 'Bruces and the Cumyns,' p. 338.

² Register of the Privy Council of Scotland, vol. ii, p. 415.

³ *Ibid.*, p. 563.

⁴ Register of the Privy Council of Scotland, vol. ii, p. 630.

⁵ Morrison's Decisions, vol. xxxviii.

⁶ 'Bruces and the Cumyns,' p. 338.

⁷ Maitland Club Publications.

in a supplication to the Lords of the articles against Patrick, Earl of Orkney, for invading the Udal rights of the landowners.

The Castle of Muness built by him is situated on the shore of the island of Unst, and is now in ruins, but over the principal entrance is an armourial stone much defaced, and beneath it the following lines in good preservation:—

LIST YE TO KNAW YIS BUILDING QUHA BEGAN
 LAURENCE THE BRUCE HE WAS THAT WORTHY MAN
 QUHA ERNESTLY HIS AIRIS AND OESPRING PRAYIS
 TO HELP AND NOT TO HURT THIS YORK ALWAYS
 THE ZEIR OF GOD ♡ 1598.

The curious old bronze-door knocker of the castle, with the name and arms of Andrew Bruce of Muness upon it, was exhibited, and a short paper read on it before the Society of Antiquaries of Scotland January 10th, 1881, by the permission of its present possessor, John Bruce, junr., of Sumburgh, and an etching of the castle, with some details, was also exhibited at the same time by J. T. Irvine, F.S.A., Scot., of the Close, Lichfield.

Laurence had issue by his 1st wife 2 sons and 1 daughter—

1. Alexander succeeded in Cultmalundie.

2. Andrew, progenitor of the Muness branch, *vide* page 165.

Helen married 1588 Adam Sinclair of Brow.

Alexander Bruce, 5th Laird of Cultmalundie.—Alexander the elder son, succeeded his father in Cultmalundie. He is mentioned as heir “apparent” of Cultmalundie, 1587, and “fiar” of that place¹ April 26th, 1605, so that his father must have transferred that estate to him before that date. He is mentioned in 1622 as “Auld Cultmalundie,”² and as being then much broken and impoverished owing to the troubles his sons had involved him in. He married Jean, daughter of the 4th Lord Oliphant,³ and had issue 2 sons and 1 daughter—

1. Laurence “apparent,” 1618.

2. Alexander, “his brother,” 1618.

Helen married Robert Moray of Abercainie.

Laurence, the elder son, called Junior of Cultmalundie, slew 20th June, 1618, David Tosach, jun., of Moneyvaird. The following extract refers to this transaction:—June 20, 1618, “at twa afternoon David Trosack jr of Moneyvairt was slain in the south gate of Perth by Laurence Bruce jr of Cultmalindie, his brother, and divers others their associates. The twa that was with Moneyvairt were deadly hurt but died not, the other David Malloch had his right hand clean stricken off frae him.

¹ Pitcairn's ‘Criminal Trials,’ vol. ii, p. 456.

² Chambers' ‘Domestic Annals of Scotland,’ vol. i, p. 436.

³ Douglas Peerage; Lord Oliphant.

⁴ Chambers' ‘Domestic Annals of Scotland,’ vol. i, p. 486. Fleming's MS. Advocates' Library.

This done in a moment of time all the committers thereof escherrit out of the town before any of the townsmen heard of any such thing. No one seems to have immediately suffered for this outrage, but four years after (1622) the Privy Council informed the king that Cultmalindie besides banishing his two sons and a servant, had offered 1000 crowns by way of assythment to the friends of the slaughtered man and £2000 to the two men who had been mutilated. This paid, it is added, has altogether undone Auld Cultmalindie, for his estate is exhausted and wrecked and he has become very weak of his judgement and understanding by the grief of these troubles brought upon him, quilk were the occasion of his wife's death and of the evil circumstances of the banishment of his sons and friends, now by the space of four years, in the whilk exile twa of his friends of good rank and quality has departed this life." We hear no more of this family of Cultmalundie after this, except that Andrew Bruce of Muness (uncle to the offenders) obliges himself to pay 1000 marks scots to Patrick Crookshank; how as he procures the king's remission for Laurence Bruce of Cultmalundie in Perthshire, for being airt and part in the slaughter of David Toshack, y^r of Moneyvairt.

The Arms of "Bruce of Colpmalundie" are emblazoned in an heraldic manuscript, in the possession of the Earl of Crawford, supposed to be of date 1603 to 1612, and to have belonged to the 2nd Sir David Lindsay, Lyon King at Arms, as follows:—Or a saltire and chief Gules in dexter chief a mullet Argent.

In 'Noble British Families,' Part iii, page 26, Bruce of Cultmalundie is given—Quarterly, 1st and 4th, Or a saltire and chief Gules, in centre chief a mullet of the first. 2nd and 3rd, Gules a lion rampant within a bordure engrailed Argent.

The Arms of Cultmalundie are not registered in the Lyon office.

BRUCES OF MUNESS.

Alexander Bruce, 2nd of Muness.—Andrew Bruce, 2nd son of Lawrence Bruce, 4th of Cultmalundie and 1st of Muness remained with his father in Shetland, his eldest brother living on the Perthshire estate. He appears to have finished, or at any rate embellished, the Castle of Muness, as his initials appear between the corbels under one of the hanging rounds or turrets of the castle, his name and arms are on the door knocker previously mentioned and a piece of wood carving taken from the castle (now in the possession of Mr. Irvine, F.S.A. Scot.) bears his arms impaled with Sinclair. It is not clear at what period, or under what arrangement, if ever, he became the actual owner of Muness, as he is called "Tutor of Muness" when he obliged himself to pay 1000 marks on his nephew's account as before mentioned, and from this it would appear that he was then holding the estate for his nephew Lawrence, who was then probably

the head of the family; it is not unlikely that he was enabled (owing to the troubles in which the elder branch was involved) to make the estate his own, at any rate he founded the distinct branch of Muness, and his descendants possessed that estate till the extinction of the family in the male line.

Andrew Bruce married Isabel Sinclair (said to have been of Quendale) and by her had issue 1 son and 1 daughter—

Andrew succeeded.

Marjory married Robert Bruce of Sumburgh.

Andrew Bruce, 3rd of Muness.—Andrew the son succeeded in Muness and married Ursula, daughter of Rev. G. Mouatt of Fetlar, and by her had issue 4 sons—

1. Hector succeeded.

2. Arthur married and had issue, 1 son Andrew, and 2 daughters; this line is extinct.

3. Andrew married 1st Margaret, dau. of Sinclair of Houssa and by her had issue 2 daughters—

Ursula m. Geo. Pitcairn.

Margaret m. 1st, J. Hendry.

2nd, J. Buchan.

He married 2ndly Elizabeth, dau. of Rev. — Ross of Northmaven. He was tutor-at-law to Andrew and John, sons of his brother Hector, during their minority.

4. Gilbert of Clivocast succeeded eventually in Muness and was last male of the family.

Hector, 4th of Muness.—Hector, the eldest son, succeeded in Muness. He married Barbara, daughter of John Sinclair of Quendale and by her had issue 3 sons and 2 daughters—

1. Andrew succeeded.

2. John married Grizzel, dau. of Robert Bruce of Sumburgh, died 1703, leaving 1 son, Charles, drowned on his way to College.

3. Robert drowned leaving Peterhead 1717, *s.p.*

Ursula married Stewart of Bigtown.

Margaret married Scott of Scottshall.

Andrew, 5th of Muness.—Andrew, the eldest son, succeeded in Muness, he was drowned; the following extract probably refers to him:—¹ “By such a sudden flan [squall] the Laird of Muness is said to have perished the former year, when within sight of his own houe and all that was in the boat with him, nine or ten persons, but one servant who escaped upon the keel.” Andrew married 1st a daughter of Sinclair of Quendale and 2dly a daughter of Sinclair of Dumbeath. He had no issue by either

¹ Brand's 'Description of Orkney and Shetland and Pinkerton's Travels,' book 3, page 774.

of his wives and the estate appears to have gone to his uncle Gilbert of Clivocast eventually.

Gilbert last of Muness.—Gilbert Bruce of Clivocast ("4th son of Andrew 3rd of Muness") married Margaret Bruce of Sumburgh and had issue 2 daughters—

Ursula married Scott of Voegarth.

Marjory married John Gauden.

By a sasine recorded dated 20th February, 1718, disposition is made by Gilbert Bruce of Clivocast in favour of George Pitcairn, merchant of Lerwick (who was husband of his niece Ursula, dau. of his brother Andrew) of the lands of Muness and others, apparently the whole remaining estate of the family, the compearance is stated to be upon the grounds of the Manor Place or Castle of Muness. By this deed Gilbert reserves for himself and his spouse Margaret, daughter of William Bruce of Sumburgh a life rent in certain lands; on Gilbert's death the family of Bruce of Muness became extinct in the male line.

In the Lyon Register i, 254, is the following registration:—
 "Andrew Bruce of Mowanes [Muness] descended of the family of Cultmalinde Bears two coats quarterlie first Or a saltyre engrailed Gules on a chief of the second a mollet of ye first, be the name of Bruce. Second Gules a lyon rampant be the name of Gray the third as the second the fourth as the first. Above the shield a helmet befitting his degree. Mantled Gules doubled Argent, next is placed on ane torse for a crest a dexter hand erected holding a heart proper. The motto in ane escroll, 'Omnia vincit amor.'"

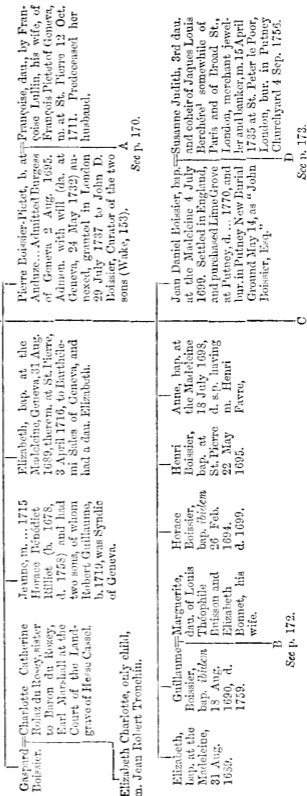
The arms of Andrew Bruce 2nd of Muness on the old door knocker before referred to are as above but the saltire is not engrailed.

(To be continued.)

PEJIGREE OF THE PRESTANT REFUGEE FAMILIES OF BOISSIER, SELLON & DE VILLETES.
 Communicated by HENRY WAGNER, F.S.A.

ARMY OF BOISSIER.—Or, on a fess Az. between three acorns slipped Arg. as many bezants. The English branch of Boissier quarter for Derehere, Arg. a Moor's head Sabte, between three mullets pured Gules. The Boissiers of Auvergne bear three *caudate*ons instead of three bezants.

Gaillaume Boissier (son, by Françoise his wife, dau. of Elie d'Angelras, of Isabeau, dau. of Jean Naville of Anduse and Gaspard Boissier, of Anduze, who d. at Geneva 1705), admitted Burgess of Jeanne du Brug, his wife. Marriage contract Geneva 2 Aug. 1695. Will da. 29 July 1710, and died same year. da. 16 Sept. 1678, d. 1730.



See p. 172.

See p. 173.

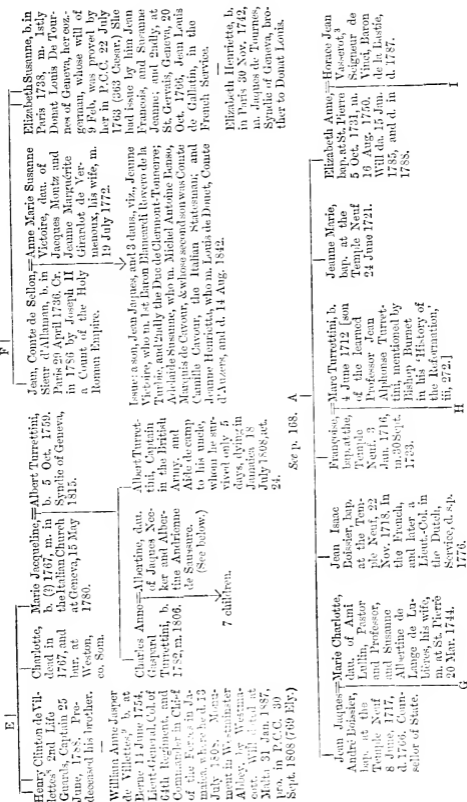
C | Françoise, b. at Anduze=Jean Sellon, Refugee from Nismes, admitted m. 1697. Burgess of Geneva, 31 Jan. 1699.

<p>Catherine, bap. at the Madeleine, 4 Mar. 1699.</p> <p>Elizabeth, bap. ibidem, 8 May 1700.</p>	<p>Gaspard Sellon, b. 21 Nov. and bap. ibidem, 15 Dec. 1702. Acquired the estate and chateau d'Allaman in the Pays de Vaud, circ. 1755, and d. 1785, leaving it to his bro. Jean, Guillaume H. having only daughters.</p>	<p>Gnillaume=Charlotte, dau. of Charles Fayolle, a Refugee from Nismes, by Gabrielle Richard, his wife.</p> <p>Henri Sellon, b. 12 May and bap. ibid., 26 May 1704 d. 1764.</p>	<p>Jean François Sellon, b. 11 Nov. and bap. ibidem 2 Dec. 1707, Minister for the Republic of Geneva at the Court of France, 1749-64, Seizeur d'Allaman, 1785, d. 1790.</p>	<p>Jeanne Elizabeth, b. 19 Sept. and bap. ibid. 2 Oct. 1705, m. at St. Pierre, 24 May 1726.</p> <p>Susanne, dau. of Donat Chabert of Coppet, and Catherine Estrang, his wife, m. 30 July 1735.</p> <p>Sir Charles Tyrrell² of Thornton Hall, Bucks, probably d. young, <i>Burke</i> describing Jan. 1749. Lady Tyrrell Will of 21 as the only daughter.</p> <p>Oct. 1737, pro. in P.C.C. 9 May 1749 (163 Lisle).</p>
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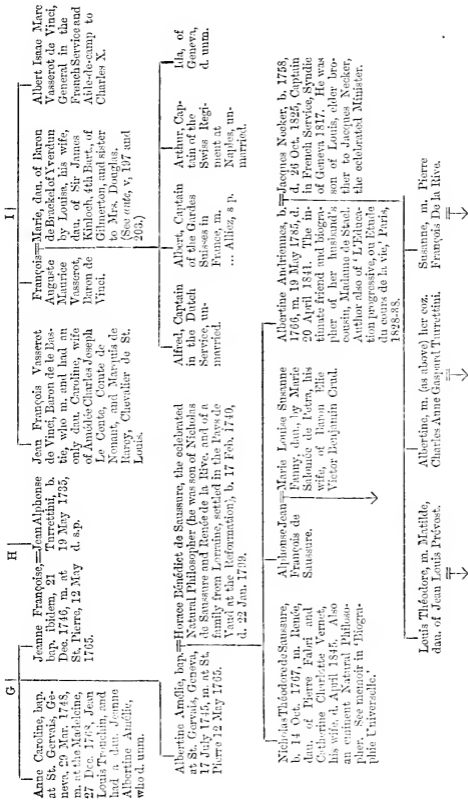
<p>Elizabeth Char- lotte, returned her widowhood to her native city, where her will was da. 5 Aug. 1786. Proved in P.C.C. 30 June d. at Bath 1776, Will da. 24 June 1767 and pr. 24 July 1776 (Bellus, 336/7 extor).</p>	<p>John Arthur de Villetes, British Minister Plenipotentiary to the Swiss Republic and at the Court of Turin, b. 1702, d. at Bath 1776, Will da. 24 June 1767 and pr. 24 July 1776 (Bellus, 336/7 extor).</p>	<p>Jeanne Elizabeth, b. 17 July 1729, m. 1 June 1756, Roger de la Rive, who was d. 1800.</p> <p>Jeanne Françoise, b. 30 Dec. 1738, m. her cousin Jean Jacques Boissier, whom see.</p>	<p>Jean James Tyrrell, b. 2 June and bap. at St. Pierre 5 June 1727, <i>Sponsons</i>, Jacques Tirel and Jean Sellon; d. young.</p> <p>Hester Maria, only dau. and heir. of Crakemars, Staff.</p> <p>Rev. William Cotton, LL.D., of Crakemars, Staff.</p>
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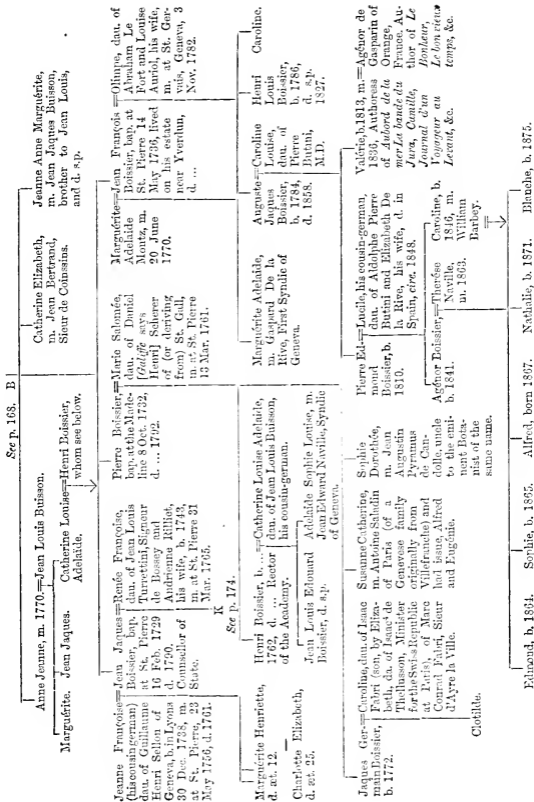
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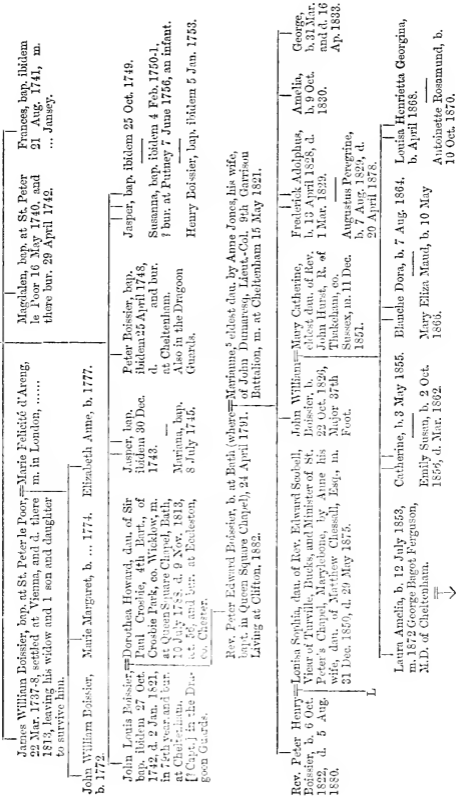


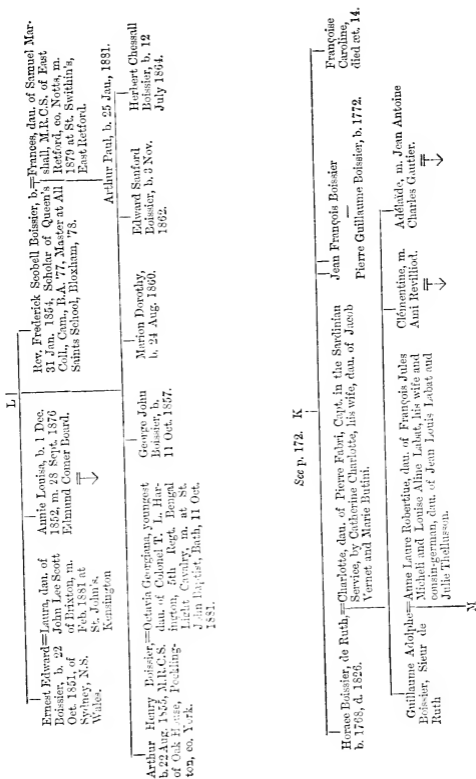
See p. 168. A





See p. 168. D





M

Héleine, b. 2 Jan. 1840, d. in childhood, having m. 19 Dec. 1858, William Albert Théodore Necker, who d. 19 Jan. 1881.
 Emilie Boissier, de—Nathalie, dau. of David Jacob Duval of Geneva, and of La Pelouse, Pevigny, by Cheff de famille), b. 8 Aug. 1814, m. 6 Oct. 1863.
 Théodore Plantamour and Louise Schelin, b. at St. Petersburg, 18 Nov. 1845.

Marguerite, b. 29 July 1864, d. 23 Oct. 1870. Blanche Olga, b. 4 Sept. 1865. Gustave, b. 23 Nov. 1867. Hélène, b. 6 Sept. 1870. Horace, b. 22 Sept. 1875. Fernand, b. 16 Feb. 1880. Caroline, b. 6 Dec. 1874.

DIRECTORS OF THE FRENCH HOSPITAL OF "LA PROVIDENCE."

1. On the roll of the 37 named in the Patent granted by George I, 24 July 1718, Jacques Louis Berchere.
2. Elected 5 Jul. 1721. Jean de Montkellier.⁵
3. " 3 Avril 1758, Artus de Villette.
4. " 9 Avril 1777, Henry Clinton de Villette.
5. " 14 Jul. 1777, Gaillaume Anne de Villette, Major.

NOTES.

This pedigree is mainly derived from M.M. Galiffé's valuable '*Noblesse sur les Familles Genevoises*,' with additions made from the Geneva Registers, or from private family information. The compilers' thanks are especially due to M. Galiffé, and, as always, to Colonel Chester.

The family appears to have been already established at Geneva, in the fifteenth century, the earliest appearances of the name on the roll of bourgeois being in 1448, to have migrated to France in the sixteenth century, and to have returned to Geneva, a branch still remaining in France, towards the close of the seventeenth century.

¹ James Louis Berchere m. at St. Martin Oratory, 15 Aug. 1700, being already a widower, Magdalen, widow of ...Regnier, and had four daughters, his co-heirs, viz.: Susanne, wife of Josiah Bail; Magdalen, wife of John Louis Loubier; Susanne Judith, wife of John Boissier afore-named; and Marie Magdalen, wife of James Mazé. His will dated 19 May, 1750, was proved by his four sons-in-law, 8 May, 1753. He had died, aged 83, on the 3rd of this same month, and was buried in the church of St. Helen's, Bishopsgate, under a slab of black marble, on which are engraved his and his wife's arms. Hard by it lies a similar stone, covering the family vault of the Gaussems, Munguet de Kéugee Family also represented at Geneva.

² He was great-grand-son of Sir Edward Tyrrell, who was created a Baronet, in 1627 and who surrendered his patent in 1638 to obtain a new one, limiting the succession to his second and third sons, and disinheriting the eldest son and heir—a practice which has not

been uncommon in Scotland, and of which the Colquhoun of Iness Baronets, now held by a Grant (see *ante* v. 201), is an instance. But this was disallowed, and on Sir Edward's death there were actually two baronetcies of the same precedence held by the two brothers, that of the first patent, however, expiring with Sir Robert's, the elder brother's death.

3. Horace Jean Vasserot, S. de Vinci, was grandson (by his son, David Vasserot, Baron de la Bastié-Beauregard, and Françoise Turretini, his wife) of Jean Vasserot S. de Dardagny, whose will dated at Amsterdam, 23 March, 1708, was proved in the P.C.C. 4 July, 1724 (Bolton, 164), and grandson maternally of Horace Benedict Turretin, whose will dated at Geneva, 14 March, 1728, was proved in the P.C.C. on 1 August following (Brooks, 251.)

4. This Isaac de Thelluson was father to Peter Thelluson the founder of the English branch of this family, of which Lord Rendlesham is now the head, and the testator whose extraordinary will was, after much litigation, finally confirmed by the House of Lords in June, 1805.

5. Mrs. Peter Edward Boissier had three brothers, who all left issue, viz., Lieut.-Col. Henry Dumaresq, who m. Elizabeth Sophia, dau. of the Hon. Augustus Butler Daunters; William John Dumaresq, Capt. Royal Staff Corps, who m. Christian Susan, dau. of Alexander Macleay, F.R.S., Colonial Secy., New South Wales; and Edward Dumaresq, who m. Frances Blanche Legge; with two sisters, viz., Elizabeth, who m. General Sir Ralph Darling, G.C.B., Governor and Commander-in-Chief of N. S. Wales; and Amelia, who was unmarried.

6. Jean Jacques de Villette, Seigneur de Montliedier, or, as he simply styles himself in his will, proved in the P.C.C. 26 Feb., 1731 (31, Islam) and dated 7 Dec., 1730, he being then a Refugee residing in the parish of S. James, Westminster, Jean Jacques de Montliedier, had by his first wife, Judith Snamme, who was related to, if not of the family of, the Petits des Etrams, besides a daughter, who must have died young, two sons, the above-named [John] Arthur de Villette and James Hannibal de Villette, also of the parish of S. James, Westminster, whose will, dated 7 May, 1752, was proved in the P.C.C. 29 Jan. 1758 (33, Secker.)

7. The executors and trustees successively appointed by Arthur de Villette in 1767, 1770, and 1775, were, besides his wife and brother, Admiral John Forbes, General of Marines, a Jasper Sellon of Geneva,—James Mathias, a London merchant, and Samuel Pechell, a Master of the Court of Chancery, who were both Directors of the French Hospital, Sir Richard Adams, a Baron of the Court of Exchequer, who had married into the Huguenot family of Anyand, and upon Sir Richard's death, Lord Hyde.

8. Henry Clinton [de] Villette was living 25 May, 1783, but is not found on the Army List, bearing date 1 Feb., 1780. Probably he died *circa* 8 July, 1783, on which date he was succeeded in his troop by Earnington Bradshaw, previously Lieutenant in the Regiment.

9. For "Anceototes of Lieut.-General Villette," see the 'Gentleman's Magazine,' lxxix, part i, 297-301, where his ancestors are miscalled lords of 'Montliedier.' He received the honour of a monument by Westminster Abbey, the inscription on which is recorded by the same magazine, p. 381 and p. 798. Cf. also Lawrence Archer's 'Monumental Inscriptions of the British West-Indies,' p. 264, for that in Jamaica commemorating him and his nephew, Albert Turretin.

MARRIAGE LICENCES IN THE DIOCESAN REGISTRY AT
WORCESTER.

Particulars of some of them, with occasional annotations.

By THOMAS PROCTER WADLEY, M.A., Rector of Naunton Beauchamp.

- 1446, Jan. 27. Richard son of Sir John Beauchamp knt. and Elizabeth Stafford, da. of Sir Humphrey Stafford knt. Licence to Master Robert Carrewe, master of arts, and Sir John Wellys, rector of Alcester. The marriage to be solemnized in the chapel or oratory within the manor of the said Sir John Beauchamp near Alcester.
- 1532, Jan. 31. John Catysbee, of the diocese of Hereford, and Margaret Blounte of Chaddlesley. The marriage to be solemnized after one publication of banns.
- 1533, Apr. 22. William Longe of Blockley and Grace Emottes of Whatcot.
- 1534, Apr. 30. John Coombe, the younger, of Astley, diocese of Worcester, and Katherine Quynye of Stratford. Banns to be once published.
- Aug. 19. Robert Thorneton and Alice Grevill of Weston. Licence to the rector of Halford.
- 1541, Nov. 21. William Lokeyard and Elizabeth Wenlocke of Wick by Pershore.
- Jan. 28. Hugh Hall and Agnes Wynsmore of Lye, co. Worcester.
- 1579, Apr. Edmund Colles and Elizabeth Grene of Liche.
- Apr. 22. John Smythe and Joan Grene of Upton Snodsbury.
- May 15. Richard Harrison and Ann Duffild of Tardebigge.
- May 18. William Worster and Ann Hudson of Warwick.
- May 18. John Barcrafte and Margery Archard of Liche.
- June 12. Robert Haselton and Elizabeth Basset of Eekington.
- July 23. William Harryson and Mary Parsons of Overbury.
- Oct. 5. Thomas Tusten and Grace Tailer of Elnley-Castle.
- Oct. 12. Henry Bailies and Ann Goorle of Kempsey.
- The family of *Goorle* is ancient; the episcopal registers at Worcester making mention of John Gourll of Kempsey, clerk of the diocese of Worcester, and canon of the cathedral church of Chichester, 21 Apr. 1452.
- Oct. 17. George Croft and Ann Langston of Sedgeberrow.
- Nov. 21. John Toms and Katherine Wyly of Alcester.
- Dec. 23. George Shipside and Ann Hall of Worcester.
- Jan. 7. William Cookes and Mary Clyfton of Beoley.
- Jan. 27. William Abington and Ann Cranke of Churchill.
- Jan. 28. John Cookes and Philip Lenche of Dodderhill.
- Jan. 30. Richard Gregge and Margaret Robertes of Overbury.
- Jan. 30. Henry Hill and Elinor Bird of the city of Worcester.
- Feb. Richard Bromich and Elizabeth Wakeman of Bromsgrove.
- Feb. 11. Humphrey Feeld and Margery Petford of Haselcor.

- 1579, Feb. 15. William Boyv and Susan Symons of the city of Worcester.
 Feb. 24. Henry Strayne and Joan Wilde of Worcester.
- 1580, Apr. John Nauphan and Bridget Bouchier of Pendock.
 Apr. 23. William Child Esq. and Apolona Mucklowe of Kempsey.
 Apr. 30. Giles Harwell and Alice Medwell of Evesham.
 July 4. Cadwallader Lyme and Winifred Throckmorton of Coughton.
 July 16. Barnard Baldwin and Elizabeth Thorn of Hampton Lovet.
- It should be Great Hampton, in the registers of which parish the marriage is recorded.
- July 20.—(*sic*) and Lucy Sheldon of Abberton. Licence to the vicar of Honington.
- Aug. 13. John Abberforth and Elinor Ligon of Great Witley.
 Sept. 8. Richard Robins and Margery Goodier of Shelsley,
 Oct. 1. Anthony Horseman and Mary Ingran of Wolford.
 Oct. 21. John Morrice and Katherine Evance of Bretforton.
 Oct. 22. William Boyv and Dorothy Simons *alias* Clargit.
 Nov. 12. Edward Mathews and Jane Crosby of Worcester.
 Jan. 4. William Bailies and Martha Hanbury of Feckenham.
 Jan. 7. Giles Webbe and Barbara Dingley of Strensham.
 Jan. 16. John Packington and Ann Edwardes of Claines.
 Jan. 18. John Bouchier and Margaret Grene of St. Swithin's, Worcester.
 Jan. 26. Thomas Goodwyn and Ann Barker of Stratford.
 Jan. 27. Thomas Penne and Mary Bradshawe of Worcester.
- 1581, Apr. 15. Richard Lilly and Mary Dawkes of St. Swithin's, Worcester.
 May 12. Humphrey Acton and Mary Pigeon.
 The Pigeon family was of Badsey, co. Worcester.
 June 1. John Langston and Joan Cooke of Arley.
 July (June ?) 1. Anthony Marshall, clerk, and Eliener Bisshop of Evesham.
 June 5. Thomas Phillips and Dorothy Cutberd of Flyford Flavell.
 Aug. 6. George Wagstaff and Alice Turner of Flyford Flavell.
 Aug. 6. Gilbert Bacchouse, clerk, and Ursula Tomlinson of Cleeve Prior.
 Aug. 30. Fulco More and Elizabeth King of Honeyborne.
 Sept. 13. Thomas Spooner and Julian Adams of Worcester.
 Sept. 21. William Holtam and Alice Ryland of Merston, *i.e.* Marston, co. Gloucester.
 Sept. 23. Humphrey Best and Philip Maning of Hartlebury,
 Oct. 20. John Knottesford and Bridget Hales of Snitterfield.
 Oct. 24. Francis Tombes and Ann Wootten of Salwarpe.
 Nov. 21. Richard Dabitot and Ann Gunnell of Redmarley.
- 1582, Jan. 18. John Acton and Ann Crose of Wolverley.
 Feb. 17. John Hanbury and Joyce Walker of Arley.
 Apr. 27. Philip Haddock, clerk, and Eliener Langston. Married at Sedgberrow May 1.
 May 4. Edmund Ison and Joan Porter of Claines.

- 1582, May 19. Robert James and Alice Hyerne of Honeyborne.
 May 19. Robert Salway and Alice Polehouse *alias* Portman of
 Areley.
 June 22. John Perkes and Jone Henley of *Beesley*?
 July 28. John Robins and Emma Walford of Claverdon.
 Aug. 15. John Copley of Bredon and Katherine Over.
 Sept. 12. Stephen Rummy and Judith Perrot of Worcester.
 Sept. 29. Ralph Horniold and Margaret Ligon of Madresfield.
 Oct. 5. Matthew Fitzherbert and Jane Throckmorton of Warwick.
 Oct. 24. Richard Varney and Margaret Grivell of Leicester.
 Nov. 3. Matthew Persons and Frances Evence of Hanley.
 Nov. 19. John Merrell and Dorothy Higgs of Grafton Flyford.
 Nov. 27. William Shaxpere and Ann Whateley of Temple
 Grafton.

The great poet's marriage-bond bears date 28 Nov., 1582.
 There is no other record of the grant of a *licence* to any one of
 the name in that year. The early registers of Temple Grafton
 are missing.

- Dec. 16. Simon Andrews and Ann Freman of Blockley.
 Dec. 29. William Rummy and Jane Wyatt of Worcester.
 1583, Jan. 20. Henry Hanbury and Elizabeth Jellayes of Worcester.
 Jan. 22. Francis Eyett and Ursula Tillam of Martley.
 Feb. 6. Robert Hayward and Joan Bennett of Cleeve Prior.
 Feb. 9. Thomas Reve and Katherine Amaries of Salford.
 Apr. 27. John Torpley and Agnes Kempston of Binton.
 May 28. Thomas Handbury and Elienor Pooler of Ehaley.
 June 21. John Coombes and Elizabeth Kinersley of Stratford.
 Married at Crowle, co. Worcester, June 23.
 July 8. William Bourton and Elizabeth Quiny of Hatton.
 Aug. 7. John Bound and Ann Hobday of Bradley.
 Aug. 15. Henry Heines and Ann Blunt of Alvechurch.

The family of *Heynes* of Alvechurch intermarried with that of
 Dineley, lords of the manor of Peopleton, in 1786.

- Oct. 17. Anthony Jugins and Ann Butler of Inkberrow.
 Oct. 29. Richard Cleydon and Dorothy Chedell of Long Compton.
 Nov. 28. Hugh Lingard and Margaret Vise of Evesham.
 Nov. 30. John Garderton and Joan Purser of Wicklesford, *i.e.*
 Wixford, co. Warwick.
 Dec. 24. William Simons and Margaret Wilkes of Worcester.
 Jan. 12. John Mallet, clerk, and Dorothy Hill of Bromsgrove.
 Jan. 13. Edmund Ockley and Ursula Seaverne of Shrawley.
 Jan. 18. Humphrey Edgoek and Margery Perkes of Cotheridge.
 Feb. 4. Robert Hobday and Alice Moye of Feckenham.
 Feb. 24. Thomas Bassell and Frances Wine of Fladbury.
 1584, Apr. 20. Ralph Huband Esq. and Ann Daston of Broadway.

Married at Broadway, co. Worcester, Apr. 23. The register of
 that parish also records the marriage of Mr. John Huband and
 Mrs. Elizabeth Poole, 12 Nov., 1606.

- Apr. Thomas Byard and Susan Butler of Strensham.

The birth-place of the author of "*Hudibras*." The name first
 occurs in the Strensham registers in 1575, Sept. 19, the date of

- the marriage of William Badger and Elizabeth Butler.
- 1584, May 2. Ralph Mallett, clerk, and Margery Holmer of Halisowen.
 May 5. Richard Edwards and Ann Thomas of Salwarpe.
 May 9. Thomas Sheldon and Ann Marten of Beoley.
 May 23. Richard Isott and Jane George of Eckington.
 June 6. Thomas Allen and Elizabeth Richardson of Pershore.
 June 27. John Giles and Isabel Stone of Bredeicote.
 July 2. Thomas Sowley and Margery Colson of Astley.
 July 24. Thomas Dower and Jane Huband of Ombersley.
 Nov. 23. Ann Harrison and Oliver Masfield of Eldersfield.
 Dec. 10. Thomas Smith and Margery Goode of Mitton.
 Dec. 21. Laurence Bushell and Mary Woodward of Inkberrow.
 Jan. 7. William Hanowe and Christian Yomans of Bidford.
 Jan. 19. Hugh Hutton and Dorothy Beesley of Hanbury.
 Jan. 20. Thomas Adams and Margaret Williams of Alderminster,
i.e. Alderminster, co. Worcester.
 Jan. 22. Sir Thomas Harris and Alice Brackenton of South
 Littleton.
 The marriage is recorded in the S. Littleton registers, which
 also give the burial of the said Thomas, who was "Chaplyn" of
 the parish, 17 Nov., 1592.
- Jan. 28. Sir William Marshall and Elizabeth Clerk of Elmbridge.
 A licence to serve the cure of Elmbridge was granted to William
 Marshall, clerk, 3 Jan., 1583.
- Jan. 30. William Smith and Joan Gibbes of Stretton on the Fosse.
 Feb. 1. Robert Wells and Sarah Brondeley of Worcester.
 Feb. 8. William Jefferyes and Elizabeth Walshe of Witley.
 Feb. 8. Richard Skaie and Bridget Palmer of Barton on the Heath.
 Feb. 14. Walter Palmer and Sibil Palmer of Himbleton.
 Feb. 14. William Hopkins and Ann Willersey of Bidford.
 Feb. 24. Francis James and Jane Sheldon of Broadway.
- 33 Elizab., Sept. 2. William Symonds of Crowle, gent., and Elizabeth
 Hobbie of Rous Lench, widow.
- 42 Elizab., Aug. 2. William Wells *alias* Austen of Wollersie, co.
 Glouc., yeoman, and Ursula Hedges of Church Honeybourne.
 Aug. 23. Thomas Heires of Upton Warren, "wyedrawer," and
 Elianor Berecroft, of the same place.
- Sept. 17. Thomas Huute of Alecester, yeoman, and Margery
 Egcocke of Feckenham.
- Oct. 3. William Ewens and Anne Sharthasell of Bidford. Bond
 signed by Thomas Bovey of Bidford, co. Warwick, husbandman,
 and Edward Bovey of St. Martin's, Worcester, clothier.
- 1600, Apr. 14. Thomas Haselwode and Elizabeth Dyingley of Crop-
 thorne; Thomas Bigges Esq. and Edward Archbold gent., both of
 the city of Worcester, being bound.
- Aug. 24. William Hopkins of the city of Worcester, weaver, and
 Ann Abell of Inkberrow.
- Aug. 27. William Langston of Ehalley Castle, gent., and Alice
 Townesend of Cropthorne.
- Feb. 9. Thomas Twittie, clerk, and Ann Hale, both of Church
 Honeybourne; he, and James Ashwyn, of the same parish, being
 bound.

- 13 Elizab., Feb. 11. Thomas Haughton of Feckingham, co. Worcester, gent., and Margery Bailie of Stoke-prior; Edward Browne of Inkberrow, yeoman, one of the parties bound.
- May (?) 5. John Winge of Tredington, co. Worcester, and Margery Autee of the same parish; Robert Winge of Bricklehampton, and George Kecke (signs his name *Keze*) of Blackwell, in Tredington, yeoman, being bound.
- July 15. Roger Grisold of Rownton, co. Warwick, weaver, and Joan Sadler of Grafton.
- Sept. 5. William Greenhill and Elizabeth Harper, both of Warwick; William Greenhill of Naunton Beauchamp, yeoman, one of the parties bound.
- Sept. 10. Gilbert Underhill of Clent, co. Stafford, clothier, and Isabel Barret of Kidderminster.
- 1606, Feb. 24. Edmund Eastcourt of Tetbury, co. Gloucester, and Margaret Folly of Pirton, co. Worcester, maiden.
- March 9. John Dower of Martley, co. Wore., husbandman, and Elizabeth Ingram.
- 9 James I., June 21. Richard Norris of Charington, co. Glouc., and Joan Hobley of Feckenham, co. Wore.; Henry Hobley of Feckenham, gent., being bound.
- The name of this Feckenham and Inkberrow family is otherwise written in the Visitation of Warwickshire taken in 1619.
- Aug. 13. John Pryddye of Evesham and Joyce Cowley.
- His name is written *Pryddy* in the Abbot's Morton register, which records the marriage.
- Aug. 18. Jerrard Procter and Mary Hobleye, both of Stretton on the Fosse.
- Aug. 23. George Partridge and Liect Ashbie of St. Andrew's, Droitwich, maiden; Adam Partrige of Droitwich, gent., one of the parties bound.
- Feb. 13. Richard Gibbes, widower, and Alice Cotterell, maiden, both of Stratford-on-Avon.
- Feb. 15. William Marchall of Grafton Flyford, yeoman, and Margery Starkey of Honeybourne, widow; Robert Turner, of Long Marston, co. Glouc., being one of the parties bound.
- 1611, Aug. 13. Thomas Charlett of Cleeve Prior, yeoman, and Margaret Eades of Coughton, co. Warwick.
- Oct. 14. John Lillie of Beoley, miller, and Dorothy Mallet of Alvechurch, maiden.
- 1611, Aug. 26. Walter Bullingham of Naunton Beauchamp and Elioner Jones of Bradley, maiden.
- Nov. 20. John Acton of Upton on Severn and Margaret Tandy of the same parish, widow.
- Dec. 9. John Wells and Elizabeth Ashwine, spinster, both of Stratford-on-Avon.
- Feb. 1. John Shaler and Mary Lilly, spinster, both of Alcester.
- 1612, July 4. Charles Bennett of Cleeve Prior and Ann Cole of Salford, spinster.
- July 4. Sir George Winter of Upton Warren, knt. and bart., and Mary Smith, da. of Sir Charles Smith of Wootton Wawen, knt.

- 1642, July 20. John Cox, clerk, of Holt, and Elizabeth Hooper of Rushock, maiden.
- July 30. John Ball of Fliford Flavell and Mary Hobday *alias* Lacy of Hanbury, maiden.
- Aug. 6. Edmund Surman of Naunton Beauchamp and Jane Tomlinson *alias* Baker of Stoulton, spinster.
- Nov. 12. Nicholas Lechmore of Hanley Castle, Esq., and Penelope Sandys of All Saints' in Worcester, maiden.
- This Nicholas Lord Lechmore, a Baron of the Exchequer, kept a diary, in which, under the date 1651, Sept. 3, he made an entry relating to the battle of Worcester: "The battell began on the west side the city (in those very fields where my brother in law, Colonel Edwyn Sandys, the 23 of Sept. 1642, fought with Prince Rupert and received the wounds whereof afterwards (1 Dec. 1642) he died, but was ended (and was sharpest) on the east side."
- Dec. 31. Thomas Huband of Rous Lench and Mary Drew of Inkberrow, maiden.
- Jan. 26. John Savadge of Inkberrow gent. and Bridget Dyson of Dornston, maiden.
- Feb. 11. Thomas Ballard and Alice Hobday, spinster, both of Inkberrow.
- 1643, Apr. 3. George Roberts, S.T.P., of Hembledon, Bucks, and Mary Sheldon of Littleton, maiden.
- Apr. 8. Robert Timbrell of Ipsley and Ann Holloicke of Studley.
- Aug. 4. William Harbatch of Inkberrow and Joyce Huband of Salford, maiden.
- Oct. 2. William Garrett of Bidford and Mary Parker of Exhall, spinster.
- Jan. 9. Gabriel Young, the younger, of Chobham, co. Surrey, and Elizabeth Letchmore of Hanley Castle, maiden.
- Feb. 7. Nicholas Lilly of Witchbold, in Dodderhill, widower, and Elizabeth Kimberly of Bromsgrove, maiden.
- March 9. John Ellins of Abbot's Morton, bachelor, and Ann Chapman of Bidford, maiden.
- March 14. Thomas Langston of Hinton on the Green, co. Glouc., and Mary Stoakes of Sedgeberrow, widow.
- 1644, May 4. Nathaniel Jordan of Naunton Beauchamp, bachelor, and Alice Woodward of Throckmorton, maiden.
- Aug. 1. George Hyde gent. and Elizabeth Fox, spinster, both of Daylesford.
- Aug. 14. John Bearcroft gent. and Frances Vernon, spinster, both of Hanbury.
- Nov. 2. William Freeman, rector of Stretton on the Fosse, and Sophia Harrison, of the parish of Holy Cross in Pershore, maiden.
- Dec. 21. Maurice Walsingham of Coughton, widower, and Ann Baldwyn of Longdon, in Tredington, maiden.
- Jan. 29. Thomas Dugard of Grafton Flyford, widower, and Joan Hemminge, of the same parish, spinster.
- 1645, Aug. 29. William Child of Shrawley Esq. and Elizabeth Sparree of the city of Worcester, spinster.

It is curious that both these surnames occur as belonging to the same parish, that of Powick, near Worcester, on a subsidy-roll dated 1 Edward iii; (No. $\frac{2^{nd}}{1}$) Thomas Sparry, being taxed ij^s.vj^d., and Thomas Child, ij^s.

1645, Sept. 6. William Sale, bachelor, and Joan Hemminge, widow, both of Inkberrow.

Sept. 21. Anthony James of Temple Grafton, yeoman, and Ann Jones of Hinton on the Green, spinster.

Oct. 25. Francis Godfree of Abbot's Morton, bachelor, and Mary English, of Rous Lench, spinster.

John le Engleys was of this parish of Lench in 1327. How long the Godfrey family had been at Morton does not appear. The marriage of a Francis Godfrey of Abbot's Morton and Frances Smithe of Norton is given in the registers of Norton-with-Lenchwick, 31 Jan., 1611.

Jan. 29. Sir Henry Fetherstone knt. and Frances da. of Sir Henry Herbert of Ribbesford knt.

Feb. 8. Robert Foly of Stourbridge, bachelor, and Ann Blurton of the city of Worcester, spinster.

Prior to the year 1661, there seems to be no regular and continued record of the grant of marriage licences at Worcester.

1661, Apr. 17. William Holmes of Bidford, cordwainer, aged 25, bachelor, and Hannah Bolter of Eckington, about 25, maiden.

Apr. 20. Edward Plum of Tiddington, co. Worc., about 40, widower, and Elizabeth Hastings of the same place, about 24, maid servant.

June 11. John Morris of Bretforton gent., about 40, widower, and Mary Furley of Long Marston, co. Glouc., about 21, maiden, her parents both dead.

June 11. Robert Morris of Bretforton, yeoman, about 30, bachelor, and Susanna Greene of the same parish, about 24, maiden.

Le Neve does not appear to have known to what place this family of Morris belonged; but he assigns to them a coat of arms: *Pedigrees of Knights*, p. 418.

June 26. Robert Solers of Worcester, apothecary, about 24, and Hester Poole, about 17, da. of William Poole of Honeybourne.

