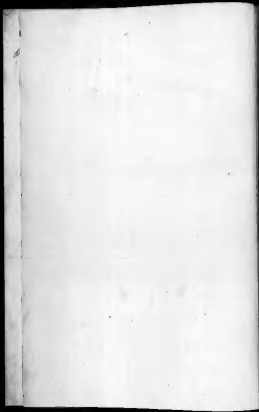


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AFBEELDINGEN

Folio
0257
1743
1775

VAN

ZELDZAME

GEWASSEN,

DOOR

NICOLAAS MEERBURGH,

HORTULANUS VAN DEN KRUIDTUIN

VAN 'SLANDS UNIVERSITEYT

TE LEYDEN.



Mo. Bot. Garden,
1897

TE LEYDEN,

By JOHANNES LE MAIR,

M D C C L X X V.

1775

(B7⁶⁰)



THE HISTORY

The history of the city of London, from its first settlement to the present time, is a subject of great interest and importance. It is a subject which has attracted the attention of many writers, and has been the subject of many valuable works. The history of London is a subject which is of great interest to all who are interested in the history of the British Empire, and in the progress of civilization. It is a subject which is of great importance to all who are interested in the history of the world, and in the progress of human progress. The history of London is a subject which is of great interest to all who are interested in the history of the British Empire, and in the progress of civilization. It is a subject which is of great importance to all who are interested in the history of the world, and in the progress of human progress.



V O O R B E R I G T.

MY, zoedert een' geruimen tyd, voor zo verre myn beroep welker, geoeffend hebbende in het aftekenen van alle Gewassen, welke my zekzaam roeckwamen, en die ik door anderen niet of nauwlyks afgebeeld vond, oordeelde ik niet onnut te zyn, isagelyks te beproeven, of ik dezelve in plaat zoude kunnen brengen, en, met hoore natuurlyke Colecten verciert, den Liebhabbers der Natuur en Kraidbende mede deelen; hier toe wierd ik niet weinig aangefpoord, desyl de ondervinding my dagelyks leerde, hoe moeylyk het is, een groot deel Planten, tot hier toe niet algemeen bekend, van elkander en van anderen te onderscheiden, of schoon zy door den grooten Linnæus, en anderen beroemde Kraidkundigen nauwkeurig beschreeven zyn, ten zy men de Beschryvingen met de Afbeeldingen vergelykt: bequamer gelegenheid, dan ik dagelyks heb, kon zich ook niet opdoen, daar de Kraidtuin dezer Univerfiteyt, die voor geen andere in Europa behoeft te wyken, een groot deel Planten

V O O R E R I G T.

bevat, welke men in veete Tuisen vragelees made zoeken, en s'choon door den Heere Linnæus, volgens de medegedeelde Beschryving van den Hooggeleerden Heere D. v. Royen, opgegeven, egter aergens, zoo veel my bevat is, behoeftlyk afgebeeld zyn.

Het eerste Tiental, welk ik aan den Kruidkundigen aanbiede, zal uitzeyen, hoe ik geslagt ben in dit werk, alleen nit hant tot de Kruidkunde, en gemints met eenig ander oogmerk, ondernoomen, terwyl ik hoop, zoo het zelve eenige goedkeuring mag wegdraagen, daar ik van tyd tot tyd voortzetten.

De namen der Gewassen heb ik van Linnæus ontleent, en my op dazelve Werken telkens beroepen: dus ben ik ook te werk gegaan met de Keppellen, welke ik op elke Plaat tot eenige Clemaf afgebeck heb, en die alle uit myne Verzameling ontleent zyn.

IASMINUM (*Grandiflorum*) TAB. I

IASMINUM (*Grandiflorum*) foliis oppositis planis; fo-
lis ceteris confusis, Linn. Sp. pl. p. 9.

IASMINUM (*Grandiflorum*) hispanicum magno flore ex-
terno rubente. Linn. Mantill. II. 316.

PAPILIO (*Helena*) TAB. I

PAPILIO (*Helena*) alis cruciatis nigris: pollicis macula
alba: foveas triticeas albidis humilique foveas ferrugineas
Linn. Syst. Nat. 747.

HEDYOTIS (*Herbacea*) TAB. II

HEDYOTIS (*Herbacea*) foliis linearibus lanceolatis, caule
herbaceo dichotomo, pedunculis geminis. Linn. Sp. pl.
pag. 147.

PAPILIO (*Polydamas*) TAB. II

PAPILIO (*Polydamas*) alis dentatis nigris foveis interrupta
flava, pollicis foveas macula linearibus flexuosis rubris. Linn.
Syst. Nat. 747.

SALVIA (*Paniculata*) TAB. III

SALVIA (*Paniculata*) foliis obovato-cuneiformibus den-
tatis raris, caule frutescente. Linn. Syst. Nat. (2) Man-
till. pag. 15.

PAPILIO (*Polydorus*) TAB. III.

PAPILIO (*Polydorus*) foliis conspiciis; lujas alie supra
falcia lates é maculis parallelis figuratis; posticum margo
folium macula 7, laccaribus, fuscis (3) Coccineis.

COMMELINA (*Africana*) TAB. IV.

COMMELINA (*Africana*) corollis inaequalibus, foliis
lancoatis glabris, caule decumbentem. *Lin. Sp. pl. p. 60.*

PAPILIO (*Troilus*) TAB. IV.

PAPILIO (*Troilus*) alie caudis nigric: primoribus parvis
marginatis pallidis; posticis foliis maculis fulvis. *Lin.*
Syst. Nat. 343.

HYOSCYAMUS (*Physalodes*) TAB. V.

HYOSCYAMUS (*Physalodes*) foliis ovatis integerrimis,
calycibus inclusis subglobosis. *Lin. Sp. pl. p. 158.*

PAPILIO (*Mamefwe*) TAB. V.

PAPILIO (*Mamefwe*) alie oblonga integerrima affidi-
nigro-nerveis; primoribus macula duabus nigric margini-
libus. *Lin. Syst. Nat. 354.*

DAIS (*Corinthella*) TAB. VI.

DAIS (*Quinifolia*) *Lin. Sp. pl. pag. 336.*

PAPILIO (*Pisca*) TAB. VI.

PAPILIO (*Pisca*) alis oblongis integerrimis albis nigro-
nervosis: primoribus maculis duabus nigris marginalibus.

Lin. Syst. Nat. 754.

MARTYNIA (*Longiflora*) TAB. VII.

MARTYNIA (*Longiflora*) caule simpliciter, foliis orbiculatis
repandis. Lin. Syst. Nat. (2) 411.

PAPILIO (*Troilus*) TAB. VII.

PAPILIO (*Troilus*) subtus conspecta. Lin. Syst. Nat. 746.

SELAGO (*Tomentosa*) TAB. VIII.

SELAGO (*Tomentosa*) caernis canolis, foliis ovatis cre-
tis tomentosis caule prostrato. Lin. Sp. pl. p. 877. n. 7.

MANULEA (*Tomentosa*) TAB. VIII.

MANULEA (*Tomentosa*) foliis tomentosis, caulibus folio-
sis, pedunculis multicaulis. Lin. Manuf. 11. pag. 420.

PAPILIO (*Pavonia*) TAB. VIII.

PAPILIO (*Pavonia*) subtus conspecta alis caudatis nigris con-
coloribus omnibus margine maculato; pedicis fascia macu-
lis septem albis. Lin. Syst. Nat. 746.

CROTON (*Lebanus*) TAB. IX.

CROTON (*Lebanus*) foliis inermi-ferentis: inferioribus
quinque lobis; superioribus trilobis. Lin. Sp. pl. p. 1417.
Nostra species semper habet folia trifida, ceterumque pilosam.

PAPILIO (Demophloe) TAB. IX.

PAPILIO (Demophloe) alia denariis: supra fasciâ viridi sub-
tus gâsto marmorata. Linn. Syst. Nat. 751.

IMPATIENS (Cepesâ) TAB. X.

Planta annua, sub die hâro cretens, ad altitudinem quatuor
pedum, caules laevide rubescens, geniculatos, debiles, ve-
niâ abscisi scerens, flores hauci latus rubes mactati;

Habitus Impatiens Noli-tangere.

Habitat ad Praetorium Bonae. Sp.

PAPILIO (Sclator) TAB. X.

PAPILIO (Sclator) alia integerrimis, primoribus supra
fasciâ fuscâque dilatozâ transversali: inferioribus nigris,
pâstis albo coeruleoque punctatis.

Altitudo ut in icone. Abdomen & Corpus nigra, alia pri-
moribus supra fasciâ fuscâ integerrima transversali per medium.
Subtus margo nigrâ ad medium aliam fuscâ, extera alia
flava, fasciâ per medium angustâ transversali nigro termina-
ta: alia secundariis ad abdomen supra fuscâ, caeterum ni-
gra, versus exteriorem partem, areâ, maculis albis contra-
stentibusque spatâ irregularibus variis, subus flava, ver-
sus marginem fuscâ, per medium transversâ fasciâ flava ni-
gro-circumscripâ ornate, quo colore reliquis alia pugna
deste est. Versus marginem superiorum viride flavescens
& ad basin postulis variis coeruleis, aequae ante fasciam
oculis geminis nigris conspicitur.

VERONICA (Hispanica) TAB. XI.

VERONICA (Hispanica) spica terminalibus, foliis sub-
linearibus pinnatifido-acute dentatis. Planta perennis.
Caules filiformes, quae foliis ambice oblongiuscula: sili-
quula, sublinearis, acute pinnatifido-dentata: denticuli
divergentes recurvati, ad summum quaedam ter-
minatio nulla.

Corollae tubulosa, tubo longitudinem calycis aequans, la-
ciniae caeruleae, stamina lutescentia, antherae vio-
lae.

Habitat in Hispania.

PAPILIO (Demophon) ma. TAB. XI.

