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THE

## NATURAL HISTORY <br> 08

BRITISH INSECTS.

THE
NATURAL HISTORY
OF

## BRITISH INSECTS;

EXPLAININGTHEM

INTHEIR SEVERALSTATES,
WITH THE PERIODS OF THEIR TRANSFORMATIONS THEIR FOOD, ©CONOMY, \&c.

TOGETHER WITH THE

## HISTORY OF SUCH MINUTE INSECTS

AS REQUIREINVESTIGATION BY THE MICROSCOPE.
the whole ilxugtrated by
C O L O URE D FIG U R E S, DESIGNED AND EXECUTED FROM LIVING SPECIMENS.

By E. DONOVAN, F.L.S.; W.S., \&c.


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## NATURAL HISTORY

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## BRITISH INSECTS.

PLATE DV.

PHALENA TYPICOIDES.

SCARCE GOTHIC MOTH.

LEPIDOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ taper from the bafe: tongue fpiral: wings in general deflected when at reft. Fly by night.

P $\dot{L}$ ATE DV.<br>SPECIFIC CHARACTER<br>and<br>SYNONYMS.

PHALENA TYPICOIDES. Wiags incumbent, varied fufcous and reddifh, with white ftreaks: pofterior pair whitilh with fufcous border.

This is an infect of large fize, and elegant appcarance, and is generally eftecmed among collectors in Britain on account of its sarity. It neverthelefs occurs fometimes in abundance in particular fituations, as for example in fome parts of Yorkhire, and alfo in Devonhire. In the latter County at Knowle near Kingsbridge Mr. Montagu takes it in confiderable plenty in his own garden throughout the fummer. The fame feecies imhabits Germany.

The transformations of this curious Moth are altogether unknown.

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# PLATE DVI. 

## Carabus glabratus.

SMOOTH CARABUS.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ filiform: feelers generally fix, the laft joint obture and truncated; thorax flat and margined: wing-cafes margined.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER.
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Apterous, black: wing-cafes very fmooth, and uniformly black.
Carabus glabratus. Apterus, ater elytris laviffimis unicolorilous. Fabr. Ent. Syfl. T. 2. 125. 4.-Carabus glabratus Panz.

A rare fpecies defcribed by Falricius as a native of Germany. It was firft difcovered in this country by Mr. W. G. Hooker of Norwich, who found it in great plenty on a mountain in Yorithire; and fince that period it has been met with in the rocks near Killarney in Ireland.

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## [ \# ]

## PLATE DVII.

## MUSCA MORTUORUM.

DIPTEKA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Mouth with a foft exferted flefhy probofcis and two equal lips: fucker furnifhed with briftles: feelers two, very fhort (or none) antennas fhort.