Aug. 3. Walter Steward of Inkberrow, about 25, bachelor, and Alice Hill, da. of Humphrey Hill, of Feckenham, about 19.

Aug. 31. Thomas Hunt of Lindsey in Inkberrow, gent., about 27, bachelor, and Ursula Chapman of Marcliff in Bidford, about 21, maiden.

Sept. 4. John Malten of Churchill, husbandman, about 40, and Mary Fincher of Hackett's Broughton, 21, da. of Roger Fincher.

Oct. 5. John Robinson of Inkberrow, carpenter, 28, bachelor, and Cicely Holday *alias* Lucy, of Feckenham, about 27, maiden.

Oct. 26. James Baskerville of Aber Edowe, co. Radnor, gent., 22, and Elizabeth Griffin of Bickmarsh, about 21, a maiden; her parents dead.

Nov. 4. Nicholas Kecke of Bidford, about 34, widower, and Eleanor Round of Leicester, about 24, maiden.

Jan. 18. John Wadley of Newent, co. Glouc., about 23, and

- Mary Cox of Berrow, co. Worc., about 24, maiden : allegation by John Wadley of Berrow, dyer.
- 1661, Jan. 21. Thomas Walsingham of Stoke Prior, gent., about 40, widower, and Rose Chapman of Tardebigge, about 40, widow ; to be married at Bidford or Stoke Prior.
- Jan. 29. Humphrey Fairefax of Henley in Arden, about 60, widower, and Elianor Bartlett of Bidford, about 40, widow.
- Feb. 10. Robert Blundle (Blundell) of St. Nicholas's par. in Worcester, clerk, about 24, widower, and Anne Tinker *alias* Littleton, of Pershore, about 24, maiden.
- 1662, March 29. Richard Andrewes of Dormston, husbandman, 30, and Sarah Haynes, about 36, da. of Francis Haynes, of the same place, husbandman.
- Apr. 21. John Westwood of Hales Owen, clerk, about 25, and Rebecca Littleton, about 25, da. of Thomas Littleton of Suckley, clerk.
- May 10. John Feild of Rowington, about 30, and Anne Kempson of Hilborough (in Temple Grafton), about 23, maiden ; her father dead, her mother consenting. Licence applied for by George Sale, shoemaker, of Bidford, where the marriage was to be solemnized.
- June 14. Cornelius Woodward of Peopleton, clerk, about 50, widower, and Anne Randolph, of the same place, about 50, widow.
- June 14. Arthur Bagshawe, the younger, of Inkberrow, about 25, and Elizabeth Savage of Dormston, 23, maiden : the truth of the statement testified by John Savage, of Bradley, gent.
- Sept. 20. Humphrey Tomes of Inkberrow, tanner, 24, and Alice Stanley of the same parish, about 20, maiden ; the statement signed by the said Humphrey and by William Tomes of Dodderhill.
- Sept. 20. William Coleman of Harvington, co. Worcester, about 36, and Alice Deane of Bidford, about 30, maiden.

(To be continued.)

Notices of Books.

THE EARLDOM OF MAR IN SUNSHINE AND SHADE DURING 500 YEARS.
By the late ALEXANDER, EARL OF CRAWFORD AND BALCARNES.
Edinburgh: David Douglas, 1882, 8vo., 2 vols.

The late lamented Earl of Crawford, the author of the most fascinating and perhaps also the most severely accurate family history ever written, the 'Lives of the Lindsays,' is well known to have been a man of the most varied learning and accomplishments. This posthumous work, which reflects his profound knowledge of history, constitutional law, and

the peerage law of Scotland—a subject which he had studied under its greatest master, the late John Riddell—contains a vindication of the ancient historical dignity of Mar against the recent attempt of the Committee of Privileges of the House of Lords to extinguish it.

It might *a priori* have been thought difficult to make the *questio revivata* of the Mar Peerage intelligible to general readers; but Lord Crawford has done more than this. Handling his subject with the strictest historical impartiality, he also invests it with an interest that never allows the reader's attention to flag, and at times makes it as picturesquely exciting as a romance.

The ancient and—*pace* Lord Redesdale—still existing Earldom of Mar, the sole survivor of the Celtic Mormaerdoms of Scotland, carries us back to at least the twelfth century, where Lord Crawford's account of it begins; but we can here do no more than allude briefly to those salient points in its history that most directly affect the question in dispute.

The Salic or Lombard law never prevailed in Scotland, and lands and dignities went invariably by the operation of law to heirs general or heirs of line; those occasional settlements on heirs male which were allowed after the accession of Robert I being always treated as exceptions to the common law, and looked on with disfavour. The Earldom of Mar, in the end of the fourteenth century, went in succession to two Countesses in their own right, Margaret, who was also Countess of Douglas by marriage, and Isabel. The *vulpus* of Countess Isabel by Alexander Stewart, illegitimate son of the "Wolf of Badenoch," is a well-known episode in Scottish history. This desperado, after a murderous attack on that lady's first husband, laid siege to her Castle of Kildrumny, compelled her to be his wife, and on 12th August, 1401, extorted from her a charter which, had the King confirmed it, would, on the failure of his issue by Isabel, have given the earldom to his heirs instead of her's. But, failing such confirmation, the writ was but a worthless bit of parchment; and weak as was the law in those northern parts in the reign of Robert III, the outrage was too flagrant to be altogether condoned. The King refused his confirmation: but a compromise was adjusted: and after a dramatic scene at Kildrumny, of which Alexander's renunciation of the charter of 12th August formed part, Isabel granted on 9th December 1404, a new charter to her husband, giving him a *lifereint* right, but with remainder to her own heirs in the Earldom—which charter the King duly confirmed, so that it became the ruling investiture. Isabel soon died childless, and the acknowledged rights of her next heirs, the Erskines (descended from a grand-aunt of Isabel), were thus postponed till Alexander's death, which occurred in 1435.

In 1438 Robert Lord Erskine established his right by the usual legal form of service before a jury, and became Earl of Mar. But the Crown had in the meantime entered into possession of the valuable territories of the Earldom, and was loathe to give them up; and James II and his advisers, after temporizing for a length of time, in 1457, reduced Earl Robert's return by a 'Service negative,' based on the plea that by the bastardy of Alexander, or in virtue of a transaction between him and James I in 1426, the Earldom fell to the Crown. Either pretext was worthless, inasmuch as Alexander was only a *lifereinter*: but to prove him not to be so, the unconfirmed and invalid charter of August 1401,

was, by an open and shameless perversion of justice, reared up by Chancellor Crichton as against the valid and confirmed charter of December 1401.

Might thus triumphed over right till 1565, when Queen Mary, learning the story of Lord Erskine's wrongs, was "moved by conscience" to make him the fullest possible reparation, and granted him a charter restoring to him that Earldom of Mar, of which, as heir of Countess Isabel and Earl Robert, he and his forbears had been unjustly deprived by the acts of her predecessors. This Lord Erskine is known in history as the Regent Mar, and the Earldom thus restored to its lawful owner was enjoyed by him and inherited by his descendants in unbroken succession for five generations.

In 1715 John Earl of Mar, who headed the rising in favour of the Stuarts, was attainted. But for his attainer his only surviving child, Lady Frances Erskine, would, it was universally admitted, have succeeded him as Countess in her own right. The attainer was removed, not in her time, but in the next generation, in the person of John Francis Erskine of Mar, her son. It no doubt happened that the restored Earl had also become next heir male of the family: but by the direct admission of those who had the strongest interest to take an opposite view, his right was derived from his mother: and the Act of Restoration expressly restored him as "grandson and heir of line" of the attainted Earl. Had females been excluded from the succession, the Earldom would indeed never have come to the Erskines; and therefore also when in 1866 Earl John Francis Miller died without issue or brother's issue, the succession of his sister's son was acquiesced in as a matter of course by every one, including the heir male collateral, the late Earl of Kellie. By and by, however, Lord Kellie announced his doubts, claimed by petition to the Crown, not the Earldom held by Gratney, by Isabel Douglas, and by Robert Erskine, and illegally withheld from the four following generations of Erskines, but an Earldom never before heard of, and supposed to have been created by Queen Mary in favour of Lord Erskine, not by the charter by which she restored to him and his heirs (*i.e.* heirs of line) his rights *per modum justitiæ* (which was imagined only to confer the lands), but a patent a few weeks later giving him a new-fangled "peerage-earldom" of Mar, with a different remainder from that of the restoration charter, namely, to the heirs male of his body. The law officers of the Crown, both for England and Scotland, naturally pronounced the hypothesis on which this claim was built untenable: nevertheless the House of Lords, on the report of the Committee of Privileges, transmitted their opinion, on which the Crown acted, that the Earl of Kellie (the present Earl, his father having died during the dependence of the case), had made out his claim to the "Earldom of Mar created in 1565."

The profound astonishment which this decision caused was increased when the grounds of it were examined, as these are embodied in speeches of Lord Redesdale and the late Lord Chelmsford. It is based on two unfortunate *dicta* of two law lords of last century, Lord Mansfield and Lord Camden, who, however, eminent as English lawyers, were unversed in Scottish history, records, and precedents. These *dicta* are no doubt in direct opposition to the law of Scotland, but it happens nevertheless

that their authors expressly repudiated the application or, rather *reductio ad absurdum*, which is made of them by Lords Redesdale and Chelmsford in the Mar case. These two formulated dicta are, 1st, "Lord Mansfield's law," that titles of honour must *in dubio* be presumed to go to heirs male of the body; from whence it was inferred that Margaret and Isabel were Countesses by a new creation by "patent" in favour of their respective husbands, and that neither Earl Robert nor any succeeding Erskine down to Queen Mary's time had any rightful claim to the Earldom of Mar. 2ndly, "Lord Camden's law;" that a charter of "comitatus," in which the title of Earl was not specifically mentioned, gave the lands only and not the dignity: *ergo* it was inferred, Queen Mary's restitution charter was but a grant of the lands of the Earldom of Mar to Lord Erskine, who must moreover have acquired the dignity of Earl of Mar by a separate patent, and one—agreeably to "Lord Mansfield's law"—with limitation, not like the restitution charter, to heirs general, but to heirs male of the body! While such is the "hypothesis built on a hypothesis" of Lords Redesdale and Chelmsford, the fact, well known to all persons conversant with Scottish records and charters (for it is really a question of fact, not of law) is, that all charters of "comitatus" carried the title, of which there was very rarely any separate mention; and that no separate patent of the dignity of Earl was ever heard of in Scotland till 1600. The further errors of the Committee, including the resuscitation of the unconfirmed charter of August 1404, as against the valid one of December 1404, the setting at naught of solemn decisions of the Court of Session in 1626, and the charge made against the Treasurer Earl of fraudulently destroying the imaginary patent in 1606, with the view of getting a higher precedence than 1565, are exposed and refuted in detail by Lord Crawford.

But if the Earl of Kellie is to be regarded Earl of Mar in respect of this resolution of 1565, it does not follow, as seems to have been at first imagined, that the heir general, who never claimed this newly discovered title, is, since the decision of 1875, any less Earl of Mar, *de jure* and *de facto*, than he was when he succeeded by right of blood to his uncle in 1866. That the resolution is not thus two-edged has been admitted by the House of Lords itself in 1877. Nevertheless the heir general has been practically debarred from voting at Holyrood by an *ex facie* irregular order issued by the House of Lords before their resolution had been confirmed by the Queen, and has been subjected to other disabilities, from which it is to be hoped that means may shortly be found to relieve him.

At a recent meeting for the election of a Representative Peer, the dissatisfaction of a large body of the Scottish Peers found expression in protests by seventeen of their number against the reception of the vote of the Earl of Kellie as Earl of Mar; and the question has now come to be regarded by the Peers of Scotland as more than a personal one, the unsatisfactory character of the tribunal (or more properly commission of inquiry) before which their rights are discussed, threatening serious perils to Scottish peers and claimants of peerage. Lord Crawford maintains, on grounds which it is difficult to gainsay, that the proper and legitimate cognizance of such questions is still, as it was before the Union, in the Court of Session. The jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of Scotland in peerage claims was exercised till far on in

last century; and the practice which has gradually sprung up of Scottish claimants petitioning the Sovereign and being referred to the House of Lords is, according to his view, in strictness only a sort of irregular arbitration, devoid of strict legal sanction. He advises a return by claimants to the constitutional usage which has been discontinued, "not from any *laches* on the part of the Court, but from the action of claimants only." Such a *controversy* as that of Mar could certainly not have occurred had the case been brought before the judges of Scotland, and argued on both sides by counsel learned in the law of that country.

GENEALOGICAL MEMOIRS OF THE ECHLIN FAMILY. By JOHN R. ECHLIN, M.A. Edinburgh [1882], 8vo. Second Edition.

Some years ago Mr. Echlin printed a manuscript in his possession entitled "Memoirs of the ancient families of the Echlins of Pittadro," by George Crawford, Esq., to which he added an appendix setting forth the more modern lineage of the family. This has been long since out of print, and he explains in his preface the nature of this *second edition*, so well that we cannot do better than give his own words:—

"I have thought it well to prepare a Second Edition of the little work—a *second* edition I call it, although, as will be seen, it departs considerably from the plan of the *first*, in that Mr. George Crawford's 'Memorial'—the basis and starting point of the first edition—is not here given at length; the greater part of that performance having been found, on investigation, to be a work (so far as the Echlins were concerned) of pure imagination, manifestly drawn up in plausible fulfilment of an entrusted commission." Much assistance has been afforded the author of this compilation by Mr. R. R. Stodart, a genealogist well known to our readers as one of the best authorities on Scottish family history.

The Echlins of Pittadro, chiefs of the name in Scotland, descend from William Echling, Laird of Pittadro in 1457, whose line ended in Henry Echlin of that place, early in the seventeenth century. The account given of them is followed by an exhaustive note on the Arms of the Echlin Family, which sets forth the variations of the coat borne. There is also a facsimile of a grant of a Crest to John Echlin, eldest son of Robert Echlin, Bishop of Down and Connor, a prelate described as the "Root and Founder of the Irish branch of the family." He was a cadet of Pittadro. His descendants are carefully traced out to the present representative, the Rev. John R. Echlin, the author of this memoir. From the second son of Robert Echlin, grandson of the Bishop, are descended the Echlins, Baronets, whose unfortunate history is well known to the readers of Burke's "Vicissitudes of Families." Their pedigree is given in Appendix I. The curious reader will do well to compare it with the account given in Mr. Foster's Baronetage. The pedigrees differ somewhat; as to which is the most correct the facts cited do not warrant us in forming an opinion. Other branches of the Echlins are dealt with in the subsequent pages of Appendix. Mr. Echlin has produced a very useful, and to all appearances accurate, account of this ancient family, which must be considered as the foundation stone upon which may be built a superstructure giving a detailed and proved family history. So far as it goes the book is good, the greatest fault we have to find with it is, that it has no index.

A MEMORIAL HISTORY OF THE CAMPBELLS OF MELFORT, ARGYLLSHIRE.
By MARGARET OLYMPIA CAMPBELL. London, 1882, 4to.

"The wish to perpetuate the noble and patriotic duty of a race during all time remarkable for their fidelity to their sovereign and to the chief of their clan" is the authoress's apology for a very interesting and elegantly printed history of this branch of the great Clan Campbell of Argyll. The chief defects in it are, that the genealogical statements it contains are unsupported by references to wills, parish registers, and documents of such a nature as are necessary to prove the connection of its various members, and the absence of any index whatever to its contents. The statements made rest therefore solely on the authority of writer.

The lands and Barony of Melfort were granted by King David Bruce to Sir Archibald Campbell of Lochaw in 1343, and continued in his family till sold by Col. John Campbell in 1838, but there still remains in the possession of the family the small property of Kilchoan, situated at the western extremity of the estate. No account of a Highland family would be thought complete which could not tell some mysterious story, and here we are given one of a singular and apparently inexplicable kind. There is a light which appears at times, over one spot on a bank near the river Oude, and which, on approaching, disappears, to the terror of the beholder. Curious to relate, when the present possessor of the estate was making a new road, it necessitated a cutting through this bank, which brought to light two stone coffins, of which the stones were simply placed together without any fastenings. One of them contained the ashes of a man, the other the remains of a female with a necklace of oriental character, and a bracelet. It is over this spot the light is seen. A bridge has been built there across the river, but notwithstanding the coffins and their contents were buried in Kilmelfort churchyard, the light still remains.

The Campbells of Melfort are traced from Neil, son of Sir Colin Campbell 11th knight of Lochaw, who died in 1340. Between him and Nige, who probably fell at Flodden, 1513, only two generations are given; these seem too few in a period of 173 years!

The Campbells appear to be remarkable for the number of members of the family who have done good service to their queen and country in the Army and Navy, among whom may be mentioned Sir Patrick, Sir Colin, and Sir Alexander Campbell, Bart. The various services of these gallant officers are duly recorded.

Pedigrees of the Macdougalls of Macdougall, Macclachlans of Macclachlan (? why not of 'that Ilk,') and of the Camerons of Lochiel, as well as the descendants of the Campbells of Melfort in the female line are given. Notes of Charters and Deeds relating to the Melfort property are placed in an appendix. These ought, at all events the earlier ones, to have been reproduced in facsimile, and in all cases to have been printed *in extenso*.

The illustrations and general get up of this volume are all that can be desired, and it will form an elegant addition to the drawing-room table literature of every descendant of the house of Melfort.

PEDES FINIUM. Edited by WALTER RYE. Norwich, 1881, 8vo.

The fines indexed in this little reprint from the publications of the Norfolk Archæological Society extend from 3 Richard I to the end of John. In an introduction Mr. Rye explains in an exceedingly clear and concise manner the objects and form of a final concord, the nature of these documents, and the best way of consulting them. It is impossible for us to do justice to the valuable remarks he has made without reprinting the greater part of his introduction. He has generously consented to allow such parts of it as are of more than mere local interest to appear in our next number, and to supplement them with further information on the subject likely to be of use to those ignorant of the vast amount of valuable genealogical information this particular class of public records afford.

THE RECORDS OF ST. MICHAEL'S PARISH CHURCH, BISHOP'S STORTFORD.
Edited by J. L. GLASSCOCK, JUN. London, Elliott Stock, 1882, 8vo.

Some time ago Mr. Speechley, churchwarden, undertook the task of examining the papers preserved in the vestry of Bishop's Stortford church, in which he was assisted by Mr. Glasscock. The more interesting parts of these papers, the whole of which are kept in the vestry of St. Michael's Church, are now placed before the public. They consist of the churchwardens' accounts from 1431—1847, or at all events parts of them. There is nothing to indicate how far they are given in their entirety. A list of the vicars from 1332, and churchwardens from 1430, to the present time, accounts relating to the Guild St. John the Baptist, inventories of church goods, 1537, church rentals *circa* Edw. IV., Ric. III., and 21 Hen. VIII., the churchwardens' book, 1612, accounts of the collectors for the poor, extracts from the overseers' book, &c., &c., and lastly a most useful list of monumental inscriptions, both in the church and churchyard. A good index of names completes the volume.

Great credit appears to be due to the vicar and churchwardens for their care of the documents confided to their keeping, but the other parish authorities appear to have counterbalanced this by a piece of ruthless neglect:—

"In a room in the Corn Exchange are the rate books and overseers' accounts for the last eighty or ninety years, and some interesting old account books relating to the management of the old workhouse previous to the passing of the present poor law. These, however, must be considered inaccessible for reference in their present state. At the annual vestry meeting, March 25, 1881, it was *Resolved that the Assistant Overseer should be empowered to remove all books belonging to the parish from the Corn Exchange, and take charge of them at his own residence.*"

It is not unreasonable to suppose that the next consignee of these ancient documents will be the Butter-man.

The notes to the churchwardens' accounts are useful, but many more might have been added with advantage, *e.g.*, that gang-tyde (p. 43) means Rogation week. If, however, we have too few notes to the churchwardens' accounts, the omission is made up for by rather overdoing those to the inventories of church goods,—those on Chalice, Cruets, Cope, Alb, etc., being we think unnecessary. *Obis, l.e. albs*, is defined as "satin made at Bruges," owing to the figure referring to the note being

placed against that word instead of against "bredgis," the old writing for Bruges. The ewer and basons were used in the service of the Mass, and not for the font as stated in note 17.

Mr. Glascock, in his preface, apologises for not having included the Parish Register in his work on account of the space it would occupy, asserting with much truth that extracts *only* are worse than useless. Essex antiquaries have to thank him for a very useful and instructive book, and a valuable contribution to local topography. We trust that it will prove sufficiently successful to induce him to print the Parish Register as a companion volume. Such a publication would be quite as much, probably much more, appreciated than his present volume.

GENEALOGY AND BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES OF THE YOUNGMAN FAMILY.

By DAVID YOUNGMAN, M.D. Boston, Mass., 1882, 8vo.

This little family record gives a clear and interesting account of the descendants of Francis Youngman, who was living at Roxbury, now a part of Boston, as early as 1684. The name is uncommon in the United States, not more than a dozen of his descendants in male line being in existence at the present time. Dr. Youngman considers, apparently with good reason, that the name came to England from Germany, and that its original spelling Jungman was anglicised into the present form. We cannot bestow greater praise on the evident care and accuracy of the writer, than by saying that his pamphlet is absolutely free from the usual rubbish regarding English ancestors which disfigures most American Genealogies.

DEEDS RELATING TO PARISH AND OTHER CHARITIES OF WANDSWORTH.

By WALTER RYE, 1881, 8vo.

In the vestry of the church of Wandsworth are preserved upwards of forty old documents relating to the parish charities. The task of editing these documents was wisely confided by the Vestry to Mr. Walter Rye, who has performed the labour with that care and accuracy which always characterize his handywork. His report on the administration of the charities is satisfactory, no great irregularities having crept in. Indeed, the printed parish accounts show that Forsyth's Charity, the income of which is £5 5s. 10d. per annum, makes an annual expenditure of £11 12s. 9d., a feat we recommend to the consideration of the vestrymen and churchwardens of other parishes, whose charities are not usually so well administered.

REMINISCENCES OF JAMES C. AYER AND THE TOWN OF AYER. Third Edition. By CHARLES COWLEY. Lowell, Mass., 8vo.

James Cook Ayer was the eldest surviving son of Frederick, son of Elisha Ayer. When seven years old he lost his father by death and commenced the battle of life. His success in the struggle is the subject of these pages, and will be read with interest as well as profit by those who are fortunate enough to see a copy of Judge Cowley's amusing narrative. His grandfather, James Cook, was engaged in the flannel manufacture, and with him the boy, when only eleven years old, made a contract to attend the picker in his mill for four cents an hour. "This

anxious and aspiring boy actually worked twenty hours a day on his grandfather's picker, in order to earn four cents an hour. It was not from mere selfishness that he did this, for when he had saved about fourteen dollars out of his earnings, he lent it to his grandfather, taking a note for that amount, *bearing interest*—mark his early care to have his money earning more money—and then made a present of this interest-bearing note to his widowed mother."

His industry was equalled, if not surpassed, by his ability. At one time he made himself master of the business of an apothecary, and the University of Pennsylvania gave him the degree of M.D. At twenty-one years of age he invented a rotary steam engine; he also invented a system of telegraphic printing, and numbers of machines. To follow out the history of his varied successes is beyond the scope of these pages; suffice it to say, that he died at the comparatively early age of 60 in 1878, the architect of his own fortune, and that fortune no less than ten or twelve million dollars. Judge Cowley deals with his subject in an able and entertaining manner, and we can assure our readers that the life of this remarkable man is well worth reading.

THE BOOK OF THE VARIAN FAMILY. By SAM. BRIGGS. Cleveland, Ohio, 1881, 8vo.

In this volume Mr. Briggs, whose compilations on the Briggs' family we have already noticed in the 'Genealogist,' gives a clear and well written account of the descendants of Isaac Varian, the first of the name in the United States. Various traditions are current as to his origin, and Mr. Briggs is of opinion that he came from Holland, to which country he or his predecessors had migrated from France. He was settled as a butcher in New York as early as 1720, in which city he has always been considered as one of the "fathers of the guild." He died about 1800, and must therefore have reached a great age, at all events nearly 100. Several portraits of the most distinguished of his descendants adorn this volume, including a very pleasing one of its laborious author.

Notices of persons of the name in France, Canada, and Ireland are prefixed, together with some observations on its origin. It is in the opinion of the writer a corruption of Varin, *i.e.* Guérin, which in the Teutonic dialect signified "lover of war." It seems, however, to us that it might almost as easily be considered a corruption of Varignon.

Apropos to the assumed Norman origin of the family Mr. Briggs gives a very amusing chapter, entitled "Normandy and the Normans," which includes a collection of proverbs relating to those unprincipled villains from whom we are so fond of boasting descent, and whose rapacity forms the point of most of them, *e.g.* "Ninety-nine pigeons and one Norman make one hundred robbers." The 'preliminary discourse,' or as we should call it, the 'preface,' is exceedingly amusing, and may be read with profit by those who are bent on cross-questioning their maiden aunts on matters genealogical. A capital index, and a few blank pages for additions and corrections, a novel feature in books of this kind, close the volume, which is exceptionally well printed and got up, and reflects much credit on the ability and industry of its compiler.

JOSEPH LEMUEL CHESTER, D.C.L.

The death of Col. Chester has caused a feeling of genuine sorrow in the hearts of all English genealogists, and created a breach in their ranks which time is not likely to fill up again, at all events in our day. The results of his extensive research, always given with the most open-handed liberality to anyone interested in historical or genealogical pursuits, but best known and appreciated by the class of students to whose interests this Magazine is especially devoted, render it not only a duty but a pleasure to record in these pages, inadequately though it be, some tribute to the generous friend and genial correspondent whose work is done.

Joseph Lemuel Chester was born at Norwich, Connecticut, U.S.A., 30th April, 1821. His father having died while the son was quite young, the future genealogist was left to face the battle of life dependant solely on his own endeavours. According to the 'Supplement to the Cyclopædia of American Literature,' published in 1866, "He commenced the study of law in New York in 1838, but abandoned it for a branch of the mercantile profession, in which he was engaged in that city and Philadelphia until about 1852, during the whole of which time he was a frequent contributor to the weekly and monthly press, under various signatures, that of 'Julian Cramer' being the one best known to the community. He then became connected with the Philadelphia press, both there and as a corresponding editor at Washington. For a time he was one of the assistant clerks of the United States House of Representatives. Since 1858 he has resided in London. His earlier publications include 'Greenwood Cemetery, and other Poems' (12mo, New York and Boston, 1843); 'The Personal Narrative of Mrs. Margaret Douglas, a Southern Woman, who was Imprisoned for One Month in the Common Jail of Norfolk, under the Laws of Virginia, for the Crime of Teaching Free Coloured Children to Read' (12mo, Boston, 1854); 'Life of John Rogers, the Marian Proto-Martyr,

with Biographical Sketches of some of his Descendants,' &c. (Svo, London, 1861, pp. 452). The last mentioned work, one of much labour and research, has received the unqualified commendation of the English press."

Col. Chester came to England in 1858, and was employed here, in an official capacity, during the Civil War. The primary object of his visit was, however, to investigate the history of the Pilgrim Fathers, and the genealogy of his own English ancestry. He soon made his mark here as a genealogist of great ability and painstaking research. He was one of the founders of the Harleian Society in 1869, and a member of the first council of the Royal Historical Society in 1870. For the former he edited the Parish Registers of St. Dionis Backchurch, St. Mary Aldernary, and St. Thomas the Apostle, London; and was at the time of his death engaged in editing, in conjunction with Dr. J. J. Howard, the Visitation of London in 1634, of which one volume has already appeared. His greatest work, and that by which he has earned a place amongst English men of letters, was the editing and annotating 'The Marriage, Baptismal, and Burial Registers of the Collegiate Church or Abbey of St. Peter, Westminster,' London, 1876, Svo. On this book he spent ten years' labour, and then generously allowed the Harleian Society to issue it as one of their publications (vol. x), his sole object being to leave it as his legacy to the nation which he was wont to say had always treated him kindly and whose hospitable shores he never intended to leave, and where at length, as he always wished, he has found a final resting-place. It has been said, with much truth, that scarcely a modern book appears relating to biography, genealogy, county or parish history, that is not indebted more or less to the investigations of Col. Chester.

The 'Westminster Abbey Registers' are so well known to the readers of this publication, and the historical value of the notes to them appreciated by so wide a circle, that further comment on them here would be quite superfluous. They were not unappreciated by his own countrymen, for, in recognition of his labours on this work, Columbia College, New York City, an institution from which such a compliment is an honour, conferred on him the honorary degree of LL.D. in 1877. On the 22nd June, 1881, our own University of Oxford gave him the degree of D.C.L., a recognition of his services to English literature

more highly valued by him than any other honour bestowed upon him. There was only one distinction he would have greatly appreciated which he never lived to attain, but to which he had a far better right than most of the distinguished foreigners on whom it is lavishly bestowed, that of Hon. F.S.A.

It is, however, the object of this notice to place on record a permanent testimony to the noble nature of the man, rather than to detail his labours or give an account of his life.

His personal appearance was in every way characteristic. Tall, of stout build, well proportioned, with long flowing gray beard, and a peculiarly kindly expression of countenance, he naturally prepossessed those with whom he came in contact at first sight, and his quiet and unobtrusive manner at once commanded respect. Generous and genial in disposition far beyond most men, he was at the same time highly sensitive, and felt keenly any want of gratitude on the part of those who obtained his assistance in their researches, while, on the other hand, the most trivial attention shown him was accepted and valued with childlike simplicity and delight. Ever ready to afford to anyone who asked him all the aid which his large collection could supply, he spent half his time in replying to the enquiries of his numerous correspondents, and it was rarely, however much trouble it involved or time it took, that the desired information was not supplied by return of post. The only return he expected, though for that he never asked, was thanks.

Incessant work, and the sedentary life which it enforced, naturally told on what was to all appearances a robust constitution, but till within a few weeks of his demise, the gout, from which he frequently suffered, was his only serious complaint. He spent a fortnight last Christmas, as he had been in the habit of doing during most of his residence in England, at the house of his friend Mr. Cokayne, and seemed, though perhaps a little less active, much in his usual health and spirits. In February he was attacked by his old enemy the gout, and though he did not rally as soon as usual nothing serious was anticipated till the end of April, when his medical attendant, Mr. Cooper, suspected that he was suffering from disease of the nature of internal tumour. On the 5th of May Sir James Paget, and Dr. Moxon, of Guys, examined him, and pronounced the case to be that of a cancerous tumour in the stomach of considerable size

and long standing, but not of necessity immediately fatal. These, or some such words were told him by Sir James, and since that time he seemed to lose all heart, and I believe never wrote a line more. He continued however to sit up in his library on an invalid couch, and though his voice became feeble, was able to converse with his friends till the 23rd of May, when, though weak, he appeared much as usual; but on that night came an attack of bronchitis, then an abscess in the throat, and though he appeared to recover from both these, soon after midnight his strength gave way; and on the 25th he gradually sank, and at 10 a.m. on the 26th expired.

On the last day of the month his funeral, which was of a private character, took place at Nunhead Cemetery; a large number however of his poorer neighbours (among whom he had so long resided, and to whom he had ever been a liberal and most kind benefactor) were present. The American Embassy was represented by Mr. E. S. Nadal, one of the Secretaries of Legation. The service was read by Dr. Bradley, Dean of Westminster, who thus, on behalf of himself and his Chapter, testified the respect due to one who had done so much towards illustrating the history of their glorious Abbey.

Nothing more remains to be told, unless it be to add that of the many good qualities exemplified in his life his genial disposition was the most striking. Having acquired knowledge himself, by imparting it to others he made the best possible use of it, and thus derived the truest and noblest enjoyment from its possession. In this respect he has left behind him a bright example, and taught a useful lesson. His too early death has caused a general and heartfelt feeling of sorrow amongst all whose good fortune it was to come in contact with him. We shall see his kindly face no more, no longer learn our work under his able guidance, and though we cannot wish to recall him from the reward of a life well spent and of work well done, our heart is still human, and

“It mourns that dust should part.”

GEORGE W. MARSHALL.

THE RUNAWAY MATCH OF ELIZABETH COURTENAY.

On inquiring where anything is to be learnt concerning Humfrey Courtenay of Bickleigh,¹ I am referred to the Courtenay pedigree, printed in vol. x of the *Archæological Journal*. There I find, as answering to the individual I want, the single word, "Humphrey," among the issue of Sir Philip Courtenay, of Powderham, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Walter, Lord Hungerford. Yet sticking fast, I am next sent to the life of Thomas Carew in Prince's *Worthies of Devon*. Now, I am glad of this, because I must own to a great partiality for the gossiping Vicar of Berry Pomeroy. The artless simplicity, and even familiarity, of his style, and the easy manner with which he copies from a preceding writer, while altering here, and touching up there, combined with a credulity that seems illimitable, impart to his LIVES a delightfully quaint flavour, and surround his hero of the moment with the halo of a concentrating interest. There is no reason, then, to doubt that, in this instance, he will be true to himself. I am not now concerned with the individuality of Thomas Carew. Let him only be the husband of Elizabeth Courtenay, and I shall assume that he is correctly called the second son of Sir Edmund Carew of Mohuns Ottery. Prince shall tell his own story (*Worthies of Devon*, p. 176) which, as a matter of course, will *not* be his story, but that told beforehand by some one else:—

"You may please to know then, that Bicklegh in this Shire, was sometime the Inheritance of the honorable Family of the Courtenays of Powderham Castle; which was wont to be a Portion for a younger Son of that House. At length it came to be settled upon Humphry, the youngest Son of Sir Philip Courtenay; who dying before his Father, left his only Daughter and Heir unto his Care. Sir Philip entrusted her over unto Sir William Carew (Thomas's eldest Brother) who had married his eldest Son's Daughter, Cousin-German to this Lady. Mr. Thomas Carew living with his Brother, became very familiar with this young Fortune, Courtted her, and won her good Will; which having obtained, he secretly by Night, carried her away and married her. This he did, not only contrary to Sir Philip her Grand-father, and Sir William his Brother, their Likeing and Approbation, but to the high Displeasure of them both: For the better pacifying whereof, after due time of Consideration, concluded, nothing would conduce more thereunto, than Absence. Being young and lusty, of an active Body, and a courageous Mind, having in him, the inherent seeds of hereditary Virtue, he resolved for the Wars; and soon found an Occasion suitable to his Inclination and Resolution; which thus hapned:

¹ In Hayridge Hundred, near Tiverton.

The Scots taking the Advantage of K. Hen. 8th's Absence in France, invaded England. Against whom, Thomas Earl of Surry (whom the King had made his Lieutenant in the North at his Departure) raised a potent Army, of five and twenty thousand Men; unto whom, his Son, the Lord Howard, Lord Admiral of England, having the King's Navy at Sea, brought a great supply of good Soldiers, well appointed for the War; among whom was this Mr. Thomas Carew."

Knowing the author, one is quite prepared to find that he has laid Westcote under contribution. Without any desire to inflict a double dose upon the reader, I quote just so much of Westcote's account as may serve for comparison with the narrative of Prince, who, it is only fair to add, acknowledges by a marginal note the source of his information:—

"This gentleman (was second brother to Sr William Carewe of Mohuns Ottrye knight, both sons to Baron Carew slayn at Turwyne¹ as he sate in Councell wth the shott of a great peece An: 1513:) married the only daughter & Heyr of Homfry Courtney esquier Lord of Bickleye (a younger sonne to Sr Phillip Courtney of Powderham knight, who had married Elyzabeth daughter to the Lord Hungerford) wth Homfrye dyng before his father, left the care of his daughter vnto him. And he agayn intrusted her to the oversight of Sr William Carew, wth whom our esquier Lyued. Beynge both in one howse, they were soon familiar, and yt was not longe er he wonn the young gentlewoemens Loue, w^{ch} they kept so secret, that he married her & Caryed her away er the matter was any way suspected, wherby he incurred the highe displeasure both of her grandfather Sr Phillipe Courtney & of his brother. The w^{ch} to regayn agayn after a tyme of dew consideration, beynge younge and of an able and actiue bodye, beyng borne of a warlyke race & hauing in him the inherent seeds of hereditary vertue" &c.

Although there are no positive dates to this romantic tale, they may be readily supplied from these two things; that her grandfather, Sir Philip Courtenay, was yet living and highly displeased with the conduct of this "young fortune"; and that she ran away ("by night," adroitly interpolates our reverend friend) shortly before the battle of Flodden Field was fought. Now, there can be no doubt that Sir Philip Courtenay died 16 Dec. 1463 (Inq. 3 Edw. IV. n^o 29), or that the battle was fought in Sept. 1513. Having regard to this great interval, and, even allowing for error in crediting Sir Philip with having lived on till 1513; to have been born before his death, and so to have become his ward at all, it is clear that this *young* lady could not have been, at the time of her marriage, a day less than fifty years old.

This astounding result may well justify the suspicion that

¹ Misprinted 'Turpin' in *A View of Devonshire in 1630* (ed. Oliver and Jones, 1815, 4to.) p. 107, where the corresponding passage may be found, but with the spelling modernised.

there must be something wrong; and so it proves on investigation. The name of Humfrey Courtenay is continually found during the early years of Henry VII. among the jurors summoned to Exeter, and serving on Inquisitions *post mortem*. So far from dying before his father, he outlived Sir Philip by many years, in fact, until (20 or) 23 April, 1496. Moreover, his heir was found to be his grandson (son of his deceased son, John), also Humfrey, and then (1496) aged seven years. This youth survived his grandfather but a very short time; and, as among the possessions inherited by him were included the manor of Brode Nymet and the advowson of the church there, which were held of the Duchy of Lancaster, inquiry was ordered to be made before the Feodaries of the Duchy in the County of Devon.

"Where as (says the King's writ) Vmfrey Courtenay consyne and heire vnto Vmfrey Courtenay squier is now late Deceased & held of vs certeyne landes & tenementes in Brodenymet in oure said Counte by knyghtes seruice as of oure said Duchie & Died in oure Warde his heire being w'in age : by reason Whereof the Custodye & kepyng of the said landes & also of the said heire to vs of right apperteyneth & belongithe. Wherefore We Wol & charge you Yevene at oure Palays of Westm. vndre oure seal of oure saide Duchie the ixth Day of ffen'er' The xijth yere of oure Reigne [9 Feb. 1496-7]."

By office taken 20 Mareh, 1496-7, it was found that the younger Humfrey died on Saturday after the feast of the Purification of the Blessed Virgin Mary last past (4 Feb. 1496-7); and that Walter Courtenay was his brother and heir, aged five years, and then (at the date of the inquisition) in ward to Edward Courtenay, Earl of Devon (Duchy of Lane., Inq. p.m. Vol. ii. n° 84).

The conjunction of these two names, Humfrey and Walter, reminds me how close was the union between Humfrey (the elder) of Bickleigh and his brother, Sir Walter Courtenay. Their names frequently occur together as jurors in Inquisitions *post mortem*; they were joined in trust-deeds; and, in acting for themselves, mutually enfeoffed, one the other. In death they were divided by some years, Sir Walter surviving his brother till 7 Nov. 1505, on which day he died, leaving yet again a Walter, his son and heir, aged fifteen. In the inquisition taken on his death (21 Hen. VII. n° 56) recital is made of a deed, bearing date 2 May, 1495, by which he enfeoffed certain persons, and among them John Courtenay, esquire, who (with other co-feoffees) had deceased prior to the date of the inquisition, 15 January, 1505-6. This, I have little or no doubt, was the son and heir apparent of Humfrey Courtenay of Bickleigh (also a feoffee of Sir Walter, and likewise stated to be deceased); for the only contemporary of the same name, John Courtenay of Molland, did not die until the year 1509 (Inq. 1 Hen. VIII. n° 3; 3 Hen. VIII. n° 34).

But, to return to the first-named young Walter (son of John

Courtenay), who was found heir to his brother. Nothing further is known of him, although one would suppose that at his death an inquisition should have been taken for the same reason¹ as before. Elizabeth Courtenay is not reached even now; and it is not till half a century later that we learn such particulars as prove her identity, and this only by the office (37 Hen. VIII, pt. ii, n^o 25) taken at Exeter 3 April, 1546, after the death of her husband, Thomas Carew.

It is especially recorded here that Elizabeth Courtenay, whom he married, was the daughter and heir of John Courtenay, esq., deceased; and that, long prior to her marriage, she was possessed in her own right of the manors of Bykeleighe (yearly worth £20) and Brodenymett (yearly worth £8), as well as certain premises in Borington. No clue is given to the date of her death, but Thomas Carew survived her, and held as tenant *per legem Anglie*, having by her a son, John Carew, his mother's heir.

The precise words are:—

“Qui dicunt super sacramentum suum quod diu antea quod dictus Thomas Carewe in dicto breve nominatus aliquid habuit in Manerijs de Bykeleighe et Brodenymett cum suis pertinencijs in Comitatu predicto, necnon in vno Mesuagio vno Gardino Sexaginta aeris terre prati et pasture vocat' Braggys Hayes in Borington in comitatu predicto quedam Elizabethhe Courtenay filia et heres Johannis Courtenay armigeri defuncti fuit inde seisisa in dominico suo ut de feodo. Et sic inde seisisa cepit in virum predictum Thomam Carewe et ijdem Thomas et Elizabethhe fuerunt maritati secundum legem ecclesiasticam et habuerunt exitum inter eos Johannem Carewe adhuc superstitem. Et postea dicta Elizabeth' obiit et dictus Thomas Carewe eam supervixit et se tenuit intus in dictis Manerijs et ceteris premissis et fuit inde seisitus in dominico suo ut de libero tenemento pro termino vite sue ut tenens per legem Anglie. Post cuius quidem Elizabeth' mortem Revereio dictorum Maneriorum et ceterorum premissorum descendebat et de Jure descendere debebat dicto Johanni Carewe ut filio et heredi eiusdem Elizabeth' et postea dicto Thoma sic ut prefertur seisisito existente idem Thomas obiit sic inde seisitus.”

Thomas Carew died 2 Feb., 1545-6; and John Carew before-named, his son and heir, was aged thirty-two years. Of the latter I find no more² than that, on the death of Humphrey Prydeaux, esq. (Inq. 4 Edw. VI, pt. i, n^o 52), certain lands in Elyngham and Fyneton were found to be held of John Carew of Bickeleghe, esquire, in socage by fealty only.

¹ It is to be observed, however, that at the time of the death of Thomas Carew (2 Feb., 1545-6), the manor of Brodenymett was held (*inter alia*) of Sir Antony Kingston, knt. and Anne Mary, his wife (as in her right), of their Manor of Cadleleighe; but, as we have seen above (p. 195), this manor of Brodenymett was held in 1497 of the king, as of his Duchy of Lancaster.

² I know, of course, what is said by Sir Wm. Pole (*Collections*) of him, and also of the remarriage of his father. Notwithstanding, I elect to confine myself strictly to the documents under examination.

In the inquisition taken after the death of Humfrey Courtenay (11-12 Hen. VII., n^o 82) reference is made to his son Philip, on whom the manors of Clawcton and Wobernford were entailed. What other issue he had (beside his eldest son, John, who predeceased him) does not appear here; but, in the inquisition¹ (22 Edw. IV., n^o 51) on William Merwode of Westcote, taken at Exeter 29 July, 1482, from a certain Joan being called *one* of his daughters (*vnus fil' dicti Humfr'i*), it would seem that there were others. This Joan (or Jane) was then already married² to William Merwode the younger, son and heir of the William Merwode lately deceased. The last-named had granted to Humfrey and Walter Courtenay, esquires (with others), certain lands, which these feoffees re-granted "quibusdam Will'o Merwode, per nomen Will'i Merwode Junioris filij et heredis dicti Will'i in dicto breui nominati, et Johanne vxori sue vnus (*for* uni) fil [iarum] dicti Humfr'i," To hold to them and the heirs of their bodies, with remainder to the right heirs of the said William named in the writ.

This William Merwode, who married Joan (or Jane) Courtenay, is named by Katherine, Countess of Devonshire, as among her feoffees who, having been seised of certain lands to her use, had deceased³ prior to the date of her will, 2 May, 1527 (*Archæolog. Journal*, x, 53). There was great intimacy for a long subsequent period between the family of Marwood (as the name gradually came to be written) and that of Courtenay; arising partly, no doubt, from the marriage above mentioned, and partly, from the tenure of property in Honiton, Colyton, and elsewhere in East Devon.

Before I had fully learnt the necessity of verifying every genealogical statement, made in any and every quarter, written or printed, I contributed a short paper to *Notes and Queries* (4th S. ii. 174). Relying on Lysons' *Devonshire* (ii. 444) and the Harleian MSS., I then alluded (p. 175) to the "two⁴ co-heiresses, *temp.* Elizabeth," being daughters of the last John Marwood of Westcote. In point of fact there were *three*, as I discovered not very long afterwards; the third being Katherine, married first (before 20 March, 1577-8), to John Cole of Buckland Toutsaints,⁵ by whom she had issue; and secondly (before

¹ Walter Courtenay, esquire, is the second on the list of jurors.

² This marriage is found in all pedigrees of this family entered in the Harleian MSS.

³ The said William died 25 January, 1519-20, leaving John Merwode, his son and heir, aged thirty years (Inq. 11 Hen. VIII., n^o 54.)

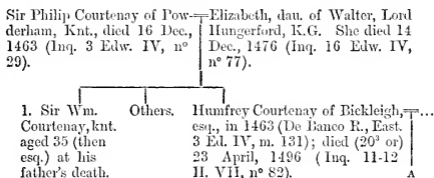
⁴ 1. Elizabeth, married to John Chichester of Hall, near Barnstaple.—2. Eleanor, married first, to Robert Wichelchalse; and secondly, at Merwoode (Marwood) 12 Feb., 1573-4, to Charles Beare (Inq. 27 Eliz., n^o 180.)

⁵ A chapelry in the parish of Loddiswell near Kingsbridge. The will (8 Cobham, P.C.C.) of "John Cole of Bucklande Toutsaintes in the county of Devon Esquier"

22 April, 1585), to Thomas Cosewerth¹ (Inq. 27 Eliz., n^o 180). As there is little prospect of my returning to the subject in the above-named, or in any other periodical, I seize this chance of making the correction.

Regarding the title of this paper, if I have demolished the story of the marriage, as told by Westcote, and repeated by Prince, who is followed in turn by Cleaveland,² I feel no obligation laid upon me to either reconstruct the tale, or suggest a possible explanation. This course may be safely left to the fancy of the reader, if he be so minded.

