













THE

MAN

OF

FEELING.

Henry marchenice

A NEW EDITION.

LONDON:
PRINTED FOR W. STRAHAN; AND
T. CADELL, IN THE STRAND,
MDCCLXXXIII,

JANK DE CALIFORNI Jos Arbeiles Les Libro

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INTRODUCTION.

MY dog had made a point on a piece of fallow-ground, and led the curate and me two or three hundred yards over that and some stubble adjoining, in a breathless state of expectation, on a burning first of September.

It was a false point, and our labour was vain: yet, to do Rover justice (for he's an excellent dog, though I have lost his pedigree), the fault was none of his, the birds were gone: the curate shewed me the spot where they had lain basking, at the root of an old hedge.

I stopped and cried Hem! The curate is fatter than I; he wiped the sweat from his brow.

There is no state where one is apter to pause and look round one, than after A 2 fuch.

fuch a disappointment. It is even so in life. When we have been hurrying on, impelled by fome warm wish or other, looking neither to the right hand nor to the left-we find of a fudden that all our gay hopes are flown; and the only flender consolation that some friend can give us, is to point where they were once to be found. And lo! if we are not of that combustible race, who will rather beat their heads in spite, than wipe their brows with the curate, we look round and fay, with the naufeated liftleffness of the king of Israel, " All is vanity and vexation of spirit."

I looked round with some such grave apophthegm in my mind when I discovered, for the first time, a venerable pile, to which the inclosure belonged. An air of melancholy hung about it. There was a languid stillness in the day, and a single

fingle crow, that perched on an old tree by the fide of the gate, feemed to delight in the echo of its own croaking.

I leaned on my gun and looked; but I had not breath enough to ask the curate a question. I observed carving on the bark of some of the trees: 'twas indeed the only mark of human art about the place, except that some branches appeared to have been lopped, to give a view of the cascade, which was formed by a little rill at some distance.

Just at that instant I saw pass between the trees, a young lady with a book inher hand. I stood upon a stone to observe her; but the curate sat him down on the grass, and leaning his back where I stood, told me, "That was the daughter of a neighbouring gentleman of the name of Walton, whom he had seen walking there more than once.

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"Some time ago" he faid, "one HARLEY lived there, a whimfical fort of a man I am told, but I was not then in the cure; though, if I had a turn for those things, I might know a good deal of his history, for the greatest part of it is still in my possession."

His history! faid I. " Nay, you may call it what you please, said the curate; for indeed it is no more a hiftory than it is a fermon. The way I came by it was this: fome time ago, a grave, oddish kind of man boarded at a farmer's in this parish: The country people called him The Ghost; and he was known by the flouch in his gait, and the length of his stride. I was but little acquainted with him, for he never frequented any of the clubs hereabouts. Yet for all he used to walk a-nights, he was as gentle as a lamb at times; for I have feen him

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playing at te-totum with the children on the great stone at the door of our church-yard.

"Soon after I was made curate, he left the parish, and went no body knows whither; and in his room was found a bundle of papers, which was brought to me by his landlord. I began to read them, but I foon grew weary of the task; for, besides that the hand is intolerably bad, I could never find the author in one strain for two chapters together; and I don't believe there's a fingle fyllogifm from beginning toend." " I should be glad to see this medley," faid I. " You shall see it now," answered the curate, "for I always take it along with me a-shooting." "How came it fo torn?" "Tis excellent wadding," faid the curate.-This was a plea of expediency I was not in a condition to answer; for I had actually in

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my pocket great part of an edition of one of the German Illustrissimi, for the very fame purpose. We exchanged books; and by that means (for the curate was a strenuous logician) we probably saved both.

When I returned to town, I had leifure to perufe the acquifition I had made I found it a bundle of little epidodes, put together without art, and of no importance on the whole, with something of nature, and little else in them. I was a good deal affected with some very trifling passages in it; and had the name of Marmontel, or a Richardson, been on the title-page—'tis odds that I should have wept: But

One is ashamed to be pleased with the works of one knows not whom.

THE

MAN OF FEELING.

CHAP. XI*.

Of bashfulness.—A character.—His opinion on that subject.

THERE is fome rust about every man at the beginning; though in some nations (among the French, for instance) the ideas of the inhabitants, from climate, or what other cause you

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The reader will remember, that the Editor is accountable only for scattered chapters, and fragments of chapters; the curate must answer for the rest. The number at the top, when the chapter was entire, he has given as it originally stood, with the title which its author had affixed to it.

will, are so vivacious, so eternally on the wing, that they must, even in small societies, have a frequent collision; the rust therefore will wear off sooner: but in Britain, it often goes with a man to his grave; nay, he dares not even pen a bie jacet to speak out for him after his death.

"Let them rub it off by travel," faid the baronet's brother, who was a striking instance of excellent metal, shamefully rusted. I had drawn my chair near his. Let me paint the honest old man: 'tis but one passing sentence to preserve his image in my mind.

He fat in his usual attitude, with his elbow rested on his knee, and his singers pressed on his cheek. His face was shaded by his hand; yet it was a face that that might once have been well accounted handfome; its features were manly and striking, and a certain dignity resided on his eyebrows, which were the largest I remember to have seen. His person was tall and well-made; but the indolence of his nature had now inclined it to corpulency.

His remarks were few, and made only to his familiar friends; but they were fuch as the world might have heard with veneration: and his heart, uncorrupted by its ways, was ever warm in the cause of virtue and his friends.

He is now forgotten and gone! The last time I was at Silton-hall, I saw his chair stand in its corner by the fire-sides there was an additional cushion on it, and it was occupied by my young lady's

favourite lap-dog. I drew near unperceived, and pinched its ear in the bitterness of my soul; the creature howled, and ran to its mistress. She did not fuspect the author of its misfortune, but she bewailed it in the most pathetic terms; and kiffing its lips, laid it gently on her lap, and covered it with a cambrick handkerchief. I fat in my old friend's feat; I heard the roar of mirth and gaiety around me: poor Ben Silton! I gave thee a tear then: accept of one cordial drop that falls to thy memory now.

"They should wear it off by travel."

—Why, it is true, said I, that will go far; but then it will often happen, that in the velocity of a modern tour, and amidst the materials through which it is commonly made, the friction is so violent,

lent, that not only the rust, but the metal too, is lost in the progress.

Give me leave to correct the expreffion of your metaphor, said Mr. Silton: that is not always rust which is acquired by the inactivity of the body on which it preys; such, perhaps, is the case with me, though indeed I was never cleared from my youth; but (taking it in its first stage) it is rather an encrustation; which nature has given for purposes of the greatest wisdom.

You are right, I returned; and sometimes, like certain precious fossils, there may be hid under it gems of the purest brilliancy.

Nay, farther, continued Mr. Silton, there are two distinct forts of what we

call bashfulness; this, the awkwardness of a booby, which a few steps into the world will convert into the pertness of a coxcomb; that, a consciousness, which the most delicate feelings produce, and the most extensive knowledge cannot always remove.

From the incidents I have already related, I imagine it will be concluded, that Harley was of the latter species of bashful animals; at least, if Mr. Silton's principle is just, it may be argued on this side: for the gradation of the first mentioned fort, it is certain, he never attained. Some part of his external appearance was modelled from the company of those gentlemen, whom the antiquity of a family, now possessed of bare 2501. a year, entitled its reprefentative to approach: these indeed

were

were not many; great part of the property in his neighbourhood being in the hands of merchants, who had got rich by their lawful calling abroad, and the fons of stewards, who had got rich by their lawful calling at home: perfons fo perfectly versed in the ceremonial of thousands, tens of thousands, and hundreds of thousands (whose degrees of precedency are plainly demonstrable from the first page of the Complete Accomptant, or Young Man's best Pocket Companion), that a bow at church from them to fuch a man as Harley, would have made the parson look back into his fermon for some precept of Christian humility.

CHAP. XII.

Of worldly interests.

HERE are certain interests which the world supposes every man to have, and which therefore are properly enough termed worldly; but the world is apt to make an erroneous estimate: ignorant of the dispositions which conflitute our happiness or misery, they bring to an undistinguished scale the means of the one, as connected with power, wealth or grandeur, and of the other with their contraries. Philosophers and poets have often protefted against this decision; but their arguments have been despised as declamatory, or ridiculed as romantic.

There are never wanting to a young man fome grave and prudent friends to fet him right in this particular, if he need it: to watch his ideas as they arife, and point them to those objects which. a wife man should never forget.

Harley did not want for some monitors of this fort. He was frequently told of men, whose fortunes enabled them to command all the luxuries of life, whose fortunes were of their own acquirement: his envy was invited by a description of their happiness, and his emulation by a recital of the means. which had procured it.

Harley was apt to hear those lectures with indifference; nay fometimes they got the better of his temper; and as the instances were not always amiable, proconceptions

voked, on his part, fome reflections, which I am perfuaded his good-nature would elfe have avoided.

Indeed I have observed one ingredient, fomewhat necessary in a man's composition towards happiness, which people of feeling would do well to acquire; a certain respect for the follies of mankind: for there are so many fools whom the opinion of the world entitles to regard, whom accident has placed in heights of which they are unworthy, that he who cannot restrain his contempt, or indignation at the fight, will be too often quarrelling with the disposal of things, to relish that share which is allotted to himself. I do not mean, however, to infinuate this to have been the case with Harley; on the contrary, if we might rely on his own testimony, the conceptions

conceptions he had of pomp and grand deur ferved to endear the state which Providence had assigned him.

He loft his father, the last surviving of his parents, as I have already related, when he was a boy. The good man, from a fear of offending, as well as a regard to his fon, had named him a variety of guardians; one consequence of which was, that they feldom met at all. to consider the affairs of their ward; and when they did meet, their opinions. were fo opposite, that the only possible method of conciliation, was the mediatory power of a dinner and a bottle, which commonly interrupted, not ended, the dispute; and after that interruption ceased, left the consulting parties in a condition not very proper for adjusting it. His education therefore B. 6 had:

had been but indifferently attended to; and after being taken from a countryschool, at which he had been boarded, the young gentleman was suffered to be his own master in the subsequent branches of literature, with some affiftance from the parson of the parish in languages and philosophy, and from the excifeman in arithmetic and bookkeeping. One of his guardians, indeed, who, in his youth, had been an inhabitant of the Temple, fet him to read Coke upon Lyttelton; a book which is very properly put into the hands of beginners in that science, as its simplicity is accommodated to their understandings, and its fize to their inclination. He profited but little by the perusal; but it was not without its use in the family: for his maiden aunt applied it commonly to the laudable pur-

pose of pressing her rebellious linens to the folds she had allotted them.

There were particularly two ways of increasing his fortune, which might have occurred to people of less foresight than the counfellors we have mentioned. One of these was, the prospect of his succeeding to an old lady, a distant relation, who was known to be possessed of a very large fum in the flocks: but in this their hopes were disappointed; for the young man was fo untoward in his difposition, that, notwithstanding the instructions he daily received, his visits rather tended to alienate than gain the good-will of his kinfwoman. He fometimes looked grave when the old lady told the jokes of her youth; he often refused to eat when she pressed him, and was feldom or never provided with

fugar-candy or liquorice when she was seized with a fit of coughing: nay, he had once the rudeness to fall asleep, while she was describing the composition and virtues of her favourite cholic-water. In short, he accommodated himself so ill to her humour, that she died, and did not leave him a farthing.

The other method pointed out to him was, an endeavour to get a lease of some crown-lands, which lay contiguous to his little paternal estate. This, it was imagined, might be easily procured, as the crown did not draw so much rent as Harley could afford to give, with very considerable profit to himself; and the then lessee had rendered himself so obnoxious to the ministry, by the disposal of his vote at an election, that he could

note

not expect a renewal. This, however, needed some interest with the great, which Harley or his sather never possessed.

His neighbour, Mr. Walton, having heard of this affair, generoully offered his assistance to accomplish it. He told him, that though he had long been a stranger to courtiers, yet he believed there were fome of them who might pay regard to his recommendation; and that, if he thought it worth the while to take a London-journey upon the business, he would furnish him with a letter of introduction to a baronet of his acquaintance, who had a great deal to fay with the first lord of the treafury, on bell 34 ligeods reliefd

file for the attempt, yet could not

When his friends heard of this offer, they pressed him with the utmost earnestness to accept of it. They did not fail to enumerate the many advantages which a certain degree of spirit and affurance gives a man who would make a figure in the world: they repeated their instances of good fortune in others, ascribed them all to a happy forwardness of disposition; and made so copious a recital of the difadvantages which attend the opposite weakness, that a stranger, who had heard them, would have been led to imagine, that in the British code there was some disqualifying statute against any citizen who should be convicted of-modesty.

Harley, though he had no great relish for the attempt, yet could not resist.

refift the torrent of motives that affaulted him; and as he needed but little preparation for his journey, a day, not very distant, was fixed for his departure.

botom of Flavley, than his graticule

Chough he was felders der elent in that

CHAP. XIII.

The Man of Feeling in love.

HE day before that on which he fet out, he went to take leave of Mr. Walton, --- We would conceal nothing; -there was another person of the family to whom also the visit was intended, on whose account, perhaps, there were some tenderer feelings in the bosom of Harley, than his gratitude for the friendly notice of that gentleman (though he was feldom deficient in that virtue) could inspire. Mr. Walton had a daughter; and fuch a daughter! we will attempt fome description of her by and by.

Harley's notions of the nation, or beautiful, were not always to be defined, nor indeed fuch as the world would always affent to, though we could define them. A blush, a phrase of affability to an inferior, a tear at a moving tale, were to him, like the Cestus of Cytherea, unequalled in conferring beauty. For all these Miss Walton was remarkable; but as these, like the above-mentioned Ceftus; are perhaps still more powerful, when the wearer is possessed of some degree of beauty, commonly fo called; it happened, that, from this cause, they had more than usual power in the person of that young lady,

She was now arrived at that period of life which takes, or is supposed to take, from the slippancy of girlhood those spright-

fprightlinesses with which some goodnatured old maids oblige the world at three-score. She had been ushered into life (as that word is used in the dialect of St. James's) at seventeen, her father being then in parliament, and living in London: at seventeen, therefore, she had been a universal toast; her health, now she was four-and-twenty, was only drank by those who knew her face at least. Her complexion was mellowed into a paleness, which certainly took from her beauty; but agreed, at least Harley used to say so, with the pensive foftness of her mind. Her eyes were of that gentle hazel colour which is rather mild than piercing; and, except when they were lighted up by good-humour, which was frequently the case, were supposed by the fine gentlemen to want fire. Her air and manner were elegant --- " like the shepherd's pipe upon the mountains,

"When all his little flock's at feed before him."

The effect it had upon Harley, himfelf used to paint ridiculously enough; and ascribed it to powers, which sew believed, and nobody cared for.

Her conversation was always cheerful, but rarely witty; and without the smallest affectation of learning, had as much sentiment in it as would have

puzzled

puzzled a Turk, upon his principles of female materialism, to account for. Her benficence was unbounded; indeed the natural tenderness of her heart might have been argued, by the frigi--dity of a casuist, as detracting from her virtue in this respect, for her humanity was a feeling, not a principle: but minds like Harley's are not very apt to make this distinction, and generally give our virtue credit for all that behevolence which is instinctive in our nature.

As her father had some years retired to the country, Harley had frequent opportunities of seeing her. He looked on her for some time merely with that respect and admiration which her appearance seemed to demand, and the opinion of others conferred upon her:

from this cause, perhaps, and from that extreme sensibility of which we have taken frequent notice, Harley was remarkably silent in her presence. He heard her sentiments with peculiar attention, sometimes with looks very expressive of approbation; but seldom declared his opinion on the subject, much less made compliments to the lady on the justness of her remarks.

From this very reason it was, that Miss Walton frequently took more particular notice of him than of other visitors, who, by the laws of precedency, were better entitled to it: it was a mode of politeness she had peculiarly studied, to bring to the line of that equality, which is ever necessary for the ease of our guests, those whose sensibility had placed them below it.

Harley

Harley faw this; for though he was a child in the drama of the world; yet was it not altogether owing to a want of knowledge in his part; on the contrary, the most delicate consciousness of propriety often kindled that blush which marred the performance of it: this raifed his esteem something above what the most fanguine descriptions of her goodness had been able to do; for certain it is, that notwithstanding the laboured definitions which very wife men have given us of the inherent beauty of virtue, we are always inclined to think her handsomest when she condescends to fmile upon ourselves.

It would be trite to observe the easy gradation from esteem to love: in the bosom of Harley there scarce needed a transition; for there were certainseasons

when his ideas were flushed to a degree much above their common complexion. In times not credulous of inspiration, we should account for this from some natural cause; but we do not mean to account for it at all; it were fufficient to describe its effects; but they were fometimes fo ludicrous, as might derogate from the dignity of the sensations which produced them to describe. They were treated indeed as fuch by most of Harley's fober friends, who often laughed very heartily at the awkward blunders of the real Harley, when the different faculties, which should have prevented them, were entirely occupied by the ideal. In some of these paroxisms of fancy, Miss Walton did not fail to be introduced; and the picture which had been drawn amidst the fur-

rounding objects of unnoticed levity, was now fingled out to be viewed, through the medium of romantic imagination: it was improved of course, and esteem was a word inexpressive of the feelings which it excited.

CHAP, XIV.

He fets out on his journey.—The heggar and his dog.

HE had taken leave of his aunt on the eve of his intended departure; but the good lady's affection for her nephew interrupted her sleep, and early as it was next morning when Harley came down stairs to fet out, he found her in the parlour with a tear on her cheek, and her caudle-cup in her hand. She knew enough of physic to prefcribe against going abroad of a morning with an empty stomach. She gave her bleffing with the draught; her instructions she had delivered the night before. They confifted mostly of ne-C 2 gatives;

gatives; for London, in her idea, was fo replete with temptations, that it needed the whole armour of her friendly cautions to repel their attacks.

Peter stood at the door. We have mentioned this faithful fellow formerly: Harley's father had taken him up an orphan, and faved him from being cast on the parish; and he had ever since remained in the service of him and of his fon. Harley shook him by the hand as he paffed, smiling, as if he had faid, "I will not weep." He fprung hastily into the chaise that waited for him: Peter folded up the step. V" My dear master (said he, shaking the solitary lock that hung on either fide of his head), I have been told as how London is a fad place."-He was choaked. with the thought, and his benediction could

could not be heard:—but it shall be heard, honest Peter!—where these tears will add to its energy.

In a few hours Harley reached the inn where he proposed breakfasting; but the fulness of his heart would not suffer him to eat a morsel. He walked out on the road, and gaining a little height, stood gazing on that quarter he had left. He looked for his wonted prospect, his sields, his woods, and his hills: they were lost in the distant clouds! He penciled them on the clouds, and bade them farewel with a sigh!

He fat down on a large stone to take out a little pebble from his shoe, when he saw, at some distance, a beggar approaching him. He had on a loose sort

of coat, mended with different-coloured rags, amongst which the blue and the russet were predominant. He had a short knotty stick in his hand, and on the top of it was fluck a ram's horn; his knees (though he was no pilgrim) had worn the stuff of his breeches; he wore no shoes, and his stockings had entirely loft that part of them which should have covered his feet and ancles : in his face, however, was the plump appearance of good humour; he walked a good round pace, and a crook legged dog trotted at his heels.

"Our delicacies, said Harley to himfelf, are fantastic; they are not in nature! that beggar walks over the sharpest of these staresooted, whilst I have lost the most delightful dream in the world, from the smallest

of them happening to get into my shoe."-The beggar had by this time come up, and pulling off a piece of hat, asked charity of Harley; the dog began to beg too :- it was impossible to resist both; and, in truth, the want of shoes and stockings had made both unnecessary, for Harley had destined fixpence for him before. The beggar, on receiving it, poured forth bleffings without number; and, with a fort of finile on his countenance, said to Harley, "that if he wanted to have his fortune told"-Harley turned his eye brifkly on the beggar: it was an unpromising look for the subject of a prediction, and filenced the prophet immediately. " I would much rather learn, faid Harley, what it is in your power to tell me: your trade must be an entertaining one: fit down on this

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Stone,

stone, and let me know something of your profession; I have often thought of turning fortune-teller for a week or two myself."