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*PECIFIC CHARACTER
        and
SYNONYMS.
```

Antennæ feathered: thorax black: abdomen braffy green: legs black.

Musca mortuorum: antennis plumatis, thorace nigro, abdomine viridi æneo, pedibus nigris. Linn. Sy/t. Nat. a. 986, 66.-Fn. Sv. 1830.-Fabr. Ent. Syft. T.4.318. n. 23.

A native of Sweden, and other parts of Europe; it is to be efteemed alfo a britilh fpecies, a fpecimen having been lately taken
by Mr. W. E. Leach, in Scotland: this was met with on the bog in which the battle of Bannockbourn was fought, a wafte in the vicinity of Stirling, and is the fole authority within our recollection upon which we could venture to confider it a native of thefe kirgdoms. It is a moft interefting acquifition, and is reprefented in its natural fize with all poffible fidelity, in two different pofitions.

In addition to the character affigned to this fpecies by Linnæus, we ought to obferve that the thorax is lineated with black, and greyifh, a circumftance to which Fabricius refers in the expreffion "thorax fublineatus;" in the fpecimen above defcribed, thefe lines are pretty diftinct.


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[7]
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## PLATE DVIII.

FIG.I. I.

ELATER SANGUINEUS.
sanguineous elater, or skipper beetle.

Coleoptera.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ filiform, lodged in a groove under the head and thorax: under-fide of the thorax terminating in an elaftic fpine, placed in a cavity of the abdomen, by which means when placed on the back is fprings up, and recovers its natural pofition.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
    AND
SYNONYMS.
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Deep black: wing cafes fanguineous, and without fpots.
Elater sanguineus: ater elytris ftriatis fanguineis immaculatis.
Linn. Syft. Nat. 2. 654. 21.-Fn. Sv. 731.Gmel. 1906. 21.
Elater nigris elytris rubris,-Le taupia à étuis rouges. Geoff. Inf. I. 131. 气.

Elater melanocephalus ruber Panz. Voet. ii. 117. 21. f. 44.f. 21. Elater sanguineus. Marfl. Ent. Brit. T. I. p. 383.n.20.

Very rare in Britain. The fpecies is found in Sweden, Germany and France.

## FIG. II II.

## ELATER CUPREUS.

COPPERY ELATER, or SKIPPER BEETLE
SPECIFIC CHARACTER
ANS
SYNONYMS.
Coppery : wing-cafes half yellow : antemæ of the male pectinated. Elater cupreus: cupreus, elytris dimidiato-flavis: autennis maris pectinatis. Marfh. Ent. Syff. T. I. p. 384. 29. Elater cupreus. Fabr. Syjf. Ent. 15.-Spec. Inf. 1. 268. 20. -Ent. Syff. 1. b. 225.37.
Elater castaneus. Scop. 286.

A very beautiful and rare fpecies: its fize equal to that of Elater pectinicornis: dull coppery or brafly rufons: autenua black.

PLATE
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## PI، ATE DIX.

## CURCULIO SUICIROSTRIS.

GULCATED.SNOUT CURCULIO, or WEEVIL BEETLE.

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COLEOPTERA.
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GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ clavated, and feated on the fnout which is horny and prominent : feelers four and filiform.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTET.

Oblong, cinereous, clouded with black: fnout with three furrows.
Curculio suleirostris: oblongus cinereus fubnebulofus roftro trifulcato. Fabr. Гuf. 1. p. 187. n. 143.-Mant. Inf. 1. p. 114.n. 185.
Curculio sulcirostris. Gmel. Linn. Syft. Nat. 1787, 85.Paykull Monogr. 100.—Panz. Ent. Germ. 321. 128.-Marh. Ent. Brit. T. 1, p. 308. n. 204.

Found on plants in Europe; it is a fpecies of large fize, and is rare in Britain.
n


## $\left[\begin{array}{ll}{[11}\end{array}\right]$

PLATE DX.

FIG. I.

## PHALIENA OMICRONATA:

O.O CARPET MOTH.

LEPIDOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ gradually tapering from the bafe: tongue fpiral: wings in general deflected when at reft: Fly by night.

* Geometra.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.

Phalena Omicronata. Firf wings fulvous at the bafe and tip, with fufcous ftreaks and dots: in the middle a broad indented cinereous band with a double $\mathbf{O}$ nearer the anterior margin.

An elegant and not very frequent fpecies found in the viciuity of woods in the month of June, July and Auguft.

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FIG.

# FIG. II. <br> PHALENA CONTRISTATA. 

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COMMON CARPET MOTH.
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SPECIFIC CHARACTER.
Phalefa contristata. White with a common fufcous border: anterior wings brownifh at the bafe, the middle with a fufcous band: difk of the pofterior pair with dufky ftreaks.
Phalena contristata. Marf/h. M. S.

Common in the months of May and June in moft woody Gituations. It is very abundant, in particular near London.



## [ 18 ]

## PLATE DXI.

## MUSCA FESTIVA.

## DIPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Mouth with a foft exferted flefly probofcis, and two equal lips: fucker furnilhed with briftles: feelers two, very fhort (or none) antennæ fhort.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER

Musca festiva. Green and golden, gloffed with red, and cinereous: thorax lineated with yellow: abdomen banded with black.

An infect of peculiar beauty, extremely rare, and which does not appear to be defcribed by any author.

The natural fize of this very curious fpecies is denoted by the fmaller figure in the upper part of the plate: when magnified, as is fhewn beneath, its appearance is remarkable for its fingularity. The head is rather fmall and green, with eyes of a deep fufcous colour : the thorax green gloffed with blue, with a double goldsu yellow line in
the middle, and a fingle one on each fide: the abdomen greenifh, and partaking more of the rich metallic hues of gold, yellow, and tints of red, than the other parts. The whole of the body is of a fomewhat flender form; the wings large, and the legs long and nender in proportion


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## PLATE DXII.

## CURCULIO CARDUI.

THISTLE CURCULIO, OR WEEVIL BEETLE.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ clavated, and feated on the fnout which is horny and prominent: feelers four and filiform.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.
Curculio cardul. Oblong: green, black with numerous dots and broken linear bands of yellowih down: wing-cafes ftriated with impreffed dots.

A new infect lately difcovered by Mr. W. E. Leach, from whom it received the fpecific appellation of Cardui: it occurs on the thiftle, but is rare.


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\end{array}\right]
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# PLATE DXIII. 

## attelabus melanuros.

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COLEOPTERA.
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GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ moniliform, thicker towards the tip, and feated on the snout: head pointed behind and inclined.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER

AND
SYNONYMS.

Black: wing-cafes teftaceous, the tip black.
Attelabus melanuros : niger, elytris tefaceis apice nigris. Gmel. Linn. Syft. Nat. 1s 10.6.
Odacantha melanura. Paykull. Fr. Sv. I. 169.-Fabr. Syff. Eleut, 1. 228.-Latr. Gen. Inj. I. 194.-Tab. meth. 164.
Carabe retréce. Oliv. Entom. 3. s5.

This is a fpecies rather exceeding, in point of fize, fuch infects as may with propriety be termed diminutive; its length, as lhewn by vol. $x y_{\text {p }}$.

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the
the fmalleft figure, exceeding one third of an inch, and including the antennæ confiderably more: its form is peculiar, and the colours which are gay, in fome degree remarkable for their brilliancy. Its singularity confifts in the very curious form of the thoras, a kind of elongated cylinder, connecting the head with the body, as if the former were placed on a flender pedicle; the thorax being narrower by one half than the liead, and not above one third the breadth of the wing-cafes. Notwithftanding this difproportion of its parts, the appearance is not devoid of elegance, and to this the beauty of its colours contribute materially.

The head and thorax of this infect are green and biue, changeable into each other, and highly gloffy: the contraft between the colours of thefe and the wing-cafes is friking, the latter being fine orange, with the exception of a large common fpot of the fame flining blue and green, as on the head and thorax, or rather inclining more to azure, that is, difpofed at the pofterior estremity. It is no lefs worthy of remark, that the lower furface is in like manner varied with blueifh flining green, and orange, the head, thorax and pofterior part of the abdomen, being of the former colour, and the intervening fpace of the abdomen, orange. The antennæ are orange from the bafe to the middle, beyond which they are dufky: the legs alfo are of two colours, the thigh and firft joint being orange, the remainder durky; and befides this the thighs are black at the tips.

Gmelin defcribes this fpecies as a native of Upfal. In Britain it is a very local fpecies, but does not appear uncommon in the places it inhabits: it occurs abundantly in Cromllyn bog, in Glamorganfire, near Swanfea, and alfo in a bog near Norwich.
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## [ 19 ]

PLATE DXIV.<br>PHALENA CONVERSARIA.<br>large banded carpet moth,<br>\section*{LEPIDOPTERA.}<br>GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ taper from the bafe: tongue fpiral: wings in general deflected when at reft. Fly by night.

Geometra.
specific character
and
SYNONYMS.

Wings pale brown, with dark fufcous middle band, and greyih indented common band behind : pofterior legs deeply ciliated.

Geometra conversaria. Hübn. Schmet. 62, 321?

This intercfting acquifition to the Britim Entomologift was difcovered by Mr. W. E. Leach, the latter end of Auguft, about the year 1807, in Warley-wood, at Tamerton, near Plymouth, Devonfhire.

The fize of this infect is confiderable, the colour above pale brown, with a rich dark fufcous band acrofs the middle, and immediately behind it, a broad and very pale common band, circumfcribed above by an angulated, and beneath by an indented palifh line. The whole furface is fuimkled with fpecks of brown. The under furface is paler, wih more obfolete fpeckling, and fome blotches of fufcous, forming an interrupted common band in the middle. The four anterior legs are naked as ufual, the two pofterior deeply fringed with fine hairs.
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# PLATE DXV. <br> DERMESTES MURINUS. 

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ clavated, the club perfoliated, and three of the joints thicher: thorax convex and flightly margined : head inflected, and concealed under the thorax.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER
ANB
SYNONYMS.

Oblong, black, clouded with whitifh down: abdomen and breaft white.

Dermestes murinus : oblongus tomentofus nigro alboque, abdomine niveo Linn. Syjt. Nat. 2. 156. 3. 18.In. Sv. 426.
Dermestes murinús. Fabr. Ent. Syft. T. I. p. I.290. 14.
Dermestes murinus : tomentofus fuico cinereoque nebulofus, fcutello fulvo. Margh. Ent. Brit. 'T. I.p.61. 2.
Dermestes nebulosus. De Geer. Inf.4.197. . .

Feeds on putrid carcafes.


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\end{array}\right]
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## PLATE DXVI.

CARABUS BIPUSTULATUS.
bipustulated carabus.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ filiform: feelers generally fix, the laft joint obtufe and truncated; thorax flat and margined: wing-cafes margined.

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&PECIFIC CHARACTER
    AND
SYNONYMS.
```

