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1941-Our 63rd Year



MARGARET McGREDY


CONDESA DE SASTAGO

K. A. VIKTORIA

## Biq Rase Callection

## for 1941

We have the privilege and pleasure of offering below 12 of those Roses which have given satisfaction for their hardiness and have drawn gasps for their beauty wherever they have been planted.

Take advantage of our offer this year, for we are sure that such beauty can never be superseded in a single Collection, or at such economy of price.
For more complete descriptions, see under Hybrid Tea Roses, pages 4 to 6, inclusive.

## LOVETT'S

## Euerblaoming

## Rases

Betty Uprichard. Carminep nk and salmon ....... \$0.85

MRS. E. P. THOM


Condesa de Sastago. Copper scarlet and rich gold
Editor McFarland. Pink suff́used yellow
Etcile de Hcllande. Bright red
Glowing Carmine. Clear carmine
Jcanne Hill. Creamy buiff .. . 85
K. A. Viktoria. Pure white.

Margaret McGredy. Orangescarlet
Mrs. E. P. Thom. Canaryyellow
Pres. Herbert Hoover. Deep pink, orange and gold85

Sister Therese. Lemon-yellow ..... 85

Talisman. Red and gold .85

Actual value $\$ 10.35$
all twelve of
THESE FLORAL GEMS
$\$ 795$

Add 10 per cent to remittance if shipment is desired by Parcel Post.

## ORDER FOR <br> LOVETT'S NURSERY, Inc.

## Little Silver, N. J.

Date. 19

Name
Mr., Mrs. or Miss-write plainly
Street or Rural Route.
Post Office $\qquad$
County......................................................................................State.
Ship by
To.
Mail, Express or Freight
Enclosed find sum of.

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Please be sure to add $10 \%$ to cost of plants ordered, when shipment is to be made by parcel post. If more than is needed is sent the surplus will be promptly returned.

SEND CATALOGUE TO YOUR FRIENDS
We would appreciate it if you would write below the names and addresses of those who you think might like to receive our catalogue.

## The Rewards of Gardening

Garden rewards, as we see them, come in three distinct forms. First, there is the satisfaction of time well spent in endeavors to help Nature to do her utmost. Second, there comes the joy of seeing one's efforts bear results in the form of luscious fruits and beautiful flowers. Last, but not least, we experience the exhilarating reaction to that great "something" which digging in the soil gives us, that indefinable element which reacts on mind and body and causes us to feel the better for having worked with Nature.

## Gardening for Health and Happiness

More and more the garden is becoming recognized as a factor in promoting the nation's health and happiness. The exacting demands of our modern civilization leave their mark. There is no surer, no happier way to eliminate such marks than to find relief and relaxation in one's own garden.

## Plan Your Garden Wisely

The purpose of this catalog is to help you plan wisely and to assist you in the carrying out of your plans. The merchandise it offers is such as will hold out great promise in the way of utmost garden rewards. Over half a century of service along these lines has won us thousands of loyal customers. We will do our utmost to deserve continued confidence.

## Our Terms of Sale-Please Read Carefully

Special Notice-The greatest care is exercised to keep our stock clean and true to name. Should any prove otherwise, we will return the money paid or replace it with other stock, but we are not liable for damage beyond that. A sure indication of the purity of our stock is the fact that customers of former years continue to deal with us. Certificate of inspection is attached to each shipment.

HOW TO ORDER. To insure receipt of stock when wanted, order as early as possible. Be sure that your name and address are clearly written. In your address give postoffice, county and state, and state clearly to what point goods are to be sent. If shipping address is different than residence postoffice, be sure that you give us the correct shipping point. Small favors thankfully received always, but we cannot undertake to fill an order of less amount than one dollar.
SUBSTITUTION. It is our custom, should the supply of a variety become exhausted (which occasionally occurs in all nurseries), to substitute in its stead a similar sort, properly labeled, of course. When it is desired that we shall not do this, it must be so stated in the order. To simply affix the words "No Substitution" is all that is necessary.
SHIPPING. We deliver all goods to forwarders here without charge, after which our control ceases, consequently our responsibility also. We particularly caution patrons against ordering Perennial Plants and Strawberry Plants shipped by freight; they should always go by express, or in small lots by mail. Transportation charges on all goods shipped by freight or express are to be paid by the purchaser, unless arranged otherwise.
SHIPMENTS BY PARCEL POST. Many plants offered can be shipped to advantage by parcel post, especially to nearby points. If such method of shipment is desired, kindly consult the subheading of the desired article for cost of transportation. Any overpayment will be refunded by us immediately after shipment goes forward.

TERMS. Payment should be made at time of ordering or before shipment. We prefer to make no shipment C.O.D. but will, when requested, ship in this way, provided 25 per cent of the amount of an order is sent with the order, with return charges added. Please do not ask us to open accounts for less than $\$ 10.00$ orders.

Prices in this catalog cancel previous quotations. The prices quoted are for the quantities specified, but six, fifty or five hundred of a variety will be supplied at dozen, hundred and thousand rates, respectively. Hundred lots may not be made up at hundred rates for less than fifty of a variety.
CLAIMS, if any, should be made upon receipt of goods, when they will be carefully and cheerfully examined and, if just, all made satisfactory. Claims made after 15 days from receipt of goods will not be entertained. We endeavor to send out only good stock in good condition, carefully packed in all cases; but success or failure depends in so large a degree upon the care and management after received, that we do not, because we cannot, undertake to guarantee stock to live.
LOCATION. Lovett's Nursery, Inc., is one mile from Little Silver Depot, two miles from Red Bank, forty miles from New York City and five miles from Long Branch. To reach it from New York, take the Central Railroad of New Jersey (foot of Liberty Street or 23rd Street) or the Pennsylvania Railroad (Hudson Terminal or 32nd Street and Seventh Avenue). From Philadelphia, take the Pennsylvania Railroad or the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad (Bound Brook Route).

## HARDY ROSES

## Beyand question, America's faworite of all flowers

Roses are beyond all question the most beautiful of the gorden flowers. Our list is complete in its range of color, and includes the very best of the modern sorts, as well as the most popular of the older varieties.

We especially recommend our Collection of Hybrid Tea Roses (see inside front cover).

## Hardy Everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses

These are the most popular of all Roses, producing their perfect flowers from early summer until late fall. We have increased our list this year, and all of our plants are trimmed back so that they will provide a maximum of success.
Although hardy, these Roses do best if given some protection in winter. Simply heap soil to a height of 8 inches about each plant in late fall, leveling same off, of course, in early spring.


GRENOBLE


GOLDEN RAPTURE
Plant in rich, well-drained soil, always in full sunlight. Space about 2 feet apart.

All Roses offered are extra strong, 2 years old, fieldgrown plants, bound to produce a splendid display of bloom next summer, and for many succeeding summers.

## PRICE OF ROSES

Uniform prices for all varieties (unless otherwise noted), heavy, field-grown plants: Each, 85c; doz., $\$ 8.50 ; 100, \$ 60.00$. (Add 10 per cent to remittance if shipment is desired by Parcel Post).

Ami Quinard. Deep maroon buds turn to lovely black-red flowers, sweetly fragrant, and with petals seemingly cut from rich velvet.

Autumn. Compact, stiff buds of bright burnt-orange turn to brilliantly colored Roses of orange, splashed red, pink and gold. Best in fall, when colors become most intense.

Betty Uprichard. The long-pointed, reddish copper buds turn to blooms of carmine-pink and salmon, reversed copper-rose.

Condesa de Sastago. (See color illustration, page 2.) The cupshaped, two-toned blooms are salmon-scarlet within and golden yellow without. Attractive chrome-yellow buds. Delightful raspberry fragrance.

Dainty Bess. One of the most popular and most attractive singleflowered sorts. The five large graceful blush-pink petals form a beautiful contrast to the deep wine-red stamens.

Duchess of Luxembourg. Blooms of deepest golden yellow, centered copper, on long upright stems.

Edel. The huge white blooms, faintly tinged with ivory, are well formed and fragrant.

Edith Nellie Perkins. Shapely big buds turn to beautiful flowers of orange-pink, with interior of petals a lovely salmon.

Editor McFarland. The clear brilliant pink, fragrant flowers are perfectly formed. Splendid for cutting.
Edouard Schill. Bigg brick-red blooms, flushed with yellow, extra vigorous.

# Hardy Everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses 

For Prices, See Page 4.

E. G. Hill. Rich crimson Roses, amazingly fragrant, full, and shape ty are produced on long, strong stems throughout the season. Ideal for cutting and lovely in the garden.

Etoile de Hollander. (See color illustration, page 2.) Long the fave rite red Rose of authorities, this lovely sort bears healthy blooms, of a rich, solid color, and is sweetly perfumed. A necessty in any garden.

GLOWING CARMINE. Big Roses with many petals of a rich clear carmine are produced in abundance. A strong grower with shapely and lasting flowers, and the only Rose we list of its color. Each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.

Golden Dawn. The big, pale yellow blooms, continuously produced, stand out against lovely deep green foliage, and are amazingly fragrant.

Golden Rapture. Ideal for cutting, this nearly thornless sort prodaces exquisite, long-pointed buds of bright gold, turning to sweetly scented flowers of clear yellow, borne on long stems.

Grenoble. Strong plants bear many big, double, globular flowers of brightest red, ideal for the garden.

Grass an Teplitz. Countless brilliant crimson blooms, fragrant and velvety. A continuous bloomer, ideal for border.

Heinrich Wendland. Big, shapely, full buds and flowers of rich unfading nasturtium-red, reversed golden orange. Intensely fragrant.

Joanna Hill. Orange-yellow buds, each a separate triumph, turn to shapely flowers of deep creamy buff, centered orange-yellow fragrant and produced on long, strong stems, perfect for cutting.

Julien Patin. The long-pointed, clear yellow buds open to large, double flowers of pure primroseyellow.

Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria. (See color illustration, page 2.) The long, shapely buds open to big, pure white flowers, exceptionally fragrant and perfect for cutting.

Lady Alice Stanley. Large silvery pink flowers, reversed deep coral-rose, from long-pointed buds.

## Start Your Rose Garden with Our Big Rose Collection

Offered on Inside Front Cover.

Lady Ashtown. Big, long-pointed buds turn to lovely carmine-pink blooms, lasting when cut.
Margaret McGredy. (See color illustration, page 2.) Double, cupped flowers open orange-scarlet and pass to unusual carmine-rose. A beautiful, fragrant bedding Rose which is always in bloom.
McGredy's Scarlet. Big, loose flowers of vivid rosy red, orangeyellow at base of petals. A free and continuous bloomer.

Mevrouw G. A. Van Rossem. Fragrant golden brown Roses, veined and streaked orange-pink, produced on a hardy bush.
Mme. Edouard Herriot. Coral-red shaded with yellow and bright rosy scarlet, passing to salmon-pink.

Mme. Joseph Perraud. Long-pointed slender buds of true nasturtiumorange open to lovely buff Roses which pass to pink at their edges. Perfect exhibition Rose. Each \$1.00, doz. \$10.00.

Mme. Jules Bouche. Favorite white Rose of many prominent growers. Fragrant and shapely, with just a faint blush in its center; the blooms are produced in great abundance.

Miss Rowena Thom. Huge, shapely flowers of a rich rosy pink, suffused gold, in profusion.
Mrs. Aaron Ward. Glorious orange-copper buds, passing to full flowers of yellow and pink. Of rather dwarf growth.

Mrs. Charles Bell. A sport of the popular Radiance. The fragrant flowers are a lovely shell-pink shaded soft salmon. A tall, viaorcus growing variety.
Mrs. E. P. Thom. (See color illustration, page 2.) Each bloom is a clear yellow masterpiece of fragrance and shapeliness, from perfeet buds. Best yellow bedding Rose.

Mrs. Pierre S. du Font. Long-pointed, reddish gold buds, opening to semi-double, deep golden yellow blooms.

Mrs. Sam McGredy. The large scarlet-copper-orange blooms are moderately fragrant and carry deep red shadings on outside of petals. Beautiful bronzy foliage.

PINK DAWN. Solid and well shaped buds of rich pink turn into many glorious pink flowers, based orange and sweetly fragrant, on a tall, healthy bush. Each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$



MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT
(Description on page 5)

## PRICE OF ROSES

Uniform prices for all varieties (unless otherwise noted), heavy, field-grown plants. Each, 85 c; doz. $\$ 8.50$; $100, \$ 60.00$. (Add 10 per cent to remittance if shipment is desired by Parcel Post).

## Lovett's Rases are of only

## Hardy Everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses

President Herbert Hoover. (See color illustration, page 2.) Among the most colorful of Roses, the many blooms are a riot of flame, orange, gold and cerise-pink. Shapely, fragrant and lasting when cut. Very popular, and of strong, sturdy growth.

President Plumcocq. Ovoid buds of coppery buff pass to big flowers of the same color, but with an overglow of deep salmon. Flowers are fragrant, long lasting, and produced in abundance.

Radiance. Most satisfactory of Roses, the large cup-shaped flowers are two-toned, light silvery pink within and deeper on the outside. Vigorous, free-blooming and pungently fragrant. Tall.

Red Radiance. With all of Radiance's good qualities, plus a rich rosy red color, small wonder that this hardy sort is the favorite rose of millions.

Roslyn. Shapely flowers of deep golden yellow, borne individually on long stems, good for cutting.

Sister Therese. Long-pointed copper-pink buds turn to lemon-yellow blooms, amazingly well shaped and ideal for corsage, lasting well when cut. Sweetbrier fragrance. A thoroughly splendid Rose.
Souv. de Claudius Pernet. These unfading sunflower-yellow Roses are still the most popular of their color, being shapely, fragrant, and produced in abundance.
Syracuse. A tall plant, bears many attractive buds and flowers of rich scarlet.
Talisman. (See color illustration, page 2.) A wealth of multicolored flowers from scarlet and gold to deep pink and lemon-yellow. Extremely popular.
Ville de Paris. Rich buttercup-yellow, without tints or shadings. The blooms are large, full and double, and are splendid for cutting.

## PATENTED Everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses

We have the honor to list below some of the lovely sorts which were deemed worthy and different enough to be granted United States Plant Patents. If you procure some this spring, you will discover yourself to be the proud possessor of Roses which are, in many instances, miles ahead of the old familiar sorts.

Apricot Queen. (Patent rights reserved.) The long-pointed burnt-orange buds open to large, irregular blooms of orange and apricot, tinted salmon and rose. Richly fragrant. Each $\$ 1.50$, doz. $\$ 15.00$.
Better Times. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 23.) Big, double, cerise Roses, on long strong stems and delicately fragrant, are produced in abundance by this popular sort. Each \$1.00, doz. \$10.00.
California. (Patent rights reserved.) The large, loose bronzy apricot blooms are reversed coppery pink, and carry an iridescent sheen. Delightfully fragrant. Each $\$ 1.50$, doz. $\$ 15.00$.
Carrie Jacobs Bond. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 158.) The large, double flowers of rich deep rose are enhanced by an overtone of coral. Each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.
Charlotte Armstrong. (Patent rights reserved.) A lovely new Rose of rich solid pink, glowing and fragrant. One of the strongest growing of all the newer sorts, and exceptionally healthy and prolific. Each $\$ 1.50$, doz. $\$ 15.00$.
Countess Vandal. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 38.) Among the most beautiful of Roses, this gorgeous variety bears long-pointed pink buds suffused with orange-copper, which open to big, double, shapely and fragrant flowers, ever-changing in their diffusion of coppery bronze and pink shadings. Each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.

## PLANTING AND CULTURE OF ROSES

All Roses except climbers should be pruned severely in the spring. They bloom on the new season's wood, so old wood should be cut back one-half or more and all weak shoots cut out. Be sure to plant with union of root and stock at least three inches below the surface of the ground. Roses like clay or a medium heavy soil.

## SELECT AND PREPARE ROSE BEDS WITH CARE

The Rose bed should be placed where it will have plenty of sunshine. See that it is in a well drained position. Prepare the bed by deep spading. Three feet is not too deep. This will allow for a layer of stones to help drainage if needed. Fill the bed with alternate layer


Not deep enough
Just right

## One 2uality - The Best

## Patented Everblooming or Hybrid Tea Roses

Crimson Glory. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 105.) The beautiful, flaring, urn-shaped buds open to gorgeous flowers of velvety crimson, with black and maroon shadings; these flowers are mellowed by a velvety nap. Each $\$ 1.25$, doz. $\$ 12.50$.
Eclipse. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 172.) The long streamlined buds of this splendid variety are of rich gold, opening to semidouble flowers. Fragrant, and free blooming. Each $\$ 1.25$, doz. $\$ 12.50$.
Glowing Sunset. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 104.) The long-pointed buds open to double flowers, the inner petals of which are lengthened and twisted, similar to a Cactus Dahlia. The color is an exquisite blending of orange-yellow and rose-pink. Free blooming and splendid for cutting. Each \$1.00, doz. $\$ 10.00$.
Mrs. Oliver Ames. (Patent pending.) Long tapering، lemon-yellow buds open to cream-colored blooms, with a deep lemonyellow center. Shapely and very double, the beautiful flowers bear the distinctive fragrance of that old Tea Rose, Marechal Niel. Each \$1.50, doz. \$15.00.
ORANGE NASSAU. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 350.) (See front cover for color illustration.) A most spectacular Rose, the inside of the petals being bright orange, while the outside is an intense yellow. The buds are well-shaped and open into flowers which resemble the Cactus Dahlia in form. Each $\$ 1.50$, doz. \$15.00.
Poinsettia. (Patent rights reserved.) The semi-double flowers of bright rich scarlet are produced profusely throughout the entire season. A vigorous plant of fairly tall growth. Each $\$ 1.25$, doz. $\$ 12.50$.
R.M.S. Queen Mary. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 249.) Long-pointed buds open to gracefully formed flowers which are delicately perfumed. The exquisite color is a blending of rich glowing salmon and pure pink, with orange at the base of the petals. Each $\$ 1.25$, doz. $\$ 12.50$.
Texas Centennial. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 162.) This best of sports from the lovely President Herbert Hoover bears countless wine-red Roses, centered cerise-red. Gorgeous in full bloom, and equally striking in the garden or vase. Each 85c, doz. $\$ 8.50$.


FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI - Best of White Roses

PRICES
Heavy, Field-Grown Plants:
Each 85c; doz. \$8.50; $100 \$ 60.00$.
(Add 10 per cent to remittance if
shipment is desired by parcel post)
American Beauty. The extra large flowers are rich rosy carmine, double, full and globular in shape, lasting when cut, and deliciously fragrant.
Druschki Rubra. Crimson blooms, similar in shapeliness and vigor to that best of white Roses, the popular Frau Karl Druschki.
Krau Karl Druschki. Best of all white Roses, with healthy, shapely blooms, which frequently repeat in the fall.
Magna Charia. Bright pink Roses, overlaid carmine, and sweetly fragrant. A healthy, strong growing sort.
Marshall P. Wilder. Big blooms, the color of ripe red cherries, reflexed carmine.
Mme. Albert Barbier. Free blooming, with many big salmon-flesh Roses from shapely buds of pearly white, borne as continually as on many Everblooming sorts.

## Orange Nassau

is the outstanding multicolor Rose of the year. See
"Patented Everblooming Roses" and our front cover.


BESS LOVETT - Our Favorite Red Climber

## Spray Your Roses

For best results with Roses one should spray the plants frequently during the summer. It is a slight bother perhaps but one is well rewarded by having much finer blossoms and beautiful foliage.

Powdered sulphur sprinkled on the plants once every two weeks will control mildew. A frequent spraying of the plants with Black Leaf 40 will kill plant lice or aphis which are a common rose pest. A thorough dusting of roses with a mixture made up of one part lead arsenate, one part tobacco dust and nine parts dusting sulphur is a fine preventative as well as a cure for most all rose diseases. "Pomogreen" is a dust that is very effective for black spot and mildew. Can be obtained in cans at most hardware stores.

Start spraying the roses in early spring and repeat at intervals of ten days or two weeks throughout the summer.

## CLIMBING ROSES

For over a half century we have specialized in the production of these Climbing beauties, which provide everchanging and ever-increasing beauty when grown over walls and trellises.

## PRICE

## (Except as noted) strong, 2-year, field-grown plants. Each 70c; doz. $\$ 7.00$; $100 \$ 50.00$.

(Add 10 per cent to remittance if shipment is desired by parcel post)

Alida Lovett. One of the famous Dr. Van Fleet "Lovett Sisters" Roses, this lovely sort bears double flowers of bright shell-pink, as large as Hybrid Teas. These Roses are fragrant, borne on long stems for cutting, and bloom for a lengthy period on a healthy, hardy plant. Each 85c, doz. \$8.50.
American Pillar. Huge trusses of big, single brilliant rosy scarlet flowers, prominently centered white.
APRICOT GLOW. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 200.) The medium size flowers, which are a luminous bright apricot, shading to yellow at the base, are borne in large clusters. Fragrant. Each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.
Bess Lovett. Second of the "Lovett Sisters" Roses, this is our favorite red climber. It bears semi-double flowers of brightest crimson, intensely fragrant, is exceptionally beautiful in the bud and ideal for cutting. Each 85c, doz. $\$ 8.50$.
Climbing American Beauty. The pale crimson sizeable Roses frequently cover the plant from top to bottom. Splendid for cutting, fragrant.

Crimson Rambler. Large, pyramidal clusters of bright crimson Roses on a hardy, vigorous bush.
Dorothy Perkins. Huge trusses of delicately beautiful pink Roses; good for holding banks. Each 50c, doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 30.00$.

Dr. Huey. Big ruffled deep maroon-red flowers are produced in tremendous clusters, making the bush a riot of color for many weeks.
Dr. Walter Van Fleet. Best known and most popular of climbing Roses, this extra-vigorous sort bears a tremendous crop of long-pointed, rich flesh-pink buds, turning to long-stemmed and shapely Roses of a soft apple-blossompink, delicately perfumed, and ideal for cutting.
EASLEA'S GOLDEN RAMBLER. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 114.) The comparatively large, well formed double flowers are deep golden yellow, and borne in large sprays. Each \$1.00, doz. \$10.00.
Emily Gray. Fragrant buff-yellow buds open to true yellow, from light green, glossy foliage.
Ernst Grandpierre. A worthy old favorite with light salmon buds, passing to pale cream-colored flowers, based yellow.
Excelsa. Great quantities of rosy scarlet flowers in extra large clusters from glossy foliage, late in the season. Each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 30.00$.


EXCELSA -
A real favorite
hat is very much worth while. Unequalled where rampant growth is required, as for covering banks or large arbors.

# A Lovett Specialty 

FLASH. (Patent applied for.) The large, fragrant, double flowers are scarlet within and yellow without. Splendid pillar Rose. Each \$1.00, doz. $\$ 10.00$.

Gardenia. Long, shapely yellow buds open to flowers of a rich creamy yellow, in clusters, on long willowy canes, very early.

GOLDEN GLOW. (U. S. Plant Patent No. 263.) Golden Glow could, in truth, be called "Shower of Gold," for it produces overwhelming quantities of shining golden Roses throughout the June season. This most promising of all the Yellow Climbers was awarded a medal by the International Test Gardens of Portland, Oregon, for beauty and adaptability. Each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.

Mary Lovett. Last, but not least, of the Van Fleet "Lovett Sisters" Roses, this glorious sort produces a wealth of big, white, fragrant flowers, double, full and lasting. Frequently repeats its bloom in the fall. Each 85 c , doz. $\$ 8.50$.

Mary Wallace. Hardy, with many big, shapely buds which become extra large, semi-double flowers of luminous rosy pink, borne several together on long, strong stems. Fragrant.

Max Graf. Huge, single pink Roses, centered gold, are produced on this best of all trailing Roses in late spring. Perfect for holding banks. Each $50 c$, doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 30.00$

Paul's Scarlet. Most brilliant of the red climbers, with many scarlet blooms of excellent shape, in loose clusters.

Phyllis Bide. Lovely Roses, pale gold at bases, passing to carmine-pink at their edges, are produced continuously on this dainty "ever-blooming" Climber. Each 85 c , doz. $\$ 8.50$.

Primrose. Big, double blooms of rich canary-yellow produced abundantly for four weeks in late spring.


SPANISH BEAUTY
Prosperity. Many globular pinkish white buds turn to clusters of big white Roses on this most nearly everblooming of climbing sorts. Each 85c, doz. \$8.50.
Roserie. A vigorous sport of the once-popular Tausendschon, with big open bloom of richest pink, based white
Silver Moon. Big shapely buds of pale primrose-yellow open to semi-double flowers of pure creamy white.
Spanish Beauty (Mme. Gregoire Staechelin). Long-pointed crimson buds open to huge iridescent blooms of delicate pearl pink. splashed with carmine; large, decorative seed pods. Each 85 c, doz. $\$ 8.50$
) White Dorothy Perkins. Huge clusters of small creamy white blooms. Good for holding banks. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00, 100 \$30.00.
Wichuraiana (The Memorial Rose of Japan). An invaluable trailer, with many big clusters of pure white flow ers. Ideal for covering banks. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00, $100 \$ 30.00$

## "Lauett Sisters"

## CLIMBING ROSE COLLECTION

We agree with many prominent rosarians in their great regard for these loveliest creations of the late Dr. Van Fleet, and are especially proud to count them as among his really triumphant achievements.

Alida Lovett--The best Pink Climbing Rose.
Bess Lovett-The best Red Climbing Rose.
Mary Lovett-The best White Climbing Rose.

ONE EACH OF THESE SPLENDID ROSES FOR $\$ 1.90$
PAUL'S SCARLET - The Dazzling Red Climber

## Polyantha or Baby Rambler Roses

## Lom-Growing- Hardy Long-Season Bloamers

Never grow more than 18 inches tall but are loaded with flowers every year from June until frost.

These beautiful Roses provide a wealth of bloom from June until frost, and are perfect for "facing" larger shrubs, since they supply color at a time when most varieties of shrubs are out of bloom. They are among the hardiest of all Roses.
(F.) following description indicates largeflowered (Floribunda) type.

Price (except as noted), strong, field-grown plants, each, 85c; doz., \$8.50; 100, \$60.00.
BABY ALAN. Our own introduction, which bears huge crops of rich, shining pink Roses continuously throughout the season. Each, 90c; doz., \$9.00.
George Elger. Golden yellow buds open to medium sized, double flowers of golden coppery yellow, which pass to clear yellow.
Gloria Mundi. A bonfire of orange-scarlet Roses, simply gorgeous when in bloom. Unexcelled for bedding.
Gruss an Aachen. Lovely red-orange and yellow buds pass to large flowers of salmon-yellow and pale flesh. (F.)


SHRUB ROSE, AGNES


POLYANTHA ROSES MAKE GOOD LOW BORDERS AND HEDGES

Improved Lafayette. Lovely tall-growing bedding Rose, which is a prolific producer of deep brilliant red flowers, richly suffused crimson. Striking in a mass planting. (F.)
La Marne. Lovely semi-double Roses centered blush, with bright rosy salmon at their petals' edges. (F.) Mme. Norbert Levavasseur. Small semi-double flowers of bright pur-ple-crimson. The original "Baby Rambler.
Mrs. R. M. Finch. Tall grower with glorious big rose-pink blooms in fragrant branching clusters, perfect in a mass planting. (F.)

Marie Pavie. Best white Baby Rambler, with a great quantity of big, double waxy white flowers, centered flesh-pink when fully open, and sweetly fragrant.

Orange Triumph. The scarlet-orange flowers are large and double, and are borne in huge clusters. Glossy green foliage adds to the attractiveness of this strong growing novelty.