"Master, replied the beggar, I like your frankness much; God knows I had the humour of plain-dealing in me from a child; but there is no doing with it in this world; we must live as we can, and lying is, as you call it, my profession: but I was in some fort forced to the trade, for I dealt once in telling truth.

"I was a labourer, Sir, and gained as much as to make me live: I never laid by indeed: for I was reckoned a piece of a wag, and your wags, I take it, are feldom rich, Mr. Harley."
"So, faid Harley, you feem to know me."

me." "Ay, there are few folks in the country that I don't know fomething of: How should I tell fortunes else?" "True; but to go on with your story: you were a labourer, you say, and a wag; your industry, I suppose, you lest with your old trade; but your humour you preserve to be of use to you in your new."

"What fignifies fadnefs, Sir? a man grows lean on't: but I was brought to my idlenefs by degrees; first I could not work, and it went against my stomach to work ever after. I was seized with a jail sever at the time of the assizes being in the county where I lived; for I was always curious to get acquainted with the selons, because they are commonly sellows of much mirth and little thought, qualities I had ever an esteem

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for.

for. In the height of this fever, Mr. (Harley, the house where I lay took fire, and burnt to the ground: I was carried out in that condition, and lay all the rest of my illness in a barn. I got the better of my disease, however, but I was fo weak that I spit blood whenever I attempted to work. I had no relation living that I knew of, and I never kept a friend above a week, when I was able to joke; I feldom remained above fix months in a parish, so that I might have died before I had found a fettlement in any: thus I was forced to beg my bread, and a forry trade I found it, Mr. Harley. I told all my misfortunes truly, but they were feldom believed; and the few who gave me a halfpenny as they passed, did it with a shake of the head, and an injunction not to trouble them with a long story.

In short, I found that people don't care to give alms without some security for their money; a wooden leg or a withered arm is a fort of draught upon heaven for those who chuse to have their money placed to account there; fo I changed my plan, and, instead of telling my own misfortunes, began to prophefy happiness to others. This I found by much the better way: folks will always listen when the tale is their own; and of many who fay they do not believe in fortune-telling, I have known few onwhom it had not a very fensible effect. I pick up the names of their acquaintance; amours and little squabbles are eafily gleaned among fervants and neighbours; and indeed people themselves are the best intelligencers in the world for our purpose: they dare not puzzle

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us for their own fakes, for every one is anxious to hear what they wish to believe; and they who repeat it to laugh at it when they have done, are generally more ferious than their hearers are apt to imagine. With a tolerable good memory, and fome thare of cunning, with the help of walking a-nights over heaths and church-yards, with this, and flewing the tricks of that there dog, whom I stole from the serjeant of a marching regiment (and by the way he can steal too upon occasion), I make shift to pick up a livelihood. My trade, indeed, is none of the honestest; yet people are not much cheated neither, who give a few half-pence for a prospect of happiness, which I have heard fome persons say is all a man can arrive at in this world .- But I must bid

you good-day, Sir; for I have three miles to walk before noon, to inform fome boarding-school young ladies, whether their husbands are to be peers of the realm, or captains in the army: a question which I promised to answer them by that time."

Harley had drawn a shilling from his pocket; but Virtue bade him consider on whom he was going to bestow it.— Virtue held back his arm:—but a milder form, a younger sister of Virtue's, not so severe as Virtue nor so serious as Pity, smiled upon him: His singers lost their compression;—nor did Virtue offer to catch the money as it fell. It had no sooner reached the ground than the watchful cur (a trick he had been taught) snapped it up; and,

and, contrary to the most approved method of stewardship, delivered it immediately into the hands of his master.

Court of North Court is a sufficient to

P. Although Mit. Sel. (2018 - 2017) (major

NUCESARY STREET

Equal bearing (Measi

CHAP. XIX.

He makes a second expedition to the Baronet's. The laudable ambition of a young man to be thought something by the world.

TE have related, in a former chapter, the little fuccess of his first visit to the great man, for whom: he had the introductory letter from Mr. Walton. To people of equal fensibility, the influence of those trifles we mentioned on his deportment will not appear furprifing; but to his friends in the country, they could not be stated, nor would they have allowed them any place in the account. In some of their letters, therefore, which he received foon after, they expressed their surprise

at his not having been more urgent in his application, and again recommended the blushless assiduity of successful merit.

He refolved to make another attempt at the baronet's; fortified with higher notions of his own dignity, and with less apprehension of repulse. In his way to Grosvenor-square he began to ruminate on the folly of mankind, who affixed those ideas of superiority to riches, which reduced the minds of men, by nature equal with the more fortunate, to that fort of fervility which he felt in his own. By the time he had reached the Square, and was walking along the pavement which led to the baronet's, he had brought his reasoning on the subject to such a point, that the conclusion, by every rule of logic, fhould

should have led him to a thorough indifference in his approaches to a fellowmortal, whether that fellow-mortal was possessed of fix, or six thousand pounds a year. It is probable, however, that the premises had been improperly formed: for it is certain, that when he approached the great man's door, he selt his heart agitated by an unusual pulsation.

He had almost reached it, when he observed a young gentleman coming out, dressed in a white frock, and a red laced waistcoat, with a small switch in his hand, which he seemed to manage with a particular good grace. As he passed him on the steps, the stranger very politely made him a bow, which Harley returned, though he could not remember ever having seen him before.

He asked Harley, in the same civil manner, if he was going to wait on his friend the Baronet? " For I was just calling, faid he, and am forry to find that he isgone for fome days into the country." -Harley thanked him for his information; and was turning from the door, when the other observed that it would be proper to leave his name, and very obligingly knocked for that purpofe. Here is a gentleman, Tom, who meant to have waited on your master." "Your name, if you please, Sir?" "Harley."-"You'll remember, Tom, Harley."-The door was fhut. "Since we are here, faid he, we shall not lose our walk, if we add a little to it by a turn or two in Hyde-park." He accompanied this propofal with a fecond. bow, and Harley accepted of it by another in return.

The conversation, as they walked, was brilliant on the side of his companion. The playhouse, the opera, with every occurrence in high-life, he seemed perfectly master of; and talked of some reigning beauties of quality, in a manner the most feeling in the world. Harley admired the happiness of his vivacity; and, opposite as it was to the reserve of his own nature, began to be much pleased with its effects.

Though I am not of opinion with fome wife men, that the existence of objects depends on idea; yet, I am convinced, that their appearance is not a little influenced by it. The optics of some minds are in so unlucky a perspective, as to throw a certain shade on every picture that is presented to them; while those of others (of which numbers

was Harley), like the mirrors of the ladies, have a wonderful effect in bettering their complexions. Through such a medium perhaps he was looking on his present companion.

When they had finished their walk, and were returning by the corner of the Park, they observed a board hung out of a window, fignifying, " an excellent ORDINARY on Saturdays and Sundays." It happened to be Saturday, and the table was covered for the purpose, "What if we should go in and dine here, if you happen not to be engaged, Sir?" faid the young gentleman. "It is not impossible but we shall meet with fome original or other; it is a fort of humour I like hugely." Harley made no objection; and the stranger showed him the way into the parlour.

He was placed, by the courtefy of his introductor, in an arm-chair that stood at one fide of the fire. Over against him was feated a man of a grave confidering aspect, with that look of sober prudence which indicates what is commonly called a warm man. He wore a pretty large wig, which had once been white, but was now of a brownish yellow; his coat was one of those modestcoloured drabs which mock the injuries of dust and dirt; two jack-boots concealed, in part, the well-mended knees of an old pair of buckskin breeches, while the fpotted handkerchief round his neck, preserved at once its owner from catching cold, and his neckcloth from being dirtied. Next him fat another man, with a tankard in his hand, and a quid of tobacco in his cheek,

whose eye was rather more vivacious, and whose dress was something smarter.

The first-mentioned gentleman took notice, that the room had been so lately washed, as not to have had time to dry; and remarked, that wet lodging was unwholesome for man or beast. He looked round at the same time for a poker to stir the fire with, which, he at last observed to the company, the people of the house had removed, in order to fave their coals. This difficulty, however, he overcame, by the help of Harley's flick, faying, " that as they should, no doubt, pay for their fire in fome shape or other, he saw no reason why they should not have the use of it while they fat."

The

The door was now opened for the admission of dinner. "I don't know how it is with you, gentlemen, said Harley's new acquaintance; but I am asraid I shall not be able to get down a morsel at this horrid mechanical hour of dining." He sat down, however, and did not show any want of appetite by his eating. He took upon him the carving of the meat, and criticised on the goodness of the pudding.

When the table-cloth was removed, he proposed calling for some punch, which was readily agreed to; he seemed at first inclined to make it himself, but afterwards changed his mind, and left that province to the waiter, telling him to have it pure West Indian, or he could not taste a drop of it.

When the punch was brought, he undertook to fill the glasses and call the toasts .- " The king." - The toast naturally produced politics. It is the privilege of Englishmen to drink the king's health, and to talk of his conduct. The man who fat opposite to Harley (and who by this time, partly from himself, and partly from his acquaintance on his left hand, was difcovered to be a grazier) observed, "That it was a shame for so many pensioners to be allowed to take the bread out of the mouth of the poor." "Ay, and provisions, said his friend, were never so dear in the memory of man; I wish the king, and his counfellors, would look to that." " As for the matter of provisions, neighbour Wrightson, he replied, I am fure the prices of cattle-" A dispute would have probably ensued,

but it was prevented by the spruce toast master, who gave a sentiment; and turning to the two politicians, "Pray, gentlemen, said he, let us have done with these musty politics: I would always leave them to the beer-suckers in Butcher-row. Come, let us have something of the sine arts. That was a damn'd hard match betwixt the Nailor and Tim Bucket. The knowing ones were cursedly taken in there! I lost a cool hundred myself, faith."

At mention of the cool hundred, the grazier threw his eyes aflant, with a mingled look of doubt and furprife; while the man at his elbow looked arch, and gave a short emphatical fort of cough.

Both seemed to be silenced, however, by this intelligence; and, while the remainder

mainder of the punch lasted, the conversation was wholly engrossed by the gentleman with the fine wailtcoat, who told a great many " immense comical stories," and " confounded smart things," as he termed them, afted and spoken by lords, ladies, and young bucks of quality, of his acquaintance. At last, the grazier, pulling out a watch, of a very unufual fize, and telling the hour, faid, that he had an appointment. " Is it fo late? faid the young gentleman; then I am afraid I have miffed an appointment already; but the truth is, I am curfedly given to missing of appointments."

When the grazier and he were gone, Harley turned to the remaining perfonage, and asked him, If he knew that young gentleman? "A gentleman!

faid he; ay, he is one of your gentlemen, at the top of an affidavit. I knew him, some years ago, in the quality of a footman; and, I believe, he had fometimes the honour to be a pimp. At last, some of the great folks, to whom he had been serviceable in both capacities, had him made a gauger; in which station he remains, and has the affurance to pretend an acquaintance with men of quality. The impudent dog! with a few shillings in his pocket, he will talk you three times as much as my friend Mundy there, who is worth nine thousand, if he's worth a farthing. But I know the rascal, and despise him as he deferves."

Harley began to despise him too, and to conceive some indignation at having sat with patience to hear such a sellow

CHAP

D 2 fpeak

speak nonsense. But he corrected himfelf, by reflecting, that he was perhaps as well entertained, and instructed too, by this same modest gauger, as he should have been by such a man as he had thought proper to personate. And furely the fault may more properly be imputed to that rank where the futility is real, than where it is feigned; to that rank, whose opportunities for nobler accomplishments have only ferved to rear a fabric of folly, which the untutored hand of affectation, even among the meanest of mankind, can imitate with fuccess.

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CHAP. XX.

He visits Bedlam .- The distresses of a daughter.

F those things called Sights in London, which every stranger is supposed desirous to see, Bedlam is one. To that place, therefore, an acquaintance of Harley's, after having accompanied him to feveral other shows, proposed a visit. Harley objected to it, " because, said he, I think it an inhuman practice to expose the greatest mifery with which our nature is afflicted. to every idle visitant who can afford a trifling perquifite to the keeper; especially as it is a distress which the humane must see with the painful reflection, that it is not in their power to D 3 alleviate

alleviate it." He was overpowered, however, by the folicitations of his friend and the other persons of the party (amongst whom were several ladies); and they went in a body to Moorsields.

Their conductor led them first to the difmal mansions of those who are in the most horrid state of incurable madness. The clanking of chains, the wildness of their cries, and the imprecations which some of them uttered, formed a scene inexpressibly shocking. Harley and his companions, especially the female part of them, begged their guide to return : he feemed surprised at their uneasiness, and was with difficulty prevailed on to leave that part of the house without flowing them some others; who, as he expressed it in the phrase of those that keep

keep wild beafts for flow, were much better worth feeing than any they had paffed, being ten times more fierce and unmanageable.

He led them next to that quarter where those reside, who, as they are not dangerous to themselves or others, enjoy a certain degree of freedom, according to the state of their distemper.

Harley had fallen behind his companions, looking at a man, who was making pendulums with bits of thread, and little balls of clay. He had delineated a fegment of a circle on the wall with chalk, and marked their different vibrations, by interfecting it with cross lines. A decent looking man came up, and smiling at the maniac, turned to Harley, and told him, that gentleman

D4 had

had once been a very celebrated mathematician. " He fell a facrifice, said he, to the theory of comets; for having, with infinite labour, formed a table on the conjectures of Sir Isaac Newton, he was disappointed in the return of one of those luminaries, and was very soon after obliged to be placed here by his friends. If you please to follow me, Sir, continued the stranger, I believe I shall be able to give you a more fatiffactory account of the unfortunate people you fee here, than the man who attends your companions." Harley bowed, and accepted his offer.

The next person they came up to had scrawled a variety of figures on a piece of slate. Harley had the curiosity to take a nearer view of them. They consisted of different columns, on the top

of which were marked South-fea annuities, India-stock, and Three per cent. annuities confol. "This, faid Harley's instructor, was a gentleman. well known in Change alley. He was once worth fifty thousand pounds, and had actually agreed for the purchase of an estate in the West, in order to realize his money; but he quarrelled with the proprietor about the repairs of the garden-wall, and fo returned to town to follow his old trade of stock-jobbing a little longer; when an unlucky fluctuation of stock, in which he was engaged to an immense extent, reduced him at once to poverty and to madness. Poor wretch! he told me t'other day, that against the next payment of differences, he should be some hundreds above a plum."-

"It is a spondee, and I will maintain it," interrupted a voice on his left hand. This affertion was followed by a very rapid recital of some verses from Homer. "That figure, faid the gentleman, whose clothes are so bedaubed with fnuff, was a schoolmaster of some reputation: he came hither to be refolved of some doubts he entertained concerning the genuine pronunciation of the Greek vowels. In his highest fits, he makes frequent mention of one Mr. Bentley.

"But delusive ideas, Sir, are the motives of the greatest part of mankind, and a heated imagination the power by which their actions are incited: the world, in the eye of a philosopher, may be said to be a large madhouse." "It is true, answered Harley, the passions

of men are temporary madnesses; and sometimes very satal in their effects.

From Macedonia's madman to the Swede."

"It was indeed, faid the stranger, a very mad thing in Charles, to think of adding so vast a country as Russia to his dominions; that would have been satal indeed; the balance of the North would then have been lost; but the Sultan and I would never have allowed it."—"Sir!" said Harley, with no small surprise on his countenance. "Why, yes, answered the other, the Sultan and I; do you know me? I am the Chan of Tartary."

Harley was a good deal struck by this discovery; he had prudence enough,

D 6 however,

however, to conceal his amazement, and bowing as low to the monarch, as his dignity required, left him immediately, and joined his companions.

He found them in a quarter of the house set apart for the insane of the other sex, several of whom had gathered about the semale visitors, and were examining, with rather more accuracy than might have been expected, the particulars of their dress.

Separate from the rest stood one, whose appearance had something of superior dignity. Her sace, though pale and wasted, was less squalid than those of the others, and showed a dejection of that decent kind, which moves our pity unmixed with horror: upon her, therefore, the eyes of all were immediately turned.

turned. The keeper, who accompanied them, observed it: "This, said he, is a young lady, who was born to ride in her coach and fix. She was beloved, if the story I have heard is true, by a young gentleman, her equal in birth, though by no means her match in fortune: but love, they fay, is, blind, and so she fancied him as much as he did her. Her father, it feems, would not hear of their marriage, and threatened to turn her out of doors, if ever she saw him again. Upon this the young gentleman took a voyage to the West Indies, in hopes of bettering his fortune, and obtaining his mistress; but he was scarce landed, when he was feized with one of the fevers which are common in those islands, and died in a few days, lamented by every one that knew him. This news foon reached

his mistress, who was at the same time pressed by her father to marry a rich miserly fellow, who was old enough to be her grandfather. The death of her lover had no effect on her inhuman parent: he was only the more earnest for her marriage with the man he had provided for her; and what between her despair at the death of the one, and her aversion to the other, the poor young lady was reduced to the condition you fee her in. But God would not profper fuch cruelty; her father's affairs foon after went to wreck, and he died almost a beggar."

Though this flory was told in very plain language, it had particularly attracted Harley's notice; he had given it the tribute of some tears. The unfortunate young lady had till now seem-

ed entranced in thought, with her eyes fixed on a little garnet ring she wore on her finger: she turned them now upon Harley. "My Billy is no more! faid she, do you weep for my Billy? Blessings on your tears! I would weep too, but my brain is dry; and it burns, it burns, it burns!"-She drew nearer to Harley .- " Be comforted, young lady, faid he, your Billy is in heaven."-" Is he, indeed? and shall we meet again? and shall that frightful man (pointing to the keeper) not be there?-Alas! I am grown naughty of late; I have almost forgotten to think of heaven: yet I pray sometimes; when I can, I pray; and fometimes I fing; when I am faddest, I sing :- You shall hear me, hush! band and bandyari

"Light be the earth on Billy's breaft,
And green the fod that wraps his
grave!"

There was a plaintive wildness in the air not to be withstood; and except the keeper's, there was not an unmoistened eye around her.

"Do you weep again? faid she; I would not have you weep: you are like my Billy: you are, believe me; just so he looked when he gave me this ring; poor Billy! 'twas the last time ever we met!—

have almost coverence to think of hea-

"'Twas when the seas were roaring—I love you for resembling my Billy; but I shall never love any man like him."—She stretched out her hand to Harley; he pressed it between both of his, and bathed

bathed it with his tears .- " Nay, that is Billy's ring, faid she, you cannot have it, indeed; but here is another, look here, which I plated to-day of fome gold-thread from this bit of stuff; will you keep it for my fake? I am a strange girl; -but my heart is harmless: my poor heart; it will burst some day; feel how it beats!"-She press'd his hand to her bosom, then holding her head in the attitude of listening-" Hark! one, two, three! be quiet, thou little trembler; my Billy's is cold! -but I had forgotten the ring."-She put it on his finger .- " Farewell! I must leave you now."- She would have withdrawn her hand; Harley held it to his lips .- " I dare not stay longer; my head throbs fadly: farewell!"-She walked with a hurried step to a little apartment at some distance. Harley flood CHAP

flood fixed in astonishment and pity! his friend gave money to the keeper.— Harley looked on his ring.—He put a couple of guineas into the man's hand: "Be kind to that unfortunate"—He burst into tears, and left them.

and one poor bears, it will bork bome they, feel how it bears!"—She prefe it his mand to her bottom, then nothing out head in the studiede of Islanding—a Hark i one, two, three! be quet, then little translers my Bally's is cold!—but I had forguten the ring."—She put it on his inner,—"Farewell! I

wichdiscon her had it it aries lield it to his for a fidne nor has longers; who head with a history lines of I -- The wallood with a history death at II de

CHAP. XXI.

The Misantbropist.