PAPILIO (Demophon) alis decoratis: supra nigris fuscis vi-
ridi, subtus griseo marmoratis Linn. Syst. Nat. 753.

CELASTRUS (Lucida) TAB. XII.

CELASTRUS (Lucida) foliis ovalibus raris integerrimis
marginatis Linn. Syst. Nat. 181. Martii 49.

Habitat ad Cap. b. (pel.)

Fructus croceus: Ramis fuscis, densis; foliis alternis, ovatis f.
obovatis, obtusiusculis, venosis, lucida, brevissimo petio-
latis, margine integerrime reflexo.

Pedunculis axillares, conferti, simpliciter folio breviores.

Petalis concavis, stamina corollae breviora, stylis crassis, sig-
nata via divergentia.

PAPILIO (Demolens) TAB. XII.

PAPILIO (Demolens) alis decoratis fuscis: maculae fasciatae
maculosa flavis; posticis oculis binis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 753.

AMARYLLIS (Undulata) TAB. XIII.

AMARYLLIS (Undulata) spatha multiloba. } Corol-

in parvis, petalis undulatis mucronatis basi dilata.
Habitu ad *Prorastocium Bonae Spci.*
Scapus cum umbella magnitudine umbellae cum pedunculo
generali rotunda. Spatia profert cinctae 12. flava purpu-
reos, petalis angusto-lanceolatis, apice vix mucrona-
tis; basi ipsa ovata, flammis declinata. *Lin. Syst. Nat. 17.*

PAPILIO (Hecabe) TAB. XIII.

PAPILIO (Hecabe) alis integerrimis rotundatis flavis ex-
tremo nigris: Cuspis sicuti parvis pallidis numerosis
Lin. Syst. Nat. 163.

BROWALLIA (Elae) TAB. XIV.

BROWALLIA (Elae) pedunculis unifloris multifloris-
que. *Lin. Sp. pl. pag. 182.*

Habitu in Peru.

Stemina *B. demissa*, sed caulis duplo major, rigidus,
crassitie divisi digiti, quasi frutescens; Rami inferiores
longitudine fere ipsam caulis, quod non in *demissa*.

Folia seralis hinc fere glabra. Pedunculi alii uniflori, alii
triflori, quatuorfolii & vix, caulis fereque caeruleo-
violaceo, nec dilute violaceo.

BROWALLIA haec est simillima *B. demissa*, distincta
tamen ab ea caule sericeo quasi ligato. *Lin. Mart. 1:*
471.

PAPILIO (Ulysses) TAB. XIV.

PAPILIO (Ulysses) sicuti conspici. *Lin. Syst. Nat. 148.*

BROWALLIA (Demissa) TAB. XV.

BROWALLIA (Demissa) pedunculis unifloris. *Lin. Sp.*
pl. pag. 179.

PAPILIO (Demophon) Mac TAB. XV.

PAPILIO (Demophon) sicuti Conspectu. *Lin. Syst. Nat. 148.*
CY.

CYTISUS (*Aethiopicus*) TAB XVI

CYTISUS (*Aethiopicus*) racemis lateralibus strictis, ramis angulatis, foliis canalicatis. Linn. Sp. pl. p. 1042.

PAPILIO (*Scylla*) TAB XVI

PAPILIO (*Scylla*) alis subintegerrimis rotundatae foveis: primoribus supra albis limbo nigro; subter quibus pediculis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 753.

CROTALARIA (*Quinquifolia*) TAB XVII

CROTALARIA (*Quinquifolia*), foliis quincatis Welliamobile-cori. Rhed. mal. p. p. 51. t. 28. fig. mala.

Folia angusta lanceolata, obtusa, saepe rotata, subrotunda lateralibus brevioribus, clypeis campanulatis. Flores racemosi alterni glabri. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 1006.

Obs. In nostra planta folia ima sunt simplicia; paulo altiora sunt ternis, adhuc quo altiora sunt quaternis sunt, donec superius quinquifida existant; unde triale nomen Cl. Linnæus desumpsit.

PAPILIO (*Melpomene*) TAB XVII

PAPILIO (*Melpomene*) alis oblongis integerrimis nigris: primoribus foveis rubra; posticis basi subter punctis sanguineis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 758.

BALTIMORA (*Reha*) TAB XVIII

CHRYSANTHEMUM Americanum, caulibus albis, angulicibus foliis binatis, floribus pallide lactentibus parvis. Flak. mant. 46. t. 342. l. 3.

Habitat in Marylandis, ad urbem Baltimore. O. H. U.

Caulis bipedalis, tetragonus, erectus, viridis: lacribus profunde canaliculatis: angulis scabris: ramis laterales brevissimi.

Folia opposita, petiolata, ovata, acuminata, serrata, triseriata, patentia, subreticulata, pila brevissima, fasciata; suboppositis foliis.

Paniculae seminantes, parvae, siccis locis. Corollae disci tuberosae aetheris nigri. Linn. Massil. (2.) 188.

PAPILIO (Philotheca) TAB. XVIII.

PAPILIO (Philotheca) alis subcaudatis fuscis; pollicis oculis duabus caeruleis pupilla nigra punctisque tribus albis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 750.

Alae Primaries, subaeae fuscis lineari alba & linea transversa utraque: Pollicis puncta 3. albis & macula 1. violacea.

COREOPSIS (Lanceolata) TAB. XIX.

COREOPSIS (Lanceolata) foliis lanceolatis, integerrimis ciliatis. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 1283.

Obt. in nostra planta foliis infra semper trunco ciliatis.

PAPILIO (Aeacus) TAB. XIX.

PAPILIO (Aeacus) alis dentatis utris primariis supra macula viridi; pollicemaculo palmato fuscissimo. Linn. Syst. Nat. 747.

LOBELIA (Mirata) TAB. XX.

LOBELIA (Mirata) foliis radicalibus ovatis super capillatibus. Habitat in cap. h. spei subaequo ☉.

Planta missa (ad Carthagen & Bellium viduatum) pollicem. Radix filiformis propegribus repens. Folia radicalia, obovata, obtusa, ciliata, vix trunco, longius petiolata. Semper saecurus, bipollicaris, crebra, aphylla, unilobata. Calyx oblongus, lanceolatus, crebriusculus; Corolla infundibuliformis. Capsula infera oblonga. Affinis Lobeliae Laurenciae sed venter, nec alia bidentata in capsula, a L. Eriquo differ. caulis nullo. Linn. Massil. (2.) 191.

PAPILIO (Ulysses) TAB. XX.

PAPILIO (Ulysses) alis dentatis nigris disci caeruleo maculata; pollicis subaeae oculis septem. Linn. Syst. Nat. 748.

BOERHAVIA (Scandens) TAB. XXI

BOERHAVIA (Scandens) caule cretulo floribus diandris,
foliis cordatis acutis.

Caecis 6. pediculis, strictissimis, rectis, levibus.

Folia cordata, glabra.

Umbellae sessilae: involucrum 5. phyllis, deciduum.

Corolla diandra, viridolacca Linn. Manill (2) 315.

Valerianella curasilavica, semina aspera viscosa.

Phil. alm. 349. t. 113. l. 7.

Solanum hanciferum americanum, fructu corymbosa.

Phil. alm. 349. t. 113. l. 7.

Properum lacte hinc icones Plukenetii hinc species Cl. Linnæi applicavit. Prior male depicta a Plukenetio; posterior aliam plantam exhibet.

Nostra species semper habet umbellas multifloras.

PAPILIO (Theae) TAB. XXI

PAPILIO (Theae) alis cordatis: supra nigris: falcis duabus flavis interruptis, tubus flavis falcis caerulea. Linn. Manill (2) 336.

ANAGALLIS (Lutifolia) TAB. XXII

ANAGALLIS (Lutifolia) foliis cordatis amplicaulibus, caulis compressis. Linn. Sp. pl. 311.

Crucifera monana minor flore caeruleo Mart. ic. 584. fig. 118.

PAPILIO (Ricini) TAB. XXII. Mas. & Femina.

PAPILIO (Ricini) alis oblongis interruptis falcis: primariis utriusque falcis duabus flavis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 356.

SAXIFRAGA (Stolonifera) TAB. XXIII

Folii ovato-rotundatis, dentatis, crassis perimbris sub-
tus tubis caule clypeo floro: seapo aphylo.

Cal. peristylis monophyllis, 5. parvis, patens, laciniis
ovatis acutis tubis: superioribus minoribus.

Cor. irregulari 5. petala, periantho, petalis tubis superio-
ribus ovatis furtillis, planis, maculis rotatis inferioribus
duabus deflexis, triplo majoribus, intracaulis niveis: re-
ctis, coronata glandulosa.

Suum. fil. decem filiformia aethera parva biloba caeterum.

Phil. genm. duo ovata, stylis duo, stigma parva obtusa.

Habitat in Virginia.

PAPILIO (Polymnia) TAB. XXIII.

PAPILIO (Polymnia) alis oblongis integerrimis luteis; primoribus fuscis fere; pedicis fuscis vribus nigra. Linn. Syst. Nat. 715.

RIBES (Cyananthus) TAB. XXIV.

RIBES (Cyananthus) aculeis subserratis, barbis aculeatae retroflexis. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 191.
Facies R. Uvae ursine, folia parva fella. Aculeis instar spinarum sub alis Pedonocis superius vribus. Gemmae instar hirsutae, nec aculeatae. Corolla R. Grossulariae. Baccae magnitudine nuclei coccyli undique amarae aculeis robustis.

PAPILIO (Pegaeus) TAB. XXIV.

PAPILIO (Pegaeus) alis oblongis integerrimis fuscis; primoribus fuscis vribus; pedicisque duabus hyalinis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 716.

PEONIA (Tanaetosa) TAB. XXV.

PEONIA (Tanaetosa) foliis linearibus multipartitis. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 748.
Radix repens. Folia Delphinii grandiflori S. Anthon, supra decomposita multipartita in lacinas vascrosas, linearis latris. Flos terminalis R. officinalis sed minor, pedunculatae foliatis. Caulis neque ramosus. Verbo quae Folia Peoniae, ex Adonide sperantia.