The few facts proved may be conveniently arranged in the following form:—

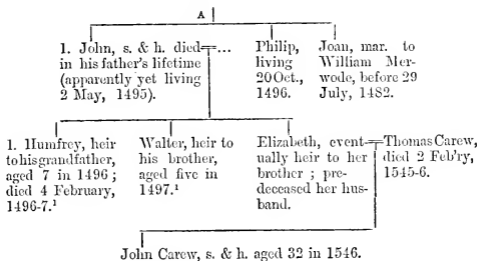


is dated 15 Dec. 1582. The testator mentions his father-in-law, Mr. John Marwood, Kathrine (Katheren) his wife, Alice and Joanne Cole (to each, 400 marks at her age of fifteen years, and not before), his daughters, and John Cole his son and heir apparent (whom he made sole executor.) "And I doe appointe and desire my cozen M^r Phillip Cole of Slado M^r Edmunde Reynoldes [*alias* "Edmond Reynell," as his name is written among the witnesses] and my brother M^r Charles Beare to be my Overseers to see this my will to be performed." Letters of administration, with the will annexed, were granted 4 Feb., 1596-7 to Catherine Cole *alias* Cosewarthe, his widow, and to Alice Cole *alias* Southcott, his daughter; the previous letters (Admⁿ's 1595-6), granted 19 March, 1595-6, and regarding the deceased as intestate, having been quashed. By inquisition (25 Eliz., n^o 169) it was found that John Cole the son was aged four years, five months, and 7 days at the date, 11 April, 25 Eliz. (1583). He died 13 April 1595 (Inq. 37 Eliz. part 1, n^o 76), leaving two sisters, his co-heirs; viz., Alice, aged eighteen, the wife of George Southcott the younger, esquire (afterwards Sir George Southcott) and Joan Cole, aged sixteen, afterwards married to Sir Thomas Pridelaux of Nutwell (Sir W. Pole, *Collections*, 272.)

¹ He may be the "Receiver of the Duchy of Cornwall;" but this match is not recorded in the Visitation of 1629 under the pedigree of "Cosworth" (Harl. Soc., ix, 50.) The Thomas Cosworth there entered is not shown to have had issue, although, under "Kendall" (112), Thomas Kendall of Trewoogie is said to have married 'Dorothie Da. & hey. of Tho. Cosworth of Cosworth in Cornwall.'" By Harl. MS. 4931, f. 89, it appears that Thomas was the eldest son and heir of John Cosworth of London (Harl. Soc. i, 16); and that he had by his wife, Agnes St. Aubyn, a son John, who died *s. p.*; as well as a daughter, Dorothy, "wif to Kendall." This John is here (Harl. 4031) said to have renewed the entail which his father had cut off, whereby, at his death without issue, his uncle Edward Cosewarth (Cosworth) succeeded him in estate.

² *History of the Courtenays*, p. 279. The same account in a much abridged form is also to be found in Risdon's *Survey of the County of Devon* (ed. 1811), p. 76.

³ Duchy of Lancaster, Inq. p.m. Vol. ii, n^o 84.



No doubt there is a certain baldness about the foregoing pedigree; but of set purpose I abstain from travelling "beyond the record," deeming it better to be content with so much, or so little, as is capable of direct proof, than to take in more without the time or opportunity to test its accuracy.

By constant use of the Public Records, one comes across information which, though limited and partial, yet frequently clears up some doubtful point, or disproves some overconfident assertion. In the modest guise of applying such items to the service of correction, I shall hope to make an appearance from time to time in these pages. Errors which it is nobody's business to correct are complacently adopted without inquiry, quoted, re-quoted and passed from hand to hand, until at last the credit of so many persons stands committed, that it is hard to gain credence for the truth. Take, for instance, a volume of Berry's *County Genealogies*, in which a man is made grandfather to his own brother, with a difference of not more than thirteen years between their respective ages. Or, to mention another case supported by a great show of evidence. An infant, said to be held at the font by distinguished sponsors in one year, actually becomes the father of another infant baptized in the year following; the later event only being recorded in the register of the parish. Nevertheless, the fiction of the earlier baptism, by dint of persistent repetition, is not only universally accepted, but reputed to be historical.

JOHN A. C. VINCENT.

¹ Duchy of Lancaster, Inq. p.m., Vol. ii, n^o. 84.

MR. JOSEPH FOSTER ON THE RETURN OF MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT.

In his 'Collectanea Genealogica,' commenced in June 1881, Mr. Foster has begun an alphabetical list of all the Members in the three kingdoms, "with details of their services and short biographical notices." This is to include "the identification of individuals when practicable," and corrections of mis-spellings, inaccuracies and omissions in the official return made in 1880.

Of this return Mr. Foster speaks somewhat cavalierly, saying that "the authorities may well lose confidence in their index;" and that "the *lâches* of the readers for the press as well as of the compilers are, I regret to add, more palpable still."

The return was compiled from the original records by the proper officials; it is, we shall venture to continue to think *pace* Mr. Foster, a most valuable and authentic record. Containing, as it does, an enormous number of names of persons and places and of dates, no one would expect that it should be absolutely free from error.

If Mr. Foster had gone carefully over it and corrected these, he would have done good service, for which every student of history and genealogy would have been grateful; but he would have filled very few pages of his periodical. He has, however, preferred to print a separate list for each kingdom, which is to contain every name "supplemented with genealogical notes;" and he adds—"this is peculiarly my own ground."

A casual glance having led us to doubt whether the promises so made to his subscribers as to accuracy, identification, &c., were being fulfilled, we have gone over the pages 113-176, devoted in Part V to Members of Parliament—Scotland. They begin with the family of Dundas, of which so many members have sat in Parliament and on the Judicial Bench. The genealogical notes seem to be chiefly taken from such readily accessible sources as Douglas's 'Baronage,' Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' Brunton and Haig's 'Senators of the College of Justice,' &c.

Now we would not wish altogether to condemn this method of procedure, as it is quite possible by a judicious use of scissors and paste, and by making careful extracts from the best sources of information, to save a good deal of labour to searchers after knowledge. But we would ask Mr. Foster to refrain from printing and circulating any more of such nonsense as his pages are full of.

For instance, Colonel James Dundas was not grandfather, but great grandfather of the late George Dundas, C.M.G., M.P. Thomas Dundas, M.P., 1768, did not purchase Fingask and

Carronhall; these estates were bought by his father Thomas, a merchant and bailie of Edinburgh. Sir Walter Dundas did not sit "as a minor baron" 1609 and afterwards. This is a mistake which occurs on almost every page; after 1587 the minor barons ceased as such to attend Parliament, the representative system was established, and the proper designation is "Commissioner for the shire of Linlithgow."

Dundee, the provost of, 1520, might easily have been identified as William Carmichael.

At p. 62 it is asserted that James Carmichael, Commissioner for the burgh of Dundee (Mr. Foster calls him M.P.—a designation never used in Scotland then) 1593, was son of Gavin Carmichael and grandfather of James, first Lord Carmichael, whose grandson was created Earl of Hyndford. This remarkable statement is a mere conjecture, and it is highly improbable that a member of an old Lanarkshire house, son-in-law of Sir Hugh Campbell of Loudoun, hereditary sheriff of Ayrshire (his wife being cousin of the reigning sovereign James VI), moved off to the east of Scotland, and set up as a burgher in Dundee! Gavin and James were "of Hyndford," but this is suppressed. David, Earl of Crawford and Duke of Montrose, the most powerful noble of his time, married Margaret, a daughter of the family of Meadowflat, in Lanarkshire, and this alliance, and that of John Carmichael with Margaret Countess of Angus led to the settlement in Forfarshire of several of their kinsfolk. In 1481, George Carmichael witnessed an instrument on an agreement between the Earl and Sir Thomas Maule of Panmure. Henry Carmichael was made rector of Lethnot before 1493, and Canon of Brechin; and in 1497 acted as procurator *nobilis Domine Margarete Carmychell ducisse montis rosorum*. In 1505 the Duchess made a grant for requiem masses to be sung in the Cathedral of Brechin for the souls of her deceased husband and of this Henry. Peter Carmichael, in 1501, had part of the lands of Dron from the Abbot of Arbroath; and in 1525 there is a tack from the Abbot *honorabili viro et amico suo Petro Carmychell de Dron et Eufanie Vemys sponse sue heredibus suis, &c.* Some of these, no doubt, were ancestors of the Commissioners to Parliament and of the family of Carmichael in Forfarshire, where the name is still to be found.

Elliott, Sir Gilbert, of Stobs, "knight banneret at the battle of Scone, 1643." These few words contain the greatest possible amount of error that could be conveyed in so short a space. Gilbert Elliott was not a knight banneret (the statement is borrowed from Playfair's 'British Family Antiquity,' vol. viii, p. 265); there was no battle fought at Scone or anywhere else in Scotland in 1643; Charles I left Scotland in November, 1641, and was not in his northern kingdom in 1643 at all to create knights banneret; Elliott was knighted but not at Scone and not till eight

years later, that honour having been conferred on him, then a Lieutenant-Colonel, by Charles II, at Largo, 14 Feb., 1651.

Elliott, William, of Stobs, m. Elizabeth, da. of Sir James Douglas of *Conons*; this is a misprint for Cavers copied from the same page of Playfair's work.

Entakine, Laird of, a misprint for Enterkine; it would have been easy to identify him as David Dunbar.

Ewart, among the members of the south country family of this name is included Nicholas *Udward* who was of a race of rich Edinburgh burgesses, name and arms being altogether different.

Fletcher, Sir Andrew, Lord Innerpeffer, "eldest son of Robert Fletcher of Innerpeffer and Beuclo." These words are a copy of a very incorrect statement and a misprint given p. 272 of Brunton and Haig's 'Senators of the College of Justice.' Beuclo stands for Balinscho, sometimes written Benscho, which then belonged to the Lindsay family and was afterwards acquired by the Fletchers. Sir Andrew's father was a burges of Dundee.

Forres, David, 1599; the name is Forrett.

Gartshore, Alexander, did not succeed his brothers, one of whom left descendants; he was a merchant in Glasgow and purchased the family estate.

Gibson, Sir Alexander, of Durie, was not son of Sir John but of Sir Alexander.

Gilmour. There were three baronets, Sir Alexander, Sir Charles, and Sir Alexander, not four as stated. Sir John, the Lord President had certainly four, perhaps five, wives.

Gladstains, Herbert, "possibly a son of John Gladstanes, LL.D., Lord of Session, 1542." No; the judge, who was a Lanarkshire man, left no issue. Herbert who sat for Kirkecudbright evidently belonged to the old family in the Stewartry and in Dumfriesshire, where they long possessed Over Kelwood and other lands.

Glassford, Henry, of Dougalston, "?son of John Glassford of Dougalstoun, co. Dumbarton, merchant, who m. 2ndly, 21 March, 1769, Lady Margaret Mackenzie." He was son of this John by his second wife Anne dau. of Sir John Nisbet of Dean, Bart.; Lady Margaret was the third wife.

Graham, John, of Fintry, 1678; a mistake, he was not a commissioner to Parliament but commissioner of supply for Forfarshire. The account given of his marriage is copied from Burke's 'Landed Gentry,' and differs from that in all pedigrees of the lady's family, Serymgeour, Viscount Dudhope and Earl of Dundee.

Grant, Sir Alexander, of Dalvey, "This baronetcy is discredited, and it is believed that this M.P. was the first to revive it since the death of the grantee Sir James Grant of Dalvey 1695." It was not Sir Alexander but his father Sir Patrick who on 22 August, 1752, was served heir male of his cousin Sir James,

who had been created a baronet of Scotland by patent dated at Windsor, 10 August, 1688, with remainder to his heirs male. Sir Patrick entered his arms in the Lyon Register, 12 January, 1753, when he was recognised as a baronet and the arms confirmed to him were those recorded in 1673 by Sweton Grant of Gartenbeg, father of the first baronet.

Sir Alexander, whose title Mr. Foster tries to discredit, had, on 8 July, 1761, the benefit of the most direct recognition that it was in the power of the Crown to afford, as he had a Royal Warrant for supporters in which he was styled "our trusty and well-beloved Sir Alexander Grant of Dalvey, Baronet." This and the supporters were recorded in the books of the Lyon Court 15 April following, and the title has regularly descended to the present Sir Alexander, Principal of the University of Edinburgh.

Grant, Charles, of Waternish, m. Jane Fraser of the Balmain, not Balmain family. Balmain in Kincardineshire is a different place from Balmain in Inverness-shire.

Hall, Sir John, of Dunglass, "son of Robert Hall of Dunglass." This is not the case, Sir John, who was a merchant burghess of Edinburgh, bought Dunglass 1687.

Hamilton, Lord William; the adjective "notorious" applied to his father, the Duke of Hamilton, seems to call for explanation.

Hamilton, Sir Thomas, of Preston. The baronetcy conferred on his son Sir William is said to be extinct. The late distinguished Sir William Hamilton, Professor of Logic in the University of Edinburgh, was served heir in 1816, and the evidence in this case was got up with unusual care and completeness by himself and the eminent peerage lawyer, John Riddell, advocate. The title is now vested in his son and heir Sir William.

Hannay, John, 1581, "probably son of Alexander Hannay of Kirkdale, co. Galloway, who purchased those lands in 1582." Galloway is not a county; Kirkdale is in the stewartry of Kirkeudbright, and was acquired in 1532 by Alexander, uncle of Patrick Hannay of Sorbie.

Hay, Sir Adam, is said to have "assumed the baronetcy on the death of his brother John, M.P.," and Sir John is called "sixth baronet by assumption," with a reference to "Chaos, Foster's 'Baronetage.'" The pedigree of this family has never, as far as we know, been called in question. It is admitted by William Chambers, LL.D., who, in his 'History of Peeblesshire,' has an ill-natured notice of the service 9 Nov., 1805, of James Hay of Haystoun, physician in Edinburgh, as heir male general of his cousin, Sir James of Smithfield, Baronet. On the 8 Feb. following he was recognised as a baronet by Lyon in the entry made of his arms, which were those recorded in 1672 by his ancestor, Mr. John Hay of Haystoun, Clerk of Session.

Another family of this name, unwarrantably thrust into

"Chaos" by Mr. Foster in his 'Baronetage,' is Hay of Alderston. This is a title as to which there is no dubiety at all; it never became dormant; when Sir Henry Hay-Makdougall died without male issue in 1825, he was succeeded by his cousin, Sir Thomas, son and heir of Alexander Hay of Huntington and Mordington, who had registered arms in 1761. Sir Thomas being an officer in the army, had to satisfy the authorities before his title could be inserted in the Army List; he submitted his pedigree and the proofs of it to Sir George Nayler, Garter King of Arms, who in April, 1826, sent a favourable report to the War Office, which was acted on. The present Sir Hector Hay again registered arms in the books of the Lyon Court in 1875, as a baronet. His title having the sanction of Garter, Lyon, the War Office, and the Home Office in correspondence between Sir Thomas and the late Sir Robert Peel when Secretary of State, hardly loses much by wanting Mr. Foster's approval. Perhaps, however, his Baronetage may be "discredited" by the way in which this and other genuine titles are spoken of.

Hay, Robert of Strowie, son of Francis of *Stowrie* (sic).

There is one correction made in the 'Collectanea;' Pitarrow, 1592-97, belonged to a Wishart, not to a Carnegie.

Mr. Foster is very particular, rightly we think, in stating illegitimacy of birth; but there is one case at least in the pages we have just gone over, where he has left a blot of this nature unremarked upon.

Misprints abound. For example, page 28, McKredie should be M'Kerlie; page 46, Hinkhill should be Kinkell; page 82, Clanbogie should be Claslochie; page 86, Bogichan should be Boquhan; page 104, Pittendennie should be Pittendrum; page 117, Bein hills should be Benchills; page 117, Harene of Foots Crag should be Harene of Footseray; page 131, Beaford should be Bearford; page 133, Farson should be Fairfull; same page, Mues should be Innes; same page, Tonby should be Tonley; page 146, Lantoune should be Lautoune; page 148, Lynton should be Synton; page 171, Colness should be Coltness; page 174, Cambusnethan should be Cambusnethan.

In conclusion, if we may offer a piece of advice to the editor of the 'Collectanea,' it would be that he should confine his labours to the pretty wide field of English genealogy. The languages, laws, forms of legal procedure, &c., in Ireland and Scotland, are somewhat different, and he has evidently not a sufficient acquaintance with them to qualify him to speak as an unquestionable authority. The correction of his Peerage is a work that may well occupy his time.

We have turned to the accounts of some of the latest created peers, and find them all to contain errors.

Lord Derwent's dexter supporter is blazoned a lion murally crowned; the woodcut gives an eastern crown.

Lord Tweedmouth's proved and registered pedigree is not satisfactory to Mr. Foster, who makes some odd comments. We shall only say that James Marjoribanks did not renounce the executry of his sister Margaret; Joseph is satisfactorily proved to be son of James, both having been merchant burgesses of Edinburgh; the James said to have died in April, 1569, never was as Mr. Foster gratuitously asserts identified with James the father of Joseph.

The Earl of Home's arms are incorrectly represented; the Douglas coat should not be in the centre of the shield, but in the centre of the second and third quarters.

The coronet of a peer Mr. Foster evidently looks upon as a mere ornamental toy, which may be omitted altogether as Earl Sydney, Viscount Taaffe, Baron De Tabley, Earl of Tankerville; placed below the shield as Viscount De Vesci, Lord Dorchester, Earl of Eldon; or hoisted up above the crest as Lord Lyndhurst, Lord Lyveden, Lord Marjoribanks. The coronet is incomplete without its crimson velvet cap, which seems to be entirely discarded in these illustrations; its proper place is over the shield.

Has Mr. Foster not thought it worth while to reflect on the obvious enough meaning of the word supporter?

Supporters ought to sustain the shield, not to scramble up upon it and knock it down as Earl of Airlie, Earl of Chichester, Viscount Clifden, Earl of Cottenham; nor like the savages in the Earl of Kimberley's achievement, indulge in a scrimmage, in which it is plain that the shield will come to grief.

S * * *

BRUCES OF CULTMALUNDIE IN PERTHSHIRE.

”	OF MUNESS	}	IN SHETLAND.
”	OF SUMBURGH		
”	OF SYMBISTER		

By MAJOR W. BRUCE ARMSTRONG.

(Continued from page 167.)

BRUCES OF SUMBURGH IN SHETLAND AND SYMBISTER
IN UNST.

William Bruce, 1st of Sumburgh and Symbister.—William Bruce, called “Nevoi” [nephew], “Cousin,” “Servitor,” and “Follower,” in various documents, of Laurence Bruce of Cultmalindie, accompanied his relative to Zetland when appointed Fowdrie there in 1571, as secretary or clerk; what his exact relationship to Laurence was, is uncertain, but there can be no doubt that he was closely connected, and of the same family. He appears to have immediately acquired property as he is called

William Bruce of Symbister in a discharge dated 1572.¹ He is one of the Assize in a Court held at Sumburgh, 5th, 6th, and 7th August, 1602, where he is again mentioned as William Bruce of Symbister.²

On 20th November, 1605, William Bruce of Symbister obtained a charter³ of "his sixpennies lands in Sounburgh, Zetland."

In 1605 William Bruce of Symbister⁴ enters into a contract with the Earl of Orkney. In 1608 he⁵ joined with Bishop Law and others in a supplication against Patrick Earl of Orkney.

4th February, 1609,⁶ a decret of spulzie is granted by the Lords of the Council to William Bruce of Symbister against Patrick, Earl of Orkney. The Lords decreed against the defendant for the losses sustained to the amount of £8,346 scots. On this occasion Earl Patrick, taking advantage of William Bruce's absence, made a raid upon the House of Sumburgh, which he burnt down and plundered. The original is a very interesting document from the details it gives of the property and household goods of a gentleman of that period and locality. The Earl of Orkney's house in Dunrossness [the Jarlhoff of Sir W. Scott's 'Pirate'] is about two hundred yards from the House of Sumburgh.

In 1619⁷ William Bruce of Symbister and his son Andrew had a Charter of Confirmation of 4th part of the lands of Nakitfield in Fife, and in 1624⁸ the same parties had a charter of part of the lands of Kingsbarnis in Fife.

William Bruce married Margaret Stewart, widow of William Sinclair and daughter of John Stewart, prior of Coldinghame, natural son of King James V by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Carmichael of Crawford, as proved by the following extract:—

"Olave Sinclair of Brue" according to the custom then observit of the countrei of Zetland Be his latter will and testament 9th day of February 1570 dividit his hail landis amongst his three sons James, Mathew, and William. The said William Sinclair the third son got an enfeftment of his portion under the King's Great Seal at Stirling 5th March 1578, and conform thereto was formly infeft in the said lands. This William Sinclair married Margaret Stuart daughter of John Stuart abbot of Coldinghame, Brothers daughter to Robert Earl of Orkney, upon whom

¹ Sumburgh Charters.

² Records of Court Genl. Register House, Edinburgh.

³ Register of Sasines, Edinburgh.

⁴ Sumburgh charters.

⁵ 'Maitland Club Publications.'

⁶ Original in Sumburgh Charter chest, and published at length in 'Maitland Club Publications,' vol. iv. p. 385.

⁷ Reg. Mag. Sig., Lib. 49, No. 164.

⁸ *Ibid.*, Lib. 50, No. 261.

⁹ Extract from Records, Sheriff Clerk's office, Lerwick.

he begat 3 sons Francis, Robert, and James. After the death of the said William Sinclair, the said Margaret Stuart married William Bruce of Symbister to her second husband, who was a servant and follower of Laurence Bruce of Cultmaleendie half brother to the Earl of Orkney and Foudrie of Zetland, and after his marriage the said William Bruce sat doune in the said William Sinclair his dwelling place, and midled with the hail movables, and took possession of the maist part of the lands that belonged to Umquhile W. Sinclair, his wife's first husband. In the meantime the said Laurence Bruce of Cultmaleendie, Sheriff depute of Zetland, finding the said Francis Sinclair unlegal, and understanding that the said William Bruce at his own hand had midled with the most part of the said Francis Sinclair's lands, he thereupon as Sheriff [Quhilk was all the pretext he had] took occasion, and possessed himself with one great part of the rest of Francis Sinclair's lands, and disposed the same to Andrew Bruce of Muness his son, and gave him enfeftment thereon, tho he had no right himself." The rest of the document does not bear on family history.

William Bruce was alive in 1624, as he had a charter in that year. He had issue by Margaret Stewart 2 sons—

1. Robert, who succeeded.
2. Andrew, mentioned in two charters formerly quoted.

Robert Bruce, 2nd of Sumburgh and Symbister.—Robert, the elder son, succeeded in Sumburgh and Symbister. There is a¹ sasine in favour of Robert Bruce, son of William Bruce of Symbister, 1621. He married Margery, daughter of Andrew Bruce of Muness² [contract of marriage between Robert Bruce and Margaret Bruce of Muness with consent of Andrew Bruce, her father, 1625], and by her had issue 1 son—

William, who succeeded.

William Bruce, 3rd of Sumburgh and Symbister.—William, the only son, succeeded his father in Sumburgh and Symbister. He was retoured³ heir to his father, Robert Bruce of Symbister, April 19, 1642, and in the same year to his⁴ grandfather, William Bruce of Soundebrough. He married 1st, Elizabeth Sinclair of Scalloway,⁵ [contract of marriage between William Bruce and Elizabeth Sinclair of Scalloway, he receives as her portion 3000 merks scots, dated 1646], but by her had no issue. He married 2ndly, Margaret Sinclair of Quendale, by whom he had issue 3 sons and 3 daughters—

¹ Sumburgh Charter chest.

² *Ibid.*

³ 'Inquisitiones Generales,' xvii, 110, 2669.

⁴ *Ibid.*, xvii, 110, 2670.

⁵ Sumburgh Charter chest.

1. Robert succeeded in Sumburgh.
2. Laurence succeeded in Symbister.
3. Andrew¹ is retoured "hæres conquestus" of Robert Bruce of Sumburgh, his grandfather June 22nd, 1672.

Robert, 4th of Sumburgh.—Robert, the eldest son, succeeded his father in Sumburgh only. In 1675, March 20th, he is as² "Robert Bruce of Turrell," served heir of William Bruce of Symbister, his great grandfather. He married Barbara Stewart of Bigtown. There are charters³ of Robert Bruce in favour of his spouse Barbara Stuart, 1684, and of the same to the same, and their 2nd son Laurence, 1686.

By Barbara Stewart Robert Bruce had issue 2 sons and 2 daughters—

1. Robert obt. *s.p.*
2. Laurence succeeded.
Grizzel married 1st, John Bruce of Muness.
2nd, Thomas Hunter of Lanna.
3rd, Simon Fraser.

Catherine married Charles Sinclair of Scalloway.

Laurence Bruce, 5th of Sumburgh.—Laurence, second but eldest surviving son, succeeded his father in Sumburgh. He married 1st, Elizabeth Crichton, and 2nd, Anne Catanach. By his 1st wife he had issue 1 son—

Robert.

Robert Bruce, 6th of Sumburgh.—Robert succeeded his father in Sumburgh. He married Alicia, daughter of Sir Alexander Dalmahoy of that ilk, Bart. [disposition⁴ to Alice Dalmahoy by her husband Robert Bruce, 1733], and by her had issue 2 sons and 2 twin daughters, died young—

1. Laurence obt. *s.p.*
2. John succeeded.

John Bruce, 7th of Sumburgh.—John, 2nd but eldest surviving son, succeeded in Sumburgh. He was an advocate, and married Helen Hunter of Lanna, by whom he had issue 2 sons and 5 daughters—

1. John succeeded.
2. Robert.

Helen married Admiral Alexander Fraser, R.N.

Elizabeth married Rev. John Menzies of Lerwick.

Catherine Ursula married Robert Bruce of Symbister.

Alice.

Grace.

John Bruce, 8th of Sumburgh.—John, the eldest son, succeeded in Sumburgh, he was a commander R.N., died 1831, married

¹ 'Inquisitiones Generales,' xxxii, 309, 5546.

² *Ibid*, xxxii, 109, 5792.

³ Sumburgh Charter chest.

⁴ Sumburgh Charter chest.

Elizabeth Hunter of Lanna and by her had issue 2 sons and 2 daughters—

1. John succeeded.
2. Robert obt. *s.p.*
Elizabeth.
Helen.

John Bruce, 9th of Sumburgh.—John, the eldest son, succeeded in Sumburgh 1831, born 1798, is J.P. and D.L. for Shetland, married 1832 Mary daughter of John William Nelson and by her has issue 6 sons and 7 daughters—

1. John, heir apparent, born 1837, J.P. and D.L. Shetland, married Mary Dalziel dau. of Ralph Erskine Scott.
2. Thomas Fraser, Lt.-Col. 6th Punjab Infantry.
3. Robert Hunter.
4. James Park, obt. *s.p.*
5. George Hector, R.N.
6. Frederick Walter.
Anna Maria.
Helen-Elizabeth m. Rev. Thos. D. Wingate of Stromness.
Mary.
Alice-Grace.
Julia-Edith, obt. *s.p.*
Anne-Jane, obt. *s.p.*
Laura-Blanche m. E. M. Nelson.

Return of owners of land 1872-3 :—

John Bruce of Sumburgh owns 12,338 acres, value £1,791 12s. per ann.

John Bruce, Jr. of Sumburgh owns 240 acres, value £71 per ann.

Arms of Bruce of Sumburgh :—

Or a saltire and chief Gules, in centre chief a mullet of the first.

Crest : A dexter hand holding a heart proper.

Motto :—*Omnia vincit amor.*

BRUCES OF SYMBISTER.

Laurence Bruce, 1st of the separate branch of Symbister.—Laurence, 2nd son of William, 3rd of Sumburgh, by Elizabeth Sinclair of Scalloway, had the estate of Symbister in Unst from his father. He married Margaret Stewart and by her had issue 2 sons and 1 daughter—

1. John succeeded.
2. Robert of Chalester married Grizzel Nicholson of Lochend and by her had issue 4 daughters—

1. Margaret m. Robert Bruce of Symbister.

2. — m. Leish or Lee.

3. Grizzel m. Rev. J. Hay of Unst.

4. Elizabeth m. Charles Nivin of Windhouse.

Robert Bruce of Chalester, having no son, left his estate to his nephew and son-in-law, Robert Bruce of Symbister.

Margaret married Charles Nivin of Windhouse.

John Bruce, 2nd of Symbister.—John, eldest son, succeeded his father in Symbister, he married Grizzel Stewart of Bigtown and had issue 1 son—

Robert succeeded.

Robert Bruce, 3rd of Symbister.—Robert, the only son, succeeded his father in Symbister and his uncle in Chalester, he married his cousin Margaret Bruce of Chalester and by her had issue 2 sons and 2 daughters—

1. John succeeded

2. William of Burravoe succeeded his brother.

A daughter married Rev. W. Jack of North Maben.

Grizzel married Rev. John Barclay.

John Bruce-Stewart, 4th of Symbister.—John, the eldest son, succeeded his father in Symbister, he married 1st, Clementina daughter and heiress of Stewart of Bigtown and assumed the name of Stewart, by her he had no issue. He married 2ndly, Christina Gifford of Busta and by her had issue 1 daughter—

Elizabeth¹ married Jan. 1771, Sir John Mitchell of West-shore, Bart.

William Bruce, 5th of Symbister.—William Bruce of Burravoe, on his elder brother's death without male issue, succeeded to Symbister. He married Grizzel Hunter of Lanna and by her had issue 1 son and 1 daughter—

Robert succeeded.

Margaret married Robert Jack.

Robert Bruce 6th of Symbister.—Robert the son succeeded his father in Symbister, he was a writer to the signet and married Ursula Katherine daughter of John Bruce of Sunburgh by whom he had 4 sons and 1 daughter—

1. John obt. *s.p.*

2. Laurence, obt. *s.p.*

3. William succeeded.

4. Robert of Burravoe married Mary Young and had issue 3 sons and 2 daughters.

1. Robert.

2. David.

3. William.

Katherine.

Mary.

Helen married Robert Hunter of Lanna.

¹ 'Gentleman's Magazine,' Jan. 1771, and Burke's 'Extinct Baronetage.

William Bruce, 7th of Symbister.—William, third but eldest surviving son, succeeded his father in Symbister, he was an advocate, and married Agnes daughter of William J. McCrae and by her had issue 8 sons and 7 daughters—

1. Robert succeeded.
2. William.
3. Laurence.
4. Alexander, obt. *s.p.*
6. Andrew, Capt. 4th Punjab Infantry.
7. Farquhar, Licut. 66th Regt.
8. George, Licut. 2nd Regt.

Ursula Katherine married 1st, L. Woodman, W. S.

2nd, G. H. B. Hay, D.L. Shetland.

Margaret died young

Thomas Ann died young.

Thomas Ann married W. Fearnley.

Amelia.

Robert Bruce, 8th of Symbister.—Robert, the eldest son, succeeded his father in Symbister, he died 1873, having married Anne, daughter of Archibald Simpson, and by her had issue 3 sons and 1 daughter—

1. William Arthur succeeded.
2. Archibald, obt. *s.p.*
3. Robert.

Maria died young.

William Arthur Bruce, 9th of Symbister.—William Arthur, the eldest son, succeeded his father in Symbister, born 1863, is a minor.

Return of owners of land, 1872-3:—

Tutors and Curators of William Arthur Bruce of Symbister, 25,180 acres, value £2,354 8s. per ann.

Arms, crest, and motto the same as Bruce of Sumburgh.

W. B. A.

A BARONET'S WARRANT 1646. SIR WILLIAM NEALE
OF WOLLASTON, CO. NORTHAMPTON, KT.¹

CHARLES R.

WHEREAS WEE are gratusly pleased to conferre vpon our Wellbeloved Subiect s^t. William Neale of Wollaston in our County of Northampton K^t. & vpon y^e heires Males of his Body lawfully begotten y^e dignity of a Baronet of this our Kingdome of England, wth all the priviledges & Immunities therevnto belonging & to discharge him of y^e some of One thowsand ninety & five pounds, vsually payd in respect of that dignity. Our Will & pleasure is, y^t. you accordingly p^pare a Bill for o^r signature in vsuall forme, conteyning the said Grant & discharge

¹ Contributed by J. P. Earwaker, Esq., M.A., F.S.A.

& for soe doing this shall be y^r Warrant. Given at o^r. Court at Oxford y^e 26th day of February 1645[6].

To our Trusty & wellbelovéd
our Attorney or Sol-
licitor Generall.

By his Ma^{tyes} Comand
EDW. NICHOLAS.

Baronets Warrant.

Endorsed :—Oxford 26 febr. 45[6]
St. W. Neales Warr^t. to be
a Baronett.

The above is an exact copy of a paper which was found in a miscellaneous collection of deeds, &c., recently placed in my hands for examination. May I ask is anything known of Sir William Neale? I have not succeeded in finding him in any list of Baronets.

AN ILLUMINATED PEDIGREE OF THE FAMILY OF
WILLIAM SMITH, ROUGE DRAGON PURSUIVANT
OF ARMS. A.D. 1605.

The interesting document, of which the following is a copy, is the property of MR. GEORGE H. BIRCH, A.R.I.B.A., one of the Honorary Secretaries of the *London and Middlesex Archaeological Society*, and has been kindly lent by him for publication in *The Genealogist*.

The pedigree is neatly written on two skins of vellum, joined together, making a roll 3 ft. 3 in. in length and 1 ft. 1 in. in width, and the arms are painted with rather more care and exactness than usual. The signatures of William Segar, Garter King of Arms (who was knighted in 1616), Richard St. George, Norroy King of Arms (also knighted in 1616), and William Camden, "surnamed the Learned," Clarenceux King of Arms, add very considerably to the interest of this pedigree, apart from the historical value which it possesses as an official record of the descent of, and a Confirmation of Arms to, an industrious and well known member of the College of Arms.

William Smith was created Rouge Dragon Pursuivant, 23 October, 1597, and retained that office until his death, 1 October, 1618. An account of his life and a list of his works will be found in *The particular description of England 1588, &c.*, printed in colours and edited by Mr. Wheatley, F.S.A., and Mr. Ashbee, F.S.A., in 1879.

Some few additions have been made to the pedigree in a later hand, and these are distinguished by round brackets. Descriptions are placed within square brackets.

J. PAUL RYLANDS,

Middle Temple,

THIS
 Breif Pedegree &c.
 Thus forme Continued was
 gathered out of certeyne
 writings and Endowments of *q^{ch}*
 some remaine at this Present day
 in the Custody of my Nephew
 Ranulph Smith of Oldhaugh
 being Deedes of Sr William &
 Sr Thom's Trussell Knights
 then Lordes of
 Warmineham.

John Smith descended of a younger
 sonne of Sr Thom's Smyth.
 ARMS: *per pale Or and Gules, three
 fleurs-de-llys counterchanged, a crescent
 Argent for difference.*
 John Smith, sonne and heir to ...
 Elizabeth, daughter &
 heir to ... Oldhaugh
 of Oldhaugh.

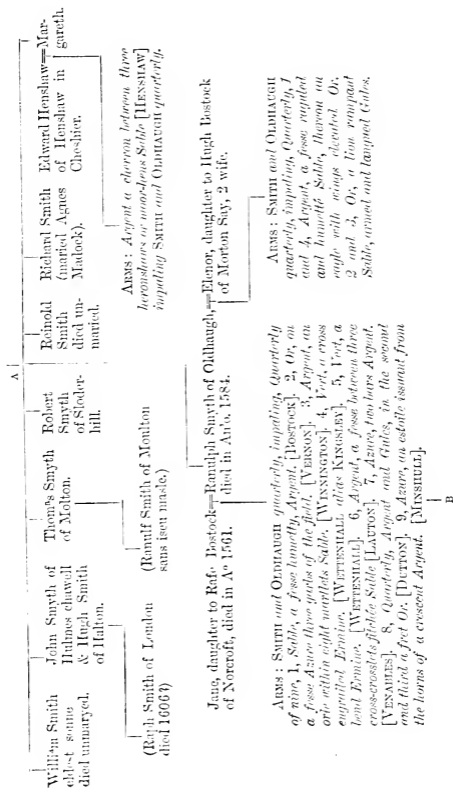
The
 Genealogie
 or Pedegree of Ranulph
 Smith of Oldhaugh in the
 Parish of Warmynham in
 the County Pallatine of
 CHESTER. Described of a
 younger sonne to Sr Thomas
 Smith of Cuvdley in
 Lancashire as hereafter
 Appareth.

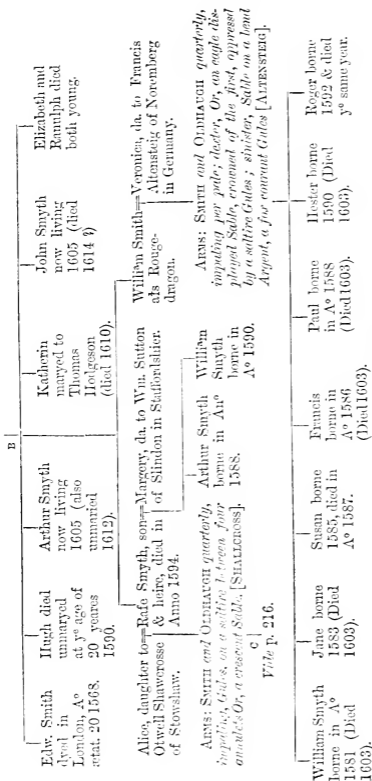
[A large shield of Arms in
 gold and colours, with an esquire's
 helme. Arms: as on the other
 side with a crescent Argent in
 chief and another crescent on
 the upper member of the crest
 for difference.]

ARMS: SMITH, as above, impaling
Azure a fret Or.
 John Smyth of Oldhaugh—Mauld, daughter to ...
 in y^e tyme of King L. 4. Page of Alpram.
 ARMS: SMITH and OLDHAUGH quarterly,
 impaling Gules, on a chevron between three
 birds Argent, as many plecons Sable.

[A large shield of Arms
 in gold and colours, with a
 noble's (sic) helme. Arms:
*per pale Or and Gules, three
 fleurs-de-llys counterchanged.*
 Mantled Gules doubled Ar-
 gent. CREST: On a wreath
 Or and Gules a fleur-de-lys
 per pale of the same]

John Smyth of Oldhaugh dyed in Elizabeth, daughter to Sr Andrew
 the tyme of K. H. 8. A^o 1540. Brexton. Died Ano. 1549.
 ARMS: SMITH and OLDHAUGH quarterly,
 impaling Argent, two bars Sable.





[In an ornamental frame]:—

I Wm Smyth Rouge dragon, do testify in this my owne hand
that Wm Flowre Norrey King of Armes, in his Visitation
of Cheshyre: Did set forth this Pedegree in this maner
With the Armes. In w^{ch} Armes he left out y^e Cressent
(or half moone) Affirming that (the issu of the elder
being fayled): We might geve it w^{out} any diffrence.

Vide p. 215.

c |

Ranulph = Amy da. to Edward died Kathrin married Walburg
Smith Leonard in London, to Hugh Kinsey married to
sonne & Shaweros of 23 yeares old of Tetton. to Hugh Nowden
heire. 1589. of Tetton. of Woodhouse. John Pott
gent.

ARMS : SMITH and OLDHAUGH quarterly,
impaling SHALLCROSS undifferenced.

Rafe borne 1595.	John borne 1600.	Ranulph borne in A ^o 1602.	Mary borne 1597.	Bright borne 1599.	Amy borne 1603.	Susan borne 1605.	Arthur borne 1606.	William borne 1607.	Edward borne 1608.	Daniel borne 1610.	Thomas borne 1612.	Kather. borne 1613.)
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[A large shield of the Arms of SMITH and OLDHAUGH quarterly, Mantled Gules, doubled Argent. On an esquire's helmet the Smith crest.]

This Pedegree is Justified to be true by *William Smith Rouge dragon*
At whose request wee the Kings of Armes herevnder named have subscribed
our Names and confirmed the Armes, the 30th of Nouember, Anno Dⁿⁱ 1605.

[Signed by the three *Kings of Armes*.]

WILLM SEGAR GARTER PRINCIPALL
KING OF ARMES.

WILLM CAMDEN CLARENCEUX
KING OF ARMES.

Rl St. GEORGE NORROY
KINGE OF ARMES.

CALENDAR OF LAMBETH WILLS.

(Continued from p. 135.)

Pycarde, John, of Maidston.	1453	315 ^a Kempe.
Pyers, William. Dean of South Mallyng.	1438	478 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Pygot, Alice. Dunstaple.	1453	309 ^b Kempe.
Pylche, John, of Estderham.	1498	43 ^b Morton.
Pyle, Robert, senr., of Carlton Roode.	1498	44 ^b Morton.
Pynkeney, Arnold. Rector of Tyryngton. Dioe. Norwich.	1401	197 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Pynnell, John, of Brinkworth.	1591	414 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Pype, Henry, of Blofeld.	1406	541 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Pytt, John, of Eye.	1538	103 ^b Crammer.
Raby, John, clerk, Durham.	1400	171 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Radclyf, John, of Honyden, co. Suffolk, gent.	1566	331 ^a Parker, P. i.
Radclyff, John, Knt.	1436	459 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Radmyle, Ralph, Esq., Alborne, Sussex.	1442	118 ^a Stafford.
Raget, Matilda. Piddletrentthide, co. Dorset.	1423	364 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Ralegh, Thomas. Asteley.	1404	219 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Rand, John, of Pagrave.	1116	172 ^a Chichele, P. ii.
Ranfald, Henry, of Hampton. Rouen.	1418	325 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Rason, John, of Oxford.		65 ^b Parker.
Ravenser, Richard. Archdeacon of Lincoln.	1385	217 ^b Courtenay.
Rauff, William, of London, gent.	1440	471 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Rauls, John, of North Perrott.	1591	440 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Raulyn, Robert. Canon of St. David's.	1416	301 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Raundes, Richard de. Rector of North- molton, Devon.	1400	170 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Raynhull, Robert. Vicar of St. Cross, Westgate, Canterbury.	1416	305 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Raynold, <i>see</i> Hert.		
Raynolde, John, of Framfylde.	1558	8 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Reade, Nicholas, of Bucksted.	1613	167 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Reade, Edward, of Tenterden.	1589	265 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Rede, Robert. Bishop of Chichester.	1414	275 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Rede, Thomas. Citizen of Salisbury.	1423	365 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Reed, William. Bishop of Chichester.	1382	212 ^b Courtenay.
Reed, William. Treasurer of Chichester Cathedral.	1411	149 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Reed, John, of Crowmere.	1499	46 ^a Morton.
Reedham, John de. (Probate only).	1413	194 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Rees, William, Esq. Norwich.	1410	51 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Repyndon, Philip de. Bishop of Lincoln.	1424	373 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Reve, John, of Westfarlegh.	1409	109 ^b Arundel, P. ii.

Keynes, Thomas, of Watlyngton.	1498	32 ^b Morton.
Reynalde, John, of Norwich.	1499	44 ^a Morton.
Reynold, William. Citizen of London.	1452	261 ^a Kempe.
Reynolds, John. Citizen and barber of London, before the city of Rouen in Normandy.	1418	324 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Ricon, William. Rector of Russebroke.	1407	543 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Rikyngdale, John. Bishop of Chichester.	1429	413 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ringstede, Thomas. Bishop of Bangor.	1365	245 ^b Islep.
Ringstede, William, of Cockthorpe.	1445	66 ^a Stafford.
Ringwode, Alice, of South Pickenham.	1445	70 ^b Stafford.
Rissheton, Richard. Friar's preachers, Ludgate.	1425	389 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Robertis, William, of Exton.	22 Eliz.	117 ^b Gryndall.
Roche, Joan. See Michell, Joan.		
Roger, (?) John, of Newton.	1445	66 ^b Stafford.
Roger, John. Brianston, Dorset.	1441	476 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Rogers, Raufe, of Sutton Valens, in Kent.	1559	11 ^b —13 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Rogger, Henry, of Pulliam St. Mary the Virgin.	1445	64 ^a Stafford.
Rokewode, John, of Stanefelde.	1415	368 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Rokis, Johanne, of Great Yarmouth, w ^o .	1498	17 ^b Morton.
Rolf, Margaret, of Copdock in Suffolk.	1558	24 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Romayn, Thomas. Lambeth, and St. Mary Aldemary, London.	1312	260 Reynolds.
Rome, Robert, of Freshford.	1591	447 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Ronloff, Alice, w ^o of Thomas Rondolf, Citizen of Sarum.	1432	433 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Roo, John, of Hethill.	1499	36 ^a Morton.
Roos, Robert. Pipewell.		176 Stafford.
Roos, Robert. Ewelme.	1424	387 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Roos, William de, Knt. Dñs de Hame-lake.	1412	271 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Roos, William. Rector of Wellburn.	1413	194 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Roos, Robert, Knt. Son of William, Lord Roos.	1448	170 ^a Stafford.
Roper, Richard. Burgess of Bristol, St. Mary Redcliffe.	1442	118 ^b Stafford.
Roper, Henry. Taunton.	1492	130 ^a Morton.
Ropere, John, of St. Dunstan's, Canterbury.	1401	189 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Rouhale, Richard. Rector of Clyve.	1400	178 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Rous, Baledwin, Esq ^r , Rykmersworth.	1446	148 ^a Stafford.
Route, John, of Southchurch in Essex, husbandman.	1585	125 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Rowd, Thomas, cap ^{ns} . Norwich.	1445	63 ^a Stafford.
Royewell, John. Rector of Southbergh.	1407	542 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Ruhle, John. (Probate only.)	1413	193 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Rule, John, of Wednesbury.	1415	130 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Rumpayn, Richard. Isle Abbotts, Somerset.	1449	185 ^a Stafford.

Russell, John, Knt. Strengesham, Worcestershire.	1404	222 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Rust, Sir William, of Stoke Asshe.	1445	62 ^a Stafford.
Rychez, John, capellanus. Christ Church, Canterbury.	1445	127 ^b Stafford.
Ryculff, Thomas. Holy Trinity the Less, London.	1452	262 ^a Kempe.
Rye, Roger. Canterbury, Charing, etc.	1425	388 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ryhel, William, Knt. Rochester.	1407	243 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Ryklill, Rose, w ^o of William, Knt.	1418	321 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Rynwohmerssh, William. Clerk of the Treasury of England.	1422	352 Chichele, P. i.
Rytherche, Roger, of Pantege, co. Monmouth, yeoman.	1614	255 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Saint John, Johanne wife of Sir Edward.	1385	219 ^a Courtenay.
Saint John, Matilda, Lady.	1452	314 ^a Kempe.
Saintlo, John, Esqf. Bishops Cleeve, Somerset.	1447	162 ^a Stafford.
Salerne, John de, of Idenne.	1415	286 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Salisbury, John. St. Martin, Salisbury.	1406	39 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Salmon, William, chauntrypriest of Huntyngheld.	1499	40 ^a Morton.
Salmon, John, of Middelton, in par. Pritwell, co. Essex.	1571	296 ^a Parker, P. i.
Salopia, Ralph. Bishop of Bath and Wells.	1363	244 ^a Islep.
Sanborne, Robert. Canon of Wells.	1382	201 ^a Courtenay.
Sambroke, Thomas, of Compton Martyn, Somerset.	1443	123 ^b Stafford.
Sammell, John, senr. Mellys, Somerset.	1445	138 ^a Stafford.
Sanden, John. Ashton Rowade.	1449	181 ^b Stafford.
Sargaine, Agnes.	1591	416 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Sartelere, William. Citizen of London.	1453	311 ^a Kempe.
Savage, Arnold, Knt. Bobbyng.	1420	338 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Savage, Elionora, relict of Sir Arnold.	1374	81 ^b Sudbury.
Savage, Katherine. Bobbyng.	1436	459 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Sawtell <i>alias</i> Dolman, John, of Aller.	1591	440 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Say, Matilda, wife of Geoffrey. Friars Preachers, London.	1369	106 ^b Whittlesoye.
Sayre, Thomas of Breccles.	1498	10 ^a Morton.
Says, Richard, capellanus, of London.	1453	305 ^b Kempe.
Scales, Roger. Dñs de Newsell.	1385	222 ^b Courtenay.
Scapaya, [Shepey,] John de. Bishop of Rochester.	1360	169 ^b Islep.
Scarburgh, Robert, son and heir of Richard, late of Kensington.	1453	306 ^a Kempe.
Scarclyff, Robert. Rector of Schyre, diocese of Winchester.	1412	158 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Scarle, John de, clerk. Rector of St. Bride, London.	1403	200 ^b Arundel, P. i.

