

Rec June 19<sup>th</sup>  
and July 24

Manatee Fla. May 27. 1878.

Got under June 11<sup>th</sup>



by Geo Engelmann.  
be on this.

*Q. myrtifolia* frt. an

I rec'd your  
favor a few days since. in regard  
I will visit the locality again in  
the course of a week but afterward  
cannot hope to get there again before  
late in fall. Will endeavor to secure a  
dozen specimens for you - A month  
ago I saw what I look for the microspheres  
which were minute cells in apparently dark liquid  
filling the spore cases and giving externally to  
spore cases a black color, there were no spores  
in these cases - and the spore cases were white  
therefore in fresh state readily distinguishable  
from the cases or receptacles containing the mi-  
crospheres, many plants had no microspheres  
apparently, and where they did occur they usually  
were externally and associated with spore cases  
on same stalks. in other words all appeared  
monocious and none dioecious as far as  
I observed. - The water in which the  
plant grew was not deep - perhaps few  
inches to 1 1/2 feet, being on the edge of  
a hummock pond which at this, the  
dry season contains little water.

I had passed the same locality - last fall  
several times thro' the winter and as late  
as March I think and failed to detect  
this plant but I searched close at this  
very spot for other plants, besides in  
April when I collected it the central  
bud. of many stalks were erect and in an  
active growing state so that I am of the  
opinion that its foliage does not remain  
the entire year, but appears about in middle  
of March and disappears early in summer  
perhaps June or July.



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Oaks I collected in fall 1877.  
Saw out fr. always from the same shrub  
or tree, fls are not represented in any of  
them, I prepared 12 sets of about  
340 species each, and incorporated all  
specimens in these sets. 9 sets I have  
sent off. 3 I have lying at Manette  
in separate boxes.

I would much like to have you look  
over the collections but I hardly know  
how to arrange so that you can.

I could not now have time to open  
a box and take out the oaks  
and I would not like either to make  
a set. If you are willing might  
propose this arrangement, - send a  
set to you in trust - which you  
could open for study and when I  
keep them until some one wished  
purchase them, I value a set at  
50 dollars. If you care to receive them  
in trust drop me a line and I will  
forward - I could not again collect  
in the before fall, and it is then  
uncertain whether I am so situated that  
I can. I think there is one specimen  
of a pine fl. & cone marked *P. australis* but  
it appeared with shorter needles than I had  
seen farther north - and Conby thinks  
it probably your *P. Elliottii*, it is the prevailing  
kind here and if it should be your *Elliottii* then  
I do not know whether *P. australis* grows here  
at all, The spruce pine I must occasionally  
but neglected to make specimens.



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Very much I wish for your  
publication on these notes and be grateful  
to you for them.

I am now on a regular six  
months cruise along coast and river  
of S. Fla. I have a man and regularly  
equipped boat and camp site. I was  
up the Hillsboro river a few days ago  
and Tampa bay and now on  
the upper Manatee river, I write  
this at Ft Harner - of Indian war  
history, and old road leading from this  
place to Ft Meade on Pass CR and an  
old well are the only monumental  
remains, country is wild - pine barrens,  
brackish marshes, hummocks - surrounds us  
The nearest house <sup>but</sup> is 3 miles up the  
river, the home of an old resident who  
served in the Indian war.

My address remains Manatee Fla, when  
I will receive my mail or have it  
forwarded

Yours very Respectfully  
A. P. Gardner

June 8. I visited locality of beach  
on to visit found it all disappeared  
except here and there a few small  
specimens.



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Rec Sept 23<sup>d</sup>

Punta Rassa. S. Fla.

