









NATURAL HISTORY

O F

A

BIRDS,

The most of which have not hitherto been figured or defcribed, and the rest, by Reason of obscure, or too brief Descriptions, without Figures, or of Figures very ill design'd, are hitherto but little known.

THIS PART EXHIBITS

The Representations of Fifty-Nine BIRDS, engraven on Fifty-Two Copper Plates, and coloured in their natural and proper Colours, after curious Original Paintings, defign'd from the Life: With a full and accurate Defcription of each BIRD.

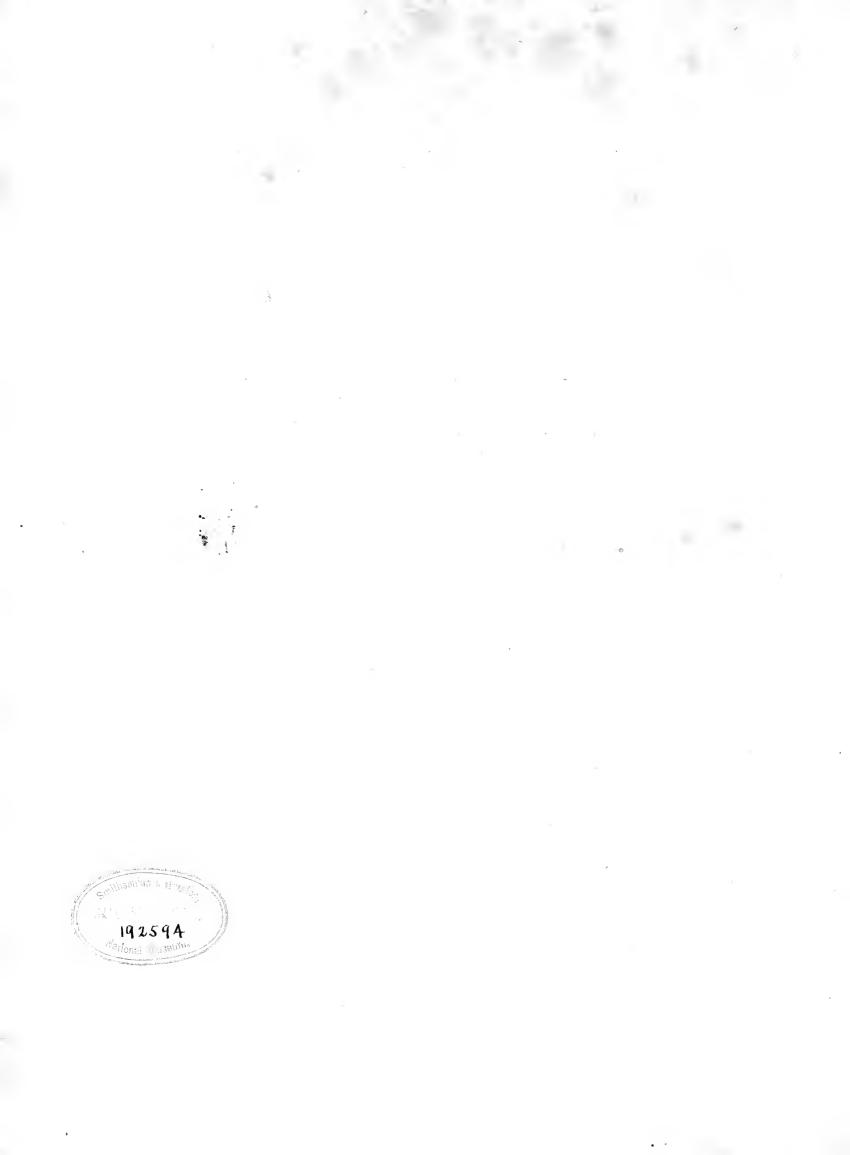
PART III.

By GEORGE EDWARDS, Library-Keeper to the Royal College of Phyficians.

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TO THE

PRESIDENT, COUNCIL, AND FELLOWS OFTHE ROTAL SOCIETT,

THIS

Part of my NATURAL HISTORY of BIRDS, &c.

Is Humbly Dedicated and Presented by Their most Humble Servant,

GEORGE EDWARDS.

A D V E R T I S E M E N T.

Acquainted the Publick at the Conclusion of my fecond Part of this Work, that I had? no Thoughts at that Time of continuing my History of Birds; (for then indeed I had not Matter fufficient to proceed upon ;) but fince then I have been fo fortunate, by the Affistance of my Friends, as to collect a proper Number of new Subjects, fo as to add a third and fourth Part to this Work : which two Parts will contain the fame Number of Plates, that are given in the first and second Parts composing the first Volume. Those Gentlemen who take the two last Parts, may very conveniently bind them up together, as the two. Parts will make up a Volume only of a moderate Thicknefs. This third Part confifts wholly of Birds, excepting a little Addition in forme of the Plates by way of Decoration. The fourth Part will be publish'd in twelve Months at most from the Delivery of the third Part, the Plates being all finished, and some few of them already Printed off and Colour'd as Specimens, which may be feen at my Houfe by any one that defires it. The Manufcript Copy, defcribing the Figures of the laft Part, is also prepared and now ready for the Prefs. The last Part will contain thirty-feven Plates of Birds, and fixteen Plates containing fome other curious and undefcribed Animals, fuch as Quadrupeds, (both Land and Amphibious) Serpents, Reptiles, Fishes and Infects.

I fhall defer giving the Names of my additional Subscribers till the Publication of the fourth and last Part of this *Natural History*: In the mean Time I hope such Gentlemen and Ladies, as have encouraged this Work, through the Hands of some of my Friends that are Bookfellers, as well as such of my good Friends who have taken the Books directly of me, will be pleased to honour me with their Names, by fending them either to their Bookfellers or to me, and they shall be inferted.

As the fourth Part will complete two Volumes, containing in all two hundred and ten Plates of the *Natural Hiftory*, befides two other Plates; and I finding myfelf defitute of Materials to proceed any confiderable Length farther in this Work, I fhall abfolutely ftop and finish here. Declining Age, its neceffary Confequences, and growing Incapacities, are also good Reasons for me to discontinue proceeding in a Work, that by lying too heavy on the Brain, may only ferve to stupify myfelf, without being of any Benefit or Advantage to the World. As I have now finished this Work, it is my Intention to devote the Remainder of my Days to Quietness and Repose, much Attention not well agreeing with People in their, later Years.

In Perufing thefe Defcriptions, without having the Figures prefent, I must confefs fome Parts of them feemed to me a little obfcure; but on a fecond Reading, with the colour'd Figures before me, the Defcriptions and Figures ferved to explain each other fo well, that I trust most of my Readers will readily comprehend the Senfe and Meaning of them, agreeable tomy Conceptions or Ideas when I wrote thefe Sheets. I have marked the first Plate of the first Part with N° 1. and have gone on numerically from thence to the End of the last Part, which I think will breed lefs Confusion than if I had made the first Plate of each Part tobegin with N° 1. A Catalogue of the Names of the Animals contained in the third and fourth. Parts will be given at the End of the fourth Part when it is published.





(106)

The BEARDED VULTURE.

HIS Bird is of the Bignels of an Eagle: broad-ways it measures feven Feet and a half, the Wings being extended; from Bill-point to Tail-end it measures three Feet four Inches; from Bill-point to the End of the Claws but two Feet eight Inches. The Wing when closed measures two Feet four Inches; the prime Quills are more than twenty-three Inches long.