Scaver, Robert, of Clure in Barkshire.	1559	78 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Scaunt, William. Citizen of London.	1452	290 ^b Kempe.
Scheltram, Robert, of Thornham Bishop.	1445	62 ^b Stafford.
Schonswell, Thomas. Tysehurst.	1400	170 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Scott, William. Braborne, Kent.	1428	443 ^b Chicheley, P. i.
Serace, Thomas, of Bolun in Sussex.	1559	48 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Seagrave, John de, Kut. Bretby, Chambe, Derby.	1353	110 ^b Islep.
Seales, Roger. Dorchester.	1385	222 ^b Courtenay.
Sebrond, Mildred, W ^o , of Lyd in Kent.	1588	270 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Seburgh, John, of Colchester.	1409	47 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Sevyer, Thomas, of Loweham, husbandman.	1591	441 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Segeford, Edmund. Norwich. Sale.	1452	307 ^a Kempe.
Selby, Richard. St. Dunstan-in-the-West, London.	1447	159 ^a Stafford.
Selke (?Telke), William. Rector of Lytton.	1445	127 ^a Stafford.
Seller, Walter. Rector of Ideme.	1427	402 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Sellers, William. Bishop "Saltonien."	1437	473 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Sely, John. Burgess of Bristol.	1413	201 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Seymour, <i>see</i> Mauro.		
Seugilton, Thomas of North Cove.	1498	10 ^b Morton.
Septvans, William, Kut.	1417	161 ^b Stafford.
Septvans, Elizabeth, relict of William, Kut.	1447	162 ^a Stafford,
Sesbritenden, John, capellanus. Brynchelse.	1407	250 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Sesse, John, of Berrowe.	1591	437 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Sevensterre, John. ¹ St. Mary Woolchurch, London.	1400	193 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Seward, John. Friars Minors, Dorchester.	1400	193 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Seyntclere, Thomas, Esq ^r , Estgrensted.	1116	296 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Seyntclere, Philip, Kut. Penshurst.	1408	254 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Seyntleger, John, Esq ^r . Ulcumbe (?)	1441	483 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Shardelowe, Robert. Precentor of Chichester.	1383	205 ^a Courtenay.
Sharpe, Thomas, of Smarden.	1559	309 ^a Parker, P. i.
Sharpp, John. Jurat of Rie.	1584	364 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Sharpyng, John, of Haddisco.	1445	69 ^a Stafford.
Shayle, Thomas. Citizen of London.	1452	259 ^b Kempe.
Shelford, John. Canon of Wells.	1444	123 Stafford.
Shelley, Richard. Rector of Swannescombe	1414	170 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Shepeye, John de, Dean of Lincoln.	1411	150 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Shepparde, John, of Queen Charlton, husbandman.	1591	447 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Shetter, John, of Shappwiche.	1590	435 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Shiryngton, Walter. Waddone. Prebendary of St. Paul's, London.	1447	170 ^a Stafford.

¹ Also in Commissory Court.

Shorter, Thomas. Stanes.	1558	84 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Shorter, William, of Whetley, co. Berks.	1591	410 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Shrewsbury, John Talbot, Earl of.	1452	311 ^b Kempe.
Shrewsbury, <i>see</i> Salopia.		
Sidenham, Simon. Bishop of Chichester.	1437	463 ^a Chicheley, P. i.
Silvester, Robert, of Blofeld.	1445	60 ^b Stafford.
Skelton, William. Rector of St. Vedast, London, and Ashbury, Berks.	1448	162 ^a Stafford.
Skepper, William, of Thetford.	1498	14 ^a Morton.
Skeyth, Thomas, of Est-derham.	1445	71 ^a Stafford.
Skidmore, Sir Richard. Parson of Rud- ford.	1537	104 ^a Cranmer.
Skothowe, Simon, of Saxthorp.	1499	38 ^a Morton.
Skynner, Stevyn, of Ledbury, dioc. Hereford.	1557	59 ^b Pole.
Skynner, Thomas, of Beeston juxta Myle- ham.	1499	27 ^a Morton.
Sleford, John de. Rector of Balsam.	1401	187 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Smith, Henry, of Sowthechurche in Essex, labourer.	1589	276 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Smithe, William, of Tonbridge.	1559	63 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Smyth <i>alias</i> Geen, Philip. Bristol.	1438	129 ^b Stafford.
Smyth, James, of Wilton.	1422	362 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Smyth, John, of Attillbrigg.	1440	64 ^a Stafford.
Smyth, Margarete, W ^o , of Wurmegey.	1498	41 ^a Morton.
Smyth, Richard, Shorne, Kent.	1452	273 ^a Kempe.
Smyth, Thomas. Citizen of London.	1451	292 ^b Kempe.
Smyth, Thomas, of Estwalton.	1445	70 ^a Stafford.
Snayth, Henry, clerk.	1380	198 ^a Courtenay.
Snayth, William. Adynton.	1409	43 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Snelling, Thomas.	1558	47 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Somer, Henry, Esq ^r . Chancellor of the Exchequer.	1448	183 ^b Stafford.
Soler, <i>see</i> Matteson.		
Somer, Peter, of Crauebrooke in Kent.	1589	274 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Somercrofte, John, capellanus, of Hayles- don.	1451	277 ^b Kempe.
Somerset, John, Earl of.	1409	48 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Souche, Elizabeth la, late wife of Sir Will ^m de la Souche, Kut.	1408	253 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Southam, Thomas. Archdeacon, Berks.	1403	213 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Southcote, Thomas dn̄s de.	1453	315 ^b Kempe.
Sowman, Robert, of Briston.	1499	13 ^a Morton.
Sowthfleet, John. Sowthfleet.	1558	58 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Spackman, Anne, of Northflete, co. Kent.	1615	273 ^b Abbot, P. i.
Speham, John, of Shorham.	1420	343 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Spelman, Thomas, of Melk Elyngham, gent.	1498	20 ^a Morton.
Spenser, Johan, late servant of my Lady Anno Skrope of Estharlyng.	1499	45 ^a Morton.
Spicer, Richard, of Calverley.	1452	304 ^b & 281 ^a Kempe.

Spranger, Ellen, W ^o , of Milton.	1593	205 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Sprungthorp, John, clerk.	1424	381 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Stablegate, Edmund. Canterbury, Christchurch.	1372	121 ^b Whittleseye.
Stafford, Anne, Countess of. Gloucester.	1438	479 ^a Chichele, P. i.
*Stafford, Anne, Countess of. Lanthony. 17 H. vi.		479 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Stafford, Edmund. Bishop of Exeter.	1418	319 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Stafford, Fulke. Friars preachers, London.	1412	162 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Stafford, Hugh, Earl of (2 wills).	1386	220 ^a Courtenay.
Stafford, Hugh, Earl of.	1404	219 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Stafford, Humphrey, sen ^r , Knt. Abbotsbury.	1413	173 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Stafford, Elizabeth, wife of Humphrey, sen ^r ., Knt. Abbotsbury.	1405	173 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Stafford, Humphrey, of Hoke, Dorset.	1442	485 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Stafford, Ralph, Esq ^r , Worcester. St. Lawrence Pountney, London.	1452	268 ^a Kempe.
Stanle, Thomas, clerk. London.	1409	44 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Stannard, Edmund. Citizen of Norwich.	1406	540 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Stanshawe, Robert, Esq ^t ., of Allerly, co. Gloucester.	1446	159 ^b Stafford.
Stanstin, William, Priest and Scholar of the University of Oxford.	1413	168 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Stardlyng, William, Knt.	1406	256 ^a Arundel P. i.
Stearman, Thomas, of Greenwich.	1558	57 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Steel, William, clerk. Charleton.	1371	120 ^b Whittleseye.
Stevens, John, of Norton under Hamden, wollen weaver.	1590	441 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Stevens, William, of Overton, co. Wilts.	1590	396 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Stevens, William, Precentor of Wells.	1447	123 ^b Stafford.
Stevynson, Thomas, of Walpooll.	1499	31 ^a Morton.
Stegge, John. Burgess of Lynn.	1414	170 ^a Chichele, P. ii.
Stene, John. Canon of Wyngham.	1375	80 ^b Sudbury.
Stokeman, Edmund, of Methewold.	1415	67 ^b Stafford.
Stokes, John, Esq ^r ., of Southwarke.	1423	380 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Stokys, John. Rector of Gyslyngham, Suffolk.	1407	541 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Stokys, John, of Romene.	1405	209 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Stonestrete, Laurence.	29 Hen. vi	52 ^a Stafford.
Stopan, Christian of Holyngborne.	1404	227 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Stopyndou, John. Archdeacon of Dorset. St. Dunstan-in-the-West, London.	1442	148 ^a Stafford.
Stoves, John, of Pydele.	1557	149 ^b Parker.
Stowe, Thomas. Citizen and tallow chandler of London. St. Michael, Cornhill.	1559	84 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Stowe, Thomas. Dean of St. Paul's, London.	1405	225 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Stoyl, John. Maydenstane.	1368	120 ^a Langham.
Straxhill, William. Citizen of London. St. Paul's,	1449	182 ^a Stafford,

Stratford, Robert. Bishop of Chichester.	1362	185 ^a Islep.
Stratton, John. Citizen of Norwich.	1445	63 ^b Stafford.
Straunge, Baldwin, Knt.	1416	295 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Streche, John. Oxeburgh.	1418	312 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Stretton, Robert, Bishop of Coventry and Lichfield.	1384	211 ^a Courtenay.
Strode, Stephen. (Probate only.)	1413	198 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Stronge, Robert, of Cromere. [Cromer.]	1498	12 ^b Morton.
Stridelyngton, William de. Bishop of St Asaph.	1382	196 ^b Courtenay.
Stward, John, Knt. All Hallows, Staining, London.	1448	173 ^a Stafford.
Sturmyrn, John. Euweny in Wales.	1425	387 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Stury, Alice. Hampton Lovet.	1414	266 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Stylle, Thomas, of Cowdene in Kent.	1558	62 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Styucce, William. Rector of Blecheley.	1407	244 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Sudburn, Robert, of Hallysworth, co. Suff., yeoman.	1498	35 ^a Morton.
Sudbury, Thomas, Keeper of the College of St. Gregory of.	1411	147 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Suetirton, William. Rector of Erpyngham.	1445	68 ^a Stafford.
Sutton, John.	1419	323 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Suttone, Roger de. Rector of Cherryng.	1378	100 ^a Sudbury.
Swaynson, Richard, of Wythyham, in Sussex.	1559	54 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Swether, Richard, of Lyn Epi.	1445	70 ^a Stafford.
Swynnesey, Robert, of Gloucester.	1411	149 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Swynborne, Thomas, Knt., Little Horkesley, Essex.	1412	157 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Swynsheved, John de. Rector of Lymyng. Canon of Exeter.	1372	125 ^b Whittleseye.
Sybbethorp, Robert. Rector of Maydenstane.	1390	233 ^a Courtenay.
Syler, Edmund, of Blofeld.	1445	62 ^a Stafford.
Symond, Nicholas, London.	1409	41 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Sympson, Roger, of Debtford Stroud in Kent.	1558	61 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Syward, Roger, of Dorchester.	1387	229 ^b Courtenay.
Tailor, William, of South Berlyngham	1413	194 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Talbot, John, of Romene.	1402	200 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Talbot, William, Knt. Whitchurch.	1425	339 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Talbot, <i>see</i> Shrewsbury.		
Tasker, Richard, of Burstow, Surrey.	1615	275 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Tatershale, Richard. Citizen & Baker of London.	1449	178 ^a Stafford.
Taunk, William. Chief Baron of the Exchequer.	1375	85 ^b Sudbury.
Taylor, John, of Bydenden, co. Kent.	1560	309 ^b Parker, P. i.
Taylour, Thomas, of Hyde, yeoman.	1589	273 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Tebbe, Richard, of St. Bartholomew.	1424	373 ^a Chichele, P. i.

Telke, <i>see</i> Selke.		
Tenderyng, William, Esq ^r . Holbroke.	1431	431 ^a Chichele, P. i
Thomas, John, of Wynchelse.	1451	308 ^a Kempe.
Thomas, Richard, of <i>Sevenshie (?)</i> , co. Kent.	1614	278 ^b Abbot, P. i.
Thoriton, John, Esq ^r . Camelegh.	1408	105 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Thorp, Edmund, Knt. Asshwellethorpe.	1417	313 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Thorp, Robert de, Knt. Chancellor of England.	1372	126 ^a Whittleseye.
Thyngthull, William de. Canon of Lichfield. Rector of Bishopsborne.	1370	118 ^a Whittleseye.
Toft, Robert, of Wheatacreburgh.	1445	72 ^a Stafford.
Tollock, Thomas, of Hornyngesham.	1420	348 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Tolymonde, William.	1448	171 ^b Stafford.
Tompson, George, of Depford.	1558	67 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Tomsson <i>alias</i> Adams, John, of Southfleet, in Kent.	1558	58 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Tonge, William. Vicar of Aston. (Probate.)	1414	129 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Tonge, Semannus de. Faversham.	1414	267 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Toole, Joseph, of Latchyngdon, in co. Essex.	1586	123 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Toplyff, Robert, of Canterbury. St. Margaret Patens, London.	1443	119 ^b Stafford.
Toppe, <i>see</i> Nicolas.		
Trevenant, John. Bishop of Hereford.	1404	207 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Trewe, Robert. Burgess and Draper of Lenn Busshopp.	1499	30 ^a Morton.
Trewyn, Henry. Wolwych.	1421	349 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Trewyn, Thomas, Esq ^r . Friars Minors, Salisbury.	1417	307 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Treygor, John. Goryng.	1404	214 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Trillek, Thomas. Bishop of Rochester.	1372	126 ^b Whittleseye.
Trussel, William, Knt., of Cublesden.	1380	105 ^a Sudbury.
Tryvet, Elizabeth. Canterbury.	1421	442 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Tudenham, Geoffrey, of Hillyngton.	1445	69 ^b Stafford.
Turk, John. Canon of Salisbury.	1397	190 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Tye, Robert, Knt. Barsham.	1415	168 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Tykerege, John, of Franfyld, co. Sussex.	1558	7 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Tympley, Roger, of Ippiswiche.	1498	13 ^b Morton.
Tyrell, Edward, Snyyer, the elder, Dunham, Chelmsford, Essex (2 Wills.)	1442	488 ^b Chichele, P. i
Ufford, Isabell de. Countess of Suffolk.	1416	295 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Ufford, Robert de. Earl of Southfolc. Campesse.	1369	109 ^a Whittleseye.
Ufford, William de. Earl of Suffolk.	1381	191 ^b Courtenay.
Ullerston, Richard. Canon of Salisbury.	1123	362 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Upton, John de. Canon of Salisbury and Wells.	1396	153 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Ussher, John, of Folsham,	1497	21 ^b Morton,

Ussher, Robert, of Secnd Reve, co. Wilts.	1591	414 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Uvedale, Thomas de, Knt. Tycheseye.	1367	114 ^a Langham.
Uvedale, William, Esq ^r . St. Mary Overy, Southwark.	1449	176 ^a Stafford.
Vaus, Richard.	1418	324 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Vaus, William de. Maydenstan.	1368	121 ^b Langham.
Vaux, Richard, of Kellyng.	1445	64 ^b Stafford.
Veer, John de. Earl of Oxford. Monks Colne, Essex.	1359	159 ^b Islep.
Veer, Matilda de. Countess of Oxford.	1412	161 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Veer, Richard. Earl of Oxford.	1415	304 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Veer, Thomas. Earl of Oxford. Chan- cellor of England. Colne, Essex.	1371	118 ^b Whittleseye.
Veggescombe, Robert. Canon of Exeter.	1381	200 ^a Courtenay.
Vernon, Henry. Citizen and Scrivener of London.	1558	81 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Vincent, Richard. Citizen of London.	1452	275 ^b Kempe.
Violet, Robert, of Becknam in Kent.	1558	60 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Vynter, Robert de. Maydenstan. Boxley Abbey.	1368	120 ^a Langham.
Wade, John, of Bristol.	1404	223 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Wakeryng, John. Bishop of Norwich.	1425	383 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Waldegrave, Richard, Knt., sen ^r . Bures St. Mary.	1410	49 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Walden, John. St. Bartholomew, Smith- field.	1417	310 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Walden, Roger. Bishop of London.	1405	227 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Waldeman, William. Citizen of London.	1421	371 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Wales, Joan, Princess of.	1385	213 ^b Courtenay.
Waleys, Matilda, wife of Augustin. Holy Trinity Priory, London.	1355	101 ^b , 108 ^a , 109 ^b , Islep.
Wall, Robert. (Probate only.)	1413	192 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Wallere, Katherine, relict of Thomas, of Lamberhurst.	1423	374 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Walsh, James. Rector of Stockton.	1368	117 ^a Langham.
Waller, Richard, of Dikefeld, in Sussex.	1558	8 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Waltham, Roger. Fordyngbrigg.	1409	106 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Walton, Robert de. Rector of Clyde.	1376	92 ^a Sudbury.
Ward, Tomson, of East Farleigh, spinster.	1615	271 ^b Abbot, P. i.
Warde, Thomas. Canon of Willesdon. St. Paul's.	1452	257 ^b Kempe.
Ware, Henry. Bishop of Chichester.	1420	335 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Ware, John, of Seale in Kent.	1558	57 ^b Post Mortem Poli
Wareyn, Edmund. Citizen of London.	1453	295 ^b Kempe.
Warham, Robert, of Alveley, co. Essex, gentleman.	1529	400 ^a Warham.
Warmwell, Robert. Citizen of Salisbury.	1417	149 ^b Stafford.
Warmynton, Richard de. Rector of Ades- ham.	1378	100 ^b Sudbury

Warre, John. Haberdasher of Southwark.	1416	188 ^b Stafford.
Warre, Roger la, Kut. Monastery of Swynshevid.	1370	116 ^b Whittleseye.
Warren, Reginald. Hyde.	1408	255 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Warrewyk, Guy de.	1359	160 ^a 166 ^b Islep.
Warewyk, William. Citizen and Mercer of Salisbury.	1445	137 ^a Stafford.
Waterton, Hugh de, Kut. Harley.	1409	107 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Watford, John. Rector of Snergate. Maghfelde	1368	107 ^a Whittleseye.
Wattes, John, of Downham.	1499	57 ^b Norton.
Waynflete, John. Capellanus of Burlegh.	1425	385 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Wayn, John, of Thornham Bishop.	1445	62 ^b Stafford.
Weaver, <i>see</i> Masters.		
Webb, Robert, of Langridge.	1591	444 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Webber, Phillippe, of Spaxton.	1590	436 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Wege, Henry. Rector of Lamere, Wales.	1412	119 ^a Stafford.
Welde, Henry. Rector of Wikham Brewes.	1420	338 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Welles, Clement, clerk. St. Nicholas Olave, London.	1452	260 ^a Kempe.
Welles, John. Alderman of London. St. Antoine.	1442	484 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Welles, William de. Bishop of Rochester.	1443	122 ^b Stafford.
Wells, <i>see</i> John.		
Wennyng, Adam. Helgey, Norfolk.	1445	70 ^a Stafford.
West, John, the younger, of Basingstoke.	1596	284 ^a Whitgift, P. ii.
West, John. "Nancius de Seaccario apud Westminster."	1429	420 ^a Chichele, P. i.
West, Thomas, Kut.	1415	297 ^a Chichele, P. i.
West, Thomas, Kut. Twynham.	1405	208 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Westbury, William. Justice of Common Bench. Westbury, Wilts.	1448	180 ^b Stafford.
Westhorp, John.	1408	255 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Westmere, Aleyn, of Walberiswyk.	1499	57 ^b Norton.
Weston, Thomas. Parson of Castré St. Edmond.	1499	19 ^a Norton.
Wethereld, William, of Ipswich.	1450	303 ^a Kempe.
Wheler, John, of Hoveden.	1498	55 ^a Norton.
Whelpdale, Roger. Bishop of Carlisle.	1422	353 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Whetill, John, of Shappewicke.	1591	435 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Whichele, John, of New Wyndesore.	1411	159 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Whidngton, Richard. Alderman of London.	1421	354 ^b Chichele, P. i.
White, John, Kut., of Norwich.	1407	511 ^a Arundel, P. i.
White <i>alias</i> Phillippes, George, of Huntspill.	1591	438 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
White, William, senr. South Mallyng.	1414	261 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Whitechurch, Agnes, late of W ^m of Coventre.	1414	128 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Whitechurch, Richarde, of Stockwell in parish of Ulswick.	1571	298 ^a Parker, P. i.

Whityngham, Robert. Citizen of London. St. Christopher.	1407	169 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Whityngham, Robert, Knt. Assheregge.	1452	269 ^a Kempe.
Whitington, Cecilia. Paunteley.	1452	260 ^b Kempe.
Whynderton, William, of East Sutton, co. Kent.	1560	308 ^b Parker, P. i.
Whyne, John.	1583	94 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Wicestre, Henry, Esq ^r . St. Botolph, Aldgate, London.	1449	178 ^a Stafford.
Wiche, John. Master of Collegiate Church of Lyngfeld.	1445	128 ^a Stafford.
Wigge, William, of Norwich.	1499	29 ^a Morton.
Wilkyn, William, of Tylney, co. Norfk., husbandman.	1584	337 ^b Whitgift, P. i.
Williamsone, Roger. Haberdasher of Southwark.	1445	176 ^a Stafford.
Williamesone, Thomas, of Lynn Epi.	1445	67 ^a Stafford.
Windsor <i>alias</i> Christopher, Thomas, of Northcott, co. Middx., yeoman.	1615	266 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Winter, Richard, of Cokham, in Barkshire, bargeman.	1590	398 ^a Whitgift, P. i.
Withi, John. Vicar of Audeley.	1414	129 ^b Chichele, P. ii.
Withermersch, Richard. Heigham.	1409	46 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Wodehouse, John, Esq ^r . Norwich.	1430	420 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Wodeland, Richard. Rector of Lambeth.	1376	82 ^a Sudbury.
Wolle, Peter, of Upwelle.	1498	21 ^a Morton.
Wolleshill, William. Greyfriars, London. Yerdeley, Worcestersh.	1452	294 ^a Kempe.
Wood, Richard, Esq. North Tawton, Devon.	1492	130 ^a Stafford.
Woode, Roger at, Glover, of Lynn Epi.	1445	69 ^b Stafford.
Wodhull, John. Rector of Orpyngton.	1382	205 ^b Courtenay.
Woolfe, Richard, of Stonbregge.	1559	63 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Worsthorp, John.	1413	167 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Worth, John, Knt.	1391	238 ^a Courtenay.
Wotton, John. Master of Collegiate Church of Maydeston.	1117	309 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Wotton, Nicholas. Lord Mayor of Lon- don. Bokton Malherbe, Kent.	1447	166 ^b Stafford.
Wrangyll, John son of Alaunde. Kyrkested.	1411	151 ^b Arundel, P. ii.
Wright, Margaret, of Kimberle.	1445	66 ^b Stafford.
Wroston, John, Esq ^r . Brodehenton.	1429	410 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Wrynehe, William, of Upwelle.	1497	23 Morton.
Wydevely, Richard, sen ^r . Maydeston.	1441	482 ^b Chichele, P. i.
Wykeham, William. Bishop of Winchester.	1403	212 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Wykehirst, William, sen ^r . St. Mary Craye.	1413	172 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Wykemere, Adam de. Dean of South- mallyng.	1381	212 ^a Courtenay.
Wykkenden, William, of Cowden in Kent.	1558	59 ^a Post Mortem Poli.
Wyleooke, John. Citizen and Draper of London.	1558	87 ^a Post Mortem Poli.

Wylcoke, John. Bedyndon.	1441	471 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Wylson, Ellen, W ^o . St. Towlie in Silver- streete.	1559	81 ^b Post Mortem Poli.
Wylton, John, Esq ^r . Wotton at Stone.	1402	212 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Wylughby, Robert, of Eresby, sen ^r .	1397	157 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Wyn, Gryffyth ap Eden.	1559	183 ^b Parker.
Wynchester, Henry, of Chichester.	1559	147 ^a Parker.
Wyndesore, Alicia, d ^{ca} . Upmynster.	1400	188 ^b Arundel, P. i.
Wynewyk, John de. Treasurer of York.	1359	} 46 ^a Whittleseye. 161 ^a Islop.
Huyton, Monketon.		
Wyngefeld, Margery dn'a de.	1406	541 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Wyngefeld, Robert, Knt. Lethyngham.	1453	297 ^b Kempe.
Wynshirst, John. Goutherst.	1410	44 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Wytringham, William. Citizen of Lon- don. St. Mary Magdalen, Old Fish Street.	1453	291 ^a Kempe.
Wyntyr, Thomas. St. Paul's, London.	1413	172 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Wyot, Richard. Langley Mareys.	1431	421 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Wyssyngsete, John, of London.	1421	399 ^b Chichele, P. i. 297 ^a Courtenay.
Wyssyngsete.		
Wytelyff, John. Rector of Horstedeaynes.	1383	
Wyth, Maurice, Knt. St. Botolph, Alders- gate.	1383	205 ^a Courtenay.
Wyrt, Margaret, of Gloucester.	1405	331 ^a Arundel, P. i.
Yerd, John, Esq ^r . Cheham, Surrey.	1450	188 ^b Stafford.
Yevere, Thomas. Todyngton.	1426	414 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Yong, Henry, of Ludlow.	1538	102 ^b Cranmer.
Yong, Thomas, clerk.	1375	97 ^a Sulbury.
Yong, Richard. Bishop of Rochester.	1418	323 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Yonge, Anthony, of Lige next Ton- bridge.	1615	263 ^a Abbot, P. i.
Yonge, Andrew. Provost of Wyngham.	1408	167 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
*York, Edward, Duke of. Fodlynghay, Northhants.	1415	284 ^b Chichele, P. i.
York, <i>see</i> Laugelee.		
*York, Philippa, Duchess of.	1430	428 ^a Chichele, P. i.
Yorpe, John. Merston. (Probate only.)	1413	193 ^a Arundel, P. ii.
Zogose <i>alias</i> Bradgare, John.	1409	109 ^b Arundel, P. ii.

Wills at Lambeth not in foregoing Registers.

Godeman, John. Vol. x. of MS. of Ancient Charters.

Storke, Richard. Chalgrave, Beds. 1556. MS. 890 of Ancient Charters, fo. 71.

Williams, Richard. Claverham in Yatton, Som^{set}, gent. 1590. *Ibid.* fo. 87.

FEET OF FINES.¹

By WALTER RYE.

Topographers have, I think, unaccountably neglected the mass of information which the *Feet of Fines* afford. The labour necessary to carefully go through the unindexed files is no doubt immense, but the results are so valuable that an account of a manor or locality is incomplete indeed without such labour being undertaken. As far as regards Norfolk, Le Neve no doubt supplied Blomefield with notes of most of the more important fines, so our county history is probably more perfect in this respect than any other; but there are many instances in which important topographical and genealogical facts have been passed over. Moreover, at the time Le Neve and a few others were working so industriously, very slight interest was taken in families which were not or had not been in a knightly or gentle position, and no notes were taken by them of the names of the small freeholders, many of whose descendants are now of importance in the county. Nor did the *curiorum* readings of the names of localities, of the utmost value in tracing their derivation,² nor the immense wealth of field names, interest them in any way; indeed we may roughly say that if a fine did not chronicle the descent of a manor or advowson, or give some pedigree information about some armigerous family, it was passed by unnoted.

One discovery arising from the analysis I have made of the Norfolk fines for Richard I and John is, I think, of very considerable importance, and that is that the fines for Norfolk vastly outnumber those of any other county. Indeed, for the reign of Richard I Norfolk has 293, while Bedfordshire, Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Cambridgeshire, Cumberland, Cornwall, Derbyshire, Devonshire, and Dorsetshire *together* only have 231.—Cooper on 'Public Records,' ii, p. 431. Coupling this with the facts that in the Norfolk fines there is a much greater proportion relating to small holdings of five acres³ and under than in any other county (a fact which points to numerous small freeholders),⁴ and that in the early Norfolk fines now before us we come across an unusually large proportion of Scandinavian

¹ See *ante*, p. 190.

² The science of tracing etymologies was in its infancy. Blomefield, or rather his continuator Parkin, had "water" on the brain: nearly every place-name according to him came from "water."

³ I have grave doubts whether an "acre" then was not much larger than the present acre. By the way, a "rod" was a *road*.

⁴ Mr. Greenstreet reminds me that the enormous number of Norfolk entries on the *De Banco Rolls* bears out this.

names, we are drawn to the conclusion that we have here strong evidence that the Norman kings were wise enough to leave their near kinsmen the Danes undisturbed in their holdings to a very much greater extent than has hitherto been suspected.

The point is so historically interesting that I hope I may be excused if I devote some space to it. Perhaps as good a way to show the marked difference in race between the inhabitants of our county and those of some of the shires will be to compare the number of Christian or fore-names occurring in the fines for Richard I and John for Bedfordshire, Berkshire, and Buckinghamshire (which I have extracted, not without considerable trouble, from vol. i of the printed fines published by the late Joseph Hunter for the Record Commission in 1835), with those occurring during the same period in Norfolk. The Bedfordshire names number in all 91, the Berkshire 90, the Buckinghamshire 105, while, even without counting common names, such as John, William, &c., there are no less than 322 for Norfolk, very many of whom are Scandinavian.

The Norman and other continental names which occur are not as numerous as would be expected by those who fancy that the Norman Conquest literally flooded all England with Normans and Frenchmen. Of course many of the A filius B entries were meant for A "Fitz" B, so it is difficult to ascertain exactly what numerical proportion of the landowners were Norman; but I do not think that more than 110 Norman or French names¹ occur in the 801 fines.

But, however the people came by their names, it is very interesting to find in a list of surnames occurring more than six hundred years ago such every-day Norfolk names as Bacon, Bayfield, Barrett, Burrell, Caley, Cobb, Colman, Cooper, Hammond, Durrand, Goss, Gurney, Lomb, Reyner, Rye, Rix, Swan, Swatman, Thirkettle, Tuck, Ulk, and Walpole.

The rarity of nicknames or by-names is remarkable. All I have come across are about twenty, viz., Godsaulé,² le Cat, Wudecok, Colbe, Swan, Cuckue, Heron, Crowe, le Neuman, Kinsman, Wisman, Freman, Yvvelhume, le Blund, le Brun, le Gris, Pauper, le Gay, le Wile, le Curteis, and le Gros.

Nor are the trade or occupation names as numerous as might have been expected, viz., Mercator and le Marchand, Faber, Bisop and Biscop, Clericus, Sacerdos, Diaconus, le Moimme, Coeus, Fentrarius, Faleonar, Forester, Bedell, Carpentarius and Carpenter, Parmentarius, Camerarius, Hostiarius, Janitor, Pincerna, Molendarius, le Flittere, le Norreis, le Spicer, le Escher-misur, le Fevere, le Veautre, &c.

¹ It is of course hard to say in some cases whether the names were those of Normans who still bore Danish names, or of Danes who had come over direct, *e.g.*, Tholy Wace, Ulf Lovel, Warin, &c.

² Which after all may only be a corruption of Godsbhage.

As, roughly speaking, about one thousand and fifty varieties of names occur among the parties, attorneys and tenants, in the fines printed hereafter, it is rather strange that not quite three per cent. of them should be nicknames or trade names. Of the remainder, about two hundred and forty were of the type "A the son of B," about fourteen were single names, such as "Ivo," and the rest for the most part were of the form "John of Snoring,"¹ "Hugh of Skerdeston."

So far I have dealt with the people and their names—we now come to the localities mentioned in the fines. Not the least reward of the dry labour of indexing was the discovery of over fifty localities which cannot now be traced in the county, and which escaped even the research of Mr. Mumford.

More interesting still are the very numerous field-names, of which no less than four hundred occur. As charters and deeds of this date are very rare, and when they do occur seldom do more than specify the name of the manor or advowson conveyed, I have thought it worth while to arrange these names under headings as well as I can, asking my reader to treat leniently my versions of hitherto unknown places, which will no doubt receive many corrections from abler hands.

The list affords a tempting field for conjecture, but, being no "scollard," I will leave this to others, and will only point out that we may recognize here many of our favourite field names, such as Fouracres, Sevenacres, and Twelveacres; Homestead, Northfield, and Westfield. Many of the "gates" would seem to refer to the way to or direction of an adjacent village, *e.g.*, Brancastergate, Stanhoegate, and Wintertongate.

Several of the names are unmercifully long, *e.g.*, Blacumdehedvedland, Burwennesneuheland, Kaimluesmerehedvedland, Dudegraveuwerwang, and Dunchersseswang. Besides the names which can be classified under the terminations—

Acre.	Cross.	Field.
Beach, or Beech.	Crundel.	Fleet. ⁴
Brakes.	Dale.	Ford.
Bridge.	Dele.	Furlong.
Broom.	Delf. ⁵	Gate.
Bury.	Dich, or Dike.	Grave. ⁵
Bush.	Den.	Hage or Hoge.
Bushes. ³	Don.	Hay. ⁶
By.	End.	Hall.
Cot.	Fallgate.	Head.
Croft.	Fen.	Hill.

¹ Variations are rare, but two may be noted, "William Boidi son of Robert" (p. 118) and Alan de Englefield, otherwise filius Muriel (p. 132).

² Burke or Bushe, Prompt. Parvulorum, p. 59.

³ Delf, a drain which empties itself into a larger drain—a dyke which has been delved.—Brogden's 'Provincial Words of Lincolnshire.'

⁴ A salt water tidal creek.

⁵ No doubt used in the sense of ditch or trench, Danish *græf*.

⁶ "Still used in Norfolk for a hedge."—Halliwell's 'Dictionary.'

Hole, or Hades.	Mill.	Thorp.
Holm.	Mor.	Toft.
Ho, or How.	Nab.	Town's end.
Ing.	Pit.	Tun.
Lane.	Rod.	Well.
Ling.	Slade. ²	Wong, or Wang. ³
Lord, Lund, or Land. ¹	Spinney.	Wood.
Meadow, Mele.	Sty.	Wro.
Mers (Marsh) or Mere.	Thorn.	

There are forty unidentified places, viz. :—

Alwanesherne.	Greneg.	Sewardescroc.
Allesell.	Hech'.	Siwatesfot.
Berch.	Hes.	Stanaue [? Stanhow].
Berchenestie (? Beret- revestie).	Heued.	Stanberh.
Breche, le	Hocce.	Sudbroc.
Brith.	Iseris.	Sirmeecept.
Cockesseg.	La Drave.	Ti'wate.
Drave, La.	Leavines.	Twisler.
Fortleg.	Lochus.	Wadegrote.
Foxhalls.	Lakedonhel.	Westinad.
Fredue, ad.	Mieloweye.	Westris.
Gateschiles.	Richeghe.	Wileghes.
Gosegras.	Rediz.	Wilgshik.
	Ringenuse.	

Occasionally we find in the fines entries interesting for many reasons. Thus Humphry de Herlham in S Ric. I sold, for a hundred shillings, land to Ralph de Herlham (possibly his brother), for his equipment to Jerusalem, probably in the fifth Crusade then being instituted by Pope Innocent III; and the objection naturally felt by large landowners to their sub-tenants giving land into mortmain, which did no service, is well instanced by Eva, daughter of Hawis de Morlai, granting lands to Ralph de Torcy and his assigns—"præterquam viris religiosis." Other instances of this exception will be found at pp. 35 and 69. Vineyards are mentioned at p. 137.

The nominal or unusual considerations are also interesting, *e.g.*, a pound of pepper; a pound of cummin; a pound of incense; a pair of gloves; a pair of white gloves; a hawk; a hawk of the first year; a pair of gilt spurs worth 6d.; four barbed arrows; two horses; a black horse of the third and another of the sixth year; a horse worth 10 marks and the return of a deed; a robe worth 2 marks; a mantle and tunic; two dresses and a gold ring; two mallards; two capons at Christmas; a bullock; 6,200 "sticks" of eels; freedom from toll; a gold ring and participation in the benefits of a monastery, and similar participation without a ring. An early instance of "liquidation by arrangement" occurs where a creditor releases a debtor who owes him 30 marks for a cash payment of three marks. The consideration is occasionally absent, but its most usual forms are—

¹ Also see "ad longum terram" and "ad euntam terram," at p. 45.

² Various explanations; by Halliwell as a valley and a plain; the latter seems right.

³ The Danish wang, a meadow.

1. Cash, or cash and regrant of part of the land in fee, or cash and life annuity, or cash and rent (*i.e.*, purchase of a perpetual lease at a premium).
2. Exchange for other land, or exchange for other land and cash, or exchange for other land for which rent is to be paid (*i.e.*, exchange of freehold for leasehold).
3. Rent, or rent and the grant of some other property, or a year's profits, or a release of arrears of rent.
4. An annuity in perpetuity or for life.
5. The regrant for life at a rent or free of rent (*i.e.*, a loan for life).
6. The regrant of part absolutely (*i.e.*, a partition).
7. The regrant of part subject to a rent or subject.

Two instances occur of persons not parties to the fine taking benefits by it, and the reader will find numerous cases in which the "calling to warrant" fiction occurs, thus showing how much earlier it was in existence than the invention of recoveries.

In the 10 Rich. I (No. 95) a condition is made that if the consideration is not paid by the grantee it shall be so by a third person named, who is not a party to the fine, a singularity I have never seen elsewhere.

A few words on the Feet of Fines themselves may not be inappropriate. They are written in a very small writing on pieces of parchment about as long as, but narrower than one's hand, indented or notched along the top, and are as a rule in good condition.

From the following exact transcript of one of them a better idea of their form and contractions may be gleaned than from any description, however ample.

H ÷ final 9cont feā In Cur̄ Dñi Reg' ap̄ Norwic̄ Anno Regni R Ric̄ vijº Die Sabb festo S̄c̄e Marḡ Corā Will de Glāvill t̄ Osb fit Huic̄ t̄ Sim̄ de Patesh̄ Justic̄ Dñi Reg' t̄ Alijs fidelibz Dñi Reg' t̄e ibid̄ p̄sentibz In Rob̄ de Hicford̄ pet̄ t̄ Adā de Nereford̄ ten̄ de . viij . ac̄r̄ ē pt̄n̄ ī Spham . un̄ assa' de morte ānc̄essoris sūmoñ fuit In̄ eos ī cur̄ p̄fata : Seit̄ q̄l̄ id̄ Adā cōcessit eid̄ Rob̄ t̄ bedil' suis totā p̄lcām t̄ra' cū pt̄n̄ tenent̄ de se t̄ h̄ōdibz suis : Reddendo In̄ ānuatī sex denar̄ ad fest' S̄c̄i Mich̄ . t̄ ad xx . sol̄ de Scutaḡ : vi d̄ t̄ ad plus : plus . t̄ ad minº : minº p̄ oī ḡsuetudine : t̄ p̄ h̄ cōcessione id̄ Rob̄ ded' d̄co Ade tria Bizantia

Norfeº

The above extended reads thus—

Hec est finalis concordia facta in curia Domini Regis apud Norwicum anno regni Regis Ricardi septimo, die

Sabbati festo Sancte Margarete, Coram Willelmo de Glanvill et Osberto filio Herveci et Simone de Pateshill, Justiciariis Domini Regis, et aliis fidelibus Domini Regis &c. ibidem presentibus. Inter Robertum de Hickford petentem, et Adam de Nereford tetentem, de 8 acris cum pertinentiis in Sparham. Unde Assisa de morte antecessoris summonita fuit inter eos in curia prefata; scilicet quod idem Adam concessit eidem Roberto et heredibus suis totam predictam terram cum pertinentiis Tenendam de se et heredibus suis: Reddendo inde annuatim sex denarios ad festum Sancti Michaelis, et ad 20 solidos de scutagia sex denarios, et ad plus plus et ad minus minus, pro omni consuetudine. Et pro hac concessione idem Robertus dedit dicto Ade tria bizantia.

Norfolchia.

And translated, thus—

This is the final agreement made in the Court of (our) Lord the King at Norwich on the Sabbath day, in the feast of St. Margaret, in the 7th year of King Richard, before William de Glanvill, Osbert Fitz Hervey, and Simon de Pateshill, Justices of (our) Lord the King, and other faithful (servants) of (our) Lord the King, &c., there present, between Robert de Hickford (the) demandant, and Adam de Nereford (the) tenant of eight acres with (their) appurtenances in Sparham, concerning which an assize of mort d'anceestor was summoned between them in the aforesaid court.

Namely, that the said Adam granted to the said Robert and his heirs all the aforesaid land with (its) appurtenances. To hold of him and his heirs, paying therefor yearly sixpence, and for every twenty shillings of scutage sixpence, and for more more and for less less, for all service.

And the said Robert for this grant gives to the said Adam three bezants.

Norfolk.

The volumes published by the Record Commission in 1835-44 under the title of "Fines sive Pedes Finitum," cover the reigns of Richard I and John, but comprise only Beds, Bucks, Berks, Cambridge, Cornwall, Cumberland, Derby, Devon and Dorset, but I believe transcripts of the whole of England were made and still exist, a sad monument of wasted labour.

Few indeed have been printed. Mr. Greenstreet is printing a calendar to the Kentish fines, and I am doing the same for those for Norfolk, but I know of no others.

It is not until the 1st Henry VIII that there are any official indices whatever to the fines.¹ Anterior to the last-named date

¹ There certainly are a few volumes in the Record Office purporting to be indices to fines, which have been noted by private collectors, chiefly Le Neve, but these refer to an infinitesimally small a portion of the fines that they are nearly useless. Some

the fines themselves¹ must be searched; unless reference is made to the Lansdowne MSS. 306, 307, and 308, which are apparently the original calendars, or entry books for the reigns of Edward III, Richard II, Henry IV, and Henry V, and which are easier to search.

From the reign of Henry VIII, however, the *Index to* (the Notes or duplicates of) *the Fines*, which gives short notices of the fines of each term arranged under the counties to which they belong, becomes available.

From Hilary, 4 George II, these books give numerical reference to the fines.

Up to the 32nd George II these indices gives the Christian names of the parties, and the name of the locality as well.

From the 1st George III, however, the entries run thus—

Bell | Townley | Millett

Millett being the attorney's name. These indices being, though not alphabetical, easy to search, are of course very valuable.

The Books of Entries of Fines, which extend from 1611, are arranged in a similar way to the last-named series, but give a little more information, viz., the entry mentioned above in them stands thus—

297. Henry Bell Esq Plt & William Townley & Mary his wife & others Defts in Wretton—Millett.

But the chief use of them is that the late volumes of this series give references to the actual numbers borne by the fines.

Lastly, the *King's Silver Books* (which exist from the reign of Elizabeth), but owing to damage done them by fire are inconsultable until that of George I) give yet more information about the property and parties, e.g., the above referred to entry is thus extended.

20/. Norfolk 8 St Hil	Henry Bell Esq ^r Plt W ^m Townley & Rob ^t Thorpe & Ann Mary his wife defts of 2 mess 1 barn 1 sta 2 cur 2 gar 1 or 20 La 20 mea 20 pas & com of pass for all mann of catt with the app ^{ts} in Wretton & Stoke flery Bfore Harvey Goodwin & Jno Houchen gents by com 29 Deer 38 K Geo 3	13/4
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counties, it is true, have separate indices to some of their fines, e.g., I have myself compiled some for Norfolk for Richard I, John, Henry III, Edward I, Henry VII, Henry VIII, Edward VI, and Mary; and there are Calendars (mostly from the beginning to Richard III) for Beds, Berks, Bucks, Cambridge, Cornwall, Cumberland, Devon, Derby, Dorset, Essex, Gloucester, Hert and Yorks, and some collections for Bucks, Southampton, and Westmoreland, details of which will be found at p. 22 of Appendix II of the 1st Rep. of the Deputy Keeper. There are two vols. of Calendars for the reigns of Henry VII and VIII in the Round Room at the Record Office, Nos. 22 (for index see No. 26) and 35.

¹ Which are bound up in thin bundles or parts of twenty-five.

Other ways of getting references to fines there are, as by searching the *Extracts from Writs of Covenant* (Alienation Office), of which there are one hundred and thirty-five volumes, commencing 1576 (Index to same dating from 1661); and the *Concordes of Fines* (Common Pleas), which begin Mich. 1, 2 Elizabeth; but as they are generally more troublesome to find, and give less satisfactory information when found, I think the three series above detailed will suffice for the amateur genealogist.

It should not be forgotten that the fines relating to two or more counties are kept and indexed separately and should be specially searched when parishes are near a county border. There are good modern calendars of these "divers counties" fines as they are called.

DE BRAOSE FAMILY.

(Continued from Vol. v, p. 323.)

CHAPTER VI.

William de Braose [1220-1290] at the time of his father's death in 1232 was about twelve years of age, and the custody of his person, lands, &c., was granted by the King to Peter de Rievaulx. This arrangement did not, however, last long, as in the Tower Coram Rege Rolls, 18 Henry III, No. 5, m. 20, Southampton, there is an account of the arrest before the King's Justices at Westminster of Peter de Rievaulx, who was subsequently at the petition of the Lord Chancellor (Ralph de Neville, Bishop of Winchester) delivered; after which the Lord of Winchester (Roger de Quincy) was summoned to appear before the King at Windsor to show cause why he had distrained the same Peter to appear to render his accounts and to bring before the King *William son and heir of John de Breusa*, as appears elsewhere in the records. Peter sent messengers to the King to ask a safe conduct, which granted, he would come and make his peace with the King, but as the messengers brought no letters, they were sent back to obtain them, and on his sending them the King, with the advice of his council, granted letters of safe conduct to the said Peter. As he still did not come the King sent to him certain persons, to whom Peter offered a form of peace, which the King rejected. Various negotiations ensued, and Peter offered to surrender all his lands to the King, on condition of being allowed to retain the custody of the land and heir of John de Breusa, except the castles of Swineseye and Brembre, but to this the King did not agree. Further negoti-

ations ensued. At this point unfortunately the roll is mutilated. Mr. Cartwright in his 'Rape of Bramber,' p. 178, gives a somewhat long account of this business, quoting from "the MS. collections for Dugdale's Baronage, by the late F. Townsend, Esq., Windsor Herald, referring to Vincent's collections, No. 9, 5," as follows:—"A third [order] was sent by Sir John de Argentine, who was directed to bring back an answer. Peter told him that as he brought no letters of credence, he should give him no answer, but that he would send letters to the King by a messenger of his own, who would be at the Court as soon as he. His messenger found the King at Tewkesbury, and informed him from Peter that he could not send the boy, as he was ill, for proof of which he referred him to the King's own messenger. But Sir John de Argentine told a different story. He informed the King that he had found the youth sound and well, riding a large black Spanish horse, with Peter, from the town of Rosse towards London."

