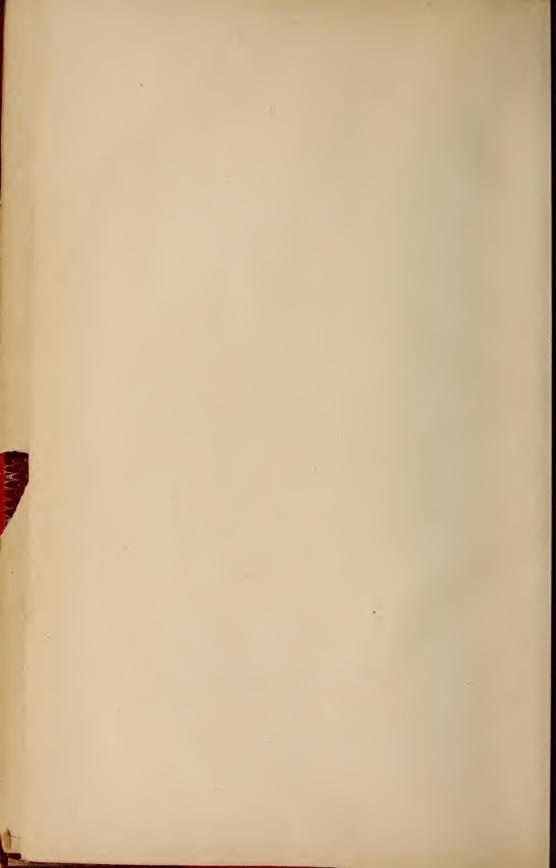


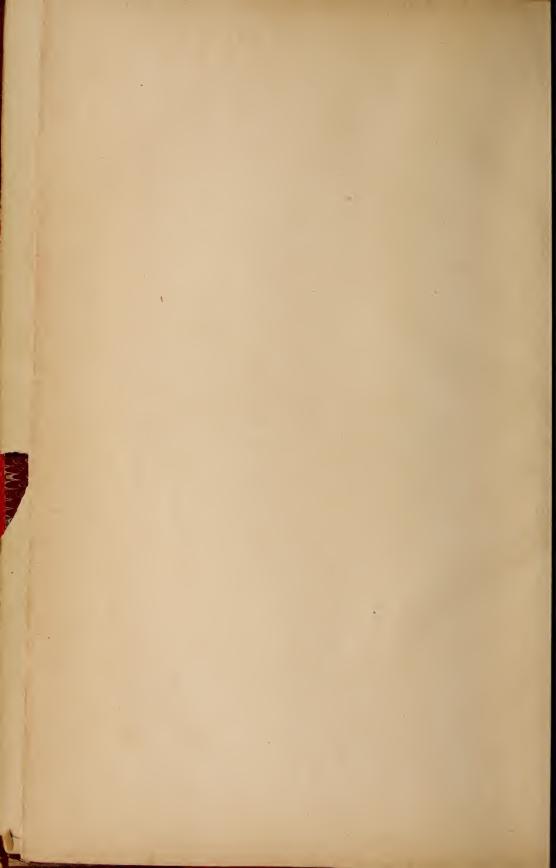
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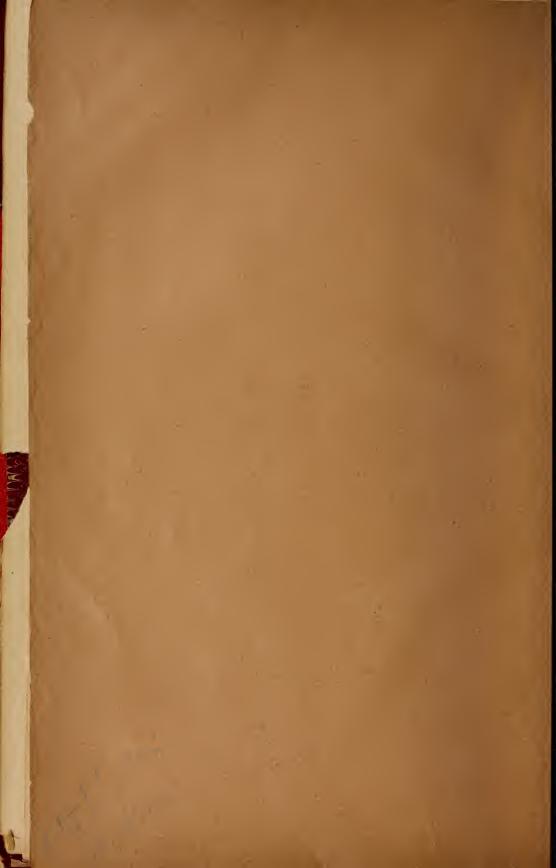


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Nathan the Mise.



A DRAMATIC POEM IN FIVE ACTS.

Introite, nam et heic Dii sunt. Apud Gellium.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN

OF

E. LESSING.

Staning 1

44031

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1894.

PERSONS.

SULTAN SALADIN.

SITTAH, - - - - - - - his sister. NATHAN, - - - - - - a rich Jew at Jerusalem. RECHA, - - - - - - - his adopted daughter. DAYA, - - a Christian woman living in Nathan's house as companion to Recha. A YOUNG TEMPLAR.

A DERVISH.

THE PATRIARCH OF JERUSALEM.

A LAY-BROTHER.

AN EMIR AND SEVERAL OF SALADIN'S MAMELUKES.

THE SCENE IS AT JERUSALEM.

ACT FIRST.

SCENE I.

Entrance-hall in NATHAN'S house. NATHAN returning from a journey. DAYA coming to meet him.

DAYA,

'Tis he himself! 'tis Nathan!—God be praised, For ever praised, that you have come at last!

NATHAN.

Yes, Daya, God be praised ! But why at last? Had I the wish to hasten my return ? Could I have done so? For Jerusalem Is full two hundred miles from Babylon For one who is forced, as I have been, to turn Often to right and left upon the way; And gathering in old debts is not a task That's soon despatched.

DAYA.

O Nathan, at this hour A wretched, wretched man you might have been! Your house. . .

NATHAN.

Has been in flames. So much I heard.— God grant there's nothing more!

DAYA.

It might have been

Burnt to the ground.

NATHAN.

Then, Daya, we could build

Another, and a better one.

DAYA. 'Tis true !---

But Recha by a hair's breadth would have been Burnt with it.

NATHAN.

Burnt? my Recha? is it she You mean?—I had not heard that.—So should I Have needed no house more!—By a hair's breadth My Recha burnt!—Ha! and she is, perhaps, Is indeed burnt!—Speak out!—Kill me at once, And do not torture me.—Yes, she is burnt.

DAYA.

Would you have had such tidings from my lips If it were so?

NATHAN.

Why terrify me then ?—

O Recha! my Recha!

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DAYA.

Yours? your Recha?

NATHAN.

How

Could I ever cease to call this child my child !

DAYA.

And do you call all you possess your own With as much right only ?

NATHAN.

Nothing with greater right!

All I possess beside has been bestowed • By nature and by chance. But this I owe To virtue.

DAYA.

What a price you ask of me

In payment for your kindness! If, indeed, What has been done for such an end may bear The name of kindness!

NATHAN.

Such an end? What end?

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DAYA.

My conscience . . .

NATHAN.

Daya, let me tell you first . . .

DAYA.

I say, my conscience . . .

NATHAN.

What I bought for you

At Babylon, a stuff so beautiful,

So rich! For Recha even I have scarce

A gift more costly.

DAYA.

What is that to me?

My conscience, I must tell you once for all, No longer will be stifled.

NATHAN.

How the chain,

The ear-drops, and the ring I chose for you While at Damascus will delight you too, I long to see.

DAYA.

Always the same! Content If you can only give! can only give!

NATHAN.

Do you take gladly, even as I give;— And still keep silence !

DAYA.

Nathan, who can doubt

That you are upright, generous? And yet . . .

NATHAN.

Yet after all I am a Jew.—Is that What you meant to say?

DAYA.

What I meant to say you know

Far better.

NATHAN.

Then keep silence !

DAYA.

Be it so !

If what is evil in the sight of God Is done here, and I cannot hinder it Nor change it—cannot—let it be on you !

NATHAN.

On me alone !---But Recha, where is she ?---Daya, if you deceive me ! . . . Does she know That I am here ?

DAYA.

That I would ask of you!

Still quivers every nerve with terror; still Fancy paints fire on all she looks upon. Her soul wakes when she sleeps, sleeps when she wakes:

Now less than brute, now more than angel seems.

NATHAN.

Poor child! What are we men!

DAYA.

This morning, long

She lay with eyes fast closed as if in death. Then sudden starting up, she cried aloud : "Hark! hark! my father's camels come! I hear His own kind voice!"—Her eyes grew dim, her arm Sank powerless, and her head fell back again Upon her pillow.—To the gates I ran ! And see! you come, you come indeed! It was A miracle! Her whole soul had gone forth To be with you—and him.

NATHAN.

And him?

DAYA.

With him

Who saved her from the flames.

NATHAN.

Who was it? who?

Who saved my Recha?

DAYA.

A young Templar, brought A captive to this place not long before, And spared by Saladin.

NATHAN.

A Templar spared

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By Saladin? Could not a miracle Less great save Recha?

DAYA.

But for him who staked A second time what he so regained, she would Have perished.

NATHAN.

Lead me to this noble man!— Where is he, Daya, where? You gave him all The treasure I had left with you? gave all? And promised more? much more?

DAYA.

How could we?

NATHAN.

Then

You did not? did not?

DAYA.

None knew whence he came Nor where he went. Led by his ear alone,

His mantle spread before, through flame and smoke He pressed where the voice called to us for help. We thought him lost already when at once He stood before us, out of smoke and flame Bearing her in his strong arms high upheld. Cold and unmoved by our loud clamorous thanks He put his burden down, and in the crowd He vanished.

NATHAN.

Not for ever, let me hope!

DAYA.

Under the palm-trees there we saw him pass A few days later, walking back and forth Beside the grave of Him who rose again. Joyful I hastened to him, offered all, Thanked him, entreated him but once to see The gentle creature who could find no rest Till she had wept out at his feet her tears Of gratitude. In vain! He was as one Deaf to our prayers, and heaped on me such words Of bitter mockery...

NATHAN.

That in dismay

You left him ?

DAYA.

Only to return again Day after day, and be received with scorn. What have I not endured ! what would I not Endure still from him !—But it has been long Since last he came to walk beneath the palms That shade the grave of our risen Lord, And none knows where he is.—You seem amazed And lost in thought?

NATHAN.

I did but ask myself How on a mind like Recha's it has worked To be despised by one she must esteem Most noble; to be thrust away, and yet So drawn to him.—How long must heart and head Together strive, till either hate or grief Had conquered! Yet how oft in such a strife Does neither conquer, and quick Fancy comes To mingle in the conflict and lead forth The dreamer, the enthusiast, in whom The head now overcomes the heart, and now The heart the head.—O pitiful exchange!— If she is what I think her, 'tis this last That has befallen Recha.

DAYA.

So gentle!

But so good,

NATHAN.

A visionary still!

DAYA.

One-whim,

If you will have it so, is dear to her Above the rest. Her Templar was no man, No dweller upon earth; an angel, one To whose peculiar care even as a child She loved to think herself intrusted, left The cloud that had concealed him, hovered near Amid the flames, and took on him at last The semblance of a Templar.—Do not smile !— Who knows? it may have been! Or if you smile, Do not at least awake her from a dream That Christian, Jew, and Mussulman unite In cherishing;—how sweet a dream !

NATHAN.

To me

Sweet also !-Go to her, good Daya; see What she's about, if I may speak to her.---Then let me seek for him at once, this strange Capricious angel. If it please him yet To wander here below and play so ill His knightly part, I shall soon find him out And bring him to her.

DAYA.

It is no light task

That you have undertaken.

NATHAN.

The sweet dream

To a far sweeter waking will give place.— For trust me, Daya, to the heart of man 4 A fellow-man must ever be more dear Than any angel.—So you will not chide, Will not be angry with me when you see Our angel-dreamer healed ?

DAYA.

How kind you are!

Yet at the same time how unkind !—I'll go ! But hark ! but see !—She comes to you herself.

SCENE II.

RECHA and the preceding.

RECHA.

Is it you my father, you indeed? and not Only a part of you? I thought you had But sent your voice before. What mountains now, What streams, what deserts part us? Once again

Under the same roof, and you do not haste To meet your Recha, your poor Recha, who Was almost, almost burnt to death! Not quite, But almost. Do not shudder! Yet it is A fearful thing to burn to death.

NATHAN.

My child!

My own dear child!

RECHA.

What rivers you have crossed, Euphrates, Tigris, Jordan,—who can tell How many more beside?—And oh, how oft I've trembled for you, till the fire came So near me! Since the fire came so near, To die by drowning only seems to me Relief, refreshment, rescue.—But you are Not drowned; I am not burnt. O how we shall Rejoice together and praise God! He bore You and your bark across the treacherous stream Upon the wings of angels, though to you Invisible. And He it was who sent My angel to me, bade him visibly On his white pinions bear me through the flames...

NATHAN.

(White pinions ! yes, the mantle spread before The Templar.)

RECHA.

Visibly he bore me through The flames, by his broad pinions fanned aside.— I too have seen an angel; I have seen My angel face to face.

II

NATHAN.

Recha would be

Worthy of such a vision, and would see Nothing in him more fair than he in her.

RECHA (smilir g).

Whom do you flatter now, my father? whon? The angel or yourself?

NATHAN.

Yet had it been

A man—such a man as nature daily forms— Who rendered you this service, in your sight He must have been an angel; must and would.

RECHA.

Not such an angel, no! surely he was A real one !—For have not you yourself Taught me there may be angels, and that God For those who love Him can work miracles ? I love Him.

NATHAN.

And He loves you too, and works For you and such as you each day, each hour Fresh miracles: yes, from eternity Has done so.

RECHA.

How I like to hear that!

NATHAN.

What,

Because it sounds so natural to say A Templar rescued you, is it the less A miracle? The greatest miracle Is that a true, a real miracle Can be, should be so natural a thing. But for this universal miracle A thinking mind would hardly ever call

By such a name what none but children must So call, who only follow after what Is newest, only gape with wonder at The unaccustomed.

DAYA (to NATHAN).

Will you now confuse

Still more by subtleties like these a brain Already overwrought?

NATHAN.

Leave that to me!— Would not my Recha think it miracle Enough to have been rescued by a man Who himself by no common miracle Had first been rescued? For who heard before That Sultan Saladin had ever spared A Templar? that a Templar ever asked That he would spare him? hoped for it? could give More than his leathern sword-belt in return For freedom, and at most his dagger?

RECHA.

This,

My father, this but proves that he was not A Templar; that he only seemed to be.— No Templar to Jerusalem is brought Except to meet with certain death; and none Was ever in Jerusalem so free To come and go: how then could such a one Have rescued me at night?

NATHAN.

She reasons well !--

Now, Daya, speak ! It was from you I heard That he was brought a captive to this place. Doubtless you know more.

DAYA .

So 'tis said indeed;— But 'tis said also he was spared because He was so like the Sultan's brother, one Most dearly loved. And yet for twenty years This brother has been dead,—I was not told His name, nor where he died—and the whole tale Is so incredible it must be false.

NATHAN.

Why Daya, what is there in this that's so Incredible? It cannot be—yet may--You would reject it to believe what's more Incredible? Why could not Saladin, Whose love for all his brothers is well known, In earlier years have loved one brother best?--Do no two faces ever look alike ?--Are old impressions always lost?--Since when Does the same cause no longer bring about The same effect ?--What's here incredible ?--Truly, wise Daya, you could find in this No miracle; and miracles alone Call for . . I should have said, deserve belief.

DAYA.

You are jesting.

NATHAN.

Only because you jest with me.-

But even so, Recha, is your rescue still A miracle, impossible except To Him whose pleasure 'tis—if not His sport— Ever by feeblest means to turn aside The stern resolves, the proud designs of kings.

RECHA.

My father, if I err, you know I err Not willingly.

NATHAN.

No, rather you receive Instruction willingly.—See then! a brow Arched in this way or that; a nose that's shaped Thus and not otherwise; eyebrows that have A harsher or a softer sweep; a line, A curve, an angle, a mere nothing in This European face;—and you are saved From death by fire in Asia! Ye who seek For miracles, is this no miracle? What need of any angel?

DAYA. .

Yet what harm.

Nathan, if one should wish to think one's self Saved by an angel rather than a man? Does it not make one feel one's self more near To the First Cause incomprehensible Whence rescue came?

NATHAN.

Pride ! nothing but pride ! The iron vessel would with silver tongs Be taken from the fire, that it may seem A silver vessel to itself.—You ask What is the harm ? You should have asked instead What is the use ?—For when you speak of this As " making one feel nearer God," your words Are either senseless or else blasphemous.— And there is harm; yes, there is harm in it.— Come, listen both !—This angel or this man, Do you not long to render him some great, Some mighty service ?—Yet what service can Be rendered to an angel ? You may sigh And pray to him, offer him thanks and yows,

Give alms and fast upon his holy day, And dwell upon the thought of him until You melt with ecstasy.—To me it seems You serve your neighbor and yourself thereby Far more than you serve him. He does not grow The fatter for your fasting, is not made The richer by your spending, will not gain New splendor from your ecstasy, nor from Your trust in him new might. Is it not so? But on the other hand, a man . . .

DAYA.

A man

Would indeed have allowed us to perform Some service for him, would have given us Occasion for such service. And God knows How ready to perform it we have been ! But he wished nothing, needed nothing, was Sufficient in himself and to himself As only angels are, as only they Can be.

RECHA.

And when he vanished from our sight . . .

NATHAN.

He vanished ?—Vanished how ?—Beneath the palms No longer let himse!f be seen ?—Or have You sought him elsewhere ?

DAYA.

That we have not done.

NATHAN.

You have not, Daya ?—Now then, see the harm !— Cruel enthusiasts !— What if he is—sick ! . . .

RECHA.

Sick !

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DAYA.

O no, he is not sick!

RECHA.

How cold

The chill that has come over me !- My brow, Just now so warm,-O feel it, Daya, how 'Tis all at once like ice !

NATHAN.

He is a Frank,

And to this climate cannot yet have grown Accustomed. He is young, and still unused To his hard calling, to its hunger, toil, And watchful nights.

RECHA.

Sick! sick and suffering!

DAYA.

Nathan means only that it may be so.

NATHAN.

Now he lies there without a friend, without The gold to buy friends!

RECHA.

Ah, my father!

NATHAN.

There

He lies without attendance, counsel, help, The prey of pain and death !

RECHA.

Where? where?

NATHAN.

He who for one whom he had never known, Had never seen—enough for him, she was A fellow-creature—rushed into the flames . . .

DAYA.

Nathan, spare her !

NATHAN.

Who did not seek to know Her whom he rescued, that she might not have To thank him . . .

DAYA.

Spare her, Nathan!

NATHAN.

Who had no wish

Ever to see her more, unless it were To rescue her again—enough for him, She was a fellow-creature . . .

DAYA.

Cease and look!

NATHAN.

He, he in death has nothing to console, Nothing to cheer him but the consciousness Of that good deed !

DAYA.

Cease ! you are killing her !

NATHAN.

And you have killed him-might have killed him so !---

Recha! Recha! 'tis a healing draught, Not poison that I offer you. He lives !---Come to yourself !---he may even not be sick !

RECHA.

Not dead? not sick?

NATHAN.

Surely not dead! For God

Rewards here too the good done here.—But go !— Do you not see it now, how much more hard Right-doing is than pious ecstasy ?

How gladly they who shrink from effort yield To pious ecstasy—although at times Unconscious of their motive—to escape The greater labor of right-doing ?

RECHA.

Ah, My father, never leave me to myself !— May he not be upon a journey ?

NATHAN.

Go!-

He may.—I see a Mussulman who views My loaded camels with a curious eye. Do you know him?

DAYA

Ha! it is your dervish!

NATHAN.

Who?

DAYA.

The dervish who played chess with you.

NATHAN.

What, he?

Al-Hafi?

DAYA.

Now the Sultan's treasurer.

NATHAN.

How so? Al-Hafi? Are you dreaming still?— But it is he !—and see, he comes this way. In with you quickly!—What shall I hear next?

SCENE III.

NATHAN and the DERVISH.

DERVISH. Open your eyes even wider, if you can! 4-9

NATHAN.

Is it you? or is it not?—A dervish in A garb so rich?

DERVISH.

Why not? Can nothing then Be made of a dervish? nothing?

NATHAN.

Much, indeed !--

But a true dervish, I have always thought, Would not let anything be made of him.

DERVISH.

By the Prophet! it may be that I am not One of the right sort. Yet we sometimes must. . .

NATHAN.

Must, dervish !—Should a dervish say he must? No man must ever,—and a dervish must? What must he?

DERVISH.

What another begs of him And he himself thinks right, a dervish must.

NATHAN.

By our God! well said.—Embrace me, friend.— For you are still my friend?

DERVISH,

Why not ask first

What has been made of me?

NATHAN.

In spite of that

My friend !

DERVISH.