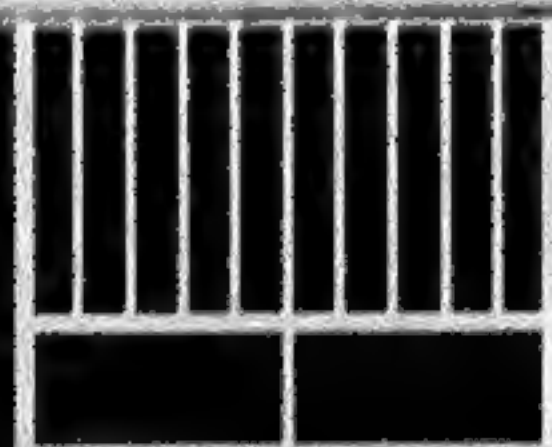
Sept. 2nd. '78.

Dr Geo Englemann,

Dear Sir, -

I feel generally not in writing humor when on a botanical cruise on account of being constantly on the go. But I must write you now to acknowledge the receipt of your letter and valuable publications on the most difficult genera in our service - I appreciate them and thank you for them. Isaetes - of Manatee perhaps I can find some of the male plants on my return to Manatee. I found another one on the borders of Lake Flort - near Lake Okechobee - It is very much smaller 3-6 inches high - greener and more erect lvs - hardly think that it could be I. flaccida Nuttallwath - I made a few specimens and will submit to you on my return to Manatee, how or see, meet!

Vitis - I meet V. vulpina, cordifolia Caribaea, acida, bipinnata and oxyoides, - but of the Caribaea I have failed to get - I saw it very



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abundant on the upper ~~Calosa~~  
R. at Ft Thompson and known  
to the settlers on the river as  
the Ft Thompson grape. The berry  
is size smaller than *Labrusca* as  
I meet and pulp less decided,  
darker red, no forey flavor, and  
from the few I tasted, which tho'  
were perhaps overripe, slightly acid,  
they ripen latter part of July and  
are much esteemed by natives for  
wine.

Cacti I meet *Cereus* both -  
in Chapman's Flora, - *Opuntia Ficus Indica*  
*Vulgaris*, and *Polyantha*.

But I met 2 years ago a  
*Cereus* with a large red flower  
the stem angular and growing  
different <sup>from</sup> either two described in  
S. Fl. It fls in the spring up  
to latter part of May - Last  
June I returned again to the  
locality, saw plenty but all in  
fr. Perhaps I may sometime  
again I may get a fl when  
I will send it, or send the  
stalk.

The *Yucca aloifolia* et *gloriosa*  
I have so far failed to recognize  
them separately - but I will continue  
to look for the rarer one.