Pink Gruss an Aachen. The glowing salmon-pink flowers are full and lasting. (F.)

## Shrub-Type Roses

## Extremely Vigorous Growers for Hedges and Mass PlantingAll with Desirable Flowers

These combine the beauty of the Rose with extreme hardiness. They should be considered as hardy Shrubs, and planted in conjunction with other Shrubs, or as a hedge.

Heavy, field-grown plants (except as noted), each, 85c; doz., \$8.50: 100, \$60.00.

Agnes. 6 ft . Coppery yellow buds pass to pale amber blooms, prolific and very fragrant.
Conrad Ferdinand Meyer. 8 ft . Many big Roses of light silvery pink.
F. J. Grootendorst. $4 \mathrm{ft} . ~ A$ host of small bright red flowers, fringed like Carnations, are borne in big clusters.
Hugonis (The Golden Rose of Chi$n a$ ). 6 to 8 ft . Long, arching sprays of delicate single pale yellow Roses in early May. Good for the shrub border. Stocky, 2-year field-grown plants. Each, 50c; doz., $\$ 5.00$; 100, $\$ 35.00$.
Japanese Rose (R. multiflora japonica). See page 15.
Meadow Rose (R. blanda). See page
Pasture Rose (R. humilis). See page 15.

Persian Yellow. The semi-double, well-formed, medium-sized, bright yellow flowers are borne along the canes of this attractive sort.
Pink Grootendorst. 4 ft . Pale shellpink sport of the popular F. J. Grootendorst. Good for contrast with its parent.
Prairie Rose ( $R$. setigera). See page
Rugosa Rose (R. rugosa). See page 15.

Skyrocket. 5 ft . Everblooming, with big clusters of red Roses from June until frost, followed by large seed pods beloved by birds. Unusual and glorious as a hedge.
Swamp Rose (R. palustris). See page 15.
Virginia Rose ( $R$. lucida). See page

## HARDY Flowering Shrubs

## Shrubs "Make" Your Landscape Planting-Select Them Carefully

There are very few houses which would not be infinitely im proved in appearance by the judicious planting of some of the splendid Shrubs which we list on this and the following pages. They are as essential to the completed home as are good architecture and good building materials, since they are the frame for your house, and should, therefore, be selected most carefully. So try some of our well-grown Shrubs this season, and watch your grounds take on new beauty, and new value, increasing as the years go by.

The descriptions and prices below refer only to those Shrubs which shed their leaves each winter, taking on a new garb every spring. Evergreen shrubs will be found listed and described on page 17 and succeeding pages.

A dozen of any variety will be supplied for ten times the price


BEAUTY BUSH (Kolkwitzia)
(See next page for description)
of one (six for five times the price of one), but this dozen rate may be used only when six or more of one variety are taken. The hundred rate of any variety will be promptly sent if desired.

We solicit an opportunity to submit special quotations upon large quantities of Shrubs and Ornamental Trees for landscape planting. Shipment should be made by express or freight, not by parcel post.

## ALMOND, FLOWERING (Prunus)

Double Pink-Flowering Almond ( $P$. glandulosa). 4 to 5 ft . Symmetrical, upright lawn specimen with rosy pink flowers clasping and concealing each limb in early spring, before the leaves appear. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .75 c .
Double White-Flowering Almond ( $P$. glandulosa alba). 4 to 5 ft . The lovely white-flowered form of the above. Each: 18 to 24 in. $50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft}, 75 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$.

## ALTHAEA (Rose of Sharon; Hibiscus syriacus)

10 to 12 ft . Big, colorful, Hibiscus-like blooms from mid-August until October, make these formal plants delightful as specimens for the lawn, as a shrub background, or as a flowering hedge.
*Anemoneflora. Best double pink-flowered sort.
Ardens. Unusual mottled violet-purple flowers, double.
*Boule de Feu. Double, with deep fiery red blooms.
*Jeanne d'Ärc. Best double white-flowered sort.
*Purpurea Semi-plena. Best semi-double purple-flowered sort.
Rubis. Best of the single red Althaeas.
Snowdrift. Best of the single white-flowered sorts.
The Banner. Lovely double white flowers with red centers.
All varieties, each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .65 c , 4 to 5 ft . 90c.
Variegated Leaved Althaea (Hibiscus syriacus folio-variegata). 8 ft . Chocolate-colored flowers from distinct foliage, with broad blotches of cream and pure white. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .65 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .80 c .
*Standard (Tree-Form) Althaea. We can also offer those varieties marked (*) above, in standard or tree-form. They are perfect for lining a formal walk or for dignified lawn specimens. Splendid standards with stems 2 to 3 ft . tall. Each: $\$ 1.50$.

## ARALIA, FIVE-LEAF (Acanthopanax pentaphyllum)

7 to 8 ft . Shining green foliage on graceful arching branches renders this shrub ideal for covering rocky slopes. Also good in a city planting, being apparently immune to smoke-laden air. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .65 c .

## AZALEAS (Deciduous)

## To Increase the Loveliness of Spring

(Evergreen Azaleas are offered on page 17.)
Altaclare Azalea (A. altaclarensis). 4 ft . Bears big trusses of lovely flowers in mid-May of lemon-yellow, reversed deep orange. Very hardy. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00$, 18 to 24 in. $\$ 2.50$.
Chinese Azalea (A. mollis). 4 ft . Big clusters of tawny orange and yellow flowers in late spring. Equally good for foundation, mass or large rockery planting. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.50$.
Flame Azalea (A. calendulacea). 8 to 10 ft . A glorious sight in late spring, with many gaudy flowers ranging from pale orangeyellow to brightest flame-red. A hardy native which is particularly effective in a mass planting. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 2.50,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 4.50$.
Royal Azalea (A, schlippenbachi). 6 to 7 ft . Extra hardy, with big pink spring bloom, dotted with brown, on purplish twigs, and lovely crimson-and-gold fall foliage. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 2.50$, 18 to 24 in . $\$ 3.00,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 4.25$.
Torch Azalea (A. kaempferi). 5 to 6 ft . Flame-to-salmon flowers in great abundance transform these semi-evergreen shrubs into gorgeous specimens in May. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 2.00,18$ to 24 in. $\$ 2.75,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.50$.
Yodogawa Azalea (A. yodogawa). 3 to 4 ft . Semi-evergreen and very hardy, this shrub is buried beneath a lovely covering of lavender-pink bloom in May. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 2.00,18$ to 24 in. $\$ 2.50$.

## BARBERRY

For Japanese Barberry, Red-Leaf Japanese Barberry, Mentor Barberry, and the sensational Truehedge, see under "Hedge Plants," page 29.

## BEAUTYBERRY (Callicarpa)

American Beautyberry (C. americana). 4 to 5 ft . Bluish flowers in May in short-stalked clusters, followed by violet fruit, conspicuous in winter. Each: 18 to 24 in. $45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .60 c .

BEAUTYBUSH (Kolkwitzia)
Beautybush (K. amabilis). 5 to 6 ft . Neat, handsome, hardy shrub, with many ropes of pink flowers, like those of an improved Weigela, in May and June. A true beautybush for the informal border or in foundation groups. Each: 2 to 3 ft .75 c , 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 1.00$.

## BLUEBERRY (Vaccinium)

Highbush Blueberry (V. corymbosum). 6 to 7 ft . If planted in sour swampy soil, the autumnal foliage is magnificent, topping off the waxy white flower bells and delicious berries with a fitting climax. Each: 3 to 4 $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$.

## BUCKTHORN (Rhamnus)

Buckthorn (R. cathartica). 10 to 12 ft . Good for a background, with count less glittering black berries in the fall and winter. Each: 2 to 3 ft . 50 c 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .75 c .
Glossy Buckthorn (R. frangula). 8 to 9 ft. Red berries, maturing black, are produced in abundance among at tractive glossy foliage from late September well into the winter. Each 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft . 75 c .

## BUSHCLOVER (Lespedeza)

Purple Bushclover (L. bicolor). 5 to 6 ft . Long drooping racemes of rosy purple flowers, like sweet peas, in July and August completely hide the clover-like foliage of this graceful shrub. Strong, 3 -year-old plants, each 60c.

## BUTTERFLY BUSH (Buddleia)

Beautiful by themselves, and beloved by the summer butterflies.
Alternate Leal Butterfly Bush (B.alternifolia). 8 to 10 ft . A wide-spreading sort, covered in late summer with lilac-purple flowers. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .60 c .
"Charming" Butterfly Bush. This splendid new shrub bears long graceful sprays of lavender-pink flowers (distinctly pink by comparison with the other sorts) in late summer and fall. Strong 2 -year-old plants, each 60c.
Farquhar Butterfly Bush (B. farquhari). 5 ft . Pendulous and spreading, with many long racemes of light lavender bloom in late summer. Strong, 2-year-old plants, each 50c.

Ile de France Butterfly Bush. 4 to 5 ft . Bears many long, heavy sprays of deep, but bright, purple flowers throughout the summer. Highly fragrant. Strong, 2 -year-old plants, each 60c.

## CHASTE TREE (Vitex)

Bigleaf Chaste Tree (V. macrophylla). 5 to 6 ft . Spikes of beautiful lavender-blue flowers in late summer, against the star-like gray-green leaves. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .

Lilac Chaste Tree ( $V$. agnus-castus). 5 feet. Many lilac flowers in late summer appear among grayish star-like leaves. Each: 18 to 24 in. $45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft. 75c.
CHOKEBERRY (Atonia)
Black Chokeberry (A. melanocarpa). 4 to 5 ft . Bushy sort, with white May flowers, followed by black fruit, and lovely autumnal foliage. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in .50 c . 2 to 3 ft .75 c .
Red Chokeberry (A. arbutifolia). 8 to 10 ft . Highly decorative, with bright red berries, from late summer until spring, to attract birds to your grounds. Each: 15 to 18 in. $35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .75 c .

## CHRISTMAS BERRY

(Photinia villosa)
12 to 15 ft . Bright red berries persist all winter against the background of foliage which is nearly as red in autumn. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft 80 c .

## CORALBERRY

(Symphoricarpos)
Coralberry (S. vulgaris). 4 to 5 ft . Deep red berries, ideal for winter bouquets, on a compact shrub. Good for hillside or naturalistic plantings, with berries relished by the birds. Each: 18 to 24 in . $30 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .40 c , 3 to 4 ft . 50 c .


CHASTE TREE (Vitex)

## CORNELIAN CHERRY

## (Cornus mas)

15 to 20 ft . One of the first shrubs to klocm in scring, with misty yellow flowers followed by attractive cherrylike fruits. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.00,3$ to 4 ft. \$1.25.

## COTONEASTER

Spreading Cotoneaster (C. divarica$t a) .4$ to 6 ft . A vigorous spreading shrub, for hedge or specimen planting, with many scarlet fruits. Each: 15 to 18 in . $75 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.00$.

## DAPHNE

February Daphne (D. mezereum). $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . Bears many delightfully perfumed rosy purple flowers in February, frequently before the snow has left. A hardy and beautiful small shrub. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 1.25,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.60$.
Rose Daphne (D. cneorum). See under Evergreen Shrubs, page 18.

## DEUTZIAS

Lovely blush and white summer flowers.
Lemoine Deutzia (D. lemoinei). 4 to 5 ft . Compact semi-dwarf shrub with many cone-shaped heads of white bloom in late spring. Each: 15 to 18 in .35 c , 18 to 24 in .45 c , 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . 75 c .
Pride of Rochester Deutzia. 8 to 10 ft . Vigorous and showy, with clouds of lasting bloom, white with a distinct blush, in late May. Most popular of the family. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .75 c . Rose Panicle Deutzia (D. gracilis rosea). 3 to 4 ft . Beautiful pinkish flowers in May render this a lovely foreground shrub for larger plants. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $65 \mathrm{c}, 2^{1 / 2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .80 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 1.00$. Slender Deutzia (D. gracilis). 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A decided dwarf, with racemes of white flowers in May. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 15$ to 18 in . $50 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in . 60 c .


SNOWHILL HYDRANGEA

## DOGWOOD (Cornus) <br> Beautitul in flower, bark and berry

Pink-flowering and White-flowering Dogwood are offered on page 26.

Goldentwig Dogwood (C. stolonifera lutea). 6 to 8 ft . Dazzling yellow bark and branches make this colorful sort a perfect winter shrub, making any spot cheerful where planted. Each: 18 to 24 in. 50c, 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .
Gray Dogwood (C. paniculata). 10 to 12 fz . Inconspicuous white June bioom is followed in late summer with many snow-white berries, on strikingly colorful red stems. A good shrub for massing. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .65 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .90 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.20$, 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 1.50$.
Redbark Dogwood (C. alba sibirica). 5 to 7 ft . The red bark and red branches of this shrub are especially outstanding against a background of snow. The pearly white fruits are very attractive to birds. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .30 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .50 c , 4 to 5 ft .65 c .
yellow completely covering the arching branches in April. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . $50 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .75 c .

Weeping Forsythia ( $F$, suspensa). 4 to 5 ft . Decidedly weeping in character, with each willowy branch a slender arch of golden bloom in early spring. Ideal for holding banks. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .45 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .55 c .

## HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera)

Attractive in Flower and Fruit
Manchurian Honeysuckle (L. ruprechtiana). 10 ft . A lovely sort, with glistening white spring flowers and conspicuous flame-red fall berries. Each: 3 to 4 ft . $60 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft . 75 c .

Morrow Honeysuckle (L. morrowi). 6 ft . Wide-spreading branches are covered in June by creamy flowers, and later by many lasting bright crimson berries. Each: 18 to 24 in. $40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .65 c .

Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle (L. tatarica rosea). 8 to 10 ft . Rapid growing, with many rosy pink flowers in late spring, followed by a wealth of orange-scarlet fruit in summer and fall. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft . $45 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .60 c .

Red Tatarian Honeysuckle (L. tatarica rubra). 8 to 10 ft . Like the rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle, but with light red flowers. Each: 18 to 24 in. 35c, 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .45 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 60 c .

True-red Honeysuckle (L. tatarica $Z \alpha$ beli). 8 to 9 ft . Best by far of the red-flowered Honeysuckles, with a wealth of startling bloom in late Spring. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft. 80 c .

Winter Honeysuckle (L. fragrantissima). 5 to 8 ft . Semi-evergreen, with highly perfumed white flowers, very early in spring. Each: 18 to 24 in. $40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .

## HYDRANGEA

## Conspicuous, Familiar and Beautiful

Peegee Hydrangea (H. paniculata grandiflora). 7 to 8 ft . Immensely popular for lawn or border, with showy conical flower heads from August until frost, which are frequently a foot in length, pure white at first, but turning to pink and then to bronze and green. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .

Snowhill Hydrangea (H. arborescens grandiflora). 4 to 5 ft . Great round heads of white flowers from early June until late July. Good in mass. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft . 50c, 3 to 4 ft . 70 c .

## INDIGO BUSH (Amorpha)

Indigo Bush (A. fruticosa). 10 ft . A beautiful upright shrub which bears many spikes of purple flowers in late spring. Each: 3 to 4 ft .50 c , 4 to 5 ft . 65 c .

## JETBEAD (Rhodotypos)

Jetbead (R. kerrioides). 5 ft . Compact and covered in late spring with attractive four-petaled white flowers, followed by jet-black shiny berries, persisting throughout the winter. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .

KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS. (See "Beauty Bush," page 12.

## KERRIA

Double Kerria (K.japonica flore pleno). 4 to 5 ft . Rich golden flowers, like button Chrysanthemums, in late spring, good for cutting. A deservedly popular shrub of our grandparents. Each: 18 to 24 in . 75c; 2 to 3 ft. 90c.

Silky Dogwood (C. amomum). 8 to 10 ft . The bluish fall fruits are exceptionally ornamental in autumn, and the purplish branches will light up the winter landscape. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .75 c .

## ELDER (Sambucus)

Golden Elder (S. canadensis aurea). 8 to 10 ft . Conspicuous because of its brilliant golden foliage, which renders it a lovely contrast plant, excellent for massing. Flat white flower heads are followed by edible purple-red berries. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .

Scarlet Elder (S. pubens). 10 to 12 ft . Bears bright scarlet berries in great bunches very early in the season. Ideal for a natural planting. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .50 c .

## EUONYMUS

Euonymus, Winged ( $E$. alatus). 8 to 9 ft . Autumn brings amazingly bril liant pink and crimson foliage to this interesting, corky branched shrub. Lovely in mass. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$, 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 1.25$.

## FORSYTHIA

## Announcing Spring's Arrival on Golden Bugles

Golden Forsythia (F. suspensa variegata). 6 to 7 ft . The gracefully pendulous branches have foliage of gold, with equally bright yellow spring flowers. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . $70 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft . 90 c .

Showy Border Forsythia ( $F$. intermedia spectabilis). 8 to 9 ft . Most spectacular of the Forsythia group, with big broad flowers of deepest


WINGED EUONYMUS


Upper left-Charles X
Lower left-Edouard Andre

Lower right-Marc Micheli
Lower right-Marc Michel
Center-Belle de Nancy

## HYBRID LILACS

12 to 15 ft . Colorful and fragrant the flowers produced by these glorious hybrids will inaugurate a festival of beauty in June. A distinct improvement upon the older sorts.

Alphonse Lavallee. Double, clear lilac.
Belle de Nancy. Double, clear bright pink, white center.
Charles the Tenth. Single, rich reddish purple.
Edouard Andre. Double, rich pink.
Ludwig Spaeth. Single; very deep purple-red.
Marc Micheli. Double. Blue, large.
Marie LeGraye. Single. Creamy white, tall.
Michel Buchner. Double, lilac-pink buds, lilac-blue flowers.
President Grevy. Double. Rosy mauve within, outside blue
Vauban. Double. Lilac.
Any of the above sorts, each:
18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .70 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .95 c .

## SPECIAL OFFER

One each of the above 10 fragrant beauties (18 to 24 in. plants) for only $\$ 5.50$.

## LILAC (Syringa)

## Beautiful and Popular for Many Centuries

Chinese Lilac (S. chinensis). 12 ft . A lovely lilac which bears many clusters of purple-lilac flowers, splendid for cutting in late spring. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .65 c , 3 to 4 ft .80 c .
Late Lilac (S. villosa). 8 ft . Fragrant panicles of deep rose buds open to silvery rose flowers in June. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft. 75c.
Persian Lilac (S. persica). 8 ft. Loose panicles of tiny purple flowers grace the slender branches and narrow leaves of this lovely shrub in late May. Each: 2 to 3 ft .60 c , 3 to 4 ft .75 c .
Purple Lilac (S. vulgaris). 12 to 15 ft. The popular, sweetly fragrant old favorite, with many beautiful purple flower heads in May. Good as specimens or as a tall screenlike hedge in sun or shade. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .
White Lilac (S. vulgaris alba). 12 to 15 ft . With white flowers as fragrant as those of the purple-flowered sort. Each: 18 to 24 in .50 c , 2 to 3 ft .60 c .
White Persian Lilac (S. persica alba). 8 ft . Good for contrast with the purple-flowered parent are the pure white blooms of this sort. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .65 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .80 c , 3 to 4 ft .95 c .

1

## MAPLE (Acer)

Bloodleaf Japanese Maple (A. palmatum atropurpureum). 10 to 12 ft . A conspicuous aristocratic lawn specimen is this compact, shapely rounded bush, furnished to the ground with finely cut foliage which is bright wine-red in summer, and striking bronzy purple in the fall. Best in full sun. Each: 15 to 18 in . $\$ 1.50,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 2.00$, 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50$.
Purple Cutleaf Japanese Maple (A. palmatum atropurpureum dissectum). 4 to 6 ft . A spreading, weeping variety of the above Maple, with lacy foliage much more finely cut than the other. Particularly graceful in the rockery. Each: $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . spread $\$ 7.50,3$ to 4 ft . spread $\$ 10.00$.

## MOCKORANGE (Philadelphus)

Late Spring's Fragrant Gift to the Border

Big Mockorange ( $P$. coronarius grandiflorus). 7 to 8 ft . Rapid growing, with big showy white flowers centered gold, in June. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .50 c , 4 to 5 ft .75 c .
Dwarf Mockorange ( $P_{\text {", "Ava- }}$ lanche"). 4 to 5 ft . Dwarf in size of plant only, with big, shiny white flowers in early summer. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .45 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 60c.
Sweet Mockorange ( $P$. coronarius). 9 to 10 ft . Highly fragrant old favorite, with graceful sprays of white May bloom. Good for backgrounds or for a tall flowering hedge. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .75 c .

Virginal Mockorange ( $P$. virginalis). 6 to 7 ft . Best of the family, with many clusters of shining white, single and semi-double flowers, sweetly fragrant and very large, in late May and early June, and intermittently thereafter until mid-fall. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .50 c , 3 to 4 ft .75 c .
White Mountain Mockorange ( $P$, Mont Blanc). 4 to 5 ft . A vigorous and useful hybrid, exceptionally cheerful is its dazzling white June bloom. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft. 65c.
NINEBARK (Physocarpus)
Golden Ninebark ( $P$. opulifolius aureus). 8 to 10 ft . Creamy white June flowers among golden leaves. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .50 c , 4 to 5 ft .75 c .
Ninebark ( $P$. opulifolius). 8 to 10 ft . Good in shade. Green-leaved form. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .75 c , 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 1.00$.

## OLIVE (Elaeagnus)

Russian Olive (E. Angustifolia). 15 to 18 ft . A gaudy shrub with orange berries standing out well against a background of silvery foliage, especially resistant to the salt air of a seashore planting. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .50 c .

## PEARLBUSH (Exochorda)

Pearlbush (E. grandiflora). 8 to 10 ft. Early buds like pearls on slender threads become loose clusters of dazzling white flowers, covering the entire bush in May. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} 65 \mathrm{c},$.4 to 5 ft .80 c .

## PEATREE (Caragana)

Siberian Peatree (C. arborescens). 10 to 12 ft . Bears many yellow flowers, like sweetpeas, in late spring. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .65 c

## PLUM, FLOWERING (Prunus)

## Double Flowered Plum ( $P$. triloba plena).

7 to 8 ft . In earliest spring, frequently before the snow leaves, beautiful double pink flowers thickly stud the branches of this splendid specimen. Each: 18 to 24 in. $50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$.
Purple-leaf Plum. See "Plum" (Prunus), page 28.

## PRIVET (Ligustrum) <br> Specimen Types of the Popular Hedge Plant

For Amur River North Privet (L. amurense), California Privet (L. ovalifolium), and Ibolium Privet (L. ibolium) -see under "Hedge Plants," page 29.
Globe and Pyramidal California Privet. The well-known semi-evergreen California Privet, with their branches carefully sheared four times a year until they are splendidly compact globes and pyramids. They resemble fine Boxwood in the luster of their glossy green leaves.
Beautiful Globes. Each: 15 to 18 in . 90c, 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.40,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75$, $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50$.
Shapely Pyramids. Each: 2 to $2^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50,2^{1 / 2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00$.
Golden Privet (L. ovalifolium aureum). 8 to 9 ft . The unusual golden foliage of this beautiful sort renders it perfect for a specimen shrub and excellent for a "different" hedge. Each: 12 to 15 in .30 c , 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in .50 c .
Ibota Privet ( $L$. ibota). 9 to 10 ft . Very hardy and exceedingly dense, with many shining black berries. Also good as a hedge plant. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .35 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . $45 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft}$.60 c .
Regel Privet (L. ibota regelianum). 5 to 6 ft . Compact and spreading, the wealth of blue-black berries on gracefully arching green branches renders this shrub attractive in the border. Resists the smoke and dust of a city planting. Each: 15 to 18 in. $35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} .45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .65 c .

## PUSSYWILLOW (Salix)

Pussywillow (S. caprea). 15 ft . Charming fuzzy gray buds on long willowy branches in early spring, good in bouquets. Ours is the improved French strain, with larger buds, which bear a decidedly pinkish cast. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $35 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 $\mathrm{ft} .45 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .60 c .

## QUINCE (Cydonia)

Japanese Flowering Quince (C. japonica). 5 to 6 ft . The charming old-fashioned shrub which bears, in early spring, a profusion of big showy scarlet flowers. Each: 15 to 18 in. 35 c, 18 to 24 in. 45 c , 2 to 3 ft .65 c .
Lesser Flowering Quince (C. japonica maulei). 2 to 3 ft . Not so tall as the above, but with amazingly brilliant red bloom in April. Each: 15 to 18 in. 45c, 18 to 24 in . 60 c , 2 to 3 ft .75 c .

## ROSES (Rosa)

Shrub Roses, exceedingly hardy, nevertheless carry all of the beauty of our favorite flower.
The Golden Rose of Chinc ( $R$. Hugonis). 6 ft . This arching shrub bears long spreading branches which are covered with lovely yellow single flowers in early

May. Even without its bloom, the feathery foliage renders these hardy Roses unsurpassable for a distinctive, nearly impenetrable, hedge if planted from 15 to 18 inches apart. Stocky field-grown plants, each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 35.00$.
Japanese Rose ( $R$. multiflora japonica). 8 to 10 ft . Large trusses of single white flowers, followed by handsome red fruits, exceptionally attractive to birds. Lovely for a woodland border shrub. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .45 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 60c.
Meadow Rose ( $R$. blanda). 4 to 5 ft . Soft pink blooms on strong thornless canes are followed by round, red fruit. Very hardy and good in a mass planting, succeeding in poor soil. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft . $60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .
Pasture Rose ( $R$. humilis). 3 ft . Lovely single pink Roses nearly two inches across, delicately fragrant. Good for banks and to edge fields. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .65 c.
Prairie Rose ( $R$. setigera). 10 to 12 ft . $\AA$ great broad bush which bears big single old-rose flowers in July, on long arching branches. Good for covering rocky slopes. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} 40 \mathrm{c},$.2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 75 c .


SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpos) (About one-half natural size)

Rugosa Rose (R. rugosa). 5 to 6 ft . Exceptionally beautiful in a mass planting, with extra large deep pink flowers, highly fragrant, and very delicate in their texture. Good for the seashore. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .70 c .
Swamp Rose (R. palustris). 8 ft . Best in swampy ground, with bright rosy pink flowers in great abundance. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .
Sweetbriar Rose (R. rubiginosa). 6 ft . Bears a mass of deep rich, pink flowers in June, and foliage is highly aromatic. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .60 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .75 c .
Virginia Rose (R. lucida). 3 to 6 ft . Lovely native with many pink flowers until July, followed by shiny red fruits. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} .45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .60 c .
ROSE OF SHARON. See "Althceas," page 11.

## SMOKETREE (Rhus)

Smoketree ( $R$, cotinus) 10 to 12 ft . Bold, rugged shrub-tree with a filmy purple cloud of delicate, thread-like fruits in midsummer and unusual leaves, pinkish when young and purple and gold in the fall. Truly a lawn specimen. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .65 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .90 c .

## SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpos)

Chenault Snowberry (S. chenaulti). 3 to 4 ft. Best in partial shade, with coral-red fruits from attractive small foliage until January. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft . $50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft}$.75 c .
Snowberry (S. racemosus). 4 to 5 ft . Small pink summer flowers are followed by many marble-sized waxy white berries on graceful drooping branches from September to mid-winter. Grows under trees successfully and berries are popular for household decorations in winter. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .
Spreading Snowberry (S. mollis). 6 to 7 ft . Bears a mass of persistent white berries in early summer and again in late fall. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 75 c .

## SPICEBUSH (Benzoin)

Spicebush (Benzoin aestivale). 12 to 15 ff . Yellow misty April bloom and countless scarlet berries later, fragrant when crushed. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 75 c .