May I not hold some place that would Unfit me for your friendship?

NATHAN,

If at heart

You are a dervish yet, I'll take the risk. The servant of the State is not yourself, Only your robe of office.

DERVISH.

And that too

Will be respected.—At a court of yours What should I be?

NATHAN.

A dervish, nothing more. If anything beside, why then—my cook.

DERVISH.

Yes! that I might unlearn my trade with you.— Your cook! not even your butler?—Come, confess The Sultan knows me better.—For I am His treasurer.

NATHAN.

The Sultan's? you?

DERVISH.

Though not

The keeper of the greater treasure; that Is in his father's hands;—but only of The treasure for his household.

NATHAN.

It,is large,

The Sultan's household.

DERVISH.

Larger than you think; There's not a beggar but belongs to it.

NATHAN.

Yet Saladin to beggars is so fierce A foe. . .

DERVISH.

That he'd destroy them root and branch, Though he beggar himself in doing so.

NATHAN.

Bravo!

'Tis as you say, I think.

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DERVISH.

And he is now As good as beggared !—For his treasury Is every day at sunset more, far more Than empty, since however high the flood Poured in each morning, it has ebbed away Long before noon.

NATHAN.

Because it is in part Drained off through channels that can neither be Closed up nor filled.

DERVISH.

You have it!

NATHAN.

That I know !

DERVISH.

It is indeed unfitting for a prince To be a vulture among carcasses. But it is ten times worse when princes are Like carcasses for vultures.

NATHAN.

O not so,

Dervish ! not so !

DERVISH.

'Tis well for you to say It is not so!—Tell me, what would you give To buy my office from me?

NATHAN.

I must hear

First what your office brings you in.

DERVISH.

To me?

Not much. But you it would enrich. For when The treasury is empty—as it is So often—you have but to open wide The floodgates of your wealth, let it rush in, And take such interest on it as you will.

NATHAN. And on the interest of the interest?

> DERVISH. Yes L

NATHAN.

Until my capital itself becomes Nothing but interest.

DERVISH.

That does not please you? Then Our friendship's at an end! I had indeed Counted upon your aid.

NATHAN.

My aid? How so?

DERVISH.

I thought that you would help me to fulfil My task with honor; that your coffers would Be always open to me.—You refuse?

NATHAN.

Now let us understand each other! Here There's a distinction to be made.—For you, The dervish Hafi, I would gladly do All that I could.—But for the defterdar Of Saladin, for that Al-Hafi—him—

DERVISH.

Did I not guess it? You are still as kind As you are wise and prudent!—Only yet Have patience! for the two Al-Hafis shall Be parted soon.—Look at this robe of state Given me by the Sultan! Long before It falls in rags such as a dervish wears, 'Twill hang here in Jerusalem, while I Tread the hot sand barefoot and light of heart With my teachers on the Ganges.

NATHAN.

Like enough !

DERVISH.

And play chess with them.

NATHAN.

Your supreme delight!

DERVISH.

Think what beguiled me!—Was it that I might Myself no longer beg? that I might play The rich man among beggars? Could that change The richest beggar in a moment to A poor rich man?

NATHAN.

Surely it was not that!

DERVISH.

But something far more commonplace! I felt The power of flattery for the first time, felt Its influence in the Sultan's generous yet Delusive words—

> NATHAN. Which were. . .?

DERVISH.

That none can know, Except a beggar, how a beggar feels; None but a beggar has learnt how to give To beggars kindly. "Your predecessor was Too cold," he said, "too harsh; and when he gave He gave so grudgingly, must be informed So closely in regard to those who asked For succor. Not content to know the want, He would know also what had caused it, that The gift might be apportioned sparingly According to the cause. Such will not be Al-Hafi! Saladin will not in him Seem so unkindly kind! He is not like The choked reed that in fitful troubled streams Gives out the clear still waters it received. Al-Hafi thinks and feels as I do !"-So The fowler sweetly piped until the bird Was in the net at last.—Fool that I was! Duped by a dupe!

NATHAN.

Gently, gently, my friend!

DERVISH.

What!—Then it was not folly to oppress, To burden, plunder, torture, and destroy Hundreds of thousands, only to appear The benefactor of a few? to ape The Most High in His bounty, which descends In sunshine and in rain alike upon The fruitful field and desert plain, upon The just and unjust, and yet not to have The ever full hand of the Most High? What! It was not folly too...

NATHAN.

Enough! have done!

DERVISH.

Let me but speak of my own folly!—What! It was not folly to look only on The good side of such folly, that I might Take part in it because of that good side? That was not folly?

NATHAN.

Get you quickly back,

Al-Hafi, to your desert; for I fear Among your fellow-men you will soon cease To be a man.

DERVISH.

I fear the same. Farewell!

NATHAN.

But why so hasty ?—Will the desert fly Before you reach it?—Wait, Al-Hafi, wait !— If he would but listen !—Ho, Al-Hafi ! here !— He's gone, and I had hoped from him to learn Something of our Templar, whom perhaps He knows.

SCENE IV.

DAYA entering hastily. NATHAN.

DAYA. O Nathan, Nathan!

NATHAN.

Well, what now?

DAYA.

He has appeared ! He has appeared again ?

NATHAN.

Who, Daya?

DAYA. He!

NATHAN.

When does not "he" appear ?---Or is your "he" the only one so called ?----That should not be ! no, should not, even though He were an angel !

DAYA.

Back and forth he walks Under the palm-trees, and from time to time He gathers dates.

NATHAN.

And eats them ?- and is still

A Templar?

DAYA.

Why torment me?—She had guessed His presence while the thickly elustering palms Yet hid him from her, and her eager eyes Follow him without ceasing. She entreats— Implores—that you will go to him at once. O hasten! From her window she will make Some sign to show you whether he has gone Still higher, or turned off upon the way. O hasten!

NATHAN.

Just as I dismounted from My camel ?—Is that fitting ?—Rather go Yourself and tell him that I have returned. For though while I was absent from my house He would not enter it, this honest man, He will not be unwilling when he hears That Recha's father has sent for him. So go, Say that I beg...

DAYA.

He will not come to you.— He will not cross the threshold of a Jew.

NATHAN.

At last detain him, or keep watch upon His movements.—Go, and I'll be with you soon. (NATHAN hastens in and DAYA out.)

Scene V.

An open place with palm-trees under which the Templar is walking up and down. A lay-brother follows him at a little distance on one side as if wishing to speak to him.

TEMPLAR.

He is not here without a purpose !—See What a sidelong look he casts upon my hands !— Good brother, . . . or is it father I should say ?

LAY-BROTHER.

Only brother,—only lay-brother, at Your service.

TEMPLAR.

Truly, good brother, if I had Something myself! but I have nothing—

LAY-BROTHER.

Yet

I thank you! God return a thousandfold What you would have given! 'Tis the will, and not The gift that makes the giver.—Neither was I sent to ask for alms.

TEMPLAR.

Then you were sent?

LAY-BROTHER.

Yes, from the the monastery there below.

TEMPLAR.

Where I hoped just now to find a pilgrim's meal?

LAY-BROTHER.

The board was filled; come back again with me.

TEMPLAR.

For what? What does it matter that 'tis long Since I have tasted meat? The dates are ripe.

LAY-BROTHER.

Take heed in eating of that fruit. For if Enjoyed too freely, it obstructs the spleen, Makes melancholy blood.

TEMPLAR.

What if I am

Disposed, though, to be melancholy now ?— "Twas not to give this warning you were sent ?

LAY-BROTHER.

O no !—I was to question you, find out Something about you, sound you as it were.

TEMPLAR.

And yet you tell me so yourself?

LAY-BROTHER.

Why not?

TEMPLAR.

(A crafty brother!)—Does the cloister hold Many more who are like you?

LAY-BROTHER.

How can I say?

I must obey, kind sir.

TEMPLAR.

And here you have

Obeyed and have not reasoned?

LAY-BROTHER.

Would it have been

Obedience otherwise?

TEMPLAR.

(How true it is,

Simplicity is always in the right!)— But you may tell me who it is would know More of me?—I could swear 'tis not yourself.

LAY-BROTHER.

Would it become me? would it profit me?

TEMPLAR.

Whom would it then become and profit, that He is so curious?

LAY-BROTHER.

The Patriarch, I suppose.— For it was he who bade me follow you.

TEMPLAR.

It was the Patriarch? Can it be that he Knows the red cross on the white mantle yet No better?

LAY-BROTHER.

I know it!

TEMPLAR.

Well, brother, well:—I am A Templar, and a captive.—I may add: Taken at Tebnin when we thought to storm That stronghold on the last day of the truce And make our way to Sidon.—I may add: Taken with twenty more; but I alone Was spared by Saladin. The Patriarch knows Now all he needs to know—more than he needs.

LAY-BROTHER.

But hardly more than he already knew.— He would ask also why the Sultan spared You, and you only.

TEMPLAR.

Do I know myself? I knelt upon my mantle, with bared neck Waiting the stroke: then Saladin drew near, Looked at me closely, signed to those around To raise me up. I was unbound; I wished To thank him; saw his eyes were filled with tears; Stood speechless: till without a word he turned And left me.—Let the Patriarch now declare The meaning of this riddle.

LAY-BROTHER.

He concludes That God must have preserved you by such means For great, great things.

TEMPLAR.

Yes, for great things indeed! To save a Jewish maiden from the flames; To lead a band of curious pilgrims on The road to Sinai, and some trifles more Of the same sort.

LAY-BROTHER.

Be sure the rest will come All in good time.—Meanwhile 'tis not amiss.— Perhaps the Patriarch himself may have Some far more weighty task to offer you.

TEMPLAR.

You think so, brother ?—Has he let you hear Something of this?

LAY-BROTHER.

Yes, truly !—I was first To sound you, to find out if you would be The right man for it.

TEMPLAR.

Sound me then !---(I'll see How he will sound me !)---Well ?

LAY-BROTHER.

The shortest way

Would be at once to tell you what it is. The Patriarch wishes.

> TEMPLAR. Surely!

LAY-BROTHER.

He would_like

To send a letter by you.

TEMPLAR.

What, by me? I am no messenger.—And this would be So much more glorious than to save the life Of a Jewish maid?

LAY-BROTHER.

It must be! For—so says The Patriarch—on this letter hangs the fate Of Christendom. God will hereafter give In Heaven—the Patriarch says—a special crown To him who shall deliver it. And none— The Patriarch says—is worthier than yourself To wear that crown.

> TEMPLAR. None worthier than I?

LAY-BROTHER.

For none could be more skilled—the Patriarch says— That crown to merit.

TEMPLAR.

None more skilled than I?

LAY-BROTHER.

You are free here; can look about you; know How to storm cities, how defend them; can Appraise—the Patriarch says—at once the strength And weakness of the inner wall just built By Saladin; can best describe it too To those who fight for God.

TEMPLAR.

If I could learn,

Good brother, what is in the letter...

LAY-BROTHER.

That

I hardly know. 'Tis to King Philip though. The Patriarch...Often have I wondered how A man so holy, one whose thoughts are given To heavenly contemplation, should be yet So well instructed also in regard To things of earth. It must go hard with him.

TEMPLAR.

Well then? the Patriarch?-

LAY-BROTHER.

Knows most surely, most Undoubtedly, both how and where, and with How large a force, and from what side, if now War should break out again, the Sultan will First take the field.

TEMPLAR. The Patriarch knows all this ?

LAY-BROTHER.

Yes, and would gladly send King Philip word, That he may measure to its full extent The danger, and judge whether it were well To seek renewal, at whatever cost, Of the truce brought so lately to a close By your brave Order.

TEMPLAR.

What a Patriarch! So The kind, good, worthy man would have me for No common messenger; he needs—a spy.— Good brother, tell your Patriarch that so far As you could sound me, I am not the one To serve his purpose.—I must hold myself As still a captive; and a Templar's trade Is to strike boldly with his sword, and not To play the spy.

LAY-BROTHER.

Just as I thought !—Nor do I blame you for it.—What is best comes last.— The Patriarch has found out upon what part Of Lebanon the fortress lies in which The Sultan has concealed great sums of gold, Kept by his father's foresight to supply • The war's expenditure. From time to time, With few attendants, and by paths that are Frequented least, he journeys to this place.— You see it now?

TEMPLAR. Not in the least!

LAY-BROTHER.

What then

Could well be easier than at such a time To seize the Sultan? put an end to him?— You start?—Oh, two God-fearing Maronites Have offered, if some valiant man will lead The way, to venture on the deed.

TEMPLAR.

And does

The Patriarch take me for this valiant man?

LAY-BROTHER.

He thinks King Philip could from Ptolemais Best aid your enterprise.

TEMPLAR.

Mine, brother? mine? Mine, did you say? Have you not heard, just heard, What debt I owe the Sultan?

LAY-BROTHER.

Yes, I have heard.

TEMPLAR.

And yet. . .

LAY-BROTHER.

All well and good,—the Patriarch says— But God and your Order. . .

TEMPLAR.

Can change nothing here! Command no wickedness!

LAY-BROTHER:

No, surely not !--

But what is wicked in man's sight may not— The Patriarch says—be wicked in the sight Of God.

TEMPLAR.

I owe my life to Saladin:

And shall I take his?

LAY-BROTHER.

Saladin is still

A foe to Christendom,—the Patriarch says— And can acquire no right to be your friend.

TEMPLAR.

My friend ? because I will not act the part Of a base thankless villain ?

LAY-BROTHER.

Yet in truth

We are free from all claims of gratitude,— The Patriarch says—free before God and man, If what is done for us has not been done For our own sake alone. And it is said That for this reason only you were spared By Saladin, because he saw in you A likeness to his brother.

TEMPLAR.

The Patriarch knows That too, and yet ?—If it were so indeed ! Ah, Saladin !—Could nature have bestowed Only some feature of thy brother's face With nothing answering to it in my soul ? And that which answered, could I silence it At the good pleasure of a Patriarch ?— ` Nature, thou dost not lie so ! Nor does God In His own works so contradict Himself !— Go, brother !—Do not stir my wrath !—Go! go!

LAY-BROTHER.

I go content, more so than when I came. We cloister-brethren have but to obey.

SCENE VL.

The TEMPLAR, and DAYA, who has been watching him for some time at a distance and now comes forward.

DAYA.

The cloister-brother has not left him in The best of humors, so it seems to me.— Yet my errand cannot be delayed.

TEMPLAR.

'Tis well!

Does not the proverb speak truth when it says A monk, a woman are the two claws of The Devil? And to-day he casts me from The one into the other.

DAYA.

What do I see?

You, noble knight? you? Thanks be to God! A thousand thanks!---Where have you been so long? You were not sick?

TEMPLAR.

No.

DAYA.

You were well then?

TEMPLAR.

Yes.

DAYA.

Your absence has greatly troubled us.

TEMPLAR.

Indeed?

DAYA.

You were upon a journey?

TEMPLAR.

Right!

DAYA. And have

Returned today?

TEMPLAR. Yesterday.

DAYA.

Today

'Tis Recha's father who has come. And now Recha may surely hope...

TEMPLAR. For what?

DAYA.

For that

Which she so often has entreated you To grant. Her father now himself has sent To summon you. He comes from Babylon With twenty camels bearing heavy loads Of the most costly spices, stones, and stuffs That India, Persia, Syria, China too Could furnish.

TEMPLAR.

Of such things I have no need.

DAYA.

By his own people he is honored as A prince. And yet they call him, strange to say, Nathan the Wise, and not the Rich.

TEMPLAR.

To them

Perhaps may rich and wise both mean the same.

DAYA.

But above all he should be called the Good. For you can scarce conceive how good he is. When he heard how much Recha owed to you,

What at that moment would he not have done, What would he not have given in return!

TEMPLAR.

You think so ?

DAYA. Try it! come and see!

TEMPLAR.

See what?

How soon such moments pass?

DAYA.

If he were not So good, could I have chosen to remain So long with him? You think I do not feel My value as a Christian? In my youth It never was foretold me I should come After my husband to the Holy Land Only to take charge of a Jewish maid. For my dear husband was an equerry In Emperor Frederick's army...

TEMPLAR.

And by birth A Swiss, who had the honor granted him Of drowning in the same stream with his lord.— Woman, how many times you've told me that ! When will you cease to persecute me ?

DAYA.

What,

I persecute you?

TEMPLAR.

Yes, yes, persecute. I never wish to see you, never wish

To hear from you again! I will not be

So constantly reminded of a thing That I did without thinking, that when now I think of it I wonder why I did. And though I would not indeed repent of it, Yet see! if it were to happen so once more, The fault would be your own if I should act Less rashly, ask some questions beforehand— And let what is burning burn.

DAYA.

May God forbid!

TEMPLAR.

Do me the favor from this day forth not To know me. This at least I beg of you. Spare me the father too. A Jew's a Jew. I'm a rough Suabian. From my soul long since The maiden's image vanished, if it dwelt There ever.

DAYA.

But yours still remains in hers.

TEMPLAR. What does it there ? what does it ?

DAYA.

Who can tell?

Men are not always what they seem to be.

TEMPLAR.

Yet are seldom better than they seem.

(He turns away.)

DAYA.

O stay!

Why will you hasten from me?

TEMPLAR.

Do not make These palm-trees hateful, woman, where I once So loved to linger.

DAYA.

Go, thou German bear ! Go !—But I must not lose him from my sight. (She follows him at a distance.)

ACT SECOND.

Scene I.

The Sultan's palace SALADIN and SITTAH playing chess.

SITTAH.

How you are playing, Saladin, to-day!

SALADIN.

Not well? And yet I thought 'twas well.

SITTAH.

For me;

Though hardly even that. Take back that move.

SALADIN.

Why take it back?

siттан. Your knight's in danger.

SALADIN.

True.-

So, then!

SITTAH.

So I now threaten you at once With queen and bishop.

SALADIN.

True again.-Then check!

4 I

SITTAH.

How does that help you? For I guard myself, And you are where you were.

SALADIN,

There's no escape

From this dilemma without loss, I see. So be it! take the knight.

SITTAH.

I will not. Look,

I pass by.

SALADIN.

No great favor, since you care More for this place than for the knight.

SITTAH.

Perhaps.

SALADIN.

But do not reckon here without your host. For see! Can you not think what I would say?

SITTAH.

How can I? How too could I think you were So weary of your queen?

SALADIN.

I of my queen ?

SITTAH.

'Tis plain already, I shall win to-day Only my thousand dinars, nothing more.

SALADIN.

Why not?

SITTAH.

Because you labor so to lose,

Are bent on losing, if need be by force.— And that I did not count on. For besides That such a game lacks interest, have I not

Ever when I have lost won most from you? Do you not then to comfort me bestow Double the stake upon me?

SALADIN.

So perhaps

You also, little sister, when you lost, Labored to lose ?

SITTAH.

It may have been, at least, Your kindness, brother, that prevented me From learning to play better.

SALADIN.

We neglect

The game. Let us end it!

SITTAH.

As it stands? Then check!

And check again!

SALADIN.

This final check that takes My queen too from me I had not foreseen.

SITTAH.

May it not be helped? Let us see!

SALADIN.

No, take the queen. I never had good fortune with that piece.

SITTAH.

With the piece only?

SALADIN.

Off with it !---I care No more for it. All is again secured.

SITTAH.

My brother has instructed me too well How to deal courteously with queens. (She leaves the queen standing.)

SALADIN.

Take it or leave it ! 'Tis no longer mine.

SITTAH.

Why should I take it? Check !-- check !

SALADIN.

Go on!

SITTAH.

Check !---and check !---and check !

SALADIN.

Checkmate !

SITTAH.

Not quite:

Bring your knight forward, or do what you will. It matters little.

SALADIN.

Right !—You have won, and now Al-Hafi pays. Let him be quickly called !— You were not, Sittah, in the wrong; my thoughts Were not upon the game. And then these smooth And polished pieces, what are they to us? They stand for nothing, have no meaning.—But The loser seeks a pretext. It was not The shapeless pieces, Sittah, made me lose: Your skill, your calm, swift glance...

SITTAH.

So from defeat

Now too you would but pluck the sting. Enough, Your thoughts had wandered, even more than mine.

SALADIN.

Than yours? What made yours wander?

SITTAH.

Not indeed

Your absent-mindedness !--- O Saladin, When shall we play again as often ?

SALADIN.

Well,

Let us play while we may !-Because the war Will now begin again ?-Let it begin !--The sooner too the better !--I was not The first to draw the sword; I would have had The truce renewed; would gladly have bestowed My Sittah on a husband worthy of Herself. Such must be Richard's brother, since He is his brother.

SITTAH.

How you love to praise

Your Richard!

SALADIN.

If our brother Melek had Then wedded Richard's sister: ha! that would Have been a household! Ha! the first, the best Of all that's best and noblest upon earth !---You hear, I am not slow to praise myself. I think I'm worthy of my friend.---And then, Then would the world have seen a race of men!

SITTAH,

Did I not laugh the dream at once to scorn? You do not, will not know these Christians. All Their pride is to be Christians, and not men. Even that which by their founder was designed To leaven with humanity the mass

Of superstition, even that they love Not for this reason, that it is humane: Because Christ teaches, Christ has practised it.— Well for them that he was so good a man ! Well for them that they have such trust in him And in his goodness !—Yet what goodness?—Not His goodness but his name they spread abroad; 'Tis that must put to shame and swallow up The names of all good men. It is the name, The name alone they think of.