PAPILIO (Palaehus) TAB. XXV.

PAPILIO (Palaehus) alis nigris alio subradialis postice centrali albo; pedicis fuscis luteis basi cretata. Linn. Syst. Nat. 713.

SIDERITIS (Hirsuta) TAB. XXVI.

SIDERITIS (Hirsuta) foliis lanceolatis obtusis dentatis pilosis, bracteis dentato-spinosis, caule hirsuto, spicis intricatis elongatis. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 803.

Caulis, rigidus, pilosus, foliis lanceolatis, obtusiusculis, rugoso-plicatis, serratis; S. 4. subsessilis. Bracteae cordatae serrato-spinosae. Venticilli remotissimi, sessiles, serrati, caule inter venticillos hirsutiore. Corolla flava tubo inaequali; Labio superiore lineari, semibifido, reflexo, erecto, nigro L. inferiore minimo, calyces hirsiti, spicis 5. aequalibus, summa inter tubum.

PAPILIO (Crotus) TAB. XXVI.

Alis posticis rotundatis subdilatatis, omnibus nigris utrinque fuscis linea continua flava inferioribus maculatis, varis coloratis.

Centrum omnium alarum occupat fascia cordata lata, amara flavicans, alae secundariae supra scriebus binis margini parallelis ex macula lunulatis cordiformibusque flavis infra alae secundariae ab articulo usque ad medium flavae, caeterum utrae scriebus, tribus, parallelis margini ex macula cordiformibus, ac lunulatis; harum prior series rubro cinis, media cinerea & extremo flavo est, reliquam corpus & alae nigerrimo colore umbrantur.

SIDERITIS (Perfoliata) TAB. XXVII.

SIDERITIS (Perfoliata) herbacea hispido-pilosa, foliis superioribus amplexicaulis Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 803.

Caulis erectus, herbaceus. Folia inferiora caulis petiolata, superiora sessilia, opposita, amplexicaulia. Floralis cordata, integerrima, scissurata; corollae albae venis aliquot rubis.

PAPILIO (Echion) TAB. XXVII.

PAPILIO (Echion) alis hierodajicis supra fuscis; scriebus pallidioribus: fascia rubra ocellisque terminis rubra. Linn. Syst. Nat. 788.

SIDERITIS (Lam.) TAB. XXVIII

SIDERITIS [Lam.] foliis cordatis obtusis villosis, calycibus masculis lanatis, spica longa, caule erecto. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 864.

Planta perharmica, erecta, tota lanata. Caulis simplicissimus. Folia cordata, subsessile, obtusitate crenata, obtusa, spica longior ipso caule, sessilis, terminalis e verticillis sessilibus, remotis, vix lanatis. Corollae arrostolaceae, longioribus calycis, Bractee ovatae, obtusae lanatae, lanatae.

PAPILIO (Chrysippus) TAB. XXVIII

PAPILIO (Chrysippus) alis integerrimis fuscis margine nigro punctis albis, pediculis disco pediculis nigris Linn. Syst. Nat. 767.

LOTUS (Arabicus) TAB. XXIX

LOTUS (Arabicus) leguminibus cylindricis aristatis, caulis prostratis, pedunculis trifloris, bracteis monophyllis. Linn. Manib. 104.

Pedunculi primi unilicci sunt.

PAPILIO (Teucer) TAB. XXIX

PAPILIO (Teucer) alis subrepandis lividifuscis, subnatis nebulois; pediculis oculis tribus: postremo maximo. Linn. Syst. Nat. 771.

BALTIMORA (Alba) TAB. XXX

Caulis albus decurrens foliis oppositis lino lanceolatis pedunculatis acuminatis ferratis.

Croceus ad 8. pedum altitudinem Coecopis albomissilem similes.

Habitat in America septentrionali.

PAPILIO (Orates) TAB. XXX. Subtus conspecta.

ARALIA (Nodicaulis) TAB XXXI

ARALIA (Nodicaulis) caule nudo, foliis lincis ternatis
Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 392.

Christopharina, Virginiana sarze radicebus saccolato & fungo-
sis. Pluk. alm. p. 1. 238. fig. 1. fig. mch.

PAPILIO (Euterpe) TAB XXXI

PAPILIO (Euterpe) alis oblongis integerrimis nigris albo-
punctatis lacinis luteis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 746.

TRADESCANTIA (Crifera) TAB XXXII

TRADESCANTIA (Crifera) repens levibus spatibus diphyl-
lis imbricatis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 3. pag. 233.

Comenclia crifera Sp. pl. pag. 42.

Radix aerea, caules teretes, laevem, ramosi, distali, repen-
tes, folia lanceolata recurvata, levia, basi vaginantis, va-
ginis striatis, spatibus imbricatis, diphylle, bilobis, floribus
sessilibus, luteis, scapularum, secundae Cal. corolla
brevis. Petala 3, ovata, sessilis, cartilaginea filamenta pilo-
sa extus; pili caruleis articulis. Stylis clavatis stigma
tubulosum, crenatum.

PAPILIO (Agyror) TAB XXXII

PAPILIO (Agyror) alis dentatis nigris basi sanguineis; pri-
moribus striatis; posticis disco albo maculis nigris. Linn.
Syst. Nat. 747.

OENOTHERA (Fraxinea) TAB XXXIII

OENOTHERA (Fraxinea) foliis lanceolatis subdentatis,
capsulis pedicellatis acutangulis, mucoso pedunculari
Linn. Sp. pl. p. 492.

Calyx purpureo, semphyllis, sed rumpitur altero se-
pore & unico laeva. Tubus filiformis, angustissimus,
capsula angulis 4 scatis compressa folia variis denti-
culata.

PAPILIO (Cardamines) TAB XXXIII

PAPILIO (Cardamines) alis integerrimis rotundatis albis;
primoribus medio foveis; posticis foveis viridi nebulosis
Linn. Syst. Nat. 761.

OENOTHERA (Paviflora) TAB. XXXIV.

OENOTHERA (*Paviflora*) foliis ovato-lanceolatis planis, caule laevi subvillosa. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 492.

Fructus apert. corollam marginem ciliando, nec quadrifido, ut OE. bicoloris, cui similis. Caulis pilis adpressis, sed absque tuberculis ad eorum basin. Petala repandifidissima, minus mollia. Calyx tubo suo quadruplo brevior, infra apicem denticulato rotundus, hinc ante compilationem macroses in hac distantia Petalorum latera distantis, dimidio minoris praecedens petalis.

Capitate quadrivalva.

PAPILIO (Marsyas) TAB. XXXIV.

PAPILIO (*Marsyas*) albis bicoloris fere corollis; foliis corolliferantibus petalis nigris. Linn. Syst. Nat. 787.

OENOTHERA (Longiflora) TAB. XXXV.

OENOTHERA (*Longiflora*) caulibus simplicibus pilosis, petalis dilatatis lobatis. Linn. Mantill. 2. 227.

Folia Radicalia numerosa, lanceolata, denticulata, pubescentia costa alba, utriusque nervosa.

Caeter. folijs 3., cauli infra folia radicalia, simplicissimi, adscendentes, hirti, vixiles, pilis longis, petalis albis.

Caulis caeruleo sericeo exarctis.

Folia caulium ovata oblonga, denticulata, sessile, radicalibus scissis.

Florae axillares superiorum foliorum, geminae calyceoque piloso.

Calyx tubo insigniter elongato, limbo suo triplo longior.

Petala 5, fere, obcordata, biloba, magnitudine OE. ovatae, si non majora, laevibus distantia; altero die rubra.

Fructus similis OE. ovatae, sed longior, inferae angustior, nec coarctante minus scabra.

Differt ab OE. ovata, qua foliis caulis laevibus, subpetiolatis, caule erecto, ramis lateralibus, vix manifesto pilosis - Petalis approximatissimis, vix emarginatis, nec bilobis; calycis tubo vix latius duplo longiore.

PAPILIO (Dido) TAB. XXXV.

PAPILIO (Dido) alis demum oblongis nigris viridi maculatis, postice fuscis maculisque supremis transversis caeruleo-fulvis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 782.

SAPONARIA (Portigens) TAB. XXXVI

SAPONARIA (Portigens) calycibus cylindricis pubescentibus, ramis divaricatiflomis, fructibus pendulis. Moench. (2) 239.

Silene portigens Syst. 3. p. 230.

Lychis chaicensis Zornus, foliis parum hirsuta angustis, foliulis carnosis, pediculis inferius biancialibus capsulis fere rotundis Moench. hüll. 3. p. 541. fig. 104.

Caulis bipedalis, erectus, articulatus, rigidulus, inferius glaber, superius pubescenti viscidus ramis divaricatiflomis.

Folia lanuginosa: inferiora glabra; superiora sub ramificationibus pubescentia viscida.

Podunculi axillares, foliorum oppositi, capsulares, huiusmodi glabri, longipedes foliorum, dum fructiferi penduli.

Calyx oblongus, tubulosus, pubescenti-viscidus.

Petalis oblique corosis, subincisuris, emarginata laciniis brevibus Saen. alba, tubo breviora, German ovatum. Syst. distantes.

Stigmata simplicia.

Obs. Deleatur in hoc Silenes; substituat hęc descriptio a viva.

PAPILIO (Daphnice) TAB. XXXVI

PAPILIO (Daphnice) alis integris rotundatis albis margine fuscis, fuscis lineis griseis albo maculatis Linn. Syst. Nat. 760.

CODON (Roseni) TAB. XXXVII

Cal. perianthium monophyllum, decempartitum foliolis subulcis, perfoliatis aestivis: sternalis brevioribus.

Cor. monopetala campanulata huiusmodi rotulosa: Limbo decem partito aequali, Nectarium decem loculare et squamis 10, unguibus laminarum inferis, connatis, receptaculum septentibus.