## ST. JOHNSWORT (Hypericum)

Van Fleet St. Johnswort (H. van fleeti). 2 to 3 ft . A beautiful low growing shrub, which bears countless golden flowers in midsummer. It is equally successful in rocky or sandy soil, and is very desirable in the low border. Each: 18 to 24 in .65 c , 2 to 3 ft .90 c .

## SPIREA (Spiraea)

## The Favorite Flowering Shrub of Millions

Anthony Waterer Spirea. 2 to 3 ff. Comrpact, many broad flat pink-crimson florall heads throughout the summer. Good "facer" in foundation plantings, and a fine low hedge. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}_{\text {r }}$ 18 to 24 in .45 c .
Billiard Spirea (S. billiardi). 4 to 5 fig Bears many dense upright panicles, fuzzy with lilac-pink flowers, from July to October. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .60 c , 4 to 5 ft .75 c .
Bridalwreath (S. prunifolia fl. pl.). 7 to 8 ft . One of the most beautiful of all flowering shrubs, covered in spring with dainty double white flowers. The bright red fall foliage is also very attractive. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .60 c .
Froebel Spirea (S. froebeli). 4 ft . Slightly taller than Anthony Waterer Spirea wilk bronzy red spring and fall foliage and crimson-pink flower heads in June and July. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .45 c . 3 to 4 ft .60 c .
Improved Douglas Spirea (S. richmensis). 5 ft . A lovely sight from summer until mid-fall are the many big pink flower spikes on this handsome spreading shrub. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . $60 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft. 75 c .
Korean Spirea (S. trichocarpa). 4 to 5 ft. Neat spreading globular bush with domeshaped clusters of white flowers like those of the Van Houtte Spirea, but evens larger and about three weeks IaterEach: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft. 35c.

## SPIREA-Continued

Ocean Spray Spirea (S.ariaefolia). 5 to 6 ft . Splendid as a specimen or for the border, with its large soft panicles of light tan flowers in early summer which are exceptionally lasting. Each, 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft}$.75 c . Thunberg Spirea (S. thunbergi). 5 to 6 ft . A dense, feathery bush, with lace-like foliage, and slender arching branches which are covered with misty white flowers like snow in very early spring. The superfine pale yellow-green foliage becomes orange-scarlet in fall. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .45 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 60c.
Van Houtte Spirea (S. vanhouttei). 7 to 8 ft. Most popular flowering shrub, whose graceful branches droop beneath their lovely burden of snowy flower garlands in May and June. A graceful, adaptable bush which needs no pruning. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .35 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .50 c .
White Japanese Spirea ( $S$. callosa alba) 2 to 3 ft . Like Anthony Waterer Spirea in habit, but with white flowers all summer; unusual purplish foliage. Each: 15 to 18 in. $35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} .45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. 60 c .

## STEPHANANDRA

Cutleaf Stephanandra (S. flexuosa). 4 to 5 ft . A fountain of drooping branches covered with finely cut foliage, reddish purple in the fall. Good for borders or rocky banks. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 50c.

## SUMAC (Rhus)

Fragrant Sumac (R. canadensis). 4 to 5 ft . Yellow flowers, followed by glistening coral-red fruit in grape-like clusters. Aromatic foliage is good in autumn. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .65 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .90 c .

## SUMMERSWEET (Clethra)

Summersweet (C. alnifolia). 4 to 5 ft . Best in moist shade, with exceptionally frag rant spikes of white bloom from July to September. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in., 50 c.

## SWEETLEAF (Symplocos)

Asiatic Sweetleaf (S. paniculata). $25 \mathrm{ft} . \AA$ lovely large shrub which bears fragrant white flowers in late spring, followed by bright blue fruits. Each, 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$ SWEETSHRUB (Calycanthus)
Sweetshrub (C. floridus). 5 ft . A deservedly popular old favorite with many double chocolate-colored flowers in May, with the spicy scent of crushed strawberries. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft . 50c 3 to 4 ft . 65 c .


TAMARISK (Tamarix)
These are ideal shrubs for a seashore planting, being practically immune to the damage caused by salt air.
African Tamarix (T. africana). 10 ft . Drooping panicles of pink bloom in late spring from feathery grayish foliage. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .30 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 50c.
French Tamarix (T. gallica). 8 to 9 ft . Pale pink flowers from bluish foliage in May and June. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .40 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .50 c , 3 to 4 ft . 60c.
Tamarisk "Summer Glow". 10 ft . This gorgeous new Tamarisk bears delicate wine-red flowers all during the summer, perfect for cutting, and standing out well against the unusual gray-green foliage. Strong, 2 -year-old, fieldgrown plants, each 75 c.

## VIBURNUM

Glorious in Flower, Fruit and Fall Foliage
American Cranberry ( $V$. americanum). 10 to 12 ft . A handsome shrub with strik ing scarlet berries which last nearly all winter. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 75 c .
Arrow-wood ( $\boldsymbol{V}$. dentatum). 10 to 12 ft . Highly desirable for naturalistic plantings, with creamy Mary flowers and blue-black fruit among purple-red fall foliage. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .65 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .85 c .

Burkwoodi (Improved V. Carlesi). 5 to 6 ft . The waxy pinkish-white flower heads of this new semi-evergreen, hardy variety are frequently 4 inches wide. The blooms are as fragrant as are those of the Mayflower Viburnum, but are produced from one to two weeks earlier. Each: 15 to 18 in . $\$ 1.50$, 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00$.

European Cranberry ( $V$. opulus). 8 to 10 ft White spring flowers and clusters of crimson berries among coppery fall foliage. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .65 c .

「apanese Snowball (V. tomentosum plica$t u m) .7$ to 8 ft. Indispensable shrub with showy compact white flower heads in June and beautiful deêp green foliage, turning purple in the fall. An erect shrub, extra hardy. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .60 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .95 c .

Mayflower Viburnum ( $V$. carlesi). 4 to 5 ft . This Korean sort bears lasting round flow-er-heads of delicate waxy pink bloom, like arbutus, in early May. Decidedly and delightfully fragrant, this broad shrub is a necessity to the garden or low border. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .95 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.50,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$.
Nannyberry ( $V$. lentago). 15 ft . Big fragrant clusters of white spring bloom, and a colorful sight in autumn, with black fruit on red stems amid purplish foliage Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 1.25$.
Snowball (V. opulus sterile). 7 to 10 ft Most popular of all the species, weighted down with big round heads of white flowers for Decoration Day. Succeeds in semi-shade. Each: 18 to 24 in. $45 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .75 c .


PINK WEIGELA

Wayfaring Tree (V. lantana). 12 to 15 ft . Bold accent plant, with white May blooms in big clusters and red fruit, turning black among red fall foliage. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $50 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .65 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .80 c .

## WEIGELA

## Beautiful Flowers in Late Spring and Summer

Eva Rathke Weigela. 4 ft . A wealth of deep ruby-red floral trumpets throughout the early summer and intermittently thereafter. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 $\mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 90 c .
Pink Weigela ( $W$. rosea). 5 to 6 ft . Popular Chinese Weigela, with countless intense rosy carmine flowers in late spring. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .50 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .70 c .
Purplelead Weigela (W. rosea folius purpurea). 5 to 6 ft . Distinct novelty, with bright pink flowers among its rich bronzy purple foliage in June. Each: 18 to 24 in. $50 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .75 c .
Snow Weigela (W. candida). 6 ft . Best white-flowered sort, with many big attractive creamy floral trumpets in late spring. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .40 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . 50c, 4 to 5 ft . 75 c .
Variegaied Weigela (W. variegata). 5 to 6 ft . The foliage is gaudily variegated yellow and green, and the flowers are light pink, produced from May to July. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} .35 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to 3 ft .45 c , 3 to 4 ft . 60 c .

## WINTERBERRY (Ilex)

Winterberry (I. verticillata). 8 to 10 ft . Lovely native with ornamental lustrous foliage, bearing bright sparkling red berries from October to mid-winter, much prized for Christmas decorations. Thrives in low swampy ground, but gives equal success in high, well-drained soil. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .65 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft .85 c .

## WITCH-HAZEL (Hamamelis)

Vernal Witch-Hazel (H. vernalis). 4 to 6 ft . Sweetly fragrant, light yellow bloom appears in mid-winter among attractive foliage, deeply veined. These flowers open and close as the thermometer rises and falls. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .90 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 1.35$.


HINODEGIRI AZALEA

## Broad-leaved EVERGREEN SHRUBS The Easy way to that "Different" Effect

This year we have very carefully listed only the best of those Shrubs whose evergreen foliage rivals in beauty their attractive flowers. They will increase the charm of any home grounds, since they do not lose their desirability, even when the flowers are not present. We have long specialized in their production, and feel that our plants are as fine as can be found anywhere at any

## ABELIA, GLOSSY

(A. Grandiflora)

6 ft . Good for mixed and foundation plantings, with bellshaped, arbutus-like, pinkish flowers in the summer and glossy attractive foliage. (Protect in winter if north of Trenton, N. J.). Each: 18 to 24 in . $75 \mathrm{c}, 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00$.

## AZALEAS

These are perhaps the most conspicuous bargains in our catalog. Our Azaleas have long been famous for giving satisfaction. Best in acid soil.

Amoena. 4 to 5 ft . Conspicuous rosy purple spring blooms cover the small, dark evergreen foliage of this popular sort, making the lawn or rockery a spot of astounding beauty. Foliage turns rich bronze in winter. Each: 10 to $12 \mathrm{in} .90 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to 15 in. $\$ 1.35,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.90,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.35$, 24 to $30 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,30$ to $36 \mathrm{in} . \$ 4.50$.
Blush (A. ledifolia magnifica). 4 to 5 ft . Many big, blush-white flowers with winered dots in center, in late spring. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 2.00,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 2.50$, 24. to 30 in . $\$ 3.00,30$ to $36 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.50$.

Hinamoyo. 4 to 5 ft . Clear bright pink flowers, differing only in color from the following sort. Each: 10 to $12 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.35,12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25,18$ to 24 in. $\$ 3.00$.
Hinodegiri. 4 to 5 ft . Most popular, by far, of the Evergreen Azaleas, this sort bears a countless quantity of large, carmine-red flowers in late spring, practically concealing its rounded glossy foliage. Each: 6 to $8 \mathrm{in} .75 \mathrm{c}, 8$ to $10 \mathrm{in} .90 \mathrm{c}, 10$ to 12 in . $\$ 1.25,12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25$, 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,24$ to 30 in . $\$ 4.50$.
I. T. Lovett. 2 to 3 ft . Broad, spreading plants, with big, rich carmine-lake flowers in late June and July. The best of all late blooming sorts. Each: 10 to 12 in. spread $\$ 1.50,12$ to 15 in . spread $\$ 2.00$, 15 to 18 in . spread $\$ 2.75$, 18 to 24 in . spread $\$ 3.75,24$ to 30 in . spread $\$ 4.75$.
Korean (A. mucronulatum). See "Korean Rhododendron," page 18.
Lilac (A. ledifolia lilacina). 4 to 5 ft . Big, clear light lilac flowers in May. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25,18$ to 24 in. $\$ 3.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.75$
Macrantha (A. macrantha). 4 ft. A prostrate and spreading sort, quick growing and hardy, with salmon-red flowers; very late. Each: 12 to 15 in . spread $\$ 1.75,15$ to 18 in . spread $\$ 2.25,18$ to 24 in . spread $\$ 3.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread $\$ 4.00$.
Maxwell (A. maxwelli). 3 to 4 ft . Broad bush covered with carmine-red flowers, nearly as large as Rhododendrons, in May. Very hardy. Each: 12 to 15 in. $\$ 2.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.50$.

Pink Beauty (A. ledifolia "Pink Beauty"). 4 ft . An outstanding sort, with strikingly beautiful, big, single flowers of clear soft pink. Each: 15 to 18 in, $\$ 2.00,18$ to 24 in. $\$ 2.75,24$ to 30 in . $\$ 3.50$.
Scarlet Amoena (A. amoena coccinea). 4 to 5 ft . Unusual hybrid, as hardy as Azalea amoena, but with brilliant scarlet flowers over the same season. Each: 8 to 10 in . $\$ 1.00,10$ to $12 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25,12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.65$, 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.75$.
Snow (A. ledifolia alba). 4 to 5 ft . Best white flowered Azalea, blooming with the Hinodegiri sort, and a striking contrast to it. Each: 10 to 12 in . $\$ 1.65,12$ to 15 in. $\$ 2.00,15$ to 18 in . $\$ 2.75$.
Torch (A. kaempferi). See page 11.
Yodogawa (A. yodogawa), See page 11.

## kURUME HYBRID AZALEAS

Dr. E. H. ("Chinese") Wilson was the fortunate discoverer of these lovely sorts on the island of Kyashu, Japan. This famous naturalist brought them to this country, where they became immediately popular, due to their great natural beauty.
Bridesmaid. 3 ft . Big clusters of glowing salmon flowers with prominent stamens are borne above the small, shiny green foliage of this attractive Azalea in May and June. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00,15$ to 18 in. $\$ 2.50$.
Coral Bells. 3 ft. Lovely coral-pink blooms, centered deeper, are produced in abundance against the green foliage in May and June. Each: 6 to $8 \mathrm{in} .90 \mathrm{c}, 8$ to 10 in . $\$ 1.25,10$ to 12 in . $\$ 1.75$.
Flame. 3 ft . Beautiful red flowers suffused with copper, stand out like fire against the glossy green foliage of this attractive sort. Blooms very early in the season. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25$, 18 to 24 in . $\$ 3.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.00$.
Pink Pearl. 3 ft . Big full trusses of rosy salmon flowers, paler at the center, and quite double. A striking sort. Each: 10 to 12 in. $\$ 1.50,12$ to 15 in . $\$ 2.00,15$ to 18 in. $\$ 2.75$.
Salmon Beauty. 3 ft . Unusual sort, with bright salmon flowers of the "Hose-inhose" type. Each: 8 to $10 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25,10$ to 12 in. $\$ 1.50,12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00$.
Sweet Briar. 3 ft . A glorious study in clear pink is this attractive plant when blooming. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00,15$ to 18 in . $\$ 2.75,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.50$.

## price.

A dozen of any variety will be supplied for ten times the price of one, or six for five times the price of one. Shipment should be made by express or freight; not by parcel post.

## ANDROMEDA (Pieris)

Andromeda, Japanese ( $P$. japonica). 5 to 6 ft . Bears drooping clusters of white May bloom, like Lilies-of-the-Valley, from bronzy red buds. Pale yellow and bronze terminal foliage forms a beautiful contrast with the older leaves, which are a deep green. Best in acid soil and shade. Each: 12 to 15 in. $\$ 1.75,15$ to 18 in. $\$ 2.25$, 18 to 24 in . $\$ 3.00$.
Andromeda, Mountain (P. floribunda). 2 to 3 ft . Perfect in rockery or foundation planting, with many dense, upright panicles of delicate white flowers in early spring. Each: 12 to 15 in. $\$ 1.75,15$ to 18 in. $\$ 2.25,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.50$.

## BOXWOOD (Buxus)

Popular aristocrat with shiny deep ever green leaves.
American (B. sempervirens). 8 to 10 ft . Forms a tall thick hedge, and is excellent for specimen planting, reminiscent of the formal Colonial days. Each: 10 to 12 in. $80 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00 ; 15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50$ 18 to 24 in. $\$ 2.25$
Old English (B. semp. suffruticosa). 5 to 6 ft . These lovely dwarf hedge or edging plants are the slowest growing, sweetest smelling, and most permanent of the Boxwood family. As eternal guardians of your estate, they are unsurpassed in dig. nified beauty.

| Extra Bu | lants Doz. | 100 | 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 to 4 in. | .....\$ 1.75 | \$ 10.00 | \$ 90.00 |
| 4 to 6 in . | 2.50 | 15.00 | 125.00 |
| 6 to 8 in . | 5.00 | 30.00 | 275.00 |
| 8 to 10 in . | 8.50 | 60.00 | 550.00 |
| 10 to 12 in . | 12.00 | 90.00 | 850.00 |
| 12 to 15 in . | 17.50 | 125.00 |  |
| 15 to 18 in . | 25.00 | 185.00 |  |
| 18 to 21 in . | . 35.00 | 265.00 |  |



AMERICAN BOXWOOD (Buxus Sempervirens)

Barberry, Wintergreen (B. julianae). 4 to 5 ft. Erect, yet compact, with glossy green foliage all year. Good when planted among Rhododendrons or Mountain Laurel. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in}, \$ 1.25,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.75$.

## COTONEASTER

Cotoneaster, Rock (C. horizontalis). 2 to 3 ft . Trailing dwarf for rockeries, with bright red berries in fall and winter, from boxlike leaves. Makes a splendid hedge. Each: 9 to $12 \mathrm{in} .90 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to 18 in . $\$ 1.25$.

## HEATHER (Calluna)

Perfect Scottish gems for rockeries, or for covering banks the low bushy shrubs are also invaluable in a mass plant ing, blooming in midsummer, with a multitude of floral bells. Protect if north of Trenton, N. J. 18 to 24 in.
Alport Heather (C. alporti). Crimson.
Great Heather ( $C$. monstrosa). Rosy lavender
Hammond White Heather (C. alba hammondi). Pure white. Pink Heather (C. rosea). Rose-pink.
Scotch Heather (C. vulgaris). Lavender-pink. All varieties, 9 to 12 in ., slocky plants, each 90 c .

## DAPHNE

Daphne, Rose (D. cneorum). l ft. A gorgeous dwarf evergreen, excellent in any rockery, or in front of larger shrubs and evergreen plantings. Attractive gray-green foliage, and countless beautiful, fragrant, pink flowers in the spring, repeating in late summer and fall. Each: 6 to 9 in . $65 \mathrm{c}, 9$ to 12 in .75 c , 12 to 15 in . $\$ 1.25$, 15 to 18 in . $\$ 2.00$.

## RHODODENDRONS

Most familiar of all the broad-leaved evergreens, with a wealth of lovely flowers in late spring. Best in acid soil and shade.
Carolina Rhododendron ( $R$. carolinianum). 5 to 6 ft . This variety has bright pink flowers in May and June, and is one of the best for planting in open spaces. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50$, $2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 4.50$.
Catawba Rhododendron ( $R$. catawbiense). 7 to 9 ft . Hardiest of the species, this large bushy shrub bears many big rosy purple blooms in late spring. Best in semi-shade. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.75,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50$.
Korean Rhododendron ( $R$. mucronulatum). 5 to 6 ft . Gorgeous in early spring, when its graceful frilled flowers of lavender pink form a pleasing contrast to the yel low of Forsythia. Each: 12 to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00$, 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 4.00$.
Piedmont Rhododendron (R. minus). 2 ft . Dwarf and open, with pink June flowers, ideal for the rockery. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 2.50,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.50$.

CATAWBA RHODODENDRON


Rosebay Rhododendron (R. maximum). 10 to 12 ft . Magnificent native, broad-leaved evergreen, carrying a wealth of beautiful flesh-pink flowers in May and June. Its dignified leathery foliage makes it perfect in a mass planting. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.75,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.50$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 4.50$.

## ASSORTED RHODODENDRON HYBRIDS

A magnificent collection, essential to any woodland planting, with no inferior sorts included. Mixed colors. Each, 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.00,2^{1 / 2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00$.

## NAMED RHODODENDRONS

These finest of Rhododendrons will create unforgettable spots of color in your border in late spring. Delight in partial shade.
Catawbiense Grandiflora. 6 to 8 ft . Good, compact hybrid, with big, rosy lilac flowers in great abundance. Lovely in a mass planting.

Dresselhuys (Dr. H. C. Dresselhuys). 8 to 10 ft . Gaudiest of the species, with huge bright red flowers on a stately plant. Ignatius Sargent. 7 to 9 ft . Grows rapidly, with big pale red blooms.
Lee's Dark Purple. 6 to 8 ft . Best Rhododendron of its color, this sort produces many dark purple flowers.
Mrs. C. S. Sargent. 5 to 6 ft . A compact, bushy shrub with a wealth of gorgeous deep rosecolored flowers.
President Lincoln. 6 to 8 ft . Tall plant with big, pure lavender flowers. Very hardy.
Roseum Elegans. 6 to 8 ft . Many violet-pink flowers on a compact plant. Gorgeous in full bloom.
Any of the above Rhododendrons, each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00$, 18 to 24 in . $\$ 4.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 5.00$.


MOUNTAIN LAUREL (Kalmia Latifolia)

## HOLLY (Ilex)

American Holly (I. opaca). 35 to 40 ft . The Christmas Holly, with big shiny green leaves and masses of conspicuous red berries. Best in moist shade. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.75,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 4.50$.
Inkberry (I. glabra). 5 to 6 ft . Succeeds alike in sun or shade, with shining deep green leaves, purplish in winter, and attractive black berries. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 2.50,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$.
Japanese Holly (I. crenata). 8 to 10 ft . Glossy, small evergreen leaves tend to make it one of the most desirable of all varieties for producing $a$ dependable and beautiful evergreen hedge. It is also good in a mass planting of broadleaf evergreens. Thrives near the seashore and under city conditions. Each: 15 to 18 in $\$ 1.50,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 2.00,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$

## LAUUREL (Kalmia)

Laurel, Mountain (K. latifolia). 8 ft . Our favorite native evergreen shrub, with its June clusters of charming pink flowers. Best in shade, and lovely when planted close to one's house, as a border. Extremely hardy. Each: 15 to 18 in . $\$ 1.25$, 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.75,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50$.

## LEUCOTHOE

Leucothoe, Drooping (L. cataesbaei). 4 to 5 ft . A lovely pendulous evergreen with graceful drooping sprays of fragrant white bloom in late spring and rich purple foliage in the winter. Equally desirable as a ground-cover, in shady locations, planted in front of Rhododendrons, or in naturalistic plantings. Best in moist, acid soil. Each: 12 to 15 in . $\$ 1.00,15$ to 18 in . $\$ 1.25,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.75$.

## YUCCA

Tropical in appearance, but extremely hardy.
Spanish Bayonet (Y.filamentosa). 4 to 5 ft. Nodding white June bells above long, rigid leaves. Strong, $3-\mathrm{yr}$. plants, each 35 c.
Variegated Yucca (Y. flamentosa variegata). 4 to 5 ft . The most attractive of all hardy variegated plants. Leaves are broadly margined yellow and assume a purple tint in winter. Same Lily-like, creamy white flowers as the Spanish Bayonet, in June. Hardy and grows readily in any situation. Strong, 3-yr. plants, each 50 c . Extra large clumps, each 75 c.


SWEET AUTUMN CLEMATIS

## HYDRANGEA

Climbing Hydrangea (H. petiolaris). 35 ft. Vigorous vine with many fragrant white flowers in early summer, and big, round, bright green leaves. 2 yrs., each $\$ 1.00$, doz, \$10.00.

## IVY

Boston Ivy (Ampelopsis veitchi). 45 to 50 ft. Most popular vine we list, clinging without support to any type of wall. Handsome deep green foliage turns bright scarlet and yellow in the fall, overlapping like shingles on brick, wood or stone. 2 yrs., each 40 c , doz. $\$ 4.00,100 \$ 25.00$. English Ivy (Hedera helix). 40 to 50 ft . Glossy evergreen, good as vine or ground cover, with bright, attractive foliage. Strong plants from 3 -inch pots, each 35c, doz. $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 25.00$.

## KUDZU VINE (Pueraria)

Kudzu Vine ( $P$. thunbergiana). 30 ft . Most rapid growing vine we know, with big dense green leaves, and rosy purple flowers in August racemes. Good for shading porches. Strong 2-yr.-old vines, each 30c doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.

## HARDY VINES

## Nature's Draperies for Walls and Terraces

Our lovely vines will transform barren walls, trellises and terraces into ever-changing scenes of becuty.

## AKEBIA

Fiveleaf Akebia (A. quinata). 15 to 20 ft . Countless violet-brown, cinnamon-scented flowers in late spring among lasting lacy leaves which give a dense shade. 2 yr., each 50c, doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 30.00$

## BITTERSWEET (Celastrus)

American Bittersweet (C. scandens). 20 ft. Yellow June bloom is followed by conspicuous scarlet fruit in split orange pods, lovely when cut and dried in winter.
Oriental Bittersweet (C. orbiculatus). 25 to 30 ft . Even more vigorous than the above sort, with clusters of bright red and yellow fruits, good for household ornaments.
Both varieties: 2 yrs., each 35c, doz. $\$ 3.50$, $100 \$ 22.50$.
Extra strong: 3 yrs., each 50c, doz. \$5.00, $100 \$ 30.00$.

## CLEMATIS

Sweet Autumn Clematis (C. paniculata). 20 to 30 ft . Grows and spreads rapidly and is simply covered with flowers like small white stars, in late summer and early fall. 2 yrs., each 35 c , doz. $\$ 3.50$, 100 \$22.50.
Henry Clematis (C. henryi). 10 to 12 ft . Many mammoth, shapely blooms of clear ivory-white throughout the summer. Strong vines, each 75 c , doz. $\$ 7.50$. Jackman Clematis (C. jackmani). 10 to 12 ft . Most popular of the large-flowered sorts, with great, purple summer flowers; very showy. Strong vines, each 75c, doz. \$7.50.

## DUTCHMAN'S PIPE

## (Aristolochia sipho)

25 to 30 ft . Rapid grower, with unusual brownish pipe-shaped flowers among large, tropical, pale green leaves. Strong vines, 3 yrs., each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.


## MATRIMONY VINE (Lycium)

Matrimony Vine (L. barbarum). 10 to 12 ft . Violet flowers in June, followed by conspicuous red fruits. Good for river banks and highly resistant to salt air, hence perfect for a seashore planting. 2 yrs., each 30 c , doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.

## PERIWINKLE (Vinca)

Periwinkle ( $V$. minor). 4 in . Evergreen trailer with glossy foliage and lilac-blue flowers in spring. Good ground cover in sun or shade. Strong plants from pots, each 25 c, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.

Periwinkle, Bowles' Variety. 4 in. Greatly improved form with more and much larger blue flowers. A treasure for lawn carpeting. Sirong plants from pots, each 35 c , doz. $\$ 3.50$, $100 \$ 25.00$.

## SILVER LACE VINE

## (Polygonum auberti)

12 to 15 ft . This vigorous, adaptable and quick-growing vine is an object of breath-taking beauty in late summer and fall, when its foliage is covered with great foamy sprays of silvery white bloom. 2 yrs., each 45 c , doz. $\$ 4.50,100 \$ 30.00$.

## SWEET PEA VINE (Lathyrus)

Sweet Pea (L. latifolius). 8 to 10 ft . Deep rosy red flowers in June on a prostrate plant with climbing tendencies.

Sweet Pea, "Pink Beauty." 8 to 10 ft . A lovely sort, with large racemes of pleasing rose-pink blooms throughout the summer.
Sweet Pea, "White Pearl." 8 to 10 ft . Best of the white-flowered hardy Sweet Peas.
All varieties: 2 yrs., each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$, 100 \$20.00.


CHINESE WISTERIA

## TRUMPET VINE

## (Bignonia radicans)

30 to 40 ft . This robust vine bears many deep scarlet trumpet-like flowers with orange throats, in late summer. Good for covering unsightly spots. 2 yrs., each 40 c , doz. $\$ 4.00,100 \$ 25.00$.

## VIRGINIA CREEPER

(Ampelopsis quinquefolia)
35 to 45 ft . Hardiest and most charming of our native vines, the woodbine or five-leaved ivy is a rapid and vigorous grower, holding lovely large leaves which turn bright crimson in the fall. 2 yrs., each 30 c , doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.

## WINTERCREEPER (Euonymus)

Best of the evergreen ground covers for semi-shaded spots, also splendid clinging vines.