Winged : thorax orbicular, and with the anterior part of the wingcafes rufous, pofterior part black, with a common rufous fpot.

Carabus bipustulatus: alatus, thorace orbiculato rufo, coleop-
tris apice nigris: macula rufa. Fabr. Ent. Syft. T. I. 161. n. 164.-Paykull. Fn. Sv. I. 138. 54.-Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T. I. p. 454. 88.

A fmall, but elegant feecies, ard which appears to peculiar advantage when magnitied: the ground colvur varies frum rufous to paler,
paler, yellowifh, and teftaceous in different fpecimens; and fome little variation is perceptible alfo in the form of the common fpot at the pofterior part of the wing cafes. The antennæ are fufcous at the bafe, the extremity pale or yellowifh, and the legs of the latter colour.

The fmalleft figure reprefents this pretty little infect in its natural fize.

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## $[25]$

## PLATE DXVII.

PHALENA INSCRIPTATA.
LETTERED MOTH.

亡EPIDOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ taper from the bafe: tongue fpiral: wings in general deflected when at reft. Fly by night.
*** Geometra.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.
Phalena inscriptata. Pale, anterior wings banded and lineated: with two duky characters, and a whitifl $\Lambda$ in the difk of the middle band : pofterior wings with fcalloped lines.

The two moths reprefented in this plate, are beyond difpute, varieties of the fame fpecies, that delineated in the upper part of the plate differing only in having the anterior wings and bands darker than the other: the characters on both are the fame, being two fimall durky letter-like marks, one of which remotely refembles the hebrew kametz $\left(^{\top}\right.$ ) and a little behind thefe is a pale or whitifh greek $\Lambda$ yol. $x y$,

E
(lambda.)
(lanlbda.) The whole of thefe marks are difpofed near the center of the broad pale band that palfes acrof's the middle of the anterior wings, and thefe confitute the principal character of the fpecies. In the darhelt coloured feccimen of this infect, there is a fmall and pretly ditimet dot in the middle of the pofterior wings.

This is a very rare and apparently mindefribed fpecies of the Geometra tribe.

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## PLATE DXVIII.

## ELATER RUFICOLLIS.

RUFOUS-NECKED ELATER, or SPRINGFR BEETLF:

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antemæ filiform and lodged in a groove under the head and thorax: fides of the thorax terminated in an elaftic fpine placed in a cavity of the abdomen, by means of which the infect, when on its back, recovers its natural pofition.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
    AND
    SYNONYMS.
```

Black and polifhed, anterior part of the thoras red
Elater ruficollis: niger, thorace pofterius rubro nitido. Lim. Fn. Suec. 724.—Fabr. Sp. Inj. I. p. 970.n. 33 -Mant. inf. I. p. 173. u. 37.-Ent. Syjt. I. b. 227.52.

Elater ruficollis: thorace rubro nitido antice nigro, elytris corporeque nigris. Marfl. Ent. Brit. T'. I. 376. и. 2.

A rare and very pretty fpecies. Its habits are unknown. Linneus defcribes it as a native of Sweden.
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## [ 29 ]

## PLATE DXIX.

FIG. I. II.

## MUSCA ULIGINOSA.

DIPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Mouth with a foft exferted flefhy probofcis, and two equal lips: fuckers furnifhed with briftles: feelers two, very fhort, or none: antennæ generally fhort.

> * Nemotelus

Sucker with a fingle recurved briftle without theath: feelers none: antennæ moniliform, the tip fetaceous, and inferted at the bafe of the probofcis.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
    AND
    SYNONYMS,
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Male black: abdomen whitif, with black bands at the tip, Female dark with a dorfal line of pale fpots on the abdomen.

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## PLATE DXX.

## CHRYSOMELA LONGIPES.

IONG-LEGGED CHRYSOMELA.
colegrtera.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antenne moiniliforin: feelers fix; larger towards the end: thoras marginate: wing-cafes immarginate: body generally oval.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.

Chrysomela longipes. Oblong: black: wing-cafes orange with a black fpot at the bafe, and two near the middle: anterior legs of the male very long.

A very curious infect taken about the month of May, by W. E. Leach, Efq. near Sidmouth, in Devonfhire.

Fig. I. I. exemplifies the upper and lower furface of the male infect, which is diftinguifhed by the difproportionate length of the anterior legs : fig. II. the female in which the anterior legs are about the fame length as the others. Both are reprefented in their natural fize.
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# PLATE DXXI. <br> ACRYDIUM SUBULATUM. 

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SUbulate acrydium. -
    hlmiptera.
GENERIC CHARACTER.
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Antennæ filiform, and inferted under the eyes: feelers filiform and equal: lip ovate, and cleft at the tip: head ovate and inferted: thorax carinated: fcutel produced behind to the end of the abdomen, and covering the wings: wing-cafes none, or only lamina: legs fhort : pofteriar pair long, and formed for leaping, the tarfi compofed of three joints.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
            AND
SYNONYMS.
```

Dark brown: fcutel longer than the abdomen.
Acrydium subulatum: thoracis fentello abdomine longiore Fabr. Ent. Syft T. 2. 26.
Gryllus subulatus. Lim. Syft. Nat.2,693. 8.-Fn. Succo 865.

An interefting, and very curious little fpecies, and which is affo rare in Britain. The fmaller figure denotes the natural fize.