SALADIN.

For why else Should you and Melek have been called upon To bear the name of Christians, or renounce The wedded love of Christians?

SITTAH.

'Tis as if By Christians as such only could be felt That love which is implanted in the heart Of man and woman by their Maker !

SALADIN.

True,

They have believed so many foolish things, These Christians, it may well be they believe This also!—But you are mistaken here.— The Templars, not the Christians, are to blame, And that as Templars, not as Christians, for The failure of the whole. They will not part With Acre, which to Melek would be brought By Richard's sister as her dower. Lest The knight should suffer loss, they have put on The monk, the silly monk. And hoping too By a bold stroke perhaps to win the day,

They could not wait the closing of the truce.— Let them come on! the more the merrier !— If all beside were but as it should be !

SITTAH.

What else is wrong? What else has troubled you?

SALADIN.

Something that always troubled me.—I've been With our father upon Lebanon. He is full of care . . .

SITTAH.

' Alas!

SALADIN.

He can no more;

SITTAH.

What fails him? what is lacking?

SALADIN.

What, indeed,

But that I scarce vouchsafe to call by name? What, when I have it, is superfluous, And when I have not, indispensable.— Where can Al-Hafi be? Has no one gone To call him?—Gold, the vile accursed thing !— At last, Al-Hafi, you have come !

SCENE II.

The dervish AL-HAFI, SALADIN, SITTAH.

AL-HAFI. So then

The subsidy from Egypt has arrived ? If it be but enough !

SALADIN. What, you have news?

AL-HAFI.

Not I. I thought to find it here.

SALADIN.

Pay out

A thousand dinars now to Sittah. (He walks up and down absorbed in thought.)

AL-HAFI.

Pay !

Instead of: take! Why that is even less Than nothing !—And to Sittah ?—now again To Sittah ? And 'twas lost ?—'twas lost again At chess ?—There it is standing still, the game!

SITTAH.

You grudge me my good fortune?

AL-HAFI (looking at the board). Grudge you what?

If—But you surely know . . .

SITTAH (signing to him). Hist, Hafi! hist!

AL-HAFI (to SITTAH). You grudge it rather to yourself!

SITTAH.

Al-Hafi, hist !

аl-нағі (to Sittah).

Were the white pieces yours? You offered check?

SITTAH.

'Tis well he did not hear!

AL-HAFI.

Does he move next?

SITTAH (going up nearer to him). Tell me that I shall have my money.

> AL-HAFI (still looking intently at the board). Yes,

You'll have it as you always have it.

SITTAH.

How,

Al-Hafi, are you mad?

AL-HAFI.

The game is not

Yet ended. Saladin, you have not lost.

SALADIN (scarcely listening).

Pay! only pay!

AL-HAFI.

Pay! pay! There stands your queen.

SALADIN (in the same way). She counts for nothing, is not in the game.

SITTAH (to AL-HAFI).

Tell me that I may send for it.

AL-HAFI (still gazing at the board). Of course,

The same as ever.—Even though your queen Should count for nothing, you are not even then Checkmated yet.

SALADIN (going up to the board and throwing it down).

I am, I will be.

AL-HAFI.

So

'Tis with the game as with the stake! As that Is won, so this is paid.

SALADIN (to SITTAH). What does he say ? SITTAH (from time to time signing

to AL-HAFI)

You know him; know he loves to wrangle, loves To be entreated; is indeed, perhaps, A little envious.

SALADIN.

Surely not of you?

Not of my sister? What is this I hear, Al-Hafi? Envious? you?

AL-HAFI.

It may be so !--

I wish I had her head; I wish I had A heart like hers.

SITTAH.

Meanwhile he has not failed

To pay me, and will pay to-day.—Go now, Al-Hafi, go, that I may send at once.

AL-HAFI.

No, I'll no longer help you to keep up This mummery. He must know it.

SALADIN.

Who? and what?

SITTAH.

Is this your promise, Hafi? this the way You keep faith with me?

AL-HAFI.

Could I think 'twould go

So far?

SALADIN. You'll tell me nothing?

SITTAH.

Be discreet,

Al-Hafi, I beseech you!

SALADIN,

What is this

That Sittah has to beg so solemnly, So urgently, and from a stranger, from A dervish rather than her brother? Now, Al-Hafi, I command you.—Dervish, speak!

SITTAH.

Do not take a triffe, brother, more to heart Than it is worth. You know I've won at chess The same amount from you at different times: And since I have no need of money, since It has not been too plentiful of late In Hafi's treasury, the stakes were left Uncalled for until now. But do not fear ! They shall be given neither to yourself, Nor Hafi, nor the treasury.

AL-HAFI.

If that

Were only all!

SITTAH.

There's more of the same kind.— What you have set apart for me has been Unclaimed, for a few months unclaimed.

AL-HAFL

'Tis not

Even yet the whole.

SALADIN. Not yet?—Will you not speak?

AL-HAFI.

Since we have looked for succor to arrive From Egypt. . .

SITTAH (to SALADIN). Why listen to him?

AL-HAFI.

Sittah has

Not only received nothing. . .

SALADIN.

But besides

Has lent me money. Is it not so?

AL-HAFI.

She has

Maintained your court; furnished the whole amount Expended by you.

SALADIN.

Ha! that is like her ! (embracing her.)

SITTAH.

Who

But you, my brother, made me rich enough To be so generous?

AL-HAFI.

He will make you soon

As poor again as he himself is.

SALADIN.

Poor?

Her brother poor ?-When had I more ? When less ?--

A cloak, a sword, a horse,—a God! What else Do I need? When can I want for these? And yet, Al-Hafi, I could quarrel with you.

SITTAH.

No,

Do not quarrel with him, brother. If I could But lighten too my father's cares!

SALADIN.

Ah, now

You cast me down again !—I for myself Lack nothing, can lack nothing. But he lacks, He is in want, and all of us with him.— What shall I do ?—It may be long before Help comes from Egypt. What has kept it back God knows! All's quiet there as yet.—To save, Retrench, lay up, that I would gladly do If I alone must suffer, I alone And none beside.—But what would it avail ? A horse, a cloak, a sword I still must have: And from my God there's nothing to abate, Since He contents Himself already with So little, with my heart.—I had in truth Counted, Al-Hafi, on a surplus in Your treasury.

AL-HAFI.

A surplus ?—Say yourself, Would you not have empaled me, or at least Have had me hanged if you had found me with A surplus ? A deficiency ! that might Be ventured sooner.

SALADIN.

What is to be done? Was there no other you could borrow from Instead of Sit ah?

SITTAH.

Would I let that right Be taken from me, brother ? and by him ? I still must claim it, for I am not yet Quite without means.

SALADIN.

Only not quite! 'Twas this Alone was wanting !-Go, Al-Hafi, take From any one you can! and as you can! Go, borrow, promise.-Only, Hafi, not From those I have made rich. To ask of them Would be to take back what I gave them. Go To the most avaricious; they will lend Most gladly, seeing that their gold with me Will gain great increase.

AL-HAFI.

I know none of those.

SITTAH.

Now, Hafi, that I think of it, I heard Your friend had just returned.

> AL-HAFI (starting). My friend? what friend

SITTAH.

The Jew you praised so highly.

AL-HAFI.

I? a Jew?

SITTAH.

To whom—for I recall the very words You used in speaking of him once—to whom His God has given in full measure both The least and greatest of the good things of This world.

AL-HAFI.

I said so ?-What could I have meant?

SITTAH.

The least thing, wealth. The greatest, wisdom.

AL-HAFI.

How? 'Twas of a Jew I said it? of a Jew?

SITTAH.

Could you not say it of your Nathan?

AL-HAFI.

Yes!

Of him I could! of him!—I had not thought Of Nathan.—So he has returned?—'Tis true He has some wealth.—Quite true: the people once Called him the Wise! They called him too the Rich.

SITTAH.

Now more than ever he is called the Rich, For the whole city rings with the report Of costly jewels and rare merchandise Brought by him.

AL-HAFI.

'Tis again the Rich: 'twill be

Again the Wise.

SITTAR.

How, Hafi, if you went

To him?

AL-HAFI.

For what? To borrow money? Yes, You know him well.—He lend !—His wisdom is He lends to no one.

SITTAH.

'Twas far otherwise,

Al-Hafi, you once spoke of him.

AL-HAFI.

At most

He'll sell you goods on credit if need be. But lend you money? that he'll never do. — Yet he's a Jew like few beside: has wit; Knows something of the world; can play chess well. But he's distinguished above other Jews Not less in evil than in good.—On him 'Tis vain for you to count.—He gives, indeed, Alms to the poor; and gives perhaps for this, To outdo Saladin: though it may be Not quite so much, yet just as willingly, As unobtrusively. Christian and Jew And Mussulman and Parsee, 'tis to him All one.

SITTAH.

And such a man. . .

SALADIN.

How is it that

I have not heard of him?

SITTAH.

He would not lend

To Saladin? to Saladin, who needs Only for others, not himself?

AL-HAFI.

Ah, there

The Law commands him to be merciful, Nowhere commands him to comply with all That others ask of him: 'tis mercy then Has made him uncomplying. Though we've been Somewhat estranged of late, think not for that I have not done him justice. In all else He'll gladly do you service; but in this He will not. I'll go knock at other doors... I have bethought me of a Moor who's rich And avaricious...

> SITTAH. But what need of haste,

Al-Hafi?

SALADIN. Let him go !

SCENE III.

SALADIN. SITTAH.

SITTAH.

Did he not seem As if he would escape me! What does this mean?— Has he been himself deceived, or is it that He would deceive us ?

SALADIN.

Why do you ask me?

I never heard of him until to-day, Your Jew, your Nathan, and scarce know even now Of whom you speak.

SITTAH.

How can it be you know So little of a man of whom 'tis said That he has found the graves of Solomon

And David, and has power to loose their seals By a mighty hidden word, and bring to light Wealth so enormous that no meaner source. Could have supplied it?

SALADIN.

If his wealth is drawn From graves, 'tis not from those of Solomon And David. Fools lie buried there.

SITTAH.

Or knaves !---The source of this man's riches is in truth Far more productive, more unfailing than A grave, though filled with mammon.

SALADIN.

For he is

A merchant, as I hear.

SITTAH.

His camels pass On every highway, every desert, while His ships are moored in every harbor. 'Twas Al-Hafi who first told me this, told too In what a noble generous way his friend Spent what he thought it not beneath him thus By diligent toil to earn. With what delight He told how free from prejudice his mind; His heart how open to all virtue, how In unison with all beauty !

SALADIN.

Yet but now Al-Hafi spoke with such uncertainty, Such coldness of him.

SITTAH.

Not with coldness, with Confusion 'Twas as if he feared to praise, Yet would not blame him undeservedly.— Or how? can it be indeed that even this man, The best of his people, is not wholly free From their defects? that Al-Hafi has indeed Reason to blush for him in this respect?— Be that as it may !—Be the Jew more or less Of a Jew; if he's but rich, enough for us !

SALADIN.

You would not take his own from him by force?

SITTAH.

What is it you call force? With fire and sword? No, no; with the weak what need of any force But that of their own weakness?—Come with me To my harem; I would have you hear the voice Of a female-singer I bought yesterday. Meanwhile a plan may ripen that I've formed Against this Nathan.—Come !

SCENE IV.

In front of NATHAN'S house on the side towards the palmtrees. RECHA and NATHAN come out. DAYA joins them soon after.

RECHA.

You have staid too long, My father. You will hardly find him now.

NATHAN .

If he's not here, not here beneath the palms, Yet elsewhere I'll soon find him.—Have no fear !— See, is not Daya coming ?

RECHA.

She has lost

All trace of him.

NATHAN.

Perhaps not.

RECHA.

She would come

More quickly if she had not.

NATHAN.

It may be

She has not seen us yet.

RECHA.

She sees us now.

NATHAN.

And hastens towards us.—But be calm! be calm!

RECHA.

Would you then have a daughter who could be Unmoved at such a moment? have no care Who saved her life ?—a life so dear to her Only because she owed it first to you.

NATHAN.

I would not have you other than you are, Even though I know that in your soul now stirs Something far different.

RECHA.

What, my father? what?

NATHAN.

You ask me that? ask it so anxiously? What is now taking place within you is But nature and innocence. Let it cause you then No fear. To me, to me it causes none.

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Yet promise, if your heart some day should speak More plainly, you will not conceal from me Its lightest wish.

RECHA.

I tremble at the thought That I could ever hide my heart from you.

NATHAN.

No more of this! 'Tis settled once for all.— And here is Daya.—Well?

DAYA.

He's walking still Under the palm-trees; you'll soon see him pass Beyond that wall.—Look, there he comes!

RECHA.

And seems

Uncertain whether to direct his steps Backward? or forward? to the right? or left?

DAYA.

No, no; his custom is most frequently To take the monastery-path, which leads This way.—See!

RECHA.

You are right.—Have you met him yet? Have you spoken to him? How is he to-day?

DAYA.

The same.

NATHAN

Then do not let him find you here. Stand farther back, or rather go within.

RECHA.

But one more look, my father !—Ah, the hedge ! It steals him from me.

DAYA.

Come, your father's in The right! He might turn back upon the spot If he should see you.

RECHA.

Ah, the hedge!

NATHAN.

And if

He comes out suddenly, he cannot fail To see you. Therefore go within!

DAYA.

Come! Come!

I know a window where we may watch them...

RECHA.

Yes?

(They both go in.)

Scene V.

NATHAN and the TEMPLAR.

NATHAN.

I almost fear to meet him, almost feel Abashed by his rugged virtue. Strange, indeed, That any human being should have power So to impress another! Ha! he comes!— By Heaven! a manly youth. I like him, like His kindly though defiant glance! his quick Firm step! 'Tis but the outer shell that is So bitter, not the kernel.—Where before Have I seen such another ? Noble Frank, Forgive me...

> TEMPLAR. What?

NATHAN.

Allow me...

TEMPLAR.

What, Jew? what?

NATHAN.

To speak to you.

TEMPLAR.

Can I prevent it? But

Be brief.

NATHAN.

Stay, I implore you; do not turn So proudly, so contemptuously from a man Whom you have bound to you for ever.

TEMPLAR.

How?

Ah, I can almost guess it! Are you not...

NATHAN.

I am the father of the maiden whom You saved; my name is Nathan, and I come...

TEMPLAR.

If 'tis to thank me,—spare me that! I've had Too many thanks already to endure For such a triffing service.—As for you, You surely owe me nothing. Did I know She was your daughter? 'Tis a Templar's place To hasten to the aid of all who are In danger and distress. My life beside Was at that moment burdensome to me,. And willingly, most willingly I seized The first occasion for another life To cast it in the balance,—even though 'Twas but for the life of a Jewess.

NATHAN.

Great !

Great and repulsive !—Yet the meaning is Not far to look for. Modest greatness seeks Behind what is repulsive to escape The admiration it would shun.—But if The meed of admiration be despised, Is there no other you would less despise ?— You are a stranger here, a captive, else I would not question you so boldly. Speak, Command me, noble Knight: what can I do To serve you?

TEMPLAR.

You can do nothing.

NATHAN.

I am rich.

TEMPLAR.

The richer Jew has never been to me The better Jew.

NATHAN.

Should you because of that Not use the best that he has? not use his wealth?

TEMPLAR.

I will not utterly forswear it; no, For the sake of my mantle I will not. As soon As that is threadbare, neither stitch nor rag Holding together longer, then I'll come And ask to borrow from you stuff to make Or gold to buy a new one.—Do not look All at once so downcast! You are still secure. See, 'tis in good condition yet. Though here In this corner there's a spot where it was scorched When I bore your daughter through the flames.

NATHAN (seizing the mantle and gazing at the spot).

'Tis strange

That such an evil-looking spot as this Should witness more in favor of a man Than his own lips. How I long to kiss that spot! Ab, pardon me!—I could not help it.

TEMPLAR,

What?

NATHAN.

A tear fell on it.

TEMPLAR.

It can do no harm ! 'Tis_but one drop the more.—(Almost has This Jew begun to move me.)

NATHAN.

Will you not send Your mantle to my daughter, that she too May press her lips upon this spot, since now She must hope in vain to fall herself at your feet?

TEMPLAR.

But Jew,—Your name is Nathan?—Nathan, then— Your words are so—are so well chosen—so Well put together—Truly—I had thought—

NATHAN.

Disguise yourself, dissemble as you will, Here still I find you out. You were too kind, Too true to be polite. The maiden was All feeling; the messenger she sent to you All readiness; the father far away.— You cared for her good name; you fled from her; Fled that you might not conquer. For this too I have to thank you.

TEMPLAR.

I must confess you know How a Templar ought to feel.

.NATHAN.

How a Templar ought? Only a Templar? only ought? and for This reason only, that his Order so Commands? I know how good men feel, I know That in every land there are good men to be found.

TEMPLAR.

With a difference though, I hope?

NATHAN.

With a difference, yes,

In color, dress, appearance.

TEMPLAR.

Also here

There are sometimes fewer, sometimes more than there?

NATHAN.

In that respect the difference is but small. For great men everywhere have need of space, And if too closly planted they obstruct Each others' growth. But men of average worth, Such as we ourselves are, everywhere abound. Only must one not find fault with the rest; The gnarled must put up with the knobbed, the stem That overtops its fellows must not boast That it alone did not shoot up from the earth.

TEMPLAR.

Well said! And yet what people were the first To practise this fault-finding? were the first To call themselves the chosen people? How

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.

If I should indeed not hate this people, yet If I could not but look down upon them for Their pride? Their pride, which is now shared with them

By Mussulman and Christian, that their God Is the only true God !-Do you start that I, A Christian and a Templar, should so speak? This pious madness, this belief that some Have a better God than others, and must force That better God on the whole world as the best, When and where has it shown itself in a darker form Than here? than now? He whose eyes are here, are

now

NATHAN.

(He turns to go.)

Hat

You know not how much more I shall force myself Upon you.—Come, we must, we must be friends !— Look down upon my people as you like. We did not choose our people. Are we then Ourselves our people ? What is it that we call Our people ? Christian and Jew, are they rather these

Than men? Ah, if in you I should have found One more, content to call himself a man!

TEMPLAR.

By Heaven, you have, Nathan! you have !--Your hand !---

I am ashamed even for so short a time To have mistaken you.

NATHAN.

And I am proud

That you should have done so. What is common is Alone mistaken seldom.

TEMPLAR.

And what is rare

Can hardly be forgotten.--Nathan, yes; We must, we must be friends.

NATHAN.

Rather, are friends Already.—How my Recha will rejoice !--And ah, how bright the distant prospect now Opening before me !--Only know her first !

TEMPLAR.

I long to meet her !—But who rushes there Out of your house ? Is it not Daya ?

NATHAN.

Yes,

'Tis she. So anxious ?

TEMPLAR.

Surely nothing can

Have harmed our Recha?

SCENE VI.

The preceding, and DAYA entering hastily.

DAYA.

Nathan! Nathan!

NATHAN.

Well?

DAYA.

Pardon me, noble knight, for breaking in Upon you.

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NATHAN.

What is it?

TEMPLAR.

What is it?

DAYA.

The Sultan has sent.

The Sultan desires to speak to you. O God, The Sultan !

NATHAN

To me? the Sultan? He must wish To see what I have brought with me. Send word That hardly anything is yet unpacked.

DAYA.

He would see nothing, he would speak to you, To you in person, and at once.

NATHAN.

I'll come.-

Go now, go!

DAYA.

Do not take it ill, sir Knight !---O God, we are so troubled ! What can it be . The Sultan wishes ?

NATHAN.

That we'll soon find out.

Go, only go!

SCENE VII.

NATHAN and the TEMPLAR.

TEMPLAR.

You do not know him then ?----I mean, have not met him ?

NATHAN.

Saladin? Not yet.

I have neither shunned him nor have I sought him out.

Common report spoke far too well of him For me not rather to believe than see. But now—even if report have spoken false— He has, by sparing you . . .

TEMPLAR.

Yes, that at least

Is true. The life I now live he bestowed.

NATHAN.

And so bestowed a double, threefold life On me. This changes all between us, this For ever binds me to his service. Scarce Can I wait to hear what he will first command. I am prepared for everything, prepared To confess too that I am so for your sake.

TEMPLAR.

I myself could never thank him, often since As I have crossed his path. What he felt for me Vanished again as quickly as it came. Who knows if he still remembers me? And yet He must remember me once more, if but To decide my fate at last. 'Tis not enough That at his bidding, in accordance with His will, I am yet alive: I must also know According to whose will I am to live.

NATHAN.

You are right; all the more reason why I should Remain no longer.—Some chance word may fall That will lead me to speak of you.—Forgive me if I hasten . . . But when will you come to us?

TEMPLAR.

As I may.

As soon

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NATHAN.

As soon as you will.

TEMPLAR.

To-day then.

NATHAN.

And

Your name?

TEMPLAR.

