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SESSIONAL PAPERS

VOL. LXVI.—PART VI.

FIFTH SESSION

OF THE

EIGHTEENTH LEGISLATURE

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

SESSION 1934

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TORONTO

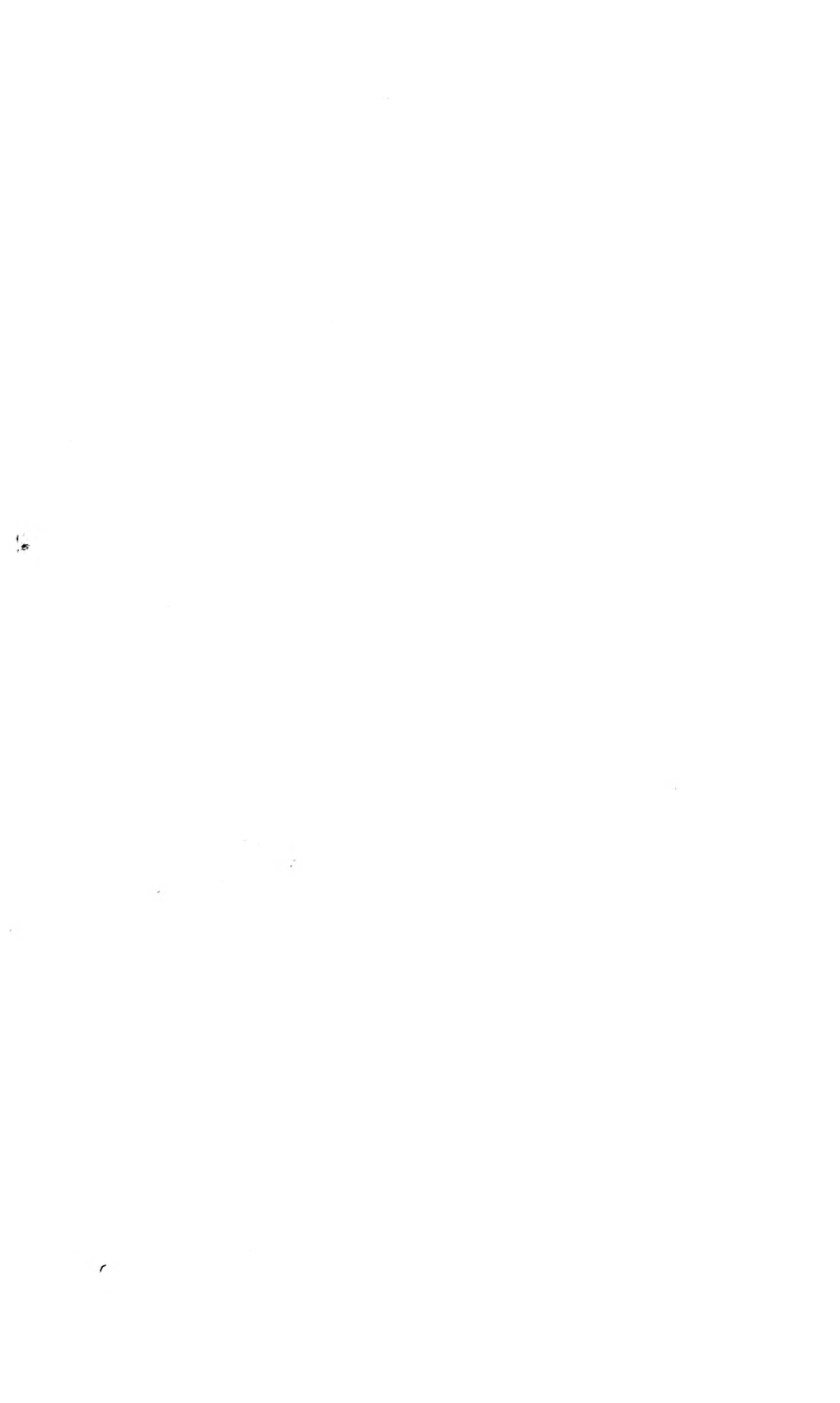
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1935

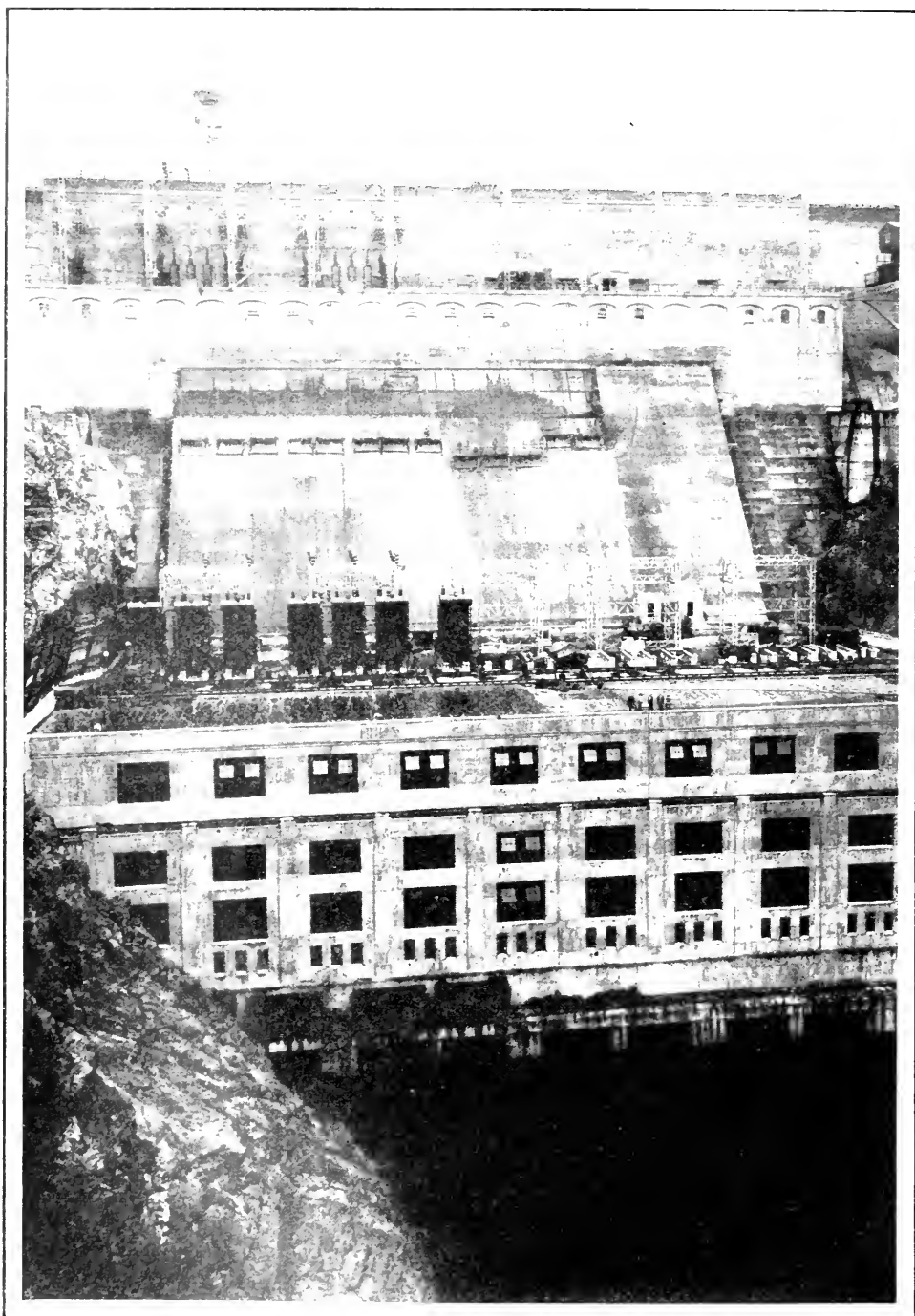


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ABITIBI CANYON POWER DEVELOPMENT

Dam and power house from Canyon walls of tailrace.

The aggregate height of the structure from top of dam to normal tailwater level is about 250 feet.

Note the figures on the top of the power house roof.

TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER
COMMISSION

OF THE

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

FOR THE YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31st

1933

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO



ONTARIO

TORONTO

Printed and Published by Herbert H. Ball, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty

1934

THE
HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
OF ONTARIO

HON. J. R. COOKE, M.L.A. *Chairman*
C. ALFRED MAGUIRE *Commissioner*
RT. HON. ARTHUR MEIGHEN, P.C., K.C. *Commissioner*
W. W. POPE *Secretary*
F. A. GABY, B.A.Sc., D.Sc. *Chief Engineer*

To His Honour

THE HONOURABLE HERBERT A. BRUCE, R.A.M.C., M.D., F.R.C.S.,
Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

The undersigned has the honour to present to your Honour the Twenty-sixth Annual Report of The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario for the fiscal year ending October 31, 1933.

This Report covers all of the Commission's activities and also embodies the financial statements, for the calendar year 1933, of the municipal electric utilities operating in conjunction with the various systems of the Commission and supplying electrical service to the citizens of the Province.

Dealing, as it does, with a multiplicity of activities relating to several electrical systems obtaining power from thirty-nine hydro-electrical developments operated by the Commission, supplemented by power purchased from other sources, and recording financial and other data relating to the individual local municipal electric utilities, the Annual Report presents a large amount of statistical information, much of which must, of necessity, be of a summary character.

The financial statements, the statistical data and the general information given, however, are so arranged and presented as to give a comprehensive survey of the Commission's operations. Not only does the Report record the progress made during the past year, but it gives, in addition, certain cumulative results for the various periods during which operation has been maintained in the respective municipalities.

At the end of the fiscal year the number of municipalities served in Ontario by the Commission was 757. This number included 27 cities, 96 towns, 269 villages and police villages and 365 townships. With the exception of 13 suburban sections of townships known as voted areas, the townships and 91 of the smaller villages are served as parts of 171 rural power districts.

Constructional Activities

During 1933 the chief item of constructional work was the completion to its initial operating stage of the Abitibi Canyon development on Abitibi

river. This work was carried out by the Commission for the Provincial Government. A description of the development will be found in Section IV of this Report.

Electrical construction work was confined chiefly to transformer stations for the supply of electric power to a number of Paper Companies to enable them to utilize secondary power in the generation of process steam. The Ontario Paper (Steam) transformer station, Thorold, with a capacity of 67,500 kv-a. in transformers and 90,000-kw. in electric steam generators, was installed and placed in service on February 2, 1933. At the Great Lakes Paper (Steam) transformer station Fort William two 8,000-kw. electric steam generators were installed and placed in service on October 1, 1933. At Provincial Paper (Steam) transformer station Port Arthur two 12,000-kv-a. transformers and two similar capacity electric steam generators are being installed. Further installations of a similar nature are under consideration.

Taking advantage of the relatively smaller amount of construction work many improvements are being made to the stations and equipment on the various systems.

Operating Conditions

The past year's operation of the systems has been satisfactory. Few interruptions to service occurred and failures of equipment were relatively few and not serious in extent.

Rainfall was much below normal and seriously reduced the stream flow and the capacity of the generating plants on the Eastern Ontario and Georgian Bay systems. On the Georgian Bay system the reduction in generating capacity was offset by an increased transfer of power from the Niagara system. On the Eastern Ontario system the low stream flow during certain periods reduced the capacity of all the generating stations on the Trent river to less than 40 per cent of their normal maximum capacity. A severe power shortage would have been experienced if a supplementary supply of reserve power had not been available from the Gatineau Power Co. The Nipissing district also experienced a period of low precipitation, but the storage works constructed by the Commission made it possible for the stream flow to be maintained in volume adequate to supply the demand for power.

The Commission has continued its efforts to protect the life and beauty of trees along the public highways on which power lines are situated. The Commission's Forestry Division employs men especially trained for this work, which has been carried out so as to protect the power lines and give reliable service without seriously impairing the beauty of the trees. The Commission's efforts in this respect have invoked many expressions of appreciation from highway and municipal authorities.

COST OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE FURNISHED BY THE COMMISSION

The function of the Commission is not only to use its best endeavours to provide for the people of Ontario an adequate and reliable supply of electrical energy, but also to ensure that the cost of that electrical energy to the consumers shall be the minimum consistent with the financial stability of the enterprise.

The success that has been attained in the accomplishment of the latter object may be appreciated by a careful study of the actual rates to consumers as presented in Statement "E," and of the statistical data setting forth the results that have been attained for the consumers under these rates, as presented in Statement "D," in conjunction with the various financial statements of the Report.

The bill for retail service rendered, is the practical aspect of Hydro service with which the average consumer is most concerned. It is, therefore, a satisfaction to note that except in a very few cases the rates for service during the period of depression have been maintained at their low levels or have been made lower.

The knowledge that there are substantial reserves of power is a distinct encouragement to the industrial organizations of the Province. Moreover, notwithstanding the generous use made of electrical service by the domestic and rural consumers in Ontario, there is still a large potential market for numbers of electrical appliances which the low cost of electricity makes it economically practicable to use.

Low Rates for Domestic Hot-Water Heating

The slackening in demand for power for industrial purposes has enabled the Commission to encourage further use of power for domestic service. The hot-water heater campaign inaugurated during the year 1933 has been successful and incidentally has resulted in the development of better electric water-heating equipment than was previously available. The heaters are installed without capital cost to the consumer, but even at the low rates approved for their operation the revenue obtained is usually sufficient to defray their initial cost in less than a year. Thereafter their continued use results in increased revenue to the municipal utilities and to the system. From the consumers' standpoint the benefits of this service are greatly appreciated.

LOAD CONDITIONS

The demand for power from the Commission's systems has increased during the year, as shown by the table given below:—

	October 1932	December 1932	October 1933	December 1933
Niagara system, 25 cycle (Canadian loads only).....	816,505*	786,059	961,059	1,060,268
Other systems, total.....	239,438	251,898	311,038	379,778
Grand total (Canadian loads only).....	<u>1,055,943*</u>	<u>1,037,957</u>	<u>1,272,097</u>	<u>1,440,046</u>

NOTE.—Power resold to the Gatineau Power Co. is included in the above table. The 1932 figures which are affected are indicated by an asterisk.

Both this table and the table which follows are similar to the tables which appeared in last year's Annual Report. In order to make the 1932 figures strictly comparable with those of 1933 it has been necessary to include in October, 1932, 27,500 horsepower which was resold to the Gatineau Power Company in that month. Further particulars regarding this change are given in the operating section of the Report.

The total Canadian loads during the months of October and December, 1933, were very much greater than the loads for the corresponding months of 1932. The greater part of the increase is in secondary power, the sale of which is of advantage both to the Commission and to industry, so long as it can be supplied. There is, however, an important though less pronounced increase in the primary or firm load which occurred during the latter part of the year and which has been persistently maintained over a considerable period in a way which is most encouraging.

In last year's Report reference as made to the fact that the marked downward trend of load in 1931 had been largely arrested, and that the decrease in 1932 was very slight. During December of 1932 and January of 1933, further decreases occurred, but since April, 1933, the trend has been steadily upward. By the end of the fiscal year, October 31, 1933, all ground lost during the first part of the year had been regained, and the year closed with a net increase. This gain for 1933 seems of special significance when compared with the losses of 1931 and 1932. The load losses of 1931 and 1932 have not yet been completely regained, and the rate of increase for the firm load in 1933 is not as great as the average rate of increase established over a long period of years prior to the depression. Therefore, the effects of the industrial depression are still apparent in the statistics for load during 1933, but after the sharper effects of the depression in 1931 and 1932, it is encouraging to find that 1933 shows actual improvement.

The following tabulation corresponds to that given for several years in this place in the Report, and shows the power supplied to the various systems at the close of the fiscal and calendar years. The figures given show the total load of each system and therefore include power exported as well as secondary power and primary power. The figures given for the Niagara system do not correspond to those shown in the table given above, as the first table covers Canadian load only, exclusive of export, whereas the second table shows the total load including export.

DISTRIBUTION OF POWER TO SYSTEMS

20-MINUTE PEAK HORSEPOWER SYSTEM COINCIDENT PEAK

System	October 1932	December 1932	October 1933	December 1933
Niagara system 25 cycle.....	867,446*	838,338	1,055,697	1,134,262
Dominion Power and Transmission system.....	43,968	48,525	45,710	51,743
Georgian Bay system.....	25,666	26,424	23,887	25,496
Eastern Ontario system.....	80,544	86,716	86,890	116,127
Thunder Bay system.....	65,700	63,800	90,450	120,000
Manitoulin rural power district.....			80	84
Northern Ontario Properties:				
Sudbury district.....	} 17,761	20,576	12,466	12,802
Abitibi district.....			45,389	46,890
Nipissing district.....			3,539	3,901
Patricia district.....			2,627	2,735
Totals.....	1,106,884*	1,090,236	1,366,735	1,514,040

*NOTE.—Power resold to the Gatineau Power Co. is included in the above table. The 1932 figures which are affected are indicated by an asterisk.

FINANCIAL SUMMARIES

The financial statements embodied in this Report are presented in two main divisions, namely, a division—Section IX—which deals chiefly with the operations of the Commission in the generation, transformation and transmission of electrical energy to the co-operating municipalities; and a division—Section X—which deals with the various operations of the municipal electric utilities in the localized distribution of electrical energy to consumers. In Section IX, "Rural Operating" reports are also given, which summarize the results of the local distribution of rural electrical service by the Commission to the individual consumers in rural power districts. This work is performed by the Commission on behalf of the respective townships co-operating to provide rural service.

The cumulative results of the operation of the several systems of the Commission as set forth in this Report demonstrate a sound financial condition.

CAPITAL INVESTMENT

The total investment of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario in power undertakings and hydro-electric railways is \$285,003,969.26, exclusive of government grants in respect of construction of rural power districts' lines; and the investment of the municipalities in distributing systems and other assets is \$109,657,573.64, making in power and hydro-electric railway undertakings a total investment of \$394,661,542.90.

The following statement shows the capital invested in the respective systems, districts and municipal undertakings:

Niagara system	\$201,975,671.41
Chats Falls development	6,167,756.08
Georgian Bay system	8,394,645.25
Eastern Ontario system	19,372,833.44
Thunder Bay system	18,630,772.18
Manitoulin rural power district	32,625.79
Northern Ontario properties	23,790,137.37
Hydro-Electric railways	2,076,924.94
Office and service buildings, construction plant, inventories, etc.	4,562,602.80
	\$285,003,969.26
Municipalities distributing systems and other assets (exclusive of \$26,045,679.00 of municipal sinking fund equity in H.E.P.C. system)—all systems	109,657,573.64
	\$394,661,542.90

REVENUE OF COMMISSION

The revenue of the Commission derivable from the municipal utilities operating under cost contracts and from other customers with whom—on behalf of the municipalities—the Commission has special contracts, all within the

Niagara, Georgian Bay, Eastern Ontario and Thunder Bay systems, Manitoulin rural power district and Northern Ontario properties, aggregates \$27,520,853.79.

The following statement shows how this revenue has been appropriated:

Revenue from municipal electric utilities and other power customers.....	\$27,520,853.79	
Operation, maintenance, administration, interest and other current expenses.....	\$27,275,570.17	
Reserves for sinking fund, renewals, contingencies and obsolescence provided in the year.....	4,839,838.70	
	<u>\$32,115,408.87</u>	
Less: Appropriated from obsolescence and contingencies reserves	4,236,606.73	
		<u>27,878,802.14</u>
Net balance charged to municipalities under cost contracts.....		<u>\$357,948.35</u>

In connection with the foregoing statement it should be noted that, in making its annual determinations of costs chargeable for power supplied to the participating municipalities, the Commission for many years has followed a policy which recognizes the desirability of stabilizing the costs per horsepower one year with another. Commencing with 1926 and continuing to 1930, there were included in the amounts set aside to the reserve for obsolescence and contingencies, additional sums designed to care for possible lean years that might come in the future. A proportion of these extra reserves was derived from the profitable employment of system reserve generating equipment. In 1933 the contingency reserve was drawn upon in the case of the Niagara system to the extent of \$4,236,606.73. This relief was given to the municipalities in their cost of power to compensate for the increased costs and reduced revenues in the year. In all other respects the various reserves have continued to be accumulated on the same basis as formerly, with the result that in the aggregate the reserves of the Commission show a net increase for 1933 of \$3,290,453.57 as compared with the totals at the end of 1932.

RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE

During the past few years very substantial progress has been made in Ontario in the field of rural electrification. Practically all rural electrical service is now given through rural power districts which are operated directly by the Commission. There is now rather more than \$17,690,000 invested in the rural power district systems established by the Commission. Towards this rural work the Ontario Government, pursuant to its policy of promoting the basic industry of agriculture, has, in the form of grants-in-aid, contributed 50 per cent of the costs of transmission lines and equipment, or some \$8,750,000. A total of 9,244 miles of transmission lines have been constructed to date, of which 326 miles were constructed during the past year. There are now about 62,000 customers supplied in the rural power districts.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR 1933

	Niagara system	Georgian Bay system	Eastern Ontario system	Thunder Bay system	Mani- toulin rur. power district	Nor. Ont. Nipissing district	Totals
Cost of power as provided to be paid under Power Commis- sion Act	\$ c. 810,110.29	\$ c. 107,127.66	\$ c. 193,481.31	\$ c. 3,591.41	\$ c. 3,281.25	\$ c. 4,115.38	\$ c. 1,121,707.30
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	557,105.44	56,844.72	121,212.84	3,509.95	1,447.26	2,818.63	742,938.84
Interest	294,442.54	36,600.19	77,164.46	2,307.24	1,434.09	926.80	412,875.32
Renewals	251,397.57	28,890.44	62,925.98	1,738.59	996.29	723.40	346,672.27
Obsolescence and contingencies	125,698.79	28,890.44	31,462.99	869.29	476.90	361.70	187,760.11
Sinking fund	66,871.35	7,986.56	16,863.37	457.68	285.45	194.22	92,658.63
Total expenses	2,105,625.98	266,340.01	503,110.95	12,474.16	7,921.24	9,140.13	2,904,612.47
Revenue from customers	2,063,370.73	236,399.48	470,228.73	9,275.86	6,537.40	10,211.29	2,796,023.49
Net surplus, all districts						1,071.16	1,071.16
Net deficit, all districts	42,255.25	29,940.53	32,882.22	3,198.30	1,383.84		109,660.14
Net deficit, all systems							108,588.98

As indicative of the steady progress being made by co-operative effort between the Commission and the rural consumers in reducing the cost of electrical service, it may be stated that whereas in 1929, 7,700 consumers were being served in 13 rural power districts in which the primary rate was 3 cents per kilowatt-hour; in 1933 more than 21,000 consumers in 23 rural power districts were enjoying a primary rate of 3 cents or less per kilowatt-hour. During the same period the number of consumers in rural power districts where the highest primary rate of 8 cents per kilowatt-hour was in force had diminished, notwithstanding the number of new districts in operation. Most of the consumers in the districts where the primary rate was 3 cents or less per kilowatt-hour had a follow-up rate of 1.5 cents or less per kilowatt-hour, while even the consumers in the districts where the primary rates were highest obtained additional energy over the reasonable class demand minimum at a rate of 2.0 cents per kilowatt-hour. All these rates are, of course, subject to the prompt payment discount of 10 per cent.

MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC UTILITIES

The following is a summation of the year's operation of the local electric utilities conducted by municipalities receiving power under cost contracts with the Commission:

Total revenue collected by the municipal electric utilities	\$30,627,841.88
Cost of power	\$19,330,861.58
Operation, maintenance and administration	5,189,385.78
Interest	2,426,286.35
Sinking fund and principal payment on debentures	2,319,319.09
	29,265,852.80
Amount available and set aside for depreciation and other reserve purposes	\$1,361,989.08

The setting-up of the reserves on rates customarily adopted in the past would have required an amount of \$1,989,000.41, which is \$627,011.33 in excess of the amount shown in the foregoing table as available for the present year. In this connection it is important to note that the municipal Hydro utilities provide for the retirement of their capital liabilities by either the instalment or sinking-fund method, and such payments are treated as part of the cost of the service.

RESERVES OF COMMISSION AND MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC UTILITIES

The total reserves of the Commission and the municipal electric utilities for sinking fund, renewals, contingencies and insurance purposes amount to \$129,172,759.94 made up as follows:

Niagara system	\$52,380,601.09
Georgian Bay system	2,822,302.39
Eastern Ontario system	5,338,115.82
Thunder Bay system	3,104,669.25
Northern Ontario properties	625,282.56
Nipissing rural power districts and Manitoulin rural power district	7,559.71
Service building and equipment	706,848.99
Bonnechere storage	3,536.97
Hydro-Electric Railways (Guelph)	121,481.78
Insurance, workmen's compensation and staff pensions	4,322,861.69
Total reserves of the Commission	\$69,433,260.25
Total reserves of municipal electric utilities	59,736,819.76
Total Commission and municipal reserves	<u>\$129,170,080.01</u>

As has been commented above in connection with the statement of revenues, the total reserves of the Commission increased in 1933 by \$3,287,773.64 over the total for 1932, which was \$66,145,486.61. The fact that the net increase in total reserves was, in 1933, less than in some former years, reflects the advantageous working out of the Commission's policy of cost stabilization, under which withdrawals were made in 1933 from special reserves provided out of revenues of earlier years for that purpose. The net increase in the total of Commission and municipal reserves for the year was \$6,399,976.10.

The consolidated balance sheet of the municipal electric utilities, on page 288, shows a total cash balance of \$1,696,489.24, and bonds and other investments of \$2,163,785.20. The total surplus in the municipal books now amounts to \$41,612,778.64 in addition to depreciation and sundry other reserves aggregating \$18,124,041.12; these two amounts making the total of \$59,736,819.76 shown in the above table.

The following is a brief summary of the principal operations relating to the several systems of the Commission:

NIAGARA SYSTEM

The Niagara system embraces all territory lying between Niagara Falls, Hamilton and Toronto on the east and Windsor, Sarnia and Goderich on the west served with electrical energy generated at plants on the Niagara and Ottawa rivers, supplemented with purchased power transmitted from plants on the Niagara, Gatineau, St. Lawrence, Ottawa and Lievre rivers. A few municipi-

palties and districts of the Niagara system are served also with power developed at DeCew Falls near St. Catharines.

Arrangements for progressive delivery of increased quantities of power, made some years ago, will furnish power supplies for this system, which, with a moderately rapid return to normal business conditions, should be adequate for the immediate future. In addition to power contracted for with the Gatineau Power Company, and power obtained from the development at Chats Falls which provides the Commission with 192,000 horsepower, the Commission holds contracts for the delivery of additional power, amounting eventually to 250,000 horsepower, to be developed on the St. Lawrence river by the Beauharnois Light, Heat & Power Company, and 125,000 horsepower to be delivered to the Commission as required from a plant on the Lievre river under a contract with the James MacLaren Company, Limited, subsequently assigned to a subsidiary power company known as MacLaren-Quebec Power Company. The first block of 20,000 horsepower to be taken under the contract with the MacLaren-Quebec Power Company was taken July 1, 1933, and the second block of power to be taken from the Beauharnois Light, Heat & Power Company, amounting to 40,000 horsepower, was taken October 1, 1933.

The total capital invested by the Commission on behalf of the co-operating municipalities of the Niagara system amounts to \$208,143,427.49. This amount includes the investment in the power properties purchased from the Dominion Power and Transmission Company (which have been merged with, and now form part of the Niagara system), also the Commission's share of the generating plant at Chats Falls, together with the transformer and switching stations at that point and the transmission lines from the Ottawa river to the Niagara system. The accumulated reserves for renewals, obsolescence, contingencies and sinking fund, aggregate \$52,380,601.09.

From the rural power districts of this system, which are directly operated by the Commission, the revenue received for the year from customers was \$2,063,70.73, and the total cost of supplying the service was \$2,105,625.98, leaving a balance of \$42,255.25, which has been charged to the districts in this system.

With respect to the electric utilities of the various urban municipalities of the Niagara system, the cost of power, as adjusted by the Commission at the close of the year was \$246,061.75 more than the total amount collected at the interim rates and this sum has been charged to the municipal utilities. The total revenue of the municipal electric utilities served by this system was \$25,024,438.69.

After meeting all expenses in respect of operation—including interest—setting up the usual standard depreciation reserve (which amounted to \$1,604,015.63) and providing \$2,108,108.41 for the retirement of instalment and sinking-fund debentures, the total net shortage for the year for the municipal electric utilities served by the Niagara system amounted to \$652,392.31.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

The territory served by the Georgian Bay system includes that portion of the Province adjacent to Georgian bay and lake Simcoe. The area extends

Errata—The total reserves in text of page xii should be the same as the totalled details, namely, \$129,170,080.01.

The revenue figure in third paragraph on page xiii should be \$2,063,370.73 as on page xi.

The figure of net increase in next to last line of second paragraph on page x should be \$3,287,773.64 as shown in third paragraph of page xii.

from Huntsville in the north to Port Perry in the southeast, and on the west and north it is bounded by lake Huron and Georgian bay. It thus takes in the counties of Bruce, Grey, Dufferin, and Simcoe, and the northern portions of the counties of Huron, Wellington and Ontario, as well as a large portion of the district of Muskoka. The territory served by this system lies immediately north of the Niagara system and west of the Eastern Ontario system.

During the year the distribution system purchased from The Mildmay Electric Company in the village of Mildmay, was sold to the Corporation and a cost contract executed with the latter for a supply of power under the Power Commission Act. The property purchased from The Formosa Electric Light Company last year was reconstructed and merged into the Bruce rural power district.

Electrical energy for the Georgian Bay system is obtained from eleven hydro-electric generating plants at South Falls, Hanna Chute, and Trethewey Falls on the south branch of the Muskoka river, at Bala on the Muskoka river, at Wasdells Falls and Big Chute on the Severn river, at Eugenia Falls on the Beaver river, and at Hanover, Walkerton and Southampton on the Saugeen river. The output of these generating plants is supplemented by the purchase of power from the Niagara system, delivered through frequency changer equipment at Hanover and Mount Forest.

Load conditions in the various municipalities of the system remained practically constant throughout the year in comparison with previous year conditions, although some new load was secured in one of the municipalities during the latter part of the year. The power supplied to summer resort districts forms an important part of the Georgian Bay system load, and the peak demand of this class of business was considerably greater than during last year, although it does not show up in the yearly average due to the fact that it is all supplied during the summer months only.

The lack of rainfall during the summer and fall months of the year seriously affected the stream flow of the rivers on which the various developments are situated, necessitating the purchase of a larger block of power from the Niagara system, than was purchased last year.

The total capital invested by the Commission on behalf of the co-operating municipalities in the Georgian Bay system is \$8,394,645.25 and the accumulated reserves for renewals, obsolescence, contingencies, and sinking fund aggregate \$2,822,302.39.

The revenue received from consumers in the rural power districts of this system directly operated by the Commission was \$236,399.48 and the total cost of supplying service to same was \$266,340.01, leaving a balance of \$29,940.53 to be charged to these districts, as detailed under financial statements in Section IX of this Report.

The actual cost of power supplied by the Commission during the year to the electric utilities of the various urban municipalities of the Georgian Bay system served under cost contracts was \$55,972.57 less than the total collections under the interim rates. This sum has been credited to the various municipalities directly affected. The total revenue of the municipal electric utilities served by this system was \$1,135,255.35, a decrease of \$18,366.96 as compared with the previous year.

After meeting all operating expenses and fixed charges, including interest, and the standard depreciation reserve amounting to \$71,460.00, as well as providing \$59,232.44 for the retirement of instalment and sinking fund debentures, the combined municipal electric utilities of the Georgian Bay system show a net loss for the year of \$2,454.88.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

This system serves that part of Ontario lying east of the areas served by the Georgian Bay and Niagara systems. The districts included are the Central Ontario, St. Lawrence, Rideau, Ottawa and Madawaska.

Power is supplied from developments owned by the Commission on the Trent Canal system, the Mississippi and Madawaska rivers. Power is purchased from the Gatineau Power Company, the Rideau Power Co. and the Beach Estate at Iroquois. The Cedar Rapids Transmission Company has also been supplying power to the Commission during the year but notice was given of cancellation of this contract on December 31, 1932. No other major changes were made in generation or transmission facilities during the year.

All the municipal distribution properties forming part of the old Electric Power Company properties have now been sold to the municipalities concerned, with the exception of the plants in Millbrook, Newburgh, Newcastle and Orono and the gas plant in Cobourg. The municipality of Orono has entered into negotiations with this Commission for the purchase of the local distribution system.

While the power demands of this system are somewhat less than last year, the amount of purchased power from the Gatineau Power Company and other private companies has been very necessary owing to the shortage of power occasioned by the low water on the Trent river.

The total capital invested by the Commission on behalf of the co-operating municipalities amounts to \$19,372,833.44 and the accumulated reserves for renewals, obsolescence, contingencies and sinking fund aggregate \$5,338,115.82.

The rural power districts of this system, which are directly operated by the Commission, show the revenue received for the year from customers as \$470,228.73 and the total cost of supplying service to be \$503,110.95, leaving a balance of \$32,882.22, which was charged to the districts in this system.

With respect to the electric utilities of the various urban municipalities of the Eastern Ontario system operating under cost contracts, the actual cost of power supplied by the Commission during the year was \$35,131.42 less than the total amount collected at the interim rates and this has been credited to the municipal utilities. The total revenue of the municipal electric utilities served by this system was \$3,142,850.15, a decrease of \$35,906.10

After meeting all expenses in respect of operation—including interest—setting up the usual standard depreciation reserve (which amounted to \$176,758.10) and providing \$130,523.35 for the retirement of instalment and sinking-fund debentures, the total net surplus for the year for the municipal electric utilities served by the Eastern Ontario system amounted to \$82,632.61.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

The territory served by the Thunder Bay system lies wholly within the district of Thunder Bay, practically all of the power being utilized by the cities of Port Arthur and Fort William, and the rural sections immediately adjacent thereto, and by the village of Nipigon.

Power is obtained from two hydro-electric developments on the Nipigon river, one at Cameron Falls and one at Alexander, and, in addition to supplying the domestic and commercial requirements of the municipalities mentioned, is used largely by the pulp and paper industry and the grain trade. A marked improvement has taken place in the load supplied on this system, especially during the latter portion of the year, due principally to the increased production by the pulp and paper mills, and also to an extensive use of secondary power sold on an "at-will" basis for the generation of process steam. Contracts already negotiated for the latter class of load, plus power sold on a firm power basis, will, during the coming year, require the entire generating plant capacity of the two developments serving this system. The total investment of the Commission in the Thunder Bay system is \$18,630,772.18, and the accumulated reserves for renewals, contingencies and sinking fund amount to \$3,104,669.25.

From the rural power districts of this system, which are operated directly by the Commission, the revenue received for the year from customers was \$9,275.86, and the total cost of supplying the service was \$12,474.16, leaving a balance of \$3,198.30, which has been charged to the districts in this system.

The cost of power supplied by this system during the year was \$95,683.25 in excess of revenue obtained from the interim monthly billing. This represents a substantial improvement over last year's conditions. A much better showing will be made during the next year when the new contracts previously referred to will be in operation for the full twelve months of the year. The total revenue of the municipal electric utilities in this system was \$1,325,297.69. The municipalities served by this system operated with a net loss of \$54,796.75 after meeting all operating expenses—including interest—and setting up the standard depreciation reserve amounting to \$42,481.14 and providing \$21,454.89 for the retirement of installment and sinking fund debentures.

MANITOULIN RURAL POWER DISTRICT

This rural power district supplies electrical service to the area surrounding the town of Gore Bay and the hamlet of Mindemoya. Other sections of Manitoulin island, including the town of Little Current, the village of Manitowaning and the hamlet of Shequiandah and adjacent areas, have also made application for service, and various meetings were held for the purpose of submitting information to the communities mentioned. A complete investigation was made with respect to extending lines, and obtaining a supply of power from an additional source for this new load.

At the present time the district is supplied with power purchased from the Kagawong development of the Little Rapids Pulp Company.

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

The area in which are situated the Northern Ontario Properties comprises the entire portion of the Province lying north of lake Nipissing and French river areas, and west of the Quebec boundary, exclusive of the territory served by the Thunder Bay system. The active districts in which power is actually being delivered by the Commission include North Bay and the vicinity, in the district of Nipissing; Sudbury, and the vicinity in the district of Sudbury; Iroquois Falls in the district of Cochrane, and the Red Lake mining camp in the district of Patricia. These various districts are being served under a direct agreement with the Government of the Province. They are not interconnected, and are served under entirely different conditions than those prevailing in the southern and eastern portions of the Province. Many sections in the northern part of the Province are served by independent municipal utilities, and the Commission, during the year, has, upon request, given engineering advice and assistance concerning the operation and maintenance of the local systems, to many of these utilities.

NIPISSING DISTRICT

The area served in this district includes the city of North Bay, the town of Powassan and the unincorporated hamlets of Callander and Nipissing and portions of the townships of Ferris, Himsworth, Nipissing and Widdifield. Power is obtained from hydro-electric developments at Nipissing, Bingham Chute and Elliott Chute on the South river, supplemented when necessary by purchased power from the Abitibi Power and Paper Company's development at Crystal Falls on the Sturgeon river.

Very little change occurred in the demands of this district throughout the year, compared with the previous year; consequently, no generating plant, transformation or transmission changes other than those of a routine nature were required.

SUDBURY DISTRICT

This district includes the area adjacent to the city of Sudbury which is served at 60 cycles from three power developments on the Wanapitei river. Power is supplied for municipal and lighting purposes to the city of Sudbury, and to large mining companies in the Sudbury basin. A substantial increase in load has taken place on this system during the year, due to one of the large mining companies having increased its demand by approximately 50 per cent, in consequence of which the plant capacity of the developments is completely sold, and any further load expansion will have to be taken care of at 25 cycles from the Abitibi Canyon transmission line system, or by the installation of frequency changer sets for transformation from 25 to 60 cycles.

ABITIBI DISTRICT

This district embraces that section of the Province within transmission distance of the Abitibi Canyon development and includes the mining areas adjacent to Sudbury, Timmins and Kirkland Lake. During the year the Commission assumed, on behalf of the Government of the Province, the operation of the Abitibi Canyon development and transmission line system formerly the property of The Ontario Power Service Corporation Limited. Power is being supplied at the present time to a large mining industry at Copper Cliff and nego-

tiations have been carried on with a number of mining companies in the Porcupine, Kirkland Lake and Swayze camps, and it is anticipated that a number of these companies will be supplied during the coming year. A contract was completed with The Canada Northern Power Corporation for supplying all of the future load growth of this company for a term of ten years.

PATRICIA DISTRICT

This district comprises the territory included in that portion of the Province lying within the geographical area bearing the same name. At the present time the Commission in this district is operating one power development only. It is situated at the foot of Lac Seul on the English river and power is being supplied to a large gold mine in the Red Lake mining camp. Power is available for any other mining property within transmission distance of this development. A large increase in the load on this development has taken place during the year, due to the mining company served having substantially increased its milling capacity. The total load, averaged over the year, shows an increase of 3 per cent, but the load during the latter part of the year was gradually increasing. The peak load, occurring in October, shows an increase of 28 per cent over the previous year.

A survey was made and an estimate prepared in connection with a development on the Albany river at the foot of lake Joseph for two other mining properties in the Patricia district. It is expected that contracts will be closed early next year, and arrangements made to proceed with the construction of this development.

THE ANNUAL REPORT

The Table of Contents, pages xxv and xxvi, conveys a good understanding of the scope of the matters dealt with in the Report, to which there is also a comprehensive Index. To those not conversant with the Commission's Reports the following notes will be useful.

In Section II, pages 5 to 60, dealing with the Operation of the Systems, are a number of interesting diagrams showing, graphically, the monthly loads on the various systems. Tables are also presented showing the amounts of power taken by the various municipalities in October during the past three years.

The rural distribution work of the Commission has proved of widespread interest and special reference to this is made in Section III, on pages 69 to 88. The power distributed to rural districts is, and possibly must always be, but a relatively small proportion of the power distributed by the Commission. The supplying of electrical service in rural areas, and especially on the farm, has, however, been of great economic benefit to Ontario. The Provincial Government grants-in-aid of the capital cost of this work have been of value to agricultural activities, and have assisted the Commission to extend rural transmission lines to many areas.

In Sections IV, V and VI will be found information respecting progress of work on new power developments and on transmission system extensions, together with photographic illustrations.

About one-half of the Report is devoted to financial and other statistical data which are presented in two Sections, IX and X.

Section IX presents in summary form the financial statements relating to the operations of the Commission chiefly in the generation, transformation and transmission of electrical energy to the co-operating municipalities. It is introduced by an important explanatory statement which appears on pages 133 to 137, to which special reference should be made.

Section X presents in summary form the financial statements relating to the operations of the municipalities in the localized distribution of electrical energy to consumers. It also contains details of the costs of electrical energy to consumers in the various municipalities and tabular statements of the rates in force which have produced these costs. An explanation of the various tables and statements is given at the commencement of this Section on pages 281 to 283, and a special introduction to Statement "D," which relates to the cost of electrical service in Ontario, together with a diagram, appears on pages 406 to 409.

In its Annual Reports the Commission aims to present a comprehensive statement respecting the activities of the whole undertaking under its administration. Explanatory statements descriptive of the operations of the Commission in various branches of its work are suitably placed throughout the Report in order that the citizens of the Province may be kept fully informed upon the working-out of the Commission's policies.

The Commission receives many letters asking for general information respecting its activities, as well as requests for specific information concerning certain phases of its operations. In most cases these enquiries can satisfactorily be answered by simply directing attention to information presented in the Annual Report of the Commission. Real benefit would result to the "Hydro" undertaking if those who are commenting upon aspects of the Commission's work would first make sure by consulting the Commission's publications that the data upon which their comments are to be based are adequate and pertinent to the subject in hand. By such a course much misrepresentation, as well as inconvenience, would be avoided.

* * *

In closing this summary of the record of Hydro's progress during the past year, and at a time when we are emerging from a period of exceptional economic stress, it is especially fitting to acknowledge the devotion and efficiency that characterize the services rendered by the Commission's staffs. Unquestionably, in both good times and bad times, the municipally-owned Hydro undertaking owes in great measure its outstanding success to the unremitting and competent efforts of the professional and other employees of the Commission and of the municipal utilities, directed as such efforts are towards the constant improvement of the technical operations of the undertaking. The Commission, as trustee charged with providing electrical service for Ontario citizens at minimum costs, has not given its employees remuneration as large as is paid by comparable privately-owned electrical utilities elsewhere, but the Commission has felt that the least it could do in appreciation of the loyalty of its employees was to give them assurance that their security of employment was not subject to arbitrary disturbance. Moreover, continuity of service by a competent staff—a source of strength to any business organization—is, in the case of the Commission's

undertaking with its many unique features and its principle of service at cost, especially necessary. With these considerations in mind, the Commission some years ago established a system of contributory pensions, under which the permanent employees deposit with the Commission sums, which the Commission supplements, in order that the employees may have security in old age after a lifetime of faithful service.

The harmonious relations that have always existed between the Commission and its staff have been greatly promoted by the attitude taken by successive Provincial governments toward maintaining the independence of administration of the Commission as a business enterprise operated in trust for the municipalities. The basic principles established by the founders of the undertaking, and incorporated in the Power Commission Act, give the Commission sole jurisdiction over appointments of staff and all other details of operation, and limit government participation in the municipal undertaking to approval of such matters as capital expenditures and power contracts determined by the Commission to be required in the interests of the municipalities.

It is a matter of sincere satisfaction to me, speaking after more than a decade of service as Commissioner, and, latterly, as Chairman, to be able to affirm categorically that at no time in my term of office has any Ontario Government gone beyond the limits of jurisdiction assigned to it by the Power Commission Act as appropriate to its function of banker for the municipalities. There has been no suggestion of interference with appointments of employees or other matters that are in the exclusive jurisdiction of the Commission. Moreover, every capital expenditure and every power commitment on behalf of municipalities has been made at the instance of the Commission having regard only to the interests of the municipalities, and the Government's participation in such matters has been confined to scrutinizing and approving the Commission's proposals, and assisting in inter-governmental negotiations where necessary. The readiness of successive Governments to co-operate has been of notable value to the undertaking; in the case of rural service the Governmental financial contribution is a factor without which the remarkable expansion in service in recent years could not have been achieved. I am constrained to record these observations here because of the fact that statements intimating the contrary have been publicly but unjustifiably made.

The co-operation manifested by the Press in giving space and services to inform the citizens of Ontario on matters relating to the Commission's work is a valuable safeguard to the welfare of the Hydro undertaking, and the Commission desires again to record its special appreciation of the public-spirited support accorded to its efforts.

Confirming the Commission's announcement, made early in the present year, of its expectation of an improvement in the general adverse conditions against which the Hydro undertaking has had to contend for the last three or four years, it is a gratification to be able, at the time of writing, to state that results thus far evident for 1934 are showing a very substantial betterment over the results for corresponding periods of 1933. The large increases in electrical demands and in revenues that are being experienced afford excellent encourage-

ment. The Commission is confident that, with continuation of present trends, the results of operation of the Hydro undertaking in the next two or three years will furnish complete vindication of the wisdom of the actions it has taken with respect to providing power supplies adequate for the requirements in the early future of the municipalities and industries.

Respectfully submitted,

J. R. COOKE,
Chairman.

TORONTO, ONTARIO, March 31st, 1934.

HON. J. R. COOKE, M.L.A.,

*Chairman, The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario,
Toronto, Ontario.*

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit herewith the Twenty-sixth Annual Report of The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario for the fiscal year ended October 31st, 1933.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. W. POPE,
Secretary

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TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario

SECTION I

LEGAL

AT the 1933 Session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, three Acts relating to the work of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario were passed. These are reproduced in full in Appendix I to this report. The short titles to the said Acts are as follows:

The Power Commission Act, 1933, Chapter 47.

The Abitibi Canyon Power Development Act, 1933, Chapter 1.

The Manitoulin Rural Power District Act, 1933, Chapter 28.

The agreements between the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario and the municipalities and corporations mentioned in the list hereunder given were approved by Order-in-Council dated the 9th day of February, 1934.

VILLAGES

Colborne.....Dec. 12, 1932
Mildmay.....Nov. 30, 1932

TOWNSHIPS

Carrick.....Nov. 14, 1932
Drummond.....Sept. 5, 1933
Oso.....Nov. 1, 1932
Sarawak.....Feb. 1, 1933
Verulam.....Mar. 6, 1933

CORPORATIONS

American Cyanamid Company.....Nov. 19, 1932
Falconbridge Nickel Mines Limited.....Feb. 9, 1933
Firestone Tire & Rubber Company of Canada Limited.....Nov. 1, 1932
His Majesty The King, in the right of the Province of Ontario (re Mimico Asylum).....Aug. 1, 1932
His Majesty The King, in the right of the Province of Ontario (re Ontario Reformatory).....Aug. 1, 1932
Interlake Tissue Mills Co. Limited.....Sept. 11, 1933

CORPORATIONS—Continued

The International Nickel Company of Canada Limited and The Huronian Company Limited.....	Dec. 23, 1932
National Trust Company Limited, Receiver and Manager of Great Lakes Paper Company Limited.....	June 14, 1933
Northern Empire Mines Company Limited.....	May 27, 1933
Page-Hersey Tubes Limited.....	Jan. 30, 1933
Provincial Paper Limited.....	July 19, 1933
Provincial Paper Limited.....	Sept. 1, 1933
Strathcona Paper Company Limited.....	Jan. 1, 1933

Right-of-Way

Rural Power Lines

Wood-pole lines and extensions were constructed in the following rural power districts during the year: Alexandria, Amherstburg, Aylmer, Ayr, Baden, Bala, Barrie, Baysville, Beamsville, Beaumaris, Beaverton, Belleville, Bowmanville, Brant, Brockville, Bruce, Caledonia, Chatham, Chesterville, Clinton, Cobourg, Colborne, Delaware, Drumbo, Dundas, Elmira, Essex, Fenelon Falls, Fort William, Galt, Georgetown, Grantham, Guelph, Hawkestone, Huntsville, Ingersoll, Iroquois, Kemptville, Keswick, Kingston, Kingsville, Lakefield, Lindsay, London, Manitoulin, Markdale, Markham, Martintown, Maxville, Millbrook, Napanee, Nepean, Newcastle, Newmarket, Norwood, Orangeville, Oshawa, Owen Sound, Perth, Peterborough, Petrolia, Port Arthur, Prescott, Preston, Renfrew, St. Marys, St. Thomas, Simcoe, Smiths Falls, Sparrow Lake, Stirling, Strathroy, Streetsville, Tara, Thamesville, Trenton, Wallaceburg, Walsingham, Waterdown, Waterford, Welland, Wellington, Williamsburg, Woodbridge, Woodstock.

The practice, as in the past, has been to construct these lines on public highways or roads where at all possible, but in a few cases, owing to local conditions and the desire to avoid cutting trees, it has been found advisable to place the lines on private property. In such cases the necessary right-of-way has been acquired and compensation made for tree trimming or cutting.

There have also been a number of cases where, owing to road improvement work being carried out by the Department of Public Highways or County Road Commissions, it has been found necessary to change the location of existing pole lines. In all such cases satisfactory arrangements have been made with the department or commission having control of the roads in question.

High and Low Tension Wood-Pole Lines

Construction work has been carried out on the following high- and low-tension wood-pole lines, and the necessary rights-of-way and tree trimming rights have been secured during the year:

Trenton to Belleville.
Colborne to Cobourg.
Auburn to Lakefield.
Oshawa to Toronto.
Norwood to Havelock.
Warkworth to Newcombe.
Newcombe to Welcome.
Welcome to Oshawa.

Port Hope to Newcastle.
Bowmanville to Oshawa
Napanee to Bath.
Delora to Marmora.
Smithville to Stoney Creek.
Burlington to National Fire Proofing Junction.
Kilsyth to Derby Mills.

High and Low Tension Wood-Pole Lines—Continued

Walkerton to Mildmay.	Kitchener Transformer Station to Erbs Junction.
Durham to Mount Forest.	Welland to Port Colborne.
Meaford to Collingwood.	Erbs Junction to Stratford.
Kilsyth to Owen Sound.	Fletcher to Tilbury.
Melancthon to Amaranth.	Lythmore to DeCewsville.
Fraxa to Orangeville.	Dundas to Binkley's Corners.
Ragged Rapids to Bala.	Ontario Gypsum Company to Hagersville.
Erbs Junction to Hanover.	York Mills to Newmarket.
Cornwall to Winchester.	Danforth Junction to West Hill.
Williamsburg to Winchester.	Andrews Junction to Pottageville.
Lynn to Athens.	Langstaff to Mount Joy.
Winchester to Cardinal.	Dorchester Distributing Station to Dorchester.
Dominionville to Alexandria.	Acton to Cheltenham.
Utterson to Huntsville.	Ontario Agricultural College (Guelph) to Elora.
Dominion Junction to Maxville.	Harbour Hill to Goderich.
Utterson to Windermere.	Sebringville to Milverton.
Muskoka Beach Junction to Muskoka Beach.	Milverton to Listowel.
Windermere to Rosseau.	Listowel to Palmerston.
Dundas to Caledonia.	Harriston Junction to Harriston.
London to St. Thomas.	Beachville to Embro.
Guelph to Preston.	Norwich to Otterville.
Kitchener to Stratford.	Mount Vernon to Burford.
Kitchener to Waterloo.	Paris to Burford.
Stratford to Sebringville.	Brittania Junction to Streetsville.
Glengarry Junction to Glengarry Distributing Station.	Tilbury Junction to Fletcher.
Woodstock to Dufferin.	Ridgetown to Rondeau.
Woodstock to Beachville.	Prince Albert to Ridgetown.
St. Thomas to Kent.	Como Junction to Dominion Sugar Company.
St. Thomas to Sarnia.	Prince Albert to Como.
Brant to Brantford.	Fletcher to Merlin.
Brant to Paris.	Leamington Junction to Leamington Distributing Station.
Paris to Ayr.	Kleinburg Distributing Station to Bolton.
Ayr to Drumbo.	Arnprior to Galetta.
Cooksville to York Transformer Station.	Burnstown to Arnprior.
Kent to Essex.	Kirkfield Junction to Kirkfield Distributing Station.
Winchester to Williamsburg.	North Bay to Sturgeon Falls.
St. Jacobs Distributing Station to Elmira.	Smoky Falls to North Bay.
Essex to Maidstone.	
York Transformer Station to Weston.	
York Transformer Station to New Toronto.	
Wiltshire Avenue to Weston.	

Substation Site

A site for a substation in connection with the Markham rural power district was purchased during the year at Ringwood.

220,000-Volt Lines

The work of completing settlements for right-of-way, tree rights, damages, etc. has been carried on during the year on the Gatineau high-tension lines, and on the line between Chats Falls and Cumberland Junction, and between Cumberland Junction and the Inter-provincial Boundary.

In a few cases where settlements could not be arrived at by negotiation, the owners have called upon the official valuator to file his award. These awards have been accepted by the owners in all cases, no appeals having been entered.

General

During the year the operation of the Brantford and Hamilton Electric Railway was discontinued, and as the right-of-way was no longer required, efforts were made to dispose of it to the owners of the adjoining lands. In a great majority of cases satisfactory arrangements have been made with such owners to take over this right-of-way.

As the Commission was not successful in acquiring by negotiation the lands owned by the Kingdon Mining, Smelting & Manufacturing Company in the Township of Fitzroy, the matter was referred to the Ontario Municipal Board for arbitration. These arbitration proceedings were quite prolonged, involving sittings of the Board for forty-three days. The Board's award was finally filed, and has been accepted by both parties, and the matter has been closed.

In a number of cases surplus lands not required by the Commission in connection with its works have been disposed of.

SECTION II

OPERATION OF THE SYSTEMS

The past year's operation of the systems has been satisfactory. Few interruptions to service occurred, and failures of equipment were relatively few and not serious in extent. On June 7, 1933, a storm of extreme severity, accompanied by high winds, lightning and rain, caused damage in many districts between London, Toronto and Niagara Falls. Twelve steel towers collapsed during the storm, and damage was done to various low-tension lines, and to some of the station equipment connected to them, the total cost of repairs approximating \$27,000. With this exception there were no failures of lines or apparatus which resulted in extensive disturbances to service. In another part of this section details will be found regarding such failures of equipment as occurred in the ordinary course of operation, together with an outline of the repairs made and the maintenance work carried out.

The Eastern Ontario and Georgian Bay systems suffered from a lack of rainfall which reduced the stream flow and the capacity of the generating plants. On the Georgian Bay system the reduction in generating capacity was offset by an increased transfer of power from the Niagara system. On the Eastern Ontario system the low stream flow during certain periods reduced the capacity of all the generating stations on the Trent river to less than 40 per cent of their normal maximum capacity, and a severe power shortage would have been experienced if a supplementary reserve supply of power had not been available from the Gatineau Power Co. The Nipissing district also experienced a period of low precipitation, but the storage works constructed by the Commission made it possible for the stream flow to be maintained in volume adequate to enable the generating plants to supply the demand for power.

It has been customary in this section of the Report to give a summary of load conditions. A load graph is given in connection with each system, showing the load month by month throughout the year, and extending back over a period of time depending on the age of the system and the records available. These graphs may be consulted for details regarding the load on each system, the following remarks dealing mainly with the total load of the Commission, that is, the combined load of the systems.

In an enterprise as large as that of the Commission increases are apt to occur at one point while decreases occur at another point. Under such conditions broad generalizations cannot be expected to hold true in all cases, and to avoid

any possibility of misunderstanding or appearance of inaccuracy, attention is called to the importance of treating the statements given herein as applying only to the combined total of the systems' load, or to that section of the load specifically referred to in the text.

In the fiscal year ending October 31, 1933, the total load of the Commission, for all systems combined, amounted to 4,612,000,000 kw-hrs., exceeding that of 1932 by 171,000,000 kw-hrs., as shown in the table of power generated and purchased given on the next page.

Of more importance than this increase in the average load for the year, is the upward trend of load which became apparent during the latter half of the year. In last year's Annual Report reference was made to the reduction in load which had occurred during the depression. In that Report it was pointed out how the downward trend appeared in 1930 and continued throughout 1931, but in 1932 the rate of decrease was checked, the reduction for 1932 being only 1.2 per cent as against a decline of 15 per cent during 1931. During the months of December, 1932, and January, 1933, there was a marked slump in the total load, to which a downward trend in the primary load and a loss of secondary load both contributed. In February a substantial block of secondary power was added, which very largely compensated for the decreases in both primary and secondary power during the previous months. In July a very substantial increase was made in both primary and secondary load, and further increases occurred during the succeeding months.

During the last four months of the fiscal year 1933, the total load exceeded that of the corresponding months of the previous year by about 245,000,000 kilowatt-hours. In consequence, the decreases during the earlier part of the year were more than off-set by the increases during the latter part of the year, and the complete year shows a net increase of 171,000,000 kilowatt-hours.

In October, 1933, the total peak load of the Commission reached the high figure of 1,366,000 horsepower, an increase of 23 per cent over the corresponding month of the previous year. This is the highest load ever carried by the Commission, in any month, either before or since the beginning of the depression.

The above figures should not be used as an indication of business conditions in the Province, or for the purpose of forecasting load during the coming year, without proper allowance for the quantity of secondary power included therein.

"Secondary" power is a term applied to power which is sold subject to unlimited interruptions, to reduction or to complete withdrawal, at any time it is required for use by municipalities, or for the maintenance of the supply of firm power. During 1933, the Commission was able to effect the sale of large blocks of power on this basis, mainly for the generation of steam by electricity. Under these arrangements energy from Canadian water powers is utilized and replaces large quantities of imported coal. In connection with such use, it has not been necessary for the Commission to supply any additional generating equipment, and the power is still effective as a system reserve for "firm power" customers, and is available to meet their demands at any time.

Recent developments in the sale of secondary power have made it necessary this year to present in a somewhat different manner the figures relating to certain power which has been sold for the purpose of steam generation. Prior

to 1930 the rapid growth of the Commission's loads had prevented the provision of a suitable amount of reserve capacity, and consequently the amount of secondary or off-peak power sold was relatively small. From October, 1930, to October, 1932, inclusive, a block of power was "resold" to the Gattineau Power Company to be used for steam generation. This transaction was reflected, in the statistics presented, in a reduction of the power purchased from the Gattineau Power Company, because it was the equivalent of a temporary and revocable reduction in capacity, and as at that time no secondary power was distributed in Ontario, it did not seem appropriate to include the contract power thus temporarily relinquished, as an addition to the system load figures. During 1933, in which year the sale of substantial quantities of secondary power began in Ontario, the resale to the Gattineau Power Company also recommenced. Since it is necessary to include Ontario's new load of secondary power in the figures for total load, and since the resale to the Gattineau Power Company represents secondary power which is similar both in the characteristics of being subject to immediate and unlimited interruptions and in the use to which it is put, it appears to be appropriate and necessary now to include this "resale" power in the figures for total load. In making comparisons, therefore, of certain loads for 1933 and for 1932 it has been necessary to show them both on the same basis and, in some cases, this has required revision in the 1932 figures to which attention has, herein, been directed.

In general it is only industries consuming relatively large quantities of power which can utilize secondary power. During the past year the Commission has been in a position to offer sufficiently large blocks of power to make the use of this class of power attractive to certain industries, and since February, 1933, the secondary load in Ontario, which was previously of negligible proportions, has been built up to an extent which materially affects the statistics for the total load. While it is hoped that this class of load will always be continued as a source of revenue from reserve generating capacity, it is subject to wide and irregular fluctuations according to load and business conditions, and should not be included in any study of the firm load trend, nor should it be included in any statistics of electric power consumption which are intended for use as an index of business conditions generally. The firm load is of a different nature and is generally regarded as an excellent business index, due to the fact that such power is used by so many of the factories, stores and residences throughout the districts served. It is not subject to the irregular fluctuations of secondary power.

For the above reasons it is of interest to compare the Commission's firm load in Ontario during 1933 with that of the previous year, omitting all secondary and export power.

In September and October, 1932, the firm load showed the usual seasonal increases. This continued during the month of November, 1932 (which forms the first month of the past fiscal year 1932-33). However, in December, 1932, the firm load showed a definite downward trend which continued until May, 1933. This downward trend was more marked than the usual seasonal decline of load, which normally begins in February and continues until some time in August.

In May, 1933, the downward trend terminated, and an upward movement commenced, which was of an even more marked character than the downward trend of the previous months. This upward trend continued consistently from

**TOTAL POWER GENERATED AND
HYDRO-ELECTRIC GENERATING PLANTS**

Generating plants	Maximum normal plant capacity Oct. 31, 1933, horsepower	Peak load during fiscal year 1932-1933 horsepower	Total output during fiscal year 1932-1933 kilowatt-hours
Niagara system			
Queenston-Chippawa—Niagara river.....	500,000	461,126	1,834,328,000
"Ontario Power"—Niagara river.....	180,000	119,303	145,624,000
"Toronto Power"—Niagara river.....	150,000	70,375	64,521,000
Chats Falls—Ottawa River (Commission's half).....	96,000	94,504	124,024,550
Dominion Power and Trans. system*			
Decew Falls—Welland Canal.....	50,000	42,091	97,082,300
Steam Plant—Hamilton.....	24,000	.....	24,800
Georgian Bay system			
South Falls—South Muskoka river.....	5,600	6,011	20,495,760
Hanna Chute—South Muskoka river.....	1,600	1,609	6,676,800
Trethewey Falls—South Muskoka river.....	2,300	2,145	8,925,600
Bala No. 1 and 2—Muskoka river.....	600	583	2,224,344
Big Chute—Severn river.....	5,800	5,791	16,396,920
Wasdells Falls—Severn river.....	1,200	1,227	3,403,240
Eugenia Falls—Beaver river.....	7,800	7,614	17,794,960
Hanover—Saugeen river.....	400	382	104,524
Walkerton—Saugeen river.....	500	503	1,307,100
Southampton—Saugeen river.....	300	0	0
Eastern Ontario system			
Sidney-Dam No. 2—Trent river.....	4,500	3,619	7,826,700
Frankford-Dam No. 5—Trent river.....	3,500	1,810	225,500
Meversburg-Dam No. 8—Trent river.....	7,000	7,507	11,160,530
Hague's Reach-Dam No. 9—Trent river.....	4,500	4,625	7,245,700
Ranney Falls-Dam No. 10—Trent river.....	10,500	10,456	13,937,820
Seymour-Dam No. 11—Trent river.....	4,200	3,150	7,981,130
Heely Falls-Dam No. 14—Trent river.....	15,300	15,282	20,118,400
Auburn-Dam No. 18—Otonabee river.....	2,400	1,984	6,467,050
Fenelon Falls-Dam No. 30—Sturgeon river.....	1,000	938	1,410,300
High Falls—Mississippi river.....	3,000	3,117	4,263,720
Carleton Place—Mississippi river.....	400	375	11,848
Calabogie—Madawaska river.....	5,400	1,588	4,433,951
Galetta—Mississippi river.....	1,100	402	12,660
Thunder Bay system			
Cameron Falls—Nipigon river.....	73,500	48,700	115,494,000
Alexander—Nipigon river.....	50,000	48,200	173,030,400
Northern Ontario properties			
Nipissing district			
Nipissing—South river.....	2,100	2,366	4,728,040
Bingham Chute—South river.....	1,200	1,307	3,040,800
Elliott Chute—South river.....	1,700	1,910	3,989,000
Sudbury district			
Coniston—Wanapitei river.....	5,900	5,563	16,322,328
McVittie—Wanapitei river.....	2,900	2,882	12,076,344
Stinson—Wanapitei river.....	7,500	6,233	17,335,704
Patricia district			
Ear Falls—English river.....	4,000	2,627	10,679,000
Abitibi district			
Abitibi Canyon—Abitibi river.....	55,000	45,389	30,950,000
Total generated.....	1,292,700	†	2,815,674,823

*In process of incorporation with the Niagara system.

†Because the peak loads on the various generating plants and purchased power sources usually occur at different times, the sum of the individual peak loads would not represent the sum of the peak loads on the systems. These in the case of each system must relate to the maximum load occurring at any one time. Consequently, the column headed "Peak Load" is not totalled.

PURCHASED—ALL SYSTEMS

POWER PURCHASED

Power source	Contract amount horsepower Oct. 31, 1933	Total purchased kilowatt-hours
Canadian Niagara Power Co.—25 cycle	20,000	95,132,300
Gatineau Power Co.—25 cycle	260,000	1,074,498,785 ‡
Ottawa Valley Power Co.	96,000	124,024,550
Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Co.	75,000	157,340,000
McLaren Quebec Power Co.	20,000	28,835,800
Canadian Niagara Power Co.—For D.P. & T. 66-cycle system	10,000	57,855,000
Campbellford Water & Light Commission § .....	.....	.....
Cedars Rapids Power Co.	7,500	29,779,500
M. F. Beach Estate	500	831,600
Rideau Power Co.	487	2,822,800
Ottawa & Hull Power & Mfg. Co.	20,000	63,660,600
Gatineau Power Co.—60 cycle	36,000	128,241,500
Orillia Water, Light & Power Commission § .....	.....	—734,530
Manitoulin Pulp Co.	150	99,200
Ontario Power Service Corporation .....	.....	34,054,060
Total purchased	545,637	1,796,441,165 ‡
Power purchased, contract amount, 1933	545,637 horsepower	
Maximum normal plant capacity, 1933	1,292,700 "	
Total available capacity generated and purchased, 1933	1,838,337 "	
Total available capacity generated and purchased, 1932	1,760,052 "	
Difference (increase)	78,285 "	
Total energy purchased, 1933	1,796,441,165 kilowatt-hours ‡	
Total energy generated, 1933	2,815,674,823 kilowatt hours	
Total energy generated and purchased, 1933	4,612,115,988 kilowatt hours ‡	
Total energy generated and purchased, 1932	4,440,447,470 kilowatt hours ‡	
Difference (increase)	171,668,518 kilowatt hours	

‡Includes secondary power resold to the Gatineau Power Company.

§Reciprocal arrangement for surplus power.

CAUTION: The figures for "Maximum Normal Plant Capacity" reflect the capacity of the various plants under the most favourable operating conditions which can reasonably be considered as normal, taking into consideration turbine capacity as well as generator capacity and also the net operating head and available water supply.

Owing, among other things, to changes in generating equipment due to wear and tear or the replacement of parts, also to changes in the limitations governing water levels and effective net heads, the maximum normal plant capacity is not a fixed quantity but is one which must be revised from time to time. It will be noted that several revisions have been made in the ratings shown this year, the capacity of some plants being rated lower and others higher.

It will be noted that the capacity of the Queenston plant appeared in last year's Report as 522,000 horsepower and is herein reduced to 500,000 horsepower. The reduction in peak capacity is a consequence of operating the plant at a high daily load factor in order to obtain a maximum of energy from the water allowable under the Boundary Waters Treaty. At lower daily load factors the maximum peak capacity is substantially higher.

It is particularly important to bear in mind that the column headed "Maximum Normal Plant Capacity" cannot be taken as an indication of the dependable capacity of the various plants; in some cases it is, but in many cases it is not. As an illustration it may be noted that while under favourable circumstances the plants of the Eastern Ontario System, taken collectively, might supply a peak demand equal to or even in excess of the sum of their maximum normal ratings, the maximum output which could be obtained from them during part of the month of October, 1933, was only about 40 per cent of this rating.

Chief among the factors which govern the maximum dependable capacity of a hydraulic power plant and which are not reflected in column headed "Maximum Normal Plant Capacity" are abnormal variations in water supply and operating limitations encountered when plants are so situated on a given stream as to be affected by one another.

month to month. By June practically all lost ground had been regained, and in October the firm load was higher than in the corresponding months of 1932 or 1931, although still slightly below 1930 which was the record year for all time. This steady upward trend of the firm load in Ontario during the latter half of 1933 was one of the most encouraging features of the load situation. During the months of November and December the normal seasonal increases in firm load occurred; thus the gains made during the latter part of the fiscal year were retained.

While the above comments refer to the Commission's load on all systems combined, somewhat similar remarks might be made for each system, although there are special variations. In the following sub-sections each system is reported individually, and load graphs are given showing the load month by month.

The graphs for the Niagara, Eastern Ontario, and Thunder Bay systems, and for the Sudbury, Abitibi and Patricia districts, all show the encouraging upward trend during the latter part of the year. The Georgian Bay system and the Nipissing district do not share in this gain, but the load continued around the same levels as during the previous year. It will be noted that these latter systems did not suffer the marked decline of other systems in the earlier years of the depression. While not yet showing any upward trend, they were later in showing any downward trend, and have little ground to regain.

Forestry

The Forestry division's diagnosis of trees on Ontario highways along which the Commission's power and telephone lines extend continues to reveal hitherto unknown hazards to life, property and service. The reproduction of two photographs given herein illustrates only one of the numerous cases which are being found on road allowances and on private property adjacent to the Commission's lines and to the travelled highways. The Department of Highways, county, township and municipal authorities, as well as all property owners, are advised of the condition of such trees as these and arrangements made to remove the menace.

Forestry squads have been continuously employed on the Niagara system throughout the year, operations being carried on in practically all districts, over 1,114 miles of transmission and high-tension telephone lines. Georgian Bay system operations were carried on over a period of six months, and embraced 128 miles of transmission lines in Eugenia, Severn and Wasdells districts. Eastern Ontario system operations involved 31 miles of transmission line in the St. Lawrence and Central Ontario districts. Some work was done to provide adequate clearance for reconstruction required by the Transmission and Distribution sections of the Engineering department.

The work involved in all forestry line-clearance operations, over approximately 1,300 miles of Commission-owned power and telephone lines on all systems, cost \$87,385, including labour, tree wound dressing, cabling and other materials as well as travelling expenses and similar Forestry division overhead.



A MENACE TO LIFE, PROPERTY AND SERVICE

White pine tree standing alongside the Commission's transmission line on the King's Highway No. 11

LEFT: View of base cavity through which fungus entered, destroying the sap and heartwood far up into the trunk

RIGHT: View of highway, low-tension line and tree

OPERATING DEPARTMENT—FORESTRY DIVISION

The work and costs may be classified as below:

	Quantity	Total cost	Average cost
Underbrushing.....	2,239 pole spans (or 63 miles)	\$3,732	\$1 66
Tree removals.....	12,878 trees	29,104	2 26
Line clearance, shaping and corrective pruning..	36,046 trees	54,549	1 51
Total.....	48,924 trees	\$87,385	....

It will be noted that this year the costs of underbrushing and tree removal have been segregated, whereas in previous years these items were included in the total costs and the average cost per tree. The overall cost per tree this year shows a slight reduction.

The following is a brief explanation of the work involved in line clearance, shaping and corrective pruning:

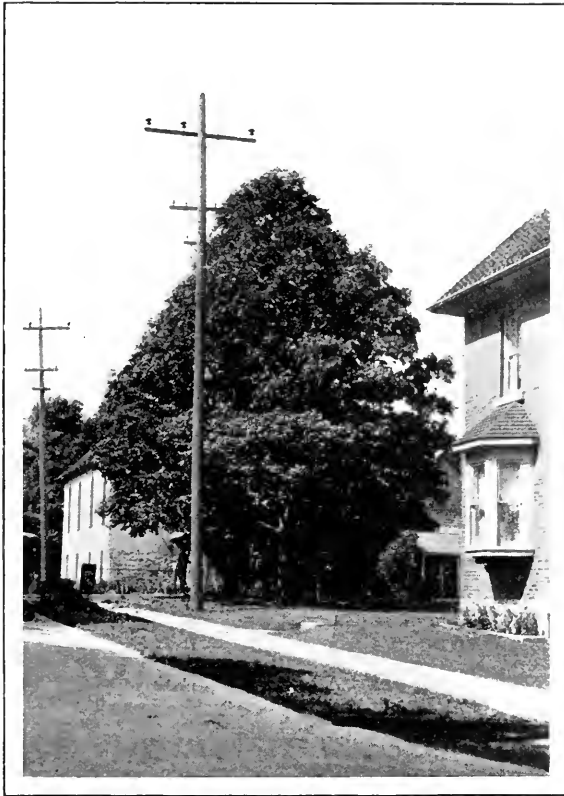
- (a) The cutting of twigs and branches back to laterals, and the removal of all dead wood, to clear lines;
- (b) Corrective trimming by removal of all unsightly diseased stubs, to improve the health and appearance of the tree;
- (c) Cabling of structurally weak or splitting crotched trees, and of heavy overhanging limbs that could not be removed without impairing the symmetry of the tree, for the protection of the Commission's lines and of the travelling public.
- (d) Shaping tree by trimming branches beyond area required for line clearance, to preserve symmetry of the tree.

It is estimated that the extensive corrective trimming, shaping, cabling, and removal of dead wood required for the first operation on each line costs at least fifty per cent more than pruning for line clearance only. On this basis the cost of pruning for line clearance alone would amount to about \$1.00 per tree.

Before undertaking pruning operations or tree removals on highways, forestry foremen interview both the adjacent property owners and the municipal authorities. While this procedure is necessary to secure co-operation and harmony, it will be appreciated that it adds to the cost of the operations, and such cost is included in the above figures.

The Forestry division has given the Operating department district patrolmen some practical training in the scientific methods of pruning trees for line clearance so that they might become qualified to do this work when required. During the past year twenty different patrolmen have reported for training while forestry operations were in progress in their respective districts. Six completed training and were approved. The others were either called for important line work or forestry operations were suspended in the district before training was completed. They will continue training when forestry operations are re-opened in the district.

During the past year, four municipal Hydro systems have availed themselves of the opportunity to employ the Commission's Forestry Division service. They report that their commissions and the local property owners are highly pleased with the quality of work done and with the efficiency of the foresters in carrying on this hazardous class of work without requiring or causing service interruptions. This work involved only line clearance pruning, and the removal of all dead wood, to clear low-voltage lines. No corrective pruning, extensive shaping, or cabling, and only a small percentage of tree removals were required. The trees diagnosed as diseased and dangerous were to be removed by the unemployed. This type of pruning for local distribution lines is vastly different from the clearance required on 10,000-volt to 60,000-volt power transmission lines. The four municipal operations combined involved pruning 812 trees at a total cost of \$722, an average cost of 89 cents per tree.



OPERATING DEPARTMENT—FORESTRY DIVISION
CROWN AND SIDE PRUNING

Tree pruned for line clearance and appearance. Only crown and side pruning was required for line clearance, but to avoid destroying the symmetry of this tree, the lower branches were trimmed on the line and opposite side of tree, increasing the cost but preserving appearance

A complete survey of all trees within the corporate limits has been made for several other municipal Hydro systems who later contemplate the use of this service. One of these surveys revealed the fact that of a total of 1,303 trees inspected, 101 were diseased and dangerous to life and property. Through co-operation with the municipal authorities, these latter trees are being removed by the unemployed as a relief measure.

In co-operation with the Ontario Forestry Branch, the Queenston-Chippawa Canal reforestation project was undertaken two years ago to establish a tree-lined area on both banks of the canal. This was done primarily to eliminate drifting snow and ice, as well as other debris, getting in to the canal, and to protect the steep banks from erosion. A rather high mortality among the trees resulted from the drouth of the last two seasons. It was, therefore, necessary to replace approximately 20,000 trees. The areas immediately surrounding the seven bridges are being developed by informal group planting. Approximately 7,500 conifers of the following species were planted this year:—white cedar,

Austrian pine, larch, Scotch pine, white spruce, Jack and Muhgo pine. The total cost of this year's reforestation and informal development of bridge approaches amounted to \$727.

Many letters have been received commending the Commission upon the success of its efforts to protect trees along the highways, and to preserve their beauty as well as the scenic effect. This is especially gratifying in view of the difficulty of preserving the beauty of the trees without sacrificing the clearance necessary for satisfactory transmission line operation.

An expression of gratitude is due the Department of Highways, county, township and municipal officials, as well as various property owners, for their kind co-operation which has made it possible for this work to be carried on harmoniously in all parts of the Province.

Radio Communication

The commission's short-wave stations at Toronto, Cameron falls and Ear falls have continued in service all year with no important changes in equipment. There has not been as much interference from atmospheric and other causes as was experienced in 1932, and communication between Toronto and the stations mentioned has been maintained on a regular schedule.

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Generating Stations

Queenston Station

Systematic inspection and maintenance of all apparatus and parts were carried out in accordance with the regular schedules, and in this connection generator and turbine units were removed from service as noted below.

Number 1 generator and turbine unit were out of service from June 5 to June 23. During this period the governor was dismantled, worn parts were replaced and reassembled, the runner and seal ring were inspected, and the lignum vitae bearing was reblocked. The generator stator was cleaned and varnished and field coils were tested. The Johnson valve was cleaned and the valve seats were machined.

Number 2 unit was out of service from June 26 to July 13. During this period the governor was dismantled, worn parts were replaced and reassembled. The lignum vitae bearing was reblocked and the runner, draft tubes and seal rings were inspected. The generator stator was cleaned and varnished, and the Johnson valve controls were cleaned and repaired.

Number 3 unit was out of service from September 1 to September 14, during which period repairs were made to the governor controls, the turbine bearing was reblocked, and the racks, draft tube, runner and seal rings were inspected. The generator windings were cleaned, tested and varnished.

Number 4 unit was out of service from September 18 to October 3. During this period the Johnson valve was overhauled, the lignum vitae bearing was reblocked and the draft tube, runner and seals were inspected. The governor was dismantled and reassembled, worn parts being replaced.

Number 5 unit was out of service from May 15 to June 3. During this period the governor was dismantled and reassembled, worn parts being replaced, the lignum vitae bearing was reblocked, the Johnson valve controls were cleaned and repaired, and the draft tube was drained and inspected. The generator stator and field coils were inspected and cleaned.

Number 6 unit was out of service from October 10 to October 24. During this period the Johnson valve was overhauled and the draft tube, runner and seals were inspected. Minor repairs were made to the exciter armature.

Number 7 unit was out of service from July 14 to July 29, the entire unit being dismantled. During this period a large amount of welding was carried out on the runner and seal ring. It was found necessary to replace the turbine bronze sleeve section on the shaft. The governor was dismantled and reassembled, worn parts being replaced. The lignum vitae bearing was reblocked. The generator stator and field windings were cleaned and varnished.

During the above outages of the different units, the low-tension and high-tension breakers were inspected and the oil changed. The transformers were opened for inspection of all internal connections.

During the year the governors on units numbers 6, 7 and 9 were equipped with load limiting devices, and this work is being continued until all governors are so equipped.

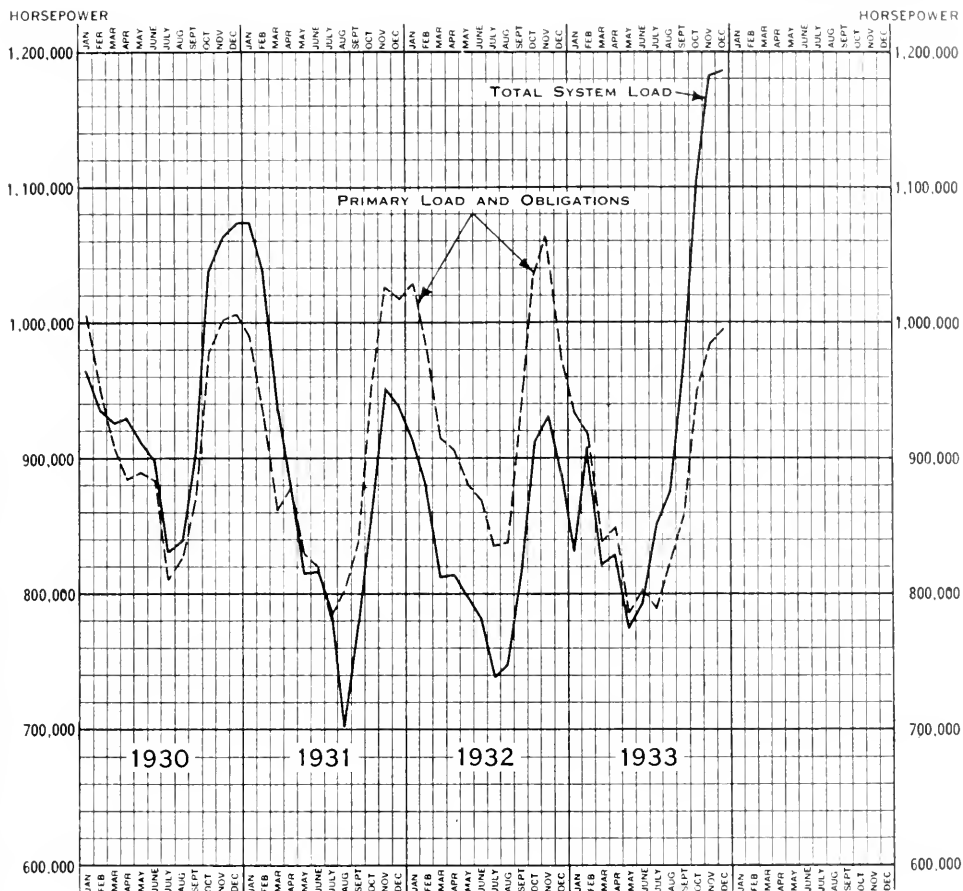
Experiments have been made with the use of stainless steel welding rod for the final surface coat on turbine runners during the past few years, and it has been found that this metal has several times the life of that previously used.

A new 32-volt control battery was purchased and installed during the latter part of the year, replacing two units previously in service.

Several hundred trees and shrubs were planted on the gorge banks and grounds adjacent to the power house and screen house with a view to beautifying the grounds and protecting the gorge banks.

Ontario Power Station

The service rendered by the Ontario Power generating station was extremely good during the year, there being no failures of major equipment and no difficulties encountered in its operation. All equipment was regularly inspected and repairs and adjustments were made where necessary to maintain the plant in efficient condition. All equipment being in good condition, no extensive maintenance work was required during the year.



SUPPLEMENTARY DIAGRAM—NIAGARA SYSTEM PEAK LOADS

Notes

TOTAL SYSTEM LOAD includes power exported to Quebec and the United States as well as the Ontario load shown on the opposite page

PRIMARY LOAD AND OBLIGATIONS as the term implies, includes both the primary load and the contractual obligations for primary power to Ontario Companies supplied directly by the Commission in excess of power actually taken by them

The scaling of the cliff, and the construction of a dry wall to protect the buildings from falling rock, which was reported under way in the last Annual Report, was completed during the latter part of 1932. Repairs were made to the outer concrete walls of the power house.

All machine shop equipment is being moved to a permanent location in the north end of the main generating station, in a space formerly occupied by a 16-foot boring mill which has been moved to Queenston. The relocation of this equipment will permit the removal of temporary buildings at the north end of the power house which were originally erected for construction purposes.

Toronto Power Station

No difficulties were encountered in the operation of this plant during the year, although two generators failed in service during a lightning storm on July 19, and required minor repairs. Systematic inspection and maintenance of all apparatus was carried out in accordance with the regular schedules; the larger maintenance items are as noted below.

On number 1 unit the upper turbine rods were packed and the lower turbine bearing was changed.

The generator on number 3 unit failed in service on July 19 during a lightning storm and it was found necessary to replace three coils in the armature. The stator was given a thorough cleaning, and all coils were varnished.

On number 4 unit the field was removed and the stator coils cleaned and varnished. During this period the oil and water service pipes to both generator bearings were re-arranged. The governor was dismantled, worn parts were replaced and the governor was reassembled. The turbine and guide bearings were also refitted.

On number 5 unit the upper turbine bearing was changed and the lower turbine bearing was inspected. The guide bearings on decks number 3, 4 and 5 were inspected and the oil grooves recut. Steel gear guards were installed under the governor, and the wheel-gates were adjusted to provide for tighter closing.

On number 6 unit the field was removed and the generator coils were cleaned and varnished. The guide bearings on decks number 2, 3 and 4 were inspected and oil grooves recut, and the guide bearing on deck number 5 was replaced. The top and bottom generator bearings were changed, and steel gear guards were placed under the governor.

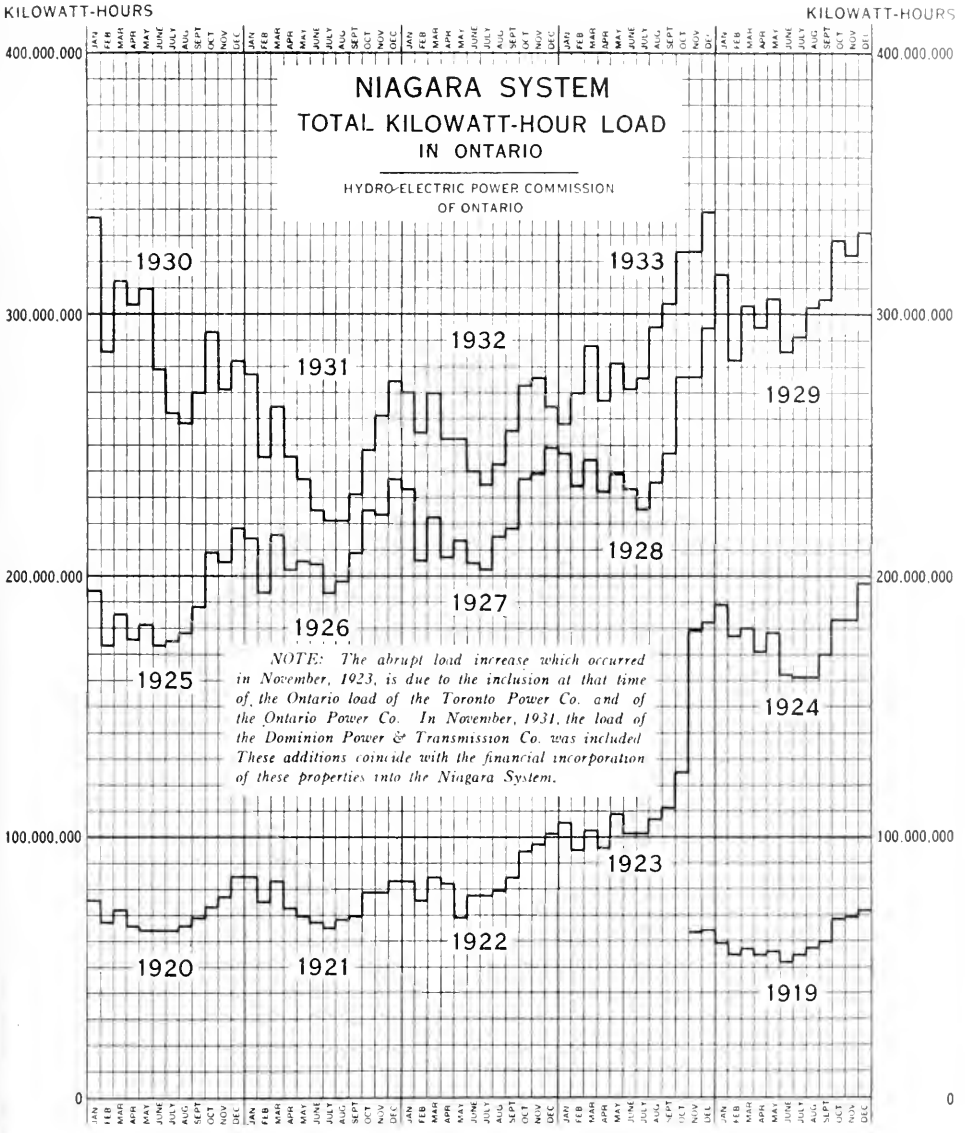
The armature of number 7 unit failed in service on July 19 during a lightning storm, and it was necessary to remove the field and replace five coils in the armature. The stator was thoroughly cleaned and the coils revarnished. The top generator bearing and the guide bearings on deck number 5 were changed.

During the severe wind and lightning storm on June 7 a 6,000 kv-a. transformer at the Toronto Power transformer station failed in service. This unit has not yet been repaired.

The usual painting and general maintenance work was carried out in accordance with the regular schedules.

Chats Falls Station—Ottawa River

The year 1932-3 was the first complete year's operation with eight units in service. The performance of all equipment was highly satisfactory, requiring no major maintenance or repair work. All inspection and routine maintenance work has been carried out in accordance with a regular schedule. A complete check of all relay and metering equipment was made.



The Ottawa river flow reached a maximum of 150,000 c.f.s. during the spring flood and receded to a minimum of 12,000 c.f.s. in October, the extremely low flow resulting from the small precipitation during the summer. Throughout this wide variation of flow no difficulty was experienced in maintaining the water levels within the prescribed limits.

The responsibility for maintaining system frequency and time service was transferred to this station from the Niagara Falls plants during the year. For this purpose a type "B" Telechron clock was installed in the control room, which, in conjunction with a graphic time-error meter installed at the load

supervisor's office at Niagara Falls, enables the operators to maintain time service to the districts supplied from Toronto, York, Cooksville and Hamilton transformer stations within the limits of plus or minus five seconds from standard time. Similar time service is given to other parts of the Niagara high-tension system through frequency control at Niagara Falls.

For the purpose of placing cars, moving heavy material and handling tail-race stop-logs, a large Browning crane was purchased.

During the early part of the past fiscal year the remaining construction details were completed. A complete inventory has been made of all construction material, stores, spare parts, etc., remaining on hand after the completion of construction, and this material is now being offered for sale.

Decew Falls Generating Station

This plant was in continuous operation throughout the year; no difficulties were encountered in its operation, and no failures of equipment occurred. No extensive maintenance work was carried out during the year, but regular inspection and repairs were made in accordance with the established schedule, and the plant was kept in satisfactory operating condition.

The water-wheel governors of number 5 and number 7 units were rebuilt and a new main control valve was built for number 1 water-wheel. The exterior trim of the generating station building and transformer house was painted.

Dominion Power Steam Station—Hamilton

The 60-cycle steam plant at Hamilton was operated during the year as a standby for electric service and for the generation of steam for commercial purposes. While it was not necessary to operate the steam turbo-generator for power purposes during the year, this unit was operated from time to time as a synchronous condenser for voltage regulation on the system. Experiments were carried out in the burning of coke breeze, along with the regular slack coal. These were successful and fuel costs at this station have been reduced.

Transmission

The 220,000-volt lines between Toronto and the Ottawa river (Chats Falls), and from this point to the Ontario-Quebec boundary line connecting with the Beauharnois development, gave very satisfactory service and no difficulties were encountered in the operation or maintenance of these lines.

There were two total interruptions of all three circuits, caused by lightning, resulting in disturbances to service in the Toronto area. There were fourteen single-circuit outages on this system caused by lightning; these latter outages, however, did not affect service. None of the above disturbances caused damage to lines or equipment, and the immediate return of the equipment to service was possible.

On July 1, the 220,000-volt circuit from the Masson station of the MacLaren-Quebec Power Company was connected to the Beauharnois-Chats Falls line and placed in service.

The towers on the three circuits between Leaside station and Hastings interswitching station were inspected, all bolts tightened and palnuts installed, in order to prevent the loosening of the tower bolts by vibration. Along with this work the conductors on the original circuit were inspected. Underbrushing was carried out on approximately four thousand acres from a point north of Oshawa to the Ottawa river.

There were no complete interruptions on the 110,000-volt transmission system during the year. There were, however, interruptions on the three individual groups of this system.

On March 19 a sleet storm of moderate severity caused interruptions to all customers west of Dundas.

On June 7 a storm of extreme severity, accompanied by high winds, lightning and rain, caused extensive damage in many districts between London, Toronto and Niagara Falls. At this time six towers collapsed on the circuits between Dundas and Toronto, and six towers on the right-of-way near Stoney Creek. Damage also occurred to low-tension lines in the Dundas, London, St. Marys, and Niagara Falls districts.

In addition to the usual patrol, minor maintenance and repair work after storms, the following maintenance work was carried out on the 110,000-volt lines. Some 705 McGuigan type towers, from a point between Dundas and Guelph, to between London and St. Marys, were cleaned and painted, and the majority of the towers on the Toronto circuits from Niagara Falls were inspected and the bolts were tightened. Pálnuts were installed on the towers between Allenburg junction and St. Thomas, and extensions erected on transposition towers to improve loop clearance. The Archibolt-Brady 60,000-volt towers between Niagara station and the river crossing were cleaned and painted, also several 46,000-volt towers, including the towers at the canal crossing in Welland.

Extensive underbrushing was done on the older tower lines between Niagara Falls and Toronto, and westerly as far as St. Thomas. The 110,000-volt circuits were re-arranged at our Strachan and York stations and at Saltfleet and Halton junctions. High-tension insulators were meggered between Kitchener and London and on other circuits in the vicinity of London. A short section of line was placed in service between the Holland Road junction and the Ontario Paper Company (Steam) transformer station.

A new transformer station of 67,500-kv-a. capacity, along with three 30,000-kw. steam generators, was placed in service at the Ontario Paper Company on January 29.

The Commission's private telephone service was extended during the year to the following stations on the Dominion Power division: DeCew Falls, Hamilton steam plant, Beamsville, Grimsby and Ancaster distributing stations,

Bartonville switching station, Lincoln Electric Company, St. Catharines, and the Hamilton field office, thus making telephone communication available between these points and all other points on the Commission's telephone system.

On the Dominion Power lines there was no total interruption to service during the year, or any reduction in load due to failure of generation. On the 44,000-volt lines there were two interruptions totalling ten minutes. The violent storm of June 7 damaged sections of transmission circuits and caused interruptions to customers in the Brantford, Grimsby, Oakville and Welland areas.

The 44,000-volt pin-type insulators were visually inspected during the year and all defective units replaced. A portion of the 24,000-volt insulators were also visually inspected and the defective units changed. Extensive maintenance work was carried out on the circuits serving Brantford, and these sections are now in good operating condition. Considerable maintenance work was carried out on the circuit between Bartonville switching station and Ancaster distribution station.

Transformation

At Bridgman-Davenport station hand-operated tap changers were installed on six 5,000-kv-a. high-tension transformers. At Wiltshire station three transformers were sent to the manufacturer for the installation of hand-operated tap changers, and this same equipment was also installed on thirty-four units at the station.

The core bracing was inspected and tightened on fifty-three 5,000-kv-a. transformers during the year.

At Dundas station one 5,000-kv-a. transformer failed in service during the storm of June 7. There was also a failure of one 1,250-kv-a. unit at St. Thomas. Both of these units have been rebuilt by the maintenance staff.

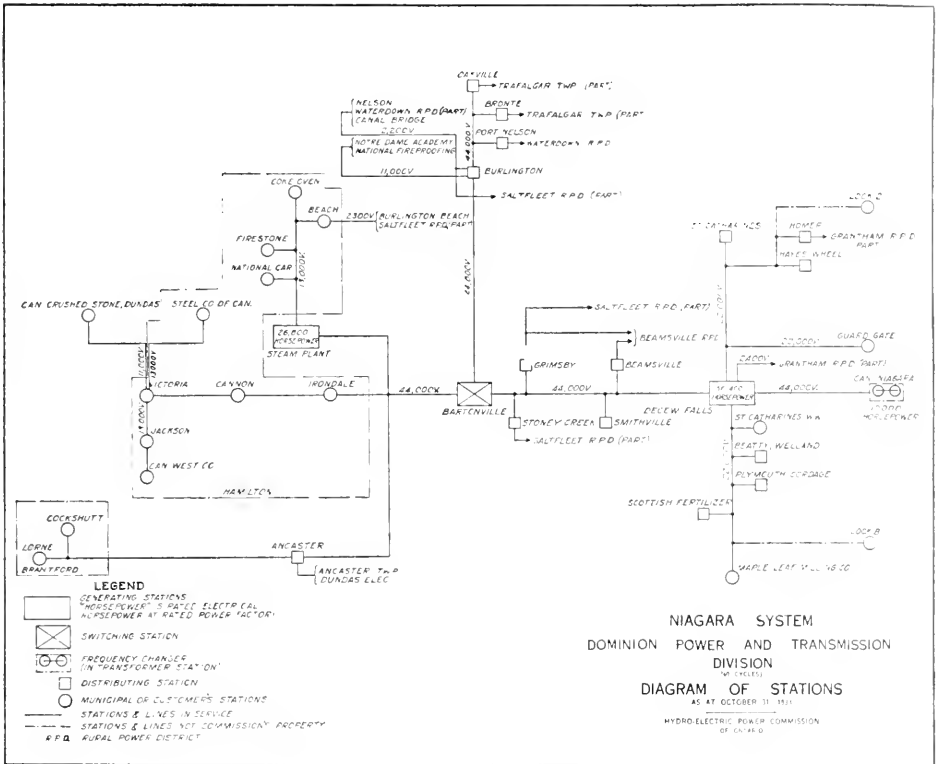
A new guided-wave radio transmitter and receiver was installed at Brant station, and the equipment in Strachan Avenue station was moved to Stratford.

Two complete inspections and overhaul of all outdoor breakers were carried out during the year, along with one complete inspection of the 110,000-volt indoor circuit breakers. In addition to this the regular schedule of inspection and maintenance was carried out at all high-tension stations.

Distribution

There were no new low-tension transformer stations put in service during the year, and no changes made in transformer capacity to any of the existing stations. There were twelve failures of low-tension transformers, ten of which were rebuilt in the field, and two units were scrapped. A new bank of transformers was installed at Toronto station, replacing three units of similar capacity which failed in service.

In the Brant district the railway and wire crossings were made standard. Extensive general overhauling of low-tension lines was carried out in the Preston,



Stratford, Woodstock, Brant and Kent stations. New air-break switches and switching structures were erected at Britannia junction and at Beachville substation.

In order to obtain a longer life from wood poles, approximately 23,000 poles were uncovered at the ground line, the decayed wood removed, and the poles given a spray treatment of creosote.

There were no new 26,000-volt or 13,000-volt lines placed in service during the year.

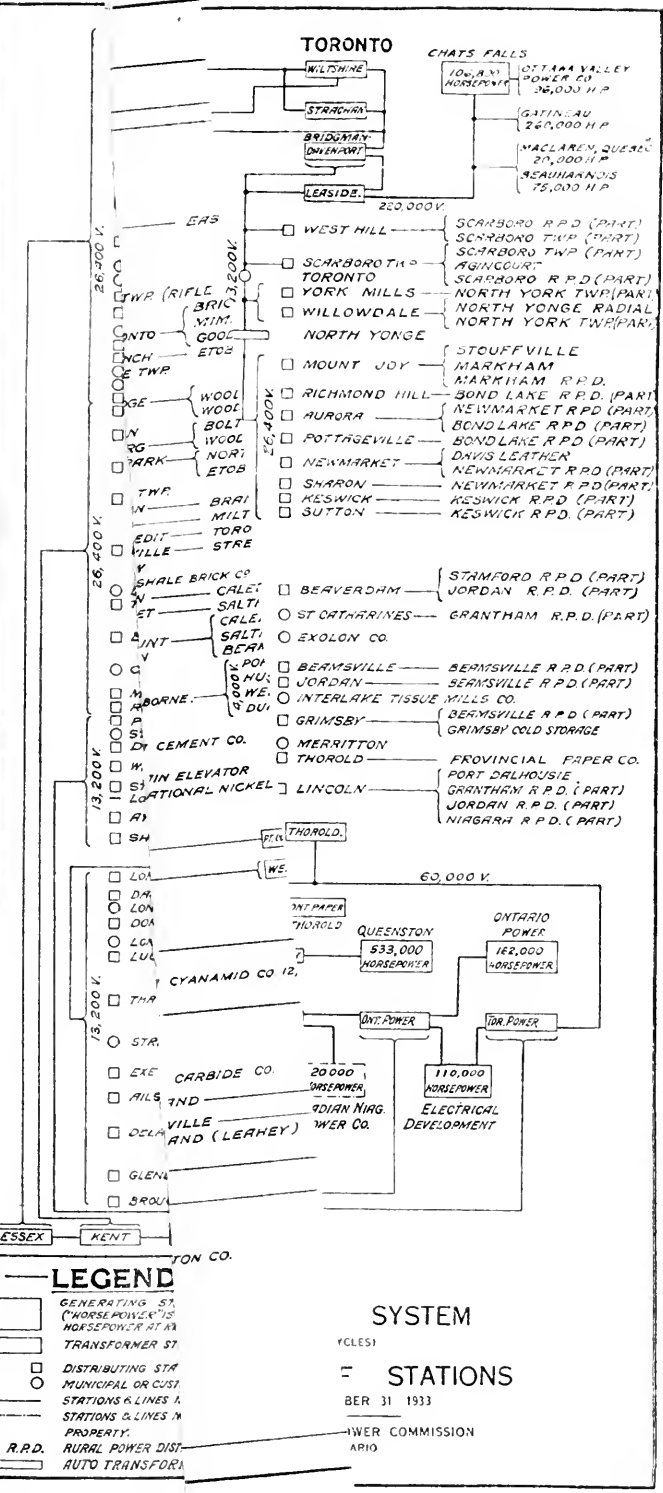
In the Dominion Power division, two 500-kv-a. transformers failed in service during the year, one at St. Catharines distributing station, and one at the Beatty-Welland distributing station. Both of these units were rewound and restored to service. The transformer failure at the Beatty-Welland substation was caused by lightning, the failure resulting in a fire which destroyed the station. Equipment was removed to a temporary substation and service was restored. Transformer stations at Thorold and Humberstone were dismantled, some of the equipment being salvaged and the balance disposed of. Service to the Welland Ship canal at lock No. 8, Humberstone guard gate, and lock No. 2 Port Weller, and to the National Fireproof Company, was discontinued during the year.

NIAGARA SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Acton	681 7	787 6	832 6		45 0
Agincourt	149 0	155 2	116 6	38 6	
Ailsa Craig	147 9	81 5	88 6		7 1
Alvinston	94 2	87 9	82 8	5 1	
Amherstburg	714 5	661 6	616 6	45 0	
Ancaster Township	277 5	284 5	283 8	0 7	
Arkona	55 3	52 6	45 4	7 2	
Aurora	968 3	986 6	1,030 1		43 5
Aylmer	490 6	513 4	469 1	44 3	
Ayr	207 6	161 1	157 5	3 6	
Baden	281 2	237 9	241 7		3 8
Beachville	329 7	386 6	387 4		0 8
Belle River	146 8	124 6	119 3	5 3	
Blenheim	379 3	369 9	353 9	16 0	
Blyth	93 5	101 4	87 4	14 0	
Bolton	131 7	118 8	137 7		18 9
Bothwell	104 5	105 2	104 4	0 8	
Brampton	2,345 9	2,168 2	2,075 2	93 0	
Brantford	9,129 9	11,637 9	12,728 7		1,090 8
Brantford Township	530 8	505 1	605 6		100 5
Bridgeport	130 2	108 4	85 5	22 9	
Brigden	83 3	88 4	89 1		0 7
Brussels	134 4	132 1	108 8	23 3	
Burford	143 6	136 4	115 5	20 9	
Burgessville	55 2	57 1	54 1	3 0	
Caledonia	378 4	320 7	327 7		7 0
Campbellville	27 3	26 2	24 2	2 0	
Cayuga	96 2	119 9	112 6	7 3	
Chatham	4,167 0	4,285 0	4,258 1	26 9	
Chippawa	261 4	218 0	215 3	2 7	
Clifford	63 0	58 1	61 5		3 4
Clinton	462 4	408 8	374 5	34 3	
Comber	125 7	158 1	164 0		5 9
Cottam	69 3	62 7	58 0	4 7	
Courtright	40 7	39 4	38 4	1 0	
Dashwood	69 3	65 9	40 0	25 9	
Delaware	37 6	41 5	35 1	6 4	
Dorchester	81 7	67 0	95 7		28 7
Drayton	96 8	99 4	86 7	12 7	
Dresden	319 0	286 1	280 0	6 1	
Drumbo	64 2	67 7	66 3	1 4	
Dublin	48 6	34 2	42 9		8 7
Dundas	1,280 1	1,138 0	1,276 1		138 1
Dunnville	786 0	797 1	907 7		110 6
Dutton	236 8	237 4	211 9	25 5	
East Windsor	2,761 4	2,450 4	2,277 4	172 7	
Elmira	777 5	646 1	557 6	88 5	
Elora	411 5	384 7	291 4	93 3	
Embro	98 5	83 8	104 5		20 7
Erieau	61 6	70 7	72 6		1 9
Erie Beach	11 1	8 0	6 4	1 6	
Essex	372 1	336 4	361 9		25 5
Etobicoke Township	3,159 5	3,361 9	3,621 4		259 5
Exeter	404 8	424 9	382 0	42 9	

TORONTO

CHATS FALLS



NIAGARA SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933—Continued

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Fergus.....	686 3	652 5	705 0		52 5
Fonthill.....	163 6	138 5	133 2	5 3	
Forest.....	305 6	332 1	320 6	11 5	
Galt.....	6,301 6	6,071 1	5,858 7	212 4	
Georgetown.....	889 0	902 7	978 3		75 6
Glencoe.....	173 2	170 8	163 7	7 1	
Goderich.....	983 4	970 5	991 9		21 4
Granton.....	93 4	90 4	96 5		6 1
Guelph.....	7,794 9	7,710 5	7,812 3		101 8
Hagersville.....	943 7	1,046 9	418 2	628 7	
Hamilton.....	86,641 1	76,409 6	83,832 3		7,422 7
Harriston.....	311 6	289 2	247 2	42 0	
Harrow.....	368 6	332 1	332 7		0 6
Hensall.....	165 5	150 4	121 6	28 8	
Hespeler.....	1,831 4	1,864 9	1,879 7		14 8
Highgate.....	59 9	61 6	69 0		7 4
Humberstone.....	384 7	324 4	386 7		62 3
Ingersoll.....	1,915 9	1,870 0	1,969 0		99 0
Jarvis.....	179 9	178 7	150 1	28 6	
Kingsville.....	446 4	420 9	431 6		10 7
Kitchener.....	15,834 7	14,874 6	15,000 6		126 0
Lambeth.....	107 2	99 6	94 9	4 7	
La Salle.....	241 3	211 5	199 0	12 5	
Leamington.....	1,065 9	1,112 6	1,327 0		214 4
Listowel.....	865 3	906 1	808 3	97 8	
London.....	27,908 8	29,437 4	30,201 2		763 8
London Township V.A.....	311 2	371 4	358 5	12 9	
Long Branch.....	754 1	736 0	733 9	2 1	
Lucan.....	174 1	134 0	136 0		2 0
Lynden.....	83 1	74 5	66 3	8 2	
Markham.....	238 6	249 3	211 8	37 5	
Merlin.....	91 8	94 7	66 7	28 0	
Merritton.....	2,281 5	2,737 3	2,765 1		27 8
Milton.....	705 3	597 1	804 4		207 3
Milverton.....	344 5	311 4	295 6	15 8	
Mimico.....	2,103 1	2,211 8	2,218 5		6 7
Mimico Asylum.....	65 0	65 0	100 0		35 0
Mitchell.....	500 0	422 2	433 8		11 6
Moorefield.....	48 2	58 2	45 5	12 7	
Mount Brydges.....	89 0	92 7	79 6	13 1	
Newbury.....	41 8	43 4	40 6	2 8	
New Hamburg.....	492 3	470 2	399 1	71 1	
Newmarket.....	1,340 5	1,380 7	1,285 5	95 2	
New Toronto.....	5,194 4	4,766 7	4,790 8		24 1
Niagara Falls.....	9,351 2	8,774 0	9,135 6		361 6
Niagara-on-the-Lake.....	536 2	548 8	546 1	2 7	
Norwich.....	331 7	335 1	308 3	26 8	
Oil Springs.....	156 9	172 7	159 3	13 4	
Ontario Agricultural College.....	401 6	427 6	469 1		41 5
Ontario Central Reformatory.....	282 8	249 3	243 9	5 4	
Otterville.....	83 6	77 7	84 3		6 6

NIAGARA SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933—Continued

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Palmerston.....	518.9	458.5	437.5	21.0	
Paris.....	1,242.0	1,178.4	1,197.2		18.8
Parkhill.....	140.7	131.3	124.2	7.1	
Petrolia.....	731.4	761.7	685.8	75.9	
Plattsville.....	60.8	53.3	60.2		6.9
Point Edward.....	267.4	689.0	636.7	52.3	
Port Colborne.....	1,608.6	1,407.5	1,420.9		13.4
Port Credit.....	537.5	549.3	611.2		61.9
Port Dalhousie.....	457.1	439.7	503.7		64.0
Port Dover.....	315.2	315.6	296.5	19.1	
Port Rowan.....	74.2	73.0	67.1	5.9	
Port Stanley.....	220.9	228.5	261.5		33.0
Preston.....	3,128.6	2,560.3	2,461.1	99.2	
Princeton.....	101.3	103.2	98.8	4.4	
Queenston.....	87.1	83.5	80.7	2.8	
Richmond Hill.....	317.3	297.0	293.1	3.9	
Ridgetown.....	416.9	439.7	446.4		6.7
Riverside.....	1,212.7	1,200.6	1,104.9	95.7	
Rockwood.....	104.5	104.5	89.8	14.7	
Rodney.....	145.6	145.7	131.1	14.6	
St. Catharines.....	8,449.7	7,872.8	7,854.2	18.6	
St. Clair Beach.....	97.6	90.7	72.6	18.1	
St. George.....	92.5	147.4	129.3	18.1	
St. Jacobs.....	140.2	152.8	151.4	1.4	
St. Marys.....	1,521.9	1,501.8	1,225.7	276.1	
St. Thomas.....	5,643.4	5,761.4	6,179.6		418.2
Sandwich.....	3,459.3	2,996.4	2,956.2	40.2	
Sarnia.....	6,801.6	7,360.6	7,581.1		220.5
Scarboro Township.....	3,034.8	3,124.6	2,981.5	143.1	
Seaforth.....	510.9	465.3	408.8	56.5	
Simcoe.....	1,491.1	1,546.1	1,613.9		67.8
Springfield.....	52.9	65.6	59.0	6.6	
Stamford Township.....	1,831.1	1,859.8	1,819.0	40.8	
Stouffville.....	194.7	204.1	167.9	36.2	
Stratford.....	7,790.6	7,180.2	6,530.9	649.3	
Strathroy.....	1,000.0	910.2	946.4		36.2
Sutton.....	150.4	152.7	153.5		0.8
Tavistock.....	523.6	496.0	424.6	71.4	
Tecumseh.....	443.8	302.2	294.7	7.5	
Thamesford.....	154.1	158.8	159.5		0.7
Thamesville.....	178.3	171.0	163.5	7.5	
Theford.....	60.8	57.6	127.0		69.4
Thorndale.....	46.1	40.6	36.4	4.2	
Thorold.....	1,941.7	1,956.4	1,914.6	41.8	
Tilbury.....	321.7	366.6	398.1		31.5
Tillsonburg.....	884.7	891.0	900.1		9.1
Toronto.....	289,262.7	280,795.0	269,144.8	11,650.2	
Toronto Township.....	1,668.1	1,868.0	1,793.7	74.3	
Walkerville.....	6,348.5	5,454.7	5,336.4	118.3	
Wallaceburg.....	1,059.0	1,252.0	1,888.7		636.7
Wardsville.....	38.0	35.4	34.3	1.1	
Waterdown.....	231.9	191.7	201.0		9.3
Waterford.....	380.0	406.8	399.4	7.4	
Waterloo.....	2,946.2	2,660.8	2,668.9		8.1

NIAGARA SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933—Concluded

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Watford.....	200.4	186.3	185.0	1.3	
Welland.....	3,967.8	3,576.4	3,918.2		341.8
Wellesley.....	142.7	97.7	94.7	3.0	
West Lorne.....	97.8	105.9	98.6	7.3	
Weston.....	2,619.2	2,453.1	2,790.8		337.7
Wheatley.....	155.7	143.1	123.7	19.4	
Windsor.....	25,431.8	23,029.9	20,550.3	2,479.6	
Woodbridge.....	293.5	247.9	261.4		13.5
Woodstock.....	4,781.5	4,785.5	4,950.4		164.9
Wyoming.....	60.3	64.6	75.2		10.6
York, East Township.....	5,138.0	5,504.0	5,330.7	173.3	
York, North Township.....	2,757.4	2,829.7	2,890.0		60.3
Zurich.....	85.9	76.4	64.8	11.6	

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL POWER DISTRICT LOADS, 1931-1932-1933

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Acton.....	10.0	10.0	10.0		
Ailsa Craig.....	5.6	5.6	5.6		
Alvinston.....	3.2	3.2	3.2		
Amherstburg.....	518.8	533.7	496.7	37.0	
Aylmer.....	304.8	294.4	291.1	3.3	
Ayr.....	32.0	42.5	42.5		
Baden.....	293.0	398.6	367.1	31.5	
Beamsville.....	1,072.2	1,061.1	1,030.7	30.4	
Belle River.....	269.9	254.9	220.0	34.9	
Blenheim.....	153.5	143.6	118.5	25.1	
Bond Lake.....	840.7	897.2	926.4		29.2
Bothwell.....	102.7	115.6	89.0	26.6	
Brampton.....	127.3	133.3	130.0	3.3	
Brant.....	565.2	464.9	434.4	30.5	
Brigden.....	35.7	38.0	31.5	6.5	
Burford.....	145.3	155.9	170.5		14.6
Caledonia.....	260.5	322.0	300.5	21.5	
Chatham.....	434.0	441.3	473.5		32.2
Chippawa.....	109.9	102.2	99.2	3.0	
Clinton.....	124.6	125.2	121.7	3.5	
Delaware.....	297.2	265.3	299.5		34.2
Dorchester.....	335.9	329.4	269.2	60.2	
Dresden.....	28.5	34.6	42.2		7.6
Drumbo.....	64.6	79.2	59.0	20.2	
Dundas.....	552.3	578.3	582.6		4.3
Dunnville.....	29.0	42.0	42.0		
Dutton.....	115.7	122.8	126.0		3.2

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL POWER DISTRICT LOADS, 1931-1932-1933—Continued

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Elmira.....	72.7	79.6	70.2	9.4	
Elora.....	139.8	105.7	98.2	7.5	
Essex.....	213.9	201.0	189.6	11.4	
Exeter.....	217.6	245.5	235.3	10.2	
Forest.....	28.0	28.0	28.0		
Galt.....	179.6	197.9	181.3	16.6	
Georgetown.....	132.4	134.8	124.9	9.9	
Goderich.....	71.5	84.0	84.2		0.2
Grantham Township.....	643.2	527.1	611.1		84.0
Guelph.....	392.1	415.5	411.5	4.0	
Haldimand.....	193.2	240.0	164.0	76.0	
Harriston.....	22.1	23.9	20.0	3.9	
Harrow.....	399.4	345.1	323.6	21.5	
Ingersoll.....	370.6	329.8	337.8		8.0
Jordan.....	200.0	320.0	282.0	38.0	
Keswick.....	291.1	381.6	395.8		14.2
Kingsville.....	526.6	545.8	453.5	92.3	
Listowel.....	113.9	131.9	132.7		0.8
London.....	1,451.8	1,509.0	1,523.7		14.7
Lucan.....	65.3	64.6	60.2	4.4	
Lynden.....	160.0	177.2	166.5	10.7	
Markham.....	387.7	453.0	423.8	29.2	
Merlin.....	157.5	175.2	177.5		2.3
Milton.....	124.8	128.2	140.0		11.8
Milverton.....	74.5	69.5	65.5	4.0	
Mitchell.....	190.4	187.8	172.2	15.6	
Newmarket.....	290.3	255.7	225.3	30.4	
Niagara.....	598.9	434.5	395.9	38.6	
Norwich.....	207.7	202.3	241.3		39.0
Oil Springs.....	45.5	44.9	45.5		0.6
Palmerston.....	31.5	37.5	48.0		10.5
Petrolia.....	25.3	25.3	25.3		
Preston.....	848.1	848.2	854.7		6.5
Ridgetown.....	284.2	260.8	227.9	32.9	
St. Jacobs.....	241.9	218.5	268.8		50.3
St. Marys.....	243.6	210.4	183.8	26.6	
St. Thomas.....	465.0	469.3	483.2		13.9
Saltfleet.....	1,114.6	1,029.9	966.1	63.8	
Sandwich.....	1,008.3	1,001.9	908.0	93.9	
Sarnia.....	491.1	466.4	485.3		18.9
Scarboro Township.....	315.0	296.6	358.4		61.8
Seaforth.....	46.3	47.8	53.2		5.4
Simcoe.....	175.0	231.0	205.4	25.6	
Stamford.....	193.0	185.1	156.5	28.6	
Stratford.....	176.1	164.9	104.6	60.3	
Strathroy.....	96.6	95.0	93.2	1.8	
Streetsville.....	376.2	324.3	251.1	73.2	

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL POWER DISTRICT LOADS, 1931-1932-1933—Concluded

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Tavistock.....	165.7	194.4	153.6	40.8	.....
Thamesville.....	105.9	100.9	108.6	.....	7.7
Tilbury.....	78.1	119.4	134.6	.....	15.2
Tillsonburg.....	321.3	302.4	314.4	.....	12.0
Wallaceburg.....	180.5	179.8	173.1	6.7	.....
Walsingham.....	128.7	150.8	144.3	6.5	.....
Walton.....	84.5	70.7	82.8	.....	12.1
Waterdown.....	830.5	906.5	676.2	230.3	.....
Waterford.....	129.2	158.2	174.9	.....	16.7
Watford.....	17.6	16.4	22.0	.....	5.6
Welland.....	1,115.3	1,161.8	1,079.1	82.7	.....
Woodbridge.....	561.9	550.0	537.9	12.1	.....
Woodstock.....	480.6	487.4	483.3	4.1	.....

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

The Georgian Bay system peak and average loads both show a decrease of approximately three per cent compared with last year and this is almost entirely due to the reduced demands in the Midland areas, plus the loss of considerable load owing to two large stone crushing plants closing down for the greater part of the year.

Storage water reserves on the system were considerably below normal toward the latter part of the year, due to the exceedingly hot summer combined with a long period of low precipitation, and stream flows were reduced to such an extent that from July until the end of the year it was necessary to supply a large amount of power from the Niagara system, through the Hanover frequency changer set, in order to conserve water for plant operation over the winter period. Assistance was given to the Orillia Water, Light and Power Commission during this period, as Orillia's plant at Swift rapids was unable to carry its load due to reduced flows in the Severn river.

A new 22,000-volt transmission line was built from a point on the old line about two miles west of Shelburne, south, to intersect the old line running west to Grand Valley. From the point of intersection, east to the former Grand Valley junction, the old line was restrung with larger conductor and a new line built from this point to Orangeville. The new line was required as the old line was of insufficient capacity to carry the increased loads and provide proper voltage regulation.

On March 19 and 20, shortly after the new line was placed in service, a severe sleet storm in the area between Dundalk and Orangeville caused heavy

damage to telephone, telegraph and power lines. The excessive weight of sleet on wires and cables caused a number of breaks, particularly on the telephone lines, which hindered restoration of service. It was especially gratifying that the new line was completed prior to the sleet season as this storm would in all probability have caused serious damage to the old line.

The 4,000-volt line between Grand Valley and Arthur was rebuilt. Approximately one hundred new poles were erected, the line was resagged, poles straightened and a number of guys added.

Special inspection was made and defective crossarms, insulators and pins replaced on lines from Eugenia powerhouse to Collingwood, from Hanover to Chesley and Paisley, from Big Chute powerhouse to Waubaushene, from Waubaushene to Elmvale and from South Falls powerhouse to Huntsville.

To conform with specifications of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, the power lines at railway and telephone crossings were reinforced on line sections from Eugenia generating station to Owen Sound, from Eugenia generating station to Durham and Mount Forest, from Flesherton to Shelburne, from Fergusonvale to Collingwood, from Big Chute generating station to Waubaushene, from Waubaushene to Barrie and all south of Barrie, also all lines in Wasdells district.

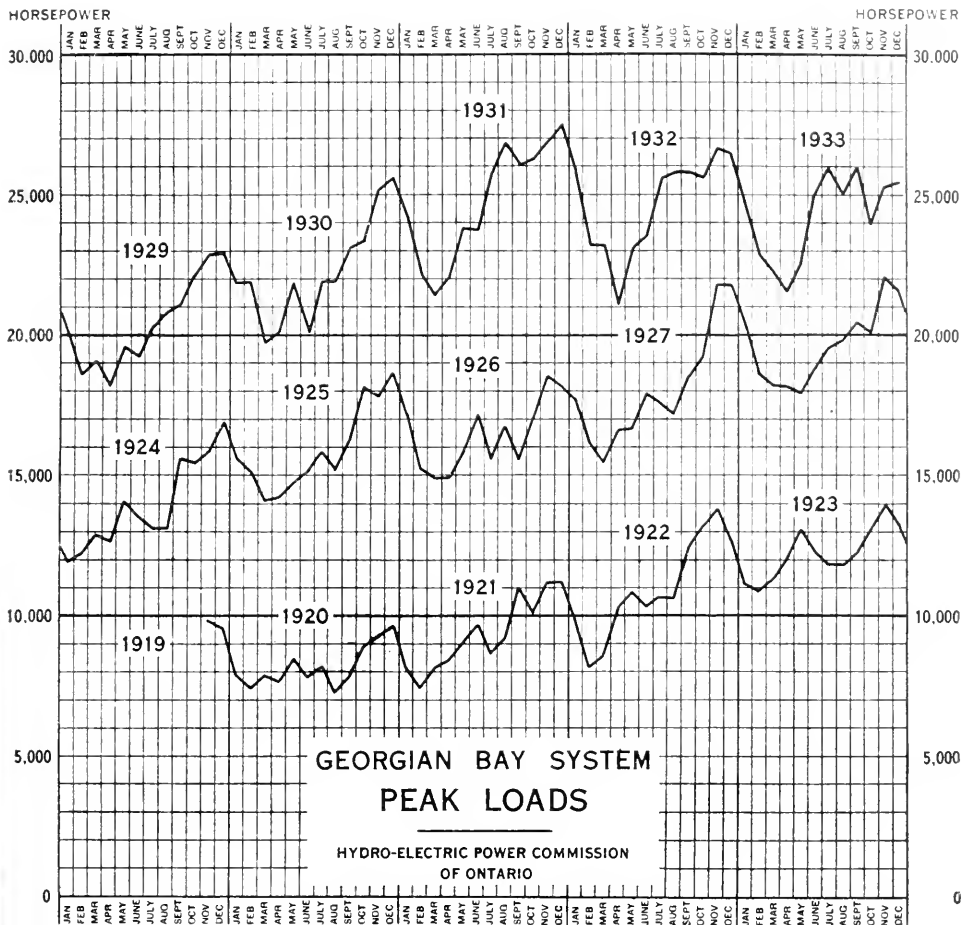
To accommodate changes in highway locations, a number of poles were moved or lowered between Kilsyth and Tara, between Waubaushene and Midland, between Waubaushene and Elmvale and between Barrie and Bradford.

All poles in the section of transmission line between Gamebridge and Kirkfield and in all line sections of the Wasdells district south of Cannington, received treatment at the ground line with preservative.

Over the whole system, 153 poles were reinforced by the addition of stubs and 21 poles were replaced.

At Eugenia Falls plant, improvements were made in the station grounding to bring it up to standard and the 60-cell storage battery was replaced with a new battery. The timber in the trestle under No. 1 pipe line east of the surge tanks was replaced by the Operating department, and the Construction department placed a culvert under the No. 1 and No. 2 pipe line trestles along with a fill of rock, gravel and earth. Repairs were made to No. 3 unit draft tube quarter turn, also to the turbine runner and shaft. The work on the draft tube quarter turn and on the runner was done at the Commission's machine shop at Niagara Falls. This involved building up eroded sections by welding and altering the downstream clearance ring. A forged steel sleeve for the shaft at the stuffing box was supplied to replace the defective bronze sleeve and the necessary machine work was done at Eugenia Falls powerhouse. No. 1 and No. 2 turbines were also inspected but only minor repairs were necessary.

At Walkerton generating station dam, repairs were made by the Construction department, which included the driving of sheet piling to form a cut-off wall to correct leaks under the centre portion of dam, provision of fills on the upstream



NOTE:—The Georgian Bay system includes the Severn, Eugenia, Wasdells, Muskoka and Bala districts. In the diagram the load for the Muskoka, district is not included until November, 1924. Details respecting this load for preceding years are given in earlier Annual Reports. The load of the new district at Bala is not included in above graph until April, 1931, previous meter records being incomplete

side to prevent scouring, and the construction of rock-filled timber cribs on the downstream side at the east end of the dam, to divert the water and prevent a washout of the shore. While this work was proceeding, excessive flows developed in the river and required that a large flow be allowed to pass through the waste sluice at Walkerton plant. The action of the water started to scour the earth bank at the north-west corner of the powerhouse on the tailrace side. To protect the bank, it was necessary to construct a bench type timber crib with wood sheet piling on the side next the water. The crib was filled with rock and gravel.

At Walkerton plant, which was shut down while repairs to the dam were in progress, an inspection was made of the turbines and hydraulic equipment and minor adjustment and repairs were made. The 2,300-volt tie line was rearranged to provide greater safety.

At Hanover generating station dam, bad leaks developed at the junction of the old and new sections November 7, 1932. Examination revealed that pond water had scoured a channel under a bulkhead wall where it joins the north wall of the main sluice section. Repairs consisted of driving necessary piling to cut off any flow of water under the bulkhead, the underpinning of bulkhead to ensure its stability, erection of a protective crib, and the restoration of original fills. By agreement, this dam was later turned over to the town of Hanover as the town is interested in the maintenance of this dam to provide a supply of water for its pumping station. Water can still be secured for the operation of the Commission's hydraulic plant when required, limited only by the natural river flow, and a certain reserve for pumping plant operation.

At Hanover generating station, repairs were made to the concrete wing wall on the north side of the intake canal adjacent to the plant. The concrete had become defective and excessive leaks developed.

At Hanover frequency-changer station, operation for the past year was very satisfactory and no special maintenance work was required.

At Big Chute generating station, the No. 1 transformer room and the low-tension room were painted. The field and armature coils of all machines were painted with insulating paint. No. 1 oil pump for supplying oil pressure to the governor system, which had given trouble, was redesigned, and after being placed in operation gave complete satisfaction. A number of decayed stop logs in the main dam were replaced with new logs. All hydraulic equipment was inspected and minor adjustments made.

At Wasdells generating station, septic tanks and disposal beds for the superintendent's house and the generating station were constructed and the domestic water supply for the superintendent's house and powerhouse was rearranged. In conjunction with this work, improvements to the grounds around the plant were carried out. The bearings in the No. 2 unit were removed because of wear and were rebabbitted.

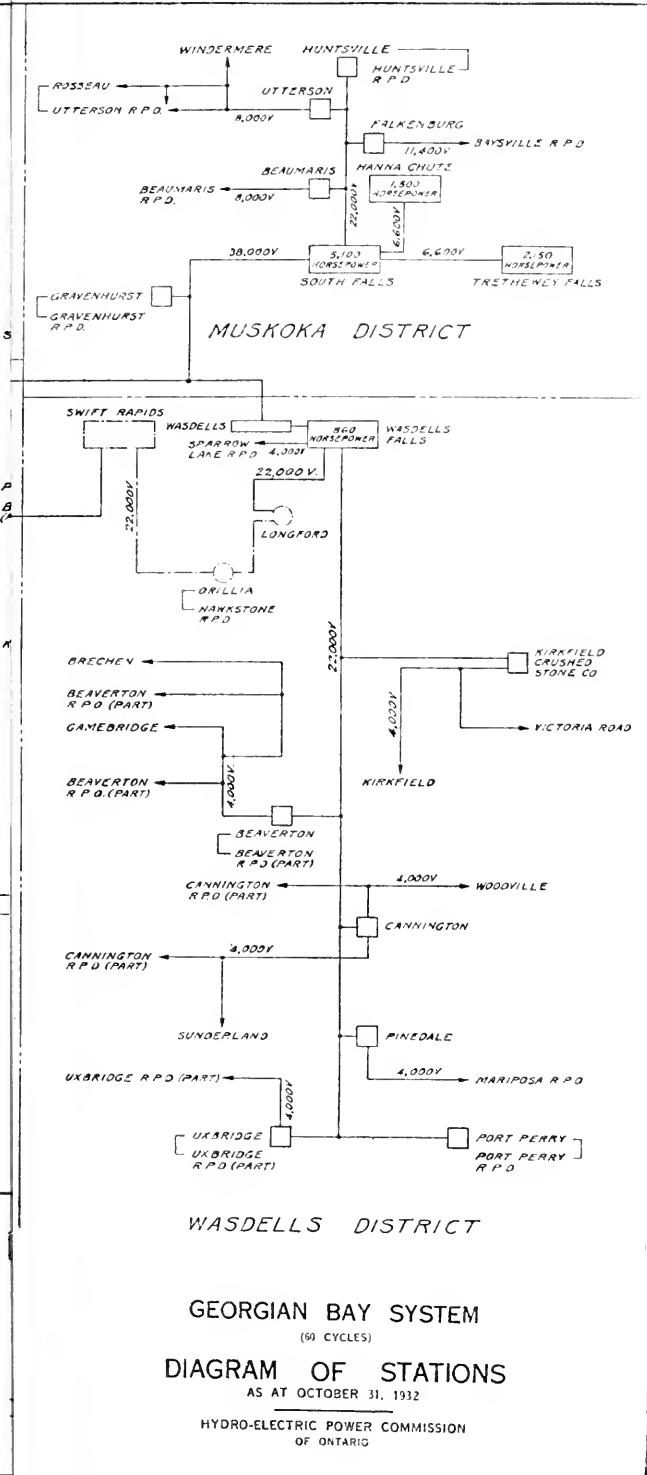
At South Falls generating station, owing to a failure of the screws holding the shaft cap, which in turn holds the thrust ring in place on the upstream end of No. 3 unit shaft, a change in design was decided upon and alterations were made to both No. 1 and No. 3 units, which are of similar construction, to guard against further trouble from this source.

At Hanna Chute and Trethewey Falls generating stations, routine inspections of machines, buildings and water controlling structures were made, and only minor repairs were necessary.

At Owen Sound distributing station, improvements were made to station grounding in order to bring the grounding layout up to standard.

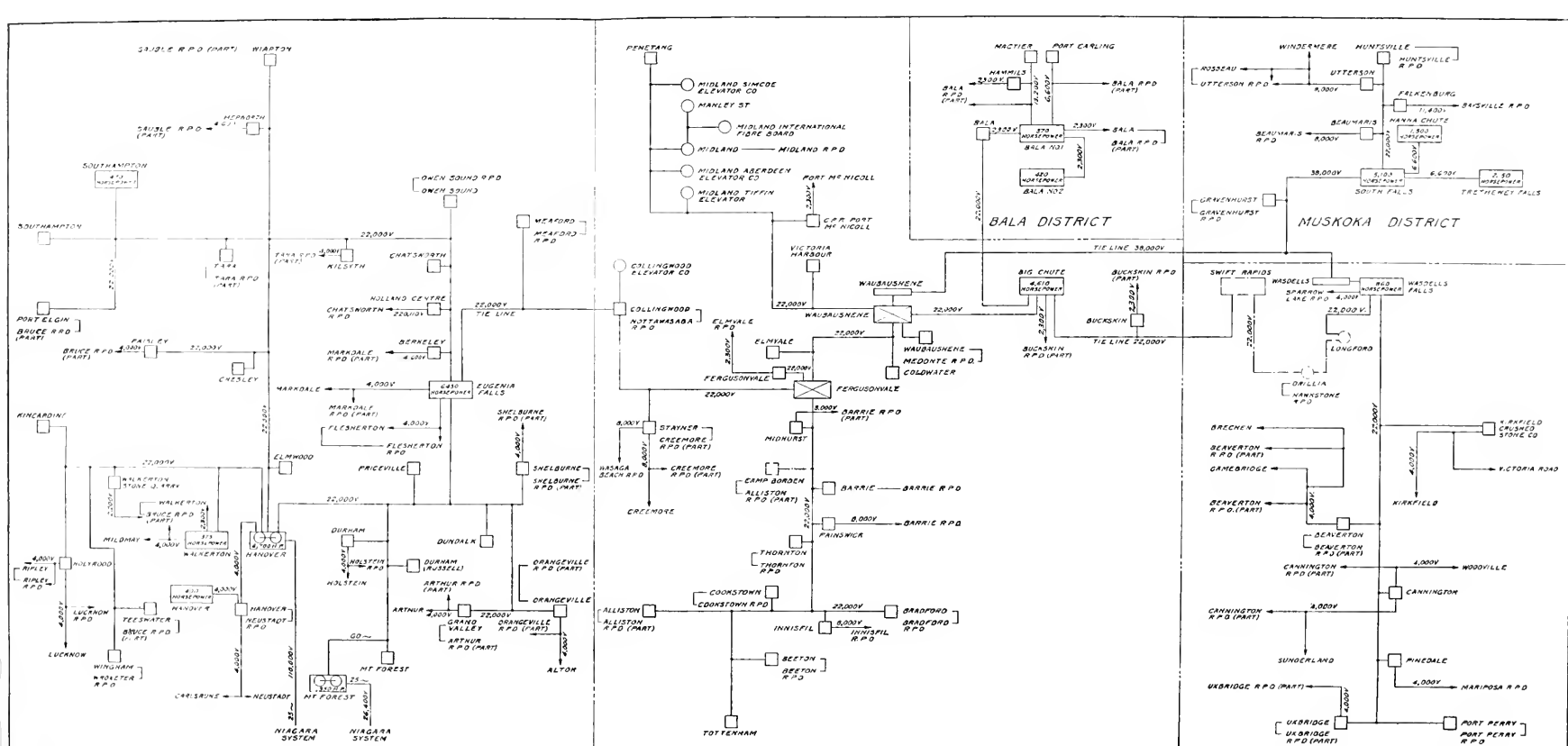
At Chatsworth distributing station, all 22,000-volt bus insulators were replaced, as they had given evidence of having served their useful life.

At Shelburne distributing station, the high-voltage and low-voltage entrance structures were redesigned and a new airbreak switch was erected on the high-voltage line. Grounding connections were also improved.



GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM
 (60 CYCLES)
DIAGRAM OF STATIONS
 AS AT OCTOBER 31, 1932

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
 OF ONTARIO



EUGENIA DISTRICT

SEVERN DISTRICT

MUSKOKA DISTRICT

WASDELLS DISTRICT

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM
 (60 CYCLES)
DIAGRAM OF STATIONS
 AS AT OCTOBER 31, 1932
 HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
 OF ONTARIO

At Berkeley distributing station, during a severe lightning storm on June 7, one low-voltage and two high-voltage transformer bushings were destroyed; these were replaced with new bushings.

At Kincardine distributing station, in order to provide for an increase in load due to a new power consumer, three 125-kv-a. transformers were removed and replaced with three 250-kv-a. transformers.

At John E. Russell Company distributing station, Durham, one 150-kv-a. transformer failed in service October 16, and repairs were made at the manufacturer's factory.

Walkerton rural distributing station, which is located at Walkerton generating station, was placed in service October 20, 1932. This distributing station was completed January 24, 1932, but could not be placed in service until Mildmay distribution system was changed to 4,000 volts.

At Gravenhurst and Huntsville distributing stations, improvements were made in grounding of equipment to bring grounding layouts up to standard.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Alliston.....	199 6	227 9	198 0	29 9	.....
Arthur.....	130 7	128 9	132 7	.....	3 8
Bala.....	121 0	118 0	120 0	.....	2 0
Barrie.....	2,503 4	2,381 1	2,195 6	185 5	.....
Beaverton.....	295 6	216 4	179 7	36 7	.....
Beeton.....	134 7	106 6	114 3	.....	7 7
Bradford.....	138 2	134 9	140 0	.....	5 1
Brechin.....	59 0	56 3	45 4	10 9	.....
Camp Borden.....	290 0	320 0	263 4	56 6	.....
Cannington.....	155 5	161 9	152 8	9 1	.....
Chatsworth.....	51 7	53 2	61 2	.....	8 0
Chesley.....	406 9	407 5	464 0	.....	56 5
Coldwater.....	290 9	257 3	234 6	22 7	.....
Collingwood.....	1,458 3	1,339 9	1,293 8	46 1	.....
Cookstown.....	52 5	59 0	52 9	6 1	.....
Creemore.....	107 2	121 4	96 0	25 4	.....
Dundalk.....	145 1	148 8	163 0	.....	14 2
Durham.....	627 3	392 1	712 3	.....	320 2
Elmvale.....	145 4	147 4	148 8	.....	1 4
Elmwood.....	63 8	65 1	51 3	13 8	.....

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933—Continued

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Flesherton.....	87 0	79 8	75 9	3 9	
Grand Valley.....	121 1	123 8	108 3	15 5	
Gravenhurst.....	622 0	574 0	672 5		98.5
Hanover.....	1,002 7	1,042 9	910 4	132 5	
Hepworth.....	24 1	24 1	25 7		1.6
Holstein.....	20 9	18 7	16 6	2 1	
Huntsville.....	1,023 5	1,047 0	955 8	91 2	
Kincardine.....	434 8	407 5	564 3		156.8
Kirkfield.....	31 0	28 6	22 8	5 8	
Lucknow.....	222 5	187 0	222 5		35.5
Markdale.....	163.3	149 4	179 4		30 0
McTier.....	148 0	145 0	111 0	34 0	
Meaford.....	431 6	394 7	395 4		0 7
Midland.....	2,723 7	3,345 6	2,408 6	937 0	
Mildmay.....	63 1	66 7	71 5		4 8
Mount Forest.....	358 4	328 4	329 5		1.1
Neustadt.....	33 5	30 0	34 0		4.0
Orangeville.....	550 3	621 0	585 4	35 6	
Owen Sound.....	3,202.4	3,338 5	3,077 0	261 5	
Paisley.....	113 1	114 4	118 6		4.2
Penetanguishene.....	552.3	561 1	658 7		97.6
Port Carling.....	126 0	128 0	105 0	23 0	
Port Elgin.....	195 7	201 8	262 5		60.7
Port McNicoll.....	99 0	90 2	83 5	6 7	
Port Perry.....	211 9	179 8	156 6	23 2	
Priceville.....	15 7	16 0	16 7		0 7
Ripley.....	55 4	58 9	60 3		1 4
Rosseau.....	30 0	35 1	30 0	5 1	
Shelburne.....	235 8	197 9	192 9	5 0	
Southampton.....	233 2	235 9	205 9	30 0	
Stayner.....	193 7	203 2	169 3	33 9	
Sunderland.....	59 0	63 0	60 0	3 0	
Tara.....	84 1	87 7	82 2	5 5	
Teeswater.....	134 8	114 9	112 4	2 5	
Thornton.....	23 4	18 3	17 9	0 4	
Tottenham.....	55 7	64 3	62 2	2 1	
Uxbridge.....	199 8	205 8	202 2	3 6	
Victoria Harbour.....	64 3	76 4	77 3		0.9
Victoria Road.....	10 3	10 0	10 0		
Walkerton.....	492 2	419 9	463 1		43 2
Waubashene.....	52 9	58 3	56 3	2 0	
Warton.....	238 3	220 1	232 2		12.1
Windermere.....	25 0	31 0	33 0		2.0
Wingham.....	304 6	209 3	290 5		81.2
Woodville.....	65 1	61 0	55.2	5.8	

NOTE: Formosa absorbed by Bruce R.P.D.
Hornings Mills absorbed by Shelburne R.P.D.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—RURAL POWER DISTRICT LOADS, 1931-1932-1933

Rural power district	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Alliston.....	92.2	107.1	69.3	37.8	
Arthur.....	3.2	3.2	3.2		
Bala.....	56.0	61.0	93.0		32.0
Barrie.....	196.3	220.7	233.4		12.7
Baysville.....		36.2	45.5		9.3
Beaumaris.....	83.1	85.8	110.0		24.2
Beaverton.....	47.2	157.3	137.6	19.7	
Beeton.....		2.0	5.0		3.0
Bradford.....	20.0	46.7	42.8	3.9	
Bruce.....	50.3	61.1	103.3		42.2
Buckskin.....	12.0	13.0	12.0	1.0	
Cannington.....	41.5	44.0	35.7	8.3	
Chatsworth.....	9.8	10.3	8.9	1.4	
Cookstown.....	0.8	0.8	0.8		
Creemore.....	20.1	56.2	55.0	1.2	
Elmvale.....	63.2	72.4	66.3	6.1	
Flesherton.....	5.5	7.3	8.0		0.7
Gravenhurst.....	32.1	37.2	27.7	9.5	
Hawkestone.....	56.3	84.1	93.4		9.3
Huntsville.....	14.0	20.0	48.2		28.2
Innisfil.....	135.4	162.2	191.7		29.5
Mariposa.....	151.4	151.4	136.2	15.2	
Markdale.....	2.0	20.9	33.4		12.5
Medonte.....	11.0	17.0	21.0		4.0
Midland.....	14.0	19.0	21.0		2.0
Nottawasaga.....	29.6	30.3	28.1	2.2	
Orangeville.....	35.5	33.1	34.9		1.8
Owen Sound.....	8.0	10.0	53.0		43.0
Port Perry.....	103.1	121.8	141.0		19.2
Ripley.....	10.0	10.0	10.3		0.3
Sauble.....	8.0	8.8	12.3		3.5
Shelburne.....	9.6	21.1	29.3		8.2
Sparrow Lake.....	98.4	119.8	124.1		4.3
Tara.....	45.7	54.0	50.0	4.0	
Thornton.....	12.0	12.7	16.3		3.6
Utterson.....	24.0	35.0	43.9		8.9
Uxbridge.....	102.5	104.5	105.1		0.6
Wasaga Beach.....	76.0	92.5	114.6		22.1
Wroxeter.....	104.2	99.5	106.2		6.7

NOTE: Georgina R.P.D. absorbed by Beaverton R.P.D.

Cannington R.P.D. includes what was formerly known as Cannington R.P.D. No. 1 and No. 2 districts.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

The load on the Eastern Ontario system continued at a slightly lower level during the earlier months of the fiscal year. However, beginning with the month of April, a gradual improvement began and continued until the end of the year. The peak demand for the month of October exceeded the peaks for the corresponding months of 1931 and 1932 and almost equalled the peak of 1930 which is the maximum peak on record for this month. The kilowatt-hours used in the month of October are the maximum recorded for the month of October in any year.

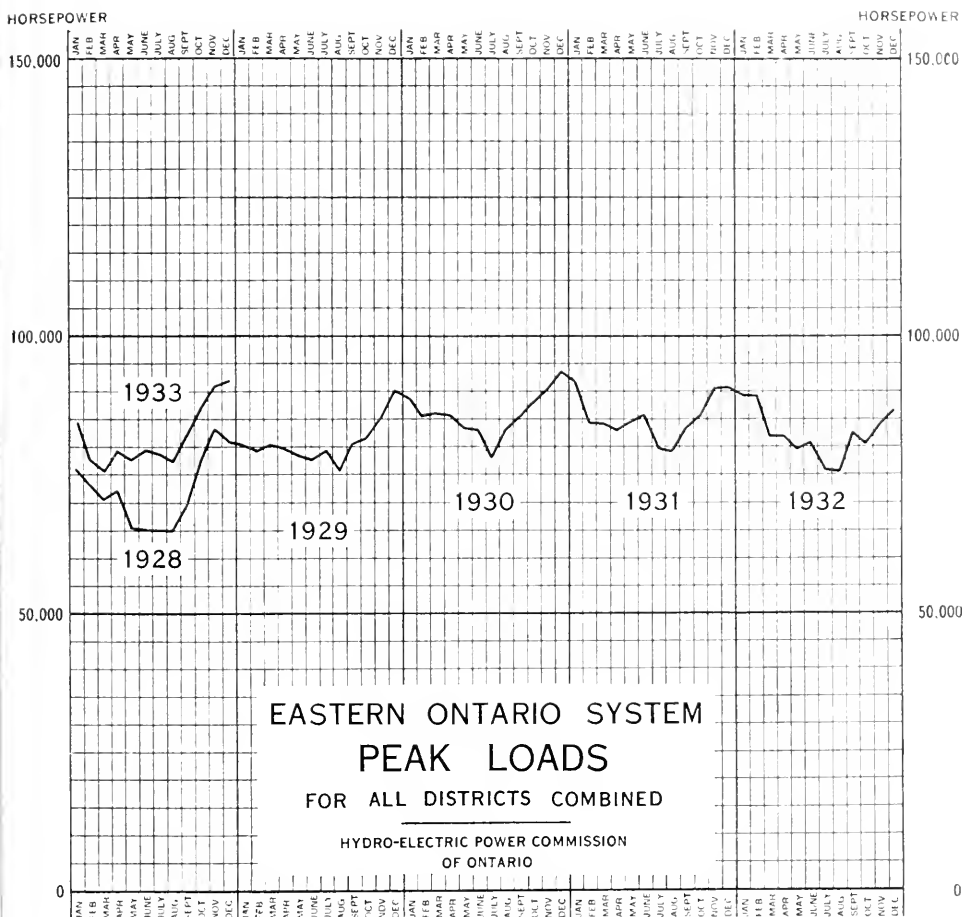
District Load Conditions

In the Central Ontario district the load showed signs of an underlying improvement about the end of February, the downward trend of the load being less than usual for the season. During subsequent months the improvement became more evident. By June the load had recovered all lost ground, and thereafter continued to exceed the loads of the corresponding months of the previous year, with a slight exception in September. The peak load for the month of October shows an increase of more than six per cent over the peak for the corresponding month of 1932.

A survey of the municipal and industrial loads in this district indicates a rising tendency during the latter months of the year. It should be noted that one large industrial customer who was taking a load of more than 3,000 horsepower in October, 1932, has not operated throughout the year 1933. If this customer is left out of consideration when analyzing the load trend in the remainder of the district, it will be evident that there has been a definite improvement in load conditions in the Central Ontario district during the latter part of 1933.

The Ottawa district load maintained approximately the same level on peak as in 1932 until early in September when the load showed a slight increase which continued into October. The monthly average loads show a slight decrease but approximate those of the two previous years. It will be noted that the monthly peak loads in this district have continued to show, with few exceptions, increases over the corresponding months of the previous years. This is primarily due to the fact that the industrial load, which has suffered the greatest losses as a result of the depression, represents only a small percentage of the total load in this district. It also indicates that the residential and commercial load has made increases which more than off-set any industrial decreases.

The St. Lawrence district load was somewhat irregular during the earlier months of the year, but was consistently higher than the 1932 peak loads after the month of March. The 1933 peak-load curve crossed the 1931 curve early in the month of July and continued to show an increase until the end of the year. The peak demand for the month of October exceeded the maximum monthly peak on record for this district.



The monthly average loads on the St. Lawrence district showed a slight decrease during the months of January and February in comparison with the corresponding months of 1932, but were almost identical with those of 1931. However, the average load for the month of March exceeded the average load recorded during any previous month, and the load continued to increase until the end of the year. While certain of the municipalities and industrial customers show an increase on both peak and average load, one large industrial customer was chiefly responsible for the increase shown by the district as a whole.

The Rideau district has maintained approximately the same levels on both peak and average loads as in 1931 and 1932.

The Madawaska district load conditions were slightly below the 1932 level during the earlier months of the year but made a recovery in the early part of July and continued to show a slight increase until the end of the year.

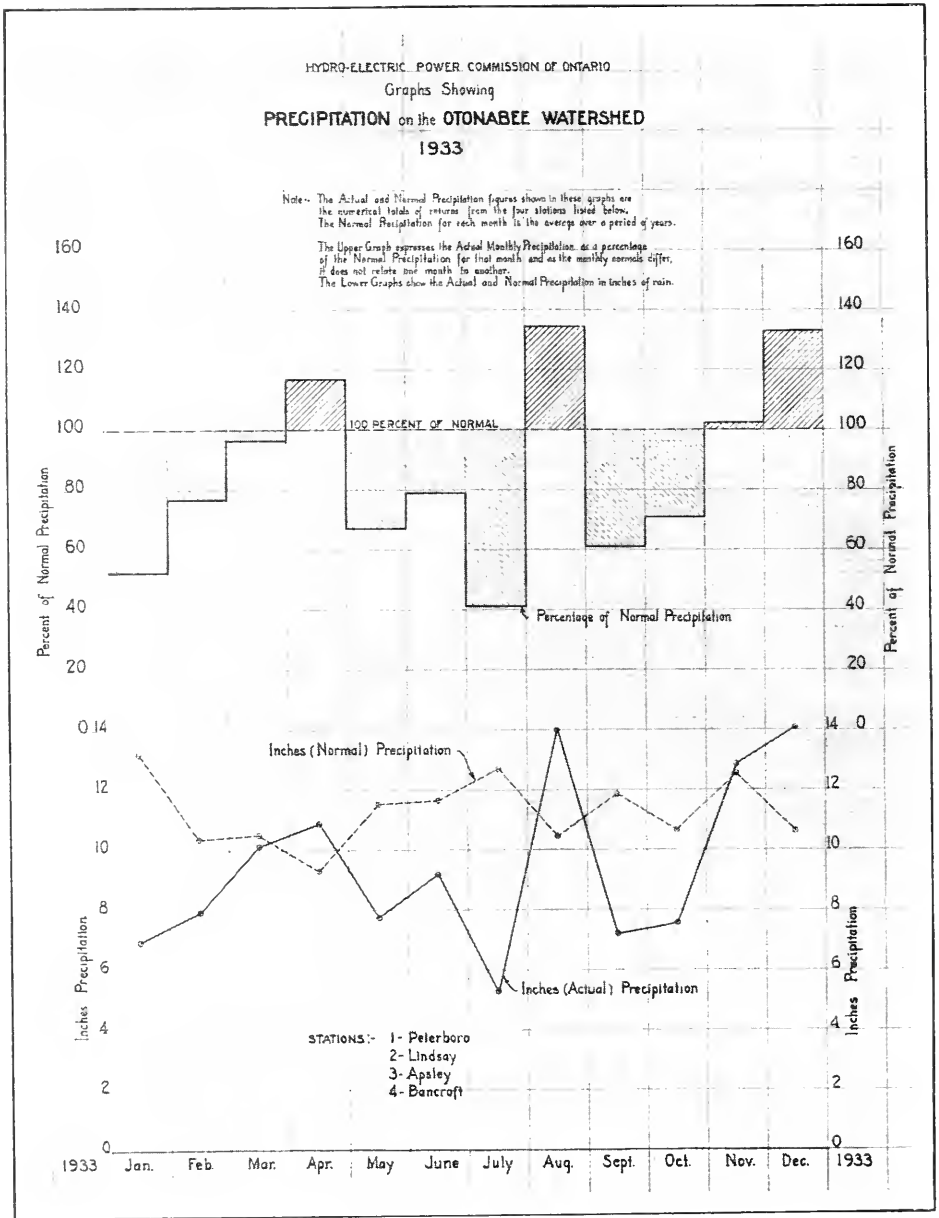


PLATE A - PRECIPITATION DATA 1933

The upper graph represents the estimated actual monthly precipitation on the Otonabee watershed expressed as a percentage of the normal precipitation.

The estimate is based upon the actual and normal return of the Meteorological Service for Peterboro, Lindsay, Bancroft and Haliburton.

Although the numerical values differ from month to month the normal precipitation is taken as 100 per cent, hence the solidly hatched areas represent the amount by which the precipitation exceeded the average while the dotted hatched area represents in a similar manner the deficiencies.

The lower graph shows the actual and normal precipitation in inches of rain

Graph No. 3 Average daily wastage at all H.E.P.C. plants. In the weekly aggregate the area under this graph equals the wastage represented by the dotted hatched area between curves 2 and 1a.

Graph No. 5 - Midnight elevations of Rice Lake.

Graph No. 6 - Midnight elevations of Heely-Hastings reach.

*Operating week changed to end Sunday midnight instead of Friday midnight. The period shown ending December 1st covers two days only.

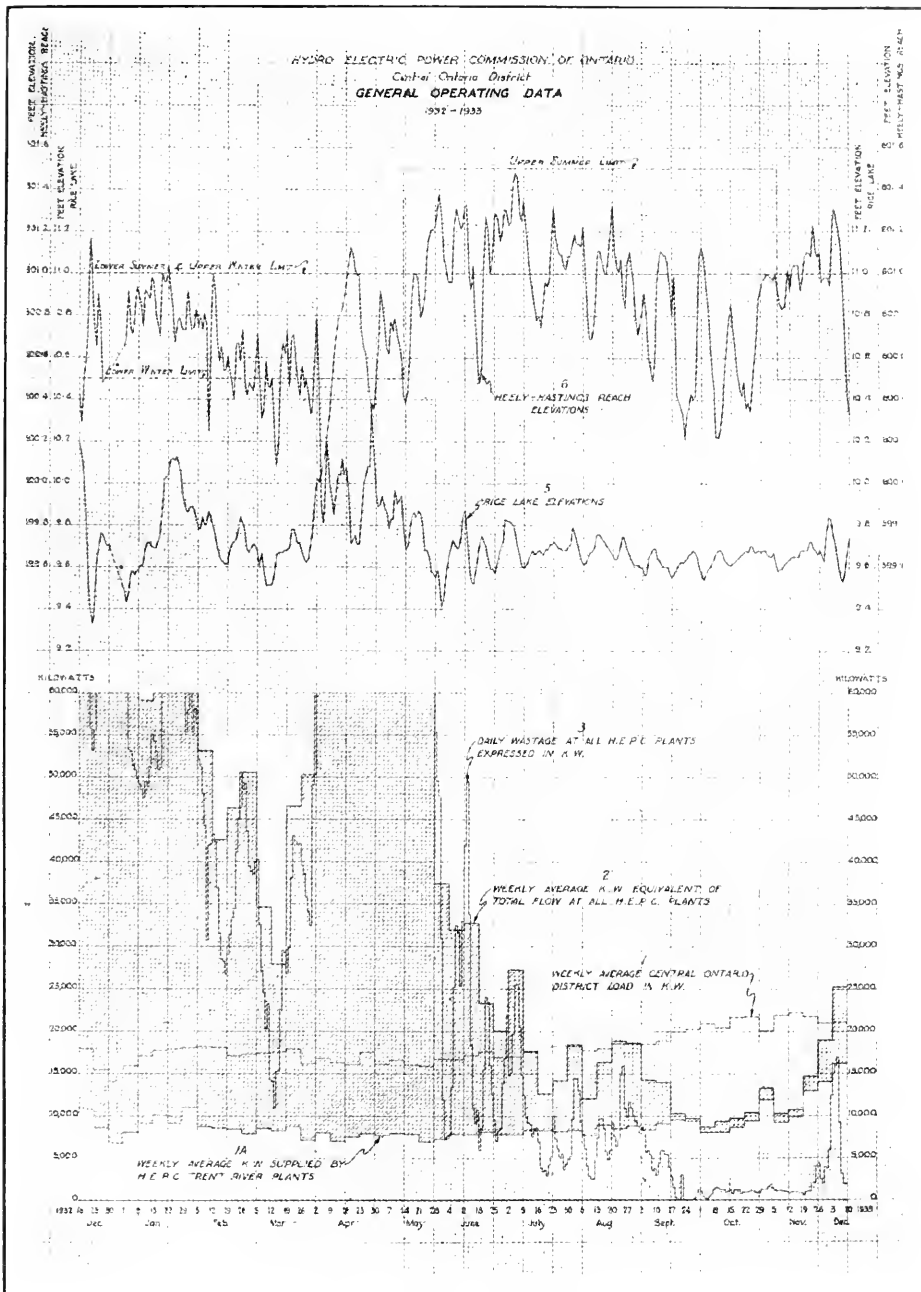


PLATE B—GENERAL OPERATING DATA
December 16, 1932, to December 20, 1933

Notes for Eastern Ontario District General Operating Data Curves

- Graph No. 1 System average weekly load in kilowatts which includes power purchased from the Gatineau Power Company.
- Graph No. 1a—Weekly average load in kilowatts supplied by H.E.P.C. plants on the Trent and Otonabee rivers.
- Graph No. 2—Weekly average power equivalent of total flow at all H.E.P.C. Plants. This equals the weekly average load supplied by these plants, plus the power equivalent of the weekly average wastage at these plants. This wastage is shown by the dotted hatched area between curves 2 and 1a.

(Explanation continued on page 38, facing)

Stream Flow—Trent River

Stream flow in the Trent river, from which the Central Ontario district obtains the greater part of its power supply, showed a heavy surplus over power requirements during the first seven months of the fiscal year due to the heavy precipitation experienced in the late summer and fall of 1932, and during the first part of the winter months of 1932-33. However, from the beginning of May, 1933, until the end of October, rainfall was consistently below normal, excepting the month of August, with the result that very critical periods of low stream flow were experienced during the months of September and October. Some of the weekly average flows experienced during this time were even lower than those experienced in 1931, and represent the lowest on the Commission's records, which date back to 1916. The capacity of the Commission's generating stations on the Trent river was very seriously reduced during these periods of low stream flow. The weekly average available capacity of these generating stations during the week of minimum stream flow amounted to only 11,720 horsepower, and this, in terms of the district weekly load factor, gives a peak capacity of 18,000 horsepower, or a reduction in peak capacity of approximately 35,000 horsepower. Serious load reductions would have had to be made had not the supply of Gatineau power been available.

Generating Stations

Continuing the same plan of operation followed in 1932, as mentioned in the previous issue of this Report, Plant No. C-30 at Fenelon Falls and Plant No. C-5 at Frankford in the Central Ontario district, and Galetta generating station in the Madawaska district, were maintained throughout the year on a standby basis.

During the year the usual programme of station and line maintenance work was carried out. An outline of the work done is given in the following paragraphs.

At Sidney, plant No. C-2, the four main turbines and the exciter turbine were unwatered. Inspection indicated that no extensive maintenance work was necessary. The lower guide bearings on two of the main turbines were rebabbitted. All governors were dismantled and thoroughly cleaned; defective bearings being replaced where necessary. All the low-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. Three defective bushings were replaced on one of the generator 10,000-volt oil-breakers. The direct-current cables to all generators were replaced. All the power-house floors and the walls and ceiling of the thrust deck were painted. The entire roof of the power house was treated with a roofing compound.

At Frankford, plant No. C-5, no extensive maintenance work was found necessary. One turbine was overhauled. The low-tension electrolytic lightning arresters were overhauled. The core wall between the tail race and the river was repaired. This plant was maintained on a standby basis during the year and was only placed in operation on occasions when the additional capacity was required.

At Meyersburg, plant No. C-8, all turbines were unwatered and inspected and the racks were cleaned. The governors were overhauled and painted. All the high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. One defective 44,000-volt bushing was replaced in the station service oil-breaker.

At Hagues Reach, plant No. C-9, all turbines were unwatered and inspected and the racks were cleaned. The bearings of one turbine were tightened. A quantity of debris was removed from the wheel pits. The governors were overhauled and painted. One of the 1,350-kv-a. 44,000-volt transformers failed in service on July 7. Tests and inspection showed that one of the high-tension coils in one phase had failed, and the complete section of winding was returned to the manufacturer for repairs. Following repairs this transformer was again placed in service on August 28. All the high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. A defective 44,000-volt bushing was replaced on one of the station service transformers.

At Ranney Falls, plant No. C-10, the forebay was unwatered and the racks were cleaned. The governors were overhauled and painted. A new 58-volt storage battery was installed, replacing the defective battery used in connection with the supervisory remote control equipment. Current transformers were installed in the neutrals of each of the 4,500-kv-a. generators for protective purposes. The high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. All connections to the 6,600-volt buses were overhauled. The generator room floor, steel window sash and the low-tension gallery floors were painted.

At Seymour, plant No. C-11, the forebay was unwatered and the racks were cleaned. The exciter turbine and two of the main turbines were overhauled. On one of the turbines the crown gear, countershaft and bearings had to be replaced. All the governors were overhauled. The high-tension oil-breakers and electrolytic lightning arresters were overhauled. The armature of the turbine exciter failed in service and was returned to the manufacturer where it was rewound. Disconnecting switches were installed on the bus side of two of the low-tension feeder oil-breakers.

At Heely Falls, plant No. C-14, the turbines were unwatered and inspected but no extensive maintenance work was found necessary. The glands on each turbine were repacked. The screen on the Pelton wheel of one unit was cleaned and the debris was removed from the pit of another unit. The racks in front of the penstocks were cleaned. Three new 44,000-volt side-opening disconnecting switches were installed on one of the main transformer banks. The high-tension and low-tension oil-breakers and lightning arresters were overhauled. Extensive painting was carried out on the floors, walls, ceilings and steel window sash in the control room, in the low-tension galleries and on the low-tension cell structures.

At Auburn, plant No. C-18, the forebay was unwatered and the racks were cleaned. The walls of the forebay were inspected. One turbine was overhauled. All the coils in each generator were examined and tightened, and all generators were thoroughly cleaned and painted. The low-tension electrolytic lightning arresters were overhauled.

At Fenelon Falls, plant No. C-30, the turbines were unwatered and completely overhauled. On one turbine a new set of 24 gate connecting rods was made up and installed. New pins were installed in the regulating ring. The gate stem shaft bearings were bored out and bushed, and a new gate stem shaft was installed. On the second turbine 24 new gate bolts were installed in the regulating ring and all the worn holes in the gate arms were welded. One of the 400-kv-a. generators failed in service under normal operating conditions on September 9. Approximately 60 coils were completely destroyed, 100 coils were damaged and a section of the lamination which forms the coil slots was badly burned. This generator has been in service for more than thirty years, and the cause of the failure was undoubtedly due to deterioration of the insulation on the bars. This machine will be completely rebuilt following reinsulation of all the coils by the Commission's Service Department. A broken section of the power house wall on the side next to the river was torn out and rebuilt.

At High Falls generating station on the Mississippi river the gate operating mechanism of one turbine was completely overhauled. Due to some obstruction the gate spindle in the gate house was bent when lowering the gate, but satisfactory repairs were made by the Commission's maintenance staff.

At Calabogie generating station on the Madawaska river one of the main turbines and the exciter turbine were unwatered and inspected but no extensive maintenance work was found necessary. The 33,000-volt and 6,600-volt electrolytic lightning arresters were completely overhauled. All interior and exterior woodwork was painted. The lower layer of brick along the tail race wall was renewed up to the sills of the lower windows.

At Galetta generating station on the Mississippi river, one turbine was unwatered for the purpose of making minor repairs and adjustments. The 11,000-volt electrolytic lightning arresters were overhauled.

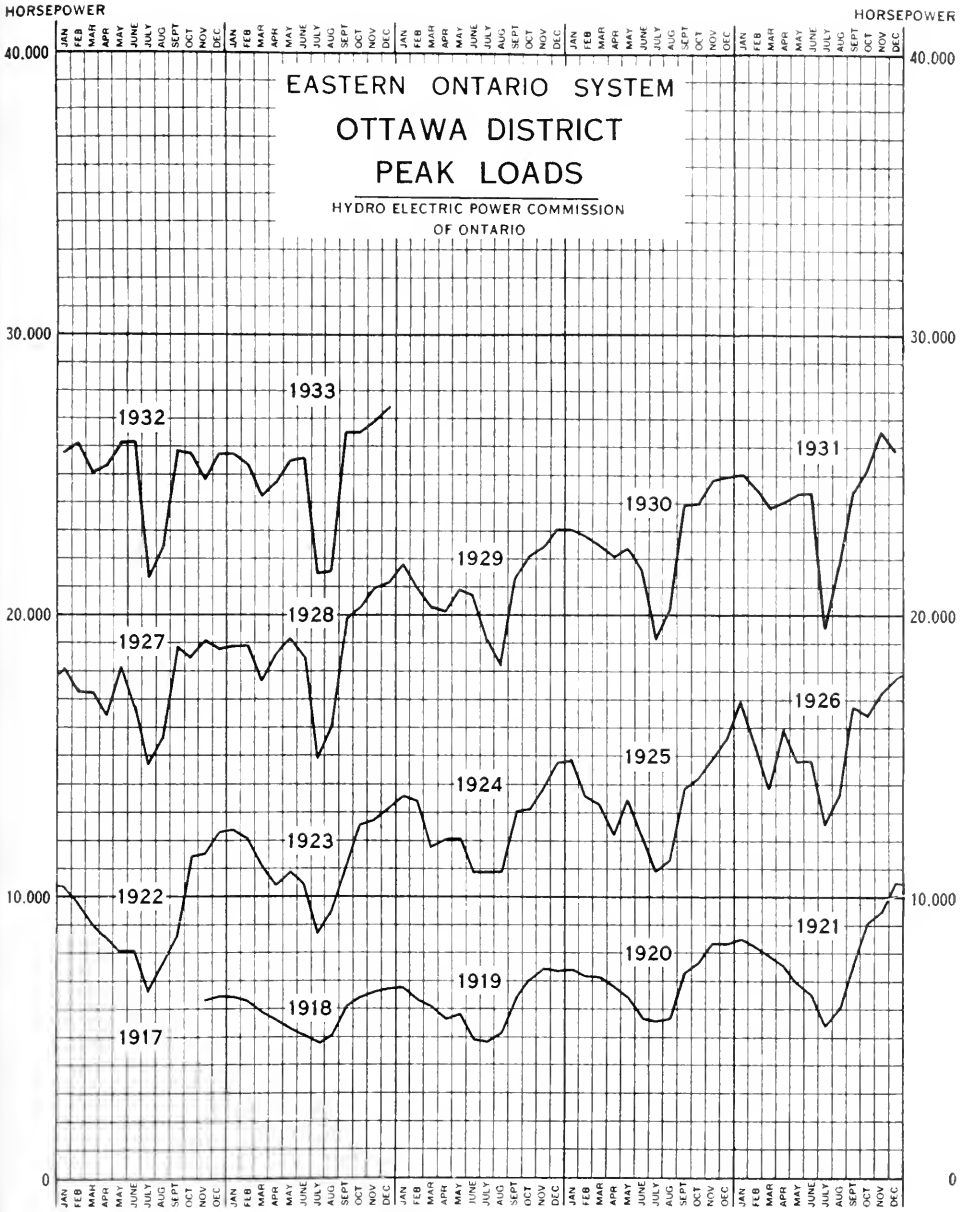
Municipal, Distributing and Switching Stations

At Auburn transformer station the high-tension oil-breakers and electrolytic lightning arresters were overhauled. One defective 44,000-volt oil-breaker bushing was replaced.

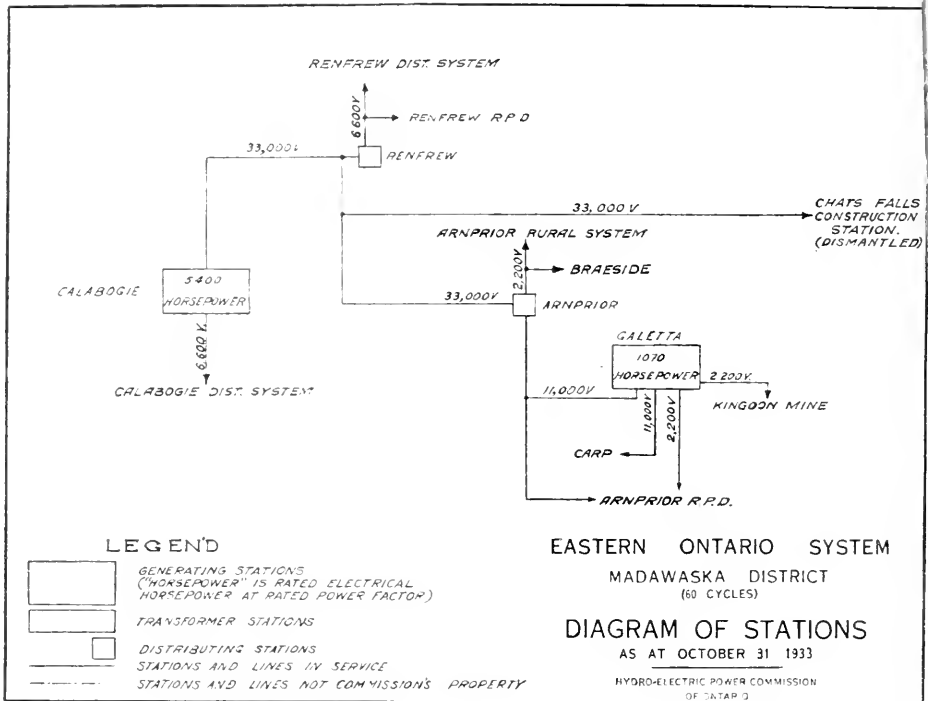
At Belleville switching station all the high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. New fences were built enclosing the station property and the switch structures. The station site was greatly improved by grading.

At Belleville distributing station No. 1, a chain link fence was built partially enclosing the station property. The station site was improved by grading.

At Colborne distributing station new insulators were installed on the 44,000-volt lightning arrester horn gaps and new conductor was installed between the horn gaps and the 44,000-volt inlet bushings. A defective low-tension lightning arrester was replaced on the Colborne feeder.



At Cobourg distributing station the high-tension and low-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. A new 24-volt storage battery with trickle charger was installed to supply tripping potential for the high-tension and low-tension oil-breakers. A new gravity balance graphic wattmeter was installed to record the load of Cobourg and the existing solenoid type graphic wattmeter was reconnected with the necessary r-kv-a. resistances for recording the r-kv-a. load. Individual phase ammeters were installed on all the low-tension feeders and on the two transformer panels. All the electrical equipment was phase



marked and the low-tension transformer connections were rearranged so as to make them standard phasing. The switchboard was rewired. The ceiling, floors, and steel window sash were painted.

At Kingston switching station the high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled on two occasions.

At Kingston distributing station the 750-kv-a. transformer was replaced by a 1,500-kv-a. transformer, increasing the capacity of this station to 4,500-kv-a. The high-tension oil-breaker was overhauled and painted. Insulating couplings were installed in the transfer device of the 44,000-volt electrolytic lightning arresters. A new ground conductor was installed between the high-tension lightning arresters and the water main.

At Madoc distributing station the high-tension and low-tension oil-breakers and the 44,000-volt electrolytic lightning arresters were overhauled. Two defective 5 kw. bucking transformers were replaced on one of the low-tension feeders. A chain link fence was built enclosing the substation.

At Maxville a new 44,000-volt 225-kv-a. distributing station was constructed and placed in service on November 20, 1932. Previous to this date Maxville and the Maxville rural power district obtained power at 4,000 volts from the 150-kv-a. transformer at Apple Hill.

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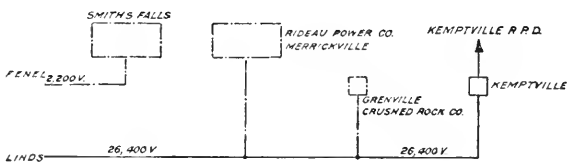
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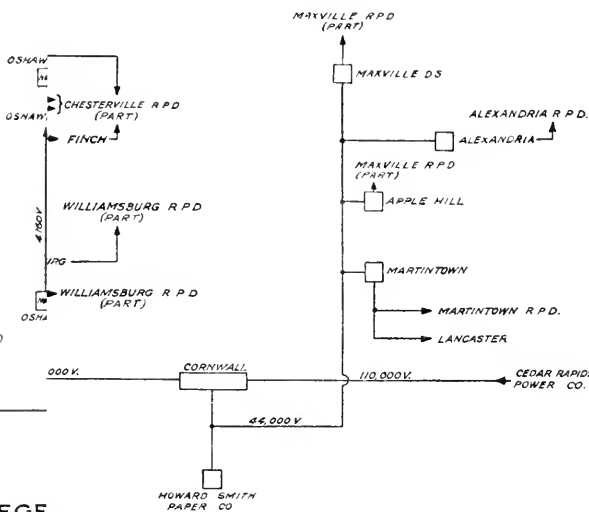
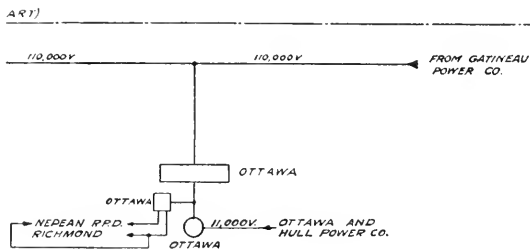
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DISTRICT



LEGE

DISTRICT

- GENERAL (HORSES HORSEP)
- TRANS.
- SWITCH
- DISTRICT
- MUNIC.
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- STATION
- R. P. D. RURAL

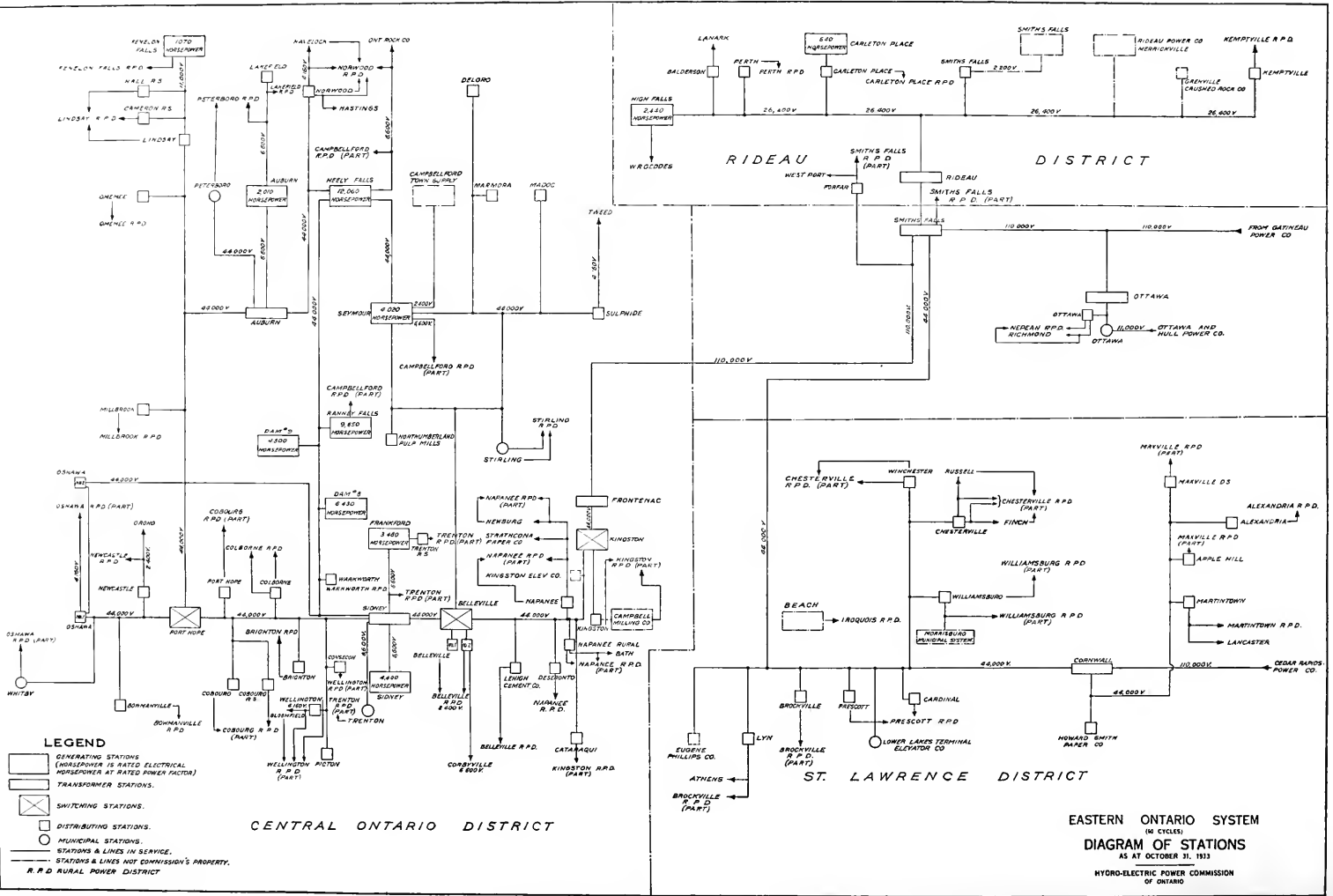
EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

(60 CYCLES)

DIAGRAM OF STATIONS

AS AT OCTOBER 31, 1933

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
OF ONTARIO



EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM
 (40 CYCLES)
 DIAGRAM OF STATIONS
 AS AT OCTOBER 31, 1933
 HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
 OF ONTARIO

At Oshawa No. 1 distributing station the high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled on two occasions. The low-tension oil-breakers were overhauled once. All electrical equipment was phase marked. The station site was improved by grading and filling in the low areas at the back of the property. The station floors were all painted.

At Oshawa condenser station the bearings of the 5,000-kv-a. condenser were inspected and cleaned. The collector rings were ground and polished. The starting switch of the 75-h.p. motor was overhauled. A new endless belt was installed on the exciter of the 1,000-h.p. condenser. The steelwork, crane and floors were painted.

At Ottawa 110,000-volt transformer station a defective bushing was replaced on one of the 110,000-volt oil-breakers. Defective supports were replaced on the 110,000-volt bus structure. A graphic instrument was installed at this station whereby a remote record is obtained of the total power supplied to the Commission by the Gatineau Power Company under the 60-cycle contract. The instrument transformers, thermal converters, etc., used in connection with this metering equipment, are installed at the Gatineau Power Company's terminal station at Valtetreau.

At Picton distributing station defective insulators and pins were replaced on the 44,000-volt bus. The 44,000-volt air-break switch was overhauled. The transformers were inspected and painted. A coat of roofing compound was applied to the station roof. The property fence was painted.

At Port Hope switching station all the high-tension oil-breakers were overhauled on two occasions.

At Port Hope distributing station the high-tension and low-tension oil-breakers were overhauled. Defective lightning arresters were replaced on two of the low-tension feeders.

At Sidney terminal station the high-tension oil-breakers and high-tension electrolytic lightning arresters were completely overhauled. All the old pin-type insulators were replaced on the outdoor high-tension structures. The old station roofing was completely removed and replaced by three layers of three-ply felt, each layer being rolled in hot asphalt. A coat of roofing compound was applied to the roof of the lightning arrester annex. The station floors were painted.

At Smiths Falls transformer station the two 1,250-kv-a. single-phase transformers and the 1,500-kv-a. three-phase transformer which failed in service on August 27, 1932, were repaired and again placed in service on November 6, 1932. The tap leads on the remaining two 1,250-kv-a. transformers were reinsulated to prevent the possibility of similar trouble damaging these transformers.

At Williamsburg distributing station a second 100-kv-a. 44,000-volt single-phase transformer was installed and placed in service on March 15.

At Wellington distributing station the 44,000-volt air-break switch was overhauled. The 300-kv-a. transformer was thoroughly cleaned and painted. The station floor and the property fence posts were painted. A coat of roofing compound was applied to the station roof.

High-Voltage Transmission Lines

Work in connection with the inspection and maintenance of high-voltage transmission lines was actively carried out during the year. Approximately 38,000 pin-type insulators were inspected, and 1,400 were found defective and replaced. Approximately 10,000 poles were examined, of which over 900 were found defective at the ground line and were stubbed. A considerable number of poles were straightened and reset. Defective crossarms and timbers were replaced where necessary. Approximately 8,800 poles were treated with a chemical preservative. The usual programme of tree trimming and weed cutting was carried out on various high-tension line sections. Defective power and telephone conductors were replaced where necessary. A number of highway, railway and foreign wire crossings were rebuilt to conform with present-day requirements. Approximately 600 feet of defective twenty-pair telephone cable was replaced between plants No. C-9 and No. C-10. This cable is used in connection with the operation of the supervisory remote-controlled plants No. C-8 and No. C-9 which are controlled from plant No. C-10, Ranney Falls, near Campbellford.

Meter Department and Repair Shops

The usual programme of routine work in connection with the maintenance of metering and relay equipment was carried out by the Meter department. A series of special ground resistance tests were made at a number of stations with a view to improving the high-tension neutral and high-tension arrester grounds. Tests were also made on several of the station low-tension metering grounds, and on station fences, etc., with a view to removing any possible hazard due to potential gradients. Improvements were made at a number of stations through the co-ordination of the high-tension and low-tension fuses. Phase marking of high-tension lines and equipment was carried out at a number of stations.

This department is available on request to any of the municipalities in connection with the investigation of technical problems in the field.

The Belleville machine and meter repair shop has continued the usual programme of testing and repairing the various types of service meters for municipal and rural systems. A certain amount of work was also carried out in connection with repairs and replacement parts for hydraulic and electric apparatus.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES—1931-1932-1933

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Alexandria.....	184.5	212.9	227.7	.....	14.8
Apple Hill.....	28.0	30.1	32.4	.....	2.3
Athens.....	74.2	82.4	74.4	8.0	.....
Bath.....	.....	23.4	29.2	.....	5.8
Belleville.....	3,687.5	3,701.4	3,786.6	.....	85.2

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES—1931-1932-1933
—Continued

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Bloomfield.....	87 8	73 4	76 1		2 7
Bowmanville.....	1,551 4	1,546 2	1,528 8	17 4	
Brighton.....	284 8	270 7	279 9		9 2
Brockville.....	2,271 2	2,380 1	2,329 1	51 0	
Cardinal.....	131 3	139 7	142 3		2 6
Carleton Place.....	848 5	966 5	1,030 8		64 3
Chesterville.....	197 7	191 1	159 9	31 2	
Cobourg.....	1,468 6	1,424 7	1,501 3		76 6
Colborne.....	182 3	163 6	126 8	36 8	
Deseronto.....	146 8	148 6	118 5	30 1	
Finch.....	38 9	42 3	44 9		2 6
Hastings.....	73 7	65 2	73 9		8 7
Havelock.....	227 9	175 6	131 3	44 3	
Kemptville.....	241 9	241 3	246 2		4 9
Kingston.....	4,580 0	5,105 2	5,429 6		324 4
Lakefield.....	227 7	209 7	223 8		14 1
Lanark.....	61 8	64 7	71 8		7 1
Lancaster.....	62 9	33 6	43 8		10 2
Lindsay.....	1,718 9	1,564 5	1,760 1		195 6
Madoc.....	165 7	153 6	152 1	1 5	
Marmora.....	89 2	85 8	84 7	1 1	
Martintown.....	26 1	21 5	21 8		0 3
Maxville.....	72 6	80 4	85 2		4 8
Millbrook.....	68 9	79 6	75 6	4 0	
Napanee.....	1,015 2	935 2	978 7		43 5
Newburgh.....	41 0	42 6	45 6		3 0
Newcastle.....	82 5	64 2	101 0		36 8
Norwood.....	135 3	116 3	96 1	20 2	
Omemece.....	76 6	77 4	97 7		20 3
Orono.....	58 5	78 3	78 6		0 3
Oshawa.....	7,369 9	6,494 6	6,722 5		227 9
Ottawa.....	24,841 8	25,758 6	26,208 0		449 4
Perth.....	1,069 1	1,038 9	1,135 4		96 5
Peterborough.....	6,158 4	6,011 4	6,407 7		396 3
Picton.....	887 4	871 6	869 8	1 8	
Port Hope.....	1,108 0	1,081 9	1,149 1		67 2
Prescott.....	815 5	770 8	696 5	74 3	
Richmond.....	39 4	45 9	47 4		1 5
Russell.....	57 9	42 6	51 1		8 5
Smiths Falls.....	1,597 9	1,509 3	1,468 4	40 9	
Stirling.....	265 1	239 9	213 1	26 8	
Trenton.....	2,874 1	2,745 4	2,911 1		165 7
Tweed.....	189 9	169 2	145 9	23 3	
Warkworth.....	75 8	67 7	73 4		5 7
Wellington.....	205 9	191 7	167 5	24 2	
Westport.....		65 1	69 4		4 3
Whitby.....	1,028 5	1,009 4	987 9	21 5	
Williamsburg.....	69 7	142 1	198 4		56 3
Winchester.....	216 4	235 7	231 5	4 2	

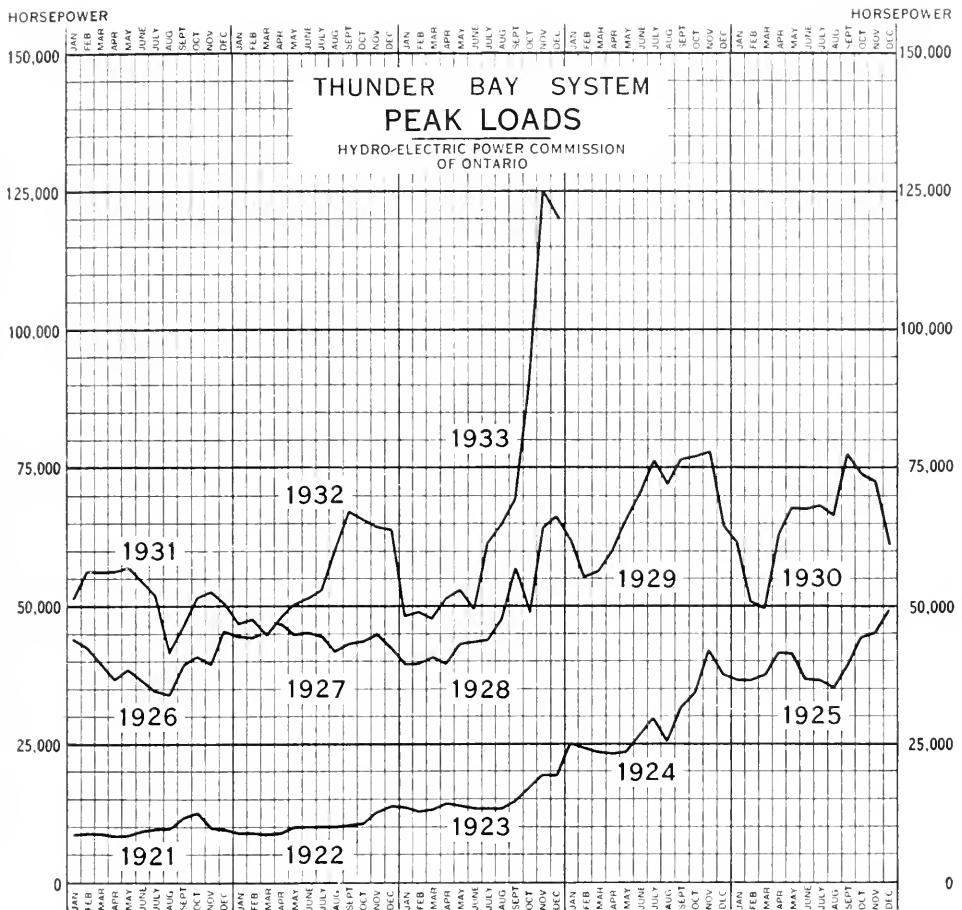
EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—RURAL POWER DISTRICT LOADS, 1931-1932-1933

Rural power district	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Alexandria	25 0	30 4	31 5		1 1
Belleville	281 6	304 0	324 8		20 8
Bowmanville	160 4	97 3	106 4		9 1
Brighton	16 8	22 8	22 8		
Brockville	269 0	288 1	298 2		10 1
Campbellford	58 9	67 3	69 5		2 2
Chesterville	184 5	186 2	184 3	1 9	
Cobourg	220 3	242 9	270 7		27 8
Colborne	77 0	94 2	120 0		25 8
Fenelon Falls	20 0	47 2	52 5		5 3
Iroquois	415 5	445 0	428 1	16 9	
Kemptville	13 4	18 1	19 3		1 2
Kingston	265 7	296 2	323 7		27 5
Lakefield	10 0	32 7	34 3		1 6
Lindsay	4 0	10 0	16 4		6 4
Martintown	62 5	53 4	47 4	6 0	
Maxville	118 4	156 0	156 6		0 6
Millbrook	31 9	34 3	36 3		2 0
Napanee	145 8	177 2	213 9		36 7
Nepean	563 8	624 3	590 6	33 7	
Newcastle	61 7	72 6	63 6	9 0	
Norwood	21 0	27 9	22 9	5 0	
Omeme	3 0	3 0	2 0	1 0	
Oshawa	667 1	677 0	626 2	50 8	
Perth	3 0	21 4	34 8		13 4
Peterborough	476 4	420 4	391 1	29 3	
Prescott	92 0	109 8	106 4	3 4	
Stirling	46 2	48 1	46 2	1 9	
Smiths Falls	211 0	151 8	183 7		31 9
Trenton	139 0	127 5	204 7		77 2
Warkworth	3 0	3 0	3 0		
Wellington	169 7	194 6	175 6	19 0	
Williamsburg	32 8	52 8	73 3		20 5

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

The load on the Thunder Bay System during the past fiscal year has shown a slight increase over that of the previous year. A large amount of power has been sold for the generation of steam electrically with the result that the average monthly energy generated showed an increase of 16.1 per cent and the average monthly peak an increase of 11.8 per cent over 1932. Excluding this steam load, the average monthly energy generated was 5.9 per cent greater and the average monthly peak 1.8 per cent higher in 1933 than in 1932.

The Nipigon Corporation Pulp Mill at Nipigon has not been operating during the year, but the station has been maintained alive, Nipigon township being supplied from this point.



Two new loads have been added to the system during the year. A bank of three 400 kv-a. transformers was placed in service at Cameron Falls generating station in September, supplying power to Northern Empire Mines at Empire, Ontario, over its 33,000-volt transmission line. On October 2, two 8,000-kw. electric steam-generators and auxiliary equipment at the Great Lakes Paper Company were placed in service. Power is supplied to this steam station over a short section of 110,000-volt line, which is tapped off the line to the main substation of this company.

Hydraulic maintenance work has been carried on at Cameron Falls generating station during the year, the major items being the repairing of the eroded areas of No. 3 and No. 6 turbines by welding the runners. As in former years, special attention has been given to the testing and adjustment of governors. During September a rather extensive programme of repairs to retaining walls and other concrete structures was begun. This work, however, is only about 20 per cent complete at the year end. The auxiliary hydraulic equipment has been maintained in first class condition.

No major maintenance work has been carried out on any of the generators at Cameron Falls generating station during the year. All power transformers at this station have operated satisfactorily, routine maintenance work only being required. The spare transformer, however, was completely overhauled.

Alexander generating station has given very satisfactory operating service, no major maintenance work being required on any equipment throughout the year. This station is supervisory controlled from Cameron Falls generating station. A few troubles have been experienced with this control equipment, but on the whole it has operated satisfactorily. The automatic synchronizer, which is used in connection with this supervisory control, has given excellent service throughout the year.

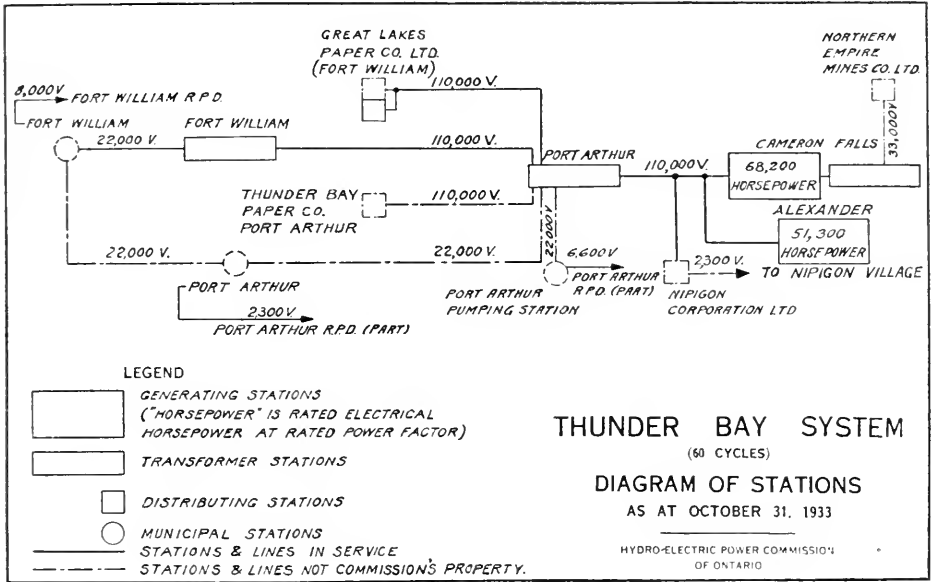
The service obtained from the transmission lines during the year has been very good. There have been no total system interruptions, although Port Arthur Fort William, Great Lakes Paper Co., and Thunder Bay Paper Co., were interrupted for $2\frac{1}{2}$ minutes on one occasion when No. 2 and 3 lines tripped out at both ends and No. 1 line tripped out at Port Arthur during an electrical storm, leaving No. 1 line alive to feed Nipigon Corporation. In addition to this, Great Lakes Paper Co. suffered four interruptions of short duration, two due to accidental operation of oil-breaker 2P1G during wiring alterations for new relays at Port Arthur transformer station, and two due to flashovers during electrical storms. Fort William experienced one two-minute interruption when a bird caused a transmission line flashover. Flashovers during electrical storms were responsible for two interruptions, one of 21 minutes and the other of 7 minutes duration, to Nipigon Corporation station. The service to Northern Empire Mines was interrupted on two occasions due to trees falling across the line.

Special attention has been given to testing the line insulators and replacing those found faulty. Also, the line conductors were closely inspected for broken or loose strands and these were repaired where necessary. Some other maintenance work has been done on the wood-pole lines in tightening guys, etc. Brush was cut along certain sections of the right-of way.

The Port Arthur transformer station has had no curtailment of service to any customers due to failures of equipment. New relay equipment was placed in service on all 110,000-volt lines, both incoming and outgoing, at this station. While sufficient time has not yet elapsed to make a definite statement regarding the improvement to service, the time of operation of the breaker equipment has been materially reduced, resulting in faster clearances of faults and hence less disturbance to the system. Routine inspection and maintenance of the 110,000-volt oil-breakers and transformers has been carried on throughout the year. Connections to the three 110,000-volt lines were altered so that two or three lines could be fed through one oil-breaker, thus enabling the other oil-breakers to be taken out of service for maintenance purposes.

The Fort William transformer station has had no failure of equipment or incorrect functioning of relays or breakers. Routine maintenance work only was required at this station.

The precipitation in the watershed supplying this system has been relatively heavy during the year, approximately 28 inches being recorded. With the light



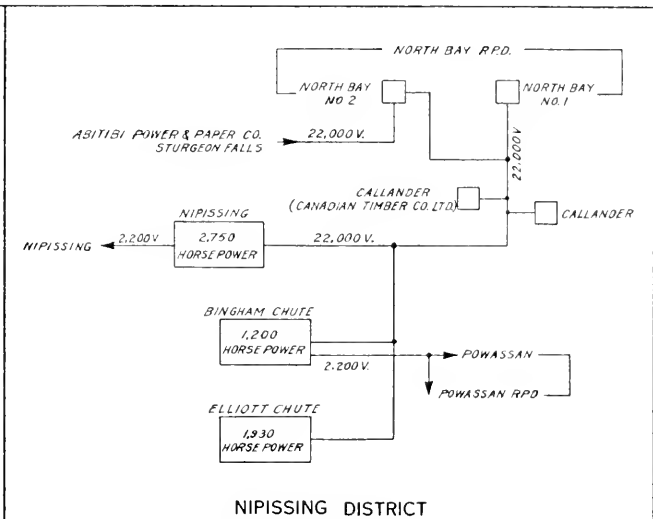
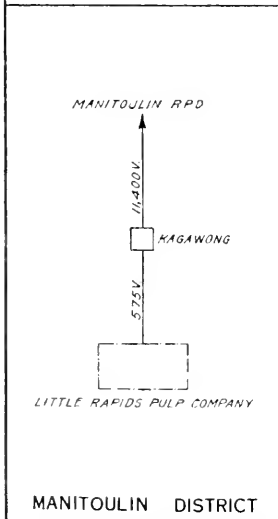
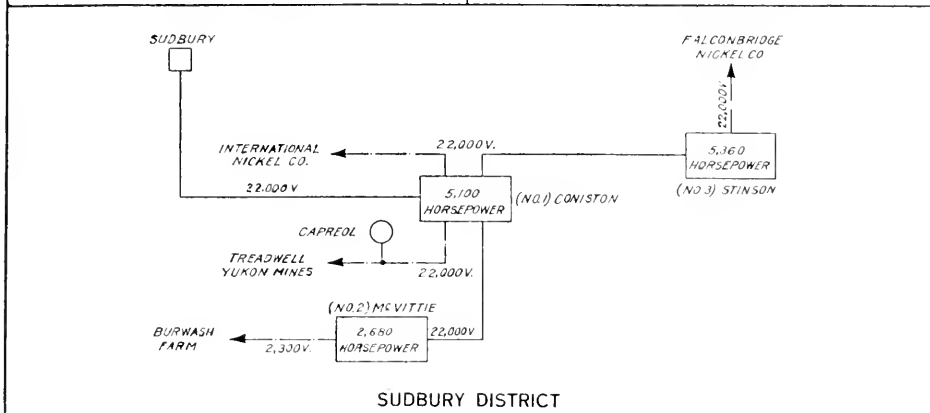
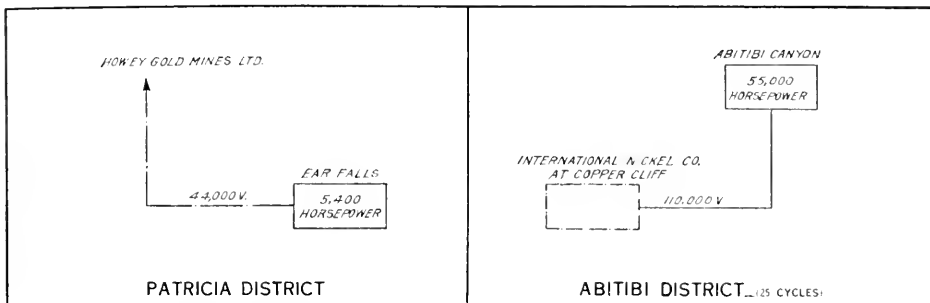
load on the system and the heavy precipitation it was found necessary to waste a considerable amount of water at both plants during the greater part of the year. Notwithstanding the high river flow, the level of lake Nipigon has been raised about 6 inches during the year.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Fort William	11,451.7	10,916.7	10,932.0	.....	15.3
Nipigon Township	70.3	83.0	101.1	.....	18.1
Port Arthur	27,024.4	35,195.1	33,205.5	1,989.6	.....

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM—LOADS OF RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

Rural power district	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase
Fort William	35.0	80.0	.....	45.0
Port Arthur	23.7	33.2	.....	9.5



LEGEND

GENERATING STATIONS
("HORSEPOWER" IS RATED ELECTRICAL HORSEPOWER AT RATED POWER FACTOR)

DISTRIBUTING STATIONS

MUNICIPAL STATIONS

STATIONS & LINES IN SERVICE

STATIONS & LINES NOT COMMISSION'S PROPERTY

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES
(60 CYCLES) — (25 CYCLES)

DIAGRAM OF STATIONS
AS AT OCTOBER 31, 1933

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
OF ONTARIO

At Nipissing generating station, new Niagara bronze runners were installed in each of the two turbines to replace the cast iron runners which had eroded to an extent that made economical repairs impossible. Minor repairs and adjustments to both turbines were also undertaken. Considerable painting was done on buildings and equipment as a protective measure. The design of the pistons in the governor oil pumps was changed to eliminate the oil leakage permitted by the old design.

A number of leaks in the wood-stave pipe line were stopped by covering each leak with a layer of tarred felt held in place by a steel plate pre-formed to the curvature of the pipe and inserted under the pipe bands. Several of the pipe line supporting saddles were also renewed.

At Bingham Chute generating station, very little maintenance work was found necessary on the turbines. Renewal of gate link pins on No. 2 unit, renewal of lignum vitae bearings and adjustment of journal bearings on both units were undertaken. One 300-kw. power transformer at this station failed in service due to development of a leak in the bronze cooling coils. Repairs were made to the winding, the defective coils were replaced with new copper coils, and the old oil, which was known to be slightly high in acid content, was replaced with new oil. Renewal of coils and oil in the remaining two transformers in the three-phase bank is being undertaken to safeguard against similar failures in these units. The choke coils were removed from the 22,000-volt structure. Earth resistances were measured and station grounding improved.

The chief operator's cottage at this station was completely redecorated.

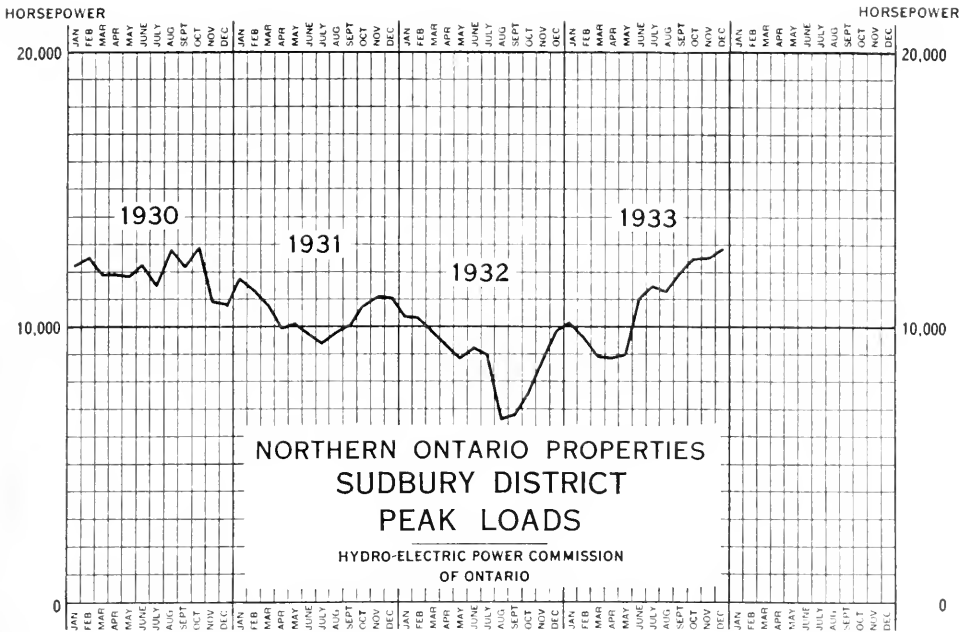
At Elliott Chute generating station, only routine turbine maintenance work was required. A new spring type flexible drive for the generator overspeed device was installed to replace the original drive which has failed on several occasions.

A woven wire fence was erected along the roadway on the southern boundary of the property.

The decayed plank facing of the rock-filled woodcrib breakwater at this station was renewed with 1-inch plank and covered with one-eighth-inch steel plates from salvage. The frame store-house was raised and placed on concrete posts. The west end of the earth fill dam was surfaced with 30 yards of gravel.

At the Canadian Timber Company substation in Callander, one high-tension transformer bushing failed in service and was replaced with a new bushing.

Megger tests on practically all electrical equipment were made throughout the year, initiating a programme of periodical megger tests to obtain indications of insulation deterioration by comparison of results of tests taken at intervals over a period of time. The programme of progressive grading of insulators, instituted last year, was continued through the current year.



Sudbury District

The generated peak and average loads on the Sudbury district showed a marked decrease for the first six months of the current fiscal year as compared to corresponding months of the previous year. Owing to improved conditions in the nickel industry, however, a decided upward trend, which started in May, 1933, has continued throughout the remainder of the year. The extent of this improvement is illustrated by the fact that in October, 1933, the generated peak load showed an increase of 65 per cent and the generated average load an increase of 91 per cent over the corresponding month of 1932.

The level of Wahnapiatae lake was lowered approximately four feet below the normal operating level during the summer months to accommodate certain mining properties bordering on the lake. This action together with the subnormal precipitation of the past summer demanded more than usual care in the regulation of river flow and division of load between generating stations in order to obtain the maximum efficiency in the use of storage water.

Line maintenance work in the district was confined to insulator testing, replacement of defective insulators, butt treatment of poles where necessary and similar details of a routine nature.

At Coniston generating station, No. 2 turbine was completely overhauled. This work included the installation of alemite fittings to facilitate greasing of bearing surfaces between gates and gate bolts and between speed rings and operating rings. A new gear quadrant was installed on the gate operating mechanism. New gate links, link pins, and link bushings were supplied where required.

Four new timber head-gates were constructed and installed to replace the head-gates which had become unsafe through deterioration of the timbers.

The generating station air compressor was moved to a new and more convenient situation. Repairs were made to the roofs of the store-house, generating station, transformer house and penstock house. The generating station floor, boarding-house interior woodwork and store-house and transformer house trim were painted.

The road between the generating station and the highway was widened and surfaced with gravel.

To improve frequency regulation and time service a synchronome, having a synchronous motor driven clock and an accurate mechanical clock movement with dials to indicate the variation between times as computed by the two types, was installed at Coniston generating station. A radio receiving set for the reception of time signals was also installed to permit accurate setting of the mechanically operated movement. With the synchronome indication as a guide the staff has been able to regulate system frequency much more closely than heretofore.

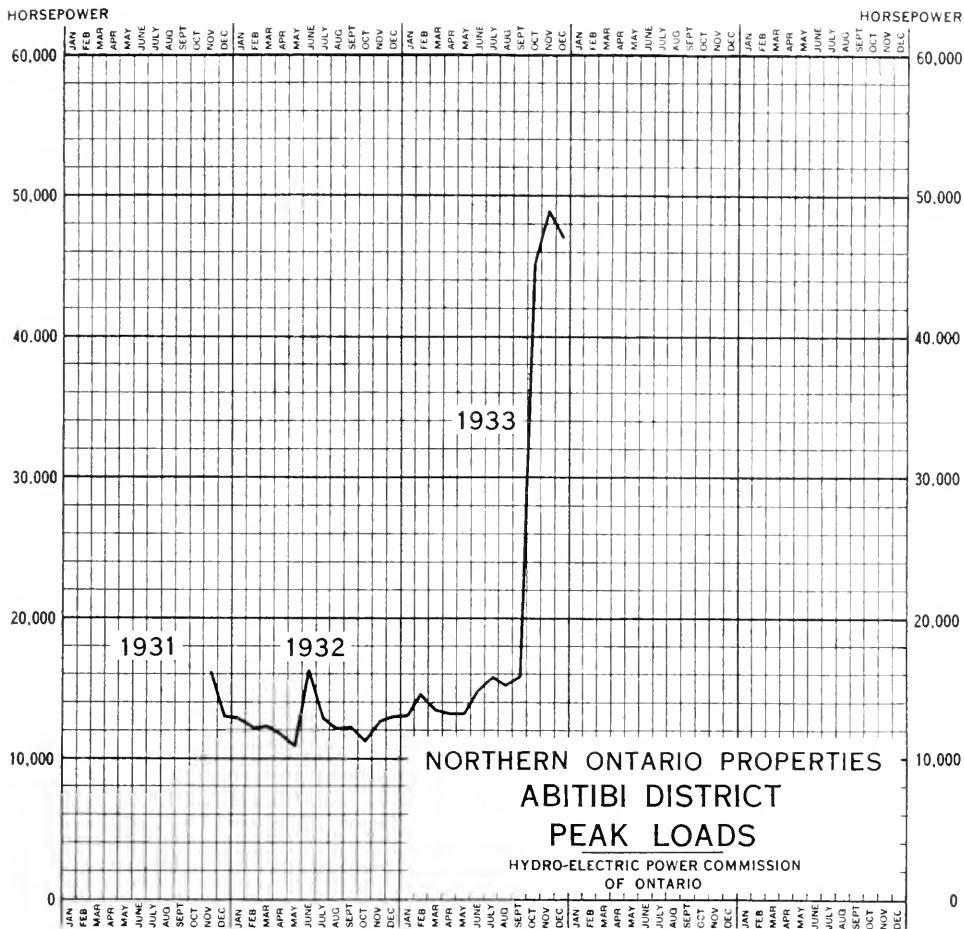
At McVittie generating station, the armature of No. 1 generator failed in service on four occasions and the armature of No. 2 generator failed once during the year. Failures in all cases were due to lightning surges which are assumed to have entered the station on a 2,200-volt feeder. These generators have been in service for more than twenty years and the repeated failures were attributed largely to deterioration of the windings with age. A complete new winding has been installed in No. 1 generator to eliminate further costly failures.

Mechanical maintenance work at this station was confined to small items such as the renewal of the lignum vitae bearing and the replacement of a defective thrust nut on the exciter turbine, governor adjustments, and repairs to two bearing pedestals in which cracks had developed. A set of disconnecting switches was installed to permit isolation of the high-tension arresters. Station grounding was improved and tested. Extensive painting inside the generating station was undertaken.

At Stinson generating station, the two 3,500-horsepower turbines were completely overhauled. Each unit was equipped with alemite fittings to facilitate greasing the bearing surfaces between gates and gate bolts and between speed rings and operating rings. A brake was installed on each unit whereby the unit can be quickly stopped by application of pressure to the periphery of the flywheel.

Following the failure of one of the timber head-gates at this station, two new head-gates of heavier design were installed to replace the originals. A pipe railing was erected on the lower side of the path between generating station and head block as a safety measure.

The exterior walls of the penstock building were painted and one coat of roofing paint was applied to the roof. Rust was removed from the penstocks and the cleaned surface painted, where required. Considerable painting was undertaken inside the station.



Abitibi District

On the Abitibi district the peak and average loads for the first eight months of the fiscal year were, in general, slightly higher than for the corresponding months of the previous year. Improved conditions in the nickel industry were responsible for a decided load increase during the next three months, and during the final month of the fiscal year the load was greatly increased by the addition of the Abitibi Power and Paper Company's steam-generation load at Iroquois Falls.

Until the No. 1 unit at Abitibi Canyon generating station was first placed in service, power was purchased from the Abitibi Electric Development Company's generating station at Island Falls for transmission to Copper Cliff to serve the International Nickel Company at that point. This power was transmitted from Island Falls to Hunta, 14 miles west of Cochrane, over the Abitibi Electric Development Company's circuit and from Hunta to Copper Cliff, a distance of 189 miles, over the Commission's double-circuit steel-tower line.

On May 24, the Copper Cliff load was transferred from Island Falls generating station to the Abitibi Canyon generating station, thus marking the initial delivery of commercial power from the latter station. A double-circuit steel-tower line from Abitibi Canyon generating station is connected at Hunta to the aforementioned double-circuit steel-tower line from Hunta to Copper Cliff, making a total transmission distance from Abitibi Canyon to Copper Cliff of 246 miles. A single circuit only is used to supply Copper Cliff at the present time but the second circuit is kept available for service as a standby.

On October 23, the initial delivery of power was made to the Iroquois Falls mill of the Abitibi Power and Paper Company, for purposes of steam generation. This power is transmitted over the Commission's lines from Abitibi Canyon to Hunta where connection is made with the Abitibi Electric Development Company's line to Iroquois Falls.

Service interruptions due to electrical storms have been more frequent on this district than would be anticipated from the records of other districts operated by the Commission. This has been attributed to the apparent higher storm frequency in the area served, coupled with the fact that the 246 miles of transmission line from Abitibi Canyon to Copper Cliff runs almost due south, thus intercepting a greater number of storms (which usually travel east and west) than the Commission's other lines of similar length which run in an east and west direction.

Maintenance of lines on the district was confined chiefly to replacement of a small number of insulators, most of which showed evidences of being damaged by rifle shots. Considerable brush cutting was found necessary on the right-of-way of the Hunta to Copper Cliff section of line. A close inspection of lines for loose tower bolts, deterioration of absorber rods, power conductor and ground conductor at points of suspension was made in both the spring and fall seasons.

The operation of the Abitibi Canyon generating station has been satisfactory during the few months it has been in service. Various adjustments and changes have been necessary, as is usually the case when a new station is placed in service, but these have been of a minor nature.

Toward the latter part of August the second generator at Abitibi Canyon generating station was sufficiently advanced to be placed in service. This released No. 1 generator for various adjustments. From this time to the end of the fiscal year, although two generators were at times available, the necessity of removing one or the other from service for adjustment, limited the capacity available for commercially continuous service to that of one unit.

Patricia District

The generating and transformer station at Ear Falls on the English river has been in satisfactory operation throughout the year. All equipment has functioned as required, there being no failures of major importance. The load on the system has shown an increase over that existing during the previous year. The average monthly energy generated was about 2.8 per cent greater and the average monthly peak approximately 8.9 per cent higher during 1933 than in 1932.

The precipitation in the vicinity of Ear Falls has been about normal, being 25 inches during the year. With this precipitation, as well as conservation of water when not required, the level of Lac Seul has been raised about one foot during the year, the elevation on October 31, 1933, being 1160.8 as against 1159.9 on the corresponding day last year.

Manitoulin District

The Manitoulin district was first served by the Commission on December 16, 1932. Power purchased and metered by the Commission at the 600-volt bus of the Manitoulin Pulp Company's mill at Kagawong is stepped up to 12,000 volts between phases by means of three 100-kv-a. transformers which are installed in an outdoor-type station close to the mill. From this station power is supplied to the Manitoulin rural power district which at present consists of the municipalities of Gore Bay, Mindemoya and Kagawong, and a number of rural customers. Service has been satisfactorily maintained throughout the year.

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES—LOADS OF MUNICIPALITIES, 1931-1932-1933

Municipality	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase

NIPISSING DISTRICT

Callander.....	112.8	175.0	196.4	.....	21.4
Nipissing.....	3.0	3.0	3.0	.....	.....
North Bay.....	2,921.8	2,915.0	2,911.4	3.6	.....
Powassan.....	117.7	131.0	106.5	24.5

SUDBURY DISTRICT

Sudbury.....	3,967.8	3,667.5	3,599.2	68.3
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NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES—LOADS OF RURAL POWER DISTRICTS, 1931-1932-1933

Rural power district	Peak load in horsepower			Change in load 1932-1933	
	Oct. 1931	Oct. 1932	Oct. 1933	Decrease	Increase

NIPISSING DISTRICT

North Bay.....	68.3	77.0	77.9	.....	0.9
Powassan.....	.....	2.0	3.0	.....	1.0

MANITOULIN DISTRICT

Manitoulin.....	Date connected Dec. 16/32	Initial load 70.0	79.9	9.9
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SECTION III

MUNICIPAL WORK

The Commission acts in an advisory capacity in connection with the operation of the "Hydro" utilities of the various municipalities with which it has contracts. In this connection the Commission arranges for the purchase, construction or extension of distribution systems and assists the municipal officials in making their financial arrangements to pay for the cost of these systems. All rate adjustments, as provided under *The Power Commission Act*, are recommended by the Commission, and a study of the operating conditions of all utilities is made annually and adjustments recommended accordingly. The Commission exercises a general supervision over the management and operation of all systems more especially in the smaller municipalities which, individually, are not of sufficient size to employ a manager with the technical knowledge necessary to administer properly all phases of the local system's operation.

In the case of the rural power districts, the Commission itself—on behalf of the corporations of the individual townships—operates the rural power systems, and distributes electrical energy to the customers of the respective corporations in any such rural power district.

NIAGARA SYSTEM

During the month of July, 1933, the Commission commenced taking power from the McLaren-Quebec Power Company. This power was transmitted over the 220,000-volt line from Beaudet to Chats Falls generating station by which power is obtained from the Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Company. Commencing with the month of October, an additional block of power was taken from the Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Company also over this line.

The load conditions on the Niagara system during the fiscal year, 1933, show an increase in the total amount of power taken by municipalities and industrial companies during the months of November and December, 1932, February, April, July, August, September and October, 1933, as compared

with the corresponding months of the previous year. During the months of January, March, May and June, a slight decrease is shown in the amount of power taken, as compared with the previous year. These figures, however, do not include secondary power sold for process steam generation, and for export to the United States. Commencing with the month of February, the Commission sold a substantial block of secondary power to the pulp and paper industry for the generation of process steam, and in the month of June, resumed the sale of additional secondary power to the Canadian Niagara Power Company for export. The loads on the systems of the Commission are referred to more fully in Section II of this report.

Dominion Power and Transmission Properties

The distribution systems of the Dominion Power and Transmission Company in the cities of Hamilton and Brantford which were sold during 1931 and 1932 respectively have proved to be entirely satisfactory. The arrangements of sale provided for the purchase of these properties by payments extending over a number of years, but it is expected that the entire purchase price of the systems in both these cities will be paid sooner than originally planned.

Negotiations are under way in connection with the sale of the Dominion Power and Transmission Company's distribution system in St. Catharines to the local commission. The rural distributing lines of this Company have already been absorbed in the several rural power districts in which they are situated.

"Secondary" Power

"Secondary" power is a term applied to power which is sold subject to unlimited interruptions, to reduction or to complete withdrawal, at any time it is required for use by municipalities, or for the maintenance of the supply of firm power. Although the Niagara system of the Commission has a high load-factor it has, of course, daily and seasonal peaks; thus there are, even in times of normal industrial activity, periods of the day and of the year when large amounts of "secondary" power are available. "Secondary" power, however, on account of the uncertainty of the times and durations of the system peaks, is not sufficiently dependable for ordinary industrial uses. A limited amount of such power can be utilized by large special industries in certain heating and electro-chemical processes. Although Canadian consumers are at all times given priority of consideration, the chief market for "secondary" power which the Commission has had at its disposal on the Niagara system has up till recently been in adjacent territory in the United States served by supply systems securing a large proportion of their power from steam plants. Such systems, by utilizing, when available, this "secondary" power can conserve their fuel supplies. The sale of this power to the Canadian Niagara Power Company for use in the United States has enabled the Commission to employ profitably its generating equipment at times when not required to take care of the demands of the Niagara system. During the latter part of the year this Company has resumed taking this kind of power in substantial quantities.

Profitable Employment of System Reserve Generating Capacity

In times of curtailed industrial activity the amount of reserve power capacity which it is necessary to maintain, increases. If this reserve capacity can be put to profitable temporary use under conditions or contracts that ensure the maintenance of its character as system reserves, it is an economic gain to the Province and brings to the Hydro undertaking a revenue which reduces the cost of maintaining the essential reserves.

One market for this type of power is found in the production of steam for industrial processes. During the past year the Commission has supplied substantial amounts of secondary power for steam purposes and arrangements are being made to supply other companies in a similar manner. As general economic conditions improve, there will be less reserve power available for this purpose because more will be required for the normal uses of the municipalities. Meantime, it may be noted, the utilization of reserve power for the production of process steam replaces imported coal.

Engineering Assistance to Municipalities

General engineering assistance was given during the year to practically all of the municipalities in the Niagara system, by a general supervision of management and operation.

Estimates and work in connection with the rebuilding of distribution systems to take care of various conditions was undertaken during the year and additional transformer capacity provided where necessary in the following places: Amherstburg, Aylmer, Beachville, Blenheim, Brampton, Caledonia, Dresden, Drumbo, Dundas, Exeter, Fergus, Fonthill, Goderich, Mimico, New Hamburg, Niagara-on-the-Lake, North York Twp., Otterville, Paris, Plattsville, Port Credit, Preston, Ridgetown, St. Jacobs, Seaforth, Simcoe, Strathroy, Tilbury, Toronto Twp., Waterdown, Wellesley, Weston and Woodbridge.

Certain municipalities received special engineering advice and assistance regarding a number of matters, which are more fully referred to as follows:

Chatham—A 200-horsepower fire pump is being installed. The motor will operate at 4,000 volts and the pump will have a capacity of 5,000,000 imperial gallons per 24 hours at a pressure of 110 pounds. The present steam pump stand-by will be replaced with two gasoline-engine driven pumps in order to reduce the waterworks operating costs. The distance from the Chatham Hydro utility step-down station to the waterworks pumping station is approximately one mile and a special feeder will be erected.

Dunnville—An additional primary circuit and a new transformer bank were constructed for service to power consumers who were increasing their loads.

Georgetown—New lines were designed and their locations determined preparatory to removing circuits from the main street. Arrangements were made also for additional primary lines to improve service to power customers.

Goderich—Plans were made for rebuilding of a portion of the distribution lines which had become overloaded and particularly with a view to securing a primary loop so that interruptions for repair work would be reduced to the minimum.

Humberstone—Provision for convenience of operation and better service by arranging for interswitching with Port Colborne, is being undertaken, together with general system revision. Plans were submitted by the Commission's engineers and the work is being done under their supervision.

London—A new 13,200-volt feeder consisting of 3-conductor 4/0 cable was laid between the Commission's high-tension station and the corner of Highbury avenue and King street to take care of the increasing industrial load in this area.

St. Marys—The severe wind storm on June 9, badly damaged the circuits in all parts of St. Marys. Advantage was taken of the situation when rebuilding to replace equipment which had become inadequate, particularly conductor, and a large portion of the distribution system was rebuilt with larger conductor, new poles and heavier line material.

Sarnia—Specifications were prepared for the installation of two electrically driven domestic water pumps in the waterworks plant. These pumps will be equipped with 4,000-volt motors and have a capacity of 150 and 200 horsepower respectively. The present steam-driven pump will be retained as a stand-by in case of fire. Power will be supplied over a separate feeder from No. 1 municipal station to the pumping plant, a distance of approximately one and a half miles. The pumps will be capable of delivering 3,240,000 imperial gallons and 4,320,000 imperial gallons of water per 24 hours.

Tillsonburg—Plans are being prepared for the complete overhauling of the local substation, partly due to increased load and partly to obtain better operating conditions.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

A small increase occurred in the power demand of this system during the year, but for the most part, the loads in the various municipalities were constant with respect to previous year conditions. A new industry of fair magnitude in one of the municipalities, together with a large number of new consumers taken on in the summer resort districts, established a higher system peak during a portion of the year, but as the new summer load is in existence for only about two or three months, and as the new industrial load was in operation during the latter part of the year only, the total yearly average load increase was not greatly affected.

The distribution system in the village of Mildmay purchased last year by the Commission from The Mildmay Electric Light Company, was sold to the corporation of the village, and the distribution system purchased last year from

The Formosa Electric Light Company was merged into the Bruce Rural Power District, and service given to the various consumers in accordance with the rural sections of the Power Commission Act.

A new 22,000-volt transmission line was constructed between Shelburne and Orangeville replacing the old line purchased from The Pine River Light & Power Company in 1916, and all financial matters, as well as all features of improved service in connection therewith, were placed before all the municipalities affected by the change, and approval obtained. Arrangements were also made for reconstructing the transmission line between Grand Valley and Arthur, and a large portion of this was completed during the year.

General engineering assistance and advice concerning the maintenance and operation of the various local distribution systems, also assistance in connection with the application of rates, and the submission of information to power and lighting customers was rendered to all of the municipalities throughout the year.

Engineering advice of a special nature in connection with matters referred to was given to the following municipalities:

Chatsworth—Plans and specifications were prepared covering a complete rebuilding of the local distribution system.

Formosa—The primary line out of the Walkerton generating station which feeds the hamlet of Formosa, as well as the local distribution system of Walkerton, was completely reconstructed and made a part of the Bruce rural power district.

Kincardine—The Public Utilities Commission submitted information concerning the cost of power to a new industry. It negotiated a contract for power service, rebuilt a portion of the distribution system in order to deliver power to this new consumer, and enlarged the local substation to provide adequate transformer capacity for supplying this new load in conjunction with the existing load in the municipality.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

This system includes the Central Ontario, St. Lawrence, Rideau, Ottawa and Madawaska districts. The area served is that part of Ontario lying east of the area served by the Georgian Bay and Niagara systems.

The power supply is from developments owned by the Commission on the Trent Canal system and on the Mississippi and Madawaska rivers. Power is purchased from the Gatineau Power Company, the Rideau Power Company and the Beach Estate at Iroquois.

The Commission controls or has an interest in a number of undeveloped water-power sites on the Ottawa, Mississippi and Madawaska rivers, from which sites additional power can be made available when warranted by the demand. At present the growth of load is met by increased deliveries of power purchased under contract with the Gatineau Power Company.

Owing to low water conditions on the Trent Canal system, the power allotments due from the Gatineau Power Company were all required in the closing months of this year.

General engineering assistance and advice was given to municipalities concerning the management and operation of the various local distribution systems.

Certain municipalities received special engineering advice and assistance regarding a number of matters, which are more fully referred to as follows:

Bobcaygeon—Estimates on the cost of power were given to this municipality last year but no action was taken by the municipal officials. This year a further request was received from the municipality for new estimates. New estimates based on present conditions were submitted.

Brockville—The Brockville Public Utilities Commission has this year paid off all its debenture debt against the local utilities. This event was celebrated by a banquet on October 12, 1933, at which the members of the Provincial Commission were guests of honour.

Cobourg—The electrical distribution system and waterworks which were purchased by the Corporation from the Commission last year, were managed and operated by the Commission on behalf of the Corporation from January 1, 1932, to January 1, 1933, when the management and operation of these utilities were taken over by the Cobourg Public Utilities Commission, which will operate them, in future, on behalf of the Corporation.

Colborne—The corporation of Colborne concluded negotiations for the purchase of the distribution system in the village from the Peebles Estate on January 1, 1933. From this date the system has been operated by the municipality under a cost contract with this Commission.

Newcastle—An extension of the Newcastle distribution system to Newcastle-on-the-Lake authorized last year was completed and power made available for the summer season.

Norwood—The rebuilding of part of the local distribution system, necessitated by improvements to the highway, was completed by the Commission on behalf of the municipality.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

An outstanding improvement has taken place in the demand for power on this system during the year. A large portion of the load increase was not obtained until near the end of the current year, but early in the new year the entire surplus capacity of the two generating plants at Cameron Falls and Alexander will be sold and the generating equipment of the combined developments on the Nipigon river will be completely loaded for the first time since the completion of the

Alexander development. One of the large pulp and paper mills at Port Arthur, formerly closed down, resumed operations during the last four months of the year, and another large mill in Fort William increased its demand by several thousand horsepower.

