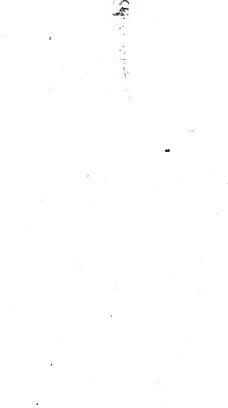


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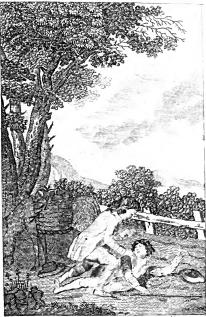
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THE

HISTORY

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SANDFORD AND MERTON.

ABRIDGED

FROM THE ORIGINAL.

EMBELLISHED WITH ELEGANT PLATES.

For the Amufement and Instruction of Juvenile Minds.

PRINTED FOR THE BOOKSELLERS.

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THE

HISTORY

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SANDFORD AND MERTON.

CHAP. I.

T HE Hero of our hiftory, Tommy Merton, was the only fon of a gentleman of great fortune, who had large poffeffions in the ifland of Jamaica, but had come to refide, for fome time, in the weftern part of England. As Tommy was his only child, it is no wonder if he were fpoiled by too much indulgence. His mother was fo exceffively fond of him, that, however unreafonable his requefts at any time were, he need only cry for them, and he was generally fure to have them complied with : though it fometimes happened, that it was totally impoffible to procure him what he wanted, and then the houfe, from top to bottom, was one complete fcene of confufion.

When any company came to vifit at their houfe, he was fure to behave in fuch a manner as difgufted every one prefent. He must have the first cut of every thing at dinner; and at tea-time, the cups and faucers were frequently overfet, by his eagerness to reach at a bit of toast, or any other favourite object he had in view. He was fo delicately brought up A 2 that that he was hardly ever well; for the leaft blaft of wind gave him cold, and the leaft additional heat of the fun was fure to bring on a fever. When Tonimy arrived in England, though he was then fix years of age, he had not learned fo much as to write or read, and had been fo much indulged, that he hardly knew the proper ufe of his limbs. To complete his character, he was impatient, fretful, and proud.

At no great diftance from Mr Merton's feat, lived a plain and honeft farmer, who, like him, had an only fon, but a few months older than Master Merton. His name was Harry Sandford. This youth was ftrong, active, hardy, and frefh-coloured, being accultomed to run about in the fields, and engage in those rural employments his age would admit of. His obliging manners and affable temper made him beloved by every one, and fo tender were his feelings, that he would never rob the innocent birds of their eggs, but has frequently given half his bread and butter to feed the poor robins in the winter. He would deftroy no animal whatever, faying, that God had made nothing in vain, and we had no right to put an end to the existence of any creature he had been pleafed to make.

Such amiable accomplithments as thefe drew on him the attention of the clergy man of the parifl, who was fo much pleafed with him, that he taught him to read and write, and was always happy when young Harry was with him Little Harry was an obliging creature, and cheerfully fubmitted to do whatever he was bidden, and was fo much attached to truth, that he abborred telling a lie on any occafion. The gratification of his appetite had no thare in his mind, and he frequently preferred his own homely fare to the delicacies he met with at other tables.

Accident

Accident happened to bring him and Tommy Merton together. The latter was one morning walking in the fields with his female attendant, amuting themfelves with hunting butterflies, and collecting a nofegay from the wild beauties of the fields. In the courfe of this amufement, a large finake rufhed from his concealed abode, and entwined himfelf round one of the legs of poor Tommy. His female attendant, half dead with terror, fied as faft as the could to procure affiftance, while the little enervated youth flood motionlefs, half dead with the fright.

Harry, who happened to be but at a little diftance, and faw all that had paffed, inftantly ran to his affiftance, heroically feized hold of the fnake, and foon relieved Tommy from his terror.

By this time, Mrs Merton, who had heard the fhrieks of the maid, ran, with half the family attending her, to the affiltance of her darling fon. In her emotions of tendernefs, fhe caught him in her arms, and almoft fmothered him with carefles. At laft, however, fhe was inexpreffibly happy to find he had received no injury, and then enquired of him in what manner he had got rid of the cruel animal. "Indeed, mama, (faid Tonimy) had not that little boy come to my affiltance, I fear the nafty creature would have bitten me."

"Pray, my dear, (faid the lady) whofe good boy are you, to whom I am fo much obliged?"— "My name, (faid he) is Harry Sandford." Mrs Merton then infifted that he fhould go home and dine with them; but Harry endeavoured to excufe himfelf, faying his father would want him. The lady afked him who his father was, when he replied, "Farmer Sandford, madam, who lives at the the bottom of yonder hill." The lady faid, that the fhould in future confider him as her child; but Harry did not feem much to like the idea of giving up his own father and mother.

The matter, however, was foon fettled, Mrs Merton fent a fervant to the farmer, and, taking Harry by the hand, led him to her houfe, where every thing appeared new to him. He had never before feen fuch magnificent apartments, and yet did not feem to fhew many marks of wonder or furprife. When feated at table, Harry, to the aftonihment of every one, appeared neither pleated nor furprifed at the novelty of the fcene, nor at the delicacy of the provifions. He could find no difference between the filver cup, out of which he drank at Mr Merton's, and the horn one, which he made ufe of for the fame purpofe at home. He could not fee the fuperior utility of gold and filver, when horn would anfwer the fame purpofes.

Dinner being over, the lady prefented Harry with a large glafs of wine, which he thanked her for, but begged to be excufed drinking it, faying, that his mafter, Mr Barlow, told him, that he fhould never eat but when he was hungry, nor drink but when he was dry; that he fhould accuftom himfelf to eat and drink thofe things only which are eafily to be procured, as otherwife he might grow peevifh and fretful when he could not get them. The more they converfed with this little youth, the more they were furprifed to find fo much good fenfe in a farmer's fon.

Mr Merton obferved to his lady, that he wished Mr Barlow would take their Tommy under his care, as he grew a great boy, and it was time he should learn something. Mr Merton then asked his son, if if he fhould like to be a philofopher; to which he replied, that he did not know what a philofopher was, but he fbould like to be a king; becaufe kings having many perfors to wait on them, have no occation to do any thing themfelves, and live in for much grandeur.

Mrs Merton caught Tommy in her arms, and, after having given him a thoufand kiffes for fo witty and fenfible an anfwer, afked Harry how he fhould like to be a king. The little fellow replied, that he did not know what a king was, but he fhould be very happy when he was grown big enough to work at the plow, and get his own bread; for he wanted nobody to wait upon him. The lady obferved, in a whifper to her hufband,

The lady obferved, in a whifper to her hufband, what a difference there was between the children of gentlefolks and thofe of poor people. Mr Merton, however, was a very fenfible man, and chofe rather to be filent than offend his lady, though he was far from being of her opinion.

Mrs Merton then afked Harry, if he fhould like to be rich; and, on the honeft little fellow's anfwering in the negative, fhe requefted of him to know, with a finile of contempt, why he preferred poverty to riches.

"For this reafon, inadam, (replied Harry) becaufe I know only one rich man, and that is 'Squire Chace, who lives juft by us. He rides over fields of ripe ccrn, demclithes hedges, dettreys other people's dogs, and does many injuries to the poor, and all this merely becaufe he fays he is rich. He is, however, univerfally hated, though it would be dangerous for any one to tell him fo. For my part, I would rath :r die than be hated by my neighbours."

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Mrs

Mrs Merton then afked Harry, if he fhould not like to be dreffed in fine laced cloths, to have a coach to carry him wherever he pleafed, and a number of fervants to attend his orders.

" As to clothes, madam, (replied Harry) one coat is as good as another, fo it does but keep one warm, and fo long as I can walk where I chufe, I fhall have no occafion for a coach to carry me. Had I an hundred fervants, I fhould find it more trouble to tell them what to do, than to do it myfelf." The lady viewed Harry with a countenance mixed with altonihment and contempt, but forbore alking him any further queflions.

When Harry returned home in the evening to his parents, they afked him how he liked what he had feen at the great houfe. Harry replied, that they had all been very civil to him, but that he would much rather have been at home. "I never in my life (faid he) had fo much trouble to eat my dinner. One would have thought that I was either lame or blind, as a fervant flood behind me all the time I was at dinner to help me to beer and bread, and take away my plate; and fo many difhes followed one another, that I thought there would never have been an end to it. What was ftill worfe, after dinner was over, I was obliged to fit two hours on my feat, as if I had been nailed to it, while the lady afked me how I fhould like to be a king, to be rich, and, like 'Squire Chace, to be hated by every one."

After Harry was gone, a long converfation took place between Mr Merton and his lady. The lady preferred what the called the polite notions of Tommy to the honeft rufticity of Harry; but the gentleman was of a different opinion, and preferred tincerity and honefty to the empty parade of greatnefs. This

This conversation concluded with an agreement between Mr Merton and his wife, that their fon Tommy fhould be put under the care of the fame master as Harry. Mr Barlow was accordingly invited the next Sunday to dinner, when Mr Merton introduced the fubject, and made the propofal to him. The conversation that passed between Mr Merton and Mr Barlow was long and interefting; but, at the fame time, fo little adapted to the com-prehension of my youthful readers, that I shall pass it over for the prefent in filence, and only obferve, that 'I'ommy's parents delivered him into the hands of this good man, to treat him in fuch a manner as fhould appear to him beft.

CHAP. II.

WE have now brought Tommy to the vicarage, which was about two miles from his father's houfe, to undergo a very material change in his temper and difpolitions. The next morning, after breakfast, Mr Barlow conducted him and Harry into the garden. He then took a spade himself, gave a hoe to Harry, and they both began their work. Tommy was invited to join them in their labour, and Mr Barlow promifed to give him a little piece of ground to himfelt, if he would undertake the cultivation of it; but he rejected with contempt an offer, which he thought was more proper to be made to a plough-boy, than to a young gentleman of his fortune and character.

Mr Barlow told Tommy he might do as he liked, and, after he and Harry had worked about two hours,

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hours, they left off, and went into a pleafant fummer-houfe, where they fat down. Here Mr Barlow, taking a plateful of fine cherries out of a cup-board, divided them between himfelf and Harry: they eat them up without offering a fingle one to Tommy, who undoubtedly expected to have his fhare of them.

This put the little youth into a fullen ftate, which at laft found vent in tears; but his indulgent mother was not at hand to foothe and carefs him, and he wandered about the garden, equally furprifed and vexed, on finding himfelf in a place where no one concerned themfelves whether he was pleafed or not.

As foon as the cherries were demolifhed, Harry propoled to read a leffon, which was the flory of the Flies and the Ants. To this Mr Barlow agreed, and told Harry to take care that he read flowly and diftindly, and to pronounce his words properly. This good boy then took up his book, and read the following leffon.

" In one corner of a farmer's garden, a neft of ants was one day difcovered. Thefe animals, during all the warm and pleafant months of the ycar, were fully occupied in dragging to their cells all the little feeds and grains of corn they were capable of collecting. A bed of flowers happened to be near the habitation of thefe ants, and was frequented by numberlefs flies, who diverted themfelves in fporting from flower to flower. The farmer's little fon, having frequently obferved the different employments of thefe animals, and, being young and ignorant, he one day broke out into thefe exprefilons: " Surely thefe ants are the moft fimple of all creatures! How they toil and labour all the day, inflead of reveling in the warmth of the fun, and wandering wandering from flower to flower, like thefe flies, who feem to know how to enjoy themfelves !"

" It was not long after he had made this idle remark, when the weather began to grow very cold, the fun feldom made its appearance, and the evenings were fharp and frofty. This fame little boy, walking with his father in the garden at this period of the year, did not perceive a fingle ant, but obferved that all the flies were lying about either dead or dying. As he was a good-natured youth, he could not help regretting the fate of the unfortunate flies, and afked his father, what was become of the ants he had fo often feen on the fame fpot. His father replied, "The flies, being carelefs animals, are all dead, becaufe they made no provifion againft the approach of fevere weather. The ants, on the contrary, have been bufy during the fummer, in laying up a flore againft the winter, and are now fnug in their cells alive and well. When the warm weather fhall return, you will again fee them at their labour."

This ftory being finished, Mr Barlow and Harry took a walk into the fields, and the latter was very inquisitive, in asking the names of all the fhrubs and plants they met with. In the midft of their conversation, Harry efpied a large bird, called a kite, which feemed to be very busy with fomething in its claws. He instantly ran to the fpot, and by making a loud noife and shouting as he approached, frightened the bird away, leaving a chicken behind him. Harry picked it up, and, though he found it much hurt, it was still alive. The humane little fellow told Mr Barlow, he would put it in his bofom, in order to recover it; that he would carry it home, and give it part of his dinner every day, till A 6 it fhould be able to do without his affiftance. This promife he afterwards punctually performed, and his endeavours were crowned with fuccefs.

On their arrival at home to dinner, Tommy, who had been all this time rambling in the garden in a folitary manner, made his appearance, and, being very hungry, was going to fit down at the table with the reft; but Mr Barlow obferved to him, that as he was too much of a gentleman to think of working, he muft go without victuals, as it was not reafonable, that the industrious fhould work for the idle.

Tommy now withdrew into a corner, crying moft bitterly; but thefe were rather tears of grief than obfinacy, as he found nobody feemed inclined to humour his bad temper. Harry, however, was very unhappy to fee his friend in fo humiliating a fituation, and begged Mr Barlow, with tears in his eyes, that he might give him a part of his dinner. Having obtained permiflion to do fo, he get up, went to Tommy, and gave him the whole of it, when the young gentleman took it, thanked him for it, and eat it all up. Here Mr Barlow obferved, though gentlemen are above working for themfelves, they will eat the bread that others earn by the fweat of their brow. This threw Tommy again into tears.

Mr Barlow and Harry went the next morning to work as ufual, when Tommy came to them, and defired that he alfo might have a hoe. Mr Barlow inftantly gave him one, and inftructed him how to use it, fo that, in a fhort time, he became a good workman, and purfued his labour with pleafure.

Their work being finished for that day, they all withdrew to the fummer house, and the joy of Tommy was inexpressible, when he found he was to have his share of the fruit. When the fruit was demolished, molifhed, Mr Barlow took up a book, and afked Tommy to read them a ftory; but he, hanging down his head, faid he had not yet learned to read: Mr Barlow, after exprefing his forrow for the young gentleman's ignorance, defired Harry to read the following ftory of the Gentleman and the Bafket-maker.

"In a diftant part of the world lived a rich man, who had a magnificent houfe, and fpent all his time in the luxurious enjoyments of eating, drinking, gaming, and every kind of pleafure. Such were the errors of his education, that he thought it was the duty of every one to obey him, and that the poor were only made for his ufe.

" At no great diftance from this rich perfon's houfe, lived a poor, honeft, industrious man, who made shift to maintain himfelf by making baskets out of died reeds, which grew in a fwamp near his habitation. So small was his income, that his food was very coarfe, and his bed was nothing better than spare rufhes. Notwithstanding this, he was happy and contented, and bore a very respectable and amiable character. The rich man was of a contrary character; he was a great fluggard and glutton, fo that he was a flranger to a good state of health, and never fat down to any meal with an appetite. He was universally hated for his tyranny and opprefion, and even his own fervants deteiled him.

"Whenever this tyrant went abroad, it was on a kind of bed borne on the fhoulders of men. As he frequently paffed by the habitation of the poor bafket-maker, he conflantly obferved, that the honeft fellow was always finging and merry at his work. What, faid he to himfelf, fhall fuch a gentleman as I be always melancholy and gloomy, while fuch a reptile as this is gay and cheerful!

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"This invidious and wicked reflection was fireng" thened by the repetition of the poor man's happi" nefs; he therefore determined to make him as miferable as himfelf, and with that view ordered his fervant one night to fet fire to the rufhes that furrounded the poor man's houfe. The whole marfh was foon in a flame, which extended to the cottage of the bafket maker, who was forced to fave his life by running out with only his fhirt on his back.

"Sorrowful indeed was the fituation of this poor creature, who found himfelf totally deprived of the means of procuring fubfiltance, by the wicked cruelty of a rich man, whom be had never offended. Naked and miferable as he was, he fet out barefooted to tell his melancholy tale to the governor of the province, who was a good and juit man — He inflantly fent for the rich tyrant, who was unable to make any defence, the crime being clearly proved againft him.

"Since this rich tyrant (faid the governor) is fo much puffed up with his own confequence, I will convince him of what little value he is to the public, and what a wicked and contemptible mortal he is. As to you, (addreffing himfelf to the poor man), it mult be a matter of indifference to what part you go, fince your honefly and indultry will procure you a livelihood any where.

"The governor then gave orders to put them both on board a flip, and to carry them to a remote. country, inhabited by a rude and favage kind of men, who principally got their living by filming, were flrangers to riches, and lived in huts. The tailors having put them on fhore, there left them, when they were prefently furrounded by the inhabitants. The fituation of the rich man was now terrible, and he began to cry and wring his hands in the moft most abject manner; while the poor man feemed perfectly at ease, well knowing his labour would procure him his bread.

"The natives made them underfland by figns, that they would not hurt them, but would employ them in fithing and carrying wood. They were then both conducted to a diffarit wood, and thewed feveral logs, which they were ordered to carry to the cabins of the natives. They inflantly fet about their bufinefs, when the firength and activity of the poor man foon enabled him to complete his bufisnefs, before the rich man had finifhed half his.

"The natives, feeing the difference between the abilities of thefe two men, were very much prepoffeffed in favour of the bafket-maker, who they iuppofed would be very ufeful to them. They therefore fed him with what they called their dainties, while they gave the rich man a very fcanty allowance of their ordinary fare. However, labour had created him an appetite, and he fwallowed that meagre fare more heartily than he would at home have eat the moft luxurious food.