My name was-is Von Stauffen.-Curd

Von Stauffen.

NATHAN.

Von Stauffen ?---Stauffen ?

TEMPLAR.

Why does it seem

To strike you so?

NATHAN.

Von Stauffen ?—Of that name Several perhaps already have . . .

TEMPLAR.

O yes!

Several of that name once lived and now moulder here.

My uncle himself—my father, I should have said,— But why does your look grow keener as 'tis fixed Upon me?

NATHAN.

O nothing ! nothing ! How can I see Too much of you ?

TEMPLAR.

Therefore I leave you first. The searcher's gaze not seldom has found more Than he wished to find. I fear it, Nathan. So Let time by degrees, not curious questioning, Make us known to each other.

(He goes out)

NATHAN

(looking after him with amazement) "The searcher has Not seldom found more than he wished to find."-Does it not seem as though he read my soul?-Yes, that may happen to me also.—Not Wolf's height, Wolf's bearing only, but his voice. Just so Wolf threw his head back; so Wolf bore His sword; so passed his hand across his brow As if to hide the fire of his glance.— How such deep-seated memories will remain Slumbering within us till a word, a tone Awakens them !--- Von Stauffen !--- Right, quite right ! Filnek and Stauffen.-I must soon know more About this; soon. Only first to Saladin ----How? is not Daya watching for me there?-Come nearer, Daya.

SCENE VIII.

DAYA. NATHAN.

NATHAN. What you both most long • To know, is not why Saladin has sent.

DAYA.

Can you blame her for it? You had just begun To speak familiarly together, when The Sultan's message frightened us away From our window.

NATHAN.

Tell her that she may look for him At any moment.

any moment.

DAYA.

Are you sure of it?

NATHAN.

I can trust you, Daya? Be upon your guard, I beg you. You shall not repent. In this Your conscience too will find its own account. Only spoil nothing I have planned. Relate And question with discretion, with reserve.

DAYA.

That you should never until now have thought Of such a thing !-I go; do you go too. For see! there comes a second messenger From the Sultan. 'Tis your dervish, Hafi. (She goes)

SCENE IX.

NATHAN. AL-HAFI.

AL-HAFI.

Ha!

I was looking for you.

NATHAN.

• Is he in such haste? h me?

What does he want with me?

AL-HAFI.

Who?

NATHAN.

Saladin.—

I am coming now.

AL-HAFI. To whom? To Saladin?

NATHAN.

It was not Saladin who sent you?

AL-HAFI.

No.

Has he already sent?

NATHAN.

He has.

AL-HAFI. Well, then

'Tis so.

NATHAN. What is so?

AL-HAFI.

That you. . I am not to blame; God knows I am not.—What have I not said of you, How have I not belied you that I might Prevent it!

NATHAN.

Might prevent what? What is so?

AL-HAFI.

That you are now the Sultan's defterdar. I pity you! But I'll not stay here to see. I go this hour; I go, whither you've heard Already, and know the way.—If there's anything You'd have me to deliver for you, speak! I am at your service, if it be no more Than what a man stripped of his clothing even May carry about with him.

NATHAN.

But reflect,

Al-Hafi, that you have told me nothing yet. What are you talking of?

AL-HAFI.

You've brought the bags

NATHAN.

The bags?

AL-HAFI.

The money, then,

You are to lend him.

Along with you?

NATHAN.

And is it nothing more?

AL-HAFI.

Shall I look on and see how day by day He drains you to the dregs? Shall I look on While wasteful prodigality draws out From the granaries of wise beneficence, Never bare before, till the very mice there die Of hunger?—You may hope perhaps that he Who needs your money will be ready too To follow your advice?—Has Saladin Ever listened to advice?—Think, Nathan, think What happened just now when I was with him!

NATHAN.

What?

AL-HAFI.

When I came to him he had been playing chess With his sister. Sittah does not play so ill; And the game, which Saladin had given up, Was standing as 'twas left. I looked and saw That it was far from being lost. His king Had only to move nearer to the pawn Upon her check. . If I could show you how !

NATHAN.

Oh, I can trust you!

AL-HAFI.

His rook would have been Set free, and Sittah would have lost.—All this I wished to tell him, and I called him.—Think!...

NATHAN.

He was not of your opinion?

AL-HAFI.

He would hear

Nothing I had to say, threw down the board Contemptuously, and answered once for all He wished to be checkmated; wished to be ! Do you call that playing ?

NATHAN.

Hardly playing well;

'Tis but to play at playing.

AL-HAFI.

Yet the game

Was for no trifling stake.

NATHAN.

Gold lost or won,

That is what matters least. But to refuse To hear you! on a subject of such weight Not to listen! not to praise your eagle glance! 'Tis this that cries for vengeance; is it not so?

AL-HAFI.

I tell you but to show you what he is. But I'll bear with him no longer. Here I run From one sordid Moor to another to find out Who'll lend him money! I who never yet Could beg for myself must borrow now for him. To borrow is not much better than to beg, As to lend on usury is not much more Than stealing. With my Ghebers on the banks

Of the Ganges I need neither, and need be The tool of neither. Only on the banks Of the Ganges, of the Ganges there are men. You alone would be counted worthy here to dwell Upon the Ganges.—Will you come with me?— Leave him the trumpery stuff. He'll rob you else Little by little. So the drudgery will Be done with. Come!

NATHAN.

I should think, indeed, for that There's time enough. But I'll consider it, Al-Hafi. Wait. . .

AL-HAFI.

Consider? No, such things Are not to be considered.

NATHAN.

Only wait Till I've seen the Sultan; till I've taken leave. . .

AL-HAFI.

He who considers seeks a reason for Not doing. He who cannot choose at once To live true to himself, must live always The slave of others.—As you will!—Farewell! As you think best.—My way lies there, yours here.

NATHAN.

Al-Hafi! You'll first settle your affairs?

AL-HAFI.

'Twould be a farce! What's in my treasury Is not worth counting; and my reckoning You'll answer for—or Sittah. So farewell!

(He goes out.)

NATHAN (looking after him.) I'll answer for it!—Strange, kind, noble,—what Shall I say more of him?—The true beggar is, He only and alone, the real king!

(Goes out on the other side.)

ACT THIRD.

Scene I.

In NATHAN'S house.

RECHA and DAYA.

RECHA.

What was it, Daya, that my father said? "At any moment I might look for him?" That sounds -does it not?—as if he'd soon be here.— Yet how many moments have gone by!—Ah well, Who thinks of those already gone ?—I'll live Each moment for the next. 'Twill come at last, The one when I shall see him.

DAYA.

Had it not been

For the Sultan's message, Nathan would himself Have brought him to you.

RECHA.

When it has come indeed,

That moment; when my dearest wish has been Fulfilled, my most ardent wish: what then ?—what then ?

DAYA.

What then? Why then, I hope, my most ardent wish Will also be fulfilled.

RECHA.

What will take the place

Of that wish which has reigned so long supreme above

All others in my breast?—Nothing? The thought Fills me with terror!...

DAYA.

Mine, my wish will take The place of that which is fulfilled; my wish To know that you are in Europe, in the hands Of those who are worthy of you.

RECHA.

You are wrong.— What made this wish yours, that must hinder it From being mine. Your fatherland draws you: Shall mine not hold me? shall the thought of yours, Still lingering in your soul, have greater power Than the one I can see and touch and hear, than mine?

DAYA.

Strive as you will! The ways of Heaven are The ways of Heaven. And if it were through him Who saved you that his God, for whom he fights, Would lead you to the people, to the land That you were born for ?

RECHA.

Daya, dear Daya! what Are you saying? You have strange fancies of your own!

"His, his God! for whom he fights!" To whom Does God belong? what sort of God is this Who belongs to a man? who must let men fight for

Him?—

And how can we know for what spot on earth we are born

If it be not for the one that gave us birth ?--If my father heard you !- What has he done to you, That you'd have me place my happiness as far As possible from him? What has he done, That with the seed of reason he has sown Unmixed, you long to mingle in my soul The weeds and flowers of your native land?---He will not have them, your gay flowers !---nor I either, dear, dear Daya! For I feel, Though they clothe it with such beauty, they exhaust The soil and make it barren; and I grow So faint, so giddy with their fragrance, with Their sweet oppressive fragrance !- You have learnt To bear it. I'll not blame the stronger nerves That endure it; but it is too much for mine. How your angel has already made me play The fool !---In my father's presence I still blush For my folly.

DAYA.

Folly !—As if reason here Had anything to do !—If I might speak !

RECHA.

May you not speak? Have I not been all ear When you told me of the heroes of your faith? Have I not always wondered at their deeds And shed tears for their sorrows? Though in truth Their faith has never seemed to me to be Their most heroic virtue, all the more Consoling to me was the lesson, that Submission to God's will does not depend Wholly on what we think of God.—And so

My father often told us; you yourself Have often joined in with him: why pull down Alone what you have helped him to build up?— Dear Daya, 'tis no time to talk of this When we hope so soon to meet our friend. And yet For me it is, since it concerns me more Than I can express to know whether he too... But hark !—Is there not some one at our door? If it were he ! Hark, Daya !

SCENE II.

RECHA. DAYA. THE TEMPLAR, for whom some one outside opens the door with the words:

Enter here!

RECHA (as if wishing to fall at his feet). "Tis he! my preserver!

TEMPLAR.

To avoid this I have come

So late; and yet-

RECHA.

I'll only at the feet Of this proud man thank God again, and not The man, who no more wishes to be thanked Than the water-vessel does that quenched the fire. That let itself be filled, that let itself Be emptied without caring: so the man. He too was only thrust into the flames: And then by chance I fell into his arms; By chance remained there, like a spark upon His mantle; till at last I know not what Thrust us both out again.—What need is here For thanks?—In Europe, wine has urged men on To far greater deeds.—A Templar must act so; Must fetch, like a dog that is somewhat better trained, Out of fire as well as water.

TEMPLAR.

(who has been watching her with astonishment and uneasiness.)

O Daya, if

In my grief and bitterness I treated you Unkindly, why repeat each foolish word I uttered? 'Twas too cruel a revenge! Yet, if you'll only now...

DAYA.

I think, sir knight,

That these little stings inflicted on her heart Have not greatly harmed you there.

RECHA.

You were in grief? And were more avaricious with your grief Than with your life?

TEMPLAR.

Sweet, lovely child! How is My soul divided between eye and ear!— It was not you I saved; no, no, not you.— For who could know you and not save you? who Would have waited till I came?—Truly—fear— Disguises!

(A pause during which he seems absorbed in gazing at her.)

RECHA.

But I find you still the same .---

I am-

(Another pause, until she goes on as if to interrupt his gaze, Will you not tell us, though, where you have been? I might almost ask you where you are.

TEMPLAR.

Where perhaps I should not be. -

RECHA.

And have also been

Where you should not have been ? That is not well.

TEMPLAR.

I've been upon—what is the mountain called ? Upon Mount Sinai.

RECHA.

Ah, can you tell me then

If it is true...

TEMPLAR.

What? what? If it is true That the place may still be seen where Moses stood Before God when. . .

RECHA.

Not that; for where he stood He stood before God. And I know enough Already about that.—But is it true That on that mountain 'tis not half so hard To go up as to come down?—For with me, On all the mountains I have ever climbed, It was just the other way.—You turn from me? You will not look at me?

TEMPLAR.

'Tis that I wish

To listen to you.

RECHA.

Rather, you do not wish For me to see that my simplicity Has made you smile; that you smile because I found Nothing of more importance to inquire Of this holiest of all mountains. Is it not so?

TEMPLAR.

Now let me look into your eyes again !---

What? you have cast them down? you have ceased to smile?

When I would read in your glance, in your doubtful glance,

What I hear, what your voice so plainly tells methen

You are silent ?—Ah, Recha! Recha! how true it was, What he said ! "Only know her first !"

RECHA.

Who said?-of whom ?

TEMPLAR.

"Only know her first!" your father said to me; Said it of you.

DAYA.

Did I not say the same?

Did I not say it also?

TEMPLAR.

But where is

Your father? Is he with the Sultan still?

RECHA.

No doubt.

TEMPLAR.

Still there?—How forgetful I have been! No, no; not there.—He is waiting for me now At the monastery. So it was agreed, I think. Let me go to bring him.

DAYA.

Stay, sir knight,

Stay! That is my affair.

TEMPLAR.

Not so, not so!

He is expecting me, not you. Besides, He may perhaps . . . who knows? he may have had Some trouble with the Sultan. . . You do not know The Sultan !—Believe me, there is danger if I do not go.

RECHA.

Danger?

TEMPLAR.

Danger for me,

For you, for him, if I do not quickly go. (He goes out.)

SCENE III.

RECHA and DAYA.

RECHA.

What is it, Daya?—So soon?—What ails him? What Has driven him away?

DAYA.

Let him go, let him go.

'Tis no bad sign, I think.

RECHA.

Sign? of what?

DAYA.

That something is going on within. It works, And must not overwork. Let him alone. Now 'tis your turn.

RECHA.

My turn? You are, like him,

Incomprehensible.

DAYA.

The time has come When you may repay him for all the anxious hours That he has caused you. But do not be too harsh, Too eager for revenge.

RECHA.

You may yourself

Know what you mean.

DAYA.

Are you already then

So calm again?

RECHA.

I am; yes, I am . . .

DAYA.

Confess, at least, that his uneasiness Rejoices you, and that you owe to it What ease you now enjoy.

RECHA.

If it be so,

'Tis without my knowledge! What I could confess At most would be how it surprises me That such a calm should follow in my heart So soon on such a storm. The sight of him, His words, his tone . . .

DAYA. Have sufficed you?

.

RECHA.

Sufficed me? no,

That I cannot say-far from it-

DAYA.

Have only stilled

The fierce hunger then.

RECHA.

If you will have it so.

DAYA.

'Tis not I who will.

RECHA.

He'll be ever dear to me; Ever dearer than my life: although my pulse No longer changes at the mere sound of His name; although my heart no longer beats More swiftly, more strongly when I think of him.— But what am I saying? Come, dear Daya, come To the window that looks out upon the palms.

DAYA.

So the fierce hunger is not wholly stilled?

RECHA.

I would see the palms too now, not only him Beneath the palms.

DAYA.

This chill may be followed by

Another fever.

RECHA.

What chill? I am not cold. I see with no less pleasure what I see With more repose.

SCENE IV.

An audience-room in SALADIN'S palace. SALADIN and SITTAH.

SALADIN.

(turning towards the door as he enters.) Bring the Jew here as soon As he comes. He does not seem to be in haste.

SITTAH.

He was not at hand, perhaps; could not be found, At once.

> SALADIN. Sister! sister!

> > SITTAH.

You look as if

You were to fight a battle.

SALADIN.

And with arms

That I have not learnt to use. I must lay snares; Must dissemble; must threaten; must walk on slip-

pery ice.

When could I do that? Where could I have learnt To do it?—And all this I must do for what? Ah, what?—For gold!—To wring gold from a Jew By threats!—To such trifling arts must I descend For the most trifling of all trifles!

SITTAH.

Yet

There's no trifle, brother, that unduly scorned Will not avenge itself.

SALADIN.

Too true! But if

This Jew should be indeed the good, wise man The dervish once described to you?

SITTAH.

O then,

What cause then for alarm? The snare is laid For the avaricious Jew, the timid Jew, Not for the good, not for the wise man. He Is ours already without snares. To hear How such a man will speak, to watch him, how

He either rends asunder with bold strength Or winds with cautious foresight past the net; That pleasure you will have beside.

SALADIN.

'Tis true,

That will delight me.

SITTAH.

Nothing then remains

To hinder you. For if he is but one Of the crowd, but a Jew like any other Jew, You will not be ashamed to seem to him What he believes all men to be? Who would To such a one seem better, seems to him A dupe, a fool.

SALADIN.

I must do evil, then, Lest evil men should think evil of me?

SITTAH.

Yes!

If you call it evil-doing to make use Of each thing according to its nature.

SALADIN.

What

Has a woman's brain conceived that it knows not how To beautify! But this finely pointed blade Will break, I fear, in my rude grasp!—Such tools Have need to be handled as they were contrived, With the utmost skill.—Yet if I must, I must! I'll dance even as I can; and would indeed Rather dance worse than better.

SITTAH.

Do not mistrust Yourself! I'll vouch for it that you can do What you will. How men like you would have us think

That your sword alone has done great things for you ! The lion, when he hunts game with the fox, Is ashamed not of the guile but of the fox.

SALADIN.

And how you women love to drag men down To a level with yourselves!—Go now, go !— I believe I know my lesson.

SITTAH.

I must go?

SALADIN.

You would not stay?

SITTAH.

Not stay, perhaps... not stay In sight of you—but here in the next room.

SALADIN.

To listen there? No, no, that must not be.— Away! away! I hear him coming.—See That you do not stay without! I'll see to it.

(As SITTAH goes out through one door, NATHAN enters at the other and SALADIN takes a seat.)

SCENE V.

SALADIN and NATHAN.

SALADIN.

Come nearer, Jew!—Nearer!—Come closer still!— And have no fear!

NATHAN.

Let that be for your foes!

SALADIN.

Your name is Nathan?

NATHAN.

Yes.

SALADIN.

You call yourself

Nathan the Wise?

NATHAN.

Not I.

SALADIN.

The people then

Have called you so.

NATHAN,

The people, that may be!

SALADIN.

Do not think that I despise the people's voice. I have long wished to know the man they call The Wise.

NATHAN.

What if they called him so in sport ? What if wise to them meant prudent only, and he Alone were prudent who well understood His own advantage?

SALADIN.

His true advantage, you mean?

NATHAN.

Then the most selfish man would be indeed The most prudent. Then would wise and prudent be Indeed the same.

SALADIN.

I hear you prove what you wish To contradict. Where man's true advantage lies, You know, though the people do not. Or at least You have sought to know it; have thought of it; and this

Already makes the wise man.

NATHAN.

That each thinks

Himself to be.

SALADIN.

Enough of modesty! To find that only where we hoped to find Dry reason, is distasteful.

(He springs up.) To the point!

But be upright, Jew!

NATHAN. Sultan, I'll serve you so

As to deserve your favor.

SALADIN.

Serve me? how?

NATHAN.

You shall have the best of all; shall have it at The lowest price.

SALADIN.

What are you speaking of?

Not of your wares ?—My sister will not fail To chaffer with you. (That for the listener !)— But I wish nothing from the merchant.

NATHAN.

Then

You would doubtless learn what I have seen or heard Of the foe, who are now again in motion ?—If I may speak without disguise. . .

SALADIN.

I already know

What I need to know of that. I would question you On a subject far removed.—Since you are so wise, Tell me what faith, what law has given you Most light?

NATHAN. Sultan, I am a Jew.

SALADIN.

And I

A Mussulman. The Christian is between.— Of these three religions only one can be The true.—A man like you does not remain Where the accident of birth has cast him, save From insight, grave reasons, choice of what is best. Well, share your insight with me. Let me hear The reasons I have not time to seek myself. Let me know—of course in confidence—the choice Determined by these reasons, that I too May make it mine. You start? You gaze at me? I may be the first sultan who has had Such a whim; though in truth 'tis one that seems to me

Not unworthy of a sultan.—Am I not right? Speak then, speak! Or would you first have time To reflect? You shall have it. (Is she listening still? I'll take her by surprise, and hear from her If 'twas well done.)—Think quickly! I'll be gone Only a moment.

(He goes into the next room to which SITTAH withdrew.)

SCENE VI.

NATHAN. (alone.)

What would the Sultan ? what ?— I am ready to give gold; and he asks for—truth For truth ! And would have it so—so bare, so blank,— As if truth were a coin ! Yes, if it were Like some ancient coin, to be valued by its weight !— That might be ! But a new coin, only made By the stamp of the die to be counted out upon The money-changer's board, that truth is not ! As gold into a bag, can truth be swept

Into the brain? Who's the Jew here? I or he? Yet if he should in truth be seeking truth? To suspect that he does but use truth as a snare Would be too little! For a great man what's Too little? He who comes as a friend knocks first And listens, does not rush so rudely in.— I must be upon my guard!—how? in what way?— It will not do to be the stiff-necked Jew.— And to be no Jew at all will do still less. For if no Jew, why not a Mussulman?— I have it! That may save me! We put off Not children only with a tale.—He comes. Let him come !

SCENE VII.

SALADIN and NATHAN.

SALADIN.

(So the coast is clear !)—I have not returned Too soon? You have reflected ?—Now then, speak ! No soul can hear us.

NATHAN.

Would that the whole world heard !

SALADIN.

So sure is Nathan? Ha! I call that wise! Never to hide truth! to stake all beside For that! body and soul! lands and life!

NATHAN.

Yes! yes! when 'tis needful and can be of use.

SALADIN.

One of my titles I may hope henceforth To bear with right, Reformer of the World And of the Law.

NATHAN.

A glorious title! Yet Before I show you, Sultan, all that's in My heart, I may tell you a short tale?

SALADIN.

Why not?

I have ever been a friend of tales well told.

NATHAN.

Well told, that I cannot promise you.

SALADIN. Again

Such proud humility ?-Begin, begin !