Bigleaf Wintercreeper (E. radicans vegetus). 4 ft . Evergreen with showy, yel-low-podded red fruit in winter. Hardy and reliable. 3 yrs., stocky, each 60c; doz. $\$ 6.00,100 \$ 40.00$.

Purple Sharpleaf Wintercreeper (E. radicans coloratus). 3 to 4 ft . Bears long, narrow, purple-red-tinted leaves, a strikingly different sort. 3 yrs., stocky, each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00$.

Sharpleaf Wintercreeper (E. radicans acutus). 3 to 4 ft . Strong growing, with long, slender deep green leaves veined attractively with gray. 2 yrs., each 50c, doz. $\$ 5.00$.

Variegated Wintercreeper (E. radicans variegata). 3 to 4 ft . Small leaves of glossy green are attractively variegated with white. 3 yrs., stocky, each 50c doz. $\$ 5.00$.

## WISTERIA

Gracious Gifts from the Orient
Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis). 40 to 50 ft . Rapid growing, with soft, dainty, laven-der-blue flowers, highly perfumed, in May, borne in long pendulous racemes. 2 yrs., each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 35.00$. Extra strong, 3 yrs., each 75c, doz. \$7.50.
Fringe or Lacy Wisteria (W. Shiro Noda). 30 to 40 ft . One of the best of the white-flowered Wisterias, the bloom clusters frequently measuring 24 to 30 inches in length. Of strong growth, and free flowering. Strong 5 -yr.old vines, each $\$ 2.50$, doz. $\$ 25.00$.
Rosy Weeping Wisteria (IW. flori bunda rosea). 35 to 50 ft . Fragrant, clear pink flowers in big racemes from $11 / 2$ to 2 feet in length, in late spring. Strong 5 -yr. old vines, each $\$ 2.50$, doz. $\$ 25.00$.
White Chinese Wisteria (W. sinensis alba). 40 to 50 ft . White-flowered form of the Chinese Wisteria, equally dainty and glamorous. 2 yrs., each 75 c , doz. $\$ 7.50$. 3 yrs. each $\$ 1.00$, doz. $\$ 10.00$.


BOSTON IVY
(Offered on page 19)


SWEET PEA VINE

## EVERGREEN TREES

## Beantiful at All Seasons, They Become Indispensalle When Other Trees are Bare

The lovely specimens which we list below will hold their green foliage throughout the year, providing unfading beauty for large and small. homes. This year we are offering an exceptionally large list, and our individual trees are practically perfect; however, we are offering them at our customary low prices, so that anyone may enjoy their beauty and hardiness.
(Our Evergreens are much too heavy for shipment by Parcel Post.)
A dozen of any variety will be supplied for ten times the price of one, or six for five times the price of one.

## The Soft and Fluffy ARBOR-VITAE

Invaluable for specimens, groups, or mixed plantings.

American Arbor-Vitae (T. occidentalis). 25 to 30 ft . Broad-based trees, tapering to narrow tops, with soft, flexible, deep green foliage, turning bronzy in winter. Good for hedge or windbreaks. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.00,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 1.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 1.75,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 2.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 4.00$, 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 6.00$.
Baker Arbor-Vitae (B. bakeri). 6 to 8 ft . Compact and pyramidal, perfect for accents, with beautiful bright green foliage, golden in the spring. Each: 15 to 18 in. $80 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.35$, $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 1.75,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.25,4$ to 5 ft. \$2.75.
Berckmann Golden Arbor-Vitae (B. aurea nana). 4 to 5 ft . Compact ovals with vertical rows of golden spring foliage, turning to rich green in summer and fall, and to gold-tipped russet brown in winter. Popular for edging, formal plantings, and window boxes. Each: 6 to 9 in . 65c 9 to $12 \mathrm{in} .90 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.20,15$ to 18 in . $\$ 1.50,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 2.50$.

Berckmann Golden Globe Arbor-Vitae (B.aurea nana globosa). 2 ft . These wonderful new dwarf forms of the familiar Berckmann Golden Arbor-Vitae are very nearly perfect globes; they are, therefore, indispensable in formal gardens or rockeries. They grow slowly into compact specimens. Each: 6 to $9 \mathrm{in} .80 \mathrm{c}, 9$ to 12 in . $\$ 1.00$.
Bonita Arbor-Vitae (B. bonita). 3 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Another worthy addition to the evergreen list; shapely, nearly globular specimens with rich deep green foliage. Each: 9 to 12 in. $75 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.35$.
Excelsa Arbor-Vitae (B. excelsa). 20 ft . These columns of flat, fanlike, vertical dark green foliage, closely pressed together, become bushy broad pyramids, perfect for specimens. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} .90 \mathrm{c}, 18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50,21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 1.75$.
George Peabody Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. lutea). 12 to 15 ft . Shapely broad-based pyramids of lustrous green, tipped bright gold in the spring. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.00$, 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$, 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 4.50$.


GOLD DUST CYPRESS

Globe Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. globosa). $2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . Borders, rockeries, and formal plantings seem incomplete without these beautiful dense green globes which need no trimming. Each: 12 to 15 in. $\$ 1.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.35,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.65$, 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.25$.

Gold-Tipped Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. elegantissima). 12 to 15 ft . Broadbased columns of rich green, tipped with brightest golden yellow. Lovely as a contrasting specimen, turning a deep bronze in the winter months. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.25,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.50$.

Hovey Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. hoveyi). 3 to 4 ft . Broad ovals of bright green foliage, particularly beautiful in the spring. Each: 12 to 15 in. $\$ 1.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.35,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.75$.

Parsons Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. compacta). 4 to 5 ft . Long-lived specimens, nearly spherical in shape, with bright green attractive foliage. Each: 9 to 12 in. $75 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.35,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75$, 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.25$, $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.00$.

bONITA ARBOR-VITAE
Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. pyramidalis). 25 ft . Long the most popular of evergreens for accent plants are these formal narrow columns of rich green foliage, which is never dimmed by frost. Undoubtedly the best of all columnar Arbor-Vitae. Each: 2 to 21/2 ft. $\$ 1.50,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.75,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 4.50$, 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 6.50$.

Rosenthal Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. rosenthali). 8 to 10 ft . Turns slowly into a rugged column of lustrous deep green foliage. Improves in picturesque beauty with age. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,3$ to 4 $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 5.50$.

Spiral Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. spiralis). 20 to 25 ft. Narrow pyramids, with their branches covered with curiously curved and twisted fern-like foliage of shiny green; absolutely distinct. Each: $2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.00$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.00$, 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 5.50$.

Vervaene Arbor-Vitae (T. occ. vervaeneana). 10 to 12 ft . Broad pyramids of variegated yellow and green foliage, bronze in winter. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.25,2$ to $21 / 2$ ft . $\$ 1.50,21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 1.75,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.75$.

Ware or Siberian Arbor-Vitae ( $T$. occ. wareana). 12 to 15 ft . Rich deep blue-green foliage on these broadly pyramidal Siberian evergreens makes them ideal for a striking hedge or specimen. Each: 15 to 18 in . $\$ 1.00,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25$, 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 3.25,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.50$.

## CEDĀR (Cedrus)

Blue Atlas Cedar (C. atlantica glauca). 60 to 70 ft . These erect widespreading pyramids of glittering silver-blue foliage merit a featured spot on the lawn. Each: 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 8.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 10.00,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 11.50$, 8 to 10 ft . $\$ 14.00$.


Sawara Cypress (R. pisifera). 25 to 35 ft . The hardy father of all the Sawara types is this rapid growing broad pyramid of lacy, pale green foliage. Good for formal clipping. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 3.75,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 5.50$.

## FIR

Majestic lawn specimens with gray-green foliage.
Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga douglasi). 75 to 80 ft . Always handsome are these natives of our Rockies; tall hardy pyramids of grayish foliage. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 1.75,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.50$.
White Fir (Abies concolor). 60 to 70 ft . Good specimen, broad pyramidal tree, with increasingly lovely glaucous foliage. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 5.00,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 9.00$.

## HEMLOCK (Tsuga)

## Our graceful native evergreen.

Canada Hemlock (T. canadensis). 75 to 85 ft . Graceful, dignified, beautiful and adaptable. The spreading horizontal branches of rich, deep green foliage render these evergreens perfect for specimens, for a windbreak, or for a clipped hedge, in sun or semishade. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.35,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75$, $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 5.00$, 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 7.50,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 9.50$.
Carolina Hemlock ( $T$. caroliniana). 40 to 50 ft . Spreading and semi-drooping branches, with long foliage, like that of a Yew, are carried on this native aristocrat, which is, in spite of its name, perfectly hardy in the North. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.75,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.75,2^{1 ⁄ 2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.
Sargent Weeping Hemlock (T. canadensis pendula). 7 to 8 ft . Decidedly pendulous, with slender branches covered with rich green foliage. One of the best of all evergreen trees for a lawn specimen. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread $\$ 6.00,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . spread $\$ 7.50$, 3 to 4 ft , spread $\$ 9.00$.

## CYPRESS (Retinospora or Chamaecyparis)

## Aristocrats of the Lawn

Cripps Golden Cypress (R.obtusa crippsi). 10 to 12 ft . Among the best of specimen evergreens, with lovely lemon-yellow-to-gold foliage. Graceful, hardy, and ideal as a contrast plant. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 1.50,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,2$ to $2^{1 / 2}$ $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.50,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00$.
Dwarf Yellowplume Cypress ( $R$. pisifera plumosa lutescens). 3 to 4 ft . These low, round-topped broad bushes are particularly good for foundation plantings, where their bright sulphur-tipped branches contrast beautifully with the solid green of other sorts. Each: 6 to $9 \mathrm{in} .75 \mathrm{c}, 9$ to $12 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00,12$ to 15 in . $\$ 1.25,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50$. $\$ 4.00,2$ to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$. $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.00$.

Dwari Hinoki Cypress (R. obtusa nana). 2 to 3 ft . Richest in appearance of all the dwarf evergreens, with lovely "fans" of deep green foliage. Excellent for rockery, lovely in pots, and a wonderful low hedge plant. Each: 12 to 15 in. $\$ 2.00,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,18$ to 24 in .

Gold Dust Cypress (R. pisifera plumosa aurea lovetti). 20 to 25 ft . Glorified form of the Golden Plume Cypress, with what appears to be a sheen of pure gold dust overlying its beautiful foliage. Probably one of the best of all evergreens for a lawn specimen. Each: 9 to $12 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00,12$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25$, 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.50$,

Golden Plume Cypress (R. pis. plum. aurea). 25 to 30 ft . Warm plumes of gold, easily trimmed, make this perfect for contrast plant, specimen, or hedge. Each: 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75,2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.75,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 5.50$.
Golden Sawara Cypress (R. pis. aurea). 25 to 35 ft . Gorgeous as a specimen or contrast plant, with lacy golden foliage on a loose broadly pyramidal tree. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75,2 \frac{1}{2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 3.75,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50$.

Golden Thread Cypress (R.pis. filifera aurea). 10 to 12 ft . Slow growing and very graceful, with slender, drooping branches of bright golden hue. Another excellent specimen evergreen. Each: 12 to 15 in . $\$ 1.00$, 15 to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50,2^{1 / 2}$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 5.50$.
Moss Cypress ( $R$. squarrosa veitchi). 25 to 30 ft . A billowy pyramid of amazingly soft violet-gray foliage, giving it a hazy, woolly appearance. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 4.00$.
Plume Cypress (R. pis. plumosa). 25 to 35 ft . Soft, feathery broad pyramids of light green fernlike foliage, which lends itself readily to formal shearing. Will also make a distinctive and graceful hedge plant. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.15,2$ to $2^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.50,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.00$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.50$, 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 5.00$.
Thread Cypress (R. pisifera flifera). 15 to 20 ft . Long, threadlike, drooping branches covered with decorative



## Simple, Yet Effective

This Evergreen planting can be effectively adapted to most any style of architecture.

Foundation plantings consisting of Evergreens are attractive every day in the year, and are especially effective during the winter months when other trees and plants are bare of foliage.

## The Variable, Always Lovely, JUNIPERS

Burk Cedar (Juniperus virginiana burki). 10 to 12 ft . Shapely, dense columns of gray-blue foliage with metallic purple coloring in winter. Thoroughly lovely as a lawn specimen. Each: 2 to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 3.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.50$.
Cannart Redcedar (J. virg. cannarti). 12 to 15 ft . Aristocratic specimens are these dense columns of black-green foliage, with steely blue berries in autumn. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.25,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.00,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 4.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 5.50$.
Columnar Chinese Juniper (J. chinensis columnaris). 15 to 20 ft . A beautiful lawn sentinel which becomes a tall, narrow spire of deep grayish green foliage. If trimmed annually, lovely, compact specimens may be produced. Each: $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.50,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50$.
Creeping Juniper (J. horizontalis). 1 to 2 ft . Long branches which spread their green plumes on the ground. This lovely creeper, with its lavender-tinged winter foliage, wants plenty of space, and is worth it. Each: 15 to 18 in . spread $\$ 1.50$, 18 to 24 in . spread $\$ 2.25$.
Globe Cedar (J. virginiana globosa). 4 to 5 ft . A dwarf and compact Red Cedar which needs no trimming. Frequently matures into an unusual appearance. Each: 9 to $12 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50,12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.00$, 15 to 18 in . $\$ 2.50$.
Golden Juniper (J. communis aurea). 1 to $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A spreading prostrate creeper, with bright golden foliage, good for rockery or foundation planting. Each: 18 to 24 in . spread $\$ 1.75,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread $\$ 2.25,2 \frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft . spread $\$ 2.75,3$ to 4 ft . spread $\$ 3.75$.
Goldtip Redcedar (J. virg. elegantissima). 15 ft . A lovely pyramid of yellow-tipped foliage, turning deep bronze as fall wanes. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.25,21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.00,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 5.00$, 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 7.00$.
Green Column Juniper (J. chin. columnaris viridis). 15 to 20 ft . Lovely light green form of Columnar Chinese Juniper, a bit
slower in growth. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 4.00,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 5.50$.
Irish Juniper (J. hibernica). 7 to 8 ft . Narrow, dense columns of bluish green foliage, compact and rigidly erect. Old favorites for accent plants and as boundaries for a formal garden. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.35,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . $\$ 1.75$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.25$.
Pfitzer Juniper (J. chin. pfitzeriana). 5 to 6 ft . Most popular and satisfactory of the vase-shaped Junipers, with feathery graygreen foliage. Withstands a city's dust and smoke, at home alike in a mass or as an individual specimen. Each: 15 to 18 in . spread $\$ 1.50,18$ to 24 in . spread $\$ 2.25,2$ to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. spread $\$ 3.00,21 / 2$ to 3 ft. spread $\$ 3.75,3$ to 4 ft . spread $\$ 4.50$. Plumed Spreading Juniper ( $J$. communis depressa plumosa). 1 ft . Unusual prostrate evergreen with bright green foliage which turns an intense reddish purple in winter, making it ideal as a contrast or rockery plant. Each: 18 to 24 in . spread $\$ 1.75$, 2 to $2^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. s.read $\$ 2.25,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . spread $\$ 3.00,3$ to 4 ft . spread $\$ 4.00$.
Savin Juniper (J. sabina). 3 to 4 ft . A good Evergreen to plant in an exposed location. Highly resistant to the smoke and dust of a city planting. Each: 15 to 18 in. spread $\$ 1.50,18$ to 24 in . spread $\$ 2.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. spread $\$ 2.75,2^{1 / 2}$ to 3 ft . spread $\$ 3.50$.
Silver Redcedar (J. virg. glauca). 15 to 20 ft . These narrow irregular columns are among the best of all evergreens for specimen or contrast plants, with their blue-gray foliage standing out beautifully against the green of other sorts. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.50,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 4.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 6.00,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 8.50$.

Spiny Greek Juniper (J. excelsa stricta). 4 to 5 ft . A shapely, broad, compact pyramid of stiff, erect branchlets, which carry light gray-green foliage. Good for formal work and mixed plantings, very popular. Each: 9 to 12 in. $80 \mathrm{c}, 12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00$, 15 to 18 in. $\$ 1.35$.
Swedish Juniper (J. communis suecica). 15 to 20 ft . Quickly grows to a narrow, compact column of light green foliage. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 1.75$, $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.25,3$
ft.
$\$ 3.00$


PINE (Pinus)
Stately and Majestic, Pines still Rule the Evergreen World
Austrian Pine ( $P$. nigra austriaca). 60 to 70 ft . Upward curving boughs are covered with stiff dark green needles. Ideal for city or seashore planting, being indifferent to salt air or smoke. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.00,21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.75,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.50$. Japanese Red Pine ( $P$. densiflora). 60 to 70 ft .

An ornamental giant, with blue-green stiff needles, contrasting well with its russet cones. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.00,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$.
Mugho Pine ( $P$. montana mughus). $21 / 2$ to 3 ft , Dwarf round-topped cushionlike evergreens of bright green needles, invaluable for rockery or low border. Each: 9 to 12 in . spread $\$ 1.50,12$ to 15 in . spread $\$ 2.00$.
Red Pine ( $P$. resinosa). 75 ft. Glossy green needles stand out well against the reddish brown bark of these lovely evergreens. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.50,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00$.
Scotch Pine (P. sylvestris). 60 to 70 ft . Most ruggedly picturesque of the family, with blue-green, twisted needles. À European favorite. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.25,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 1.75,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 4.00$.
Umbrella Pine (Sciadopitys verticillata). 20 to 25 ft . Long, thick needles, arranged like umbrella ribs about the branches make this a beautiful specimen evergreen, which succeeds universally if given drainage. Each: 18 to 24 in. $\$ 2.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00,3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 7.50,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 10.00$.

SPRUCE (Picea)
Tall Pyramids, Perfect for Lawn Specimens Colorado Blue Spruce ( $P$. pungens glauca). 60 to 80 ft . Horizontal branches covered with thick steel-blue needles make this an excellent contrast tree. Each: 18 to 24 in . $\$ 1.75$, 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 2.25,21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 3.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 5.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 7.00,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 10.00$.
Creeping Norway Spruce ( $P$. excelsa repens). $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. These wide-spreading evergreens will create $\alpha$ thick blanket of foliage for the rockery. Each: 18 to 24 in . spread $\$ 6.00$, 2 to $2 \frac{1 / 2}{} \mathrm{ft}$. spread $\$ 8.00$.
Dwart Alberta Spruce (P.glauca conica). 4 to 5 ft . Slow-growing, compact pyramids of bright green needles, useful in the large rock garden. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 4.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 5.50$.
Koster Blue Spruce ( $P$. pungens kosteri). 50 to 70 ft . Their brilliant silvery blue foliage makes these most popular evergreens undoubtedly the most striking lawn specimens on our list. They are not only perfect as a contrast, but form a climax of majestic beauty in any landscape. Each: 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.50,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 7.50,4$ to ${ }^{5}$ tt . $\$ 10.00,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 15.00,6$ to 7 ft . $\$ 17.50$.
Norway Spruce (P. excelsa). 80 to 100 ft . The popular Christmas tree, easily grown and amazingly hardy. Excellent for windbreak, and good for a tall, green hedge. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.00,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 3.50$.
White Spruce ( $P$. canadensis). 60 ft . Shapely trees, with dense silvery foliage, exceptionally Iovely. Each: 15 to 18 in . $\$ 1.25,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 1.50,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 2.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.00$.

The Dark Mysterious YEWS (Taxus)

Hicks Yew (T. media hicksi). 8 to 10 ft . Good for hedge or accent plants are these narrow darik green columns, and extra fine in formal or "limited space" plantings. Extremely hardy. Each: 15 to 18 in. $\$ 1.50,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.50,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00,3$ to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 7.00,3^{1 / 2}$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00$.

Hybrid Yew (T. intermedia). 12 to 15 ft . Compact and dense, this evergreen carries very deep, waxy green foliage, always shapely and colorful. Each: 12 to 15 in . $\$ 1.50,15$ to 18 in . $\$ 2.25,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.50$.

Japanese Yew (T. cuspidata). 12 to 15 ft . Slow-growing and most enduring, this spreading, bushy Yew is invaluable for foundation plantings or for an evergreen hedge, with its dark green leaves covered with bright crimson fruits in autumn. Each: 12 to 15 in . $\$ 1.25,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 2.25,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,21 / 2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 6.50$.

Japanese Dwarf Yew (T. cuspidata nana). 4 to 5 ft . Irregular and spreading in habit this dwarf form of the lovely Japanese Yew is slower growing than its parent, which it equals in beauty. With its blackish green leaves and bright crimson fall fruits, it is ideal for a lawn planting or to enhance the beauty of the rockery. Each: 9 to 12 in. $\$ 1.35,12$ to $15 \mathrm{in} . \$ 2.25,15$ to $18 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.25,18$ to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 4.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 6.50$.

Japanese Treeform Yew (T. cusp. capitata). 25 to 30 ft . Hardy and symmetrical pyramads, with brilliant scarlet fruits conspicuous against the black-green foliage, this sort makes a distinctive hedge and is particularly striking in spring, when the young growth comes forth. Each: 18 to 24 in., $\$ 2.00,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 3.00 ; 21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 4.00$, 3 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 5.00,3^{1 / 2}$ to 4 ft . $\$ 7.0 \mathrm{U}$.

Spreading English Yew (T. baccata repandens). 2 to 3 ft . Graceful long curved leaves of deepest green render this Evergreen ideal for edging, for low planting, or for large rockeries. Spreading horizontal branches. Each: 15 to 18 in . $\$ 2.50,18$ to 24 in . $\$ 3.50,2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 4.50$, $21 / 2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 6.00,3$ to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. $\$ 9.00$.

# HARDY FLOWERING and SHADE TREES 

Trees can be dignified sentinels, beautiful embellishments, and constant companions, increasing both the charm and value of your home. We have enlarged our list this year, but we still offer only those trees which we believe to have distinct and exceptional merit.

## BEECH (Fagus)

Fernleat Beech (Fagus sylvatica asplenifolia). 50 to 60 ft . Slow growing, graceful specimen tree with dense, finely cut leaves. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 4.50,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 9.00$.

Rivers' Purple Beech (F. s. purpurea riversi). 70 to 80 ft . Handsome and dignified both in contour and in the amazingly beautiful purple foliage. Excellent for lawn specimens. Trees of this variety are extremely hardy, and generally regarded as the finest of all purple-foliaged varieties. Each: 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 5.00,4$ to 5 ft. $\$ 6.50,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 9.00,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 12.00$.

## BIRCH (Betula)

Columnar White Birch (B. alba fasti giata, or pyramidalis). 20 to 25 ft Very much in outline like a Lom bardy Poplar, this beautiful tree differs mainly in its white bark, which forms a distinct contrast to the dark green leaves. It rapidly becomes a tall narrow pyramid. Each: 5 to 6 ft . \$3.00.
European White Birch (B. alba). 40 to 50 ft . Charmingly graceful, with creamy white bark; good on the lawn, especially when backed by evergreens. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$, 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$.
Weeping Cutleaf Birch (B. laciniata) 30 to 40 ft . Graceful and popular lawn tree, with deeply cut leaves, and drooping fountain-like branch es. This variety is generally regarded as being the most desirable of al White Birch trees. Each: 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 2.00$, 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 3.00$.


WEEPING CUT-LEAF BIRCH


VOSS GOLDENCHAIN (LABURNUM VOSSI) (Offered on page 26

## FLOWERING CHERRIES

Among the Greatest of Oriental Gifts

Doubleflowered Weeping Cherry (Prunus subhirtella pendula flore pleno). 12 to 15 ft . The beauty of this tree is simply indescribable; it can properly be called a fountain of gorgeous double pink flowers, like roses, in the spring, reaching to the ground. Selected trees with $2-y r$. heads, each \$4.00.

Weeping Cherry (Prunus subhirtella pendula). 12 to 15 ft . A waterfall of rose-pink bloom covers the gracefully pendulous branches of this glorious lawn tree in early spring; a breath-taking spectacle that will draw all eyes to your lawn. Selected trees with 2 -yr. heads, each \$3.50.

## NAMED SORTS

Amanogawa, 25 ft . Upright, with dense pendulous clusters of semidouble pink spring flowers.

Kwanzan. 30 ft. Especially shapely, and most popular of all the flowering Cherries, bearing countless big, double, deep pink flowers in the late spring.

Mt. Fuji. 30 ft. By far the best of the double white-flowered Cherries,
with drooping clusters of big blooms in the spring.

Naden. 30 to 40 ft . Among the showiest, with many short-stemmed clusters of light pink double flowers in mid-spring.

Shirofugen. 30 ft . Vigorous, with striking three-toned, double flowers, pink in the bud, opening to pure white, and blushing as they mature.

## Any of above, splendid sturdy trees.

Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.35,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 2.50$


WEEPING MULBERRY (MORUS)
DOGWOOD (Cornus)

## Our Loveliest Native Flowering Trees

Flowering Dogwood (C. florida). 20 to 25 ft . Huge white flowers appear on this gorgeous native tree even before the leaves, in April. Fall finds another riot of color on the tree's branches with its rich autumnal foliage and many red berries. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$, 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 2.00,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50$.
Pinkflowering Dogwood (C. Alorida rubra). 15 to 20 ft . Undoubtedly the most superb of our native flowering trees, these Pink-flowered Dogwood will turn the small: est plot of ground into a veritable fairyland in May and June, with their mammoth flowers, varying from blushpink to deep pink. Their red berries and fall foliage equal those of the white-flowered sort in beauty. We have long specialized in the production of as perfect trees as may be found anywhere. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 3.50,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 5.00,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 7.50$.
Kousd Dogwood (C. kousa). 15 to 20 ft . This is the Oriental sister to our own Flowering Dogwood, with big white flowers in late spring followed by large, attractive red fruits, which are edible by humans and beloved by birds. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.

HONEYLOCUST (Gleditsia)
Common Honeylocust (G. triacan thos). 70 to 80 ft . This vigorous tree carries beautiful foliage and is exceptionally resistant to both the salt air of a seacoast planting and the smoke and dust of the city. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,6$ to 8 ft. \$1.75.

## LINDEN (Tilia)

Littleleaf European Linden (Tilia cordata). 85 to 90 ft . A shapely tree with attractive rounded heartshaped leaves, and yellowish fragrant flowers in midsummer. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 3.00$.
Pyramidal Linden (T. platyphyllus pyramidalis). 40 to 50 ft . Good as accent tree or to border a nar row drive, with upward-growing branches. Decidedly pyramidal in growth, the outline of these mag nificent specimens reminds one of a Lombardy Poplar. Each: 6 to 8

## ft. $\$ 4.50,8$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.50$

## FLOWERING CRABAPPLE

Lawn trees which rival and frequently surpass even the flowering Cherries in beauty
Bechtel Crab (M. ioensis plena). 12 to 15 ft . Best known and most worthy of all the flowering Crab apples, with big, double, pink flowers, like small Roses, deliciously fragrant, in late May. Quickly grows into a compact and formal little tree. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$, 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 1.50,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 2.00$.
Carmine Crab (M. atrosanguinea) 12 to 15 ft . A shapely lawn tree with a wealth of deep pink flowers shading to purplish crimson in May. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,5$ to 6 ft. $\$ 2.00$
Japanese Flowering Crab (M. floribunda). 12 to 15 ft . Handsome specimens with bright pink buds opening white, followed by yellow

## HORSECHESTNUT

## (Aesculus)

Whiteflowering Horsechestnut ( $A$. hippocastanum). 70 ft . Handsome large white flower spikes in June; very fragrant. Each: 5 to 6 ft . $\$ 1.75,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.75$.
Pink-flowering Horsechestnut (A. hipp. rubicunda). 40 to 50 ft . Deep pink flowers grace this formal rounded pyramidal tree in upright trusses during June. Each: 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50.