"Experience foon taught the rich man on what falle pretenfions he had before valued himfelf, and how much fuperior to him was a plain honeit labouring man.

"The backet-maker, on the other hand, bound twigs together in fo pretty a manner, as ornaments for the heads of the natives, that they became enraptured with him. They releafed him from his formet drudgery, brought him their choiceft provilions, and built him a hut to dwell in. As to the gentleman, who had neither abilities to do any thing pleafing, nor firength to labour, they made him the backet maker's fervant, and employed him

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in cutting reeds for his ufe. So effectually was the pride of the rich man mortified !

"Several months had elapted in this manner, when the governor of their native country fent for them, and ordered them to be brought before him. As foon as they appeared, he caft a ftern and fevere look on the gentleman, and thus addreffed him :

" I have now taught you, what a feeble, helplefs, and contemptible creature you are, and how inferior you are to the perfon you infulted. I fhall take care that you fhall make him reparation for the injury you have done him. Were I to punith you as you deferve, I fhould ftrip you of all your riches, as you wantonly deprived this man of the little all he poffeffed in this world; but I will act more humanely than you did, and therefore fentence you to give one half of your poffeffions to this poor injured man."

"The bafket-maker inftantly thanked the governor for his goodnefs; but begged leave to remind him, that having lived all his life in poverty, and laboured for his daily bread, he had no inclination for thofe poffeffions, of which he fhould not know the ufe. All he required, therefore, was to be put in the fame condition he formerly enjoyed, and thereby be enabled to get his bread.

"The noble control of the barket maker at the other of the barket maker af-"The noble generolity of the barket-maker aftonished the rich man, of whom misfortunes had made a different creature. He ever after treated the poor man as his friend, and was a benefactor to the diffreffed all the reft of his life."

As foon as the flory was ended, Tommy allowed it was very entertaining; but faid, had he been in the bafket-maker's place, he would have accepted of the governor's decree, and have taken one half of the gentleman's fortune. But Harry faid he would have

SANDFORD AND MERTON.

have done no fuch thing, left it fhould make him as proud, as idle, and as wicked as the other. Mr Barlow and the two young folks then went in to dinner.

CHAP. III.

F ROM this time, Mr Barlow and his two pupils worked every morning in the garden, and retired after their labour to the fummer-houfe, where they refreshed themfelves before dinner. By degrees, Tommy began to be angry with himfelf that he could not read, and at laft fpoke privately to Harry on the occasion, who very generoully proposed to learn him. He accordingly began with teaching him the alphabet, which he learned in the courie of a day. He then proceeded to spelling, and in a little time read tolerably well. All this was to be done without Mr Barlow knowing any thing of the matter, as Tommy wished to furprife him by reading him a leffon unexpectedly.

He purfued his fludy with very great attention, and Harry was by no means backward in giving him affiltance. At laft, being all three affembled in the fummer-houfe, and the book being given to Harry, Tommy feid, that, if Mr Barlow would give him permiffion, he would try to read. Mr Barlow replied, that he fhould have no objection, but he fhould as foon expect to fee him fly as to read. Tommy, however, with a fmile of confidence and felf-approbation took up the book, and, with great fluency, read the following hiftory of the two dogs.

" In one particular part of the world, which a-A 9 bounds bounds with firong and fierce wild beafts, a poer man happened to rear two puppies, of that fort which is molt elegened for fize and courage. From the very promifing appearance the puppies made, he thought one of them would be a very acceptable prefent to his landlord. Accordingly he gave him one, which he called Jowler, and kept the other, which he named Keeper, to look after his own flocks.

"Jowler was fent into a plentiful kitcken, where he foon became the favourite of the fervants, whom he diverted by his little tricks and gambols: hence it is no wonder that he lived in a dainty manner, and encreafed in fize and comelinefs. This pampered way of living, however, made him cowardly, he became a great glutton, and though he had plenty, yet he could not help thieving.

"With refpect to Keeper, his mode of living, was very different; for his maîter was a coor man, who lived hard, and was exposed to all weathers. Keeper grew active, diligent, and hardy, and being exposed to perpetual dangers from the wolves, with whom he had frequent combats, be grew bold and courageous. His honefly was unconquerable, for though left alone with meat on the table, he never touched any thing but what was given him.

"The poor man's landlord, happening to come into the country to examine his effates, brought Jowler with him to the place of his birth. On his arrival there, he was much furprifed to find Keeper fo much unlike his brother Jowler, who received a pat or two on the back from his mafter, as a mark of his fuperiority. An accident however, brought Jowler into difgrace.

"As the gentleman was one day walking in a thick wood, attended only by the two dogs, an hungry hungry wolf, whofe eyes fparkled like fire, with his briftles ftanding erech, and an horrid fnarl that filled the gentleman with terror, ruthed out of a thicket, and feemed determined to devour him. The unfortunate man gave himfelf over for loft; efpecially when he faw that his dog Jowler, inftead of flying to his affiltance, fneaked away, howling with fear, and hanging his tail between his legs.

"Happily for the gentleman, in this moment of defpair, the courageous Keeper, who had followed him at a diffance, humble and unobferved, ruthed to his affiftance, and fo courageoufly attacked the furious animal, that he at lait laid him dead on the apot, though poor Keeper received fome terrible wounds in the conflict.

"So pleafed was the gentleman with the courageous behaviour of the dog, that he defired his tenant would make an exchange with him, giving him permitlion, at the fame time, if he pleafed, to hang him as a cowardly worthlefs cur.

"The gentleman was no fooner gone, than the poor man was preparing to hang Jowler, and was actually putting the cord about his neck; but the unfortunate animal, who had been fpoiled by his mafter, licked his hand, and looked fo pitifully, that his tender heart relented, and he determined to try if he could not work a reformation in him.

"He was accordingly fed very fparingly, and exposed to all the inclemencies of the weather, fo that in a little time he became vigorous and active as he had before been lazy and indolent.

" Jowler being one day in the woods, and fill fearful of engaging with a wild beaft, was fuddenly attacked by a furious wolf, from whom he wifhed to make his efcape, but found it impofible. They

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fay neceffity makes cowards brave, at least it proved fo with Jowler, who then faced about, engaged the wolf, and killed him.

"The applaufes and careffes Jowler received on this first proof of his courage, animated him to greater exploits, and he foon became a terror to all the beafts of prey in that neighbourhood.

"Keeper, in the mean time, leading a life of luxury and eafe, foon degenerated, and acquired all the evil qualities which Jowler was poffetfed of, while in his place. Idlenefs and gluttony foon defroy all the qualities of the mind and body, and in the end lead to ruin.

"The gentleman deing defirous of making another excursion into the country, took his dog Keeper with him, in order to give him an opportunity of exercifing his skill against his old enemies, the wolves. The country people foon turned out one from a neighbouring wood; but great indeed was the alonishment of the gentleman, when he faw his dog run away on the first onfet. While the wolf was purfuing Keeper, another dog fprung forward, attacked the enraged animal, and foon killed him.

" It was natural for the gentleman to lament the cowardice of his favourite dog, and praife the noble fpirit of the other: but judge what mult be his furprize, when he found it was his ditearded dog Jowler. " I now plainly fee, (faid the gentleman) that courage is not to be expected from those who live a life of indolence and repofe. Unremitted exercife, and proper difcipline only, are capable of forcing the faculties to exert themfelves."

The flory being finished, "I clearly see (faid Mr Barlow) that if young gentlemen will but take pains, they may do as well as others." He rejoiced





joiced to find, that Tommy had made fo ufeful an acquifition, as that of learning to read. "I have no doubt, (continued Mr Barlow) that Tommy will one day become a fenfible man, and will hereafter be able to teach others."

Tommy feemed highly pleafed with thefe praifes, and determined to make himfelf as clever as other people. Indeed, he was naturally of a good difpolition, though the talents he poffeffed had been prevented from appearing by the bad habits of a wrong education. He was very paffionate, and thought every one obliged to obey him, who was not fo finely dreffed as himfelf. This opinion often 1-d him into errors, attended with difagreeable confequences, of which the following is an inflance.

Tommy one day happened to ftrike a ball with his bat into an adjoining field, in which a little ragged boy was walking. Tommy called to the boy in a very commanding tone to throw the ball over, but he took no notice of what was faid to him. Tommy then called out in a more angry tone than before, and afked the boy if he were deaf. " No, (replied the boy) for the matter of that I am not deaf." This enraged the young gentleman still more, and he threatened the boy, that, if he did not immediately throw the ball over, he would come into the field, and thrash him within an inch of his life. The boy then fet up a loud laugh, which fo provoked Tommy, that he clambered over the hedge, with an intent to leap into the field; but his foot happening to flip, down he went into a ditch full of mud and water. There Tommy lay tumbling about for fome time, in vain attempting to get out. His fine waiftcoat was totally fpoiled, his white flockings had affumed another colour, and his his breeches were filled with muddy water. In ftruggling to get out, he first lost one thoe and buckle, and then the other; and, to complete his misfortunes, his laced hat fell into the molt muddy part, and funk to the bottom.

At laft, the little ragged boy took pity on him, and helped him out, and Tommy was fo vexed and afhamed, that he was not able to fay a word, but fet off for home. Mr Barlow feing him in fuch a plight, was afraid he might have received fome injury; but, on hearing the whole of the bufinefs, he could not help fmiling, adviting Tommy to be more careful in future how he threatened others with punifhment.

The next day, being all three in the arbour together, Mr Barlow defired Harry to read the following flory of Androcles and the Lion.

"A flave, named Androcles, was to ill treated by his mafter, that his life became an infupportable burthen. Seeing no probability of an end to his mifery, he determined within himfelf, that it would be better to die, than to endure the feverities and hardfhips to which he was perpetually exposed. He accordingly determined to run away from his flavery, and feek an afylum among the favage inhabitants of the woods and forefts, lefs ferocious perhaps than he had found fome of his fellow creatures.

⁶ He accordingly took an opportunity of quitting his mafter's houfe, and went and hid himfelf in the receffes of a gloomy foreft at fome diftance from the town. In endeavouring to fhun one mifery, we often run into another; thus poor Androcles, though he had efcaped from the cruelty of his mafter, had freth difficulties to encounter. He found himfelf in a vaft and tracklefs wood, where

SANDFORD AND MERTON.

where he could find no food, and where his flefh was torn by thorns and brambles every flep he took. At laft, coming by accident to a large cavern, he there lay down, overcome with hunger, fatigue, and defpair.

"Androcles had not been long repoing in the cavern, when he heard a dreadful noife, refembling the roar of a wild beaft, which terrified him exceedingly. He flarted up in order to make his efcape, and ran to the mouth of the cave, when he faw an enormous lion coming towards him, and from whom there feemed no poffibility of efcaping. He now gave himfelf up as devoted to defiruction; but great indeed was his aftonithment, when he faw the animal advancing towards him in a grave and gentle pace, without flewing the leaft mark of rage or fury, but uttering a kind of mournful found, as if he himfelf wanted affiftance.

"This unexpected event gave fresh courage to Androcles, who was naturally bold and refolute. He attentively furveyed every part of his new favage acquaintance, who flood fill to give him leifure for that purpole. He observed, that the lion did not put all his feet to the ground, and that one of them feemed wounded. He boldly advanced, took hold of it, and attentively furveyed it, when he perceived in it a large thorn, which must have occafioned great pain to the animal, as the leg was in confequence very much fwelled. However, he carefully pulled out the thorn, and then fqueezed the foot to force out the matter that had gathered there.

"The operation was no fooner completed, than the grateful animal jumped round him, and put himfelf into as many attitudes of joy, as does the pampered lap-dog, when, after a fhort abfence, he again finds himfelf with his fond and delicate miftrefs. "Androcles became the lion's furgeon and completely cured his patient, who, in return, never went out in purfuit of prey, without bringing fomething for the fupport of his kind phyfician, and fuch as was more adapted to the nature of man, than to that of a lion.

"Our fugitive and his favage friend lived in this ftrange kind of hofpitality for fome months, when Androcles, happening one day to wander too far from his retreat, was taken by a party of foldiers, and conducted back to his matter. Being tried and convicted, by the fevere laws of his country, he was condemned to be devoured by a lion, kept fome time without food to make him the more fierce and ravenous.

"The fatal moment arrived, and the wretched Androcles was exposed unarmed, in a fpacious place properly enclosed, round which were affembled an innumerable crowd to be witneffes to this inhuman fcene." A den was opened, and out of it rushed a furious lion, uttering fo dreadful a yell as filled all the spectators with horror. He fprang towards the helpefs victim, with an erected mane, flaming eyes, and jaws gaping with destruction.

"Pity commanded a mournful filence, and every eye was turned on the devoted victim, whole nilferies feemed to be haftening to a period. Pity and horror, however, were foon changed into wonder and aftonihment, when they beheld the furious animal, inftead of tearing the victim in pieces, flop fuddenly in his career, and fubmifilively crouch at the feet of Androcles, as a faithful dog does at thofe of his mafter.

"Androcles was then loudly called upon by the governor of the town, to explain to him and the spectators. fpectators the caufe of fo unintelligible a myftery, how fuch a fierce and favage wild beaft fhould, in a moment, be converted into a quiet and peaceful animal. Androcles then related every thing that had paffed betwen him and the lion in the wood, and in what manner he had there entertained him.

"Every one prefent was equally delighted and aftonifhed at the honeft narrative, and were happy to find, that even the molt favage beaft may be foftened by gratitude, and moved by humanity. They unanimoufly exerted their interefts to gain pardon for Androcles, and they fucceeded in their endeavours. He was pardoned and prefented with the lion, to whom Androcles twice owed his life."

The flory being now finished, Tommy feemed vaftly pleafed with it; but could not comprehend how the wild beafts of the foreft could thus be tamed. To this Mr Barlow observed, that wild beafts never do any mifchief but when they are hungry; whereas many human beings, and fome children in particular, plague and torment animals frequently out of mere wantonnels and cruelty, and in that refpect are worfe than the beafts of the foreft.

This just obfervation of Mr Barlow ftruck Harry very forcibly. " I remember, Sir, (faid he) in going along the road, I met with a wicked boy, who was treating a poor afs very cruelly. The animal was lame, and the boy beat him unmercifully, because he could not go faster than he was able. I afked him, how he would like to be treated in that manner himfelf. He replied, it was his father's afs, and he had a right to do with it as he pieased. He added, if I were faucy, he would ferve me in the fame manner. I do not like to be quarrelfome, or offend any one; but, as I thought he was very much in the wrong, I told him he was a cruel creature, and that I was not afraid of him, though he was, almoft twice my fize. Upon this he attacked me with his flick; but I foon made him fick of the conteft. You have often told me, that thofe who blufter moft, are generally the greateft cowards. He no fooner found I had maftered him, than he earneftly begged, while he lay upon the ground, that I would not hurt him. I told him I would not, if he would promife not to ufe his afs ill any more. Upon his folemnly affuring me that he would never again treat the poor animal with inhumanity, I forgave him, and we both went on our own way."

Mr Barlow applauded the conduct of Harry, and obferved, that he fuppofed the afs boy looked as foolifh as Tommy did, when the ragged boy helped him out of the ditch. A convertation then took place betwen Mr Barlow and Tommy, which fo much convinced the little gentleman of his imprudent behaviour, that he could hardly refrain from tears : and, as he was naturally of a generous temper, he determined to make the poor boy amends the fift time he fhould meet with him.

CHAP. IV.

IT was not long before he had an opportunity of difplaying his promifed generofity; for as he was that afternoon walking over the fields, he faw the poor boy gathering blackberries. Tommy inflantly ran up to him, and afked him, if he had no better clothes than those on his back, which hung all in rags. "No, fir, (replied the poor boy) these thefe are my best. I have brothers and fisters, who are as ragged as myfelf; but what is worfe, we are all half flarved."

On Tommy's afking him what could be the caufe of that, the poor boy replied, "that his father was ill of a fever, and was unable to work ; and that his mammy told him, they muft all flarve, unlefs God Almighty took pity on them." Tommy, without making any reply, ran home as faft as he could, and prefently returned with a loaf of bread, and a fuit of his plaineft clothes. "Here, poor boy, (faid he) you behaved very kindly to me, and therefore I give you thefe. I am a gentleman, and thall not mifs them." The boy received this prefent with every mark of gratitude, and Tommy turned from him without faying a word more, highly delighted with his own feelings on this his firft act of humanity.

The next morning early, Tommy defired Harry to accompany him to an old-clothes fhop in a neighbouring village. On their arrival there, Tommy laid out all his money, which amounted to fifteen fhillings and fix-pence, in buying clothes for the poor ragged family. As they were tied up in a bundle, Tommy gave them to Harry to carry, to which he readly confented; but, at the fame time afked him, in a friendly manner, why he could not carry it himfelf. Tommy replied, gentlemen never carry bundles, but that common people always carry them for them. Harry hereupon very juftly obferved, that gentlefolks fhould have neither hands, nor feet, nor eyes, nor ears, nor mouths, becaufe common people have them.

They walked on, converfing in this manner, till they arrived at the cottage of the poor man whom they

they found much better, owing to fome medicines Mr Barlow had given him the preceding night. Tommy then asked for the little boy, and, as soon as he appeared, told him, that he had brought fome clothes for him and the reft of the little family. The manner in which they were received fhewed how much they were wanted. The fincere bleffings of the good woman and her hufband were fo affecting, that Tommy and his companion could not help fhedding tears of joy. As they were returning home, the young gentleman obferved, that he had never before fpent money with fo much fatisfaction as on this occasion; and that, for the time to come, he would fave up all the money that was given him, and apply it to thefe charitable purposes, instead of spending it in the purchase of baubles.