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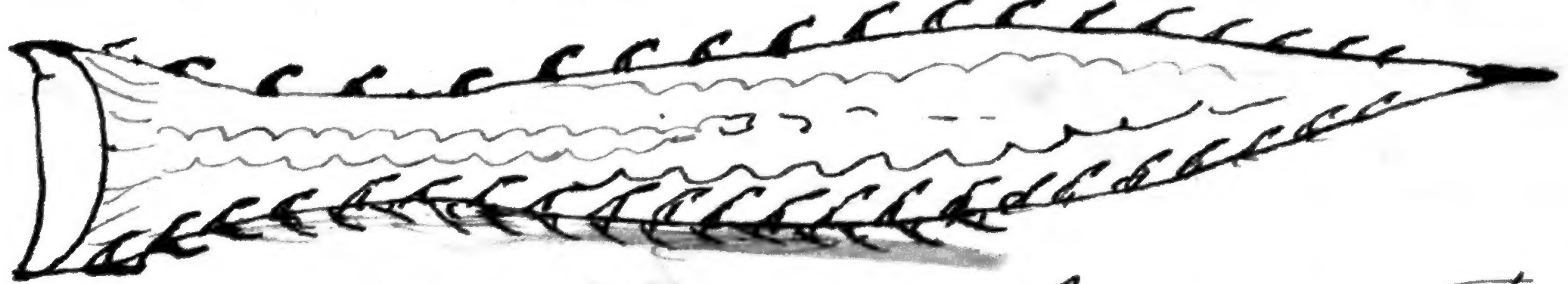
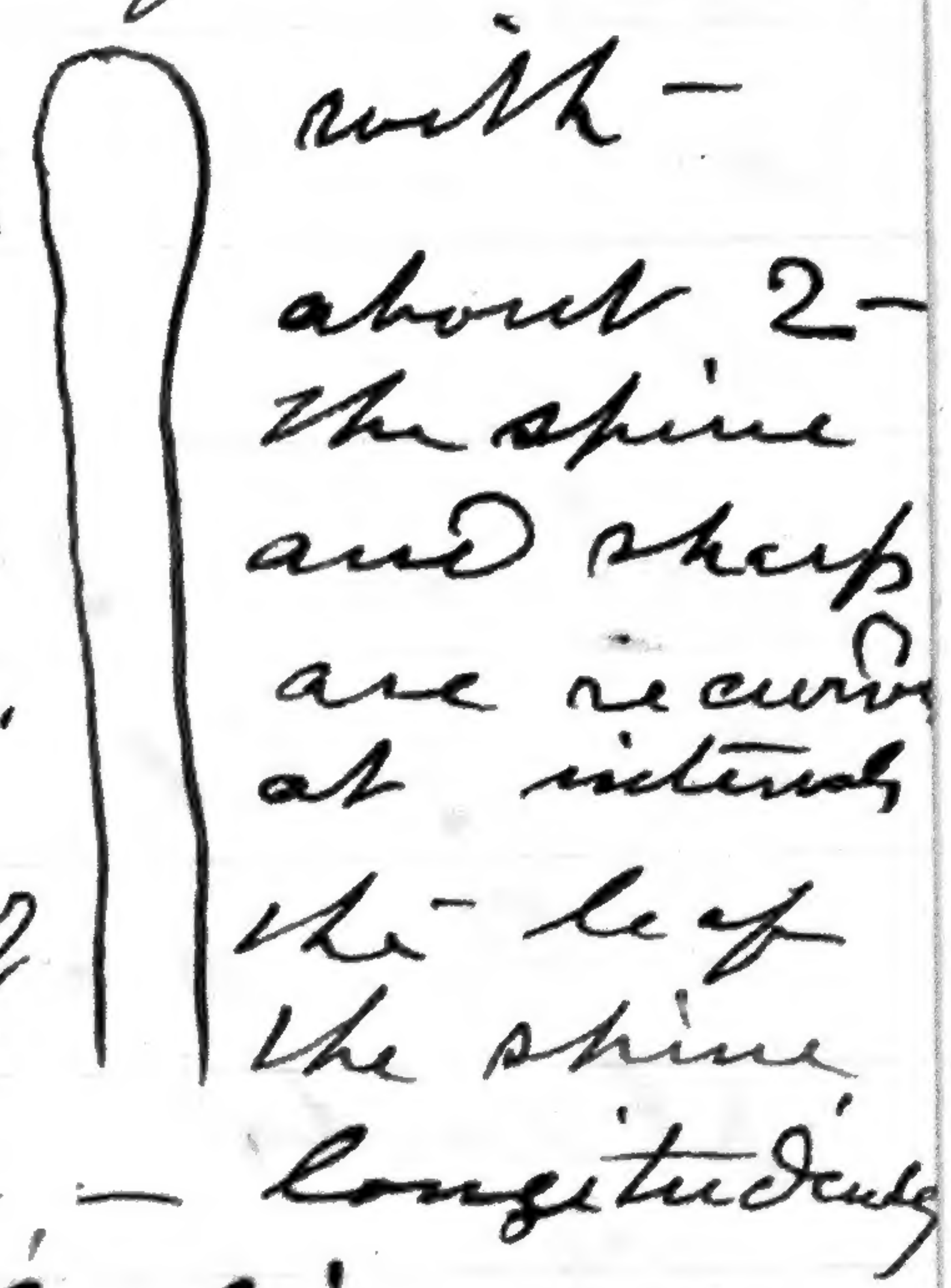
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There is (a species or perhaps) an Agave, for I have so far failed to find it in fl. At a distance the young or trunkless plant would resemble Agave rigida var. Sisalana - but I have seen it with a trunk 6-8 ft high - the upper part of the trunk is slightly enlarged so the lvs on its entire length. The lvs are thick rigid 3 ft long - spine pointed - is ~~1/2~~ 3/4 inches long, hard on the edge of the lf. spines about 1/8 inch long of 1/2 - 1 inch on the edge of to within 3 or 4 inches of joint where they disappear - longitudinally thro' there are apparently 3 lines of obscure crescentic markings so.