NATHAN.

In the East, many years ago, there lived a man Who possessed a ring of priceless worth, the gift Of one he loved. The stone was an opal, which shone

With a hundred varied hues, and had the power To render him who wore it in that faith Pleasing to God and man. What wonder then If the man in the East never let it leave his hand, And sought to keep it as an heritage In his own household? He bequeathed the ring To the son he loved best, and commanded him To leave it to that one among his sons Whom he in turn loved best; and so always, Without regard to birth, by virtue of The ring alone, the best beloved son Was to be head and ruler of the house.— Understand me, Sultan.

SALADIN.

I understand. Go on !

NATHAN.

So now this ring, passing from son to son, Came at last to a father of three sons, who all

Were alike obedient and therefore alike beloved. Yet from time to time-as the father found himself Alone with each, and the others did not share The outpouring of his heart-now this one seemed, Now that, now the third, most worthy of the ring, Which he was weak enough to promise each. So it went on as long as it went on.-But the kind father, when he came to die, Knew not what to do. It grieved him to offend Two of his sons who trusted in his word. So he sent in secret for a jeweller, And bade him make for him two other rings By the pattern of the first, and not to spare Either labor or expense, that the three might be In all respects the same. When this was done And the rings were brought, the father could not tell Himself which was his own. Joyful and glad, He called for his sons, each one apart, and gave To each apart his blessing-and his ring-And died.—You hear me, Sultan?

> SALADIN (who has turned uneasily away from him.)

I hear, I hear!-

Make haste to end your tale.

NATHAN.

I have ended it.

- What is left scarce needs to be told.—The father dead,
- Each came with his ring, each claimed to be head of the house.

They questioned, they wrangled, they went to law. In vain!

It was impossible to prove which was The right ring—

> (After a pause during which he has waited for the sultar to speak.)

Almost as impossible

As for us to prove now which is-the right faith.

SALADIN.

That is your answer to my question?

NATHAN.

That

Is but my excuse if I do not trust myself To distinguish between the rings, which the father caused

To be made so that none might distinguish them.

SALADIN.

The rings!-

Do not trifle with me!—The religious I have named Are to be distinguished even in regard To clothing, to meat and drink!

NATHAN.

And only not

In regard to their foundation.—For all three, Are they not founded upon history? Either written or handed down by word of mouth? And does not history rest only on Fidelity and faith?—Whose faith then, whose Fidelity do we doubt least, if not Those of our kindred? of whose blood we are? Who from our childhood up have given proof Of their love? who never have deceived us, save When it was for our good?—How can I trust To my forefathers less than you trust yours? Or how, on the other hand, can I ask you To say that yours have lied in order not

To gainsay mine? Or yet again, the same Holds also for the Christian. Does it not?

SALADIN.

(By the living God! the man is right. I must Be silent.)

NATHAN-

Let us go back to our rings. As I have said, the sons brought suit, and each Swore to the judge that he received the ring From his father's own hand,—which indeed was true !—

According to the promise given him Long since, that he should afterwards enjoy The ring's prerogative:—which was not less true !— The father, each declared, could not have been Faithless to him; and rather than allow Such a father, such a dear father to be so Suspected, he must charge his brothers—though He would gladly still believe the best of them In all things else—with having played him false: And he would soon find out the traitors, soon Take vengeance on them.

SALADIN.

And the judge ?--- I long

To hear what he said to them.

NATHAN.

The judge spoke thus: "Unless you bring the father now at once Before me, I command you to depart From my judgment-seat. Do you think that I am here To answer riddles? Or will you wait until The right ring finds a tongue to speak ?---Yet stay! This ring, I hear, has power to make beloved, To render him who wears it pleasing both To God and man. That must decide! For that

The false rings cannot do! Which one of you Do the other two love best?—You are silent? What, The rings work backward only? not outward? Each Loves himself best?—O then you are all three Deceived deceivers! All your rings are false! The true ring has been lost. To hide its loss, To replace it, the father had three made for one."

SALADIN.

NATHAN.

Splendid ! splendid !

"And so," the judge went on, "If you will not have my counsel in the place Of my decision, go !-But I counsel you To take the whole thing as it is. As each Had his ring from his father, so let each Think his own ring the true one.-It may be The father would no longer put up with The tyranny of the one ring in his house.--Surely he loved you all, and all alike, Since he would not suffer two to be oppressed That the other might be favored.-Let each vie With the rest in attaining to the measure of That love, so free from prejudice! let each As for a wager strive to bring to light The power of the stone in his own ring ! Let him seek to aid that power by gentleness, By loving forbearance, by beneficence, By resignation to God's will! And when Your children's children's children have revealed The power of the stone, I summon you After a thousand thousand years to stand Again before this judgment-seat. Then will A wiser man than I sit here and speak."-So said the modest judge.

SALADIN.

O God! God!

NATHAN.

Saladin, if you feel yourself to be This wiser promised man . . .

SALADIN.

(rushing up to NATHAN and seizing his hand, which he does not let go till the end.)

I who am dust?

Who am nothing? O God!

NATHAN.

Sultan, what moves you so?

SALADIN.

Nathan, dear Nathan! The thousand thousand years Of your judge are not yet past.—His judgment-seat Is not mine.—Go!—Go!—But be my friend.

NATHAN.

And Saladin has no more to say?

SALADIN.

No more.

NATHAN.

Nothing more?

SALADIN. Nothing at all.—And why?

NATHAN.

I had hoped to find occasion for a request.

SALADIN.

For that what need to find occasion ?--Speak!

NATHAN.

I come from a far journey, and on my way Gathered in debts.—I have almost too much In ready money.—For the times begin Again to threaten;—and I hardly know Where to bestow it safely.—I had thought That you perhaps—since the approach of war Renders gold more needful-—might have use for it.

SALADIN.

(looking him full in the face.)

Nathan!—I'll not ask if Al-Hafi has Been with you;—or if some suspicion urges you To make this offer of yourself . . .

NATHAN,

Some

Suspicion?

SALADIN. I have deserved it.—Forgive me !—for

I was about . . .

NATHAN.

Not to ask me for it?

SALADIN.

Yes!

NATHAN.

Then both are served! If I do not send the whole? 'Tis because of the young Templar whom you know. To him I have first a large amount to pay.

SALADIN.

A Templar? You will not aid my deadliest foes?

NATHAN.

I speak only of one whose life you spared.

SALADIN.

Ah, what do you remind me of !--I had Forgotten the youth !--You know him ?--Where is he?

How?

You have not heard, then, that the kindness shown To him through him has fallen upon me? He risked the life you had just spared to save My daughter from the flames.

SALADIN.

Ha! so he looked!

So might my brother Assad too have done Whom he resembles !— If he is still here,

Go bring him to me !—I have said so much To my sister of this brother whom she knows Only by name, that I would have her see His living image ! How out of one good deed, Though born of passion, other good deeds flow ! Go bring him !

NATHAN. (letting go SALADIN'S hand.)

This moment! and the rest will be As I have said?

(He goes out.)

SALADIN.

If my sister had but heard !---Let me hasten to her !--How shall I tell her all ?---(*He goes out on the other side.*)

SCENE VIII.

Under the palm-trees near the monastery, where the TEMPLAR is waiting for NATHAN.

TEMPLAR. (walking up and down as if struggling with himself till he breaks out.)

Here stands the wearied victim still!—I'll know No more, no more of what is going on Within me; will not forebode what may go on.— Enough, I fled in vain ! in vain !—And yet What could I do but fly ?—Now come what will !— The blow could not be turned aside, it fell Too swiftly, fell at last though shunned so long.— To see her, whom I had so little wish To see, and to resolve never again To lose sight of her—What resolve ? Resolve Is purpose, deed; and I, I suffer, can But suffer.—To see her, and to feel my life

State of the second

Was woven in with hers, bound up with hers, Were one.-Are one.-To live apart from her Is inconceivable; would be my death,--And wheresoever after death we are, There too my death.-If this be love, why then The Templar loves indeed-the Christian loves The Jewish maiden.-But what matters that? Here in the Promised Land-to me therefore A land of promise evermore !--I've cast More than one prejudice away.-What would My Order? As a Templar I am dead; Have been so since the hour when I became The prisoner of Saladin. The head That Saladin gave back to me is not The old one.-'Tis a new one, and of all That cramped that other, all that was instilled Into that other, it knows nothing .- 'Tis A better one, more suited to this land Which was my father's. For with it I think For the first time as my father must have thought If the tales that have been told me were not false.---Yet never have they seemed more worthy of Belief than now, that I stumble where he fell.-He fell! Let me rather fall with men than stand With children !- His example is the pledge Of his approval. And for whose beside Do I care to seek ?-For Nathan's ?-Oh, from him I may hope to have encouragement as well!-What a Jew !---Yet he would seem no more than a Jew!-

He comes, comes quickly and with joyful look. But who comes otherwise from Saladin? Here, Nathan, here!.

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SCENE IX.

NATHAN and the TEMPLAR. NATHAN. How? is it you?

TEMPLAR.

You've been

A long while at the Sultan's.

NATHAN.

Not so long.

I was detained on my way there.—Truly, Curd, The man does not belie his fame. His fame Is but his shadow.—Let me tell you, though, . . .

TEMPLAR.

Tell me what?

NATHAN.

That he would speak to you at once. Come with me to my house, where I have first Something to see to for him: then we'll go.

TEMPLAR.

Your house !—I'll never enter it again, Nathan, unless . . .

NATHAN.

You have been there? You have talked With Recha?—How were you pleased with her?

TEMPLAR.

Beyond

Expression !—But I'll never see her more !— No, never ! never !—For you then would have To promise me that I should be allowed To see her always, always.

NATHAN.

How do you mean

For me to understand this?

TEMPLAR. (After a short pause, suddenly clasping Nathan in his arms.) **My father**!

NATHAN.

Young man!

TEMPLAR (as suddenly releasing him)

Not son ?- I beseech you, Nathan!

NATHAN.

Dear young man!

TEMPLAR.

Not son ?—'I beseech you !—I implore you by The earliest ties of nature !—Do not place Above those ties the later bonds imposed By custom !—Be content to be a man !— Do not thrust me from you, Nathan !—

NATHAN.

Dear, dear friend !

TEMPLAR.

And son ? not son ?—Not even though gratitude Has made a way into your daughter's heart For love ? Not even though two wait but a sign From you in order to be one ?

NATHAN.

Young knight,

You take me by surprise.

TEMPLAR.

How, Nathan, how?

NATHAN.

Before I have heard even which Stauffen was Your father?

TEMPLAR.

At such a moment you can feel Nothing-but curiosity?

NATHAN.

For see!

I myself knew a Stauffen once, whose name Was Conrad.

TEMPLAR.

What if it was my father's too?— I have the same name as my father: Curd Is Conrad.

NATHAN.

Yet could my Conrad not have been Your father. For he was what you are; was A Templar; was never married.

TEMPLAR.

What of that?

NATHAN.

How?

TEMPLAR.

Oh, in spite of that he might have been My father !

NATHAN.

You jest.

TEMPLAR.

And you are too exact !---

What would it matter if 'twere so? The race Is not to be despised.—Do not ask me for My ancestral proofs, and I'll dispense with yours. Not that I doubt your lineage. God forbid! You may trace it back to Abraham: the rest I know myself; will swear to it myself.

NATHAN.

You are bitter.—Do I deserve it ?—Have I yet Refused you anything ?—I will not at A moment's notice take you at your word.— That is all.

TEMPLAR. That is all? O forgive me, then ! . . . NATHAN.

And now

Come with me !

TEMPLAR. Where ?—To your' house ?—Not there !—It burns !— I'll wait here.—If we are to meet again I shall see her often enough. If not, I've seen Too much of her already. . .

NATHAN.

I'll return

As soon as possible.

Scene X.

The TEMPLAR, and soon afterwards DAYA.

TEMPLAR.

Already more Than enough !—The human brain can hold so much; Yet is often all at once so full! so full Of a trifle !—Let it be full of what it will !— I must have patience ! For the soul works in The upheaving stuff, soon makes room for itself, And light returns, and order.—Do I love For the first time ?—Was what I have known as love Not love ?—Is love only what I now feel? . . .

DAYA.

(Coming stealthily towards him from the side.) Sir knight! sir knight!

TEMPLAR.

Who calls ?---Ha, Daya, you ?

DAYA.,

I have crept past him. But we might be seen Where you now stand.—Come near, behind this tree.

TEMPLAR.

What is it ?—Why this secrecy ?

DAYA. It is

A secret that has brought me to you, or I should have said two secrets, one of which I alone know, the other only you.— What if we should exchange? You tell me yours, I'll tell you mine.

TEMPLAR.

DAYA.

With pleasure, if you'll say What you consider mine. But that perhaps Will be made clear by yours.—Begin, then.

No,

Sir knight; you first, I follow. Mine would be Of no use to you before I found out yours.— Only be quick !—For if I find it out By questioning, my secret shall remain My secret, while you will be rid of yours.— And yet, poor knight! . . . O that you men should think

You can have such a secret from a woman!

TEMPLAR.

How

If we ourselves do not know we have it, though?

DAYA.

That may be. I must have the kindness then To tell you yours.—Why did you leave us in Such haste? Why not return with Nathan ?—Say, Were you so little pleased with Recha? or So much ?—So much ! so much !—Teach me to know The fluttering of the poor bird when he clings To the lime-twig !—Come, confess it quickly, that You love her, love her even to madness, and You shall hear something. . .

TEMPLAR.

Even to madness? Yes, You know what you are talking of.

DAYA,

Ah well,

Grant me the love: I'll not insist upon The madness.

TEMPLAR.

Because it is a thing of course ?— A Templar love a Jewish maid ! . . .

DAYA.

That does

Indeed seem to be senseless.—Yet at times There's more sense in a thing than we suppose; And 'twould not be so unheard of, after all, If the Saviour led us to Himself by paths That the wise and prudent of their own accord Would not have entered.

TEMPLAR.

You grow solemn?—(If Instead of Saviour I say Providence, Is she not in the right?)—You make me feel More curious than I am wont to be.

DAYA.

O_{this},

You know, is the land of miracles!

TEMPLAR.

(At least

A land where strange things happen. And why not, When the whole world is thronging here at once?)— Dear Daya, take for granted what you will: That I love her; that I cannot even think How I shall live without her.

DAYA.

Swear, sir knight, Swear then to make her yours; to rescue her Here for all time, there for eternity.

TEMPLAR.

And how ?—How can I ?—Can I swear to do What is not in my power ?

DAYA.

'Tis in your power.

By a single word I'll put it in your power.

TEMPLAR.

So that the father also will consent?

DAYA. Father ? what father ? The father must consent.

TEMPLAR. Must, Daya ?—He has not fallen among thieves. He "must" do nothing.

> DAYA. Must be willing then;

Must in the end be willing.

TEMPLAR.

Willing and must!-

But Daya, what if I should tell you that I have myself ventured to sound this note Before him?

DAŸA.

TEMPLAR.

And he did not fall in?

He fell in.

But with a discord that offended me.

DAŸA.

You let him see the shadow of a wish For Recha, and he did not spring up with Delight? but instead drew back coldly? made Objections?

TEMPLAR.

Something of that kind.

DAYA.

I'll hesitate no longer-

(Pause.)

TEMPLAR.

You are hesitating still?

DAYA.

He is so kind !--

How is it that

Why then

I myself owe so much to him !—although He will not hear of such a thing !—God knows My heart bleeds to compel him.

TEMPLAR.

Put an end,

Daya, to this uncertainty! Yet if You are yourself uncertain whether that Which you propose may be called good or bad, Shameful or praiseworthy,—be silent! I'll Forget that you have anything to hide.

DAYA.

That spurs me on instead of checking me. Know, then, that Recha is no Jewess; that She is—a Christian.

TEMPLAR.

Yes? I wish you joy! Was your travail hard? Yet do not fear such pangs! Go on with zeal to people heaven, since You can people earth no more!

DAYA.

My news, sir knight, Did not deserve this scoffing answer. What? That Recha is a Christian, does it not Rejoice you, you who love her, you who are A Christian, a Templar?

TEMPLAR.

More especially

Ah,

As she is a Christian of your making.

DAYA.

Do you understand it so? Let it pass so !—No ! I should like to see who could convert her ! 'Tis Her good fortune long to have been what she is now Unfitted to become.

TEMPLAR.

Explain yourself,

Or-go!

DAYA.

She is a Christian child; was born Of Christian parents; is baptized . . .

TEMPLAR. (quickly.)

And what

Of Nathan?

DAYA. He is not her father. TEMPLAR.

Not

Her father ?-You know this?

DAYA.

I know it to be the truth,

Which has often caused me to shed tears of blood.— He is not her father . . .

TEMPLAR.

And has brought her up As his daughter? has brought up the Christian.child As a Jewess?

DAYA.

He has.

TEMPLAR.

She knew not, never heard

From him that she was born a Christian, not A Jewess?

DAYA.

Never!

TEMPLAR.

He not only brought

The child up in this error? but has left The maiden in it also?

DAYA.

'Tis too true!

TEMPLAR.

Nathan—How? The wise, good Nathan could
So falsify the laws of nature, so
Mislead the outgoing of a heart that left
To itself would have sought another course? You have
Indeed confided to me something of
Importance,—something that may have results,—
That confuses me,—so that I know not yet
What I shall do.—Therefore leave me! Give me time.—
He will return. He might surprise us. Go !

DAYA.

I should die of terror.

TEMPLAR.

I am in no mood

To talk now with him. If you meet him, say That he'll find me at the Sultan's.

DAYA.

Yet do not show That you are displeased with him.—'Twas only meant To set the thing in motion, to remove Any scruple that you might feel on account Of Recha!—But when you take her back with you To Europe, you'll not leave me here behind Without her ?

TEMPLAR. That will be arranged. So go!

ACT FOURTH.

SCENE I.

In the cloisters of the monastery. The LAY-BROTHER and soon after the TEMPLAR,

LAY-BROTHER.

Yes, yes! the Patriarch is right! In all That he has given me to do for him I have not prospered.—But why send me on Such errands? I cannot over-reach; cannot Persuade; do not like to pry into everything, To have a finger in everything.—'Twas not For this I left the world, I for myself, Only to be so mixed up with it now For others.

TEMPLAR. (coming up to him hastily.)

Good brother, here you are at last! I've been seeking you for a long while.

LAY-BROTHER.

Seeking me?

TEMPLAR.

You no longer know me?

LAY-BROTHER.

O yes! But I had thought That I should never in my life again Set eyes upon you. So I hoped to God !— For the dear God, He knows how hard it was To speak to you as I had to speak. He knows Whether I wished to find an open ear With you; knows too how greatly I rejoiced When you so roundly and at once refused What was not fitting for a knight.—But now You come; now it has worked upon you !

TEMPLAR.

How?

You know why I have come? I hardly know Myself.

LAY-BROTHER.

You have considered; have found out That the Patriarch after all is not so much In the wrong; that gold and honor may be won By accepting his proposal; that a foe Is still a foe, even though he may have been Seven times our guardian angel. This you've weighed With flesh and blood; and now you come—Ah God!

TEMPLAR.

Kind pious man! be content. 'Tis not for that I come; 'tis not on that account I seek The Patriarch. I still think upon that point As I used to think, and not for the whole world Would I lose the good opinion of a man So upright, kind, and pious as yourself.— I come only to ask the Patriarch For counsel.

LAY-BROTHER.

You the Patriarch? A knight

Ask counsel of a-priest?

(looking anxiously around.)

TEMPLAR.

Yes;-the affair

Is somewhat priestly.

LAY-BROTHER.

The priest does not ask

The knight for counsel, let the matter be Ever so knightly.

TEMPLAR.

'Tis because he has

The privilege of transgressing, one that we For our part do not envy him.—Indeed,

If I were acting for myself, had but To answer to myself, I should not need Your Patriarch's advice. But certain things I would rather do badly for another than Do well alone.—Religion, I now see, Is also party-spirit; and the man Who thinks he is most impartial yet upholds Unconsciously the banner of his own. Since this is so, it must be for the best.

LAY-BROTHER. I say nothing in reply to that, sir knight, For I do not rightly understand you.

TEMPLAR.

And yet!-

(What is it I would have? Authority Or counsel?—Plain or learned counsel?)—Thanks, Good brother, for the hint.—What Patriarch?— Be you my Patriarch! 'Tis the Christian in The Patriarch I would question, rather than The Patriarch in the Christian.—The thing is this...

LAY-BROTHER.

No more, sir knight!—You mistake me.—Who knows much

Has many cares, and I have sworn to have But one.—For my good fortune, here he comes. Stay where you are. He has seen you.

SCENE II.

The TEMPLAR. The LAY-BROTHER. The PATRIARCH, who is coming through the cloisters with great ecclesiastical pomp.

TEMPLAR.

I should prefer To avoid him.—He is not the man for me !— A stout, red-visaged, affable prelate ! And What state!

LAY-BROTHER.

You should see him on his way to court. Now he is only coming from the sick.

TEMPLAR.

How Saladin must be put to shame by him !

PATRIARCH.