On their return home, Tommy acquainted Mr Barlow with what he had done, which met with the hearty applaufes of that worthy gentleman. In the evening, Mr Barlow, in return for Tommy's goodneis, read him the following flory of The Two Brothers.

"Among the numerous adventurers, who went to South America in purfuit of gold and filver, was a Spaniard, whofe name was Pizarro, and who, like others, was anxious to try his fortune. As he had a great affection for his elder brother, he communicated to him his defign, and earneftly entreated him to go along with him, promifing to give him an equal fhare of whatever the expedition fhould produce.

"His brother, whofe name was Alonzo, was a man of good understanding and easy temper. He did not much like the proposed expedition, and endeavoured endeavoured to perfuade Pizarro to abandon it, reprefenting to him the certain dangers he would have to encounter, and the great uncertainty of fuccefs. However, perceiving that all arguments were in vain, he confented to accompany him, declaring at the fame time, that he wanted no part of the riches he might procure, and only afked to have a few fervants and his baggage taken on board the fhip with him. Pizarro then difpofed of all his effects, purchafed a veffel, and embarked with feveral other adventurers, who had no doubt of making immenfe fortunes. Alonzo, on the other hand, took with him only a few plows, harrows and other implements of hufbandry; together with fome corn, and feeds of different forts of vegetables. Though this conduct appeared very fittange to Pizarro, yet he took nonotice of it to his brother, withing to avoid the leaft appearance of .

"A profperous gale wafted them acrofs the Atlantic, when they put into the laft port they intended to ftop at, till they fhould reach the land of gold and filver. Here Pizarro purchafed feveral more implements ufed in digging for, melting, and refining, the gold he doubted not of finding, and also procuring more labourers to affift him in the work. On the other hand, Alonzo purchafed enly a few fheep, and four flout oxen properly harnefied for ploughing.

"From hence they fet fail, and arrived fafe at the defined port. Alonzo then acquainted his brother, that as his intentions were only to accompany and affift him in the voyage, he fhould fray near the borders of the fea with his fervants and cattle, while he traverfed the country in fearch

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of gold; and, as foon as he had procured as much as he wanted, he fhould be ready to accompany him back to Spain, whenever he fhould return to the coaft.

"Pizarro fet out immediately, and, though he faid nothing to his brother, he could not help exprefing his contempt of him to his companions. " I have always been accuftomed, (faid he to his followers) to confider my brother as a man of fenfe; but I now perceive my miftake. He intends to amufe himfelf with his fheep and oxen, as if he were actully on his own farm in Spain. We, however, know better than to wafte our time in that manner. We, in a fhort time, fhall enrich ourfelves for the reft of our lives." His fpeech was univerfally applauded, excepting by one Spaniard, who, as he marched on, fhook his head, and told Pizarro, that he probably might not find this brother fo great a fool as he imagined.

ourfelves for the reft of our lives." His fpeech was univerfally applauded, excepting by one Spa-niard, who, as he marched on, fhook his head, and told Pizarro, that he probably might not find this brother fo great a fool as he imagined. "They continued their journey into the country for feveral days, and met with numberlefs obfta-cles, fuch as being obliged to crofs rivers, to af-cend craggy mountains, and penetrate almost im-pervious forefts; fometimes fcorched with the in-tenfe heat of the fun, and then focked by the vi-olent rains that fell. In fpite of all difficulties, they purfued their fearch for gold, and luckily at laft came to a place where they found it in tole-rable quantities. Succefs infpired them with cou-rage. and they continued their labours on the fpot, rage, and they continued their labours on the foot, till their provisions were all expended. Though they gained gold, they fuffered much from hunger, but contended themfelves with living on fuch roats and berries as the earth fpontaneoufly produced. Even this fupply at last failed them, and, after

after losing feveral of their company by famine and hardthips, the reft with difficulty crawled back to the place where they had left Alonzo, carrying with them that pernicious gold, for which they had exposed themfelves to the dangers of death in fo many miterable fhapes.

"In the mean time, Alonzo, who forefaw all thefe difatters, was employing himfelf in a far more ufeful manner. His knowledge in hufbandry pointed out to him a fpot of confiderable extent and fruitful foil, which he ploughed up by the affiftance of his fervants and the oxen he had brought with him. He then committed the different feeds, with which he had furnished himfelf, to the bofom of the earth. Every thing profpered beyond expectation, and a plentiful harveft rewarded his toils. His fheep alfo proved prolific. In the intervals of time, Alonzo and his fervants employed themfelves in filhing; and the fift hey caught they dried and falted, having found falt upon the fea-fhore. So that by this time they had formed a tolerable magazine of provisions.

"Alonzo received his brother Pizarro, on his return, with the utmoft refpect, and enquired what fuccefs he had met with. Pizarro then informed him of the vaft quantity of gold they had found, but that feveral of his comrades had perifhed, and that those who remained were in a flarving condition. He immediately requefted his brother to give him fomething to eat, as he had taited no other food for two days than the roots and barks of trees.

"To this requeft, Alonzo very coolly replied, that his brother thould remember, on their departure from Europe, that they had agreed not to interfere with each other; and that, as he bid relinquilted quifhed all pretentions to the gold they might difcover, they could have no right to any part of the produce of his labour. " If you think proper, (added Alonzo) to exchange fome of your gold for provitions, I fhall then be ready to accommodate you."

"However unkind Pizarro thought this behaviour of his brother, he and his companions, being in a flarving condition, were obliged to tubmit to his demands. Alonzo placed fo high a value on his provifions, that he foon became malter of all the gold they had collected, merely to procure them articles of fubliftence. Alonzo then propofed to his brother to embark for Europe, as the veffel in which they had arrived at America was fill in good condition, and the winds and weather favourable.

"Pizarro, with a ftern, haughty, and difdainful look, replied, that fince he had ftripped him of all the wealth he had acquired with fuch danger and fatigue, and treated him fo unbrotherly, he might return without him. As to himfelf, he faid he would remain upon that defart fhore, and there end his life. Alonzo, inftead of refenting this language, caught his brother in his arms, and thus addreffed him:

" Is it poffible, that my dear brother could believe that I meant to deprive him of the gold he has fo dearly bought? May all the gold in the univerfe perifh, rather than that I fhould treat you in fuch a manner! I perceived your impetuous defire for riches, and I have taken this method to draw you from your attachment to them. My prudence and induftry appeared to you as chimerical, fance you imagined, that nothing can be wanting to him him who poffeffes riches; but you have now learned, that all the gold you had found would not have prevented you and your followers from flarving, had not my indultry and forefight prevented it. I am willing to flatter myfelf, that you will be wifer for the future; and, therefore, take back your gold, and make a proper use of it for the time to come."

"This unexpected generofity of Alonzo, filled Pizarro with aftonihment and gratitude, and he was, for the first time, obliged to confefs, that industry and prudence were preferable to gold. They then embarked for Europe, and, after an easy palfage, arrived fafe in Spain. Pizarro, during the voyage, often entreated his brother to accept of one half of the gold, which Alonzo invincibly refused, faying, that he who can raife what is fufficient for the fupply of his natural wants, flands in no need of the affifiance of gold."

of the alfiltance of gold." When Mr Barlow had finished this story, Tommy observed, that he thought Alonzo was a very senfible man, since, by his good conduct, he preferved the lives of his brother and his companions. "It must be, (continued Tommy) a fad thing to be in a country where one can get nothing to eat." Mr Barlow replied, that the sufferings of Pizarro and his men were not to be compared to those of some Russians, who were left upon the coast of Spitzbergen, and there obliged to shift for themselves.

bergen, and there obliged to fhift for themfelves. On Tommy's afking where Spitzbergen was, Mr Barlow replied, " It is in a far northern country, which is perpetually covered with ice and fnow, owing to the feverity of the weather. The foil is hardly capable of producing any vegetable, and only a few animals are found in the country. The illand is, a great part of the year, in perpetual darknefs. nefs, and is at that time inacceffible to fhips. Though it is impoffible to form to the mind a more dreary country, and where human life muft be fupported with the greateft difficulty; yet, in fpite of all thefe obflacles, four men ftruggled with them fix years, and three of them returned fafe to their own country."

Tommy observed, that this must be a very curious flory, and that he should be very glad to hear it. Mr Barlow replied, that he would take the first opportunity to gratify his curiosity, and that probably he should not keep him long in suspense.

CHAP. V.

THE next day, Mr Barlow entertained Tommy with the following narrative of the extraordinary adventures of four Ruffian Sailors, who were caft away on the defert ifland of Eaft Spitzbergen.

"Thefe northern feas, (faid Mr Barlow) owing to the exceffive cold of the climate. are frequently fo full of ice as to render it exceedingly hazardous to fhips, which are thereby exposed to the danger of being cruthed between two bodies of immenfe ice, or of being fo completely furrounded, as to deprive them of every power of moving from the fpot.

"In this latter alarming fituation were the crew of a Ruffian fhip. A council was immediately held, when the mate mentioned, what he recollected to have heard, that a fhip's crew from Mcfen, fome time before, had formed a refolution of paffing the winter upon this ifland, and for that purpole had carried timber proper for building a hut at a little diftance from the fhore. This information tion led the whole company to form the refolution of wintering there, fhould the hut be fortunately remaining. They were induced to adopt this meafure from the certainty of perifhing fhould they remain in the fhip. They therefore deputized four of their crew to go in fearch of the hut, and make what further difcoveries they could. Thefe were Alexis Himkof the mate, Iwan Himkof his god-fon, Stephon Scharoffof, and Feodor Weregin.

which they were to land, it was abfolutely neceffary for them to carry fome provisions with them for their fupport. They had to make their way, for nearly two miles, over loofe heaps of ice, which the water had raifed, and the wind had driven against each other; and this made it equally difficult and dangerous. From this confideration, they avoided loading themfelves too much with provifions, left their weight might fink them between the pieces of ice, where they must inevitably perish. == Having previoufly confidered all thefe matters, they provided themfelves only with a mulket and powder-horn, containing twelve charges of powder and ball; an axe, a fmall kettle, a bag with about twenty pounds of flour, a knife, a tinder-box and tinder, a bladder filled with tobacco, and every man his wooden pipe. Thus poorly equipped, thefe four failors reached the ifland, little thinking what they were to endure while they remained on it. "After exploring fome fmall part of the country,

"After exploring fome fmall part of the country, they diffeovered the hut they were in purfuit of, at the diffance of about an English mile and a half from the fhore.—Its length was thirty-fix feet, and its height and breadth eighteen. It confifted of a fmall antichamber, about twelve feet broad, having two two doors, the one to exclude the outer air, and the other to form a communication with the inner room. This contributed not a little to keep the larger room warm, when it was once heated. They found in the larger room an earthen flove, conftructed in the Ruffian manner. They rejoiced exceedingly at this difcovery, though they found the hut had fuffered very much from the feverity of the weather, it having been built a confiderable time. However, they contrived to make it fupportable for that night.

" The next morning early they repaired to the fhore, in order to acquaint their comrades with their fuccefs, and alfo to get from the veffel fuch provisions, ammunition, and other necessaries, as might in fome measure enable them to ftruggle with the approaching winter. But what pen can properly deferibe the terrible fituation of their minds, when, coming to the place at which they landed, they difcovered nothing but an open fea, clear of all ice, though, but a day before, it had covered the ocean 1 During the night, a violent ftorm had arifen, which had been the caufe of this change of appearance in the ocean. Whether the ice, which had before furrounded the veffel, being put into motion by the violence of the winds and waves had crushed the ship to pieces, or whether she had been carried by the current into the main ocean, it was impoffible for them to determine. However, they faw the ship no more, and as she was never afterwards heard of, it is most likely that she went to the bottom with every foul on board.

"This dreadful event deprived the poor unhappy wretches of all hopes of ever again feeing their native country. They returned to their hut, and there bewailed their deplorable lot, more, perhaps, to to be pitied, than those who were buried in the bofom of the deep.

" Their thoughts were, in courfe, first directed to procure fublitance, and to repair their hut. Their twelve charges of powder and thot foon produced them as many rein-deer, of which there fortunately happened to be many on the ifland. They then fet about repairing their hut, and filled up all the crevices, through which the air found its way, with the mofs that grew there in plenty. As it was impofible to live in that climate without fire, and as no wood grew upon the ifland, they were much alarmed on that account. However, in their wanderings over the beach, they met with plenty of wood, which had been driven on fhore by the waves. This principally confifted of the wrecks of fhips; but fometimes whole trees with their roots came on fhore, the undoubted produce of fome more hospitable clime, which were washed from their native foil by the over flowings of rivers, or fome other accident.

"As foon as their powder and fhot were exhaufted, they began to be in dread of perifhing with hunger ; but good fortune, and their own ingenuity, to which neceflity always gives a fpur, removed these dreadful apprehensions. In the courie of their traverfing the beach, they one day discovered fome boards, in which were large hooks and nails in abundance. By the affiftance of thefe they made fpears and arrows, and, from a yew tree, which had been thrown on fhore by the waves, they formed plenty of bows. With these weapons during the time of their continuance on the island, they killed upwards of two hundred and fifty reindeer, belides a great number of blue and white. R

foxes.

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foxes. The fielh of thefe animals ferved them for tood, and their fkins were equally ufeful in fupplying them with warm clothing. The number of white bears they killed were only ten; for thefe animals being very fitong, defended themfelves with great vigour and fury and even ventured to make their appearance frequently at the door of their hut, from whence they were driven with fome difficulty and danger. Thus thefe three different forts of animals were the only food of thefe miferable mariners during their long and dreary abode on this illand.

"The intenfenels of the cold, and the want of proper conveniencies, rendered it impoffible for them to cook there victuals properly, fo that they were obliged to eat their provisions almost raw, and without bread or falt. Their was but one flove in the hut, and that being in the Ruffian manner, was not proper for boiling. However, to remedy this inconvenience as much as poffible, they dried fome of their provisions, during the fummer, in the open air, and then hung them up in the upper part of the hut, which being continually filled with fmoke, they thus became thoroughly dried. This they ufed inflead of bread, which made them relift their half boiled meat the better.

"" "They procured their water in fummer from the rivultes that fell from the rocks, and in the winter from fnow and ice thawed. This was their only drink, and their fmall kettle was the only convenience they had to make use of for this and many other purpoles. As it was necessfary to keep up a continual fire they were particularly cautious not to let the light be extinguished; for, though they had both steel and flints, yet they had no tinder, and it would have been a terrible thing to be without light in a climate, where darknefs reigns fo many months during winter. They therefore fafhioned a kind of lamp, which they filled with rein-deer fat, and fluck into it fome twifted linen, fhaped in the form of a wick. After many trials, they at laft brought their lamp to complete perfection, and kept it burning, without intermifion, from the day they first made it, till they embarked for their native country. They alfo found themfelves in want of fhoes, boots, and other neceffary articles of drefs, for all which they found wonderful refources in that genius, to which neceffity gives birth.

"Having lived more than fix years upon this dreary and inhefpitable ifland, a fhip happened to arrive there, which took three of them on board, and carried them back to their native country. The fourth man was feized with the fcurvy, and being naturally indolent, and not using proper exercite, he died, after lingering for fome time, when his companions buried him in the fnow.

"These (faid Mr Barlow) are the principal particulars of this extraordinary flory, and which are fufficient to shew how many accidents mankind are exposed to, and the wonderful expedients, which ingenuity and necesity can find out under the most dreadful circumstances."

Tommy was going to make fome remarks on this fingular adventure, when he was interrupted by the appearance of Harry, who brought with him the chicken he had faved, as before mentioned, from the claws of the kite. The animal was perfectly recovered of its wounds, and was fo grateful to its preferver, that whenever it faw Har-

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ry, it would hover about him, hop on his fhoulder, and fhew every other mark of tenderness and gratitude.

Tommy was vaftly delighted with this fcene, and enquired by what means he had made it fo tame and gentle. Harry replied, that he had taken no pains about the matter, but that he had treated the animal kindly, and that every creature would always be friendly with those who treated them well. Mr Barlow here interfered, and told Tommy, that it he wanted to tame animals, he must be good to them, and treat them with kindneis.

This converfation between Mr Barlow, Tommy, and Harry, lafted fome time, after which Tommy refolved to try his fkill in taming animals. He accordingly took a large flice of bread in his hand, and fallied forth in purfuit of fome animal on whom he might make the experiment.

The first object he met with was a fucking-pig, which had wandered fome diffance from the fow, and was baiking in the fun. Tommy immediately began to put his skill to the trial, and called out, "Piggy, piggy, piggy, come hither, little piggy!" The pig, however not understanding his meaning or intentions, ran away grunting. Tommy accused the pig of ingratitude, in thus running away from him when he meant him a kindnefs. "And fince, (faid the little gentleman) you do not know what is good manners, I will teach you to behave better for the future." So faying he forung at the pig and caught him by one of his hind legs, intending to make him eat the bread he had in his hand; but the uncomplaifant animal, who was not used to fuch kind of treatment, began ftruggling and fqueaking fo violently, that the old dam, who was within hearing, inftantly ran to the affiftance of her pig, attended by all her young family. As Tommy apprehended the old fow would be lefs complaifant than even her pig, he thought it advifeable to let the young one go, when the pig, in endeavouring to get away with all pofible fpeed, ran between his legs, and threw him down.

The fcene of this action being in a very dirty place, Tommy was covered with mud and mire from head to foot, and the fow, who reached the fpot at that inflant, ran over him as he was rifing, and encreafed his dirty condition. As Tommy, though naturally good-natured, was not remarkably cool in his temper, he was fadly irritated at thefe ungrateful returns for his intended kindnefs. He inflantly feized the fow by one of the hind legs, and began beating her with a flick, which he picked up in the mire. We may naturally fuppofe, that the fow did not like this kind of treatment, but endeavoured to efcape. Tommy, however, kept his hold, fill beating the fow, who dragged him feveral yards, fqueaking all the time in the moft pitiful manner, to which the young pigs added the mufic of their pipes.