The Bill is of a Purple Flesh Colour, darker towards the Point than at the Base: From its Point to the Angle of the Mouth, it Measures four Inches: It extends itself in Length a little before it bends into a Hook, which is one of the principal Diffinctions between the Eagle and the Vulture Kind; the Eagle's Bill always begins t be arched at its Bafe, and continues fo to its Point. From the Root of the lower Mandable of the Bill it hath a remarkable Tuft of Black Feathers, for which Reafon I have called it bearded. The Mouth is Blue within Side; the Eyes are placed just above the Slits of the Mouth; the Circle round the Eye is of a bright Yellow, and without that is another Circle, being a fine deep-red Skin, that is firmly fixed on the Ball of the Eye. The Sides and Fore-part of the Head is Black; which Blacknefs encompaffes the Eyes, and shows them to Advantage; the Nostrils are cover'd with stiff black Feathers; from behind each Eye extends a black Line, which bends upwards, and meets in the hinder Part of the Head. It hath also a Dash of Black from each Corner of the Mouth, which tends a little downward in the Form of Whilkers; the reft of the Head and the whole Neck are covered with white Feathers, fort on the Head, but long, loofe and pointed on the Neck, like those on a Cock's Neck. The upper Side, Back, Wings and Tail are of a dark Colour between Brown and Black; the leffer Covert Feathers of the Wings have Dashes of bright Reddish-brown down their Shafts, very narrow; the Edges of the Feathers on the whole Upper-fide are fomething lighter than the other Parts of the Feathers; the greater Feathers of the Wings and Tail have their Shafts White; the middle Feathers of the Tail are fomething longer than the Side Feathers; the Infides of the Wings are coloured as they are without, except that the Dashes down the Shafts of the Covert Feathers are larger and whiter. It hath a Space under each Wing, cover'd only with white Down, of the Bigness of a Man's whole Hand; the Bottoms or Roots of the Feathers all over the Bird are White; it hath alfo a very thick, foft, white Down all over the Body under its Feathers. The under Side, Breaft, Belly, Thighs and Coverts under the Tail are White, a little tinctured with a Reddifh-brown; the Legs are cover'd with fhort white downy Feathers, which are, when it perches, cover'd by the longer Feathers of the Thighs; the Feet are of a Lead-colour, the Claws dufky, the middle and outer Toes on each Foot are joined by a ftrong Skin.

It was brought from Santa Cruz on the Coaft of Barbary, by Captain John Dobfon. I had not the good Luck to fee it living, but my Friend the Captain fent it to me from a Merchant's, to whom he had prefented it, as foon as it was dead; it yet retaining the bright Colour of the Eyes and Feet, in which State I laid it before the Royal-Society, Feb. 18, 1747.

I can meet with no Defcription of this Bird, but find a Print by N. Robet, Cabinet-Painter to Lewis XIV, in a Set of Prints of Birds, published by him at Paris; the Plates are about feven Inches wide and nine high, the Set contains thirty-one. The Bird in the Second Plate call'd Vulture, is not the Common Vulture, but fomething refembling the above defcrib'd.

(107)

The RING-TAIL'D HAWK.

HIS Bird feemed to me to be of the Size of a Common Crow. The Wing when clofed is fourteen Inches long; the Leg from the Foot to the Knee is three Inches long. It differs from other Hawks of its Size, in having a fmaller Bill, and longer and flenderer Legs, in Proportion, than I have obferved in any of the greater Kinds of Hawks. It refembles our Sparrow-Hawk in the Slendernefs of its Legs, and fmall Bill, and is fomething like it in Colour, tho' at leaft four Times its Magnitude.

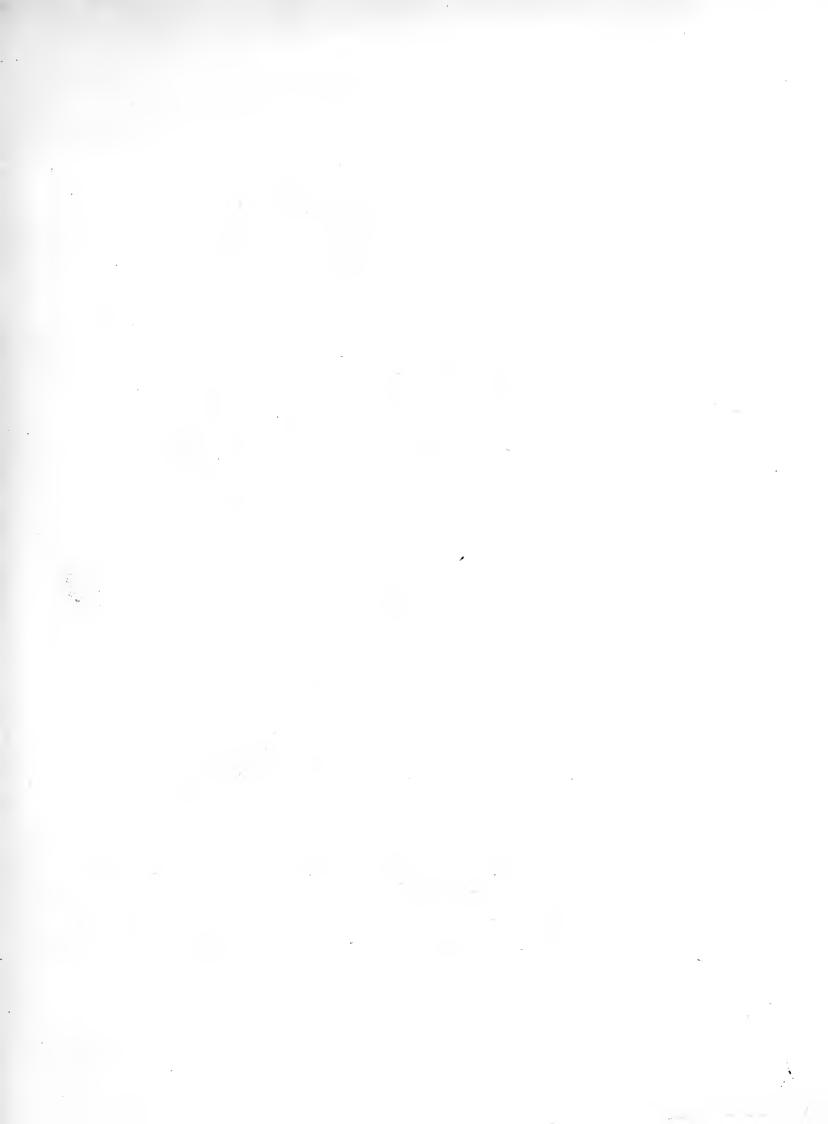
Its Bill is of a dark Horn-Colour, or blackish, the Nostrils cover'd with a yellow Skin, which encompaffes the upper and lower Chaps, and extends from the Angles of the Mouth as far back as the Eyes; this Skin is befet thinly with black ftiff Feathers; the Bill is hooked, as in all of this Kind, but hath no Angle on the Edges of the upper Chap, as is common, but only a little Bend or Wave; the Head is of a dufky or blackifh Colour, having a little White on the Forehead joining to the Bill, and a light Mark paffing above each Eye; the Feathers beneath the Bill are alfo light colour'd for a little Space; the Fore-part of the Neck and Hinder-part of the Head are of a Clay-colour, intermixed with a dusky Brown; the upper Part of the Neck, the Back and Wings, are of a dark dufky Brown; the Edges of fome of the Middle Quills are Afh-colour; the Infide of the Wing is White, except the Ends of the Quills, which are dufky; the inner Coverts are fprinkled with fmall brown Spots, and the inner Webs of the Quills are faintly barred a-crofs with narrow dufky Lines; the Rump and Covert Feathers of the Tail are white; which Whiteness joining with the white Feathers beneath the Tail, forms a white Ring round the Tail; the middle Feathers of the Tail are dufky, the next on each Side of a blueifh Afh-colour, the outermost White, all transversly marked with seven or eight dusky Lines; the Tail beneath is almost White, the Bars hardly appearing through the Feathers; the Breast, Belly, Thighs, and Covert Feathers under the Tail are White, intermixed with fome Reddifh-brown Spots transverfly waved on the Breast and Thighs, in the Form of Hearts on the Belly, and in half-moon-like Spots on the lower Belly and the Coverts under the Tail; the Legs and Feet are of a bright Yellow or Gold-colour, the outer Toe joined the middlemost by a Membrane, the Claws are Black.