Whether Peter was acting out of pure friendship to his ward, or was actuated by cupidity for himself, is difficult to determine; the result was certainly detrimental to his own interests, for the King took away from him the custody of the lands, &c., and handed it over to his own brother, Richard, Earl of Cornwall, who appears to have held it until William came of age. It is probable that Peter was a true friend to William, and seeing what treachery had befallen his ward's ancestors from the King's father, was fearful of trusting him to the tender mercies of the present King. William seems to have been much troubled by law suits with various members of his family from the time of his coming of age to his death.

From the Fine Rolls we find that in 1234, 18 Hen. III, *m.* 4, an order was given to the Sheriff of Gloucester to take into the King's hand the manor of Tetteburie and other lands late of John de Brause, and in 1235, 19 Hen. III, *m.* 13, that the King gave the custody and marriage of the *heirs* of John de Brause to Earl Richard [*Com. Ric.*] This was after these privileges had been taken from Peter de Rievaulx. In 1245, 29 Hen. III, *m.* 6, the Barons of the Exchequer made a demand from William de Brause for a debt of his father, John de B., which was respited to morrow of All Souls, 30 Hen. III.

From Coram Rege Rolls, 32 Hen. III, No. 70, *m.* 26, we find him vouched to warranty by Walter de Clifford and Margery his wife [*i.e.* his own mother], who are defendants in an imparlance between them and Gladusa, the wife of Ralph de Mortimer the plaintiff, touching the dower of the said Gladusa in Findon and Wassington, and the King commands that the imparlance be heard before him in the octave of St. Michael wheresoever he shall then be in England; [Gladusa was the widow of William's great uncle Reginald de Braose; see *pedigree*, vol. v, p. 147.]

From same Rolls, 34 Hen. III, No. 79, m. 14^a, in Sussex we find Juliana, wife of Richard de Grensted, demanding against Walter de Clifford a third part of two knights' fees in Grensted and Ho as her dower, also that Cristiana was dau. and heir of said Ric. de G. and that John de Brewse was formerly husband of the wife of the said Walter.

Again, 35-36 Hen. III, No. 16, Michaelmas, m. 56^a, in co. Buckingham, William puts in his place Roger de Andover, or Roger le Cumander, against Walter de Clifford and Margaret his wife of a plea of covenant, and in Kent he puts in the same against Matilda Lunghespey of a plea of warranty of charter, and in Southton he puts in the same against Allelina, who was the wife of Robert le Savage, of a plea of dower, and against Matilda Lunghespey of a plea of covenant. This latter lady was his half sister and daughter of the above Walter de Clifford and Margaret, William's mother.

In the same Rolls a few years later, 40 Hen. III, Hilary term, pleas at Winchester before the Justices in Eyre, No. 101, m. 2, Sussex, we find the essoigners of Walter de Clifford and Margery his wife appearing against William de Brewse of a plea wherefore he seized a certain man of the said Walter and Margery and a certain horse driving their victuals in the King's highway towards Chichester, and imprisoned the said man and took the victuals from him and wasted them, against the peace. William, it is said, made many defaults, and the Sheriff was ordered to have his body in Easter term at Wilton.

From the same Rolls and same year m. 1^a, Sussex, we find William amerced for a false claim against Walter de Clifford and Margery his wife of a plea of covenant, and at the same reference that Walter de Clifford and Margery his wife were amerced for a false claim against the said William of a plea of *as lre* of novel disseisin.

It would seem that this William was of a quarrelsome disposition, as he evidently fell out with his own mother and sister. A quarrel with the latter occurs again some years later, for from the same source as the foregoing we find in Trin. Term, 56 Hen. III, No. 170, m. 12 [1270], pleas before the Justices in Eyre in Kent, 55 Hen. III, that John Giffard and Matilda his wife, who is of full age, as it is said, demand against William de Brewse the manor of *Wacham* as the right of the same Matilda, and which she had demised to William while she was under age. William replies that he had it by feoffment of Matilda, and that a fine was levied between them in 43 Hen. III [1259.] John and Matilda rejoin that the fine was made while Matilda was under age and in the custody of the said William her brother in the parts of Wales, and that William caused the fine to be levied by a certain false attorney not of Matilda's appointment, who did not appear in court. At Michaelmas Term Pleas at Westminster same year

a copy of the said Fine, dated 43 Hen. III, between Wm. de Breuse and Matilda, who was then the wife of William Longespée, of the manor of *Wychem* is produced, and a writ to the Justices of the Bench [Com. Pleas] of same date is quoted certifying that Matilda had appointed as her attorneys Wm. de Weston and Simon de Thorn in the imparlance summoned by writ between the same parties of warranty of charter, to the end that William de B. should keep with Matilda a covenant made between them touching the manor of Schorham and Kynkesburn [? King's Barn.] William here answers that Matilda must then have been of full age otherwise the King would not have permitted her to appoint an attorney, &c.

Judgment again deferred to Hilary Term, when the parties appear, and John and Matilda further say that the said William de Weston was of the household of the said William de Braose, and that no part of the fine came into Matilda's hands.

Judgment was again postponed to Trinity Term, when it was at last given before the King and Council for William on the ground that the King and his ministers would not have received the attorney if they had not first seen the party who appointed him and considered her to be of full age and in a fit state to appoint one.

In 55 Hen. III there is a final concord from the Feet of Fines for Kent, No. 1149, between Giles de Brewuse Plt. and William de Brewuse Impedient, concerning this manor, which proves that William had granted it to Giles, probably his younger brother, or his son by his second wife ("*he having had the manor of the gift of Matilda Longespée*"), as well as a manor called Luke-dale, to hold to him and his heirs of the said William and his heirs, rendering yearly during William's life £300 sterling for all services due to William, and doing the services due to the chief lords of that fee, power to distrain being reserved. After William's death, Giles and the heirs of his body shall be quit from the payment of the said £300, and shall hold by the service of one pair of gilt spurs, or 6*l.* at Easter. If Giles die s.p., the premises to remain to right heirs of William.

On the dorse of this is a note that Henry de Lasey and Margaret his wife put in their claim. This last note shows that litigation as to this manor had been going on all this time, as Margaret, wife of Henry de Lasey, Earl of Lincoln, was only daughter and heir of the above Matilda by her first husband William Longespée, and in Assize Roll for Kent in this year, 55 Hen. III, $\frac{M}{20}$, 5^a, m. 70, John Gyffard and Matilda his wife claim against William de Breuse this very manor. William makes the same plea as formerly that Matilda granted him the manor, and refers to a fine levied in the octaves of the Purification [2 March, 1259], 43 Hen. III, between him and Matilda of this same manor which she thereby gave to him. She and her present husband,

John Gyffard, reply that she was at the time she made the grant under age and in the custody of the said William her brother in the parts of Wales, so that the said William falsely and in deceit of the King's court caused that fine to be levied, and Matilda never appeared in court to levy it. No decision being given postponement was made to octave of St. Michael at Westminster. So that William contrived to filch from his sister some of her property; we may infer from this that in 43 Hen. III, Matilda and William's mother, Margaret was dead, though living in 40 Hen. III. From the Feet of Fines for Sussex commencing about 51 Hen. III, Michas., No. 3, William commenced making fines with different people for certain sums of money that they might free themselves from the "*customs and services*" that were due from tenants of different holdings in the way of "*ward and murage*" to the castle of *Brenbre*, William's chief stronghold in Sussex, though, from the number of documents found dated at Cnepp Castle, a hunting seat of his, it is probable that he more frequently resided at the latter than the former. From No. 3 to 10 of the Fines of this 51st year of the King are all arrangements of this kind between William and his different tenants described as tenants of the Honour of *Brenbre*, and in the 52nd year are two more, Nos. 13 and 17, of the same nature, and again in the 56th year is another, No. 92, but this last is unlike the foregoing, for William binds himself and his heirs to pay Robert *le Pureleg*, clerk to Simon *le Draper* of Winchester, twelve marks of silver yearly during his lifetime. This appears to be for the purpose of retaining the advowson of the church of *West Grinstede*. In Edw. I's reign he continued to make fines, and in Bundle i, No. 100, 9 Edw. I, is an important one as follows:—

Hilary Term. "Between *Amicia de Rivers*, Countess of Devon, and *William de Braous*, concerning the maner: of *Chesworth, Grinstede*, and *Bydeleyngton*. The Countess grants to W. de B. for term of his life, with remainder to *Richard* his son in tail, then to *Peter*, Richard's brother in tail, then to *Margaret*, their sister in tail, &c." William gave £300 for this grant.¹

The above is difficult to understand, as the properties therein named were already William's, and I can only suggest as his children mentioned in it were by the third wife, that wishing to make a provision for them independent of his son and heir by his first and his son by his second wives, he first

¹ 9 Edw. I. In 1281 this William obtained a charter of free warren in all his lands in Chesworth as well as other parts of the Rape of Braumber in return for his fidelity to Hen. III during his long and tempestuous reign. S.A.C. viii, 37 n.

9 Edw. I. On 13th April, 1281, he, and not as stated in S.A.C. xxii, p. 20, his cousin, William de Braose, who, as we have seen *ante*, was hanged by Llewelyn in 1230, dates an order from his castle at Cnap.

In 10 Edw. I, at Findon, he dates a grant to the Priory of Sele. See Cartwright's 'Rape of Braumber,' p. 225, &c.; and another at Knepp, 13th April, 1281, with seal, and another at Findon, 10 Feb., 1282, p. 216, *ib.*

assigned these properties to the Countess of Devon, and paid her the above fine to insure the land descending as he wished. If this was the case, he subsequently suffered much for his forethought, as in 15 Edw. I, Coram Rege Roll, Easter, *m.* 30 (Majus Recordum) we find a jury of twenty-four knights was sworn to inquire whether William de Breuse, William de Asshefold and Philip de Ho unjustly disseized *Richard*, son of William de Breuse, of the manor of Cheresworth in Horsham, the moiety of the manor of Westgrenestede, &c., and the manor of Bydelington in Brembre. William complains that the said Richard had previously brought an action against him and that he (William) had made answer that he had enfeoffed Amicia formerly Countess of Devon, who afterwards granted to himself for life, with remainder to said Richard in tail, then to Peter, brother of Richard, in tail, &c., and that he only granted them to the said Richard at will, whereas the previous jury of twelve falsely swore that he had quitclaimed to Richard, so that Richard recovered against said William. [The son recovering against his father.]

The same jury is to decide whether *W. de B.*, Richard de Bromlegh and others disseized Henry de Whintway of his free tenement in Fyndon, Wassington, Horsham, Bradwater and Northirst, which *W. de B.*, says *Henry de W.*, had recovered by a false verdict as above.

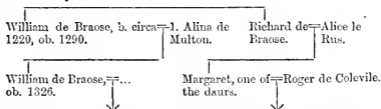
"The jury finds that the said William de B. enfeoffed [the said Richard and Henry] and afterwards unjustly disseized them, as the two former juries had found; therefore he is ordered to be taken into custody."

Whether William ever was taken into custody for the above alleged offence does not appear.

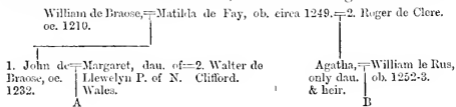
By fine, 14 Edw. I (Easter), Bundle 2, No. 5, between *William de Breuse* and *Henry de Wyltewege*, the latter granted to the former for life the manors of Wassington, Seggewyke, Findon, &c., then to Richard his son in tail, then to Peter, brother of said Richard, then to William, junior, brother of Peter in tail, then to right heirs of the said *W. de B.* [senior.] Another document I have found concerning this baron is in Originalia Roll, 19 Edw. I, *m.* 3, wherein the escheator is commanded to seize into the King's hands the lands of William de Breüs. 6 January [1290-1] and in *m.* 7, the King has taken the homage of William de Breüs, son and heir of *W. de B.*, deceased, and Robert Tibotoft, Justiciary of Wales and warden of the lands of Gowher, is commanded to give him seisin of his father's lands, retaining to the King the power of dowering Mary, widow of said *W. de B.*, unless she will receive them of the assignment of the said William, son of *W.* 1st March [1290-1], similar commands to the escheator *citra* Trentam and his sub-escheator in Sussex, Glouc., Kent and Wilts. There is also a reference to this in the Pipe Roll of this year for Sussex.

In giving this William's marriages, &c., I do not agree with

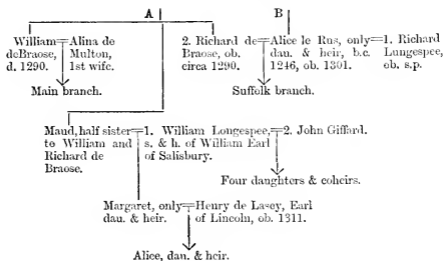
former genealogists concerning his first one, for though Isabel, daughter of Gilbert de Clare, Earl of Gloucester, has always been attributed to him as his first wife, on turning to the account of that family there can be little doubt that this is an error. Gilbert de Clare, the first Earl of Gloucester and Hertford, certainly had a daughter Isabel, but she was married to Robert de Brus, according to Banks (see 'Dormant and Extinct Baronage,' vol. iii, p. 181), and this is the only Isabel de Clare that I can find who was likely to have been the wife of this William. I am convinced in my own mind that his first wife was Alina, a dau. of Thomas de Multon of Gillesland, and I think I have proved this in 'The Castles, Mansions and Manors of Western Sussex,' 1879, pp. 278-9, wherein is the substance of two Assize Rolls for co. York, 7 Edw. I, $\frac{N}{6}$, 1 and 20 Edw. I, $\frac{N}{13}$, 3 m, 20d. In these Rolls a Roger de Coleville and Margaret his wife are mentioned, and the annexed short pedigree shows how they were interested in the matter according to my version of the de Braose family:—



There can, I think, be little doubt from the reading of the above Assize Rolls that William de Braose, on his marriage with Alina, had a demise from her father or brother Thomas de Multon of the manor, or a third part of it, of Thorgramby, in co. York, and that he for some reason or another assigned it to his brother Richard de Braose, who in his turn assigned it or some portion of it to his daughter Margaret, wife to Roger Coleville. It must always be remembered in dealing with this part of the pedigree that there were some double connections between William and Richard de Braose, as the following sketch shows*:



* In 16 Edw. I, the King for a fine of £100 and an annual payment so long as the wardship should last, granted to William de Br., during the minority of the heirs, the custody of the lands of Roger de Coleville, deceased, which he held of the King in capite, and of the honour of Albemarle in Bycham, West Bycham (Bytham) and Careby, Lane; Maritag was excepted. In 18 Edw. I, Margaret, widow of Roger de Coleville, presented a petition respecting her dowry. At this time Richard, the brother of William de Br., was guardian of Roger's heir.



From this cause there were continual arrangements and re-arrangements of the property that came to the family from the de Fay connection, and so long as they contrived to flee from outsiders the de Braose were not particular as to what methods were used for so doing, though amongst themselves they were perhaps more scrupulous. William probably had only one son by his first wife, his successor in the barony, &c., by name William. (See next chapter). He married for his second wife Agnes, daughter of Nicholas de Moeles, who is said by Cartwright ('Rape of Bramber,' p. 174) to have given the manor of Knolton with her in marriage. By her he had only one son Giles, and as his line did not last long, I give the following outline of it.

In *Originalia Roll*, 23 Edw. I, m. 10, the King took the fealty of Giles de Brewose of co. Oxford, who married Beatrice, daughter and heir of John de Saint Elena, for the lands of the said John, saving to Juliana, the wife of said John, her reasonable dower. The issue of this marriage was one daughter Lucia, of the date of whose birth proof is given in *Inq. p.m.*, 8 Edw. II, No. 68, and that she married Robert Mautravers. The first witness was Richard Minne, aged 60, who says that Lucy was born at Buckingham in the Feast of Pentecost, 25 Edw. I [2 June 1297], and was baptized in the church of St. Peter in the same town; that she attained full age at Feast of Holy Trinity last past [10 June 1313]; that her mother Beatrice died about the same feast fourteen years ago, and that the said Lucy was then in the custody of Giles her [father], and she was of the age of one year and upwards.

Another witness, Walter de St. Andrew, says she has completed her age of fifteen years and upwards, and this he knows because the mother of the said Lucy died at Buckingham this side of the Feast of Holy Trinity, 26 Edw. I, 1 June 1298, and then the said Lucy was of the age of one year and upwards.

Another witness, Richard de Thours, says that John de Kymbelle, steward of the said Beatrice, mother of the said Lucy, died eight days after the death of said Beatrice in 26 Edw. I, when said Lucy was one year and upwards of age.

Sir Giles's second wife is said by Cartwright ('Rape of Bramber,' p. 174) to have been Maud, daughter of Eustace de Whitney, by whom he had a son John. The Inq. p.m. on Giles himself taken in 33 Edw. I, No. 73, states that he held the manor of Buckingham of the total value of £29 9s. 10½d., and that his heir was his son John, aged three at the Feast of St. Augustine the Apostle of the Angles [26 May 1304]. This inquisition was taken on the 18 March, 33 Edw. I [1305.] In the same document is a writ to the Escheator South of Trent, dated 24 March, 33 Edw. I, from the King as follows:—"Although we have understood by Inq^a that Giles de Brewsa dec'd held of us the manor of Crowelle, Oxford, by the the law of England of the inheritance of Beatrice formerly his wife dec'd as of the honor of Christchurch Twinham, nevertheless wishing to be certain whether the said Giles held any thing of us as of the crown or not, request you to make inquisition &c." The outcome of this request or mandate was an inquisition held at Oxford on 6 March, 33 Edw. I, wherein the said Giles is proved to have held the manor of Crowell for term of his life of the inheritance of Beatrice daughter and heir of John de St. Elena formerly his wife. Lucy daughter of said Giles and Beatrice is his next heir and was of the age of 7 years on the Feast of St. Michael last past [29 Sept. 1304]. From the above we find that his daughter Lucy was heir to all his first wife's property, but that his son John by his second wife, aged three, was heir to his father's property. Hutchins in his 'History of Dorsetshire,' 3rd edit., iii, 157, states that in 30 Edw. I, Giles de Braose had license to alienate the manor of Knolton which he inherited from his mother to his uncle Roger de Moelis [E. Coll. Glover Som.] Orig., 20 Edw II, rot. 6, he also at the same reference states that in Horton church there was a fine monument with arms semée of cross-crosslets and a lion rampant with a fleur-de-lis on the shoulder to Giles de Braose.

In his account of Woodlands, vol. iii, 151, he states that it anciently belonged to Nicholas de Moeles of Cadbury, who gave it in frank marriage with his daughter Agnes, second wife to William de Brewosa, Baron Gower, who by her had Sir Giles de Brewosa, Lord of Knolton and Woodlands, who died 33 Edw. I, whose son John left an only daughter, married to William Frome of Woodlands, and that it passed by a coheirress to the Filiol family. He also states that in 20 Edw. III, John de Brewes held in Wodeland one knight's fee formerly held by Giles de Brewes; thus this line appears to have ended in heiresses, though, if the last date given is correct, it seems curious that this John was not summoned to Parliament as a Baron, instead of his first

cousin Thomas, son of his half uncle Peter, son of his grandfather by his third wife Mary de Roos, on 25 Feb., 16 Edw. III, [1342]; neither did he, as far as I have been able to discover, ever lay claim to any of the de Braose properties beyond those he held in Buckingham and Dorsetshire.

William married for his third wife Mary de Roos [whom we may presume to have been the daughter of William de Roos of Hamelek, who died 10 Edw. II, as from an Inq. p.m., 41 Edw. III, 1st Nos. 4, we find her great grandson John de Breouse holding the manor of Wynesthorp in Yorkshire of the Lord Thomas de Roos of Hamelek by fealty, being worth yearly £18 2s.] and by her had three sons and one daughter, Richard, Peter, William and Margaret; the latter became the wife of a Ralph de Camoys, and appears to have had granted to her for her life as part of her marriage portion the manor of Little Bookham in Surrey; see Inquis., 33 Edw. I, No. 264, which consists of a writ to inquire whether it would be to the King's damage if he licensed Ralph de Camoys and Margaret his wife to grant their manor of Little Bookham in Surrey (which is held of the King) to Mary, widow of William de Brewosa, to hold for term of her life, with remainder to said R. and M., 2 Feb. [1303], and an inquisition which finds that it is not to the King's damage, &c., dated 24 April [1303]; it also mentions that R. and M. held the manor of Floekesthorp in Norfolk and the manor of Wol... in Suffolk... The latter part of this inquisition is defaced. The sons will be treated of in due course.

William de Braose the father succeeded his father John, who was killed by a fall from his horse in 1232, and in 29 Hen. III, the Barons of the Exchequer were ordered to defer till y^e morrow of All Souls the demand of 25 m., which had been made upon William for a debt of his father John, and in 35 Hen. III to suspend a demand of £52 made on him for the debts of Reginald de Breus, as William had represented that he was not the heir of Reginald.¹ *Excerpta Rot. Finum*, m. 6.

In 41 Hen. III, when Llewelyn ap Griffin menaced the marches of Wales with a great army, William was commanded by the King to defend his own marches about Gower, and the next year he had a military summons to attend the King at Chester. (Burke's 'Ext. Peerage.')

William was one of the barons pledged for King Henry's abiding the award of Lewis, King of France. In 3 Edw. I he was appointed assessor for Surrey and Sussex of the 15th granted by the prelates, earls, barons, and others of the kingdom. In the

¹ In 32 Hen. III. From the Fine Rolls, ii, 34, we find the following:—"Will' de Breus dat 20 mares pro recordo boquele coram Justic. apud Glouc. inter Gladus de Mortuomari querentem et ipsam Will'm deforcientem de dote ipsius Gladuse quae cum contingit de libero tenemento quod fuit Reginaldi de Breus quondam viri sui,

next year he was one of the magnates present in the council at Westminster (12 Nov.) on judgment being given against Llewelyn. (Palgrave's 'Writs'.)

In 4 Edw. I a general proffer of knights' services to the King being taken at Twedemouth, 10 Sept., William acknowledges and offers service of 2½ knights' fees for his lands in Sussex and Wales to be performed by Wm. de Hemester, John Testard, Thos. Quintin, Rob. de Arundel, John Russell cum 5 equis coopertis. (Madox, 'Baron. Ang.,' 216).

He was present in full council when judgment was given against Gilbert de Clare Earl of Gloucester and Hertford claiming the castle and borough of Bristol. In 5 Edw. I he was summoned for military service against Llewelyn, and he and his bailiffs of Gower were ordered to prohibit his vassals from furnishing provisions or supplies to the Welsh rebels. He proffered the service of 2½ knights' fees in Brembre, and 1 knight's fee in Goer performed by himself, and 2 knights and 1 serviens. Appearing on his own behalf his service during 40 days was transferred by the King to Edmond Earl of Lancaster, to be performed under the latter in West Wales. (Palgrave's 'Writs'.)

In 10 Edw. I, he was summoned to perform military service against the Welsh and to muster at Rhuddlan 2nd August, but was afterwards discharged from his attendance there, and ordered to continue in West Wales under the command of the capitaneus in those parts; the next year he was again summoned to perform military service.

In 15 Edw. I, he was enjoined to reside on his demesnes and lordships until the rebellion of Resus¹ the son of Meredue be put down. [Abb. Rot. Orig., ro. 9.] In the following year he was ordered to abstain from violations of the peace, and to appear before Edmund Earl of Cornwall and the council in the quinzane of St. Michael (13 Oct.) to propound any grievances which he might have sustained.

In 15 Edw. I, there was a writ of quo warranto against him for the liberties he claimed in Tetbury, whereupon it was found that Tetbury was an ancient borough town, and that in the same he had a market, fair, view of frankpledge, *i.e.* tumbrells, pillory, and stocks. ['Plac. de quo warranto,' p. 259. Lee's 'Hist. of Tetbury,' p. 17.]

In 17 Edw. I, he was again enjoined to reside on his own lordships and demesnes for the purpose of protecting them from Resus the son of Meredue (Palgrave's 'Writs'), and the following year in the full Parliament at Westminster (Close Roll, 18 Edw. I, m. 10) he consents, together with the other magnates and proceres

¹ Among the Welsh rolls in the Record Office is one, "De non receptando Resum filium Meredocii rebellem eju-que complices in terra Will'm de Breus, nempe Gower &c. Kedewelly and Karwathilan, apud West. 8 Feb., 17 Edw. I. [Aylloffe, 103.] Resum's great grandmother was Maud de Braose, sister to William's grandfather.

then present, for himself and the communitas of the kingdom to the grant of the aid for marrying the King's eldest daughter. He joined in the letter addressed to the Pope on behalf of the earls, barons and proceres of the kingdom, complaining of the attempt made to appropriate certain prebends of the cathedrals of York and Lincoln to the Hospital of the Holy Ghost and the Basilica of St. Peter's of Rome, and in the same year he confirmed to the nuns of Aconbury the rents of ten houses in Tetbury given them by his father John de Braose. The writ of "diem clausit extremum" upon his death was tested at Asherugge 6 Jan. 18 Edw. I [1291.]

(To be continued.)

MARRIAGE LICENCES IN THE DIOCESAN REGISTRY AT WORCESTER.

(Continued from p. 184.)

On p. 178, the date 1582 ought to have been placed two lines below; and on the next page, 1583 should be four lines lower.

Entry omitted :—1644, Jan. 18. William Venners of Alcester, widower, and Martha Baldwyn of Longdon in Tredington, co. Worc., spinster.

- 1662, Sept. 20. George Lunne of Birlingham, about 28, bachelor, and Elianor Cookes of Tarlebigge, 25, maiden; her father dead, her mother consenting.
- Oct. 11. Thomas Huband of Beenehall in Feckenham, gent., about 27, bachelor, and Mary Savage of Feckenham, about 24, maiden; her father dead, her mother Mary S. consenting; testified by John Savage of Bradley, gent.
- Oct. 18. Samuel Alsop of Coventry, about 22, bachelor, and Mary Jones of Evesham, about 22, maiden.
- Oct. 18. Roger Partridge of Worcester, clothier, 24, and Hester Kempson, about 25, da. of George Kempson of South Littleton, yeoman.
- Nov. 12. Anthony Attwood of Elmbridge gent., about 30, widower, and Sarah Dannett, of the same parish, about 26, maiden; her parents dead.
- Nov. 19. George Hunt of Naunton Beauchamp, 40, bachelor, and Alice Cooper, about 30, da. of William Cooper of Hackett's Broughton.

- Dec. 3. Thomas Ballard of Inkberrow, about 40, widower, and Fortune Maris of Grafton Flyford, about 40, maiden.
- Dec. 14. Thomas Savage of Dormston, 26, bachelor, and Hester Smallbrook, 22, da. of Richard Smallbrook, of Droitwich.
- Jan. 8. Francis Freeman, butcher, 27, widower, and Hannah Saunders, 23, maiden, both of Inkberrow.
- Jan. 10. Thomas Blicke of Inkberrow, yeoman, 30, and Mary Hacklett of Peopleton, about 32, widow.
- Feb. 4. Thomas Lewes, about 30, widower, and Margery Poole, about 30, maiden, both of Dormston; allegation by William Poole, of the same parish, yeoman.
- Feb. 19. James Ellins, of Abbot's Morton, about 18, and Elizabeth Alexander *alias* Weaver, of the parish of Bidford, about 19, maiden; allegation by Edward Chapman of Bidford gent.
- last day of Feb. William Smith of Haselor, about 38, widower, and Lucy Dye, about 30, da. of Margaret Dye of Lapworth, widow.
- March 1. Fulke Knotsford of St. Helen's par. in Worcester, about 24, bachelor, and Alice Moseley of the same par., about 30, widow.
- 1663, Apr. 25. John Leigh, about 36, and Elizabeth Tayler, about 30, widow, both of Dormston.
- Apr. 25. John Newington of Spetchley, 37, widower, and Jane Hobday of Inkberrow, 36, widow.
- May 1. Thomas Bennett of Prior's Cleeve, bachelor, and Alice Ryland of the same place, about 20; her father dead, her mother Frances Ryland consenting.
- June 6. Nicholas Reynolds, about 21, and Margaret Tebbs, about 19, maiden, both of Inkberrow.
- June 30. Thomas Walsingham, of Stoke Prior, gent., 40, widower, and Rose Chapman of Bentley Pauncefoote, co. Worcester, about 41, widow.
- June 30. Richard Gibbes of Stretton on the Fosse, 55, widower, and Helen Woodward *alias* Wodley of the same place, about 50, widow.
- July 14. John Dabitott of Munderfield Harrold in Bromyard, co. Hereford, gent., about 25, bachelor, and Catherine Washborne of Wichentford, 21, maiden.
- July 31. William Soley of Churchill, diocese of Worcester, about 26, and Joan Page of Naunton Beauchamp, 28, maiden; her father dead.
- Aug. 4. Francis Sheldon of Abberton, 22, and Anne Savage of Noberry, 22, maiden; their parents dead: allegation by Tobias Bushell of Claines gent.
- The Sheldons had been previously connected by marriage with the Savages. John Savage was of "Nowherie" (which is in Inkberrow) in 1606, in which year, according to the registers at Buckland, co. Glouc., he married Anne da. of George Savage, archdeacon. The same registers give the marriage of George Savage and Mary Tracie 17th Sept., 1611.
- August 8. Thomas Bushell of Cleeve Prior, about 26, bachelor,

- and Cicely Sheldon of Abberton, about 22, maiden ; their fathers dead : allegation by Tobias Bushell of Claines gent.
- Aug. 22 Francis Richardson, clothier, of St. Andrew's in Worcester, about 25, widower, and Anne, daughter of Thomas Perks, of the same parish, maltster, about 20, maiden.
- Sept. 25. William Poole of Dormston, 33, and Margaret Everton of Stoke Prior, 27, maiden.
- Sept. 26. Richard Fullwood of Little Alne, about 28, and Alice Huband of Inkberrow, about 17, maiden, grand-da. of Thomas Drewe ; her father dead.
- Oct. 10. Stephen Round of Bidford, aged 18, whose parents are dead, and Mary Walker of Hilborough (in Temple Grafton), 21, maiden ; to be married at Grafton or Salford : allegation by Arthur Walker of Hilborough gent.
- Nov. 4. George Throckmorton of Cookhill in Inkberrow, about 21, and Sarah Dorke of All Saints' par. in Evesham, about 22, maiden.
- Nov. 11. Henry Fincher, 20, son of Roger F., mason, of Broughton Hackett, and Catherine Farmer, of the same parish, 25, maiden.
- Dec. 9. Thomas Saunders of Bristol gent., about 25, and Abigail Bonner of Cow-honeyborne, about 19 ; her father dead, her mother Anne Bonner of the same place, widow, consenting.
- Feb. 19. Mr. Henry Jackson of Inkberrow, clerk, about 33, and Mercy Sands of Holt, about 28, maiden.
- 1664, April 16. William Ryland of Cleeve Prior, 21, and Anne Bennett of Halford, co. Warwick, 27, maiden ; her parents dead.
- May 14. William Chaundlor of Kington, 35, and Alice Greene of Naunton Beauchamp, 35, maiden.
- July 4. Francis Hall of Bromsgrove, 24, and Anne Foley of the same place, 25, maiden.
- July 27. Thomas Cookes of Samborne (in Coughton, co. Warwick), 26, and Isabel Jones, 18, da. of Edmund Jones, of the same place, gent. In this year Thomas Cookes purchased the estate of Bidford Grange, where he died 21 Oct. 1674. The Bidford registers record the baptisms of his sons Thomas, Edward, and Robert. His memorial stone in the floor of the church of that parish describes him as "of y^e Antient family of y^e Cooks of Bently in y^e Parish of Tarbick in y^e County of Worcester." Isabel, his widow, re-married William Johns of Evesham, and, dying in 1685, was interred "beside her mother Winifred" in All Saints' church in that town.
- Sept. 17. Ralph Tayler of Welland gent. and Penelope da. of Nicholas Letchmore of Hanley Castle Esq.
- Oct. 4. Humphrey Mayo of Boddlenham, co. Hereford, gent., 22, and Mary da. of William Jarrett of Abington (in Badsey), 21.
- Oct. 6. John Watson of Bretforton, 21, and Margaret Cox of Cleeve Prior, 31, maiden ; to be married at Bidford.
- Oct. 21. Gravenor *alias* Grosvenor Dyson of Envell, co. Stafford, upwards of 20, his father dead, and Mary Bromwich, about 24, of the diocese of Hereford, da. of Francis Bromwich gent.

Nov. 15. Thomas Mason of Shipston on Stour gent., about 24, and Anne Rose, about 19, da. of William Rose of Ilmington gent.

Nov. 22. Thomas Goddin of Salperton, co. Glouc., 32, and Dorothy Arnold of Exhall, 18.

Nov. 26. John Huband of Bevington in Salford, 23, and Joan Boulton, 25, da. of Henry B. of Feckenham.

Dec. 3. Thomas Milborne of Sperrall, 23, and Anne Holtam of Welford, 25, maiden.

Dec. 24. John Hamden (Holmden) of Crowle, Esq., and Mrs. Elizabeth Winford, da. of Sir John Winford of Astley, knt.

The Crowle registers give the marriage of Robert Holmden, Esq. and Anne Penrice; and the baptism of their son John, 7 Jan., 1632; also the baptism of John, son of John Holmden, Esq. and Elizabeth his wife, 18 Feb. 1666; and the burial of Robert Holmden, gent., 1 Jan. 1686; of John Holmden, Esq., 13 May, 1691, and of Robert Holmden, gent., on the 3rd of Jan. following. Mrs. Elizabeth Holmden, it appears, died in 1720. This family, or at least the Crowle branch of it, is now represented by the Worcestershire Amphletts.

Jan. 13. John Butler of Feckenham, 30, and Elizabeth Perks, 21, maiden, her parents dead, and she "vnder y^e Tuic'on" of her brother William Perks of Feckenham, yeoman.

Jan. 26. Thomas Savage of Redmarley Dabittott, gent., about 23, and Lucy Coventry, about 18, da. of Mary Coventry, of that parish, widow.

March 20. Richard Perkes and Anne Cookes, both of Catshill, diocese of Worcester.

1665, Apr. 8. Rowland Smyth of Lindridge, co. Wore., about 40, widower, and Hannah Clarke of Great Witley, about 32, maiden, da. of Richard Clarke of Wacton, co. Hereford, gent.

Apr. 22. Thomas Miles of Haselor and Alice Jackman of Binton, maiden.

Apr. John Walford of Binton, about 30, and Elinor Gaywood of Bishampton, about 20, da. of Margery Gaywood, widow.

Apr. 29. Samuel Emms (in the margin *Emes*) of Bishampton, about 28, and Margaret Blueke of Naunton, about 30, maiden.

May 8. George Stratford of Barton on the Heath, gent., 28, and Anne Thorne, 24, da. of George Thorne of Shudley, co. Glouc., gent.

June 3. Thomas Beale of y^e Berrow, 24, and Anna Nanfan of Birchmorton (Birt's Morton), 21; her father dead, her mother consenting.

An interesting account of the Nanfans will be found in Grazebrook's *Herakby of Worcestershire*, p. 393.

Sept. 14. Simon Clarke of Sperrall, Esq., about 27, bachelor, and Mrs. Mercy Brace, 24, da. of Philip Brace, of Doverdale, Esq. Simon Clarke, who was son of Peter, and grandson of Sir Simon Clarke of Salford, co. Warwick, first baronet, succeeded to the title on the death of his uncle Sir John. The family entered their pedigree at the Visitation of Warwickshire in 1619; and again in 1682, at which time Sir Simon, third baronet, was living at

Morehall in Wixford, co. Warwick, and had issue, by the said Merce, two sons and two daughters, the eldest, Simon, being then *æt.* 15.

Sept. 26. John Field of Haselor and Mary Cockbill of Great Almo, maiden.

Sept. 28. Symon Clerke (*sir*) and Mary Parsons, maiden, both of Spennall, co. Warwick.

The Spennall registers give the marriage, in 1665, of Simon-Clarke Parker and Mary Parsons.

Oct. 10. John Vernon of Hanbury, clerk, and Sarah Wyld of the par. of St. Peter in Worcester, maiden.

Oct. 14. Edward Barnes of Dormston, about 30, and Alice Kemmett of Grafton, 24, maiden.

Oct. 16. William Guillam of Bidford, widower, and Elizabeth Flecher of Everton (Elwington?), co. Glouc., maiden.

Oct. 28. Edward Bentley of Kington, co. Warwick, and Anne Foley of Stourbridge, maiden.

Jan. 9. Thomas Nanfan of Birchmorton gent. and Mary Langston of Hanley widow.

Jan. 13. Richard Hatt of Upton Warren, about 26, widower, and Anne Mason, about 23, da. of William Mason of Rushocke.

Jan. 27. Nicholas Lane, about 20, his parents dead, and Elizabeth da. of Stephen Wadley, aged 19; both of Eldersfield; the said Elizabeth sister of Edmund Wedley (*sic*).

Feb. 21. Edward Harrett of Inkberrow, husbandman, about 32, widower, and Mary Gibbs of Aston Cantloe, 32, widow.

Feb. 27. Francis Tandy of Abbot's Morton, 24, and Anne Ellins, about 16, da. of John Ellins, of the same parish.

March 19. Edward Heminge of Haselor, about 22, and Susan Gibbs, about 22, da. of Francis G. of the same parish.

March 20. Anker Phillips of Inkberrow, 26, and Alice More of Bricklehampton, 24, maiden.

1666, Apr. 28. Thomas Knight of Flyford Flavell, 37, widower, and Anne Izard of Dormston, about 44, maiden.

There has recently been a discussion in *Notes and Queries* as to the origin of the surname Izard, or Izod. It was probably *Isold* at first; Latinized *Isolda*, and also, it would appear, *Isoldia*, in mediæval times. The register at the parish church of Cheltenham records the burial of Izod Hornebie, widow, 29 March, 1606; while that of Pinvin, co. Worcester, contains the marriage of Christopher Baldwyn of Ashton, co. Glouc., and Isard Smith of Pershore, 21 May, 1606.

May 15. John More of Bidford, 50, widower, and Anne Fletcher of Binton, 30, maiden, da. of William Fletcher of Drayton.

June 22. William Durham of Willersey, co. Glouc., yeoman, 26, and Sarah Marrice (Morris) of Bretforton, 28, maiden; Jane Marrice of the same place, widow, consenting.

June 30. Richard Lane of Severn Stoke, about 32, and Elianor Beavans, about 25, da. of Edmund B. of the same place.

Aug. 7. John Cooke, about 22, and Debora Thornbury, about 32, maiden, both of Birlingham, co. Worcester; her parents dead.

- Aug. 11. William Marshall of Martley, co. Wore., about 29, and Bridget Brinley, about 22, da. of Richard B. of the same place, clothier.
- Aug. 16. Richard Lord of Stratford, 40, widower, and Anne Richards, of the same town, 36, maiden.
- Oct. 5. William Jorden of Baydon, co. Wore., clerk, about 27, and Sarah Littleton, *alias* Tinker, of the Cathedral precincts, Worcester, about 21, maiden, da. of Philip Tinker, clerk.
- Philip Tinker A.M. was instituted, in 1640, July 13, to the vicarage of Overbury, co. Worcester, the register of which parish contains the baptism of Sarah da. of Philip Tynker, vicar, and Mary his wife, 27 March, 1645. He sometimes called himself "Littleton *alias* Tinker," but seems to have preferred omitting the former name. He continued to hold the benefice until 1659, or thereabout.
- Oct. 13. John Callowe of Dormston, 22, and Margaret Phillips of Inkberrow, 22, widow.
- Oct. 27. Thomas Twynning of Wyre Piddle, 26, and Hester Dingly (Dineley), 25, da. of William D. of Naunton Beauchamp gent.
- Nov. 1. Thomas Milward of Alderminster and Blance Ashwyn of Honeyborne widow.
- 1667, May 11. Thomas Windle, about 27, and Anne Hunt, about 24, maiden, both of Inkberrow.
- May 11. Thomas Field of Evesham, 24, and Bridget Kitley (Kighley or Keighley), 20, da. of Giles K., of Shennell in South Littleton.
- The Keighley family of Littleton, according to their pedigree, Harl. MS. 1352, migrated to that parish from Aivechurch, co. Worcester, to which place they had gone from Inskip, co. Lancaster. One of them, Sir Philip *Kighley*, kn. (as he wrote his name) was M.P. for Evesham, together with Sir Thomas Bigge, kn., and died in 1605. The above mentioned Giles signed "Keighly" in the S. Littleton parish accounts.
- June 20. Thomas Hobday, *alias* Lacy, of Broughton Hackett, about 23, and Grace Shaw, of King's Norton, about 27, maiden.
- July 20. John Hunt, bachelor, and Elizabeth Dingly (Dineley), maiden, both of Naunton Beauchamp: to be married in the church of St. Michael in Bedwardine, Worcester.
- This family of Hunt became again connected by marriage with the Dineleys in 1809.
- Aug. 24. John Chapman of Broome and Isabella Allen of Wiggleford (Wixford), maiden.
- The register of Bishampton gives the marriage of Edw. Chapman, of Broome in *Bidford*, and Mary Daunce of Elnley, 24 May, 1618.
- Sept. 30. Francis Day, 40, widower, and Alice Rawlins, 23, maiden, both of Abbot's Morton.
- Dec. 3. John Alexander of Bidford and Anne Barham of Abbot's Morton, widow.
- Dec. 27. Jonas Stuart of Arden's Grafton and Elianor Moore of Stratford-on-Avon, maiden.
- Jan. 8. Giles Turvey of North Piddle and Jane Greene of Dormston, maiden.

- Jan. 30. James Stephens of North Littleton and Grissegon Baldwyn of Ashton-under-Hill, co. Gloucester, maiden.
- Feb. 3. Richard Fincher, 30, and Margery Lacy *alias* Hobday, 21, maiden, both of Broughton Hackett.
1668. Apr. 20. Stephen Richardson, of the city of Worcester, and Isabel Littleton of Holt, in the diocese of Wore., maiden.
- May 19. John Gower of Inkberrow gent., 40, widower, and Anne Ballard, about 19, maiden, da. of Francis Ballard of Abbot's Morton.
- May 28. John Hill of Haselor and Ursula Rutter of Norton, maiden.
- July 2. Thomas Wilmott of Wolverley, diocese of Wore., clerk, 24, and *Joshua* Smith of the same place, 23, maiden.
- July 3. William Alsop, about 32, widower, and Judith Frowle, about 40, widow, both of Strensham.
- July 23. Benjamin Graunt, about 22, and Mary Ashwyn, about 20, maiden, both of Exhall.
- July 25. Robert Featherston, 25, and Elianor Powell, 24, da. of David P., both of Abbot's Morton.
- Oct. 10. Mr. Gyles Parsons of Overbury, about 25, and Elizabeth Freeman of Batsford, about 24, maiden.
- Jan. 20. Francis Dyneley, about 36, and Mary Eden, about 25, maiden, both of Charlton (in Cropthorne).
- Jan. 30. Richard Young and Sarah Bathurst, 19, maiden, both of All Saints' par. in Evesham.
- Jan. 30. Robert Dysen and Frances Gore, widow, both of Inkberrow.
- Feb. 2. Samuel Clarke, 23, and Sarah Baker, about 30, maiden, both of Abbot's Morton.
- Feb. 24. Essex Knightley of Fawsley, co. Northampton, Esq., about 21, bachelor, and Sarah Foley of Great Witley, co. Worcester, about 18, maiden.

See the Knightley pedigree in Howard's *Miscellaneous Genealogica et Heraldica*, vol. i, pp. 129-133.

(To be continued.)

Notices of Books.

MEMOIR OF THE MOLINEUX FAMILY. By GISBORNE MOLINEUX, F.R.C.I.
London: 1882, 4to.

The family of Molineux is traced from William de Moulins, or de Molines, Lord of Sephton in the time of the Conqueror. The Earls of Sefton represent the eldest line, and other branches flourished at Haughton, Teversall, Castle Dillon, co. Armagh, etc. Vivian, son and heir of William de Moulins, was made castellan of Liverpool by Roger de

Poictou, Earl of Lancaster; his descendant, Sir William Molyneux, distinguished himself under the Black Prince, and was made a Knight Banneret in 1367. He was father of Sir Richard Molyneux, who had three sons, Sir Richard, who signalised himself at Agincourt, Adam, Bishop of Chichester, and Robert. Sir Richard last named had eight sons, of whom the eldest was ancestor of the Viscounts Molyneux and Earls of Sefton, and the second, Sir Thomas, of the Molineuxes of Teversal and Mansfield; of the other six no account is given. The first chapter is devoted to carrying down the history of the eldest branch, the second to that seated at Teversal and Haughton, and the third to the Staffordshire and Sussex family descended from Francis Molyneux of Mansfield, brother to Sir John Molyneux, third baronet, of Teversal.

From Sir Thomas Molineux (second son of Sir Richard above named), descended Sir John Molineux, Knt., created a Baronet 29 July, 1611. The elder line of his descendants became extinct in the person of Sir Francis Molineux, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, in 1812, with whom, according to Burke and Courthope, the title also terminated. This appears to be a mistake, as Francis Molyneux of Mansfield, co. Nottingham, second brother of Sir John Molyneux, third Baronet, left issue Darcy Molyneux, Sheriff of that county in 1687, who had two surviving sons, William and John. Darcy Molyneux, grandson of William, assumed the title on the death of Sir Francis, and died at Sheepscar, near Leeds, in 1816, without issue. Since his death the Baronetcy has been in abeyance. John Molyneux, brother of William, however, left issue, and in his heir male the title still appears to exist. He is said to have "settled in Wolverhampton at the commencement of the eighteenth century, where he engaged in the iron trade," to have died in 1754, and also to have left a will proved in that year. On the subject of the *identity* of Nottinghamshire John with John of Wolverhampton, the author of this work is most provokingly reticent. His descendants are traced out in chapter iii.