A flock of geefe happened to be croffing the road at this time, among which the angry fow ran dragging Tommy at her heels. The gollings ran away affrighted, joining the noife of their cracklings to the general concert; but the gander that attended them was not at all difmayed. He fo furroully attacked Tommy in the breech with his bill, that the little gentleman was obliged to give up the conteft, and fuffer the flow to efcape.

The noise alarming Mr Barlow, he haftened to B 3 the the fpot, and found his pupil in this molt woeful plight. He enquired into the caufe of this difafter, when Tommy, as foon as he was able to fpeak, told him every thing that had happened, and concluded with faying, " All this, Sir, is the confeguence of what you have told me concerning the taking of animals."

Mr Barlow told him, that before he atterpted to make tree with any animal, he thould make himfelf acquainted with his nature and difpofition. He then advifed Tommy to go into the houfe and get himfelf cleaned, after which they would talk over the matter more fully.

CHAP. VI.

TOMMY and Harry went the next day into the garden, to fow fome wheat, which Harry had brought with him from his father's, on a piece of ground, which Tommy had dug and prepared for the purpofe. After they had finished their labour, they returned into the house, when Mr Barlow detited Tommy to read the following History of the Good-natured Little Boy, which he accordingly did in a very clear and diffingt voice.

"One morning, a little boy fet out from his own home to go to a village at a fmall diftance, and took with him a bafket of provisions fufficient to ferve him the whole day. In the courfe of his journey, a half-flarved dog came up to him wagging his tail, and feemingly to implore his compaffion. The little boy at first took no notice of him; but feeing the dog ftill follow him, and obferving how how lean and meagre he looked, he gave him part of his victuals, though he had no more than what he (hould want for himfelf.

"The little boy then purfued his journey, the dog ftill attending him, and fawning upon him with gratitude and affection. Prefently he faw a poor old horde lying upon the ground, and groaning bitterly. He went up to him, and perceived he was in a flarving condition. Though he was afraid of being benighted before he should get back, he went and gathered fome grafs, which he put to the horfe's mouth who began to eat it in fuch a man-ner as plainly flewed, that his principal diforder was hunger. He then fetched fome water in his hat, which the animal having drank up, feemed to be fo much refreshed, that it foon got on its legs,

be for much refrethed, that it foon got on its regs, and began grazing. "He then continued his journey, and prefently faw a man wading about in a pond of water, and feemingly incapable of finding his way out of it-The little boy afked him, why he did not get out of the pond; to which the poor man replied, that he was blind, and having fallen into it, he could not get out again. The little boy told him, that if he would throw him his flick, he would endea-ions to get at him, though he fhould he eyer for vour to get at him, though he fhould be ever fo wet in the attempt. The blind man threw his flick, and the good boy groped his way into the pond, taking care not to get out of his depth. At length he reached the the blind man, and conducted him he reacting the the olim main, and conducted him fafely out. The blind man gave him a thoufand bleflings, and the little boy again refumed his journey. "He had not got a great way from hence, when he met a poor failor, who had loft both his legs in

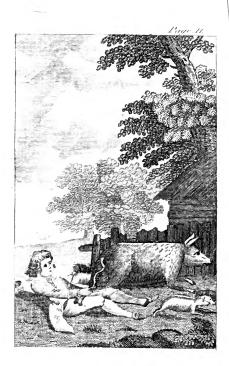
an engagement, and was hobbling along upon

erutches. The poor failor begged charity of the little boy, faying he had neither victuals nor money, and was almoit familhed. The tender hearted child immediately gave him all the victuals he had left, telling him he had nothing elfe to give him. He then ran the reft of the way, and getting to the place he was going to, he did his butinefs, and fet out for his home with all poffible fpeed.

"He had not got far on his return before night commenced, which proved exceedingly dark, nei-ther moon nor flars making their appearance. The poor boy, miffing his way, turned down a lane, which brought him into a wood, where he loft himfelf, and was unable to proceed. Overcome with fatigue and hunger, he fat himfelf down upon the ground crying bitterly. At last, the little dog, who had never left him, came to him, wagging his tail, and holding fomething in his mouth. He foon found it was a handkerchief nicely pinned together, which fomebody had probably dropped, and the dog had picked up. The contents of it, which were bread and meat, he eat most heartily, and then found himfelf much refreshed. Thus the dog, to whom the little boy had given a breakfaft, provided him with a fupper.

"He again attempted to make his way through the wood, but in vain, and was almost giving himfelf up to defpair, when he faw, by the light of the moon, which was just beginning to fhine, the horfe he had fed in the morning. He thought, if he would permit him to get on his back, he might probably carry him out of the wood into the road. He then went up to the horfe, ftroked him, and fpoke to him kindly, and he let him get quietly on his back. The horfe than proceeded on flowly till he got into e the





the main road, when the little boy got off his back, ftroked and patted him by way of kindnefs, and then proceeded towards his own home.

" He had not, however, gone a great way, before he met with another danger to encounter. As he was paffing through a folitary lane, two men rufhed out upon him, and were preparing to ftrip him of his clothes, when the little dog bit the leg of one of the men fo violently, that he left the little boy to purfue the dog, who ran away howling and barking. In this critical moment a voice was heard crying out, "There the villains are; knock them down!" This frightened the thieves fo much that they inflantly decamped.

The little boy then faw it was the failor he had relieved in the morning, fupported on the thoulders of the blind man, whom he had conducted out of the pond. "Thank God, my little dear, (faid the failor) I have now been able to return your kindnefs to me in the morning. As I was fitting in a ditch, I heard thefe two fellows lay the plan of robbing you; and, as I was unable to follow them, I got this blind man to let me fit on his fhoulders, while he carried me to the fpot where they intended to attack you."

"The little youth thanked them kindly, and, from what had paffed that day, was fully convinced, that a good action never goes unrewarded. He then invited them home to his father's houfe, where they were kindly entreated for the night, and he took care of his favourite dog as long as he lived."

Tommy, having thus finished the flory, was vafly pleafed with it, and particularly with that part which speaks of the fidelity of the dog. Upon this occasion Mr Barlow observed to him, that those ani-

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raals would be equally fond of him, provided he were kind to them, and allowed them fome little time to be acquainted with him; for, as he juftly obferved, nothing equals the gratitude and fagacity of a dog. "But, (added Mr Barlow) fince you have been fo well pleafed with this flory, Harry fhall read you the adventures of an ill-natured Boy, and he accordingly proceeded as follows.

" It is a great misfortune for children to have bad parents, who take no care of them, and fuch was the unhappy lot of a little youth, who might have been happier and better under a good parent. He drew on himfelf the name of the Ill-natured Boy, and, as he was quarrelfome, he became difagreeable to every one. This little boy had a dog that in temper refembled himfelf, as he was always barking at the heels of every horfe, and worrying every fheep he met with.

"One holiday, his father got up early in the morning, in order to go to the ale-houfe, and confume the day in drunkennefs and riot. Before he went out, he gave his fon fome provifions and fixpence telling him, that he might amufe himfelf that day as he liked. The boy was very much pleafed with this liberty, and taking with him his dog Tiger, he fet out on his ramble.

" He had not gone far, before he met a lad with a flock of theep, which the youth withed to drive through a gate into a field adjoining to the road. The little thepherd begged of him to keep off hisdog that he might not frighten his theep; but, inftead of complying with fo reatonable a requeft he ordered his dog to feize them. Tiger, thus encouraged, forung into the middle of the flock, when the afhighted theep difperfed in different directions. The maßter

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mafter and his dog equally enjoyed this ill-natured and inhuman sport. Tiger happened, however, to attack an old ram, who, having more courage than the reft, handled Tiger very rough-ly, and obliged him at lak to run away howing. In the mean time, the little fhepherd, highly irritated at this unworthy treatment, taking up a ftone, threw it with fo good an aim, that he gave the illnatured boy fuch a blow on the temples as almost brought him to the ground. As he was naturally a coward, he walked off crying, both he and his dog being fick of the bufinefs.

" He had hardly recovered from the fmart the blow had occafioned, than he began to think of fresh mischief. He faw a little girl standing by a ftyle with a large pan of milk by her fide. She begged him to help her to put it on her head, for the withed to get home as foon as the could, left her mother thould wait for it; and that it was to make a pudding for the family, who had not had a good meal for fome days. The wicked boy, taking up the jug, pretended to put it on her head; but, just as the had got hold of it, he feigned to make a flumble, gave her a pufh, and overturned the milk upon her, and then ran away laughing.

" He prefently afterwards came to a green, where feveral boys were playing, and, on his afking to be permitted to make one of them, they readily confented. His mifchievous disposition was still at work, and taking an opportunity when the ball came to him, inftcad of throwing it the right way, he struck it into a deep muddy ditch. The little boys ran in a hurry to find it, and as they were fanding one behind the other on the brink, he gave the boy furthest behind a violent push, and he preffing fing on the reft, they all tumbled into the ditch together. As foon as they got out, entirely covered with mud and mire, they were preparing to give him a found drubbing; but he got Tiger between his legs, whom he clapped on his fides, and on the dog's fhewing his teeth and grinning, they were afraid to proceed. Thus he again efcaped without punifiment.

"He foon afterwards met with a jack-afs quietly feeding in a ditch, and he determined to have, as he called it, fome fun with the animal. He accordingly cut a large bunch of thorns, which he contrived to fix to the poor bealt's tail, and then fetting "Iger at him, he was greatly diverted with the fright and agony of the animal. Tiger, however, paid dear for his mafter's fport; for, as he was biting the animal's heels, he received fo violent a kick as laid him dead on the fpot. As this fad boy had no feelings of compaffion, he did not care much for the fate of his dog, whom he left with the utmoft unconcern, and then fat down to regale himfeif.

"He had not been long in that fituation, when a poor blind man came groping his way with a couple of flicks. Though this man was a true object of pity and compation, yet the wicked little boy was determined to play him a trick. He afked the blind man if he would eat a bit with him, and on his accepting his offer, he got up to lead the man to the place where he fat; but, inftead of fo doing, he placed him on a parcel of wet dung. He then took a bit of meat between his fingers to put into the blind man's mouth; but he, perceiving the trick that was played him, made a fnap at the boy's fingers, and catching them between his teeth, made him roar moft luftily. After the blind man had put him to a great deal of pain, he let his fingers loofe; adviling him never more to be guilty of fuch improper conduct.

" Even this punishment was not fufficient to cure him of his propentity for mifchief; for he had not gone much farther, before he faw a lame beggar walking on two crutches. The beggar craved his charity, when the mifchievous little boy, pulling out his fix pence, threw it on the ground, and bid him take it; but, as the poor man was flooping to pick it up, this wicked boy knocked his crutches from under him, and the beggar fell upon his face, when he fnatched up the fix-pence, and ran away laughing. " His career of wickedness was, however, now at

an end; for, obferving two men coming up to the beggar, he ran away as fast as he could over feveral fields. At last he came to a farmer's orchard, and; . as he was clambering over the fence, a large dog feized him, and held him faft. Being terribly frightened, he roared out luilily, which brought out the farmer, who instantly called off his dog, but feized hold of the boy, faying, "So, my lad; I have caught you at lait ! You thought you might fteal my apples when you pleafed; but you are millaken, and you thall now fuffer for all." So faying, he laid a whip he had in his hand very fmarily on his back and fhoulders. In vain did the Ill natured Boy roar and cry as loud as he could; for the farmer did not let him go till he had given him a fevere whipping.

"He now began to be fenfible, that punifhment does not fail at last to overtake the wicked ; but the measure of his misfortunes was not yet completed. As he jumped down from a ftyle, he found himfelf in the hands of the lame beggar he had thrown on his face. He cried and begged B 7

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pardon, but the lame man gave him a fevere threshing before he let him depart.

"He again purfued his journey, roaring and erying molt bitterly with pain; and, to encreafa his misfortunes, he had not gone much further, before he found himfelf furrounded by the boys he. had to ill-ufed in the morning. As foon as they faw him without his dog, they fet up a fhout, and began to torment him different ways. Some pulled his hair, and others pinched him ; fome pelted him with dirt, and others inapped their handkerchiefs at his legs. He endeavoured in vain to make his escape, as they were deaf to his tears and entreaties. At last, however, he happened to fee the jack-afs he had tormented in the morning, when he fprung upon his back, hoping by that means to efcape. The afs inftantly gallopped away with him, and foon bore him from his enemies; but, the animal ftill keeping his pace, in fpite of the efforts of the Hl-natured Loy to prevent him, on a fudden ftopped fbort at the door. of a cottage, and began kicking and prancing with fuch violence, that he threw the little boy from his back, and his leg broke in the fall.

"His cries brought out the family, and among them the little girl, whofe milk he had fpilled in the morning. However, they took him in, laid him on the bed, and there this unfortunate boy had leifure to recollect himfelf, and reflect on the evils which his bad behaviour had brought on him in the courfe of one day. He determined, fhould he recover from this accident, he would in future fludy to do good, and injure no perfon or animal any more." Tommy was vafly pleafed with this flory, as it fhewed the difference between being good and

naughty.

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naughty. Every one loved and affifted the little good natured boy, but every one punifhed and despised the other.

----CHAP. VII.

TOMMY and Harry having taken it into their heads, that they would build them a houfe at the bottom of the garden, Mr Barlow not only gave his confent, but went into the copfe, to cut down poles proper for the purpofe. These poles; which were about as thick as a man's wrilt, and about eight feet long, he brought to a point at one end, in order to run into the ground. So eager were the two little boys at their bulinefs, that they foon conveyed all the poles to the bottom of the garden, and Tommy feemed to have entirely forgotten that he was a gentleman.

Harry then took the flakes, and drove them into the ground, at the diffance of about a foot, and thus he enclosed a piece of land, about ten feet long and eight feet wide. This being done, they gathered up the brufh wood they had cut off, and interwove it between the poles, fo as to form a kind of fence. They worked fo hard at this bulinefs, that Mr Barlow, in order to encourage them, told them the following itory of the Grateful Turk.

" At a time when the Venetians and Turks were at war, one of the thips of the latter was taken and carried into Venice, where the crew were all fold as flaves. One of thefe unhappy people happened to live opposite the house of a rich Venetian, who had an only fon, then in the twelfth year of his age. The

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The little youth used frequently to flop and gaze at Hamet, for such was the name of the flave, and at lait, an acquaintance commenced between them.

"Though Hamet feemed always delighted with the tender regards of his little friend, yet the latter frequently obferved, that involuntary tears trickled down the che.ks of Hamet. The little youth at last fpoke of it to his father, and begged of him, if he could, to make Hamet happy.

"Hereupon the father determined to fee the flave, and to talk to him himfelf. He went to him the next day, and afged him if he were the Hamet, of whom his fon had fpoken fo kindly. He replied, that he was the unfortunate Hamet, who had been three years a captive; and that during that time, his little fon was the only perfon, who had in the leaft pitted his misfortunes. "And I night and anorning, (added he) offer up ny-prayers to that power, who is equally the God of Turks and Chriftians, to fhower down upon his head every blefling he deferves, and to preferve him from miferies like mine."

" The Venetian merchant then entered into clofer. convertation with Hamet, and could not help admiring his generous fentiments and manly fortitude. He afked him what he would do to regain his liberty. "What would I do? (anlwered Hamet) By the Eternal Majefly of Heaven, I would cheerfully face every dauger, and even death itfelf, in whatever thape it might appear !"

"The merchant then told him, that the means of his deliverance were in his own hands. "Hear me attentively, (faid the merchant.) An inveterate foe of mine lives in this city, and has heaped upon me every injury that can fling the heart of

man.

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He is as brave as he is haughty, and I must confefs, that his ftrength and valour prevent my attempting perfonally to revenge my wrongs. Now, Hamet, take this dagger, and as foon as the fhade of night thall envelope the city, I will lead you to the place, where you may at once revenge the injuries of your friend, and regain your own freedom."

" Scorn and contempt now flamed in the eyes of Hamet, and, as foon as his paffion had a little fublided, he exclaimed, "O gracious prophet! are these the wretches by whom you fuffer your faithful fervants to be enflaved! Go, wicked Chriftian, and be affured, that Hamet would not become an affaffin for all the riches of Venice, or to purchase the freedom of his whole race!" The merchant coolly replied; that he was forry he had. offended him, but thought that he prized his freedom at a higher rate ; and added, as he turned his back, "You will perhaps change your mind tomorrow, after you shall have more maturely reflected on the matter," and he then left him.

" The next day, the merchant, accompanied by his fon, returned to Hamet, and was going to renew his former conversation, when the honeit Turk exclaimed, with a fevere and fixed countenance, " Christian ! cease to infult the miterable with propofals more fhocking than death itfelf! The Chriftian religion may tolerate fuch acts, but to a Mahometan they are an abomination !"

" Francisco, for such was the name of the Venetian merchant, now tenderly embraced Hamet, and begged he would forgive the trial to which he put his virtue, affuring him at the fame time, that his foul abhorred all deeds of blood and treachery, as much as Hamet himfelf. " From this moment (faid the

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the merchant) you are free; your ranfom is paid, and you are at liberty to go where you-pleafe. Perhaps, hereafter, when you fee an unhappy Chriftian groaning in Turkifh fetters, your generofity may, bring Venice to your remembrance."

The feelings of Hamet at this unexpected deliverance are not to be deferibed. Francico put him on board a faip, which was bound to one of the. Grecian iflands, and, after taking leave of him in the tendereft manner, forced him to accept of a purfe of gold to pay his expences. Affectionate was the parting of Hamet with his little friend, whom he embraced in an agony of tendernefs, wept over him, and implored Heaven to grant him all the bleffings of this life.