## LABURNUM

Goldenchain (L.vulgare). 20 to 25 ft . Golden yellow flowers in wisterialike drooping bunches hang from the green branches of this gorgeous sort, in May and June. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 2.25$.
Voss Goldenchain (L. vossi). 20 to 25 ft . A profuse bloomer in June of big pendent clusters of golden yellow blooms, frequently well over a foot in length. A great improve. ment on the more familiar Goldenchain. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,5$ to 6 ft. $\$ 3.50$.
(Malus)
fruits, which turn red. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,5$ to 6 ft. \$2.00.
Purple Crab (M. purpurea). 12 to 15 ft . A becutiful hybrid, with young branchlets and leaves both a shining purple, and semi-double flowers of attractive wine-red. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 1.50,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$.
Red-Flowered Crab (M. hopa). 12 to 15 ft . One of the most desirable of all Flowering Crabs, with rosy pink flowers and red fruit from attractive foliage. Each: 4 to 5 st. $\$ 1.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 2.00$.
Red-Leaved Crab (M. eleyi). 12 to 15 ft . An outstanding color combination, with big clusters of purple flowers from purple-red foliage in early summer. Each: 4 to 5 ft. $\$ 1.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 2.00,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 3.00$.


WEEPING FLOWERING CHERRY


PIN OAK-RAPID GROWER (Offered on page 28)

## FLOWERING CRABAPPLES-Continued

Redvein Crab (M. niedzwetzkyana). 12 to 15 ft . Thoroughly red-purple tree, with leaves, fruit, bark and wood rivaling the flowers in the intensity of that unusual color. Each: 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 1.25,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 1.50,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$.
Scheidecker Crab (M. scheideckeri). 12 to 15 ft . Formal in appearance, with big, lasting semi-double pink flowers, followed by yellow fruits. Each: 4 to 5 ft . $\$ 1.50$, 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,6$ to 8 ft . $\$ 3.00$
Siberian Crab (M. baccata). 15 to 20 ft . A round-headed tree, with big white flowers in late spring, followed by red and yellow fruit. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 1.50$.
Velvet Crab (M. oldenhamensis). 12 to 15 ft . An outstanding flowering Crabapple with semi-double purple bloom in late spring. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 1.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 2.00$.

## HAWTHORN (Crataegus)

Paul's Scarlet Hawthorn (C. oxyacantha pauli). 15 to 20 ft . Most popular of Hawthorns, with a mass of small double button-like scarlet flowers, exceptionally fragrant in June. The red berries of this beautiful tree will attract many birds to your grounds. Each: 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 1.50,4$ to 5 ft . \$2.00.
Double Pink Hawthorn (C. oxyacantha). 15 to 20 ft . The amazingly gorgeous pinkflowered form of the above. Each: 3 to 4 $\mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$.
Double White Hawthorn (C. oxyacantha). 15 to 20 ft . Beautiful white flowers make this form effective as a contrast with the above sorts. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$.
Washington Hawthorn (C. cordata). 20 to 25 ft . A four-season tree, with white flowers in the late spring, exceptionally beautiful fall foliage, and brilliant scarlet fruits which appear in the summertime and last nearly all winter. Each: 3 to 4 ft . $\$ 2.00,4$ to 5 ft . $\$ 2.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 3.00$.

## MAGNOLIA

Hardy relatives of the South's loveliest tree.
Purple Lily Magnolia (M. liliflora nigra). 15 to 18 ft . A rapid growing tree, with long, dark brownish purple flowers, which open from early April until early June, in great abundance. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 1.75,2$ to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25$.


SAUCER MAGNOLIA
Saucer Magnolia (M. soulangeana). 15 to 18 ft . Best and most popular of the hardy Magnolias, with huge flowers, pink without and creamy white within, before the foliage, in April. Increase in beauty every year. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 3.50,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 6.50$. Star Magnolia (M. stellata). 10 to 12 ft . Fragrant white flowers, like stars, in early spring. Each: 18 to $24 \mathrm{in} . \$ 3.00,2$ to 3 ft . $\$ 4.00$.
Sweetbay Magnolia (M. glauca). 15 to 20 ft . Creamy-white flowers in late spring with gardenia-like fragrance. Semi-evergreen. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75 ; 3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 2.50,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,5$ to 6 ft . $\$ 5.00$.

## MAIDENHAIR TREE (Ginkgo)

Maidenhair Tree (G. biloba). 100 ft . Picturesque pyramidal trees, with distinctive, fan-shaped leaves. May be successfully grown in a city. Each: 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$, 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 4.00,10$ to $12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 6.00$.


## NORWAY MAPLE

Silver Maple (A. dasycarpum). 70 to 80 ft . A quick growing and graceful shade tree. Popular for specimen or street planting, with lecuves silver on under side. Each: 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00,8$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$.
Sugar Maple (A. saccharum). 80 to 100 ft . Tallest of Maples, with lovely orange and yellow fall foliage. Each: 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 2.00$, 8 to 10 ft . $\$ 2.75$.
Wier Cutleaf Maple (A. dasycarpum wieri). 70 to 80 ft . A graceful and lovely lawn tree, with becutiful, drooping, finely cut foliage. Best as a lawn specimen. Each: 10 to 12 ft . $\$ 3.50$.

MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus)
European Mountain Ash (S. aucuparia). 25 to 30 ft . Attractive by itself or for street planting, with great clusters of orangescarlet fruit, beloved by birds, and outstanding in conspicuous charm from July until winter. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.25$.

## MAPLE (Acer)

Best shade trees for lawns or streets.
Norway Maple (A. platanoides). 70 to 80 fz . Most popular of all trees for street planting, since even the larger sizes transplant well, and are tolerant of city conditions. A handsome roundheaded tree, whose green leaves turn golden yellow in late autumn, contrasting well with the deep brown, nearly black bark. Each: 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 1.75,8$ to 10 ft . $\$ 2.50,10$ to $12 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.
Red Maple (A. rubrum). 80 to 90 ft . Among the most striking of our native trees, with fiery red blossoms in spring, and leaves almost as intense a scarlet in the fall. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$, 6 to 8 ft . \$2.50.
Schwedler Maple (A. plat. schwedleri). 50 to 70 ft . Easily grown, with young leaves bright red, turning purplish green in summer and brightening again in the fall. Splendid lawn specimen. Each: 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$, 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50,10$ to 12 ft . $\$ 4.50$.

How to Plant a Tree
SET TREE IN TUB OF WATER WHILE DIGGING HOLE.


## MULBERRY (Morus)

Weeping Mulberry (M. alba pendula). 8 to 10 ft . Long, graceful branches droop to the ground from the umbrella-shaped head. Improves with age. Splendid trees with well developed tops, each $\$ 4.50$.

## PLANE (Platanus)

Oriental Plane ( $P$. orientalis). 75 ft . One of the best of all trees, since it is rapid growing, yet lives for a long while; bears a shapely head, and succeeds on lawns, along city streets, and at the seashore. Each: 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.75,8$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50$.

## PLUM (Prunus) (Ornamental Plum)

Newport Purple-Leaf Plum (P. pissardi"Newport"). 12 to 15 ft . An exotic lawn tree with unusual beautiful red-tipped, purple foli age, gaudy, yet dignified. Each: 3 to 4 ft . $85 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$.
Pink-Flowered Plum ( $P$. bliriana). 12 to 15 ft . Blooms in early spring, with fragrant, double pink flowers among its purple leaves. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,5$ to 6 ft. $\$ 2.00$.

## OAK (Quercus)

Symbols of rugged beauty through the ages.
English Oak (O. robur). 100 to 120 ft . Becomes, in time, an enormous, wide-spreading tree with attractive rounded leaves, and an exceptionally thick trunk. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.50,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.50$.


BABYLON WEEPING WLLLOW

Pin Oak (Q. palustris). 70 to 80 ft . Quickly assumes maiestic proportions, with a symmetrical broadly pyramidal head of deeply cut, shiny foliage, which turns a rich scarlet in the fall. Long-lived, popular, and the best Oak for street or lawn. Each: 6 to 8 ft . $\$ 2.00,8$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.00$.
Red Oak (Q. rubra): 70 to 80 ft . Rapid in growth, with wide-spreading branches, good for shade. The attractive leaves, mottled with fall crimson, remain until spring. Each: 8 to $10 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 3.75$.
Scarlet Oak (Q. coccinea). 75 to 90 ft . Very handsome, with a rounded head of spreading branches, covered with foliage that takes on brilliant scarlet coloring in the fall. Each: 8 to 10 ft . $\$ 4.50$.

## PEACH, FLOWERING

## (Amygdalus)

Double-Flowering Peach (A. persica). 12 to 15 ft . These trees are outstanding in their fairy-like beauty in the spring, when their double flowers burst into colorful blocm. We can supply them in White-Flowered, Red-Flowered and Pink-Flowered sorts. Each: 3 to $4 \mathrm{ft} .70 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to 5 ft .90 c .

POPLAR (Populus)
Bolleana Poplar ( $P$. bolleana). 75 to 80 ft . Resembles in appearance the Lombardy Poplar, but bears leaves of a distinctly silvery hue, making it exceptionally attractive for accent. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,8$ to 10 ft . $\$ 2.00$.
Carolina Poplar (P. monilifera). 75 to 90 ft . An extremely adaptable, and exceedingly rapid growing tree, which bears heartshaped foliage and attractive gray-green bark. Each: 6 to 8 ít. $75 \mathrm{c}, 8$ to 1 J ft . \$1.00.
Lombardy Poplar (P. nigra italica). 60 to 80 ft . Unique among trees, the Lombardy Poplar rises, a tall, slender spire of green, excellent for an accent planting or a tall screen. Best and most popular of the family. Each: 5 to 6 ft .60 c , 6 to $8 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 8$ to $10 \mathrm{ft} .90 \mathrm{c}, 10$ to 12 ft . $\$ 1.50$.

## REDBUD (Cercis)

American Redbud (C. canadensis). 20 to 25 ft . Small, rosy pink flowers, like sweet peas, nearly cover the branches in April before the foliage appears. Beautiful as a specimen, or when planted with dogwood, cedars or hemlock. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} .60 \mathrm{c}, 3$ to $4 \mathrm{ft} .75 \mathrm{c}, 4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00,5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50$.

## SOURWOOD (Oxydendrum)

Sourwood ( $O$. arboreum). 30 to 35 ft . Handsome year-round tree, with long clusters of white summer flowers, followed by gray fruits and scarlet foliage in early fall. Each: 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25,3$ to 4 ft . $\$ 1.50,4$ to $5 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 2.00$.

## WILLOW (Salix)

Babylon Weeping Willow (S. babylonica). 50 to 60 ft . A familiar sight in the country, especially along the banks of streams, with its long, whiplike branches drooping to the ground. Each: 5 to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.00,6$ to $8 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.50,8$ to 10 ft . $\$ 2.25$.
Laurel-Leaved Willow (S. pentandra). 30 to 40 ft . Rich green, shiny foliage serves to make this an ideal quick background at seashore or inland. Each: 4 to $5 \mathrm{ft} .85 \mathrm{c}, 5$ to $6 \mathrm{ft} . \$ 1.25$

## A LIST OF TREES RECOMMENDED FOR VARIOUS PURPOSES

Street, Road, and Wide Avenue Trees. Maples in variety, Lindens, Plane, Oaks.
Driveways Through Lawns and Parks. Norway Maple, Linden, Horse-Chestnut Laurel-Leaf Willow.
Single Specimens of Large Growth. The Birches, Linden, Norway Maple, Cut Leaf Maple, Schwedleri Maple, Austrian and Scotch Pines, Norway spruce, and Colorado Blue Spruce
Single Specimens of Medium Growth. Horse-Chestnut, Laurel-Leaf Willow Mountain Ash, Flowering Thorn, Hemlocks, Siberian Arbor-Vitae, Pyramidal Arbor-Vitae, American Arbor-Vitae.
Trees for Wet Soil. Poplars and Willows Trees That Thrive on Dry Knolls or Poor Soil. Silver-Leaf Maples and Poplars Cut-Leaved Trees. Cut-Leaved Birch, Wier's Cut-Leaved Maple.
Weeping and Drooping Trees. Cut-Leaf Birch, Teas' Mulberry, Japanese Weeping Cherry, Wier's Cut-Leaf Maple.

Trees That Flower. Judas Trees, Fringe Tree (purple), Cherry, Peach (doubleflowering), Plum (flowering), Lindens, Horse-Chestnut, Crabs, Thorns (pink and scarlet), Dogwood.
Trees for Shade on the Lawn. Linden, Norway Maple Oriental Plane, Pin Oarway Milver-Leaf Maple, Sugar Maple, Wak, Silver-Leaf Maple
Trees for the Front Lawn Where the House Sets Back 25 to 30 Feet. Bechtel's Crab, Double Flowering Cherry, Redbud, Laburnum
Trees for Quick Effects. Laurel-Leaf Willow, Poplars, Silver Maple, Wier's CutLeaf Maple, Willow
Trees That Color in the Fall. Mountain Ash, Norway Maple, Dogwoods, Paul's Scarlet Thorn, Pin Oak, Birch, Japan Maple.
Trees for Shade on the Small Lawn. Pin Oak, Mountain Ash, Crab, Fringe, Redbud, Paul's Scarlet Thorn, Dogwood, Cherries, Flowering Peach, Flowering Plum.

## HEDGE PLANTS

## PRIVET (Ligustrum)

Amur River North Privet (L. amurense). 15 ft . Big, handsome foliage of deepest olivegreen, followed by fragrant white flower clusters. Best hedge plant, by far, for severe climates.
Doz. 1001000

9 to 12 in $\quad$ \$0.65 $\$ 3.50 \quad 1000$ 12 to 18 in. ......... . $85 \quad 4.50 \quad 35.00$ 18 to 24 in. ......... $1.10 \quad 6.50 \quad 50.00$ 2 to $3 \mathrm{ft} . . . . . . .{ }^{1} .50 \quad 9.00 \quad 70.00$
California Privet (L. ovalifolium). 10 to 12 ft. Introduced by our nursery as a hedge plant in the early seventies, this sturdy shrub with its glossy green leaves is now more popular for ornamental hedges than is any other sort. Its strong, quick, upright growth adapts it singularly well for being grown as a barrier or to hide unsightly objects. Here at Little Silver, N. J., California Privet is very nearly evergreen. Sturdy, 2 -year-old plants.

|  |  | Doz. | 100 | 1000 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 12 to $18 \mathrm{in}$. | $\ldots \ldots$. | $\$ 0.75$ | $\$ 4.00$ | $\$ 30.00$ |
| 18 to $24 \mathrm{in}$. | $\ldots .$. | .90 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| 2 to 3 ft | $\ldots . .$. | 1.25 | 7.50 | 60.00 |

Write for quotations covering large, bushy specimens, of which we have a splendid supply.
Ibolium Privet (L. ibolium). 10 ft . A cross between California and Ibota Privet, with the beauty of the former and the hardiness of the latter. Has withstood zero temperatures without injury, and its semievergreen foliage makes it an attractive all-round hedge plant.

|  | Doz. | 100 | 1000 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 9 to $12 \mathrm{in}. \ldots \ldots$. | $\$ 0.65$ | $\$ 3.50$ | $\$ 25.00$ |
| 12 to $18 \mathrm{in}$. | $\ldots \ldots$ | .85 | 4.50 |
| 18 | to $24 \mathrm{in}$. | 35.00 |  |

Thompson's Privet (L.Thompson). 12 to 15 ft . A greatly improved form of the popular Amur River North Privet, with all of its parent's hardiness and much greater beauty.
in. .......

Doz. 1001000
9 to 12 in . ......... $\$ 0.90 \quad \$ 5.00 \quad \$ 40.00$ 12 to $18 \mathrm{in} . . . . . . . .{ }^{2} .00 \quad 6.00 \quad 50.00$ 18 to 24 in. ......... $1.50 \quad 9.00 \quad 75.00$
Note: A leaflet, giving instructions for the planting of Privet Hedges, will be mailed upon request.


## BARBERRIES are Extremely Hardy

Japanese Barberry (B. thunbergi). 3 to 4 ft . Ideal and most popular for a low, dense hedge, with slender arching branches, graceful, yet compact. Takes on a rich autumnal shade of red and carries a wealth of beautiful scarlet berries throughout the winter. Most hardy, and requires little pruning. For a hedge, set 12 inches apart. The following prices refer to splendid, stocky, transplanted plants. Doz. 1001000 3 -yr., 9 to 12 in. ... $\$ 1.00 \quad \$ 6.00 \quad \$ 50.00$ 3 -уг., 12 to 15 in . ... $1.50 \quad 8.00 \quad 70.00$ 3 -yr., 15 to 18 in. ... $2.00 \quad 10.00 \quad 80.00$ 4 -yr., 18 to 24 in. ... $2.50 \quad 15.00 \quad 125.00$ 4 -yr., 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. ... $3.25 \quad 20.00 \quad 175.00$
Red Japanese Barberry (B. thunbergi atropurpurea). 5 to 6 ft . Red-foliaged type of the popular Japanese Barberry, with rich red foliage, valuable for color in the border and beautiful as a hedge plant. The color becomes more intense in summer, and the dense twigs take on a mass of scarlet berries in the fall. An invaluable shrub, which should be planted in full sunlight for best results. Three-year-old transplanted plants:

Each Doz. 100
9 to 12 in. ......... $\$ 0.20$. . $\$ 2.00$. $\$ 9.00$ 12 to 15 in. ........ $25 \quad 2.50 \quad 12.50$ 15 to 18 in. ........ . $30 \quad 3.00 \quad 17.50$ 18 to 24 in. ........ . $40 \quad 4.00 \quad 25.00$ 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$.
$.50 \quad 5.00$

Mentor Barberry (B. mentorensis). (U. S. Plant Patent No. 99.) 3 to 4 ft . Amazingly resistant to heat and drought, this upright, hardy sort carries deep green foliage to the ground, and makes a formidable bar-


TRUEHEDGE COLUMNBERRY
rier as a hedge, with strong thorns. $\begin{array}{lrrc}12 \text { to } 15 \text { in. ......... } \$ 1.40 & \text { Der } 3 & 100 \\ \$ 4.00 & \$ 25.00\end{array}$ 15 to 18 in. ......... $1.50 \quad 4.50 \quad 30.00$ 18 to 24 in. ......... $2.00 \quad 6.00 \quad 40.00$
Truehedge (B. thunbergi erecta). (U. S. Plant Patent No. 1l0.) 3 to 4 ft . This wonderful hedge plant has a smaller and more refined leaf than has the more familiar Japanese Barberry. It is infinitely more compact and leafy than the older sort, and lends itself willingly to formal shearing, of which one treatment will be sufficient, since the plant itself is quite formal in appearance. It, too, is much more erect in growth than its parent.

|  | ac | 5 | 25 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 to 12 in | . $\$ 0.25$ | \$1.00 | \$3.75 | \$13.00 |
| 12 to 15 in . | . 30 | 1.20 | 4.75 | 16.00 |
| 15 to 18 in . | . 35 | 1.35 | 5.50 | 19.00 |
| 18 to 24 in | . 40 | 1.60 | 6.75 | 24.00 |
| to | . 50 | 1.90 | 8.25 | 30.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## UNUSUAL AND DESIRABLE HEDGE PLANTS

For a completely different, yet eminently suitable and beautiful hedge, we recommend any of the following splendid sorts, the number following each variety indicating the page on which is found its description:
Althea, Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus syriacus) 11.

American Arborvitae (Thuya occidentalis). 21.

Arborvitae, Pyramidal (Thuya occ. pyramidalis). 21.
Canadian Hemlock (Tsuga canadensis). 22.
Chenault Snowberry (Symphoricarpos chenaulti). 15.
Golden Privet (Ligustrum ovalifolium aureum). 15.
Holly, Japanese (Ilex crenata). 18.
Quince, Flowering (Cydonia japonica). 15.
Rugosa Rose (Rosa rugosa), Rugosa Rose, F. J. Grootendorst; or Rugosa Rose, Pink Grootendorst. 10 and 15.
Spiraea Van Houtte (Van Houtte Spirea). 16.

Spruce, Norway (Picea excelsa). 24.
Stephanandra, Cutleaf (S. Alexuosa). 16.
The Golden Rose of China (Rosa hugonis). 15.

Shipment by Express or Freight only.

## THE LURE OF OLD-FASHIONED GARDENS

IT is not difficult to understand why Old-Fashioned Hardy Perennials are again riding on the crest of the wave of popularity. We presume back in the olden days, old-fashioned gardens were the vogue, because they required so little attention and, like esteemed visitors, came back year after year. In those days perennials were grown more for show outdoors, for Milady delighted in taking her guests through the garden and showing them her treasures, which, perhaps, some beloved ancestors had brought from the Old Country.

The trend in modern gardens is somewhat different. Home decoration demands the proper display of flowers in the hall, in the living room, dining room, in short, wherever space and occasion properly permit. In the carrying out of these liberal ideas of decoration by means of flowers the Old-Fashioned Hardy Garden is absolutely indispensable. Yielding flowers from earliest spring, when the Columbines nod their Easter benediction, to the very last of fall when the hardy Chrysanthemums defy Jack Frost to do his worst, the hardy perennial border becomes a never failing source of floral delight.


We offer here, two selections of utterly dependable plants for two gardens of varying sizes, together with planting plans designed to help you create pretty pictures with the help of the plants we provide. Even the smaller of the two borders should prove a source of never ending delight, in the average suburban garden. And, since the plants will increase in size from year to year, the investment called for will prove but the beginning of $\alpha$ regular dividend in the form of steadily increasing plant and flower treasures. The numbers serve as suggestions where the various plants may be placed in the borders.

Here is your chance to have a beautiful Hardy Flower Garden from early spring until late fall at an amazingly low cost.

## BORDER A (above)

## 55 Sturdy Plants (\$12.50 value) for $\$ 5.50$

Alyssum saxatile (Basket of Gold) Camomile, Perry's. Golden daisies all summer. Dwarf Aster, "Nancy:" Flesh-pink Wild Indigo. Deep blue flowers in June.
Hardy Chrysanthemums. Mixed colors.
Coreopsis grandiflora. The brightest yellow garden flower.
Coreopsis grandiflora. The brightest yellow garden flower.
Blue Larkspur (Deiphinium)
Fringed Bleeding Heart. Beautiful pink flowers from late spring until frost
Blanket Flower (Gaillardia grandiflora).
Rough Heliopsis. Semí-double golden blooms.
3 Lovett's Lemon Day Lily. Highly fragrant.
2 Gibraltar Candytuft. Many delicate pink blooms. April and May
Fleur-de-lis (German Iris)., Assorted.
Dwarf Iris, "Cconary Bird."
Clethra (Loosestrife). Starry white nlowers all summer.
Peony, Edulis Superba.
Phlox. Assorted colors
4 Painted Daisy. Good summer cut flowers.
3 Mourning Bride. Charming sky-blue flowers.
Cornflower Aster (Stokesia laevis).
55

## BORDER B (below)

## 102 Sturdy Plants (\$24.45 value) for $\$ 9.90$

Dwarf Anemone. Good for rockery.
Perry's Camomile. Big golden daisies
Columbine, Long-Spurred Hybrids.
Dwarf Aster, "Nancy." Flesh-pink,
Spirea (Astilbe), "Peach Blossom." Clear pink.
Wild Indigo. Deep blue flowers and attractive foliage.
Hardy Chrysanthemum. Mixed.
Coreopsis grandiflora. Splendid cut flower
Blue Iarkspur. Big celestial blue flowers.
Grenadin Pinks. Âssorted colors.
Blanket Flower. Lovely and lasting when cut.
Baby's Breath. Tiny, gauzy white blooms in June and
Rough Heliopsis. Good cut flower.
Lovett's Lemon Day Lily. Large lemon-yellow blooms. Dwart Iris, "Canary Bird."
Fleur-de-lis (German Iris). Assorted colors.
Gayfeather Caitail. Showy spikes of purple flowers
Russell Lupines. Assorted colors.
Clethra (Loosestrife). Fragrant spikes of starry white flowers
Peonies, Double Mixed
8 Phlox. Assorted colors.
Mourning Bride, Large, sky-blue flowers, lasting when cut. Cornflower Aster. Handsorme, sky-blue, aster-like flowers.
Fringed Bleeding Heart. Heart-shaped pink flowers from fernlike foliage
Painted Daisy. Ássorted colors.
264 Bluespire Speedwell. Lovely spikes of sky-blue flowers all summer.

Add 10 per cent to your remittance if shipment is desired by parcel post.


# HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERING PLANTS <br> <br> For Beanty Year After Year 

 <br> <br> For Beanty Year After Year}

Perennials differ from annuai flowering plants in that they do not carry their lovely flowers for just one year, but increase in beauty of bloom as the years roll by. Our carefully selected and carefully grown Perennials will add immeasurably to the beauty of your borders and garden, and, when cut, the flowers will embellish the vases of your house to the maximum extent. So try some this season, for our list of flowering Perennials has never been better.
All varieties (unless otherwise noted), each 20c, doz. \$2.00, $100 \$ 14.00$.
All are strong blooming age plants.
Add 10 per cent to your remittance if shipment is desired by Parcel Post.
(R) following descriptions indicates that such varieties are especially adapted to the rock garden.

## AGERATUM,HARDY (Eupatorium)

Blue Mist Flower (E. coelestinum). 18 to 24 in. Fuzzy blue flowers, like those produced by the familiar annual Ageratum, but on longer stems; good for cutting.
Snow Thoroughwort (E. ageratoides). 3 ft Good for cutting or massing, with many broad floral heads of pure white in late summer. Best in moist shade.
ALUM ROOT. See "Coralbells," page 34.

## ALYSSUM

Basket of Gold (A. saxatile compactum). 8 to 12 in . Showy and popular for edging, border fronting or rockery, with big broad compact clusters of bright golden flowers, which hide the gray-green leaves in early spring. (R).

## ANEMONE

Hupeh Anemone (A. hupehensis). 18 in. Good in sun or semi-shade, and perfect for the rockery, these rosy mauve flowers, borne from late summer to frost, are also lovely when cut. (R). Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$, 100 \$20.00.
Pasque Flower (A.pulsatilla). 9 to 12 in . Good for rockery or border, with many violet-purple flowers in April and May, and attractive woolly foliage. (R). Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.


ALYSSUM, BASKET OF GOLD

## JAPANESE ANEMONES

(A. japonica)

Perfect cut flowers for your fall table. September-October. Queen Charlotte. 2 to 3 ft . Semi-double, clear pink.
Rubra Superba. $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Semi-double, rosy red.


BALLOON FLOWER
(Offered on page 32)
Whirlwind. $21 / 2$ to $31 / 2$ ft. Semidouble, pure white, a gorgeous sort.
All Anemones, each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.

## SPECIAL OFFER

One strong plant of each of the above three hardy Japanese Anemones for only 75c.

## ASTERS

For fall's gardens and vases. New England Aster (A. novae-ang. liae). 4 ft . Showy deep royal purple flowers in August and September.
Rock Aster (A. alpinus superbus). 6 to 10 in . Lovely lavender-blue flowers, centered gold, in an Aster unusual in its dwarf height and springtime flowers. (R).
Rosy New England Aster (A. novaeangliae rosea). 4 ft . Pink-flowered form of the popular New England Aster. One of the most beautiful of all the Aster family.


NEW ENGLAND ASTER
Tartarian Aster (A. tataricus). 6 ft. Tallest and latest blooming, with purple-blue flowers in October and November.