Hudjon's-Bay in North America is the native Place of this Bird, from whence it was brought, with many others, by Mr. Ijham, who has obliged me extremely by furnishing me with more than thirty different Species of Birds, of which we have hitherto had little or no Knowledge, the far greatest Part of them being Non-descripts. As I shall in the Course of this Work have Occasion frequently to mention the above curious Gentleman's Name, it will be here necessary to let the Reader know, that Mr. Ijham has been employ'd for many Years in the Service of the Hudjon's-Bay Company, and has, for some Years pass, been Governor under them at different Times, of several of their Forts and Settlements in the most Northern habitable Parts of America; where at his leisure Times, his commendable Curiosity led him to make a Collection of all the Beasts, Birds, and Fishes of those Countries, as well as the Habits, Toys, and Utensils of the native Americans. The Furs of the Beasts, and the Skins of the Birds were stuffed, and preferved very clean and perfect, and brought to London in the Year 1745. Mr. Ijham is now in London, [1749] where he will stay for a short Time, and has favour'd me with the Pleasure of his Conversation.

Nothing exactly agreeing with the above defcrib'd Bird, can be met with in our natural Hiftorians. What comes neareft its Defcription, is the *Ring-Tail* defcribed by *Willughby*, P. 72.









(108)

The little Black and Orange-colour'd Indian HAWK.

T H E Figure reprefents the Bird of its natural Bignefs, which is by much the fmalleft of the perfect Hawk-kind I have met with. The fmall Hawks in *Europe* are generally formed in a very delicate Manner, having long and flender Legs, and fmall Bills in Proportion; on the contrary, this Bird's Parts are perfectly Aquiline; its Bill being ftrong, its Thighs brawny, its Legs thick and fhort, and its Toes armed with very fharp and ftrong Talons; fo that it might with Propriety claim the Name of the little Eagle.

It hath an Afh-colour'd Bill, a little inclining to Flefh-colour, covered at the Bafe with a yellow Skin, in which the Noftrils are placed : It hath Hooks or Angles on the Sides of the upper Mandable, better expressed by the Figure, than it can be by Defcription. The Eye hath a yellow Skin for a little Space round it; this Skin is encompaffed with black Feathers, which Blacknefs ends in Lines drawn down each Side of the Neck. These black Lines are again encompassed with White, which White paffes over the Forehead at the Bafe of the Bill; the Top of the Head, upper Side of the Neck, Back, upper Sides of the Wings and Tail are Black, shining with a blue and purplifh Glofs; the Sides of the Wings are alfo Black; the Covert Feathers within Side of the Wings are White; the inner Webs of the greater Wing Feathers, and those of the Tail are barred a-cross with White and Black; there appears no White on the upper Sides of the Wings or Tail when the Feathers are closed. The under Side of the Bird from the Bill to the Tail is of a bright Orangecolour, lighter on the Breaft than in the other Parts; the Legs and Feet are of a bright Gold-colour, the Claws are Black; it is feather'd a little below the Knees. A Mem brane connects the middle and outer Toe a little Way down, as in other Birds of this Kind.

This Bird is a Native of *Bengall* in the *East-Indies*, and was fent from thence in a large Cargo of natural Rarities to Dr. *Mead*, Phyfician in Ordinary to the King, about two Years before the Publication of this Part of my History; and the Doctor, who is possible of a remarkable Zeal for promoting every Art, and every Branch of Knowledge, was pleased to lend me this Bird, together with fome others, that I might make exact Drawings of them, in order to embellish this Natural History. These Birds were brought over put up in Spirits, out of which I had the Liberty to take them, and after washing them in fair Water, and then drying them, they appeared very fair in their Feathers. This Hawk had, I believe, been train'd for flying at Game, for it had on each of its Legs a simall piece of Leather, fuch as we fasten Bells with to Hawk's Legs. I believe this Bird may be pronounced absolutely a Non-defcript; for I can find no Mention of it in any History or Voyage.

(109)

The ROLLER.

HIS Bird is of the Bigness of a Magpye, but longer Winged, and shorter Legged and Tailed in Proportion.

The Bill is ftrong, pretty ftrait, a little hooked at the Point, Black of Colour, and befet on each Side at its Bafes with black stiff Hairs; the Eye is encompassed for a fmall Space with a brown Skin bare of Feathers; it hath also a fmall Knob or Excrescence a little behind each Eye, void of Feathers; the whole Head, Neck, Breast, Belly, Thighs and Coverts beneath the Tail, are of a light blueifh Green, tho' fomewhat darker on the Crown of the Head, and upper Part of the Neck, than on the under Side; the Neck before hath light or whitish Dashes down the Shafts of the Feathers; the Back is of a reddifh Brown, with a fmall Mixture of Green on the Edges of the Feathers; the Quills of the Wings are Black at their Tips, and of a very fine Blue toward their Roots, except those next the Back, on each Side, which are of the Colour of the Back; the first and fecond Row of Wing Coverts, next above the Quills, are of a greenish blue Colour; the leffer Coverts of the Wings are of a fine deep Blue; the inner Covert Feathers of the Wings are of the Colour of those on the outfide, but something paler; the Rump and Covert Feathers of the Tail are of the fame fine Blue, or Ultramarine-Colour, that is feen on the Wings; the middle Feathers of the Tail are of a dirty Green, the outer on each Side are of a light Blue, the outermost of all are each of them extended about half an Inch longer than the Reft, and have their Tips Black. Wherever the Tail or the Quills of the Wings are Black on their upper Sides, they are of a fine deep Blue beneath. It hath fhort Legs, in Proportion, of a yellowish Colour, its Toes stand after the usual Manner, cloven to their Bottoms; the Claws dark Brown, or Black.

The Bird from which my Defign was taken, I suppose from its Beauty to be a Cock; it was shot on the Rocks of Gibraltar, and sent to Mr. Catefby, in London, who obliged me with the Use of it. Mr. Albin hath not met with this Bird; Mr. Willughby has defcribed it, but, as I think, I have made fome Amendment in the Figure ; and it being a Bird of fingular Beauty, which hath never yet appear'd in Colours, I have ventured to Re-publish it. Mr. Willughby fays, they are found in Germany, Sicily, and Malta, where they are fold in the Poulterer's Shops; and Dr. Shaw in his Hiftory of Barbary, &c. P. 251. fays, " the Shaga-rag is of the Big-" nefs and Shape of a Jay, tho' with a fmaller Bill and fhorter Legs; the Back is " brownifh, the Head, Neck and Belly of a light Green; and upon the Wings and " Tail there are feveral Spots or Rings of a deep Blue. It makes a foualing " Noife, and builds in the Banks of the Shelliff, Booberak, and other Rivers." I think this can be no other than the Bird above defcribed, fo that we are obliged to Dr. Shaw for letting us into the Knowledge of the Manner of its Building, and that it inhabits Africa as well as Europe. This Bird is found as far North as Sweden, Linneus having placed it among the Animals of that Kingdom, in his Hiftory of Swedish Animals, P. 25. §. 73. the Latin Name given to it by natural Historians, is Garrulus Argentoratensis, and Cornix cærulea.