PLATE


## [ 87 ]

## PLATE: DXXII,

## ICHINEUMON PERSUASORIUS.

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HYMENOPTERA.
geveric Character.
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Mouth with a fraight horny membranaceous bifid jaw, the tip rounded, and ciliated : maudibles curved and harp: lip cylindrical, membranaceous at the tip, and emarginate ; feelers four unequal and filiform, and feated in the middle of the lip: antennæ fetaceous, of more than thirty joints: fting exferted, inclofed in a cylindrical fheath, compofed of two valyes, and not pungent.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER
and
SYNONIMS.

Scutel white : thorax fpotted: all the fegments of the abdomen with two white dots on each fide.

Ichneumon persuasorius: fcutello albo, thorace maculato, abdominis fegmentis onmibus utrinque punctis duobus albis Linn. Syft. Nat. 2. 932. 16.-Fn. Sv. 1593.-Fabr. Ent. Syft. T. 2. 145. 22. 49.

This curious fpecies is a native of the North of Europe, and Germany. Linnæus defcribes it as a Swedifh infect; Panzer and Schaeffer as an inhabitant of Germany ; and Walckenær as being found in the environs of Paris. In Britain it is very rare: we have only heard of three Britifh fpecimens, one of which was taken by Mr. W. J. Hooker of Norwich.-Its transformations are not defcribed by any writer.

The figures in the annexed plate reprefent the fpecies in its natural fize.

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## PLATE DXXIII

## LIBELLULA SCOTICA.

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SCOTCH LIBELLULA.
NEUROPTERA.
GENERIC CHARACTER.
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Mouth armed with more than two jaws: lip trifid: antenne very thin, filiform, and fhorter than the thorax: wings expanded: tail of the male furnifhed with a forked procefs.

## specific character.

Libellula scotica. Thorax with two oblique yellow bands.
Male. Wings tranfparent with deep black ftigma: abdomen blackifh. Female. Wings tranfparent with deep black ftigma, and yellow bafe: abdomen yellow, with two black lines on each fegment.

We have been recently favoured with fpecimens of this new fpecies of Libellula by W. E. Leach, Efq. from whom it received the trivial name of Scoticà, in reference to the country in which it appears only to have been hitherto difcovered. This gentleman informs us it is common in the bogs of Scotland: he firf obferved it near Lock-awe,
in Argylefhire, and afterwards in the bog of Bannock-bourn, in which latter place it occurs in great abundance.

Libellula Scotica is an infect of the middle fize, in general appearance refembling the fpecies rulgata. The male is uniformly dafky, except the wings, which are tranfparent : the female is more remarkable for its gaiety, the head, thorax, and abdomen beirg yellowifh, varied with brown, and little lines of black; and the wings traufparent, with the bafe yellow.

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# PLATE DXXIV. 

## CURCULIO BITENIATUS.

## COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennre clavated, and feated on the fnout which is horny and prominent: fcelers four and filiform.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
    ANi)
    SYNONYMS.
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Thorax brown, with a pale ftreak each fide: wing-cafes cinereous fprinkled with fufcous, ftriated with impreffed dots, and marked between the ftriæ with numerous blackilh points.

Curculio miteniatus: thorace fufco: linea utrinque pallida, elytris cinereis fufco-confperfis punctato-ftriatis. Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T. I. p. 268.93*。

* Roftrum nigricans, thorace brevius. Thorax fufcus, cx ovato rotundus, linea utrin. que pallida. Elytra fuico cinerea, ftriata; firia punctis impreffis: inter ferias punctula plurima nigricantia. $\quad 1 b$.

This remarkable fpecies of Curculio appears to be defcribed only by Mr. Marfham, to whofe fpecific and general defcription nothing material can be added. Its habitat was not apparently known till after the publication of Entomologia Britannica, as that work is filent in this particular: it is now afcertained that the fpecies is not uncommon among grafs, in the winged ftate, and that the grafs affords the larva its natural, and favorite food. The neft or reticulated open work cone which it conftructs previoufly to becoming a pupa, and in which it remains while in that ftate, is extremely delicate and curious in its fabric, though not in thefe refpects fingular, for many of the Curculiones form fimilar cafes in which they remain enveloped while in the ftate of pupa. The pupa cafe of Curculio bitæniatus, is reprefented in the ammexed plate.

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\end{array}\right]
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# PLATE DXXV. <br> HISTER QUADRIMACULATUS. 

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FOUR-SPOTTED HISTER.
COLEOPTERA.
GENERIC CHARACTER.
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Antemæ clavated, the club folid: the laft joint compreffed, and curved: head retractile within the body: mouth forcipated: wingcafes fhorter than the body, and truncated: anterior fhanks denticu-. lated, the hind fhanks finous.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
    AND
SYNONYMS.
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Black: wing-cafes fub-ftriated, with two red fpots.
Hister quadrimaculatus: ater, elytris fubftriatis, maculis duabus rubris. Linn. Syft. Nat. 567.6.-Fn. Su. 443.-Paykull. Fn. Suec, 36. 2.-Marfh. T. I. p. 94. fig. 6.

A fcarce Britifh fpecies, found in the dung of animals: it alfo inhabits Germany and other parts of Europe.

Its fize furpaffes that of Hifter unicolor; the colour black, with a large lunated fpot of red on each of the wing-cafes. Sometimes thefe fpots are interrupted in the middle, and in fuch fpecimens the wing-cafes exhibit the four diftinct red fpots which the fecific name implies. The lower furface is entirely black, and both the upper and lower furfaces are remarkably gloffy.

The appearance of this infect, when the wing-cafes and wings are expanded, is very fingular: this is reprefented in the annesed plate, together with its afpect in a quiefcent frate.
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# PLATE DXXVI. <br> CARABUS INTRICATUS. 

INTRICATE-DOTTED CARABUS.

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COLEOPTERA.
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GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antemæ filiform: feelers generally fix, the laft joint obtufe and truncated; thorax flat and margined: wing-cafes margined.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
    AND
    SYNONYMS.
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Apterous, violet-black: wing-cafes with raifed intricate frix and dots:

Carabus intricatus. Apterus violaceo-niger, elytris intricatis elevato-ftriatis punctulatifque. Linn. Fr. Suec. 780 . \&cc.
Carabus cyaneus. Apterus niger violaceo nitens, elytris punctis intricatis rugofis Paykull. Monogr. 10. 2Fabr. Ent. Syft. T. I. p. 126. n. 9.—Bupreftis nigroviolaceus. Geoffr. Inf. I. 144.4.