New load to the extent of approximately 40,000 horsepower was contracted for, with two large pulp and paper mills for the operation of electric steam generators. This new load was sold on an "at-will" basis and is recallable at any time during the term of the agreements should the power be required for supplying firm power to new or existing consumers. One of these steam generator installations, with a demand of about 18,000 horsepower, was placed in operation in September, and the installation of equipment under the other contract is nearly completed and will probably be placed in operation during the first month of the new year.

A large extension was made to the Port Arthur rural power district and service was given to approximately 60 summer consumers situated along the shores of Thunder Bay east of Port Arthur.

Engineering assistance and advice covering the management and operation of the various distribution systems was given to the cities of Fort William and Port Arthur, and to the village of Nipigon, and the complete operation of the Port Arthur and Fort William rural power districts was carried on by the Commission on behalf of the various townships concerned.

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

Nipissing District

This district comprises the area lying north and east of Lake Nipissing, and is served by three generating plants, situated on the South river, supplying electrical energy to the city of North Bay, the town of Powassan, the unincorporated hamlets of Callander and Nipissing and the rural districts adjacent to North Bay and Powassan. Load conditions in this district were fairly constant throughout the year, in consequence of which no special changes, or improvements were required in generating plant, transformation, transmission, or distribution equipment. Arrangements were made, however, to secure an additional 750-kv-a in transformer capacity for North Bay to provide spare or emergency equipment for future operation.

Abitibi District

This district comprises the entire area lying within transmission distance of the Abitibi Canyon development, including the mining districts adjacent to Sudbury, Kirkland Lake, and Timmins. During the year the Commission became responsible for the operation of the Abitibi Canyon development and transmission lines, formerly the property of The Ontario Power Service Corporation. The Abitibi Canyon development was placed in operation during the month of May, and an engineer was assigned to the Abitibi district in order to maintain contact with all of the existing and prospective mining companies, for the purpose of submitting information in connection with the use of electrical

energy and the cost thereof, and negotiating contracts for the sale of power. Definite information was submitted to the officials of several new mining properties and details of agreement covering the sale of power were discussed. It is expected that several agreements covering the delivery of electrical energy will be closed with these mining companies early in the new year. A contract was also completed with The Canada Northern Power Corporation covering the sale of power by the Commission to the company of its entire future load growth for a period of ten years. A large block of "at-will" power was sold to one of the large paper companies under a temporary agreement, for electric steam generation, and arrangements were made to negotiate a long-term contract with the same company for 60,000 horsepower under similar conditions. It is anticipated that the results of the efforts being made will require the construction of from 150 to 200 miles of high-tension transmission line, and of several transformer stations early next year, to take care of local growth in this district.

Sudbury District

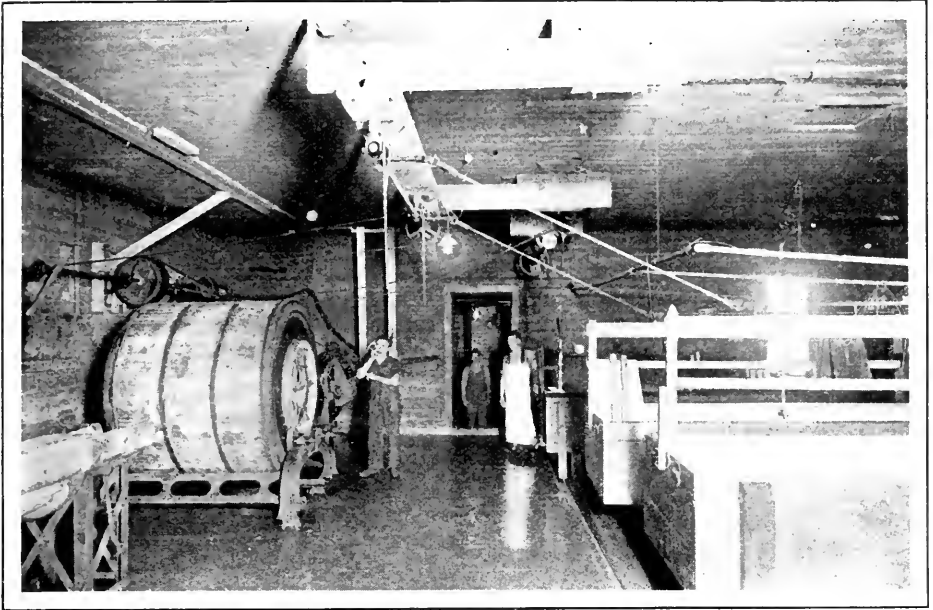
The district comprises the area adjacent to the city of Sudbury, to which power is supplied at 60 cycles from three power developments on the Wahnapietac river. The demand for 60-cycle power in this district has been such that the power that can be produced by the generating capacity of these three developments has all been sold, and any further load increase will have to be taken care of by 25-cycle power from the Abitibi Canyon development and transmission line, or, by the installation of frequency changer sets. A new contract was negotiated with one of the large mining companies, providing for an increased demand of 50 per cent, and assistance was given to the city of Sudbury in connection with the operation of its local distribution system. Information was also submitted to the rural districts adjacent to Sudbury with respect to procedure concerning the securing of Hydro-Electric service from the Commission.

Patricia District

Information and advice was given to the large gold mine, at present being served from the Ear Falls development. A survey was made, estimates were prepared, and negotiations carried on concerning the construction of a development at the foot of Lake Joseph on the Albany river in connection with supplying power to two mining properties.

Manitoulin District

This district comprises the entire Island of Manitoulin, and, at the present time, power is being delivered to a rural power district, inclusive of the town of Gore Bay, and the hamlet of Mindemoya. Meetings were held throughout the year in the eastern section of the island adjacent to Little Current and Manitowaning, also Sheguindah, in connection with supplying these municipalities, and adjacent rural sections, by means of any extension to the existing lines, or by securing power from another development. At the present time power is being purchased from the Kagawong development of The Little Rapids Pulp Company under a contract which was executed during the year.



RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE IN ONTARIO

A cheese factory utilizing electric power—one of many rural industries that have experienced the economy of "Hydro" service

RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE

There are now 171 operating rural power districts served by the Commission. These districts deliver power to approximately 62,000 rural consumers in 352 townships and 92 police villages, over a network of rural primary lines which, in length, aggregates more than 9,000 miles. In addition to the 352 townships served, there are 8 townships served jointly by rural power districts and voted areas. In the years prior to 1920 this service was supplied to townships and for the most part the rural consumers were reached by extensions to existing urban and suburban distribution networks. In 1920, amendments to The Power Commission Act provided for the formation of rural power districts and in 1921 and 1924 special rural Acts were passed by the Provincial Legislature providing for the payment of Provincial "grants-in-aid." These legislative enactments; *the special consideration given to rural electrical service; and the experience gained and put into practice by the Commission, have resulted in a remarkable growth in rural electrical service in Ontario. This is well shown by the accompanying charts. There is, indeed, no branch of the Commission's activities to which, during recent years, more detailed consideration has been given than its department of rural electrical service.

*Re Rural Power District Legislation:—Consult *The Power Commission Act* (R.S.O. 1927, ch. 57); *The Rural Hydro-Electric Distribution Act* (R.S.O. 1927, ch. 59); *The Rural Power District Loans Act, 1930* (20 Geo. V, ch. 14), and *The Rural Power District Service Charge Act, 1930* (20 Geo. V, ch. 15).

**RURAL ELECTRICITY**

Hydro service brings to Ontario farms a higher standard of living in house, dairy and barn. Only those city dwellers can appreciate the benefits of farm under other methods can

Distribution of power to rural communities has now gained an established place in Ontario country life. The improvements that can be effected in the standard of living by the generous use of electricity on the farm and in the farm home are everywhere recognized. It is clean for the house, convenient and safe for all uses and under Hydro rates very economical. Even during the past two years when the cumulative effects of the period of economic stress have been most acutely felt, appreciable gains have been made in rural power districts both to the number of consumers served and to the total mileage of lines.

It must, however, be recognized that rural electrical service is essentially a community interest and to attain its greatest success must have the whole-hearted support of all rural dwellers. Co-operation is the keynote of success. Primarily, rural service is made possible by the great networks of transmission lines which have been constructed to serve urban municipalities. These networks afford a base from which rural primary lines may economically be extended over wide areas of the more closely settled parts of rural Ontario. Thus there is co-operation between the urban and rural citizens. The growth in the mileage of rural lines during normal years has been phenomenal, until at the present time the aggregate length of such lines exceeds the mileage of the main transmission lines built to serve urban centres. In the rural power districts the transmission lines which serve the individual farmers can also carry electrical energy to churches, schools and stores, as well as provide power for factories utilizing



THE FARMER IN ONTARIO

with comfort and relief from many arduous tasks
 have had experience of life and work on the
 state the benefits of this service

agricultural products as their raw material. Thus, co-operation produces the greatest benefit to all and results in lower costs.

In supplying electrical service to rural districts the Commission has followed a comprehensive and carefully thought-out programme. Rural power districts are designed to be economic unit areas with respect to the transmission lines and power supply facilities that are available, and their boundaries are not arbitrary geographical limits such, for example, as define the areas of townships. In practice a typical district covers about 100 square miles.

The experience gained by the Commission and the improvements in technique enable electrical service to be given to rural districts when there can be secured three signed farm contracts, or their equivalent, per mile of line to be constructed.

Provincial Government Aids Rural Service

Assistance respecting electrical service is given by the Province to farmers and rural residents in three ways, namely:

First—A grant-in-aid toward the initial capital cost of supplying electrical service, amounting to 50 per cent of the cost of line and secondary equipment necessary to deliver power from the supply point of the Commission's stations or of a city, town, village, etc., to the customer's property. This is the maximum amount provided for by *The Rural Hydro-Electric Distribution Act*.

Second—Authority has been granted by the Province to the Commission in *The Rural Power District Service Charge Act, 1930*, to fix a maximum service charge for any class of service rendered by the Commission in a rural power district. Where as may be the case in newly established rural power districts such maximum service charge is not sufficient to meet the necessary cost of service, as specified by the Commission, the deficit is chargeable to and payable out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province. Payments made out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund for this purpose, on account of any rural power district, are charged to that rural power district in a special account—known as the “Rural Power Service Suspense Account”—in the books of the Treasurer of Ontario, and any surplus thereafter arising from any maximum service charge in that rural power district is to be paid to the Treasurer of Ontario and placed to the credit of the rural power district in such suspense account until the deficit is extinguished. Where a temporary deficit arises in any rural power district owing to the application of the maximum service charge, such maximum service charge must remain in force and be charged in that rural power district until the deficit is extinguished.

A tabulation set out on an accompanying page shows the present maximum service charge placed in effect on January 1, 1930.

Third—An Act—*The Rural Power District Loans Act, 1930*—to provide for granting aid towards the installation of electrical works in rural power districts was passed during the year 1930. The purpose of this Act is to provide advances towards the installation of electrical services in rural power districts, subject to regulations. Aid may be granted subject to such regulations and repayments, or the wiring from the transmission or distribution lines of the Commission into and throughout dwellings, farms, out-houses, and any other works which may from time to time be specified by the regulations. In addition to the wiring, loans may be obtained on transformers, motors, or other appliances, as may be necessary or expedient for any industrial, agricultural or domestic purpose which may be specified in the regulations.

Rural Loans

Loans have been made to rural consumers to aid them finance the cost of wiring their premises and the installation of motors, grain grinders, pumping systems, milking machines and washing machines—all made possible by the passing of *The Rural Power District Loans Act* in 1930.

Up to October 31, 1933, there have been 496 applications for loans received since the Act was put into force. Of these 144 were received during the last fiscal year. During the fiscal year 11 applications have been withdrawn by the applicants, 12 have been either ineligible for loan due to the condition of the security or the applicants have failed to conform to the regulations—approval to these has not been given—and 29 applications are pending the receipt of information from the field to enable the Commission to approve them. In all, 371 applications have been approved and loans granted up to October 31, 1933; of these, 110 have been granted during the past fiscal year.

The following table shows the applications approved and granted in the various systems:

APPLICATIONS FOR RURAL LOANS APPROVED AND GRANTED

System	To Oct. 31, 1932		Fiscal Year 1933		Total to date	
	No.	Amount	No.	Amount	No.	Amount
		\$		\$		\$
Niagara	166	36,260	93	17,135	259	53,395
Georgian Bay	76	21,727	9	2,065	85	23,792
Eastern Ontario	19	5,715	3	415	22	6,130
Northern Districts—Manitoulin Island			5	1,060	5	1,060
Totals	261	63,702	110	20,675	371	84,377

The average loan amounts to \$227.43.

DETAILS OF RURAL LOANS GRANTED UP TO OCTOBER 31, 1933

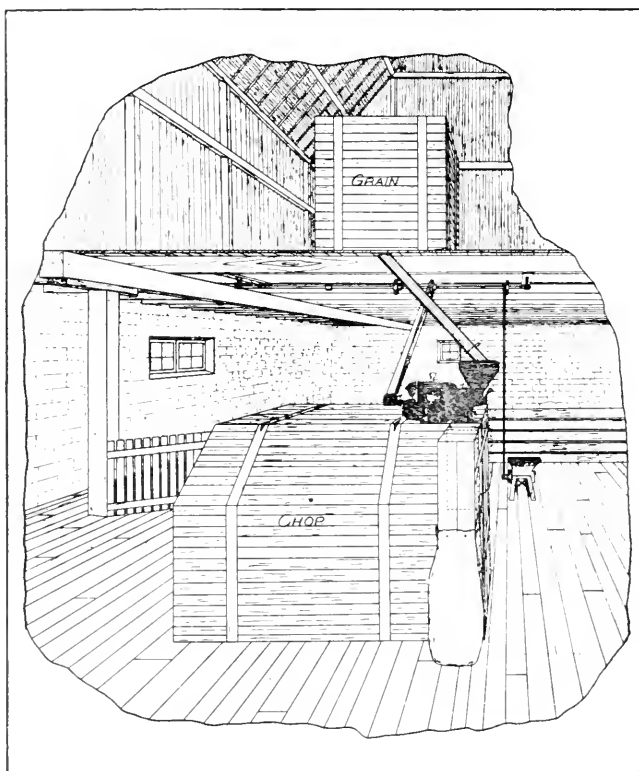
Items applied for (including installation) in loans which have been paid	1930-31 74 Applications Granted		1931-32 187 Applications Granted		1932-33 110 Applications Granted		Totals All Applications Granted	
	Number affected	Cost to consumers	Number affected	Cost to consumers	Number affected	Cost to consumers	Number affected	Cost to consumers
		\$		\$		\$		\$
Service	60	3,485	91	4,756	21	1,286	172	9,527
House wiring	63	7,861	90	8,077	18	1,279	171	17,217
Building wiring	60	6,160	87	7,453	24	1,470	171	15,083
Motors	16	1,545	15	1,508	7	942	38	3,995
Grain grinders	15	2,490	95	16,986	87	15,635	197	35,111
Pumping systems	6	616	8	849	2	147	16	1,613
Milking machines	2	675	2	405	2	386	6	1,466
Washing machines	15	1,734	8	934	2	159	25	2,827
Totals	74	24,566	187	40,968	110	21,304	371	86,839

Respecting the 371 applications which have been granted, the following table shows the number of loans approved for each term of years from one to ten years:

One year term	4 loans	Six year term	6 loans
Two " "	4 "	Seven " "	72 "
Three " "	24 "	Eight " "	9 "
Four " "	11 "	Nine " "	0 "
Five " "	203 "	Ten " "	38 "
		Total	371 "

Up to October 31, 1933, 29 loans had been repaid in full, either through the fact that the loans matured or because of the improved financial position of the loanee.

The assistance given by the Province in these several ways is in pursuance of a long-established governmental policy of promoting the basic industry of agriculture. This policy had previously found expression in the establishment of



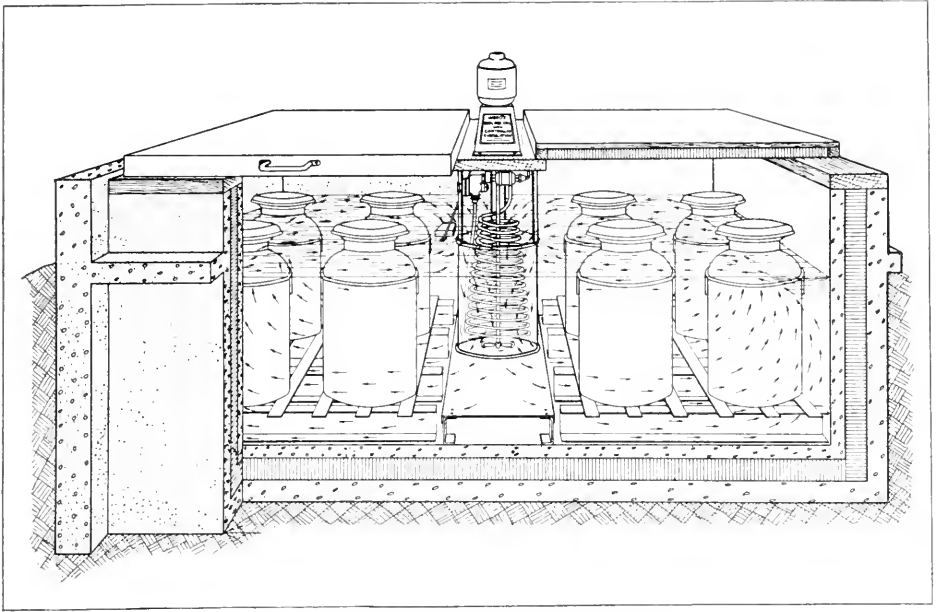
RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE IN ONTARIO

The utility-motor chopper set up as shown permits chopping to be done while the operator is otherwise employed in the barn. The line shafting, when belted to the motor, will supply power for many other machines used in the barn.

agricultural schools, colleges and experimental farms, in assistance for farm drainage, road building and in other ways. The grants-in-aid and guarantees thus given make it possible to extend hydro-electrical power service to those engaged in and connected with agricultural pursuits in less densely populated districts where otherwise such service would not be financially feasible.

The extent and effect of the Province's financial assistance with respect to the distribution of power in rural districts should be clearly understood. The Government grant-in-aid relates solely to the initial capital investment for distribution facilities in rural power districts only. Having made its grant-in-aid, the Government further participates in the operation of each district in that it guarantees a maximum service charge, otherwise its participation in the operation of the property ceases. Each rural power district not only pays the cost of operation, maintenance and administration of its lines, but also sets up reserves for renewals, obsolescence and contingencies on the whole of the equipment and lines, as well as for sinking fund on the investment made by the Commission on behalf of the townships served.

The aggregate load distributed to the rural dwellers is, and possibly must always be, but a relatively small proportion of the total load distributed by the



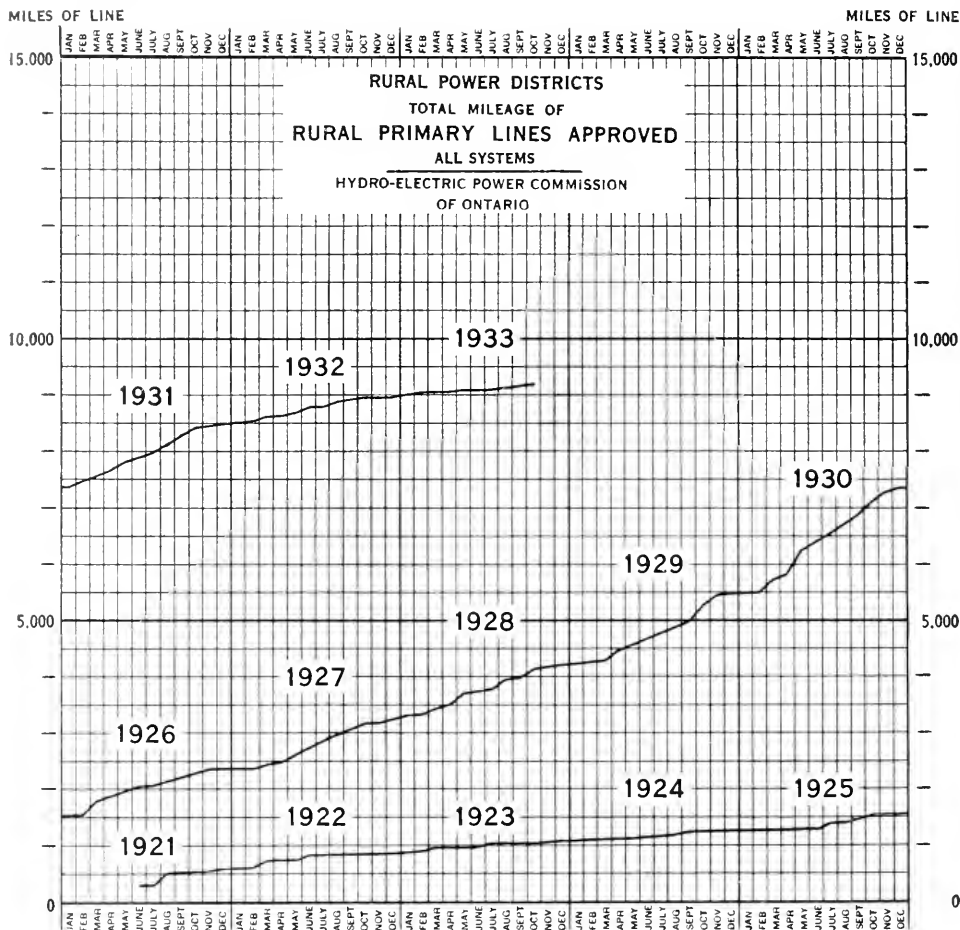
RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE IN ONTARIO

Milk cooling by electric refrigeration with agitation is now being used by progressive Ontario farmers to their economic advantage. It is reported that this method of cooling is less expensive, more reliable and certainly cleaner than ice

Commission when the amounts of power supplied to large cities and industrial consumers are taken into consideration, but some idea of the magnitude of the rural load may be conveyed by stating that it is now equal to the sum of the loads supplied to eight of the smaller cities served by the Commission, or to the loads supplied to 38 towns of population 2,000 or more.

The accompanying diagrams and tables illustrate the expansion of rural electrical service in Ontario during the last thirteen years. The greater area covered is shown by the increased mileage of primary lines approved. The increase in the use of electricity by the farming communities is shown by the aggregate power loads supplied to the rural power districts. It is believed that further substantial progress will be made in the next few years. An outstanding reason for this growth is the extent to which the Commission has gained the confidence of the rural communities through efficiency in the construction of lines, through progressive reductions in rates and by a continuity of service which has contributed very materially to progress by inspiring confidence in the use of electrical power-driven machinery.

Further research investigation of equipment for use on the farm has been carried on by the Commission's engineers in an effort to improve the efficiency of the application of Hydro power to the needs of the Ontario farmer and to develop new uses to their advantage. Plates for grain choppers have been further improved and new developments in the utility motor chopper have been started by manufacturers in co-operation with the Commission. Milk coolers employing the agitation principle have been produced which achieve the desired

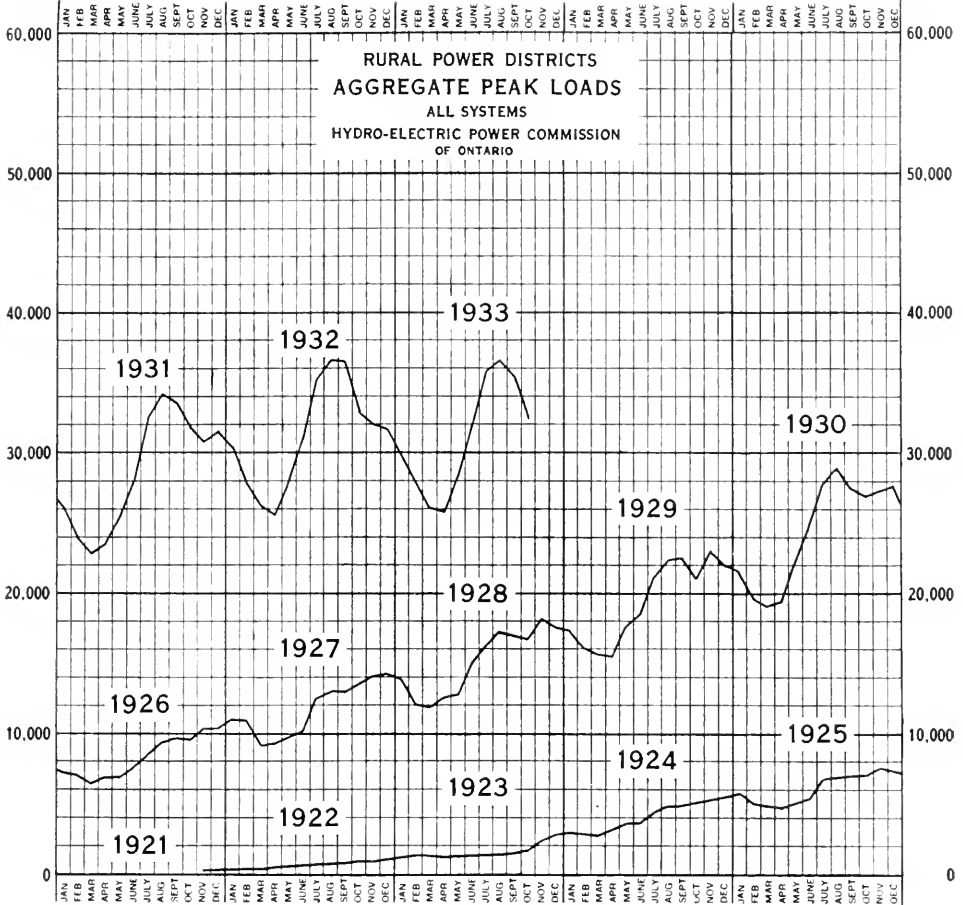


RURAL LINE EXTENSIONS DURING THE YEAR 1933

System	Miles of primary line	Number of consumers			Power supplied in October, 1933	Capital approved for extensions	
		Hamlet	Farm	Total		Total	Provincial grant-in-aid
Niagara	113.76	775	512	1,287	24,296	\$ 274,682.00	c. 137,341.00
Georgian Bay	40.23	312	118	430	2,473	101,482.94	50,741.47
Eastern Ontario	58.74	307	154	461	5,329	151,051.00	75,525.50
Thunder Bay	26.65	55	5	60	113	48,183.00	24,091.50
Northern Ontario Properties:							
Nipissing District	2.73	23	1	24	81	7,086.00	3,543.00
Manitoulin District	4.40	43	6	49	80	8,377.00	4,188.50
Total	246.51	1,515	796	2,311	32,372	590,861.94	295,430.97

HORSEPOWER

HORSEPOWER



SUMMARY OF RURAL LINE EXTENSIONS

As Approved by the Commission from June 1, 1921, to October 31, 1933

System	Miles of primary line	Number of consumers			Capital approved for extensions	
		Hamlet	Farm	Total	Total	Provincial grant-in-aid
Niagara	6,581 .34	22,405	22,135	44,540	\$ 14,528,882 .63	\$ 7,241,161 .31
Georgian Bay	826 .18	4,044	1,777	5,821	1,726,687 .95	829,681 .99
Eastern Ontario	1,637 .16	6,769	3,969	10,738	3,612,244 .79	1,806,122 .39
Thunder Bay	77 .20	111	150	261	135,300 .00	67,650 .00
Northern Ontario Properties:						
Nipissing District	15 .12	293	29	322	44,094 .00	22,047 .00
Manitoulin District	37 .40	143	20	163	62,925 .00	31,461 .50
Total	9,174 .40	33,765	28,080	61,845	20,110,132 .37	9,998,124 .19

result in a minimum of time. The Commission's engineers, in co-operation with the Agricultural Engineering department of the Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph, have jointly made studies and suggestions in the perfecting of this equipment.

During the past year electrical soil heating was the subject of research in regard to its use on vegetable growers' farms at Burlington, Vineland Testing station and the Ontario Agricultural College. Investigations were also made in order to show the variety of uses to which electrical soil heating might be applied by vegetable growers, florists, etc. These investigations were actually carried out in the tobacco seed propagating beds at Simcoe, in the propagating flower beds at Niagara Falls, also in the open vegetable fields in the vicinity of Collingwood and Burlington.

Co-operation with the Ontario Government Emphasizing the Importance of "Ontario Products for Ontario People"

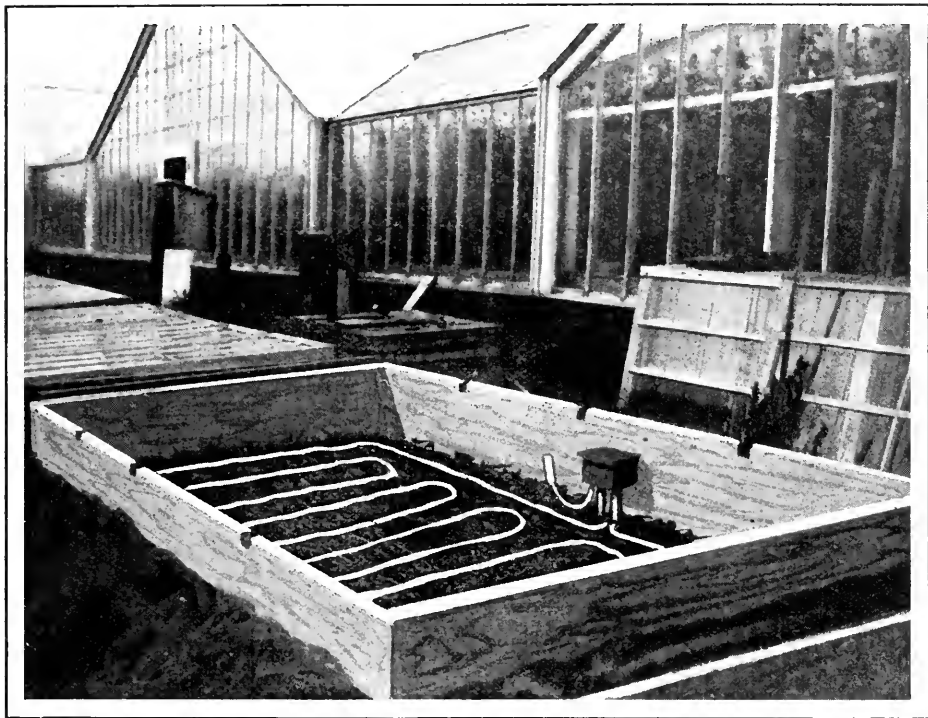
The Ontario Department of Agriculture arranged during the year to conduct cooking schools in various centres throughout the Province. These schools were for the purpose of emphasizing the importance of "Ontario Products for Ontario People." At the request of the Minister of Agriculture the Commission co-operated with the Department by setting up for demonstration purposes electrical apparatus for the kitchen such as cooking appliances, refrigerators, etc. This equipment was loaned by the various manufacturers and two-day electric cooking demonstrations were held in various centres as follows: Aylmer, Brampton, Brighton, Exeter, Lindsay, Milton, Napanee, Newmarket, Orangeville, Port Hope, St. Marys and Stratford.

Considerable interest in the information provided was apparent as these classes had an average attendance of 250. In two cases severe weather interfered with the attendance. The places at which these demonstrations were given were selected with a view to providing information for the smaller towns and rural districts; as it was considered that the cities and larger towns were already well informed through demonstrations by the various manufacturers of electrical apparatus.

The Year's Constructional Activities

During the past year the amount of constructional work carried out in the rural power districts was much lower than that obtaining a few years ago. Nevertheless some 250 miles of primary transmission lines were constructed or under construction and electrical service was given to more than 2,300 additional consumers. The capital expenditure approved for rural construction work during the past year was \$590,862, and the aggregate peak load in October, 1933, reached 32,372 horsepower. Details of these matters and of the present status of rural distribution are presented in the accompanying tables. For the coming year, arrangements have been made to construct about 300 miles of additional rural lines.

The tabulation on page 76 shows the extensions approved during the year, the number of consumers, the amounts of power supplied, the capital expenditures and the amounts of provincial grant-in-aid of rural lines approved by the Government.



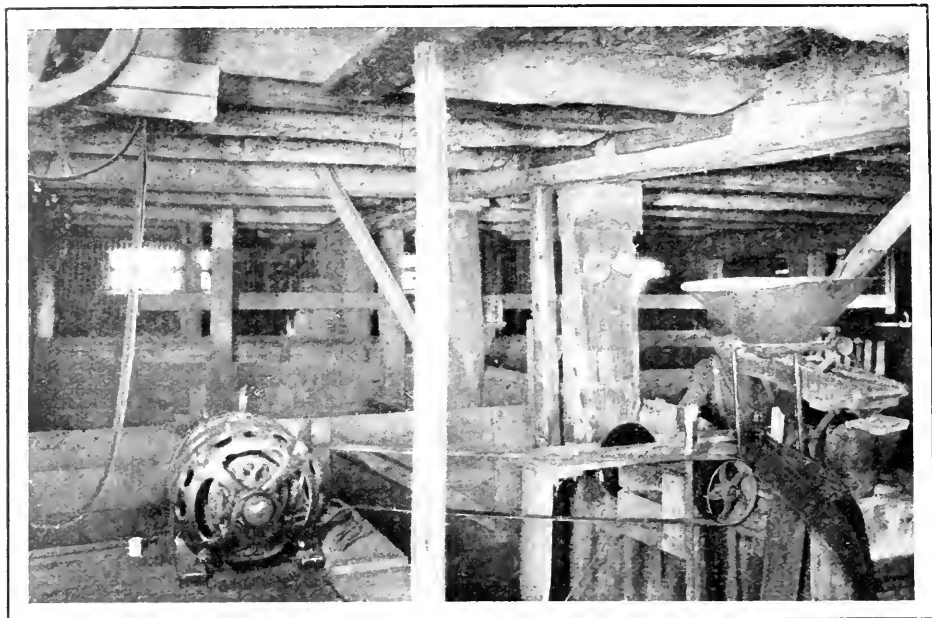
RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE IN ONTARIO

Electric soil heating by cable heater units installed on or under the soil of propagation or growing areas, produces surprising results in advancing and increasing the harvest. Control, automatically or at the will of the operator, provides flexibility formally not available to the grower. This is a comparatively new field of application for Hydro-electric power

Rates for Rural Electrical Service

Rates to rural consumers are based upon service "at cost"—proper account, of course, being taken of the Provincial grant-in-aid for rural work and the operation of the provision for a maximum service charge—and as in urban centres the rates are made up of two parts, a service charge and a consumption charge. In any given rural power district the service charge to a consumer depends primarily upon the individual connected load or demand which determines his class rating (see "Classification of Services") but this is modified in the earlier years of operation of a rural power district by the provision respecting maximum service charge; the consumption charge is in the form of a first and second kilowatt-hour charge and is largely determined by the cost of power at the source of supply to the rural power district.

An important factor in connection with rural power supply is the stability of rates charged. Since service is given at cost and since it is the policy to give service whenever economically practicable, it is necessary, in the interests of the rural consumers themselves, to ensure by contract a certain minimum return from each mile of line constructed. Otherwise, if one or two prospective consumers failed to take service, it would place an unfair burden upon those who did. Experience has led the Commission to adopt the safe policy of constructing rural lines only when sufficient contracts have been signed to guarantee payment of the



RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE IN ONTARIO

In this installation the saw is being driven by a 3-horse-power motor. The motor can also be belted to the chopper or to a lineshaft for driving other power-using equipment. Belted-motor chopper installations are in many cases being superseded by utility-motor choppers requiring only half the power

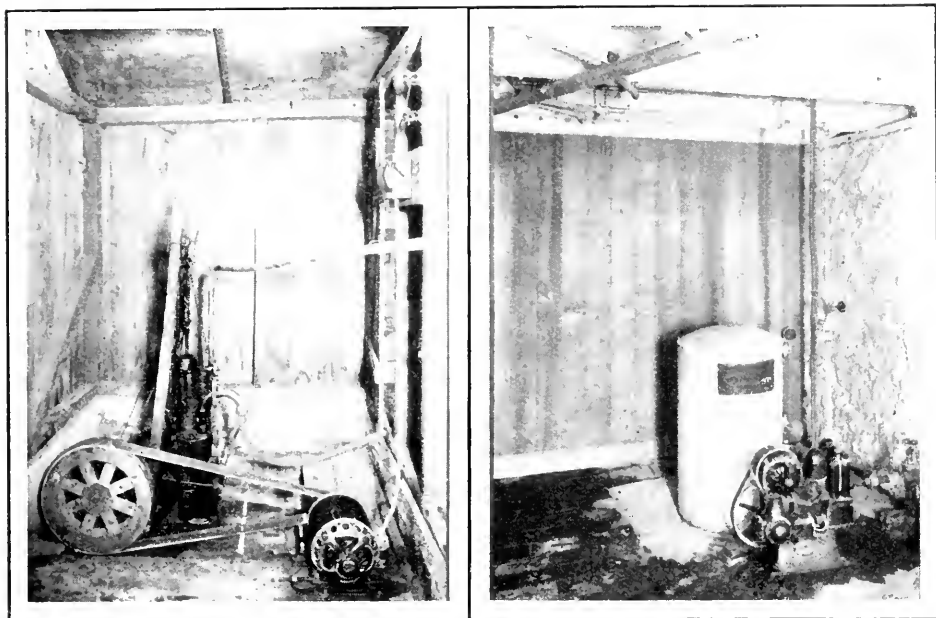
fixed charges on their cost; the minimum signed contracts required being three ordinary farm contracts or their equivalent per mile of line constructed.

For the purpose of determining the service charge, each mile of line is assumed to represent a minimum of 15 units and to each class of service is assigned a value in such units. The accompanying table gives this information and shows the annual and monthly service charges applicable to each class of service. It may be stated that more than 90 per cent of the contracts entered into for farm service are either of Class 2B or Class III. These, therefore, are the representative classes for individual farm service.

Rather more than half the consumers in rural power districts are grouped in hamlets or small villages closely identified with rural activities, and these consumers are usually in Class 1B or Class 1C. It should further be understood that rural power districts do not include suburban districts or larger villages. These have their own electrical utilities.

Usually new rural power districts begin at standard rural rates and these constitute the maximum rates submitted to the proposed consumers. As the average number of consumers per mile of line increases, the service charges may be, and in practice have been, reduced; and with increased consumption the rates per kilowatt-hour are also lowered. Thus, in older-established rural power districts the total cost of service is much below the initial standard rates.

At the end of this section is given a tabulation of the rural power districts established in connection with the several systems of the Commission, which shows the miles of line, the number of consumers and the rate schedules for each district.



RURAL ELECTRICAL SERVICE IN ONTARIO

Present pumps may be adapted to electric drive by using a jack belted to a motor, usually with a supply tank at a height

The automatic electric pump used in rural districts, assures a water service equal to that in towns and cities. In the equipment shown, the pump is automatically started when the pressure in the small tank falls below a certain level

SERVICE CHARGES IN RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—SINCE JAN. 1, 1930
 With Provincial Grant-in-Aid—25-cycle and 60-cycle Service

Class of rural service	Units per consumer*	Approx. number of customers per mile of line	Demand allowed consumer in k-w.	Kilowatt-hours per month at first rate	Gross annual service charge	Gross monthly service charge	Net annual service charge	Net monthly service charge
					\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1B	2 25	6.8	1.32	30	18.00	1.50	16.20	1.35
1C	3 75	4.0	2.0	30	27.96	2.33	25.20	2.10
2A	1.90	8.0	1.32	30	20.64	1.72	18.60	1.55
2B	3.50	4.3	2.0	30	27.96	2.33	25.20	2.10
3	5 00	3 0	3 0	42	33.36	2.78	30.00	2.50
4	5.35	2.8	5.0	70	36.00	3.00	32.40	2.70
5	7.50	2.0	5.0	70	50.04	4.17	45.00	3.75
6A	12.50	1.2	9.0	126	62.04	5.17	55.80	4.65
6B	12.50	1.2	9.0	126	70.68	5.89	63.60	5.30
7A	20.00	0.74	15.0	210	92.64	7.72	83.40	6.95
7B	20.00	0.7	15.0	210	111.36	9.28	100.20	8.35

*Before a rural primary line is constructed contracts equivalent to 15 primary units per mile must be signed. (For explanation of units see accompanying text.) Thus three Class 3 consumers at 5 units each equals 15 units. Service charges are adjusted so that each class of service bears its equitable share of the cost.

Note: For classification of services see page 88.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—MILES OF LINE, NUMBER OF CONSUMERS AND RATES—OCTOBER 31, 1933

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Rural power district	Miles of line	No. of consumers	Rural rates												Gross consumption charge		Prompt payment discount	
			Class and gross monthly service charge						Rural rates						1st 14 hrs. use of class demand, min. 30 kw-hrs.	cents		All additional
			1B	1C	2A	2B	3*	4	5	6A	6B	7A	7B	cents				
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	%		
N5 D1	8.88	22	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10		
N4 D7	5.80	16	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6.5	2	10		
N18 D9	3.87	8	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10		
N15 D3	59.55	590	1.30	2.33	1.60	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5	2	10		
N11 D2	114.31	618	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4.5	2	10		
N12 D4	22.85	78	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N7 D1	83.97	429	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10		
N1 D4	152.07	1,492	1.20	2.11	1.56	2.11	2.50	2.72	3.78	4.67	5.33	6.94	8.39	3	1.5	10		
N15 D2	37.08	370	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N14 D3	59.28	313	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N3 D3	153.14	1,564	1.10	1.98	1.46	1.98	2.36	2.55	3.54	4.39	5.01	6.56	7.89	3	1.5	10		
N14 D10	34.55	133	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10		
N13 D2	43.77	167	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N12 D1	114.92	550	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10		
N18 D8	33.31	116	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10		
N12 D2	52.61	257	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4.5	2	10		
N2 D5	97.28	495	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N14 D1	138.00	797	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5	2	10		
N1 D7	23.41	179	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5	2	10		
N8 D11	68.44	361	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10		
N4 D3	126.84	652	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N4 D1	108.89	589	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N14 D12	24.22	77	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10		
N12 D5	57.72	257	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
N2 D1	95.49	738	1.30	2.21	1.63	2.21	2.64	2.85	3.96	4.91	5.60	7.33	8.82	3	1.25	10		
N1 D9	17.55	98	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10		
		†	1.00	1.86	1.38	1.86	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3.5	2	10		

Dutton.....	N11	D3	44.63	170	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6
Elmira.....	N7	D3	22.12	87	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	2
Elora.....	N5	D4	45.65	255	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
Essex.....	N15	D7	86.57	457	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4.5
Exeter.....	N4	D6	67.60	634	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5
Forest.....	N18	D6	36.92	146	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6
Galt.....	N6	D2	39.83	317	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.1.5
Georgetown.....	N5	D2	56.32	272	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	2
Goderich.....	N8	D2	46.37	186	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5
Grantham.....	N1	D2	59.96	822	1.00	1.50	1.25	1.86	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3
Guelph.....	N5	D3	96.87	550	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3
Haldimand.....	N2	D8	48.43	273	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4.5
Harrison.....	N8	D5	23.17	59	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5
Harrow.....	N15	D4	67.55	622	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4.5
Ingersoll.....	N10	D3	175.73	602	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5.5
Jordan.....	N1	D3	36.19	389	1.05	1.86	1.38	1.86	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3
Keswick.....	N3	D5	53.42	1,021	1.20	2.10	1.55	2.10	2.50	2.70	3.75	4.65	5.30	6.95	8.35	4
Kingsville.....	N15	D5	120.67	1,377	1.00	1.80	1.25	1.98	2.36	2.55	3.54	4.39	5.01	6.56	7.89	3
Listowel.....	N8	D8	78.90	336	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
London.....	N4	D2	190.37	2,124	90	1.65	1.15	1.75	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3
Lucan.....	N4	D5	31.89	131	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6
Lynden.....	N2	D2	49.39	256	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
Markham.....	N3	D1	111.01	856	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
Merlin.....	N14	D15	83.60	319	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5
Milton.....	N13	D3	59.75	344	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
Milverton.....	N8	D9	39.98	170	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
Mitchell.....	N8	D7	68.03	349	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4.5
Newmarket.....	N3	D4	63.15	358	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4
Niagara.....	N1	D1	53.32	309	1.20	2.15	1.63	2.21	2.64	2.85	3.96	4.91	5.60	7.33	8.82	3
Norwich.....	N10	D1	108.66	469	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5
Oil Springs.....	N18	D3	18.74	116	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6
Palmerston.....	N8	D6	33.46	110	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6
Petrolia.....	N18	D5	14.16	60	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6
Preston.....	N6	D1	128.40	1,000	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3

*See footnote on page 88.

†Lowbanks extension.

‡Suburban area.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS MILES OF LINE, NUMBER OF CONSUMERS AND RATES OCTOBER 31, 1933

NIAGARA SYSTEM—Continued

Rural power district	Miles of line	No. of consumers	Rural rates												Gross consumption charge		Prompt payment discount
			Class and gross monthly service charge												1st 14 hrs. use of class demand min. 30 kw-hrs.	cents	
			1B	1C	2A	2B	3*	4	5	6A	6B	7A	7B				
			\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	%	
Ridgetown	N14 D2	689	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10	
St. Jacobs	N7 D2	375	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10	
St. Marys	N9 D1	422	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10	
St. Thomas	N11 D1	1,121	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10	
Saltfleet	N17 D1	1,387	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10	
Sandwich	N15 D1	2,074	1.00	1.86	1.38	1.86	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3.5	1.5	10	
Sarnia	N18 D4	87.33	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5	2	10	
Scarboro	N3 D2	731	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10	
Seaforth	N8, D10	149	1.10	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10	
Simcoe	N12 D6	348	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10	
Stamford	N1 D6	297	1.30	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10	
Stratford	N8 D4	224	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	2	10	
Strathroy	N4 D4	221	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10	
Streetsville	N13 D1	442	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5	2	10	
Tavistock	N8 D1	283	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10	
Thamesville	N14 D11	62.25	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10	
Tillbury	N14 D14	59.55	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10	
Tilsonburg	N10 D4	572	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3.5	2	10	
Wallaceburg	N14 D13	85.91	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10	
Walsingham	N12 D7	96.48	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10	
Walton	N8 D3	40.04	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10	
Waterdown	N2 D3	938	1.20	1.89	1.39	1.89	2.22	2.44	3.33	4.17	4.72	6.22	7.44	2.5	1	10	
Waterford	N12 D3	74.37	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10	
Watford	N18 D7	15.00	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10	
Welland	N1 D5	2,615	1.00	1.86	1.38	1.86	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3	1.5	10	
Woodbridge	N16 D1	184.04	1.45	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	2	10	
Woodstock	N10 D2	125.50	1.30	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	2	10	

Total, Niagara System, 6,375.15; 44,540. *See footnote on page 88.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

Alliston	D1	22.25	139	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	10
Arthur	D2	2.40	8	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Bala	D1	36.56	222	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Barrie	D1	61.46	464	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Baysville	D1	32.00	126	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10
Beaumaris	D1	22.68	230	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Beaverton	D1	24.70	331	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Beeton	D1	1.63	5	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Bradford	D1	26.85	82	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Bruce	D1	51.48	263	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Buckskin	D1	1.14	16	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Cannington	D1	9.21	51	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10
Chatsworth	D1	.....	22	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Cookstown	D1	.....	2	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Creemore	D2	30.02	132	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Elmhvale	D1	25.35	155	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5.5	10
Flesherton	D1	2.56	24	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6.5	10
Gravenhurst	D1	2.40	13	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Hawkestone	D1	25.31	157	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5
Holstein	D1	.....	9	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Huntsville	D1	22.60	94	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Innisfil	D1	25.62	510	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6.5	10
Lucknow	D1	.....	306	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Mariposa	D1	47.30	4	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10
Markdale	D1	18.82	83	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10
Meaford	D1	.....	5	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Medonte	D1	8.57	55	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Midland	D1	12.33	43	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Neustadt	D1	.....	4	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Nottawasaga	D1	7.84	96	1.25	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Orangeville	D1	21.90	79	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10
Owen Sound	D1	3.59	48	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	10
Port Perry	D1	46.38	345	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10
Ripley	D2	3.91	13	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	10
Sauble	D1	10.00	46	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	10

†Cedarhurst and Maple Extensions, ‡Greenbank Extension, §Berkeley Station Extension.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—MILES OF LINE, NUMBER OF CONSUMERS AND RATES, OCTOBER 31, 1933

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—Continued

Rural power district	Miles of line	No. of consumers	Rural rates											Gross consumption charge		Prompt payment discount		
			Class and gross monthly service charge											1st 14 hrs. use of class demand min. 30 kw.-hrs.			All additional	
			1B		1C	2A	2B	3*	4	5	6A	6B	7A	7B	cents			cents
			\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%	\$	%				
Shelburne.....	E10 D1	50	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10		
Sparrow Lake.....	W1 D1	243	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10		
Tara.....	E15 D1	112	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10		
Thornton.....	S36 D1	31	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	2	10		
Utterson.....	M8 D1	109	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	2	10		
Uxbridge.....	W11 D1	210	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10		
Wasaga Beach.....	S10 D1	608	1.25	3.00	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10		
Wroxeter.....	E22 D1	276	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	8	2	10		

Total, Georgian Bay System, 826.16; 5.821.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

Alexandria.....	L15 D1	99	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10
Arnprior.....	QM10 D1	55	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Belleville.....	C38 D1	672	1.20	2.15	1.45	2.25	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10
Bowmanville.....	C23 D1	28.80	1.24	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	5	2	10
Brighton.....	C6 D1	10.01	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Brockville.....	L3 D1	648	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Campbellford.....	C11 D1	22.00	1.20	2.15	1.50	2.25	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Carleton Place.....	H5 D1	58	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Chesterville.....	L5 D1	48.10	351	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	6	2	10
Colborne.....	C13 D1	85.03	451	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	5	2	10
Colborne.....	C7 D1	33.19	218	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	5	2	10
Fenelon Falls.....	C30 D1	18.94	131	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	6	2	10
Ironopolis.....	L9 D1	88.90	442	Special												
Kemptville.....	H9 D1	5.41	44	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	6	2	10
Kingston.....	C44 D1	113.84	718	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	5	2	10
Lakefield.....	C18 D1	25.12	91	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	6	2	10
Lindsay.....	C29 D1	21.13	122	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	6	2	10

Martintown.....	L13 D1	21.19	139	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10
Maxville.....	L14 D2	60.02	389	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10
Millbrook.....	C25 D1	18.95	112	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Napanee.....	C43 D1	106.39	519	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10
Nepan.....	T1 D1	177.08	1,103	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	3	1.5	10
Newcastle.....	C22 D1	24.73	123	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Norwood.....	C31 D1	7.90	60	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Onnence.....	C26 D1	3.66	4	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Oshawa.....	C24 D1	110.27	1,519	1.00	1.86	1.38	1.86	2.22	2.40	3.34	4.14	4.71	6.18	7.42	3.5	2	10
Perth.....	H2 D1	15.13	59	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Peterborough.....	C20 D1	61.10	1,057	.63	1.16	.79	1.21	1.59	1.66	2.01	2.57	2.91	3.81	4.62	4	2	10
Prescott.....	L2 D1	37.50	196	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10
Renfrew.....	QM16 D1	5.50	9	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Smiths Falls.....	H3 D1	53.53	338	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Stirling.....	C35 D1	30.21	112	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10
Trenton.....	C3 D1	41.67	201	1.35	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	5	2	10
Warkworth.....	C49 D1	33	6	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Wellington.....	C45 D1	89.46	385	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Williamsburg.....	L7 D1	17.29	101	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10

Total, Eastern Ontario System, 1,583.46; 10,738.

†Apple Hill section.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Fort William.....	P10 D1	46.74	145	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10
Port Arthur.....	P2 D1	29.16	116	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	4	2	10

Total, Thunder Bay System, 75.90; 261.

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

Manitoulin District																	
Manitoulin.....	FM1 D1	36.40	163	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	7	2	10
Nipissing District																	
North Bay.....	Z4 D1	9.26	309	.90	1.40	1.03	1.40	1.67	1.80	2.50	3.10	3.53	4.63	5.57	6	2	10
Powassan.....	Z8 D1	3.40	13	1.50	2.33	1.72	2.33	2.78	3.00	4.17	5.17	5.89	7.72	9.28	6	2	10
Total, Nipissing District.....		12.66	322														

Total, all systems: Miles of line, 8,909.73. Number of consumers, 61,845.

*See footnote on page 88.

CLASSIFICATION OF SERVICES FOR RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

When contracts between the consumer and the township have been executed, users of power in townships are supplied with electric service under general classes with limitations as follows:

Class	Service	Class demand kilowatts	Phase	Volts	Fuse rating amperes (maximum)
1B	Hamlet Lighting	1.32	1	110	15
1C	" "	2	1	220/110	35
2A	House Lighting	1.32	1	110	20
2B	Small Farm Service	2	1	220/110	35
3	Light Farm Service	3	1	220/110	35
4	Medium Farm Service	5	1	220/110	50
5	" " "	5	3	220/110	35
6A	Heavy Farm Service	9	1	220/110	100
6B	" " "	9	1 and 3	220/110	60
7A	Special Farm Service	15	1	220/110	According to load
7B	" " "	15	1 and 3	220/110	According to load

Class 1: Hamlet Service—Includes service in hamlets, where four or more consumers are served from one transformer. This class excludes farmers and power users. Service is given under two sub-classes as follows:

Class 1-B: Service to residences or stores. Use of appliances over 1,320 watts permanently installed is not permitted under this class.

Class 1-C: Service to residences or stores with electric range or permanently installed appliances greater than 1,320 watts. Combinations of residence and store supplied from one service shall be not less than Class 1-C. Special or unusual loads will be treated specially.

Class 2A: House Lighting—Includes service to all residences that cannot be grouped as in Class 1. This class excludes farmers and power users.

Class 2B: Farm Service, Small—Includes service for lighting of buildings and power for miscellaneous small equipment and power for a single-phase motor not exceeding 2 horsepower or an electric range (motor and range not to be used simultaneously) on a small farm of fifty acres or less.

Class 3: Farm Service, Light—Includes service for lighting of farm buildings, power for miscellaneous small equipment, power for single-phase motors not exceeding 3 horsepower and electric range. Range and motor are not to be used simultaneously.

Class 4: Farm Service, Medium Single-Phase—Includes service for lighting of farm buildings and power for miscellaneous small equipment, power for single-phase motors up to 5-horsepower demand or an electric range. Range and motor are not to be used simultaneously.

Class 5: Farm Service, Medium 3-Phase—Includes service for lighting farm buildings and power for miscellaneous small equipment, power for 3-phase motors, up to 5-horsepower demand, or an electric range. Range and motor are not to be used simultaneously.

Class 6: Farm Service, Heavy—Includes service for lighting of farm buildings and power for miscellaneous small equipment, power for motors up to 5-horsepower demand and an electric range, or 10-horsepower demand without an electric range. Single- or three-phase service will be given at the discretion of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario.

Class 7: Farm Service Special—Includes service for lighting of farm buildings, power for miscellaneous small equipment, power for 3-phase motors from 10- to 20-horsepower demand and electric range. Single or three-phase service will be given at the discretion of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario.

Note: Class 2B is the service usually supplied to small farms of fifty acres or less and Class 3 is the service usually supplied to ordinary farms of larger size. More than 90 per cent of new contracts for farm service are in one or other of these two classes.

SECTION IV

HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION

The advancement of the Abitibi Canyon development to the operating stage was responsible for the major items of design and construction during the year. After resuming construction as the agent of the receiver for the company, after financial difficulties had caused a cessation of work, the Commission carried on when the province of Ontario acquired the development.

The original plans of the company provided for the immediate completion of the whole development, which was designed to accommodate five units of 66,000 horsepower each. The major part of the work was completed before the shut-down referred to above, the dam, wing walls, sluices, high water channel and power house substructure being practically completed. The programme, as modified after the Province acquired the property, provided for the completion of two units to the operating stage, and other necessary work in connection therewith. The units came into service and delivered commercial power in the summer of 1933.

At the Niagara Falls plants, only minor items of construction, completing work commenced in the previous year, required attention. At Chats falls, extensive efficiency and capacity tests were conducted. The arbitration in connection with the Kingdon Mining and Smelting company involved a large amount of field and office work as assistance to the Legal department.

In the Georgian Bay system, repairs were made to the dam at Walkerton, and investigations were made of wood-stave pipe joints, preparatory to the reconstruction of No. 1 wood-stave conduit at the Eugenia development. Repairs were also made to concrete in the dam at Nipigon.

At the request of the Public Utilities commission of the town of Almonte, plans and specifications were prepared for an extension of the town's power plant by the installation of an additional unit. The Commission's engineers also gave advice during the completion of the contract for the new equipment, and made inspections during its fabrication.

Surveys were made and plans and estimates prepared in connection with the construction of a development to supply power to mining properties in the district of Patricia.

Further assistance was given to the Department of Lands and Mines in connection with the Grand river conservation scheme.

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Queenston-Chippawa Development

The end of the last fiscal year found certain minor works in progress on the Queenston-Chippawa development, which were completed shortly after that time. Among these were repairs to the Michigan Central Railroad bridge over the power canal at Montrose, and work on the Victoria Avenue bridge.

Ontario Power Plant

At the Ontario Power plant, scaling of loose rock from the cliff behind the generating station continued, and was completed at the end of December. A dry stone wall was also built on the rear wall backfill to protect the power house roof from any material on the cliff that may become loosened by weathering and be dislodged. This and certain site improvements were completed early in January.

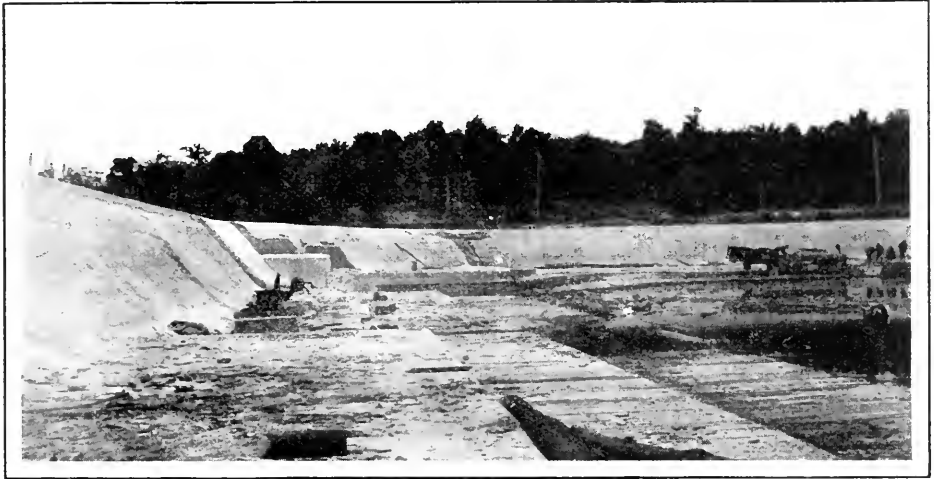
An inspection of the steel plate of certain of the penstocks was made, and a report prepared on the protective measures to retard deterioration of the outer surface. The penstocks at the Ontario Power plant are erected in shafts and tunnels, extending downward and outward from the three main conduits. Five shafts and tunnels house penstocks Nos. 1 to 10, two in each tunnel. In a number of the tunnels, the void around the penstocks has been filled with concrete to protect the penstocks. The inspection referred to was carried out in the other tunnels, for the purpose of determining the necessity, and the measures to be adopted, for preservation of the unprotected penstocks.

Chats Falls Development

Only minor items of construction work were carried out during the past year, the plant having been completed during the previous year. Hydraulic tests of various kinds were conducted, having in view the determination of the turbine capacity and efficiency, the plant capacity under low head, and the plant capacity at periods of low flow.

Turbine efficiency and capacity tests were conducted on unit No. 3. Units 4, 7 and 8 had been tested in the previous year, and on these, consistent results were obtained. The tests on unit No. 3 confirmed the results obtained on the other units.

The quantity of water used per unit at this plant is in excess of 6,000 cubic feet per second at full gate. The quantity of water to be measured and the design of the plant combined to make accurate measurements more difficult than is usually the case. The Gibson time-pressure method of water measurement had been applied in the majority of the tests conducted by the Commission, especially in those cases where a reasonable length of supply pipe was available within which the method might be applied. The supply pipes at Chats falls are much shorter than any in which the method had been used previously, but application of the method proved to be quite successful, in fact the results obtained on the different units were unusually consistent. The results of these tests, in addition to determining that the turbines met the manufacturers' guarantees, provide information



WALKERTON DAM—SAUGEEN RIVER
Spillway and apron cribs

of great value in connection with operation of the plant to obtain the maximum output from the available quantity of water. The tests also permit accurate records of river discharge to be kept.

Assistance was given to the Legal department in connection with the arbitration on the claims of the Kingdon Mining and Smelting company for compensation for lands expropriated and for damages to lands and mining properties. The hearings in connection with this arbitration lasted for more than sixty days, and involved a very great amount of computation and field work on the part of this department.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

Inspection of the wood-stave conduit installed in 1914 at the Eugenia development indicates that its replacement will be necessary in the near future. The Commission's experience during the past twenty years with wood-stave pipes has indicated certain weaknesses in the usual type of end joints used. Accordingly, with the co-operation of manufacturers, investigations have been proceeding for some months on designs and devices to overcome the tendency of the stave ends to split or rot. It is proposed to build a section of pipe incorporating the various designs of joints, and subject it to suitable tests.

Repairs were carried out on the dam on the Saugeen river at Walkerton. Erosion under and downstream from the dam allowed leakage to take place equivalent to the water capacity of one of the turbine units. Several attempts to plug the leak have been made by former owners, but in none of these was anything more than temporary relief obtained.

As the erosion had taken place in the vicinity of the original sluiceways, the sluiceway was closed and converted into a spillway, below which apron cribs were built. Cribs were built on the east bank to protect the land there from erosion when the sluiceways are open. Protecting cribs were built also in an eroded area downstream from the sluiceways.

A disused narrow-gauge railway bridge near the Hanover plant, communicating with marl beds west of the river, which created a flood hazard, was removed.



ABITIBI CANYON POWER DEVELOPMENT

Forebay, dam and sluice gate from west shore above dam

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

Abitibi Canyon Development

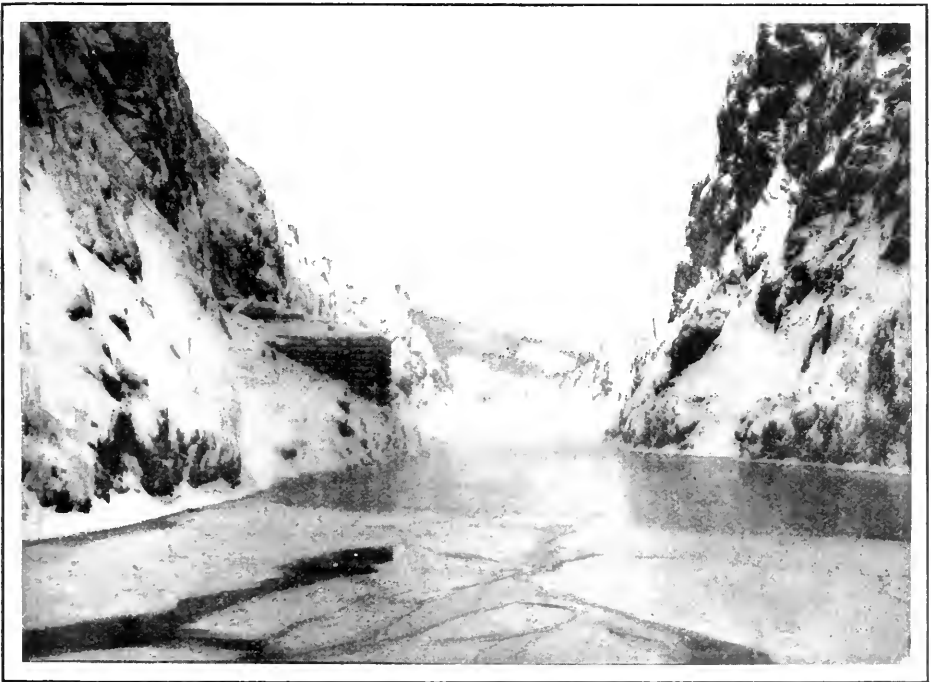
The major items of construction work during the year were in connection with the Abitibi Canyon development, which has now reached the operating stage. This development, on the Abitibi river, is situated near Fraserdale, sixty-five miles northerly from Cochrane. Construction was commenced in 1930 by the Ontario Power Service corporation, a subsidiary of the Abitibi Power and Paper company. Active construction ceased in the summer of 1932, due to financial difficulties. The Ontario Power Service corporation was placed in a receivership in November, 1932, and construction of the Canyon development was continued by the Commission for the Receiver until the development was taken over by the province of Ontario early in 1933.

Active construction commenced in August, 1930, and by July, 1932, when financial difficulties caused the work to be shut down, the plant was rapidly nearing completion. The concrete in principal structures was all in place, except for about 850 cubic yards in the dam, the wing walls at each end of the dam, and a small protection wall on the down-stream side of the dam. An additional 3,000 cubic yards of concrete was required for bulkheads behind the closure gates in the unwatering tunnels, and tailrace excavation to the extent of 57,000



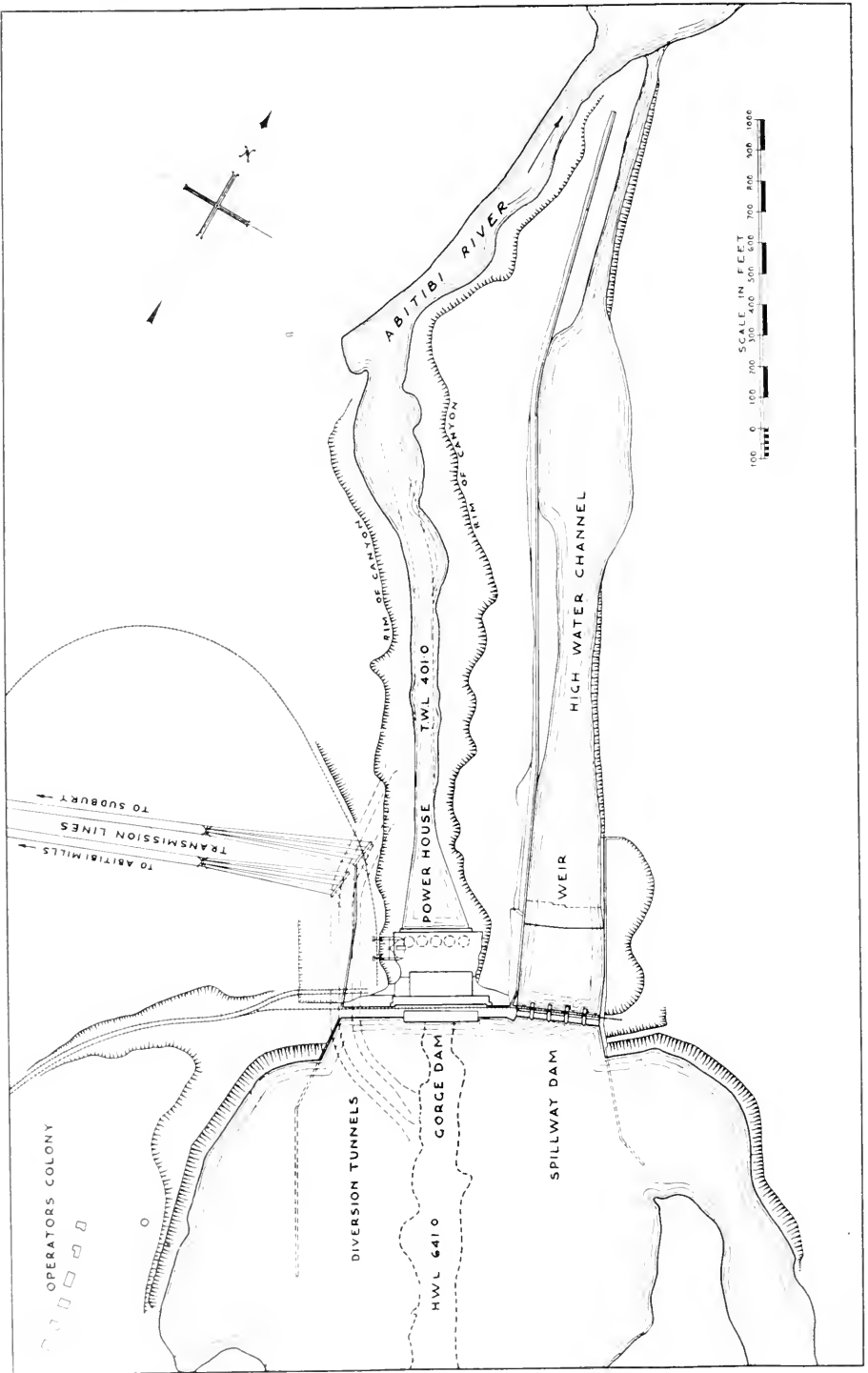
ABITIBI CANYON POWER DEVELOPMENT

High water channel, looking downstream to river



ABITIBI CANYON POWER DEVELOPMENT

Tailrace from Power House - December, 1933



ABITIBI CANYON POWER DEVELOPMENT NORTHERN ONTARIO

cubic yards was still to be removed. The erection of the hydraulic units and equipment was about 70 per cent completed, and nearly everything was delivered for units 1 to 4, as well as a large part of unit No. 5. Delivery and erection of electrical equipment was not as far advanced. The power house roof and part of the downstream wall were temporary structures only.

The decision was reached to continue construction so far as to place two units in operating condition, the equipment for the remaining three units being stored at the development, to be used when load conditions required their installation. Work was prosecuted vigorously from the beginning of the fiscal year, November 1, 1932, and by the end of March the tailrace excavation was completed and the cofferdam and rock at the lower end of the tailrace removed by blasting. The power house superstructure was practically completed, with the exception of the application of the roofing material and the guniting of the slabs over the penstocks.

Good progress had been made on the installation of equipment. Turbine unit No. 1 was in place and aligned, the generator unit in place, and the bearing being assembled. All governor piping in the turbine pit, including servomotors, had been opened up and thoroughly cleared, and the cleaning of the governor piping above the power house floor was in progress. Work was proceeding on unit No. 2.

Unit No. 1 was turned over for the first time on May 4, and delivered commercial load on May 24, 1933. No. 2 unit was placed in service on August 27, 1933. A description of the development follows.

The Abitibi Canyon development is situated on the Abitibi river in the James Bay drainage area, about sixty-five miles northerly from Cochrane. The river drains an area of 8,440 square miles above the power site, and has an estimated average flow of more than 9,000 cubic feet per second. The site possesses natural advantages for the construction of a power development, in that the river channel there is confined to a narrow gorge, the rock walls of which rise about 170 feet above the river bed. The dam concentrates the natural fall in about six miles of river upstream therefrom, and the tailrace excavation regains most of the fall from the dam site to the pool at the head of Eleanor rapids, about three-quarters of a mile downstream. The normal headwater level will be 641, and normal tailwater 401, and the head 240 feet. The accompanying plan supplements this description and shows the relative positions of the various structures and waterways.

The dam is a concrete gravity type structure, extending across the main section of the canyon, with a sluiceway section adjoining it at the easterly end. The closure is completed by a concrete retaining wall and rolled earth fill at the west end of the dam, and a similar retaining wall and earth fill at the east end of the sluiceway section.

The sluiceway section, which is designed to discharge the maximum anticipated flood discharge of the river, consists of five gates, each having a clear opening of 45 feet, with sills at elevation 616, each provided with an independent motor-driven hoist. Heaters are provided for the checks, and space heaters in the gates, which are sheeted on the downstream face, to assure

satisfactory winter operation. The sluiceways discharge into a high water channel, extending for about 3,000 feet along the east bank of the river, and discharging into the pool above Eleanor rapids. The high water channel is located well back from the edge of the east bank of the canyon, and is formed partly by excavation in rock and partly by the construction of gravity wall sections along the sides where necessary to prevent overtopping.

The power house extends completely across the gorge and adjoins the main dam section. The generator room is about 250 feet by 50 feet, and in the rear of this, partly superimposed on the lower slope of the dam, is accommodation for control room, offices, low tension switching, machine shop, pumps and other auxiliaries. An elevator in a shaft on a slope, which conforms to the downstream face of the dam, extends from the turbine deck to the headworks.

The power house is designed for an ultimate installation of five main units, two of which are now completed. Each of the turbines has a rated capacity of 66,000 horsepower at 150 r.p.m. under a net head of 237 feet. Each turbine is equipped with an 18-foot steel plate penstock, the intake being located in the upper portion of the gravity section of the main dam, whence the penstocks lead down from the face of the dam to the power house substructure, where they are joined to the steel plate scroll cases incorporated therein. The penstocks are protected from low temperatures by a continuous roof, which extends over the entire penstock area. This roof is supported on steel columns, and consists of I-beam purlins carrying aerocrete slabs, which are protected from the weather by a heavy coating of gunite.

Each turbine is directly connected to a 45,000 kv-a., 85-per-cent-power-factor, 13,800-volt, 25-cycle generator, with main and sub-exciter.

The plant is served by a standard gauge railway spur from the site to Fraserdale, where it joins the T. and N.O. railway. Accommodation for the operating staff is provided in houses erected on high ground on the west bank of the river.

HYDRAULIC INVESTIGATIONS

Mississippi River

During the year, the Public Utilities commission of the town of Almonte asked for engineering assistance in connection with an extension of its power development on the Mississippi river within the town. The town owns two plants, only one of which is operated at present. This plant contains a single unit, having a turbine with a rated capacity of 550 horsepower and 550-kv.a. generator, but the power canal and power house substructure are designed for the installation of a second unit.

The Commission's engineers made an examination of the existing plants, and gave advice as to the type of equipment that would be most suitable for the town's requirements. Following this, plans and specifications were prepared



KAGAMI FALLS—ALBANY RIVER

An undeveloped power site in Northern Ontario

covering one 650 horsepower (30-foot head) turbine and generator, with governor and other appurtenances. Tenders were called for on this equipment and advice given in connection with the completion of the contract and inspections made throughout the period of fabrication of the equipment.

Albany River

Pursuant to requests for studies and estimates for power supply required by certain mining properties in the district of Patricia, preliminary surveys were made of three possible power developments on the Albany river. The locality for which a power supply is desired lies about ninety miles by aeroplane north of Savant lake station on the Canadian National railway, and one hundred and twenty miles by winter road.

Three power sites on the Albany river, about twenty-five miles south of the properties to be served with power, were investigated in the summer of 1933, and preliminary surveys made, with a view to estimating the cost of developing about 1,000 horsepower, the anticipated demand of the district. The three sites surveyed are Cedar rapids, at the outlet of lake St. Joseph, and Triple falls and Kagami falls, respectively twenty and twenty-five miles downstream. At each of the first two, the available head is 15 feet, and at Kagami falls 21 feet. Transportation of material and equipment to the sites is difficult and expensive. Heavy parts may be taken in only by winter road; for general supplies, aeroplanes may be utilized. The plants, therefore, are designed as far as possible to reduce transportation costs. Preliminary designs and estimates have been prepared.

Grand River Flood Prevention

Assistance was given to the Department of Lands and Forests of the province of Ontario in connection with proposed storage works on the Grand river.

Attention has been given to propositions for flood prevention on the river for many years, the Commission making certain surveys and investigations in that connection some twenty years ago. The Department of Lands and Forests requested the assistance of the Commission in a complete investigation of the problems of alleviating flood damage, of maintenance of a higher flow in the summer months, etc. A report, prepared jointly by the chief hydraulic engineer of the Commission and the deputy minister of the Department proposed that certain storage works be constructed, and investigated the effects of these in reduction of flood peaks and in improvement of low water flows. Subsequently, after submission of the report, the Legislature passed an act, known as the Grand River Conservation Commission act, to provide the machinery whereby the interested municipalities in the Grand River watershed might co-operate to carry out the works or any desired part of them. During the past year, progress has been made on further surveys, borings and examination of dam sites, and on the preparation of plans, specifications and estimates for the initial storage reservoir in the conservation scheme.

SECTION V

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION (STATION SECTION)

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Generating and Switching Stations

Generating Stations on the Niagara River—The relaying system on the 110,000-volt lines at Queenston generating station is being improved and definite-time relays were purchased and installed on each of the generator circuits.

MacLaren Development—The necessary engineering work was carried out in co-operation with MacLaren-Quebec Power Company for the receipt of the first block of 20,000 horsepower under contract for delivery on July 1, 1933.

Transformer and Distributing Stations

Niagara District—At Ontario Paper (Steam) transformer station, referred to in last year's Annual Report as under construction, the transformers, electric steam generators and all switching and controlling equipment were installed, and were placed in service on February 2, 1933. Each of the three electric steam generators is capable of generating 90,000 pounds of steam per hour and is designed for a pressure of 200 pounds.

Temperature-measuring equipment indicates the hottest-spot temperature in the transformers and permits safe loading of the transformers on a temperature basis. In this way advantage may be taken of the low temperature of the cooling-water in winter and the transformers overloaded in order to obtain more steam during that season when it is required.

There are no high-voltage oil circuit-breakers at the transformer station. In case of emergency the 110,000-volt line may be cleared by closing a solenoid-operated, single-pole, ground-switch which effectively grounds the line causing an oil circuit-breaker to open promptly at Queenston generating station. A low-voltage oil circuit-breaker is located in each steam-generator circuit which opens automatically to clear the respective feeder in case of ground or short-circuit on a generator or feeder, and in case of failure of a circulating-pump circuit.

In approximately four months from the time this work was started the station was in service.

Late in October authority was given to proceed with the erection of a transformer station including an electric steam generator at Provincial Paper Limited plant at Thorold and another at Interlake Tissue Mills Company Limited plant at Merriton. These stations when completed will enable the respective companies to generate steam for their manufacturing processes and in so doing put to beneficial use, under special contracts, a portion of the system reserve power capacity at such times as it may be available.

There will be one three-phase, 7,500-kv-a. transformer and a 7,500-kw. electric steam generator installed at each station. The generators have already been purchased and the transformers and switching equipment will be purchased in November, 1933.

The Thorold distributing station and Corbett distributing station on the Dominion Power division were dismantled. Changes were made in the metering equipment at Empire Cotton distributing station and at Page Hersey Tubes Limited, Welland.

Hamilton and Dundas District—At Hamilton Beach transformer station the relays on the 110,000-volt lines to Queenston generating station and Toronto-Strachan and Dundas transformer stations were replaced by high-speed, distance, directional, phase and ground relays and a fence was installed around the lightning-arresters. Improvements were made to the fencing at Waterdown, Hagersville, Decewsville and Lynden distributing stations and the electrical-grounding system was changed.

Toronto and York District—At Toronto-Strachan transformer station relaying equipment is being installed for differential protection on the 110,000-volt bus, and high-speed selective relays on the high-voltage lines to Toronto-Bridgman-Davenport, Toronto-Wiltshire, Hamilton-Beach and Dundas transformer stations. Two 110,000-volt potential-transformers were transferred to the station for this purpose. The current capacity of two of the 110,000-volt line-entrances and part of the bus was increased.

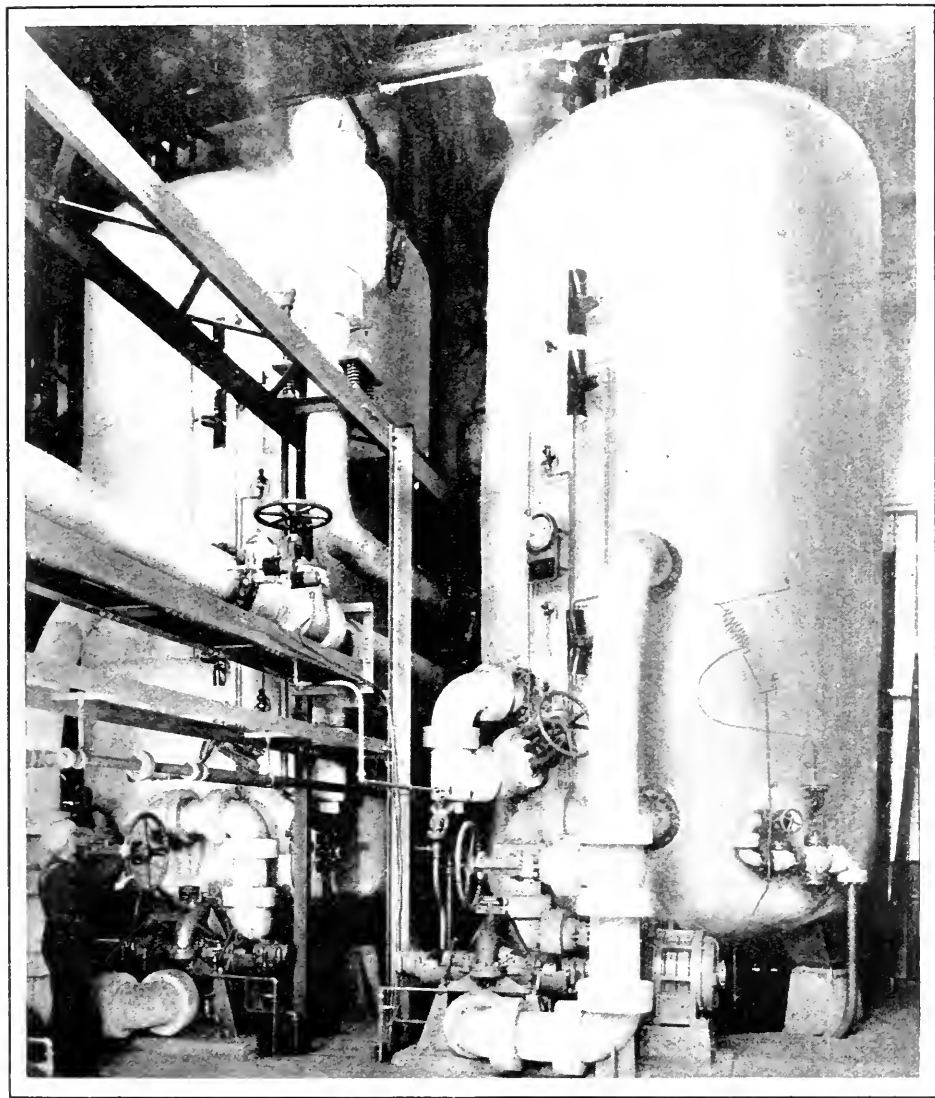
At Toronto-Bridgman-Davenport transformer station the high-voltage neutral was grounded through a water resistor and high-speed relays were installed on the 110,000-volt line to Toronto-Strachan transformer station. Changes were made in the 13,200-volt cable-connections.

At Toronto-Wiltshire transformer station improvements were made in the metering and relaying equipment. High-speed relaying equipment was installed on the line to Toronto-Strachan transformer station for which a new 110,000-volt potential-transformer was purchased and installed.

At Toronto-Leaside transformer station improvements were made in the relaying equipment and engineering work was carried on in preparation for future installation of No. 7 and No. 8 transformer banks.

At Mount Joy and Sharon distributing stations changes were made to the fencing and in the latter station the current-transformers were replaced by larger-capacity units.

At New Toronto distributing station the 2,300-volt disconnecting-switches and lightning-arresters were replaced by more modern type units and improvements were made to the outdoor bank of three 1,500-kv-a. transformers.



ELECTRIC STEAM GENERATORS

Two of three, 30,000-kw., 3-phase, 25-cycle, 6,600-volt steam generators for Ontario Paper Company. Maximum operating pressure 200 lbs. per square inch

London District—Air filters and carbon-dioxide, fire-protection apparatus were installed on the synchronous-condenser at London transformer station.

Improvements were made to the fencing and grounding system at Thamesford, Ailsa Craig, Glendale, Delaware, Broughdale, and Lucan distributing stations. At the latter two stations necessary changes were also made in some of the electrical equipment.

Guelph District—The graphic wattmeters at Acton distributing station were replaced by more suitable type.

Preston District—Two original 110,000-volt oil circuit-breakers were replaced by two of modern type transferred from Toronto-Bridgman-Davenport transformer station.

Kitchener District—At Kitchener transformer station special thermal instruments were installed on the Kitchener municipal feeders to enable the total load to be read on meters situated in the municipal station.

Stratford District—At Stratford transformer station five inadequate 26,400-volt oil circuit-breakers were replaced. A new 450-ampere grounding reactor for grounding the 26,400-volt bus was purchased and installed outdoors. This reactor is used with the improved relaying system which was also recently placed in service.

St. Marys District—At St. Marys transformer station one 110,000-volt oil circuit-breaker was replaced by a modern unit transferred from Toronto-Bridgman-Davenport transformer station.

Woodstock District—At Beachville distributing station the necessary equipment for a second 13,200-volt feeder was purchased and installed.

St. Thomas District—The work under way at St. Thomas transformer station last year was completed and placed in service.

At Aylmer distributing station a 4,000-volt switching structure was erected, adjacent to the station, for sectionalizing the feeders to the various load centres.

Kent Transformer Station—At Bothwell distributing station improvements were made to the fencing and grounding system.

St. Clair District—At Watford distributing station changes were made in the meter connections and the graphic wattmeter was replaced.

At Arkona and Thedford the metering equipment was altered to meter 8,000-volt service instead of 4,000-volt service.

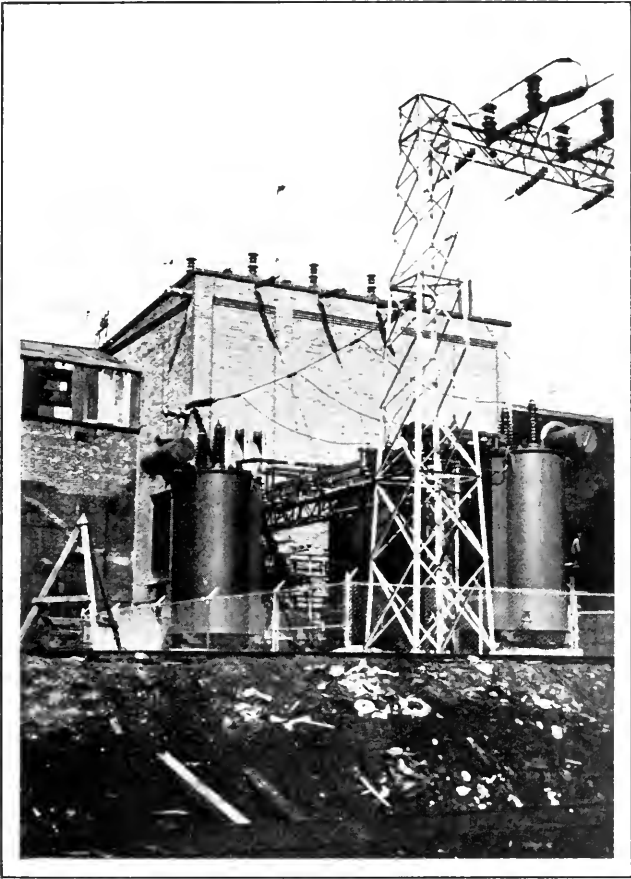
At Sarnia municipal station No. 2, air-break switches were purchased and installed on the 26,400-volt line into the station and in the bus between No. 3 and No. 4 banks.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

Severn District—Extra accommodation was provided in the operators' cottages at Big Chute generating station and improvements were made to the sewage-disposal system..

Eugenia District—At Kincardine distributing station a bank of three new 250-kv-a. transformers was purchased and installed replacing the original bank of three 125-kv-a. units. The latter units were transferred to system reserve.

At Shelburne distributing station improvements were made to the grounding system, a 22,000-volt air-break switch was purchased and installed outside of the station and metering equipment was installed on the Hornings Mills feeder. At Owen Sound distributing station improvements were made to the grounding system.



TRANSFORMER STATION - ONTARIO PAPER COMPANY
Outdoor layout of 110,000-volt station supplying current to
electric steam generators

Wasdells District—At Wasdells generating station water-connections were made to the Superintendent's house and generating station and a sewage-disposal plant was installed.

Muskoka District—At Gravenhurst distributing station improvements were made to the station grounds.

Bala District—At Bala generating station a new structure was erected opposite the present Bala generating station and the step-up transformers feeding power to Port Carling and McTier were moved from their former situation and installed on pads at the new structure, with the necessary switching equipment. The original structure was dismantled.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

110,000-volt Transformer Stations—Telemetry equipment was purchased and installed between Val Tetreau switching station and Ottawa transformer station, the meters being placed in the latter station. The installation will give a graphic record of the total 110,000-volt, 60-cycle power received from Gatineau Power Company.

Central Ontario District—A bank of three new current-transformers was installed at Ranney Falls generating station and improvements were made in the relaying system.

At Heely Falls generating station changes have been made in the installation of the metering equipment.

At Brighton, Lakefield, and Cobourg distributing stations changes were made in some of the metering equipment.

At Millbrook, Madoc, Belleville No. 1 and Warkworth distributing stations and Belleville switching station improvements were made in the fencing of the grounds.

At Oshawa distributing station the concrete walls of the original cooling-pond were removed, the hole was filled in and the grounds were levelled to conform with the adjacent grounds.

At Kingston distributing station a 1,500-kv-a., three-phase transformer was installed, replacing a 750-kv-a. unit which was transferred to system reserve. The current-transformers were correspondingly replaced by larger units.

At Kingston switching station the relaying equipment was improved.

St. Lawrence District—At Williamsburg distributing station a second 100-kv-a., single-phase transformer obtained from system reserve was installed in parallel with the present transformer.

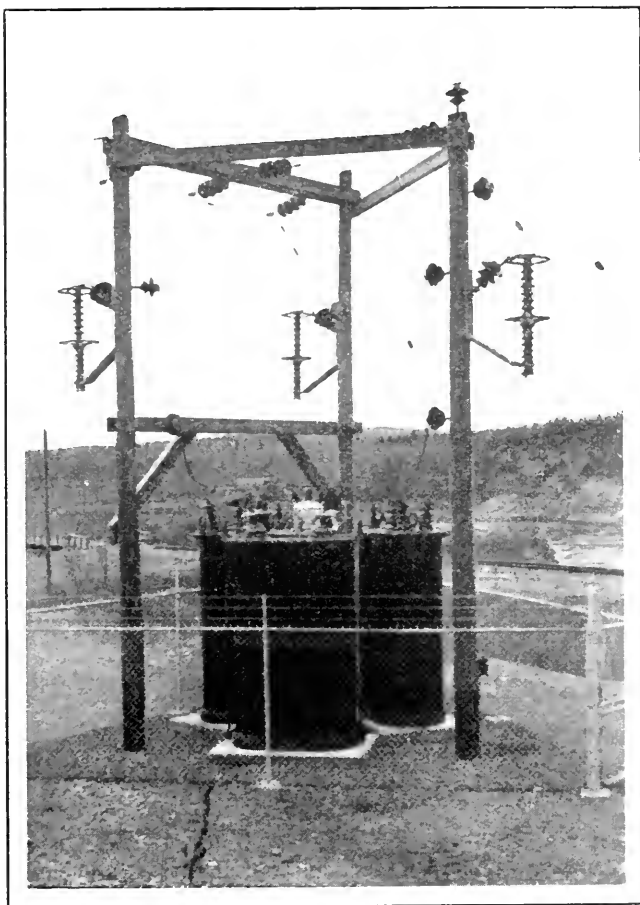
A new 225-kv-a. distributing station was installed at Maxville to supply power to the town of Maxville and the rural power district. Three 40-kv-a., single-phase transformers originally at Omeme distributing station were rebuilt for 75-kv-a. capacity and transferred to Maxville for this installation.

At Apple Hill distributing station, 4,000-volt metering equipment was installed on the rural feeder supplying a portion of Maxville rural power district.

Rideau District—At the request of the Almonte Public Utilities Commission, engineering assistance was given in the preparation of specifications for, and in the purchase of a new 550-kv-a. generator for its hydro-electric plant.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Transformer Stations—A step-up transformer station was installed outside the Cameron Falls generating station for the purpose of delivering power at 33,000-volts to Northern Empire Mines Limited about 48 miles north-easterly. Three 400-kv-a., 33,000/11,000-volt, single-phase transformers were transferred from the Madawaska system and used for this installation with the necessary switching, metering and controlling equipment. Power is supplied from the 12,000-volt bus in the generating station.



TRANSFORMER STATION AT CAMERON FALLS,
NIPIGON RIVER

At the Northern Empire Mines Limited station, metering equipment was installed on the low-voltage feeders for metering the load supplied to this customer.

Engineering and other assistance at the request of the Northern Empire Mines Limited was rendered the Company in the design and construction of its step-down sub-station.

Port Arthur rural distributing station was installed near Port Arthur transformer station to supply single-phase, 6,600-volt power to the beach district north-east of the city. A 75-kv-a. transformer obtained from Georgian Bay system reserve was used.

Fort William rural distributing station was installed to supply 8,000-volt, three-phase power to Fort William rural power district from the 2,300-volt distribution lines. Three new 50-kv-a., 4,600/2,300-volt single-phase transformers were purchased for the installation.

At Port Arthur rural distributing station, which supplies single-phase power to the rural power district north of High street, a 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ -kv-a., 2,300/4,600-volt,

single-phase transformer was purchased and installed in the feeder to permit grounding it, and to isolate it from the ungrounded distributing system.

At Port Arthur transformer station high-speed relaying equipment was installed on the 110,000-volt and 22,000-volt lines terminating at the station. A rearrangement of the switching equipment was made on the three out-feed 110,000-volt lines.

At the Great Lakes Paper Company's plant at Fort William two electric steam generators and 2,300-volt switching, controlling and metering equipment were installed and placed in operation under a contract with the company which permits it to utilize reserve electric power capacity at such times as it may be available, to generate steam required in its manufacturing processes. The electric steam generators are each rated at 8,000 kw., 2,300 volts, and are suitable for operation under 200 pounds steam working pressure. The Company is using its own transformers to supply the power to the generators from the Commission's 110,000-volt lines.

At the Provincial Paper, Limited, plant at Port Arthur a 24,000-kv-a. transformer station is being installed for a similar purpose. Two 12,000-kv-a., 60-cycle, three-phase, 110,000/6,600-volt transformers and two 12,000-kw. electric steam generators have been purchased and will be installed and in operation by the middle of November.

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

Abitibi District—The necessary generators, transformers and switching equipment were installed and placed in operation at Abitibi Canyon development to make available 55,000 horsepower as required for the customers on the system.

Studies and estimates were prepared in connection with the supply of power to prospective customers. (See Frontispiece.)

Sudbury District—At Stinson generating station improvements were made in the synchronizing, relaying and switching equipment.

At McVittie generating station, No. 1 generator was rebuilt with new armature coils. Surge-absorbers were purchased and installed on the Burwash feeder and improvements were made in the grounding system at the station.

At Coniston generating station improvements were made in the relaying and grounding system.

At Sudbury distributing station a spare 1,000-kv-a., single-phase transformer was purchased and installed. The 22,000-volt lightning-arrester was replaced by a more suitable unit.

Manitoulin District—Kagawong distributing station was erected on the site of Little Rapids Pulp Company's Kagawong development on Manitoulin island to supply power to the Manitoulin rural power district at 11,400 volts. Three 100-kv-a., single-phase, 60-cycle, 7,200/600-volt transformers were purchased for this installation.

ADMINISTRATION BUILDING

Tenders for the construction of an administration building were received and a report thereon was prepared. The construction of the building however was deferred by the Commission.

SECTION VI

TRANSMISSION, DISTRIBUTION AND RURAL SYSTEMS

TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

The activities of the Commission's transmission section have been confined largely to minor detail improvements within the various systems, and to consolidation and recording of extensive construction programs and of purchases in previous years. Certain works of major importance were completed, notably the extension of the 220,000-volt system to the Ottawa river at Cumberland, where it connects with the line of the James MacLaren Company Limited from the Masson development on the Lievre river, Quebec; the building of 48 miles of 33,000-volt line out of Cameron Falls transformer station, Nipigon river, to serve the Northern Empire Mines Limited, and the serving of stations to generate steam electrically.

The transmission system, recently purchased by the Commission, which carries power from the Canyon development on the Abitibi river was taken over and incorporated in the Northern Ontario properties.

Work has progressed in the reinforcement of telephone and railway crossings in the various systems in conformity with the Board of Railway Commissioners' regulations.

The following synopsis relates to the work undertaken during the year. At the back of this report a map is included showing transmission lines and stations and relative data are tabulated in Appendix II.

NIAGARA SYSTEM

220,000-volt Lines

Between a point on the Ottawa river opposite Masson and Cumberland junction, a length of 1.33 miles of single-circuit, 220,000-volt, steel-tower line was completed. This line is of similar construction to other 220,000-volt lines of the Commission and was designed to transmit power from the Masson Power Development of the James MacLaren Company Limited to the Niagara system.

110,000-volt Lines

Between a junction established at Holland road and the Ontario Paper Company's plant at Thorold 0.66 mile of single-circuit 110,000-volt steel-tower line was completed.

44,000-volt Lines

Between Burlington and Oakville, 10.9 miles, the former D. P. & T., single-circuit, wood-pole line was removed, service to Oakville now being made over the Commission's circuits reported in 1932.

26,400-volt Lines

Between Tilbury junction and Fletcher junction a portion of the 26,400-volt circuit was removed from the telephone poles adjacent to the railway and placed on a pole line which had been previously constructed on roads, for rural circuit requirements. The revisions also included the relocation of switches and the replacement of a small portion of steel cable with No. 2 steel-reinforced, aluminum cable.

Rehabilitation of 5 sections of single-circuit, wood-pole line totalling 28.25 miles was completed in the vicinity of Dundas-Hagersville, Caledonia and Decewsville. These lines had been in operation since 1912 and poles, cross arms, etc., in most cases, were replaced.

Other Lines

At Britannia Junction two obsolete 13,200-volt air-break switches were replaced by a modern type.

At Beachville distributing station the line entrance structure was rebuilt and the line switching revised so that now two circuits enter the station.

The reinforcement of railway and telephone line crossings has been continued.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM**Eugenia District**

Between Crombie junction and Orangeville distributing station 16.35 miles of single-circuit, wood-pole line with telephone circuit were constructed. This new line replaces the old which had become inadequate.

Severn and Wasdells Districts

Sixteen railway and telephone line crossings were reinforced in the Severn and Wasdells Districts.

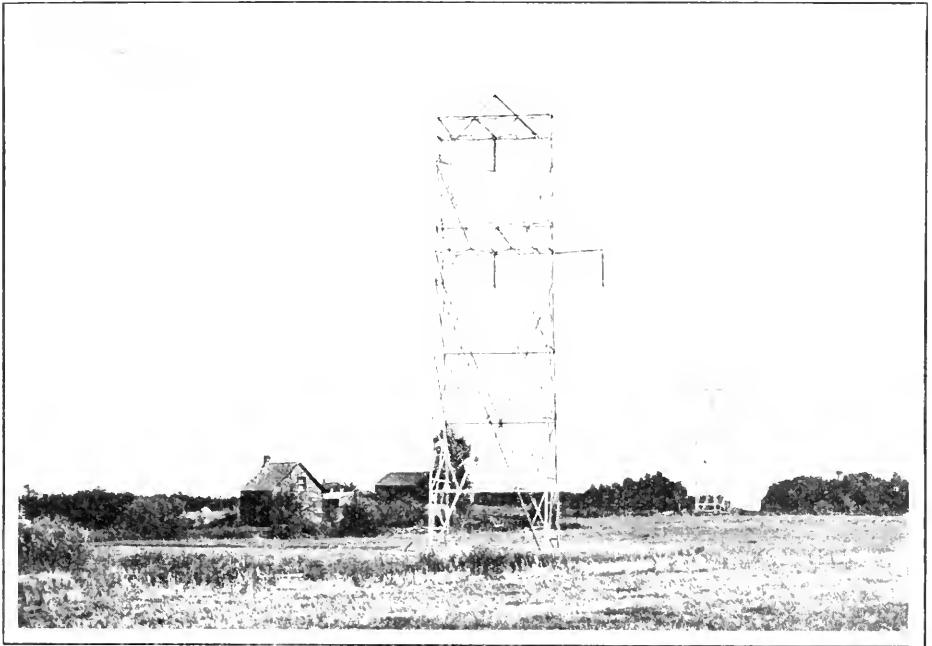
Work in these districts was confined to the reinforcement of crossings in compliance with regulations of the Board of Railway Commissioners.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

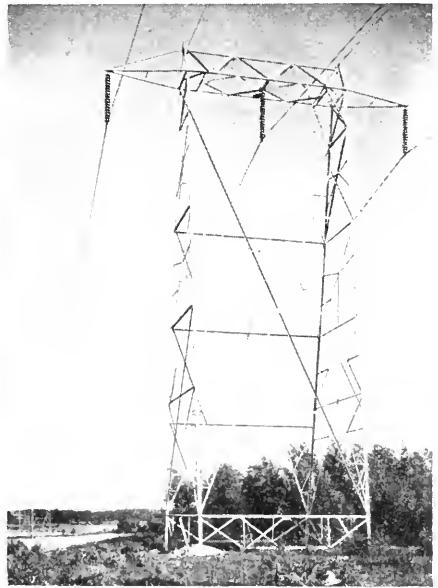
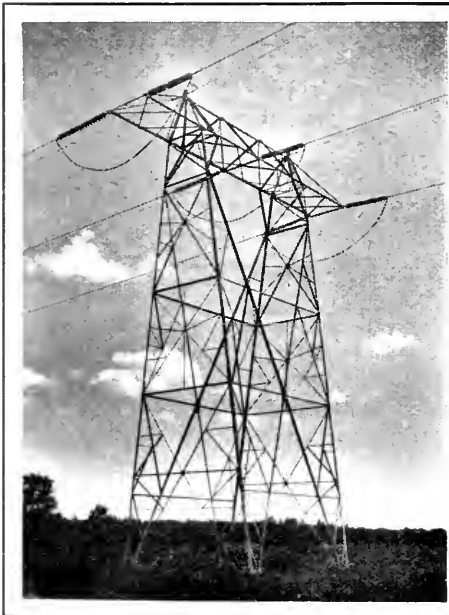
Between Dominionville junction and Maxville distributing station, 5.17 miles, the existing line which was originally built for 44,000 volts, but operated at 4,000 volts was connected to the 44,000-volt circuit at Dominionville junction.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Construction was completed of 48 miles of 33,000-volt, wood-pole line between Cameron Falls transformer station and the Beardmore mine. This line is single-circuit with conductors of No. 4 solid copper.



HYDRO 220,000-VOLT TRANSMISSION LINES
 Transposition towers on the Beauharnois-Chats Falls line



HYDRO 220,000-VOLT TRANSMISSION LINES
 BEAUHARNOIS-CHATS FALLS

Semi-anchor tower showing loop without suspension insulator

Suspension tower with ten-foot extension

TELEPHONE LINES—ALL SYSTEMS

The telephone system of the recently purchased D. P. & T. Co. was co-ordinated with that of the Niagara system. Approximately 17.5 miles of single-circuit were erected to interconnect the two systems in the vicinity of Hamilton, Decew Falls and St. Catharines.

In the vicinity of Effingham 1.40 miles of four-circuit, high-tension, telephone line were diverted to a shorter route which eliminated extensive yearly tree trimming.

DISTRIBUTION LINES AND SYSTEMS

In Appendix III is shown in tabular form the routine work carried on during the year ended October 31, 1933, by the Distribution section of the Electrical Engineering department.

Below is given a brief summary of some of the work undertaken by this section in addition to the engineering activities required in connection with the construction of new lines:

It is now twelve years since the first rural power districts were established. While it is known that wood-pole lines in general have a life greater than this period, in certain soils the decay in wood poles is very rapid. In addition, due to growth in load and distance of transmission, the conductor sizes originally installed become inadequate.

It should be noted also that before the present scheme of rural power districts was originated, there were lines built to serve rural consumers by the Commission and by the municipalities. These lines have practically all been incorporated into the rural power districts. The time has now come when it is advantageous to make a check of the physical condition of these old lines and also the adequacy of the existing conductors to give satisfactory service with the present loads.

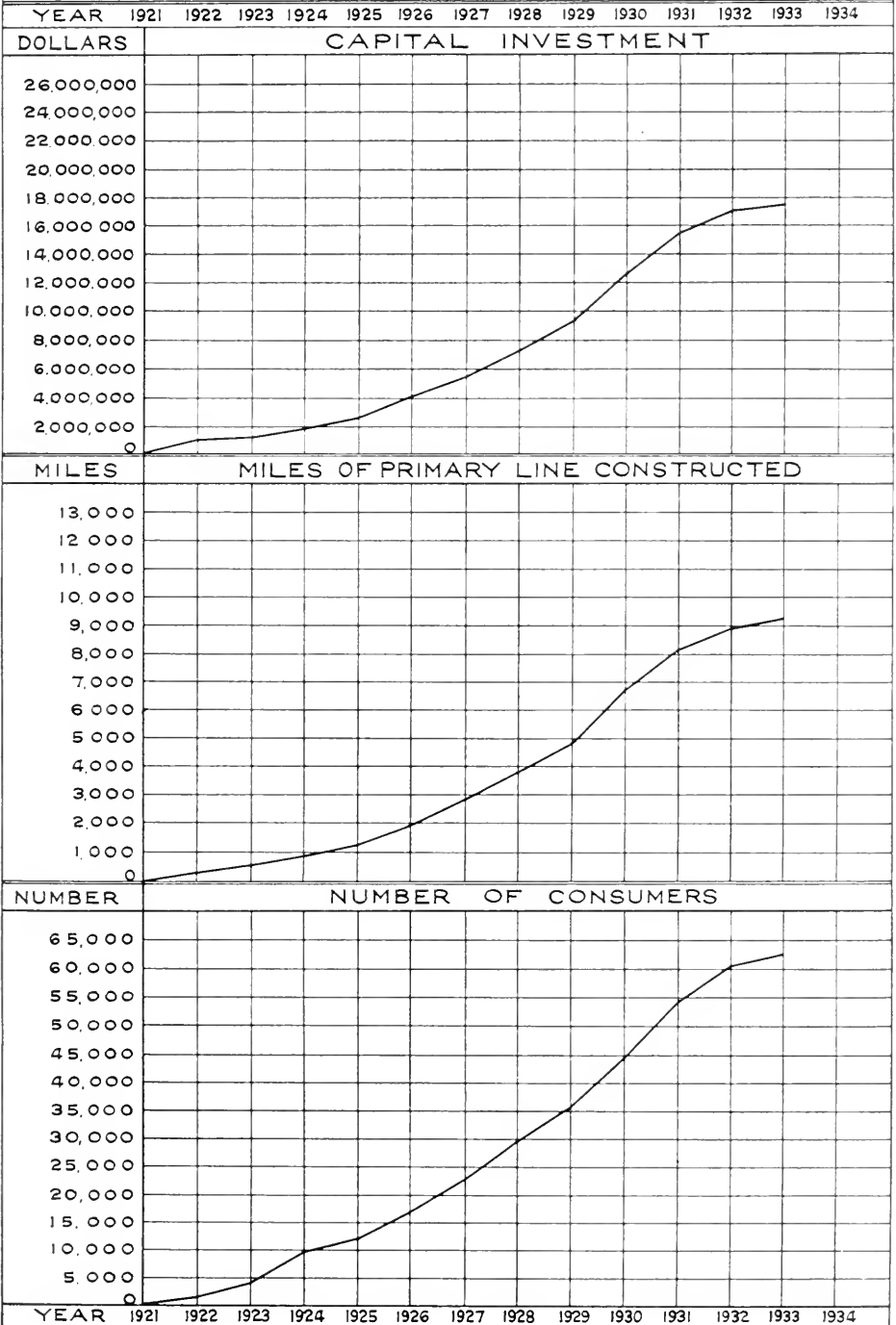
During the past year, the poles on some 75 miles of rural and distribution feeder lines have been tested and recommendations made for the replacement of about twenty per cent of these poles. In addition, voltage and load tests were made in six rural power districts and recommendations made for the improvement of conditions in these districts.

One item of improvement has been the installation of automatic booster transformers at four locations. These automatic booster transformers are a development of the past year.

While endeavouring to locate trouble on a privately owned underground cable, a new method for finding faults on underground cable was developed. This method was successfully used where other common methods of cable testing failed owing to the nature of the fault. A current was passed through the cable which was sufficient to warm the lead sheath which is used as a return conductor. By exposing the cable at intervals and feeling the lead sheath with the hand, the point of fault can be located by the lower temperature of the sheath past the fault.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

GROWTH IN CAPITAL INVESTMENT - MILES OF LINE - NUMBER OF CONSUMERS



The work of ground connection improvement has been continued during the past year. To date, tests have been made on the resistance of some 23,000 grounds in 160 rural power districts. Specifications for the necessary improvement have been issued in 68 rural power districts in which there are approximately 13,000 ground connections. In the above 160 rural power districts, about 14,000 ground connections now meet the standard of 25 ohms or less.

Weekly tests were made during the year on the resistance of the ground terminals at the four test stations installed near Toronto. It is proposed to carry on these tests during the winter of 1933-34 in order to obtain more complete records of the effect of frost on the ground terminal resistance.

The results of the past years tests are now being analyzed. Upon completion of this analysis, a report of the results obtained will be issued.

SECTION VII

TESTING—RESEARCH—INSPECTION

The Testing and Inspection department has three main divisions—the Testing and Research laboratories, the Approvals laboratory, and the Electrical Inspection division.

The division of the department known as the Testing and Research laboratories comprises the Electrical laboratory, Engineering Materials laboratory, Chemical laboratory, Illumination laboratory, and the Photographic and Blueprint branches. This division supplies a testing, research and materials-inspection service to the other departments of the Commission and to the Municipalities embraced in the Commission's operations. Its staff is composed of engineers, chemists and laboratory assistants who carry out their duties in the laboratories or in the field, as expediency or necessity may dictate. The Approvals laboratory is charged with the duty of administering the rules and regulations of the Commission governing electrical equipment. It is composed of a staff of laboratory engineers and factory inspectors; the former are engaged almost entirely in making laboratory tests and the latter in making inspections in the factories and in the field. The Electrical Inspection division is responsible for the administration of the Rules and Regulations of the Commission governing electrical installations. It is organized in districts covering the entire Province, in each of which one or more inspectors are stationed. The work of this division involves inspection, but this is quite different to the inspection carried on by the Testing and Research laboratories. The latter inspects materials and equipment which the Commission purchases for its own use while the former is charged with the duty of inspecting wiring installations in houses, offices, etc. and industrial installations in order to determine whether or not such installations contain a fire or a shock hazard.

An event of importance in the year's operations was the formation of a Research committee in the Commission. The objects of this committee are: to correlate the investigational work of all departments, to discover and develop research talent in the Commission, to encourage the staff to submit ideas which may be developed for the benefit of the Commission and to guide research work in the Commission. The main Research committee consists of five department heads. Sub-committees are appointed to undertake specific research under the direction of the main committee. Nine projects are now active and encouraging progress has been made. Reference is made below to several of these projects.

TESTING AND RESEARCH LABORATORIES

Statistical and Routine Work

During the year, 40,784 tests of all classes were made in this division of the department. Of this total the Electrical laboratory made 15,734 tests, the Chemical laboratory 1,195, the Structural Materials laboratory 4,097, and the Photometric laboratory 19,758. The Blueprint branch completed 3,778 orders and made 48,171 prints having a total area of 121,679 square feet, and the Photographic branch completed 551 orders covering all phases of dark room, studio and field photography. These statistics cover testing to assure the standard of quality of items such as insulating oil, transmission line hardware, rubber gloves, oils and paints, wire and cable, concrete materials and luminous lighting devices as well as special tests involved in miscellaneous investigations and research.

Although this particular phase of the laboratory activities does not change materially from year to year, the work is continually becoming more diversified and the laboratory is called upon to develop new methods and equipment for routine or special testing. An example of this is the new section recently established for conducting physical and chemical tests on insulated wire conductors and electrical conduit and tubing.

Materials and Equipment Inspection Work

The volume of general inspection work was considerably reduced this year owing to the continued depression in the construction activities of the Commission.

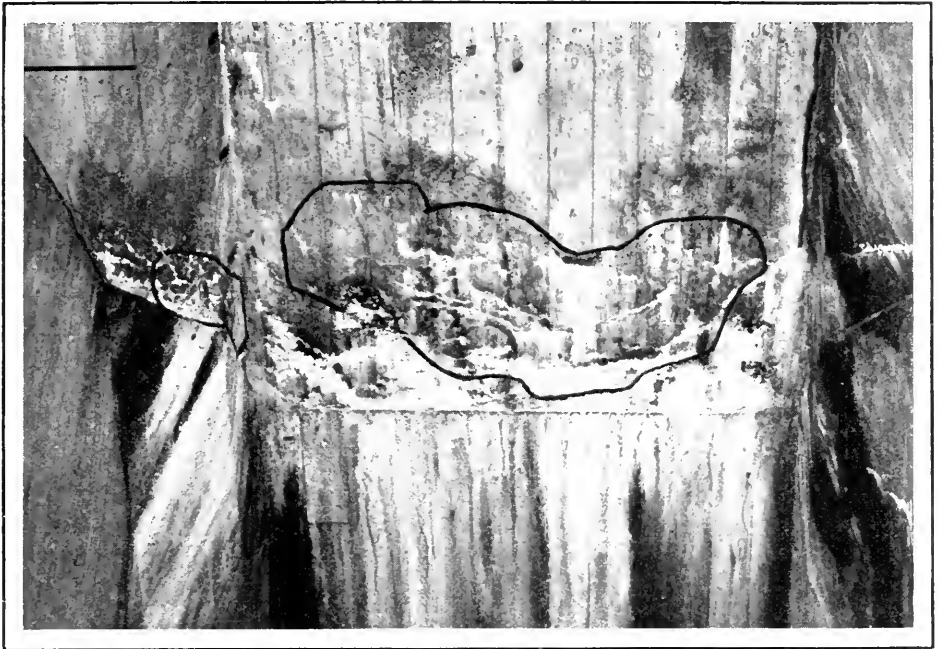
Transmission Line Materials

The routine inspection of transmission line materials was of the same general character as in previous years. All articles such as bolts, cross-arms, pins, splices, connectors, brackets, galvanized steel wire, copper and aluminum conductors and tower-line steel are subjected to rigid inspection either at the laboratory or in the manufacturers' shops. Faulty materials are thus eliminated and hazards to human life as well as service interruptions due to line failures are minimized.

Equipment

The principal items inspected during the period covered by this report were 44 transformers of total capacity 221,805 kv-a and equipment required in the construction of seven electric steam generators having a total capacity of 130,000 kw. During the fabrication of boiler steel for these generators a resident inspector was stationed at the plant, and witness tests were made on the assembled units before final acceptance was granted. Particular attention was also given to the welding of equipment for these installations.

Preliminary work has been done on the inspection of equipment required to complete the Beauharnois contract. This will include the inspection of turbines, generators, governors, circuit breakers and transformers used to supply power to the Commission.



FIELD INSPECTION OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Where conditions warrant, affected areas are outlined on the structure and photographed so that the rate of deterioration may be followed annually

Concrete

Inspection of the Commission's concrete structures as a means of detecting incipient deterioration has been continued. These inspections also afford an opportunity for the laboratory staff to observe the durability of various building materials in service and they assist in making recommendations as to the most suitable materials for the Commission's use. Inspections of this character during the year included eight plants in the Georgian Bay district, three plants in the Nipissing district, three plants in the Sudbury district, the canal walls at Queenston, the generating station and main dam at Eugenia, and the two plants on the Nipigon river.

Although no major concrete construction has been carried out during the year, the inspection staff has assisted in making recommendations as to materials and mixtures for repair work and minor jobs, and has also compiled detailed records on the recently completed construction at Chats Falls and Abitibi Canyon.

Research

Mew Methods and Materials

An important function of the testing and research division is to investigate the merits of new methods or materials and to report upon their usefulness or suitability in the Commission's maintenance and construction work. Items of this nature investigated during the year include cork insulations for preventing condensation on pipes; special devices for transmission line construction; paints for specialized purposes; spray equipment for creosoting poles; roofing materials for powerhouse use; heaters, thermostats and boiler lagging for domestic hot-water service; hardware for low-voltage lines, and insulating cements for electric steam generators.

Investigation of Troubles

The laboratories are frequently requested to investigate troubles which occur in operation and to report upon remedial measures which will prevent their reoccurrence. The following are typical examples of this type of service:

Recommendations were made for treating cooling-pond water to prevent the formation of pipe scale.

A metallurgical examination of a broken tower member revealed that segregation in the steel had caused the failure.

Defective turbine runner bolts at Queenston. Microscopic examination revealed segregation of the metal and the replacement of these bolts was advised.

Defective set screws from bearings at Queenston. Hardness and brittleness had caused failure through impact. Properly heat-treated set screws were recommended.

Galvanizing which had turned black in service. This investigation is still in progress.

Ground wire and dead-end clamps replaced in the field after several years' service were examined to determine any condition which would assist in making these replacements less frequent.

Investigations Leading to Improvements in Methods or Materials

The following problems have received attention during the year:

Comparative tests on bare welding rod and covered rod. In all cases the covered rod was found to be superior.

Investigation of the physical characteristics of aluminum strands in steel-reinforced aluminum conductors, particularly in regard to their bending qualities. The tests showed lack of uniformity in this respect.

Study of a special line fault indicator. Sufficient time has not elapsed to warrant comment upon its merits.

Development of an electrical stress-strain instrument for recording vibration in transmission line conductors. This promises to be a very useful piece of apparatus.

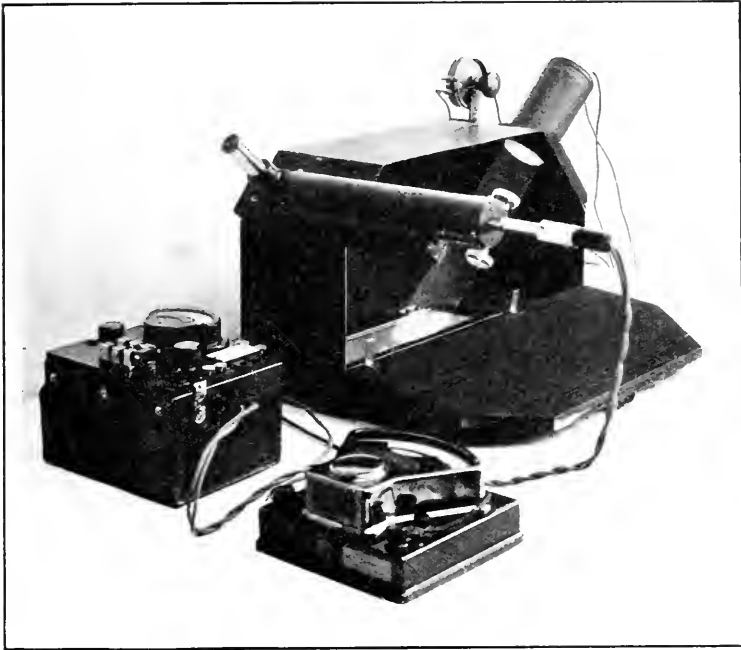
Treatment of concrete walls where moisture presents a serious obstacle to painting. Several treatments have been investigated.

Plastic insulating cement for covering joints in large electrical conductors. A satisfactory cement was found.

Selection of a suitable cement filler for slate panels.

Development of a new method of stubbing wood poles to prevent rotting at the ground line. Assistance was given our engineers at the laboratory and in the field.

Water heating installations for domestic hot-water service. Many special tests were made to investigate the merits of equipment and types of assembly. A large amount of valuable practical data has been obtained and considerable assistance was afforded the manufacturers in developing suitable equipment.



APPARATUS FOR MEASURING THE GLOSS OF PAINTS
Illumination Laboratory

Treatment of Wood Poles

The extent of the Commission's rural transmission lines has warranted a thorough investigation as to the efficiency of various kinds of preservative treatments. Considerable progress has been made in the study of this problem. Annual inspections of the Barrie test bed are being made and the installation of a second test bed near Donlands has been completed. Twenty-four soils from the Niagara district were tested, and over 400 poles from various localities were inspected and recorded for future study. A special device for creosoting poles already in service was investigated, and data pertaining to the history of certain selected pole lines were studied.

Paint

The testing and inspection of paint is one of the most valuable services rendered by the Chemical laboratory. This laboratory not only makes routine tests on paints regularly purchased by the Commission, but is constantly investigating the merits of new products and making recommendations where paints for special purposes are requested. It continues to co-operate in making laboratory tests and field inspections of tower line painting. This service has resulted in a substantial saving in maintenance charges.

Recent developments in paint testing include: microscopic examination of specimens to detect initial failure and photometric measurements for gloss, where this feature is of importance.

Concrete

Concrete problems investigated during the year have included:

Comparative tests on standard silica sands for cement testing. These tests were made in co-operation with the Canadian Engineering Standards Association with a view to adopting a Canadian sand if it proved satisfactory.

Tests on standard aggregates for major concrete investigations. These tests were necessary as the materials formerly used as standard are no longer available. New materials were selected and tests were made to correlate our proportioning data.

The grouting of joints which have given trouble in our existing concrete structures. Cement and asphalt materials were investigated and recommendations were made for the repair work at Nipigon.

The study of problems relating to winter concreting. Placing of concrete during freezing weather presents many specific problems worthy of special consideration. An investigation is now in progress to study the thermal characteristics of concrete and concrete aggregates, the capacity of heating plant necessary for given temperature conditions, the heat generated by chemical reactions in freshly-set concrete and the curing temperatures necessary to provide economical yet adequate curing protection.

The use of crushed limestone or granite as a substitute for natural sands. Proportioning tests for this study are now being made and over 500 cylinders out of a total of 790 have been completed.

Preliminary work done last year on an analysis of the variations in concrete strength tests has been continued. A comprehensive survey of Hydro and foreign field data was made to assist in revising the present concrete strength classifications.

The resurfacing and patching of deteriorated concrete. Field tests have been made using various treatments on sidewalks.

Typical defects which occur due to faulty design or construction have been photographed for the information of our engineers.

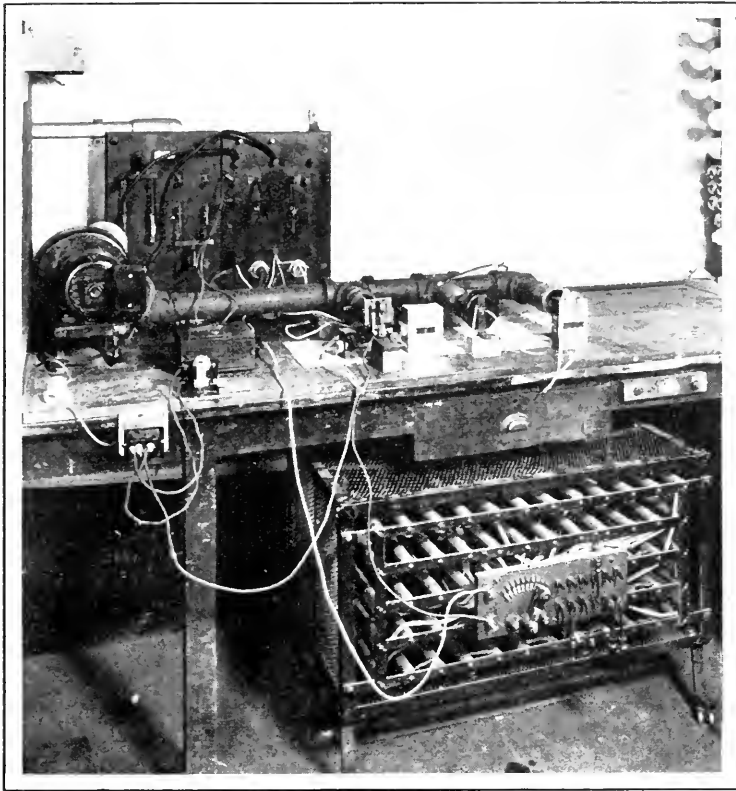
Insulating Oils

A major investigation is now being made to determine the feasibility of reconditioning insulating oil in large quantities. Apparatus of sufficient capacity to reclaim oil on a modified commercial basis has been assembled at the laboratory and the results of tests have been very encouraging. Some mechanical difficulties were experienced, but it is expected that satisfactory field equipment will be developed for restoring deteriorated oil to many additional years of service.

Other studies in respect to insulating oil have been the investigation of operating temperatures as they affect the rate of deterioration, a survey to determine the condition of insulating oils in service and an investigation to establish a more sensitive test for sludge determination.

Radio Interference

The laboratories continue to co-operate with the Dominion Department of Marine in efforts to eliminate radio interference caused by apparatus on electrical



ENDURANCE TEST ON THERMOSTATS

Approvals Laboratory

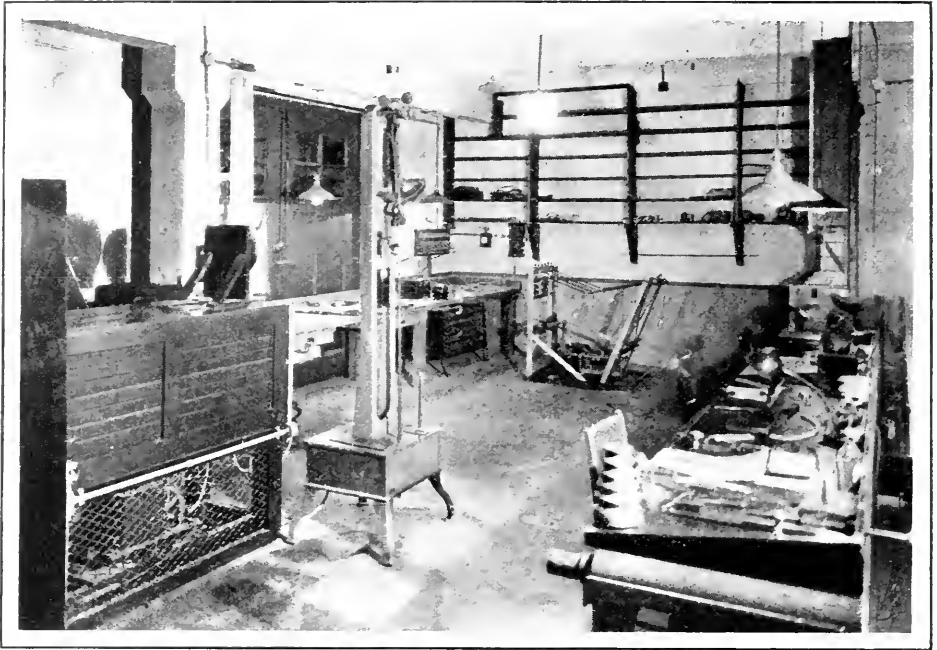
systems. The chief sources of this trouble are transformers, lightning arresters, fused outlets, insulators and some types of line hardware. Power companies are giving an increasing amount of attention to this matter.

Oscillographic Studies

Special tests on a rather extensive scale have been made using oscillograph elements where the time involved was of short duration. These instruments are particularly flexible and they may be used to record any mechanical quantity which may be duplicated by its electrical equivalent.

Vibration of Transmission Line Conductors

During the year the facilities of the laboratory were involved to a greater extent than heretofore in the study of vibrations in transmission line conductors. Several methods of attacking this problem have been investigated, and special electrical apparatus for measuring the vibrations has been developed. Very satisfactory progress has been made and it is expected that these studies will be continued.



LABORATORY FOR TESTING INSULATED WIRE CONDUCTORS

A low-temperature refrigerator is shown at the left, the tension and recovery machine in the centre foreground and the cord endurance tester in the centre background

Communication

Communication problems are continuous in character but new aspects are constantly presenting themselves, particularly those in respect to carrier wave. The merits of several new systems have been studied.

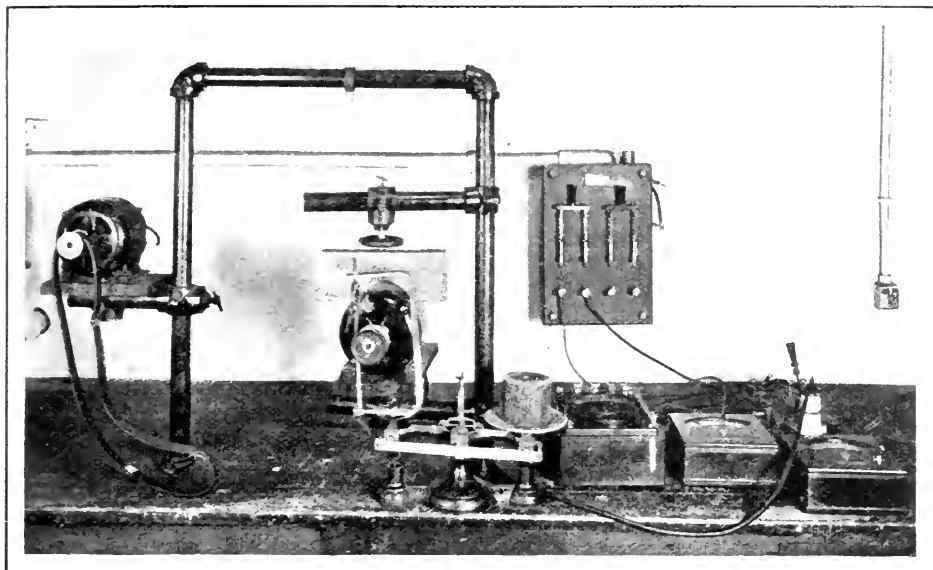
Industrial Research

Assistance has been given in co-operation with the Department of Industrial Research, University of Toronto, in problems relating to resuscitation from electric shock and the prevention of silicosis. A member of the laboratory staff has been assigned to assist in the development and control of electrical apparatus used in the investigation of these important humanitarian problems.

Miscellaneous

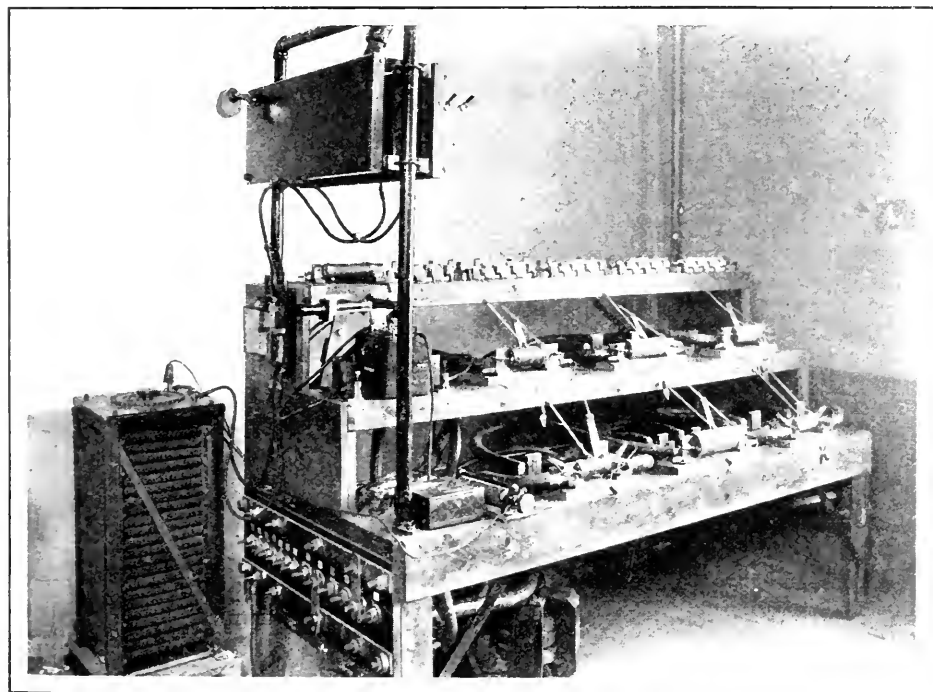
New Equipment

The only new equipment added during the year was that required in the establishment of a new section for testing insulated wire conductors and electrical tubing and conduit. As far as possible the equipment already in the laboratory was adapted to the new work, and only such apparatus as could not be assembled in our own shops was purchased. New equipment purchased for this work includes an electric refrigerator capable of attaining a temperature of -22° Fahr. and a Pyrofax gas machine for conducting flame tests. Both of these items may be used for a multiplicity of purposes in general laboratory work.



BRAKE TESTS ON SMALL MOTORS

Approvals Laboratory



TEMPERATURE AND OVERLOAD TESTS ON FUSES

Approvals Laboratory

It was also necessary to purchase or construct for use in the laboratory several machines for physical testing of rubber and other insulating materials. These included a special refrigerator, machines for buffing rubber and stretching wire, impact testing, testing tensile strength of armoured cable and other cable, tightness of armour, abrasion of insulation and endurance of heater cords. It was also necessary to purchase a considerable number of small tools, micrometers, balances, gauges, dies, thermometers, etc. for bench work on these materials.

To take care of life tests on thermostatically-operated controls for refrigerators and water heaters a special set-up was devised so that streams of hot and cold air alternately could be passed over the device at varying rates. Several new jigs were constructed for switch and socket tests, together with a device for applying heat so that heater switches could be operated at normal temperature. A 12-point pyrometer for measuring temperatures by means of thermocouples on automatic irons, toasters, percolators, etc. was adapted for use in the investigation of these appliances.

A reactor coil was designed and constructed to furnish a load for testing switches for the control of single-phase motors. With this coil it is possible to obtain loads equivalent to locked-rotor loads of motors in capacities from 1/6 to 2 h.p. at 115 volts and from 1 to 5 h.p. at 230 volts.

Standardization

The standardization activities of the department have on the whole been maintained at approximately the same level as last year. The preparation of specifications under Part II of the Canadian Electrical Code has been pressed vigorously forward, as noted in the report of the Approvals laboratory. The benefits of this work both to the Approvals laboratory and the manufacturers are continually evident.

As mentioned in the last report, the Approvals laboratory on January 1, 1933, undertook the inspection of wire, cable, conduit and other items formerly under the inspection service of Underwriters' Laboratories. This work is carried on in co-operation with the Canadian manufacturers and the Canadian Engineering Standards Association under the standards of the Canadian Electrical Code.

Lighting Service

This service is provided for the use of the municipalities and their customers. During the year twelve reports were submitted in response to requests for lighting plans.

Lamps

The Photometric laboratory continues to conduct tests on and to make inspections of all Hydro lamps sold throughout the Province. Samples for life tests are selected from each batch of lamps manufactured for the Commission. The tests of these reveal the inherent quality of the lamps and serve to show whether or not they comply with the requirements of the Commission's specifications. The accumulated information also furnishes a basis for improvements in efficiency as experience dictates.

APPROVALS LABORATORY

Statistical

The following table contains a summary of the testing and inspection work of the Approvals laboratory for the past two years:

	1932	1933
Applications for approval.....	660	743
Special approval tests, etc.....	178	237
Listing.....	52	67
Factory inspection reports.....	3,039	3,328
Labels sold—(16 types).....	696,100	621,723
Conduit.....		446,000
Wire, cord, etc.....		334,000

Applications for approval:

Motor-driven appliances.....		222
Electrically-heated appliances.....		168
Wiring devices.....		125
Lighting devices.....		106
Industrial control and transformers.....		43
Miscellaneous.....		43
Wire and cable.....		19
Radio and sound.....		17

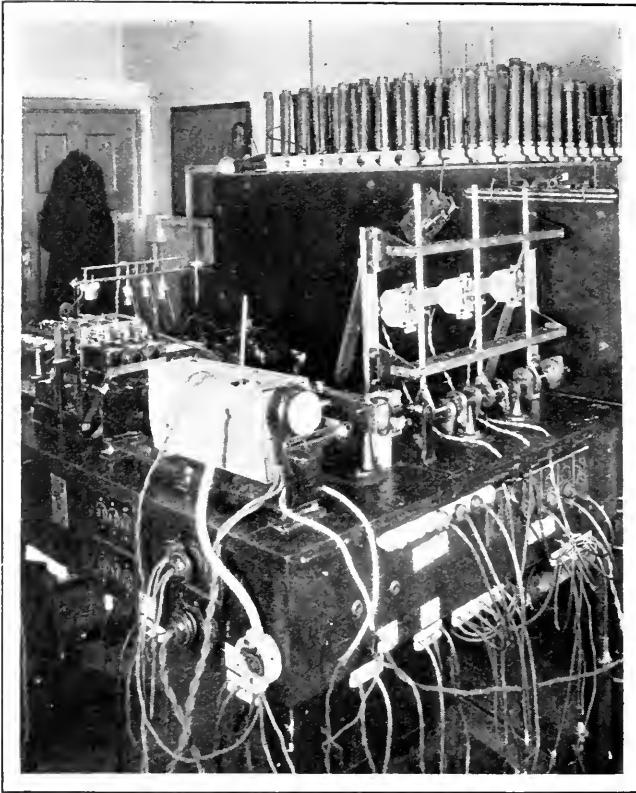
Specifications

Summary of Work

Specifications in process by Canadian Engineering Standards Association, November 1, 1932.....		15
Specifications printed since November 1, 1932.....		5
Specifications advanced to final C.E.S.A. form.....		4
Specifications begun during year.....		10
(Some advanced to C.E.S.A. draft form and others still in laboratory draft.)		
Meetings of C.E.S.A. Specification Panel attended.....		15
Average attendance of laboratory engineers.....		3.5
Other meetings attended relating to Approvals work.....		3

One engineer is devoting his whole time to specifications. Two others are giving part time and several others are consulted as required in order to insure that all requirements are properly covered by any draft.

In addition to this work some standardization work has been done in connection with the marking of plug fuses and of mercury contact switches. Several bulletins were also issued referring to appliance plugs, use of flexible cords, cartridge enclosed fuses, and insulated wires and cables. By arrangement with Canadian Engineering Standards Association these bulletins were circulated by that association to manufacturers and others concerned.



ENDURANCE TEST ON THREE-HEAT RANGE SWITCHES

This test is being made at constant temperature of 100 deg. C.
Approvals Laboratory

The Safety Code for elevator equipment proposed by the Canadian Engineering Standards Association was reviewed and an appendix covering electrical features for inclusion in this code was compiled.

Other specifications received through the Canadian Engineering Standards Association from the British Standards Institution and the Australian Standardization Association have also been reviewed and comments forwarded.

Label Sales

Commenting on the summary of labels sold, as compared with the previous year, there is a drop of approximately 75,000 or about 11 per cent. This loss of revenue was more than made up by the sale of labels for conduit, fixtures, insulated wire and cord, heater cord, armoured and non-metallic sheathed cable, flexible steel conduit and non-metallic tubing. The continued general depression in the building trades however kept the demand for this label service to a low point as it did not come up to the estimate.

To handle the inspection required by an increasing number of label users in the district surrounding Montreal, it was found necessary to open a branch

office in Montreal where laboratory specifications and other information could be available as well as labels. This arrangement has worked out very well.

In the Western Provinces, the business depression has probably been more acutely felt by manufacturers with the result that the falling off in demand for label service has been more pronounced than in Ontario and Quebec.

A revised list of approved electrical equipment will be issued early in 1934.

Field Sales Control

During the year twenty-two offenders were brought to Police Court for breach of Rule 103 and many more were served, or about to be served, with summonses but further action was dropped when compliance with the Regulations was forthcoming. Of the above number six were fined.

An attempt was made by one concern to bring in substandard Christmas tree sets and incandescent lamps. Much time was taken up and several court cases resulted both in Toronto and surrounding towns before the further distribution of these sets was checked. The use of assumed names by the offenders made it difficult to cope with this class of offender.

ELECTRICAL INSPECTION DEPARTMENT

The Electrical Inspection department of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission has now been in operation for a period of eighteen years. It was formed, in the latter part of 1915, to supervise the carrying out of the Rules and Regulations governing electrical installations in all municipalities of the Province of Ontario. It functions for the Provincial Government under the direction of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission.

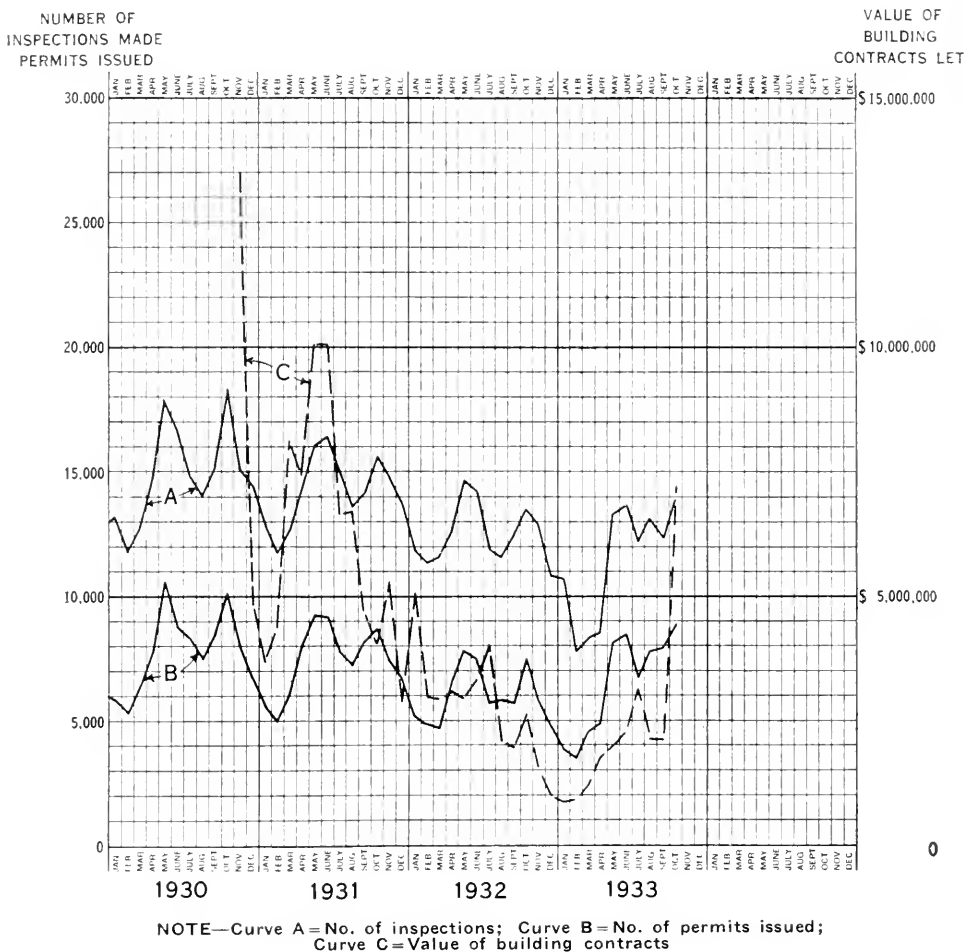
While the work of the Department varies but little from year to year, the volume handled is governed, to a large extent, by the amount of new building construction carried on throughout the Province. The value of this has shown a steady decline from \$116,203,200 in 1930 to \$26,292,000 in 1933.

There are reasons for believing that the bottom of the depression has been reached, so far as building construction statistics, covering a period of years, would indicate. The number of paid applications, for inspection, received in 1933, amounted to 75,054, a decrease of 1,117 or 1.47 per cent from 1932.

The small decrease in the number of permits issued does not however accord with the building construction situation, outlined above. The number of permits was maintained at a higher level as a result of the Commission's water heater campaign. If this field of work had not been created, the number of permits issued would have fallen off by approximately 15 per cent.

In all, 137,760 inspections were made, a decrease of 16,135 or 12 per cent from 1932.

The accompanying graph shows the monthly trend of permits issued, inspections made and the cost of building construction in Ontario for the period 1930 to 1933.



Fires

Of the numerous fires reported to the Department as having been caused by defective electric wiring, investigation has definitely placed the causes of 31 as due to defective wiring. This number is an increase of 11 over last year. The fires are classified, as to origin, below:

Armoured cable.....	4	Flexible cord.....	6
Wires overfused.....	5	Service conduit blowout.....	1
Heaters (improperly used).....	3	Iron left on.....	1
Defective joints.....	2	Motors.....	3
Short circuits.....	5		
Lamp in barn, covered with chaff, as a result of threshing operations	1	Total.....	31

Electrocution

During each year, a number of instances of electrocution are reported, in the newspapers, throughout the Province. Most of these are brought about by persons coming into contact with high-voltage wiring and equipment which is not under the jurisdiction of the Inspection Department.

Four fatal accidents occurred, within the past fiscal year, through equipment under the jurisdiction of this Department. The individual causes are cited below:

Man electrocuted by coming into contact with an amusement device, on which an intermittent ground existed. Voltage of circuit, 110.

Man electrocuted while making alterations to a heater connection; neglected to pull switch. Voltage of circuit, 550.

Man electrocuted while working with an electric jack which was not grounded. Voltage of circuit, 550.

Man electrocuted while painting pipe framework around switching equipment. Voltage of circuit, 2,200.

Two cows and one horse were also electrocuted. High resistance grounds were the cause in each instance.

Infractions of Regulations

Forty-two persons and companies were prosecuted for various infractions of the Rules and Regulations. Fines amounting to \$480 and a number of suspended sentences were imposed.

The routine work of inspecting the older and more obsolete type of installation has been carried on as in previous years. Owing to present conditions, more time and effort is required to influence the consumer to have the installation brought up to a reasonable standard of safety than was formerly the case. The Department has recognized the hardships which might be imposed, in this connection, and has only taken action where life and fire hazard exist. In all, 2,603 installations were brought up to a reasonable safe condition at an approximate cost of \$138,848.

Artificial Grounds

This year, 2,222 artificial grounds were tested as compared with 3,824 last year. The readings obtained give the Department a knowledge of the ground protection on each installation before the supply lines are connected. This information, along with other data, is turned over to the Engineering department, for study, with a view to improving upon the types of artificial grounds now in use.

SECTION VIII

ELECTRIC RAILWAYS

THE SANDWICH, WINDSOR AND AMHERSTBURG RAILWAY COMPANY

Operation

In 1933 the gross earnings were \$492,795 as compared with \$568,452 in 1932, a decrease of \$75,657. The 1933 operating expenses were \$498,134 as compared with \$564,692 in 1932, a decrease of \$66,558. There was an operating deficit of \$5,340 as compared with an operating net of \$3,759 in 1932.

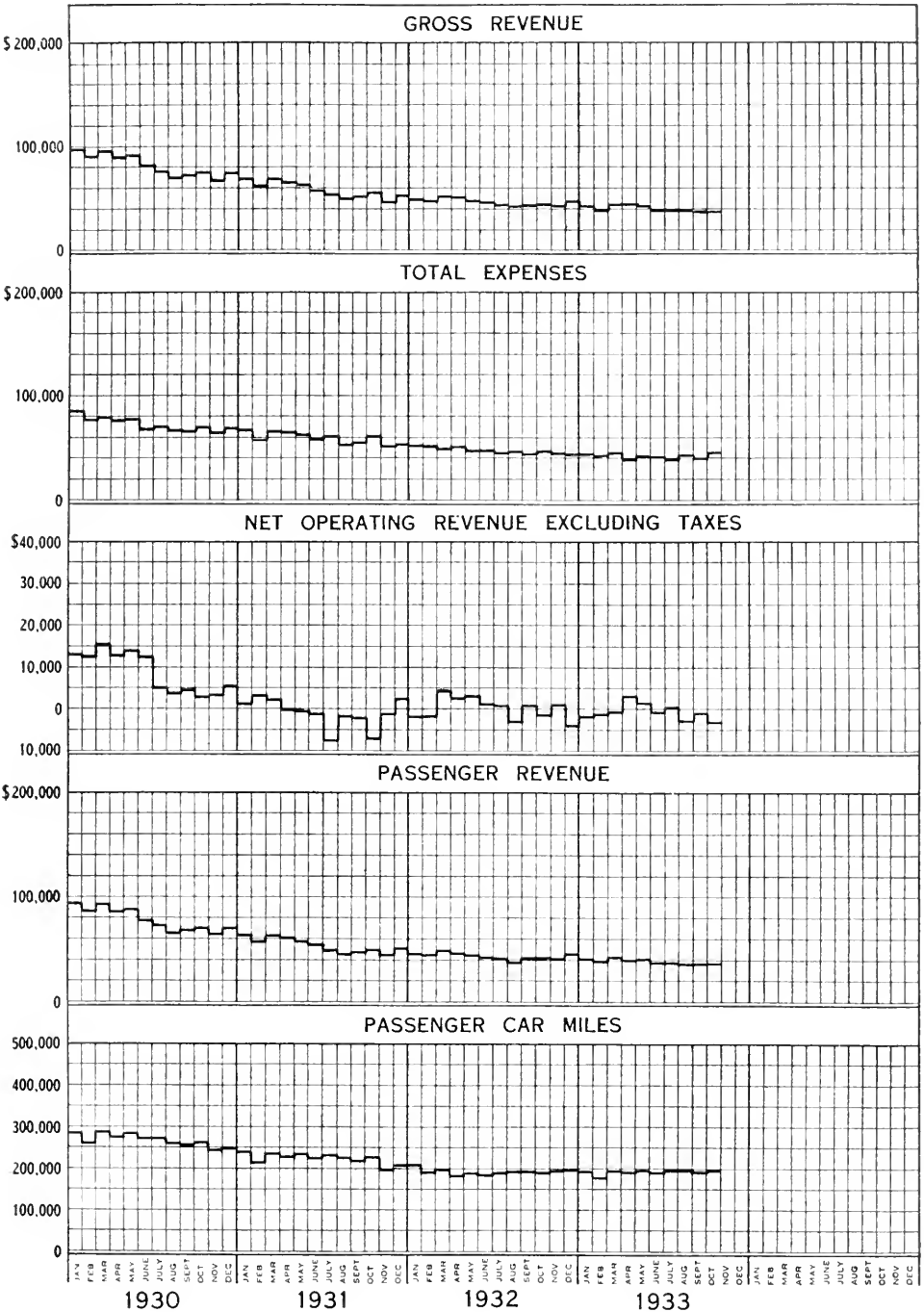
The adjustment of the 1932 power bill was made too late to be included in the 1932 report and the amount—\$4,872 has been credited to 1933 operating expenses. Similarly, the 1933 adjustment has not been made at this writing.

Industrial conditions in the Border Cities show little or no change for the better and the earnings of the Railway decreased 13 per cent while operating expenses have been reduced 11.7 per cent.

The accompanying chart indicates the record of the Railway for the past five years.

The mileage operated by the various types of cars during the year is as follows:—double truck, air brake, two-man cars 2,823 car-miles; interurban cars, 438,297 car-miles; single truck safety cars, 569,528 car-miles; double truck safety cars, 1,311,334 car-miles; express cars 10,944 car-miles; service cars, 12,268 car-miles; total 2,345,194 car-miles.

SANDWICH, WINDSOR AND AMHERSTBURG RAILWAY OPERATING STATISTICS



SANDWICH, WINDSOR AND AMHERSTBURG RAILWAY

Operating Statistics, 1933

Route-miles:—

City.....	24 81
Amherstburg interurban.....	13 54
Tecumseh interurban.....	5 34

Total route-miles.....	43.69
------------------------	-------

Passenger and freight car-miles operated.....	2,332,926
Passenger and freight car-hours operated.....	237,426
Passengers carried.....	8,576,698
Percentage of transfer passengers to revenue passengers.....	21.15 %
Passenger cars operated.....	58
Passengers carried per route-mile.....	196,308
Passengers carried per car-mile.....	3.7
Passengers carried per car-hour.....	36.4
Average mileage per car operated.....	40,031
Average passengers per car operated.....	147,874
Freight tonnage carried.....	1,616

Accidents 315, of which 214 were automobile accidents.

Accidents per 100,000 car-miles: 12.698.

GUELPH DISTRICT RAILWAY

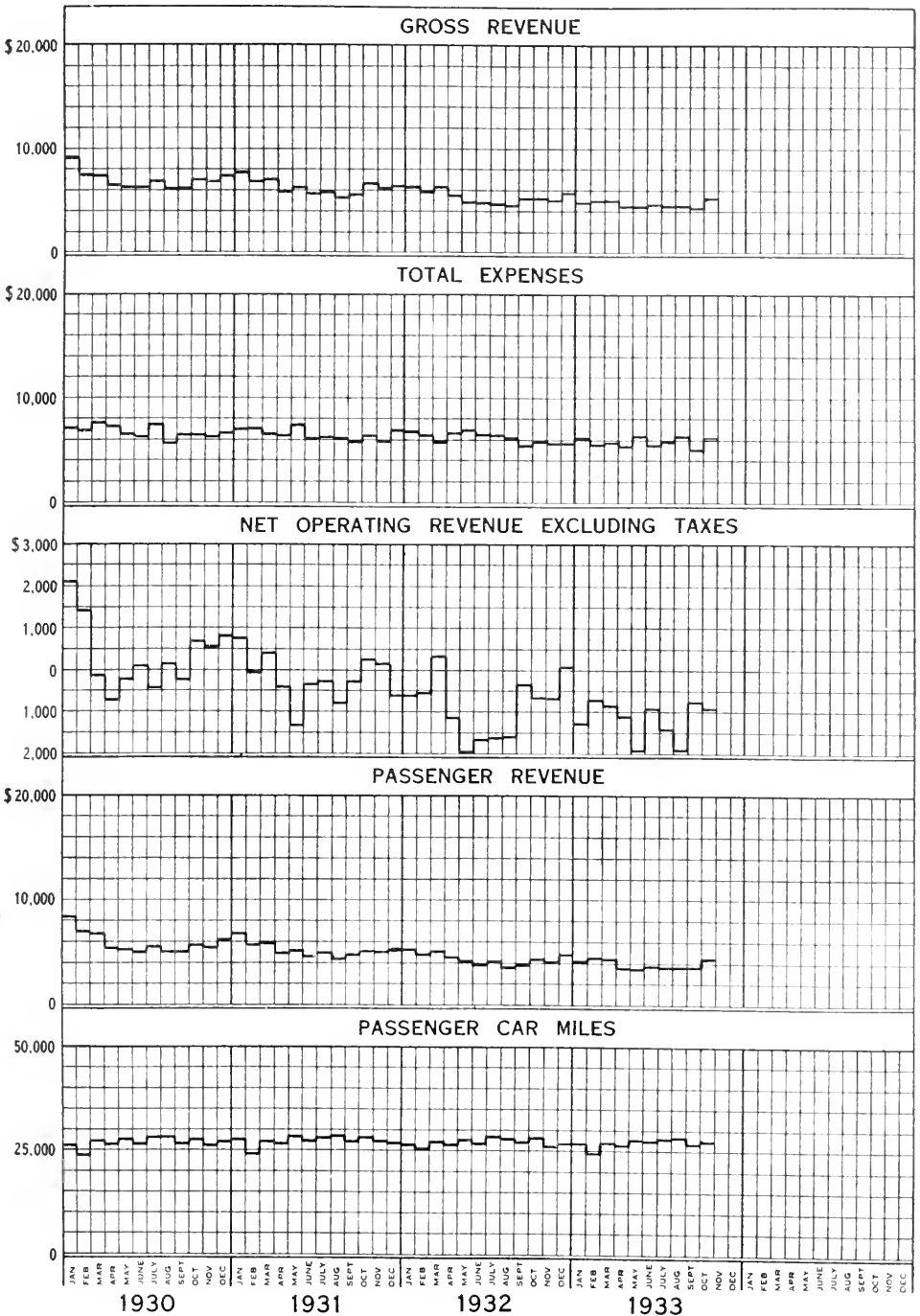
Operation

The operating revenue for the Guelph District Railways for 1933 was \$57,455 as compared with \$65,595 in 1932. The operating expenses for the year 1933 were \$69,806 as compared with \$73,380 in 1932. The net operating shortage was \$12,351, as compared with \$7,784 in 1932. The interest and debenture payments were \$25,468 as compared with \$25,588 in 1932. Sinking Fund requirements were \$3,159 as compared with \$3,159 in 1932. Nothing was set aside for renewals. The deficit for 1933 was \$41,332 as compared with \$36,885 in 1932.

Included in the above deficit is \$8,351, which had been set aside for amortizing the original value of the Railway previous to the transfer of this road to the Hydro-Electric Power Commission; and also an interest charge of \$3,349.

The freight earnings for the year 1933 were \$8,931 as compared with \$10,506. Passenger earnings were \$47,921 in 1933 as compared with \$54,373 in 1932.

GUELPH DISTRICT RAILWAYS—OPERATING STATISTICS



GUELPH DISTRICT RAILWAY

Operating Statistics, 1933

Route-miles:—

Trolley.....	6.41
Bus.....	5.99
<hr/>	
Total route-miles.....	12.40
Track-miles.....	9.06
Passenger cars operated.....	7
Buses operated.....	4
Passenger car-miles operated.....	221,185
Bus-miles operated.....	91,419
Freight-locomotive-miles.....	9,908
Passenger car-hours operated.....	27,619
Passenger bus-hours operated.....	13,037
Revenue passengers carried.....	835,867
Transfer passengers carried.....	226,996
Free passengers carried.....	3,402
Total passengers carried.....	1,066,285
Percentage of transfer passengers to revenue passengers.....	27.1
Freight motor cars operated.....	1
Freight motor-hours operated.....	2,141
Total passenger freight and service car-miles operated.....	332,536

Accidents:—17 of which 11 were due to automobiles.

Accidents per 100,000 car-miles—1927, 8.24; 1928, 4.25; 1929, 12.3; 1930, 7.2; 1931, 4.45; 1932, 5.95; 1933, 5.1.

SECTION IX

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Relating to Properties Operated by The Hydro-Electric Power Commission on Behalf of Municipalities

The following explanatory statement is submitted with a view to affording a satisfactory understanding of the manner in which the various operations of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario are conducted and financed and thus contributing to the interest of those concerned either directly or indirectly with the work of the Commission.

The "Hydro" electrical undertaking of Ontario is an organization of a large number of partner municipalities co-ordinated into groups or systems for securing common action with respect to power supplies, through the medium of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission which under the Power Commission Act functions as their trustee. The undertaking as a whole, embracing all the operations from the provision of the power down to its final delivery to the ultimate consumer, involves two distinct phases of operations.

The **FIRST** phase of operations is the provision of the electrical power—either by generation or purchase—and its transformation, transmission and delivery in *wholesale* quantities to individual municipal utilities, to large industrial consumers, and to rural power districts. This phase of the operations is performed by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario as trustee for the municipalities acting collectively in groups or "systems," and the financial statements relating to these collective activities of the municipalities are presented in this section of the Annual Report.

The **SECOND** phase of operations is the *retail* distribution of electrical energy to consumers within the limits of the areas served by the various municipal utilities and rural power districts. In the case of rural power districts, which usually embrace within their confines portions of more than one township, the Hydro-Electric Power Commission not only provides the power at wholesale, but also—on behalf of the respective individual townships—attends to all physical and financial operations connected with the distribution of energy at retail to the consumers within the rural power districts.* The financial statements relating to the rural power districts are also presented in this section of the report. In the case of cities, towns, many villages and certain thickly populated areas of townships, retail distribution of electrical energy provided by the Commission is in general conducted by individual local municipal utility com-

*For further information respecting rural power districts consult latter portion of Section III in this Report.

missions under the general supervision of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario. The balance sheets, operating reports and statistical data relating to such individual electrical utilities are presented in Section X of this report.

Having the foregoing distinctions respecting wholesale and retail electrical service in mind, the following brief notes will assist to an understanding of the economic structure and of the general plan of administration of the undertaking, and will make clearer the financial tables herein presented. The basic principle governing the financial operations of the undertaking is that electrical service be given by the Commission to the municipalities and by the municipalities to the ultimate consumers at cost.

The charges for power supplied by the Commission to the various municipalities vary with the amounts of power used, the distances from the sources of supply and other factors. The entire capital cost of the various power developments and transmission systems is annually allocated to the connected municipalities and other wholesale power consumers, according to the relative use made of the lines and equipment. Each municipality assumes responsibility for that portion of property employed in providing and transmitting power for its use, together with such expenses—including the cost of purchased power if any—as are incidental to the provision and delivery of its wholesale power. The entire annual expenses—including appropriations for reserves—incurred by the Commission in the supply of power at wholesale are thus paid out of revenues collected in respect of such power, through the medium of power bills rendered by the Commission. The municipalities are billed at an estimated interim rate each month during the year and credit or debit adjustment is made at the end of the year,* when the Commission's books are closed and the actual cost payable by each municipality for power received has been determined.

Included in the municipality's remittance to the Commission for the wholesale cost of power—besides such direct expenses as those for operation and maintenance of plant, for administration, and for interest on capital—are sums required to build up reserves for sinking fund, for renewals, and for obsolescence and contingencies. The first-mentioned reserve is for the purpose of liquidating the capital liabilities; consequently, as capital obligations are discharged the plant will progressively be freed from interest expense. The other reserves are, respectively, being created to provide funds for the replacing or rebuilding of plant as it wears out; to enable the undertaking to replace existing equipment with improved equipment as it becomes available through advances in science and invention, and to meet unforeseen expenses which from time to time may arise.

The ultimate source of all revenue to meet costs—whether for the larger operations of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission or for the smaller local operations of the municipalities—is, of course, the consumer. Out of the total revenue collected by each municipal utility from its consumers for service supplied, only an amount sufficient to pay the wholesale cost of power supplied by the Commission as outlined above is remitted to the Commission; the balance of municipal electrical revenue is retained to pay for the expense incurred by the local utility in distributing the electrical energy to its consumers.

*The financial year for the Commission ends on October 31. The financial year for the municipal electric utilities, however, ends on December 31, and the municipal accounts are made up to this date, and so recorded in Section X.

The results obtained by the annual adjustments of the Commission's capital investment, operating expenses and fixed charges, as they affect individual municipalities are shown in the tables for the respective systems. For the purpose of financial statement, the various systems are treated as separate units and for each of them similar statements and details are presented. Many of the pages which follow, therefore, simply repeat for each system data similar to those which are presented for the first system dealt with in each division of the report, namely, the Niagara system. In order, therefore, to possess a ready grasp of all the figures presented in this and other similar reports of the Commission, all that is necessary is to have a true understanding of the financial procedure followed in connection with one system and with one municipal "Hydro" utility.

The accounts of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario are verified by auditors specially appointed by the Provincial Government. The accounts of the "Hydro" utility of each individual municipality are prepared according to approved and standard practice and are also duly audited.

Tabular Data

The first tabular statement given in Section IX is a general balance sheet exhibiting the assets and liabilities of the undertaking and relates to the properties constructed or otherwise acquired and being operated by the Commission as trustee for the municipalities of the various systems.

The general balance sheet is followed by groups of statements relating in turn to each system of the Commission. These statements, for each system, are similar in character and include:—

Operating Account for the year, showing, for the system as a whole, the various items of operating expense and fixed charges entering into the cost of power as defined by the Power Commission Act, and the revenues collected by the Commission from the partner municipalities and other consumers.

Cost of Power statement, which shows the apportionment to each municipality or rural power district of the items of cost summarized in the Operating Account, as well as the apportionment of the capital expenditures listed in the balance sheet and the amount of power taken by each municipality. It should be appreciated that the cost of power given in this table is the wholesale cost,—that is, the cost which the Commission receives for the power delivered from the main transformer stations serving the local utility or rural power district. In the case of rural power districts, the costs of power for the respective districts appear also in the "Rural Operating" statement, immediately following, as "Cost of power delivered"; in the case of municipal electrical utilities not directly administered by the Commission, the respective costs of power appear in Statement "B" of Section X as "Power purchased."*

Rural Operating statement, which shows for each rural power district the various items of cost, and the revenues received, in connection with the distribution of electrical energy to consumers.

Credit or Charge statement, which shows the adjustments made in order to bring the amounts paid by each municipal electric utility to the actual cost of service to that municipality. These credits and charges are taken up and given effect to in the municipal accounts of "Hydro" utilities before the operating records of each year are closed.

*Consult footnote on previous page.

Reserve for Renewals, which shows the provisions made for, the expenditures from, and the balances to the credit of, this fund.

Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies, which gives similar information with respect to this reserve.

Sinking Fund statement, which gives the accumulated total of the amounts paid by each municipality and rural power district as part of the cost of power together with its proportionate share of other sinking funds.

Sinking Fund Reserve, which summarizes the provisions made with respect to this fund.

All municipal "Hydro" utilities have current expenses to meet similar to the expenses of the Commission and have adopted the same financial procedure with respect to their operations. In other words, concurrently with the creation of funds to liquidate their debt to the Commission and to provide the necessary reserve to protect generating, transforming, and transmission systems, the municipalities are taking similar action with respect to their local "Hydro" utility systems.

The balance sheets, operating reports and statistical data appearing in Section X, under the heading of "Municipal Accounts," relate to the operation of local distribution systems by individual municipalities which have contracted with the Commission for their supply of electrical energy. To this section there is an explanatory introduction to which the reader is specially referred.

To illustrate further the foregoing explanatory comments, there is presented herewith a typical operating statement of an Ontario municipal electrical utility, covering its financial operations, both as a partner in a system of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission, and as administrator of its own local distribution system.

PERTH "HYDRO" UTILITY

A Typical Operating Statement for the year 1933

REVENUE

Collected from Perth "Hydro" customers for year..... \$61,537.70

EXPENSES

A.—Incurred by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission on behalf of the municipality of Perth in connection with the supplying of its electrical energy. These data show—as determined by annual adjustment—what it costs the Commission to supply the municipality with its wholesale power. See "Cost of Power" statement, page 238, for the Town of Perth as follows:

Cost (proportionate share) of power purchased for Eastern Ontario system, from generating plants not owned by Commission.....	\$8,855.40
Cost (proportionate share) of operation and maintenance expense of Eastern Ontario generating plants, transformer stations and transmission lines together with administrative expenses.....	7,227.15
Interest, including exchange, on Perth's proportionate share of capital investment in generating plants, transformer stations and transmission lines.....	10,822.48

Renewal reserve (proportionate share) provided in respect of generating plants, transformer stations and transmission lines.	\$2,968.15
Obsolescence and contingencies reserve (proportionate share) provided in respect of generating plants, transformer stations and transmission lines.	873.66
Sinking Fund (proportionate share) provided in respect of generating plants, transformer stations and transmission lines.	2,269.89
Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies*.	5,005.70
	\$38,022.43

B.—Incurred by the municipality of Perth through its utility Commission in connection with the sale of electrical energy to consumers. Consult the section dealing with the Municipal Accounts:

Operation, maintenance and administrative expenses.	\$8,648.87
Interest on debenture debt, etc.	2,880.45
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.	1,819.09
Depreciation and other reserves.	3,224.00
	\$16,572.41

TOTAL EXPENSES

Charged against revenue from customers of the Perth System. . . \$54,594.84

NET SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR. \$6,942.86

The municipality of Perth, situated in the south eastern part of the Province, was connected to the Eastern Ontario system in February, 1919. With the close of the fourteenth year of operation, this utility's total assets are \$220,342.86, liabilities \$57,695.17, and reserves and surplus, \$162,647.69, as shown in the municipalities' balance sheets, in Section X, Statement "A."

By reference to this municipality's balance sheet, it will be noted that the Perth "Hydro" utility has created a sinking fund equity amounting to \$34,151.00 in the Hydro-Electric Power Commission system.

By reference to Statement "D" in Section X of this report it will be seen that under the low rate schedules prevailing throughout the Province, the rates in force in Perth have resulted in *average costs*† to the various classes of service as follows: Domestic service (with an average monthly consumption per consumer of 93 kilowatt-hours) 2.2 cents per kilowatt-hour; commercial light service 2.8 cents per kilowatt-hour. The actual *rates in force* are presented in Statement "E" and particulars of street lighting service are given in Statement "C."

*This represents the difference between the revenue received from private companies and other power customers operating under flat-rate contracts, and the result obtained by "costing" these loads on exactly the same basis as that used in determining "costs" in respect of municipal contracts, including sinking fund and other reserves.

†If proper differentiation be made by those undertaking research, between the very different entities of rates on the one hand and the derived quantities of average costs or revenues on the other, a great deal of confusion and misrepresentation will be avoided. Consult introduction to Statement "D" of Section X.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

POWER UNDER

ASSETS

Niagara System:

Generating Plants:

Queenston-Chippawa development.....	\$76,891,330.14
Ontario Power development, including water rights....	22,035,794.89
Toronto Power development, including water rights ...	11,522,054.50
Chats Falls power development.....	6,167,756.08
DeCew power development and steam plant, including water rights.....	11,824,138.13

Transmission Lines:

Right-of-way.....	8,428,947.36
Steel-tower and wood-pole lines.....	25,784,995.12
Transformer Stations.....	35,257,130.56
	<u>\$197,912,146.78</u>

Distribution Lines:

Rural power districts.....	\$6,440,310.91
Rural lines.....	35,527.44
Local distribution systems.....	422,618.53
	<u>6,898,456.88</u>
	<u>\$204,810,603.66</u>

Share capital of Hamilton Street Railway Company carried
at a value of.....

\$3,000,000.00

Cash advances to Hamilton Street Railway to cover capital
expenditures and for working capital.....

250,837.27

3,250,837.27

Radial Railways in vicinity of Hamilton in process of liquidation—balance
expected to be recovered.....

81,986.56

Balances owing under agreements covering
sales of certain properties, plants and
equipment:

By City of Hamilton..... \$1,812,500.00

By City of Brantford..... 116,000.00

By Canada Coach Lines, Limited..... \$525,000.00

Accrued interest thereon..... 8,845.82

533,845.82

Shares (1,000) of First Preferred stock of Canada Coach
Lines, Limited—at par.....

100,000.00

2,562,345.82

Thunder Bay System:

Nipigon generating plants..... \$15,688,226.21

Transmission lines..... 1,913,736.96

Transformer stations..... 974,870.00

\$18,576,833.17

Distribution lines:

Rural power districts..... 53,939.01

18,630,772.18Carried forward..... \$229,336,545.49

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

TAKINGS

LIABILITIES

To Province of Ontario:

Cash advances for Niagara and other systems	\$204,973,166	14
Less: Repayment under provisions of Power Commission Act	17,008,616	73
	<u> </u>	\$187,964,549 41

Grant funds in the hands of the Commission to apply against rural power districts in course of construction or extension		40,114. 69
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Amount received from the Province for the purpose of making loans under provisions of the Rural Power District Loans Act	\$85,000. 00	
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Note: Loans made to October 31, 1933, \$84,912.64.

Less: Principal instalments on such loans collected and repaid to the Province	19,395 86	
	<u> </u>	65,604. 14

Debentures issued by the Commission and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario:

Four per cent debentures, due 1957, issued in purchase of Ontario Power Company of Niagara Falls	\$8,000,000 00	
Interest accrued thereon	80,000 00	
	<u> </u>	\$8,080,000. 00

Six per cent debentures, due 1941, issued for the purpose of retiring the 1921 issue of the Ontario Power Company of Niagara Falls	\$3,200,000 00	
Interest accrued thereon	67,856. 16	
	<u> </u>	3,267,856 16

Six per cent debentures, due 1940, issued in purchase of the Toronto Power Company Limited	\$413,200 00	
Interest accrued thereon	10,330. 00	
	<u> </u>	423,530 00

Six per cent. debentures, due 1940, issued in purchase of certain electrical power equipment of the Toronto and York Radial Railway	\$205,800 00	
Interest accrued thereon	5,145. 00	
	<u> </u>	210,945 00

Five per cent debentures, due 1939, issued for the purpose of retiring the 1924 issue of the Toronto Power Company Limited	\$4,000,000 00	
Interest accrued thereon	75,000 00	
	<u> </u>	4,075,000 00

Four per cent debentures, due 1958, issued in purchase of distribution lines of Essex County	\$200,000 00	
Interest accrued thereon	3,333. 34	
	<u> </u>	203,333. 34

	<u> </u>	\$16,260,664 50
Carried forward		\$188,070,268. 24

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

POWER UNDER

		ASSETS	
Brought forward.....			\$229,336,545 49
Georgian Bay System:			
Generating plants.....		\$3,771,083 28	
Transmission lines.....		2,602,025 41	
Transformer stations.....		1,159,113 39	
		<u>7,532,222 08</u>	
Distribution lines:			
Rural power districts.....	\$780,691 26		
Rural lines.....	2,807 43		
Local distribution systems.....	78,924 48		
		<u>862,423 17</u>	8,394,645 25
Eastern Ontario System:			
Generating plants, including water rights.....		\$10,114,637 74	
Surveys and engineering re power sites:			
On St. Lawrence river.....	\$734,873 31		
On Ottawa river.....	94,135 20		
		<u>829,008 51</u>	
Properties purchased for power sites.....		52,533 33	
Transmission lines.....		3,926,845 19	
Transformer stations.....		2,552,680 41	
Rural power districts.....	\$1,619,158 39		
Local distribution systems:			
Electric.....	108,573 01		
Gas.....	26,534 67		
Rural lines.....	90,302 26		
Pulp Mill.....	52,559 93		
		<u>1,897,128 26</u>	19,372,833 44
Northern Ontario Properties—comprising the Nipissing, Wahnapiatae, Abitibi-Sudbury and Patricia (Ear Falls) Districts as follows:			
Nipissing District:			
Generating plant.....		\$1,102,909 40	
Transmission lines.....		172,660 81	
Transformer stations.....		15,814 00	
		<u>1,291,384 21</u>	
Rural power districts.....	\$19,254 45		
Local distribution systems.....	361,065 83		
		<u>380,320 28</u>	1,671,704 49
Wahnapiatae District:			
Properties, buildings, plant, equipment and water rights on Wahnapiatae river.....		\$2,516,994 40	
Transmission lines.....		139,015 15	
Transformer stations.....		43,804 00	
		<u>\$2,699,813 55</u>	
Local distribution systems.....		6,630 43	
		<u>2,706,443 98</u>	
Carried forward.....			<u>\$261,482,172 65</u>

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

TAKINGS—Continued

		LIABILITIES	
Brought forward		\$16,260,664.50	\$188,070,268.24
Debentures issued by the Commission and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario—Continued.			
Four per cent debentures, due 1958, issued in purchase of distribution lines in vicinity of Thorold	\$100,000.00		
Interest accrued thereon	1,666.67		
		101,666.67	
Four and three-quarter per cent debentures, due 1970, issued in part purchase of Undertakings and Companies from Dominion Power and Transmission Company, Limited as at January 1, 1930	\$13,000,000.00		
Interest accrued thereon	206,397.00		
		13,206,397.00	
Five per cent Debentures, due 1935, issued in part purchase of Undertakings and Companies from Dominion Power and Transmission Company, Limited, as at January 1, 1930	\$8,000,000.00		
Interest accrued thereon	133,698.00		
		8,133,698.00	
			37,702,426.17
Four and one-half per cent debentures, due 1938, issued to retire Guaranteed Debenture Stock and other debentures	\$6,000,000.00		
Interest accrued thereon	67,500.00		
		\$6,067,500.00	
Twenty-year debentures maturing in 1952 and bearing interest at the rates of 3½% in first five years, 4% in next five years, 5% in last ten years, issued in purchase of bonds of Ontario Power Service Corporation Limited, which bonds were in turn surrendered in the purchase of the properties and assets of that Company	\$17,626,950.00		
Interest accrued thereon	50,707.66		
		17,677,657.66	
			23,745,157.66
Bonds and debenture stock assumed by the Commission and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario:			
First mortgage 5% gold bonds, due 1943, of the Ontario Power Company of Niagara Falls: Amount assumed at date of purchase of Company by Commission, August 1, 1917	\$9,834,000.00		
Less: Retired by the Commission	2,042,000.00		
	\$7,792,000.00		
Interest accrued thereon	97,400.00		
		\$7,889,400.00	
First mortgage 5% gold bonds, due 1945, of the Ontario Transmission Company, Limited: Amount assumed at date of purchase of Company by Commission, August 1, 1917	\$1,772,000.00		
Less: Retired by the Commission	497,000.00		
	\$1,275,000.00		
Interest thereon payable November 1, 1933	31,875.00		
		1,306,875.00	
		\$9,196,275.00	
Carried forward			\$249,517,852.07

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

POWER UNDER

ASSETS

Brought forward		\$261,482,172.65
Northern Ontario Properties— <i>Continued.</i>		
Abitibi-Sudbury District:		
Abitibi Canyon generating plant (uncompleted) and adjacent lines	\$16,729,782.45	
Hunta-Copper Cliff line	2,197,690.87	
Meter station at Copper Cliff	2,290.63	
		18,929,763.95
Note.—The assets of Ontario Power Service Corporation Limited acquired by the Commission—on behalf of the Province—consisted of:		
(1) The uncompleted Abitibi Canyon Development and Lines upon which \$15,146,607.31 has been expended;		
(2) \$2,697,392.69 unexpended cash in the hands of the Trustee and Receiver, and the purchase price of \$14,000,000 was paid:		
(a) In twenty-year debentures of the Commission, guaranteed by the Province, maturing in 1952 and bearing interest at the rates 3½ per cent in first five years, 4 per cent in next five years, 5 per cent in last ten years—to the amount of \$17,626,950, and		
(b) In cash \$290,150 to the Receiver:		
From the par value of the above mentioned bonds	\$17,626,950.00	
may be deducted the amount of cash turned over to the Commission by the Receiver	2,697,392.69	
		\$14,929,557.31
and to the balance is added:		
(1) The cash paid to the Receiver, as above	290,150.00	
(2) In settlement of certain claims	57,406.22	
(3) Expenditures by the Commission to 31st October, 1933 incidental to the purchase of the properties and towards completion of such properties	1,452,668.92	
Total to 31st October, 1933—as shown above	\$16,729,782.45	
and leaving in the hands of the Commission a balance in cash of \$897,167.55		
Patricia District:		
Ear Falls generating plant		482,224.95
Manitoulin Island:		
Transformer station	\$5,098.11	
Rural power district	27,527.68	
		32,625.79
Bonnechere River Storage:		
Round Lake dam		51,629.23
Service Buildings and Equipment:		
Service buildings and equipment, Toronto	\$508,098.10	
Terminal building, Hamilton	750,000.00	
Equipment of storehouse and garage, Hamilton	3,666.40	
Pole yard and equipment, Cobourg	21,629.08	
		1,283,393.58
Carried forward		\$282,261,810.15

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

TAKINGS—Continued

		LIABILITIES		
	Brought forward.....		\$9,196,275.00	\$249,517,852.07
Guaranteed 4½% debenture stock, due 1941, of the Toronto Power Company, Limited:				
	Amount assumed at date of purchase of Company by Commission, December 1, 1920..	\$13,558,917.81		
	Less: Retired by the Commission.....	13,483,056.18		
		\$75,861.63		
	Premium of 5% payable under terms of Trust deed because of notice to retire before maturity.....	3,793.08		
			79,654.71	
First mortgage 5% gold bonds, due 1933, of the Electrical Development Company of Ontario, Limited:				
	Amount assumed at date of purchase of Company by Commission, December 1, 1920..	\$4,335,000.00		
	Less: Retired by the Commission.....	4,328,500.00		
		6,500.00		
			9,282,429.71	
Other debentures assumed:				
In respect of purchase of lines at Streetsville:				
	Amount assumed at date of purchase....	\$6,000.00		
	Less: Retired by the Commission.....	5,541.46		
		\$458.54		
	Interest accrued thereon.....	11.46		
			\$470.00	
In respect of purchase of original Muskoka Power Development:				
	Amount assumed at date of purchase....	\$50,595.93		
	Less: Retired by the Commission.....	34,101.75		
		\$16,494.18		
	Interest accrued thereon.....	634.34		
			17,128.52	
In respect of purchase of sundry rural lines:				
	Amount assumed at dates of purchase....	\$69,289.85		
	Less: Retired by the Commission.....	35,571.24		
		\$33,718.61		
	Interest accrued thereon.....	872.47		
			34,591.08	
			52,189.60	
Outstanding share capital of the Electrical Development Company of Ontario, Limited.....				
		\$600.00		
Galletta Electric Power and Milling Company Limited.....				
		580.00		
			1,180.00	
Accounts payable.....				
		\$602,435.60		
Interest coupons due but not yet presented for payment....				
		57,067.82		
			659,503.42	
	Carried forward.....		\$259,513,154.80	

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

POWER UNDER

ASSETS

Brought forward.....		\$282,261,810.15	
Office Buildings:			
On University avenue, Toronto.....	\$525,007.00		
On proposed new building.....	138,450.36		
On corner Elm street and Centre avenue, Toronto.....	160,821.95		
			824,279.31
Office Furniture and Equipment:			
At Toronto office.....	\$61,829.27		
At Electrical Inspection office.....	6,876.22		
			68,705.49
Automobiles and Trucks.....			3,737.67
Inventories:			
Construction and maintenance tools and equipment.....	\$831,094.20		
Construction material and sundry supplies.....	894,564.34		
Maintenance material and supplies.....	631,837.30		
Stationery and office supplies.....	24,990.91		
			2,382,486.75
Sinking Funds:			
Employed to make repayments to the Province of Ontario under the terms of the Power Commission Act.....	\$17,008,616.73		
Employed in retirement of bonds issued or assumed by the Commission and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario.....	7,991,128.38		
Invested in securities of the Province of Ontario, which stand:			
(a) Deposited with the Provincial Treasurer—par value, \$2,101,000.00.....	\$2,087,573.08		
(b) In the hands of the Commission—par value, \$300,000.00.....	295,200.00		
Interest accrued thereon.....	33,162.01		
			2,415,935.09
Insurance Funds:			
(a) Invested in securities of the Dominion of Canada—par value, \$800,000.00.....	\$802,430.84		
(b) Invested in securities of the Province of Ontario—par value, \$28,000.00.....	28,727.24		
Interest accrued thereon.....	616.53		
		\$831,774.61	
(c) On deposit with Workmen's Compensation Board.....	48,543.01		
			880,317.62
Staff Pension Funds:			
(a) Invested in securities of the Province of Ontario—par value, \$3,270,000.00.....	\$3,235,755.95		
(b) Invested in securities of the Dominion of Canada—par value, \$95,000.00.....	93,427.00		
Interest accrued thereon.....	37,250.14		
			3,366,433.09
Carried forward.....			\$292,203,705.17

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

TAKINGS—Continued

	LIABILITIES	
Brought forward		\$259,513,154.80
Bank of Montreal:		
Short term loan (guaranteed by Province of Ontario)		2,500,000.00
Other short term loan (secured by pledge of Dominion of Canada and Province of Ontario Bonds)		3,300,000.00
Insurance Department:		
Outstanding claims and awards	\$816,542.62	
Surplus	121,561.38	
		938,104.00
Reserve for Staff Pensions		3,384,757.69
Balances due to Municipalities following the annual adjustments in respect of power supplied to them up to October 31, 1933, in reduction of the amounts charged to them by monthly interim bills:		
Niagara system	\$810,579.69	
Georgian Bay system	74,760.04	
Eastern Ontario system	131,601.92	
Nipissing rural power district	8,987.75	
		1,025,929.40
Reserves for Sinking Fund:		
Niagara system	\$24,564,512.19	
Niagara rural lines	14,046.12	
Thunder Bay system	1,063,953.45	
Georgian Bay system	936,659.56	
Georgian Bay rural lines	846.41	
Eastern Ontario system	1,064,379.57	
Nipissing rural power district	682.76	
Bonnechere storage	3,536.97	
Manitoulin rural power district	285.45	
		\$27,648,902.48
Service buildings and equipment	120,334.12	
Office buildings	156,249.61	
		27,925,486.21
Reserves for Renewals:		
Niagara system	\$18,686,189.89	
Niagara rural lines	6,204.62	
Thunder Bay system	1,325,319.49	
Georgian Bay system	1,454,220.59	
Georgian Bay rural lines	517.15	
Eastern Ontario system	3,142,627.03	
Northern Ontario properties	413,679.10	
Nipissing rural power district	3,800.33	
Manitoulin rural power district	996.29	
		\$25,033,554.49
Service buildings and equipment	315,079.89	
Office buildings	115,185.37	
		25,463,819.75
Carried forward		\$324,051,251.85

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statements of Assets

POWER UNDER

ASSETS

Brought forward.....		\$292,203,705.17	
Reserve Funds:			
(a) Invested in securities of the Dominion of Canada—par value, \$2,501,850.00.....		\$2,503,517.83	
(b) Invested in securities of the Canadian National Railway, guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada—par value, \$50,000.00.....		52,592.03	
(c) Invested in securities of the Province of Ontario—par value, \$29,618,500.00.....		29,207,884.53	
(d) Invested in securities of the Commission guaranteed by the Province of Ontario—par value, \$1,200,000.00....		1,185,212.40	
(e) Invested in securities of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, guaranteed by the Province of Ontario—par value, \$240,000.00.....		207,011.57	
(f) Invested in debentures of Ontario municipalities, which debentures were received from certain municipalities upon the sale thereto of their local distribution systems—par value, \$1,439,244.34.....		1,324,159.94	
Interest accrued thereon.....		425,111.98	
			34,905,490.28
Other bonds and shares taken over with the plant assets of power companies acquired—carried at a value of \$24,915.00.....		\$24,915.00	
Interest accrued thereon.....		332.51	
			25,247.51
Cash:			
In banks.....		\$2,066,558.17	
In banks to pay debenture stock and bonds overdue but not presented.....		86,154.71	
In banks to pay bond interest due November 1, 1933, and interest coupons overdue but not presented.....		88,942.82	
Sinking funds on deposit with trustees for bondholders.....		775.57	
In hands of employees as advances on account of expenses....		76,532.71	
		\$2,318,963.98	
Less: Funds of Guelph Radial Railway shown elsewhere in this balance sheet.....		6,846.28	
			2,312,117.70
Accounts Receivable:			
Due by municipalities and sundry customers in respect of construction work, supply sales, etc.....	\$323,007.42		
Less: Reserve for doubtful accounts.....	22,797.14		
		\$300,210.28	
Due by municipalities and sundry customers in respect of power accounts.....	\$4,091,739.92		
Less: Reserve for doubtful accounts.....	665,798.60		
		3,425,941.32	
Sinking fund and interest accounts owing in respect of rural lines.....		3,848.04	
			3,729,999.64
Carried forward.....			\$333,176,560.30

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

TAKINGS—Continued

LIABILITIES

Brought forward		\$324,051,251.85
Reserves for Obsolescence and Contingencies:		
Niagara system	\$9,106,600.64	
Niagara rural lines	3,047.63	
Thunder Bay system	715,396.31	
Georgian Bay system	429,836.32	
Georgian Bay rural lines	222.36	
Eastern Ontario system	1,131,109.22	
Northern Ontario properties	211,603.46	
Nipissing rural power district	1,317.98	
Manitoulin rural power district	476.90	
		11,599,610.82
Balance at credit of Interest Account		20,221.23
Contingent Liabilities:		
In respect of contracts entered into for power undertakings in course of construction, \$165,265.78.		

 Carried forward \$335,671,083.90

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

POWER UNDER

ASSETS

Brought forward		\$333,176,560.30	
Balances due by Municipalities—following the annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied to them up to October 31, 1933, in addition to the amounts charged to them by monthly interim bills:			
Niagara system	\$484,288.11		
Georgian Bay system	111,697.27		
Eastern Ontario system	88,975.05		
Thunder Bay system	101,293.11		
Manitoulin rural power district	1,383.84		
			87,637.38
Rural Loans:			
Loans made to persons under provisions of the Rural Power District Loans Act in respect of installations of electrical equipment	\$84,912.64		
Instalments of principal received	20,767.22		
	\$64,145.42		
Interest instalments due	896.83		
			65,042.25
Work in Progress:			
Expenditures to date incidental to Water Heater Campaign, including purchases of materials, also engineering, administration, printing, advertising, etc.	\$387,693.89		
Less: portion written off against revenue in year ending October 31, 1933	63,547.14		
		\$324,146.75	
Expenditure on account of various systems chargeable upon completion to:			
Capital construction	\$22,011.36		
Operating and maintenance expenses	22,553.65		
		44,565.01	
			368,711.76
Insurance Unexpired			37,242.26
Discount on Debentures issued by the Commission, less amounts written off:			
On debenture issue of \$3,200,000 maturing 1941	\$67,650.81		
On debenture issue of \$4,000,000 maturing 1939	41,018.40		
			108,669.21
Total Power Undertakings			\$334,543,863.16

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO
and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

TAKINGS—Continued

LIABILITIES

Brought forward.....\$335,671,083.90

Total Power Undertakings.....\$335,671,083.90

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

RADIAL RAILWAY

ASSETS

Brought forward.....		\$334,543,863 16
Guelph Radial Railway:		
Road and equipment.....	\$444,205 06	
Materials and supplies.....	5,499 14	
Reserve funds:		
(a) Invested in securities of the Province of Ontario—par value, \$25,000.00	\$22,534 90	
(b) Invested in securities of the Dominion of Canada—par value, \$25,000.00	24,779 92	
Interest accrued thereon.....	1,057 66	
		48,372 48
Cash:		
In the general bank account of the Commission at Toronto.....	\$6,846 28	
In bank at Guelph.....	1,496 99	
In hands of employees as advances on account of expenses.....	900 00	
		9,243 27
Accounts receivable:	\$1,782 12	
Less: Reserve for doubtful accounts.....	500 00	
		1,282 12
Insurance and expenses prepaid.....		1,014 90
Due by the City of Guelph:		
Operating deficit for the year ending October 31, 1933—as per Operating Account.....	\$41,332 32	
Less: Paid on account, by the City.....	38,000 00	
		3,332 32
		512,949 29
Sandwich, Windsor & Amherstburg Railway Company:		
Undertakings of the Sandwich, Windsor and Amherstburg Railway Company to pay the Hydro Radial Debentures issued by the Commission, and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario, in purchase of, and for the extension and betterment of, the Sandwich, Windsor and Amherstburg Railway—as per agreement covering the transfer at July 31st, 1931, of the Railway, by the Commission, to the Company.....	\$5,816,205 00	
Interest accrued on such debentures.....	61,839 63	
NOTE.—The Hydro Radial Debentures above mentioned (and which are also listed opposite as liabilities of the Commission) are—under Statute of 1930 and under Trust Deed, dated July 31, 1931, in favour of the Guaranty Trust Company, as Trustee—secured by:		
(a) A charge upon the properties of the Railway.		
(b) Debentures of the eleven municipalities which own the Railway Company, to the aggregate amount of \$5,816,205.00.		5,878,044 63
Carried forward.....		\$340,934,857 08

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO
and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

UNDERTAKINGS—Continued

		LIABILITIES	
Brought forward.....			\$335,671,083.90
In respect of the Guelph Radial Railway:			
City of Guelph—purchase price of the Railway payable thereto, in half yearly instalments according to purchase agreement.....	\$150,000.00		
Less: Twenty-five instalments thereon....	81,856.05		
		\$68,143.95	
Debentures issued by the Commission and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario:			
Five per cent Debentures due 1970, issued for the purpose of making extensions and betterments.....		300,000.00	
Accounts payable and accrued charges.....	\$794.42		
Provision for unredemèd tickets.....	1,300.00		
		2,094.42	
Premium on sale of debentures—less portion written off....		21,229.14	
Reserve—created by payment of instalments on the purchase price out of the revenue of the road and assessments against the City of Guelph.....		81,856.05	
Reserve for sinking fund.....		8,152.75	
Reserve for renewal of road and equipment.....		31,472.98	
			512,949.29
In respect of the Sandwich, Windsor & Amherstburg Railway Company:			
Debentures issued under provisions of the Hydro-Electric Railway Act, by the Commission and guaranteed by the Province of Ontario in purchase of the Railway and for the purpose of making extensions and betterments thereto.			
Four and one-half per cent debentures, due April 1, 1960	\$2,100,000.00		
Six per cent debentures, due July 1, 1961.....	900,000.00		
Five per cent debentures, due September 1, 1943.....	966,205.00		
Five per cent debentures, due July 1, 1945.....	750,000.00		
Five per cent debentures, due September 1, 1945.....	100,000.00		
Five per cent debentures, due July 15, 1946.....	1,000,000.00		
		\$5,816,205.00	
Interest accrued thereon.....	61,839.63		
			5,878,044.63
Carried forward.....			\$342,062,077.82

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER

Detailed Statement of Assets

RADIAL RAILWAY

ASSETS

Brought forward.....		\$340,934,857.08	
Toronto and York Radial Railway:			
City of Toronto—debentures held as collateral security for the repayment of the Hydro Radial debentures issued in purchase of the Toronto and York Radial Railway—as per agreement covering the transfer (in January, 1927) of the railway to the City of Toronto.....	\$2,375,000.00		
City of Toronto—interest accrued on \$2,375,000 debentures issued by the Commission in purchase of the Toronto and York Radial Railway.....	59,375.00		2,434,375.00
			<hr/>
Port Credit to St. Catharines Radial Railway:			
Purchase of right-of-way and carrying charges (taxes, less rental revenue) down to October 31, 1933.....	\$73,421.81		
Construction materials purchased, less amount realized on sale thereof.....	117,510.09		
Surveying, engineering, administrative expenses and interest.....	399,969.62		590,901.52
			<hr/>
Toronto to Port Credit Radial Railway:			
Purchase of right-of-way and carrying charges (taxes, less rental revenue) down to October 31, 1933—less amounts realized on properties sold.....	\$486,044.65		
Surveying, engineering, administrative expenses and interest.....	550,274.57		1,036,319.22
			<hr/>
TOTAL.....			<u>\$344,996,452.82</u>

COMMISSION OF ONTARIO
and Liabilities, October 31, 1933

UNDERTAKINGS—Continued

LIABILITIES

Brought forward \$342,062,077.82

In respect of Toronto and York Radial Railway:

Debentures issued by the Commission and guaranteed by
the Province of Ontario:

Six per cent debentures, due 1940, issued in purchase
of the Metropolitan, Scarboro and Mimico
Radial Railway divisions \$2,375,000.00

Interest accrued thereon 59,375.00
2,434,375.00

In respect of the Port Credit to St. Catharines Radial Railway:

Bank of Montreal—advances (secured by hypothecation of \$1,200,000 Hydro
Radial debentures, being part of an issue of \$11,360,363 guaranteed by
the Province of Ontario) 500,000.00

TOTAL \$344,996,452.82

NIAGARA

Operating Account for the

COSTS OF OPERATION AS PROVIDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE
POWER COMMISSION ACT

Power purchased		\$6,738,406.63	
Costs of operation and maintenance, including the proportion of administrative expenses chargeable to the operation of this system:			
Generation and transmission equipment.....	\$4,187,507.27		
Rural power districts	557,105.44		
Water heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from water heater loads.....	55,561.07		
			4,800,173.78
Interest (including exchange thereon) on capital investment in:			
Generation and transmission equipment.....	\$10,151,547.62		
Rural power districts	294,442.54		
			10,445,990.16
Provision for renewals of:			
Generation and transmission equipment	\$1,376,778.87		
Rural power districts	251,397.57		
			1,628,176.44
Provision for obsolescence and contingencies in respect of:			
Rural power districts.....	\$125,698.79		
			125,698.79
Provision for sinking funds for repayment of the cash advances by the province of Ontario to the Commission and for the retirement of the bonds issued by and assumed by the Commission:			
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to municipi- palities and rural power districts.....	\$1,385,325.62		
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power and local distribution systems.....	431,003.02		
By charges included in the cost of distribution of power within rural power districts	66,871.35		
			1,883,199.99
Total costs of operation.....			\$25,621,645.79
Deduct:			
Cost to the Commission (including provisions for sinking fund \$431,003.02 and renewals \$312,153.93) of power delivered to private companies and customers under flat rate contracts, in excess of the revenue received from them— which excess has been charged against the Contingency Reserve of the system.....		\$2,221,034.43	
Amount appropriated from the Contingency Reserve of the system and applied proportionately to each municipality in reduction of the costs of operation.....		2,015,572.30	
			4,236,606.73
			<u>\$21,385,039.06</u>

SYSTEM

Year Ending October 31, 1933

REVENUE FOR PERIOD

Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission.....	\$15,136,167 92	
Power sold to private companies and customers, also miscellaneous revenue.....	3,817,900 47	
Amounts received from (or billed against) customers in rural power districts.....	2,063,370 73	
Power supplied at cost to Sandwich, Windsor & Amherstburg Railway Company and certain fixed charges billed against Windsor, Essex & Lake Shore Electric Railway Association..	79,282 94	\$21,096,722 06
Add:		
Amounts due by certain municipalities, being the difference between the sums received (or billed) at interim rates and the amounts charged—following annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied in the year.....	\$320,603 06	
Amounts due by municipalities comprising certain rural power districts, being the difference between the sums received from (or billed against) customers therein and the amounts charged to such districts—following annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied in the year.....	92,501 40	413,104 46
		\$21,509,826 52
Deduct:		
Amounts received from (or billed against) certain municipalities at interim rates in excess of the amounts charged—following annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied in the year.....	\$74,541 31	
Amounts received from (or billed against) customers in certain rural power districts in excess of the amounts charged to such districts—following annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied in the year.....	50,246 15	124,787 46
Revenue.....		\$21,385,039 06

\$21,385,039 06

NOTE—Operating account of Hamilton Street Railway Company is shown on page 274.

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
Acton	33 00	33 00	243,602.11	784.6	6,798.72	6,021.07	12,201.19
Water heater load				2.5		*84.89	
Agincourt	40 00	40.00	49,545.82	136.3	1,181.07	1,288.89	2,460.08
Water heater load				0.1		*3.94	
Ailsa Craig	48 00	48 00	36,770.85	89.2	772.94	1,636.43	1,769.18
Alvinston	90 00	90 00	61,292.09	74.9	649.02	1,937.56	2,888.73
Amherstburg	40 00	38.00	193,881.50	587.0	5,086.48	5,161.93	9,666.41
Water heater load				9.6		*349.60	
Ancaster twp.	30 00	30 00	68,899.46	246.2	2,133.37	1,997.99	3,497.22
Water heater load				1.5		*48.43	
Arkona	75 00	75 00	33,234.98	52.7	456.66	1,483.80	1,596.20
Aylmer	35 00	35 00	138,589.66	440.6	3,817.89	4,156.84	6,913.83
Water heater load				0.3		*10.79	
Ayr	35 00	34 00	47,654.46	162.7	1,409.83	1,592.46	2,392.25
Baden	32 00	32 00	75,357.51	253.7	2,198.36	2,146.68	3,734.06
Beachville	33 00	33 00	128,358.54	440.5	3,817.02	3,529.00	6,433.39
Water heater load				0.8		*26.29	
Belle River	38 00	38.00	36,481.80	109.1	945.37	1,367.92	1,816.94
Water heater load				0.3		*12.14	
Blenheim	39 00	39 00	113,363.81	336.1	2,912.37	3,763.76	5,603.33
Water heater load				1.8		*70.62	
Blyth	58 00	58 00	40,808.82	87.6	759.07	1,544.97	1,984.35
Bolton	46 00	44 00	44,228.76	119.4	1,034.63	1,291.32	2,154.97
Water heater load				0.8		*32.89	
Bothwell	45 00	45 00	36,460.59	96.9	839.66	1,659.09	1,752.05
Water heater load				0.4		*19.01	
Brampton	29 00	30.00	534,738.02	2,003.6	17,361.60	16,929.76	27,085.25
Water heater load				4.8		*151.59	
Brantford	27 00	27 00	2,800,848.27	11,548.4	100,069.22	66,539.77	142,183.68
Water heater load				19.6		*555.01	
Brantford twp.	29 00	30 00	144,015.51	551.1	4,775.39	4,999.47	7,376.35
Water heater load				1.2		*38.32	
Bridgeport	36 00	36 00	32,429.42	102.1	884.72	1,048.85	1,635.51
Water heater load				0.3		*11.16	
Brigden	68 00	65 00	37,902.77	69.6	603.10	1,348.57	1,812.55
Brussels	54 00	54 00	49,993.30	114.1	988.70	1,892.64	2,434.21
Burford	35 00	35 00	41,994.31	140.6	1,218.33	1,289.39	2,101.43
Burgessville	44 00	50 00	16,577.41	40.1	347.48	871.19	806.01
Caledonia	29 00	29 00	73,657.68	259.2	2,246.02	2,085.73	3,700.36

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
2,085.88		2,280.31		26,641.07		26,712.95	
		84.89		84.89			13.01
442.11		5,844.22		5,367.17		5,603.20	232.09
		3.94		3.94			
371.91		4,905.03		4,592.83		4,382.79	210.04
765.04		6,858.76		6,596.61		6,926.75	330.14
1,685.51		23,431.00		21,376.50		23,480.33	1,754.23
		349.60		349.60			
545.01		8,810.06		7,948.36		7,639.28	357.51
		48.43		48.43			
388.91		4,255.82		4,071.37		4,057.01	14.36
1,193.74		17,382.13		15,840.03		15,844.65	6.17
		10.79		10.79			
389.78		6,227.42		5,657.97		5,702.71	44.74
621.74		9,402.81		8,514.86		8,346.00	168.86
1,043.31		16,015.43		14,473.68		14,952.55	452.58
		26.29		26.29			
319.92		4,795.07		4,413.22		4,262.57	162.79
		12.14		12.14			
1,011.75		14,363.34		13,186.99		13,517.39	259.78
		70.62		70.62			
433.55		5,119.27		4,812.67		5,205.58	392.91
422.60		5,326.49		4,908.59		5,471.14	529.66
		32.89		32.89			
346.85		4,945.47		4,606.32		4,487.44	137.89
		19.01		19.01			
4,006.01		70,289.70		63,277.10		61,536.07	1,892.62
		151.59		151.59			
21,022.23		355,496.21		315,076.81		311,164.45	4,467.37
		555.01		555.01			
1,059.27		19,528.19		17,599.34		16,904.56	733.10
		38.32		38.32			
281.74		4,155.46		3,798.11		3,782.23	27.04
		11.16		11.16			
425.13		4,563.38		4,319.78		4,674.96	355.18
517.29		6,317.09		5,917.74		6,313.81	396.07
349.21		5,349.97		4,857.87		5,047.46	189.59
168.39		2,353.19		2,212.84		2,004.39	208.45
587.67		9,299.61		8,392.41		7,732.85	659.56

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.	\$ c.					
Campbellville	62.00	60.00	8,554.80	25.1	217.50	\$ 862.52	\$ 427.57
Cayuga	50.00	48.00	42,983.36	99.2	859.59	1,892.38	2,087.01
Chatham	30.00	30.00	1,069,849.84	3,811.3	33,025.69	26,834.66	53,621.29
Water heater load				23.9		*741.55	
Chippawa	25.00	25.00	43,910.02	196.5	1,702.71	1,140.30	2,256.95
Water heater load				1.9		*49.16	
Clifford	59.00	59.00	29,254.87	56.7	491.32	1,485.51	1,414.90
Clinton	38.00	38.00	147,343.39	436.6	3,783.23	4,791.07	7,275.15
Comber	50.00	50.00	51,719.24	124.7	1,080.55	1,941.06	2,502.60
Cottam	44.00	44.00	23,215.62	59.9	519.05	725.64	1,151.78
Courtright	72.00	72.00	23,042.55	39.4	341.41	1,361.01	1,105.99
Dashwood	50.00	50.00	21,950.30	50.2	434.99	904.58	1,058.20
Delaware	38.00	38.00	10,460.48	36.1	312.81	505.55	525.77
Water heater load				1.0		*38.75	
Dorchester	38.00	38.00	27,127.73	77.4	670.69	1,113.01	1,266.88
Water heater load				0.4		*16.78	
Drayton	58.00	58.00	44,952.50	89.9	779.00	2,165.04	2,167.42
Water heater load				0.1		*6.37	
Dresden	45.00	45.00	99,732.05	269.4	2,334.41	3,899.89	4,898.30
Water heater load				0.5		*22.43	
Drumbo	45.00	45.00	21,821.76	64.0	554.57	868.67	1,080.78
Water heater load				0.2		*8.39	
Dublin	58.00	58.00	18,213.53	36.9	319.75	806.84	874.67
Dundas	25.00	25.00	323,823.83	1,285.4	11,138.25	6,590.72	16,336.13
Water heater load				3.5		*94.27	
Dunnville	35.00	34.00	225,632.91	766.8	6,644.48	4,094.26	11,367.20
Dutton	38.00	38.00	63,104.22	210.1	1,820.56	2,474.00	3,160.21
Water heater load				0.1		*3.73	
East Windsor	31.00	31.00	680,732.50	2,256.0	19,548.72	15,469.59	34,025.34
Water heater load				19.8		*640.83	
Elmira	34.00	34.00	187,060.34	580.5	5,030.15	5,225.82	9,203.85
Water heater load				4.1		*147.12	
Elora	35.00	35.00	92,017.99	275.4	2,386.40	2,784.70	4,515.58
Water heater load				0.4		*15.14	
Embro	50.00	48.00	34,248.56	93.4	809.33	1,472.46	1,666.30
Water heater load				0.5		*22.84	
Erieau	56.00	56.00	31,739.99	69.6	603.10	1,173.14	1,554.08
Water heater load				0.1		*5.36	
Erie Beach	70.00	70.00	6,994.65	13.7	118.71	348.13	339.44

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
78 02	81 01	1,666 62	87 85	1,578 77	1,543 65		35 12
441 34	412 12	5,692 44	347 20	5,345 24	4,912 83		432 41
8,228 93	9,880 44	131,591 01	13,339 55	118,251 46	118,469 37		523 64
		741 55		741 55			
280 21	391 55	5,771 72	687 75	5,083 97	5,091 30		41 83
		49 16		49 16			
323 22	287 09	4,002 04	198 45	3,803 59	3,431 58		372 01
1,320 10	1,390 10	18,559 65	1,528 10	17,031 55	16,535 62		495 93
519 74	499 13	6,543 08	436 45	6,106 63	6,385 33	278 70	
223 42	222 91	2,842 80	209 65	2,633 15	2,703 79	70 64	
264 45	228 43	3,301 29	137 90	3,163 39	2,910 07		253 32
228 54	213 04	2,839 35	175 70	2,663 65	2,574 46		89 19
84 09	96 87	1,525 09	126 35	1,398 74	1,441 99	4 50	
		38 75		38 75			
226 59	240 19	3,517 36	270 90	3,246 46	3,028 94		234 30
		16 78		16 78			
491 02	440 11	6,042 59	314 65	5,727 94	5,355 23		379 08
		6 37		6 37			
944 35	953 00	13,029 95	942 90	12,087 05	12,447 91	338 43	
		22 43		22 43			
199 47	206 70	2,910 19	224 00	2,686 19	2,953 38	258 80	
		8 39		8 39			
197 98	178 14	2,377 38	129 15	2,248 23	2,138 24		109 99
2,309 51	2,946 76	39,321 37	4,498 90	34,822 47	33,396 53		1,520 21
		94 27		94 27			
1,901 74	2,099 53	26,107 21	2,683 80	23,423 41	26,898 91	3,475 50	
525 65	589 24	8,569 66	735 35	7,834 31	8,178 43	340 39	
		3 73		3 73			
5,511 24	6,357 13	80,912 02	7,896 00	73,016 02	72,574 41		1,082 44
		640 83		640 83			
1,642 09	1,760 27	22,862 18	2,031 75	20,830 43	20,436 94		540 61
		147 12		147 12			
830 70	869 57	11,386 95	963 90	10,423 05	9,921 38		516 81
		15 14		15 14			
322 04	323 68	4,593 81	326 90	4,266 91	4,640 33	350 58	
		22 84		22 84			
333 49	309 05	3,972 86	243 60	3,729 26	3,998 31	263 69	
		5 36		5 36			
76 85	68 70	951 83	47 95	903 88	981 29	77 41	

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.	\$ c.					
Essex	35 00	35 00	105,032.26	316.9	2,746.00	2,655.15	5,229.58
Water heater load				0.8		*28.85	
Etobicoke twp.	29.00	28.00	790,357.84	3,039.1	26,334.42	16,209.72	40,476.31
Water heater load				35.7		*981.61	
Exeter	38 00	38 00	133,714.37	389.2	3,372.50	4,272.46	6,612.97
Water heater load				1.9		*75.12	
Fergus	35 00	35 00	211,972.65	636.1	5,511.94	6,012.23	10,565.22
Water heater load				2.8		*104.66	
Fonthill	34 00	36 00	29,584.77	112.2	972.24	1,174.56	1,516.93
Water heater load				1.5		*50.39	
Forest	48.00	48.00	124,794.14	309.4	2,681.01	4,205.40	6,127.95
Water heater load				0.9		*41.80	
Galt	27.00	27.00	1,425,076.37	5,510.5	47,749.60	34,927.33	71,957.36
Water heater load				9.0		*259.20	
Georgetown	35.00	35.00	326,244.17	970.2	8,406.98	8,535.53	16,166.86
Water heater load				1.9		*67.50	
Glencoe	58 00	58 00	78,757.34	159.9	1,385.57	2,969.92	3,806.32
Water heater load				0.4		*23.07	
Coderich	42.00	42.00	361,661.44	950.4	8,235.41	11,719.07	17,648.27
Water heater load				8.2		*355.65	
Granton	50.00	50.00	23,491.47	56.2	486.98	1,180.90	1,136.40
Water heater load				0.3		*16.40	
Guelph	27.00	28.00	1,844,316.85	7,122.3	61,716.17	45,760.52	93,407.02
Water heater load				17.4		*503.89	
Hagersville	31.00	31.00	177,314.24	550.8	4,772.79	4,876.82	8,635.07
Hamilton	23.50	24.50	18,808,727.40	76,884.1	666,216.32	326,554.82	963,113.90
Water heater load				186.2		*4,811.89	
Harriston	44.00	44.00	103,670.12	277.5	2,404.59	4,644.08	5,073.95
Harrow	40.00	38.00	111,039.96	319.4	2,767.67	3,213.73	5,542.91
Water heater load				2.5		*97.53	
Hensall	50.00	50.00	60,955.56	133.5	1,156.80	2,131.21	2,964.91
Hespeler	29.00	29.00	445,148.80	1,712.5	14,839.16	11,003.35	22,744.66
Water heater load				1.7		*49.54	
Highgate	46.00	48.00	24,587.78	62.9	545.04	946.45	1,192.07
Water heater load				0.2		*9.35	
Humberstone	28.00	28.00	84,994.57	322.3	2,792.79	2,006.08	4,346.29
Ingersoll	28.00	28.00	542,693.39	1,968.7	17,059.18	13,755.71	27,332.73
Water heater load				3.6		*110.56	
Jarvis	38.00	38.00	58,523.85	148.6	1,287.65	2,042.11	2,859.44
Kingsville	38.00	38.00	141,829.66	405.3	3,512.11	3,992.57	7,028.77
Water heater load				4.3		*167.05	
Kitchener	27.00	27.00	3,644,588.90	14,083.7	122,038.12	79,336.20	184,765.34
Water heater load				59.9		*1,686.66	
Lambeth	42.00	42.00	33,398.95	97.3	843.12	1,254.98	1,654.89
Water heater load				1.3		*53.90	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it
 reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such
 Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or
 supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ 915.22	c. 992.01	\$ 12,537.96	c. 1,109.15	\$ 11,428.81	c. 11,422.60		\$ 35.06
		28.85		28.85			
5,719.02	7,229.59	95,969.06	10,636.85	85,332.21	89,095.06	2,781.24	
		981.61		981.61			
1,224.86	1,267.80	16,750.59	1,362.20	15,388.39	15,264.86		198.65
		75.12		75.12			
1,910.22	2,002.54	26,002.15	2,226.35	23,775.80	22,994.23		886.23
		104.66		104.66			
227.20	271.09	4,162.02	392.70	3,769.32	4,141.26	321.55	
		50.39		50.39			
1,234.36	1,202.54	15,451.26	1,082.90	14,368.36	15,280.61	870.45	
		41.80		41.80			
10,343.20	13,009.86	177,987.35	19,286.75	158,700.60	159,384.50	424.70	
		259.20		259.20			
2,956.63	3,084.62	39,150.62	3,395.70	35,754.92	35,014.74		807.68
		67.50		67.50			
851.22	769.72	9,782.75	559.65	9,223.10	9,536.79	290.62	
		23.07		23.07			
3,487.41	3,456.90	44,547.06	3,326.40	41,220.66	40,149.12		1,427.19
		355.65		355.65			
238.54	226.36	3,269.18	196.70	3,072.48	2,878.32		210.56
		16.40		16.40			
13,451.78	16,850.69	231,186.18	24,928.05	206,258.13	204,139.60		2,622.42
		503.89		503.89			
1,544.50	1,652.23	21,481.41	1,927.80	19,553.61	17,563.88		1,989.73
129,735.34	170,356.44	2,255,976.82	269,094.35	1,986,882.47	1,911,204.44		80,489.92
		4,811.89		4,811.89			
989.34	989.05	14,101.01	971.25	13,129.76	12,522.39		607.37
1,000.12	1,054.37	13,578.80	1,117.90	12,460.90	12,660.95	102.52	
		97.53		97.53			
646.48	593.77	7,493.17	467.25	7,025.92	6,853.88		172.04
3,248.52	4,067.06	55,902.75	5,993.75	49,909.00	52,808.71	2,850.17	
		49.54		49.54			
239.94	236.14	3,159.64	220.15	2,939.49	3,083.63	134.79	
		9.35		9.35			
646.17	778.82	10,570.15	1,128.05	9,442.10	9,279.98		162.12
4,200.09	5,005.73	67,353.44	6,890.45	60,462.99	56,860.73		3,712.82
		110.56		110.56			
576.99	558.29	7,324.48	520.10	6,804.38	5,808.52		995.86
1,283.00	1,347.70	17,164.15	1,418.55	15,745.60	15,982.99	70.34	
		167.05		167.05			
26,433.13	33,295.37	445,868.16	49,292.95	396,575.21	392,768.37		5,493.50
		1,686.66		1,686.66			
305.56	316.49	4,375.04	340.55	4,034.49	4,241.33	152.94	
		53.90		53.90			

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
La Salle.....	26 00	35 00	63,407.59	197.3	1,709.64	1,683.75	3,183.38
Water heater load				0.8		*28.48	
Leamington.....	37 00	37 00	343,897.76	973.8	8,438.18	8,865.52	17,118.95
Water heater load				6.1		*234.37	
Listowel.....	37 00	37 00	261,715.70	820.9	7,113.27	9,882.39	13,026.69
Water heater load				2.1		*81.49	
London.....	26 00	26 00	7,053,406.79	28,067.1	243,207.12	140,290.95	359,353.94
Water heater load				265.8		*7,180.59	
London Railway Commission.....			312,323.66	990.0	8,578.55	11,590.42	15,368.06
London twp.....	34 00	34 00	94,623.02	323.6	2,804.06	2,895.13	4,799.64
Water heater load				5.2		*176.95	
Long Branch.....	29 00	30 00	183,962.18	679.0	5,883.67	4,109.14	9,491.13
Water heater load				3.0		*89.22	
Lucan.....	37 00	37 00	39,444.97	127.4	1,103.95	1,627.71	1,931.29
Lynden.....	40 00	40 00	27,090.24	82.6	715.75	999.24	1,316.26
Markham.....	43 00	43 00	71,114.45	221.2	1,916.74	3,254.53	3,556.29
Water heater load				0.7		*29.08	
Merlin.....	45 00	45 00	33,765.03	85.6	741.74	1,313.44	1,645.53
Water heater load				0.1		*4.74	
Merritton.....	23 00	23 00	578,017.16	2,715.2	23,527.76	11,735.69	30,552.92
Water heater load				3.4		*81.24	
Milton.....	34 00	34 00	165,314.16	542.1	4,697.41	6,256.99	8,033.10
Water heater load				4.9		*181.04	
Milverton.....	35 00	35 00	90,993.40	283.4	2,455.72	2,899.96	4,435.33
Water heater load				0.8		*29.47	
Mimico.....	26 00	26 00	486,775.29	1,981.4	17,169.23	10,271.61	24,960.35
Water heater load				24.6		*660.21	
Mitchell.....	33 00	33 00	123,079.96	414.9	3,595.19	3,837.35	6,126.32
Water heater load				3.6		*123.64	
Moorefield.....	61 00	61 00	21,464.55	41.4	358.74	1,042.21	1,030.55
Mount Brydges.....	42 00	42 00	26,632.82	84.1	728.74	1,261.12	1,328.59
Water heater load				0.7		*29.16	
Newbury.....	52 00	54 00	18,725.58	42.0	363.94	754.55	911.17
New Hamburg.....	35 00	35 00	139,549.43	444.7	3,853.42	3,814.43	6,924.37
Water heater load				1.3		*45.45	
New Toronto.....	30 00	30 00	1,260,255.14	4,618.0	40,015.91	27,946.31	63,546.56
Water heater load				6.8		*200.99	
Niagara Falls.....	19 00	19 00	1,645,138.21	8,347.8	72,335.38	29,559.54	86,261.49
Niagara-on-the-Lake.....	27 00	27 00	107,216.16	480.8	4,166.23	3,685.10	5,562.60
Water heater load				1.7		*47.27	
Norwich.....	34 00	34 00	96,599.07	308.8	2,675.81	2,899.68	4,785.58
Water heater load				1.1		*39.24	
Oil Springs.....	45 00	45 00	63,928.56	166.3	1,441.02	1,902.73	3,108.52

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
540.14	596.79	7,713.70	690.55	7,023.15	7,155.87	104.24	
		28.48		28.48			
3,129.55	3,270.99	40,823.19	3,408.30	37,414.89	37,255.70		393.56
		234.37		234.37			
2,252.24	2,452.36	34,726.95	2,873.15	31,853.80	31,231.18		704.11
		81.49		81.49			
49,470.11	64,147.08	856,469.20	98,234.85	758,234.35	757,905.02		7,509.92
		7,180.59		7,180.59			
2,701.67	2,934.27	41,172.97	3,465.00	37,707.97	29,374.36		8,333.61
767.50	877.96	12,144.29	1,132.60	11,011.69	11,466.99	278.35	
		176.95		176.95			
1,390.91	1,694.69	22,569.54	2,376.50	20,193.04	20,900.40	618.14	
		89.22		89.22			
333.66	367.77	5,364.38	445.90	4,918.48	4,832.79		85.69
241.56	254.75	3,527.56	289.10	3,238.46	3,386.21	147.75	
578.41	658.74	9,964.71	774.20	9,190.51	9,763.12	543.53	
		29.08		29.08			
332.25	325.40	4,358.36	299.60	4,058.76	3,960.22		103.28
		4.74		4.74			
3,427.03	5,139.63	74,383.03	9,503.20	64,879.83	64,241.41		719.66
		81.24		81.24			
1,393.33	1,544.91	21,925.74	1,897.35	20,028.39	19,089.60		1,119.83
		181.04		181.04			
787.16	853.38	11,431.55	991.90	10,439.65	10,217.50		251.62
		29.47		29.47			
3,298.60	4,411.60	60,111.39	6,934.90	53,176.49	53,640.81		195.89
		660.21		660.21			
1,000.38	1,142.64	15,701.88	1,452.15	14,249.73	14,177.53		195.84
		123.64		123.64			
237.57	210.71	2,879.78	144.90	2,734.88	2,562.95		171.93
229.86	249.51	3,797.82	294.35	3,503.47	3,641.02	108.39	
		29.16		29.16			
194.16	181.53	2,405.35	147.00	2,258.35	2,308.89	50.54	
1,201.68	1,308.98	17,102.88	1,556.45	15,546.43	16,031.81	439.93	
		45.45		45.45			
9,556.14	11,593.48	152,658.40	16,163.00	136,495.40	142,537.58	5,841.19	
		200.99		200.99			
8,600.00	14,314.55	211,070.96	29,217.30	181,853.66	163,448.92		18,404.74
682.26	955.69	15,051.88	1,682.80	13,369.08	13,349.55		66.80
		47.27		47.27			
830.80	905.91	12,097.78	1,080.80	11,016.98	10,835.51		220.71
		39.24		39.24			
616.25	613.22	7,681.74	582.05	7,099.69	7,678.52	578.83	

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.	\$ c.					
Otterville.....	43.00	45.00	29,556.65	74.4	644.69	1,168.30	1,448.44
Water heater load				0.2		*9.62	
Palmerston.....	40.00	40.00	142,824.08	426.0	3,691.38	5,913.61	7,066.50
Paris.....	28.00	28.00	297,845.33	1,141.4	9,890.46	7,543.94	15,034.92
Water heater load				6.5		*190.13	
Parkhill.....	62.00	62.00	66,838.16	123.6	1,071.02	2,503.14	3,210.62
Petrolia.....	40.00	40.00	294,973.29	841.4	7,290.91	8,812.17	14,516.75
Water heater load				1.7		*65.35	
Plattsville.....	62.00	55.00	25,549.83	58.2	504.31	1,032.45	1,235.66
Point Edward.....	40.00	40.00	181,434.32	598.5	5,186.12	7,474.57	9,113.60
Water heater load				0.3		*11.46	
Port Colborne.....	28.00	29.00	326,027.87	1,236.3	10,712.79	6,882.69	16,591.23
Water heater load				1.8		*51.43	
Port Credit.....	32.00	33.00	146,493.51	509.1	4,411.45	5,391.31	7,403.53
Water heater load				8.1		*285.77	
Port Dalhousie.....	30.00	30.00	125,066.91	478.6	4,147.17	4,034.79	6,348.79
Water heater load				2.5		*77.96	
Port Dover.....	40.00	40.00	103,652.03	308.0	2,668.88	2,677.87	5,172.47
Water heater load				0.4		*14.76	
Port Rowan.....	70.00	62.00	34,239.84	64.8	561.51	1,212.29	1,660.56
Port Stanley.....	40.00	40.00	117,916.25	354.9	3,075.28	3,691.39	5,841.61
Water heater load				2.1		*80.11	
Preston.....	27.00	27.00	590,103.45	2,317.5	20,081.61	14,367.80	29,674.03
Water heater load				1.7		*48.12	
Princeton.....	55.00	50.00	41,708.06	108.5	940.17	1,689.74	2,062.55
Queenston.....	29.00	29.00	19,215.98	80.5	697.55	598.73	983.37
Richmond Hill.....	38.00	36.00	87,579.54	285.9	2,477.38	1,570.56	4,419.89
Water heater load				2.8		*87.83	
Ridgetown.....	38.00	38.00	138,133.11	416.9	3,612.52	4,687.34	6,856.71
Water heater load				3.0		*116.71	
Riverside.....	33.00	33.00	365,935.70	1,109.9	9,617.52	7,745.21	18,306.73
Water heater load				13.6		*470.72	
Rockwood.....	45.00	42.00	33,812.94	90.6	785.07	1,077.30	1,657.39
Rodney.....	45.00	45.00	51,045.63	126.0	1,091.82	2,049.76	2,506.29
Water heater load				0.1		*4.93	
St. Catharines.....	21.50	23.00	1,677,014.61	7,787.9	67,483.73	35,020.25	87,042.16
Water heater load				7.8		*187.36	
St. Clair Beach.....	38.00	38.00	26,701.07	73.8	639.49	786.90	1,322.23
Water heater load				0.1		*4.05	
St. George.....	40.00	42.00	46,499.31	139.3	1,207.06	1,844.40	2,308.17
St. Jacobs.....	32.00	32.00	44,483.51	150.2	1,301.51	1,550.46	2,228.10
Water heater load				0.6		*21.31	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
294.31	284.35	3,840.09	260.40	3,579.69	3,421.04	.....	168.27
.....	.....	9.62	.....	9.62	.....	.....	.....
1,273.91	1,346.44	19,291.84	1,491.00	17,800.84	17,470.53	.....	330.31
2,187.44	2,724.65	37,381.41	3,994.90	33,386.51	33,035.85	.....	540.79
.....	.....	190.13	.....	190.13	.....	.....	.....
753.65	658.62	8,197.05	432.60	7,764.45	7,851.52	87.07	.....
2,690.79	2,802.76	36,113.38	2,944.90	33,168.48	35,558.87	2,325.04	.....
.....	.....	65.35	.....	65.35	.....	.....	.....
266.98	248.05	3,287.45	203.70	3,083.75	3,342.15	258.40	.....
1,488.24	1,694.76	24,957.29	2,094.75	22,862.54	24,500.75	1,626.75	.....
.....	.....	11.46	.....	11.46	.....	.....	.....
2,478.68	2,987.48	39,652.87	4,327.05	35,325.82	36,635.66	1,258.41	.....
.....	.....	51.43	.....	51.43	.....	.....	.....
1,177.55	1,358.93	19,742.77	1,781.85	17,960.92	17,418.80	.....	827.89
.....	.....	285.77	.....	285.77	.....	.....	.....
932.22	1,136.30	16,599.27	1,675.10	14,924.17	14,812.26	.....	189.87
.....	.....	77.96	.....	77.96	.....	.....	.....
939.88	980.66	12,439.76	1,078.00	11,361.76	12,651.82	1,275.30	.....
.....	.....	14.76	.....	14.76	.....	.....	.....
384.23	337.23	4,155.82	226.80	3,929.02	4,223.02	294.00	.....
1,057.82	1,114.59	14,780.69	1,242.15	13,538.54	14,639.11	1,020.46	.....
.....	.....	80.11	.....	80.11	.....	.....	.....
4,211.53	5,374.28	73,709.25	8,111.25	65,598.00	64,424.94	.....	1,221.18
.....	.....	48.12	.....	48.12	.....	.....	.....
408.87	400.05	5,501.38	379.75	5,121.63	5,642.45	520.82	.....
.....
133.20	173.33	2,586.18	281.75	2,304.43	2,393.63	89.20	.....
682.53	818.35	9,968.71	1,000.65	8,968.06	10,774.90	1,719.01	.....
.....	.....	87.83	.....	87.83	.....	.....	.....
1,217.79	1,303.77	17,678.13	1,459.15	16,218.98	16,377.65	41.96	.....
.....	.....	116.71	.....	116.71	.....	.....	.....
3,176.57	3,454.10	42,300.13	3,884.65	38,415.48	38,154.00	.....	732.20
.....	.....	470.72	.....	470.72	.....	.....	.....
326.39	323.35	4,169.50	317.10	3,852.40	3,955.87	103.47	.....
.....
513.28	492.39	6,653.54	441.00	6,212.54	5,829.12	.....	388.35
.....	.....	4.93	.....	4.93	.....	.....	.....
9,952.14	14,827.83	214,326.11	27,257.65	187,068.46	182,199.37	.....	5,056.45
.....	.....	187.36	.....	187.36	.....	.....	.....
246.75	254.61	3,249.98	258.30	2,991.68	2,886.69	.....	109.04
.....	.....	4.05	.....	4.05	.....	.....	.....
419.20	439.41	6,218.24	487.55	5,730.69	5,946.36	215.67	.....
366.12	414.21	5,860.40	525.70	5,334.70	4,959.98	.....	396.03
.....	.....	21.31	.....	21.31	.....	.....	.....