Stam. filamenta decem, longitudine corollae. Anthera crassa.

Styl. Germen superum corollae, stylus simplex, longioribus laminae, lignata deo, longa, seneca, divergentia.

E 2

Per.

Per. biloculare.

Sem. plura subrotunda hinc in paup. effusa colorata.

CAULIS herbaceus, firmus, cubitalis, teres ramis asurgenti-
bus, folia alterna petiolata cordata ovata, subrepanda,
indivisa, acuminata, subcoriacea glabra supra averia,
Flos supra axillares, solitarii, pedunculati, facies co-
rollae *Atropa Belladonna* albida, sem. acuti stili te-
purgantibus Herba una adpersa stili *Hoyeri* Linn.
Syst. Nat. 1. 191.

PAPILIO (*Maryna*) TAB. XXXVII

PAPILIO (*Maryna*) (fabae composita) Linn. Syst. Nat. 788.

THEA (*Baba*) TAB. XXXVIII

THEA (*Baba*) floribus hemipetalis Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 714.

PAPILIO (*Hippobae*) TAB. XXXVIII

PAPILIO (*Hippobae*) alia integerrimis fapsa fuscis immu-
tatis; fuscis circumscriptis: punctis scellaribus centro-
caulis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 791.

SENECIO (*Chrysocoma*) TAB. XXXIX.

Corolla nuda foliis longioribus linearibus, prolongis.

Habiat ad *Protonotarium* bene spei.

Plura fruticosi floribus corymbosis, folia, picea in plura
junice sunt folia corymbi.

PAPILIO (*Glio*) TAB. XXXIX.

PAPILIO (*Glio*) alia oblonga integerrimis fuscis: primo-
ribus albo maculatis: pedicis fuscis alba Linn. Syst. Nat.
751.

GORTERIA (*Anacosta*) TAB. XL.

Folii integris dentato spicosis, amplexicaulibus, raris al-
maris, floribus pedunculatis basi lobis violaceis.

Habiat ad *Protonotarium* bene spei.

PAPILIO (*Antilochus*) TAB. XL.

PAPILIO (*Antilochus*) alia cordatis concoloribus fuscis: fu-
cis margineque nigris, caulis albis longitudine alia Linn.
Syst. Nat. 751.

CYANNELLA (Capersis) TAB. XLI

Cor. Hexapetala petalis 3. inferioribus propenderebus flamma inferius declinatis longior. Linn. Syst. Nat. 243.
Vider. plant. phys. 434. fig. msa.

PAPILIO (Polyena) TAB. XLII

PAPILIO (*Polyena*) alis caudatis, supra purpureo nigra, alis pectoribus, maculis albis duabus minimis subcostalibus.
Habitat in America.

SOPHORA (Tioseria) TAB. XLIII

SOPHORA (*Tioseria*) foliis ternatis subsessilibus foliolis obovatis glabris. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 534.

PAPILIO (Ulysses) TAB. XLIII

PAPILIO (*Ulysses*) alis caudatis nigris disco caeruleo radiante; posticis subtus oculis septem. Linn. Syst. Nat. 748.
Alis primores serie: a basi ad medium macula caerulea septem-dentata: maculis 7 fasciis lanceolatis parallelis in parte alarum nigra simul area caerulea insertis.

ROYENA (Vilosa) TAB. XLIII

ROYENA (*Vilosa*) foliis cordatis oblongis subtus tomentosis.
Semillis Royena lucida sed rami villosi foliis elliptica, oblongo, basi cordati subtus tomentosa, obtusifolia, breviter petiolata petiolo villosa, Flores axillares, ruzaroz, foliari pedunculis villosis longitudine florum bracteae 2, oppositae, ovatae, acutae, pubescentes, calyce majori coque subinde decidua. Linn. Syst. Nat. T. 2. pag. 302.
Habitat ad cap. h. spei.

PAPILIO (Kollias) TAB. XLIII.

PAPILIO (Kollias) alis angulatis dentatis nigris, primariis ornatis supra maculis caeruleis.

Magnitudine. Pap. Polychloron.

Habitat in Asia: China.

LYTHRUM (Petalotus) TAB. XLIV.

LYTHRUM (Petalotus) foliis oppositis linearibus petiolatis, floribus duodecimis. Linn. Sp. pl. 447.

Anonymus flore purpureo ringenti, galea bipartita lobis quadrifido fimbriatis vasculoso inclatis, caule viscosa. Florem habet truncam & ciliatam marcescentem, mane formam conspicuam Clavt. n. 418.

Folia linearia, opposita, integerrima, crassis pubescentibus viscosa. Flores ex axilla sub foliis, calyx tubulosus, oblongus, verrucosus, ore obsolete minuto fimbriato. Petala sex, ovata oblonga. Stamina duodecim, sex ad singulam lam.

Fructum unicum. Sigmis capitatum.

Cephalo erecto foliis oblongis-ovatis oppositis spicatis terminalibus. Brown. jern. 116.

PAPILIO (Phila) TAB. XLIV.

PAPILIO (Phila) alis integerrimis angulatis flavis: primariis macula: posticae limbo luteo Linn. Syst. Nat. 164.

TEURIUM (Cebes) TAB. XLV.

TEURIUM (Cebes) foliis ovatis incisis glabris subconcoloribus, floribus foliis pedunculatis Linn. Manif. pl. pag. 82.

Habitat in cuba humidioribus.

Caule erecto, glaber, isodactylus. Flores albi.

PAPILIO (*Dicer*) TAB. XLV.

PAPILIO (*Dicer*) alis angularis fuscis, primoribus fascia
fava: fultus nigro undulatis Linn. Syst. Nat. pag. 778.

ALYSSUM (*Hyperboreum*) TAB. XLVI.

ALYSSUM (*Hyperboreum*) foliis incanis dentatis, flammis
quatuor bifurcatis. Linn. Sp. pl. pag. 920.

Lunaria foliis ellipticis inaequaliter dentatis Krauchen. 127.

Petr. 1747. p. 38. t. 15. fig. 1. mala.

Stamina 2. breviora angue acuto acuta, reliqua 4. ad ba-
sin squama emarginata.

PAPILIO (*Bize*) TAB. XLVI.

PAPILIO (*Bize*) alis rotundatis fuscis basi viventibus:
posticis subus fascia lactea. Linn. Syst. Nat. 795.

Pap. Mac. saepe caudata.

OTHONNA (*Tageta*) TAB. XLVII.

OTHONNA (*Tageta*) foliis linearibus pinatis subden-
tatis, caule herbaceo. Linn. Sp. pl. 1309.

PAPILIO (*Phidias*) TAB. XLVII.

PAPILIO (*Phidias*) alis rotundatis auris nigris: margo-
ne albis ore atoque rubelis. Linn. Syst. Nat. 795.

CINERARIA (*Liniifolia*) TAB. XLVIII.

CINERARIA (*Liniifolia*) pedunculis unicoloris foliis spar-
sis caule fruticosa. Linn. Spec. pl. 1244.

Caulis fruticosus, compositus, foliorum folia ovato-oblonga, linearis angustissima, viridis pedunculis foliorum, unilobis, glabris, foliis longioribus. Arbores. Acad. 6. tab. 12. Flores parvi lutei.

PAPILIO (Ara) TAB. XLVIII.

PAPILIO (Ara) alia angustis griseis: primoribus fere-
centi notatis: supra ocellis fulgidebris Linn. Sp. Pl.
Nat. 769.

HELIANTHUS (Argemone) TAB. XLIX.

HELIANTHUS (Argemone) foliis linearibus
Linn. Sp. Pl. 1179.

PAPILIO (Quercus) TAB. XLIX.

PAPILIO (Quercus) alia subcaudatis supra caudatis; foliis
linearibus linea alba, puncto ani gemino fere. Linn.
Syl. Nat. 788.

LEEA (Cypripedium) TAB. L.

LEEA (Cypripedium) caule angusto fruticoso. Linn. Mant.
pl. 117.

Radix tuberosa, caulis foliiferus, erectus, articulatus,
nigrescens, angulis membranaceis crispis. Folia alterna,
pinnata, rachis marginata: foliis petiolatis. 5. l. 5.
ovali-oblongis, linearibus, glabris argente ferratis, nervis
transversis, insertis fibris transversis parallelis. Super-
ior foliorum, foliolis, semisubulatis, carina ciliata. Pe-
dunculus corymbosus. Flores nigri caespiti. Quatuor
speciei. Nervis oppositi sunt.

PAPILIO (Depressa) TAB. L.

PAPILIO (Depressa) alia densis foliis: primoribus u-
trinque ocellis quinque; posticis sex fatisque alba repen-
da. Linn. Syl. Nat. 774.

TAB. I.

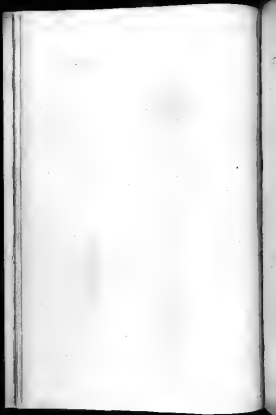


N. Koenigsc. Scit.

TAB. II.



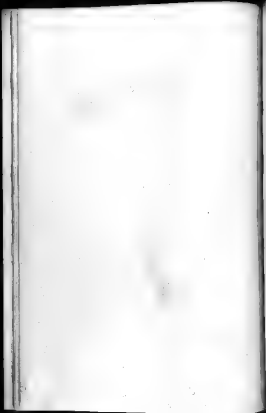
N. Meerburchl. fecit



TAB. III.