The Irish branch of the family, now represented by the Rev. Sir J. C. Molyneux, Bart., descended from Daniel Molyneux, Ulster King of Arms, 1586, is supposed to be descended from Sir Thomas, second son of William Molyneux of Sefton, Knt. Banneret, but no evidence is offered of the supposition. Both the above points might probably have been cleared up by a little original research, and would have added to the value and interest of Mr. Molyneux's book; at all events, much more than the elaborate account of a garden party in 1830, and similar matter, all very well in its way, but of no genealogical interest.

This book is very well printed, and has doubtless cost its compiler much time and labour, but in order to render it complete as a genealogical monograph it requires such additions as would result from original enquiry, and—an index.

FAMOUS DIVORCES OF ALL AGES. By CHARLES COWLEY. Penhallow Printing Company, Lowell, Mass. 2nd edition, 8vo.

A collection of notable divorce cases cannot but possess some interest for the genealogist; it is drawn, no doubt, from an unpleasant part of our criminal jurisprudence, but has its use in exhibiting "man as he is in action and in principle, and not as he is usually drawn by poets and

speculative philosophers,"—at least so said Edmund Burke. Judge Cowley has managed to condense a vast amount of amusing information into his little book of less than 300 pages; his error is that he has attempted too much. Details of Divorces alone would have sufficed to fill a larger volume, and eminent persons whose matrimonial difficulties never reached the final stage, might have been left uncoupled with those whose misfortunes have become Public Records by being brought into Court. Such cases are those of Nelson, Warren Hastings, Charles Dickens, Lady Grosvenor, and Caroline Norton whose literary efforts aided the passage of our present divorce laws. It is also bad taste to describe the Marquis de Caux, the quondam husband of Adeline Patti, as a "bull called a marquis, though a worthless scoundrel."

Leaving Patti, the learned author details the troubles of Vashti the ill-starred Queen of Ahasuerus, Philip of Macedon, and Cicero. His chapter on Mary Queen of Scots is one of the best in the book, and those on George Sand, Frances Howard Lady Essex (afterwards Countess of Somerset), Barbara Villiers, the Duchess of Kingston, and Cardinal Fesch the uncle of Napoleon, will be read with interest. The tragic story of Napoleon and Josephine, those of George the First, and of Queen Caroline, "Queen Consort of the last and meanest of the Four Georges," bring us nearer to our own time. "The latest divorces," writes the author, "in the Royal Family of Great Britain, were that of Leopold, who on becoming King of the Belgians divorced Caroline Bauer, the famous actress, whom he had married after burying the Princess Charlotte; and that of the parents of the late Prince Consort." The last name which occurs in the volume is that of the Rev. John Wesley, for whom widows again and again proved more than a match. The widow Vazeille, who he married at last, tormented him by her outrageous jealousy and abominable temper, and burdened and saddened thirty years of his public ministry. Kings and Emperors, Warriors and Statesmen, learned Divines, and fair representatives of the demi-monde, all act their parts in Judge Cowley's semi-comic tragedy. One is almost tempted after perusing it to come to the conclusion that all eminent men have either been bad husbands or had bad wives, getting into matrimonial trouble one way or the other, and that if they have not actually figured in the Divorce Court it is rather from want of opportunity than anything else, in fact their misfortune, not their fault.

An enlarged and revised edition is contemplated by the author of this entertaining volume which forms a chapter in the vicissitudes of families as yet unwritten, and to which our accomplished Ulster might well turn his attention, and illustrate as he so aptly could *currente calamo*.

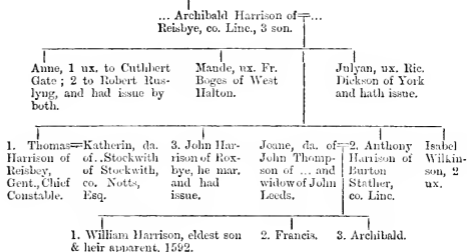
VISITATION OF LINCOLNSHIRE, 1592.

(Continued from page 161.)

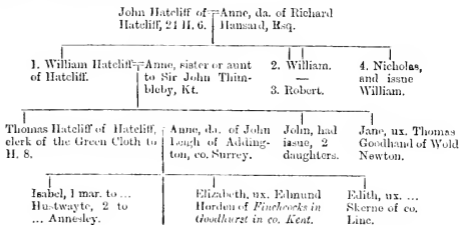
HARRISON.

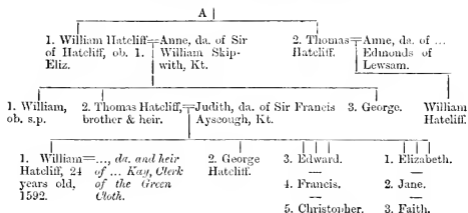
ARMS.—*Azure, two bars Ermine between six estoiles Or, 3, 2, and 1.*

... da. of ... Forster=*...* Harrison of the Bishop=*...* da. of ... Grames (? Graham)
of Anwike, 1 ux. rick of Durham. of Cumberland, Esq.



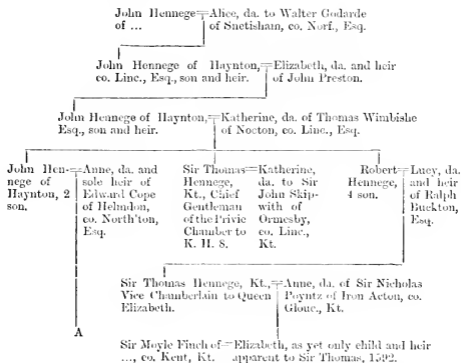
HATCLIFFE.

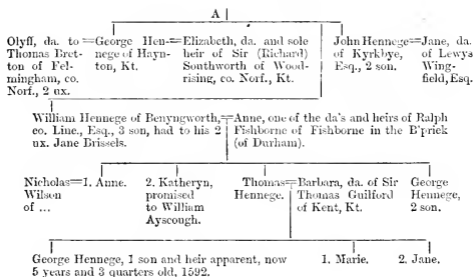
ARMS.—*Hatcliff, quartering, Or, two bars Azure, a lion rampant Gules.*CREST.—As in the *Visitation of 1564.*



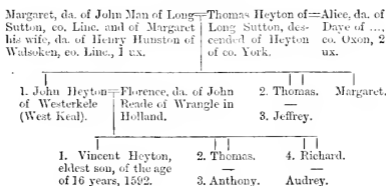
HENNEGE.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1, *Or, a greyhound courant Sable between three leopards' faces Azure, a bordure engrailed Gules* (Hennege); 2, *Gules, three garbs Or* (Preston); 3, *Argent, two bars and a canton Gules*; 4, *Gules, a cross piteouze between four trefoils Or*; 5, *Vert, on a fess Argent, a bear passant Azure*; 6, *Argent, a cross flory Sable*.



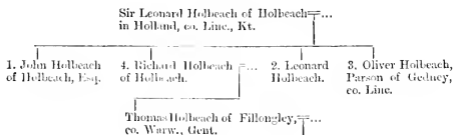


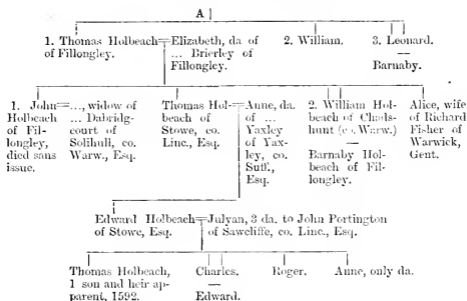
HEYTON.



HOLBEACH.

ARMS.—Holbeach.

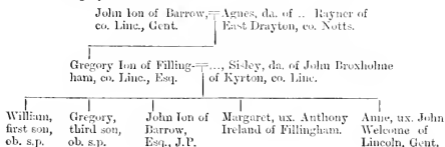




ION.

ARMS.—*Sable, a chevron engrailed Or between three doves Argent.*

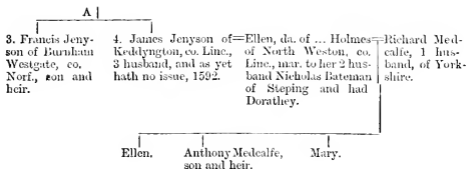
CREST.—*An avia erect habited purpure the hand proper holding a branch of marjorids also proper.*



JENYSON.

Alice, da. of Thomas Lawes of Newton, co. Norf. 1 ux.	Thomas Jenyson of Burnham Westgate, co. Norf.	Joan, da. of ... Pepys of Cottenhom in con. Camb., hath issue as in Norfolk.
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Robert Jenyson of the same place, son and heir, had 2 wives more, by whom he had issue as in Norfolk.	Anne, da. of William Angoveyne of Theddethorpe, co. Linc., 3 ux.
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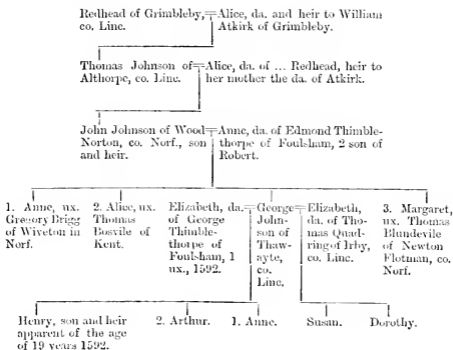


JOHNSON.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Or, a water bouget Sable on a chief of the second three be:ants (Johnson)*; 2, *Gules, on a bend of the first surmounting another Vair three fleurs de lis Argent.*

CREST.—*Out of a coronet per pale Argent and Azure two wings expanded counter-changed.*

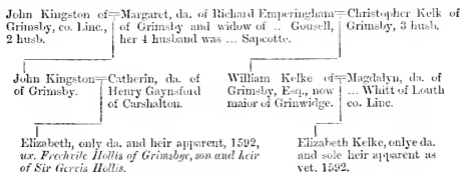
A Patent by Chr. Cooke.



KINGSTON.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Azure, a cross between four leopards' heads Or*; 2 and 3, *Ermine, between a chevron and a chief Sable, a leopard's head Or, a mullet for difference.*

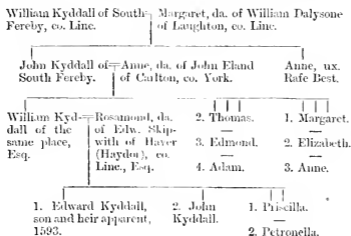
CREST.—*A goat Argent eating the ears of a garb Or, a mullet for difference.*



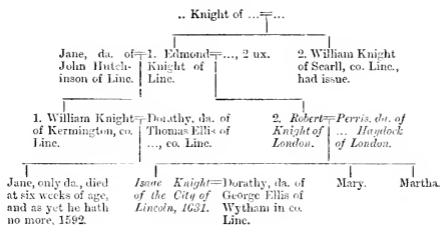
KIDDALL.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, *Sable, a saltire ragulee Argent (Kyddal)*; 2, *Or, on a fess between four fleurs de lis Gules two fleurs de lis of the first (Davill)*; 3, *(Holbeach)*; 4, *Or, on a chief Azure three lions' heads couped of the field (Lambert)*; 5, *Azure, three bends counter compungy Or and Gules (Barkworth).*

CREST.—*A goat's head erased Argent ducally gorged attired and bearded Or.*

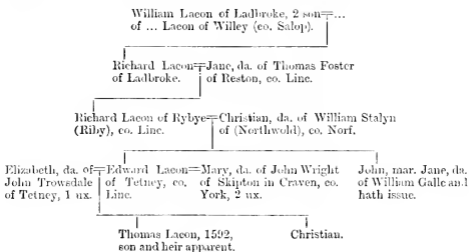


KNIGHT.



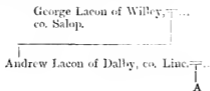
LACON. No. 1.

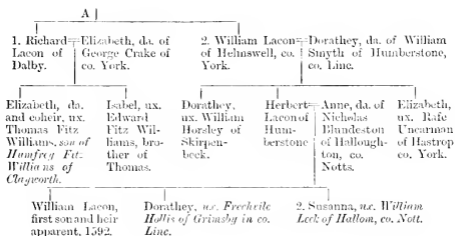
ARMS.—Quarterly, per fess indented Ermine and Azure a quatrefoil for difference.



LACON. No. 2.

ARMS.—Same as in last pedigree, a martlet for difference.

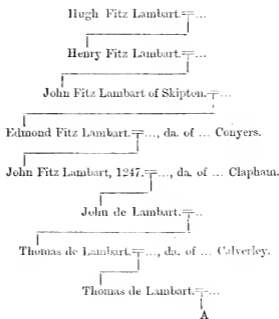


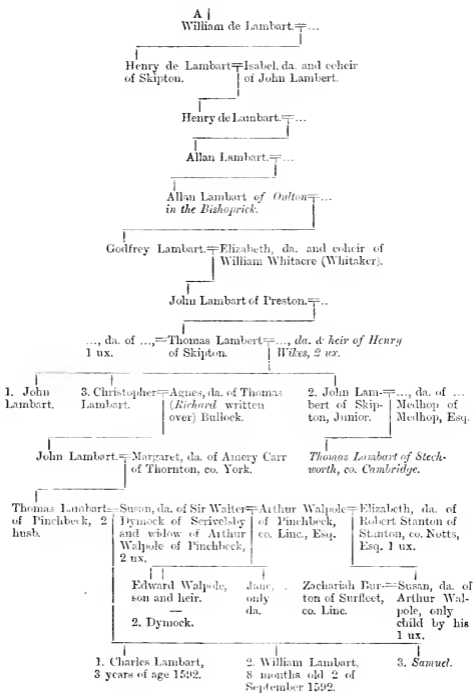


LAMBART.

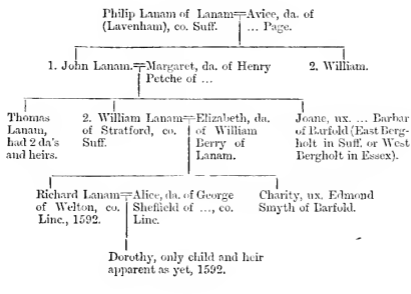
ARMS.—Quarterly of 11, 1, *Gules, a chevron Argent a chief chequy Or and Azure* (Chambers); 2, *Gules, three cinquefoils Argent* (Lambart of Oulton); 3, *Argent, a lion rampant Sable, gorged Or* (Cressy); 4, *Ermine, a lion rampant Azure crowned Or within a bordure of the second*; 5, *Argent, a chevron between three mascles Sable* (Whitacre); 6, *Dunby*; 7, *Argent, a chevron engrailed Gules between three crosses in line Sable* (Wikes); 8, *Ermine, on a fess Gules three cross crosslets Or*; 9, *Argent, three gulyons hauriant within a bordure engrailed Sable* (Gobion); 10, *Or, a fess Gules* (Colville); 11, *Gules, fretty Argent, a label of five points Sable* (Hudleston).

CREAT.—*A lion's head crused Argent gorged with a fess chequy Or and Azure.*





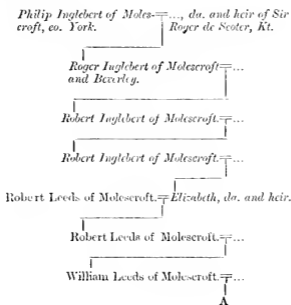
LANAM.

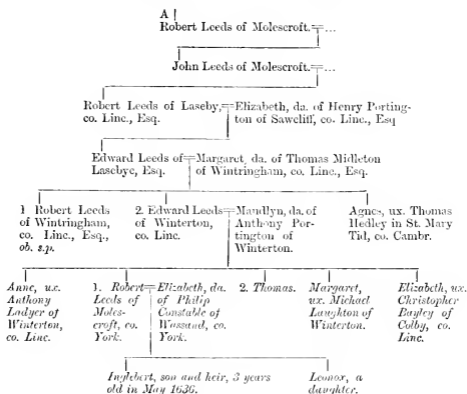


LEEDS.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Argent, a fess Gules between three eagles displayed Sable* (Leeds); 2 and 3, *Per sinister bend Gules and Vert a chevron Ermine, a crescent for difference.*

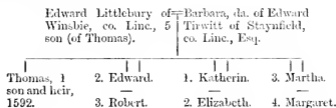
CREST (added).—*On a staff ragulce Vert a cockatrice with wings addorsed Or combed and wattled Gules.*





LITTLEBURY.

(This Pedigree commences with the marriage of Thomas Littlebury and Margaret St. Pauls and gives the descent of his son Humphrey as in the *Visitation of 1564*, and that of his son Edward thus :—



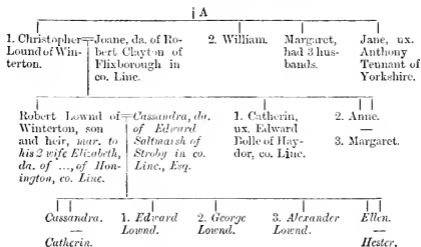
LOWND.

ARMS.—*Azure, a fret Argent, a bordure Or, a crescent for difference.*

CREST.—*Out of a coronet a hawk Or, a crescent for difference.*

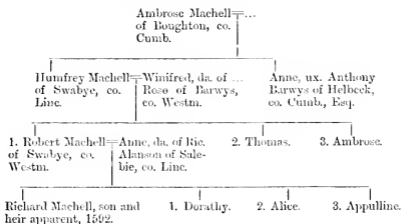
Thomas Lound of Winter- = ..., da. of ... Kinton
ton, co. Linc. of Lincoln.

A



MACHELL.

ARMS.—*Sable, three greyhounds courant Argent collared Gules, a bordure engrailed Or.*

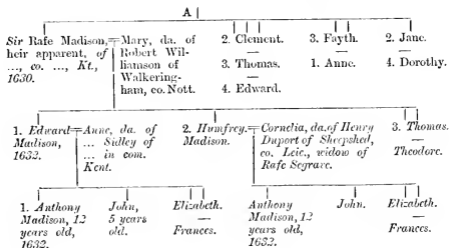


MADISON.

ARMS.—*Argent, on a chevron between three martlets Sable as many mullets Or (Marley).*

This pedigree commences with the marriage of Christopher Madison and ... da. and heir of ... Angevine and continues the descent as in the *Visitation of 1564*, making Christopher, son of Sir Edward, marry a da. of ... Muscenden, and making Alice, his da., wife to ... Muscenden of Leic'sb., 1 husb., and continues thus:—

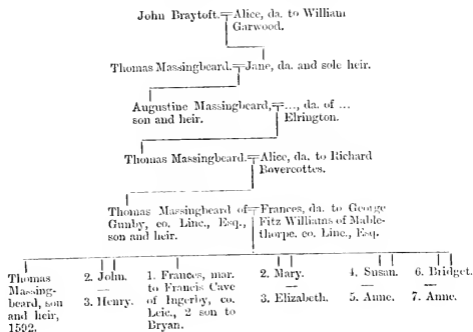
Edward Madison of Fulnetby, =Catherin, da. of Rafe Bosvile of *Brobourne*
son and heir. in Kent, Clerk of the Court of Wards.



MASSINGBEARD.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1, Azure, three quatrefoils, in chief a bull passant Or charged with a cross pale Gules (Massingbeard); 2, Per pale Or and Argent on a cross hamette between four lions rampant Gules, five escallops of the first (Massingbeard); 3, Ermine, a fess Gules a croissant for difference (Beanak); 4, Sable, three belants close within a bordure engrailed Argent (Halliday); 5, Azure, a lion rampant within an orle of cross crosslets Argent (Braytoft); 6, Vert, a lion rampant Argent.

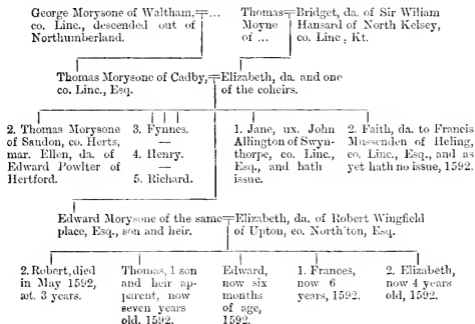
CREST.—A lion's head crested Azure charged with three arrows in saltire between four guttes d'Or.



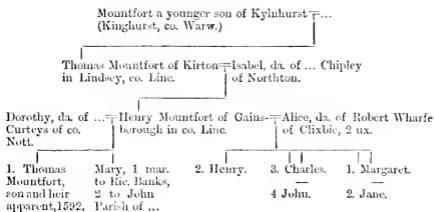
MORISON.

ARMS.—*Or, on a cross Sable five fleurs de lis of the field.*

CREST.—*Out of a coronet Or an eagle's head between two wings Argent.*

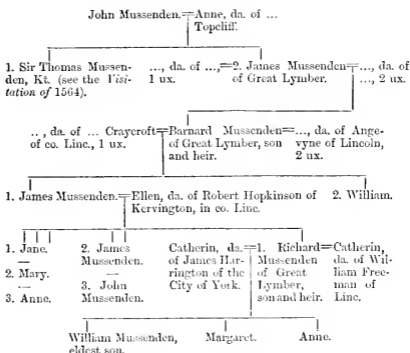


MOUNTFORT.



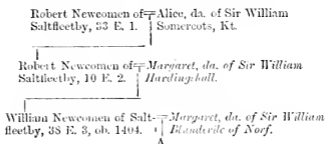
MUSSENDEN.

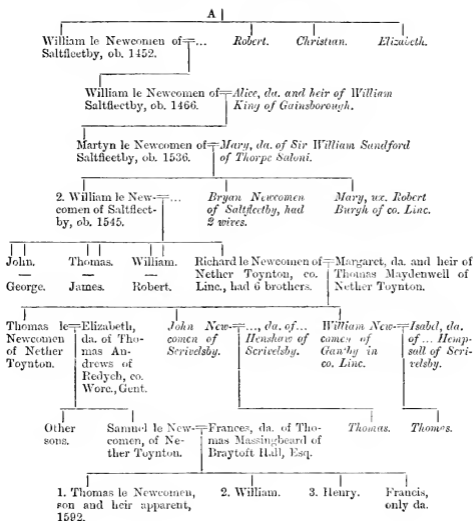
ARMS.—*Or, a cross engrailed Gules in dexter chief a Cornish chough Sable, membered of the second, within a bordure Azure, charged with ten plates.*



NEWCOMEN.

This Pedigree commences as in the *Visitation of 1564*.





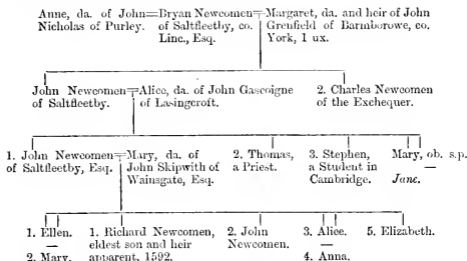
NEWCOMEN.

ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, *Argent a lion's head erased Sable between three crescents Gules* (Newcomen); 2, *Sable on a chevron Argent three escallops of the field* (King of Gainsborough); 3, *Gules a chevron engrailed between three rests Or* (Greenfield); 4, *Gules on a bend Argent three lions' faces Vert* (Stevenson of Boston); 5, *Sable a chevron between three lions' faces within a bordure all Argent* (Fereby of Yorkshire).

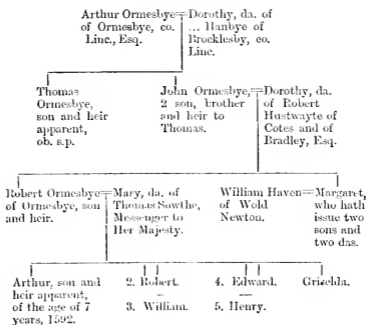
CREST.—*A lion's gamb coupé and erect Sable.*

MOTTO (added).—“*Numine nitor.*”

This Pedigree commences with the marriage of Bryan Newcomen and Margaret Grenfield, and continues his descent thus:—



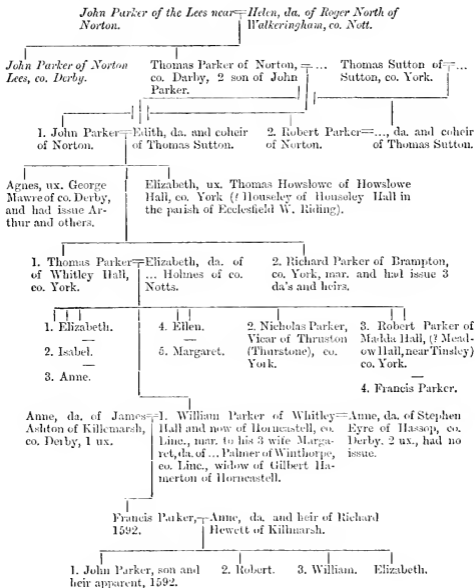
ORMESBY.

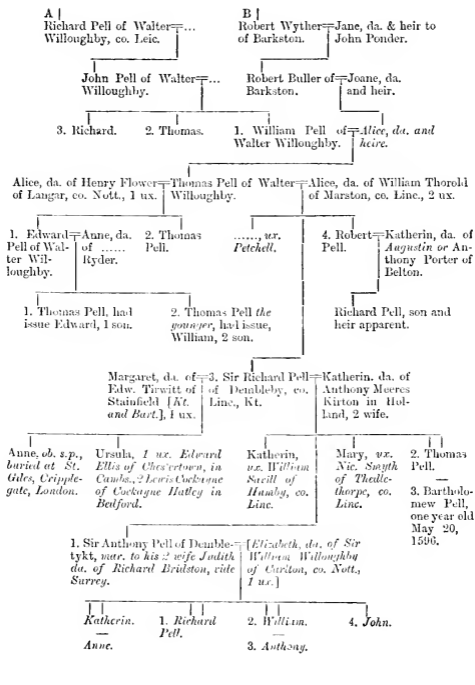


PARKER.

ARMS (added).—Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Gules, a chevron between three leopards' heads, a crescent for difference*; 2 and 3, *Gules, on a castle Or a stork Argent* (Sutton).

CREST (added).—*A leopard's head guardant erased Or ducally gorged Gules, a crescent for difference.*





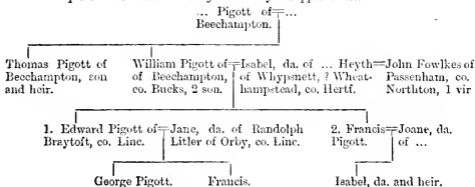
PEPPER.

(This Pedigree and the Arms are the same as those in the *Visitation of 1564*, but the Pedigree gives Richard and Anne his wife, 2 children, Francis and Elizabeth, besides Henry.)

PIGOTT.

ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, *Sable three mill picks Argent*; 2, *Argent on three bars Sable six cinquefoils of the field*, 3, 2, 1 (Darrell); 3, *Gules, a fess Or between three men's heads couped at the shoulders Argent* (Edye); 4, *Per chevron Sable and Argent, three elephants' heads crased counterchanged* (Sanders); a trefoil slipped for difference.

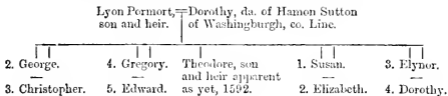
CREST.—A greyhound couchant collared Argent charged on the breast with three mill picks Sable and on the body with a trefoil slipped Gules.



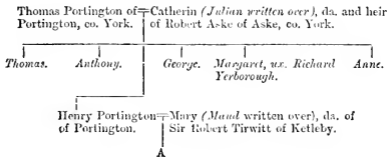
PORMORT.

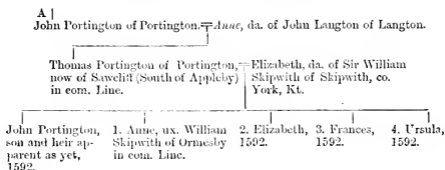
ARMS.—Same as under Pormont in the *Visitation of 1564*.

(This pedigree commences with the marriage of George Pormort and Margaret Scamblesby as in the *Visitation of 1564* under *Pormont*, and continues thus.)



PORTINGTON.

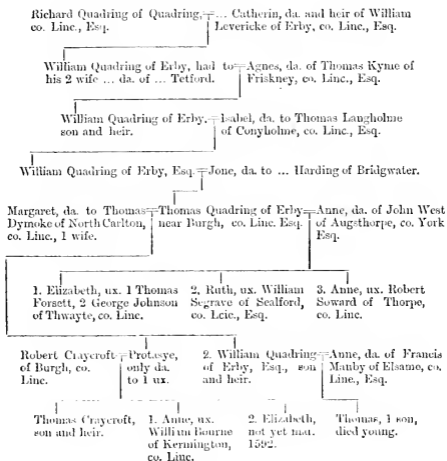




QUADRING.

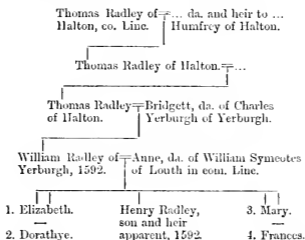
ARMS.—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, *Ermine, a fess engrailed Gules*; 2, *Argent, a chevron between three leopards courant Sable* (Leverett, Leverick); 3, *Ermine, a fess Gules* (Bernack); 4, *Argent, a bend between six cross crosslets fitché Azure*; 5, *Argent on a saltire Sable five ducks of the field* (Burgh).

CREST.—A *moor's head affrontée proper coupéd below the shoulders and wreathed about the temples Argent and Gules.*



RADLEY.

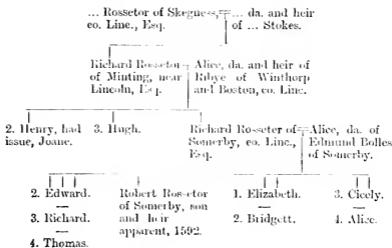
ARMS.—*Argent, a chevron engrailed Gules between three snakes nowed Sable their heads towards the sinister.*



ROSSETOR.

ARMS.—*Argent on a bend Sable three roses of the field.*

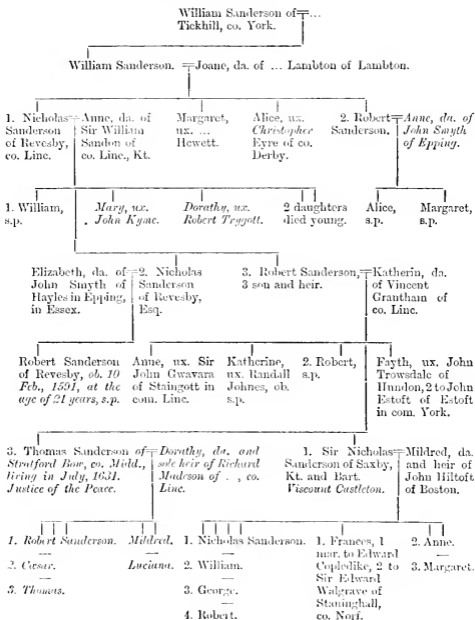
CREST.—*A leopard passant Or.*



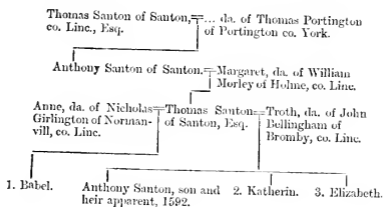
SANDERSON.

ARMS.—*Paly of six Argent and Azure on a bend Sable three annulets Or*; on an escutcheon of pretence, *Or, on a chevron Gules between three fleurs de lis Vert as many martlets of the lust* (Hiltoft).

CREST.—*A wolf's head Sable devouring a child proper.*



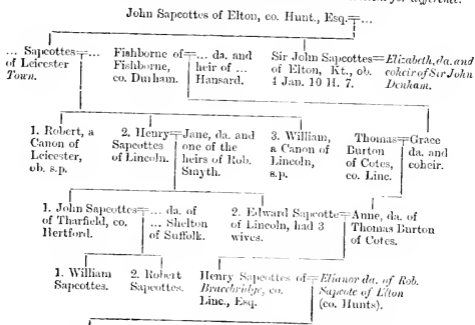
SANTON.

ARMS.—*Or, a chief Azure.*

SAPCOTTES.

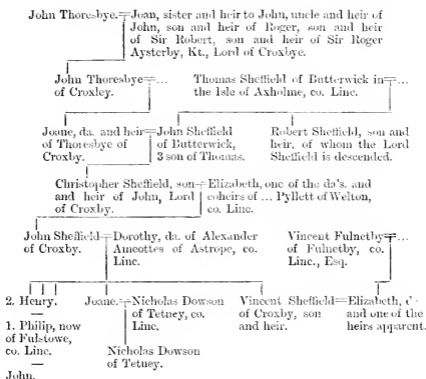
ARMS.—1st Quarterly, 1 and 4, *Sable three dovecotes Argent a crescent on a crescent for difference*; 2 and 3, *Argent a fess dancetté between three roses Gules*, impaling Quarterly, 1, *Sapeote 2, Gules four fusils in fess Ermine* (Denham); 3, *Gules three bezants in chief a label of three points Azure* (Haydon); 4, *Gules three door arches Argent two single in chief and one double in bass their capitals and pedestals Or* (Arches).

CREST.—*A goat's head erased Argent horned Or a crescent on a crescent for difference.*



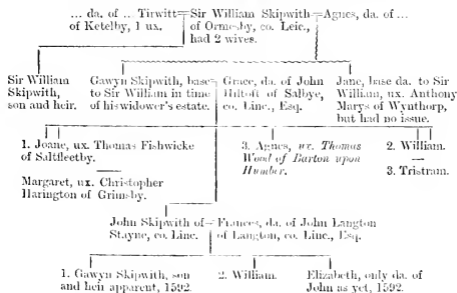
Elizabeth, onlie child as yet, nowe 12 yeares of age 1592, da. and heir, ux. Sir Thomas Beaumont of Colclerton, co. Leic., Kt.

SHEFFIELD.

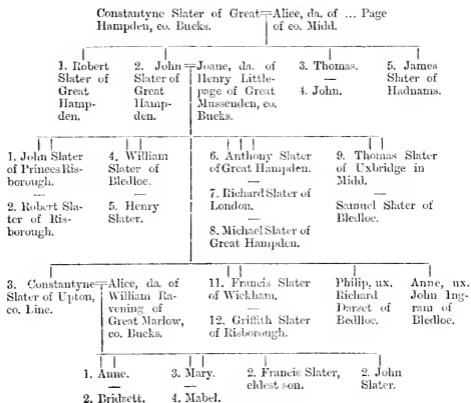


SKIPWITH.

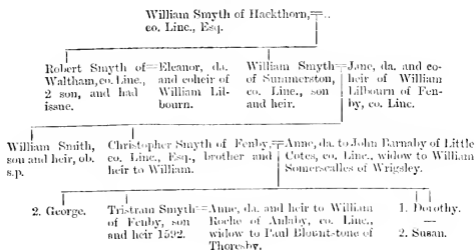
ARMS.—*Argent, three bars Gules, in chief a greyhound courant Sable collared Or, a bordure engrailed gobyony of the last and Azure.*



SLATER.

ARMS (added)—*Argent, a saltire Azure.*

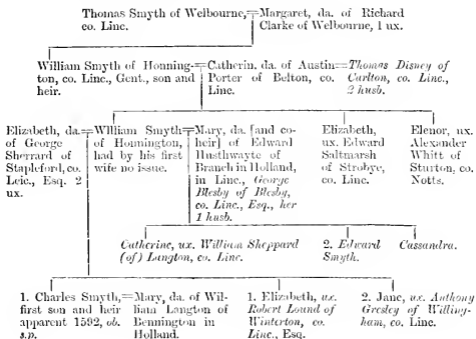
SMYTH.



SMYTH.

ARMS (added).—*Argent, a fess dancettée between three roses Gules.*

CREST.—*A talbot passant Or.*



SMYTH.

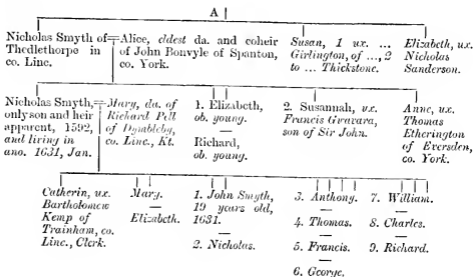
ARMS.—Quarterly, 1, *Sable on a chevron engrailed between six crosses patée fitchée Or three fleurs de lis Azure each charged with a plate; 2, Azure a bend cotised Or in sinister chief a griffin's head crested of the second (Billesdon).*

CREST.—*A falcon's head crested Sable guttee d'Or holding in the beak a fish proper.*

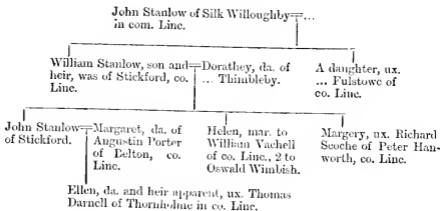
Richard Smythe Shreeve of London, temp. H. 7, 1508. = Anne, da. and sole heir of Robert Billesdon of London, maior, 1484.

John Smyth of Epping, co. Essex, Esq. = Jane, da. and heir of Roger Bransden of Uxbridge, near London.

1. John Smyth of Epping, co. Essex, Esq. = Andrey, da. of John Browne of Rokwood Hall in Essex. = Richard Smyth, who hath issue now in Bristow. = Anne, ux. Robert Sanderson of Fillingham co. Linc.



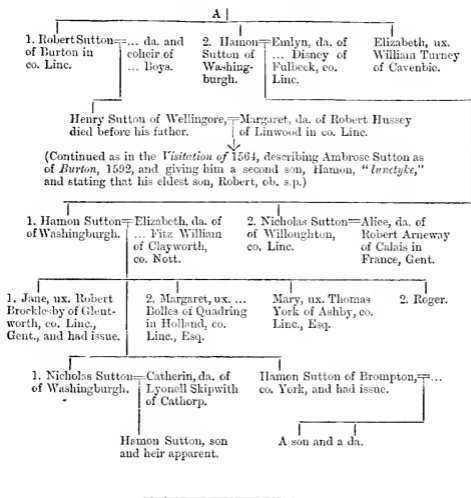
STANLOW.



SUTTON.

ARMS.—Or, on a chevron between three annulets Gules as many crescents of the field.
 CREST.—A greyhound's head couped Ermine collared Gules garnished and ringed Or.

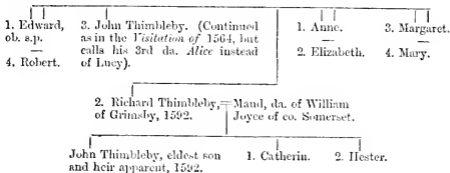
Hamon Sutton of Washingburgh, co. Linc. = Margaret, da. of Sir Robert Sheffield, late Recorder of the City of London, Kt.



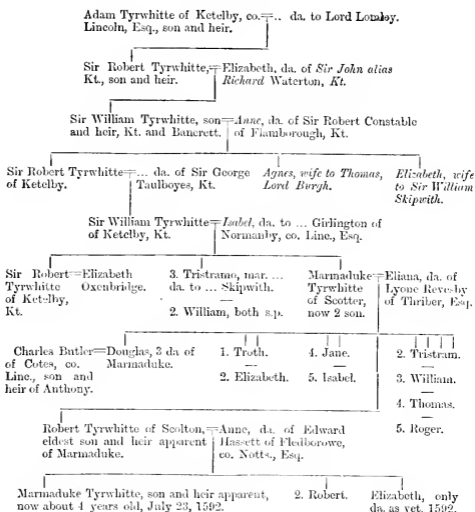
THIMBLEBY.

ARMS.—Argent, three pales Sable between four mullets in bend of the second, a crescent for difference.

This pedigree is the same as in the *Visitation of 1564* down to the marriage of Sir Richard and Catherine, and continues thus:—



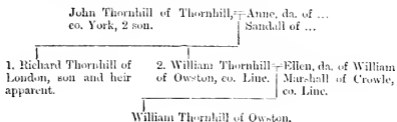
TIRWITT.



THORNHILL.

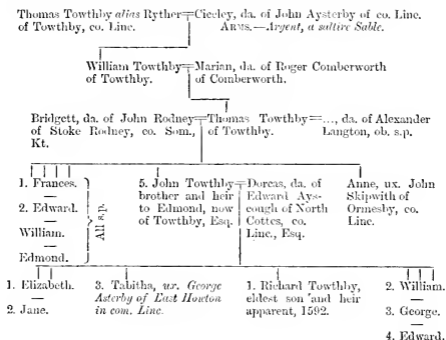
AUMS.—Gules, two bars gemelles Argent on a chief of the second a crescent Sable.

CREST.—A woman's head couped at the shoulders, vested, crined and crowned all Or, out of the coronet a hawthorn tree proper.



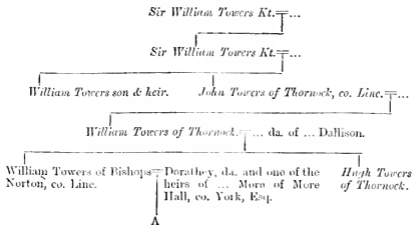
TOWTHBY.

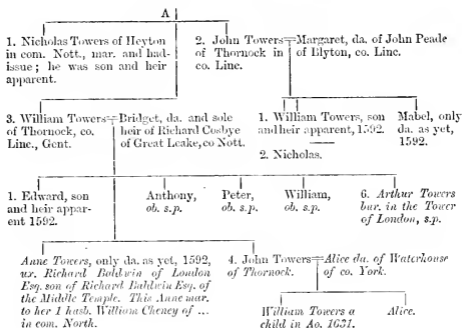
Arms (added).—*Azure, a lion's head erased within an orle of eight cross crosslets Argent.*



TOWERS.

Arms.—*Sable, a tower triple towered Or.*

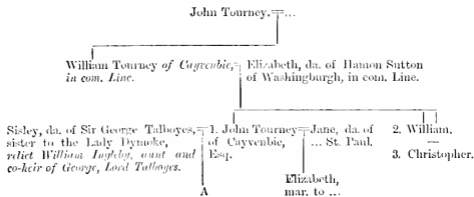




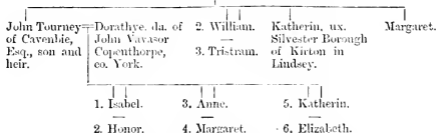
TURNEY.

ARMS.—*Argent a chevron between three bulls passant Sable armed Or, quartering by addition; 2, Argent a saltire Gules, on a chief of the second three escallops of the first (Talboyes); 3, Gules a cinquefoil within an orle of eight cross crosslets Or (Humfryle); 4, Gules a chevron between ten cross crosslets Or (Kyme).*

CREST (added).—*A tower Sable towered Argent.*



A |
 Anthony Tourney = Mary da. of Richard Belle
 of Cayvenbie, Esq. of Haugh, co. Line.



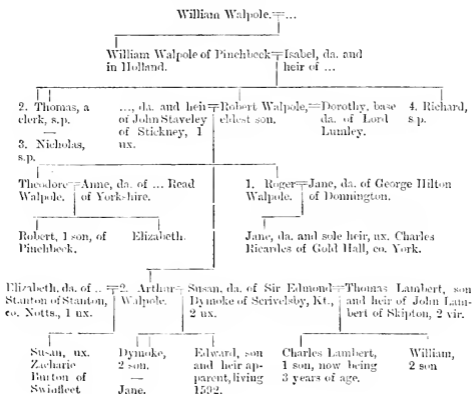
Each of these daughters described as "da. and heir apparent as yet.—July 19, 1592."

WALPOLE.

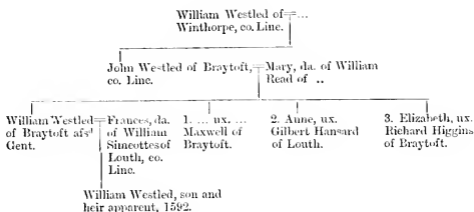
ARMS.—*Argent, on a bend Vert cotised Gules three lions passant of the field.*

CREST.—*A buck's head gardant proper attired Or.*

Pr. William Harvey, *Clar.*



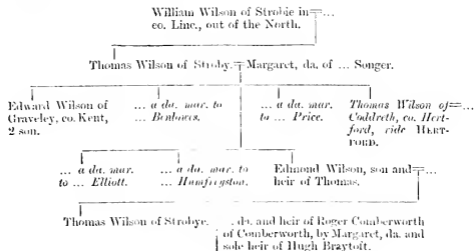
WESTLED.

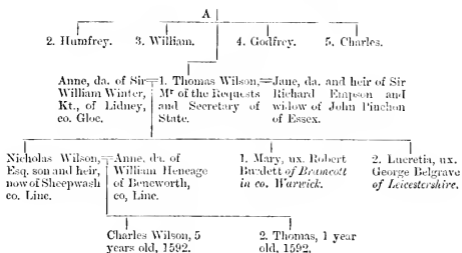


WILSON.

ARMS (the quarterings added).—Quarterly of 6, 1 and 6, *Sable, a wolf salient Or, in chief three estoiles of the last*; 2, *Argent a lion rampant with an orb of ten cross crosslets Argent* (Braytoft); 3, *Chequy Or and Gules on a chief Argent a lion passant Sable* (Comberworth); 4, *Argent two bars engrailed Sable*; 5, *Argent a chevron between three martlets Sable*.

CREST.—*A demi wolf salient Or.*

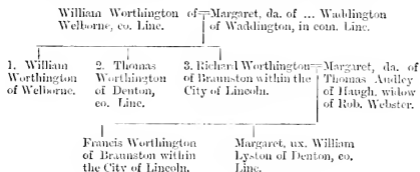




WORTHINGTON.

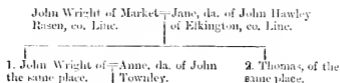
ARMS.—*Argent, three tridents Sable, in chief a mullet pierced Gules.*

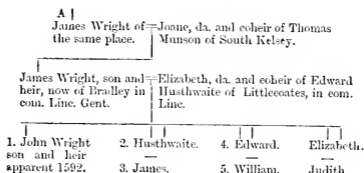
CREST.—*A goat passant Argent browsing on a shrub Vert, and charged with a mullet pierced Gules.*



WRIGHT.

ARMS (added).—*Quarterly, ... (Wright); 2, Or, two chevrons Gules (Munson); 3, Pale of six Or and Azure on a chief Argent a lion passant Sable (Husthwaite).*



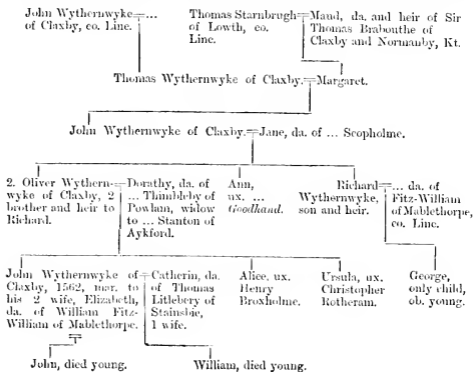


WYTHERNWYKE.

ARMS (Added).—Same as WYTHERNWYKE in *Visitation of 1564*.

CREST.—A *lustard close Argent, winged Or.*

The 1 coate and crest was granted to John Wythernwyke of Claxby, in com. Linc., by William Harvye, *Clar.*, by a patent dated at London, 23 of March, 1562, 5 Q. Eli.



MR JOSEPH FOSTER AND THE LYON OFFICE.

By GEORGE BURNETT, Lyon King of Arms.