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
St. Marys	34 00	34 00	381,531 43	1,287 9	11,159 91	14,714 42	19,048 75
Water heater load				1 2		*43 81	
St. Thomas	28 00	28 00	1,400,461 44	5,477 5	47,463 65	33,649 95	71,202 95
Water heater load				79 4		*2,260 84	
Sandwich	32 00	32 00	871,576 59	2,795 5	24,223 29	17,556 07	43,669 04
Water heater load				23 0		*749 43	
Sarnia	34 00	34 00	2,180,312 41	7,106 4	61,578 40	53,006 87	109,277 50
Water heater load				14 6		*484 50	
Scarboro twp.	32 00	32 00	778,069 11	2,609 8	22,614 45	15,956 34	39,302 60
Water heater load				22 5		*638 37	
Seaforth	35 00	35 00	141,261 98	447 4	3,876 81	4,629 84	6,932 30
Simcoe	31 00	31 00	401,859 70	1,457 0	12,625 20	9,399 93	20,434 97
Water heater load				3 2		*97 05	
Springfield	48 00	48 00	32,461 64	74 7	647 29	1,147 86	1,568 02
Water heater load				0 2		*10 03	
Stamford twp.	21 00	21 00	323,184 74	1,640 4	14,214 40	6,851 89	17,050 66
Stouffville	47 00	46 00	66,998 67	177 2	1,535 47	2,659 25	3,312 19
Water heater load				0 4		*18 38	
Stratford	30 00	30 00	1,771,628 35	6,570 9	56,938 18	47,126 61	89,167 37
Water heater load				29 9		*908 42	
Strathroy	34 00	34 00	259,714 56	886 1	7,678 24	6,659 11	13,015 23
Water heater load				3 3		*107 20	
Sutton	60 00	55 00	75,446 90	166 6	1,443 62	2,942 92	3,693 38
Tavistock	36 00	37 00	147,072 54	468 1	4,056 19	4,646 14	7,322 64
Tecumseh	37 00	37 00	99,154 83	281 8	2,441 85	2,617 52	4,921 60
Water heater load				2 4		*92 30	
Thamesford	40 00	40 00	50,370 02	151 0	1,308 45	2,072 47	2,491 05
Water heater load				0 3		*12 46	
Thamesville	40 00	42 00	51,504 85	158 5	1,373 43	2,090 76	2,554 60
Water heater load				0 1		*4 04	
Thedford	72 00	72 00	39,165 84	71 0	615 23	1,634 08	1,884 65
Thorndale	65 00	65 00	21,828 02	42 3	366 54	1,041 78	1,039 47
Thorold	25 00	25 00	406,622 06	1,786 1	15,476 92	9,193 55	21,151 01
Water heater load				2 0		*51 32	
Tilbury	38 00	38 00	122,347 31	364 6	3,159 33	4,213 01	6,032 63
Water heater load				0 5		*19 71	
Tillsonburg	33 00	33 00	245,130 88	803 8	6,965 09	6,515 49	12,217 02
Water heater load				1 7		*57 62	
Toronto	26 10	26 10	62,399,625 24	243,637 2	2,111,165 76	1,074,540 53	3,177,443 27
Water heater load				491 7		*13,072 83	
Toronto twp.	32 00	32 00	429,947 25	1,553 1	13,457 93	12,364 36	21,873 62
Water heater load				14 8		*449 57	
Walkerville	28 00	28 00	1,958,828 80	6,937 1	60,111 40	37,531 72	98,584 12
Water heater load				53 2		*1,572 22	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it
 reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such
 Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or
 supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriat- ed from contingency reserve and propor- tionately applied in reduc- tion of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
3,052.66	3,552.34	51,528.08	4,507.65	47,020.43	44,964.58		2,099.66
		43.81		43.81			
10,034.36	12,785.46	175,136.37	19,171.25	155,965.12	159,817.15	1,591.19	
		2,260.84		2,260.84			
7,250.61	8,173.20	100,872.21	9,784.25	91,087.96	92,811.38	973.99	
		749.43		749.43			
18,061.22	20,396.99	262,320.98	24,872.40	237,448.58	248,806.30	10,873.22	
		484.50		484.50			
5,912.34	7,246.86	91,032.59	9,134.30	81,898.29	86,602.88	4,066.22	
		638.37		638.37			
1,206.86	1,322.07	17,967.88	1,565.90	16,401.98	16,085.54		316.44
3,119.08	3,707.44	49,286.62	5,099.50	44,187.12	46,479.50	2,195.33	
		97.05		97.05			
333.45	312.38	4,009.00	261.45	3,747.55	3,693.79		63.79
		10.03		10.03			
1,688.47	2,811.89	42,617.31	5,741.40	36,875.91	35,400.11		1,475.80
613.81	641.14	8,761.86	620.20	8,141.66	8,409.03	248.99	
		18.38		18.38			
13,178.90	16,225.87	222,636.93	22,998.15	199,638.78	203,303.57	2,756.37	
		908.42		908.42			
2,117.31	2,415.14	31,885.03	3,101.35	28,783.68	31,023.05	2,132.17	
		107.20		107.20			
763.89	733.90	9,577.71	583.10	8,994.61	9,499.60	504.99	
1,252.16	1,375.87	18,653.00	1,638.35	17,014.65	17,680.64	665.99	
900.19	942.75	11,823.91	986.30	10,837.61	10,801.42		128.49
		92.30		92.30			
452.35	475.83	6,800.15	528.50	6,271.65	6,208.10		76.01
		12.46		12.46			
447.76	484.98	6,951.53	554.75	6,396.78	6,758.77	357.95	
		4.04		4.04			
439.94	385.95	4,959.85	248.50	4,711.35	5,208.48	497.13	
242.53	214.58	2,904.90	148.05	2,756.85	2,813.89	57.04	
2,620.69	3,638.10	52,080.27	6,251.35	45,828.92	45,918.60	38.36	
		51.32		51.32			
1,086.55	1,155.34	15,646.86	1,276.10	14,370.76	14,226.27		164.20
		19.71		19.71			
2,067.60	2,291.42	30,056.62	2,813.30	27,243.32	27,331.67	30.73	
		57.62		57.62			
398,390.06	568,732.02	7,330,271.64	852,730.20	6,477,541.44	6,371,763.17		118,851.10
		13,072.83		13,072.83			
3,325.46	3,967.02	54,988.39	5,435.85	49,552.54	51,474.89	1,472.78	
		449.57		449.57			
14,930.93	18,132.74	229,290.91	24,279.85	205,011.06	201,601.30		4,981.98
		1,572.22		1,572.22			

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
Wallaceburg	36 00	36 00	536,888.73	1,599 1	13,856.53	15,236.82	26,540.09
Water heater load				1 5		*56.18	
Wardsville	60 00	62 00	15,388.76	31 4	272.09	712.64	745.50
Waterdown	34 00	32 00	59,051.71	200 3	1,735.64	1,517.32	2,939.41
Waterford	32 00	32 00	108,813.44	376 4	3,261.58	2,570.68	5,478.83
Water heater load				0 6		*18.95	
Waterloo	27 00	27 00	779,764.29	2,972 8	25,759.92	18,102.97	39,525.10
Water heater load				19 2		*554.48	
Watford	55 00	55 00	81,608.70	185 4	1,606.53	2,848.75	3,973.75
Water heater load				0 4		*20.31	
Welland	23 00	24 00	805,460.13	3,578.5	31,008.43	15,801.84	41,559.71
Water heater load				18 8		*463.42	
Wellesley	45 00	50 00	42,384.44	104 3	903.78	1,775.05	2,051.10
West Lorne	40 00	40 00	33,606.54	99 7	863.92	1,309.62	1,591.62
Weston	28 00	27 00	624,411.23	2,480 3	21,492.30	13,060.95	31,721.02
Water heater load				24 0		*654.41	
Wheatley	51 00	50 00	58,482.83	120 3	1,042.42	1,755.51	2,846.46
Water heater load				0 7		*37.37	
Windsor	28 00	28 00	5,614,408.38	19,926 6	172,668.05	105,468.55	282,389.10
Water heater load				148 7		*4,368.81	
Woodbridge	35 00	35 00	90,450.77	292 9	2,538.04	2,415.68	4,513.01
Water heater load				0 7		*24.03	
Woodstock	27 00	27 00	1,197,047.85	4,543 0	39,366.02	26,888.82	60,715.17
Water heater load				21 8		*628.12	
Wyoming	54 00	56 00	28,007.53	61 2	530.31	978.50	1,358.50
York East twp.	32 00	32 00	1,255,879.25	4,883 1	42,313.05	48,399.06	64,534.53
Water heater load				14 0		*451.97	
York North twp.	32 00	32 00	718,868.37	2,490 9	21,584.16	19,312.73	36,609.90
Water heater load				29 9		*862.06	
Zurich	62 00	62 00	37,688.10	70 0	606.56	1,622.06	1,799.67
Toronto Transportation Comm.			93,886.13	335 8	2,909.78	3,023.24	3,952.48
Sandwich, Windsor and Amherstburg Railway Co			753,852.03	2,617 5	22,681.19	14,376.72	38,109.48
Windsor, Essex and Lake Shore Railway Association			5,306.50			106.18	182.99

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
4,779.30	5,076.84	65,489.58	5,596.85	59,892.73	59,237.01		711.90
		56.18		56.18			
166.00	150.35	2,046.58	109.90	1,936.68	1,979.85	43.17	
488.39	549.40	7,230.16	701.05	6,529.11	6,655.15	126.04	
880.73	1,010.39	13,202.21	1,317.40	11,884.81	12,390.47	486.71	
		18.95		18.95			
5,736.44	7,138.18	96,262.61	10,404.80	85,857.81	72,215.25		14,197.04
		554.48		554.48			
840.96	791.71	10,061.70	648.90	9,412.80	10,470.22	1,037.11	
		20.31		20.31			
5,174.61	7,191.72	100,736.31	12,524.75	88,211.56	88,102.59		572.39
		463.42		463.42			
426.67	408.68	5,565.28	365.05	5,200.23	5,249.57	49.34	
304.38	318.18	4,387.72	348.95	4,038.77	4,089.58	50.81	
4,355.10	5,681.01	76,310.38	8,681.05	67,629.33	69,926.11	1,642.37	
		654.41		654.41			
626.61	572.56	6,843.56	421.05	6,422.51	6,239.92		219.96
		37.37		37.37			
42,704.62	51,956.58	655,186.90	69,743.10	585,443.80	581,797.23		8,015.38
		4,368.81		4,368.81			
764.75	846.70	11,078.18	1,025.15	10,053.03	10,552.06	475.00	
		24.03		24.03			
8,859.81	10,966.95	146,796.77	15,900.50	130,896.27	126,856.89		4,667.50
		628.12		628.12			
294.00	272.86	3,434.17	214.20	3,219.97	3,489.44	269.47	
8,063.15	11,453.87	174,763.66	17,090.85	157,672.81	160,477.87	2,353.09	
		451.97		451.97			
5,325.23	6,664.05	89,496.07	8,718.15	80,777.92	82,884.64	1,244.66	
		862.06		862.06			
424.89	371.64	4,824.82	245.00	4,579.82	4,452.78		127.04
735.59	867.48	11,488.57	1,175.30	10,313.27	10,672.98	359.71	
5,855.03	6,997.19	88,019.61	9,161.25	78,858.36	78,858.36		
79.56	55.85	424.58		424.58	424.58		

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Acton R.P.D.—Erin, Esquesing and Nassagaweya twps.....	3,104.79	10.0	86.65	81.09	156.29
Ailsa Craig R.P.D.—Lobo, McGilivray and Williams E. twps....	2,210.48	5.6	48.52	70.68	109.76
Alvinston R.P.D.—Brooke twp....	2,618.61	3.2	27.73	82.53	125.04
Amherstburg R.P.D.—Anderdon, Colchester N., Colchester S. and Malden twps.....	181,730.18	525.8	4,556.18	4,264.16	9,029.26
Water heater load		1.4		*49.38	
Aylmer R.P.D.—Bayham, Dereham, Dorchester N., Dorchester S., Malahide and Yarmouth twps.	77,966.32	240.0	2,079.64	2,048.85	3,882.98
Water heater load		0.2		*7.16	
Ayr R.P.D.—Blenheim, Dumfries N. and Dumfries S. twps.....	12,056.11	42.5	368.28	365.40	611.57
Baden R.P.D.—Blandford, Blenheim, Easthope N., Easthope S., Waterloo, Wellesley, Wilmot and Zorra E. twps.....	101,853.72	345.7	2,995.56	2,560.46	5,149.91
Water heater load		0.5		*16.61	
Beamsville R.P.D.—Caistor, Clinton, Gainsborough, Grimsby N., Grimsby S., Louth, Pelham and Wainfleet twps.....	303,243.58	1,058.3	9,170.38	9,265.10	15,312.80
Water heater load		2.7		*90.36	
Belle River R.P.D.—Maidstone and Rochester twps.....	76,058.56	231.0	2,001.68	2,079.52	3,785.01
Water heater load		0.3		*11.00	
Blenheim R.P.D.—Raleigh and Harwich twps.....	36,427.54	108.0	935.84	934.53	1,807.62
Water heater load		0.2		*7.35	
Bond Lake R.P.D.—King, Markham, Vaughan, Whitchurch and York N. twps.....	274,590.50	823.9	7,139.26	4,822.34	13,748.87
Water heater load		1.4		*52.29	
Bothwell R.P.D.—Aldborough, Ekfrid, Mosa, Orford and Zone twps.	36,758.70	94.8	821.46	1,158.35	1,802.30
Brampton R.P.D.—Chinguacousy and Toronto twps.....	32,509.88	119.5	1,035.49	1,448.57	1,652.62
Water heater load		0.1		*3.57	
Brant R.P.D.—Blenheim, Brantford, Burford, Dumfries S., Oakland and Onondaga twps.....	117,042.00	437.6	3,791.89	3,884.31	5,963.95
Water heater load		1.1		*35.85	
Brigden R.P.D.—Moore and Sombra twps.....	18,577.48	34.9	302.42	507.01	896.40

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it
 reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such
 Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or
 supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriat- ed from contingency reserve and proportionate- ly applied in reduc- tion of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
26.59	29.07	379.69	35.00	344.69	344.69	see page	185
21.88	21.22	272.06	19.60	252.46	252.46	"	"
32.69	26.42	294.41	11.20	283.21	283.21	"	"
1,630.36	1,724.45	21,204.41 49.38	1,840.30	19,364.11 49.38	19,413.49	"	"
686.82	733.70	9,431.99 7.16	840.00	8,591.99 7.16	8,599.15	"	"
95.90	111.61	1,552.76	148.75	1,404.01	1,404.01	"	"
834.73	947.76	12,488.42 16.61	1,209.95	11,278.47 16.61	11,295.08	"	"
2,482.64	2,808.43	39,039.35 90.36	3,704.05	35,335.30 90.36	35,425.66	"	"
659.53	717.77	9,243.51 11.00	808.50	8,435.01 11.00	8,446.01	"	"
325.10	344.51	4,347.60 7.35	378.00	3,969.60 7.35	3,976.95	"	"
2,299.97	2,592.08	30,602.52 52.29	2,883.65	27,718.87 52.29	27,771.16	"	"
355.70	351.74	4,489.55	331.80	4,157.75	4,157.75	"	"
248.18	299.17	4,684.03 3.57	418.25	4,265.78 3.57	4,269.35	"	"
881.40	1,074.61	15,596.16 35.85	1,531.60	14,064.56 35.85	14,100.41	"	"
206.79	183.04	2,095.66	122.15	1,973.51	1,973.51	"	"

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Burford R.P.D.—Brantford, Burford, Oakland, Townsend and Windham twps.	46,086 19	154 3	1,337 04	1,180 55	2,333 79
Caledonia R.P.D.—Ancaster, Barton, Binbrook, Caistor, Glandford, Grimsby S., Oneida, Onondaga and Seneca twps.	79,953 94	274 2	2,375 99	2,030 44	4,044 07
Water heater load		0 8		*26 41	
Chatham R.P.D. — Chatham, Dover E., Harwich and Raleigh twps.	114,530 24	403 4	3,495 54	2,763 43	5,776 23
Water heater load		2 4		*74 80	
Chippawa R.P.D.—Bertie, Crowland and Willoughby twps.	21,842 34	95 5	827 52	458 84	1,111 51
Water heater load		0 1		*2 52	
Clinton R.P.D.—Goderich, Hay, Hullett, Stanley and Tuckersmith twps.	42,317 15	116 2	1,006 90	1,504 21	2,098 24
Delaware R.P.D.—Caradoc, Delaware, Ekfrid, Lobo, London, Southwold and Westminster twps.	80,489 11	277 8	2,407 20	1,889 76	4,037 79
Water heater load		2 2		*69 37	
Dorchester R.P.D.—Dorchester N., Dorchester S., London, Nissouri E., Nissouri W., Oxford N., Westminster and Yarmouth twps.	90,019 08	290 0	2,512 91	2,512 71	4,474 21
Water heater load		0 1		*3 39	
Dresden R.P.D.—Camden, Chatham Gore and Dawn twps.	13,270 82	35 9	311 08	435 46	661 61
Water heater load		0 4		*17 13	
Drumbo R.P.D.—Blandford, Blenheim and Burford twps.	30,099 88	75 6	655 09	1,092 08	1,469 23
Dundas R.P.D.—Ancaster, Beverly, Flamboro W., Flamboro E., Glanford and Nelson twps.	139,904 37	538 5	4,666 22	2,339 99	7,137 19
Water heater load		0 7		*18 75	
Dunnville R.P.D.—Canborough, Dunn and Moulton twps.	12,202 61	42 0	363 94	208 10	622 52
Dutton R.P.D.—Aldborough and Dunwich twps.	38,951 00	118 4	1,025 97	1,320 52	1,957 84
Water heater load		0 1		*3 64	
Elmira R.P.D.—Peel, Pilkington and Woolwich twps.	25,736 54	79 9	692 35	572 51	1,298 99
Water heater load		0 2		*6 89	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it
 reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such
 Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or
 supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriat- ed from contingency reserve and pro- portionate- ly applied in reduc- tion of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
383.25	429.78	5,664.41	540.05	5,124.36	5,124.36	see page	185
653.55	741.57	9,845.62 26.41	959.70	8,885.92 26.41	8,912.33	"	"
890.38	1,059.41	13,984.99 74.80	1,411.90	12,573.09 74.80	12,647.89	"	"
143.70	195.59	2,737.16 2.52	334.25	2,402.91 2.52	2,405.43	"	"
397.87	402.64	5,409.86	406.70	5,003.16	5,003.16	"	"
646.98	745.37	9,727.10 69.37	972.30	8,754.80 69.37	8,824.17	"	"
769.87	844.42	11,114.12 3.39	1,015.00	10,099.12 3.39	10,102.51	"	"
125.55	126.79	1,660.49 17.13	125.65	1,534.84 17.13	1,551.97	see page	187
300.45	289.68	3,806.53	264.60	3,541.93	3,541.93	"	"
1,030.96	1,279.03	16,453.39 18.75	1,884.75	14,568.64 18.75	14,587.39	"	"
101.75	113.35	1,409.66	147.00	1,262.66	1,262.66	"	"
347.08	367.75	5,019.16 3.64	414.40	4,604.76 3.64	4,608.40	"	"
225.85	242.17	3,031.87 6.89	279.65	2,752.22 6.89	2,759.11	"	"

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Elora R.P.D.—Garafraxa W., Nichol, Peel and Pilkington twps.	32,226.45	95.0	823.20	837.64	1,602.43
Water heater load		0.1		*3.63	
Essex R.P.D.—Colchester N., Gosfield N., Gosfield S., Maidstone, Mersea, Rochester and Sandwich S. twps.	59,990.02	181.0	1,568.40	1,266.55	2,984.28
Water heater load		0.1		*3.47	
Exeter R.P.D.—Biddulph, Bosanquet, Hay, Hibbert, Stephen, Tuckersmith and Usborne twps.	103,284.53	266.4	2,308.41	3,204.10	5,098.93
Water heater load		0.2		*8.72	
Forest R.P.D.—Adelaide, Bosanquet, Plympton, Warwick and Williams W. twps.	14,085.03	32.5	281.61	449.21	691.84
Galt R.P.D.—Beverly, Dumfries N. and Dumfries S. twps.	45,794.00	173.5	1,503.41	2,138.64	2,337.00
Georgetown R.P.D.—Chingua-cousy, Erin and Esquesing twps.	38,627.01	114.7	993.90	964.15	1,929.60
Water heater load		0.3		*10.99	
Goderich R.P.D.—Ashfield, Colborne, Goderich and Wawanosh W. twps.	38,163.81	79.1	685.42	1,120.68	1,860.08
Grantham R.P.D.—Grantham and Niagara twps.	152,577.90	633.2	5,486.81	4,030.59	7,862.13
Water heater load		1.9		*50.85	
Guelph R.P.D.—Eramosa, Guelph, Nassagaweya and Puslinch twps.	110,130.92	376.7	3,264.19	2,582.65	5,595.00
Water heater load		2.5		*82.34	
Haldimand R.P.D.—Cayuga N., Oneida, Rainham, Seneca and Walpole twps.	71,822.50	188.9	1,636.87	2,562.94	3,535.78
Harriston R.P.D.—Howick and Minto twps.	6,937.15	16.9	146.44	297.74	342.15
Harrow R.P.D.—Colchester N., Colchester S., Gosfield S. and Malden twps.	122,159.62	341.5	2,959.17	2,980.49	6,088.41
Water heater load		1.9		*73.46	
Ingersoll R.P.D.—Dereham, Dorchester N., Nissouri E., Oxford N., Oxford W., Zorra E. and Zorra W. twps.	103,967.57	323.5	2,803.19	3,092.39	5,200.00
Water heater load		1.0		*31.82	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
293.66	305.05	3,861.98 3.63	332.50	3,529.48 3.63	3,533.11	see page	187
522.75	566.61	6,908.59 3.47	633.50	6,275.09 3.47	6,278.56	"	"
1,014.69	991.57	12,617.70 8.72	932.40	11,685.30 8.72	11,694.02	"	"
144.25	136.54	1,703.45	113.75	1,589.70	1,589.70	"	"
339.54	419.36	6,737.95	607.25	6,130.70	6,130.70	"	"
350.40	365.28	4,603.33 10.99	401.45	4,201.88 10.99	4,212.87	"	"
411.21	372.63	4,450.02	276.85	4,173.17	4,173.17	"	"
1,060.01	1,378.22	19,817.76 50.85	2,216.20	17,601.56 50.85	17,652.41	"	"
900.23	1,023.76	13,365.83 82.34	1,318.45	12,047.38 82.34	12,129.72	"	"
690.80	679.72	9,106.11	661.15	8,444.96	8,444.96	"	"
69.59	66.80	922.72	59.15	863.57	863.57	"	"
1,120.73	1,163.40	14,312.20 73.46	1,195.25	13,116.95 73.46	13,190.41	"	"
907.16	975.18	12,977.92 31.82	1,132.25	11,845.67 31.82	11,877.49	"	"

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
Jordan R.P.D.—Grantham, Louth, Pelham and Thorold twps.	\$ 71,232.87	c. 299.9	\$ 2,598.70	\$ 1,447.62	\$ 3,686.50
Water heater load		1.1		*28.65	
Keswick R.P.D.—Georgina, Gwillimbury N. and Gwillimbury E. twps.	156,132.01	405.3	3,512.00	5,489.59	7,737.29
Water heater load		0.1		*4.22	
Kingsville R.P.D.—Gosfield N., Gosfield S., Mersea and Romney twps.	186,802.68	527.4	4,570.03	4,156.67	9,224.31
Water heater load		2.6		*84.55	
Listowel R.P.D.—Elma, Grey, Maryborough, Mornington, Peel, Wallace and Wellesley twps.	40,298.27	126.4	1,095.28	1,421.62	2,019.93
London R.P.D.—Delaware, Lobo, London, Nissouri W. and Westminster twps.	403,592.61	1,394.0	12,079.29	9,234.49	20,384.83
Water heater load		10.2		*274.40	
Lucan R.P.D.—Biddulph, London, McGillivray and Stephen twps.	17,375.23	56.2	486.99	526.26	864.32
Water heater load		0.2		*7.11	
Lynden R.P.D.—Ancaster, Beverly, Brantford and Dumfries S. twps.	50,814.70	159.2	1,379.50	1,590.52	2,529.42
Water heater load		0.2		*7.64	
Markham R.P.D.—Markham, Pickering, Scarboro, Uxbridge and Whitchurch twps.	123,874.94	393.7	3,411.49	3,251.39	6,224.77
Water heater load		0.2		*7.14	
Merlin R.P.D.—Raleigh, Romney and Tilbury E. twps.	62,717.77	159.0	1,377.77	2,210.67	3,111.42
Milton R.P.D.—Esquesing, Nassagaweya, Nelson and Trafalgar twps.	45,477.32	147.8	1,280.72	1,963.19	2,291.91
Water heater load		0.1		*3.94	
Milverton R.P.D.—Ellice, Elma, Mornington and Wellesley twps.	21,126.93	65.8	570.17	613.19	1,058.43
Mitchell R.P.D.—Downie, Ellice, Elma, Fullarton, Hibbert, Logan and McKillop twps.	54,581.38	169.2	1,466.15	1,399.70	2,726.50
Water heater load		0.3		*10.73	
Newmarket R.P.D.—Georgina, Gwillimbury E., King, Scott, Uxbridge and Whitchurch twps.	70,499.35	215.7	1,869.08	2,012.75	3,521.46
Water heater load		0.2		*6.83	
Niagara R.P.D.—Niagara and Stamford twps.	77,552.95	346.1	2,999.02	2,077.39	3,974.55
Water heater load		2.0		*52.30	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality			
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged		
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.		
483	58	8,857	82	7,808	17	7,836	82	see page	187
		28	65	28	65				
1,447	19	19,682	85	18,264	30	18,268	52	"	"
		4	22	4	22				
1,703	20	21,431	54	19,585	64	19,670	19	"	"
		84	55	84	55				
346	79	5,261	23	4,818	83	4,818	83	"	"
3,251	68	48,694	11	43,815	11	44,089	51	see page	189
		274	40	274	40				
146	86	2,186	44	1,989	74	1,996	85	"	"
		7	11	7	11				
444	87	6,420	78	5,863	58	5,871	22	"	"
		7	64	7	64				
989	08	15,038	16	13,660	21	13,667	35	"	"
		7	14	7	14				
617	15	7,921	44	7,364	94	7,364	94	"	"
385	96	6,347	26	5,829	96	5,833	90	"	"
		3	94	3	94				
182	76	2,622	68	2,392	38	2,392	38	"	"
473	79	6,578	33	5,986	13	5,996	86	"	"
		10	73	10	73				
580	37	8,646	99	7,892	04	7,898	87	"	"
		6	83	6	83				
496	73	10,239	57	9,028	22	9,080	52	"	"
		52	30	52	30				

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Norwich R.P.D.—Burford, Dereham, Middleton, Norwich N., Norwich S., Oxford E. and Windham twps.	76,245 00	241 6	2,093 51	2,001 28	3,781 35
Water heater load		0 6		*20 88	
Oil Springs R.P.D.—Brooke, Dawn, Enniskillen and Euphemia twps.	15,976 46	41 6	360 47	464 54	786 05
Palmerston R.P.D.—Arthur, Maryborough, Minto, Peel and Wallace twps.	16,763 38	50 0	433 26	615 21	840 75
Petrolia R.P.D.—Enniskillen, Moore, Plympton and Sarnia twps	8,745 06	25 3	219 23	245 56	434 63
Preston R.P.D.—Dunfries N., Guelph, Puslinch, Waterloo and Woolwich twps.	239,163 10	849 0	7,356 76	5,318 19	12,110 32
Water heater load		1 2		*33 78	
Ridgetown R.P.D.—Aldborough, Harwich, Howard, Orford and Rondeau Park twps.	95,655 14	244 9	2,122 11	3,125 96	4,689 57
Water heater load		1 1		*48 79	
St. Jacobs R.P.D.—Peel, Waterloo, Wellesley and Woolwich twps.	71,027 26	237 6	2,058 84	1,828 64	3,573 40
Water heater load		0 2		*6 57	
St. Marys R.P.D.—Blanshard, Downie, Fullarton, Nissouri E., Nissouri W. and Osborne twps.	65,182 98	185 4	1,606 53	2,155 39	3,242 36
St. Thomas R.P.D.—Dunwich, Southwold, Westminster and Yarmouth twps.	127,738 17	455 2	3,944 40	3,164 90	6,447 38
Water heater load		3 2		*99 59	
Saltfleet R.P.D.—Barton, Binbrook, Grimsby N. and Saltfleet twps.	264,433 70	875 3	7,584 65	6,093 66	13,201 52
Water heater load		1 3		*36 84	
Sandwich R.P.D.—Anderdon, Colchester N., Maidstone, Sandwich E., Sandwich W. and Sandwich S. twps.	265,738 12	874 4	7,576 86	5,202 50	13,286 18
Water heater load		2 4		*75 89	
Sarnia R.P.D.—Moore, Plympton and Sarnia twps.	167,396 36	493 7	4,278 01	4,485 74	8,337 84
Water heater load		2 6		*96 93	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
660.00	715.79	9,251.93 20.88	845.60	8,406.33 20.88	8,427.21	see page	189
154.00	153.23	1,918.29	145.60	1,772.69	1,772.69	"	"
149.52	158.04	2,196.78	175.00	2,021.78	2,021.78	"	"
79.05	82.97	1,061.44	88.55	972.89	972.89	"	"
1,886.91	2,211.21	28,883.39 33.78	2,971.50	25,911.89 33.78	25,945.67	"	"
933.03	918.68	11,789.35 48.79	857.15	10,932.20 48.79	10,980.99	"	"
589.06	662.17	8,712.11 6.57	831.60	7,880.51 6.57	7,887.08	"	"
593.47	619.41	8,217.16	648.90	7,568.26	7,568.26	"	"
1,004.21	1,182.08	15,742.97 99.59	1,593.20	14,149.77 99.59	14,249.36	"	"
2,231.53	2,469.16	31,580.52 36.84	3,063.55	28,516.97 36.84	28,553.81	"	"
2,158.49	2,479.68	30,703.71 75.89	3,060.40	27,643.31 75.89	27,719.20	"	"
1,493.63	1,584.73	20,179.95 96.93	1,727.95	18,452.00 96.93	18,548.93	"	"

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Scarboro R.P.D.—Pickering, Scarboro and York N. twps.....	99,385.27	300.6	2,604.76	1,677.34	4,982.47
Water heater load		1.1		*29.82	
Seaforth R.P.D.—Hibbert, Hullett, McKillop and Tuckersmith twps.....	16,950.28	51.7	447.99	518.88	847.97
Simcoe R.P.D.—Charlotteville, Townsend, Walpole, Windham and Woodhouse twps.....	57,483.39	202.3	1,752.97	1,839.38	2,917.91
Water heater load		2.5		*83.65	
Stamford R.P.D.—Stamford and Thorold twps.....	37,543.95	159.4	1,381.24	723.64	1,934.38
Stratford R.P.D.—Downie, Easthope N., Easthope S. and Ellice twps.....	40,881.40	150.7	1,305.85	1,075.45	2,054.35
Water heater load		0.3		*9.14	
Strathroy R.P.D.—Adelaide, Caradoc, Ekfrid, Lobo, Metcalfe and Williams E. twps.....	30,824.41	89.2	772.94	1,085.28	1,537.58
Streetsville R.P.D.—Chingua-cousy, Esquesing, Toronto and Trafalgar twps.....	90,613.06	270.2	2,341.34	3,067.42	4,513.87
Water heater load		0.6		*23.90	
Tavistock R.P.D.—Easthope N., Easthope S., Ellice and Zorra E. twps.....	44,994.85	143.3	1,241.73	1,297.06	2,246.02
Thamesville R.P.D.—Camden, Chatham, Euphemia, Harwich, Howard, Orford and Zone twps.....	31,715.30	97.6	845.72	885.05	1,588.71
Water heater load		0.3		*10.92	
Tilbury R.P.D.—Dover W., Mersea, Rochester, Romney, Tilbury E., Tilbury W. and Tilbury N. twps.....	53,383.43	158.0	1,369.10	1,566.46	2,672.49
Water heater load		0.1		*3.82	
Tillsonburg R.P.D.—Bayham, Dereham, Dorchester S., Houghton, Malahide, Middleton, Norwich N., Norwich S. and Walsingham N. twps.....	95,102.09	290.7	2,518.98	2,447.83	4,700.37
Water heater load		1.3		*46.45	
Wallaceburg R.P.D.—Chatham, Dover E. and Sombra twps.....	61,583.45	179.6	1,556.28	1,872.84	3,042.59
Water load heater		0.5		*19.57	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
827.51	937.54	11,029.62 29.82	1,052.10	9,977.52 29.82	10,007.34	see page	189
148.85	159.37	2,123.06	180.95	1,942.11	1,942.11	see page	191
458.38	532.52	7,501.16 83.65	708.05	6,793.11 83.65	6,876.76	"	"
252.73	337.90	4,629.89	557.90	4,071.99	4,071.99	"	"
306.03	374.77	5,116.45 9.14	527.45	4,589.00 9.14	4,598.14	"	"
282.79	292.01	3,970.60	312.20	3,658.40	3,658.40	"	"
817.72	856.54	11,596.89 23.90	945.70	10,651.19 23.90	10,675.09	"	"
382.89	420.90	5,588.60	501.55	5,087.05	5,087.05	"	"
275.71	298.63	3,893.82 10.92	341.60	3,552.22 10.92	3,563.14	"	"
476.33	504.51	6,588.89 3.82	553.00	6,035.89 3.82	6,039.71	"	"
842.21	895.02	11,404.41 46.45	1,017.45	10,386.96 46.45	10,433.41	"	"
556.02	583.70	7,611.43 19.57	628.60	6,982.83 19.57	7,002.40	"	"

NIAGARA

Statement showing the amount chargeable (upon annual adjustment) to each by the Commission; the amount appropriated from the contingency cost; the amount received by the Commission from each charged to each Municipality in respect of power

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Walsingham R.P.D.—Charlotteville, Houghton, Middleton, Walsingham N., Walsingham S. and Windham twps.	60,798.60	133.0	1,152.47	1,692.29	2,980.25
Water heater load		0.5		*24.80	
Walton R.P.D.—Grey, Hullett, McKillop, Morris, Wawanosh E. and Wawanosh W. twps.	35,873.12	85.5	740.87	1,215.98	1,759.75
Water heater load		0.1		*4.83	
Waterdown R.P.D.—Flamboro E., Flamboro W. and Nelson twps.	203,660.56	651.4	5,644.51	4,376.74	10,195.13
Water heater load		9.5		*286.45	
Waterford R.P.D.—Townsend, and Windham twps.	45,907.50	158.8	1,376.04	1,008.90	2,325.73
Water heater load		0.3		*9.36	
Watford R.P.D.—Adelaide, Metcalfe and Warwick twps.	8,749.66	20.8	180.24	273.29	431.75
Welland R.P.D.—Bertie, Crowland, Humberstone, Moulton, Pelham, Thorold, Wainfleet, and Willoughby twps.	262,740.63	1,012.1	8,770.05	7,933.46	13,324.10
Water heater load		3.5		*99.10	
Woodbridge R.P.D.—Albion, Chinguacousy, Etobicoke, King, Toronto, Toronto Gore, Vaughan and York N. twps.	165,290.75	525.6	4,554.43	3,631.92	8,256.37
Water heater load		1.9		*63.68	
Woodstock R.P.D.—Blandford, Blenheim, Burford, Oxford E., Oxford N., Oxford W., Zorra E. and Zorra W. twps.	137,723.61	479.6	4,155.83	2,868.08	6,929.98
Water heater load		1.5		*45.85	
Totals Municipalities	144,023,104.06	552,272.6	4,785,554.05	2,921,649.15	7,314,488.01
Water heater loads		1,851.7		*52,502.48	
Totals—Rural Power Districts	7,289,267.28	23,605.2	204,543.91	190,563.18	365,513.99
Water heater loads		76.7		*2,429.87	
Totals—Companies	45,468,930.88	197,579.4	1,712,065.60	974,752.47	2,399,216.15
Totals—Local distribution systems	1,406,334.62	4,182.6	36,243.07	100,542.47	72,329.47
Water heater loads		19.4		*628.72	
Non-operating capital	102,132.57				
Grand total	198,289,769.41	779,587.6	6,738,406.63	4,243,068.34	10,151,547.62

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

N.—COST OF POWER

Municipality as the Cost—under Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it reserve of the system and proportionately applied in reduction of such Municipality; and the amount remaining to be credited or supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Total cost of power for year	Amount appropriated from contingency reserve and proportionately applied in reduction of such cost	Amounts charged to each municipality in respect of power supplied to it in the year	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality	
Renewals	Sinking fund					Credited	Charged
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
646.45	592.35	7,063.81 24.80	465.50	6,598.31 24.80	6,623.11	see page	191
363.79	346.13	4,426.52 4.83	299.25	4,127.27 4.83	4,132.10	"	"
1,762.59	1,909.05	23,888.02 286.45	2,279.90	21,608.12 286.45	21,894.57	"	"
371.57	426.27	5,508.51 9.36	555.80	4,952.71 9.36	4,962.07	"	"
88.49	84.54	1,058.31	72.80	985.51	985.51	"	"
1,981.39	2,401.87	34,410.87 99.10	3,542.35	30,868.52 99.10	30,967.62	"	"
1,417.98	1,551.42	19,412.12 63.68	1,839.60	17,572.52 63.68	17,636.20	"	"
1,105.60	1,277.31	16,336.80 45.85	1,678.60	14,658.20 45.85	14,704.05	"	"
1,003,146.46	1,317,126.56	17,341,964.23 52,502.48	1,932,954.10	15,409,010.13 52,502.48	15,215,450.86	74,541.31	320,603.06
61,478.48	68,199.06	890,298.62 2,429.87	82,618.20	807,680.42 2,429.87	810,110.29		
288,709.67	422,132.40	5,796,876.29		5,796,876.29	3,590,229.96		2,206,646.33†
23,444.26	8,870.62	241,429.89 628.72		241,429.89 628.72	227,670.51		14,388.10†
1,376,778.87	1,816,328.64	24,326,130.10	2,015,572.30	22,310,557.80	19,843,461.62	74,541.31	2,541,637.49

†Written off to contingency reserve.

NIAGARA SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding				
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment					
	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.		
Acton R.P.D.—Erin, Esquesing and Nassagaweya twps.	14,921	66	7,460	83	7,460	83	344	69
Ailsa Craig R.P.D.—Lobo, McGillivray and Williams E. twps.	9,208	19	4,604	10	4,604	09	252	46
Alvinston R.P.D.—Brooke twp.	5,447	60	2,723	80	2,723	80	283	21
Amherstburg R.P.D.—Anderdon, Colchester N., Colchester S., and Malden twps.	139,175	07	69,502	03	69,673	04	19,413	49
Aylmer R.P.D.—Bayham, Dereham, Dorchester N., Dorchester S., Malahide and Yarmouth twps.	*191,391	87	93,840	30	97,551	57	8,599	15
Ayr R.P.D.—Blenheim, Dumfries N. and Dumfries S. twps.	*41,231	34	20,580	18	20,651	16	1,404	01
Baden R.P.D.—Blandford, Blenheim, Easthope N., Easthope S., Waterloo, Wellesley, Wilmot and Zorra E. twps.	*168,426	20	83,853	79	84,572	41	11,295	08
Beamsville R.P.D.—Caistor, Clinton, Gainsborough, Grimsby N., Grimsby S., Louth, Pelham and Wainfleet twps.	352,966	94	170,410	90	182,556	04	35,425	66
Belle River R.P.D.—Maidstone and Rochester twps.	87,817	60	43,832	64	43,984	96	8,446	01
Blenheim R.P.D.—Raleigh and Harwich twps.	*107,444	50	52,732	90	54,711	60	3,976	95
Bond Lake R.P.D.—King, Markham, Vaughan, Whitechurch and York N. twps.	331,890	87	165,945	43	165,945	44	27,771	16
Bothwell R.P.D.—Aldborough, Ekfrid, Mosa, Orford and Zone twps.	*54,334	84	26,835	40	27,499	44	4,157	75
Brampton R.P.D.—Chinguacousy and Toronto twps.	78,385	00	39,192	50	39,192	50	4,269	35
Brant R.P.D.—Blenheim, Brantford, Burford, Dumfries S., Oakland and Onondaga twps.	*227,466	48	112,622	33	114,844	15	14,100	41
Brigden R.P.D.—Moore and Sombra twps.	54,675	09	27,337	54	27,337	55	1,973	51
Burford R.P.D.—Brantford, Burford, Oakland, Townsend and Windham twps.	93,034	23	46,517	11	46,517	12	5,124	36
Caledonia R.P.D.—Ancaster, Barton, Binbrook, Caistor, Glanford, Grimsby S., Oneida, Onondaga and Seneca twps.	202,096	52	100,802	33	101,294	19	8,912	33
Chatham R.P.D.—Chatham, Dover E., Harwich and Raleigh twps.	258,017	35	129,008	68	129,008	67	12,647	89
Chippawa R.P.D.—Bertie, Crowland and Willoughby twps.	58,104	36	29,049	30	29,055	06	2,405	43
Clinton R.P.D.—Goderich, Hay, Hullett, Stanley and Tuckersmith twps.	126,143	80	62,133	13	64,010	67	5,003	16
Delaware R.P.D.—Caradoc, Delaware, Ekfrid, Lobo, London, Southwold and Westminster twps.	*225,463	84	111,784	97	113,678	87	8,824	17
Dorchester R.P.D.—Dorchester N., Dorchester S., London, Nissouri E., Nissouri W., Oxford N., Westminster and Yarmouth twps.	*202,777	92	100,397	32	102,380	60	10,102	51

Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$44,995.90 used for

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

N.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges						Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund	Credited			Charged	
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
363.43	342.50	295.48	147.74	77.79	1,571.63	1,320.29	.....	251.34
172.75	212.76	183.55	91.78	48.32	961.62	887.13	.....	74.49
103.97	126.25	108.92	54.46	28.67	705.48	509.05	.....	196.43
4,658.70	3,163.51	2,725.81	1,362.91	718.47	32,042.89	35,200.71	3,157.82	.....
8,122.59	4,460.49	3,775.46	1,887.72	1,013.03	27,858.44	29,452.53	1,594.09	.....
1,645.75	940.85	810.27	405.14	213.68	5,419.70	4,144.44	.....	1,275.26
5,396.50	3,847.76	3,305.17	1,652.59	873.87	26,370.97	23,050.86	.....	3,320.11
18,260.59	8,324.96	6,942.95	3,471.47	1,890.69	74,316.32	75,426.87	1,110.55	.....
3,818.06	2,027.58	1,746.20	873.09	460.48	17,371.42	18,957.35	1,585.93	.....
4,372.49	2,511.95	2,127.54	1,063.78	570.50	14,623.21	17,018.78	2,395.57	.....
15,107.11	7,385.44	6,371.59	3,185.80	1,677.32	61,498.42	66,163.80	4,665.38	.....
3,044.02	1,319.28	1,124.90	562.45	299.62	10,508.02	9,997.89	.....	510.13
2,722.51	1,800.60	1,553.42	776.70	408.94	11,531.52	10,070.38	.....	1,461.14
9,268.69	5,309.03	4,535.79	2,267.90	1,205.74	36,687.56	31,473.27	.....	5,214.29
1,444.14	1,260.43	1,087.40	543.70	286.26	6,595.44	5,402.89	.....	1,192.55
3,509.26	2,119.38	1,828.44	914.22	481.34	13,977.00	13,597.80	.....	379.20
7,089.00	4,655.48	4,006.55	2,003.28	1,057.31	27,723.95	25,038.94	.....	2,685.01
11,594.53	5,864.93	5,059.80	2,529.90	1,331.99	39,029.04	38,880.56	.....	148.48
2,528.07	1,340.72	1,156.56	578.28	304.49	8,313.55	8,287.66	.....	25.89
4,269.70	2,865.62	2,434.69	1,217.35	650.82	16,441.34	15,169.53	.....	1,271.81
9,035.36	5,179.34	4,430.46	2,215.23	1,176.29	30,860.85	30,609.57	.....	251.28
8,316.19	4,669.84	3,986.24	1,993.12	1,060.58	30,128.48	30,551.38	422.90	.....

purposes of rural power districts.

NIAGARA SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Dresden R.P.D.—Camden, Chatham Gore and Dawn twps.	36,380 21	18,190 11	18,190 10	1,551 97
Drumbo R.P.D.—Blandford, Blenheim and Burford twps.	*99,987 72	49,594 18	50,393 54	3,541 93
Dundas R.P.D.—Ancaster, Beverly, Flamboro W., Flamboro E., Glanford and Nelson twps.	241,776 43	117,420 14	124,356 29	14,587 39
Dunnville R.P.D.—Canborough, Dunn and Moulton twps.	42,560 74	21,280 37	21,280 37	1,262 66
Dutton R.P.D.—Aldbrough and Dunwich twps.	73,501 93	36,750 97	36,750 96	4,608 40
Elmira R.P.D.—Peel, Pilkington and Woolwich twps.	34,874 17	17,437 09	17,437 08	2,759 11
Elora R.P.D.—Garafraxa W., Nichol, Peel and Pilkington twps.	83,566 33	41,564 26	42,002 07	3,533 11
Essex R.P.D.—Colchester N., Gosfield N., Gosfield S., Maidstone, Mersea, Rochester and Sandwich S. twps.	*140,126 10	69,165 32	70,960 78	6,278 56
Exeter R.P.D.—Biddulph, Bosanquet, Hay, Hibbert, Stephen, Tuckersmith and Usborne twps.	*143,946 40	71,241 52	72,704 88	11,694 02
Forest R.P.D.—Adelaide, Bosanquet, Plympton, Warwick and Williams W. twps.	*60,641 77	29,979 55	30,662 22	1,589 70
Galt R.P.D.—Beverly, Dumfries N. and Dumfries S. twps.	79,885 82	39,942 91	39,942 91	6,130 70
Georgetown R.P.D.—Chinguacousy, Erin, and Esquesing twps.	103,742 88	51,871 44	51,871 44	4,212 87
Goderich R.P.D.—Ashfield, Colborne, Goderich and Wawanosh W. twps.	71,710 60	35,589 59	36,121 01	4,173 17
Grantham R.P.D.—Grantham and Niagara twps.	145,534 40	68,687 20	76,847 20	17,652 41
Guelph R.P.D.—Eramosa, Guelph, Nassagaweya and Puslinch twps.	181,689 73	90,814 95	90,874 78	12,129 72
Haldimand R.P.D.—Cayuga N., Oneida, Rainham, Seneca and Walpole twps.	*101,014 53	49,156 80	51,857 73	8,444 96
Harriston R.P.D.—Howick and Minto twps.	*32,608 18	16,023 93	16,584 25	863 57
Harrow R.P.D.—Colchester N., Colchester S., Gosfield S. and Malden twps.	137,336 33	68,668 17	68,668 16	13,190 41
Ingersoll R.P.D.—Dereham, Dorchester N., Nissouri E., Oxford N., Oxford W., Zorra E. and Zorra W. twps.	290,124 29	145,062 15	145,062 14	11,877 49
Jordan R.P.D.—Grantham, Louth, Pelham and Thorold twps.	98,666 04	49,333 02	49,333 02	7,836 82
Keswick R.P.D.—Georgina, Gwillimbury N. and Gwillimbury E. twps.	163,537 51	79,191 31	84,346 20	18,268 52
Kingsville R.P.D.—Gosfield N., Gosfield S., Mersea and Romney twps.	*288,182 64	141,927 52	146,255 12	19,670 19
Listowel R.P.D.—Elma, Grey, Maryborough, Mornington, Peel, Wallace and Wellesley twps.	117,836 37	58,918 18	58,918 19	4,818 83

Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$44,995.90 used for

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

N.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
793.41	838.42	723.32	361.66	190.42	4,459.20	4,212.04	247.16	
3,857.09	2,323.56	1,988.61	994.30	527.71	13,233.20	12,123.59	1,109.61	
10,174.62	5,653.01	4,738.26	2,369.13	1,283.87	38,806.28	39,122.90	316.62	
2,126.71	915.84	790.12	395.06	208.00	5,698.39	3,382.96	2,315.43	
3,680.20	1,691.53	1,459.32	729.66	384.17	12,553.28	10,433.94	2,119.34	
2,363.03	800.42	690.54	345.27	181.78	7,140.15	5,359.88	1,780.27	
4,996.24	1,912.29	1,641.02	820.51	434.30	13,337.47	10,335.89	3,001.58	
5,081.21	3,268.51	2,783.91	1,391.96	742.32	19,546.47	22,491.59	2,945.12	
8,504.68	3,191.76	2,724.32	1,362.16	724.89	28,201.83	27,338.72	863.11	
1,751.08	1,405.12	1,198.63	599.31	319.12	6,862.96	6,739.23	123.73	
3,481.10	1,807.88	1,559.70	779.85	410.59	14,169.82	13,596.51	573.31	
3,400.20	2,372.28	2,046.62	1,023.31	538.77	13,594.05	12,080.99	1,513.06	
1,885.20	1,515.33	1,296.68	648.34	344.15	9,862.87	8,195.23	1,667.64	
10,043.04	3,417.79	2,785.40	1,392.70	776.21	36,067.55	36,066.39	1.16	
6,724.29	4,107.57	3,542.49	1,771.25	932.88	29,208.20	26,339.07	2,869.13	
7,210.17	2,366.71	1,987.80	993.90	537.51	21,541.05	17,608.63	3,932.42	
1,012.55	762.38	646.51	323.26	173.15	3,781.42	2,779.18	1,002.24	
5,037.57	3,143.45	2,711.93	1,355.96	713.91	26,153.23	29,043.50	2,890.27	
8,931.37	6,642.05	5,730.25	2,865.12	1,508.49	37,554.77	33,272.88	4,281.89	
5,349.50	2,197.13	1,895.51	947.75	498.99	18,725.70	18,161.72	563.98	
6,925.20	3,747.98	3,130.38	1,565.19	851.21	34,488.48	32,371.08	2,117.40	
13,592.59	6,722.21	5,712.85	2,856.43	1,526.69	50,080.96	53,557.84	3,476.88	
5,025.14	2,689.97	2,320.70	1,160.35	610.92	16,625.91	14,033.27	2,592.64	

purposes of rural power districts

NIAGARA SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
London R.P.D.—Delaware, Lobo, London, Nissouri W. and Westminster twps.	*452,460.60	225,617.74	226,842.86	44,089.51
Lucan R.P.D.—Biddulph, London, McGillivray and Stephen twps.	*58,020.83	28,845.99	29,174.84	1,996.85
Lynden R.P.D.—Ancaster, Beverly, Brantford and Dumfries S. twps.	103,260.55	51,210.17	52,050.38	5,871.22
Markham R.P.D.—Markham, Pickering, Scarborough, Uxbridge and Whitchurch twps.	*228,562.66	113,141.14	115,421.52	13,667.35
Merlin R.P.D.—Raleigh, Romney and Tilbury E. twps.	143,247.28	71,623.64	71,623.64	7,364.94
Milton R.P.D.—Esquesing, Nassagaweya Nelson and Trafalgar twps.	108,488.53	54,244.26	54,244.27	5,833.90
Milverton R.P.D.—Ellice, Elma, Mornington and Wellesley twps.	65,164.42	32,582.21	32,582.21	2,392.38
Mitchell R.P.D.—Downie, Ellice, Elma, Fullarton, Hibbert, Logan and McKillop twps.	109,781.46	54,890.73	54,890.73	5,996.86
Newmarket R.P.D.—Georgina, Gwillimbury E., King, Scott, Uxbridge and Whitchurch twps.	120,385.47	60,192.74	60,192.73	7,898.87
Niagara R.P.D.—Niagara and Stamford twps.	*126,194.33	62,647.51	63,546.82	9,080.52
Norwich R.P.D.—Burford, Dereham, Middleton, Norwich N., Norwich S., Oxford E. and Windham twps.	*181,308.61	88,749.38	92,559.23	8,427.21
Oil Springs R.P.D.—Brooke, Dawn, Enniskillen and Euphemia twps.	29,686.23	14,843.11	14,843.12	1,772.69
Palmerston R.P.D.—Arthur, Maryborough, Minto, Peel and Wallace twps.	*60,312.85	29,876.28	30,436.57	2,021.78
Petrolia R.P.D.—Enniskillen, Moore, Plympton and Sarnia twps.	*26,075.59	12,484.43	13,591.16	972.89
Preston R.P.D.—Dumfries N., Guelph, Puslinch, Waterloo and Woolwich twps.	*318,742.34	158,093.98	160,648.36	25,945.67
Ridgetown R.P.D.—Aldborough, Harwich, Howard, Orford and Rondeau Park twps.	202,560.06	101,280.03	101,280.03	10,980.99
St. Jacobs R.P.D.—Peel, Waterloo, Wellesley and Woolwich twps.	107,601.88	53,515.21	54,086.67	7,887.08
St. Marys R.P.D.—Blanshard, Downie, Fullarton, Nissouri E., Nissouri W. and Usborne twps.	192,453.85	96,226.92	96,226.93	7,568.26
St. Thomas R.P.D.—Dunwich, Southwold, Westminster and Yarmouth twps.	304,957.81	151,785.16	153,172.65	14,249.36
Saltfleet R.P.D.—Barton, Binbrook, Grimsby N. and Saltfleet twps.	294,546.50	143,183.75	151,362.75	28,553.81
Sandwich R.P.D.—Anderdon, Colchester N., Maidstone, Sandwich E., Sandwich W. and Sandwich S. twps.	341,428.63	170,714.31	170,714.32	27,719.20
Sarnia R.P.D.—Moore, Plympton and Sarnia twps.	*214,251.37	104,924.84	109,326.53	18,548.93
Scarboro R.P.D.—Pickering, Scarboro and York N. twps.	191,100.81	95,550.41	95,550.40	10,007.34

Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$44,995.90 used for

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

N.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges						Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund	Credited			Charged	
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
23,894.84	10,359.88	8,913.20	4,456.60	2,352.85	94,066.88	93,203.47	.....	863.41
1,192.16	1,350.75	1,158.74	579.38	306.77	6,584.65	6,542.13	.....	42.52
4,536.55	2,357.16	2,022.91	1,011.45	535.34	16,334.63	14,031.73	.....	2,302.90
7,552.03	5,225.01	4,462.13	2,231.04	1,186.66	34,324.22	39,491.40	5,167.18	.....
3,425.68	3,267.36	2,818.83	1,409.41	742.06	19,028.28	17,837.26	.....	1,191.02
4,223.46	2,469.70	2,130.67	1,065.34	560.90	16,283.97	15,225.32	.....	1,058.65
2,409.50	1,482.21	1,278.74	639.37	336.63	8,538.83	7,201.22	.....	1,337.61
3,748.52	2,440.38	2,105.37	1,052.69	554.24	15,898.06	16,195.71	297.65	.....
3,914.38	2,671.93	2,305.13	1,152.57	606.83	18,549.71	19,344.75	795.04	.....
9,532.58	2,912.12	2,494.37	1,247.18	661.39	25,928.16	23,248.04	.....	2,680.12
8,472.34	4,249.76	3,590.22	1,795.11	965.17	27,499.81	25,308.22	.....	2,191.59
1,800.59	685.06	591.02	295.51	155.59	5,300.46	5,288.04	.....	12.42
1,694.95	1,401.93	1,198.27	599.13	318.39	7,234.45	4,930.36	.....	2,304.09
1,163.87	620.76	513.41	256.71	140.98	3,668.62	3,599.06	.....	69.56
11,165.80	7,166.19	6,131.35	3,065.67	1,627.53	55,102.21	53,998.49	.....	1,103.72
7,479.68	4,648.66	4,010.50	2,005.25	1,055.77	30,180.85	29,529.41	.....	651.44
6,101.84	2,472.39	2,121.55	1,060.78	561.51	20,205.15	17,133.19	.....	3,071.96
5,428.34	4,408.81	3,803.58	1,901.79	1,001.29	24,112.07	20,841.54	.....	3,270.53
12,358.85	6,913.74	5,936.89	2,968.44	1,570.19	43,997.47	46,282.43	2,284.96	.....
17,636.31	6,882.96	5,774.50	2,887.25	1,563.20	63,298.03	65,998.50	2,700.47	.....
23,158.78	7,851.31	6,773.50	3,386.75	1,783.12	70,672.66	69,667.54	.....	1,005.12
13,453.68	4,959.12	4,190.30	2,095.16	1,126.27	44,373.46	47,313.52	2,940.06	.....
5,993.13	4,202.75	3,625.81	1,812.90	954.49	26,596.42	33,354.35	6,757.93	.....

purposes of rural power districts.

NIAGARA SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Seaforth R.P.D.—Hibbert, Hullett, McKillop and Tuckersmith twps.	29,402.80	14,083.46	15,319.34	1,942.11
Simcoe R.P.D.—Charlotteville, Townsend, Walpole, Windham and Woodhouse twps.	129,831.68	64,745.55	65,086.13	6,876.76
Stamford R.P.D.—Stamford and Thorold twps.	41,211.74	20,605.87	20,605.87	4,071.99
Stratford R.P.D.—Downie, Easthope N., Easthope S. and Ellice twps.	67,079.92	33,279.11	33,800.81	4,598.14
Strathroy R.P.D.—Adelaide, Caradoc, Ekfrid, Lobo, Metcalfe and Williams E. twps.	101,204.09	50,425.27	50,778.82	3,658.40
Streetsville R.P.D.—Chinguacousy, Esquesing, Toronto and Trafalgar twps.	187,700.07	93,850.04	93,850.03	10,675.09
Tavistock R.P.D.—Easthope N., Easthope S., Ellice and Zorra E. twps.	120,629.22	60,314.61	60,314.61	5,087.05
Thamesville R.P.D.—Camden, Chatham, Euphemia, Harwich, Howard, Orford and Zone twps.	107,547.60	53,522.31	54,025.29	3,563.14
Tilbury R.P.D.—Dover W., Mersea, Rochester, Romney, Tilbury E., Tilbury W. and Tilbury N. twps.	*110,648.45	54,700.13	55,948.32	6,039.71
Tillsonburg R.P.D.—Bayham, Dereham, Dorchester S., Houghton, Malahide, Middleton, Norwich N., Norwich S. and Walsingham N. twps.	201,568.67	100,784.33	100,784.34	10,433.41
Wallaceburg R.P.D.—Chatham, Dover E. and Sombra twps.	154,326.32	76,792.14	77,534.18	7,002.40
Walsingham R.P.D.—Charlotteville, Houghton, Middleton, Walsingham N., Walsingham S. and Windham twps.	*148,749.14	73,865.05	74,884.09	6,623.11
Walton R.P.D.—Grey, Hullett, McKillop, Morris, Wawanosh E. and Wawanosh W. twps.	*80,210.08	38,349.04	41,861.04	4,132.10
Waterdown R.P.D.—Flamboro E., Flamboro W. and Nelson twps.	205,749.58	92,521.64	113,227.94	21,894.57
Waterford R.P.D.—Townsend and Windham twps.	117,271.01	58,635.51	58,635.50	4,962.07
Watford R.P.D.—Adelaide, Metcalfe and Warwick twps.	23,904.03	11,952.02	11,952.01	985.51
Welland R.P.D.—Bertie, Crowland, Humberstone, Moulton, Pelham, Thorold, Wainfleet and Willoughby twps.	*652,765.71	321,346.74	331,418.97	30,967.62
Woodbridge R.P.D.—Albion, Chinguacousy, Etobicoke, King, Toronto, Toronto Gore, Vaughan and York N. twps.	*338,237.05	168,240.65	169,996.40	17,636.20
Woodstock R.P.D.—Blandford, Blenheim, Burford, Oxford E., Oxford N., Oxford W., Zorra E. and Zorra W. twps.	224,924.58	112,462.29	112,462.29	14,704.05
Non-operating capital	12,823,206.79 15,149.60	6,345,677.89 7,371.69	6,477,528.90 7,777.91	..........
Grand totals	12,838,356.39	6,353,049.58	6,485,306.81	810,110.29

Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$44,995.90 used for

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

N.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges

Cost of operation maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund	Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
							Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1,484.93	708.06	586.15	293.07	160.81	5,175.13	4,988.00		187.13
4,835.74	2,993.53	2,575.77	1,287.89	679.87	19,249.56	18,401.72		847.84
4,659.19	945.43	815.64	407.82	214.72	11,114.79	11,625.74	510.95	
4,672.33	1,547.12	1,324.30	662.16	351.37	13,155.42	11,861.74		1,293.68
2,611.26	2,328.00	2,001.35	1,000.68	528.71	12,128.40	11,961.96		166.44
6,690.41	4,280.02	3,692.47	1,846.23	972.04	28,156.26	25,199.26		2,957.00
5,557.04	2,782.08	2,400.16	1,200.08	631.84	17,658.25	15,057.50		2,600.75
3,910.29	2,494.36	2,141.88	1,070.94	566.50	13,747.11	13,177.66		569.45
3,159.47	2,548.13	2,173.36	1,086.68	578.71	15,586.06	16,141.44	555.38	
8,080.12	4,633.17	3,997.14	1,998.57	1,052.25	30,194.66	27,772.02		2,422.64
6,290.43	3,902.45	3,352.32	1,676.16	886.29	23,110.05	21,911.32		1,198.73
4,136.83	3,282.55	2,811.55	1,405.78	745.50	19,005.32	20,529.21	1,523.89	
3,688.75	1,902.07	1,570.71	785.35	431.98	12,510.96	11,960.01		550.95
13,589.85	5,068.67	3,958.73	1,979.36	1,151.15	47,642.33	49,697.37	2,055.04	
4,002.21	2,672.46	2,305.59	1,152.80	606.95	15,702.08	15,682.41		19.67
572.40	554.08	478.02	239.01	125.84	2,954.86	3,051.33	96.47	
28,211.50	14,680.64	12,466.75	6,233.38	3,334.13	95,894.02	92,375.20		3,518.82
13,591.40	7,732.95	6,636.72	3,318.36	1,756.25	50,671.88	50,554.59		117.29
10,233.83	5,164.94	4,455.91	2,227.95	1,173.02	37,959.70	35,997.86		1,961.84
.....
.....
557,105.44	294,442.54	251,397.57	125,698.79	66,871.35	2,105,625.98	2,063,370.73	50,246.15	92,501.40

purposes of rural power districts.

NIAGARA

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
		\$	c.	\$	c.
Acton	Jan., 1913		9.50	9.50	
Agincourt	Nov., 1922	289.61			289.61
Ailsa Craig	Jan., 1916	532.55			532.55
Alvinston	April, 1922		24.83	24.83	
Amherstburg	Nov., 1925	4,595.75			4,595.75
Ancaster twp.	May, 1923		29.59	32.26	2.67
Arkona	Dec., 1926	23.18			23.18
Aylmer	Mar., 1918	1,499.70			1,499.70
Ayr	Jan., 1915	860.59			860.59
Baden	May, 1912	515.07			515.07
Beachville	Aug., 1912	1,325.66			1,325.66
Belle River	Dec., 1922	305.29			305.29
Blenheim	Nov., 1915		276.51	276.51	
Blyth	July, 1924	642.78			642.78
Bolton	Feb., 1915	655.94			655.94
Bothwell	Sept., 1915		627.60	627.60	
Brampton	Nov., 1911	4,145.83			4,145.83
Brantford	Feb., 1914		5,618.58	5,618.58	
Brantford twp.	May, 1924		286.06	286.06	
Bridgeport	Mar., 1928	470.48			470.48
Brigden	Jan., 1918	772.85			772.85
Brussels	July, 1924	833.61			833.61
Burford	June, 1915	315.96			315.96
Burgessville	Nov., 1916		688.85	688.85	
Caledonia	Oct., 1912	234.05			234.05
Campbellville	Jan., 1925	144.41			144.41
Cayuga	Nov., 1924	725.22			725.22
Chatham	Feb., 1915	7,288.41			7,288.41
Chippawa	Sept., 1919	512.92			512.92
Clifford	May, 1924	181.36			181.36
Clinton	Mar., 1914	577.54			577.54
Comber	May, 1915	597.54			597.54
Cottam	Nov., 1926	194.97			194.97
Courtright	Dec., 1923	99.94			99.94
Dashwood	Sept., 1917	297.46			297.46
Delaware	Mar., 1915	73.87		0.39	74.26
Dorchester	Dec., 1914		4.43	4.43	
Drayton	Mar., 1918		65.98	65.98	
Dresden	April, 1915	652.84			652.84
Drumbo	Dec., 1914	479.05			479.05
Dublin	Oct., 1917		287.01		
Dundas	Jan., 1911	1,497.51			1,497.51
Dunnville	June, 1918	3,181.73			3,181.73
Dutton	Sept., 1915	1,157.11			1,157.11
East Windsor	Nov., 1922	4,731.69			4,731.69

SYSTEM

N.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
	0.12		13.01		13.13
4.00		232.09		236.09	
9.39			210.04		200.65
	0.33	330.14		329.81	
72.10		1,754.23		1,826.33	
	0.44		357.51		357.95
.38			14.36		13.98
19.56			6.17	13.39	
15.35		44.74		60.09	
7.06			168.86		161.80
18.46		452.58		471.04	
5.05			162.79		157.74
	4.33	259.78		255.45	
10.07		392.91		402.98	
9.70		529.66		539.36	
	9.35		137.89		147.24
53.16			1,892.62		1,839.46
	8.55		4,467.37		4,475.92
	4.89		733.10		737.99
6.24			27.04		20.80
10.25		355.18		365.43	
12.88		396.07		408.95	
5.09		189.59		194.68	
	11.77		208.45		220.22
3.16			659.56		656.40
1.98			35.12		33.14
10.74			432.41		421.67
100.64			523.64		423.00
9.82			41.83		32.01
2.88			372.01		369.13
7.78			495.93		488.15
7.55		278.70		286.25	
3.06		70.64		73.70	
1.65			253.32		251.67
4.09			89.19		85.10
1.37		4.50		5.87	
	0.10		234.30		234.40
	0.82		379.08		379.90
9.23		338.43		347.66	
8.27		258.80		267.07	
	11.48		109.99		408.48
24.29			1,520.21		1,495.92
44.84		3,475.50		3,520.34	
14.33		340.39		354.72	
70.00			1,082.44		1,012.44

NIAGARA

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Elmira.....	Nov., 1913	\$ 524.45	\$..	\$..	\$ 524.45
Elora.....	Nov., 1914	785.20	.....	.....	785.20
Embroy.....	Jan., 1915	842.66	.....	.....	842.66
Erieau.....	July, 1924	.....	5.40	5.40	.....
Erie Beach.....	July, 1925	50.72	.....	.....	50.72
Essex.....	Nov., 1923	236.36	.....	.....	236.36
Etobicoke.....	Aug., 1917	6,103.00	.....	.....	6,103.00
Exeter.....	June, 1916	1,357.60	.....	.....	1,357.60
Fergus.....	Nov., 1914	78.79	.....	.....	78.79
Fonthill.....	June, 1926	.....	129.94	129.94	.....
Forest.....	Mar., 1917	429.11	.....	.....	429.11
Galt.....	May, 1911	14,435.61	.....	.....	14,435.61
Georgetown.....	Sept., 1913	.....	305.46	305.46	.....
Glencoe.....	Aug., 1920	.....	540.12	545.66	5.54
Goderich.....	Feb., 1914	.....	511.15	511.15	.....
Granton.....	July, 1916	.....	68.59	68.59	.....
Guelph.....	Dec., 1910	.....	4,455.14	4,455.14	.....
Hagersville.....	Sept., 1913	1,677.99	.....	.....	1,677.99
Hamilton.....	Feb., 1911	.....	122,122.18	122,122.18	.....
Harriston.....	July, 1916	.....	625.15	625.15	.....
Harrow.....	Nov., 1923	2,003.92	.....	.....	2,003.92
Hensall.....	Jan., 1917	539.63	.....	.....	539.63
Hespeler.....	Feb., 1911	3,828.92	.....	.....	3,828.92
Highgate.....	Dec., 1916	.....	134.68	134.68	.....
Humberstone.....	Oct., 1924	.....	534.54	534.54	.....
Ingersoll.....	May, 1911	.....	2,521.53	2,521.53	.....
Jarvis.....	Feb., 1924	471.50	.....	.....	471.50
Kingsville.....	Nov., 1923	1,547.18	.....	.....	1,547.18
Kitchener.....	Jan., 1911	1,989.97	.....	.....	1,989.97
Lambeth.....	April, 1915	453.45	.....	.....	453.45
La Salle.....	Nov., 1925	311.39	.....	.....	311.39
Leamington.....	Nov., 1923	3,985.55	.....	.....	3,985.55
Listowel.....	June, 1916	899.87	.....	.....	899.87
London.....	Jan., 1911	52,818.01	.....	.....	52,818.01
London Railway Commission.....	Aug., 1914	.....	12,298.53	12,298.53	.....
London twp.....	Jan., 1925	1,096.56	.....	.....	1,096.56
Long Branch.....	Jan., 1931	.....	356.08	356.08	.....
Lucan.....	Feb., 1915	191.94	.....	.....	191.94
Lynden.....	Nov., 1915	348.30	.....	.....	348.30
Markham.....	April, 1920	1,063.88	.....	.....	1,063.88
Merlin.....	Dec., 1922	.....	51.18	51.18	.....
Merritton.....	Nov., 1920	.....	662.61	662.61	.....
Milton.....	April, 1913	791.61	.....	.....	791.61
Milverton.....	June, 1916	.....	10.98	10.98	.....
Mimico.....	May, 1912	1,043.59	.....	.....	1,043.59

SYSTEM

N.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
7.18			540.61		533.43
9.98			516.81		506.83
11.67		350.58		362.25	
	0.10	263.69		263.59	
0.72		77.41		78.13	
3.91			35.06		31.15
82.27		2,781.24		2,863.51	
19.29			198.65		179.36
1.13			886.23		885.10
	2.32	321.55		319.23	
5.60		870.45		876.05	
199.76		424.70		624.46	
	4.28		807.68		811.96
	10.09	290.62		280.53	
	6.89		1,427.19		1,434.08
	1.26		210.56		211.82
	82.02		2,622.42		2,704.44
29.67			1,989.73		1,960.06
	2,127.94		80,489.92		82,617.86
	12.07		607.37		619.44
30.69		102.52		133.21	
10.31			172.04		161.73
61.76		2,850.17		2,911.93	
	2.01	134.79		132.78	
	6.95		162.12		169.07
	43.34		3,712.82		3,756.16
7.80			995.86		988.06
22.50		70.34		92.84	
26.39			5,493.50		5,467.11
8.84		152.94		161.78	
4.23		104.24		108.47	
62.46			393.56		331.10
13.81			704.11		690.30
711.96			7,509.92		6,797.96
	313.53		8,333.61		8,647.14
14.06		278.35		292.41	
	4.80	618.14		613.34	
2.44			85.69		83.25
7.53		147.75		155.28	
15.35		543.53		558.68	
	0.72		103.28		104.00
	8.53		719.66		728.19
9.98			1,119.83		1,109.85
	0.14		251.62		251.76
17.27			195.89		178.62

NIAGARA

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Mitchell	Sept., 1911	\$ 1,057.54	\$	\$	\$ 1,057.54
Moorefield	Mar., 1918	33.40			33.40
Mount Brydges	Mar., 1915	550.78			550.78
Newbury	Mar., 1921		149.22	149.22	
New Hamburg	Mar., 1911	552.05			552.05
New Toronto	Feb., 1914	6,749.02			6,749.02
Niagara Falls	Dec., 1915		30,619.69	336.37	
Niagara-on-the-Lake	Aug., 1919	68.61			68.61
Norwich	May, 1912		216.74	216.74	
Oil Springs	Feb., 1918	428.82			428.82
Otterville	Feb., 1916		381.81	381.81	
Palmerston	July, 1916		275.75	275.75	
Paris	Feb., 1914	2,215.41			2,215.41
Parkhill	May, 1920	691.96			691.96
Petrolia	May, 1916	1,359.79			1,359.79
Plattsville	Dec., 1914	825.29			825.29
Point Edward	Nov., 1916	2,738.99			2,738.99
Port Colborne	Mar., 1920		199.38	199.38	
Port Credit	Aug., 1912		247.95	247.95	
Port Dalhousie	Nov., 1912	214.50			214.50
Port Dover	Dec., 1921	274.20			274.20
Port Rowan	Nov., 1926	806.94			806.94
Port Stanley	April, 1912	1,642.85			1,642.85
Preston	Jan., 1911		222.22	222.22	
Princeton	Jan., 1915	1,009.94			1,009.94
Queenston	Mar., 1921	105.39			105.39
Richmond Hill	June, 1925	1,739.77			1,739.77
Ridgetown	Dec., 1915		419.58	419.58	
Riverside	Nov., 1922	3,201.68			3,201.68
Rockwood	Sept., 1913	529.93			529.93
Rodney	Feb., 1917		435.48	435.48	
St. Catharines	April, 1914		12,934.36	12,934.36	
St. Clair Beach	Nov., 1922	252.82			252.82
St. George	Sept., 1915	29.42			29.42
St. Jacobs	Sept., 1917	298.36			298.36
St. Marys	May, 1911	2,632.30			2,632.30
St. Thomas	April, 1911	15,827.24			15,827.24
Sandwich	Feb., 1924	5,511.51			5,511.51
Sarnia	Dec., 1916	23,767.17			23,767.17
Scarboro twp.	Aug., 1918	5,133.02			5,133.02
Seaforth	Nov., 1911	285.33			285.33
Simcoe	Aug., 1915	2,954.96			2,954.96
Springfield	Aug., 1917		121.83	121.83	
Stamford twp.	Nov., 1916		609.18	609.18	
Stouffville	Sept., 1923	983.06			983.06

SYSTEM

N.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
16.21			195.84		179.63
0.49			171.93		171.44
7.90		108.39		116.29	
	1.96	50.54		48.58	
7.74		439.93		447.67	
93.93		5,841.19		5,935.12	
	1,211.33		18,404.74		49,899.39
0.93			66.80		65.87
	2.92		220.71		223.63
5.92		578.83		584.75	
	4.90		168.27		173.17
	4.38		330.31		334.69
31.56			540.79		509.23
11.25		87.07		98.32	
18.93		2,325.04		2,343.97	
13.18		258.40		271.58	
39.28		1,626.75		1,666.03	
	3.12	1,258.41		1,255.29	
	3.48		827.89		831.37
2.84			189.87		187.03
3.85		1,275.30		1,279.15	
8.22		294.00		302.22	
36.76		1,020.46		1,057.22	
	2.95		1,221.18		1,224.13
15.83		520.82		536.65	
1.48		89.20		90.68	
35.99		1,719.01		1,755.00	
	6.25	41.96		35.71	
47.37			732.20		684.83
7.64		103.47		111.11	
	6.49		388.35		394.84
	229.86		5,056.45		5,286.31
3.74			109.04		105.30
0.37		215.67		216.04	
3.76			396.03		392.27
42.69			2,099.66		2,056.97
230.05		1,591.19		1,821.24	
76.71		973.99		1,050.70	
338.13		10,873.22		11,211.35	
68.07		4,066.22		4,134.29	
3.81			316.44		312.63
42.10		2,195.33		2,237.43	
	1.70		63.79		65.49
	9.35		1,475.80		1,485.15
19.80		248.99		268.79	

NIAGARA

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
		\$	c.	\$	c.
Stratford.....	Jan., 1911	25,236	86		25,236.86
Strathroy.....	Dec., 1914	3,540	38		3,540.38
Sutton.....	Aug., 1923	1,281	56		1,281.56
Tavistock.....	Nov., 1916			512.16	
Tecumseh.....	Nov., 1922	1,285	29		1,285.29
Thamesford.....	Feb., 1914	451	58		451.58
Thamesville.....	Oct., 1915			188.03	
Thedford.....	May, 1922	54	12		54.12
Thorndale.....	Mar., 1914	164	69	5.56	170.25
Thorold.....	Jan., 1921	705	82		705.82
Tilbury.....	April, 1915	1,833	67		1,833.67
Tillsonburg.....	Aug., 1911	1,151	98		1,151.98
Toronto.....	June, 1911	69,566	26		69,566.26
Toronto twp.....	Aug., 1913	1,723	27		1,723.27
Walkerville.....	Nov., 1914	9,900	02		9,900.02
Wallaceburg.....	Feb., 1915	750	53		750.53
Wardsville.....	June, 1921			147.77	
Waterdown.....	Nov., 1911	674	64	326.83	1,001.47
Waterford.....	April, 1915	650	51		650.51
Waterloo.....	Dec., 1910	3,855	37		3,855.37
Watford.....	Sept., 1917	644	19		644.19
Welland.....	Sept., 1917			4,105.12	35.75
Wellesley.....	Nov., 1916			218.78	
West Lorne.....	Jan., 1917	49	56		49.56
Weston.....	Jan., 1911	3,705	30		3,705.30
Wheatley.....	Feb., 1924	695	94		695.94
Windsor.....	Oct., 1914	39,254	28		39,254.28
Woodbridge.....	Dec., 1914	292	01		292.01
Woodstock.....	Jan., 1911	5,128	64		5,128.64
Wyoming.....	Nov., 1916			352.34	
York East twp.....	July, 1925	3,310	59		3,310.59
York North twp.....	Nov., 1923			761.30	
Zurich.....	Sept., 1917	542	00		542.00
Toronto Transportation Comm.	Jan., 1927	1,820	35		1,820.35
RURAL POWER DISTRICT*					
Acton R.P.D.....	Feb., 1928			416.70	30.00
Ailsa Craig R.P.D.....	Sept., 1930	42	22		
Alvinston R.P.D.....	June, 1929			413.45	
Amherstburg R.P.D.....	Nov., 1923	27,651	27		148.56
Aylmer R.P.D.....	Nov., 1922	13,222	77		883.51

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

SYSTEM

N.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
376.71		2,756.37		3,133.08	
55.48		2,132.17		2,187.65	
19.96		504.99		524.95	
	7.86	665.99		658.13	
19.01			128.49		109.48
6.28			76.01		69.73
	3.71	357.95		354.24	
0.90		497.13		498.03	
2.62		57.04		59.66	
9.51		38.36		47.87	
27.61			164.20		136.59
15.15		30.73		45.88	
937.71			118,851.10		117,913.39
24.17		1,472.78		1,496.95	
146.47			4,981.98		4,835.51
10.36			711.90		701.54
	3.77	43.17		39.40	
11.60		126.04		137.64	
8.13		486.71		494.84	
48.17			14,197.04		14,148.87
10.66		1,037.11		1,047.77	
	112.06		572.39		684.45
	2.90	49.34		46.44	
0.73		50.81		51.54	
55.63		1,642.37		1,698.00	
10.16			219.96		209.80
546.33			8,015.38		7,469.05
3.90		475.00		478.90	
82.62			4,667.50		4,584.88
	5.33	269.47		264.14	
43.54		2,353.09		2,396.63	
	14.85	1,244.66		1,229.81	
7.66			127.04		119.38
29.99		359.71		389.70	
	16.67		251.34		714.71
1.69			74.49		30.58
	16.54		196.43		626.42
1,105.82		3,157.82		31,766.35	
527.28		1,594.09		14,460.63	

NIAGARA

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Rural power district*	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Ayr R.P.D.	July, 1926	\$ 929	50 c.		
Baden R.P.D.	Sept., 1922				187.81
Beamsville R.P.D.	Jan., 1923	42,906	65		814.15
Belle River R.P.D.	Dec., 1922	31,123	02		177.07
Blenheim R.P.D.	July, 1924	15,790	10		30.00
Bond Lake R.P.D.	Mar., 1924	48,163	85		932.99
Bothwell R.P.D.	Dec., 1923	6,868	19		172.94
Brampton R.P.D.	Nov., 1923	919	69		117.69
Brant R.P.D.	Oct., 1922			3,050	86
Brigden R.P.D.	Jan., 1927			3,264	22
Burford R.P.D.	Dec., 1926	2,612	52		300.00
Caledonia R.P.D.	Oct., 1925			2,611	19
Chatham R.P.D.	May, 1922	17,757	86		60.71
Chippawa R.P.D.	July, 1922	3,331	26		150.00
Clinton R.P.D.	July, 1928			1,921	11
Delaware R.P.D.	Oct., 1922	3,602	59		656.52
Dorchester R.P.D.	Dec., 1921			1,861	59
Dresden R.P.D.	May, 1928			305	41
Drumbo R.P.D.	Aug., 1922	1,190	94		
Dundas R.P.D.	Jan., 1922	19,959	94		429.27
Dunnville R.P.D.	July, 1928			2,725	54
Dutton R.P.D.	Feb., 1926			693	35
Elmira R.P.D.	June, 1926			1,580	47
Elora R.P.D.	Jan., 1926			629	88
Essex R.P.D.	Nov., 1924	17,870	19		204.08
Exeter R.P.D.	Nov., 1922	12,726	42		20.00
Forest R.P.D.	Nov., 1926			235	14
Galt R.P.D.	Oct., 1922	2,729	51		3.50
Georgetown R.P.D.	Nov., 1924	2,485	24		372.59
Goderich R.P.D.	June, 1925			1,942	70
Grantham R.P.D.	Nov., 1924	1,083	72		674.21
Guelph R.P.D.	Jan., 1925			7,324	28
Haldimand R.P.D.	Oct., 1925	4,132	77		726.86
Harriston R.P.D.	Dec., 1929			1,241	01
Harrow R.P.D.	Nov., 1923	16,262	32		120.00
Ingersoll R.P.D.	Oct., 1922			2,192	54
Jordan R.P.D.	May, 1922	12,619	14		174.01
Keswick R.P.D.	Mar., 1924			6,781	22
Kingsville R.P.D.	Nov., 1923	34,612	32	88	15
Listowel R.P.D.	Oct., 1926	587	85		144.76
London R.P.D.	Nov., 1922	17,784	51		174.10
Lucan R.P.D.	June, 1926			298	13

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

SYSTEM

N.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
37.18			1,275.26		308.58
	104.72		3,320.11		6,230.65
1,715.08		1,110.55		44,918.13	
1,244.54		1,585.93		33,776.42	
631.60		2,395.57		18,787.27	
1,920.96		4,665.38		53,817.20	
274.73			510.13	6,459.85	
36.38			1,461.14		622.76
	122.03		5,214.29		9,977.18
	130.57		1,192.55		4,607.34
104.50			379.20	2,037.82	
	111.72		2,685.01		6,695.74
709.92			148.48	18,258.59	
133.25			25.89	3,288.62	
	76.84		1,271.81		3,509.76
139.65			251.28	2,834.44	
	76.61	422.90			1,933.28
	12.22		247.16		564.79
47.64			1,109.61	128.97	
797.44		316.62		20,644.73	
	109.02		2,315.43		5,149.99
	37.01		2,119.34		3,446.25
	63.22		1,780.27		3,453.96
	25.39		3,001.58		3,778.85
714.69		2,945.12		21,325.92	
509.06			863.11	12,352.37	
	9.41		123.73		368.28
109.18			573.31	2,261.88	
99.27			1,513.06	698.86	
	77.71		1,667.64		3,728.05
42.91			1.16	451.26	
	292.97		2,869.13		10,659.74
165.31			3,932.42		361.20
	49.64		1,002.24		2,312.89
650.49		2,890.27		19,683.08	
	87.93		4,281.89		6,676.86
504.14			563.98	12,385.29	
	273.72		2,117.40		9,507.31
1,384.79		3,476.88		39,242.14	
23.43			2,592.64		2,126.12
710.43			863.41	17,457.43	
	11.93		42.52		352.58

NIAGARA

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Rural power district*	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Lynden R.P.D.	Feb., 1922	\$ 93.69			\$ 190.36
Markham R.P.D.	Dec., 1922	26,582.07			412.60
Merlin R.P.D.	Nov., 1928		3,649.49		431.56
Milton R.P.D.	Jan., 1925	5,783.96			112.85
Milverton R.P.D.	Aug., 1927		4,126.27		
Mitchell R.P.D.	Dec., 1925	1,681.50			60.00
Newmarket R.P.D.	Mar., 1924	5,826.65			11.32
Niagara R.P.D.	Jan., 1922	22,007.03		5.00	270.00
Norwich R.P.D.	May, 1925	7,626.78			64.16
Oil Springs R.P.D.	Dec., 1925	2,772.93			
Palmerston R.P.D.	Oct., 1926		3,715.48		40.00
Petrolia R.P.D.	Aug., 1923		534.60		
Preston R.P.D.	April, 1922	9,160.16			780.02
Ridgetown R.P.D.	Mar., 1922	2,183.20			71.70
St. Jacobs R.P.D.	Nov., 1922	3,743.01			272.70
St. Marys R.P.D.	Dec., 1927		7,765.93		80.00
St. Thomas R.P.D.	Aug., 1923	17,561.83			310.00
Saltfleet R.P.D.	Feb., 1922	1,945.81			1,753.10
Sandwich R.P.D.	July, 1922	61,622.41			5,959.80
Sarnia R.P.D.	June, 1923	13,072.95			150.39
Scarboro R.P.D.	Dec., 1923	24,294.55			2,140.02
Seaforth R.P.D.	Nov., 1927		358.05		90.00
Simcoe R.P.D.	Nov., 1922	3,311.29			291.86
Stamford R.P.D.	Mar., 1922	8,061.14			2,368.71
Stratford R.P.D.	July, 1924	207.31			
Strathroy R.P.D.	Dec., 1926		508.48		40.00
Streetsville R.P.D.	Nov., 1922	19,271.56			7,404.43
Tavistock R.P.D.	April, 1923		5,967.91		182.38
Thamesville R.P.D.	Nov., 1927	1,212.47			183.60
Tilbury R.P.D.	Dec., 1923	5,007.08			90.00
Tillsonburg R.P.D.	Dec., 1923	6,953.77			172.84
Wallaceburg R.P.D.	Jan., 1923	9,511.49			160.00
Walsingham R.P.D.	Dec., 1926	3,055.17			90.00
Walton R.P.D.	Nov., 1924	2,473.41			40.00
Waterdown R.P.D.	Oct., 1922	41,936.16			1,818.84
Waterford R.P.D.	Nov., 1923		738.78		170.00
Watford R.P.D.	Dec., 1929		346.86		
Welland R.P.D.	April, 1922	43,190.23			9,859.53
Woodbridge R.P.D.	Jan., 1923	15,615.02			282.33
Woodstock R.P.D.	Feb., 1922	11,761.89			87.57
Totals		1,139,553.57	276,189.54	176,270.45	452,892.61

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

SYSTEM

N.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
3.68			2,302.90		2,395.89
1,061.58		5,167.18		32,398.23	
	145.98		1,191.02		5,418.05
229.60			1,058.65	4,842.06	
	165.05		1,337.61		5,628.93
67.26		297.65		1,986.41	
232.95		795.04		6,843.32	
880.37			2,680.12	19,942.28	
304.36			2,191.59	5,675.39	
110.92			12.42	2,871.43	
	148.62		2,304.09		6,208.19
	21.38		69.56		625.54
364.32			1,103.72	7,640.74	
87.33			651.44	1,547.39	
149.26			3,071.96	547.61	
	310.64		3,270.53		11,427.10
702.47		2,284.96		20,239.26	
74.61		2,700.47		2,967.79	
2,464.60			1,005.12	57,122.09	
522.65		2,940.06		16,385.27	
963.48		6,757.93		29,875.94	
	14.32		187.13		649.50
132.15			847.84	2,303.74	
300.03		510.95		6,503.41	
8.29			1,293.68		1,078.08
	20.34		166.44		735.26
769.42			2,957.00	9,679.55	
	240.24		2,600.75		8,991.28
48.50			569.45	507.92	
200.28		555.38		5,672.74	
275.37			2,422.64	4,633.66	
380.46			1,198.73	8,533.22	
122.21		1,523.89		4,611.27	
98.94			550.95	1,981.40	
1,677.45		2,055.04		43,849.81	
	29.55		19.67		958.00
	13.87	96.47			264.26
1,604.45			3,518.82	31,416.33	
622.90			117.29	15,838.30	
469.09			1,961.84	10,181.57	
35,000.91	7,134.20	124,787.46	413,104.46	810,579.69	484,288.11

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....	\$18,065,909.62
Deduct:	
Expenditures to October 31, 1932.....	1,436,017.09
Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....	\$16,629,892.53
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
Amounts charged to municipalities and rural power districts as part of the cost of power delivered to them.....	\$1,064,624.94
Amounts included in costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	251,397.57
Provision against equipment employed in respect of contracts with private companies which purchased power and against equipment in local distribution systems.....	312,153.93
Payments by Ottawa Valley Power Company in respect of Chats Falls transformer station under agreement.....	12,141.91
Reserve provided in respect of lines transferred to certain rural power districts from power properties.....	2,070.37
Reserve provided in respect of equipment transferred.....	1,406.49
Interest at 4% per annum on the monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	665,334.77
	2,309,129.98
	\$18,939,022.51
Deduct:	
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	252,832.62
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	\$18,686,189.89

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies—October 31, 1933

Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....	\$12,440,735.02
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
Amounts included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	\$125,698.79
Adjustment in respect of power delivered to private companies in the year ending October 31, 1932.....	1,118.84
Payments by Ottawa Valley Power Co. in respect of Chats Falls transformer station under agreement.....	13,133.32
Share of profits realized in respect of the sale of certain of the Commission's investment securities.....	44,203.20
Profit on English exchange in connection with transfer of funds to London to retire debenture stock.....	\$820,516.50
Less—Commission's share of American exchange paid during the year by the Province of Ontario and by the Commission on the transfer of funds to New York to meet capital retirements.....	118,008.83
	702,507.67
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	497,629.40
	1,384,291.22
	\$13,825,026.24
Deduct:	
Interest on Commission's advances to, and investment in the capital stock of, the Hamilton Street Railway Company.....	\$164,220.43
in excess of profit for the year (before provision for renewal of road and equipment) from operation of the street railway.....	27,307.72
	\$136,912.71
Contingencies met with during the year incidental to plant operations.....	272,571.70
Cost to the Commission (including provisions for sinking fund \$431,003.02 and renewals \$312,153.93) of power delivered to private companies and customers under flat rate contracts in excess of the revenue received from them.....	2,221,034.43
Amount appropriated to provide a reserve for the Commission's claim against Dominion Government in respect of income tax.....	72,334.46
Amount appropriated from the contingency reserve and applied proportionately to each municipality in reduction of the cost of delivery of power thereto.....	2,015,572.30
	4,718,425.60
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	\$9,106,600.64

NIAGARA SYSTEM

SINKING FUND

Statement showing Sinking Fund paid by each Municipality in the periods mentioned hereunder as part of the cost of power delivered thereto, together with its proportionate share of other sinking funds provided out of other revenues of the system and interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Municipality	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount	Municipality	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount
		\$ c.			\$ c.
Acton	16 years	34,576 27	Elmira	15 years	46,936 38
Agincourt	9 "	5,182 99	Elora	14 "	22,693 58
Ailsa Craig	13 "	9,541 72	Embroy	14 "	6,527 33
Alvinston	10 "	9,622 20	Erieau	10 "	2,938 52
Amherstburg	16 "	27,567 04	Erie Beach	9 "	747 87
Ancaster twp.	10 "	8,321 47	Essex	10 "	15,657 28
Arkona	7 "	2,948 25	Etobicoke twp.	11 "	92,232 23
Aylmer	10 "	22,779 10	Exeter	12 "	23,307 91
Ayr	14 "	8,153 15	Fergus	14 "	28,771 67
Baden	16 "	19,259 17	Fonthill	8 "	2,800 14
Beachville	16 "	23,913 36	Forest	11 "	16,729 43
Belle River	11 "	5,164 20	Galt	17 "	313,276 52
Blenheim	13 "	21,191 34	Georgetown	15 "	55,732 50
Blyth	10 "	4,935 50	Glencoe	10 "	10,750 22
Bolton	13 "	10,636 75	Goderich	14 "	70,410 65
Bothwell	13 "	11,113 15	Granton	12 "	4,760 53
Brampton	17 "	93,084 35	Guelph	17 "	368,952 35
Brantford	14 "	473,680 24	Hagersville	15 "	47,251 46
Brantford twp.	10 "	15,720 56	Hamilton	17 "	2,173,195 35
Bridgeport	6 "	2,667 10	Harriston	12 "	19,021 07
Brigden	11 "	7,049 89	Harrow	10 "	11,158 25
Brussels	10 "	6,968 52	Hensall	12 "	8,596 60
Burford	13 "	7,656 25	Hespeler	17 "	56,882 64
Burgessville	12 "	3,190 64	Highgate	12 "	5,893 16
Caledonia	16 "	12,346 64	Humberstone	10 "	9,735 62
Campbellville	9 "	860 46	Ingersoll	17 "	105,017 04
Cayuga	9 "	4,608 67	Jarvis	10 "	7,844 51
Chatham	13 "	222,270 09	Kingsville	10 "	21,171 01
Chippawa	11 "	9,683 44	Kitchener	17 "	704,233 55
Clifford	10 "	3,400 81	Lambeth	13 "	5,287 52
Clinton	14 "	26,385 91	LaSalle	8 "	6,920 00
Comber	13 "	11,265 98	Leamington	10 "	38,294 17
Cottam	7 "	1,912 56	Listowel	12 "	40,935 07
Courtright	10 "	3,068 73	London	17 "	1,276,199 72
Dashwood	11 "	4,929 81	London Ry. Comm.	14 "	84,384 56
Delaware	13 "	1,607 07	London twp.	9 "	7,958 96
Dorchester	14 "	3,991 12	Long Branch	3 "	6,340 04
Drayton	10 "	6,777 75	Lucan	13 "	11,298 71
Dresden	13 "	17,862 77	Lynden	13 "	8,470 87
Drumbo	14 "	3,658 36	Markham	10 "	9,223 04
Dublin	11 "	3,357 12	Merlin	10 "	7,210 65
Dundas	17 "	81,992 63	Merritton	12 "	51,801 81
Dunnville	10 "	32,056 77	Milton	15 "	62,216 95
Dutton	13 "	11,117 92	Milverton	12 "	27,538 79
East Windsor	11 "	125,360 56	Mimico	16 "	74,423 84

NIAGARA SYSTEM

SINKING FUND

Statement showing Sinking Fund paid by each Municipality in the periods mentioned hereunder as part of the cost of power delivered thereto, together with its proportionate share of other sinking funds provided out of other revenues of the system and interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Municipality	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount	Municipality	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount
		\$ c.			\$ c.
Mitchell	17 years	25,154.35	Stratford	17 years	341,228.19
Moorefield	10 "	3,564.98	Strathroy	14 "	47,541.31
Mount Brydges	13 "	3,954.00	Sutton	10 "	7,140.47
Newbury	10 "	2,459.74	Tavistock	12 "	24,238.67
New Hamburg	17 "	28,962.42	Tecumseh	11 "	13,344.22
New Toronto	14 "	233,643.69	Thamesford	14 "	9,606.22
Niagara Falls	13 "	322,289.01	Thamesville	13 "	9,545.28
Niagara-on-Lake	10 "	16,284.04	Theford	10 "	4,809.74
Norwich	16 "	21,467.24	Thorndale	14 "	5,154.87
Oil Springs	10 "	14,703.00	Thorold	11 "	45,966.73
Otterville	12 "	4,586.52	Tilbury	13 "	24,728.27
Palmerston	12 "	24,034.50	Tillsonburg	17 "	47,955.04
Paris	14 "	65,116.46	Toronto	17 "	10,262,345.03
Parkhill	10 "	10,093.35	Toronto twp.	15 "	48,982.20
Petrolia	12 "	58,101.13	Walkerville	14 "	356,447.26
Plattsville	14 "	5,100.27	Wallaceburg	13 "	102,741.31
Point Edward	11 "	25,866.17	Wardsville	10 "	1,876.72
Port Colborne	12 "	49,150.47	Waterdown	17 "	13,365.35
Port Credit	16 "	19,681.98	Waterford	13 "	17,475.90
Port Dalhousie	12 "	16,815.86	Waterloo	17 "	142,961.10
Port Dover	10 "	12,733.61	Watford	11 "	11,763.78
Port Rowan	7 "	3,408.20	Wellsand	11 "	148,814.76
Port Stanley	16 "	22,072.23	Wellesley	12 "	9,904.27
Preston	17 "	155,142.27	West Lorne	12 "	16,699.36
Princeton	14 "	4,534.68	Weston	17 "	125,872.53
Queenston	10 "	3,708.42	Wheatley	10 "	6,384.47
Richmond Hill	9 "	8,304.53	Windsor	14 "	1,056,217.61
Ridgetown	13 "	23,153.15	Woodbridge	14 "	16,082.48
Riverside	11 "	43,095.44	Woodstock	17 "	210,352.26
Rockwood	15 "	6,373.61	Wyoming	12 "	4,467.98
Rodney	11 "	6,962.59	York East twp.	9 "	116,767.89
St. Catharines	12 "	290,602.66	York North twp.	10 "	49,580.68
St. Clair Beach	11 "	3,600.11	Zurich	11 "	7,563.75
St. George	13 "	7,663.23	Toronto Trans. Com.	12 "	130,530.48
St. Jacobs	11 "	7,966.38	Sandwich, Windsor & Amherstburg Ry. Co.	11 "	101,335.75
St. Marys	17 "	76,957.11	Windsor, Essex & Lake Shore Railway Association	4 "	9,259.79
St. Thomas	17 "	264,228.94			
Sandwich	10 "	125,752.20			
Sarnia	12 "	328,029.30			
Scarboro twp.	10 "	84,438.89			
Seaforth	17 "	37,447.48			
Simcoe	13 "	49,310.53			
Springfield	11 "	5,308.21			
Stamford twp.	12 "	48,099.73			
Stouffville	10 "	7,758.09			

NIAGARA SYSTEM

SINKING FUND

Statement showing Sinking Fund paid by each Municipality in the periods mentioned hereunder as part of the cost of power delivered thereto, together with its proportionate share of other sinking funds provided out of other revenues of the system and interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Rural power district *	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount	Rural power district *	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount
		\$ c.			\$ c.
Acton R.P.D.	6 years	405 75	London R.P.D.	11 years	54,493.27
Ailsa Craig R.P.D.	4 "	170 17	Lucan R.P.D.	8 "	3,332.92
Alvinston R.P.D.	5 "	202 32	Lynden R.P.D.	12 "	8,580.31
Amherstburg R.P.D.	10 "	25,798 26	Markham R.P.D.	11 "	14,665.29
Aylmer R.P.D.	12 "	12,872 68	Merlin R.P.D.	5 "	6,114.96
Ayr R.P.D.	8 "	1,621 95	Milton R.P.D.	9 "	5,397.17
Baden R.P.D.	12 "	12,436 62	Milverton R.P.D.	7 "	2,540.21
Beamsville R.P.D.	11 "	37,770 12	Mitchell R.P.D.	8 "	7,252.84
Belle River R.P.D.	11 "	12,380 64	Newmarket R.P.D.	10 "	9,169 68
Blenheim R.P.D.	10 "	6,342 27	Niagara R.P.D.	12 "	19,264.59
Bond Lake R.P.D.	10 "	28,437 76	Norwich R.P.D.	9 "	16,848.79
Bothwell R.P.D.	10 "	5,657 07	Oil Springs R.P.D.	8 "	2,490.86
Brampton R.P.D.	10 "	4,711 20	Palmerston R.P.D.	7 "	1,480.01
Brant R.P.D.	12 "	16,315 54	Petrolia R.P.D.	11 "	1,314.67
Brigden R.P.D.	7 "	2,729 97	Preston R.P.D.	12 "	33,516.33
Burford R.P.D.	7 "	4,853 22	Ridgetown R.P.D.	12 "	16,433.13
Caledonia R.P.D.	9 "	9,601 41	St. Jacobs R.P.D.	11 "	10,503.65
Chatham R.P.D.	12 "	18,909 14	St. Marys R.P.D.	6 "	8,598.99
Chippawa R.P.D.	12 "	6,281 65	St. Thomas R.P.D.	11 "	23,105.95
Clinton R.P.D.	6 "	5,051 52	Saltfleet R.P.D.	12 "	39,176.80
Delaware R.P.D.	11 "	14,701 73	Sandwich R.P.D.	12 "	46,136.33
Dorchester R.P.D.	12 "	20,064 21	Sarnia R.P.D.	11 "	22,963.59
Dresden R.P.D.	6 "	1,145 60	Scarboro R.P.D.	10 "	10,388.35
Drumbo R.P.D.	12 "	6,047 40	Seaford R.P.D.	6 "	1,883.47
Dundas R.P.D.	12 "	19,963 40	Simcoe R.P.D.	11 "	7,194.26
Dunnville R.P.D.	6 "	917 32	Stamford R.P.D.	12 "	6,005.06
Dutton R.P.D.	8 "	3,795 94	Stratford R.P.D.	10 "	8,514.34
Elmira R.P.D.	8 "	1,864 68	Strathroy R.P.D.	7 "	3,587.60
Elora R.P.D.	8 "	4,986 77	Streetsville R.P.D.	11 "	13,199.60
Essex R.P.D.	9 "	10,071 77	Tavistock R.P.D.	11 "	7,224.75
Exeter R.P.D.	11 "	12,796 31	Thamesville R.P.D.	6 "	4,152.17
Forest R.P.D.	7 "	1,634 31	Tilbury R.P.D.	10 "	5,252.35
Galt R.P.D.	12 "	6,112 59	Tillsonburg R.P.D.	10 "	19,917.27
Goderich R.P.D.	9 "	4,842 98	Wallaceburg R.P.D.	11 "	12,098.06
Gorferich R.P.D.	9 "	3,747 23	Wallingham R.P.D.	7 "	5,969.83
Grantham R.P.D.	9 "	20,922 32	Walton R.P.D.	9 "	4,262.46
Guelph R.P.D.	9 "	10,164 29	Waterdown R.P.D.	11 "	18,372.66
Haldimand R.P.D.	9 "	5,674 11	Waterford R.P.D.	10 "	5,891.90
Harriston R.P.D.	4 "	714 81	Watford R.P.D.	4 "	743.09
Harrow R.P.D.	10 "	12,227 93	Welland R.P.D.	12 "	53,087.00
Ingersoll R.P.D.	12 "	13,565 80	Woodbridge R.P.D.	11 "	28,184.12
Jordan R.P.D.	12 "	8,170 83	Woodstock R.P.D.	12 "	24,376.66
Keswick R.P.D.	10 "	14,553 94			
Kingsville R.P.D.	10 "	32,901 03	Total		\$24,564,512.19
Listowel R.P.D.	7 "	4,849 35			

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Reserve for Sinking Fund—October 31, 1933

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....	\$21,808,954 04
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933, in respect of:	
Advances by the Province for construction of transmission lines and stations	\$488,381 90
Advances by the Province for construction of rural power districts.....	66,871 35
Advances by the Province for construction of pipe line to Ontario Power generating station	36,923 85
Advances by the Province for construction of Queenston-Chippawa development	809,295 21
Bonds issued and assumed by the Commission in connection with the purchase of the properties of the Ontario Power Company, Toronto Power Company, Essex system and Thorold system.....	481,727 68
Interest at 4% per annum on amounts standing at the credit of the reserve accounts.....	872,358 16
	2,755,558 15
Total.....	\$24,564,512 19

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Statement showing Interest, Sinking Fund, Renewals and Contingencies charged by the Commission to the Municipalities which operate the respective rural lines for the year ending October 31, 1933

Operated by	Capital cost	Interest	Sinking fund	Renewals	Contingencies	Total interest, sinking fund, renewals and contingencies charged
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Milton.....	15,909 84	789 13	286 38	318 20	159 10	1,552 81
Welland.....	19,617 60	823 94	353 12	392 35	196 18	1,765 59
Totals.....	35,527 44	1,613 07	639 50	710 55	355 28	3,318 40

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....	\$5,570.79
Deduct:	
Expenditures to October 31, 1932.....	288.03
Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....	\$5,282.76
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
By charges against the municipalities which operate the lines.....	\$710.55
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	211.31
	921.86
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	\$6,204.62

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Reserve for Contingencies—October 31, 1933

Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....		\$2,588.80
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:		
By charges against municipalities which operate the lines.....	\$355.28	
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	103.55	
		<u>458.83</u>
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....		<u><u>\$3,047.63</u></u>

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Statement showing the total Sinking Fund paid in respect of each line, together with interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Lines operated by	Period of years ending October 31, 1933	Amount
Milton.....	20 years	\$ c. 3,432.62
Welland.....	21 "	10,613.50
Total.....	.....	<u>14,046.12</u>

NIAGARA SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Reserve for Sinking Fund—October 31, 1933

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....	\$12,890.98
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933.....	639.50
Interest at 4% per annum on the amount standing at the credit of the account...	515.64
	<u><u>\$14,046.12</u></u>

**GEORGIAN BAY
Operating Account for Year**

COSTS OF OPERATION AS PROVIDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE POWER COMMISSION ACT		
Power purchased		\$27,316.52
Costs of operation and maintenance, including the proportion of administrative expenses chargeable to the operation of the system:		
General and transmission equipment	\$381,803.94	
Rural power districts	56,844.72	
Water heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from water heater loads	1,360.10	
		440,008.76
Interest (including exchange thereon) on capital investment in:		
Generation and transmission equipment	\$360,090.48	
Rural power districts	36,600.19	
		396,690.67
Provision for renewal of:		
Generation and transmission equipment	\$99,221.22	
Rural power districts	28,890.44	
		128,111.66
Provision for obsolescence and contingencies in respect of:		
Generation and transmission equipment	\$28,258.29	
Rural power districts	28,890.44	
		57,148.73
Provision for sinking fund:		
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to municipalities and rural power districts	\$73,332.45	
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power	6,507.93	
By charges included in the cost of distribution of power within rural power districts	7,986.56	
		87,826.94
		\$1,137,103.28

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating		Interest (including exchange)
						Operating maintenance and administrative expenses		
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933						
Alliston	\$ 60.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 93,245.00	212.9	\$ 246.61	\$ 4,160.11	\$ 4,425	
Arthur	75.00	75.00	69,439.48	128.8	149.19	3,848.78	3,275	
Barrie	36.00	36.00	586,604.30	2,251.6	2,608.13	29,559.87	27,838	
Beaverton	43.00	43.00	54,558.64	179.4	207.81	3,407.74	2,550	
Water heater load				1.0		*43.39		
Beeton	75.00	75.00	59,115.84	104.7	121.28	2,443.99	2,794	
Bradford	70.00	70.00	64,418.93	134.0	155.22	3,170.93	3,045	
Brechin	58.00	55.00	19,602.61	51.9	60.12	1,091.10	914	
Cannington	45.00	45.00	47,543.65	153.6	177.92	2,864.87	2,232	
Water heater load				0.3		*13.06		
Chatsworth	45.00	45.00	16,338.44	52.3	60.58	1,185.01	778	
Chesley	40.00	40.00	137,164.84	472.2	546.97	6,620.21	6,498	
Water heater load				1.6		*60.07		

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

Ending October 31, 1933

REVENUE FOR PERIOD

Collected from municipalities	\$863,748.55
Power sold to private companies	62,987.29
Collected from customers in rural power districts	236,399.48
	\$1,163,135.32

Add:

Amounts due by certain municipalities, being the difference between the sums paid and the cost of power supplied to them in the year	\$5,337.24
Amounts due by municipalities comprising certain rural power districts, being the difference between the revenue collected from customers therein and the cost of power supplied to them in the year	33,035.17
	38,372.41
	\$1,201,507.73

Deduct:

Amounts collected from certain municipalities in excess of the sums required to be paid by them for power supplied in the year	\$61,309.81
Amounts collected from customers in certain rural power districts in excess of the cost of power delivered thereto	3,094.64
	64,404.45

Revenue	\$1,137,103.28
	\$1,137,103.28

SYSTEM

G.B.—COST OF POWER

Under the Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount thereof and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality for power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

Costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1,404.09	310.39	981.00	164.23	11,692.06	13,238.12	1,546.06	
1,107.93	227.94	729.57	99.35	9,438.03	10,034.11	596.08	
6,869.66	2,208.93	6,173.52	1,736.85	76,995.12	84,121.28	7,126.16	
702.98	202.72	573.82	138.39	7,783.85	8,034.60	207.36	
				43.39			
955.33	189.71	621.87	80.76	7,207.65	8,135.12	927.47	
998.54	215.88	677.88	103.37	8,367.51	9,703.83	1,336.32	
279.92	71.81	206.31	40.03	2,663.73	2,986.37	322.64	
618.29	174.99	499.94	118.48	6,686.98	7,166.80	466.76	
				13.06			
215.75	65.52	172.97	40.34	2,518.59	2,438.41		80.18
1,723.92	530.41	1,443.82	364.25	17,728.30	19,658.84	1,870.47	
				60.07			

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable		Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933					Operating maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.		
Coldwater	39 00	39 00	46,757 06	149 3	172 94	2,621 17	2,209 99	
Water heater load				0 3		*12 88		
Collingwood	40 00	40 00	372,399 07	1,227 0	1,421 29	20,534 53	17,438 98	
Water heater load				1 8		*73 99		
Cookstown	60 00	60 00	20,317 93	50 9	58 96	1,040 24	962 97	
Creemore	55 00	55 00	41,559 11	103 3	119 66	2,554 45	1,966 06	
Dundalk	42 00	42 00	44,739 14	156 3	181 05	2,606 43	2,117 81	
Durham	42 00	45 00	110,220 03	369 6	428 12	6,795 19	5,203 33	
Water heater load				0 6		*25 48		
Elmvale	43 00	43 00	44,000 51	152 6	176 76	2,711 95	2,064 67	
Elmwood	53 00	50 00	18,321 43	59 9	69 38	1,098 39	871 21	
Flesherton	45 00	50 00	24,978 44	75 6	87 57	1,561 06	1,182 15	
Grand Valley	58 00	60 00	42,848 34	103 8	120 24	2,423 38	2,020 10	
Gravenhurst	24 00	28 00	123,251 04	609 4		6,055 20	5,865 82	
Hanover	35 00	35 00	244,743 65	918 2	1,063 59	11,464 66	11,511 28	
Water heater load				1 6		*54 38		
Holstein	90 00	90 00	14,491 22	17 2	19 92	826 58	685 97	
Huntsville	26 00	28 00	225,369 17	951 5		12,925 53	10,671 10	
Water heater load				1 2		*37 81		
Kincardine	58 00	58 00	198,043 04	474 1	549 17	8,935 70	9,410 26	
Water heater load				2 8		*147 26		
Kirkfield	60 00	60 00	11,025 25	22 6	26 18	553 33	520 27	
Lucknow	63 00	63 00	86,045 36	182 2	211 05	3,902 32	4,095 09	
Markdale	40 00	40 00	41,943 59	150 3	174 10	2,337 35	1,992 31	
Water heater load				0 4		*15 16		
Meaford	46 00	46 00	136,569 77	387 4	448 74	6,342 98	6,512 16	
Water heater load				0 6		*26 98		
Midland	35 00	35 00	653,715 41	2,513 3	2,911 27	31,788 27	30,729 93	
Water heater load				3 8		*127 44		
Mildmay	60 00	60 00	19,886 90	57 9	67 07	1,088 12	959 37	
Mount Forest	48 00	50 00	114,732 39	329 4	381 56	6,282 25	5,430 91	
Neustadt	70 00	70 00	30,586 21	30 7	35 56	972 24	1,440 45	
Orangeville	45 00	48 00	198,253 24	539 6	625 04	9,854 82	9,344 07	
Water heater load				2 3		*109 80		
Owen Sound	36 00	36 00	827,269 38	3,151 0	3,649 96	40,295 34	39,251 54	
Water heater load				3 1		*105 40		
Paisley	55 00	60 00	52,780 42	111 0	128 58	2,283 51	2,514 43	
Penetanguishene	40 00	40 00	169,665 45	556 9	645 08	7,523 41	7,950 37	
Water heater load				1 8		*68 34		
Port Elgin	40 00	40 00	63,647 31	210 8	244 18	3,247 57	3,062 19	
Water heater load				1 3		*52 07		
Port McNicoll	38 00	42 00	24,518 37	83 7	96 95	1,278 15	1,161 90	
Port Perry	50 00	52 00	74,755 98	187 6	217 30	3,801 96	3,550 40	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

G.B.—COST OF POWER

the Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
612.84	183.45	492.18	115.17	6,407.74	6,049.49		371.13
				12.88			
4,798.54	1,376.63	3,919.65	946.49	50,436.11	51,019.69	509.59	
				73.99			
296.26	75.29	213.78	39.26	2,686.76	3,152.66	465.90	
609.67	148.20	438.28	79.68	5,916.00	5,887.63		28.37
557.26	170.60	470.88	120.57	6,224.60	6,796.35	571.75	
1,406.41	417.51	1,160.15	285.10	15,695.81	17,075.87	1,354.58	
				25.48			
550.56	170.33	463.14	117.71	6,255.12	6,788.35	533.23	
237.11	74.13	192.85	46.21	2,589.28	3,126.02	536.74	
304.17	91.05	262.94	58.32	3,547.26	3,836.84	289.58	
630.63	149.48	449.89	80.07	5,873.79	6,423.96	550.17	
1,146.46	486.22	1,295.58	470.08	15,319.36	16,663.25	1,343.89	
2,912.37	968.62	2,575.96	708.28	31,204.76	33,483.03	2,223.89	
				54.38			
252.69	42.45	152.57	13.27	1,993.45	1,615.08		378.37
2,450.02	830.21	2,370.34	733.98	29,981.18	27,211.74		2,807.25
				37.81			
2,923.82	671.68	2,077.72	365.71	24,934.06	28,718.31	3,636.99	
				147.26			
171.48	36.65	115.95	17.43	1,441.29	1,411.26		30.03
1,327.57	291.96	905.85	140.55	10,874.39	11,918.03	1,043.64	
480.98	155.63	441.52	115.94	5,697.83	6,246.07	533.08	
				15.16			
1,895.16	484.18	1,437.69	298.83	17,419.74	18,532.68	1,085.96	
				26.98			
7,648.53	2,388.93	6,880.74	1,938.72	84,286.39	91,445.55	7,031.72	
				127.44			
257.31	77.47	209.34	44.66	2,703.34	3,618.66	915.32	
1,583.15	402.33	1,207.55	254.09	15,541.84	16,936.35	1,394.51	
545.43	88.39	322.03	23.68	3,427.78	2,232.28		1,195.50
2,763.11	689.82	2,067.48	416.24	25,760.58	26,699.88	829.50	
				109.80			
9,732.57	3,070.49	8,702.08	2,430.63	107,132.61	117,805.83	10,567.82	
				105.40			
815.99	180.66	555.66	85.62	6,564.45	6,834.75	270.30	
2,190.68	618.94	1,785.74	429.58	21,143.80	23,214.94	2,002.80	
				68.34			
817.92	239.15	670.00	162.61	8,443.62	8,813.18	317.49	
				52.07			
309.67	96.33	258.08	64.56	3,265.64	3,569.92	304.28	
1,086.56	249.99	785.09	144.71	9,836.01	10,055.25	219.24	

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Municipality	Interim rates per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
Priceville	85 00	85 00	8,628 88	16 7	19 34	412 91	408 11
Ripley	80 00	80 00	33,261 70	55 7	64 52	1,561 29	1,580 81
Rosseau	127 00	127 00	29,386 39	33 1		1,259 54	1,413 48
Shelburne	46 00	46 00	67,053 06	197 9	229 24	4,140 49	3,154 90
Water heater load				0 2		*9 64	
Southampton	40 00	40 00	59,238 29	210 4	243 71	3,425 19	2,848 75
Water heater load				1 9		*74 63	
Stayner	44 00	44 00	59,023 33	193 9	224 60	3,594 03	2,792 33
Water heater load				0 8		*34 53	
Sunderland	60 00	63 00	25,625 78	57 4	66 49	1,458 23	1,195 12
Tara	53 00	53 00	26,298 75	73 2	84 79	1,262 12	1,238 86
Teeswater	58 00	60 00	47,019 77	106 4	123 25	2,365 42	2,228 01
Thornton	85 00	80 00	10,778 54	20 5	23 75	572 45	508 50
Tottenham	92 00	95 00	42,835 45	60 1	69 62	1,639 76	2,029 58
Uxbridge	55 00	55 00	84,314 89	201 5	233 41	4,157 92	4,009 68
Victoria Harbour	46 00	46 00	23,206 10	72 5	83 98	1,222 36	1,096 42
Walkerton	38 00	38 00	121,227 75	443 0	513 15	6,181 93	5,830 58
Water heater load				3 5		*126 08	
Waubaushe	44 00	44 00	13,822 58	50 1	58 03	1,067 31	653 75
Water heater load				0 4		*17 46	
Warton	65 00	65 00	110,415 76	207 8	240 70	5,383 18	5,314 70
Windermere	100 00	85 00	16,347 24	32 6		868 99	784 65
Wingham	60 00	60 00	129,101 62	261 1	302 44	5,587 98	6,113 49
Woodville	56 00	58 00	24,573 30	58 0	67 18	1,330 18	1,143 93
RURAL POWER DISTRICT							
Alliston R.P.D.—Essa, Tecumseth and Tossorontio twps.			29,659 00	78 6	91 05	1,276 04	1,420 32
Arthur R.P.D.—Luther E. and Luther W. twps.			1,320 95	3 2	3 71	67 19	62 94
Bala R.P.D.—Wood and Medora twp.			28,730 33	103 6	120 01	1,365 73	1,376 21
Water heater load				0 8		*28 48	
Barrie R.P.D.—Innisfil, Oro and Vespra twps.			77,475 19	235 0	272 21	3,555 02	3,702 40
Water heater load				0 1		*4 29	
Baysville R.P.D.—Franklin, Macaulay, McLean, Ridout and Sherbourne twps.			17,444 69	47 9		1,169 02	839 99
Beaumaris R.P.D.—Macaulay, Monck, Muskoka and Wood and Medora twps.			35,465 73	143 2		1,730 12	1,692 19
Water heater load				2 0		*62 22	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

G.B.—COST OF POWER

the Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
135.24	37.67	90.16	12.88	1,116.31	1,466.36	350.05	
545.01	106.65	350.19	42.97	4,251.44	4,625.49	374.05	
515.76	89.97	309.13	25.53	3,613.41	4,361.26	747.85	
907.09	249.32	702.29	152.66	9,535.99	9,438.60		107.03
				9.64			
730.61	229.93	623.57	162.30	8,264.06	8,798.42	459.73	
				74.63			
761.83	225.13	621.27	149.57	8,368.76	8,867.50	464.21	
				34.53			
388.23	86.39	269.58	44.28	3,508.32	3,712.00	203.68	
367.94	100.28	276.84	56.47	3,387.30	3,993.16	605.86	
710.70	180.36	495.00	82.08	6,184.82	6,589.41	404.59	
171.23	39.05	113.43	15.81	1,444.22	1,712.72	268.50	
726.06	133.13	450.51	46.36	5,095.02	5,885.69	790.67	
1,248.08	283.71	885.91	155.43	10,974.14	11,500.94	526.80	
307.63	87.76	244.29	55.93	3,098.37	3,453.27	354.90	
1,350.21	464.65	1,276.03	341.72	15,958.27	17,602.68	1,518.33	
				126.08			
168.31	55.59	145.50	38.65	2,187.14	2,296.04	91.44	
				17.46			
1,759.69	361.25	1,162.43	160.29	14,382.24	14,042.86		339.38
256.42	57.58	172.02	25.15	2,164.81	2,915.47	750.66	
2,018.38	443.21	1,359.15	201.41	16,026.06	16,326.01	299.95	
365.88	82.64	258.49	44.74	3,293.04	3,460.29	167.25	
423.21	103.39	312.07	60.63	3,686.71	3,686.71	see page	223
19.44	4.61	13.87	2.47	174.23	174.23	"	"
325.49	109.62	302.33	79.92	3,679.31	3,707.79	"	"
				28.48			
1,041.68	308.81	815.29	181.27	9,876.68	9,880.97	"	"
				4.29			
245.35	77.14	183.57	36.95	2,552.02	2,552.02	"	"
400.28	148.30	373.35	110.46	4,454.70	4,516.92	"	"
				62.22			

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Beaverton R.P.D.—Brock, Georgina, Mara and Thorah twps.....	41,769.58	129.0	149.42	2,517.95	2,000.80
Beeton R.P.D.—Tecumseth twp.....	2,145.55	3.8	4.40	80.49	103.15
Bradford R.P.D.—Gwillimbury W., King and Tecumseth twps.....	20,439.71	40.9	47.38	860.38	982.12
Bruce R.P.D.—Brant, Carrick, Culross, Greenock and Saugeen twps..	38,289.76	99.9	115.71	1,653.29	1,842.02
Water heater load		0.1		*3.82	
Buckskin R.P.D.—Matchedash and Wood and Medora twps.....	5,604.47	13.8	15.98	223.42	267.50
Cannington R.P.D.—Brock, Eldon and Mariposa twps.....	11,810.71	36.0	41.70	621.57	552.19
Chatsworth R.P.D.—Holland twp...	3,909.54	8.7	10.08	300.96	187.18
Cookstown R.P.D.—Essa and Innisfil twps.....	319.32	0.8	0.93	13.80	15.30
Creemore R.P.D.—Nottawasaga, Osprey, Sunnidale and Tossorontio twps.....	18,556.34	55.0	63.71	953.45	891.21
Elmvale R.P.D.—Flos, Medonte, Oro and Vespra twps.....	19,643.14	60.0	69.50	889.77	937.90
Flesherton R.P.D.—Artemesia twp..	2,556.06	8.0	9.27	127.31	120.42
Gravenhurst R.P.D.—Muskoka twp.	5,080.26	23.0		351.46	241.70
Hawkestone R.P.D.—Orillia and Oro twps.....	613.46	67.7	1,567.34	126.44	25.66
Holstein R.P.D.—Bentinck, Egremont and Normanby twps.....					
Huntsville R.P.D.—Brunel, Chaffey and Franklin twps.....	10,803.44	36.4		640.04	518.15
Innisfil R.P.D.—Gwillimbury W. and Innisfil twps.....	69,476.44	178.4	206.65	2,889.20	3,325.29
Water heater load		0.3		*14.37	
Lucknow R.P.D.—Kinloss twp.....					
Mariposa R.P.D.—Brock, Mariposa and Reach twps.....	43,455.20	128.6	148.96	2,099.81	2,053.35
Markdale R.P.D.—Artemesia, Euphrasia, Glenelg and Holland twps..	10,694.49	29.6	34.29	550.47	512.84
Meaford R.P.D.—St. Vincent twp.....					
Medonte R.P.D.—Baxter and Tay twps.....	5,683.53	20.6	23.86	335.78	272.50
Water heater load		0.2		*7.77	
Midland R.P.D.—Tay and Tiny twps.	5,856.59	22.9	26.53	342.09	280.38
Neustadt R.P.D.—Bentinck twp.....					
Nottawasaga R.P.D.—Nottawasaga twp.....	8,339.94	25.9	30.00	473.32	387.28

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

G.B.—COST OF POWER

the Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
556.28	155.22	439.36	99.50	5,918.53	5,918.53	see page	223
34.67	6.89	22.57	2.93	255.10	255.10	"	"
320.32	69.78	215.09	31.55	2,526.62	2,526.62	"	"
542.19	140.32	403.09	77.08	4,773.70	4,777.52	"	"
				3.82			
82.30	24.29	59.00	10.65	683.14	683.14	"	"
158.26	42.84	124.20	27.77	1,568.53	1,568.53	"	"
59.41	16.90	41.16	6.71	622.40	622.40	"	"
4.66	1.18	3.36	0.62	39.85	39.85	"	"
252.37	68.39	195.32	42.43	2,466.88	2,466.88	"	"
263.32	80.34	206.77	46.28	2,493.88	2,493.88	"	"
30.44	10.18	26.91	6.17	330.70	330.70	"	"
51.84	20.52	53.41	17.74	736.67	736.67	"	"
12.28	3.06	6.46	52.22	1,793.46	1,793.46	"	"
						"	"
137.36	42.67	113.65	28.08	1,479.95	1,479.95	"	"
1,003.67	249.67	731.00	137.61	8,543.09	8,557.46	"	"
				14.37			
590.25	156.71	456.79	99.20	5,605.07	5,605.07	"	"
147.85	44.98	112.58	22.84	1,425.85	1,425.85	"	"
						see page	225
69.20	22.86	59.82	15.89	799.91	807.68	"	"
				7.77			
67.70	21.41	61.65	17.66	817.42	817.42	"	"
110.88	31.45	87.78	19.98	1,140.69	1,140.69	"	"

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Orangeville R.P.D.—Amaranth, Caledon, Erin and Garafraxa E. twps....	12,617 89	32 3	37 41	561 23	595 34
Owen Sound R.P.D.—Derby, Sarawak and Sydenham twps.....	6,379 75	24 3	28 15	302 77	306 99
Port Perry R.P.D.—Cartwright, Manners, Reach and Scugog twps.....	42,916 32	105 7	122 44	2,414 01	2,046 95
Ripley R.P.D.—Huron and Kinloss twps.....	4,542 12	10 1	11 70	200 33	217 69
Sauble R.P.D.—Amabel and Keppel twps.....	8,671 21	16 5	19 11	377 05	417 68
Shelburne R.P.D.—Amaranth, Melancthon and Mulmur twps.....	9,533 54	25 7	29 77	620 45	453 96
Sparrow Lake R.P.D.—Matchedash, Morrison, Orillia N. and Rama twps. Water heater load	28,165 67	105 7 0 1	122 44	1,202 51 *3 30	1,336 90
Tara R.P.D.—Amabel, Arran, Derby and Keppel twps.....	17,474 28	48 1	55 72	906 57	832 09
Thornton R.P.D.—Essa twp.....	7,285 22	13 1	15 17	336 34	349 43
Utterson R.P.D.—Cardwell, Humphrey, Stephenson, Watt, and Wood and Medora twps.....	20,000 39	50 7		815 82	958 68
Uxbridge R.P.D.—Brock, Georgina, Reach, Scott and Uxbridge twps.....	39,501 46	93 3	108 07	1,953 15	1,882 75
Wasaga Beach R.P.D.—Flos, Nottawasaga and Sunnidale twps.....	51,169 79	168 1	194 72	2,562 45	2,426 52
Wroxeter R.P.D.—Howick, Morris and Turnberry twps.....	50,996 87	97 0	112 36	2,081 30	2,433 22
Toals—Municipalities	6,157,625 18	20,026 4	21,313 30	311,549 97	291,396 66
Water heater loads		31 3		*1,235 85	
Totals—Rural Power Districts	814,397 93	2,391 1	3,909 75	39,548 10	38,869 19
Water heater loads		3 6		*124 25	
Totals—Companies and distributing systems	620,329 47	1,807 3	2,093 47	30,705 87	29,824 63
	7,592,352 58				
Non-operating capital	8,514 50				
Grand totals	7,600,867 08	24,259 7	27,316 52	383,164 04	360,090 48

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

G.B.—COST OF POWER

the Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
180.41	45.04	131.66	24.92	1,576.01	1,576.01	see page	225
75.06	23.68	67.11	18.74	822.50	822.50	"	"
628.12	144.84	450.73	81.54	5,888.63	5,888.63	"	"
69.04	15.61	47.82	7.79	569.98	569.98	"	"
137.81	31.25	91.29	12.73	1,086.92	1,086.92	"	"
134.32	36.50	99.90	19.82	1,394.72	1,394.72	"	"
335.14	112.30	296.47	81.54	3,487.30 3.30	3,490.60	"	"
245.64	70.41	183.95	37.10	2,331.48	2,331.48	"	"
117.38	26.94	76.67	10.11	932.04	932.04	"	"
290.43	72.06	210.48	39.11	2,386.58	2,386.58	"	"
587.12	133.68	415.06	71.97	5,151.80	5,151.80	"	"
660.46	195.17	538.61	129.67	6,707.60	6,707.60	"	"
807.05	178.96	535.05	74.82	6,222.76	6,222.76	"	"
79,625.63	22,439.34	64,767.20	15,448.03	806,540.13 1,235.85	863,748.55	61,309.81	5,337.24
11,218.68	3,047.97	8,565.25	1,844.47	107,003.41 124.25	107,127.66		
8,376.91	2,770.98	6,507.93	(17,292.50)	62,987.29	62,987.29		
99,221.22	28,258.29	79,840.38		977,890.93	1,033,863.50		

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged to (annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Alliston R.P.D.—Essa, Tecumseth and Tossorontio twps.	38,476.46	18,986.95	19,489.51	3,686.71
Arthur R.P.D.—Luther E. and Luther W. twps.	*4,303.91	2,105.26	2,198.65	174.23
Bala R.P.D.—Wood and Medora twp.	*62,316.35	30,274.16	32,042.19	3,707.79
Barrie R.P.D.—Innisfil, Oro and Vespra twps.	122,538.62	61,269.31	61,269.31	9,880.97
Baysville R.P.D.—Franklin, Macaulay, McLean, Ridout and Sherbourne twps.	68,729.20	34,364.60	34,364.60	2,552.02
Beaumaris R.P.D.—Macaulay, Monck, Muskoka, Wood and Medora twps.	66,062.87	33,031.44	33,031.43	4,516.92
Beaverton R.P.D.—Brock, Georgina, Mara and Thorah twps.	*57,360.58	28,400.68	28,959.90	5,918.53
Beeton R.P.D.—Tecumseth twp.	3,018.23	1,509.11	1,509.12	255.10
Bradford R.P.D.—Gwillimbury W., King and Tecumseth twps.	37,348.15	18,509.01	18,839.14	2,526.62
Bruce R.P.D.—Brant, Carrick, Culross, Greenock and Saugeen twps.	*58,770.96	27,769.19	31,001.77	4,777.52
Buckskin R.P.D.—Matchedash, Wood and Medora twps.	4,078.59	2,039.29	2,039.30	683.14
Cannington R.P.D.—Brock, Eldon and Mariposa twps.	*19,300.43	8,033.14	11,267.29	1,568.53
Chatsworth R.P.D.—Holland twp.	1,414.37	707.19	707.18	622.40
Cookstown R.P.D.—Essa and Innisfil twps.	704.54	352.27	352.27	39.85
Creemore R.P.D.—Nottawasaga, Osprey, Sunnidale and Tossorontio twps.	*45,796.11	22,234.97	23,561.14	2,466.88
Elmvale R.P.D.—Flos, Medonte, Oro and Vespra twps.	39,707.49	19,720.57	19,986.92	2,493.88
Flesherton R.P.D.—Artemesia twp.	*5,286.73	2,456.59	2,830.14	330.70
Gravenhurst R.P.D.—Muskoka twp.	4,960.99	2,480.49	2,480.50	736.67
Hawkestone R.P.D.—Orillia and Oro twps.	44,823.40	22,411.70	22,411.70	1,793.46
Holstein R.P.D.—Bentinck, Egremont and Normanby twps.	1,897.34	948.67	948.67	.....
Huntsville R.P.D.—Brunel, Chaffey and Franklin twps.	47,521.93	23,760.96	23,760.97	1,479.95
Innisfil R.P.D.—Gwillimbury W. and Innisfil twps.	78,694.24	39,347.12	39,347.12	8,557.46
Lucknow R.P.D.—Kinloss twp.	637.09	318.55	318.54	.....
Mariposa R.P.D.—Brock, Mariposa and Reach twps.	76,123.16	38,061.58	38,061.58	5,605.07
Markdale R.P.D.—Artemesia, Euphrasia, Glenelg and Holland twps.	*28,470.47	14,109.17	14,361.30	1,425.85

NOTE.—Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$10,279.48 used for purposes of rural power districts.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

G.B.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment (by the year ending October 31, 1933.

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1,766.49	933.87	764.03	764.03	203.77	8,118.90	8,432.03	313.13	.....
46.32	105.96	85.96	85.96	23.12	521.55	625.92	104.37	.....
4,425.21	1,477.91	1,189.68	1,189.68	322.48	12,312.75	9,660.41	.....	2,652.34
4,633.04	2,891.15	2,396.47	2,396.47	630.87	22,828.97	21,185.61	.....	1,643.36
1,659.35	1,632.80	1,353.42	1,353.42	356.29	8,907.30	4,737.17	.....	4,170.13
3,128.55	1,491.80	1,236.55	1,236.55	325.52	11,935.89	12,255.92	320.03	.....
3,539.31	1,339.19	1,100.29	1,100.29	292.22	13,289.83	10,568.20	.....	2,721.63
89.56	72.67	60.24	60.24	15.86	553.67	327.95	.....	225.72
1,216.08	907.95	746.00	746.00	198.13	6,340.78	4,401.56	.....	1,939.22
2,204.34	1,232.88	958.88	958.88	269.03	10,401.53	10,633.12	231.59	.....
239.26	88.98	73.76	73.76	19.42	1,178.32	946.73	.....	231.59
709.39	543.73	386.01	386.01	118.65	3,712.32	4,085.51	373.19	.....
123.86	34.09	28.26	28.26	7.44	844.31	789.36	.....	54.95
5.93	16.98	14.07	14.07	3.70	94.60	144.54	49.94	.....
1,305.48	1,133.15	912.73	912.73	247.27	6,978.24	4,868.29	.....	2,109.95
1,572.80	963.95	793.69	793.69	210.34	6,828.35	6,595.87	.....	232.48
271.15	135.80	105.09	105.09	29.63	977.46	826.26	.....	151.20
256.73	113.22	93.85	93.85	24.70	1,319.02	1,143.58	.....	175.44
1,408.31	1,068.00	885.26	885.26	233.05	6,273.34	5,247.27	.....	1,026.07
21.78	44.96	37.34	37.34	9.83	151.25	80.25	.....	71.00
1,173.28	970.05	804.07	804.07	211.67	5,443.09	3,674.81	.....	1,768.28
3,566.40	1,778.82	1,474.46	1,474.46	388.15	17,239.75	16,796.94	.....	442.81
32.58	15.19	12.74	12.74	3.35	76.60	51.22	.....	25.38
2,903.13	1,813.04	1,502.82	1,502.82	395.62	13,722.50	14,667.67	945.17	.....
1,051.22	659.95	541.98	541.98	144.01	4,364.99	3,567.20	.....	797.79

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged to annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Govern- ment grant	Com- mission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Meaford R.P.D.—St. Vincent twp.....	1,971.26	985.63	985.63	.....
Medonte R.P.D.—Baxter and Tay twps.....	17,479.52	8,739.76	8,739.76	807.68
Midland R.P.D.—Tay and Tiny twps.....	17,075.95	8,537.97	8,537.98	817.42
Neaustadt R.P.D.—Bentinck twp.....	1,041.69	520.84	520.85	.....
Nottawasaga R.P.D.—Nottawasaga twp.....	16,816.07	8,408.04	8,408.03	1,140.69
Orangeville R.P.D.—Amaranth, Caledon, Erin and Garafraxa E. twps.....	33,300.97	16,650.49	16,650.48	1,576.01
Owen Sound R.P.D.—Derby, Sarawak and Sydenham twps.....	12,768.57	6,384.29	6,384.28	822.50
Port Perry R.P.D.—Cartwright, Mauvers, Reach and Scugog twps.....	73,453.44	36,726.72	36,726.77	5,888.63
Ripley R.P.D.—Huron and Kinloss twps.....	*8,511.30	3,984.83	4,526.47	569.98
Sauble R.P.D.—Amabel and Keppel twps.....	4,338.83	2,169.42	2,169.41	1,086.92
Shelburne R.P.D.—Amaranth, Melancthon and Mulmur twps.....	26,230.20	12,497.02	13,733.18	1,394.72
Sparrow Lake R.P.D.—Matchedash, Morrison, Orillia N. and Rama twps.....	75,845.16	37,922.58	37,922.58	3,490.60
Tara R.P.D.—Amabel, Arran, Derby and Keppel twps.....	30,321.32	15,160.66	15,160.66	2,331.48
Thornton R.P.D.—Essa twp.....	9,479.12	4,739.56	4,739.56	932.04
Utterson R.P.D.—Cardwell, Humphrey, Stephenson, Watt and Wood and Medora twps.....	*39,684.03	19,047.37	20,636.66	2,386.58
Uxbridge R.P.D.—Brock, Georgina, Reach, Scott and Uxbridge twps.....	84,696.52	42,348.26	42,348.26	5,151.80
Wasaga Beach R.P.D.—Flos, Nottawasaga and Sunnidale twps.....	57,516.97	.....	57,516.97	6,707.60
Wroxeter R.P.D.—Howick, Morris and Turn- berry twps.....	74,612.45	35,925.80	38,686.65	6,222.76
	1,503,485.58	713,951.21	789,534.37	
Non-operating capital.....	2,872.74	1,436.37	1,436.37	
Totals.....	1,506,358.32	715,387.58	790,970.74	107,127.66

NOTE.—Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$10,279.48 used for purposes of rural power districts.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

G.B.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment (by in the year ending October 31, 1933.

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
7 45	46 99	39 12	39 12	10 30	142 98	81 20	61 78	
462 46	411 18	340 83	340 83	89 72	2,452 70	1,747 20	705 50	
412 82	411 52	341 11	341 11	89 80	2,413 78	1,975 37	438 41	
3 97	24 87	20 75	20 75	5 46	75 80	29 47	46 33	
664 94	404 21	335 05	335 05	88 20	2,968 14	3,188 29	220 15	
815 57	802 25	664 98	664 98	175 06	4,698 85	3,622 89	1,075 96	
651 80	165 15	136 89	136 89	36 04	1,949 27	1,382 78	566 49	
2,434 95	1,722 69	1,427 93	1,427 93	375 90	13,278 03	11,988 36	1,289 67	
186 69	209 89	163 14	163 14	45 80	1,338 64	758 98	579 66	
523 19	100 14	83 00	83 00	21 85	1,898 10	1,356 15	541 95	
1,302 81	656 13	519 14	519 14	143 18	4,535 12	2,800 73	1,734 39	
2,144 95	1,788 64	1,482 60	1,482 60	390 30	10,779 69	9,701 29	1,078 40	
1,689 70	720 06	596 86	596 86	157 12	6,092 08	5,465 83	626 25	
112 25	228 71	189 58	189 58	49 90	1,702 06	1,272 16	429 90	
1,348 43	923 64	733 86	733 86	201 54	6,327 91	6,343 24	15 33	
2,065 89	2,029 14	1,681 95	1,681 95	442 77	13,053 50	10,006 50	3,047 00	
2,346 97	2,629 08	1,089 62	1,089 62	573 68	14,436 57	14,958 31	521 74	
2,320 33	1,859 81	1,486 38	1,486 38	405 82	13,781 48	13,407 34	374 14	
56,844 72	36,600 19	28,890 44	28,890 44	7,986 56	266,340 01	236,399 48	3,094 64	
							33,035 17	

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
		\$	c.	\$	c.
Alliston	June, 1918	1,326	03		1,326.03
Arthur	Dec., 1916		1,550 64		
Barrie	April, 1913		10,637.05	567.52	
Beaverton	Nov., 1914	570	36		570.36
Beeton	Aug., 1918	581	97		581.97
Bradford	Oct., 1918	588	52	8.83	597.35
Brechin	Jan., 1915	237	63		237.63
Cannington	Nov., 1914	480	20		480.20
Chatsworth	Dec., 1915		92.27	92.27	
Chesley	July, 1916	2,305	35		2,305.35
Coldwater	Mar., 1913	538	24		538.24
Collingwood	Mar., 1913	455	16	385.18	840.34
Cookstown	May, 1918	259	75		259.75
Creemore	Nov., 1914	527	83		527.83
Dundalk	Dec., 1915		93.64		
Durham	Dec., 1915		1,758.80	1,758.80	
Elmvale	June, 1913	438	90		438.90
Elmwood	April, 1918	646	92		646.92
Flesherton	Dec., 1915		211.08	211.08	
Grand Valley	Dec., 1916		741.69	741.69	
Gravenhurst	Nov., 1915		2,310.44		
Hanover	Sept., 1916		750.90	750.90	
Holstein	May, 1916		3,035.43	609.85	
Huntsville	Sept., 1916	1,918	30		1,918.30
Kincardine	Mar., 1921	2,255	17		2,255.17
Kirkfield	June, 1920		209.61		
Lucknow	Jan., 1921	688	78		688.78
Markdale	Mar., 1916		66.59	66.59	
Meaford	Jan., 1924	1,018	49		1,018.49
Midland	July, 1911		5,560.22	5,560.22	
Mildmay	Dec., 1932				
Mount Forest	Dec., 1915		2,673.32	2,673.32	
Neustadt	Dec., 1918		4,547.61		
Orangeville	July, 1916	69	42		69.42
Owen Sound	Dec., 1915	342	62		342.62
Paisley	Sept., 1923		1,110.25	1,110.25	
Penetanguishene	July, 1911	402	13		402.13
Port Elgin	Mar., 1931	308	38		308.38
Port McNicoll	Jan., 1915		516.48		
Port Perry	Sept., 1922		238.80	238.80	
Priceville	Mar., 1920		20.20	20.20	
Ripley	Jan., 1921	146	87		146.87
Rosseau	July, 1931	275	51		275.51
Shelburne	July, 1916		82.22		82.22
Southampton	Feb., 1931	486	70		486.70

SYSTEM

G.B.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932; the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933.

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
13.51		1,546.06		1,559.57	
	62.03	596.08			1,016.59
	409.81	7,126.16			3,353.18
7.06		207.36		214.42	
8.29		927.47		935.76	
9.76		1,336.32		1,346.08	
3.93		322.64		326.57	
6.79		466.76		473.55	
	1.31		80.18		81.49
32.37		1,870.47		1,902.84	
7.91			371.13		363.22
11.33		509.59		520.92	
3.59		465.90		469.49	
7.00			28.37		21.37
	3.75	571.75		474.36	
	33.92	1,354.58		1,320.66	
7.86		533.23		541.09	
8.71		536.74		545.45	
	3.77	289.58		285.81	
	11.95	550.17		538.22	
	92.42	1,343.89			1,058.97
	11.36	2,223.89		2,212.53	
	110.88		378.37		2,914.83
25.65			2,807.25		2,781.60
30.18		3,636.99		3,667.17	
	8.38		30.03		248.02
9.59		1,043.64		1,053.23	
	0.88	533.08		532.20	
13.73		1,085.96		1,099.69	
	83.48	7,031.72		6,948.24	
		915.32		915.32	
	36.03	1,394.51		1,358.48	
	181.90		1,195.50		5,925.01
1.15		829.50		830.65	
4.99		10,567.82		10,572.81	
	22.51	270.30		247.79	
5.91		2,002.80		2,008.71	
4.36		317.49		321.85	
	20.66	304.28			232.86
	3.38	219.24		215.86	
	0.38	350.05		349.67	
1.95		374.05		376.00	
3.65		747.85		751.50	
1.05			107.03		105.98
6.35		459.73		466.08	

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Stayner	Oct., 1913	\$ 473.62		\$	473.62
Sunderland	Nov., 1914		233.87	233.87	
Tara	Feb., 1918	393.59			393.59
Teeswater	Dec., 1920		208.81		
Thornton	Nov., 1918	273.64			273.64
Tottenham	Oct., 1918		280.14	282.48	2.34
Uxbridge	Sept., 1922	349.36			349.36
Victoria Harbour	July, 1914	74.58			74.58
Walkerton	Feb., 1931	361.19			361.19
Waulbaushene	Dec., 1914	213.14			213.14
Warton	May, 1931	617.71			617.71
Windermere	June, 1930	764.13			764.13
Wingham	Dec., 1920	116.38			116.38
Woodville	Nov., 1914	36.72			36.72
RURAL POWER DISTRICT*					
Alliston R.P.D.	Nov., 1929	1,565.32			80.00
Arthur R.P.D.	Dec., 1929		124.67		
Bala R.P.D.	Jan., 1930		3,160.26		120.00
Barrie R.P.D.	Aug., 1923		4,129.32		130.00
Baysville R.P.D.	July, 1932		1,639.98		
Beaumaris R.P.D.	June, 1928		1,658.96		30.00
Beaverton R.P.D.	Aug., 1930		3,701.19		120.00
Beeton R.P.D.	Sept., 1926		178.94		
Bradford R.P.D.	Aug., 1929		1,921.23		175.86
Bruce R.P.D.	Oct., 1931		944.11		20.00
Buckskin R.P.D.	July, 1928		822.76		30.00
Cannington R.P.D.	May, 1924	1,742.48			
Chatsworth R.P.D.	Dec., 1928	325.63			90.00
Cookstown R.P.D.	Dec., 1930	42.08			
Creemore R.P.D.	Dec., 1930		2,508.92		140.00
Elmvale R.P.D.	Jan., 1924		389.01		40.00
Flesherton R.P.D.	Feb., 1922		837.92		
Gravenhurst R.P.D.	June, 1929	230.64			
Hawkestone R.P.D.	Aug., 1930		2,665.71		
Holstein R.P.D.	Mar., 1929		79.96		
Huntsville R.P.D.	Aug., 1931		2,477.26		
Innisfil R.P.D.	Feb., 1928		3,071.06		138.30
Lucknow R.P.D.	Feb., 1924		74.66		
Mariposa R.P.D.	Sept., 1923	5,077.42			40.00
Markdale R.P.D.	July, 1924		1,363.18	1.36	
Meaford R.P.D.	Oct., 1928		133.04		
Medonte R.P.D.	July, 1930		1,113.53		50.00
Midland R.P.D.	Nov., 1930		892.28		80.00
Neustadt R.P.D.	Nov., 1926		97.84		
Nottawasaga R.P.D.	Jan., 1922	1,040.95			

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

SYSTEM

G.B.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932; the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933.

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
6 70		464 21		470 91	
	3 51	203 68		200 17	
6 04		605 86		611 90	
	8 35	404 59		187 43	
2 79		268 50		271 29	
	7 61	790 67		783 06	
5 78		526 80		532 58	
1 10		354 90		356 00	
5 70		1,518 33		1,524 03	
3 73		91 44		95 17	
8 26			339 38		331 12
10 13		750 66		760 79	
1 58		299 95		301 53	
0 52		167 25		167 77	
62 61		313 13		1,861 06	
	4 99	104 37			25 29
	126 41		2,652 34		6,059 01
	165 17		1,643 36		6,067 85
	65 60		4,170 13		5,875 71
	66 36	320 03			1,435 29
	148 05		2,721 63		6,690 87
	7 16		225 72		411 82
	77 78		1,939 22		4,114 09
	37 76	231 59			770 28
	32 91		231 59		1,117 26
69 70		373 19		2,185 37	
13 03		49 94	54 95	193 71	
1 68				93 70	
	100 36		2,109 95		4,859 23
	15 56		232 48		677 05
	33 52		151 20		1,022 64
9 23			175 44	64 43	
	106 63		1,026 07		3,798 41
	3 20		71 00		154 16
	99 09		1,768 28		4,344 63
	122 84		442 81		3,775 01
	2 99		25 38		103 03
203 10		945 17		6,185 69	
	54 49		797 79		2,214 10
	5 32		61 78		200 14
	44 54		705 50		1,913 57
	35 69		438 41		1,446 38
	3 91		46 33		148 08
41 64		220 15		1,302 74	

GEORGIAN BAY

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Rural power district	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Orangeville R.P.D.	Aug., 1927		3,467.39		
Owen Sound R.P.D.	Mar., 1931		91.36		
Port Perry R.P.D.	Dec., 1922		3,644.57		250.00
Ripley R.P.D.	Feb., 1922		1,118.90		20.00
Sauble R.P.D.	Oct., 1931		197.64		40.00
Shelburne R.P.D.	Feb., 1926		1,867.13		180.00
Sparrow Lake R.P.D.	Oct., 1925	997.46			130.48
Tara R.P.D.	Jan., 1925		147.73		20.00
Thornton R.P.D.	Aug., 1930		753.53		140.00
Utterson R.P.D.	June, 1930		1,248.10		110.00
Uxbridge R.P.D.	Sept., 1925		6,768.20		210.00
Wasaga Beach R.P.D.	July, 1923	10,643.48			361.43
Wroxeter R.P.D.	Feb., 1929		4,366.12		30.00
Totals		42,290.97	94,504.30	15,313.21	23,797.93

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932	\$1,431,214.29
Deduct:	
Expenditures to October 31, 1932	133,155.81
Balance brought forward October 31, 1932	\$1,298,058.48
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
Amounts charged to municipalities and rural power districts as part of the cost of power delivered to them	\$90,844.31
Amount included in costs of distribution of power within rural power districts	28,890.44
Provision against equipment employed in respect of contracts with private companies which purchased power, and against equipment in local distribution systems	8,376.91
Provision for renewals on transmission lines transferred	3,531.40
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account	51,922.34
	183,565.40
	\$1,481,623.88
Deduct:	
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1933	27,403.29
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933	\$1,454,220.59

SYSTEM

G.B.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932; the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933.

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
	138.70		1,075.96		4,682.05
	3.65		566.49		661.50
	145.78		1,289.67		5,330.02
	44.76		579.66		1,763.32
	7.91		541.95		787.50
	74.69		1,734.39		3,856.21
39.87			1,078.40		171.55
	5.91		626.25		799.89
	30.14		429.90		1,353.57
	49.92	15.33			1,392.69
	270.73		3,047.00		10,295.93
424.35		521.74		11,228.14	
	174.64		374.14		4,944.90
1,154.21	3,425.43	64,404.45	38,372.41	74,760.04	111,697.27

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies—October 31, 1933

Balance brought forward October 31, 1932		\$367,197.47
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:		
Amounts charged to municipalities and rural power districts as part of the cost of power delivered to them	\$25,487.31	
Amounts included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts	28,890.44	
Provision against equipment employed in respect of contracts with private companies which purchased power and against local distribution systems	2,770.98	
Share of profits realized in respect of the sale of certain of the Commission's investment securities	1,304.69	
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account	14,687.90	
		73,141.32
		\$440,338.79
Deduct:		
Contingencies met with during the year ending October 31, 1933	\$1,311.20	
Commission's share of American exchange paid during the year by the Province of Ontario on the transfer of funds to New York to meet capital retirements	9,191.27	
		10,502.47
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933		\$429,836.32

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

SINKING FUND

Reserve for Sinking Fund—October 31, 1933

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....	\$816,185.21
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933:	
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to municipalities and rural power districts.....	\$73,332.45
By charges included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	7,986.56
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power and local distribution systems.....	6,507.93
Interest at 4% per annum on the amount standing at the credit of the reserve accounts.....	32,647.41
	120,474.35
Total	<u>\$936,659.56</u>

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Statement showing Interest, Sinking Fund, Renewals and Contingencies charged by the Commission to the Municipalities which operate the respective rural lines for the year ending October 31, 1933

Operated by	Capital cost	Interest	Sinking fund	Renewals	Contingencies	Total interest, sinking fund, renewals and contingencies charged
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brechin.....	922 02	48 22	16 60	18 44	9 22	92 48
Flesherton.....	1,885 41	105 77	33 94	37 71	18 85	196 27
Totals.....	2,807 43	153 99	50 54	56 15	28 07	288 75

Statement showing the total Sinking Fund paid in respect of each line, together with interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Lines operated by	Period of years ending October 31, 1933	Amount
Brechin.....	15 years	\$ c. 303 86
Flesherton.....	16 "	542 61
Total.....		846 41

Reserve for Sinking Fund

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....	\$765.26
Provided in year ending October 31, 1933—	
By charges against municipalities which operate the lines.....	\$50.54
Interest at 4% per annum on amounts standing at the credit of the reserve accounts.....	30.61
	81.15
Total.....	<u>\$846.41</u>

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....		\$443.27
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:		
By charges against the municipalities which operate the lines.....	\$56.15	
Interest at 4% per annum on the monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	17.73	
		<u>73.88</u>
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....		<u>\$517.15</u>

EASTERN ONTARIO

Operating Account for Year

COSTS OF OPERATION AS PROVIDED UNDER THE TERMS OF THE POWER COMMISSION ACT

Power purchased.....		\$777,050.62
Costs of operation and maintenance, including the proportion of administrative expenses chargeable to the operation of the system:		
Generation, transmission and distribution equipment.....	\$634,412.70	
Rural power districts.....	121,212.84	
Water heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from water heater loads.....	5,978.03	
		<u>761,603.57</u>
Interest (including exchange thereon) on capital investment in:		
Generation, transmission and distribution equipment.....	\$817,089.21	
Rural power districts.....	77,164.46	
		<u>894,253.67</u>
Provision for renewals of:		
Generation, transmission and distribution equipment.....	\$164,867.11	
Rural power districts.....	62,925.98	
		<u>227,793.09</u>
Provision for obsolescence and contingencies in respect of:		
Generation, transmission and distribution equipment.....	\$51,725.63	
Rural power districts.....	31,462.99	
		<u>83,188.62</u>
Provision for sinking funds:		
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to munici- palties and rural power districts.....	\$110,238.06	
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power and local distribution systems.....	45,928.35	
By charges included in the cost of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	16,863.37	
		<u>173,029.78</u>
		<u>\$2,916,919.35</u>

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—RURAL LINES

Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies—October 31, 1933

Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....		\$186.82
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:		
By charges against the municipalities which operate the lines.....	\$28.07	
Interest at 4% per annum on the monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	7.47	
		<u>35.54</u>
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....		<u>\$222.36</u>

SYSTEM

Ending October 31, 1933

REVENUE FOR PERIOD

Collected from municipalities under "Cost" contracts at interim monthly rates.....	\$1,859,103.83	
Collected from customers in rural power districts.....	470,228.73	
Power sold to private companies.....	512,671.12	
Collected from customers in local electric distribution systems.....	23,922.25	
Power supplied to pulp mill at Campbellford.....	38,785.36	
Collected from customers of the gas works.....	15,738.90	
		<u>\$2,920,450.19</u>
Add:		
Amounts due by certain municipalities, being the difference between the sums paid and the cost of power supplied to them in the year.....	\$6,720.97	
Amounts due by municipalities comprising certain rural power districts, being the difference between the revenue collected from customers therein and the cost of power supplied them in the year.....	38,276.43	
		<u>44,997.40</u>
		\$2,965,447.59
Deduct:		
Amounts collected from certain municipalities in excess of the sums required to be paid by them for power supplied in the year.....	\$41,852.39	
Amounts collected from customers in certain rural power districts in excess of the cost of power delivered thereto.....	5,394.21	
		<u>47,246.60</u>
Revenue.....		<u>\$2,918,200.99</u>
Deduct:		
Amount transferred to the credit of obsolescence and contingency reserve, which amount comprises:		
Profit from power sold to customers on local electric dis- tribution systems owned by the Commission.....	\$3,453.91	
Shortage on operation of local gas works.....	2,172.27	
		<u>1,281.64</u>
		<u>\$2,916,919.35</u>

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under the received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; pality upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Municipality	Interim rate per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Alexandria	64 00	66 00	93,249 45	194 0	1,551 47	3,041 51	4,396 16
Apple Hill	60 00	54 00	11,365 56	29 6	236 72	469 12	527 49
Athens	55 00	63 00	32,937 95	83 7	669 37	1,108 53	1,577 87
Bath	105 00	95 00	18,097 18	26 9	215 13	335 52	872 62
Belleville	35 00	38 00	765,820 34	3,459 5	27,666 63	28,857 24	36,820 73
Water heater load				20 0		*728 94	
Bloomfield	60 00	61 00	28,414 26	69 4	555 01	1,106 30	1,360 51
Bowmanville	37 50	41 50	385,299 03	1,513 7	12,105 50	15,594 05	18,658 32
Water heater load				7 2		*296 57	
Brighton	42 50	46 00	62,762 52	242 7	1,940 94	2,595 64	3,013 26
Water heater load				0 7		*29 29	
Brockville	31 50	34 00	425,107 69	2,232 0	17,849 95	15,375 35	20,086 28
Cardinal	37 50	40 00	28,893 29	131 6	1,052 44	1,639 30	1,395 94
Water heater load				1 5		*62 48	
Carleton Place	35 00	37 00	231,514 34	1,000 7	8,002 89	7,185 84	10,986 25
Water heater load				8 3		*307 64	
Chesterville	44 50	44 00	50,683 16	189 1	1,512 28	1,995 89	2,346 13
Cobourg	37 50	41 00	323,055 45	1,325 3	10,598 81	14,511 15	15,594 73
Water heater load				4 7		*192 26	
Colborne	39 79	39 79	24,666 09	92 2	737 35	820 20	1,195 66
Deseronto	54 00	54 50	46,614 35	120 2	961 27	2,102 92	2,245 82
Water heater load				0 5		*29 69	
Finch	67 00	65 00	17,875 38	40 4	323 09	748 69	854 03
Water heater load				0 1		*6 55	
Hastings	55 00	55 00	24,415 41	66 9	535 02	726 83	1,178 48
Havelock	47 00	55 00	52,952 26	143 4	1,146 81	1,757 57	2,526 85
Kemptville	42 50	42 50	71,820 88	253 9	2,030 51	1,955 67	3,420 02
Lakefield	46 00	53 50	67,457 30	206 2	1,649 04	2,278 47	3,231 60
Lanark	50 00	50 00	22,474 12	67 1	536 62	793 12	1,070 03
Lancaster	97 00	97 00	28,963 67	37 6	300 70	607 69	1,372 21
Lindsay	42 00	44 00	424,938 79	1,590 0	12,715 69	16,964 50	20,400 90
Water heater load				4 6		*195 33	
Madoc	49 00	50 00	42,060 23	139 3	1,114 02	2,045 55	2,022 58
Marmora	49 00	53 00	26,033 84	83 0	663 78	1,221 81	1,248 65
Water heater load				0 1		*5 04	
Martintown	55 00	57 00	6,345 15	21 3	170 34	343 77	300 65
Maxville	75 00	62 00	34,294 09	76 7	613 39	1,344 75	1,610 49
Napanee	37 00	40 00	223,511 72	941 0	7,525 45	8,945 65	10,816 85
Water heater load				5 1		*199 17	
Norwood	41 00	41 00	24,355 74	93 3	746 15	1,077 98	1,164 65
Water heater load				0 4		*17 16	
Oshawa	38 00	41 00	2,073,605 71	7,946 8	63,552 87	72,423 46	99,827 38
Water heater load				17 4		*704 08	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

E.O.—COST OF POWER

Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1,570.30	292.21	960.27	877.00	12,688.92	12,999.67	310.75	
178.81	41.74	113.81	133.81	1,701.50	1,656.25		45.25
532.99	108.34	337.19	378.38	4,712.67	5,245.41	532.74	
294.03	52.54	187.57	121.61	2,079.02	2,649.47	570.45	
6,951.42	2,475.94	7,678.34	15,639.13	126,089.43	132,971.76	6,153.39	
				728.94			
397.77	85.91	291.76	313.73	4,110.99	4,300.89	189.90	
4,041.35	1,214.84	3,893.03	6,842.88	62,349.97	63,254.51	607.97	
				296.57			
663.03	211.70	632.06	1,097.16	10,153.79	11,234.65	1,051.57	
				29.29			
5,281.94	1,614.86	4,230.60	10,090.05	74,529.03	76,366.95	1,837.92	
387.33	121.74	289.79	594.92	5,481.46	5,364.51		179.43
				62.48			
3,199.48	864.50	2,328.16	4,523.80	37,090.92	37,782.98	384.42	
				307.64			
736.90	184.69	513.03	854.85	8,143.77	8,495.78	352.01	
3,231.43	1,042.19	3,244.24	5,991.19	54,213.74	54,744.80	338.80	
				192.26			
272.10	84.69	249.53	416.80	3,776.33	3,748.24		28.09
636.51	169.45	477.49	543.38	7,136.84	6,691.54		474.99
				29.69			
296.97	58.20	183.81	182.63	2,647.42	2,700.05	46.08	
				6.55			
324.43	77.98	249.72	302.43	3,394.89	3,747.29	352.40	
705.24	168.40	541.37	648.26	7,494.50	7,732.17	237.67	
1,071.35	255.03	728.44	1,147.79	10,608.81	11,004.30	395.49	
842.27	207.05	685.79	932.15	9,826.37	10,962.98	1,136.61	
352.35	80.55	229.50	303.34	3,365.51	3,424.93	59.42	
521.04	86.60	300.85	169.78	3,358.87	3,725.56	366.69	
4,640.28	1,309.31	4,299.08	7,187.81	67,517.57	70,937.75	3,224.85	
				195.33			
500.89	136.14	427.10	629.72	6,876.00	7,068.35	192.35	
318.27	92.96	264.96	375.21	4,185.64	4,422.18	231.50	
				5.04			
95.55	23.78	64.47	96.29	1,094.85	1,223.94	129.09	
564.28	112.03	349.07	346.73	4,940.74	5,023.64	82.90	
2,214.78	731.72	2,260.73	4,253.91	36,749.09	38,139.32	1,191.06	
				199.17			
260.48	84.98	246.17	421.77	4,002.18	3,916.36		102.98
				17.16			
22,345.56	6,450.31	21,037.38	35,924.56	321,561.52	329,364.17	7,098.57	
				704.08			

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under the received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; pality upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Municipality	Interim rate per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1 1933	To Oct. 31 1933				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Ottawa	24.00	26.90	700,975.10	5,430.4	48,011.85	29,891.82	33,941.03
Ottawa			964.71	18,883.0	207,712.99	145.69	46.49
Perth	35.00	35.00	227,089.50	1,107.3	8,855.40	7,227.15	10,822.48
Water heater load				3.8		*130.48	
Peterborough	32.00	32.00	1,201,849.18	5,781.8	46,238.73	37,170.97	57,681.53
Water heater load				48.1		*1,604.76	
Picton	50.00	50.00	266,394.59	772.8	6,180.31	7,551.22	12,785.14
Water heater load				6.9		*330.03	
Port Hope	41.50	43.20	259,812.38	1,067.7	8,538.71	12,322.92	12,500.31
Water heater load				3.1		*128.48	
Prescott	31.00	34.00	132,447.79	746.3	5,968.38	5,668.54	6,269.30
Water heater load				1.1		*36.37	
Richmond	55.00	55.00	19,282.81	48.8	390.27	729.08	928.64
Russell	65.00	66.00	19,603.61	44.3	354.28	752.42	930.39
Smiths Falls	30.00	32.00	251,667.22	1,421.3	11,366.55	9,066.70	11,911.17
Water heater load				11.2		*356.85	
Stirling	32.00	34.50	44,456.19	226.1	1,808.19	1,706.36	2,143.56
Water heater load				0.5		*16.81	
Trenton	28.50	32.20	502,048.94	2,699.5	21,588.68	15,473.23	24,349.05
Water heater load				4.3		*133.24	
Tweed	58.00	58.00	59,966.70	147.4	1,178.80	2,922.67	2,889.25
Warkworth	50.00	57.00	20,198.40	61.5	491.83	941.84	966.96
Wellington	46.00	49.00	52,293.59	165.2	1,321.15	1,794.05	2,512.74
Westport	92.84	85.00	38,563.79	61.9	495.03	1,005.75	1,859.91
Whitby	37.00	40.00	243,824.07	942.4	7,536.65	8,320.28	11,720.54
Water heater load				5.3		*211.55	
Williamsburg	43.00	41.00	30,088.99	155.5	1,243.58	1,477.64	1,423.98
Water heater load				0.4		*14.48	
Winchester	41.00	42.00	51,431.71	217.7	1,741.01	2,145.57	2,427.33
Water heater load				0.6		*24.05	
RURAL POWER DISTRICT							
Alexandria R.P.D.—Hawkesbury E. and Lochiel twps.			14,920.99	30.0	239.92	436.60	716.07
Arnprior R.P.D.—Fitzroy twp.					1,692.24		
Belleville R.P.D.—Huntingdon, Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga twps.			66,210.36	293.9	2,350.40	2,375.19	3,174.12
Water heater load				0.3		*10.97	
Bowmanville R.P.D.—Darlington twp.			26,816.91	102.9	822.92	1,106.08	1,291.61
Water heater load				0.2		*8.42	
Brighton R. P. D.—Brighton, Cramahe and Murray twps.			5,896.11	22.8	182.34	222.21	282.68

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under the received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; pality upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Brockville R.P.D.—Augusta, Elizabethtown, Escott Front, Leeds and Lansdowne Front, Leeds and Lansdowne Rear, Yonge Front and Yonge and Escott Rear twps.	60,280 04	266 4	2,130 48	2,297 97	2,865 63
Water heater load		0 1		*3 84	
Campbellford R.P.D.—Rawdon and Seymour twps.	12,150 02	58 4	467 04	347 21	579 24
Carleton Place R.P.D.—Ramsay twp.			26 54		
Chesterville R.P.D.—Cambridge, Finch, Osnabruk, Russell, Williamsburg and Winchester twps.	57,288 75	179 1	1,432 32	1,630 24	2,736 98
Cobourg R.P.D.—Alnwick, Haldimand, Hamilton and Hope twps.	58,271 79	229 5	1,835 37	2,369 80	2,782 22
Water heater load		0 5		*20 49	
Colborne R.P.D.—Cramahe and Haldimand twps.	30,551 99	109 3	874 10	975 43	1,468 72
Fenelon Falls R.P.D.—Bexley, Fenelon, Laxton, Digby, Longford and Somerville twps.	12,745 30	39 1	312 69	493 73	614 14
Water heater load		0 2		*9 87	
Iroquois R.P.D.—Gower S., Matilda Mountain, Oxford, Williamsburg and Winchester twps.	54,160 94	360 4	2,882 22	2,048 18	2,607 30
Water heater load		0 1		*2 91	
Kemptville R.P.D.—Oxford twp.	5,595 83	18 6	148 75	263 77	269 59
Kingston R.P.D.—Bedford, Ernestown, Hinchinbrooke, Kingston, Leeds and Lansdowne Front, Loughbrough, Oso, Pittsburgh and Portland twps.	73,596 57	270 5	3,172 52	2,501 47	3,523 61
Water heater load		0 2		*9 19	
Lakefield R.P.D.—Burleigh and Anstruther, Douro, Harvey and Smith twps.	8,922 41	30 2	241 52	269 84	429 94
Lindsay R.P.D.—Fenelon, Ops and Verulam twps.	5,327 15	17 5	139 96	198 85	256 94
Martintown R.P.D.—Charlottenburg and Lancaster twps.	14,718 34	46 2	369 47	445 22	691 58
Water heater load		0 1		*4 65	
Maxville R.P.D.—Caledonia, Kenyon, Plantagenet N., Plantagenet S. and Roxborough twps.	60,233 29	140 9	1,126 82	1,844 23	2,851 53
Millbrook R.P.D.—Cavan, Manvers and Monaghan S. Twps.	12,329 22	36 9	295 10	479 47	586 42

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

E.O.—COST OF POWER

Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment					
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged				
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.				
818.85		225.68		605.13		1,204.30		10,148.04	10,151.88	see page	247
								3.84			
102.12		39.04		121.49		264.01		1,920.15	1,920.15	"	"
								26.54	26.54	"	"
882.20		202.80		583.68		809.65		8,277.87	8,277.87	"	"
609.04		192.79		588.10		1,037.49		9,414.81	9,435.30	"	"
								20.49			
346.31		106.78		309.62		494.11		4,575.07	4,575.07	"	"
160.09		43.19		129.89		176.76		1,930.49	1,940.36	"	"
								9.87			
566.84		211.85		530.72		1,629.24		10,476.35	10,479.26	"	"
								2.91			
85.15		20.36		56.89		84.08		928.59	928.59	"	"
812.37		236.10		743.59		1,222.83		12,212.49	12,221.68	"	"
								9.19			
105.36		27.24		90.62		136.52		1,301.04	1,301.04	"	"
64.12		17.66		54.17		79.11		810.81	810.81	"	"
228.31		54.36		150.90		208.85		2,148.69	2,153.34	"	"
								4.65			
982.94		204.51		611.24		636.95		8,258.22	8,258.22	"	"
154.00		42.28		124.38		166.81		1,848.46	1,848.46	"	"

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under the received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; pality upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Napanee R.P.D.—Camden E., Ernestown, Fredericksburg S., Fredericksburg N., Hungerford, Portland, Richmond, Sheffield and Tyendinaga twps.	56,741.54	197.8	1,581.87	1,700.28	2,728.10
Nepean R.P.D.—Clarence, Cumberland, Gloucester, Goulburn, Gower N., March, Nepean and Osgoode twps.	84,487.05	563.4	4,505.67	3,311.37	4,047.12
Newcastle R.P.D.—Clarke, Darlington and Manvers twps.	18,378.25	60.6	484.64	815.14	880.57
Water heater load		0.3		*9.65	
Norwood R.P.D.—Asphodel, Belmont and Methuen, Dummer and Seymour twps.	15,688.36	45.1	360.67	486.45	755.75
Omeme R.P.D.—Emily and Ops twps.	806.47	2.4	19.19	23.31	38.60
Oshawa R.P.D.—Darlington, Pickering, Uxbridge, Whitby and Whitby E. twps.	156,471.60	593.1	4,743.19	6,468.67	7,512.78
Water heater load		1.1		*46.47	
Perth R.P.D.—Bathurst, Burgess N., Elmsley N., and Elmsley S. twps.	6,395.65	29.8	268.56	350.97	308.97
Peterborough R.P.D.—Cavan, Douro, Monaghan N., Monaghan S., Otonabee and Smith twps.	94,027.87	427.9	3,422.04	3,408.95	4,493.58
Water heater load		0.8		*28.67	
Prescott R.P.D.—Augusta, Edwardsburg and Matilda twps.	19,194.09	99.4	988.34	983.65	894.28
Water heater load		0.1		*3.85	
Renfrew R.P.D.—Admaston and Horton twps.			612.16		
Smiths Falls R.P.D.—Bastard and Burgess S., Crosby S., Kitley, Montague and Wolford twps.	38,131.44	145.2	1,161.20	1,008.56	1,825.04
Water heater load		0.1		*4.17	
Stirling R.P.D.—Rawdon and Sidney twps.	9,130.31	42.7	341.48	414.85	436.62
Trenton R.P.D.—Brighton, Murray and Sidney twps.	34,461.26	170.7	1,365.14	1,536.13	1,663.51
Warkworth R.P.D.—Percy twp.	738.44	3.0	23.99	39.17	35.22
Wellington R.P.D.—Ameliasburg, Athol, Hallowell, Hillier and Murray twps.	52,802.53	163.0	1,303.57	1,767.56	2,535.51
Water heater load		0.4		*18.33	

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

E.O.—COST OF POWER

Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
655.34	187.54	576.26	894.18	8,323.57	8,323.57	see page	249
877.26	363.62	827.76	2,546.92	16,479.72	16,479.72	"	"
219.93	62.48	186.69	273.95	2,923.40 9.65	2,933.05	"	"
204.60	51.87	160.12	203.88	2,223.34	2,223.34	"	"
10.22	2.83	8.22	10.85	113.22	113.22	"	"
1,699.15	480.49	1,587.01	2,681.18	25,172.47 46.47	25,218.94	"	"
85.64	24.96	64.08	134.71	1,237.89	1,237.89	"	"
846.81	289.24	942.88	1,934.58	15,338.08 28.67	15,366.75	"	"
239.69	76.79	190.84	449.35	3,822.94 3.85	3,826.79	"	"
				612.16	612.16	"	"
552.73	158.30	385.62	656.39	5,747.84 4.17	5,752.01	"	"
79.51	29.02	91.42	193.03	1,585.93	1,585.93	"	"
278.05 7.46	108.84 2.57	344.03 7.42	771.67 13.56	6,067.37 129.39	6,067.37 129.39	"	"
660.33	171.05	538.88	736.86	7,713.76 18.33	7,732.09	"	"

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under the received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; pality upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Rural power district	Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horse-power supplied in year after correction for power factor	Cost of power purchased	Share of operating	
				Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
	\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Williamsburg R.P.D.—Matilda and Williamsburg twps.	9,520 11	51 9	473 22	441 01	463 26
Water heater load		0 4		*14 45	
Totals—Municipalities	9,792,544 22	62,398 4	560,301 63	356,287 97	470 232 94
Water heater loads		155 9		*5,761 30	
Totals—Rural Power Districts	1,176,990 98	4,848 6	42,397 65	43,061 56	56,347 23
Water heater loads		4 9		*195 93	
Totals—Companies	5,385,552 10	20,117 1	160,882 29	201,482 46	269,208 31
Totals—Local Electric distribution systems	136,805 37	258 7	2,068 91	8,677 68	6,601 23
Water heater loads		0 5		*20 80	
Totals—Local Gas distribution system	26,534 67			16,632 61	1,278 56
Totals—Pulp Mill	276,232 42	1,425 5	11,400 14	8,270 42	13,420 94
	16,794,659 76				
Non-operating capital	2,526 11				
Campbellford Pulp Mill	52,559 93				
Grand totals	16,849,745 80	89,209 6	777,050 62	640,390 73	817,089 21

*Heater costs written off in year to extent of revenue available from heater loads.

SYSTEM

E.O.—COST OF POWER

Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be credited or charged to each Municipality of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges			Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be credited or charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of the actual cost of power by annual adjustment	
Renewals	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund				Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
121.87	39.09	95.92	222.42	1,856.79 14.45	1,871.24	see page	249
103,956.49	32,333.73	98,381.41	196,716.94	1,818,211.11 5,761.30	1,859,103.83	41,852.39	6,720.97
13,672.78	4,042.80	11,856.65	21,906.71	193,285.38 195.93	193,481.31		
43,170.61	14,228.82	42,322.28	(218,623.65)	512,671.12	512,671.12		
1,975.79	268.95	854.98		20,447.54 20.80	23,922.25	3,453.91	†
2,091.44	851.33	2,751.09		17,911.17 38,785.36	15,738.90 38,785.36		2,172.27†
164,867.11	51,725.63	156,166.41		2,607,289.71	2,643,702.77		

†Surplus of \$1,281.64 transferred to credit of obsolescence and contingencies reserve.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Govern- ment grant	Com- mission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Alexandria R.P.D.—Hawkesbury E. and Lochiel twps	27,482.78	13,741.39	13,741.39	1,982.46
Arnprior R.P.D.—Fitzroy twp	12,715.46	6,114.10	6,601.36	1,692.24
Belleville R.P.D.—Huntingdon, Sidney, Thurlow and Tyendinaga twps	148,173.49	73,407.78	74,765.71	10,734.38
Bowmanville R.P.D.—Darlington twp	41,124.53	20,562.27	20,562.26	4,338.36
Brighton R.P.D.—Brighton, Cramahe and Murray twps	14,613.69	7,306.85	7,306.84	931.84
Brockville R.P.D.—Augusta, Elizabethtown, Escott Front, Leeds & Lansdowne Front, Leeds & Lansdowne Rear, Yonge Front and Yonge & Escott Rear twps	*221,292.88	108,076.28	113,216.60	10,151.88
Campbellford R.P.D.—Rawdon and Sey- mour twps	34,908.83	17,454.41	17,454.42	1,920.15
Carleton Place R.P.D.—Ramsay twp	896.67	448.34	448.33	26.54
Chesterville R.P.D.—Cambridge, Finch, Os- nabruk, Russell, Williamsburg and Win- chester twps	*95,010.97	45,984.45	49,026.52	8,277.87
Cobourg R.P.D.—Alnwick, Haldimand, Hamilton and Hope twps	182,240.98	90,384.28	91,856.70	9,435.30
Colborne R.P.D.—Cramahe and Haldimand twps	50,124.15	25,062.08	25,062.07	4,575.07
Fenelon Falls R.P.D.—Bexley, Fenelon, Laxton, Digby, Longford and Somerville twps	40,835.33	19,993.49	20,841.84	1,940.36
Iroquois R.P.D.—Gower S., Matilda, Moun- tain, Oxford, Williamsburg and Winchester twps	174,264.61	86,788.95	87,475.66	10,479.26
Kemptville R.P.D.—Oxford twp	11,335.47	5,520.91	5,814.56	928.59
Kingston R.P.D.—Bedford, Ernestown, Hinchinbrooke, Kingston, Leeds & Lan- sdowne Front, Loughborough, Oso, Pitts- burgh and Portland twps	262,539.82	127,237.90	135,301.92	12,221.68
Lakefield R.P.D.—Burleigh and Anstruther, Douro, Harvey and Smith twps	*47,105.86	23,442.25	23,663.61	1,301.04
Lindsay R.P.D.—Fenelon, Ops and Verulam twps	37,461.48	18,730.74	18,730.74	810.81
Martintown R.P.D.—Charlottenburg and Lancaster twps	49,189.50	24,594.75	24,594.75	2,153.34
Maxville R.P.D.—Caledonia, Kenyon, Plan- tagenet N., Plantagenet S. and Roxborough twps	118,216.38	59,108.19	59,108.19	8,258.22
Millbrook R.P.D.—Cavan, Manvers and Monaghan S. twps	29,504.34	14,468.27	15,036.07	1,848.46

NOTE.—Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$22,387.41 used for purposes of rural power districts.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

E.O.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
899.69	654.12	543.01	271.51	142.95	4,493.74	3,816.93	.....	676.81
509.84	315.19	252.51	126.25	69.04	2,965.07	2,606.54	.....	358.53
5,384.83	3,524.08	2,898.32	1,449.16	770.13	24,760.90	27,043.18	2,282.28	.....
1,196.30	989.54	821.46	410.73	216.25	7,972.64	7,681.75	.....	290.89
534.86	351.51	291.80	145.90	76.82	2,332.73	2,712.70	379.97	.....
10,341.41	5,341.93	4,332.92	2,166.47	1,167.39	33,502.00	32,240.06	.....	1,261.94
2,174.41	833.60	692.00	346.00	182.17	6,148.33	4,394.17	.....	1,754.16
5.16	21.47	17.84	8.92	4.70	84.63	67.21	.....	17.42
4,449.79	2,347.39	1,887.82	943.90	512.99	18,419.76	16,357.88	.....	2,061.88
5,062.36	4,371.32	3,599.36	1,799.68	955.28	25,223.30	23,864.99	.....	1,358.31
2,734.24	1,184.44	983.25	491.63	258.84	10,227.47	8,342.93	.....	1,884.54
805.56	986.16	801.70	400.85	215.51	5,150.14	4,853.28	.....	296.86
6,179.59	4,178.61	3,456.19	1,728.10	913.17	26,934.92	27,210.78	275.86	.....
211.70	279.31	226.00	112.99	61.04	1,819.63	1,926.13	106.50	.....
12,923.01	6,214.94	4,998.53	2,499.27	1,358.18	40,215.61	33,561.31	.....	6,654.30
633.66	1,077.03	889.66	444.82	235.37	4,581.58	3,547.41	.....	1,034.17
897.67	662.64	550.08	275.04	144.81	3,341.05	2,428.62	.....	912.43
1,909.88	1,175.30	975.66	487.83	256.84	6,958.85	6,600.96	.....	357.89
3,452.79	2,802.65	2,326.60	1,163.28	612.48	18,616.02	17,829.98	.....	786.04
1,009.90	718.94	585.47	292.73	157.11	4,612.61	4,329.71	.....	282.90

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district. Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Gov- ern- ment grant	Com- mis- sion's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Napanee R.P.D.—Camden E., Ernestown, Fredericksburg S., Fredericksburg N., Hungerford, Portland, Richmond, Sheffield and Tyendinaga twps.	*207,552 83	100,977 94	106,574 89	8,323 57
Nepean R.P.D.—Clarence, Cumberland, Gloucester, Goulburn, Gower N., March, Nepean and Osgoode twps.	*334,380 97	162,727 79	171,653 18	16,479 72
Newcastle R.P.D.—Clark, Darlington and Manvers twps.	*38,203 20	18,170 90	20,032 30	2,933 05
Norwood R.P.D.—Asphodel, Belmont and Methuen, Dummer and Seymour twps.	*18,925 08	9,124 47	9,800 61	2,223 34
Omemee R.P.D.—Emily and Ops twps.	3,613 10	1,806 55	1,806 55	113 22
Oshawa R.P.D.—Darlington, Pickering, Uxbridge, Whitby and Whitby E. twps. ...	279,858 22	136,402 87	143,455 35	25,218 94
Perth R.P.D.—Bathurst, Burgess N., Elms- ley N. and Elmsley S. twps.	28,981 23	14,490 61	14,490 62	1,237 89
Peterborough R.P.D.—Cavan, Douro, Mon- oghan N., Monoghan S., Otonabee and Smith twps.	177,366 26	88,683 13	88,683 13	15,366 75
Prescott R.P.D.—Augusta, Edwardsburg and Matilda twps.	75,844 43	37,741 12	38,103 31	3,826 79
Renfrew R.P.D.—Admaston and Horton twps.	7,887 19	3,943 59	3,943 60	612 16
Smiths Falls R.P.D.—Bastard & Burgess S., Crosby S., Kitley, Montague and Wolford twps.	*117,659 89	56,935 36	60,724 53	5,752 01
Stirling R.P.D.—Rawdon and Sidney twps. ...	*51,177 49	23,212 00	27,965 49	1,585 93
Trenton R.P.D.—Brighton, Murray and Sidney twps.	*74,143 60	36,978 41	37,165 19	6,067 37
Warkworth R.P.D.—Percy twp.	*1,671 04	648 75	1,022 29	129 39
Wellington R.P.D.—Ameliasburg, Athol, Hallowell, Hillier and Murray twps.	*165,086 64	82,029 95	83,056 69	7,732 09
Williamsburg R.P.D.— Matilda and Williamsburg twps.	35,451 63	17,725 81	17,725 82	1,871 24
	3,216,840 02	1,580,026 93	1,636,813 09	
Non-operating capital.	9,465 43	4,732 72	4,732 71	
Totals	3,226,305 45	1,584,759 65	1,641,545 80	193,481 31

NOTE.— Items marked * include portions of transmission lines aggregating \$22,387.41 used for purposes of rural power districts.

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

E.O.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
5,429 16	5,070 74	4,097 75	2,048 89	1,108 13	26,078 24	21,821 88	.....	4,256 36
13,796 88	8,163 24	6,598 33	3,299 16	1,783 95	50,121 28	46,715 75	.....	3,405 53
1,544 04	964 10	763 09	381 56	210 69	6,796 53	6,039 36	.....	757 17
693 28	467 27	374 40	187 20	102 11	4,047 60	3,298 91	.....	748 69
60 86	87 05	72 26	36 13	19 02	388 54	136 63	.....	251 91
11,934 00	6,655 94	5,384 32	2,692 17	1,454 55	53,339 92	55,689 52	2,349 60	.....
859 00	680 70	565 08	282 54	148 76	3,773 97	2,324 57	.....	1,449 40
6,210 32	4,200 49	3,487 00	1,743 50	917 95	31,926 01	31,146 33	.....	779 68
3,482 84	1,815 57	1,499 93	749 96	396 77	11,771 86	10,976 47	.....	795 39
129 68	189 20	157 48	78 74	41 46	1,208 72	900 53	.....	308 19
5,899 20	2,908 06	2,338 31	1,169 16	635 51	18,702 25	16,949 30	.....	1,752 95
880 63	1,330 66	1,009 58	504 79	290 80	5,602 39	4,993 37	.....	609 02
2,231 81	1,786 54	1,479 37	739 67	390 42	12,695 18	12,405 77	.....	289 41
102 74	47 80	32 21	16 11	10 44	338 69	294 71	.....	43 98
5,132 78	3,979 96	3,283 39	1,641 70	869 76	22,639 68	19,882 59	.....	2,757 09
1,508 97	786 97	653 30	326 65	171 98	5,319 11	5,236 52	.....	82 59
121,212.84	77,164 46	62,925 98	31,462 99	16,863.37	503,110 95	470,228 73	5,394 21	38,276.43

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Alexandria	Jan., 1921	\$ 694.85	\$	\$ 7.00	\$ 701.85
Apple Hill	April, 1921	242.96			242.96
Athens	Jan., 1929	64.05			64.05
Bath	Nov., 1931	366.47			366.47
Belleville	April, 1929	5,694.08			5,694.08
Bloomfield	April, 1919	415.50			415.50
Bowmanville	Oct., 1931		1,824.91	1,824.91	
Brighton	Nov., 1929	221.82			221.82
Brockville	April, 1915	5,456.06			5,456.06
Cardinal	July, 1930	314.23			314.23
Carleton Place	May, 1919	3,880.22			3,880.22
Chesterville	April, 1914	1,140.89			1,140.89
Cobourg	Jan., 1932	2,273.76			2,273.76
Colborne	Jan., 1933				
Deseronto	Jan., 1931	848.06			848.06
Finch	Feb., 1928	338.15			338.15
Hastings	June, 1931	447.41			447.41
Havelock	Feb., 1921		348.49	348.49	
Kemptville	Dec., 1921	797.30			797.30
Lakefield	Aug., 1920		1,065.39	1,065.39	
Lanark	Sept., 1921	395.44			395.44
Lancaster	May, 1921		5,762.49	1,062.49	
Lindsay	Mar., 1928		3,378.24	3,378.24	
Madoc	Jan., 1930	636.74		6.37	643.11
Marmora	Jan., 1921	145.56			145.56
Martintown	May, 1921	73.66			73.66
Maxville	Feb., 1921	1,580.72			1,580.72
Napanee	Nov., 1929	2,294.36			2,294.36
Norwood	Feb., 1921	48.52			48.52
Oshawa	Feb., 1929		9,505.06	9,505.06	
Ottawa	Jan., 1914		1,597.54	1,639.95	
Perth	Feb., 1919	3,572.73			3,572.73
Peterborough	Mar., 1913	13,122.41			13,122.41
Pictou	April, 1919	4,492.82			4,492.82
Port Hope	Nov., 1929	75.75			75.75
Prescott	Dec., 1913	431.43			431.43
Richmond	Aug., 1928	263.69			263.69
Russell	Feb., 1926	293.08			293.08
Smiths Falls	Sept., 1918	4,436.46			4,436.46
Stirling	Jan., 1930	323.51			323.51
Trenton	Sept., 1931	2,427.34			2,427.34
Tweed	Dec., 1930		993.58	993.58	
Warkworth	Oct., 1923		203.36	203.36	
Wellington	April, 1919	454.82			454.82
Westport	Nov., 1931	815.25			815.25

SYSTEM

E.O.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
10.91		310.75		321.66	
3.38			45.25		41.87
1.02		532.74		533.76	
5.22		570.45		575.67	
82.99		6,153.39		6,236.38	
5.46		189.90		195.36	
	24.00	607.97		583.97	
3.01		1,051.57		1,054.58	
77.82		1,837.92		1,915.74	
4.44			179.43		174.99
78.46		384.42		462.88	
17.36		352.01		369.37	
		338.80		338.80	
			28.09		28.09
12.28			474.99		462.71
5.21		46.08		51.29	
6.42		352.40		358.82	
	5.54	237.67		232.13	
10.66		395.49		406.15	
	16.81	1,136.61		1,119.80	
5.81		59.42		65.23	
	194.40	366.69			4,527.71
	49.98	3,224.85		3,174.87	
10.68		192.35		203.03	
2.41		231.50		233.91	
0.98		129.09		130.07	
27.04		82.90		109.94	
30.17		1,191.06		1,221.23	
0.63			102.98		102.35
	133.33	7,098.57		6,965.24	
1.70	40.09		1,470.89		1,466.87
52.47		1,535.87		1,588.34	
175.44			3,747.76		3,572.32
67.22		2,491.93		2,559.15	
0.95		2,436.77		2,437.72	
6.09		786.98		793.07	
5.31			103.92		98.61
5.15		139.54		144.69	
71.47		594.06		665.53	
4.47		255.74		260.21	
31.92		3,375.97		3,407.89	
	22.60		567.66		590.26
	4.23	288.12		283.89	
6.13		442.54		448.67	
11.85		605.69		617.54	

EASTERN ONTARIO

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Whitby	Jan., 1926	\$	c.	\$	c.
Williamsburg	April, 1915	565	44	860	51
Winchester	Jan., 1914	956	53		
RURAL POWER DISTRICT*					
Alexandria R.P.D.	Dec., 1929			2,476	87
Arnprior R.P.D.	Dec., 1930			1,404	80
Belleville R.P.D.	Aug., 1927	20,815	72		
Bowmanville R.P.D.	Jan., 1924	966	92		
Brighton R.P.D.	Nov., 1929			296	77
Brockville R.P.D.	Nov., 1921	2,403	74		
Campbellford R.P.D.	Aug., 1924			1,237	03
Carleton Place R.P.D.	Feb., 1932			55	37
Chesterville R.P.D.	Nov., 1921	3,448	43		
Cobourg R.P.D.	Feb., 1927	2,074	59		
Colborne R.P.D.	Aug., 1925			166	13
Fenelon Falls R.P.D.	July, 1931			872	12
Iroquois R.P.D.	July, 1930	2,600	70		
Kemptville R.P.D.	Dec., 1930			498	66
Kingston R.P.D.	Jan., 1923			8,479	39
Lakefield R.P.D.	July, 1928			1,839	89
Lindsay R.P.D.	July, 1930			790	05
Martintown R.P.D.	Jan., 1922			230	40
Maxville R.P.D.	Dec., 1927			942	76
Millbrook R.P.D.	July, 1930			1,337	23
Napanee R.P.D.	Nov., 1927			7,891	50
Nepean R.P.D.	Feb., 1922	7,100	68		
Newcastle R.P.D.	Sept., 1927	1,883	35		
Norwood R.P.D.	Jan., 1929			1,398	48
Omeme R.P.D.	Jan., 1931			301	34
Oshawa R.P.D.	April, 1918	37,932	98		
Perth R.P.D.	Aug., 1931			1,871	50
Peterborough R.P.D.	Jan., 1927	13,643	45	175	43
Prescott R.P.D.	June, 1922			350	21
Renfrew R.P.D.	Nov., 1930			820	14
Smiths Falls R.P.D.	May, 1929			4,295	94
Stirling R.P.D.	Nov., 1929			1,457	26
Trenton R.P.D.	Jan., 1924	2,479	47		
Warkworth R.P.D.	Nov., 1928	61	92		
Wellington R.P.D.	Nov., 1925			5,822	27
Williamsburg R.P.D.	Feb., 1923			1,901	69
Totals		156,014	02	72,277	37
				21,071	78
				66,720	37

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

SYSTEM

E.O.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
	11.50	363.10		351.60	
7.50		905.53		913.03	
13.54		555.95		569.49	
	99.17		676.81		3,256.90
	56.19		358.53		1,819.52
830.21		2,282.28		23,453.54	
38.68			290.89	684.71	
	11.87	379.97		71.33	
95.26			1,261.94	944.68	
	49.48		1,754.16		3,040.67
	2.21		17.42		75.00
135.64			2,061.88	1,240.93	
82.98			1,358.31	659.26	
	7.78		1,884.54		2,159.29
	34.88		296.86		1,253.86
104.05		275.86		2,541.61	
	19.95	106.50			412.11
	339.46		6,654.30		15,653.71
	73.60		1,034.17		2,977.66
	31.60		912.43		1,734.08
	10.43		357.89		719.82
	37.85		786.04		1,862.73
	53.49		282.90		1,673.62
	315.66		4,256.36		12,493.52
283.44	1.70		3,405.53	3,278.08	
75.33			757.17	1,201.51	
	56.56		748.69		2,341.01
	12.05		251.91		585.30
1,514.79		2,349.60		40,063.45	
	74.34		1,449.40		3,262.45
545.74			779.68	13,409.51	
	14.01		795.39		1,549.61
	32.81		308.19		1,161.14
	174.15		1,752.95		6,410.94
	58.29		609.02		2,144.57
97.30			289.41	2,132.19	
2.48			43.98	20.42	
	233.72		2,757.09		9,234.36
	76.13		82.59		2,087.40
4,669.47	2,379.86	47,246.60	44,997.40	131,601.92	88,975.05

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....		\$3,952,009.03
Deduct:		
Expenditures to October 31, 1932.....		895,690.00
Balance brought forward at October 31, 1932.....		\$3,056,319.03
Renewals reserve in respect of Nipissing district transferred to Northern Ontario properties.....		215,038.84
		<u>\$2,841,280.19</u>
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:		
Amounts charged to municipalities and rural power districts as part of the cost of power delivered to them.....	\$117,629.27	
Amounts included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	62,925.98	
Provision against equipment employed in respect of contracts with private companies which purchased power, and against equipment in local distribution systems.....	47,237.84	
Provision against equipment in Campbellford Pulp Mill.....	1,051.20	
Interest at 4% per annum on the monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	113,614.69	
		<u>342,458.98</u>
		\$3,183,739.17
Deduct:		
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	\$40,199.16	
Provision for renewals on lines transferred.....	912.98	
		<u>41,112.14</u>
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....		<u><u>\$3,142,627.03</u></u>

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies—October 31, 1933

Balance brought forward at October 31, 1932.....		\$1,314,734 73
Contingency reserve in respect of Nipissing district transferred to Northern Ontario properties.....		186,788 89
		<u>\$1,127,945 84</u>
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:		
Amounts charged to municipalities and rural power districts as part of the cost of power delivered to them.....	\$36,376 53	
Amount included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	31,462 99	
Provision against equipment employed in respect of contracts with private companies which purchased power, and local distribution systems.....	15,349 10	
Share of profits realized in respect of the sale of certain of the Commission's investment securities.....	4,671 39	
Net profit from operation of local distribution systems and utilities.....	1,281 64	
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	45,117 83	
		<u>134,259 48</u>
		\$1,262,205 32
Deduct:		
Contingencies met with during the year ending October 31, 1933..	\$121,516 44	
Commission's share of American exchange paid during the year by the Province of Ontario on the transfer of funds to New York to meet capital retirements.....	9,579 66	
		<u>131,096 10</u>
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....		<u><u>\$1,131,109 22</u></u>

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

SINKING FUND

Statement showing Sinking Fund paid by each Municipality in the periods mentioned hereunder as part of the cost of power delivered thereto, together with its proportionate share of other Sinking Funds, provided out of other revenues of the system, and interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Municipality	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount	Municipality	Period of years ending Oct. 31, 1933	Amount
		\$ c.			\$ c.
Alexandria	9 years	17,415 16	Whitby	5 years	20,245 70
Apple Hill	9 "	1,689 16	Williamsburg	13 "	2,473 15
Athens	5 "	2,458 42	Winchester	14 "	10,830 56
Bath	2 "	418 12			
Belleville	5 "	59,864 19			
			RURAL POWER DISTRICT*		
Bloomfield	5 "	2,562 61	Alexandria R.P.D.	4 "	1,073 35
Bowmanville	2 "	11,113 91	Arnprior R.P.D.	3 "	174 58
Brighton	4 "	3,884 81	Belleville R.P.D.	5 "	7,434 78
Brockville	13 "	90,546 25	Bowmanville R.P.D.	5 "	1,983 81
Cardinal	4 "	1,431 50	Brighton R.P.D.	4 "	502 34
Carleton Place	9 "	40,058 83	Brockville R.P.D.	12 "	10,640 38
Chesterville	14 "	17,050 69	Campbellford R.P.D.	5 "	1,938 64
Cobourg	2 "	8,067 27	Carleton Place R.P.D.	2 "	8 35
Colborne	1 "	337 09	Chesterville R.P.D.	12 "	6,884 82
Deseronto	3 "	1,951 46	Cobourg R.P.D.	5 "	8,029 70
Finch	6 "	1,781 86	Colborne R.P.D.	5 "	2,410 26
Hastings	3 "	788 72	Fenelon Falls R.P.D.	3 "	832 30
Havelock	5 "	5,666 80	Iroquois R.P.D.	4 "	6,414 85
Kemptville	9 "	9,967 75	Kemptville R.P.D.	3 "	368 09
Lakefield	5 "	4,814 31	Kingston R.P.D.	5 "	7,752 11
Lanark	9 "	3,115 98	Lakefield R.P.D.	5 "	698 09
Lancaster	9 "	4,203 18	Lindsay R.P.D.	4 "	383 77
Lindsay	5 "	34,998 34	Martintown R.P.D.	12 "	4,240 71
Madoc	4 "	2,479 40	Maxville R.P.D.	6 "	5,414 70
Marmora	5 "	2,136 48	Millbrook R.P.D.	4 "	942 65
Martintown	9 "	1,082 90	Napanee R.P.D.	5 "	5,420 16
Maxville	9 "	5,041 29	Nepean R.P.D.	12 "	13,300 08
Napanee	4 "	14,478 29	Newcastle R.P.D.	5 "	1,782 62
Norwood	5 "	2,711 38	Norwood R.P.D.	5 "	791 03
Oshawa	5 "	186,135 35	Omemees R.P.D.	3 "	93 90
Ottawa	18 "	52,227 00	Oshawa R.P.D.	5 "	17,571 23
Perth	9 "	34,151 00	Perth R.P.D.	3 "	479 37
Peterborough	5 "	117,464 27	Peterborough R.P.D.	5 "	12,613 33
Picton	5 "	20,429 65	Prescott R.P.D.	12 "	6,094 34
Port Hope	4 "	17,960 58	Renfrew R.P.D.	3 "	114 84
Prescott	14 "	25,550 45	Smiths Falls R.P.D.	5 "	4,706 98
Richmond	6 "	894 27	Stirling R.P.D.	4 "	1,393 56
Russell	8 "	2,863 57	Trenton R.P.D.	5 "	2,419 56
Smiths Falls	10 "	52,428 70	Warkworth R.P.D.	5 "	88 69
Stirling	4 "	3,026 08	Wellington R.P.D.	5 "	5,302 85
Trenton	2 "	15,465 69	Williamsburg R.P.D.	9 "	960 66
Tweed	3 "	2,472 03			
Warkworth	5 "	1,484 82			
Wellington	5 "	3,949 61			
Westport	2 "	949 46			
			Total		1,064,379.57

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

Reserve for Sinking Fund—October 31, 1933

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....		\$857,536.86
Sinking fund provision in respect of Nipissing district now transferred to Northern Ontario properties.....		469.75
		<u>\$857,067.11</u>
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933:		
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to municipalities and rural power districts.....	\$110,238.06	
By charges included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	16,863.37	
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power, and local distribution systems.....	45,928.35	
Interest at 4% per annum on the amount standing at the credit of the reserve accounts.....	34,282.68	
		<u>207,312.46</u>
Total.....		<u><u>\$1,064,379.57</u></u>

THUNDER BAY

Operating Account for the Year

COSTS OF OPERATION AS PROVIDED FOR UNDER THE TERMS OF THE POWER COMMISSION ACT

Costs of operation and maintenance, including the proportion of administrative expenses chargeable to the operation of this system:		
Generation and transmission equipment.....	\$211,219.87	
Rural power districts.....	3,509.95	
		\$214,729.82
Interest (including exchange thereon) on capital investment in:		
Generation and transmission equipment.....	\$970,562.19	
Rural power districts.....	2,307.24	
		972,869.43
Provision for renewals of:		
Generation and transmission equipment.....	\$147,780.23	
Rural power districts.....	1,738.59	
		149,518.82
Provision for obsolescence and contingencies in respect of:		
Rural power districts.....	\$869.29	
		869.29
Provision for sinking fund:		
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to municipalities and rural power districts.....	\$105,741.76	
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power.....	34,794.54	
By charges included in the cost of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	457.68	
		140,993.98
		<u>\$1,478,981.34</u>

SYSTEM

Ending October 31, 1933

REVENUE FOR PERIOD

Amount received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission.....	\$1,049,329.42	
Power sold to private companies.....	321,494.51	
Amounts received from (or billed against) customers in rural power districts.....	9,275.86	\$1,380,099.79
		<hr/>
Add:		
Amounts due by certain municipalities, being the difference between the sums received (or billed) at interim rates and the amounts charged—following annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied in the year.....	\$95,683.25	
Amounts due by municipalities comprising certain rural power districts, being the difference between the sums received from (or billed against) customers therein and the amounts charged to such districts—following annual adjustment—in respect of power supplied in the year.....	3,198.30	98,881.55
		<hr/>
Revenue.....		\$1,478,981.34
		<hr/>
		\$1,478,981.34
		<hr/> <hr/>

THUNDER BAY

Statement showing the amount to be paid by each Municipality as the Cost—under received by the Commission from each Municipality on account of such cost; tainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual cost

Municipality	Interim rate per horsepower collected by Commission during year		Share of capital cost of system on which interest and fixed charges are payable	Average horsepower supplied in year after correction for power factor	Share of operating	
	To Jan. 1, 1933	To Oct. 31, 1933			Operating, maintenance and administrative expenses	Interest (including exchange)
Fort William	\$21.00 plus transformation charges...		\$ c.		\$ c.	\$ c.
Port Arthur	\$21.00 plus transformation charges...		3,298,120 77	10,221 5	39,264 12	173,083 04
Township of Nipigon	\$30.00	\$28.00	10,514,944 79 24,657 61	33,019 9 83 5	120,311 40 1,379 54	551,451 75 1,296 81
RURAL POWER DISTRICTS						
Fort William R.P.D.—Neebing, Paipoonge and Oliver twps			24,854 93	69 1	569 80	1,314 87
Port Arthur R.P.D.—Shuniah twp			12,444 24	31 8	389 65	609 49
Totals—Municipalities			13,837,723 17	43,324 9	160,955 06	725,831 60
Totals—Rural power districts			37,299 17	100 9	959 45	1,924 36
Totals—Companies			4,633,001 68	14,783 3	49,305 36	242,806 23
Non-operating capital			18,508,024 02 68,809 15			
Grand totals			18,576,833 17	58,209 1	211,219 87	970,562 19

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged (by annual adjustment) of the actual

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power delivered to districts as shown in "cost of power" table preceding
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment	
Fort William R.P.D.—Neebing, Oliver and Paipoonge twps.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Port Arthur R.P.D.—Shuniah twp.	60,963 67	30,481 84	30,481 83	2,367 59
Totals	46,914 36	23,457 18	23,457 18	1,223 82
	107,878 03	53,939 02	53,939 01	3,591 41

SYSTEM

T.B.—COST OF POWER

the Power Commission Act—of Power supplied to it by the Commission; the amount and the amount remaining to be charged to each Municipality upon ascertainment of power supplied to it in the year ending October 31, 1933

costs and fixed charges		Cost in excess of revenue from power sold to private companies	Total cost of power for year as provided to be paid under Power Commission Act	Amounts received from (or billed against) each municipality by the Commission	Amounts remaining to be charged to each municipality upon ascertainment of actual cost of power by annual adjustment						
Renewals	Sinking fund										
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.				
26,806.95		25,229.63		9,735.17		274,118.91		251,129.95		22,988.96	
84,515.37		80,040.60		31,448.85		867,767.97		795,677.92		72,090.05	
	187.78		182.13		79.53		3,125.79		2,521.55		604.24
	219.61		197.50		65.81		2,367.59		2,367.59		see below
	102.49		91.90		30.29		1,223.82		1,223.82		"
111,510.10		105,452.36		41,263.55		1,145,012.67		1,049,329.42		95,683.25	
	322.10		289.40		96.10		3,591.41		3,591.41	
35,948.03		34,794.54		(41,359.65)		321,494.51		321,494.51		.....
147,780.23		140,536.30		.....		1,470,098.59		1,374,415.34		95,683.25
						Net Charge		.....		95,683.25

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

T.B.—RURAL OPERATING

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, to the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment costs in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts								
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged							
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.						
2,113.14		1,661.95		1,250.95		625.47		329.31		8,348.41		6,870.52		.....	1,477.89
1,396.81		645.29		487.64		243.82		128.37		4,125.75		2,405.34		.....	1,720.41
3,509.95		2,307.24		1,738.59		869.29		457.68		12,474.16		9,275.86		.....	3,198.30

THUNDER BAY

Statement showing the net Credit or Charge to each Municipality in respect of power made and interest added during the year. Also the net amount Credited ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing

Municipality	Date commenced operating	Net credit or charge at October 31, 1932		Cash receipts and payments on account of such credits and charges, also adjustments made during the year	
		Credit	Charge	Credited	Charged
Fort William.....	Oct., 1926	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Nipigon twp.....	Jan., 1925	891 63	24,527 56	24,527 56	891 63
Port Arthur.....	Dec., 1910		137,165 48	137,165 48	
RURAL POWER DISTRICTS*					
Fort William R.P.D.....	Oct., 1932		123 34		40 00
Port Arthur R.P.D.....	Jan., 1932	0 88			
Totals.....		892 51	161,816 38	161,693 04	931 63

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statements preceding.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....	\$1,144,179.30
Deduct:	
Expenditures to October 31, 1932.....	3,656.90
Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....	\$1,140,522.40
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
Amounts charged to municipalities and rural power districts as part of the cost of power delivered to them.....	\$111,832.20
Amounts included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	1,738.59
Provision against equipment employed in respect of contracts with private companies which purchased power.....	35,948.03
Reserve provided in respect of equipment transferred.....	793.19
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	45,650.65
	<u>195,962.66</u>
	\$1,336,485.06
Deduct:	
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	11,165.57
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	<u>\$1,325,319.49</u>

SYSTEM

T.B.—CREDIT OR CHARGE

supplied to it to October 31, 1932, the cash receipts and payments thereon, adjustments or Charged to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year as a Credit or Charge to each Municipality at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year		Net amount credited or charged in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933		Accumulated amount standing as a credit or charge on October 31, 1933	
Credited	Charged	Credited	Charged	Credit	Charge
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
16.43	376.31		22,988.96		23,365.27
	1,884.32		604.24		587.81
			72,090.05		73,974.37
	4.93		1,477.89		1,646.16
0.03			1,720.41		1,719.50
16.46	2,265.56		98,881.55		101,293.11

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies—October 31, 1933

Balance brought forward October 31, 1932	\$711,241.06
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
Amount included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts	\$869.29
Share of profits realized in respect of the sale of certain of the Commission's investment securities	2,527.11
Interest at 4% per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account	28,449.64
	<u>31,846.04</u>
	\$743,087.10
Deduct:	
Commission's share of American exchange paid during the year by the Province of Ontario on the transfer of funds to New York to meet capital retirements	27,690.79
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933	<u>\$715,396.31</u>

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

T.B.—SINKING FUND

Statement showing Sinking Fund paid by each Municipality in the periods mentioned hereunder as part of the cost of power delivered thereto, together with its proportionate share of other sinking funds provided out of other revenues of the system, and interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Municipality	Period of years ending October 31, 1933	Amount
Fort William.....	7 years	\$ 239,785.83
Port Arthur.....	7 "	821,761.42
Township of Nipigon.....	7 "	1,439.22
RURAL POWER DISTRICTS*		
Fort William R.P.D.....	2 years	611.43
Port Arthur R.P.D.....	2 "	355.55
Total.....		1,063,953.45

*For townships included in rural power districts see "Cost of Power" and "Rural Operating" statement preceding.

ACCOUNT WITH THE PROVINCIAL TREASURER—NIAGARA AND

Feb. 8, 1933	Cash returned to the Province in the year ending		
June 19, 1933	October 31, 1933, to cover the difference between		
Aug. 8, 1933	advances by the Province to the Commission		
	and the capital expenditures made out of such		
	advances by the Commission in the year ending		
	October 31, 1932.....		\$339,473.57
Feb. 8, 1933	Repayment to the Province of the investment—		
	according to book values—in the distribution		
	system in Cobourg (in the former Central Ontario		
	System) upon the sale of these properties to the		
	municipality.....		451,585.69
April 30, 1933	Paid on account of interest and exchange.....	\$5,274,086.46	
Oct. 31, 1933	Cheque to cover balance of interest and exchange		
	for year ending October 31, 1933.....	5,326,005.30	
			10,600,091.76
Oct. 31, 1933	Payment under debt retirement plan.....		2,155,176.38
Oct. 31, 1933	Balance carried down.....		187,964,549.41
			<u>\$201,510,876.81</u>

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Reserve for Sinking Fund—October 31, 1933

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....		\$887,461.03
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933:		
By charges included in the cost of power delivered to municipalities and rural power districts.....	\$105,741.76	
By charges included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	457.68	
By charges against contracts with private companies which purchased power.....	34,794.54	
Interest at 4% per annum on amounts standing at the credit of the reserve accounts.....	35,498.44	
		<u>176,492.42</u>
Total.....		<u><u>\$1,063,953.45</u></u>

OTHER SYSTEMS—FOR THE YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31, 1933

Oct. 31, 1932	Cash advances to date for the purposes of Niagara and other Power Systems.....	\$204,488,631.44	
	Less repayments to that date under debt retirement plan.....	14,853,440.35	
			<u>\$189,635,191.09</u>
Nov. 1, 1932	Sundry cash advances.....		1,275,593.96
to Oct. 31, 1933			
Oct. 31, 1933	Interest for year on all cash advances.....	\$10,522,687.93	
Oct. 31, 1933	Commission's share of American exchange paid during the year by the Province of Ontario on the transfer of funds to New York to meet interest and capital retirements.....	819,433.15	
			<u>\$11,342,121.08</u>
	Less—Interest credited by Province on repayments made by Commission.....	742,029.32	
			<u>10,600,091.76</u>
			<u><u>\$201,510,876.81</u></u>
Nov. 1, 1933	Total cash advances.....	\$204,973,166.14	
	Less—Payments made under debt retirement plan.....	17,008,616.73	
			<u><u>\$187,964,549.41</u></u>

NORTHERN ONTARIO

Embracing the Nipissing, Wahnapiatae, Abitibi-

Operating Account for the

COST OF OPERATION

Power purchased:

For Abitibi-Sudbury District to May 25, 1933, after which date power was supplied from No. 1 unit of the Abitibi Canyon development.....	\$118,246.57
Costs of operation and maintenance, including the proportion of administrative office expense chargeable to the operation of these properties.....	286,942.24
Interest (including exchange thereon) on capital investment in generation and transmission equipment.....	371,264.32
Provision for renewals of generation and transmission equipment.....	99,669.57
Provision for obsolescence and contingencies.....	31,316.85
Total costs of operation.....	\$907,439.55
Operating surplus for year.....	20,258.19
	<u>\$927,697.74</u>
Provision—to extent of surplus available—for depreciation on Hunta-Copper Cliff line for period prior to November 1, 1932.....	\$20,258.19

NOTE.—Interest on expenditures on Abitibi Canyon development capitalized during construction.

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

Embracing the Nipissing, Wahnapiatae, Abitibi-Sudbury and Patricia
(Ear Falls) Districts

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....	\$339,105.54
Deduct expenditures to October 31, 1932.....	51,379.73
Amount of reserves at October 31, 1932.....	\$287,725.81
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	\$119,927.76
Interest at 4 per cent. per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	11,509.04
	<u>131,436.80</u>
Deduct expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	5,483.51
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	\$413,679.10

PROPERTIES**Sudbury and Patricia (Ear Falls) Districts****Year Ending October 31, 1933**

REVENUE FOR PERIOD

Power sold to private companies and customers.....	\$927,697.74
--	--------------

	<u>\$927,697.74</u>
--	---------------------

Operating surplus for year brought down.....	<u>\$20,258.19</u>
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NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES**Embracing the Nipissing, Wahnapiatae, Abitibi-Sudbury and Patricia (Ear Falls) Districts****Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies—October 31, 1933**

Amount of reserves to October 31, 1932.....	\$175,744.75
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Added during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	\$31,316.85
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Share of profits realized in respect of the sale of certain of the Commission's investment securities.....	789.93
--	--------

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	7,029.79
	<u>39,136.57</u>

	<u>\$214,881.32</u>
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Deduct:	
Contingencies met with during the year ending October 31, 1933	\$648.00
Commission's share of American exchange paid during the year by the Province of Ontario on the transfer of funds to New York to meet capital retirements.....	2,629.86
	<u>3,277.86</u>

Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	<u>\$211,603.46</u>
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NORTHERN ONTARIO

Nipissing Rural Power Districts—

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within each Rural Power and the amounts remaining to be credited to certain Districts or charged to annual adjustment) of the actual costs

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power
	Total capital cost	Govern- ment grant	Com- mission's investment	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
North Bay R.P.D.—West Ferris and Widdi- field twps.	32,565 .04	15,911 .74	16,653 .30	3,993 .41
Powassan R.P.D.—Himsworth South twp.	5,202 .30	2,601 .15	2,601 .15	121 .97
Totals.	37,767 .34	18,512 .89	19,254 .45	4,115 .38

NORTHERN ONTARIO

Nipissing Rural Power Districts—

Statement showing the net Credit to each Municipality in respect of power supplied
Credited to each Municipality in respect of power supplied in the year
to each Municipality

Rural power district	Date commenced operating	Net credit at October 31, 1932
		Credit
		\$ c.
North Bay R.P.D.—West Ferris and Widdi- field twps.	June, 1927	7,571 .06
Powassan R.P.D.—Himsworth South twp.	Nov., 1931	41 .05
Totals. ....	.....	7,612 .11

PROPERTIES

NIPISSING RURAL

Rural Operating

District, the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within each District, the Municipalities comprising certain other Districts upon ascertainment (by in the year ending October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
2,733.64	799.00	621.67	310.83	167.44	8,625.99	9,627.44	1,001.45	.....
84.99	127.80	101.73	50.87	26.78	514.14	583.85	69.71	.....
2,818.63	926.80	723.40	361.70	194.22	9,140.13	10,211.29	1,071.16	.....

PROPERTIES

NIPISSING RURAL

Credit or Charge

to it to October 31, 1932, the interest added during the year; also the net amount ending October 31, 1933, and the accumulated amount standing as a Credit at October 31, 1933

Interest at 4% per annum added during the year	Net amount credited in respect of power supplied in the year ending October 31, 1933	Accumulated amount standing as a credit on October 31, 1933
Credited	Credited	Credit
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
302.84	1,001.45	8,875.35
1.64	69.71	112.40
304.48	1,071.16	8,987.75

NORTHERN ONTARIO

Nipissing Rural Power Districts—Reserve for Renewals
—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....	\$2,958.59
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	723.40
Interest at 4 per cent. per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account	118.34
	<hr/>
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933	\$3,800.33
	<hr/> <hr/>

Nipissing Rural Power Districts—Sinking Fund

Statement showing Sinking Fund paid by each Rural Power District in the periods mentioned hereunder, as part of the cost of power delivered thereto, and interest allowed thereon to October 31, 1933

Rural power district	Period of years ending October 31, 1933	Amount
North Bay R.P.D.—West Ferris and Widdifield twps.....	4 years	\$ c. 634.76
Powassan R.P.D.—Himsworth S. twp.....	2 "	48.00
Total		682.76

NORTHERN ONTARIO

Manitoulin Island Rural Power

Statement showing the costs of distribution of power within Rural Power District, amount remaining to be charged to the Municipalities comprising costs in the year ending

District and municipalities comprised therein	Total capital cost of each district, Provincial Government grant received and applied thereagainst, and the balance representing the investment by the Commission			Cost of power purchased
	Total capital cost	Government grant	Commission's investment	
Manitoulin R.P.D.—Gordon Allan, Billings and Carnarvon twps., Town of Gore Bay and Indian Reserve.....	\$ c. 59,970.48	\$ c. 27,344.69	\$ c. 32,625.79	\$ c. 3,281.25

PROPERTIES

NIPISSING RURAL

Nipissing Rural Power Districts—Reserve for Obsolescence and Contingencies
—October 31, 1933

Amount of reserves to October 31, 1932.....	\$919.50
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	361.70
Interest at 4 per cent. per annum on monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	36.78

Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	\$1,317.98

Nipissing Rural Power Districts—Reserve for Sinking Fund, October 31, 1933

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....	\$469.75
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933:	
By charges included in the costs of distribution of power within rural power districts.....	\$194.22
Interest at 4% per annum on the amount standing at the credit of the reserve accounts.....	18.79

	213.01

	\$682.76

PROPERTIES

MANITOULIN RURAL

District—Rural Operating

the revenues collected from (or charged to) customers within the District, and the this District upon ascertainment (by annual adjustment) of the actual October 31, 1933

Distribution costs and fixed charges					Total cost	Revenue from power and light customers in each district	Amounts remaining to be credited to certain districts or charged to the municipalities comprising certain other districts	
Cost of operation, maintenance and administration	Interest (including exchange)	Renewal charges	Obsolescence and contingencies	Sinking fund			Credited	Charged
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
1,447.26	1,434.09	996.29	476.90	285.45	7,921.24	6,537.40	1,383.84	

GUELPH

Operating Account for

EXPENDITURE

Transportation expense.....	\$23,745.09	
Maintenance—way and structures.....	6,747.34	
Maintenance—equipment.....	15,566.45	
Electric power and motor fuel.....	9,469.67	
General operating and management expenses, including a proportion of administrative and accounting expenses of the Commission chargeable to the operation of the railway.....	10,577.01	
Insurance.....	3,700.83	
Taxes.....	353.89	
		\$70,160.28
Interest.....		13,768.35
Provision for instalments payable to the City of Guelph on May 1, 1933, and November 1, 1933, under purchase agreement:		
Interest for year.....	\$3,349.36	
On account of principal.....	8,350.64	
		11,700.00
Provision for sinking fund.....		3,159.00
		\$98,787.63

GUELPH RADIAL RAILWAY

Reserve for Renewals—October 31, 1933

Total provision for renewals to October 31, 1932.....	\$55,793.41
Deduct:	
Expenditures to October 31, 1932.....	24,860.19
Balance brought forward October 31, 1932.....	\$30,933.22
Added during the year ending October 31, 1933:	
Interest at 4% on the monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	1,237.33
	\$32,170.55
Deduct:	
Expenditures during the year ending October 31, 1933.....	697.57
Balance carried forward October 31, 1933.....	\$31,472.98

RADIAL RAILWAY**the Year Ending October 31, 1933**

REVENUE

Operating revenue.....	\$57,455.31
Net deficit for year payable by the City of Guelph.....	41,332.32

\$98,787.63

GUELPH RADIAL RAILWAY**Reserve for Sinking Fund—October 31, 1933**

Total provision for sinking fund to October 31, 1932.....	\$4,801.68
Provided in the year ending October 31, 1933.....	3,159.00
Interest at 4% on the monthly balances at the credit of the account.....	192.07

Balance carried forward October 31, 1933..... \$8,152.75

THE HAMILTON STREET
A Subsidiary of the Hydro-Electric
Balance Sheet—

ASSETS

Properties, road, equipment, motor buses, franchises, etc., as shown in the books of the Company.....	\$4,777,945.79	
Less—Reserves for renewal—		
Of properties, road and equipment.....	\$695,341.72	
Of motor buses (fully covered).....	189,586.94	
	884,928.66	\$3,893,017.13
Expenditures by Company in respect of T.H. & B. subway at James Street— carried forward pending final allocation of total cost of subway by Dominion Railway Board.....		20,932.78
Materials and supplies.....		56,652.25
Cash in bank.....	\$12,438.70	
Cash in hands of conductors and other employees.....	10,940.00	
		23,378.70
Accounts receivable—Less reserve for doubtful accounts.....		5,687.93
Taxes and insurance prepaid.....		6,699.08
		\$4,006,367.87

THE HAMILTON STREET
A Subsidiary of the Hydro-Electric
Statement of Revenue and Expenditure—

EXPENDITURE

Transportation expenses.....	\$311,303.17	
Maintenance—Way and structures.....	50,568.84	
Maintenance—Equipment.....	100,968.86	
Power and motor fuel—including power purchased.....	177,362.25	
General operating and management expenses, including a proportion of adminis- trative and accounting expenses of the Commission chargeable to the operation of the railway.....	49,945.13	
Taxes.....	56,761.03	
Insurance—Fire, accident and liability.....	40,117.96	
		\$787,027.24
Total operating expenses.....		
Net profit for year, before provision for renewal of road and equipment.....		27,307.72
		\$814,334.96

RAILWAY COMPANY

Power Commission of Ontario

October 31, 1933

LIABILITIES

Capital stock:			
Issued—64,100 shares of a par value of \$50.00 each.....	\$3,205,000	00	
Capital surplus—Created by advances to the Company by Dominion Power & Transmission Company Limited, prior to 31st December, 1929.....	488,846	85	
			<u>\$3,693,846 85</u>
Profit and loss account at October 31st, 1932.....	\$21,929	59	
Less charges thereagainst in the last fiscal year.....	3,968	35	
			<u>17,961 24</u>
Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario—			
Cash advances.....	250,837	27	
Accounts payable and accrued charges.....	37,922	51	
Reserve for outstanding tickets.....	5,800	00	
Contingent liability—			
Share of cost of T.H. & B. subway at James Street expected to be found payable by Company upon final allocation of total cost of subway by Dominion Railway Board.			
			<u>\$4,006,367 87</u>

RAILWAY COMPANY

Power Commission of Ontario

For the Year ending October 31, 1933

REVENUE

Passenger.....	\$799,074	63
Freight and express.....	2,961	80
Miscellaneous.....	12,298	53
Total Revenue.....	\$814,334	96

\$814,334 96

NOTE:

Interest on Commission's advances to, and investment in capital stock of, the Hamilton Street Railway Company.....	\$164,220	43
in excess of profit for year (before provision for renewal of road and equip- ment) from operation of the street railway.....	27,307	72
a balance of.....	\$136,912	71
has been charged to the contingency reserve of the Niagara system.		