N. Meenbungh Scit



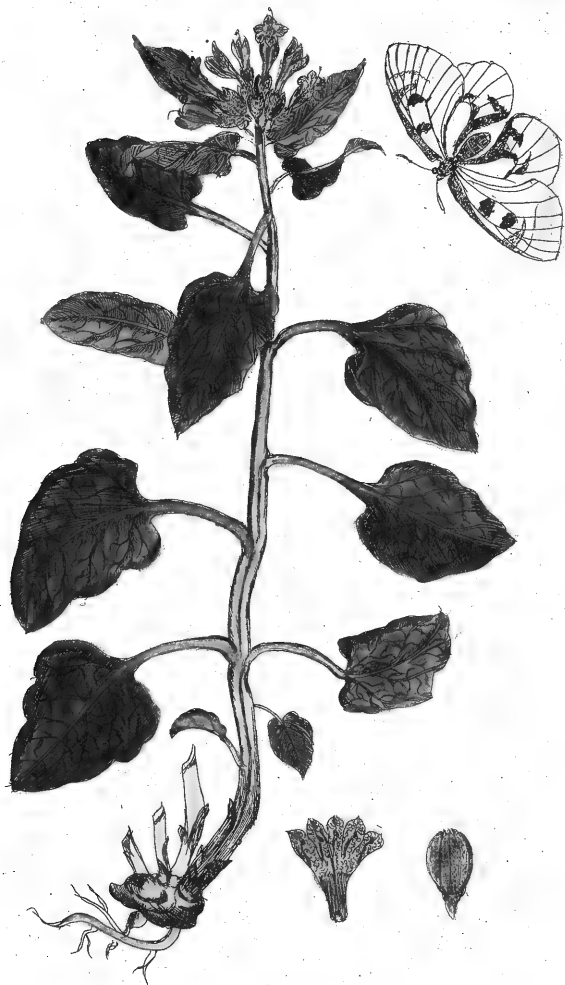
TAB IV.



N. Meerburgl. Scit.

1881

TAB.V.



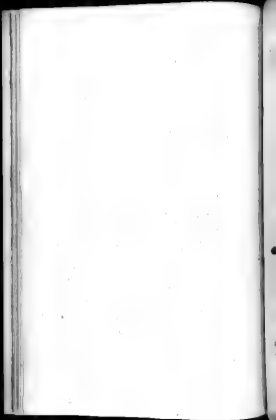
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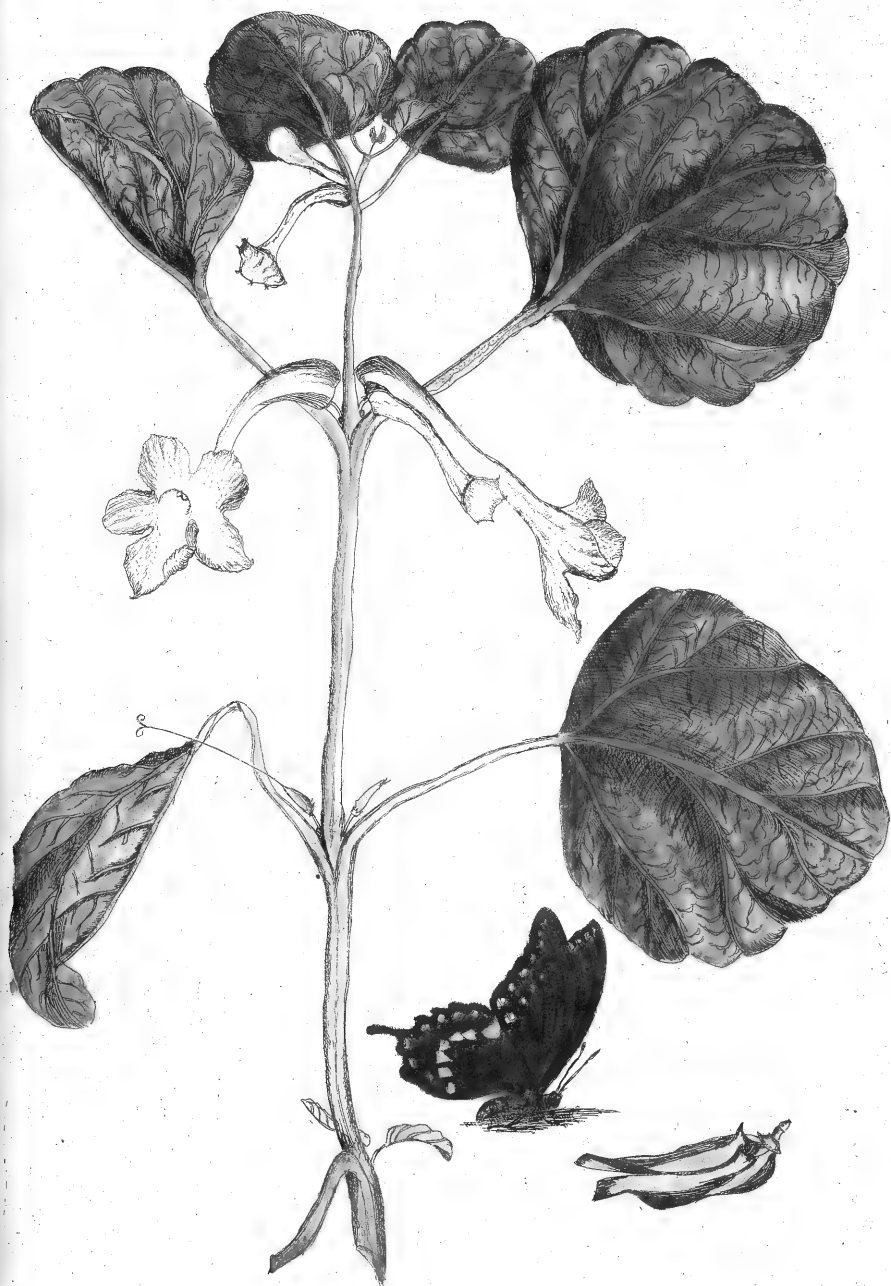


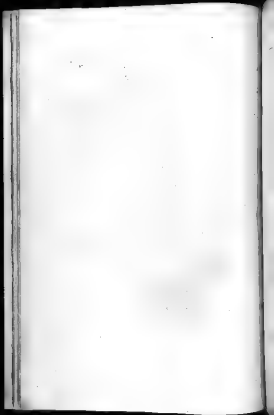
TAB. VI.



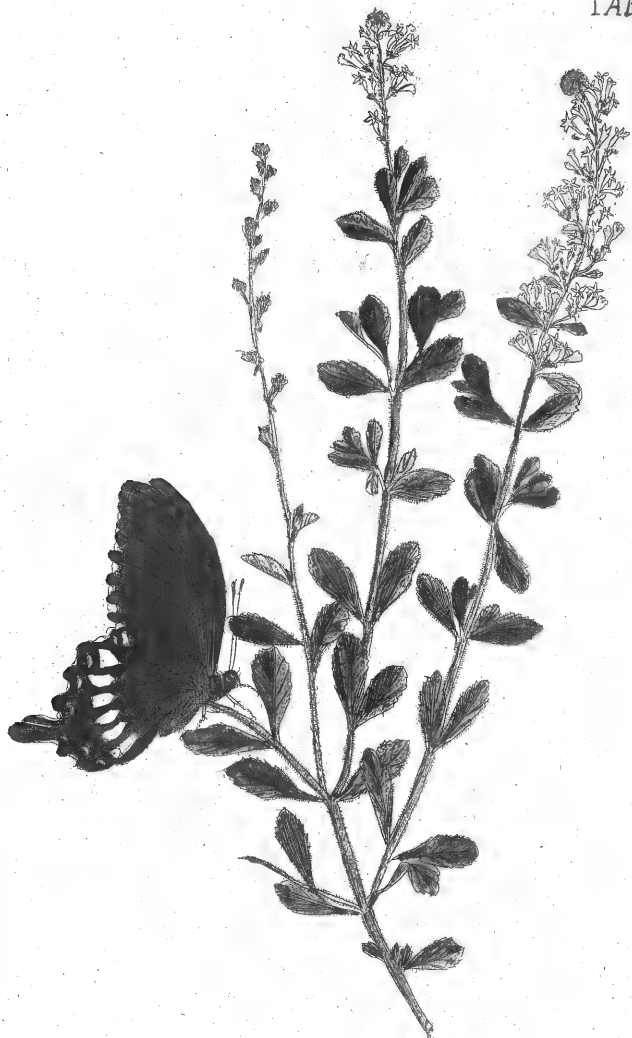
N. Meembungl. Sect.







TAB. VIII.



H. Keerlingh fecit

1-2

TAB. IX.



N. Meunier del. fecit

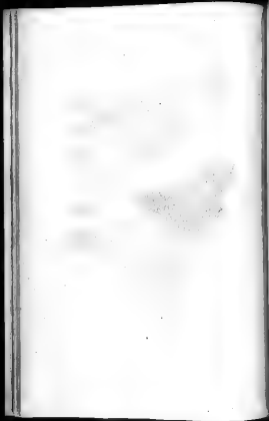
The first part of the document discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It is essential for the company to have a clear and concise system in place to ensure that all financial data is properly documented and easily accessible. This will help in the preparation of financial statements and provide a clear picture of the company's financial health.

In addition, it is important to regularly review and update the accounting system to reflect any changes in the company's operations or financial structure. This will help to ensure that the records are always up-to-date and accurate.