HE friend, who had conducted him to Moorfields, called upon him again the next evening. After fome talk on the adventures of the preceding day; "I carried you yesterday, faid he to Harley, to visit the mad; let me introduce you to-night, at supper, to one of the wife: but you must not look for any thing of the Socratic pleafantry about him; on the contrary, I warn you to expect the spirit of a Diogenes. That you may be a little prepared for his extraordinary manner, I will let you into some particulars of his history. ics nature, bose with onlience

"He is the elder of the two sons of a gentleman of confiderable estate in the country. Their father died when they were young: both were remarkable at school for quickness of parts, and extent of genius; this had been bred to no profession, because his father's fortune, which descended to him, was thought fufficient to fet him above it; the other was put apprentice to an eminent attorney. In this the expectations of his friends were more consulted than his own inclination; for both his brother and he had feelings of that warm kind, that could ill brook a fludy fo dry as the law, especially in that department of it which was allotted to him. But the difference of their tempers made the characteristical distinction between them. The younger, from the gentleness of his nature, bore with patience a situa-

tion entirely discordant to his genius and disposition. At times, indeed, his pride would fuggest, of how little importance those talents were, which the partiality of his friends had often extolled: they were now incumbrances in a walk of life where the dull and the ignorant passed him at every turn; his fancy and his feeling were invincible obstacles to eminence in a situation, where his fancy had no room for exertion, and his feeling experienced perpetual difgust. But these murmurings he never fuffered to be heard; and that he might not offend the prudence of those who had been concerned in the choice of his profession, he continued to labour in it feveral years, till, by the death of a relation, he succeeded to an estate of a little better than 1001, a year, with which, and the small patrimony left

left him, he retired into the country, and made a love-match with a young lady of a temper fimilar to his own, with whom the fagacious world pitied him for finding happiness.

" But his elder brother, whom you are to see at supper, if you will do us the favour of your company, was naturally impetuous, decisive, and overbearing. He entered into life with those ardent expectations by which young men are commonly deluded: in his friendships, warm to excess; and equally violent in his dislikes. He was on the brink of marriage with a young lady when one of those friends, for whose honour he would have pawned his life, made an elopement with that very goddess, and left him besides deeply engaged for sums which that THE MAN OF FEELING. 71 that good friend's extravag nad fquandered.

"The dreams he had formerly enjoyed were now changed for ideas of a very different nature. He abjured all confidence in any thing of human form; fold his lands, which still produced him a very large reversion, came to town, and immured himself with a woman who had been his nurse, in little better than a garret; and has ever fince applied his! talents to the vilifying of his species. In one thing I must take the liberty to instruct you; however different your fentiments may be (and different they must be), you will suffer him to go on without contradiction; otherwise he will be filent immediately, and we shall not get a word from him all the night after." Harley promised to remember

this injunction, and accepted the invitation of his friend.

When they arrived at the house, they were informed that the gentleman was come, and had been shown into the parlour. They found him fitting with a daughter of his friend's about three years old, on his knee, whom he was teaching the alphabet from a hornbook: at a little distance stood a sister of hers, fome years older. "Get you away, Miss, said he to this last, you are a pert goffip, and I will have nothing to do with you." " Nay, answered she, Nancy is your favourite; you are quite in love with Nancy." " Take away that girl, faid he to her father, whom he now observed to have entered the room; she has woman about her already." The children were accordingly dismissed.

Betwixt

Betwixt that and supper-time he did not utter a syllable. When supper came, he quarreled with every dish at table, but eat of them all; only exempting from his censures a sallad, which you have not spoiled, said he, because you have not attempted to cook it.

When the wine was fet upon the table, he took from his pocket a particular fmoking apparatus, and filled his pipe, without taking any more notice of Harley, or his friend, than if no fuch perfons had been in the room.

Harley could not help stealing a look of surprise at him; but his friend, who knew his humour, returned it, by annihilating his presence in the like manner, and, leaving him to his own me-

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ditations.

74 THE MAN OF FEELING. ditations, addressed himself entirely to Harley.

In their discourse some mention happened to be made of an amiable character, and the words bonour and politeness were applied to it. Upon this the gentleman, laying down his pipe, and changing the tone of his countenance, from an ironical grin to fomething more intently contemptuous: "Honour, faid he, Honour and Politeness! this is the coin of the world, and passes current with the fools of it. You have substituted the shadow Honour, instead of the substance Virtue; and have banished the reality of friendship for the fictitious femblance, which you have termed Politeness: politeness, which confifts in a certain ceremonious jargon, more ridiculous to the ear of reason than

than the voice of a puppet. You have invented founds, which you worship, though they tyrannize over your peace; and are furrounded with empty forms, which take from the honest emotions of joy, and add to the poignancy of miffortune,"-" Sir!" faid Harley-His friend winked to him, to remind him of the caution he had received. He was filenced by the thought-The philofopher turned his eye upon him: he examined him from top to toe, with a fort of triumphant contempt. Harley's coat happened to be a new one; the other's was as shabby as could possibly be supposed to be on the back of a gentleman : there was much fignificance in his look with regard to this coat: it spoke of the fleekness of folly, and the threadbareness of wisdom.

E 2 "Truth,

Truth, continued he, the most amiable, as well as the most natural of virtues, you are at pains to eradicate. Your very nurseries are seminaries of falsehood; and what is called Fashion in manhood, completes the fystem of avowed infincerity. Mankind, in the gross, is a gaping monster, that loves to be deceived, and has feldom been disappointed: nor is their vanity less fallacious to your philosophers, who adopt modes of truth to follow them through the paths of error, and defend paradoxes merely to be fingular in defending them. These are they whom ye term Ingenious; itis a phrase of commendation I detest; it implies an attempt to impose on my judgment, by flattering my imagination: yet these are they whose works are read by the old with delight, which the young are taught

THE MAN OF FEELING, 77 to look upon as the codes of knowledge and philosophy.

"Indeed, the education of your youth is every way preposterous; you waste at school years in improving talents, without having ever fpent an hour in difcovering them; one promiscuous line of instruction is followed, without regard to genius, capacity, or probable fituation in the commonwealth. From this bear-garden of the pedagogue, a raw unprincipled boy is turned loofe upon the world to travel; without any ideas but those of improving his dress at Paris, or starting into taste by gazing on some paintings at Rome. Ask him of the manners of the people, and he will tell you, That the skirt is worn much shorter in France, and that every body eats macaroni in Italy. When he re-

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turns

turns home, he buys a feat in parliament, and studies the constitution at Arthur's.

- "Nor are your females trained to any more useful purpose: they are taught, by the very rewards which their nurses propose for good behaviour, by the first thing like a jest which they hear from every male visitor of the family, that a young woman is a creature to be married; and when they are grown somewhat older, are instructed, that it is the purpose of marriage to have the enjoyment of pin-money, and the expectation of a jointure."
- * "These indeed are the effects of luxury, which is perhaps inseparable from

^{*} Though the Curate could not remember, having shown this chapter to any body, I strongly fuspect

from a certain degree of power and grandeur in a nation. But it is not fimply of the progress of luxury that we have to complain: did its votaries keep in their own sphere of thoughtless dissipation, we might despise them without emotion; but the frivolous pursuits of pleasure are mingled with the most important concerns of the state; and public enterprise shall sleep till he who should guide its operation has decided his bets at Newmarket, or fulfilled his engagement with a favourite mistress in

suspect that these political observations are the work of a later pen than the rest of this performance. There seems to have been, by some accident, a gap in the manuscript, from the words, "Expectation of a jointure," to these, "In short, man is an animal," where the present blank ends; and some other person (for the hand is different, and the ink whiter) has filled part of it with sentiments of his own. Wheever he was, he seems to have caught some portion of the spirit of the man he personates.

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the country. We want some man of acknowledged eminence to point our counsels with that firmness which the counsels of a great people require. We have hundreds of ministers, who press forward into office, without having ever learned that art which is necessary for every business, the art of thinking; and mistake the petulance, which could give inspiration to smart farcasms on an obnoxious measure in a popular assembly, for the ability which is to balance the interest of kingdoms, and investigate the latent fources of national superiority. With the administration of such men the people can never be fatisfied; for besides that their considence is gained only by the view of superior talents, there needs that depth of knowledge, which is not only acquainted with the just extent of power, but can

also

also trace its connexion with the expedient, to preserve its possessions from the contempt which attends irresolution, or theresentment which follows temerity."

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[Here a considerable part is wanting.]

* * " In short, man is an animal equally felfish and vain. (Vanity, indeed, is but a modification of selfishness. From the latter, there are some who pretend to be free: they are generally fuch as declaim against the lust of wealth and power, because they have never been able to attain any high degree in either: they boast of generosity and feeling. They tell us (perhaps they tell us in rhime) that the fensations of an honest heart, of a mind universally benevolent, make up the quiet blis which they en-E 5 joy;

joy; but they will not, by this, be exempted from the charge of felfishness. Whence the luxurious happiness they describe in their little family-circles? Whence the pleasure which they feel, when they trim their evening fires, and liften to the howl of winter's wind? Whence, but from the fecret reflection of what houseless wretches feel from it? Or do you administer comfort in affliction—the motive is at hand; I have had it preached to me in nineteen out of twenty of your consolatory discoursesthe comparative littleness of our own misfortunes.

grossly tainted: your best virtues are grossly tainted: your benevolence, which ye deduce immediately from the natural impulse of the heart, squints to it for its reward. There are some, indeed, who

tell

tell us of the satisfaction which flowsfrom a secret consciousness of good actions: this secret satisfaction is truly excellent—when we have some friend to whom we may discover its excellence."

He now paused a moment to relight his pipe, when a clock, that stood at his back, struck eleven; he started up at the found, took his hat and his cane, and nodding good night with his head, walked out of the room. The gentleman of the house called a servant to. bring the stranger's surtout. "What fort of a night is it, fellow?" faid he. "It rains, Sir, answered the servant, with an eafterly wind."-"Eafterly for ever!"-He made no other reply ;. but shrugging up his shoulders till they almost touched his ears, wrapped himself tight in his great coat, and disappeared.

E.6 "This

"This is a strange creature," said his friend to Harley. "I cannot say, answered he, that his remarks are of the pleasant kind: it is curious to observe how the nature of truth may be changed by the garb it wears; sostened to the admonition of friendship, or sourced into the severity of reproof: yet this severity may be useful to some tempers; it somewhat resembles a sile; disagreeable in its operation, but hard metals may be the brighter for it."

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CHAP. XXV.

His skill in physiognomy.

HE company at the baronet's removed to the playhouse accordingly, and Harley took his usual route into the Park. He observed, as he entered, a fresh-looking elderly gentleman in conversation with a beggar, who, leaning on his crutch, was recounting the hardships he had undergone, and explaining the wretchedness of his prefent condition. This was a very interesting dialogue to Harley; he was rude enough therefore to flacken his pace as he approached, and at last to make a full ftop at the gentleman's back, who was just then expressing his compassion for the beggar, and regretting that he had

had not a farthing of change about him. At faying this he looked piteously on the fellow: there was something in his physiognomy which caught Harley's notice: indeed physiognomy was one of Harley's foibles, for which he had been often rebuked by his aunt in the country; who used to tell him, that when he was come to her years and experience, he would know that all's not gold that glisters: and it must be owned, that his aunt was a very fensible, harshlooking, maiden-lady of threescore and upwards. But he was too apt to forget this caution; and now, it feems, it had not occurred to him: stepping up, therefore, to the gentleman, who was lamenting the want of filver, "Your intentions, Sir, said he, are so good, that I cannot help lending you my affistance to carry them into execution," and:

had

and gave the beggar a shilling. The other returned a suitable compliment, and extolled the benevolence of Harley. They kept walking together, and benevolence grew the topic of discourse.

The stranger was fluent on the subject. "There is no use of money, said he, equal to that of beneficence: with the profuse, it is lost; and even with those who lay it out according to the prudence of the world, the objects acquired by it pall on the sense, and have scarce become our own till they lose their value with the power of pleasing; but here the enjoyment grows on reflection, and our money is most truly ours, when it ceases being in our possession."

"Yet I agree in some measure, anfwered Harley, with those who think,

that charity to our common beggars is often misplaced; there are objects less obtrusive whose title is a better one."

"We cannot easily diffinguish, said the stranger; and even of the worthless, are there not many whose impudence, or whose vice, may have been one dreadful consequence of missortune?"

Harley looked again in his face, and bleffed himfelf for his skill in physiognomy.

By this time they had reached the end of the walk, the old gentleman leaning on the rails to take breath, and in the mean time they were joined by a younger man, whose figure was much above the appearance of his dress, which was poor and shabby: Harley's former compa-

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nion addressed him as an acquaintance, and they turned on the walk together.

The elder of the strangers complained of the closeness of the evening, and asked the other, if he would go with him into a house hard by, and take one draught of excellent cyder. " The man who keeps this house, said he to Harley, was once a fervant of mine: I could not think of turning loofe upon the world a faithful old fellow, for no other reason but that his age had incapacitated him; fo I gave him an annuity of ten pounds, with the help of which he has fet up this little place here, and his daughter goes and fells milk in the city, while her father manages his taproom, as he calls it, at home. I can't well ask a gentleman of your appearance to accompany me to fo paltry a place."

place."—" Sir, replied Harley, interrupting him, I would much rather enter it than the most celebrated tavern in town: to give to the necessitous, may fometimes be a weakness in the man; to encourage industry, is a duty in the citizen." They entered the house accordingly.

On a table at the corner of the room lay a pack of cards, loofely thrown together. The old gentleman reproved the man of the house for encouraging so idle an amusement. Harley attempted to defend him, from the necessity of accommodating himself to the humour of his guests, and taking up the cards, began to shuffle them backwards and forwards in his hand. "Nay, I don't think cards so unpardonable an amusement as some do, replied the other, and

now and then, about this time of the evening, when my eyes begin to fail me for my book, I divert myself with a game at piquet, without finding my morals a bit relaxed by it." "Do you play piquet, Sir?" (to Harley) Harley answered in the affirmative; upon which the other proposed playing a pool at a shilling the game, doubling the stakes; adding, that he never played higher with any body.

Harley's good nature could not refuse the benevolent old man; and the younger stranger, though he at first pleaded prior engagements, yet being earnestly solicited by his friend, at last yielded to solicitation.

When they began to play, the old gentleman, fomewhat to the furprise of Harley,

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Harley, produced ten shillings to serve for markers of his fcore. " He had no change for the beggar, faid Harley to himself; but I can easily account for it; fit is curious to observe the affection that inanimate things will create in us by a long acquaintance: if I may judge from my own feelings, the old man would not part with one of these counters for ten times its intrinsic value; it even got the better of his benevolence! I myself have a pair of old brass sleeve-buttons"-Here he was interrupted by being told, that the old gentleman had beat the younger, and that it was his turn totake up the conqueror. "Your game has been short," faid Harley. piqued him," answered the old man, with joy sparkling in his countenance. Harley wished to be repiqued too, but he was disappointed; for he had the fame

fame good fortune against his opponent. Indeed, never did fortune, mutable as fhe is, delight in mutability fo much as at that moment: the victory was fo quick, and so constantly alternate, that the stake, in a short time, amounted to no less a sum than 121. Harley's proportion of which was within half a guinea of the money he had in his pocket. He had before proposed a division, but the old gentleman opposed it with fuch a pleasant warmth in his manner, that it was always over-ruled. Now, however, he told them, that he had an appointment with fome gentlemen, and it was within a few minutes of his hour. The young stranger had gained one game, and was engaged in the fecond with the other; they agreed therefore that the stake should be divided, if the old gentleman won that; which was

more than probable, as his score was 90 to 35, and he was elder hand; but a momentous repique decided it in favour of his adversary, who seemed to enjoy his victory mingled with regret, for having won too much, while his friend, with great ebullience of passion, many praises of his own good play, and many maledictions on the power of chance, took up the cards, and threw them into the fire.

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CHAP. XXVI.

The Man of Feeling in a brothel.

HE company he was engaged to meet were assembled in Fleetstreet. He had walked some time along the Strand, amidst a crowd of those wretches who wait the uncertain wages of proflitution, with ideas of pity fuitable to the scene around him, and the feelings he possessed, and had got as far as Somerset-house, when one of them laid hold of his arm, and, with a voice tremulous and faint, asked him for a pint of wine, in a manner more fupplicatory than is usual with those whom the infamy of their profession has deprived of shame: he turned round at the demand, and looked stedfastly on the person who made it.

She was above the common fize, and elegantly formed; her face was thin and hollow, and showed the remains of tarnished beauty. Her eyes were black, but had little of their lustre left: her cheeks had some paint laid on without art, and productive of no advantage to her complexion, which exhibited a deadly paleness on the other parts of her face.

Harley stood in the attitude of hesitation; which she interpreting to her advantage, repeated her request, and endeavoured to force a leer of invitation into her countenance. He took her arm, and they walked on to one of those obsequious taverns in the neighbourhood, where the dearness of the wine is a discharge in full for the character of the house. From what impulse he did this,

this, we do not mean to enquire; as it has ever been against our nature to fearch for motives where bad ones are to be found.—They entered, and a waiter shewed them a room, and placed a bottle of claret on the table.

Harley filled the lady's glass; which she had no sooner tasted, than dropping it on the sloor, and eagerly catching his arm, her eye grew fixed, her lip assumed a clayey whiteness, and she fell back lifeless in her chair.

Harley started from his seat, and, catching her in his arms, supported her from falling to the ground, looking wildly at the door, as if he wanted to run for assistance, but durst not leave the miserable creature. It was not till some minutes after, that it occurred to

him to ring the bell, which at last however he thought of, and rung with repeated violence even after the waiter. appeared. Luckily the waiter had his fenses somewhat more about him; and fnatching up a bottle of water, which stood on a buffet at the end of the room, he sprinkled it over the hands and face of the dying figure before him. She began to revive, and with the affiftance of some hartshorn drops, which Harley now for the first time drew from his pocket, was able to defire the waiter to bring her a crust of bread; of which the fwallowed fome mouthfuls with the appearance of the keenest hunger. The waiter withdrew: when turning to Harley, fobbing at the same time, and shedding tears, " I am forry, Sir, faid she, that I should have given you so much trouble; but you will pity me when I

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tell you, that till now I have not tafted a morfel thefe two days past."—Hefixed his eyes on her's-every circumstance but the last was forgotten; and he took her hand with as much respect as if she had been a dutchess. It was ever the privilege of misfortune to be revered by him,-" Two days!-faid he; and I have fared sumptuoufly every day !"-He was reaching to the bell; she understood his meaning, and prevented him. "I beg, Sir, faid she, that you would give yourfelf no more trouble about a wretch who does not wish to live; but, at prefent, I could not eat a bit; my stomach even rose at the last mouthful of that crust.-He offered to call a chair, faying, that he hoped a little rest would relieve her .- He had one halfguinea left: "I am forry, he faid, that at present I should be able to make you

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an offer of no more than this paltry fum."-She burst into tears: " Your generolity, Sir, is abused; to bestow it on me is to take it from the virtuous: I have no title but misery to plead; mifery of my own procuring." more of that, answered Harley; there is virtue in these tears; let the fruit of them be virtue."-He rung, and ordered a chair .- "Though I am the vileft of beings, faid she, I have not forgotten every virtue; gratitude, I hope, I shall still have left, did I but know who is my benefactor."-" My name is Harley"-" Could I ever have an opportunity"-" You shall, and a glorious one too! your future conduct-but I do not mean to reproach you-if, I fayit will be the noblest reward-I will do myself the pleasure of seeing you again." -Here the waiter entered, and told them

them the chair was at the door; thelady informed Harley of her lodgings, and he promifed to wait on her at ten next morning.

He led her to the chair, and returned to clear with the waiter, without ever once reflecting that he had no money in his pocket. He was ashamed to make an excuse; yet an excuse must be made: he was beginning to frame one, when the waiter cut him short, by telling him, that he could not run scores; but that, if he would leave his watch, or any other pledge, it would be as fafe as if it lay in his pocket. Harley jumped at the propofal, and pulling out his watch delivered it into his hands immediately; and having, for once, had the precaution to take a note of the lodging he intended to visit next morning, fallied F 3 forth

forth with a blush of triumph on his face, without taking notice of the sneer of the waiter, who, twirling the watch in his hand, made him a profound bow at the door, and whispered to a girl, who stood in the passage, something, in which the word CULLY was honoured with a particular emphasis.

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CHAP. XXVII.

His skill in physiognomy is doubted.

FTER he had been some time with the company he had appointed to meet, and the fast bottle was called for, he first recollected that he would be again at a loss how to difcharge his share of the reckoning. He applied therefore to one of them, with whom he was most intimate, acknowledging that he had not a farthing of money about him; and, upon being jocularly asked the reason, acquainted them with the two adventures we have just now related. One of the company asked him, if the old man in Hyde-park did not wear a brownish coat, with a narrow gold edging, and his companion an old green frock, with a buff-coloured

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waistcoat.

waistcoat. Upon Harley's recollecting that they did, "Then, said he, you may be thankful you have come off so well; they are two as noted sharpers, in their way, as in any town, and but t'other night took me in for a much larger sum: I had some thoughts of applying to a justice, but one does not like to be seen in those matters."