APPROPRIATIONS, ADVANCES AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

For the Year Ending October 31, 1933

Appropriations made by the Legislature for the purposes of the Commission, Cash Advances by the Province to the Commission on account of such appropriations, and the Capital Expenditures made on each Undertaking and System by the Commission out of such Cash Advances in the Year Ending October 31, 1933

NIAGARA SYSTEM

Appropriations by Legislature:			
For power developments, including Chats Falls.....	\$730,000.00		
For transformer and distributing stations.....	550,000.00		
For transmission lines and rural distribution systems.....	600,000.00		
For miscellaneous.....	350,000.00		
		<u>\$2,230,000.00</u>	
Cash advances to the Commission out of such appropriations.....	\$1,294,785.00		
Deduct: Amount returned to the Province on October 31, 1933.....	500,000.00		
		<u>\$794,785.00</u>	
Unexpended balance as at October 31, 1933, returnable to Province.....		294,591.31	
			<u>\$500,193.69</u>
Capital expenditure by the Commission:			
On Chats Falls development.....	\$289,262.38		
On Ontario Power development.....	4,546.77		
On steel-tower lines.....	7,680.73		
On wood-pole lines.....	17,201.56		
On transformer stations.....	101,318.35		
On Eastern transformer stations.....	168,532.37		
On Eastern right-of-way.....	113,078.46		
On rural power districts.....	184,551.19		
On local distribution systems.....	9,179.56		
		<u>\$895,351.37</u>	
On Queenston-Chippawa development—			
Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	\$35,294.98		
On right-of-way—			
Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	37,280.19		
On Eastern transmission lines—			
Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	322,582.51		
		<u>395,157.68</u>	
			<u>\$500,193.69</u>

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM

Appropriations by Legislature.....	\$405,000.00		
Cash advances to the Commission out of such appropriations.....	\$89,042.00		
Unexpended balance as at October 31, 1933, returnable to the Province.....	23,422.53		
		<u>\$65,619.47</u>	
Capital expenditure by the Commission:			
On power developments.....	\$8,743.56		
On transformer stations.....	5,931.46		
On transmission lines.....	13,505.96		
On rural power districts.....	40,229.60		
		<u>\$68,410.58</u>	
On local distribution systems—			
Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	2,791.11		
		<u>\$65,619.47</u>	

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM

Appropriations by Legislature.....	\$305,000 00	
Cash advances to the Commission out of such appropriations.....	\$94,000 00	
Unexpended balance as at October 31, 1933, returnable to the Province.....	14,096 46	\$79,903 54
Capital expenditure by the Commission:		
On power developments.....	\$2,792 34	
On transformer stations.....	415 74	
On rural power districts.....	71,837 55	
On local distribution systems.....	4,290 91	
On rural lines.....	1,238 53	
	\$80,575 07	
On transmission lines— Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	671 53	\$79,903 54

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM

Appropriations by Legislature and by Treasury Board minute.....	\$206,000 00	
Cash advances to the Commission out of such appropriations and Treasury Board minute.....	\$149,000 00	
Expended out of renewals and other reserve funds of the system.....	1,033 67	\$150,033 67
Capital expenditure by the Commission:		
On transmission lines.....	\$8,699 19	
On transformer stations.....	119,221 50	
On rural power districts.....	32,804 16	
	\$160,724 85	
On power developments— Receipts in excess of expenditures.....	10,691 18	\$150,033 67

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES

ABITIBI CANYON DEVELOPMENT

Appropriations by Legislature.....	Nil	
Cash received by the Commission upon purchase from the Receiver of the Assets covered by the Bond Mortgage of Ontario Power Service Corporation, Limited.....	\$2,697,392 69	
Unexpended balance as at October 31, 1933.....	897,167 55	\$1,800,225 14
Capital expenditure by the Commission:		
On purchase of the above mentioned assets, in cash.....	\$290,150 00	
This is additional to the \$17,625,125.00 twenty year bonds of the Commission, guaranteed by the Province, bearing interest at 3½ per cent. for the first five years, 4 per cent. for the next five years and 5 per cent. for the last ten years.		
Toward completion of the development and on account of expenses incidental to the purchase.....	1,452,668 92	
In settlement of contractors' and other claims.....	57,406 22	\$1,800,225 14

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES—Continued
AND
MANITOULIN RURAL POWER DISTRICT

Appropriations by Legislature and by Treasury Board Minute	\$255,690.96	
Cash advances to the Commission out of such appropriations and Treasury Board Minute	\$88,766.96	
Deduct: Amount returned to Province on August 8, 1933.....	5,428.83	
	<u>\$83,338.13</u>	
Deduct: Capital expenditure in the year ending October 31, 1932, in excess of cash advances by the Province:		
(a) In respect of Northern Ontario Properties	\$45,153.78	
(b) In respect of Manitoulin Rural Power District....	1,119.61	
	<u>46,273.39</u>	
	<u>\$37,064.74</u>	
Expended out of renewals and other reserve funds of the Commission	3,723.72	
	<u>\$40,788.46</u>	
Capital expenditure by the Commission on Northern Ontario Properties:		
On power development—Wahnapiatae district	\$10,584.13	
On transformer stations—Wahnapiatae district.....	2,141.94	
	<u>\$12,726.07</u>	
On transmission lines—Wahnapiatae district		
Receipts in excess of expenditures	2,756.39	
	<u>\$9,969.68</u>	
On transmission lines—Hunata-Copper Cliff	8,070.70	
On transmission lines—Nipissing district	\$375.98	
On local distribution systems—Nipissing district	4,627.85	
On rural power districts—Nipissing district	1,932.37	
	<u>\$6,936.20</u>	
On power development—Nipissing district		
Receipts in excess of expenditures	\$649.27	
On transformer stations—Nipissing district		
Receipts in excess of expenditures	88.59	
	<u>737.86</u>	
	<u>6,198.34</u>	
	<u>\$24,238.72</u>	
On power development—Patricia district (Ear Falls)		
Receipts in excess of expenditures	956.44	
	<u>\$23,282.28</u>	
Capital expenditure by the Commission on Manitoulin Rural Power District:		
On transformer stations—Manitoulin district	\$4,989.76	
On rural power districts—Manitoulin district	12,516.42	
	<u>17,506.18</u>	
	<u>\$40,788.46</u>	

MISCELLANEOUS

Appropriations by Legislature.....	\$1,000,000.00	
Cash advances to the Commission out of such appropriations.....	\$60,000.00	
Unexpended balance as at October 31, 1933, returnable to Province..	10,008.50	
	<u>\$49,991.50</u>	
Capital expenditure by the Commission:		
On preliminary engineering and architects' plans for proposed new administration building	\$46,860.24	
On service building and equipment.....	3,131.26	
	<u>\$49,991.50</u>	

RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—SUMMARY

Statement showing the total capital expenditures to October 31, 1933, on the construction of Primary and Secondary lines in Rural Power Districts; the portion thereof in course of construction; the investment in lines in operation; the amounts of the Grant (fifty per cent of both Primary and Secondary lines) payable to the Commission by the Province of Ontario; also the extents to which Grants stand authorized by Orders-in-Council under the Rural Hydro Electric Distribution Act, and the amounts of such Grants paid over by the Province to the Commission under such authorization up to October 31, 1933

System	Total capital expenditure		In course of construction		In operation		*Grants (50 % of primary and secondary lines) payable by the Province		Extents to which grants stand authorized by orders-in-council		Grants paid by Province to Commission under such authorizations	
	\$	C.	\$	C.	\$	C.	\$	C.	\$	C.	\$	C.
Niagara system.....	12,793,360	49	15,149	60	12,778,210	89	6,353,049	58	7,241,161	31	6,351,737	71
Georgian Bay system.....	1,496,078	84	2,872	74	1,493,206	10	715,387	58	829,681	99	715,290	09
Thunder Bay system.....	107,878	03			107,878	03	53,939	02	67,650	00	53,939	02
Manitoulin district.....	54,872	37			54,872	37	27,344	69	31,461	50	27,344	69
Nipissing district.....	37,767	34			37,767	34	18,512	89	22,047	00	18,512	89
Eastern Ontario system including Ottawa and Madawaska districts.....	3,203,918	04	9,465	43	3,194,452	61	1,584,759	65	1,806,122	39	1,584,727	11
Totals.....	17,693,875	11	27,487	77	17,666,387	34	8,752,993	41	9,998,124	19	8,751,551	51
Additional sum authorized by above Orders-in-Council and paid over to the Commission but not allocated as between rural power districts.....											41,556	59
											8,793,108	10

Note:—

The cash paid over by the Province to the Commission up to October 31, 1933, on account of authorized grants to rural power districts—as above set out—amounts to..... \$8,793,108.10
 The Grants payable by the Province—as above set out—in respect of rural power districts as at October 31, 1933, amount in the aggregate to..... 8,752,993.41

A balance of..... \$40,111.69
 Which balance represents:

(a) Grant funds in the hands of the Commission at October 31, 1933, not allocated but to apply against the construction of authorized rural power districts and extension to existing districts..... \$41,556.59

Less: (b) Grants (or balance thereof) payable by the Province to the Commission in respect of certain rural power districts completed, or under construction..... 1,441.90

\$40,111.69

Note: *Grants not made by Province in respect of a summer resort, street lighting systems in 61 districts, service buildings in 2 districts and amounts paid for business already established (hereinafter called Intangible Assets) in 9 rural distribution systems purchased from private companies.

SECTION X

MUNICIPAL ACCOUNTS

And Statistical Data Relating to Hydro-Electric Distribution Systems Operated by Individual Municipalities Served by The Hydro-Electric Power Commission

The Municipal Accounts section of this report presents in summary, and individually, the results of the operation of the local electrical utilities in municipalities owning their own distributing system and operating with energy supplied by or through the Hydro-Electric Power Commission.

Financial statements prepared from the books of these "Hydro" utilities are submitted herein to show how each has operated during the past year, and its financial status at the present time. Other tables give useful statistical information respecting average costs for the various classes of service and the rates in force.

The books of account of the electrical utilities in all municipalities which have contracted with the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario for a supply of power are kept in accordance with an accounting system designed by the Commission. During the year 1933, this standard method of accounting was installed in Mildmay and Colborne.

Periodical inspections are made of the books of all "Hydro" electrical utilities and local officials are assisted in the improvement of their office routine with a view to standardizing, as far as possible, the methods employed. In the majority of the smaller municipalities much of the bookkeeping for the electrical utilities is performed by representatives of the municipal audit department of the Commission as a measure of economy. This arrangement insures the correct application of the standard accounting system, with resultant uniformity in classification of revenues and expenditures; secures true reflections of the actual operating results for the year, and greatly enhances the comparative values of the reports.

The first financial statement in this section presents consolidated balance sheets for each year since 1912, and thus shows the march of progress. It combines the balance sheets of the local municipal utilities of all the systems. It is worth noting that the total plant value has increased from \$10,081,469.16 in 1913 to \$91,184,586.56 in 1933, and the total assets from \$11,907,826.86 to \$135,703,252.64. The liabilities have not increased in the same proportion as the assets, rising from \$10,468,351.79 to \$49,920,753.88. The reasons for this

are the regular fulfilment of debt retirement schedules under serial debenture provisions or by maturity of sinking funds, and also the fact that much of the cost of the increasing plant value has been financed out of reserves and surplus without increasing the capital liabilities of the respective utilities. By this procedure the funds of the systems are used to best advantage. Examination of the results will also show that there is a steady decline in the percentage of net liabilities to total assets; being from 88.0 per cent in 1913 to 39.5 per cent in 1933. The equities in the Hydro-Electric Power Commission's systems automatically acquired through the inclusion of sinking funds as part of the cost of power are not taken into account in arriving at these percentages.

The second financial statement presents consolidated operating reports for each year since "Hydro" service was inaugurated and combines the results from the local municipal utilities of all the systems. After providing for every cost of operation and fixed charges, including the standard provision for depreciation, the combined operating reports show a net shortage of \$627,011.33 for 1933.

The five statements, "A" to "E," following the two consolidated reports show the financial status of each municipal utility and the results of operations, giving classified information respecting revenue, operating costs, number of consumers and consumption, cost of power to municipalities, power and lighting rates charged to consumers, etc. In the statements "A" and "B," the municipalities are arranged alphabetically under each system; in statement "D" the municipalities are arranged in three groups—cities, towns and small municipalities; in statements "C" and "E" all municipalities are arranged alphabetically.

Statement "A" presents the balance sheet of each electrical utility. The plant values are portrayed under the general subdivisions specified in the standard accounting system and the other items on the positive side of the ledger which are included in total assets are, by their nomenclature, self-explanatory with the exception, perhaps, of the item entitled "equity in H.E.P.C. systems." This represents the amount of accumulated sinking fund credited to the municipal utilities through the medium of "power cost" and accrued interest, toward the ultimate retirement of the capital invested by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario on their behalf. The total accumulation by these municipalities at the end of 1933 is shown in the consolidated balance sheet to be \$26,045,679.00.

In conformity with a policy of service at cost to the customer, refunds by cash or credit were made during the year in many municipalities from surplus funds accrued to the credit of municipal services, such as street lighting, water works, sewage disposal, etc., and to individual customers. The amounts of the accumulated surpluses rebated equalled, in different municipalities, from one-twelfth to one-third of the previous year's revenue. The total thus returned to customers during the year 1933 amounted in round figures to \$240,000.00.

In each case the balance sheets are complete and final, and include the adjustments between the estimated and actual costs of power to the municipality.

The reserves for depreciation, and the acquired equity in the Hydro-Electric Power Commission's systems, are listed individually and totalled; and under the heading "surplus" are included not only the free operating surplus but the accumulation of sinking fund applicable to debenture debt and also the amount of debentures already retired out of revenue.

The depreciation reserve now amounts to 20.18 per cent of the total depreciable plant, while the depreciation reserve and surplus combined have already reached the sum of \$57,688,737.92, approximately 63.26 per cent of the total plant cost.

Statement "B" shows detailed operating reports for each municipal electrical utility. It gives annual revenues from the various classes of consumers; the items of expenditure which make up the total annual expenditure and the sums set aside for depreciation. The population served by each local utility, and the number of consumers of each class are also shown.

The item "power purchased" in this statement includes the debit or credit balances ascertained by the annual adjustment of the cost of power supplied to the municipalities by the Commission.

Of the 282 municipal electric utilities included in this statement, 171 received from consumers revenue sufficient to meet in full all operating expenses, interest, debt retirement instalments, and standard depreciation reserve allocation and to yield an aggregate net surplus of \$306,522.71 for the year; 75 were able to defray out of revenue all such charges except a portion of the standard depreciation allocation aggregating \$613,701.11; in the case of 36 utilities the revenue was less than the total of operating expenses, interest and debt retirement instalments by \$95,258.10.

Statement "C" shows the installation of street lights in each municipality together with the rates approved by this Commission, the revenue for 1933, and the cost per capita in each municipality.

Statement "D" presents statistics relating to the supply of electrical energy to consumers in Ontario municipalities served by the Commission. It shows the revenue, kilowatt-hour consumption, number of consumers, average monthly consumption, average monthly bill and the net average cost per kilowatt-hour both for domestic and for commercial light service in each municipality. For power service this statement shows the revenue, the number of consumers and the average horsepower supplied by the municipal utility.* For further reference to this informative statement, consult the special introduction to it on page 406.

Statement "E" presents the cost per horsepower of the power provided for and delivered to the municipalities by the Commission, and the local rates to consumers in force in the respective municipalities, during the year 1933, for domestic service, for commercial light service and for power service.

*The statistics include retail power only. Wholesale industrial power as supplied by the Commission direct, is reported in Section IX.

NOTE: In 1933-34, the Ontario Municipal Electric Association requested information respecting the remuneration paid certain members of the staff, and in this connection it was stated that for this year the information would be placed in the Municipal section of the Annual Report.

The Commission retains out of the salary of its employees an amount to provide for Pension and Insurance. After such deduction the present (1933-1934) yearly remuneration to the following members of the staff as requested is:—F. A. Gaby, \$29,070.00; I. B. Lucas, \$10,895.04; W. W. Pope, \$8,707.44; T. H. Hogg, \$13,520.04; E. T. J. Brandon, \$12,470.04; R. T. Jeffery, \$10,895.04; W. R. Robertson, \$6,695.04; H. C. Don Carlos, \$10,895.04; W. G. Pierdon, \$10,895.04; A. E. Davison, \$5,532.72; W. P. Dobson, \$6,170.04; B. O. Salter, \$5,090.04; A. V. Trimble, \$10,695.00; A. V. White, \$9,142.08. The present remuneration of the Chairman is \$13,175.04 and Commissioners \$7,975.08.

CONSOLIDATED

YEAR.....	1913	1914	1915
Number of municipalities included.....	45	69	99
ASSETS			
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....	626,707.34	791,732.20	873,838.18
Substation equipment.....	1,090,875.69	1,476,087.84	1,582,062.56
Distribution system—overhead.....	2,690,834.74	3,422,763.93	4,234,626.05
Distribution system—underground.....	644,514.24	807,153.53	928,420.77
Line transformers.....	615,546.20	787,613.52	981,754.70
Meters.....	840,606.64	1,172,475.11	1,418,165.08
Street lighting equipment—regular.....	900,614.80	1,071,255.37	1,309,628.49
Street lighting equipment—ornamental.....	62,765.34	270,386.55	197,644.82
Miscellaneous construction expenses.....	866,551.89	2,062,035.90	1,701,182.66
Steam or hydraulic plant.....	1,401,175.28	420,108.33	461,651.60
Old plant.....	341,277.00	619,513.12	1,184,372.86
Total plant.....	10,081,469.16	12,901,125.40	14,873,347.77
Bank and cash balance.....	450,887.97	422,350.12	284,653.96
Securities and investments.....			
Accounts receivable.....	344,487.95	561,873.08	602,920.69
Inventories.....	540,274.58	615,226.76	726,556.76
Sinking fund on local debentures.....	431,747.27	625,217.03	868,983.78
Equity in H-E-P.C. systems.....			
Other assets.....	58,959.93	123,410.97	326,801.11
Total assets.....	11,907,826.86	15,249,203.36	17,683,264.07
LIABILITIES			
Debenture balance.....	8,711,308.37	10,678,078.36	11,831,811.03
Accounts payable.....	1,553,711.45	1,682,150.29	2,040,038.01
Bank overdraft.....	160,919.16	228,622.50	292,106.44
Other liabilities.....	42,412.81	113,838.66	37,388.31
Total liabilities.....	10,468,351.79	12,702,689.81	14,201,343.79
RESERVES			
For equity in H-E-P.C. systems.....			
For depreciation.....	478,145.88	850,618.07	1,337,739.73
Other reserves.....			
Total reserves.....	478,145.88	850,618.07	1,337,739.73
SURPLUS			
Debentures paid.....	202,751.26	320,129.10	394,466.22
Local sinking fund.....	431,747.27	625,217.03	868,983.78
Operating surplus.....	326,830.66	750,549.35	880,730.55
Total surplus.....	961,329.19	1,695,895.48	2,144,180.55
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	11,907,826.86	15,249,203.36	17,683,264.07
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	88.0	88.3	80.3

NOTE.—In computing the percentage of net debt to total assets the sinking fund on local debentures and equity in H-E-P.C. systems are excluded from assets, and total liabilities are reduced by amount of local sinking fund.

BALANCE SHEET

1916		1917		1918		1919		1920		1921	
128		143		166		191		195		215	
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
1,335,936	33	1,546,241	41	1,859,888	69	1,995,545	83	2,175,568	24	3,230,985	63
1,934,626	12	2,471,293	82	2,820,488	70	2,915,125	56	3,231,050	80	5,403,689	90
4,832,353	27	6,090,073	42	6,627,237	39	7,445,820	31	8,579,881	49	8,397,361	48
1,095,709	62	1,157,059	90	1,216,288	59	1,206,296	88	1,313,369	29	1,401,135	97
1,179,132	07	1,483,839	44	1,772,691	35	2,073,113	45	2,560,581	59	3,077,649	83
1,711,299	49	1,999,095	48	2,238,143	70	2,587,566	32	3,053,135	20	3,552,076	79
1,251,057	13	1,237,734	69	1,200,625	65	1,206,638	71	1,269,006	98	1,335,997	13
306,388	95	361,975	74	531,502	61	546,497	68	557,678	13	610,586	70
2,059,263	42	2,184,015	84	2,395,096	50	2,530,101	08	2,697,636	12	3,030,134	16
864,500	01	896,753	20	214,575	75	986,200	57	757,194	47	704,848	46
759,748	66	649,852	51	1,476,413	00	805,959	89	864,298	39	912,388	55
17,330,015	07	20,077,935	45	22,352,951	93	24,298,866	28	27,059,400	70	31,656,854	60
1,061,029	90	340,026	50	391,194	91	462,437	23	943,858	12	900,842	34
695,152	23	1,285,097	33	1,124,018	44	627,076	53	341,855	88	477,678	69
764,504	59	1,261,398	36	972,996	96	1,921,166	69	2,022,538	88	2,155,788	62
1,166,017	73	1,337,578	96	1,663,298	05	1,032,569	75	1,400,671	89	1,504,596	28
342,215	87	125,240	05	444,787	63	1,925,455	77	2,244,004	34	2,541,718	35
21,358,935	39	24,427,276	65	26,949,247	92	369,071	89	577,584	06	795,570	51
15,058,641	57	15,593,773	61	17,209,217	70	86,216	05	25,447	07	78,929	84
969,187	75	1,537,669	11	1,007,727	79	30,722,860	19	34,615,360	94	40,111,979	23
178,413	26	886,177	94	576,816	49	18,133,462	44	19,268,072	04	21,619,220	99
491,874	90	429,104	20	350,013	21	1,420,926	66	1,840,137	54	1,887,567	93
16,698,117	48	18,446,724	86	19,143,775	19	403,235	57	514,671	99	989,099	98
1,843,804	68	2,463,723	83	3,133,550	17	670,271	90	642,293	65	938,368	84
1,843,804	68	2,463,723	83	3,133,550	17	373,871	89	577,584	06	800,249	05
549,778	59	694,797	90	920,076	56	3,750,162	28	4,788,645	03	5,491,858	93
1,165,785	94	1,340,615	38	1,662,602	69	4,124,034	17	5,366,229	09	6,292,107	98
1,101,448	70	1,481,414	68	2,089,243	31	5,970,929	45	6,983,956	63	8,385,613	51
2,817,013	23	3,516,827	96	4,671,922	56	1,328,657	68	1,440,156	52	1,860,079	53
21,358,935	39	24,427,276	65	26,949,247	92	1,754,020	37	2,246,474	47	2,541,718	35
78.4		75.5		71.0		2,888,251	40	3,297,325	64	3,983,815	63
						2,817,013	23	3,516,827	96	4,671,922	56
						5,970,929	45	6,983,956	63	8,385,613	51
						30,722,860	19	34,615,360	94	40,111,979	23
						67.9		65.4		64.7	

CONSOLIDATED

YEAR.....	1922	1923	1924
Number of municipalities included.....	226	235	248
ASSETS			
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....	3,334,522.68	4,488,054.93	4,561,648.92
Substation equipment.....	5,046,857.98	6,015,919.75	6,800,238.00
Distribution system—overhead.....	11,165,330.24	13,135,581.76	14,182,190.33
Distribution system—underground.....	1,598,053.02	1,959,120.41	2,873,446.13
Line transformers.....	3,618,684.73	4,211,655.89	4,456,669.02
Meters.....	4,033,689.52	4,548,933.73	5,149,629.71
Street lighting equipment—regular.....	1,419,016.05	1,061,473.85	1,134,491.77
Street lighting equipment—ornamental.....	666,084.50	708,431.22	728,298.08
Miscellaneous construction expenses.....	3,261,495.74	3,681,274.88	4,168,262.21
Steam or hydraulic plant.....	565,158.54	566,619.86	4,196,803.45
Old plant.....	7,997,947.87	8,051,496.28	5,587,420.31
Total plant.....	42,706,840.87	48,428,562.56	53,839,097.93
Bank and cash balance.....	1,164,336.24	1,276,140.06	1,748,912.34
Securities and investments.....	443,938.18	1,153,424.47	1,329,622.58
Accounts receivable.....	3,874,317.14	3,198,769.34	3,898,751.89
Inventories.....	1,738,795.96	1,819,711.62	1,745,628.16
Sinking fund on local debentures.....	3,416,231.45	3,896,261.28	4,520,723.06
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	1,543,434.12	2,929,603.94	5,420,567.58
Other assets.....	238,940.13	190,071.63	250,292.77
Total assets.....	55,126,834.09	62,892,544.90	72,753,596.31
LIABILITIES			
Debenture balance.....	30,454,186.12	33,056,501.29	38,005,162.50
Accounts payable.....	3,699,292.52	3,708,781.76	3,117,224.08
Bank overdraft.....	456,706.69	680,714.59	162,100.71
Other liabilities.....	586,203.02	1,517,828.47	1,780,564.27
Total liabilities.....	35,196,388.35	38,963,826.11	43,065,051.56
RESERVES			
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	1,543,434.12	2,929,603.94	5,420,567.58
For depreciation.....	6,512,813.92	7,328,858.69	8,097,834.68
Other reserves.....			
Total reserves.....	8,056,248.04	10,258,462.63	13,518,402.26
SURPLUS			
Debentures paid.....	3,104,591.15	2,852,038.38	3,530,610.35
Local sinking fund.....	3,416,231.45	3,896,261.28	4,520,723.06
Operating surplus.....	5,353,375.10	6,921,956.50	8,118,809.08
Total surplus.....	11,874,197.70	13,670,256.16	16,170,142.49
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	55,126,834.09	62,892,544.90	72,753,596.31
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	63.3	62.6	61.4

BALANCE SHEET—Continued

1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930
247	251	252	256	260	267
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
5,768,855.99	6,111,162.54	6,486,476.89	7,024,646.76	7,469,451.46	7,936,974.31
8,543,166.55	9,505,501.77	15,088,905.14	16,866,186.21	18,102,792.13	19,485,056.28
16,837,535.57	18,654,240.54	16,689,462.41	17,688,050.68	18,108,016.82	19,220,326.48
3,388,837.09	3,689,569.95	3,278,382.58	3,559,288.16	4,823,369.60	4,932,189.05
5,079,754.23	5,538,605.24	5,985,521.37	6,549,674.64	7,312,742.17	7,953,690.23
5,533,483.92	5,963,162.51	6,346,660.59	6,839,802.90	7,405,478.91	7,840,948.07
1,256,916.53	1,309,608.30	1,399,314.06	1,486,646.24	1,594,183.25	1,780,785.67
893,186.48	1,103,660.23	1,184,035.82	1,203,706.65	1,458,349.64	1,520,891.01
4,485,110.96	3,456,777.71	3,360,671.09	3,394,626.92	3,483,487.78	3,996,747.77
568,912.49	628,909.57	607,320.00	619,880.93	489,097.57	139,587.78
4,549,142.46	4,655,422.59	5,095,555.90	5,032,689.26	5,093,378.75	5,322,690.14
56,904,902.27	60,616,620.95	65,522,255.85	70,264,599.35	75,340,348.08	80,129,286.29
1,700,145.30	2,136,290.79	3,014,832.48	1,342,367.07	858,733.68	2,722,250.12
1,095,662.92	1,400,316.43	1,696,237.66	1,837,140.51	2,001,088.81	1,909,439.11
3,417,558.86	3,508,817.87	3,715,770.72	4,097,446.13	4,683,201.97	4,481,006.92
1,711,504.13	1,397,667.83	1,412,729.41	1,220,186.10	1,365,033.58	1,242,994.51
5,202,451.70	5,599,675.01	6,398,909.77	7,071,273.69	7,753,613.88	8,396,255.47
7,551,588.70	8,046,868.53	10,143,205.66	12,326,097.56	14,754,865.40	17,346,372.44
137,280.05	33,151.81	31,942.45	153,275.04	152,260.86	173,030.05
77,721,093.93	82,739,409.22	91,935,884.00	9,8312,385.45	106,909,146.26	116,400,634.91
37,919,225.01	39,602,533.48	42,891,361.57	42,597,175.78	42,930,127.74	45,091,808.06
3,139,067.92	3,118,684.78	2,988,621.90	3,074,634.25	3,132,145.03	3,001,186.21
226,147.82	163,725.53	252,362.52	253,143.81	412,056.69	405,663.14
1,075,914.83	1,087,795.08	1,154,810.24	1,258,610.23	1,621,378.17	1,642,771.59
42,360,355.58	43,972,738.87	47,287,156.23	47,183,564.07	48,095,707.63	50,141,429.00
7,551,588.70	8,046,868.53	10,143,205.66	12,326,097.56	14,754,865.40	17,346,372.44
8,699,437.68	9,360,322.27	10,319,889.05	11,140,795.68	11,911,154.49	12,885,387.51
1,157,147.20	947,970.23	1,002,916.69	1,117,257.63	1,437,371.26	1,574,655.74
17,408,173.58	18,355,161.03	21,466,011.40	24,584,150.87	28,103,391.15	31,806,415.69
4,440,138.34	5,493,879.83	6,648,767.38	7,928,907.61	9,194,253.59	10,728,279.15
5,202,451.70	5,599,675.01	6,398,909.77	7,071,273.69	7,962,121.20	8,396,255.47
8,309,974.73	9,317,954.48	10,135,039.22	11,544,489.21	13,553,672.69	15,328,255.60
17,952,564.77	20,411,509.32	23,182,716.37	26,544,670.51	30,710,047.48	34,452,790.22
77,721,093.93	82,739,409.22	91,935,884.00	98,312,385.45	106,909,146.26	116,400,634.91
57.2	55.5	54.2	50.8	47.8	46.0

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET—Concluded

YEAR	1931	1932	1933
Number of municipalities included	275	280	282
ASSETS			
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	8,407,664.48	9,503,743.78	10,186,471.28
Substation equipment	21,013,956.74	22,288,781.68	22,306,800.94
Distribution system—overhead	19,918,355.76	20,866,767.32	21,152,681.20
Distribution system—underground	5,361,627.24	5,820,056.75	5,945,225.61
Line transformers	8,649,875.07	9,392,662.62	9,478,605.14
Meters	8,106,202.88	8,403,251.67	8,514,165.03
Street lighting equipment—regular	2,205,613.18	2,257,618.20	2,381,599.40
Street lighting equipment—ornamental	1,456,742.91	1,545,354.93	1,458,443.68
Miscellaneous construction expenses	3,827,132.05	4,120,926.11	4,040,859.74
Steam or hydraulic plant	458,374.05	498,231.69	502,978.62
Old plant	7,146,437.96	4,989,654.97	5,016,755.92
Other plants not distributed		200,000.00	200,000.00
Total plant	86,551,982.32	89,887,049.72	91,184,586.56
Bank and cash balance	2,738,319.67	3,185,442.00	1,696,489.24
Securities and investments	1,999,846.42	2,059,325.10	2,163,785.20
Accounts receivable	3,957,972.78	3,683,059.42	3,746,910.92
Inventories	1,276,531.01	1,232,209.52	1,226,043.30
Sinking fund on local debentures	8,735,050.84	9,099,210.61	9,386,176.58
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	20,103,275.76	23,066,129.81	26,045,679.00
Other assets	174,879.28	163,637.79	253,581.84
Total assets	125,537,858.08	132,376,063.97	135,703,252.64
LIABILITIES			
Debenture balance	44,594,400.03	45,133,305.97	42,606,145.29
Accounts payable	5,382,306.13	3,512,724.58	3,320,485.45
Bank overdraft	312,575.54	298,910.20	206,398.00
Other liabilities	1,909,986.13	3,740,376.11	3,787,725.14
Total liabilities	52,199,267.83	52,685,316.86	49,920,753.88
RESERVES			
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	20,103,275.76	23,066,129.81	26,045,679.00
For depreciation	13,748,049.68	14,902,177.02	16,075,959.28
Other reserves	1,693,129.83	1,902,308.64	2,048,081.84
Total reserves	35,544,455.27	39,870,615.47	44,169,720.12
SURPLUS			
Debentures paid	13,150,040.37	15,244,778.28	17,651,367.71
Local sinking fund	8,735,050.84	9,099,210.61	9,386,176.58
Operating surplus	15,909,043.77	15,476,142.75	14,575,234.35
Total surplus	37,794,134.98	39,820,131.64	41,612,778.64
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	125,537,858.08	132,376,063.97	135,703,252.64
Percentage of net debt to total assets	44.1	43.4	39.5

NOTE.—In computing the percentage of net debt to total assets the sinking fund on local debentures and equity in H-E.P.C. systems are excluded from assets, and total liabilities are reduced by the amount of local sinking fund.

CONSOLIDATED OPERATING REPORT

YEAR.....	1912	1913	1914	1915
Number of municipalities included	28	45	69	99
EARNINGS				
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....		572,154.38	789,130.81	944,271.08
Commercial light service.....		525,438.16	673,803.92	720,209.26
Commercial power service.....		905,378.17	1,214,829.31	1,501,797.78
Municipal power.....				
Street lighting.....		560,925.56	698,409.71	835,970.87
Rural service.....				
Miscellaneous.....		53,543.24	57,482.41	68,046.29
Total earnings.....	1,617,674.00	2,617,439.51	3,433,656.16	4,070,295.28
EXPENSES				
Power purchased.....		789,632.87	1,045,752.65	1,484,666.00
Substation operation.....		78,394.81	97,658.90	107,607.31
Substation maintenance.....		18,698.46	31,790.99	25,935.56
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....		104,114.51	130,998.65	154,409.71
Line transformer maintenance.....		8,547.61	11,764.32	11,508.92
Meter maintenance.....		5,222.19	9,536.07	12,899.14
Consumers' premises expenses.....		53,108.38	65,192.23	47,494.26
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....		84,903.76	113,047.80	136,983.38
Promotion of business.....		72,303.51	86,683.02	74,402.55
Billing and collecting.....		77,351.76	103,560.71	131,541.27
General office, salaries and expenses.....		154,932.69	230,899.75	236,777.86
Undistributed expense.....		65,423.64	89,350.91	129,209.15
Interest.....		528,549.21	662,092.34	817,978.89
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....		*	*	*
Total expenses.....	1,377,168.00	2,041,183.40	2,678,328.34	3,371,414.00
Surplus.....	240,506.00	576,256.11	755,327.82	698,881.28
Depreciation charge.....	124,992.47	262,675.24	357,883.31	414,506.99
Surplus less depreciation.....	115,513.53	313,580.87	397,444.51	284,374.29

*Debenture payments included in "Interest."

CONSOLIDATED

YEAR.....	1916	1917	1918
Number of municipalities included.....	128	143	166
EARNINGS			
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	1,172,878 96	1,417,460 31	1,632,272 12
Commercial light service.....	812,130 78	899,023 72	968,399 42
Commercial power service.....	1,921,152 31	2,665,280 65	3,417,248 37
Municipal power.....			
Street lighting.....	930,057 48	967,495 10	902,875 55
Rural service.....			
Miscellaneous.....	147,381 50	120,805 39	161,243 70
Total earnings.....	4,983,601 03	6,070,065 17	7,082,039 16
EXPENSES			
Power purchased.....	1,959,446 83	2,573,879 37	2,807,769 33
Substation operation.....	153,761 08	203,091 20	238,257 34
Substation maintenance.....	46,131 53	42,129 04	60,805 92
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	154,247 17	169,326 24	223,347 81
Line transformer maintenance.....	14,528 17	25,328 95	30,488 83
Meter maintenance.....	24,218 48	44,461 55	63,155 56
Consumers' premises expenses.....	52,602 01	61,765 14	65,149 59
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....	145,471 50	157,857 73	196,157 18
Promotion of business.....	79,324 85	73,516 37	64,962 78
Billing and collecting.....	154,508 58	188,083 84	208,660 76
General office, salaries and expenses.....	306,709 35	349,932 05	421,680 15
Undistributed expense.....	97,333 97	102,938 80	117,474 07
Interest.....	951,781 99	1,085,180 80	1,238,425 53
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	*	*	*
Total expenses.....	4,140,065 51	5,077,491 08	5,736,334 85
Surplus.....	843,535 52	992,574 09	1,345,704 31
Depreciation charge.....	486,141 80	607,296 29	718,162 30
Surplus less depreciation.....	357,393 72	385,277 80	627,542 01

*Debenture payments included in "Interest."

OPERATING REPORT—Continued

1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924
181	186	205	214	224	241
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1,991,632.31	2,546,345.30	3,149,080.03	3,786,608.23	5,166,452.24	5,993,231.07
1,175,143.56	1,512,854.63	1,851,501.76	2,158,306.34	3,260,772.50	3,566,227.22
3,443,107.13	3,752,188.22	3,895,437.46	4,383,912.97	5,927,666.37	6,222,865.88
	532,279.09	654,531.01	973,263.38	1,161,598.60	1,352,966.47
988,900.95	1,005,535.11	1,060,357.77	1,160,446.81	1,269,604.48	1,356,668.97
	168,919.95	145,566.57	105,877.09	116,639.06	75,100.24
228,270.65	189,778.63	225,467.70	187,689.39	316,311.21	231,663.58
7,827,054.60	9,707,900.93	10,981,942.30	12,756,104.21	17,219,044.46	18,798,723.43
3,284,490.68	4,216,667.87	4,876,650.31	6,636,853.37	8,699,026.67	9,669,789.40
217,638.89	285,407.35	314,838.35	315,443.70	474,442.13	430,056.09
81,853.63	102,050.81	104,798.01	100,763.67	133,815.53	202,050.04
286,310.76	344,551.57	487,918.33	519,252.16	636,477.41	648,700.62
42,509.12	46,323.09	65,088.46	52,932.26	75,920.10	82,936.50
78,726.64	123,701.18	116,722.97	107,806.88	139,104.81	141,231.23
84,301.24	116,283.52	134,854.92	143,388.88	218,682.02	237,316.20
215,963.86	236,930.79	297,481.52	297,363.86	299,579.08	269,973.30
74,789.22	78,294.85	101,804.46	129,932.63	184,371.00	202,060.74
236,504.75	295,942.88	321,685.71	338,153.50	444,306.92	490,273.30
452,131.22	559,695.29	656,268.11	605,852.50	937,463.47	889,907.66
190,690.69	256,400.33	308,874.42	385,895.03	359,206.91	494,078.50
1,285,571.51	1,431,807.16	998,611.47	1,074,657.44	1,615,205.16	1,779,991.26
*	*	532,183.96	635,469.90	990,907.14	1,122,798.87
6,531,481.61	8,094,056.69	9,317,781.00	11,343,765.78	15,208,508.35	16,661,163.71
1,295,572.99	1,613,844.24	1,664,161.30	1,412,338.43	2,010,536.11	2,137,559.72
814,219.37	902,028.75	1,044,434.85	715,814.24	916,782.75	973,649.62
481,353.62	711,815.49	619,726.45	696,524.19	1,093,753.36	1,163,910.10

CONSOLIDATED

YEAR.....	1925	1926	1927
Number of municipalities included.....	242	248	251
EARNINGS			
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	6,439,159 86	7,372,602 62	8,189,866 89
Commercial light service.....	3,866,292 79	4,187,899 19	4,626,815 51
Commercial power service.....	6,568,854 77	6,789,217 54	7,342,173 20
Municipal power.....	1,923,093 09	1,922,512 34	1,913,502 88
Street lighting.....	1,415,382 22	1,457,686 21	1,489,242 37
Rural service.....	37,975 18	37,810 73	13,765 72
Miscellaneous.....	286,451 08	471,134 15	581,913 04
Total earnings.....	20,537,208 99	22,238,862 78	24,157,279 61
EXPENSES			
Power purchased.....	11,063,123 34	12,185,669 10	13,505,583 77
Substation operation.....	417,921 71	450,416 84	430,211 76
Substation maintenance.....	207,497 63	286,520 37	275,148 86
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	686,344 54	795,514 70	758,747 10
Line transformer maintenance.....	75,473 28	74,876 11	94,706 38
Meter maintenance.....	156,909 55	189,603 70	214,813 87
Consumers' premises expenses.....	252,808 47	275,020 62	285,352 68
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....	275,316 60	295,869 37	318,395 79
Promotion of business.....	217,102 24	234,696 74	220,687 60
Billing and collecting.....	521,134 01	557,271 54	605,627 58
General office, salaries and expenses.....	891,640 29	786,742 60	824,868 90
Undistributed expense.....	520,584 58	460,288 30	531,003 80
Truck operation and maintenance.....			
Interest.....	1,889,810 95	1,985,233 73	2,063,698 00
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	1,294,027 29	1,347,511 92	1,505,626 31
Total expenses.....	18,469,694 48	19,925,235 64	21,634,472 40
Surplus.....	2,067,514 51	2,313,627 14	2,522,807 21
Depreciation charge.....	1,068,880 42	1,146,273 05	1,249,711 65
Surplus less depreciation.....	998,634 09	1,167,354 09	1,273,095 56

OPERATING REPORT—Concluded

1928		1929		1930		1931		1932		1933	
255		259		267		275		280		282	
\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
8,925,050.	56	9,873,681	57	10,542,903	89	10,972,952	10	11,447,307	85	11,429,101	13
5,182,723	32	5,697,766	06	5,961,383	23	6,230,475	89	6,243,794	01	6,013,025	96
8,298,669	44	9,376,158	74	9,340,653	28	9,456,224	97	9,356,693	88	9,080,522	07
1,921,300	97	2,086,444	24	2,111,482	38	1,967,118	54	1,859,585	35	1,826,872	07
1,534,476	98	1,598,262	43	1,674,528	03	1,746,855	24	1,783,972	46	1,779,582	48
48,451	90*	51,590	54*	28,954	60*	29,446	38*	11,069	27*	*12,812	74
465,791	92	522,780	95	581,914	78	511,139	80	513,787	30	485,925	43
26,376,465	09	29,206,684	53	30,241,820	19	30,914,212	92	31,216,210	12	30,627,841	88
14,688,570.	08	16,379,162	88	17,323,077	97	18,085,166	51	19,109,036	25	19,330,861	58
420,512	48	461,270	27	479,502	48	487,484	17	503,351	82	484,764	57
247,647	88	274,275	56	320,716	48	303,536	11	300,186	15	288,583	29
736,159	85	907,817	04	991,972	86	1,015,256	14	969,750	61	895,350	99
88,676	18	93,608	14	96,746	35	93,463	24	95,485	55	82,321	32
218,530	96	242,126	27	278,379	43	284,633	88	300,104	85	283,115	98
291,333	03	314,495	03	317,902	45	363,078	47	368,208	73	361,499	20
329,597	16	359,373	40	372,211	17	368,119	49	360,709	76	353,082	15
249,842	01	250,844	28	249,070	05	255,956	03	266,760	84	259,936	42
638,797	02	695,729	42	745,159	02	792,983	99	818,721	33	817,660	03
844,578	55	904,025	64	907,226	89	923,676	84	960,558	88	908,517	79
542,755	34	502,206	06	523,862	96	520,893	10	436,692	96	349,101	36
.....		110,630	62	112,029	82	107,918	93	112,059	90	105,452	68
2,111,049	49	2,152,695	49	2,220,214	45	2,328,094	32	2,532,940	93	2,426,286	35
1,601,711	32	1,687,201	64	1,828,061	62	2,061,718	79	2,244,367	86	2,319,319	09
23,009,761	35	25,335,461	74	26,766,134	00	27,991,980	01	29,378,936	42	31,254,853	21
3,366,703	74	3,871,222	79	3,475,686	19	2,922,232	91	1,837,273	70	1,361,989	08
1,350,252	16	1,469,846	83	1,574,991	68	1,775,330	69	1,926,896	22	1,989,060	41
2,016,451	58	2,401,375	96	1,900,694	51	1,146,902	22	83,622	52	627,011	33
								(loss)		(loss)	

*Profits from the sale of merchandise. Rural service now given in "Rural Power Districts." Consult Section IX.

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

**NIAGARA
SYSTEM**

Municipality	Acton	Agincourt	Ailsa Craig	Alvinston	Amherst- burg
Population	1,895	P.V.	464	690	3,086
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	1,545 45			133 56	
Substation equipment	1,847 39				932 00
Distribution system—overhead	23,482 38	8,481 56	8,174 03	14,008 12	33,614 83
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	11,302 83	3,686 18	1,946 95	3,024 48	15,917 83
Meters	10,472 15	2,479 55	2,571 67	2,972 37	15,219 85
Street light equipment, regular	1,880 04	767 19	404 09	1,090 62	812 44
Street light equipment, ornamental					5,598 72
Miscellaneous construction expense	2,620 49	104 85	492 36	791 52	1,600 27
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant	3,481 50			773 85	
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	56,632 23	15,519 33	13,589 10	22,794 52	73,695 94
Bank and cash balance	3,137 53	2,511 49	3,205 11	282 09	7,440 26
Securities and investments	1,500 00	1,000 00	5,000 00	2,000 00	1,898 30
Accounts receivable	592 60	1,139 69	39 15	456 09	2,437 20
Inventories	818 04	2 04			
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	34,576 27	5,182 99	9,541 72	9,622 20	27,567 04
Other assets	589 02				3,140 64
Total assets	97,845 69	25,355 54	31,375 08	35,154 90	116,179 38
Deficit				3,814 05	
Total	97,845 69	25,355 54	31,375 08	38,968 95	116,179 38
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance		3,433 73		12,450 39	25,176 10
Accounts payable	13 13	583 80	200 65	916 90	
Bank overdraft					
Other liabilities	542 09		92 00		7,144 27
Total liabilities	555 22	4,017 53	292 65	13,367 29	32,320 37
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	34,576 27	5,182 99	9,541 72	9,622 20	27,567 04
For depreciation	9,654 09	1,530 63	5,174 27	4,900 61	14,021 84
Other reserves					
Total reserves	44,230 36	6,713 62	14,715 99	14,522 81	41,588 88
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	14,500 00	4,638 92	6,883 38	11,078 85	6,877 50
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	38,560 11	9,985 47	9,483 06		35,392 63
Total surplus	53,060 11	14,624 39	16,366 44	11,078 85	42,270 13
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	97,845 69	25,355 54	31,375 08	38,968 95	116,179 38
Percentage of net debt to total assets	0.8	19.9	1.3	52.4	32.2

"A"

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Ancaster Twp.	Arkona 416	Aylmer 1,989	Ayr 768	Baden P.V.	Beachville P.V.	Belle River 746	Blenheim 1,690
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
15,858.22	9,559.67	20,733.69	12,440.57	7,474.60	13,922.72	16,266.23	25,681.74
10,236.49	1,976.44	10,356.91	3,850.56	4,048.22	3,550.21	3,651.15	8,123.02
4,202.68	1,549.36	9,591.53	3,580.79	2,872.74	3,142.06	3,683.98	9,116.00
1,269.78	671.60	1,723.79	628.42	447.45	423.23	924.29	3,367.96
324.93	225.47	1,130.33	941.79		602.04	1,043.78	1,482.97
	1,030.30	6,719.17	4,002.53				1,128.43
31,892.10	15,012.84	59,274.65	25,569.66	15,503.65	21,816.39	25,569.43	49,809.76
	88.03	1,314.13	57.93	3,831.00	522.43	3,631.25	4,343.02
1,761.46	176.18	12,000.00			4,000.00	3,000.00	
		1,365.89	1,196.70		722.31	744.16	692.65
		60.62					30.34
8,321.47	2,948.25	22,779.10	8,153.15	19,259.17	23,913.36	5,164.20	21,191.34
	54.54						
41,975.03	18,279.84	96,794.39	34,977.44	38,593.82	50,974.49	38,109.04	76,067.11
	1,561.01						
41,975.03	19,840.85	96,794.39	34,977.44	38,593.82	50,974.49	38,109.04	76,067.11
7,921.48	9,736.09	20,208.85	6,948.52	2,102.21	2,286.51	5,454.34	8,527.23
425.70	2,410.16	99.83		161.80		158.04	1,789.88
1,659.51		108.00				86.00	220.00
145.32							
10,152.01	12,146.25	20,416.68	6,948.52	2,264.01	2,286.51	5,698.38	10,537.11
8,321.47	2,948.25	22,779.10	8,153.15	19,259.17	23,913.36	5,164.20	21,191.34
6,199.21	1,369.61	9,529.63	3,696.68	1,759.67	4,793.88	4,685.02	10,739.62
		300.00				5,000.00	
14,520.68	4,317.86	32,608.73	11,849.83	21,018.84	28,707.24	14,849.22	31,930.96
2,868.10	3,376.74	18,493.07	10,554.86	2,897.79	3,066.49	3,045.66	5,472.77
14,434.24		25,275.91	5,624.23	12,413.18	16,914.25	14,515.78	28,126.27
17,302.34	3,376.74	43,768.98	16,179.09	15,310.97	19,980.74	17,561.44	33,599.04
41,975.03	19,840.85	96,794.39	34,977.44	38,593.82	50,974.49	38,109.04	76,067.11
30.1	79.2	27.5	25.9	11.7	8.4	17.3	16.9

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

**NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued**

Municipality	Blyth	Bolton	Bothwell	Brampton	Brantford
Population	602	593	646	5,413	30,724
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings				5,081.32	85,595.31
Substation equipment				24,742.53	162,884.45
Distribution system—overhead	11,261.08	9,931.57	6,027.41	50,295.58	229,785.83
Distribution system—underground					6,000.00
Line transformers	2,441.35	4,296.34	2,575.37	28,005.83	112,926.91
Meters	1,945.31	2,958.86	2,819.97	26,131.27	115,872.40
Street light equipment, regular	1,284.19	856.19	4,634.70	2,645.94	24,010.22
Street light equipment, ornamental					41,476.69
Miscellaneous construction expense	284.97	1,050.06	550.01	18,405.35	30,529.82
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant	2,332.68	1,554.60			
Other plants not distributed					200,000.00
Total plant	19,549.58	20,647.62	16,607.46	155,307.82	1,009,081.63
Bank and cash balance	1,173.22	895.96	2,475.99	2,400.28	
Securities and investments			11,000.00	5,648.78	
Accounts receivable	1,009.53	704.36	82.04	1,100.49	23,077.31
Inventories		22.41		223.66	11,344.36
Sinking fund on local debentures					90,906.83
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	4,935.50	10,636.75	11,113.15	93,084.35	473,680.24
Other assets					47,506.37
Total assets	26,667.83	32,907.10	41,278.64	257,765.38	1,655,596.74
Deficit					
Total	26,667.83	32,907.10	41,278.64	257,765.38	1,655,596.74
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	9,006.10	6,013.66	3,045.38	12,794.35	263,000.00
Accounts payable	100.31	52.00	226.32	1,842.74	6,587.33
Bank overdraft					11,241.61
Other liabilities	50.00		1,161.22		166,542.06
Total liabilities	9,156.41	6,065.66	4,432.92	14,637.09	447,371.00
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	4,935.50	10,636.75	11,113.15	93,084.35	473,680.24
For depreciation	2,774.77	4,997.25	5,755.07	42,919.03	203,667.20
Other reserves				100.00	86,000.00
Total reserves	7,710.27	15,634.00	16,868.22	136,103.38	763,347.44
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	7,262.93	6,486.34	2,488.81	56,256.29	267,000.00
Local sinking fund					90,906.83
Operating surplus	2,538.22	4,721.10	17,488.69	50,768.62	86,971.47
Total surplus	9,801.15	11,207.44	19,977.50	107,024.91	444,878.30
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	26,667.83	32,907.10	41,278.64	257,765.38	1,655,596.74
Percentage of net debt to total assets	42.2	27.2	11.4	8.9	33.5

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Brantford Twp.	Bridgeport P.V.	Brigden P.V.	Brussels 770	Burford P.V.	Burgess- ville P.V.	Caledonia 1,400	Campbell- ville P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
1,192.71		101.03		202.00			
52,268.73	9,516.09	7,090.80	13,562.61	9,240.38	3,490.03	17,022.28	2,978.42
16,784.09	3,833.06	2,037.61	2,395.35	2,933.19	1,390.44	6,432.74	718.23
11,884.39	2,217.15	2,238.85	3,810.08	3,374.95	966.40	6,232.50	567.30
4,338.80	1,602.69	464.90	1,574.74	425.14	261.02	1,582.94	258.56
2,922.09	563.56	858.11	1,572.29	717.31	457.22	692.59	45.82
		1,381.00	2,827.50				
89,390.81	17,732.55	14,172.30	25,742.57	16,892.97	6,565.11	31,963.05	4,568.33
6,741.22	300.27	475.66	3,959.91	1,884.70	560.08	1,638.23	525.63
405.19	241.36	473.04	838.83	4,000.00		2,000.00	1,000.00
3,326.87			24.48	571.36	107.09	20.65	268.67
15,720.56	2,607.10	7,049.89	6,968.52	7,656.25	3,190.64	12,346.64	860.46
				25.00			
115,584.65	20,881.28	22,170.89	37,534.31	31,030.28	10,422.92	47,968.57	7,223.09
115,584.65	20,881.28	22,170.89	37,534.31	31,030.28	10,422.92	47,968.57	7,223.09
23,408.79	11,914.39	902.89	13,245.52	382.11	560.39	1,780.41	3,593.44
3,272.61	698.27		1,847.51	4.60	220.22	701.06	33.14
1,443.25	40.00			25.00			
28,124.65	12,652.66	902.89	15,093.03	411.71	780.61	2,481.47	3,626.58
15,720.56	2,607.10	7,049.89	6,968.52	7,656.25	3,190.64	12,346.64	860.46
17,690.56	4,458.60	3,072.84	4,010.41	4,050.20	2,229.03	3,949.40	676.54
					85.41		
33,411.12	7,065.70	10,122.73	10,978.93	11,706.45	5,505.08	16,296.04	1,537.00
33,716.87	453.64	7,097.11	7,754.48	8,617.89	2,939.61	2,843.59	1,854.33
3,326.87							
17,005.14	709.28	4,048.16	3,707.87	10,294.23	1,197.62	26,347.47	205.18
54,048.88	1,162.92	11,145.27	11,462.35	18,912.12	4,137.23	29,191.06	2,059.51
115,584.65	20,881.28	22,170.89	37,534.31	31,030.28	10,422.92	47,968.57	7,223.09
25.6	69.2	5.9	49.4	1.7	10.8	6.9	57.0

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Cayuga	Chatham	Chippawa	Clifford	Clinton
Population.....	705	16,223	1,073	454	1,842
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....		46,055.45	631.50		8,760.82
Substation equipment.....		116,587.41			7,544.43
Distribution system—overhead.....	14,080.88	161,316.09	19,123.86	7,451.37	22,257.65
Distribution system—underground.....		79,554.42			
Line transformers.....	3,162.29	86,934.79	6,107.56	1,161.99	7,787.65
Meters.....	2,704.35	67,774.93	4,702.80	2,195.08	9,334.88
Street light equipment, regular.....	942.83	18,777.35	1,877.81	687.42	1,297.67
Street light equipment, ornamental.....		35,426.10			
Miscellaneous construction expense.....	474.44	33,016.43	1,139.19	37.44	3,846.29
Steam or hydraulic plant.....					
Old plant.....		42,752.31			10,658.09
Other plants not distributed.....					
Total plant.....	21,364.79	688,195.28	33,582.72	11,533.30	71,487.48
Bank and cash balance.....	2,141.86	17,934.82	421.83	400.44	1,991.97
Securities and investments.....					3,000.00
Accounts receivable.....	389.17	18,793.38	253.38	131.53	1,276.61
Inventories.....	131.34	3,703.83		20.40	2,230.83
Sinking fund on local debentures.....					32,589.70
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	4,608.67	222,270.09	9,683.44	3,400.81	26,385.91
Other assets.....		3,604.51	194.56		
Total assets.....	28,635.83	954,501.91	44,135.93	15,486.48	138,962.50
Deficit.....					
Total.....	28,635.83	954,501.91	44,135.93	15,486.48	138,962.50
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance.....	13,543.57	245,238.03	6,422.39	6,756.82	44,500.00
Accounts payable.....	851.67	23,289.92	32.01	373.14	495.93
Bank overdraft.....					
Other liabilities.....	35.00	39,030.61	190.00		175.81
Total liabilities.....	14,430.24	307,558.56	6,644.40	7,129.96	45,171.74
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	4,608.67	222,270.09	9,683.44	3,400.81	26,385.91
For depreciation.....	3,035.70	108,582.98	6,469.01	1,657.34	20,000.45
Other reserves.....		4,974.96			670.39
Total reserves.....	7,644.37	335,828.03	16,152.45	5,058.15	47,056.75
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid.....	6,456.43	124,761.97	6,927.61	1,243.18	
Local sinking fund.....					32,589.70
Operating surplus.....	104.79	186,353.35	14,411.47	2,055.19	14,144.31
Total surplus.....	6,561.22	311,115.32	21,339.08	3,298.37	46,734.01
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	28,635.83	954,501.91	44,135.93	15,486.48	138,962.50
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	60.1	36.7	19.2	59.0	15.7

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Comber P.V.	Cottam P.V.	Courtright 348	Dashwood P.V.	Delaware P.V.	Dorchester P.V.	Drayton 559	Dresden 1,488
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
							523 00
7,231.00	9,112.46	6,515.06	3,402.64	3,764.27	8,048.67	9,333.37	18,494.68
3,422.04	1,538.31	1,225.40	1,600.44	914.44	3,286.91	3,328.48	7,524.07
2,459.87	1,778.79	880.37	1,378.45	962.46	2,411.76	3,254.24	5,912.96
384.93	359.43	425.08	353.42	148.08	496.74	673.50	1,127.48
977.24	220.64	558.67	291.87	203.81	328.41	401.02	553.99
							4,815.01
14,475.08	13,009.63	9,604.58	7,026.82	5,993.06	14,572.49	16,990.61	38,951.19
3,261.56	3,366.01	686.28	1,351.20	1,026.21	2,101.25	484.02	1,024.08
291.61	226.38	25.43	1,500.00	2,500.00	2,000.00	5,000.00	2,000.00
			6.70	309.09	67.93	109.57	1,610.34
							565.40
11,265.98	1,912.56	3,068.73	4,929.81	1,607.07	3,991.12	6,777.75	17,862.77
							120.00
29,294.23	18,514.58	13,385.02	14,814.53	11,435.43	22,732.79	29,361.95	62,133.78
29,294.23	18,514.58	13,385.02	14,814.53	11,435.43	22,732.79	29,361.95	62,133.78
1,633.62	6,866.34	3,508.45	2,131.19	2,161.11	2,479.56	6,415.08	726.04
		251.67	89.19	35.44	234.40	1,051.56	1,083.75
19.85	80.00				15.00		120.00
1,653.47	6,946.34	3,760.12	2,220.38	2,196.55	2,728.96	7,466.64	1,929.79
11,265.98	1,912.56	3,068.73	4,929.81	1,607.07	3,991.12	6,777.75	17,862.77
4,535.27	2,422.63	1,103.15	1,917.52	869.58	1,585.97	5,133.06	4,918.02
							225.00
15,801.25	4,335.19	4,171.88	6,847.33	2,476.65	5,577.09	11,910.81	23,005.79
6,066.38	2,133.88	4,629.90	1,268.81	1,838.89	1,820.44	3,084.92	15,512.21
5,773.13	5,099.17	823.12	4,478.01	4,923.34	12,606.30	6,899.58	21,685.99
11,839.51	7,233.05	5,453.02	5,746.82	6,762.23	14,426.74	9,984.50	37,198.20
29,294.23	18,514.58	13,385.02	14,814.53	11,435.43	22,732.79	29,361.95	62,133.78
9.2	41.8	36.4	22.4	22.3	14.5	33.1	4.1

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Drumbo	Dublin	Dundas	Dunnville	Dutton
Population	P.V.	P.V.	5,138	3,615	761
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings			12,111.11	3,356.09	
Substation equipment			13,396.22	27,302.17	
Distribution system—overhead	4,552.59	5,787.61	50,052.10	36,699.01	9,086.84
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	1,537.50	897.65	19,610.94	18,110.09	3,425.25
Meters	1,863.92	874.11	19,427.63	15,836.44	3,297.10
Street light equipment, regular	262.27	544.86	10,834.15	8,012.37	626.14
Street light equipment, ornamental			1,154.52		
Miscellaneous construction expense	257.95	787.06	8,158.01	5,788.34	338.12
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant			1,867.38	10,717.62	
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	8,474.23	8,891.29	136,612.06	125,822.13	16,773.45
Bank and cash balance	2,878.65	269.38	11,192.92	35.00	
Securities and investments			1,500.00	10,000.00	6,000.00
Accounts receivable	294.88	229.23	4,375.02	7,493.12	430.27
Inventories	54.53		439.24	886.01	22.82
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	3,658.36	3,357.12	81,992.63	32,056.77	11,117.92
Other assets			2,084.98		120.17
Total assets	15,360.65	12,747.02	238,196.85	176,293.03	34,464.63
Deficit		671.75			
Total	15,360.65	13,418.77	238,196.85	176,293.03	34,464.63
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	2,431.53	1,345.99	25,859.07	49,929.04	4,758.84
Accounts payable	61.91	858.79	1,743.12	8,571.83	
Bank overdraft				2,394.44	87.61
Other liabilities			3,086.83	1,225.35	47.36
Total liabilities	2,493.44	2,204.78	30,689.02	62,120.66	4,893.81
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	3,658.36	3,357.12	81,992.63	32,056.77	11,117.92
For depreciation	2,933.41	3,002.86	41,922.00	24,741.85	5,650.56
Other reserves			350.52		
Total reserves	6,591.77	6,359.98	124,265.15	56,798.62	16,768.48
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	2,068.47	4,854.01	27,140.93	25,570.96	3,648.65
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	4,206.97		56,101.75	31,802.79	9,153.69
Total surplus	6,275.44	4,854.01	83,242.68	57,373.75	12,802.34
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	15,360.65	13,418.77	238,196.85	176,293.03	34,464.63
Percentage of net debt to total assets	21.3	23.4	18.9	43.0	20.9

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

East Windsor 14,333	East York Twp.	Elmira 2,642	Elora 1,144	Embro 455	Erieau 264	Erie Beach 23	Essex 1,888
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
	16,946.49	7,119.73	1,524.54				
174,118.92	281,256.98	34,855.36	17,136.30	9,588.07	9,286.94	1,889.54	35,810.48
	8,514.27						442.55
74,978.65	75,986.83	15,509.18	7,301.95	3,039.64	1,600.23	613.17	15,011.34
60,661.87	140,084.77	12,767.67	5,803.86	2,072.23	2,300.97	732.78	10,630.12
	20,605.46	1,380.05	1,235.43	535.73	246.10		1,548.10
89,295.42							
3,439.78	15,185.88	3,817.89	1,339.05	69.45	379.90	375.03	2,583.63
		2,168.08	1,425.47	429.25			
402,494.64	558,580.68	77,617.96	35,766.60	15,734.37	13,814.14	3,610.52	66,026.22
83,957.95	9,129.20	402.84	56.17	1,117.19		377.32	6,822.20
	2,812.91		7,000.00	1,000.00			5,000.00
13,939.00	23,978.79	350.46	574.16	468.29	413.81	307.31	3,250.40
	6,841.18		619.32				
125,360.56	116,767.89	46,936.38	22,693.58	6,527.33	2,938.52	747.87	15,657.28
625,752.15	718,110.65	125,307.64	66,709.83	24,847.18	17,166.47	5,043.02	96,756.10
625,752.15	718,110.65	125,307.64	66,709.83	24,847.18	17,166.47	5,043.02	96,756.10
98,715.71	260,603.69	24,587.85	3,749.15	3,215.44	4,540.17	2,547.11	19,003.56
27,803.76	52,687.72	3,021.39	518.81	135.95	1,124.94	18.33	1,186.17
	138.46		156.87		62.35		
89,295.42	14,270.65	678.65	35.00		15.00		565.13
215,814.89	327,700.52	28,287.89	4,459.83	3,351.39	5,742.46	2,565.44	20,754.86
125,360.56	116,767.89	46,936.38	22,693.58	6,527.33	2,938.52	747.87	15,657.28
46,069.95	54,274.59	15,623.42	11,246.10	4,660.64	1,806.50	368.36	11,061.83
430.24	1,672.50						950.00
171,860.75	172,714.98	62,559.80	33,939.68	11,187.97	4,745.02	1,116.23	27,669.11
50,284.29	96,464.09	12,580.65	9,250.85	4,284.56	2,342.96	752.89	3,496.44
187,792.22	121,231.06	21,879.30	19,059.47	6,023.26	4,336.03	608.46	44,835.69
238,076.51	217,695.15	34,459.95	28,310.32	10,307.82	6,678.99	1,361.35	48,332.13
625,752.15	718,110.65	125,307.64	66,709.83	24,847.18	17,166.47	5,043.02	96,756.10
30.7	54.5	36.0	10.1	18.3	40.3	59.7	25.5

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Etobicoke Twp.	Exeter	Fergus	Fonthill	Forest
Population		1,622	2,559	862	1,465
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
ASSETS					
Lands and buildings	26,109.75	3,281.59			6,447.40
Substation equipment					
Distribution system—overhead	264,591.04	26,558.89	33,257.25	11,172.41	19,850.09
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	65,033.98	10,205.65	15,885.95	4,877.07	9,608.76
Meters	51,454.97	8,081.77	11,763.08	4,331.41	9,289.58
Street light equipment, regular	11,937.62	953.11	2,163.24	1,031.00	2,369.94
Street light equipment, ornamental	2,689.44				
Miscellaneous construction expense	5,055.18	2,219.08	1,145.49	3,872.65	868.54
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant			2,546.59		11,042.87
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	426,871.98	51,300.09	66,761.60	25,284.54	59,477.18
Bank and cash balance		6,274.48	1,032.62		4,166.54
Securities and investments		3,000.00			7,500.00
Accounts receivable	21,905.49	2,525.10	1,149.81	605.01	3,161.98
Inventories	5,431.65	2,034.19	108.80		1,714.49
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	92,232.23	23,307.91	28,771.67	2,800.14	16,729.43
Other assets	4,782.46			219.24	
Total assets	551,223.81	88,441.77	97,824.50	28,908.93	92,749.62
Deficit					
Total	551,223.81	88,441.77	97,824.50	28,908.93	92,749.62
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	185,435.62	8,211.16	18,458.35	16,901.54	10,654.92
Accounts payable	28,000.00	191.98	1,893.70		
Bank overdraft	9,674.35			1,049.04	
Other liabilities	7,471.90	104.25	10.00	210.62	26.06
Total liabilities	230,581.87	8,507.39	20,362.05	18,161.20	10,680.98
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	92,232.23	23,307.91	28,771.67	2,800.14	16,729.43
For depreciation	61,087.59	9,738.21	7,874.37	1,677.44	11,921.44
Other reserves	760.79	85.90			50.00
Total reserves	154,080.61	33,132.02	36,646.04	4,477.58	28,700.87
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	80,259.78	11,788.89	23,541.65	5,598.46	23,745.08
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	86,301.55	35,013.47	17,274.76	671.69	29,622.69
Total surplus	166,561.33	46,802.36	40,816.41	6,270.15	53,367.77
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	551,223.81	88,441.77	97,824.50	28,908.93	92,749.62
Percentage of net debt to total assets	48.9	13.1	29.5	69.5	14.1

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Galt 14,036	George- town 2,187	Glencoe 800	Goderich 4,366	Granton P.V.	Guelph 20,754	Hagers- ville 1,370	Hamilton 154,701
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
200,400.85			12,957.48		13,380.18	864.37	929,378.58
113,678.71			34,402.48		154,033.43		1,752,301.59
230,512.67	31,167.43	20,906.98	66,031.41	4,320.71	173,856.72	20,216.91	1,207,106.47
							854,684.64
117,283.95	18,111.46	6,311.20	20,309.85	1,533.55	85,064.07	9,850.72	902,219.08
70,247.62	13,451.90	4,202.13	17,907.69	1,486.86	90,097.57	8,533.70	625,551.46
72,290.44	1,364.67	1,714.63	4,825.17	163.37	42,207.45	1,040.67	277,329.74
25,070.72	2,411.30	3,383.07	5,883.56	113.08	14,210.70	1,040.63	201,750.22
	2,209.80		14,622.15				104,252.86
829,484.96	68,716.56	36,518.01	176,939.79	7,617.57	572,850.12	41,547.00	6,854,574.64
	1,183.55	2,550.56	2,922.44	2,260.04	7,771.94	9,321.97	118,868.31
	7,986.67			2,000.00		12,000.00	
54,185.97	1,691.33	1,351.21	4,021.17	352.86	15,979.43	128.48	421,735.60
12,370.61	127.49		1,196.78		23,315.15	33.00	158,083.35
109,461.97					44,819.73		648,954.49
313,276.52	55,732.50	10,750.22	70,410.65	4,760.53	368,952.35	47,251.46	2,173,195.35
1,995.45	1,500.18		1,802.96				341.92
1,320,775.48	136,938.28	51,170.00	257,293.79	16,991.00	1,033,688.72	110,281.91	10,375,753.66
1,320,775.48	136,938.28	51,170.00	257,293.79	16,991.00	1,033,688.72	110,281.91	10,375,753.66
308,324.47	10,694.02	8,559.83	50,093.14	2,131.93	52,500.00	3,166.70	3,271,123.10
13,256.91	811.96		1,434.08	238.11	22,450.71	1,960.06	296,978.57
2,031.73							
5,473.56	498.48	20.00	1,735.79		2,374.39		1,874,770.30
329,086.67	12,004.46	8,579.83	53,263.01	2,370.04	77,325.10	5,126.76	5,442,871.97
313,276.52	55,732.50	10,750.22	70,410.65	4,760.53	368,952.35	47,251.46	2,173,195.35
231,619.45	19,269.84	6,727.56	57,114.55	2,101.61	36,874.74	7,639.27	883,459.87
34,953.02			1,055.77		837.88		171,744.85
579,848.99	75,002.34	17,477.78	128,580.97	6,862.14	406,664.97	54,890.73	3,228,400.07
209,677.48	9,305.98	11,553.05	45,994.91	1,368.07	92,499.99	4,833.30	947,902.02
109,461.97					44,819.73		648,954.49
92,700.37	40,625.50	13,559.34	29,454.90	6,390.75	412,378.93	45,431.12	107,625.11
411,839.82	49,931.48	25,112.39	75,449.81	7,758.82	549,698.65	50,264.42	1,704,481.66
1,320,775.48	136,938.28	51,170.00	257,293.79	16,991.00	1,033,688.72	110,281.91	10,375,753.66
24.5	14.8	21.2	28.5	19.4	11.6	8.1	66.3

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Harriston	Harrow	Hensall	Hespeler	Highgate
Population	1,293	926	719	2,784	338
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
ASSETS					
Lands and buildings				4,474.73	
Substation equipment	600.00			29,732.13	
Distribution system—overhead	21,945.86	16,655.54	12,370.10	30,580.07	6,383.76
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	7,416.42	9,910.52	4,428.42	20,634.74	2,109.25
Meters	7,087.97	5,831.12	3,427.82	12,264.99	1,697.12
Street light equipment, regular	1,192.80	741.63	612.83	7,147.63	453.91
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	892.07	303.39	549.80	603.89	513.64
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant	1,001.43		400.00		
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	40,136.55	33,442.20	21,788.97	105,438.18	11,157.68
Bank and cash balance	431.61	6,274.16	3,475.78	2,570.18	2,263.07
Securities and investments			4,000.00		2,305.54
Accounts receivable	338.14	297.16	47.20	4,734.05	238.14
Inventories	58.48			435.36	
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	19,021.07	11,158.25	8,596.60	56,882.64	5,893.16
Other assets					
Total assets	59,985.85	51,171.77	37,908.55	170,060.41	21,857.59
Deficit					
Total	59,985.85	51,171.77	37,908.55	170,060.41	21,857.59
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	10,235.76	8,251.50	7,130.11	34,897.47	3,050.55
Accounts payable	3,471.46	2,816.72	849.78	184.74	
Bank overdraft					
Other liabilities		406.24	55.50	5.00	
Total liabilities	13,707.22	11,474.46	8,035.39	35,087.21	3,050.55
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	19,021.07	11,158.25	8,596.60	56,882.64	5,893.16
For depreciation	5,676.17	1,471.04	5,832.73	12,465.85	3,333.64
Other reserves				500.00	
Total reserves	24,697.24	12,629.29	14,429.33	69,848.49	9,226.80
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	15,582.27	3,748.50	4,869.89	42,673.04	1,949.45
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	5,999.12	23,319.52	10,573.94	22,451.67	7,630.79
Total surplus	21,581.39	27,068.02	15,443.83	65,124.71	9,580.24
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	59,985.85	51,171.77	37,908.55	170,060.41	21,857.59
Percentage of net debt to total assets	33.5	28.6	27.4	31.0	19.1

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Humberstone 2,265	Ingersoll 5,296	Jarvis 504	Kingsville 2,286	Kitchener 31,443	Lambeth P.V.	La Salle 600	Leamington 5,025
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
.....	15,064.45	.....	7,774.09	179,685.67	.....	.....	16,387.58
.....	33,210.77	.....	.....	218,733.96	.....	.....	7,085.62
26,146.68	55,296.05	9,408.06	31,259.00	313,555.64	6,931.29	18,971.34	49,897.49
.....	.....	.....	.....	38,019.52	.....	.....	11,971.67
9,181.25	27,142.19	3,080.21	13,218.19	172,698.35	1,883.12	6,716.60	22,592.47
7,621.55	24,764.88	2,358.05	13,260.75	180,742.56	2,184.61	4,174.22	22,504.36
884.80	3,980.93	846.99	1,439.82	64,926.44	269.16	946.49	1,380.13
.....	4,597.59	.....	19,200.00	86,939.84	.....	.....	15,178.49
3,167.04	11,236.70	707.52	52.50	20,676.96	300.71	1,660.69	1,838.17
.....	19,098.54	.....	.....	52,363.91	.....	.....	.....
.....
47,001.32	194,392.10	16,400.83	86,204.35	1,328,342.85	11,568.89	32,469.34	148,835.98
3,986.70	.....	3,951.34	8,568.14	.....	1,530.06	7,165.32	7,060.52
.....	11,716.57	.....	8,000.00	15,000.00	3,000.00	.....	11,000.00
452.04	1,620.07	203.05	544.48	50,628.45	231.98	1,144.49	785.96
.....	1,474.48	.....	.....	10,763.23	.....	.....	.....
.....	68,029.84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
9,735.62	105,017.04	7,844.51	21,171.01	704,233.55	5,287.52	6,920.00	38,294.17
1,138.44	761.03	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,361.14	.....
.....
62,314.12	383,011.13	28,399.73	124,487.98	2,108,968.08	21,618.45	49,060.29	205,976.63
.....
62,314.12	383,011.13	28,399.73	124,487.98	2,108,968.08	21,618.45	49,060.29	205,976.63
.....
19,200.00	79,800.00	6,622.83	28,630.70	190,441.49	2,436.29	11,329.59	33,005.45
169.07	10,172.70	1,510.97	3,155.02	48,568.96	648.04	14.00	331.10
.....	5,330.73	.....	.....	42,547.99	.....	.....	.....
917.09	5,358.62	.....	20,882.22	88,094.26	30.00	381.03	17,416.05
.....
20,286.16	100,662.05	8,133.80	52,667.94	369,652.70	3,114.33	11,724.62	50,752.60
.....
9,735.62	105,017.04	7,844.51	21,171.01	704,233.55	5,287.52	6,920.00	38,294.17
1,332.06	12,343.29	2,211.32	14,531.37	247,520.58	2,854.95	5,247.44	19,175.90
.....	857.40	.....	.....	26,164.18	.....	980.11	.....
.....
11,067.68	118,217.73	10,055.83	35,702.38	977,918.31	8,142.47	13,147.55	57,470.07
.....
12,800.00	.....	3,877.17	4,869.30	321,708.51	1,563.71	4,170.41	14,994.55
.....	68,029.84	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
18,160.28	96,101.51	6,332.93	31,248.36	439,688.56	8,797.94	20,017.71	82,759.41
.....
30,960.28	164,131.35	10,210.10	36,117.66	761,397.07	10,361.65	24,188.12	97,753.96
.....
62,314.12	383,011.13	28,399.73	124,487.98	2,108,968.08	21,618.45	49,060.29	205,976.63
.....
38.6	13.0	39.6	39.7	21.4	19.0	27.8	23.3

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Listowel	London	London Twp.	Long Branch	Lucan
Population.....	2,665	73,173		3,541	590
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....	1,457.39	446,297.17			
Substation equipment.....		937,035.75			
Distribution system—overhead.....	38,677.84	775,097.74	17,172.37	51,871.03	10,528.36
Distribution system—underground.....	2,897.25	281,865.17			
Line transformers.....	17,556.07	288,604.36	5,605.28	11,667.28	4,131.49
Meters.....	15,946.16	322,834.22	3,782.72	16,685.36	3,123.36
Street light equipment, regular.....	1,853.82	66,972.71	861.36	4,212.21	430.15
Street light equipment, ornamental.....	1,348.66	84,746.73			
Miscellaneous construction expense.....	2,482.88	87,103.97	518.96	1,220.51	455.52
Steam or hydraulic plant.....					
Old plant.....	4,745.30		1,733.80		2,860.45
Other plants not distributed.....					
Total plant.....	86,965.37	3,290,557.82	29,674.49	85,656.39	21,529.33
Bank and cash balance.....	13,684.45	82,325.47	5,179.48		3,654.23
Securities and investments.....					5,000.00
Accounts receivable.....	398.63	199,081.27	1,606.66	1,031.58	5.30
Inventories.....		81,210.59			
Sinking fund on local debentures.....		323,711.25			
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	40,935.07	1,276,199.72	7,958.96	6,340.04	11,298.71
Other assets.....		430.86	112.32	2,362.03	
Total assets.....	141,983.52	5,253,516.98	44,531.91	95,390.04	41,487.57
Deficit.....					
Total.....	141,983.52	5,253,516.98	44,531.91	95,390.04	41,487.57
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance.....	7,689.73	917,970.20	11,006.23	25,368.14	4,324.21
Accounts payable.....	3,219.79	123,527.12	6.69	12,506.99	171.52
Bank overdraft.....					
Other liabilities.....	1,545.04	85,177.59	112.32	2,362.03	147.22
Total liabilities.....	12,454.56	1,126,674.91	11,125.24	40,237.16	4,642.95
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	40,935.07	1,276,199.72	7,958.96	6,340.04	11,298.71
For depreciation.....	27,324.72	815,940.62	4,290.81	13,202.97	7,141.45
Other reserves.....		79,389.72		359.98	
Total reserves.....	68,259.79	2,171,530.06	12,249.77	19,902.99	18,440.16
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid.....	35,500.16	663,929.80	7,993.77	14,936.46	6,889.41
Local sinking fund.....		323,711.25			
Operating surplus.....	25,769.01	967,670.96	13,163.13	20,313.43	11,515.05
Total surplus.....	61,269.17	1,955,312.01	21,156.90	35,249.89	18,404.46
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	141,983.52	5,253,516.98	44,531.91	95,390.04	41,487.57
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	11.1	20.2	30.2	43.6	15.4

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Lynden P.V.	Markham 1,073	Merlin P.V.	Merritton 2,544	Milton 1,828	Milverton 1,004	Mimico 6,454	Mitchell 1,571
\$ c. 241.18	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c. 2,951.67	\$ c. 11,868.94	\$ c. 237.20	\$ c. 17,071.16	\$ c. 19,388.71
4,774.11	15,421.16	8,042.18	32,689.04 34,597.79	20,602.04	11,341.16	38,461.02 74,219.93	21,287.83 28,998.95
2,134.21	7,872.35	3,399.23	7,320.28	13,944.73	7,565.80	29,920.12	8,807.77
1,595.60	5,681.24	2,057.70	9,664.77	13,091.00	5,047.01	28,091.34	11,902.61
340.66	750.76	555.64	4,676.11	1,282.36	737.16	7,747.29	3,698.59
193.57	1,560.51	455.36	3,210.44	4,282.62	773.05	5,008.13	931.79
		241.85		3,092.54			1,500.00
9,279.33	31,286.02	14,751.96	95,110.10	68,164.23	25,701.38	200,518.99	96,516.25
866.20	1,963.31	3,007.41	6,854.90	5,363.01	1,036.76	100.00	2,903.68
	2,153.58	6,000.00		12,000.00	2,000.00		1,000.00
394.72	696.00	712.68	3,538.18	5,708.73	1,689.76	10,610.69	5,769.11
				4,145.51			2,544.29
8,470.87	9,223.04	7,210.65	51,801.81	62,216.95 139.85	27,538.79	74,423.84 2,012.47	25,154.35
19,011.12	45,321.95	31,682.70	157,304.99	157,738.28	57,966.69	287,665.99	133,887.68
19,011.12	45,321.95	31,682.70	157,304.99	157,738.28	57,966.69	287,665.99	133,887.68
2,665.87	1,241.70	7,748.06	20,063.94	8,311.39	1,466.31	83,254.65	
280.76	30	1,327.05	728.19	1,109.85	2,675.00	229.03	368.49
	65.00			139.85		1,010.65	106.00
						4,645.00	
2,946.63	1,307.00	9,075.11	20,792.13	9,561.09	4,141.31	89,139.33	474.49
8,470.87	9,223.04	7,210.65	51,801.81	62,216.95	27,538.79	74,423.84	25,154.35
2,447.13	5,420.72	2,150.45	5,720.91	14,462.53	5,125.26	41,430.43	33,537.39
				1,492.45	675.00	2,749.18	
10,918.00	14,643.76	9,361.10	57,522.72	78,171.93	33,339.05	118,603.45	58,691.74
1,829.13	10,131.93	5,616.15	12,122.27	24,735.02	8,033.69	43,745.35	22,295.22
3,317.36	19,239.26	7,630.34	66,867.87	45,270.24	12,452.64	36,177.86	52,426.23
5,146.49	29,371.19	13,246.49	78,990.14	70,005.26	20,486.33	79,923.21	74,721.45
19,011.12	45,321.95	31,682.70	157,304.99	157,738.28	57,966.69	287,665.99	133,887.68
27.9	3.6	37.0	19.7	9.8	13.6	41.8	0.4

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

**NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued**

Municipality	Moorefield	Mount Brydges	Newbury	New Hamburg	New Toronto
Population	P.V.	P.V.	267	1,426	7,280
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings				2,513.19	43,745.98
Substation equipment				1,167.55	
Distribution system—overhead	2,980.96	6,393.68	6,422.17	23,632.05	77,754.15
Distribution system—underground					8,605.69
Line transformers	990.72	1,709.69	1,797.86	6,512.94	29,638.15
Meters	1,202.26	2,240.12	1,187.32	8,982.53	28,094.55
Street light equipment, regular	295.88	689.49	817.42	2,065.70	10,090.44
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	348.35	220.32	486.13	1,083.83	7,428.83
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant			348.22	5,242.56	
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	5,818.17	11,253.30	11,059.12	51,200.35	205,357.79
Bank and cash balance	2,099.55	2,774.13	773.06	25.00	50.00
Securities and investments		3,000.00			
Accounts receivable	8.64	719.98	867.12	1,045.55	22,695.89
Inventories				1,044.07	
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	3,564.98	3,954.00	2,459.74	28,962.42	233,643.69
Other assets					1,089.07
Total assets	11,491.34	21,701.41	15,159.04	82,277.39	462,836.44
Deficit					
Total	11,491.34	21,701.41	15,159.04	82,277.39	462,836.44
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	1,339.73	2,349.77	4,400.00	6,775.48	4,018.49
Accounts payable	171.93	31.45			412.37
Bank overdraft				349.48	13,987.00
Other liabilities		70.00	5.00	119.50	5,089.07
Total liabilities	1,511.66	2,451.22	4,405.00	7,244.46	23,506.93
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	3,564.98	3,954.00	2,459.74	28,962.42	233,643.69
For depreciation	2,044.16	2,115.30	2,343.93	10,464.13	40,978.95
Other reserves				192.10	3,094.82
Total reserves	5,609.14	6,069.30	4,803.67	39,618.65	277,717.46
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	3,160.27	1,870.23	5,354.39	10,953.60	3,981.51
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	1,210.27	11,310.66	595.98	24,460.68	157,630.54
Total surplus	4,370.54	13,180.89	5,950.37	35,414.28	161,612.05
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	11,491.34	21,701.41	15,159.04	82,277.39	462,836.44
Percentage of net debt to total assets	19.1	13.8	34.7	13.6	10.2

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Niagara Falls 18,507	Niagara-on-the-Lake 1,672	North York Twp.	Norwich 1,126	Oil Springs 433	Otterville P.V.	Palmerston 1,617	Paris 4,330
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
132,198.34	2,307.35	28,248.83	4,157.99	1,296.76			8,426.83
229,660.23	16,048.36					691.88	27,948.18
190,325.96	27,556.88	328,051.79	11,050.93	12,840.49	7,068.45	26,298.27	51,352.12
157,091.98	6,852.78	79,115.36	6,180.85	5,670.91	3,587.82	9,844.50	19,712.59
106,984.98	7,707.66	41,099.94	6,818.57	3,321.76	2,227.30	7,414.82	19,291.30
117,345.32	1,230.44	156.00	4,685.64	308.24	1,408.96	2,179.10	13,986.43
		13,491.21					
14,475.01	1,716.72	20,507.44	1,585.11	2,568.33	142.00	781.39	731.08
21,604.27			3,509.82			4,018.71	
969,686.09	63,420.19	510,670.57	37,988.91	26,006.49	14,434.53	51,228.67	141,448.53
27,754.32	744.73		2,185.73	3,055.32	3,548.17	315.28	5,489.68
		4,304.59	3,000.00	2,483.98			18,500.00
21,267.90	2,412.18	6,321.28	1,846.81	753.59	884.28	341.95	838.78
16,116.47	1,448.52	82.97	1,285.36	74.77		121.30	
322,289.01	16,284.04	49,580.68	21,467.24	14,703.00	4,586.52	24,034.50	65,116.46
25,951.10	52.05						
1,383,064.89	84,361.71	570,960.09	67,774.05	47,077.15	23,453.50	76,041.70	231,393.45
1,383,064.89	84,361.71	570,960.09	67,774.05	47,077.15	23,453.50	76,041.70	231,393.45
351,446.59	21,359.37	371,831.09	6,024.98	4,945.29	719.34	4,157.76	9,461.15
50,114.43	565.87	223.18	223.63	1,507.58	256.93	724.44	548.79
14,997.41	50.00	18,633.22	107.50		10.00	237.50	
416,558.43	21,975.24	390,687.49	6,356.11	6,452.87	986.27	5,119.70	10,009.94
322,289.01	16,284.04	49,580.68	21,467.24	14,703.00	4,586.52	24,034.50	65,116.46
135,074.09	8,728.32	56,045.34	4,828.54	6,123.17	3,953.07	6,287.98	58,963.83
11,097.41			1,000.00			491.67	175.00
468,460.51	25,012.36	105,626.02	27,295.78	20,826.17	8,539.59	30,814.15	124,255.29
338,796.41	15,142.05	71,190.78	7,731.02	11,776.02	3,780.66	22,842.24	82,538.85
159,249.54	22,232.06	3,455.80	26,391.14	8,022.09	10,146.98	17,265.61	14,589.37
498,045.95	37,374.11	74,646.58	34,122.16	19,798.11	13,927.64	40,107.85	97,128.22
1,383,064.89	84,361.71	570,960.09	67,774.05	47,077.15	23,453.50	76,041.70	231,393.45
39.2	32.3	73.0	13.7	19.9	5.2	9.8	6.0

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Parkhill	Petrolia	Plattsville	Point Edward 1,211	Port Colborne 6,006
Population.....	998	2,569	P.V.		
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
ASSETS					
Lands and buildings.....		900.00			22,561.01
Substation equipment.....		2,403.55			
Distribution system—overhead....	15,970.73	43,154.86	4,116.10	21,201.15	88,265.47
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers.....	4,239.63	26,133.29	1,890.66	6,752.07	24,486.11
Meters.....	4,284.93	14,951.86	1,921.31	4,938.70	21,939.13
Street light equipment, regular....	898.23	4,849.35	147.15	3,060.75	4,544.86
Street light equipment, ornamental					16,611.59
Miscellaneous construction expense	1,364.13	5,567.23	535.92	503.14	7,355.75
Steam or hydraulic plant.....					
Old plant.....		3,389.94			9,929.60
Other plants not distributed.....					
Total plant.....	26,757.65	101,350.08	8,611.14	36,455.81	195,693.52
Bank and cash balance.....	1,324.87	5,040.77	598.90	339.69	2,030.85
Securities and investments.....		8,400.00		13,000.00	1,500.00
Accounts receivable.....	211.30	4,845.31	290.63	3,731.10	10,700.96
Inventories.....		1,113.27			3,562.98
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	10,093.35	58,101.13	5,100.27	25,866.17	49,150.47
Other assets.....		607.00			
Total assets.....	38,387.17	179,457.56	14,600.94	79,392.77	262,638.78
Deficit.....					
Total.....	38,387.17	179,457.56	14,600.94	79,392.77	262,638.78
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance.....	6,053.94	24,250.57	2,829.93	7,995.22	93,441.20
Accounts payable.....		2,655.90		1,973.33	7,259.53
Bank overdraft.....					
Other liabilities.....	75.00	607.00			20,244.27
Total liabilities.....	6,128.94	27,513.47	2,829.93	9,968.55	120,945.00
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems....	10,093.35	58,101.13	5,100.27	25,866.17	49,150.47
For depreciation.....	5,061.97	26,730.46	2,805.33	8,646.12	30,837.14
Other reserves.....		462.12		300.00	1,424.82
Total reserves.....	15,155.32	85,293.71	7,905.60	34,812.29	81,412.43
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid.....	8,576.08	25,749.43	2,407.07	9,004.78	52,558.80
Local sinking fund.....					
Operating surplus.....	8,526.83	40,900.95	1,458.34	25,607.15	7,722.55
Total surplus.....	17,102.91	66,650.38	3,865.41	34,611.93	60,281.35
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	38,387.17	179,457.56	14,600.94	79,392.77	262,638.78
Percentage of net debt to total assets	21.7	22.3	29.8	18.6	52.9

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Port Credit 1,650	Port Dalhousie 1,331	Port Dover 1,680	Port Rowan 674	Port Stanley 723	Preston 6,138	Princeton P.V.	Queenston P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
675.00		248.75		1,570.80			
24,693.75	18,560.05	29,878.70	9,650.37	20,483.81	50,602.15 90,548.28	4,228.15	7,594.07
9,881.98	9,272.89	10,285.81	1,676.62	11,456.32	47,835.53	2,473.48	1,911.85
9,266.13	9,380.26	6,959.06	1,815.68	9,348.18	38,805.22	1,223.65	1,536.99
4,922.71	1,041.19	2,621.53	888.04	1,619.18	5,418.03	185.35	422.43
880.99	2,304.88	2,418.27	701.53	5,795.39	6,948.89	64.35	2,081.11
	6,018.38			577.51	32,126.75		
50,320.56	46,577.65	52,412.12	14,732.24	50,851.19	272,284.85	8,174.98	13,546.45
3,030.30	1,564.01	4,526.71	86.36	3,532.64	16,822.25	2,211.42	132.20
1,806.68	3,000.00	3,167.51	256.29	3,000.00	6,000.00		
	2,472.02			1,359.00	15,974.69	1,030.52	269.27
	2,763.77				225.63		
19,681.98	16,815.86	12,733.61	3,408.20	22,072.23	155,142.27	4,534.68	3,708.42
402.42							
75,241.94	73,193.31	72,839.95	18,483.09	80,815.06	466,449.69	15,951.60	17,656.34
			6,119.26				
75,241.94	73,193.31	72,839.95	24,602.35	80,815.06	466,449.69	15,951.60	17,656.34
8,150.07	9,830.08	10,502.73	8,914.18	7,406.13	51,651.54	1,918.27	5,635.49
2,886.10	187.03	3,517.26	8,410.10	655.00	6,720.30	110.75	38.97
370.00		642.50		30.01	1,317.94		
11,406.17	10,017.11	14,662.49	17,324.28	8,091.14	59,689.78	2,029.02	5,674.46
19,681.98	16,815.86	12,733.61	3,408.20	22,072.23	155,142.27	4,534.68	3,708.42
13,033.01	4,352.20	7,809.93	1,784.05	9,232.04	93,620.87	2,287.98	2,540.45
198.71	800.00				103.59		
32,913.70	21,968.06	20,543.54	5,192.25	31,304.27	248,866.73	6,822.66	6,248.87
6,349.93	12,669.92	18,497.27	2,085.82	11,543.87	101,148.46	1,631.73	3,864.51
	2,763.77						
24,572.14	25,774.45	19,136.65		29,875.78	56,744.72	5,468.19	1,868.50
30,922.07	41,208.14	37,633.92	2,085.82	41,419.65	157,893.18	7,099.92	5,733.01
75,241.94	73,193.31	72,839.95	24,602.35	80,815.06	466,449.69	15,951.60	17,656.34
20.5	13.5	24.4	114.9	13.8	19.2	17.8	40.7

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Richmond Hil 1,270	Ridgetown 1,942	Riverside 5,125	Rockwood P.V.	Rodney 757
Population					
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings			2,379.31	79.00	
Substation equipment	600.00	1,024.24			
Distribution system—overhead	10,471.67	21,427.18	90,947.15	7,565.39	11,203.12
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	7,803.75	9,768.42	31,354.96	2,481.27	2,971.48
Meters	4,754.84	9,403.96	22,650.71	2,802.39	3,527.15
Street light equipment, regular	1,334.77	3,533.41		561.22	622.69
Street light equipment, ornamental		1,431.73	17,030.71		
Miscellaneous construction expense	35.23	2,379.28	4,571.45	455.65	771.10
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant		5,088.46			700.00
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	25,000.26	54,056.68	168,934.29	13,944.92	19,795.54
Bank and cash balance	4,388.52	50.00			1,774.92
Securities and investments		13,000.00			3,000.00
Accounts receivable	2,574.51	574.08	9,101.58	140.79	421.61
Inventories	149.92	870.21		114.98	
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	8,304.53	23,153.15	43,095.44	6,373.61	6,962.59
Other assets				43.15	
Total assets	40,417.74	91,704.12	221,131.31	20,617.45	31,954.66
Deficit					
Total	40,417.74	91,704.12	221,131.31	20,617.45	31,954.66
LIABILITIES					
Debtenture balance	4,153.98	6,395.74	53,888.22	2,345.00	5,332.25
Accounts payable	234.61	1,491.11	3,945.89		394.84
Bank overdraft		2,378.61	1,550.98	17.62	
Other liabilities	127.22	335.00	17,030.71	41.00	140.00
Total liabilities	4,515.81	10,600.46	76,415.80	2,403.62	5,867.09
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	8,304.53	23,153.15	43,095.44	6,373.61	6,962.59
For depreciation	1,319.76	10,897.16	25,990.34	4,144.31	1,682.26
Other reserves			299.70		
Total reserves	9,624.29	34,050.31	69,385.48	10,517.92	8,644.85
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	8,046.02	13,060.25	28,611.78	2,155.00	3,167.75
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	18,231.62	33,993.10	46,718.25	5,540.91	14,274.97
Total surplus	26,277.64	47,053.35	75,330.03	7,695.91	17,442.72
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	40,417.74	91,704.12	221,131.31	20,617.45	31,954.66
Percentage of net debt to total assets	14.1	13.6	36.8	16.9	23.5

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

St. Catharines	St. Clair Beach	St. George P.V.	St. Jacobs P.V.	St. Marys 4,016	St. Thomas 16,275	Sandwich 11,017
26,192						
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
47,378.92				3,000.00	73,253.59	541.70
115,063.83				26,975.49	110,241.39	4,097.56
207,545.05	7,918.75	5,935.34	6,461.28	56,424.90	111,816.38	107,887.10
					36,690.67	
141,812.77	2,726.36	2,729.42	2,539.38	18,843.29	53,685.43	47,269.29
88,567.66	1,443.71	2,890.56	2,662.28	22,018.71	68,100.59	50,421.88
18,485.98		286.41	390.26	5,074.74	21,259.32	11,665.76
29,486.71					3,693.04	51,239.13
38,196.14	149.27	374.18	460.55	3,790.51	9,527.13	7,938.60
7,792.05				20,696.85		4,148.96
694,329.11	12,238.09	12,215.91	12,513.75	156,824.49	488,267.54	285,209.98
2,678.62		73.10	21.37	25.00	18,521.87	2,295.07
			3,000.00		47,758.42	21,659.37
34,500.84	1,174.22	289.61	59.96	3,103.68	16,627.27	18,487.21
474.38		24.48		3,087.90	8,962.59	393.72
68,010.06				1,375.88		
290,602.66	3,600.11	7,663.23	7,966.38	76,957.11	264,228.94	125,752.20
						20,693.14
1,090,595.67	17,012.42	20,266.33	23,561.46	241,374.06	844,366.63	474,490.69
				215.82		
1,090,595.67	17,012.42	20,266.33	23,561.46	241,589.88	844,366.63	474,490.69
209,961.24	3,663.73	3,344.03	1,759.45	40,839.90	27,957.27	97,856.41
24,896.78	237.29		392.27	2,099.66	4.60	
14,000.00	345.67			1,689.09		
29,792.71		87.50		117.50	12,188.74	82,478.25
278,650.73	4,246.69	3,431.53	2,151.72	44,746.15	40,150.61	180,334.66
290,602.66	3,600.11	7,663.23	7,966.38	76,957.11	264,228.94	125,752.20
133,334.99	2,298.68	1,874.75	2,758.05	44,444.57	97,309.67	37,335.30
7,047.10	12.67			659.05	487.21	
430,984.75	5,911.46	9,537.98	10,724.43	122,060.73	362,025.82	163,087.50
92,061.67	2,677.72	2,655.97	4,240.55	73,407.12	110,986.80	47,716.62
68,010.06				1,375.88		
220,888.46	4,176.55	4,640.85	6,444.76		331,203.40	83,351.91
380,960.19	6,854.27	7,296.82	10,685.31	74,783.00	442,190.20	131,068.53
1,090,595.67	17,012.42	20,266.33	23,561.46	241,589.88	844,366.63	474,490.69
32.3	31.6	27.2	13.8	26.6	6.3	43.4

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Sarnia	Scarboro' Twp	Seaforth	Simcoe	Spring- field 379
Population	17,801		1,692	5,397	
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	111,796.86	16,585.49	1,290.34	8,442.41	
Substation equipment	199,300.27	301.95	5,999.16	22,906.67	
Distribution system—overhead	214,746.25	269,600.83	28,114.36	50,178.74	7,872.62
Distribution system—underground				1,417.87	
Line transformers	79,089.95	59,762.65	9,670.10	24,481.89	2,374.19
Meters	71,879.72	63,913.90	8,749.87	24,074.70	1,981.74
Street light equipment, regular	25,306.78	19,810.03	1,414.55	5,589.97	546.24
Street light equipment, ornamental	7,482.11			3,500.00	
Miscellaneous construction expense	24,057.28	12,685.69	574.76	6,016.27	691.36
Steam or hydraulic plant				927.92	
Old plant	55,445.72				
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	789,104.94	442,660.54	55,813.14	147,536.44	13,466.15
Bank and cash balance	2,683.40	32,297.54	2,455.26	8,571.22	62.84
Securities and investments			100.00		4,500.00
Accounts receivable	41,545.26	13,062.13	5,728.70	2,564.49	851.04
Inventories	19,011.08		2,362.54	112.00	
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	328,029.30	84,438.89	37,447.48	49,310.53	5,308.21
Other assets	3,520.00				
Totals assets	1,183,893.98	572,459.10	103,907.12	208,094.68	24,188.24
Deficit					
Total	1,183,893.98	572,459.10	103,901.12	208,094.68	24,188.24
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	129,466.79	219,448.13		54,937.81	3,610.93
Accounts payable	22,802.79	26,383.30	316.44	591.45	65.49
Bank overdraft					
Other liabilities	13,391.67	25,952.79	35.00	3,625.00	52.00
Total liabilities	165,661.25	271,784.22	351.44	59,154.26	3,728.42
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	328,029.30	84,438.89	37,447.48	49,310.53	5,308.21
For depreciation	116,801.40	63,544.07	18,367.28	18,402.37	2,330.06
Other reserves	944.69	4,202.94	1,106.96		
Total reserves	445,775.39	152,185.90	56,921.72	67,712.90	7,638.27
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	208,533.21	71,120.15	25,000.00	20,497.09	5,889.07
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	363,924.13	77,368.83	21,633.96	60,730.43	6,932.48
Total surplus	572,457.34	148,488.98	46,633.96	81,227.52	12,821.55
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	1,183,893.98	572,459.10	103,907.12	208,094.68	24,188.24
Percentage of net debt to total assets	18.0	55.7	0.5	35.7	19.7

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Stamford Twp.	Stouffville 1,105	Stratford 18,869	Strathroy 2,879	Sutton 809	Tavistock 1,042	Tecumseh 2,546	Thamesford P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
7,196.71		135,191.94	8,741.01		234.02		
37,384.60		136,903.19	22,194.32				
124,563.22	12,608.07	153,378.90	48,919.46	19,752.18	13,273.34	34,572.41	7,691.45
43,451.31	3,903.57	93,765.92	19,238.16	6,797.85	6,251.28	10,039.18	2,625.63
30,693.29	4,108.78	85,894.94	14,441.11	5,633.71	4,786.61	10,501.08	2,549.77
9,191.78	1,445.52	21,797.39	5,814.75	1,571.88	931.82		290.65
						4,760.95	
10,164.65	497.41	17,534.24	2,293.90	1,593.88	586.46	1,262.48	343.89
13,743.66	3,866.37	16,150.00	12,343.15	675.00			
276,389.22	26,429.72	660,616.52	133,985.86	36,024.50	26,063.53	61,136.10	13,501.39
4,654.19	4,165.17	30,599.19	8,514.85	2,403.39	854.69		626.47
	5,000.00	21,900.00			3,596.30		7,500.00
14,089.24	439.03	29,556.48	3,546.01	1,385.47	766.81	2,886.87	
7,185.81	27.20	9,679.56	2,536.70	21.00			
		209,445.54					
48,099.73	7,758.09	341,228.19	47,541.31	7,140.47	24,238.67	13,344.22	9,606.22
5,170.62		2,283.71	541.59				34.00
355,588.81	43,819.21	1,305,309.19	196,666.32	46,974.83	55,520.00	77,367.19	31,268.08
355,588.81	43,819.21	1,305,309.19	196,666.32	46,974.83	55,520.00	77,367.19	31,268.08
171,033.87	6,628.45	412,000.00	34,437.54	16,291.56	3,666.42	14,789.20	1,662.15
10,205.15		54.64	192.76	2,266.91	105.83	3,250.03	76.48
						3,928.24	
4,073.36		2,283.71	541.59	47.30		4,760.95	34.00
185,312.38	6,628.45	414,338.35	35,171.89	18,605.77	3,772.25	26,728.42	1,772.61
48,099.73	7,758.09	341,228.19	47,541.31	7,140.47	24,238.67	13,344.22	9,606.22
23,104.62	2,075.19	208,434.19	21,936.81	4,860.12	7,536.71	10,279.95	4,517.18
2,375.00		2,024.65	522.15			214.95	
73,579.35	9,833.28	551,687.03	70,000.27	12,000.59	31,775.38	23,839.12	14,123.40
69,244.30	11,911.82	43,800.00	31,794.46	9,708.44	2,333.58	11,210.80	3,695.90
		209,445.54					
27,452.78	15,445.66	86,038.27	59,699.70	6,660.03	17,638.79	15,588.85	11,676.17
96,697.08	27,357.48	339,283.81	91,494.16	16,368.47	19,972.37	26,799.65	15,372.07
355,588.81	43,819.21	1,305,309.19	196,666.32	46,974.83	55,520.00	77,367.19	31,268.08
60.2	18.4	27.2	23.3	46.7	12.1	37.0	8.0

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

**NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued**

Municipality.....	Thames- ville 754	Thedford 577	Thorndale P.V.	Thorold 5,068	Tilbury 1,996
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	681.69			9,892.59	969.46
Substation equipment					
Distribution system—overhead	11,902.59	9,228.39	3,288.86	31,057.12	16,006.41
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	5,160.49	3,303.91	1,559.98	15,052.83	12,699.77
Meters	3,827.61	2,206.01	1,747.46	20,502.73	7,440.92
Street light equipment, regular	1,379.42	885.46	181.19	2,811.59	1,001.16
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	895.68	1,612.01	310.45	4,982.45	1,426.82
Steam or hydraulic plant				13,244.74	
Old plant	4,445.68	433.78			3,049.47
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	28,293.16	17,669.56	7,087.94	97,544.05	42,594.01
Bank and cash balance	2,570.77	410.78	438.88	4,720.68	3,460.87
Securities and investments	6,000.00	1,000.00			10,000.00
Accounts receivable	576.54	580.65	605.86	4,122.89	289.13
Inventories				152.13	
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	9,545.28	4,809.74	5,154.87	45,966.73	24,728.27
Other assets					150.02
Total assets	46,985.75	24,470.73	13,287.55	152,506.48	81,222.30
Deficit					
Total	46,985.75	24,470.73	13,287.55	152,506.48	81,222.30
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	4,169.01	8,933.05	1,433.12		6,661.95
Accounts payable	11.97	61.82		152.24	325.40
Bank overdraft					
Other liabilities	178.00	10.00	17.50	1,559.50	
Total liabilities	4,358.98	9,004.87	1,450.62	1,711.74	6,987.35
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	9,545.28	4,809.74	5,154.87	45,966.73	24,728.27
For depreciation	6,125.55	2,086.53	2,636.99	23,997.30	10,340.80
Other reserves			100.00		
Total reserves	15,670.83	6,896.27	7,891.86	69,964.03	35,069.07
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	7,018.79	7,566.95	1,653.36	5,000.00	7,338.05
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	19,937.15	1,002.64	2,291.71	75,830.71	31,827.83
Total surplus	26,955.94	8,569.59	3,945.07	80,830.71	39,165.88
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	46,985.75	24,470.73	13,287.55	152,506.48	81,222.30
Percentage of net debt to total assets	11.6	45.8	17.8	1.6	12.4

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Tillsonburg 3,351	Toronto 626,674	Toronto Twp. \$ c.	Trafalgar Twp. Area No. 1 \$ c.	Trafalgar Twp. Area No. 2 \$ c.	Walkerville 10,681 \$ c.	Wallaceburg 4,343 \$ c.
4,824 .27	5,400,813 .30	6,366 .13			147,518 .53	37,746 .29
13,937 .52	14,971,090 .50				155,069 .52	9,651 .80
41,024 .22	6,227,078 .98	175,307 .49	20,294 .72	10,456 .48	153,627 .02	55,679 .80
	4,085,067 .76					
16,761 .20	3,561,045 .50	49,332 .62	9,595 .46	2,071 .55	90,713 .78	34,773 .82
15,824 .40	2,974,114 .67	31,681 .48	4,741 .17	1,309 .65	69,783 .88	19,637 .22
11,522 .52	480,484 .65	3,717 .44				10,224 .10
4,570 .72	2,617,154 .43	3,139 .02	1,541 .60	314 .16	187,172 .22	
	3,585,379 .99	619 .65			38,538 .32	4,078 .20
					18,335 .05	20,941 .07
108,464 .85	43,902,229 .78	270,163 .83	36,172 .95	14,151 .84	860,758 .32	192,732 .30
540 .39	387,096 .74	6,335 .94	1,299 .64		50 .00	8,947 .86
9,000 .00		10,000 .00	4,000 .00	2,000 .00	31,119 .99	
2,375 .17	1,614,289 .78	8,641 .64	572 .86	294 .10	107,974 .17	3,691 .60
1,801 .45	526,939 .00				25,442 .15	5,636 .29
	6,121,128 .19					
47,955 .04	10,262,345 .03	48,982 .20			356,447 .26	102,741 .31
2,506 .02	75,259 .49	2,091 .46			841 .35	1,750 .57
172,642 .92	62,889,288 .01	346,215 .07	42,045 .45	16,445 .94	1,382,633 .24	315,499 .93
172,642 .92	62,889,288 .01	346,215 .07	42,045 .45	16,445 .94	1,382,633 .24	315,499 .93
10,138 .34	26,457,233 .36	60,920 .24	12,614 .82	9,461 .15	137,772 .89	44,546 .15
28 .51	1,692,448 .39				22,305 .24	701 .54
					38,468 .33	
2,506 .02		2,091 .46			205,072 .72	1,750 .57
12,672 .87	28,149,681 .75	63,011 .70	12,614 .82	9,815 .76	403,619 .18	46,998 .26
47,955 .04	10,262,345 .03	48,982 .20			356,447 .26	102,741 .31
29,731 .07	7,214,466 .03	85,258 .17	12,046 .67	1,193 .00	125,031 .63	37,584 .12
500 .00	968,096 .82	862 .42			3,454 .62	287 .99
78,186 .11	18,444,907 .88	135,102 .79	12,046 .67	1,193 .00	484,933 .51	140,613 .42
25,861 .66	8,125,766 .64	43,079 .76	6,811 .59		161,486 .11	26,990 .43
	6,121,128 .19					
55,922 .28	2,047,803 .55	105,020 .82	10,572 .37	5,437 .18	332,594 .44	100,897 .82
81,783 .94	16,294,698 .38	148,100 .58	17,383 .96	5,437 .18	494,080 .55	127,888 .25
172,642 .92	62,889,288 .01	346,215 .07	42,045 .45	16,445 .94	1,382,633 .24	315,499 .93
10 .2	47 .4	20 .6	3 .0	59 .7	25 .8	21 .4

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Wardsville	Water- down 924	Waterford	Waterloo	Watford
Population.....	214		1,168	8,563	956
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....		200.00		14,454.37	
Substation equipment.....				63,543.83	
Distribution system—overhead.....	5,003.72	16,056.14	15,772.78	90,368.32	16,452.69
Distribution system—underground.....					
Line transformers.....	1,665.49	5,391.05	7,201.37	40,376.31	5,411.56
Meters.....	1,253.12	5,594.64	5,939.66	34,817.28	5,200.57
Street light equipment, regular.....	519.36	583.81	3,231.62	14,092.07	807.31
Street light equipment, ornamental.....				3,106.80	
Miscellaneous construction expense.....	518.73	411.29	447.83	6,484.84	2,022.23
Steam or hydraulic plant.....					
Old plant.....	193.94			24,160.67	657.44
Other plants not distributed.....					
Total plant.....	9,154.36	28,236.93	32,593.26	291,404.49	30,551.80
Bank and cash balance.....		2,036.53	349.34	12,322.16	296.16
Securities and investments.....			5,300.00		5,500.00
Accounts receivable.....	974.40	1,457.48	536.95	2,170.24	1,097.07
Inventories.....				375.00	30.87
Sinking fund on local debentures.....				11,255.78	
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	1,876.72	13,365.35	17,475.90	142,961.10	11,763.78
Other assets.....					
Total assets.....	12,005.48	45,096.29	56,255.45	460,488.77	49,239.68
Deficit.....					
Total.....	12,005.48	45,096.29	56,255.45	460,488.77	49,239.68
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance.....	3,893.41			52,472.72	1,544.99
Accounts payable.....	200.00		400.59	14,654.51	
Bank overdraft.....	95.95				
Other liabilities.....		70.00		3,106.80	
Total liabilities.....	4,189.36	70.00	400.59	70,234.03	1,544.99
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	1,876.72	13,365.35	17,475.90	142,961.10	11,763.78
For depreciation.....	1,912.84	6,758.54	8,962.52	93,685.60	5,596.64
Other reserves.....				328.00	23.00
Total reserves.....	3,789.56	20,123.89	26,438.42	236,974.70	17,383.42
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid.....	3,668.99	8,000.00	7,745.53	53,527.28	8,168.22
Local sinking fund.....				11,255.78	
Operating surplus.....	357.57	16,902.40	21,670.91	88,496.98	22,143.05
Total surplus.....	4,026.56	24,902.40	29,416.44	153,280.04	30,311.27
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	12,005.48	45,096.29	56,255.45	460,488.77	49,239.68
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	41.4	0.2	1.0	22.1	4.1

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Welland	Wellesley	West Lorne	Weston	Wheatley	Windsor	Wood- bridge	Wood- stock
10,668	P.V.	814	4,736	724	65,565	744	10,956
73,059.45			11,903.31		312,236.33		35,489.71
56,576.25			32,737.85		678,250.86		93,838.15
131,470.15	6,691.79	11,321.69	60,108.79	14,843.74	754,463.75	17,730.00	101,168.78
7,470.91					141,798.67		
57,311.64	2,153.50	4,274.36	34,379.30	4,443.64	343,932.20	5,776.33	55,243.46
56,249.15	2,464.94	3,091.23	22,587.91	3,887.49	329,751.12	4,273.32	53,949.56
4,246.63	545.11	643.57	30,041.06	1,659.26	37,377.41	423.26	15,068.12
36,513.75					693,788.56		
10,839.08	127.38	347.14	6,313.68	803.82	125,740.85	817.20	2,794.78
50,069.48		1,250.00		2,569.50	141,990.11		
483,806.49	11,982.72	20,927.99	198,071.90	28,207.45	3,559,329.86	28,020.11	357,552.56
4,340.71	320.32	873.55	5,694.61	3,506.13	33,060.24	357.47	26,166.79
30,458.65		3,000.00		1,500.00	112,463.80		86,000.00
20,702.86	51.17	328.80	8,966.00	227.83	133,422.84	848.05	3,069.91
17,893.73			165.00		84,923.23	18.36	374.63
108,771.53					120,519.10		50,999.37
148,814.76	9,904.27	16,699.36	125,872.53	6,384.47	1,056,217.61	16,082.48	210,352.26
5,169.65							5,564.39
819,958.38	22,258.48	41,829.70	338,770.04	39,825.88	5,099,936.68	45,326.47	740,079.91
819,958.38	22,258.48	41,829.70	338,770.04	39,825.88	5,099,936.68	45,326.47	740,079.91
257,249.38	1,747.84	5,145.27	38,410.61	8,199.66	1,334,783.01	5,040.43	75,894.20
44,521.42	444.93	103.59		353.07	65,350.00	3,052.14	4,589.08
43,233.20			2,155.46	35.00	750,036.31	240.09	5,564.39
345,004.00	2,192.77	5,248.86	40,566.07	8,587.73	2,150,169.32	8,332.66	86,047.67
148,814.76	9,904.27	16,699.36	125,872.53	6,384.47	1,056,217.61	16,082.48	210,352.26
112,923.96	2,168.34	5,783.14	30,625.81	2,929.42	395,106.44	6,628.66	125,853.55
2,404.87					138,012.99		13,134.05
264,143.59	12,072.61	22,482.50	156,498.34	9,313.89	1,589,337.04	22,711.14	349,339.86
41,750.62	5,752.16	2,854.73	31,621.83	4,800.34	655,217.02	3,459.54	51,491.43
108,771.53					120,519.10		50,999.37
60,288.64	2,240.94	11,243.61	110,083.80	17,123.92	584,694.20	10,823.13	202,201.58
210,810.79	7,993.10	14,098.34	141,705.63	21,924.26	1,360,430.32	14,282.67	304,692.38
819,958.38	22,258.48	41,829.70	338,770.04	39,825.88	5,099,936.68	45,326.47	740,079.91
48.6	17.7	20.8	19.0	25.7	43.4	28.5	6.2

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Concluded

Municipality.....	Wyoming	York Twp.	Zurich	NIAGARA SYSTEM SUMMARY
Population.....	482		P.V.	
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
ASSETS				
Lands and buildings.....				8,824,114.16
Substation equipment.....				20,837,708.34
Distribution system—overhead....	7,336.07	772,073.02	6,932.37	16,955,410.84
Distribution system—underground				5,556,486.79
Line transformers.....	1,257.61		1,643.52	8,154,866.70
Meters.....	2,311.10		2,270.21	6,936,257.77
Street light equipment, regular.....	289.62	49,765.60	471.82	1,744,843.70
Street light equipment, ornamental				1,458,443.68
Miscellaneous construction expense	805.20	19,070.96	240.77	3,663,846.72
Steam or hydraulic plant.....				13,244.74
Old plant.....			150.00	4,403,238.16
Other plants not distributed.....				200,000.00
Total plant.....	11,999.60	840,909.58	11,708.69	78,748,461.60
Bank and cash balance.....	32.20	94,214.56	1,291.14	1,354,901.08
Securities and investments.....			2,000.00	735,567.45
Accounts receivable.....	315.44	13,089.47	13.86	3,182,004.70
Inventories.....				1,076,929.55
Sinking fund on local debentures....				8,016,069.90
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	4,467.98		7,563.75	23,196,330.36
Other assets.....	45.00	19,420.29		249,586.23
Total assets.....	16,860.22	967,633.90	22,577.44	116,559,850.87
Deficit.....	2,112.46			14,494.35
Total.....	18,972.68	967,633.90	22,577.44	116,574,345.22
LIABILITIES				
Debenture balance.....	1,639.52	409,365.43	3,742.80	38,275,850.97
Accounts payable.....	307.06	32,498.52	302.04	2,805,142.07
Bank overdraft.....				154,550.92
Other liabilities.....	45.00		16.02	3,724,456.24
Total liabilities.....	1,991.58	441,863.95	4,060.86	44,960,000.20
RESERVES				
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems....	4,467.98		7,563.75	23,196,330.36
For depreciation.....	4,452.64	146,967.70	4,025.25	13,330,347.14
Other reserves.....				1,589,857.32
Total reserves.....	8,920.62	146,967.70	11,589.00	38,116,534.82
SURPLUS				
Debentures paid.....	8,060.48	190,634.57	1,848.81	14,911,550.87
Local sinking fund.....				8,016,069.90
Operating surplus.....		188,167.68	5,078.77	10,570,189.43
Total surplus.....	8,060.48	378,802.25	6,927.58	33,497,810.20
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	18,972.68	967,633.90	22,577.44	116,574,345.22
Percentage of net debt to total assets	32.8	45.7	27.0	42.3

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM

Alliston 1,379	Arthur 1,037	Barrie 7,455	Beaverton 960	Beeton 584	Bradford 1,009	Brechin P.V.	Canning- ton 851
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
675.73		14,199.11	299.50				
26,609.18	17,169.34	15,279.30		428.50	388.50		
		56,509.52	20,956.37	11,710.00	19,057.00	1,789.59	10,008.17
		66,437.67					
7,039.73	3,961.15	42,184.26	6,731.49	2,188.63	4,072.65	1,126.71	4,156.88
7,110.66	3,382.92	40,238.97	5,618.48	1,931.95	3,898.73	726.95	4,214.51
1,522.69	767.21	12,063.80	1,173.58	1,169.54	544.95	212.44	924.69
2,565.49	382.26	7,612.84	2,583.41	1,433.38	1,828.94	546.92	644.33
7,846.49	1,086.62	42,634.32	3,772.42				3,609.37
53,369.97	26,749.50	297,159.79	41,135.25	18,862.00	29,790.77	4,402.61	23,557.95
340.90	33.57	5,087.92	1,065.55	493.59	1,945.87	412.38	10.00
2,475.70	215.94	12,943.01	9,000.00	1,186.69	1,000.00		1,326.62
	10.20	94.77	1,201.13	11.22	2,950.55	1,077.07	1,768.49
			17.85		22.62		175.92
11,295.94	10,746.86	73,212.70	12,230.73	8,727.20	9,628.32	4,761.23	9,119.57
67,482.51	37,756.07	388,498.19	64,650.51	29,280.70	45,338.13	10,653.29	35,958.55
	11,514.07			1,590.95			
67,482.51	49,270.14	388,498.19	64,650.51	30,871.65	45,338.13	10,653.29	35,958.55
25,981.75	17,642.69	26,798.16	6,623.12	10,128.17	18,182.07	2,153.26	7,967.85
93.75	2,574.06	34,823.65	176.25	785.80	536.57	290.87	90.57
		3.00	378.47		175.98	21.85	437.82
26,075.50	20,216.75	61,624.81	7,177.84	10,913.97	18,894.62	2,465.98	8,496.24
11,295.94	10,746.86	73,212.70	12,230.73	8,727.20	9,628.32	4,761.23	9,119.57
13,193.34	10,949.22	59,932.40	11,187.92	6,358.65	7,477.14	1,664.18	7,378.27
		1,100.00					
24,489.28	21,696.08	134,245.10	23,418.65	15,085.85	17,105.46	6,425.41	16,497.84
14,018.25	7,357.31	81,201.84	8,376.88	4,871.83	7,017.93	1,057.66	7,032.15
2,899.48		111,426.44	25,677.14		2,320.12	704.24	3,932.32
16,917.73	7,357.31	192,628.28	34,054.02	4,871.83	9,338.05	1,761.90	10,964.47
67,482.51	49,270.14	388,498.19	64,650.51	30,871.65	45,338.13	10,653.29	35,958.55
46.4	74.9	19.5	13.7	53.1	52.9	41.9	31.7

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

	Chatsworth 272	Chesley 1,789	Coldwater 626	Collingwood 5,783	Cookstown P.V.
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
ASSETS					
Lands and buildings	221 00		275 00	15,950 08	60 00
Substation equipment		595 98		11,203 24	392 95
Distribution system—overhead	4,560 47	19,892 45	7,675 00	47,964 46	9,131 52
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	1,531 99	6,781 32	2,779 67	17,011 28	2,192 62
Meters	1,377 30	6,714 58	2,932 65	22,144 71	2,117 12
Street light equipment, regular	529 17	1,173 68	440 68	2,876 90	694 21
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	385 90	3,264 32	173 52	6,165 17	1,520 03
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant		5,503 60			
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	8,605 83	43,925 93	14,276 52	123,315 84	16,108 45
Bank and cash balance	2,403 79	15 00	1,544 09	100 00	3,005 03
Securities and investments		10,000 00	4,000 00	27,000 00	
Accounts receivable	374 06	2,652 17	801 92	1,743 73	896 20
Inventories	4 90	265 49		399 06	17 34
Sinking fund on local debentures	3,234 69				
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	2,277 29	18,843 00	7,205 13	80,932 71	2,675 43
Other assets					
Total assets	16,900 56	75,701 59	27,827 66	233,491 34	22,702 45
Deficit					
Total	16,900 56	75,701 59	27,827 66	233,491 34	22,702 45
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	4,600 09	5,030 54	3,630 30		6,556 37
Accounts payable	142 95	3 40	466 72		
Bank overdraft		1,850 60		7,285 52	
Other liabilities			64 00	1,768 70	
Total liabilities	4,743 04	6,884 54	4,161 02	9,054 22	6,556 37
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	2,277 29	18,843 00	7,205 13	80,932 71	2,675 43
For depreciation	2,786 38	13,810 48	6,947 36	40,788 04	5,834 73
Other reserves					
Total reserves	5,063 67	32,653 48	14,152 49	121,720 75	8,510 16
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	799 91	22,469 46	3,369 70	42,604 59	6,943 63
Local sinking fund	3,234 69				
Operating surplus	3,059 25	13,694 11	6,144 45	60,111 78	692 29
Total surplus	7,093 85	36,163 57	9,514 15	102,716 37	7,635 92
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	16,900 56	75,701 59	27,827 66	233,491 34	22,702 45
Percentage of net debt to total assets	13.2	12.1	20.2	5.9	32.7

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Creemore 587	Dundalk 647	Durham 1,800	Elmvale P.V.	Elmwood P.V.	Flesherton 491	Grand Valley 587	Graven- hurst 1,830
		56.59	106.25			36.50	3,526.17
		546.02	2,273.07				5,293.35
7,291.01	7,715.03	21,672.38	8,248.86	4,812.76	5,446.88	11,341.14	25,813.61
3,171.36	3,435.53	6,890.62	3,959.64	803.88	1,802.52	2,179.63	7,330.04
2,955.37	2,494.99	6,873.66	3,254.07	992.73	2,183.55	2,724.23	9,033.70
295.27	1,082.10	1,381.46	447.17	302.28	720.51	503.83	3,904.71
279.27	416.38	1,693.58	542.13	1,093.62	934.82	205.70	2,062.32
3,433.74	380.94	2,091.39				919.85	28,055.29
17,426.02	15,524.97	41,205.70	18,831.19	8,005.27	11,088.28	17,910.88	85,019.19
288.76	229.70		3,204.44	1,419.21	2,828.68	997.89	1,703.49
	3,000.00	8,000.00				2,128.60	
508.76	38.05	2,177.12	714.99	602.37	246.04	1,051.91	6,428.32
10.20	39.78	56.47		8.10	19.40		672.99
				386.40			7,875.98
6,686.98	6,385.69	17,853.68	8,963.33	2,053.66	3,628.75	6,573.09	11,934.82
24,920.72	25,218.19	69,292.97	31,713.95	12,475.01	17,811.15	28,662.37	113,634.79
24,920.72	25,218.19	69,292.97	31,713.95	12,475.01	17,811.15	28,662.37	113,634.79
534.79	774.06	3,243.19	3,236.60	2,617.46	3,716.89	2,563.49	10,815.64
1,611.99	38.05	119.10	455.36		66.39	30.56	4,371.58
		1,122.31					
2,146.78	812.11	4,484.60	3,691.96	2,617.46	3,783.28	2,594.05	15,187.22
6,686.98	6,385.69	17,853.68	8,963.33	2,053.66	3,628.75	6,573.09	11,934.82
3,195.79	3,914.14	10,294.40	6,646.79	2,740.38	3,652.07	5,220.18	16,984.02
							725.00
9,882.77	10,299.83	28,148.08	15,610.12	4,794.04	7,280.82	11,793.27	29,643.84
5,965.21	5,562.84	22,556.81	3,763.40	4,582.54	2,983.11	8,436.51	53,152.77
				386.40			7,875.98
6,925.96	8,543.41	14,103.48	8,648.47	94.57	3,763.94	5,838.54	7,774.98
12,891.17	14,106.25	36,660.29	12,411.87	5,063.51	6,747.05	14,275.05	68,803.73
24,920.72	25,218.19	69,292.97	31,713.95	12,475.01	17,811.15	28,662.37	113,634.79
11.8	4.3	8.7	16.2	22.2	26.7	11.7	14.9

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Hanover	Holstein	Huntsville	Kincardine	Kirkfield
Population	3,036	P.V	2,507	2,429	P.V.
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	3,001.32		353.52	6,389.46	
Substation equipment	9,271.19		647.30	2,794.20	
Distribution system—overhead	48,940.62	2,102.68	13,139.83	42,159.41	5,113.67
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	17,109.90	571.82	6,767.62	10,712.42	557.90
Meters	15,506.91	514.82	8,673.71	10,492.19	701.85
Street light equipment, regular	2,326.30	168.69	2,262.52	5,200.12	379.00
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	5,267.64	205.93	566.45	5,320.59	301.53
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant	2,370.91		5,436.20		
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	103,794.79	3,563.94	37,847.15	83,068.39	7,053.95
Bank and cash balance	1,582.81	380.24	3,883.45	50.00	294.05
Securities and investments	26,699.39		13,000.00		
Accounts receivable	2,542.84	136.07	1,480.61	590.42	936.81
Inventories	114.36	67.87	2,064.60	1,243.31	
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	45,822.14	2,093.02	30,684.78	18,529.52	1,744.11
Other assets				111.54	
Total assets	180,556.33	6,241.14	88,960.59	103,593.18	10,028.92
Deficit		4,665.82			1,339.48
Total	180,556.33	10,906.96	88,960.59	103,593.18	11,368.40
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	33,987.83	225.54	2,393.71	31,103.03	2,572.46
Accounts payable	54.57	4,927.71	3,059.92	1,896.96	1,620.22
Bank overdraft				297.79	
Other liabilities			544.50		
Total liabilities	34,042.40	5,153.25	5,998.13	33,297.78	4,192.68
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	45,822.14	2,093.02	30,684.78	18,529.52	1,744.11
For depreciation	36,590.63	1,124.18	12,125.08	15,626.77	2,004.07
Other reserves					
Total reserves	82,412.77	3,217.20	42,809.86	34,156.29	3,748.18
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	53,512.17	2,536.51	18,739.83	33,096.97	3,427.54
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	10,588.99		21,412.77	3,042.14	
Total surplus	64,101.16	2,536.51	40,152.60	36,139.11	3,427.54
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	180,556.33	10,906.96	88,960.59	103,593.18	11,368.40
Percentage of net debt to total assets	25.3	124.2	10.2	39.1	50.6

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Lucknow	Markdale	Meaford	Midland	Mildmay	Mount Forest	Neustadt	Orangeville
1,082	774	2,707	6,808	694	1,821	465	2,785
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
	780.80	1,104.93	19,983.57		3,725.00		2,585.07
17,009.20	10,503.49	2,398.85	85,096.20		686.75		1,169.00
		30,015.36	93,649.38	6,001.09	22,682.88	9,970.79	32,266.89
4,385.00	4,151.74	7,278.23	22,972.26	1,657.05	6,594.59	3,624.89	7,922.99
4,717.22	3,244.99	7,317.62	36,046.39	2,129.16	7,294.95	2,017.85	11,400.36
1,391.17	1,314.08	3,215.81	18,712.15	502.80	2,302.55	496.41	7,532.55
2,322.02	674.93	1,987.27	5,386.19	836.82	2,127.00	1,521.48	6,243.69
	2,080.65	3,486.43		849.00	3,810.95	1,097.60	3,204.99
29,824.61	22,750.68	56,804.50	281,846.14	11,975.92	49,224.67	18,729.02	72,325.54
1,236.22	1,110.39	2,812.48	75.00	1,190.61		8.11	921.53
4,000.00	1,255.13	16,083.05	29,000.00		4,000.00		2,500.00
1,386.42	936.11	1,780.17	19,199.98	945.94	1,718.29	37.22	1,814.79
8.52	35.00		4,127.10			18.20	284.96
9,186.02	5,032.19	12,735.65	125,095.10	226.15	16,380.02	5,502.73	21,353.58
45,641.79	31,119.50	90,215.85	459,343.32	14,338.62	71,322.98	24,295.28	99,200.40
						16,712.99	
45,641.79	31,119.50	90,215.85	459,343.32	14,338.62	71,322.98	41,008.27	99,200.40
10,801.77	5,482.32	34,814.09	29,703.26	11,895.23	11,721.92	6,741.81	7,992.00
67.28	738.58		33,883.74	85.53	250.00	12,022.60	1,021.55
	20.00	757.89	2,034.42		660.41		
			772.64				
10,869.05	6,240.90	35,571.98	66,394.06	11,980.76	12,632.33	18,764.41	9,013.55
9,186.02	5,032.19	12,735.65	125,095.10	226.15	16,380.02	5,502.73	21,353.58
5,268.25	4,953.50	9,182.03	110,915.85	206.00	14,338.12	6,482.94	19,878.88
14,454.27	9,985.69	21,917.68	236,010.95	432.15	30,718.14	11,985.67	41,232.46
8,921.59	3,517.68	14,546.11	82,366.73	408.27	19,236.68	10,258.19	27,908.00
11,396.88	11,375.23	18,180.08	74,571.58	1,517.44	8,735.83		21,046.39
20,318.47	14,892.91	32,726.19	156,938.31	1,925.71	27,972.51	10,258.19	48,954.39
45,641.79	31,119.50	90,215.85	459,343.32	14,338.62	71,322.98	41,008.27	99,200.40
29.8	23.9	45.9	19.8	84.9	24.9	99.9	11.6

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Owen Sound	Paisley	Penetang- uishene	Port Elgin	Port McNicol
Population	12,803	732	4,046	1,230	928
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	25,978.31		2,262.10	111.25	369.08
Substation equipment	12,919.97	1,933.26	7,076.39		
Distribution system—overhead	106,461.46	11,504.45	41,283.35	25,301.65	7,448.38
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	46,603.72	1,602.53	15,661.52	5,335.48	1,322.48
Meters	56,436.43	2,930.91	13,754.34	6,039.69	2,497.83
Street light equipment, regular	27,532.69	1,045.51	3,503.33	2,057.10	422.33
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	3,879.83	885.45	1,530.00	759.34	659.19
Steam or hydraulic plant	33,282.00				
Old plant		1,745.00		4,213.00	
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	313,094.41	21,647.11	85,071.03	43,817.51	12,719.29
Bank and cash balance	688.88	609.71		5,394.35	78.99
Securities and investments		2,500.00	1,152.98	7,500.00	
Accounts receivable	17,691.85	506.94	6,992.36	695.24	306.22
Inventories	10,699.29		467.76	27.64	11.70
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	101,536.38	5,273.82	36,078.52	1,938.03	3,328.98
Other assets					
Total assets	443,710.81	30,537.58	129,762.65	59,372.77	16,445.18
Deficit					
Total	443,710.81	30,537.58	129,762.65	59,372.77	16,445.18
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance		10,091.92	15,587.71	37,995.69	2,070.25
Accounts payable	1.00	17.50	7,335.47	4,498.92	677.47
Bank overdraft	4,098.74		2,386.80		
Other liabilities	2,667.72			20.00	
Total liabilities	6,767.46	10,109.42	25,309.98	42,514.61	2,747.72
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	101,536.38	5,273.82	36,078.52	1,938.03	3,328.98
For depreciation	59,025.51	3,623.07	31,117.49	2,184.18	4,101.83
Other reserves					
Total reserves	160,561.89	8,896.89	67,196.01	4,122.21	7,430.81
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	141,000.00	5,908.08	25,412.29	4,004.31	5,229.75
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	135,381.46	5,623.19	11,844.37	8,731.64	1,036.90
Total surplus	276,381.46	11,531.27	37,256.66	12,735.95	6,266.65
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	443,710.81	30,537.58	129,762.65	59,372.77	16,445.18
Percentage of net debt to total assets	1.9	40.0	27.0	74.0	20.9

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Port Perry	Priceville	Ripley	Rosseau	Shelburne	Southampton	Stayner	Sunderland
1,130	P.V.	451	251	1,064	1,520	1,042	P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
	68.00			800.00	25.00		
2,564.65				566.60		200.00	
18,957.29	4,661.78	9,975.19	7,102.01	14,735.46	19,252.84	12,527.17	4,158.87
4,391.61	702.86	3,540.24	2,204.63	6,215.47	5,833.56	5,380.00	1,365.63
3,990.22	380.00	1,434.83	1,032.67	6,411.08	6,964.94	5,227.20	1,998.01
1,037.90	139.88	844.33	436.95	1,059.60	1,958.73	966.80	627.74
176.42	833.90	1,164.99	1,126.07	2,273.26	1,276.60	326.63	178.02
				739.50	2,077.00	4,132.41	2,030.00
31,118.09	6,786.42	16,959.58	11,902.33	32,800.97	37,388.67	28,760.21	10,358.27
1,589.23	139.92	1,127.09	752.99		2,549.49	444.79	1,965.18
10,000.00				5,000.00		4,000.00	1,000.00
619.41	54.34	413.09	1,505.29	726.63	1,344.96	664.40	374.90
46.41	4.08	22.34		82.19	23.15		9.39
7,789.28	838.98	3,882.39	790.05	10,112.03	1,993.07	8,696.77	6,183.71
51,162.42	7,823.74	22,404.49	14,950.66	48,721.82	43,299.34	42,566.17	19,891.45
	6,995.38						
51,162.42	14,819.12	22,404.49	14,950.66	48,721.82	43,299.34	42,566.17	19,891.45
14,961.30	2,920.31	10,389.37	13,000.00	4,306.73	24,930.96	1,165.63	3,006.79
5.38	5,384.44	43.15	19.15	1,283.26	332.60	706.76	2,156.84
				238.54			
273.99		70.00				25.00	
15,240.67	8,304.75	10,502.52	13,019.15	5,828.53	25,263.56	1,897.39	5,163.63
7,789.28	838.98	3,882.39	790.05	10,112.03	1,993.07	8,696.77	6,183.71
5,827.11	1,595.70	3,127.76	492.47	10,273.07	1,847.00	9,032.87	3,176.56
			648.99				
13,616.39	2,434.68	7,010.15	1,931.51	20,385.10	3,840.07	17,729.64	9,360.27
4,920.36	4,079.69	3,582.57		15,613.27	8,069.04	12,834.37	3,793.21
17,385.00		1,309.25		6,894.92	6,126.67	10,104.77	1,574.34
22,305.36	4,079.69	4,891.82		22,508.19	14,195.71	22,939.14	5,367.55
51,162.42	14,819.12	22,404.49	14,950.66	48,721.82	43,299.34	42,566.17	19,891.45
35.1	118.9	56.8	91.9	15.1	61.1	5.6	37.7

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Tara	Teeswater	Thornton	Tottenham	Uxbridge
Population.....	491	805	P.V.	546	1,506
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
ASSETS					
Lands and buildings.....					40.00
Substation equipment.....		330.31		358.50	2,657.65
Distribution system—overhead.....	10,999.17	16,987.54	6,403.82	8,055.08	13,388.67
Distribution system—underground.....	2,176.95				
Line transformers.....	1,719.24	4,746.02	860.41	1,117.48	3,875.43
Meters.....	430.59	3,315.65	796.76	2,109.02	4,475.05
Street light equipment, regular.....		1,406.90	381.95	460.17	1,259.64
Street light equipment, ornamental.....	1,269.05				
Miscellaneous construction expense.....		1,907.49	300.35	1,265.68	910.15
Steam or hydraulic plant.....					
Old plant.....		4,976.86		286.45	
Other plants not distributed.....					
Total plant.....	16,595.00	33,670.77	8,743.29	13,652.38	26,606.59
Bank and cash balance.....	1,530.50	558.28	396.61	448.48	
Securities and investments.....		3,000.00			8,000.00
Accounts receivable.....	289.00	348.96	323.16	987.60	1,033.14
Inventories.....	61.20			24.48	6.12
Sinking fund on local debentures.....					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	4,661.32	6,444.10	1,777.80	5,592.84	8,297.67
Other assets.....					
Total assets.....	23,137.02	44,022.11	11,240.86	20,705.78	43,943.52
Deficit.....	3,001.19		4,362.14	3,108.43	
Total.....	26,138.21	44,022.11	15,603.00	23,814.21	43,943.52
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance.....	5,497.64	12,157.05	3,389.31	7,629.59	11,860.05
Accounts payable.....	38.25	3,847.88	2,604.20	498.99	
Bank overdraft.....					658.19
Other liabilities.....		4.00		154.06	5.00
Total liabilities.....	5,535.89	16,008.93	5,993.51	8,282.64	12,523.24
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	4,661.32	6,444.10	1,777.80	5,592.84	8,297.67
For depreciation.....	5,938.64	4,406.16	3,721.00	4,601.22	4,553.14
Other reserves.....					
Total reserves.....	10,599.96	10,850.26	5,498.80	10,194.06	12,850.81
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid.....	10,002.36	15,842.95	4,110.69	5,337.51	4,347.54
Local sinking fund.....					
Operating surplus.....		1,319.97			14,221.93
Total surplus.....	10,002.36	17,162.92	4,110.69	5,337.51	18,569.47
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	26,138.21	44,022.11	15,603.00	23,814.21	43,943.52
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	30.0	42.6	63.3	54.8	35.1

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Victoria Harbor 1,171	Walkerton 2,340	Waubaushe- shene P.V.	Warton 1,911	Winder- mere 135	Wingham 1,842	Woodville 414	GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM SUMMARY
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
					9,163.34		110,690.15
					4,863.91		173,392.17
8,616.56	39,551.62	6,129.60	21,291.32	9,169.96	40,474.75	2,970.40	1,146,338.42
							66,437.67
1,278.18	10,638.64	1,556.06	5,554.58	2,852.40	15,635.95	2,127.54	378,217.38
2,252.25	10,475.11	1,810.39	5,780.34	865.05	14,188.17	2,116.14	401,981.17
366.32	2,276.74	221.79	1,950.58	247.26	3,371.64	217.55	132,759.04
667.12	1,984.43	370.39	5,001.65	354.57	4,930.59	275.21	103,402.25
					14,711.99		47,991.99
	5,238.00		3,981.00		12,320.02	2,182.50	165,592.50
13,180.43	70,164.54	10,088.23	43,559.47	13,489.24	119,660.36	9,889.34	2,726,804.74
328.50	4,198.07	1,911.68	2,402.59	10.00	30.00	546.85	68,376.93
					9,000.00	5,000.00	218,145.77
514.38	1,878.86	255.78	457.08	1,367.46	1,250.88	895.27	117,057.09
16.32	578.52	22.00	31.96		5,671.97		27,596.75
							11,497.07
3,642.44	3,921.66	2,070.83	3,047.88	722.32	18,287.75	6,229.56	863,259.50
							111.54
17,682.07	80,741.65	14,348.52	49,498.98	15,589.02	153,900.96	22,561.02	4,032,849.19
							53,290.45
17,682.07	80,741.65	14,348.52	49,498.98	15,589.02	153,900.96	22,561.02	4,086,139.64
1,004.26	59,094.17	559.40	36,268.93	4,530.68	35,153.07	2,868.88	672,671.15
49.96	25.88	13.30	331.12	8,378.61		75.77	144,632.18
				188.38	2,234.15		23,493.67
	5.00		5.00	345.00	444.77		8,526.57
1,054.22	59,125.05	572.70	36,605.05	13,442.67	37,831.99	2,944.65	849,323.57
3,642.44	3,921.66	2,070.83	3,047.88	722.32	18,287.75	6,229.56	863,259.50
3,758.26	2,630.78	2,177.94	2,014.94	883.88	22,444.34	2,077.27	674,284.37
				189.57			2,663.56
7,400.70	6,552.44	4,248.77	5,062.82	1,795.77	40,732.09	8,306.83	1,540,207.23
5,495.74	3,905.83	2,940.60	1,131.07		60,952.43	2,631.12	943,745.38
							11,497.07
3,731.41	11,158.33	6,586.45	6,700.04	350.58	14,384.45	8,678.42	741,366.39
9,227.15	15,064.16	9,527.05	7,831.11	350.58	75,336.88	11,309.54	1,696,608.84
17,682.07	80,741.65	14,348.52	49,498.98	15,589.02	153,900.96	22,561.02	4,086,139.64
7.5	77.0	4.7	78.8	90.4	28.0	18.0	26.4

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM

Municipality	Alexandria	Apple Hill	Athens	Bath	Belleville
Population	2,340	P.V.	582	350	14,059
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings		169.06			36,108.70
Substation equipment					2,338.65
Distribution system—overhead	27,957.65	2,886.41	13,951.89	5,819.73	105,110.27
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	8,080.79	1,288.37	1,757.05	1,011.93	23,330.54
Meters	6,909.32	1,000.21	2,479.53	676.87	55,180.56
Street light equipment, regular	2,224.20	421.12	698.90	554.37	17,220.75
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	5,122.65	210.33	1,011.61	727.38	5,601.97
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant	4,466.89	709.55			
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	54,761.50	6,685.05	19,898.98	8,790.28	244,891.44
Bank and cash balance	2,611.41	282.51	1,152.51	11.76	17,671.22
Securities and investments	7,000.00				5,000.00
Accounts receivable	1,876.12	143.53	2,069.44	666.78	15,601.29
Inventories					7,079.79
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	17,415.16	1,689.16	2,458.42	418.12	59,864.19
Other assets					
Total assets	83,664.19	8,800.25	25,579.35	9,886.94	350,107.93
Deficit		323.54			
Total	83,664.19	9,123.79	25,579.35	9,886.94	350,107.93
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	19,798.16	3,348.68	11,759.10	7,284.91	52,000.00
Accounts payable	3,571.45	106.37		1,605.84	
Bank overdraft					
Other liabilities	466.23			22.00	5,443.34
Total liabilities	23,835.84	3,455.05	11,759.10	8,912.75	57,443.34
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	17,415.16	1,689.16	2,458.42	418.12	59,864.19
For depreciation	10,513.76	1,328.26	1,952.75	322.00	20,090.75
Other reserves					1,177.47
Total reserves	27,928.92	3,017.42	4,411.17	740.12	81,132.41
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	28,335.68	2,651.32	2,240.90	215.09	124,000.00
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	3,563.75		7,168.18	18.98	87,532.18
Total surplus	31,899.43	2,651.32	9,409.08	234.07	211,532.18
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	83,664.19	9,123.79	25,579.35	9,886.94	350,107.93
Percentage of net debt to total assets	35.9	48.6	50.9	95.2	19.8

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Bloomfield 614	Bowman- ville 3,641	Brighton 1,413	Brockville 9,615	Cardinal 1,305	Carleton Place 4,272	Chesterville 950
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
			45,295.14		6,255.32	250.00
410.00			1,000.87		2,471.63	
11,144.26	43,954.11	14,379.75	83,857.03	10,811.54	41,145.03	7,946.71
2,230.77	7,599.91	3,965.45	35,877.33	2,580.91	10,331.16	3,245.64
2,677.82	17,014.21	6,449.20	42,945.18	2,214.16	16,599.67	4,112.97
908.20	2,860.10	821.98	20,434.12	385.27	6,758.16	526.97
1,403.42	2,406.53	236.73	3,044.90	759.18	3,580.79	658.68
			54,961.03		5,293.19	
			4,821.76	3,474.80		
18,774.47	73,834.86	25,853.11	292,237.36	20,225.86	92,434.95	16,740.97
	11,528.65	25.00	783.90	1,183.57	4,319.40	585.95
			135,000.00		19,000.00	9,000.00
235.33	4,684.85	4,915.73	9,682.82	39.00	5,200.34	723.03
	3,046.76	4,194.51	2,385.49		892.06	608.79
2,562.61	11,113.91	3,884.81	90,546.25	1,431.50	40,058.83	17,050.69
21,572.41	104,209.03	38,873.16	530,635.82	22,879.93	161,905.58	44,709.43
21,572.41	104,209.03	38,873.16	530,635.82	22,879.93	161,905.58	44,709.43
7,202.16	66,486.12	22,558.84		13,569.91	43,641.56	1,124.18
979.35		5.21	13,877.20	179.43		5.40
4.89		2,687.69	5,898.12			
12.00	560.53	78.00	47.00		718.73	
8,198.40	67,046.65	25,329.74	19,822.32	13,749.34	44,360.29	1,129.58
2,562.61	11,113.91	3,884.81	90,546.25	1,431.50	40,058.83	17,050.69
3,970.96	3,261.50	1,694.13	73,525.48	982.00	10,431.10	7,559.10
			6,497.60		1,500.00	
6,533.57	14,375.41	5,578.94	170,569.33	2,413.50	51,989.93	24,609.79
3,997.84	4,513.88	2,441.16	226,657.54	1,430.09	22,358.44	5,375.82
2,842.60	18,273.09	5,523.32	113,586.63	5,287.00	43,196.92	13,594.24
6,840.44	22,786.97	7,964.48	340,244.17	6,717.09	65,555.36	18,970.06
21,572.41	104,209.03	38,873.16	530,635.82	22,879.93	161,905.58	44,709.43
43.1	72.0	72.4	4.5	64.1	36.4	4.1

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Cobourg	Colborne	Deseronto	Finch	Hastings
Population	5,619	977	1,418	383	707
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings					
Substation equipment			161.18		
Distribution system—overhead	62,880.91	6,037.64	9,700.34	7,414.99	14,011.23
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	15,854.62	670.66	1,442.62	1,393.35	1,771.80
Meters	22,307.76	1,390.75	4,771.27	1,728.20	2,901.40
Street light equipment, regular	8,391.51	1,321.40	432.60	435.62	1,160.09
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	4,574.24	2,463.34	305.94	23.24	716.28
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant					1,733.13
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	114,009.04	11,883.79	16,813.95	10,995.40	22,293.93
Bank and cash balance	17,960.58	1,956.52	3,436.29	108.70	586.86
Securities and investments				3,000.00	5,000.00
Accounts receivable	5,180.48	156.91	691.22	121.29	554.44
Inventories	3,834.53	538.05	721.46		
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	8,067.27	337.09	1,951.46	1,781.86	788.72
Other assets					
Total assets	149,051.90	14,872.36	23,614.38	16,007.25	29,223.95
Deficit					
Total	149,051.90	14,872.36	23,614.38	16,007.25	29,223.95
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance	102,702.35	12,194.59	11,847.71	5,672.68	19,762.33
Accounts payable	4,884.99	45.56	468.54	707.11	13.80
Bank overdraft					
Other liabilities	3,462.03	196.24	192.12		30.00
Total liabilities	111,049.37	12,436.39	12,508.37	6,379.79	19,806.13
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	8,067.27	337.09	1,951.46	1,781.86	788.72
For depreciation	3,833.12	188.00	920.92	1,138.00	1,011.60
Other reserves					
Total reserves	11,900.39	525.09	2,872.38	2,919.86	1,800.32
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	3,291.15		3,152.29	1,327.32	1,237.67
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	22,810.99	1,910.88	5,081.34	5,380.28	6,379.83
Total surplus	26,102.14	1,910.88	8,233.63	6,707.60	7,617.50
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	149,051.90	14,872.36	23,614.38	16,007.25	29,223.95
Percentage of net debt to total assets	78.8	85.5	57.7	44.8	69.6

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Havelock	Kemptville	Kingston	Lakefield	Lanark	Lancaster	Lindsay
1,096	1,227	23,260	1,303	636	601	7,109
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
		184,945.77	3,137.97			10,556.68
572.90		45,599.79				3,176.56
19,583.50	19,755.54	165,930.10	21,813.53	6,201.44	6,402.26	71,574.10
		149,557.13				
2,259.82	5,888.74	58,020.14	5,101.95	1,134.89	962.35	20,920.49
5,387.88	6,490.65	99,915.93	7,070.99	1,796.99	1,433.52	30,341.01
1,842.33	1,063.16	71,262.59	1,876.16	682.38	650.65	10,291.48
4,409.17	6,067.28	46,345.74	3,815.70	330.38	1,068.55	1,608.54
2,420.45		15,890.14	3,445.25			
36,476.05	39,265.37	837,467.33	46,261.55	10,146.08	10,517.33	148,468.86
2,789.27	760.85	65,301.65	479.65	711.41	357.04	8,431.77
7,000.00	20,000.00	172,175.00	10,000.00	1,982.05		46,500.00
262.62	3,116.38	36,132.75	1,270.74	203.48	452.20	4,918.05
	998.53	9,806.07				424.76
5,666.80	9,967.75	32,697.13	4,814.31	3,115.98	4,203.18	34,998.34
		1,000.00	9.74			
52,194.74	74,108.88	1,154,579.93	62,835.99	16,159.00	15,529.75	243,741.78
					6,261.95	
52,194.74	74,108.88	1,154,579.93	62,835.99	16,159.00	21,791.70	243,741.78
16,437.62	18,271.25	104,430.01	25,935.95	3,433.99	3,297.41	108,275.79
63.08	2,208.15	6,361.67	700.00	24.35	5,129.50	19.56
		640.96	360.96		73.50	1,753.18
16,500.70	20,479.40	111,432.64	26,996.91	3,458.34	8,500.41	110,048.53
5,666.80	9,967.75		4,814.31	3,115.98	4,203.18	34,998.34
7,112.47	6,873.22	127,490.12	9,728.63	1,763.25	2,415.10	16,765.26
		161,795.63				
12,779.27	16,840.97	289,285.75	14,542.94	4,879.23	6,618.28	51,763.60
16,462.38	6,728.75	207,469.99	7,564.05	4,127.48	6,673.01	21,724.21
6,452.39	30,059.76	32,697.13	13,732.09	3,693.95		60,205.44
22,914.77	36,788.51	513,694.42	21,296.14	7,821.43	6,673.01	81,929.65
52,194.74	74,108.88	1,154,579.93	62,835.99	16,159.00	21,791.70	243,741.78
35.5	31.9	7.0	46.5	26.5	75.0	52.7

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Madoc	Marmora	Martintown	Maxville
Population.....	1,059	924	P.V.	785
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....	100 00		126 15	
Substation equipment.....				407 79
Distribution system—overhead.....	9,680 27	12,591 18	2,709 88	11,463 57
Distribution system—underground.....				
Line transformers.....	2,351 64	2,378 99	690 33	1,540 96
Meters.....	4,786 31	3,395 91	871 51	2,465 30
Street light equipment, regular.....	1,500 00	1,088 59	335 26	1,605 64
Street light equipment, ornamental.....				
Miscellaneous construction expense.....	225 89	2,000 91	653 27	2,402 45
Steam or hydraulic plant.....				
Old plant.....		573 62		
Other plants not distributed.....				
Total plant.....	18,644 11	22,029 20	5,386 40	19,885 71
Bank and cash balance.....	2,485 58	4,321 14	965 74	601 47
Securities and investments.....		657 33	1,000 00	
Accounts receivable.....	421 49	588 08	248 46	224 46
Inventories.....				
Sinking fund on local debentures.....				
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	2,479 40	2,136 48	1,082 90	5,041 29
Other assets.....				
Total assets.....	24,030 58	29,732 23	8,683 50	25,752 93
Deficit.....				
Total.....	24,030 58	29,732 23	8,683 50	25,752 93
LIABILITIES				
Debenture balance.....	963 20	7,735 98	1,961 14	7,608 74
Accounts payable.....	51 00	4 18		1 37
Bank overdraft.....				
Other liabilities.....		10 00		80 00
Total liabilities.....	1,014 20	7,750 16	1,961 14	7,690 11
RESERVES				
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	2,479 40	2,136 48	1,082 90	5,041 29
For depreciation.....	921 05	4,058 21	1,183 37	3,701 66
Other reserves.....				
Total reserves.....	3,400 45	6,194 69	2,266 27	8,742 95
SURPLUS				
Debentures paid.....	13,036 80	9,930 13	4,038 86	8,391 26
Local sinking fund.....				
Operating surplus.....	6,579 13	5,857 25	417 23	928 61
Total surplus.....	19,615 93	15,787 38	4,456 09	9,319 87
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	24,030 58	29,732 23	8,683 50	25,752 93
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	4 7	28 1	25 8	37 1

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Napanee	Norwood	Omemeë	Oshawa	Ottawa	Perth	Peterborough
3,014	727	498	23,002	130,672	3,994	22,809
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
2,173.32			56,776.03	337,378.21	6,851.01	75,202.75
	457.53	360.32		700,669.39	3,932.82	98,652.41
39,244.37	23,152.45	10,880.65	183,835.78	709,461.28	46,843.70	210,098.39
				172,744.02		
8,356.22	4,609.18	2,668.47	40,454.32	303,083.73	22,413.35	95,759.24
16,394.23	4,822.00	2,434.79	97,743.58	276,306.34	20,967.92	93,552.08
3,814.09	1,848.52	667.86	15,669.64	117,317.59	3,939.32	53,728.00
2,787.40	3,939.32	1,540.92	6,342.36	33,115.49	5,011.75	53,652.16
	2,447.51		8,831.65		23,606.94	29,771.74
72,769.63	41,276.51	18,553.01	409,653.36	2,650,076.05	133,566.81	710,416.77
1,934.74	3,781.32	2,224.49	250.00	2,127.29	5,472.56	330.00
	8,000.00			38,000.00	35,000.00	
4,910.96	171.77	163.22	57,831.30	99,557.41	4,161.21	29,743.35
5,065.45			8,574.22	22,198.34	7,663.13	5,053.11
				682,182.51		225,737.16
14,478.29	2,711.38		186,135.35	52,211.78	34,151.00	117,464.27
			304.52		328.15	
99,159.07	55,940.98	20,940.72	662,748.75	3,546,353.38	220,342.86	1,088,744.66
99,159.07	55,940.98	20,940.72	662,748.75	3,546,353.38	220,342.86	1,088,744.66
35,031.54	27,760.97	4,003.70	249,672.23	923,627.34	55,526.99	527,920.00
	583.21		24,200.87	94,965.53	268.59	28,249.53
			9,831.79	2,895.07		4,061.57
532.02	326.30	45.00	18,929.21		1,899.59	80.00
35,563.56	28,670.48	4,048.70	302,634.10	1,021,487.94	57,695.17	560,311.10
14,478.29	2,711.38		186,135.35	52,211.78	34,151.00	117,464.27
3,091.42	9,011.80	6,047.88	37,436.92	930,274.58	34,625.03	94,929.86
2,983.35			17,405.24	164,586.88		9,400.20
20,553.06	11,723.18	6,047.88	240,977.51	1,147,073.24	68,776.03	221,794.33
34,968.46	9,339.03	7,996.30	60,327.77	56,372.66	52,873.01	
				682,182.51		225,737.16
8,073.99	6,208.29	2,847.84	58,809.37	639,237.03	40,998.65	80,902.07
43,042.45	15,547.32	10,844.14	119,137.14	1,377,792.20	93,871.66	306,639.23
99,159.07	55,940.98	20,940.72	662,748.75	3,546,353.38	220,342.86	1,088,744.66
42.0	53.9	21.8	63.5	29.2	31.0	44.9

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

**EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Continued**

Municipality	Pictou	Port Hope	Prescott	Richmond	Russell
Population	3,217	4,626	2,952	381	P.V.
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings	7,182.49	4,050.00	2,761.54		
Substation equipment	2,004.66				
Distribution system—overhead	39,652.20	47,651.69	38,915.28	6,127.37	7,735.81
Distribution system—underground					
Line transformers	12,624.33	11,598.21	13,303.50	769.40	1,382.48
Meters	16,740.47	19,384.64	18,431.61	1,136.31	1,458.78
Street light equipment, regular	4,131.66	2,613.82	2,006.66	173.98	499.49
Street light equipment, ornamental					
Miscellaneous construction expense	2,621.36	828.25	1,089.63	612.67	1,199.88
Steam or hydraulic plant					
Old plant	3,105.28		11,808.35		
Other plants not distributed					
Total plant	88,062.45	86,126.64	88,316.57	8,819.73	12,276.44
Bank and cash balance	50.00	1,184.05	1,031.66	323.76	1,680.80
Securities and investments	14,000.00		3,000.00		
Accounts receivable	5,104.68	3,014.20	1,701.75		976.63
Inventories	3,842.99	1,060.76			
Sinking fund on local debentures					
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems	20,429.65	17,960.58	25,550.45	894.27	2,863.57
Other assets	997.29		106.00		
Total assets	132,487.06	109,346.23	119,706.43	10,037.76	17,797.44
Deficit		1,046.56			
Total	132,487.06	110,392.79	119,706.43	10,037.76	17,797.44
LIABILITIES					
Debenture balance		23,863.83		5,504.02	7,211.90
Accounts payable	3,279.09	4,969.50	908.69	104.27	251.23
Bank overdraft	1,562.86				
Other liabilities	978.00	3,110.77	204.51	25.50	
Total liabilities	5,819.95	31,944.10	1,113.20	5,633.79	7,463.13
RESERVES					
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems	20,429.65	17,960.58	25,550.45	894.27	2,863.57
For depreciation	11,773.85	5,351.94	30,397.84	850.87	1,493.98
Other reserves	1,458.68				
Total reserves	33,662.18	23,312.52	55,948.29	1,745.14	4,357.55
SURPLUS					
Debentures paid	5,730.32	55,136.17	23,979.34	995.98	2,788.10
Local sinking fund					
Operating surplus	87,274.61		38,665.60	1,662.85	3,188.66
Total surplus	93,004.93	55,136.17	62,644.94	2,658.83	5,976.76
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus	132,487.06	110,392.79	119,706.43	10,037.76	17,797.44
Percentage of net debt to total assets	5.1	34.9	1.2	61.6	50.0

"A"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

Smiths Falls	Stirling	Trenton	Tweed	Warkworth	Wellington	Westport
7,501	865	6,331	1,247	P.V.	900	733
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
19,928.85	8,410.00	5,114.41			200.00	
4,745.66	7,042.12	23,080.03			499.80	
86,143.93	5,007.22	87,820.66	10,186.86	5,494.98	14,660.44	7,155.76
24,946.41	3,681.12	20,622.75	3,002.41	684.66	3,703.50	1,001.23
32,399.24	4,856.49	25,913.81	4,777.47	1,510.80	5,168.68	1,353.44
9,295.13	1,054.48	13,556.84	1,035.28	309.88	1,131.40	526.70
6,631.95	1,097.22	3,141.03	345.31	610.69	774.55	1,335.26
38,001.49						
21,513.48				3,618.02	2,477.92	1,713.00
243,606.14	31,148.65	179,249.53	19,347.33	12,229.03	28,616.29	13,085.39
5,131.37	5,231.59	11,769.63	1,450.81	416.85	10.00	
42,000.00	4,762.73			2,500.00	5,000.00	3,000.00
4,014.82	1,058.50	7,688.95	570.00	321.22	560.52	653.28
721.28	1,090.28	6,300.75	1,197.71			
52,428.70	3,026.08	15,465.69	2,472.03	1,484.82	3,949.61	949.46
	50.00					
347,902.31	46,367.83	220,474.55	25,037.88	16,951.92	38,136.42	17,688.13
347,902.31	46,367.83	220,474.55	25,037.88	16,951.92	38,136.42	17,688.13
69,513.40		154,510.02	13,061.29	9,401.11	11,068.35	14,115.96
	1.62		597.09		739.08	
					1,352.82	58.60
33	24.00	2,638.89	214.69		2.25	
69,513.73	25.62	157,148.91	13,873.07	9,401.11	13,162.50	14,174.56
52,428.70	3,026.08	15,465.69	2,472.03	1,484.82	3,949.61	949.46
62,565.37	8,672.11	6,748.00	1,956.13	1,201.32	5,482.78	244.56
250.00		661.84				
115,244.07	11,698.19	22,875.53	4,428.16	2,686.14	9,432.39	1,194.02
128,111.60	10,000.00	10,489.98	5,938.71	1,598.89	5,931.65	884.04
35,032.91	24,644.02	29,960.13	797.94	3,265.78	9,609.88	1,435.51
163,144.51	34,644.02	40,450.11	6,736.65	4,864.67	15,541.53	2,319.55
347,902.31	46,367.83	220,474.55	25,037.88	16,951.92	38,136.42	17,688.13
23.5	.06	76.7	61.5	60.8	38.5	85.2

STATEMENT

Balance Sheets of Electrical Departments of

**EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Concluded**

Municipality.....	Whitby	Williamsburg	Winchester	EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM SUMMARY
Population.....	5,294	P.V.	963	
ASSETS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Lands and buildings.....	6,394.26		299.85	819,667.51
Substation equipment.....	34,200.41			931,784.52
Distribution system—overhead.....	44,799.06	2,510.58	9,529.85	2,453,623.17
Distribution system—underground.....				322,301.15
Line transformers.....	10,993.72	1,749.87	2,436.78	813,528.08
Meters.....	14,537.89	1,926.37	4,904.37	1,022,036.39
Street light equipment, regular.....	4,567.02	152.11	719.87	396,512.94
Street light equipment, ornamental.....				
Miscellaneous construction expense.....	5,815.00	50.85	616.57	234,934.74
Steam or hydraulic plant.....				92,962.52
Old plant.....	1,340.13		1,100.00	154,162.80
Other plants not distributed.....				
Total plant.....	122,647.49	6,389.78	19,607.29	7,241,513.82
Bank and cash balance.....	458.47	1,277.70	1,013.44	198,560.93
Securities and investments.....		4,500.00	7,000.00	609,077.11
Accounts receivable.....	4,452.64	1,620.36	727.44	329,385.52
Inventories.....	141.87			97,440.69
Sinking fund on local debentures.....				940,616.80
Equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	20,245.70	2,473.15	10,830.56	923,102.87
Other assets.....				2,795.70
Total assets.....	147,946.17	16,260.99	39,178.73	10,342,493.44
Deficit.....				7,632.05
Total.....	147,946.17	16,260.99	39,178.73	10,350,125.49
LIABILITIES				
Debenture balance.....	36,673.08	210.01	6,101.67	2,874,081.77
Accounts payable.....	45.20	604.59	96.72	200,877.92
Bank overdraft.....				28,353.41
Other liabilities.....	768.97	477.65	5.00	44,409.50
Total liabilities.....	37,487.25	1,292.25	6,203.39	3,147,722.60
RESERVES				
For equity in H-E.P.C. systems.....	20,245.70	2,473.15	10,830.56	923,102.87
For depreciation.....	16,342.61	1,788.02	6,712.24	1,601,734.88
Other reserves.....				367,716.89
Total reserves.....	36,588.31	4,261.17	17,542.80	2,892,554.64
SURPLUS				
Debentures paid.....	39,939.42	2,539.99	4,548.33	1,259,862.86
Local sinking fund.....				940,616.80
Operating surplus.....	33,931.19	8,167.58	10,884.21	2,109,368.59
Total surplus.....	73,870.61	10,707.57	15,432.54	4,309,848.25
Total liabilities, reserves and surplus.....	147,946.17	16,260.99	39,178.73	10,350,125.49
Percentage of net debt to total assets.....	29.3	9.4	21.8	26.0

"A"—Concluded

Hydro Municipalities as at December 31, 1933

THUNDER BAY
SYSTEM

Fort William	Nipigon	Port Arthur	THUNDER BAY SYSTEM SUMMARY	ALL SYSTEMS GRAND SUMMARY
25,188		19,749		
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
48,927.62	215.03	382,856.81	431,999.46	10,186,471.28
123,548.71		240,367.20	363,915.91	22,306,800.94
140,613.54	13,194.42	443,500.81	597,308.77	21,152,681.20
				5,945,225.61
62,413.22	2,566.91	67,012.85	131,992.98	9,478,605.14
61,540.24	2,344.61	90,004.85	153,889.70	8,514,165.03
29,781.46	606.24	77,096.02	107,483.72	2,381,599.40
				1,458,443.68
6,038.64	93.53	32,543.86	38,676.03	4,040,859.74
		348,777.37	348,777.37	502,978.62
293,762.46			293,762.46	5,016,755.92
				200,000.00
766,625.89	19,020.74	1,682,159.77	2,467,806.40	91,184,586.56
1,473.68	2,691.86	70,484.76	74,650.30	1,696,489.24
6,000.00		594,994.87	600,994.87	2,163,785.20
28,951.61	761.01	88,750.99	118,463.61	3,746,910.92
2,483.45		21,592.86	24,076.31	1,226,043.30
177,905.05		240,087.76	417,992.81	9,386,176.58
239,785.83	1,439.22	821,761.42	1,062,986.47	26,045,679.00
		1,088.37	1,088.37	253,581.84
1,223,225.51	23,912.83	3,520,920.80	4,768,059.14	135,703,252.64
				75,416.85
1,223,225.51	23,912.83	3,520,920.80	4,768,059.14	135,778,669.49
415,500.00	6,876.12	361,165.28	783,541.40	42,606,145.29
25,719.16	803.55	143,310.57	169,833.28	3,320,485.45
				206,398.00
10,332.83			10,332.83	3,787,725.14
451,551.99	7,679.67	504,475.85	963,707.51	49,920,753.88
239,785.83	1,439.22	821,761.42	1,062,986.47	26,045,679.00
69,227.30	2,978.00	397,387.59	469,592.89	16,075,959.28
11,402.34		76,441.73	87,844.07	2,048,081.84
320,415.47	4,417.22	1,295,590.74	1,620,423.43	44,169,720.12
252,150.00	3,123.88	280,934.72	536,208.60	17,651,367.71
177,905.05		240,087.76	417,992.81	9,386,176.58
21,203.00	8,692.06	1,199,831.73	1,229,726.79	14,650,651.20
451,258.05	11,815.94	1,720,854.21	2,183,928.20	41,688,195.49
1,223,225.51	23,912.83	3,520,920.80	4,768,059.14	135,778,669.49
34.0	34.2	18.7	14.7	39.5

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM

Municipality	Acton	Agincourt	Ailsa Craig 464	Alvinston	Amherst- burg 3,086
Population	1,895	P.V.		690	
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	9,980.21	5,107.67	2,631.21	3,991.86	19,006.20
Commercial light service	3,956.25	1,136.42	1,469.89	2,354.46	6,657.90
Commercial power service	16,484.40	1,289.18	1,020.69	174.71	5,375.25
Municipal power	663.43			265.85	
Street lighting	1,824.00	750.04	620.50	1,854.00	2,270.22
Merchandise					
Miscellaneous	329.11	89.61	302.49	96.30	675.97
Total earnings	33,237.40	8,372.92	6,044.78	8,737.18	33,985.54
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	26,866.21	5,342.11	4,525.23	6,549.36	21,591.10
Substation operation					
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	2,361.66	423.59	254.61	42.24	2,350.28
Line transformer maintenance	160.25				20.64
Meter maintenance	217.85		169.51		386.09
Consumers' premises expenses					34.04
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance	349.80	145.87	97.40	85.37	529.99
Promotion of business					
Billing and collecting	690.60		181.24	251.00	2,303.87
General office, salaries and expenses ..	444.97	322.40	133.09	215.88	981.51
Undistributed expenses	233.58		34.79	26.75	161.84
Truck operation and maintenance	140.29				286.08
Interest	32.60	260.06		742.73	1,456.46
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	649.58	566.40		1,048.37	1,304.96
Depreciation	1,324.00	354.06	451.00	597.00	1,846.00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	33,471.39	7,414.43	5,846.87	9,558.70	33,253.86
Net surplus		958.49	197.91		732.68
Net loss	233.99			821.52	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	482	143	130	151	586
Commercial light service	89	23	38	52	124
Power service	16	3	2	2	15
Total	587	169	170	205	725

"B"

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Ancaster Twp.	Arkona 416	Aylmer 1,989	Ayr 768	Baden P.V.	Beachville P.V.	Belle River 746	Blenheim 1,690
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
8,977.54	2,643.74	10,877.65	5,126.69	3,596.36	3,018.55	3,411.84	8,520.56
1,788.77	1,649.92	6,877.10	1,852.48	1,487.40	662.16	1,556.07	6,206.73
550.38	833.62	3,056.22	161.85	4,821.19	9,134.26	432.15	3,506.91
292.14		901.31				989.07	1,533.93
1,135.00	960.00	2,320.00	1,028.00	650.00	517.00	693.00	2,500.00
	38	1,113.27	15.35	86.31	303.60	244.79	162.66
12,743.83	6,087.66	25,145.55	8,184.37	10,641.26	13,635.57	7,326.92	22,430.79
7,961.94	4,013.87	15,973.03	5,664.40	8,521.58	14,486.13	4,459.87	13,304.73
1,136.55	131.54	2,584.85	535.05	260.99	55.64	457.55	798.77
68.32		28.20			38.54	35.70	135.09
247.95		211.86	17.64		102.02	34.80	818.80
161.70	74.45	275.28	78.82	174.44	104.34	122.20	383.81
	206.25	663.29	430.86	427.32	271.71	295.86	934.41
1,540.36	88.70	1,218.10	57.60	54.61	171.57	317.06	1,127.42
		144.64	27.00	23.20	25.68	26.38	378.57
544.61	626.95	1,228.83	365.81	115.60	141.30	350.65	592.31
291.10	563.21	1,280.35	349.60	209.66	223.30	390.39	476.84
844.00	322.00	1,408.00	535.00	370.00	630.00	635.00	1,383.00
12,796.53	6,026.97	25,016.43	8,061.78	10,157.40	16,250.23	7,125.46	20,352.19
	60.69	129.12	122.59	483.86		201.46	2,078.60
52.70					2,614.66		
268	96	633	208	133	133	207	490
37	36	133	45	35	20	46	126
5		13	3	3	4	4	10
310	132	779	256	171	157	257	626

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Blyth	Bolton	Bothwell	Brampton	Brantford
Population.....	602	593	646	5,413	30,724
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	3,893.93	3,426.17	2,710.60	36,818.92	184,129.33
Commercial light service.....	1,821.29	967.73	1,259.10	16,148.10	62,992.72
Commercial power service.....	1,184.15	2,327.48	618.20	15,162.91	163,495.28
Municipal power.....			145.94	2,458.88	21,488.11
Street lighting.....	1,300.00	1,113.99	1,293.00	5,426.50	34,414.16
Merchandise.....					
Miscellaneous.....	10.07	9.70	615.39	1,329.01	3,924.88
Total earnings.....	<u>8,209.44</u>	<u>7,845.07</u>	<u>6,642.23</u>	<u>77,344.32</u>	<u>470,444.48</u>
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	4,895.80	5,020.91	4,653.08	63,640.64	317,694.31
Substation operation.....				114.86	7,722.48
Substation maintenance.....					574.83
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	154.62	288.20	104.55	2,916.26	14,197.85
Line transformer maintenance.....				95.95	219.06
Meter maintenance.....			99.95	648.71	4,833.18
Consumers' premises expenses.....		65			414.50
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	81.90	242.64	189.10	779.03	4,528.75
Promotion of business.....					769.78
Billing and collecting.....			240.68	1,614.35	9,293.44
General office, salaries and expenses..	278.29	419.50	252.10	973.30	9,594.42
Undistributed expenses.....			15.00	775.93	3,935.12
Truck operation and maintenance.....				240.73	2,363.12
Interest.....	544.24	332.87	202.30	731.77	27,940.74
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	986.82	536.14	170.30	3,056.52	50,548.93
Depreciation.....	433.00	544.00	531.00	4,267.00	22,601.00
Other reserves.....				91.26	2,000.00
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	<u>7,374.67</u>	<u>7,384.91</u>	<u>6,458.06</u>	<u>79,946.31</u>	<u>479,231.51</u>
Net surplus.....	834.77	460.16	184.17		
Net loss.....				2,601.99	8,787.03
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	158	162	169	1,369	7,384
Commercial light service.....	55	43	48	232	1,124
Power service.....	5	9	5	54	229
Total.....	<u>218</u>	<u>214</u>	<u>222</u>	<u>1,655</u>	<u>8,737</u>

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Brantford Twp.	Bridgeport P.V.	Brigden P.V.	Brussels 770	Burford P.V.	Burgess- ville P.V.	Caledonia 1,400	Campbell- ville P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
18,445.68	3,714.20	2,306.85	5,318.84	4,240.32	1,254.32	5,314.46	1,317.96
3,947.57	1,049.03	1,754.03	2,803.16	944.20	581.80	3,877.51	488.67
3,972.99	259.09	1,026.74	749.06	1,532.87	286.05	2,303.00	.....
4,250.50	580.00	745.00	1,284.00	737.04	312.00	1,546.98	456.00
705.23	.....	101.35	94.27	235.01	.....	102.76	57.72
31,321.97	5,602.32	5,933.97	10,249.33	7,689.44	2,434.17	13,144.71	2,320.35
17,753.55	3,643.91	4,236.29	5,919.99	4,794.58	2,220.69	8,346.97	1,570.04
1,453.89	45.35	472.47	323.02	96.29	143.76	1,391.15	67.92
125.31	20.17	.....	.....	.....	.....	21.50	.....
366.43	156.17	5.51	.....	81.19	.....	79.46	.....
951.59	45.60	63.85	122.16	62.03	29.07	280.15	39.17
105.55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1,924.54	319.01	221.57	.....	408.85	112.13	476.62	.....
1,625.98	71.22	104.21	640.34	125.41	5.63	210.57	108.63
58.43	21.50	25.00	.....	22.66	17.25	84.60	.....
1,581.82	611.05	66.17	782.14	37.30	62.72	121.25	231.03
3,211.39	.....	270.19	975.14	363.91	254.20	240.07	257.20
2,474.00	499.00	345.00	563.00	463.00	200.00	770.00	112.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	85.41	.....	.....
31,632.48	5,432.98	5,810.26	9,325.79	6,455.22	3,130.86	12,022.74	2,385.99
.....	169.34	123.71	923.54	1,234.22	.....	1,121.97	.....
310.51	.....	.....	.....	.....	696.69	.....	65.64
751	110	108	221	191	54	326	40
45	19	43	66	32	21	86	8
5	4	5	2	4	2	8	.....
801	133	156	289	227	77	420	48

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Cayuga	Chatham	Chippawa	Clifford	Clinton
Population.....	705	16,223	1,073	454	1,842
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	3,271.60	79,868.02	6,135.21	2,341.49	11,717.71
Commercial light service.....	2,867.78	67,913.97	1,079.44	1,581.17	5,931.47
Commercial power service.....	1,404.86	46,853.22	318.50	119.86	4,669.21
Municipal power.....		4,799.33	744.38		1,128.13
Street lighting.....	1,431.00	19,009.95	1,096.00	862.17	1,987.02
Merchandise.....	12.92	329.77			
Miscellaneous.....		1,133.54	12.15	9.90	1,175.22
Total earnings.....	8,988.16	219,907.80	9,385.68	4,914.59	26,608.76
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	5,298.58	119,898.76	5,133.34	3,813.03	16,906.79
Substation operation.....		5,988.79			100.35
Substation maintenance.....		2,324.89			
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	653.53	4,881.02	1,068.72	27.93	602.11
Line transformer maintenance.....	1.30	1,416.01			88.72
Meter maintenance.....	71.85	4,852.10	13.50	9.95	139.83
Consumers' premises expenses.....					
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....	46.91	3,536.35	326.21	31.99	71.08
Promotion of business.....		2,652.53	2.25		
Billing and collecting.....	559.34	10,330.56	441.73	297.02	885.28
General office, salaries and expenses.....	166.10	13,592.03	498.39	84.57	1,794.78
Undistributed expenses.....	60.17	3,752.63	96.69	24.28	418.72
Truck operation and maintenance.....		2,093.69			115.01
Interest.....	782.16	14,583.71	463.25	380.95	2,437.40
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	880.27	14,405.79	747.52	169.49	1,305.66
Depreciation.....	535.00	15,250.29	889.00	281.00	1,860.00
Other reserves.....		251.92			
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	9,055.21	219,811.07	9,680.60	5,120.21	26,725.73
Net surplus.....		96.73			
Net loss.....	67.05		294.92	205.62	116.97
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	121	3,730	331	105	504
Commercial light service.....	54	716	31	40	129
Power service.....	4	98	6	1	15
Total.....	179	4,544	368	146	648

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Comber P.V.	Cottam P.V.	Courtright 348	Dashwood P.V.	Delaware P.V.	Dorchester P.V.	Drayton 559	Dresden 1,488
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
2,354.18	2,545.36	1,604.43	1,532.16	1,331.90	2,483.10	3,093.75	6,212.10
2,292.75	1,298.35	941.55	879.68	601.43	818.97	1,887.84	5,002.21
3,049.83	389.53	98.47	576.61	.....	269.73	1,017.47	4,462.18
.....	.....	792.82	.....	.....	.....	.....	445.09
512.00	457.50	774.00	451.00	264.00	590.00	750.00	1,758.36
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150.42
76.09	84.24	31.18	112.02	158.18	118.77	230.00	200.62
8,284.85	4,774.98	4,242.45	3,551.47	2,355.51	4,280.57	6,979.06	18,230.98
6,315.79	2,582.55	3,137.10	2,543.64	1,439.07	3,257.94	5,684.26	12,059.91
99.98	113.58	15.54	135.93	27.10	24.94	202.16	1,761.19
20.35	98.55	.....	60	8.11	79.35	.....	123.57
.....	9.30	.....	.....	.....	67.51	.....	.....
68.88	106.33	57.75	30.23	25.72	28.88	110.98	237.30
262.24	.....	98.45	133.40	.....	130.58	.....	616.53
237.23	427.24	66.09	3.29	132.56	7.54	252.33	558.01
37.98	.....	15.75	20.75	12.50	11.25	28.09	76.85
119.65	397.23	248.36	128.10	115.83	134.24	403.00	70.88
472.48	355.91	593.46	111.56	144.91	148.31	287.98	691.43
434.00	338.00	215.00	204.00	145.00	335.00	516.00	841.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	225.00
8,068.58	4,428.69	4,447.50	3,311.50	2,050.80	4,225.54	7,484.80	17,261.67
216.27	346.29	.....	239.97	304.71	55.03	.....	969.31
.....	.....	205.05	.....	.....	.....	505.74	.....
98	105	58	66	48	124	147	372
49	28	23	27	18	26	58	122
3	1	2	1	.....	1	4	10
150	134	83	94	66	151	209	504

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Drumbo	Dublin	Dundas	Dunnville	Dutton
Population.....	P.V.	P.V.	5,138	3,615	761
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	2,130 97	1,334 24	20,753 93	13,505 31	3,545 07
Commercial light service.....	1,039 19	887 79	10,660 40	11,480 33	2,534 26
Commercial power service.....	753 76	451 79	16,577 44	11,461 99	3,552 14
Municipal power.....			594 35	2,378 46	
Street lighting.....	522 50	750 00	5,388 00	3,941 88	999 37
Merchandise.....					
Miscellaneous.....	77 89		286 71	222 89	270 99
Total earnings.....	4,524 31	3,423 82	54,260 83	42,990 86	10,901 83
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	2,635 74	2,232 76	34,814 68	23,174 74	7,784 84
Substation operation.....			86 94		
Substation maintenance.....					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	208 09	60 93	5,250 20	1,718 56	362 81
Line transformer maintenance.....			37 12	20 93	183 13
Meter maintenance.....	107 72		828 99	137 69	116 98
Consumers' premises expenses.....					
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....	65 01	80 11	461 63	466 57	223 64
Promotion of business.....					
Billing and collecting.....	162 01	150 06	1,112 40		331 72
General office, salaries and expenses.....	101 63	21 92	1,682 98	2,479 32	138 65
Undistributed expenses.....	11 25	15 75	744 77	167 93	26 79
Truck operation and maintenance.....			683 22	177 65	
Interest.....	129 73	148 19	1,465 43	3,022 70	346 67
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	163 00	441 49	2,082 65	2,487 10	340 60
Depreciation.....	270 00	271 00	4,028 00	3,052 00	548 00
Other reserves.....					
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	3,854 18	3,422 21	53,279 01	36,905 19	10,403 83
Net surplus.....	670 13	1 61	981 82	6,085 67	498 00
Net loss.....					
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	82	40	1,219	766	204
Commercial light service.....	25	22	193	199	71
Power service.....	1	3	40	34	7
Total.....	108	65	1,452	999	282

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

East Windsor 14,333	East York Twp.	Elmira 2,642	Elora 1,144	Embros 455	Erieau 264	Erie Beach 23	Essex 1,888
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
74,849.48	175,276.26	15,672.17	7,125.01	2,758.79	3,652.19	1,518.16	7,502.00
16,038.88	23,952.07	5,681.70	3,524.48	1,586.05	1,058.34	258.57	4,666.24
30,604.10	22,408.69	3,599.66	2,907.45	1,530.55	879.43		4,383.42
	5,117.31	827.29					1,669.44
8,419.92	19,637.45	1,834.00	1,674.00	672.00	360.00		3,134.99
			96.94				
	142.38	442.39	397.09	61.67			502.16
129,912.38	246,534.16	28,057.21	15,724.97	6,609.06	5,949.96	1,776.73	21,858.25
73,289.08	158,535.98	20,696.12	10,335.79	4,285.42	3,747.85	877.83	11,571.99
6,497.35	7,781.53	1,768.00	2,432.24	79.77	106.41	175.27	232.78
317.06	2,102.43		17.56	23.14	55.35		49.42
2,799.55	3,006.62	124.63	68.16	4.68	89.42	11.34	64.66
2,459.49	1,147.19						
2,718.77	2,074.15	105.99	148.71	204.55	54.82		282.06
2,480.64							
10,294.90	10,636.12	635.45	691.55	343.12	319.65	160.38	778.48
4,553.33	9,862.66	716.84	454.05	141.51	118.19	8.16	1,927.41
3,029.19	3,817.34	412.43	364.32	17.59	61.32	7.50	159.90
3,062.93	3,770.91	158.85	105.04				213.97
3,581.12	15,151.56	1,457.16	237.19	228.61	313.92	161.51	1,071.96
6,708.47	14,214.38	1,573.21	732.10	434.85	324.96	127.23	476.71
7,767.00	12,772.00	1,978.00	1,070.00	477.00	325.00	76.00	1,638.00
	221.63						
129,558.88	245,094.50	29,626.68	16,656.71	6,240.24	5,516.89	1,605.22	18,467.34
353.50	1,439.66			368.82	433.07	171.51	3,390.91
		1,569.47	931.74				
2,971	8,744	505	307	99	138	63	413
266	367	115	73	45	12	3	112
33	35	22	2	1	2		17
3,270	9,146	642	382	145	152	66	542

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Etobicoke Twp.	Exeter	Fergus	Fonthill	Forest
Population.....		1,622	2,559	862	1,465
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	93,889 08	11,406 32	15,720 00	4,877 99	10,865 60
Commercial light service.....	16,220 69	4,896 67	6,278 16	974 73	5,208 04
Commercial power service.....	11,212 72	4,064 90	7,615 45	238 17	4,209 01
Municipal power.....	4,478 63	542 21	799 21	358 68	1,062 18
Street lighting.....	13,415 13	1,998 94	2,915 04	1,065 00	2,321 00
Merchandise.....			102 64		49 28
Miscellaneous.....	394 27	570 76		8 59	652 87
Total earnings.....	139,610 52	23,479 80	33,430 50	7,523 16	24,367 98
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	86,749 14	15,467 63	23,979 90	3,816 05	14,351 36
Substation operation.....					
Substation maintenance.....					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	8,161 68	566 83	1,216 19	570 53	703 43
Line transformer maintenance.....	679 56	34 20	72 50		
Meter maintenance.....	1,199 31	326 61	396 64		102 81
Consumers' premises expenses.....			12 00		
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	1,515 61	264 73	290 68	42 35	367 88
Promotion of business.....	1,045 34	77 96		30	
Billing and collecting.....	4,436 42	423 42	630 82		497 48
General office, salaries and expenses.....	2,655 76	2,174 67	768 22	486 84	2,214 48
Undistributed expenses.....	2,535 06	109 12	207 43		196 97
Truck operation and maintenance.....	1,645 09	101 52	281 63		284 37
Interest.....	11,330 30	458 58	1,135 77	1,019 53	645 65
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	11,534 81	960 47	2,836 71	1,020 98	1,056 82
Depreciation.....	10,411 00	1,334 00	1,510 00	472 00	1,389 00
Other reserves.....					
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	143,899 08	22,299 74	33,338 49	7,428 58	21,810 25
Net surplus.....		1,180 06	92 01	94 58	2,557 73
Net loss.....	4,288 56				
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	3,114	452	618	194	458
Commercial light service.....	212	121	116	33	139
Power service.....	22	9	13	5	24
Total.....	3,348	582	747	232	621

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Galt 14,036	George- town 2,187	Glencoe 800	Goderich 4,366	Granton P.V.	Guelph 20,754	Hagers- ville 1,370	Hamilton 154,701
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
103,490.42	14,067.98	5,470.81	29,614.29	1,692.71	103,446.51	4,816.57	896,836.05
41,981.08	6,022.90	3,152.02	13,509.59	1,028.21	49,053.55	4,468.97	346,737.41
72,488.00	22,190.68	1,541.71	10,640.48	830.74	95,347.14	11,477.85	1,453,362.29
4,441.00	506.49	1,432.99	3,429.33		11,864.16		54,487.69
21,384.00	2,125.83	1,934.00	3,791.50	370.00	18,499.79	1,732.00	123,449.34
					755.77	39.69	
3,295.62	737.63	41.24	187.81	175.66	1,488.05	859.54	22,459.92
247,080.12	45,651.51	13,572.77	61,173.00	4,097.32	280,454.97	23,394.62	2,897,332.70
157,535.71	35,878.07	9,215.72	41,623.21	3,110.71	210,624.16	19,561.72	2,048,010.95
4,287.58			1,750.09		3,044.97		61,889.21
75.93							8,450.50
2,914.71	1,053.03	582.40	2,215.79	121.42	9,751.83	2,655.22	36,860.80
67.52	37.09		171.64		705.37	83.11	9,473.80
2,876.05	344.98		543.81		2,821.57	183.71	17,589.68
					210.69		14,698.25
3,153.09	274.80	222.10	623.28	18.52	6,996.40	128.14	13,053.04
4,358.94					219.75		17,737.88
3,798.16	1,638.32	532.69	1,826.10	159.75	6,000.48	540.44	50,189.04
3,797.30	782.25	333.84	2,134.74	85.85	8,653.05	660.12	42,784.91
4,270.43	168.01	46.49	218.67	15.98	4,432.87	146.71	43,371.88
733.80	543.13	126.17	203.68		1,323.37	544.40	
16,351.29	691.85	539.24	2,714.49	143.70	2,774.40	177.04	250,855.06
18,563.27	765.41	981.45	2,231.60	119.18	5,656.52	373.76	292,021.39
22,878.00	1,982.00	906.00	5,189.00	221.00	12,845.00	1,068.00	127,175.00
3,000.00							
248,661.78	44,158.94	13,486.10	61,446.10	3,996.11	276,060.43	26,122.37	3,034,161.39
	1,492.57	86.67		101.21	4,394.54		
1,581.66			273.10			2,727.75	136,828.69
3,584	668	218	1,155	80	5,008	316	36,990
484	132	80	237	33	760	107	5,068
118	27	6	20	2	130	17	1,265
4,186	827	304	1,412	115	5,898	400	43,323

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Harriston	Harrow	Hensall	Hespeler	Highgate
Population	1,293	926	719	2,784	338
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	7,829.33	7,875.06	4,180.44	18,265.53	1,783.58
Commercial light service	4,842.28	3,499.99	1,800.34	4,916.32	976.17
Commercial power service	5,091.22	3,558.36	2,518.55	35,121.46	1,081.68
Municipal power	477.06		37.56	1,103.95	39.01
Street light	1,467.00	1,249.44	996.00	2,965.00	568.00
Merchandise					
Miscellaneous		50.19	244.24	496.57	170.08
Total earnings	19,706.89	16,233.04	9,777.13	62,868.83	4,618.52
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	13,089.24	12,347.82	6,992.59	49,949.40	2,972.71
Substation operation				310.84	
Substation maintenance				11.00	
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	1,182.25	150.05	332.27	2,384.26	37.77
Line transformer maintenance		16.94		42.72	
Meter maintenance	145.25	125.71		169.36	9.40
Consumers' premises expenses					
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	267.68	273.32	114.10	602.72	97.52
Promotion of business		53.88			
Billing and collecting	825.74	632.60	348.50	661.59	348.63
General office, salaries and expenses	118.11	437.12	415.07	1,257.96	133.12
Undistributed expenses	93.03	28.25	29.35	482.34	15.75
Truck operation and maintenance	165.77			289.16	
Interest	577.59	526.23	438.95	2,000.75	177.84
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	721.66	519.93	423.48	2,735.69	165.85
Depreciation	953.00	682.00	625.00	2,492.00	333.00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	18,139.32	15,793.85	9,719.31	63,389.79	4,291.59
Net surplus	1,567.57	439.19	57.82		326.93
Net loss				520.96	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	338	246	180	700	96
Commercial light service	105	77	52	108	37
Power service	12	4	14	28	6
Total	455	327	246	836	139

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Humberstone 2,265	Ingersoll 5,296	Jarvis 504	Kingsville 2,286	Kitchener 31,443	Lambeth P.V.	La Salle 600	Leamington 5,025
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
8,447.65	31,581.32	2,396.78	14,073.03	193,447.44	3,387.28	6,313.91	25,306.03
2,998.76	14,380.17	1,868.82	6,544.89	98,357.80	1,511.67	1,666.45	13,751.06
3,912.05	23,673.54	4,220.35	3,366.09	197,453.09		2,254.05	10,924.25
	2,039.45		1,207.24	20,660.15	576.57		5,324.06
1,367.00	4,851.48	840.00	3,220.00	32,415.74	459.00	577.50	5,456.34
	10.98						
464.80	542.47	97.18	1,124.79	864.43	56.28	143.22	875.61
17,190.26	77,079.41	9,423.13	29,536.04	543,198.65	5,990.80	10,955.13	61,637.35
9,429.08	60,705.42	6,751.50	16,082.70	403,835.00	4,033.14	6,926.92	37,851.83
	717.50			8,771.81			
				797.95			
814.30	2,674.64	171.40	1,008.75	14,680.84	51.32	426.32	2,637.19
2.40	562.49		99.92	161.81	3.82		47.21
26.80	148.22	20.50	249.01	4,404.47	127.38		603.14
	189.53			1,378.55			62.43
122.38	510.23	45.10	658.69	6,701.85	47.50	90.00	939.31
	58.10			663.38			
	1,386.15	505.95	1,335.45	13,044.80		571.10	2,306.04
839.28	4,635.02	36.73	1,032.46	13,430.50	217.33	503.40	2,965.10
	442.72	23.72	380.50	5,575.44	15.00	74.52	719.13
113.43	411.07		191.77	3,851.29		321.89	500.34
1,230.95	3,387.13	391.07	1,758.32	11,657.75	155.74	722.91	2,105.11
1,200.00	1,677.35	487.57	675.37	24,044.92	136.24	633.57	2,079.75
1,040.00	3,335.00	386.00	1,883.00	28,993.00	326.00	795.00	3,218.00
				2,564.88			
14,818.62	80,840.57	8,819.54	25,355.94	544,558.24	5,113.47	11,065.63	56,034.58
2,371.64		603.59	4,180.10		877.33		5,602.77
	3,761.16			1,359.59		110.50	
500	1,265	120	706	7,117	109	198	1,324
64	234	36	174	956	28	21	255
7	44	4	14	239	2	5	26
571	1,543	160	894	8,312	139	224	1,605

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Listowel	London	London Twp.	Long Branch 3,541	Lucan 590
Population	2,665	73,173			
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	17,760 49	492,592 98	10,610 79	23,463 32	4,777 67
Commercial light service	7,947 24	188,474 27	2,446 39	5,270 04	1,617 17
Commercial power service	11,468 64	316,997 15	1,537 05	779 45	370 86
Municipal power	1,504 67	49,029 36		994 12	
Street lighting	3,839 10	54,028 74	832 50	3,413 27	992 70
Merchandise		2,894 60			
Miscellaneous	642 62	31,413 71	413 43	108 00	316 54
Total earnings	43,162 76	1,135,430 81	15,840 16	34,028 20	8,074 94
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	31,664 62	762,305 39	11,062 35	20,475 98	4,911 08
Substation operation	59 72	16,101 15			
Substation maintenance		11,647 78			
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	2,560 37	19,767 37	287 19	3,418 08	609 43
Line transformer maintenance	244 27	3,134 48		56 99	
Meter maintenance	556 56	13,465 77	246 96	229 85	
Consumers' premises expenses		4,466 07			
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	405 96	10,172 51	161 49	536 33	130 15
Promotion of business	11 54	5,969 48	7 11	11 25	
Billing and collecting	812 58	26,778 58	600 28	2,093 32	504 63
General office, salaries and expenses	617 08	33,679 83	665 10	1,934 47	400 37
Undistributed expenses	321 31	10,257 36	22 38	869 09	40 76
Truck operation and maintenance	173 88	6,431 59			
Interest	549 34	48,462 11	672 27	1,988 88	229 14
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	1,722 10	63,052 93	965 35	1,899 79	258 75
Depreciation	2,525 00	91,824 95	690 00	2,166 00	625 00
Other reserves		12,166 28			
Total operating costs and fixed fixed charges	42,224 33	1,139,683 63	15,380 48	35,680 03	7,709 31
Net surplus	938 43		459 68		365 63
Net loss		4,252 82		1,651 83	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	726	16,367	330	899	174
Commercial light service	152	2,839	19	68	44
Power service	21	486	5	3	7
Total	899	19,692	354	970	225

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Lynden P.V.	Markham 1,073	Merlin P.V.	Merritton 2,544	Milton 1,828	Milverton 1,004	Mimico 6,454	Mitchell 1,571
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
2,151.80	6,880.40	2,261.27	11,558.62	11,622.25	5,672.73	54,604.89	10,478.52
713.59	2,614.73	1,704.94	2,241.79	5,463.21	2,775.02	9,519.99	4,196.91
749.82	2,772.35	1,470.08	59,639.69	11,308.00	3,544.03	3,477.41	4,080.52
	490.25				549.60	7,700.76	830.22
431.80	1,356.00	688.00	3,352.00	2,019.50	999.00	8,021.89	2,088.00
							927.11
7.53	160.67	326.39	267.85	1,740.01	87.10	121.05	190.59
<u>4,054.54</u>	<u>14,274.40</u>	<u>6,450.68</u>	<u>77,059.95</u>	<u>32,152.97</u>	<u>13,627.48</u>	<u>83,445.99</u>	<u>22,791.87</u>
3,247.16	9,272.27	3,979.24	64,931.76	20,567.45	10,295.00	53,807.49	14,560.37
				244.13			102.77
64.20	947.59	89.98	3,073.20	1,660.68	329.65	7,089.10	670.34
11.59		74.49	390.07	346.18	187.22	71.31	220.80
	2.59				3.57	13.00	
43.17	194.47	57.50	864.00	218.87	85.37	1,166.74	408.91
				166.00			
160.49		298.80	1,029.67	935.85	537.65	1,637.61	1,040.94
60.61	778.52	301.84	1,845.88	2,107.06	313.93	2,155.82	1,463.54
20.00		15.00	193.05	200.38	191.66	313.27	661.46
	169.85		339.22	355.63		626.50	118.90
155.08	92.36	505.95	1,194.75	1,532.64	172.72	5,000.91	2.25
154.20	371.51	671.76	1,503.67		677.11	5,353.04	
266.00	779.00	355.00	1,996.00	2,218.30	676.00	5,235.00	2,899.00
					675.00		
<u>4,182.50</u>	<u>12,608.16</u>	<u>6,349.56</u>	<u>77,361.27</u>	<u>30,553.17</u>	<u>14,144.88</u>	<u>83,420.62</u>	<u>22,149.28</u>
	1,666.24	101.12		1,599.80		25.37	642.59
127.96			301.32		517.40		
81	272	104	700	456	223	1,760	429
21	66	45	60	104	71	138	99
1	11	2	11	21	7	15	24
<u>103</u>	<u>349</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>771</u>	<u>581</u>	<u>301</u>	<u>1,913</u>	<u>552</u>

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Moore- field P.V.	Mount Brydges P.V.	Newbury 267	New Hamburg 1,426	New Toronto 7,280
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	1,068 82	2,832 07	1,266 73	10,770 96	32,307 33
Commercial light service	647 64	915 76	957 67	4,255 63	12,113 15
Commercial power service	1,161 94	917 24	760 22	4,594 44	95,773 91
Municipal power					10,926 65
Street lighting	375 00	500 00	720 00	2,258 75	8,913 96
Merchandise				229 14	
Miscellaneous	54 73	211 45	24 86	173 23	
Total earnings	3,308 13	5,376 52	3,729 48	22,282 15	160,035 00
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	2,699 72	3,548 38	2,254 82	15,516 92	135,895 07
Substation operation				369 04	
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	21 60	176 30	98 95	319 24	4,627 57
Line transformer maintenance					337 04
Meter maintenance		55 93		497 92	636 05
Consumers' premises expenses					247 38
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance	25 31	43 75	48 70	353 29	1,777 42
Promotion of business				29 09	
Billing and collecting		173 57		562 06	2,703 22
General office, salaries and expenses ..	118 82	106 30	124 83	839 54	4,806 67
Undistributed expenses		21 73	15 75	116 20	1,468 24
Truck operation and maintenance				232 15	1,157 29
Interest	94 38	137 64	295 96	385 97	827 68
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	290 65	152 72	500 00	792 52	304 25
Depreciation	185 00	290 00	287 00	1,300 00	5,205 00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	3,435 48	4,706 32	3,626 01	21,313 94	159,992 88
Net surplus		670 20	103 47	968 21	42 12
Net loss	127 35				
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	63	136	62	343	1,434
Commercial light service	27	36	27	93	151
Power service	2	3	2	14	34
Total	92	175	91	450	1,619

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Niagara Falls 18,507	Niagara-on-the-Lake 1,672	North York Twp.	Norwich 1,126	Oil Springs 433	Otterville P.V.	Palmerston 1,617	Paris 4,330
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
138,423.29	14,217.28	94,813.34	8,128.33	1,636.56	2,115.40	10,859.15	22,861.22
55,590.67	3,410.85	15,325.38	3,068.33	1,168.42	1,656.94	4,888.74	8,245.31
49,627.60	852.84	27,640.58	1,595.16	7,848.65	160.65	4,666.92	12,373.70
15,238.33	1,621.21	3,927.85	634.90	.....	108.10	1,900.85	1,225.00
28,392.66	2,833.31	3,675.61	2,120.00	750.00	780.51	1,738.98	5,838.90
.....	277.05	.....	94.35	.....	.....	.....	.....
59.69	322.31	480.97	192.95	222.67	124.91	6.32	1,798.24
287,332.24	23,534.85	145,863.73	15,834.02	11,626.30	4,946.51	24,060.96	52,342.37
181,553.04	13,429.40	81,895.54	11,067.84	7,107.19	3,596.84	17,853.90	33,767.22
10,386.43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	170.46
8,858.38	2,362.97	10,471.07	1,467.21	535.44	43.30	649.80	4,756.19
168.28	.....	369.63	.....	.....	16.04	29.15	114.61
5,442.10	69.68	1,363.61	59.66	25.67	74.92	189.60	422.15
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	96.36
3,355.89	485.67	674.97	263.59	39.47	70.56	355.74	660.87
7,215.69	.....	4,434.66	412.61	373.63	252.77	656.76	1,245.42
8,844.93	1,950.20	3,648.88	309.13	349.42	75.94	764.26	1,249.33
4,940.08	.....	2,610.56	178.85	82.73	19.50	99.37	303.78
3,348.62	331.58	3,298.98	176.20	.....	.....	115.45	352.11
20,800.73	1,220.07	20,862.62	332.92	364.39	73.13	366.42	564.23
24,472.06	949.10	15,944.89	565.34	1,128.19	329.40	863.87	696.52
23,016.00	1,519.00	11,206.00	822.00	691.00	410.00	1,213.00	4,915.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	186.89
302,402.23	22,317.67	156,781.41	15,655.35	10,697.13	4,962.40	23,157.32	49,501.14
.....	1,217.18	.....	178.67	929.17	.....	903.64	2,841.23
15,069.99	.....	10,917.68	.....	.....	15.89	.....	.....
4,329	464	2,802	359	75	102	389	1,060
669	82	233	77	30	43	90	180
87	10	36	7	31	4	11	27
5,085	556	3,071	443	136	149	490	1,267

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Parkhill	Petrolia	Plattsville	Point Edward 1,211	Port Colborne 6,006
Population.....	998	2,569	P.V.		
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
EARNINGS					
Domestic service.....	4,742 41	11,576 04	2,610 72	5,693 23	27,055 82
Commercial light service.....	3,052 58	6,517 41	1,055 17	2,009 55	11,314 48
Commercial power service.....	287 57	21,684 65	532 83	17,972 48	6,914 32
Municipal power.....	538 80				6,419 45
Street lighting.....	1,437 00	2,652 00	442 00	1,553 66	7,825 80
Merchandise.....		238 00			
Miscellaneous.....	11 25	474 65	13 18	625 73	
Total earnings.....	10,069 61	43,142 75	4,653 90	27,854 65	59,529 87
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	7,747 92	27,646 63	3,065 25	22,880 12	35,390 98
Substation operation.....					
Substation maintenance.....					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	261 19	2,497 23	62 40	397 55	1,838 03
Line transformer maintenance.....		667 76		15 15	337 74
Meter maintenance.....	170 70	298 02		164 10	898 09
Consumers' premises expenses.....					81 56
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	222 30	371 74		225 64	1,934 93
Promotion of business.....					726 10
Billing and collecting.....	251 15	457 21	166 85		1,614 19
General office, salaries and expenses.....	108 20	2,032 92	7 86	1,848 80	3,357 49
Undistributed expenses.....	24 74	246 29	15 75	80 51	287 30
Truck operation and maintenance.....		201 03			1,071 08
Interest.....	418 56	1,479 45	151 00	536 43	4,328 06
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	982 52	2,236 50	189 67	945 69	6,754 90
Depreciation.....	691 00	2,807 00	254 00	1,045 00	4,242 00
Other reserves.....		400 00			
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	10,878 28	41,341 78	3,912 78	28,138 99	62,862 45
Net surplus.....		1,800 97	741 12		
Net loss.....	808 67			284 34	3,332 58
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	238	667	91	300	1,249
Commercial light service.....	79	167	26	44	224
Power service.....	4	55	1	9	25
Total.....	321	889	118	353	1,498

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Port Credit 1,650	Port Dalhousie 1,331	Port Dover 1,680	Port Rowan 674	Port Stanley 723	Preston 6,138	Princeton P.V.	Queenston P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
13,127.25	13,147.96	8,036.80	3,479.35	12,781.37	40,489.55	2,143.41	2,539.83
4,609.43	2,736.23	4,405.46	1,657.90	3,704.61	15,920.17	697.24	818.72
892.93	5,038.13	4,976.57	90.49	3,470.65	32,698.58	3,075.76	187.73
1,311.91				727.80	954.78		
2,710.00	1,630.00	2,964.17	1,242.00	2,003.16	4,986.96	481.00	456.10
39.50	143.34			307.70	965.27	15.83	32.00
22,691.02	22,695.66	20,383.00	6,469.74	22,995.29	96,015.31	6,413.24	4,034.38
18,405.63	15,064.63	11,301.52	3,799.50	13,687.99	65,046.64	5,082.38	2,318.16
					4,301.33		
					22.96		
837.14	1,652.03	936.71	246.25	2,080.79	2,559.87	60.82	199.22
39.24		56.86		2.60	438.79		
52.35	439.26	151.60	55.78	133.50	1,256.03		
21.95					98.73		
326.73	261.00	346.75	48.61	173.62	884.59	75.58	67.54
					52.16		
1,192.01	657.00	454.66	204.00	617.47	1,693.98	160.75	
411.33	786.86	292.58	188.66	598.46	1,499.78	34.75	324.05
53.19	70.44	30.98	23.41	115.19	815.07	22.50	
	336.80			205.65	650.66		
416.49	663.30	800.23	1,009.32	411.44	2,831.28	104.06	346.57
535.09	1,277.85	2,094.47	400.17	821.38	5,185.56	128.58	465.37
1,466.00	947.00	1,260.00	338.00	1,231.00	8,095.00	244.00	318.00
					100.00		
23,757.15	22,156.17	17,726.36	6,313.70	20,079.09	95,532.43	5,913.42	4,038.91
	539.49	2,656.64	156.04	2,916.20	482.88	499.82	
1,066.13							4.53
400	587	476	101	596	1,552	77	68
72	55	122	30	97	237	20	11
6	10	12	1	10	57	3	1
478	652	610	132	703	1,846	100	80

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Richmond Hill 1,270	Ridgetown	Riverside	Rockwood	Rodney
Population.....		1,942	5,125	P.V.	757
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	7,421 53	9,111 63	38,813 62	2,976 57	3,349 64
Commercial light service.....	3,736 73	4,836 72	4,275 26	948 07	2,393 00
Commercial power service.....	2,507 11	3,477 74	7,569 56	257 99	2,172 43
Municipal power.....	472 46	827 82	2,087 37		
Street lighting.....	1,389 00	3,115 00	2,919 72	765 00	1,032 02
Merchandise.....	52 93	141 12			
Miscellaneous.....	116 28	637 53	255 37	53 83	150 00
Total earnings.....	15,696 04	22,147 56	55,920 90	5,001 46	9,097 09
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	9,004 24	16,469 32	38,002 59	3,814 30	6,127 85
Substation operation.....					
Substation maintenance.....					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	1,258 92	1,108 70	859 37	145 33	404 14
Line transformer maintenance.....		246 14	89 42		
Meter maintenance.....		522 16	1,012 70	45 78	148 72
Consumers' premises expenses.....		62 09	943 00		
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	229 97	459 66	835 60	64 50	184 30
Promotion of business.....			865 47		
Billing and collecting.....		1,024 60	3,635 25		347 50
General office, salaries and expenses..	600 21	940 62	1,783 18	444 78	245 57
Undistributed expenses.....		74 10	1,133 43	22 92	29 51
Truck operation and maintenance.....		167 18	943 13		
Interest.....	257 60	415 26	3,491 29	121 22	314 96
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	677 16	357 66	3,761 13	79 39	276 37
Depreciation.....	533 00	1,300 00	3,871 00	427 00	425 00
Other reserves.....					
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	12,561 10	23,147 49	61,226 56	5,165 22	8,503 92
Net surplus.....	3,134 94				593 17
Net loss.....		999 93	5,305 66	163 76	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	321	557	1,081	145	202
Commercial light service.....	60	144	47	34	73
Power service.....	17	24	8	2	7
Total.....	398	725	1 136	181	282

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

St. Catharines	St. Clair Beach	St. George	St. Jacobs	St. Marys	St. Thomas	Sandwich
26,192		P.V.	P.V.	4,016	16,275	11,017
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
144,062.04	2,297.29	2,876.52	3,829.52	28,360.01	107,077.52	88,361.44
47,684.43	1,133.89	1,026.14	1,134.57	9,291.65	46,670.29	16,649.87
86,508.23	374.68	2,168.29	1,030.20	14,183.81	42,915.85	12,067.13
				2,674.49	5,617.68	
20,524.24		370.50	460.00	4,096.75	14,604.46	9,874.46
				189.10		140.31
4,262.84		110.99	160.58	187.53	2,789.64	562.62
<u>303,041.78</u>	<u>3,805.86</u>	<u>6,552.44</u>	<u>6,614.87</u>	<u>58,983.34</u>	<u>219,675.44</u>	<u>127,655.83</u>
190,682.11	2,786.45	5,749.34	5,359.74	46,680.61	158,232.48	91,437.13
4,174.09				1,150.76	6,982.45	
				95.82	1,549.23	24.40
12,430.10	136.34	57.13	53.48	2,551.90	9,668.72	1,639.56
1,228.63	22.93			424.48	889.16	416.55
5,555.09	55.97	231.73		745.87	2,137.46	1,815.72
2,266.58	27.55			34.35	1,799.33	318.21
3,251.98		68.15	31.65	1,315.80	3,004.44	1,752.01
38.00	29.57		3.00		52.74	
9,760.82	185.75	545.96		1,283.72	4,783.04	5,511.82
10,761.91	31.59	51.51	430.40	1,208.30	11,000.52	5,865.36
4,436.52	97.92	24.20		622.91	4,119.52	1,270.33
2,101.48	63.28			514.84	1,419.87	1,098.92
11,977.28	261.71	196.81	117.90	2,322.37	1,475.83	6,210.56
12,950.11	333.73	216.02	384.19	2,163.58	4,839.07	6,450.31
16,868.00	317.00	300.00	349.00	4,388.00	12,610.00	5,735.00
				90.15		
<u>288,482.70</u>	<u>4,349.79</u>	<u>7,440.85</u>	<u>6,729.36</u>	<u>65,593.46</u>	<u>224,563.86</u>	<u>129,545.88</u>
14,559.08						
	543.93	888.41	114.49	6,610.12	4,888.42	1,890.05
6,361	38	132	109	1,034	3,999	2,392
710	8	36	28	195	635	210
152	2	3	6	37	80	29
<u>7,223</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>171</u>	<u>143</u>	<u>1,266</u>	<u>4,714</u>	<u>2,631</u>

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Sarnia	Scarboro' Twp.	Seaforth	Simcoe	Springfield
Population.....	17,801		1,692	5,397	379
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	104,443 09	88,543 29	10,808 12	20,283 75	1,656 59
Commercial light service.....	45,760 80	17,694 05	5,076 86	24,148 61	707 14
Commercial power service.....	167,781 48	9,958 30	4,162 74	23,340 23	1,060 65
Municipal power.....		11,227 44	656 01	2,388 41	
Street lighting.....	18,456 98	14,911 65	1,788 00	4,527 48	550 00
Merchandise.....			398 56		
Miscellaneous.....	4,016 71	436 55	608 31	717 58	251 83
Total earnings.....	<u>340,459 06</u>	<u>142,771 28</u>	<u>23,498 60</u>	<u>75,406 06</u>	<u>4,226 21</u>
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	237,328 45	82,430 26	16,215 02	44,150 24	3,662 78
Substation operation.....	8,228 99			467 24	
Substation maintenance.....	354 75	123 27	7 95		
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	6,876 14	5,822 56	1,578 14	3,740 82	10 48
Line transformer maintenance.....	769 34	1,093 99		89 99	
Meter maintenance.....	3,333 21	1,106 31	126 77	1,422 07	100 40
Consumers' premises expenses.....		296 62		135 94	
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	6,041 61	1,723 58	330 00	853 99	67 08
Promotion of business.....	1,842 59			71 64	
Billing and collecting.....	6,689 54	5,586 84	830 36	1,523 73	300 19
General office, salaries and expenses.....	10,747 76	6,335 47	369 55	2,185 73	71 37
Undistributed expenses.....	5,858 44	2,811 20	108 89	649 24	21 25
Truck operation and maintenance.....	2,816 90	1,841 98	192 35	587 52	
Interest.....	8,864 06	11,728 27	1,251 60	2,711 63	211 16
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	20,422 66	13,386 95	445 75	2,948 96	168 66
Depreciation.....	17,715 00	10,650 00	1,752 00	3,360 00	337 00
Other reserves.....		130 00			
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	<u>337,889 44</u>	<u>145,067 30</u>	<u>23,208 38</u>	<u>64,898 74</u>	<u>4,950 37</u>
Net surplus.....	2,569 62		290 22	10,507 32	
Net loss.....		2,296 02			724 16
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	4,546	4,404	391	1,144	98
Commercial light service.....	610	361	105	306	30
Power service.....	85	30	15	38	3
Total.....	<u>5,241</u>	<u>4,795</u>	<u>511</u>	<u>1,488</u>	<u>131</u>

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Stamford Twp.	Stouffville 1,105	Stratford 18,869	Strathroy 2,879	Sutton 809	Tavistock 1,042	Tecumseh 2,546	Thames- ford P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
51,719.41	7,124.57	146,586.63	20,207.78	7,578.25	6,906.75	14,603.68	2,428.13
6,593.80	2,739.57	51,772.30	9,754.05	2,981.82	2,051.73	3,171.42	1,310.32
3,852.98	839.91	51,420.95	9,319.29	1,073.01	8,476.95	1,322.34	2,979.91
1,826.90		12,209.44	1,501.00		460.57		
7,914.64	1,764.00	16,539.00	4,075.71	1,861.00	1,212.00	960.00	517.00
	324.25	6,495.66	1,015.18	152.28	250.99		344.88
71,907.73	12,792.30	285,023.98	45,873.01	13,646.36	19,358.99	20,057.44	7,580.24
36,822.04	8,131.48	200,007.95	28,976.73	8,932.52	16,964.12	10,658.85	6,245.97
503.82		4,994.95	221.40				
		870.56	261.99				
5,422.41	625.49	6,116.52	1,578.12	333.52	463.47	523.42	218.43
139.06		553.36	340.87			39.68	9.16
1,236.37		1,488.50	518.94		23.73	373.40	157.71
		323.25				297.99	
1,630.12	133.60	3,232.58	692.34	129.75	46.98	191.10	49.85
712.43		616.95	261.97			421.48	
3,066.06		6,056.05	797.48	502.97	622.54	1,684.40	173.97
3,684.60	408.53	4,372.10	1,740.35	65.17	167.40	408.03	89.88
1,368.67		6,797.02	391.30	47.61	55.95	450.04	19.50
1,870.51		1,015.36	298.53			409.85	
9,504.11	447.76	21,775.00	1,884.42	972.93	201.03	1,406.54	95.49
10,555.98	1,512.84	9,239.60	1,633.32	1,346.60	197.13	1,317.64	206.55
5,783.00	505.00	19,951.00	3,140.00	830.00	777.00	1,457.00	427.00
		1,208.87					
82,299.18	11,764.70	288,619.62	42,737.76	13,161.07	19,519.35	19,639.42	7,693.51
	1,027.60		3,135.25	485.29		418.02	
10,391.45		3,595.64			160.36		113.27
1,645	336	4,293	802	382	261	506	121
111	80	614	173	84	68	47	39
13	5	132	25	5	6	3	7
1,769	421	5,039	1,000	471	335	556	167

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Thames- ville 754	Thedford 577	Thorndale P.V.	Thorold 5,068	Tilbury 1,996
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	4,003.41	3,152.75	1,432.95	18,732.14	6,539.15
Commercial light service	2,756.04	1,796.45	920.15	6,486.84	6,999.33
Commercial power service	2,111.24	1,599.64	254.32	26,575.95	6,888.96
Municipal power	249.46			2,901.88	229.50
Street lighting	1,191.00	1,035.00	384.00	3,551.00	1,580.22
Merchandise					
Miscellaneous	337.31	50.90	2.62	388.87	574.88
Total earnings	10,648.46	7,634.74	2,994.04	58,636.68	22,812.04
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	6,500.46	4,712.96	2,711.26	45,747.53	14,547.09
Substation operation				2,015.75	
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	504.14	108.30	30.44	2,969.32	1,347.33
Line transformer maintenance					38.92
Meter maintenance	157.43		42.49	276.45	174.66
Consumers' premises expenses					
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance	235.47	67.10	47.00	575.43	273.37
Promotion of business					
Billing and collecting	206.63	207.86	55.34	1,169.17	644.29
General office, salaries and expenses	318.53	81.85	5.10	878.65	529.70
Undistributed expenses	38.50	20.43	17.75	373.93	196.13
Truck operation and maintenance				372.70	
Interest	280.22	633.83	75.56		437.94
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	560.42	851.48	87.07		637.27
Depreciation	735.00	380.00	230.00	2,660.00	1,121.00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	9,536.80	7,063.81	3,302.01	57,038.93	19,947.70
Net surplus	1,111.66	570.93		1,597.75	2,864.34
Net loss			307.97		
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	219	126	62	1,165	420
Commercial light service	71	40	24	191	135
Power service	8	3	1	16	12
Total	298	169	87	1,372	567

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Tillson- burg 3,351	Toronto 626,674	Toronto Twp	Trafalgar Twp. Area No. 1	Trafalgar Twp. Area No. 2	Walkerville 10,681	Wallaceburg 4,343
\$ c	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
14,962.86	3,747,121.17	58,575.37	14,152.49	4,967.94	104,317.38	18,859.03
11,687.36	2,873,701.12	13,743.10	640.62		29,322.93	10,687.00
10,821.20	3,167,430.03	6,862.46	520.19		127,701.63	49,402.59
834.59	1,307,218.35					1,913.90
4,336.51	531,411.66	4,975.20			11,739.96	4,167.00
9.36						
485.15	268,812.13	1,460.57	222.18	96.87	2,182.57	719.62
43,137.03	11,895,694.46	85,616.70	15,535.48	5,064.81	275,264.47	85,749.14
27,345.49	6,493,300.17	50,054.65	7,888.00	2,272.25	203,458.83	61,125.39
889.99	217,852.14				5,385.14	248.00
	247,239.28				1,739.13	
3,022.14	350,632.98	3,706.18	2,134.48	535.72	3,890.69	1,914.39
267.53	37,083.99	468.63			397.92	
264.18	101,462.78	402.28	68.70		2,728.77	713.77
44.95	295,659.39				2,759.58	39.75
549.98	133,653.43	623.94			2,578.80	836.01
	178,555.92				4,220.93	836.17
756.15	344,206.94	3,096.58			6,074.17	2,201.19
3,509.20	365,072.53	4,607.09	1,414.13	549.27	10,297.39	2,341.53
355.47	*97,936.46	931.32	136.18	26.98	7,614.83	1,398.69
411.82		1,504.60	223.20		2,075.91	740.73
513.58	1,461,031.47	3,845.61	744.89	526.54	8,673.39	2,730.08
1,032.76	1,237,415.80	5,133.95	928.70		15,269.85	2,747.56
3,199.00	823,554.56	8,390.00	1,124.00	293.00	16,322.00	4,725.00
139.33	2,740.83					88.15
42,301.57	12,387,398.67	82,764.83	14,662.28	4,203.76	293,487.33	82,686.41
835.46		2,851.87	873.20	861.05		3,062.73
	491,704.21				18,222.86	
887	155,870	1,875	300	136	2,367	1,020
223	25,980	188	2		317	223
30	5,099	23	9		94	29
1,140	186,949	2,086	311	136	2,778	1,272

*Includes \$25,817.88 York Twp. debenture charges.

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Wardsville	Waterdown	Waterford	Waterloo	Watford
Population	214	924	1,168	8,563	956
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	1,124 76	5,645.12	6,575.26	58,827.49	6,682.44
Commercial light service	1,075.78	1,696.40	1,766.76	20,814.44	3,237.14
Commercial power service		1,468.02	4,146.55	24,058.94	2,356.16
Municipal power		192.52	276.32	3,505.88	435.37
Street lighting	700.00	901.50	1,608.00	7,499.04	1,344.96
Merchandise				320.62	
Miscellaneous	55.84	11.60	260.49	149.94	335.79
Total earnings	2,956.38	9,915.16	14,633.38	115,176.35	14,391.86
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	1,936.53	6,493.32	11,933.09	91,535.77	9,303.14
Substation operation				1,401.68	
Substation maintenance				1,377.44	
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	51.30	307.05	331.30	3,743.64	742.05
Line transformer maintenance		49.65		33.60	
Meter maintenance		110.96	42.55	1,035.65	138.48
Consumers' premises expenses					
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	36.30	60.01	174.46	762.00	136.02
Promotion of business					
Billing and collecting		566.49	576.00	2,035.20	501.72
General office, salaries and expenses	182.83	145.52	398.68	3,383.28	539.82
Undistributed expenses		51.62	26.93	560.44	60.06
Truck operation and maintenance				984.87	129.36
Interest	299.17	10.50		2,881.88	124.17
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	412.83			4,892.31	712.62
Depreciation	235.00	791.00	966.00	8,762.00	752.00
Other reserves				128.00	
Total operating costs and fixed charges	3,153.96	8,586.12	14,449.01	123,517.76	13,139.44
Net surplus		1,329.04	184.37		1,252.42
Net loss	197.58			8,341.41	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	47	218	306	1,850	284
Commercial light service	21	33	73	249	76
Power service		7	11	77	5
Total	68	258	390	2,176	365

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Welland	Wellesley	West Lorne	Weston	Wheatley	Windsor	Wood- bridge	Woodstock
10,668	P.V.	814	4,736	724	65,565	744	10,956
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
49,514.12	2,706.26	3,197.04	39,599.41	4,427.83	503,381.88	6,370.89	72,772.34
28,463.15	1,527.81	1,483.82	9,376.18	2,717.93	225,233.06	1,632.47	37,336.87
60,726.86	1,773.00	1,277.99	31,984.50	1,599.90	170,277.85	4,670.69	46,357.30
2,397.93			588.46	461.86	11,734.67	410.44	2,846.43
10,559.01	720.00	1,010.00	7,610.13	1,355.25	76,109.88	900.00	8,013.40
1,841.15							
3,384.77	12.76	55.57	899.56	92.66		21.48	3,554.32
<u>156,886.99</u>	<u>6,739.83</u>	<u>7,024.42</u>	<u>90,058.24</u>	<u>10,655.43</u>	<u>986,737.34</u>	<u>14,005.97</u>	<u>170,880.66</u>
94,636.78	5,208.81	3,970.10	68,789.37	6,401.77	589,905.81	10,143.24	131,319.41
4,898.27					15,910.88		2,724.48
90.61			169.36		3,473.27		83.45
7,144.69	31.44	150.33	4,658.02	498.49	12,577.85	418.69	5,138.27
132.46			332.01	24.70	1,844.42		549.12
2,985.44	52.40	32.16	830.30	146.44	12,278.03		1,273.79
263.90					22,628.07		
1,121.71	36.84	117.24	961.09	275.56	13,375.44	151.28	2,197.71
					18,016.56		267.30
4,103.83		464.70	641.10	328.18	31,162.17		3,716.79
9,018.64	431.05	169.62	2,930.44	193.40	27,751.66	563.59	4,999.07
943.33	26.03	15.00	582.05	43.73	17,147.22		1,651.43
1,597.40			454.68		14,675.38		817.35
14,131.55	138.84	328.57	2,216.03	485.15	65,640.56	480.66	3,424.55
9,991.62	517.94	257.07	3,016.95	603.65	85,361.15	291.59	2,682.05
12,213.53	313.00	593.00	4,830.00	588.00	64,790.00	800.00	11,775.00
<u>163,273.76</u>	<u>6,756.35</u>	<u>6,097.79</u>	<u>90,411.40</u>	<u>9,589.07</u>	<u>996,538.47</u>	<u>12,849.05</u>	<u>172,619.77</u>
		926.63		1,066.36		1,156.92	
6,386.77	16.52		353.16		9,801.13		1,739.11
2,271	121	187	1,248	171	14,605	244	2,904
438	44	49	179	57	2,263	50	443
83	5	4	30	4	318	6	86
<u>2,792</u>	<u>170</u>	<u>240</u>	<u>1,457</u>	<u>232</u>	<u>17,186</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>3,433</u>

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

NIAGARA
SYSTEM—Concluded

Municipality	Wyoming	*York Twp.	Zurich	NIAGARA SYSTEM SUMMARY
Population	482		P.V.	
EARNINGS				
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	2,647.88	558,465.55	3,176.37	9,263,031.01
Commercial light service	1,582.19	64,625.08	1,860.84	4,987,219.71
Commercial power service	152.10	89,734.45		7,326,323.77
Municipal power				1,646,884.64
Street lighting	765.00	49,614.79	693.00	1,389,025.47
Merchandise				9,301.81
Miscellaneous	15.28	17,073.89	117.72	402,652.28
Total earnings	5,162.45	779,513.76	5,847.93	25,024,438.69
EXPENSES				
Power purchased	3,201.18	379,460.71	4,601.35	15,413,215.29
Substation operation				404,570.48
Substation maintenance		27,860.54		281,366.35
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	92.89	20,607.93	232.42	722,383.72
Line transformer maintenance		3,984.68		71,396.55
Meter maintenance		6,128.79	67.55	230,149.55
Consumers' premises expenses		25,117.30		353,539.08
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	58.11	8,066.62	80.10	271,828.92
Promotion of business		3,031.51		244,030.17
Billing and collecting	166.00	37,034.11	183.94	673,185.33
General office, salaries and expenses	167.87	34,822.33	92.69	740,249.97
Undistributed expenses		35,912.94	20.11	268,362.00
Truck operation and maintenance				84,066.24
Interest	150.56	199,599.83	215.83	2,179,869.71
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	750.03	21,824.38	174.67	2,108,108.41
Depreciation	385.00	20,428.00	372.00	1,604,015.63
Other reserves				26,493.60
Total operating costs and fixed charges	4,971.64	823,879.67	6,040.66	25,676,831.00
Net surplus	190.81			
Net loss		44,365.91	192.73	652,392.31
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS				
Domestic service	132	19,397	124	366,817
Commercial light service	50	1,037	46	58,040
Power service	2	150		10,590
Total	184	20,584	170	435,447

*For year ended December 31, 1932. Included in Toronto figures. Not added in Summary.