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(110)

The greater BIRD of PARADISE.

HIS Bird feemed to me to be about the Size of a Black-Bird; the Bill meafur'd an Inch and three Quarters, the Wing when closed feven Inches, the long Shafts fpringing from the Rump twenty-feven Inches, the longeft of the fost loofe Feathers fpringing from under the Wings twenty-one Inches; from Bill-point to the End of the common or florter Feathers of the Tail twelve Inches.

The Bill is pretty straight, bending but little toward the Point, of a dirty, yellowish, green Colour; the Nostrils are very near the Head; the Fore-part of the Headis cover'd with black Feathers like Plush or Velvet, with a shining Gloss, which encompass the Bill above and beneath; the Throat or under Side of the Head is cover'd with green Feathers of the fame plufhy Structure, fhining with a golden Glofs; the upper Part of the Head is cover'd with other plush-like Feathers of a fine, golden, yellow Colour, which extend on the Sides of the Neck, and almost encompass the Green on the Throat; the Eyes are fmall and placed very near the Bill; the Breaft is cover'd with Feathers of the common Structure, and of a fine dark-blueish Purple; all the reft of the Body, Back, Belly, Wings and Tail is of a bright-reddifh Chefnut-Colour; the Infide of the Wings and the under Side of the Tail are of a darker and duller Brown than the Upper; from the Rump fpring what may be call'd the two middle Feathers of the Tail twenty-feven Inches long, being only meer Stems of Feathers without any Webs, like Horfe-hairs, but stiffer and stronger, of a black Colour; yet near their Bottoms or Roots, if examin'd, they will be found to have narrow Webs on both Sides of their Stems or Shafts, for about four Inches of their Length. This Bird is most remarkable for the Plats of Feathers that fpring from under the Wings on each Side, and extend themfelves a great Way backward, beyond the common Feathers of the Tail. These Feathers are of a very fine Structure, exceeding light, and the Webs fo very open, that they may be feen through like Gaufe. The longer Feathers are of a light-reddifth Brown, the shorter (that fall over them) of a very bright Yellow, with a Dash of Red at each of their Tips. They fall either above or beneath the Tail, but are fo loofe as to show the Tail through them either Way. It hath Legs and Feet of a moderate Proportion and Strength for its Bignefs, shaped much like those of Pyes or Jays, of a dark-brown Colour, armed with Claws of middling Strength.

This Bird is preferved at Salter's Coffee-houfe in Chelfea, and is one of the most perfect I have met with. They are brought from the East-Indies, and are generally imperfect, which has caufed them to be varioufly figur'd, and defcribed as different Species. I have feen other Birds of this Species, which differ from the above defcribed, in that their upper Sides of the Neck and Back were Yellow; in having fome yellow Spots on the Covert-Feathers of their Wings; in having the longeft Feathers of the Sides that form their Train of a light-yellow or whitifh Colour, and their Bills dufky or black, tho' all fhaped like the above defcribed, and apparently of the fame Species. I believe there may be found a dozen Defcriptions of this Bird, and there are four Figures in Willugbby, given as fo many diffinct Species : But as none of these were latisfactory to me, I have given this Figure and Description of a perfect Bird, which may more than anfwer the Purpose of so many. Mr. Albin, Vol. III. pag. 9. of his History of Birds, has given us the last and worst Figure of this Bird, which, he says, is from the Collection of Sir Thomas Lowther; he has given no Description of it in Particular, but only extracted from Willughby fomething that is faid in general of this Genus. The Inhabitants of the Molucca Islands call them Manucodiate, that is God's Birds, as Aldrovandus reports. I have not been able by all my Searches into the Collections of Naturalifts (where I have found many perfect and imperfect) to difcover more than one Species of this Bird, with the flame-like Feathers extending to a great Length from under their Wings.

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(111)

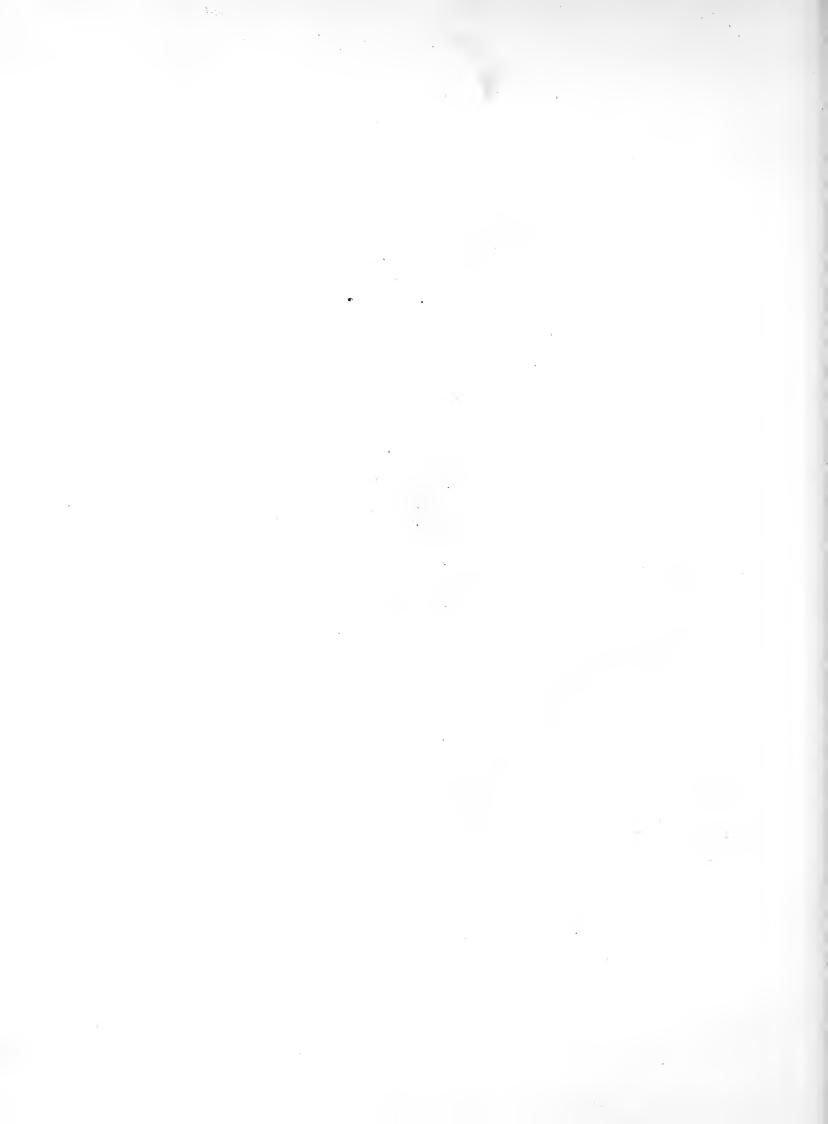
The supposed King of the greater BIRDS of PARADISE.