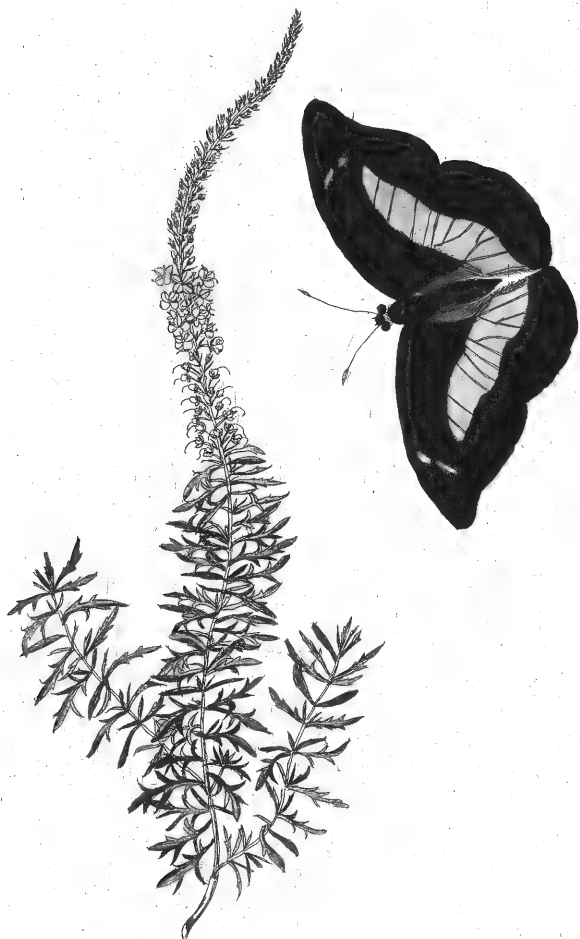
The second part of the document outlines the specific steps that should be taken to implement a robust accounting system. This includes identifying the key areas of the business that require attention, such as sales, purchases, and payroll. It also involves setting up a system of internal controls to help prevent errors and fraud.

Finally, the document emphasizes the importance of training staff on the new accounting system. This will help to ensure that everyone is familiar with the system and can use it effectively.

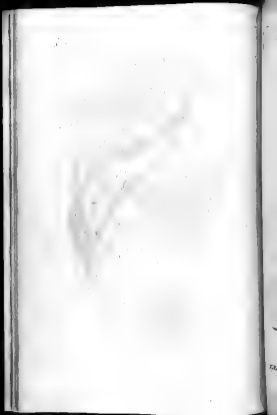




TAB XI



N. Meerburg fecit



TAB. XII.

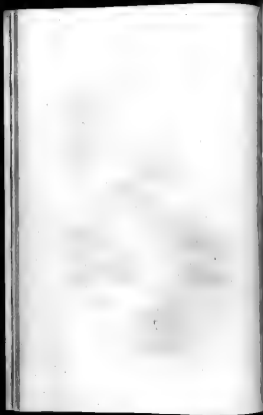


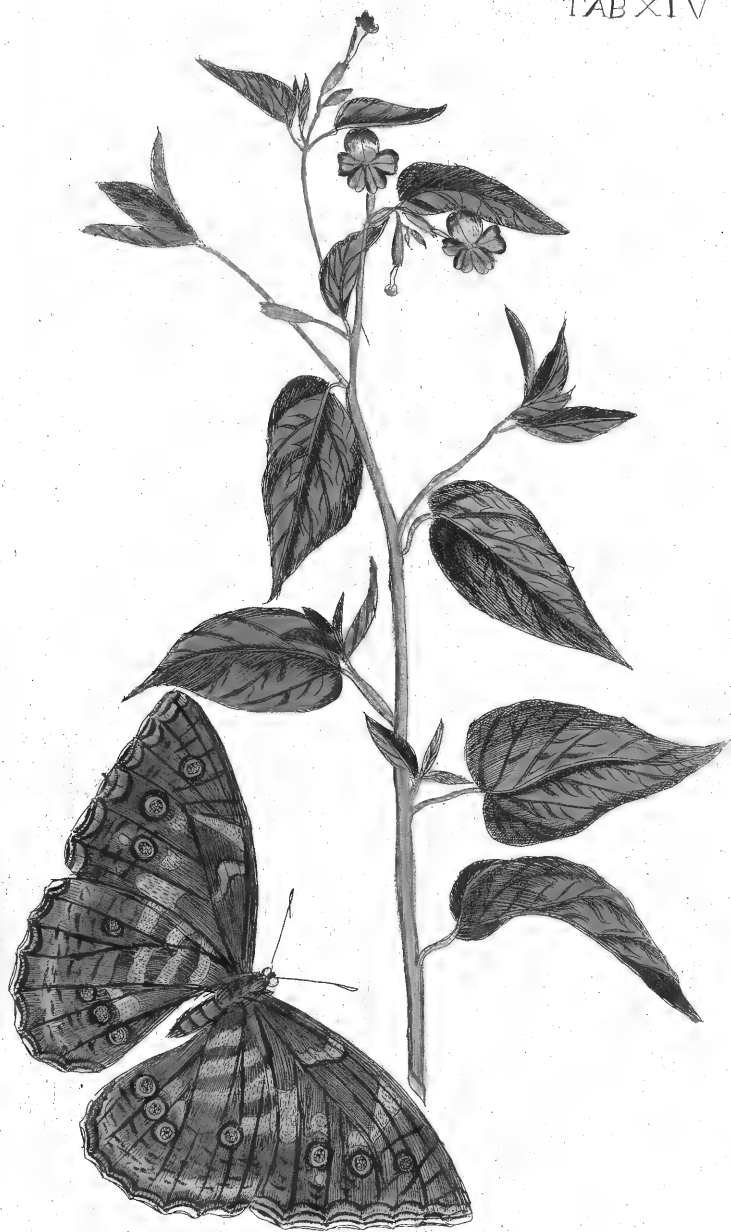
N^o. Meerburgk's fruit.



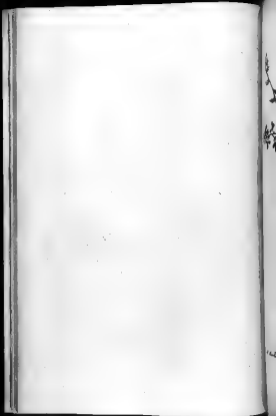


N. Meerburch fecit





H. Haenbryg E fecit



TAB XV



N. Meunier fecit



TABXVI

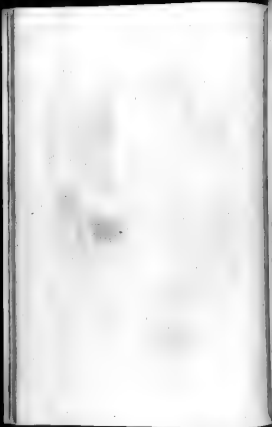


N. Meernburg fecit





N. Moerlingii Scop





N. Sheerburne fecit

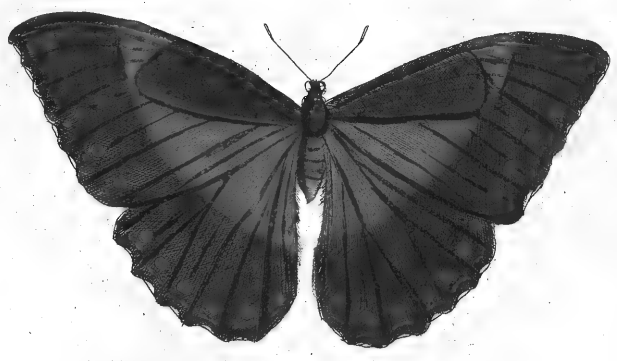


TAB. XVIII.

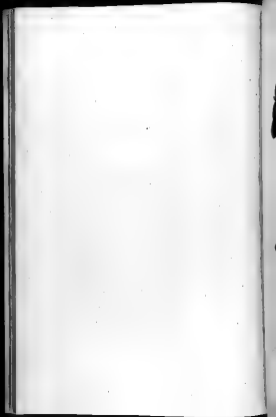


W. Meisner del. fecit.

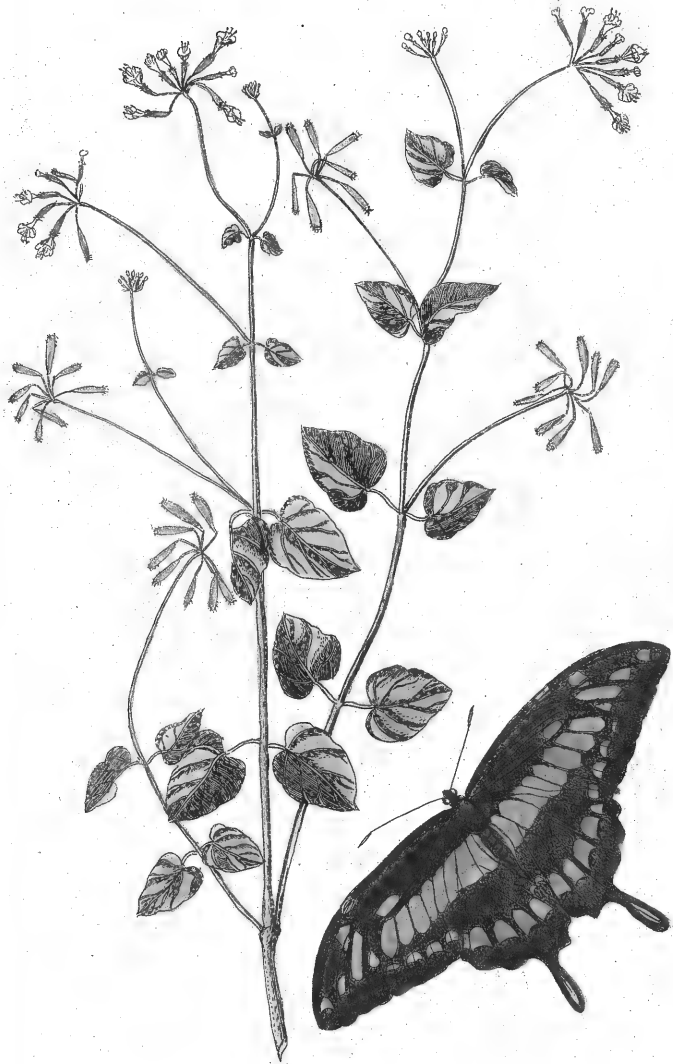
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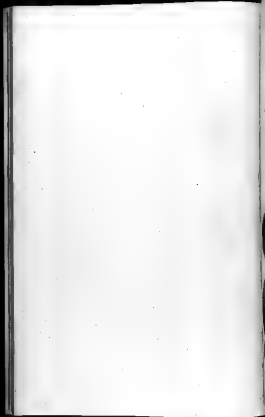
N. Neesingh Feitz