It appears Fabricius was aware the carabus he defcribed under the fpecific name of cyaneus, muft be in all refpects the fame as the Limnæan Carabus intricatus, fince he inferts the reference to that fpecies in Fauna Suecica, among his fynonyms: Paykull called it cyaneus, and this name Fabricius was induced to retain, though certainly lefs applicable than that it had previoufly obtained from Linnæus.-Fabricius defrribes it as a native of woods in Europe. Panzer includes it among the infects of Germany : in England it is very rare, and indeed appears not to have been difcovered in the latter country till very lately.

The figure reprefents this curious infect in its natural fize.

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# PLATE DXXVII. 

PHALENA ROBORARIA.

GREAT OAK BEAUTY MOTH.

LEPIDOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ taper from the bafe: tongue fpiral: wings in general deflected when at reft. Fly by night.

Geometra.

> SPECIFIC CHARACTER
> AND
> SYNONYMS.

Wings indented, grey with numerous brown ftreaks and fpecks: beneath whitifh, lower wings, with a fufcous lunule in the middle.

Phalena roboraria: pectinicornis alis dentatis grifeis: atomis
frigique numerofis fufcis. Fabr. Ent. Syff. T.
3.p.2.157.n.28.-Ejp.T.万.f.2.

Several very beautiful, and rather diftinet varieties of this fine fpecies occur in Auftria : that which we have delineated is the only variety, however, we believe found in England, where it appears to be extremely uncommon. The fpecies we apprehend to be rare on the Continent, as well as in England, Fabricius referring exprefly to the cabinet of Mr. Scieffernyller, for the example he defcribes.

Phalena mboraria is nearly allied to the fpecies of geometra, denominated by Englifh collectors the " mottled beauty," (Phalæna repandaria) from which it is distinguifhed by the fuperiority of its fize, and fome little variation in the form and difpofition of the fufcous lines on the wings: the diffimilarity is evident on an accurate comparifon, but is not fo obvious at the firft view.

Fabricius defcribes the larva as being of a grey brown colour, with a darker dorfal line, and curves on the fegments, and according alfo to this writer the larva feeds on the oak, whence it obtains the trivial appellation of the great oak beauty.

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## PLATE DXXVIII.

FIG. I. I.<br>CANTHARIS FASCIATA.

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FASCIATED CANTHARIS.
    COLEOPTERA.
GENERIC CHARACTER.
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Antennæ filiform: thorax generally margined, and florter than the head: wing-cafes flexile: fides of the abdomen edged with folded papillæ.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER

AND

SYNONYMS.

Thorax greenifh: wing-cafes blachifh, with two red bands.
Cantharis fasciata. Limn. Syf. Nat. 648. 10.-Fn. Sp. 711. -Gmel. 1899. 10.

Malaciius fasciatus: elytris nigris: fafciis duabus rufis. Fab. Syft. Ent. 208. 4.-Sp. Inf. I. 262. 5.-Mant. I. 169. 8.-Ent. Syff. I. a.224. 13.

Malachius fafciatus. Olio. Inj. 27. 10. 12. tab. I. fig. 2.
Cantharis fasciata: thorace virefcente, elytris nigris: fafciis duabus rulris. Marfh. Ent. Brit. T. 371. 11.
Telephorus fasciatus. De Geer. 4. 76.9.
La cicidele à bandes rouges. Geoff. I. 177. 12.

This is a very gay and pretty infect: the antennæ and legs are black: the head blackifh, gloffed with thining green, as is likewife the thorax: the wing-cafes are duky purple with a broad band of red acrofs the middle, and another behind formed by the junction of the tips of the wing-cafes, the latter being of the fame red colour as the band in the middle. The abdomen at the fides are red.

The fmalleft figure denotes the natural fize. This fpecies is found among mols.

> F I G. II.

## CANTHARIS BIPUSTULATA.

## bipustulated cantharis.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER.

Braffy green : front yellowifh : wing-cafes red at the tip.

Cantharis bipustulata: aeneo-viridis, fronte flavicante elytris apice rubris. Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T. Г. p. 369. 9. Cantharis bipustulata. Aeneo-viridis, elytris apice rubris. Linn. It. oel. 127.-Fn. Suec. 709.-Gmel. Lim. Syft. Nat. 1893. 8.
Malachius bipustulatus. Oliv. Inf. 27. 5. 3. t. I.f. I.Fabr. Syft. Eut. 208. 2.-Sp. Inf. I. 262. 2. Mant.I.169.2.—Ent. Syft.i.a.222.2.
Telefhorus bipustulatus. De Geer.4.75.7.
Donacia asparagorum. Panz. Voel. ii. th. 198.6.t.46.f.6. La cicindele verte á points rouges. Geoff. Inl: I. 175.8.

Frequent among grafs: the larva rapacious, feeding on fmaller infects, and even the grubs of its own tribe and fpecies.


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## PLATE DXXIX。

 CURCULIO PINI. PINE CURCULIO. COLEOPTERA.GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ clavated and feated on the fnout, which is hofny and prominent.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER
and .
SYNONYMS.
Black, wing-cafes fufcous, with dots and clouded bands of yellowifh.

Curculio pini : niger, elytris fufcis: fafciis nebulofis. Linn. Syft. Nat.608. n. 19.-Fr. Suec. 589.-Gmel. 1746. 19.-Marfh. Ent. Brit. '1'. I. p. 289. 152.

A rare fpecies in England, but common in Scotland upon the Pinus fylveftris. According to Linnæus, it is found in Sweden; and Panzer includes it among the infects of Germany.

The fmalleft figure denotes the natural fize of this curious infect.


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# PI،ATE DXXX. CARABUS LUNATUS. 

LUNATED CARABUS.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ filiform: feelers generally fix, the laft joint obtufe and truncated; thorax flat and margined: wing-cafes margined.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
            AND
                SYNONYMS.
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Thorax orbicular and rufous: wing-cafes yellow, with three black fpots.

Carabus lunatus. Thorace orbiculato rufo, elytris flavis: maculis tribus nigris. Fabr. Ent. Syff. I. 163.172. -Syft. Ent. 247.60.-Panz. Ent. Germ. 63. 98.-Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T. I. p. 466. 1.

Carabus eques. Schranck. Beytr.

This very elegant little fpecies is defrribed by Fabricius as an inhabitant of Britaiu, on the authority of a fpecimen in the collection
of Mr. Lee: the fpecies occurs likewife in Germany, and Italy. Whether it is common in thefe latter mentioned countries is uncertain, we fufpect not : in Britain it iṣ rare.