"About fix months afterwards, one morning, while the family were all in bed, Francisco's house was discovered to be on fire, and great part of the house was in flames before the family was alarmed. The terrified fervants had but just time to awaken Francisco, who was no fooner got into the firet, than the whole flair-cafe gave way, and fell into the flames.

"If the merchant thought himfelf happy in having faved himfelf, it was only for a moment, as be foon recollected, that his beloved fon was left behind to the mercy of the flames. He funk into the deepelf defpair, when upon enquiry he found, that his fon, who flept in an upper apartment, had been forgotten in the general confusion. He raved in agonies of grief, and offered half his fortune to any one, who would rifk his life to lave his child. As he was known to be very rich, feveral ladders were inftantly raifed by thofe who wifhed to obtain the reward; but the violence of the flames drove every one down who attempted it.

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"The unfortunate youth then appeared on the top of the houle, extending his arms, and calling out for aid. The unhappy father became motionlefs, and remained in a flate of infenfibility. At this critical moment, a man rufhed through the crowd, and afcended the talleft ladder, feemingly determined to refcue the youth, or perifh in the attempt. A fudden guft of flame burfting forth, led the people to fuppofe he was loft; but he prefently appeared defcending the ladder with the child in his arms, without receiving any material injury. An univerfal thout attended this noble action, and the father, to his inexprefible furprife, on recovering from his fwoon, found his child in his arms.

"After giving vent to the first emotions of tendernefs, he enquired after his generous deliverer, whole features were to changed by the finoke, that they could not be diftinguished. Francisco immediately prefented him with a purfe of gold, promifing the next day to give him the reward he had offered. The stranger replied, that he should accept of no reward. Francisco started, and thought he knew the voice, when his fon, flew to the arms of his deliverer, and cried out, "I tis my dear Hamet!"

"The aftonifhment and gratitude of the merchant were equally excited, and retiring from the crowd, he took Hamet with him to a friend's houle. As foon as they were alone, Francisco enquired by what means he had been a fecond time enflaved.

" I will tell you in a few words (faid the generous Turk.) When I was taken by the Venetian, gallies, my father fhared in my captivity. It was his fate, and not my own, which fo often made me fhed thofe tears, which first attracted the notice of your amiable fon. As foon as your bounty had fet me free, I flew to the Chriftian who had pürchafed iny father. I told him, that as I was young and vigorous, and he aged and infirm, I would be his flave inftead of my father. I added too the gold which your bounty had beflowed on me, and by thefe means I prevailed on the Chriftian to fend back my father in that fhip you had provided for me, without his knowing the caufe of his freedom. Since that time I have flaid here a willing flave, and heaven has been fo gracious as to put it into my power to fave the life of that youth, which I value a thoufand times more than my own."

"The merchant was aftonifhed at fuch an inflance of gratitude and affection, and preffed Hamet to accept of the half of his fortune, and to fettle in Venice for the remainder of his days. Hamet, however, with a noble magnanimity, refufed the offer, faying, he had done no more than what every one ought to do in a fimilar fituation. Though Hamet feemed to under-rate his paft fervices to the merchant, yet the latter could not fuffer things to pafs in this manner. He again purchafed his treedom, and fitted a fhip out on purpofe to take him back to his own country. At parting, they mutually embraced each other, and, as they thought, took an eternal farewel.

"After many years had elapfed, and young Francifco was grown up to manhood, beloved and refpected by every one, it fo happened, that fome builnefs made it neceffary for him and his father to vifit a neighbouring city on the coaft, and as they fuppofed a paffage by fea would be more expeditious than by land, they embarked in a Venetian veffel, which was bound to that port, and ready to fail.

"A favourable gale foon wafted them out of fight,

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fight, and promifed them a fpeedy paffage; but, unfortunately for them, before they had proceeded half their voyage, they were met by fome Turkifh veffels, who, after an obfinate refitance from the Venetians, boarded them, loaded them with irons, and carried them prifoners to Tunis. There they were exposed in the market-place in their chains, in order to be fold as flaves.

"At laft, a Turk came to the market, who feemed to be a man of fuperior rank, and after looking over the prifoners, with an expression of compation, he fixed his eyes upon young Francisco, and afked the captain what was the price of that young captive The captain replied, that he would not part with him for lefs than five hundred pieces of gold. The Turk confidered that as a very extraordinary price, fince he had feen him fell others, that exceeded him in ftrength and vigour, for lefs than a fifth part of that money.

" That is true, (replied the captain) but he shall either fetch me a price that will repay me the damage he has occafioned me, or he fhall labour all the reft of his life at the oar." The Turk afked him, what damage he could have done him more than the reft of the crew. " It was he, (replied the captain) who animated the Christians to make a defperate refiftance, and thereby proved the deftruction of many of my brayeft feamen. We three times boarded them with a fury that feemed invincible, and each time did that youth attack us with a cool and determined opposition : fo that we were obliged to give up the contest, till other ships came to our affistance. I will therefore have that price for him, or I will punifh him for life." 44 The

"The Turk now furveyed young Francisco more attentively than before; and the young man who had hitherto fixed his eyes in fullen filence on the ground, at length raifed them up; but he had no fooner beheld the perfon who was talking to the captain, than, in a loud voice, he uttered the name of Hamet. The Turk, fituck with aftonifhment, furveyed him for a moment, and then caugh him in his arms.

"After a moment's paule, the generous Hamet lifted up his hands to heaven, and thanked his God, who had put it in his power to fhew his gratitude ; but words cannot express his feelings, when he found that both father and fon were flaves. 'Suffice it to fay, that he inflantly bought their freedom, and conducted them to his magnificent houfe in the city.

"They had here full leifure to difcourfe on the ftrange vicifitudes of fortune, when Hamet told his Venetian friends, that after their generofity had procured him liberty, he became an officer in the Turkith army, and happening to be fortunate in all his enterprifes, he had been gradually promoted, till he arrived at the dignity of bathaw of Tunis. That in this fituation, he found the greateft confolation in alleviating the misfortunes of the Chriftian prifoners, and always attended the fales of thofe unhappy flaves, to procure liberty to a certain number of them. "And gracious Allah (added he) has this day put it in my power in fome meafure to return the duties of gratitude."

"They continued fome days with Hamet, who did every thing in his power to amufe and divert them; but as he found their defire was to return to their own country, he told them, that he would not wifh to detain them againft their wifhes, and that they fhould embark the next day in a fhip bound bound for Venice, which would be furnished with a paffport to carry them fafe there.

"The next day, he difmiffed them with every mark of tendernefs and affection, and ordered a party of his own guards to attend them to the veffel. They had no focner got on board, than they found, to their inexpreffible furprife and joy, than they were in the very fhip in which they had been taken, and that, by the generofity of Hamet, not only the fhip, but even the whole crew were redeemed and reflored to freedom Francicco and his fon, after a quick pallage, arrived in their own country, where they lived beloved and reflocfted, and endeavoured to convince every one they knew, how great were the vicifitudes of fortune, that God never fuffers humanity and generofity to go unrewarded, here or hereafter."

The ftory being now ended, Mr Barlow, with pleafure faw the tear ftealing down the cheeks both of Tommy and Harry, when he led them into the garden to amufe them.

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CHAP. VIII.

THEIR next buinefs was to go to look at the houfe they had begun building, when they found, that a hurricane which had happened the preceding night, had levelled every fick with the. earth. Tommy fhook his head, but Harry only obferved, that they had not built it ftrong enough, and that they mult drive their pofts further into the ground. They therefore fet about repairing, it, and in the courfe of a few days completed the whole. whole, fo as to make it capable of affording them fhelter from the feverest shower.

The winter had now fet in with its ufual feverity, fo that the two youths were at prefent no longer able to purfue their labours in the garden; but they now and then took a walk in the air. One day, when the fnow which had fallen was a good deal gone off, Tommy and Harry took their ufual walk. They were fo deep in convertation, that they wandered much further than they intended; and got into paths, with which they were not well acquainted. They therefore thought it prudent to return as fall as poffible.

It unfortunately happened, that in paffing through a wood, they wandered from the right path, and could not tell where they were. To add to their diffrefs, the wind from the north began to blow with great fury, and fo violent a fall of fnow came on, as obliged them to feek fhelter. The hollow of an aged oak afforded them a comfortable afylum, and they exerted all their youthful abilities to keep themfelves warm.

Tommy had never before experienced hardfhips of this nature, and, for fome time, fhewed an heroic courage; but hunger and fear at laft got the better of him, when, with tears in his eyes, he afked Harry what they fhould do. "Why, (replied Harry with great courage) we mult flay here till the florm is over, and then endeavour to get home."

After remaining fome time in the hollow of the tree, the ftorm greatly abated, when they began their march through the fnow, which had completely covered every track, and what was worft of all, the day began to clofe. Harry had great difficulty to perfuade his companion, who was up

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to his kness in fnow every flep he took, to purfue his march.

At length, however they came to fome lighted embers, which probably fome labourers had juft quitted. Harry then got together all the dry pieces of wood he could find, and placing them on the embers, they foon caught fired which afforded them a comfortable warmth. Tommy, as they were warming themfelves, obferved to Harry, that it was a terrible thing to be cold and hungry, and more fo to a gentleman than to a common perfon.

Harry replied, that what he had felt from the florm might be difagreeable to a gentleman, but it was nothing more than common to country farming people, who were of more ufe to the community than gentlemen, who were ready to die under the least degree of fatigue. For his part, he thought it much better to be a plain countryman than a fine laced gentleman.

While they were conversing together on fuch fubjeft: as thefe, a little boy came along finging, with a bundle of flicks on his thoulder, whom Harry happened to know. In fact, he was the verylittle ragged boy, to whom Tommy had given the clothes in the fummer. Harry inflantly focke to him, and defired him to thew them the way out of the wood, which he readly confented to, but advifed them to go first to his father's houfe, and, while they warmed themfelves, they would fend to Mr Barlow to acquaint him where they were. Tommy joyfully accepted the offer, and the little boy led them to his father's cottage.

As foon as they arrived there, the good women, who knew them again, gave them a hearty welcome, and threw a large faggot on the fire to give them a comfortable warm. She faid fhe had not any thing in the houfe worth alking Tommy to eat, as fhe had nothing better than brown bread and bacon. Tommy, however, had fasted fo long and was fo hungry, that he faid he could eat any thing.

The good woman laid a clean coarfe cloth, and foon brought fome bacon on an earthen plate, together with fome coarfe brown bread. The two youths, having eat nothing fince the morning, made a moft hearty meal, while the honeft farmer went to acquaint Mr Barlow of the fafety of his pupils, which gave infinite fatisfaction to that reverend gentleman, as he had difpatched people every where in purfuit of them.

The next morning, after they had related all the particulars of their expedition, Mr Barlow defired Tommy to read the following account of fome people who were buried in the fnow, when he began as follows.

"The country, in which this accident happened, is full of rocks and mountains, which are fo exceedingly high, that the fnow lies perpetually on them. The vallies between these mountains are inhabited by a brave and industrious people, who also cultivate the fides of the mountains; but the tops of the highest of them are fo exceedingly cold, that ice and fnow are perpetually to be feen on them.

"As foon as the frolt and fnow fet in, the inhabitants confine themfelves to their houfes, which they know how to make comfortable and agreeal de. The roads then become impaffable, and the only profpect is fnow and ice. On the return of warmer weather, the fnow thaws from the fides of the mountains, and is frequently undermined by the torrents of water, which pour down with great impetuoufity. From this caufe it fometimes happens, that fuch prodigious prodigious bodies of fnow fall down as are fufficient to bury bealts and houfes, and even whole villages are fometimes hidden under them.

" In the neighbourhood of these vast mountains, which are called the Alps, on the nineteenth of March, 1755, a fmall cluster of houses were entirely buried by two immense bodies of fnow, which fell upon them from a higher part of the mountain. All the inhabitants were then within doors, except one Joseph Rochia and his fon, a lad of fifteen years of age, who were on the roof of their house removing the fnow which had fallen for three days fucceflively.

"A prieft, who happened to be going by in his way to church, advifed them to come down, having juft before obferved a body of fnow tumbling from the mountain towards them. The man and his fon defcended with all poffible hafte, and fled they know not whither. At laft turning round to look back, he faw his own and his neighbours houfes, in which were twenty-two perfons, covered with a high mountain of fnow. After viewing this forrowful fight, he haftened to a friend's houfe at fome diftance.

"Five days afterwards, Jofeph got upon the fnow, accompanied by his fon and two of his wife's brothers, with an intent to difcover whereabouts his houfe lay buried; but after various trials, they were obliged to give up the purfuit. The month of April proving hot, and the fnow begining to give way, Jofeph again made a fecond effort, in order to recover his effects, and bury the unfortunate victims. On the 24th of April, the fnow was greatly diminifhed, when he broke through ice the thicknefs of fix Englifh feet, and with a long pole pole touched the ground; but the night coming on, obliged him to defift for that time.

"His wife's brother, who had been informed of this misfortune, came the next day to the house where Joseph was, and after refting himfelf a little, they both went to work on the fnow. They then made another opening, which led them to the houfe they were in fearch of. As they found no dead bodies in the ruins, they fearched for the stable, which was at the diftance of about two hundred and forty English feet. Having found the stable, they heard a cry of, "Help, my dear brother !" Equally furprifed and encouraged by thefe words, they laboured with additional ardour, till they had made a large opening through which the brother immediately defcended, where the fifter, with a faint and feeble voice, faid to him, " I have always trufted in God and you, and knew that you would not forfake me."

"The hufband and the other brother then went down, and found the wife about forty-five, the fifter about thirty-five, and the daughter about thirteen years old, all fill alive. There they raifed on their thoulders to men above, who pulled them up as from a deep pit, and carried them to a neighbouring houfe; for they were unable to walk, being fo walted that they appeared like fkeletons.

"The magiftrates of the place came fome days afterwards to vifit them, and found the wife ftill unable to ufe her feet, or rife from the bed, owing to the feverity of the cold fhe had endured, and the pofture to which fhe had been confined. The fifter, whofe legs they had bathed with hot wine, was a little recovered, and could walk with fome difficulty. The daughter flood in no need of any further remedies. "The woman gave the following account of their fituation while buried in the fnow. On the morning of the nineteenth of March they were in the flable, with a boy of about fix years old, and a girl of thirteen. There were fix goats in the flable, one of which having brought forth two dead kids the night before, they went to carry her a mefs of rye flour gruel. There were also an afs and five or fix fowls.

"They had got into a warm corner of the ftable, waiting there till the church bell fhould ring, as they propofed to attend divine fervice. Joieph's wife related, that having oceafion to go and kindle a fire in the houfe, while her huband was clearing away the fnow from the top of it. fhe perceived a great body of fnow breaking down towards her, when the immediately went back into the ftable, fhut the door, and mentioned to her fifter what fhe had feen. Three minutes had fcarcely elapfed, when they heard the roof break over their heads, together with part of the cieling. They immediately got into the manger, to which was tied the afs, who got loofe by kicking and flruggling, and threw down a fmall veffel, which they afterwards found, and ufed to hold the melted fnow, the principal liquor they had to drink.

"The main prop of the flable being fortunately over the manger, it refifted the weight of the firow. Their first care was to confider what they should live upon. The fifter faid she had fifteen chefnuts in her pocket; the children faid they had breakfasted, and therefore could do without any thing more till the next day. They recollected, that there were between thirty and forty bifcuits in a place near the stable; but they were not able to get at them on account of the fnow. They frequently called for help, but in vain.

"They eat part part of the chefnuts the first day, and drank fome fnow water. The als was reftlets, and the goats kept bleating for fome days, after which they heard nothing more of them. Two of the goats, however, were still living, and being near the manger, they felt them. They found that one of them was big, and they recollected it would kid about the middle of April. The milk of the other preferved their lives. Not the least ray of light was to be feen, though the crowing of the fowls, for about twenty days, gave them fome notice of night and morning; but when the fowls died, they could no longer make any diffinction.

"Being very hungry the fecond day, they eat all the chefnuts, and drank what milk the goat yielded, being at first about two pounds a day, but that foon decreased. On the third day, they made another vain attempt to get at the cakes. They therefore refolved to take all possible care to feed the goats, which they were enabled to do by means of thehay-loftbeingjust above the manger, from whence the fifter pulled iome down, through a hole into the rack, and gave it the goats as long as the could reach it; and, when it got beyond her reach, the goats got at it themselves by climbing on her shoulders.

"On the fixth day, the poor little boy grew fick, and fix days after that defired his mother, who had kept him in her arms all the time, to lay him at length in the manger. She complied with his defire, and then taking him by the hand, found it was cold, as well as his mouth. She then gave him a little milk, when the poor boy cried, "Oh, my father is in the fnow: O father ! father !" and then expired. "The "The goat's milk began to diminifh daily; but, according to the woman's recollection, it could not be loag before the other goat would kid, which the foon did, and the young one dying immediately, they in courfe had all the milk for their own nourithment. The circumftance of the goat's kidding, led them to fuppofe, that the middle of April was come. As foon as they called the goat to them, it would come, and lick their hands and faces, and every day afforded them about two pounds of milk, which faved them from perifhing, preferved their exiftence till they were relieved in the manner before related. It is no wonder, if the goats were properly taken care of, for the reft of their lives, in the manner which gratitude would dictate.

The flory being now ended, Tommy could not help exclaiming, "O dear Sir! what a variety of accidents people are exposed to in this world!" Mr Barlow replied, that it was very true; but that, in fuch cafes, it was neceffary for us to improve our felves in such a manner, as to be able to struggle with them, and not fuffer them to conquer us.