Harley answered, "That he could not but fancy the gentleman was mistaken, as he never saw a face promise more honesty than that of the old man he had met with."—"His face!" said a grave-looking man, who sat opposite to him, squirting the juice of his tobacco obliquely into the grate. There was something very emphatical in the action: for it was followed by a burst of laughter round the table. "Gentlemen, said Harley,

Harley, you are disposed to be merry; it may be as you imagine, for I confess myself ignorant of the town: but there is one thing which makes me bear the loss of my money with temper: the young fellow who won it must have been miserably poor; I observed him borrow money for the stake from his friend: he had distress and hunger in his countenance: be his character what it may, his necessities at least plead for him."-At this there was a louder laugh than before. "Gentlemen, faid the lawyer, one of whose conversations with Harley we have already recorded, here's a very pretty fellow for you: to have heard him talk some nights ago, as I did, you might have fworn he was a faint; yet now he games with sharpers, and loses his money; and is bubbled by a fine story invented by a whore, and pawns

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his watch; here are fanctified doings with a witness?"

"Young gentleman, said his friend on the other side of the table, let me advise you to be a little more cautious for the suture; and as for saces—you may look into them to know, whether a man's nose be a long or a short one."

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CHAP. XXVIII.

He keeps bis appointment.

HE last night's raillery of his companions was recalled to his remembrance when he awoke, and the colder homilies of prudence began to fuggest fome things which were nowise favourable for a performance of his promise to the unfortunate female he had met with before. He rose uncertain of his purpose; but the torpor of such considerations was feldom prevalent over the warmth of his nature. He walked fome turns backwards and forwards in his room; he recalled the languid form of the fainting wretch to his mind; he wept at the recollection of her tears. "Though I am the vilest of beings, I

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have

have not forgotten every virtue; gratitude, I hope, I shall still have left."he took a larger stride-" Powers of mercy that furround me! cried he, do ye not fmile upon deeds like these? to calculate the chances of deception is too tedious a business for the life of man!" -The clock struck ten !- When he was got down stairs, he found that he had forgot the note of her lodgings; he gnawed his lips at the delay: he was fairly on the pavement, when he recollected having left his purse; he did but just prevent himself from articulating an imprecation. He rushed a second time up into his chamber. "What a wretch I am, faid he; ere this time perhaps-" 'Twas a perhaps not to be born; -two vibrations of a pendulum would have served him to lock his bureau; -but they could not be spared.

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When he reached the house, and inquired for Miss Atkins (for that was the lady's name), he was shown up three pair of stairs into a small room lighted by one narrow lattice, and patched round with shreds of different-coloured paper. In the darkest corner stood something like a bed, before which a tattered coverlet hung by way of curtain. He had not waited long when she appeared. Her face had the glifter of new-washed tears on it. "I am ashamed, Sir, said she, that you should have taken this fresh piece of trouble about one so little worthy of it; but, to the humane, I know there is a pleasure in goodness for its own fake: if you have patience for the recital of my story, it may palliate, though it cannot excuse my faults." Harley bowed, as a fign of affent; and the began as follows:

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" I am the daughter of an officer, whom a fervice of forty years had advanced no higher than the rank of captain. I have had hints from himfelf, and been informed by others, that it was in some measure owing to those principles of rigid honour, which it was his boast to possess, and which he early inculcated on me, that he had been able to arrive at no better station. My mother died when I was a child; old enough to grieve for her death, but incapable of remembering her precepts. Though my father was doatingly fond of her, yet there were some fentiments in which they materially differed: she had been bred from her infancy in the strictest principles of religion, and took the morality of her conduct from the motives which an adherence to those principles suggested. My father, who who-

had been in the army from his youth, affixed an idea of pufillanimity to that virtue, which was formed by the doctrines, excited by the rewards, or guarded by the terrors of revelation; his darling idol was the honour of a foldier; a term which he held in fuch reverence, that he used it for his most facred affeveration. When my mother died, I was some time suffered to continue in those fentiments which her instructions had produced; but foon after, though, from respect to her memory, my father did not absolutely ridicule them, yet he shewed, in his discourse to others, so little regard to them, and at times fuggested to me motives of action so different, that I was foon weaned from opinions, which I began to consider as the dreams of superstition, or the artful inventions of defigning hypocrify. My mother's

mother's books were left behind at the different quarters we removed to, and my reading was principally confined to plays, novels, and those poetical descriptions of the beauty of virtue and honour, which the circulating libraries easily afforded.

"As I was generally reckoned handfome, and the quickness of my parts extolled by all our visitors, my father had a pride in showing me to the world. I was young, giddy, open to adulation, and vain of those talents which acquired it.

"After the last war, my father was reduced to half-pay; with which we retired to a village in the country, which the acquaintance of some genteel families who resided in it, and the cheapness

of living, particularly recommended. My father rented a small house, with a piece of ground sufficient to keep a horse for him, and a cow for the benefit of his family. An old man fervant managed his ground; while a maid, who had formerly been my mother's, and had fince been mine, undertook the care of our little dairy: they were affifted in each of their provinces by my father and me; and we paffed our time in a state of tranquillity, which he had always talked of with delight, and my train of reading had taught me to admire. Tomi menahan yan in he itarihan

"Though I had never feen the polite circles of the metropolis, the company my father had introduced me into had given me a degree of good-breeding, which foon discovered a superiority

over the young ladies of our village. I was quoted as an example of politeness, and my company courted by most of the considerable families in the neighbourhood.

"Amongst the houses where I was frequently invited, was Sir George Winbrooke's. He had two daughters nearly of my age, with whom, though they had been bred up in those maxims of vulgar doctrine, which my superior understanding could not but despite, yet as their good-nature led them to an imitation of my manners in every thing else, I cultivated a particular friendship.

"Some months after our first acquaintance, Sir George's eldest son came home from his travels. His figure, his address,

address, and conversation, were not unlike those warm ideas of an accomplished man which my favourite novels had taught me to form; and his fentiments, on the article of religion, were as liberal as my own: when any of these happened to be the topic of our difcourse, I, who before had been filent, from a fear of being fingle in opposition, now kindled at the fire he raised, and defended our mutual opinions with all the eloquence I was mistress of. He would be respectfully attentive all the while; and when I had ended, would raise his eyes from the ground, look at me with a gaze of admiration, and express his applause in the highest strain of encomium. This was an incense the more pleasing, as I seldom or never had met with it before; for the young gentlemen who visited Sir George were for

the most part of that athletic order, the pleasure of whose lives is derived from fox-hunting: these are seldom solicitous to please the women at all: or if they were, would never think of applying their slattery to the mind.

" Mr. Winbrooke observed the weakness of my soul, and took every occafion of improving the esteem he had gained. He asked my opinion of every author, of every fentiment, with that submissive distidence, which shewed an unlimited confidence in my understanding. I faw myself revered, as a superior being, by one whose judgment my vanity told me was not likely to err: preferred by him to all the other visitors of my fex, whose fortunes and rank should have entitled them to a much higher degree of notice: I faw their little

little jealousies at the distinguished attention he paid me; it was gratitude, it was pride, it was love! Love which had made too fatal a progress in my heart, before any declaration on his part should have warranted a return: but I interpreted every look of attention, every expression of compliment, to the passion I imagined him inspired with, and imputed to his fensibility that silence which was the effect of art and defign. At length, however, he took an opportunity of declaring his love: he now expressed himself in such ardent terms, that prudence might have fufpected their fincerity; but prudence is rarely found in the fituation I had been unguardedly led into; besides, that the course of reading to which I had been accustomed, did not lead me to conclude, that his expressions could be too

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warm to be fincere: nor was I even alarmed at the manner in which he talked of marriage, a subjection, he often hinted, to which genuine love should fcorn to be confined. The woman, he would often fay, who had merit like mine to fix his affection, could eafily command it for ever. That honour too which I revered, was often called in to enforce his fentiments. I did not, however, absolutely affent to them; but I found my regard for their oppofites diminish by degrees. If it is dangerous to be convinced, it is dangerous to liften; for our reason is so much of a machine, that it will not always be able to resist, when the ear is perpetually affailed.

"In short, Mr. Harley, (for I tire you with a relation, the catastrophe of which

which you will already have imagined). I fell a prey to his artifices. He had not been able to thoroughly to convert me, that my conscience was silent on the subject; but he was so assiduous to give repeated proofs of unabated affection, that I hushed its suggestions as they rose. The world, however, I knew, was not to be filenced; and therefore I took occasion to express my uneafiness to my seducer, and entreat him, as he valued the peace of one to whom he professed such attachment, to remove it by a marriage. He made excuse from his dependance on the will of his father, but quieted my fears by the promise of endeavouring to win his affent. manun a renei zich beer f. "

" My father had been some days abfent on a visit to a dying relation, from whom

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whom he had confiderable expectations. I was left at home, with no other company than my books: my books I found were not now fuch companions as they used to be; I was restless, melancholy, unfatisfied with myfelf. But judge my fituation when I received a billet from Mr. Winbrooke informing me, that he had founded Sir George on the subject we had talked of, and found him fo averse to any match so unequal to his own rank and fortune, that he was obliged, with whatever reluctance, to bid adieu to a place, the remembrance of which should ever be dear to him.

"I read this letter a hundred times over. Alone, helpless, conscious of guilt, and abandoned by every better thought, my mind was one motley

scene of terror, confusion, and remorfe. A thousand expedients suggested themselves, and a thousand fears told me they would be vain: at last, in an agony of despair, I packed up a few clothes, took what money and trinkets were in the house, and set out for London, whither I understood he was gone, pretending to my maid, that I had received letters from my father requiring my immediate attendance. I had no other companion than a boy, a fervant to the man from whom I hired my horses. I arrived in London within an hour of Mr. Winbrooke, and accidentally alighted at the very inn where he was.

"He ftarted and turned pale when he faw me; but recovered himself in time enough to make many new protest-

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ations of regard, and beg me to make myself easy under a disappointment which was equally afflicting to him. He procured me lodgings, where I flept, or rather endeavoured to fleep, for that night. Next morning I faw him again; he then mildly observed on the imprudence of my precipitate flight from the country, and proposed my removing to lodgings at another end of the town, to elude the fearch of my father, till he should fall upon some method of excusing my conduct to him, and reconciling him to my return. We took a hackney-coach, and drove to the house he mentioned.

"It was fituated in a dirty lane, furnished with a taudry affectation of finery, with some old family-pictures hanging on walls which their own cobwebs

webs would better have fuited. I was struck with a secret dread at entering; nor was it lessened by the appearance of the landlady, who had that look of felfish shrewdness, which, of all others, is the most hateful to those whose feelings are untinctured with the world. A girl, who she told us was her niece, fat by her, playing on a guitar, while herfelf was at work, with the affiftance of spectacles, and had a prayer-book, with the leaves folded down in several places, lying on the table before her. Perhaps, Sir, I tire you with my minuteness; but the place, and every circumstance about it, is so impressed on my mind, that I shall never forget it.

"I dined that day with Mr. Winbrooke alone. He lost by degrees that restraint which I perceived too well to

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hang about him before, and, with his former gaiety and good-humour, repeated the flattering things, which, though they had once been fatal, I durst not now distrust. At last, taking my hand and kiffing it, "It is thus, faid he, that love will last, while freedom is preserved; thus let us ever be blest, without the galling thought that we are tied to a condition where we may cease to be fo." I answered, " That the world thought otherwise; that it had certain ideas of good fame, which it was impossible not to wish to maintain." "The world, faid he, is a tyrant; they are flaves who obey it: let us be happy without the pale of the world. Tomorrow I shall leave this quarter of it, for one, where the talkers of the world shall be foiled, and lose us. Could not my Emily accompany me? my friend,

my companion, the mistress of my soul! Nay, do not look so, Emily! your father may grieve for a while, but your father shall be taken care of; this bankbill I intend as the comfort for his daughter."

" I could contain myself no longer? "Wretch, I exclaimed, dost thou imagine that my father's heart could brook dependance on the destroyer of his child, and tamely accept of a base equivalent for her honour and his own!" " Honour, my Emily, faid he, is the word of fools, or of those wifer men who cheat them. 'Tis a fantastic bauble that does not fuit the gravity of your father's age; but, whatever it is, I am afraid it can never be perfectly restored to you: exchange the word then, and let pleasure be your object

now." At these words he clasped me in his arms, and pressed his lips rudely to my bosom. I started from my seat. "Perfidious villain! faid I, who dar'ft infult the weakness thou hast undone; were that father here, thy coward foul would thrink from the vengeance of his honour! Curft be that wretch who has deprived him of it! oh! doubly curft, who has dragged on his hoary head the infamy which should have crushed her own! I snatched a knife which lay befide me, and would have plunged it in my breast; but the monster prevented my purpose, and smiling with a grin of barbarous infult, " Madam, faid he, I confess you are rather too much in heroics for me: I am forry we should differ about trifles; but as I feem somehow to have offended you, I would willingly remedy it by taking my leave.

You have been put to some soolish expence in this journey on my account; allow me to reimburse you." So saying, he laid a bank-bill, of what amount I had no patience to see, upon the table. Shame, grief, and indignation, choaked my utterance; unable to speak my wrongs, and unable to bear them in silence, I fell in a swoon at his seet.

"What happened in the interval I cannot tell; but when I came to myfelf; I was in the arms of the landlady, with her niece chafing my temples, and doing all in her power for my recovery. She had much compassion in her countenance: the old woman assumed the softest look she was capable of, and both endeavoured to bring me comfort. They continued to show me many civi-

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lities, and even the aunt began to be less disagreeable in my sight. To the wretched, to the forlorn, as I was, small offices of kindness are endearing.

" Mean time my money was far fpent, nor did I attempt to conceal my wants from their knowledge. I had frequent thoughts of returning to my father; but the dread of a life of scorn is infurmountable. I avoided therefore going abroad when I had a chance of being feen by any former acquaintance, nor indeed did my health for a great while permit it; and fuffered the old woman, at her own fuggestion, to call me niece at home, where we now and then faw (when they could prevail on me to leave my room) one or two other elderly women, and fometimes a grave business-like man, who showed great com-

compassion for my indisposition, and made me very obligingly an offer of a room at his country-house for the recovery of my health. This offer I did not chuse to accept; but told my landlady, " that I should be glad to be employed in any way of business which my skill in needlework could recommend me to; confessing, at the same time, that I was afraid I should scarce be able to pay her what I already owed for board and lodging, and that for her other good offices, I had nothing but thanks to give her."

"My dear child, said she, do not talk of paying; since I lost my own sweet girl (here she wept), your very picture she was, Miss Emily, I have no body, except my niece, to whom I should leave any little thing I have been G 5 able

able to fave: you shall live with me, my dear; and I have sometimes a little millinery work, in which, when you are inclined to it, you may affift us. By the way, here are a pair of ruffles we have just finished for that gentleman you saw here at tea; a distant relation of mine, and a worthy man he is. 'Twas pity you refused the offer of an apartment at his country-house; my niece, you know, was to have accompanied you, and you might have fancied yourself at home: a most sweet place it is, and but a short mile beyond Hampstead. Who knows, Miss Emily, what effect fuch a visit might have had! if I had half your beauty, I should not waste it pining after e'er a worthless fellow of them all." I felt my heart swell at her words; I would have been angry if I could; but I was 3130

in that stupid state which is not easily awakened to anger: when I would have chid her, the reproof stuck in my throat; I could only weep!

"Her want of respect increased, as I had not spirit to affert it; my work was now rather imposed than offered, and I became a drudge for the bread I eat: but my dependance and servility grew in proportion, and I was now in a situation which could not make any extraordinary exertions to disengage itself from either; I sound myself with child.

"At last the wretch, who had thus trained me to destruction, hinted the purpose for which those means had been used. I discovered her to be an artful procures for the pleasures of G 6 those.

those, who are men of decency to the world in the midst of debauchery.

" I roused every spark of courage within me at the horrid propofal. She treated my passion at first somewhat mildly; but when I continued to exert it, she resented it with insult, and told me plainly, That if I did not foon comply with her defires, I should pay her every farthing I owed, or rot in a jail for life. I trembled at the thought; still, however, I refisted her importunities, and she put her threats in execution. I was conveyed to prison, weak from my condition, weaker from that struggle of grief and misery which for some time I had suffered. A miscarriage was the consequence.

" Amidst all the horrors of such a state, surrounded with wretches totally callous,

THE MAN OF FEELING. 133.

callous, lost alike to humanity and to shame, think, Mr. Harley, think what I endured: nor wonder that I at last yielded to the solicitations of that miscreant I had seen at her house, and sunk to the prostitution which he tempted. But that was happiness compared to what I have suffered since. He soon abandoned me to the common use of the town, and I was cast among those miserable beings in whose society I have since remained.

"Oh! did the daughters of virtue know our sufferings; did they see our hearts torn with anguish amidst the assectation of gaiety which our faces are obliged to assume! our bodies tortured by disease, our minds with that confciousness which they cannot lose! Did they know, did they think of this, Mr.

Harley!

Harley!—their censures are just; but their pity perhaps might spare the wretches whom their justice should condemn.

Last night, but for an exertion of benevolence which the insection of our insamy prevents even in the humane, had I been thrust out from this miserable place which misfortune has yet left me; exposed to the brutal insults of drunkenness, or dragged by that justice which I could not bribe, to the punishment which may correct, but, alas! can never amend the abandoned objects of its terrors. From that Mr. Harley, your goodness has relieved me."

He beckoned with his hand: he would have stopped the mention of his favours;

THE MAN OF FEELING. 135 favours; but he could not speak, had it been to beg a diadem.

She saw his tears; her fortitude began to fail at the fight, when the voice of some stranger on the stairs awakened her attention. She listened for a moment; then starting up, exclaimed, "Merciful God! my father's voice!"

She had scarce uttered the word, when the door burst open, and a man entered in the garb of an officer. When he discovered his daughter and Harley, he started back a few paces; his look affumed a furious wildness! he laid his hand on his sword. The two objects of his wrath did not utter a syllable. "Villain, he cried, thou sees a father who had once a daughter's honour to preserve; blasted as it now is, behold him ready to avenge its loss!"

Harley

Harley had by this time fome power of utterance. "Sir, faid he, if you will be a moment calm"-" Infamous coward! interrupted the other, dost thou preach calmness to wrongs like mine?" He drew his fword. " Sir, faid Harley, let me tell you"-The blood ran quicker to his cheek-his pulse beat one-no more-and regained the temperament of humanity !- " You are deceived, Sir, faid he, you are much deceived; but I forgive fuspicions which your misfortunes have justified: I would not wrong you, upon my foul I would not, for the dearest gratification of a thousand worlds; my heart bleeds for you!"

His daughter was now prostrate at his feet. "Strike, said she, strike here a wretch, whose misery cannot end but with that death she deserves." Her hair had

had fallen on her shoulders! her look had the horrid calmness of out-breathed despair! Her father would have spoken; his lip quivered, his cheek grew pale; his eyes lost the lightning of their fury! there was a reproach in them, but with a mingling of pity! He turned them up to heaven—then on his daughter.—He laid his left hand on his heart—the sword dropped from his right—he burst into tears.

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CHAP. XXIX.

The distresses of a father. 200 211

TARLEY kneeled also at the side of the unfortunate daughter: " Allow me, Sir, said he, ito entreat your pardon for one whose offences have been already fo fignally punished. I know, I feel, that those tears, wrung from the heart of a father, are more dreadful to her than all the punishments your fword could have inflicted: accept the contrition of a child whom heaven has restored to you." " Is she not lost, answered he, irrecoverably lost? Damnation! a common prostitute to the meanest ruffian!"-" Calmly, my dear Sir, faid Harley, did you know by what

what complicated misfortunes she had fallen to that miserable state in which you now behold her, I should have no need of words to excite your compaffion. Think, Sir, of what once she was! Would you abandon her to the infults of an unfeeling world, deny her opportunity of penitence, and cut off the little comfort that still remains for your afflictions and her own!" "Speak, faid he, addreffing himfelf to his daughter; speak, I will hear thee."-The desperation that supported her was lost; she fell to the ground, and bathed his feet with her tears !