(As he approaches he beckons to the LAY-BROTHER) Here !-You were with the Templar. What does he want?

LAY-BROTHER.

I know not.

PATRIARCH.

(Going up to the TEMPLAR, while the attendants and the LAY-BROTHER draw back.)

Well, sir knight!—I am rejoiced To see the brave young man !—What, still so young ? By God's help something may be done with you.

TEMPLAR.

PATRIARCH.

Hardly more, reverend sir, than has been done Already. Somewhat less perhaps.

I hope,

At least, that a knight so pious may long live And prosper for the good of Christendom And of God's cause! That cannot fail to be If youthful courage will be guided by The ripe advice of age !—But tell me, how Can I serve you?

TEMPLAR.

By giving me what my youth most lacks, Advice.

PATRIARCH.

Right gladly !--- Only the advice

Is to be followed.

TEMPLAR. Not blindly?

PATRIARCH.

Who says that ?---

None must assuredly neglect to use The reason that God gave him-where it belongs .--Does it belong though everywhere ?-- O no !--For instance, when God graciously makes known By one of His angels-that is to say, by one Of the servants of His word--a means by which The welfare of Christendom, the safety of His Church may be promoted, may be secured In some unusual and peculiar way: Who then by reasoning should undertake To search into the absolute sovereign will Of Him who created reason? and presume To weigh and measure by the petty rules Of a vain honor the eternal laws Of the Majesty of Heaven ?--But enough Of this.--Let me know in what you would be advised.

TEMPLAR.

Suppose then, reverend father, that a Jew Had an only child—a daughter; that this child Had been brought up by him with the greatest care In everything that is good; that he loved her more Than his own soul; that she loved him in return With the same devotion. If 'twere whispered now To one of our Order that this maiden was No daughter of the Jew; he had picked her up In her childhood, bought her, stole her,—what you will;

She was known to be a Christian child; had been Baptized; the Jew had only brought her up As a Jewess; had let her pass for a Jewess and His daughter:--reverend father, in such a case What should be done?

PATRIARCH.]

I shudder !—First of all You must declare to me, sir `night, if this Is a fact or an hypothesis. TL t is, Whether it was invented, or has occurred And continues to occur.

TEMPLAR.

I should think 'twould be One and the same thing, only to obtain Your opinion.

PATRIARCH.

One and the same thing ?—See then how The pride of human reason leads astray In spiritual matters !--Not at all ! For if The case you have brought forward is no more Than an exercise of wit, 'tis not worth while To consider it in earnest. Thereupon I shall refer you to the theatre, Where such themes are debated with applause And argued *pro et contra.*--But if this Is no theatrical performance, meant Only to make sport of me, but a fact; If it has happened in our diocese, In our dear city of Jerusalem:----Why then . . .

TEMPLAR.

What then?

ATRIARCH.

Then must the Jew forthwith

Suffer the penalty by papal and Imperial law assigned for such a crime, Such an outrage.

> TEMPLAR. He must?

PATRIARCH.

And that law condemns the Jew Who has led a Christian to apostasy

To be burnt alive,

$\frac{\text{TEMPLAR.}}{\text{It does }}$

PATRIARCH.

How much more the Jew

Who has snatched by violence a Christian child From the covenant of her baptism! For is not all That is done to children violence ?---save indeed What the Church does to children.

TEMPLAR.

But this child,

If the Jew had not taken pity on her, might Have died of want.

PATRIARCH.

No matter! the Jew must burn!

Better to die of want here than be saved

To perish everlastingly.—Besides,

Why should the Jew interfere with God? Whom God

Would rescue He can rescue without him.

TEMPLAR.

And can also in spite of him, I should think, make blest

Hereafter.

PATRIARCH.

No matter! the Jew must burn!

TEMPLAR.

That goes

Against me! All the more so since 'tis said He has brought her up not so much in his own As in no belief, and has taught her about God Neither more nor less than reason would require.

PATRIARCH,

No matter! the Jew must burn . . should be thrice burnt

For that alone !---What, let a child grow up With no belief at all ?---not teach a child The great duty of believing ? This is too much ! I am surprised, sir knight, that you yourself. . .

TEMPLAR.

Reverend sir, the rest, God willing, at Confession.

(Is about to go.)

PATRIARCH.

You will not answer me?—This Jew, This miscreant, you will not name him ?--will Not bring him to me on the spot?—I'll go At once then to the Sultan.—Saladin, By the terms of capitulation, which he swore To observe, must protect us, must, in all the laws, In all the precepts that may be reckoned part Of our most holy faith! God be praised! we have The original; we have his hand, his seal.— 'Twill not be hard to make him understand How dangerous even for the state it is To believe in nothing ! Every civil bond Is loosened, is sundered if men are allowed To believe in nothing.—Away with such a crime From the face of the earth !...

TEMPLAR.

Pity I cannot stay To hear the excellent sermon somewhat more At leisure. I am sent for by the Sultan.

PATRIARCH.

Yes?

Well, then-Indeed-

TEMPLAR. Shall I prepare him for

Your coming?

PATRIARCH.

Oh, I know that you have found Great favor with him !—Only say, I beg, That I am at his service.—'Tis my zeal For God that moves me. What I do tco much I do for Him alone.—Think of that, sir knight! And what you have just told me of the Jew Was a problem only, was it not?—that is . . .

A problem.

TEMPLAR.

PATRIARCH.

(He goes out.)

(Which I must investigate More thoroughly: another errand for The brother Bonafides.) Here, my son ! (He goes out conversing with the lay-brother.)

Scene III.

A room in the Sultan's palace, into which slaves are bringing many bags of gold and placing them side by side on the floor.

SALADIN and soon after SITTAH.

SALADIN.

Truly, there is no end to it !—How much Is still remaining?

A SLAVE.

About half.

SALADIN.

Then take

What is left to Sittah.—And Al-Hafi, where Is he? He must have charge of this.—Or how If I should send it to my father? Here It will slip through my fingers.—We grow hard At last; and now 'twill surely cost some skill

To win much from me. Till at least the gold From Egypt comes, let poverty look out For itself!—If but the spending at the grave May go on! If the Christian pilgrims may Not have to leave us empty-handed! If . . .

SITTAH.

What does this mean? Why send the gold to me?

SALADIN. Pay yourself with it and lay up the rest.

sıттан. Is Nathan not here with the Templar yet?

SALADIN.

He is seeking him everywhere.

SITTAH.

See what I've found

In looking over my old jewels.

(Showing him a small picture.)

SALADIN.

Ha !

My brother! 'tis he, 'tis he !----Was he ! was he !----Ah dear brave youth, that I should have lost thee, and So soon ! With thee what might I not have done ; What at thy side have done !---Leave it with me, The picture, Sittah. I remember how He gave it to your elder sister, to His Lilla, one morning when she clung to him And would not let him go. 'Twas the last time He rode forth.---Ah, I let him ride alone !---Ah, Lilla died of grief, and never would Forgive me that I let him_ride alone ! He returned no more !

> SITTAH. My poor brother!

SALADIN.

Do not mourn For him !--Some day we shall all return no more ! And then,---who knows? It is not death alone That keeps back such a youth as he was from The goal. He has other foes beside, to whom The strongest even as the weakest oft Succumb. However that be, I must compare This picture with the young Templar, must find out If my fancy has misled me.

SITTAH.

Twas for that

I brought it to you. Give it back, though, give ! A woman's eye, let me tell you, will judge best.

SALADIN. (to a doorkeeper who oppears.) Who is there? The Templar? Let him enter! SITTAH.

Not

To disturb you, not to confuse him . . . (She takes a seat on a sofa apart, and covers her face with her veil.)

SALADIN.

'Tis well!--(And now

His voice! what will that be? Surely Assad's voice Still slumbers somewhere in my soul!)

SCENE IV.

The TEMPLAR and SALADIN. TEMPLAR.

'Tis I.

Your captive, Sultan, . . .

SALADIN. My captive? I granted life, Shall I not grant freedom also?

TEMPLAR.

What becomes you

To do, becomes me to hear only, not To prescribe. But, Sultan,---to give special thanks For my life suits neither my condition nor My character.--That life, in any case, Is again at your disposal.

SALADIN.

Do not use it then Against me!--It is not that I grudge the foe A pair of hands more. But a heart like yours, 'Twould be hard to give that up to them.--Brave youth,

I have not been deceived in you! You are My Assad both in soul and body. See! I could ask you where all this long, long while you

have

Been hidden? in what cavern you have slept? In what Ginnistan, by what kind Div this flower Has been cherished, that it blooms so freshly still? See! I could wish to remind you of what we did Together here and there! I could chide you that You have had a secret from me! have kept back An adventure from me! Yes, I could do it if I saw you only, not myself.—Ah well! Of this sweet reverie so much at least Is true, that in the autumn of my life An Assad is to bloom for me again.— Does it content you also?

TEMPLAR.

Everything That comes to me from you-be it what it may---Was my heart's wish already.

SALADIN.

We'll put that to The test at once.—You will stay with me, will

you not?

As Christian, as Mussulman, no matter how ! In the white mantle or the Arab cloak, The turban or the felt: even as you like ! I have never asked that the same bark should grow On every tree.

TEMPLAR.

Else you would not have been What you are, the hero who would fain become The Gardener of God.

SALADIN.

If you think no worse Of me, we are half agreed already?

> TEMPLAR. Quite!

SALADIN (offering his hand.)

Your word?

TEMPLAR (taking it.)

Myself !---Herewith receive more Than you could have taken from me. Wholly yours !

SALADIN.

Too much gain for one day! too much !--And he, Did he not come with you ?

> TEMPLAR. Who ?

SALADIN. Nathan.

TEMPLAR (coldly.) No.

I came alone.

SALADIN.

What a deed that was of yours!

And what a wise chance, that such a deed was done In aid of such a man!

TEMPLAR.

Yes, yes!

SALADIN.

So cold ?—

No, young man! When God has done some good By means of us, we must not be so cold !---Even out of modesty we must not wish To seem so cold !

TEMPLAR.

Yet each thing in this world Has so many different sides!—We so often fail To see how they fit together !

SALADIN.

Hold fast then To what is best, and praise God! For He knows How they fit together.—But if you are in truth So hard to please, young man, I must also be Upon my guard with you. I too, alas! Am a thing of many sides, that may often seem Not to fit well together.

TEMPLAR.

That cuts me to

The quick !---For suspicion is so little one Of my faults. . .

SALADIN.

Well, tell me now of whom you are Suspicious ?--It would seem, of Nathan.--What ? Suspicious of Nathan? you ?--Explain yourself! Give me the first proof of your confidence.

TEMPLAR.

I have nothing against Nathan. 'Tis with myself Alone that I am angry.

SALADIN. And for what?

TEMPLAR.

That I should have dreamed a Jew could ever cease To be a Jew; that waking I should have dreamed It could be so.

SALADIN.

Out with this waking dream!

TEMPLAR.

You know of Nathan's daughter, Sultan. What I did for her, I did it—because I did. Too proud to reap thanks where I had not thought Of sowing them, day by day I refused To see her. The father was away: he came; He heard; he sought me out; he thanked me; wished That his daughter might please me; spoke of prospects; spoke

Of a brighter future.--Well, I let myself Be persuaded. I came, I saw, I found indeed A maiden. . . Ah, Sultan, I am ashamed!

SALADIN.

Ashamed

Of what?---that a Jewish maiden should have made Such an impression? surely not of that?

TEMPLAR,

That to this impression my rash heart, subdued By the father's friendly talk, gave way so soon!---Fool that I was! A second time I sprang Into the fire.--I wooed and was despised.

SALADIN

Despised?

TEMPLAR.

The wise father did not meet me with A flat refusal. The wise father, though, Must first inquire, must first reflect. Of course! Did I not do the same? Did I not first Inquire, reflect, when she was shrieking in The flames? By God! 'tis something beautiful To be so wise, so prudent!

SALADIN.

You must have

More patience with an old man! Can he long Persist in his refusal? Will he ask That you should first become a Jew?

TEMPLAR.

Who knows?

SALADIN.

Who knows ?—He who knows Nathan better than To believe it.

TEMPLAR.

The superstition that has grown

With our growth, even when we know it to be such,
Does not lose its power to control us. All
Are not free who make sport of their chains.

SALADIN.

A sage

Remark! Yet Nathan, Nathan . . .

TEMPLAR.

And the worst

Of superstitions is to think one's own The most endurable . . .

SALADIN.

That perhaps is true!

Yet Nathan . . .

TEMPLAR.

To confide to it alone The guidance of mankind, till their dim eyes Have grown accustomed to the clearer light Of truth; to it alone . . .

SALADIN.

But Nathan !--He

Is above this weakness.

TEMPLAR.

So I also thought! . . .

But if this paragon among men should be Such a common Jew that he looks about in search Of Christian children only to bring them up As Jews:—what then?

> SALADIN. Who accuses him of this?

TEMPLAR.

The maiden even with whom he lures me on, With the hope of whom he seemed as if he wished To repay me for what I had done for her:—even she Is not his daughter, but a Christian child, Either stolen or lost.

> SALADIN. And yet in spite of that

He will not give her to you?

TEMPLAR (with violence.)

Whether he will

Or not, what does it matter? He is found out, The tolerant talker! On this Jewish wolf In the philosophic sheep-skin I'll find means To let loose dogs that will run him down at last!

SALADIN (sternly).

Peace, Christian!

TEMPLAR,

What? peace, Christian?—Shall the Jew And Mussulman have leave to play the Jew, The Mussulman, and the Christian not be free To play the Christian too?

> SALADIN (more sternly). Peace, Christian!

TEMPLAR (with more composure). I feel

The weight of the reproof that Saladin Has pressed into that name! Ah, if I knew How Assad,—Assad in my place would here Have acted !

SALADIN.

Not much better !—He would have been Just as impetuous !—But who taught you how Like him to bribe me with a word ?—If this Is true of Nathan, I myself scarce know What to think of him.—Meanwhile he is my friend, And of my friends one must not quarrel with The other.—Be cautious ! Do not give him up To the violence of the Christian rabble ! Keep From your clergy what they would urge me to avenge ! Be a Christian to spite no Jew, no Mussulman !

TEMPLAR.

It might have been too late had it not been For the Patriarch's bloodthirsty zeal ! But thanks To that, I feared to become his tool!

SALADIN. You went.

To the Patriarch first, before you came to me?

TEMPLAR.

In the storm of passion, in the whirlwind of Uncertainty!—Forgive me !—You'll find, I fear,

Nothing more in me now to remind you of Your Assad.

SALADIN.

Unless it be that very fear! I think I know from what faults our virtues grow. Cultivate these, and those will not harm you much With me.—But go! Seek Nathan as he sought you. I must make peace between you.—And if you were In earnest about the maiden, she is yours! Nathan also must be made to see That he should not have deprived a Christian child Of swine's flesh !—Go!

(The TEMPLAR goes out and SITTAH leaves the sofa.)

Scene V.

SALADIN and SITTAH.

siттан. How strange!

SALADIN.

Say, Sittah, must

My Assad not have been indeed a brave, A handsome youth?

SITTAH.

If it was he who sat

For this picture, and not the Templar rather !—But How is it you forgot to question him About his parents ?

SALADIN.

And especially

About his mother? If she never was In this land?

> SITTAH. 'Twould be well to ask !

SALADIN.

O nothing is

More likely! For Assad was so well received By beautiful Christian ladies, was so wild About beautiful Christian ladies, that in truth 'Twas once the talk—But I will not speak of it.— Enough, I have him back!—with all his faults, With all the changeful moods of his warm heart, I have him back again !—Nathan must give The maiden to him, Sittah; must he not?

SITTAH.

Must give her to him? Must give her up to him!

SALADIN.

Surely! What right to her has Nathan, if He is not her father? He who saved her life Alone should exercise the right of him Who gave her life.

SITTAH.

How, Saladin, if you were To send for her at once? to take her from Her unrightful owner?

SALADIN.

Is that needful?

SITTÀH.

No,

Not needful !-- 'Tis only curiosity That makes me ask it. For of certain men I long to know as soon as possible . What kind of woman they love.

SALADIN.

Send for her then.

SITTAH.

May I, brother?

SALADIN.

But Nathan must be spared! Nathan must not think that we would use force To part him from her.

SITTAH.

Have no fear!

SALADIN.

And I,

I must see for myself where Al-Hafi is.

SCENE VI.

The open entrance-hall of NATHAN'S house on the side towards the palm-trees, as in the first scene of the first act. Some of the costly articles of merchandise mentioned there are lying unpacked upon the ground.

NATHAN and DAYA.

DAYA.

O all

Is splendid! all is exquisite! O all Is such—as only you could give! Where was The silver stuff made with the golden vines? What did it cost you?—That is what I call A wedding-dress! No queen on earth could wish For a better.

NATHAN.

Wedding-dress? Why wedding-dress?

DAYA.

Yes, yes! you did not think of it indeed When you bought it.—But truly, Nathan, it must be That and no other! For a wedding-dress 'Tis as if made to order. The white ground, Emblem of innocence; the golden stream

That wanders through that ground, emblem of wealth.

Do you see? How lovely!

NATHAN.

Of whose wedding-dress Are you talking in parables so learnedly? Are you a bride?

DAYA.

\mathbf{I} ?

NATHAN.

Who then?

DAYA.

Good God!

NATHAN.

Well, who then? Of whose wedding-dress Are you speaking ?—All that you see is yours.

DAYA:

Is mine?

I ?---

Is meant for me ?—Is not for Recha?

NATHAN.

What

3

I have brought with me for Recha is not yet Unpacked. Come, take what is your own.

DAYA.

My own !-

No, tempter ! not even though it were the wealth Of the whole world ! I'll not touch it unless you swear

To make use of an opportunity

Such as Heaven will hardly grant you a second time.

NATHAN.

Make use? of what?—Opportunity? for what?

DAYA.

The Templar loves Recha: give her to him! So Is your sin, which I'll hide no longer, at an end. So Recha comes among Christians once again, Becomes again what she is, and is again What she was; and you, with all your kindness, which We cannot thank you for sufficiently, Have not heaped coals of fire upon your head.

NATHAN.

Still harping on the same thing !--Only with A new string, which I fear will neither hold Nor keep in tune.

DAYA.

How so?

NATHAN

I'd sooner far

Give Recha to him than to any one else on earth. But then. . . You must have patience !

DAYA.

Patience still?

Patience? Are you not harping too upon The same thing?

NATHAN.

Have patience for a few days more!... But who comes there? A cloister-brother? Go; See what it is he wants.

> DAYA (going towards the lay-brother.) What can it be !

NATHAN.

Give !—and before he asks.—(If I but knew How to question the Templar without telling him What has made me so curious ! For if I tell him all, And find my suspicion groundless, I have staked The father to no purpose.)—What does he wish ?

DAYA.

He wishes to speak to you.

NATHAN.

Well, let him come;

And leave us.

SCENE VII.

NATHAN and the LAY-BROTHER.

NATHAN.

(I am too eager to remain Her father !—But may I not remain so though I cease to bear that name ?—She, she herself Will still look on me as her father when She knows how I wish it.)—What can I do for you, Good brother ?

LAY-BROTHER. Not much.—I am glad to see you well.

NATHAN.

You know me?

LAY-BROTHER.

Who does not know you? You've stamped your name

In many a hand; in mine too, years ago.

NATHAN.

Come, brother, come; let me do it again then.

LAY-BROTHER.

Thanks !

I'll take nothing; 'twould be stealing from the poor.— But let me remind you of my name. I too Can boast that I once placed something in your hand Which was not to be despised.

NATHAN.

Forgive me!-I am

Ashamed—Say what ?—and take to make amends Sevenfold the value of the same.

LAY-BROTHER.

Hear first How I was myself reminded this very day Of the pledge I intrusted to your care.

NATHAN.

The pledge

You intrusted to my care?

LAY-BROTHER.

A short while since,

I dwelt as a hermit not far from Jericho, On Quarantana. Then came Arab thieves, Who broke up my chapel and my hermit's cell And dragged me away with them. By great good chance

I escaped and fied here to the Patriarch, To beg from him some other little spot Where I might serve my God in solitude Until my blessed end.

NATHAN.

. I stand on coals, Make it short! The pla

Good brother. Make it short! The pledge! the pledge

You intrusted to me!

LAY-BROTHER.

I'll soon speak of that.---

The Patriarch promised me a hermitage On Tabor when one was empty; and meanwhile Has kept me here as a lay-brother in The monastery, where I still remain, And wish myself a hundred times a day On Tabor. For the Patriarch uses me For all manner of things that fill me with Disgust. For instance. . .

NATHAN.

Make haste, good brother, make haste!

LAY-BROTHER.

I am coming to it now! Some one to-day Has told him that there lives near by a Jew Who is said to have brought up a Christian child As his daughter.

NATHAN (starting.) How?

LAY-BROTHER.

Only hear me to the end!--He has sent me to find this Jew, and is enraged At the thought of such an outrage, which to him Seems the true sin against the Holy Ghost;--That is, the sin which of all sins we hold To be the greatest; only, God be thanked, We know not rightly what it is:--then waked My conscience, and I felt that I myself Also perhaps long since had given cause For the commission of this great sin.--Say, Did not a horseman eighteen years ago Bring you a young child but a few weeks old ?