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM

Alliston	Arthur	Barrie	Beaverton	Beeton	Bradford	Brechin	Cannington
1,379	1,037	7,455	960	584	1,009	P.V.	851
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
8,513.19	4,569.26	52,465.38	6,038.34	3,594.50	6,341.25	971.23	5,185.51
4,492.67	3,636.14	29,741.26	2,354.80	2,482.40	3,006.67	1,074.32	2,337.93
1,665.75	1,636.55	15,417.24	1,080.55	1,852.91	2,654.76	1,077.29	619.89
812.96	576.53	983.33			336.89		
2,070.00	1,748.00	5,961.25	1,286.52	1,185.00	1,273.00	576.00	1,022.00
					60.43		
28.64		1,302.38	793.85	9.66	60.67	28.53	80.75
17,583.21	12,166.48	105,870.84	11,554.06	9,124.47	13,733.67	3,727.37	9,246.08
11,574.06	9,561.78	76,201.02	7,686.41	7,116.40	8,416.51	2,641.63	6,682.04
		894.47					
623.40	553.34	2,870.39	991.21	42.63	225.49	302.50	586.78
		493.80					
		1,485.18					
339.40	89.55	1,020.39	169.02	193.93	57.23	42.09	149.70
							10.60
822.79		3,102.46			634.56		
135.55	378.13	1,122.64	607.09	408.38	76.17	143.77	568.93
85.81		1,000.07			254.61		
1,765.08	1,155.08	583.59					
		3,048.82	366.62	534.07	1,176.50	219.05	505.57
1,390.41	720.71	2,691.38	580.34	447.01	836.30	98.29	608.17
1,332.00	906.00	7,023.00	1,101.00	579.00	825.00	138.00	652.00
		300.00					
18,068.50	13,364.59	101,837.21	11,501.69	9,321.42	12,502.37	3,585.33	9,763.79
		4,033.63	52.37		1,231.30	142.04	
485.29	1,198.11			196.95			517.71
351	185	2,011	303	124	223	42	246
201	86	407	63	37	63	28	71
16	4	45	9	5	8	4	10
568	275	2,463	375	166	294	74	327

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

GEORGAIN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Chatsworth	Chesley	Coldwater	Collingwood	Cookstown P.V.
Population	272	1,789	626	5,788	
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	1,590 06	8,902 79	2,884 70	26,122 58	2,479 81
Commercial light service	1,304 24	4,106 77	1,746 74	9,951 70	1,264 87
Commercial power service	583 08	8,451 38	2,557 43	16,342 67	911 92
Municipal power		991 04		1,895 68	
Street lighting	492 00	1,596 00	571 00	3,013 33	1,008 00
Merchandise		5 02			
Miscellaneous	89 84	664 48	209 01	1,515 88	46 37
Total earnings	4,059 22	24,717 48	7,968 88	58,841 84	5,710 97
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	2,565 47	18,031 74	6,811 92	49,999 25	2,686 76
Substation operation				39 50	
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	189 73	672 90	298 24	1,789 46	168 78
Line transformer maintenance				70 59	
Meter maintenance		160 25		677 75	
Consumers' premises expenses					
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	59 22	188 20	63 00	239 71	86 48
Promotion of business				6 22	
Billing and collecting		386 41		2,866 05	
General office, salaries and expenses	327 53	612 45	497 22	2,913 18	270 22
Undistributed expenses		122 07		616 91	
Truck operation and maintenance		24 50		318 33	
Interest	282 18	404 81	217 73	300 00	444 62
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	216 19	1,934 61	267 27		282 86
Depreciation	262 00	1,206 00	531 00	3,750 00	503 00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	3,902 32	23,743 94	8,686 38	63,586 95	4,442 72
Net surplus	156 90	973 54			1,268 25
Net loss			717 50	4,745 11	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	73	420	131	1,420	96
Commercial light service	29	97	54	269	27
Power service	1	19	4	53	5
Total	103	536	189	1,742	128

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Creemore 587	Dundalk 647	Durham 1,800	Elmvale P.V.	Elmwood P.V.	Flesherton 491	Grand Valley 587	Graven- hurst 1,830
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
3,579.49	2,604.62	6,477.31	2,673.02	1,185.37	2,686.74	3,467.61	8,580.86
1,808.96	2,200.70	4,139.84	1,728.30	586.45	1,768.58	1,799.23	6,087.91
1,102.80	2,240.17	5,857.92	2,618.79	1,339.14	226.29	1,975.40	7,202.34
673.63	1,220.00	759.79	140.33	529.00	621.00	936.00	575.67
7.00	165.00	1,935.00	662.31	36.96	30.54	138.21	2,096.24
7,171.88	8,430.49	19,942.33	7,909.09	3,676.92	5,333.15	8,316.45	24,543.02
5,789.05	6,224.88	15,726.37	6,373.35	2,541.79	3,547.92	5,796.19	16,208.46
200.17	627.53	795.45	617.01	12.50	36.47	117.92	1,227.17
		28.65	17.35				67.78
							138.03
62.84	124.31	166.19	30.18	13.10	26.55	66.00	572.91
		1,043.82	210.00				10.47
252.65	611.30	494.55	53.21	194.93	384.97	529.83	431.11
		248.10	23.50				1,455.67
		267.18					275.96
129.91	67.07	344.40	175.81	215.68	398.72	213.48	255.67
504.36	356.35	1,296.91	279.55	426.08	264.97	759.64	722.51
387.00	432.00	1,108.00	600.00	238.00	336.00	523.00	2,088.21
							1,700.00
							225.00
7,325.98	8,443.44	21,519.62	8,379.96	3,642.08	4,995.60	8,006.06	25,378.95
				34.84	337.55	310.39	
154.10	12.95	1,577.29	470.87				835.93
157	157	422	150	58	139	156	464
52	69	109	59	19	48	48	115
3	4	11	8	1	2	4	12
212	230	542	217	78	189	208	591

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Hanover	Holstein	Huntsville	Kincardine	Kirkfield
Population	3,036	P.V.	2,507	2,429	P.V.
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	18,407.63	1,479.27	10,973.86	13,824.32	749.21
Commercial light service	6,627.47	570.60	7,418.16	6,956.57	1,156.47
Commercial power service	17,684.10	238.59	11,515.00	9,058.53	
Municipal power	309.97		1,400.00	1,444.90	
Street lighting	3,488.16	490.00	2,675.00	4,022.50	460.00
Merchandise					
Miscellaneous	1,540.64		682.94	30.18	
Total earnings	48,057.97	2,778.46	34,664.96	35,337.00	2,365.68
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	31,066.93	1,955.95	29,980.04	25,823.72	1,423.29
Substation operation				336.94	
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	1,776.72	51.05	2,322.42	1,258.69	204.62
Line transformer maintenance	36.37		19.45		
Meter maintenance	114.89		49.10		
Consumers' premises expenses				112.01	
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	174.81	14.92	230.71	263.10	3.48
Promotion of business			96.10		
Billing and collecting	1,097.39		507.34	678.44	
General office, salaries and expenses	634.21	169.24	1,241.20	567.61	35.05
Undistributed expenses	491.15		719.78	377.31	
Truck operation and maintenance	141.94		186.31	259.97	
Interest	2,386.90	214.07	206.88	2,114.88	243.62
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	5,282.60	213.79	686.36	3,167.80	347.88
Depreciation	3,233.00	109.00	1,080.00	2,075.00	206.00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	46,436.91	2,728.02	37,325.69	37,035.47	2,463.94
Net surplus	1,621.06	50.44			
Net loss			2,660.73	1,698.47	98.26
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	726	54	556	596	27
Commercial light service	119	18	123	120	20
Power service	20	1	9	19	
Total	865	73	688	735	47

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Lucknow	Markdale	Meaford	Midland	Mildmay	Mount Forest	Neustadt	Orangeville
1,082	774	2,707	6,808	694	1,821	465	2,785
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
6,845.31	3,571.87	12,262.19	35,287.78	2,967.88	7,571.59	2,019.90	14,312.27
2,998.23	2,580.48	6,475.28	13,714.77	2,024.23	5,190.17	1,357.97	8,697.09
3,499.49	1,048.02	3,878.90	47,445.51	719.27	3,040.59	63.33	6,926.65
517.52	81.00	761.52	3,029.05		1,214.91		1,264.70
1,522.50	900.00	3,219.19	6,175.84	659.56	2,370.00	975.00	3,760.20
		2.58					16.61
187.01		765.66		21.06	262.75		168.65
15,570.06	8,181.37	27,365.32	105,652.95	6,392.00	19,650.01	4,416.20	35,146.17
10,946.31	5,784.99	17,537.97	80,691.58	3,054.84	15,632.99	3,441.78	26,032.43
			1,993.84				
			207.58				
363.49	22.44	953.55	2,373.26	149.64	469.98	28.92	1,315.31
		34.50	78.54				
		40.07	781.45	229.09	159.45		49.55
							10.70
122.76	117.48	209.00	676.98	42.80	320.62	69.95	485.42
			875.21				
		579.35	2,179.46		817.89		1,418.12
876.03	439.21	1,749.10	2,409.97	375.06	386.50	205.61	35.40
		468.22	2,008.55		119.25		101.02
		121.52	315.28		39.05		
739.41	375.21	1,971.51	2,555.03	408.86	713.66	921.48	656.87
962.87	306.55	1,018.24	5,449.28	408.27	635.63	986.86	2,307.85
732.00	576.00	1,340.00	9,512.00	206.00	1,310.00	560.00	1,916.00
14,742.87	7,621.88	26,023.03	112,108.01	4,874.56	20,605.02	6,214.60	34,328.67
827.19	559.49	1,342.29		1,517.44			817.50
			6,455.06		955.01	1,798.40	
252	187	638	1,564	140	447	96	654
79	79	138	227	47	160	28	161
7	10	17	55	2	11	2	27
338	276	793	1,846	189	618	126	842

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Owen Sound 12,803	Paisley 732	Penetang- uishene 4,046	Port Elgin 1,230	Port McNicoll 928
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	60,161 55	3,937 95	11,560 03	8,046 31	3,643 06
Commercial light service.....	33,647 11	2,679 61	4,471 57	4,123 07	801 37
Commercial power service.....	37,592 84	1,155 09	10,183 08	3,400 92	.....
Municipal power.....	.....	.....	1,752 93	886 65	.....
Street lighting.....	11,181 23	1,408 00	2,149 00	2,103 79	927 50
Merchandise.....	279 45	.....	17 81	.....	.....
Miscellaneous.....	131 16	143 99	77 30	315 46	.....
Total earnings.....	142,993 34	9,324 64	30,211 72	18,876 20	5,371 93
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	106,952 41	6,583 66	21,327 95	8,730 36	3,295 61
Substation operation.....	4,695 16	.....	643 51	.....	.....
Substation maintenance.....	.....	.....	103 71	.....	.....
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	5,903 00	128 90	1,438 26	942 49	383 69
Line transformer maintenance.....	548 54	.....	106 25	.....	.....
Meter maintenance.....	1,059 77	.....	222 53	44 54	.....
Consumers' premises expenses.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	2,614 07	105 84	248 20	217 80	120 84
Promotion of business.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Billing and collecting.....	5,216 40	.....	942 21	689 37	.....
General office, salaries and expenses	5,646 34	472 50	686 68	86 98	120 75
Undistributed expenses.....	2,647 53	.....	270 72	138 58	.....
Truck operation and maintenance.....	730 57	.....	142 90	272 95	.....
Interest.....	516 18	618 43	1,122 97	1,981 31	186 79
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	.....	742 95	1,655 05	1,400 40	484 43
Depreciation.....	6,920 00	506 00	2,817 00	826 00	390 00
Other reserves.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	143,449 97	9,158 28	31,727 94	15,330 78	4,982 11
Net surplus.....	.....	166 36	.....	3,545 42	389 82
Net loss.....	456 63	.....	1,516 22	.....	.....
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	3,257	186	590	373	197
Commercial light service.....	576	55	99	86	31
Power service.....	115	4	27	8	.....
Total.....	3,948	245	725	467	228

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Port Perry 1,130	Priceville P.V.	Ripley 451	Rosseau 251	Shelburne 1,064	South- ampton 1,520	Stayner 1,042	Sunder- land P.V.
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
6,660.96	675.10	3,363.35	2,871.74	5,384.95	8,144.39	4,391.43	2,335.55
2,805.22	332.43	1,858.53	927.90	3,309.71	3,487.74	2,642.06	1,699.71
2,528.58				1,591.58	2,137.68	2,375.56	55.85
372.11				578.43	1,231.34		
1,500.00	560.00	1,266.00	1,240.00	960.00	2,106.92	1,224.00	706.67
894.65	11.55	4.49	141.67	233.65	150.44	328.64	50.00
14,761.52	1,579.08	6,492.37	5,181.31	12,058.32	17,258.51	10,961.69	4,847.78
9,873.21	1,139.68	4,204.77	3,550.01	9,554.83	8,228.69	8,245.44	3,473.99
901.67	15.24	35.50	206.93	925.20	1,109.33	549.12	170.22
			45		2.10		
					50.85		
				1.82			
100.25	21.76	66.72	24.69	51.87	148.14	142.22	21.37
			131.81	553.89	863.40	566.06	
820.37	46.61	419.48	7.52	74.74	233.93	112.57	321.77
			15.75		235.85	72.92	
15.00					307.68		
954.68	454.94	648.74	956.15	349.69	1,428.87	176.21	222.84
747.50	328.21	381.78		1,321.85	1,100.31	1,085.53	318.58
821.00	177.00	426.00	288.00	945.00	701.00	806.00	278.00
14,233.68	2,183.44	6,182.99	5,181.31	13,778.89	14,410.15	11,756.07	4,806.77
527.84		309.38			2,848.36		41.01
	604.36			1,720.57		794.38	
300	31	128	61	285	384	257	112
75	12	44	21	83	83	83	42
10				11	13	12	1
385	43	172	82	379	480	352	155

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

GEORGIAN BAY
SYSTEM—Concluded

Municipality.....	Tara	Teeswater	Thornton	Tottenham	Uxbridge
Population.....	491	805	P.V.	546	1,506
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	2,632.36	4,642.20	1,151.90	3,227.06	8,019.21
Commercial light service.....	1,306.32	2,219.12	637.95	2,100.62	3,255.12
Commercial power service.....	690.33	939.09	243.14	166.00	931.13
Municipal power.....		180.00		194.99	
Street lighting.....	1,260.00	1,402.00	880.00	1,225.08	1,743.00
Merchandise.....					
Miscellaneous.....	6.04	190.45	2.79	3.45	405.78
Total earnings.....	5,895.05	9,572.86	2,915.78	6,917.20	14,354.24
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	3,432.35	6,115.52	1,481.77	5,087.62	10,902.64
Substation operation.....					
Substation maintenance.....					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	175.70	62.41	46.75	322.35	585.46
Line transformer maintenance.....					
Meter maintenance.....					
Consumers' premises expenses.....					
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....	37.10	69.55	17.32	105.46	229.30
Promotion of business.....					
Billing and collecting.....					
General office, salaries and expenses.....	486.60	543.08	81.93	192.20	785.19
Undistributed expenses.....					
Truck operation and maintenance.....					
Interest.....	354.98	993.03	306.86	445.71	772.92
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	942.80	1,132.80	425.02	383.81	973.67
Depreciation.....	520.00	690.00	307.00	410.00	665.00
Other reserves.....					
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	5,949.53	9,606.39	2,666.65	6,947.15	14,914.18
Net surplus.....			249.13		
Net loss.....	54.48	33.53		29.95	559.94
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	127	195	55	128	354
Commercial light service.....	36	55	18	54	91
Power service.....	4	7	4	4	10
Total.....	167	257	77	186	455

“B”—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Victoria Harbor 1,171	Walker- ton 2,340	Waubau- shene P.V.	Wiar-ton 1,911	Winder- mere 135	Wingham 1,842	Wood- ville 414	GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM SUMMARY
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
2,894.43	15,041.12	2,221.71	8,800.93	2,241.87	12,512.87	2,291.30	478,039.49
839.09	7,683.67	630.34	5,782.47	1,095.71	6,933.68	1,068.90	249,726.99
47.34	4,262.46	604.89	1,820.13	.....	8,308.52	770.18	262,336.64
124.20	657.15	98.29	1,403.92	.....	480.35	.....	25,056.15
702.00	2,369.55	405.00	2,300.00	455.00	3,423.00	532.00	105,222.97
.....	27.87	.....	.....	.....	669.15	.....	1,078.92
1.10	85.90	110.56	.....	10.13	470.69	298.83	13,794.19
4,608.16	30,127.72	4,070.25	20,107.45	3,802.71	32,798.26	4,961.21	1,135,255.35
3,112.17	16,105.10	2,153.97	14,375.20	2,026.84	16,384.56	3,193.34	805,087.51
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,746.47	.....	10,310.39
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	350.79
50.09	1,885.83	113.17	408.39	168.92	2,549.36	246.32	43,563.46
.....	70.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,528.37
.....	112.30	.....	126.45	.....	295.20	.....	5,842.45
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	124.53
116.06	203.80	75.79	212.13	29.67	355.92	34.45	11,862.35
.....	1,468.08	.....	990.90	159.41	577.04	.....	998.60
353.29	1,117.42	324.35	279.86	29.18	714.42	321.03	28,933.76
.....	161.88	.....	107.50	36.75	451.76	.....	35,441.35
.....	285.56	.....	92.77	.....	139.18	.....	11,051.55
81.75	3,054.73	48.94	1,658.63	*719.36	2,459.05	187.88	4,499.95
463.21	2,000.55	256.21	1,131.07	.....	3,901.39	231.73	46,897.73
390.00	1,324.00	264.00	700.00	282.00	2,797.00	223.00	59,232.44
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	71,460.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	525.00
4,566.57	27,789.25	3,236.43	20,082.90	3,452.13	32,371.35	4,437.75	1,137,710.23
41.59	2,338.47	833.82	24.55	350.58	426.91	523.46	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,454.88
167	535	134	349	48	504	110	22,141
28	134	25	103	9	143	31	5,287
2	17	3	13	.....	24	2	699
197	686	162	465	57	671	143	28,127

*Includes debenture accrual.

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM

Municipality	Alexandria	Apple Hill	Athens	Bath	Belleville
Population	2,340	P.V.	582	350	14,059
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	7,390.51	1,080.88	3,966.74	1,441.86	76,682.94
Commercial light service	4,173.80	827.60	1,813.42	718.97	48,107.35
Commercial power service	3,174.90	279.49	1,127.76		34,529.14
Municipal power	1,634.41				7,709.49
Street lighting	2,640.00	559.75	1,250.00	714.00	11,655.86
Merchandise					544.70
Miscellaneous	355.93	3.38	19.19	16.03	885.68
Total earnings	19,369.55	2,751.10	8,177.11	2,890.86	180,115.16
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	12,609.86	1,726.10	4,738.92	2,105.43	128,674.13
Substation operation					
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	885.29	52.10	87.12	8.18	3,914.42
Line transformer maintenance	122.42		2.24		288.26
Meter maintenance	152.13		19.79		2,889.51
Consumers' premises expenses	3.03				325.52
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	299.66	58.01	108.87		1,399.56
Promotion of business					1,185.78
Billing and collecting	912.85				4,245.76
General office, salaries and expenses	400.91	234.39	174.62	131.73	7,098.63
Undistributed expenses	105.51		15.00		1,762.82
Truck operation and maintenance					214.16
Interest	1,466.06	222.47	674.09	485.30	1,701.00
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	2,498.40	303.95	497.41	215.09	6,000.00
Depreciation	1,298.00	159.00	437.00	164.00	5,251.00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	20,754.12	2,756.02	6,755.06	3,109.73	164,950.55
Net surplus			1,422.05		15,164.61
Net loss	1,384.57	4.92		218.87	
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	295	46	140	31	3,004
Commercial light service	92	18	50	16	555
Power service	14	1	1		90
Total	401	65	191	47	3,649

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Bloomfield 614	Bowman- ville 3,641	Brighton 1,413	Brockville 9,615	Cardinal 1,305	Carleton Place 4,272	Chesterville 950
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
2,713.31	30,135.04	10,102.13	45,903.86	6,257.90	18,946.89	5,396.47
807.79	10,239.80	4,619.79	25,015.27	1,943.40	9,355.65	2,298.21
497.13	40,064.74	2,051.65	30,457.81	551.64	23,803.35	2,562.57
			5,566.61		1,930.94	
720.00	4,057.17	1,644.00	8,772.50	1,066.00	4,385.00	1,032.00
						241.05
5.46	620.16	77.59	6,450.70	4.44	2,203.81	506.08
4,743.69	85,116.91	18,495.16	122,166.75	9,823.38	60,625.64	12,036.38
4,139.16	63,015.45	10,233.57	75,024.19	5,566.26	38,341.57	8,042.22
			5,415.00			
			498.09		171.79	
63.90	2,291.59	2,722.31	1,793.65	823.14	1,765.85	977.58
	288.34	140.00	418.09	45.00	65.30	
157.26	472.34	262.53	1,957.13	4.80	176.60	
	4.10	48.95		1.48		
100.00	610.53	182.99	1,871.14	176.85	298.48	180.00
	8.35	64.96	198.92			
	1,943.55	815.02	2,159.94		1,557.25	409.75
201.76	2,515.67	1,487.67	5,082.23	499.27	3,373.66	413.89
	979.05	733.98	1,928.91		276.02	
		350.94	608.87		648.34	
486.48	2,965.14	1,140.51	3,935.46	703.50	2,684.61	106.24
403.82	2,309.30	851.76	7,249.18	500.13	2,409.68	190.90
486.00	1,493.00	574.00	8,191.00	329.00	1,974.00	597.00
					500.00	
6,038.38	78,896.41	19,609.19	116,331.80	8,649.43	54,243.15	10,917.58
	6,220.50		5,834.95	1,173.95	6,382.49	1,118.80
1,294.69		1,114.03				
148	1,045	537	2,541	286	938	227
26	173	95	438	50	178	65
4	29	9	67	2	18	3
178	1,247	641	3,046	338	1,134	295

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Cobourg	Colborne*	Deseronto	Finch	Hastings
Population	5,619	977	1,418	383	707
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	30,913.56	4,517.68	6,416.69	1,941.99	3,997.82
Commercial light service	18,424.66	3,112.69	2,254.49	1,549.09	1,684.61
Commercial power service	22,556.07	357.94	1,171.51	700.39	759.66
Municipal power	5,388.15	233.32	856.70		
Street lighting	5,584.04	1,287.00	1,791.96	502.50	1,550.92
Merchandise		128.24	28.30		
Miscellaneous	1,120.51	181.67	228.24	122.96	236.43
Total earnings	83,986.99	9,818.54	12,747.89	4,816.93	8,229.44
EXPENSES					
Power purchased	54,650.04	4,171.90	7,090.74	2,686.18	3,443.48
Substation operation					
Substation maintenance					
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	1,922.74	867.06	1,716.77	93.65	152.28
Line transformer maintenance	613.81	60.32	8.96		
Meter maintenance	591.35	72.79	231.62		8.39
Consumers' premises expenses	210.47				
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance	684.56	108.69	245.36	28.90	85.08
Promotion of business	5.63				
Billing and collecting	2,404.41		304.93		
General office, salaries and expenses ..	3,940.15	1,237.79	701.75	213.48	388.46
Undistributed expenses	1,594.58	40.34	82.60		27.00
Truck operation and maintenance	124.75	220.66			
Interest	4,763.05	940.11	574.36	374.58	1,155.40
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	3,291.15		487.88	254.64	635.39
Depreciation	2,207.00	188.00	350.00	253.00	419.00
Other reserves					
Total operating costs and fixed charges	77,003.69	7,907.66	11,794.97	3,904.43	6,314.48
Net surplus	6,983.30	1,910.88	952.92	912.50	1,914.96
Net loss					
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service	1,114	218	291	78	166
Commercial light service	141	79	66	31	49
Power service	45	3	11	1	5
Total	1,300	300	368	110	220

*Eleven months operation.

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Havelock	Kemptville	Kingston	Lakefield	Lanark	Lancaster	Lindsay
1,096	1,227	23,260	1,303	636	601	7,109
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
6,089.60	7,000.28	108,782.64	6,425.25	2,792.36	2,016.86	37,863.94
2,087.16	4,387.41	72,441.72	3,463.55	1,201.42	1,677.89	22,212.24
2,881.48	4,620.72	87,493.96	1,826.60			23,502.85
		10,776.04				2,766.94
1,568.00	1,830.00	25,486.08	1,836.00	592.00	1,496.50	8,172.90
363.29	1,013.48	5,093.99	709.52	104.92		2,838.90
12,929.53	18,851.89	310,074.43	14,260.92	4,690.70	5,191.25	97,357.77
7,263.50	10,635.37	133,259.80	10,133.61	3,392.60	3,377.46	68,252.96
		5,155.05				
		3,222.67				
751.52	1,594.48	18,450.85	886.32	317.43	105.50	2,860.38
	44.46	852.15				493.18
	296.74	5,377.77	42.63	96.57		480.86
		2,044.74				521.69
121.00	138.46	9,335.17	113.26	57.09	27.34	1,184.90
	37.24	216.79				
	969.33	7,519.97	595.74			2,610.25
358.46	510.82	13,008.98	611.09	304.23	301.90	6,405.06
		12,678.45	200.85			1,446.13
183.66	362.41	3,319.30				217.20
1,098.33	1,153.09	7,912.95	1,766.00	234.54	437.17	5,470.74
1,775.58	636.30	11,142.78	825.76	464.45	711.11	4,778.81
843.00	897.00	19,218.00	1,108.00	254.00	277.00	3,427.00
		25,744.76				
12,395.05	17,275.70	278,460.18	16,283.26	5,120.91	5,237.48	98,149.16
534.48	1,576.19	31,614.25				
			2,022.34	430.21	46.23	791.39
281	318	5,620	309	150	78	1,830
64	83	878	69	36	36	334
3	7	143	6			76
348	408	6,641	384	186	114	2,240

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality	Madoc	Marmora	Martintown	Maxville
Population	1,059	924	P.V.	785
EARNINGS				
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service	4,856.28	3,613.94	807.82	3,191.96
Commercial light service	3,484.56	1,496.46	987.08	2,396.57
Commercial power service	1,016.60	131.40		
Municipal power				
Street lighting	1,524.00	1,448.00	300.00	1,430.04
Merchandise				
Miscellaneous	69.12	97.87	93.42	30.65
Total earnings	10,950.56	6,787.67	2,188.32	7,049.22
EXPENSES				
Power purchased	6,878.33	4,194.82	1,085.89	4,888.65
Substation operation				
Substation maintenance				
Distribution system, operation and maintenance	566.96	53.65	29.55	214.57
Line transformer maintenance				
Meter maintenance	45.44			
Consumers' premises expenses				
Street lighting, operation and maintenance	193.85	76.50	38.70	59.42
Promotion of business				
Billing and collecting				
General office, salaries and expenses	1,091.32	503.51	130.50	304.13
Undistributed expenses				
Truck operation and maintenance				
Interest	70.54	551.35	195.19	474.86
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures	447.48	720.86	328.21	872.41
Depreciation	374.00	539.00	135.00	481.00
Other reserves				
Total operating costs and fixed charges	9,667.92	6,639.69	1,943.04	7,295.04
Net surplus	1,282.64	147.98	245.28	
Net loss				245.82
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS				
Domestic service	260	198	35	132
Commercial light service	98	44	22	43
Power service	6	2		
Total	364	244	57	175

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Napanee	Norwood	Omemeë	Oshawa	Ottawa	Perth	Peterborough
3,014	727	498	23,002	130,672	3,994	22,809
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
26,679.48	4,480.44	2,249.60	148,818.93	421,647.54	22,755.27	117,648.00
13,744.34	2,176.66	1,268.12	57,042.47	159,028.96	15,109.94	57,718.24
12,225.60	626.22	1,452.73	134,048.33	54,871.97	16,128.17	73,455.92
1,467.01			6,366.23	29,594.68	2,075.60	6,386.77
4,473.94	1,578.00	924.00	10,573.28	72,933.23	2,066.00	19,518.00
					1,452.85	
767.94	400.51		5,619.03		1,949.87	1,280.86
59,358.31	9,261.83	5,894.45	362,468.27	738,076.38	61,537.70	276,007.79
37,613.44	3,971.85	2,779.53	328,295.17	368,718.84	38,116.49	196,442.92
				23,876.25	360.00	5,998.99
				609.01		356.46
4,264.78	728.76	375.10	5,912.29	23,828.68	1,348.51	5,543.76
418.45		2.50	367.06	2,020.19	48.86	850.54
1,114.00		79.84	947.14	10,443.72	597.82	4,696.52
55.52			145.15	3,471.66		267.11
989.79	120.00	40.39	1,677.49	25,698.32	522.75	3,067.29
			618.48	10,463.05		
1,599.02			9,182.16	36,755.94	1,440.35	6,369.51
3,880.12	479.36	264.06	4,691.14	20,630.80	3,100.09	6,349.90
2,046.57			3,821.12	22,146.16	735.21	5,102.62
94.18	189.55			2,308.87	401.22	2,423.03
1,682.49	1,743.04	235.97	12,755.46	47,700.61	2,880.45	27,488.77
2,384.96	1,026.21	760.29	11,063.49	21,224.29	1,819.09	14,263.54
1,529.00	1,027.00	558.00	9,162.00	71,594.00	3,224.00	15,627.00
			964.86	19,000.00		1,200.00
57,672.32	9,285.77	5,095.68	389,603.01	710,490.39	54,594.84	296,047.96
1,685.99		798.77		27,585.99	6,942.86	
	23.94		27,134.74			20,040.17
770	217	126	5,878	12,491	934	5,274
190	70	47	510	1,382	192	774
35	2	6	98	214	25	155
995	289	179	6,486	14,087	1,151	6,203

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Continued

Municipality.....	Picton	Port Hope	Prescott	Richmond	Russell
Population.....	3,217	4,626	2,952	381	P.V.
EARNINGS					
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	21,579.51	29,372.14	15,796.30	1,868.77	2,535.67
Commercial light service.....	12,218.11	11,563.02	8,332.02	1,551.59	1,284.49
Commercial power service.....	6,746.07	22,168.35	3,234.08		
Municipal power.....	1,883.78	2,101.20	1,522.81		
Street lighting.....	4,364.04	4,615.00	3,475.00	500.00	736.00
Merchandise.....					
Miscellaneous.....	1,588.57	144.58	149.55	5.31	30.08
Total earnings.....	48,380.08	69,964.29	32,509.76	3,925.67	4,586.24
EXPENSES					
Power purchased.....	37,408.54	45,161.39	24,633.82	2,839.73	2,863.50
Substation operation.....			1,213.64		
Substation maintenance.....			11.71		
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	2,076.15	2,285.05	2,019.29	44.13	54.51
Line transformer maintenance.....	94.37	13.77	88.00		
Meter maintenance.....	464.19	1,210.08	181.45		
Consumers' premises expenses.....		1.50			
Street lighting, operation and maintenance.....	411.83	778.79	714.66	14.36	112.28
Promotion of business.....	7.12				
Billing and collecting.....	1,167.77	1,973.95	1,106.59		
General office, salaries and expenses.....	3,255.55	4,400.15	2,066.11	216.10	285.82
Undistributed expenses.....	185.32	958.68	397.40		
Truck operation and maintenance.....	247.94	209.76			
Interest.....	54.29	1,422.16		343.65	419.60
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....		2,819.40		223.05	417.19
Depreciation.....	1,832.00	1,828.00	2,633.00	190.00	271.00
Other reserves.....					
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	47,205.07	63,062.68	35,065.67	3,871.02	4,423.90
Net surplus.....	1,175.01	6,901.61		54.65	162.34
Net loss.....			2,555.91		
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS					
Domestic service.....	997	1,238	655	53	107
Commercial light service.....	204	203	155	24	33
Power service.....	38	45	19		
Total.....	1,239	1,486	829	77	140

"B"—Continued

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

Smiths Falls	Stirling	Trenton	Tweed	Warkworth	Wellington	Westport
7,501	865	6,331	1,247	P.V.	900	733
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
41,684.74	5,346.26	28,302.03	6,324.50	2,185.13	4,733.77	3,198.24
15,246.98	3,351.71	17,524.57	4,460.90	1,551.15	2,067.20	2,906.93
16,534.14	1,812.83	66,346.34	2,096.34		2,128.95	
225.00	234.45	1,897.90	204.57			
8,342.30	1,433.00	8,076.00	1,886.25	643.75	1,160.04	1,705.00
3,260.40	408.27	2,102.88	10.88	140.80	261.27	122.27
85,293.56	12,586.52	124,249.72	14,983.44	4,520.83	10,351.23	7,932.44
45,792.24	7,625.67	85,336.89	9,164.96	3,244.39	7,728.80	4,791.34
1,921.00	108.95					
373.29		15.87				
2,991.14	1,047.86	2,346.73	867.73	48.35	630.31	251.99
16.66		57.07				47.26
1,006.02	72.69	1,752.11	166.22		25.67	93
	75	364.32	35			
742.72	375.34	1,502.64	403.30	20.00	150.52	110.48
	69.76	16.10	48.62			
3,371.85	429.46	2,632.19	562.04			
4,167.55	1,022.46	4,651.08	1,000.75	175.67	625.87	418.33
1,016.51	217.01	1,455.72	232.50		42.57	25.50
609.48	367.75	733.61				
4,835.95		7,562.22	683.21	581.61	828.77	804.55
12,329.72		5,366.67	647.34	221.76	640.02	453.85
5,712.00	953.00	3,539.00	440.00	199.00	694.00	207.00
84,886.13	12,290.70	117,332.22	14,217.02	4,490.78	11,366.53	7,111.23
407.43	295.82	6,917.50	766.42	30.05		821.21
					1,015.30	
1,640	268	1,251	249	106	284	96
257	80	220	92	43	64	49
44	10	48	12		6	
1,941	358	1,519	353	149	354	145

STATEMENT

Detailed Operating Reports of Electrical Departments of

EASTERN ONTARIO
SYSTEM—Concluded

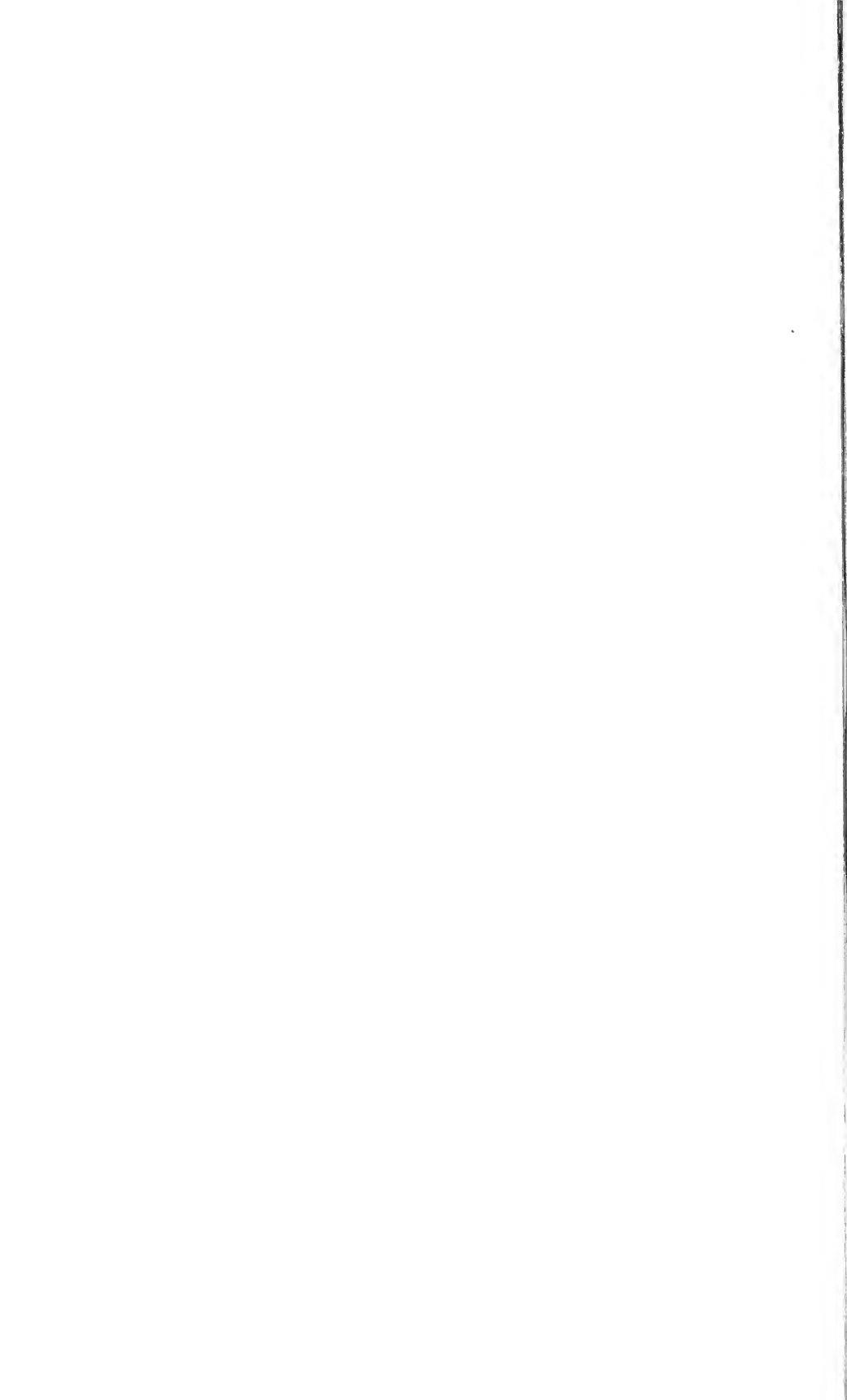
Municipality.....	Whitby	Williamsburg	Winchester	EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM SUMMARY
Population.....	5,294	P.V.	963	
EARNINGS	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Domestic service.....	19,548 69	3,702 03	5,870 21	1,377,574 45
Commercial light service.....	9,555 38	7,503 38	3,363 90	661,352 71
Commercial power service.....	14,189 33	231 98	1,548 03	715,964 74
Municipal power.....	2,312 74			93,135 34
Street lighting.....	3,716 43	192 00	1,062 00	248,809 48
Merchandise.....			36 87	2,432 01
Miscellaneous.....	1,355 95	165 44	363 54	43,581 42
Total earnings.....	50,678 52	11,794 83	12,244 55	3,142,850 15
EXPENSES				
Power purchased.....	37,949 47	5,726 19	8,812 03	1,984,639 39
Substation operation.....				44,048 88
Substation maintenance.....	162 12			5,421 01
Distribution system, operation and maintenance.....	2,861 02	721 37	577 53	106,793 88
Line transformer maintenance.....	45 31			7,512 57
Meter maintenance.....	456 78			36,551 43
Consumers' premises expenses.....	75 77			7,542 11
Street lighting, operation and main- tenance.....	699 47	60 75	178 95	56,176 49
Promotion of business.....	144 80			13,085 60
Billing and collecting.....	1,588 13			94,627 71
General office, salaries and expenses..	1,581 45	378 24	902 46	116,169 12
Undistributed expenses.....	251 89			60,506 02
Truck operation and maintenance.....	203 85			14,039 53
Interest.....	2,175 59	82 00	389 22	158,412 73
Sinking fund and principal payments on debentures.....	3,475 42	200 15	384 48	130,523 35
Depreciation.....	2,837 10	181 00	598 00	176,758 10
Other reserves.....				47,409 62
Total operating costs and fixed charges.....	54,508 17	7,349 70	11,842 67	3,060,217 54
Net surplus.....		4,445 13	401 88	82,632 61
Net loss.....	3,829 65			
NUMBER OF CONSUMERS				
Domestic service.....	833	92	277	54,152
Commercial light service.....	158	63	68	8,707
Power service.....	21	1	2	1,327
Total.....	1,012	156	347	64,186

"B"—Concluded

Hydro Municipalities for Year Ended December 31, 1933

THUNDER BAY
SYSTEM

Fort William	Nipigon	Port Arthur	THUNDER BAY SYSTEM SUMMARY	ALL SYSTEMS GRAND SUMMARY
25,188		19,749		
\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
200,550.28	2,510.41	107,395.49	310,456.18	11,429,101.13
61,130.12	1,831.65	51,764.78	114,726.55	6,013,025.96
43,150.68	255.31	732,490.93	775,896.92	9,080,522.07
23,404.22	724.63	37,667.09	61,795.94	1,826,872.07
17,029.60	510.00	18,984.96	36,524.56	1,779,582.48
7,331.24		18,566.30	25,897.54	12,812.74
352,596.14	5,832.00	966,869.55	1,325,297.69	485,925.43
269,607.02	3,115.86	855,196.51	1,127,919.39	19,330,861.58
6,169.16		19,665.66	25,834.82	484,764.57
378.82		1,066.32	1,445.14	288,583.29
10,090.24	474.20	12,045.49	22,609.93	895,350.99
283.77	29.48	1,570.58	1,883.83	82,321.32
6,665.82	40.40	3,866.33	10,572.55	283,115.98
293.48			293.48	361,499.20
6,307.37	19.88	6,887.14	13,214.39	353,082.15
11,086.77		1,822.05	1,822.05	259,936.42
5,589.70	592.86	9,826.46	20,913.23	817,660.03
4,307.99		10,474.79	16,657.35	908,517.79
1,601.44		4,873.80	9,181.79	349,101.36
22,960.97	376.70	1,245.52	2,846.96	105,452.68
12,241.58	433.28	17,768.51	41,106.18	2,426,286.35
11,986.37	473.00	8,780.03	21,454.89	2,319,319.09
1,643.82		30,021.77	42,481.14	1,894,714.87
371,214.32	5,555.66	18,213.50	19,857.32	94,285.54
	276.34	1,003,324.46	1,380,094.44	31,254,853.21
18,618.18		36,454.91	54,796.75	627,011.33
5,260	134	4,053	9,447	452,557
827	39	728	1,594	73,628
98	2	97	197	12,813
6,185	175	4,878	11,238	538,998



STATEMENT "C"

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Acton.....	1,895	{ 127 5 61 1 3	{ 80 c.p. <i>s</i> 80 c.p. <i>s</i> 100 watt <i>m</i> 150 watt <i>m</i> 300 watt <i>m</i>	{ 9.00 12.00 9.00 12.00 20.00	1,824.00	.96
Agincourt.....		58	100 watt <i>m</i>	13.00	750.04	**
Ailsa Craig....	464	{ 61 1	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 200 watt <i>m</i>	{ 10.00 18.00	620.50	1.34
Alexandria....	2,340	{ 95 41	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 200 watt <i>m</i>	{ 17.00 25.00	2,640.00	1.13
Alliston.....	1,379	{ 102 13	{ 100 c.p. <i>s</i> 100 watt <i>m</i>	{ 18.00 18.00	2,070.00	1.50
Alvinston.....	690	{ 84 6	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 200 watt <i>m</i>	{ 20.00 29.00	1,854.60	2.69
Amherstburg...	3,086	{ 81 9 23 12	{ 100 c.p. <i>s</i> 250 c.p. <i>s</i> 200 watt <i>m</i> 300 watt <i>m</i>	{ 15.00 30.00 20.00 30.00	2,270.22	††
Ancaster Twp.....		{ 32 49	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 150 watt <i>m</i>	{ 12.50 15.00	1,135.00	**
Apple Hill.....		33	100 watt <i>m</i>	17.00	559.75	**
Arkona.....	416	48	100 watt <i>m</i>	20.00	960.00	2.31
Arthur.....	1,037	92	100 watt <i>m</i>	19.00	1,748.00	1.69
Athens.....	582	{ 40 23	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 200 watt <i>m</i>	{ 14.00 30.00	1,250.00	2.15
Aylmer.....	1,989	{ 168 24 1	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 300 watt <i>m</i> Traffic Light	{ 10.00 25.00 40.00	2,320.00	1.17
Ayr.....	768	{ 92 3	{ 100 watt <i>m</i> 500 watt <i>m</i>	{ 10.00 36.00	1,028.00	1.34
Baden.....		65	100 watt <i>m</i>	10.00	650.00	**
Barrie.....	7,455	{ 464 15 41 23	{ 100 c.p. <i>s</i> 100 watt <i>m</i> 200 watt <i>m</i> 300 watt <i>m</i>	{ 9.00 17.00 22.00 25.00	5,961.25	.80
Bath.....	350	21	100 watt <i>m</i>	34.00	714.00	2.04
Beachville.....		47	100 watt <i>m</i>	11.00	517.00	**

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
Beaverton.....	960	{ 9 104 6	100 watt 100 watt 500 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	\$ c. 7.00 10.00 30.00	1,286.52	1.34
Beeton.....	584	{ 65 14	150 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i>	15.00 15.00	1,185.00	2.03
Belle River....	746	63	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	693.00	.93
Belleville.....	14,059	{ 542 22 52 103	100 c.p. 400 c.p. 1,000 c.p. 300 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	9.00 28.00 52.00 33.00	11,655.86	.83
Blenheim.....	1,690	{ 163 3 12	150 c.p. 400 c.p. 600 c.p. Traffic Light	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	12.00 28.00 37.00 16.00	2,500.00	††
Bloomfield....	614	60	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	720.00	1.17
Blyth.....	602	100	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.00	1,300.00	2.16
Bolton.....	593	{ 45 23	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	13.00 23.00	1,113.99	1.83
Bothwell.....	646	{ 66 21	100 watt 300 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	11.00 27.00	1,293.00	2.00
Bowmanville...	3,641	{ 171 4 42	80 c.p. 150 watt 300 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	14.00 27.00 37.00	4,057.17	1.11
Bradford.....	1,009	{ 60 7	80 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i>	19.00 19.00	1,273.00	1.26
Brampton.....	5,413	{ 659 2 13	100 watt 500 watt Fire Alarm	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	8.00 35.00 6.50	5,426.50	1.00
Brantford.....	30,724	{ 149 3,501 10 12 2 2 20	1,500 c.p. 100 watt 150 watt 200 watt 300 watt 500 watt 750 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	45.00 7.50 8.50 11.00 16.00 45.00 46.00	34,414.16	††
Brantford Twp.		369	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	4,250.50	**
Brechin.....	‡	32	100 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00	576.00	**
Bridgeport.....		58	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	580.00	**

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

‡Includes Mara and Thorah Townships.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita	
Brigden		{ 41	60 watt	<i>m</i>	\$ c. 11 00	745 00	**
		21	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14 00		
Brighton	1,413	137	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12 00	1,644 00	1 16
Brockville	9,615	{ 589	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11 00	8,772 50	.91
		15	1-Lt. stds.	<i>m</i>	17 00		
		35	3-Lt. stds.	<i>m</i>	21 00		
		49	5-Lt. stds.	<i>m</i>	24 00		
		6	300 watt	<i>m</i>	24 00		
Brussels	770	{ 80	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12 00	1,284 00	1.67
		18	200 watt	<i>m</i>	18 00		
Burford		67	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11 00	737 04	**
Burgessville		24	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13 0	312 00	**
Caledonia	1,400	{ 158	100 watt	<i>m</i>	8 00	1,546 98	1 10
		20	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9 50		
		8	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13 00		
Campbellville		19	100 watt	<i>m</i>	24 00	456 00	**
Cannington	851	{ 61	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14 00	1,022 00	1 20
		3	300 watt	<i>m</i>	22 00		
		3	500 watt	<i>m</i>	32 00		
Cardinal	1,305	{ 16	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15 00	1,066 00	.81
		41	200 watt	<i>m</i>	21 00		
Carleton Place	4,272	{ 84	60 watt	<i>m</i>	12 00	4,385 00	1 03
		102	200 watt	<i>m</i>	18 00		
		67	300 watt	<i>m</i>	23 00		
Cayuga	705	85	100 watt	<i>m</i>	18 00	1,431 00	2 03
Chatham	16,223	{ 35	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12 00	19,009 95	††
		715	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	13 00		
		32	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	16 00		
		75	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	30 00		
		33	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	31 00		
		136	1,000 c.p.	<i>s</i>	38 00		
2	250 watt	<i>m</i>	24 00				
Chatsworth	272	41	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12 00	492 00	1 81
Chesley	1,789	114	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	14 00	1,596 00	.89
Chesterville	950	86	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12 00	1,032 00	1 09
Chippawa	1,073	93	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12 00	1,096 00	1 02
Clifford	454	62	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14 00	862 17	1 90
Clinton	1,842	{ 149	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11 00	1,987 02	1 08
		22	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11 00		
		1	500 watt	<i>m</i>	55 00		

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita	
					\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
Cobourg.....	5,619	{ 387	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	5,584.04	.99	
			250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	23.00			
			500 watt	<i>m</i>	47.50			
Colborne.....	977	117	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	1,287.00	††	
Coldwater.....	626	{ 6	60 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00	571.00	.91	
			47	100 watt	<i>m</i>			11.00
Collingwood....	5,788	422	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	8.00	3,013.33	.52	
Comber.....		26	100 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00	512.00	**	
Cookstown.....		56	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	18.00	1,008.00	**	
Cottam.....		31	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	457.50	**	
Courtright.....	348	43	100 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00	774.00	2.22	
Creemore.....	587	59	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	673.63	1.15	
Dashwood.....		41	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	451.00	**	
Delaware.....		22	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	264.00	**	
Deseronto.....	1,418	128	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	14.00	1,791.96	1.26	
Dorchester.....		59	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	590.00	**	
Drayton.....	559	75	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	750.00	1.34	
Dresden.....	1,488	{ 130	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	13.00	1,758.36	1.18	
			15	50 watt	<i>m</i>			4.56
Drumbo.....		{ 39	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.00	522.50	**	
			1	250 watt	<i>m</i>			31.00
Dublin.....		50	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	750.00	**	
Dundalk.....	647	82	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14.00	1,220.00	1.89	
Dundas.....	5,138	{ 285	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	5,388.00	1.05	
			16	200 watt	<i>m</i>			16.00
			27	300 watt	<i>m</i>			37.00
Dunnville.....	3,615	{ 247	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11.00	3,941.88	1.09	
			27	1,000 c.p.	<i>s</i>			45.00
Durham.....	1,800	{ 105	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	17.00	1,935.00	1.08	
			6	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>			25.00
Dutton.....	761	111	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00	999.37	1.31	
East Windsor..	14,333	{ 338	100 watt	<i>m</i>	8.00	8,419.92	††	
			194	200 watt	<i>m</i>			14.00

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

‡‡11 months' operation.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
East York Twp.		{ 1 942 4 268 15	{ 60 watt 100 watt 200 watt 300 watt 50 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 7 80 13 00 19 50 26 00 29 00	19,637 45	**
Elmira	2,642	{ 190 8 1	{ 100 watt 200 watt 500 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 9 00 12 00 28 60	1,834 00	.69
Elmvale		50	100 watt	<i>m</i> 13 00	662 31	**
Elmwood		23	150 watt	<i>m</i> 23 00	529 00	**
Elora	1,144	{ 81 27	{ 100 watt 200 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 14 00 20 00	1,674 00	1 46
Embroy	455	56	100 watt	<i>m</i> 12 00	672 00	1 48
Erieau	264	20	100 watt	<i>m</i> 18 00	360 00	1 36
Essex	1,888	{ 121 29 4 61 1	{ 60 watt 100 watt 200 watt 300 watt 500 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 11 00 11 00 22 00 24 00 30 00	3,134 99	1 66
Etobicoke Twp.		{ 965 22	{ 100 watt 100 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 13 50 18 00	13,415 13	**
Exeter	1,622	{ 167 23	{ 100 watt 200 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 9 50 18 00	1,998 94	1 23
Fergus	2,559	{ 140 37	{ 100 watt 150 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 14 00 16 50	2,915 04	1 14
Finch	383	38	100 watt	<i>m</i> 15 00	502 50	1 31
Flesherton	491	{ 2 53 1	{ 60 watt 100 watt 300 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 6 00 11 00 26 00	621 00	1 26
Fonthill	862	71	100 watt	<i>m</i> 15 00	1,065 00	1 24
Forest	1,465	{ 131 123	{ 60 watt 100 watt Station Platform	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> 7 00 11 00 51 00	2,321 00	1 58
Fort William ...	25,188	{ 572 2 13 73 266	{ 100 c.p. 250 c.p. 300 c.p. 600 c.p. 1,000 c.p.	{ <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> 8 00 18 00 23 00 28 00 38 00	17,029 60	.68

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Galt.....	14,036	972	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	9 00	21,384 00	1.52
		158	100 watt <i>m</i>	12.00		
		51	200 watt <i>m</i>	20 00		
		146	300 watt <i>m</i>	35.00		
		6	500 watt <i>m</i>	26 00		
Georgetown....	2,187	174	100 watt <i>m</i>	11 00	2,125.83	*
		16	100 watt <i>m</i>	13 00		
		1	300 watt <i>m</i>	19.00		
Glencoe.....	800	111	100 watt <i>m</i>	14 00	1,934.00	2.42
		19	200 watt <i>m</i>	20 00		
Goderich.....	4,366	325	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	9 00	3,791.50	.87
		8	100 watt <i>m</i>	15.00		
		8	200 watt <i>m</i>	25 00		
		16	3-Lt. stds. <i>m</i>	35 00		
Grand Valley..	587	52	100 watt <i>m</i>	18.00	936.00	1.59
Granton.....		37	100 watt <i>m</i>	10 00	370.00	**
Gravenhurst ..	1,830	135	80 c.p. <i>s</i>	10 00	2,096.24	1.15
		7	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	11 00		
		30	100 watt <i>m</i>	10 00		
		16	300 watt <i>m</i>	35.00		
Guelph.....	20,754	12	50 watt <i>m</i>	4 00	18,499.79	.89
		6	60 watt <i>m</i>	4 00		
		1,351	100 watt <i>m</i>	10 00		
		173	200 watt <i>m</i>	12.50		
		34	300 watt <i>m</i>	18 75		
		9	500 watt <i>m</i>	25.00		
		53	500 watt, 220v <i>m</i>	34 00		
1	Airport Beacon <i>m</i>	60 00				
Hagersville..	1,370	116	100 watt <i>m</i>	12 00	1,732.00	1.26
		17	300 watt <i>m</i>	20.00		
Hamilton...	154,701	10	40 watt <i>m</i>	4 50	123,449.34	.80
		96	50 watt <i>m</i>	6 00		
		8,270	100 watt <i>m</i>	7 50		
		7	100 watt <i>m</i>	12 00		
		1,166	200 watt <i>m</i>	11 00		
		8	300 watt <i>m</i>	18.00		
		28	300 watt <i>m</i>	26 00		
		94	300 watt <i>m</i>	32 00		
		5	300 watt <i>m</i>	34 00		
		480	500 watt <i>m</i>	32.00		
		596	500 watt <i>m</i>	37.00		
		65	750 watt <i>m</i>	55 00		
3	Danger Sig. Stds.	28 00				
2	Danger Sig. Stds.	70 00				

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

*Includes Glen Williams.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita	
Hanover	3,036	{	91	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	\$ c. 27.00	3,488.16	1.15
			16	200 c.p.	<i>s</i>	32.00		
			5	100 watt	<i>m</i>	27.00		
			12	200 watt	<i>m</i>	32.00		
Harriston	1,293	{	82	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	1,467.00	1.13
			4	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
			29	200 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00		
Harrow	926	{	1	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	1,249.44	1.35
			75	200 watt	<i>m</i>	16.50		
Hastings	707	{	59	100 watt	<i>m</i>	24.00	1,550.92	2.19
			2	100 watt	<i>m</i>	30.00		
			2	100 watt	<i>m</i>	39.00		
Havelock	1,096	{	63	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	16.00	1,508.00	1.33
			20	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00		
Hensall	719		83	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	996.00	1.39
Hespeler	2,784	{	91	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11.00	2,965.00	1.07
			34	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	16.00		
			15	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	30.00		
			51	150 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
			10	300 watt	<i>m</i>	21.50		
Highgate	338	{	45	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	568.00	1.63
			6	200 watt	<i>m</i>	17.00		
Holstein			14	100 watt	<i>m</i>	35.00	490.00	**
Humberstone	2,265	{	104	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	1,367.00	60
			7	200 watt	<i>m</i>	17.00		
Huntsville	2,507	{	47	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	14.00	2,675.00	1.07
			25	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	18.00		
			28	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	22.00		
			68	75 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
			118	60-75 watt	<i>m</i>	42.00		
Ingersoll	5,296	{	13	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	5.50	4,851.48	††
			310	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11.00		
			2	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	28.00		
			2	1,000 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00		
			26	1,000 c.p.	<i>s</i>	35.00		
Jarvis	504	{	11	300 watt	<i>m</i>	30.00	840.00	1.67
			70	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
 ††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
					\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Kemptville	1,227	{ 90 1	100 watt 250 w. Fl. light	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	20.00 30.00	1,830.00	1.49
Kincardine	2,429	{ 151 56 1	150 c.p. 100 watt 1,000 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	20.00 15.00 85.00	4,022.50	1.66
Kingston	23,260	{ 93 289 243	100 c.p. 600 c.p. 600 c.p.	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i>	15.00 40.00 52.00	25,486.08	1.10
Kingsville	2,286	{ 113 25 122	150 c.p. 250 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	12.00 16.00 12.00	3,220.00	††
Kirkfield		23	100 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00	460.00	**
Kitchener	31,443	{ 47 2,031 90 18 200 436 40 109	16 c.p. 80 c.p. 250 c.p. 1,000 c.p. 100 watt 200 watt 300 watt 500 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	7.00 9.00 13.00 25.00 9.00 15.00 17.50 25.00	32,415.74	††
Lakefield	1,303	108	100 watt	<i>m</i>	17.00	1,836.00	1.41
Lambeth		{ 36 1	100 watt 300 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	12.00 27.00	459.00	**
Lanark	636	37	100 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00	592.00	.93
Lancaster	601	41	100 watt	<i>m</i>	36.50	1,496.50	2.49
La Salle	600	66	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	577.50	.96
Leamington	5,025	{ 21 100 4 192	250 c.p. 400 c.p. 600 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	16.00 20.00 26.00 15.00	5,456.34	††
Lindsay	7,109	{ 414 25	100 c.p. 1,000 c.p.	<i>s</i> <i>s</i>	15.00 70.00	8,172.90	1.15
Listowel	2,665	{ 162 118 8 26 3	60 watt 100 watt 200 watt 300 watt 500 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	9.00 11.00 25.00 30.00 35.00	3,839.10	1.44

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita	
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
London	73,173	8	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	10.00	54,028.74	††
		1,920	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11.00		
		103	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	18.00		
		301	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	24.00		
		32	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	28.00		
		273	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	30.00		
		2	50 watt	<i>m</i>	2.50		
		75	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
		12	200 watt	<i>m</i>	9.34		
		47	200 watt	<i>m</i>	14.00		
		43	200 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00		
		488	300 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00		
		36	300 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00		
11	500 watt	<i>m</i>	25.00				
68	500 watt	<i>m</i>	40.00				
London Twp.		68	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	832.50	**
		1	200 watt	<i>m</i>	16.50		
Long Branch	3,541	36	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.50	3,413.27	.96
		232	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.00		
Lucan	590	71	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14.00	992.70	1.68
Lucknow	1,082	73	100 watt	<i>m</i>	21.00	1,522.50	1.41
Lynden		43	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	431.80	**
Madoc	1,059	342	75 watt	<i>m</i>	5.00	1,524.00	1.44
		7	150 watt	<i>m</i>	6.00		
		1	300 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
Markdale	774	90	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	10.00	900.00	1.16
Markham	1,073	113	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	1,356.00	1.26
Marmora	924	44	75 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	1,448.00	1.58
		24	100 watt	<i>m</i>	17.00		
		19	150 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00		
Martintown		15	100 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00	300.00	**
Maxville	785	65	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	22.00	1,430.04	1.82
Meaford	2,707	180	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	3,219.19	1.19
		28	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
		35	200 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00		
Merlin		43	100 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00	688.00	**
Merritton	2,544	303	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00	3,352.00	1.32
		25	300 watt	<i>m</i>	25.00		
Midland	6,808	326	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	10.00	6,175.84	.91
		52	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
		30	300 watt	<i>m</i>	22.00		
		36	500 watt	<i>m</i>	40.00		

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
Mildmay.....	694	{ 42 11	100 watt 150 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	\$ c. 15.00 21.50	659.56	\$.95
Milton.....	1,828	{ 204 3	100 watt 300 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	9.50 30.00	2,019.50	1.10
Milverton.....	1,004	{ 95 12	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	9.00 12.00	999.00	1.00
Mimico.....	6,454	{ 330 91 47	100 watt 200 watt 300 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	14.00 21.50 28.00	8,021.89	1.24
Mitchell.....	1,571	232	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	9.00	2,088.00	1.33
Moorefield.....		25	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	375.00	**
Mount Brydges.....		50	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	500.00	**
Mount Forest..	1,821	{ 117 14 35	150 c.p. 250 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	12.00 14.00 12.00	2,370.00	1.30
Napanee.....	3,014	{ 142 26 40 1	80 c.p. 250 c.p. 300 watt 1,000 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	16.00 37.00 32.00 63.00	4,473.94	1.43
Neustadt.....	465	39	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00	975.00	2.10
Newbury.....	267	48	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	720.00	2.70
New Hamburg..	1,426	{ 163 61	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	9.00 12.00	2,258.75	1.58
New Toronto..	7,280	{ 221 17 15 28 14 131 3	75 watt 150 watt 200 watt 300 watt 300 watt 500 watt Intersection lights	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	15.00 18.00 19.00 22.00 27.00 30.00 28.00	8,913.96	1.22
Niagara Falls..	18,507	{ 805 2 234 197 4	100 c.p. 250 c.p. 600 c.p. 1,000 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	11.00 13.00 40.00 45.00 11.00	28,392.66	1.53
Niagara-on-the-Lake.....	1,672	{ 219 25	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	11.00 18.00	2,833.31	1.66
Nipigon.....		34	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	510.00	**

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita		
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.		
North York Twp.....		{	81	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	3,675.61	**
			20	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.00		
			32	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.50		
			12	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00		
			10	100 watt	<i>m</i>	16.50		
			65	200 watt	<i>m</i>	23.00		
			1	400 w. Fl. light	<i>m</i>	31.00		
			2	1,000 w. Fl light	<i>m</i>	65.00		
			1	Safety Lamp		8.00		
1	Safety Lamp		30.00					
1	Police Sign		12.00					
Norwich.....	1,126	{	114	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	2,120.00	1.97
			28	400 watt	<i>m</i>	35.00		
Norwood.....	727	{	78	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	18.00	1,578.00	2.17
			6	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	20.00		
			1	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	27.00		
Oil Springs....	433	{	40	100 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00	750.00	1.73
			1	300 watt	<i>m</i>	60.00		
Omemece.....	498	{	46	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	14.00	924.00	1.86
			2	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.50		
			10	250 watt	<i>m</i>	28.00		
Orangeville....	2,785	{	48	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	20.00	3,760.20	1.35
			99	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	15.00		
			38	300 watt	<i>m</i>	35.00		
Oshawa.....	23,002	{	834	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	10.00	10,573.28	.46
			1	1,000 c.p.	<i>s</i>	27.00		
			40	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00		
			109	150 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
			30	200 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00		
Ottawa.....	130,672	{	618	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	6.00	72,933.23	.56
			389	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	7.00		
			789	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00		
			813	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	35.00		
			59	Arc Lights	<i>m</i>	45.00		
			2,940	100 watt	<i>m</i>	48c. per ft.)		
Otterville.....		{	54	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	780.51	**
			12	200 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00		
Owen Sound....	12,803	{	433	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11.00	11,181.23	.87
			339	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	14.00		
			12	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	21.00		
			39	500 c.p.	<i>s</i>	35.00		
Paisley.....	732	{	88	100 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00	1,408.00	1.92

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita	
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
Palmerston	1,617	95	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	9.00	1,738.98	1.08
		7	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	10.00		
		4	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00		
		1	40 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00		
		10	60 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00		
		2	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
		14	150 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
		2	250 watt	<i>m</i>	25.00		
		15	300 watt	<i>m</i>	25.00		
		1	500 watt	<i>m</i>	35.00		
Paris	4,330	466	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	9.00	5,838.90	1.35
		10	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	32.00		
		25	500 c.p.	<i>s</i>	40.00		
		2	60 watt	<i>m</i>	7.00		
		2	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00		
		6	500 watt	<i>m</i>	35.00		
		2	500 watt	<i>m</i>	40.00		
Parkhill	998	78	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14.00	1,437.00	1.44
		15	200 watt	<i>m</i>	23.00		
Penetanguishene	4,046	184	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	2,149.00	.53
		3	200 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00		
		4	300 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00		
Perth	3,994	70	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	15.00	2,066.00	.52
		12	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00		
		7	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	28.00		
		13	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	40.00		
Peterborough	22,809	115	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	43.00	19,518.00	.86
		215	60 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00		
		362	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
		501	300 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00		
Petrolia	2,569	145	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	2,652.00	1.03
		24	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	38.00		
Picton	3,217	222	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	4,364.04	1.36
		85	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	20.00		
Plattsville		34	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.00	442.00	**
Point Edward	1,211	99	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	13.00	1,553.66	1.28
		15	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	20.00		
Port Arthur	19,749	2,709	100 watt	<i>m</i>	5.00	18,984.96	.96
		232	300 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00		
		208	500 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00		
Port Colborne	6,006	15	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	23.00	7,825.80	††
		78	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00		
		127	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
		34	100 watt	<i>m</i>	14.00		
		232	200 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00		

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
Port Credit....	1,650	271	100 watt	<i>m</i>	\$ 10.00	\$ 2,710.00	\$ 1.64
Port Dalhousie.	1,331	{ 128 2	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	12.50 15.00	1,630.00	1.22
Port Dover....	1,680	{ 178 19	100 watt 300 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	12.00 20.00	2,964.17	1.76
Port Elgin.....	1,230	{ 117 26	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	14.00 22.00	2,103.79	1.71
Port Hope.....	4,626	385	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	4,615.00	1.00
Port McNicoll..	928	{ 47 17	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	12.50 20.00	927.50	1.00
Port Perry.....	1,130	100	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	1,500.00	....
Port Rowan...	674	53	100 watt	<i>m</i>	24.00	1,242.00	1.84
Port Stanley...	723	182	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	2,003.16	2.77
Prescott.....	2,952	{ 169 105	100 watt 100 w. 2-Lt.Std.	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	10.00 17.00	3,475.00	1.18
Preston.....	6,138	{ 345 9 40 6	150 c.p. 250 watt 500 watt 5-Lt. Stds.	<i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	10.00 18.00 30.00 30.00	4,986.96	.81
Priceville.....		14	100 watt	<i>m</i>	40.00	560.00	**
Princeton.....		37	100 watt	<i>m</i>	13.00	481.00	**
Queenston.....		36	100 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00	456.10	**
Richmond.....	381	25	100 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00	500.00	1.31
Richmond Hill.	1,270	{ 99 17 6	75 watt 100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	11.00 12.00 16.00	1,389.00	1.09
Ridgetown.....	1,942	{ 186 1 73 2 19	150 c.p. 1,000 c.p. 100 watt 200 watt 500 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	9.00 40.00 9.00 30.00 36.00	3,115.00	††
Ripley.....	451	{ 43 6	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	24.00 39.00	1,266.00	2.81
Riverside.....	5,125	{ 95 24	100 watt 150 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	11.00 14.50	2,919.72	††
Rockwood.....		85	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00	765.00	**

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
					\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Rodney	757	{ 78	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	1,032.02	1.36
		{ 14	200 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00		
Rosseau	251	35	100 watt	<i>m</i>	35.42	1,240.00	4.94
Russell		46	100 watt	<i>m</i>	16.00	736.00	**
St. Catharines	26,192	2,695	100 watt	<i>m</i>	7.50	20,524.24	††
St. George		39	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.50	370.50	**
St. Jacobs		46	100 watt	<i>m</i>	10.00	460.00	**
St. Marys	4,016	{ 224	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	9.00	4,096.75	1.02
		{ 105	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	14.00		
		{ 20	150 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00		
		{ 32	300 watt	<i>m</i>	14.00		
St. Thomas	16,275	{ 1,065	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	9.00	14,604.46	††
		{ 28	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	13.00		
		{ 1	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	32.00		
		{ 114	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	34.00		
		{ 6	60 watt	<i>m</i>	4.50		
		{ 22	300 watt	<i>m</i>	22.00		
*Sandwich	11,017	{ 272	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	9,874.46	††
		{ 303	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	13.00		
		{ 71	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	26.00		
		{ 31	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	28.00		
		{ 10	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
		{ 33	200 watt	<i>m</i>	21.00		
Sarnia	17,801	{ 1,024	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	18,456.98	††
		{ 56	250 c.p.	<i>s</i>	16.50		
		{ 65	400 c.p.	<i>s</i>	22.00		
		{ 79	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	35.00		
		{ 13	600 c.p.	<i>s</i>	45.00		
		{ 3	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
		{ 8	150 watt	<i>m</i>	16.50		
		{ 14	300 watt	<i>m</i>	32.00		
		{ 10	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	9.00		
Scarboro Twp.		{ 216	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	12.00	14,911.65	**
		{ 2	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	17.00		
		{ 19	40 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
		{ 2	60 watt	<i>m</i>	18.00		
		{ 25	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00		
		{ 409	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00		
		{ 7	200 watt	<i>m</i>	17.00		
		{ 10	200 watt	<i>m</i>	21.00		
		{ 154	300 watt	<i>m</i>	14.50		
		{ 153	300 watt	<i>m</i>	24.00		
Seaforth	1,692	{ 65	80 c.p.	<i>s</i>	10.00	1,788.00	1.06
		{ 58	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	11.00		
		{ 20	300 watt	<i>m</i>	25.00		

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system.*m* Multiple system.

††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

*11 months' operation.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
Shelburne.....	1,064	96	100 watt <i>m</i>	\$ c. 10 00	\$ c. 960 00	\$ c. .90
Simcoe.....	5,397	272 27 7 8 6 2 1	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	11 00	4,527 48	††
			1,000 c.p. <i>s</i>	40 00		
			150 watt <i>m</i>	11 00		
			200 watt <i>m</i>	15 00		
			200 watt <i>m</i>	24 00		
			500 watt <i>m</i>	53 00		
Smiths Falls...	7,501	18 105 1 254	1,000 watt <i>m</i>	60 00	8,342 30	1.11
			100 watt <i>m</i>	18 00		
			200 watt <i>m</i>	25 00		
			300 watt <i>m</i>	25 00		
Southampton...	1,520	39 104 30	60 watt, Beach Lamps <i>m</i>	12 00	2,106.92	1.39
			100 watt <i>m</i>	13 00		
			250 watt <i>m</i>	21 00		
			Decorative Lights	36 00		
Springfield.....	379	50	100 watt <i>m</i>	11 00	550 00	1 45
Stamford Twp.....		848	100 watt <i>m</i>	9 50	7,914 64	**
Stayner.....	1,042	75 18	150 c.p. <i>s</i>	12 00	1,224 00	1.17
			200 watt <i>m</i>	18 00		
Stirling.....	865	120	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	12 00	1,433.00	1.66
Stouffville.....	1,105	124	100 watt <i>m</i>	14 00	1,764 00	1.60
Stratford.....	18,869	861 74 116 6 62 4 4	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	10 00	16,539 00	.88
			600 c.p. <i>s</i>	25 00		
			600 c.p. <i>s</i>	30 00		
			600 c.p. <i>s</i>	35 00		
			1,000 c.p. <i>s</i>	34 00		
			100 watt <i>m</i>	10 00		
			500 watt <i>m</i>	34 00		
Strathroy.....	2,879	298 21 34	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	9 00	4,075 71	1.42
			250 c.p. <i>s</i>	15 00		
			300 watt <i>m</i>	31 00		
Sunderland.....		29 4	100 watt <i>m</i>	20 00	706.67	**
			500 watt <i>m</i>	35 00		
Sutton.....	809	117 15 16	100 watt <i>m</i>	13 00	1,861 00	2.30
			200 watt <i>m</i>	17 00		
			100 w. strings <i>m</i>	13 00		
Tara.....	491	70	100 watt <i>m</i>	18 00	1,260 00	2.57
Tavistock.....	1,042	78 36	100 watt <i>m</i>	10 00	1,212 00	1.16
			200 watt <i>m</i>	12 00		

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
Tecumseh.....	2,546	{ 8 60	400 c.p. 100 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i>	\$ c. 21.00 12.00	960.00	††
Teeswater.....	805	{ 38 20	150 c.p. 400 c.p.	<i>s</i> <i>s</i>	19.00 34.00	1,402.00	1.74
Thamesford.....		47	100 watt	<i>m</i>	11.00	517.00	**
Thamesville....	754	{ 67 33 7	100 watt 200 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	9.00 14.00 18.00	1,191.00	1.57
Theford.....	577	69	100 watt	<i>m</i>	15.00	1,035.00	1.79
Thorndale.....		32	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	384.00	**
Thornton.....		22	100 watt	<i>m</i>	40.00	880.00	**
Thorold.....	5,068	{ 382 40 28 2	75 watt 100 watt 200 watt 300 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	7.50 8.00 12.00 15.00	3,551.00	.70
Tilbury.....	1,996	{ 100 25	100 watt 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i>	11.00 19.50	1,580.22	.79
Tillsonburg....	3,351	{ 264 1 8 44	100 c.p. 250 c.p. 300 watt 500 watt	<i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	8.50 13.00 32.00 42.00	4,336.51	1.29
Toronto.....	626,674	{ 46,327 3,090 67 1,408 153 5 364 391 68 75	100 watt 200 watt 250 watt 300 watt 500 watt 1,000 watt 100 w. 5-lt. stds. 300 w. 1-lt. stds. 500 w. 1-lt. stds. 500 w. 1-lt. stds.	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	8.00-10.00 18.00-23.00 20.00 28.00-30.00 45.00 90.00 47.50 50.00 47.50 52.50	531,411.66	.85
Toronto Twp.....		{ 411 1	100 watt Intersection Lt.	<i>m</i>	12.00 43.00	4,975.20	**
Tottenham.....	546	49	150 c.p.	<i>s</i>	25.00	1,225.08	2.24
Trenton.....	6,331	{ 49 309 1	600 c.p. 100 watt 500 watt	<i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	75.00 14.00 75.00	8,076.00	1.28
Tweed.....	1,247	125	100 c.p.	<i>s</i>	15.00	1,886.25	1.51
Uxbridge.....	1,506	{ 129 5 1	100 watt 100 w. Pk. Lts. 200 watt	<i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	13.00 10.00 16.00	1,743.00	1.16

*Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Continued

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps		Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
Victoria Harbor	1,171	78	100 watt	<i>m</i>	\$ 9.00	\$ 702.00	\$.60
Walkerton.....	2,340	{ 1 114 38	{ 75 c.p. 150 c.p. 300 c.p.	{ <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>s</i>	{ 6.00 12.50 24.50	2,369.55	1.01
Walkerville....	10,681	{ 33 138 332 63 110	{ 600 c.p. 100 watt 150 watt 200 watt 300 watt	{ <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 45.00 8.00 11.00 13.00 18.00	11,739.96	††
Wallaceburg...	4,343	{ 186 12 50	{ 150 c.p. 400 c.p. 300 watt	{ <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i>	{ 12.00 22.00 33.00	4,167.00	.96
Wardsville.....	214	35	75 watt	<i>m</i>	20.00	700.00	3.27
Warkworth.....		{ 34 2	{ 100 watt 200 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 18.00 30.00	643.75	**
Waterdown.....	924	{ 74 5	{ 100 watt 200 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 11.00 17.50	901.50	.97
Waterford.....	1,168	{ 157 9 3	{ 100 watt 200 watt 500 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 8.00 20.00 35.00	1,608.00	1.38
Waterloo.....	8,563	{ 339 120 91 5 18 3 9 10 44	{ 80 c.p. 100 c.p. 150 watt 200 watt 300 watt 500 watt 500 watt 3-Lt. Stds. 5-Lt. Stds.	{ <i>s</i> <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 8.00 10.00 10.00 12.00 21.00 30.00 35.00 25.00 36.00	7,499.04	.88
Watford.....	956	{ 90 11	{ 100 watt 200 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 12.50 20.00	1,344.96	1.41
Waubashene.....		45	100 watt	<i>m</i>	9.00	405.00	**
Welland.....	10,668	{ 178 420 30 12 4	{ 400 c.p. 100 watt 200 watt 300 watt 500 watt	{ <i>s</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 30.00 11.00 18.00 30.00 28.00	10,559.01	††
Wellesley.....		60	100 watt	<i>m</i>	12.00	720.00	**
Wellington....	900	{ 46 32	{ 100 c.p. 150 c.p.	{ <i>s</i> <i>s</i>	{ 12.00 19.00	1,160.04	1.29
est Lorne....	814	{ 83 10	{ 100 watt 200 watt	{ <i>m</i> <i>m</i>	{ 10.00 18.00	1,010.00	1.24

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.
††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "C"—Concluded

Street Lighting Installation in Hydro Municipalities, December 31, 1933, showing Rate per Lamp, Cost to Municipality per Annum, and Cost per Capita.

Municipality	Population	Number of lamps	Size and style of lamps	Rate per lamp per annum	Total cost to municipality per annum	Cost per capita
				\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Weston.....	4,736	456	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	7.50	7,610.13	1.61
		2	250 c.p. <i>s</i>	10.00		
		113	600 c.p. <i>s</i>	30.00		
		20	300 watt <i>m</i>	11.00		
		5	5-Lt. Stds. <i>m</i>	21.00		
		2	Electric Signs <i>m</i>	110.00		
Westport.....	733	60	100 watt <i>m</i>	28.00	1,705.00	2.33
Wheatley.....	724	62	100 watt <i>m</i>	12.00	1,355.25	1.87
		37	150 watt <i>m</i>	15.00		
Whitby.....	5,294	126	80 c.p. <i>s</i>	10.00	3,716.43	.70
		66	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	11.00		
		163	100 watt <i>m</i>	8.50		
		3	500 watt <i>m</i>	12.50		
Warton.....	1,911	100	100 watt <i>m</i>	16.00	2,300.00	1.20
		25	200 watt <i>m</i>	28.00		
Williamsburg.....		16	100 watt <i>m</i>	12.00	192.00	**
Winchester.....	963	118	100 watt <i>m</i>	9.00	1,062.00	1.10
Windermere.....	135	13	100 watt <i>m</i>	35.00	455.00	3.37
Windsor.....	65,565	2,902	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	11.50	76,109.88	††
		11	250 c.p. <i>s</i>	17.50		
		976	400 c.p. <i>s</i>	27.50		
		703	600 c.p. <i>s</i>	36.00		
		66	1,000 c.p. <i>s</i>	46.00		
Wingham.....	1,842	101	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	19.00	3,423.00	1.86
		25	200 c.p. <i>s</i>	32.00		
		22	200 watt <i>m</i>	32.00		
Woodbridge.....	744	90	100 watt <i>m</i>	10.00	900.00	1.21
Woodstock.....	10,956	536	100 c.p. <i>s</i>	8.00	8,013.40	.73
		13	250 c.p. <i>s</i>	20.00		
		90	75 watt <i>m</i>	8.00		
		25	150 watt <i>m</i>	12.00		
		75	300 watt <i>m</i>	32.00		
		1	250 w. Floodlight	12.00		
Woodville.....	414	36	100 watt <i>m</i>	12.00	532.00	1.28
		5	200 watt <i>m</i>	20.00		
Wyoming.....	482	51	100 watt <i>m</i>	15.00	765.00	1.59
Zurich.....		63	100 watt <i>m</i>	11.00	693.00	**

**Population not shown in Government statistics. *s* Series system. *m* Multiple system.

††Part cost paid direct in the form of debenture charges.

STATEMENT "D"

(pages 406 to 423)

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electrical Energy to Consumers
by Individual Ontario Municipalities Served by the
Hydro-Electric Power Commission
for the year 1933

STATEMENT "E"

(pages 424 to 439)

Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for Domestic
Service — Commercial Light Service — Power Service in
Ontario Urban Municipalities Served by the
Hydro-Electric Power Commission
for the year 1933

STATEMENT "D"

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electrical Energy to Consumers in Ontario Municipalities Served by The Hydro-Electric Power Commission

The following tabulation of various statistical data relating to the supply of electrical energy to consumers by individual municipalities receiving power at cost from the Commission sets forth, regarding the results of operation from the standpoint of the consumers, much useful and interesting information.

The policy and practice of the Commission has been, and is, to make as widespread and beneficial a distribution of electrical energy as possible, and to extend to every community that can economically be reached by transmission lines, the benefit of electrical service. Even where, in certain localities, by reason of the distance from a source of supply or of the smallness of the quantity of power required by the municipality, the cost per horsepower to the municipality—and, consequently, the cost of service to the consumer—must unavoidably be higher than in more favourably situated communities, service has not been withheld when the consumers were able and willing to pay the cost.

The accompanying diagram summarizes graphically certain data of Statement "D," respecting the average cost to the consumer. It will be observed that the total amount of the energy sold in municipalities where circumstances necessitate rates which result in the higher average costs to the consumer is relatively insignificant. With respect to power service, it should be noted that the statistics of Statement "D," and of the diagram, cover mainly retail power service supplied to the smaller industrial consumers. The average amount of power taken by the industrial consumers served by the municipalities is about 40 horsepower. The Commission serves certain large power consumers direct on behalf of the various systems of municipalities.

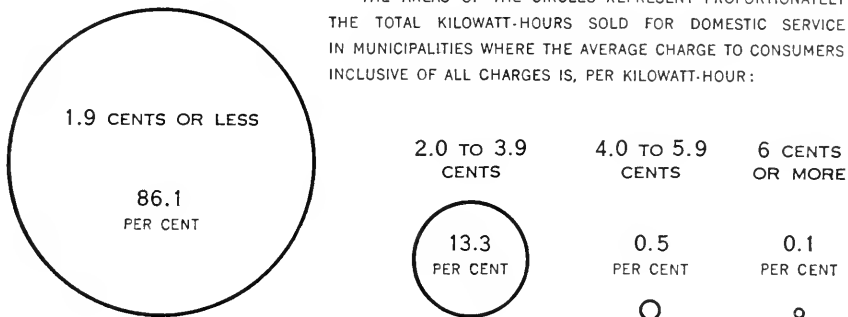
It should be kept in mind that the revenues reported in Statement "D," and used for purposes of calculating the net unit costs to the consumer, are the total revenues contributed by the consumers, and included, in addition to the cost of power, sums specifically applicable to the retirement of capital, and also operating surplus which is in part applied to retirement of capital or extension of plant and is in part returned in cash to the consumers.

It should specially be noted that average costs per kilowatt-hour or per horsepower if employed indiscriminately as a criterion by means of which to compare the rates or prices for electrical service in various municipalities, will give very misleading results. The average costs per kilowatt-hour, as given in Statement "D" for respective classes of service in each municipality, are simply statistical results obtained by dividing the respective revenues by the aggregate kilowatt-hours sold. As such, the data reflect the combined influence of a number of factors, of which the rates or prices to consumers are but one factor. Owing to the varying influence of factors other than the rates, it is seldom found that in any two municipalities the average cost per kilowatt-hour to the consumers, even of the same classification, is in proportion to the respective rates for service. Instances even occur where for a class of consumers in one municipality, the average costs per kilowatt-hour are substantially lower than for the same class in another municipality, even though the rates are higher.

**COST OF ELECTRICAL SERVICE
IN MUNICIPALITIES SERVED BY THE
HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION OF ONTARIO**

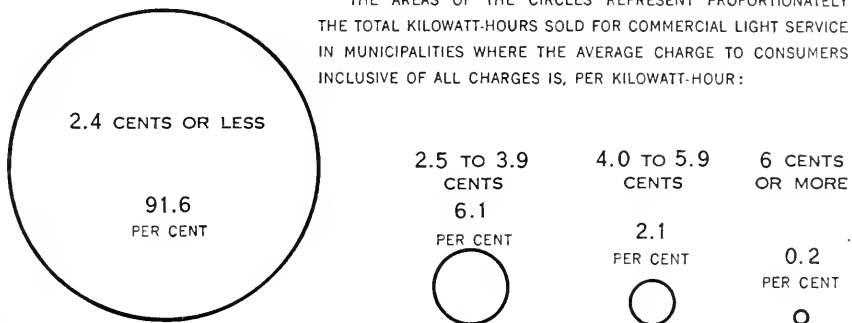
DOMESTIC SERVICE

THE AREAS OF THE CIRCLES REPRESENT PROPORTIONATELY THE TOTAL KILOWATT-HOURS SOLD FOR DOMESTIC SERVICE IN MUNICIPALITIES WHERE THE AVERAGE CHARGE TO CONSUMERS INCLUSIVE OF ALL CHARGES IS, PER KILOWATT-HOUR:



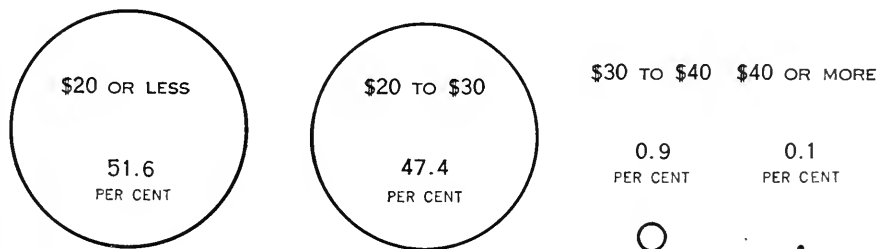
COMMERCIAL LIGHT SERVICE

THE AREAS OF THE CIRCLES REPRESENT PROPORTIONATELY THE TOTAL KILOWATT-HOURS SOLD FOR COMMERCIAL LIGHT SERVICE IN MUNICIPALITIES WHERE THE AVERAGE CHARGE TO CONSUMERS INCLUSIVE OF ALL CHARGES IS, PER KILOWATT-HOUR:



POWER SERVICE SUPPLIED BY MUNICIPALITIES

THE AREAS OF THE CIRCLES REPRESENT PROPORTIONATELY THE AGGREGATE HORSEPOWER SOLD FOR POWER SERVICE IN MUNICIPALITIES WHERE THE AVERAGE CHARGE TO CONSUMERS INCLUSIVE OF ALL CHARGES IS, PER HORSEPOWER PER YEAR:



With respect to domestic service, for example, instances will be observed where two municipalities have identical prices or rates for domestic service, but the average cost per kilowatt-hour to the consumer varies by as much as 100 per cent. Such variations are principally due to differences in the extent of utilization of the service for the operation of electric ranges, water heaters and other appliances, an indication of which is afforded by the statistics of average monthly consumption.

In the case of power service, average unit costs are still less reliable as an indication of the relative rates for service in different municipalities. In the case of hydro-electric power supplied to industries at cost, the rate schedules incorporate charges both for demand and for energy consumption, and thus, although the quantity of power taken by a consumer—that is, the demand as measured in horsepower—is the most important factor affecting costs and revenues, it is not the only one. The number of hours the power is used in the month or year—which, in conjunction with the power, determines the energy consumption, as measured in kilowatt-hours—also affects the costs and revenues. Consequently, in two municipalities charging the same rates for power service, the average cost per horsepower to the consumer will vary in accordance with the consumers' average number of hours' use of the power per month. A greater average energy consumption per horsepower increases the average cost per horsepower and decreases the average cost per kilowatt-hour, to the consumer, and *vice versa*.*

*In view of the fact that the data of Statement "D" have been misinterpreted in the making of certain comparisons as to the cost of electricity in various territories, it is desirable to add a word of caution respecting their significance. Essentially, the average cost or revenue per kilowatt-hour is *not a criterion of rates* even with similar forms of rate schedules and for the same class of service. Particularly is this true when revenues and consumptions of all classes of service, and of all kinds of rate schedules, are indiscriminately lumped together in order to deduce a so-called "average cost or rate per kilowatt-hour" for all services.

In one community rates for each class of service, and the cost to every consumer in each class for any given service and consumption, may be substantially higher than in another community, and yet there may be in the former community, a lower "average revenue per kilowatt-hour." This will readily be perceived from a simple arithmetical example.

EXAMPLE.—Assume sales of electrical energy by two electric utilities, A and B, in each case 10,000,000 kilowatt-hours.

Class of service	CASE A			CASE B		
	Higher rates and lower revenues per kilowatt-hour			Lower rates and higher revenues per kilowatt-hour		
	Energy sales	Rate per kw-hr.	Revenue	Energy sales	Rate per kw-hr.	Revenue
	kw-hr.	cents	\$	kw-hr.	cents	\$
Residence	1,000,000	4	40,000	3,000,000	3	90,000
Power	9,000,000	1	90,000	7,000,000	0.75	52,500
Total	10,000,000	.....	130,000	10,000,000	.....	142,500
Average revenue..	1.3 cents per kw-hr.			1.425 cents per kw-hr.		

It will be observed that in Case A *the rates* both for residence and for power service are 33 per cent *higher* than in Case B, but the *average revenue* per kilowatt-hour is nearly 9 per cent less.

In this instance, the key to the situation lies in the *relative quantities* of energy sold to each class. Service to large power consumers entails a smaller capital investment in distribution lines and equipment and lower operating costs per kilowatt-hour delivered, than does service to domestic and to commercial light consumers, and even where the rates for all classes of service are low, produces a smaller average revenue per kilowatt-hour. Consequently, if one electrical utility as compared with another sells a larger proportion of its energy for power purposes, its "average revenue per kilowatt-hour" may easily be lower than that of the other utility even though its rates for every class of service are substantially higher.

Although the derived statistics of Statement "D" are valueless as a means of comparing the *rates* in one municipality with those in another, they nevertheless fulfil an important function in affording a general measure of the *economy of service* to consumers in the co-operating Ontario municipalities—an economy that has resulted primarily from the low rates themselves, and secondarily from the extensive use of the service that has been made economically possible by the low rates.

Actual bills rendered to typical consumers for similar service under closely comparable circumstances constitute the best basis for effecting comparisons. In researches respecting rates to consumers therefore the actual *rate schedules* of Statement "E" should be employed, and not statistics of average revenues per kilowatt-hour, as these are valueless for rate comparisons—and particularly so when all classifications of service are combined.

In any consideration of the relative economies of electrical service in the various municipalities—whether based on the actual rates for service as set forth in Statement "E," or on the derived statistics resulting from the rates and other factors as presented in Statement "D"—full account should be taken respectively, of the influence upon costs of such factors as the size of the municipality, the distance from the source of power, the features of the power developments from which service is received, the sizes and concentrations of adjacent markets for electricity, and the sizes and characters of the loads supplied under the various classifications by the local electrical utility to the ultimate consumers.

In Statement "D" account has been taken of the sizes of municipalities by grouping them according to whether they are (i) cities—over 10,000 population; (ii) towns of 2,000 to 10,000 population; or (iii) small towns (under 2,000 population), villages, and suburban areas in townships (which are comparable in respect of conditions of supply to the smaller towns and villages). The populations and the approximate transmission distances from the nearest of the generating stations supplying the system, are also given.

A feature of the electrical service in Ontario municipalities served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission is the strikingly large average annual consumption per domestic consumer. There are in all about 204 Ontario municipalities where the average annual consumption per domestic consumer is in excess of 600 kilowatt-hours. Of the 84 cities and towns with populations of 2,000 or more—in which over 85 per cent of the domestic consumers of the undertaking are served—no less than 55 have an average annual consumption per domestic consumer in excess of 1,000 kilowatt-hours; of these, 24 have an average annual consumption per domestic consumer in excess of 1,500 kilowatt-hours, and 12 has an average annual consumption per domestic consumer in excess of 2,000 kilowatt-hours.

The high average consumption for domestic service results essentially from the policy of the undertaking in providing electrical service "at cost"; the rate schedules scientifically designed according to this principle automatically encourage liberal use of the service. Under the standard rate schedules employed by Ontario municipalities, follow-up rates of 1 cent and 1.25 cents (less 10 per cent) are in common use, and as a rule even where the higher initial rates per kilowatt-hour obtain, it is only necessary for the domestic consumer to reach a monthly charge of from \$2.00 to \$3.00 when he obtains the benefit of a follow-up rate of 1.8 cents net. The cost of electric cooking is thus within reach of most of the domestic consumers in Ontario.

STATEMENT

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumers
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service

Group I—CITIES

Municipality	System	Popula- tion	Distance from nearest station supplying system	Domestic service						
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	
			miles	\$	c.	kw-hr.	kw-hr.	\$	c.	cts.
Belleville	E.O.	14,059	13	76,682	94	4,480,695	3,004	124	2.13	1.7
Brantford	Nia.	30,724	79	184,129	33	12,549,426	7,384	142	2.08	1.5
Chatham	Nia.	16,223	193	79,868	02	3,954,467	3,730	88	1.79	2.0
East Windsor	Nia.	14,333	239	74,849	48	3,858,334	2,971	108	2.09	1.9
Fort William	T.B.	25,188	87	200,550	28	26,241,835	5,260	416	3.18	0.8
Galt	Nia.	14,636	92	103,490	42	5,239,609	3,584	122	2.41	2.0
Guelph	Nia.	20,754	75	103,446	51	5,951,356	5,008	99	1.72	1.7
Hamilton	Nia.	154,701	53	896,836	05	62,018,805	36,990	140	2.02	1.4
Kingston	E.O.	23,260	50	108,782	64	6,206,555	5,620	92	1.61	1.7
Kitchener	Nia.	31,443	95	193,447	44	12,000,857	7,117	141	2.26	1.6
London	Nia.	73,173	123	492,592	98	38,451,962	16,367	196	2.50	1.3
Niagara Falls	Nia.	18,507	1	138,423	29	10,682,660	4,329	205	2.66	1.3
Oshawa	E.O.	23,002	75	148,818	93	6,271,340	5,878	89	2.11	2.4
Ottawa	E.O.	130,672	1	421,647	54	46,682,599	12,491	311	2.81	0.9
Owen Sound	G.B.	12,803	32	60,161	55	3,251,412	3,257	83	1.54	1.8
Peterborough	E.O.	22,809	2	117,648	00	6,759,207	5,274	107	1.86	1.7
Port Arthur	T.B.	19,749	73	107,395	49	9,033,064	4,053	186	2.21	1.2
St. Catharines	Nia.	26,192	18	144,062	04	10,889,306	6,361	142	1.88	1.3
St. Thomas	Nia.	16,275	134	107,077	52	7,446,821	3,999	155	2.23	1.4
Sarnia	Nia.	17,801	205	104,443	09	5,272,151	4,546	97	1.91	2.0
Stratford	Nia.	18,869	119	146,586	63	8,598,840	4,293	167	2.85	1.7
Toronto	Nia.	626,674	78	3,716,238	53	257,462,995	155,397	138	1.99	1.4
Toronto D.C. and 60 cycle*				30,882	64	1,024,849	473	181	5.44	3.0
Welland	Nia.	10,668	14	49,514	12	2,854,317	2,271	104	1.81	1.7
Windsor	Nia.	65,565	238	503,381	88	28,919,146	14,605	165	2.87	1.7
Woodstock	Nia.	10,956	94	72,772	34	4,792,730	2,904	137	2.08	1.5

*This,—with the exception of a relatively small D.C. power load,—is a special service not created by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission but acquired through the purchase of a privately owned company. It does not include Street Railway power.

Group II—TOWNS

Municipality	System	Popula- tion	Distance from nearest station supplying system	Domestic service						
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	
			miles	\$	c.	kw-hr.	kw-hr.	\$	c.	cts.
Alexandria	E.O.	2,340	30	7,390	51	142,505	295	40	2.06	5.2
Amherstburg	Nia.	3,086	257	19,006	20	941,411	586	134	2.70	2.0
Barrie	G.B.	7,455	48	52,465	38	2,842,145	2,011	118	2.17	1.8
Bowmanville	E.O.	3,641	66	30,135	04	909,815	1,045	73	2.40	3.3
Brampton	Nia.	5,413	78	36,818	92	2,446,795	1,369	149	2.24	1.5
Brockville	E.O.	9,615	62	45,903	86	2,551,564	2,541	84	1.50	1.8
Carleton Place	E.O.	4,272	47	18,946	89	580,718	938	51	1.68	3.3
Cobourg	E.O.	5,619	36	30,913	56	1,171,334	1,114	80	2.31	2.6
Collingwood	G.B.	5,788	24	26,122	58	1,351,188	1,420	79	1.53	1.9
Dundas	Nia.	5,138	52	20,753	93	1,135,186	1,219	78	1.42	1.8
Dunnville	Nia.	3,615	37	13,505	31	563,521	766	61	1.47	2.4
Elmira	Nia.	2,642	107	15,672	17	739,162	505	122	2.59	2.1

"D"

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933

Population, 10,000 or more

Commercial light service						Power service			Total number of con- sumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	Revenue	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly horse- power	
\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
48,107.35	2,191,975	555	329	7.22	2.2	42,238.63	90	2,233.4	3,640
62,992.72	5,062,304	1,124	375	4.67	1.2	†111,136.76	137	5,719.0	8,645
67,913.97	3,419,066	716	398	7.90	2.0	51,652.55	98	2,590.0	4,544
16,038.88	676,534	266	212	5.02	2.4	30,604.10	33	1,353.7	3,270
61,130.12	3,138,070	827	316	6.16	1.9	66,554.90	98	3,357.7	6,185
41,981.08	1,994,929	484	343	7.23	2.1	76,929.00	118	4,093.0	4,186
49,053.55	3,042,237	760	334	5.38	1.6	107,211.30	130	6,512.6	5,898
346,737.41	26,133,920	5,068	429	5.70	1.4	1,507,849.98	1,265	90,824.0	43,323
72,441.72	3,711,022	878	352	6.88	1.9	98,270.00	143	4,966.9	6,641
98,357.80	5,624,041	956	490	8.57	1.7	218,113.24	239	11,192.5	8,312
188,474.27	12,978,258	2,839	381	5.53	1.5	366,026.51	486	18,603.3	19,692
55,590.67	4,542,713	669	566	6.92	1.2	64,685.93	87	3,761.8	5,085
57,042.47	2,041,158	510	333	9.32	2.8	140,414.56	98	6,652.8	6,486
159,028.96	9,526,539	1,382	574	9.59	1.7	84,466.65	214	5,169.4	14,087
33,647.11	1,764,274	576	255	4.87	1.9	37,592.84	115	2,245.9	3,948
57,718.24	2,877,655	774	310	6.21	2.0	79,842.69	155	4,456.2	6,203
51,764.78	3,397,764	728	389	5.94	1.5	770,158.02	97	40,514.3	4,878
47,684.43	3,231,380	710	379	5.59	1.4	86,508.23	152	5,735.7	7,223
46,670.29	2,982,692	635	391	6.11	1.5	48,533.53	80	2,762.2	4,714
45,760.80	2,425,507	610	331	6.25	1.9	167,781.48	85	5,909.0	5,241
51,772.30	2,224,650	614	302	7.03	2.3	63,630.39	132	2,740.5	5,039
2,728,154.69	116,324,822	24,917	390	9.15	2.3	3,084,475.84	4,224	132,164.0	184,538
145,546.43	3,592,266	1,063	282	11.41	4.0	426,393.54	873	15,350.0	2,409
28,463.15	1,607,464	438	306	5.41	1.7	63,124.79	83	2,999.0	2,792
225,233.06	12,473,442	2,263	459	8.29	1.8	182,012.52	318	8,462.6	17,186
37,336.87	2,268,922	443	426	7.02	1.6	49,203.73	86	3,175.0	3,433

NOTE—The above group of 25 cities utilizes about 80 per cent of the power distributed by the Commission to Ontario municipalities.

†includes only 25-cycle data.

of Population 2,000 or more

\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
4,173.80	87,448	92	79	3.78	4.8	4,809.31	14	151.9	401
6,657.90	296,952	124	200	4.47	2.2	5,375.25	15	203.5	725
29,741.26	1,380,295	407	283	6.09	2.1	16,400.57	45	952.6	2,463
10,239.80	248,162	173	119	4.93	4.1	40,064.74	29	1,379.1	1,247
16,148.10	856,727	232	308	5.80	1.9	17,621.79	54	1,066.0	1,655
25,015.27	1,388,404	438	264	4.76	1.8	36,024.42	67	1,733.4	3,046
9,355.65	289,992	178	136	4.38	3.2	25,734.29	18	1,069.5	1,134
18,424.66	590,218	141	349	10.89	3.1	27,944.22	45	1,342.2	1,300
9,951.70	421,464	269	131	3.08	2.4	18,238.35	53	1,101.9	1,742
10,660.40	560,911	193	242	4.60	1.9	17,171.79	40	1,256.8	1,452
11,480.33	511,583	199	215	4.80	2.2	13,840.45	34	786.8	999
5,681.70	183,793	115	133	4.12	3.1	4,426.95	22	258.7	642

STATEMENT

**Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumers
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service
Group II—TOWNS**

Municipality	System	Popu- lation	Distance from nearest generating station supplying system	Domestic service							
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.		
			miles	\$	c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$	c.	cts.
Fergus	Nia.	2,559	94	15,720	00	580,509	618	78	2	12	2.7
Georgetown	Nia.	2,187	100	14,067	98	735,791	668	92	1	75	1.9
Goderich	Nia.	4,366	167	29,614	29	1,284,287	1,155	93	2	14	2.3
Hanover	G.B.	3,036	35	18,407	63	752,155	726	87	2	11	2.4
Hespeler	Nia.	2,784	90	18,265	53	800,474	700	97	2	17	2.3
Humberstone	Nia.	2,265	22	8,447	65	341,382	500	57	1	42	2.5
Huntsville	G.B.	2,507	26	10,973	86	446,295	556	67	1	64	2.4
Ingersoll	Nia.	5,296	104	31,581	32	1,845,302	1,265	121	2	08	1.7
Kincardine	G.B.	2,429	69	13,824	32	392,806	596	55	1	93	3.5
Kingsville	Nia.	2,286	255	14,073	03	579,214	706	68	1	66	2.4
Leamington	Nia.	5,025	263	25,306	03	1,133,758	1,324	71	1	59	2.2
Lindsay	E.O.	7,109	19	37,863	94	1,531,976	1,830	70	1	72	2.5
Listowel	Nia.	2,665	154	17,878	49	866,949	726	100	2	05	2.0
Long Branch	Nia.	3,541	73	23,463	32	1,213,753	899	117	1	12	1.9
Meaford	G.B.	2,707	23	12,262	19	419,545	638	55	1	60	2.4
Merrittton	Nia.	2,544	16	11,558	62	640,363	700	76	1	38	1.8
Midland	G.B.	6,808	25	35,287	78	2,132,840	1,564	114	1	88	1.6
Mimico	Nia.	6,454	75	54,604	89	3,432,610	1,760	162	2	58	1.6
Napanee	E.O.	3,014	19	26,679	48	1,192,049	770	129	2	89	2.2
New Toronto	Nia.	7,280	76	32,307	33	2,052,693	1,434	119	1	87	1.6
Orangeville	G.B.	2,785	47	14,312	27	624,763	654	80	1	82	2.3
Paris	Nia.	4,330	76	22,861	22	1,375,971	1,060	108	1	80	1.7
Penetanguishene	G.B.	4,046	29	11,560	03	563,514	599	78	1	61	2.1
Perth	E.O.	3,994	21	22,755	27	1,048,103	934	93	2	03	2.2
Petrolia	Nia.	2,569	231	11,576	04	462,824	667	58	1	45	2.5
Pictou	E.O.	3,217	33	21,579	51	1,084,382	997	91	1	80	2.0
Port Colborne	Nia.	6,006	21	27,055	82	1,280,190	1,249	85	1	80	2.1
Port Hope	E.O.	4,626	43	29,372	14	1,021,142	1,238	69	1	98	2.9
Prescott	E.O.	2,952	48	15,796	30	1,022,957	655	136	2	01	1.5
Preston	Nia.	6,138	86	40,489	55	2,186,917	1,552	117	2	17	1.9
Riverside	Nia.	5,125	243	38,813	62	1,844,170	1,081	142	2	99	2.1
St. Marys	Nia.	4,016	133	28,360	01	1,313,400	1,034	106	2	29	2.3
Sandwich	Nia.	11,017	245	88,361	44	5,181,094	2,392	181	3	08	1.7
Simcoe	Nia.	5,397	103	20,283	75	1,038,930	1,144	75	1	47	1.9
Smiths Falls	E.O.	7,501	38	41,684	74	1,751,043	1,640	89	2	12	2.4
Strathroy	Nia.	2,879	150	20,207	78	1,025,736	802	107	2	10	2.0
Tecumseh	Nia.	2,546	246	14,603	68	498,439	506	82	2	40	2.9
Thorold	Nia.	5,068	9	18,732	14	996,014	1,165	71	1	34	1.9
Tilsonburg	Nia.	3,351	116	14,962	86	755,006	887	71	1	41	2.0
Trenton	E.O.	6,331	1	28,302	03	1,083,612	1,251	72	1	89	2.6
Walkerton	G.B.	2,340	1	15,041	12	530,827	535	83	2	34	2.8
Walkerville	Nia.	10,681	239	104,317	38	6,695,624	2,367	235	3	68	1.6
Wallaceburg	Nia.	4,343	211	18,859	03	795,491	1,020	65	1	54	2.3
Waterloo	Nia.	8,563	96	58,827	49	3,599,007	1,850	162	2	64	1.6
Weston	Nia.	4,736	80	39,599	41	3,021,758	1,248	202	2	64	1.3
Whitby	E.O.	5,294	80	19,548	69	1,015,241	833	102	1	96	2.0

"D"—Continued

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933
of Population, 2,000 or more

Commercial light service							Power service			Total number of consumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of consumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	Revenue	Number of consumers	Average monthly horse-power		
\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.				
6,278.16	192,403	116	138	4.51	3.4	8,414.66	13	291.6	747	
6,022.90	280,581	132	177	3.80	2.1	22,697.17	27	1,045.4	827	
13,509.59	502,582	237	177	4.75	2.7	14,069.81	20	710.5	1,412	
6,627.47	217,378	119	152	4.64	3.1	17,994.07	20	652.0	865	
4,916.32	140,481	108	108	3.80	3.5	36,225.41	28	1,659.3	836	
2,998.76	166,532	64	217	3.90	1.8	3,912.05	7	144.2	571	
7,418.16	346,312	123	235	5.02	2.1	12,915.00	9	770.1	688	
14,380.17	746,151	234	268	5.12	1.9	25,712.99	44	1,338.0	1,543	
6,956.57	201,594	120	140	4.83	3.5	10,503.43	19	456.1	735	
6,544.89	236,476	174	113	3.13	2.7	4,573.33	14	183.5	894	
13,751.06	627,629	255	205	4.49	2.2	16,248.31	26	740.2	1,605	
22,212.24	958,843	334	239	5.54	2.3	26,269.79	76	1,370.7	2,240	
7,947.24	327,287	152	179	4.36	2.4	12,973.31	21	551.6	899	
5,270.04	268,229	68	329	6.46	1.9	1,773.57	3	76.0	970	
6,475.28	206,643	138	125	3.91	3.1	4,640.42	17	236.0	793	
2,241.79	105,960	60	147	3.11	2.1	59,639.69	11	2,880.6	771	
13,714.77	725,241	227	266	5.03	1.9	50,474.56	55	3,869.0	1,846	
9,519.99	476,217	138	287	5.75	1.9	11,178.17	15	515.5	1,913	
13,744.34	437,031	190	192	6.03	3.1	13,692.61	35	593.0	995	
12,113.15	770,832	151	425	6.67	1.6	106,700.56	34	4,905.1	1,619	
8,697.09	323,886	161	168	4.51	2.7	8,191.35	27	398.4	842	
8,245.31	412,877	180	191	3.82	2.0	13,598.70	27	756.0	1,267	
4,471.57	150,759	99	127	3.76	3.0	11,933.01	27	522.9	725	
15,109.94	531,939	192	231	6.56	2.8	18,203.77	25	779.8	1,151	
6,517.41	232,923	167	116	3.25	2.8	21,684.65	55	696.0	889	
12,218.11	513,444	204	210	4.99	2.4	8,629.85	38	443.6	1,239	
11,314.48	594,497	224	221	4.20	1.9	13,333.77	25	479.6	1,498	
11,563.02	371,886	203	153	4.75	3.1	24,269.55	45	1,006.2	1,486	
8,332.02	436,596	155	235	4.48	1.9	3,234.08	19	298.8	829	
15,920.17	710,312	237	250	5.60	2.2	33,653.36	57	1,973.9	1,846	
4,275.26	154,530	47	272	7.58	2.8	9,656.93	8	318.6	1,136	
9,291.65	415,053	195	177	3.97	2.2	16,858.30	37	688.4	1,266	
16,649.87	916,467	210	364	6.61	1.8	12,067.13	26	688.3	2,628	
24,148.61	1,343,186	306	365	6.57	1.8	25,728.64	38	1,004.3	1,488	
15,246.98	590,941	257	192	4.94	2.6	16,759.14	44	672.7	1,941	
9,754.05	404,799	173	195	4.70	2.4	10,820.29	25	530.0	1,000	
3,171.42	103,195	47	182	5.62	3.1	1,322.34	3	61.3	556	
6,486.84	433,716	191	189	2.83	1.5	29,477.83	16	1,664.9	1,372	
11,687.36	564,839	223	211	4.37	2.1	11,655.79	30	612.9	1,140	
17,524.57	574,659	220	218	6.64	3.0	68,244.24	48	2,457.9	1,519	
7,683.67	243,059	134	151	4.78	3.1	4,919.61	17	183.6	686	
29,322.93	1,301,720	317	342	7.70	2.2	127,701.63	94	6,146.8	2,778	
10,687.00	431,371	223	161	3.99	2.4	51,316.49	29	1,664.0	1,272	
20,814.44	985,419	249	330	6.96	2.1	27,564.82	77	1,713.7	2,176	
9,376.18	493,183	179	230	4.37	1.9	32,572.96	30	1,701.4	1,457	
9,555.38	363,740	158	192	5.04	2.6	16,502.07	21	668.2	1,012	

STATEMENT

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumers
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service

Group III—SMALL TOWNS (less than 2,000 population),

NOTE—The power used in the smaller places and rural districts is, and possibly must always be, a relatively small proportion of the power distributed by the Commission. Thus, the power used by the small municipalities in the following group, which includes small towns, villages and certain suburban areas in townships, is less than 10 per cent of the power distributed by the Commission to Ontario municipalities. This relatively small proportion of the total power,

Municipality	System	Popu- lation	Distance from nearest generating station supplying system	Domestic service					
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.
			miles	\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cts.
Acton	Nia.	1,895	91	9,980.21	547,115	482	95	1.73	1.8
Agincourt	Nia.	P.V.	93	5,107.67	171,029	143	100	2.98	3.0
Ailsa Craig	Nia.	464	148	2,631.21	85,052	130	56	1.69	3.1
Alliston	G.B.	1,379	74	8,513.19	235,750	351	56	2.02	3.6
Alvinston	Nia.	696	267	3,991.86	59,382	151	33	2.20	6.7
Ancaster Twp.	Nia.	.....	59	8,977.54	415,985	268	129	2.79	2.1
Apple Hill	E.O.	P.V.	19	1,080.88	15,929	46	29	1.96	6.8
Arkona	Nia.	416	250	2,643.71	45,110	96	39	2.29	5.9
Arthur	G.B.	1,037	63	4,569.26	84,764	185	38	2.06	5.4
Athens	E.O.	582	75	3,966.74	73,780	140	44	2.36	5.4
Aylmer	Nia.	1,989	145	10,877.65	509,569	633	67	1.44	2.1
Ayr	Nia.	768	84	5,126.69	213,613	208	85	2.05	2.4
Baden	Nia.	P.V.	103	3,596.36	181,620	133	114	2.25	2.0
Bath	E.O.	356	32	1,441.86	27,795	31	75	3.88	5.2
Beachville	Nia.	P.V.	101	3,018.55	115,886	133	73	1.90	2.6
Beaverton	G.B.	960	28	6,038.34	247,640	303	68	1.66	2.4
Beeton	G.B.	584	80	3,594.50	67,807	124	46	2.42	5.3
Belle River	Nia.	746	250	3,411.84	109,595	207	44	1.37	3.1
Blenheim	Nia.	1,690	202	8,520.56	342,161	490	58	1.45	2.5
Bloomfield	E.O.	614	29	2,713.31	93,039	148	52	1.53	2.9
Blyth	Nia.	602	161	3,893.93	96,731	158	51	2.05	4.0
Bolton	Nia.	593	98	3,426.17	123,193	162	63	1.76	2.8
Bothwell	Nia.	646	217	2,710.60	97,864	169	48	1.34	2.8
Bradford	G.B.	1,009	74	6,341.25	172,785	223	65	2.37	3.7
Brantford Twp.	Nia.	.....	79	18,445.68	885,401	751	98	2.05	2.1
Brechin	G.B.	P.V.	18	971.23	17,484	42	35	1.93	5.6
Bridgeport	Nia.	P.V.	98	3,714.20	157,139	110	119	2.81	2.4
Bridgen	Nia.	P.V.	233	2,306.85	52,105	108	40	1.78	4.4
Brighton	E.O.	1,413	12	10,102.13	203,428	537	32	1.57	5.0
Brussels	Nia.	770	159	5,318.84	116,924	221	44	2.01	4.5
Burford	Nia.	P.V.	83	4,240.32	192,778	191	84	1.85	2.2
Burgessville	Nia.	P.V.	116	1,254.32	33,908	54	52	1.94	3.6
Caledonia	Nia.	1,400	65	5,314.46	160,888	326	41	1.36	3.3
Campbellville	Nia.	P.V.	96	1,317.96	25,167	40	53	2.75	5.2
Cannington	G.B.	851	36	5,185.51	184,893	246	63	1.76	2.8

"D"—Continued

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933

VILLAGES AND SUBURBAN AREAS

however, exerts upon the economic life of the Province a most beneficial influence. It should further be appreciated that about 35 per cent of these municipalities obtain their power, not from Niagara, but from relatively small water-power developments throughout the Province. The net cost per kilowatt-hour given in the table is the cost inclusive of all charges. Consult also introduction to Statement "D," page 406.

Commercial light service						Power service			Total number of consumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of consumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	Revenue	Number of consumers	Average monthly horse-power	
\$	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
3,956.25	192,279	89	180	3 70	2.1	17,147.83	16	622.3	587
1,136.42	31,234	23	113	4 12	3.6	1,289.18	3	55.8	169
1,469.89	37,640	38	83	3 22	3.9	1,020.69	2	40.4	170
4,492.67	118,965	101	98	3 71	3.8	2,478.71	16	140.0	468
2,354.46	36,906	52	59	3 77	6.4	440.56	2	18.5	205
1,788.77	73,794	37	166	4 62	2.4	838.24	5	42.0	310
827.60	17,878	18	83	3 83	4.6	279.49	1	9.4	65
1,649.92	33,738	36	78	3 82	4.9	833.62	2	23.6	134
3,636.14	60,906	86	59	3 52	6.0	2,213.08	4	93.1	275
1,813.42	36,158	59	60	3 02	5.0	1,127.76	1	35.6	191
6,877.10	317,196	133	198	4 31	2.2	3,957.53	13	220.8	779
1,852.48	62,742	45	116	3 43	2.9	161.85	3	11.5	256
1,487.40	52,900	35	126	3 54	2.8	4,821.19	3	185.4	171
718.97	12,869	16	67	3 74	5.6	.....	.....	.....	47
662.16	19,621	20	82	2 76	3.3	9,134.26	4	423.0	157
2,354.80	99,859	63	132	2 98	2.4	1,080.55	9	62.2	375
2,482.40	47,603	37	107	5 21	5.2	1,852.91	5	74.0	166
1,556.07	43,270	46	78	2 82	3.6	1,471.22	4	43.3	257
6,206.73	282,532	126	187	4 10	2.2	4,840.84	10	176.4	626
807.79	25,089	26	80	2 59	3.2	497.13	4	17.0	178
1,821.29	41,449	55	63	2 76	4.4	1,184.15	5	52.0	218
967.73	23,207	43	45	1 88	4.2	2,327.48	9	98.0	214
1,259.10	47,630	48	83	2 19	2.6	764.14	5	66.3	222
3,006.67	65,896	63	87	3 98	4.6	2,991.65	8	152.6	294
3,947.57	195,033	45	361	7 31	2.0	3,972.99	5	167.9	801
1,074.32	20,521	28	61	3 20	5.2	1,077.29	4	38.3	74
1,049.03	41,370	19	181	4 60	2.5	259.09	4	13.9	133
1,754.03	38,676	43	75	3 40	4.5	1,026.74	6	32.8	157
4,619.79	129,410	95	113	4 05	3.6	2,051.65	9	109.2	641
2,803.16	69,571	66	88	3 54	4.0	749.06	2	25.0	289
944.20	42,173	32	110	2 46	2.2	1,532.87	4	68.0	227
581.80	14,187	21	56	2 31	4.1	286.05	2	13.0	77
3,877.51	145,733	86	141	3 76	2.7	2,303.00	8	90.2	420
488.67	12,650	8	132	5 09	3.8	.....	.....	.....	48
2,337.93	72,935	71	86	2 74	3.2	619.89	10	33.7	327

STATEMENT

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumers
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service

Group III—SMALL TOWNS (less than 2,000 population),

Municipality	System	Popula- tion	Distance from nearest generating station supplying system	Domestic service						
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	
			miles	\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cts.	
Cardinal.....	E.O.	1,305	38	6,257 90	179,546	286	52	1.82	3.5	
Cayuga.....	Nia.	705	82	3,271 60	86,088	121	59	2.25	3.8	
Chatsworth.....	G.B.	272	23	1,590.06	28,435	73	32	1.93	5.6	
Chesley.....	G.B.	1,789	46	8,902.79	326,078	420	65	1.77	2.7	
Chesterville.....	E.O.	950	44	5,396.47	219,565	227	81	1.98	2.5	
Chippawa.....	Nia.	1,075	4	6,135 21	309,230	331	78	1.54	2.0	
Clifford.....	Nia.	454	173	2,341 49	45,826	105	36	1.86	5.1	
Clinton.....	Nia.	1,842	155	11,717 71	509,019	504	84	1.94	2.3	
Colborne*.....	E.O.	977	19	4,517 68	94,531	212	39	1.88	4.8	
Coldwater.....	G.B.	626	17	2,884 70	133,971	131	85	1.84	2.2	
Comber.....	Nia.	P.V.	216	2,354.18	63,794	98	54	2.00	3.7	
Cookstown.....	G.B.	P.V.	65	2,479.81	35,831	96	31	2.15	6.9	
Cottam.....	Nia.	P.V.	257	2,545.36	61,530	105	49	2.02	4.1	
Courtright.....	Nia.	348	215	1,604 43	25,183	58	36	2.31	6.3	
Creemore.....	G.B.	587	60	3,579.49	76,984	148	43	2.02	4.6	
Dashwood.....	Nia.	P.V.	163	1,532 16	36,229	66	46	1.93	4.2	
Delaware.....	Nia.	P.V.	137	1,331 90	36,724	48	64	2.31	3.6	
Deseronto.....	E.O.	1,418	32	6,416 69	146,453	291	42	1.84	4.4	
Dorchester.....	Nia.	P.V.	129	2,483 10	99,683	124	67	1.67	2.5	
Drayton.....	Nia.	559	169	3,093 75	100,735	147	57	1.75	3.1	
Dresden.....	Nia.	1,488	210	6,212 10	224,211	372	50	1.39	2.7	
Drumbo.....	Nia.	P.V.	90	2,130 97	71,235	82	72	2.17	3.0	
Dublin.....	Nia.	P.V.	140	1,334.24	26,666	40	56	2.78	5.0	
Dundalk.....	G.B.	647	18	2,604 62	76,894	157	41	1.38	3.4	
Durham.....	G.B.	1,800	23	6,477 31	266,185	422	52	1.28	2.4	
Dutton.....	Nia.	761	152	3,545.07	154,367	204	63	1.45	2.3	
East York Twp..	Nia.	86	86	175,276.26	8,206,375	8,744	78	1.67	2.1	
Elmvale.....	G.B.	P.V.	32	2,673 02	81,937	150	45	1.48	3.2	
Elmwood.....	G.B.	P.V.	40	1,185.37	22,808	58	33	1.70	5.2	
Elora.....	Nia.	1,144	94	7,125.01	275,808	307	75	1.93	2.3	
Embro.....	Nia.	437	107	2,758 79	87,805	99	74	2.32	3.1	
Erieau.....	Nia.	264	210	3,652 19	85,157	138	51	2.21	4.3	
Erie Beach.....	Nia.	269	209	1,518 16	18,595	63	25	2.01	8.0	
Essex.....	Nia.	1,888	254	7,502.00	296,447	413	60	1.51	2.5	
Etobicoke Twp..	Nia.	73	73	93,889 08	5,963,150	3,114	159	2.51	1.6	
Exeter.....	Nia.	1,622	155	11,406 32	491,551	452	91	2.10	2.3	
Finch.....	E.O.	383	53	1,941 99	41,859	78	45	2.07	4.6	
Flesherton.....	G.B.	491	7	2,686 74	73,734	139	44	1.61	3.6	
Fonthill.....	Nia.	862	25	4,877.99	204,939	194	88	2.10	2.4	
Forest.....	Nia.	1,465	256	10,865 60	397,869	458	72	1.98	2.7	

"D"—Continued

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933

VILLAGES AND SUBURBAN AREAS

Commercial light service						Power service			Total number of consumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of consumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	Revenue	Number of consumers	Average monthly horse-power	
\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
1,943.40	56,126	50	94	3.24	3.5	551.64	2	17.0	338
2,867.78	70,805	54	109	4.43	4.1	1,404.86	4	42.4	179
1,304.24	23,492	29	67	3.75	5.6	583.08	1	28.6	103
4,106.77	153,400	97	132	3.53	2.7	9,442.42	19	352.6	536
2,298.21	63,118	65	81	2.95	3.6	2,562.57	3	96.6	295
1,079.44	54,879	31	148	2.90	2.0	1,062.88	6	40.2	368
1,581.17	32,429	40	68	3.29	4.9	119.86	1	5.0	146
5,931.47	215,250	129	139	3.83	2.8	5,797.34	15	233.2	648
3,112.69	67,920	79	78	3.58	4.6	591.26	3	32.0	300
1,746.74	53,802	54	83	2.68	3.2	2,557.43	4	116.2	189
2,292.75	65,129	49	111	3.90	3.5	3,049.83	3	79.4	150
1,264.87	19,352	27	60	3.90	6.5	911.92	5	68.0	128
1,298.35	37,940	28	113	3.86	3.4	389.53	1	15.0	134
941.55	14,952	23	54	3.41	6.3	891.28	2	14.5	83
1,808.96	44,269	51	72	2.96	4.1	1,102.80	3	51.4	202
879.68	16,285	27	50	2.72	5.4	576.61	1	18.0	94
601.43	19,122	18	89	2.78	3.1				66
2,254.49	35,705	66	45	2.85	6.3	2,028.21	11	80.2	368
818.97	25,567	26	82	2.62	3.2	269.73	1	20.3	151
1,887.84	47,974	58	69	2.71	3.9	1,017.47	4	48.1	209
5,002.21	192,784	122	132	3.42	2.6	4,907.27	10	236.0	504
1,039.19	27,438	25	91	3.46	3.8	753.76	1	21.6	108
887.79	15,436	22	58	3.36	5.8	451.79	3	19.0	65
2,200.70	63,624	69	77	2.66	3.5	2,240.17	4	121.3	230
4,139.84	148,087	109	113	3.17	2.8	6,617.71	11	274.3	542
2,534.26	93,962	71	110	2.97	2.7	3,552.14	7	151.1	282
23,952.07	1,247,786	367	283	5.44	1.9	27,526.00	35	1,194.2	9,146
1,728.30	56,994	59	80	2.44	3.0	2,759.12	8	161.8	217
586.45	11,993	19	53	2.57	4.9	1,339.14	1	34.0	78
3,524.48	114,836	73	131	4.02	3.1	2,907.45	2	131.1	382
1,586.05	35,344	45	65	2.94	4.5	1,530.55	1	40.0	145
1,058.34	24,496	12	170	7.35	4.3	879.43	2	36.1	152
258.57	4,568	3	127	7.18	5.7				66
4,666.24	174,570	112	130	3.47	2.6	6,052.86	17	285.7	542
16,220.69	830,595	212	326	6.37	2.0	15,691.35	22	704.0	3,348
4,896.67	148,762	121	102	3.37	3.3	4,607.11	9	206.2	582
1,549.09	29,403	31	79	4.16	5.3	700.39	1	15.5	110
1,768.58	45,281	48	79	3.07	3.9	226.29	2	10.5	189
974.73	41,572	33	105	2.46	2.3	596.85	5	21.6	232
5,208.04	158,227	139	95	3.12	3.3	5,271.19	24	199.6	621

STATEMENT

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumers
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service

Group III—SMALL TOWNS (less than 2,000 population),

Municipality	System	Population	Distance from nearest generating station supplying system	Domestic service					
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of consumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.
			miles	\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cts.
Glencoe.....	Nia.	800	229	5,470.81	170,526	218	65	2.09	3.2
Grand Valley.....	G.B.	587	51	3,467.61	72,153	156	39	1.85	4.8
Granton.....	Nia.	P.V.	147	1,692.71	65,892	80	68	1.76	2.6
Gravenhurst.....	G.B.	1,830	7	8,580.86	517,768	464	93	1.54	1.7
Hagersville.....	Nia.	1,370	75	4,816.57	232,928	316	61	1.27	2.1
Harriston.....	Nia.	1,293	167	7,829.33	231,381	338	57	1.93	3.4
Harrow.....	Nia.	926	267	7,875.06	391,827	246	133	2.67	2.0
Hastings.....	E.O.	707	15	3,997.82	73,390	166	37	2.01	5.4
Havelock.....	E.O.	1,096	25	6,089.60	139,043	281	41	1.80	4.4
Hensall.....	Nia.	719	161	4,180.44	146,107	180	68	1.94	2.9
Highgate.....	Nia.	338	217	1,783.58	45,813	96	40	1.55	3.9
Holstein.....	G.B.	P.V.	34	1,479.27	12,708	54	20	2.28	11.6
Jarvis.....	Nia.	504	81	2,396.78	58,930	120	41	1.66	4.3
Kemptville.....	E.O.	1,227	62	7,000.28	216,499	318	57	1.83	3.2
Kirkfield.....	G.B.	P.V.	35	749.21	14,026	27	43	2.31	5.3
Lakefield.....	E.O.	1,303	8	6,425.25	227,442	309	61	1.73	2.8
Lambeth.....	Nia.	P.V.	130	3,387.28	128,521	109	98	2.59	2.6
Lanark.....	E.O.	636	21	2,792.36	62,305	150	35	1.55	4.5
Lancaster.....	E.O.	601	25	2,016.86	31,445	78	34	2.15	6.4
La Salle.....	Nia.	600	248	6,313.91	248,010	198	104	2.66	2.5
London Twp.....	Nia.	.....	128	10,610.79	605,135	330	153	2.68	1.7
Lucan.....	Nia.	590	141	4,777.67	184,655	174	88	2.29	2.6
Lucknow.....	G.B.	1,082	68	6,845.31	175,715	252	58	2.26	3.9
Lynden.....	Nia.	P.V.	62	2,151.80	72,799	81	75	2.21	3.0
Madoc.....	E.O.	1,059	25	4,856.28	112,996	260	36	1.56	4.3
Markdale.....	G.B.	774	7	3,571.87	120,281	187	54	1.60	3.0
Markham.....	Nia.	1,073	114	6,880.40	237,786	272	73	2.11	2.9
Marmora.....	E.O.	924	20	3,513.94	64,314	198	27	1.52	5.6
Martintown.....	E.O.	P.V.	14	807.82	12,155	35	29	1.93	6.6
Maxvale.....	E.O.	785	26	3,191.96	48,271	132	30	2.01	6.6
Merlin.....	Nia.	P.V.	219	2,261.27	51,655	104	41	1.81	4.4
Mildmay.....	G.B.	694	5	2,967.88	56,250	140	34	1.77	5.3
Milton.....	Nia.	1,828	88	11,622.25	479,526	456	87	2.12	2.4
Milverton.....	Nia.	1,004	139	5,672.73	266,859	223	100	2.12	2.1
Mitchell.....	Nia.	1,571	135	10,478.52	498,958	429	97	2.04	2.1
Moorefield.....	Nia.	P.V.	168	1,068.82	21,913	63	29	1.41	4.9
Mt. Brydges.....	Nia.	P.V.	141	2,832.07	108,697	136	67	1.74	2.6
Mt. Forest.....	G.B.	1,821	38	7,571.59	336,750	447	61	1.41	2.2
Neustadt.....	G.B.	465	40	2,019.90	20,988	96	18	1.75	9.6
Newbury.....	Nia.	267	223	1,266.73	25,955	62	35	1.70	4.9

"D"—Continued

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933

VILLAGES AND SUBURBAN AREAS

Commercial light service						Power service			Total number of consumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of consumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	Revenue	Number of consumers	Average monthly horse-power	
\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
3,152.02	84,283	80	88	3.28	3.7	2,974.70	6	98.6	304
1,799.23	36,361	48	63	3.12	4.9	1,975.40	4	72.0	208
1,028.21	34,550	33	88	2.60	2.9	830.74	2	39.0	115
6,087.91	335,475	115	243	4.41	1.8	7,778.01	12	383.0	591
4,468.97	240,189	107	187	3.48	1.9	11,477.85	17	602.7	440
4,842.28	132,795	105	105	3.84	3.6	5,568.28	12	220.3	455
3,499.99	123,431	77	134	3.78	2.8	3,558.36	4	154.7	327
1,684.61	22,858	49	39	2.86	7.4	759.66	5	14.6	220
2,087.16	43,733	64	57	2.72	4.8	2,881.48	3	105.4	348
1,800.34	49,063	52	79	2.89	3.7	2,556.11	14	126.1	246
976.17	23,961	37	54	2.20	4.1	1,120.69	6	56.1	139
570.60	5,133	18	24	2.64	11.1	238.59	1	7.5	73
1,868.82	54,316	36	126	4.33	3.4	4,220.35	4	142.0	160
4,387.41	152,272	83	153	4.40	2.9	4,620.72	7	181.8	408
1,156.47	19,212	20	80	4.82	6.0	.....	.....	.....	47
3,463.55	140,852	69	170	4.18	2.5	1,826.60	6	125.8	384
1,511.67	46,350	28	138	4.50	3.3	576.57	2	27.5	139
1,201.42	30,155	36	70	2.78	4.0	.....	.....	.....	186
1,677.89	23,465	36	54	3.88	7.1	.....	.....	.....	114
1,666.45	65,167	21	259	6.61	2.6	2,254.05	5	74.6	224
2,446.39	120,860	19	530	10.73	2.0	1,537.05	5	52.0	354
1,617.17	44,043	44	83	3.06	3.7	370.86	7	22.7	225
2,998.23	69,772	79	74	3.16	4.3	4,017.01	7	116.4	338
713.59	24,949	21	99	2.83	2.9	749.82	1	36.0	103
3,484.56	89,200	98	76	2.96	3.9	1,016.60	6	83.6	364
2,580.48	79,361	79	84	2.72	3.3	1,129.02	10	91.0	276
2,614.73	82,231	66	104	3.30	3.2	3,262.60	11	125.5	349
1,496.46	31,533	44	60	2.83	4.7	131.40	2	10.3	244
987.08	16,594	22	63	3.74	5.9	.....	.....	.....	57
2,396.57	42,960	43	83	4.64	5.6	.....	.....	.....	175
1,704.94	42,459	45	79	3.16	4.0	1,470.08	2	47.4	151
2,024.23	33,177	47	59	3.59	6.1	719.27	2	22.7	189
5,463.21	235,619	104	190	4.38	2.3	11,308.00	21	461.0	581
2,775.02	82,131	71	96	3.26	3.4	4,093.63	7	220.8	301
4,196.91	167,402	99	141	3.53	2.5	4,910.74	24	254.8	552
647.64	10,001	27	31	2.00	6.5	1,161.94	2	42.6	92
915.76	31,817	36	74	2.12	2.9	917.24	3	32.9	175
5,190.17	208,790	160	109	2.70	2.5	4,255.50	11	227.0	618
1,357.97	17,211	28	51	4.04	7.9	63.33	2	3.3	126
957.67	18,787	27	58	2.96	5.1	760.22	2	35.3	91

STATEMENT

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumer
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service

Group III—SMALL TOWNS (less than 2,000 population,

Municipality	System	Population	Distance from nearest generating station supplying system	Domestic service							
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of consumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw.-hr.		
			miles	\$	c.	kw.-hr.		kw.-hr.	\$	c.	cts.
New Hamburg	Nia.	1,426	106	10,770	96	476,280	343	116	2.62		2.3
Niagara-on-the Lake	Nia.	1,672	13	14,217	28	979,710	464	176	2.55		1.5
Nipigon	T.B.	P.V.	14	2,510	41	69,166	134	43	1.56		3.6
North York Twp.	Nia.		84	94,813	34	4,027,459	2,802	120	2.82		2.3
Norwich	Nia.	1,126	110	8,128	33	402,222	359	93	1.89		2.0
Norwood	E.O.	727	10	4,480	44	117,016	217	45	1.72		3.8
Oil Springs	Nia.	433	226	1,636	56	40,838	75	45	1.81		4.0
Omeme	E.O.	498	15	2,249	60	56,437	126	37	1.49		4.0
Otterville	Nia.	P.V.	115	2,115	40	71,863	102	59	1.72		2.9
Paisley	G.B.	732	56	3,937	95	69,353	186	31	1.76		5.7
Palmerston	Nia.	1,617	161	10,859	15	467,259	389	100	2.33		2.3
Parkhill	Nia.	998	157	4,742	41	110,550	238	39	1.66		4.3
Plattsville	Nia.	P.V.	96	2,610	72	65,222	91	60	2.39		4.0
Point Edward	Nia.	1,211	209	5,693	23	206,160	300	57	1.58		2.7
Port Credit	Nia.	1,650	69	13,127	25	832,577	400	173	2.73		1.6
Port Dalhousie	Nia.	1,331	21	13,147	96	808,199	587	115	1.87		1.6
Port Dover	Nia.	1,680	108	8,036	80	263,565	476	46	1.41		3.0
Port Elgin	G.B.	1,230	6	8,046	31	222,550	373	50	1.80		3.6
Port McNicoll	G.B.	928	21	3,643	06	170,728	197	72	1.54		2.1
Port Perry	G.B.	1,130	58	6,660	96	227,472	300	66	1.85		2.9
Port Rowan	Nia.	674	124	3,479	35	55,019	101	45	2.87		6.3
Port Stanley	Nia.	723	146	12,781	37	559,757	596	78	1.79		2.3
Priceville	G.B.	P.V.	12	675	10	8,544	31	23	1.81		7.9
Princeton	Nia.	P.V.	96	2,143	41	55,613	77	60	2.32		3.9
Queenston	Nia.	P.V.	7	2,539	83	113,915	68	140	3.11		2.2
Richmond	E.O.	381	19	1,868	77	49,446	53	78	2.94		3.8
Richmond Hill	Nia.	1,270	103	7,421	53	335,237	321	87	1.93		2.2
Ridgetown	Nia.	1,942	211	9,111	63	418,297	557	63	1.36		2.2
Ripley	G.B.	451	69	3,363	35	56,417	128	37	2.19		6.0
Rockwood	Nia.	P.V.	87	2,976	57	127,033	145	73	1.71		2.3
Rodney	Nia.	757	163	3,349	64	103,110	202	43	1.38		3.2
Rosseau	G.B.	251	37	2,871	74	41,636	61	57	3.92		6.8
Russell	E.O.	P.V.	58	2,535	67	45,915	107	36	1.97		5.5
St. Clair Beach	Nia.	74	247	2,297	29	79,388	38	174	5.04		2.9
St. George	Nia.	P.V.	82	2,876	52	148,575	132	94	1.82		2.9
St. Jacobs	Nia.	P.V.	102	3,829	52	179,632	109	137	2.93		2.1
Scarboro Twp.	Nia.		87	85,543	29	4,283,697	4,404	77	1.67		2.0
Seaforth	Nia.	1,692	147	10,808	12	481,044	391	103	2.30		2.2
Shelburne	G.B.	1,064	31	5,384	95	192,854	285	56	1.57		2.8
Southampton	G.B.	1,520	3	8,144	39	228,771	384	50	1.77		3.6

"D"—Continued

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933

VILLAGES AND SUBURBAN AREAS

Commercial light service						Power service			Total number of con- sumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumptive kw-hr.	Average monthly bill \$ c.	Net cost per kw-hr. cents	Revenue	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly horse- power	
\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
4,255.63	134,364	93	120	3.81	3.2	4,594.44	14	221.7	450
3,410.85	181,658	82	185	3.47	1.9	2,474.05	10	84.2	556
1,831.65	54,788	39	117	3.91	3.3	979.94	2	41.6	175
15,325.38	516,300	233	185	5.48	3.0	31,568.43	36	1,068.2	3,071
3,068.33	119,255	77	130	3.36	2.6	2,230.06	7	105.5	443
2,176.66	50,250	70	60	2.59	4.3	626.22	2	23.4	289
1,168.42	32,116	30	89	3.25	3.6	7,848.65	31	204.9	136
1,268.12	32,113	47	57	2.25	3.9	1,452.73	6	59.2	179
1,656.94	49,039	43	95	3.21	3.4	268.75	4	19.0	149
2,679.61	70,278	55	106	4.06	3.8	1,155.09	4	32.7	245
4,888.74	199,113	90	184	4.53	2.5	6,567.77	11	362.3	490
3,052.58	69,290	79	73	3.22	4.4	826.37	4	32.1	321
1,055.17	21,641	26	69	3.38	4.9	532.83	1	20.9	118
2,009.55	73,517	44	140	3.80	2.7	17,972.48	9	732.0	353
4,609.43	226,605	72	262	5.33	2.0	2,204.84	6	114.2	478
2,736.23	135,495	55	205	4.15	2.0	5,038.13	10	304.5	652
4,405.46	142,940	122	98	3.01	3.1	4,976.57	12	214.2	610
4,123.07	103.00	86	100	4.00	4.0	4,287.57	8	160.7	467
801.37	20,505	31	55	2.15	3.9	.....	.....	.....	228
2,805.22	73,110	75	81	3.12	3.8	2,900.69	10	123.1	385
1,657.90	25,682	30	71	4.61	6.5	90.49	1	3.5	132
3,704.61	116,706	97	100	3.18	3.2	4,198.45	10	143.9	703
332.43	5,864	12	41	2.31	5.7	.....	.....	.....	43
697.24	19,821	20	83	2.91	3.5	3,075.76	3	82.0	100
818.72	33,601	11	255	6.20	2.4	187.73	1	5.2	80
1,551.59	39,466	24	137	5.39	3.9	.....	.....	.....	77
3,736.73	151,653	60	211	5.19	2.5	2,979.57	17	149.4	398
4,836.72	187,236	144	108	2.80	2.6	4,305.56	24	195.3	725
1,858.53	24,433	44	46	3.52	7.6	.....	.....	.....	172
948.07	33,729	34	83	2.32	2.8	257.99	2	12.1	181
2,443.00	64,571	73	74	2.79	3.8	2,172.43	7	101.4	282
927.90	8,271	21	33	3.68	11.1	.....	.....	.....	82
1,284.49	23,480	33	59	3.24	5.5	.....	.....	.....	140
1,133.89	29,761	8	310	11.81	3.8	374.68	2	15.5	48
1,026.14	38,293	36	89	2.38	2.7	2,168.29	3	83.6	171
1,134.57	31,998	28	95	3.38	3.5	1,030.20	6	57.7	143
17,694.05	829,066	361	192	4.08	2.1	21,185.74	30	817.7	4,795
5,076.86	241,409	105	192	4.03	2.1	4,818.75	15	265.6	511
3,309.71	105,115	83	106	3.32	3.1	2,170.01	11	122.5	379
3,487.74	89,203	83	90	3.50	3.9	3,369.02	13	139.1	480

STATEMENT

Statistics Relating to the Supply of Electric Energy to Consumers
For Domestic Service, for Commercial Light Service

Group III—SMALL TOWNS (less than 2,000 population),

Municipality	System	Popula- tion	Distance from nearest generating station supplying system	Domestic service							
				Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.		
			miles	\$	c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$	c.	cts.
Springfield	Nia.	379	151	1,656	59	50,572	98	43	1.41	3.3	3.3
Stamford Twp.	Nia.		2	51,719	41	3,027,973	1,645	153	2.62	1.7	1.7
Stayner	G.B.	1,042	53	4,391	43	178,622	257	58	1.42	2.5	2.5
Stirling	E.O.	865	19	5,346	26	291,220	268	91	1.66	1.8	1.8
Stouffville	Nia.	1,105	110	7,124	57	220,696	336	55	1.77	3.2	3.2
Sunderland	G.B.	P.V.	44	2,335	55	43,773	112	33	1.74	5.3	5.3
Sutton	Nia.	809	114	7,578	25	184,088	382	40	1.66	4.7	4.7
Tara	G.B.	491	34	2,632	36	56,746	127	37	1.73	4.6	4.6
Tavistock	Nia.	1,042	129	6,906	75	338,871	261	108	2.21	2.0	2.0
Teeswater	G.B.	805	58	4,642	20	88,560	195	38	1.98	5.2	5.2
Thamesford	Nia.	P.V.	136	2,428	13	101,281	121	69	1.67	2.2	2.2
Thamesville	Nia.	754	207	4,003	41	143,485	219	55	1.52	2.8	2.8
Theford	Nia.	577	268	3,152	75	53,887	126	36	2.09	5.9	5.9
Thorndale	Nia.	P.V.	136	1,432	95	36,349	62	49	1.93	3.9	3.9
Thornton	G.B.	P.V.	58	1,151	90	13,703	55	21	1.75	8.4	8.4
Tilbury	Nia.	1,996	209	6,539	15	269,583	420	53	1.36	2.4	2.4
Toronto Twp.	Nia.		67	58,575	37	2,969,011	1,875	132	2.66	2.0	2.0
Tottenham	G.B.	546	82	3,227	06	57,917	128	38	2.10	5.6	5.6
Trafalgar Twp. No. 1	Nia.			14,152	49	567,750	300	158	3.93	2.5	2.5
Trafalgar Twp. No. 2	Nia.			4,967	94	227,225	136	139	3.04	2.2	2.2
Tweed	E.O.	1,247	41	6,324	50	127,267	249	43	2.12	5.0	5.0
Uxbridge	G.B.	1,506	66	8,019	21	275,590	354	65	1.89	2.9	2.9
Victoria Harbour ..	G.B.	1,171	17	2,894	43	87,006	167	43	1.44	3.3	3.3
Wardsville	Nia.	214	225	1,124	76	20,931	47	37	1.99	5.4	5.4
Warkworth	E.O.	P.V.	17	2,185	13	38,430	106	30	1.72	5.7	5.7
Waterdown	Nia.	924	57	5,645	12	283,756	218	108	2.16	2.0	2.0
Waterford	Nia.	1,168	94	6,575	26	380,470	306	104	1.79	1.7	1.7
Watford	Nia.	956	256	6,682	44	184,390	284	54	1.96	3.6	3.6
Waubashene	G.B.	P.V.	12	2,221	17	94,187	134	52	1.38	2.4	2.4
Wellesley	Nia.	P.V.	111	2,706	26	82,238	121	67	1.86	3.3	3.3
Wellington	E.O.	900	22	4,733	77	193,529	284	57	1.36	2.4	2.4
West Lorne	Nia.	814	159	3,197	04	93,253	187	41	1.42	3.5	3.5
Westport	E.O.	733	71	3,198	24	49,653	96	43	2.78	6.4	6.4
Wheatley	Nia.	724	279	4,427	83	122,524	171	60	2.16	3.6	3.6
Warton	G.B.	1,911	33	8,800	93	174,202	349	42	2.10	5.1	5.1
Williamsburg	E.O.	P.V.	28	3,702	03	148,431	92	134	3.35	2.5	2.5
Winchester	E.O.	963	38	5,870	21	276,750	277	83	1.77	2.1	2.1
Windermere	G.B.	135	22	2,241	87	30,471	48	53	3.89	7.3	7.3
Wingham	G.B.	1,842	70	12,512	87	400,711	504	66	2.07	3.1	3.1
Woodbridge	Nia.	744	85	6,370	89	265,476	244	91	2.18	2.4	2.4
Woodville	G.B.	414	40	2,291	30	58,907	110	45	1.74	3.9	3.9
Wyoming	Nia.	482	239	2,647	88	57,663	132	36	1.67	4.6	4.6
Zurich	Nia.	P.V.	168	3,176	37	78,539	124	53	2.13	4.0	4.0

"D"—Concluded

in Ontario Municipalities Served by the Commission
and for Power Service during the Year 1933

VILLAGES AND SUBURBAN AREAS

Commercial light service						Power service			Total number of con- sumers
Revenue	Consumption	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly consumption	Average monthly bill	Net cost per kw-hr.	Revenue	Number of con- sumers	Average monthly horse- power	
\$ c.	kw-hr.		kw-hr.	\$ c.	cents	\$ c.			
707.14	16,138	30	45	1.96	4.4	1,060.65	3	43.0	131
6,593.80	390,451	111	293	4.95	1.7	5,679.88	13	251.6	1,769
2,642.06	90,478	83	91	2.65	2.9	2,375.56	12	141.2	352
3,351.71	132,205	80	138	3.49	2.5	2,047.28	10	91.7	358
2,739.57	70,908	80	74	2.85	3.8	839.91	5	40.8	421
1,699.71	34,980	42	69	3.37	4.9	55.85	1	5.0	155
2,981.82	92,842	84	92	2.96	3.2	1,073.01	5	30.8	471
1,306.32	31,430	36	73	3.02	4.2	690.33	4	34.4	167
2,051.73	83,477	68	102	2.51	2.5	8,937.52	6	340.7	335
2,219.12	49,019	55	74	3.36	4.5	1,119.09	7	49.0	257
1,310.32	54,534	39	117	2.80	2.4	2,979.91	7	99.0	167
2,756.04	86,969	71	102	3.23	3.2	2,360.70	8	99.3	298
1,796.45	26,689	40	56	3.74	6.7	1,599.64	3	41.6	169
920.15	23,924	24	83	3.19	3.8	254.32	1	5.4	87
637.95	7,060	18	33	2.95	9.0	243.14	3	12.0	77
6,999.33	271,904	135	168	4.32	2.6	7,118.46	12	481.3	567
13,743.10	583,280	188	260	6.09	2.3	6,862.46	23	334.0	2,086
2,100.62	26,002	54	40	3.24	8.1	360.99	4	15.8	186
640.62	15,605	2	650	26.68	4.1	520.19	9	27.7	311
									136
4,460.90	90,146	92	82	4.04	4.9	2,300.91	12	91.8	353
3,255.12	86,327	91	79	2.98	3.8	931.13	10	77.6	455
839.09	30,470	28	91	2.50	2.8	171.54	2	6.0	197
1,075.78	21,441	21	85	4.27	5.0				68
1,551.15	30,735	43	60	3.01	5.0				149
1,696.40	83,577	33	211	4.28	2.0	1,660.54	7	80.2	258
1,766.76	102,920	73	117	2.03	1.7	4,422.87	11	233.7	390
3,237.14	89,970	76	99	3.55	3.6	2,791.53	5	95.0	365
630.34	20,463	25	68	2.10	3.1	703.18	3	25.0	162
1,527.81	37,707	44	71	2.89	4.0	1,773.00	5	61.7	170
2,067.20	63,963	64	83	2.69	3.2	2,128.95	6	82.7	354
1,483.82	50,569	49	86	2.52	2.9	1,277.99	4	60.3	240
2,906.93	38,251	49	65	4.94	7.6				145
2,717.93	70,941	57	104	3.97	3.8	2,061.76	4	78.4	232
5,782.47	114,652	103	93	4.67	4.9	3,224.05	13	103.1	465
7,503.38	309,138	63	409	9.93	2.4	231.98	1	16.0	156
3,363.90	126,890	68	155	4.12	2.7	1,548.03	2	38.9	347
1,095.71	17,706	9	164	10.14	6.1				57
6,933.68	193,346	143	104	4.04	3.6	8,788.87	24	361.9	671
1,632.47	54,654	50	109	2.72	3.0	5,081.13	6	242.5	300
1,068.90	22,323	31	60	2.87	4.8	770.18	2	36.7	143
1,582.19	37,524	50	62	2.64	4.2	152.10	2	15.0	184
1,860.84	40,734	46	74	3.37	4.6				170

STATEMENT "E"**Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service
in Urban Municipalities Service by the
Hydro-Electric Power Commission
for the Year 1933**

In Statement "E" are presented the rate schedules applicable to consumers for domestic service, for commercial light service and for power service in each of the co-operating municipalities receiving service at cost through the Hydro-Electric Power Commission.* The cost per horsepower of the power supplied at wholesale by the Commission to the municipality, which is an important factor in determining the rates to consumers, is also stated.

Cost of Power to Municipalities

The figures of the first column in the table represent the total cost for the year of the power supplied by the Commission to the municipality, divided by the number of horsepower supplied. Details respecting these costs are given in the "Cost of Power" tables relating to the several systems, as presented in Section IX, and an explanation of the items making up the cost of power is given in the introduction to that Section.

Rates to Consumers

The Power Commission Act stipulates that "The rates chargeable by any municipal corporation generating or receiving and distributing electrical power or energy shall at all times be subject to the approval and control of the Commission." In accordance with the Act and in pursuance of its fundamental principle of providing service at cost, the Commission requires that accurate cost records be kept in each municipality, and exercises a continuous supervision over the rates charged to consumers.

From the commencement of its operations, the Commission introduced in the municipalities which it serves, scientifically-designed rate schedules for each of the three main classes into which the electrical service is usually divided, namely: residential or domestic service, commercial light service, and power service, and the schedules in use during the past year are presented in the tables of this statement.

*Except townships served as parts of rural power districts, for which consult latter part of Section III.

Domestic Service: Domestic rates apply to electrical service in residences, for all household purposes, including lighting, cooking and the operation of all domestic appliances.

Commercial Light Service: Electrical energy used in stores, offices, churches, schools, public halls and institutions, hotels, public boarding-houses, and in all other premises for commercial purposes, including sign and display lighting, is billed at commercial lighting rates.

Power Service: The rate schedules given for power service in Statement "E" are those governing the supply of power at retail by each of the local municipal utilities. The average amount of power sold, per consumer, under these rates is approximately 40 horsepower—consult Statement "D." The Commission serves certain large power consumers direct on behalf of the various systems of municipalities.

The rates for power service, as given in the tables, are the rates for 24-hour unrestricted power at secondary distribution voltage. For service at primary distribution voltage the rates are usually five per cent lower than those stated. In municipalities where the load conditions and other circumstances permit, lower rates are available for 10-hour power, and for other forms of restricted service. For these classifications, discounts additional to those listed in the table are applicable.

The service charge relates to the connected load or to the maximum demand, as measured by a 10-minute average peak, where a demand meter is installed. The prompt payment discount of 10 per cent on the total monthly bill is given for settlement within 10 days.

Under the tabulation of rates for power service there is a column headed "Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand." This column shows approximately the net annual amount payable for a demand of one horsepower, assuming a monthly use of 130 hours, which includes 30 hours' use each month at the third energy rate. Broadly, the figures in this column serve to indicate approximately the relative cost of power service in the different municipalities listed.

STATEMENT

**Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities**

Municipality	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municipality on a horse-power basis	Domestic service					
		Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
			Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
C—City T—Town pop. 2,000 or more)							
	\$ c.	cents		cents	cents	\$ c.	%
Acton.....	33.95	33-66	60	2.2	1.1	0.83	10
Agincourt.....	39.38	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10
Ailsa Craig.....	51.49	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	0.83	10
Alexandria.....T	65.41	33-66	60	5	2	1.11	10
Alliston.....	54.92	33-66	40	4.5	2	1.39	10
Alvinston.....	88.07	33-66	60	6	2	2.22	10
Amherstburg.....T	36.42	33-66	55	2.8	1.3	0.83	10
Ancaster twp.....	32.28	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Apple Hill.....	57.48	33-66	60	6	2	1.66	10
Arkona.....	77.26	33-66	55	6	2	1.94	10
Arthur.....	73.28	33-66	40	6	2	1.67	10
Athens.....	56.30	33-66	40	6	2	1.66	10
Aylmer.....T	35.95	33-66	60	2.3	1	0.83	10
Ayr.....	34.78	33-66	55	3	1.25	1.11	10
Baden.....	33.56	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Barrie.....T	34.20	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Bath.....	77.29	33-66	40	6	2	3.33	10
Beachville.....	32.86	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Beaverton.....	43.39	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
Beeton.....	68.84	33-66	35	7	2	1.67	10
Belle River.....	40.45	33-66	55	3.2	1.3	1.11	10
Belleville.....C	36.45	33-66	60	3	1.25	0.83	10
Blenheim.....	39.24	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Bloomfield.....	59.24	33-66	50	3	1.5	0.83	10
Blyth.....	54.94	33-66	50	4	2	1.66	10
Bolton.....	41.11	33-66	55	3.5	1.6	1.11	10
Bothwell.....	47.54	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Bowmanville.....T	41.19	33-33	60	4.5	2	0.83	10
Bradford.....	62.44	33-66	35	5.5	2	1.67	10
Brampton.....T	31.58	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Brantford.....C	27.28	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Brantford twp.....	31.93	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
Brechin.....	51.32	33-66	45	5	2	1.67	10
Bridgeport.....	37.20	33-66	50	4	1.5	1.11	10
Brigden.....	62.07	33-66	60	4	2	1.38	10
Brighton.....	41.84	33-66	60	5	2	1.11	10
Brockville.....T	33.39	33-66	50	2	1	0.83	10
Brussels.....	51.86	33-33	50	5	2	1.66	10
Burford.....	34.55	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
Burgessville.....	55.18	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10

*To distinguish them from the smaller municipalities and suburban districts the cities are indicated by a C and the towns of population 2,000 or more by a T; corresponding to the grouping in Statement "D."

NOTE.—Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

“E”

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service
Served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All-additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All-additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	%
5	2.2	0.6	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33			10
5	3.5	0.75	0.83	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.66	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33			10
5	4.5	1	1.39	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10
7.5	6	1	2.22	10	59.00	1.00	7.1	4.7	0.33			10
5	2.8	0.75	0.83	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33			10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	31.00	1.00	2.9	1.9	0.33			10
5	6	1	2.22	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33			10
7.5	6	1	1.94	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33			10
5	6	1	1.67	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33			10
5	6	1	1.66	10	60.00	1.00	7.2	4.8	0.33			10
5	2.3	0.6	0.83	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33			10
5	3	0.75	1.11	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33			10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33		25	10
5	6	1	3.33	10								
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33		10	10
5	2.5	1	1.11	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	7	1	1.67	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33			10
5	3.2	0.75	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33		10	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	34.00	1.00	3.4	2.2	0.33			10
5	3	1	0.83	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.66	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33			10
5	4.5	2	0.83	10	27.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33			10
5	5.5	1	1.67	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33			10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33		25	10
.....	†3.5	0.35	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33		10	10
	††1.75											
5	2.5	0.75	1.11	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33		10	10
5	5	1	1.67	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33			10
5	4	0.75	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.38	10	48.00	1.00	5.4	3.6	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33		10	10
5	5	1	1.66	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10

†First 30 hours per kw-hr.
††Next 70 hours per kw-hr.

STATEMENT

**Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities**

Municipality C—City T—Town (pop. 2,000 or more)	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municip- ality on a horse- power basis	Domestic service					
		Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
			Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
	\$ c.	cents		cents	cents	\$ c.	%
Caledonia.....	32 38	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Campbellville.....	62 90	33-66	40	6	2	2.22	10
Cannington.....	43 54	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Cardinal.....	41 65	33-66	50	3.5	2	1.39	10
Carleton Place.....T	37 06	33-66	50	3.5	2	0.83	10
Cayuga.....	53 88	33-66	45	5	2	1.66	10
Chatham.....C	31 03	33-66	60	2.5	1.1	0.83	10
Chatsworth.....	48 16	33-66	40	5.5	2	1.67	10
Chesley.....	37 54	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Chesterville.....	43 07	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Chippawa.....	25 87	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
Clifford.....	67 08	33-66	50	5	2	1.66	10
Clinton.....	39 01	33-66	60	2.5	1.5	1.11	10
Cobourg.....T	40 91	33-66	50	3.7	2	0.83	10
Colborne.....	40 96	33-66	60	5	2	0.83	10
Coldwater.....	42 92	33-66	55	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
Collingwood.....T	41 11	33-66	55	2.5	1	0.83	10
Comber.....	48 97	33-66	50	4	2	1.38	10
Cookstown.....	52 79	33-66	35	7	2	1.67	10
Cottam.....	43 96	33-66	50	4	2	1.66	10
Courtright.....	80 29	33-66	50	6	2	2.22	10
Creemore.....	57 27	33-66	45	5	2	1.66	10
Dashwood.....	53 06	33-66	45	4.5	2	1.11	10
Delaware.....	38 75	33-66	50	3.5	2	1.11	10
Deseronto.....	59 37	33-66	50	5	2	1.11	10
Dorchester.....	41 94	33-66	60	2.5	1.4	0.83	10
Drayton.....	63 71	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Dresden.....	44 87	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
Drumbo.....	41 97	33-66	50	4	1.5	1.11	10
Dublin.....	60 93	33-66	60	6	2	1.67	10
Dundalk.....	39 82	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Dundas.....T	27 09	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Dunnville.....T	30 55	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Durham.....	42 47	33-66	50	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Dutton.....	37 29	33-66	60	2.3	1.1	0.83	10
East Windsor.....C	32 37	.....	60	3.6	1.2	0.83	10
East York twp.....	32.29	33-66	60	2.2	1.2	0.83	10
Elmira.....T	35 88	33-66	60	3	1.25	0.83	10
Elmvale.....	40 99	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Elmwood.....	43 23	33-66	45	5	2	1.39	10

NOTE.—Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

"E"—Continued

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service
Served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	%
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	6	1	2.22	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.39	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	min. 3.33	.....	10
5	3.5	1	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.66	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.8	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33	.....	10	10
5	5.5	1	1.67	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.75	1.11	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.66	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	1.11	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.7	1	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33	.....	10	10
5	5	1	0.83	10	39.00	1.00	4.1	2.7	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	4	1	1.38	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	7	1	1.67	10	43.00	1.00	4.7	3.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.66	10	43.00	1.00	4.7	3.1	0.33	min. 2.22	.....	10
7.5	6	1	2.22	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.66	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4.8	1	1.11	10	48.00	1.00	5.4	3.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	34.00	1.00	3.4	2.2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	0.75	1.11	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.75	1.11	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	44.00	1.00	4.8	3.2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	6	1	1.67	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	0.6	0.83	10	19.00	1.00	2	1.4	0.33	.....	25	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.3	0.75	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.5	0.8	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.2	0.6	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.39	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10

STATEMENT

Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities

Municipality	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municipality on a horse-power basis	Domestic service					
		Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
			Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
C—City T—Town (pop. 2,000 or more)							
	\$ c.	cents		cents	cents	\$ c.	%
Elora.....	37.85	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Embro.....	45.68	33-66	55	3.2	1.5	1.67	10
Erieau.....	53.58	33-66	45	5	2	1.67	10
Erie Beach.....	65.98	33-66	50	7	2	1.94	10
Essex.....	36.06	33-66	60	2.5	1.2	0.83	10
Etobicoke twp.....	28.08	33-66	60	2.2	1.2	0.83	10
Exeter.....	39.54	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Fergus.....	37.38	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Finch.....	65.53	33-66	40	4	2	1.66	10
Flesherton.....	46.92	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Fonthill.....	33.59	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.38	10
Forest.....	46.44	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Fort William.....C	26.82	33-66	50	2.5	1	0.83	10
Galt.....C	28.80	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Gamebridge.....	.....	33-66	45	5	2	1.67	10
Georgetown.....T	36.85	33-66	60	2.2	1.1	0.83	10
Glencoe.....	57.68	33-66	55	3.5	2	1.11	10
Glen Williams.....	.....	33-66	60	3	1.5	0.83	10
Goderich.....T	43.37	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Grand Valley.....	56.59	33-66	45	5	2	1.39	10
Granton.....	54.67	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Gravenhurst.....	25.14	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Guelph.....C	28.96	33-33	60	2	1	0.83	10
Hagersville.....	35.50	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Hamilton.....C	25.84	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Hanover.....T	33.98	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Harriston.....	47.31	33-66	55	4	1.5	1.11	10
Harrow.....	39.01	33-66	55	2.8	1.3	0.83	10
Hastings.....	50.75	33-66	45	5	2	1.94	10
Havelock.....	52.26	33-66	50	5	2	0.83	10
Hensall.....	52.63	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Hespeler.....T	29.14	33-66	60	2.7	1.5	0.83	10
Highgate.....	46.73	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10
Holstein.....	115.90	33-66	60	9	5	1.67	10
Humberstone.....	29.30	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Huntsville.....T	31.51	33-66	55	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Ingersoll.....T	30.71	33-66	60	2	1.2	0.83	10
Jarvis.....	45.79	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10
Kemptville.....	41.78	33-66	50	3.5	2	0.83	10
Kincardine.....T	52.59	33-66	40	4	2	1.11	10

NOTE.—Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

"E"—Continued

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service
Served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	%
5	3	0.75	1.11	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.2	1	1.67	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.67	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	min. 2.22	.....	10
5	7	1	1.94	10	60.00	1.00	7.2	4.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.2	0.6	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	29.00	1.00	2.6	1.7	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	0.75	1.11	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.94	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	0.75	1.38	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	0.75	1.11	10	42.00	1.00	4.6	3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.75	1	0.1	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.6	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	5	1	1.67	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.2	0.6	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	48.00	1.00	5.4	3.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.39	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	1	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33	.....	25	10
5	2	0.5	0.83	10	15.00	1.00	1.3	0.8	0.33	.....	25	10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33	.....	10	10
5	†3.5	0.35	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.67	1.11	0.133	.....	10	10
	††1.75											
5	3	1	0.83	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.8	1	0.83	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	2	1.94	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	0.83	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.7	0.75	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	9	5	1.67	10	74.00	1.00	9.3	6.2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	29.00	1.00	2.6	1.7	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	0.6	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	4	0.75	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	0.83	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10

†First 30 hours per kw-hr.

††Next 70 hours per kw-hr.

STATEMENT

**Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities**

Municipality C—City T—Town pop. 2,000 or more)	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municip- ality on a horse- power basis	Domestic service					
		Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
			Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
	\$ c.	cents		cents	cents	\$ c.	%
Kingston C	24.00-36.00	33-66	50	2	1	0.83	10
Kingsville T	38.85	33-66	55	2.8	1.2	0.83	10
Kirkfield	63.77	33-66	40	6	2	2.22	10
Kitchener C	28.16	33-66	60	2	1.2	0.83	10
Lakefield	47.65	33-66	50	3	2	0.83	10
Lambeth	41.46	33-66	50	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Lanark	50.16	33-66	50	4	2	0.83	10
Lancaster	89.33	33-66	60	6	2	1.94	10
La Salle	35.60	33-66	50	3.5	1.75	1.11	10
Leamington T	38.42	33-66	55	2.6	1.25	0.83	10
Leaside . . . . .	.....	*3	..	**2	1.5	0.83	10
Lindsay T	42.46	33-66	40	3	1.5	0.83	10
Listowel T	38.80	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	1.11	10
London C	27.02	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
London twp.	34.03	33-66	55	2.8	1.3	1.11	10
Long Branch T	29.74	33-66	60	2.2	1.2	0.83	10
Lucan	38.61	33-66	55	3.2	1.3	1.11	10
Lucknow	59.68	33-66	45	4.5	2	1.67	10
Lynden	39.21	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.38	10
Madoc	49.36	33-66	50	4	2	0.83	10
Markdale	37.91	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Markham	41.55	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Marmora	50.43	33-66	60	5	2	1.11	10
Martintown	51.40	33-66	40	6	2	1.66	10
Maxville	64.42	33-66	60	6	2	1.66	10
Meaford T	44.97	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Merlin	47.42	33-66	50	4.5	2	1.11	10
Merritton T	23.90	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Midland T	33.54	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Mildmay	46.69	33-66	40	5	2	1.67	10
Milton	36.95	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Milverton	36.84	33-66	60	3	1.5	1.11	10
Mimico T	26.84	33-66	60	2.4	1.2	0.83	10
Mitchell	34.34	33-33	60	2.5	1.5	0.83	10
Moorefield	66.06	33-66	50	4.5	2	1.39	10
Mount Brydges	41.66	33-66	55	2.8	1.3	1.11	10
Mount Forest	47.18	33-66	60	2.25	1.25	0.83	10
Napanee T	39.05	33-66	50	3.8	2	0.83	10
Neustadt	111.65	33-66	60	8	2	1.67	10
Newbury	53.77	33-66	45	5	2	1.38	10

NOTE.—Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

*Service charge per 100 sq. ft.

**Per kw-hr. for first 3 kw-hr. per 100 sq. ft.

“E”—Continued

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service Served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	%
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.5	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.8	0.75	0.83	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	10	10
5	6	1	2.22	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	19.00	1.00	2	1.4	0.33	.....	25	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33	.....	10	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	60.00	1.00	7.2	4.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	6	1	2.78	10	69.00	1.00	8.6	5.7	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.6	0.75	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
.....	\$4 & 2	1	0.83	10	23.28	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.5	0.75	1.11	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	0.5	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33	.....	25	10
5	2.8	0.75	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.2	0.6	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	3.2	0.75	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4.5	1	1.67	10	43.00	1.00	4.7	3.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1.5	0.83	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	0.83	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.11	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	6	1	2.22	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	6	1	2.22	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4.5	1	1.11	10	37.00	1.00	3.8	2.5	0.33	min. 2.22	.....	10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33	.....	25	10
5	2	1	0.83	10	17.00	1.00	1.7	1.1	0.33	.....	25	10
5	5	1	1.67	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33	.....	10	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.4	0.6	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4.5	1	1.11	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.8	0.75	1.11	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.25	1	0.83	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.8	1	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	8	1	1.67	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.38	10	53.00	1.00	6.2	4.1	0.33	.....	.....	10

§First 70 hours 4 cents per kw-hr.
Next 70 hours 2 cents per kw-hr.

STATEMENT

**Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities**

Municipality	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municipality on a horse-power basis	Domestic service					
		Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
			Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
C—City T—Town pop. 2,000 or more)							
	\$ c.	cents		cents	cents	\$ c.	%
New Hamburg.....	34 96	33-66	60	3	1.5	0.83	10
New Toronto.....T	29 56	33-66	60	2	1.1	0.83	10
Niagara Falls.....C	21 78	33-66	60	2	1	0.92	10 & 10
Niagara-on-the-Lake.....	27 81	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Nipigon twp.....	37 43	33-66	55	3.5	1.25	1.39	10
North York twp.....	32 43	33-66	55	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Norwich.....	35 68	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Norwood.....	42 90	33-66	50	5	2	1.11	10
Oil Springs.....	42 69	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10
Omeme.....	.....	33-66	60	4	2	1.11	10
Orangeville.....T	47 74	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Oshawa.....C	40 46	33-66	40	3 5	1.5	0.83	10
Ottawa.....C	14 82	33-66	60	2	0.5	0.83	10
Ottawa.....C	.....	33-66	60	1	.....	.....	.....
Otterville.....	48 11	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10
Owen Sound.....C	34 00	33-66	60	2.5	1	0.83	10
Paisley.....	59 14	33-66	45	5	2	1 67	10
Palmerston.....	41 79	33-66	60	2.7	1.5	1.11	10
Paris.....T	29 25	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Parkhill.....	62 82	33-66	50	4.5	2	1 38	10
Penetanguishene.....T	37 97	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Perth.....T	34 34	33-66	55	3	1	0.83	10
Peterborough.....C	33 36	33-66	50	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Petrolia.....T	38 44	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Pictou.....T	47 83	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Plattsville.....	52 99	33-66	45	5	2	1 66	10
Point Edward.....	38 20	.....	60	3.7	1.3	0.83	10
Port Arthur.....C	26 28	33-66	30	2	1	0.83	10 & 10
Port Colborne.....T	28 57	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Port Credit.....	35 28	33-66	60	2.2	1.2	0.83	10
Port Dalhousie.....	31 18	33-66	60	2.2	1.2	0.83	10
Port Dover.....	36 89	33-66	50	3	1.25	1.11	10
Port Elgin.....	40 06	33-66	40	3.5	2	1.39	10
Port Hope.....T	41 45	33-66	60	3.5	2	0.83	10
Port McNicoll.....	39 02	33-66	50	3.5	1.5	0.83	10
Port Perry.....	52 43	33-66	50	3.5	1.5	1.11	10
Port Rowan.....	60 63	33-66	60	6	2	1 66	10
Port Stanley.....	38 15	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10
Prescott.....T	33 07	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10
Preston.....T	28 31	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10
Priceville.....	66 84	33-66	60	8	2	1 67	10

NOTE. Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

"E"—Continued

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service Served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	%
5	3	1	0.83	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	2	0.6	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33		10	10
5	2	0.35	0.88	15	15.00	1.00	1.3	0.8	0.33		25	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33	min. 2.00		10
5	3.5	1	1.39	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33			10
5	3.5	0.75	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.11	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.11	10	34.00	1.00	3.4	2.2	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.11	10	37.00	1.00	3.8	2.5	0.33			10
5	3	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33		10	10
.....	†5	0.5	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.8	1.2	0.15		15	10
5	†2.2	1	1.11	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33			10
5	3	1	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33		25	10
5	5	1	1.67	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33			10
5	2.7	1	1.11	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33			10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33		25	10
5	4.5	1	1.38	10	48.00	1.00	5.4	3.6	0.33			10
5	3	1	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33		10	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33		10	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33		25	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	29.00	1.00	2.6	1.7	0.33			10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.66	10	48.00	1.00	5.4	3.6	0.33	min. 2.00		10
5	2.8	0.75	0.83	10	27.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33			10
5	2	0.5	0.83	10 & 10	22.00	1.00	1.75	1	0.1			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33			10
5	2.2	0.75	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	2.2	0.75	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33		10	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	1.39	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33		10	10
5	3.5	1	0.83	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10
5	6	2	1.66	10	60.00	1.00	7.2	4.8	0.33			10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	37.00	1.00	3.8	2.5	0.33	min. 1.11		10
5	2	1	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33		10	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	19.00	1.00	2	1.4	0.33		25	10
5	8	1	1.67	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33			10

†First 30 hours per kw-hr.
 ††Next 70 hours per kw-hr.

STATEMENT

**Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities**

Municipality C—City T—Town (pop. 2,000 or more)	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municip- ality on a horse- power basis	Domestic service					
		Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
			Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
Princeton	\$ c. 47 20	cents 33-66	50	cents 3 5	cents 2	\$ c. 1 66	C 10
Queenston	28 63	33-66	65	3	1.5	1.38	10
Richmond	58 21	33-66	35	6	2	1.95	10
Richmond Hill	31 37	33-66	60	2 5	1.25	0.83	10
Ridgetown	38 90	33-66	60	2 2	1.25	0.83	10
Ripley	76 33	33-66	50	7	2	1 67	10
Riverside	34 61	..	55	4 2	1.5	0 83	10
Rockwood	42 52	33-66	60	2 7	1.25	1 11	10
Rodney	49 31	33-66	55	3	1.5	0 83	10
Rosseau	109 17	*33	..	8	2	*2 22	10
Russell	63 84	33-66	50	6	2	1 39	10
St. Catharines	24 02	33-66	30-60	2	1	0 83	10
St. Clair Beach	40 54	.....	55	5 2	1.75	1 66	10
St. George	41 14	33-66	60	2 5	1.25	0 83	10
St. Jacobs	35 52	33-66	60	3	1 5	1 11	10
St. Marys	36 51	33-66	60	2 5	1.5	1 11	10
St. Thomas	28 47	33-66	60	2	1	0 83	10
Sandwich	32 58	.....	60	3 6	1 2	0 83	10
Sarnia	33 41	.....	60	3 5	1 1	0 83	10
Scarboro twp.	31 38	33-33	60	2 6	1 3	0 83	10
Seaforth	36 66	33-66	60	2 5	1.25	0 83	10
Shelburne	48 19	33-66	50	3	1 5	1 11	10
Simcoe	30 33	33-66	60	2	1.25	0 83	10
Smiths Falls	31 86	33-66	55	3	1.5	0 83	10
Southampton	39 28	33-66	40	3 5	2	1 39	10
Springfield	50 17	33-66	55	3 5	1 5	1 11	10
Stamford twp.	22 48	33-66	60	2 25	1 25	0 83	10
Stayner	43 16	33-66	55	2 5	1 25	0 83	10
Stirling	33 62	33-66	45	2 5	1 25	0 83	10
Stouffville	45 95	33-66	55	3 2	1 5	1 11	10
Stratford	30 38	33-66	60	2 3	1 25	0 83	10
Strathroy	32 48	33-66	60	2 5	1 25	0 83	10
Sunderland	61 12	33-66	45	5	2	1 39	10
Sutton	53 99	33-33	50	4	2	1 11	10
Tara	46 27	33-66	40	4	2	1 11	10
Tavistock	36 35	33-66	60	2 5	1 25	0 83	10
Tecumseh	38 46	.....	55	4 7	1 75	1 11	10
Teeswater	58 13	33-66	60	5	2	1 67	10
Thamesford	41 53	33-66	60	2 4	1 2	1 11	10
Thamesville	40 36	33-66	55	3	1 25	0 83	10
Thedford	66 36	33-66	50	6	2	1 66	10
Thorndale	65 17	33-66	50	4	2	1 38	10
Thornton	70 45	33-66	60	8	2	1 67	10
Thorold	25 66	33-66	60	2	1	0 83	10
Tillbury	39 42	33-66	60	2 2	1 2	0 83	10

NOTE.—Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

*According to consumers' demand.

"E"—Continued

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service
Service by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	%
5	3.5	1	1.66	10	42.00	1.00	4.6	3	0.33			10
5	3	1	1.38	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	6	1	2.22	10	60.00	1.00	7.2	4.8	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	2.2	0.75	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33		10	10
5	7	1	1.67	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33			10
5	3	0.8	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33			10
5	2.7	0.75	1.11	10	42.00	1.00	4.6	3	0.33			10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33			10
5	8	2	*2.22	10	58.00	1.00	6.9	4.6	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.94	10	56.00	1.00	6.6	4.4	0.33			10
.....	†3.5	0.35	0.83	10	17.00	1.00	1.67	1.13	0.16		25	10
5	4	1	1.66	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33			10
5	3	1	1.11	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33		10	10
5	2.5	0.75	1.11	10	27.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33			10
5	2	0.5	0.83	10	17.00	1.00	1.7	1.1	0.33		25	10
5	2.5	0.8	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33		10	10
5	2.4	0.6	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33		10	10
5	2.4	0.6	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33		10	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	29.00	1.00	2.6	1.7	0.33			10
5	3	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	3	1	0.83	10	26.00	1.00	2.2	1.4	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	1.39	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33			10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	42.00	1.00	4.6	3	0.33			10
5	2.25	0.6	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33		25	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33			10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33			10
5	3.2	1	1.11	10	43.00	1.00	4.7	3.1	0.33			10
5	2.3	0.75	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	27.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.39	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.11	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.11	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33			10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33			10
5	3.5	0.8	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33			10
5	5	1	1.67	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33			10
5	2.4	0.75	1.11	10	29.00	1.00	2.6	1.7	0.33			10
5	3	0.75	0.83	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33			10
7.5	6	1	1.66	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33			10
5	4	1	1.38	10	48.00	1.00	5.4	3.6	0.33			10
5	8	1	1.67	10	58.00	1.00	6.9	4.6	0.33			10
5	2	0.5	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33		25	10
5	2.2	0.75	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33		10	10

†First 30 hours per kw-hr.
‡Next 70 hours per kw-hr.

¶Next 260 hours per kw-hr.

STATEMENT

Cost of Power to Municipalities and Rates to Consumers for
for the Year 1933, in Urban Municipalities

Municipality (—City T—Town pop. 2,000 or more)	Annual cost to the Commission on the works to serve electrical energy to municip- ality on a horse- power basis		Domestic service					
			Service charge per month	First rate		All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount
				Number of kw-hr. per month	Per kw-hr. per month			
Tillsonburg.....T	\$ 33.89	c. 33-66	60	2	1.2	\$ 0.83	10	
Toronto.....C	26.59	*3	..	**2	1	0.83	10	
Toronto twp.....	31.91	33-66	55	2.7	1.3	1.11	10	
Tottenham.....	84.78	33-66	30	7	2	1.67	10	
Trafalgar twp., Area 1	.....	55	60	3.5	2	1.11	10
Trafalgar twp., Area 2	.....	44-66	55	3.5	2	1.38	10
Trenton.....T	30.99	33-66	50	3.5	1.5	0.83	10	
Tweed.....	63.00	33-33	60	5.5	2	1.11	10	
Uxbridge.....	54.46	33-66	50	3.5	1.5	1.11	10	
Victoria Harbour.....	42.74	33-66	55	3	1.5	1.11	10	
Walkerton.....T	36.02	33-66	50	3.5	2	1.11	10	
Walkerville.....T	29.55	.....	60	3.6	1.2	0.83	10
Wallaceburg.....T	37.45	33-66	60	2.5	1.2	0.83	10	
Wardsville.....	61.68	33-66	40	6	2	1.66	10	
Warkworth.....	52.06	33-66	50	5	2	1.55	10	
Waterdown.....	32.60	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10	
Waterford.....	31.57	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10	
Waterloo.....T	28.88	33-66	60	2	1.25	0.83	10	
Watford.....	50.77	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10	
Waubashene.....	43.66	33-66	55	2.5	1.25	1.11	10	
Welland.....C	24.65	33-66	60	2.2	1.1	0.83	10	
Wellesley.....	49.86	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10	
Wellington.....	46.70	33-66	50	2.5	1.25	0.83	10	
West Lorne.....	40.51	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10	
Weston.....T	27.27	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10	
Westport.....	78.25	33-66	30	7	2	2.78	10	
Wheatley.....	53.39	33-66	50	4	1.5	1.39	10	
Whitby.....T	39.92	33-66	60	3	1.25	0.94	20	
Warton.....	69.21	33-66	40	5	2	1.67	10	
Williamsburg.....	36.21	33-66	60	3	2	1.39	10	
Winchester.....	40.09	33-66	60	2.5	1.25	0.83	10	
Windermere.....	66.41	‡33	..	8	2	‡2.22	10	
Windsor.....C	29.38	.....	60	3.6	1.2	0.83	10
Wingham.....T	61.38	33-66	45	4	1.5	1.11	10	
Woodbridge.....	34.32	33-66	55	3	1.5	0.83	10	
Woodstock.....C	28.81	33-66	60	2	1	0.83	10	
Woodville.....	56.78	33-66	50	4	2	1.11	10	
Wyoming.....	52.61	33-66	50	4.5	2	1.38	10	
York tp. (inc. Swansea and Forest Hill).....	.....	33-66	60	2	1.3	0.83	10
Zurich.....	65.43	33-66	50	4.5	2	1.38	10	

NOTE.—Domestic service charge—33 cents per month per service when the permanently installed appliance load is under 2,000 watts and 66 cents per month when over 2,000 watts.

*Service charge per 100 sq. ft.

**Per kw-hr. for first 3-kw-hr. per 100 sq. ft.

“E”—Concluded

Domestic Service—Commercial Light Service—Power Service
Served by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission

Commercial light service					Power light service							
Service charge per 100 watts min. 1,000 watts	First 100 hrs. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum gross monthly bill	Prompt payment discount	Basis of rate 130 hours monthly use of demand	Service charge per h.p. per month	First 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	Second 50 hr. per month per kw-hr.	All additional per kw-hr.	Minimum or maximum per h.p. per month	Local discount	Prompt payment discount
cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	%	\$ c.	\$ c.	cents	cents	cents	\$ c.	¢	¢
5	2	0.6	0.83	10	24.00	1.00	2.3	1.5	0.33	.....	10	10
.....	\$4&2	1	0.83	10	.....	D.C.a	2.5	1.25	0.60	.....	.....	10
5	2.7	0.7	1.11	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33	.....	10	10
5	7	1	1.67	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
.....	†8	1	1.11	10	37.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	1	.....	.....	10
	††											
5	3.5	1.5	1.38	10	38.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	1.5	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5.5	1	1.11	10	32.00	1.00	3.1	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.11	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3.5	1	1.11	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.8	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.5	0.7	0.83	10	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	6	1	1.66	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.55	10	45.00	1.00	4.9	3.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.75	0.83	10	28.00	1.00	2.5	1.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	20.00	1.00	1.6	1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2.25	1	0.83	10	19.00	1.00	2	1.4	0.33	.....	25	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	43.00	1.00	4.7	3.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	1.11	10	33.00	1.00	3.2	2	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.2	0.6	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33	.....	25	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	36.00	1.00	3.7	2.4	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	30.00	1.00	2.8	1.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	0.6	0.83	10	18.00	1.00	1.9	1.2	0.33	.....	25	10
5	7	1	†2.78	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4	1	1.39	10	40.00	1.00	4.3	2.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5.6	3	1	0.94	20	25.00	1.00	2	1.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	5	1	1.67	10	43.00	1.00	4.7	3.1	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	1.39	10	55.00	1.00	6.5	4.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	1	0.83	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	min. 2.22	.....	10
5	8	2	†2.22	10	58.00	1.00	6.9	4.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2.5	0.8	0.83	10	23.00	1.00	2.1	1.4	0.33	.....	10	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	38.00	1.00	4	2.6	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	3	1	0.83	10	22.00	1.00	1.9	1.3	0.33	.....	10	10
5	2	0.5	0.83	10	17.00	1.00	1.7	1.1	0.33	.....	25	10
5	4	1	1.11	10	35.00	1.00	3.5	2.3	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	4.5	1	1.38	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	.....	.....	10
5	2	0.75	0.83	10	21.00	1.00	1.8	1.1	0.33	.....	10	10
5	4.5	1	1.38	10	50.00	1.00	5.7	3.8	0.33	min. 2.77	.....	10

†First 30 hours per kw-hr.

§First 70 hours, 4 cents per kw-hr.

††Next 70 hours per kw-hr.

Next 70 hours, 2 cents per kw-hr.

‡According to consumers' demand.

a. D.C. Service charge \$1.35 per h.p. for first 10 h.p., plus \$1.00 per h.p., for additional h.p.

b. A.C. Service charge \$1.25 per h.p. for first 10 h.p., plus \$1.00 per h.p. for additional h.p.

ADDENDA

PAGE

- 296 Brantford "Debenture balance" includes a balance of \$158,000.00 on purchase agreement.
- 303 Hamilton "Other liabilities" includes a balance of \$1,812,500.00 on purchase agreement.
- 342 Brantford, the statement includes earnings and expenses from other plants.

APPENDIX I

ACTS

CHAPTER 47

An Act to amend The Power Commission Act.

Assented to April 18th, 1933.

HIS MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, enacts as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as *The Power Commission Act, 1933*. Short title.

2. Section 43a of *The Power Commission Act* as enacted by section 7 of *The Power Commission Act, 1930*, is repealed and the following substituted therefor: Rev. Stat.,
c. 57, s. 43a
(1930),
c. 12, s. 7,
re-enacted.

43a.—(1) Where under the authority of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, the Commission has acquired or constructed, is in the process of acquiring or constructing or may hereafter acquire or construct works for the generation, transmission or distribution of electric power or energy, wholly or partly in anticipation of a future demand for power in any of the territorial districts of the Province as set forth in *The Territorial Division Act*, and His Majesty and the Commission have entered into an agreement in relation thereto as provided in subsection 2, such works shall be held by the Commission in trust for His Majesty in right of the Province of Ontario. When title
to under-
takings in
territorial
districts to
be in the
Crown.

Rev. Stat.,
c. 3.

(2) His Majesty the King may enter into an agreement or agreements with the Commission, relating to any or all of the works mentioned in subsection 1, providing for payment to the Commission out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Province the amounts from time to time by which the Agreements
between the
Crown and
the Commis-
sion as to
undertakings
in territorial
districts.
c. 3.

revenues which have been or may hereafter be derived from such works are or may be insufficient to meet in full the annual costs and charges in connection therewith as determined by the Commission, including the items set forth in clauses *a*, *b* and *c* of section 56; and such agreement or agreements when executed by the President of the Executive Council representing His Majesty and the Commission shall be valid and binding on the Province and the Commission respectively.

Terms of
agreements.

- (3) Such agreement or agreements may provide the time and manner of such payments, the works in respect of which such payments are to be made, the rates of interest on any sums so paid and the repayment of the same out of any surplus thereafter arising from the revenue derived from such works and generally such other matters, things and conditions as may be necessary or incidental thereto.

Units of
under-
takings.

- (4) For the purposes of this section all of such works may be treated as one or more units as the Commission may from time to time determine.

Municipal
contracts.

- (5) The Commission may contract with any municipal corporation or person for the supply of electric power or energy from such works at such rates and upon such terms and conditions as the Commission may deem proper.

By-law
No. 860 of
Town of
Oakville,
confirmed.

3. By-law number 860 of the corporation of the town of Oakville and agreement dated the 1st day of November, 1932, between the said corporation and the Commission authorized by and referred to in said by-law as schedule 1 thereto, are hereby ratified and confirmed and declared to be legal, valid and binding upon the said corporation and the ratepayers thereof, and upon the Commission, its successors and assigns.

By-laws
confirmed.

4. By-law number 584 of the corporation of the village of Colborne; by-law number 10 of the corporation of the village of Mildmay, and all debentures issued or to be issued or purporting to be issued under any of the said by-laws which authorize the issue of debentures are confirmed and declared to be legal, valid and binding upon such corporations and ratepayers thereof respectively and shall not be open to question upon any ground whatsoever notwithstanding the requirements of *The Power Commission Act* or the amendments thereto or any other general or special Act.

Rev. Stat.
c. 57.

Commence-
ment of Act.

5. This Act shall come into force on the day upon which it receives the Royal Assent.

CHAPTER I

An Act respecting the Acquisition of the Properties
of Ontario Power Service Corporation.*Assented to April 18th, 1933.*

HIS MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, enacts as follows:

1. This Act may be cited as *The Abitibi Canyon Power Development Act, 1933.* Short title.
2. The acquisition and purchase by The Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario in the action in the Supreme Court between Montreal Trust Company as plaintiff and Ontario Power Service Corporation Limited and others as defendants of all the real and personal property, assets and undertaking of Ontario Power Service Corporation Limited described in a Deed of Trust and Mortgage, dated 1st July, 1930, made by the said Corporation in favour of Montreal Trust Company, which includes an uncompleted power development at Abitibi Canyon on the Abitibi River, are hereby ratified and confirmed and the said Commission is authorized to do all acts and things necessary or desirable to complete such acquisition and purchase. Confirmation of purchase of Abitibi Canyon Power Development.
3. Subject to the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council the said Commission is hereby authorized to settle, compromise and pay on such terms as it may deem advisable all or any claims of contractors and other creditors of Ontario Power Service Corporation Limited. Settlement of claims.
4. The said Commission is further authorized to complete in whole or in part at such time or times as it shall deem advisable the said power development. Completion of works.
5. The said Commission is further authorized to issue bonds, debentures or other securities of the Commission for any of the purposes set out in this Act, in such form and containing such terms and at such rate of interest and payable in such manner and at such time or times as the Lieutenant-Governor in Council may determine, and the Lieutenant-Governor in Council is hereby authorized to agree to guarantee the payment of the principal and interest of any such bonds, debentures or other securities issued by the said Commission, and all of the provisions of section 37 of *The Power Commission Act* shall apply to any such bonds, debentures or other securities when so guaranteed. Issue of securities and Provincial guarantee. Rev. Stat., c. 57.

Powers to be additional to Rev. Stat., c. 57.

6. The provisions of this Act shall be deemed to be in addition to and not in derogation of any power of the said Commission under *The Power Commission Act*.

Commencement of Act.

7. This Act shall come into force on the day upon which it receives the Royal Assent.

CHAPTER 28

The Manitoulin Rural Power District Act, 1933.

Assented to April 18th, 1933.

HIS MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, enacts as follows:

Short title.

1. This Act may be cited as *The Manitoulin Rural Power District Act, 1933*.

Application of Part IV of Rev. Stat., c. 57.

2. Part IV of *The Power Commission Act* shall apply, and from and after the 1st day of September, 1932, shall be deemed to have applied to any municipality situate in the district of Manitoulin notwithstanding that such municipality is not a township, and any contract entered into between the corporation of any such municipality and the Commission since the 1st day of September, 1932, purporting to have been made pursuant to the said Part IV shall be legal, valid and binding upon the corporation and the ratepayers thereof.

Commencement of Act.

3. This Act shall come into force on the day upon which it receives the Royal Assent.

APPENDIX II

TRANSMISSION LINE RECORDS

Corrected to October 31, 1933

including

Summaries of data respecting mileage of transmission lines built or acquired by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission. The sizes, materials, lengths, and weights of conductors, and other particulars of the high-voltage steel-tower transmission lines, the wood-pole transmission lines—excepting 4,000 volts or less—and the telephone lines.

TRANSMISSION LINE RECORDS—ALL SYSTEMS

The total mileage of lines built and acquired by the Commission up to October 31, 1933, for the various systems, excepting all lines operating at less than 4,000 volts, is indicated in the following table:

TOTAL MILEAGE OF TRANSMISSION LINES

System and type of construction	Miles
Niagara system—220,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	705.27
Northern Ontario properties—132,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	360.61
Niagara system—110,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	712.50
Niagara system—110,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	67.16
Eastern Ontario system—110,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	52.94
Eastern Ontario system—110,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	61.51
Thunder Bay system—110,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	82.12
Thunder Bay system—110,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	83.33
Thunder Bay system—22,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	0.35
Thunder Bay system—12,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	1.45
Georgian Bay system—110,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	55.83
Niagara system—90,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	66.20
Niagara system—60,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	69.88
Niagara system—60,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	23.72
Niagara system—46,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	16.94
Niagara system—46,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	21.54
Niagara system—30,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	13.29
Niagara system—26,400-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	606.62
Niagara system—13,200-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	435.44
Niagara system—12,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	115.04
Dominion Power system—44,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	36.30
Dominion Power system—44,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	141.55
Dominion Power system—22,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	28.54
Dominion Power system—22,000-volt, concrete-pole transmission lines.....	9.05
Dominion Power system—11,500-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	4.45
Dominion Power system—10,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	6.78
Georgian Bay system—(38,000-volt).....	54.28
Georgian Bay system—(6,600-volt).....	2.30
Georgian Bay system—	
Severn district—(22,000-volt).....	177.01
Eugenia district—(22,000-volt).....	320.59
Wasdells district—(22,000-volt).....	83.72
Muskoka district—(38,000-volt and less).....	26.46
Eastern Ontario system—	
Central Ontario district—(44,000-volt and less).....	503.06
St. Lawrence district—(44,000-volt).....	125.18
Rideau district—(26,400-volt).....	76.87
Madawaska district—(33,000-volt and less).....	58.71
Northern Ontario properties—	
Nipissing district—(22,000-volt).....	51.39
Sudbury district—(22,000-volt).....	33.23
Total.....	5,291.21
Total separate wood-pole telephone lines for high-voltage systems.....	1,131.06

NOTE: Of the above, the Niagara system and some of the Northern Ontario properties are operated at 25 cycles. The other systems are operated at 60 cycles.

TRANSMISSION LINE RECORDS—ALL SYSTEMS

TOTAL MILEAGES AND WEIGHTS OF CONDUCTORS

	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
High-voltage lines, 220,000 volts, Niagara system.....	2,111.67	4.14	2,115.81	11,371,343	22,294	11,393,637
High-voltage lines, 132,000 volts, Northern Ontario properties..	1,134.00	1,029.66	2,163.66	3,141,180	4,424,302	7,565,482
High-voltage lines, 110,000 volts and less, Niagara system...	5,207.37	1.96	5,209.33	16,172,986	8,030	16,181,016
High-voltage lines, 110,000 volts, Thunder Bay system.....	743.61	4.62	748.23	1,919,335	12,797	1,932,132
High-voltage lines, 110,000 volts, Eastern Ontario system.....	351.24		351.24	1,074,082		1,074,082
High-voltage lines, 110,000 volts, Georgian Bay system.....	176.01		176.01	227,268		227,268
Wood and steel power lines built and acquired by the Commission.....	9,755.93	49.80	9,805.73	9,666,302	38,147	9,704,449
Dominion Power system acquired by the Commission.....	817.42		817.42	1,521,082		1,521,082
Telephone lines built and acquired by the Commission and erected on wood-pole lines carrying power conductors.....	4,907.76	7.01	4,914.77	1,155,717	1,551	1,157,268
High-voltage telephone lines, Niagara system, 220,000 volts	426.90		426.90	82,230		82,230
High-voltage telephone lines, Northern Ontario properties, 132,000-volts.....		381.52	381.52		85,372	85,372
High-voltage telephone lines, Niagara system.....	3,353.34		3,353.34	577,924		577,924
High-voltage telephone lines, Eastern Ontario system...	230.06		230.06	78,698		78,698
High-voltage telephone lines, Thunder Bay system.....	199.18		199.18	71,004		71,004
High-voltage telephone lines, Georgian Bay system.....	111.66		111.16	43,324		43,324
Totals.....	29,526.15	1,478.71	31,004.86	47,102,475	4,592,493	51,694,968

NOTE.—This table does not include lines operated at less than 6,600 volts.

NIAGARA SYSTEM—

TOTAL MILEAGE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES

Type of construction	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
220,000-volt steel-supported transmission lines.....	703.89	1.38	705.27

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
795,000 c.m., a.c.s-r.....	2,111.67	4.14	2,115.81

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES—ABITIBI

TOTAL MILEAGE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES

Type of construction	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
132,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	189.00	171.61	360.61

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductor		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
715,500 c.m., a.c.s-r.....		342.60	342.60
666,600 c.m., a.c.s-r.....		342.60	342.60
500,000 c.m., a.c.s-r.....		219.96	219.96
336,400 c.m., a.c.s-r.....	1,134.00		1,134.00
211,600 c.m., a.c.s-r.....		124.50	124.50
Totals.....	1,134.00	1,029.66	2,163.66

NOTE.—a.c.s-r = Aluminum conductor steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

220,000-VOLT TRANSMISSION LINES

TOTAL NUMBER OF STEEL TOWERS

Type	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
220,000-volt towers.....	3,514	8	3,522

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTOR

Weight in pounds			Miles of single-circuit lines		
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
11,371,343	22,294	11,393,637	703.89	1.38	705.27

DISTRICT—132,000-VOLT TRANSMISSION LINES

TOTAL NUMBER OF STEEL TOWERS

Type	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
132,000-volt towers.....	983	884	1,867

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTOR

Weight in pounds			Miles of double-circuit lines		
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
.....	1,778,437	1,778,437	.....	57.10	57.10
.....	1,548,552	1,548,552	.....	57.10	57.10
.....	906,455	906,455	.....	36.66	36.66
3,141,180	.....	3,141,180	189.00	.....	189.00
.....	190,858	190,858	.....	20.75	20.75
3,141,180	4,424,302	7,565,482	189.00	171.61	360.61

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—

TOTAL MILEAGE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES

Type of Construction	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
110,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines.....	52.94	.....	52.94
110,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines.....	61.51	.....	61.51
Totals	114.45	.....	114.45

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
477,000 c.m., a.c.s-r.....	278.25	.....	278.25	962,188	.....	962,188
211,600 c.m., a.c.s-r.....	72.99	.....	72.99	111,894	.....	111,894
Totals.....	351.24	.....	351.24	1,074,082	.....	1,074,082

NOTE.—a.c.s-r = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

TOTAL NUMBER OF STEEL TOWERS AND WOOD POLES

Type	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
110,000-volt steel towers.....	299	.....	299
110,000-volt wood poles.....	842	.....	842
Totals	1,141	.....	1,141

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTORS

Miles of single-circuit lines			Miles of double-circuit lines			Total mileage single- and double-circuit lines Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
87.49	87.49	2.63	.....	2.63	90.12
24.33	24.33	.....	.....	.....	24.33
111.82	111.82	2.63	.....	2.63	114.45

NIAGARA SYSTEM—

TOTAL MILEAGE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES

Type of construction	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
110,000-volt steel-supported transmission lines.....	711 84	0 66	712 50
110,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines.....	67 16	.....	67 16
90,000-volt steel-supported transmission lines.....	66 20	.....	66 20
60,000-volt steel-supported transmission lines.....	69 88	.....	69 88
60,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines.....	23 72	.....	23 72
46,000-volt steel-supported transmission lines.....	16 94	.....	16 94
46,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines.....	21 54	.....	21 54
12,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines.....	0 23	.....	0 23
Totals.....	977 51	0 66	978 17

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductor			Weight in pounds			Miles of single circuit lines		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
167,800 c.m., a.c.s-r	198.00	.....	198.00	240,768	.....	240,768	66.00	.....	66.00
266,800 c.m., a.c.s-r	304.86	.....	304.86	586,855	.....	586,855	37.12	.....	37.12
312,000 c.m., a.c.s-r	600.69	.....	600.69	1,516,141	.....	1,516,141	25.19	.....	25.19
336,400 c.m., a.c.s-r	612.54	.....	612.54	1,696,736	.....	1,696,736	13.80	.....	13.80
477,000 c.m., a.c.s-r	47.49	.....	47.49	164,220	.....	164,220	15.41	.....	15.41
500,000 c.m., a.c.s-r	238.08	.....	238.08	981,127	.....	981,127	3.80	.....	3.80
605,000 c.m., a.c.s-r	1,196.43	1 96	1,198.39	4,901,774	8,030	4,909,804	4.81	0 66	5.47
115,000 c.m., copper	25.32	.....	25.32	47,196	.....	47,196	8.44	.....	8.44
133,079 c.m., copper	6.36	.....	6.36	13,744	.....	13,744	.....	.....	.....
167,800 c.m., copper	616.86	.....	616.86	1,679,710	.....	1,679,710	.....	.....	.....
190,000 c.m., copper	752.04	.....	752.04	2,382,463	.....	2,382,463	7.24	.....	7.24
211,600 c.m., copper	508.02	.....	508.02	1,744,033	.....	1,744,033	15.48	.....	15.48
820,000 c.m., aluminum.....	36.06	.....	36.06	146,620	.....	146,620	12 02	.....	12.02
5 1/16" galv. steel..	64.62	.....	64.62	71,599	.....	71,599	21 54	.....	21.54
Totals.....	5,207.37	1 96	5,209.33	16,172,986	8,030	16,181,016	230 85	0 66	231 51

NOTE—a.c.s-r = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

TOTAL NUMBER OF STEEL TOWERS AND WOOD POLES

Type	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
110,000-volt steel towers.....	6,550	5	6,555
110,000-volt wood poles.....	824	.....	824
90,000-volt steel towers.....	409	.....	409
60,000-volt steel towers.....	947	.....	947
60,000-volt wood poles.....	641	.....	641
46,000-volt steel towers.....	376	.....	376
46,000-volt wood poles.....	672	.....	672
12,000-volt wood poles.....	10	.....	10
Totals.....	10,429	5	10,434

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTORS

Miles of double-circuit			Miles of three-circuit			Miles of four-circuit			Total mileage one-, two-, three- and four-circuit lines at Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
32.25	32.25	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	66.00
87.52	87.52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	69.37
95.19	95.19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112.71
0.21	0.21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	108.99
37.78	37.78	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15.62
191.94	191.94	.....	.....	.....	2.53	.....	2.53	41.58
.....	199.94
.....	8.44
1.06	1.06	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.06
102.81	102.81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	102.81
121.72	121.72	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	128.96
52.91	52.91	15.48	.....	15.48	0.40	.....	0.40	84.27
.....	12.02
.....	21.54
723.39	723.39	15.48	.....	15.48	2.93	.....	2.93	973.31

**THUNDER BAY SYSTEM—
MILEAGE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES**

Type of construction	Completed	Completed	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
	to Oct. 31, 1932	to Oct. 31, 1933	
110,000-volt steel-supported transmission lines	82 12	.....	82 12
110,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines	81 79	1 54	83 33
22,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines	0 35	.....	0 35
12,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines	1 45	.....	1 45
Totals	165 71	1 54	167 25

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed	Completed	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed	Completed	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
	Oct. 31, 1932	Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933		to Oct. 31, 1932	to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	
336,400 c.m., a.c.s.r.	259 77	4 62	264 39	719,563	12,797	732,360
4 0 a.c.s.r. (211,600 c.m.)	233 10	.....	233 10	357,342	.....	357,342
190,000 c.m. copper	2 61	.....	2 61	8,268	.....	8,268
4 0 copper (211,600 c.m.)	234 24	.....	234 24	804,146	.....	804,146
2 0 copper (133,079 c.m.)	13 89	.....	13 89	30,016	.....	30,016
Totals	743 61	4 62	748 23	1,919,335	12,797	1,932,132

NOTE— a.c.s.r. = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

**GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—
MILEAGE OF HIGH-VOLTAGE LINES**

Type of construction	Completed	Completed	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
	to Oct. 31, 1932	to Oct. 31, 1933	
110,000-volt wood-supported transmission lines	55 83	.....	55 83
Totals	55 83	.....	55 83

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductor		
	Completed	Completed	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
	to Oct. 31, 1932	to Oct. 31, 1933	
3 0 a.c.s.r. (167,800 c.m.)	167 49	.....	167 49
336,400 c.m., a.c.s.r.	8 52	.....	8 52
Totals	176 01	.....	176 01

NOTE— a.c.s.r. = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

TOTAL NUMBER OF STEEL TOWERS AND WOOD POLES

Type	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
110,000-volt steel towers.....	539	.....	539
110,000-volt wood poles.....	1,320	32	1,352
22,000-volt wood poles.....	15	.....	15
12,000-volt wood poles.....	61	.....	61
Totals.....	1,935	32	1,967

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTORS

Miles of single-circuit conductors			Miles of double-circuit conductors			Miles of three-circuit conductors			Total miles single-, double-, and three-circuit conductors at Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
77.50	1.54	79.04	4.20	.....	4.20	0.23	.....	0.23	83.47
77.70	.....	77.70	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	77.70
0.87	.....	0.87	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0.87
78.08	.....	78.08	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	78.08
4.63	.....	4.63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4.63
238.78	1.54	240.32	4.20	.....	4.20	0.23	.....	0.23	244.75

HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

TOTAL NUMBER OF WOOD POLES

Type	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
110,000-volt wood poles.....	548	.....	548
Totals.....	548	.....	548

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTORS

Weight in pounds			Miles of single-circuit lines		
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
203,668	203,668	55.83	.....	55.83
23,600	23,600	2.84	.....	2.84
227,268	227,268	58.67	.....	58.67

NIAGARA SYSTEM—WOOD-POLE TELEPHONE LINES
SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND WEIGHT

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds			Miles of single-circuit lines		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
No. 8 B. & S.G. copper	32.18	.....	32.18	8,495	.....	8,495	16.09	.....	16.09
No. 9 B. & S.G. copper	862.18	.....	862.18	180,196	.....	180,196	160.87	.....	160.87
No. 10 B. & S.G. copper	1,121.42	.....	1,121.42	186,156	.....	186,156	194.75	.....	194.75
No. 11 B. & S.G. copper	107.68	.....	107.68	14,214	.....	14,214	53.84	.....	53.84
No. 8 copper-clad steel	68.74	.....	68.74	16,498	.....	16,498	2.71	.....	2.71
No. 19 p-i. l-c. cable...	992.30	.....	992.30	118,928	.....	118,928	.....	.....	.....
No. 22 p-i. l-c. cable...	34.00	.....	34.00	1,885	.....	1,885	.....	.....	.....
No. 12 B. & S.G. iron	2.84	.....	2.84	468	.....	468	1.42	.....	1.42
6 x .0661 steel } 1 x .0661 alum. }	132.00	.....	132.00	51,084	.....	51,084	66.00	.....	66.00
Totals.....	3,353.34	.....	3,353.34	577,924	.....	577,924	495.68	.....	495.68

NOTE—B. & S.G. = Browne & Sharpe gauge.

FOR HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

OF CONDUCTORS (Excluding 220,000-volt lines)

Miles of double-circuit lines			Miles of three-circuit lines			Miles of four-circuit lines			Miles of paper-insulated lead-covered copper cable			Total mileage 1-, 2-, 3-, 4-, and miscellaneous circuits at Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
123.01		123.01				6.05		6.05				16.09
169.36		169.36	9.08		9.08							289.93
												373.19
												53.84
15.83		15.83										18.54
									14.62		14.62	14.62
									0.34		0.34	0.34
												1.42
												66.00
308.20		308.20	9.08		9.08	6.05		6.05	14.96		14.96	833.97

NOTE—B.W.G. = Birmingham wire gauge.

p-i. l-c. cable = Paper-insulated lead-covered cable.

THUNDER BAY SYSTEM—WOOD-POLE TELEPHONE

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductor		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
3 x 12 galv. steel.....	13.24	.....	13.24
3 x 13 galv. steel.....	159.12	.....	159.12
No. 6 a.c.s-r.....	18.32	.....	18.32
No. 10 copper-clad steel.....	8.50	.....	8.50
Totals.....	199.18	.....	199.18

NOTE—a.c.s-r = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

LINE FOR HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

WEIGHT OF CONDUCTORS

Weight in pounds			Miles of single-circuit lines		
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
6,544	6,544	6.62	.....	6.62
59,670	59,670	79.56	.....	79.56
3,481	3,481	9.16	.....	9.16
1,309	1,300	4.25	.....	4.25
71,004	71,004	99.59	.....	99.59

WOOD AND STEEL TRANSMISSION AND TELEPHONE LINES

(Excluding High-Voltage Lines and the Dominion Power System)

TOTAL MILEAGE OF LINES AND NUMBER OF POLES

Lines	Miles completed		
	To Oct. 31, 1932	Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
Low-tension lines completed.....	2,666.45	16.60	2,683.05
Low-tension lines under construction.....	.....	.....	.....
Single-circuit lines completed.....	2,094.98	16.60	2,111.58
Double-circuit lines completed.....	512.04	.....	512.04
Three-circuit lines completed.....	59.10	.....	59.10
Five-circuit lines completed.....	0.33	.....	0.33
Single-circuit telephone lines completed.....	2,108.83	16.60	2,125.43
Double-circuit telephone lines completed.....	144.80	.....	144.80
Three-circuit telephone lines completed.....	7.67	.....	7.67
STEEL AND WOOD POLES			
Number of poles erected.....	100,951	556	101,507
Number of steel towers erected.....	21	.....	21
Number of poles under construction.....	.....	.....	.....

NIAGARA SYSTEM—TELEPHONE LINES
SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
No. 6 a.c.s-r.	368 04	.....	368 04	69,928	.....	69,928
No. 9 copper.	58 86	.....	58 86	12,302	.....	12,302
Totals.	426 90	.....	426 90	82,230	.....	82,230

EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—
SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1931, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1931, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
No. 9 copper.	2 32	.....	2 32	485	.....	485
3 x .0661 aluminum. } 4 x .0661 steel. } ...	128 48	.....	128 48	39,700	.....	39,700
1 x .0661 aluminum. } 6 x .0661 steel. } ...	99 26	.....	99 26	38,513	.....	38,513
Totals.	230 06	.....	230 06	78,698	.....	78,698

GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—TELEPHONE LINES
SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932, to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
1 x .0661 aluminum. } 6 x .0661 steel. } ...	111 66	.....	111 66	43,324	.....	43,324
Totals.	111 66	.....	111 66	43,324	.....	43,324

NOTE—a.c.s-r = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel.

FOR 220,000-VOLT LINES**WEIGHT OF CONDUCTORS**

Miles of single-circuit lines

Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
184.02	184.02
29.43	29.43
213.45	213.45

HIGH-VOLTAGE TELEPHONE LINES**WEIGHT OF CONDUCTORS**

Miles of single-circuit lines			Miles of double-circuit lines			Total mileage of single-circuit and double-circuit lines at Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
.....	0.58	.....	0.58	0.58
64.24	64.24	.....	.....	.....	64.24
49.63	49.63	.....	.....	.....	49.63
113.87	113.87	0.58	.....	0.58	114.45

FOR HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES**WEIGHT OF CONDUCTORS**

Miles of single-circuit lines

Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
55.83	55.83
55.83	55.83

WOOD-POLE

SUMMARY—

GAUGE, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
1,035,500 c.m. aluminum	1 68		1 68	8,560		8,560
500,000 c.m. aluminum	113 04		113 04	278,078		278,078
345,000 c.m. aluminum	246 15		246 15	418,455		418,455
336,400 c.m. aluminum	11 40		11 40	18,924		18,924
300,000 c.m. aluminum	42 30		42 30	62,477		62,477
173,000 c.m. aluminum	53 52		53 52	45,760		45,760
4/0 aluminum (211,600 c.m.)	810 30		810 30	841,902		841,902
3/0 aluminum (167,800 c.m.)	1,981 32		1,981 32	1,632,608		1,632,608
2/0 aluminum (133,079 c.m.)	177 30		177 30	115,954		115,954
1/0 aluminum (105,534 c.m.)	646 08		646 08	334,669		334,669
No. 2 aluminum (66,373 c.m.)	302 13		302 13	98,494		98,494
477,000 c.m. a.c.s-r.	103 80		103 80	358,940		358,940
605,000 c.m. a.c.s-r.	0 45		0 45	1,844		1,844
336,400 c.m. a.c.s-r.	160 14		160 14	443,588		443,588
125,000 c.m. a.c.s-r.	233 34		233 34	211,406		211,406
4/0 a.c.s-r (211,600 c.m.)	474 78		474 78	727,838		727,838
3/0 a.c.s-r (167,800 c.m.)	351 03		351 03	426,852		426,852
2/0 a.c.s-r (133,079 c.m.)	131 43		131 43	126,567		126,567
1/0 a.c.s-r (105,534 c.m.)	931 05	49 80	980 85	713,184	38,147	751,331
No. 2 a.c.s-r (66,373 c.m.)	1,438 17		1,438 17	690,322		690,322
No. 4 a.c.s-r (41,742 c.m.)	65 04		65 04	19,642		19,642
190,000 c.m. copper	101 31		101 31	320,950		320,950
115,000 c.m. copper	24 96		24 96	46,525		46,525
4/0 copper (211,600 c.m.)	7 28		7 28	24,992		24,992
3/0 copper (167,800 c.m.)	0 21		0 21	572		572
2/0 copper (133,079 c.m.)	233 46		233 46	504,507		504,507
1/0 copper (105,534 c.m.)	220 32		220 32	376,747		376,747
No. 1 copper (83,694 c.m.)	63 00		63 00	85,806		85,806
No. 2 copper (66,373 c.m.)	69 33		69 33	74,807		74,807
No. 3 copper (52,634 c.m.)	40 20		40 20	34,371		34,371
No. 4 copper (41,742 c.m.)	142 68		142 68	96,452		96,452
No. 6 copper (26,250 c.m.)	39 45		39 45	16,766		16,766
3 x 12 galv. steel (35,643 c.m.)	18 57		18 57	9,192		9,192
1 4" galv. steel (48,223 c.m.)	44 10		44 10	29,106		29,106
9 32" galv. steel (62,200 c.m.)	84 75		84 75	71,614		71,614
7 16" galv. steel (153,000 c.m.)	0 30		0 30	657		657
5/16" galv. steel (83,200 c.m.)	323 01		323 01	357,895		357,895
No. 6 galv. iron (41,000 c.m.)	68 55		68 55	39,279		39,279
Totals	9,755 93	49 80	9,805 73	9,666,302	38,147	9,704,449

NOTE.—a.c.s-r = Aluminum conductor, steel-reinforced; weights include steel core.

TRANSMISSION LINES

(Excluding High-Voltage and Dominion Power Lines)

WEIGHT OF CONDUCTORS

Miles of single circuit lines			Miles of double-circuit lines			Miles of three-circuit lines			Total mileage of one-, two-, and three-circuit lines at Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
0.56		0.56							0.56
3.46		3.46	17.11		17.11				20.57
1.63		1.63	40.21		40.21				41.84
			1.90		1.90				1.90
2.88		2.88	7.48		7.48	4.70		4.70	4.70
184.58		184.58	42.76		42.76				227.34
247.73		247.73	198.18		198.18	5.45		5.45	451.36
32.80		32.80	13.15		13.15				45.95
145.44		145.44	34.96		34.96				180.40
93.41		93.41	3.65		3.65				97.06
34.60		34.60							34.60
0.45		0.45							0.45
50.94		50.94	1.22		1.22				52.16
77.78		77.78							77.78
138.48		138.48	9.89		9.89				148.37
89.19		89.19	11.33		11.33	1.72		1.72	102.24
28.47		28.47	7.67		7.67				36.14
309.23	16.60	325.83	0.56		0.56				326.39
430.56		430.56	23.20		23.20	0.81		0.81	454.57
21.68		21.68							21.68
10.05		10.05	11.86		11.86				21.91
7.86		7.86	0.23		0.23				8.09
0.88		0.88	0.77		0.77				1.65
0.07		0.07							0.07
33.34		33.34	22.24		22.24				55.58
50.92		50.92	11.26		11.26				62.18
21.00		21.00							21.00
17.05		17.05	3.03		3.03				20.08
12.46		12.46	0.47		0.47				12.93
21.20		21.20	13.18		13.18				34.38
13.15		13.15							13.15
6.19		6.19							6.19
14.70		14.70							14.70
28.25		28.25							28.25
0.10		0.10							0.10
100.55		100.55	3.56		3.56				104.11
22.85		22.85							22.85
2,254.49	16.60	2,271.09	479.87		479.87	12.68		12.68	2,763.64

**TELEPHONE
ERECTED ON WOOD-POLE LINES
GAUGE, LENGTH AND WEIGHT OF ALUMINUM,**

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors			Weight in pounds		
	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
No. 9 B. & S.G. copper.	594 98	1 83	596 81	124,351	384	124,735
No. 10 B. & S.G. copper.	253 66		253 66	42,107		42,107
No. 11 B. & S.G. copper.	4 44		4 44	702		702
No. 12 B. & S.G. copper.	85 92		85 92	8,936		8,936
No. 8 B. & S.G. c-c steel.	135 44		135 44	33,183		33,183
No. 9B. & S.G. c-c steel.	1 20		1 20	233		233
No. 10 B. & S.G. c-c steel.	969 90		969 90	149,365		149,365
No. 17 B. & S.G. c-c steel.						
No. 6 B.W.G. galv. iron.	15 32		15 32	8,778		8,778
No. 8 B.W.G. galv. iron.						
No. 9 B.W.G. galv. iron.	1,616 94		1,616 94	493,167		493,167
No. 10 B.W.G. galv. iron.	73 08		73 08	18,270		18,270
No. 12 B.W.G. galv. iron.	82 92		82 92	13,682		13,682
No. 6 a.c.s-r.	808 64	5 18	813 82	155,259	1,168	156,427
3 x .0661 alum. and 4 x .0661 steel.	52 34		52 34	16,382		16,382
1 4" galv. steel.	1 48		1 48	977		977
3 x 12 galv. steel.	88 88		88 88	43,729		43,729
3 x 13 galv. steel.	122 62		122 62	46,596		46,596
Totals	4,907 76	7 01	4,914 77	1,155,717	1,552	1,157,269

NOTE.—For telephone lines generally on wood poles and serving 220,000-volt and 110,000 volt power lines, see separate table.

c-c steel = Copper-clad steel. a.c.s-r = Aluminum cable, steel-reinforced.

LINES

CARRYING POWER CONDUCTORS

COPPER-GLAD STEEL AND GALVANIZED IRON WIRE

Miles of single-circuit lines			Miles of double-circuit lines			Total mileage of single and double-circuit lines at Oct. 31, 1933
Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Completed to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
286.23	0.91	287.14	5.63		5.63	292.77
126.83		126.83				126.83
2.22		2.22				2.22
42.96		42.96				42.96
67.72		67.72				67.72
1.60		1.60				1.60
477.91		477.91	3.18		3.18	481.09
7.66		7.66				7.66
808.47		808.47				808.47
36.54		36.54				36.54
41.46		41.46				41.46
299.94	2.59	302.53	52.19	0.48	52.67	355.20
26.17		26.17				26.17
0.74		0.74				0.74
44.44		44.44				44.44
61.31		61.31				61.31
2,332.20	3.50	2,335.70	61.00	0.48	61.48	2,397.18

B. & S.G. = Browne & Sharpe Gauge.

B.W.G. = Birmingham wire gauge.

DOMINION POWER SYSTEM
MILEAGE OF LINES

Type of construction	Total at Oct. 31, 1933
44,000-volt, steel-supported transmission lines	34.11
44,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines	140.44
22,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines	27.52
22,000-volt, concrete-pole-supported transmission lines	10.07
10,000-volt, wood-supported transmission lines	11.23
Total	223.37

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

	Wire miles of conductors	Weight in pounds
	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
393,000 c.m. aluminum	91.00	174,720
157,500 c.m. copper (6 x No. 6 hemp core)	326.79	833,315
198,600 c.m. copper (6 x No. 5 hemp core)	10.98	32,191
133,079 c.m. copper (2/0 solid)	94.50	200,624
105,534 c.m. copper (1/0)	9.00	15,147
66,373 c.m. copper (No. 2)	174.24	184,485
52,634 c.m. copper (No. 3)	69.15	58,086
41,742 c.m. copper (No. 4)	15.81	10,530
26,250 c.m. copper (No. 6)	20.34	8,519
105,534 c.m. A.C.S.R. (No. 1/0)	2.70	2,068
66,373 c.m. A.C.S.R. (No. 2)	2.91	1,397
Totals	817.42	1,521,082

NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES—

WOOD-POLE TELEPHONE LINE FOR

SIZE, MATERIAL, LENGTH AND

Size and material	Wire miles of conductors		
	Total to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
6 x .0661 steel	60.00		60.00
1 x .0661 aluminum			
6 x .0661 aluminum	321.52		321.52
1 x .0661 steel			
Totals	381.52		381.52

WEIGHT OF POWER CONDUCTORS

Miles of single-circuit conductors	Miles of double-circuit conductors	Total mileage single- and double-circuit conductors at Oct. 31, 1933
Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	
30.05	0.14	30.19
44.37	32.28	76.65
.....	1.83	1.83
31.50	.....	31.50
3.00	.....	3.00
39.98	9.05	49.03
12.05	5.50	17.55
5.27	.....	5.27
6.78	.....	6.78
0.90	.....	0.90
0.97	.....	0.97
174.87	48.80	223.67

ABITIBI DISTRICT

HIGH-VOLTAGE TRANSMISSION LINES

WEIGHT OF CONDUCTORS

Weight in pounds			Miles of single-circuit lines		
Total to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1932	Completed Oct. 31, 1932 to Oct. 31, 1933	Total to Oct. 31, 1933
23,640	23,640	30.00	.....	30.00
61,732	61,732	160.76	.....	160.76
85,372	85,372	190.76	.....	190.76

APPENDIX III

DISTRIBUTION LINES AND SYSTEMS

Summaries of Data respecting Rural Distribution Systems, Distribution Feeders, Metering Stations, Distributing Stations and Distributing Systems constructed by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission.

Below is shown in tabular and descriptive form the work carried on under the supervision of the Distribution section of the Electrical Engineering department during the year ended October 31, 1933.

The work includes the construction of rural distribution systems, the installation of feeders to supply urban municipalities and the construction of metering equipments.

Work in connection with distribution systems was done by the Commission for certain municipalities, private companies, etc., at the request and at the expense of the parties concerned.

SUMMARY OF CONSTRUCTION IN RURAL POWER DISTRICTS

System	At October 31, 1932		At October 31, 1933	
	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service
NIAGARA SYSTEM	6,489.84	44,019	6,640.93	45,293
GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM—				
Severn district	277.59	2,489	279.40	2,519
Eugenia district	181.18	928	207.16	1,072
Wasdells district	222.32	1,468	227.35	1,534
Muskoka district	92.50	532	105.12	592
Bala district	34.05	206	35.55	222
EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM—				
Central Ontario district	914.65	6,436	960.59	6,768
St. Lawrence district	380.00	2,270	393.52	2,380
Rideau district	75.18	439	75.53	458
Madawaska district	10.09	67	10.09	65
Ottawa district	176.64	1,047	181.87	1,092
THUNDER BAY SYSTEM	36.45	123	78.30	262
NORTHERN ONTARIO PROPERTIES—				
Nipissing district	11.88	285	12.07	313
Manitoulin district	16.00		37.25	180
Total	8,918.37	60,309	9,244.73	62,750

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION IN RURAL POWER DISTRICT

Rural power district	Property number	At October 31, 1932		At October 31, 1933	
		Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service
NIAGARA SYSTEM					
Acton	N5D1	8 00	26	8 00	26
Ailsa Craig	N4D7	6 00	19	6 00	19
Alvinston	N18D9	4 50	10	4 50	10
Amherstburg	N15D3	64 29	586	66 62	594
Aylmer	N11D2	110 10	614	110 95	623
Ayr	N12D4	23 01	85	23 76	87
Baden	N7D1	96 27	436	96 87	449
Beamsville	N1D4	155 08	1,452	156 60	1,489
Belle River	N15D2	43 83	368	43 83	368
Blenheim	N14D3	58 36	327	59 44	323
Bond Lake	N3D3	156 90	1,463	161 50	1,556
Bothwell	N14D10	37 58	136	37 58	136
Brampton	N13D2	51 62	182	51 62	172
Brant	N12D1	103 67	549	110 56	565
Bridgen	N18D8	35 63	110	36 61	114
Burford	N12D2	48 87	264	49 70	268
Caledonia	N2D5	101 75	482	102 52	496
Chatham	N14D1	142 91	806	142 71	815
Chippawa	N1D7	25 73	174	25 73	178
Clinton	N8D11	66 33	377	70 33	395
Delaware	N4D3	125 82	656	130 54	643
Dorchester	N4D1	109 40	579	109 84	586
Dresden	N14D12	24 23	89	24 23	89
Drumbo	N12D5	54 58	268	56 38	269
Dundas	N2D1	107 01	735	110 27	762
Dunnville	N1D9	16 47	73	18 00	97
Dutton	N11D3	46 85	199	46 85	195
Elmira	N7D3	23 23	81	24 20	93
Elora	N5D4	44 88	270	46 17	272
Essex	N15D7	87 86	456	88 04	455
Exeter	N4D6	65 46	596	68 43	622
Forest	N18D6	41 02	146	41 35	151
Galt	N6D2	37 80	300	38 98	308
Georgetown	N5D2	55 33	276	57 50	284
Goderich	N8D2	40 40	184	49 33	214
Grantham	N1D2	60 78	769	63 66	798
Guelph	N5D3	87 46	534	92 10	555
Haldimand	N2D8	50 13	283	50 33	296
Harriston	N8D5	23 00	64	23 75	73
Harrow	N15D4	67 19	616	67 59	621
Ingersoll	N10D3	184 44	667	186 29	665
Jordan	N1D3	33 46	362	35 44	380
Keswick	N3D5	56 31	955	57 49	1,020
Kingsville	N15D5	131 54	1,349	132 55	1,362
Listowel	N8D8	76 39	346	80 15	392

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION IN RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—Continued

Rural power district	Property number	At October 31, 1932		At October 31, 1933	
		Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service
NIAGARA SYSTEM—Concluded					
London	N4D2	190.49	2,012	192.58	2,078
Lucan	N4D5	33.68	122	33.68	124
Lynden	N2D2	54.23	253	56.57	263
Markham	N3D1	112.88	843	115.60	879
Merlin	N14D15	87.76	316	92.93	325
Milton	N13D3	64.28	340	65.20	346
Milverton	N8D9	40.17	178	41.27	187
Mitchell	N8D7	67.00	368	69.31	384
Newmarket	N3D4	60.95	345	64.41	380
Niagara	N1D1	48.28	308	48.03	309
Norwich	N10D1	106.70	474	108.77	484
Oil Springs	N18D3	20.81	116	20.81	114
Palmerston	N8D6	37.94	137	38.06	138
Petrolia	N18D5	14.78	57	14.98	59
Preston	N6D1	138.10	974	143.86	1,000
Ridgetown	N14D2	104.50	693	104.62	698
St. Marys	N9D1	114.80	447	115.01	454
St. Jacobs	N7D2	68.67	374	68.92	383
St. Thomas	N11D1	160.73	1,115	164.50	1,149
Saltfleet	N17D1	93.03	1,507	93.40	1,546
Sandwich	N15D1	127.29	2,055	128.43	2,074
Sarnia	N18D4	87.44	1,156	87.59	1,185
Scarboro	N3D2	80.06	669	82.91	736
Seaforth	N8D10	16.60	157	16.60	157
Simcoe	N12D6	67.30	377	73.92	387
Stamford	N1D6	12.37	292	12.37	288
Stratford	N8D4	37.00	222	37.17	226
Strathroy	N4D4	78.55	243	78.70	250
Streetsville	N13D1	102.75	452	104.19	466
Tavistock	N8D1	79.63	319	80.53	321
Thamesville	N14D11	68.06	275	68.06	274
Tilbury	N14D14	59.16	253	63.34	273
Tillsonburg	N10D4	110.04	571	111.03	574
Wallaceburg	N14D13	83.39	546	85.29	545
Walsingham	N12D7	78.58	433	88.43	481
Walton	N8D3	42.34	271	42.87	281
Waterdown	N2D3	67.40	869	69.53	921
Waterford	N12D3	69.75	304	70.65	335
Watford	N18D7	17.55	57	17.55	57
Welland	N1D5	273.60	2,585	281.39	2,627
Woodbridge	N16D1	194.31	981	195.96	1,008
Woodstock	N10D2	125.42	634	127.02	642

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION IN RURAL DISTRICTS—Continued

Rural power district	Property number	At October 31, 1932		At October 31, 1933	
		Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service
GEORGIAN BAY SYSTEM					
SEVERN DISTRICT					
Alliston.....	S32D1	23 57	145	23 57	148
Barrie.....	S4D1	60 04	560	60 88	480
Beeton.....	S33D1	1 80	5	1 80	5
Bradford.....	S37D1	27 07	88	27 07	86
Buckskin.....	S24D1	0 95	15	1 20	17
Cookstown.....	S35D1	0 50	2	0 50	2
Creemore.....	S10D2	30 00	134	29 87	135
Elmvale.....	S7D1	25 50	158	25 50	158
Hawkestone.....	S9D1	26 80	152	26 80	160
Innisfil.....	S31D1	27 97	432	28 43	504
Medonte.....	S18D1	9 18	51	9 31	55
Midland.....	S1D1	12 13	43	12 13	43
Nottawasaga.....	S5D1	7 89	92	7 89	93
Thornton.....	S36D1	8 00	30	8 00	30
Wasaga Beach.....	S10D1	16 19	582	16 45	603
EUGENIA DISTRICT					
Arthur.....	E13D2	2 40	10	2 40	9
Bruce.....	E19D1	50 99	177	57 87	265
Chatsworth.....	E3D1	0 00	22	0 00	22
Flesherton.....	E1D1	2 60	39	2 60	39
Holstein.....	E7D1	0 50	8	0 50	9
Lucknow.....	E24D1	0 11	2	0 11	2
Markdale.....	E1D2	13 00	66	19 60	85
Meaford.....	E14D1	1 11	6	1 00	5
Neustadt.....	E8D1	0 50	4	0 50	4
Orangeville.....	E12D1	22 70	93	22 50	93
Owen Sound.....	E2D1	1 87	18	5 62	40
Ripley.....	E24D2	4 07	12	4 32	14
Shelburne.....	E10D1	12 51	47	18 44	53
Sauble.....	E46D1	9 37	41	10 00	46
Tara.....	E15D1	23 50	110	25 75	112
Wroxeter.....	E22D1	35 95	273	35 95	274
WASDELLS DISTRICT					
Beaverton..... ^a	W2D1	14 01	184	27 02	330
Cannington..... ^b	W3D1	4 05	24	9 15	52
Mariposa.....	W9D1	47 14	312	47 39	312
Port Perry.....	W12D1	48 66	344	49 09	358
Sparrow Lake.....	W1D1	30 15	235	32 55	254
Uxbridge.....	W11D1	62 15	226	62 15	228
MUSKOKA DISTRICT					
Beaumaris.....	M7D1	22 46	207	24 66	231
Baysville.....	M10D1	31 25	129	31 25	134
Gravenhurst.....	M4D1	2 30	13	2 30	13
Huntsville.....	M2D1	18 70	77	27 20	99
Utterson.....	M8D1	17 79	106	19 71	115
BALA DISTRICT					
Bala.....	GB13D1	34 05	206	35 55	222

^a 11.56 miles and 131 consumers transferred from Georgina R.P.D. as of November 1, 1932.