Under part of a lf but unsatisfactory Pine known here as spruce *glibra* pine, most frequently - grows on high sand ridges - bears many cones which remain on limbs year after year I think, very much like *P. pungens* - but cone size and appearance northern yellow pine however habit and appearance of tree is different from that - All the Pine in S. Fla. is Elliott's



and the Spruce Pine - *P. australis*  
The forest pine of eastern middle  
Florida and north I have not  
seen south of Tampa. The  
immense Pine forests of S. Fla.  
are wholly composed of Elliotts  
and known to the natives as  
the short straw pine, and the  
wood being much harder to split  
and work than the long straw  
or *P. australis*, Elliotts pine  
appeared to me taller, more  
slender trunk than *P. australis*  
When I return to Manatee  
I will collect these Pines  
and oaks and such other  
plants as you are specially  
interested in and send them  
to your address

To morrow I go down  
the coast and will for  
several months be beyond  
reach of mail matter  
However I will direct mail  
matter to be retained at  
Manatee until my return

Very truly

A. P. Garber



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Rec April 28 1879  
An — 30

Rec a letter, dated Sept 29<sup>th</sup>  
Punta Rasa Sept 23<sup>rd</sup>  
which was not answered  
and can not be found

Manatee, Apr. 27, 1879.

Dr Geo Engelmann,

Dear Sir,

I forward  
by mail a few plants on which  
would like your opinion.

Senecio — whether it is Senecio of Austin  
now Valdiviana or something else.  
It grows plentifully on different ponds  
a large hummock here,  
collected March 1879.

Euphorbia, 1/2 to 1 foot in height as  
I saw it, erect - abundant at  
Cape Sable but have not seen it  
in any other locality. — There are some  
small and woolly leaved forms of hypnoidia  
as noticed in "S. flora" but these I met and  
are distinct. Collected Oct. 1878.

Isotria, small - collected on the  
wet borders of Lake Flint, Aug. 1878.  
Lake Flint is not far from Lake  
Okechobe. The spores appear to have  
the markings and size of the I. flaccida  
I send you from Manatee, but differs  
in the spores being of a bluish color, and  
perhaps pulverulent. — The plant of a dark  
green color, 3-6 inch long only, and season  
being August. <sup>lvs. are</sup>  
The Manatee plant, <sup>lvs. are</sup> yellowish green  
1/2 - 1 1/2 ft long spores white, season April



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March and April. In a subsequent visit in May it had all disappeared - besides this same locality I visited previous in Sept and had not seen it.

This spring in March I visited the locality again but saw no trace of it. This however I attribute to the dry season all ponds are perfectly dry. We had a good rain several days ago which may start it to grow. I will go to the locality soon and make another search.

I wrote you from Punta-Rassa <sup>Sept 2</sup> last fall and said that probably a new Agave grew along the Gulf coast of Florida but after further search and study of your excellent article on the genus I now believe that there are on the Florida Coast 2 varieties of *A. rigida*.