NATHAN.

How is this ?- Surely-

LAY-BROTHER.

Look at me well!-I am

That horseman.

NATHAN. You ?

LAY-BROTHER.

My master, who sent the child, Was named—if I remember—Von Filnek—Wolf Von Filnek.

NATHAN. Right!

LAY-BROTHER.

The mother had just died,

And the father was forced of a sudden to depart For Gaza,—I think—whither the poor child could Not follow him: so he sent her to you. And 'twas At Darun I met you, was it not?

NATHAN. Quite right!

LAY-BROTHER.

'Twould not be strange if my memory played me false.

I have had so many masters, and this one I served but a short time. He soon after died At Askalon; and was indeed a kind Good master.

NATHAN.

Yes, yes! I owe him so much! so much! More than once he saved me from the sword!

LAY-BROTHER.

O then

You were the more willing to receive his child?

NATHAN.

As you may suppose.

LAY-BROTHER.

And where is she now?

She is not dead, I hope ?—Do not say she's dead !— If we alone know of this matter, all Is well.

NATHAN.

Is well?

LAY-BROTHER.

Trust me, Nathan, 'tis so! For see, this is how I think! If in the good I mean to do there's something that's too much

Like evil, I prefer to leave the good Undone; because we always know indeed What is evil, but are far from being sure What is good .- 'Twas natural that this Christian child, Since you wished to bring her up most kindly, should Be brought up by you as your own.-And if You have done this with all love and faithfulness. Ought you now so to be rewarded? That I cannot see. It would have been more wise To have her brought up as a Christian by Some other; but you would not then have loved the child Of your friend. And children at that tender age Need love, though it were a wild beast's love, even

more

Than they need Christianity. For Christianity There's time yet. If the maiden has grown up In your sight sound and pious, she remains In God's sight what she was before. Is not The Christian built upon the Jewish faith ? It has often angered me, has cost me tears Enough to see how Christians can forget That our Lord himself was a Jew.

NATHAN.

Good brother, you Must plead my cause for me when hatred and Hypocrisy rise up against me—for A deed—ah, for a deed !—You, only you Shall know it !—But take it with you to your grave ! Never have I been led by vanity To speak of it to another. To you alone I'll speak of it. Pious simplicity

Alone can understand what that man may do Who has no will but God's.

LAY-BROTHER.

You are moved, and your eyes Are filled with tears.

NATHAN.

You met me with the child

At Darun. But you did not know that a few days Before, the Christians had put to death all the Jews In Gath, even women and children; you did not know

That my own wife, with seven hopeful sons, Had been burnt alive there in my brother's house, Where they had taken refuge.

LAY-BROTHER.

Righteous God!

NATHAN.

When you came, for three days and nights I had lain in dust

And ashes before God and wept.—Had wept?— Had also called God to account, cried out Against Him, cursed myself and the whole world, Sworn hatred to all Christians.

LAY-BROTHER.

Ah, I can well

Believe it !

NATHAN.

But reason by degrees returned. She spoke with gentle voice: "And yet God is ! Yet even this also was by God's decree ! Come, practise what you long have understood, What to practise surely is not harder than To understand, if you only will. Rise up !"—

I stood upon my feet and cried to God: "I will! if Thou willest only that I should will!— Just then you came and handed me the child Wrapped in your cloak.—What you said to me and I To you, I have forgotten. Only this I know, that I took the child, laid it upon My bed, kissed it, fell on my knees and sobbed: "O God! out of seven Thou hast given me back one!"

LAY-BROTHER.

Nathan, you are a Christian !—By Heaven, you are A Christian ! A better Christian never lived !

NATHAN.

Well for us that what makes me seem to you
A Christian makes you seem to me a Jew !—
But we'll speak of this no longer. Here there's need
Of action ! And although a sevenfold love
Soon bound me to this one strange maiden; though
The thought now tortures me that I must lose
My seven sons again in losing her:—
Yet if I am required by Providence
To give her up,—I obey.

LAY-BROTHER.

That is what I was About to counsel you. Your own good sense Has counselled it already.

NATHAN.

'Tis not the first Who comes that shall have her though !

LAY-BROTHER.

No, surely not!

NATHAN.

He who has not a greater right to her Than I, must have an earlier,—some tie Of nature and of blood.

LAY-BROTHER.

So I think too!

NATHAN.

If you know of any kinsman she may have, Name me the man who is her brother, or Her uncle or cousin: and from such a one She will not be withheld—she who is formed To be the ornament of any house, Of any faith.—You know more, I hope, than I Of her father's kindred.

LAY-BROTHER.

Hardly, good Nathan !—For You have heard already, I was with him but A short time.

NATHAN.

You can tell me though at least Who the mother was? Was she not a Stauffen?

LAY-BROTHER.

That

May be !—I think so.

NATHAN.

Was not her brother's name . Conrad von Stauffen ?---was he not a Templar ?

LAY-BROTHER.

If

I am not mistaken. But hold! I had forgot There's a little book of my master's I still have, Which I took from his bosom when we buried him

I44

At Askalon. "Tis a book with prayers in it. We call it a breviary.—Some Christian man, I thought, may have use for it.—Not I indeed— I cannot read—

NATHAN.

No matter !---Only go on.

LAY-BROTHER.

In this little book before and after stand, As I have been told, in my master's hand the names Of his kindred and of hers.

NATHAN.

O happy chance ! Go! run! bring me the little book at once ! I am ready to give for it its weight in gold And a thousand thanks beside! Go quickly, run !

LAY-BROTHER.

I'll bring it gladly ! But what my master wrote Is in Arabic. (*He goes.*)

NATHAN.

All the same to me! Make haste, Good brother !-- O God! if I might keep her still, And buy with her such a son !-- That can hardly be ! Let it end now as it will !-- Who can have told The Patriarch? I must not forget to ask.---What if it came from Daya ?

SCENE VIII.

NATHAN and DAYA. DAYA (entering hastily). Think, Nathan!

NATHAN.

Well?

DAYA.

The poor child was so frightened when she heard That she was sent for . . .

NATHAN.

By the Patriarch?

DAYA.

By

The Sultan's sister, Princess Sittah.

NATHAN.

Not

By the Patriarch?

DAYA

No, by Sittah !—Did you not hear ?— Princess Sittah has sent for her.

NATHAN.

For whom ?

Has sent for Recha?—Sittah has sent for her?— Well, if 'tis Sittah who has sent, and not The Patriarch . . .

DAYA.

How came you to think of him?

NATHAN.

You have heard nothing from him lately ? and Have told him nothing ?

DAYA.

Told him? I?

NATHAN.

Where are

The messengers?

DAYA. At your door.

NATHAN.

To make more sure, I'll speak to them myself.—If 'tis only not The Patriarch who is behind this !

(He goes.)

DAYA.

And I—I fear Something far worse. The only daughter of So rich a Jew would be no bad choice for A Mussulman.—The Templar has lost her if I do not venture on the second step, If I do not tell her also who she is.— Courage! When next I am alone with her I'll not let slip the chance! That will be—perhaps Today, if I go with her. There's no harm At least in giving her a hint. Yes, yes! It must be done! Now or never! It must be done! (She follows Nuthan)

FIFTH ACT.

Scene I.

The room in SALADIN'S palace to which the bags of gold were taken, and where they are still to be seen.

SALADIN, and soon after several MAMELUKES.

SALADIN (as he enters.)

There the gold is lying yet! And no one knows Where to find the dervish, who has fallen upon A chess-board somewhere doubtless, and forgot Himself;—so why not me?—Patience! What now?

A MAMELUKE.

Good news, Sultan! Rejoice, Sultan, rejoice! The caravan from Cairo has arrived, With seven years' tribute from the fruitful Nile.

SALADIN.

Bravo, Ibrahim! You are indeed A welcome messenger !—At last! at last! — Many thanks for your tidings.

> THE MAMELUKE (waiting.) (Is that all?)

> > SALADIN.

What are you waiting for?

THE MAMELUKE.

A welcome, and

No more?

SALADIN.

What more would you have ?

THE MAMELUKE.

No gift

For the bringer of good tidings ?—So am I The first whom Saladin has learnt to pay With words !—I may make my boast of it !—the first With whom he played the miser !

SALADIN.

Take then one

Of these bags of gold.

THE MAMELUKE.

No, not now! not if

You were to give me all of them !

SALADIN.

So proud ?---

Come, there are two for you !—He has gone? he is In earnest? he has more nobleness of mind Than I?—'Tis surely harder far for him To refuse than for me to give.—Ibrahim !— What has come over me, so near my end,

To wish to be another, not myself?---Will Saladin not die as Saladin?----Then he should not have lived as Saladin.

A SECOND MAMELUKE.

Sultan, . . .

SALADIN.

If you have come to tell me. . .

SECOND MAMELUKE.

That

The caravan from Egypt has arrived.

SALADIN.

I know it already.

Second MAMELUKE. So I am too late!

SALADIN.

Why too late ?---Take for your good will One or two of these bags of gold.

> SECOND MAMELUKE. Say three !

> > SALADIN.

Yes, if you can count!

SECOND MAMELUKE.

There's a third one who

Is coming,---if he can come, that is.

SALADIN.

How so?

SECOND MAMELUKE.

He has broken his neck perhaps! For when we three

Had made sure that the caravan was in sight, We rode off at full speed. The foremost fell,

And I took the lead till we reached the city gates; But Ibrahim, the grasping fellow, knows More of the streets than I.

SALADIN.

Oh, the one who fell!

Ride back to him.

SECOND MAMELUKE.

That I will !---And if he lives, The half of what you have given me is his.

He goes.)

SALADIN.

See what a noble nature he too has !---Who can boast of such mamelukes? May I not think

That my example helped to make them what They are ?--Away with the thought, at the very last, Of accustoming them to another ! . . .

A THIRD, MAMELUKE.

Sultan, . . .

SALADIN.

Are you

The one who fell?

THIRD MAMELUKE.

No. I was sent to say That Emir Mansor, who led the caravan, Is dismounting. . .

SALADIN.

Bring him in ! quickly !-- 'Tis he indeed !

SCENE II.

EMIR MANSOR and SALADIN.

SALADIN.

Welcome, Emir! How has it fared with you ?---Mansor, Mansor, you have kept us waiting long!

MANSOR.

This letter, Sultan, will inform you what Your Abulkassem had first to suppress, What tumult raging in Thebais kept Our convoy from departing. We have since Made such haste as we could.

SALADIN.

I believe you !—Take, Good Mansor, . . . you are willing, are you not ? . . . Take at once a fresh escort, and go on To my father at Lebanon with the greater part Of the gold you have brought.

MANSOR.

Right gladly !

SALADIN.

Your escort must Be large enough. It has not been so safe Round Lebanon of late. Have you not heard? The Templars are astir again. So be On your guard !—But come! where is the caravan? I must see it and look to all this for myself.— And you! tell Sittah I'll be with her then.

SCENE III.

The palm-trees in front of NATHAN'S house, where the TEMPLAE is walking up and down.

TEMPLAR.

I cannot, will not go to into his house.— Surely he'll show himself at last!—That once

They should have watched for me so eagerly !--And now I may happen some day to be asked Not to pass so often before his door.--I am Too ready to take offence.--What has he done To make me so bitter against him ?--He said yes: He has refused me nothing. And Saladin Has taken upon himself to speak to him.---How? can in me the Christian be indeed More deeply rooted than in him the Jew ?---Who rightly know himself? Could I grudge him else

His petty conquest from the Christians ?-- Though No petty conquest, such a creature !---Such A creature? whose?—Not that of the slave Who floated the block ashore on life's barren strand And left it there! The artist's rather, his Who saw in the rude block the godlike form To which he shaped it .-- Recha's true father, spite. Of the Christian who begot her, is the Jew--Will remain to eternity the Jew.-For if I thought of her only as a Christian maid, Apart from what such a Jew alone could give,-Speak, my heart,--what wouldst thou find in her To please thee? Nothing ! Little !-- Even her smile, If it were no more than the soft sweet play Of quivering muscles; if what made her smile Were all unworthy of the charm with which It clothes itself upon her lips; not even Her smile! I've seen more beautiful than hers Lavished on false wit, on idle toys, on scorn, On flatterers and base lovers !-Did these too Enchant me? Did these too inspire the wish To flutter my life out in their sunshine ?- No, They did not. And I bear ill-will to bim

Who gave her this high worth? What if I deserved The mocking words with which I was dismissed By Saladin? 'Tis bad enough that he Should think so! How little, how contemptible I must seem to him !—And all for a woman !—Curd, This will never do! Turn about! What if Daya's tale

Could not easily be proved ?—See, there he comes Out of his house, talking . . . Ha! with whom ?— With my cloister-brother ? He knows all then! is Betrayed to the Patriarch !—What have I done!— That a single spark of this passion in the brain Should work such havoc !—Let me think though now What to do next ! I'll wait apart here till The cloister-brother leaves him.

SCENE IV.

NATHAN and the LAY-BROTHER.

NATHAN (coming forward).

Thanks again,

Good brother, many thanks!

LAY-BROTHER.

The same to you!

NATHAN.

To me? from you? for what? for my stubbornness In forcing on you what you do not want?—

As if yours had been less than mine! You'll not be made

Any richer than your friend.

LAY-BROTHER.

The book belongs To the daughter, not to me; 'tis the daughter's sole Inheritance from her father.—True, she has you.—

God grant you may not have reason to repent Of what you have done for her!

NATHAN.

Repent of it?

That I never shall!

LAY-BROTHER,

Yet Templars and Patriarchs . . .

NATHAN.

The wicked can never do so much to me As to make me repent of anything, least of all Of that !—Tell me, though, why you are sure That it is a Templar who is urging on Your Patriarch ?

LAY-BROTHER.

It can be no one else. A Templar had spoken to him just before, And what I heard sounded like it.

NATHAN.

But there's now

Only one in Jerusalem, and him I know. He is my friend. A noble, frank Young man!

LAY-BROTHER.

'Tis he !—Yet what one is, and what · One must be in the world, these two are not Always the same.

NATHAN.

Unfortunately not!— Let him do, whoever he is, his worst or best! With your book, brother, I defy them all, And go with it straightway to the Sultan.

LAY-BROTHER.

Then

Good luck to you! I'll take leave of you here.

NATHAN.

And you have not even seen her !--Come to us soon, Come often, good brother !--If the Patriarch hears Nothing today !--What does it matter though ?---Tell him today if you will.

LAY-BROTHER.

Not I. Farewell! (He goes out.)

NATHAN.

Do not forget us, brother !—Would to God That I could here under this open sky Fall on my knees at once ! How the knot which has So long perplexed me loosens of itself !— O God ! how light my heart is that I now Have nothing more to conceal ! that I may walk As freely now in man's sight as in Thine, Thou who alone dost not need to judge man by His deeds, which so seldom are his deeds, O God !

Scene V.

NATHAN and the TEMPLAR, who comes towards NATHAN from the side.

TEMPLAR. Wait, Nathan, take me with you!

NATHAN.

Is it you, sir knight? Where were you that you did not meet me at The Sultan's?

TEMPLAR.

We missed each other. Do not take offence!

NATHAN.

Not I, but Saladin . . .

TEMPLAR. You had gone when I came. NATHAN. You have seen him! 'Tis well then.

TEMPLAR.

He would see us both

Together.

NATHAN.

So much the better. I was on My way to him. Come with me.

TEMPLAR.

Nathan, who

Has just; left you?

NATHAN.

You do not know him?

TEMPLAR.

Was it not

The good lay-brother whom the Patriarch likes To use as a runner?

NATHAN.

That may be! He is with

The Patriarch.

TEMPLAR.

'Tis no bad policy to send

Simplicity in advance of roguery.

NATHAN.

Yes, the simplicity of the dull,—not that Of the pious.

TEMPLAR,

In such no Patriarch believes.

NATHAN.

For him I'll answer that he will not aid His Patriarch in wrong-doing.

TEMPLAR.

So at least

He looks.—But has he told you nothing of me? NATHAN.

Of you? He has not mentioned you by name.— He can hardly know your name?

TEMPLAR.

Hardly.

NATHAN.

He did

Indeed say something of a Templar. . .

TEMPLAR.

What?

NATHAN.

What he could not have meant for you.

TEMPLAR.

Who knows? Let us hear!

NATHAN.

He said that a Templar had accused me to His Patriarch. . .

TEMPLAR.

Accused you?-With his permission, that Is false.-Hear me, Nathan !--I am not the man To deny anything that I have done. What I did I did! But neither am I one to say That all I have done was well done. Why should I be Ashamed of a fault? Have I not the firm resolve To amend it? And do I not know what a man may do Who so resolves?--Hear me Nathan !--I am The lay-brother's Templar, who is said to have Accused you.--You know what vexed me! what made my blood Boil in my veins! I came to throw myself

Body and soul into your arms. How cold

I found you--how lukewarm--for lukewarm is still worse

Than cold; how bent on putting me off you were; With what far-fetched questions you answered me;

I scarce

Can think of it even now if I would be calm.— Hear me, Nathan !—While my mind was in This ferment, Daya came creeping after me, And thrust on me her secret, which at once Seemed to solve the riddle of your conduct.

NATHAN.

How?

TEMPLAR.

I thought that what you had taken so by force From the Christians, you were not willing to restore To a Christian. And so I was minded, short and good,

To put the knife to your throat.

NATHAN.

Short and good ?

And good ?--Where is the good ?

TEMPLAR.

says-

Hates you perhaps—seeks only in this way To bring misfortune on you.—That may be !— I am a self-sufficient, wayward youth; Lack judgment'; do now too little, now too much.— That may also be ! Forgive me, Nathan.

NATHAN.

If

You speak so. . .

TEMPLAR.

In short, I went to the Patriarch !---But I did not name you. As I said before, That is false! I only told him of the case In general terms, to ask what he thought.-That too I might have left undone: for did I not know Already that the Patriarch was a knave? Could I not instead have called you to account? -Must the poor maiden run the risk through me Of losing such a father ?--But what next ? The villainy of the Patriarch, which was still The same as ever, brought me to myself By the shortest road.-For hear me, hear me out !--Say that he knows your name: well, what of that ?--He can take her from you only if she belongs To you alone. He can drag her only from Your house into the cloister .-- Give her to me! Give her to me, and let him come then. Ha! He will find it hard to take my wife from me !---Give her to me ! quickly !---Whether she is Your daughter or not your daughter! whether she is A Christian or Jewess or neither! What do I care ? I'll not ask you either now or ever again In my life. Be that as it may !

NATHAN.

You think, perhaps,

That I must hide the truth?

TEMPLAR.

Be that as it may !

NATHAN. I have never yet denied, either to you Or to any one whom it becomes to know, That Recha is a Christian, and not my own But my foster-daughter.—Why have I not told her ?— As to that, I need answer only to herself.

TEMPLAR.

Even to her you need not.--Grant her this, Never to look on you in another light! Spare her the disclosure !--You alone as yet Have power to dispose of her. Then give her to me! Give her to me, Nathan! 'Tis I alone Who can save her for you a second time -- and will ! NATHAN.

NATHAN.

Yes--could! but no longer can. 'Tis too late for that. TEMPLAR.

How too late?

NATHAN.

Thanks to the Patriarch. . .

TEMPLAR.

To the Patriarch? thanks? thanks to him? for what? Has he sought to deserve our thanks? for what? for what?

NATHAN.

That we now know who her kindred are; now know Into whose hands she may safely be given up.

TEMPLAR.

Let him thank him for that—who has more to thank him for !

NATHAN.

From these hands you must now receive her, not from mine.

TEMPLAR.

Poor Recha! How everything is against you! What To other orphans would be happiness

Is your misfortune !---Nathan!--These kindred of hers, Where are they? Who are they?

NATHAN,

A brother has been found,

To whom you must sue for her.

TEMPLAR.

A brother? What

Is this brother? A soldier? A priest? Let me hear what I have

To look for.

NATHAN.

He is neither, I believe,---or both.

I can hardly tell yet.

TEMPLAR, And besides?

NATHAN.

A man

With whom she will be well cared for.

TEMPLAR.

Yet he is

A Christian !---I scarce know what to think of you !---Do not take it unkindly, Nathan !--- Will she not have To play the Christian among Christians till She becomes at last what she has played so long ? Will not the good seed you have sown be choked And stifled by the tares ?---And that troubles you So little ? In spite of it you can say to me---you ?---That Recha will be well cared for with him ?

NATHAN. So

I think! so I hope!--If there's anything she lacks With him, will she not still have you and me?

TEMPLAR.

O what can she lack? Will not the brother see That the sister is well provided for with food And clothing, with sweetmeats and with jewels? What Can a sister need more? Truly, she will need A husband also !---Well, that too, that too The brother will provide for her in good time.

He will find her one! the more Christian the better!---O What an angel, Nathan, you have made of her To let others spoil for you!

NATHAN.

No fear of that!

We shall never have cause to love her less than now.

TEMPLAR.