Harley undertook her cause: he related the treacheries to which she had fallen a sacrifice, and again solicited the forgiveness of her father. He looked on her for some time in silence; the pride

pride of a foldier's honour checked for a while the yearnings of his heart; but nature at last prevailed, he fell on her neck, and mingled his tears with hers.

Harley, who discovered from the dress of the stranger that he was just arrived from a journey, begged that they would both remove to his lodgings, till he could procure others for them. Atkins looked at him with fome marks of furprise. His daughter now first recovered the power of speech: "Wretch as I am, faid she, yet there is some gratitude due to the preserver of your child. See him now before you. To him I owe my life, or at least the comfort of imploring your forgiveness before I die." " Pardon me, young gentleman, faid Atkins, I fear my paffion wronged you."

"Never, never, Sir, said Harley; if it had, your reconciliation to your daughter were an atonement a thousand fold." He then repeated his request that he might be allowed to conduct them to his lodgings; to which Mr. Atkins at last consented. He took his daughter's arm, "Come, my Emily, said he, we can never, never recover that happiness we have lost! but time may teach us to remember our missortunes with patience."

When they arrived at the house where Harley lodged, he was informed, that the first sloor was then vacant, and that the gentleman and his daughter might be accommodated there. While he was upon his enquiry, Miss Atkins informed her father more particularly what she owed to his benevolence.

When

When he turned into the room where they were, Atkins ran and embraced him; begged him again to forgive the offence he had given him, and made the warmest protestations of gratitude for his favours. We would attempt to describe the joy which Harley selt on this occasion, did it not occur to us, that one half of the world could not understand it though we did; and the other half will, by this time, have understood it without any description at all.

Miss Atkins now retired to her chamber, to take some rest from the violence of the emotions she had suffered. When she was gone, her father, addressing himself to Harley, said, "You have a right, Sir, to be informed of the present situation of one who owes so much

to your compassion for his misfortunes. My daughter I find has informed you what that was at the fatal juncture when they began. Her distresses you have heard, you have pitied as they deferved; with mine perhaps I cannot fo eafily make you acquainted. You have a feeling heart, Mr. Harley; I blefs it that it has faved my child; but you never were a father, a father, torn by that most dreadful of calamities, the dishonour of a child he doated on! You have been already informed of some of the circumstances of her elopement. I was then from home, called by the death of a relation, who, though he would never advance me a shilling on the utmost exigency in his life-time, left me all the gleanings of his frugality at his death. I would not write this intelligence

telligence to my daughter, because I intended to be the bearer myfelf; and as foon as my bufiness would allow me, I fet out on my return, winged with all the hafte of paternal affection. I fondly built those schemes of future happiness, which present prosperity is ever busy to fuggest: my Emily was concerned in them all. As I approached our little dwelling, myheart throbbed with the anticipation of joy and welcome. I imagined the cheering fire, the blissful contentment of a frugal meal, made luxurious by a daughter's smile: I painted to myself her surprise at the tidings of our new-acquired riches, our fond difputes about the disposal of them.

"The road was shortened by the dreams of happiness I enjoyed, and it began

THE MAN OF FEELING. 143.

began to be dark as I reached the house: I alighted from my horse, and walked foftly up stairs to the room we commonly fat in. I was fomewhat disappointed at not finding my daughter there. I rung the bell; her maid appeared, and shewed no finall figns of wonder at the She bleffed herfelf as fhe entered the room: I fmiled at her furprife. "Where is Miss Emily, Sir?" faid she. " Emily!" " Yes, Sir: she has been gone hence fome days, upon receipt of those letters you fent her." " Letters! faid I. "Yes, Sir; fo she told me, and went off in all haste that very night."

" I flood aghaft as she spoke; but was able fo far to recollect myfelf, as to put on the affectation of calmness, and telling her there was certainly fome mifbesided

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take in the affair, defired her to leave me.

"When she was gone, I threw myfelf into a chair in that state of uncertainty which is of all others the most
dreadful. The gay visions with which
I had delighted myself, vanished in an
instant: I was tortured with tracing
back the same circle of doubt and disappointment. My head grew dizzy as
I thought: I called the fervant again,
and asked her a hundred questions to no
purpose; there was not room even for
conjecture.

"Something at last arose in my mind, which we call Hope, without knowing what it is. I wished myself deluded by it; but it could not prevail over my returning fears. I rose and walked

walked through the room. My Emily's spinnet stood at the end of it, open, with a book of music folded down at fome of my favourite lessons. I touched the keys; there was a vibration in the found that froze my blood: I looked around, and methought the familypictures on the walls gazed on me with compassion in their faces. I sat down again with an attempt at more composure; I started at every creaking of the door, and my ears rung with imaginary noises!

"I had not remained long in this fituation, when the arrival of a friend, who had accidentally heard of my return, put an end to my doubts, by the recital of my daughter's dishonour. He told me he had his information from a young gentleman, to whom Win-

brooke had boasted of having seduced her.

"I started from my seat, with broken curses on my lips, and without knowing whither I should pursue them, ordered my servant to load my pistols, and saddle my horses. My friend, however, with great difficulty, persuaded me to compose myself for that night, promising to accompany me on the morrow to Sir George Winbrooke's in quest of his son.

"The morrow came, after a night fpent in a state little distant from madness. We went as early as decency would allow to Sir George's: he received me with politeness, and indeed compassion; protested his abhorrence of his son's conduct, and told me that he had set out some days before for London, on which place he had procured a draught

draught for a large fum, on pretence of finishing his travels; but that he had not heard from him since his departure.

" I did not wait for any more, either of information or comfort, but against the united remonstrances of Sir George and my friend, fet out instantly for London, with a frantic uncertainty of purpose; but there all manner of search was in vain. I could trace neither of them any farther than the inn where they first put up on their arrival; and after fome days fruitless inquiry, returned home destitute of every little hope that had hitherto supported me. The journeys I had made, the restless nights I had spent, above all, the perturbation of my mind, had the effect which naturally might be expected; a very dangerous fever was the consequence. From

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this,

this, however, contrary to the expectation of my physicians, I recovered. It was now that I first felt fomething like calmness of mind; probably from being reduced to a state which could not produce the exertions of anguish or despair. A stupid melancholy settled on my soul; I could endure to live with an apathy of life; at times I forgot my resentment, and wept at the remembrance of my child.

"Such has been the tenor of my days fince that fatal moment when these misfortunes began, till yesterday, that I received a letter from a friend in town, acquainting me of her present situation. Could such tales as mine, Mr. Harley, be sometimes suggested to the daughters of levity, did they but know with what anxiety the heart of a parent slutters round the child he loves, they would be

less apt to construe into harshness that delicate concern for their conduct, which they often complain of as laying restraint upon things, to the young, the gay, and the thoughtless, seemingly harmless and indifferent. Alas! I fondly imagined that I needed not even these common cautions! my Emily was the joy of my age, and the pride of my foul!-Those things are now no more! they are lost for ever! Her death I could have born! but the death of her honour has added obloquy and shame to that forrow which bends my grey hairs to the dust !"

As he fpoke these last words, his voice trembled in his throat; it was now lost in his tears! He sat with his sace half turned from Harley, as if he would have hid the forrow which he selt. Harley was in the same attitude H 4 himself;

himself; he durst not meet his eye with a tear; but gathering his stifled breath, "Let me intreat you, Sir, said he, to hope better things. The world is ever tyrannical; it warps our forrows to edge them with keener affliction: let us not be slaves to the names it affixes to motive or to action. I know an ingenuous mind cannot help feeling when they sting: but there are considerations by which it may be overcome: its fantastic ideas vanish as they rife; they teach us—to look beyond it."

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A FRAGMENT.

Showing bis success with the baronet.

*THE card he received was in the politest style in which disappointment could be communicated: the baronet " was under a necessity of giving up his application for Mr. Harley, as he was informed, that the leafe was engaged for a gentleman who had long ferved his majesty in another capacity, and whose merit had entitled him to the first lucrative thing that fhould be vacant." Even Harley could not murmur at fuch a disposal .- " Perhaps, faid he to himself, some warworn officer, who, like poor Atkins, H 5 had.

had been neglected from reasons which merited the highest advancement; whose honour could not stoop to solicit the preferment he deserved; perhaps, with a family, taught the principles of delicacy, without the means of supporting it; a wife and children—gracious heaven! whom my wishes would have deprived of bread."—

He was interrupted by his reverie by some one tapping him on the shoulder, and, on turning round, he discovered it to be the very man who had explained to him the condition of his gay companion at Hydepark-corner. "I am glad to see you, Sir, said he; I believe we are fellows in disappointment." Harley started, and said, that he was at a loss to understand him. "Poh! you need not be so shy, answered the other;

every one for himself is but fair, and I had much rather you had got it than the rascally gauger." Harley still protested his ignorance of what he meant. Why, the lease of Bancrost-manor; had not you been applying for it?" " I confess I was, replied Harley; but I cannot conceive how you should be interested in the matter."-" Why, I was making interest for it myself, faid he, and I think I had fome title: I voted for this same baronet at the last election, and made fome of my friends do fo too; though I would not have you imagine that I fold my vote; no, I scorn it, let me tell you, I scorn it; but I thought as how this man was staunch and true, and I find he's but a double-faced fellow after all, and speechifies in the house for any side he hopes to make most by. Oh! how H 6 many

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many fine speeches and squeezings by the hand we had of him on the canvas! " And if ever I shall be so happy as to have an opportunity of ferving you's A murrain on the smooth-tongued knave! and after all to get it for this pimp of a gauger."-" The gauger! there must be some mistake, said Harley! he writes me, that it was engaged for one whose long services"-" Services! interrupted the other; you shall hear: Services! Yes, his fifter arrived in town a few days ago, and is now fempstress to the baronet. A plague on all rogues! fays honest Sam Wrightfon: I shall but just drink damnation to them to-night, in a crown's-worth of Ashley's, and Leave London to-morrow by fun-rise."-" I shall leave it too," faid Harley! and fo he accordingly did.

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In passing through Piccadilly, he had observed on the window of an inn a notification of the departure of a stage-coach for a place in his road homewards; in the way back to his lodgings he took a seat in it for his return.

confident a more and his wife, who were going to pay a writte lone of their constructivities has a poung of their constructions of the world anaphina to quirtoises at middle world. Conservation who had been hirtheap to bouck become the country;

Harley, upon entering, discovered for our various fines, next the green a fair, which, when his named through of

CHAP. XXXIII.

He leaves London.—Characters in a stagecoach.

THE company in the stage-coach consisted of a grocer and his wife, who were going to pay a visit to some of their country friends; a young officer, who took this way of marching to quarters; a middle-aged gentle-woman, who had been hired as house-keeper to some family in the country; and an elderly well-looking man, with a remarkable old-fashioned periwig.

Harley, upon entering, discovered but one vacant seat, next the grocer's wife, which, from his natural shyness of temper, he made no scruple to occupy,

however aware that riding backwards always difagreed with him.

Though his inclination to physiognomy had met with fome rubs in the metropolis, he had not yet lost his attachment to that science: he set himself therefore to examine, as usual, the countenances of his companions. Here indeed he was not long in doubt as to the preference; for besides that the elderly gentleman, who fat opposite to him, had features by nature more expreffive of good dispositions, there was fomething in that periwig we mentioned, peculiarly attractive of Harley's regard.

He had not been long employed in these speculations, when he found himfelf attacked with that faintish sickness, which

which was the natural consequence of his fituation in the coach. The paleness of his countenance was first obferved by the housekeeper, who immediately made offer of her finellingbottle, which Harley however declined, telling at the same time the cause of his uneafiness. The gentleman on the opposite side of the coach now first turned his eye from the fide-direction in which it had been fixed, and begged Harley to exchange places with him, expressing his regret that he had not made the proposal before. Harley thanked him, and, upon being affured that both feats were alike to him, was about to accept of his offer, when the young gentleman of the fword, putting on an arch look, laid hold of the other's arm, " So, my old boy, faid he, I find you have still some youthful blood about

you, but, with your leave, I will do myself the honour of sitting by this lady;" and took his place accordingly. The grocer stared him as sull in the sace as his own short neck would allow; and his wife, who was a little round saced woman, with a great deal of colour in her cheeks, drew up at the compliment that was paid her, looking sirst at the officer, and then at the housekeeper.

This incident was productive of some discourse; for before, though there was sometimes a cough or a hem from the grocer, and the officer now and then humm'd a few notes of a song, there had not a single word passed the lips of any of the company.

Mrs. Grocer observed, how ill-convenient it was for people, who could

not be drove backwards, to travel in a stage. This brought on a differtation on stage coaches in general, and the pleasure of keeping a chay of one's own; which led to another, on the great riches of Mr. Deputy Bearskin, who, according to her, had once been of that industrious order of youths who fweep the croffings of the streets for the conveniency of paffengers, but, by various fortunate accidents, had now acquired an immense fortune, and kept his coach and a dozen livery-fervants. All this afforded ample fund for conversation, if conversation it might be called, that was carried on folely by the before-mentioned lady, nobody offering to interrupt her, except that the officer sometimes fignified his approbation by avariety of oaths, a fort of phraseology in which he feemed extremely verfant. She

She appealed indeed frequently to her husband for the authenticity of certain facts, of which the good man as often protested his total ignorance; but as he was always called fool, or something very like it, for his pains, he at last contrived to support the credit of his wife without prejudice to his conscience, and signified his affent by a noise not unlike the grunting of that animal which in shape and fatness he somewhat refembled.

The housekeeper, and the old gentleman who sat next to Harley, were now observed to be fast asleep; at which the lady, who had been at such pains to entertain them, muttered some words of displeasure, and, upon the officer's whispering to smoke the old put, both she and her husband purs'd up their mouths into a contemptuous smile. Harley

looked sternly on the grocer: "You are come, Sir, faid he, to those years when you might have learned fome reverence for age: as for this young man, who has fo lately escaped from the nurfery, he may be allowed to divert himfelf." " Dam'-me, Sir, faid the officer, do you call me young?" ftriking up the front of his hat, and stretching forward on his feat, till his face almost touched Harley's. It is probable, however, that he discovered something there which tended to pacify him; for on the lady's entreating them not to quarrel, he very foon refumed his pofture, and calmness together, and was rather less profuse of his oaths during the rest of the journey.

It is possible the old gentleman had waked time enough to hear the last part

of this discourse; at least (whether from that cause, or that he too was a physiognomist) he wore a look remarkably complacent to Harley, who, on his part, shewed a particular observance of him: indeed they had foon a better opportunity of making their acquaintance, as the coach arrived that night at the town where the officer's regiment lay, and the places of destination of their other fellow-travellers, it feems, were at no great distance; for next morning the old gentleman and Harley were the only paffengers remaining.

When they left the inn in the morning, Harley, pulling out a little pocket-book, began to examine the contents, and make some corrections with a pencil. "This, said he, turning to his

companion, is an amusement with which I sometimes pass idle hours at an inn: these are quotations from those humble poets, who trust their fame to the brittle tenure of windows and drinking-glaffes." " From our inns, returned the gentleman, a stranger might imagine that we were a nation of poets: machines at least containing poetry, which the motion of a journey emptied of their contents: is it from the vanity of being thought geniuses, or a mere mechanical imitation of the custom of others, that we are tempted to scrawl rhyme upon fuch places?"

"Whether vanity is the cause of our becoming rhimesters or not, answered Harley, it is a pretty certain effect of it. An old man of my acquaintance, who deals in apothegms, used to say, That he

had known few men without envy, few wits without ill-nature, and no poet without vanity; and I believe his remark is a pretty just one: vanity has been immemorially the charter of poets. In this the ancients were more honest than we are: the old poets frequently make boaftful predictions of the immortality their works shall acquire them; ours, in their dedications and prefatory discourses, employ much eloquence to praise their patrons, and much feeming modesty to condemn themselves, or at least to apologize for their productions to the world: but this, in my opinion, is the more affuming manner of the two; for of all the garbs I ever faw Pride put on, that of her humility is to me the most disgusting."

"It is natural enough for a poet to be vain, faid the stranger: the little worlds which he raises, the inspiration which he claims, may easily be productive of self-importance; though that inspiration is fabulous, it brings on egotism, which is always the parent of vanity."

"It may be supposed, answered Harley, that inspiration of old was an article of religious faith; in modern times it may be translated a propensity to compose; and I believe it is not always most readily found where the poets have fixed its residence, amidst groves and plains, and the scenes of pastoral retirement. The mind may be there unbent from the cares of the world; but it will frequently, at the same time, be unnerved from any great exertion: it will feel imperfect ideas which it cannot express,

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"There is at least, said the stranger, one advantage in the poetical inclination, that it is an incentive to philanthropy. There is a certain poetic ground, on which a man cannot tread without seelings that enlarge the heart: the causes of human depravity vanish before the romantic enthusiasm he professes, and many who are not able to reach the Parnassian heights, may yet approach so near as to be bettered by the air of the climate."

"I have always thought fo, replied Harley; but this is an argument with the prudent against it: they urge the danger of unfitness for the world."

" I allow it, returned the other; but I believe it is not always rightfully imputed to the bent for poetry: that is only one effect of the common cause.-Tack, fays his father, is indeed no scholar; nor could all the drubbings from his master ever bring him one step forward in his accidence or fyntax: but I intend him for a merchant. - Allow the fame indulgence to Tom .- Tom reads Virgil and Horace when he should be casting accounts; and but t'other day he pawned his great-coat for an edition of Shakespeare .- But Tom would have been as he is, though Virgil and Horace had never been born, though Shakespeare had died a link-boy; for his nurse will tell you, that when he was a child, he broke his rattle, to discover what it was that founded within it; and burnt the sticks of his go-cart, because

he liked to see the sparkling of timber in the fire.—'Tis a sad case; but what is to be done?—Why, Jack shall make a fortune, dine on venison, and drink claret.—Ay, but Tom—Tom shall dine with his brother, when his pride will let him; at other times, he shall bless God over a half-pint of ale and a Welsh-rabbit; and both shall go to heaven as they may.—That's a poor prospect for Tom, says the sather.—To go to heaven! I cannot agree with him."

"Perhaps, faid Harley, we now-a-days discourage the romantic turn a little too much. Our boys are prudent too soon. Mistake me not, I do not mean to blame them for want of levity or distipation; but their pleasures are those of hackneyed vice, blunted to every finer emotion by the repetition of debauch;

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and their defire of pleasure is warped to the defire of wealth, as the means of procuring it. The immense riches acquired by individuals have erected a standard of ambition, destructive of private morals, and of public virtue. The weakneffes of vice are left us; but the most allowable of our failings we are taught to de-I spise. Love, the passion most natural to the fensibility of youth, has lost the plaintive dignity he once possessed, for the unmeaning simper of a dangling coxcomb; and the only ferious concern, that of a dowry, is fettled, even amongst the beardless leaders of the dancingschool. The Frivolous and the Interested (might a fatirist say) are the characteristical features of the age; they are visible even in the effays of our philosophers. They laugh at the pedantry of our fathers, who complained of the times

in which they lived; they are at pains to perfuade us how much those were deceived; they pride themselves in defending things as they find them, and in exploding the barren founds which had been reared into motives for action. To this their style is suited; and the manly tone of reason is exchanged for perpetual efforts at fneer and ridicule. This I hold to be an alarming crisis in the corruption of a state; when not only is virtue declined, and vice prevailing, but when the praises of virtue are forgotten, and the infamy of vice unfelt."

They foon after arrived at the next inn upon the route of the stage-coach, when the stranger told Harley, that his brother's house, to which he was returning, lay at no great distance, and he

174 THE MAN OF FEELING. must therefore unwillingly bid him adieu.

"I should like, faid Harley, taking his hand, to have some word to remember so much seeming worth by: my name is Harley."—"I shall remember it, answered the old gentleman, in my prayers; mine is Silton."

And Silton indeed it was! Ben Silton himself! Once more, my honoured friend, farewell! — Born to be happy without the world, to that peaceful happiness which the world has not to bestow! Envy never scowled on thy life, nor hatred similed on thy grave.

CHAP. XXXIV.

He meets an old acquaintance.