1st Trunk short 1-3 ft. lvs long, quite thick, glaucous - no marginal spines - Terminal spine about 1 inch long, mature and *Sisalana* older lvs recurved so  scape 20-30 ft high some profligate others had mature pod with seeds of which I secured two and will send them to you. - This variety is common on Key West other Keys on the Atlantic coast and at Ford Dade and opposite on the Miami River, but I have not seen it on the Gulf coast.

2nd Trunk long, 6-8 ft, ascending, lvs long but perhaps little over half as thick as the preceding dark green short spines on the margins, terminal spine about 1 inch long - older lvs of the flowering stalk dry and reflexed or turned down abruptly so  there lvs too have crescentic markings which I have not noticed on the other. Scape same height, & branching in the



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same way as the 1st, also prolific  
Fls of the former<sup>(1)</sup> are  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 inches long  
green outside and yellow inside - of the  
latter<sup>(2)</sup> I saw only a few dead ones  
in which the color was gone but the  
size & form appeared the same as in 1,  
I never saw the pod of the 2nd,  
it was always prolific.

The 2nd is very common on the  
shell formations along the Gulf Coast  
from Manatee South, but I saw  
only a few small plants of it on  
the rocky shores of Biscayne Bay - on  
the Atlantic coast.

Peris - Elliott's & Spruce are the only  
Theoris here, I had intended to send  
you cones & green branches of each by mail  
but the latter is some 4 miles from here  
and I have not been there yet.

Looking over your Monograph on the  
oaks, - I don't think there are any in  
my collection not well known to you.  
*D. myrtifolia*, *st. pumila* & *laciniifolia* I have  
met in different localities, In Levy Co.  
I saw considerable variety - in species  
and some hybrids - which I will see  
again in the course of a few months,  
The Quercus you mentioned I have  
not seen altho' many times examined  
the other species - with *lvs serrulate*.  
I will remain at this place perhaps  
a month or longer - and return to  
Pennsylvania in July.

Very truly

A. P. Barber.

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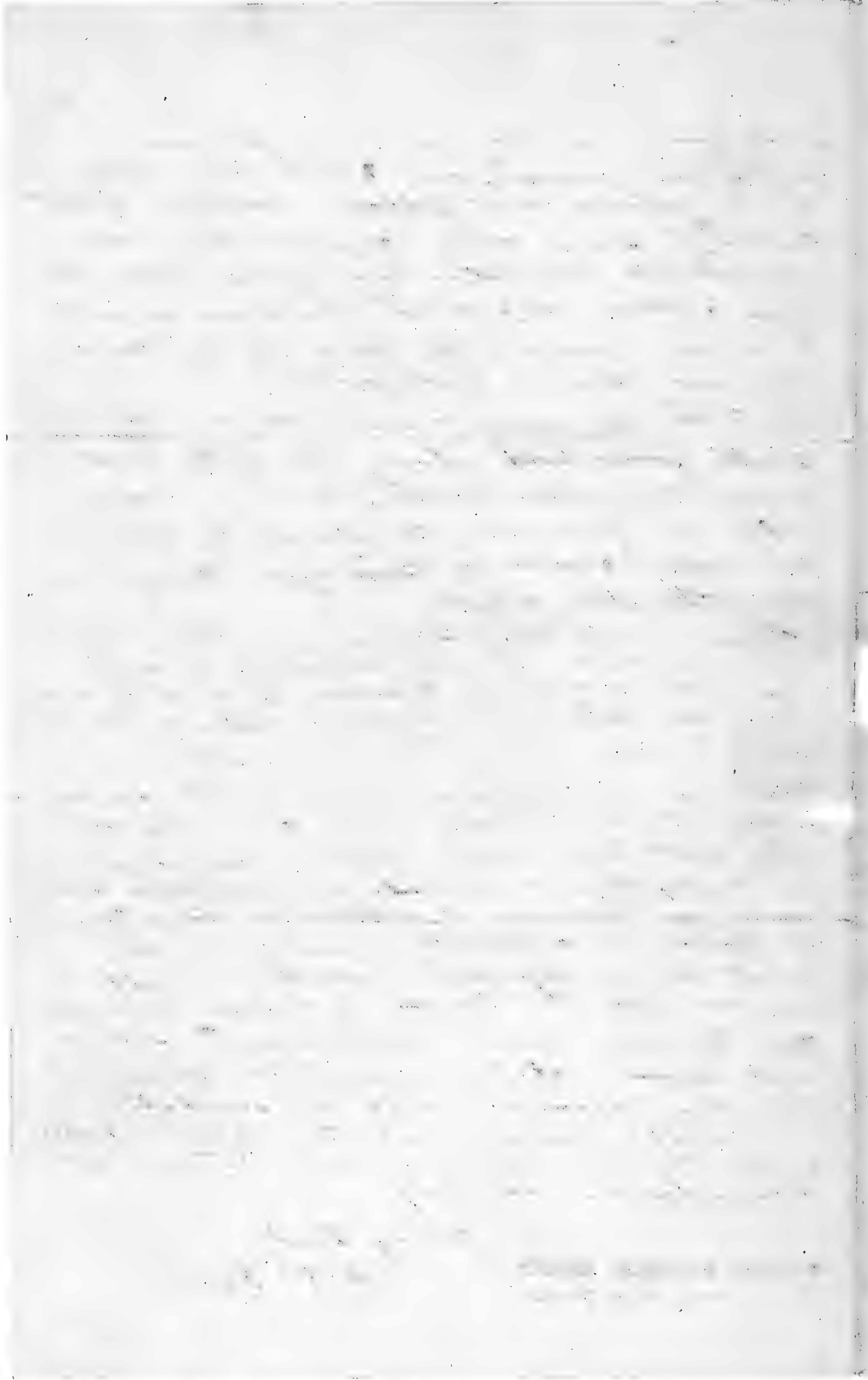
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D. A. G. Garber writes April 21 1879