While it is usually undesirable for a public officer to reply in print to accusations levelled against his official conduct, this rule admits of occasional exceptions; and I cannot but number among such exceptions a paper of sixteen pages headed "The Lyon Office and the Marjoribanks family," in the July part of Mr. Foster's 'Collectanea Genealogica.' This attack on the administration of the Lyon Office has been called forth by a review in the 'Genealogist' (*supra* p. 200) of a portion of the same 'Collectanea,' entitled "List of Members of Parliament, Scotland." When Mr. Foster undertook to re-arrange, correct, and supplement from a higher genealogical stand-point the official return of Scottish members of Parliament, those who knew the care with which the return had been framed, and the eminent qualifications of the gentleman who had the charge of it, had misgivings regarding Mr. Foster's capacity for the task which he had set himself. That these misgivings were well-grounded is shewn in the review alluded to, a paper, I may remark, which does not bear the full signature of Mr. Stodart, my *collaborateur* in the Lyon Office. But for Mr. Stodart's unusual courtesy in informing Mr. Foster that he was writing such a review and allowing him to see it in proof, Mr. Foster would neither have been entitled to speak of the article as Mr. Stodart's, nor enabled to bring out his rejoinder, as he has done, almost simultaneously with the review. While giving an emphatic denial to the insinuation that the review in question was inspired by myself or any one else, I am authorised by Mr. Stodart to say that he does not retract a line of it.

In the case of all, or nearly all, the numerous errors pointed out, it will be seen by those who take the pains to compare pp. 200-204 of the 'Genealogist' with pp. 73-75 of Mr. Foster's article, that Mr. Foster is compelled to acknowledge himself in the wrong: and I think few Scotsmen who know anything of either the general history or the family history of their country will consider it hypercritical to protest against the resuscitation of the long-exploded fables which meet us in such books as 'Playfair's British Family Antiquity,' or will regard as trivial mistakes the substitution of "Douglas of Conons" for "Douglas of Cavers," or the assertion that a battle was fought at Scone in 1643 in which Charles I (who had two years previously left Scotland) made Sir Gilbert Elliott a Knight Banneret. In the concluding instalment of the 'List,' issued subsequently to Mr. Stodart's criticism, there is a prudent abstention from "identifications" or those genealogical notices which Mr. Foster calls "peculiarly" his "own ground." The name, however, of "Sir John Wauchope of Niddry, Knight Marischal," will surprise those

who know anything about the history and holders of that office. The person meant is, of course, Sir John Wauchope, Knight, of Nidby-Marischal. The Wauchopes of Nidry are among the best known baronial families of the south of Scotland, and have inherited from the fourteenth century to this day the lands of Nidry or Nidry-Marischal, so called because originally bestowed on them by the Keiths, hereditary Marischals of Scotland. To an average well-educated Scotsman a mistake of this kind is not less startling than the story of the Banneret created at the battle of Scone.

While there would be an obvious impropriety in my entering in this place into a discussion with Mr. Foster regarding the four Baronetcies which he discredits on his p. 75, I trust there is none in my calling attention to a small but telling indication of how little he is qualified to speak *ex cathedra* on the subject. A slight knowledge of the history of the house of Grant would have sufficed to make him aware that "*Sweton* Grant," which he accompanies with a "*sic*," was neither a misprint nor an error of Mr. Stodart's, the unusual name Sweton (from the classical Suetonius) being notoriously prevalent in this branch of the Grant family. A separate notice of Sir Alexander Grant of Dalvey in the "*Addenda*" to the "*List*" contains a characteristic specimen of a sort of misrepresentation in which Mr Foster is— notwithstanding his ultroneous disavowal of the charge of "*special pleading*"—too prone to indulge. "*Sir Alexander*," he says, "*had a grant of Supporters from the Lyon Office, 8th July, 1761; and it is seriously argued that this was the most direct recognition the Crown could afford. This is news indeed! The Crown and Lyon King of Arms were evidently synonymous when George III was King!*" On referring to Mr. Stodart's paper (p. 203) it will be seen that the "*direct recognition*" adverted to was, not a grant of Supporters from Lyon, as is here recklessly averred, but "*a Royal Warrant for Supporters*" (of course by George III and addressed to Lyon) "*in which he was styled, 'Our trusty and well-beloved Sir Alexander Grant of Dalvey, Baronet.'*"

Regarding the general charge of churlishness hurled against Mr. Stodart and the Lyon Office, it is fortunately possible to appeal from Philip drunk to Philip sober, from Foster's '*Collectanea*' to the following passage in the preface to Foster's '*Peerage*':—

"First, I am under great obligations to Sir Albert William Woods, Garter King of Arms, for the valuable advice and assistance he has so unreservedly and cordially afforded me during the compilation of this work, as well as to Mr. Edward Bellasis, Bluenantle Pursuivant of Arms, who has generously devoted several months of incessant labour and unremitting attention in comparing with me the original grants of arms, as well as readily affording me every possible help in ordinary investigations. . . . I venture to think that the public will

participate in the feelings of grateful satisfaction which I am unable adequately to express. George Barnett, Esq., Lord Lyon King of Arms, and Robert Riddle Stodart, Esq., Lyon Clerk Depute, have very cordially rendered me similar services with reference to Scottish families and their armorial ensigns."

It is indeed the fact that both Mr. Stodart and I gratuitously expended much time in supplying Mr. Foster with information for the Scottish portion of his work. Disappointed we certainly were when the book appeared at the absence of the promised accuracy, the scanty and confused character of the pedigree notices, and the disproportionately large space accorded to the remotest relations—sometimes by female descent only—of a few selected families. Nevertheless Mr. Stodart continued to reply with patience and courtesy to Mr. Foster's numerous letters, even after strong grounds existed for suspecting that his enquiries were prompted by other motives than the wish to improve his book.

While the main subject of Mr. Stodart's review is the "corrected" List of Scottish Members of Parliament, the paper closes with a few remarks bearing on the 'Peerage' volume for 1882; and it is one of these criticisms that has roused Mr. Foster to a warmth of language regarding Mr. Stodart, myself, and a Peer whose genealogy he had called in question, to which it would be difficult to find a parallel except in Land League oratory.

Intemperate language, however, is so well understood to be suggestive of a bad and not a good cause, that Mr. Foster's diatribe would not have moved me to break silence, but for certain serious mis-statements of fact contained in it regarding matters which (to say the least) *ought* to have been within his knowledge. To explain the nature of these mis-statements a little preliminary narrative is necessary.

Sir Dudley Marjoribanks, Bart., was raised to the peerage on 12th October, 1881, as Baron Tweedmouth. Though the descent of his family from Thomas Marjoribanks of Ratho, a Lord of Session and Clerk Register in the reign of Queen Mary, and the representative of the family of Marjoribanks of that ilk in Dumfriesshire, was well-known, and the family genealogy had been at various times a good deal investigated, it so happened that no detailed pedigree of the Marjoribanks Baronets had ever appeared in Burke's 'Peerage and Baronetage.' This omission was supplied in the issue of 1882 by the insertion of Lord Tweedmouth's pedigree, nearly in the form and words in which, after the usual careful investigation,¹ it had been recorded

¹ It is, perhaps, hardly necessary for me to explain that a recorded or authenticated pedigree, when it contains matter not necessarily within the knowledge of living members of the family, must at every step be supported by the most stringent and satisfactory proof. Many pedigrees are refused a place in the Register of Genealogies, or are recorded with the earlier generations topped off, though there are strong probable reasons for believing them to be *in toto* correct. The strict examination which pedigrees presented for registration have to undergo in the absence of a contradictory

in the Lyon Register of Genealogies in 1868, but with one or two collaterals added who are not in the recorded pedigree, and a misprint or original clerical error in the christian name of the ancestor of the line of Balbairdie, whose name does not occur at all in the registered pedigree.

Foster's 'Peerage' has the advantage of appearing a few weeks later than Burke's: and its author, burning with zeal without knowledge for the demolition of sham pedigrees, hastily set down the descent in question as one of those genealogical fabrications which it was his mission to expose; and, after getting a few searches made in the Scottish Commissary Records, he denounced the first three steps of the pedigree given by "some authorities" as unreal and impossible. The pedigree in Burke, following the officially recorded pedigree, stated that Joseph Marjoribanks, merchant in Edinburgh (whom Mr. Foster admitted to be Lord Tweedmouth's ancestor), was second son of James Marjoribanks, a younger son of the above-named Lord of Session and Clerk Register. Mr. Foster's contention was, that, although the Lord of Session had a son James, alive in 1576-7, yet, in respect that a James Marjoribanks (who avowedly could not be the same, inasmuch as the confirmation of his will shews him to have died in 1569) had no son Joseph, therefore Joseph could not have been the son of James Marjoribanks, the Clerk Register's son.²

The *non sequitur* in this argument (if argument it can be called) requires no comment. Mr. Foster, then only beginning that investigation of the Marjoribanks pedigree which seems as

is such as to make an error, particularly in an important or essential point, extremely unlikely. There have, of late years at least, been far more reflections made against the Lyon Office for over-strictness than for over-laxity. Infallibility is claimed by the Roman Pontiff only.

² The following are the *ipsissima verba*, quoted at length in order to shew that I do not misinterpret Mr. Foster's argument. It may be remarked in passing that the Symon here mentioned does not occur in the recorded pedigree, though he appears in Burke's 'Peerage':—

"Lord Tweedmouth, according to some authorities, claims to be descended from Thomas Marjoribanks, who was a Lord of Session 1549, with title of Lord Ratho, &c., &c., through his son James, who died in 1581, leaving two sons, Symon and Joseph, of Edinburgh, merchants. In the account referred to there is not even *prima facie* evidence to favour these meagre statements, and it is extremely dubious whether they can be substantiated; at any rate, it is believed that the following notes will go far to shew that a counter-descent can easily be constructed from the wills of individuals named.

"Margaret, daughter of the deceased Thomas Marjoribanks of Ratho, made her will 30 July, 1573, appointed her brother James an executor, but he renounced on or about 21 Feb., 1576-7.

"James Marjoribanks, burgess of Edinburgh, made his will and inventory 8 April, 1569 (and died that month), confirmed 2 Feb. 1581; mentions, *inter alios* son Symon and brother Symon, but no Joseph is named.

"As it is needless to point out that James Marjoribanks who died 1569 (not in 1581 as stated) would be unable to renounce in 1577, so it is almost superfluous to add that, as no son Joseph is named by James in 1569, Lord Tweedmouth's claim to descend, as alleged, from the Lord of Session must be considered to be unsustainable."

yet to be his sole achievement in Scottish genealogy, was unaware of the existence of an entry in the Edinburgh burgh records of the admission of Joseph Marjoribanks, "second son of unquibile (the late) James Marjoribanks" as burgess and guild brother, the subsequent discovery of which, joined to his previous knowledge that the James who was *not* the Clerk Register's son had no son Joseph, must have slightly shaken his conviction of the impossibility of Joseph being the son of the James who was the Clerk Register's son. We, in fact, find two contemporary merchant burgesses of Edinburgh named James Marjoribanks, unquestionably related to one another, and one of them son of the Lord of Session and Clerk Register, figuring largely in documents and records of the period; and, in the light of a very much larger range of evidence than Mr. Foster has printed, it may not always be easy to determine which James a given document alludes to. This identity of name forms a difficulty in the way of tracing some ramifications of the Marjoribanks family; but the difficulty does not extend to Lord Tweedmouth's branch, for this reason among others, that while the burghal records shew that Lord Tweedmouth's ancestor was second son of one of the two Jameses, this cannot have been the James whose will proves him to have had no son Joseph, and must therefore be the other, the Clerk Register's son.

Mr. Foster, however, though sensible of the flaw in his objection as originally put, does not abandon it, but endeavours to prop it up by a new hypothesis suggested by an entry in the Edinburgh Guild Register in 1563 of a third James, son of Simon Marjoribanks, on whom he prefers to fix the paternity of Joseph. This third James, however, seems to have died soon after his burgess admission; and the will of his father Simon makes no mention either of him or of his son Joseph.³ Yet Mr. Foster avers, not, he it remembered, that the identity of Lord Tweedmouth's ancestor James, with James, son of the Clerk Register, is insufficiently proved, but that their identity is "capable of disproof absolute." Such disproof he at least has not furnished.

A word about Mr. Foster's new objections to the recorded pedigree. In his 'Peerage' he admitted, conformably to that pedigree, that Edward Marjoribanks of Hallyards who married Agnes Murray in 1685 was father of Edward Marjoribanks of Hallyards who married Janet Loch in 1710. His contention now is that the two Edwards were one, who was twice married. He has a sensational paragraph headed "Disproof of the existence of Edward Marjoribanks the younger," under which he insists that

³ Mr. Foster may possibly have another hypothesis ready that some unknown Simon and not the Simon whose will was confirmed in 1583 was father of this third James. If so, would not the natural inference be, that James son of Simon, was the James who died in 1569, and had a son Simon, but *no son Joseph*.

The Clerk Register's son James was re-married, not as Mr. Foster asserts (p. 66) after 1581, but in 1578; and his name no doubt "turns up in the following century" in a burgh sasine, but not as alive at its date.

the so-called error is connected with, and greatly aggravated by, the specification of 1688 in the official pedigree as the year of the younger Edward's birth. "This date," he says, "is a fabrication pure and simple," and "now admitted by the Lyon Clerk Depute to be so." The reader who has followed me thus far will perhaps not be greatly surprised to learn that this date of 1688 has been added by Mr. Foster at his own hand to what he calls "Pedigree No. 2." It occurs in no pedigree in the Lyon Office, registered or unregistered, and in no printed account of the family, except Mr. Foster's. If Mr. Foster is right in calling it a "fabrication, pure and simple," this can only be so in the sense of its being a fabrication of his own.⁴ Putting out of view this "fabricated" date, the so-called "Disproof of the existence of Edward Marjoribanks the younger," will be found to rest first on the absence of any register of Edward's baptism, a sort of negative evidence to which persons conversant with Scottish parish registers will not attach much value, and secondly on a suggestion of motive. "Was it," Mr. Foster asks, "because the second marriage took place only a few months after the first wife's death that Lyon evidently shrank from perpetuating what seemed to him a family scandal?" Most people will smile at the idea of a second marriage of an ancestor who lived two hundred years ago within a short period of his first wife's death being so serious a blot on the family escutcheon that it had to be concealed or suppressed. On the other hand, it is just possible that some persons may look on the short interval in question as raising a presumption in a matter regarding which Mr. Foster can produce no positive evidence, that the two ladies were not wives of the same Edward. Had the Lyon Office pedigree adopted the alternative of one Edward with two wives, is there no reason to suspect that Mr. Foster would have split this one Edward into two?

Mr. Foster in like manner, if I understand him aright, suggests that the wife of the first Edward was not really Agnes Murray but Jean Murray, as her name was thus entered twice over in connexion with her interment in the Greyfriars Churchyard. It happens, however, that if buried (or even twice buried) as Jean, she was three times brought to bed as Agnes; and, had the recorded pedigree called her Jean, Lyon might perhaps, with more apparent reason, have been taken to task for not calling her Agnes.

I have perhaps said more than enough about the objections to

⁴The protoplasm out of which the date 1688 seems to have been evolved is a letter by Mr. Stodart in answer to one by Mr. Foster, expressing an opinion that 1688 might very probably be the date of the younger Edward's birth. It surely exceeds the licence usually accorded to "special pleading" to convert a private expression of opinion of an officer of the Lyon Court into an official declaration by Lyon, and to interpolate it in a tabular pedigree alleged to be official.

the officially recorded pedigree, which I would have altogether abstained from noticing, had they stood alone; it is graver matter that has induced me to appear in print. I have already said that one and only one Marjoribanks pedigree is recorded in the Lyon Register. Mr. Foster prints three separate pedigrees, which he designates Nos. 1, 2, and 3; and he deliberately asserts that all three are recorded or officially authenticated in the Lyon Register, and No. 3 at a later date than No. 1. In point of fact No. 1 is the sole officially authenticated pedigree. No. 2 is the pedigree in Burke's 'Peerage,' in which the clerical slip or misprint in the name of the Balbairdie ancestor is made the most of as an accusation against the Lyon Office, and the already mentioned "fabricated" date of 1688 introduced. No. 3 is a portion of a private manuscript of older date than Sir Dudley Marjoribank's (Lord Tweedmouth) application to have his pedigree recorded. It may be described as an attempt from a limited amount of material to construct a conjectural pedigree of the different branches of the Marjoribanks family. Those portions of it which Mr. Foster has printed, and to a far greater extent those portions which he has omitted, contain much matter avowedly hypothetical. About its authorship, or its merits or demerits, I need here say nothing. Though, "in the Lyon Office," in the sense that multitudes of pedigrees printed and written are in the Lyon Office, it has no official character, is not authenticated or recorded; and could not have been recorded, as much of it purports to consist, not of statements capable of strict proof, but of guesses more or less probable. By Mr. Foster's own account, it became known to him only through some notes from it communicated to him by a member of the elder (Balbairdie) line of the Marjoribanks family, who had been allowed to copy it in whole or in part, and whose courtesy Mr. Foster has requited by making his pedigree the subject of a separate and distinct public attack. That Mr. Foster, on first getting Mr. Marjoribanks' notes, jumped to the conclusion that they were taken from an official Lyon Office pedigree, is conceivable enough; but it is months since he was undeceived by Mr. Stodart, who distinctly and pointedly explained to him the true state of the case, and, when furnishing him with an authentic copy of the only proved and registered pedigree, informed him that the original of his "No. 3" belonged to a class of private and unrecorded documents, to which it was discretionary with Lyon to grant or refuse access. Making every allowance for mere obtuseness of comprehension, it is impossible to exonerate Mr. Foster from the charge of reckless assertion, when, after what was told him at the Lyon Office, he prints his No. 3 as an officially authenticated pedigree, "taken from the Lord Lyon's account in the Lyon Office, Edinburgh," and makes it the ground of a wholesale impeachment of the Lyon Office, and a proposal that Lyon and Ulster (whose

complicity remains unexplained) should be abolished, and their duties transferred to the English College of Arms.⁵

I wish it then to be distinctly understood that the *gravamen* of my complaint against Mr. Foster is, not that he has endeavoured to discredit a proved and recorded pedigree, but that he has set up two other documents as proved and recorded pedigrees which he knew not to be such, in order to discredit the Lyon Office by pulling them to pieces.

Mr. Foster's boast that he is "more conversant with Scottish genealogy . . . than the present authorities of the Lyon Office" makes it interesting to glance over his opinion regarding the existing sources of information on Scottish genealogy and topography as expressed in the preface to his "List of Members of Parliament." He assigns the highest place among trustworthy

⁵ The only interest which as Lyon King of Arms I can be supposed to have in supporting the Balbairdie pedigree against the exceptions taken to it, is connected with an entry for which I am considered answerable in the Lyon Register of date 1672, to the effect that Thomas Marjoribanks of Balbairdie was then "representative of Marjoribanks of that Ilk." Thomas Marjoribanks, grandson of the Clerk Register, had admittedly inherited the estate of Ratho and representation of the family on his grandfather's death: and in 1639, only thirty-three years before the entry in question, and probably at even a later date, a grandson of this Thomas was head of the house. Now, without entering on the question what amount of official responsibility attaches to me for the acts of my predecessors during the last two centuries, I would remark that of all these predecessors there is none whose genealogical acquirements and official scrupulousness stand so high as Sir Charles Erskine of Canbo, Lyon in the reign of Charles II. It was through means of a statute framed by him that registration of arms both by the heads of houses and by cadets was placed on a proper footing, a sort of visitation of arms being instituted, from the record of which the assertion said to be "disproved" is taken. Brief as are the notices of descent and representation in this record, I have hardly found one among multitudes which I have tested to which, in the light of the minutest criticism, it would be possible to except. It would therefore take a large amount of evidence to shake my belief that Thomas Marjoribanks of Balbairdie was in 1672 representative of Marjoribanks of the Ilk. The death of the admitted representative, the grandson of the second Thomas of Ratho, was quite recent; the relationship was necessarily near, and the parties were in a public position.

Both officially and unofficially I therefore contend that Thomas Marjoribanks of Balbairdie was in 1672 representative of Marjoribanks of that Ilk. He was admittedly son of John of Balbairdie: but who was John of Balbairdie? The tentative pedigree puts him down as probably brother of the second Thomas of Ratho, but this statement is carefully guarded by a remark that the evidence of his being so is inferential and not direct. Mr. Foster adduces evidence that Thomas the second of Ratho was a posthumous child, and argues that inasmuch as no posthumous child could have a younger brother, he has triumphantly demolished the official avowment that Balbairdie has become representative of Marjoribanks of that Ilk. Has Mr. Foster, it may be asked in passing, ever heard of such a phenomenon as twins! If so, is it not going a little too far to call a younger twin brother "an anomaly in nature, produced by a process of which the less said the better."

Balbairdie's chieftainship of his family is however by no means bound up with the hypothesis of a twin birth. Various dates and documents, of which the compiler of the tentative pedigree was evidently not in possession, strongly suggest the simpler explanation that John Marjoribanks of Balbairdie was brother of the Thomas of Ratho who was alive in 1639, and that Thomas of Balbairdie inherited the family representation as successor to his uncle. But the use which has been made of a certain date suggested in a letter of the Lyon Clerk Depute renders it here incumbent on me to add that, however probable this hypothesis may seem, I am not answerable for it as an official utterance.

authorities to "Wood's Peerage by Douglas." If the book meant be Douglas' Peerage edited by Wood, this is an opinion in which few people in Scotland who have made genealogy a study will quite coincide. Still less will Scottish genealogists agree with his remarks regarding a class of works, of which, in their bearing on Scottish local and general history and genealogy, it is, according to their universal opinion, impossible to exaggerate the value. "Those great Club Societies," he says, "the Roxburgh, the Bannatyne, and the Maitland, who might have edited and printed so much valuable material, have practically missed their mark by catering for the powerful few instead of the majority of the nation."⁶ The only possible meaning of these words is that the books in question were printed for the subscribers only instead of the general public, a charge to which Mr. Foster's "Collectanea" is equally amenable. It is truly a novelty to find a writer who calls himself an expert in Scottish genealogy, disparaging a series of books, whose appearance constituted nothing less than an era to the Scottish historian, antiquary, and genealogist. "Missed their mark!" Why, where would the Scottish genealogist now be without the aid of the chartularies of the bishoprics and monasteries, and the large mass of documents, many of them of the highest interest, illustrative of the history of our leading families, which were formerly inaccessible to the ordinary student; not to speak of a wealth of contemporary chronicles, and the admirably digested repertory of topographical and genealogical information regarding the dioceses of Argyle, the Isles, Ross, Caithness, and Glasgow, which constitute the three volumes entitled "Origines Parochiales Scotiae." Notwithstanding all that has been done, and well done, by the Surtees, Chetham, Camden, and other societies, Englishmen have not yet accomplished for England, considering its wealth in money and materials, all that has been done for Scotland by the Bannatyne, Maitland, Spalding, and Abbotsford Clubs. If Mr. Foster believes that the great record scholars who edited these club books would have better expended their energies in work similar to his "Collectanea," he is entitled to his opinion; but he will find few to agree with him that the result would have been "a joy for ever."

From the general censure dealt out to all works bearing on Scottish genealogy except "Wood's Peerage by Douglas," Mr. Foster is pleased to exempt "the record publications now in

⁶ Had Mr. Foster had more than a hearsay acquaintance with the class of books alluded to, he would have coupled the Abbotsford and Spalding Clubs with the Bannatyne and Maitland, and excluded from his enumeration the Roxburgh, which was more an English than a Scottish club: its object being, not the illustration of Scottish history and antiquities, but the printing of literary rarities, and its sole connection with Scotland the circumstance that it sprang out of the enthusiasm excited in a few book fan-ciers by the Duke of Roxburgh's sale in 1812.

progress, *e.g.*, the Great Seal Register, the Privy Council Register, and the Exchequer Rolls"; but, it is added, "as these principally refer to the fifteenth century, they can only throw light on a small portion of the period embraced in this work." The mild praise here accorded to the five volumes of the "Exchequer Rolls," gratifying as it is to their editor as a set off against the hard things said of him in another capacity, would perhaps have been more highly prized had Mr. Foster shewn more acquaintance with the "Privy Council Register," an inspection even of the cover or title-page of which would have informed him that the four volumes of that series do not deal with the fifteenth century at all, but are exclusively concerned with the second half of the sixteenth. Of the works of the Bugh Records Society, which fill up one portion of the ground which he asserts to be unbroken, Mr. Foster seems to have never heard.

If I am unfortunate enough to be unable to concur with Mr. Foster's estimate of himself as an authority on Scottish genealogy, I must add that I have no wish to discourage his undertakings generally, and least of all his "Peerage." His competition with Sir Bernard Burke has had the wholesome result of stirring up Ulster King of Arms to improve very greatly his annual publication, which, if susceptible of still further improvement, must be allowed to be as yet the best work of its kind. And, if he seriously aspires to entering on the field of Scottish genealogy, I would advise him to begin at the right end, by a careful perusal of such standard authorities on Scottish history as will preserve him from being misled by stories like the Battle of Seon, and by the acquisition of such a knowledge of feudal law as will enable him to distinguish between a general and a special service, and of such a rudimentary acquaintance with the proper sources of information as is to be picked up from that useful handbook, the late Mr. Cosmo Innes' 'Scottish Legal Antiquities.' Thence he might advance to the study of Rodger's 'Feudal Forms,' Riddell's 'Peerage and Consistorial Law,' and the disparaged Club books: and let him at the same time add to his library Chalmers' 'Caledonia,' and not only the new, but the old series of record publications. And I cannot forbear further counselling him, if he hopes for success, to be more courteous, and to direct his attention to building up as well as to pulling down. Had half the labour which has been expended on his unsuccessful crusade against Lord Tweedmouth's pedigree been devoted to correcting the shortcomings, supplementing the defects, and pruning the exuberances of his 'Peerage,' that book would have had a chance of being greatly better and more trustworthy than it is.

¹ The intended co-operation of Sir Bernard Burke's son, lately appointed a member of the English College of Arms, seems to give fair promise of a yet nearer approach in the future to the ideal perfection at which such a year-book should aim.

PEDIGREE OF THE FAMILY OF GREVIS OF MOSELEY HALL, IN THE PARISH
OF KINGSNORTON, CO. WORCESTER.*

Compiled by EVERARD GREEN, F.S.A.

ARMS.—*Argent, on a fess Azure between three pellets each charged with a lion's head crested Or, a griffin passant between two escallop-shells of the last.*

CREST.—*A squirrel sejant bendy sinister of four. Argent and Sable, holding between his paws an escallop-shell Or. Grant from Garter*

Richard Grevis of Moseley in parish of Kings Norton, co. Worcester = Anne, sister of Richard Green of Wykin, co. Warwick. Gentleman, buried at Kingsnorton (S. Nicholas) 20 Jan. 1600-1 | Extrix. 1600-1, bur. at Kingsnorton 22 April, 1602. M.I. (died 15 Jan.). M.I. Will d. 10 Dec. 1600, p. P.C.C. 5 Feb. 1600-1 | ARMS.—*Vert, three bucks trippant, a bordure, Or.* (12 Woodhall).

<p>Sir Richard Grevis of Moseley, = Anne, da. of Thomas Leighton of Knight, J.P. co. Worcester, and Watesborough, co. Salop, Esquire, D.L. to Charles I "in His Princ- by Elizabeth, da. of Sir William palice of Wales." Knighted 1604, Genral. Lord Chancellor of Ireland. bur. at Kingsnorton 31 July 1632. Extrix. 1632. Bur. at Kings Norton M.I. Will d. 29 June and p.P.C.C. 7 Feb. 1653, M.I. 2 Nov. 1652 (111 Andley). <i>Vide</i> ARMS. <i>Quarterly per fesse in- Nash's 'Worcestershire,' vol. i, p. dented Or and Gules (Leighton). 156-166, and Pattinton MSS., vol. Motto. "Dread steame."</i></p>	<p>Thomas Isabella, Grevis of wife to Moseley, Roger 2 son, and King. unmarried 1634. </p>	<p>Dorothy, wife to Richard Parkes of Wednesbury, co. Stafford (<i>Vide</i> Har- MSS. 1173 f. 123, 1439 f. 40).</p>
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* Much in this pedigree is due to the kindness of Arthur Larken, Esquire, *Portcullis*; Farnham Burke, Esquire, *Rouge-Croix*; Walter Metcalfe, Esquire, F.S.A.; Mrs. Thomas Charlton of Wrotham; and Mrs. Charles Martin Green.

A

Richard Grevis, bap. at Kings Norton 7 Feb. 1607, bur. there 1 May, 1617, aged 9. M.I.

Thomas Grevis of Moseley, Esqre, 2 son, bap. at Kings Norton 3 Feb. 1610-11. Entered and signed pedigree in Herald's Visitation of Worcester 1634. Exor. of his father with his mother 1632. Died aged 64 and buried at Kings Norton 2 Feb. 1675-6.

Edward Grevis, 3 son, died exiles, bur. at Kings Norton 19 July 1646.

Anne Grevis, bap. at Kings Norton 13 July 1631. Godparents, Mr. Ward-End, Thomas Grevis, Ann Lady Grevis, and Mrs. Owen, widow.

Elizabeth Grevis bar. at Kings Norton 10 Nov. 1633. Godparents, Edward Owen, Esqre, Anne, Lady Grevis, and Mary wife of William Jones, Esqre. Died unmarried.

Colonel Richard Grevis of Moseley. Esqre, 4 son, J.P. co. Worcester, 1656. Died aged about 55 in 1671. Astron. printed P.C.C. 27 Nov. 1674 (Had hands in Solihull, co. Warwick).

Elizabeth, eldest da., bap. at Kings Norton 7 Oct. 1604, died unm. Leighton Grevis, 2 dau. bap. 24 Jan. 1605-6, and bur. 8 March, 1605-6.

Muriel Grevis, 3 da. bap. at Kings Norton 23 Feb 1606, a legatee 1632.

Mary Grevis, youngest da., bap. at Kings Norton 5 Ap. 1612, a legatee 1632.

Robert Owen of Woodhouse, Esqre, aged 33 in 1665.

Richard Owen, 2 son, bap. 19 Aug. 1630 at Kings Norton. Sponsors, Nath. Owen, Esqre, Thos. Grevis, Gent., Anne Lady Grevis.

Edward Owen, 3 son. Samuel Owen, 4 son.

Nathaniel Owen 5 son.

Mary, eldest da., wife to John Thomas of Shrewsbury Gent.

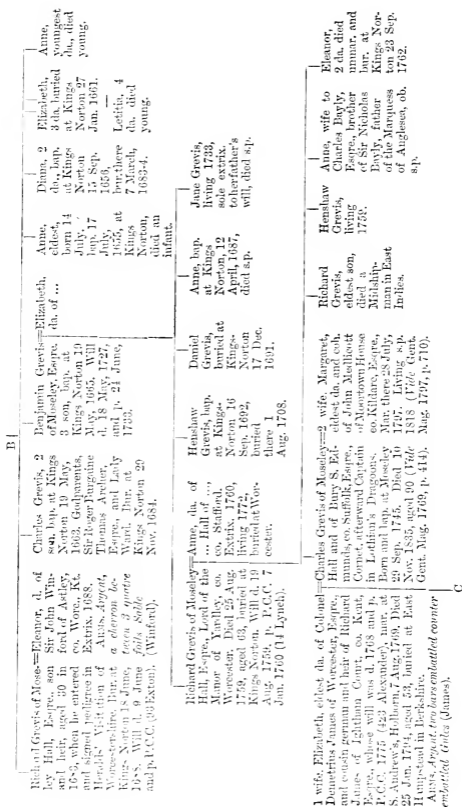
Elizabeth, 3 da., bap. at Moseley 1 Oct. 1631. Feb. 1633.

Alexs. Argent, *acharvon Erwinco batucco* *herous Sable*.

Alexs. Argent, *a lion rampant and a canton Sable* (Owen).

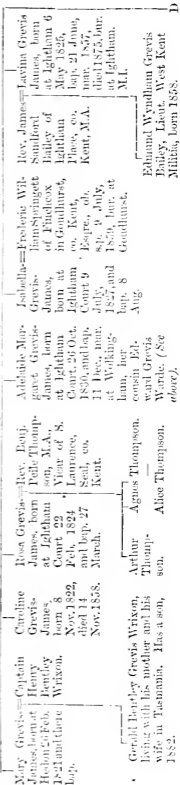
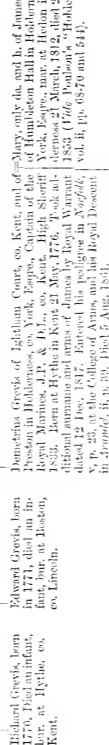
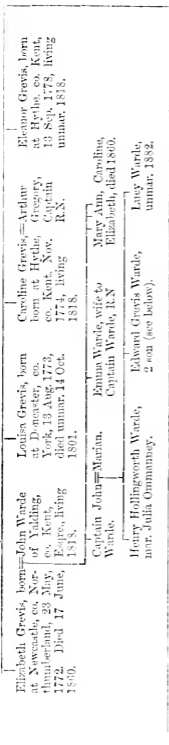
Alexs. 1 and 4, *Argent, a lion rampant Vert, on the shoulder 5 gules de sauy* (Jones); 2 and 3, *trales, a bend Or* (Jones).

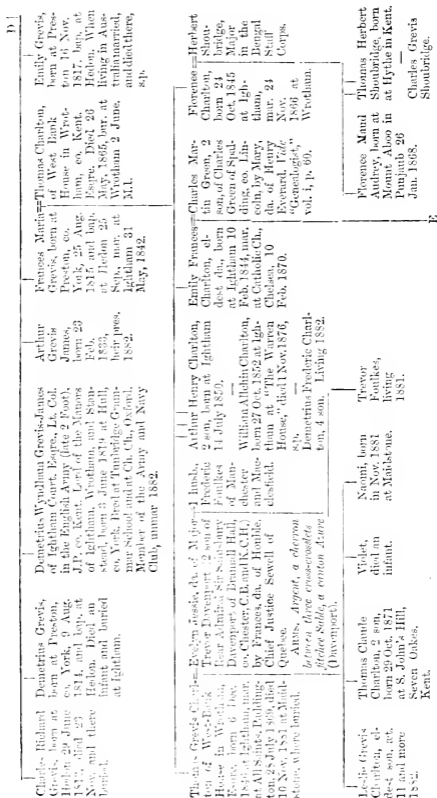
B



Anns. *Argant*, two bars embattled counter
embattled Gules (James).

C I





E |

Charles Valentine Joseph Green, eldest surviving son, born at Richmond-on-Thames-14 Aug. and bap. 18 Aug. 1874 at S. Elizabeth's in the Vineyard, Richmond. Godmother, Miss Martha Marchant.

Lancelot Francis Joseph Green, 2 surv. son, born at Richmond-on-Thames 15 March, 1876, and bap. at S. Elizabeth's in the Vineyard. Godparents, Miss Helen Marchant and his uncle Everard Green.

Dorothy Margaret Teresa Mary Green, eldest, surviving da., born at Newcastle, co. Northumberland, 22 July, 1877, and bap. there at S. Andrew's (Catholic) Church. Godparents, Francis Charlton of Hesleydale, Esqre., and Mrs. Edward Charlton, widow (*née* Margaret Bellasis).

Everard Grevis Joseph Green, 3 surv. son born at South Gosforth, co. Northumberland, 19 Sep. 1879, and bap. at S. Charles' Chapel, Copley, Godparents, Oswald Charlton (son of late Edward Charlton, Esqre., M.D.) and Miss Angela Mary Grafton.

Debonnaire Richard Joseph Green, 4 surv. son, born at South Gosforth 5 Sep. 1881. Bap. at S. Charles' Chapel, Copley, 12 Sep. Godparents, Oswald Charlton (son of late Edward Charlton, Esqre., M.D.) and Miss Angela Mary Grafton.

Charlotte Frances Mary Green, eldest da. born at Richmond-on-Thames 8 Dec. 1870 and bap. there 13 Dec. at S. Elizabeth's in the Vineyard. Godparents, the Honble. Mrs. Donaldson, da. of Lord Gormanston, and her uncle Everard Green. Died at same 20 Sep. and bur. 3 Oct. 1871 at S. Mary Magdalene's (Catholic) Church, Mortlake, M.I. (Genealogist, vol. i, p. 325).

Margaret Angela Teresa Mary Green, 2 da., born at Richmond-on-Thames 12 Feb. and bap. there at S. Elizabeth's in the Vineyard 23 Feb. 1872. Godparents, Mrs. Madell Crook, and her uncle Everard Green. Died at same 26 Oct. and bur. at Mortlake 28 Oct. 1874. M.I.

Richard Francis Everard Joseph Green, eldest son, born at Richmond-on-Thames on Sunday, 25 May, and bap. there 29 May, 1873, at S. Elizabeth's in the Vineyard. Godparents, Henry Murray Lane, Esqre., *Chester Harold*, and Mrs. Henry Murray Lane (*née* Wyckham-Martin). Died at same 27 Oct. and bur. 28 Oct. 1874, with his sister Margaret Angela Teresa Mary Green at Mortlake, M.I.

NOTICE OF A RECENT CASE IN THE COURT OF SESSION,
SCOTLAND, AS TO THE SURNAME AND ARMS OF
HUNTER OF HUNTERSTON.

In France, Republican and Democratic as she is, not a year passes in which the Courts of Law are not called upon to decide several disputes as to the right to names or arms or both.

In Scotland on the other hand where we live under a hereditary monarchy, have a numerous aristocracy most of whose chiefs hold their lands under strict entail, and where interest in family history is widely felt, such cases are rare. Since the contest in 1849 between the heir-general Mr. Smith-Cuninghame of Caprington and the heir male Sir Robert Keith Dick-Cunyngham of Prestonfield, Bart., for the supporters granted in 1771 to Sir Alexander Dick, which is reported in Seton's *Law and Practice of Heraldry in Scotland*, it does not appear the Court of Session has been called upon to intervene in a family difference, turning on such a point till 7 June last year when the case of Hunter v. Hunter-Weston came before the Lord Ordinary.

The clauses in Scotch entails which make the assumption of the surname and arms of the entailer obligatory, vary much in wording and in stringency. They seem to be divisible into three classes.

First, those which oblige the heir in possession and the husband of any female heir who shall succeed to assume the surname and arms only. Instances are the entail of Lord Gray 1796, Melver Campbell of Asknish 1797, Guthrie of the Mount, 1848, Bontine of Ardoch 1757, and Ross of Cromarty 1783.

Second, those which bind the heirs to assume the surname and arms, but expressly allow another name and another coat to be borne along with them. These are the terms of entails of Macmillan of Shorthope 1830, Murray of Pennyland 1784, Mackenzie of Newhall 1805.

The entail executed by the Earl of Haddington 1851, in consideration of the position of his next heir Mr. Baillie then in possession of the entailed estate of Jerviswood, provides that the heir succeeding shall bear the surname of Hamilton, and the arms, designation and cognizance of the house and family of Haddington "in the chief place."

The entail of the Douglas estates executed in 1862 by the late Countess of Home goes a step beyond this even; it provides that if the heir in possession shall succeed to the Earldom and estates of Home he "shall along with the arms and name of Douglas of Douglas and others above mentioned use and retain the surname, arms, and designation of Home in chief" as "his own proper name, arms, and designation."

Third, entails such as that executed in 1810 by Robert Caldwell Hunter of Hunterston, with consent of his wife Mrs. Eleonora Hunter, in which a clause binds the whole heirs succeeding and the husbands of all female heirs succeeding "to use, bear, and constantly retain the surname of Hunter and coat armorial of the family of Hunterstonn."

Entails with this limitation are very common, as Gartshore of Gartshore 1694, Malcolm of Grange, Balbeadie, Lochore, &c. 1724-5, Grahame of

Morphie 1743. The heirs have frequently in the exercise of a discretion evidently left to them and which has only now been challenged in the case under consideration, postponed the surname and arms conveyed by the deed of entail to those they bore when the succession opened to them. It would be very easy to multiply precedents but one will suffice as it is recent, includes, if the sporting phrase is permissible, "a double event," and was afforded by the procedure of a well-known gentleman of high position. The late Sir Alexander Maitland, Bart., M.P. for Midlothian, inherited through his mother, the heiress of a cadet branch of the family of Gibson of Durie, the entailed estates of Cliftonhall and Kersie. By the terms of the deed executed in 1786 he was bound "to use and bear the surname and arms of Gibson of Cliftonhall." Justly proud of paternal descent from a historical house of which William Mautelent lived at the end of the twelfth century, which gave birth to William Maitland of Lethington the statesman of the troubled time of Queen Mary's reign, to a long line of Earls, and which attained ducal rank in 1672, Sir Alexander although possessed of no paternal estate called himself Gibson-Maitland and placed his own arms in the first quarter.

In 1865, on the death of his cousin german Charles William Ramsay Ramsay, he became possessed of the extensive estates of Barnton, Gogar, Sauchie, Bannockburn, &c., under an entail dated 25 Dec., 1807, containing a clause binding the heirs who shall succeed "to use, bear, and constantly retain the surname of Ramsay and the coat armorial and designation of Ramsay of Barnton."

Sir Alexander still kept his own surname as the principal one, becoming Ramsay-Gibson-Maitland, and with the sanction of the Lyon King of Arms marshalled his arms thus:—First and fourth, Maitland; second, Gibson; third, Ramsay; with the crest and motto of Maitland only.

Having cleared the ground so far and shewn the practice, we now come to the case in which an ill-advised attempt to reverse this practice has so signally failed.

The family of Hunter of Hunterston is one of the oldest in the West of Scotland; they may descend from Willelmus Venator, who, in or about 1116, witnessed an inquisition as to the possessions of the See of Glasgow, but of this there is no proof. On the 28 August 1296 at Berwick-on-Tweed Aylmere le Huntere did homage to Edward I, and appended his seal (would it were still in existence) to the same deed as Blair, Fairlie, More, Dunlop, Crauford, Boyle, Blair, Wallace, and others, all members of well-known Ayrshire families, his neighbours.

William Hunter in 1374 had a crown charter of the lands of Ardule, afterwards known as Ardele-Hunter, and latterly as Hunterston, situated in the parish of West Kilbride in Ayrshire.

The lands and charter, which latter is reproduced in *facsimile* in Paterson's *History of Ayr and Wigton*, are both in the possession of Mrs. Hunter-Weston, who is heir of line of the grantee. The estates of the family, although never erected into a free barony, hold direct of the crown; its successive representatives have always maintained a leading position in the district, and held the hereditary offices of keeper of the Forest of Little Cumber and *Profectus venitorum regionum* in Cuninghame.

They intermarried with Ker of Kersland, Lord Cathcart, Montgomery

of Giffen, Hamilton of Torrance, Craufurd of Anchenames, &c., and subsisted in the direct male line till the death in 1616 of Robert Hunter of Hunterston. This gentleman in 1611 executed a resignation of his estates, reserving his life rent, in favour of Patrick Hunter, son of William Hunter in Beneberrie Yairds, who had married his eldest niece Jean Cuninghame. The estate thus remained in possession of a Hunter, but Patrick's exact line of descent is unknown.

A second break in the male line took place in 1796 on the death of Robert Hunter of Hunterston. His only child, who married, was Eleonora Hunter of Hunterston; her husband Robert Caldwell assumed the surname of Hunter in addition to and after his paternal name, and executed the entail still subsisting. Their son, Robert Hunter of Hunterston, died on 14th March, 1880, when for the third time the succession passed to an heir general. His younger daughter is wife of Robert William Cochran-Patrick of Woodside and Ladyland, M.P. for North Ayrshire; the elder, Jane, who succeeded to Hunterston, married in 1863 Lieutenant-Colonel Gould Read Weston, a younger son of the family of Weston of Lane House, co. Dorset, and descended in the direct male line from that "notable and singular man" Robert Weston of Weeford Co. Stafford, Lord Chancellor of Ireland in the reign of Elizabeth, whose noble living and godly dying are recorded by his contemporary Holinshed, [Chronicles, ed. 1586, ii, 116, 136], who, although but a cadet, could trace paternally through the Westons, seated for generations at Hagley Hall, near Rugeley, to the parent stock at Weston-under-Lizard in Staffordshire, from which he derived both his name and his origin. Lieut.-Colonel Weston followed the course taken by Sir A. Maitland and many others in similar circumstances, prefixed the surname of Hunter to his own name and quartered the Hunterston Arms in the second and third quarters. For this he applied for and obtained the Royal Licence; he registered the quartered arms in the books of the English College of Arms, and Mrs. Hunter-Weston applied for and received the sanction of the Lyon King of Arms to carry the coats of Weston and Hunter quartered in the same way and the supporters allowed to her late father.

It is difficult to see what Lieut.-Colonel Weston could have done besides what he did do to put himself completely *en règle* both in England and in Scotland.

There was, however, one person who felt herself and the family to which she belongs aggrieved. Miss Margaret Hunter, sister of the late lord of Hunterston, is a lady far advanced in life; her two nieces have families so that the chance of her succession under the entail may be set down as next to none. She, however, thought proper to raise an action against Mrs. Hunter-Weston and her husband to have it declared that an irritancy had been incurred and that the defender Mrs. Hunter-Weston had "admitted lost and forfeited her right title and interest to the whole entailed lands in the same manner as if the contravener were naturally dead," because she "does not now use bear and retain the surname of Hunter and coat armorial of the family of Hunterston." As to the arms there is another ground of action stated, viz., that the coat now borne is not that used by the entailer and by the family "for

upwards of two hundred years" and which was matriculated in the Lyon Register in 1810, just before the execution of the entail.

There is *prima facie* a certain amount of truth in the last statement; a change has been made not for the first or second time in the arms of this family, but no change has been made by the defenders, so that upon them no responsibility rests.

The evidence as to the early arms is unfortunately meagre; there are no old seals known, there is no ancient carving in stone on the mansion house or at the family burying ground.

In a herald's collection of the latter part of the reign of James V. is given, Hunter—Argent, three hunting horns Vert stringed Gules, and this there can be no doubt was a very ancient coat of this the principal family of the name.

Other MSS. give various coats for the name, without adding any territorial designations, which probably were the bearings of other families. Robert Porteus who was appointed Snowdon Herald at the Restoration made a very complete collection of Scottish arms which is in the Lyon Office and was spoken of by the late John Riddell in very laudatory terms. It contains Hunter of Hunterston; Or, three blowing horns Vert brandesed Gules; *aliter*, Hunterstone, Vert, three dogs Argent collared Or, on a chief Argent three hunting horns Vert brandesed Gules.

The latter is the coat which, during what may be termed the middle period, would appear to have been used by the Hunterston family, but their representative unfortunately did not obey the Act of Parliament passed in 1672 making a general registration of arms compulsory.

This, however, was not borne in more modern times, for on the monuments erected at West Kilbride to Patrick Hunter of Hunterston who died in 1738, and to Janet Aitchison the wife of his son Robert Hunter in 1794, another is carved, three dog collars and a chief charged with one hunting horn.