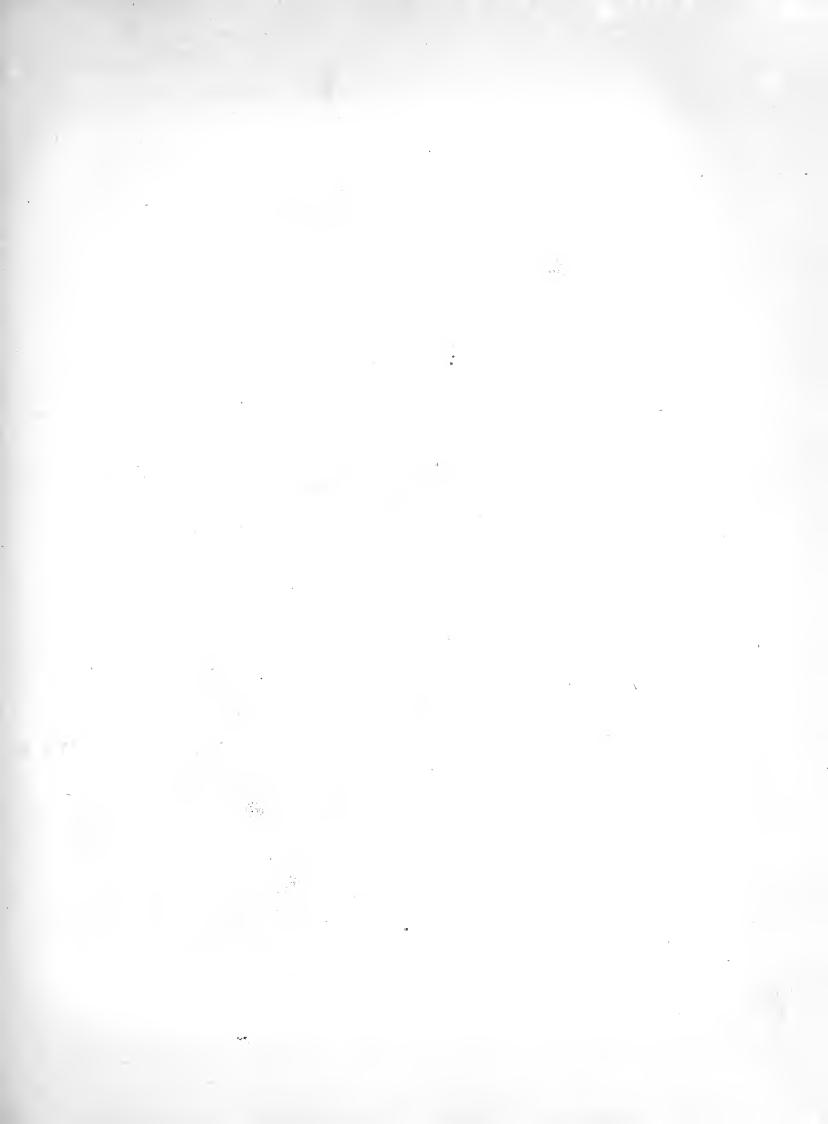
HIS Bird is figured as near its natural Bignefs as I could draw it. I believe, comparatively, it may be about the Size of a Chafinch, its Bill longer, and its Legs ftronger in Proportion; it hath a very fhort Tail, the Wings when closed reaching a good Way beyond it.

The Bill is pretty ftraight and fomething flender, of a yellow Colour, about an Inch long, if measur'd to the Slits or Angles of the Mouth. The Eyes are small, placed on each Side the Head, juit over the Angles of the Mouth. The upper Mandible of the Bill is half Way cover'd with Feathers, like Velvet, of an Orange-Colour. The Head is cover'd with plush-like Feathers, (which is a Characteristick of this Genus) the Neck, Back, upper Sides of the Wings and Tail have Feathers of the common Make, allfrom Head to Tail of a full red Colour; a little inclining to Chefnut, beautifully gloffy; the under or forward Part of the Neck has a Mixture of Black blended with the Red, like the black Throat of a Cock-Sparrow; the Infides of the greater Feathers of the Wings are of a reddifh Yellow, lighter than they are above; the inner Covert-Feathers of the Wings are white; the under Side of the Tail is dufky: Under each Wing is a remarkable Tuft of Feathers, each confifting of feven or eight in Number, of a dark, blackish, brown Colour, with very fine, gloffy, green Tips, each Feather. having a transverse Bar, or Line of a whitish Colour, parting the green Tip from the dusky Part of the Feather. I have extended the Wings in this Figure the better to shew these Feathers. It hath on the Breast a half Moon-like Mark, the Points or Horns pointing upwards, of a dark green Colour, fhining with a bright Glofs like the Necks of Mallards; this Spot is divided from the Neck by a yellowish light Line, which paffes transverily immediately above it. The Belly, Thighs, and Coverts under the Tail are White, tho' the lower Parts of the Thighs about the Knees are a little brownish. From the upper Side of the middle of the Tail there sprang two stiff, naked Stems of Feathers, about fix Inches long, of a dark-brown Colour, tho' toward their Points they were befet on one Side with Webs, and curled round, fo as to form circular. Terminations, flat, and fhining with a changeable Colour partaking of Red and Green. The Legs are pretty long and ftrong; it hath four Toes, ftanding after the usual Manner, all of a dark-brown Colour; the Claws are ftrong, and of a light Horn-Colour.

All these Birds are brought to us from some Part or other of the *East-Indies*, but chiefly, (by Report) from the *Spice-Islands*, possessed by the *Hollanders*. That from which this Draught was taken was a very perfect dried Bird, preferved in the *Museum* of the Royal Society. *London*, (*Anno* 1742). This Bird, I believe, is described by our Countryman Mr. *Willughby*, P. 96, of his History of Birds; but finding my Subject differ a good Deal from his Description, I imagine this to be more Perfect, and as the Figure in *Willughby* is very small, and meanly defign'd, I hope this will be more acceptable. I find also a Figure of this Bird in a Natural History, published at *Amsterdam* by *Albert Seba*, Vol. I. Tab. 37. which varies a little from this; but as that is a great and very expensive Work, and not like to fall into the Hands of many of my Countrymen, it has not deterr'd me from giving the Publick this Figure and Description. I follow *Willagbby* in giving a Royal Title to this Bird, tho' I think the before described merits that Honour better.









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The GOLDEN BIRD of PARADISE.

HE Bird is here figured of its natural Bigness; it hath a pretty long and strong Bill in Proportion to its Size.

The Bill is of a brownish Colour toward the Head, and black at the Point, which bends downward a very little. The Eyes feemed in the dried Bird very fmall, (fo as to be but just perceptible) placed on the Sides of the Head, pretty near, and just over the Angles of the Mouth. Between the Eyes and Bill, and almost round the Bill, it has black Feathers like Plush or Velvet, narrow at the Base of the upper Mandible; from the lower Mandible of the Bill it extends itself about an Inch down the Throat. The Head, upper Side of the Neck, and the Back are cover'd with Feathers of an exceeding fine, bright, reddifh Orange, or gold Colour, long and loofe on the Neck, like those of a domestick Cock, and falling a little over the Breast. The Breast, Belly, and greater Feathers of the Wings are of a very beautiful Yellow, or pale Orange; the Covert-Feathers of the Wings are Black, with a fmall Mixture of Yellow. The golden or yellow Colour of this Bird is fo very bright, that it is far beyond my Art to imitate : The Tail is composed of twelve Feathers, (it being, I believe, perfect,) of a deep Black above, and a rufty or fainter Black beneath; the Shafts of the Feathers beneath appearing yellowifh. All the Tail-Feathers have a very narrow Fringe or Border of Yellow just at their Tips. The Bird being brought from the Indies without Legs, I can fay nothing about them, but for the better Grace of the Figure, I have added Legs and Feet, of fuch a Form and Proportion, as I judged most proper, from my Observation of the other Species of Birds of Paradife, which I have seen with their Legs perfect.