CHAP. IX.

TOMMY, during his refidence with Mr Barlow, had loit a great part of his Weft-Indian pride, and had contracted many acquaintances among poor families. In imitation of Mr Barlow, 'he went about from houfe to houfe, enquiring after the health and welfare of their families, and the returns of civility and gratitude he met with amply rewarded his tendernefs and humanity. He began to reflect on every thing he heard, and to imitate imitate whatever he faw that appeared laudable and praife-worthy.

Mr Barlow had a large Newfoundland dog, which was exceedingly good-natured, and very fond of the water. Tommy had by this time learned to make even animals refpect him, and he and Cæfar were upon exceeding good terms. He would fometimes divert himfelf with throwing a flick into the water, which the dog would inflantly fetch in his mouth, and lay it down at his feet. When he would floke and pat him by way of encouragement.

Tommy had heard Mr Bariow give an account in what manner the Kamfchatkan dogs drew their fledges, and he determined to make an experiment of that nature. Being one day perfectly difengaged from bufinefs, he furnifhed himfelf with fome rope, and a kitchen chair, which he intended to make ufe of inftead of a fledge. He then coaxed Czfar into a large yard behind the houfe, and placing the chair flat upon the ground, he faftened the dog to it, with great care, and no fmall fhare of ingenuity. Czfar, however, did not underftand being harneffed, and was ignorant of the part he was to a@. At laft Tommy mounted his feat triumphantly, with a whip in his hand, and began his career.

A number of the neighbouring little boys gathered round the young gentleman, which made him the more anxious to diffinguifh himfelf. Tommy began to make ufe of thole expressions to his dog, which he had heard coachmen apply to their horses, and smacked his whip with great confequence. Cæfar, who had not been ufed to this kind of language, grew rather impatient, and shewed his diflike to his prefent situation, by endeavouring to get rid of his harnefs. This drew on Tommy the laugh





laugh of the fpectators, which made him more eager to perform his exploit with honour, and, after having tried many experiments with his fleed, and being a little angry with him, he applied a pretty fevere lafh to his hinder parts. Cæfar was very angry at this, and inftantly fet off at full fpeed, dragging the chair, with the driver upon it, at a prodigious rate.

Tommy now looked about him with a triumphant air, and maintained his feat with great firmnefs and addrefs. Unfortunately, however, at no great distance was a large horfe pond, which gradually shelved to the depth of three or four feet. The affrighted Cæfar, by a kind of natural inftinet, ran thither, in hopes of getting rid of his tormentor; while Tommy, who began not much to like his fituation, in vain endeavoured to pacify and reftrain his fleed. Cafar, without paying any regard to his driver, precipitately rufhed into the pond, and carried both carriage and driver into the middle of it. The boys who were spectators, now received fresh matter of diversion, and, notwithstanding their refpect for Tommy, they could not help uttering loud fhouts of derifion. The unmannerly exultations of the fpectators very much difcomposed our little hero; but his misfortunes had not yet reached their fummit. Cæfar, by floundering about in the pond, and by making a too fudden turn, overturned the car, and threw poor Tommy into the water.

A fudden thaw having commenced the day before, occafioned the pond to be a mixture of ice and water, and mud and mire. Through this he ftruggled as well as he was able, his feet fometimes flipping, and then down he tumbled. At laft, however, he got fafe through the ice, mud, and water. water, with the lofs of both his fhoes. Such was the appearance of poor Tommy when he got out of the pond, that the whole troop of fpecfators, who were incapable of fifting their laughter, broke forth in redoubled peals, which irritated the unfortunate hero to a violent degree of rage. As foon as he had ftruggled to the fhore, forgetting the fituation he was in, he fell upon the boys with great fury, and fo liberally dealt his blows on every fide, that he put them all to flight.

While Tommy was thus revenging the affronts he thought he had received, and purfuing the vanquilhed about the yard, the noife and uproar brought Mr Barlow to the door, who could hardly help laughing at the forrowful figure of his pupil, with the water dropping from every part of his body, and the violent attacks he was making.

Such was the agitation of 'Tommy's mind, that it was fome little time before he'could liften to the calls of Mr Barlow. At laft, having heard his preceptor's voice, he refpectfully approached him, and related every thing that had happened. Mr Barlow immediately led him into the houfe, and having advifed him to undrefs himfelf and go to bed, he carried him a little warm wine to drink, and thus this unfortunate affair ended without anyevil confequences.

Not long after this, Tommy was to pay a vifit to his parents, and Harry was to accompany him. They no fooner arrived at Mr Merton's, than they found a crowded affembly to receive them. It is impofible to deferibe the many flattering encomiums that were paffed upon Tommy, not even his hair or his teeth paffed without fome compliment, while nobody took the leaft notice of Harry, ex-

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cept Mr Merton, who treated him in the most tender and affectionate manner.

Among the company, however, was an amiable young lady, Mifs Simmons, who advanced towards Harry, with the greateft affability, and entered into converfation with him. This young lady had the misfortune to lofe her father and mother in her infancy, and was then under the care of an uncle, who brought her up in fuch a manner, as contributed to inform her mind, without fuffering her to acquire thofe fathionable talents which are fo pernicious to the fair of the rifing generation.

This young lady, whole character was fingularly benevolent, addreffed Harry in fuch a manner as fet him perfectly at his eafe. He poffeffed fuch a natural politenefs and good nature as is infinitely preferable to all the artificial graces of fociety. He indeed had not that vivacity, or rather impertinence, which renders a boy the darling of the ladies, and paifes for wit among fuperficial people; but he paid the ftricteft attention to what was faid to him, and always answered to the purpose. It was for these reafons, that Mifs Simmons, who though much older and more improved than Harry, was highly pleafed with his converfation, and thought it preferable to any thing of the kind fhe had met among the number of finart young gentlemen, with whom fhe had converfed at Mr Merton's houfe.

At dinner time, when Harry faw fo many fine gentiemen and ladies, fo many powdered fervants to ftand behind them, fuch a multitude of difhes, and fuch pomp and folemnity about merely fatisfying the appetite, he could not help envying the condition of his father's labourers, who, when they find themfelves hungry, fit perfectly at eafe under an hedge, and make a hearty meal, without tablecloth, plates, or compliments.

Tommy never opened his mouth, but his words were caught by the whole company, who confidered them as fo many marks of the most brilliant wit, while little or no notice was taken of Harry.

The time was patied in all those fashionable amufements, which tend only to corrupt the morals of youth, and had fuch an influence on the mind of Tommy, that he began almost to hate the name of Mr Barlow, and no longer paid any respect to his friend Harry, who received very little fasisfaction from this visit, except in his conversation with Miss Simmons.

One day, a bull was to be baited in the neighbourhood, when Tommy, and all his gay and flighty companions, ftole away to fee it, and Harry reluctantly followed them at a diftance; for he had received very fingular ill-treatment, not only from the young vifitors at Mr Merton's houfe, but even from Tommy himfelf.

While this inhuman fpectacle was going forward, a poor half naked black came to them, and humbly implored their charity. The poor black finding he could get nothing from them, (for Tommy had fpent all his money in trifles, and the reft of the young gentlemen only made a laugh of the poor man) he approached the place where Harry flood, holding out the remains of his tattered hat, and imploring charity. Harry put his hand in his pocket, and gave him the only fix-pence he had.

The dogs now attacked the bull with fuch fury, that the animal became mad and outrageous; he killed two of the dogs prefently, and foon after fnapped the rope that held him. It is impofible to defcribe

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cribe the terror and confusion that followed. Those who had but just before been rejoicing in the torments of the poor animal, now fled with precipitation, and were purfued by the enraged bull, who transpled over fome, gred others, and thus took ample vengeance for the injuries he had received.

The furious animal, then changing its courfe, ran towards the fpot where Tommy and his affociates ftood, and put them to flight; but the bull was too iwift for them, and Tommy flumbling and falling to the ground, lay directly in the way of his purfuing enemy. Mafter Merton was now given over for lolt. Harry had all this time kept his ground, but now

feeing his little friend in extreme danger, he determined to refcue him, or lofe his life in the attempt. With a courage and prefence of mind above his years, he catched up a prong, which had been apped by one of the fugitives, and at the very ioltant the bull was stooping to revenge nimfelf on the de-fenceles Tommy, he gave him a deep would in the flank. The wounded animal initiantly turned round to attack a more formidable enemy, and it is highly probable, that, notwith fanding Harry's courage and refolution, his life would have baid for the falvation of his friend, had not the generous black, to whom he had juft before given fix-pence, initantly fled to his affiltance. With a large flick he had in his hand, he gave the bull to violent a blass ealled off his attention from Harry. He inflandy turned round to his new energy, who with the greatest dexterity, shifted from him, and got hold or his tail, by which he held fait, and to belaboured the buil with his flick, that he was at laft obliged to lie down, when they threw a rope over his horns, and faltened him to a tree.

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While thefe matters were transacting, Mr Merton had fent out his fervants to fee after the young gentlemen. They flew to the fpot where their young mafter lay, who, though he had not received any injury, was half dead with fear and terror. As foon as Harry faw that Tommy was fafe in the hands of his fervants, he afked the black to go along with him; but he took the road which led to his father's house, instead of returning to Mr Merton's.

CHAP. X.

MRS Merton was looking out at the window, when the faw her fon in the arms of one of the fervants who was bringing him home. Judge what were the feelings of fo fond a mother ! the fainted at the fight, and was fome time before the recovered. At length, coming to herielf, and finding he had received no injury, the embraced him with the greatest tendernets, and accufed the abfent Harry with enticing him, and the reft of the young gentlemen, to the bull baiting. However, when the matter came to be cleared up, and the found that her fon owed his life to his valour, the was athamed of her partiality.

At this inftant Mr Barlow, who knew nothing of what had paffed, arrived at Mr Merton's, where he was received by that gentleman with every mark of hofpitality. Mr Merton related to him every thing that had paffed, and concluded with lamenting how much unlike his fon was to the amiable little. Harry Harry. A long and interesting discourse took place between the two gentlemen, when Mr Barlow prevailed on Mr Merton to believe, that, in a little time, his fon Tommy might be brought to forget all his pride, and become an amiable young gentleman, however poifoned his mind might have been by too much indulgence, and the flattery of the visitors at his house.

This converfation being ended, Mr Merton conducted Mr Barlow into another room, and introduced him to the company, who received him with great politenefs, and particularly Mrs Merton, who began to think, that her conduct to her fon was not entirely rational and prudent.

Tommy, who was fo lately the idol of this flattering circle, appeared to be much humbled. He indeed approached Mr Barlow with ever appearance of modelty and gratitude, and answered all his questions in the most respectful manner; but he could not conceal that dejection of mind, which evidently appeared on his countenance. Mr Barlow was too fenfible a man not to fee thefe marks of contrition, and drew from them the most pleasing omens.

The company now began to depart for their ref-pective homes, and Tommy, who before was so fond of the company of the young gentlemen, feemed not a little pleafed at their departure. Mr Merton's house, which had for some days been a scene of noife, buftle, and feftivity, was become the abode of tranquillity and repofe. As Mr Barlow was not fond of cards, an amusement in which too much time is frequently spent, he proposed that Miss should read a ftory for the entertainment of the company which the inftantly complied with, and accomplifhed the tafk with great accuracy, precifion and judgement. Ċ2 The

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The time for retiring to reft being now come, the company broke up for the evening. The next day Tommy rofe before his father and mother, and, as his mind was much imprefied with the flory read by Mifs Simmons the preceding evening, in which fhe had deferibed the wonderful exploits of fome Arabian horfemen, he begged his little horfe might be faddled, and that William, one of the footmen, might attend him in his morning's ride.

He had now got it into his head to make a figure as an Arabian horfeman, and he imagined, that nothing could be fo great as guiding a high-mettled fleed over dreary and defolate walles, fuch as he had heard Mifs Simmons deforibe. He therefore chofe the common before his father's houfe as the proper field of action, that being the most rugged part in the neighbourhood.

He accordingly put on his boots, and ordered William to attend him. This fervant had been accultomed to humour him in whatever he took into his head, and indeed he might have endangered the lofs of his place had he fhewn the leaft reluctance to obey his commands. Mrs Merton had firicily forbidden her fon ever to ride with fpurs, and had ordered all the fervants never to fuffer him to put on those dangerous implements. Tommy had long complained of this fevere reftriction, which feemed to leffen his abilities as a horfeman. and very much wounded his pride; but as he had now taken it into his head to be an Arabian horfeman, he could no longer fubmit to that reftraint. However, as he dared not to ask for spurs, he went to one of the maids, and got from her two large pins, which he very ingenioufly fluck into his boots, and then mounted his horfe. He

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He had not ridden far, before he thought of putting his horfemanship to the trial, and accord-ingly gave his horfe a very sharp prick with his pins. The animal, being a spirited creature, set off with him at full gallop, and William knew not whether this fudden start was from accident or defign. Seeing, however, that the horie galloped over the roughest part of the common, while Tommy ufed all his efforts to ftop him, he thought it prudent to endeavour to overtake him, and therefore purfued him with all poffible fpeed. The poney, hearing another horfe behind him, rather en-creafed his pace; fo that while Tommy was carcreated his pace; fo that while Tommy was car-ried over the common with fuch violent fpeed, William was in vain purfuing him. Juft as the fervant thought he had reached his mafter, his horfe exerted all his firength to puth forward, and left his purfuer at a diffance behind him. The young gentleman maintained his feat admi-rably well, but he began ferioufly to reflect on his own ungovernable ambition, and would have been happy to exchange his high-mettled fteed for the droneft afs in England The race countinued with out any apnearance of abatement, when the boney

out any appearance of abatement, when the poney turned fhort on a fudden, upon an attempt of his master to stop him, and rushed into a quagmire. This stopped him for a moment, and gave Tommy an opportunity of flipping off his back into a foft hed of mire.

The fervant had now time to get up to Tommy, and refcue him from his difagreeable fituation, where he had received no other damage than that of daubing his clothes. The fervant was very much frightened at the fituation of his young maf-

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ter while the horfe was running away with him; but finding'he had received no injury, he left Tommy to walk home on foot, while he went in purfuit of the poney.

Tommy in the mean time, walked penfively along the common, thinking of the different accidents he had encountered, and of the various difappointments he had met with in his purfuit of glory. While his mind was thus employed, a poor and ragged figure made his appearance. He was a Scotch highlander, dreffed in a tattered plaid, and a large broad fword by his fide. He was leading two poor children, and carried a third in his arms. Tommy immediately took notice of him, which the poor man feeing, pulled off his hat, and begged his charity. Our little gentleman, after fome converfation with him, put his hand in his pocket, and gave him a fhilling to buy himfelf and his children fome bread. The poor man gratefully thanked him, and purfued his journey. Tommy had not proceeded a great way before

Tommy had not proceeded a great way before he met with another adventure. A flock of fheep was running with all poffible fpeed from the purluit of a large dog. As he was an enemy to all cruelty, he endeavoured to drive the dog from his prev. The dog, however, probably deipifing the fize of little Tommy, after growling and fhewing his teeth, for a little time, at laft feized upon the fkirt of Tommy's coat, fhaking it with every appearance of rage; but the youth neither attempted to run, nor fhewed any marks of fear, only endeavouring to difengage himfelf from his enemy.

It is probable, that Tommy would have fuffered much from the teeth of the enraged animal, had not

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not the honeft man, whom he had juft relieved, ran to his affiftance, and laid the dog fprawling on the ground with a firoke of his broad iword. Tommy thanked his deliverer in the most grateful manner, and defired him to attend him to his father's houfe, where he and his children fhould receive every refreshment their houfe could afford.

Tommy being arrived within a faort diffance of the houfe, met his father and Mr Barlow, who were walking to enjoy the morning air before breakfaû. They were furprifed at the appearance Tommy made, he being befpattered with mud from head to foot. The youth, however, without giving time to make any enquiries, ran up to the gentlemen, and wifhed them a good morning. Mr Merton was very glad to find his fon was not hurt, for he doubted not, from the fituation of his clothes, that he had fallen from a horfe, which was prefently confirmed by the appearance of William who was leading the poney.

On the fervant telling Mr Merton, that the poney had run away with Tommy, he feemed very much furprifed, as it was the molt quiet and eafy horfe he had. He then afked William, if he had not been fo imprudent as to let his young mafter have fpurs, which the fervant politively denied. Mr Merton, who was convinced there was fomething more in the bufinefs than he could get at, furveyed Tommy very attentively, and foon found out his ingenious contrivance to fupply the place of fpurs. Though his father could hardly keep his countenance at this difcovery, he endeavoured to convince him of his imprudence, which might have been attended with very difagreeable confe-C 4 quences, fuch as a broken limb, and even the lofs of life. He therefore defired him for the future to be more cautious, and they then returned to the houfe, when Mr Merton gave orders, that proper nourithment might be administered to the beggar and his children, whom Tommy had brought home with himy and then difmised the poor man with a valuable prefent.

After dinner, a very interefling converfation took place between Mr Barlow and his pupil Tommy, who confeffed that he had been a very unthinking boy, and that he had forfeited all kind of pretenfion to the kindnefs of his worthy preceptor. Mr Barlow told him, that to be fenfible of his fault was half way to a reformation, and therefore begged that he would open his mind without the lealt referve.

Encouraged by this kind declaration, Tommy thus proceeded. "Since I have been at home, Sir, I have been furrounded by a number of fine young gentlemen and ladies, who, becaufe their parents are rich, thought they had a right to defpife every one who was poor. Indeed, they at laft learned me to think fo too, and to forget all your wife admonitions. As they told me, every thing centered in policenefs, I imitated them on all occations, and foon became as bad as themfelves. They were always laughing at poor Harry Sandford, and at lait brought me to flight his company."