The appearance of this infect when magnified is interefting; the natural fize is denoted by the fmalleft figure.


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# PLATE DXXXI. 

## SPHEX SPIRIFEX.

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HYMENOPTERA.
GENERIC CHARACTER.
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Mouth with an entire jaw : mandibles horny, incurved, and denticulated: lip horny and membranaceous at the tip: feelers four: antennæ with ten articulations: wings in each fex incumbent and flat: fting pungent and concealed within the abdomen.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER

and
SYMONYMS.
Black : thorax hairy, immaculate: petiole of one joint, yellow, and as long as the abdomen.

Sphex spirifex : atra thorace hirto immaculato, petiolo uniarticulato flavo longitudine abdominis. Fabr. Eut. Syf. T.2.204. 24.—Schaff. Icon. tab. 38. fig. I.

We poffefs an example of this curious infect in the Britih cabinet of the late Mr. Drury. The fperimen does not exactly feem to accord with the Linnæan Sphex Spirifex, but rather with the acvol. xv.

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knowledged variety of that fpecies defcribed by Linnæus under the name of Ægyptia; and is clearly the variety found by Schæeffer in the environs of Ratifbon (Ichneumon decimus feptimus) to which Fabricius refers for his fpecies fpirifex.

This infect is chiefly an inhabitant of the fouth of Europe, where it lives in focieties: the nefts are conftructed in the fides of the mud-walls of cottages and other convenient fituations; their form cylindrical, and the interior in fome degree refembling a honey-comb. It preys on infects of every kind, and is in particular a great enemy to the fpider, which it eatily overcomes, and feems to prefer to moft other food.-The fize of this fpecies is confiderable.
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## PLATE DXXXII.

FIG. I. I.<br>STAPHYLINUS LUNULATUS.

lunulated rove-beetie.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ moniliform: feelers four: wing-cafes half as long as the body : wings folded up under the wing-cafes: tail armed with a forceps, and furnifhed with two exfertile veficles.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER <br> AND <br> SYNONYMS.

Thorax aud abdomen orange: wing-cafes black with two orange fublunate fpots at the bafe: extremity of the abdomen black, with a pale band.

Staphylinus lunulatus: rufus, capite abdominis elytrorumque potticis nigris, femoribus totis rufis. Linn. Fn. Sv. 84j.—Gmel. 2037. 7.-Paykull. Monogr. 41.

Oxyporus lunulatus: flavus elytris nigris bafi apiceque pallidiz.
Fabr. Syft. Ent. 268. 2.-Sp. Inf. i. 338. 2.Mant. i. 219. ©.-Ent. Syft. 1.b. 539. 3.
Staphylinus lunulatus. May/h. Eite. Brit. T. I. 523.72.

A minute and very beautiful fpecies, found in the dung of cattle.The natural fize of this, and the other two interefting little fpecies repreiented in the amnexed plate, is denoted by the fmaller figures. Staphylinus lunulatis is a native of the northern parts of Europe, being foumd in Sweden and Denmark, as well as Britain, and extends likewife as far fouthward as Germany and France.

FIG. II. II.<br>STAPHYLINUS MARGINATUS.<br>marginated rovebeetle.<br>specific character<br>and<br>SYNONYMS.

Black: fides of the thorax, two dots on the anterior part of the wing-cafes, with the pofterior margin, and the legs rufous.

Staphylinus marginatus: ater thoracis lateribus pedibufque flavis. Fabr. Syft. Eut. 266. 8.-Sp. Iuf. i. 336. 9.-Mant. i. 22. 15.-Ent.Syft. i. b.526. 30.

Paykull. Monogr. 32.-Fn. Suec. iii. 392. 32. Gmel. Syft. Nat 2028. 36.
Oxyporus marginellus. Panz. Ent. Germ.355.21.
Staphylinus marginatus: ater, thoracis lateribus pedibufque rufis. Marfh. Ent. Brit. 512. 40.

Fabricius defcribes this fpecies as a native of England and Norway.

## FIG. III. III.

## STAPHYLINUS BIPUSTULATUS.

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BIPUSTULATED ROVE-BEETLE.
SPECIFIC CHARACTER
        AND
        SY゙NONYMS.
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Black: wing-cafes with two ferruginous dots.
Staphylinus bipustulatus: niger, elytris puncto ferragineo.
Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T. I. 527.

Staphylinus bipustulatus. Fabr. Syf. Ent. 266. 11.-Sp. Inf. i. 336. 12.-Mant. i. 221. 18.-Ent. Syß i. b. 526. 34.

Oxyporus bipustulatus. Panz. Faun. Germ. 27.t. $1 a$

Inhabits various parts of Europe.

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# PLATE DXXXIII. 

## CURCULIO MARITIMUS.

MARITIME CURCULIO.<br>COLEOPTERA.<br>GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ clevated, and feated on the fnout which is homy and prominent: feelers four and filiform.

## specific character.

Curculio maritimus. Body fomewhat ovate, black, rather gloffy and minutely punctured, with obfolete frixe on the wing-cafes.

An interefing infect very nearly allied to Curculio niger of Entomologia Britannica, but is frill fufficiently diftinct, and fhould mon probably be confidered as a new fpecies. It was found by W. E. Leach, Efq. on Arenaria maritima and peploides, and might hence have borne the fignificant appellative of arenarius, had not that name been previoully given by Herbft to a very different infect difcovered in Pruffia, and which is alfo retained by Gmelin under the fame name in Syflema Naturc.

A material difference is perceptible in the two infects at prefent under confideration, notwithitanding which, they are, however, prefumed to conftitute the two fexes of the fame fpecies. One is fimaller and more ovate than the other, the ftriæ of punctures on the wingcafes lefs obviouly defined, and the thighs blackifh, while in the other the thighs incline to ferruginous red. The fmaller delineations at fig. I. and II. exemplify the natural fize a little enlarged, the other reprefentations exhibit the fame infects confiderably magnified.


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## PLATE DXXXIV.

## LYTTA VESICATORIA.

BLISTER-BEETLE.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ filiform: head gibbous, inflected, and broader than the thorax: thorax in general cylindrical: wing-cafes foft, flexile, and linear: body elongated.