This Bird was brought from the *East-Indies* by my good Friend, Capt. *Ifaac Worth*; a Commander in our *East-India* Company's Service, who prefented it to me. I take it to be abfolutely a Non-defeript, and I much regret that it was imperfect in wanting Legs. I am alfo doubtful, whether fome of the greater Quills have not been taken away, (for it had only fix or feven in a Wing,) which it is very likely were Black, for moft Birds have the outer or Pinion-Quills of the Colour of their Tails; but I have feen more than once in Voyagers, which I cannot recollect, an Account of the *Indians* drying and preparing these Birds for Merchandise amongst the military Men in the Oriental Countries, who use them as Plumes for their Caps, which may be the Reafon why most of these Birds are maimed, and deprived of fuch Parts as have no particular Beauty in them, that they may not cover or obscure the more beautiful Feathers. I have given it just as it appear'd to me, with only the Addition of Legs. This Tribe feems to me to be rather a-kin to Pyes and Jays, than to the Hawk-Kind, as fome Authors have imagin'd.

The Fly is in the Collection of *Robert Nefbit*, M. D. Fellow of the College of Phyficians, and of the Royal Society, *London*. The Body and under Wings are of a fine fhining Green, having the Luftre of polifhed Metal; the Tips of the Wings and their under Sides duffey or black; the upper Wings are of a light-brown Colour, very thin and transparent. It was brought from *China*.

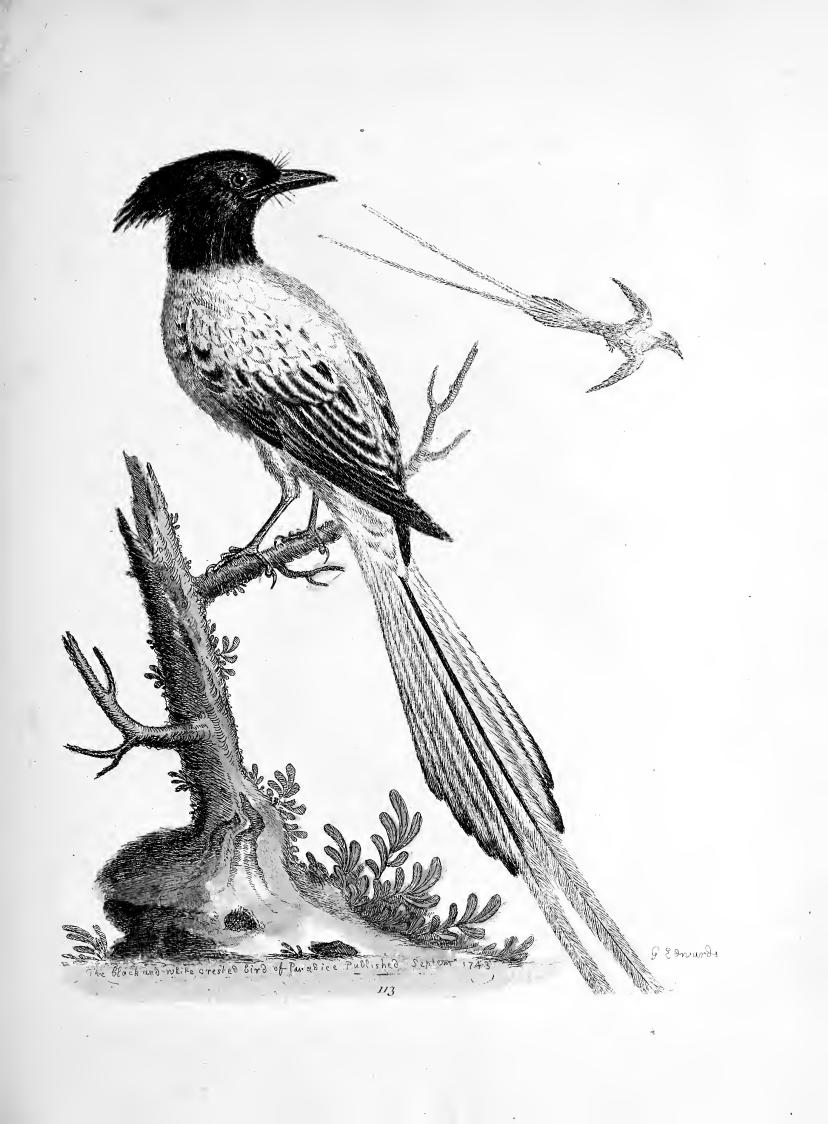
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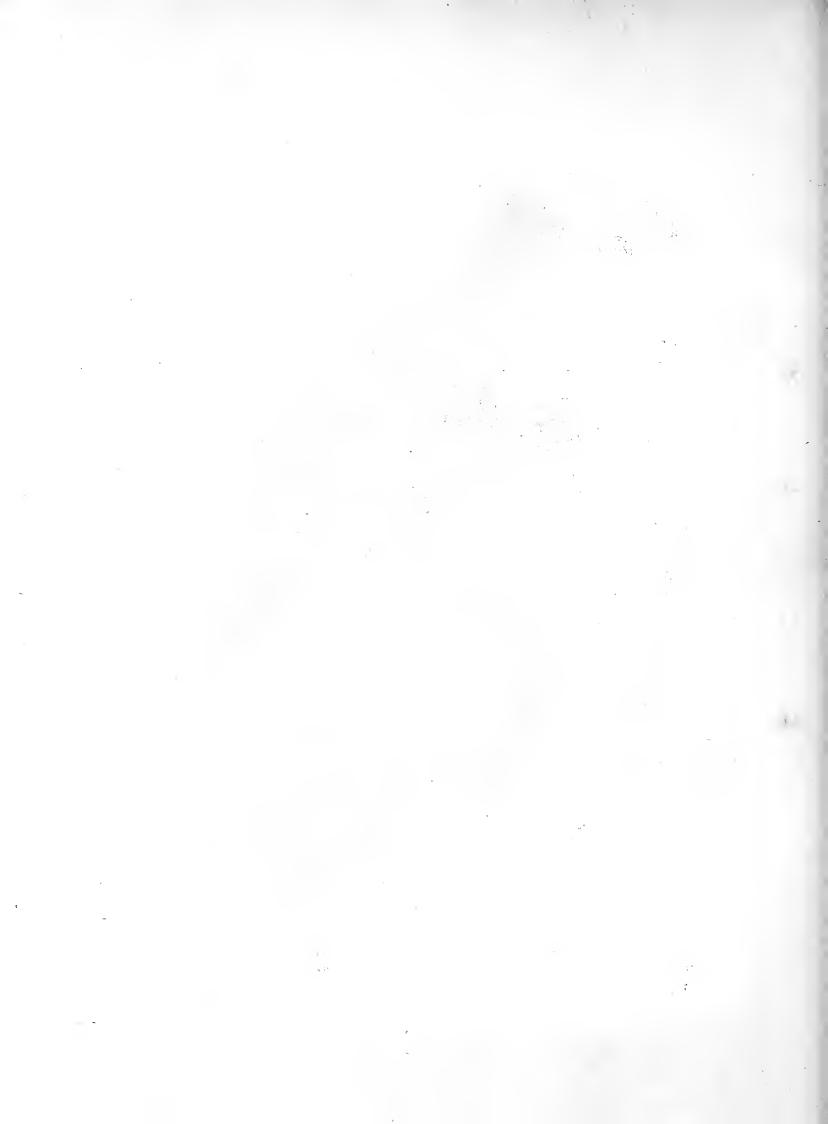
The PYED BIRD of PARADISE.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Bignefs, but as the Plate would not take in the Length of the two extraordinary long Feathers of the Tail, I have added a Draught in fmall, to flow the Proportion of the Tail to the Body. These long Feathers of the Tail are each of them fifteen Inches long.