" I am very forry for that, (replied Mr Barlow) becaufe I am fure he loves you. That, however, is of no great confequence, for he finds fufficient employment among his father's labourers in the fields, and I am fure he would be rather there than in any gentleman's houfe whatever. I will inform

inform him, that you have got other acquaintance^{*} and do not with him to interrupt you in future." Tommy replied, with tears in his, "I did not think, fir, you could be to cruel! I love him better than all the company I have lately feen put toge-ther, and I fhall never more be happy till he forgives all my past unfriendly behaviour." Tommy then went on to acquaint Mr Barlow with all the ill treatment he had been guilty of to his friend Harry, and concluded with aking, if he thought it pollible that Harry would ever forgive him.

Our little gentleman here burft into a flood of tears, and Mr Barlow, after having fuffered him to eafe his mind that way, told him, he must ask Harry's parden. To this Tommy had no objection, and begged that Mr Barlow would bring him to their houie. To this the reverend gentleman objected, faying it was his place to go to Harry, and not Harry's to come to him. Tommy's pride was not yet quite conquered, and he replied, that he thought it would be very unbecoming of a gen-tleman to go to a farmer's fon to alk pardon. Mr Barlow told him he might do as he pleafed,

and then got up to away. Hereupon 'Tommy again burft into tears, and begged Mr Barlow would not leave him. He pro-mited to go directly, and beg Harry's forgivenels. As his preceptor was now fentible of his contrition, he faid he would go to young Sandford, and hear what he thought of the meeting. He accordingly fet out for Mr Sandford's on foot, for he would not accept of the carriage Mr

Merton offered him, nor even of any fervant to attend him. He found Harry driving the team in the the field, whiftling, finging, and more happy that a prince. He no fooner faw Mr Barlow, than he ftopped his team, and ran to him with every exprefilion of joy in his countenance. Mr Barlow told him, that he was forry to hear

Mr Barlow told him, that he was forry to hear of the difference that had happened between him and Tommy, and defired that he would acquaint him with every particular. Harry hereupon told him the whole of the tranfaction, omitting only, out of modefty, the circumftance of faving Tommy's life. On Mr Barlow's afking him why he did not mention that matter, he replied, he would have done as much for any one elfe, and therefore could not do ltfs for his little friend, whom he loved.

The good preceptor then defired to know, what was become of the black, who had in fact faved his life. Harry replied, that he had invited him home with him; and, when he informed his father of what fervice he had been to him, he ordered a decent bed to be made for him over the ftable; that he gave him victuals every day, and that he appeared very thankful and induffrious, faying, he fhould be very glad to put his hand to any thing that might enable him to get his living.

Mr Barlow hereupon returned to Mr Merton's houfe, and in the prefence of Tommy related the whole of the converfation between him and Harry. Our little gentleman, who had attentively liftened to all his preceptor had faid, for fome time hung down his head in filence. At laft, in a faint voice, he owned, that he was become unworthy of the affection of his real friends; but he hoped, that his father and Mr Barlow would not give him up entirely; and that, fhould he be ever guilty of the fame fame faults again, he would never more entreat for their favour and forgiveness. He had no fooner uttered these words, than he filently withdrew from the prefence of his father and preceptor.

Mr Merton was at a lofs to guefs what could be the motive of this abrupt departure, and complained to Mr Barlow, that his fon appeared to him like a weathercock, which changes its polition with every varying guft of wind. The reverend divine endeavoured to infpire Mr Merton with different fentiments, and gave him great hopes from the forrow and contrition, which at prefent evidently marked the countenance of his fon.

Tommy prefently returned, but in a very different kind of drefs. He had deftroyed the gaiety of his curls, and combed all the powder out of his hair. Every appearance of finery was vanished, and even his darling buckles were changed for others of the plainest fort. His mother, seeing him thus ftrangely altered, could not help exclaiming, "What has the boy been doing to himfelf! Why, Tommy, I declare you look more like a country clown than like a young gentleman of fortune." To this obfervation of Mrs Merton, who still

confidered the parade of grandeur as the fummit of all human happines, Tommy gravely replied, that he was then only what he ought always to have been; and that, had he been accuftomed to that drefs, he should never have treated his dear friend Harry in fo shameful a manner. " From this time, (faid he) I fhall fpend my life in rational purfuits, and thall no longer give up myfelf to the falle parade of finery and grandeur." Mr Merton and Mr Barlow could hardly keep

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their countenance at this folemn fpeech, which Tommy delivered with uncommon gravity. However, they endeavoured to put on a ferious countenance, and advided him to perfevere in fo com-mendable a refolution. As the night was pretty far advanced, and the gentlemen did not wifh to tire Tommy with too many moral reflections at one time, they retired to their different chambers.

CHAP. XI.

T OMMY role early the next morning, and dref-fed himfelf in his new habit of fimplicity; and, after they had all breakfasted together, he begged of Mr Barlow to go with him to Harry Sandford's. When they drew near to the houfe, Tommy faw at fome diftance his friend, who was driving his father's fheep home. At this fight, he took to his heels, and ran fo haftily to meet Harry, that he was quite out of breath when he reached him. Harry met him with open arms, and a reconcilia-tion impediately of the second tion immediately took place.

As foon as Mr Barlow got up, he told Harry, that he had brought him his little friend, who was very forry for the faults he had committed, and was come to afk his pardon. "Indeed, (faid Tommy, who by this time had a little recovered his breath) I am fincerely ashamed of the affronts I have given you, and I am afraid, as I have been fuch an un-grateful boy, you will not eafily pardon me." "Indeed, (anfwered Harry) you are very much

miltaken in the matter; for I have long fince for-

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got every thing but your former friendship and af-fection." After several endearing expressions had paifed between them, Harry took his companion by the hand, and led him to his father's houfe, where he was received with the greatest civility by that family.

As foon as the first civilities were over, Tommy caft his eyes on the black, who had done fuch fingular fervices for him at the bull baiting, and who was then fitting in the chimney-corner. " I fee, (faid Tommy) that I am to receive favours from all the world, and to return them by neglect and ingratitude." He then took the black by the hand, and kindly thanked him for the important fervice he had done him. The black replied, that he was happy in what he had done, and for his trifling fervices he had been amply repaid by Mr Sandford and his hofpitable family. Tommy faid he had not yet been fufficiently rewarded, and he had ftill fomething to expect from his father.

Dinner being ready, Tommy fat down in company with Mrs Sandford, a venerable, decent, middle-aged woman, her two daughters, plain, modelt, healthy-looking girls, a little older than Harry, who was also one of the company. Though the table was not covered with dainties, yet the provifions were of the best kind, plenty in quantity, but fparing in variety. Every thing was hot and welldreffed, and neatnels was visible in every part of the ruffic banquet.

After Tommy made a very hearty dinner, and the cloth was removed, he begged the black would give him fome information concerning bull-baiting, with which he feemed to be fo well acquainted. C 7 "I do

" I do fuppofe, (faid Tommy) that it was in your own country you learned to encounter fuch a furious animal."

The black replied, that it was not in his own country he had learned to encounter these creatures. " I lived for fome time, (continued the black) as a flave among the Spaniards at Buenos Ayres, where it was a common practice of the people to hunt down cattle in the woods for their fublistence." The black then related the following flory, to which he had been an eye witness during his residence in that part of the world.

"A native of that country, (continued the black) having committed fome offence, was condemned to labour in the gallies for feveral years. He fent a petition to the governor of the town, praying that his punifhment might be changed. Being bred a warrior, he flood more in dread of difhonour than death. He therefore implored, that he might not be fuffered to confume his firength and fpirits in fuch an ignominious employment, but have an opportunity given him of performing fonething worthy of a man, or of perifhing in the attempt." "At the approaching feltival, (faid he) I will encounter the molt furious bull you can procure. I will throw him down, bridle him, faddle him, and ride him. At the fame time you fhall turn out two more, when I will attack them both, and put them to death with my dagger."

"The governor confented to this brave propofal, and, when the appointed day arrived, all the inhabitants of the city affembled in a kind of amphitheatre erected for the purpofe. The brave American made his appearance on horfeback, back, with nothing but a cord in his hand. As foon as he had paid his reverence to the audience, an enormous bull was let loofe, who haftened to attack the man with great fury; but he avoided his flock with great agiiity, and galloped round his antagonist, who, in his turn, betook himielf to flight. The horfeman then purfued his flying enemy, and throwing the noofe, which he held ready in his hand, he caught the bull in his flight by one of his hind legs. Then galloping two or three times round the animal, he io entangled him in the fnare, that after a few violent efforts to difengage himfelf, he fell to the ground. The American then leaped from his horfe, and put the animal to death in an inftant, by ftabbing him with his dagger behind the horns. The air refounded with the applaufes of the spectators, while he was employed in taking the rope from the flaughtered ani-mal, and preparing for a more furious enemy.

" As foon as he was prepared, a bull much more furious than the first was let loofe, and this he was ordered, according to his engagement to bridle and faddle. The champion waited the attack of this furious enemy with an undaunted refolution, and making his horfe wheel nimbly round the bull, he by that means baffled his fury, and put him to flight. He then chaced him as he had done the former, till he got him into the middle of the inclosed space, where a strong post was fixed into the grouned. Here he threw the unerring noofe round the horns of the bull, and therewith dragged him to the ftake, to which he bound him down closely. Then taking a faddle, he girded it on firmly to the back of the bull; and through his £ 8 noftrils

noftrils he thruft an iron ring, to which was fixed

notifils be thrult an iron ring, to which was fixed a cord; this, which he brought over his neck, fer-ved as a bridle. Then taking a fhort pike in his hand, he nimbly jumped on the back of the bull. "All this time the creature bellowed with rage, without producing any effect, on the mind of its rider, who coolly taking a knife, cut the cord that confined him to the ftake, and gave him his liber-ty. The bull being thus difengaged, tried every experiment that rage and fury could dictate to throw his rider, who maintained his feat with won-darful detering derful dexterity.

"Two other furious bulls were then let loofe, to attack the champion; but, as foon as they faw in what manner he was mounted, terror seized them, and they precipitately fled away. The bull, on which he was mounted, followed the others, and carried his rider feveral times round the amphitheatre. The governor then called to the champion, to complete his bufinefs by putting all the bulls to death, when he inftantly difpatched that on which he rode, by plunging in his knife behind the horns. After this he mounted his horfe, and deftroyed the other two bulls, in the fame manner as he had difpatched the first."

Tommy was vally pleafed with this narration; but, as the evening was approaching, Mr Barlow reminded him, that it was time to return. Tommy, however, taking his kind preceptor by the hand, begged he might be permitted to flav fome time with his friend Harry. "I affure you, Sir, (faid Tommy) that I am entirely ashamed of my paft conduct, and in your prefence, as well as be-fore all this worthy family, I do most fincerely afk my

hy friend Harry's pardon for all my paît offences, moth faithfully promifing, that I will do my endeavours for the future to act otherwife." Harry embraced his friend with all imaginable tendernefs, and begged no more might be faid about the matter. The whole family regarded this converfation with wonder, as they had no idea that Tommy's pride would fuffer him to act upon fuch humiliating principles.

Tommy's propofal of flaying fome time with Harty was highly approved of by Mr Barlow, who took upon himfelf to anfwer for the confent of Mr Merton; and then, after taking a complaifant leave of the company, he went to his own houle.

Our young gentleman was now embarked in a new feene of life, very different from that he had been hitherto engaged in. He fupped heartily that night on the ruftic fare he met with, went to bed early, and flept foundly. When Harry called him at five the next morning, according to agreement the over night, he found fome difficulty in complying with the fummons; but, when he recollected that his word and honour were at flake, he immediately jumped out of bed, dreffed himfelf, and accompanied Harry in all his ruftic employments.

In a fhort time, l'ommy became perfectly reconciled to his new mode of life, though it appeared a little awkward to him at first. The encrease of exercife greatly contributed to improve his health and ftrength, and fo much afilted his appetite, that the rultic food of farmer Sandford's table appeared to him more pleasing than all the luxuries he met with at home. From being accultomed to view fcenes of diftrefs, his heart began to be more $C \phi$ fentible fenfible of the tender feelings of humanity; and from the obfervations he had daily occafion to make, he learned to know of what utility the labourer was to the community. Mr Barlow paid him frequent vifits, and pointed out every thing to him that was moft worthy of his notice.

"The reverend gentleman one day thus addref-fed his little friend. "You are now, Tommy, learning the practice of those virtues, which have readered the fages of antiquity fo confpicuous. It is not by finery, indolence, or the gratification of our appetites,' that we must expect to establish our reputation in the world; for no man could ever derive the abilities of commanding armies in the field, or acting as a good legislator at home, who had been nurfed in the lap of Indolence or Luxury. When the Roman people were pulled hard by their enemies, and the greateft generals were neceffary to check them, it was not in the circles of the gay, elegant and diffipated, nor at banquets, nor in gilded palaces, that they fought fuch commanders; they vifited the poor and homely cottage, fuch as your late companions would view with the utmoft contempt. But it was in fuch a fituation they found Cincinnatus, whole virtues and abilities rendered him fuperior to the reft of his fellow citizens; they found him ploughing his field, and driving his oxen himfelf. Though this great man had paffed his youth in the fludy of civil government and the ule of arms, though he had frequently taught the Roman legions to triumph over their enemies; yet, when his country had no more commands on his fervice, he withdrew from the buille of affairs, and, in a retired and humble fituation, owed his fubfiftence.

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fubfiltence to his labour. Tell me, my little friend, fince chance feems to have more the direction of human affairs than merit, would you rather appear to the world in an elevated flation, and as unworthy of the advantages you enjoy; or, in an humble condition, be effeemed as worthy, from your virtues and abilities, of the most exalted places of honour and truit?"

formy frequently received fuch leffons as thefe from Mr Barlow, and the young gentleman attended to them with every mark of gratitude and featibility. The behaviour of Harry was truly great and noble; for, after he had finished his labour of the day, he employed all the reft of his time to the amufement of Tommy, and this he did with fo much affection and pleafure, that they loved each other infinitely beyond what they had before.

time to the amulement of Tommy, and this he did with fo much affection and pleafure, that they loved each other infinitely beyond what they had before. In the courfe of the evenings, Tommy frequently converfed with the negro, and afked him many queftions concerning his own country. The young gentleman being one night particularly inquifitive, the black man gave him the following hiftory of himfelf.

"A town on the river Gambia in Africa, (faid he) gave me birth. In this part of the world where I now am, people look upon me as a being of a different fpecies; and the inhabitants of my country look with equal furprife on the white Europeans. I have feen men in fome parts of the world of a yellow hue, in other parts the copper colour prevailed, and each have confidered the reft as beings beneath them. This opinion, however, arifes from ignorance, and I have otten been furprifed to fee the people of fo enlightened a nation 22

tion as this give way to fuch idle prejudices. Do you make any difference between a white and a black horfe, in point of ftrength and agility? Is a white cow more valuable on account of its colour, or is a white dog more ufeful in your houfes or on the chace, than that of any other colour? It has, on the contrary, been the general opinion, that lightcoloured animals are more feeble and lefs active.

" In my own country, there is a difference, not only in the colour of men, but alfo in a variety of other circumftances. In England, for a great part of the year, you are chilled with froits and fnows, and fometimes do not fee the all-chering rays of the fun for whole days together. It is the contrary with us, for the fun never leaves us, and pours on us his moft feorching influence. Our days and nights are equal, and we are confequently ftrangers to that diverfity of feafons you experience in this climate. Snow, froft, and ice, are unknown to us, a perpetual verdure prevails, and every feafou of the year produces us fruits. There are, indeed, tome months in the year, when we are feorched with intolerable heat; in thofe feafons vegetation appears to be deftroyed, the rivers fail in their falutary ftreams, and men and animals are parched with thirft.

"Tigers, lions, elephants, and other animals of prey, in those featons are driven from their dreary abodes in forests impenetrable to men, and skulk about the lower grounds and the borders of rivers. We are then frequently diflurbed by the nocturnal yells and favage roarings of these ferocious animals, which frequently interrupt our repose in our otherwise peaceful cottages. "In this country, I mean the country I am now in, however melancholy may be the truth, you feem to have more to fear from each other, than from the favage inhabitants of the woods. Your houfes are built fo as to defy the utmolt fury of whilds and weather, and which feem almost to relift the efforts of Time. With us, reeds twilted together, and cemented with fline or mod, form our contented though humble dweilings. Wretched as thefe habitations may appear to you, an African enjoys in them all the felicities of life, till you white Christians drag him from thence, and export him from his native country into foreign climes, where he is exposed to all the calamities of flavery and cruelty.

"A few flakes fet in the ground, interwoven with reeds, and whofe covering was nothing more that the ipreading leaves of the palm, were the compositions of that manfion, in which I firth learned to know that I was a human creature. A few earthen veiffels, which ferved to drefs our provifions, composed the whole of our kitchen utenfils. Our chamber furniture was nothing more than a few mats woven with foft grafs, and thefe tupplied us with a luxurious bed. The few tools we used in turning the ground, the arrows and javelins which we employed in hunting, and our lines neceffary for fifting, completed the catalogue of all our earthly possibility.

"In your c untry, men feem to place their happinefs in obtaining a thoufand things more than nature requires, and more than they can ever make use of. Your houses are sufficiently extenfive to contain a whole tribe of our people, and

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you to load yourfelf with clothes that your limbs cannot properly perform their offices. Your tables at meal times are covered with a profulion of victuals fufficient to ferve a whole village, and I have frequently feen a poor wretch perifying with hunger at the gates of a rich man, while he was eating his dinner, compoled of many fumptuous diffes; without the leaft appetite for any.