Isotria, small, collected on the wet borders  
of Lake Flint, Aug 1878. Lake Flint  
is not far from Lake Okechobee. — It  
appears to differ from *I. flaccida* in the  
spores being of a bluish colour and  
perhaps pulverulent. Leaves dark  
green, 3-6 inches long only, and  
plant maturing in August!

The Manatee plant is yellowish  
green, leaves  $\frac{1}{2}$  -  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet long, spores  
white, mature in March and April

Examined the locality again in Summer  
and in September without finding a trace

Nor did I find it this present March  
though examining the same locality.



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Rec May 19<sup>th</sup> 1879  
am 20

Manatee May 19, '79.

Dr Geo Engelmann.

Dear Sir -

I must defer answering  
your inquiries in yr letter  
more fully until I reach home  
July next, for my specimens are  
all there and I will then have  
more time and literature to study.  
Now am hurrying in packing to  
leave here in a few days for  
Tampa - and in June for Long  
Co. where will look up the  
hybrid oak. At Tampa will  
send you fresh of the same or  
may submit to you labeled *Q.*  
*aquatica* by me but not having  
then yr. description, recd from you since  
I crossed *aquatica* and wrote  
*myrtifolia*, *Michx.* But you correct  
me if I am wrong.

If I said I knew *Q. laurifolia*  
well - it is a mistake of mine - possibly  
might have had in mind at the time  
*cinerea* - *laurifolia* as I labeled it  
saw in one locality only - on high  
dry ground above Tampa 10 miles.



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but will wait for further study  
when can see specimens which are  
at my home Columbia, Pa.

To day walked out to cut  
a few sprigs of oaks for you  
and will sent by mail.

I make the following memorandum  
in my note book.

To Dr Gen. Engelmann  
from Mauntee, May 10, 1879.  
Oaks

No 1. *Q. aquatica*, Catesby } Verduring form.  
Hummock.