That this was not altogether an error or a fancy is proved by the entry made in the Lyon Register, 1685, by John Hunter merchant in Ayr "descended of the family of Hunterston"; Vert, three collars Or, on a chief indented Argent as many bugles of the first stringed and garnished Gules.

In 1810, the entailer as already stated, placed arms on record and the coat fixed on was the one which is given second by Porteus, and which certainly was neither the eldest nor the purest. The blazon is:—Vert, three dogs of chase courant Argent collared Or, on a chief of the second three hunting horns of the first stringed Gules. Crest: A greyhound sejant Argent collared Or. Motto: "Cursum perficio."

In 1865 his son, the late Mr. Hunter, presented an application to the Lord Lyon in which he prayed that the older coat of the family might be ratified to him and his descendants, and for the distinction of supporters on the ground of his representation of an ancient race holding direct of the crown and long also in the enjoyment of the hereditary offices already specified.

This application was favourably received. The arms were blazoned—Or, three hunting horns Vert garnished and stringed Gules; and the supporters are—Two greyhounds proper gorged with antique crowns Or.

No one with any knowledge of heraldry would hesitate in saying that this change was an improvement, that three hunting horns alone are a more distinguished coat than a shield with a chief and six charges. At any rate it was the older coat; it has been restored under the sanction of the best authority; it has been attacked and successfully defended in court of law, and we trust that it may be borne for centuries to come by the descendants of Mrs. Hunter-Weston. There is besides a standing proof that the change met with the approval of the pursuer, as when she erected a monument at West Kilbride to the memory of her sister, Miss Janet Hunter, she placed upon it the arms which have since become so distasteful to her, not as she might very well have done those borne by her father, and till recently by all the family.

The case came before the Lord Ordinary, Lord Adam, and in an interlocutor, 27 June, 1881, he found for the defenders with expenses. His Lordship in a note, remarks that there is no obligation in the entail to "use the surname of Hunter only"; that "the defenders took the proper and appropriate course in order to have it ascertained and determined what arms they ought to use"; that the arms challenged had been sanctioned by "the authorities, duly constituted and empowered to regulate such matters," and had been "used by Mrs. Hunter-Weston's immediate predecessor for fifteen years before she succeeded to the estate"; that the pursuer stated that she did not propose "to take any steps to have that patent (that of 1865) set aside either by reduction or by proceedings before the Court of the Lord Lyon or otherwise"; that the deed of entail could not be held to refer particularly to the arms registered in 1810, but that it "merely ordains the use of the coat armorial of Hunter of Hunterston, whatever that may be."

The Scottish bar can no longer boast of such learned specialists in matters of peerage and heraldic law as John Riddell, James Maidment, Cosmo Innes, and Mark Napier, but with the Dean of Faculty (Kinnear) and Messrs. Mackintosh and Pearson for the pursuer, the Lord Advocate (Balfour), Solicitor-General (Asher), and Mr. J. P. B. Robertson for the defenders, the merits of every point in dispute must have been exhaustively brought out. Miss Hunter unfortunately for herself but perhaps fortunately for the defenders appealed.

The case went before the first division, and on 31 January last the judgment of Lord Adam was unanimously confirmed and additional expenses given. We do call this fortunate, as the weight of authority is now such that no such case can ever be tried again by any sane being.

The Lord President (Ingdis) went fully into the questions in dispute, and Lords Deas, Mure, and Shand each made a few remarks and concurred. The Lord President said as regards the surname that the condition in the entail had been complied with, and therefore as regards the first complaint it seemed to him "to be entirely unfounded."

With regard to the arms his lordship could not see how any judgment the Court could pronounce on the question of whether those of 1810 or those of 1865 were the proper coat of the family, could have the slightest degree of effect without a reduction of the proceedings taken in the latter year. That Lyon was the proper officer to determine what was the proper coat of arms of any man who was entitled to wear arms, and by his judgment and authority every one who uses armorial bearings in this

country was bound, and that that judgment was not subject to the review of this court.

It would be a very strange thing if they were to pronounce a judgment in effect directing the heir of entail to use another coat of arms than that used by her father since 1865, which would subject her to the penalties mentioned in the Act of 1672, as a condition of her being allowed to take possession of the estate.

The Court must assume that the true coat was that sanctioned in 1865, that to quarter this with the arms of Weston was not a contravention of the condition in the deed of entail.

His lordship was clearly of opinion that Lieut.-Colonel and Mrs. Hunter-Weston could not do anything but what they did, and that they had done quite rightly. Lyon and Garter agreed, and it would be rather a remarkable thing if the pursuer was right in her contention that they were in the wrong upon a simple matter coming under their authority.

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INSCRIPTION ON FLAT STONE IN PARISH CHURCH OF PAINSWICK, GLOUCESTERSHIRE.

"To the memory | of the following persons : | Geo. Newland, of the city of | Bristol, Merch^t, died 28 April, 1721. | Elizth, his wife, daughter of Edw^d | Tocknell, of Bristol, Merch^t, died | the 15th April, 1756, aged 80 years. | W^m Marshall, Gent^l, died 23 May, | 1736, aged 80. Mary, his wife, died | 21 Sep^r, 1740, aged 45. | Elizth Newland, grand-daughter | to the above, died 29 Feb., 1744, | aged 3 years. | Edw^d Newland, Cornet of Horse, | died 29 May, 1773, aged 55, | and is buried in London. | Geo. Newland, Gent^l, died 8 Nov^r, | 1782, aged 79. | Mary Ann, his wife, daughter to | W^m and Mary Marshall, died | 4 January, 1784, aged 60 years." |

Also the following in the same church :—

"Here lyeth the body of George Newland, of the City of Bristol, Merchant, who departed this life April y^e 28th, 1721."

"Sacred to the memory of George Newland, late of Tocknell, in this parish, Esq^r. A man possess'd of every virtue that adorn'd the Christian & the gentleman. He lived sincerely believ'd, & died truly lamented the 6th day of Jan^y, 1791, in the 48th year of his age. This monument was erected by his widow as a testimony of his worth & her esteem."

B. H. B.

MARRIAGE LICENCES IN THE DIOCESAN REGISTRY AT WORCESTER.

(Continued from p. 253.)

- Entries omitted :—1465, May 18. Thomas Bateman Esq. and Margery Turel (?); to be married in any proper place within the diocese of Worcester, without any publication of banns.
- 1530, May 15. Thomas Sheldon and Elena Bragden.
 Oct. 8. William Acton and Margery Redinge of Birlingham.
 Nov. 3. John Heynes and Margaret Hybot of Inkberrow.
 Nov. 24. John Newport and Margaret Syngar of St. Andrew's parish in Droitwich.
- 1531, July 25. Thomas Nevell and Agnes Grevell; licence issued to the curate of Weston-on-Avon.
 Aug. 4. Richard Wheler *alias* Quayler of Stoke Prior and Elizabeth Brode of Elmley Lovet.
- 1532, Nov. 27. John Wynesmore and Agnes ap Howell; licence to the curate of Lyghe.
- 1533, July 12. Richard Whytney of Bedwin, diocese of Sarum, and Elenor Croft of Hanley, dioc. of Worcester.
 Jan. 28. John Butt and Joan Hyet of Erlingham.
- 1534, July 24. John Wyde and Ann Cowper of All Saints' parish, Worcester.
- 1535, Apr. 26. George Walshe of Northfield gent. and Elizabeth Lytleton of Frankley, widow.
- 1540, Feb. 6. John Astemore and Elenor Archard, both of the city of Worcester.
- 1543, May 23. Thomas Walker, dioc. of Hereford, and Margery Rawlyns of Suckley.
- 1582, Nov. 17. John Sinons and Margaret Andrews of Stoulton.
- 1584, Apr. 25. John Kingley and Alice Caye of Flyford.
 Sept. 20. Thomas Penne and Ann Vizar of St. Nicholas's parish, Worcester.
- 1661, May 30. Henry Attwood of Wolverley, co. Worc., gent., about 22, bachelor, and Mary Gower, about 19, da. of Abel Gower of St. John's in Bedwardine, Worcester.
 Oct. 30. William Mills of Claines gent., about 31, and Elizabeth Braec, about 22, da. of Phillip Braec of Doverdale, Esq.
 Dec. 28. William Middlemore of London "Cheecemounger," about 26, bachelor, and Hester Dyson of St. Nicholas's in Worc., about 22, maiden, her parents dead.
- March 2. George Bagnall of St. John's in Bedwardine, Worcester, gent., about 30 (?), and Mary Lisons of St. Andrew's in Worc., about 20, da. of Thomas L.
- 1662, Jan. 3. Samuel Harrison of All Saints' in Worc., clothier, 19, and Mary Attwood of St. Nicholas's in Worc., about 25, maiden; her father dead, her mother Dorothy A. consenting: testified by Roger Harrison of Worc., clothier.
- 1663, July 29. Nicholas Marshall of Abbot's Salford, 26, bachelor, and Alice Butcher of Norton, 23, maiden.
- 1666, Feb. 15. "One Atwoode" of Elmbridge, about 40, and Mary Fetherston of Studley, 25, maiden.
 Feb. 23. Thomas Attwood, bachelor, and Anne Meades, maiden, both of Kinwarton.
- 1667, March 12. William Clutterbucke of Bristol, bachelor, and Sarah Vernon of Hambury, maiden.
- 1668, May 25. Nicholas Bagnall, bachelor, and Elizabeth Ashby, maiden, both of the city of Worcester.
 Sept. 20. John Attwood of Great Alne, bachelor, and Martha Venners of Easington, maiden.
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- 1669, Apr. 15. William Baldwyn of Ford, in the diocese of Worcester, gent., about 23, and Elizabeth Rolbert of Gloucester, about 21; to be married at Defford or Birlingham.

- Apr. 22. Edward Waldron, æt. 30, and Sarah Boovey, æt. 25, maiden, both of Alcester.
- May 5. John Gore, about 24, and Elizabeth da. of Thomas James, about 21, both of Inkberrow.
- May 29. John Holton of Little Dorsington, about 25, and Mary da. of William Gold of Church Lench, yeoman, about 28: to be married at Abbot's Morton or Bishampton.
- June 17. Edward Oliver, æt. 30, widower, and Elizabeth Toms, æt. 21, maiden, both of Long Crompton.
- June 17. Henry Lane, æt. 26, and Margaret Heminge, æt. 28, maiden, both of Haselor.
- Sept. 25. Thomas Kings, æt. 32, and Ann Sparry, upwards of 22, maiden, both of Kington.
- Oct. 15. Edward James of All Saints' in Worc. "Crickler," 24, and Elianor Knotesford of St. Helen's in Worc., 23, maiden; her father dead.
- Dec. 2. Francis Wollmer of Droitwich and Elianor Brace of Doverdale, maiden.
- Jan. 7. George Bagnall of St. John's in Belwardline, widower, and Hester Robinson of Naunton Beauchamp, widow.
- Jan. 26. Henry Poole of Kempsey, co. Glouc., 30, and Elizabeth Richardson of Knightwick, maiden.
- 1670, May 12. John Freeman of Saintbury, widower, and Mary Hubbard of Salford Prior, maiden.
- May 13. John Allen of Wiglesford (Wixford), 26, and Frances Ryland of Haselor, 21, maiden.
- May 18. John Kite and Margery Bird, maiden, both of Evesham. William Bird, or Byrd, of the town of Evesham, Attorney at Law, entered his pedigree at the visitation of Worcestershire in 1683; from which it appears that he then had three daughters, viz., Margery, wife of John Keyt of Broadway, co. Worc., gent.; Anne, wife of John Brawne of Saintbury, clerk; and Hannah, wife of John Goodwin of Weston-sub-Edge, co. Glouc. The said William, according to the pedigree, was son of William Bird of Hampton, near Evesham, Attorney at Law, whose father, William of Bretforton, married Mary "da. of . . . Rutter of Bourton-on-the-Hill, co. Glouc." It should be *Michael* Rutter, of *Quinton*.
- Aug. 10. George Kings of Castle Morton, about 23, and Margaret Goode of Redmarley Dabittott, about 22, maiden; her parents dead.
- Aug. 18. John Shade of Upton Snodsbury, clerk, widower, and Faith Bridges of Broughton Hackett, widow.
- Sept. 16. John Morris of Bretforton, about 52, bachelor, and Anne Holton of Salford, about 27, maiden; her father dead.
- Nov. 15. William Rudge of Evesham, chandler, about 22, and Isabel Jones, 22, da. of Thomas Jones of Evesham, mercer.
- Dec. 10. Giles Lawrence of Pershore, widower, and Catherine Littleton of Naunton Beauchamp, widow.
- Jan. 7. Edmund Neale of London, Esq., and Margaret Lechmere of Hanley Castle, maiden.
- Jan. 11. Richard Perks of Inkberrow, about 37, widower, and Elizabeth Greeves of Dormston, about 33, maiden.

- Feb. 15. John Surmon of Naunton Beauchamp, bachelor, and Anne Johnson of Elmley Castle, maiden.
- Feb. 23. Sackvil Crow of co. Carmarthen, Esq., and Anne Rouse of Rouseleneb.
- Feb. 23. Edward Applebee, widower, and Joyce Harbage, widow, both of Inkberrow.
- Feb. 25. Thomas Cox and Mary Lies, maiden, both of Bidford.
- Mar. 1. Thomas Mosely of Binton, about 41, widower, and Alice Russell of Grafton, co. Warwick, about 31, maiden.
- 1671, Apr. 29. John Paldey of Stock and Bradley, about 34, bachelor, and Abigail Callow of Bishampton, about 35, da. of John Callow.
- May 6. William Harvy of Inkberrow, 20 and upwards, and Bridget Eaton, about 21, da. of Robert E.
- May 6. William Fell of Charlton, about 32, and Lucy Baldwin of Aylshon in Beckford (Ashton-under-Hill), co. Glouc., about 27, maiden; her parents dead.
- June 30. Moses Greene of Radway, co. Warwick, about 28, and Isabel Stanton of Abbot's Morton, about 24, maiden; her father dead.
- July 11. Thomas Carter of Bidford, about 38, widower, and Joan Iazard of Pebworth, co. Glouc., maiden.
- July 26. John Tommes, widower, and Frances Jordan, maiden, both of Stratford-on-Avon.
- Sept. 6. William Mallibar of Wigglesford, about 30, widower, and Mary Chapman of Broome in Bidford, about 32, maiden; allegation by Maurice Allen of the former place.
- Oct. 12. Thomas Compton of Eddington, æt. 27, and Catherine Wiggin of Bishop's Itchington, æt. 24, maiden.
- Nov. 3. William Cookes of Feckenham, gent., about 21, and Mary Rea of Powyck, about 21, maiden.
- Nov. 18. Francis Ballard, about 18, and Anne Clough of Abbot's Morton, about 16, maiden; allegation by Francis Ballard of Abbot's Morton, father of the aforesaid Francis.
- Nov. 15. Maurice Allen of Wiglesford and Frances Tayler of Knowle, maiden.
- Nov. 23. Richard Toms of Snitterfield, æt. 22, and Mary Ward of Long Marston, æt. 19, maiden.
- Dec. 6. Richard Parsons of Haselor and Anne Heywood of Arrow, maiden.
- Dec. 20. Kempe Harwarde of Harvington and Elizabeth Carter of Blockley, maiden.
- Feb. 3. William Richardson, about 18, widower, and Elizabeth Dipple, about 40, widow, both of Bromsgrove.
- Feb. 10. Francis Morton of Leigh, bachelor, and Lysset Doverdale of Crowle, maiden.
- The parish register of Great Malvern records the burial of Mrs. Lisset Moreton of Leigh, widow, 2 April, 1717.
- Feb. 16. Robert Leggins of Long Marston and Anne Dewes of Coughton, co. Warwick, maiden.
- Feb. 22. William Fairfax of Inkberrow, æt. 26, and Sarah Archpole of Feckenham, æt. 28, maiden.

- March 5. John Walsham of Knill, co. Hereford, Esq., upwards of 30, and Elizabeth Ligon of Maddersfield, co. Worcester, about 28, maiden.
- 1672, April 4. Samuel Dugard of Trinity College, Oxford, and Lydia Dugard of Barford, maiden.
- The first occurrence (apparently) of this name in the Worcester probate office is under the date 27 Oct. 1541, when George *Dugard* of Grafton Flyford made his will. All his goods and lands to his wife Alice, for her use and the children's. My father William. Will proved 7 March, 1541. The episcopal registers record the ordination at Worcester, as a secular acolyte, of Roger Dugard, of that diocese, 21 Feb., 1466.
- Apr. 10. Thomas Burton of Longnor Salop, Esq., about 30, and Elizabeth Berkley of Spetchley, about 19, maiden.
- May 25. Thomas Fleet of Claines, 34, and Mary Wadley of the Berrow, 26 and upwards, maiden.
- June 8. Thomas Pigeon of Badsey, about 35, bachelor, and Elizabeth Smith of the same place, about 23, maiden.
- Aug. 12. John Darby of Moore in Fladbury, upwards of 60, widower, and Mary Dingley, of Cropthorne, about 40, maiden.
- Sept. 5. John Woodyate of Hatfield, co. Hertford, gent., and Anne Field of the borough of Evesham, maiden.
- Sept. 18. William Guest of Birmingham, mercer, about 21, and Elizabeth Hallway of Warwick, about 21, maiden.
- Sept. 20. Christopher Roberts, about 37, and Alice Latham, about 22, maiden, both of Inkberrow.
- Sept. 30. William Wakeman of Tewkesbury, gent., and Elizabeth Nourse, maiden.
- Oct. 7. John Marshall of South Littleton, 31, bachelor, and Margaret Ashwin of Bretforton, 40, maiden.
- Oct. 26. Simon Cowley of Abbot's Morton, tanner, about 28, bachelor, and Elizabeth Robbins of Salford, co. Warwick, about 30, maiden; her parents dead: Simon Cowley and Francis Tandy of Abbot's Morton, yeoman, being bound.
- Nov. 28. William Bushell of Bengeworth and Ursula Clarke of Bishop's Hampton.
- Dec. 30. Thomas Partington of Kidderminster, gent., bachelor, and Mary Brace, maiden; to be married at Doverdale.
- Jan. 7. John Applebee and Hester Godfrey, maiden, both of Temple Grafton.
- Jan. 22. John Clarke of Great Hampton, gent., and Winifred Callow: to be married at Throckmorton.
- Feb. 18. Mark Dineley of the par. of Cropthorne, gent., about 31, bachelor, and Mrs. Morey Cookes of Feckenham, about 40, widow.
- 1673, March 31. William Jenings of Bilford, about 24, bachelor, and Angello Lewis of Hillborough in Temple Grafton, about 19, maiden; her parents dead.
- Apr. 1. Henry Fincher of Broughton Hackett, widower, and Joan Dowler of Tudebigge, maiden.
- Apr. 19. William Bluck of Naunton, co. Wore., about 35, widower, and Mary Ball of Abberton, about 26, maiden.
- Apr. 21. William Widdowes of Blockley, 30, and Mary Kecke of Long Marston, co. Glouc., 23, maiden.

- Apr. 24. William Perkes, about 26, and Jane Farre, 26 and upwards, maiden, both of Powick.
- May 22. William Jennings of Tewkesbury, about 23, bachelor, and Mrs. Judith Terberville of Hill Croome, co. Worc., about 19, maiden.
- June 7. William Winsmore, upwards of 24, and Beatrix Lilley, about 29, maiden, both of All Saints' in Worcester.
- June 14. Robert Lawrence of Creklade, co. Wilts, gent., about 22, and Margaret Littleton, of Pershore, about 16, maiden.
- June 17. Philip Cecil of Duffrin, co. Monmouth, bachelor, and Elizabeth Hastings of Daylesford, maiden.
- June 21. Richard Bennett of Priors Salford, upwards of 43, widower, and Elizabeth Dingley of Church Lench, 33, widow.
- June 28. John Haynes of Dormston, 25, and Anne Auster of Tibberton, 20, maiden.
- July 2. Edward Coly and Anne Higgins of Frankley.
- July 5. William Harvey of Inkberrow, about 21, and Sarah Glover, of the same place, about 21, maiden; her parents consenting.
- Sept. 17. John Hubern (Huband?) of Salford, about 30, widower, and Anne Jones of Grafton Flyford, about 23, maiden.
- Oct. 8. Joseph Lacy *alias* Hobblay, 23, and Faith Bridges, 21, maiden, both of Broughton Hackett.
- Oct. 16. Henry Kempston and Mary Clever.
- Oct. 17. Richard Powell, 28, and Margaret Welsh, about 22, maiden, both of Abbot's Morton.
- Oct. 20. Other Winsour (in the margin *Wimbours*) son of the Lord Winsour of Hewell in Tarlebigge, aged 14 or thereabouts, bachelor, and Mrs. Elizabeth Turvy of Bredon, co. Worc., 14 or thereabouts, maiden.
- Dec. 6. Thomas Pilkington of Cleeve Prior, about 22, and Mary Ashwyn of Elmley Castle, 21, maiden.
- Dec. 27. John Harward of Bidford, 29, and Margery Payton of the same parish, about 20, maiden; her parents and guardians dead.
- Jan. 10. Thomas Hollicocke of Broughton Hackett, about 35, widower, and Elianor Hunt of Naunton Beauchamp, about 24, maiden; her parents living.
- Jan. 30. William Duggard of Dodderhill, about 27, and Elizabeth Elvins of Hanbury, about 27, widow.
- Feb. 28. Richard Harwood of Dodderhill and Margery Fincher of Broughton Hackett, widow.
- March 11. William Sambach of Broadway, co. Worc., widower, and Judith Townshend of Alveston, co. Warwick, maiden.

Richard Symonds in his *Diary*, 1644-5, mentions the arms of Sambach as occurring in the west window of Broadway church. It is the peculiar coat of the family of *Sambach* of Cheshire,— Azure, a fess-Gules between three garbs of the second, and can still be traced, though the glass is mutilated. The name occurs first in the Broadway registers in 1515, June 6, the date of the marriage of Richard Sambache gent. and Isabel Ellins. The episcopal registers at Worcester state that George Sambach, deacon, was instituted to the parish church of Little Comberton, 3 Feb., 1469.

- March 21 Simon Baker of Abbot's Morton, about 21, and Elizabeth Leight of Inkberrow, about 26, maiden.
- 1674, April 25. Robert Vernon of Hanbury, bachelor, and Elizabeth Smith of Stoke Prior, 23, maiden.
- May 5. William Court of Feckenham, about 24, and Mary Hobdley *alias* Lacey of Hindlip, about 23, maiden.
- May 18. Thomas Barrett of Broughton Hackett and Hester Bell of King's Norton, maiden.
- June 12. Edward Kettleby junr. of St. Clement's, London, gent., about 22, and Mrs. Anne Gower of St. John's in Bedwardine, about 22, maiden.
- June 27. Robert Dizon of Bradley, co. Worc., about 60, widower, and Joyce Appleby of Inkberrow, about 54, widow.
- July 10. Edward Morgan of Bromsgrove, 22, and Millberrow Wadley of Bromesberrow, co. Glouc., about 30, maiden.
- Sept. 30. Samuel Richardson of All Saints' in Worcester and Elizabeth Tillam of St. Helen's in the same city.
- Oct. 30. Thomas Perkes of Feckenham, æt. 23, bachelor, and Anne Harris of Inkberrow, æt. 24, maiden.
- Nov. 18. Anthony Ashwin of Bretforton and Dionysia Cooke of Warwick.
- Jan. 16. Mr. Robert Brooke of Alcester, about 29, widower, and Elizabeth Keeke of Bidford, about 29, maiden.
- Jan. 23. Mr. John Archer of Welland, about 40, widower, and Elizabeth Allen, of the same place, about 33, widow.
- 1675, Apr. 10. John Pearkes of Stoke Prior and Elizabeth Tristram of Belbroughton.
- Apr. 22. John Thornbury of Naunton Beauchamp, bachelor, and Mary Newcombe of Clifford, diocese of Gloucester, widow.
- May 31. John Heminge of Haselor, æt. 27, bachelor, and Sarah Asplin of Temple Grafton, æt. 22, maiden.
- June 9. John Ashton of Church Honeybourne, about 24, and Mary Charlett of Cleeve Prior, about 23, maiden.
- June 9. Humphrey Hall of Kidderminster, 25, bachelor, and Anne Walmisley of the city of Lichfield, about 24 (?), maiden.
- June 15. Robert Freeman of Blockley, bachelor, and Isabel Huband of Inkberrow, maiden.
- July 19. John son of John Charlett of Cleeve Prior, gent., about 30, bachelor, and Anne Smith of Newbold Pacy, about 25, widow.
- Aug. 1. Richard Woolrich of "Wollerhampton" and Anne Paine of St. Swithin's in Worcester, maiden.
- Sept. 25. Arthur Charlett of Fladbury gent. about 23, bachelor, and Mrs. Anne Bearne of Ombersley, about 23, maiden.
- Sept. 27. Richard Nash jun. of St. Peter's in Droitwich, bachelor, and Mary Berkley of Cothridge, 22, maiden.
- Oct. 23. Samuel Attwood of Overbury and Elizabeth Sowley of White Ladies Aston.
- Oct. 30. Edward Holton of Salford, diocese of Worcester, about 32, and Hannah Cambden of Marston, co. Gloucester, about 40, spinster.
- Nov. 27. John Palmer of Grafton Flyford, about 28, and Elizabeth Hunt of Naunton Beauchamp, about 28, widow.

Dec. 31. Thomas Mence of Tewkesbury and Hester Twining of Naunton Beauchamp, widow.

Jan. 1. Henry Lane of Haselcor, widower, and Elianor Biddle of Temple Grafton.

The episcopal registers at Worcester speak of a Geoffrey *Budel* as of Temple Grafton in 1373.

Jan. 12. John Greene of Hadsor and Elianor Pennell of Salwarpe, widow.

March 23. Robert Miles of Arrow, about 34, widower, and Margaret Jakeman of Haselcor, 25, maiden.

(*To be continued.*)

Notices of Books.

THE HISTORY OF THE COUNTY PALATINE AND OF THE CITY OF CHESTER. By GEORGE ORMEROD, Esq., LL.D. Second edition. By THOMAS HELSBY, Esq. London, George Routledge and Sons. 1882. Folio. 3 vols.

Both the Editor and the Publishers of this new edition of one of our best County Histories may be congratulated on having completed their labours in so short a period as less than eight years. We cannot give a better idea of the time, work, and trouble, which have been expended on this edition than by quoting their own words:—

“The History of Cheshire now consists of the works of three authors, viz., Sir Peter Leycester, Mr. Ormerod, and Mr. Helsby—the first being the writer of the Prolegomena, and history of the Bucklow hundred; the second of very considerable additions to both, and also of the history of the rest of the county; whilst the third, as Editor, has not only made very numerous corrections of the former, but become the author of additions which all but reach to the full extent of the history written by Mr. Ormerod. In other words, excluding Leycester and the Vale Royal, *Ormerod* is now within about 150 pages of being *doubled*. But as, in addition to this, the Editor has examined and corrected by far the greater part of the whole original history, it may fairly be claimed that the work, by these entire labours, is *more* than doubled. It now virtually consists of six volumes, each being of about the size of the smallest of the original edition. But the three-volume form of the original edition has, for convenience, been adhered to; and by virtue of these numerous and various additions, the work is now published at a price which, in proportion to its enhanced value, scarcely exceeds *half* that of the edition of 1819.” Moreover many illustrations have been added, especially the engravings of arms, nearly all of which are new, and are a great improvement on the old blocks, though as we have before remarked the panaches and plumes would have been better omitted.

Those who are curious enough to see for themselves the enormous amount of work, research, and learning, which Mr. Helsby has brought to

bear on this book must not merely content themselves with reading the admirable preface he has written, but carefully turn over his volumes page by page, when they will be able to form an idea of how extensive the additions are, and how minute, the most trivial correction having been made with as much conscientious care as the longest note, or the most elaborately re-written pedigree. There are of course errors left uncorrected, but certainly not more than one would expect in so large a book, and these are chiefly in minor matters such as the blazon of arms. Many coats might have been better described, and mistakes such as that in the pedigree of Hall of Hermitage (vol. iii, p. 130,) where a connection is claimed with Hall, Bishop of Exeter, on account of the similarity of the arms, corrected. The coat mentioned was granted to the Bishop, and so could not have belonged to these persons, who are described as descended from Michael Hall of Creet, co. Salop. Quere *Greet*, in which case an entirely different descent might be easily made out.

There is one, and only one, great defect in this new edition of Ormerod, and that is that there is no index worthy the name, or of the book. At the end of volume three there are a few pages of references called a General Index, but to render such a book perfect there ought to have been full and complete indexes of persons, places, and arms, as well a General Index to the whole work. Till this omission is supplied both the use and the popularity of this new edition will be much diminished.

Mr. Helsby's memoir of Dr. Ormerod which is inserted in the preface will be read with interest, and whilst it keeps alive the memory of one of our most accomplished antiquaries, also reflects credit on Mr. Helsby's ability to do justice to the labours of his predecessor.

We do not altogether agree with Mr. Helsby's view of the method followed by Dr. Ormerod, when he gives us to understand that Dr. Ormerod purposely confined his accounts to the manorial estates and purposely omitted collaterals in the construction of his pedigrees, and that his chief rule was to trace the descent of each manor "without indulging in any superfluity of proof." All this was more likely owing to the general disregard for the details of topography and genealogy prevalent at the beginning of the century, and to the difficulty of collecting materials when there were no railways and no penny post, and when our national records were as a rule unavailable, than to any fixed purpose on the part of the author. Our idea is that the pedigrees in the new edition should have been fully worked out, those of new families added, and all the monumental inscriptions given. Such additions would no doubt have involved ten years more labour, and doubled or trebled the present size of the book, but they would have been well worth waiting for. Mr. Helsby has performed his task so well as Editor, and we find his company so agreeable, that we wish he had become Continuator also. He has attended to the weightier matters so ably that it is painful to find him so exceedingly jubilant at having rejected the 'mint, anise and cummaing' which would be more popular with the masses of modern Cheshire men, than the 'judgment and truth' he has displayed in his treatment of the dry bones of Dr. Ormerod.

Mr. Helsby gives a capital account of the various changes which have taken place since the days of Ormerod, but he forgets that the writer of a County History should never lose sight of the fact that he is writing

for posterity, and that these changes have brought about a new order of things which render the standard of what is required in a County History very different to what it was in 1819. The history of a county is no longer exclusively the history of its country squires, it is the history also of its trade and manufactures, and of its tradesmen and manufacturers and of their families too, for in point of wealth and political importance they have in many counties, Cheshire among the number, taken, or are at all events rapidly taking, the place as well as the land of the old noblesse, and their doings, pedigrees, and arms, will be of as much interest in two centuries to come as those of the Yorkists and Lancastrians, Roundheads and Cavaliers of days gone by.

No man is better fitted for the task of writing the modern history of Cheshire than Mr. Helsby, and we trust after he has taken his well earned holiday we shall again find him employed in such congenial work.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE MONUMENT AND EFFIGIES IN PORLOCK CHURCH, SOMERSET. By MARIA HALLIDAY. Torquay, 1882. Svo. Price, 12s.

It is not often that so much trouble is taken to identify the old monuments which adorn many of our country churches as Mrs. Halliday has devoted to those at Porlock, nor is their history and the detail of their construction, as a general rule, traced out with the scrupulous care and accuracy which render this book a model of what might and ought to be done for many similar evidences of departed greatness.

Collinson, the only historian of whom Somersetshire can boast, describes the effigies as that of "a *Knight Templar* and his Lady," and Savage, more cautiously, as "recumbent effigies, male and female." A patient examination of the history of the manor and its lords, together with the crest figured on the helmet of the knight, convinced Mrs. Halliday that the monument commemorated one of the Harrington family, but the difficulty was to decide which, for there were several of the name. Sir John Harrington, fourth Baron de Aldingham, co. Lancaster, married Elizabeth daughter of Edward Courtenay, third Earl of Devon, on whom the Manor of Porlock was settled at marriage. He died in 1418, and by his will charged his Manor of Uggeburgh with the maintenance of two priests to celebrate divine service and pray for the souls of his father, mother, and all his ancestors. This direction appears to have been complied with, as, when fifty-six years afterwards, Cecily Bonville the great granddaughter and only surviving descendant of Elizabeth Courtenay by her second husband Sir William Bonville, K.G., and through her grandmother, who was daughter of the fifth Baron Harrington, the brother and heir of Sir John, fourth baron, his heir also, thus representing in blood both Sir John and Elizabeth (Courtenay) his wife, had in the 14th Edward IV letters patent to found a chantry in Porlock Church "two perpetual chaplains," who were to celebrate divine service at the altar of the Chapel of the Blessed Mary, are mentioned. The erection of the tomb was evidently the work of this Cecily, at the time when she carried out the testamentary wishes of her great-great uncle the fourth Baron. The facts which identify the person to whom the tomb was erected are worked out with great ingenuity by the author of this little book, and the dry details which prove the correctness of attributing the effigies to the fourth Baron and his Lady are so well coloured by the historical account

given of the eminent persons who figure in the line of descent that an air of romance is added to that which would otherwise be regarded by most people as a lecture in English History.

We must not omit to mention that this book is charmingly illustrated, every detail of the tomb and of the church, with graphic descriptions by Mr. Roscoe Gibbs, being given. There is a homeliness of detail in Plate I (the interior of the church) which is very pleasing, and worthy of imitation in similar works. It is rarely that we have the pleasure of noticing a book of local interest which is so well written and got up, and of so much sterling value.

RECORDS OF THE ENGLISH PROVINCE OF THE SOCIETY OF JESUS. By HENRY FOLEY, S.J. Vol. VII, Part i. London, Burns and Oates. 1882. 8vo. Price 26s.

This is the first portion of Mr. Foley's promised 'Catalogue of the deceased members of the English Province of the Society of Jesus,' the intended publication of which was announced in our fourth volume, p. 212. It embraces letters A to Q, and may be described as a biographical dictionary of the English Jesuits, and is, as such, a valuable contribution to biographical literature, breaking up new ground, and affording genealogical particulars of a class of men whose lives and actions have hitherto been a sealed book to the general public. No one is better qualified for the task than Mr. Foley in whom the Jesuits have found a painstaking and careful biographer.

Prefixed is an introduction giving a collection of materials for a future history of the English Mission and Province of the Society, in the meantime providing the reader with an historical outline of such history. "In addition to a number of interesting particulars respecting the early Mission of the Society in England, now for the first time given, a complete statistical history of the English Province, with its numerous colleges and residences at home and abroad, will be found in detail almost year by year from its first formation in 1619 until the temporary suppression of the Society, effected in 1773 through the overwhelming revolutionary spirit which regarded the institute of St. Ignatius as its bitterest foe. This result has been obtained from original catalogues of the English Province. An analysis of these is contained in the introduction, supplemented by historical matters connected with the Province." In this series of the Records we have a *resumé* of all the previous volumes. The most interesting part of it, to genealogists at least, will be given in the second portion of this volume, a collection of *aliases* together with the real and assumed names adopted by members of the Society in times of persecution, upwards of 900 in number. It will be remembered that Mr. Foley printed privately a list of these *aliases* in 1875 (see 'Genealogist,' vol. i, p. 296); this list has been very considerably augmented during the progress of "The Records" through the press, and its issue to the public will place the means of solving many a difficult genealogical point within reach of those interested in the history of our old Catholic families whose sufferings and persecutions Mr. Foley has done so much to illustrate.

CHRONOGRAMS, 5000 AND MORE IN NUMBER, EXCERPTED OUT OF VARIOUS AUTHORS AND COLLECTED AT MANY PLACES. By JAMES HILTON, F.S.A. London, Elliot Stock. 1882. 4to.

We are much indebted to Mr. Hilton for this contribution to the historical literature of a subject understood by few, and unknown to most, of those Genealogists whom a knowledge of chronograms will sometimes help to fix a date unwritten in the usual way. A chronogram has been defined as "an inscription in which a certain date or epoch is expressed by numerical letters." The word chronogram is said to have been first used in some verses addressed to the King of Poland in 1575. Beyond the brief articles in English cyclopædias, and in German and French "conversations-lexicons," no collection of chronograms has ever been published, if indeed such has ever been made. The canon for composing a good chronogram is thus laid down by Mr. Hilton, it "ought to convey a pertinent allusion to the event which it commemorates, the sentence should be concise, and should contain no more numerical letters than are necessary to form the date." Addison detined them in the 'Spectator' as "tricks in writing, requiring much time and little capacity." Chronograms are most frequently met with in the German speaking countries of Europe, rarely in England and France, and scarcely at all in Italy. They occur also in Oriental countries, especially where the Arabic language is or has been in use. They were written in Hebrew as early as 1208, and came into use in Europe in the 14th century, but were chiefly in vogue during the 16th, 17th, and part of the 18th centuries. Chronograms may be seen inscribed on buildings and monuments or tombs to record the date of their construction, and very frequently on medals commemorative of events in European history. The current coins of a country are seldom chronographic, those of the free city of Nuremberg being a prominent though rare example of this method of dating. Books contain a great many chronograms, a long poem or even a whole book having been so composed representing continuously one particular date. Those who peruse this book will be able to estimate the enormous labour and extensive research of its author among this almost forgotten class of literature. There is one peculiar value attached to a chronogram in Mr. Hilton's opinion, he says:—"A special high position may be taken for them if viewed in relation to the service they can render to history; they are to some extent a memento of history written in its own locality, when found engraved on buildings, monuments, and medals, or inscribed in local archives; the date of an inscription may be obliterated, but a chronogram as an inscription has an equal if not a better chance of remaining legible than a date expressed by four figures, and thus it certainly has a value peculiar to itself."

Those who desire to see for themselves what chronographic printing is like will do well to refer to the chronographic imitation of Thomas à Kempis' *De Imitatione Christi*, published in 1658, each line of which to p. 87 is a succession of chronograms giving the date 1658. A copy will be found in the British Museum, *press mark* 11 109 aa.

The chief interest in Mr. Hilton's book, so far as English genealogists are concerned, lies in his first chapter which affords numerous examples of the use of this method of notation as applied to sepulchral inscriptions and historic events, and this is the portion of the work to which we wish

specially to invite attention. The date of the death and also the age of Judge Doddridge are thus given on his monument in Exeter Cathedral:—

NVXC OBIIT DODERIGVS JVDEN=1628.
 EN IPSE LETHO EXTINGVITVR=73
 DODERIGVS IVDEN CARVS=1628.

The monument of Ludovic Stuart, Duke of Richmond and Lennox, in Westminster Abbey, contains this chronogram to mark the date:—

AN IGNORATIS QVIA PRINCEPS ET VIR MAGNVS OBIIT HO DIE=1623.
See 2 SAMUEL, iii. 38.

At Clifton on Teme, Worcestershire, the date of the great bell is thus given:—

HENRICVS IEFFREYES KENELMO DEVOVIT=1668.

A book published at London, *Hugo Grotius, his Somphopancas*, with annotations by

FRANCIS GOLDSMITH=1652.

has no date on the title page beyond that which is thus chronographically expressed.

To give more examples is unnecessary, the above are sufficient to show the use of chronograms as date marks, and the reason why those whose tastes lead them to collect monumental inscriptions should learn to understand the purport of the long letters which often prove a puzzle to the uninitiated.

Mr. Hilton's book will well repay perusal; besides being very well printed and illustrated, it is pleasantly written and exhibits a thorough knowledge of the subject, and the result of an enormous amount of painstaking research. Not only genealogists, but historians, numismatists, and all lovers of curious and out-of-the-way books are much indebted to him for furnishing them with an admirable guide to a *terra incognita* in the byways of English literature. We trust our readers will respond to Mr. Hilton's request to contribute any chronograms they may find to him (60, Montagu Square, W.) and thus enable him to add further illustrations to a subject which he has made peculiarly his own. He says farewell to his reader in a chronogram which illustrates the use of such a method of writing, for it tells us that his work was *finished* in 1881, whereas the title page bears date 1882:—

COVRTEOVVS READER
 I FINISH WITH THIS
 CHRONOGRAM.
 BE THE YEAR IT INVOLVES
 HAPPY TO VS BOTH.
 FAREWELL.

Unfortunately, like all things human, it is not perfect, see his own rule! Had he counted the 1 in THIS it would have made 1882. Whichever 'year it involves,' however, we wish him happiness in the result of his labours.

A GENEALOGICAL ACCOUNT OF THE MAYO AND ELTON FAMILIES. By CHARLES HERBERT MAYO, M.A. London, Whittingham and Co. 1882. 4to. Price 21s.

The plan adopted by the author of this book has been to point out by way of introduction the various families bearing the surname of Mayo which he has met with as a guide to those who may wish to trace the genealogy of the surname more fully. The Eltons, from which four branches of the author's own family descend, are traced from John Elton *alias* Baker, Canon of Sarum, the founder of the Elton fellowship at Brasenose College in Oxford. Pedigrees of various families allied to that of Mayo are given in an appendix, several of which are of value, as their genealogy does not appear to have been recorded in print before. The work concludes with a tabular pedigree, showing a descent from CHARLES THE GREAT, which is of little interest, and would in our opinion have been quite as well left out, or at all events extended to ADAM! The name Mayo no doubt originates from the Christian name Mathew, and is variously spelt, as Mayhowe, Mayow, Mayhew, and May. No wonder therefore that it is met with in various localities, and that several families, probably of entirely distinct origin, bear it. Cornwall, Dorset, Gloucestershire, Herefordshire, Northamptonshire, Norfolk, and Suffolk, are all cradles of families of the name.

The genealogies of the various branches of Mayo recorded in this book appear to have been worked out with much care and accuracy, and Mr. Mayo gives his authorities for the statements he makes, and thus renders his work a record of permanent value. The Mayo's of Bodenham, co. Hereford, are traced from Thomas Mayo of that place who died in 1625.

Chapter iv, and the subsequent chapters are devoted to an account of the descendants of John Mayo of Devizes by his wife Joane daughter of William Hayes, to whom she was married 25 April, 1671. He appears to be the first ancestor of the author's family. No suggestion is offered as to his progenitors, or information given as to his social position, an omission which could probably be remedied by reference to Town records, Subsidy rolls, or similar documents. It is probable, says Mr. Mayo, that he was a scion of the family of Bodenham, but this is evidently mere conjecture. Among his descendants are Dr. Mayo of Cheam School, Dr. Mayo Rector of St. George's, Middlesex, Charles Mayo, F.R.S., and Dr. Thomas Mayo, F.R.S., all eminent men, and of each of them many interesting biographical particulars are given. Portraits and autographs of the more notable members of the family adorn the book, which is not a mere dry genealogy but a readable and well written account of its author's family; more than this, there is a capital index. All interested in the name of Mayo, or in the pedigrees of persons connected with it, owe a debt of gratitude to Mr. Mayo for writing an entertaining book on a dry subject, and giving the public the result of his researches. The impression is limited to 250 copies a few of which are still undisposed of. Those who wish to secure a copy, and we can assure our readers that the book is worth buying at the low price fixed, should apply to the Rev. C. H. Mayo, Long-Burton Vicarage, Sherborne.

ADDENDA TO THE EXTRACTS FROM THE PARISH REGISTERS OF
WHITE WALTHAM, CO. BERKS.

1676. Jan. 6, William (a child) ye sonn of Elizabeth Weldon widd. was buried.
 1691. Feb. 23, Elizabeth, the wife of Edward Dalby of the Parish of St. Lawrence in Reading, Gent., was Buryed.
 1695. May 1, Elizabeth Weldon was buried.
 1706. Aug. 9, Rebeckah the wife of George Yieldhall was Buried.
 1722. Jan. 13, John Sawyer was buried.
 1723. Oct. 15, St. Constatin Phipps of London, was buried.
 1774. July 27, Susannah Tebbs, an infant, was buried.
 1778. July 21, Benj. Tebbs, an infant from London, was buried.

ERRATA TO VOL. V.

- Page 197. Bishop Douglas was born 14 July 1721, not 1771 as stated.
 " 263. Dele (? *Bockington.*)
 " 267. Dele (? *East or West*) *Shefford.*
 " 276. For *Leecheus* read *Zaccheus.*

ERRATA TO VOL. VI.

- Page 2. Tabular pedigree line 6. For "29 Sept. 1280," read, "29 Sept. 1289."
 " 3. Line 8, for "Margaret's," read "Mary Magdalen's."
 " 39. Line 28. For "St. John's" read "Jesus."
 " 51. Line 15. For "Phipps" read "Phipps."
 " 52. Line 24. For "1770" read "1790."
 " 55. Line 2. Read "William Neile Esqr."
 " 55. Line 22. After deceasing insert "at Henly vpon."
 " 55. Line 30. For "Edward" read "Edmund" in both cases.
 " 55. Line 35. For "wife" read "son."
 " 55. Line 41. For "1697, Edward" read "1698, Edmund."
 " 56. Line 10. For "27" read "28."
 " 57. Line 13. For "Greene" read "Grant."
 " 59. Line 46. For "ye book" read "ye new book."
 " 59. Line 43. For "1665" read "1675."
 " 59. Line 50. For "November ye" read "July ye 8th, Susanna y*."
 " 60. Line 21. For "Dennings" read "Dennys." The BURIALS are from
 Launceston Registers.
 " 71. In pedigree of Palmer, for "Charlow" read "Challow."
 " 91. In pedigree of Sineaton, for "Henwike" read "Hendred."
 " 110. For "Hydocke" read "Haydocke."
 " 123. For "Lawhitton Registers" read "Launceston Registers."
 " 126. Line 9. For "anicorum" read "annicorum."
 " 164. Line 26. For "junr" read "Esqr."
 " 170. W. A. J. de Villettes was Comptroller of the Household of H. R. H. the
 Duke of Kent. His will is dated 31 Jan^r, 1807.
 " 170. For "Sieur d'Alluman" read "Seigneur d'Allaman."
 " 171. For "Andriennes" read "Audrienne."
 " 172. For "Aubord" read "Au bord."
 " 173. John William Boissier, born 1772, died at the siege of Lille 1792. The
 Rev^d Peter Edward Boissier had a son Edward Boissier, born 12 June,
 1825, died 1 Feb. 1839.
 " 174. For "St. John's Kensington" read "St. John's Kennington." For "Sienr
 de Ruth," read, "de Ruth."
 " 175. Note 1. For "Magsé," read "Massé."
 " 176. Note 5. For "G.C.B." read "G.C.H."
 " 176. Note 7. For "a Jasper" read "and Jasper."
 " 176. Note 9. For "lxxix" read "lxxix," add to note 6 "Jaques de Montledier,
 says Haag, m. in 1619, Isabeau Rousset, and had a son Jean,
 who in 1666 m. Marguérite Carlot, and probably became by
 her father of the above."

INDEX.

Names in **CAPITALS** refer to pedigrees, or where the name occurs frequently on the same page.

Names in *italics* show that the blazon of the arms is given.

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