SPECIFIC CHIARACTER

AND
SYNONYMS.
Bright gloffy golden green : antennæ black.
Lytta vesicatoria: viridiffima nitens, antennis nigris. Mayh
Ent. Brit. T. I. 484. n. I.-Fabr. Sp. Inf. I.p. Ses. n.-I. Mant. Inf. I. p. 215. n. I.-Syfe. Ent. 260. I.-Ent. Syfl. I. b. 83. I.
Meloe vesicatorics. Lim. Syjl. Nat.679. 3. Fu. Suec. 8o7. Cantharis veficatoria De Geer. 5. 12. t. I. f. 9 .
La cautharide des boutiques. Geoffi. I. Sfi.1.t. 6.f. 5 .

The Lytta veficatoria is a very uncommon infect in this country though abundant in many other parts of Europe, the fouthern efpecially; and is in particular found in fuch plenty in Spain as to have obtained from that circumftance the popular appellation of Spanifh Cantharis, or blifter-fly.

Mr. Marfham defribes it as a Britifh fpecies, and we poffefs a fpecimen in the cabinet of the late Mr. Drury, which is admitted to have been taken alive in this country. We have befides another fpecimen which differs only from the former in being entirely of a blue inftead of green colour, and this we are induced to reprefent likewife from the perfuation of its being a Britifh infect. In a natural ftate the Lytta veficatoria is found on the privet and the elder, and alfo on the afh; its ufes in the pharmacy are fufficiently underfood, and thefe alone, independently of its beauty, muft doubtlefs entitle this elegant little infect to our immediate confideration.


# PLATE DXXXV. <br> FIG. I. 

ELATER CYANEUS.

CYANEOUS SKIPPER-BEETLE.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ filiform, lodged in a groove beneath the head and thorax : under-fide of the thorax terminating in an elaftic fpine, lodged in a cavity of the abdomen, by which means when placed on the back it fprings up, and recovers its natural pofition.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER <br> and <br> SYNONYMS.

Entirely purplifh blue and dotted: wing-cafes ftriated.
Elater cyaneus: totus purpureo-caeruleus punctulatus, elytris ftriatis. Marf/h. E'ut. Brit. T. I. 388. 32.

A rare infect, and which appears hitherto to have been defcribed only as a Britifh fpecies. Some collectors have conceived it to be a, fexual difference of the following kind.

FIG. II.<br>ELATER IMPRESSUS.<br>IIIPRESSIED SKIPPER-BEETLE.<br>SPECIFIC CHARACTER<br>AND<br>SYRONYMS.

Blue-black, and gloffy: wing-cafes with an impreffed dorfal line, and two dots: legs pitchy.

Flater impressus: atro-cremleus niditus, thorace linea dorfali punctifque duobus impreffis, pedibus piceis. Marf. Ent. Brit. T. I. 387.29.

Rather larger than the preceding.


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## PLATE DXXXVI.

## BOMBYLIUS MINOR.

## small humble bee fly.

DIPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Mouth with a very lorg fraight fetaceous fucker, formed of two unequal horizontal valves, and containing fetaceous ftings.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER <br> AND <br> SYNONYMS.

Wings immaculate: body yellowifh, hairy: legs teftaceous.
Bombylius minor: alis immaculatis, corpore flavefeente hirto, pedibus teftaceis. Limn. Syft. Nat. 1009. 4.Fn. Sv. 1920.-Fabr. Ent. Syjt. 1' 4. 409. n. 9 .

This is the laft of the Bombylius tribe we have to defribe in the prefent work; three fpecies only being found in_Britain and of thefe two are already included.

## PLATE DXXXVI.

The three fpecies of Britioh Bombylii bear the names of major, medius, and minor; and thefe are fufficiently expreffive of the comparative fize of each, major being the largeft, minor lefs by one half; and medius of an intermediate fize between the other two. The latter appears to be more rare than either: it is found in fpring, hovering over flowers the nectareous juices of which, afford its favourite food. The figure reprefents this little fpecies in its natural fize.

[ 71 ]

## PLATE DXXXVII.

FIG. I.<br>SILPHA HUMATOR.<br>COLEOPTERA.<br>GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ clavated, the club perfoliated: wing-cafes margined: head prominent : thorax fomewhat flattened and margined.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER <br> $\triangle N D$ <br> SYNONYMS.

Oblong, entirely black, except the rufous tip of the antennæ.
Silpha humator: oblonga tota atra, antennis apice rufis exceptis.
Marfl. Ent. Brit. T. I. 114.2.
Nicrophorus humator. Olivier. Inf. 2.10. 8. 4. tab. I. fig. 2.
—Fabr. Ent. Syft. T'. I. p. 247.n.2.
Dermestes. Geoff. Inf. I. 99. 2.

Rare in Britain. This infect is fimilar to the fpecies Germanica, but'differs in being fmaller, and in having the whole of the clavated part

## PLATE DXXXVII.

part of the antennæ except the firft joint rufous. The prevailing colour is black inclining to chocolate; the head, thorax, wing-cafes, extremity of the abdomen and legs, and alfo the whole of the under furface being of this colour. That part of the abdomen above which is covered by the wings and wing-cafes when the infect is at reft is teftaceous, and the tip of the abdomen, or tail, the fame but rather darker.

## FI G. II.

## SILPHA MORTUORUM.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER

and

## SYNONYMS.

Oblong, black; wing-cafes with a band and fpot of ferruginous: club of the antennæ black.

Silpha mortuorum : oblonga atra, elytris fafcia maculaque ferrugineis. Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T.I. 115. 4.
Nicrophorus mortuorum. Fabr. Ent. Syft. I.a. 24S. 5.
Nicrophorus vespilloides. Fuef. Archiv. 89. I. Pollinctor vulgaris minor. Voet. Coleopt.t.30. 3.

Similar to Silpha vefpillo, from which it differs in the following material particulars: it is fmaller than vefpillo: the clavated part of the antennæ is black inftead of ferruginous: the rufous orange fpaces
on the wing-cafes inftead of being difpofed in two diftinct tranferfe bands form a fiugle common band acruls the middle, and a detached fpot behind on each of the wing-cafes. Sometimes the anterior band is in like mamer divided by the firrounding fpace of black into two diftinct reddith foots, one on each wing-cate as in the potterior part before deferibed, and by that means exhibits altogether four orange fpots, two on each fide.-It may be lafly added, that the legs are maked in the fpecies mortuorum, while in S. Vefpillo thefe are befet with fulvous down.