^b 5.60 miles and 25 consumers transferred from Cannington No. 2 R.P.D. as of November 1, 1932.

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION IN RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—Continued

Rural power district	Property number	At October 31, 1932		At October 31, 1933	
		Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service
EASTERN ONTARIO SYSTEM					
CENTRAL ONTARIO DISTRICT					
Belleville.....	C38D1	81.81	657	84.28	680
Bowmanville.....	C23D1	28.98	127	28.93	131
Brighton.....	C6D1	10.15	63	10.15	62
Campbellford.....	C11D1	21.50	80	21.50	79
Cobourg.....	C13D1	90.29	453	94.01	458
Colborne.....	C7D1	31.07	151	31.37	160
Fenelon Falls.....	C30D1	18.45	125	19.32	127
Kingston.....	C44D1	110.90	650	122.00	730
Lakefield.....	C18D1	23.35	88	25.37	97
Lindsay.....	C29D1	13.65	71	20.23	120
Millbrook.....	C25D1	19.08	100	19.08	113
Napanee.....	C43D1	107.72	510	110.35	539
Newcastle.....	C22D1	26.35	121	27.08	121
Norwood.....	C31D1	7.70	59	7.70	61
Oshawa.....	C24D1	100.74	1,484	113.68	1,509
Omeme.....	C26D1	3.00	2	3.00	2
Peterborough.....	C20D1	60.65	998	62.90	1,072
Stirling.....	C35D1	27.43	109	27.81	110
Trenton.....	C3D1	41.55	202	41.55	201
Warkworth.....	C49D1	0.40	6	0.40	6
Wellington.....	C45D1	89.88	378	89.88	390
ST LAWRENCE DISTRICT					
Alexandria.....	L15D1	20.33	105	20.33	106
Brockville.....	L3D1	92.56	629	96.71	664
Chesterville.....	L5D1	46.87	331	47.52	349
Iroquois.....	L9D1	90.17	411	90.42	434
Martintown.....	L13D1	20.94	138	21.79	142
Maxville.....	L14D2	59.22	377	62.07	384
Prescott.....	L2D1	37.17	212	37.07	201
Williamsburg.....	L7D1	12.74	67	17.61	100
RIDEAU DISTRICT					
Carleton Place.....	H5D1	0.50	4	0.50	2
Perth.....	H2D1	14.82	56	15.07	59
Smiths Falls.....	H3D1	54.43	337	54.53	353
Kemptville.....	H9D1	5.43	42	5.43	44
MADAWASKA DISTRICT					
Arnprior.....	QM10D1	4.97	58	4.97	55
Renfrew.....	QM16D1	5.12	9	5.12	10
OTTAWA DISTRICT					
Nepean.....	T1D1	176.64	1,047	181.87	1,092
THUNDER BAY SYSTEM					
Fort William.....	P10D1	26.27	80	48.63	143
Port Arthur.....	P2D1	10.18	43	29.67	119

DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION IN RURAL POWER DISTRICTS—Concluded

Rural power district	Property number	At October 31, 1932		At October 31, 1933	
		Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service	Miles of primary line constructed	Number of consumers receiving service
NORTHERN ONTARIO SYSTEM					
NIPISSING DISTRICT					
North Bay.....	Z4D1	8.56	278	8.82	302
Powassan.....	Z8D1	3.32	7	3.25	11
MANITOULIN DISTRICT					
Manitoulin.....	FM1D1	16.00	.....	37.25	180

DISTRIBUTION FEEDER CONSTRUCTION

During the year ended October 31, 1933, the following work was carried on in connection with distribution feeders.

N 159 x 2—Lincoln Distributing Station to Port Dalhousie

When the Welland canal was unwatered the two submarine cables crossing above lock 4 were exposed and created a hazard. The older of these cables had been broken down by lightning and was found to be unsuitable for 4,000-volt service.

An overhead crossing was installed and the submarine cables were salvaged. The newer cable was used by Welland rural power district to cross the Welland ship canal at bridge No. 12.

Old sectionalizing switches were replaced by the "dropout" type. The work was completed October 20, 1933.

N 248 x 74—Dundas Rural Station to Binkleys Corners

This circuit which is carried on transmission line poles was rebuilt and brought up to present standards of construction when the transmission line was reinsulated for a higher voltage. A separate crossing was made at the Desjardins canal at Dundas rural station. The work was completed April 18, 1933.

N 439 x 20—Dorchester Distributing Station to Dorchester

This line was re-routed with larger conductors for the purpose of bettering the regulation at Dorchester and on the rural system beyond Dorchester, deteriorated poles and crossarms on the old part of the line were also replaced with new equipment. This work was completed June 2, 1933.

N 1138 x 10—Aylmer Distributing Station to Springfield

The conductors on this line from the Aylmer distributing station to the northern limits of Aylmer were replaced with conductors of a larger size. The pole line between these two points, which is the property of Aylmer was completely rebuilt. This work was completed February 19, 1933.

N 1138 x 41—Aylmer Distributing Station to Malahide Distributing Station

This line was re-routed for a portion of the distance through Aylmer with larger conductors and with the type of construction changed primarily to reduce the interruptions caused by tree interference. This work was completed February 19, 1933.

N 1206 x 15—Simcoe Municipal Station to Port Dover

A 26,400-volt transmission line has been supplying the Port Dover load for some time through the Port Dover distributing station.

The feeder line has been supplying the rural power district and will be maintained for that purpose and capital representing 6.29 miles will be transferred to Simcoe rural power district as of November 1, 1932.

N 1233 x 16—St. George Distributing Station to Brantford Sand and Gravel Company

The companies at the end of this line have not been operating for some time and during the year the metering equipments at the Brantford Sand and Gravel Company and the Mohawk Sand and Gravel Company were removed.

A rural extension taps off the end of the feeder line and several rural consumers and extensions are fed off the line at different points.

The line will be maintained to serve the rural consumers and a portion of the capital has been transferred to Brant rural power district. This has been done as of November 1, 1932.

N 1274 x 14—Plattsville Junction to Wolverton Mills

The company served by this feeder line has not been operating for some time but sufficient rural consumers have been connected to carry the line, which has been transferred to the Drumbo rural power district at the present day replacement cost. This transfer was made as of November 1, 1932.

N 1456 x 27—Merlin Distributing Station to Denison Tile Company

The company served by this feeder line has not been operating for over two years and the transformers and metering equipment have been removed. The line will be maintained to serve rural consumers north and west of Fletcher, and the line with a portion of the capital equivalent to a single-phase line has been transferred to Merlin rural power district as of November 1, 1932.

E 10 x 1003—Shelburne Distributing Station to Hornings Mills

Previous to the end of the fiscal year 1932, several rural extensions were added to this line and finally the hamlet of Hornings Mills was converted to rural. This line was therefore transferred to Shelburne rural power district as of November 1, 1932.

E 13 x 1302—Grand Valley Distributing Station to Arthur

The rehabilitation of the Grand Valley to Arthur 4,000-2,300-volt distribution feeder was carried out.

A thorough examination of each pole was made to determine residual strength. The earth was removed from each pole to a depth of approximately one foot, loose rot removed and the extent of internal rot determined by an increment borer.

It was found that approximately 20 per cent. of the poles needed replacing. In a few locations where trees were heavy the line was relocated to give more clearance. As there is a voltage regulator at Grand Valley no change was made in the conductor sizes. Several transpositions were installed and some of the conductors re-sagged.

This line was built in 1900 and the exceptional long life of the poles is probably due to the low lying clay ground through which the line passes.

The rehabilitation work was 95 per cent complete at October 31, 1933.

MUNICIPAL SYSTEMS

The following work was done in connection with Municipal Systems.

Aylmer Distribution System

A portion of the Aylmer distribution system was rebuilt in order to improve the service and provide for future increase in load. This work was completed April 18, 1933.

London Township Street Lighting

The street lighting system in London township was extended on the Proof Line road west to the river. This work was completed October 17, 1933.

Mildmay Distribution System

The distribution system in Mildmay was purchased from the Mildmay Electric Company and sold to the village of Mildmay in 1932.

During 1932 an estimate was prepared to cover the cost of putting the system into a good operating condition and changing the voltage from 2,200 volts to 4,000-2,300 volts. During 1933, at the request of the Mildmay Hydro-Electric System, the distribution system was rebuilt in accordance with this estimate. The poles were tested and replaced where necessary. The secondary wiring was completely replaced and transformers were relocated. The street lighting was changed from series to multiple, using the existing brackets except on the main street where ornamental brackets were installed on both sides of the street.

In order to change the voltage a new station (Walkerton rural station) was placed in service on the site of the Walkerton generating station to step the voltage from 2,200 volts to 4,000-2,300 volts and the line from this station to Mildmay changed to 4,000-2,300 volts.

This work was commenced on July 29, 1933 and completed on October 23, 1933.

Port Carling Distribution System

During the past year a short primary extension of approximately 0.6 of a mile of 2,200-volt primary line was constructed in order to extend electric service to four summer consumers.

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*The Statements "A", "B", "C", "D" and "E", appertaining to the local municipal electric utilities—and given in Section X of the Report—are detailed individually for Acton, but in the case of other municipalities are grouped under the sub-heading of "Municipal Accounts" with reference to Statements "A" and "B", and under the sub-heading "Statements" with reference to Statements "C", "D" and "E".

NOTE:—For names of townships that are served as parts of rural power districts consult the name of the rural power district or, for the respective systems, the tables of Section IX.

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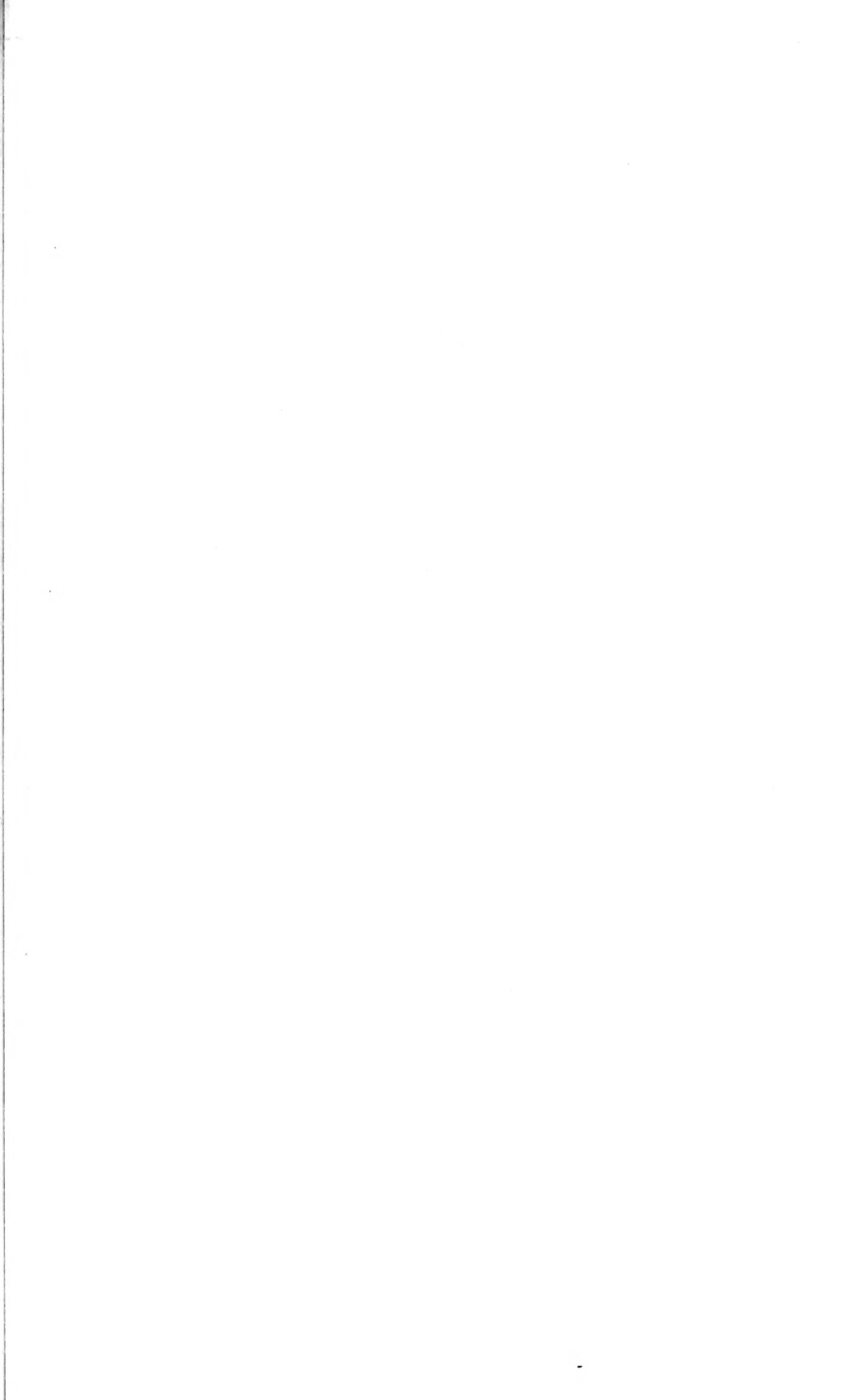
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PROVINCIAL AUDITOR'S REPORT

1932-33

Prepared pursuant to the provisions of an Order-in-Council dated
the 28th day of October, 1909

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 27



ONTARIO

TORONTO

Printed and Published by Herbert H. Ball, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty
1934

TO THE HONOURABLE HERBERT ALEXANDER BRUCE, M.D.,
R.A.M.C., F.R.C.S. (Eng.),
Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

The undersigned has the honour to present to Your Honour the Report of the Provincial Auditor pursuant to the provisions of R.S.O. 1927, chap. 25, sec. 13, subsec. 2, of the Audit Act.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. S. HENRY,
Treasurer of Ontario.

Treasury Department, Ontario,
Toronto, February 15th, 1934.

PROVINCIAL AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
Toronto, February 15th, 1934.

HON. GEO. S. HENRY,
Treasurer of Ontario.

SIR: I have the honour to submit for the information of the Legislative Assembly, pursuant to the provisions of an Order-in-Council dated 28th October, 1909, as provided by R.S.O. 1927, chap. 25, subsection 2 of section 31, and pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 13, and sections 27 and 28 of the Audit Act:

- (A) Introduction and Miscellaneous Statements.
- (B) Legal Opinions.
- (C) Statement of Special Warrants.
- (D) Statement of Treasury Board Minutes.

Respectfully submitted,

G. A. BROWN,
Provincial Auditor.

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A

INTRODUCTION AND
MISCELLANEOUS STATEMENTS



Report of the Provincial Auditor

INTRODUCTION

I have the honour to submit my report for the fiscal year ended October 31st, 1933, pursuant to the provisions of subsection 2 of section 13 and sections 27 and 28 of the Audit Act, R.S.O. 1927, chap. 25.

Ordinary Revenue.....	\$51,373,051 98
Ordinary Expenditure.....	50,896,626 37
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Fiscal Year Ending October 31st, 1933

DOMINION GOVERNMENT—ANNUAL SUBSIDY.....	\$2,941,424 28
REVENUE DERIVED FROM INDIVIDUALS AND CORPORATIONS RECEIVING THE BENEFIT OF PROVINCIAL SERVICES, SPECIAL PRIVILEGES OR THE USE OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND PROPERTIES AND PROFITS FROM TRADING, ETC.:	
Taxation.....	\$22,037,484 81
Gasoline, Mines, Lands, Corporations, Race Tracks (betting), Amusements, Stock Transfers and Wine.	
Licenses.....	8,455,470 29
Motor Vehicles, Liquor Permits, Hunting and Fishing, Insurance, Loan and Trust Companies, Mines, Race Tracks, Theatres, etc.	
Fees.....	1,818,964 00
Local Registrars, Police Magistrates, Crown Attorneys, etc.; Fire Marshal, Mine Recording, Companies and Brokers Registration, etc.; Land Transfers, Motor Vehicle Transfers, etc.	
Fines and Penalties.....	91,743 18
Profits from Trading Activities.....	5,515,000 00
Liquor Control Board—Profits, Fines, Sale of Con- fiscated Liquor, etc.	
Succession Duties.....	8,081,322 11
Natural Resources.....	1,765,774 11
Interest on Drainage and Sundry Loans.....	211,014 13
Miscellaneous.....	454,855 07
Ontario Gazette, sale of Government publications, and casual revenue.	
	48,431,627 70
	<u>\$51,373,051 98</u>

PROVINCIAL DEBT

Statement Showing Investment Thereof as at October 31st, 1933

FUNDED DEBT:			
Stock and Debentures Outstanding.....		\$522,687,344	52
Certificates and Annuities.....		1,077,479	30
		<u>\$523,764,823</u>	<u>82</u>
Deduct—Sinking Fund Investments—			
Registered Stocks.....	\$ 2,893,385		70
“AM”—Sinking Fund.....		1,492,000	00
“AN”— “ “.....		1,103,000	00
“AV”— “ “.....		8,030	00
Hydro-Electric Power Commission—			
Ontario Bonds deposited with Treasury.....	2,101,000		00
		<u>7,597,415</u>	<u>70</u>
Total Funded Debt.....		\$516,167,408	12
UNFUNDED DEBT:			
Treasury Bills.....	\$ 36,620,000		00
Savings Office Deposits.....		21,546,006	32
Special Funds, Accounts Payable and Accrued Interest.....		17,693,887	38
		<u>75,859,893</u>	<u>70</u>
Gross Debt.....		\$592,027,301	82
INVESTMENT THEREOF:			
Revenue Producing and Realizable Assets—			
Hydro-Electric Power Commission—Advances.....	\$187,964,549		41
Less—Sinking Fund Investments Deposited.....		2,101,000	00
		<u>\$185,863,549</u>	<u>41</u>
Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway—			
Advances.....		30,207,934	92
Farm, Housing and Settlers' Loans.....		59,525,156	64
Cash and Accounts Receivable.....	\$ 15,247,615		76
King's Highways—Construction—			
Cities and Counties.....	1,741,749		11
		<u>16,989,364</u>	<u>87</u>
		\$292,586,005	84
Revenue Producing but not Realizable Assets—			
Roads and Highways.....	\$188,111,502		21
Less—Due by Cities and Counties..		1,741,749	11
		<u>\$186,369,753</u>	<u>10</u>
Niagara Parks.....		1,580,268	76
Common School Fund—Trust Fund: Ontario and Quebec.....		1,458,971	36
		<u>189,408,993</u>	<u>22</u>
Total Revenue Producing Assets.....		\$481,994,999	06
Non-Revenue Producing Assets—			
Provincial Buildings and Public Works.....	\$ 63,253,536		47
Plant, Stores and Equipment.....		2,248,029	55
Deferred Assets.....		379,703	61
		<u>65,881,269</u>	<u>63</u>
Other Assets—			
Capitalized Value of Annual Subsidy.....	\$ 58,828,485		60
Unemployment Relief—Direct (less amount written off).....		14,045,036	40
		<u>72,873,522</u>	<u>00</u>
Total Assets.....		\$620,749,790	69
Excess of Assets over Liabilities.....		<u>\$ 28,722,488</u>	<u>87</u>

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION OF ONTARIO

Advances by Province to October 31st, 1933

Advanced on Capital Account to October 31st, 1932		\$204,488,631	44
Advances during current year		1,275,593	96
		<u>\$205,764,225</u>	40
Deduct:			
Refund of Capital Advances not required	\$ 339,473	57	
Sale of Properties	451,585	69	
		<u>791,059</u>	26
Total Advances to date		\$204,973,166	14
Repayments from Sinking Fund in accordance with Debt Retirement Plan—			
To October 31st, 1932	\$14,853,440	35	
For Current year	2,155,176	38	
		<u>17,008,616</u>	73
Net Advances to October 31st, 1933		<u>\$187,964,549</u>	41

Note—Province of Ontario Bonds, \$2,101,000, have been deposited with the Provincial Treasurer on account of Sinking Fund for the repayment of advances, in excess of cash payments called for and made under the Debt Retirement Plan.

AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE ACT

R.S.O. 1927, Cap. 67

Statement Showing Deposits in Province of Ontario Savings Offices, and Agricultural Loans as at October 31st, 1933

DEPOSITS IN SAVINGS OFFICES BY PUBLIC AT OCTOBER 31ST, 1933		\$ 21,546,006	32
AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCE ACT—INVESTMENTS—			
Agricultural Development Board—Debentures	\$ 58,288,000	00	
Less: Repayments to date	7,888,000	00	
		<u>\$ 50,400,000</u>	00
Accrued Interest	865,363	50	
		<u>\$51,265,363</u>	50
Farm Loans Act—Farm Loan Associations		192,121	37
“ “ “ —Capital Stock in Associations		2,445	00
		<u>\$ 51,459,929</u>	87
Savings Offices—			
Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 446,654	85	
Accounts receivable	1,000	00	
Fixtures (depreciated value)	48,570	44	
		<u>496,225</u>	29
		<u>\$ 51,956,155</u>	16

PUBLIC SERVICE SUPERANNUATION FUND

R.S.O. 1927, Cap. 16, Part III

As at October 31st, 1933

Balance at credit of Fund—November 1st, 1932.....\$4,345,659 00

Receipts and Payments for fiscal year 1933.

CONTRIBUTIONS—

Employees	\$427,883 68
Commissions, Boards, etc (Sec. 39).....	97,577 34
Government (Sec. 39)	\$330,306 34
(" 60).....	34,204 74

	\$364,511 08	
Less Refunds (Sec. 36).....	46,054 62	
	<u>318,456 46</u>	
		\$ 843,917 48

EARNINGS—

Interest—1 year at 5% on balance to credit of Fund as at November 1st, 1932..... \$ 217,282 95

On contributions.

Employees	\$ 9,451 97
Government	9,451 97

\$ 18,903 94

Less—Interest deducted on account of payments to beneficiaries, etc.....	12,727 28
--	-----------

6,176 66

223,459 61

Total receipts for year ended October 31st, 1933..\$1,067,377 09

PAYMENTS—

Lump sum payments, refunds, allowances, etc..... 572,679 61

494,697 48

Balance at Credit of Fund, October 31st, 1933.....\$4,840,356 48

HIGHWAYS IMPROVEMENT FUND

R.S.O. 1927, Chap. 54, Sec. 9

CREDITS TO FUND, NOVEMBER 1ST, 1932:

Balance carried from 1931-32.....	\$18,840,786	24
Consolidated Revenue, 20 Geo. V, Chapter 11.....	3,000,000	00
Gasoline Tax.....	12,341,237	78
Motor Vehicles.....	7,376,672	73
County Repayments.....	2,837,497	82
Suburban Areas.....	404,786	09
Miscellaneous.....	306,110	72
		<u>\$45,107,091 38</u>

DEBITS AGAINST FUND TO OCTOBER 31ST, 1933:

King's Highways.....	\$5,200,000	00
County Roads.....	2,105,893	72
Township Roads.....	1,377,640	28
Connecting Links.....	14,443	28
Indian Reserve Roads.....	14,334	75
		<u>8,712,312 03</u>
Balance to Credit.....		<u>\$36,394,779 35</u>

Statement showing the remuneration paid to Officials in the Parliament Buildings
who received pay from more than one source during
the Fiscal Year 1932-33

Name	Page Pub. Acc.	Amount	Total
PRIME MINISTER'S DEPT.:			
W. J. Campbell	B 9	\$ c. 425 06	\$ c.
"	K 16	1,274 94	
"	C 7	50 00	1,750 00
C. J. Foster	B 9	3,000 00	
"	C 7	50 00	3,050 00
H. Petley	B 11	1,800 00	
"	C 7	200 00	2,000 00
LEGISLATION:			
R. Brown	C 6	677 00	
"	C 7	75 00	752 00
H. Cummings	C 7	4,600 00	
"	D 37	1,000 00	5,600 00
R. Dies	C 6	1,700 00	
"	C 6	200 00	1,900 00
W. G. W. Harvey	C 7	1 700 00	
"	C 6	400 00	2,100 00
G. Jones	C 6	984 27	
"	C 7	50 00	1,034 27
M. Rice	C 7	1,500 00	
"	C 7	50 00	1,550 00
ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S DEPT.:			
A. Becker	D 37	1,125 00	
"	N 17	100 00	1,225 00
W. J. Crawford	D 37	2,400 00	
"	N 17	300 00	2,700 00
Geo. F. Henderson	D 32	3,500 00	
"	I 8	3,500 00	7,000 00
J. J. Hoolihan	D 37	2,000 00	
"	N 17	300 00	2,300 00
I. A. Humphries	D 12	5,200 00	
"	D 37	1,000 00	6,200 00
G. D. Kennedy	D 37	1,599 96	
"	N 17	200 00	1,799 96
EDUCATION DEPT.:			
H. E. Amoss	F 28	4,400 00	
"	F 26	320 00	
"	F 32	75 00	4,795 00
R. W. Anglin	F 49	4,600 00	
"	F 31	350 00	
"	F 32	150 00	5,100 00

Statement showing the remuneration paid to Officials in the Parliament Buildings
who received pay from more than one source during
the Fiscal Year 1932-33—Continued

Name	Page Pub. Acc.	Amount	Total
EDUCATION DEPT.—Continued			
		\$ c.	\$ c.
Louis Beattie.....	F 53	4,000 00	
".....	F 26	320 00	
".....	F 31	245 00	
".....	F 32	100 00	4,665 00
W. A. Beecroft.....	F 31	3,000 00	
".....	F 31	24 00	
".....	F 32	150 00	3,174 00
A. J. Beneteau.....	F 28	5,000 00	
".....	F 31	276 00	
".....	F 32	300 00	5,576 00
J. D. Campbell.....	F 28	4,200 00	
".....	F 31	111 67	4,311 67
J. P. Cowles.....	F 31	4,600 00	
".....	F 31	6 25	
".....	F 32	500 00	5,106 25
N. Davies.....	F 53	3,800 00	
".....	F 54	120 00	
".....	F 26	345 60	4,265 60
L. H. DeLaporte.....	F 28	2,550 00	
".....	F 26	200 00	2,750 00
W. J. Fleming.....	F 23	1,700 00	
".....	F 24	170 00	1,870 00
V. K. Greer.....	F 28	5,400 00	
".....	F 31	36 00	5,436 00
A. M. Hamill.....	F 53	3,600 00	
".....	F 31	103 00	3,703 00
J. P. Hoag.....	F 28	4,600 00	
".....	F 31	456 00	
".....	F 32	300 00	5,356 00
A. G. Hooper.....	F 49	4,600 00	
".....	F 31	44 67	
".....	F 32	500 00	
".....	F 52	42 50	5,187 17
A. J. Husband.....	F 49	4,600 00	
".....	F 31	668 25	5,268 25
F. C. Jennings.....	F 51	3,800 00	
".....	F 52	40 00	3,840 00
W. A. Jennings.....	F 49	4,600 00	
".....	F 31	234 00	4,834 00
W. J. Karr.....	F 28	5,000 00	
".....	F 31	468 00	
".....	F 32	300 00	5,768 00
A. H. Leake.....	F 28	3,800 00	
".....	F 31	330 00	4,130 00

Statement showing the remuneration paid to Officials in the Parliament Buildings
who received pay from more than one source during
the Fiscal Year 1932-33—Continued

Name	Page Pub. Acc.	Amount	Total
EDUCATION DEPT.—Continued			
I. M. Levan.....	F 49	\$ 1,949 94	\$ c.
“.....	F 31	6 25	
“.....	F 32	500 00	
“.....	F 32	85 00	
J. B. MacDougall.....	F 28	4,200 00	2,541 19
“.....	F 31	455 00	
A. M. Moon.....	F 53	3,800 00	4,655 00
“.....	F 26	240 00	
R. A. Patterson.....	F 28	1,500 00	4,040 00
“.....	F 26	60 00	
S. D. Rendall.....	F 28	4,000 00	1,560 00
“.....	F 26	240 00	
G. F. Rogers.....	F 17	5,400 00	4,240 00
“.....	F 31	659 00	
“.....	F 32	800 00	
F. S. Rutherford.....	F 53	4,600 00	6,859 00
“.....	F 31	650 00	
“.....	N 10	80 00	
F. G. Sloman.....	F 23	1,800 00	5,330 00
“.....	F 24	125 00	
“.....	F 31	19 50	
D. Walker.....	F 33	5,000 00	1,944 50
“.....	F 31	124 00	
“.....	F 32	800 00	
Geo. Walton.....	F 17	2,000 00	5,924 00
“.....	F 18	70 72	
LANDS AND FORESTS DEPT.:			
L. V. Rorke.....	G 43	5,400 00	6,400 00
“.....	G 44	1,000 00	
MINES DEPT.:			
R. H. Murray.....	I 18	3,000 00	3,815 00
“.....	S 37	815 00	
PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.:			
J. Bennett.....	K 17	1,600 00	1,675 00
“.....	C 7	75 00	
T. Cordell.....	K 17	1,400 00	1,475 00
“.....	C 7	75 00	
S. Lowe.....	K 17	1,200 00	1,250 00
“.....	C 7	50 00	
S. McKenzie.....	K 17	1,400 00	1,450 00
“.....	C 7	50 00	

Statement showing the remuneration paid to Officials in the Parliament Buildings
who received pay from more than one source during
the Fiscal Year 1932-33—Continued

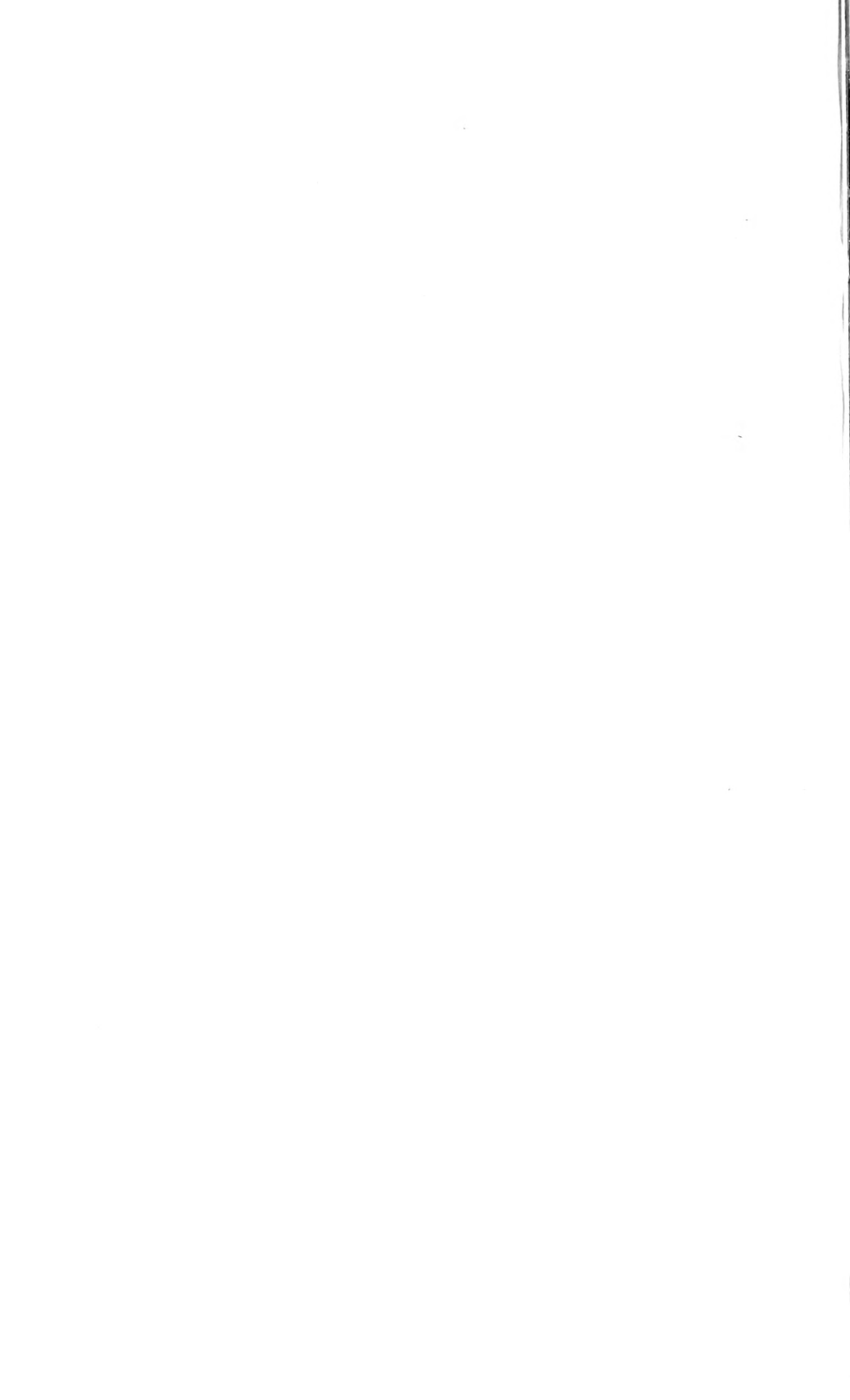
Name	Page Pub. Acc.	Amount	Total
PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.—Continued			
E. Sexsmith.....	K 17	\$ c. 1,600 00	\$ c. 1,650 00
“.....	C 7	50 00	
W. P. Thompson.....	K 16	1,503 90	1,553 90
“.....	C 7	50 00	
HIGHWAYS DEPT.:			
R. M. Smith.....	L 6	6,000 00	7,500 00
“.....	L 8	1,500 00	
HEALTH DEPT.:			
B. Baycroft.....	M 22	1,042 90	1,068 90
“.....	M 23	26 00	
A. E. Berry.....	M 21	4,200 00	4,248 00
“.....	F 26	48 00	
L. Brydson.....	M 22	1,050 00	1,249 75
“.....	M 23	199 75	
J. R. Buchanan.....	M 22	1,200 00	1,379 50
“.....	M 23	179 50	
J. Cogle.....	M 22	1,300 00	1,512 42
“.....	M 23	212 42	
M. Copp.....	M 22	1,200 00	1,232 00
“.....	M 23	32 00	
V. Crossley.....	M 22	1,800 00	1,838 00
“.....	M 23	38 00	
W. Fenton.....	M 22	1,600 00	1,821 04
“.....	M 23	221 04	
M. Harrison.....	M 22	750 00	784 00
“.....	M 23	34 00	
E. Jewell.....	M 22	1,500 00	1,710 18
“.....	M 23	210 18	
A. D. McClure.....	M 22	2,100 00	2,146 00
“.....	M 23	46 00	
W. B. McClure.....	M 22	2,700 09	2,758 00
“.....	M 23	58 00	
J. W. S. McCullough.....	M 15	5,700 00	7,500 00
“.....	M 70	1,800 00	
A. L. McNabb.....	M 22	4,200 00	4,251 50
“.....	M 23	51 50	
M. Mercer.....	M 22	825 00	842 50
“.....	M 23	17 50	
W. Murphy.....	M 22	750 00	928 50
“.....	M 23	178 50	

Statement showing the remuneration paid to Officials in the Parliament Buildings who received pay from more than one source during the Fiscal Year 1932-33—Continued

Name	Page Pub.Acc.	Amount	Total
HEALTH DEPT.—Continued			
R. Packham.....	M 22	\$ c. 1,600 00	\$ c. 1,756 50
".....	M 23	156 50	
J. T. Phair.....	M 17	4,400 00	4,720 00
".....	F 26	320 00	
C. R. Smith.....	M 22	1,800 00	2,001 00
".....	M 23	201 00	
L. V. Vrooman.....	M 17	1,500 00	1,620 00
".....	F 26	120 00	
M. D. Ward.....	M 22	1,600 00	1,644 00
".....	M 23	44 00	
W. M. Wilson.....	M 22	3,600 00	3,651 50
".....	M 23	51 50	
PUBLIC WELFARE:			
Wm. Rhoades.....	O 8	3,000 00	3,100 00
".....	A 2	100 00	
TREASURY DEPT.:			
P. W. Bull.....	P 14	1,800 00	1,884 00
".....	K 30	84 00	
Alexander Fraser.....	P 16	2,000 00	2,233 24
".....	A 2	233 24	
A. H. Gray.....	P 14	1,900 00	2,020 00
".....	K 30	120 00	
A. E. Hider.....	P 15	1,600 00	1,707 80
".....	K 30	107 80	
R. Regan.....	P 10	3,000 00	3,040 00
".....	C 6	40 00	
F. M. Turnbull.....	P 10	4,950 00	6,950 00
".....	P 11	2,000 00	
PROVINCIAL SECRETARY:			
A. E. Venables.....	R 8	1,600 00	2,086 57
".....	M 19	486 57	

B

LEGAL OPINIONS



Re Vital Statistics Act

PROVINCIAL AUDITOR'S OFFICE,

Toronto, June 20th, 1933.

MR. EDWARD BAYLY, K.C.,

Deputy Attorney-General.

DEAR MR. BAYLY:

Subsection 2 of Section 2 of The Vital Statistics Act, 21 Geo. V, Chapter 21, reads as follows:

"Every such officer shall, for the particulars as to each divorce, receive a fee of \$2.00, and such fee shall be payable from time to time by the Treasurer of Ontario on the certificate of the Registrar-General."

May I ask if in your opinion, when there is no legislative appropriation to provide for the payments above referred to, is it the intention of the Act that the payments would be a proper charge against Consolidated Revenue Fund?

Your ruling would be very much appreciated.

Yours very truly,

G. A. BROWN,

Provincial Auditor.

DEPARTMENT OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL

Toronto 5, June 23rd, 1933.

MY DEAR MR. BROWN:

Replying to your letter of June 20th regarding Subsection 2 of Section 2 of The Vital Statistics Act, which authorizes the Treasurer of Ontario, on the certificate of the Registrar-General, to pay a \$2.00 fee to officers for the furnishing of particulars as to a divorce, I am of opinion that this authorizes payments to be charged against Consolidated Revenue Fund. My reason for coming to this conclusion is this—as you know, all payments of money must be authorized by the Legislature. This is usually done by apt appropriations, but may be done by a general direction to pay, in which case it is customary in most Acts to say that such payments may be charged against Consolidated Revenue Fund. However, if this last part authorizing such payments to be charged against Consolidated Revenue Fund, is omitted, I am of opinion that the authorization to pay being there, the only fund you can charge it to, would be the Consolidated Revenue Fund, and while the phrasing of The Vital Statistics Act which you quote, might be improved upon, I think it is adequate to authorize the payments, in which case, such payments should be charged against the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Yours faithfully,

E. BAYLY,

Deputy Attorney-General.

G. A. BROWN, ESQ.,

Provincial Auditor,

Buildings.

PROVINCIAL AUDITOR'S OFFICE,

Toronto, June 27th, 1933.

MR. F. V. JOHNS,

Assistant Provincial Secretary.

DEAR MR. JOHNS:

I am attaching hereto copy of a letter I received from the Deputy Attorney-General giving his ruling in reference to the payment of fees to the various officers mentioned in Subsection 2 of Section 2 of The Vital Statistics Act, 21 Geo. V, Chapter 21.

Yours very truly,

G. A. BROWN,

Provincial Auditor.

Re Contributions to Public Service Superannuation Fund

Toronto, November 4th, 1932.

S. McCLENAGHAN, ESQ.,

Chief Commissioner, Liquor Control Board.

DEAR SIR:

I am in receipt of your letter of 28th October, addressed to Honourable E. A. Dunlop, Provincial Treasurer, and note your comments on the proposed policy as outlined in my letter of October 27th, in respect to the payment by the Board into Consolidated Revenue Fund, to be credited to the Public Service Superannuation Fund, of an amount equivalent to the employees contributions during the fiscal year ended October 31st, 1932, in lieu of the Government making the payment as formerly.

Paragraph 3 of your letter reads as follows:

"This would indicate apparently that such payments should be made from the Consolidated Revenue Fund and in our opinion, should be considered the governing factor."

Even granting that your opinion is correct and also that the proposed policy is perfectly in order, then I think the Government has a perfect right to request the Board to pay into Consolidated Revenue Fund an amount equivalent to the employees contributions for the year.

As to whether there would be any particular advantage in making the change is not for me to comment upon as it is purely a matter of Government policy.

The following is a statement showing the contributions to the Fund by employees of the Liquor Control Board for the year 1931-32.

Pay List Deductions.....	\$93,032 69	
Arrears Paid.....	725 39	
		\$93,758 08
Less—Refunds.....	975 03	
Amount Payable by Board.....		\$92,783 05

The Board's cheque for Ninety-two Thousand, Seven Hundred and Eighty-three Dollars and Five Cents (\$92,783.05) would be very much appreciated at your earliest opportunity in order that we may close our books.

Yours very truly,

G. A. BROWN,
Provincial Auditor.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL:

Referring to the attached letters, in my opinion the Liquor Control Board is as much a part of this Department as any other and, subject to The Liquor Control Act and Regulations, is entirely under the direction of the Minister.

In my opinion, you can ask the Liquor Control Board to pay to the Consolidated Revenue Fund an amount equal to the total contributions of the employees of the Board for superannuation. The Government is under an obligation to credit the Superannuation Fund with an amount equal to the total contributions of the Civil Service generally.

Whether or not the suggestion is advantageous, I do not, of course, know and I am not asked to give an opinion upon it.

Mr. McClenaghan's letter of October 26th to the Honourable the Provincial Treasurer really begs the question. The Government is under an obligation to contribute to the Superannuation Fund, but there is nothing to prevent the Government instructing the Liquor Control Board to contribute to the Consolidated Revenue Fund (not to the Superannuation Fund) an amount equal to the total contributions of their employees towards superannuation.

The first part of Mr. Brown's letter to the Chief Commissioner, dated November 4th, suggests payment by the Board into the Consolidated Revenue Fund, to the credit of the Public Service Superannuation Fund. I think the words, "credited to the Public Service Superannuation Fund," are quite inadvisable, because it looks as if it were a direct intimation to the Board to assume a governmental burden. Advising the Liquor Control Board, as I have said, to pay an amount equal to the total contributions of the Civil Servants under the Liquor Control Board into the Consolidated Revenue Fund, is, in my opinion, quite regular and quite legal.

Yours faithfully,

E. BAYLY,
Deputy Attorney-General.

November 5th, 1932.

DEPARTMENT OF ATTORNEY-GENERAL

Toronto 5, November 10th, 1932.

MY DEAR SIR:

Replying to your request for an opinion made to the Attorney-General on the basis of a letter from you to the Chairman of the Liquor Control Board, dated October 25th, the Chief Commissioner's reply, dated October 28th and your reply to him, dated November 4th, regarding the payment by the Liquor Control Board into Consolidated Revenue Fund, for the purpose of paying an amount equivalent to the employees' contributions, to the Public Service Superannuation Fund—I have given an opinion to the Attorney-General. This opinion in effect is that the Liquor Control Board, being as much under the control of the Minister (subject to the provisions of The Liquor Control Act) as any other governmental service, can be requested to send in returns, in my opinion, and apply their money as the Government, or the Minister in charge, directs.

As the Government is under an obligation to credit the Superannuation Fund with an amount equal to the total contributions of the Civil Service generally, I do not think that the Liquor Board should be asked directly to contribute this amount, but they can pay an equivalent amount to the Consolidated Revenue Fund, which will be available for the Government to apply to its credit.

I am enclosing a copy of my opinion to the Attorney-General and have sent a copy of this letter to the Honourable Mr. Dunlop for his information.

I may add that as I advised you verbally, corporations are not in the same legal position as Civil Service Departments and Branches, and if you desire them to contribute, I think their contributions should be made on action by their Boards.

Yours faithfully,

E. BAYLY,

Deputy Attorney-General.

G. A. BROWN, ESQ.,
Provincial Auditor,
Buildings.

C
SPECIAL WARRANTS

C
SPECIAL WARRANTS

STATEMENT OF SPECIAL WARRANTS ISSUED DURING THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31st, 1933

Date of Warrant	SERVICE	Warrants	Expended 1932-33	Unexpended
	Prime Minister's Department			
	Royal Commission of Investigation into the purchase of certain properties by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario— Balance unexpended, 1931-32.....	\$20,292 40	\$10,450 77	\$9,841 63
August 29th, 1933.....	Chairman, Convention Committee, Border Cities of the Canadian Legion of the British Empire Service League, Ontario Provincial Command, grant— Warrant.....	200 00	200 00	
May 9th, 1933.....	Canadian Legion of the British Empire Service League, Ontario Provincial Command, grant— Warrant.....	\$1,500 00		
August 23rd, 1933.....	Veterans Reunion Council, re Warriors' Day, Canadian National Exhibition, grant— Warrant.....	3,000 00	3,000 00	
August 23rd, 1933.....	Expenses in connection with the preparation of the St. Lawrence Agreement between the Dominion of Canada and the Province of Ontario— Warrant unexpended, 1931-32.....	500 00	500 00	
October 31st, 1933.....	To pay for losses on the operation of Northern Ontario properties of the Hydro-Electric Power Commission— Warrant.....	5,114 77	5,114 77	
	Insurance Department			
	Superintendent of Insurance, to pay unforeseen expenses, re the Sixteenth Annual Conference of the Association of Superintendents—	120,239 55	120,239 55	

	115 34	115 34	115 34
September 26th, 1933.....			
Warrant			
Education Department			
Board of Trustees, Royal Ontario Museum, cost of new building, etc.— Balance unexpended, 1931-32.....	446,797 61	263,000 00	183,797 61
Corporation of the Town of Cobalt, to meet the payment of High School Debentures and Interest— Balance unexpended, 1931-32.....	93 66	93 66	
Ontario Temperance Association, to aid in the development of temperance education, grant— Warrant.....	500 00	500 00	
Purchase and distribution of books, "Early Life in Upper Canada," to be presented to the Public and Separate Rural School Libraries— Warrant.....	8,750 00	8,750 00	
Institut Canadien Francais, Ottawa, grant— Warrant.....	200 00	200 00	
Canadian National Institute for the Blind, special grant— Warrant.....	10,000 00	10,000 00	
Ontario School Trustees' and Ratepayers' Association, special grant— Warrant.....	1,000 00		
" Warrant.....	1,500 00		
Northern Development Department			
Costs and expenses re trip to Northern Ontario by certain members of the Executive of the Ontario Good Roads Association and others, from October 18th to October 20th, 1932— Warrant.....	300 00	279 51	20 49
Costs and expenses re the Northern Development exhibit at the Canadian National Exhibition— Warrant.....	500 00	490 30	9 70
Expenses re construction of Settlers' roads in the Districts of North and South Cochrane and Temiskaming— Warrant.....	25,000 00	712 00	24,288 00
September 6th, 1933.....			
October 31st, 1933.....			
December 6th, 1932.....			
February 7th, 1933.....			
June 6th, 1933.....			
July 11th, 1933.....			
September 1st, 1932.....			
September 14th, 1933.....			
September 26th, 1933.....			

SPECIAL WARRANTS—Continued

Date of Warrant	SERVICE		Warrants	Expended 1932-33	Unexpended
June 13th, 1933.....	Northern Development Department—Continued	Expenses re construction and completion of the road between Larder Lake and Kirkland Lake— Warrant.....	\$100,000 00	\$99,394 05	\$605 95
July 21st, 1933.....	Public Works Department	Expenses re construction of a bridge on the Ferguson Highway at Round Lake, Con. 5, Marquis-Pacaud boundary— Warrant.....	35,000 00	4,356 07	30,643 93
July 21st, 1933.....	Payment of accounts for alterations and class room equipment, Toronto Normal School— Warrant.....	6,500 00	4,976 13	1,523 87	
September 6th, 1933.....	Payment of accounts re wrecking of old gaol, Sudbury, Sudbury District— Warrant.....	1,500 00	1,247 08	252 92	
August 3rd, 1933.....	Payment of accounts for exhibiting and expenses in connection with Departments at Central Canada Exhibition, Ottawa— Warrant.....	2,825 00	1,404 63	1,420 37	
June 20th, 1933.....	Highways Department	Building, furnishing and operating Tourists' Bureaus at border points, also the cost of literature and road maps for the purpose of advertising Ontario— Warrant.....	15,000 00	10,452 47	4,547 53
	Health Department	Travelling and other expenses of the Commission appointed to investigate and report on the Treatment of Cancer—			

		3,264 05	2,852 16	411 89
Balance unexpended, 1931-32.				
Ontario Hospital, Mimico, reconstruction, alterations and additions to cottages—				
Balance unexpended, 1931-32	\$7,092 27			
"	25,000 00			
"	25,000 00			
"	33,000 00			
Travelling expenses, etc., for the removal and escort of indigent patients of unorganized territory to and from Public Hospitals and Hospitals for Incurables, etc., and for burial expenses where death occurs in such hospitals, etc.—				
Warrant	500 00			
"	500 00		487 02	512 98
Canadian Tuberculosis Association, Ottawa, grant—				
Warrant		500 00	500 00	
Labour Department				
Labour Educational Association of Ontario, special grant—				
Warrant		100 00	100 00	
National Labour Day Committee, Toronto, special grant—				
Warrant		100 00	100 00	
International Labour Day Committee, Toronto District Labour Council, special grant—				
Warrant		100 00	100 00	
Essex County Trades and Labour Council, to assist in the convention of the Trades and Labour Congress of Canada, at Windsor, September, 1933—				
Warrant		500 00	500 00	
Public Welfare				
To provide for indigents and burial of indigents resident in unorganized territory and other expenditure incidental to Public Welfare not provided for in estimates—				
Warrant	750 00			
"	750 00			
April 20th, 1933		1,500 00	1,273 00	227 00
June 27th, 1933				

SPECIAL WARRANTS—Continued

Date of Warrant	SERVICE	Warrants	Expended 1932-33	Unexpended
August 1st, 1933.	Public Welfare—Continued District of Temiskaming Children's Aid Society, maintenance of wards from Town of Latchford and Township of Bucke— Warrant	\$150 00	\$150 00	
November 23rd, 1932.	Agriculture Department Theford Cold Storage Co., Ltd., a co-operative cold storage association. loan— Warrant	30,000 00	30,000 00	
	Mapleton Cheese and Butter Co., Ltd., a co-operative association, loan— Unexpended, 1931-32	2,500 00	2,500 00	
January 5th, 1933.	The Georgian Bay Fruit Growers, Ltd., a co-operative cold storage association, loan— Warrant	5,000 00	5,000 00	
January 24th, 1933.	Messrs. Clarkson, Gordon, Dilworth, Guilfoyle and Nash, chartered accountants, re survey of the Agricultural Development Board. operations, etc.— Warrant	2,500 00	2,500 00	
August 30th, 1932	Niagara Packers, Ltd., a co-operative association, loan— Warrant	2,500 00	2,500 00	
May 2nd, 1933.	Blackwater Co-operative Turnip Growers, Ltd., loan— Warrant	2,500 00	2,500 00	
May 2nd, 1933 September 12th, 1933	Nottawasaga Co-operative Cold Storage, Ltd., loan— Warrant "	7,000 00	7,000 00	\$5,800 00 1,200 00
August 23rd, 1933.	Colonel the Honourable Thomas L. Kennedy, expenses while investigating marketing conditions in Great Britain and Ireland— Warrant	800 00	800 00	

September 6th, 1933.....	Southern Ontario Flu-Cured Tobacco Growers Co-operative Association, Ltd., grant— Warrant.....		2,000 00	2,000 00	
May 2nd, 1933.....	British Welcome League, grant— Warrant.....		625 00	625 00	
June 13th, 1933.....	First Co-operative Packers of Ontario, Ltd., Barrie, loan— Warrant.....	5,000 00			
July 13th, 1933.....	".....	3,500 00			
July 25th, 1933.....	".....	4,000 00		12,500 00	12,500 00
September 12th, 1933.....	Peterboro Industrial Exhibition, grant— Warrant.....		200 00	200 00	
October 24th, 1933.....	Ottawa Valley Packing Company, Ltd., loan— Warrant.....		25,000 00	25,000 00	
November 14th, 1933.....	Expenses in connection with an exhibit at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference at Regina, July 24th to August 5th, 1933— Warrant.....		3,000 00	2,999 43	.57
August 1st, 1933.....	Nelson Fruit and Vegetable Growers' Co-operative Company, Ltd., loan— Warrant.....		15,000 00	15,000 00	
	Total Special Warrants.....		\$1,013,359 65	\$753,464 97	\$259,894 68



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TREASURY BOARD MINUTES



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TREASURY BOARD MINUTES

STATEMENT OF TREASURY BOARD MINUTES ISSUED FOR EXPENDITURES
IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS DURING THE FISCAL YEAR
ENDED OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

Prime Minister's Department		
	Warrant	Expended
Executive Council—		
Contingencies.....	\$3,000 00	\$1,206 40
Sundry investigations.....	6,500 00	5,831 58
Hydro-Electric Power Commission—		
Thunder Bay System, transmission lines, rural distribution....	11,000 00	11,000 00
Northern System, transmission lines, 110,000 K.V.—A line....	50,690 96	39,835 96
Legislation		
Legislative Library, purchase of books, contingencies, etc.....	1,000 00	964 90
Attorney-General's Department		
Main Office, contingencies.....		
General—	65 00	47 19
Commissions and sundry investigations.....	714 80	714 80
Grant to Conference on Improving Laws in the Province.....	400 00	400 00
Administration of Justice—		
General Administration of Justice in Counties.....		7,061 51
“ “ “ “ Districts.....	25,000 00	12,499 87
Algoma District, engineers, gaolers, caretakers, etc.....	2,000 00	1,431 18
Kenora “ gaolers, lock-up keepers, etc.....	3,000 00	2,930 00
Nipissing “ “ “ “.....	200 00	197 25
Rainy River “ “ “ “.....	1,000 00	563 00
Sudbury “ “ “ “.....	2,000 00	1,396 00
Temiskaming District, gaolers, lock-up keepers, etc.....	4,500 00	2,925 50
Thunder Bay “ “ “ “.....	5,500 00	5,030 00
Local Masters of Titles—		
Haileybury, salaries and expenses.....	270 47	203 92
Cochrane “ “.....	269 87	218 37
Miscellaneous—		
Fire Marshall's Office, Division of Fire Investigation.....	5,000 00	2,132 34
Education Department		
Main Office—		
Proportion of cost of Minister's Report.....	350 00	326 12
Consolidation and Revision of Acts.....	100 00	46 96
Public and Separate School Education—		
Grants and contingencies.....	50,000 00	40,629 68
Grant to Frontier College.....	2,500 00	2,500 00
Training Schools—		
Caretakers in Model Schools used for Training Teachers.....	20 00	20 00
Normal and Model Schools—		
Toronto Normal and Model Schools—		
Physical Culture apparatus, etc.....	150 00	52 54
Fuel, light and power.....	250 00	176 33
Wages of porters, extra firemen, etc.....	200 00	181 12
Scrubbing, cleaning, etc.....	600 00	474 17
Ottawa Normal School—		
Fuel, light and power.....	500 00	497 72
Water.....	75 00	55 22
Snow cleaning, cartage, etc.....	50 00	17 14
London Normal School, fuel, light and power.....	200 00	188 81
Hamilton Normal School—		
Apparatus, chemicals, Domestic Science and Manual Training supplies.....	200 00	108 77
Physical Culture apparatus, etc.....	100 00	85 00
Fuel, light and power.....	150 00	99 53
Water.....	100 00	6 58

TREASURY BOARD MINUTES—Continued

Education Department—Continued

	Warrant	Expended
Normal and Model Schools—Continued		
Stratford Normal School—		
Reference books, contingencies, etc.	\$250 00	\$213 99
University of Ottawa, Normal School, reference books, contingencies, etc.	2,000 00	946 45
Sturgeon Falls Model School, scrubbing, cleaning, etc.	50 00	21 75
Embrun Model School, furniture repairs and incidentals.	50 00	6 47
Scrubbing, cleaning, etc.	8 95	8 95
High Schools and Collegiate Institutes—		
Travelling and moving expenses.	600 00	284 03
Stationery, postage, printing and contingencies.	800 00	764 15
Ontario Training College for Technical Teachers, water.	50 00	22 26
Belleville School for the Deaf—		
Farm hands, including extra farm hands.		55 00
Cooks, laundresses and housemaids.		815 35
Brantford School for the Blind, temporary assistance.		56 30
Monteith Northern Academy, expenses.	5,000 00	4,414 58

Lands and Forests Department

Back to the Land Movement.	30,000 00	27,190 33
Reforestation.	15,000 00	5,659 03
Fire Ranging.	500,000 00	428,871 85
Surveys Branch, surveys.	10,000 00	10,000 00

Northern Development Department

Colonization Roads—		
Contingencies.	319 00	318 84
Inspection of Roads and Bridges.	10,000 00	9,737 18

Game and Fisheries Department

Sundry Enquiries and Investigations.	815 00	747 82
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Public Works Department

Maintenance and Repairs of Government Buildings—		
Government House, repairs, contingencies, etc.	500 00	395 46
Parliament and Departmental Buildings—		
Water and fuel.	8,000 00	7,972 05
Furniture and furnishings for buildings.	1,000 00	107 24
Painting, inside and outside work.	2,000 00	1,625 23
Telephone service.	945 10	945 10
Sewage Experimental Station.	25 00	20 85
Osgoode Hall, cleaning of building.	300 00	280 08
Kemptville Agricultural School, repairs and incidentals.	500 00	137 62
General Buildings, to provide for repairs and installation of boilers and heating plants.	3,000 00	578 95
Ontario Government Building, Exhibition Park, repairs and installing exhibits, etc.	1,500 00	1,381 00
Public Works and Bridges—		
Surveys and inspections.	1,500 00	1,491 93
Municipal bridges.	10,000 00	8,779 36
Public Buildings—		
Ontario Hospitals, additions, alterations and equipment.	5,000 00	276 89
Girls' Training School, Galt, construction of works and buildings.	60,000 00	1,308 81

TREASURY BOARD MINUTES—Continued**Highways Department**

	Warrant	Expended
Motor Vehicles Branch, salaries.....	\$7,180 96	\$7,180 96
Automobile markers and supplies.....	21,615 70	20,953 68

Health Department

Main Office—		
Operation of Radium Emanation plant.....	3,440 59	3,103 90
Preventable Diseases—		
Outbreaks of diseases.....	6,800 00	6,787 81
Treatment of patients.....	20,650 00	20,116 62
General Hospitals and Charities—		
General Hospitals.....	68,917 87	68,898 67
General—		
Grants to recovered indigent patients and removal expenses..	900 00	368 09
Travelling expenses of Social Service workers.....	500 00	490 26
Removal expenses other than patients.....	1,700 00	1,312 99
Printing and stationery for Public Institutions.....	10,000 00	4,996 28
Medical attendance, etc., of employees of Public Institutions..	1,000 00	96 89
Maintenance of criminal insane at Guelph Reformatory.....	766 54	766 54
Brockville Hospital—		
Matrons and assistants, including domestic help.....	2,400 00	2,400 00
Engineers and assistants.....	2,000 00	1,198 82
Cobourg Hospital—		
Matrons and assistants, including general help.....	1,000 00	800 00
Artisans not domestics.....	1,000 00	1,000 00
Hamilton Hospital, Superintendent, Physicians and Dentists.....	2,500 00	2,232 16
Kingston Hospital—		
Superintendent, Physicians and Dentists.....	3,800 00	3,702 50
Matron and assistants, including domestic help.....	1,500 00	1,108 32
London Hospital—		
Superintendent, Physicians and Dentists.....	2,800 00	2,675 42
Steward and assistants.....	1,500 00	1,385 64
Artisans not domestics.....	1,000 00	975 00
Orillia Hospital—		
Steward and assistants.....	3,000 00	2,661 20
Engineers and assistants.....	600 00	600 00
Attendants and nurses.....	1,000 00	671 48
Teachers and Industrial Instructors.....	500 00	300 00
Toronto Hospital, attendants and nurses.....	5,100 00	4,427 41
Whitby Hospital, Engineers and assistants.....	1,400 00	1,071 28
Repairs to buildings.....	6,000 00	4,468 46
Woodstock Hospital—Matron and assistants, including domestic help.....		55 35

Public Welfare Department

Main Office—		
Contingencies.....	775 00	774 22
Maintenance of indigents in unorganized territory.....	500 00	494 67
Standard Relief Farms for Municipalities.....	600 00	480 22
Children's Aid Branch, contingencies.....	1,400 00	1,399 84
Mothers' Allowances Commission—		
Contingencies.....	10,000 00	6,222 34
Allowances.....	200,000 00	165,849 89
Old Age Pensions Commission—		
Contingencies.....	10,000 00	9,370 15
Allowances.....		223,332 90

Provincial Secretary's Department

Registrar-General, District Registrar's fees.....	42 50	42 50
Public Institutions Branch, contingencies.....	650 00	93 30

TREASURY BOARD MINUTES—Continued

Provincial Secretary's Department—Continued

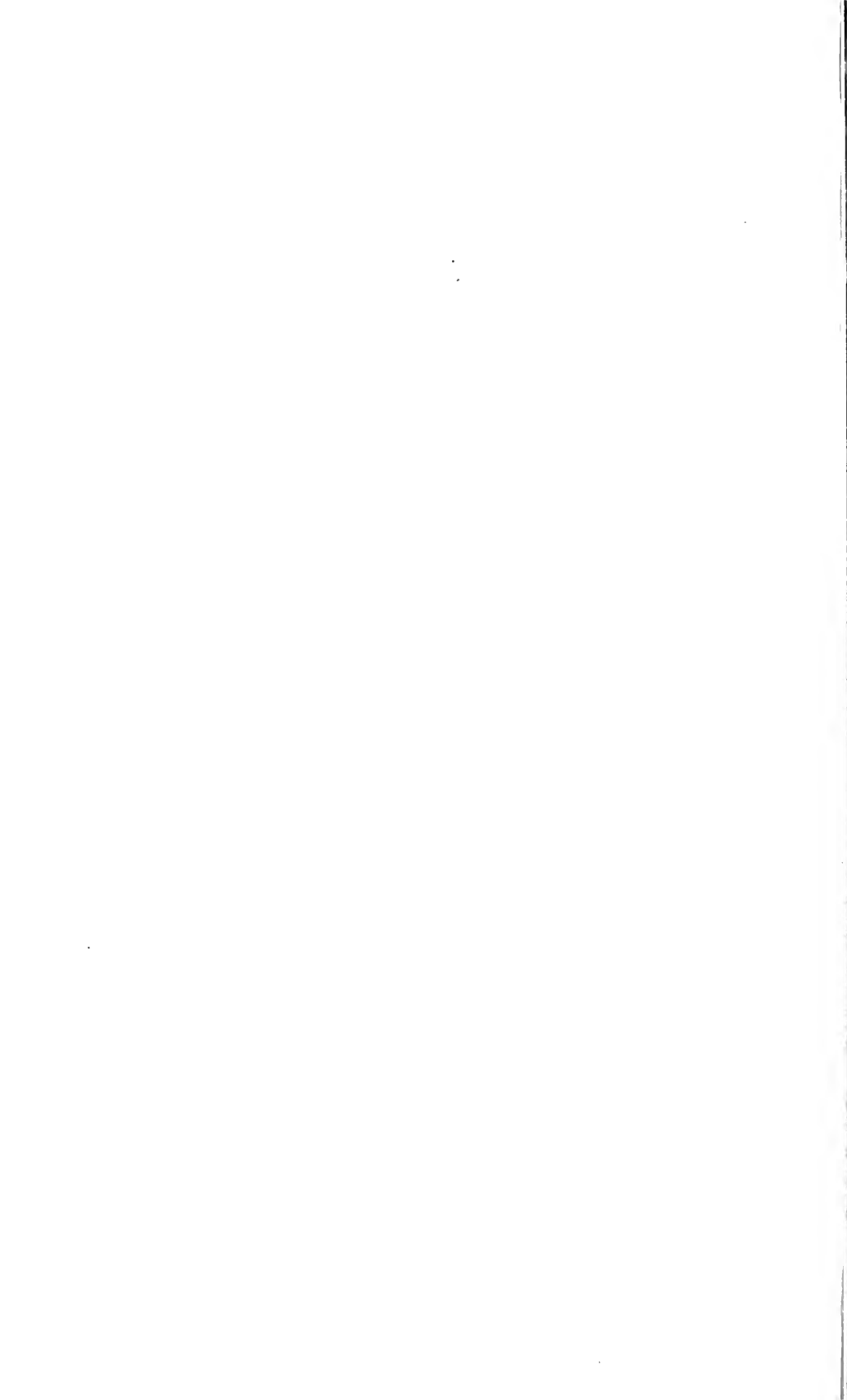
	Warrant	Expended
General—		
Removal expenses, other than patients.....	\$300 00	\$180 16
Treatment of patients in Hospitals and Sanatoria.....	800 00	727 50
Legal costs and expenses.....	500 00	254 38
Mimico Reformatory—		
Salaries.....	1,000 00	557 83
Expenses.....	750 00	557 37
Mercer Reformatory, repairs to buildings, etc.....	2,000 00	1,211 06
Fort William Industrial Farm.....	2,000 00	1,838 28

Agriculture Department

General—		
Removal expenses of officials.....	193 14	193 14
Incidentals.....	350 00	330 44
Publicity work in Great Britain.....	10,000 00	7,241 84
Dairy Branch—		
Grant to Dairymen's Association, Eastern Ontario.....	500 00	500 00
Fruit Branch—		
Horticultural Experimental Station, salaries.....	100 00	100 00
Apple Maggot Survey, expenses.....	1,200 00	1,022 07
Agricultural Representatives Branch, Royal Winter Fair party.....	15 72	15 72
Markets and Co-operation Branch, salaries.....	1,318 27	1,318 27
Kemptville Agricultural School, salaries and expenses.....	1,000 00	995 65
Western Ontario Experimental Farm, Ridgetown, maintenance, salaries, etc.....	2,200 00	2,198 58
Ontario Agricultural College—		
Animal Husbandry Division—		
Salaries.....	46 87	46 87
Herdsmen, teamsters, etc.....	573 66	573 66
Experimental Dairy and Dairy School, salaries.....	87 49	87 49
Poultry Department, salaries.....	153 12	153 12
Horticultural Department—		
Salaries.....	87 49	87 49
Gardeners, teamsters, etc.....	336 42	336 42

Miscellaneous

Gratuities.....	200 00	200 00
Compensation for workmen.....	5,085 66	5,085 66
Total Treasury Board Minutes.....	<u>\$1,282,206 15</u>	<u>\$1,258,169 12</u>



REPORT FOR 1933

OF

The Workmen's Compensation Board

ONTARIO

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO

SESSIONAL PAPER No. 28, 1934



ONTARIO

TORONTO

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1934

TO COLONEL THE HONOURABLE HERBERT A. BRUCE, R.A.M.C., M.D., F.R.C.S.,
Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

The undersigned has the honour to transmit herewith the Nineteenth Report of The Workmen's Compensation Board of Ontario, for the year ending 31st of December, 1933.

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM H. PRICE,
Attorney-General.

Toronto, March 26th, 1934.

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD

V. A. SINCLAIR, K.C., Chairman

H. J. HALFORD, Vice-Chairman

GEO. A. KINGSTON, Commissioner

N. B. WORMITH, Secretary

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REPORT FOR 1933
OF
THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD
ONTARIO

TO HIS HONOUR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:

The Workmen's Compensation Board begs leave to submit its Report for the year 1933, being the nineteenth year of the operation of the Act.

GENERAL REVIEW

Premises

The Board's offices continue as heretofore on the 11th and 12th floors of the Metropolitan Building, corner of Adelaide and Victoria Streets, Toronto.

Accidents

The Board has entered the millionaire class in number of accidents reported since the commencement of the Act, the number reported up to the end of 1933 being 1,008,083. The year 1933 shows a further decrease in the number of accidents reported to the Board, the number in 1932 being 41,470, and in 1933, 38,042, but the decrease has not been so rapid, as in 1932 there were over 21 per cent. less accidents than in 1931, whereas the decrease in 1933 over 1932 was only about 8 per cent. From August to the end of the year each month showed an increase in the number of accidents over the same month of the year 1932, indicating that there was a sustained increase in employment in industry under the Act for the latter part of the year 1933. The largest number of accidents reported in any month during the year was in November, amounting to 3,734. The allowed claims in 1933 numbered 33,706, as compared with 43,904 in 1932. Out of the 29,766 claims allowed in Schedule 1, 16,510 were for medical aid only. Death claims allowed in 1933 numbered 167, which was substantially less than in 1932, when there were 283.

The number of employers reporting under Schedule 1 again decreased, from 21,058 in 1932 to 19,600 in 1933, nearly 60 per cent. of this decrease in number being in connection with Class 24, the construction class. The only class showing any substantial increase in number of employers was Class 5, the mining class. The provisional pay rolls reported to the Board showed a further decrease, from \$331,582,000 for 1932 to \$286,273,000 in 1933, although the percentage of decrease was less, the wage rolls for 1932 being 19 per cent. less than those for 1931, whereas the pay rolls for 1933 were only 14 per cent. less than those for 1932. A large decrease in pay rolls followed the decrease in number of employers in Class 24, the pay rolls decreasing from \$21,757,000 in

1932 to \$11,130,000. On the other hand, while Class 1, the lumbering industry, showed a considerable decrease in number of employers, it showed an increase in the estimated pay rolls from \$3,890,000 to \$3,950,000.

Benefits

The total amount of benefits awarded showed a further decrease, being \$3,699,068.95 in 1933, as compared with \$5,125,620.56 in 1932. Of such benefits in 1933, compensation amounting to \$2,298,787.97 was awarded in Schedule 1 industries, \$401,297.49 in Schedule 2, and \$331,401.80 in Crown cases. The medical aid paid in Schedule 1 amounted to \$667,581.69, as compared with \$817,240.38 in 1932. The total benefits which have been awarded since the commencement of the Act to December 31, 1933, amounted to \$100,749,307.36.

Average Rates of Assessment

Based on the estimated wage expenditure, the average rate of assessment in all classes in Schedule 1 shows a further reduction, from \$1.07 in 1932 to 98 cents in 1933, whereas the average over all years is \$1.16.

Administration Expenses

The Board, for the fourth year in succession, has not made any increase in salaries, and has followed the practice of the Provincial Government Civil Service in deducting the same percentage as is deducted in the Government service from the salaries of the Board and all members of the staff, and in addition has reduced the number of employees as reduction of work would justify. The administration expenses in 1932 amounted to \$325,328.21, whereas in 1933 they were decreased to \$300,292.50, or a reduction of \$25,035.71, making a reduction in two years of over \$50,000 in the administration expenses.

While the reduction in number of accidents lessens the work in connection with new claims received, this is offset by applications for review, re-establishment of claims, and for special advances and commutations of pensions and infants' moneys, all of which require to be carefully investigated and dealt with. Increased attention also has been necessitated in the collection of assessments and the auditing of the books of employers.

The Chief Medical Officer has not only continued the practice of making periodical investigations of permanent disability and doubtful claims at Windsor, London, Ottawa, Kingston, Sudbury, Port Arthur, Fort William, and Kenora, but has also added to these examinations at Timmins, Kirkland Lake, and the mining district. This has been of great service to the Board in arriving at a better understanding of long-drawn-out cases and a better appreciation of the nature and extent of the injury present.

The operation of mine rescue stations and clinics for the examination of miners has continued to be carried on in connection with the Department of Mines.

All the administration expenses are now paid by the employers under the Act, and the expenses were divided among the employers in the following way: Silicosis Fund, \$2,145.51; Mine Rescue Work, \$647.47; Schedule 1 Employers, \$233,759.95; Schedule 2 Employers, \$25,784.96; Dominion Crown, \$15,888.89; and Provincial Crown, \$22,065.72.

It has been customary to estimate the percentage of administration expenses on the basis of benefits awarded only, but this is not considered a fair basis of

estimating percentage, because the examination of claims and the awarding of benefits is only one branch of the Board's work. In addition to this, the Board has to assess over 20,000 employers in Schedule 1 as well as collect from employers in Schedule 2, and also invest and re-invest the funds set aside for pension reserves and keep a very complete and elaborate system of statistics, and the Board considers that these various services should be taken into account. The total administration expenses for 1933 chargeable to Schedule 1 employers (less expenses of supervising work in connection with silicosis and mine rescue stations not properly administrative work) were about 3.94 per cent. of all benefits awarded and collections made in Schedule 1. The Board considers this a much fairer basis of computation of this percentage than simply having regard to the one branch of its work i.e., the passing of claims and awarding of benefits.

Amendments

Amendments were made to the Act in the Session of 1933 by 23 George V, Chapter 70, assented to on April 18th, 1933.

These amendments made changes in connection with the merit rating system and restored to the Board the power to establish a general system of merit rating, and also enabled the Board to reduce the amount of any contribution to the accident fund of any employer whose industry conformed to modern standards and whose accident record was consistently good and who had taken all proper precautions for the prevention of accidents. Section 4 of the amendment repealed the old provisions in respect to the industrial disease of silicosis and substituted new provisions which very substantially change the law and should be carefully studied by those interested in this industrial disease.

Safety Associations and Mine Rescue Work

Part of the work carried on under The Workmen's Compensation Act is the work of the safety or accident prevention associations in which the work of accident prevention and reduction of accident costs is carried on by the different employers in the classes represented, through their boards of directors, the cost of this work being assessed by the Board against the employers in the classes represented. There are in operation five accident prevention associations, representing different classes, the Industrial Accident Prevention Associations representing the employers in seventeen different classes, the others being specially devoted to the one class represented by them. These different associations have been trying to increase the efficiency and practical nature of their work and have been more and more studying the cost ratio of individual employers and finding out the cause of accident costs in connection with individual employers who show a bad cost ratio, and trying to ascertain the reason of such bad accident experience and to assist by recommendations and suggestions in the improvement of the hazard of such industry. In this way there has been great improvement in the accident experience of individual employers. The amount spent in such work during the year 1933 was \$136,381.51, as compared with \$157,119.97 in 1932. The amount paid to each of the associations was as follows: Lumbermen's Safety Association, \$19,097.09; Ontario Pulp and Paper Makers' Safety Association, \$13,856.63; Class 5 Accident Prevention Association, \$4,700; Industrial Accident Prevention Associations, \$90,319.48; and Electrical Employers' Association of Ontario, \$8,408.31.

The work of mine rescue stations has been carried on in connection with The Mining Act and there was spent in connection with these stations for maintenance, salaries, supplies, and supervision, \$13,596.93.

First Aid

Attention is drawn to the necessity for keeping up the first aid kits in accordance with the provisions of the Act and renewing supplies from time to time so that they shall be adequate for the service for which they are intended.

Rehabilitation

The Board has continued its general rehabilitation work and during 1933 expended the sum of \$5,108.07 in giving training to injured workmen in special trades and lines of industry through special courses in commercial and technical schools and in paying a certain proportion of the wages of injured workmen until they become rehabilitated in their industry, and in any other practical way assisting in restoring the injured workman to his place in industry.

In addition to this, the Board has carried on its rehabilitation clinic with very considerable success. During the year the total number of treatments given was 7,526. During the first year of its inception the Board considered a bookkeeping charge should be made against each case of \$1.50 per treatment, which was considerably less than it had cost the Board previously in connection with similar treatments given in private institutions. With such a charge, the full cost of operation was paid, together with all the cost of equipment except a balance of \$698.31. For the year 1933 it was decided to reduce the charge to \$1.00 per treatment, and on this basis the full cost of operation and the balance due for equipment were paid and a balance was left to the credit of the clinic amounting to \$354.10. The average cost per treatment figured out at about 87 cents. With the present staff and equipment the clinic is capable of handling 28 to 30 cases a day. During the course of the year occasionally the attendance ran as high as 38 in a day and it was necessary to take on extra help for part time. The operation of this clinic has resulted in a considerable saving to the Board in the cost of physiotherapy treatments as previously paid, and has resulted also in lessening the period of disability of the patients treated and in lessening the awards for permanent partial disability by greatly reducing the permanent disability present, and it also enables the Board to exercise a close supervision over suspected malingering, hysteria, or lowered morale.

The Board also desires to thank the employers who have assisted in the work of rehabilitating their injured workmen, and desires also to strongly urge the employers to assist in every way possible in this very important branch of the Board's work.

Rates of Assessment

In periods of depression such as the present very close attention is being given by employers to assessment rates, and any raise in rates is very closely scrutinized and the reason therefor very quickly demanded. The Board has endeavored to carry on without increase in the rates except where absolutely necessary owing to the bad accident cost experience of the particular class or group during the year, and if it is considered that another year will bring the class back to a condition of paying its way without a change in rate the Board has continued the rate even though it may not have completely paid the cost of the year's claims. The average general rate levied over the full pay roll in Schedule 1 would show a decrease, being 98 cents, as compared with \$1.07 in 1932, and an average of \$1.16 since the commencement of the Act. So far as the rates of assessment for the year were concerned, they showed by

far the largest number of rates remained the same. The actual rates of assessment for 1933 and 1932 showed 66 increases, 45 decreases, 311 remained the same, and there were 7 new rates. The provisional rates for 1934 and 1933 showed 61 increases, 32 decreases, 330 remained the same, and 6 new rates, so that it would show that over 75 per cent. remained the same. This compares very favorably with the rates in other jurisdictions, as in many instances there has been very marked and general increase in rates.

Funds

The funds belonging to Schedule 1 industries are known and referred to as the "Accident Fund," comprising the current funds out of which temporary payments of compensation, medical aid, and administration expenses are paid, the Pension Fund, the Disaster Reserve Fund, and Compensation Deferred.

The amount standing at the credit of all classes as of 31st December, 1933, was \$1,368,495.25, in accordance with the provisional financial statement, as compared with \$1,607,908.14 at the end of 1932, this amount being deemed sufficient to cover all continuing, outstanding and unsettled claims in connection with any of the classes, with a reasonable margin of safety. The Board only desires to maintain sufficient in the Accident Fund to meet such outstanding and unsettled claims and to cover any contingencies, and this balance has been again somewhat lessened by reason of reduction in rates or maintaining rates where, if there had not been an amount to the credit of the particular class, the rates would have to have been raised.

The Disaster Reserve Fund, which is set aside to meet any unforeseen disaster or other circumstance which might unduly burden the employers in any industry, has not required any assessment to be levied during the year, and shows a balance on December 31, 1933, of \$270,095.56, as compared with \$257,875.59 at the commencement of the year. The addition consists of interest on the fund of \$12,589.97 less the sum of \$370 transferred to current fund in relief of classes affected by injuries to previously injured workmen.

The amount now standing at the credit of the Pension Reserve Fund in Schedule 1 is \$19,777,085.78, as compared with \$19,706,508.89 at the end of 1932. This represents the actuarial liability outstanding in connection with pensions actually granted by the Board, and is necessary to assure to all pensioners the ultimate payment of their claims in full. On the 31st of October, 1933, when the valuation was made of this Pension Fund, it showed that there were 7,120 pensioners alive and in receipt of pensions as of that date, of which number there were 4,055 workmen drawing pensions, 1,334 widows, 14 foster-mothers, 1,665 children, 42 mothers, 4 fathers, and 6 other pensioners.

The Board also has the "Compensation Deferred" Fund, which comprises compensation moneys awarded to claimants other than pensioners, payment of which is deferred to a future time by reason of the claimant being a minor or for other reason. The amount standing at the credit of this account at the end of 1933 was \$54,751.57.

One of the important duties of the Board is the proper investment of these various funds, and outside of short date deposits of current funds all investments consist of Province of Ontario bonds, the debentures of Ontario municipalities or debentures guaranteed by Ontario municipalities, and Dominion of Canada bonds or bonds guaranteed by the Dominion of Canada. In common with other holders of bonds of Ontario municipalities, there have been defaults in payment of principal and interest by certain municipalities and in this respect there was a

total of interest and principal payments in arrears as at December 31, 1933, amounting to \$139,257.46, but the average rate received on the permanent investments of Schedule 1 during 1933 from interest actually paid was approximately 4.89 per cent., leaving the outstanding interest to increase this yield when paid.

In connection with Schedule 2 funds, there was standing at the credit of Schedule 2 employers on December 31, 1933, a total of \$3,483,431.60, and the rate of interest received on Schedule 2 funds during 1933 amounted to 5.75 per cent., as compared with 5.68 per cent. during 1932.

Audit

A continuous audit of all the accounts of the Board has been carried on by Messrs. Fred Page Higgins & Company, the auditors appointed by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council under the provisions of Section 74 of the Act, and their certificate is attached to this report.

Contents of Report

In the different chapters and tables, as indicated in their headings, will be found information and particulars regarding compensation and assessments in the various industries, and explanations and particulars of the different funds of the Board; also an analysis and tabulation of the causes of accidents, the nature of injuries, and other information concerning accidents and workmen. The appendix contains a short summary of the operations from the commencement of the Act to the end of 1933.

CHAPTER I

SCHEDULE 1 INDUSTRIES FOR 1933

As some of the industries covered by the Act are under the collective liability system (the employer not being individually liable for accidents to his workmen but being assessed to provide a general fund out of which accidents occurring in his class of industry throughout the Province are taken care of) and others are under the individual liability system (the employer being liable to pay for accidents happening to his own workmen), separate financial statements have to be made for each. The industries under the collective liability system are included in Schedule 1, and those under individual liability in Schedule 2, the former comprising much the greater number.

This chapter deals with Schedule 1 industries for 1933. Schedule 2 industries are dealt with in Chapter II, while Chapter III deals with the work handled in both schedules and the administration of the Act generally during the year, Chapter IV with the different funds in both schedules and their standing at the end of 1933, and Chapter V gives financial and statistical information for 1932, which was not available when the report for that year was made.

Provisional Financial Statement

The provisional financial statement for the industries in Schedule 1 for 1933 is contained in Table 1. To show the standing for the year, estimates have to be made of adjustments of assessments according to actual pay rolls and on the retroactive rates (the assessments for the year being first levied on an estimate of pay roll and at a provisional rate), and estimates also have to be made of compensation and medical aid still to be awarded for accidents happening during the year which have not yet been finally disposed of by reason of the injured workman being still under medical treatment or reports not being received. These estimates contain also all liabilities for claims of previous years yet outstanding and provision for claims of prior years which may subsequently be adjusted. Final figures for the year 1933 will be shown in the next subsequent report in the same manner as the final figures for 1932 are shown in Table 15 of this report.

The difference is to be noted between the amount of compensation and medical aid awarded for the year's accidents and the amount awarded during the year. The latter is partly for the prior year's accidents, while upon the other hand it does not cover all the liability for the current year's accidents. The more correct system of charging each year as far as possible with its own accidents, and for that purpose keeping the year's accounts open till the end of the subsequent year, has been adopted, rather than the looser method of taking the amount awarded during the year as the cost of the year's accidents and leaving always an outstanding liability unprovided for. For the purpose of information and comparison, however, the amounts awarded during the year are shown in Chapter III.

Accounts for Each Class

The industries in Schedule 1 are divided into classes, and as each class (subject to any transfer that may be made to it from the Disaster Reserve in any

case of undue burden) bears its own accident cost—the employers in the class being in effect a mutual insurance association—separate accounts have to be kept for the different classes. Each class is credited with its own assessments, its share of interest and other income, and with any transfer made to it from Disaster Reserve, or credit from any other source, and is charged with the cost of its own accidents, its share of administration expenses, the cost of its safety association if it has one, and with its share of any amount set aside for Disaster Reserve.

The figures for each class, and the provisional surplus or deficit for the year, and the balance forward from prior years, and the provisional surplus or deficit for all years, are shown in Table 1. The final figures for each class and also the figures for the different groups within the classes (as in Table 15) will be shown in the next report. The assessments are fixed according to the accident cost and other expenses and charges in each class and group and having regard to the other income and credits.

The classes are numbered and the nature of the industries in each is shown at the bottom of Table 1 and full enumeration of the industries will be found in Schedule 1 of the Act and in the Board's rate book, the latter also showing the grouping within the class.

Assessments and Other Credits

The total assessments in all the classes of Schedule 1 for the year 1933, including estimated adjustments, amounted to \$2,794,766.91. In assessments are included collections for default in making returns or payments and interest for under and over estimate of pay roll. The other income and credits for the year consisted of interest received other than credited to the Pension Fund, and Compensation Deferred, as shown in Chapter IV; reimbursement for veteran cases, received from the Department of Pensions and National Health; cost of accidents collected under Section 105 for failure to furnish pay roll prior to accident; recovery from third parties under Section 8; collections under Section 112 (3) from employers for failure to furnish particulars of accidents; transfers from the Disaster Reserve; and refunds of accident cost. Other income and credits amounted to \$191,502.12. The total income and credits for the year are, therefore, \$2,986,269.03, of which \$94,995.58 is to be refunded for merit rating. The net income and credits for the year are, therefore, \$2,891,273.45.

Compensation and Other Charges

The compensation for Schedule 1 industries for the year including estimate for what is still to be awarded for accidents happening during the year and for adjustment of prior years' accidents, amounted to \$2,337,730.53; the medical aid, including estimate for what is outstanding, amounted to \$648,567.83; the administration expenses for Schedule 1 including \$13,596.93 for mine rescue work, amounted to \$247,356.88; and \$136,381.51 was paid to employers' safety associations. The total expenditures and charges for the year were \$3,370,036.75.

The provisional deficit for the year was \$478,763.30. The balance forward from prior years was a surplus of \$1,847,258.55, which, added to the deficit for the year, makes a net provisional surplus of \$1,368,495.25 at December 31, 1933.

Number of Employers

Total number of employers listed in Schedule 1 at the end of 1933 was 19,600 as compared with 21,058 at the end of 1932. The number in each class and group of industry is shown in Table 2.

Wage Expenditure

The estimated total wage expenditure in Schedule 1 industries for the year 1933, calculated on provisional figures, is \$286,273,000, as compared with \$331,582,000 in 1932. The amounts for the different classes of industry are shown in Table 3.

The Board has no similar data for Schedule 2 and Crown industries as in these the employers pay for the accidents to their own workmen and are not required to make pay roll returns or pay assessments upon them as in Schedule 1. The pay roll would probably be about one-third that of Schedule 1.

Average Rates of Assessment

Assessments in Schedule 1 are in the form of a percentage of pay roll and the average rate or percentage over all the classes actually paid by the employers can be ascertained by relating the total assessments to the total wage expenditure. This, on the provisional figures, gives an average rate of assessment for 1933 of 98 cents on every \$100 of pay roll. The average over all years since the commencement of the Act was \$1.16.

TABLE 2

NUMBER OF FIRMS IN SCHEDULE 1, BY CLASSES AND
GROUPS, DECEMBER 31, 1933

Class	Group 0	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	Group 4	Group 5	Group 6	Group 7	Group 8	Group 9	TOTALS
1	54	61	684								799
2	37	39	12								88
3	123	34	17	111							285
4	345	53	67	27	128						620
5	21	160	5	119		9	17	12			343
6	76	105	8	149	52	109	111				610
7	4	9									13
8	92	8	48	35							183
9	16	12	1	13	163	17					222
10	312	305	31	57	55	25	176	115			1,076
11	41	785	50	2							878
12	70	248	117	18	241						694
13	552	110									662
14	128										128
15	352	271	79	273	73	260	42				1,350
16	52	94	68	26	41						281
17	130	143	41								314
18	669	167									836
19	304	551	58	58							971
20	1,143	1,019									2,162
21	395	196									591
22	462										462
23	66	46	305								417
24	578	281	683	332	998	758	264	126	1,315	280	5,615
All.....											19,600

TABLE 3

ESTIMATE OF WAGE EXPENDITURE, SCHEDULE 1, BY
CLASSES, FOR 1933

Class	Wage Expenditure
1.....	\$3,950,000
2.....	9,650,000
3.....	4,818,000
4.....	5,574,000
5.....	22,666,000
6.....	4,169,000
7.....	4,261,000
8.....	5,117,000
9.....	8,257,000
10.....	28,216,000
11.....	14,626,000
12.....	20,432,000
13.....	4,473,000
14.....	5,324,000
15.....	33,553,000
16.....	15,189,000
17.....	21,309,000
18.....	20,417,000
19.....	22,319,000
20.....	8,450,000
21.....	6,170,000
22.....	4,078,000
23.....	2,125,000
24.....	11,130,000
TOTAL.....	\$286,273,000

CHAPTER II

SCHEDULE 2 INDUSTRIES DURING 1933

Table 4 is a statement of the compensation awarded and the moneys handled during 1933 in Schedule 2 industries (in which the employer is individually liable for accidents to his workmen). Dominion Crown Cases under the Act by Dominion legislation, and Provincial Crown Cases referred to the Board for adjustment, are included.

The total amount of compensation awarded in Schedule 2 industries and Crown Cases during 1933 was \$732,699.29. Of this amount, \$151,000.44 was for workmen of municipal corporations; \$195,162.35 for steam railroads; \$5,646.79 for electric railways; \$31,792.29 for navigation companies; \$3,526.91 for express and sleeping car companies; \$14,168.71 for telephone and telegraph companies; \$215,063.12 for Dominion Crown Cases, and \$116,338.68 for Provincial Crown Cases. Of the total amount awarded, \$416,479.03 was for pensions in pension cases, and \$316,220.26 for cases not pension cases and for compensation not pensions in pension cases.

In pension cases, except in the case of municipal or government bodies or departments thereof, not so desiring, deposits must be made by employers in Schedule 2 industries. Particulars of these are given under "Deposits under Section 28." Under "Claimants' Moneys" are included moneys held by the Board under awards in which in the interest of the claimant, or for some other reason, payment of the amounts held is deferred to a later date, as in the case of minors. "Deposits under Section 32" are amounts deposited with the Board to enable the Board to make prompt payments without waiting for receipt of cheque from employer.

Employers in Schedule 2 are assessed their share of the expense of administration as set out in Table 8. For 1933 that share amounted to \$25,784.96, as compared with \$24,189.86 in 1932, and \$28,066.83 in 1931. Proportionate to the amount of compensation awarded, administration expenses in Schedule 2 and Crown Cases were 8.71 per cent. in 1933, as compared with 5.85 per cent. in 1932, and 5.39 per cent. in 1931.

Further information as to Schedule 2 funds and particulars of Schedule 2 investments are given in Chapter IV, and in Tables 9 and 14, and in the Appendix.

TABLE 4
STATEMENT FOR SCHEDULE 2 DURING 1933
SCHEDULE 2 AWARDS

	Awards		TOTALS
	Not Pensions	Pensions	
Municipal Corporations, etc.....	\$66,815 44	\$84,185 00	\$151,000 44
Steam Railroads.....	62,149 70	133,012 65	195,162 35
Electric Railways.....	2,051 79	3,595 00	5,646 79
Navigation Companies.....	22,190 29	9,602 00	31,792 29
Express and Sleeping Car Companies.....	3,526 91	.....	3,526 91
Telephone and Telegraph Companies.....	4,380 33	9,788 38	14,168 71
Dominion Crown Cases.....	108,189 12	106,874 00	215,063 12
Provincial Crown Cases.....	46,916 68	69,422 00	116,338 68
TOTALS.....	\$316,220 26	\$416,479 03	\$732,699 29

SCHEDULE 2 FUNDS

Deposits under Section 28

Cash in bank and invested, January 1, 1933.....	\$3,455,621 91	
Deposits received from employers.....	155,931 72	
Interest received.....	187,925 16	
Paid to pensioners.....		\$332,628 46
Deposits returned to employers.....		85,807 94
Cash in bank and invested, December 31, 1933.....		3,381,042 39
	<u>\$3,799,478 79</u>	<u>\$3,799,478 79</u>

Claimants' Moneys

Cash in bank and invested, January 1, 1933.....	\$24,483 45	
Deposits received from employers.....	4,043 99	
Interest received.....	1,348 13	
Paid to claimants.....		\$6,025 09
Cash in bank and invested, December 31, 1933.....		23,850 48
	<u>\$29,875 57</u>	<u>\$29,875 57</u>

Deposits under Section 32

Cash in bank and invested, January 1, 1933.....	\$50,059 10	
Deposits received from employers.....	708,323 61	
Payments made—Compensation and Medical Aid.....		\$703,602 25
Deposits returned to employers.....		10,217 29
Cash in bank, December 31, 1933.....		44,563 17
	<u>\$758,382 71</u>	<u>\$758,382 71</u>

TOTALS OF FUNDS

Cash in bank and invested, January 1, 1933.....	\$3,530,164 46	
Deposits received from employers.....	868,299 32	
Interest received.....	189,273 29	
Payments made.....		\$1,042,255 80
Deposits returned to employers.....		96,025 23
Cash in bank and invested, December 31, 1933.....		3,449,456 04
	<u>\$4,587,737 07</u>	<u>\$4,587,737 07</u>

CHAPTER III

WORK HANDLED DURING 1933

This chapter deals with the work handled during 1933 and with the administration of the Act generally during the year. Particulars are given in Tables 5 to 8.

The figures are for what has been dealt with during 1933 without regard to the year in which the accidents dealt with occurred, while as explained in Chapter I the figures in Chapter I and Chapter V are for the accidents happening during the year.

Benefits Awarded During the Year

The total amount of compensation awarded during 1933 was \$3,031,487.26, of which \$2,298,787.97 was in Schedule 1 industries, \$401,297.49 in Schedule 2 industries, and \$331,401.80 in Crown cases. There was also paid for medical aid in Schedule 1 during the year \$667,581.69, making the total benefits awarded during the year \$3,699,068.95. In Schedule 2 and Crown cases medical aid is provided directly by the employer and no figures are available.

The benefits awarded during each year and the total since the commencement of the Act are as follows:

Year	Schedule 1		Schedule 2 and Crown	Total
	Compensation	Medical Aid	Compensation	Benefits
1933.....	\$2,298,787 97	\$667,581 69	\$732,699 29	\$3,699,068 95
1932.....	3,202,639 27	817,240 38	1,105,740 91	5,125,620 56
1931.....	3,917,045 43	1,060,763 01	1,043,583 66	6,021,392 10
1930.....	4,942,756 25	1,336,046 05	1,144,216 52	7,423,018 82
1929.....	5,346,621 19	1,385,524 62	1,280,011 97	8,012,157 78
1928.....	4,565,688 56	1,166,507 54	1,335,750 83	7,067,946 93
1927.....	3,930,417 59	1,062,859 64	1,091,377 64	6,084,654 87
1926.....	3,664,039 94	988,486 70	1,168,825 26	5,821,351 90
1925.....	3,635,530 27	875,836 01	1,054,077 11	5,565,443 39
1924.....	4,052,287 77	835,956 60	1,234,575 97	6,122,820 34
1923.....	4,036,170 26	788,905 90	1,348,785 58	6,173,861 74
1922.....	3,417,101 61	692,819 94	1,582,975 06	5,692,896 61
1921.....	3,858,017 50	662,793 89	1,668,452 10	6,189,263 49
1920.....	5,113,149 77	703,705 66	1,963,389 82	7,780,245 25
1919.....	2,808,638 65	386,298 51	997,922 77	4,192,859 93
1918.....	2,751,137 45	369,346 37	763,511 02	3,883,994 84
1917.....	2,286,954 99	*83,514 07	623,556 37	2,994,025 43
1916.....	1,553,653 38	†.....	451,709 93	2,005,363 31
1915.....	692,389 09	†.....	200,932 03	893,321 12
Totals.....	\$66,073,026 94	\$13,884,186 58	\$20,792,093 84	\$100,749,307 36

*Half year only. †No provision for medical aid.

The increase in benefits from the early years is largely by reason of increase in wages, compensation being for the most part a percentage of wages, and additional industries have been covered, and some material changes were made in compensation. The large total for 1920 is by reason of the retroactive increase in widows' and children's pensions, and the small amount awarded during 1915 is by reason of many 1915 accidents not being, nor capable of being, finally disposed of till the following year. The amount of benefits awarded for each year's accidents, as distinguished from the amount awarded during the year, is shown in Chapter V.

Accidents Reported During the Year

During 1933, 38,042 accidents were reported. These included some not serious enough to involve payment of either compensation or medical aid and for which no claim was made, and others for which claims were made but which were not allowed by the Board.

At the close of the year there were 1,032 claims in assembly, as compared with 765 at the end of 1932, notice of the accident having been given but reports necessary to deal with the case not yet having been received.

The number of accidents reported each year and the total number since the commencement of the Act are as follows:

Year	Schedule 1	Schedule 2	Crown	Totals
1933.....	33,227	1,890	2,925	38,042
1932.....	35,264	2,474	3,732	41,470
1931.....	46,069	3,348	3,477	52,894
1930.....	61,490	4,486	3,291	69,267
1929.....	76,029	6,008	5,066	87,103
1928.....	69,011	5,815	4,572	79,398
1927.....	62,063	5,412	4,504	71,979
1926.....	57,032	4,942	3,942	65,916
1925.....	50,883	5,079	4,050	60,012
1924.....	49,558	4,916	4,201	58,675
1923.....	51,655	6,080	3,374	61,109
1922.....	42,139	7,124	1,148	50,411
1921.....	36,272	7,666	1,253	45,191
1920.....	46,177	7,222	1,452	54,851
1919.....	36,236	7,918	106	44,260
1918.....	40,662	7,113	73	47,848
1917.....	30,701	5,813	18	36,532
1916.....	21,269	4,806	17	26,092
1915.....	13,878	3,144	11	17,033
All Years.....	859,615	101,256	47,212	1,008,083

Accidents Paid For During the Year

Table 5 shows the number of accidents in which compensation or medical aid was paid during the year. The total number was 33,706, as compared with 43,904 during 1932. The 33,706 comprised 167 deaths, fourteen permanent total disability cases, 1,526 permanent partial disability cases, 15,489 temporary disability cases, and 16,510 cases in which medical aid only was paid. Schedule 2 and Crown cases involving medical aid only, which are a large proportion of the accidents reported, are not included as accidents paid for, as the medical aid is furnished directly by the employer.

The number of accidents in which compensation or medical aid was awarded each year since the commencement of the Act is as follows:

Year	Schedule 1	Schedule 2	Crown	Totals
1933.....	29,766	1,487	2,453	33,706
1932.....	38,469	1,914	3,521	43,904
1931.....	43,611	2,561	2,710	48,882
1930.....	56,715	2,723	2,357	61,795
1929.....	68,195	2,883	2,737	73,815
1928.....	61,384	2,723	2,425	66,532
1927.....	55,894	2,741	2,443	61,078
1926.....	52,199	2,489	2,182	56,870
1925.....	47,782	2,734	2,217	52,733
1924.....	46,616	2,820	2,475	51,911
1923.....	47,873	3,849	1,916	53,638
1922.....	37,172	4,572	765	42,509
1921.....	34,271	5,161	834	40,266
1920.....	42,693	4,444	714	47,851
1919.....	34,400	4,517	153	39,070
1918.....	36,565	4,335	30	40,930
*1917.....	25,277	3,406	19	28,702
*1916.....	15,370	2,825	3	18,208
*1915.....	8,328	1,494	7	9,829

*Cases involving medical aid only not covered till July 1, 1917.

Awards Changed

In addition to claims compensated, as shown in Table 5, the Board in 1933 opened for further award 685 claims which had been settled previously.

Cheques, Assessments, Mail and Callers

In all 194,584 cheques were issued during the year, an average of about 648 daily, and there were 25,200 assessments made, including refunds. About 3,800 pieces of mail were handled daily, and the average number of office callers was thirty-nine a day.

Receipts and Payments

The receipts and payments during the year are shown in Table 6, the statement for Schedule 2, including Crown cases. Explanation of the items and the funds referred to will be found in other parts of the report. A summary of receipts and payments since the commencement of the Act is given in the Appendix.

Payments to Safety Associations

The safety or accident prevention associations are organizations of employers established under the authority of the Act by the employers in twenty-one out of the twenty-four classes of industry. They are under the management of the employers, but the expenses are paid by the Board out of the accident fund.

The total amounts so paid are set out in Table 7, which table also shows the amount paid out on account of mine rescue work in Class 5.

Administration Expenses

The administration expenses of the Board, analysed under the different headings, are shown in Table 8. The gross administration expenses during 1933 were \$311,653.24, which included special statistical services for which refunds have been received of \$11,142.09, and refunds on account of claimants' travelling expenses of \$218.65, making the total administration expenses \$300,292.50, as compared with \$325,328.21 during 1932. The employers pay the whole expense of the administration of the Act. The amount is divided according to the accidents handled among Schedule 1 (Accident and Silicosis Funds), Schedule 2, and Dominion and Provincial Crown.

The amount charged to the Silicosis Fund was \$2,145.51; to Mine Rescue Work, \$647.47; and to Schedule 1 employers, \$233,759.95; to Schedule 2, \$25,784.96; to Dominion Crown, \$15,888.89; and to Provincial Crown, \$22,065.72.

The cost of office furniture, fixtures, and equipment, including permanent equipment, has always been charged to administration expenses in the year in which payment therefor was made, and no entry for which has ever been made in the standing of the funds. The value of this furniture and equipment at the present time is estimated at about \$25,000.

The total administration expenses for 1933 less expenses of supervising work in connection with silicosis and mine rescue stations (not properly administrative work) and handling claims for silicosis were 3.94 per cent. of all benefits awarded and collections made in Schedule 1; the work of collection of assessments, handling of funds for investment, etc., being just as onerous as the settlement of claims.

TABLE 5
**COMPENSATION, MEDICAL AID, AND ACCIDENTS PAID
 FOR DURING 1933**

Compensation Awarded during 1933

Schedule 1.....	\$2,298,787 97
Schedule 2.....	401,297 49
Crown Cases.....	331,401 80
Total.....	<u>\$3,031,487 26</u>

Medical Aid Paid during 1933

Schedule 1.....	\$667,581 69
Schedule 2.....	furnished by employer
Crown Cases.....	furnished by employer

Accidents Paid For during 1933

	Medical Aid only	Temp. Dis.	Perm. Partial Dis.	Perm. Total Dis.	Death	TOTALS
SCHEDULE 1—						
Full Compensation.....		10,563	1,290	12	102	11,967
Part Compensation.....		1,276	.....	.....	13	1,289
Medical Aid only.....	16,510	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,510
Totals.....	<u>16,510</u>	<u>11,839</u>	<u>1,290</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>29,766</u>
SCHEDULE 2—						
Full Compensation.....		1,193	109	.....	32	1,334
Part Compensation.....		150	.....	.....	3	153
Totals.....		<u>1,343</u>	<u>109</u>	<u>.....</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>1,487</u>
CROWN CASES—						
Full Compensation.....		2,138	127	2	15	2,282
Part Compensation.....		169	.....	.....	2	171
Totals.....		<u>2,307</u>	<u>127</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>2,453</u>
GRAND TOTALS.....	<u>16,510</u>	<u>15,489</u>	<u>1,526</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>167</u>	<u>33,706</u>

TABLE 6—Continued

Schedule 2

RECEIPTS	PAYMENTS
Cash in Imperial Bank, Jan. 1, 1933.....	To Claimants out of Deposits under Sec. 28.....
\$70,996 37	\$332,628 46
From Employers, Deposits under Section 28.....	Deposits returned to Employers under Section 28.....
155,931 72	85,807 94
From Employers, Claimants' Moneys.....	To Claimants out of Claimants' Moneys.....
4,043 99	6,025 09
From Employers, Deposits under Section 32.....	Paid out of Deposits under Section 32 for Compensation..
708,323 61	\$625,493 47
Interest.....	For Medical Aid.....
\$180,804 57	78,108 78
Exchange.....	703,602 25
99 71	Deposits returned to Employers under Section 32.....
Apportionment of Discounts on Debenture Purchases applicable to 1933 (See Contra)...	10,217 29
7,371 38	Increase in Book Value of Investments by Apportionment of Discounts on Debenture Purchases applicable to 1933 (See Contra).....
Profit on Sale of Securities.....	7,371 38
997 63	Cash in Imperial Bank, Dec. 31, 1933.....
189,273 29	33,438 08
Principal returned from Investments.....	
\$49,652 37	
Decrease in value of Investments by amortization of premiums...	
869 14	
50,521 51	
<u>\$1,179,090 49</u>	<u>\$1,179,090 49</u>

TABLE 7

**PAYMENTS TO SAFETY OR ACCIDENT PREVENTION
ASSOCIATIONS, 1933**

Association	Class	Total Payments
Lumbermen's Safety Association	1	\$19,097 09
Ontario Pulp and Paper Makers' Safety Association	2	13,856 63
Class 5 Accident Prevention Association	5	4,700 00
Industrial Accident Prevention Associations	3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 23, 24	90,319 48
Electrical Employers' Association of Ontario	22	8,408 31
TOTAL		\$136,381 51

PAYMENTS FOR MINE RESCUE WORK (CLASS 5), 1933

Maintenance of Stations, Salaries and Supplies	\$12,949 46	
Administrative Supervision	647 47	
		\$13,596 93

REHABILITATION CLINIC ACCOUNT, 1933

Deficit from 1932	— \$698 31	
Receipts during year	7,526 00	
		\$6,827 69
Payments during year	6,473 59	
Balance, December 31, 1933		\$354 10

TABLE 8

ANALYSIS OF ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES DURING 1933

Salaries of Board and Staff	\$237,264 89	
Travelling Expenses of Board and Staff	9,891 15	
Printing, Stationery and Office Supplies	12,071 34	
Postage	17,951 29	
Telephone, Telegraph and Express	1,332 48	
Legal Expenses, Witness Fees, etc.	688 17	
Medical Examinations, X-ray Supplies, etc.	916 50	
Insurance and Security Service	2,337 79	
Special Expenses of Investigation of Fraudulent Cases	317 87	
Auditors' Services, under instructions of Attorney-General	3,500 00	
Rent of Premises, Electric Current and Miscellaneous Services	25,271 46	
Permanent Equipment	110 30	
Gross Administration Expenses, 1933	\$311,653 24	
Received for Special Statistical Services	\$11,142 09	
Refunds on Account of Claimants' Travelling Expenses	218 65	
		11,360 74
Total Administration Expenses		\$300,292 50
Charged to Silicosis Fund	\$2,145 51	
Charged to Mine Rescue Work	647 47	
Charged to Dominion of Canada	15,888 89	
Charged to Province of Ontario	22,065 72	
Charged to Schedule 2 Employers	25,784 96	
Charged to Schedule 1 Employers	233,759 95	
		\$300,292 50

CHAPTER IV

CONDITION OF FUNDS

A general statement of the condition of the funds in Schedule 1 and in Schedule 2 is contained in Table 9, and particulars of the various funds and of the Board's investments are given in Tables 10 to 14. A summary since the commencement of the Act will be found in the Appendix.

Schedule 1 Funds

The Schedule 1 funds are known and referred to in the Act as the "Accident Fund." They comprise, in addition to current funds out of which temporary payments of compensation, medical aid, and administration expenses are paid, the Pension Fund, Disaster Reserve, and Compensation Deferred. The standing of the Accident Fund, showing assets and liabilities, at December 31, 1933, is shown in Table 9. The balance of assets in excess of liabilities at that date was \$2,060,838.71, being \$270,095.56 Disaster Reserve, \$422,247.90 accrued interest and interest due and unpaid on investments, and \$1,368,495.25 standing at the credit of the classes December 31, 1933. This is exclusive of office equipment and furniture mentioned in Chapter III.

Pension Fund

The Pension Fund, representing the outstanding pension liability, comprises the largest part of the funds standing to the credit of Schedule 1. The purpose of the Pension Fund is to take care of future payments of pensions which have already been awarded. Actuarial tables (published as an Appendix to the report for 1922), embodying the contingencies of death and re-marriage, have been compiled to show for each age and kind of pension the average amount (sometimes referred to as capitalized value) necessary to complete pension payments. When a pension is awarded this average amount is transferred from current funds to the Pension Fund. All payments of pensions are made from the Pension Fund. Since the amount transferred in any one instance is the average amount required, no re-transfer is made should a residue be left at the expiry of the pension, nor is any additional transfer made should the amount be exhausted before expiry of the pension.

Re-Transfer from Pension Fund

During the years 1923 and 1924 an actuarial survey of the Board's pension experience and revaluation of the pension liability was made, all existing pensions being revalued. As a result the Pension Fund was found to be a little in excess of what the experience indicated to be necessary. As at date of January 1, 1924, a re-transfer of \$600,000 was accordingly made from the Pension Fund to current funds, being distributed among the different classes of industry in proportion to the amount of Pension Fund to the credit of each class.

As of date October 31, 1925, actuarial revaluation of all outstanding pension fund obligations was made, the Board's actuarial tables being used. To the liability for each class thus ascertained was added a surcharge of two per cent. to allow for possible divergence of actual from expected mortality. Deduction was made of the surcharged liability in total for all the classes from the balance

in the Pension Fund and the difference was re-transferred to the current funds, proportional to each class according to the balance in the Pension Fund. The sum transferred amounted to \$427,214.62.

Further revaluation has been made as at date October 31, in each of the years commencing 1926. On October 31, 1933, the Pension Fund showed a balance of \$19,717,243.23 with liabilities of \$19,670,161.69, an excess of funds over liabilities of \$47,081.54. This fund is to pay 7,120 pensioners alive and in receipt of pensions October 31, 1933. Of this number there were 4,055 workmen pensioned for disability, 1,334 widows, 14 foster-mothers, 1,665 children, 42 mothers, 4 fathers, and 6 others.

Particulars of Pension Fund

Table 10 gives particulars of the Pension Fund for each class. The balance in the fund at the commencement of 1933 was \$19,706,508.89; \$984,952.19 was transferred during the year for pension awards; \$974,754.95 interest (at the rate of five per cent. per annum, compounded half-yearly, which is the basis used in computing capitalized values of pensions) was added; and \$1,889,130.25 was paid for pensions. The balance in the fund at the end of the year was \$19,777,085.78.

The transfers for pension awards during the year included \$56,000.33 transferred from Silicosis Account to provide for pensions in cases of silicosis in Class 5.

Disaster Reserve

The Disaster Reserve is a fund set aside under the provisions of Section 99 (2) of the Act to meet any unforeseen disaster or other circumstance which might unduly burden the employers in any class of industry. The fund has been accumulated by a transfer of one per cent. of the gross assessments up to the end of 1922, and for the year 1928. These are the only moneys set aside or held by the Board which do not directly cover liabilities actually incurred by reason of accidents which have already happened.

The standing of the Disaster Reserve is shown in Table 11. The balance at the end of 1933 was \$270,095.56, \$12,589.97 interest being added to the \$257,875.59 in the fund at the beginning of the year, and \$370.00 transferred to the Current Fund.

Compensation Deferred

The funds included under "Compensation Deferred" comprise compensation moneys held at interest for claimants in Schedule 1, payment being deferred to a future time by reason of the claimant being a minor or for other reason. The condition of the fund is shown in Table 12. At the beginning of the year the amount on hand was \$83,172.63, deferred awards during the year amounted to \$5,594.58, and \$2,917.87 interest was added during the year; the payments during the year amounted to \$36,933.51, of which \$33,634.19 was for principal and \$3,299.32 for interest, leaving a balance of \$54,751.57 at the end of the year.

Silicosis Account

Table 13 gives particulars of the Silicosis Account which was established to take care of special assessments and payments in Class 5 necessitated by the addition of "Silicosis" contracted in mining operations to the list of industrial diseases under the Act, by amendment effective April 8th, 1926. The balance

in the account at the beginning of 1933 was \$295,313.36; \$564,797.57 was collected by assessment and \$22,745.39 was added for interest: \$104,281.00 was paid for compensation, \$18,010.65 for medical aid, \$40,203.48 for salaries and expenses in connection with examination of underground mine-workers; \$2,706.79 for salaries and expenses of Referee Board; and \$2,145.51 was transferred to the Accident Fund for the expenses of handling claims and supervision. The surplus in the account December 31, 1933, was \$715,508.89.

Investments

Particulars of the Board's investments are given in Table 14.

The total invested at the end of the year in Schedule 1 was \$24,312,212.42, consisting of \$23,697,156.66 value of investments at the beginning of the year, \$455,402.20 invested during the year, \$308,656.13 accrued interest (earned but not received) less \$149,002.57 principal returned.

Particulars of each investment are shown in the list, including kind of investment, particular security, yield of interest, term, par value, book value, and accrued interest.

With the exception of short-date deposits of current funds intended for use before the current year's assessments are received, all investments consist of Province of Ontario bonds, municipal or municipally-guaranteed debentures, and Dominion of Canada guaranteed bonds.

The average rate of interest received on permanent investments in Schedule 1 during 1933 was approximately 4.89 per cent., as compared with 5.25 per cent. in 1932, and 5.22 per cent. received during 1931. Three per cent. is received on current bank balances. The increase in interest rate for 1931 and 1932 was in part due to premiums on United States funds.

Schedule 2 Funds

The funds handled by the Board in respect of Schedule 2 industries include employers' deposits for pensions required to be made with the Board under the provisions of Section 28 of the Act, temporary deposits or advances of money made by employers under Section 32 to facilitate prompt payment of claims and claimants' moneys held by the Board in cases of awards, payment of which by reason of the claimant being a minor or for other reason is deferred to a future time.

The standing of Schedule 2 funds at December 31, 1933, is shown in the latter part of Table 9, and the particulars and a list of Schedule 2 investments are given in Table 14.

At the end of 1933 the deposits held under Section 28 amounted to \$3,381,042.39, deposits under Section 32 to \$44,563.17, the amount of claimants' moneys held by the Board was \$23,850.48, and accrued interest, neither received nor apportioned, amounted to \$33,975.56, making a total of \$3,483,431.60, of which \$3,416,017.96 was held in permanent investments and \$33,438.08 was on deposit in the Imperial Bank and \$33,975.56 was interest accrued on investments but not yet payable.

The rate of interest on Schedule 2 funds during 1933 was 5.75 per cent., as compared with 5.68 per cent. during 1932 and 5.81 per cent. during 1931.

TABLE 9

STANDING SCHEDULE 1 ACCIDENT FUND AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1933

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Cash in Banks:	Overdraft—Dominion Bank . . . \$419,176 99
Canadian Bank of	Compensation Deferred, other
Commerce \$3,965 45	than Pensions 54,751 57
Royal Bank of	Pension Liability 19,777,085 78
Canada 1,465 61	Balance of Silicosis Account at
	Credit of Employers 715,508 89
Short Date Deposits \$5,431 06	Balance at Credit of Rehabilitation
Investments 225,000 00	Clinic Account 354 10
Accrued Interest and Interest	Compensation estimated out-
Due and Unpaid on Invest-	standing 1,179,875 98
ments 422,247 90	Medical Aid estimated out-
Due from Schedule 2 Employers	standing 266,838 12
for Administration Expenses	Assets in Excess of Liabilities:
paid out of Schedule 1 Funds	Disaster Reserve \$270,095 56
Due from Dominion of Canada	Accrued Interest
for Administration Expenses	and Interest
paid out of Schedule 1 Funds	Due and Un-
Due from Province of Ontario	paid on Invest-
for Administration Expenses	ments 422,247 90
paid out of Schedule 1 Funds	
22,065 72	\$692,343 46
Assessments esti-	Ba'ance at Credit
mated to be due	of Classes (Table
on adjustment of	1) 1,368,495 25
1933 Pay Rolls.	2,060,838 71
(See Table 1) \$74,375 00	
Less—Merit Rating	
Refunds to be	
made 94,995 58	
- 20,620 58	
\$24,474,430 14	\$24,474,430 14

STANDING SCHEDULE 2 FUNDS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1933

Cash in Imperial Bank \$33,438 08	Balance Employers' Deposits
Investments 3,416,017 96	under Section 28 \$3,381,042 39
Accrued Interest on Investments 33,975 56	Balance Employers' Deposits
	under Section 32 44,563 17
	Claimants' Moneys held by
	Board 23,850 48
	Accrued Interest on Invest-
	ments 33,975 56
\$3,483,431 60	\$3,483,431 60

TABLE 10

PENSION FUND, SCHEDULE 1 BY CLASSES, DECEMBER 31, 1933

Class	Balance Forward from 1932	Pension Awards during 1933	Interest Received	Pension Payments	Balance as at Dec. 31, 1933	Class
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	
1	2,017,085 33	19,077 18	97,975 26	182,620 36	1,951,517 41	1
2	995,560 10	24,496 08	41,864 73	85,157 65	983,763 26	2
3	275,757 97	9,870 44	13,539 08	26,508 93	272,658 56	3
4	635,360 55	32,861 02	31,359 88	64,673 20	634,908 25	4
5	2,708,651 11	†184,768 85	134,840 65	275,033 21	2,753,227 40	5
6	843,151 11	62,888 53	42,101 02	85,940 40	862,200 26	6
7	555,914 89	23,538 78	27,294 10	57,083 18	549,664 59	7
8	368,406 46	22,916 26	18,323 99	35,818 61	373,828 10	8
9	947,958 31	13,634 23	46,087 98	88,790 93	918,889 59	9
10	1,014,154 58	16,633 35	49,536 66	87,938 28	992,386 31	10
11	904,194 17	29,286 30	44,411 27	83,155 27	894,736 47	11
12	627,756 17	37,053 26	31,069 35	65,134 13	630,744 65	12
13	460,927 28	17,637 57	22,758 89	40,375 49	460,948 25	13
14	194,130 12	18,460 19	9,771 70	20,677 69	201,684 32	14
15	757,456 47	70,341 05	38,211 81	75,651 59	790,357 74	15
16	491,773 28	18,185 09	24,313 97	41,179 88	493,092 46	16
17	416,931 78	11,907 03	20,387 90	40,322 56	408,904 15	17
18	126,134 18	33,331 66	6,840 29	15,366 31	150,939 82	18
19	293,499 08	12,465 28	14,448 74	28,648 97	291,764 13	19
20	508,746 26	68,957 54	26,296 73	47,566 87	556,433 66	20
21	887,288 88	72,601 15	44,367 49	94,389 20	909,868 32	21
22	385,572 36	27,354 04	19,238 61	38,454 99	393,710 02	22
23	1,279,285 63	45,934 33	63,136 56	110,223 80	1,278,132 66	23
24	2,010,812 82	110,752 98	99,578 35	198,418 75	2,022,725 40	24
	19,706,508 89	984,952 19	974,754 95	1,889,130 25	19,777,085 78	

†Transferred from Silicosis Account: Class 5, \$56,000.33.

TABLE 11

DISASTER RESERVE, DECEMBER 31, 1933

Disaster Reserve as at December 31, 1932.....	\$257,875 59
Interest credited in 1933.....	12,589 97
	<hr/>
Withdrawn account Class 17 Current Fund.....	\$270,465 56
	370 00
	<hr/>
Amount as at December 31, 1933.....	\$270,095 56

TABLE 12

COMPENSATION DEFERRED, DECEMBER 31, 1933

Balance in fund, December 31, 1932		\$83,172 63
Compensation awarded, payment deferred, during 1933		5,594 58
Interest credited for 1933		2,917 87
		<u>\$91,685 08</u>
Paid claims during 1933:		
Principal	\$33,634 19	
Interest	3,299 32	
		<u>36,933 51</u>
Balance, December 31, 1933		<u>\$54,751 57</u>

TABLE 13

SILICOSIS ACCOUNT, DECEMBER 31, 1933

Balance in fund, December 31, 1932		\$295,313 36
Assessments collected under Class 5		564,797 57
Interest credited for 1933		22,745 39
		<u>\$882,856 32</u>
Payments made:		
For Compensation	\$104,281 00	
For Medical Aid	18,010 65	
For Salaries and Expenses	40,203 48	
To Accident Fund for Supervision	2,145 51	
For Salaries and Expenses of Referee Board	2,706 79	
		<u>167,347 43</u>
Balance December 31, 1933		<u>\$715,508 89</u>

TABLE 14

INVESTMENTS, DECEMBER 31, 1933

Schedule 1

Book Value of Investments, January 1, 1933	\$23,697,156 66
Invested during Year	455,402 20
	<u>\$24,152,558 86</u>
Less Principal Returned	149,002 57
	<u>\$24,003,556 29</u>
Book Value of Investments, December 31, 1933, Principal	\$24,003,556 29
Plus Accrued Interest to December 31, 1933	308,656 13
	<u>\$24,312,212 42</u>

Schedule 2

Book Value of Investments, January 1, 1933	\$3,459,168 09
Invested during Year	7,371 38
	<u>\$3,466,539 47</u>
Less Principal Returned	50,521 51
	<u>\$3,416,017 96</u>
Book Value of Investments, December 31, 1933, Principal	\$3,416,017 96
Plus Accrued Interest to December 31, 1933	33,975 56
	<u>\$3,449,993 52</u>

LIST OF INVESTMENTS

SCHEDULE 1 FUNDS

Municipal Debentures

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Amherstburg	5.50	1934-1938	9,181	33	9,307	54	22	66
Belleville:	6.25	May 15, 1941	65,000	00	64,041	33	491	51
	5.35	Jan. 2, 1942	14,000	00	14,585	21	.....	.....
	5.35	April 5, 1942	13,000	00	13,570	43	185	92
	5.30	May 1, 1952	120,000	00	122,812	26	1,103	02
	5.30	1947-1949	20,000	00	19,400	39	167	12
	5.041	1943-1954	156,000	00	147,320	97	1,769	45
	5.645	1946-1960	147,388	05	136,310	35	1,837	30
	5.798	1946-1950	17,856	38	16,494	88	146	70
5.645	1945-1959	24,545	76	22,707	10	100	85	
Blind River (guaranteed by Province of Ontario)	4.70	1934-1948	33,024	63	32,575	13	993	40
Bowmanville	5.27	1945-1949	41,035	25	39,955	41	1,371	60
Brampton:	5.50	Dec. 15, 1934	1,691	47	1,699	49	4	15
	5.50	1934-1944	1,899	99	1,803	22	3	50
Brantford:	6.25	Dec. 31, 1942	10,000	00	8,809	48	.....	.....
	6.20	1934-1939	37,500	00	36,704	72	.....	.....
	5.972	1937-1947	52,200	00	52,295	21	.....	.....
	5.535	1940-1949	53,000	00	50,645	69	116	15
	4.95	1941-1953	13,000	00	13,703	67	31	34
	5.	Dec. 31, 1950	5,000	00	4,431	90	.....	.....
Bridgeburg	5.	1950-1956	13,403	01	14,239	55	401	90
Burlington	4.80	1942-1951	10,843	18	11,057	20	106	95
Carleton Place	5.50	1934-1941	11,718	34	11,718	34	26	50
Collingwood (guaranteed by County of Simcoe)	5.45	1947-1951	191,000	00	181,837	98	784	90
Cornwall	5.20	1944-1953	51,862	79	53,506	55	1,437	95
Creemore (guaranteed by County of Simcoe)	5.375	Sept. 1, 1934	534	62	537	78	10	60
Dundas	5.375	1934-1946	15,682	56	15,787	99	285	90
East York:	5.446	1940-1965	172,187	29	162,803	55	1,438	81
	5.448	1940-1965	72,105	65	68,190	59	306	20
Englehart (guaranteed by Province of Ontario)	5.40	1945-1954	20,388	11	21,729	23	103	90
Essex, Village	5.50	1933 & 1934	1,266	00	1,256	46	43	60
Essex Border Utilities Commission	5.484	1942-1956	199,989	88	200,333	79	10,065	25
Etobicoke, Township:	5.017	1946-1949	45,000	00	47,214	04	1,356	17
	4.95	1940-1957	25,277	74	25,396	89	848	35
	5.19	1941-1957	71,000	00	69,569	72	593	30
	4.95	1940-1958	28,416	47	28,555	77	968	60
	6.50	1937-1948	91,071	95	82,441	61	972	35
Fort Erie:	5.05	1945-1961	50,715	22	53,582	36	229	25
	5.05	1944-1961	23,621	00	24,784	35	601	50
Fort William:	5.75	Feb. 1, 1944	25,000	00	23,540	04	523	97
	6.40	May 1, 1950	10,000	00	9,595	00	100	27
	5.125	April 1, 1955	55,000	00	54,114	34	685	62
	4.91	1946-1951	69,924	85	70,576	96	296	95
	4.91	July 1, 1952	34,672	60	35,049	37	.....	.....
	4.91	July 1, 1947	42,751	00	43,127	86	.....	.....
5.07	April 1, 1959	76,000	00	75,238	21	947	40	
Fort William (guaranteeing McKellar Hospital)	4.625	May 1, 1948	88,000	00	86,847	00	661	80
Forest Hill Village:	5.036	1943-1957	44,730	93	44,543	30	747	55
	5.15	1940-1948	112,061	49	110,971	29	460	50
	5.055	1934-1958	91,683	13	91,180	84	376	75
	5.75	1934-1939	64,034	46	63,118	87	526	30
	5.60	1940-1959	121,602	70	113,754	24	.....	.....
	5.60	1934-1949	56,007	44	54,642	21	122	75
	5.22	1944 & 1947	26,000	00	25,512	84	213	70

TABLE 14—Continued
Municipal Debentures—Continued

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Hydro Electric Power Commission (guaranteed by Province of Ontario):	5.004	Jan. 2, 1970	95,000	00	91,046	67	.....
	4.70	June 24, 1941	40,000	00	43,255	87		4 60
	5.35	Jan. 1, 1970	25,000	00	22,614	50	.....
Kingston:	6.10	1935-1948	4,600	00	4,575	34		46 12
	6.125	1934-1945	40,400	00	40,112	28	.....
	5.30	Jan. 1, 1942	35,000	00	35,449	68	.....
Kingsville Kitchener:	6.625	1934-1941	33,155	59	32,993	55		1,251 70
	5.25	1943-1951	47,682	18	48,817	06		222 73
	5.25	1943-1952	28,490	33	29,179	10		390 65
	5.75	1934-1946	819	47	807	59		9 50
	4.99	1942-1945	24,849	50	24,871	56		364 20
Leaside	6.	1933-1949	96,000	00	92,620	30		2,647 25
	4.95	Sept. 11, 1943	90,000	00	90,351	27		1,368 50
Lincoln, County	5.40	Jan. 1, 1935	14,681	07	14,696	42	.....
Lindsay	5.875	1934-1947	13,195	08	12,890	02		302 20
Listowel	5.523	Aug. 3, 1939	24,000	00	22,156	04		397 15
London:	5.50	1937 & 1938	11,000	00	10,590	34	.....
	6.538	June 30, 1942	25,000	00	21,314	34		3 05
	6.27	1935-1939	114,425	61	113,579	73		18 75
	5.85	Jan. 1, 1944	50,000	00	46,826	40	.....
	5.35	1940 & 1941	15,000	00	15,139	81		2 26
	5.35	1937-1941	75,000	00	75,553	06		11 30
	5.25	1934-1940	103,623	46	104,478	56		1,904 96
	5.23	Aug. 3, 1939	20,000	00	18,748	70		330 96
	4.955	June 30, 1945	25,000	00	25,102	83		3 42
	4.955	1938-1942	45,000	00	45,125	58	.....
	4.955	1939-1945	26,000	00	26,075	57	.....
	4.981	June 30, 1942	25,000	00	23,745	65	.....
	5.	1944-1949	236,000	00	236,000	00	.....
4.819	1945-1950	299,000	00	304,656	69		3,727 30	
4.819	1946-1950	58,000	00	59,060	49	.....	
Middlesex, County	5.10	1941-1945	79,000	00	78,415	20		1,309 45
Midland (guaranteed by County of Simcoe):	4.97	1940-1947	14,339	86	14,957	36		263 63
	4.97	1940-1944	10,720	05	11,126	80		98 52
	4.964	1940-1947	36,422	68	36,516	27		533 85
	4.971	1940-1957	47,160	21	47,311	05		1,285 60
	5.636	1935-1960	62,940	45	62,103	45	.....
Mimico:	5.68	1935-1950	36,525	33	34,673	72	.....
	5.05	1933-1961	46,134	66	48,226	05		2,127 05
Mount Forest	5.20	1945-1948	26,183	59	25,683	65		46 60
Napanee	4.80	1941-1943	14,623	28	14,825	76		244 35
Niagara Falls:	6.60	1938-1945	50,548	31	45,739	47		1,904 19
	6.50	1934-1941	59,553	78	58,392	83		1,801 30
	5.318	1940-1953	54,098	50	55,053	80		1,744 48
	5.32	1938-1952	16,139	50	15,694	08		73 89
North Bay:	6.	1938-1942	1,788	66	1,706	56		50 70
	5.70	1937-1942	76,276	50	77,501	41		3,071 92
	4.75	1937-1947	42,775	84	43,534	92		52 75
	4.75	1937-1943	17,558	14	17,299	28		530 35
	5.10	1939-1948	152,370	42	157,378	25	.....
Northumberland & Durham, United Counties of	5.394	1934-1948	52,547	39	51,393	70		115 15
	6.05	1935-1942	20,246	58	18,892	48		64 89
North Toronto (City of Toronto)	4.97	1940 & 1941	8,500	00	8,768	27		372 72
North York, Township:	4.97	1940-1944	17,866	71	18,544	52		576 10
	4.97	1940-1943	25,811	14	26,745	01		357 80
	4.95	1943-1957	36,885	12	39,229	21		1,700 75
	4.75	1940-1948	47,687	13	48,660	85		1,998 90
	4.85	1940-1958	24,469	63	26,207	01		1,128 25

TABLE 14—Continued
Municipal Debentures—Continued

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Oakville	5.50	1934-1935	1,182	56	1,190	86		17 70
Orillia (guaranteed by County of Simcoe)	4.96	1941-1954	17,156	14	17,233	35		216 20
Oshawa:	6.75	1934-1935	14,864	61	14,709	98		112 40
	6.40	1945-1951	45,133	48	43,448	04		2,270 24
	5.40	1934-1936	16,207	92	16,247	88		.....
	5.375	June 1, 1938	6,068	02	5,970	07		177 88
	5.322	1939-1943	78,000	00	76,385	54		2,286 58
	5.648	1945-1949	100,000	00	98,571	79		.....
Ottawa:	6.12	July 1, 1939	10,800	00	9,731	26		.....
	4.95	July 1, 1951	15,000	00	16,830	52		.....
	5.514	1951 & 1961	226,000	00	225,567	82		.....
	5.54	July 1, 1961	114,000	00	113,357	92		.....
	5.523	July 1, 1961	46,000	00	45,850	77		.....
Owen Sound:	5.20	Feb. 1, 1943	25,000	00	25,555	66		576 37
	4.95	April 1, 1945	50,000	00	50,223	59		623 30
	5.10	Feb. 1, 1945	50,000	00	49,568	74		1,041 10
Oxford	6.25	1934-1936	7,651	49	7,476	17		222 20
Parry Sound:	6.50	1934-1944	19,223	80	18,927	76		480 30
	7.125	1937-1950	50,235	30	45,984	41		1,263 44
Pembroke	5.	1946-1954	75,925	53	75,025	53		2,199 36
Perth:	5.50	Dec. 20, 1934	436	24	436	31		65
	5.50	1934-1943	2,098	72	2,048	68		8 60
	5.50	1934-1944	273	45	266	46		1 10
	5.50	Dec. 1, 1934	49	44	49	22		20
	4.95	1940-1947	52,000	00	52,209	53		1,267 95
	4.79	1940-1948	91,000	00	92,626	81		2,667 65
	5.10	1945-1950	21,000	00	20,795	08		701 90
Peterborough:	6.10	Dec. 31, 1946	15,000	00	13,531	93		.....
	6.205	June 30, 1950	155,000	00	151,750	15		25 48
	6.25	Dec. 31, 1940	50,000	00	50,000	00		.....
	5.85	June 30, 1951	50,000	00	42,668	00		.....
Port Arthur:	6.595	June 1, 1940	50,000	00	48,443	43		246 60
	5.20	June 1, 1959	50,000	00	48,597	35		205 50
	6.384	June 1, 1948	53,000	00	48,610	40		239 60
Port Arthur (guaranteeing General Hospital):	5.125	Nov. 1, 1955	100,000	00	104,911	10		904 10
	5.15	Oct. 1, 1954	40,000	00	41,783	93		548 50
Preston	6.50	1934-1937	5,119	15	5,029	47		246 05
Renfrew:	5.75	1934 & 1935	2,297	76	2,310	75		12 85
	5.85	1934-1947	6,960	74	7,022	78		308 95
	4.95	1947-1958	55,034	42	55,382	50		2,680 70
Richmond Hill	5.50	1934-1944	5,568	15	5,568	15		255 90
St. Catharines:	5.385	Dec. 29, 1945	50,000	00	48,317	92		13 70
	6.312	1934-1940	17,500	00	17,603	37		.....
	6.321	1934-1940	20,300	00	20,256	01		.....
	5.45	1934-1942	24,750	00	25,268	76		248 18
St. Marys:	5.50	Oct. 31, 1943	4,870	30	4,693	74		.....
	5.50	Jan. 1, 1944	2,500	00	2,405	60		.....
St. Thomas:	6.38	1937-1951	129,562	40	125,706	96		3,258 56
	6.38	1938 & 1939	3,387	15	3,242	43		3 57
	5.40	1934-1937	70,000	00	70,799	78		483 29
	5.15	1949-1953	25,000	00	24,569	07		58 22
	5.20	1934-1949	39,000	00	38,447	35		90 82
Sandwich:	5.625	1933-1935	2,070	76	2,085	28		115 65
	6.625	1932-1943	18,392	05	17,758	63		692 35
	6.549	1938-1940	6,774	32	6,547	79		18 92
	6.546	1932-1949	41,737	53	40,112	96		624 35
	5.484	1944-1955	78,106	11	78,248	85		2,165 56
	5.579	1944-1947	11,000	00	10,911	68		51 40
	5.25	1944-1958	313,879	39	323,318	64		15,797 10
	5.50	1945-1960	126,694	20	126,694	20		.....

TABLE 14—Continued

Municipal Debentures—Continued

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Sandwich West, Township	5.05	1938-1948	80,272	18	85,913	94	4,037	80
Sandwich, Windsor & Amherstburg Railway Company (Guaranteed by Province of Ontario)	5.777	June 1, 1943	49,000	00	44,475	92	181	25
Sarnia:	6.50	1934-1939	5,142	04	5,006	87	.....	.....
	6.60	1934 & 1935	13,000	00	12,798	61	.....	.....
	5.217	1942-1947	62,914	68	61,739	85	792	90
Sault Ste. Marie:	5.50	Mar. 25, 1949	24,771	50	26,048	88	394	97
	6.405	April 1, 1950	45,000	00	40,887	94	623	84
	6.555	Mar. 1, 1935	100,000	00	99,219	10	2,005	48
	5.096	Jan. 20, 1945	6,000	00	6,208	52	147	35
Scarborough, Township:	4.70	1940-1943	25,000	00	25,515	23	54	80
	5.35	1942-1958	75,474	03	72,308	64	165	40
	6.	1934-1940	25,689	23	25,341	22	56	30
Simcoe	5.50	1934-1945	6,680	32	6,832	03	16	45
Smith's Falls:	5.50	1934-1944	4,553	60	4,553	60	209	30
	5.50	1934-1946	12,219	65	12,584	50	490	15
	5.50	1934-1936	530	17	535	22	15	95
	5.775	1934-1937	1,699	46	1,685	93	62	50
	5.776	1934-1947	10,283	26	10,105	74	378	10
	5.022	1940-1945	64,306	49	64,203	82	2,158	21
	5.	1944-1946	54,000	00	54,000	00	1,812	33
Stratford:	5.50	Jan. 1, 1945	25,000	00	23,988	09	.....	.....
	5.50	Jan. 1, 1945	15,000	00	14,393	96	.....	.....
	5.50	Jan. 1, 1945	10,000	00	9,595	24	.....	.....
	5.625	Jan. 1, 1945	13,000	00	12,340	86	.....	.....
	6.25	Jan. 1, 1951	40,000	00	38,955	43	.....	.....
	5.40	Jan. 1, 1942	124,000	00	128,781	36	.....	.....
	5.40	Jan. 1, 1942	50,000	00	50,320	15	.....	.....
	5.401	1937 & 1952	83,000	00	83,330	80	.....	.....
	4.95	June 15, 1940	7,000	00	7,020	36	191	78
	4.95	June 15, 1955	30,000	00	30,201	43	821	92
	4.915	Jan. 1, 1945	2,000	00	2,014	17	.....	.....
Sudbury:	7.	1934-1937	18,321	43	17,509	02	765	45
	5.50	1940-1949	49,943	48	47,852	80	136	80
	5.05	1945-1948	66,235	66	65,908	09	825	65
Thorold	5.134	Aug. 15, 1958	3,000	00	2,944	40	62	90
Tillsonburg:	5.50	Mar. 20, 1945	975	00	975	00	42	16
	5.50	1934-1944	835	20	835	20	36	00
	5.50	1934-1935	757	06	757	06	32	60
	5.50	1934-1935	378	52	378	52	16	30
Toronto:	6.049	1937 & 1939	16,000	00	15,675	10	294	14
	6.049	April 1, 1938	4,000	00	3,915	59	55	45
	6.049	1937 & 1938	7,000	00	6,871	17	.....	.....
	6.08	July 1, 1945	7,000	00	6,371	88	.....	.....
	6.08	July 1, 1948	4,000	00	3,398	75	.....	.....
	6.021	Jan. 1, 1955	19,000	00	15,582	25	.....	.....
	6.	1934-1937	25,000	00	24,740	80	342	80
	6.434	1941-1948	269,000	00	259,583	33	4,068	27
	6.436	1940-1948	231,000	00	223,340	17	2,316	40
	6.24	1934-1939	49,000	00	48,755	52	982	70
	6.20	1935-1940	50,000	00	49,701	92	1,062	74
	6.25	June 1, 1951	100,000	00	97,359	31	509	59
	6.40	June 1, 1948	59,000	00	56,798	65	300	66
	6.35	1943 & 1944	147,000	00	143,288	46	749	10
	6.35	1942 & 1944	53,000	00	51,753	50	270	08
	6.	1937-1940	44,000	00	43,055	25	.....	.....
	6.	1936-1949	61,000	00	61,000	00	310	85
	6.	1937-1947	17,000	00	16,402	72	.....	.....
	6.	1942-1951	52,000	00	52,000	00	786	41
	6.	1935-1940	50,000	00	49,074	81	.....	.....
	6.	1937-1941	28,000	00	28,000	00	.....	.....
	6.	1937-1939	9,000	00	9,000	00	45	86

TABLE 14—Continued

Municipal Debentures—Continued

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Toronto:	6.	1937-1939	7,000	00	7,000	00	105	86
	6.	1937-1939	10,000	00	10,000	00	.....	.....
	6.	1937-1939	14,000	00	13,728	32	.....	.....
	6.	1938 & 1939	9,000	00	8,806	51	.....	.....
	5.40	1939-1941	150,000	00	150,822	67	2,757	55
	5.35	Mar. 1, 1951	83,000	00	89,081	77	1,664	55
	5.35	Jan. 1, 1951	15,000	00	16,059	99	.....	.....
	5.20	1940-1942	58,000	00	57,322	38	484	66
	5.20	1940-1951	41,000	00	42,002	75	.....	.....
	5.25	April 1, 1951	50,000	00	48,577	67	630	14
	5.02	1940-1951	21,000	00	22,624	39	107	01
	5.02	Mar. 1, 1940	1,000	00	1,053	77	20	05
	4.925	July 1, 1950	20,000	00	20,168	39	.....	.....
	4.925	April 1, 1950	25,000	00	25,210	46	315	07
	5.265	July 1, 1944	35,000	00	32,854	39	.....	.....
	4.95	June 1, 1946	7,000	00	6,708	98	25	90
	4.95	1943-1945	40,000	00	38,564	07	300	82
	4.95	1943-1948	33,000	00	31,747	61	.....	.....
	4.95	1945-1951	106,000	00	106,521	94	.....	.....
	6.106	1945-1952	27,000	00	25,523	48	374	30
	4.90	June 1, 1945	18,000	00	19,725	05	91	75
	4.90	Mar. 1, 1949	2,000	00	2,129	20	36	75
	4.75	June 1, 1948	2,000	00	2,259	21	10	20
	4.77	July 1, 1948	3,000	00	3,384	02	.....	.....
	4.75	1950 & 1951	84,000	00	96,176	74	.....	.....
	4.75	June 1, 1951	75,000	00	86,057	25	382	20
	4.82	1942-1950	30,000	00	33,210	26	152	90
	4.82	Oct. 1, 1949	25,000	00	28,264	19	378	10
	5.05	1955-1959	150,000	00	148,971	42	616	40
	5.30	1946-1958	53,000	00	54,064	66	734	75
	5.65	1953 & 1957	55,000	00	53,986	94	762	50
	5.70	1942-1947	60,000	00	59,083	07	831	80
	5.618	1958-1962	125,000	00	122,968	13	1,732	85
	5.70	1943 & 1944	17,000	00	16,741	94	235	65
	5.40	1955 & 1956	100,000	00	101,278	18	1,386	30
	5.27	1948 & 1950	89,000	00	91,109	86	1,233	80
	5.35	1945 & 1946	71,000	00	75,103	19	1,073	75
	5.35	June 1, 1946	25,000	00	26,467	45	123	30
	5.013	1945 & 1956	44,000	00	43,948	00	.....	.....
	5.10	April 1, 1952	5,000	00	5,237	66	68	55
	5.08	1950 & 1951	15,000	00	15,715	91	205	70
	5.05	April 1, 1951	11,000	00	11,570	68	150	85
	5.05	1946-1951	20,000	00	22,037	61	.....	.....
	5.241	Aug. 1951	28,000	00	25,618	43	314	15
Toronto Harbour Commission (guaranteed by City of Toronto)	5.102	Sept. 1, 1953	14,000	00	12,960	80	208	85
Toronto Housing Company (guaranteed by City of Toronto)	5.10	Oct. 1, 1953	120,000	00	118,521	17	1,496	00
Toronto Junction (City of Toronto)	6.187	Jan. 2, 1943	33,000	00	29,239	57	.....	.....
Toronto, Township	4.95	1941-1952	18,104	29	19,114	86	627	42
Trenton	5.	1942 & 1943	25,000	00	25,933	93	1,103	76
Walkerville:	6.597	1933-1942	21,878	49	21,363	81	57	60
	6.271	1942-1948	17,531	70	16,395	80	47	54
	5.	1949-1951	99,038	43	110,213	59	276	75
	4.70	1942-1947	25,511	95	26,150	35	59	40
Walkerville East Windsor Water Commission	5.15	1947-1959	291,476	32	303,870	80	.....	.....
Welland, City	5.439	April 1, 1939	42,000	00	43,098	64	635	18
Welland, County	5.38	Dec. 15, 1945	10,000	00	9,670	52	23	28
Weston	5.	1949-1952	24,949	65	27,819	99	65	60

TABLE 14—Continued
Municipal Debentures—Continued

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$
West Gwillimbury, (guaranteed by County of Simcoe)	5.459	1942-1956	36,107	36	36,261	16	.....
Wheatley, Village	5.25	1951-1960	22,892	29	23,641	35	734 75
Whitby:	5.375	1934-1946	9,698	14	9,770	38	84 75
	5.375	1934-1946	2,904	32	2,929	68	27 10
	5.38	1934-1946	4,391	17	4,432	19	38 40
Windsor:	5.563	1932-1935	11,665	41	11,654	25	28 15
	6.413	1942-1950	200,257	35	192,643	60	1,020 30
	6.05	1938-1940	32,977	61	32,877	74	585 45
	6.10	Sept. 15, 1941	12,337	43	12,252	21	219 01
	6.05	June 1, 1940	13,000	00	12,961	26	66 25
	5.32	1946-1952	110,000	00	112,106	51	1,525 00
	5.101	June 1, 1951	24,000	00	26,564	79	122 30
	4.95	1944-1950	163,000	00	155,283	31	602 90
	4.95	1943-1949	37,000	49	37,186	00	152 05
Woodstock:	5.625	Dec. 31, 1936	7,045	32	6,831	66	.....
	5.625	Nov. 1, 1938	10,000	00	9,535	49	.....
	5.625	Nov. 30, 1937	6,000	00	5,768	66	.....
York, Township:	4.958	1941-1946	100,000	00	100,323	97	424 66
	5.572	1941-1951	102,407	13	106,032	52	2,053 75
	5.408	1949-1956	225,000	00	214,373	83	4,715 77
	4.979	1942-1946	195,000	00	195,338	09	4,087 00
	5.612	1945-1956	110,295	98	102,803	14	1,828 15
	5.	1945-1955	22,000	00	22,000	00	93 45
	4.85	Feb. 1, 1952	25,000	00	25,453	41	524 00
	4.85	1941-1949	20,731	26	21,923	18	.....
	4.93	1941-1952	8,679	27	9,565	03	174 05
	4.93	1941-1952	27,659	28	30,543	18	695 65
	5.08	1945-1958	74,000	00	73,260	36	922 45
York, Township (guaranteed by County of York):	5.39	1951-1956	93,000	00	88,487	73	394 95
	4.95	1946-1957	21,000	00	21,125	40	350 95
			18,110,110	14	17,966,038	95	228,800 09

TABLE 14—Continued

Other Permanent Investments

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Canadian National Railway Company (guaranteed by Dominion of Canada):	4.64	Feb. 1, 1954	100,000	00	104,734	40	2,095	90
	4.65	Feb. 1, 1954	50,000	00	52,296	76	1,047	95
	5.312	Feb. 1, 1954	80,000	00	76,896	49	1,676	70
	5.35	Feb. 1, 1954	36,000	00	34,442	80	754	50
	5.23	Feb. 1, 1954	121,000	00	117,552	93	2,536	05
	5.19	Feb. 1, 1954	247,000	00	241,106	97	5,176	90
	4.69	Feb. 1, 1954	50,000	00	52,027	11	1,047	95
	4.68	Feb. 1, 1954	23,000	00	23,950	36	482	05
	4.65	Feb. 1, 1954	50,000	00	52,296	76	1,047	95
	4.675	Feb. 1, 1954	50,000	00	52,123	93	1,047	95
	4.675	Feb. 1, 1954	60,000	00	62,548	71	1,257	53
	4.666	Feb. 1, 1954	25,000	00	26,093	74	524	00
	4.67	Feb. 1, 1954	90,000	00	93,838	77	1,873	95
	5.19	Feb. 1, 1954	463,000	00	451,943	82	9,640	60
	6.077	Feb. 1, 1954	40,000	00	35,608	09	832	90
	5.177	July 1, 1969	191,000	00	185,529	38	.....	.....
	5.032	Feb. 1, 1970	200,000	00	198,933	76	4,164	45
	5.015	Feb. 1, 1970	40,000	00	39,903	10	832	90
Dominion of Canada	5.859	Nov. 15, 1941	30,000	00	28,383	74	189	05
Ontario, Province of:	5.88	Feb. 1, 1941	50,000	00	50,368	72	1,257	53
	4.80	Dec. 1, 1942	115,000	00	120,824	24	537	20
	5.75	Dec. 1, 1942	10,000	00	9,828	96	45	20
	5	Sept. 15, 1943	50,000	00	53,898	39	879	45
	4.90	Sept. 15, 1943	185,000	00	200,937	19	3,253	95
	4.85	Sept. 15, 1943	9,000	00	9,812	80	158	30
	4.85	Sept. 15, 1943	57,500	00	62,690	87	1,011	35
	4.85	Sept. 15, 1943	30,000	00	32,718	20	527	65
	4.85	Sept. 15, 1943	30,000	00	32,709	25	527	65
	4.75	Sept. 15, 1943	7,000	00	7,689	72	123	10
	6.10	July 1, 1946	250,000	00	237,012	60	.....	.....
	5.99	July 1, 1946	100,000	00	95,734	44	.....	.....
	5.625	July 1, 1946	115,000	00	113,721	89	.....	.....
	5.371	Dec. 1, 1947	13,000	00	11,895	39	49	70
	5.46	Feb. 1, 1947	226,000	00	226,840	73	5,210	45
	6.01	Feb. 1, 1947	125,000	00	119,155	64	2,881	85
	5.40	Feb. 1, 1947	145,000	00	146,416	83	3,342	95
	5.43	Feb. 1, 1947	116,000	00	116,783	08	2,674	40
	5.875	Feb. 1, 1947	10,000	00	9,653	80	230	55
	5.178	Oct. 15, 1948	250,000	00	245,404	76	263	70
	4.875	Oct. 15, 1948	50,000	00	50,662	00	520	55
	4.875	Oct. 15, 1948	60,000	00	60,791	46	624	66
	4.871	Oct. 15, 1948	25,000	00	25,340	16	260	27
	4.875	Oct. 15, 1948	50,000	00	50,659	81	520	55
	5.458	Dec. 1, 1949	300,000	00	269,575	35	1,146	60
	5.449	Dec. 1, 1950	700,000	00	626,954	91	2,675	30
	4.86	Jan. 15, 1956	500,000	00	475,441	12	10,417	80
	5.016	May 1, 1959	250,000	00	249,420	05	2,054	80
Ontario, Province of (guaran- teeing The University of Western Ontario)	5.672	1942-1946	54,000	00	48,880	90	.....	.....
Ontario, Province of (guaran- teeing Temiskaming & Northern Ontario Railway)	5.20	Feb. 1, 1959	145,000	00	120,482	46	2,431	25
			5,973,500	00	5,812,517	34	79,856	04
Total Permanent Investments, Schedule 1			24,083,610	14	23,778,556	29	308,656	13

TABLE 14—Continued

SCHEDULE 2 FUNDS

Security	Yield Rate (Per Cent.)	Term	Par Value		Book Value		Accrued Interest	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Barton, Township	5.354	July 14, 1952	63,000	00	64,091	36	1,604	34
Belleville:	5.669	1943-1945	3,450	26	3,269	52	.....	.....
	5.613	1943-1950	8,000	00	7,543	24	17	55
	5.704	1940-1946	10,488	47	9,948	79	219	80
Brantford	5.42	Dec. 31, 1949	15,000	00	12,742	19	.....	.....
Chippawa, Town (guaranteed by County of Welland)	5.525	1941-1944	22,578	30	22,535	70	520	52
Cornwall	5.535	1941-1943	10,248	45	10,219	50	284	13
Etobicoke, Township:	5.485	1941-1955	24,867	79	23,667	05	415	60
	5.07	1941-1956	32,574	89	32,368	92	1,227	13
	5.067	1942-1956	58,470	29	61,108	73	2,422	90
	5.55	1948-1955	43,000	00	40,428	42	453	55
Galt	5.34	Dec. 15, 1965	19,460	45	18,448	20	42	65
Hamilton:	5.697	1942-1946	152,000	00	137,743	31	2,867	18
	5.54	1942-1946	134,000	00	122,999	21	512	15
	5.444	1942-1946	35,000	00	33,753	10	292	47
Hydro Electric Power Commission (Guaranteed by Province of Ontario)	5.45	June 24, 1941	15,000	00	15,499	09	17	25
Kingston	5.453	July 1, 1955	120,000	00	113,162	43	.....	.....
Kitchener	5.475	1944-1947	10,418	06	10,916	27	104	45
London:	5.444	Dec. 30, 1954	411,000	00	388,344	07	.....	.....
	5.439	1940-1956	280,000	00	269,934	07	76	70
	5.26	1940-1955	101,000	00	98,828	70	.....	.....
North Bay	5.799	1940-1943	33,000	00	32,332	70	1,516	65
Ontario, Province of:	5.528	Oct. 1, 1942	31,000	00	29,858	27	390	68
	5.376	April 1, 1952	19,000	00	18,172	12	239	45
	4.875	Oct. 15, 1948	50,000	00	50,661	14	520	55
Ottawa	5.574	1941-1946	36,000	00	34,517	32	.....	.....
Owen Sound	4.95	April 1, 1945	100,000	00	100,441	63	1,246	60
Peterborough	5.514	Dec. 31, 1945	20,000	00	19,111	18	.....	.....
Renfrew	5.40	1949-1953	50,234	63	50,812	03	461	73
Stamford, Township	5.458	1941-1954	246,628	19	247,690	77	408	80
Stratford:	5.201	July 1, 1954	82,000	00	83,013	85	2,190	86
	5.611	1940-1956	122,613	19	116,561	48	3,359	25
Thorold	5.50	1940-1959	49,546	82	46,811	86	617	60
Toronto:	6.325	June 1, 1940	4,000	00	3,937	20	20	38
	6.325	June 1, 1942	21,000	00	20,555	93	107	01
	6.254	1937-1940	130,000	00	128,745	73	662	55
	5.557	Dec. 1, 1940	100,000	00	102,540	85	509	59
	5.25	1940-1943	42,000	00	43,887	00	214	03
	5.25	1950 & 1951	50,000	00	48,590	80	630	14
	5.287	1948-1954	172,000	00	156,754	50	1,293	53
	5.269	1948-1954	154,000	00	140,553	15	588	57
	5.572	1947-1954	229,000	00	200,783	26	3,444	40
	5.458	Jan. 1, 1949	5,000	00	4,503	18	.....	.....
	5.455	July 1, 1950	4,000	00	3,806	47	.....	.....
Victoria, County	5.50	1951-1959	17,954	20	16,796	99	39	35
Waterloo, Town	5.68	1941-1947	19,195	72	18,930	47	885	07
York, Township	5.74	1944-1961	214,197	93	198,096	21	3,550	40
Total Permanent Investments, Schedule 2.....			3,571,927	64	3,416,017	96	33,975	56

SHORT DATE DEPOSITS, SCHEDULE 1

Short Date Debentures:

Canada Trust Co. (Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation), 5¼% withdrawable on ten days' notice	\$100,000 00
Huron & Erie Mortgage Corporation 5¼% withdrawable Jan. 10, 1934.....	125,000 00
Total Short Date Deposits, Schedule 1	\$225,000 00

CHAPTER V

1932 OPERATIONS

This chapter deals with the year 1932, containing information which was not available when the report for that year was made.

It gives the final financial statement for Schedule 1 industries for the year, estimates of the adjustments of assessments and of the outstanding compensation and medical aid having to be used in the provisional statement given in Table 1 of the 1932 report; and it gives statistical information as to the accidents which happened during 1932, their causes, the nature of the injuries suffered, the number, time loss, total and average cost of the different classes of cases, and the age, wage, nationality, and marital condition of the injured workmen.

This information is contained in Tables 15 to 27.

Final Financial Statement, Schedule 1, 1932

Table 15 gives the final financial statement for Schedule 1 industries for 1932, provisional figures for which were given in Table 1 of the 1932 report. It shows the income and credits and the expenditure and charges and the balance for each class of industry; also the actual assessments and accident cost and other items of income and expenditure for each class, and the assessments and accident cost for each group of industry within the class. The list of industries included in each class and group will be found in the Board's rate book, the list of industries in the different classes is also printed with the Act, and their general nature is indicated at the bottom of Table 1 of this report.

The net income and credits for all the classes for the year were \$3,586,125.26, and the net expenditures and charges, \$3,614,142.61, leaving a deficit for the year of \$28,017.35. Adding the surplus forward from prior years, \$1,875,275.90, leaves a net actual surplus of \$1,847,258.55, as compared with a provisional or estimated surplus of \$1,607,908.14, the disparity being largely due to claims for accidents occurring in 1932 and prior years not being finally disposed of during 1933.

Assessments and Accident Cost

The assessments and accident cost (the latter comprising compensation and medical aid and payments on account of rehabilitation) in Schedule 1 for each year since the commencement of the Act, and the totals to the end of 1932, are as follows:

Year	Assessment	Accident Cost
1915.....	\$1,831,537 52	\$1,091,020 43
1916.....	2,361,463 20	1,880,004 37
1917.....	2,662,383 29	2,639,560 56
1918.....	3,303,575 83	3,214,427 57
1919.....	3,840,949 07	4,474,847 38
1920.....	5,579,333 45	5,041,947 30
1921.....	4,594,452 37	4,277,034 67
1922.....	3,984,594 64	4,323,801 07
1923.....	3,771,321 09	4,977,331 82
1924.....	4,524,700 86	4,746,314 60
1925.....	4,390,854 75	4,438,802 13
1926.....	5,167,126 64	4,711,970 90
1927.....	5,465,763 17	5,082,073 61
1928.....	6,739,696 80	6,083,772 14
1929.....	7,505,431 10	6,861,274 51
1930.....	6,396,105 73	5,925,502 17
1931.....	4,608,677 15	4,472,209 18
1932.....	3,292,309 25	3,177,386 47
Totals.....	\$80,020,275 91	\$77,419,280 88

Pay Roll and Rates of Assessment

As assessments are in the form of a percentage of pay roll, the average rate paid by employers in Schedule 1 can be determined by dividing the total assessments for the year by the total pay roll. The following table shows the total amount of pay roll and the total assessments and the average rate for \$100 pay roll for each year:

Year	Total Pay Roll	Total Assessments	Average Rate per \$100
1915.....	\$147,603,000	\$1,831,537 52	\$1 24
1916.....	220,840,000	2,361,463 20	1 07
1917.....	286,903,000	2,662,383 29	93
1918.....	310,450,000	3,303,575 83	1 06
1919.....	325,226,000	3,840,949 07	1 18
1920.....	464,589,000	5,579,333 45	1 20
1921.....	355,259,000	4,594,452 37	1 29
1922.....	391,888,000	3,984,594 64	1 02
1923.....	434,163,000	3,771,321 09	87
1924.....	386,318,000	4,524,700 86	1 17
1925.....	390,652,000	4,390,854 75	1 04
1926.....	424,926,000	5,167,126 64	1 22
1927.....	455,016,000	5,465,763 17	1 20
1928.....	504,102,000	6,739,696 80	1 34
1929.....	559,429,000	7,505,431 10	1 34
1930.....	472,742,000	6,396,105 73	1 35
1931.....	389,740,000	4,608,677 15	1 18
1932.....	317,605,000	3,292,309 25	1 04

Final Accident Figures, 1932

Table 16 shows the number of accidents happening in 1932 (in all industries under the Act) for which payment of compensation or medical aid was made. The total number was 34,758, of which 167 were death cases, 1,805 cases involving some degree of permanent disability, 15,466 temporary disability cases, and 17,320 cases which involved medical aid only. Schedule 2 cases involving medical aid only are not included as in these cases medical aid is furnished directly by the employer.

The complete figures for each year since the commencement of the Act are as follows:

Year	Medical Aid Only	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	Totals
1915.....	*.....	9,311	1,339	296	10,946
1916.....	*.....	15,993	2,232	373	18,598
1917.....	†4,267	21,556	2,475	370	28,668
1918.....	12,822	24,089	2,624	366	39,901
1919.....	11,769	22,418	2,457	364	37,008
1920.....	15,566	27,423	2,735	373	46,097
1921.....	12,141	22,855	2,079	331	37,406
1922.....	15,913	24,461	2,082	325	42,781
1923.....	20,125	28,954	2,340	327	51,746
1924.....	20,811	25,980	2,191	315	49,297
1925.....	22,444	26,040	2,157	264	50,905
1926.....	25,330	27,150	2,421	308	55,209
1927.....	27,852	28,836	2,476	311	59,475
1928.....	31,688	30,440	2,926	414	65,468
1929.....	34,582	32,920	3,372	417	71,291
1930.....	29,189	25,613	3,147	394	58,343
1931.....	21,970	20,543	2,495	231	45,239
1932.....	17,32	15,466	1,805	167	34,758
Totals.....	323,789	430,048	43,353	5,946	803,136

*No medical aid. †Half year only.

Accident Frequencies, Schedule 1

Comparison of accident frequencies can be made by correlating the number of accidents with the total number of full year workers, data for this being available, however, only in Schedule 1. Eliminating accidents in which medical

aid only was paid, the number of accidents for each 100 full year workers for the different years are:

Year	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	Totals
1915.....	3.63	.58	.12	4.32
1916.....	4.99	.79	.10	5.88
1917.....	5.78	.72	.07	6.57
1918.....	5.81	.66	.07	6.54
1919.....	5.81	.68	.07	6.56
1920.....	6.23	.67	.07	6.97
1921.....	6.25	.60	.05	6.90
1922.....	5.82	.52	.06	6.40
1923.....	6.02	.51	.05	6.58
1924.....	6.08	.54	.06	6.68
1925.....	5.94	.51	.05	6.50
1926.....	5.84	.54	.05	6.43
1927.....	5.94	.53	.05	6.52
1928.....	5.85	.58	.07	6.50
1929.....	5.80	.61	.06	6.47
1930.....	5.08	.66	.07	5.81
1931.....	4.28	.56	.04	4.88
1932.....	3.59	.45	.03	4.07

On the same basis of calculation, the frequency of medical aid only cases has been: 1918, 3.66; 1919, 3.70; 1920, 4.26; 1921, 4.24; 1922, 4.67; 1923, 4.96; 1924, 5.84; 1925, 6.09; 1926, 6.37; 1927, 6.73; 1928, 7.09; 1929, 7.06; 1930, 6.84; 1931, 5.72, and 1932, 5.06.

Statistical Distributions

Tables 17 to 27 give statistical details regarding accidents and workmen, including, where the data is available, Schedule 2 and Crown cases as well as Schedule 1. Considerations of space preclude more extensive tabulations, but the original material is retained and still fuller information is always available concerning the accidents in any of the different classes of industry.

Month of Occurrence

Table 17 gives the month of occurrence of all accidents. The month in which the greatest number occurred during 1932 was February, with 3,272, and the month with the lowest number was December, with 2,376.

Accidents According to Locality

The distribution of accidents according to the county or district in which they occurred is contained in Table 18. York had the highest number, with 9,631, and next in order were: Temiskaming, with 3,549; Wentworth, with 1,985; Essex, with 1,433; and Thunder Bay with 1,392. The greatest number of deaths (38) were in York; there were 18 in Temiskaming; 15 in Welland; 10 in Carleton; and 9 in Wentworth.

Time Loss, Age and Wage

In Table 19 is given the average age and wage of workmen receiving compensation, and the total and average time loss for each class of industry and for each category of disability. The average age for 1932 was 36.05 years. The average wage for 1932 was \$19.49, as compared with \$21.96 for 1931, and \$23.23 for 1930. The total time loss in temporary disability cases was 355,870 days, or an average of 23.01 days, as compared with an average of 22.73 days in 1931, and 22.13 days in 1930.

Compensation and Medical Aid Costs, Schedule 1

Table 20 contains the total and average cost of compensation and medical aid by classes in Schedule 1 for each kind of disability.

The total cost of all accidents was \$3,177,386.47, of which \$2,449,594.96 was for compensation (including payments for rehabilitation), and \$727,791.51 was for medical aid.

Of the \$2,449,594.96 compensation cost, \$881,290.15 was for temporary disability cases, \$1,160,261.56 was for permanent disability cases, and \$408,043.25 was for death cases.

The average cost of temporary disability cases was \$105.18, of which \$73.83 was for compensation and \$31.35 was for medical aid, the average in 1931 being \$93.59.

The average cost of permanent disability cases was \$945.65, of which \$254.22 was for temporary disability, \$522.39 was for permanent disability, and \$169.04 was for medical aid.

The average cost of death cases, where there were dependants, was \$5,182.53, and the average cost of all death cases, \$4,168.01, of which \$10.82 was for temporary disability, \$124.58 for burial expenses, \$3,986.25 for death benefits, and \$46.36 for medical aid.

The average cost of all cases in which compensation was paid was \$227.71, of which \$181.05 was for compensation and \$46.66 was for medical aid, as compared with \$236.83 for 1931, and \$233.80 for 1930.

The average cost of medical aid in medical aid only cases was \$5.73, as compared with \$5.79 in 1931, and \$5.67 in 1930.

Allegiance of Injured

Table 21 shows the allegiance of injured workers who received compensation, as taken from their own reports. There were 15,067, or over 86 per cent., of British allegiance, and 2,371 of foreign allegiance. Among the aliens the most numerous were: Finns, Poles, Czechs, Italians, and Russians.

Sex and Marital Condition of Injured

Table 22 gives the sex and marital condition of those receiving compensation. There were 17,242 males and 196 females. Of the males, 11,480 were married, and twenty-five of the females. There were 283 widowers and 26 widows.

Duration of Disability

Table 23 shows the week of termination of temporary disability cases. In over 41 per cent. of the cases the disability terminated in from one to two weeks. In five cases the disability lasted for more than a year.

Nature of Injuries

The first part of Table 24 shows the number of various kinds of temporary disability injuries in the different classes of industry, the second part gives an analysis of the permanent disability cases, showing the number of injuries to the several parts of the body and the percentages of impairment of earning capacity, and the third part of the table shows the number and nature of the industrial disease cases.

During 1932 there were 5,027 cuts, lacerations, and punctures; 4,069 bruises, contusions and abrasions; 2,081 fractures; 1,613 sprains, strains, twistings and wrenchings; 1,037 crushes; 563 scalds and burns; 516 injuries to eyes; 99 dislocations; and 197 herniae.

Among the 1,805 permanent disabilities were fourteen permanent total disability cases, and 218 cases exceeded ten per cent. of working capacity.

There were 55 industrial disease cases, of which 4 involved medical aid only, 33 were temporary disability cases, 16 were permanent disability cases,

and 2 were death cases. Included in these totals are 33 cases of lead poisoning, 15 cases of silicosis, 3 case each of caisson disease and chrome poisoning, and 1 case of benzol poisoning.

Causes of Accidents

Table 25 gives the prime causes of accidents in 1932. Machinery was responsible for 6,466 out of a total of 34,758, or 18.60 per cent. of all cases, as compared with 18.01 per cent. in 1931, and 20.10 per cent. in 1930.

Blood-Poisoning Cases

The number of compensation cases in which the seriousness of the accident was due to concurrent or subsequent infection rather than to the nature of the wound is shown in Table 26. There were 1,245 such cases, or 7.0 per cent. of cases compensated, including twenty-three cases of permanent disability and six deaths.

Death Cases

The nature of awards, the number, relationship, and residence of the dependants are shown in Table 27.

TABLE 15

FINAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR 1932, SCHEDULE 1

BY CLASSES

Class	Income and Credits		Expenditure and Charges		Balance for 1932		Balance forward Prior Years		Balance at Dec. 31, 1932		Class	
	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.		
1	283,036	59	274,944	56	8,092	03	-188,817	53	-180,725	50	1	
2	97,647	54	82,856	62	14,790	92	109,764	74	124,555	66	2	
3	48,578	79	58,036	29	-9,457	50	-11,463	13	-20,920	63	3	
4	83,445	26	109,349	68	-25,904	42	45,635	93	19,731	51	4	
5	486,463	09	*485,744	04		719	05	638,841	18	639,560	23	5
6	139,313	76	126,418	35	12,895	41	162,665	65	175,561	06	6	
7	40,921	62	51,571	81	-10,650	19	136,092	95	125,442	76	7	
8	82,082	35	70,078	91	12,003	44	30,675	50	42,678	94	8	
9	123,992	66	115,669	56	8,323	10	190,343	81	198,666	91	9	
10	180,453	38	177,019	08	3,434	30	118,515	23	121,949	53	10	
11	134,110	02	144,318	32	-10,208	30	40,663	43	30,455	13	11	
12	136,210	61	120,311	78	15,898	83	42,901	27	58,800	10	12	
13	73,355	30	44,257	72	29,097	58	-7,847	50	21,250	08	13	
14	38,436	29	35,060	35	3,375	94	2,126	23	5,502	17	14	
15	216,073	61	250,180	76	-34,107	15	16,733	33	-17,373	82	15	
16	76,681	84	67,103	78	9,578	06	46,309	82	55,887	88	16	
17	79,422	88	83,124	75	-3,701	87	77,460	15	73,758	28	17	
18	82,375	67	99,926	93	-17,551	26	35,755	35	18,204	09	18	
19	66,347	92	72,466	53	-6,118	61	28,914	33	22,795	72	19	
20	185,707	09	180,956	08	4,751	01	27,978	39	32,729	40	20	
21	317,833	71	318,179	20	-345	49	69,183	92	68,838	43	21	
22	90,201	93	71,451	75	18,750	18	25,982	65	44,732	83	22	
23	130,081	07	143,794	22	-13,713	15	281,347	56	267,634	41	23	
24	393,352	28	431,321	54	-37,969	26	-44,487	36	-82,456	62	24	
	†3,586,125	26	*3,614,142	61	-28,017	35	1,875,275	90	1,847,258	55		

†Includes \$12,857.50 reimbursement from D.P. & N.H.; Disaster Reserve (Class 12), \$425.00.

*Includes \$5,102.74 for Rehabilitation.

**Includes \$21,906.98 for Mine Rescue Work.

TABLE 15—Continued

BY GROUPS

Assessments and Compensation			Other Credits and Charges			
Group and Class	Assessments	Compensation and Medical Aid	Interest, Secs. 8, 105, 112 (3), etc.	Administration Expenses and Safety Assns.	Balance Forward Prior Years	Balance at December 31, 1932
	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Group 010	156,011 66	137,772 24				
“ 011	56,353 70	26,419 68				
“ 012	66,246 61	72,482 79				
Class 1	278,611 97	236,674 71	4,424 62	38,269 85	-188,817 53	-180,725 50
Group 020	114,752 69	111,709 37				
“ 021	25,928 99	14,022 96				
“ 022	-54,152 30	-65,733 43				
Class 2	86,529 38	59,998 90	11,118 16	22,857 72	109,764 74	124,555 66
Group 030	30,332 28	30,264 07				
“ 031	5,512 09	4,428 22				
“ 032	2,397 11	1,076 91				
“ 033	9,624 82	16,747 24				
Class 3	47,866 30	52,516 44	712 49	5,519 85	-11,463 13	-20,920 63
Group 040	37,470 74	59,599 25				
“ 041	14,093 57	15,956 96				
“ 042	7,253 52	4,617 89				
“ 043	5,150 48	4,569 88				
“ 044	12,283 67	14,598 20				
Class 4	76,251 98	99,342 18	7,193 28	10,007 50	45,635 93	19,731 51
Group 050	9,285 14	7,221 58				
“ 051	305,010 38	281,685 72				
“ 052	66,294 70	62,274 77				
“ 053	13,216 39	33,437 21				
“ 055	6,273 88	5,462 47				
“ 056	16,877 83	14,121 42				
“ 057	7,181 81	13,409 49				
Class 5	424,140 13	417,612 66	62,322 96	68,131 38	638,841 18	639,560 23
Group 060	7,501 98	21,597 17				
“ 061	27,218 60	19,526 37				
“ 062	7,218 49	1,292 30				
“ 063	15,432 91	6,359 52				
“ 064	18,231 91	7,672 27				
“ 065	29,980 95	35,593 34				
“ 066	12,161 42	10,901 11				
Class 6	117,746 26	102,942 08	21,567 50	23,476 27	162,665 65	175,561 06
Group 070	15,679 98	22,652 59				
“ 071	13,998 52	25,788 99				
“ 072	-7 58	-272 97				
Class 7	29,670 92	48,168 61	11,250 70	3,403 20	136,092 95	125,442 76
Group 080	29,298 79	33,458 34				
“ 081	6,356 73	3,348 03				
“ 082	29,042 91	10,911 40				
“ 083	10,136 42	9,749 24				
Class 8	74,834 85	57,467 01	7,247 50	12,611 90	30,675 50	42,678 94

TABLE 15—Continued
BY GROUPS

Assessments and Compensation			Other Credits and Charges					
Group and Class	Assessments	Compensation and Medical Aid	Interest, Secs. 8, 105, 112 (3), etc.		Administration Expenses and Safety Assns.		Balance Forward Prior Years	Balance at December 31, 1932
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Group 090	\$ 8,468 04	\$ 4,318 02						
" 091	8,489 76	20,796 69						
" 092	1,748 67	272 34						
" 093	3,847 78	2,480 80						
" 094	76,241 84	72,054 12						
" 095	5,741 96	4,476 44						
Class 9	104,538 95	104,398 41	19,453 71		11,271 15		190,343 81	198,666 91
Group 100	33,694 17	33,749 09						
" 101	60,477 52	64,064 65						
" 102	13,642 00	10,252 31						
" 103	15,914 15	14,523 86						
" 104	13,490 85	12,968 15						
" 105	6,496 47	6,669 13						
" 106	15,459 95	11,842 02						
" 107	4,224 74	2,043 32						
Class 10	163,399 85	156,112 53	17,053 53		20,906 55		118,515 23	121,949 53
Group 110	24,521 59	15,252 74						
" 111	90,490 39	96,447 96						
" 112	6,570 61	5,843 69						
" 113	3,663 02	15,853 83						
Class 11	125,245 61	133,398 22	8,864 41		10,920 10		40,663 43	30,455 13
Group 120	32,463 06	26,858 11						
" 121	47,384 70	19,790 86						
" 122	25,921 54	32,960 68						
" 123	5,508 05	1,712 81						
" 124	14,731 33	20,861 82						
Class 12	126,008 68	102,184 28	10,201 93		18,127 50		42,901 27	58,800 10
Group 130	38,255 12	23,668 30						
" 131	31,287 05	14,608 17						
Class 13	69,542 17	38,276 47	3,813 13		5,981 25		-7,847 50	21,250 08
Group 140	37,058 14	31,372 50						
Class 14	37,058 14	31,372 50	1,378 15		3,687 85		2,126 23	5,502 17
Group 150	61,802 99	75,048 11						
" 151	57,702 07	52,921 36						
" 152	13,752 63	9,915 11						
" 153	27,561 22	37,558 53						
" 154	14,174 28	10,723 52						
" 155	30,462 74	36,861 75						
" 156	2,768 77	2,602 13						
Class 15	208,224 70	225,630 51	7,848 91		24,550 25		16,733 33	-17,373 82
Group 160	27,266 65	20,656 44						
" 161	6,985 20	4,224 21						
" 162	7,729 01	15,393 35						
" 163	10,117 53	4,410 60						
" 164	17,671 73	12,966 88						
Class 16	69,770 12	57,651 48	6,911 72		9,452 30		46,309 82	55,887 88

TABLE 15—Continued
BY GROUPS

Assessments and Compensation			Other Credits and Charges							
Group and Class	Assessments	Compensation and Medical Aid	Interest, Secs. 8, 105, 112 (3), etc.		Administration Expenses and Safety Assns.		Balance Forward Prior Years		Balance at December 31, 1932	
			\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.	\$	c.
Group 170	45,403 42	48,957 10								
“ 171	18,131 64	20,476 16								
“ 172	8,938 79	4,516 07								
Class 17	72,473 85	73,949 33	6,949 03		9,175 42		77,460 15		73,758 28	
Group 180	58,426 47	60,423 25								
“ 181	19,958 73	28,806 93								
Class 18	78,385 20	89,230 18	3,990 47		10,696 75		35,755 35		18,204 09	
Group 190	20,229 49	21,134 29								
“ 191	25,249 93	28,385 71								
“ 192	9,115 97	11,660 46								
“ 193	6,960 60	5,035 07								
Class 19	61,555 99	66,215 53	4,791 93		6,251 00		28,914 33		22,795 72	
Group 200	124,375 17	100,267 73								
“ 201	51,296 24	68,543 00								
Class 20	175,671 41	168,810 73	10,035 68		12,145 35		27,978 39		32,729 40	
Group 210	199,888 21	204,211 45								
“ 211	104,177 32	89,330 45								
Class 21	304,065 53	293,541 90	13,768 18		24,637 30		69,183 92		68,838 43	
Group 220	83,455 38	57,184 75								
Class 22	83,455 38	57,184 75	6,746 55		14,267 00		25,982 65		44,732 83	
Group 230	20,042 53	33,005 38								
“ 231	51,842 67	60,594 86								
“ 232	33,939 67	38,571 63								
Class 23	105,824 87	132,171 87	24,256 20		11,622 35		281,347 56		267,634 41	
Group 240	21,226 92	40,203 47								
“ 241	7,919 56	9,704 15								
“ 242	21,809 69	18,949 71								
“ 243	8,350 95	7,739 04								
“ 244	37,787 27	52,490 27								
“ 245	39,295 09	25,602 45								
“ 246	19,205 22	23,320 26								
“ 247	14,895 90	18,599 01								
“ 248	195,155 07	169,229 32								
“ 249	5,791 34	6,697 51								
Class 24	371,437 01	372,535 19	21,915 27		58,786 35		-44,487 36		-82,456 62	
Schedule 1	3,292,309 25	*3,177,386 47	†293,816 01		**436,756 14		1,875,275 90		1,847,258 55	

†Includes \$12,857.50 reimbursement from D.P. & N.H.; Disaster Reserve (Class 12), \$425.00.

*Includes \$5,102.74 for Rehabilitation.

**Includes \$21,906.98 for Mine Rescue Work.

TABLE 16

NUMBER OF ACCIDENTS IN 1932 INVOLVING PAYMENT

Class	Medical Aid Only	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	TOTALS
1.....	252	856	123	8	1,239
2.....	844	547	61	3	1,455
3.....	306	182	40	2	530
4.....	530	318	75	2	925
5.....	1,203	1,227	179	23	2,632
6.....	287	241	23	4	555
7.....	144	57	17	2	220
8.....	613	221	28	1	863
9.....	1,022	323	52	3	1,400
10.....	1,932	610	107	6	2,655
11.....	1,495	497	83	1	2,076
12.....	649	474	50	3	1,176
13.....	196	195	20	1	412
14.....	390	157	20	..	567
15.....	1,595	1,068	106	9	2,778
16.....	495	219	43	..	757
17.....	593	352	42	1	988
18.....	738	472	10	3	1,223
19.....	448	301	51	1	801
20.....	530	746	83	5	1,364
21.....	882	1,286	98	8	2,274
22.....	141	113	17	2	273
23.....	359	299	32	7	697
24.....	1,187	1,176	134	4	2,501
Schedule 2.....	6	1,460	135	36	1,637
Crown Cases.....	483	2,069	176	32	2,760
TOTALS.....	17,320	15,466	1,805	167	34,758

TABLE 17

MONTH OF OCCURRENCE OF ACCIDENTS, 1932

Month of Occurrence	Medical Aid Only	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	TOTALS
January.....	1,406	1,521	205	14	3,146
February.....	1,475	1,589	191	17	3,272
March.....	1,471	1,506	151	13	3,141
April.....	1,376	1,176	134	13	2,699
May.....	1,578	1,182	146	12	2,918
June.....	1,631	1,319	155	16	3,121
July.....	1,394	1,256	130	14	2,794
August.....	1,527	1,217	130	9	2,883
September.....	1,472	1,204	133	11	2,820
October.....	1,488	1,238	149	27	2,902
November.....	1,369	1,164	139	14	2,686
December.....	1,133	1,094	142	7	2,376
TOTALS.....	17,320	15,466	1,805	167	34,758

TABLE 18
LOCALITY OF ACCIDENTS, 1932

County or District	Medical Aid Only	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	TOTALS
Algoma.....	237	366	45	2	650
Brant.....	310	207	22	1	540
Bruce.....	30	65	12	1	108
Carleton.....	543	699	49	10	1,301
Dufferin.....	10	19	4	1	34
Dundas.....	8	13	..	..	21
Durham.....	74	33	8	..	115
Elgin.....	91	101	14	2	208
Essex.....	987	370	74	2	1,433
Frontenac.....	234	319	31	1	585
Glengarry.....	41	24	1	..	66
Grenville.....	120	62	8	..	190
Grey.....	162	131	23	..	316
Haldimand.....	77	72	8	..	157
Haliburton.....	20	28	5	..	53
Halton.....	87	77	10	1	175
Hastings.....	204	286	37	2	529
Huron.....	52	63	7	..	122
Kenora.....	177	482	35	6	700
Kent.....	244	92	9	4	349
Lambton.....	254	177	18	1	450
Lanark.....	68	154	22	1	245
Leeds.....	117	115	8	2	242
Lennox-Addington.....	11	23	4	..	38
Lincoln.....	449	259	36	5	749
Manitoulin.....	5	22	..	..	27
Middlesex.....	348	428	49	4	829
Muskoka.....	44	76	11	2	133
Nipissing.....	62	308	31	2	403
Norfolk.....	91	63	7	2	163
Northumberland.....	43	69	12	..	124
Ontario.....	353	135	20	..	508
Oxford.....	208	131	20	1	360
Parry Sound.....	30	168	19	1	218
Patricia.....	19	42	1	1	63
Peel.....	31	55	6	..	92
Perth.....	165	140	21	1	327
Peterborough.....	254	140	22	2	418
Prescott.....	60	60	1	1	122
Prince Edward.....	9	26	..	1	36
Rainy River.....	54	142	4	..	200
Renfrew.....	126	159	23	3	311
Russell.....	10	21	2	..	33
Simcoe.....	323	310	45	6	684
Stormont.....	66	65	17	1	149
Sudbury.....	150	348	68	6	572
Temiskaming.....	1,714	1,616	201	18	3,549
Thunder Bay.....	411	890	85	6	1,392
Victoria.....	85	67	6	..	158
Waterloo.....	754	355	45	3	1,157
Welland.....	693	481	64	15	1,253
Wellington.....	218	191	24	2	435
Wentworth.....	1,211	671	94	9	1,985
York.....	5,171	4,012	410	38	9,631
Not in Ontario.....	5	38	7	..	50
TOTALS.....	17,320	15,466	1,805	167	34,758

TABLE 19
TIME LOSS, AVERAGE AGE, AND AVERAGE WAGE, 1932

Class	TIME LOSS*						AGE	WAGE
	Temporary Disability		Permanent Disability		Death Cases		All Cases	All Cases
	Total Days	Average Days	Total Days	Average Days	Total Days	Average Days	Average Age (Years)	Average Weekly Wage
1	22,008	25.71	10,932	88.88	4	.50	34.12	\$ c. 13.28
2	11,835	21.64	5,456	89.44	0	0	37.53	18.56
3	3,149	17.30	2,027	50.68	3	1.50	35.09	16.15
4	6,708	21.09	4,793	63.91	0	0	38.21	15.74
5	25,849	21.07	17,407	97.25	19	.83	34.08	28.84
6	6,356	26.37	3,436	149.39	277	69.25	37.85	18.94
7	1,702	29.86	2,919	171.71	0	0	39.10	18.24
8	4,626	20.93	1,681	60.04	0	0	37.58	16.55
9	7,334	22.71	4,855	93.37	29	9.67	39.67	18.84
10	12,223	20.04	6,280	58.69	79	13.17	34.84	18.81
11	10,216	20.56	7,708	92.87	0	0	34.44	21.93
12	11,394	24.04	4,461	89.22	4	1.33	37.07	22.03
13	4,793	24.58	1,659	82.95	0	0	39.92	20.66
14	2,666	16.98	1,299	64.95	—	—	36.08	18.90
15	22,798	21.35	10,283	97.01	0	0	33.13	19.19
16	4,379	20.00	3,515	81.74	—	—	32.13	17.23
17	6,656	18.91	3,542	84.33	9	9.00	32.10	15.71
18	8,412	17.82	1,417	141.70	1	.33	29.46	17.49
19	5,867	19.49	3,370	66.08	0	0	31.60	19.94
20	17,081	22.90	10,652	128.34	0	0	35.32	18.51
21	30,995	24.10	15,821	161.44	0	0	35.81	17.10
22	3,100	27.43	2,835	166.76	0	0	35.66	21.37
23	6,722	22.48	6,525	203.91	0	0	35.63	19.05
24	30,542	25.97	23,681	176.72	12	3.00	35.97	21.48
Schedule 2	36,582	25.06	17,466	129.38	36	1.00	41.54	22.00
Crown . . .	51,877	25.07	23,100	131.25	202	6.31	37.95	17.43
ALL	355,870	23.01	197,120	109.21	675	4.04	36.05	19.49

*This does not include loss of man power by permanent impairment or death.

TABLE 20
TOTAL AND AVERAGE COMPENSATION AND MEDICAL AID COSTS, 1932, SCHEDULE 1, BY CLASSES
Compensation Costs

Class	Temporary Disability Cases						Permanent Disability Cases						Death Cases						ALL CASES	
	For Temporary Disability			For Permanent Disability			For Temporary Disability			For Permanent Disability			For Death Benefits			For Funeral Expenses			Total	Average
	Total	Average	C.	Total	Average	C.	Total	Average	C.	Total	Average	C.	Total	Average	C.	Total	Average	C.	Total	Average
1	82,303	28	96 15	21,080	80	171 39	37,652	32	306 12	7 29	91	12,938	00	1,617 25	1,000 00	125 00	154,981	69	157 02	
2	18,697	70	34 18	6,013	64	98 58	22,108	13	362 43	0	0	12,032	00	4,010 67	375 00	125 00	59,226	47	96 93	
3	9,191	91	50 51	4,296	30	107 41	14,687	32	367 18	9 76	4 88	15,769	00	7,884 50	250 00	125 00	44,204	29	197 34	
4	27,744	77	87 25	9,098	56	121 31	29,536	34	393 82	0	0	14,628	00	7,314 00	250 00	125 00	81,257	67	205 72	
5	76,407	44	62 27	53,269	75	297 60	132,064	33	737 79	63 97	2 78	80,852	00	3,515 30	2,875 00	125 00	345,532	49	241 80	
6	28,445	01	118 03	6,918	52	300 81	18,075	00	785 87	670 80	167 70	27,454	00	6,863 50	500 00	125 00	82,063	33	306 21	
7	6,637	89	116 45	6,896	76	405 69	13,157	88	773 99	0	0	14,758	00	7,379 00	250 00	125 00	41,700	53	548 69	
8	20,681	69	93 58	5,094	33	181 94	15,106	00	539 50	0	0	3,491	00	3,491 00	125 00	125 00	44,498	02	177 99	
9	28,231	53	87 40	11,996	82	230 71	15,543	72	298 92	68 30	22 77	19,291	00	6,430 33	375 00	125 00	75,506	37	199 75	
10	31,492	67	51 63	15,303	89	143 03	46,354	20	433 22	186 27	31 05	22,837	00	3,806 17	750 00	125 00	116,924	03	161 72	
11	32,088	21	64 56	19,015	54	229 10	42,647	83	513 83	0	0	6,106	00	6,106 00	125 00	125 00	99,982	58	172 09	
12	37,430	06	78 97	10,926	73	218 53	21,302	40	426 05	8 27	2 76	4,763	00	1,587 67	375 00	125 00	74,805	46	141 95	
13	13,787	33	70 70	5,429	24	271 46	8,628	00	431 40	0	0	0	0	0	125 00	125 00	27,969	57	129 49	
14	6,828	18	43 49	2,807	93	140 40	9,983	19	499 16	0	0	30,853	00	3,428 11	1,083 00	120 33	19,619	30	110 84	
15	70,096	54	65 63	23,815	14	224 67	40,081	23	378 12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	165,928	91	140 26	
16	8,823	04	40 29	8,257	71	192 04	24,744	85	575 46	22 58	22 58	6,096	00	6,096 00	125 00	125 00	41,825	60	159 64	
17	17,206	64	48 88	7,672	74	182 68	23,832	26	567 43	2 78	93	19,094	00	6,364 67	375 00	125 00	54,955	22	139 13	
18	43,895	60	93 00	3,108	24	310 82	5,434	56	543 46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	71,910	18	148 27	
19	16,617	92	55 21	8,066	91	158 17	24,202	39	474 56	0	0	17,115	00	3,423 00	625 00	125 00	49,012	22	138 84	
20	47,166	28	63 23	24,096	47	290 32	35,935	25	432 95	0	0	31,772	00	3,971 50	1,000 00	125 00	124,938	00	149 81	
21	90,924	09	70 70	36,728	03	374 78	61,433	26	626 87	0	0	6,097	00	3,048 50	250 00	125 00	221,857	38	159 38	
22	8,979	17	79 46	7,308	10	429 89	23,454	74	1,379 69	0	0	34,813	00	4,973 29	875 00	125 00	46,089	01	349 16	
23	29,696	06	99 32	19,133	90	597 94	27,040	89	845 03	0	0	13,880	00	3,470 00	500 00	125 00	111,558	85	330 06	
24	127,917	14	108 77	63,471	25	473 67	87,448	17	652 60	31 23	7 81	0	0	0	0	0	293,247	79	223 17	
ALL.	881,290	15	73 83	379,807	30	254 22	780,454	26	522 39	1,071 25	10 82	394,639	00	3,986 25	12,333 00	124 58	2,449,594	96	181 05	

TABLE 20—Continued
Medical Aid Costs

Class	When Medical Aid Only		In Temporary Disability Cases		In Permanent Disability Cases		In Death Cases		FOR ALL CASES	
	Total	Average	Total	Average	Total	Average	Total	Average	Total	Average
	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.	\$ C.
1	1,742 75	6 92	35,133 94	41 04	17,279 81	140 49	459 00	57 38	54,615 50	44 08
2	4,625 60	5 48	12,175 15	22 26	10,982 20	180 04	67 00	22 33	27,849 95	19 14
3	1,718 95	5 62	4,025 60	22 12	2,374 60	59 37	193 00	96 50	8,312 15	15 68
4	2,865 50	5 41	9,155 71	28 79	5,935 80	79 14	127 50	63 75	18,084 51	19 55
5	6,340 75	5 27	32,114 47	26 17	33,261 20	185 82	363 75	15 82	72,080 17	27 39
6	1,735 50	6 05	12,066 65	50 07	6,993 35	304 06	83 25	20 81	20,878 75	37 62
7	1,029 50	7 15	2,736 51	48 01	2,541 07	149 47	161 00	80 50	6,468 08	29 40
8	3,007 60	4 91	6,612 13	29 92	3,349 26	119 62	0	0	12,968 99	15 03
9	5,119 50	5 01	15,543 13	48 12	7,892 38	151 78	337 03	112 34	28,892 04	20 64
10	10,372 90	5 37	19,304 81	31 65	8,907 54	83 25	603 25	100 54	39,188 50	14 76
11	8,999 85	6 02	16,926 35	34 06	7,482 69	90 15	6 75	6 75	33,415 64	16 10
12	3,917 95	6 04	16,216 21	34 21	6,996 26	139 93	248 35	82 78	27,378 82	23 28
13	1,213 50	6 19	5,176 75	26 55	3,887 65	194 38	29 00	29 00	10,306 90	25 02
14	2,877 50	7 38	5,749 15	36 62	3,126 55	156 33	29 00	29 00	11,753 20	20 73
15	9,887 65	6 20	33,429 21	31 30	15,671 24	147 84	713 50	79 28	59,701 60	21 49
16	2,812 60	5 68	6,141 38	28 04	6,871 90	159 81	0	0	15,825 88	20 91
17	3,321 40	5 60	9,431 05	26 79	6,148 66	146 40	0	0	18,994 11	19 22
18	4,416 60	5 98	11,204 82	23 74	1,419 08	141 91	93 00	93 00	17,320 00	14 16
19	2,846 00	6 35	9,124 98	30 32	5,204 08	102 04	28 25	28 25	17,203 31	21 48
20	3,605 60	6 80	24,226 72	32 48	15,925 41	191 87	115 00	23 00	43,872 73	32 16
21	4,799 75	5 44	37,612 21	29 25	29,203 56	298 00	69 00	8 63	71,684 52	31 52
22	893 00	6 33	5,312 99	47 02	4,776 25	280 96	113 50	56 75	11,095 74	40 64
23	1,863 60	5 19	6,102 66	20 41	12,504 26	390 76	142 50	20 36	20,613 02	29 57
24	6,467 65	5 45	38,653 75	32 87	33,809 80	252 31	356 20	89 05	79,287 40	31 70
ALL.....	96,481 20	5 73	374,176 36	31 35	252,544 62	169 04	4,589 33	46 36	727,791 51	23 97

TABLE 21
ALLEGIANCE OF INJURED WORKERS, 1932

Allegiance to	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	TOTALS
Argentina	1	.....	.....	1
Austria	119	17	4	140
Belgium	5	1	.....	6
Bulgaria	8	.....	.....	8
Chile	3	1	.....	4
China	2	1	.....	3
Czecho-Slovakia	250	42	1	293
Denmark	14	5	.....	19
Estonia	2	.....	.....	2
Finland	332	41	2	375
France	39	4	1	44
Germany	56	11	1	68
Great Britain	13,368	1,560	139	15,067
Greece	3	.....	.....	3
Holland	4	.....	.....	4
Italy	275	29	3	307
Japan	2	.....	.....	2
Jugo-Slavia	163	8	2	173
Latvia	2	.....	.....	2
Lithuania	11	1	1	13
Norway	23	9	.....	32
Peru	1	.....	.....	1
Persia	8	.....	.....	8
Poland	312	36	3	351
Portugal	2	.....	.....	2
Roumania	59	7	1	67
Russia	215	14	4	233
Spain	3	.....	.....	3
Sweden	124	11	1	136
Switzerland	6	1	.....	7
Turkey	11	.....	.....	11
United States	43	6	4	53
TOTALS	15,466	1,805	167	17,438

TABLE 22
SEX AND MARITAL CONDITION OF INJURED WORKERS, 1932

Sex and Marital Condition	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	TOTALS
Males—				
Married.....	10,112	1,244	124	11,480
Single.....	4,869	501	32	5,402
Widowed.....	246	34	3	283
Not specified.....	63	7	7	77
Totals.....	15,290	1,786	166	17,242
Females—				
Married.....	25	.....	.....	25
Single.....	126	18	1	145
Widowed.....	25	1	.....	26
Not specified.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals.....	176	19	1	196
GRAND TOTALS.....	15,466	1,805	167	17,438

TABLE 23
WEEK OF TERMINATION OF TEMPORARY DISABILITIES, 1932

In 6,423 cases the disability terminated in	1 to	2 weeks	after the accident.
" 2,979 " " " " " " " " " "	2 " 3	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 1,804 " " " " " " " " " "	3 " 4	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 1,102 " " " " " " " " " "	4 " 5	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 803 " " " " " " " " " "	5 " 6	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 527 " " " " " " " " " "	6 " 7	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 385 " " " " " " " " " "	7 " 8	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 289 " " " " " " " " " "	8 " 9	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 196 " " " " " " " " " "	9 " 10	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 161 " " " " " " " " " "	10 " 11	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 154 " " " " " " " " " "	11 " 12	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 98 " " " " " " " " " "	12 " 13	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 85 " " " " " " " " " "	13 " 14	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 78 " " " " " " " " " "	14 " 15	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 58 " " " " " " " " " "	15 " 16	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 33 " " " " " " " " " "	16 " 17	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 38 " " " " " " " " " "	17 " 18	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 41 " " " " " " " " " "	18 " 19	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 33 " " " " " " " " " "	19 " 20	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 22 " " " " " " " " " "	20 " 21	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 22 " " " " " " " " " "	21 " 22	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 13 " " " " " " " " " "	22 " 23	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 14 " " " " " " " " " "	23 " 24	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 15 " " " " " " " " " "	24 " 25	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 13 " " " " " " " " " "	25 " 26	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 14 " " " " " " " " " "	26 " 27	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 7 " " " " " " " " " "	27 " 28	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 8 " " " " " " " " " "	28 " 29	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 6 " " " " " " " " " "	29 " 30	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 5 " " " " " " " " " "	30 " 31	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 7 " " " " " " " " " "	31 " 32	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 2 " " " " " " " " " "	32 " 33	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 3 " " " " " " " " " "	33 " 34	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 1 " " " " " " " " " "	34 " 35	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 22 " " " " " " " " " "	36 " 52	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "
" 5 " " " " " " " " " "	did not terminate in 52	" " " " " " " " " "	" " " " " " " " " "

15,466 TOTAL CASES

TABLE 24
NATURE OF INJURIES, 1932
Temporary Disability Cases

Class	Bruises, Con- tusions and Abrasions	Cuts, Lacer- tions, and Punctures	Fractures	Crushes	Sprains, Strains, Twistings, and Wrenchings	Scalds and Burns	Eye Injuries	Herniae	Internal Injuries	Concussions (brain, spine, etc.)	Dislocations	All Other Injuries	Industrial Diseases (Schedule 3)	TOTALS
1.....	233	325	115	50	80	11	18	7	1	1	1	14		856
2.....	162	160	68	34	62	16	17	10	1	1		16		547
3.....	36	109	13	5	10	1	4	1			1	1	1	182
4.....	69	150	35	22	13	9	14	3		1		2		318
5.....	284	434	259	70	80	22	60	8	1		5	3	1	1,227
6.....	67	77	39	22	16	3	11	4	1		1			241
7.....	14	9	9	5	3	10	2	3				2		57
8.....	54	56	31	21	11	31	11	2				2	2	221
9.....	77	110	53	23	22	14	14	2				8		323
10.....	114	259	57	49	35	38	30	8		1	3	8		610
11.....	118	172	59	34	45	22	32	7		2	3		3	497
12.....	132	118	62	30	63	35	7	7	1		5	7	7	474
13.....	49	60	34	12	26	4	3	2			4	1		195
14.....	35	71	17	4	14	8	5	2		1				157
15.....	248	388	114	63	116	78	17	19	1	2	8	14		1,068
16.....	39	92	19	19	17	15	6	3				7	2	219
17.....	63	155	35	21	32	23	11	4		1	5	2		352
18.....	86	277	31	14	34	14	9	2		1		4		472
19.....	59	131	36	38	12	11	5	6			1		2	301
20.....	218	204	115	61	101	13	13	6			8	2	5	746
21.....	345	378	164	116	129	44	51	21	3		8	26	1	1,286
22.....	39	23	7	6	18	8	3	5		1	2	1		113
23.....	100	75	38	27	40	6	8	1			2	2		299
24.....	334	357	167	53	135	51	43	16	2	3	11	4		1,176
Sched. 2.	423	369	213	99	197	40	45	18	3	8	15	30		1,460
Crown....	671	468	291	139	302	36	77	30	1	10	16	27	1	2,069
ALL.....	4,069	5,027	2,081	1,037	1,613	563	516	197	15	33	99	183	33	15,466

TABLE 24—Continued

Permanent Disability Cases

Part of Body Affected	Per Cent. Impairment of Total Earning Capacity										TOTALS	
	0.0-9.9	10.0-19.9	20.0-29.9	30.0-39.9	40.0-49.9	50.0-59.9	60.0-69.9	70.0-79.9	80.0-89.9	90.0-99.9		100.
Foot.....	132	5	1	1								139
Leg.....	181	4	6	2	5	4	2	1	1		1	207
Head.....	32			2								37
Face.....	13											13
Eye.....	50	63		1			1				2	117
Ear.....	4											4
Teeth.....	60											60
Arm.....	116	2	8	4	6	10	5	2	1			154
Hand.....	75	3	4	13		1	1	1				98
Thumb and three fingers.....		1										1
Thumb and two fingers.....				1								1
Thumb and one finger.....	7	1										8
Thumb.....	152	5										157
One finger.....	569	1										570
Two fingers.....	73	2	1									76
Three fingers.....	20	6	2									28
Four fingers.....	13	3	9	1								26
Internal organs.....	1	1				1						3
Industrial diseases.....	10			1								16
All other.....	79	3			1	2	1	1			3	90
TOTALS.....	1,587	100	31	26	12	18	10	5	2		14	1,805

Industrial Diseases

Description of Disease	Medical Aid Only	Temporary Disability	Permanent Disability	Death	TOTALS
Lead poisoning or its sequelae.....	1	29	3	..	33
Silicosis, pneumoconiosis, phthisis...	1	1	12	1	15
Caisson disease.....	1	1	1	..	3
Benzol poisoning or its sequelae.....	..	..	..	1	1
Chrome poisoning or its sequelae.....	1	2	..	..	3
TOTALS.....	4	33	16	2	55

TABLE 25
CAUSES OF ACCIDENTS, 1932

Cause	Medical Aid Only	Temp. Dis.	Perm. Dis.	Death	TOTALS
<i>A. Prime Movers:</i>					
1. Motors, engines, fans, pumps, and auto- matic stokers.....	70	57	19	1	147
2. Shafting, coupling, collars, set-screws, and keys.....	31	28	10	1	70
3. Belts, lines, pulleys, chains, and sprockets	84	97	13	2	196
4. Gears, cogs, cams, and friction wheels....	28	26	13	..	67
Totals.....	213	208	55	4	480
<i>B. Working Machines:</i>					
1. Brick-making machines.....	1	4	1	..	6
2. Glass-making machines.....	12	2	..	..	14
3. Pottery-making machines.....	3	..	1	..	4
4. Stone-working machines.....	17	2	..	..	19
5. Mining machines, n.e.s.....	..	13	5	1	19
6. Mine drills.....	106	125	14	..	245
7. Contracting machines.....	13	24	4	..	41
8. Metal-working machines.....	73	5	..	1	79
9. Abrasive wheels.....	1,123	78	16	..	1,217
10. Drilling and reaming machines.....	349	23	3	..	375
11. Lathes.....	240	77	9	1	327
12. Milling machines.....	25	16	6	..	47
13. Pneumatic tools.....	30	80	17	..	127
14. Presses—cutting, shaping, forming.....	184	108	68	2	362
15. Shearing and punching machines.....	24	19	4	..	47
16. Wire-working machines.....	47	24	11	1	83
17. Welding and heat-cutting machines.....	118	17	3	..	138
18. Wood-working machines, n.e.s.....	28	30	9	..	67
19. Planers, jointers, and edgers.....	98	55	31	..	184
20. Saws.....	199	238	102	2	541
21. Shapers, moulders, and headers.....	50	43	22	2	117
22. Pulp and paper-making machines, n.e.s....	2	1	..	..	3
23. Barkers.....	31	19	2	..	52
24. In-running rolls.....	41	29	9	1	80
25. Paper-products and printing machines, n.e.s.....	17	10	3	..	30
26. Cutting machines.....	13	24	15	..	52
27. Preeses—printing and embossing.....	67	74	23	..	164
28. Stayers.....	17	16	3	..	36
29. Tanning machines.....	16	9	5	..	30
30. Leather-working machines.....	20	6	2	..	28
31. Rubber-working machines.....	19	10	6	..	35
32. Textile machines, n.e.s.....	8	9	3	..	20
33. Carders.....	10	7	5	..	22
34. Pickers.....	4	2	4	..	10
35. Sewers.....	151	127	2	..	280
36. Finishers and launderers.....	14	23	3	..	40
37. Knitters.....	30	17	3	..	50
38. Cutters.....	18	6	3	..	27
39. Weavers.....	42	35	7	..	84
40. Spinners.....	18	4	2	..	24
41. Food-products, laboratory, and tobacco machines, n.e.s.....	57	74	19	1	151
42. Baking machines.....	15	18	6	..	39
43. Bottling machines.....	59	18	2	..	79
44. Office machines.....	3	3	..	..	6
Totals.....	3,412	1,524	453	12	5,401

TABLE 25—Continued

Cause	Medical Aid Only	Temp. Dis.	Perm. Dis.	Death	TOTALS
<i>C. Hoisting Apparatus:</i>					
1. Elevators.....	23	39	8	1	71
2. Cranes.....	48	61	12	1	122
3. Conveyors.....	58	55	16	3	132
4. Mine cages.....	13	27	2	..	42
5. Other hoisting apparatus.....	71	116	29	2	218
Totals.....	213	298	67	7	585
<i>D. Dangerous Substances:</i>					
1. Steam escapes.....	30	54	2	5	91
2. Explosives.....	38	92	26	20	176
3. Electric currents.....	33	40	12	7	92
4. Conflagrations.....	2	1	..	1	4
5. Hot and inflammable substances and flames	433	392	15	2	842
6. Corrosive substances.....	115	62	2	1	180
7. Poisonous and deleterious substances.....	16	78	16	2	112
Totals.....	667	719	73	38	1,497
<i>E. Stepping On or Striking Against Objects:</i>					
1. Stepping on objects.....	303	211	2	..	516
2. Striking against objects.....	2,298	868	49	2	3,217
Totals.....	2,601	1,079	51	2	3,733
<i>F. Falling Objects:</i>					
1. From collapse of structure.....	8	2	..	..	10
2. From elevations.....	326	309	27	5	667
3. In mines and quarries.....	237	523	62	7	829
4. Other.....	7	93	5	4	109
Totals.....	578	927	94	16	1,615
<i>G. Handling Objects:</i>					
1. Heavy objects—loading, carrying, rolling, or piling.....	2,811	3,370	209	4	6,394
2. Sharp objects.....	484	207	22	..	713
3. Hand trucks, carts, and wheel-barrows....	174	268	19	..	461
Totals.....	3,469	3,845	250	4	7,568
<i>H. Tools:</i>					
	1,763	1,836	194	..	3,793
<i>I. Runaways and Animals:</i>					
1. Runaways.....	..	28	5	1	34
2. Animals.....	86	135	15	..	236
Totals.....	86	163	20	1	270

TABLE 25—Continued

Cause	Medical Aid Only	Temp. Dis.	Perm. Dis.	Death	TOTALS
<i>J. Moving Trains, Vehicles, etc.:</i>					
1. Train wrecks.....	1	17	4	5	27
2. Caught in switch or hit fixed objects.....	16	6	3	1	26
3. Struck by or caught between cars and engines.....	..	40	14	10	64
4. Other causes, cars, and engines.....	2	35	8	..	45
5. Mine and quarry cars.....	27	59	8	..	94
6. Automobiles and other power vehicles....	311	462	70	15	858
7. Animal-drawn vehicles.....	65	173	24	2	264
8. All other vehicles.....	5	11	3	1	20
Totals.....	427	803	134	34	1,398
<i>K. Falls of Persons:</i>					
1. From elevations.....	74	259	47	11	391
2. From ladders.....	77	246	35	2	360
3. Into excavations, pits, and shafts.....	11	75	8	1	95
4. On level.....	826	2,114	127	1	3,068
5. Into elevator shafts.....	3	2	..	..	5
6. From vehicles.....	88	326	28	8	450
7. From collapse of support.....	21	115	23	1	160
8. On steps or stairways.....	104	195	17	..	316
9. Into tanks or vats.....	..	..	1	..	1
10. From tool slipping.....	13	35	4	..	52
Totals.....	1,217	3,367	290	24	4,898
<i>L. All Other Causes:</i>					
1. Flying fragments.....	2,436	427	93	1	2,957
2. Doors, gates, windows, and covers.....	170	142	19	..	331
3. Inhalation of gases, fumes, etc.....	42	17	..	3	62
4. Immersion in water and drenchings.....	..	..	..	16	16
5. Exposure to elements.....	9	40	2	..	51
6. Violence.....	8	12	1	..	21
7. Cave-ins.....	4	59	9	5	77
8. Not elsewhere specified.....	5	..	..	..	5
Totals.....	2,674	697	124	25	3,520
GRAND TOTALS.....	17,320	15,466	1,805	167	34,758

TABLE 26
BLOOD-POISONING CASES, 1932

Ascribed to time of injury.....	159
Developed 1 day after injury.....	205
" 2 days " ".....	190
" 3 " " ".....	147
" 4 " " ".....	139
" 5 " " ".....	104
" 6 " " ".....	62
" 7 " " ".....	46
" 8 " " ".....	34
" 9 " " ".....	30
" 10 " " ".....	16
" 11 " " ".....	20
" 12 " " ".....	7
" 13 " " ".....	8
" 14 " " ".....	10
" 15 " " ".....	1
" 16 " " ".....	7
" 17 " " ".....	5
" 18 " " ".....	3
" 19 " " ".....	4
" 20 " " ".....	1
" 21 " " ".....	2
" 22 " " ".....	4
" 23 " " ".....	1
" 25 " " ".....	2
" 26 " " ".....	2
" 29 " " ".....	1
" 32 " " ".....	1
" 36 " " ".....	2
" 40 " " ".....	1
" 66 " " ".....	1
" 145 " " ".....	1
Immobilized joints due to infections.....	11
Amputations due to infections.....	8
Permanent eye injuries due to infections.....	4
Deaths due to infections.....	6
TOTAL CASES OF INFECTIONS.....	1,245

TABLE 27
DEATH CASES, 1932

Number of Cases

Pension Awards.....	111
Lump Sums.....	31
Burial Expenses and Medical Aid only.....	22
Burial Expenses only.....	3
TOTAL.....	<u>167</u>

Number, Relationship, and Residence of Dependants

Relationship of Dependants	Resident in Ontario	Not Resi- dent in Ontario	TOTALS
Widow.....	107	12	119
Child.....	157	25	182
Mother.....	15	4	19
Father.....	10	4	14
Other.....	..	..	..
TOTALS.....	289	45	334

APPENDIX

SUMMARY OF COMPENSATION AND MEDICAL AID AWARDED

From Commencement of Act to End of 1933

Compensation Awarded

Schedule 1 Industries.....	\$66,073,026 94
Schedule 2 (including Crown Cases).....	20,792,093 84
Total Compensation.....	\$86,865,120 78

Medical Aid Paid

Schedule 1 Industries.....	\$13,884,186 58
Schedule 2 (including Crown Cases)—Furnished by Employer.....	.....
Total Benefits Awarded by Board.....	\$100,749,307 36

SUMMARY OF ACCIDENTS REPORTED

From Commencement of Act to End of 1933

Schedule 1 Industries.....	859,615
Schedule 2 (including Crown Cases).....	148,468
Total Number of Accidents Reported.....	1,008,083

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR SCHEDULE 1 INDUSTRIES

From Commencement of Act to End of 1933

INCOME AND CREDITS	EXPENDITURE AND CHARGES
Net assessments received.....	Compensation paid other than
Received under Section 8.....	pensions, compensation deferred, and under Secs. 22
Received under Section 83 (4).....	and 36.....
Received under Section 105.....	\$35,677,027 98
Received under Section 112 (3).....	Pensions awarded.....
Received from D.P. & N.H.....	28,789,003 14
Interest received.....	Deferred Compensation
Credited from Disaster Reserve.....	awarded.....
Credited from Pension Fund.....	747,146 35
Received from C.N.I.B.....	Paid under Section 22.....
Received from A.C.R.....	996 40
Assessments estimated to be due on adjustment of 1933 Pay Rolls.....	Paid under former Section 36.....
Less: Merit Rating Refunds to be made.....	41 75
.....	Paid under Section 8.....
\$74,375 00	8,667 71
- 20,620 58	Medical Aid paid.....
.....	13,824,002 06
\$87,260,579 10	Administration Expenses paid.....
	3,241,260 18
	Paid to Safety Associations.....
	1,678,197 28
	Rehabilitation paid.....
	37,935 94
	Transferred to Disaster Reserve.....
	353,259 80
	Compensation estimated outstanding.....
	1,179,875 98
	Medical Aid estimated outstanding.....
	266,838 12
	Paid under Mine Rescue Work.....
	87,831 16
	Balance at Credit of Classes (Table 1).....
	1,368,495 25
\$87,260,579 10	\$87,260,579 10

SUMMARY OF PENSION FUND, SCHEDULE 1**From Commencement of Act to End of 1933**

Pension awards.....	\$28,671,714	66
Amount transferred from Disaster Reserve.....	117,288	48
Amount transferred from Silicosis Account.....	394,711	45
Interest added.....	10,013,186	92
	<u>\$39,196,901</u>	<u>51</u>
Pension payments.....	18,392,601	11
	<u>\$20,804,300</u>	<u>40</u>
Amount transferred to Current Fund.....	1,027,214	62
Balance December 31, 1933.....	<u>\$19,777,085</u>	<u>78</u>

SUMMARY OF COMPENSATION DEFERRED, SCHEDULE 1**From Commencement of Act to End of 1933**

Compensation deferred.....	\$747,146	35
Interest added.....	96,628	55
	<u>\$843,774</u>	<u>90</u>
Paid on Compensation Deferred, Principal and Interest.....	789,023	33
Balance December 31, 1933.....	<u>\$54,751</u>	<u>57</u>

SUMMARY OF DISASTER RESERVE, SCHEDULE 1**From Commencement of Act to End of 1933**

Amount set aside.....	\$353,259	80
Interest added.....	181,919	24
	<u>\$535,179</u>	<u>04</u>
Transferred to classes.....	265,083	48
Balance December 31, 1933.....	<u>\$270,095</u>	<u>56</u>

SUMMARY OF SILICOSIS ACCOUNT, SCHEDULE 1**From Commencement of Act to End of 1933**

Assessments collected.....	\$1,850,038	21
Interest added.....	54,909	64
	<u>\$1,904,947</u>	<u>85</u>
Payments made:		
For Compensation.....	\$820,558	33
For Medical Aid.....	60,184	52
For Salaries and Expenses.....	209,019	90
For Handling Claims and Supervision.....	79,987	72
For Salaries and Expenses of Referee Board.....	19,688	49
	<u>1,189,438</u>	<u>96</u>
Balance, December 31, 1933.....	<u>\$715,508</u>	<u>89</u>

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENTS, SCHEDULE 1**From Commencement of Act to End of 1933**

Invested.....	\$39,129,064	19
Less principal returned.....	15,125,507	90
Book Value of Investments, December 31, 1933, Principal.....	\$24,003,556	29
Plus accrued interest not received or apportioned.....	308,656	13
Total Book Value of Investments, December 31, 1933.....	<u>\$24,312,212</u>	<u>42</u>

SUMMARY OF SCHEDULE 2 FUNDS

From Commencement of Act to End of 1933

Received from employers.....		\$15,477,299	63
Interest received.....		2,657,299	95
		<hr/>	
Payments made.....	\$13,876,034	87	
Deposits returned to employers.....	809,108	67	
		<hr/>	
		14,685,143	54
		<hr/>	
Cash in Bank and Invested, December 31, 1933.....		\$3,449,456	04

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENTS, SCHEDULE 2

From Commencement of Act to End of 1933

Invested.....		\$3,940,340	77
Less principal returned.....		524,322	81
		<hr/>	
Book Value of Investments, December 31, 1933, Principal.....		\$3,416,017	96
Plus accrued interest not received or apportioned.....		33,975	56
		<hr/>	
Total Book Value of Investments, December 31, 1933.....		\$3,449,993	52

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

From Commencement of Act to End of 1933

Schedule 1

RECEIPTS

Assessments, including additional assessments, added percentage, and interest for under, or over-estimate... \$83,604,741 40	
Less Merit Rating (Charges... \$1,067,195 43 Refunds... 1,931,269 01) \$864,073 58	
	<hr/>
	\$82,740,667 82
Under Section 8.....	111,165 77
Under Section 83 (4).....	51,706 16
Under Section 105.....	133,325 24
Under Section 112 (3).....	5,289 09
From D.P. & N.H.....	189,800 03
From C.N.I.B.....	167 70
From A.C.R.....	7,889 67
From Silicosis.....	1,850,038 21
From Province of Ontario under Section 77, grants for administration expenses...	655,500 00
From Schedule 2 and Crown employers for share of administration expenses.....	606,252 49
Interest from investments and bank deposits.....	13,095,534 45
Principal returned from investments.....	15,125,507 90
From Special Statistical Services.....	42,281 26
From Rehabilitation Clinic...	13,728 50
Refund of Administration Expenses result of special investigation.....	782 35
From Dominion Bank—Overdraft Dec. 31st, 1933.....	419,176 99
	<hr/>
	\$115,048,813 63

PAYMENTS

Compensation Payments other than on pensions or deferred awards or under Secs. 22 or 36.....	\$35,677,027	98
Paid on Pensions.....	18,392,601	11
Paid on Deferred Awards, principal and interest....	789,023	33
Under Section 22.....	996	40
Under former Section 36....	41	75
Under Section 8.....	8,667	71
For Medical Aid.....	13,824,002	06
For Rehabilitation.....	37,935	94
For Administration Expenses	4,693,810	97
For Safety Associations....	1,678,197	28
For Investments.....	39,129,064	19
For Silicosis.....	714,739	79
For Mine Rescue Work....	83,899	54
For Rehabilitation Clinic...	13,374	40
Overpayment of Administration Expenses from Schedule 2 employers (refunded in 1926).....		12
Cash in Bank, Dec. 31, 1933.....	5,431	06

\$115,048,813 63

\$115,048,813 63

Schedule 2

RECEIPTS	PAYMENTS
From Employers for Deposits under Section 28 and for Claimants' Moneys	To Claimants out of Deposits under Section 28 and Claimants' Moneys
\$5,995,485 56	\$4,513,870 25
From Employers for Deposits under Section 32	Returned to Employers out of Deposits under Section 28
9,481,814 07	734,022 39
Interest from Investments and Bank Deposits	Paid out of Deposits under Section 32:
2,657,299 95	To Claimants
Principal returned from Investments	Returned to Employers
524,322 81	To Schedule 1 for Administration Expenses
	Rehabilitation Paid
	For Investments
	Cash in Bank, Dec. 31, 1933
\$18,658,922 39	\$18,658,922 39

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

THE WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION BOARD OF ONTARIO,
Metropolitan Building, Toronto, Ontario.

Gentlemen:

We have completed a continuous audit of the books of the Board for the year ended December 31, 1933, and have obtained all the information and the explanations we have required.

In our opinion, the Statements of Receipts and Payments, Table 6, Schedules 1 and 2, do truly and fairly set forth the cash transactions of the Board for the calendar year 1933, subject to any adjustments of receipts of interest on registered bonds payable in New York funds, but which have been received in Canadian funds. In addition to the cash receipts for the year, as shown by the accompanying statements, principal and interest on investments became due to a total of \$116,190.11, but were not paid, making a total of interest and principal payments in arrears as at December 31, 1933, of \$139,257.46.

Bank balances at the close of the period have been verified by direct communication with the Board's Bankers.

The Investments of the Board as at December 31, 1933, as shown by the books, have been verified by count. The book value of these Investments, taken at cost adjusted by amortization, is \$27,419,574.25.

Respectfully submitted,

FRED PAGE HIGGINS & CO.,
Chartered Accountants.

Toronto, February 19, 1934.

TABLE 6
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS DURING 1933
Schedule 1

RECEIPTS		PAYMENTS
Cash in Banks, January 1, 1933:		Compensation Other than Pensions and Compensation Deferred.....
Dominion Bank	\$5,139 96	
Canadian Bank of Commerce	634 38	\$1,254,852 46
Royal Bank of Canada.....	5,595 86	Pensions.....
	\$11,370 20	1,889,130 25
Net Assessments, Penalties, etc.		Deferred Compensation.....
Gross Assessments.....	\$2,568,211 00	36,933 51
Under Sec. 8.....	10,460 32	Rehabilitation.....
Under Sec. 105.....	3,663 36	5,108 07
Under Sec. 112(3).....	111 16	Medical Aid.....
From D. P. and N.H.....	7,005 02	649,571 04
From Accident Cost Refunds.....	7,889 67	Silicosis.....
	\$2,597,340 53	109,201 59
Less:		Under Section 8.....
Assessments and Penalties Refunded.....	\$125,343 99	561 92
Merit Rating Refunds.....	1,810 74	Mine Rescue Work.....
	\$127,154 73	12,949 46
	2,470,185 80	Administration Expenses.....
Interest.....	\$1,130,178 89	311,434 59
Exchange.....	7,001 92	Safety Associations.....
Apportionment of Discounts on Debenture Purchases Applicable to 1933 (See Contra)....	44,543 68	136,381 51
	\$1,181,724 49	Rehabilitation Clinic Expenses
Less—Interest Charged on Bank Overdraft.....	6,151 80	6,473 59
	1,175,572 69	Investments.....
From Schedule 2 Employers and Dominion Crown for Administration Expenses. Account of Prior Years Paid Out of Schedule 1 in 1932.....	64,657 34	\$410,858 52
Principal returned from Investments.....	\$95,258 73	Increase in Book Value of Investments by Apportionment of Discounts on Debenture Purchases Applicable to 1933 (See Contra)....
Decrease in Value of Investments by Amortization of Premiums....	53,743 84	44,543 68
	149,002 57	455,402 20
Silicosis.....	564,797 57	Cash in Banks, December 31, 1933:
Special Statistical Services.....	11,142 09	Canadian Bank of Commerce
Rehabilitation Clinic:		Royal Bank of Canada.....
Refunds from Medical Aid, Schedule 1.....	\$6,862 00	
From Schedule 2 Employers.....	664 00	5,431 06
	7,526 00	
Bank Overdraft, December 31, 1933, Dominion Bank.....	419,176 99	
	\$4,873,431 25	
		\$4,873,431 25

Schedule 2

RECEIPTS	PAYMENTS
Cash in Imperial Bank, January 1, 1933.....	To Claimants Out of Deposits under Section 28.....
\$70,996 37	\$332,628 46
From Employers, Deposits under Section 28.....	Deposits returned to Employers under Section 28.....
155,931 72	85,807 94
From Employers, Claimants' Moneys.....	To Claimants out of Claimants' Moneys.....
4,043 99	6,025 09
From Employers, Deposits under Section 32.....	Paid out of Deposits under Section 32:
708,323 61	For Compens-
Interest.....	sation \$625,493 47
\$180,804 57	Medical Aid 78,108 78
Exchange.....	703,602 25
99 71	Deposits returned to Employers under Section 32.....
Apportionment of Discounts on Debenture Purchases Applicable to 1933 (See Contra)...	10,217 29
7,371 38	Increase in Book Value of Investments by Apportionment of Discounts on Debenture Purchases Applicable to 1933 (See Contra).....
Profit on Sale of Securities.....	7,371 38
997 63	
189,273 29	
Principal returned from Investments.....	
\$49,652 37	
Decrease in Value of Investments by Amortization of Premiums...	
869 14	
50,521 51	Cash in Imperial Bank, Dec. 31, 1933.....
\$1,179,090 49	33,438 08
	\$1,179,090 49

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TABLE 1

PROVISIONAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR SCHEDULE 1, BY CLASSES, AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1933

CLASS	INCOME AND CREDITS Actual and Estimated					EXPENDITURE AND CHARGES Actual and Estimated										Adjusted Figures up to Dec. 31, 1933	Estimated Unadjusted Outstanding as at Dec. 31, 1933	PROV. SIONAL BALANCE ON FIGURES IN TWO PRECEDING COLUMNS	Class
	Collected on Payroll and Accruals	Estimated Appropriations	Interest on U.S. Bonds	Accruals on Account of Merit Rating	TOTAL	Compensation Paid, other than Pensions	Transferred for Pensions Awarded	Compensation Awarded, Payment Deferred	Compensation Estimated Outstanding	Medical Aid Paid	Medical Aid Estimated Outstanding	Administration Expenses and Mine Rescue Work	Paid to Safety Associations	TOTAL					
1	17,137.06	9,000.00	6,925.64	11,730.44	45,893.14	62,199.43	35,174.17	1,250.00	56,539.49	29,717.83	8,356.64	31,489.95	19,097.09	34,714.49	180,725.56	13,831.23	221,556.79	1	
2	14,329.96	11,000.00	10,591.44	9,969.43	45,990.83	37,971.65	15,514.88	3,509.77	53,806.12	8,167.65	6,268.78	13,856.63	140,395.1	171,855.66	25,456.95	119,917.61	17,483.17	2	
3	13,337.64	1,600.00	9,066	324.75	20,487.75	10,628.90	2,050.00	1,050.00	7,997.65	6,859.30	1,980.55	3,201.10	3,587.87	37,045.4	30,970.63	3,437.91	17,483.17	3	
4	62,019.91	3,100.00	1,664.17	816.74	69,607.82	26,131.39	5,780.00	100.00	38,194.76	13,703.09	1,283.57	6,174.70	6,855.16	78,481.52	19,731.51	9,174.48	10,557.03	4	
5	150,137.60	16,800.00	16,497.85	9,969.51	199,585.91	139,187.53	74,783.70	229,886.13	17,679.95	63,289.56	**18,975.28	1,700.00	538,160.95	649,560.23	128,307.01	511,258.19	5		
6	276,976	3,100.00	16,415.47	1,121.68	303,513.13	19,151.18	10,321.57	91,201.10	6,998.70	16,611.63	8,877.22	7,697.45	181,061.66	195,411.16	80,219.96	6			
7	5,631.01	3,000.00	6,914.63	853.17	17,401.81	7,496.65	11,130.90	6,133.01	1,969.00	2,478.27	2,544.70	2,847.63	37,109.66	19,541.76	5,083.13	122,459.61	7		
8	69,339.91	3,000.00	14,416.62	1,199.44	97,965.97	11,291.49	6,767.68	11,291.49	7,260.45	9,011.90	4,087.55	1,575.05	81,726.48	13,678.91	25,352.70	8			
9	6,000.91	10,000.00	13,729.60	10,639.37	39,640.11	14,354.08	7,527.13	10,405.60	10,574.65	14,088.40	1,716.05	5,412.07	97,086.88	198,660.91	17,455.64	181,211.29	9		
10	128,719.49	18,400.00	10,000.96	5,681.83	141,738.90	14,649.20	13,763.00	950.00	98,641.49	26,665.45	19,445.44	10,726.05	12,005.72	331,994.89	50,055.96	16,804.86	10		
11	21,500.78	18,400.00	13,888.89	9,913.10	60,813.10	27,591.48	9,759.39	28,068.96	21,317.61	5,900.11	9,400.77	10,410.05	104,164.42	30,455.13	14,650.75	16,804.86	11		
12	11,141.66	3,000.00	7,067.54	4,844.04	119,720.14	39,597.02	18,805.00	2,615.28	15,778.58	5,555.46	9,079.30	10,167.15	114,591.29	58,800.10	5,176.86	61,926.96	12		
13	1,750.73	6,000.00	3,141.98	7,627.66	60,840.57	13,419.09	9,000.11	9,800.11	5,956.55	1,630.01	1,727.90	53,148.50	21,250.08	6,882.03	28,142.10	13			
14	7,897.96	10,000.00	13,329	7,552.27	40,205.11	10,710.48	13,855.10	13,647.67	7,764.00	1,569.88	3,450.13	4,861.60	5,936.61	5,502.42	13,760.98	7,758.81	14		
15	19,744.96	18,000.00	6,667.27	7,067.66	51,442.01	8,7138.19	41,312.97	65,757.11	34,024.19	10,041.06	19,451.20	21,659.15	25,651.47	17,474.87	45,401.10	52,628.23	15		
16	69,887.7	3,000.00	14,141.01	1,112.61	95,314.43	15,687.00	11,934.01	13,677.47	9,422.84	4,120.64	1,847.45	5,425.60	72,085.50	55,887.88	4,273.86	55,114.07	16		
17	69,297.4	3,000.00	6,98	15,303.4	119,417.09	7,947.09	6,728.00	13,126.17	11,912.30	3,459.43	5,709.70	6,990.65	73,758.28	1,667.13	69,096.06	17			
18	69,394.84	0.00	18,894	1,716.14	1,749.64	17,061.79	3,895.00	18,037.99	13,208.05	4,509.50	6,545.15	7,325.75	66,688.23	18,204.99	5,061.41	23,465.50	18		
19	0.00 87	1,000.00	7,889.69	76.46	86,043.05	15,779.60	3,895.00	10,418.74	9,612.19	2,609.13	1,728.10	5,997.05	65,135.08	23,295.73	3,477.92	26,743.69	19		
20	117,174.4	15,000.00	1,487.36	1,188.00	167,411.81	15,504.54	13,641.87	45,630.60	23,666.69	10,163.19	11,886.20	182,972.56	32,729.10	15,559.75	17,169.65	20			
21	6,987.36	10,000.00	11,171.60	1,017.65	141,968.47	35,770.70	30,075.65	37,168.11	13,720.14	6,720.94	17,794.40	114,749.75	68,838.13	27,218.51	96,056.91	21			
22	10,113.92	30,000.00	6,788.50	6,106.48	40,568.79	6,587.86	12,113.00	8,029.46	3,244.85	3,138.46	4,578.20	8,108.31	46,398.04	14,742.83	5,829.75	38,904.05	22		
23	83,418.66	19,800.00	15,914.11	7,469.80	81,152.95	12,808.45	13,418.00	48,196.12	5,692.90	12,984.97	6,522.10	82.66	99,989.10	267,634.11	18,629.13	219,005.28	23		
24	83,004.99	88,800.00	8,847.79	294,289.08	35,153.09	2,558.99	206,186.20	40,727.28	16,797.81	21,995.40	23,165.68	974,554.19	82,156.67	80,261.04	162,730.66	24			
All	1,709,914.91	7,436,800.00	1,091,603.13	94,998.88	2,891,273.45	2,742,289.98	1,388,559.57	7,005.00	1,179,875.98	381,729.71	266,848.12	247,356.88	136,481.51	1,700,036.75	1,817,258.55	478,764.30	1,608,495.25	All	

* Adjusted on actual pay roll and retroactive rates

† Includes Interest \$16,564.51, Sec. 105 \$3,663.36, Sec. 112 3 \$111.16
‡ Includes Transfer from D.P. & N.H. \$7,005.07, from Accident Cost Refunds \$7,889.67, Transfer from Disaster Reserve (Class 17) \$370.00

§ Includes Rehabilitation \$541.01

** Includes Mine Rescue Work \$14,896.93

Class Numbers of Industries

- | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| 1. Lumbering | 7. Rolling mills, etc. | 14. Alattoirs, etc. | 19. Printing and stationery. |
| 2. Pulp and paper mills. | 8. Foundries, etc. | 15. Bakeries, canning, liquors, and tobacco. | 20. Teaming, cartage, coal and wood yards, etc. |
| 3. Lumber manufacturing, etc. | 9. Fabrication structural steel, etc. | 16. Tanneries, leather and rubber goods. | 21. Road construction, etc. |
| 4. Planing mills, etc. | 10. Metal articles, jewelry manufacturing, etc. | 17. Textiles. | 22. Electric power, etc. |
| 5. Mining and explosives. | 11. Agricultural implements, etc. | 18. Clothing, power laundries, etc. | 23. Steel construction, railway and canal construction, dredging, fishing, etc. |
| 6. Brick manufacturing, quarrying and class works | 12. Gas, petroleum, paint, drugs, soap, etc. | | 24. Building. |
| | 13. Milling. | | |

Ontario Department of Agriculture

REPORT

OF THE

Ontario Veterinary College

1933

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
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SESSIONAL PAPER No. 29, 1934



ONTARIO

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1934

Report of the Ontario Veterinary College

TO THE HONOURABLE THOMAS L. KENNEDY,
Minister of Agriculture.