HEN the stage-coach arrived at the place of its destination, Harley began to confider how he should proceed the remaining part of his journey. He was very civilly accosted by the master of the inn, who offered to accommodate him either with a post-chaise or horses, to any distance he had a mind: but as he did things frequently in a way different from what other people call natural, he refused these offers, and set out immediately a-foot, having first put a spare shirt in his pocket, and given directions for the forwarding of his portmanteau. This was a method of travelling which he was accustomed to take; it faved the trouble of provision for any I 4 animal

animal but himself, and left him at liberty to chuse his quarters, either at an inn, or at the first cottage in which he faw a face he liked: nay, when he was not peculiarly attracted by the reasonable creation, he would fometimes confort with a species of inferior rank, and lay himself down to sleep by the side of a rock, or on the banks of a rivulet. He did few things without a motive, but his motives were rather eccentric: and the useful and expedient were terms which he held to be very indefinite, and which therefore he did not always apply to the fense in which they are commonly understood.

The fun was now in his decline, and the evening remarkably ferene, when he entered a hollow part of the road, which winded between the furrounding banks,

and feamed the fward in different lines, as the choice of travellers had directed them to tread it. It feemed to be little frequented now, for fome of those had partly recovered their former verdure. The scene was such as induced Harley to stand and enjoy it; when, turning round, his notice was attracted by an object, which the fixture of his eye on the spot he walked had before prevented him from observing.

Anold man, who from his dress seemed to have been a soldier, lay fast asseep on the ground; a knapsack rested on a stone at his right hand, while his staff and brass-hilted sword were crossed at his left.

Harley looked on him with the most earnest attention. He was one of those figures which Salvator would have

drawn; nor was the furrounding fcenery. unlike the wildness of that painter's back-grounds. The banks on each fide were covered with fantastic shrub-wood, and at a little distance, on the top of one of them, flood a finger-post, to mark the directions of two roads which diverged from the point where it was "placed. A rock, with fome dangling wild flowers, jutted out above where the foldier lay; on which grew the stump of a large tree, white with age, and a fingle twifted branch shaded his face as he flept. His face had the marks of manly comeliness impaired by time; his forehead was not altogether bald, but its hairs might have been numbered; while a few white locks behind croffed the brown of his neck with a contrast the most venerable to a mind like Harley's. " Thou art old, faid he to himfelf, but age has not brought thee rest

for its infirmities: I fear those filver hairs have not found shelter from thy country, though that neck has been bronzed in its service." The stranger waked. He looked at Harley with the appearance of some consustion: it was a pain the latter knew too well to think of causing in another; he turned and went on. The old man readjusted his knapsack, and sollowed in one of the tracks on the opposite side of the road.

When Harley heard the tread of his feet behind him, he could not help ftealing back a glance at his fellow-traveller. He feemed to bend under the weight of his knapfack; he halted on his walk, and one of his arms was fupported by a sling, and lay motionless across his breast. He had that

fteady look of forrow, which indicates that its owner has gazed upon his griefs till he has forgotten to lament them; yet not without those streaks of complacency, which a good mind will sometimes throw into the countenance, through all the incumbent load of its depression.

He had now advanced nearer to Harley, and, with an uncertain fort of voice, begged to know what it was o'clock; "I fear, faid he, fleep has beguiled me of my time, and I shall hardly have light enough left to carry me to the end of my journey." "Father! faid Harley, (who by this time found the romantic enthusiasm rising within him) how far do you mean to go?" "But a little way, Sir, returned the other; and indeed it is but a little

way I can manage now: 'tis just four miles from the height to the village, thither I am going." " I am going there too, faid Harley; we may make the road shorter to each other. You feem to have ferved your country, Sir, to have ferved it hardly too; 'tis a character I have the highest esteem for .- I would not be impertinently inquisitive; but there is that in your appearance which excites my curiofity to know fomething more of you: in the mean time, fuffer me to carry that knapfack."

The old man gazed on him; a tear flood in his eye! "Young gentleman, faid he, you are too good; may heaven blefs you for an old man's fake, who has nothing but his bleffing to give! but my knapfack is fo familiar to my shoulders, that I should walk the worse

for wanting it; and it would be troublesome to you, who have not been used to its weight." "Far from it, answered Harley, I should tread the lighter; it would be the most honourable badge I ever wore."

" Sir, faid the stranger, who had looked earnestly in Harley's face during the last part of his discourse, is not your name Harley?" "It is, replied he; I am ashamed to fay I have forgotten yours." You may well have forgotten my face, said the stranger, 'tis a long time fince you faw it; but poffibly you may remember fomething of old Edwards."--" Edwards! cried Harley, oh! heavens! and fprung to embrace him; let me clasp those knees on which I have fat so often: Edwards !- I shall never forget that

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fire-fide, round which I have been fo happy! But where, where have you been? where is Jack? where is your daughter? How has it fared with them, when fortune, I fear, has been fo unkind to you?"—"Tis a long tale, replied Edwards; but I will try to tell it you as we walk.

"When you were at school in the neighbourhood, you remember me at South-hill: that farm had been possessed by my father, grandfather, and great-grandfather, which last was a younger brother of that very man's ancestor, who is now lord of the manor. I thought I managed it, as they had done, with prudence; I paid my rent regularly as it became due, and had always as much behind as gave bread to me and my children. But my last lease was out soon

after you left that part of the country; and the squire, who had lately got a London-attorney for his steward, would not renew it, because, he said, he did not chuse to have any farm under 300 l. a-year value on his estate; but offered to give me the preference on the same terms with another, if I chose to take the one he had marked out, of which mine was a part.

"What could I do, Mr. Harley? I feared the undertaking was too great for me; yet to leave, at my age, the house I had lived in from my cradle! I could not, Mr. Harley, I could not; there was not a tree about it that I did not look on as my father, my brother, or my child: so I even ran the risk, and took the squire's offer of the whole. But I had soon reason to repent of my bargain;

bargain; the steward had taken care that my former farm should be the best land of the division: I was obliged to hire more fervants, and I could not have my eye over them all; fome unfavourable seasons followed one another. and I found my affairs entangling on my hands. To add to my diffress, a considerable corn-factor turned bankrupt with a fum of mine in his possesfion: I failed paying my rent fo punctually as I was wont to do, and the fame steward had my stock taken in execution in a few days after. So, Mr. Harley, there was an end of my prosperity. However, there was as much produced from the fale of my effects as paid my debts and faved me from a jail: I thank God I wronged no man, and the world could never charge me with dishonesty.

" Had you feen us, Mr. Harley, when we were turned out of South-hill, I and fure you would have wept at the fight. You remember old Trufty, my shag house-dog; I shall never forget it while I live; the poor creature was blind with age, and could scarce crawl after us to the door; he went however as far as the goofeberry-bush; that you may remember stood on the left side of the yard; he was wont to bask in the sun there; when he had reached that spot, he stopped; we went on: I called to him; he wagged his tail, but did not stir: I called again; he lay down: I whiftled, and cried Trufty; he gave a short howl, and died! I could have lain down and died too; but God gave me strength to live for my children."

The old man now paused a moment to take breath. He eyed Harley's face;

it was bathed with tears: the story was grown familiar to himself; he dropped one tear, and no more.

"Though I was poor, continued he, I was not altogether without credit. A gentleman in the neighbourhood, who had a small farm unoccupied at the time, offered to let me have it, on giving security for the rent; which I made shift to procure. It was a piece of ground which required management to make any thing of; but it was nearly within the compass of my son's labour and my own. We exerted all our industry to bring it into some heart. We began to succeed tolerably, and lived contented on its produce, when an unlucky accident brought us under thedispleasure of a neighbouring justice of the peace, and broke all our familyhappiness again. es My

My foon was a remarkable good shooter; he had always kept a pointer on our former farm, and thought no harm in doing fo now; when one day, having fprung a covey in our own ground, the dog, of his own accord, followed them into the justice's. My fon laid down his gun, and went after his dog to bring him back: the gamekeeper, who had marked the birds, came up, and feeing the pointer, shot him just as my fon approached. The creature fell; my fon ran up to him: he died with a complaining fort of cry at his master's feet. Jack could bear it no longer; but flying at the gamekeeper, wrenched his gun out of his hand, and with the butt end of it, felled him to the ground.

"He had scarce got home, when a constable came with a warrant, and dragged him to prison; there he lay, for the justices would not take bail, till he was tried at the quarter-sessions for the affault and battery. His fine was hard upon us to pay; we contrived however to live the worse for it, and make up the loss by our frugality: but the justice was not content with that punishment, and soon after had an opportunity of punishing us indeed.

"An officer with press-orders came down to our county, and having met with the justices, agreed that they should pitch on a certain number, who could most easily be spared from the county, of whom he would take care to clear it: my son's name was in the justices' list.

"Twas on a Christmas eve, and the birth-day too of my fon's little boy. The night was piercing cold, and it blew a ftorm, with showers of hail and fnow. We had made up a cheering fire in an inner room; I sat before it in my wicker-chair, bleffing providence, that had still left a shelter for me and my children. My fon's two little ones were holding their gambols around us; my heart warmed at the fight: I brought -a bottle of my best ale, and all our misfortunes were forgotten.

"It had long been our custom to play a game at blind man's buff on that night, and it was not omitted now; so to it we fell, I, and my son, and his wife, the daughter of a neighbouring farmer, who happened to be with us at the time, the two children, and an old

maid fervant, who had lived with me from a child. The lot fell on my fon to be blindfolded: we had continued fome time in our game, when he groped his way into an outer room in pursuit of fome of us, who, he imagined, had taken shelter there; we kept snug in our places, and enjoyed his mistake. He had not been long there, when he was fuddenly feized from behind; "I shall have you now, faid he, and turned about." "Shall you fo, master? anfwered the ruffian, who had laid hold of him; we shall make you play at another fort of game by and by."-At thefe words Harley started with a convulsive fort of motion, and grasping Edwards's fword, drew it half out of the scabbard, with a look of the most frantic wildness. Edwards gently replaced it in its sheath, and went on with his relation.

On hearing these words in a strange voice, we all rushed out to discover the cause; the room by this time was almost full of the gang. My daughterin-law fainted at the fight; the maid and I ran to affift her, while my poor fon remained motionless, gazing by turns on his children and their mother. We foon recovered her to life, and begged her to retire and wait the iffue of the affair; but she flew to her husband, and clung round him in an agony of terror and grief.

"In the gang was one of a smoother aspect, whom, by his dress, we discovered to be a serjeant of soot; he came up to me, and told me, that my son had his choice of the sea or land service, whispering at the same time, that

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if he chose the land, he might ger off, on procuring him another man, and paying a certain fum for his freedom. The money we could just muster up in the house, by the assistance of the maid, who produced, in a green bag, all the little favings of her fervice; but the man we could not expect to find. My daughter-in-law gazed upon her children with a look of the wildest despair: " My poor infants! faid she, your father is forced from you; who shall now labour for your bread? or must your mother beg for herself and you?" I prayed her to be patient; but comfort I had none to give her. At last, calling the serjeant aside, I asked him, "If I was too old to be accepted in place of my fon?" "Why, I don't know, faid he; you are rather old to be fure, but yet the money may do K much."

much." I put the money in his hand; and coming back to my children, Gack, said I, you are free; live to give your wife and these little ones bread; I will go, my child, in your Itead: I have but little life to lose, and if I staid, I should add one to the wretches you left behind." replied my fon, I am not that coward you imagine me; heaven forbid, that my father's grey hairs should be so exposed, while I sat idle at home; I am young, and able to endure much, and God will take care of you and my family." " Jack, faid I, I will put an end to this matter; you have never hitherto disobeyed me; I will not be contradicted in this; stay at home, I charge you, and, for my fake, be kind to my children. and bish swons

" Our parting, Mr. Harley, I cannot describe to you; it was the first time we ever had parted: the very press-gang could scarce keep from tears; but the ferjeant, who had feemed the foftest before, was now the least moved of them all. He conducted me to a party of new-raifed recruits, who lay at a village in the neighbourhood; and we foon after joined the regiment. I had not been long with it, when we were ordered to the East Indies, where I was foon made a ferjeant, and might have picked up some money, if my heart had been as hard as fome others were; but my nature was never of that kind, that could think of getting rich at the expence of my conscience.

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" Amongst our prisoners was an old Indian, whom some of our officers suppased to have a treasure hidden somewhere; which is no uncommon practice in that country. They pressed him to discover it. He declared he had none; but that would not fatisfy them: fo they ordered him to be tied to a stake, and fuffer fifty lashes every morning, till he should learn to speak out, as they faid. Oh! Mr. Harley, had you feen him, as I did, with his hands bound behind him, fuffering in filence, while the big drops trickled down his shrivelled cheeks, and wet his grey beard, which some of the inhuman soldiers plucked in fcorn! I could not bear it, I could not for my foul; and one morning, when the rest of the guard were out of the way, I found means to let him escape. I was tried

by a court-martial for negligence of my post, and ordered, in compassion of my age, and having got this wound in my arm, and that in my leg, in the fervice, only to fuffer 300 lashes, and be turned out of the regiment; but my fentence was mitigated as to the lashes, and I had only 200. When I had fufferred these, I was turned out of the camp, and had betwixt three and four hundred miles to travel before I could reach a fea-port, without guide to conduct me, or money to buy me provisions by the way. I set out, however, refolved to walk as far as I could, and then to lay myfelf down and die. But I had scarce gone a mile; when I was met by the Indian whom I had delivered. He pressed me in his arms, and kiffed the marks of the lashes on my back a thousand times; he led me

to a little hut, where some friend of his dwelt; and after I was recovered of my wounds, conducted me so far on my journey himself, and sent another Indian to guide me through the rest. When we parted, he pulled out a purse with two hundred pieces of gold in it: " Take this, faid he, my dear preserver, it is all I have been able to procure." I begged him not to bring himself to poverty for my sake, who should probably have no need of it long; but he infifted on my accepting it. He embraced me :- " You are an Englishman, said he, but the Great Spirit has given you an Indian heart; may he bear up the weight of your old age, and blunt the arrow that brings it rest!" We parted; and not long after I made shift to get my pasfage to England. 'Tis but about a week

week fince I landed, and I am going to end my days in the arms of my fon. This fum may be of use to him and his children; 'tis all the value I put upon it. I thank heaven I never was covetous of wealth; I never had much, but was always so happy as to be content with my little.'

When Edwards had ended his relation, Harley stood a while looking at him in silence; at last he pressed him in his arms, and when he had given vent to the sullness of his heart by a shower of tears, "Edwards, said he, let me hold thee to my bosom; let me imprint the virtue of thy sufferings on my soul. Come, my honoured veteran! let me endeavour to soften the last days of a life, worn out in the service of humanity: call me also thy son,

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and let me cherish thee as a father." Edwards, from whom the recollection of his own sufferings had scarce forced a tear, now blubbered like a boy; he could not speak his gratitude, but by some short exclamations of blessings upon Harley.

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CHAP. XXXV.

He misses an old acquaintance.—An adventure consequent upon it.

THEN they had arrived within a little way of the village they journeyed to, Harley stopped short, and looked ftedfaftly on the mouldering walls of a ruined house that stood on the road-fide. "Oh heavens! he cried, what do I see: silent, unroofed, and defolate! Are all thy gay tenants gone? do I hear their hum no more?. Edwards, look there, look there lithe feene of my infant joys, my earliest friendships, laid waste and ruinous! That was the very school where I was boarded when you were at South-hill;

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'tis but a twelvemonth fince I faw it standing, and its benches filled with cherubs: that opposite side of the road was the green on which they sported; see it now ploughed up! I would have given sifty times its value to have saved it from the sacrilege of that plough."

"Dear Sir, replied Edwards, perhaps they have left it from choice, and may have got another spot as good."
"They cannot, said Harley, they cannot; I shall never see the sward covered with its daisses, nor pressed by the dance of the dear innocents: I shall never see that stump decked with the garlands which their little hands had gathered. These two long stones which now lie at the foot of it, were once the supports of a hut I myself affished to

rear: I have fat on the fods within it, when we had fpread our banquet of apples before us, and been more bleft ——Oh! Edwards! infinitely more bleft than ever I shall be again."

Just then a woman passed them on the road, and discovered some signs of wonder at the attitude of Harley, who stood, with his hands folded together, looking with a moistened eye on the fallen pillars of the hut. He was too much entranced in thought to observe her at all; but Edwards civilly accosting her, defired to know, if that had not been the school-house, and how it came into the condition in which they now faw it? "Alack a day! faid she, it was the school-house indeed; but to be fure, Sir, the squire has pulled it down, because it stood in the way of his

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prospects."—" What! how! prospects! pulled down!" cried Harley.
"Yes, to be sure, Sir; and the green, where the children used to play he has ploughed up, because, he said, they hurt his sence on the other side of it.—" Curses on his narrow heart, cried Harley, that could violate a right so facred! Heaven blast the wretch!

" And from his derogate body never spring A babe to honour him!"

But I need not, Edwards, I need not (recovering himself a little), he is cursed enough already: to him the noblest fource of happiness is denied; and the cares of his fordid soul shall gnaw it, while thou sittest over a brown crust, smiling on those mangled limbs that have saved thy son and his children!"

"If you want any thing with the school-mistress, Sir, said the woman, I can shew you the way to her house." He followed her without knowing whither he went.

They stopped at the door of a fnug habitation, where fat an elderly woman with a boy and a girl before her, each of whom held a fupper of bread and milk in their hands. " There, Sir, is the school-mistress."-" Madam, faid Harley, was not an old venerable man school-master here some time ago?" "Yes, Sir, he was; poor man! the loss of his former school-house, I believe, broke his heart, for he died foon after it was taken down; and as another has not yet been found, I have that charge in the mean time."-" And this boy and girl, I presume, are your pupils?"

pupils?"—" Ay, Sir, they are poor orphans, put under my care by the parish; and more promising children I never saw." " Orphans!" said Harley. "Yes, Sir, of honest creditable parents as any in the parish; and it is a shame for some folks to forget their relations, at a time when they have most need to remember them."——" Madam, said Harley, let us never forget that we are all relations." He kissed the children.

"Their father, Sir, continued she, was a farmer here in the neighbourhood, and a sober industrious man he was; but nobody can help misfortunes: what with bad crops, and bad debts, which are worse, his affairs went to wreck, and both he and his wise died of broken hearts. And a sweet couple they were, Sir; there was not a pro-

perer man to look on in the county than John Edwards, and so indeed were all the Edwardses." " What Edwardses?" cried the old foldier hastily. "The Edwardses of Southhill; and a worthy family they were." -" South-hill!" faid he, in languid voice, and fell back into the arms of the aftonished Harley. The schoolmistress ran for some water, and a smelling-bottle, with the affiftance of which they foon recovered the unfortunate Edwards. He stared wildly for some time, then folding his orphan grandchildren in his arms, " Oh! my children, my children! he cried, have I found you thus? My poor Jack! art thou gone? I thought thou shouldst have carried thy father's grey hairs to the grave! and these little ones"-his tears choaked his utterance, and he fell

fell again on the necks of the chil-

" My dear old man! faid Harley, Providence has fent you to relieve them; it will bless me, if I can be the means of affifting you."-" Yes, indeed, Sir, answered the boy; father, when he was a-dying, bade God blefs us; and prayed, that if grandfather lived, he might fend him to support us."-" Where did they lay my boy?" faid Edwards. " In the Old Churchyard, replied the woman, hard by his mother."-" I will show it you, anfwered the boy; for I have wept over it many a time, when first I came amongst strange folks." He took the old man's hand, Harley laid hold of his fifter's, and they walked in filence to the church-yard.

There was an old stone, with the corner broken off, and some letters, half covered with moss, to denote the names of the dead: there was a cyphered R. E. plainer than the rest: it was the tomb they fought. "Here it is, grandfather," faid the boy. Edwards gazed upon it without uttering a word: the girl, who had only fighed before, now wept outright: her brother fobbed, but he stifled his fobbing. "I have told fifter, faid he, that she should not take it so to heart; she can knit already, and I shall foon be able to dig: we shall not starve, fifter, indeed we shall not, nor shall grandfather neither."-The girl cried afresh; Harley kissed off her tears as they flowed, and wept between every kifs.

CHAP. XXXVI.

He returns bome.—A description of his

It was with fome difficulty that Harley prevailed on the old man to leave the spot where the remains of his son were laid. At last, with the assistance of the school-mistress, he prevailed; and she accommodated Edwards and him with beds in her house, there being nothing like an inn nearer than the distance of some miles.

