

11

Laridae

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GULLS - INDIA

8 March, 1980

Mahlabalipuram

Yesterday and this morning, I noticed gulls flying along shore. Obviously Larus brunnicephalus. Wing pattern is unmistakable (front white triangle, dark underneath, etc.).

Appearance of species in flight is distinctive. Plump-headed, pigeon-like, somewhat reminiscent of Franklin's Gull (also occurs in the non-breeding season - but see below). A little less reminiscent of caninus (also breeding at high altitudes). L. brunnicephalus ("Brunni") may be as plump as caninus, but it is thicker-billed and looks less small-headed.

I started out to walk along beach to Mahlabaliapuram 1:10 pm. sunny. Flat. Very windy. Heavy surf. Tide is high.

A few Brunnis fly by (going south into wind) singly or in small groups (from 2 or 3 up to at least 6 individuals). Mostly adults. A few odds in immature plumage. All or almost all in non-breeding plumage. Perhaps a few with traces of hood.

A single Brunny, non-breeding plumage, lands on shore. Stands and runs at very edge of waves. Presumably interested in feeding, but it does not actually peck at anything.

1:45 pm. See group of approximately 25 gulls floating on water, approximately 50 m. offshore. Mostly Brunnis. All Brunnis apparently in non-breeding plumage. But group also includes 3 much larger birds with full crests. Must be L. eddygularis ("Schlitzig")

Schlitzig is even more distinctive in appearance than Brunny. Combination of yellow bill and dark hood is very peculiar. The birds are float-

GULLS, 8 Mar. 1980, II.

(2)

ing with necks rather "drawn in". Look almost alcid-like! Shape of head is difficult to determine precisely in this posture. Perhaps it is "full". Or it may show a trace of "mask-like" cut-out on nape. But almost certainly not as much as in the "true" masked gulls. The mantle of the Ichthys also seems to be slightly darker and browner than that of the Brunneis. At this distance at least, color of hood appears to be matte. Could be brown-black rather than pure black.

When first seen, all the gulls in this raft are close together. Only 1-3 ft apart in most cases. And the Ichthys seem to be very well integrated with Brunneis. 2 Ichthys, presumably a pair, in one part of group. The 3rd Ichthy 6-10 ft away in another part of group.

None of the birds is obviously feeding. Although the Ichthys do dip bill into water quite frequently. Can't tell if this is bathing or not.

The unpaired Ichthy disappears without my seeing its departure. The Brunneis are much more restless than Ichthys. Many individuals of Brunnei fly up (alred, into wind) for short or longer distances. Even the Brunneis that do not fly seem to swim faster and more vigorously than the Ichthys. As a result, the Ichthys gradually get left behind as the Brunneis move on. They make no attempt to catch up.

Then I notice what seems to be a 2nd pair of Ichthys about 30 m. behind the front. Also isolated. One member of the pair seems to have complete hood. The other seems to be largely white-breasted. The members of each pair tend to stick surprisingly close together.

One would suppose that the Ichthys, as a whole, are more advanced in the annual cycle than are the Brunneis. Viz. relative frequency of hood. And I certainly can see no traces of pavis among the Brunneis. Presumably Brunneis start to breed later, at their higher latitudes, than do the (lowland) Ichthys.

Looking ahead to the moving group of Brunneis, I see that 1 individual seems to have, or to be acquiring, a hood.

GULLS, 8 Mar. 1980, II.

(3)

2:03 p.m. I start gradually drifting farther and farther from shore getting difficult to see among the whitecaps so I go on, 2:10.

See a single Brunnii in non-breeding adult plumage on shore. Diving to bottom edge of waves. Feathers unrecognizable. Probably very small.

Go on to town of Moleboligunam itself. Then start back 3:00 p.m. Still sunny and windy, but not quite so hot. Tide is going down now.

See about Brunnii in non-breeding plumage feeding edge water on shore. A lot more.

NOTE: Brunnii looks more like BHG on water or land than in flight. Only gull is slightly thicker.

Then find whole group of Brunnii (ca. 23 individuals) on shore. All white head except for one which has nearly complete hood. Probably same group seen on water earlier. Mostly just resting. Several gulping up food at edge water.

I start drifting again.

The Brunnii on shore fly away short distances when a human being approaches. Often in an V before flight. But there is absolutely no other sign of territorial behavior. I can't even hear any RN's or other notes. Of course, the sound of the surf is loud, but it also seems possible (arguably) that this form is less vocal than the BHG, at least during the non-breeding season.

I keep drifting 3:53. See group of 4 Brunnii on beach. Getting more.

I start out again with direction of Moleboligunam 3:50 p.m. There are parties of Brunnii flying S into the wind along shoreline. Past the fisher-lants Hotel, I see very large group of Brunnii (100-250) yet offshore. Group probably includes at least 150 individuals.

Most of them are very active. Flying about and repeatedly, diving from surface of the water. Fed by sandworms? Some will also rest on

GULLS, 8 March, 1980, IV

(4)

water from time to time. Almost all birds are white-headed.

This is by far the largest and most active group of Brownies that I have seen. It would appear that this species is primarily marine during the non-breeding season. And presumably, littoral. (Both Salim Ali and Ben King state that it also occurs on rivers. But I have never seen it on inland waters around here - not even at the canal.)

Juveniles may also be marine, but perhaps less littoral, more oceanic???

By c. 10 pm the birds of this group are gradually moving S (again) mostly out of sight by c. 20 pm.

COMMENT: It is possible that there were a few terns mixed in with this feeding group of Brownies. There certainly are a variety of terns in the region as a whole. At least 2 species. All red-capped. But some with light primaries, and others with dark ones. Perhaps a Sterna s.s. and a "Rhel avicula"? But the terns certainly do not associate closely with the gulls.

And it is interesting that I have never seen a real U. midlandus anywhere around here!!!

9 March, 1980
Malabalipuram

Another sunny, windy day. From hotel, at noon, I see Brownies flying along shore. South west wind as usual.

Starting out myself 1:40 pm. Tide is getting high. Single Brownie still flying by.

Also feeding from surface of water occasionally.

2:13 pm. Usual place, halfway to Malabalipuram. Find 2 adult Brownies in non-breeding plumage on shore. Behavior as usual. Then one adult Brownie (identification definite) flies in, lands beside

Gulls, 9 March, 1988, II

(5)

II

one the birds already on beach. This however seems to have complete head! It stands in extreme Dog and HT's. Then arrives short-necked but otherwise extreme F. I can't tell if this is an intermediate "Upward" or "Oblique" phase or not. Nor can I hear any sounds (the surf is too loud.)

"Partner" of banded bird fails to respond. Headed out walls away in semi-U, opens bill briefly (presumably "Kwup" type note), ruler ex. Looking for food.

Then I see that there is a big raft of Brownies in water, about 100-150 m. away. All are almost all white-headed. Some fly into shore to join others. No visible greetings.

Certainly no Ichthys anywhere.

NOTE: Almost all the Brownies that I have seen along HTR don't have been adults. Juvs do occur, but they are relatively very rare (1 to 2%?)

All the Brownies on the beach fly out to the water. Then back to beach. No greetings on landing. But a few seconds later, one white headed wld. in middle of group does 1 HT movement without guttural. I think that this wld. is adult!

I start back to Hotel 2:30 pm. Nothing of much interest.
2:35. Find large group of white-headed Brownies on beach right in front of Jellin Inn! Also a couple gulls with partial heads. Miscellaneous terns flying over head. Including at least one Gull-billed Tern. Gull-billed lands among the gulls. No interaction. They all fly up to the cliff walls by.

Stop observations 2:45 pm.

11