SIR,—

I have the honour to present herewith the following report of the Ontario Veterinary College for the year extending from November 1st, 1932, to October 31st, 1933.

STUDENT ENROLMENT

In spite of the prolonged business depression it is gratifying to report that the student enrolment is being maintained at a satisfactory level and shows an increase over previous years. A total of 134 students were in attendance last year, while the registration for the present session comprises 150 students, thus showing an increase of 16 for the present year. Possibly the attendance has reached the point where we may not expect a further increase without additional opportunities being provided for the graduate, both in general practice and in public service. With this in view it is felt that so long as the present attendance is being maintained there is no pressing need for intensive efforts to increase the enrolment as it would entail additional staff and increased expenditure without any real necessity for so doing at the present time. At a Special Convocation of the University of Toronto held on May 5th the degree of Bachelor of Veterinary Science (B.V.Sc.) was conferred on 19 graduates by the Chancellor (Sir William Mulock). As in previous years, students are again in attendance from each of the Provinces of Canada, from Great Britain and other parts of the Empire, as well as from the United States. The College has thus acquired an international reputation which should be regarded as a national asset of great value, in that many graduates of the College are occupying highly important official positions in many countries outside of Canada.

THE TEACHING STAFF

No changes were made in the teaching staff during the year, and the personnel and their respective departments are as follows for this session:

- C. D. McGilvray, M.D.V., D.V.Sc., Principal,
Contagious Diseases, Sanitary Science.
- J. N. Pringle, M.R.C.V.S., B.V.Sc., Sporadic Diseases, Hygiene.
- R. A. McIntosh, M.D.V., B.V.Sc., Diseases of Cattle, Obstetrics, Therapeutics.
- W. J. R. Fowler, V.S., B.V.Sc., Surgery, *Materia Medica*.
- H. D. Nelson, B.V.Sc., D.V.Sc., Anatomy.
- H. E. Batt, V.S., B.V.Sc., Zoology, Histology, Meat Hygiene.
- F. W. Schofield, B.V.Sc., D.V.Sc., Pathology, Bacteriology.
- A. A. Kingscote, B.V.Sc., Parasitology, Pathology.
- L. Stevenson, B.V.Sc., M.S., Physiology.
- J. S. Glover, B.V.Sc., Poultry Diseases, Milk Hygiene.
- F. J. Cote, B.V.Sc., Canine and Feline Diseases.
- Angus Dunbar, Jurisprudence.

COURSES OF STUDY AND INSTRUCTION

A consistent effort is being made to provide a good standard of instruction throughout and to further correlate class and laboratory work in keeping with the best educational practices.

The general aim has been to diversify and improve the course so as to adequately equip the graduate to render more effectively the services which live stock owners, allied interests and the general public seek to acquire. The trend and demand for veterinary service has greatly changed within the last decade in the prevention of diseases, especially those which are liable to be disseminated through the ordinary channels of live stock traffic. As a result greater efforts are being made to ensure the highest possible standards of animal health by the prevention and control of diseases which are infectious and communicable and likely to become more prevalent and widespread unless checked. Greater attention is also being given to create a greater interest in disease of animals communicable to human beings, either directly or indirectly, by animal food products, but more especially through milk borne infection and unwholesome meat food products. To meet the various exigencies of private and public service a high standard of professional qualification is necessary, hence the training of the under-graduate becomes increasingly in need of careful guidance. Adjustments are therefore necessary to meet changing conditions as they arise, and are being made from time to time in the course by developing the basic sciences and by broadening the subjects of instruction in relation to public service and private practice in their various branches. Owing to the prevailing trend towards research and investigational work every encouragement is given the undergraduate to develop a greater talent and inclination in this direction. A detailed outline of the regular course of study and instruction is contained in the college calendar which is distributed to those interested. In addition to the regular undergraduate course, special classes and laboratory work in the nature of short courses are provided for graduate practitioners. By this means the practising graduate is given the opportunity to keep abreast of the times and be of greater usefulness to those depending on his services. A special qualifying examination was arranged by the Civil Service Commission for the appointment of part-time veterinary inspectors under the Health of Animals Branch. To prepare candidates for this examination a short course of study and instruction was provided by the College for graduate practitioners desirous of qualifying. This course was given during the month of July to a group of seventy-five candidates and consisted of a series of special lectures, general discussions, clinical and laboratory demonstrations, as indicated in the following outline.

Tuberculosis—Its nature, cause and transmission.

The application and interpretation of the different tuberculin tests.

The post mortem appearance of tuberculosis.

The regulations relating to tuberculosis for its control and eradication.

Jobne's Disease—Its nature, cause, diagnosis and control.

General Review of Glanders, Dourine, Rabies, Mange and Hog Cholera—Dissemination, symptoms, methods of diagnosis, prevention and control.

General Review of Anthrax, Blackleg, Hemorrhagic Septicemia, Foot and Mouth Disease—Dissemination, symptoms, methods of diagnosis, prevention and control.

General Review of the Contagious Diseases Act and Regulations—The nature of the Act and Regulations in the enforcement of quarantine regulations and the control and suppression of contagious diseases.

Bang's Disease (abortion)—General review of the disease.
The use and technique of the agglutination test.
Practical demonstrations in the bleeding of cattle for the test.

Laboratory Practice—Demonstrations on the preparation and examination of laboratory specimens and post mortem technique.

RESEARCH AND INVESTIGATIONAL WORK

This has been arranged so that, as far as possible, the work commenced in previous years might be completed and new problems undertaken which seemed to deserve immediate attention. As in other years, we have endeavoured to avoid duplication of similar work or the repetition of experiments conducted elsewhere, except where necessary to establish pertinent facts. The diseases selected were essentially those which we felt were not receiving attention from any other source and appeared to be worthy of investigation for the benefit of the province as a whole. We are again indebted to many practising veterinarians and owners for their hearty co-operation and assistance in furnishing such information and assistance as was necessary. The results have been made available from time to time through departmental and professional channels and directly to the owners concerned. The scope and extent of work of this nature has naturally to be kept within the means at our disposal and cannot be increased without a larger staff and a greater appropriation. It would appear that to more adequately meet the needs a definite animal diseases research and investigational branch would be fully justified and should be created with sufficient staff, laboratory and farm facilities, field investigators, and sufficient appropriation to maintain and enlarge this valuable service along more general and broader lines throughout the province. Suitable surveys could be made as to the prevailing diseases requiring attention and the results of the work accomplished could be readily disseminated through the medium of progress reports furnished for publication direct to newspapers, farm journals, and other suitable avenues of distribution without incurring any avoidable expense for publicity. The appeals for such services to solve disease problems, both by practising veterinarians and live stock owners, would fully warrant this step being taken by your Department as soon as could be arranged. The nature of the work conducted this year is briefly summarized herewith and special descriptive reports are submitted as appendices by members of the staff individually.

Mineral Deficiency Diseases: Following the survey which was undertaken during the previous years it was determined that mineral deficiency disease in cattle was fairly widespread in some parts of the province. It was concluded that phosphorous deficiency or an imbalance of calcium and phosphorous was the underlying cause. The analyses made indicate that soil depletion from long continued cropping may cause a mineral de-

iciency in the grains and fodder grown on certain farms. Pastures may also become depleted and as a result cattle may suffer both during the period of summer feeding outdoors and winter feeding indoors. An experiment was conducted at the College hospital to determine the effects of feeding dairy cows with hay and grain procured from a known deficiency area. This was continued over a period of seven months and the experimental cow gradually became unthrifty with loss of weight characteristic of deficiency cases. Cattle on different farms subject to deficiency trouble were treated with phosphoric acid with benefit in some cases. The report of the special committee relating to this disease is appended separately.

John's Disease of Cattle: From time to time cases of this disease come to our notice and while it is not very widespread here as yet it is nevertheless of increasing importance in that it may become more widely disseminated if not checked. It is essentially a chronic infectious disease of cattle caused by a specific bacterium (John's bacillus) which in some respects resembles the germ of tuberculosis. The disease in affected animals is characterized mostly by a persistent diarrhoea with progressive unthrift and loss of condition associated with thickening and corrugation of the bowels. The germs are eliminated by affected cattle in their manure and infection results through contamination of the feed and water. Cattle can become infected either in the stable or while at pasture and the disease is usually first introduced into a clean herd by the purchase of an infected animal which at the time does not show any noticeable symptoms of the disease. Infection is also liable to be acquired by cattle while passing through the stock yards and at live stock exhibitions in some cases. After an animal becomes infected the disease may develop very slowly and no definite symptoms may be observed for from six months to a year or even longer at times. It is very desirable therefore to ascertain if some test can not be employed to detect early or latent cases as well as definite cases. For this purpose either the product known as Johnin may be used or else Avian Tuberculin. It would appear that both of these agents of test are of some value as diagnostic agents for this disease but unfortunately they cannot always be relied upon to furnish a definite reaction. Cases presented at the College clinic have been carefully studied and submitted to the different methods of test and laboratory examinations to confirm the diagnosis, and are fully described in a separate appended report.

Coccidiosis in Mink: Serious losses were reported as occurring on mink farms and we were appealed to for help. Investigation revealed the disease as coccidiosis of a very severe type. Due to the unusual nature of the outbreaks the disease was studied very thoroughly and a detailed technical report is appended separately for the benefit of those interested in diseases of this nature.

Bovine Hemoglobinuria: This disease is commonly known as Red Water in cattle. It occurs quite commonly in different parts of the country causing serious concern to some farmers through loss of condition and lessened milk production in cows. Owing to the conflicting opinions re-

garding the nature and cause of this disease it was selected as being deserving of further study. The results of our work on this disease indicate that in many cases it is due to an intestinal infection with an organism or germ closely resembling the *Clostridium welchii*. It was further shown that there are probably associated or predisposing factors which seem to render cattle more susceptible to the infection presumably traceable to soil conditions and the feeding of turnips and other roots grown on certain soil formations. A very comprehensive report of this investigation is appended separately.

Infectious Diarrhoea in Cattle: During the winter months cases of diarrhoea of varying intensity are not unusual among stabled cattle and the disease is commonly spoken of as "winter diarrhoea". Usually this disease occurs mostly as individual cases on different farms without seeming to spread to any great extent or become epidemic. However, this year alarming outbreaks of an unusually severe diarrhoea occurred suddenly and simultaneously at widely separated farms in different districts. Fortunately, in many of these mysterious or unusual outbreaks of diseases of this nature they seem to subside as suddenly as they appeared. At the same time they cause considerable alarm and concern to the owners of affected animals, and we gladly co-operated with the attending veterinarians in endeavoring to combat the trouble and to ascertain the specific cause. Investigation revealed that the diarrhoea was of an infectious character in that the disease could be reproduced experimentally by the administration of fecal matter as a drench. Laboratory examinations revealed a vibronic infection in some cases but the findings were not uniform in all cases so that a definite statement as to the specific cause must be deferred.

PUBLIC EXTENSION SERVICE

This service has been promoted to furnish specialized clinical and laboratory assistance in the diagnosis, prevention and operative treatment of diseases in all classes of animals. It has been developed along such lines of usefulness as seemed to be most effective and desirable to those requiring specialized services and to furnish clinical and laboratory material for teaching and demonstration purposes in class work. It thus serves a twofold purpose and has also been made more or less self sustaining by making a nominal charge to cover any expense incurred where the service rendered is of an individual commercial nature. The nature and extent of the service rendered is briefly summarized as follows:—

Animal Clinics: To these clinics animals of all kinds can be brought for special examination and operative treatment. They are held regularly on four afternoons of each week during the College session. The value and importance of these clinics to the community is clearly manifested by the large number of animals brought regularly for attention. During the year 1708 animals were selected for medical and operative treatment and the nature of the cases dealt with are summarized in the appended clinical report. It is readily apparent that a valuable medical and surgical service has been rendered to those in need of same.

Laboratory Examinations: The value of scientific laboratory examination is becoming increasingly important and in fact offers the only dependable means for the correct diagnosis of many diseases. During the year 2410 disease specimens were received for microscopic and bacteriological examination. Autopsies were made of 1910 poultry carcasses belonging to individual owners reporting disease in their flocks. In each case a personal laboratory report of the results of the examination was sent to the one concerned with instructions as to the proper treatment and prevention of the disease in question.

Serological Tests: These are commonly known as blood tests and are becoming more widely used as the best method for diagnosing certain forms of disease. At the present time they are most frequently used for the diagnosis of Bang's disease in cattle (contagious abortion) and for pullorum disease (bacillary white diarrhoea) in fowl. For the diagnosis of Bang's disease 11,392 blood samples were received from veterinarians or their clients and submitted to the agglutination or blood test for *B. abortus* infection. Included in this number were 1079 pure bred cows intended for export to the United States. In addition 5,875 doses of *B. abortus* antigen (test fluid) were supplied to graduate veterinarians for the testing of herds under their supervision. These tests were made co-operatively with qualified veterinarians for clients whose herds they were supervising, on the understanding that the reacting animals would not be sold to enter clean herds and that their disposal would be regulated as follows:—

1. By segregation on the owners' premises pending their ultimate disposal.
2. Disposal by transferring them to positive herds on separate premises.
3. Disposal by slaughter ultimately at abattoirs under inspection.

For the diagnosis of pullorum disease in poultry 9887 blood samples were submitted to the agglutination test for this disease. In addition, sufficient of the pullorum antigen (test fluid) was prepared and supplied to graduate veterinarians to make over 55,000 additional poultry blood tests for their clients.

Preparation of Vaccines: To meet the wishes of those desiring to vaccinate their cattle for Bang's disease 2113 doses of killed culture vaccine were supplied to veterinarians at their request for use in herds under their supervision. At the request of the poultry department 50,000 doses of fowl pox vaccine were prepared and supplied to poultry breeding stations under their control. The details of these different services are included in the appended reports of the departments concerned. The increasing demand for these extension services creates a large amount of detailed routine work of a skilful nature, with an immense volume of correspondence, personal interviews for advice, and the preparation of test charts and laboratory reports covering the work. Throughout the year the entire

staff has been kept busily engaged and each one has performed his work in a painstaking and diligent manner. A high standard of efficiency is being maintained in all departments and at a minimum cost to the province.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

C. D. MCGILVRAY,

Principal.

Guelph, Ontario,

October 31st, 1933.

CLINICAL DEPARTMENT

The work of this department embraces the applied branches of veterinary medicine and surgery. All animals brought to the clinics are carefully examined, after which treatment is prescribed and operations performed as may be required. The cases are carefully selected and made use of to impart instruction to the students by means of lectures and special demonstrations. A list of the clinical cases relating to the different classes of animals are recorded under their respective headings, and a number of interesting conditions are embodied as special articles in the report.

HORSE CLINICS

Number of Animals	Nature of Case	Remarks
41	Dental Cases	
10	Elongated Molars	Molar-cutting operation
6	Caried Molars	Extraction
2	Diseased Molars	Propulsion by trephination
5	Fractured Molars	Extraction
3	Supernumerary Molars	"
15	Dental Irregularities	Floating and dressing
3	Pyo-sinusitis	Trephining operation
1	Dermoid Cyst	Operative treatment
1	Catarrh Lachrymal Duct.....	Antiseptic irrigation
17	Periodic Ophthalmia	Medicinal treatment
1	Eye Tumor	Surgical excision
2	Cataracts of the Eye.....	
2	Facial Paralysis	
1	Tongue Wound	Surgical treatment
13	Laryngeal Hemiplegia	Operative
9	Poll Evil	" "
1	Ear Infection	Antiseptic
1	Esophageal Obstruction	Mechanical
14	Fistulous Withers	Operative
4	Serous Effusion (Withers).....	" "
36	Lameness	
2	Arthritis	Counter irritation
3	Tarsitis	" "
4	Ring-bone	" "
5	Spavin	" "
3	Gonitis	" "
2	Sesamoiditis	" "
5	Sidebones	" "
3	Coronitis	" "
2	String-halt	Operative treatment
2	Coffin Joint Lameness.....	Counter irritation
3	Canker of the Foot.....	Actual cautery—astringents
3	Hygroma of the Hock.....	Operative and stimulative treatment
1	Hygroma Carpal	" " " "
1	Hygroma Elbow	" " " "
4	Fibroma	" treatment
2	Exostosis	Actual cautery
1	Shoulder Deformity	
2	Quittor	Operative treatment
2	Curb	Counter irritation
1	Carpitis	" "
3	Navicular Disease	" "
1	Papilloma	Surgical excision
3	Shoulder Tumor	" "
2	Cicatrix (Wire Cut).....	" "
2	Verrucose Dermatitis (Grease).....	Actual cautery—astringents
1	Lymphangitis	Medicinal treatment

HORSE CLINICS—Continued

Number of Animals	Nature of Case	Remarks
6	Injuries	
2	Shoulder Injury	Antiseptic treatment
1	Luxation of the Patella.....	Reduction.
1	Leg Injury	Antiseptic treatment
1	Glans Penis Injury	“ “
1	Bruised Heel	Poultices—antiseptic
5	Wounds	Antiseptic treatment
3	Hoof Infection	“ “
6	Colics (Impaction and Indigestion)...	Medicinal “
20	Influenza and Cough.....	“ “
1	Diarrhoea	“ “
1	Enteritis	“ “
1	Azoturia	“ “
1	Sterility	Sterility “
1	Nymphomania	Operative “
1	Scrotal Hernia	“ “
4	Umbilical Hernia	“ “
9	Castration	Surgical operation
4	Cryptorchidism	“ “
	Examination for Soundness.....	Student exercises
	“ Clinical	“ “
	Local and Regional Anaesthesia.....	“ “
	Point and Line Firing.....	“ “
	Inguinal Exploration	“ “
	Bandaging Technique	“ “
	Tenotomy	“ “
	Neurectomy “	“ “
	Post-Mortem “	“ “
	Surgical Landmarks	“ “
	Administration of Medicines.....	“ “
	Restraint	“ “

CATTLE CLINICS

41	Sterility	Manual and antiseptic treatment
6	Dystokia	Manual handling
5	Retained Placenta	Manual and antiseptic treatment
12	Diagnosis of Pregnancy.....	8 Positive; 4 Negative
2	Parturient Paresis	Calcium treatment.
1	Post-partum Paralysis	Stimulative “
1	Mummified Fetus	Artificial abortion
20 herds	Agglutination Bleeding	Survey
7	Teat Tumor	Operative treatment
2	Tough Milker	“ “
1	Teat Obstruction.....	“ “
3	Supernumerary Teats	Surgical removal
3	Mammitis	Medicinal treatment
2	Chronic Mammitis	“ “
2	Atresia Teat Orifice.....	Operative “
1	Oedema of the Udder.....	Medicinal “
9	Calf Scours	“ and dietetic treatment
6	Necrotic Stomatitis	Surgical and antiseptic treatment
1	Glossitis	“ “ “ “
1	Sternal Abscess	“ “ “ “
2	Pharyngeal Abscess	“ “ “ “
1	Lung Abscess	“ “ “ “
2	Intermandibular Abscess	Surgical and antiseptic treatment
1	Facial Abscess	“ “ “ “
1	Hip Abscess	“ “ “ “
2	Gastro-enteritis	Medicinal treatment

CATTLE CLINICS—Continued

Number of Animals	Nature of Case	Remarks
3	Lameness	Topical applications
1	Fracture of the Pelvis.....	
1	Fracture of the Horn.....	Antiseptic treatment
1	Vegetation (Corneal)	Surgical removal
1	Infected Sinus	Surgical and antiseptic treatment
1	Fatty Tumor	Surgical incision
2	Pharyngeal Granuloma	“ removal
2	Warts	“ “
2	Deformity of the Tail.....	“ correction
1	Scrotal Tumor	“ removal
1	Split Hoof	Antiseptic dressing
1	Abdominal Bruise	“ applications
1	Contracted Tendons	Operative correction
1	Brain Tumor	
2	Pyelonephritis and Cystitis.....	
1	Eczema	Medicinal and dietetic treatment
3	Actinomycosis	
1	Actinomycotic Tumor	Surgical removal
1	Cryptorchidism	Surgical operation
2	Chronic Digestive Ailment.....	
2	Johne's Disease	
20 herds	Tuberculin Test	Survey
1 herd	Hemorrhagic Septicemia	Investigational visit
1 “	Calf Scours	Consultation visit
	Restraint Technique	Student exercises
	Clinical Examination	“ “
	Administration of Medicine.....	“ “
	Intradermal Injections	“ “
	Caudal Injections	“ “
	Sterility Technique	“ “
	Bleeding for Agglutination.....	“ “
	Lung Abscess	Post-mortem examination
	Hemorrhagic Septicemia	“ “ “
	Gastro-enteritis	“ “ “
	Calf Pneumonia.....	“ “ “
	Rupture of Diaphragm.....	“ “ “
	Fracture of the Pelvis.....	“ “ “

SWINE CLINICS

5	Scrotal Hernia	Surgical operation
3	Hermaphroditism	“ “
3	Umbilical Hernia	“ “
8	Cryptorchidism	“ “
1	Scrotal Abscess	“ “
1	Ventral Hernia	“ “
1 lot	Rhinitis Infectious	Treatment advised
5 lots	Ascariasis	“ “
2 lots	Sarcoptic Mange	“ “
3 lots	Hemorrhagic Septicemia	“ “
1	Pleuro-pneumonia	Post-mortem examination
5	Ascariasis	“ “ “
2	Generalized Infection	“ “ “
1	Peritonitis	“ “ “
5	Anaemia of Sucklings.....	“ “ “
1	Dystokia and Heat Exhaustion.....	Manual handling and refrigerants

SHEEP CLINICS

Number of Animals	Nature of Case	Remarks
3	Pregnancy Disease	Treatment applied
3	Dental Cases	Dental treatment
1	Pneumonia	Medicinal treatment
3	Parasitism (Internal).....	Parasiticides administered
1	Wry Neck	
5	Pregnancy Disease	Post-mortem examination
2	Hemorrhagic Septicemia	" " "
1	Gastro-enteritis	" " "
4	Parasitism	" " "
3	Generalized Infection	" " "
1	Pneumonia	" " "

SMALL ANIMAL CLINICS—DOGS

78	Ovariectomy	Surgical operation
7	Dystokia	Caesarian section
2	Mammary Tumor	Surgical incision
1	Peroneal Tumor	" "
1	Prolapse Vagina	Operative treatment
2	Vaginal Tumor	Surgical removal
1	Infectious Vaginal Granuloma.....	" "
2	Running Fits	Medicinal treatment
2	Dental Caries	Operative "
1	Gastritis	Medicinal "
1	Tonsilitis	" "
1	Pharyngitis	" "
3	Stomatitis and Pyorrhea.....	" "
3	Distemper	" "
4	Anal Pouch Infection	Antiseptic "
7	Eczema	Medicinal and topical treatment
2	Cataracts	
2	Corneal Opacity	Topical application
1	Conjunctival Tumor	Surgical removal
1	Corneal Tumor	" "
1	Cranial Cyst	" evacuation
2	Laceration of the Ear.....	Surgical treatment
2	Canker of the Ear.....	Antiseptic "
2	Goitre	Iodine "
3	Pharyngeal Abscess	Surgical "
2	Infected Ear	Antiseptic "
2	Eczematous Sores	Topical applications
3	Sarcoptic Mange	Parasiticides
2	Demodectic Mange	"
3	Taeniasis	Taeniocidal treatment
4	Ascariasis	Vermicidal "
7	Paraplegia	Stimulative "
1	Injury to Foot-pad	Surgical dressing
5	Supernumerary Claws	" removal
2	Injury to Legs.....	" dressing
4	Long Toe Nails.....	" excision
1	Injury to Hip.....	" dressing
1	Abdominal Tumor.....	" excision
1	Malignant "	
5	Caudal Amputation.....	Surgical operation
1	Retention of the Urine.....	Catheterization
5	Fractures	

SMALL ANIMAL CLINICS—DOGS—*Continued*

Number of Animals	Nature of Case	Remarks
2	Tibial Fractures	Surgical dressing
1	Mandible “	“ “
2	Femur “	“ “
4	Castration	“ operation
1	Orchitis	Medicinal treatment
10	Humanely destroyed. Demonstration of Breed Character- istics and Conformation.	

SMALL ANIMAL CLINICS—CATS

12	Castration	Surgical operation
26	Ovariectomy	“ “
3	Taeniasis	Taeniocidal treatment
4	Ascariasis	Vermicidal “
1	Necrotic Enteritis	Medicinal “
3	Eczema	“ “
1	Necrotic Pharyngitis	“ “
3	Otodectic Mange	Parasiticidal “
2	Sarcoptic “	“ “
2	Wound	Surgical “
1	Epithelial Tumor	“ removal
1	Nasal Tumor	“ “
3	Dental Pyorrhea	“ treatment
1	Fistulous Tract	“ “
8	Humanely destroyed.	
1	Bilateral Empyema	Post-mortem examination
1	Peritonitis	“ “ “
1	Necrotic Enteritis	“ “ “

DEPARTMENT OF ZOOLOGY

The object of this department is to provide a course of lectures and dissections which will give the student a working knowledge of the subject, especially in its application to veterinary parasitology. The course has been extended during the past two years so that now there is time allowed for practical laboratory work and drawings. The instruction is given to the first-year students with the idea and hope that the knowledge will be a valuable adjunct to their understanding of veterinary science.

DEPARTMENT OF EMBRYOLOGY AND HISTOLOGY

As in previous years the course of instruction in embryology and histology is given to first and second-year students, the idea being to prepare the student for such important subjects as physiology, biochemistry and pathology. The subject of histology is well covered. All the important body tissues and organs are examined and studied by means of prepared sections and descriptive lectures. The student is required to make careful and accurate drawings. Due to the marked increase in the number of students there was need for an increased number of sections and in order to meet this need over one thousand new and additional slides were prepared.

MEAT INSPECTION

This course is delivered to students of the senior year and consists of lectures and demonstrations. It is conducted with the view of giving the graduate who enters general practice a comprehensive knowledge of the subject and also to prepare students for entry to the Federal Service under the Health of Animals Branch.

DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED PATHOLOGY

The routine work of this department has been carried on in much the same manner as in previous years and consists of examination of specimens of blood, tissue, organs, and lesions from animals dead of some condition or disease which the owner or some other interested person does not understand. Sometimes whole carcasses or still living animals are sent to the laboratory. In all these cases various tests are carried out and often tissue is examined by microscope. In the case of parasitic invasion the parasite is identified and classified according to its species. A report of the findings is then forwarded to the person inquiring together with suggestions as to control and prevention of the trouble. Often the stock owner is advised to consult his local veterinarian. The resources of the department are at the disposal of veterinary practitioners, and it is gratifying to know that practitioners are taking advantage of this fact in increasing numbers. Over three hundred reports as to findings were mailed

to owners and veterinarians during the past year. Because of the increase of students in the junior years there was need of a larger number of specimen sections required. These were prepared and our sets of diseased tissue were brought up to the required number. In many cases old sets were discarded, new and better ones being prepared.

Nature of Case	Cattle	Sheep	Horses	Swine	Dogs	Cats	Rabbits	Fowl	Fox	Mink	Ferret	Total
Tuberculosis	4			3				1				8
Neoplasms	5		7	1	24			3	1			41
Pneumonia	5	4	2	7	3		1	1	5	6		34
Parasites		10	2	12	23	4	11		6	2		70
Enteritis	2	2	1	6	1	2			4	3		21
Abscess	1		2	1			2				2	8
Peritonitis				2			1					3
Nephritis	1			1					1			3
Tissue from Operations.....		2	8		5							15
Hemorrhagic Septicemia	8	6		7			3					24
Gastritis				6	3	1	1		3	2		16
Food Poison							1		1	8		10
Abortion	5											5
Anemia				5								5
Pericarditis		1		6								7
Mastitis	10											10
Sterility	3		2									5
Swamp Fever.....			13									13
Hepatitis	2	4	2	2	1			2	2			15
Actinomycosis	3											3
Examination of Pus.....	4		5		4							13
Meat Inspection	5	1		7								13
Miscellaneous	10	3	6	4	8	1	3		8	4		47
Total	68	33	50	70	72	8	23	7	31	25	2	389

DEPARTMENT OF PARASITOLOGY

The work of this Department is summarized under the following headings:—

Tutorial.—The regular course in parasitology has been given to second, third and fourth year students. Third year classes have received laboratory instruction in general pathology, and assistance has been given in lecturing and demonstrating to classes taking the usual courses in histology, embryology and zoology.

Routine.—Under this heading the work has been conducted in collaboration with the Department of Pathology. It has consisted of the examination of parasitized and diseased material and the preparation of slides and museum specimens for class instruction.

Research.—A series of experiments were made to ascertain if any practical use could be made of electricity in agglutination tests. The results were negative.

A number of pasture invertebrates were fed the eggs of the sheep tapeworm, *Moniezia expansa*, in an attempt to find an intermediate host for this parasite. The tapeworm larvae became extremely active and escaped

from the ruptured eggs into the intestines of larval dung and adult ground beetles. In slugs and millipeds the embryos were digested or the eggs passed through the alimentary canal unchanged.

An outbreak of coccidiosis in an Ontario minkery was investigated. As this appears to be a hitherto unreported disease in the Province the results of the investigation are submitted separately under the following title:— "Coccidiosis in Mink".

MILK HYGIENE, POULTRY DISEASES AND SEROLOGY

During the year ending October 31st, 1933, the work conducted may be summarized under the following headings:

Teaching.—A course of lectures and practical work in milk hygiene was given to the fourth-year class. This course included visits to dairies and dairy farms and the bacteriological and chemical examination of samples of milk submitted for analysis. A course of lectures in poultry diseases was also given to the fourth-year class, and owing to the ample material received it was possible to make this course a practical one by having the students conduct ante-mortem and post-mortem examinations and make bacteriological examinations where necessary. Certain phases of the courses were studied on up-to-date poultry farms. Assistance was also given in instruction in laboratory bacteriology to the third and fourth-year classes.

Preparation of Biological Products.—Fifty-five thousand test doses of *S. pullorum* antigen, and positive and negative control sera were distributed to veterinarians for the agglutination test for *S. pullorum* infection. Five thousand, eight hundred and seventy-five test doses of *Br. abortus* antigen were also sent out for use by veterinary surgeons. Fifty thousand doses of fowl-pox vaccine were prepared for use in the control of fowl-pox in the Breeding Stations under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario. It is gratifying to note that each year more veterinarians are qualifying themselves to conduct the agglutination test for *S. pullorum* and *Br. abortus* infection. In addition to the instruction offered at the usual conferences at the College, instruction in performing these tests has also been given at other times by appointment.

Routine Examination of Specimens.—This work is increasing enormously and occupies the major part of the time. It consists of the routine examination of samples of fowl and cattle blood, and the bacteriological or such other examination as required of other specimens. As in the previous four years the only fowl bloods examined were from the Poultry Husbandry Department of the Ontario Agricultural College, and breeding stations under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture. Testing for others was carried out by certain practitioners to whom are supplied the necessary antigen and control sera.

BLOOD SERUM EXAMINATIONS

Animal	Disease	Number of Samples Received	Positive	Suspicious	Negative	Unfit for Testing
Fowl	<i>S. Pullorum</i> infection..	9,887	100	.....	9,787	.....
Cattle	Infectious abortion..	11,392	1,911	732	8,636	113

SYNOPSIS OF EXAMINATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH POULTRY DISEASES

From November 1st, 1932, to October 31st, 1933.

Condition or Disease	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mch.	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Total
Adult Pullorum Infection.....	5	9	10	9	17	8	3	2	4	2	2	8	79
Ascites		1				1					1		3
Avian Diphtheria	1	2			1	1		1	2				8
Cloacitis	1				1								2
Coccidiosis	1					6	29	122	41	32	5	3	239
Colds and Roup.....	4		4		1			4	5	4	1	4	27
Enterohepatitis (turkeys)	3	2	1	1			5	3	1	3	1	1	21
“ (chicken)							5	8	3		1	2	19
“ (other birds)												1	1
Fowl Cholera	1	4	5		3					9	3	4	29
Fowl Typhoid	1	1											2
Laryngotracheitis	3	5	8	6	1		2			5		2	32
Leucosis	8	7	10	6	3							1	35
Pneumonia				2	13	3	1	3	1				23
Pullorum Disease of Chicks....					33	165	156	39	24	2			419
Tuberculosis	5	9	4	9	11	2	4	1	4	4	1	5	59
Other Infections	4	2	3	2	6		5	10	2	5	8	10	57
Cannibalism					1						1		2
Egg bound and Yolk Concretions	2	1	1	3	4	2	1	2		1		1	18
Enteritis	4	4	5	4	1		4	9	1	3	10	7	52
External Parasites				2									2
Fatty Degeneration and Infiltration		1		2						1			4
Impaction of Crop.....	2	4	4	1			1				1		13
Injuries		2	1	1	1			3	1	1		3	13
Nutritional Ailments	12	6	4	4	9	14	13	26	23	13	27	11	162
Prolapse						1							1
Ruptured Liver	1	1	1	1		1						1	6
“ Oviduct					1			1	1				3
Tumours	11	9	8	7	5	3	4	1	2	3		3	56
Visceral Gout	1	1	1	1			2		1	1			9
Worms (round).....	5	10	9	9	19	5	2	11	16	5	15	11	117
“ (tape)	25	15	20	30	13	18	5	9	4	12	32	22	205
“ (round and tape).....	10	6	12		7	3	5	3		6	14	10	76
Putrid and not diagnosed.....	7	7	5	2	6	13	36	12	12	10	3	3	116
Totals	117	109	116	102	157	248	281	271	148	121	126	114	1910

MISCELLANEOUS EXAMINATIONS

Milk and Cream	87
Eggs	12
Water	2
Blood	3
Pleuritic Fluid.....	2
Rabbits	4
Sheep	1
Total	111

DEPARTMENT OF BACTERIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY

The work carried on in this department may be conveniently considered under the following headings: Tutorial, Routine, Research, and Investigatory.

Tutorial.—In both lectures and laboratory work the fundamental facts of the sciences being studied by the student are, as far as possible, presented in a manner which makes them something more than data to be memorized and stored in isolation until the day of examination and then forgotten. The methods employed in teaching have as their objective the awakening and development of the mind, more than the memory, and the unification and synthesis of the knowledge acquired rather than the unprofitable accumulation of isolated facts.

Routine.—The routine work of the laboratory consists chiefly in the diagnosis of diseased tissues, the making of post-mortem examinations, and the preparation of the abortion bacterin.

Research and Investigatory.—Most of the work of this nature which has been undertaken during the year is described in special articles submitted under the following titles: Bovine Hemoglobinuria and Infectious Diarrhoea in Cattle.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE MAKING A SURVEY OF
MINERAL DEFICIENCY DISEASE IN CATTLE
FOR THE YEAR 1933.

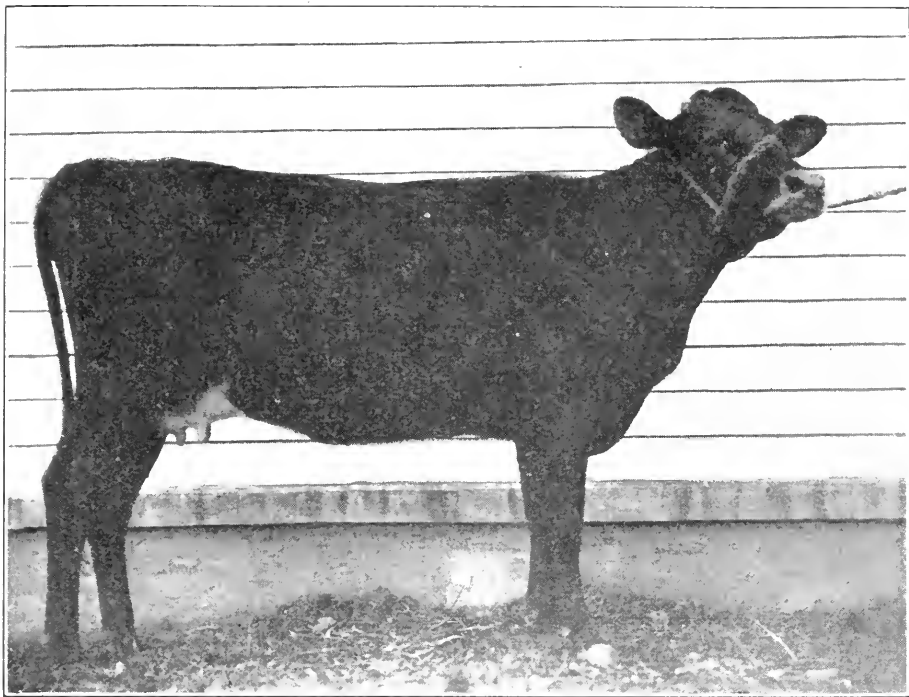
R. A. McINTOSH, M.D.V., B.V.Sc.

During the year 1931 and 1932 the committee in charge of this work made a fairly complete survey of that part of the province known as old Ontario. It was determined that the condition is more or less widespread throughout old Ontario and also that in certain localities the incidence of mineral deficiency is quite marked. In the investigation and study of this problem it was felt that the element phosphorus was the chief mineral lacking for the manifestations observed in affected cattle were those of aphosphorus. The collection of samples of hays and grains used as food for animals and their subsequent analysis revealed that in certain areas the lack of phosphorus was quite significant. In accordance with these findings the committee determined to conduct a few small experiments in connection with the work.

One of these experiments was to procure hay and grain from a known deficiency area and feed it to a young pregnant cow of the dairy type. A sufficient amount of food was obtained to feed the cow about seven months, that length of time corresponding to the average stable feeding in most dairy herds. It consisted of threshed blue grass hay and oats and barley for grain. This diet is not a balanced ration but is representative of diets provided for cows during the winter months in some instances. The cow used in the experiment was a crossbred Jersey 3½ years old. She had produced one calf and passed through one lactation period. She was pregnant at the time of purchase and due to calf six weeks later. She was bright, active and in a good state of nutrition at the commencement of the feeding experiment. During the time she was on the ration she was weighed monthly and blood samples were taken for calcium and phosphorus determinations. On occasions her milk was weighed and butter fat tests applied. She was subjected to the Tuberculin and Bang's disease tests and was negative to both.

On January 16th the feeding experiment was commenced and the following table indicates some of the observations made.

Date	Weight	Calcium Mgr. per 100 c. c. blood serum	Phosphorous Mgr. per 100 c. c. of blood	Weight of milk	Butter fat test	Miscellany
Jan. 16	890 lbs.	10.88	6.02	.....	.....	.....
Feb. 17	972 "	10.80	5.69	.....	.....	.....
" 22	850 "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mar. 22	794 "	10.70	4.09	38 ¼ lbs.	3.3	Feb. 19— (calved
Apr. 17	772 "	11.34	3.75	.....	.....	Estrum—cow
May 17	727 "	10.05	5.48	22 lbs.	2.8	(bred
June 14	690 "	10.58	7.15	.....	3.	.....
July 12	710 "	10.99	6.17	.....	.....	.....
Aug. 9	690 "	11.34	3.75	16 lbs.	3.8	Pregnancy diagnosed.

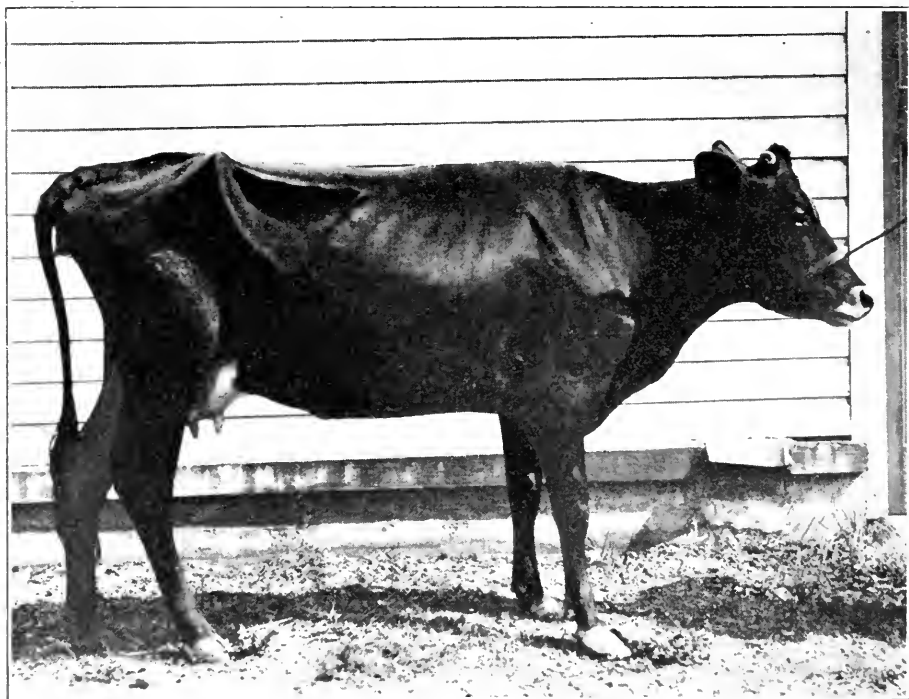


Appearance of cow at the commencement of the feeding experiment.

While on the feeding experiment she was provided with all of the hay she would eat. The oats and barley were ground and mixed in the ratio of 2 to 1. She was fed liberally on the grain mixture but ultimately she would only partake of a certain amount. The feed was consumed by August 9th. In reference to the above table a shrinkage of 120 lbs. occurred at calving time. From that time to the completion of the experiment her weight gradually declined. There was a steady decline in the blood phosphorus determinations until she conceived when it quite suddenly increased but again it started to decline and at the last analysis was down to 3.75. No explanation is offered for the sudden increase in the blood phosphorus but it is suggested that conception may have been responsible. During pregnancy metabolism is modified and the elements required for fetal development are marshalled to meet with the demands of the active uterus. Depravity of appetite did not occur, neither was there any evidence of stiffness. The most marked changes observed occurred in the general appearance and spirit of the animal. From a cow bright in appearance, full of life and in fair flesh she became dull, listless and thin, as indicated in the picture. Subsequently she was allowed on grass at which time she improved somewhat and during this time she must have aborted for on October 8th she came in estrum and on examination her uterus was found to be non gravid. Again no explanation is offered for the abortion but since she was negative to the Bang's Disease test and apparently free from genital infection it is suggested that the feeding experiment may bear some relation to it.

Nothing is proven by this experiment but a great deal of benefit is derived from it for it reveals the effects and results of a limited ration. The ration supplied for this cow compares favorably with many and is an improvement on some which the investigating committee learned of during the survey. When it is realized that many farm animals are put through the stable feeding periods on rations which are not any more comprehensive or varied in character than this one it is not surprising that many of them manifest evidences of deficiency.

Another experiment applied on a farm in Wellington County where phosphorus deficiency recurs with relative frequency was as follows. Three cows were chosen and dilute phosphoric acid was provided to be fed to these animals over a period of 5 months from January 1st to May in which month they are usually turned out to grass. The reason for using dilute phosphoric acid is that it is a simple means of providing the element and also because in the treatment of affected animals it seems to correct stiffness and depravity of appetite rapidly. It was felt that the continued use of the acid over the stable feeding period might offset the tendency to a deficiency of the element and provide for a reserve of it. The cows selected were animals in which a deficiency was most likely to occur. Two of them had just freshened and were milking well. The other one was pregnant and due to calf shortly after the commencement of the experiment. Apart from the provision of phosphoric acid these animals were fed the same varieties of food and in the same manner as the remainder of the herd. Blood samples were taken for calcium and phosphorus deter-



Appearance of cow at the conclusion of the feeding experiment.

minations at the beginning of the experiment and on three subsequent occasions during the course of the experiment. For comparison blood samples were taken of a few of the other members of the herd as well.

On another farm in Bruce County a farmer who had experienced deficiency troubles for some years was also supplied with dilute phosphoric acid and instructed to feed it to three of his cows. Only one calcium and phosphorus determination was made in this herd and that one at the conclusion of the acid feeding experiment.

The following table indicates the analyses made on the animals used in the foregoing experiment.

WELLINGTON COUNTY FARM

Date	Name of Animal	Calcium Mgr. per 100 c. c. of blood serum.	Phosphorous Mgr. per 100 c. c. of blood.	
Dec. 29/32	Darkey	11.35	3.64	
" "	Flossie	11.81	2.96	
" "	Edith	11.72	2.82	
Mar. 22/33	Darkey	11.7	2.82	Treated cow
" "	Flossie	11.81	2.24	" "
" "	Edith	11.5	1.86	" "
" "	Spotty	10.3	3.20	Untreated cow
" "	Hazel	.....	2.72	" "
May 22/33	Darkey	11.47	4.51	Treated cow
" "	Flossie	11.25	5.31	" "
" "	Edith	12.83	3.40	" "
" "	Spotty	12.31	5.32	Untreated cow
" "	Hazel	11.47	4.58	" "
" "	Jersey calf	11.05	8.98	Untreated calf
June 23/33	Darkey	13.54	3.58	Treated cow
" "	Flossie	15.41	3.31	" "
" "	Edith	14.27	2.77	" "
" "	Spotty	14.58	2.55	Untreated cow
" "	Hazel	14.06	2.56	" "

BRUCE COUNTY FARM

May 12/33	Lily	13.65	3.52	Treated cow
" "	Hawthorn Girl	11.98	5.78	" "
" "	" Lass	12.50	4.	" "
" "	Mysie	13.03	2.93	Untreated cow
" "	Claret	11.77	3.78	" "
" "	Whitey	11.77	3.72	" "

The results of these analyses are disappointing for in the total very little difference is revealed between those animals which received the phosphoric acid and those which were untreated. The owners, however, both indicated that these cows milked better and felt better than the others and after they were turned out on the pasture they did not show signs of depravity of appetite while some of the others did.

There is a growing belief amongst investigators of aphosphorous conditions that it is the cause of or favours the occurrence of functional sterility. A remarkable illustration of this was observed in the Wellington County herd referred to in this article. At the time of the March visit the

owner complained of the fact that two of his cows were not manifesting heat. Both of these animals were examined and a retained corpus luteum was found in both cases. On other occasions estrum occurs but the animals fail to conceive. When estrum occurs the cows probably ovulate but the ovum may not be capable of fertilization and thus the failure to conceive. The reproductive rate is always slowed down considerably in aphosphorus herds and the coincidence is too marked to disregard the lack of this element as being a factor in the occurrence of sterility.

The work of the committee in the investigation of this problem has extended over a period of three years. It is admitted that many phases of the problem have not been completed but a vast amount of information has been gained and many facts regarding it have been established. From the compiled data certain features are worthy of recapitulation.

1. The analyses of feeds very definitely indicated that repeated cropping has brought about soil depletion which is reflected in the grains and fodder produced.

2. That in many instances there is a lack of variety in the rations provided for cattle during the winter feeding operations. The greatest error in this respect is the lack of phosphorus carrying foods. The amount and quality of the food may be quite adequate but it lacks in bran, oil-cake and other phosphorus rich ingredients which are so necessary to meet the requirements of the animal body.

3. There are pasture deficient areas also in which the condition may develop while the animals are grazing, the occurrence of which is more marked in exceptionally dry seasons. In these areas greater attention will have to be given to the fertilization of the soil.

4. The necessity of live stock men purchasing bonemeal or mineral supplements to the diet may be greatly offset or possibly entirely eliminated by the provision of foods rich in phosphorus.

5. Cows that are exceptionally good milk producers should be given special consideration regarding their diet for unless this is done they may continue to secrete large quantities of milk at the expense of their body resulting in the depletion of their mineral reserves.

JOHNE'S DISEASE OF CATTLE

R. A. McINTOSH, M.D.V., B.V.Sc.

During the past few years, through the medium of the College clinic, a number of cases of this disease have come under observation. Because of its increasing prevalence it is felt that reference to the disease in this report would be of value.

Johne's disease is also known as paratuberculous enteritis and also as chronic specific enteritis. It is a markedly chronic communicable disorder of cattle characterized by thickening and corrugation of the intestinal mucosa. Ultimately the disease manifests itself by a severe, more

or less periodic diarrhoea, and a progressive loss of flesh. Along with these phenomena, there may be observed a pronounced reduction in the milk yield, a staring, dull hair coat, anemia, and terminal cachexia.

The disease is caused by an acid-fast organism closely resembling the tubercle bacillus. It is known as the mycobacterium paratuberculous (Johne's bacillus). The organism is difficult to culture and aberrant strains are frequently observed. According to some workers there appears to be a close relationship between this organism and the avian tubercle bacilli. The fact that avian tuberculin may be used as a diagnostic agent for Johne's disease is significant of some definite relationship between these two organisms.

Natural infection undoubtedly takes place through the digestive tract as a result of the consumption of contaminated food and water. In the animal body the habitat of the organism is in the diseased intestinal mucosa and the associated mesenteric lymph glands. In the diseased areas of the gut it is found in large numbers where it shows a tendency to clump. Microscopically the tissue reaction is somewhat similar to those occurring in tuberculosis without necrosis or caseation. Macroscopically the diseased gut appears enormously thickened and in long standing cases is of a dark greyish colour with a milky mucoid exudate over its surface. The caecal mucosa usually manifests the more gross lesions.

The disease is quite prevalent in European countries including England and the Channel Islands. In the United States it is becoming more prevalent. In Canada the occurrence of it is becoming more frequent. In its nature the disease is very insidious, for many months, even years, may elapse between the time of infection and the obvious manifestation of it. The insidious character and chronicity of the disease favor the spread of the infection, for carrier animals may be bought and sold, be transported from one herd to another, without those concerned in the transaction having any knowledge of the fact that such an animal is a source of danger for other members of the herd in which it may be placed.

Because of the fact that many cases of the disease appear in relatively young cows it is felt that in many instances the affected animals contract the infection while they are quite young (as calves). The first distinctive symptom is a chronic diarrhoea or repeated periodic attacks of it. On occasions during the latter stages of pregnancy the diarrhoeic condition disappears somewhat, only to be followed by a more violent manifestation following parturition. There is no fever, the appetite usually remains good but there is an increasing emaciation finally terminating in anemia and cachexia.

The diagnosis of the disease in its later stages may be accomplished by clinical observation. In some instances by microscopic examination of stained smears of scrapings from the rectal mucosa in which clumps of acid-fast bacilli may be found. There is also an allergic test in which Johnin, a preparation obtained from cultures of the bacillus is used. Avian tuberculin preparations are also used for this purpose.

The following report is typical of the disease.

Clinic No. 560.—The patient was a young Jersey cow not quite 3 years of age in lactation.

The attendant had noticed periodic occurrences of diarrhoea while she was on pasturage. She was then stabled and provided with hay and grain. After a short time improvement occurred. Subsequently she was turned out again but diarrhoea recurred. Again she was stabled and while some improvement could be observed at the same time diarrhoea persisted, she lost flesh and dropped in her milk secretion. When submitted to the clinic after eliminating other possible causes for the condition a clinical diagnosis of Johne's disease was made. Stained smears of scrapings from the rectal mucosa were obtained and many acid fast bacilli similar in appearance to the Johne's bacillus were found. It was then decided to apply a Johnin test. Accordingly Johnin was obtained from a commercial biological house. This product is administered in 5 c.c. doses intravenously. Her pre-injection temperatures were 100.6, 101.4, 101.4. After the injection hourly temperatures were as follows: 102.1, 102.2, 102.1, 102.4, 102.6, 102.8, 102.8, 102.8, 102.8, 103, 102.6. This temperature chart is not conclusive but would be considered suspicious.

Through the courtesy of Dean W. A. Hagan of New York State Veterinary College a sufficient amount of an avian tuberculin which he and his co-workers have been using as a testing reagent for Johne's disease was procured to retest this animal. The test was applied two weeks later and on this occasion a very definite temperature reaction was obtained indicated by the following chart. Her pre-injection temperature was 102. Hourly temperatures following the injection of 15 c.c. of this diagnostic agent were 102.2, 102.9, 103.2, 103.7, 104.4, 105.5, 105, 104, 103.4, 102. In addition on this occasion she manifested clinical evidences of reaction such as chill, inappetance and marked diarrhoea.

The post-mortem examination of this animal revealed a thickened and corrugated intestinal mucous membrane, particularly in the caecum and to a lesser degree in the ileum. Stained smears from the mucosa showed many acid-fast bacilli. A quantity of this testing reagent was procured and a number of animals in the herd from which this animal came were tested with the following result.

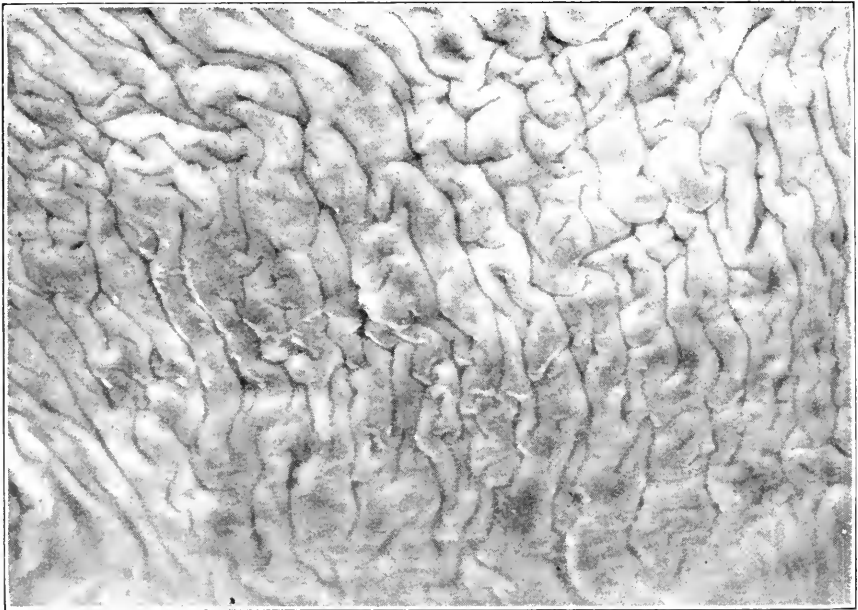
Animal No.	Pre-injection Temperature	Post-Injection Temperature							
		1 p.m.	2 p.m.	3 p.m.	4 p.m.	5 p.m.	6 p.m.	7 p.m.	9 p.m.
1	101.6	102	101.8	101.7	100.8	100.5	.....	100.4	.....
2	101.6	101.6	101.6	101.9	101.7	101.4	.....	101.4	.....
3	101.4	101.8	101.8	101.9	100.6	101.1	.....	101.2	.....
4	101.5	101.6	102	102.2	102.1	102.7	103	105	104.6
5	102.2	102.2	102.3	102.6	102.4	102	.....	102.2	.....
6	100.4	101.7	101.8	101.8	101.8	101.4	.....	101.2	.....
7	101.8	101.7	101.6	102	102	101.9	.....	102	.....
8	101.6	102.3	102.2	102.4	102.1	102.8	.....	102	.....
9	101	101.3	102.2	101.5	101.9	101.5	.....	101.5	.....

Cow No. 4 gave a positive temperature reaction and at 3 p.m. when the cattle were fed she refused to eat, her hair was rough, she had muscular tremors, was off in her milk supply and at 7 p.m. diarrheic. The following morning her temperature was normal but she continued diarrheic

for 3 days. Prior to this occasion the attendant had never noticed diarrhea or any other clinical manifestation of the disease except that her coat was not as good as other members of the herd.

Johnin and other testing reagents are not reliable, particularly in advanced clinical cases but their use is advisable for if reactions occur they assist in confirming other diagnostic features. Some workers claim their reagents are more reliable when applied to insipient cases. It is to be hoped that some reliable agent may be developed for this purpose to enable the recognition of the disease in its early stages.

Because of the increased interchange of cattle nowadays there is a great likelihood of this disease becoming quite widespread. It is incumbent upon the veterinary profession and the live stock men to acquaint themselves with this condition and to use such measures as are available to at once control any outbreaks of it occurring.



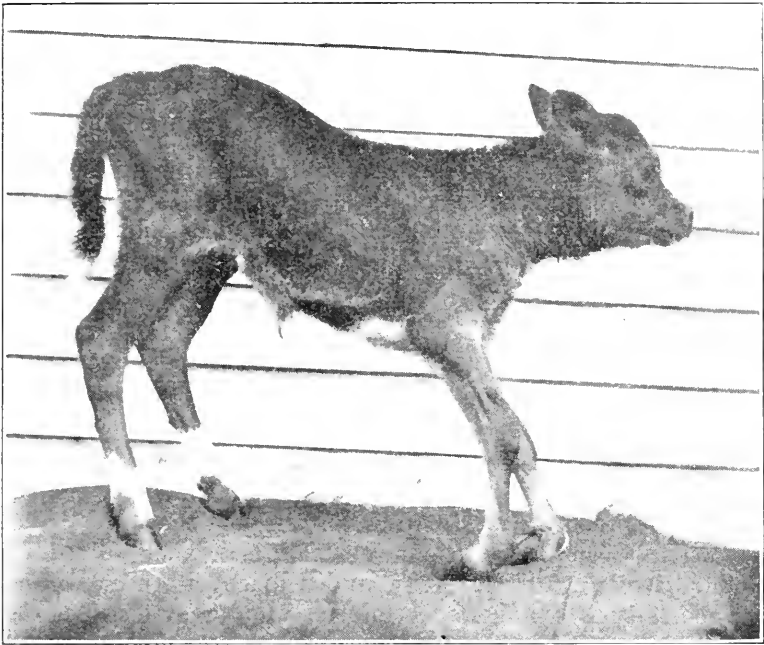
A portion of the mucous membrane of the caecum showing the thickening and corrugation. From a cow affected with Johne's disease.

CONGENITAL DEFORMITY IN A CALF

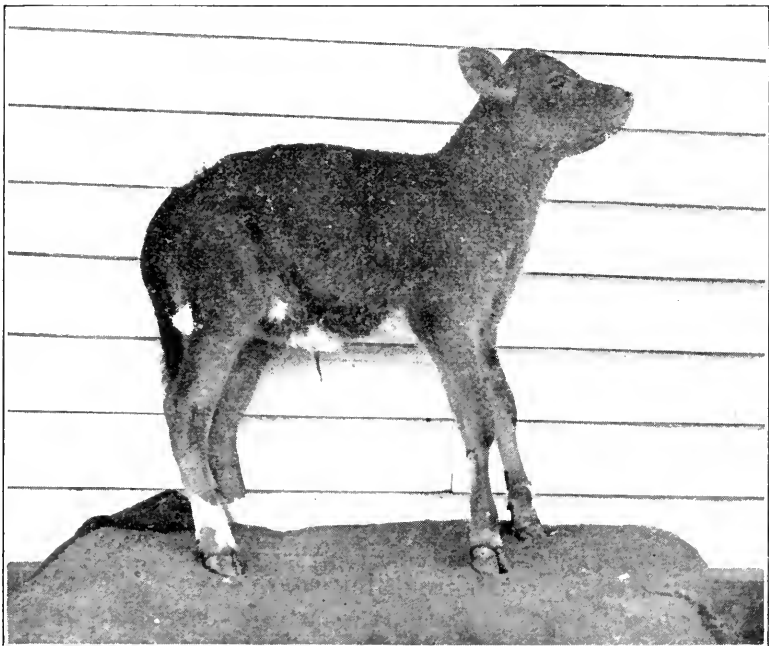
R. A. McINTOSH, M.D.V., B.V.Sc.

The following report and accompanying illustration are in reference to a valuable Jersey calf submitted to the College Clinic for attention. The calf was ten days old, bright, in good spirits and thrifty but incapable of properly extending the phalanges of both front feet. Owing to extreme volar flexion weight was carried on the front of the hoof and the fetlock region when the calf was standing. Mild cases of this nature are not uncommon in newly born calves but extreme cases such as this one are rather rare. The deformity is probably of more frequent occurrence in foals. It is a form of talipes (club foot) such as is seen in human beings. In veterinary science some claim it is due to a contraction or shortening of the flexor tendons. Williams' Obstetrics indicates that in some instances there is a congenial rupture of the extensor tendon. The flexors are then without opposition and the foot is drawn into a flexed position and develops in that form.

In this instance the deformity was so marked that there was no hope of bringing about a correction of it without tenotomy. Accordingly the flexor tendons were both severed at about the middle of the cannon bone and the foot forcibly extended. The foot and the leg were then supported by the use of a galvanized iron splint formed to pass under the foot, over the front of it and up the front of the leg to which it was firmly bandaged with adhesive tape. At the end of one week the splints were removed and new ones put on which extended up the back of the leg and again were held in position with bandage and tape. At the end of two weeks these were taken off and the legs were left without any support. The calf made a good recovery.



Contracted tendons in the calf before operation.



Appearance of the calf one month after the operation.

COCCIDIOSIS IN MINK

A. A. KINGSCOTE, B.V.Sc.

Coccidiosis in mink is an enzootic or, less frequently, a sporadic disease which occurs chiefly in young animals following infection with *Coccidia* of the genera *Isospora* or *Eimeria*; these invade the epithelial cells of the small intestine. The disease manifests itself by haemorrhagic diarrhoea, anaemia, progressive emaciation and paralysis.

Historical.—The disease in mink has apparently only been recognized as a potential cause of loss within the last few years. *Coccidia* in such closely related animals as the weasel and ferret had, however, been previously noted. In 1898 Labbé recorded a species which he described as a variety of *Coccidium perforans* from the weasel. Hoare in 1927 recorded three new species from ferrets, *Isospora laidlawi*, *Eimeria ictidea* and *Eimeria juronis*. Since 1930 numerous losses caused by *Coccidia* in widely separated countries where mink are raised rank the disease they produce as one of the most serious disasters which may occur in a ranch. Three years ago Sprehn and Hiedigger in Germany and Ullrich in the Czechoslovakian Republic reported outbreaks of coccidiosis. Heidigger ascribed fatal cases of enteritis to an organism corresponding in size to *Isospora rivolta*. In 1931 Grini records further losses in Europe; Van Es mentions the occurrence of the disease in Nebraska; Riley and Christenson of Minnesota refer to a species of *Isospora* causing a highly fatal disease to young mink. In 1932 Hanson, in New York State, reports that ranch-raised and wild mink are infected with *Isospora bigemina* which proves very troublesome in minkeries and has been responsible for heavy losses amongst mink kittens. In the same year Grunert encountered several outbreaks of coccidiosis in Alberta, Canada, in which cases the animals were infected with both *Eimeria* and *Isospora*. During the past year (1933) Grini again refers to the disease stating that infection with an unnamed species of *Eimeria* produces what may be regarded as the most serious of mink diseases.

In the summer of 1933 our attention was first attracted by Welbank to the occurrence of an enzootic disease in an Ontario minkery which before it was checked caused the death of many young animals and some adults, leaving the survivors stunted and of little pelt or breeding value. This outbreak was subsequently diagnosed as coccidiosis caused by a small species of an *Eimeria*, a description and the life cycle of which is included in this report.

Occurrence.—The disease occurs most frequently in the summer and early fall months; most of the fatalities commence in June and continue until September. It is equally prevalent in dry and wet seasons. Unless the strictest sanitation is practised in ranches it soon spreads from pen to pen. It occurs amongst animals both on earth and board floor pens but not to any extent where wire-bottomed pens are used. Kittens and females are the most susceptible. The *Coccidia* exist in widely separated minkeries both in the Old and the New World. Faecal examinations show that many animals are carriers but show no ill effects from the infection.

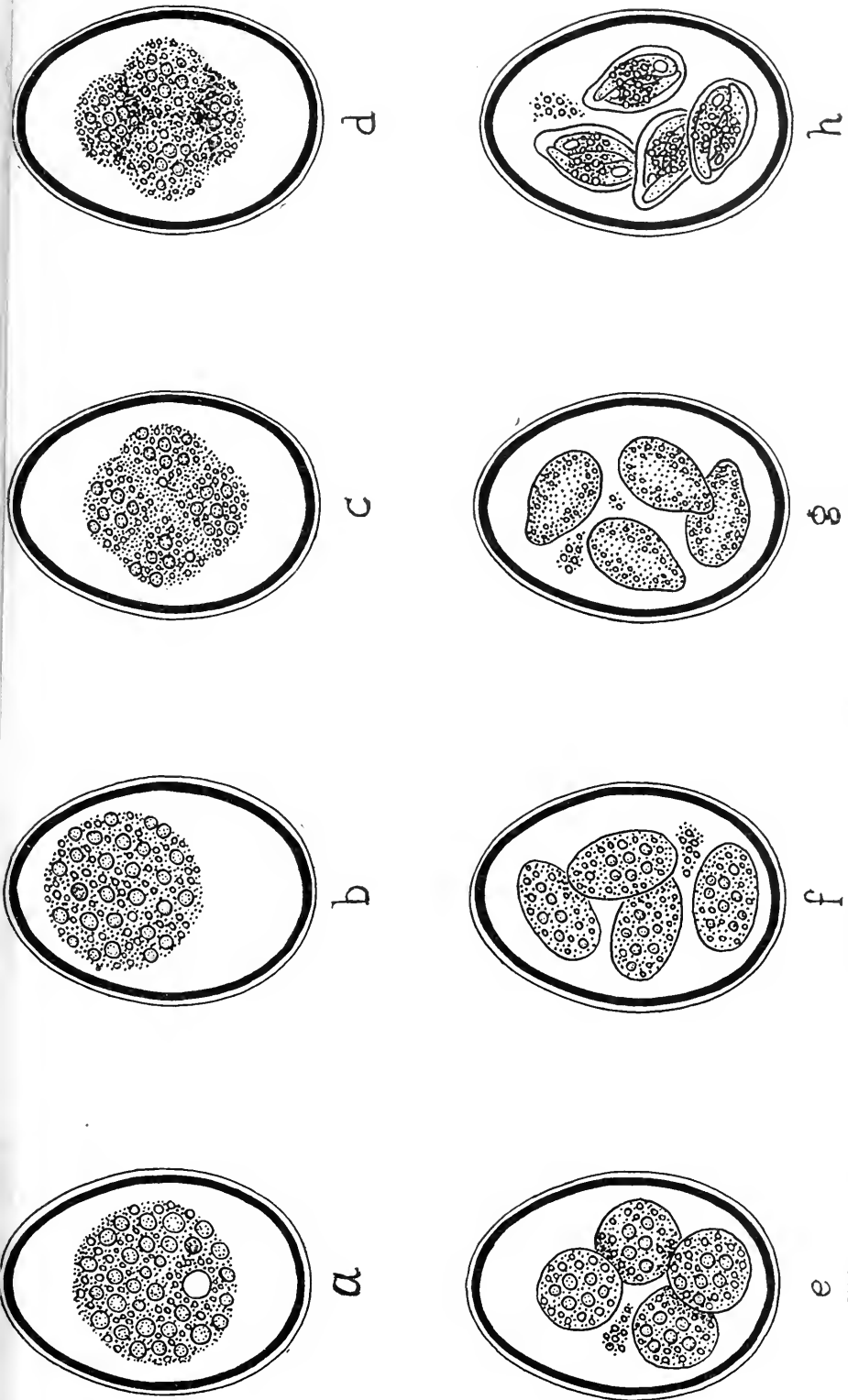


FIG. 1.—EXTRACORPORAL DEVELOPMENT OF *EIMERIA MUSTELAE*. *a, b*—Oocysts with unsegmented zygotes; *c, d*—segmentation of zygote; *e, f*—separation of the four sporoblasts, formation of sporocysts and oocystic residual body; *g, h*—development of the eight sporozoites and sporocystic residual body. (Original).

Etiology.—The various stages of the protozoans occur chiefly in the mucosa of the small intestine and the oocysts in the faeces. It is recognized that at least three species of Coccidia may give rise to the disease. Two of these belong to the genus *Isospora*, the oocysts of which may be easily recognized by keeping them a few days in water or a 2.5 per cent. solution of potassium bichromate, at room temperature; when sporulation is complete only two sporoblasts are formed. These two species in size closely resemble *Isospora bigemina* and *Isospora rivolta* of the dog and cat. The third species is an *Eimeria* which may be distinguished from *Isospora* by the formation of four instead of two sporoblasts. It is extremely small and unless fecal material or intestinal scrapings are carefully examined may be easily overlooked under a magnification of one hundred diameters. A description of this *Eimeria*, some of the oocysts of which were obtained in Ontario and others, for comparison, from Saratoga Springs, New York, and from Fort Saskatchewan, Alberta, is as follows:

The oocysts are found in large numbers in the faeces of infected animals; they are oval or egg-shaped in outline and measure from 17.0 to 22.1 μ in length by 9.0 to 18.0 μ in breadth; their average dimensions are 20.3 by 14.6 μ . The wall of the oocyst consists of two layers, a thin colourless outer membrane and a thick yellowish-brown inner layer. The average thickness of the wall is 0.75 μ . No micropyle is discernible. The zygotes in freshly passed oocysts are spherical or slightly oval with an average and fairly constant size of 12.0 by 9.0 μ . They are situated in the centre or at one extremity of the oocysts.

When placed in 2.5 per cent. solution of potassium bichromate at room temperature sporulation continues from the second to the eighth day. It is, however, not until the seventh day that the majority of the zygotes commence to divide. A small granular residual oocystic body is often present after the completion of sporulation. The sporocysts, of which there are four in number, are at first spherical, then oval and finally pear-shaped in form with the fairly constant measurements of 10.0 by 5.5 μ in the last stage. On about the tenth day after the passage of the oocysts from the host two sporozoites become perceptible within each sporocyst; these are 9.1 μ in length and 2.5 μ at the widest part of the body. They are slightly curved and clubshaped; being wider at one extremity than the other, each lying in an opposite direction to its fellow. At the broad end a spherical or oval vacuole is often visible. A nucleus is not discernible in unstained specimens. A conspicuous granular residual body is always present after the appearance of the sporozoites. No micropyle can be seen in the sporocyst.

Experimental animals which by repeated faecal examinations appeared to be free from Coccidia, were fed large numbers of these *Eimeria* oocysts. In the faeces of a mink and two ferrets considerable numbers of the parasites appeared on the sixth day after feeding the sporulated oocysts. These they continued to pass for four days after which they completely disappeared. On the other hand two kittens (*Felidae*), a rabbit and a Guinea pig failed to become infected with the same material. These feeding experiments were repeated on three occasions and the results were constant. It therefore appears that this species is not a variety of *Eimeria*

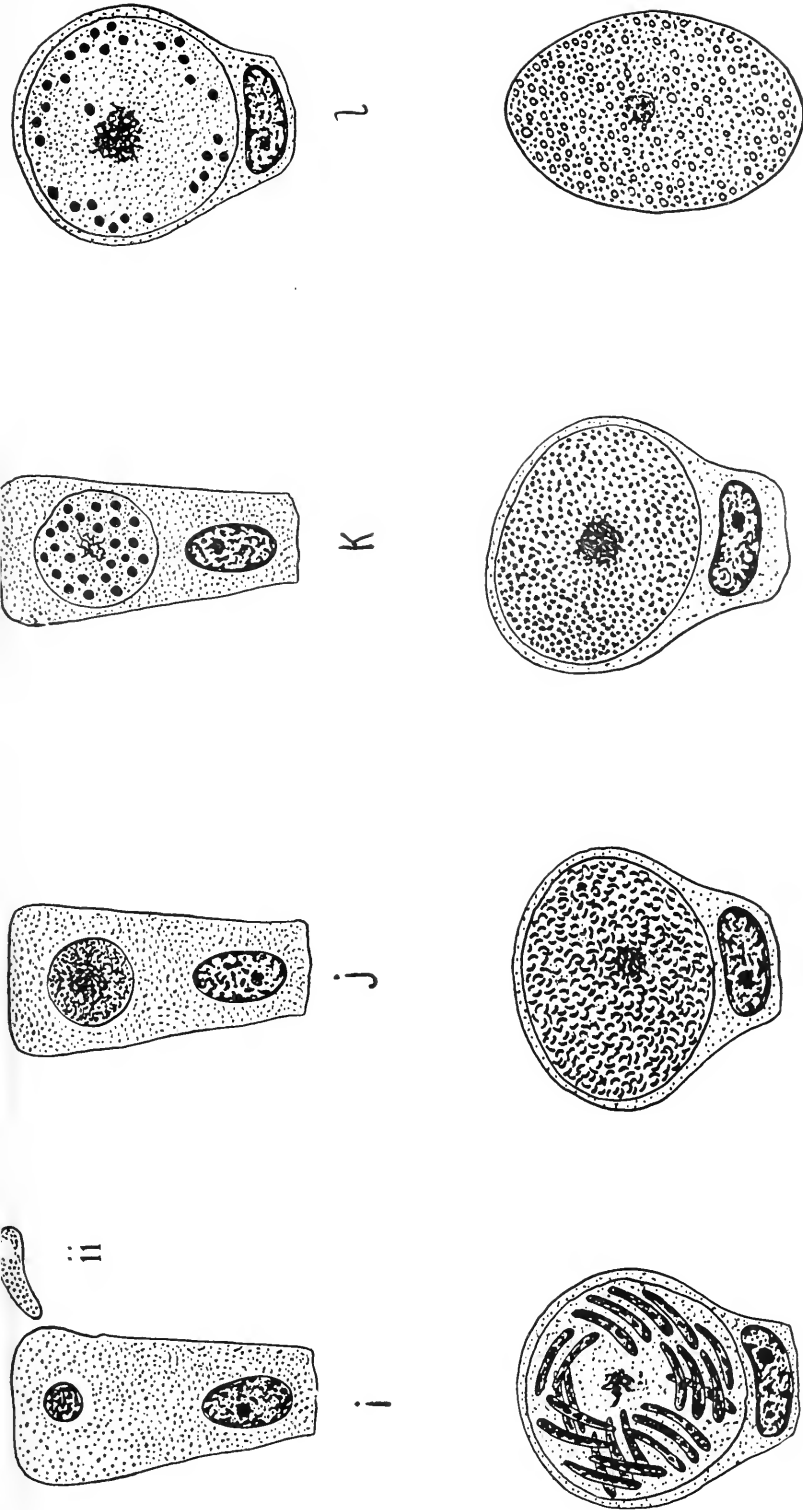


FIG. 2.—INTRACORPOREAL DEVELOPMENT OF *EIMERIA MUSTELAE*. *ii*—Sporozoite in lumen of intestine; *i*—development of schizont in epithelial cell; *j, k, l, m*—growth of schizont and production of macrogamete and microgamete; *n*—microgamete in which numerous microgametes have developed; *o*—macrogamete; *p*—zygote formed by the fertilization of the macrogamete by a microgamete. The zygote secretes the oocyst and assumes the form illustrated in FIG. 1 *a*. (Original).

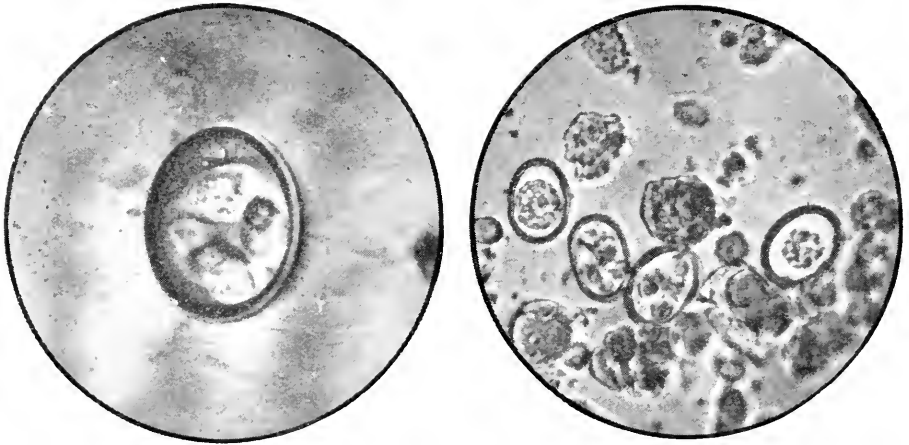


FIG. 3.—Photomicrographs of *Eimeria mustelae*. (Right)—Oocysts as they appear in a faecal smear (x 440). (Left)—A sporulated oocyst (x 1000). (Original).

felina, *Eimeria perforans* or *Eimeria caviae*, respectively of the cat, rabbit and Guinea pig, which it also differs from in morphological details and in the periods required for sporulation. It also differs from *Eimeria ictidea*, Hoare, 1927, to the extent that the oocysts and all stages formed during the extracorporeal development are uniformly smaller in size; a micropyle is never present and in many of the oocysts a small residual body occurs, while the period of sporulation, among the majority of the oocysts, is seven instead of three days. It therefore appears that the *Eimeria* which infects the mink (*Mustela vison*) naturally, and the ferret (*Mustela putoris*) experimentally, is a distinct species for which the name *Eimeria mustelae* has been proposed.

Endogenous Development of the Coccidia.—The intracellular development of the species described above has been studied in histological sections prepared from the intestines of mink which died during the course of the Ontario enzootic. Invasion of the intestinal epithelium shortly follows the ingestion of the sporulated oocysts from which the eight sporozoites escape. These are most frequently seen in the cells after they have assumed a small spherical form which lies in the cytoplasm between the nucleus and the free extremity of the cell. One or two sporozoites may penetrate a single cell. Their invasion is practically confined to the epithelium at the free extremity of the villi. During the process of schizogony they increase in size, the nuclear material divides into twenty to thirty-five small spherical masses which become elongated and develop each into a spindle-shaped merozoite. The great number of merozoites and the distribution of their various stages suggest that this phase in schizogony is repeated at least once. The merozoites thus penetrate further and further into the crypts of Lieberkühn eventually invading and destroying the entire epithelium including the Goblet cells. (Figs. 5 and 6). Sporogony or the sexual cycle then commences following the escape of the merozoites and their invasion into adjoining crypts the cells of which they penetrate at all levels. Here they rapidly increase in size

to form gametocytes or sex cells which in turn destroy the tissues that nourish them. The majority of gametocytes become macrogametes or female bodies while the remainder develop into microgametocytes containing great numbers of minute microgametes; these latter fertilize the macrogametes from which the zygotes then arise, assume oval forms around which the oocysts are secreted. Due to their increase in size the zygotes and the young oocysts distend the crypts of the intestine to several times their normal diameter. They are gradually forced to the surface where they accumulate in hundreds forming minute white masses visible to the naked eye. (Fig. 4). The oocysts are finally carried along with the ingesta and passed out of the body with the faeces. The endogenous development occurs throughout the length of the small intestine and is completed in six days. It is estimated that each oocyst ingested results in the passage of approximately 10,000 oocysts between the end of the first and second week after infection. On the same basis it is calculated the ingestion of each 100 oocysts is responsible for the destruction of 1,000,000 epithelial

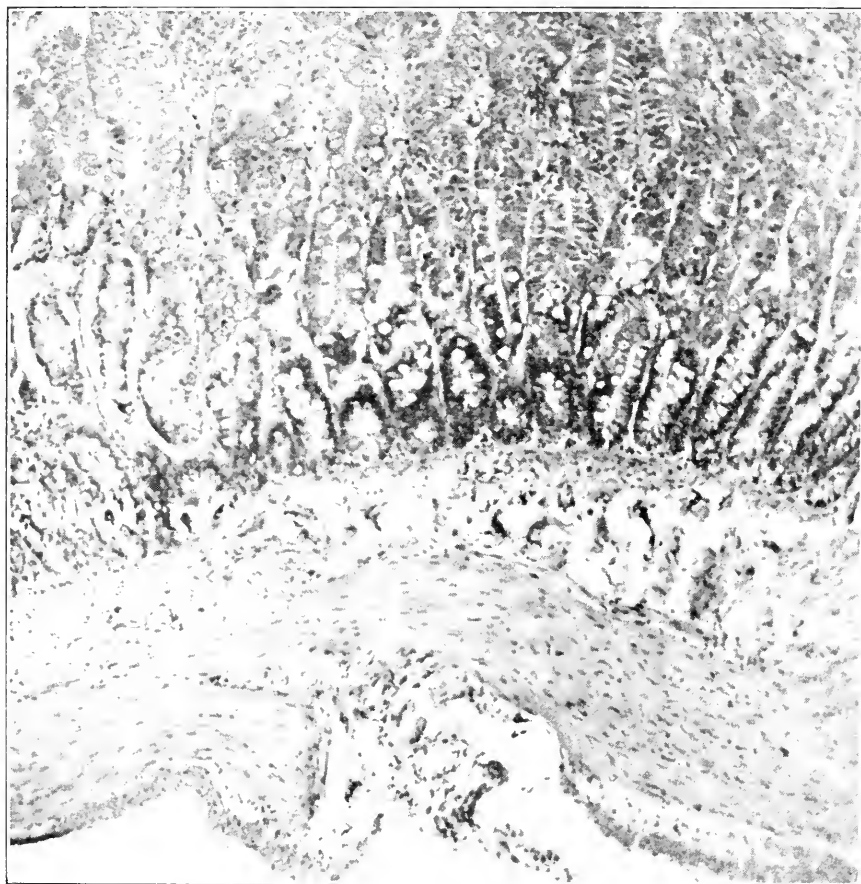


FIG. 5.—Section through jejunum of mink. The dark areas at the distal extremities of the intestinal crypts represent the few epithelial cells which have not been invaded or destroyed by *Eimeria mustelae* (x 100) (Original)

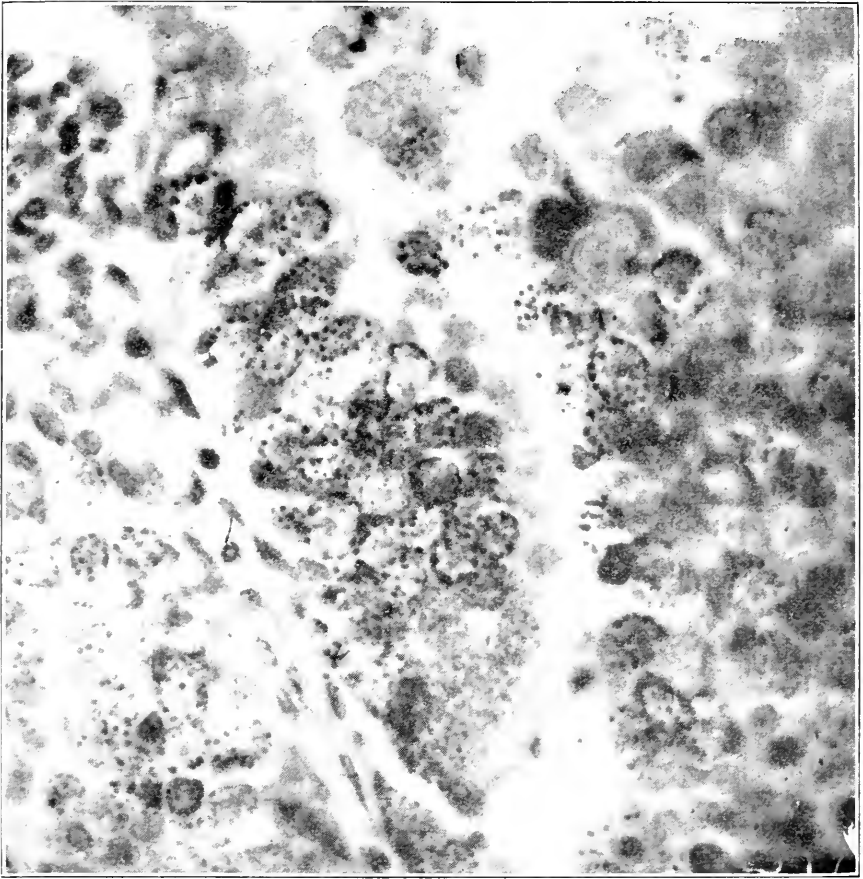


FIG. 6.—Section through jejunum of mink showing merozoites of *Eimeria mustelae* which have invaded or destroyed almost the entire epithelium in the three adjoining crypts of Lieberkühn illustrated. (x 440) (Original).

cells during the six days following ingestion. The great increase in the number of parasites by asexual and sexual multiplication explains the manner in which the disease spreads and develops.

The life histories of the *Isospora* in the mink, as far as we are aware, have not been studied from a comparative viewpoint. Taking the development of such closely related *Coccidia* as *Isospora* of the dog and cat as a criterion they are no doubt similar to them and to that of the *Eimeria* described above, with the possible exception that, as Wenyon and Sheather have illustrated, invasion of the subepithelial tissues may also occur; a condition which if existent would make *Isospora* infection more serious and difficult to control than that of the *Eimeria*.

Infection.—The oocysts which pass in great numbers with the faeces of diseased animals continue their development usually for seven days when they become infective. Infection follows the ingestion of contaminated food or water. The parasite may spread throughout a ranch by

moving the infected animals, their feed pans, drinking vessels, swimming baths and nest boxes from pen to pen; by carrying oocysts mechanically on footwear and upon hoes and other tools used in cleaning out faeces and bedding. Vermin, sparrows, flies and other insects which visit the pens are also likely factors in the mechanical dissemination of the parasite.

Susceptibility.—Young mink during the first summer of their lives are the most susceptible. The kittens are the first to suffer, then in order the young females and males; old adults are resistant but not entirely immune to the disease. In many ranches the coccidia are present but do not produce any symptoms of disease. Under certain circumstances, however, they become highly pathogenic. Overcrowding and prolonged residence especially in small pens may be responsible for producing a greater infection than the animal can withstand. In the outbreak investigated in Ontario a historical study of the case indicated that the diet was re-

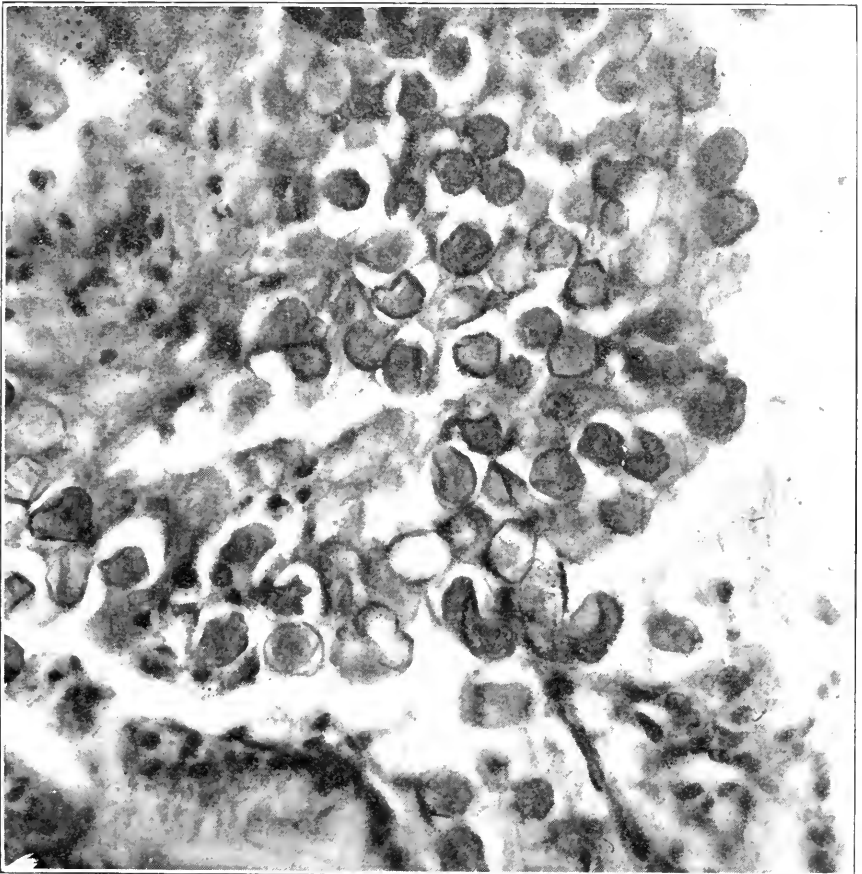


FIG. 4.—Section through jejunum of mink showing accumulation of oocysts (*Eimeria mustelae*) at the opening of an intestinal crypt. On the sixth day after a heavy infestation similar lesions occur throughout the length of the small intestine; to the naked eye they appear as small, raised, white specks. (x 440). (Original).

sponsible for lack of resistance against the disease as these animals had been fed nothing but cooked food for over an entire year.

In addition to the *Isospora* and *Eimeria* known to cause coccidiosis in mink, other species or varieties of coccidia varying greatly in pathogenicity, doubtlessly exist. This is likely when it is considered that twelve varieties of *Mustela vison*, the wild mink, occur in North America. All have been confined to their own localities by such natural barriers as mountains, deserts or large bodies of water. Unquestionably, they harbour parasites which have been inherited from some common ancestor, and such parasites, like their hosts, have changed in form and habit during the course of time. The modern minkeries have been stocked with several varieties of the wild mink, and with the animals their respective parasites have been introduced. Thus variation in racial resistance is possibly one of the reasons that in some ranches coccidia appear harmless and in others highly pathogenic.

Pathogenesis.—The invasion of the epithelial cells of the small intestine by the sporozoite and their subsequent intracellular development is responsible for the rapid and extensive destruction of the epithelium. (Figs. 4, 5 and 6). As reinfestation continues the mucosa becomes progressively damaged. Localized areas devoid of their protective cells extend throughout the length of the small intestine; these areas increase in numbers and coalesce. Such destruction of the epithelium results in the exposure of the underlying tissue, in which the capillaries are congested and readily ruptured, causing numerous small hemorrhages collectively responsible for the bloody diarrhea. In uncomplicated cases cell infiltration is not marked and usually consists almost entirely of small mononuclear leucocytes. In long standing cases proliferation of the fibrous tissue elements is conspicuous especially at the tips of the villi which become tumified. The desquamation of the protective epithelium also opens up numerous avenues of entrance for bacteria which frequently cause secondary infection, acute enteritis or general infections.

Anatomical Changes.—The intestines may be contracted or relaxed. Within the lumen the contents and pathological changes are variable. Clots of blood, ingesta mixed with blood or mucous, masses of epithelium and oocysts are usually present. The mucous membrane shows haemorrhagic streaks. Small white spots about the size of pinheads composed of masses of oocysts which have accumulated at the openings of the intestinal crypts make the surface irregular. (Fig. 4.) These spots may extend throughout the length of the small intestine; they are one or two millimeters apart. Secondary infections make other gross post-mortem changes extremely variable, but the carcasses are always anaemic and emaciated. In the latter stage of the disease, in some cases, the destruction of the mucous membrane has been so extensive that the parasites diminish in numbers for lack of cells to invade.

Symptoms.—In the early stages of the disease infected animals are not inclined to leave their nest boxes, they are hypersensitive to noise and movement. The stools may be soft but otherwise not abnormal. As the disease progresses the faeces become mucous coated and often streaked

with blood and finally fetid haemorrhagic diarrhea develops. There is marked and frequent tenesmus and indications of increasing weakness. The animals walk unsteadily when disturbed, the legs appear unable to bear the weight of the body; the front paws are turned inwards and often knuckle over. The hindquarters are stiff, often swollen and eventually become paralyzed. The eyes protrude, the coat is rough and lustreless and frequently "off colour." Secondary anaemia and emaciation become marked as the disease progresses. The temperature varies considerably, depending upon the nature of secondary diseases. In the last stages of coccidiosis it ranges from 100 to 105 degrees. The pulse is usually feeble and difficult to detect. The blood picture is that of secondary anaemia with the exception that it is generally rich in haemoglobin. The white blood corpuscle count is usually high and from 40 to 80 per cent. of the cells are neutrophile leucocytes; the variation corresponding with the nature of secondary infections.

Complications of coccidiosis are numerous and include acute enteritis, hepatitis, peritonitis, bronchitis, pneumonia, nephritis and susceptibility to Staphylococcus infections manifested by the formation of large boils at the site of any external injuries. Such boils are usually seen about the head and neck.

The infected mink finally succumb from exhaustion or secondary infections. Their bodies are usually found in the nest boxes during the morning rounds of the ranch.

Course and Prognosis.—The disease runs a chronic course generally extending from four to eight weeks or longer, depending on the extent of reinfestation and the nature of secondary infections. Animals which show symptoms of anaemia and cachexia and haemorrhagic diarrhea seldom recover, while those that do survive remain stunted and in poor condition for many weeks and are not desirable for breeding stock or for their pelts. Infected animals which show only slight symptoms of enteritis may be saved when strict sanitary measures are taken to avoid further reinfestation. *The severity of the disease appears to depend chiefly upon the extent of reinfestation.*

Diagnosis.—The occurrence of the disease among mink kittens, the haemorrhagic diarrhea and the discovery of large numbers of the oocysts in the faeces or intestinal scraping are the factors upon which the diagnosis is based.

It should always be ascertained whether or not rabbits' viscera have been fed to mink passing small oocysts as *Eimeria perforans*, the small intestinal Coccidium of the rabbit, which resembles the specific *Eimeria* of the mink, may appear in the stools as a pseudo-parasite. If kept in 2.5 per cent. solutions of potassium dichromate most oocysts of *Eimeria perforans* will sporulate within forty-eight hours—whilst the majority of those from the mink take considerably longer.

Other infectious diseases of mink caused by a bacterium or virus generally run a much more rapid course than coccidiosis. A careful study of the distribution and the time elapsing between losses throughout a ranch is often a guide in deciding whether some acute infectious disease

is present or some more insidious condition. There are also symptoms in common between coccidiosis, helminth parasitism and acidosis which must be duly differentiated.

Treatment.—Tablets containing Quinine Arsenate, Iron Arsenate and Nuclein Solution have been used by Grunert and beneficial results observed. Welbank in Ontario has noted improvement following the administration of Iron Carbonate in the feed. Hanson suggests that as some investigators report that the use of a diet high in milk, especially milk powder, has been attended with favourable results in developing resistance against coccidiosis in poultry, that it might at least be included in the diet of mink. Weak solutions of Potassium permanganate in the drinking water (in non-metallic vessels) may tend to reduce secondary infections by bacteria. Intestinal antiseptic powders or tablets may be mixed with the food.

Prophylaxis.—Coccidiosis can be prevented in minkeries. The elucidation of the life cycle of the Eimeria, together with observations in the ranch and upon laboratory animals indicate that repeated and heavy infestations are essential to produce manifestations of disease. The parasite is only capable of limited multiplication within the host and provided no reinfestation takes place animals become and remain free from the coccidia about four days after the latter first make their appearance in the stools. At the first indication of disease the mink should be placed upon raised wire floors where the droppings containing the oocysts pass through the openings and reduce the possibility of reinfestation to a minimum. Hanson records where the trouble caused by coccidiosis was entirely restricted to kits which had been moved from raised wire floors to sand-bottomed pens. No cases of the disease were apparent in the animals left on the raised wire.

In the course of our experiments with laboratory animals it was also observed that the liberal use of straw in the cages prevented heavy reinfestation. On the other hand, animals kept on the bare metal, which was frequently cleaned, were constantly becoming reinfected. Likewise in the ranch it is extremely difficult to remove all the oocysts from board floors, bare or sprinkled with sand, even though the pens are cleaned daily. It is, therefore, recommended that when wire-bottomed pens are not available, board floors be covered with straw, to prevent the concentration of infected faeces in a thin film upon the surface. This lessens the possibility of the food becoming contaminated. Coal tar disinfectants on board or other floors, even when applied frequently, appear of little benefit. Grunert has succeeded in checking a number of enzootics in Alberta by observing the strictest sanitation in pens and nest boxes, never allowing faeces to remain for more than 48 hours, and by disinfecting the pens with Viscojod, an iodine preparation, said to destroy oocysts upon contact, (made by Chemische Fabrik Marienfelde, Berlin, Germany). His sanitary measures were continued until weekly routine faecal examinations showed no more oocysts; usually six weeks persistent sanitation were required to eradicate the parasites.

Care must be practiced to avoid disseminating the oocysts through the ranch by the use of hoes for scraping out the pens of non-infected and infected animals, by the interchange of feed pans, nest boxes, common catching boxes and other equipment; and upon the footwear of ranchmen. Swimming tanks are not necessary and should be removed. Every effort should also be made to reduce the number of flies and other insect carriers about the ranch by the destruction of their breeding places and the setting of traps.

The disease might in some instances be forestalled by the periodical microscopic examination of the faeces, so that at the first indication that *Coccidia* were increasing in numbers steps would be taken to prevent outbreaks of the disease.

The danger of coccidiosis may also be reduced by avoiding overcrowding and prolonged residence in pens; in keeping the animals healthy and resistant against disease through proper feeding, which includes the addition of raw meat, small quantities of fresh vegetables, canned tomato, milk or eggs in the diet.

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BOVINE HEMOGLOBINURIA
ASSOCIATED WITH AN INTESTINAL INFECTION CAUSED BY
THE *CL. WELCHII*.

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INTRODUCTION

The disease under investigation in this report—bovine hemoglobinuria—occurs as a sporadic disease in many widely separated parts of the Province of Ontario and is most likely identical with similar diseases of cattle in other countries, reports of which appear from time to time in veterinary literature. It is important at the outset to make quite clear that this disease is not due to any specific blood parasites such as the piroplasm. As the condition hematuria is frequently designated as 'red water' it is necessary to add that only true cases of hemoglobinuria are included in the investigation. Hematuria is a rare disease in the Province of Ontario and does not occur in endemic form. The abundant evidence upon which these statements are based will be found in the different sections of the report.

The mortality from 'red water' is not high, but in some years the cases are numerous, and the loss in condition and milk production is serious to the individual farmer. But of equal seriousness and significance is the fact that the nature of the disease is not in the least understood, which means that a rational method of treatment cannot be employed. After studying the disease from many different angles we are coming to the conclusion that it is essentially an entero-toxaemia caused by an organism closely related to, if not identical with, the *Cl. welchii*.

THE RELATIONSHIP OF THIS DISEASE TO OTHER BOVINE
HEMOGLOBINURIAS

There is a marked paucity of information with regard to this disease both in standard veterinary text books and in current veterinary literature. The older works on veterinary medicine undoubtedly give an accurate description of this condition, but it is not differentiated from the protozoal infections which were discovered at a later date. Such confusion was inevitable and excusable, but most modern text books make the more serious mistake of attributing to a piroplasm the great majority of cases of bovine hemoglobinuria. Parturient red water and red water due to the excessive consumption of special foods such as turnips, which were believed to represent independent conditions, are now included in the one category of piroplamosis. This view of the disease is I believe incorrect, but before offering the evidence a few quotations from different authors will be given.

Clatter¹, in his book entitled 'The Cattle Doctor', published some fifty years ago, gives an accurate description of the disease and makes the following interesting observation: 'The practice of feeding stall-fed cattle as well as others upon large quantities of turnips in cold weather, has not been sufficiently considered by owners of cattle, particularly those kinds that are the produce of ill-drained and ill-manured lands.'

Steel, J. H.,² in Diseases of the Ox, notes the existing confusion between hematuria and hemoglobinuria and affirms red water to be a true hemoglobinuria. 'It was thought that the color of the urine depended upon the presence of blood in it, but the absence of blood as blood is proved by the absence of red blood cells.'

In 'Diseases of Cattle,'³ (U.S. Department of Agriculture) the following statement is made in describing the disease red water. 'This is a common affection among cattle in certain localities, above all in damp, undrained lands, and under a backward agriculture. Frosted turnips or other roots will bring on the affection in some subjects.'

The following quotation is from Law's Veterinary Medicine:⁴ 'Apart from the fact that the rich grasses of spring produce at first intestinal congestion and diarrhea, with consequent disorder of the liver and kidneys, this spring affection on particular pastures suggests some special poison in the pasture as the unknown cause of the disease. In all forms alike of this affection the nature of the soil appears to have a preponderating influence. It is the disease of the woods, and waste lands, of damp and undrained lands, of dense clays, of lands underlaid by clay or hard pan, of lands rich in vegetable humus, or vegetable moulds the decomposition of which has been hastened by the application of quicklime. Williams says that urine in such cases had a strong odor or rotten turnips. This argues not an anaemia determined by sugar, but rather an intestinal fermentation, perhaps superinduced by ferments introduced along the the turnips. Add to this the notorious fact that the offending turnips are usually such as are grown on wild, damp, undrained, swampy, or mucky lands, and we have the suggestion of a bacteridian poison, or a toxic product of bacteria.'

Coming to more modern text books we quote from an article by J. F. Craig in Hoare's System of Veterinary Medicine.⁵ 'Some writers describe a special form of red water appearing in cows a few days after parturition. The symptoms exhibited are those described for ordinary red water, but are always very serious. In cases where the disease has been thoroughly investigated the *P. bovis* has been found in the red blood corpuscles. No ticks may be attached to the animal because the attack is a secondary one, the defences of the body having been broken down by the parturient state It was once thought that the disease was due to some dietetic error. Long rank grass, large quantities of turnips or a diet rich in carbohydrate were regarded as causal agents. About ten years ago attention was drawn to the great similarity between this disease and Texas fever and the blood of affected animals was examined by Nocard, Mettam, Montgomery and others and this led to the discovery of the true cause, the *Piroplasma bovis*.'

Records and Vawter⁶ describe a disease of cattle common in certain parts of Nevada as 'bacillary ictero-hemoglobinuria'. This disease resembles the one now under consideration in several important respects. The causal agent is a spore forming anaerobe; the disease is characterized by a true hemoglobinuria; and the liver suffers much damage. The disease is, however, of a much more serious nature, usually terminating fatally in thirty-six hours. It would appear to be a septicemia.

Sordelli, Ferrari and Prado⁷ report a hemoglobinuria among cattle in the Argentine which is due to an anaerobic bacillus of the Welch type. A full report of these investigations has not been seen but abstracts would indicate a close relationship between the two diseases. F. T. Harvey⁸ reports a 'red water' of cattle which occurs among animals feeding on rape and kale. The disease is of low mortality, recovery usually following a change of food. J. Anderson⁹ has given an excellent description of a disease termed 'parturient red water' of cattle which occurs in certain parts of Scotland and is definitely associated with the feeding of turnips.

Although modern text books tend to ignore the 'dietetic hemoglobinurias' and to look upon all cases of red water—except those due to chemical poisons—as caused by the haemosporidia, yet the writer is confident that many cases are essentially related to diet and intestinal infection with the *Cl. welchii*.

CLINICAL DESCRIPTION

In the earliest stages of the disease the affected animal may appear quite normal except for the passage of urine which has a slight red tinge. In fact it is usually the colored urine which first attracts the attention of the owner to the animal. Even at the early stage the pulse is accelerated to 60 or 70 beats. Diarrhea is frequently present and often precedes the hemoglobinuria. Marked constipation as a rule follows the diarrhea. The appetite remains good until the disease has advanced to the state of marked anaemia when the appetite usually fails and the secretion of milk is greatly diminished. In most cases by the third or fourth day well marked symptoms of disease are present. The visible mucous membranes are blanched and icteric; the animal is dull, the coat is staring, rumination is suspended and the animal has a haggard appearance. The urine is very dark in color and foams as it strikes the ground. The pulse is always accelerated, 80 to 100 or more, and the heart beats with a forceful impact upon the thoracic wall. In some cases the sound of the beat may be heard at a distance of several feet from the animal. There is little alteration in temperature except in fatal cases when a rise of two or three degrees frequently occurs. The feces are dark and cause a deep yellow discoloration of the skin of the hand if the rectum is entered. The respirations are increased. The disease exhibits varying degrees of severity, from mild cases which quickly recover with no other treatment than a change of food, to acute cases which run a fatal course in four or five days. This form is most frequently seen in cows which have recently calved.

EPIDEMIOLOGY

Distribution.—Red water is widely distributed, but there are certain sections of the county where the condition is rarely, if ever, seen, while in other parts the disease is practically an enzootic. Even in the red water district the disease occurs with greater frequency on some farms than on others.

Relationship to Soil Formation.—While cases of 'red water' occur on all kinds of farm land yet the evidence would indicate that it is more prevalent on light, poor land than on heavy fertile soils. The disease occurs with greater frequency on poorly drained land.

Seasonal Variation.—Most cases occur during the spring and fall months while the animals are out at pasture. Nevertheless cases occur throughout the year, many of the most severe cases developing among recently calved cows which are stable fed. The disease is more prevalent in wet than in dry seasons.

Relationship to Sex.—The disease is almost exclusively one affecting the female species. Very rarely is it seen in the male. There is a definite relationship between the occurrence of the disease and the physiological state of an animal which has recently calved.

Relationship to Age and Condition.—The disease occurs more frequently in mature and middle aged animals than in the young. There is no evidence that the general condition of the animal has any direct effect upon the incidence of the disease.

Relationship to Food.—Food is undoubtedly a factor of prime importance. Kale, rape, turnips and alfalfa are considered to be foods which act as predisposing causes to 'red water'. Here again, especially in conjunction with the puerperal state. In some districts where rape is heavily grown there is a common saying 'Never put a fresh cow on rape'. When cattle are penned in on rape and have access to no other food the number of cases may be as high as 50% of the herd. It is interesting to note that rape, kale and turnips all belong to the same family, the *cruciferae*. Tests have been made to see whether these plants contain any haemolytic substance like saponin, all with negative results.

Cold food, frozen food are partially decomposed food seems to be definitely provocative of the condition.

Mineral deficiency has frequently been suggested as a predisposing cause but there is no direct evidence to support the idea.

POST-MORTEM APPEARANCE

Up to the present we have been unfortunate in failing to secure many cases for post-mortem examination. Autopsies have been made on three typical cases. Two of these were conducted under very difficult circumstances at night time and with the poor illumination of lanterns. Tissue from two other cases has been received at the laboratory in excellent condition for examination. It is from this limited material that the post-mortem appearances have to be described.

The Liver.—The liver is pale and friable. It shows either a fine or coarse mottling. Large irregular areas may be seen which are pale brown in color and suggest areas of degeneration or necrosis.

The Gall Bladder.—This organ is distended and contains a thick viscid and very dark brown bile.

The Kidney.—The Kidney is swollen and has a dirty brown color. There are numerous irregular areas both large and small which are dark chocolate brown in color. The same dark brown patches are seen when the organ is incised. They have the appearance of haemorrhages.

The Small Intestine.—Viewed from the outside the intestine has a deep pink color which is due to staining with laked blood. The contents of the bowel may be slightly blood stained or appear almost normal in color. A few submucous petechial haemorrhages are present. There is little or no evidence of inflammation. The mesenteric lymph glands are œdematous.

The Abomasum.—In two cases the sub-mucosa was extensively infiltrated with a serous exudate, which caused the folds of the mucous membrane to be very thick and œdematous.

The Lungs.—In the most acute case observed the lungs showed a deep brown discoloration.

MORBID HISTOLOGY

The Liver.—The changes in the parenchymal cells of this organ are of a very severe nature, and quite characteristic. There is extensive necrosis, which usually involves the areas around the central vein. It has the appearance of coagulation necrosis in that the general outline of the structure of the tissue can still be distinguished. Immediately adjacent to this necrotic area, and in two of the cases occupying a position mid way between the necrotic central area and the cells of the periphery is a zone of well marked cloudy swelling and fatty degeneration. The hepatic cells contain granules of bile pigment. Cellular infiltration is not marked.

The damage to the liver is so extensive and severe that the function of the organ must have almost ceased. The presence of large numbers of bacteria in some areas would indicate invasion which undoubtedly takes place prior to death.

The Kidney.—The epithelium of the convoluted tubules shows extensive cloudy swelling with some necrosis. Albumen and detached epithelial cells may be seen in the lumen of the tubules. Haemorrhages in the interstitial tissue are present.

The Small Intestine.—There is complete degeneration of the epithelium, but little evidence of inflammation. There is some cellular infiltration. The capillaries are empty or contain damaged red blood cells. Numerous large rods are seen invading the sub-mucosa. In morphology they resemble those seen in the sections of liver tissue.

RESULTS OF BLOOD EXAMINATIONS IN HEMOGLOBINURIA

Blood Parasites.—A thorough examination of stained specimens of blood was made both from acute and subacute cases for the purpose of detecting the presence of such parasites as the *babesia* and *anaplasma*. Such organisms were not detected in any specimen examined. This harmonizes with the clinical absence of temperature in the majority of cases and the inability to produce the disease by blood inoculation.

Blood Counts.—Numerous blood counts have been made, all showing a great reduction in the erythrocyte count. In an unusually severe case the count just prior to death was 960,000 per cu. mm. The average red cell count in four sub-acute cases was 3.2 per cu. mm. In one instance where erythrocyte counts were made for some time prior to the attack of hemoglobinuria a steady decline in the number of cells was noted, long before the urine showed the presence of hemoglobin.

The white cell count in variable. In the subacute cases it remains about normal or slightly below normal. The average in five cases being 8.0 per cu. mm. In the severe cases there is a marked increase up to as many as 20,000 w.b.c. per cu. mm. This again is in accord with the view that invasion of the tissues and organs, especially the liver, occurs in the acute and fatal cases. In such cases there is usually an elevation of temperature as the disease progresses.

Differential Cell Counts.—A few (4) only have been made, which revealed nothing of significance. The number of blood platelets is increased, which is most likely related to the increased activity of the bone marrow. Changes in the red blood cells were very marked. Anisocytosis, poikilocytosis and anisochromia were constantly present in all acute cases.

Hydrogen Ion Concentration.—pH determinations were made on five samples of blood serum from well marked cases of red water. The readings varied slightly but were all within the range for normal blood plasma.

BACTERIOLOGICAL FINDINGS

The bacteriological findings in the first fatal case of red water which was studied were so significant that the theory of an entero-toxaemia due to the *Cl. welchii* was the immediate result. Although many problems yet remain unsolved, and although the cultural findings do not always harmonize with this theory of the disease, yet there is no alternative view which offers as likely a solution of the perplexing question of etiology.

Bacteriological examinations have been made in three fatal cases of red water where the examination was made almost immediately after death, and of tissues forwarded to the laboratory from two other cases. Fecal examinations have been made in four typical and non-fatal cases. This constitutes the bulk of the material which has been available for bacteriological study.

In each of the fatal cases studied an organism which seems to be identical with the *Cl. welchii* has been isolated. In one instance this organism was present in almost pure culture. The characteristics of this organism are as follows.

Morphology.—A large rod, but varying in length; filaments rare. Sides parallel and ends truncated. Frequently seen side by side in small bundles. Spores which are subterminal rarely seen in culture, but present in smears made from the infected mucous membrane. Not motile. Capsules observed in body exudates.

Blood Agar.—Two days at 37°C. Two types of colonies form. One is round, pin head in size, opaque, smooth, convex, and with entire edge.

The other is a larger colony, unbonate, translucent, with a radially striated periphery. Zone of B-haemolysis surrounds both types of colony. Cooked meat medium:— Heavy growth; gas formed; meat turned pink; no digestion; sour odour. Litmus milk:— acid, gas and clot. Stormy fermentation. Sugars fermented. Glucose, maltose, sucrose, lactose and *mannite with acid and gas.

Pathogenicity.—Broth cultures injected subcutaneously into the guinea pig cause marked oedema, with necrosis and some liquefaction of the tissue. Death in about twenty-four hours. Rabbits and white mice are also highly susceptible. A powerful hematoxin is rapidly formed in meat medium which is highly fatal to rabbits in intra venous injection. A brief summary of the most interesting facts related to the case is given.

Case No. 1. (Whitelaw). A well marked case of parturient red water, the cow having recently freshened. She was being fed heavily on rape. Post-mortem was made two hours after death. The temperature was a little above zero. The post-mortem showed the typical tissue changes which occur in red water.

Duodenum.—The contents were fluid, slightly blood stained, and had the appearance of a catarrhal exudate. A smear made from the mucous surface of the gut and stained by Gram's method showed the presence of tremendous numbers of large Gram positive rods. Few other organisms were present. Smears from other parts of the intestine showed the same organisms but not in the same profusion. Blood agar slants were inoculated and incubated anaerobically. The organism was present in almost a pure culture. Our interest immediately centred upon the marked haemolytic power of the organism. It seemed reasonable to suppose that an organism producing such potent haemolysin in culture media might, when growing in the intestine of the cow, be absorbed and cause lysis of the red blood cells.

Case No. 2 (Robson). (During the last twelve months the owner has lost two cows with parturient red water, and a third was seriously ill but recovered.) This was a typical case, the cow having freshened two weeks previous to the attack. Blood drawn from the jugular vein a few minutes before the animal died was chocolate brown in color, due to the methemoglobin present. This has not been observed in other cases. Blood cultures remained sterile. The post-mortem revealed the typical changes described elsewhere in this report.

Duodenum.—This contained a slightly blood stained turbid fluid. Smears when stained showed the presence of large numbers of a medium sized Gram positive rod. The same organism was present in the liver tissue, and also in the large intestine. Cultures made from these organs showed heavy growth of a Gram positive bacillus which was very haemolytic. Aerobic cultures showed colon to be present, but the predominating organism was the Welch-like bacillus. Cultures from the kidney and bladder showed the presence of a few colonies of colon. This animal was receiving along with grain and hay about one bushel of turnips per day.

*No fermentation with some strains.

Again the presence of a haemolytic organism growing luxuriously in the intestine suggested the nature of the red water to be an intestinal toxæmia with the formation and absorption of a powerful hematoxin.

Case No. 3. Well marked case of parturient red water. The animal was first noticed to be scouring, this was followed on the next day by constipation and the passage of red urine. The condition became progressively worse and by the fourth day the patient was very anaemic, entirely off feed, giving little milk, and passing a dark claret colored urine. Bowel movements had been few. A sample of the feces was cultured anaerobically and a comparatively few colonies of *Cl. welchii* developed. Approximately 2000 per gram of feces, which is considered normal. This result was disappointing as we had anticipated the finding of large numbers. Four days later after the attending veterinarian had administered a purgative a second sample of feces was obtained and cultured. This sample showed the presence of very large numbers of *Cl. welchii*, approximately 50,000 per gram. Three days later the number was still 30,000 per gram. This result is not easy to interpret if the initial diarrhoea was due to the *Cl. welchii*. but the fact of their presence is very significant.

The other fatal cases are not reported on in detail, as there is nothing of significance to note, apart from the fact that *Cl. welchii* were isolated from every case. It has been isolated from the liver, gall bladder, small intestine, large intestine, but not from the kidney or bladder or from the blood stream.

Cultures have been made from the feces of cattle suffering from a slight attack of red water, and in none of these cases has *Cl. welchii* been isolated in numbers sufficient to warrant its presence as being considered causal. In the future a series of fecal samples will be examined instead of single specimens. The need for this is indicated in the report on Case No. 3.

IS THERE A RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN CERTAIN DIETS AND THE DEVELOPMENT OF *Cl. welchii* IN THE INTESTINE?

That there is a definite relationship between the disease red water and certain foods such as kale, rape and turnips is, I feel, definitely established. The question then arises, 'What, if any, is the relationship between these foods and the *Cl. welchii*?' At the outset it should be noted that all of these foods are fed with a certain amount of soil attached. In the case of kale and rape this is eaten in the field where many of the leaves become trampled into the soil, and many more are splashed by the heavy rains. Soil is the natural habitat of the *Cl. welchii*. The following data is offered as evidence which indicates that there is, at times at least, a relationship between the food consumed and the organism in question.

First.—A most interesting observation was made in connection with a control cow in one of our experiments. She had freshened two weeks, and was on an exclusive diet of rape. Ten days after the feeding of the rape began, severe diarrhea developed, with foetid gassy stools. This continued for twenty-four hours only. Cultures made at this time showed

the *Cl. welchii* to be present in large numbers. The diarrhea ceased and the bacilli disappeared.

Second.—We have observed in several instances that along with the heavy feeding of turnips there has been a marked rise in the number of *Cl. welchii* in the feces. When the turnips are withheld the number of bacilli decrease. More feeding experiments and over a longer period of time will have to be undertaken before a final statement can be made on this matter. Should a definite relationship between organism and diet be established other important questions would still have to be considered, such as, 'Is the relationship due to an alteration in the physical or in the chemical environment of the organism?' Also the relationship between the parturient state and the development of *Cl. welchii* in the intestine remains undetermined.

TOXIN PRODUCTION

As pointed out by numerous investigators of the toxic activity of the *Cl. welchii* the toxin forms at an early hour when ordinary meat medium is employed for growth. We have found that a potent toxin as measured by its pathogenic effect in the rabbit is produced at about the eighteenth hour of incubation, using fresh cooked meat medium. A few hours either before or after this time and the culture possesses comparatively slight toxicity. The broth is filtered through paper and then through a Berkefeld filter of medium porosity. It possesses a powerful hematoxin, causing the rapid destruction of the red blood corpuscles with marked hemoglobinuria when injected intravenously into rabbits.

PATHOGENESIS

The theory which we have formulated to explain the nature of this disease is based upon the clinical and bacteriological findings. In each of the three fatal cases which were examined tremendous numbers of a haemolytic organism were present on and in the mucous membrane of the intestine and had even invaded the liver. This organism is frequently a normal inhabitant of the intestine, but under certain conditions, which we at present can only surmise, the bacilli undergo a tremendous proliferation and produce a powerful hemolytic toxin which being absorbed destroys the red blood corpuscles in such large numbers that the hemoglobin liberated has to be eliminated via the kidney in the urine. The toxin also causes severe damage to the liver, greatly impairing its functional activity in dealing with the blood pigment which is present in unusually large quantity in the plasma. The tumultuous heart beat is also due to toxic irritation. The marked constipation which in some cases amounts to a paralysis of the muscular coats of the intestine is in all probability due to the local effect of the toxin.

In this connection two important questions naturally arise which must be briefly dealt with.

First.—Are there a multiplicity of causes, or is there but one cause in the *Cl. welchii*? Sufficient work has not yet been done to answer this question, but it would seem reasonable to suppose that other anaerobic and

hemolytic organisms beside the *Cl. welchii* might be responsible for a disease of which hemoglobinuria is the most impressive symptom. As before noted, the most serious form of this disease occurs in recently calved cows, while the mildest forms are usually seen among animals feeding on kale or rape, or out at pasture. It is quite possible that the difference of severity in the disease is related to a difference in the effective agent, or it may be that the resistance to toxemia and infection is lowered, especially in the puerperal cases.

Second.—What are those conditions which combine to provide a favourable environment in the intestine? Several factors may be mentioned which are known to operate in a similar manner in other diseases. All cause impaired functional activity of the intestine accompanied by digestive disturbance. Such are, frozen or chilled food, especially roots, decayed or mouldy food, excess of food, especially highly succulent foods. Alterations in the reaction of the intestinal contents is of great importance. There is also the physical nature of the food to be considered. The disease rarely occurs with hay and grain rations but frequently when succulent foods are being heavily fed. An experiment which is at present incomplete would indicate that the *Cl. welchii* can maintain itself in the intestine better when quantities of roots are being fed than when hay is the chief food.

Much exacting experimental work will have to be undertaken before these questions can be satisfactorily answered.

EXPERIMENTAL WORK

Most of the experiments have been related to two main purposes. First, to determine the relationship of certain foods to the disease. Second, to determine the relationship of certain organisms to the disease. Included here might be mentioned the first experiments made to determine the infectivity of blood and urine.

EXPERIMENT TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE DISEASE WAS TRANSMISSIBLE

Although the disease frequently affected several animals on the same premises and at the same time yet there was no evidence that the disease was transmissible. However, it was most important that the possibility of this disease being due to some blood parasite should be determined. The infectivity of urine and feces was also tested.

Experiment A.—A healthy cow was given an intravenous inoculation of 20 c.c. of blood from a cow suffering from an acute attack. The temperature was taken twice daily for a period of ten days. No elevation of temperature occurred and the animal has remained perfectly well.

Experiment B.—A healthy cow was given an intravenous inoculation of mixed blood from two acute cases, and mixed urine from the same cases. About 50 c.c. of blood and the same quantity of urine was injected. This animal showed no rise in temperature and has remained well.

Experiment C.—The feces from an acute case containing large numbers of *Cl. welchii* were fed to two healthy cows. The animals both remained well although an increase in the number of *Cl. welchii* occurred in the feces of both animals.

EXPERIMENT TO DETERMINE THE EFFECT ON HEALTHY CATTLE OF AN EXCLUSIVE DIET OF RAPE AND TURNIPS

Experiment A.—Five animals were used in the test. Two were old cows, two were young heifers, and one was a young cow. The animals were placed in a small paddock, and rape was fed continuously. No other food was given. The weather was cold, but not extreme. The feeding began on October 25th and was continued till November 15th. Apart from a slight loss of weight the animals remained perfectly well.

Experiment B.—Two cows which had recently calved—two weeks fresh—and were milking well, and one heifer were used in the experiment. The rape which was fed was kept out-of-doors and for most of the time was frozen. This cold or frozen rape was fed. The cattle were stabled continuously. Towards the close of the experiment the weather became mild and the rape began to decompose. No hay was given. One of the cows and the heifer received cultures of the *Cl. welchii*. The following is a summary of the most important data with regard to these three cattle during the course of the experiment.

Data on Roan Heifer.

Dec. 5th, 1932. Commenced to feed frozen rape.

Dec. 8th to 20th. Drenched on alternate days with small quantities of *Cl. welchii*.

Dec. 20th. Respirations increased, temperature normal, pulse 82 per minute, with forceful beat against the thoracic wall. Diarrhea present. Hemoglobin 75%; White cells 8,000 per cu. mm.; Red cells 4,400,000 per cu. mm.

Dec. 24th. Temperature rises to 103°F, pulse 100, respirations 38.

Dec. 27th. Pulse 104, temperature 106°F. Eating very poorly. Hemoglobin 40%; White cells 16,000 per cu. mm.; Red cells 3,600,000 per cu. mm.

Dec. 28th. Muscular twitching and shaking of head. Urine dark claret color. Heart beats tumultuous.

Dec. 30th. Not eating, pulse, temperature and respirations all increased. Urine still contains much hemoglobin. Killed. Estimated hemoglobin in the blood 10%.

Post-mortem.—The most marked lesions were in the liver where numerous large foci of necrosis were present. The organ was much enlarged and friable and weighed 14 lbs. The gall bladder was distended with dark bile. The portal lymph nodes were oedematous. The sub-mucosa

of the abomasum was very oedematous. The small intestine showed but slight changes. A few haemorrhagic spots were present in the mucous membrane of the cecum and colon. The contents were blood stained. Kidney, enlarged and chocolate brown in color. The lungs were very brown. The heart was pale and flabby.

The liver infection was due to the *Actinomyces necrophorus*. *Cl. welchii* were present in large numbers throughout the gastro-intestinal tract.

Comment.—This was a typical case of hemoglobinuria, with the rapid destruction of red blood cells, presence of hemoglobin and albumen in the urine, accelerated pulse and pounding heart. The etiology is obscure. It is impossible to determine the relative effect of the three most likely factors, the rape, the *Cl. welchii* and the *Ac. necrophorus*. Certainly the severe liver infection with *Ac. necrophorus* would prevent that organ from carrying out its function of pigment formation from the hemoglobin presented. Some hematoxic substance was being formed which caused a rapid destruction of the red blood cells. We are inclined to believe that the *Cl. welchii* were responsible for this hematoxin.

Data on Ayrshire Cow.

Age about five years. Freshened November 23rd, and giving about 60 lbs. of milk per day.

Dec. 7th. Started to feed frozen rape.

Dec. 10th to Dec. 20th. Drenched with broth culture of *Cl. welchii*.

Dec. 18th. Marked purging. Feces have foetid odour.

Dec. 19th. Still purging. Anaerobic cultures show tremendous numbers of *Cl. welchii*.

Dec. 20th. Appears dull, not eating well. Temp. 103°F. Pulse 84, with heart beats very forcible. Respirations 35 - 40 per minute. Has the clinical appearance of a cow with 'red water'. No hemoglobin in urine. Red blood cells 3,350,000 per cu. m.m. White blood cells 10,000 per cu. mm. Hemoglobin 85%.

Dec. 21st to 24th. Steady decline in pulse rate, temperature and respirations which have almost become normal. *Cl. welchii* still present in the feces.

Dec. 24th to 27th. Temperature, pulse and respiration normal. Few *Cl. welchii* in feces. Hemoglobin 75%.

Jan. 5th. Feeding of rape discontinued. During the previous week about 2 gallons of crushed oats were fed daily as appetite was poor and she was failing. Temperature 102°F., pulse 56, respirations 24. Red blood cells 3,585,000; White blood cells 9,000; hemoglobin 65%.

Feb. 8th to 13th. Fed exclusively on turnips. Remained normal. No evidence of diseases. No hemolytic anaerobes in feces.

Feb. 13th. Feeding of turnips discontinued.

Comment.—The sudden occurrence of severe diarrhea associated with *Cl. welchii* ten days after the feeding of rape was commenced is of interest. A clinician who has had much experience with parturient 'red water, stated that she would certainly develop the disease, but the premonitory symptoms disappeared and within a few days she was normal. May this be interpreted as representing mild infection with recovery and immunity? It is very interesting to note that the control cow came down with exactly the same condition after being on a rape diet for nine days. Cattle being on rape rarely show any symptoms of disease before the seventh day.

Data on Control Cow.

A young animal in splendid condition and giving about thirty pounds of milk per day. Had calved two weeks previously. No organisms were fed.

Dec. 11th. Feeding of rape began.

Dec. 12th to 19th. Quite normal. Anaerobic cultures showed an occasional colony of a hemolytic bacillus.

Dec. 20th. Marked purgation with evidence of intestinal upset. Gas sounds loud and numerous. Temperature normal, respirations normal, pulse increased to 60. Anaerobic culture showed presence of numerous hemolytic colonies which had the morphology of *Cl. welchii*.

Dec. 21st. The diarrhea ceased.

Dec. 22nd to Jan. 5th. Apparently normal. Feeding of rape discontinued.

Dec. 27th. Red cell count 5,500,000. white cell count 11,600; hemoglobin 105%.

Jan. 5th. Red cell count 5,064,000; white cell count 16,800; hemoglobin 85%.

Jan. 13th to Feb. 13th. Fed on turnips with about one gallon of crushed oats per day.

Feb. 14th. Feeding of turnips discontinued. Red cell count 6,000,000; White cell count 8.8; hemoglobin 85%

Comment.—The occurrence of diarrhea associated with *Cl. welchii* in the feces on the ninth day of the experiment was most unexpected and interesting. No organisms had been fed to the cow. It would appear that the food—rape—offers a suitable environment for the growth of these bacilli. The clostridium was most likely responsible for the intestinal irritation and diarrhea.

Heifer Leslie.

Yearling heifer in good condition. Was fed turnips twice daily, with a mid-day meal of hay and about one-half gallon of chopped oats.

Jan. 12th. Feeding began. Red blood cells 7,500,000; white cells, 12,000; hemoglobin 95%.

Jan. 28th. Feeding of turnips stopped. Red blood cells 8,500,000; white cells, 12,500; hemoglobin 95%

Jan. 23rd - 24th. On both of these days a drench consisting of a heavy broth culture of *Cl. welchii* was given.

Comment.—The animal fell off in flesh, but remained perfectly well. After being on turnips for four days the pulse was accelerated from 61 to 70, which rate was maintained during most of the period of the experiment. The heart beat was also increased in force. Although drenched heavily with the *Cl. welchii* the organism was not recovered from the feces.

It is quite apparent from these experiments that it is no simple matter to produce the condition of hemoglobinuria. That it does not necessarily follow the feeding of rape or turnips even when these are fed in excessive quantities. It would appear, however, that the growth of the *Cl. welchii* may for a time at least be enhanced by the presence of large quantities of these foods in the intestine. Factors which are at present unknown to us must be discovered and properly related to the facts which are already known before we can hope to reproduce the disease experimentally. We can at present offer no certain explanation to account for the one typical case of red water which occurred in the 'roan heifer'. It was most likely due to *Cl. welchii* infection.

EXPERIMENT IN SEARCH OF A HEMOLYTIC SUBSTANCE

Most of these experiments were undertaken before we had discovered that the hemolytic *Cl. welchii* was to be found in great abundance in the small intestine of fatal cases. No post-mortem had been made at the time. Brief mention only will be made of these experiments as they have no immediate significance.

- (a) Aqueous extracts were made from kale, rape, cabbage and tested against suspensions of red blood cells. No hemolysis was produced.
- (b) Red blood cells were added to urine from acute cases of red water, and the effect of the urine upon the cells observed under the microscope at different intervals of time. Using the red cell counting chamber accurate counts could be made. Slight reduction in the number of blood cells was observed in some cases, but this was neither marked enough or constant enough to have significance.
- (c) Fecal extracts were also employed but with no success. The feces had to be greatly diluted before a clear filtrate could be obtained.

Even if present the hemolytic substance would have been greatly reduced in potency.

- (d) Blood serum from acute cases was also used, but no hemolytic substance could be satisfactorily demonstrated.

Experimental hemoglobinuria produced by the toxins of *Cl. welchii* is discussed elsewhere in this report.

FEEDING EXPERIMENTS WITH TURNIPS

In these experiments an attempt was made to produce red water in cattle by feeding with a heavy ration of turnips, and then by means of various devices reduce the resistance of the animals to infections with *Cl. welchii*. For example in some cases the experimental animal was bled heavily, in others, at the time of the experiment injections of the toxin of the *Cl. welchii*. were given, in other cases turnips were chilled or frozen before feeding. These and other methods were resorted to in an attempt to produce hemoglobinuria. In no case were we successful. No difficulty was experienced in getting the *Cl. welchii* to grow for days at a time in the intestine but invasion of the body tissue could not be achieved. Anaerobic cultures were made almost daily to determine the number of *Cl. welchii* in the feces, and so observe the rise and fall in the number of organisms per gram of fecal matter.

Experiment A.—Red cow. A young cow, thin but in good health, and nursing a two months old calf. She was an ideal subject for such a test. In addition to the turnips a handful of soil from a farm where the disease was prevalent was fed daily. The turnips were frequently chilled if not frozen before being fed. The cow was drenched with cultures of the *Cl. welchii* which was given with chalk to neutralize the gastric acidity. To produce intestinal stasis tincture of opium was administered. Yet in spite of all the subject remained well.

Nov. 18th. Feeding of turnips began. No other food was given. Between two and three bushels were consumed daily.

Nov. 29th. Drenched with a heavy broth culture of *Cl. welchii* to which had been added chalk. Tr. of opium was given which produced intestinal stasis.

Dec. 2nd. Feces contained large numbers of *Cl. welchii*. This treatment had no apparent effect, apart from an increase in the pulse rate. Before the culture was given the average pulse rate was 50 per minute. It now rose to 68 - 70, which rate was maintained until the termination of the experiment. In fact the pulse occasionally rose to 90 beats per minute.

Dec. 4th. Culture of *Cl. welchii*. with chalk again given.

“ 5th. “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “
 “ 10th & 13th. “ “ “ “ “ “ “ “

This seemed to have no effect apart from the increased pulse rate.

From 150,000 to 200,000 *Cl. welchii* were present per gram of feces at this time.

Dec. 21st. Feeding of turnips discontinued.

Comment.—An interesting observation in this case was the rapid increase in *Cl. welchii* coincident with the feeding of turnips and before any culture had been administered. The count rose from 1000 per gram of feces to 10,000 per gram after ten days feeding.

Urinalysis.—pH on two samples taken before the feeding of turnips
= 7.9 (average).

pH on five samples taken after the feeding of turnips
= 7.1 (average).

Tests on the feces showed no appreciable change in pH after the feeding of turnips.

Experiment B.—Large red cow. Well nourished; had been fresh for six weeks and giving about six quarts of milk daily. This cow was treated in exactly the same manner as the animal in Experiment A, except for the withdrawal of six litres of blood at the time of administering the live culture of *Cl. welchii*.

The experiment was continued for a period of one month, during which time the animal remained well and showed no evidence of hemoglobinuria. The *Cl. welchii* disappeared from the feces within a few days after the administration of the live broth culture.

Urinalysis.—pH of two samples taken before the feeding of turnips
= 8.0

pH of three samples taken after the feeding of turnips
= 7.6

Tests made on the feces both before and after the feeding of turnips showed no appreciable change in the pH.

Experiment C.—An old cow, undernourished and a reactor to the tuberculin test. She had calved three months prior to the experiment. In addition to the diet of turnips this cow was bled quite copiously on two occasions, the last bleeding being one week before the feeding of the turnips was commenced. Altogether twenty litres of blood were withdrawn. The turnips were chilled before being fed, and Welch toxin was given intravenously at the time of administering the broth culture by mouth.

Jan. 23rd. Feeding of turnips began, after being starved for 24 hours. Drenched with a 24 hour old bouillon culture of *Cl. welchii*. Approximately 250 c.c. of heart meat medium. Toxin 100 c.c. given intravenously.

Jan. 24th. Drench of bouillon culture repeated.

Jan. 28th. Drenched with two hundred and fifty grams of fresh feces from an acute case of red water which contained large numbers of *Cl. welchii*. This resulted in a heavy growth of *Cl. welchii* in the feces, as many as 100,000 per gram of feces being recorded.

Feb. 12th. No symptoms of hemoglobinuria. Experiment ceased.

Comment.—The only point of interest was the sudden fall in the number of *Cl. welchii* in the feces when the feeding of turnips was discontinued. Within two days the number dropped from 40,000 per gram to 2,000 per gram, and remained consistently low.

Experiment E.—This experiment was practically identical with the one recorded in 'C'. The subject was a Jersey cow. She had calved three weeks before the experiment began. The result was negative. No signs of hemoglobinuria appeared throughout the experiment.

Experiment D.—Aged Holstein cow, calved three months before the experiment began. Giving about eight quarts of milk per day.

Jan. 23rd. Feeding of chilled turnips began.

Jan. 30th. Drenched with 250 grams feces containing large numbers of *Cl. welchii* from an acute case of red water.

Feb. 3rd. Many *Cl. welchii* in the feces.

“ 3rd. Feeding of turnips discontinued. No symptoms of hemoglobinuria.

The number of *Cl. welchii* in feces fell rapidly from 10,000 per gram. on Feb. 5th to less than 1000 by Feb. 9th.

“ 20th. This cow was again placed on a diet of turnips.

“ 22nd. The *Cl. welchii* number 4000 per gram of feces.

“ 23rd. “ “ “ “ 24,000 “ “ “

“ 24th. “ “ “ “ 8,000 “ “ “

Mar. 1st. “ “ “ “ 40,000 “ “ “

“ 2nd. “ “ “ “ 40,000 “ “ “

Comment.—As in other cases the number of *Cl. welchii* rapidly decreased when the heavy feeding of turnips was discontinued. Equally marked was the increase with the change back to a diet of turnips.

EXPERIMENTAL HEMOGLOBINURIA IN THE RABBIT

Typical hemoglobinuria can be produced at will in the rabbit following an intravenous injection of potent toxin made from the *Cl. welchii* isolated from cases of red water. The hemoglobinuria commences within a few hours after the injection of the toxin and continues for about eighteen hours. Methemoglobin is usually excreted. The urine also contains much

albumen. When the dose is excessive the rabbit succumbs in two or three hours. Post-mortem shows the peritoneal cavity to contain a small quantity of bloody fluid, likewise the thorax and pericardial sac. The kidney shows changes which closely resemble those seen in the kidney of the ox. The bladder contains a dark reddish brown urine. Some hemorrhage may occur from the kidney, but the altered color of the urine is essentially due to hemoglobin. The severe destruction of red blood cells is indicated by the following data, which is quite typical.

Rabbit 'R. R.'

- Feb. 9th. Red cell count = 4,000,000 per c.cm., hemoglobin 80%.
Toxin 3.0 c.c. intravenous.
- Feb. 10th. Urine deep red wine color. Hemoglobin 75%. Toxin 5.0
c.c. given intravenous.
- Feb. 12th. Urine dark, reddish-brown. Hemoglobin 35%. Red cells
1,600,000 per c. cm.

Sections of tissue show marked degeneration of the parenchymal cells of both the liver and kidney. Hemorrhage is also present in the kidney and the glomeruli appear to be damaged.

EXPERIMENTAL HEMOGLOBINURIA IN THE COW

At the time of writing one case only has been produced in the cow by intravenous injection of *Cl. welchii* toxin. The condition as produced by such artificial means differs in some respects from the disease which occurs naturally. The forceful beating of the heart upon the chest wall was absent. The heart beats were, however, accelerated. This may be due to a difference in the toxin which forms when the organism grows in kale and turnip, to that which is produced when meat is used as a culture medium. An interesting feature was the difficult breathing, a marked grunt accompanying each expiratory act. This breathing closely resembles the difficult respiration commonly seen in a disease known as 'rape poisoning' believed by the writer to be another form of intestinal intoxication.

The following is a brief summary of the important data in the above described experimental case.

Subject.—A young Jersey cow in excellent condition but infected with John's disease. Freshened.

- Feb. 23rd. Erythrocyte count 5,200,000. White cell count 10,000 per
c.cm. Hemoglobin 85%.
- Feb. 24th. Four hundred c.c. of toxin injected intravenously at 10
a.m. At noon there was marked muscular twitching and
tremor. Difficult respiration, .30 per minute. The pulse
was 70. During the afternoon severe diarrhea. At 3.30
p.m. 400 c.c. of toxin given intravenously. At 9 p.m. the
urine showed a slight pink color. At 12 p.m. the urine
was a deep red wine color and clear. There appeared to be

vesical irritation as she was very sensitive to the passing of the catheter.

Feb. 25th. Sample of urine taken at 10 a.m. was very cloudy and reddish brown in color. When allowed to stand a heavy sediment formed and the supernatant urine was normal in color. The pulse was 84 and weak. Respirations shallow and accelerated. 40 per minute. Rumination had ceased and peristaltic murmurs were absent.

Feb. 26th. The animal shows marked recovery. Still not eating and peristaltic movements weak. Urine normal in color. No albumen. Pulse 72 and stronger.

Comment.—A well marked hemoglobinuria was produced in this cow. This was followed by a transient hematuria due to the damage done to the kidney by the toxin. It is quite evident that the toxin of the *Cl. welchii* can cause typical hemoglobinuria when injected into either the rabbit or the cow. The urine contained much albumen, even the earlier sample before the appearance of red blood cells.

CONCLUSIONS

First,—that hemoglobinuria (red water) of cattle as it occurs in the Province of Ontario is probably due to an intestinal infection with a hemolytic anaerobe which, if not identical with, is closely related to *Cl. welchii*.

Second,—that in certain animals either the puerperal state or the feeding of turnips, kale or rape may render them highly susceptible to intestinal infection with this clostridium with resultant hemoglobinuria.

Third,—that there are other factors beside the puerpal state or diet which influence and even determine the development of the disease. These factors are most likely ultimately related to the soil and its direct influence upon the crops, and indirect effect upon the stock.

Fourth,—that there is evidence indicating that the heavy feeding of turnips tends to increase the number of *Cl. welchii* present in the feces.

Fifth,—that experimental hemoglobinuria has been produced in the rabbit and cow, by the intravenous injection of a toxin prepared from the *Cl. welchii* and that the condition so produced is very similar to the condition which occurs naturally.

Sixth,—that both chemically killed culture and anti-toxic serum should be prepared and their value as immunizing agents determined.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I wish to express my deep appreciation of the co-operation and help given in many ways by Mr. L. C. Swan. The work would have been discontinued had it not been for the generous way in which he gave his services. I also wish to thank Dr. Frank Cote for the unselfish way in which he co-operated in the clinical and field work attached to this investigation.

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BRIEF REPORT OF AN EPIDEMIC OF INFECTIOUS DIARRHOEA IN CATTLE

FRANK W. SCHOFIELD, D.V.Sc.

During the last two months of the present year numerous reports were received of outbreaks of diarrhoea among cattle. So numerous were these outbreaks that the disease assumed the proportions of a wide-spread epizootic. The writer has no knowledge of any previous outbreaks where such large numbers of animals have been affected. This brief report is simply to record the fact of the epizootic. No investigation was made apart from the few experiments which are included in this report.

It is most probable that the disease is identical with 'winter scours', a vibronic infection of cattle which has been studied and fully reported on by F. S. Jones and R. B. Little.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DISEASE

The disease affects cattle only, all except the very young being susceptible. It is highly infectious and is characterized by marked diarrhoea which may continue for a few hours only or persist for several days. The liquid feces contain much mucous and in many cases both large and small blood clots. The infection spreads rapidly through the herd, so that in a few days most, if not all, of the cattle are infected and suffering from diarrhoea. There is little or no elevation of temperature and the affected animals do not appear to be seriously sick. There is a marked decrease in the milk flow. The mortality in most cases is low.

SOURCE OF THE INFECTION AND SPREAD OF THE DISEASE

The source of the infection is somewhat mysterious, as in many cases there was no possibility of contact between healthy and diseased animals. The first outbreak in this community occurred on a farm which was rather isolated and on which there had been no movement of stock. The next herd to be infected was many miles away and no source of infection could be discovered. This spontaneity of infection was characteristic of the outbreak. In most cases carriers of the infection must have been present on the individual farms. Diarrhoea is not an unusual condition among cattle during the winter months. It is important to note that the first outbreak coincided with a sudden and severe drop in the temperature. The early winter was unusually cold and it is most probable that the sudden and excessive cold had a definite influence upon the occurrence and course of the outbreak.

RESULT OF THE BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

Samples of feces from six different sources were examined and in two of these vibrios were demonstrated in stained films. It is most likely that vibrios would have been discovered in some of the other cases had a more diligent search been made. Cultures both aerobic and anaerobic were made which gave variable results. In one case an almost pure culture of a steptococcus was found, in another an organism of the *Salmonella*

group predominated. In the other specimens colon was the chief organism present.

EXPERIMENTS IN TRANSMISSION

Feces from three different cases, two acute and one a recovered case, were mixed with water and given as a drench to three healthy cows. Six days later two of the three cows came down with marked diarrhoea. This condition continued for about twenty-four hours in one cow and thirty-six hours in the other. The feces contained many small blood clots. There were no constitutional symptoms. The third cow which received the feces from the recovered case at no time showed any symptoms of the disease.

This experiment would indicate an incubation period of about six days.

EXPERIMENT WITH FECAL FILTRATE

The rapid spread of the disease within a herd and from farm to farm suggested the possibility of a filterable virus infection. Filtrates were made from two samples of feces obtained from well marked cases of the disease. Filters of medium porosity were used. Two yearling heifers were used in this experiment. The filtrate was given as a drench intravenously and intratracheally. Daily temperatures were taken. The animals were kept under observation for a period of two weeks and remained perfectly well. From this limited experiment it would appear that the disease is not due to a filterable virus.

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STERILITY IN THE BITCH

H. E. BATT, B.V.Sc.

Sterility in bitches is a condition not uncommon in the case of pure bred animals. Pure bred dogs are often kept under artificial conditions which are conducive to more or less sterility. Again, close breeding may be practised to such an extent that sterility occurs in some of the females. Sterility as it occurs in such instances may be total or, as more often happens, it may be a partial condition, that is, the number of pups in the litters of some females may be very small or, as is perhaps more frequent still, the female may fail to conceive over a number of oestral periods, then produce, and then fail to conceive again.

In treating or controlling sterility in bitches several factors must be considered. The general health of the animal must be observed, the pedigree examined and, if possible, a history of the ancestors inquired into to ascertain whether or not sterility has been observed among females of that particular strain. The feeding methods practised in the kennel must also be inquired into and if found wrong they must be corrected. This is

important as there seems to be little doubt that incorrect feeding coupled with insufficient exercise produces most of the cases of sterility in bitches. The following are some of the conditions that may be listed as causing sterility and which may operate singly or, as sometimes happens, more or less collectively.

Sterility due to abnormalities of the endocrine system.—As to sterility caused by abnormal conditions in the endocrine glands, the evidence of such in the case of the bitch is at present wanting, or at least uncertain. It is well known that there are cases occurring in which bitches do not come in season at all and these may be due to an endocrine gland deficiency. The bitches which come in season regularly once a year should not be included in this group as in these cases the animal is probably reverting to type and is following the breeding habits of its wild progenitors that come in season but once in twelve months. Extracts from several of the endocrine glands have been administered in attempts to correct sterility of this nature but up to the present the evidence in their favour is to say the least conflicting, and in the instances where oestrus is produced failure to conceive often follows.

Sterility due to a diseased or abnormal condition of the ovary.—Sterility due to abnormalities in the ovary itself do no doubt occur, but owing to the impossibility of making a manual examination of the ovary of the bitch this form of sterility cannot be diagnosed with certainty. In the college clinic the practise of opening up the abdominal cavity and making an examination of the internal genitals of some sterile bitches is being practised but as yet not enough cases have been operated upon to warrant any opinion being given.

Sterility due to injury during previous parturition.—Injuries to the genital passages and uterus during previous pregnancy and parturition seem to be somewhat rare in the bitch. Even severe attacks of metritis will not impair future reproductive functions. The fact that a bitch has undergone a Caesarian section will not have effect upon the next litter except perhaps to slightly lessen the number of pups, although it should be remembered that conditions which rendered necessary the Caesarian section in the first instance may still be in operation throughout the period of the second pregnancy.

Any inflammation of the genital passages, chronic or acute, occurring just before, during, or just after oestrus will in most cases produce sterility in so far as that mating is concerned. Sometimes a severe vaginitis will leave a permanent sterility as a result.

Sterility due to a deficiency of vitamins.—Whether or not there is a vitamin the lack of which will produce sterility in the bitch seems open to question. There seems to be no doubt, however, that an insufficiency of vitamins A, B, C, and D will impair the general health of dogs and this alone is a contributing factor to sterility. It is said by some authorities that vitamin E is not required by canines. However, it is an easy matter to supply vitamins by means of a properly balanced ration and this should always be done as a matter of routine. Raw meat, fat and lean, raw eggs,

milk and cod liver oil during the winter months will furnish all the vitamins required by the dog, that is, vitamins A, B, C, and D. If E is desired, alfalfa meal or green vegetables may be given, or cotton seed oil which is high in vitamin E. It is best to rely upon raw food stuffs as the source of vitamins.

Sterility due to errors in diet or lack of exercise.—Overfeeding, improper feeding, lack of exercise—all or either of these conditions may and often do produce sterility in the bitch. Indeed it is probable that most of the sterility in canines, both male and female, is due to these causes. The condition under which dogs are kept in large kennels and under more or less artificial conditions in cities are conducive to sterility and frequently only the pronounced fecundity of the bitch offsets these adverse circumstances. In the great majority of cases of sterility a change of diet, management, and sometimes of entire environment will correct the condition. Many instances of sterility being overcome by a change of ownership are on record, which goes to prove that correct feeding, sufficient exercise and good environment are important factors in overcoming and preventing sterility in bitches. Exercise is essential to the pregnant female. This fact is often overlooked in some establishments. Mineral deficiency may be at least a contributing cause of sterility and should be guarded against by mixing a little bonemeal flour with the ration. Bad methods of feeding often lead to lack of vigor and to more or less debility resulting in sterility.

Sterility due to a lethal factor.—As regards the lethal factor, this is a term used in genetics to describe a form of sterility which is more or less hereditary, developing in a certain strain as a result of improper inbreeding. It crops out in some strains more frequently than in others. Oestrus is not normal, or is very irregular, or perhaps absent. If there have been several instances of sterility of this nature among the offspring of any given male or female a lethal factor may be suspected. Nothing can be done to overcome this form of sterility in the afflicted animal but an occurrence of the condition in the offspring of its parents can often be avoided by violent outcrossing. This form of sterility may be total or partial. The use of the term 'partial sterility' is, of course, open to question but is here used to describe cases in which the number of offspring at a birth is very small or in cases in which the young are weakly and die shortly before or just after birth, although in the last cases the weakness of offspring may be due to bad management, such as overfeeding or want of exercise and cannot be considered as due to a lethal factor.

UNUSUAL CASES ENCOUNTERED IN FOWL DURING THE PAST YEAR

J. S. GLOVER, B.V.Sc.

- (1) Barred Rock hen. Breathing difficult. Beak kept open and frequent attempts made to dislodge something from throat. Examination revealed no evidence of diphtheria or laryngitis. On post-mortem a grain of buckwheat was found about halfway down the trachea adhering to the mucous membrane.
- (2) Barred Rock pullet. Symptoms similar to above case. A small feather was found in the trachea about an inch below the larynx.
- (3) Two weeks old chick. A one inch nail puncturing gizzard and heart.
- (4) White Leghorn hen. Subcutaneous emphysema involving the entire body, head and neck. Nicks were made with a scalpel in several parts of the skin and the air was pressed out. The hen was kept under observation for a week after this and there was no recurrence of the condition.
- (5) Barred Rock hen. Perforated ulcer near juncture of small intestine and ceca. No intestinal parasites were found, nor was there any evidence of a previous parasitic invasion.
- (6) Game cock. This bird had received severe injuries while fighting with another cock. When brought here both eyes were entirely closed, the lids being so closely united that the line of union could not be discerned. Under a local anaesthetic an incision was made in the skin covering each eye, and the eyes were found to be uninjured. The bird was sent home with directions to keep the cut surfaces from uniting. About two weeks later the eyes were closed again, and as before the line of union could not be seen. This time, after a slit had been made, a small piece of tissue was removed from both the upper and lower lids. Instructions were given to bathe the cut edges twice a day with a solution of adrenalin until healing was complete. A month later one eye was entirely closed again and the other was almost closed. More tissue was taken out from the lids and the bird kept here under observation for several weeks. Healing of the edges took place rapidly, and although due to contact the openings were less than normal, the bird was able to see with both eyes, and when finally sent home it seemed unlikely that permanent closure would occur.
- (7) Rhode Island Red pullet. Died suddenly. Post-mortem examination revealed torsion of the gut with enteritis. No evidence of parasitism was found. According to our records here, intussusception and torsion of the intestines of chicken are of rare occurrence.
- (8) Ten week old chick. Dead on arrival. Trachea contained greenish-yellowish material. The kidneys, lungs and heart were also covered with the substance. Dirty yellowish nodules in the lungs and liver.

A microscopical examination showed the mouldy material to be *Aspergillus fumigatus*, the cause of aspergillosis. Although this is not a rare disease this case is cited as no other birds in the pen or flock were affected and for several years no birds affected with this disease have been received here for examination.

- (9) Six birds from four different flocks. Skin infection. In all cases *Staphylococcus aureus* was isolated from the lesions which resembled boils.
- (10) Trouble occurred on two or three poultry farms following fowl pox vaccination. Protection from the heat of the sun was not afforded the birds, and about eight or ten days after vaccination several deaths occurred. If vaccinated by the Johnson 'stick' method the birds' resistance is usually lowest about the tenth day after, and it is important that they be provided with shade.
- (11) Although unfortunately not rare the danger in the feeding of new grain is not recognized sufficiently. Quite a number of deaths occurred in Ontario during the late summer following the feeding of new wheat. The grain was soft and indigestible but was very palatable. In a large number of instances the birds died with full crops and gizzards, and the intestines also contained a lot of uncrushed grain. A severe inflammation is usually present. Eliminating new grain from the diet results in a clearing up of the condition in a flock in a very short time.



THIRTEENTH
ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE
MINIMUM WAGE BOARD
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
1933

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TO THE HONOURABLE HERBERT ALEXANDER BRUCE,
M.D., R.A.M.C., F.R.C.S., (ENG.)

Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

I herewith beg to present for your consideration the thirteenth annual report of the Minimum Wage Board, being that for the year 1933.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN M. ROBB,
Minister of Health and Labour.

February 26, 1934.

THE HONOURABLE J. M. ROBB,
Minister of Labour,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Sir:

I have the honour to submit herewith the thirteenth Annual Report of the Ontario Minimum Wage Board.

Yours faithfully,

R. A. STAPELLS,
Chairman.

ANNUAL REPORT

MINIMUM WAGE BOARD

The principle which underlies all minimum wage laws is to be found in that Biblical saying, nearly two thousand years old, that "the labourer is worthy of his hire". It implies that all workers, men and women, are entitled to live decently upon the remuneration they receive from the work that they do.

As applied to the Minimum Wage Law of Ontario, which specifically protects the women of the Province, it lays down the principle that any woman who gives of her time, of her strength, and of her productive ability to industry, is entitled to receive from that industry sufficient to enable her to live decently, to supply herself with sufficient food, adequate clothing and proper shelter. It is therefore a very simple and compelling principle that underlies the whole philosophy of the Minimum Wage Law.

As a matter of fact, the Board to which is entrusted the administration of the law in this province, has yet to find an employer, or a group of employers, who are not ready to subscribe to this principle. At the same time it must be frankly confessed that there are some employers who, apparently, are not ready to practise what they preach, and, consequently, a Minimum Wage Law is necessary.

The work of the Minimum Wage Board involves always a consideration of many problems that arise from time to time in connection with the operation of the law. The past year, in particular, has produced many problems of an intricate nature, which the Board has not had to face during previous years.

It has not been an easy year. Perhaps, during 1933, we have felt the accumulated effect of the last few years of depressed industrial conditions. In many cases, it has marked the final disappearance of surpluses accumulated by industrial concerns over the period of prosperous years. The resultant necessity of lowering wage levels as a partial means of reducing overhead and overdrafts, and the cutting of wages by some firms to rates beneath our modest levels, in a last desperate effort to keep out of bankruptcy, were two of the major causes that made the task of the Board a difficult one, taxing to the limit the time, judgment and ability of its members. With the advent of better times, following a definite turn towards industrial recovery in this country, the Board anticipates that these problems will become less acute in the coming year, and that organized industry throughout the Province will recognize the importance of

protecting their employees, and especially women employees, by making the payment of adequate wages the first step in the process of rehabilitation.

It is idle to deny that during the past few years the spectre of unemployment has stalked abroad throughout the world. In this country as in other nations, and in this Province, the effect of the depression upon employment conditions has been seriously felt, and, although the future shines with a brighter promise for the worker, it will be some time yet before industry can absorb, in the process of recovery, all the men who depend upon it for a livelihood.

With their men-folk out of work, it frequently happened that the women of the household were the only breadwinners in the family. Naturally the wages these women received were more closely scrutinized than they would have been under normal industrial conditions. Consequently, the assistance of the Board has been sought more than ever before.

More than that, the Minimum Wage Law, and the measure of protection that it affords to women workers, have now become generally known, with the natural result that cases of alleged under-payment are being brought to the attention of the Board in increasing numbers, not only by those who consider themselves underpaid, but also by some who think others are being underpaid.

It might be well to emphasize this point. The chief duty of the Minimum Wage Board is to protect the wage rates of the women and girls of the Province. They are the special Clients of the Board and when any complaint comes, anonymous or otherwise, that alleges under-payment of a woman or a girl in Ontario, it is the bounden duty of the Board to respond very promptly and to institute all the necessary enquiries to see that justice is done according to law. This duty we have endeavoured to carry out.

That we have been, to a great extent, successful in this purpose is proven by the fact that we have made more adjustments, instituted more prosecutions, and collected more arrears during 1933 than in any previous year since the Act was passed. As a matter of record, the Minimum Wage Board during the past year made 2,500 adjustments, covering 1,000 firms and collected \$9,497.77 in arrears of wages.

The Board feels that it should make clear its own conception of its duty towards employers of female labour throughout the Province.

In the vast payroll of industry in this Province, it is impossible to prevent unintentional and isolated cases of non-observance of the Board's requirements. The Board does not feel that it is bound to prosecute employers who, unwittingly, offend against its orders, and so long as such firms, on request from the Board, bring their wage rolls into complete conformity with the law, and pay such arrears to their employees as may be found due, the Board feels that it should be satisfied.

But, on the other hand, the Board promptly and vigorously prosecutes, and will continue to do so, all employers who, after warning, are guilty of derelictions and who are not inclined to obey the regulations laid down by the Board. In this connection, the Board is gratified to know that the Government of the Province is solidly behind the Board in its determination to enforce the law without fear or favour.

During the thirteen years that the Board has been in existence, there has never been the slightest attempt on the part of Governments to interfere with the operation of the administration of the law by the Minimum Wage Board.

There can be no question that the great majority of employers in Ontario welcome the provisions as well as the wage limit rulings of the Board.

Last year the Board, after careful and full consideration of all the issues involved, decided not to reduce the minimum wage rates that had been in force since 1921. This action on the part of the Board has been more than justified. In the latter part of 1932 and the early part of 1933, it was claimed, by those who sought reductions in our rates, that the cost of living had fallen sufficiently to warrant the very modest levels fixed under the Act being changed. The reply of the Board to that argument was that, in the interest of stability, the Board would have to be convinced that commodity prices in general were down permanently before the Board could agree to any lowering of the rates already set. In the latter part of 1933 commodity prices began a decided trend upward, and no longer, except perhaps in a few isolated cases, is the Board being importuned to change the existing rates. Indeed, one large industry is asking the Board to increase the rates by reducing the number of hours for which minimum rates must be paid.

The Board decided for the first time during the past year to collect wage returns from seasonal canneries, seasonal tobacco plants, co-operative fruit and vegetable associations and office workers outside the City of Toronto. These payrolls, upon examination, have disclosed many interesting facts which will enable the Board during the coming year to enforce its regulations more effectively in these occupations. It is the conviction of the Board that it is only fair that employers who pay good wages of their own free will, and not because they are compelled to, should be protected from the illegitimate competition of those who are not governed by similar ideals. In the pursuance of its duty in administering the Minimum Wage Law, the Board hopes to achieve this purpose.

The experience of the Board during 1933 has made it apparent that some amendments to the Act are desirable, and it is the intention of the Board to ask the Government to bring such amendments before the 1934 Session of the Legislature. These amendments, primarily, will have to do with the number of hours for which the rates fixed under the orders of the Board are to be paid, and the length of time for which arrears may be collected. The Board also desires to suggest to the Government that the women workers of the Province should be still further protected in their jobs by the inclusion of men and boys in any of the orders issued by the Board.

The Board desires to acknowledge with gratitude the great measure of co-operation which it has received in its work of enforcing the Minimum Wage Law in the Province of Ontario from organized labour, from employees, and from employers, as well as from the Government. The Board pledges itself anew to use its best efforts at all times to secure a fair, impartial and efficient administration of the requirements of the Act throughout the Province.

THE BUDGET

Minimum wage levels are determined by the cost of living. It is necessary to determine the least sum upon which a working woman can be expected to support herself. Here is the budget for Toronto as revised several times during 1933:

Item	Cost per year
BOARD AND LODGING at \$7.00 per week.....	\$364 00
COTHING:	
Footwear and repairs, 3 pairs \$5.00, \$4.00, \$4.00; bedroom slippers 80c, rubbers 50c, goloshes \$1.50, repairs \$2.00...	\$17 80
Stockings	7 50
Underwear	8 00
Nightgowns	4 00
Costume slips	3 50
Corsets and brassieres.....	5 50
Kimona (two years).....	1 00
Hats	9 00
Suit (half cost to wear two years) or skirt (one year, \$5.00) and light coat (two years \$12.50).....	11 25
Winter coat to wear two years.....	8 25
Winter dresses	10 00
Summer dresses, two or three.....	10 00
Blouses	7 50
Sweater (two years).....	2 00
Aprons	2 50
Handkerchiefs	1 50
Gloves	3 50
Scarf	1 00
Umbrella, to last two years.....	1 25
	115 05
Total expense for clothing.....	
SUNDRIES:	
Laundry	39 00
Doctor, dentist, optician.....	20 00
Car fare	48 00
Reading matter	6 00
Postage and stationery.....	5 00
Recreation and amusement.....	23 00
Church and charity.....	10 00
Incidentals, including tooth brush, comb, soap, tooth paste, talcum powder, nail file, shoe polish, hand lotion, pins, needles, thread, whisk, shoe laces, etc.....	20 00
	171 00
Total expenses for year.....	\$650 05
Clothing per week.....	\$2 21
Sundries per week.....	3 29
Board and lodging per week.....	7 00
	\$12 50
Total per week.....	

The budget is divided into three parts:

CLOTHING.

SUNDRIES.

BOARD AND LODGING.

Clothing—A careful inspection of the clothing items will convince fair-minded readers that no working woman can be expected to get along on any less than the modest amount allowed under this heading, namely \$2.21 per week.

Sundries—The same may be said of the items set down for sundries. Some of these amounts, of course, are arbitrary, such as car fare, laundry, etc. There might be some difference of opinion as to the other amounts allowed, but taking them by and large, the Board is of the opinion that \$3.29 is the proper figure to be estimated for sundries.

Board and Lodging—The cost of board and lodging for a self-supporting working woman in the Province of Ontario has fluctuated more or less during 1933 but in view of the possibility that it may increase from this time forward the Board decided not to revise its rates.

ADMINISTRATION

“No laws are effective unless enforced so that the administrative work of the Board is vital to its success,” thus wrote the first Chairman of this Board in our eighth Annual Report. During 1933 the law was enforced, as has been stated already, more vigorously and more effectively than ever before. The *modus operandi* follows:

1. By requiring employers to post in a conspicuous place, where all employees may easily read, a card containing the order pertaining to that particular establishment.

On this card the wage rates are plainly set out and female workers are invited to report confidentially to the Board if they think they are underpaid.

2. By having employers fill out a questionnaire giving:

- (a) The number of hours worked per day,
- (b) The number of hours worked per week,
- (c) The number of employees under 18 years,
- (d) The number of employees over 18 years,
- (e) The number of employees on piecework,
- (f) The number of employees on timework,
- (g) The wages paid per week,
- (h) The total wages paid for a four weeks' period, if on piecework,
- (i) The number of employees on short time.

The questionnaires must be certified and signed by a member of the firm.

They are collected once a year and comparisons are made with previous returns, and checked with our orders. Any derelictions are

amicably adjusted if possible and if impossible then the offending employers are taken to court.

It has been suggested that this method is ineffective on the ground that the reports of some employers are unreliable, that they can and do misinform us and consequently continue to violate the law and escape detection.

The Board replies that in over twelve years its experience has disclosed that the vast majority of employers throughout the Province give us an honest return; true, some few, decidedly a small minority, have been guilty of misrepresentation but eventually they have been detected and, when we were satisfied the offence was deliberate, the offenders have been prosecuted.

3. By regular calls made by eighteen inspectors from the Factory Inspection Branch of the Department of Labour who are authorized to ascertain if our cards are posted, to examine records and to see that the law is being obeyed.
4. By personal visits of three inspectors specially qualified by experience to handle the delicate negotiations involved in explaining the requirements of our orders, adjusting payrolls to conform to the law, the collection of arrears, and prosecuting those who fail to meet the Board's friendly approaches in these regards.

During 1934 the Board hopes to have the assistance in this Department of one of the outstanding labour men in Canada. This will give us three representatives of labour whose sympathy naturally will be with the employees and thus organized labour can feel that the best interests of the employees will be well protected.

COMPARATIVE STATISTICS

There follow tables covering all industries coming within the scope of our orders. These are made up from wage sheets collected during the year. They give an excellent picture of the number of females employed, wages paid, hours worked, etc. It is interesting to note that according to the Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, these returns would seem to indicate that we have collected payrolls covering practically all females employed in factories in Ontario.

ORDER No. 31

This Order deals with laundries, dye-works and dry-cleaning establishments.

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	79	83
Total number of female employees.....	1,613	1,396
Over 18 years.....	1,546	1,345
Under 18 years.....	67	51
Average hours worked normally per week.....	46.1	47.8
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	5	.....
8- 9.....	5	.....
9-10.....	47	8
10-11.....	102	28
11-12.....	52	32
12-13.....	744	941
13-14.....	269	163
14-15.....	150	95
15-16.....	94	48
16-18.....	66	45
18-20.....	40	14
20-22.....	18	9
22-up.....	21	13
Total.....	1,613	1,396

ORDER No. 31

This Order deals with laundries, dye-works and dry-cleaning establishments.

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	66	69
Total number of female employees.....	712	673
Over 18 years.....	676	648
Under 18 years.....	36	25
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.9	48.
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	8	9
8- 9.....	22	6
9-10.....	3	1
10-11.....	52	31
11-12.....	32	27
12-13.....	376	448
13-14.....	79	69
14-15.....	38	27
15-16.....	41	24
16-18.....	27	14
18-20.....	17	4
20-22.....	9	8
22-up.....	8	5
Total.....	712	673

ORDER NO. 31

This Order deals with laundries, dye-works and dry-cleaning establishments.

In places under 30,000 population :

Number of firms reporting.....	1932 81	1933 92
Total number of female employees.....	521	490
Over 18 years.....	486	466
Under 18 years.....	35	24
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48	48
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	11	10
8- 9.....	8	1
9-10.....	36	9
10-11.....	71	46
11-12.....	194	268
12-13.....	105	61
13-14.....	22	25
14-15.....	14	17
15-16.....	17	24
16-18.....	15	7
18-20.....	11	8
20-22.....	13	11
22-up.....	4	3
Total.....	521	490

ORDERS NOS. 3, 6, 10, 29 — RETAIL STORES

These govern saleswomen in retail stores. The leading chain store systems are included as well as a number of typical stores individually operated. It is a practical impossibility to gather returns from all the retail stores, so the endeavour is made to present a picture which may be taken as generally showing the situation and trend in the several parts of the Province.

ORDER NO. 3

Retail stores:

In the City of Toronto:

Number of stores reporting.....	1932 296	1933 358
Total number of female employees.....	1,291	1,613
Over 18 years.....	1,223	1,568
Under 18 years.....	68	45
Average hours worked normally per week.....	49	47.5
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	4	3
9-10.....	2	4
10-11.....	47	115
11-12.....	44	77
12-13.....	403	565
13-14.....	153	180
14-15.....	175	217
15-16.....	156	153
16-18.....	135	144
18-20.....	92	99
20-22.....	43	22
22-up.....	37	34
Total.....	1,291	1,613

ORDER No. 6

Retail stores:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of stores reporting.....	202	236
Total number of female employees.....	2,377	2,544
Over 18 years.....	2,323	2,470
Under 18 years.....	54	74
Average hours worked normally per week.....	49.2	54.6
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	22	23
9-10.....	15	21
10-11.....	144	186
11-12.....	76	110
12-13.....	1,182	1,331
13-14.....	249	268
14-15.....	196	176
15-16.....	146	146
16-18.....	125	111
18-20.....	94	77
20-22.....	44	42
22-up.....	84	53
Total.....	2,377	2,544

ORDER No. 10

Retail stores:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of stores reporting.....	298	381
Total number of female employees.....	2,049	2,486
Over 18 years.....	1,982	2,367
Under 18 years.....	67	119
Average hours worked normally per week.....	49.7	50.1
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	2
7- 8.....	4	41
8- 9.....	11	37
9-10.....	131	282
10-11.....	296	402
11-12.....	717	853
12-13.....	319	373
13-14.....	128	137
14-15.....	117	104
15-16.....	116	104
16-18.....	81	63
18-20.....	52	54
20-22.....	36	14
22-up.....	41	20
Total.....	2,049	2,486

Retail stores:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of stores reporting.....	162	230
Total number of female employees.....	366	582
Over 18 years.....	353	559
Under 18 years.....	13	23
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.7	56.4
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	17
7- 8.....	12	33
8- 9.....	24	67
9-10.....	90	178
10-11.....	78	123
11-12.....	33	39
12-13.....	46	66
13-14.....	22	14
14-15.....	17	12
15-16.....	19	15
16-18.....	12	8
18-20.....	4	3
20-22.....	4	3
22-up.....	4	4
Total.....	366	582

ORDER No. 29

This Order governs the two largest departmental stores in Toronto. It covers all employees except those working in the restaurant and factory departments.

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	2	2
Total number of female employees.....	3,840	3,567
Over 18 years.....	3,639	3,417
Under 18 years.....	201	150
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.	48.
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	....	6
8- 9.....	30	48
9-10.....	50	51
10-11.....	73	136
11-12.....	77	42
12-13.....	853	1,392
13-14.....	966	898
14-15.....	417	223
15-16.....	327	193
16-18.....	565	366
18-20.....	212	101
20-22.....	99	38
22-up.....	171	73
Total.....	3,840	3,567

ORDERS NOS. 13, 14, 15, 16 — THE TEXTILE TRADES

These are the factories engaged in knitting, weaving and spinning operations.

ORDER No. 13

Textile trades:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	55	53
Total number of female employees.....	2,448	1,946
Over 18 years.....	2,339	1,868
Under 18 years.....	109	78
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.2	45.4
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	4	2
7- 8.....	7	10
8- 9.....	42	40
9-10.....	53	54
10-11.....	104	138
11-12.....	167	140
12-13.....	594	596
13-14.....	344	230
14-15.....	288	204
15-16.....	190	141
16-18.....	419	243
18-20.....	153	91
20-22.....	38	19
22-up.....	45	38
Total.....	2,448	1,946

ORDER No. 14

Textile trades:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	24	23
Total number of female employees.....	3,565	3,099
Over 18 years.....	3,440	3,035
Under 18 years.....	125	64
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.7	51.5
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	5
7- 8.....	5	11
8- 9.....	92	49
9-10.....	95	182
10-11.....	146	166
11-12.....	355	429
12-13.....	429	501
13-14.....	461	512
14-15.....	316	383
15-16.....	925	371
16-18.....	391	309
18-20.....	228	101
20-22.....	78	45
22-up.....	43	35
Total.....	3,565	3,099

ORDER No. 15

Textile trades:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	63	66
Total number of female employees.....	4,989	5,177
Over 18 years.....	4,459	4,776
Under 18 years.....	530	401
Average hours worked normally per week.....	50.	51.2
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	34	40
7- 8.....	99	114
8- 9.....	148	153
9-10.....	373	378
10-11.....	416	459
11-12.....	1,131	1,399
12-13.....	620	734
13-14.....	654	630
14-15.....	500	460
15-16.....	369	274
16-18.....	375	323
18-20.....	132	110
20-22.....	51	44
22-up.....	87	59
Total.....	4,989	5,177

ORDER No. 16

Textile trades:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	56	56
Total number of female employees.....	2,362	2,090
Over 18 years.....	2,087	1,921
Under 18 years.....	275	169
Average hours worked normally per week.....	50.6	50.2
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	44	52
7- 8.....	72	92
8- 9.....	151	131
9-10.....	253	230
10-11.....	515	478
11-12.....	350	288
12-13.....	241	222
13-14.....	169	257
14-15.....	222	115
15-16.....	130	78
16-18.....	140	113
18-20.....	43	29
20-22.....	24	3
22-up.....	8	2
Total.....	2,362	2,090

ORDERS Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20 — THE NEEDLE TRADES

These are the factories whose chief implement is the sewing machine:

ORDER No. 17

Needle trades:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	445	456
Total number of female employees.....	7,479	7,154
Over 18 years.....	7,332	7,027
Under 18 years.....	147	127
Average hours worked normally per week.....	43.1	44.06
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	32	27
7- 8.....	87	54
8- 9.....	233	143
9-10.....	242	163
10-11.....	424	604
11-12.....	409	431
12-13.....	1,735	1,391
13-14.....	1,014	1,372
14-15.....	642	937
15-16.....	578	743
16-18.....	786	536
18-20.....	533	330
20-22.....	308	189
22-up.....	456	234
Total.....	7,479	7,154

ORDER No. 18

Needle trades:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	85	73
Total number of female employees.....	674	568
Over 18 years.....	660	561
Under 18 years.....	14	7
Average hours worked normally per week.....	44.3	44.4
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	5	8
7- 8.....	21	15
8- 9.....	39	35
9-10.....	44	33
10-11.....	57	47
11-12.....	124	114
12-13.....	90	106
13-14.....	53	34
14-15.....	44	41
15-16.....	56	43
16-18.....	49	40
18-20.....	39	23
20-22.....	23	19
22-up.....	30	10
Total.....	674	568

ORDER No. 19

Needle trades:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	55	52
Total number of female employees.....	1,602	1,409
Over 18 years.....	1,539	1,347
Under 18 years.....	63	62
Average hours worked normally per week.....	44.	45.7
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	29	42
7- 8.....	41	57
8- 9.....	87	68
9-10.....	118	113
10-11.....	163	105
11-12.....	288	375
12-13.....	230	219
13-14.....	145	102
14-15.....	90	78
15-16.....	102	77
16-18.....	123	62
18-20.....	70	59
20-22.....	47	25
22-up.....	69	27
Total.....	1,602	1,409

ORDER No. 20

Needle trades:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	18	20
Total number of female employees.....	216	197
Over 18 years.....	206	187
Under 18 years.....	10	10
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.	47.3
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	7	6
7- 8.....	10	13
8- 9.....	10	13
9-10.....	14	21
10-11.....	43	58
11-12.....	45	31
12-13.....	19	22
13-14.....	36	10
14-15.....	7	4
15-16.....	4	7
16-18.....	9	9
18-20.....	7	2
20-22.....	2	....
22-up.....	3	1
Total.....	216	197

ORDERS NOS. 21, 22, 23, 24

These govern wages in the following trades: Drug, chemicals, pharmaceutical or toilet preparations, dyes, inks, shoe blacking or polish, mucilage, medicines, non-corrosive acids and non-hazardous chemicals or chemical preparations:

ORDER No. 21

Drug and chemical factories, etc.:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	83	88
Total number of female employees.....	737	732
Over 18 years.....	703	692
Under 18 years.....	34	40
Average hours worked normally per week.....	43.5	43.8
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	1	....
8- 9.....	8	16
9-10.....	18	13
10-11.....	48	44
11-12.....	24	32
12-13.....	204	269
13-14.....	119	107
14-15.....	86	70
15-16.....	71	70
16-18.....	81	58
18-20.....	21	19
20-22.....	21	12
22-up.....	35	22
Total.....	737	732

ORDER No. 22

Drug and chemical factories, etc.:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	28	27
Total number of female employees.....	249	213
Over 18 years.....	240	209
Under 18 years.....	9	4
Average hours worked normally per week.....	44.	42.2
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	....	....
9-10.....	27	3
10-11.....	13	14
11-12.....	71	76
12-13.....	42	39
13-14.....	21	12
14-15.....	22	18
15-16.....	15	17
16-18.....	10	11
18-20.....	8	9
20-22.....	9	7
22-up.....	11	7
Total.....	249	213

ORDER No. 23

Drug and chemical factories, etc.:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	13	20
Total number of female employees.....	140	232
Over 18 years.....	134	227
Under 18 years.....	6	5
Average hours worked normally per week.....	43.5	46.8
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	1	....
8- 9.....	....	2
9-10.....	2	29
10-11.....	6	27
11-12.....	26	66
12-13.....	17	17
13-14.....	34	17
14-15.....	15	30
15-16.....	16	8
16-18.....	7	19
18-20.....	6	8
20-22.....	3	4
22-up.....	7	5
Total.....	140	232

ORDER No. 24

Drug and chemical factories, etc.:

In places having less than 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	13	6
Total number of female employees.....	125	100
Over 18 years.....	125	99
Under 18 years.....	....	1
Average hours worked normally per week.....	42.3	45.
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	....
7- 8.....	....	1
8- 9.....	8	7
9-10.....	10	9
10-11.....	34	37
11-12.....	28	21
12-13.....	12	7
13-14.....	7	7
14-15.....	4	3
15-16.....	5	3
16-18.....	7	2
18-20.....	3	2
20-22.....	2	1
22-up.....	4	....
Total.....	125	100

ORDER No. 28

These are the factories engaged in the boot and shoe and other leather trades:

Leather factories:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	35	38
Total number of female employees.....	559	541
Over 18 years.....	500	481
Under 18 years.....	59	60
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.3	45.8
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	3	.....
8- 9.....	43	49
9-10.....	18	16
10-11.....	38	51
11-12.....	24	19
12-13.....	128	169
13-14.....	53	82
14-15.....	42	49
15-16.....	42	41
16-18.....	67	41
18-20.....	63	17
20-22.....	17	1
22-up.....	21	6
Total.....	559	541

ORDER No. 28

Leather factories:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	6	6
Total number of female employees.....	195	229
Over 18 years.....	186	210
Under 18 years.....	9	19
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.	48.1
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	1	.....
7- 8.....	9	4
8- 9.....	5	13
9-10.....	14	33
10-11.....	7	10
11-12.....	28	26
12-13.....	7	18
13-14.....	12	12
14-15.....	13	7
15-16.....	21	20
16-18.....	24	19
18-20.....	25	23
20-22.....	11	20
22-up.....	18	24
Total.....	195	229

ORDER No. 28

Leather factories:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	28	26
Total number of female employees.....	605	661
Over 18 years.....	546	591
Under 18 years.....	59	70
Average hours worked normally per week.....	49.6	48.6

Weekly rate of wages:

	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	10	1
7- 8.....	13	29
8- 9.....	35	22
9-10.....	59	63
10-11.....	38	50
11-12.....	93	106
12-13.....	68	60
13-14.....	54	68
14-15.....	47	57
15-16.....	54	42
16-18.....	59	82
18-20.....	37	29
20-22.....	15	22
22-up.....	23	30
Total.....	605	661

ORDER No. 28

Leather factories:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	22	19
Total number of female employees.....	594	575
Over 18 years.....	498	506
Under 18 years.....	96	69
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.7	49.2

Weekly rate of wages:

	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	23	22
7- 8.....	45	40
8- 9.....	39	51
9-10.....	87	59
10-11.....	88	142
11-12.....	73	41
12-13.....	60	51
13-14.....	50	42
14-15.....	30	33
15-16.....	32	29
16-18.....	27	26
18-20.....	23	17
20-22.....	5	7
22-up.....	12	15
Total.....	594	575

ORDER No. 30

These factories make electrical goods:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	34	32
Total number of female employees.....	1,005	719
Over 18 years.....	966	706
Under 18 years.....	39	13
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.6	46.3
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	2	1
9-10.....	23	5
10-11.....	16	16
11-12.....	136	91
12-13.....	259	187
13-14.....	166	114
14-15.....	206	132
15-16.....	58	76
16-18.....	82	55
18-20.....	42	25
20-22.....	8	7
22-up.....	7	10
Total.....	1,005	719

ORDER No. 30

Factories making electrical goods:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	12	9
Total number of female employees.....	592	508
Over 18 years.....	573	502
Under 18 years.....	19	6
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.5	47.9
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	.....	.....
9-10.....	6	16
10-11.....	8	39
11-12.....	46	323
12-13.....	119	23
13-14.....	91	22
14-15.....	81	17
15-16.....	73	21
16-18.....	81	30
18-20.....	56	7
20-22.....	18	7
22-up.....	13	3
Total.....	592	508

ORDER No. 30

Factories making electrical goods:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	8	9
Total number of female employees.....	318	251
Over 18 years.....	306	247
Under 18 years.....	12	4
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.3	48.4
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	....	2
9-10.....	17	8
10-11.....	31	21
11-12.....	70	82
12-13.....	45	63
13-14.....	41	27
14-15.....	47	13
15-16.....	26	9
16-18.....	22	17
18-20.....	4	4
20-22.....	3	3
22-up.....	12	2
Total.....	318	251

ORDER No. 30

Factories making electrical goods

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	6	7
Total number of female employees.....	90	216
Over 18 years.....	90	196
Under 18 years.....	....	20
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.8	46.5
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	2	2
8- 9.....	2	9
9-10.....	3	74
10-11.....	44	65
11-12.....	3	19
12-13.....	25	24
13-14.....	3	15
14-15.....	3	3
15-16.....	2	1
16-18.....	....	3
18-20.....	2	1
20-22.....	1	....
22-up.....	....	....
Total.....	90	216

ORDER No. 34

The food trades, including the making of confectionery, biscuit, chocolate, jam, gum, grocery specialties, crushed fruit, syrup, pickles, together with bakeries, packing houses and all allied industries (excepting seasonal canneries).

Factories manufacturing foods:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	125	121
Total number of female employees.....	2,532	2,527
Over 18 years.....	2,368	2,399
Under 18 years.....	164	128
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.8	47.8
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	14	59
9-10.....	43	29
10-11.....	119	206
11-12.....	154	134
12-13.....	889	1,168
13-14.....	455	261
14-15.....	269	219
15-16.....	209	183
16-18.....	185	125
18-20.....	116	92
20-22.....	37	31
22-up.....	42	30
Total.....	2,532	2,527

ORDER No. 34

Factories manufacturing foods:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	56	57
Total number of female employees.....	756	780
Over 18 years.....	692	733
Under 18 years.....	64	47
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.1	48.1
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	14	10
9-10.....	30	36
10-11.....	66	44
11-12.....	155	199
12-13.....	108	193
13-14.....	113	93
14-15.....	119	98
15-16.....	56	57
16-18.....	55	45
18-20.....	26	12
20-22.....	4	2
22-up.....	10	1
Total.....	756	780

ORDER NO. 34

Factories manufacturing foods:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	51	46
Total number of female employees.....	620	630
Over 18 years.....	532	573
Under 18 years.....	88	57
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.2	48.6
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	11	6
8- 9.....	22	34
9-10.....	53	48
10-11.....	126	82
11-12.....	140	276
12-13.....	109	69
13-14.....	45	27
14-15.....	30	19
15-16.....	23	25
16-18.....	21	17
18-20.....	28	13
20-22.....	7	10
22-up.....	5	4
Total.....	620	630

ORDER NO. 34

Factories manufacturing foods:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	34	35
Total number of female employees.....	329	386
Over 18 years.....	309	356
Under 18 years.....	20	30
Average hours worked normally per week.....	52.	50.7
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	2	3
8- 9.....	17	15
9-10.....	19	12
10-11.....	42	72
11-12.....	73	101
12-13.....	15	144
13-14.....	21	4
14-15.....	110	25
15-16.....	12	2
16-18.....	4	3
18-20.....	7	2
20-22.....	2	2
22-up.....	5	1
Total.....	329	386

ORDER No. 35

Miscellaneous Order: governing all factory trades not dealt with in other Orders (except seasonal canneries).

Miscellaneous trades:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	138	153
Total number of female employees.....	1,338	1,458
Over 18 years.....	1,272	1,389
Under 18 years.....	66	69
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.4	45.4
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	1
7- 8.....	3	....
8- 9.....	28	29
9-10.....	36	19
10-11.....	139	173
11-12.....	115	82
12-13.....	373	530
13-14.....	170	207
14-15.....	156	135
15-16.....	106	107
16-18.....	112	93
18-20.....	41	39
20-22.....	31	20
22-up.....	27	23
Total.....	1,338	1,458

ORDER No. 35

Miscellaneous trades:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	63	69
Total number of female employees.....	601	689
Over 18 years.....	584	671
Under 18 years.....	17	18
Average hours worked normally per week.....	46.5	46.8
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	....
7- 8.....	4	6
8- 9.....	12	10
9-10.....	61	38
10-11.....	42	39
11-12.....	124	201
12-13.....	115	120
13-14.....	35	65
14-15.....	30	108
15-16.....	20	28
16-18.....	115	35
18-20.....	22	22
20-22.....	7	11
22-up.....	13	6
Total.....	601	689

ORDER No. 35

Miscellaneous trades:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	87	91
Total number of female employees.....	1,075	1,161
Over 18 years.....	985	1,099
Under 18 years.....	90	62
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.8	47.7
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	8	4
7- 8.....	28	12
8- 9.....	38	26
9-10.....	83	88
10-11.....	124	160
11-12.....	320	380
12-13.....	164	164
13-14.....	84	73
14-15.....	62	92
15-16.....	45	70
16-18.....	69	45
18-20.....	26	23
20-22.....	8	4
22-up.....	16	20
Total.....	1,075	1,161

ORDER No. 35

Miscellaneous trades:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	63	70
Total number of female employees.....	866	873
Over 18 years.....	796	828
Under 18 years.....	70	45
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.1	48.7
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	19	14
7- 8.....	16	20
8- 9.....	82	95
9-10.....	60	82
10-11.....	151	248
11-12.....	122	107
12-13.....	102	65
13-14.....	69	53
14-15.....	154	135
15-16.....	33	16
16-18.....	37	19
18-20.....	8	14
20-22.....	6	1
22-up.....	7	4
Total.....	866	873

ORDER No. 36

Tobacco factories:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	4	7
Total number of female employees.....	275	360
Over 18 years.....	267	353
Under 18 years.....	8	7
Average hours worked normally per week.....	42.2	45.9
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	4	....
7- 8.....	4	....
8- 9.....	15	2
9-10.....	71	1
10-11.....	5	94
11-12.....	10	19
12-13.....	17	53
13-14.....	4	15
14-15.....	16	28
15-16.....	98	26
16-18.....	12	70
18-20.....	13	25
20-22.....	5	13
22-up.....	1	14
Total.....	275	360

ORDER No. 36

Tobacco factories:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	6	4
Total number of female employees.....	369	258
Over 18 years.....	354	255
Under 18 years.....	15	3
Average hours worked normally per week.....	43.	44.5
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	5	....
7- 8.....	4	2
8- 9.....	5	1
9-10.....	25	5
10-11.....	63	55
11-12.....	170	121
12-13.....	37	27
13-14.....	20	13
14-15.....	22	8
15-16.....	16	16
16-18.....	....	5
18-20.....	1	3
20-22.....	....	....
22-up.....	1	2
Total.....	369	258

ORDER No. 36

Tobacco factories:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	3	1
Total number of female employees.....	381	169
Over 18 years.....	373	165
Under 18 years.....	8	4
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.6	50.
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	11	3
7- 8.....	27	4
8- 9.....	64	19
9-10.....	55	29
10-11.....	22	22
11-12.....	69	32
12-13.....	42	19
13-14.....	38	10
14-15.....	8	9
15-16.....	29	7
16-18.....	1	9
18-20.....	.....	2
20-22.....	15	4
22-up.....	.....	.....
Total.....	381	169

ORDER No. 37

Factories making rubber goods:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	7	7
Total number of female employees.....	420	331
Over 18 years.....	411	327
Under 18 years.....	9	4
Average hours worked normally per week.....	44.2	44.2
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	3	1
9-10.....	2	2
10-11.....	3	29
11-12.....	9	5
12-13.....	51	57
13-14.....	33	98
14-15.....	53	64
15-16.....	27	35
16-18.....	118	33
18-20.....	96	3
20-22.....	15	1
22-up.....	10	3
Total.....	420	331

ORDER NO. 37

Factories making rubber goods:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	1	1
Total number of female employees.....	52	57
Over 18 years.....	52	57
Under 18 years.....	.....	.....
Average hours worked normally per week.....	40	40
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	1
8- 9.....	3	5
9-10.....	2	.....
10-11.....	4	.....
11-12.....	10	9
12-13.....	14	13
13-14.....	5	13
14-15.....	3	11
15-16.....	3	4
16-18.....	7	1
18-20.....	.....	.....
20-22.....	.....	.....
22-up.....	1	.....
Total.....	52	57

ORDER NO. 37

Factories making rubber goods:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	10	9
Total number of female employees.....	1,098	1,232
Over 18 years.....	1,049	1,150
Under 18 years.....	49	82
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.2	49.
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	22	10
7- 8.....	47	22
8- 9.....	80	52
9-10.....	130	96
10-11.....	98	165
11-12.....	282	421
12-13.....	92	230
13-14.....	256	114
14-15.....	34	48
15-16.....	25	37
16-18.....	14	30
18-20.....	15	6
20-22.....	2	.....
22-up.....	1	1
Total.....	1,098	1,232

ORDER No. 37

Factories making rubber goods:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	3	4
Total number of female employees.....	60	93
Over 18 years.....	59	87
Under 18 years.....	1	6
Average hours worked normally per week.....	49.8	45.6
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	.....	2
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	3	13
9-10.....	1	5
10-11.....	9	9
11-12.....	4	17
12-13.....	10	13
13-14.....	9	15
14-15.....	4	7
15-16.....	7	5
16-18.....	7	5
18-20.....	5	2
20-22.....	1	.....
22-up.....	.....	.....
Total.....	60	93

ORDER No. 38

Factories making jewellery:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	17	16
Total number of female employees.....	143	135
Over 18 years.....	131	130
Under 18 years.....	12	5
Average hours worked normally per week.....	44.9	44.7
Weekly rate of wages:		
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	1
8- 9.....	6	1
9-10.....	4	9
10-11.....	7	11
11-12.....	6	6
12-13.....	27	32
13-14.....	28	23
14-15.....	21	23
15-16.....	15	12
16-18.....	16	7
18-20.....	3	3
20-22.....	6	5
22-up.....	4	2
Total.....	143	135

ORDER No. 38

Factories making jewellery:

In places of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	6	6
Total number of female employees.....	17	24
Over 18 years.....	16	23
Under 18 years.....	1	1
Average hours worked normally per week.....	46.5	44.2
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	2	....
8- 9.....	4	2
9-10.....	....	2
10-11.....	3	2
11-12.....	....	5
12-13.....	2	3
13-14.....	....	1
14-15.....	2	4
15-16.....	1	2
16-18.....	2	1
18-20.....	1	2
20-22.....	....	....
22-up.....	....	....
Total.....	17	24

ORDER No. 38

Factories making jewellery:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	8	9
Total number of female employees.....	107	85
Over 18 years.....	101	84
Under 18 years.....	6	1
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.3	47.6
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	1
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	....	1
9-10.....	4	4
10-11.....	12	5
11-12.....	25	38
12-13.....	17	11
13-14.....	11	7
14-15.....	9	6
15-16.....	10	3
16-18.....	6	5
18-20.....	2	2
20-22.....	5	2
22-up.....	6	....
Total.....	107	85

ORDER No. 39

The paper trades, which include printing, bookbinding, paper box making, paper bag making, manufacturing stationery and other trades making paper or paper products.

Paper trades:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	191	194
Total number of female employees.....	2,416	2,108
Over 18 years.....	2,318	2,055
Under 18 years.....	98	53
Average hours worked normally per week.....	44.6	45.6
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	2	3
8- 9.....	24	25
9-10.....	61	47
10-11.....	103	108
11-12.....	77	68
12-13.....	484	541
13-14.....	243	247
14-15.....	253	195
15-16.....	203	251
16-18.....	524	372
18-20.....	172	101
20-22.....	103	55
22-up.....	167	95
Total.....	2,416	2,108

ORDER No. 39

Paper trades:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	68	68
Total number of female employees.....	1,137	1,335
Over 18 years.....	1,106	1,040
Under 18 years.....	31	295
Average hours worked normally per week.....	46.5	45.7
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	2	1
8- 9.....	17	268
9-10.....	22	58
10-11.....	55	60
11-12.....	303	289
12-13.....	189	197
13-14.....	116	127
14-15.....	119	129
15-16.....	98	81
16-18.....	94	54
18-20.....	42	26
20-22.....	20	15
22-up.....	60	30
Total.....	1,137	1,335

ORDER No. 39

Paper trades:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	75	75
Total number of female employees.....	665	615
Over 18 years.....	634	602
Under 18 years.....	31	13
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.4	47.5
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	....
7- 8.....	8	5
8- 9.....	9	7
9-10.....	29	16
10-11.....	51	30
11-12.....	210	179
12-13.....	99	98
13-14.....	50	74
14-15.....	42	46
15-16.....	39	49
16-18.....	46	42
18-20.....	26	24
20-22.....	17	10
22-up.....	38	35
Total.....	665	615

ORDER No. 39

Paper trades:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	66	55
Total number of female employees.....	317	281
Over 18 years.....	302	275
Under 18 years.....	15	6
Average hours worked normally per week.....	46.5	47.3
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....	....
7- 8.....	2	2
8- 9.....	2	2
9-10.....	14	16
10-11.....	24	58
11-12.....	23	45
12-13.....	57	45
13-14.....	29	22
14-15.....	50	19
15-16.....	52	17
16-18.....	29	34
18-20.....	15	10
20-22.....	10	6
22-up.....	10	5
Total.....	317	281

ORDER No. 27

Hotels, restaurants and refreshment rooms:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	203	252
Total number of female employees.....	2,518	2,590
Over 18 years.....	2,493	2,575
Under 18 years.....	25	15
Average hours worked normally per week.....	51.3	49.5
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	.....	.....
9-10.....	.....	.....
10-11.....	.....	.....
11-12.....	1	1
12-13.....	410	814
13-14.....	825	616
14-15.....	398	393
15-16.....	207	237
16-18.....	373	311
18-20.....	163	93
20-22.....	64	68
22-up.....	77	57
Total.....	2,518	2,590

The rates appearing in this summary include the cost of board and lodging.

ORDER No. 46

Hotels, restaurants and refreshment rooms:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	121	125
Total number of female employees.....	732	648
Over 18 years.....	728	643
Under 18 years.....	4	5
Average hours worked normally per week.....	52.	49.6
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	.....	.....
9-10.....	.....	.....
10-11.....	.....	.....
11-12.....	2	.....
12-13.....	382	423
13-14.....	120	89
14-15.....	94	64
15-16.....	35	28
16-18.....	49	25
18-20.....	27	11
20-22.....	8	3
22-up.....	15	5
Total.....	732	648

The rates appearing in this summary include the cost of board and lodging.

ORDER No. 46

Hotels, restaurants and refreshment rooms:

In towns and cities of from 10,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	161	190
Total number of female employees.....	807	831
Over 18 years.....	793	822
Under 18 years.....	14	9
Average hours worked normally per week.....	50.9	47.5
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	.....	.....
9-10.....	.....	.....
10-11.....	.....	2
11-12.....	312	472
12-13.....	201	134
13-14.....	83	74
14-15.....	85	69
15-16.....	31	20
16-18.....	37	32
18-20.....	26	16
20-22.....	5	6
22-up.....	27	6
Total.....	807	831

The rates appearing in this summary include the cost of board and lodging.

ORDER No. 46

Hotels, restaurants and refreshment rooms:

In towns and cities of from 4,000 to 10,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	129	150
Total number of female employees.....	434	449
Over 18 years.....	426	437
Under 18 years.....	8	12
Average hours worked normally per week.....	52.5	50.4
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	.....	.....
9-10.....	1	.....
10-11.....	80	141
11-12.....	156	134
12-13.....	68	68
13-14.....	59	45
14-15.....	26	25
15-16.....	12	7
16-18.....	15	16
18-20.....	9	6
20-22.....	4	.....
22-up.....	4	7
Total.....	434	449

The rates appearing in this summary include the cost of board and lodging.

ORDER No. 41

Custom millinery:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	39	37
Total number of female employees.....	252	256
Over 18 years.....	244	248
Under 18 years.....	8	8
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.5	47.5
 Weekly rate of wages:	 1932	 1933
Under \$7 00.....	1	6
7- 8.....	5	3
8- 9.....	8	5
9-10.....	4	3
10-11.....	7	8
11-12.....	4	1
12-13.....	38	55
13-14.....	24	27
14-15.....	17	18
15-16.....	28	37
16-18.....	38	39
18-20.....	19	18
20-22.....	18	9
22-up.....	41	27
Total.....	252	256

The lower rates outlined in this summary are for apprentices.

ORDER No. 43

Custom millinery:

In places of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	39	38
Total number of female employees.....	91	94
Over 18 years.....	89	92
Under 18 years.....	2	2
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.9	48.6
 Weekly rate of wages:	 1932	 1933
Under \$7 00.....	2	4
7- 8.....	....	....
8- 9.....	....	1
9-10.....	....	1
10-11.....	6	2
11-12.....	3	2
12-13.....	19	36
13-14.....	6	9
14-15.....	10	3
15-16.....	15	20
16-18.....	8	4
18-20.....	8	4
20-22.....	5	3
22-up.....	9	5
Total.....	91	94

The lower rates outlined in this summary are for apprentices.

ORDER No. 45

Custom millinery:

In towns and cities of from 4,000 to 30,000 population:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	41	36
Total number of female employees.....	88	78
Over 18 years.....	86	78
Under 18 years.....	2	....
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.3	48.9
 Weekly rate of wages:	 1932	 1933
Under \$7 00.....	4	4
7- 8.....	....	1
8- 9.....	....	....
9-10.....	2	2
10-11.....	9	8
11-12.....	6	5
12-13.....	12	15
13-14.....	3	6
14-15.....	4	3
15-16.....	13	12
16-18.....	4	5
18-20.....	8	8
20-22.....	11	6
22-up.....	12	3
Total.....	88	78

The lower rates outlined in this summary are for apprentices.

ORDER No. 42

Hairdressing and beauty parlours:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	85	88
Total number of female employees.....	321	375
Over 18 years.....	315	367
Under 18 years.....	6	8
Average hours worked normally per week.....	48.3	47.1
 Weekly rate of wages:	 1932	 1933
Under \$7 00.....	4	9
7- 8.....	1	....
8- 9.....	8	19
9-10.....	1	3
10-11.....	14	17
11-12.....	8	1
12-13.....	58	103
13-14.....	19	27
14-15.....	18	27
15-16.....	56	50
16-18.....	33	41
18-20.....	33	29
20-22.....	24	18
22-up.....	44	31
Total.....	321	375

ORDER No. 44

Hairdressing and beauty parlours:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	50	47
Total number of female employees.....	119	105
Over 18 years.....	118	104
Under 18 years.....	1	1
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.9	47.5
 Weekly rate of wages:	 1932	 1933
Under \$7 00.....	5	1
7- 8.....	....	1
8- 9.....	4	4
9-10.....	....	....
10-11.....	7	6
11-12.....	5	2
12-13.....	28	37
13-14.....	....	....
14-15.....	7	6
15-16.....	21	10
16-18.....	13	9
18-20.....	8	13
20-22.....	11	8
22-up.....	10	8
 Total.....	 119	 105

ORDER No. 47

Factories operating seasonally, canning, packing and evaporating fruits and vegetables:

In places under 30,000 population in the Province:

	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	50
Total number of female employees.....	1,301
Over 18 years and under 60 years.....	1,276
Under 18 years and over 60 years.....	25

Weekly rate of wages:

1933

Over 18 years and under 60 years:

Under 2,000 population —	575 receive	18c per hour
2,000 to 5,000 " —	451 " "	20c " "
5,000 to 30,000 " —	250 " "	22c " "
	<hr/> 1,276	

Under 18 years and over 60 years:

Under 2,000 population —	6 receive	15c per hour
2,000 to 5,000 " —	1 receives	17c " "
5,000 to 30,000 " —	18 receive	18c " "
	<hr/> 25	

These statistics were collected for the first time in 1933.

ORDER No. 25

Office workers:

In the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	74	552
Total number of female employees.....	3,128	9,513
Over 18 years.....	3,109	9,446
Under 18 years.....	19	67
Average hours worked normally per week.....	39.5	44.2
Weekly rate of wages:	1932	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....	.....
8- 9.....	.....	3
9-10.....	.....	16
10-11.....	17	132
11-12.....	57	84
12-13.....	149	1,225
13-14.....	214	751
14-15.....	186	763
15-16.....	236	1,696
16-18.....	671	1,680
18-20.....	463	1,025
20-22.....	380	701
22-up.....	755	1,437
Total.....	3,128	9,513

ORDER No. 26

Office workers:

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	187
Total number of female employees.....	2,106
Over 18 years.....	2,097
Under 18 years.....	9
Average hours worked normally per week.....	45.8
Weekly rate of wages:	1933
Under \$7 00.....	.....
7- 8.....	.....
8- 9.....	3
9-10.....	3
10-11.....	40
11-12.....	60
12-13.....	230
13-14.....	144
14-15.....	100
15-16.....	196
16-18.....	391
18-20.....	354
20-22.....	219
22-up.....	366
Total.....	2,106

ORDER No. 26

Office workers:

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	257
Total number of female employees.....	1,158
Over 18 years.....	1,152
Under 18 years.....	6
Average hours worked normally per week.....	47.9
Weekly rate of wages:	1933
Under \$7 00.....	....
7- 8.....	....
8- 9.....	9
9-10.....	26
10-11.....	62
11-12.....	124
12-13.....	128
13-14.....	105
14-15.....	69
15-16.....	102
16-18.....	151
18-20.....	105
20-22.....	104
22-up.....	173
Total.....	1,158

ORDER No. 26

Office workers:

In places under 5,000 population:

	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	99
Total number of female employees.....	528
Over 18 years.....	524
Under 18 years.....	4
Average hours worked normally per week.....	46.6
Weekly rate of wages:	1933
Under \$7 00.....	2
7- 8.....	3
8- 9.....	12
9-10.....	20
10-11.....	46
11-12.....	38
12-13.....	51
13-14.....	49
14-15.....	21
15-16.....	49
16-18.....	62
18-20.....	50
20-22.....	41
22-up.....	84
Total.....	528

The following tables indicate the number of firms reporting, number of women employed, and the average weekly hours worked for the 5-year period from 1929 to 1933 inclusive:—

ORDER No. 31

This Order deals with laundries, dye-works and dry-cleaning establishments.

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
In the City of Toronto:					
Number of firms reporting.....	51	61	79	79	83
Total number of female employees.....	1,736	1,763	1,696	1,613	1,396
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.1	46.5	46.8	46.1	47.8

In cities of more than 30,000 population, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	48	52	57	66	69
Total number of female employees.....	669	648	688	712	673
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.3	48.4	48.	48.9	48.

In places having less than 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	61	65	74	81	92
Total number of female employees.....	618	613	572	521	490
Average hours worked normally per week.	50.	49.5	48.3	48.	48.

ORDER No. 3

Retail stores:

In the City of Toronto:

Number of stores reporting.....	179	225	286	296	358
Total number of female employees.....	1,357	1,435	1,492	1,291	1,613
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.7	50.5	49.1	49.	47.5

ORDER No. 6

Retail stores:

In cities of 30,000 or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of stores reporting.....	103	173	221	202	236
Total number of female employees.....	1,909	2,684	2,619	2,377	2,544
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.	51.2	49.5	49.2	56.4

ORDER No. 10

In towns and cities from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of stores reporting.....	183	242	259	298	381
Total number of female employees.....	2,078	2,183	2,143	2,049	2,486
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.5	49.9	49.8	49.7	50.1

In places under 5,000 population:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of stores reporting.....	101	137	169	162	230
Total number of female employees.....	437	442	524	366	582
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.7	52.01	51.2	48.7	56.4

ORDER No. 29

This order governs departmental stores in Toronto having more than 150 employees:

Number of firms reporting.....	2	2	2	2	2
Total number of female employees.....	4,916	4,455	3,850	3,840	3,567
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.	48.	48.	48.	48.

ORDER No. 13

The Textile Trades:

In the City of Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	43	46	47	55	53
Total number of female employees.....	2,835	2,784	2,887	2,448	1,946
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.2	45.6	45.3	45.2	45.4

ORDER No. 14

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	27	26	25	24	23
Total number of female employees.....	4,273	4,198	3,603	3,565	3,099
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.7	48.2	48.1	47.7	51.5

ORDER No. 15

In towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	67	64	64	63	66
Total number of female employees.....	6,245	5,653	5,048	4,989	5,177
Average hours worked normally per week.	50.3	50.2	50.7	50.	51.2

ORDER No. 16

In places having less than 5,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	62	59	59	56	56
Total number of female employees.....	2,577	2,579	2,516	2,362	2,090
Average hours worked normally per week.	51.4	51.8	51.2	50.6	50.2

ORDER No. 17

The Needle Trades:

In the City of Toronto:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	465	439	461	445	456
Total number of female employees.....	9,663	9,034	8,508	7,479	7,154
Average hours worked normally per week.	44.1	43.3	43.4	43.1	44.06

ORDER No. 18

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	83	82	87	85	73
Total number of female employees.....	978	875	755	674	568
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.4	46.2	45.9	44.3	44.4

ORDER No. 19

In cities and towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	58	54	56	55	52
Total number of female employees.....	1,965	1,733	1,651	1,602	1,409
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.9	46.4	45.	44.	45.7

ORDER No. 20

In places having less than 5,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	23	22	22	18	20
Total number of female employees.....	258	276	245	216	197
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.1	46.2	45.5	45.	47.3

ORDER No. 21

This governs wages in the following trades:

Drugs, chemicals, pharmaceutical, or toilet preparations, dyes, inks, shoe blacking or polish, mucilage, medicines, non-corrosive acids and non-hazardous chemicals or chemical preparations.

ORDER No. 21

In the City of Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	83	78	73	83	88
Total number of female employees.....	845	764	799	737	732
Average hours worked normally per week.	43.9	43.9	45.	43.5	43.8

ORDER No. 22

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	26	27	26	28	27
Total number of female employees.....	248	243	220	249	213
Average hours worked normally per week.	44.3	44.5	44.07	44.	42.2

ORDER No. 23

In cities and towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	12	11	14	13	20
Total number of female employees.....	154	145	145	140	232
Average hours worked normally per week.	43.7	44.4	45.2	43.5	46.8

ORDER No. 24

In places having less than 5,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	13	12	14	13	6
Total number of female employees.....	138	182	151	125	100
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.	45.6	44.6	42.3	45.

ORDER No. 28

Boot and Shoe and other Leather Trades:

In the City of Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	41	35	34	35	38
Total number of female employees.....	702	549	578	559	541
Average hours worked normally per week.	44.9	44.9	44.8	45.3	45.8

In cities over 30,000 population, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	11	8	7	6	6
Total number of female employees.....	212	174	161	195	229
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.5	48.	47.9	48.	48.1

In places of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	32	32	30	28	26
Total number of female employees.....	780	656	623	605	661
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.9	48.3	48.7	49.6	48.6

In places under 5,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	23	22	22	22	19
Total number of female employees.....	576	544	635	594	575
Average hours worked normally per week.	49.8	47.9	48.9	48.7	49.2

ORDER No. 30

These factories make Electrical Goods:

In the City of Toronto:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	23	30	28	34	32
Total number of female employees.....	888	818	914	1,005	719
Average hours worked normally per week.	45.7	46.1	46.8	45.6	46.3

In cities over 30,000 population, excepting Toronto:

	7	7	9	12	9
Number of firms reporting.....	647	575	539	592	508
Total number of female employees.....	48.3	48.8	49.3	48.5	47.9
Average hours worked normally per week.					

In cities and towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	11	12	9	8	9
Number of firms reporting.....	532	499	336	318	251
Total number of female employees.....	49.	46.5	46.7	49.3	48.4
Average hours worked normally per week.					

In places under 5,000 population:

	3	3	5	6	7
Number of firms reporting.....	21	16	91	90	216
Total number of female employees.....	46.5	48.	47.2	45.8	46.5
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 34

The food trades, including the making of confectionery, biscuit, chocolate, jam, gum, grocery specialties, crushed fruits, syrup, pickles, together with bakeries, packing houses and all allied industries (excepting seasonal canneries).

In the City of Toronto:

	108	106	114	125	121
Number of firms reporting.....	3,312	3,071	2,842	2,532	2,527
Total number of female employees.....	45.3	45.9	46.3	48.8	47.8
Average hours worked normally per week.					

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	65	60	62	56	57
Number of firms reporting.....	935	990	841	756	780
Total number of female employees.....	47.3	48.1	47.6	47.1	48.1
Average hours worked normally per week.					

In places of 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	73	67	56	51	46
Number of firms reporting.....	711	702	638	620	630
Total number of female employees.....	49.1	48.3	47.5	48.2	48.6
Average hours worked normally per week.					

In places under 5,000 population:

	48	41	35	34	35
Number of firms reporting.....	330	359	340	329	386
Total number of female employees.....	52.4	49.7	53.3	52.	50.7
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 35

Governing all factory trades not dealt with in other Orders (except seasonal canneries):

In the City of Toronto:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	132	140	143	138	153
Total number of female employees.....	1,654	1,499	1,375	1,338	1,458
Average hours worked normally per week.	45.2	45.2	45.08	45.4	45.4

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	63	73	67	63	69
Number of firms reporting.....	63	73	67	63	69
Total number of female employees.....	1,104	925	791	601	689
Average hours worked normally per week.	48.2	47.6	46.3	46.5	46.8

In cities and towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	89	95	95	87	91
Number of firms reporting.....	89	95	95	87	91
Total number of female employees.....	1,276	1,185	1,150	1,075	1,161
Average hours worked normally per week.	49.7	48.3	45.9	45.8	47.7

In places having less than 5,000 population:

	71	71	78	63	70
Number of firms reporting.....	71	71	78	63	70
Total number of female employees.....	1,248	1,037	1,094	866	873
Average hours worked normally per week.	49.7	49.2	48.4	47.1	48.7

ORDER No. 36

Factories making tobacco goods:

In the City of Toronto:

	4	4	5	4	7
Number of firms reporting.....	4	4	5	4	7
Total number of female employees.....	214	241	260	275	360
Average hours worked normally per week.	44.	43.8	41.5	42.2	45.9

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	7	6	6	6	4
Number of firms reporting.....	7	6	6	6	4
Total number of female employees.....	292	208	310	369	258
Average hours worked normally per week.	43.7	43.5	43.3	43.	44.5

In cities and towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

	1	—	2	3	1
Number of firms reporting.....	1	—	2	3	1
Total number of female employees.....	8	—	126	381	169
Average hours worked normally per week.	44.	—	46.5	48.6	50.

ORDER No. 37

Factories making rubber goods:

In the City of Toronto:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	5	4	5	7	7
Total number of female employees.....	572	508	410	420	331
Average hours worked normally per week.	45.7	45.	44.9	44.2	44.2

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	1	1	1	1	1
Total number of female employees.....	51	66	64	52	57
Average hours worked normally per week.	50.	50.	40.	40.	40.

In cities and towns of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	11	11	11	10	9
Total number of female employees.....	919	963	1,098	1,098	1,232
Average hours worked normally per week.	51.8	44.6	44.2	45.2	49.

In places having less than 5,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	5	4	3	3	4
Total number of female employees.....	326	95	76	60	93
Average hours worked normally per week.	51.9	47.2	47.	49.8	45.6

ORDER No. 38

Factories making jewellery:

In the City of Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	22	21	18	17	16
Total number of female employees.....	236	211	166	143	135
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.5	43.3	43.2	44.9	44.7

In places of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	7	8	6	6	6
Total number of female employees.....	29	23	14	17	24
Average hours worked normally per week.	44.	44.4	46.	46.5	44.2

In places of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	7	8	8	8	9
Total number of female employees.....	147	157	115	107	85
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.4	48.5	46.5	48.3	47.6

ORDER No. 39

The paper trades, which include printing, bookbinding, paper box making, paper bag making, manufacturing stationery and other trades making paper or paper products.

In the City of Toronto:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	197	199	191	191	194
Total number of female employees.....	2,846	2,883	2,505	2,416	2,108
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.	45.5	45.6	44.6	45.6

In cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	69	74	68	68	68
Total number of female employees.....	1,349	1,340	1,197	1,137	1,335
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.2	45.7	47.4	46.5	45.7

In towns and cities of from 5,000 to 30,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	72	73	71	75	75
Total number of female employees.....	820	769	680	665	615
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.5	47.7	47.5	47.4	47.5

In places of less than 5,000 population:

Number of firms reporting.....	78	74	73	66	55
Total number of female employees.....	398	354	323	317	281
Average hours worked normally per week.	47.5	48.9	48.6	46.5	47.3

ORDER No. 27

Hotels, Restaurants and Refreshment Rooms.

In the City of Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	166	175	246	203	252
Total number of female employees.....	2,821	2,934	3,039	2,518	2,590
Average hours worked normally per week.	50.6	50.7	50.2	51.3	49.5

ORDER No. 46

In cities and towns of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

Number of firms reporting.....	132	151	145	121	125
Total number of female employees.....	867	882	852	732	648
Average hours worked normally per week.	51.9	51.6	50.8	52.	49.6

In cities and towns of from 10,000 to 30,000 population:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	176	215	172	161	190
Total number of female employees.....	1,071	1,057	939	807	831
Average hours worked normally per week.	52.4	50.1	50.	50.9	47.5

In cities and towns of from 4,000 to 10,000 population:

	117	195	142	129	150
Number of firms reporting.....	484	670	506	434	449
Total number of female employees.....	53.1	52.8	51.4	52.5	50.4
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 41

Custom millinery in Toronto:

	59	47	49	39	37
Number of firms reporting.....	513	416	396	252	256
Total number of female employees.....	46.3	47.9	47.7	47.5	47.5
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 43

Custom millinery in places of from 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	38	38	39	39	38
Number of firms reporting.....	169	123	110	91	94
Total number of female employees.....	47.6	46.5	48.7	47.9	48.6
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 45

Custom millinery in places of from 4,000 to 30,000 population:

	74	64	55	41	36
Number of firms reporting.....	156	133	113	88	78
Total number of female employees.....	50.6	50.6	48.9	48.3	48.9
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 42

Hairdressing and beauty parlors in Toronto:

	65	62	82	85	88
Number of firms reporting.....	287	273	316	321	375
Total number of female employees.....	47.5	46.5	47.	48.3	47.1
Average hours worked normally per week.					

ORDER No. 44

Hairdressing and beauty parlors in cities of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	44	44	51	50	47
Total number of female employees.....	111	118	126	119	105
Average hours worked normally per week.	46.7	47.6	48.8	47.9	47.5

ORDER No. 25

Office workers in the City of Toronto:

	1932	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	74	552
Total number of female employees.....	3,128	9,513
Average hours worked normally per week.	39.5	44.2

ORDER No. 26

Office workers in cities and towns of 30,000 population or over, excepting Toronto:

	1933
Number of firms reporting.....	187
Total number of female employees.....	2,106
Average hours worked normally per week.	45.8

PERMITS

The Board has the authority to issue special permits for lower wages to mentally and physically handicapped workers and to women over 60 years of age. Ninety permits covering 160 employees were issued during the year.

It will be noted that the number of permits is so small that the standards of wages are not affected. At the same time the latitude thus given enables the Board to allow a certain number of women to be steadily employed, who otherwise would be excluded from earning even a partial living.

INTER-PROVINCIAL CONFERENCE

For some years past the Board has had in mind the convening of an Inter-Provincial Conference of Minimum Wage Boards from all parts of Canada. All the eight provinces having Minimum Wage Laws have expressed their willingness to attend. The chief difficulty militating against the bringing of such a gathering together has been, of course, financial, but the Board intends again to press for such a conference this coming year, with the hope that possibly the Federal Government may be interested sufficiently in securing uniformity of Minimum Wage Laws throughout Canada to be willing to defray the expense of such a meeting, to be held, if possible, in Ottawa in 1934.

CONCLUSION

We have already, in the early paragraphs of this report, expressed our appreciation to the employees and employers for their support and assistance. We wish now to thank the members of our loyal and efficient staff, who have carried on so faithfully during the year.

We regret the resignation of our friend and colleague, Mr. James T. Burke, Chief Factory Inspector, who was intimately associated with this Board from its inception. For his wise counsel and splendid co-operation we sincerely thank him, and wish him a happy time in his retirement. We appreciate the continued co-operation of the inspectors who assist us in our enforcement of the law.

A special word of thanks we would tender to the several Crown Attorneys throughout the Province, who cheerfully helped us when it was necessary to call upon their services.

Finally, we once more confidently appeal to those in a position to help us, to continue their support of our earnest efforts to protect the women and girls employed throughout the Province.

MINIMUM WAGE BOARD,

R. A. STAPELLS,

Chairman.

MARGARET STEPHEN

HENRY G. FESTER



PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

Department of

Northern Development

Report of Operations under The Northern Development
Act, R.S.O. 1927, and The Colonization Roads
Act, R.S.O. 1927

AND AMENDMENTS

For the Year Ending 31st October

1933

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 47, 1934

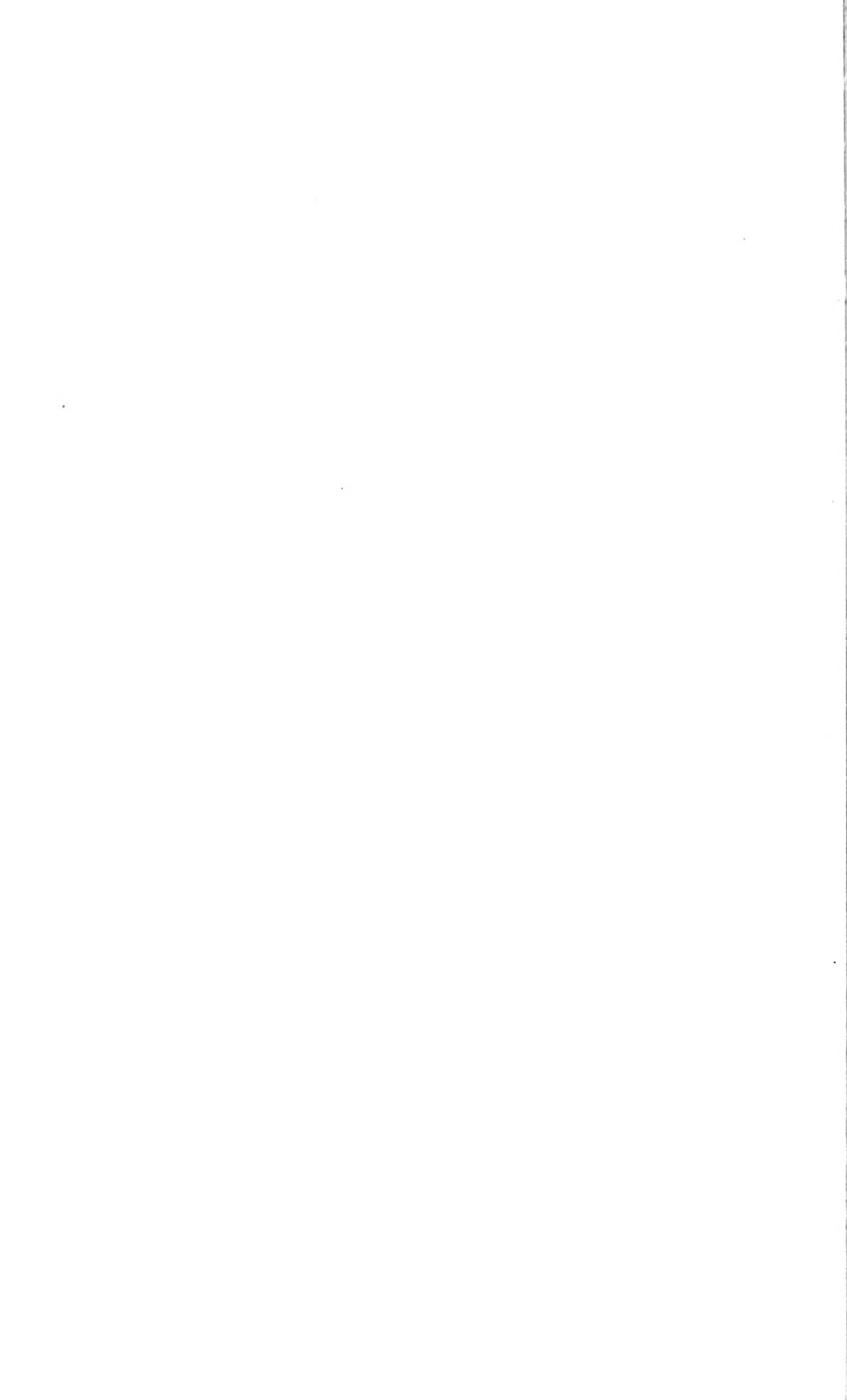


ONTARIO

TORONTO:

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1934



TO HIS HONOUR DR. HERBERT A. BRUCE,
Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

The undersigned has the honour to present Report on Operations under The Northern Development Act, R.S.O. 1927, and amendments, for the fiscal year ending 31st October, 1933.

WM. FINLAYSON,
Minister.

Toronto, October 31st, 1933.

HONOURABLE WILLIAM FINLAYSON,
Minister of Lands and Forests.

I have the honour to present herewith Report on the Operations of the Department of Northern Development for the fiscal year ending 31st of October, 1933.

C. H. FULLERTON,
Deputy Minister.

Toronto, October 31st, 1933.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S REPORT

On the construction and maintenance of roads and bridges and other operations carried on under the provisions of the Northern Development Act, R.S.O. 1927, and amendments, during the fiscal year ending 31st October, 1933.

Section 11 (B), Roads and Bridges

Work on roads and bridges was carried out in the Electoral Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Nipissing, Sturgeon Falls, Temiskaming, Cochrane South, Cochrane North, Sudbury, Algoma, Manitoulin, Sault Ste. Marie, Port Arthur, Fort William, Rainy River and Kenora and the Trans-Canada Highway in "Renfrew North" west of the Town of Pembroke.

The total expenditure under this section was \$1,637,224.34.

District Engineers, ten in number, listed in this report, aided by Assistant Engineers, Instrument men and Inspectors, were in charge of the work.