In the morning, Harley persuaded Edwards to come with the children to his house, which was distant but a short day's journey. The boy walked in his grandsather's hand; and the name of Edwards procured him a neighbour-

ing farmer's horse, on which a servant mounted, with the girl on a pillow before him.

With this train Harley returned to the abode of his fathers: and we cannot but think, that his enjoyment was as great as if he had arrived from the tour of Europe, with a Swiss valet for his companion, and half a dozen fnuffboxes, with invisible hinges, in his pocket. But we take our ideas from founds which folly has invented; Fafhion, Bon ton, and Vertù, are the names of certain idols, to which we facrifice the genuine pleasures of the foul: in this world of femblance, we are contented with personating happiness; to feel it, is an art beyond us.

It was otherwise with Harley; he ran up stairs to his aunt, with the history of

his fellow-travellers glowing on his lips. His aunt was an economist; but she knew the pleasure of doing charitable things, and withal was fond of her nephew, and folicitous to oblige him. She received old Edwards therefore with a look of more complacency than is perhaps natural to maiden ladies of threescore, and was remarkably attentive to his grand-children: she roasted apples with her own hands for their supper, and made up a little bed beside her own for the girl. Edwards made fome attempts towards an acknowledgment for these favours; but his young friend stopped them in their beginnings. "Whosoever receiveth any of these children"-faid his aunt; for her acquaintance with her bible was habitual.

Early next morning, Harley stole into the room where Edwards lay: he expected

expected to have found him a-bed; but in this he was miftaken: the old man had rifen, and was leaning over his fleeping grandson, with the tears flowing down his cheeks. At first he did not perceive Harley; when he did, he endeavoured to hide his grief, and croffing his eyes with his hand, expressed his furprise at seeing him so early aftir. " I was thinking of you, faid Harley, and your children: I learned last night that a small farm of mine in the neighbourhood is now vacant: if you will occupy it, I shall gain a good neighbour, and be able in some measure to repay the notice you took of me when a boy; and as the furniture of the house is mine, it will be fo much trouble faved." Edwards's tears gushed afresh, and Harley led him to fee the place he intended for him.

The house upon this farm was indeed little better than a hut; its fituation, however, was pleafant, and Edwards, affisted by the beneficence of Harley, set about improving its neatness and convenience. He staked out a piece of the green before for a garden, and Peter, who acted in Harley's family as valet, butler, and gardener, had orders to furnish him with parcels of the different feeds he chose to sow in it. I have feen his master at work in this little spoat, with his coat off, and his dibble in his hand: it was a scene of tranquil virtue to have stopped an angel on his errands of mercy! Harley had contrived to lead a little bubbling brook through a green walk in the middle of ! the ground, upon which he had erected a mill in miniature for the divertion of Edwards's infant grandfon, and made

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shift in its construction to introduce a pliant bit of wood, that answered with its fairy clack to the murmuring of the rill that turned it. I have seen him stand, listening to these mingled sounds, with his eye fixed on the boy, and the smile of conscious satisfaction on his cheek; while the old man, with a look half turned to Harley, and half to Heaven, breathed an ejaculation of gratitude and piety.

Father of mercies! I also would thank thee! that not only hast thou assigned eternal rewards to virtue, but that, even in this bad world, the lines of our duty, and our happiness, are so frequently woven together.

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The Man of Feeling talks of what he does not understand.—An incident.

* * * * " Edwards, faid he, I have a proper regard for the prosperity of my country: every native of it appropriates to himself some share of the power, or the fame, which, as a nation, it acquires; but I cannot throw off the man fo much, as to rejoice at our conquests in India. You tell me of immense territorries subject to the English: I cannot think of their possessions, without being led to enquire, by what right they possess them. They came there as traders, bartering the commodities they brought for others which their

their purchasers could spare; and however great their profits were, they were then equitable. But what title have the subjects of another kingdom to establish an empire in India? to give laws to a country where the inhabitants received them on the terms of friendly commerce? You fay they are happier under our regulations than the tyranny of their own petty princes. I must doubt it, from the conduct of those by whom these regulations have been made. They have drained the treasuries of Nabobs, who must fill them by oppressing the industry of their subjects. Nor is this to be wondered at, when we consider the motive upon which those gentlemen do not deny their going to The fame of conquest, barbarous as that motive is, is but a fecondary consideration: there are certain

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stations in wealth to which the warriors of the East aspire. It is there indeed where the wishes of their friends assign them eminence, where the question of their country is pointed at their return. When shall I see a commander return from India in the pride of honourable poverty?—You describe the victories they have gained; they are fullied by the cause in which they sought: you enumerate the spoils of those victories; they are covered with the blood of the vanquished!

"Could you tell me of some conqueror giving peace and happiness to the conquered? did he accept the gifts of their princes to use them for the comfort of those whose fathers, sons, or husbands, fell in battle? did he use his power to gain security and freedom

to the regions of oppression and slavery? did he endear the British name by examples of generosity, which the most barbarous or most depraved are rarely able to resist? did he return with the consciousness of duty discharged to his country, and humanity to his fellow-creatures? did he return with no lace on his coat, no slaves in his retinue, no chariot at his door, and no burgundy at his table these were laurels which princes might envy—which an honest man would not condemn!"

"Your maxims, Mr. Harley, are certainly right, faid Edwards. I am not capable of arguing with you; but I imagine there are great temptations in a great degree of riches, which it is no easy matter to resist: those a poor man like me cannot describe, because he never knew them; and perhaps I have

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reason to bless God that I never did: for then, it is likely, I should have withstood them no better than my neighbours. For you know, Sir, that it is not the fashion now, as it was in former times, that I have read of in books, when your great generals died fo poor, that they did not leave wherewithal to buy them a coffin; and people thought the better of their memories for it: if they did so now-a-days, I question if any body, except yourself, and some few like you, would thank them."

"I am forry, replied Harley, that there is so much truth in what you say; but however the general current of opinion may point, the seelings are not yet lost that applaud benevolence, and censure inhumanity. Let us endeavour to strengthen

who live fequestered from the noise of the multitude, have better opportunities of listening undisturbed to their voice."

They now approached the little dwelling of Edwards. A maid-fervant, whom he had hired to affift him in the care of his grandchildren, met them a little way from the house: "There is a young lady within with the children," faid she. Edwards expressed his surprise at the visit: it was however not the less true; and we mean to account for it.

This young lady then was no other than Miss Walton. She had heard the old man's history from Harley, as we have already related it. Curiosity, or

fome other motive, made her desirous to fee his grandchildren; this she had an opportunity of gratifying foon, the children, in some of their walks, having strolled as far as her father's avenue. She put several questions to both; she was delighted with the simplicity of their answers, and promised, that if they continued to be good children, and do as their grandfather bid them, she would foon fee them again, and bring some present or other for their reward. This promise she had performed now: she came attended only by her maid, and brought with her a complete fuit of green for the boy, and a chintz gown, a cap, and a fuit of ribbands, for his fifter. She had time enough, with her maid's assistance, to equip them in their new habiliments before Harley and Edwards returned. The boy heard his grand-

grandfather's voice, and, with that filent joy which his present finery inspired, ran to the door to meet him: putting one hand in his, with the other pointed to his fifter, " See, faid he, what Miss Walton has brought us!"-Edwards gazed on them. Harley fixed his eyes on Miss Walton; hers were turned to the ground; -in Edwards's was a beamy moisture. - He folded his hands together-" I cannot speak, young lady, faid he, to thank you." Neither could Harley. There were a thousand fentiments; but they gushed so impetuously on his heart, that he could not utter a syllable. * * * *

CHAP. XL.

The Man of Feeling jealous.

THE defire of communicating knowledge or intelligence, is an argument with those who hold that man is naturally a focial animal. It is indeed one of the earliest propensities we discover; but it may be doubted whether the pleasure (for pleasure there certainly is) arising from it be not often more felfish than focial: for we frequently observe the tidings of Ill communicated as eagerly as the annunciation of Good. Is it that we delight in observing the effects of the stronger passions? for we are all philosophers in this respect; and it is perhaps amongst the spectators at Tyburn that the most genuine are to be found.

Was it from this motive that Peter came one morning into his master's room with a meaning face of recital? His master indeed did not at first obferve it; for he was fitting, with one shoe buckled, delineating portraits in the fire. "I have brushed those clothes, . Sir, as you ordered me."---Harley nodded his head; but Peter observed that his hat wanted brushing too: his master nodded again. At last Peter bethought him, that the fire needed stirring; and taking up the poker, demolished the turban'd head of a Saracen, while his mafter was feeking out a body for it. " The morning is main cold, Sir," faid Peter. " Is it?" faid Harley. "Yes, Sir; I have been as far as Tom Dowson's to fetch some barberries he had picked for Mrs. Margery. There was a rare junketting last. L.5 night :

night at Thomas's among Sir Harry Benson's servants; he lay at Squire Walton's, but he would not fuffer his fervants to trouble the family: fo, to be fure, they were all at Tom's, and had a fiddle and a hot supper in the big room where the justices meet about the destroying of hares and partridges, and them things; and Tom's eyes looked fo red and fo bleared when I called him to get the barberries:-And I hear as how Sir Harry is going to be married to Miss Walton."-" How! Miss Walton married!" faid Harley. Why, it may'nt be true, Sir, for all that; but Tom's wife told it me, and to be fure the fervants told her, and their mafter told them, as I guess, Sir; but it mayn't be true for all that, as I faid before."-" Have done with your idle information, faid Harley :- Is my

aunt come down into the parlour to breakfast?"—" Yes, Sir."—" Tell her I'll be with her immediately."

When Peter was gone, he stood with his eyes fixed on the ground, and the last words of his intelligence vibrating in his ears. " Miss Walton married!" he fighed-and walked down stairs, with his shoe as it was, and the buckle in his hand. His aunt, however, was pretty well accustomed to those appearances of absence; besides, that the natural gravity of her temper, which was commonly called into exertion by the care of her household concerns, was fuch, as not easily to be discomposed by any circumstance of accidental impropriety. She too had been informed of the intended match between Sir Harry Benson and Miss Walton. "I L 6 have.

have been thinking, faid she, that they are distant relations: for the greatgrandfather of this Sir Harry Benfon, who was knight of the shire in the reign of Charles the First, and one of the cavaliers of those times, was married to a daughter of the Walton family." Harley answered drily, that it might be fo; but that he never troubled himfelf about those matters. " Indeed, faid she, you are to blame, nephew, for not knowing a little more of them: before I was near your age, I had fewed the pedigree of our family in a fet of chair-bottoms, that were made a prefent of to my grandmother, who was a very notable woman, and had a proper regard for gentility, I'll affure you; but now-a-days, it is money, not birth, that makes people respected; the more shame for the times."

Harley

Harley was in no very good humour for entering into a discussion of this question; but he always entertained somuch filial respect for his aunt, as to attend to her discourse.

"We blame the pride of the rich, faid he, but are not we ashamed of our poverty?"

"Why, one would not chuse, replied his aunt, to make a much worse figure than one's neighbours; but, as I was saying before, the times (as my friend Mrs. Dorothy Walton observes) are shamefully degenerated in this respect. There was but t'other day, at Mr. Walton's, that sat fellow's daughter, the London Merchant, as he calls himself, though I have heard that he was little better than the keeper

of a chandler's shop :- We were leaving the gentlemen to go to tea. She had a hoop for footh as large and as stiff -and it shewed a pair of bandy legs, as thick as two ---- I was nearer the door by an apron's length, and the pert huffy brushed by me, as who should fay, Make way for your betters, and with one of her London-bobs-but Mrs. Dorothy did not let her pass with it; for all the time of drinking tea, she spoke of the precedency of family, and the disparity there is between people who are come of fomething, and your mushroom-gentry who wear their coats of arms in their purses."

Her indignation was interrupted by the arrival of her maid with a damask table-cloth, and a set of napkins, from the loom, which had been spun by her mistress's

mistress's own hand. There was the family-crest in each corner, and in the middle a view of the battle of Worcester, where one of her ancestors had been a captain in the king's forces; and with a fort of poetical licence in perfective, there was seen the Royal Oak, with more wig than leaves upon it.

On all this the good lady was very copious, and took up the remaining intervals of filling tea, to describe its excellencies to Harley; adding, that she intended this as a present for his wife, when he should get one. He sighed and looked foolish, and commending the serenity of the day, walked out into the garden.

He sat down on a little seat which commanded an extensive prospectround

the house. He leaned on his hand, and scored the ground with his stick: "Miss Walton married! faid he; but what is that to me? May she be happy! her virtues deserve it; to me her marriage is otherwise indifferent:—I had romantic dreams! they are sled!——it is persectly indifferent."

Just at that moment he saw a servant, with a knot of ribbands in his hat, go into the house. His cheeks grew slushed at the sight! He kept his eye fixed for some time on the door by which he had entered, then starting to his seet, hastily sollowed him.

When he approached the door of the kitchen where he supposed the man had entered, his heart throbbed so violently, that when he would have called Peter,

his voice failed in the attempt. He flood a moment listening in this breathless state of palpitation: Peter came out by chance. " Did your nonour want any thing?"-" Where is the fervant that came just now from Mr. Walton's?" -- "From Mr. Walton's, Sir! there is none of his fervants here that I know of."-" Nor of Sir Harry Benson's ?"-He did not wait for an answer; but having by this time obferved the hat with its party-coloured. ornament hanging on a peg near the door, he pressed forwards into thekitchen, and addressing himself to a stranger whom he saw there, asked him, with no small tremor in his voice, "Ifhe had any commands for him?" The man looked filly, and faid, "That he had nothing to trouble his honour with."-"Are not you a fervant of Sir Harry Ben-

fon's ?"-" No, Sir."-" You'll pardon me, young man; I judged by the favour in your hat."-" Sir, I'm his majesty's servant, God bless him! and these favours we always wear when we are recruiting."-" Recruiting!" his eyes glistened at the word: he seized the foldier's hand, and shaking it violently, ordered Peter to fetch a bottle of his aunt's best dram. The bottle -was brought: "You shall drink the king's health, faid Harley, in a bumper."--" The king and your honour."-" Nay, you shall drink the king's health by itself; you may drink mine in another." Peter looked in his master's face, and filled with some little reluctance. " Now to your mistres, faid Harley; every foldier has a miftress." The man excused himself-" To your mistress! you cannot refuse

THE MAN OF FEELING. 235 it." 'Twas Mrs. Margery's best dram! Peter stood with the bottle a little inclined, but not fo as to discharge a drop of its contents: " Fill it, Peter, said his master, fill it to the brim." Peter filled it; and the foldier having named. Suky Simpson, dispatched it in a twinkling." "Thou art an honest fellow, faid Harley, and I love thee;" and shaking his hand again, desired Peter to make him his guest at dinner, and walked up into his room with a pace much quicker and more springy than ufual. (april bedeu availate da arvel

This agreeable disappointment however he was not long suffered to enjoy. The curate happened that day to dine with him: his visits indeed were more properly to the aunt than the nephew; and many of the intelligent ladies in

blamilted a teer, before he was allowed

the parish, who, like some very great philosophers, have the happy knack at accounting for every thing, gave out, that there was a particular attachment between them, which wanted only to be matured by fome more years of courtship to end in the tenderest connexion. In this conclusion indeed, suppoling the premises to have been true, they were fomewhat justified by the known opinion of the lady, who frequently declared herself a friend to the ceremonial of former times, when a lover might have sighed seven years at his mistress's feet, before he was allowed the liberty of kiffing her hand. 'Tis. true Mrs. Margery was now about her grand climacteric; no matter: that is just the age when we expect to grow younger. But I verily believe there was nothing in the report; the curate's . connexion.

connexion was only that of a genealogist; for in that character he was no way inferior to Mrs. Margery herself. He dealt also in the present times; for he was a politician and a newsmonger.

He had hardly faid grace after dinner, when he told Mrs. Margery, that she might foon expect a pair of white gloves, as Sir Harry Benson, he was very well informed, was just going to be married to Miss Walton. Harley spilt the wine he was carrying to his mouth: he had time however to recollect himself before the curate had finished the different particulars of his intelligence, and fumming up all the heroism he was master of, filled a bumper, and drank to Miss Walton. "With all my heart. faid the curate, the bride that is to be." Harley would have faid Bride too; but the

the word Bride stuck in his throat. His consussion indeed was manifest: but the curate began to enter on some point of descent with Mrs. Margery, and Harley had very soon after an opportunity of leaving them, while they were deeply engaged in a question, whether the name of some great man in the time of Henry the Seventh was Richard or Humphrey.

He did not see his aunt again till supper; the time between he spent in walking, like some troubled ghost, round the place where his treasure lay. He went as far as a little gate, that led into a copse near Mr. Walton's house, to which that gentleman had been so obliging as to let him have a key. He had just begun to open it, when he saw, on a terrace below, Miss Walton walk-

ing with a gentleman in a riding dress, whom he immediately guessed to be Sir Harry Benson. He stopped of a sudden; his hand shook so much that he could hardly turn the key; he opened the gate, however, and advanced a few paces. The lady's lap-dog pricked up its ears, and barked: he stopped again—

Tray, Blanch, and Sweetheart, fee they bark at me!

His resolution failed; he slunk back, and locking the gate as softly as he could, stood on tiptoe looking over the wall till they were gone. At that instant a shepherd blew his horn: the romantic melancholy of the sound quite overcame him!—it was the very note

that wanted to be touched—he sighed! he dropped a tear!—and returned.

At fupper his aunt observed that he was graver than usual; but she did not suspect the cause: indeed it may seem odd that she was the only person in the family who had no suspection of his attachment to Miss Walton. It was frequently matter of discourse amongst the servants: perhaps her maiden-coldness—but for those things we need not account.

In a day or two he was fo much mafter of himfelf as to be able to rhime upon the subject. The following paftoral he lest, some time after, on the handle of a tea-kettle, at a neighbouring house where we were visiting; and as I filled the tea-pot after him, I happened

pened to put it in my pocket by a similar act of forgetfulness. It is such as might be expected from a man who makes verses for amusement. I am pleafed with fomewhat of good-nature that runs through it, because I have commonly observed the writers of those complaints to bestow epithets on their lost mistresses rather too harsh for the mere liberty of choice, which led them to-prefer another to the poet himfelf: I do not doubt the vehemence of their passion; but, alas! the sensations of love are something more than the returns of gratitude.

LAVINIA. A PASTORAL.

Why fix'd is my gazeon the ground?

Come, give me my pipe, and I'll try

To banish my cares with the found.

M

Eres

Erewhile were its notes of accord

With the smile of the flow'r-stooted Muse;

Ah! why by its master implor'd

Shou'd it now the gay carrol refuse?

'Twas taught by LAVINIA's sweet smile
In the mirth-loving chorus to join:
Ah me! how unweeting the while!
LAVINIA—— can never be mine!

Another, more happy, the maid
By fortune is destin'd to bless
'Tho' the hope has forsook that betray'd,
Yet why should I love her the less?

With rapture I counted them o'er;
Such virtues these beauties adorn,
I knew her, and prais'd them no more.

I term'd her no goddes of love,
I call'd not her beauty divine:
These far other passions may prove,
But they could not be figures of mine.

It reign'd in the throb of my heart,

It gleam'd in the glance of my eye.

Oh fool! in the circle to finine

That Fashion's gay daughters approve,

You must speak as the fashions incline;

Alas! are there fashions in love?

Yet fure they are simple who prize

The tongue that is smooth to deceive;

Yet fure she had sense to despise

The tinsel that Folly may weave.

When I talk'd, I have feen her recline

With an aspect so pensively sweet,

Tho' I spoke what the shepherds opine,

A sop were asham'd to repeat.

From the lip of the sweet-scented pea;

Perhaps when she smil'd upon all,

I have thought that she smil'd upon me.

Witten

M 2

But

But why of her charms should I tell?

Ah me! whom her charms have undone!

Yet I love the reflection too well,

The painful reflection to shun.

Ye fouls of more delicate kind,

Who feast not on pleasure alone,

Who wear the soft sense of the mind,

To the sons of the world still unknown,

Ye know, tho' I cannot express,

Why I foolishly doat on my pain;

Nor will ye believe it the less

That I have not the skill to complain.

I lean on my hand with a figh,
My friends the foft fadness condemn;
Yet, methinks, tho' I cannot tell why,
I should hate to be merry like them.

