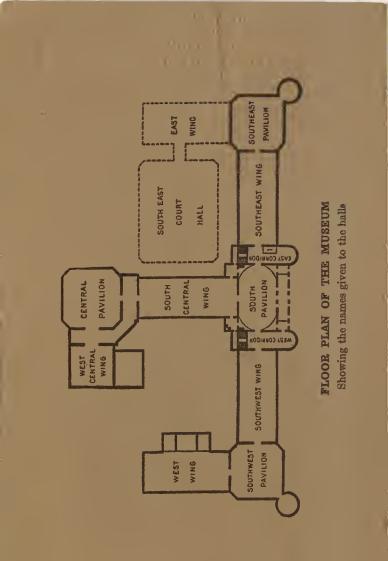
THE AMERICAN MUSEUM of QH70 .U52 **URAL HISTORY** N41123 1920 **Open Free Daily** Weekdays from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays from 1 p.m. to 5 p.m. 1920

AN HOUR IN THE MUSEUM AND HOW TO MAKE THE MOST OF IT





The Museum is 710 feet long, has ten acres of floor space, eight of which are devoted to exhibits, and has so far cost \$5,319,821.48

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AN HOUR

IN

THE AMERICAN MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY

An hour is not enough in which to see the Museum, but some people, unfortunately, ean spare no more, and this leaflet which notes some of the principal objects of interest has been prepared for their benefit.

It would take about half an hour merely to visit all the halls in the order laid down, but the visitor will doubtless proceed on the "skip-stop" principle, devoting the stops to those exhibits he—or she—finds most interesting.

The visitor enters Memorial Hall which contains the largest known meteorite, "Ahnighito," tons, and the most singular, the "Willamette." Another notable piece is the large boulder of Jadeite. Note the statue of Morris K. Jesup, benefactor of the Museum and for years its President, and on the walls busts of noted American men of science. Proceed to the east corridor where are maps of the north and south polar regions, showing the routes of famous explorers, and sledges that reached the north and south poles.

Then take elevator to the Fourth Floor and proceed to the Southeast Pavilion.

FOURTH FLOOR

Note, opposite the elevator, the great fish, Portheus; Pteranodon, the greatest flying creature, and the great marine reptile. Turn to the right and proceed to

- **SOUTHEAST PAVILION**—Hall of Dinosaurs. Fossil Reptiles and Fishes; Brontosaurus, Tyrannosaurus, and other great Dinosaurs, Naosaurus, jaws of Giant Fossil Shark; Mummied Dinosaur.
- **SOUTHEAST WING**—Fossil Mammals; Evolution of the Horse. This collection contains specimens of the earliest known ancestors of the Horse, and is the largest and finest known.
- **SOUTH PAVILION**—Mastodons and Mammoths; Skeletons of Modern Horses, Warren Mastodon, the finest specimen ever discovered. Series of specimens illustrating the "Age of Man." The fossils exhibited are celebrated for their completeness, artistic pose and lifelike attitudes. Around the walls are paintings by Knight giving a very vivid idea of the appearance and haunts of many extinct animals.
- **SOUTH CENTRAL WING**—Fossilized Tree Stump, Copper Queen and Weyer's Caves, Copper Queen Mine Model; General Geological Collection; Fossil Invertebrates.

Cross to

- **WEST WING**—General Philippine Collection: Tree House, Head-axes, Bagobo Beadwork; Woods.
- SOUTHWEST PAVILION—Natives of the Pacific Islands: Tahitian Fire-walker, Maori Warrior, Maori Tattooed Heads. Feather Capes, Tapa Cloth.
- **SOUTHWEST WING**—General Collection of Minerals, one of the finest in the world.

WEST CORRIDOR—The Morgan Gem Collection, comprising Gems, Precious Stones, and objects of Jade.

Descend to Third Floor and proceed to Southeast Pavilion—Hall of Insect Life.

THIRD FLOOR

- **SOUTHEAST PAVILION**—Insects, their classification, habits and relations to man, illustrated by groups and many single specimens; note the group of Migratory Butterflies which contains 1200 specimens.
- **SOUTHEAST WING**—Reproductions of Whales, Dolphins and Porpoises, including one of a Blue Whale 76 feet long; Development of Mammals.
- **SOUTH PAVILION**—Man and Apcs. Monkeys of the World, shown by many groups and single specimens. The groups of Orang Utans and African Pigmies show the contrast between the higher apes and one of the lower races of mankind.
- **SOUTH CENTRAL WING**—Habitat Groups of North American birds, preëminent for their truthful portrayal of the life of birds in their native haunts.