The Bill is dufky or Black, compreffed like a Duck's Bill, fo that the Angles of the Mouth are at a good Diftance, which inlarges the Swallow. At the Bafe of the upper Mandible are placed stiff, black Hairs, standing out forward like the Smellers in Quadrupeds; the Eyes are placed over the Angles of the Mouth; the Head and Neck are wholly Black, having a Creft of loofe flender Feathers bending backward, which I suppose it can either erect or let fall on the Neck at Pleasure. The Body (exclufive of the Wings) is wholly White. The prime Quills are black, except a little Whitenefs at their Roots or Bottoms, as is what is called the Baftard-Wing, which covers their Bottoms; the Quills that are next the Back are Black in their middle Parts, border'd all round their Edges with White, as is the Row of Covert-Feathers immediately above them; the leffer Covert-Feathers of the Wing are white, with a very fine Dash of Black drawn down the Middle of each Feather; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are purely White. The Tail is long like that of a Magpye, the Feathers gradually increasing in Length from the Sides to the Middle; the two middle Feathers fhooting out to a great Excefs, being about ten Inches longer than the other Feathers. The Tail-Feathers are White, the shorter, tipped and bordered with a Fringe of Black; the long ones have each a fmall Dash of Black at their Tips. The Shafts of the Tail-Feathers are Black, except fo much of the long Feathers as fhoot beyond the Shorter. The Legs and Feet are of a Lead-Colour, the Nails or Claws of the fame; the Legs are rather flender than ftrong in Proportion; the Feet are like those of the King's-Fisher, the middle and outer Toe on each Foot being join'd together almost to the Claws, and the middle and inner Toe to the first Joint.

I have feen three of these Birds preferved dry in London, and they being all in the Hands of my Friends, I have been favoured with the Ufe of them to complete this Draught and Description. One of them is in the Cabinet of Sir Hans Sloane, Baronet; the other in that of Dr. Mead, and the third in the Hands of the Family of the late curious Mr. Dandridge. I muft acknowledge that this Bird has been defcribed by Mr. Petever, (fee his Defcription in Ray's Sinopfis Methodica Avium, P. 193. Tab. 2. Nº. 13.) but as his Figure is small, and not correct, and his Defcription too brief, I hope the curious will not think my Labour loft. In Albert Seba's Natural Hiftory, Vol. I. P. 48. the crefted most rare Bird of Paradife, and P. 85. the black and white Oriental Bird of Paradife, both feem to be the above defcribed, differing, as I take it, only in Age or Sex. Tho' the above Authors have placed this Bird with the Manucodiata, I can by no Means agree with them; it being generally different, in having no Velvet-like Feathers about the Head, no gay or fhining Colouring, and the Feet weaker and of a quite different Structure, as well as in having fliff long Briftles or Hairs above the Angles of the Mouth. I have not much examin'd into the Merits of Seba's Figures and Defcriptions; they may be very well; but as his Hiftory is an expensive Work, and not published in our Country or Language, his having published any Subject can be no good Reason why I should not give an original Figure with a Defcription immediately from Nature, in our own Language.









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The three Toed WOOD-PECKER.

THIS Figure reprefents the Bird juft of the Bigness of Life; it agrees in Magnitude with our greatest spotted Wood-Pecker, or Fire-tail, as it is in seme Places call'd.

Its Bill is shaped as in all others of this Genus, (being as it were cut off at the Point, where it has fomething like the Edge of a Chifel in a perpendicular Direction) of a dirty Flesh-Colour, Black at the Point; the Nostrils are cover'd with stiff black Feathers growing forwards over them; the Crown of the Head is of a Gold Colour. The Sides of the Head, the upper Part of the Neck, the Back, and upper Side of the Tail and Wings are Black; from behind the Eyes proceed faintifh white Lines tending downward; from the Angles of the Mouth there proceed alfo white Lines paffing beneath the Eyes. On the hinder Part of the Head, in the Middle of the Back, and on the Rump, fome of the black Feathers have white Tips; the outer or greater Quills are fpotted on their Webs with white Spots, the Spots small on the outer Webs, and larger on the Inner; the middle Quills are Black, but those next the Back are variegated Black and White, as are the three outermost Feathers on each Side of the Tail; the under Side from Bill to Tail is White; the inner Coverts of the Wings, and the Sides of the Body are variegated with transverse waved Lines of Black and White. The Legs, Feet and Claws are of a brown Colour. What is most extraordinary in this Bird is, its having only three Toes, two ftanding forward and one backward; all others of this Tribe I have met with having two forward and two backward. The back Toe on this Bird, in Confideration of its being fingle, is ftronger than either of those forward, and is armed with a longer Claw. This Bird may be known from all others, the Feet being fingular, and the only one I have met with, with Feet fo formed : There are indeed many Birds with only three Toes on a Foot, but they have them all standing forwards.

Two of these Birds were brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Isham, and another I have seen in the Hands of Mr. Henry Baker, F. R. S. which all agreed in the Structure of their Feet, as well as in other Respects. I had imagin'd this Bird to be a Non-descript, but believe I am mistaken; for happening to see a Natural History of the Animals of Sweden, by Carol. Linneus, published at Leyden, Ann. 1746, I find a Wood-Pecker describ'd, P. 30. which very nearly answers my Description. He gives its Name and Place thus: Picus pedibus tridactylis, Habitat in alpibus Dalekarlicis. This he extracts from Acad. Stockholm, 1740, P. 222. So that it is an Inhabitant of the very Northern Parts both of Europe and America. As the above-mentioned Author has given no Figure of this Bird, this Draught is, I believe, the first that has been exhibited.

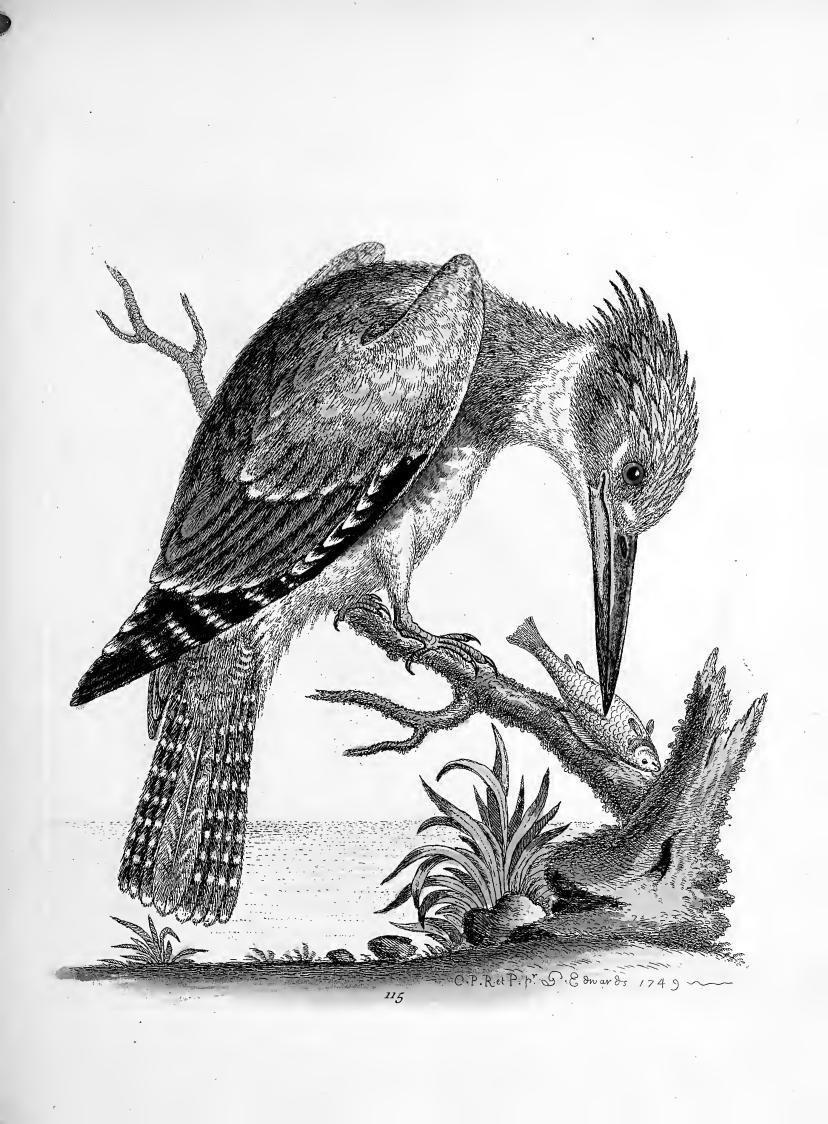
(115)

The American KING'S-FISHER.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Bignefs. In its general Make, and the Shape of the Bill and Feet it agrees with the *European* King's-Fifher, but it hath a Tail longer in Proportion.