When I walk'd in the pride of the dawn,
Methought all the region look'd bright:
Has sweetness forsaken the lawn?
For, methinks, I grow sad at the sight.

When

When I stood by the stream, I have thought
There was mirth in the gurgling softsound;
But now 'tis a sorrowful note,
And the banks are all gloomy around!

I have laugh'd at the jest of a friend;
Now they laugh and I know not the cause,
Tho' I feem with my looks to attend,
How filly! I ask what it was!

They fing it with mirth and with glee;

Sure I once thought the fonnet was gay,

But now 'tis all fadness to me.

Oh! give me the dubious light

That gleams thro' the quivering shade;

Oh! give me the horrors of night

By gloom and by filence array'd!

Let me walk where the foft-rifing wave
Has pictur'd the moon on its breaft:
Let me walk where the new-cover'd grave
Allows the pale lover to reft!

M 3

When

When shall I in its peaceable womb

Be laid with my forrows ascep!

Should LAVINIA but chance on my tomb

I could die if I thought she would weep.

Perhaps, if the fouls of the just
Revisit these mansions of care,
It may be my favourite trust
To watch o'er the sate of the fair.

Perhaps the foft thought of her breaft
With rapture more favour'd to warm;
Perhaps, if with forrow oppress'd,
Her forrow with patience to arm.

Then! then! in the tenderest part
May I whisper, "Poor Colin was true;"
And mark if a heave of her heart
The thought of her Colin pursue,

Lie me, wilk where the folice than wave this perfect the moon on he breakt: Lee me walk where the second of grave Afters the para level to refer

THE PUPIL. A FRAGMENT.

** * * " BUT as to the higher part of education, Mr. Harley, the culture of the mind;—let the feelings be awakened, let the heart be brought forth to its object, placed in the light in which nature would have it stand, and its decisions will ever be just. The world

Will smile, and smile, and be a villain; and the youth, who does not suspect its deceit, will be content to smile with it.— Men will put on the most forbidding aspect in nature, and tell him of the beauty of virtue.

I have not, under these grey hairs, forgotten that I was once a young man,

M 4 warm

warm in the pursuit of pleasure, but meaning to be honest as well as happy. I had ideas of virtue, of honour, of benevolence, which I had never been at the pains to define; but I felt my bosom heave at the thoughts of them, and I made the most delightful soliloquies.——It is impossible, said I, that there can be half so many rogues as are imagined.

I travelled, because it is the sashion for young men of my fortune to travel: I had a travelling tutor, which is the sashion too; but my tutor was a gentleman, which it is not always the sashion for tutors to be. His gentility indeed was all he had from his sather, whose prodigality had not left him a shilling to support it.

"I have a favour to ask of you, my dear Mountford, faid my father, which I will not be refused: You have travelled as became a man; neither France nor Italy have made any thing of Mountford, which Mountford before he left England would have been ashamed of: my fon Edward goes abroad, would you take him under your protection?"-He blushed -my father's face was scarlet-he pressed his hand to his bosom, as if he had faid, my heart does not mean to offend you. Mountford fighed twice-" I am a proud fool, faid he, and you will pardon it; -there! (he fighed again) I can hear of dependance, fince it is dependance on my Sedley."-Dependance! answered my father; there can be no fuch word between us: what is there in 9000 l. a-year that should make me unworthy of Mount-

M 5

ford's

ford's friendship?"—They embraced; and soon after I set out on my travels, with Mountford for my guardian.

We were at Milan, where my father happened to have an Italian friend, to whom he had been of fome fervice in England. The count, for he was of quality, was folicitous to return the obligation, by a particular attention to his fon: We lived in his palace, vifited with his family, were careffed by his friends, and I began to be fo well pleafed with my entertainment, that I thought of England as of fome foreign country.

[&]quot;The count had a fon not much older than myfelf. At that age a friend is an easy acquisition: we were friends the first night of our acquaintance.

"He introduced me into the company of a fet of young gentlemen, whose fortunes gave them the command of pleasure, and whose inclinations incited them to the purchase. After having spent some joyous evenings in their society, it became a fort of habit which I could not miss without uneasiness; and our meetings, which before were frequent, were now stated and regular.

"Sometimes in the paules of our mirth, gaming was introduced as an amusement: it was an art in which I was a novice: I received instruction, as other novices do, by losing pretty largely to my teachers. Nor was this the only evil which Mountford foresaw would arise from the connexion I had formed; but a lecture of sour injunctions was not his method of reclaiming.

He

13

He fometimes asked me questions about the company; but they were such as the curiosity of any indifferent man might have prompted: I told him of their wit, their eloquence, their warmth of friendship, and their sensibility of heart: "And their honour, said I, laying my hand on my breast, is unquestionable." Mountford seemed to rejoice at my good fortune, and begged that I would introduce him to their acquaintance. At the next meeting I introduced him accordingly.

"The conversation was as animated as usual; they displayed all that spright-lines and good-humour which my praises had led Mountford to expect; subjects too of sentiment occurred, and their speeches, particularly those of our friend the son of count Respino, glow-

ed with the warmth of honour, and foftened into the tenderness of seeling. Mountford was charmed with his companions; when we parted, he made the highest eulogiums upon them: "When shall we see them again?" said he. I was delighted with the demand, and promised to reconduct him on the morrow.

and the honorous and with the

"In going to their place of rendezvous, he took me a little out of the road, to see, as he told me, the performances of a young statuary. When we were near the house in which Mountford said he lived, a boy of about seven years old crossed us in the street. At sight of Mountford he stopped, and grasping his hand, "My dearest Sir, said he, my father is likely to do well; he will live to pray for you, and to bless

you: yes, he will blefs you, though, you are an Englishman, and some other hard word that the monk talked of this morning which I have forgot, but it, meant that you should not go to heaven; but he shall go to heaven, said I, for he has faved my father : come, and fee him, Sir, that we may be happy."-- " My dear, I am engaged at present with this gentleman."-" But he shall come along with you; he is an Englishman too; I fancy; he shall come and learn how an Englishman may go to heaven."- Mountford smiled, and we followed the boy together. 191 9194

"After croffing the next street, we arrived at the gate of a prison. I seemed surprised at the sight; our little conductor observed it. "Are you assaid, Sir? said he; I was assaid once

ford Said his live

too, but my father and mother are here, and I am never afraid when I am with them." He took my hand, and led me through a dark passage that fronted the gate. When we came to a little door at the end, he tapped; a boy, still younger than himself, opened it to receive us. Mountford entered with a look in which was pictured the benign assurance of a superior being. I followed in silence and amazement.

"On something like a bed, lay a man, with a face seemingly emaciated with sickness, and a look of patient dejection; a bundle of dirty shreds served him for a pillow; but he had a better support—the arm of a semale who kneeled beside him, beautiful as an angel, but with a sading languor in her countenance, the still life of melancholy, that seemed to

borrow its shade from the object on which she gazed. There was a tear in her eye!—the sick man kissed it off in its bud, smiling through the dimness of his own!—when she saw Mountford, she crawled forward on the ground, and clasped his knees; he raised her from the sloor; she threw her arms round his neck, and sobbed out a speech of thankfulness, eloquent beyond the power of language.

"Compose yourself, my love, said the man on the bed; but he, whose goodness has caused that emotion, will pardon its effects."—" How is this, Mountford? said I; what do I see? what must I do?"——"You see, replied the stranger, a wretch, sunk in poverty, starving in prison, stretched on a sick bed! but that is little:—there are his wife and children, wanting the bread which

THE MAN OF FEELING. 257.

which he has not to give them! Yet you cannot eafily imagine the conscious ferenity of his mind; in the gripe of affliction, his heart swells with the pride of virtue! it can even look down with pity on the man whose cruelty has wrung it almost to bursting. You are, I fancy, a friend of Mr. Mountford's; come nearer and I'll tell you; for, short as my story is, I can hardly command breath enough for a recital. The fon of count Respino (I started as if I had trod on a viper) has long had a criminal passion for my wife; this her prudence had concealed from me; but he had lately the boldness to declare it to myfelf. He promised me affluence in exchange for honour; and threatened mifery, as its attendant, if I kept it. I treated him with the contempt he deferved: the confequence was, that he hired

hired a couple of bravoes (for I am perfuaded they acted under his direction) who attempted to affaffinate me in the street; but I made such a defence as obliged them to fly, after having given me two or three stabs, none of which however were mortal. But his revenge was not thus to be disappointed: in the little dealings of my trade I had contracted some debts, of which he had made himfelf mafter for my ruin; I was confined here at his fuit, when not yet recovered from the wounds I had received; the dear woman, and thefe two boys, followed me, that we might starve together; but Providence interposed, and sent Mr. Mountford to our fupport: he has relieved my family from the gnawings of hunger, and rescued me from death, to which a fever, consequent on my wounds and increas-

THE MAN OF FEELING. 259 ed by the want of every necessary, had almost reduced me."

have left the room a such of them had

" Inhuman villain!" I exclaimed. lifting up my eyes to heaven. "Inhuman indeed! faid the lovely woman who stood at my side: Alas! Sir, what had we done to offend him? what had thefe little ones done, that they should perish. in the toils of his vengeance?"--I reached a pen which stood in the ink-Randish at the bed-side-" May I ask what is the amount of the fum for which you are imprisoned?"-" I was able, he replied, to pay all but 500 crowns."-" I wrote a draught on the banker with whom I had a credit from my father for 2500, and presenting it to the stranger's wife, "You will receive, Madam, on presenting this note, a fum more than sufficient for your hufhand's

band's discharge; the remainder I leave for his industry to improve." I would have left the room: each of them laid hold of one of my hands; the children clung to my coat :- Oh! Mr. Harley, methinks I feel their gentle violence at this moment; it beats here with delight inexpressible !- "Stay, Sir, said he, I do not mean attempting to thank you; (he took a pocket-book from under his pillow) let me but know what name I shall place here next to Mr. Mountford ?"-" Sedley"-he writ it down-" An Englishman too, I presume."-" He shall go to heaven notwithstanding," faid the boy who had been our guide. It began to be too much for me; I squeezed his hand that was clasped in mine; his wife's I pressed to my lips, and burst from the place to give vent to the feelings that laboured within me. cc Oh!

"Oh! Mountford! faid I, when he had overtaken me at the door: "It is time, replied he, that we should think of our appointment; young Respino and his friends are waiting us."—"Damn him, damn him! said I; let us leave Milan instantly; but soft——I will be calm; Mountford, your pencil." I wrote on a slip of paper.

To Signor Respino,

"When you receive this I am at a distance from Milan. Accept of my thanks for the civilities I have received from you and your family. As to the friendship with which you were pleased to honour me, the prison, which I have just lest, has exhibited a scene to cancel it for ever. You may possibly be merry with your companions at my weakness, as I suppose you will term it. I give

you leave for derision: you may affect a triumph; I shall feel it.

EDWARD SEDLEY."

ene: Tour Relains "You may fend this if you will, faid Mountford coolly; but still Respino is a man of koncur; the world will continue to call him fo .- " It is probable, I anfwered, they may; I envy not the appellation. If this is the world's honour, if these men are the guides of its manners"-Tut! faid Mountford, do you eat macaroni?"——

Baviscont with the selection of the water of the from you and your family. As to the

At this place had the greatest depredations of the curate begun. There were fo very few connected passages of the subsequent chapters remaining, that even the partiality of an Editor could not offer them to the Public. I difcovered.

007

covered, from some scattered sentences, that they were of much the fame tenor with the preceding; recitals of little adventures, in which the dispositions of a man, fensible to judge, and still more warm to feel, had room to unfold themfelves. Some instruction, and some example, I make no doubt they contained; but it is likely that many of those, whom chance has led to a perufal of what I have already presented, may have read it with little pleasure, and will feel no disappointment from the want of those parts which I have been unable to procure; to fuch as may have expected the intricacies of a novel, a few incidents in a life undistinguished, except by fome features of the heart, cannot have afforded much entertaincovered but imperiedly, and themin

Harley's own story, from the mutilated passages I have mentioned, as well as from some inquiries I was at the trouble of making in the country, I found to have been simple to excess. His mistress, I could perceive, was not married to Sir Harry Benson: but it would feem, by one of the following chapters, which is still entire, that Harley had not profited on the occasion by making any declaration of his own passion, after those of the other had been unsuccessful. The state of his health, for some part of this period, appears to have been such as to forbid any thoughts of that kind: he had been feized with a very dangerous fever, caught by attending old Edwards in one of an infectious kind. From this he had recovered but imperfectly, and though he had no formed complaint, his health was manifestly on the decline.

Tr

It appears that the fagacity of some friend had at length pointed out to his aunt a cause from which this might be supposed to proceed, to wit, his hopeless love for Miss Walton; for, according to the conceptions of the world, the love of a man of Harley's fortune for the heiress of 4000 l. a year, is indeed desperate. Whether it was so in this case may be gathered from the next chapter, which, with the two fubfequent, concluding the performance, have escaped those accidents that proved fatal to the rest.]

CHAP. LV.

He sees Miss Walton, and is bappy.

ARLEY was one of those few friends whom the malevolence of fortune had yet left me: I could not therefore but be fensibly concerned for his present indisposition; there seldom passed a day on which I did not make inquiry about him.

The physician who attended him had informed me the evening before, that he thought him considerably better than he had been for some time past. I called next morning to be confirmed in a piece of intelligence so welcome to me.

When I entered his apartment, I found him fitting on a couch, leaning on his hand, with his eye turned upwards in the attitude

attitude of thoughtful inspiration. His look had always an open benignity, which commanded esteem; there was now something more—a gentle triumph in it.

He rose, and met me with his usual kindness. When I gave him the good accounts I had had from his physician, I am soolish enough, said he, to rely but little, in this instance, upon physic my presentiment may be false; but I think I feel myself approaching to my end, by steps so easy, that they woo me to approach it.

There is a certain dignity in retiring from life at a time, when the infirmities of age have not fapped our faculties. This world, my dear Charles, was a scene in which I never much delighted. I was not formed for the

buftle of the bufy, nor the distipation of the gay: a thousand things occurred, where I blushed for the impropriety of my conduct when I thought on the world, though my reason told me I should have blushed to have done otherwife. - It was a scene of dissimulation, of restraint, of disappointment. leave it to enter on that state, which I have learned to believe, is replete with the genuine happiness attendant upon virtue. I look back on the tenor of my life, with the consciousness of few great offences to account for. There are blemishes, I confess, which deform in some degree the picture. But I know the benignity of the Supreme Being, and rejoice at the thoughts of its exertion in my favour. My mind expands at the thought I shall enter into the fociety of the bleffed, wife as angels, with

with the simplicity of children." He had by this time clasped my hand, and found it wet by a tear which had just fallen upon it .- His eye began to moiften too-we fat for some time silent-At last, with an attempt to a look of more composure, "There are some remembrances (faid Harley) which rife involuntarily on my heart, and make me almost wish to live. I have been blessed with a few friends, who redeem my opinion of mankind. I recollect, with the tenderest emotion, the scenes of pleasure I have passed among them; but we shall meet again, my friend, never to be feparated. There are fome feelings which perhaps are too tender to be suffered by the world. The world is in general felfish, interested, and unthinking, and throws the imputation of romance or melancholy on every temper more fufceptible N 3

ceptible than its own. I cannot think but in those regions which I contemplate, if there is any thing of mortality left about us, that these feelings will fubfift; -they are called, -perhaps they are-weaknesses here; -but there may be some better modifications of them in heaven, which may deferve the name of virtues." He fighed as he spoke these last words. He had scarcely finished them, when the door opened, and his aunt appeared leading in Miss Walton. " My dear, fays she, here is Miss Walton, who has been so kind as to come and enquire for you herself." I could observe a transient glow upon his face. He rose from his seat-" If to know Miss Walton's goodness, said he, be a title to deserve it, I have some claim." She begged him to refume his feat, and placed herfelf on the fofa belide

beside him. I took my leave. Mrs. Margery accompanied me to the door. He was left with Miss Walton alone. She inquired anxiously about his health. "I believe, faid he, from the accounts which my phyficians unwillingly give me, that they have no great hopes of my recovery."-She started as he spoke; but recollecting herfelf immediately, endeavoured to flatter him into a belief that his apprehensions were groundless. "I know, faid he, that it is usual with persons at my time of life to have these hopes, which your kindness suggests; but I would not wish to be deceived. To meet death as becomes a man, is a privilege bestowed on few .- I would endeavour to make it mine; -nor do I think that I can ever be better prepared for it than now :- It is that chiefly which determines the fitness of its approach."

"Those sentiments, answered Miss Walton, are just; but your good sense, Mr. Harley, will own, that life has its proper value.—As the province of virtue, life is ennobled; as such, it is to be desired.—To virtue has the Supreme Director of all things assigned rewards enough even here to fix its attachment."

The subject began to overpower her.

Harley listed his eyes from the ground—"There are, said he, in a very low voice, there are attachments, Miss Walton"—His glance met her's—They both betrayed a consusion, and were both instantly withdrawn.—He paused some moments—"I am in such a state as calls for sincerity, let that also excuse it—It is perhaps the last time we shall ever meet. I feel something particularly solemnin the acknowledgment,

yet my heart swells to make it, awed as it is by a fense of my presumption, by a fense of your perfections"-He paused again-" Let it not offend you to know their power over one so unworthy -It will, I believe, foon ceafe to beat, even with that feeling which it shall lose the latest .- To love Miss Walton could not be a crime; -if to declare it is one -the expiation will be made."-Her tears were now flowing without controul .- " Let me intreat you, said she, to have better hopes-Let not life be so indifferent to you; if my wishes can put any value on it-I will not pretend to misunderstand you-I know your worth-I have known it long-I have ! esteemed it-What would you have me fay !- I have loved it as it deserved."-He seized her hand-a languid colour reddened his cheek-a smile brighten-

her, it grew dim, it fixed, it closed—
He sighed, and fell back on his seat—
Miss Walton screamed at the sight—
His aunt and the servants rushed into
the room—They found them lying motionless together.—His physician happened to call at that instant. Every
art was tried to recover them—With
Miss Walton they succeeded—But
Harley was gone for ever!

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CHAP. LVI.

The emotions of the heart.

Entered the room where his body lay; I approached it with reverence, not fear: I looked; the recollection of the past crowded upon me. I saw that form which, but a little before, was animated with a foul which did honour to humanity, stretched without sense or feeling before me. 'Tis a connexion we cannot eafily forget :- I took his hand in mine; I repeated his name involuntarily; -I felt a pulse in every vein at the sound. I looked earneftly in his face; his eye was closed, his lip pale and motionless. There is an enthusiasm in sorrow that forgets imposibility; I wondered that it was fo. The fight drew a prayer from my heart: it was the voice of frailty and of man! the confusion of my mind began to subside into thought; I had time to meet!

I turned,

I turned, with the last farewell upon my lips, when I observed old Edwards standing behind me. Hooked him full in the face; but his eye was fixed on another object: he pressed between me and the bed, and flood gazing on the breathless remains of his benefactor. I spoke to him I know not what; but he took no notice of what I faid, and remained in the same attitude as before. He stood some minutes in that posture, then turned and walked towards the door. He paused as he went ;-he returned a fecond time: I could observe his lips move as he looked: but the voice they would have uttered was loft. He attempted going again; and a third time he returned as before. - I faw him wipe his cheek; then covering his face with his hands, his breast heaving with the most convulsive throbs, he flung out of the room.

THE CONCLUSION.

HE had hinted that he should like to be buried in a certain spot near the grave of his mother. This is a weakness; but it is universally incident to humanity: 'tis at least a memorial for those who survive: for some indeed a slender memorial will serve; and the fost affections, when they are busy that way, will build their structures, were it but on the paring of a nail.

He was buried in the place he had defired. It was shaded by an old tree, the only one in the church-yard, in which was a cavity worn by time. I have sat with him in it, and counted the tombs. The last time we passed there, methought he looked wistfully on that tree: there was a branch of it, that bent towards

towards us, waving in the wind; he waved his hand, as if he mimicked its motion. There was fomething predictive in his look! perhaps it is foolish to remark it; but there are times and places when I am a child at those things.

I fometimes visit his grave; I sit in the hollow of the tree. It is worth a thousand homilies; every noble feeling rises within me! every beat of my heart awakens a virtue!—but it will make you hate the world—No: there is such an air of gentleness around, that I can hate nothing; but, as to the world—I pity the men of it.

FINIS.

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