TABXXI



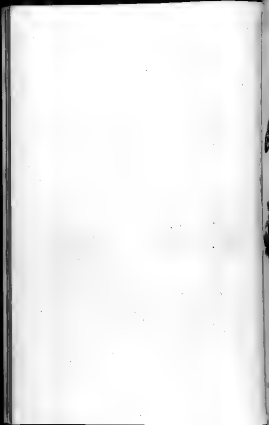
N. Neesbungle fecit

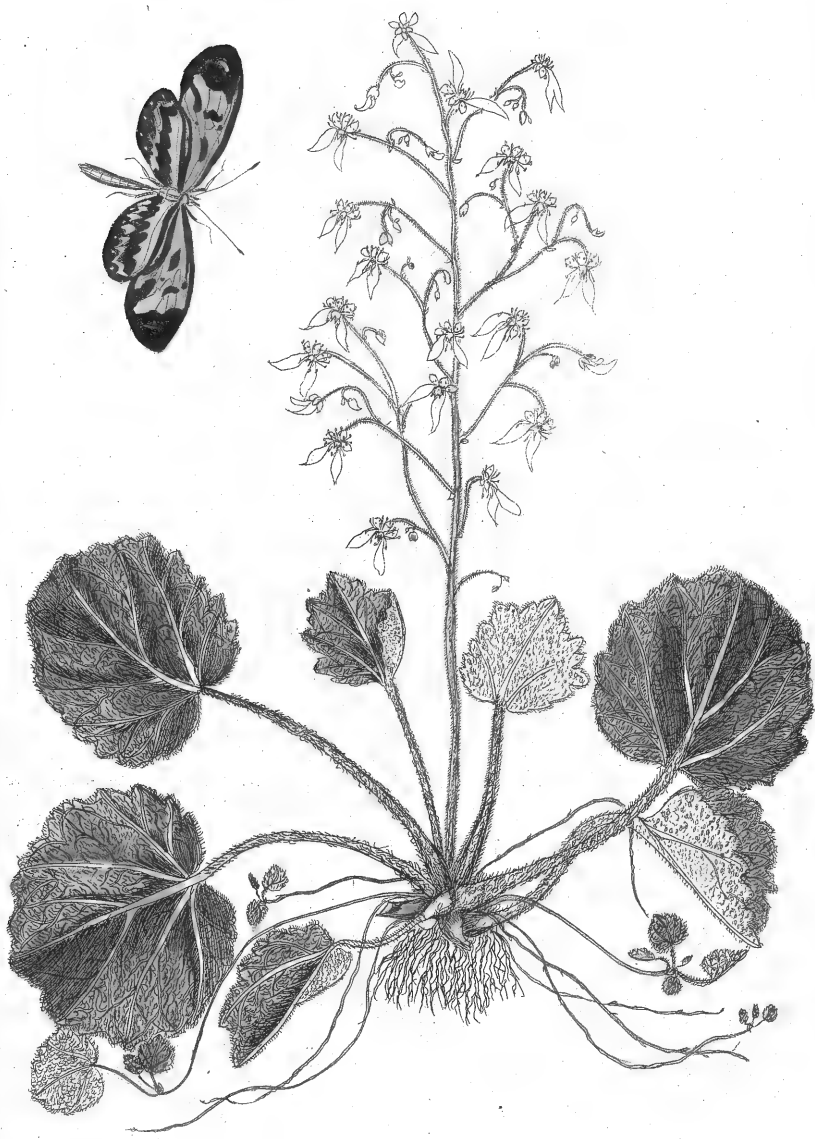


TABXXII



H. Ehrenberg's fecit





W. Mierburgh fecit



TABXXIV

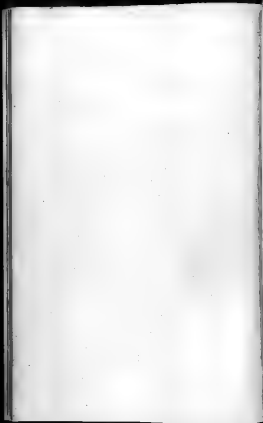


N. Mezenburg fecit.





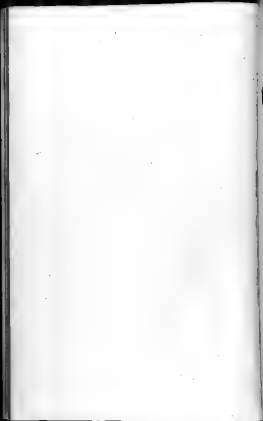
N. Meerburch fecit

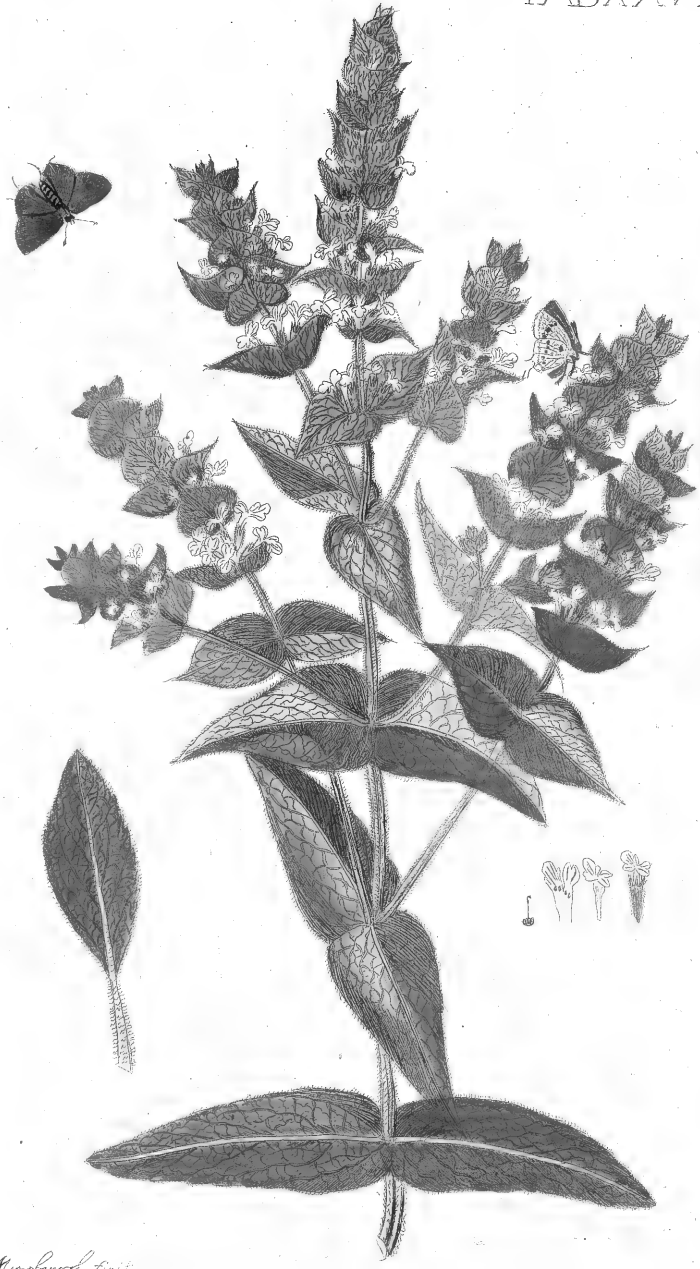


TABXXVI

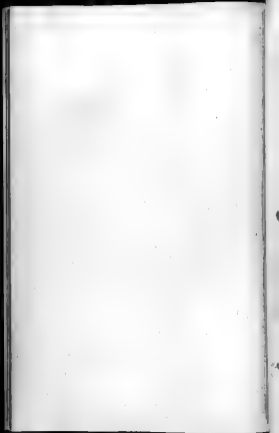


N. Meunburchl. fecit.

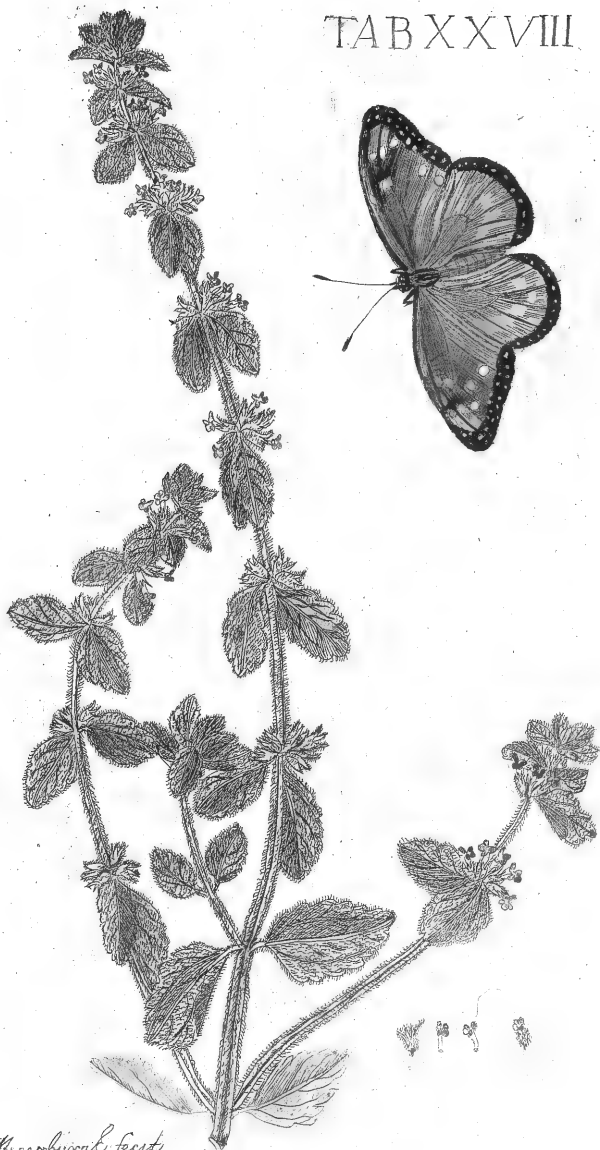




N. Moravogly fecit



TAB XXVIII



N. Mercurius scilicet



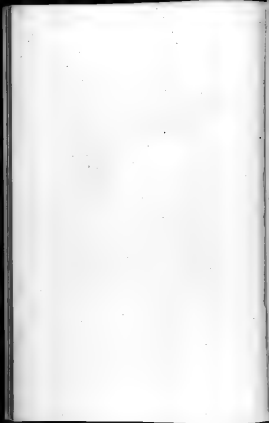
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TABXXIX