"Yams, a root refembling your potatoe, Indian corn, and rice in particular, form all the natural luxuries of our tables, excepting what nature fpontaneoufly produces in our woods, and the produce of hunting and the filhery. Yet this fimple diet contents us more, and affords us a greater degree of fatisfaction and contentment, than what you derive from your molt fplendid tables. "In the cool of the evening, we enjoyed ourfelves

" In the cool of the evening, we enjoyed ourfelves under the wide foreading palm-trees, and every traveller that chanced to paſs through our village; found a home at every houſe he came to. No door was fhut againſt him, no faucy, inſolent, and pampered fervant difputed his admiflion: he entered every houſe freely, was welcome to partake of what the table produced, and then purſued his journey.

the table produced, and then purfued his journey. "In almost every town there is a large building, where the aged people meet, in the cool of the evening, and converse on different fubjects. Here the flurdy youths join in the jovial dance, and amuse themselves in other manly exercises; while the children of the rifing generation divert themselves with their innocent gambols. Some throw little arrows at marks, and dart at each other their light blunted javelins, in order to prepare themselves to join in the chace, or to perform their their duty when called forth to feats of war. Some wreftle, others rnn races, with a degree of activity little known to Europeans. Among us, every man is his own architect, for our buildings are plain and fimple. Our little towns, which generally confift of an hundred or two of fuch houfes as I have juft deferibed, are furrounded by thick hedges of thorns, which guard us againft any nocturnal attacks of the wild beafts."

Tommy had hitherto liftened, in the moft profound filence, to a narrative fo novel to him; but now he interrupted the honeit negroe by afking him, if his country was much infefted with wild beafts.

"Yes, mafter, (replied the black) we have every fpecies of them, equally ferocious and dreadful. We have the powerful lion, who has fo much ftrength in his paw, that he will level a man to the earth with a fingle blow; and his paws are armed with fuch claws, that no creature can refift their tharpnefs and violence. His roar is like that of thunder, at which the boldest hunter frequently trembles. When our valiant youths refolve to attack this noble, dreadful animal, they affemble in troops, arm themfelves with javelins and arrows, and furround his dreadful abode. Their shouts and cries, accompanied with the clashing of their arms, bring him out of his den, and rouze him to refistance. He no fooner views his enemies, than he thakes his majeflic mane, and looks round upon his hoft of foes with the utmost contempt and indifference. He regards neither their numbers, their horrid fhouts, nor the glittering of their fhi-ning arms. He remains undaunted, and defpifes the weakness of all their vain boaftings. " After

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" After a little time, he begins lashing his fides with a long and ponderous tail, which is a certain emblem of his rifing fury; his eyes fparkle like confuming fire, and, when he perceives that his hunters are numerous, he generally moves towards them with a flow and awful flep. This, however, he is not permitted long to do, for those in his rear wound him in the flank with a javelin, which makes him face about. Then commences his rage and fury, when neither a torrent of blood iffuing from his wound, nor a combined number of spears oppofed to him, can prevent his rufhing on the man he fupposes to have first wounded him. Death is the inevitable lot of his devoted enemy, fhould he reach him in his first fpring; but it generally hap-pens, that the hunter, who has glory and his own life at stake, avoids him by a nimble leap, when the whole troop rush on to his affistance. The rage of this furious animal then avails him but little, his firength is gradually exhausted, and his life haftily feals away through every fresh wound he receives. In the agonies of death, he bites the ground, and yields to his inevitable fate.

"The conquerors, as a trophy of their victory, carry him home in triumph, when all the villagers, young and old, meet them with joyful fhouts, and celebrate the valour of the conquerors. Every part of the flain animal is furveyed, his enormous fize, his wonderful limbs, and his dreadful fangs. The men repeat tales of their former exploits, while the women with horror furvey the animal, though peaceful and quiet in death. The children are brought forward, that they may furvey the victim, and are taught to examine the moft tetrible terrible parts of him, that they might become familiar to fcenes of danger. Joyful acclamations are echoed from every part of the village, and a fealt is prepared for the entertainment of the conquerors."

Tommy here faid, that this relation almost made him tremble. He observed, that should a lion meet a man fingly, he supposed his death would be unvoidable.

" That is not always the cafe, (replied the black) as I was myfelf once witnefs to the contrary. My father, who, belides having had the reputation of being the most skilful hunter, was confidered as the bravelt in our village, and many trophies of his valour are there to be feen at this day. The inhabitants of the whole village, being one day affembled at their fports and pattimes, an enormous lion, perhaps attracted by the fmell of human flefh, unexpectedly rufhed in upon them with a horrid roaring. The villagers, being all unarmed, fled away with the utmost precipitation, when none but my father remained. As he had never yet turned his back on any beaft of the foreft, he drew from his fide a fhort dagger, which he always carried with him, and placing one knee and hand on the ground, ferenely waited the attack of this formidable enemy. It is not in the power of words to express the fury, with which the lion rushed towards my father; but he received him on the point of his dagger, in fo fleady and compofed a manner, that he funk it feveral inches into its belly. The beaft then made a fecond attack, and received another wound more dreadful than the first, after having given my father fo fevere a blow with his paw as laid one of his fides bare. By this time, the

the villagers had armed themfelves, and rufhing to the affiftance of my father, they foon difpatched this furious animal. This action appeared fo wonderful to every one, that his fame was fpread throughout the whole country, and he gained the moft honourable marks of diffinction."

A gentleman now entering Mr Sandford's houfe, about fome particular bulinefs, Tommy defired the honeft black to defer the remainder of his flory till the gentleman's departure.

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AS foon as the gentleman was gone, Tommy defired the black to proceed in his entertaining narrative, with which he inflantly complied.— "It is no wonder, (faid he) if under fuch a parent I learned every species of the chace. I was first taught to purfue flags and other feeble animals, and accompanied other children and young men to defend our rice fields from the depredations of the river horfe. Rice being a plant that requires great moisture, our plantations are for the most part made by the fides of rivers, where the foil being overflowed in the rainy feafon becomes foft and fertile. As foon as it nearly approaches perfecti-on, we are obliged to defend it from different kinds of deftructive animals, of which the principal is the river horfe. It is a prodigious animal, being twice the fize of your English ozen. He has four short thick legs, an enormous head, and jaws armed with prodigiously long and strong teetb, teeth, befides two prominent tufks, which make a most formidable appearance.

" Notwithstanding the strength and fize of this animal, his principal abode is in rivers, where he lives upon the produce of the waters. It is a curious though dreadful fight to behold this monftrous creature travelling along the bottom feveral yards below the furface, over which you are gently gliding in a boat, and can fee every thing that palles in the transparent mirror beneath you. The boatman always endeavoures to get out of his way ; for fo strong is this animal, that he can overfet a tolerably large bark, or tear out a plank with his enormous fangs. During the day, he generally conceals himfelf in the water, and preys on the inhabitants of that element; but when the gloom of night approaches, he quits the river, and entering the fields, commits depredations on the standing corn, which he would totally deftroy, were not people fet to watch his motions, and drive him away by their fhouts and clamours.

"Among thefe parties I have frequently made one, and have watched feveral fucceflive nights. At length, one of our most enterprising youths proposed that we thould boldly attack this enemy, and punish him for his depredations. For this purpose, we concealed ourfelves in a proper place, and when we faw him issue form the water, and had fuffered him to advance fome way into the plantation, we ruthed from our concealment, and endeavouring to intercept his return. This monfter was fo fensible of his own ftrength, that he flowly retreated, fnarling horribly, and gnashing his dreadful tusks. Our darts and arrows had no power power on his invulnerable fides, every weapon rebounding as from a wall, or glancing afide without making the leaft wound.

" One of our boldeft youths then unguardedly approached him, and endeavoured to wound him at a fhorter distance; but the enraged animal, running at him with a degree of fwiftnefs he was not before fupposed to poffess, he feized him, ripped up his body with his tufk, and left him dead upon the fpot. His companions inftantly fled with terror, and every one but myfelf declined the dangerous conflict. Inflamed with grief and rage for the lofs of my comrade, I refolved, at the hazard of my life, to attempt to revenge his death. As I found his hide was impenetrable to any weapon, I felected one of my tharpest arrows, fitted it to my bow firing, and with a cool and fleady aim, while the animal was haftening to the borders of the river, I hit him fo directly in the ball of one of his enormous eyes, that the point penetrated to his brain, when he fell to the ground, with a difmal groan, and inftantly expired." "Though there was in fact nothing very great in this action, it was deemed by every one as the

"Though there was in fact nothing very great in this action, it was deemed by every one as the nobleft act of heroifm, and from that time I was regarded as the first among the youths of our hamlet. I was received with fongs of joy and congratulation, and was ever afterwards chofen as the leader of every dangerous exploit. But, what flattered my ambition more than all the reft, my father received me with transport; he prefied me to his bofom with tears of joy, and told me, that he could now refign his breath without reluctance, fince he had lived to fee that I was not unworthy of being called called his fon. "I have not (continued my father) paffed my youth in an inglorious inactivity: I have laid many a tiger dead at my feet; I have compelled the lion, the terror of the woods, and the fierceft of all animals, to yield to my courage, and many an elephant has been obliged to flee from me; but I do not remember, that I ever atchieved an action fo glorious as what you have juft now performed."

"My father then went into his cabin, and brought out the bows and arrows he had fo fuccefsfully ufed in the chace. "Take thefe, my fon, (faid he to me) for now you are worthy of them. Age now creeps on me apace, and I have no longer firength fufficient properly to use them in the chace. I must now transfer that business to you, and leave to your youthful and nervous arm the protection of your country from the furious beafts of the forest."

Tommy's curiofity was much gratified with the recital of thefe adventures, and, as his knowledge encreafed, fo his generous heart expanded. He reflected on his former prejudices with fhame and contempt, began to confider all mankind as his equals, and ceafed to make thofe foolifh diftinctions, which pride and vanity had before fuggetted to his mind. This happy change in his fensiments made him refpected by every one in Mr Sandford's family, and Harry and Tommy loved each other more than ever."

Our young gentleman was one day furptifed by an unexpected visit from his father. The meeting was equally affectionate on both fides, for Tormmy was become another boy. His father told hic., he he was come to take him back to his own houle, having heard fuch an account of his prefent behaviour, that all his former errors were forgiven, and that he began to glory in owning him as his fon. Tommy mutually met the embraces of his father, and confented to return home to his mother, that he might, by his future conduct, convince her of the happy alteration made in his temper.

Farmer Sandford was at this inftant returning from the fields, and very refpectfully invited Mr Merton to walk in, when the latter called the former afide, as if he had fomething to fay to him in private. When they were alone, Mr Merton thanked the farmer for the infinite fervices he and his family had been of to his fon, in working fo happy a reformation. He then pulled out a pocket-book, and begged Mr Sandford would accept of it and its contents. The farmer, taking the book and looking into it, found it contained banknotes of great value. He therefore fhut it up again, and politely returned it to Mr Merton, begging to be excufed the acceptance of it.

Mr Merton was very much furprifed at this mark of modefly and moderation. He reminded Mr Sandford of the flate of his family; his daughters unprovided for, his amiable fon brought up to labour, and himfelf haftening to old age, which required a refpite from the toils and fatigues of life. "I remember the time was, (replied the farmer) when people in my flation thought of nothing but doing their duty towards God, and working hard. When I was a youth, I rofe with the fun, and could turn a furrow as flraight as any ptometers. Mr My father used to fay, that a farmer was good for nothing who was not in the fields by four in the morning, and my mother always began milking by five. In those times, women knew fomething of the management of a house, and did not give themfelves up to indolence and the pride of drefs."

Mr Merton here interrupted the farmer, and earnestly present him to accept of his prefent; but he perfifted in his refufal, faying, " Formerly, Sir, farmers were a healthy and happy fet of people, bccaufe they gave themfelves no concern about the parade of life; but now nothing elfe is talked of. One of my neighbours, a farmer like myfelf, fuffers his fon to go a fhooting with gentlemen; another fends his to market on a blood horfe, with a plaited bridle, and a fine faddle. And then the girls! the girls !- There is pretty work indeed ! They must have their hats and feathers, and riding habits. What a profusion of pomatum, powder. and pasteboard, and cork! Hardly any one of them knows any thing of the common duties of a family : fo that, unlefs our wife ministers of state will fend them all to this new fettlement, of which I have heard fo much talk, and bring us a cargo of plain and industrious housewives who have not been brought up at boarding-fchools, I cannot fee how we plain farmers are to get wives."

Mr Merton could not help laughing at this honeft declaration, and observed, that he would venture to pronounce, that things were not conducted in that manner at his house.

"I cannot fay quite fo bad, (replied Sandford.) My wife was brought up by an industrious mother, and

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and, though the withes to have her tea every afternoon, fhe is neverthelefs a good wife. Her daughters are brought up in a little higher mode than fhe was; but my wife and I have fometimes a leriou- conversation on that matter. She indeed employs them in milking, fpinning, and making themfelves uieful in the family; and yet the lets them run into what they call a little of the genteel mode. Every woman now-a-days runs mad after gentility, and when once gentility begins, good-by to industry. Were fuch a fum mentioned to them as you have been pleafed generoufly to offer me, there would be an end to all peace in the family. It would be no longer Deb and Kate, but Mifs Deborah and Mifs Catharine. The next thing would be, they must be fent to a boarding fchool to learn French and mufic, and to cut capers about the room. When they came back, there would be a difpute about who was to look after the boiling of the pot, make the puddings, fweep the houfe, and feed the chickens and pigs; for fuch vulgar things as thefe are not to be done by a delicate mifs."

Mr Merton could not avoid being flruck with this reafonable mode of arguing, and fenfibly felt the truth of his obfervations. However, he fill prefied him to accept of his offer, telling him, how far it would enable him to improve his farm, and cultivate his lands.

" I return you a thoufand thanks, (replied the farmer) but all our family, time immemorial, have been brought up to indultry, and to live by the labour of our hands. I have been told by **my** father, that there has not been a diffioneft perfon, a gentleman, gentleman, or a madman among us. I will not be the firit to break through the long-eftablihed cuftom of the family. I could not be more happy, were I a lord, or a macaroni, as I think you call them. I want for neither victuals nor work, good firing, cloaths, a warm houfe, a little to give to the poor, and between you and I, perhaps, I have fomething by me to give to my chidren, to put them into the world, if they behave well. Ah! my good neighbour, if you did but know the pleafure of following a plough drawn by a good team of horfes, and then going tired to bed, I think you would wifh you had been brought up a farmer. Certain I am, and I fhall never forget the kind offer you have made me; but, if you do not wifh to make an innocent and induftrious family miferable, I am fure you will confent to leave us in the condition, in which you at prefent find us."

Mr Merton no longer preffed him to accept the prefent, as he found it was to no purpole; and Mrs Sandford coming at this inflant to invite them in to dinner, they went immediately into the houfe, and, after Mr Merton had paid his refpects to the family, they all fat down to dinner.

As foon as dinner was over, the cloth was removed, and the filver mug, the only article of luxury in his houfe, had been two or three times replenifhed, when little Harry Sandford came running in, crying, "Father! father! here is the fweeteft team of horfes, all of a fize and colour, with new harnefs, and make the fineft figure I ever faw in my life. They are flopped at our door and the man fays he has orders to deliver them to you !" Farmer Farmer Sandford was then relating the hillory of the ploughing match, where he won the filver mug they were then drinking out of; but this account of his fon had fuch an effect on him, that he flarted up immediately, and, after making an apology to Mr Merton, ran out to fee what fort of horfes thefe were.

On his return, furprifed as well as his fon, "Mr Merton, (faid he) I fuppofe thefe horfes are a new purchafe, and that you want to have my opinion of them. I can affure you, they are the true Suffolk forrels, the fineft breed of working horfes in the kingdom, and thefe appear to me to be fome of the belt of that fort."

Mr Merton replied, that fuch as they were, they were at his fervice. " I cannot think, (faid he) after the fingular favours I have received from your family, you will fo far difpleafe me as to refuse this mark of my gratitude." Mr Sandford was loft in aftonifhment, and knew not what anfwer to make. At length, however, recovering himfelf, he was going to make the politeft refufal he could think of, when Tommy coming in, took Mr Sandford by the hand, and begged he would not be fo unkind as to refuse his father and himfelf the first favour they had ever asked him to grant them. He alfo reminded him, that this prefent was lefs to him than it was to little Harry, his dear companion ; and, after having lived fo long in his family, he hoped he would not treat him as if his conduct had been improper.

Harry himfelf here interpoled, and, confidering the feelings and intentions of the giver more than the value of the prefent, he took his father by the hand. hand, and begged him to oblige Mr Merton and his fon. "I would not fay a word, (added he) were it any perfon elfe; but I fo well know the generofity of Mr Merton, and the benevolence of Mafter Tommy, that they will receive more pleafure in your accepting, than in their giving the horfes." Mr Sandford's delicacy was now quite conquered, and he at laft confented that the horfes fhould be led into his ftables.

Mr Merton, having expressed every mark of tendernels and affection to this worthy family, not even forgetting the honeft black, for whom he promifed to provide, he defired his fon to accompany him home. Tommy arole, and with the fincereft gratitude and affection, took his leave of his friend Harry, and of all the reft of the family. " It will not be long before I shall fee you again, (faid he to Harry) for to your example I owe the little good I have to boaft of. You have made me fen-fible, how much better it is to be uleful than to be rich or fine, and that it is more amiable to be good than great. Should I ever be tempted to return to my former errors, and to relapfe into my late habits, I will return here to be taught better, and I hope I shall not be fo unhappy as to be unworthy of your instructions." Tommy and Harry then most affectionately embraced each other, shed the tear of fincere friendship and then parted, when Mr Merton conducted his fon home.

FINIS,