## NAMED SORTS

Anita Ballard. 2 to 3 ft . Double fall flowers of clear violet.
Beechwood Challenger. 2 to 3 ft . An amazingly free flowering sort, brilliant crim-son-red blooms. Each 35c, doz. \$3.50.
Blue Beard. 2 to 3 ft . Azure-blue flowers, centered cream.
Climax. 4 ft . Large lavender-blue Asters, centered gold.
Feltham Blue. 3 ft . Popular deep blue Asters.
Harrington Pink. 3 ft. Unusual sort, with huge flowers of a rich clear pink, lovely for cutting. Each 35c, doz. $\$ 3.50$.
Louvain. $1^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. Smaller flowers, and of a deeper pink than the above.
Mons. 2 to 3 ft . An old popular sort, with striking reddish-violet flowers.
White Climax. 3 ft . Best white-flowered Aster.
Wonder of Staffa. 3 ft . Big lavender-blue flowers from early summer until frost, in great abundance; excellent for cutting. Each 35c, doz. \$3.50.
(R) HARDY DWARF ASTERS (R)

Good for edging or grouping in front of borders and simply ideal for the rock garden.
Lady Henry Maddox. 10 to $12 \mathrm{in}$. and neat with clear pale pink bloom in September. (R).
Lilac Time. 12 in. Pretty lilac-blue flowers in mid-September. (R).
Nancy. 10 in. Many flesh-pink flowers. Late September. (R).
Snowsprite. 10 in . Best white dwarf Aster. Early September. (R).
Star of Wartburg. 12 in . A marvelous Aster which bears deep lilac-blue flowers, centered orange, in great abundance. Unusual in that the flowers are produced during the spring months. (R).
Victor. 8 in. Clear lavender-blue, very dwarf. Early September. (R).

## COLLECTION HARDY DWARF ASTERS

One each of these six Perfect Rockery Plants for only 95c.

## AVENS

Avens. See "Geum," page 34.

## BABY'S BREATH (Gypsophila)

Popular for misty charm.
Baby's Breath (G. paniculata). 2 to 3 ft Wiry, symmetrical bush, covered with a cloud of tiny, gauzy white blooms in June and July, good in borders and perfect for cutting.
"Bristol Fairy" Baby's Breath. 2 to 3 ft. Wonderful double Gypsophila, with big panicles of double white flowers throughout the summer. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00.
Creeping Baby's Breath (G. repens). 6 to 8 in. Lovely trailer for the rockery, with clouds of pink and white flowers in midsummer. (R).
Pink Baby's Breath (G. oldhamiana). 2 to 3 ft. Late summer brings a mass of lovely soft pink blooms to add to the airy grace and charm of this glorious sort.
BALLOON FLOWER (Platycodon)
Balloon Flower (Platycodon grandiflorum). 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ ft. Many lasting and beautiful purple-blue buds like inflated balloons, opening to big cupped blooms of deep blue, throughout the summer.

## BEE BALM (Monarda)

Beebalm, Blazing (M. didyma splendens). 3 ft . Big heads of vivid scarlet from June through August.
Beebalm, Pink (M. rosea). Like the above, but with rich pink flower heads.

## BELLFLOWER (Campanula)

## The floral bells of summer

Canterbury Bells (C. medium). 2 to 3 ft . Immensely popular, with its many branches hidden by $a$ wealth of bellshaped flowers with their fluted rims rolled back. Showy in the garden and particularly lovely as cut flowers. Separate colors, Blue, Pink and White.
Carpathian Bellflower (C. carpatica). 6 to 9 in . Good for border, edging or for rockery, with big, erect, bell-shaped flowers of clear blue all summer. (R). Each 25c, doz. \$2.50.

Peachleaf Bellflower (C. persicifolia). 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Hardy and long-lived, with big, showy, cupped blooms of coerulean-blue in June and July. Each 25c. doz. \$2.50. BETONY (Stachys)
Betony, Woolly (Stachys lanata). 8 in. Light purple July bloom, from soft foliage covered with woolly hairs. (R).
BISHOP'S WEED (Aegopodium)
Bishop's Weed, Silveredged (Aegopodium podograria variegata). 1 ft . An easily grown plant, ideal for rockery, edging, or border, with white summer flowers from lovely variegated foliage. (R).
BLANKET FLOWER (Gaillardia)
Blanket Flower (Gaillardia grandiflora). 2 ft. Many big blooms, centered maroon, with orange petals banded maroon and crimson, are produced from June until frost; lovely and lasting when cut.

## BLANKET FLOWER (Gaillardia) GOBLIN

12 to 15 in. A great improvement upon the more familiar Blanket Flower, with even larger flowers and more intense shades of maroon, orange, crimson and yellow, all summer long. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50.

BLEEDING HEART (Dicentra)
Bleeding Heart (Dicentra spectabilis). $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Old-fashioned favorite with long pendent racemes of unusual heart-shaped bloom, in rosy red and white. Good in semi-shade and ideal for cutting. Early spring to early summer. Each 45c, doz. $\$ 4.50,100 \$ 30.00$.
Bleeding Heart, Fringed (D. eximia). 1 ft . Excellent for border or rockery, this sort bears handsome pink heart-shaped flowers from late spring until frost, from plumy, fern-like foliage, exceptionally beautiful even when not in bloom. (R). Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.

## BOLTONIA

Boltonia, Violet (Boltonia latisquama). 4 to 5 ft . Hundreds of lavender-pink flowers open at once in late summer on this tall bush, making a thoroughly glorious sort that will draw all eyes to its beauty.
Boltonia, White (B. asteroides). 5 to 6 ft . Countless white daisy-like flowers in August and September.

## BUGLE (Ajuga)

Bugle, Carpet (Ajuga reptans). 3 to 4 in . Good ground cover, either in sun, or in shade under trees, with deep purplish blue flowers in May from attractive bronzy foliage, which is held all winter. (R).

## BUGLOSS (Anchusa)

Among the bluest of blue flowers.
Bugloss, "Dropmore" (Anchusa italica, "Dropmore"). 4 ft . Distinctive and beautiful, with clusters of big gentian-blue flowers in June and intermittently thereafter.
Bugloss, "Opal" (A. italica, "Opal"). 4 ft. like the above, but with charming celestial blue flowers.
Bugloss, Forget-Me-Not-Flowered (A. myosotidiflora). 1 ft . Like Forget-Me-Nots in May and early June. (R). Each 25c, doz. $\$ 2.50$.

## BUTTERCUP (Ranunculus)

Buttercup, Double-Flowered. (Ranunculus acris flore pleno). $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Upright plant which produces many double yellow flowers, especially good for cutting. Best in a moist border.

BUTTERFLY FLOWER (Asclepias)
Butterfly Flower (Asclepias tuberosa). 2 ft. A hardy native, with countless showy orange-scarlet flower heads. Good for cutting in midsummer.

## CAMOMILE (Anthemis)



HYBRID KOREAN CHRYSANTHEMUMS (Offered on page 33)

Camomile, Perry's (Anthemis tinctoria, "Perry's Variety"). 12 to 18 in . Good border plant and cut flower, with many blooms, like deep golden daisies, in July and August.
CAMPION (Lychnis). See Maltese Cross, page 37.
CANDYTUFT (Iberis)
Candytuft. Evergreen (Iberis sempervirens). 8 to 10 in. Clusters of glistening white flowers in early spring from glossy evergreen foliage. (R).
Candytuft, Gibraltar (I. gibraltarica). 8 to 10 in . Many delicate pink blooms make this best of Candytufts a strikingly beautiful sort from spring until frost. (R).
CARDINAL FLOWER. See Lobelia, page 37.

## CERASTIUM

Cerastium, Snow-in-Summer (Cerastium biebersteini). 10 to 12 in. Silver foliaged creeper; white summer bloom. (R).

## CHINESE LANTERN PLANT <br> (Ground Cherry)

Chinese Lantern Plant (Physalis francheti). 2 ft . Many large orange-scarlet fruits like lanterns, in the fall. Cut and dried, these fruits make good Halloween household decorations.

## CHRYSANTHEMUMS

The chief glory of autumn.
Arctic Chrysanthemums (C. arcticum). 1 ft . Many white flowers, centered gold, spring from rosettes of shiny green foliage. From Sept. to Nov. (R).
Korean Chrysanthemum (C. coreanum). 2 to 4 ft . Countless big daisy-like 'Mums tinged pink by frost and centered bright yellow, in late fall.

## HYBRID KOREAN CHRYSANTHEMUMS

3 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. These astoundingly beautiful hybrids will inject color into your fall garden for a long period. They combine the stamina and attractiveness of the better hardy 'Mums with that of the lovely Korean Chrysanthemum. All are centered golden yellow and will last for weeks when cut.
Apollo. Bronzy red petals.
Astrid. Semi-double pink.
Ceres. Coppery bronze petals, prolific.
Diana. Semi-double salmon-pink.
Jacqueline. Newer pink-flowered variety.
Lorene. Pure rich pink; a glorious sort.
Vonnie. Semi-double pink ${ }_{i}$ very prolific.
Each 25c; doz. \$2.50.

## COLLECTION

One each of these seven splendid sorts for only $\$ 1.25$.

LOVETT'S KOREAN HYBRIDS. 3 to 4 ft . This is not just a mixture of discarded sorts, but of the better Korean Hybrids. We can guarantee a colorful and valuable collection. A striking bargain, mixed colors, for only 20 c each, $\$ 2.00$ per doz., $\$ 14.00$ per 100 .

## HARDY NAMED CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Strong, blooming age plants.
All varieties, except as noted, each 20 c, doz. $\$ 2.00$ 100 \$14.00.
Alice Howell. Large, semi-double yellow, centered gold.
Buttercup. A tall plant bearing excellent big double yellow 'Mums late in the season.
Cheerfulness. Best double yellow button variety.
Chestnut Burr. Many rich chestnut-red flowers, big and double. Unusual. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Clara Curtis. 12 to 18 in . Neat and very bushy, with a mass of shapely circular single flowers, delightful dark rose-pink in color, produced on reddish branch ing stems. Each 40c, doz. \$4.00.
Cometo. Deep rose, shaded mauve; big.
Ethel. Deep, compact crimson-bronze buttons.
Excelsior. Many double yellow flowers, early.
Field of Snow. A dwarf, trailing sort, whose pink tinged white buds turn to pure white buttons.
Harvard. Big double flowers of true Harvard-crimson.
Irene. Best white button 'Mum.
L'Argenteuillais. Early, large, with deep copper-scarlet flowers, reversed golden yellow.
Mrs. H. Harrison. Double pink pompons, centered creamy pink.
Mrs. L. Birchard. Big double 'Mums of bright shell-pink.
Norine. Very late, with big sprays of golden pompons, tinged red.
October Beauty. Big semi-double bronze. Late.
Pink Dandy. Big pink pompons.
Red Indian. Scarlet-maroon pompons by the score. Late.
Wanda. Late. Large pinkish buds open pure white. Yellow Normandie. Pale bronze-yellow flowers; very double.

## SPECIAL OFFER HARDY CHRYSANTHEMUMS

We are pleased to offer twelve strong plants of our splendid Hardy Chrysanthemums, each different and correctly labeled, for $\$ 1.75$.
Choice of varieties must be left to us, but you may be sure of receiving a thoroughly desirable and extremely varied assortment.

## CUSHION CHRYSANTHEMUMS

1 to $1 \frac{112}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. (R).
These are the overwhelmingly popular 'Mums that have recently come into so much favor. Ideal in border or rockery, the plants form dense cushions of foliage sometimes a yard in diameter, which are hidden beneath their lovely flowers from late sum mer until frost. Separate colors, Pink, Bronze, Yellow and White. Each 25 c, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 16.00$.


WREXHAM HYBRID LARKSPURS (Offered on page 36)

## CLEMATIS

Clematis, Fragrant Tube (C. davidiana). 2 to 3 ft . A broad, bushy plant, with many fragrant bellshaped flowers of deep lavenderblue in late summer.
Clematis, Ground (C. recta). 2 to 3 ft . Big showy clusters of fragrant white flowers in June and July.
Either variety, each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$

## COLUMBINE (Aquilegia)

Alpine Columbine (A. alpina). 10 to 12 in. Best of all Columbines for the rockery. Many beautiful blue flowers, with white centers, in April and May. (R).
American Columbine (A. canadensis). $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Rich red-spurred scarlet and yellow flowers in June.
Crimson Star Columbine. 2 ft . A glorious new Columbine, with brightest crimson flowers. Will draw all eyes to your garden. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Golden Columbine (A. chrysantha). 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{ft}$. An amazingly striking sort, which produces countless clear golden blooms in late spring and early summer.
Mrs. Scott Eliott's Long-Spurred Hybrids. 2 to 3 ft . An amazing assortment, which represents every Col-
umbine color imaginable, from clear red, yellow and blue to the more delicate shades of lavender purple and cream. Justly popular. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 16.00$.
Silver Queen Columbine (A., Silver Queen). 3 ft . The beautiful, long spurred flowers produced by this variety in May and June are overlaid with delicate flesh-pink before becoming fully developed, the open blooms being glistening silvery white. Each 40 c , doz. $\$ 4.00$ 100 \$27.50.

## CONEFLOWER (Rudbeckia)

Black-Eyed Susan (R. subtomentosa) 4 ft . Countless brilliant lemon-yel low flowers with purple center cone, good for cutting, in late summer.
Golden Glow (R. laciniata fl. pl.) 5 to 6 ft . Big, double golden yel low flowers like Dahlias, July to September. Showy in mass, and excellent for cutting.
Purple Coneflower (R. purpurea). 3 ft. Drooping petals of purplish red surround a prominent center cone of chocolate brown, tinted gold. Ideal in bed and border, flowering from July to October.

## HENRY LILY

(Offered on page 36)
CORALBELLS (Heuchera)
Pluie de Feu. 12 in . A compact growing brilliant red-flowered sort which is truly a "Rain of Fire" when in bloom in Mary, June and July. Excellent for cutting and striking in the rockery. ( R ).
Rosamundi. 15 to 18 in . Best of the coralpink flowered sorts, with many beautiful and lasting blossoms of that color on long strong stems.
Either variety, each 35c, doz. \$3.50.

## COREOPSIS

Coreopsis, Big Double (C. grandiflora flore pleno). 2 to 3 ft . The big golden daisylike blooms, which are borne in great abundance throughout the summer on this hardy sort, are among the best cut flowers of that period.
CORNFLOWER ASTER (Stokesia)
Cornflower Aster (Stokesia laevis). 2 ft . Handsome sky-blue flowers, like Annual Asters, from July until frost. Especially good for the front of borders.
"Blue Moon" Stokesia. 18 to 20 in . Lovely for cut flowers are these improved Stokesias, being frequently five inches across, of an attractive silvery-blue shade suffused with lilac at their centers. Each 35 c , doz. $\$ 3.50$.

## CUPID'S DART (Catananche)

Cupid's Dart or Love Plant (Catananche caerulea). $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Bears immense quantities of long-stemmed deep blue flowers, excellent for cutting, from July until foll. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.

## DAISIES

Daisy, Midsummer (Erigeron speciosus). 3 ft . Good in border or vase, with handsome flowers like violet-blue Daisies centered gold, all summer. Good lasting cut flower.
Daisy. Shasta (Chrysanthemum maximum). 2 to 3 ft . Mammoth pure white Daisies in countless array, all summer and fall.

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## DAY LILY (Hemerocallis)

Charming Eastern refugees.
Aurantiaca. 3 ft . Huge and striking Lilies of brightest orange in July.
Dr. Regel. 3 ft . Flowers of a deep rich gold in June.
Double Day Lily (H. kwanso). 4 ft . Best of the double-flowered Day Lilies, with coppery yellow blooms in midsummer.
Golddust. $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Distinctive sort, with rich copper-yellow buds, turning to clear yel low flowers, tinged red, in early summer
"HYPERION" HEMEROCALLIS. 3 to 4 ft . Considered by experts to be the finest pale yellow Hemerocallis available at present, with gracefully arching foliage and fragrant citron-yellow flowers in July and early August. Each 50c, doz. $\$ 5.00$.
Japanese Day Lily (H. thunbergi). 3 ft. Late blooming, with clear yellow flowers in midsummer.
Lovett's Lemon. 3 to 4 ft . Tallest, and with largest, most beautiful and most highly fragrant flowers of all the lemon-yellow sorts. Each 40 c , doz. $\$ 4.00,100 \$ 27.50$.
Lovett's Orange. 3 to 4 ft . Leads the orange Day Lilies by as great a margain as Lovett's Lemon leads the pure yellow sorts. Each 40 c , doz. $\$ 4.00,100 \$ 27.50$.
Mikado. 3 ft . Big flowers of deep orange with maroon markings on the three center petals. Each 75c, doz. $\$ 7.50$.
DELPHINIUM. See Larkspur, page 36 .

## DRAGONHEAD (Physostegia)

Dragonhead, Virginia (Physostegia virginiana). 3 to 5 ft . Showy in wild garden, border or vase, with branching spikes of delicate tubular rosy pink flowers, in late summer.
Dragonhead, Vivid (P., "Vivid"). 15 to 18 in. Dwarf sort with deep rosy purple flowers, larger than above, and two weeks later. Lasting when cut. (R).
Dragonhead, White ( $P$. virginiana alba). 4 to 5 ft . Lovely white-flowered variety of the Virginia Dragonhead.

## FLAX (Linum)

Indispensable to the rockery
Golden Flax (L. flavum). 12 to 18 in . Big handsome yellow flowers in early summer. (R).
Perennial Flax (L. perenne). 18 to 24 in . Airy, feathery foliage, and flowers like porcelain-blue buttercups on graceful stems from May to August. (R).
White Flax (L. perenne album). 18 to 24 in . White-flowered form of above. (R).

## FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis)

Forget-Me-Not (Myosotis palustris semperflorens). 6 to 8 in . Lovely dwarf perennial with charming clusters of pale blue florets in continuous bloom from May to September. Good ground cover, splendid along the edge of a pool or in a shady border, and a perfect rockery plant. (R).

## FOXGLOVE (Digitalis)

Foxglove, Gloxinia (Digitalis gloxiniae flora). 3 to $3^{1 / 2} \mathrm{ft}$. Picturesque from May to July, with a wide color range of thim-ble-like flowers from the sides of a tall stem, the funnel of each flower being attractively dotted with crimson or choco-late-brown. We offer the following colors: Pink, Purple, White or Mixed.
Foxglove, Shirley Hybrids (Digitalis). 3 to 4 ft . Taller and with more beautiful pink purple and white flowers than the familiar Foxglove, these colorful perennials are perfect for cutting.

## FUCHSIA

"Scarlet Beauty" Fuchsia. 3 ft . An improved variety of hardy Fuchsia, with deep purple sepals and a bright ruby-red corolla, blooming freely throughout the summer. Will bloom if planted in either full sun or shade, and requires a winter protection of dried leaves or evergreen boughs if planted north of Washington, D. C. Each 65c, doz. $\$ 6.50$.

## GASPLANT (Dictamnus)

Gasplant. Pink (Dictamnus fraxinella). 2 ft . A. long-lived border plant, with spikes of quaintly shaded deep pink blossoms, with deeper veins, in May and June. The entire plant emits a delicate lemon fragrance. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Gasplant, White (D. frax. alba). 2 ft . White form of the above. Each 35c, doz. \$3.50.

## GAYFEATHER (Liatris)

Kansas Gayfeather (Liatris pycnostachya). 4 to 5 ft . Excellent for massing or back of border, with big, dense, showy spikes of purple flowers, conspicuously tipped rosy lavender, lasting when cut.
September Glory (Liatris). 5 ft. A startling and lovely Gayfeather which blazes into bloom in September with tall spikes covered with purple flowers from top to bottom. Each 40c, doz. \$4.00.
Showy Gayfeather (L. scariosa). 3 to 4 ft . Beautiful purple flower heads in late summer. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50.

## GEUM (Avens)

Striking in flower and foliage.
Fire Opal. $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Flowers of $\alpha$ rich orange-scarlet, frequently three inches across, from May to October. (R). Each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00$.
Mrs. Bradshaw. 15 to 18 in . Big double flowers of brilliant fiery red, all through the summer. (R). Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.
GLOBEFLOWER (Trollius)
Ledebour Golden Queen (T. ledebouri). 2 ft. Attractive golden yellow blooms are produced continuously from July to October. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00.
GLOBETHISTLE (Echinops)
Steel Globethistle (E. ritro). 3 to $31 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. A vigorous and showy sort, with beautiful steel blue "thistles" in midsummer. Good for cutting. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50.

## HELENIUM

Helenium, Great (H. autumnale superbum). 3 ft . Strong growing, with lovely fall cut flowers of bright deep golden yellow, produced in branching heads.
Helenium, "Riverton Gem." 3 to 4 ft . Best of the Helenium family, with many rich old gold flowers from August until frost, which change slowly to deep red as they mature. A graceful and colorful fall cut flower. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50.
Helenium, Red (H. autumnale rubrum). 3 to 4 ft . Brilliant with its flowers of terra-cotta-red in late summer. Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES

To intensify the beauty of your lawn. Fountain Grass (Pennisetum japonicum). 4 ft . Narrow bright green leaves are tipped with bronze-purple flower heads. Japanese Grass (Eulalia japonica). 5 to 6 ft . Broad deep green leaves, carrying large graceful tufts overhead in the fall. For prices of Hardy Ornamental Grasses, see page 35.

## HARDY ORNAMENTAL GRASSES Continued

Kentucky Blue Grass (Festuca glauca). 8 tc 10 in . Distinctly tinged blue, this narrow grass is ideal for edging borders.
Maiden Grass (Eulalia japonica gracillima). 6 to 7 ft . Autumnal plumes from narrow leaves with silver midrib.
Ribbon Grass (Phalaris arundinacea picta). 12 to 15 in . Broad leaves, striped lengthwise with cream.
Striped Grass (E'ulalia jap. variegata). 5 to 6 it. Gaudy leaves striped white and paler green, above which appear tall plumes in early fall.
Zebra Grass (Eulalia jap. zebrina). 5 to 6 ft . A curious variegated form with bands of yellow across the green leaves.
All varieties of Hardy Grasses, each 30c, doz. \$3.00, $100 \$ 20.00$.

## HELIOPSIS

Heliopsis, Pitcher (H. Pitcheriana). 3 ft. Grand border plant, with flowers of deep golden yellow and leathery texture, produced freely throughout the summer.
Heliopsis, Rough (H. scabra). $3 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{Big}$ semi-double golden blooms from July until autumn. Good cut flowers. Each 25c, doz. $\$ 2.50$.

## HOLLYHOCK (Althea rosea)

Hollyhock, Double (Althea rosea fl. pl.). 6 to 8 ft . Popular for years, with huge flowers which are attractive among shrubbery and in clumps on the lawn. A stately, exquisite old favorite, blooming in middle and late summer. Not only are the flowers very large, and wonderfully perfect in make-up, but they are
produced in far greater numbers and for $\alpha$ much longer season than are the old-fashioned Hollyhocks. We offer the following separate colors: Maroon, Pink, Salmon, Scarlet, White and Yellow.

## HOUSE LEEK (Sempervivum)

Cactus-like sorts for rockeries.
Albert House Leek (S. alberti). I ft. Yellow June flowers. (R).
Atlantic House Leek (S. atlanticum). 6 in. Pink flowers in June. (R).
Doell House Leek (S. doellianum). 4 to 6 in. Red flowers in early summer. (R).
Globe House Leek (S. globiferum). I ft. Pale yellow June flowers. (R).
Roof House Leek (S. tectorum). I ft. Pale red flowers, the original "Hen-and-chickens." (R).
Spiderweb House Leek (S, arachnoideum). 4 in. Hairy stars of foliage, pale purple June flowers. (R).

## IRIS

Crimean Iris (I. pumila). (R). Miniature Iris, never exceeding 4 to 5 inches in height, these sarts which bloom in March and April, are perfect rock plants.
Blue Jay. Best blue sort.
Canary Bird. Best yellow sort.
Sea Gull. Unusual gray-white sort.

## COLLECTION

These three lovely floral birds (one of each) for only 50 c .

## FLEUR-DE-LIS (Iris Germanica)

2 to 3 ft .
Best of the hardy orchids, with colorful flowers for cutting in May and June.
S.-"Stands" (Upright petals); F.--'Falls" (Drooping petals).
Alcazar. S. and F. bright mauve, with dark purple and bronze shadings.
Charles Dickens. S., pale violet; F., indigo, based white.

## Charles Wheeler. S.

 gray; $F_{\text {., }}$ blue, centered yellow.Count St. Clair. S., white; F., violet, white border. Tall.
Darius. S., yellow, flecked brown; F., clear yellow.
Flavescens. S., primrose; $F_{\text {., paler, pen- }}$ ciled brown at base.
Florentina. S. and F., white, flushed lavender; prominent orange beard. Early.


RUSSELJ'S LUPINES
(Offered on page 37)

## JAPANESE IRIS-Continued

Lester Lovett. Six petals, Yale-blue veined and marked with pearly white.
Mahogany. Last to bloom, with big, deep velvety mahogany-red petals.
Norma. Double with lavender-pink flowers, shaded light blue.
Patrocle. Best single Japanese Iris, with three large deep purple petals.
Purple and Gold. Double, rich violet-purple, with conspicuous golden throat.
Stella. White veined, violet-hued Iris, perfect in bouquets.
Subotai. Single, deep rosy red flowers. Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.
Templeton. Shapely, double flowers, mottled crimson-purple and white. Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.
Thompson Lovett. Overlapping violet petals, each based with a band of gold.
All varieties Japanese Iris (except as noted): Each 25c Doz. $\$ 2.50 \quad 100 \$ 16.00$

## COLLECTION

We are pleased to offer the following seven beautiful and distinctly different Japanese Iris, in a range of colors that will make your midsummer garden a spot to draw all eyes, for only $\$ 1.25$.
Dorothy
Gold Bound
Lester Lovett
Mahogany

## Norma

Purple and Gold
Thompson Lovett Mahogany

## JAPANESE IRIS, MIXED

Our Mixed Japanese Iris have received such unanimous acclaim that we are again offering them at our former low price. These are mostly unnamed seedlings, and are truly a superb combination of the finest blood of the Iris family.

## Each 15c <br> Doz. $\$ 1.50$ <br> $100 \$ 10.00$ OTHER IRIS

Rabbit-Ear Iris (Iris laevigata). 18 to 20 in. Mid-June finds this graceful Iris topped off by six petals of deep blue and white, making it a most colorful and attractive sort. (R). Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.

Yellowband Iris (Iris ochroleuca). 3 ft. For early cut flowers these lovely Iris produce blooms like those of the Dutch or Spanish sorts in June on tall stems. We can offer the following separate colors: Cream, White, Canary-Yellow, and Lavender. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Yellowilag Iris (Iris pseudacorus). 4 ft . Bright yellow blooms grace the tall stems of this lovely sort in summer. Thrives in rather heavy, moist soil. Each 20c, doz. $\$ 2.00,100$ \$14.00.

## SIBERIAN IRIS

Blue King. 2 to 3 ft. Lovely blue Iris in early summer; good for garden or bank of stream.
Orientalis. 2 to 3 ft . Rich violet-blue
Snow Queen. 2 to 3 ft . $A$ wealth of shapely white flowers.

## Any of the above varieties:

 Each 20c Doz. $\$ 2.00 \quad 100 \$ 14.00$
## SHILKA IRIS

Long, slender stems bear 12 to 15 superbly beautiful flowers at one time, and produce hundreds throughout the season. The wide-spreading blooms, which are frequently double, are a gorgeous blend of delicate orchid, blue and creamy white, and are mildly fragrant. To its beauty should be added its hardiness, its original home having been Siberia. Each 30c

Doz. \$3.00
$100 \$ 20.00$

## KNAPWEED (Centaurea)

Knapweed, Golden (Centaurea macrocephala). 3 ft . Many golden thistle-like flowers all summer; lovely in bouquets.
Knapweed, Mountain Bluet (Centaurea montana) 2 ft . Big flowers of violet-blue, all summer long; good for cutting.