Proceed to

- **WEST WING**—Exhibit of Shells—15,000 species are shown: the Giant Clam near the entrance weighs 579 pounds, and is perhaps the largest known.
- **SOUTHWEST PAVILION**—Arts and Industries of China: Bronzes, Porcelain, Embroidery and Carvings in Wood, Stone and Ivory. Clothing, Utensils and War Implements from Siberia.
- **SOUTHWEST WING**—Gold, Silver, Pottery and Stone Objects from South America: Prehistoric Textiles, Mummies from Peru and Chile.
- **WEST CORRIDOR**—Exhibits of Department of Public Health. Beautiful models of Fly and Mosquito. How discases are spread and how they may be prevented.

Descend to Second Floor and proceed to Southeast Wing—Mammals of North America.

SECOND FLOOR

- **SOUTHEAST PAVILION**—Being used for the mounting of a group of elephants and other African Mammals. Not open to visitors.
- **SOUTHEAST WING**—Mammals of North America. Moose, Bison, Fur Seal, Polar Bear, Mountain Goat, Musk-ox, Caribou, Beaver, Elk and other Groups.
- **SOUTH PAVILION**—Reptile Life of Florida. Toad, Frog, Salamander, Lizard, and Snake Groups. Penguins and Sea Elephants.
- **SOUTH CENTRAL WING**—Birds of the World, their classification and distribution. Dodo, Great Auk, Labrador Duck, Wild Pigeon, Birds of Paradise. Recent Fishes, Giant Manta.
- **CORRIDOR OF CENTRAL PAVILION**—Paddle-fish and other Groups; Sharks and Occan Sunfish, and Luminous Fishes of the Deep Sea.

Cross to the

- **WEST WING**—Collections from the Congo. African Mammals, Okapi and White Rhinoceros.
- **SOUTHWEST PAVILION**—Early Man in America and Europe. Stonc Implements, Rude Carvings and Paintings made by Prehistoric Man.
- **SOUTHWEST WING**—Ancient Monuments of Mexico and Central America; Keith Gold, Stone and Pottery Collection; Ancient Maya Documents.
- **WEST CORRIDOR**—Birds found in the vicinity of New York City.

Descend to First Floor and proceed to Southeast Pavilion—Darwin Hall.

FIRST FLOOR

- **SOUTHEAST PAVILION**—Darwin Hall: Malaria Mosquito, Tide Pool, Wharf Pile, and other Marine and Shore Groups; exhibits illustrating Variation under Domestication, Variation in Nature and Struggle for Existence. Beautiful models in glass of Invertebrates.
- **SOUTHEAST WING**—Jesup Collection of North American Woods. Examples of all kinds accompanied by reproductions of their foliage. The section of Sequoia at the left was 1341 years old, but was still a young and vigorous tree.
- **SOUTH CENTRAL WING**—Seismograph, Indians of the Pacific Coast, Haida Canoe, Totem Poles, Chilkat Blankets, Murals. In the corridor beyond are the Eskimo collections, Meteorites and Building Stones.

Cross to the

- WEST WING—Indians of the Southwest. Hopi and Apache Groups, Navajo Blankets, Pottery, Baskets.
- SOUTHWEST PAVILION—Indians of the Plains. Indian Tipi, Sun Dance Group, Buffalo Robes, Beadwork.
- **SOUTHWEST WING**—Indians of the Eastern Woodlands. Wampum, Masks, Clothing, Canoes.

This completes the tour of the museum and it is hoped that what has been seen will lead the visitor to wish to come again.

A General Guide and Series of Souvenir Stamps in color will serve to recall some of the objects seen.