This infect feeds on carrion and dung, like the other fpecies to which it is clofely allied: Panzer has allo found it in Fungi,

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## [ 75 ]

## PLATE DXXXVIII.

## BOLETARIA MULITIPUNCTATA.

COLEOPTERA.

GENERIC CHARACTER.
Antennæ perfoliated, and thicker towards the end: thorax margined, with three hollows behind, the middle one obfolete: wingcafes margined: body ovate.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER <br> AND <br> SYNONYMS.

Black: wing-cafes finely ftriated, varied with black and ferruginous.
Boletaria multipunctata: nigra, elytris minutè ftriatis, ferrugineo nigroque variis. Marfh. Ent. Brit. T. I. p. 139. 3.

Mycetophagus multipunctatus. Fabr. Ent. Syft.i.b. 498. 5. Panz. Ent. Germ. 337. 4.

Dermestes multipunctatus. Thunb. Inf. Suec. 79.6.

Found on fungi, of the Boletus genus. Length two lines.

F I G. II. II.

BOLETARIA ATOMARIA.

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SPECIFIC CHARACTER
AND
SYNONYMS.
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Black, with dots and band behind fulvous.
Boletaria atomaria: nigra, dytris punctis fafciaque poftica fulvis. MIurf. Ent. Brit. T. I. p. 141.n. 7.
Ips atomaria. Fabr. Mant. I. 46.9.
Mycetophagus atomarius. Fabr. Ent. Syjf.i.b.498.4.

This is about the fize of the former: the general colour black gloffed with blue: the head and thorax immaculate: wing-cafes varied with dots, and an irregular waved pofterior line: antennæ and legs duky.

It is found like the laft, and fucceeding fpecies on fungi of the Boletus kind.

FIG. III. III.

## BOLETARIA PUNCTATUS.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER<br>AND<br>SYNONFMS.

Pitchy: wing-cafes fomewhat punctated and blaç, band at the bafe and two fpots at the end of the wing-cafes ferruginous.

Mycetophagus punctatus: piceus elytris fubpunctatis nigris bafi ferrugineis. Fabr. Ent. Syft. T. I. b. 499. n. 10. Panz. Ent. Germ.

Rare, and rather larger than the two preceding.



## [ 79 ]

## PLATE DXXXIX.

F I G. I. II.<br>SILPHA SINUATA.<br>SINUATE SILPHA.<br>COLEOPTERA.<br>GENERIC CHARACTER.

Anteunæ clavated, the club perfoliated: wing-cafes margined: head prominent: thorax fomewhat flattened and margined.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTER <br> AND <br> SYNONYMS.

Thorax emarginate and very rough: wing-cafes with three raifed lines, and the tip finuate.

Silpha sinuata: thorace emarginate rugofiffimo: elytris lineis elevatis tribus apice finuatis. Mar/h. Ent. Brit. T. I. 120. 14.

Silpha sinuata. Fabr. Syft. Ent.75. 13.-Sp. Inf. I. 88. 16.
—Ent. Syft. I. a. 252. 18.—Gmel. 1622. Ј́6.
Le Bouclier noir a corcelet raboteux. Geoff. I, 119. Q.

This is a fpecies of moderate fize, allied in habit to Silpha obfeura. The prevailing colour is blackilh, inclining to grey, dull and without glofs: the thorax is brownilh and rugofe, with a fill:y hue and fomewhat filvery. The two fexes are diftinguifhed by the termination of the wing-cafes, this in one being much finuated, and forming a diftinet lobe, the other nearly entire.-This laft mentioned infect is the Silpha opaca of fome writers.
w:o


$$
\left[\begin{array}{ll}
81
\end{array}\right]
$$

# PLATE DXL. <br> DYSTISCUS PUNCTULATUS. 

> DOTTED BOAT-BEETLE

> COLEOPTERA.

> GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ fetaceous: feelers fix, filiform: hind-legs formed for fwimming, fringed on the inner fide, and nearly unarmed witb claws.

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { SPEOIFIC CHARACTEI: } \\
\text { AND } \\
\text { SYNONYMS }
\end{gathered}
$$

Black: wing-cafes with three rows of dots: fhield of the head, margin of the thorax, and wing-cafes yellow.

Dytiscus punctulatus. niger clypeo thoracis elytrorumque margine albis, elytris ftriis tribus punctatis. Geoffr. Inf. I. 185. I.-Le Ditique brun à bordure. $i b$.
Dytiscus punctulatus. Fabr. Ent. Syf. I.a. 188. 4.
vol. Xv.
M
Dytiscus
PLATE DXL.

Dytiscus laterali-marginatus. Degeer. T. 4. p. 396. $n .3$.
Dytiscus virens. Mïll. zool dan. prodr. p. 70. n. 664.
Dytiscus punctatus. Oliz. S. 40. 22. 4.t. I.f.6.b. and f. I.e.

Dytiscus punctulatus. Mar凡. Ent. Brit. T. 1. p. 412. n. 2.

This in common with the other fpecies of the Dytifcus genus is found in marfhes, ponds, and other waters, particularly thofe of the ftagnant kind, and which abound moft with the refufe of animal fubftances, and aquatic plants.

The larva, like the reft of its tribe, is active, fierce, and vigorons; entirely aquatic and fubfifts on the other fmall inhabitants of the regions in which it lives, fuch as the larva of the Ephemeræ, the Phryganæ and many other creatures of the infect race that fpend the earlier ftage of their exiftence in the watery element ; and alfo on the vermes which in fuch fituations occur invariably, and in confiderable numbers. In their turn the larve of the Dytifci become the food of fifhes, and aquatic birds, but rarely fall a prey to the infect race, as their natural ftrength, and the powerful armament of their jaws, at leaft in the larger fpecies, enables them to maintain a decided fuperiority over thefe puny enemies.

Previous to its paffing into the pupa fate, the larva of this fpecies emerges from the bottom of the water, and forms a convenient receptacle for the purpofe in fome adjacent bank, or fpot of ground near the water's edge; this accomplifhed, it changes to the pupa, and after a while appears in the winged itate.-Having affumed this
form it becomes in all refpects an amphibious creature, refiding alternately in the water, or on the land. When in the water, however, which appears to be its moft congenial element, it is frequently obferved to rife upon the furface to take in air, and on the contrary when on land, or in tlight, it does not willingly remain a long time before it again plunges into the aquatic element.

Dytifcus punctulatus is found in the ditches of Batterfea meadows.
$\therefore$
<n. $+\cdots \quad \bullet$

(1) 12

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