No 2. *Q. aquatica*, Catesby } Smaller leaf form  
at end of Lee's  
Canal. Soil good.  
Tree about 15 ft high

No 3. *Q.?* dont know } Hummock  
characters of *aquatica*  
and *phellos*.

No 4. *Q.?* dont know } Lee's lot S.W  
from house near  
a pine  
characters of *aquatica*  
and *myrtifolia*  
tree about 20 ft high  
trunk 27 in. in circum.

No 5. *Q.?* *virgin* } Hummock  
one of the less  
common forms.



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Have also included terminal spine  
and edge of lf. of the Azara of the  
Gulf coast and two pods of the  
one on the Atlantic coast.

Lf of Gulf coast form and the one  
that has 6-8 ft trunk  
about 3-4 ft long,  $2\frac{1}{2}$  -  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches wide  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch thick

Lf of Atlantic coast form and the  
that has 1-2 ft trunk

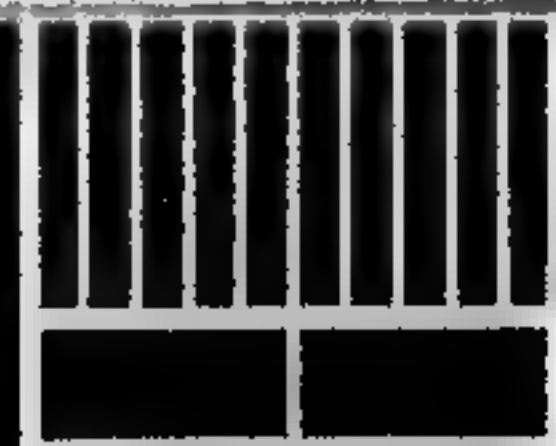
about 4-5 ft long - 3-5 inch wide  
1 in thick.

This is a guess. and of course  
not as accurate as a measurement.

I will remember P. glabra  
and secure it if I can.

Very truly  
A. P. Garber.

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Rec. Lamb. Jr Sept 24

Am. Oct 28

*Isaetes*

Columbia Penna

Sept. 15. 1879.

Dr. Geo. Engelmann.

Dear Sir.

Your letter

of June was forwarded. My health has not at all been good this summer. I have only for the last few weeks commenced to look over my plants. I enclose a few specimens of *Isaetes*, the large from Manatee Apr. 76, the small from Lake Flint, Aug. 76, leaving the microscopic which do not appear in the specimens sent you before.

I visited the manatee locality 4 times in the spring of '79 but failed to find even a trace of the plant



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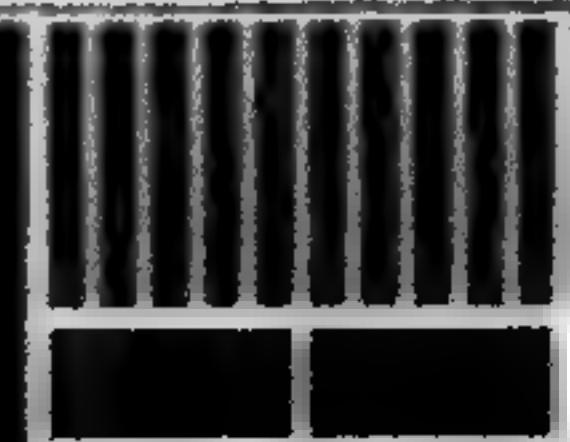


excessive drought was the cause  
the pond was completely dried up.

The Oak Dr Gray sent you and  
the one I sent you from Tampa  
last spring may they not  
be the same species *Q. myrtifolia*  
of Walter, both biennial.

The apparent new wood of the  
former having been made the  
year previous to the formation  
of the fruit.