Construction and Maintenance

Under "Direct Expenditure, Northern Development," the work accomplished is given in Appendix "A." Owing to a reduction of appropriation, the construction work was greatly reduced and maintenance work carried on in a very limited manner. There was only one contract of any extent. Mileage of road graded was slightly over 25 miles and road gravelled for the first time amounted to 175 miles. The number of miles repaired with gravel amounted to 1,394. The patrol maintenance under the trunk road system, reached a total of nearly 200,000 miles. The District Engineers reports give mention to the most important works.

In addition to the work given in Appendix "A," the following is to be added: Roads widened, 43.5 miles; rip-rap, 1,125 cu. yds.; gravel stock piled, 1,662 cu. yds.; crushed stone stock piled, 238 cu. yds.; brush cut, 438 miles; brush burned, 309 miles; grass and weeds cut, 137 miles; ditches cleaned, 96 miles; culverts cleaned of ice and snow, 833; culverts repaired, 236. Guard rail: cable used, 13,805 feet; guard rail erected, 6,018 feet. Bridges protected from ice, 3; bridges torn down, 18. Piles driven, 380; concrete piers for steel, 2. Signs: standard road signs erected, 238; repaired, 357; repainted, 247; lettered road signs erected, 564. Ferries: round trips, 11,483. Lumber: lumber cut, 7,052 feet; purchased, 2,651 feet. Number of surveys, 20. Machinery overhauled, 81 power graders and 28 small graders.

Agreements

Municipalities in every section of Northern Ontario availed themselves of the privilege of carrying on road work on a 50-50 basis. The work accomplished is given in Appendix "B."

Unemployment Relief

The work under this heading was carried on in seven electoral districts where Board Camps had been established. The camps operated throughout the entire

year and while they were not fully occupied during the summer months they rapidly filled to capacity in September and October. The men were given every encouragement for recreation. The work accomplished by these camps is given in Appendix "C."

In addition to the work set out in Appendix "C," the following work is to be added: Roads widened, 2 miles; rip-rap, 785 cu. yds.; brush cut, 372 miles; burned, 88 miles; grass and weeds cut, 8 miles; corduroy removed, 1 mile; ditches cleaned, 88 miles; culverts cleaned of ice and snow, 48; repaired, 58. Cable used, 1,950 feet; guard rail erected, 7,548 feet; posts used, 947. Standard signs erected, 81; repaired, 6; repainted, 30. Lumber purchased, 24,450 feet. Surveys, 2, totalling 27 miles.

Trans-Canada Highway

The work in Trans-Canada Highway Camps continued throughout the entire year. The progress of the work was very satisfactory, many miles of the grading being completed. It is expected several sections will be opened to traffic during the next season. The work accomplished is given in Appendix "D." In addition to the work given in the appendix, there is to be added: Roads widened, 12 miles; rip-rap, 2,087 cu. yds.; brush cut, 335 miles; grass and weeds cut and burned, 17 miles; culverts cleaned of ice and snow, 18. Guard rail erected, 22,178 feet. Bridges torn down, 1; piles driven, 207. Road traverses surveys, 10 miles; additional buildings erected, 54.



Bissett's Creek. Looking East.

Direct Relief

Work under Direct Relief for the year showed a marked advance over the previous year and a great deal more work was accomplished. The Department Engineers laid out and supervised the work carried out by those receiving relief vouchers.

The schedule of the work is given in Appendix "E."

In addition to the work shown in the appendix, 1 mile of pavement was repaired, 16.3 miles were surfaced and 16 curves banked; road widened 5 miles and the shoulders were lifted on 5 miles; rip-rap amounted to 332 cu. yds.; gravel stock piled, 216 cu. yds.; brush cut and burned, 3.8 miles; grass and weeds burned, 85 miles; ditches cleaned, a total of 457 miles; culverts cleaned of ice and snow, 312; repaired, 176. Guard rail erected, 13,270 feet; number of posts used being 284; 2 bridges were torn down, and 392 piles driven. Lumber purchased, 52,000 feet. The number of road surveys was 63. Twenty-nine machines were overhauled and 24 buildings erected.

Recapitulation

A summary of all the works carried out as described above will be found in Appendix "F."

DISTRICT REPORTS

No. I—Muskoka and Parry Sound—E. J. Hosking, Huntsville.

In this District certain trunk and main roads only come under the jurisdiction of the District Engineer.

No work of major importance was done during the year. Due to the reduction of funds allocated to this District, there was no construction work attempted and the maintenance reduced to a minimum, particularly on the secondary or branch trunk roads. During the month of October, 6,000 tons of crushed stone and screenings were placed on the Ferguson Highway between Scotia and Burk's Falls, and sufficient gravel was placed on the balance of the unpaved section of the Ferguson Highway and the secondary roads to carry the fall and spring traffic.

Direct Relief

During the latter part of May, men on direct relief, in the unorganized townships along the Powassan-Restoule, Trout Creek-Loring, Burk's Falls Parry Sound and Gravenhurst-Bala-Parry Sound Roads were placed at work. The foremen supervising the relief workers were paid by the Department. In this connection 6,131 man days work, 280 team days and 412 truck days work were done which at current rates had a value of \$12,562.30.



East face of Rock Cut at North Bay.

No. II—Nipissing, Sturgeon Falls and Renfrew North—G. A. White, North Bay.

The principal work performed during this year was the continuation of the construction of the Trans-Canada Highway between Pembroke and North Bay through the Town of Mattawa.

This work was carried on under the Trans-Canada Board Camp and Trans-Canada Unemployment Relief Schemes. Between Pembroke and Point Alexander a distance of 33 miles had already been built, of which 22 miles was retread surfacing. An additional 4.4 miles of hard surface was laid this year.

From Point Alexander to Mattawa, a distance of about 60 miles, the grading has been practically completed and 70 per cent. gravel surfaced. Nine concrete structures were built on this section under contracts, and also two small grading contracts let at points where it was not feasible to do the work by day labour.

From Mattawa to North Bay, a distance of approximately 38 miles, the grading is about 75 per cent. completed but very little surfacing done. On this section, seven concrete structures are under contract.

From Point Alexander to North Bay the highway runs through a very rugged country composed mostly of rock hills, but when completed will be a very scenic route.

Very little other work was done other than the usual necessary work to keep the roads maintained for traffic. This consisted of gravel, patching, dragging, side brushing, and repairs to bridges.

The section of the Ferguson Highway, locally known as the Callander Road, about 8.5 miles in length, was partially resurfaced and two curves widened under contract.

No. III--Sudbury and Manitoulin—A. M. Mills, Sudbury.

During the past fiscal year the following work should be classed as the most important carried out, and where the largest expenditures were made:

Sudbury District

Completing the Chapeau-Iron Bridge Road to Mileage 31: Grading a further 5 miles south of Dead Man's Creek, under Board Camps System.

Sudbury-Levack-Cartier Road: This road was completed six miles west of Levack, under Board Camps System.

Sudbury-North Bay Trunk Road: Improving curves and widening road about one mile east of Markstay, under Settlers' Camp System.

Sudbury-North Bay Trunk Road: Replacing the old bridge over the Wahnapiatae River at Wahnapiatae Village by a new timber truss structure, 60-foot span, 192 feet over all.

Manitoulin District

Extending road and building bridge to Fire Ranger's Bay-Lake Penage by Direct Relief.

Improving alignment and grades of the Sudbury-Soo and Espanola-Little Current Trunk Roads.

The Trunk Roads on the island were casually patrolled and a large number of culverts replaced.

No. IV—*Algoma and Sault Ste. Marie*—G. J. Lamb, *Sault Ste. Marie*.

Algoma District

The work carried on during the past fiscal year in Algoma Electoral District may be subdivided under four headings: Department of Northern Development Regular Work, Unemployment Relief Board Camps, Settlers' Camps, and Direct Relief.

Department of Northern Development Regular Work

Under this heading the work of keeping the Soo-Sudbury Trunk and other Branch Trunk Roads in shape throughout the summer and late spring of 1933 was carried on. The most important item of work carried on was, perhaps, the dragging operations which were carried on with mechanical equipment.

Approximately 240 miles of road were covered by dragging operations during the summer, involving a distance of 20,299 miles.

Two steel bridges received repairs in the form of new flooring.

Seven agreements between the Department of Northern Development and municipalities were carried out.

Unemployment Relief Board Camps

Under this heading perhaps the most work in Algoma Electoral District was carried on, as it included the Desbarats-Cutler-Spanish Camps. Two camps were operated at Desbarats, at points in the Town of Desbarats, and approximately three miles west and work was carried on throughout the fiscal year with the object in view of completing the Pine Island-Portlock Diversion on the Soo-Sudbury Trunk Road. Sixteen thousand five hundred cubic yards of solid rock and 27,400 of earth materials were excavated and placed in fill.

The camp at Cutler Station operated throughout the fiscal year, and early in the summer a camp was installed approximately three miles west of Spanish. Work was carried on from these camps toward completing the Cutler-Spanish Diversion. As in the Desbarats Camp, the chief items were 1,800 cu. yds. of rock excavation and 70,000 cu. yds. of earth excavation. Six thousand five hundred feet of standard guard rail was erected during the course of construction of new grades.

Settlers' Camps

During the past fiscal year settlers' gangs were organized in different points throughout Algoma and work was carried on principally on Soo-Sudbury Trunk Road and Branch Trunk Roads. Three camps were also organized on Salter, May and Hallam Township Roads. A settlers' camp was installed early in the summer of 1933 and work was carried on with the object in view of completing the Spanish East Diversion between Spanish and Walford. The work carried on was chiefly grading.

In the latter part of June, 1933, a camp was organized west of the Town of Thessalon and work on the Thessalon West Diversion was carried on. This

diversion runs from the Thessalon Park to the Trunk Road at a point approximately three miles west of the town. One thousand nine hundred and fifty cubic yards of solid rock were excavated and placed in fill and some 12,000 cu. yds. of other materials were hauled for fill.



Gravelling West of Potwah Creek.

Direct Relief

Under this heading in Algoma Electoral District, work was carried on chiefly on the Soo-Sudbury Trunk Road and Branch Trunk Roads. The work for the most part consisted of ditching, gravelling and guard rail. Four hundred and twenty-two feet of standard guard rail was erected. A direct relief gang commenced operations on the Lake Matinenda Branch Trunk Road in July, 1933, and 10.5 miles of road were gravelled, using 7,280 cu. yds. Some 5,000 cu. yds. of earth and 600 yards of solid rock were excavated for fill. On the St. Joseph Island Branch Trunk Road System, under the heading of Direct Relief, 2,140 cu. yds. of earth were excavated for the improvement of drainage on the Branch Trunk Roads.

One timber bridge was replaced with a new structure and one timber bridge was removed and a metal culvert installed. Two steel bridges received repairs in the way of new floor and guard rail.

Sault Ste. Marie District

Work carried on during the past fiscal year in the Sault Ste. Marie Electoral District may be divided under three headings: Department of Northern Development Regular Work, Settlers' Camps, and Direct Relief Work, and the following paragraphs are a short summary of the work as carried on under each heading.

Department of Northern Development Regular Work

Under this heading no major work was undertaken during the past year. Expenditures were chiefly for the purpose of maintenance work carried on after April, 1933, when spring maintenance was necessitated.

The most outstanding work carried on was dragging operations by means of mechanical equipment on approximately 100 miles of road in the Sault Ste. Marie District. The total mileage travelled by drags was 10,762 miles.

Repairs were made to the Root River Bridge on the Sault-Searchmont Road, four miles north of the Sault. A wooden deck was placed on this concrete structure after floods caused a settlement on the north side below the level of the existing grade.

Four municipal agreements were entered into between the Department and four municipalities: Prince, Korah, Tarentorus, and Wicksteed.

Settlers' Camps

In July, 1933, a Settlers' Camp commenced operations in the Town of Hornepayne on the Canadian National Railway. Work was carried on on a highway location, easterly along the Canadian National Railway towards the Village of Oba and at the end of the fiscal year 2.60 miles had been cut out.

Direct Relief

Under this heading most of the work in the Sault Ste. Marie District was carried on. Improvement of the grade alignment of the Sault-Searchmont Road between Bellevue and Searchmont was, perhaps, the most important item.

From time to time during the season small gangs were at work on the Soo-Searchmont Road, side-brushing, draining and general improvement.

Improvement of the road between Goudreau Station and Lochalsh was commenced shortly before the end of the fiscal year.

Work was also commenced on the Tookney Lake Road from White River on the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Direct Relief Labour was used throughout the summer for the purpose of cutting weeds along 63 miles of road.

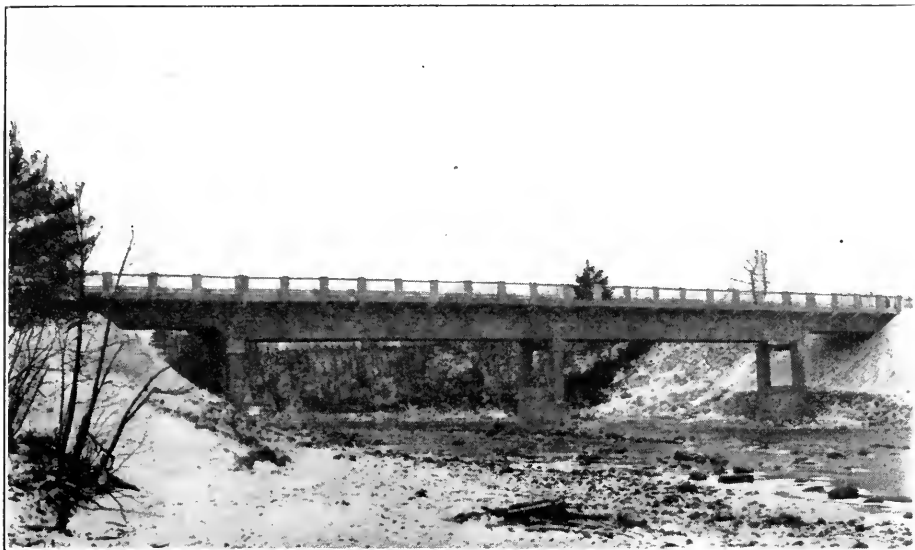
During the winter and spring of 1933, 48 miles of narrow trails were cut, using relief labour, to various lakes throughout the country which were located a short distance from the main highway. These trails were cut for the purpose of giving access to these lakes.

One new timber bridge was constructed on township road over local creek in Township of Kars.

No. 1—Temiskaming—D. J. Miller, New Liskeard.

Very little work of major importance was undertaken during the past year, the Department's efforts being largely confined to maintenance and repairs on Trunk Roads.

The Haileybury West Road to the Montreal River, on which the grading work was largely done in the previous year, was gravelled and opened for traffic in this year.



Petawawa Bridge.

A new bridge was approved for the Blanche River crossing on the Ferguson Highway (Marquis-Pacaud Boundary) and the concrete abutments were built by day labour. The steel is to be erected by contract this winter.

Fourteen timber bridges were built, four of them being new structures and ten being replacements of old worn-out structures.

There was the usual winter gravelling programme which was carried out in February and March. This was not quite as extensive as in previous years.

Thirteen Organized Municipalities made Road Agreements with the Department whereby they received 50 per cent. of their township road expenditures from the Government.

By arrangement with Direct Relief Committee, the labour of recipients of Direct Relief, was used on road work wherever possible and convenient.

No. VI—South Cochrane District—D. Lough, Matheson.

The following is a synopsis of the major work performed in this District during the fiscal year 1932-1933:

The construction by contract of 27 miles of the Kirkland Lake-Noranda Road. This road joins the Quebec section at the Inter-Provincial Boundary (Cheminis), and the road mileage between the two mining centres is 56 miles. The road was opened this fall for regular traffic and has provided a very necessary and useful link between these two mining camps.

Completion of the grading on the Kirkland Lake-Goldthorpe-Alschbach Road.

Patching and seal coating on the Kirkland Lake-Swastika Road.

Three Organized Townships received assistance under agreements.

Department Engineers and Foremen supervised all Direct Relief Labour in this District, the Department also supplying all equipment and material required for Direct Relief Work. A considerable amount of work was accomplished under this arrangement.

Direct Relief

The Ferguson Highway and other main roads were maintained throughout the year entirely by Direct Relief Labour and the only charge against the Department was for dragging operations. Apart from the necessary main road maintenance all Direct Relief Work was applied on Township Roads and many of these roads were greatly improved by ditching, grading, etc.

No. VII—North Cochrane District—W. B. Hutcheson, Cochrane.

The work carried out under the above expenditure has been very greatly reduced in comparison with other years.

During the winter of 1932-33 only a small amount of gravelling was carried out, the largest operation in this connection being the regravelling of the Cochrane-Hearst Trunk Road between Fauquier and Moonbeam. A very useful and much-needed piece of work carried out during the winter months was the construction of the approaches to the Ground Hog River Ferry. At this location a new section of road, 1,150 feet in length, was graded and gravelled to straighten out the approaches. Also 135 feet of timber ramp on piles was constructed at each side of the river. This was built at a constant slope, allowing an easy approach on to the ferry at any stage of the river. Altogether 76 piles and 24,300 F.B.M. of timber went into this work and the construction of new hinged platforms on the ferry.

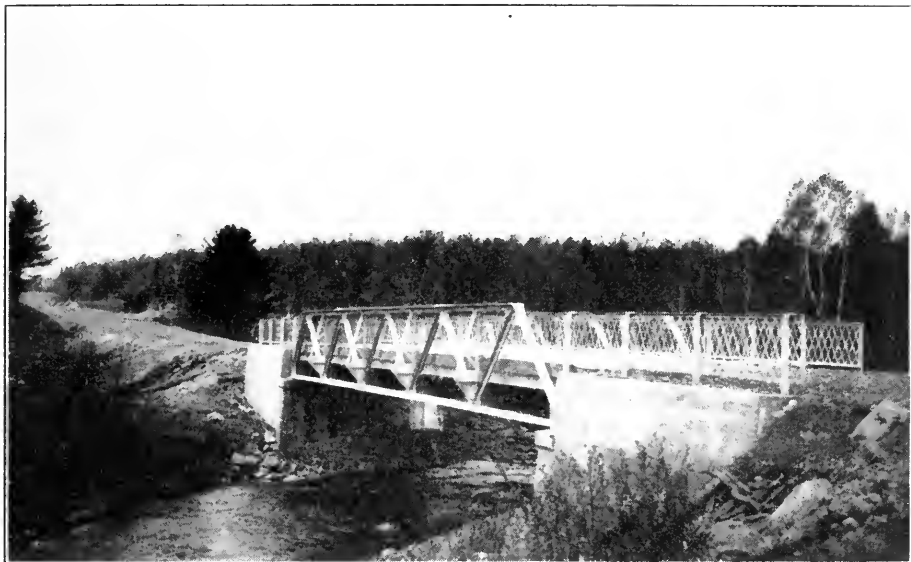
This year mechanical maintenance work was reduced to about one-third of that carried out in previous years, and was confined to main Trunk Roads. These were kept in fairly good condition for motor traffic throughout the District.

Owing to the appropriation being reduced, very little repair work was carried out on mechanical equipment during the winter. A mechanic was, however, retained during the summer to look after any necessary repairs on graders and ferries.

Direct Relief

Mostly all the work carried out in the District during the year was performed by Direct Relief Labour under the direction of foremen appointed and paid by the Department of Northern Development.

The relief granted in the Cochrane and Kapuskasing Districts was under the direction of the Engineer, Department of Northern Development, who acted as Relief Officer for the full year. Hearst District, which was previously looked after by a Relief Officer appointed by the Relief Committee in Toronto, was also placed under our jurisdiction on January 18th, 1933. During the year the various amounts granted for relief were worked out in full by the recipients, except from March 12th to April 25th when the work was closed down due to bad weather conditions and also from June 1st to the end of the fiscal year when a maximum of two days per week was put into force to allow the settlers the balance of the week to work on the land.



Looking West. Spark's Creek.

Almost every class of work was carried out, including bridge repairs and reconstruction, road maintenance by horse-patrol grader, gravelling, etc., and although a considerable amount of work was done, Direct Relief Labour proved very inefficient, and the amount of work received was by no means commensurate with the relief granted.

Authorization covering the construction of various roads in certain townships for Relief Land Settlers was received in the latter part of September.

This work was commenced on September 25th, various gangs being placed on roads in Casgrain, McCrea, Idington, Machin, Shackleton and Clute Townships. To assist on this work, the old settlers in the neighbourhood of the work, who were previously on relief, were employed to assist the Relief Land Settlers.

No. VIII—Fort William and Port Arthur—A. J. Isbester, Fort William.

Fort William District

The chief work carried on by the Department during the year was the construction of the Trans-Canada Highway.

During the winter, gravelling was done in most of the townships to afford relief work, and in the Organized Townships, dollar for dollar was spent.

Trans-Canada Highway

Work was carried on from the City Limits of Fort William to the west end of the District—English River—and considerable progress was made. During the summer the number of men looking for work fell off greatly but most of the camps were continued. This work west of Fort William is appreciably nearing completion.

Board Camps

Three camps were maintained, widening and improving the International Highway, throughout the summer, and good progress was made.

A gang of Canadian Legion men also were given steady employment, ditching and draining this road at various points on the first 12 miles.

Settlers' Camps

Where there were settlers living close to the work on the Trans-Canada Highway, they were put to work and not required to board in the camps but lived at home, being allowed the extra remuneration of 60 cents per day. Gangs of this type were employed at Stanley, at Kakabeka, at Rowan, at Sunshine, and at Upsala.



Riprapping grade between Rock Cuts.

Direct Relief

At five points this Department paid the foremen and supplied tools for gangs working on Direct Relief.

Port Arthur District

As in the Fort William District the chief work carried on by the Department was the construction of the Trans-Canada Highway between Port Arthur and Nipigon and between Schreiber and Rossport.

Winter gravelling was done in most of the townships to give necessary work to the settlers. An old road was improved in Sibley Township for a distance of $12\frac{1}{2}$ miles to give Silver Islet, one of the oldest settlements in the District, access to the head of the lakes.

A road was built from Savant Lake Station to Sturgeon Lake, a distance of $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles, to give access to the mining district and enable the St. Anthony Mine to take in heavy machinery.

Trans-Canada Highway

The existing road between Port Arthur and Nipigon was widened and brought up to the Trans-Canada standard for a distance of 15 miles. Near Schreiber, several dangerous hills were cut down and sharp curves eased.

Board Camps

One camp was maintained on the Dawson Road, widening it and bringing it to standard.

A gang of returned Canadian Legion men was also given work through the summer at another point on the Dawson Road doing similar work.

Direct Relief

This Department paid foremen and supplied tools at Nakina, Armstrong, Dorion and Hurkett to gangs who were working out the relief they obtained from the Relief Board. This work was carried on in conjunction with the District Relief Officer.

No. IX—Kenora District—C. Tuckaberry, Kenora.

As the appropriation for Northern Development was greatly reduced this year, work was confined mostly to maintenance.

The Highway from Keewatin to the Manitoba Boundary, a distance of 27 miles, was regularly patrolled, and general maintenance work consisting of regravelling, repairing guard-rail posts, cutting weeds, etc., was carried on.

The Fort Frances Road, east of Kenora, a distance of 25 miles, was dragged twice a month.

The road from Kenora to Redditt, a distance of 20 miles, was regularly patrolled with a team grader. Four miles were regravelled.

The side roads were dragged out once a month and kept in very good condition throughout the season.

In the Dryden area, the main roads were regravelled where required, and kept in good condition with Direct Relief Labour supervised by Northern Development foremen. One mechanical grader was used to maintain the gravel roads.

Trans-Canada Highway

The principal work carried on in this District was the construction of the Trans-Canada Highway. In all, thirty camps were in operation as follows:

English River to Ignace, 37 miles. Eight camps operated on this section during the fiscal year. Grading, 80 per cent. completed.

Osaquan to Dymont, 32 miles. Eight camps operated on this section during the fiscal year. Grading, 80 per cent. completed.



New Road.

Vermilion Bay to Kenora, 59.3 miles. Fourteen camps operated on this section during the winter months only. Grading, 20 per cent. completed.

The peak of employment occurred during the month of January when 3,000 men and 180 teams were employed on the Trans-Canada Highway.

Unemployment Relief

The work carried on under this scheme was confined to the construction of the Sioux Lookout-Dinorwic Road. The work consisted of cutting, grubbing, ditching, grading and some gravelling.

During the fiscal year, only one camp was in operation on this section, but it is hoped to have three camps in operation by late fall.

This work takes care of the transients of Sioux Lookout and vicinity, and when the road is completed, a distance of 43 miles, it will give the people of Sioux Lookout an outlet to the Trans-Canada Highway.

Thirty-four per cent. of grading is completed.

Direct Relief

Practically all Direct Relief Work, under the supervision of the Department of Northern Development, was carried on in the Dryden area, and the work consisted of improvements to existing roads such as sidelbrushing, ditching, culvert replacement, widening existing roads, clay surfacing and gravelling.

Work was done in the Townships of Redvers, Wabigoon, Langton, Mutrie, Aubrey E., Rugby, Eton, Rowell, Britton, Wainwright, Van Horne, Zealand, Southworth and Melgund.

On the main highway, part of the Trans-Canada System, gravelling predominated. Sixty miles were repaired, of which 43 miles were resurfaced with a light application. Fourteen curves were widened and banked; off-takes and ditches cleaned, and culverts repaired and replaced throughout the entire length.

There were nine miles of road repaired on the Secondary Trunk Roads between Quibell-Vermilion Bay.

With a few exceptions, settlers on relief turned out willingly to work out the amount of their relief vouchers.

No. X—Rainy River District—R. T. Lyons, Fort Frances.

Work in the Rainy River District was composed mainly of Trunk Road maintenance and emergency maintenance to side roads and bridges.

All municipalities engaged in the 50-50 municipal agreement work and considerable progress was made.

Construction work was carried on continuously throughout the year in the Board Camps on the Fort Frances-Kenora Highway and considerable work has been accomplished. Kakagi Lake will soon be directly accessible by motor car, which will add much to the tourist drawing power of the highway.

The Department supervised and supplied the necessary equipment to those men engaged in working out the relief received by them per month from the Department of Direct Relief.

Haliburton—Unemployment Relief

Coboconk-Minden-Dorset Road

Work on the above road commenced in December, 1932, with the reopening of four camps that had been operating the previous winter, and one Settlers' Group at Miners Bay.

The work at the four camps started in where it was stopped the previous spring, and many major diversions were completed, the most important being the one at Beach River by Camp 9, and a half-mile diversion south of Minden.

Most of the improvements on this road consisted of widening the present road and easing grades and curves. As the grading did not get underway until late in December, the frost had in most cases penetrated to an unusual depth, consequently efficiency was not as high at the start in some of the camps except on the diversions and in rock work, as it was with the breakup in the spring that considerably better progress was made when all winter work was shaped up and much new grading completed.

The maintenance of all roads within working distance of each camp was looked after by the camp, in this way the surface was kept in very good shape all summer.

Two compressors were alternated between the four camps and did very good as there was considerable heavy rock work near these camps.

Section 11 (d)—Assistance of Settlers, Feed Shortage:

Reports were received by the Government that a very great necessity had arisen in Northern Ontario for the immediate supply of hay and other feed for the cattle and other livestock of the settlers, consequently hay and feed oats were supplied to the following districts: North Cochrane, South Cochrane, Temiskaming, Nipissing, Sturgeon Falls, Sudbury, Algoma. The total expenditure was \$7,530.68.

Section 11 (f)—Seed Grain:

For the year 1933, seed wheat, oats, barley and peas were supplied to settlers in Northern Ontario, and distributed as follows: North and South Cochrane, 2,590 bags seed grain; Temiskaming, Nipissing and Sturgeon Falls, 370 bags; Sudbury, Algoma and Sault Ste. Marie, 545 bags; Thunder Bay, 24 bags; Kenora, 316 bags. Total expenditure, \$9,719.17.

Section 11 (h)—Cattle Purchase.

Total shipments during the year 1933 amounted to five carloads or seventy-four head of cattle, shipped to North and South Cochrane and Rainy River Districts. The total expenditure was \$4,948.75.

JAS. SINTON,

Chief Engineer, Department of Northern
Development, Ontario.

Toronto, October 31st, 1933.

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES OF ALL SERVICES UNDER THE ADMINISTRATION
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT FOR
THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER, 1933

Department of Northern Development	\$1,749,990 46
Trans-Canada Highway—Unemployment Relief, Schedules 1D, 2D, 3D, 4D	55,447 44
General Work—Unemployment Relief, Schedules 3B and 5B	120,269 24
Sultan-Swayze Township Road—Unemployment Relief, Project 03	2,906 02
Statutory—Board Camps—Unemployment Relief—Project 04	3,525,676 52
Statutory—Settlers' Camps—Unemployment Relief—Project 04	205,118 15
Haliburton-Eagle Lake Road—Unemployment Relief—Project 05	94,419 95
Bridges on Trans-Canada Highway between Mattawa and Pembroke—Unemployment Relief	71,193 61
Bridge at Petewawa River, Trans-Canada Highway—Unemployment Relief	17,580 74
Gravelling, Trans-Canada Highway, North Bay-Point Alexander—Unemployment Relief	11,863 11
Bridges on the Trans-Canada Highway between Mattawa and North Bay—Unemployment Relief	9,444 32
Retread, Trans-Canada Highway, Tucker's Creek-Chalk River—Unemployment Relief	11,872 98
Grading, Trans-Canada Highway, Deux Rivieres-Stonecliffe—Unemployment Relief	1,073 70
Special Warrant—Road between Larder Lake-Kirkland Lake	99,394 05
Special Warrant—Round Lake Bridge	4,356 07
Special Warrant—Relief Land Settlement Roads	712 00
Special Warrant—Canadian National Exhibition	490 30
Special Warrant—Trip to Northern Ontario by members of Good Roads Association	279 51
	\$5,982,088 17

By Transfer to Department of Labour:

Trans-Canada Highway (Schedules 1D, 2D, 3D, 4D)	\$55,447 44
General Work (Schedules 3B and 5B)	120,269 24
Board Camps	3,525,676 52
Settlers' Camps	205,118 15
Sultan-Swayze Township Road	2,906 02
Bridges on the Trans-Canada Highway between Mattawa and North Bay	9,444 32
Bridges on the Trans-Canada Highway between Mattawa and Pembroke	71,193 61
Bridge at Petewawa River, Trans-Canada Highway	17,580 74
Haliburton-Eagle Lake Road	94,419 95
Gravelling, Trans-Canada Highway, North Bay to Point Alexander	11,863 11
Retread, Trans-Canada Highway, Tucker's Creek-Chalk River	11,872 98
Grading, Trans-Canada Highway, Deux Rivieres-Stonecliffe	1,073 70
	4,126,865 78
Northern Development Expenditure, including Special Warrants	\$1,855,222 39

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE FOR THE TWENTY-TWO YEARS ENDED
OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

THE NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT FUND

R.S.O. 1927, CHAP. 36, SEC. 11

Work Undertaken	Summary of Expenditure, 23rd May 1912 to 31st Oct., 1932	Expenditure for Year ended October 31st, 1933	Total Expenditure to 31st October, 1933
Section 11 (a) Works and Improvements.....	\$2,100 00		\$2,100 00
Section 11 (b) Roads and Bridges.....	53,550,878 32	\$1,637,224 34	55,188,102 66
Section 11 (d) Farms.....	206,110 04		206,110 04
Section 11 (d) Assistance of Settlers; Fire Relief....	329,099 50		329,099 50
Section 11 (d) Assistance of Settlers; Saw Mills....	14,945 90		14,945 90
Section 11 (d) Assistance of Settlers; Feed Shortage.	124,268 82	7,530 68	131,799 50
Section 11 (d) Creameries and Grain Elevators....	82,181 29		82,181 29
Section 11 (f) Seed Grain.....	399,604 96	9,719 17	409,324 13
Section 11 (f) Agricultural Implements.....	46,826 22		46,826 22
Section 11 (h) Purchase of Cattle.....	111,807 52	4,948 75	116,756 27
Section 11 (j) Schools and Other Public Buildings...	52,999 29		52,999 29
Section 11 (k) Work not otherwise provided for....	4,519 27		4,519 27
Returned Soldiers' and Sailors' Settlement Act, 1917	1,185,568 02		1,185,568 02
	\$56,110,909 15	\$1,659,422 94	\$57,770,332 09
Settlers' Loan Account.....	1,918,047 09	90,567 52	2,008,614 61
	\$58,028,956 24	\$1,749,990 46	\$59,778,946 70

THE NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT FUND

R.S.O. 1927, CHAP. 36, SEC. 8

SHORT STATEMENT

April 16th, 1912—To amount voted for Expenditure in N. & N.W. Ontario.....	\$5,000,000 00
March 26th, 1918 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
May 21st, 1921 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
May 8th, 1923 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
April 14th, 1925 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
April 8th, 1926 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
April 5th, 1927 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
March 28th, 1929 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
April 3rd, 1930 " " " " " ".....	10,000,000 00
April 2nd, 1931 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 00
March 29th, 1932 " " " " " ".....	5,000,000 90
April 18th, 1933 " " " " " ".....	3,000,000 00
	\$63,000,000 00
April 16th, 1912 to October 31st, 1933—By Expenditures for 22 years as per detailed statement.....	59,778,946 70
Balance available 1st November, 1933.....	\$3,221,053 30

THE DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER, 1933. R.S.O. CHAP. 36

Administration, Section 9 (\$132,210.84)

Salaries of Permanent Staff.....	\$101,018 75	
Salaries of Temporary Staff.....	10,604 52	
	<hr/>	
	\$111,623 27	
Travelling Expenses, Supplies and Contingencies.....	20,587 57	
	<hr/>	\$132,210 84
Less Salary Assessment.....		6,984 77
		<hr/>
		\$125,226 07

Roads and Bridges, Section 11 (b)—(\$1,511,998.27)

District No. 1, Huntsville.....	\$173,644 27	
District No. 2, North Bay.....	194,729 59	
District No. 3, Sudbury.....	195,844 86	
District No. 4, Sault Ste. Marie.....	160,356 61	
District No. 5, New Liskeard.....	225,001 79	
District No. 6, Matheson.....	270,378 85	
District No. 7, Cochrane.....	92,474 54	
District No. 8, Fort William.....	281,344 10	
District No. 9, Kenora.....	82,414 13	
District No. 10, Fort Frances.....	57,505 92	
	<hr/>	1,733,694 60
Less Repayments transferred from Refund Account.....		221,696 33
		<hr/>
		\$1,511,998 27

District No. 1 (\$173,644.27)—Engineer, E. J. Hosking, Huntsville.

Ferguson Highway.....	\$86,629 23	
Burks Falls-Parry Sound Road.....	12,976 80	
Rosseau Road.....	9,912 72	
Bracebridge-Dorset Road.....	9,021 08	
Trout Creek-Loring Road.....	8,705 57	
Powassan-Restoule Road.....	6,732 36	
Huntsville-Dorset Road.....	4,855 32	
Gravenhurst-Bala-Parry Sound Road.....	3,631 16	
Sundridge-Magnetewan Road.....	2,646 12	
Equipment and Tools.....	2,382 41	
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	26,151 30	
	<hr/>	173,644 27

District No. 2 (\$194,729.59)—Engineer, G. A. White, North Bay

Trans-Canada Highway.....	\$32,379 07	
North Bay-Sault Road.....	20,799 70	
Ferguson Highway.....	15,922 49	
Mattawa-Callander Road.....	13,205 56	
Warren-Rutter Road.....	4,620 80	
Warren-River Valley Road.....	2,389 18	
Sturgeon Falls-Field Road.....	1,806 76	
Algonquin Park Road.....	1,751 65	
Field-River Valley Road.....	1,063 83	
Equipment and Tools.....	7,632 26	
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	93,158 29	
	<hr/>	194,729 59

District No. 3 (\$195,844.80)—Engineer, A. M. Mills, Sudbury

North Bay-Sault Road.....	\$31,538 57
Espanola-Little Current Road.....	28,068 98
Sudbury-Levack Road.....	8,602 27
Sudbury-Garson-Massey Bay Road.....	5,979 96
Chelmsford-Capreol-Blezard Road.....	4,966 36
Little Current-Gore Bay Road.....	4,731 38

*Roads and Bridges—Continued**District No. 3—Continued*

Sudbury-Milnet Road.....	\$4,007 41
Providence Bay-Manitowaning Road.....	3,893 63
Gore Bay-Meldrum Bay Road.....	3,813 60
Little Current-Manitowaning Road.....	2,256 41
Gore Bay-Providence Bay Road.....	2,214 23
Chapleau-Devon Road.....	2,129 87
Sandfield-Mindemoya Road.....	1,809 52
Sudbury-Burwash Road.....	1,405 65
Equipment and Tools.....	11,582 33
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	78,844 63

195,844 80

District No. 4 (\$160,356.61)—Engineer, G. J. Lamb, Sault Ste. Marie

North Bay-Sault Road.....	\$60,113 92
Second Line, Korah.....	14,375 07
Sault-Island Lake-Searchmont Road.....	7,154 08
St. Joseph Island Roads.....	4,596 60
Lake Matinenda Road.....	3,276 08
Sault-Batchewana Road.....	2,441 01
Wharncliffe Road.....	1,453 20
Lee Valley Road.....	1,204 27
Equipment and Tools.....	15,115 84
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	50,626 54

160,356 61

District No. 5 (\$225,001.79)—Engineer, D. J. Miller, New Liskeard

Ferguson Highway.....	\$68,877 02
Ashley Mine Road.....	41,945 82
Haileybury West Road.....	9,641 59
New Liskeard-Elk Lake Road.....	7,952 63
Charlton Road.....	3,518 80
Krugerdorf Road.....	2,827 97
Gowganda Road.....	2,475 26
North Road.....	2,022 58
Milberta Road.....	1,875 95
New Liskeard-North Temiskaming Road.....	1,773 96
Elk Lake-Charlton Road.....	1,058 46
Greenwood's Bridge Road.....	1,016 50
Equipment and Tools.....	6,512 77
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	73,502 48

225,001 79

District No. 6 (\$270,378.85)—Engineer, D. Lough, Matheson

Kirkland Lake-Larder City-Cheminis Road.....	\$142,595 03
Ferguson Highway.....	25,435 93
Timmins-Porquais Junction Road.....	15,755 05
Goldthorpe-Kirkland Lake Road.....	5,355 71
Shillington-Monteith-Iroquois Falls Road.....	2,432 68
Porquais Junction-Iroquois Falls Road.....	1,932 72
Matheson-Shillington-Connaught Road.....	1,899 97
Equipment and Tools.....	11,940 97
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	63,030 79

270,378 85

District No. 7 (\$92,474.54)—Engineer, W. B. Hutcheson, Cochrane

Cochrane-Hearst Road.....	\$16,917 36
Cochrane-Norembega Road.....	4,485 04
Genier Road.....	2,326 37
Ferguson Highway.....	1,352 80
Hearst-Coppell Road.....	1,079 90
Equipment and Tools.....	12,438 64
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	53,874 43

92,474 54

*Roads and Bridges—Continued**District No. 8 (\$281,344.10)—Engineer, A. J. Isbester, Fort William*

International Highway.....	\$90,110 57	
Dawson Road.....	57,091 87	
Trans-Canada Highway.....	16,937 46	
Oliver Road.....	6,422 85	
Sibley West Road.....	6,083 43	
Sturgeon Lake Road.....	3,211 76	
Silver Maintain Road.....	2,954 73	
South Hymers Road.....	2,428 64	
Kakabeka-Hymers Road.....	2,055 19	
Equipment and Tools.....	17,270 49	
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	76,777 11	
		281,344 10

District No. 9 (\$82,414.13)—Engineer, C. Tackaberry, Kenora

Trans-Canada Highway.....	\$29,301 37	
Sioux Lookout-Dinorwic Road.....	2,395 15	
Kenora-Redditt Road.....	2,093 49	
Richan Road.....	1,187 68	
Equipment and Tools.....	15,294 95	
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	32,141 49	
		82,414 13

District No. 10 (\$57,505.92)—Engineer, R. T. Lyons, Fort Frances

Fort Frances-Rainy River Road.....	\$12,700 86	
Kenora-Fort Frances Highway.....	2,112 85	
Indian Mission Road.....	1,963 12	
Devlin Road.....	1,495 14	
Sleeman-Morson Road.....	1,022 30	
Equipment and Tools.....	2,188 76	
General Maintenance, Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Ex- penditure.....	36,022 89	
		57,505 92

\$1,733,694 60

Less Repayments transferred from Refund Account..... 221,696 33

\$1,511,998 27

DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

MISCELLANEOUS SERVICES

Section 11 (d) Assistance of Settlers; Feed Shortage

Feed.....	\$6,931 37	
Services, Freight, Disbursements.....	599 31	
		7,530 68

Section 11 (f) Purchase and Distribution of Seed Grain

Purchase of Seed Grain.....	\$8,227 52	
Services, Freight, Disbursements.....	1,491 65	
		9,719 17

Section 11 (h) Purchase of Cattle and Other Live Stock for Settlers and Farmers

Purchase of Cattle.....	\$3,520 00	
Services, Freight, Disbursements.....	1,428 75	
		4,948 75

Settlers' Loan Account

Salaries and Wages.....	\$8,037 50	
Contingencies.....	1,620 02	
Loans to Settlers.....	80,910 00	
		90,567 52

Total..... \$112,766 12

Trans-Canada Highway—Unemployment Relief (\$55,447.44)
Ottawa Valley Section

From Pembroke through Mattawa to North Bay..... \$619 89

Thunder Bay Section

From Schreiber to Nipigon through Port Arthur and Fort William to English River..... 101 39

Western Section

From English River through Dymont, Dinorwic, Dryden, Kenora to Manitoba Boundary..... 575 93

General Expense..... 54,150 23

Amount transferred to Department of Labour, Unemployment Relief Act, 23 Geo. V, Chapter 65..... \$55,447 44

General Work—Unemployment Relief (\$120,269.24)

District No. 1, Huntsville..... \$34 25

District No. 2, North Bay..... 39 50

District No. 5, New Liskeard..... 1 30

District No. 6, Matheson..... 4 81

District No. 7, Cochrane..... 5 10

General Expense Account..... 120,184 29

\$120,269 24

District No. 1 (\$34.25)—Engineer, E. J. Hosking, Huntsville

Gravenhurst-Bala-Parry Sound Road..... \$34 25

District No. 2 (\$39.50)—Engineer, G. A. White, North Bay

Settlers' and Other Roads..... 39 50

District No. 5 (\$1.30)—Engineer, D. J. Miller, New Liskeard

Elk Lake-Ashley Mine Road..... 1 30

District No. 6 (\$4.81)—Engineer, D. Lough, Matheson

Porquis Junction-Iroquois Falls Road..... 4 81

District No. 7 (\$5.10)—Engineer, W. B. Hutcheson, Cochrane

Cochrane-Hearst Road..... 5 10

General Expense..... 120,184 28

Amount transferred to Department of Labour, Unemployment Relief Act, 23 Geo. V, Chapter 65..... \$120,269 24

BOARD CAMPS—UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF (\$3,525,676.52)

Trans-Canada Highway—Unemployment Relief

Ottawa Valley Section

From Pembroke through Mattawa to North Bay..... \$964,626 64

Thunder Bay Section

From Schreiber to Nipigon through Port Arthur and Fort William to English River..... 983,898 10

Trans-Canada Highway, Unemployment Relief—Continued

Western Section

From English River through Dyment, Dinorwic, Dryden, Kenora to Manitoba Boundary.....	\$936,078 00	
General Expense.....	53,974 97	
		<u>\$2,938,577 71</u>

General Work—Unemployment Relief

District No. 2 (\$25,282.67)—Engineer, G. A. White, North Bay

Field-Marten River Road.....	\$22,312 92	
Algonquin Park Road.....	1,977 55	
Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Expenditure....	992 20	
		<u>\$25,282 67</u>

District No. 3 (\$82,532.91)—Engineer, A. M. Mills, Sudbury

Levac-Cartier Road.....	\$43,416 27	
Chapleau-Iron Bridge Road.....	38,748 41	
North Bay-Sault Road.....	368 23	
		<u>82,532 91</u>

District No. 4 (\$4,780.59)—Engineer, G. J. Lamb, Sault Ste. Marie

North Bay-Sault Road.....	\$4,780 59	
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District No. 8 (\$145,212.38)—Engineer A. J. Isbester, Fort William

International Highway.....	\$101,303 36	
Dawson Road.....	43,969 02	
		<u>\$145,212 38</u>

District No. 9 (\$113,442.84)—Engineer C. Tackaberry, Kenora

Kenora-Fort Frances Highway.....	\$85,435 39	
Sioux Lookout-Dinorwic Road.....	27,948 65	
Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Expenditure....	58 80	
		<u>113,442 84</u>

County of Haliburton (\$135,203.18)—Engineer, J. M. Gibson, Minden

Coboconk-Minden-Dorset Highway.....	135,203 18	
General Expense.....	644 24	
		<u>\$587,098 81</u>

Amount transferred to Department of Labour, Unemployment Relief Act,
23 Geo. V, Chapter 65..... \$3,525,676 52

SETTLERS' CAMPS—UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF (\$205,118.15)

Trans-Canada Highway—Unemployment Relief

Ottawa Valley Section

From Pembroke through Mattawa to North Bay.....	\$96,134 66
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Thunder Bay Section

From Schreiber to Nipigon through Port Arthur and Fort William to English River.....	26,149 79
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Western Section

From English River through Dyment, Dinorwic, Dryden, Kenora to Manitoba Boundary.....	3,434 56	
		<u>\$125,719 01</u>

*General Work—Unemployment Relief**District No. 2 (\$6,723.84)—Engineer, G. A. White, North Bay*

Bonfield Spur.....	\$3,810 67	
River Road.....	949 07	
Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Expenditure....	1,964 10	
		\$6,723 84

District No. 3 (\$16,535.04)—Engineer, A. M. Mills, Sudbury

North Bay-Sault Road.....	\$10,325 64	
Espanola-Little Current Road.....	3,689 63	
Little Current-Gore Bay Road.....	147 14	
Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Expenditure....	2,372 63	
		16,535 04

District No. 4 (\$23,283.24)—Engineer, G. J. Lamb, Sault Ste. Marie

North Bay-Sault Road.....	\$20,234 14	
Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Expenditure....	3,049 10	
		23,283 24

District No. 6 (\$746.56)—Engineer, D. Lough, Matheson

Munro Road.....		746 56
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District No. 8 (\$24,916.71)—Engineer, A. J. Isbester, Fort William

Silver Mountain Road.....	\$2,501 09	
Marks Road.....	1,093 53	
Forbes River Road.....	1,024 01	
Forbes Centre Road.....	1,018 15	
Settlers' and Other Roads, Sundry Expenditure....	19,279 93	
		24,916 71

County of Huron (\$7,163.47)—Engineer, J. M. Gibson, Minden

Coboconk-Minden-Dorset Road.....	\$7,163 47	
General Expense.....	30 28	
		79,399 14

Amount transferred to Department of Labour, Unemployment Relief Act, 23 Geo. V, Chapter 65.....	\$205,118 15
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UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF, 1933

Bridges on the Trans-Canada Highway between Mattawa and Pembroke.....	\$71,193 61
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Bridge at Petewawa River, Trans-Canada Highway.....	\$17,580 74
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Haliburton-Eagle Lake Road

Construction of a Road from Village of Haliburton to east boundary of Townships of Dysart and Guilford.....	\$94,419 95
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Gravelling, Trans-Canada Highway, North Bay to Point Alexander.....	\$11,863 11
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Bridges on the Trans-Canada Highway between Mattawa and North Bay.....	\$9,444 32
--	------------

Retread, Trans-Canada Highway, Tucker's Creek, Chalk River.....	\$11,872 98
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Grading, Trans-Canada Highway, Deux Rivieres-Stonecliffe.....	\$1,073 70
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Sultan-Swayze Township Road

Unemployment Relief—Project 93.....	\$2,906 02
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Transferred to the Department of Labour, Unemployment Relief Act, 23 Geo. V, Chapter 65.....	\$220,354 43
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SPECIAL WARRANTS

Road between Larder Lake and Kirkland Lake.....	\$99,394 05
Round Lake Bridge.....	\$4,356 07

RELIEF LAND SETTLEMENT ROADS

District No. 5, New Liskeard.....	\$448 80
District No. 6, Matheson.....	20 80
District No. 7, Cochrane.....	242 40
	<u>\$712 00</u>

CANADIAN NATIONAL EXHIBITION

Disbursements for Northern Development Exhibit at Canadian National Exhibition.....	\$490 30
Trip to Northern Ontario by members of the Executive of the Ontario Good Roads Association.....	\$279 51

COLONIZATION ROADS BRANCH

Salaries and Contingencies—Salaries.....	\$9,206 25
Contingencies.....	712 59
	<u>\$9,918 84</u>
By-laws.....	119,292 12
Construction and Maintenance.....	59,417 24
Inspections.....	19,737 18
Storage and Insurance.....	200 10
Engineering and Surveying.....	321 66
Not otherwise provided for.....	69 00
Totals.....	<u>\$208,956 14</u>

DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

STATEMENT OF REVENUE FOR YEAR ENDED 31ST OCTOBER, 1933

	Capital	Ordinary	Total
<i>Section 11 (B)—Roads.</i>			
Sale of Equipment, Material, Supplies, Rentals, Refunds, etc.	\$96,149 65	\$125,546 68	\$221,696 33
Note—Transferred as Expenditure Refund on Roads and Bridges Expenditure.			
<i>Section 11 (f)—Seed Grain.</i>			
Repayment of Principal.....	3,754 48		
Interest.....		1,387 54	5,142 02
<i>Section 11 (f)—Agricultural Implements.</i>			
Repayment of Principal.....	96 65		
Interest.....		77 27	173 92
<i>Section 11 (h)—Cattle Purchase.</i>			
Repayment of Principal.....	3,881 28		
Interest.....		184 92	4,066 20
<i>Section 11 (d)—Assistance of Settlers, Feed Shortage.</i>			
Repayment of Principal.....	91 98		
Interest.....		68	92 66
<i>General Account.</i>			
Bank Interest.....		3,286 88	3,286 88
<i>Settlers' Loan Account.</i>			
Repayment of Principal.....	23,448 77		39,415 93
Interest, Exchange, etc.....		15,967 16	
<i>Special Fund.</i>			
Dam at Three Narrows' Lake.....	2,000 00		2,000 00
Totals.....	\$129,422 81	\$146,451 13	\$275,873 94

DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT

ASSETS—OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

	Principal	Accrued Interest	Total
<i>Notes Outstanding.</i>			
Section 11 (d)—Feed Shortage.....	\$58,078 14	\$33,085 58	\$91,163 72
Section 11 (f)—Seed Grain.....	101,363 35	49,162 72	150,526 07
Section 11 (f)—Agricultural Implements....	16,770 70	9,333 36	26,104 06
Section 11 (h)—Cattle Purchase.....	16,882 10	2,266 51	19,148 61
	\$193,094 29	\$93,848 17	\$286,942 46
<i>Settlers' Loan Account.</i>			
Loans Outstanding.....	769,464 84	104,968 29	874,433 13
	\$962,559 13	\$198,816 46	\$1,161,375 59

CONTINGENT ASSETS

Roads, Land, Buildings, Plant, Equipment, Motors, Tractors, etc.	\$396,782 21
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W. L. LAWER,
Accountant.

Toronto, October 31st, 1933.

OFFICE OF SETTLERS' LOAN COMMISSIONER

January 24th, 1934

THE HONOURABLE W. FINLAYSON,
 Minister of Lands and Forests,
 East Block, Parliament Bldgs.,
 Toronto, Ontario.

DEAR SIR,—

Herewith you will please find Statement of the Operations of this Department ending October 31st, 1933.

Conditions through the North Country have not been very satisfactory to the settlers. Crops were not up to the mark in many Districts, and those having fairly satisfactory crops found it next to impossible to find a market. Prices of stock were very low in many cases and the conditions are somewhat reflected in the payments made by the settlers during the year.

Yours very truly,

F. DANE,
 Commissioner.

STATEMENT OF LOANS ISSUED

TO OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

Total Number of Applications Received:		
To October 31st, 1932.....		9,260
Year ending October 31st, 1933.....		528
		9,788
Loans Issued:	LOANS	
To October 31st, 1932.....		5,195
Year ending October 31st, 1933 (new).....		280
		5,475
Amount granted.....		\$1,832,545 00
Average Loan per settler.....		336 80
Amount applied for.....		3,817,234 00
Number of Loans issued.....		5,475
Number of Loans outstanding.....		2,999
Number of Loans paid in full.....		2,476

STATEMENT OF LOANS TO CREAMERIES AND OTHER LIKE ASSOCIATIONS

INCLUDED IN THE ABOVE STATEMENT

TO OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

Applications and Loans

	Amount Granted	Amount Owing Paid
The Sudbury Dairy, Ltd.....	\$24,000 00	
The Kenora Dairy Co-Operative Association, Ltd.....	13,000 00	\$13,000 00
Producers Co-Operative Creamery Co., Ltd., Lavallee, Ont.....	3,500 00	1,400 00
The Matheson Co-Operative Dairy Co., Ltd.....	7,370 00	4,753 63
The Cochrane Co-Operative Dairy Co., Ltd.....	7,830 00	5,893 48
Northern Co-Operative Co., Ltd., Rydal Bank, Ont.....	5,000 00	3,000 00
The Thunder Bay Co-Operative Dairy, Ltd.....	18,600 00	18,600 00
Fort Frances Creamery Co. Ltd., Fort Frances, Ont.....	5,000 00	5,600 00
Totals.....	\$84,300 00	\$51,647 11

NOTE.—The standing of the Kenora Dairy Co-Operative Association, which went into liquidation in 1922, and all property now under jurisdiction of the Department of Northern Development, as outlined in our report of 1924, is as follows:

Principal.....	\$13,000 00
Accrued Interest.....	1,405 25
Total.....	\$14,405 25

NOTE.—The Cochrane Co-Operative Dairy Company, Limited, has been sold by the creditors, and at the present time no settlement has been arrived at.

PAYMENTS ON ACCOUNT OF INTEREST

	Accrued Interest due	Interest Received	Per Cent.
Loans to Settlers.....	\$512,232 85	\$410,725 78	....
Loans to Creameries.....	22,383 87	18,922 65	....
Total.....	\$534,616 72	\$429,648 43	80.3

ON ACCOUNT OF PRINCIPAL

	Payments on Principal due	Principal Received	Per Cent.
Loans to Settlers.....	\$1,320,090 96	\$1,030,427 27	....
Loans to Creameries.....	59,044 76	32,652 89	....
Total.....	\$1,379,135 72	\$1,063,080 16	77.2

TOTAL

	Payments due	Payments Received	Per Cent.
Loans to Settlers.....	\$1,832,323 81	\$1,441,153 05	....
Loans to Creameries.....	81,428 63	51,575 54	....
Total.....	\$1,913,752 44	\$1,492,728 59	77.9

Charges.....	\$534,616 72	\$1,832,545 00
Payments.....	429,648 43	1,063,080 16
Outstanding.....	\$104,968 29	\$769,464 84
Settlers.....	\$101,507 07	\$707,817 73
Creameries.....	3,461 22	51,647 11

STATEMENT OF LOANS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING

DISTRICT	ISSUED		OUTSTANDING		
	No. of Loans	Issued	No. of Loans	Unpaid Principal	Unpaid Interest
Algoma.....	388	\$130,160 00	292	\$84,435 45	\$7,612 59
Manitoulin.....	14	5,750 00	5	414 90	41 72
Nipissing.....	317	109,420 00	204	52,674 69	6,577 05
Sudbury.....	429	182,505 00	278	83,951 34	7,411 03
Kenora.....	496	167,840 00	247	61,502 77	8,540 62
Rainy River.....	395	134,070 00	211	52,565 05	6,172 88
Temiskaming.....	2,285	717,775 00	1,135	267,021 79	40,631 07
Thunder Bay.....	1,151	385,025 00	627	166,428 85	27,981 33
Totals.....	5,475	\$1,832,545 00	2,999	\$768,994 84	\$104,968 29

Reserve for bad and doubtful debts..... 470 00

\$769,464 84

To 1932.....	\$1,751,635 00	Settlers	Dairies
To 1933.....	80,910 00	\$75,750 00	\$5,160 00

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, NOVEMBER 1st, 1932, TO OCTOBER 31st, 1933

RECEIPTS—ORDINARY

Date	Interest on Loans	Principal	Exchange
November, 1932.....	\$975 96	\$1,461 50	\$0 02
December, 1932.....	1,233 16	1,309 96	
January, 1933.....	1,059 14	1,530 70	
February, 1933.....	903 68	2,971 25	
March, 1933.....	1,590 53	2,707 39	
April, 1933.....	1,212 69	1,637 57	15
May, 1933.....	1,655 85	1,886 51	15
June, 1933.....	1,131 46	1,530 41	02
July, 1933.....	1,387 16	1,943 78	
August, 1933.....	1,194 86	2,196 85	
September, 1933.....	1,650 31	1,788 00	Dr. 23
October, 1933.....	1,972 25	2,484 85	
Totals.....	\$15,967 05	\$23,448 77	\$0 11

SETTLERS' LOAN COMMISSIONER

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURE—YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31st, 1933

<i>Salaries</i>		
F. Dane, Commissioner.....	\$3,000 00	
A. E. MacLean, Senior Clerk.....	2,500 00	
F. M. Jack, Clerk Stenographer.....	1,200 00	
F. L. Wilson, Clerk Stenographer.....	962 50	
M. L. Potts, Stenographer.....	375 00	
		\$8,037 50
<i>Office Expense</i>		
Stationery, etc.....	\$558 85	
Typewriter Expense.....	14 72	
Postage.....	5 00	
Telegrams.....	15 40	
Legal Expense.....	10 05	
Cost of Certificate of Search.....	11 80	
		615 82
<i>Outside Expense</i>		
Arthurs, E.....	\$10 00	
Barr, J. C.....	18 74	
Bastien, J. A.....	112 45	
Cragg, W. V.....	41 50	
Crebo, Wm.....	52 00	
Colley, J. W.....	2 55	
Grigg, A.....	111 44	
Hough, W.....	42 00	
Huckson, A. H.....	42 50	
Lowe, J. S.....	10 00	
Marchildon, J. P.....	6 50	
McDougall, J. T.....	6 95	
MacPhie, W. F.....	39 80	
Owens, H. B.....	95 50	
Smith, D.....	74 18	
Torrie, L.....	228 64	
Trainor, W. J.....	6 00	
Van Horn, L. E.....	100 23	
Widdifield, F.....	3 22	
		1,604 20
		<u>\$9,657 52</u>

SUMMARY OF EXPENSES TO OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

	To October 31st, 1932	Year ending October 31st, 1933	Total
Salaries.....	\$142,599 78	\$8,037 50	\$150,637 28
Travelling expenses.....	1,259 85	.....	1,259 85
Office expenses.....	14,878 73	615 82	15,494 55
Outside expenses.....	7,619 81	1,004 20	8,624 01
	\$166,358 17	\$9,657 52	\$176,015 69
Refund on overpayments.....	53 92	.....	53 92
Totals.....	\$166,412 09	\$9,657 52	\$176,069 61

ENGINEER'S REPORT

ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE COLONIZATION ROADS BRANCH DURING THE
FISCAL YEAR ENDING OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

Colonization Roads expenditures were made in the northern townships of the Counties of Addington, Frontenac, Hastings, Lanark, Leeds, Ontario, Renfrew, Simcoe, Victoria and Haliburton, and townships in the Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound and Nipissing.

Nine Colonization Roads Inspectors, under the direction of the Colonization Roads Engineer, laid out and inspected the work.

The financial conditions throughout the Province were such that many municipalities found it necessary to reduce their expenditures on road work and for the same reason the ordinary Colonization Roads expenditures under direct grants were considerably curtailed.

Direct Grant Work

In ninety-two organized municipalities and twenty-six statute labour and unorganized townships direct departmental expenditures were made in improving and maintaining roads.

Expenditures under direct grants gave employment to 4,184 men, 1,476 teams and 72 trucks. The following work was accomplished: Cutting and burning, 16.6 miles; sidebrushing, 64.7 miles; stumping and grubbing, 9.85 miles; grading new road, 16.5 miles; regrading existing road, 80.2 miles; ditching, 15,054 cubic yards; surfacing, with gravel, new road, 24.9 miles; old road, 340.7 miles; with clay, 6.2 miles; with crushed stone, 6.2 miles; dragging, 9,690 miles; guard rail erected, 1,380 lineal feet; culverts installed, wood, 189; stone and concrete, 27; metal, 4; bridges erected and repaired, 12; excavation, earth, 14,146 cubic yards; rock, 13,211 cubic yards; surfacing material used, gravel, 48,033 cubic yards; clay, 7,581 cubic yards; crushed rock, 2,216 cubic yards.

By-law Work

Where an approved Colonization Roads By-law was in effect, on the satisfactory performance of the work, municipalities were reimbursed by the Department to the extent of 50 per cent. of the authorized expenditures.

Under by-law 101 municipalities received assistance towards the expenditures actually made on their roads. Municipalities to the number of sixty-two were subsidized on the purchase of machinery. Thirty-four municipalities which had appointed road overseers were reimbursed by 50 per cent. of the salary paid to the overseer to a maximum departmental contribution of \$400.00.

A summary of the work under by-law indicates that employment was given to 13,849 men and 6,171 teams and the work included cutting and burning new road, 28.0 miles; sidebrushing existing road, 338.2 miles; stumping and grubbing, 64.4 miles; grading new road, 13.7 miles; regrading old road, 1,412.3 miles; ditching, 53,784 cubic yards; surfacing, with gravel, new road, 72.1 miles; old road, 671.3 miles; with clay, 143.2 miles; with crushed rock, 57.3 miles; dragging, 17,730 miles; guard rail erected, 4,181 lineal feet; culverts installed, wood, 1,082; stone and concrete, 146; metal, 69; bridges erected and repaired, 222; excavation, earth, 47,079 cubic yards; rock, 11,169 cubic yards.

Expenditures

Construction, maintenance (including machinery and equipment, etc.)	\$59,417 24
Colonization Roads By-laws	119,292 12
Inspection	19,737 18
Storage and Insurance	200 10
Engineering and Surveying	321 66
Salaries, etc., not provided for	69 00
	<hr/>
Total Expenditure under Colonization Roads Act	\$199,037 30

Unemployment Relief Work

During the winter months to relieve distress caused by the unprecedented adverse financial conditions, Provincial-Dominion funds were arranged in order that Relief Works might be carried on and in the Colonization Roads area an expenditure of \$95,728.40 was made on roads.

A summary indicates that the relief expenditure gave employment to 6,194 men and 1,880 teams and the work included cutting and burning 230.6 miles; sidebrushing, 64.5 miles; stumping and grubbing 4.1 miles; grading new road, 4.31 miles; regrading existing road, 15.0 miles; ditching, 1,081 cubic yards; gravelling, new road, 67.1 miles; old road, 368.5 miles; clay surfacing, 8.2 miles; crushed rock, 1.5 miles; dragging, 220.5 miles; guard rail, erected, 1,429 feet; culverts installed, wood, 58; stone and concrete 8; metal, 2; earth excavation 36,328 cubic yards; rock excavation, 17,868 cubic yards.

ROY G. SNEATH,
Engineer, Colonization Roads

Toronto, February, 1934.



Electoral District	Cutting and Burned New Road Mile.
ALGOMA.....	.....
COCHRANE NORTH..	.....
COCHRANE SOUTH..	18.
FORT WILLIAM.....	2.
KENORA.....	.....
MANITOULIN.....	3.
MUSKOKA.....	.....
NIPISSING.....	0
PARRY SOUND.....	.....
PORT ARTHUR.....	3.
RAINY RIVER.....	.....
RENFREW NORTH..	.....
SAULT STE. MARIE..	.....
STURGEON FALLS..	1
SUDBURY.....	.....
TEMISKAMING.....	3
TOTALS.....	33

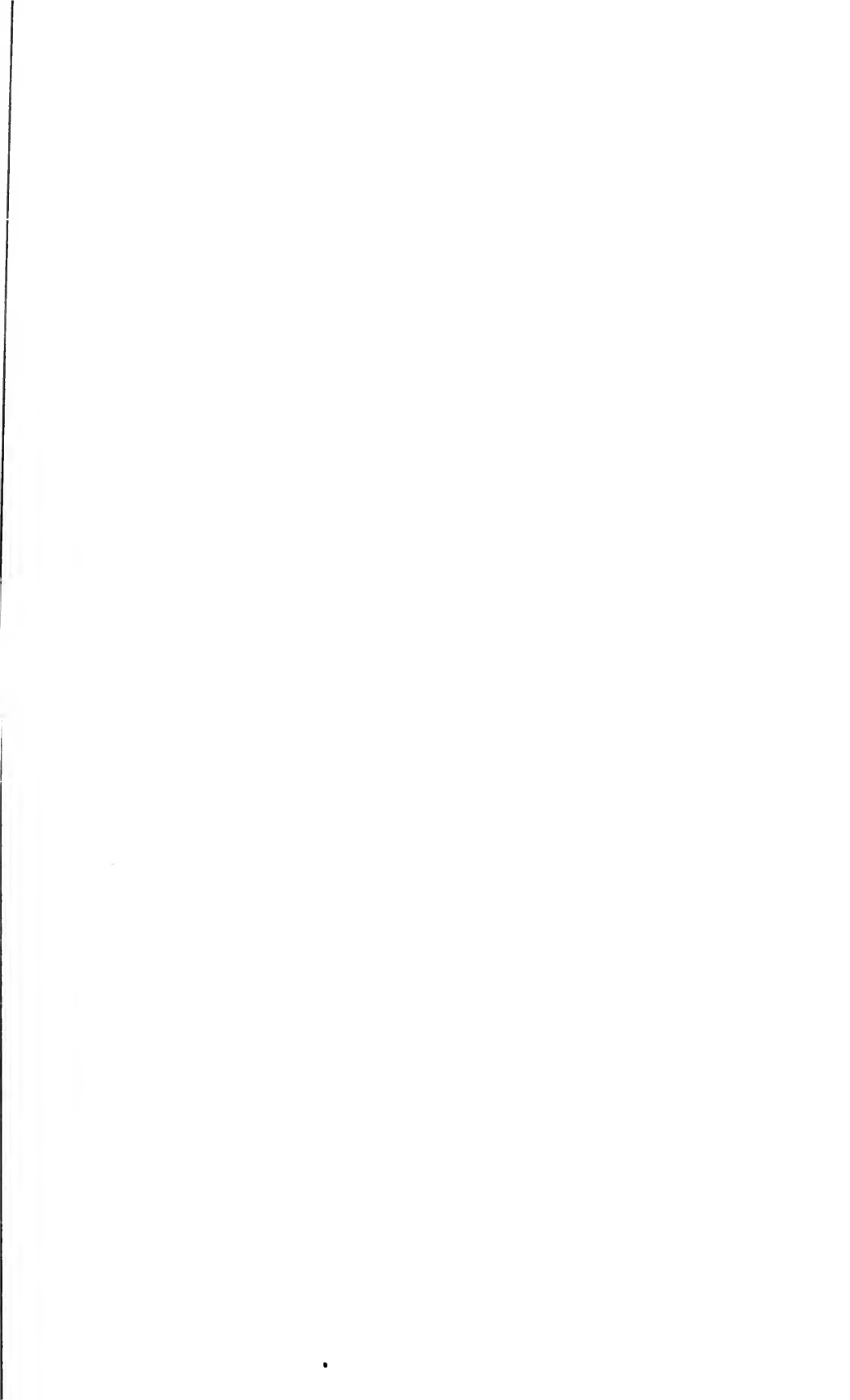
APPENDIX A
DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT—ANNUAL REPORT, 1932-1933
DIRECT EXPENDITURE

Electoral District	Cutting and Burning New Road Miles	Side Brushing Existing Road Miles	Stumping and Grubbing Miles	Grading		Ditching Cu.Yds.	Gravelling				Clay Surfacing		Crushed Rock				Culverts				Bridges						Excavation							
				New Miles	Repairs Miles		New		Repairs		Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Number Yards Crushed	Number Yards Hauled	Length Road Covered, Miles	Dragging, Miles	Wood	Stone	Concrete	Metal	New			Replaced			Repaired			Painted	Earth Cubic Yards	Rock Cubic Yards		
							Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Length, Miles	Cubic Yards											Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.				Wood	Steel
ALGOMA.....		2.5	2.25		43.3	3,124	1.8	12	243.0	20,123	136.5	3,742		574	.4	22,190	7		5	12												1,568	285	
COCHRANE NORTH.....		2.92	0.25			11,476	3.33	2,188	9.0	6,085		1,225				22,819	3			6												1,102		
COCHRANE SOUTH.....	18.92	20.65	18.15	1.75	2.80	21,072	38.77	54,864	70.00	32,845	28.0	28,121		6,595		33,067	27			173	1											169,740	35,423	
FORT WILLIAM.....	2.08	27.81				24,632	9.78	8,728	20.00	11,374		605				6,084	84		5	10				4								5,811	663	
KENORA.....		3.7	.3	3.8	434.	425	1.2	458	209.5	9,889	3.1	1,627				8,423	16			10	1											581	212	
MANITOULIN.....	3.60	159.87	2.29	2.25	611.75	12,792	9.0	4,126	121.5	9,525	34.29	1,973		22		23,407	33	6		17			1									1,274	2,045	
MUSKOKA.....						1,844	1.2	1,375	87.8	14,414	.45	239				6,409	3			13												4,025	13	
NIPISSING.....	0.50	44.0	0.50		24.50	1,264	4.01	275	8.0	11,150	3.50	1,686				6,560	17	1		10			1									1,795	170	
PARRY SOUND.....						842	4.5	2,460	148.3	34,163	2.18	649		2,846	6.75	15,528	12			7			2									4,077	175	
PORT ARTHUR.....	3.75	20.0	1.02	6.02		16,456	13.73	15,721		5,449		36,599				4,434	61		1	16	5	1										17,217	872	
RAINY RIVER.....	.30	138.3			10.30	9,580	1.0	937	144.5	25,050	.40	855				7,423	11			18												1,755	370	
RENFREW NORTH.....		10.00	11.00		10.00	5	15.50		18.88	6,035		1,094				2,156	2																	
SAULT STE. MARIE.....						2,107			33.0	5,673	.2	22				10,862				2													412	22
STURGEON FALLS.....	1.74	6.03	4.60	0.25	28.30	17,761	0.53	847	33.9	10,445	5.54	2,439				6,978	21	1		2												1,157	946	
SUDBURY.....		44.50		10.00	38.16	23,298	14.00	1,761	215.00	17,941	8.10	5,154		1,431	1.70	6,141	8	2	1	10	2	1										4,046	10,201	
TEMISKAMING.....	3.09	7.16	2.34	1.40	1.0	12,724	57.24	30,141	32.50	16,821	1.70	2,378		399		15,179	28			27	4		10									891	12,090	
TOTALS.....	33.98	487.44	42.70	25.47	1,204.11	159,402	175.59	123,893	1,394.88	236,982	23.96	88,408		11,867	8.85	197,660	633	10	12	333	13	2	18	1	82	2	1		215,851	63,487				

Electoral District	Cutting and Burnin New Road Miles
ALGOMA.....	.
COCHRANE NORTH.....	.
COCHRANE SOUTH.....	.
FORT WILLIAM.....	4.9
KENORA.....	3.9
MANITOULIN.....	1.0
NIPISSING.....	.
PORT ARTHUR.....	1.4
RAINY RIVER.....	7.0
SAULT STE. MARIE..	2.2
STURGEON FALLS.....	.
SUDBURY.....	.
TEMISKAMING.....	1.5
TOTAL.....	22.1

APPENDIX B
DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT—ANNUAL REPORT, 1932-1933
NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENTS, 1933

Electoral District	Cutting and Burning New Road Miles	Side Brushing Existing Road Miles	Stumping and Grubbing Miles	Grading		Ditching Cu.Yds.	Gravelling				Clay Surfacing		Crushed Rock			Drag-ging, Miles	Culverts				Bridges						Excavation				
				New Miles	Repairs Miles		Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Number Yards Crushed	Number Yards Hauled	Length Road Covered, Miles		New				Replaced			Repaired			Painted		Earth Cubic Yards	Rock Cubic Yards	
																	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Metal	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel			
ALGOMA.....	.1	6.8	.5	.3	36.3	2,607	1.9	135	85.3	6,035	.70	75				109	38	1	9	1										639	30
COCHRANE NORTH.....		1.50			44.5		.5	408	7.0	1,062	1.75	2,021				334	3													722	
COCHRANE SOUTH.....		1.50			47.75	2,020			9.75	2,934		45		1,083	7.0	1	3							1							108
FORT WILLIAM.....	4.9	63.4	4.9	2.2	37.1	5,726		4,068		16,765		3,009		152		3,639	159		25	10										12,242	273
KENORA.....	3.9	30.2	5.4	3.3	52.0	3,266	4.9	1,652	42.6	2,353	0.1	153				50	65	1		1										18	110
MANITOULIN.....	1.0	24.01	1.62	1.20	11.50	1,957	4.75	1,100	183.31	15,610		376				835	31	18	4	2	2									1,316	2,277
NIPISSING.....																															
PORT ARTHUR.....	1.4	125.9	1.6	.2	5.2	3,850	12.3	5,222				1,895				1,120	57			6	1			3					5,481	75	
RAINY RIVER.....	7.0	104.0	6.5	6.2	13.6	20,335	10.0	5,405	67.2	12,847	3.1	1,915				3,990	84		13	9	1									3,844	145
SAULT STE. MARIE..	2.25	15.1	1.5	3.25	60.25	5,357	4.2	837	44.0	11,296	1.5	91				14	21	2	11	1										2,682	
STURGEON FALLS...		13.72	0.12	2.48	35.35	11,372	0.46	228	32.15	15,080	0.84	434				298	57	5		11	1			5						473	36
SUDBURY.....		19.06	0.50		169.85	5,517	1.10	370	50.53	12,537	2.35	1,978		1,829	3.50	160	93	4	1	7											
TEMISKAMING.....	1.56	22.21	1.06	2.0	91.0	18,967	6.07	1,160	127.1	20,469	3.10	1,801		73	.02	391	76			16	4			3							1,787
TOTAL.....	22.11	427.40	23.70	21.13	605.40	80,974	46.18	20,585	648.94	116,988	13.44	13,793		3,137	10.52	10,941	687	31	63	64	9			13						27,417	4,841



Electoral Di

FORT WILLIA

KENORA.....

NIPISSING...

PORT ARTHUR

RENFREW NO

TOTAL...

Electoral District	Cutt an Burn Ne Ro Mi
ALGOMA.....	
COCHRANE NORTH..	5
COCHRANE SOUTH..	2
FORT WILLIAM.....	
HALIBURTON.....	
KENORA.....	
MANITOULIN.....	
MUSKOKA.....	
NIPISSING.....	1
PARRY SOUND.....	
PORT ARTHUR.....	
RAINY RIVER.....	
RENFREW NORTH.....	
SAULT STE. MARIE..	1
STURGEON FALLS...	2
SUDBURY.....	5
TEMISKAMING.....	
TOTAL.....	21

APPENDIX E
DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT—ANNUAL REPORT, 1932-1933
DIRECT RELIEF

Electoral District	Cutting and Burning New Road Miles	Side Brushing Existing Road Miles	Stumping and Grubbing Miles	Grading		Ditching Cu.Yds.	Gravelling				Clay Surfacing		Crushed Rock			Drag- ging, Miles	Culverts				Bridges						Excavation							
				New Miles	Repairs Miles		New		Repairs		Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Number Yards Crushed	Number Yards Hauled	Length Road Covered, Miles		Wood	Stone	Concrete	Metal	New			Replaced		Repaired		Painted		Earth Cubic Yards	Rock Cubic Yards			
							Length, Miles	Cubic Yards	Length, Miles	Cubic Yards											Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel						
AGUMA.....	6.8	61.1	3.8	4.1	73.1	35,109	7.5	8,314	76.4	27,546	29.4	3,781				4	38		15	26				1			1	2				42,996	23,949	
COCHRANE NORTH..	57.0	92.9	33.6		11.5	150,397	6.0	4,632	27.0	9,126	6.0	13,261		25		2,065	152			42				2			4					8,997		
COCHRANE SOUTH..	28.2	90.9	21.5	6.6	10.8	67,217	2.3	1,923	10.4	8,404	1.7	9,981		1,443	3.0	984	48			87	2						5					23	886	
PORT WILLIAM.....		15.6			.7	516				1,318		600				15	24															1,011	5	
HALIBURTON.....																																		
KENORA.....	4.3	107.7	10.9	1.6	10.0	2,898	1.2	772	113.4	11,214	5.1	6,307				1,745	53	1		8												6,015	6,275	
MANITOULIN.....	4.0	8.0	4.5	7.0	12.0	16,272	11.0	6,603	2.0	3,467	2.0	862				20	35			1			1								331	3,010		
MUSKOKA.....																																		
NIPISSING.....	10.2	14.1	3.1	1.7	0.6	1,313	.5	515		59							12	1														77	302	
PARRY SOUND.....		2.0	.2	.1		3,842			15.4	7,986	4.4	1,302				234	6															12,758	516	
PORT ARTHUR.....	4.0	13.7	.8	.3	17.4	3,019	.9	1,123	14.0	7,306		440				42	19			1			2			3					852	470		
RAINY RIVER.....	3.0	19.8	3.6	1.1	2.4	16,602	1.3	1,222	31.8	3,450	.2	412				225	19			5						1					482	110		
RENFREW NORTH..																																		
SAULT STE. MARIE..	14.4	29.5	9.6	.8	7.5	10,546	2.0	1,544	49.6	4,272	33.0	1,112	30				27			2	1					1					905	8,507		
STURGEON FALLS..	26.9	55.6	9.4	1.4	14.7	47,915	10.5	7,030	101.3	25,450	20.4	13,247				6,349	71	2		8	4		2			16					8,458	6,287		
SUBBURY.....	52.0	34.0	14.0	7.0	25.0	38,221	6.4	7,894	22.0	15,909	2.2	27	390	6,176		30	90	10	4			1	14			6					2,023	1,754		
TEMISKAMING.....	8.5	23.5	1.2		3.6	12,720	1.6	2,988	15.6	6,800		35				1,051	55			10														
TOTAL.....	219.3	568.4	116.2	31.7	189.3	406,587	51.2	44,560	478.9	132,307	104.4	51,367	420	7,644	3.0	12,764	649	14	19	188	9	1	22			37	2				84,928	52,071		

Electoral District	Cutting and Burning New Road Miles	9 Br Ex F N
APPENDIX A.....	33.98	4
APPENDIX B.....	22.11	4
APPENDIX C.....	35.94	
APPENDIX D.....	33.1	
APPENDIX E.....	219.3	5
TOTAL.....	344.3	1,5

APPENDIX F
DEPARTMENT OF NORTHERN DEVELOPMENT—ANNUAL REPORT, 1932-1933
RECAPITULATION OF WORK SUPERVISED BY THE DEPARTMENT

Electoral District	Cutting and Burning New Road Miles	Side Brushing Existing Road Miles	Stumping and Grubbing Miles	Grading		Ditching Cu.Yds.	Gravelling				Clay Surfacing		Crushed Rock			Drag-ging, Miles	Culverts				Bridges						Excavation							
				New Miles	Repairs Miles		New		Repairs		Length Miles	Cubic Yards	Length Miles	Cubic Yards	Number Yards Crushed		Number Yards Hauled	Length Road Covered Miles	Wood	Stone	Concrete	Metal	New			Replaced			Repaired		Painted		Earth Cubic Yards	Rock Cubic Yards
							Length Miles	Cubic Yards	Length Miles	Cubic Yards													Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood			Steel
				Wood	Stone		Concrete	Metal	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel	Concr.	Wood		Steel	Concr.	Wood	Steel														
APPENDIX A.....	33.98	487.44	42.70	25.47	1,204.11	159,402	175.59	123,893	1,394.88	236,982	223.96	88,408	.....	11,867	8.85	197,660	333	10	12	333	13	.....	2	18	.....	1	82	2	.....	1	.....	215,851	63,487
APPENDIX B.....	22.11	427.40	23.70	21.13	605.40	80,974	46.18	20,585	648.94	116,988	13.44	13,793	.....	3,137	10.52	10,941	687	31	63	64	9	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	68	.....	.....	.....	.....	27,417	4,841
APPENDIX C.....	35.94	73.72	18.71	25.76	48.4	68,554	39.70	43,736	33.9	19,040	2.1	80,493	.....	.....	.....	835	57	47	33	83	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	273,386	318,640	
APPENDIX D.....	33.1	21.4	54.5	80.6	7.6	221,604	43.3	147,637	10.7	22,511	2.9	248,189	.....	.....	.....	2,519	218	16	22	323	17	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	2,011,973	537,553
APPENDIX E.....	219.3	568.4	116.2	31.7	189.3	406,587	51.2	44,560	478.9	132,307	104.4	51,367	420	7,644	3.0	12,764	649	14	19	188	9	.....	1	22	.....	37	2	.....	.....	.....	84,928	52,071	
TOTAL.....	344.3	1,578.36	255.81	184.66	2,054.81	937,121	355.97	380,411	2,567.32	527,828	346.80	482,250	420	22,648	22.37	224,719	1,944	118	149	991	50	.....	3	54	.....	1	190	4	.....	2	.....	2,613,555	976,592

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

The Commissioner of the Ontario Provincial Police

1933

PRINTED BY ORDER OF
THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF ONTARIO
SESSIONAL PAPER No. 51, 1934



ONTARIO

TORONTO

Printed and Published by Herbert H. Ball, Printer to the King's Most Excellent Majesty
1934

*To His Honour Herbert Alexander Bruce, Esq ,
Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Ontario.*

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HONOUR:

The undersigned has the honour to present to Your Honour the Report of The Commissioner of the Ontario Provincial Police for the year ending 31st October, 1933.

Respectfully submitted,

WILLIAM H. PRICE,
Attorney-General.

Toronto, March 22, 1934.

ONTARIO PROVINCIAL POLICE

Commissioner

MAJOR-GENERAL V. A. S. WILLIAMS, C.M.G.

Criminal Investigation Branch

W. H. STRINGER, Chief Inspector

Inspectors

J. MILLER A. B. BOYD A. H. WARD
E. D. L. HAMMOND E. C. GURNETT, M.M.

Staff Inspectors

W. C. KILLING A. MOSS E. T. DOYLE

Liquor Control Investigation Branch

F. E. ELLIOTT, Chief Inspector

Inspector

E. ZINKANN

Motorcycle Patrol

J. A. GRANT, M.M., Inspector-in-Charge

Area Inspectors

F. G. JEROME T. G. P. LUCAS S. HUNTER

No. 1	District, Windsor.....	District Inspector	S. Oliver.
No. 2	“ London.....	“	H. Gardner, M.M.
No. 3	“ Hamilton.....	“	C. A. Jordon.
No. 4	“ Niagara Falls.....	“	C. F. Airey, M.S.M.
No. 5	“ Toronto.....	“	A. R. Elliott.
No. 6	“ Kitchener.....	“	W. T. Moore.
No. 7	“ Barrie.....	“	J. H. Putman.
No. 8	“ Belleville.....	“	W. H. Loughheed.
No. 9	“ Ottawa.....	“	P. Walter.
No. 10	“ Haileybury.....	“	F. B. Creasy.
No. 11	“ Sudbury.....	“	A. H. Palmer.
No. 12	“ Port Arthur.....	“	W. G. Ingram.

Annual Report of the Commissioner of Police for Ontario, 1933

ONTARIO PROVINCIAL POLICE,
Headquarters, Toronto,

THE HONOURABLE THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ontario.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit herewith my Annual Report for the year ending October 31st, 1933.

STRENGTH AND DISTRIBUTION OF THE FORCE ON OCTOBER 31ST, 1933

	Commissioner's Office	Crim. Invest. Branch	L.C.I. Branch	Motorcycle Patrol	Headquarters Garage	No. 1 District	No. 2 District	No. 3 District	No. 4 District	No. 5 District	No. 6 District	No. 7 District	No. 8 District	No. 9 District	No. 10 District	No. 11 District	No. 12 District	Total Strength
Commissioner	1																	1
Chief Inspector, C.I.B.		1																1
Staff Inspectors	3																	3
Accountant	1																	1
Inspectors, C.I.B.		5																5
Chief Insp., L.C.I.B.			1															1
Inspectors, L.C.I.B.			1															1
Inspector i/c M.C.P.				1														1
District Inspectors					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
Area Insp., M.C.P.				3														3
Sergeants					1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	14
Provincial Constables	2				16	15	7	10	19	14	10	13	15	21	13	19		174
Provincial Constables N.M.C.P.												2			3	3		8
Provincial Constables M.C.P.				79														79
Special Constables (Permanent)			1			1			1	1	1	5	1	1				12
Special Constables (Temporary)							1									1		2
Totals	7	6	3	83	18	18	10	12	22	17	15	20	19	28	19	21		318
Insp. of Automobiles					1													1
Chauffeurs and Mechanics					11	2	1	1	1		2	1	1	2	1	1	1	25
Clerks, etc.	8	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	25
Grand Totals	15	7	4	86	12	21	20	12	14	23	20	17	22	22	30	21	23	369
Automobiles					13	3	5	2	6	6	4	2	1	4	5	3	2	56
Motor Cycles												2		3	3			8

For purposes of administration the Province is divided into twelve Districts numbered consecutively one to twelve with headquarters as follows:

No. 1 District, Windsor	No. 7 District, Barrie
No. 2 District, London	No. 8 District, Belleville
No. 3 District, Hamilton	No. 9 District, Ottawa
No. 4 District, Niagara Falls	No. 10 District, Haileybury
No. 5 District, Toronto	No. 11 District, Sudbury
No. 6 District, Kitchener	No. 12 District, Port Arthur

LOCATION OF OFFICERS

Location	Officers	Sergeants	Prov. Constables	Prov. Constables M.C.P.	Spec. Cons. (Perm.)	Spec. Cons. (Temp.)	Chauffeurs and Mechanics	Cars or Motor cycles
Headquarters: Toronto.....	14	.....	2	1	1	.....	11	13
No. 1 District:								
Windsor.....	1	1	11	1	.....	.....	2	3
Amherstburg.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Leamington.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belle River.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Essex.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Maidstone.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kingsville.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
No. 2 District:								
London.....	2	1	4	1	.....	.....	1	2
Chatham.....	2	1	1	.....	.....	1
Tilbury.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarnia.....	3	1	.....	.....	.....	1
St. Thomas.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Woodstock.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. George.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brantford.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Simcoe.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Ingersoll.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Melbourne.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dresden.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lambeth.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Blenheim.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Paris.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Tillsonburg.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shedden.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wardsville.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
No. 3 District:								
Hamilton.....	1	1	6	.....	.....	1	1	2
Milton.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Palermo.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Waterdown.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dundas.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hamilton Beach	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oakville.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burlington.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
No. 4 District:								
Niagara Falls...	1	1	3	.....	.....	.....	1	2
Ridgeway.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Fort Erie.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Welland.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Dunville.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
St. Catharines...	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Grimsby.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Beamsville.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Caledonia.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Davids.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stoney Creek...	1	.....	.....	.....	.....

LOCATION OF OFFICERS—Continued

Location	Officers	Sergeants	Prov. Constables	Prov. Constables M.C.P.	Spec. Cons. (Perm.)	Spec. Cons. (Temp.)	Chauffeurs and Mechanics	Cars or Motor cycles
No. 5 District:								
Toronto.....	2	1	16		2			5
Brampton.....			1	1				1
Cooksville.....			1	1				
Oshawa.....			1					
Cannington.....			1					
Pickering.....				1				
Thornhill.....				1				
Mimico.....				1				
Whitby.....				1				
Scarboro.....				1				
Highland Creek.....				1				
Richmond Hill.....				1				
Islington.....				2				
Port Credit.....				1				
No. 6 District:								
Kitchener.....	1	1	5	1			2	2
Walkerton.....			1	1				
Warton.....			1					
Goderich.....			1					
Stratford.....			1	1	1			1
Palmerston.....			1					
Guelph.....			1					
Puslinch.....				1				
Rockwood.....				1				
Meaford.....			1					
Owen Sound.....			2	1				1
Mitchell.....				1				
Durham.....				1				
Arthur.....				1				
No. 7 District:								
Barrie.....	1	1	2	1			1	1
Alliston.....			1					
Midland.....			1		1			
Orillia.....			1	1				
Wasaga Beach.....			1					
Collingwood.....			1					
Orangeville.....			1					
Bracebridge.....			1					
Huntsville (N.M.C.P.).....			1					1
Gravenhurst (N.M.C.P.).....			1					1
Parry Sound.....			1					
Burks Falls.....			1					1
Bradford.....				1				
No. 8 District:								
Belleville.....	1	1	3	2			1	1
Bancroft.....			1					
Madoc.....					1			
Marmora.....					1			
Picton.....			1					
Lindsay.....			1	1				
Haliburton.....			1					
Peterborough.....			1	1	1			
Cobourg.....			1					
Brighton.....			1					
Bowmanville.....			1	1				
Napanee.....			1	1				
Enterprise.....					1			
Colborne.....				1				

LOCATION OF OFFICERS—Continued

Location	Officers	Sergeants	Prov. Con. stables	Prov. Con- stables M.C.P.	Spec. Cons. (Perm.)	Spec. Cons. (Temp.)	Chauf- feurs and Mech- anics	Cars or Motor cycles
Port Hope.....				1				
Kingston.....			1	1				
Sharbot Lake..					1			
No. 9 District:								
Ottawa.....	1	1	2	1			1	1
Rockland.....			1	1				
Cornwall.....		1	2	1			1	1
Morrisburg.....			1	1				
Renfrew.....			1					
Pembroke.....			1					
Smith's Falls..				1				
Perth.....			1					
Brockville.....	1		1	1				2
Gananoque.....			1					
Prescott.....			1	1				
Hawkesbury....			1	1				
L'Original.....					1			
Lancaster.....			1					
Alexandria.....			1					
Arnprior.....				1				
Kemptville.....				1				
No. 10 District:								
Haileybury.....	1	1	2				1	2
Haileybury (N.M.C.P.)....			1					1
Cobalt.....			1					
Ansonville.....			1					
Matheson (N.M.C.P.)....			1					1
Elk Lake.....			1					
Timmins.....			2					
Kirkland Lake..			3					1
Gowganda.....			1					
Kapuskasing....			2					
Englehart.....			1					
North Bay.....			1		1			1
North Bay (N.M.C.P.)....			1					1
Sturgeon Falls..			1					
Mattawa.....			1					
Temagami.....			1					
Cochrane.....		1	2					1
Hearst.....			1					
Fraserdale.....			1					
No. 11 District:								
Sudbury.....	1	1	3				1	1
Sudbury (N.M.C.P.)....			1					1
Warren (N.M.C.P.)....			1					1
Foleyet.....			1					
Capreol.....			1					
Little Current..			1					1
Espanola.....						1		
Sault Ste. Marie			2					1
Sault Ste. Marie (N.M.C.P.)....			1					1
Blind River.....			1					
Chapleau.....			1					
Hornepayne.....			1					
Bruce Mines....			1					
Gogama.....			1					

LOCATION OF OFFICERS—Continued

Location	Officers	Sergeants	Prov. Con- stables	Prov. Con- stables M.C.P.	Spec. Cons. (Perm.)	Spec. Cons. (Temp.)	Chauf- feurs	Cars or Motor cycles
No. 12 District:								
Port Arthur	1	1	4	.....	.....	.....	1	2
Fort William	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nipigon	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nakina	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kenora	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sioux Lookout	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dryden	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minaki	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fort Frances	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rainy River	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gold Pines	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

CHANGE IN PERSONNEL

The following retirements from the Force became effective during the year 1932-33:

	Re- signed	Per- mitted to Resign	Dis- missed	Super- annuated	Died	Struck off Strength	Total
Assistant Commissioner . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Inspectors, L.C.I.B. . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
District Inspectors . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sergeants . . . . .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Provincial Constables . . . . .	.....	8	1	.....	2	.....	11
Provincial Constables M.C.P.	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	2
Provincial Special Constables . . . . .	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	2
Total	1	9	2	1	2	1	16

The strength of the Force as of October 31st, 1933, stood at 369 all ranks. Sixteen members of the Force and two of the administrative staff were struck off strength during the year and no new appointments made.

TRANSFERS, ETC.

In keeping with the policy of the Force in maintaining its efficiency a number of transfers of members of the Force have been made from one part of the Province to another. There have also been transfers to fill vacancies caused by deaths, resignations, etc., but in the interest of economy these transfers have been kept as low as possible.

CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE

The conduct and discipline of all ranks has with few exceptions been excellent, and a very high standard has been maintained. The members of the Force have shown a commendable spirit of loyalty and efficiency, and the Inspectors in charge of Districts express appreciation of the manner in which the men under them have performed their duties.

Many letters of commendation have been received by me from members of the Government, private citizens, Police Departments, Crown Attorneys, Children's Welfare Societies in the Province, and many individuals and organizations in the United States, speaking in the highest terms of the work done and services rendered by all branches of the Force.

THE HEALTH OF THE FORCE

The general health of the Force has been good. A small percentage has been off duty for varying periods from colds, influenza, etc., contracted by exposure to the severe weather. There has been a larger number off duty suffering from injuries received in the execution of their duties, mostly in connection with unemployed disturbances and strikes. The duties of the Motorcycle Patrol are more hazardous than the work of the constables attached to the district detachments, and I regret to say that again a number of them have been incapacitated from duty owing to serious injuries received whilst in the execution of their duties.

DEATHS

I regret to have to record during the year the deaths of the following members of the Force:

Provincial Constable John McKee, No. 12 District Headquarters, Port Arthur, who died suddenly from heart failure on June 11th, 1933.

The late Provincial Constable had been in his usual good health and worked with his fellow officers during the night of the 10th-11th June. At 1 p.m. on the 11th his District Inspector spoke to him over the telephone regarding his duties and it was a great shock for him to be notified a few hours later that he had succumbed to a sudden heart attack. He was considered an exceptionally able Constable who had gained and held the respect of his superior officers and the public with whom he came in contact. His death was a distinct loss to the Force.

Provincial Constable Dorema Campeau, Sturgeon Falls Detachment, No. 10 District, died at the Lockwood Clinic, Bloor Street, Toronto, on October 28th, 1933, after an operation for appendicitis.

Provincial Constable Campeau was an officer of the type who makes many friends and few enemies. All his work since joining the Force had been done in Northern Ontario, where his fellow officers held him in the highest esteem. He had a first-class record and, being of French-Canadian extraction, his bilingual ability made him a very valuable man. His death was a great loss to the Force.

GENERAL

The total number of cases prosecuted by members of the Force under all Acts and Statutes during the year was 19,540, a decrease of 2,541 over 1931-32.

There has been a slight increase in some of the more serious crimes against property, such as robbery with violence, breaking and entering, and theft, whilst serious crimes against the person, such as rape and attempts, incest, indecent assault, etc., are practically equal to 1931-32.

Prosecutions under the Criminal Code and all other Statutes (exclusive of The Highway Traffic Act and The Liquor Control Act) numbered 6,181, a decrease of 441 over 1931-32.

Prosecutions under The Liquor Control Act number 2,996, a decrease of 1,278 over 1931-32.

Prosecutions under The Highway Traffic Act numbered 10,363, a decrease of 822 over 1931-32.

A classified return of all prosecutions, convictions, dismissals, etc., will be found on pages 34-38.

In comparing the work accomplished by members of the Force with that for the preceding year, I find conditions generally satisfactory.

In all prosecutions instituted by members of this Force, the utmost assistance has been given by Crown Attorneys and Police Magistrates, and I find that the general good feeling between the members of the Force and the law officers they come in contact with has been well maintained.

The number of investigations made by members of the Force in matters of every conceivable description was 31,005.

These cover a great range, and in addition to complaints of infractions of the Criminal Code, Liquor Control Act, and other Statutes, include requests to locate missing persons for private individuals and other Police Forces, foreign consuls, and municipal authorities in Great Britain and Ireland, many European countries and the United States.

The members of the Force have efficiently dealt with all matters brought to their notice in their respective districts, and it is gratifying to report that with very few exceptions the numerous problems in connection with law enforcement have been dealt with in such a way as to leave very little to be desired.

The value of the work done by the members of the Force on detachment cannot be measured by the statistical records. Especially is this so in Northern Ontario, where Provincial Constables are called upon for unimaginable purposes, and where they are expected to be the guide, counsellor and friend of settlers, trappers, prospectors, Indians, etc. As a case in point I quote here, briefly, extract from a report submitted by a Provincial Constable doing duty in Port Arthur District:

"On Saturday I was informed that several Indians were very sick and in need of medical attention across the river at Dog Lake. I at once proceeded to make a visit to all the shacks on the Island and found some of the Indians in very bad physical condition. Two squaws had just been confined and were especially in need of medical attention, they had not received the proper care at childbirth and the babies were suffering from a skin disease.

"I came back and wired the Indian Agent to send a doctor in as soon as possible. In the meantime I succeeded in getting two nurses up by freight train, whom I met and took to the island by dog team. They rendered first aid to the squaws and babies and no doubt saved one woman's life as peritonitis had set in and she would have hardly lasted until the doctor's arrival. The doctors did not arrive until the 30th, when two came in by aeroplane,

which I also met, and took the doctors by dog team to where the sick Indians were.

“The doctors treated the following patients:

Indian woman	for	childbirth.
“	“	“
“	“	“
Two babies	for	skin disease and club feet.
1st Indian	“	paralysis from hips down.
2nd	“	leg and ankle disease.
3rd	“	pneumonia and tuberculosis.
4th	“	stomach 'flu.
5th	“	heart trouble, etc.

“In addition a number of young children who were sick with colds and bronchities were supplied with medicine.”

This is just one instance of work performed that does not come under the regular category of Police duties but yet is being done continually by detachments of this Force in Northern Ontario.

The work of the Inspectors in charge of the various districts and their staffs, also of investigation branches, has been most creditably carried out and will be found in greater detail in the reports submitted to my office by the officers in charge.

INSPECTIONS

I have visited and inspected District Headquarters and detachments in many parts of the Province and the Staff Inspectors attached to my office have made continuous visits to all District Headquarters and detachments throughout the year conferring with all ranks on matters pertaining to their duties and in addition cementing the close co-operation now existing between the members of this Force, other Police Forces and the public.

VICE-REGAL TOUR OF SOUTHERN AND WESTERN ONTARIO

His Excellency, the Governor-General, and the Countess of Bessborough, accompanied by their Suite, made an official tour of Southern and Western Ontario during the month of October, 1933.

In the course of the tour the following were among the places visited: Guelph, Kitchener, Stratford, Goderich, Sarnia, Windsor, Chatham, St. Thomas, Aylmer, Simcoe, Dunnville, Port Colborne, Fort Erie, Niagara Falls, St. Catharines, Hamilton, Paris, London, Woodstock, Galt, Gravenhurst, Orillia, Barrie, Aurora and Perth. Only a short stop was made at Toronto.

At all points visited members of this Force actively assisted the local Forces in making suitable arrangements for the safety and convenience of the Vice-Regal party. One of my Staff Inspectors was attached to the party for the period of the tour, at the conclusion of which Their Excellencies were pleased to comment most favourably on the efficiency of the police arrangements.

OFFENSIVE WEAPON PERMITS

By virtue of amendments passed by the Parliament of Canada at the 1933 session, sections of the Criminal Code of Canada dealing with offensive weapons were drastically changed and the system of issuing permits for pistols, revolvers, and other concealable weapons was altered and to some extent centralized.

The amendments restricted the power to issue permits to the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and to persons authorized by the Attorney-General of each Province.

On July 15th, 1933, you appointed me as the person to issue the permits authorized by the Criminal Code.

A standard form of application has been drafted which has to be completed by all applicants for permits and a system of records established. The individual applications are checked by the Staff Inspector assigned to this duty and when he is satisfied that the application is a proper one he submits same to me for approval. Upon approval the permits are completed and are signed by me, also in the issuing of permits, i.e., checking, recording, filing, etc., the Staff Inspector so employed has to devote the whole of his time.

During the period July 15th, 1933, to October 31st, 1933, a total of 4,546 revolver or pistol permits (Form 76) were issued, as were also 135 alien weapon permits (Form 76B—Rifles and Shotguns). Of the revolver permits approximately 4,000 of all issued were to employees of banks, financial houses, and members of authorized shooting clubs.

Many requests for information regarding the new law were received and in answering same an endeavour was made to make known to the public the requirements governing offensive weapons. To give you some idea of the clerical work involved there were written in one month 480 letters in regard to weapon permits.

COUNTY CONSTABULARIES

Members of this Force are now performing the duties of Acting High Constables in each of the following counties:

Essex	Halton	Waterloo	Prince Edward
Brant	Lincoln	Bruce	Victoria and Haliburton
Oxford	Welland	Grey	Peterborough
Norfolk	Haldimand	Wellington	Northumberland and Durham
Elgin	Ontario	Perth	Lennox and Addington
Kent	Peel	Simcoe	Frontenac
Lambton	Stormont	Renfrew	Grenville
Hastings	Dundas	Leeds	Prescott and Russell
Glengarry	Huron	Dufferin	Middlesex

Twenty-seven offices for High Constables have been equipped and are being maintained by us; nine High Constables are using offices equipped and maintained by counties; two are using offices equipped by counties and maintained by us and three High Constables in counties very quiet from a law enforcement standpoint are operating from their homes.

In the Counties of York, Wentworth, Lanark, and Carleton, salaried High Constables are still employed by the county authorities but in one of these the question of adopting the new system is under consideration.

The work of the Acting High Constables and County Constables working under their direction has been supervised by a Staff Inspector from this Headquarters, such supervision being of great benefit.

Many counties have revised their lists of County Constables but there is still room for improvement in this phase of the work.

INDUSTRIAL UNREST AND COMMUNISTIC DISTURBANCES

The unemployed situation shows little, if any, improvement. Strikes have taken place in industrial centres, in relief camps, where work of a public nature was in progress as a relief measure, also in many lumber camps in Northern Ontario.

As most of these strikes occurred in localities where there was inadequate, or no police protection, the resources of this Department were put to an exceptional strain to provide the necessary protection for life and property.

On more than one occasion, whilst the strikes were in progress, the police came into actual physical contact with the strikers and personal injuries were caused to both police and strikers. Fortunately none of the injuries were of a serious nature.

Considering that the police were subject to much verbal abuse and assaults from stones and other missiles, I cannot speak too highly of their conduct under very trying conditions.

Sioux Lookout

In the latter part of November, 1932, a serious situation developed at Sioux Lookout where about two hundred transients, who had been put off trains by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and Railway Police, congregated on the outskirts of the Town. Endeavours were made to have these men proceed to camps where work would be found on the Trans-Canada Highway, but they refused.

These transients, who were housed, fed, and clothed at the expense of the Government of this Province, openly expressed their intentions of refusing any conditions offered, with the exception of transportation being provided to wherever they wanted to go.

This procedure was a deliberate plan exercised by the agents and delegates of the Industrial Workers of the World, and Workers' Unity League, and culminated in a march *en masse* on the Town of Sioux Lookout. As a result of this disorder, warrants were issued for the arrest of the leaders. Some serious opposition was encountered in making the arrests, one transient swinging a double-bitted axe and injuring three Provincial Constables. Reinforcements of Provincial Constables and Royal Canadian Mounted Police were sent to the scene and eventually all ringleaders, and those who had assaulted the police were taken into custody.

After the leaders had been arrested the trouble subsided and the men were transferred to the various work camps.

At one period the disturbance assumed very serious proportions and it was only due to the steadiness and courage of all ranks of No. 12 District, assisted

by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, that some lives of both malcontents and police were not lost.

Long Branch

Early in September a number of men employed at the Dominion Government Relief Camp, Long Branch, went on strike demanding the prevailing rate of pay for the class of work they were employed at.

Their demands were refused and as a result a general strike of all workers in the camp took place.

The strikers refused to work or leave the camp and the District Officer Commanding Military District No. 2 appealed for police protection.

A detail consisting of Chief Inspector, Staff Inspector, one District Inspector, and twenty-five other ranks, with one Sergeant and twelve Constables from the Toronto Police Force, was sent to reinforce the Royal Canadian Mounted Police who were in charge of the situation. The strike continued until September 23rd when the military authorities paid off all the men and issued orders for the camp to be closed.

When the strikers found that the camp was to be definitely closed they realized they had been duped and would have been satisfied to continue under original conditions.

This camp consisted of about seven hundred unemployed single men who had, in return for a moderate day's work, been supplied with good food, comfortable quarters, and a certain amount of clothing and pocket money, but who, unfortunately, permitted themselves to become dupes of paid agitators.

There was no disorder or damage to property during the time the strike was in progress.

Stratford

On September 15th, 1933, a number of furniture workers at Stratford, Ontario, came out on strike owing to alleged grievances with the factory owners. This strike was also organized by paid agitators and eventually spread until it affected every furniture factory in the City in addition to a cold-storage industry.

Owing to some early disturbances amongst the strikers, and to the fact that the local police were unable to control the situation, the Police Commissioners of Stratford made a request to this Department for assistance.

One Staff Inspector, two Sergeants, and thirty-four Provincial Constables were detailed to reinforce the local police.

The strike continued with considerable bitterness between the workers and factory officials until the first week in November when an amicable agreement was arrived at and all the strikers returned to work.

There were a number of clashes between the police and strikers during the period the strike was in progress and minor personal injuries were caused to both a number of the strikers and the police, but nothing of a serious nature.

RELIEF CAMP PATROLS

The large number of camps operated by the Department of Northern Development in the construction of the Trans-Canada Highway called for special attention during the year. It is expected that the section of the highway west of Fort William will be open for traffic during the summer of 1934. This will necessitate the opening of new detachments along the route.

Thunder Bay District

In this District there are sixteen camps with approximately one hundred and ten men in each camp. A large number of these men are Canadian born. Consequently there has been very little trouble. This section has been patrolled by two Provincial Constables from Nipigon.

Between Fort William and English River there are eighteen camps operating, with an average of one hundred and ten in each camp. There has been more trouble in this section caused principally by the activity of radical agitators who never cease trying to spread their propoganda. This section has been patrolled by Provincial Constables stationed at Raith and Fort William.

Kenora District

There are eight camps operating in this District with approximately one hundred men in each.

In this section a great majority of the men employed are foreign born, Slovaks, Poles, Russians, Ukrainians, and Finns having been shipped or beat their way from Winnipeg.

Radical agitators have been very active in this section in an endeavour to cause strikes and stir up general dissatisfaction.

This section has been patrolled by a Provincial Constable from Ignace.

Between Ignace and Dymont eight camps are in operation with approximately one hundred and ten men in each. In this section also the majority of the men are foreign born, and the same trouble has been experienced from radical agitators.

This section is patrolled by a Provincial Constable from Kenora and Ignace.

Between Vermilion Bay and Kenora sixteen camps are in operation with approximately one hundred men in each. In this section everything has been comparatively quiet.

Nipissing District

In this District between North Bay and Mattawa there are nine camps with approximately one hundred men in each camp. These camps have been patrolled by the Provincial Constables from North Bay and Mattawa. Conditions in these camps have been exceptionally good, they having been free from trouble of any kind.

Air Base Relief Camps

Between Nakina and Quibell there are nine camps operating under the Dominion authorities in connection with the marginally named subject, with approximately one hundred men in each camp.

The same conditions exist here as in the Trans-Canada camps, but to a lesser degree, very little trouble has been reported.

These camps have been patrolled by Provincial Constables from Nakina, Sioux Lookout and Dryden.

The Lac Seul Project

There are fifteen camps being operated by the Department of National Defence in connection with the marginally named project, each camp being occupied by one hundred and twenty-five men. These men were recruited in

Winnipeg, a great number of them are foreign, and there has been trouble here with Communist agitators.

These camps are patrolled by the detachment from Hudson and as new camps are opened up it will be found necessary to increase the number of Provincial Constables on this patrol.

A close check has been kept on the camps to keep out agitators, bootleggers, etc. On the whole the influence of those intent on spreading Communism has been felt to some degree, especially amongst the foreign born, but in most instances it was found that when the leader of men who had caused a disturbance or refused to work was removed, the remainder would return to work.

There has been excellent co-operation between the members of this Force, the District Engineers and camp officials, and the fact that no really serious trouble has occurred is a tribute to both the police and the officials of the different projects.

It speaks volumes for the law-abiding spirit of the occupants of these camps when it is realized that not one major crime was reported from any camp during the year.

CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION BRANCH

This branch has had an exceptionally busy year and much excellent work has been done. The Inspectors have been continuously engaged on investigations into the more serious crimes including murder, arson, rape, robbery with violence, etc., and with few exceptions these crimes have all been satisfactorily cleared up. Many important inter-departmental investigations have been made. These include enquiries for the Provincial Treasurer's Department, the Provincial Secretary's Department, the Department of Education, and especially the Department of Public Welfare regarding abuses arising from the administration of relief.

A number of prisoners wanted for various crimes in this Province were brought back from points in the United States by Inspectors of the Criminal Investigation Branch under warrants of extradition.

During the racing season, officers were present at all the tracks in the Province during the time racing was being carried on, and were responsible for the prosecution of a number of "bookmakers" and other undesirable race track frequenters.

The Criminal Investigation Branch has worked in the closest co-operation with the officials of the Ontario Securities Commission and many important assignments have been handled with good results.

ATTEMPTED EXTORTION BY THREATS

James and Leonard Franceschini, Mimico

During the month of December, 1932, a series of threatening letters were received by James and Leonard Franceschini, prominent business men residing at Mimico.

The letters were written in the Italian language, skilfully worded and typed, demanding that \$80,000 be sent by the Franceschini brothers to an address in Hamilton.

Investigations made at a street number in Hamilton by Inspectors of the Criminal Investigation Branch, assisted by an Italian police officer loaned

by the City of Toronto, disclosed that Torossi had a room there and that at the time the letters were received by the Franceschini brothers Torossi also claimed to have received letters directing that he receive \$80,000 from the Franceschini brothers to be distributed as directed. All the letters, purporting to be from an Italian Secret Society, contained threats and menaces to life.

Torossi eventually admitted that he was the author of the whole plot and that he had drafted the contents of the letters, had then forwarded the drafts to his sister in Italy who typed them and sent them back to him in Hamilton, from which point the letters were mailed by Torossi to the Franceschini brothers at Mimico.

Investigations further disclosed that Torossi had lived in Detroit, Michigan, during the years 1926, 1927, and 1930, and had boasted how easy it was to make a living without working.

Torossi was born in Italy in May, 1898, and came to the United States in 1923 and lived in Hamilton and Windsor and various places in the United States until 1928, in which year he obtained Canadian naturalization certificate by making a false declaration at Sandwich, Ontario.

Torossi was charged under Section 451 of the Criminal Code and pleaded guilty before Magistrate Burbidge at Hamilton and sentenced to six years in Kingston Penitentiary.

G. W. Ecclestone, Bracebridge

On June 17th, 1933, G. W. Ecclestone, Esq., of Bracebridge, received a letter through the mail purporting to have been sent by a Blackhand Society, demanding \$5,000 in cash be placed at a certain location, or suffer death. Provincial Constable L. S. Hardwick, within a few days after the case was reported to him, placed a seventeen-year-old boy named Mervin MacDonald, of Draper Township, under arrest after he confessed to the crime, and on June 30th, 1933, the prisoner came before District Judge A. Mahaffy at Bracebridge and received a sentence of two years less a day, Ontario Reformatory.

Mrs. Cleveland Dodge, Wild Goose Island

On July 11th, 1933, Mrs. Cleveland Dodge, wife of a New York man, resident at their summer home on an island located on the St. Lawrence River, Leeds County, was the recipient of a threatening letter through the mail demanding \$1,000 be deposited on an adjacent island. The document had been posted the previous day at Waterdown, N.Y. The United States authorities were communicated with and they in turn notified the Provincial Police Headquarters at Ottawa. A Criminal Investigation Branch Inspector was assigned and in due course one Gordon J. Dignem, aged nineteen, a resident of Wolfe Island, was suspected, and on August 5th, 1933, he was arrested in Clayton, N.Y., by New York State Troopers on a warrant charging attempted extortion. Dignem confessed to writing the threatening letter and was held in custody as the offence was perpetrated in the United States of America. The accused was therefore tried within this jurisdiction. On October 28th, 1933, the accused was tried, found guilty, and sentenced to the Elmira Reformatory for an indefinite period.

BANK ROBBERIES

The majority of the bank robberies here recorded were the work of a gang led by an American crook who was known here as John Carson, but who operated

under numerous aliases as his finger-print record, which is herewith appended, shows:

- | | |
|----------|--|
| May | 13th, 1912—Eau Claire County, Wis., U.S.A., convicted of burglary, 3 years, as Wm. Ridley. |
| November | 8th, 1915—Ottawa, Ontario, shopbreaking, 4 years, St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, as James Murrey. |
| February | 13th, 1920—Toledo, Ohio, convicted as Geo. Woods. |
| April | 21st, 1925—Decatur, Ill., no disposition, as Thomas Mullins. |
| May | 7th, 1926—Madison, Wis., shopbreaking and theft from U.S. Post Office, 9 years, 9 months, Leavenworth Penitentiary, Kansas, as Wm. Ridley. |

Every member of his gang is now either serving a sentence or awaiting trial, and some exceptionally good work was done by the Criminal Investigation Branch in bringing those guilty to justice.

Bank of Montreal, Thorndale

On November 10th, 1932, Silvester J. Pocock, aged 41 years, married, resident of St. Marys, about 1 p.m., held up the bank staff and a customer at the point of a revolver and escaped with \$725 of the bank's funds in an automobile. The Bank Manager, customer and Village residents armed themselves and took up the chase. The bandit's automobile stalled, forcing him to flee on foot, seeing capture evident he stopped and shot himself with the revolver he still carried. By the time the posse arrived at the scene, life was extinct. The body was later identified and turned over to relatives for burial. These citizens are to be commended for their promptness and courage.

Royal Bank, Mountain Top, Hamilton

On November 22nd, 1932, the Royal Bank, known as Mountain Top Branch, Hamilton, was held up by two young men armed with a revolver and a shotgun. The bandits forced the two bank employees present to go into the vault. About \$2,500 in bank funds were stolen and the bandits escaped in a stolen Hamilton automobile. Our District Headquarter's Staff, Hamilton, and the Criminal Investigation Branch, General Headquarters, co-operating with the Hamilton police authorities, discovered the identity of the culprits, and in March, 1933, David Oberman was arrested in New York State and later extradited and turned over to the Hamilton police.

Stanley Lawrence was arrested later in Windsor and returned to Hamilton, and on March 31st, 1933, he was arraigned before Police Magistrate Burbidge charged with Section 446 of the Criminal Code. He pleaded guilty and elected summary trial. He was convicted and sentenced to serve seven years in the penitentiary. The other bandit, named Marion (Cal) Fauria, was traced and arrested in Jacksonville, Florida, and was extradited and returned to Ontario by Criminal Investigation Branch and Toronto police. On October 4th, 1933, he was tried for this offence, was convicted and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment with fifteen lashes.

Bank of Commerce, Flesherton

On November 23rd, 1932, the Canadian Bank of Commerce Branch at Flesherton was held up by two armed, masked men, who escaped with \$6,356

in bank funds in an automobile. An investigation led to the arrest of John O'Brien and John M. Burlie, both of Toronto, after their photographs were identified by three of the bank staff. On November 28th, 1932, the prisoners were charged under Section 446 of the Criminal Code at Owen Sound and arraigned before Magistrate Spereman on December 3rd, 1932, and they were remanded until the 17th of December. Before this remand elapsed the prisoners were conveyed into the City of Toronto jurisdiction on a nominal charge, and on January 4th, 1933, they appeared before a Toronto Magistrate, elected summary trial and entered a plea of not guilty. After the evidence was heard the Crown withdrew all charges owing to a most convincing alibi being established.

Bank of Commerce, Markham

On January 31st, 1933, two armed men held up the staff of the above-named bank and a customer, who entered whilst the robbery was in progress, and escaped in an automobile with some \$2,864 in bank funds. An Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch was assigned to the investigation. The following day a stolen Toronto automobile was found abandoned in Aurora. On February 4th, 1933, the Toronto Detective Department received information concerning the suspicious actions of an occupant in an apartment house on Thomas Street, Toronto. A visit from this Department revealed a man named Frank West, aged 36, was the occupant. A search discovered a parcel containing \$1,055 in bank bills, also a nickel-plated .38 calibre revolver which was later identified as the property of the Markham Bank. Frank West was charged with robbery whilst armed and after he was formally arraigned before Police Magistrate Keith he admitted that he was one of the hold-up men and that the money recovered was stolen funds from the bank; that Elroy Hunt was the other man who was wanted for this job. A warrant was obtained for Elroy Hunt's arrest, and on February 10th, 1933, his description was circularized. Information received by the Criminal Investigation Branch led to the arrest by the Chicago, Illinois, Detective Department, of Hunt, on February 17th, 1933, and he was conveyed back to Canadian jurisdiction. On March 7th, 1933, Frank West was convicted and sentenced to serve five years in prison. Elroy Hunt, on March 13th, 1933, was convicted and sentenced to a similar term. These results were brought about by the splendid co-operation of the different police departments and officers mentioned, and denotes the efficiency of modern police methods of to-day.

Bank of Commerce, Ilderton

On March 29th, 1933, the staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce Branch at Ilderton was held up by two armed men who seriously wounded the Manager and injured his assistant by shooting them. Several shots were exchanged between the bandits and the bank staff. The bandits were described as in their early twenties, and the automobile, which they used to escape in, was stolen from London that morning and found abandoned the following day. An Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch was assigned and carried out an exhaustive investigation but to date the two guilty men are still at large. The bandits were not successful in getting possession of any of the bank's funds, no doubt due to the able and courageous defence put up by the bank staff.

Bank of Montreal, Bronte

On April 21st, 1933, the Bank of Montreal Branch staff at Bronte was held up by two bandits armed with sawed-off shotguns and forced into the bank vault,

where they were held by one of the bandits whilst the other took possession of all available cash amounting to about \$1,600, also a .32 calibre revolver, the property of the bank, and escaped in an automobile which had been left parked with a third man at the wheel. The officers of No. 3 District Headquarters, Hamilton, were quickly on the scene, assisted by Inspectors of the Criminal Investigation Branch. An abandoned automobile was found in a bush near Clarkson, also two sawed-off shotguns were recovered from a creek in this immediate vicinity. It was later verified the auto and guns had been used in the hold up. On August 2nd, 1933, members of this Force arrested Harold Cunningham and William Barlow for violations of The Liquor Control Act and theft of auto (one used in bank hold up). The Crown was unable to prove identification and the Court dismissed the charge. John Carson was later arrested by the Toronto and Provincial Police on a vagrancy charge. In a line up this man was identified by some Bronte residents as one of the bandits. Harold Cunningham was again arrested in Toronto and charged with armed robbery. The identification by the bank staff and others was complete. He was also definitely identified by witnesses with the hold up of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, Westdale, and is committed for trial on this charge. Action is pending against Carson and Cunningham regarding the Bronte case.

Royal Bank, Mimico

On June 16th, 1933, two armed men held up the Royal Bank of Canada Branch at Mimico, forcing the bank staff present and two customers into the vault, escaping with about \$3,500 of the bank's funds in an automobile driven by a confederate. An Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch was assigned to the investigation and has met with considerable success, Edward Wells and John Carson being both positively identified as taking part in the robbery. Action is pending.

Bank of Commerce, Westdale

On August 2nd, 1933, the Westdale Branch staff of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, City of Hamilton, was held up by two men armed with revolvers and a third armed with a sawed-off shotgun, a fourth man remained at the wheel of an automobile outside. The sum of \$2,000 in bank funds was stolen from the Teller's cage and the bandits escaped in their automobile towards Toronto. No. 3 District Headquarters, Hamilton, assisted the Hamilton City Police in a preliminary enquiry, later an Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch was assigned and Harold Cunningham and John Carson were arrested and charged with this crime and are now awaiting trial. The other two men, Edward Wells and Willis Pelly, were convicted and sentenced to five years with lashes.

Royal Bank, Orangeville

On August 29th, 1933, the Orangeville Royal Bank staff were held up by two young men armed with a double-barrelled shotgun and a revolver, forced the bank staff into the vault and escaped with about \$3,480 of the bank's funds in a stolen automobile, driving south on No. 10 Highway. Inspectors of the Criminal Investigation Branch were despatched to the scene and a thorough investigation was commenced. The stolen automobile used by the bandits was found abandoned. Later Edward Wells, Willis Pelly and Harold Cunningham were arrested. Action pending.

Imperial Bank, Preston

On October 4th, 1933, the Imperial Bank Branch staff at Preston was held up by two young men who were armed, and over \$2,037 in bank funds stolen. A third confederate remained outside in a stolen Toronto automobile. After the hold up the trio of robbers entered their car and drove away towards Hespeler. A few hours after this crime Edward Wells and Willis Pelly were arrested in an apartment in Toronto by an Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch accompanied by officers from the Toronto Detective Department and the stolen funds were found in the possession of the two men. On October 24th, 1933, the prisoners appeared before His Honour Judge Clement in County Judge's Criminal Court and elected trial before this Court and pleaded not guilty. Both were found guilty and sentenced, Pelly to five years and Edward Wells to ten years in Kingston Penitentiary. The cleaning up of this case can be credited to the splendid co-operation of the different police bodies taking part.

Bank of Commerce, Wellington

On October 11th, 1933, the Canadian Bank of Commerce Branch at Wellington was entered by two young men armed with sawed-off shotguns and the Teller was assaulted and tied up and forced to remain in the cellar of the bank building. The Bank Manager, on his arrival at the bank, was threatened by one of the bandits, and when he showed fight, instead of complying with the bandits demands to open the vault, he was viciously assaulted, receiving injuries to his head from the weapon in the hands of the thug. However, the resistance of the Manager so upset the bandits that they ran from the bank, escaping in their parked automobile which had been stolen by them in Toronto the day previous. The police, assisted by local residents, located the abandoned automobile some ten miles distant in a farmer's woods. A few hours later the two culprits were discovered some two miles distant from the recovered automobile and placed under arrest. On October 12th, 1933, the two prisoners, named Percy Garret, of Calgary, Alberta, and Miles Pettit, of Toronto, stood trial before Police Magistrate Calnan, Picton Court, and were convicted on four different relative counts. Both were convicted and sentenced to serve five years, plus two years for carrying offensive weapons.

Supreme Cannery, Grimsby

On October 10th, 1933, two men took part in the hold up of Leslie Hill, bookkeeper, and Louis Game, chauffeur, on a street in Grimsby after they had received the pay roll, some \$4,373.43, from the Canadian Bank of Commerce on Main Street, Grimsby, and where, en route to the firm's office, one man armed with a revolver threatened the two custodians to hand over the cash or he would kill. The money was handed over at the demand and the thug jumped into his waiting automobile and with his confederate escaped, driving east on No. 8 Highway. The automobile used by the culprits was later found abandoned, traced and found to be a stolen automobile from Hamilton. Provincial Constables from St. Catharines detachment assisted the Chief Constable of Grimsby. This case is still unsolved but the investigation is proceeding.

Frank Cox and John Jones, extradited from Scotland

In the year 1932 a number of places of business were broken into in the Town of Merriton and a quantity of valuable goods stolen therefrom.

Investigation was made by the St. Catharines detachment assisted by an Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch and suspicion fell upon Frank Cox, an ex-Constable of St. Catharines and Merriton Police Forces, and his brother-in-law, John Jones, who lived with him.

Mrs. Cox returned to Scotland in September, 1932, and the two men kept house at St. Catharines. Jones was later deported to Scotland at his own request, and Cox later took passage for Scotland.

The investigation produced sufficient evidence to warrant their arrest and an application was made for their extradition from Scotland on charges of breaking, entering, and committing an indictable offence by night.

The application for extradition was successful and they were returned to Canada. On June 17th, 1933, an Inspector of the Criminal Investigation Branch and Provincial Constable from St. Catharines met the steamer at Halifax and escorted them to St. Catharines for trial.

On July 12th, 1933, both prisoners appeared before Police Magistrate Campbell at St. Catharines, pleaded guilty and were sentenced on the following charges:

Frank Leslie Cox:

- No. 1—Breaking, entering and theft, from store, Merritton, Section 460, Criminal Code, eight years' imprisonment.
- No. 2—Breaking, entering and theft, drug store, Merritton, Section 460, Criminal Code, eight years' imprisonment.
- No. 3—Breaking, entering and theft, office of Shawinigan Chemicals Ltd., Merritton, eight years' imprisonment.
- No. 4—Breaking, entering and theft, office of Hill and Sibbald, Ltd., Merritton, charge amended to theft, Section 386, Criminal Code, five years' imprisonment.
- No. 5—Breaking, entering and theft, residence in Grantham Township, Section 459, Criminal Code, six years' imprisonment.
- No. 6—Breaking, entering and theft, residence in St. Catharines, Section 459, Criminal Code, six years' imprisonment.
Sentences to run concurrently.

John Jones:

- No. 1—Breaking, entering and theft, store, Merritton, Section 460, Criminal Code, five years' imprisonment.
- No. 2—Breaking, entering and theft, office of Shawinigan Chemicals Co., Ltd., Merritton, Section 460, Criminal Code, five years' imprisonment.
- No. 3—Breaking, entering and theft, drug store, Merritton, Section 460, Criminal Code, five years' imprisonment.
- No. 4—Breaking, entering and theft, residence in Grantham Township, Section 459, Criminal Code, five years' imprisonment.
Sentences to run concurrently.

The Crown Attorney, addressing the Court, stated that there was no excuse for Cox, who, in the guise of an officer on police duty, entered places of business in the dead of night.

MURDERS

Harry Roth, Hamilton

On November 10th, 1932, information was received by our St. Catharines detachment to the effect that Harry Roth, 122 Jackson Street East, Hamilton, Ontario, was missing from his home.

Enquiries and investigations were at once conducted by members of this Force and a Criminal Investigation Branch Inspector was assigned to the case, with the result that the motor car in which Roth was travelling was found abandoned in a field near Burgoyne Woods, just off the Merrittville Highway, but no trace could be found of the missing man.

Roth was employed as a jewelry salesman and collection agent for the Franco-American Supply Company, Hamilton, and was considered by his employers to be a trustworthy man. His friends feared that owing to the fact he often carried large sums of money and jewelry he may have met with foul play.

On February 10th, 1932, about noon, a boy named Jack Poehlman, whilst skating on Lake Gibson, Grantham Township, discovered a body frozen in the ice. On examination it was found a sack had been placed over the head and tied around the neck, there was a cord on the right wrist and a rope on the left ankle, a piece of web strapping around his chest and considerable blood in the sack.

The body was identified by relatives as that of the missing man, Harry Roth. An autopsy was performed but no marks were found on the body. On March 23rd, 1933, a Coroner's jury returned a verdict that Harry Roth came to his death from strangulation caused by some person or persons unknown.

Endless clues and information have been investigated in this case but without a satisfactory conclusion and the mysterious and unfortunate death remains an open file awaiting further developments.

Peter Davis, Kingston

On December 18th, 1932, Peter Davis, caretaker at R.C.A. Barracks, Kingston, was mortally injured by Albert G. Hendrie when he attempted to prevent theft of money from the Canteen funds. The assailant used an iron pipe to beat the custodian into submission and later caused his death.

Provincial Constables Clubbe and Blucher, accompanied by Sergeant Lee, Smith's Falls Police, traced the murderer to a hotel in Smith's Falls where he was a registered guest. Thirty-six dollars and fifty cents was found in his possession, which Hendrie later admitted was part of the \$61.55 he had stolen. The accused was charged with murder and tried by Judge and jury. The jury, after deliberation, brought in a verdict of manslaughter and the accused was sentenced to life imprisonment.

Tony Piromelli and Frank Vena, Sault Ste. Marie

On January 6th, 1933, Tony Piromelli was shot and fatally wounded by a revolver bullet fired by Frank Vena when an altercation arose between these two men over the proceeds from a pool game. On the following date Frank Vena surrendered to the police authorities. Vena was then charged with his countryman's murder. The following April the accused man was tried by Judge and jury and the jury returned a verdict of not guilty. Within the following week Vena was shot and killed by a bullet fired from a revolver in the hands of Frank Piromelli, brother of Tony Piromelli, the dead man who Frank Vena was alleged to have killed. Provincial Constable G. B. Carmichael located and arrested the wanted

man in the Italian section of the city on the date of the murder. In the month of October the accused man stood trial before Judge and jury. The jury, after lengthy deliberation, rendered a verdict of manslaughter. The prisoner was then sentenced to fifteen years in Portsmouth Penitentiary.

Mrs. Annie Munduk and Mrs. Frances Banashuik, Kirkland Lake

On January 9th, 1933, the above-named women were shot and killed by one William Antonowicz, a Pole, who also wounded William Munduk, husband of one of the murdered women, also Fred Cunningham, an acquaintance. These crimes were committed from jealousy causes. Mrs. Munduk, previous to her marriage, had been a sweetheart of Antonowicz. The assailant, after committing these crimes, escaped into the surrounding bush but through privations was forced to return to the settlement where he was recognized and apprehended while still in possession of the loaded revolver. The accused man was charged with committing the two murders, also two charges of attempted murder were laid in April, 1933. Antonowicz was tried before Judge and jury, resulting in a verdict of guilty of murder, and he was executed on April 11th, 1933.

Frederick McLaren, Cavan Township, Durham County

On February 4th, 1933, the body of Frederick McLaren, aged 52 years, a bachelor, Canadian, and labourer, was found frozen stiff in a farm house where he had been residing alone. Evidence pointed to a robbery motive and the autopsy disclosed death caused by a fractured skull, which had occurred, according to medical testimony, some three or four days previous to the discovery of the crime. The authorities ascertained the deceased had drawn \$50.00 from a local bank a short time before his murder, also that a foreigner had stayed with McLaren about this time. From descriptions obtained the police traced the identity to one George Laurila, a Finnish labourer, who later was recognized by two resident farmers in Peterborough County. Apprehension followed and the police collected a strong chain of circumstantial evidence, resulting in the accused being placed on trial for murder. The prisoner stood trial before Judge and jury, but owing to a lack of direct evidence the jury rendered a verdict of not guilty. The trial Judge, when discharging the prisoner, directed the accused should be held in custody pending the outcome of his recommendation that Laurila be deported to his native country.

Colin H. Affleck, Kenora

On February 23rd, 1933, Colin H. Affleck was shot in the body with a revolver bullet fired by A. W. Robinson, a night-watchman employed in the Liquor Control Board's Store at Kenora. The wound later proved fatal. James W. Hogg, a companion clerk in the store with Affleck, was also wounded, but not in a vital portion of the body. Robinson immediately afterwards surrendered to the police and was held in custody and charged with wounding with intent. After Affleck succumbed to his wound a charge of murder was laid. The accused man was committed for trial and appeared before Judge and jury. After evidence for the Crown and defence was introduced, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty as the weight of evidence proved that the accused man was of unsound mind when he committed the crimes. The unfortunate man was then committed to an institution for the insane.

William Baker, Napanee

On April 18th, 1933, William Baker, a middle-aged married man, labourer, resident of Napanee, was found on the street in this municipality in an injured and unconscious condition. He was removed to Kingston Hospital where he died on the 7th of the following month, never having regained consciousness. An inquest and autopsy was held and it was found that death resulted from a head injury either caused by the deceased having been struck on the skull by a blunt instrument or through falling on the pavement. It was shown that the deceased man, with other boon companions, had been intoxicated on the evening in question and when in this condition was garrulous. A thorough investigation was conducted by the local and Provincial Police but no evidence was unearthed justifying any person or persons being charged with injuring this man. However, several perjury charges were laid by Provincial Constable J. Kelly against some of the persons who gave evidence at the inquest. These charges were sustained and convictions registered.

Leo Trilsbeck, Inmate, Burwash Industrial Farm

On the afternoon of May 30th, 1933, Leo Trilsbeck, a prisoner serving a sentence in this institution, was stabbed in the abdomen with a knife picked up from the kitchen utensils by Joseph Isidore Belanger, another prisoner employed in the kitchen and serving an 18-month term for theft. An altercation arose in the building between these two prisoners over food, and in the presence of a Guard. Whilst this official's attention was directed in another quarter, Belanger took advantage to plunge the knife into Trilsbeck. The subsequent investigation shows that the deceased man was not the aggressor. The wounded man was rushed to the hospital where an examination showed that penetration was deep and an operation necessary, which was performed, but the patient died from the injury and shock.

The assailant was placed in custody by the prison authorities and later turned over to the Provincial Police and formally charged with murder. At the Fall Assizes Court the prisoner stood his trial before Judge and jury. The latter brought in a not guilty verdict but found him guilty of manslaughter. He was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment.

Mrs. Jessie Nehrebeski, Sandwich Township East, Essex County

On August 1st, 1933, the above woman was criminally assaulted by her common-law husband, known as Peter Melvin Beyak, with a butcher's cleaver at their joint place of business, during an altercation over division of moneys and other personal reasons. The injured woman was removed to the hospital but died without regaining consciousness. The assailant was located and placed in custody by Provincial Constable F. C. Thurston and charged with murder. On September 20th, 1933, he was tried before Judge and jury who returned a verdict of guilty and the prisoner was duly executed.

Harvey Barnes, Floss Township, Simcoe County

On August 8th, 1933, Harvey Barnes, a returned soldier, aged 42 years, an agriculturalist, was shot with a shotgun by Mrs. Rose Cadeau, who owned the farm Barnes occupied along with his family. Some days previous to the wounding Mrs. Cadeau accused Harvey Barnes with the theft of an account book, finger

ring, etc. Whether the accusation was justified is aside from the issue. It is evident this woman premeditated her action. When Provincial Constable W. H. Clark arrived at the scene he had the injured man removed to the hospital. Mrs. Cadeau had departed before the arrival of the police but was later located and taken into custody the same date at Elmvale on a charge of attempted murder. The injured man died within a few hours. A charge of murder was then preferred and the assailant was held pending trial. On November 1st, 1933, Mrs. Cadeau was tried before Judge and jury, the latter returning a verdict of not guilty of murder but guilty of manslaughter. The Judge then sentenced the prisoner to three years' imprisonment.

Mrs. Katherine M. McGillivray, Underwood Township, Bruce County

On September 9th, 1933, Mrs. Katherine M. McGillivray was shot in the breast with a .32 calibre bullet fired from a revolver in the hands of her estranged husband, Eric McGillivray, aged 40 years, a Canadian, who had followed his wife to a dance hall at Inverhuron Beach, where he requested her to dance with him. As he was in an intoxicated condition, she refused. This precipitated a scene between them, terminating in the woman retiring to her home, adjacent to the Beach, where her husband, who was waiting for her on the verandah, shot her with a revolver and then escaped into the surrounding bush. The injured woman was rushed by motor car to a physician at Tiverton, but died before arrival. Provincial Constable O. McClevis, Walkerton detachment, was advised, and in searching the surroundings discovered the body of McGillivray lying face downward in a sand hole at the rear of the cottage, with the revolver still in his hand. Examination disclosed that McGillivray had committed suicide by shooting himself through the mouth, the bullet emerging from the base of the skull.

DEATHS FROM VIOLENCE AND UNNATURAL CAUSES

The following number of deaths from violence and other unnatural causes were reported to and investigated by members of this Force during the year:

	1933	1932
Murder.....	11	17
Manslaughter.....	24	26
Suicide.....	98	99
Automobile fatalities.....	127	155
Drowning.....	201	201
Other causes, i.e., shooting, burns, etc.....	193	223
Total.....	654	721

In comparison with the preceding year, there is a decrease of sixty-seven in the above reported fatalities over the same period 1931-32.

Auto fatalities, however, decreased from 155 to 127.

The investigations and assistance rendered in these cases cause a great deal of extra work for the members of the Force, all of which is very necessary so that the full facts can be laid before the Coroner and Crown Attorney.

LIQUOR CONTROL ACT

There has been a very noticeable decrease in offences prosecuted by members of the Force under the provisions of The Liquor Control Act.

Prosecutions for all offences totalled 2,996, a decrease of 1,278 over the same period last year. This decrease can be chiefly ascribed to continual good observance of the law and the financial stringency.

The following table gives the prosecutions, convictions, dismissals, etc., also the fines imposed for violation of various sections of the Act during the year 1932-33:

	Prosecutions	Convictions	Dismissals	Withdrawn	Committed	Awaiting Disposal	Fines Collected
Doctors giving Illegal Prescriptions.....							
Drinking in Public Place	696	654	27	15	65		\$7,818 25
Drunk in Public Place...	662	610	36	16	186		4,683 00
Having or Consuming in Hotel.....	7	7					950 00
Having Without Permit...	468	365	63	40	135		26,235 00
Illegal Use of Permit.....	13	12	1		1		120 00
Infractions Liquor Control Board Regulations.....	26	20		6	3		290 00
In Possession of Liquor without Board's Seal...	60	60			5		855 00
Keeping in Unlawful Place	368	286	55	27	83		21,620 00
Miscellaneous Offences...	63	43	4	16	24		1,150 00
Permitting Drunkenness in Private Residence.....	54	47	4	3	5		770 00
Sale or Keeping for Sale...	258	171	57	30	167		5,000 00
Supplying Liquor after Permit Suspended.....							
Supplying Liquor to Minors.....	31	20	10	1	11		200 00
Unlawful Possession.....	260	211	30	19	107		13,313 00
Unlawful Purchase.....	30	27	1	2	10		495 00
Violation Section 54 by Druggists.....							
Total.....	2,996	2,533	288	175	802		\$83,499 25

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF PROSECUTIONS UNDER THE LIQUOR CONTROL ACT

	1933	1932	1931
Prosecutions.....	2,996	4,274	5,823
Convictions.....	2,533	3,609	4,973
Dismissals.....	288	409	542
Withdrawals.....	175	256	308
Commitments.....	802	1,021	1,186
Fines Collected.....	\$83,499 25	\$120,752 00	\$200,073 00
Confiscated Cars and Trucks.....	4,394 50	10,596 50	44,000 00
Confiscated Liquor.....	10,000 00	20,000 00	50,000 00

DECREASE FOR YEAR 1932-33

Prosecutions.....	1,278
Convictions.....	1,076
Dismissals.....	121
Withdrawals.....	81
Commitments.....	219
Fines Imposed.....	\$37,252 75
Confiscated Liquor.....	10,000 00
Confiscated Cars and Trucks.....	6,202 00

There were 1,057 liquor permits seized and sent forward with a recommendation that they be cancelled. In each case where it was considered that the report of the officer justified the cancellation of the permit in question the permit was forwarded to the Liquor Control Board, recommending such cancellation. This was a decrease of 428 over the same period in 1931-32.

There were 617 samples of liquor forwarded to this office for analysis from various Police Departments throughout the Province, a decrease of 566 over the same period in 1931-32. This is quite an important matter in connection with the enforcement of the Act as the certificate of the analyst is used as conclusive evidence in the various police courts as to the strength of the liquor seized.

The Motorcycle Patrol on the King's Highways has accomplished much good work in connection with the enforcement of The Liquor Control Act. During the past year they were responsible for 307 prosecutions, the seizure and confiscation of 269 bottles of liquor and assorted wines, 45 gallons alcohol, and 2,546 bottles of beer, also seizing 2 automobiles and 1 truck which were being used in the transportation of the above liquor.

Approximately 600 gallons of alcohol were seized. Principally in Northern and Western Ontario, and from investigations of such seizures, it has been found that practically all is American alcohol, which finds its way into this Province from the United States. Exemplary penalties have been imposed in the majority of cases to persons being found in possession of alcohol and quite frequently prosecutions have been instituted under The Excise Act as well as The Liquor Control Act. The amount of alcohol seized during the past year shows a marked decrease compared with that seized during the previous year.

Privileges of making home-brew beer for personal and family use are granted under the provisions of The Excise Act. There is no limit to the quantity a person can brew, which makes it very difficult to place any check on a traffic which has been continually growing since the inception of The Ontario Temperance Act.

To show the extent to which this practice is common throughout the Province, I find that up until December 26th, 1933, the privilege of brewing beer has been granted to 179,475 persons.

MOTORCYCLE PATROL

In connection with the work of the Motorcycle Patrol, I am pleased to report that there has been a reduced number of accidents as well as a reduced number of complaints laid. The practice has been to refrain from laying a complaint unless absolutely necessary, always keeping in mind the duty of guarding the public interest, and this attitude appears to have met with general approval.

From reports received it would appear that there is a greater tendency towards excessive speed, there being a number of convictions registered in cases where the speed of the automobile has been in excess of seventy, eighty, and even as high as ninety miles per hour. Driving at this speed, is, of course, exceptionally dangerous and it is usually dealt with by the imposition of an exemplary penalty.

The opening of new sections of the King's Highways necessitated new patrols rendering it difficult to maintain adequate patrols on the highways over which the heaviest traffic passed, and I regret to report that some of the night patrols

that were put into force on the main highways have had to be abandoned owing to a shortage of men.

In enforcing the overloading provisions of The Highway Traffic Act, fourteen scales were manned by the members of the Motorcycle Patrol for a period of two months, the scales being operated in eight-hour shifts over the twenty-four hours. Twelve hundred and eleven complaints were laid under this section.

Attention is again directed to the number of warnings given persons operating motor vehicles, which total 46,313. Of this large number 22,106 came under Section 9 of The Highway Traffic Act (insufficient lights), whilst 24,207 warnings were given and recorded for general minor violations of the Act.

I cannot speak too highly of the good work done by the Department of Highways, Safety Organizations, and public-spirited citizens, who have through the newspaper, radio channels, service clubs, etc., stressed the continued and unwarranted number of fatalities and injuries to persons through the operation of motor vehicles on the highways. This educational campaign is reflected in the decreased number of accidents, fatal and otherwise, reported during the year.

Appended hereunder is a return giving the particulars as to prosecutions, penalties, etc., resulting from the work of the Motorcycle Patrol during the year:

MILEAGE OF KING'S HIGHWAYS PATROLLED

King's Highways as of October 31, 1933.....	3,415
Number of Details.....	80
Approximate mileage assigned to detail units.....	42.3

PROSECUTIONS

Under Highway Traffic Act.....	9,183	Fines	\$65,604.80
“ Liquor Control Act.....	307	“	6,509.50
“ Criminal Code.....	194	“	836.00
Miscellaneous Acts.....	84	“	427.00
Total Prosecutions.....	9,768	Total	73,377.30

Licenses suspended—212.

Warnings given and recorded—46,313.

Two passenger cars and one truck were confiscated under The Liquor Control Act.

Ninety-three stolen cars were recovered and returned to owners.

ACCIDENTS

Non-fatal on Highways proper, total.....	2,233
Fatal on Highways proper, total.....	115
Non-fatal at Railway Crossings, total.....	11
Fatal at Railway Crossings, total.....	9
Number of persons killed.....	135

MILES TRAVELLED ON DUTY

Miles travelled by Motorcycle Patrol.....	1,643,761
Miles travelled by car.....	8,601
Total.....	1,652,362

VOLUNTARY SECURITY PLAN

Number of cases in which form was used.....	518
Amount accepted under plan.....	\$6,660.90

ESCORTS

Miles travelled on actual Escort Duty.....	7,582
Miles travelled account Escort Duty.....	16,882
Total mileage.....	24,464

STATISTICAL RETURNS

Return of prosecutions, convictions, dismissals, withdrawals, etc., by Districts for offences under The Liquor Control Act, covering the period November 1st, 1932, to October 31st, 1933:

		Prosecutions	Convictions	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Awaiting Trial
No. 1	District Headquarters Windsor.....	171	122	29	20	.....
No. 2	" " London.....	318	293	18	7	.....
No. 3	" " Hamilton.....	184	152	18	14	.....
No. 4	" " Niagara Falls.....	154	110	35	9	.....
No. 5	" " Toronto.....	288	185	40	63	.....
No. 6	" " Kitchener.....	310	272	30	8	.....
No. 7	" " Barrie.....	182	167	8	7	.....
No. 8	" " Belleville.....	363	333	24	6	.....
No. 9	" " Ottawa.....	414	359	30	25	.....
No. 10	" " Haileybury.....	260	224	30	6	.....
No. 11	" " Sudbury.....	160	146	12	2	.....
No. 12	" " Port Arthur.....	192	170	14	8	.....
Total.....		2,996	2,533	288	175	.....

Total fines imposed in connection with above prosecutions, \$129,420.75.

Return of prosecutions, convictions, dismissals, etc. (exclusive of offences against the Liquor Control Act) by Provincial Police Districts, covering the period, November 1st, 1932, to October 31st, 1933:

		Prosecutions	Convictions	Dismissed	Withdrawn	Awaiting Trial
No. 1	District Headquarters Windsor.....	224	155	19	50	.....
No. 2	" " London.....	802	670	106	26	.....
No. 3	" " Hamilton.....	204	162	30	12	.....
No. 4	" " Niagara Falls.....	478	390	74	14	.....
No. 5	" " Toronto.....	266	215	41	10	.....
No. 6	" " Kitchener.....	616	526	66	24	.....
No. 7	" " Barrie.....	608	509	75	24	.....
No. 8	" " Belleville.....	728	589	101	38	.....
No. 9	" " Ottawa.....	823	666	105	52	.....
No. 10	" " Haileybury.....	750	567	138	45	.....
No. 11	" " Sudbury.....	695	568	94	33	.....
No. 12	" " Port Arthur.....	562	442	100	20	.....
Total.....		6,756	5,459	949	348	.....
County Returns.....		327	292	24	11	.....
Motorcycle Patrol Returns.....		9,461	8,554	466	409	32
Grand Total.....		16,544	14,305	1,439	768	32

Total fines imposed in connection with above prosecutions, \$99,260.20.

Classified return of prosecutions, convictions, dismissals, etc., for all offences covering the period November 1st, 1932, to October 31st, 1933:

Offence	Convictions	Dismissals	Withdrawals	Awaiting Disposal	Total	
					1933	1932
Abandoning Children.....	2	2			4	1
Abduction.....	1	2	2		5	6
Abortion.....	2	1	2		5	2
Abusive Language.....						
Affray.....	9				9	28
Aiding and Abetting.....	5				5	10
Arson.....	16	13			29	41
Assault, Aggravated.....	8	4			12	5
“ Bodily Harm.....	227	63	18		308	279
“ Common.....	349	89	44		482	468
“ Indecent.....	41	9	3		53	68
“ on Police Officer.....	12	3			15	18
Assisting Prisoner to Escape.....			1		1	
Attempted Abduction.....						
“ Abortion.....	3				3	5
“ Arson.....	3	1			4	1
“ Assault.....	1		1		2	1
“ Breaking and Entering.....	4	1			5	4
“ Bribery.....						
“ Buggery.....	4	1			5	
“ Burglary.....						
“ Carnal Knowledge.....	7				7	7
“ Fraud.....	3	1			4	1
“ Gaol Breaking.....	5				5	
“ Murder.....	1	2	1		4	5
“ Poisoning.....						2
“ Rape.....	5				5	5
“ Robbery.....						3
“ Suicide.....	8				8	14
“ Theft.....	15	2	1		18	6
Attending Cock Fight.....						67
Betting.....						
Bigamy.....	5	1			6	9
Breach of Amusement Tax Act.....						
“ Bank Act.....						
“ Billiard and Pool Room Act.....						
“ Bread Sales Act.....						6
“ Canada Temperance Act.....						4
“ Children’s Maintenance Act.....	6				6	4
“ Children’s Protection Act.....	9	1			10	10
“ Customs and Excise Act.....	66	2			68	71
“ Dairy Act.....	1				1	
“ Forest Fires Act.....	13	8			21	35
“ Frauds Prevention Act.....	12				12	3
“ Game and Fisheries Act.....	7				7	30
“ Highway Traffic Act.....	1,061	83	36		1,180	11,185
“ Hotels Registration Act.....	4				4	6
“ Indian Act.....	18	1			19	46
“ Insurance Act.....	1	1	1		3	1
“ Juvenile Delinquents Act.....	7	2			9	25
“ Lord’s Day Act.....	21				21	40
“ Master and Servant Act.....	85	19	4		108	74
“ Medical Act.....						7
“ Mining Act.....	1	1			2	
“ Narcotic Drug Act.....						2
“ Offensive Weapons Act.....	68	7	3		78	88
“ Optometry Act.....	1				1	
“ Other Provincial Statutes.....	31	3	2		36	32
“ Parents Maintenance Act.....	1				1	6
“ Private Detectives Act.....						
“ Public Health Act.....	1	2			3	5
“ Railway Act.....	4	1			5	1

Offence	Convictions	Dis-missals	With-drawals	Awaiting disposal	Total	
					1933	1932
Breach of School Attendance Act.....	2	2	1		5	5
“ Theatres and Cinema Act.....						
“ Transportation of Fowl Act.....	13	1	1		15	15
“ Vital Statistics Act.....						
“ Weights and Measures Act..	1	1			2	
“ Peace.....	5	3			8	10
Breaking and Entering.....	632	68	15		715	544
Breaking Gaol.....	2				2	2
Breaking Parole.....	6				6	2
Bribery.....						3
Buggery.....	3	2			5	7
Burglary.....	38	2			40	28
Carnal Knowledge.....	17	14	6		37	47
Causing Bodily Harm.....	23	17	12		52	97
Causing Explosion.....			1		1	
Concealment of Birth.....						2
Conducting Lotteries.....						5
Conspiracy.....	12	5			17	8
Contempt of Court.....	3				3	9
Corrupting Children.....	7	1			8	16
Corrupting Witnesses.....		3			3	3
Counterfeiting.....	3		1		4	16
Criminal Libel.....						
Criminal Negligence.....	27	21	7		55	88
Cruelty to Animals.....	27	4	2		33	47
Damage to Property.....	108	26	10		144	147
Discharging Firearms.....	1	1			2	
Disorderly Conduct.....	191	19	9		219	296
Disorderly House (Inmate).....	16				16	53
Disorderly House (Keeping).....	6				6	12
Driving Whilst Intoxicated.....	175	31	18		224	182
Escaping from Custody.....	14				14	25
Extortion.....	6	7	1		14	5
False Pretenses.....	126	20	14		160	138
Forgery.....	56	7	1		64	63
Fraud.....	25	5	3		33	36
Fraudulent Use of Trademark.....	1				1	1
Gambling.....	2	1			3	17
Games of Chance.....	9				9	17
Gaming House (Inmate).....	7				7	262
Gaming House (Keeping).....	6	4	4		14	38
Highgrading.....		2			2	1
Housebreaking and Theft.....	28	1			29	17
Impersonating an Officer.....	2	3			5	5
Incest.....	11	3	1		15	12
Indecent Acts.....	14	5			19	17
Indignity to Dead Body.....						
Injury to Animals.....	14	6	1		21	23
Insane Persons.....	83	14	1		98	75
Intimidation.....	1	3	3		7	18
Kidnapping.....						
Libel.....	2				2	1
Lotteries.....	3				3	14
Making Handbooks.....	3	1			4	4
Manslaughter.....	7	16	1		24	28
Miscellaneous Offences.....	19	13	3		35	68
Mischief.....	9	1	4		14	21
Municipal By-laws.....	21	8	3		32	27
Murder.....	5	1			6	9
Neglect of Children.....						
Non-Support.....	46	12	5		63	67
Nuisance.....	7	3	1		11	6
Obscene Language.....	2	1			3	4
Obstructing Police Officer.....	50	6	9		65	59
Perjury.....	22	5	3		30	27
Pointing Firearms.....	6	5	1		12	18
Poisoning.....						1

Offence	Convictions	Dismissals	Withdrawals	Awaiting disposal	Total	
					1933	1932
Procuring.....			1		1	2
Prostitution.....	9				9	10
Rape.....	6	4			10	10
Receiving Stolen Goods.....	129	26	11		166	124
Resisting Arrest.....	2				2	1
Robbery.....	8	6			14	10
Robbery whilst Armed.....	20	1			21	32
Sedition.....	1				1	
Seduction.....	13	7	1		21	23
Selling Tobacco to Minors.....	1				1	4
Shooting with Intent.....	6	2			8	7
Shopbreaking and Theft.....	64	1	1		66	20
Theft.....	1,234	194	75		1,503	1,384
Theft of Poultry.....	122	30	4		156	164
Threats.....	11	8	4		23	25
Trespass.....	23	8	2		33	39
Unlawful Assembly.....						
Unlawful Association.....						6
Vagrancy.....	194	35	26		255	293
Wife Desertion.....	3		2		5	
Wounding with Intent.....	20	3	4		27	21
Total.....	5,945	1,025	391		7,361	17,807
Highway Traffic Act cases prosecuted by Motorcycle Patrol.....	8,360	414	377	32	9,183	
Liquor Control Act.....	2,533	288	175		2,996	4,274
Grand Total.....	16,838	1,727	943	32	19,540	22,081

DISPOSITION OF ALL CASES PROSECUTED

Convictions.....	16,838
Dismissals.....	1,727
Withdrawals.....	943
On Remand, Awaiting Trial, etc.....	32
Total.....	19,540

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

A comparative statement of prosecutions, etc., under all Acts and Statutes for the year ending October 31st, 1932, and October 31st, 1933:

	1933	1932
Prosecutions.....	19,540	22,081
Convictions.....	16,838	19,025
Dismissals.....	1,727	1,961
Withdrawals.....	943	1,095
On Remand, Awaiting Trial, etc.....	32	12

Classification of penalties imposed upon persons convicted for all offences against the Criminal Code and other Dominion and Provincial Statutes:

Imprisonment as Penalty.....	2,483
Imprisonment in Default of Fine.....	853
Committed to Asylum.....	103
Fined and Fines Paid.....	14,271
Sentence Suspended.....	1,614
Otherwise disposed of.....	216
Total.....	19,540

Arrested with or without warrant and persons summoned for offences against the Criminal Code and other Dominion and Provincial Statutes:

Arrested with Warrant under Criminal Code and other Statutes.....	1,687
Arrested with Warrant under Liquor Control Act.....	241
Arrested without Warrant under Criminal Code and other Statutes..	2,100
Arrested without Warrant under Liquor Control Act.....	1,431
Summoned, etc.....	14,081
Total.....	19,540

A classification of the ages of persons prosecuted for offences against the Criminal Code and other Dominion and Provincial Statutes (exclusive of The Liquor Control Act and Highway Traffic Act cases prosecuted by Motorcycle Patrol):

Age 1-10.....	12
" 10-15.....	139
" 15-20.....	1,088
" 20-30.....	2,779
" 30-40.....	1,691
" 40-50.....	990
" 50-60.....	451
" 60-70.....	152
Over 70.....	47
Companies.....	12
Total.....	7,361

A classification by nationalities of persons prosecuted for offences against the Criminal Code and other Dominion and Provincial Statutes (exclusive of The Liquor Control Act and Highway Traffic Act cases prosecuted by Motorcycle Patrol):

Canadians.....	5,602
Americans.....	158
English.....	318
Indians.....	110
Irish.....	92
Italians.....	81
Poles.....	174
Russians.....	60
Scotch.....	92
Other Nationalities.....	662
Companies.....	12
Total.....	7,361

Classification of the sex of persons prosecuted for all offences against the Criminal Code and other Dominion and Provincial Statutes (exclusive of The Liquor Control Act and Highway Traffic Act cases prosecuted by Motorcycle Patrol):

Male.....	7,013
Female.....	336
Companies.....	12
Total.....	7,361

Classification of marital state of persons prosecuted for all offences against the Criminal Code and other Dominion and Provincial Statutes (exclusive of The Liquor Control Act and Highway Traffic Act cases prosecuted by Motorcycle Patrol):

Married.....	3,167
Single.....	4,121
Widows.....	5
Widowers.....	56
Companies.....	12
Total.....	7,361

NUMBER OF SEARCH WARRANTS EXECUTED

Under the Criminal Code.....	2,162
Under the Liquor Control Act.....	10,358
Number of Arrests for other Forces.....	296
Summonses served for other Forces.....	845

STOLEN PROPERTY RECOVERED

Property that had been reported through various sources as stolen was recovered by members of this Force to the value of \$96,854.20.

CONCLUSION

Before closing this report I wish to thank you for the helpful and sympathetic manner in which you have received any proposals I have laid before you either in the matter of law enforcement or for the welfare of the members of the Force, also the Deputy Attorney-General and his staff for their ready assistance given at all times.

I have to express my appreciation of the close co-operation of the Chief Commissioner and Commissioners of the Liquor Control Board in the many matters pertaining to the enforcement of The Liquor Control Act.

I wish to thank all the Municipal Police Forces of the Province, the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the Canadian Pacific Railway and Canadian National Railway Police Forces, also the Provincial and other Forces outside the Province for their effective assistance and co-operation during the year.

I also take this opportunity of thanking the Press for their assistance and consideration during the year. On occasions information has come into their possession which would have been detrimental to the interest of law enforcement to publish, and they have kindly refrained from publishing same. On other occasions the Press have been of the greatest assistance in publishing and broadcasting matters that required publicity.

I desire also to express my appreciation to all ranks of the Force for their loyal support and faithful attention to duty during the year, and to place on record the kind and helpful manner in which County Crown Attorneys and Police Magistrates have encouraged and assisted the members of the Force in the execution of their duties.

Respectfully submitted,

VICTOR A. S. WILLIAMS,
Commissioner of Police for Ontario.

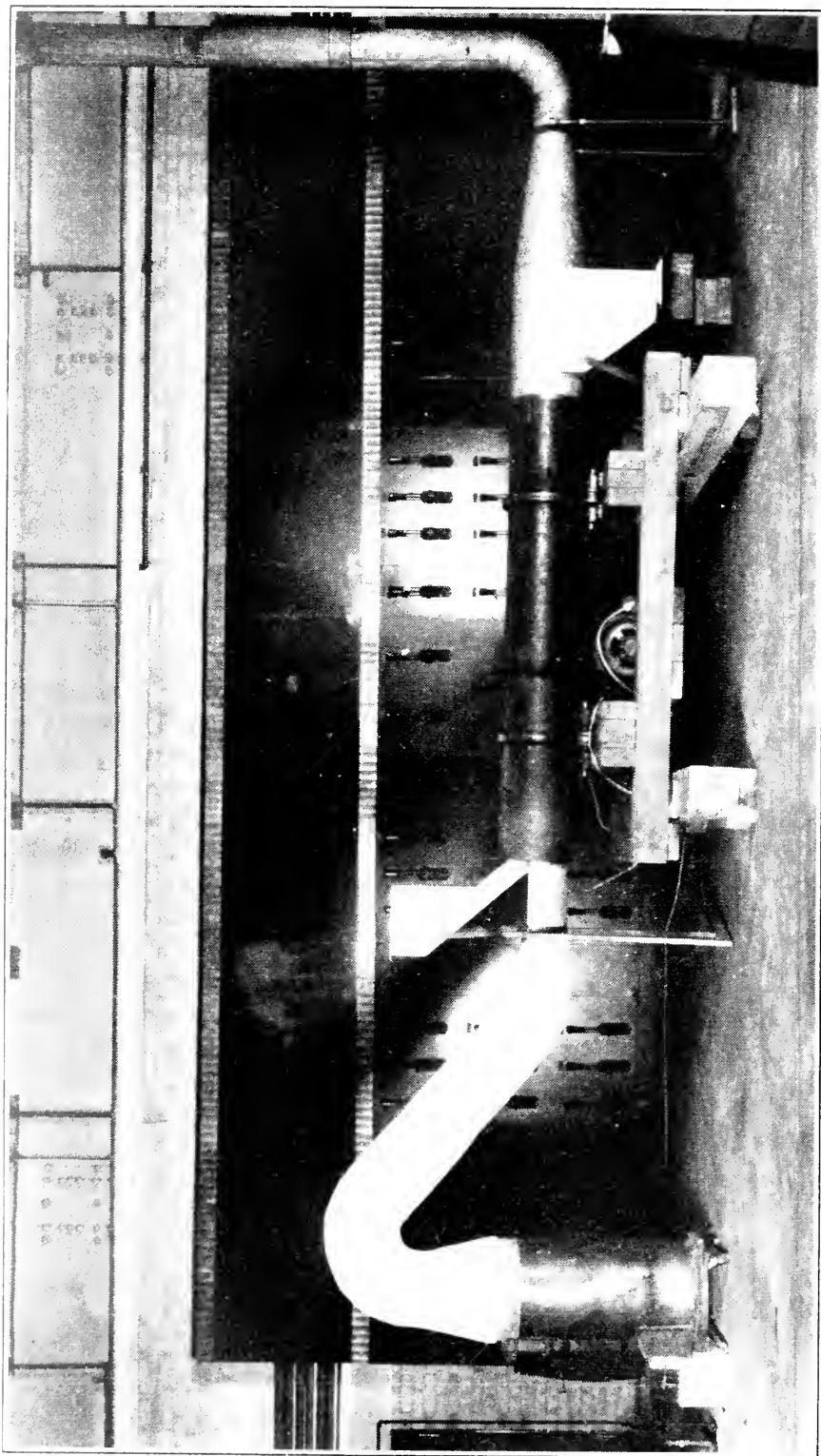


Fig. 1—Rotary dryer, designed to produce 50 lbs. of dried lignite per hour

Ontario Research Foundation REPORT

For the Year 1933

Presented by the Chairman
to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council
December, 1933



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1934

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May 3rd. 1934.

HON. GEORGE S. HENRY, B.A., LL.D.,
Prime Minister of Ontario.

Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ontario.

DEAR SIR:

I have the honour to submit the annual statement of the operations of the Ontario Research Foundation, as set forth by the Director, Dr. Speakman, in his letter attached herewith, and with it, the financial statement, embodying:

Exhibit A—Balance Sheet as at December 31st, 1933.

Exhibit B—Income and Expenditure Account for the year ending
December 31st, 1933.

I have pleasure in again bearing testimony to the high spirit, purpose, and service of the Director and staff in the discharge of their duties.

I have the honour to be,

Your obedient servant.

J. W. FLAVELLE,
Chairman.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR OF RESEARCH, 1933

TO SIR JOSEPH FLAVELLE, BART, LL.D.,

Chairman.

DEAR SIR:

Certain features of the past year call for special mention in relation to the work of this Foundation. We have reason to believe that during the year a slight but definite improvement took place in general business conditions, and it is of interest to record what was the reaction on our work. My colleagues join with me in expressing the view that when business improves there is a noticeable increase in the willingness of industrialists to undertake the investigation of technical and scientific problems. An analysis of this situation leads to the conclusion that we are reaching the stage when the value of scientific research is conceded, but its support is dependent upon a certain volume in trade and profits. This we regard as a necessary step in progress towards the sounder view that the investigation of problems which are vital to an industry often justifies a more courageous policy in expenditures. The place and time to avoid wasteful expenditures on research is in the plant and at the time when the problem is being discussed. The "staff" work, the discussing and planning of an investigation should determine the economic justification of the laboratory and plant investigations before they are commenced. This is not in conflict with our view that an industry should, whenever possible, carry on some research work, the outcome of which cannot be stated in precise financial terms, e.g., fundamental research into the nature and properties of basic raw materials or of wasted by-products. The important fact is that in the middle of the year a slow but continued increase in the demand for our services developed, and has continued to the present.

From the commencement of the Foundation's work in relationship to industrial problems it has been your view that as far as possible we should be reimbursed for work performed by those for whom the research was performed, and to whom the benefits thereof naturally accrue. In the interviews which we have with those directing manufacturing companies we still observe a reluctance to accept this policy and its implications. Quite often there is an impression that the Foundation is a branch of Government supported by annual appropriations, and therefore offering to all facilities and services without payment. There is still a need for occasional reference to the actual situation, namely, that our only assured income is that received from an invested trust fund which was created by the Provincial Government and private subscribers. In relation to the duties laid upon the Foundation by the Act of 1928 this income is inadequate, and success can only come by a gradual enlargement of the facilities here, chiefly by an increase in the number of qualified research workers.

In 1930 you used the following words in an article describing the work and plans of the Foundation, which appeared in "Industrial Canada": "We will, when requested, serve the need of individual manufacturers, but where

the manufacturer has problems involving serious research, because we are a public body, developed expressly for the purpose of being of value to industry in general, we will ask that groups be formed of those making similar products; we will undertake the needed researches on behalf of such groups, and the members will commonly share in the results. Further, we will ask each group to assume the charge of the researches undertaken."

During the period between 1930 and the commencement of 1933 we made many attempts to co-operate with various Groups or Associations which were already in existence, and in other cases joined in efforts to form special Groups which would function in organizing and supporting industrial scientific research on a co-operative basis. We have learned by this experience that the field can and should be divided into two sections. Certain problems can be attacked and solved on this basis of co-operative effort and support. The work which we undertook on behalf of a group of automobile and plush manufacturers illustrates the natural and effective character of such an undertaking. We were greatly helped in this case by the existence of an exceptional background of close co-operation in technical problems relating to automobiles among the manufacturers concerned. More recently we have been and are still working harmoniously with a producer of artificial silk and a group of knitting companies. On the other hand, we have come to recognize the existence of a wide field of research relating essentially to the problems of individual companies. We sincerely hope that as the Foundation increases its effectiveness by experience and growth, and as its possibilities become more widely known, more companies will adopt the policy of supporting Fellowships for a definite and reasonable length of time. In several cases this has taken place, and in all cases we feel confident that the expenditure has been more than justified.

In other words, there is no essential conflict between the two types of working relationship, and your decision to allow a reasonable flexibility guided by conditions and common sense has, we consider, been amply justified.

During the year 70 companies have made use of the services of the Foundation. In some instances the work done has been relatively unimportant, but each instance adds to our own experience and helps to build up a happy working relationship. On the other hand one can state unequivocally that in many instances problems of real importance have been solved, and that the returns far exceeded the expenditures involved. Another gratifying feature of this part of our work is that in several cases companies which made use of our facilities during the first two years are returning with more problems.

One significant consequence of this increased activity is that several important lines of research started within the Foundation have suffered. There can be no question that outside work, wisely selected, should have the first demand on our time and efforts, but we hope that, as soon as possible, our resources will increase so as to permit at least some fundamental work to be in continuous progress in each important laboratory. This policy has nothing in it which conflicts or overlaps with University work. It is based on the firm conviction that whilst we can and do play a useful part by assisting others to apply scientific and technical knowledge which is already available, the primary purpose of this Foundation should be the search for additional knowledge in those fields which have been prescribed.

DEPARTMENT OF TEXTILE RESEARCH

Staff: DR. GOODINGS, DR. HALL, MR. WOOLLER, MR. COKE

Work on textile problems was originally commenced in 1929 at the request of the Canadian Woollen Manufacturers' Association. A start was made then in the equipping of suitable laboratories, and a chemist was employed to devote his whole time to work on their behalf. During the years 1929-1932 the number of enquiries sent to us increased rapidly, although they were mainly concerned with analytical problems, physical and chemical. At the commencement of 1933 this arrangement was discontinued, and since then there has been direct contact between individual manufacturers and the Foundation. The work of the Department has changed in character as a result. A good deal of analytical work of a routine character has been diverted to private laboratories, or is not being done at all. In either case it was unwise to allow this type of service to dominate this Department without sufficient monetary recompense to enable the Foundation to carry on more important lines of work. The problems which have been submitted to us have been more important, and in several cases results have been obtained which have influenced both the technical and economic side of the businesses in which these problems originated.

Up to a point this general practice is satisfactory, but we must record the fact that research in textiles in Canada is still inadequate and out of all proportion to the size and importance of the industry in Ontario. Both in research and in educational facilities we do not begin to compare with competitive countries, notably Great Britain, Germany and Japan. This situation must be corrected, and a solution can only be found when there is a greater sense of corporate responsibility in organizations representing the textile industries. Financial support is important but it is not the only stumbling block. At the present time there are no facilities for focussing attention on technical problems which relate to an entire industry. The experience of the past four years suggests that some way must be found to harmonize this crying need with the policy and methods of a highly competitive industry.

Although the Fellowship supported by the Automobile and Plush manufacturers of Canada terminated at the close of 1932 the work continued on into 1933, and a final meeting of the joint committee was held during the year. At this meeting a standard for fading tests by artificial light was adopted. This consists of a dyed material woven and finished under the supervision of the Foundation, and supplies have been sent to the interested companies. A complete file of the research reports in connection with the Fellowship was sent to associated companies in the United States at their request.

A condensed account of the work on fading was published during the year, and patents have been obtained in Canada and Great Britain for the apparatus developed by Dr. Hall. This equipment can be used to advantage by other industries in which dyes and colours are used. During the year a wide range of samples of fabrics were tested in the lamp, and these are now being compared by members of an international committee with similar samples faded in other types of equipment. In this connection mention should be made of the generous assistance we have received from the Bureau of Standards, Washington, D.C.

The Fellowship supported by Courtaulds (Canada) Ltd., has been continued throughout the year. In addition to the Quality Control of men's

garments a commencement was made in the extension of the work by preparing specifications for women's rayon garments. An earnest effort has been made to improve the technical and scientific background of this investigation and the following lines of experimental work have been carried out during the year:

- (1) Shrinkage and stretching of rayon goods during and after laundering.
- (2) The tensile strength of woven rayon goods.
- (3) Destruction of rayon by repeated launderings.
- (4) Effects of heat on acetate rayon, viscose rayon, silk and wool in relation to ironing.

In order to increase the effective character of this work the Foundation is attempting to establish a closer working relationship with the knitting companies in whose plants the goods under discussion are manufactured.

Growing out of the development of the new fading lamp, research work is in progress by which it is hoped to determine accurately the temperature at the face of samples submitted to lamp radiation. These measurements are being made in a small wind-tunnel which permits known variations of light intensity and air velocity on and past the surface of the sample.

A beginning has been made to determine also the influence of the final acidity or alkalinity of a fabric on the fastness to light of the dyestuffs used. This research has involved a preliminary purification of common dyestuffs, and much interesting information has been derived.

The tensile strength of a fabric is perhaps the most widely used physical test in measurements of quality in testing laboratories. Unfortunately there are no internationally recognized standards for the test, and the results obtained have a limited value. The Department has shown, during the year, that comparative results can only be obtained by using the same type of machine, of which there are several, and by adhering strictly to certain arbitrary conditions.

DEPARTMENT OF METALLURGY

Staff: MR. ELLIS, MR. GORDON, DR. GOODIER

During the year 40 investigations were undertaken at the request of companies within the Province. It is of some interest to note that the majority of these were on behalf of a few of the larger organizations which are relatively well equipped to carry out technical and scientific investigations. It is difficult and unwise to attempt an explanation as to why the hundreds of smaller companies have not taken advantage of the facilities offered in this Department, but certain factors are known. The "depression" has been overworked in this connection. The majority of the plants purchase supplies in an advanced state of manufacture from a metallurgical standpoint, and the custom on this continent is to refer back to the source of supply questions and problems which may arise in connection with the fabrication or use generally of these materials. This is a natural development, and the conclusion which experience dictates is that this Department must make its main contribution by fundamental research, preferably in close co-operation with the primary producers of metallurgical products.

The above statement must not convey the impression that the Department is completely out of touch with the majority of the plants in Ontario. That this is not so is shown by the number of enquiries received during the year, namely, 110, from companies and individuals. In the majority of cases these have involved conferences at the Foundation, or in the plant, and some correspondence. A service of this kind tends to grow, and in most cases it grows at the expense of other work which may be, in the long run, far more important. At present we can only make the simple statement that these companies considered the effort and time spent in coming to the Foundation to be justifiable. We, on the other hand, have no evidence as to the results, and up to the present no recompense has been asked or received for the time and thought contributed by this Foundation. During the coming year this situation must be given careful consideration.

The following brief notes will indicate the problems which have been suggested by the staff and investigated by them:

A considerable number of enquiries have been received regarding the properties of white cast iron. The gaps in present knowledge suggested the desirability of a systematic study of these alloys, and this work is now in progress. Various difficulties have been met and overcome. The problem of making a satisfactory crucible in which to melt these alloys has led to the discovery of a new refractory mixture which will be of value generally. In this connection we received generous assistance and co-operation from The Charles Taylor Sons Co. of Cincinnati.

A study has been made of the properties of the chlorides of those metals which are found in Ontario, namely, gold, nickel, copper and iron. From the information thus obtained an attempt was made to separate the metals in complex ores by conversion into chlorides and fractional volatilization. A report of this work will shortly be published.

In co-operation with the Department of Mines continued attention is being given to deposits of iron ore in the Province which by their size and grade hold out possibility of future development.

The investigation of standard screw threads has been continued, and a report on this work will be made at an international conference to be held in England during 1934. A mathematical analogy between certain problems of stress distribution and types of fluid motion has suggested a new experimental method for the investigation of fluid motions by optical observations on strained elastic plates. The first paper dealing with this work will shortly be published.

In the field of physical metallurgy several important contributions have been made during the year. A report on the influence of cooling rates on the structure of an alloy steel was presented at the Detroit meeting of the American Society for Steel Treating. This work is being extended to include similar studies of three straight carbon steels, and we hope that results of both practical and theoretical importance will be obtained.

At the annual meeting of the American Foundrymen's Association, in Chicago in June, a symposium was held at which the Foundation contributed a paper entitled, "The Mechanism of Inverse Segregation." This will appear in British and American publications.

Two reports have been published giving the results of continued investigations of the forgeability of steel.

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

Staff: DR. WESTMAN, MR. SCHIERHOLTZ, MR. TASKER, MR. REVELL,
MR. MACONACHIE, MR. WRIGHT

This year was a transition period in the work of the Department. Problems under investigation in 1932 had reached the report stage, and in all the laboratories a good deal of time has been spent planning new work, and mastering the numerous minor difficulties associated with the initial stages of research. The following is a brief summary of the work performed in the different sections:

Ceramics—In the summer of 1932 the Ontario Department of Mines sent a field party to make a preliminary survey of showings of clay along the Missinaibi River in Northern Ontario. In all, 37 samples of clay and of sand were gathered from test-pits and auger holes. These were forwarded to the Foundation for examination and investigation. The preliminary tests showed that the clays were, with few exceptions, highly refractory in character. In some cases the clay proved to be quite pure in composition. Owing to the promising character of this material the samples have been very thoroughly tested in order to evaluate accurately their ceramic properties. A large sample of a white clay was secured, and by means of washing tests an idea has been obtained as to its possible usefulness in the paper industry.

The clays examined may be subdivided into the following groups: (1) white, sedimentary kaolins, (2) iron-stained, sedimentary kaolins, (3) iron-stained, fire clays, (4) fire clays, and (5) clay-bearing silica sands.

With regard to the technical possibilities of these materials our tests justify the following conclusions: High-grade fire bricks could be made from one or two clays in Group 4 by standard methods and without the addition of grog. By adopting, to some degree, the manufacturing technique used for Georgia kaolin bricks it should be possible to make a higher grade of fire brick from the clays of Group 1. The clays of Group 2 and Group 3 could not be used for fire brick without a preliminary study of technical problems.

The clays of Group 1 could probably be used in the manufacture of whiteware, although they could not be used indiscriminately as substitutes for English china clay. The iron-stained clays might be used for red pottery. The best clays of this group might displace the duller of the English clays in the newsprint, coloured paper, linoleum and, possibly, alum industries. These markets are limited, and it is probable that there would have to be a price differential in order to penetrate them. The silica sands merit additional exploratory work in the field, to be followed by a more complete technical investigation in the laboratory.

A similar, though not as extensive, survey was made during 1933 of the clay showings along the Mattagamj River. The samples obtained are being submitted to a thorough investigation. In one case a four-ton sample of a promising fire clay was secured, so that the Department can carry through their tests to the point of making plant runs of fire brick if and when it is deemed advisable.

The work done on these clays by the Foundation will shortly be described in a printed report and made generally available. It should be emphasized that

these results have been obtained with samples collected in the field, and that our technical conclusions have only a limited economic significance until more is known regarding the extent of these deposits.

In connection with the permeable pressing of ceramic mixtures tests of the firing properties of small discs, made according to methods described in a previous Report, were continued. A summary of this work was presented at the February meeting of the American Ceramic Society. During the year technique and apparatus have been developed to enable larger test-pieces to be made, and the research programme has included a detailed study of ceramic bodies used in the following industries: sewer pipe, chemical stoneware, electrical porcelain, glass-melting pots and semi-vitreous china.

Fuel—Towards the close of 1932 a detailed report of the work done on Northern Ontario lignite was presented to the Minister of Mines. After summarizing the geological, mining, processing and economic data then available the view was expressed that no large-scale commercial development of the deposit was justifiable at the time. It was recognized and shown that this conclusion might at any time be altered by a slight change in the economics of the sale of fuel in Northern Ontario, or by additional technical knowledge. The Foundation has recommended on these grounds a continued, modest expenditure on laboratory and semi-commercial research dealing with processing problems.

Particular attention has been devoted to a study of methods for the production of a flue-gas dried lignite, low in moisture and capable of being transported with safety to plants equipped with standard power-house equipment. The investigation commenced with a small static drier in which the general behaviour of raw lignite when exposed to hot gases could be studied. It is now at the stage when a semi-commercial rotary drier, designed and built by the Foundation (*see fig. 1*) is turning out relatively large throughputs of lignite containing less than 3 per cent. moisture. This fuel has many desirable characteristics, and is being thoroughly investigated.

Experiments on the moisture absorption by lignite, raw and in a processed condition, have disclosed the important fact that when the moisture content is reduced by processing from 50 per cent. to less than 12 per cent., this figure does not rise subsequently to above 22 per cent. even in a surrounding atmosphere of close to 100 per cent. relative humidity.

The economics of the distribution and sale of fuel in Northern Ontario are being followed by means of a monthly survey.

Gas—In the gas laboratory the rapid corrosion of domestic, hot-water, storage tanks has occupied the major part of the time. At present, the difficulties encountered in service can only be overcome by substituting relatively expensive tanks, made of special alloys, for the galvanized iron tank. In 1932 the factors governing the corrosion had been worked out, and during 1933 attention has been concentrated on potential remedies. We can now state that service trials in the laboratory have indicated two possible solutions, and in the near future we hope to see specimen tanks manufactured and installed under working conditions.

A comprehensive report has been made concerning the cokes available on the Toronto market. Chemical and physical surveys were succeeded by firing tests under controlled conditions. The report concluded with specific recommendations for the improvement of gas coke.

A refrigerator which is a modified form of the standard gas refrigerator has been developed. The principal modification has successfully overcome the formation of frost on the cooling unit, leading to more continuous and economical operation. It is possible also that the foodstuffs stored in such a refrigerator may retain their freshness for longer periods. The apparatus has been submitted to a rigid test in the laboratory, and we hope shortly to explore more fully its commercial possibilities.

The connections on gas meters are important devices. They must be gas-tight and easily demountable, qualities which are to some extent conflicting. The model now in use has been submitted to rigid and controlled tests. Certain improvements have been suggested, and a new design is under investigation.

The work in the gas laboratory has been supported for three years by the Consumers' Gas Company. It is a pleasure to acknowledge the constant co-operation of the officers of the Company, and also to state that owing to the generosity of the Directors, the results of these investigations have, up to the present, been made available to the gas industry throughout the world.

Geophysics—A preliminary geophysical survey of the iron ore outcroppings at Grand Rapids, Northern Ontario, was undertaken in 1931. The results were encouraging, and during the summer of 1933 this work was continued, on a co-operative basis, by the Dominion Observatory, Ottawa, the Provincial Department of Mines, and this Foundation. Intensive magnetometer and torsion balance surveys were made, and they both indicate the existence of a pronounced magnetic anomaly in the immediate neighbourhood of the outcroppings. The precise connection between the ore and the anomaly can only be determined by drilling operations and possibly the sinking of a shaft. One valuable result of the summer's work was a greater confidence in our ability to prospect successfully along the boundaries of the lignite deposits using the torsion balance.

We desire to acknowledge the generous co-operation of the Director of the Dominion Observatory who made this field work possible by placing at our disposal the services of Mr. Miller and his valuable geophysical apparatus.

General Chemistry—In the general chemical laboratory, the investigation of the reasons for the rapid tarnishing of gilt wallpaper has been energetically continued. The laboratory experiments suggested preventive measures, and these were put to the test by our securing the co-operation of one of the paper companies. Trial runs of a new type of wallpaper stock have been made with a considerable degree of success.

Steam distillation is a standard practice in the chemical industry, but it is only one possibility of many processes based on mixtures of partially or completely immiscible liquids. A commencement has been made in a fundamental study of this problem, and a number of liquid organic substances have been synthesized in the laboratory in preparation for this programme.

It is difficult to understand why more use has not been made of this Department by the industries of the Province. We have not thought it wise or necessary to enter the field of routine analytical chemistry, but there remains the broad field of research in chemistry. Within the Province there are scores of manufacturing organizations which have no technical or scientific staffs. Chemistry in one form or another is the basis of their manufacturing operations, and in no other field is there greater necessity for breadth of view and a willingness to keep abreast of scientific and technical progress. The returns to industry have been shown to be correspondingly great.

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Staff: DR. BARBOUR, DR. HANES, MR. HENRY, MR. JARVIS, DR. SKEY

Fermentation—During the year a Senior Fellow has been engaged in a co-operative research programme with one of the distilling companies. Our attention has been chiefly directed to a careful study of the production of industrial alcohol from molasses. The factors controlling the speed and degree of fermentation have been considered both from a qualitative and quantitative point of view. The essential, but moderate, changes necessary in the plant have been made to enable these factors to be under constant control. During the year a well equipped control laboratory was installed, and at the present time all necessary routine determinations are being made. A very gratifying and permanent improvement has been achieved in the yield of alcohol.

Later in the year the distilling operations of the plant were investigated with a view to improving the quality of refined spirit. As a result of this investigation the losses of alcohol in the slop have been reduced, and a much better grade of cologne spirit is now being produced.

Preliminary work has been in progress to improve the efficiency of grain fermentations along lines similar to those adopted in the industrial alcohol plant.

Leather—It is gratifying to be able to report that, during the year, we have established a close working relationship with several of the important leather manufacturing companies. This is the natural consequence of the earlier efforts to demonstrate to the industry what possibilities exist and we can now point to several months of combined effort which have produced valuable results in the plants of these companies. I shall mention briefly one or two of the problems which have been submitted to us.

Considerable loss frequently occurs in shoe factories on account of the checking of patent leather in the finish. This takes place usually either during or shortly after the lasting operation. The causes suggested by practical men are numerous, including over-severe lasting, inadequate control of mulling, and poor quality finish on the leather. Very often the operator can detect the cause and make the necessary adjustments, but sometimes it is due to an unseen defect in the leather or in the finish. In these cases the problem can only be solved by a thorough examination of the chemistry and microscopical structure of the leather and the coats of finish. In the case brought to our attention this line of attack was followed, defects were quickly recognized and appropriate remedies adopted.

Finished leather of various kinds frequently becomes disfigured in the store room by a white, soft film which gradually builds up in patches over the surface. This phenomena is known in the trade as "spew", of which there are several types. In one type the film is caused by an accumulation of solid fatty acids, mainly palmitic and stearic, which are white in colour. These may originate in the natural fat of the hide or in liquors used in the preparation of the finished leather. In the case we are considering the "spew" was eliminated by changing the formula of the fat-liquor.

A good deal of constructive effort has been put into the investigation of problems arising in the manufacture of patent leather. The Department is

now equipped to make our own finishes and to manufacture patent leather on a semi-commercial scale under controlled conditions. This equipment will enable a close study to be made of the factors which determine the quality of the final product.

On the fundamental side a start has been made in the publication of experimental results showing the distribution of fat in finished chrome leather.

Nutrition—The work on the feeding of saturated fatty acids, which was commenced in 1932, has been completed. It has been found that the saturated fatty acid content of experimental animals is proportional to the content of these acids in the dietary fat and not to its iodine value. There is also a threshold value for saturated fatty acids upon which increased quantities of saturated fat in the diet have no effect. There was no evidence of fat deposition in the livers. Arachidic acid, found in peanut oil, was only present in traces in the body fat of animals fed liberal quantities of the oil.

A comparative study has been made of four well-known methods for the measurement of the constant, known as the "iodine value". Each method was used on four different fats, and the results will shortly be published.

During the year improved facilities have been created in the Foundation for the biological estimation of Vitamins B, C, and D.

Plant Physiology—The work which has been done in the field of plant physiology concerns the carbohydrate and respiratory metabolism of plant tissues. In particular, certain problems connected with the processes of maturation and germination of the barley grain have been under investigation.

A considerable amount of time was spent in an attempt to elaborate a system of sugar analysis for the purpose of following the concentration of various sugars in the tissues of barley grains during maturation and germination. Since during the former process the starch reserves are being laid down in the endosperm, and during the latter, this reserve material is being drawn upon by the developing embryo, it is clear that a precise knowledge of the drifts in concentration of various simple sugars during these processes would be of importance in relation to the problem of starch synthesis. After a careful testing of various methods, a procedure was finally evolved by which it was possible, when working with pure sugars in solution, to determine with fair precision small amounts of glucose, fructose, maltose and cane sugar in mixtures. When this procedure was applied to tissue extracts, however, it was found to give unreliable results, owing to the interference of some unknown material in the extracts, and all attempts to free the preparations from the interfering substance have failed. For this reason it has not yet been possible to determine quantitatively the concentration levels of these sugars. Certain qualitative facts, however, were ascertained, namely, that during both maturation and germination maltose and sucrose are present in considerable amounts, glucose in lesser quantity and fructose in mere traces if at all.

A study was made of the progress of the respiration rate of barley grains during maturation. Certain interesting facts came to light in connection with this study. It was found that immature embryos, if removed from the seed coats of immature grains, proceeded to develop, rapid growth of roots and shoots taking place, whereas if left "in situ" within intact seed coats no development of the embryos could be induced. Experiments with immature grains of other cereal showed that the precocious development of the embryo on being removed from the seed coats is not peculiar to barley: in corn, for example, it was found that minute embryos taken from grains in the "milky"

stage could be induced to develop actively. The bearing of these observations on the problem of dormancy is clear. It would appear that the failure of the embryo to develop within the seed coat is to be explained on the basis of the carbon dioxide narcosis hypothesis of Kidd.

A study of the two components of the starch-splitting enzyme of barley is now in progress.

Agriculture—During the summer and autumn months an investigator was stationed in the Niagara fruit district and one in the mixed farming region lying between Schomberg and Bradford and west of Lake Simcoe. In both districts a beginning has been made in the investigation of problems which are the cause of serious financial losses to the farmers.

A great deal of sound scientific work has been and is being done in the Niagara district by other institutions. It is a well known fact, for example, that it is a happy hunting ground for the plant pathologist. The soils of the district are known, and the surface soils have been mapped. Much valuable work has been done in the breeding and testing of new varieties. In spite of this it can still be said that the forces available are inadequate, and each year very serious losses are encountered due to the ravages of disease. We are attempting to correlate accurately the relationship between one or two of the common diseases of fruit trees and (a) the variety of the tree, (b) the soil type and general characteristics of the soil within the area influencing the growth of the root system, and (c) the cultural practice followed in individual orchards. The justification for this line of attack is the readily observed phenomenon that in a district which is remarkably uniform and favourable in general climatic conditions there are surprising differences in the health of trees and the return they bring to the farmer.

Around Schomberg we have co-operated with the farmers in a preliminary survey of fields in which the oat crop was a partial or complete failure (*figs. 2 and 3*). It is unnecessary to enlarge on the part that oats play in the balanced economy of a typical Ontario farm. One can say with confidence that unless the problem is solved a radical change will have to be made in the rotation of crops on those farms which are affected. Last year we followed the changes in several fields. The young plants appeared green, healthy and normal. In June the older leaves began to turn red. Growth was stunted, and only a small percentage of plants produced any ripe heads. Weeds rapidly invaded the fields, and by the end of August they were a disappointing and desolate sight. In many cases the crop was not harvested.

The distribution of the condition has been roughly determined, and this distribution has been correlated with the soil types of the region. When the plants have become sickly in appearance the root system is infested with animal and plant parasites. The chemical composition of the particular soil presents certain problems. There may be an excess of certain chemicals and a deficiency of others. During 1934 we hope to analyse these observations more completely, and we are planning experiments in the field. This work has been made possible owing to the wholehearted co-operation of the farmers in this district. It is a pleasure to acknowledge the assistance we have received from the Department of Botany in the University of Toronto, and the Department of Soil Chemistry in the Ontario Agricultural College.

Agricultural Economics—During the year just expired we completed a historical survey of co-operative marketing of agricultural products in Ontario. This work involved the collecting of a great deal of material consisting of



Fig. 2—Field of diseased oats, 29 days after sowing, showing patchy distribution.



Fig. 3—Near view of same field showing plants with severe symptoms of seedling disease. The characteristic stunting and erect stiff habit of affected plants can be compared with the small clump of more healthy plants.

published documents and personal records which may be of great value to those who are interested in current efforts to develop successful marketing schemes.

A more detailed study has been commenced of the problems associated with the marketing of fruit grown in the Niagara district. During recent years the growing of grapes has increased, and the successful marketing of the crop both as fresh fruit to householders, and to the wine industry, now presents many problems.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERINARY SCIENCE

Staff: DR. HADWEN, DR. GWATKIN, MR. FALLIS

In previous Annual Reports, full accounts have been given of the experimental and field work in progress in this Department in connection with Bang's disease (bovine contagious abortion). This year brief reference will be made to the results obtained during the past twelve months.

The area plan which has been in operation in the Schomberg district was an experiment. No one could foretell the outcome, and there were many who doubted both the technical background of this work and the possibility of our securing the degree of co-operation from the farmers which is a prerequisite of success. It is one thing to vote for a resolution at a meeting, and to promise to join a movement. It is another matter to observe faithfully, over a long period, a set of rules and regulations which are irksome, and to accept financial losses, without wavering, in order to lay the foundations for future success. It is with very real pleasure that we make the following report concerning the area.

In the original district there are now 62 farmers and 15 small-holders. The number of cattle on these premises has increased from 655 to 797. At the close of the year there were no positive animals, and five suspicious cases were in isolation.

Animals entering the area are purchased subject to test, usually they come from clean herds, but in other cases they are quarantined for a definite period. The value of this rule is illustrated by the following example: A farmer who had sold for slaughter five reactors, purchased 18 animals subject to test. Five of these were positive and three suspicious, and they were all rejected. Movements of infected animals are taking place all over the Province, and the disease is constantly being revived in herds by the introduction of new strains of the specific organism.

In addition to the control of Bang's disease 29 farmers have co-operated with the area veterinarian in the eradication of tuberculosis from the herds. *No compensation has been paid to these farmers.* In all 45 farmers have herds which are free from both Bang's disease and tuberculosis.

During 1932, the original area was enlarged and there are now 74 farms in the extension on which there were, at the close of this year, 640 adult cattle. There are still 10 positive and 8 suspicious cattle on the farms. An example of a typical abortion wave is afforded by one farm on which there were 19 positive animals. In a very short period 17 of these aborted. The farmer

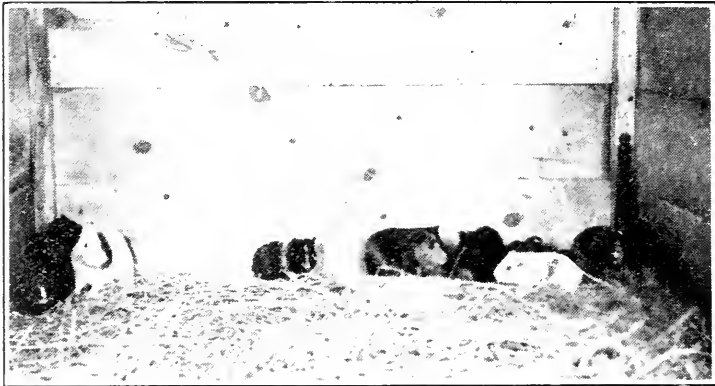
has sold 14 for slaughter and the remainder are isolated. He has since purchased a new herd of 14 negative animals.

Possibly owing to the fact that the same educational work had not been done in this part of the area before the plan was launched, there have been a few infractions of the rules. Fortunately the cases are known. One farmer has been suspended from the group, and in two other cases steps were immediately taken to remove positive animals which had been introduced.

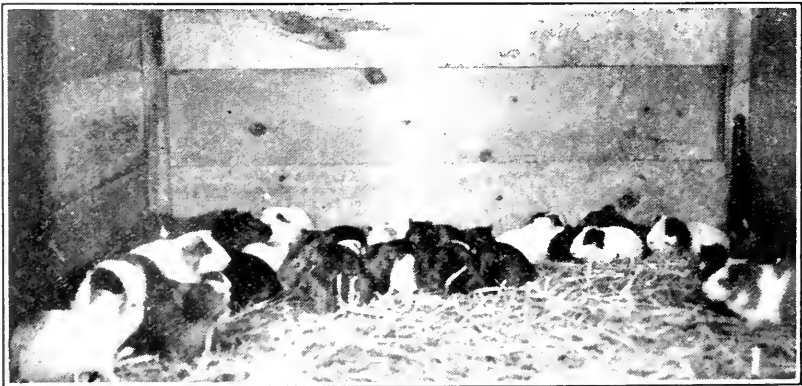
We are continuing work similar to the above on six farms associated with institutions under the Provincial Department of Health. In a very short time we hope to have clean herds, and this result will be largely due to the enthusiastic support given to the plan by Dr. B. T. McGhie, the Deputy Minister of Health, Mr. Robert Beatty, Mr. Beardall of this Department, and the Superintendents and farm managers at the Institutions.

The experimental work in connection with Bang's disease has continued. In our last report mention was made of encouraging results which had been obtained in the prevention of infection in guinea-pigs by previous injections of serum from infected guinea-pigs. An attempt was then made to produce

Fig. 4—Effect of Brucella Abortus on breeding as shown in guinea-pigs.



(a) *Infected group, in which there were 6 guinea-pigs in April 1933, increased to 9 by January 1934.*



(b) *Uninfected group, in which there were 6 guinea-pigs in April 1933, increased to 44 by January 1934.*

in the cow a serum which would have similar and intensified protective qualities. The serum obtained from three animals in which repeated injections of culture had been made was less protective than some obtained from naturally infected cows. The serum of a cow which had ceased to react to the agglutination test showed no specific protective action, although it delayed the development of agglutinins in infected guinea-pigs. None of the cow sera used had any curative effect on guinea-pigs in which infection had been already established. In view of these encouraging but variable results, an unsuccessful attempt was made to concentrate the serum.

To illustrate the effect of *Brucella abortus* on breeding, an experiment was conducted on guinea-pigs (see Fig. 4). Two groups of animals, each consisting of 1 male and 5 females, were placed in separate pens. At the conclusion of the experiment group (a), which was infected, had increased from 6 to 9, whereas over the same period and under the same conditions the uninfected group (b) increased from 6 to 44 animals.

Parasitology—During the year a commencement has been made in the formation of a collection of the parasites found on and in both domesticated animals and the fishes, birds and animals which are found wild in Ontario. This will take many years to complete because, so far, little work has been done along these lines in this Province. The securing of the specimens is followed by identification whenever possible. During the year, every carcass which was examined showed parasitic infestation. This type of work is the starting point for research dealing more directly with economic problems. In the first place, several of the parasites found had not been observed previously, and their influence on the general health of the pest is unknown. In many cases there are large gaps in our knowledge of the life history of the parasite, and consequently preventive measures cannot as yet be placed on a scientific basis.

During the winter months laboratory work was undertaken. The life history of an echinostome found in geese was checked and additional facts recorded. A new species of trematode of the genus *Alaria* was discovered in a dog. The effect of temperature on the rate of germination of the eggs of the parasite was observed. During these experiments, the morphology of the developing embryo was recorded. The adult form has been described in co-operation with Dr. La Rue of the University of Michigan.

It is with pleasure that we express our thanks to the Ontario Fisheries Research Laboratory, the Ontario Experimental Fur Farm, the Department of Game and Fisheries, and the Health of Animals Branch of the Federal Department of Agriculture for their generous co-operation in facilitating the collection and study of parasites.

Pathology—Observations have been made in the colour changes in the fur of the snowshoe rabbit, *Lepus Americanus virginianus*. Seasonal changes in the skin from prime to unprime were followed. The colour pattern of the coat is due to the production of several pigments in the hair roots. The white coat of the hare in winter is due to the disappearance of pigment in the brown hairs and not to the growth of new white hairs. These changes have been more clearly demonstrated experimentally.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

Faithfully yours,

H. B. SPEAKMAN,

Director.

Appendix A

ADVISORY COUNCIL

Chairman: Sir Joseph Fiavelle, Bart.

Vice-Chairman: E. Holt Gurney, Esq.

Advisory Council:

W. J. Bell, Esq., B.S.A.	Principal, Kemptville Agricultural School, Kemptville, Ontario.
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N. E. Bolton, Esq	Research Department, T. Eaton Co., Ltd., Toronto.
Thomas Bradshaw, Esq	President, North American Life Assurance Co., Toronto.
H. H. Champ, Esq.	Vice-President, The Steel Company of Canada, Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.
G. I. Christie, Esq., B.S.A., D.Sc.	President, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.
A. L. Clark, Esq., B.Sc., Ph.D	Dean, Faculty of Applied Science, Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario.
Elmer Davis, Esq	Vice-President, A. Davis & Son, Ltd., Kingston, Ontario.
R. C. Dearle, Esq., M.A., Ph.D.	Professor of Physics, University of Western Ontario, London, Ontario.
W. A. Dryden, Esq	Stock-breeder, Maple Shade Farm, Brooklin, Ontario.
Kenneth J. Dunstan, Esq	The Bell Telephone Company of Canada, 76 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.
J. G. FitzGerald, Esq., M.D.	Director, School of Hygiene and Connaught Laboratories, University of Toronto.
R. M. Jenkins, Esq., V.S.	Manager, Don-Alda Farm, Donlands, Ontario.
Louis Lang, Esq	President, Lang Tanning Co., Ltd., Kitchener, Ontario.
G. C. McEwen, Esq	Vice-President and General Manager, Imperial Varnish & Colour Co., Ltd., 6 Morse St. Toronto.
Robert McEwen, Esq	Stock-breeder, Alloway Lodge Stock Farm, Byron, Ontario.
George McLaughlin, Esq.	Box 235, Oshawa, Ontario.

J. Stanley McLean, Esq.	President, Canada Packers, Limited. Toronto.
J. C. McLennan, Esq., O.B.E. Ph.D., F.R.S.	Professor Emeritus of Physics, Uni- versity of Toronto.
Humfrey Michell, Esq., M.A.	Professor of Political Economy, Mc- Master University, Hamilton.
Robert Miller, Esq.	Stock-breeder, Stouffville, Ontario.
W. Lash Miller, Esq., B.A., Ph.D.	Professor of Physical Chemistry, University of Toronto.
Paul J. Myler, Esq.	President, Canadian Westinghouse Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.
T. A. Russell, Esq., LL.D.	President, Massey-Harris Co., Ltd. Toronto.

ADVISORY RESEARCH COMMITTEES:

Contagious Abortion in Cattle—Committee of Enquiry

Chairman:

T. A. Russell, LL.D.	President, Massey-Harris Co., Ltd., Toronto.
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Vice-Chairman:

Geo. W. McLaughlin	Stock-breeder, Oshawa, Ontario.
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Secretary:

Ronald Gwatkin, D.V.Sc.	Fellow in Veterinary Research, Onta- rio Research Foundation; Bacteriologist, Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph.
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G. I. Christie, Esq., B.S.A., D.Sc.	President, Ontario Agricultural Col- lege, Guelph.
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J. G. FitzGerald, M.D., LL.D.	Director, School of Hygiene, Uni- versity of Toronto.
D. T. Fraser, M.C., B.A., M.B.	Professor of Hygiene and Preventive Medicine, University of Toronto
Seymour Hadwen, D.V.Sc.	Director of Veterinary Research, Onta- rio Research Foundation.
Oskar Klotz, M.B., M.D., C.M.	Professor of Pathology and Bacteri- ology, University of Toronto.
C. D. McGilvray, V.S., M.D.V., D.V.Sc.	Principal, Ontario Veterinary Col- lege.
E. A. Watson, V.S.	Chief Animal Pathologist, Health of Animals Branch, Ottawa.

Contagious Abortion in Cattle—Provincial Hospitals Committee:

F. G. Beardall	Provincial Secretary's Department.
Robt. Beatty	Director of Government Farms, On- tario Reformatory, Guelph.

Ronald Gwatkin, D.V.Sc.	Fellow in Veterinary Research. Ontario Research Foundation.
Seymour Hadwen, D.V.Sci	Director of Veterinary Research, Ontario Research Foundation.
B. T. McGhie, M.D.	Chief Director of Hospital Services.
H. B. Speakman, D.Sc	Director, Ontario Research Foundation.

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W. S. Dyer, Ph.D	Geologist, Department of Mines, Ontario.
O. W. Ellis, M.Sc	Director of Metallurgical Research, Ontario Research Foundation.
T. W. Gibson	Deputy Minister of Mines, Ontario.
J. R. Gordon, B.Sc	Fellow in Metallurgical Research, Ontario Research Foundation.
Ralph Skelton, B.Sc	Secretary, Ontario Research Foundation.
H. B. Speakman, D.Sc	Director, Ontario Research Foundation.
T. F. Sutherland, M.E.	Acting Deputy Minister of Mines, Ontario.
Cyril Tasker, M.Sc	Research Fellow in Fuels, Ontario Research Foundation.
A. E. R. Westman, Ph.D	Director of Chemical Research, Ontario Research Foundation.

Appendix B

ONTARIO RESEARCH FOUNDATION STAFF

DECEMBER 31ST, 1933

Director: H. B. SPEAKMAN, D.Sc. (Manc.).

Secretary: RALPH SKELTON, B.Sc. (McGill).

Assistant to the Secretary: MISS MARGHERITA LOMBARDO.

Librarian: MISS MAYNARD GRANGE.

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Research Fellow: N. GOODIER, Ph.D. (Cantab.), Sc.D. (Mich.).

Instrument Maker: J. F. LOW.

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Secretary: MISS MARJORIE MACPHERSON.
Research Fellow: O. J. SCHIERHOLTZ, B.A.Sc. (Tor.).
Research Fellow: CYRIL TASKER, M.Sc.Tech. (Manc.).
Research Fellow: J. E. MACONACHIE, M.A. (Tor.).
Research Fellow: G. A. REVELL, B.Sc. (Queen's).
Research Fellow: T. J. WRIGHT, M.A. (Tor.).

DEPARTMENT OF TEXTILE RESEARCH

Director: A. C. GOODINGS, M.A., Ph.D., (Leeds.)
Research Fellow: R. O. HALL, Ph.D. (Leeds).
Research Fellow: ARNOLD WOOLLER, M.Sc.Tech. (Manc.).
Research Fellow: C. E. COKE, M.Sc. (Man.); M.A. (Tor.).
Assistant: FRANK BISHOP.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERINARY SCIENCE

Director: SEYMOUR HADWEN, D.V.Sci. (McGill), F.R.S.C.
Secretary: MISS RUTH MACKENZIE.
Research Fellow: RONALD GWATKIN, V.S., D.V.Sc.
Research Fellow: A. M. FALLIS, B.A., (Tor.).
Area Veterinarian: A. H. MACLEOD, V.S.
Animal Keeper: J. E. PRITCHARD.

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

Director: H. B. SPEAKMAN, D.Sc (Manc.).
Secretary: MISS SUZETTE TROOP.
Research Fellow: T. D. JARVIS, B.S.A. (Tor.)
Research Fellow: A. D. BARBOUR, B.A.Sc., M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.).
Research Fellow: W. C. HENRY, B.A. (Tor.).
Research Fellow: C. S. HANES, B.A. (Tor), Ph.D. (Cantab.).
Research Fellow: B. P. SKEY, A.E. (Prague), M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.).
Artist: MISS MARGARET CLARKE.

EXTRA MURAL FELLOWSHIP

T. H. JUKES, B.Sc.A. (Tor.), Department of Biochemistry, University of Toronto.

Appendix C

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS TO DECEMBER 31ST, 1933

BARBOUR, A. D.

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and McDOWELL, J. SPOTTS.

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*A limited number of those reprints marked with an asterisk are still available and may be obtained on application to the Librarian.

APPENDIX D

ONTARIO RESEARCH FOUNDATION

EXHIBIT "A"

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1933

ASSETS

*Cash in Bank and on Hand:**In Canadian Bank of Commerce:*

Trust Bank Account \$90,292.38

Operating Bank Account 20,929.94

Petty Cash

\$ 111,222.32
43.14*Total Cash*

\$ 111,265.46

Investments—at cost:

Canadian Trustee Bonds 3,048,381.70

Canadian Public Utility Bonds 139,470.27

Realty Bonds 78,187.18

Bonds of the British Empire outside Canada 83,111.35

Foreign Government Bonds 19,248.20

Miscellaneous Bonds 21,648.30

3,390,047.00

Accrued Interest thereon to Dec. 31, 1933 45,733.13

Total Investments

\$ 3,435,780.13

Accounts Receivable:

Sundry Accounts Receivable 3,741.57

LESS Reserve 1,247.36

2,494.21

Advances

200.00

Stores and Containers

8,201.66

Prepaid Insurance

955.63

Structural Alterations and Additions

6,555.81

Apparatus and Instruments

8,634.40

Office Furniture and Fixtures

2,405.27

Library

7,949.67

25,545.15

\$ 3,584,442.24

LIABILITIES, RESERVES AND SURPLUS

Accounts Payable		\$	560.51
<i>Reserves:</i>			
Reserve provided for depreciation in value of Securities	\$	180,000.00	
<i>Reserves for Replacement of Equipment:</i>			
Structural Alterations and Additions	\$	9,958.46	
Apparatus & Instruments		22,950.81	
Office Furniture & Fixtures		2,587.54	
Library		3,338.98	
			38,835.79
<i>Total Reserves</i>			\$ 218,835.79
Total Subscriptions	\$	3,726,670.00	
<i>LESS Subscriptions Unpaid:</i>			
Not Due	\$	221,810.00	
Overdue		141,810.00	
			363,620.00
Subscriptions Paid			\$ 3,363,050.00
Income Surplus			1,995.94
			<u>\$ 3,584,442.24</u>

Signed on behalf of Ontario Research Foundation.
 RALPH SKELTON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

I have audited the books and accounts of Ontario Research Foundation for the year ended December 31st, 1933, and I have received all the information and explanations I have required and I certify that the above Balance Sheet is, in my opinion and subject to my Report, a true and correct view of the affairs of Ontario Research Foundation as at December 31, 1933, according to the information and explanations given me and as shown by the books of account.

January 30, 1934.

A. ELLIOTT ALLEN, C.A.
 Of Allen, Miles & Fox,
Chartered Accountants.

EXHIBIT "B"

ONTARIO RESEARCH FOUNDATION
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT
FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1933

INCOME

Balance at January 1, 1933		\$	806.86
<i>Bond Interest:</i>			
Received	\$124,123.49		
Accrued	45,733.13		
	\$169,856.62		
U. S. Premiums		5,549.17	
Bank Interest		2,268.58	
<i>Researches:</i>			
For Industrial Corporation	18,311.23		
For Government Departments	20,364.19		
	38,675.42		
Discount Taken		86.16	
Sterling Exchange		49.36	
	216,485.31		
Gain on Securities Sold		14,444.93	
	230,930.24		
		\$231,737.10	

EXPENDITURE

<i>Salaries:</i>			
Laboratory Salaries	84,410.53		
Other Salaries	26,058.72		
	110,469.25		
<i>Laboratory Expense:</i>			
Chemicals	838.21		
Apparatus	1,783.33		
Other Supplies	3,062.69		
Travelling	3,591.45		
Sundry	3,205.58		
Special Grants	2,966.54		
	15,447.80		
<i>General Expense:</i>			
Bank Charges	245.16		
Brokers' Charges	61.03		
Fuel	2,224.02		
Gas and Water	648.89		
General Expense	5,098.32		
Insurance	715.79		
Light and Power	1,169.10		
Office Expense	962.16		
Postage and Excise	338.52		
Repairs to Buildings	172.99		
Staff Annuity Acc't	1,699.68		

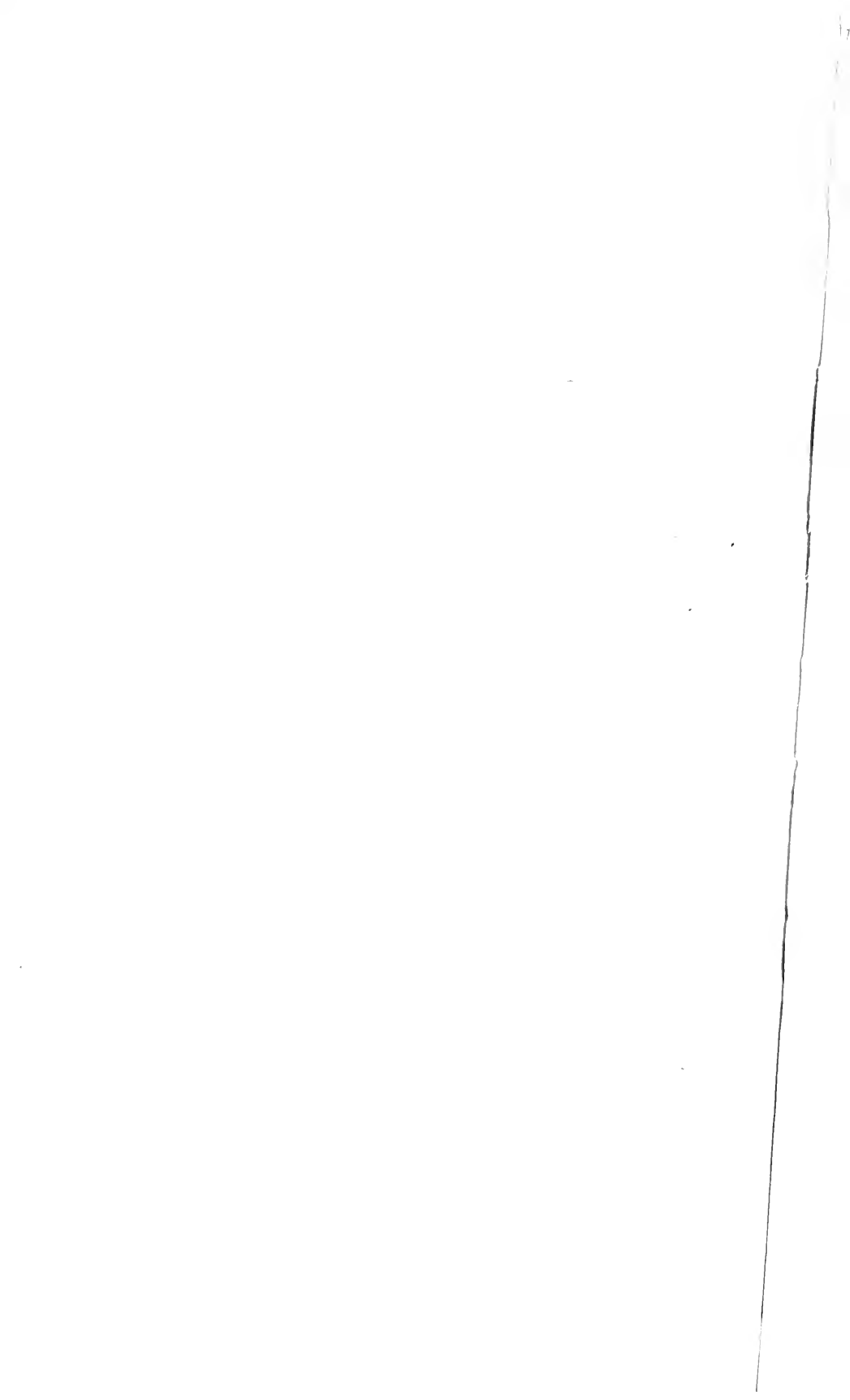
Telephone And			
Telegraph	869.11		
Travelling	1,063.28		
	<u> </u>	15,268.05	
		<u> </u>	141,185.10

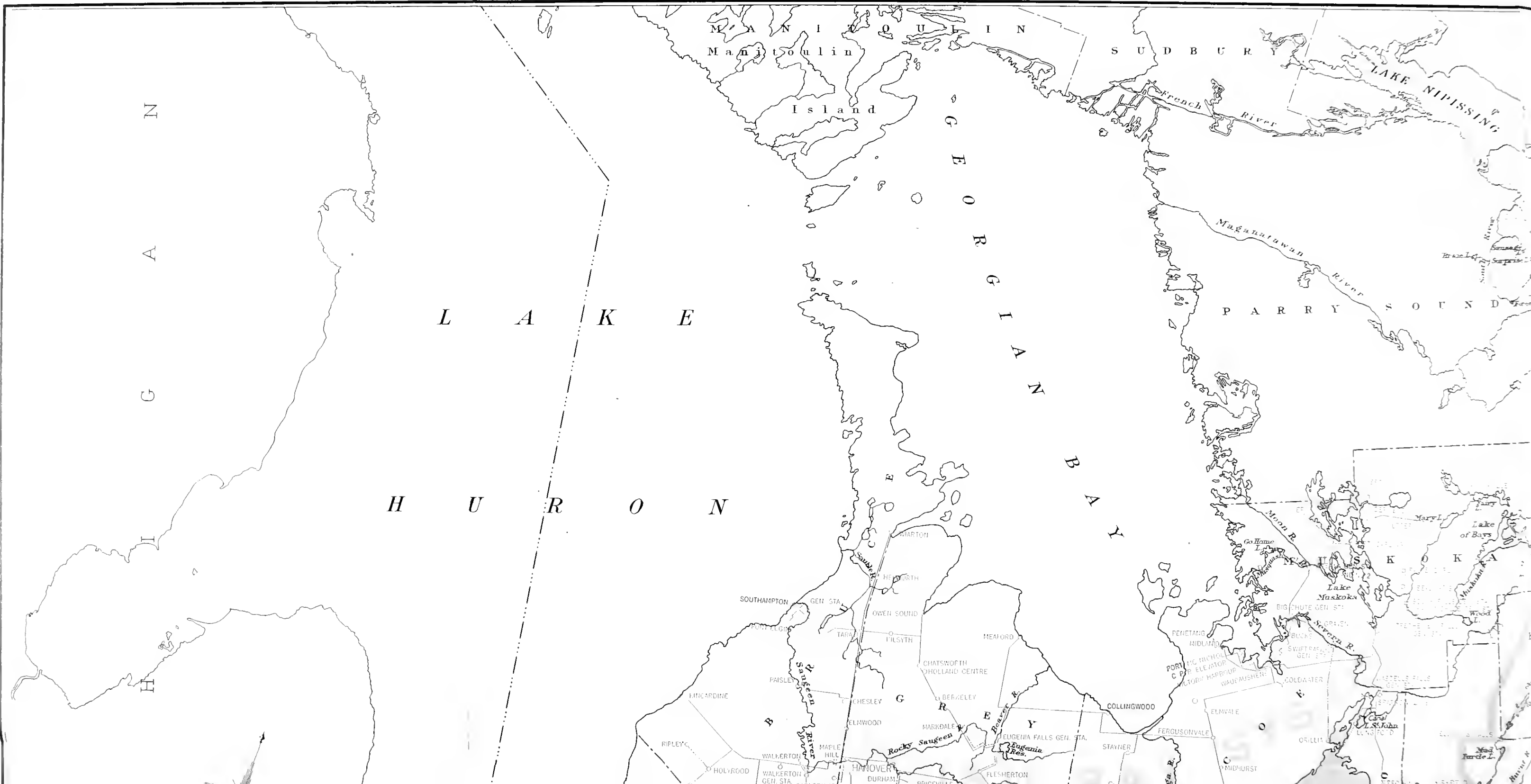
Depreciation:

On Structural Alterations	2,150.81		
On Apparatus and Instruments	6,218.72		
On Furniture and Fixtures	648.01		
On Library	1,054.61		
On Securities	75,983.91		
On Accounts Receivable	2,500.00		
	<u> </u>	88,556.06	
		<u> </u>	229,741.16

INCOME SURPLUS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1933		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
			\$ 1,995.94

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Manitowlin Island

Island

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L A K E N I P I S S I N G

French River

Maganatawan River

P A R R Y S O U N D

Moon R.

Lake Muskoka

Swan R.

Switz R.

Switz R.

Switz R.

Switz R.

Switz R.

SOUTHAMPTON

GEN. STA.

OWEN SOUND

TARA

FILSYTH

CHESLEY

ELMWOOD

MAPLE HILL

WALKERTON

GEN. STA.

WALKERTON

HILCARDINE

PAISLEY

RIPLEY

HOLYROOD

WALKERTON

WARTON

HEWORTH

OWEN SOUND

TARA

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CHESLEY

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MEAFORD

CHATSWORTH

HOLLAND CENTRE

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MARKDALE

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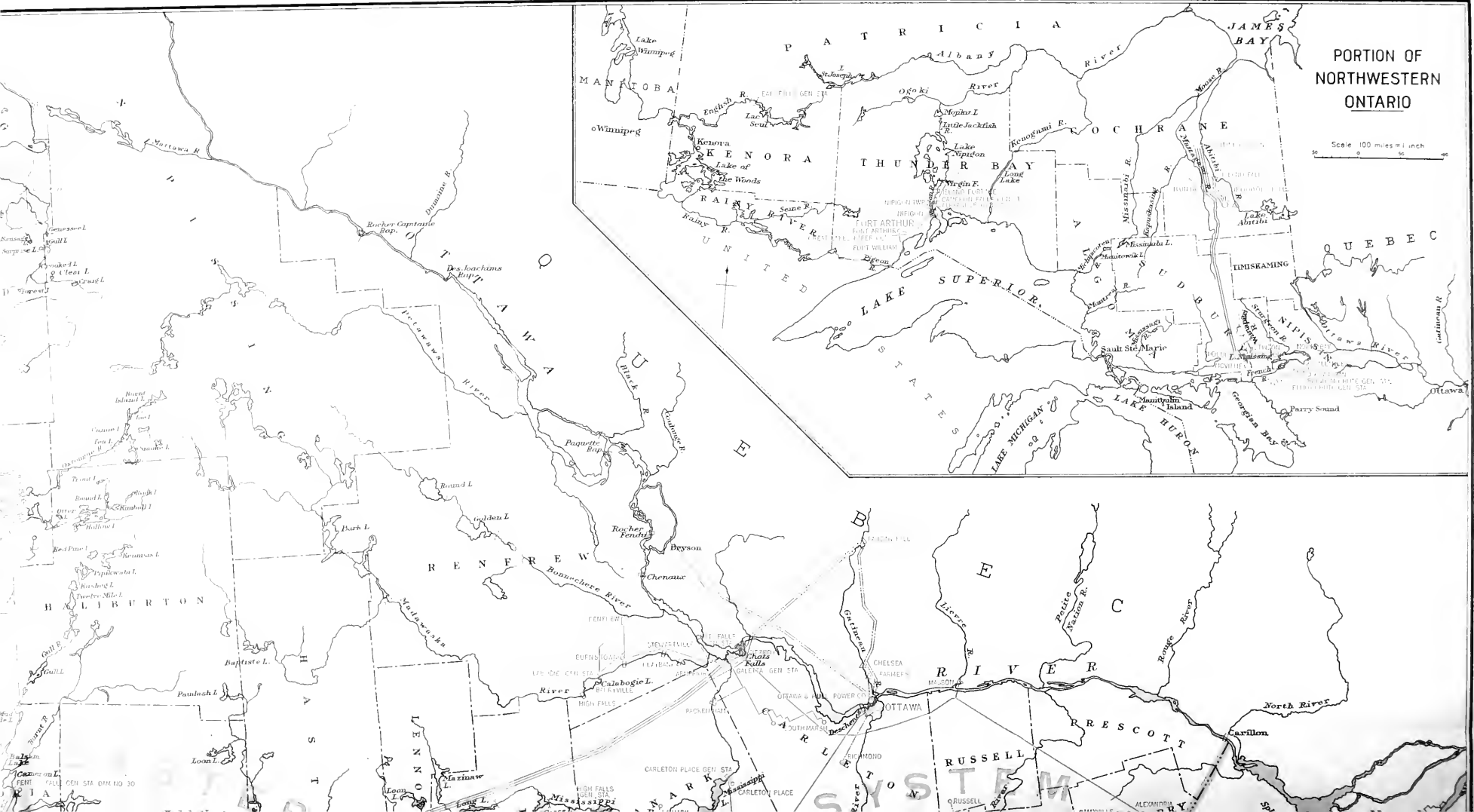
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PORTION OF
NORTHWESTERN
ONTARIO

Scale 100 miles = 1 inch





C

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Detroit

LAKE ST. CLAIR

COMET

Pelce I.

L A K E E R I E

Buffalo

L A K E

LAKE SIMCOE

VICTORIA

DURHAM

DUFFERIN

HURON

PERTH

WATERLOO

YORK

WELLINGTON

MIDDLESEX

BRANT

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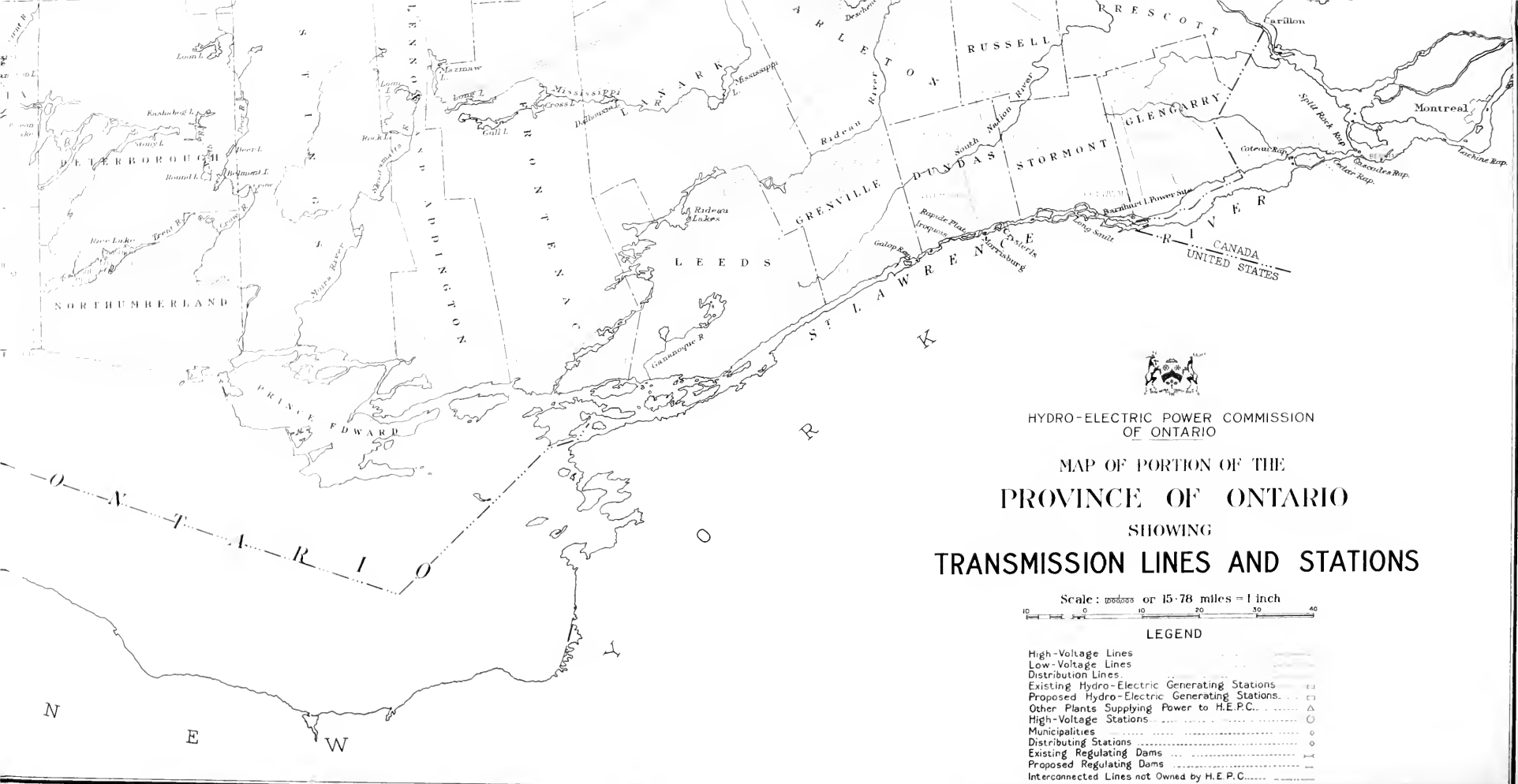
WELLINGTON

YORK

HALDIMAND

NORFOLK

WELLAND



HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION
OF ONTARIO

MAP OF PORTION OF THE
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO
SHOWING
TRANSMISSION LINES AND STATIONS

Scale: 1:125,000 or 15.78 miles = 1 inch

LEGEND

- High-Voltage Lines
- Low-Voltage Lines
- Distribution Lines
- Existing Hydro-Electric Generating Stations
- Proposed Hydro-Electric Generating Stations
- Other Plants Supplying Power to H.E.P.C.
- High-Voltage Stations
- Municipalities
- Distributing Stations
- Existing Regulating Dams
- Proposed Regulating Dams
- Interconnected Lines not Owned by H.E.P.C.

INSERT
D-O-U-T
R MAP
HERE!