N. Maerburg fecit





N. Meunberg & fecit



TAB XXXI



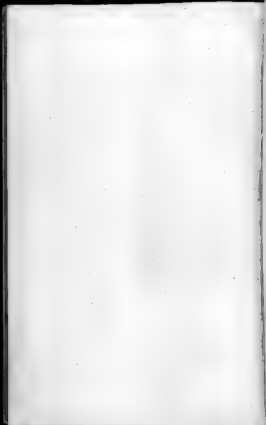
N. Koenig fecit



TAB XXXII



N. Meiburg fecit



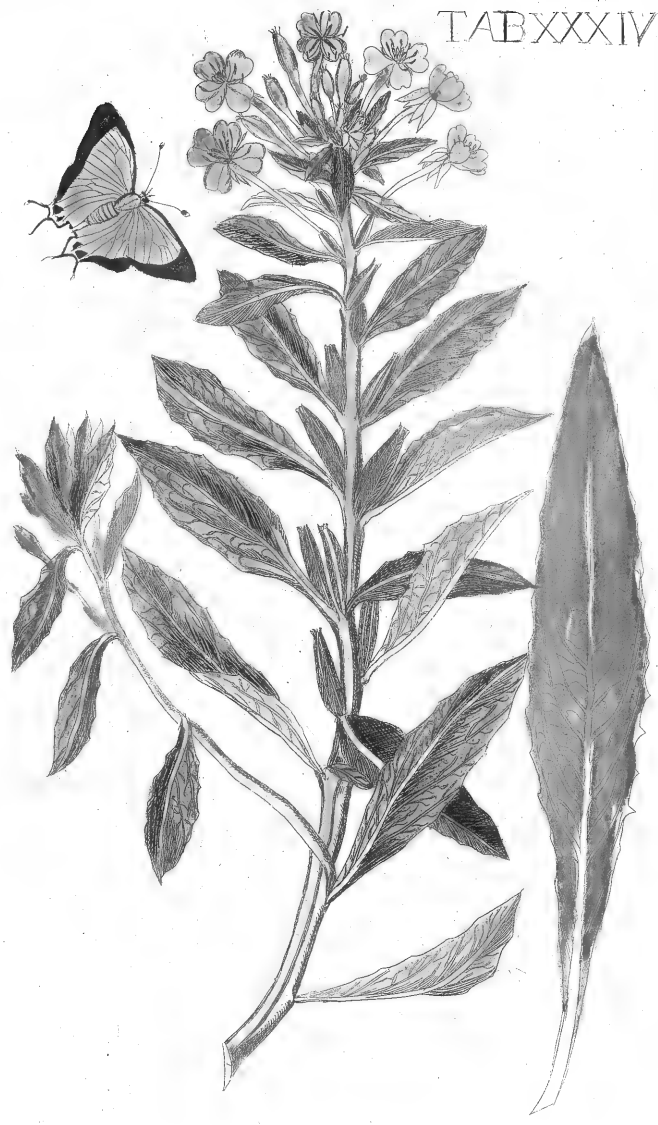
TABXXXIII



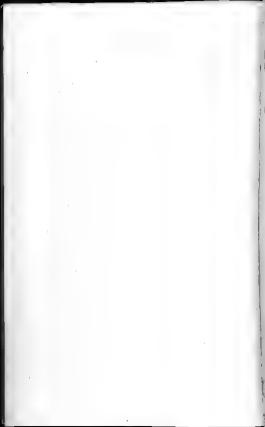
H. Meerburg fecit



TABXXXIV



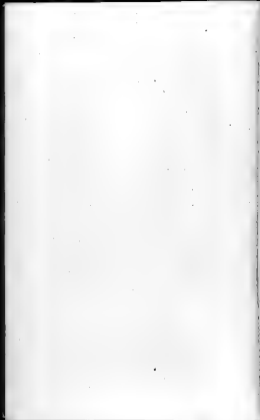
N. Koenig's fecit



TAB XXXIV



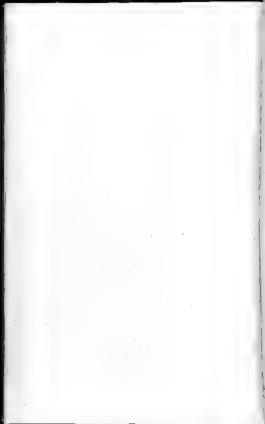
N. M. Carbone fecit



TAB XXXVI

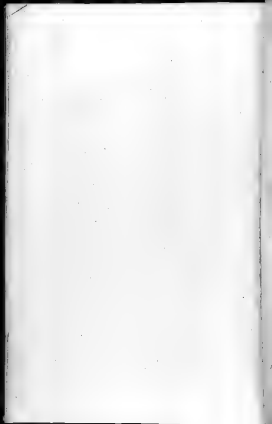


N. K. Scherzer fecit





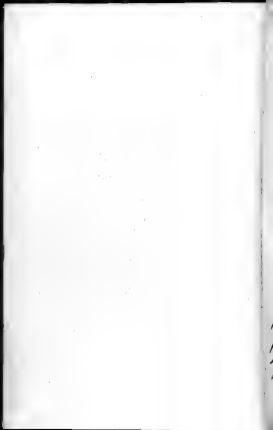
H. Meerburg's fruit



TAB XXXVIII



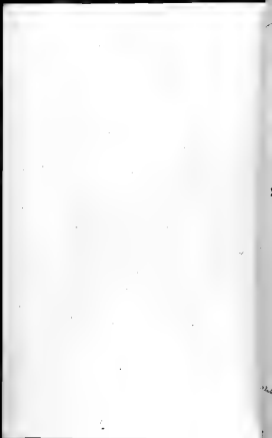
N. Koenigsegg fecit



TAB XXXIX



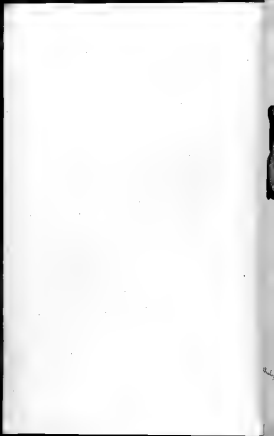
N. Koenig fecit



TAB XXXX



sr. Neesbrygh fecit



TAB XXXI



N. H. de Meunier fecit



TAB XXXVII



N. Rosenberg fecit



TAB XXXXIII



x. *Murongia* fruit



TAB XXXXIV



N. Herburg fecit

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N. Meerburg's fruit

TABXLVI



N. Haerburg fecit

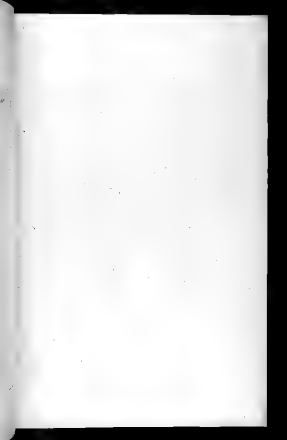
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TAB XLVII



N. Sherburne fecit





N. Newburgh fecit



TAB XLIX

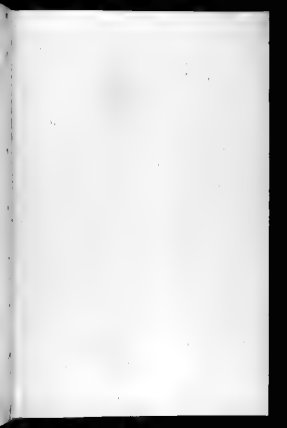


N. H. Burroughs fecit

TABL



N. Meuninger & F. Feit



Handwritten text at the top right of the page, possibly a title or header, including the name "L. ...".



This book, not returned in 50¢-cost
exploring a 19th century rebellion.
Richard C. Eder, Conservator
St. Louis, February 1900

the 1990s, the number of people in the UK who are aged 65 and over has increased from 10.5 million to 13.5 million (15.5% of the population).

There is a growing awareness of the need to address the needs of older people, and the Government has set out a strategy for the 21st century in the White Paper on *Ageing Better: The Government's Strategy for Older People* (Department of Health 1999). This sets out a vision of a society in which older people are able to live well, and to contribute to society. The White Paper sets out a number of key objectives, including: to improve the health and well-being of older people; to support older people to live independently; to ensure that older people are able to participate in society; and to ensure that older people are able to live in their own homes.

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Spine



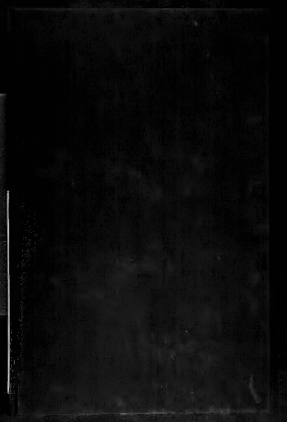
Fore



Top



Foot



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- Older people should be able to live independently and actively in their own homes.
- Older people should be able to live in their own communities.
- Older people should be able to live in their own homes and communities for as long as possible.

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