This appears to me probable  
on account of the abundance<sup>of or</sup>  
this particular shrub from  
which I cut the first specimen  
and also on account of its  
dwarfed character, growing  
near wet ground which  
this oak does not like.  
These barren sand ridges  
on which this oak grows



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are higher and drier towards  
the center and there the shrub  
is taller 6-8 feet high and  
sometimes treeform 10-14 ft high  
but along the lower and  
outer margins of these sand  
ridges the surface becomes  
low and merges in the  
low pine barrens - the soil  
through great part of the year  
is more or less saturated  
with water - here the oak  
is dwarfed 3-4 ft high,  
and does not make wood  
like on the drier soil.

The importance of having  
specimens from the same  
tree or shrub of the at different  
seasons of the year has  
always made the study of the  
oaks unsatisfactory to me



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For I could hardly count  
on a whole year at a place  
when engaged in collecting  
specimens.

Yours Very truly  
A. P. Barber.

Just now I do not know  
where I will be next winter  
but probably in California  
for I have to seek a milder  
climate than we have here in  
winter.



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Rec Nov. 8<sup>th</sup>

Ans Nov 17

Columbia, Penna.

Nov 4, 1879.

Dr Geo Engelmann,

Dear Sir. -

I rec<sup>d</sup> your

favor of 28<sup>th</sup> ultimo and will cheerfully give what information I can but what you need is more material and in different states of growth - which unfortunately I have not at my disposal now. I looked at my herbarium specimens of the Oaks referred to, the one which I had originally labelled L. aquatica, and in my own set changed to L. myrtifolia Willd. is represented by three sprigs with fr on what appears the younger branches therefore annual. In my, may not this apparent annual growth be of the preceding year's development, so that then the fr. would be biennial? Engelmann's Monograph on the Oaks Page 8 1<sup>st</sup> sentence. For in all other respects it is so like the specimens sent you from Tampa last Spring which you say were true L. myrtifolia Willd. and which were collected on the same sanded ridge not two stones throw apart. You thinking on account of biennial fr. might be a form of L. pumila which in fl. would be necessary. Unfortunately in that state I did not collect it, but in habit, form of growth as well as lvs and fr. in nature seemed to me so widely different. pumila in dense mats of one to two feet high in low pine barrens - whereas the one in question on on dry barren sand knolls or ridges appearing sporadically or in broken thickets more like ellicifolia in the north. I am glad you have kept my mind on this oak for at the first opportunity I shall ~~send~~ secure more material, <sup>and</sup> in the flowering state.

L. visens var dentata yes as labelled but never satisfactory it is not dentata as I commonly met nor had it the same habit. - The two specimens belong together - an additional label with its height written on simply "3-4 ft high" was thrown in afterwards. The specimens were made at Rosewood Fla. Nov. 1877. But I had also seen it and collected some at Tampa Oct. 1877. Habit open dry sand ridges.



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But of this likewise I have no specimens in the  
flowering state. It is to the extent of my observation not  
a common oak. I have not seen any like  
a tree form. Last Spring at Tampa I saw some  
specimens of the shrubs <sup>which had</sup> attained a height of 4-5 ft.  
Altho abundant enough in the two circumambient  
localities seen it did not appear to me to vary  
any except in the lvs in the young state  
which are serrate-lobed and have a dense brown  
stellate-pubescent while in the old state they are  
nearly <sup>or wholly</sup> smooth-entire and dark shining green above  
of lustrous character. The knobby character of the cups  
made an impression on my mind at the time  
of collecting for I had not seen anything like  
it on the fr. of other oaks.

I wish I could send you sufficient  
material and in different states of growth to  
enable you to study them satisfactorily. But  
what I have remaining is the same in  
quality and quantity that you have in Montezuma  
Oaks, in my 3 specimens across too as usual.

I am not as strong for California now  
as I had been in the Spring for there are drawbacks  
in that country too I learn.

Just where I may go this winter is yet undecided  
Should however I get to Florida again I would  
secure of the oaks in question.

I will remain here until sometime  
next month and will be glad to  
give any information you the plants I  
collected that I can

Yours Very truly  
A. P. Fisher,

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