## LARKSPUR (Delphinium)

Best and most popular of all blue perennials.
Blue Larkspur (D. belladonna). 4 ft . Good for cutting, with big celestial blue flowers on stately stems.
Deep Blue Larkspur (D. bellamosum). 4 fz . Deep indigo; good for cutting or for contrast with the above sort.
IMPROVED WREXHAM HYBRIDS. 3 to 5 ft . The perfect perennial. These astoundingly gorgeous Hybrid Larkspurs surpass all their rivals in size, color range, and beauty. From palest azure to deepest indigo-purple, no shade is omitted. They leave nothing to be desired by the most critical flower lover, for they have come as close to sheer perfection as have any perennials, seemingly being at home as much in the vases of one's house as in the most aristocratic garden. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, 100 \$16.00.
Slender Larkspur ( $D$. sinense). 18 in. Open panicles of bright gen-tian-blue flowers all summer. (R).
Slender White Larkspur (D. sinense album). 18 in. White-flowered form of above. (R).

## LAVENDER COTTON (Santolina)

Lavender Cotton, Hoary (Santolina incana) $11 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Compact, silvery, aromatic evergreen foliage, ideal for edging. Each 25c, doz. $\$ 2.50,100$ \$16.00.

## LILY (Lilium)

In middle and late summer, Lilies constitute the chief attraction of the hardy border. They are easy to grow, and more than worth the little care that they require.
ALL VARIETIES (Large bulbs), except as noted
Each 35c Doz. \$3.50 $100 \$ 25.00$
Double Tiger Lily (L. tigrinum fl. pl.). $4 \mathrm{ft} . \mathrm{Big}$, double Lilies of intense orange, spotted black, in August and September. Borne in clusters on tall stems. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Goldband Lily (L. auratum). 4 ft . Huge white Lilies, as fragrant as they are shapely, studded with crimson and striped with gold are borne in early summer. Protect north of Trenton.
Great Speciosum Lily (L. spec. magnificum). 4 ft . Easily grown, with many big, waxy white flowers, showily shaded crimson and spotted pink, in late summer.
Henry Lily (L. henryi). 3 to 4 ft . Very hardy, with rich apricot-yellow Lilies, spotted golden brown, in August and September.
Madonna Lily (L. candidum). 4 ft . Big, pure white Lilies in late summer.
Royal Lily (L. regale). 4 to 5 ft . Bears many huge, shapely, fragrant, white trumpets, heavily suffused pink on their exteriors and golden yellow within, with bright orange stamens. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.


JAPANESE ANEMONES
(Offered on page 31)

Sweet Orange Cup Lily (L. umbellatum). 18 in. Bears many orange-red flowers in May and June. Each 40c, doz. \$4.00.
White Lily (L. spec. album). 3 ft . Huge glistening white flowers in late summer with a green band through the center of each petal. Large bulbs, each 35 c , doz. $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 25.00$.

## LILY COLLECTION

This glorious assortment will bring fragrance and charm to your summer border and bouquets. One large bulb each of the foregoing eight splendid varieties for only $\$ 2.50$.

## LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY (Convallaria majalis)

8 to 10 inches.
Among the best of perennial flowering plants for a shady location, this popular sort bears sprays of fragrant, waxy white floral bells in late spring. For a beautiful effect, plant with Violets. (R). Strong clumps, each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.

## LOBELIA

Lobelia, Cardinal Flower (Lobelia cardinalis). 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Long, dense spikes of rich cardinal-red flowers, strikingly brilliant in late summer. Good for natural plantings along banks of streams, and best in partial shade. Each 25c, doz. $\$ 2.50$, $100 \$ 16.00$.

## LOOSESTRIFE (Lysimachia)

Clethra Loosestrife (Lysimachia clethroides). 2 fł. Many long, dense spikes of starry white flowers good for cutting, all summer long. Attractive autumn foliage. Delightfully fragrant; succeeds in shade.

## LUPINES

Lupines (Lupinus). 3 to 4 ft . Spikes of bright flowers like sweet peas, in early summer. Spots of brightest beauty for every border.
Moerheim Lupine (L. moerheimi). Pink.
Washington Lupine (L. polyphyllus). Blue.
White Washington Lupine (L. polyphyllus albus). White.
All Lupines: Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, $100 \$ 16.00$.
COLLECTION OF LUPINES
One each of these three gorgeous flowering plants, for only 65c.


PHLOX, LEO SCHLAGETER (Offered on page 39)

## RUSSELL'S LUPINES

3 to 5 feet tall
These marvelous new Lupines must be seen to be believed. They are blue and yellow, red and bronze, violet and white, yellow and orange; in fact, they combine all of the colors that have yet been seen in the Lupine world. A bomb-shell of beauty will explode in your garden when these lovely Russell Lupines open in June and July.

Each 40c Doz. \$4.00 100 \$27.50

## LYTHRUM

Lythrum, Rose (Lythrum roseum superbum). 4 ft . A shrubby perennial, showy in borders, with spikes of purple-rose flowers from midsummer until fall; excellent for planting on banks of streams.

## MAIDEN PINKS (Dianthus deltoides)

6 in. Best in dry scil with their countless tiny crimson blooms in early summer. (R).

## MALTESE CROSS (Lychnis)

Maltese Cross (Lychnis chalcedonica). Campion. 2 to 3 ft . Dense heads of startling brilliant scarlet grace this old favorite border plant throughout the summer.

## MARSHMALLOW (Hibiscus)

Marshmallow, Meehan's Crimson. 6 ft . Huge and startlingly gorgeous blooms of rich crimson, from late summer until mid-fall, good for accent or background plants. Best planted among shrubs or in the background of smaller ferennials. Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.
Marshmallow, Meehan's Marvels. 6 to 8 ft . Mammoth blooms grace these tall plants from August until frost. Mixed colors only: Fiery crimson, scarlet, pink and white.


CHRYSANTHEMUM, CLARA CURTIS Offered on page 33
MEADOWRUE (Thalictrum)
Maidenhair Meadowrue ( $T$. adiantifolium). 3 ft . The attractive yellow blooms appear during June and early July. A valuable foliage plant.

## MONKSHOOD (Aconitum)

Sparks' Monkshood. 4 ft . An ideal perennial for shade, bearing many flowers like deep purple-blue hoods in August. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00, 100 \$20.00.

## MOUNTAIN FRINGE

## (Artemisia)

Mountain Fringe, "Silver King" (Artemisia). 3 ft . Outstanding as $\alpha$ background plant, with foliage like a frosted silver mist. Ideal for setting off bouquets, since it lasts well when cut.
Mountain Fringe, White (Artemisia lactiflora). 5 ft . Good cut flowers of creamy white in August and September, in big, plumy, fragrant panicles.

## MOURNING BRIDE

## (Scabiosa)

Fischer's Scabiosa (S. fischeri). 12 to 15 in. Mongolian sort with double flowers of sparkling lavender-blue all summer long; good for cutting. Each 35c, doz. $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 25.00$.
Mourning Bride (S. caucasica). 2 ft . Charming large sky-blue flowers lasting when cut, all summer long. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 16.00$.

## PAINTED DAISIES

## (Pyrethrum)

Painted Daisies (Pyrethrum roseum hybridum). 18 to 24 in. Lovely flowers in all colors from deepest crimson to pure white. Good summer cut flowers, like Daisies, with attractive fernlike foliage.

## PENTSTEMON

Pentstemon, Foxglove ( $P$. digitalis). 2 to 3 ft . Branching summer spikes of purple-throated white and light lavender bloom.
Pentstemon, Torrey (Firecracker Flower). (P. barbatus torreyi). 4 ft . Long, loose spikes of bright scarlet flowers from June to August; very showy in the hardy border.

## PEONIES

3 to 4 feet.
Probably the most popular of perennials, these adaptable plants will provide beautiful cut flowers for your late spring vases. Price, All Varieties of Peonies, Extra Large Roots: Each 40c Doz. \$4.00 100 \$27.50 Agida. A beautiful dark rose sort.
Albatre. White, crimson flecks at center.
Avalanche. Blush-white; late.
Baroness Schroeder. Large, globular, flesh-white flowers.
Baron Rothschild. Pale lilac-rose.
Couronne d'Or. White petals surround prominent golden stamens. A very fragrant, late Peony.

Delache. Deep purplish crimson.
Duchesse de Nemours. Early; white petals about a sulphur center.
Edulis Superba. Popular early pink Peony, reversed silver; large.
Eugene Verdier. Light hydrangea-pink. Midseason.
Felix Crousse. Midseason, with rich ruby-red floral globes. Fragrant.
Festiva Maxima. Many huge white blooms, flecked red at center. Indispensable. Early.
Floral Treasure. Midseason. Delicate salmon-pink Peonies.
Fulgida. Deep crimson-purple.
Golden Harvesi. Pale lilac-rose.
Karl Rosenfield. Early and tall; rich crimson, Iasting flowers.
L'Eclatante. A brilliant red-flowered sort.
Louis Van Houtte. An attractive red.
Mme. Crousse. Lovely white Peony, sometimes centered crimson.
Mme. de Verneville. White, center blushed, tipped cximson. Early.
Mme. Ducel. A bomb type pink Peony, reflexed silver.
Purple Crown. Purplish red.
Triomphe de L'Exposition de Lille. Pale pink Peony, flecked violet-rose.

## PERFECT PEONY COLLECTION

All 23 of the fragrant beauties described above, for only $\$ 5.75$.

## SINGLE-FLOWERED PEONIES

These fragrant, single flowers have a delicate charm and beauty all their own. 3 to 4 feet.
Eva. Light lilac-crimson flowers.
Jacqueline. Pure starry white.
La Fraicheur. Blush-white.
L'Etincelante. Brilliant cameo-pink, margined silver. Early. Othello. Clear carmine Peony which changes to purple. Early.

Any of the above, each 75 c , doz. $\$ 7.50$.

PHLOX
Ideal for the garden, Phloxes have long merited their unquestioned popularity, with their wealth of colorful flowers, from midsummer until frost. 2 to 3 feet.

All Phlox, except as noted otherwise, each 20c, doz. \$2.00, 100 \$14.00.
Africa. Brilliant carmine-red, blood-red eye. Athis. Deep, clear salmon blooms.
B. Comte. Brilliant, rich French purple.
*Beacon. Cherry-red, suffused salmon.
Bridesmaid. White, red eye.
Brilliant. Deep rose, dark eye.
DR. KLENIM. $\AA$ very distinct new variety of dwarf, compact habit and healthy growth. The large flowers are white with $\alpha$ prominent eye of rich violet. Each 50c, doz. $\$ 5.00$.
Eclaireur. Bright rosy carmine.
*E. I. Farrington. Particularly beautiful, with soft salmon-pink flowers, each holding a lighter "eye." Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Elizabeth Campbell. Popular old favorite. Bright salmon-pink, with lighter shadings and deep red "eye." Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
*Enchantress. We consider this to be actually an improved Elizabeth Campbell. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
EVA FOERSTER. Giant bright salmon-rose flowers with large white centers, form immense trusses on dwarf compact plants; very attractive. Each 50c, doz. $\$ 5.00$.
Fiance. Beautiful waxy white flowers.
FLASH. Gorgeous carmine-crimson flowers with orange-scarlet centers, are produced freely on vigorous plants of medium height. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00.
HARVEST FIRE. A strong grower, producing brilliant salmon-orange flowers. Individual flowers and flower heads are large. Each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00$.
Jules Sandeau. Many extra large salmonpink flowers.
*Leo Schlageter. Showy scarlet-carmine, the most brilliant Phlox we list. Each 25 c, doz. \$2.50.
*L'Esperance. Lavender-pink, white center.
*Lillian. An unusual soft pink Phlox, with an eye of celestial blue. Striking when planted in mass. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
MARY LOUISE. Snow-white, large individual flowers, twice the size of most other white varieties. Unquestionably the best white-flowered sort to date. A good grower, with clean foliage; medium height. Each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00$.
Minnie West. Scarlet, purple eye.
*Miss Lingard. Popular early white-flowered Phlox, tinged lavender, with a pale pink "eye"; exceptionally fragrant. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Mme. Paul Dutrie. Soft pink, suffused white.
Mrs. Jenkins. Tallest and most popular of pure white sorts.
*Rheinlander. Pale salmon-pink; deep claret-red "eye."
*Rijnstroom. A prolific producer of bright deep pink flowers, beautiful when in full bloom.
R. P. Struthers. Tall, bright rosy carmine with claret eye.
Von Hochberg. Brilliant red sort.
*Von Lassburg. Many large trusses of pure white flowers.

## THE TEMPTING TEN

One strong plant of each of the popular sorts which we have indicated with an asterisk (*), making a riot of color in the late summer garden, for only $\$ 2.00$.

Blue Phlox (Phlox divaricata). 10 to 12 in . Lovely for rockery or woodland planting, this sort bears large fragrant flowers of rich lavender-blue throughout the spring. (R).

## MOSS PHLOX (P. subulata)

## 4 inches.

These "Mountain Pinks" bear hordes of bloom which hide their foliage in April and May. We can offer Pink, Purple or White sorts. (R).

## NEWER MOSS PHLOX

Atropurpurea. New carmine-red sort, worthy of featuring.
Major. An improved pink-flowered Moss Phlox, with lovely large blooms.
Both varieties: Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, 100 \$16.00.

## PINKS (Dianthus)

The lovely scent of cloves is an addition of these popular sorts.
Beairix. 1 ft. Lovely salmon-rose blooms continuously from spring to frost, highly fragrant. (R).
Furst Bismarck. I ft. Like Beatrix, but much darker in color. (R).
Double Grass Pinks (Dianthus plumarius flore pleno). 1 ft . Fragrant hardy Carnations, ranging from crimson to white, all summer long. (R).
Grenadin Pinks. 2 ft . Big beautiful and fragrant summer cut flowers with biennial tendencies. We can offer the separate colors, Pink, Red and White.
Maiden Pinks (D. deltoides). See Maiden Pinks, page 37.
Perpetual Pink (D. semperflorens). 1 ft. Countless fragrant pink flowers all summer. (R).
PLANTAIN LILY (Hosta or Funkia) Beautiful in both flower and foliage.
Blue Plantain Lily (F. coerulea). 2 ft . Good for edging, with blue flower spikes from charming foliage, late summer.
Cushion Plantain Lily ( $F$. sieboldiana). 18 to 24 in . White flowers faintly tinged lilac.
Great White Plantain Lily (F. subcordata grandiflora). 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Big fragrant white flowers in late summer. Each 35c, doz. $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 25.00$.
Margined Plantain Lily (F. marginata alba). $1 \frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft . Pale lavender flowers from white-margined leaves in late summer. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Variegated Wavyleai Plantain Lily ( $F$. lancifolia undulata variegata). 12 to 15 in. Beautiful edging or border plant, with narrow green leaves striped creamy white, and blue flowers in July and August. ( K ).

## PLUMBAGO

Plumbago larpentae. 6 to 8 in . Bronzy red foliage, and red buds turning to deep cobalt-blue flowers from late summer to frost. An exceptionally fine ground cover, especially when planted among evergreens. (R). Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$, 100 $\$ 16.00$.

## PLUME POPPY

Bocconia cordata. 5 to 6 ft . Stately, with ornamental foliage. Ideal for screening, and produces large terminal spikes of creamy white flowers in July.

## POPPIES (Papaver)

Iceland Poppy (Papaver nudicaule). 1 ft. Gorgeous cup-shaped Poppies in colors ranging from orange to pure white,
lovely in bouquets, from the fern-like foliage of this charming plant all summer. Smaller than the Oriental sorts. (R). Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 16.00$.

## ORIENTAL POPPIES

3 ft . Huge flowers of satiny texture in May and June.
Golden Surprise. 2 ft . Nearest to $a$ golden yellow of any Poppy are these large flowers produced by the score. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00.
Jeanne Mawson. 3 ft . A lovely Poppy with many large, sparkling pink blooms. Each 35c, doz. \$3.50.
Oriental Poppy (P. orientale). Rich scarlet blooms, blotched deep maroon-black at throat ${ }_{i}$ outstanding in any garden or border. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, 100 \$16.00.
Mrs. Perry. Many big deep apricot-rose Poppies. Each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 16.00$.
Perry's White. Pure white, with big crim-son-maroon blotch at throat. Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.

ORIENTAL POPPY COLLECTION
Two each of these five colorful plants for only $\$ 3.00$.

## SCHINX POPPY

Schinx Poppy (P. schinxianum), 2 to $21 / 2$ ft. Rich orange Poppies, centered green. Each 40c, doz. \$4.00.

## PRIMROSE (Primula)

Spring flowers ranging from yellow to maroon.
Primrose, Cowslip (Primula veris). 8 in. Flowers range from yellow to maroon in late spring. (R).
Primrose, English (Primula acaulis). 6 to 9 in. Bright lemon-yellow flowers in spring; especially good for a waterside planting. (R).

## Either Variety:

## Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, 100 \$16.00. ROCK CRESS (Arabis)

Rock Cress, Alpine (Arabis alpina). 8 to 10 in. Good for rockery or wall crevices, with dense clouds of snowy bloom in early spring. (R).

## SAGE (Salvia)

Perennial blue forms of the Scarlet Sage. Great Azure Sage (S. azurea grandifora). 3 to 4 ft . Many long terminal racemes of bright sky-blue flowers grace this lovely plant in late summer; good for cutting.
Meadow Sage (S. pratensis). 2 ft . Our favorite Sage, with countless deep violetblue flowers, equally at home in border or vase, in June and July.
Pitcher Sage (S. azurea pitcheri). 3 to 4 ft . Blooms in early fall; deep indigo flowers, attractive in mass, good in bouquets. Each 25 c, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 16.00$.

## SEA HOLLY (Eryngium)

Sea Holly. Amethyst (Eryngium amethystinum). 2 to 3 ft . Globular blue "thistles" from silver stems in midsummer. Good for cut flowers.

## SEA-LAVENDER (Statice)

Sea-Lavender, Great (Statice latifolia). 2 ft. Great heads of tiny light blue flowers, like forget-me-nots, in midsummer. Another good cut flower. (R).

## SPEEDWELL (Veronica)

Rich blue flowers.
Amethyst Speedwell ( $V$. spuria). 8 to 10 in . Good in low border, with spikes of rich amethyst-blue flowers in midsummer. (R).
Bluespire. 2 ft . A lovely sort with long spikes of sky-blue flowers all summer. Good for cutting. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.

## SPEEDWELL-Continued

Clump Speedwell (V. longifolia subsessilis). 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Long spikes bear many blue flowers from July until fall. Good for cutting. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Rosy Comb Speedwell (V. pectinata rosea). A creeper with gray foliage. Bears rosecolored flowers in late spring, and is showy even when not in bloom. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Spike Speedwell ( $V$. spicata). $11 / 2$ to 2 ft . Long sprays of bright blue flowers will intensify the beauty of the border in early summer.
White Speedwell (V. spicata alba). 18 in. White form of above.
Woolly Speedwell (V. incana). 8 to 12 in . Vivid violet-blue flowers from close mats of silver-gray foliage in July and August. (R).

## SPIREA (Astilbe, Spiraea)

Showy panicles of lovely flowers in early summer.
Crimson Meadowsweet (Spirea palmata). 3 ft . Crimson-purple flowers on purple stems throughout the summer.
Siberian Meadowsweet (Spirea palmata elegans). 3 ft . Nodding plumes of pale pink flowers from June until August.
Either variety, each 30c, doz. \$3.00, 100 $\$ 20.00$.

## NAMED SPIREAS (Astilbe)

2 ft .
America. Lovely lilac flowers.
Gloria Superba. Brilliant deep pink blooms.
Granat. Strong flowering spikes of deep crimson-red.
Peach Blossom. A strikingly beautiful sort, with graceful floral spikes of clearest peach-blossom-pink.
Pink Pearl. Light pink variety, late blooming.
Queen Alexandra. Soft dainty pink flowers.
Queen of Holland. Blushing white sort.
Rhineland. Compact spikes of bright crimson, shaded salmon.
Salmon Queen. An exquisite shade of salmon.
All varieties, each 35c, doz. \$3.50, 100 $\$ 25.00$.

> COLLECTION
> All nine of these border glories for only $\$ 2.50$.

## SPURGE (Euphorbia)

Cushion Euphorbia (E. polychroma). 1 ft . Grows into a rounded clump which is buried in late spring beneath yellow flowers. (R). Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.
Rockery Spurge (E. myrsinites). 3 to 4 in . Lovely trailer for shady rockery or wall crevices, with yellow flowers from silvery leaves in May and June. (R).

## SPURGE, JAPANESE

(Pachysandra terminalis) 6 to 9 in .
Best and most popular of ground covers, especially in the shade, where grass will not give good results. Glossy, light evergreen leaves, branching freely into a dense mat. Each 20c, doz. $\$ 2.00,100 \$ 10.00$, $1000 \$ 90.00$.

## STONECROP (Sedum)

Cactus-like perennials for the rockery.
Gold Moss (Sedum acre). 3 to 4 in . Bright yellow flowers in early summer. (R).
Orange Stonecrop (S.kamtschaticum). 6 in.
Orange flowers in late fall. (R).

Siebold Stonecrop (S, sieboldi). 8 in. Flat clusters of pale pink flowers in September; blue-green foliage edged coral-rose. (R). Showy Stonecrop (S. spectabile "Brilliant"). 15 to 18 in . Huge flat heads of deep old rose flowers; late summer. Each 25 c , doz. \$2.50, 100 \$16.00.
Variegated Stonecrop (S. spectabile variegata). 15 to 18 in. Like the above, but with gaudily variegated foliage. Each 35 c , doz. $\$ 3.50,100 \$ 25.00$.

## SUNDROPS (Oenothera)

Ozark Sundrops (Oenothera missouriensis). 6 to 8 in . Blooms profusely with extra large yellow flowers on its prostrate branches from June until mid-July. (R).
Pilgrim Sundrops (Oenothera pilgrimi). 1 ft . Many pale yellow flowers all summer. (R). Either variety, each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$, 100 $\$ 16.00$.

SUNFLOWER (Helianthus)
Giant golden flowers which always face the sun.
Ashy Sunflower (H. mollis). 4 to 5 ft . Semidouble, lemon-yellow flowers, late summer:
Miss Mellish Sunflower. 4 to 5 ft . Huge single yellow blooms in late summer.
Soleil d'Or (H. multiflorus grandiplenus). 4 ft . Lovely cut flowers, like golden yellow Dahlias, large and very double, produced in August and September.
SUNROSE (Helianthemum) (R) 6 in.
Our Sunroses, with their wide range of colors, have created admiration wherever planted. All of them bloom from July to September, and bear attractive evergreen foliage. We can offer all of the following separate colors:

| Apricot | Pink |
| :--- | :--- |
| Deep Yellow | Pink-Orange |
| Fireball (Flame-yellow) | White |

All varieties, each 25c, doz. \$2.50, 100 $\$ 16.00$.

## COLLECTION

One each of the above 6 hardy Sunroses for only $\$ 1.10$.

## SWEET WILLIAM <br> (Dianthus barbatus)

18 in.
Beautiful, fragrant and colorful in May and June.
Newport Pink. Sweet-scented pink flowers.
Scarlet Beauiy. Best of the red-flowered sorts.
Johnson's Giant Mixed. Best of the improved Sweet Williams, with crimson, scarlet, salmon, pink and white blooms. Mixed colors only

## THERMOPSIS

Thermopsis, Carolina (T. caroliniana). 4 to 5 ft . Flowers like yellow Sweet Peas, in early summer. Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, 100 \$16.00.

## THRIFT (Armeria)

False Thrift (Armeria formosa). 2 ft . Sizeable double flowers in shades of pink throughout June and July.
Rosalie (Armeria laucheana). 3 to 6 in. Best Thrift for the rockery with bright double rose-red flowers in late spring among evergreen foliage. ( R ).

## THYME

Thyme, Crimson (Thymus serpyllum coccineum). 6 to 8 in . Fragrant creeping foliage with bright crimson flowers in early summer. (R).

Thyme, Mother of (T. serpyllum). 6 to 8 in. Like the foregoing, but with lilac-purple flowers. (R).

## TORCH LILY (Tritoma)

Living "Red Hot Pokers
"Bonfire" Torch Lily (T. pfitzeri). 3 to 4 ft . Good for cutting, with rich orange-scarlet blooms from August to October. Each 30 c , doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 20.00$.
"Mi. Etna" Torch Lily. 3 to 4 ft . New. Enormous spikes of brilliant fiery red flowers. Each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00$.
"Tower of Gold" Torch Lily. 3 to 4 ft . New. Bright golden yellow flowers. Each 50c, doz. \$5.00.

## FLAMING COLLECTION

One each of these startlingly gorgeous Torch Lilies, for only $\$ 1.10$.

TROLLIUS. See "Globeflower," page 34.
TUNIC FLOWER (Tunica)
Tunic Flower (Tunica saxifraga). 6 in. Attractively tufted plant for the rockery, with a profusion of pale pink flowers throughout the summer. (R).

## VALERIAN (Valeriana)

Garden Heliotrope ( $V$. officinalis). 3 to 4 ft. Showy heads of rose-tinted flowers in June and July with delicate Heliotrope fragrance.
Jupiter's Beard ( $V$. coccinea). 2 ft . Attractive, with its deep pink flowers all summer, until October. Good for bouquets.

## WILD INDIGO (Baptisia)

Wild Indigo, Blue (Baptisia australis). 2 to $21 / 2 \mathrm{ft}$. Good for hardy border or wild garden, with deep blue flowers on the top of spikes in June, and attractive foliage.

## VIOLET (Viola)

3 to 6 inches. Beautiful in sun or shade.
Double Russian. Very hardy, with rich dark blue double flowers, highly perfumed, in early spring and fall. Good in shade. (R). Each 35 c , doz. $\$ 3.50$, $100 \$ 25.00$.
Governor Herrick. The best single-flowered Violet for growing out-of-doors, with rich bright azure-blue flowers in early spring, and again in the fall. (R).
Jersey Gem. Rich violet-purple, longstemmed flowers, like pansies, from May until the end of summer. (R).
Rosinc. Hordes of dainty pink Violets, with overpowering fragrance, from spring until late fall. Good ground cover in sun or semi-shade. (R). Each 25c, doz. \$2.50, $100 \$ 16.00$.

## YARROW (Achillea)

Good in border or when cut.
Boule de Neige (A. ptarmica, Boule de Neige). 15 to 18 in. Double white flowers like small Pompon Chrysanthemums in early summer. (R).
Fernleaf Yarrow (A. filipendulina). 2 to 3 ft . Flat heads of bright golden flowers from lacy foliage, all summer long.
Perry's Variety. 18 in . Bigger flowers than those produced by Achillea, Boule de Neige, though not quite so double. Probably the best Achillea for cut flowers. Each 30c, doz. \$3.00.
Pink Yarrow (A. millefolium roseum). 18 in. Dense heads of pink bloom from July to October.

# Dependable Large Size FRUIT TREES 

## WHY NOT GROW YOUR OWN FRUIT?

In this catalog we are offering only those larger trees such as are ordinarily planted in home yards and gardens. Nevertheless, we will be very glad to submit attractive quotations to orchardists who are in the market for fairly large quantities of smaller trees, even trees only one year old. Send us a list of your requirements, and we will submit our surprisingly low prices.

## APPLE TREES

Our list of these most popular fruit trees comprises only those sorts which have given uniform satisfaction, and the individual trees are all splendid specimens.