Do not say that! Do not say it of my love ! Mine will be robbed of nothing, let it be Ever so little! Not even of a name !— But hold !—Has she any knowledge yet of what Is passing ?

NATHAN,

She may have; though I know not whence.

TEMPLAR.

No matter; she shall, she must in either case Learn from me first what fate now threatens her. My wish never to speak to her again, Never to see her till I could call her mine, Gives way.—I hasten. . .

NATHAN.

Stay! whither ?

TEMPLAR.

To her!

To see for myself whether this maiden-soul Will be man enough to form the sole resolve That is worthy of her!

NATHAN, What resolve?

TEMPLAR.

To think

No more of you or her brother—and to follow me— Even if she must become a Moslem's wife By doing so.

NATHAN.

Stay! You'll not find her there; She is with Sittab, the Sultan's sister.

TEMPLAR.

Since when?

NATHAN.

If you'd meet the brother there too, come with me. TEMPLAR.

The brother? whose? Sittah's or Recha's?

NATHAN. Both,

Perhaps. But come ! I beg you, come with me ! (He leads the TEMPLAR away.)

SCENE VI.

In SITTAH'S harem.

SITTAH and RECHA conversing together.

SITTAH.

Sweet maiden, how I delight in you! But why So anxious? so unhappy? so afraid? Be cheerful! be more talkative! more at ease!

RECHA.

Princess, . . .

SITTAH.

Not Princess! Call me Sittah,—your friend,— Your sister. Call me mother !—I might almost be Your mother.—So young! so wise! so pious too! What do you not know! How much you must have read!

RECHA.

I read ?--Sittah, you are laughing at Your foolish little sister. I can scarce read.

SITTAH.

Can scarce, deceiver?

RECHA.

Only my father's hand.—

I thought you spoke of books.

SITTAH.

Yes, yes! of books.

RECHA.

Well, books 'twould be hard for me to read.

SITTAH.

You are

In earnest?

RECHA.

In earnest. My father does not care For that cold book-learning which but stamps itself In lifeless characters upon the brain.

SITTAH.

What are you saying ?—Yet he is not far wrong ! And all that you know . . .

RECHA.

I learnt from his lips alone,

And of most of it could even tell you how And where and why he spoke of it.

SITTAH.

So all

Is made more clear. So the whole soul learns at once.

RECHA.

Sittah also, I am sure, has read Little or nothing.

SITTAH.

I do not pride myself ·

On the contrary.—But why? Speak boldly! Why?

RECHA.

She is sincere; is unaffected; is Like no one but herself.

SITTAH.

And what of that?

RECHA.

Books seldom leave us so, my father says.

SITTAH.

O what a man your father is !

RECHA.

Is he not?

SITTAH.

How near he always comes to the mark!

RECHA.

Does he not ?—

And this father-

SITTAH.

What is it, love?

^{кесна.} This father—

SITTAH.

You weep?

RECHA.

And this father—Ah, I must speak or my heart will break !

(Throws herself weeping at Sittah's feet.)

SITTAH.

Child, what has happened? Recha?

RECHA.

This father I am-

To lose!

SITTAH.

Lose him? you? how so ?—Be calm!— That can never be !—Rise!

RECHA.

'Twas not in vain

You offered to be my friend, my sister!

SITTAH.

I am!

I am indeed !-But rise! else I must call For help.

RECHA (controlling herself and rising). Forgive me! ah, forgive me!—My grief Made me forget for a moment who you are. With Sittah avails no weeping, no despair. Reason, cold calm reason, that alone Can move her. Whose cause that pleads with her, he wins!

SITTAH.

What then?

RECHA.

No, my friend, my sister, no! Do not suffer another father to be forced Upon me.

SITTAH.

Another father? forced on you? Who can do it? who can wish to do it, love?

RECHA.

Who? My kind, my cruel Daya, she Can wish it—can do it.—Yes, you do not know This kind, this cruel Daya! God forgive— Reward her! She has done me so much good— So much evil!

SITTAH.

Evil to you ?—Then she can have But little that is good in her.

RECHA.

Yes, much!

Much that is good !

sittaн. Who is she?

RECHA.

A Christian, who

In my childhood cared for me! so cared for me!— You cannot think! Who so little let me miss A mother!— May God repay her for that!—And yet She has so frightened, so tortured me!

SITTAH.

About what?

Why? and how?

RECHA.

Ah, the poor woman is, As I said, a Christian;—must torture out of love.— Is one of those enthusiasts who believe That they have found the only way to God! . . . SITTAH.

Now I understand!

RECHA.

And feel compelled To bring into that way all those who fail To find it.—How can they do otherwise? For if that way is the only one, how then Can they look on unmoved and see their friends Enter upon some other,—which must lead To ruin, to eternal ruin? So Would it be possible at once to love And hate the self-same person.—Nor is that What has forced me to complain of her. Her sighs, Her warnings, her prayers, her threats I could have borne.

Would gladly have borne! for they always led to thoughts

That were good and useful. And which of us, after all,

Is not flattered to be loved so dearly by Another, no matter whom, that he cannot bear To think of losing us for ever?

SITTAH.

True!

Very true!

RECHA.

But this—this goes too far! To this There is nothing I can oppose; no patience, no Reflection; nothing!

SITTAH.

Oppose to what? to whom?

RECHA.

To what she has just disclosed to me, as she says.

SITTAH.

Disclosed to you? just disclosed?

RECHA.

Only just now!

As we were on our way here, we drew near A ruined Christian temple. All at once She stood still, as if struggling with herself, And with tearful eyes looked now towards heaven, now

Towards me. "Come," she said to me at last, "Let us go through this temple; 'tis the shortest path."

She went; I followed her, and gazed with awe At the tottering walls around me, till again She stood still, and we found ourselves before The sunken steps of a crumbling altar. Think How I felt, when weeping bitterly she fell At my feet, wringing her hands . . .

SITTAH.

Kind-hearted child!

RECHA.

And by the God who on that very spot Had listened to so many prayers, performed So many miracles, she entreated me, With looks of true and heartfelt sympathy Entreated me to have pity on myself! Or at least to forgive her if she must disclose The claims of her church upon me.

SITTAH.

('Tis as I thought!-

Unhappy woman!)

RECHA.

I was of Christian blood; Was baptized; was not Nathan's daughter; he was not My father !—Sittah ! Sittah ! see me again At your feet . . .

> sıттан. Recha!—My brother is coming! rise!

SCENE VII.

SALADIN and the preceding. SALADIN.

What is this, Sittah?

SITTAH.

She is beside herself!

Who is she?

SITTAH.

You know . . .

SALADIN.

Our Nathan's daughter?

SITTAH. Child,

Come to yourself !- The Sultan . .

RECHA.

I will not rise !---

Will not look on the Sultan's face !--will not behold The reflection of eternal justice, of Eternal goodness in his eyes, upon His brow . . .

SALADIN.

Rise!

RECHA.

Till he has promised me . . . SALADIN.

Come! I promise you . . . no matter what!

RECHA.

Neither more nor less than to leave my father to me And me to him!—I know not yet who else Would be my father. Nor do I wish to know. Does blood alone make a father? blood alone?

SALADIN (raising her up).

I see how it is !--Who was so cruel as To speak to you—to you of such a thing ?--But is it certain ? is it fully proved ?

RECHA.

It must be! For Daya had it from my nurse. SALADIN.

Your nurse!

RECHA.

Who in dying confided it to her. SALADIN.

Dying ?—Raving too, perhaps !—And what If it be so ?—Blood indeed, blood alone Is far from making a father ! hardly makes The father of a beast! at most but gives The first right to earn that name! Do not be

afraid !---

Listen to me! As soon as two fathers strive

Which shall have you,-leave them both and take a third !---

Take me for your father!

SITTAH.

O yes! do that!

SALADIN.

I'll be a kind father, a very kind father !--Stay ! I've thought of something better.--What use have you

For fathers? How if they should die? Look round Betimes for some one who will vie with you In living! You know of no one?...

SITTAH.

Do not make her blush!

SALADIN.

That is just what I most wish to do. A blush Makes an ugly face so fair: will it not make A beautiful face even more beautiful? I have asked your father Nathan to meet me here, And some one else. Can you guess who it is?— You will

ron will

Allow me, Sittah ?

SITTAH.

Brother!

SALADIN.

That I may see,

Sweet maiden, how you will blush before him. BECHA.

Blush?

Before whom?

SALADIN.

(A female slave enters and approaches SITTAH.) They are not already there? SITTAH.

Let them enter !- Tis they, brother ! After the

LAST SCENE.

NATHAN and the TEMPLAR with the preceding.

SALADIN.

My dear kind friends!— To you, Nathan, to you I must say first You may send for your gold as soon now as you like ! . . .

NATHAN.

Sultan!...

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SALADIN.

'Tis my turn to serve you now . . .

NATHAN.

Sultan!...

want!

SALADIN.

The caravan has come at last.

I am richer than I have been for a long, long while.— Say what you need to do something great! You too, You merchants, can never have more gold than you

NATHAN.

Why speak first of this trifle ?--I see there An eye in tears that I long to wipe away.

(Goes up to RECHA.)

You have wept? What ails you? You are my daughter still?

My father !

RECHA.

We understand each other. Enough !---Be content! be calm ! If only your heart is still Your own ! If only it fears no other loss ! Your father you have not lost !

RECHA.

None, none beside!

TEMPLAR.

None beside ?—I was mistaken then. What we do not fear to lose we have never yet Believed that we possessed, have never yet Wished to possess.—Nathan, this changes all !— We came here, Saladin, at your command. But I had misled you: trouble yourself no more !

SALADIN.

So rash again, young man?—Is everything To come to you unsought? Is your every wish To be divined beforehand?

TEMPLAR.

You hear for yourself,

Sultan! see for yourself!

SALADIN.

'Tis sad indeed

That you were not more sure !

TEMPLAR.

I am sure now.

SALADIN.

He who presumes on a kindness takes it back. What you rescued is not on that account your own; Else would the robber who through love of gain H is braved the flames be a hero as well as you! (Going up to RECHA to lead her towards the TEMPLAR.) Come, dear maiden, come! Do not be so hard Upon him! For if he were other than he is, Less hasty, less proud, he might not have saved your life. ...

You must set the one against the other.—Come! -Put him to shame! do what 'twas for him to do! Confess your love! offer yourself to him! And if he scorns you, if he ever should Forget how much more in this step you have done for him

Than he for you. . What has he done for you? Only let himself be a little smoked !---why then There is nothing of my Assad in him! then 'Tis his mask he bears, and not his heart! Come, love, . . .

SITTAH.

Go to him! go, love, go! 'Tis little enough For your gratitude; 'tis nothing after all.

NATHAN.

Hold, Saladin! hold, Sittah!

SALADIN.

You too?

NATHAN.

There's another who must speak here. . .

SALADIN.

Who denies that?

Such a foster-father, Nathan, as you have been, Has a voice in the matter without doubt! The first, If you choose.—You see, I know everything.

NATHAN.

Not yet !---

I am not speaking of myself, but of Another, whom I must beg you to hear first.

SALADIN.

Who is that?

NATHAN.

Her brother !

SALADIN. Recha's brother ?

NATHAN.

Yes!

RECHA.

My brother? I have a brother?

TEMPLAR (starting from his moody silence.)

Where is he? where

Is this brother? Not here yet? I was to meet him here.

NATHAN.

Have patience!

TEMPLAR (with the utmost bitterness.) He has found her a father:—will he find No brother for her ?

SALADIN.

This passes all the rest!

Christian! a thought so base would not have crossed My Assad's lips.--Go on as you have begun!

NATHAN.

Forgive him !--I forgive him !--In his place, At his age, who can say what we too might have thought?

(Going up to the TEMPLAR with a friendly air.) Suspicion follows on mistrust, sir knight!---If you had told me your real name at once. . .

TEMPLAR.

How?

NATHAN.

You are no Stauffen!

TEMPLAR.

Who am I then?

NATHAN.

Your name is not Curd von Stauffen!

TEMPLAR.

What is it then?

NATHAN.

Leo von Filnek.

TEMPLAR, How?

11011.

NATHAN.

You start?

TEMPLAR.

With right!

Who says so?

NATHAN.

I, who have more to tell you yet. But I do not accuse you of falsehood.

TEMPLAR.

You do not?

NATHAN.

That name may be also yours.

TEMPLAR.

So I should think!

('Twas God bade him say that !)

NATHAN.

For your mother--she

Was a Stauffen. Her brother, your uncle, who brought you up,

With whom your parents left you in Europe when They returned to this land to seek a milder clime,— His name was Curd von Stauffen; he may perhaps Have adopted you as his son.—Has it been long Since you came here with him? Is he still alive?

TEMPLAR.

What shall I say ?---Nathan !---You are right ! He is dead. As for me, I came here only with The last reinforcement of our Order.---But what Of Recha's brother ? what has that to do With him ?

NATHAN.

Your father. . .

TEMPLAR.

You knew him?

NATHAN.

He was my friend.

TEMPLAR.

Your friend, Nathan?

NATHAN.

He bore the name of Wolf Von Filnek; but was no German. . .

TEMPLAR.

You know that too?

NATHAN.

He had only married a German; had only gone For a short time with her to her native land. . .

TEMPLAR. No more, I beg you !—But Recha's brother ? . . .

NATHAN.

You

Are her brother!

TEMPLAR. I?

RECHA.

He my brother?

SITTAH.

They

Brother and sister!

SALADIN.

Brother and sister!

RECHA (going towards him.) Ah,

My brother!

TEMPLAR (drawing back.) Your brother!

RECHA (turning to Nathan.) It cannot, cannot be! His heart knows nothing of it !—O God! we are Deceivers!

SALADIN (to the TEMPLAR.)

You think so? can think so? You are yourself A deceiver! Everything is false in you, Face and voice and walk! Nothing is yours! Not to acknowledge such a sister! Go!

TEMPLAR (*approaching him with deference.*) Do not mistake my silence, Sultan! nor In a moment such as your Assad never could Have seen, judge wrongly of him as well as of me!

(Going up quickly to NATHAN.) You take from me, Nathan, and you give me! both With full hands!—No! you give more than you take! Infinitely more!

> (Embracing RECHA.) My sister ! ah,

My sister !

NATHAN.

Blanda von Filnek.

TEMPLAR.

Not Recha? not

Your Recha?-O God! you disown her! you give her back

Her Christian name! you disown her on my account!— Why must she suffer for it, Nathan? she?

NATHAN.

Suffer for what ?—O my children !—for is not My daughter's brother my child too—if he will be ? (While they embrace each other, SALADIN speaks to his sister.)

SALADIN.

What say you, sister?

SITTAH.

I am moved . . .

SALADIN.

And I,

I almost shrink from the thought of what will be More moving still! Prepare for it as you can.

(Turning to NATHAN.)

Nathau, a word with you!

(As NATHAN approaches him, SITTAH goes up to the brother and sister to express her sympathy, and NATHAN and SALADIN speak in a low tone.)

Did you not say

That their father was no German? was not born A German? What was he then? Where was he born?

NATHAN.

He himself would never tell me what he was. From him I heard nothing.

SALADIN.

But he was no Frank?

No European?

NATHAN.

Oh, he owned as much !— He liked best to speak Persian . . .

SALADIN.

Persian? What 'Tis he! was he!

NATHAN.

Was who?

SALADIN.

My brother! my Assad! I am sure of it! Quite sure!

NATHAN.

Of what you have found out for yourself Take then the assurance in this book !

(Giving him the breviary.)

SALADIN (opening it eagerly). Ah, his hand! I recognise that too!

NATHAN.

Still they know nothing! Still it rests with you Alone to say what they shall hear !

SADADIN (turning over the leaves).

I am not

To acknowledge my brother's children ?---my children ? Not

To acknowledge them? I? Leave them perhaps to you?

(Aloud again.)

'Tis they! 'tis they, Sittah, 'tis they! They both Are my brother's . . . your brother's children! (He rushes up to embrace them.)

> SITTAH (following him). What do I hear?

Yet could it fail to be?-

SALADIN (To the TEMPLAR). Now, headstrong youth, You must, must love me !

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Do I wish for more?

(to RECHA.) Now I am in truth What I offered to be, whether you will or not!

SITTAH.

I too!

SALADIN (turning again to the TEMPLAR). My son! my Assad! my Assad's son!

TEMPLAR.

I of your kindred !--So those dreams with which In childhood I was cradled were indeed More, yes, more than dreams !

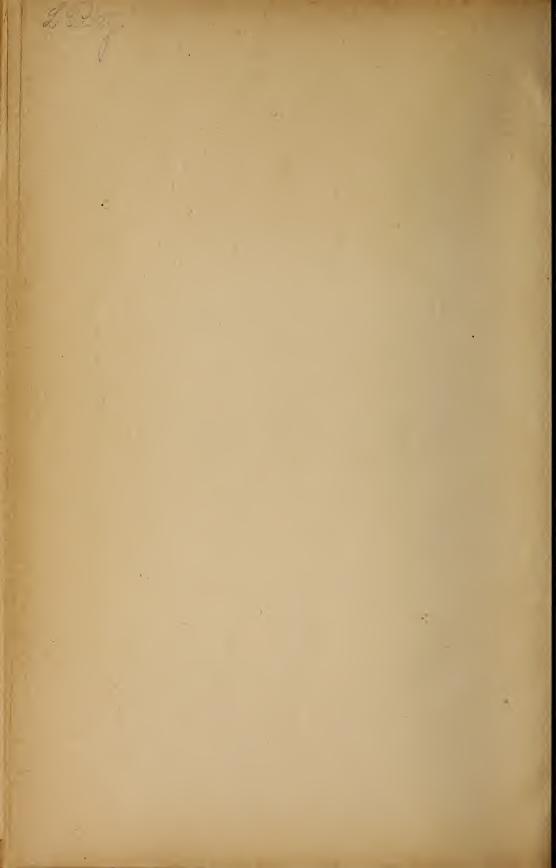
(*He falls at* SALADIN'S *feet*.)

SALADIN (raising him up).

The scapegrace ! See,

He knew something of this, and yet he would Have let me murder him! Only wait, though, wait!

(As they all again silently embrace the curtain falls.)

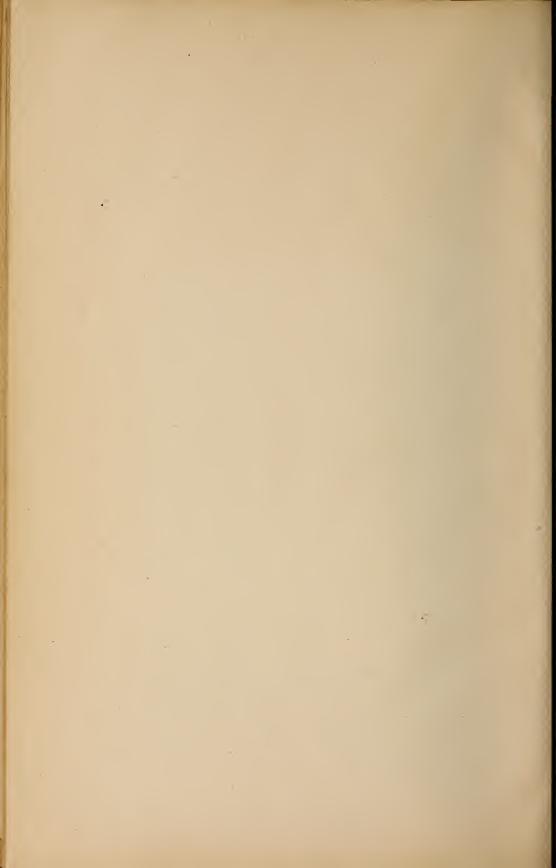


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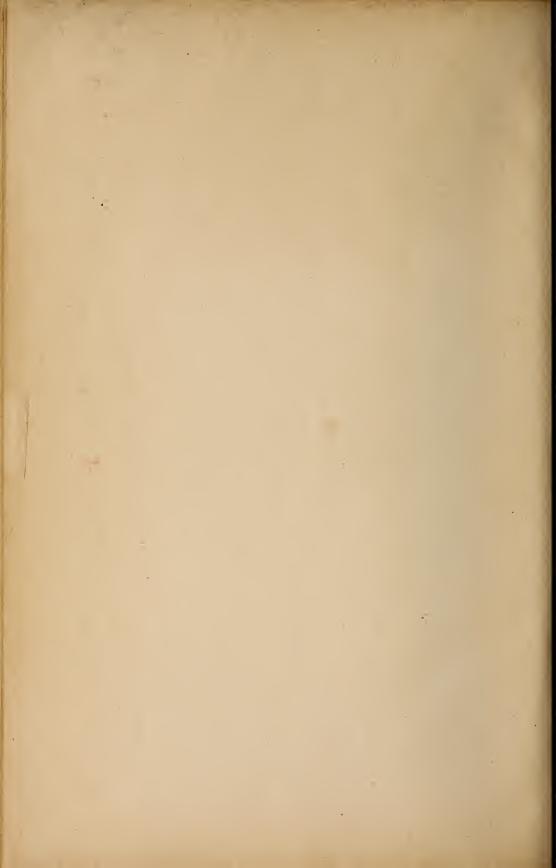


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