THE MORE IMPORTANT EXHIBITS AND WHERE THEY MAY BE FOUND	HERE THEY N	IAY BE FOUND
See floor plan of Museum, inside of cover, for names of halls	r, for names of h	alls.
Administrative Offices. Africa. Collections from	Fifth Floor, Second Floor.	South Pavilion West Wing
Ancient Monuments, Mexico and Central America	Second Floor,	Southwest Wing
Antelope Group. Asia, Collections from.	Second Floor, Third Floor,	Southwest Pavilion
Auditorium.	First Floor, Third Floor,	Central Pavilion Southwest Wing
Big Tree	First Floor,	Southeast Wing
Birds, Local. Birds of North America (Habitat Groups).	Third Floor,	West Corrigor South Central Wing
Birds of the World.	. Second Floor, First Floor	South Central Wing Central Pavilion
Butterflies	. Third Floor,	Southeast Pavilion
Chinese Collections.	. Third Floor, Founth Floor	and Central Pavilio Southwest Pavilion
Darwin Hall.	First Floor,	Southeast Pavilion
Dinosaurs. Dogs.	Fourth Floor, First Floor,	Southeast Pavilion Southeast Pavilion
Engine Room. Eskimo Collections.	First Floor, First Floor,	West Central Wing North Corridor
Fishes, Recent	Second Floor, Third Floor,	South Central Wing West Corridor

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Southeast Wing East Cerridor South Central Wing South Pavilion Southeast Wing Southeast Pavilion	West Corridor South Central Wing Southeast Wing	West Wing Southwest Wing South Central Wing Southwest Wing Southwest Wing	South Central Wing Southwest Pavilion West Wing Southwest Wing South Pavilion Southeast Pavilion	and Southeast Pavilion Southeast Pavilion West Corridor Southeast Wing Southeast Wing South Pavilion
First Floor, Fourth Floor, Flourth Floor, Floor, Flourth Floor, Flourth Floor, Flourth Floor, Flourth Floor, Floor, Flourth Floor, Floor, Flourth Floor, Floor	Fourth Floor, Fourth Floor, Fourth Floor,		First Floor, First Floor, First Floor, First Floor, First Floor, Third Floor,	First Floor, Fifth Floor, Third Floor, Second Floor, Fourth Floor,
Forestry, North American. Fossil Fishlike Lizards. Fossil Invertebrates. Fossil Mammals (Mastodons, etc.). Fossil Mammals (Horses, Camels, etc.). Fossil Reptiles and Fishes.	Gems and Precious Stones	Indian Groups	Indians of the North Pacific Coast. Indians of the Plains. Indians of the Southwest. Indians of the Southwest. Information Burcau. Information Burcau.	Invertebrates

Southwest Pavilion South Pavilion East Corridor South Corridor South Corridor South Pavilion West Wing South Pavilion Southwest Pavilion Southwest Pavilion Southwest Pavilion Southwest Pavilion West Wing West Wing West Wing West Corridor Southwest Pavilion West Corridor South Pavilion South Pavilion West Wing West Wing South Corridor South Corridor West Wing South Corridor West Wing	South Central Wing Right of Entrance Southeast Wing Southeast Wing
Fourth Floor, Second Floor, First Floor, Fourth Floor, First Floor, First Floor, Fourth Floor, Fourth Floor, Second Floor, Fourth Floor, Fourth Floor, Second Floor, Second Floor, Second Floor, Second Floor, Second Floor, Second Floor, First Floor, Floor, Floor, Floor, Floor, Second Floor, Floor,	First Floor, First Floor, Third Floor, First Floor,
Maori Heads, Tattooed Maya Seulptures. Mereorites, General Collection Meteorites, General Collection Monerals. Navajo Blankets. Navajo Blankets. Offices. Pacific Island Collections. Pacific Island Collections. Penyian Group Penyian Collections. Philippine Collections. Philippine Collections. Prehistoric Man of Europe. Prehistoric Man of North America. Public Health Exhibits. Public Health Exhibits. Seals and Sea Elephants. Seals and Sea Elephants. Sharks. Collet Rooms (entrances to).	Totem Poles

HOW TO BEACH THE MUSEUM

The Museum is located at 77th Street and Central Park West, and can be reached by the 8th or 9th Avenue surface cars, the 6th or 9th Avenue elevated to 8ts Street station, or by the subway to 72d or 79th Street station. The Museum is open free every day in the year; on week days, including holidays, from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., on Sundays from t to 5 p. m.



From the Grand Central Station take Broadway surface car to 77th Street, or subway shuttle to Times Square and local to 79th Street.

From the Pennsylvania Station take the 8th Avenue surface cars, or the subway local to 79th Street.