All of the trees offered below are extra selected, extra heavy, 2-year-old stock. We can, however, supply a slightly lighter grade of tree (though equally well grown) which is even cheaper in price. If you will send us a list of your anticipated requirements in these trees, we will be glad to submit special prices on such a list.

Plant 30 feet apart each way, thus requiring 48 trees to set one acre.
Prices of all varieties, first-class trees, each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00,100 \$ 30.00$.
(Our Fruit Trees are much too large for shipment by parcel post.)

Baldwin. Standard red winter Apple.
Delicious. Perfect early winter red dessert Apple.
Duchess of Oldenburg (Oldenburg). Early autumn; many yellow Apples streaked with red.
Early McIntosh. Like McIntosh, but about two weeks earlier.
Gravenstein. Fall; greenish-yellow, striped red.
Grimes Golden. One of the best yellow winter Apples.
Hyslop Crabapple. Countless clusters of deep crimson fruit in the late summer, excellent for jelly.
Jonathan. An excellent, brilliant red Apple for early winter.
McIntosh. Probably the best of all fall Apples. The red fruit is richly aromatic, juicy and delicious.
Northern Spy. Many delicious and attractive winter Apples.
Rhode Island Greening. Mammoth, yellowgreen Apples, with a red cheek. $\AA$ delicious winter sort.

Rome Beauty. Extra large, bright red Apples on a background of pale yellow, juicy and delicious. Winter.
Stayman (Stayman Winesap). Big, shapely winter fruits of dull red, which keep exceptionally well.
Wealthy. Good "keeper" and a delicious red fall eating apple.
Williams' Early Red. Largest, and undoubtedly the best, of all the early varieties, with tasty, juicy flesh.
Winter Banana. Big, golden Apples, with banana-like flavor.
Yellow Delicious. By far the best of the early winter yellow Apples, this valuable sort bears delicious golden fruit when very young.
Yellow Transparent. Big, clear yellow, attractive, quality Apples in early summer. York Imperial. Good cooking Apples of yellow-green, overlaid red. Winter.

## MULBERRY

Downing's Everbearing. A beautiful lawn tree, very prolific of sweet, delicious fruit, about one and one-half inches in length, for many weeks. Trees, 4 to 5 ft . tall, each 85 c , doz. $\$ 8.50$.

## PEAR TREES - Famarite Hame Varieties

Plant 20 feet apart each way.
First-class trees, each 75c, doz. \$7.50, $100 \$ 50.00$.

Anjou. Produces a fall crop of extra large green Pears with a red cheek, each fruit rivaling its fellows in delicious flavor.
Bartlett. Early bearing, with huge crops of red-streaked golden Pears, indescribably delicious, in September. Most popular Pear.
Clapp Favorite. Big, juicy fruit; green, blushed; summer.
Kieffer. Most popular of all winter Pears, with an apparently inexhaustible supply of yellow fruit. Seckel. Best summer eating Pear, incomparable in flavor. Small brownish yellow, with bronzy red cheek; sweet, juicy, buttery.

## HARDY APRICOT

Mandarin Apricot. This hardy Apricot succeeds well when planted in the North, with its large, rich yellow fruit of high quality when eaten out of hand or cooked. We are pleased to offer this splendid variety this season. Trees, 3 to 4 ft . tall, each 75 c , doz. $\$ 7.50$.

## DWARF FRUIT TREES

Smaller than the standard sorts in size of tree, but equally as large in size of fruit, these trees come into bearing much sooner, frequently the same year transplanted. Perfect for any garden where space is valuable. Plant 10 feet apart each way.

## DWARF APPLES

## Splendid 2-year-old trees:

Each \$1.25, doz. \$12.50.
Early McIntosh Yellow Delicious McIntosh Yellow Transparent
(For descriptions, see under 'Apple Trees')

## DWARF PEARS

Splendid 2-year-old trees, each \$1.00, doz. \$10.00.
Bartlett Clapp Favorite Seckel (For descriptions, see under "Pear Trees").


SWEET SEPTEMBER CHERRIES About two-thirds natural size

## Sturdy PEACH TREES

Our state has long been famous for the excellence of its Peaches. Plant 18 feet each way.
First-class trees, each 45 c , doz. $\$ 4.50,100 \$ 24.00$.
Belle (Belle of Georgia). Big white Peaches with red cheeks, delicious in mid-August. Freestone.
Carman. Pale yellow fruit, blushing on sunny side, with tasty white flesh, in late July. The earliest worth-while Peach. Very nearly free stone.
Early Elberta. A week earlier than the popular Elberta, with similar fruit. Freestone.
Elberta. The leading eastern market variety, with many firm yellow Peaches in late August. Freestone.

## CHERRY TREES

Plant sweet varieties 25 feet apart, sour ones 20 feet apart; the Hansen Bush Cherry 4 to 5 feet apart, or 2 feet apart for $\alpha$ hedge.

First-class trees, except as noted: Each 90c, doz. \$9.00, 100 \$60.00.
Black Tartarian. (Sweet). Bears many big, black, juicy sweet Cherries in late June. Governor Wood. (Sweet). Rich, delicious fruit, pale yellow with blushed cheek and extra large, in June.
Improved Montmorency. (Sour). Most popular and best sour Cherry, bears red fruit, perfect for cooking, late in the season.
Napoleon. (Sweet). Many huge Cherries, lemon-yellow in color with red blush, and most delicious, in late June
Schmidt's Bigarreau. (Sweet). Very hardy, with huge, mahogany-red fruit, tender and juicy, in mid-July
Yellow Spanish. (Sweet). Especially recommended since it produces its big yellow fruit, stained crimson, very early in the season; exceptionally juicy and sweet.

## A Successful Fall Bearing Cherry SWEET SEPTEMBER

(U. S. Plant Patent No. 94). The accidental discovery of this amazing variety has filled a large gap in the fruit grower's list and perhaps has started a new race of fruit-the fall-bearing Cherry. Sweet September ripens its attractive dark red fruit in early autumn and, unless picked, they will hang on the tree, without rotting until the snow falls. The fruit itself is of excellent quality for conning or for eating out of hand, and the tree is exceptionally hardy and prolific. Good strong trees, each $\$ 1.75$, per $10 \$ 16.50$


QUINCE TREES
Plant 10 feet apart each way. Orange. Best by far of all the Quince family is this early sort, which produces huge bright yellow fruit, exceptionally delicious. First-class trees, each 90c, doz. \$9.00. yellow Peaches with juicy, tender, sweet yellow flesh are borne on this extra early freestone variety which is highly resistant to frost injury
Hiley. Very hardy, with a late summer's crop of huge white Peaches, distinctly blushed. Freestone. Iron Mountain. Best of all the late-fruited sorts with its big, tasty, white-fleshed Peaches. Free-
J. H. Hale. Many huge, beautiful yellow Peaches, simply de licious, in late summer. Freestone.
South Haven. Early to bear, with extra large, blushed yellow fruit of high quality. Freestone.

## THE HANSEN BUSH CHERRY

5 to 6 ft . It is difficult to decide whether this breath-taking discovery is more valuable for its ornamental beauty, or for its fruit. The silvery green foliage, turning red in the fall, bears a great mass of white bloom each spring, making it a charm ing sight on any lawn. Quantities of medium to dark red Cherries are borne the year after the bush is planted, frequently the same year, and can be used to make a delicious richly colored jam. (Plant bushes 2 to 4 feet apart in Iows 4 to 6 feet apart in the home garden.) Stocky, 2 -yr. plants, each 50 c , doz. $\$ 5.00$ $100 \$ 35.00$.

THE OKA BUSH CHERRY
2 to 3 ft . This is a great improvement upon the Hansen Bush Cherry, with larger, lovemore attractive foliage, more fruit being oliage de fruit oing a rich dark purplish red, with rich purplish black-red lesh. Jelly and jom made from Oka Cher ries are deliciously sweet and most attrac tive.
Stocky, 2-yr. plants each 75 c , doz. $\$ 7.50$ $100 \$ 50.00$

## PLUM TREES

Plant 20 feet apart each way.
First-class trees, each 75c, doz. \$7.50, $100 \$ 50.00$.
Abundance. This introduction of our founder produces big yellow sweet fruit in August.
Bradshaw. Hardy, with many deep red Plums, delicious when canned.
Burbank. Many extra large, aromatic, sweet fruits of a rich deep violet-red in mid-August.
Damson (Shropshire). A strong grower which bears countless purple Plums in the fall.
Italian Prune. Deep purple Plums with dark blue bloom, juicy and tasty, are produced in September.
Japanese Gold. Masses of golden fruit, extra delicious.
Red June. Very productive of big red Plums, with quality yellow flesh, borne in mid-summer.
Reine Claude. Green with red on sunny side. Midseason.

## FRESH BERRIES <br> Fram Your Oun Bushes - Delicious!

If you have never tried growing your own garden fruits, you are missing one of the big thrills of a lifetime. The satisfaction that one gets from watching his berry plants mature and picking his own fruit is unsurpassed, and seldom equalled.

## RASPBERRIES

## Red-Black Yellow-Purple

## AMONG THE MOST DELICIOUS OF ALL FRUITS

Culture. Plant in rows 6 feet apart, plants 3 feet apart in the rows, requiring 2,420 plants per acre; or 4 feet apart each way, if to be grown in hills. In the garden, plant 4 feet apart each way, restrict to hills, permitting but 3 to 4 canes to remain in each hill.


Bristol. One of the best black Raspberries. Large, firm, fairly glossy, attractive fruit of excellent quality from a hardy, vigorous bush; very productive. 1-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.00,100 \$ 6.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. \$1.75, 100 \$9.00.
Chief. A firm, red-berried sort with delicious fruit on a healthy bush, very early in the season. l-yr. plants, doz. 85c, 100 $\$ 5.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100$ \$8.00.

Columbian. Big purple berries, with delicious rich flavor, ideal for pies or canning, and exceptionally tasty for an uncooked dessert fruit. Midseason to late. 1 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.00,100 \$ 6.00$; heavy, 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.75,100 \$ 9.00$.
Cumberland. Most popular of the black Raspberries, with many big berries of the highest quality, in late mid-season. 1 -yr. plants, doz. $85 \mathrm{c}, 100 \$ 5.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100 \$ 8.00$.
Cuthbert. The founder of our nursery introduced this popular midseason red Raspberry many years ago. 1-yr. plants, doz. $85 \mathrm{c}, 100 \$ 5.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100 \$ 8.00$.

Golden Queen. Another of our introductions of which we are justly proud, with many big beautiful golden berries, as delightful to the palate as they are beauitful to the eye. 1-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100 \$ 8.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.

Latham. Among the most popular of all late red Raspberries, with a wealth of firm, lasting fruit. l-yr. plants, doz. 85c, $100 \$ 5.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50$, 100 \$8.00.

Marcy. Possibly the most attractive of all red Raspberries. Fruit is extra large, very firm, and of the highest quality. l-yr. plants, doz. \$1.50, 100 \$8.00; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.
Newburgh. Produces countless quantities of distinctively flavored big, red fruit on an exceptionally hardy and healthy bush. l-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.00,100 \$ 6.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.75,100 \$ 9.00$.

St. Regis. Most popular of the everbearing sorts, this wonderful introduction of ours produces its first crop in June, bearing again from September until frost, myriads of bright crimson Raspberries, firm and meaty. 1 -yr. plants, doz. $75 \mathrm{c}, 100 \$ 4.00$, $1000 \$ 30.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.00,100 \$ 6.00,1000 \$ 50.00$.
Sodus. This is now recognized as the best of the purple Raspberries, with lovely big, delicious fruit even under adverse conditions, late in the season. 1-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100 \$ 8.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.
Taylor. Quantities of symmetrical coneshaped berries, firm, and of extra fine quality. I-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100 \$ 8.00$; heavy 2 -yr. plants, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.

## INDIAN SUMMER

A New Everbearing Raspberry Best by far of the new everbearing Raspberries, this hardy sort produces a mammoth crop of big, attractive fruit, simply delicious, in early summer, and repeats again in late summer until stopped by frost. 1 -year plants, doz. $\$ 1.50,100$ for $\$ 8.00$. Heavy 2-year plants, doz. \$2.50, 100, \$15.00.

These attractive purple berries are produced in abundance, and each one is an individual delight to the palate, whether eaten fresh, canned, or in jellies or pies. Reliable growers claim them to be the highest in quality of all known small fruits. We feel that, once you have tested their flavor, you will become one of their greatest admirers. Should be grown the same as Grape vines, that is, trained to stakes or along wires, and the canes should be protected when planted north of Washington, D. C. Strong plants, each 15 c , doz. $\$ 1.50$, 100 \$7.50.

## DEWBERRIES

If to be staked, plant in rows 4 feet apart. If to be mulched, plant in rows 6 feet apart and the plants 3 feet apart in the rows.
Lucretia. Soft, sweet and delicious are the big, glossy black berries produced in abundance on this bush. Needs winter protection if planted north of Trenton, N. J. 1-yr. plants, doz. 60c, $100 \$ 3.50,1000$ $\$ 30.00$; extra strong, transplanted plants, doz. $\$ 1.00,100 \$ 6.00$.

## CURRANTS

All strong, 2 -year plants.
Cultural Directions: Plant either in sunlight or partial shade. Do not cultivate the plants too deeply. Best results are obtained by placing a fairly thick mulch of leaves or straw about the plants and doing no cultivating whatsoever.
Prices, all strong, 2 -year-old plants, except as noted otherwise: 25 c each, $\$ 2.50$ per doz. Cherry. Sharply acid, big, crimson fruit, of uniform size, delicious when cooked. Fay Prolific. Very dark red in color are these juicy, big, berries; excellent for canning.
Perfection. Undoubtedly the finest of all varieties for the home garden. This sort bears big clusters of easily picked red Currants over a long period, each rivaling the other in delicious flavor. Each 35 c , doz. \$3.50.
White Grape. Probably the most aftractive of Currants with its big clusters of translucent white berries. Each 35c, doz. \$3.50. Wilder. Among the most prolific sorts. Firm, bright red, attractive berries, good flavor.

## POT GROWN Strawherry Plants

We have specialized in the production of these healthy Strawberry plants with their delicious berries for well over 60 years, and their everincreasing popularity is the best witness of their ability to thrive and give satisfactory results.

## All varieties offered have "perfect flowers.'

For hill culture in the family garden, plant in rows 2 feet apart and the plants a foot apart in the rows, cutting off all runners as they appear. If to be allowed to grow in matted rows, set the plants in rows 3 feet apart and the plants 1 foot apart in the rows.

## All varieties, unless otherwise noted. Pot-grown plants:

 \$1.00 per doz. $\$ 6.00$ per 100.For shipment direct from Southhampton, Long Island.
Ambrosia. Late. Vigorous plants which produce big crops of large, firm, bright red berries with delicious flavor. Pot-grown plants, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 7.50$ per 100
Catskill. Midseason. A sure cropper, with many big, tasty berries for a long period. Pot-grown plants, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 7.50$ per 100.
Chesapeake. Midseason to late. Most profitable Strawberry of its period, with an assured crop of uniformly large fruit, bright red in color, firm and lasting. The flavor is deliciously mild and sweet. Pot-grown plants, $\$ 1.25$ per doz., $\$ 7.50$ per 100 .
Dorsett. Very early. This variety, by sheer ability, has superseded all the Strawberries of its period. Each plant produces an amazing crop of large, firm, shapely fruit, frequently until the last June berry is gone. The flovor is really too delicious to describe.

Fairfax, Early to midseason. Over a long fruiting season and on nearly all soils, Fairfax bears many big, plump, solid berries which ripen evenly to a deep red, and hold their firmness and flavor splendidly. This flavor is probably the most refined in richness and sweetness of any Strawberry yet introduced.

Lupton. Late. Amazingly attractive big, firm fruit in great quantity.

## EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

These are the Strawberries with two distinct fruiting periods, one in June with the regular sorts, and another in the fall.

Mastodon. "The Wonderberry." Still our favorite everbearer, combining heavy yielding qualities, large size, and reliability of crop, with a flavor unequaled by any other fall berry. It bears the largest and finest fruit imaginable over an exceptionally long period. Pot-grown plants, $\$ 1.50$ per doz., $\$ 10.00$ per 100.


MT. POCONO BLACRBERRIES

## The Perfect Pot-Grown Strawberry Plant Collection

Here we have the pleasure of offer ing those varieties which we believe to be the very best of their respective periods:

## Dorsett (Early)

Catskill (Midseason)
Ambrosia (Late)
Mastodon (Everbearing)
12 plants of each ( 48 in all).. . $\$ 4.25$
25 plants of each ( 100 in all)... 7.75 50 plants of each ( 200 in all). 14.50

## GOOSEBERRIES

Cultural Directions: Same as for Currants, see page 43.

Downing. Bears many big, pearl-green berries of an exceptionally sprightly flavor.

Houghton. A reliable bush with a good crop of rather small, sweet, tender berries.

Either Variety: Strong, 2-yr. plants, each 35c, doz. \$3.50.

## BLACKBERRIES - For Pies and Canning <br> Plant in rows about 6 feet apart, placing the plants 3 feet apart in the rows.

Blowers. Midseason. Producing tall canes which yield a premium crop of large, attractive, quality berries. Exceptionally hardy. l-yr. plants, doz. 75c, $100 \$ 4.00$; strong transplanted plants, doz. \$1.25, 100 \$6.00.

Eldorado. Late July and August bring handsome and tasty delicacies to this hardy bush. l-yr. plants, doz. 75c, 100 $\$ 4.00$; strong transplanted plants, doz. $\$ 1.25,100$ \$6.00.

La Grange. A hardy variety which bears large crops of delicious berries over a long period. l-yr. plants, doz. \$1.50, $100 \$ 7.50$
Mersereau. A huge crop of big brilliant Blackberries, with a sweet, rich flavor l-yr. plants, doz. $85 \mathrm{c}, 100 \$ 5.00$; strong, transplanted plants, doz. \$1.50, 100 $\$ 7.50$.

Mt. Pocono. This introduction of our nursery resists zero climates successfully, bears fruit above average size and the quality of the fruit is extra high; it is also a heavy producer of these quality berries. As to its hardiness, only $\alpha$ sort of the hardiest type could weather the
zero climates of Mount Pocono. We heartily recommend Lovett's Mt. Pocono Blackberry for sections having extreme climatic conditions. I-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 2.00,100 \$ 9.00$; strong, transplanted plants, doz. $\$ 3.00,100 \$ 15.00$.

New Lowden. A new variety from Canada where its hardiness is a by-word. Its berry is very similar to those of Eldorado, being equally handsome and delicious. l-yr. plants, doz. $\$ 2.00,100 \$ 9.00$; strong, transplanted plants, doz. $\$ 3.00$, 100 \$15.00.

Taylor. Late. Popular; with juicy, rich berries of high quality. 1-yr. plants, doz. $75 \mathrm{c}, 100 \$ 4.00$; strong, transplanted plants, doz. \$1.25, 100 \$6.00.
Ward. Popular for home garden or market, with large, handsome berries which bring top prices. l-yr. plants, doz. 75c, $100 \$ 4.00$; strong, transplanted plants, doz. $\$ 1.25,100$ \$6.00.

September 28, 1940,
I have on several occasions dealt with your Company and have always held it in very high esteem.

MRS. J. BARRY BAXTER.
Gordon Heights,
Wilmington, Del.

## Cover a Trellis or an Arbor with GRAPE VINES

## LOVETT'S GRAPE COLLECTION <br> Three Famous Favorites

1 Caco. Best of the red Grapes.
1 Ontario. Highest quality white Grape.
1 Worden. Best black Grape.
Three of the finest Grapes in horticulture. All 2 -year-old, for only 75 c .


Cultural Directions: Where space permits, the vines may be set 8 feet apart each way, though in limited space, the rows can be as close as 4 feet apart with the vines 8 feet apart in the rows. After the first year's growth, each vine should be reduced to three strong branches, 18 to 24 inches long After that, each season's growth should be pruned back, leaving only the strongest branches, bearing 3 to 4 buds or "eyes" each.
Agawam. Aromatic Grapes of deep maroon,
in large, loose bunches. 2 -yr., each 20 c , doz. $\$ 2.00$, 100 \$12.00; fruiting-age, each 60 c , doz. $\$ 6.00$.
Brighton. Big compact bunches of quality red Grapes in abundance; midseason. 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.
Campbell Early. Deep blue Grapes of rich, sweet flavor. Early. (Must be planted near another variety for cross-pollination.) 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz $\$ 2.50$; fruiting-age, each 60 c , doz. $\$ 6.00$.
Catawba. Big clusters of dull purplish red Grapes, firm, yet juicy and very sweet, are produced late in the season on this old favorite. 2 yrs., each 20c, doz. \$2.00.
Concord. Most popular of all Grapes; succeeds with practically no care on most soils. Big black Grapes, pale green flesh, in large bunches. 2 yrs., each 15c, doz. \$1.50, 100 \$10.00.
Delaware. Many red Grapes which are not as large as those of some sorts, but are more than delicious enough to make up for their lack in size. 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Diamond. A white Grape which produces quality berries, ripening in September. Excellent for grape juice and for eating out of hand. 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Fredonia. An early black Grape, vigorous, hardy and productive. 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Ontario. Very early and the highest in quality of any green Grape. 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$.
Moore's Early. A sport of Concord, which it resembles in color, hardiness and size. Ripens two weeks earlier, however. 2 yrs., each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$; fruiting-age, each 60 c , doz. ever.
$\$ 6.00$.

Niagara. Most popular white Grape, with delicious berries at the same time as Concord. 2 yrs., each 20 c , doz. $\$ 2.00$.

## ELDERBERRIES

Adams' Improved. Strong growing, very free fruiting variety of Elderberry. The fruit is simply splendid for the making of pies, jellies and wine. Strong, 2- to 3 -ft. plants, 50c each, $\$ 5.00$ per doz.

## ASPARAGUS

Culture. In the family garden, the roots should be set from one to two feet apart in rows three feet apart. They should be placed in furrows six or eight inches deep, but covered with only about three inches of soil at time of planting, the remainder of the trench being filled in by degrees as the plants increase in heïght. Care should be taken to enrich the soil by a liberal digging in of well-rotted manure.

## WASHINGTON

Because Washington is unquestionably by far the best and most delicious of all varieties, we have discontinued growing the others. The outstanding characteristics of the new variety are: Exceptional rust-resistance, extraordinary yielding qualities, large size of individual stalks, and their rapid development to cutting size, which rapid growth stands for tenderness. The shoots are straight, of dark green color, with a heavy purple overtone. They are always tight and do not open until well above the ground. 1 yr., doz. 30c, 100 $\$ 1.25,1000 \$ 9.00 .2$ yrs., doz. $40 \mathrm{c}, 100 \$ 1.50,1000$ $\$ 12.00$. Extra large, 3 yrs., doz. 75c, $100 \$ 2.50$, $1000 \$ 20.00$.

## GARDEN HERBS for Flavoring <br> Cainip. (Nepeta cataria). 15 to 18 in . A deep rooted sort, with

 purple-blue flowers from May until frost. Excellent for a bank or wall. Each 30c, doz. $\$ 3.00$.Chives. Especially prized by housewives, lending distinctive flavor to soups and seasoning. Each 20c, doz. $\$ 2.00,100 \$ 12.00$.
Hops. Bears large clusters of yellow-green hops in such profusion as to completely envelop the plant in late summer. Each 25 c doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.
Horseradish. A familiar and tasty condiment which is easily grown in any garden. Doz. 50c, $100 \$ 2.50,1000 \$ 20.00$.
Lavender. The old favorite with its pleasant odor. Strong plants, each 25 c, doz. $\$ 2.50,100 \$ 15.00$.
Spearmint. Splendid for seasoning. This is the plant whose leaves add charm to the mint julep. Strong plants, each 20 c , doz. $\$ 2.00,100 \$ 12.00$.
Peppermint. Used largely for cooking but may be chewed raw. Strong plants, each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50,100$ \$15.00.
Rhubarb. (Sutton's). Unquestionably the finest of all Rhubarbs, with its large tender stems, delightful distinctive flavor, earlier in the season than most other sorts. Each 20c, doz. \$2.00, 100 $\$ 12.00$.
Sage. (Holt's Mammoth). Useful and beautiful; flowers of lilac-blue. A splendid seasoning plant. Strong plants, each 20c, doz. $\$ 2.00,100$ $\$ 12.00$.
Tarragon. The leaves and young shoots are much prized as an ingredient in soups, salads, stews, pickles, etc. Strong plants, each 25 c , doz. $\$ 2.50$, $100 \$ 15.00$.
Thyme. Prized both for seasoning and as a dense ground cover. Clumps, each 25c, doz. \$2.50, $100 \$ 15.00$.


## CACO

## A Real Triumph in Reed Grapes

Caco undoubtedly merits a featured place in any garden. The bunches are attractive, with big red-amber Grapes overlaid with a beautiful bloom, produced early in the season. Each berry is a separate triumph, being firm and full of delicious, sweet, juicy flesh, palatable before being fully ripe. 2 -yrs., each 35c, doz. $\$ 3.50$, $100 \$ 20.00$; iruiting-age, each 75 c , doz. $\$ 7.50$.

## Giant Cultivated BLUEBERRIES <br> A Prafitable Cammercial Iruit and a Truly Lovely Ornamental

Among the most satisfactory of all garden fruits, Blueberries are delicious when eaten with cream or when cooked. We are proud of our list this season, which we feel comprises all of the best varieties for a maximum of success.

For best results, plant in slightly moist soil, and more acid than alkaline-any soil, in fact, that would be suitable for the culture of vegetables or strawberries.

It is essential that plants of two or more varieties be planted, otherwise, no fruit of consequence will be produced.


These Blueberries Are Nothing Like the Common Huckleberries Sold in Stores. Fruits Are as Large as an Inch Across.

Cabot. 51/2 ft. Earliest, with a heavy crop of big, delicious blue fruit on a particu larly attractive, high-branched bush.
Concord, 7 ft . This splendid new sort ripens with Pioneer. It bears large fruit of good color, with excellent flavor, and the berries hang on the bush long after ripering.
Jersey. 7 ft . Large, well-flavored berries; attractive in appearance, and particularly good for shipping. Ripens with Rubel.
Pioneer. 6 ft . Ripens after Cabot, with great spikes of flattish, very blue berries, unsurpassable in quality.
Rancocas. 7 to 8 ft . An excellent commercial variety because of its wealth of tasty berries. Ripens just before Rubel.
Rubel. 7 to 8 ft . Latest and heaviest bearing of all, on an upright bush. Best variety for canning.

## PRICES OF

BLUEBERRIES (Huckleberries)
All varieties: 12 to 18 in. 75 c each, $\$ 7.50$ per doz.; 18 to 24 in. $\$ 1.25$ each, $\$ 12.50$ per doz.



## Lovett's Landscape Department

Consult our Landscape Department for expert advice in connection with your planting problems. Our men are thoroughly trained and experienced, and will be glad to serve you. Suggested planting plans to fit your particular needs will be submitted upon request.

You will find listed in this catalog a complete assortment of Ornamental Nursery Stock, and we shall be pleased to have you visit our nursery with $\alpha$ view to making your own selection of specimens.

Appointments can be made for any day, including Sundays.
TELEPHONE NUMBER, RED BANK 2200

LOVETT'S NURSERY, INC. Little Silver, N. J.


[^0]:    THE CONQUEROR SHASTA DAISY (Chrysanthemum Maximum)
    2 to 3 ft . A great improvement upon the more familiar Shasta Daisy, with big white semi-double flowers, extra large, all summer long. Each 35 c, doz. $\$ 3.50$.