It hath a ftrong Bill of a black, or dufky Colour, except that Part of the lower Mandible which joins to the Head, where it is of a reddifh Flefh-Colour; the Noftrils are placed pretty near the Head; the Eyes are just over the Angles of the Mouth: The Head is of a blueifh Lead-Colour; on the Crown are loofe, long pointed Feathers that form a Sort of Creft. It hath two white Spots on each Side of the Head, one between the Noftril and the Eye, and the other a little under, or behind the Eye. The Throat and under Side of the Neck is White; which Whiteness forms a Sort of Collar that almost meets on the Neck behind ; below this White the Breast is Lead-Colour, as is the whole upper Side, Neck, Back, Wing, and Tail. Six or feven of the prime Quills are blackifh, having fmall white Spots on their outer Webs, which all together form transverse Lines of White. The Remainder of the Quills outwardly have white Tips, as hath the Baftard-Wing, and the Row of Covert-Feathers immediately above the Quills; the outer Quills have their inner Webs White toward their Bottoms; those fucceeding them are indented with Dusky and White on their inner Webs. The inner Covert-Feathers of the Wings are White, with a little Mixture of Orange-Co-The Tail is of a lighter Lead-Colour beneath than it is above, all the Feathers lour. are tipped and transversly marked with narrow Bars of White; the Belly, Thighs, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White. The Sides under the Wings are of a reddifh Orange-Colour, which is intermixed with the White on the Sides of the Belly. The Legs are very fhort, and bare of Feathers a little above the Knees; the middle and outer Toes are joined as in others of this Tribe; the Legs and Feet are of a reddifh Brown, the Claws dufky.

This Bird was brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Isham (where it appears in the Spring and Summer) Mr. Catesby, in his Natural History of Carolina, &c. has defcribed this Bird as an Inhabitant of that Country. Marcgrave, in his History of Brasil, P. 194, has defcribed and figured a Bird, which I take to be this, tho' his Defcription is too brief, and his Figure bad. It feems by what has been faid, to be an Inhabitant of the greater Part of America, and may perhaps extend itself to the utmost Southern Bound of that Continent; fince it is not colder in Terra del fugo, beyond the Magalenick Strait, than it is in Hudson's-Bay, where this Bird was taken. On examining Mr. Catesby's Figure and Defcription, and comparing it with mine, I have Reason to think he drew his Figure from a Female, or a young Bird not arrived at its Beauty; for I find many Marks in mine not discoverable in his, which is the Reason I have given this Figure, Defcription, and farther Account. Marcgrave's Brasilian Name is Jaguacati-guacu.









7 116)

The Horned Indian PHEASANT.

HIS Bird is about the Bignefs of fome of our largeft Poultry, or of a middle Size, between a Hen and Turkey; for Shape of Body and Proportion of Parts pretty much like a Turkey, and may be ranged with Fowls of the Poultry-kind.

The Bill is shaped like a Hen's, of a brown Colour, more dusky towards the Point. The Nostrils, Fore-part of the Head, and Space all round the Eyes are cover'd with flender black Feathers, refembling flort Hairs; the Top of the Head is Red; from above each Eye tending backward (as fhewn in the Figure) fprings a Horn, of a callous, fleshy Substance, round in Shape, of a fine blue Colour, and ending with a bluntish Point; from the lower Mandible of the Bill hangs a Flap of loofe Skin down the Fore-part of the Neck, of an exceeding fine blue Colour, with Spots and Marks of Orange-Colour on it; bare of Feathers on the upper Side, but the under Side, which is detached from the Neck, is cover'd with fmall black Feathers, as is that Part of the Neck that is cover'd by it; without Side of this Flap, down its Middle, is another loofe black Skin, joined to it, as it were, by its Edge only, and thinly befet with black Hairs. This Skin is of a wrinkled and foft Texture, and I believe the Bird may be capable of dilating or contracting it at Pleafure, after the Manner of the Turkey-Cock. The Figure must help my Description, the Head of this Bird being different from any Thing I have met with; the Neck and Breaft is of a full Red, inclining to Orange; a little Black is intermixed on the Neck behind; the Breaft and lower Part of the Neck behind is thick fet with fmall white Spots, each Spot encompafied with a Ring of Black. The Back, Wings, Tail and under Side, are of a pretty bright, yellowish, brown Colour; which, round the Bottom of the Neck, gradually foftens and intermixes with the Red. The Back and Wings have fmall transverse waved Lines of a darker Brown; the white Spots on the Back, Wings, Tail and Belly, from being round, become gradually of the Shape of Drops of Pearl, with their fharp Ends towards the Bird's Head, and the blunt Ends backwards. These Spots are all encompassed with Black; the Thighs are Brown, with transverse dusky Lines; the Legs and Feet are like those of a Cock, of a whitish Colour. It had Spurs, by which I judge it to be a Cock Bird.

This Bird's Head was fent in Spirits from *Bengal* in the *Eaft-Indies*, to Dr. *Mead*, together with a Draught of the whole Bird; and as the Head, which had the whole Neck to it, agreed with the Drawing, I fuppofe the whole was pretty well performed; for which Reafon I have ventur'd to publish this Draught, tho' the principal Part only be drawn by me from Nature, the reft being copied from that Drawing. The Tail appear'd, in the Original Draught, a little brushy at the End, as if broken off by being kept in a Cage or Coop: It was in Length, of the Proportion I have here given it; but I imagine this most rare and curious Bird, in its Perfection, has the Tail fomething, if not a great Deal longer; fo that I have left it doubtful by cafting it behind a Tree. I believe this Capital Bird has not been defcribed by any Author. The Learned and Curious Dr. *Mead* received with the above, other Drawings, in their natural Colours, of a great many rare *Indian* Birds, which I am fatisfied are all from Nature; but as I have profefied to give Draughts and Defcriptions of Things only from Nature, I could not indulge the Inclination I had to make them publick. The Original Drawing is under-writ the *Napaul Pheafant*.

(117)

The LONG-TAILED GROUS from Hudson's-Bay.

HIS Bird is of the Bigness of a Pheasant, or rather of the black Game, (called the Heathcock or Grous with us) of which Genus it is a Species. This I was informed was a Hen; the Cock, my Author tells me, is of a blacker Colour, and gloffy on the Neck. There is the same Difference between the Cocks and Hens in our Heath Game.

It hath the Bill like that of a domeftick Hen, of [a black or dufky Colour; the Head and Neck are of a bright reddifh Brown, variegated with transverse waved dufky Lines. Above and beneath each Eye, and on the under Side of the Head the Feathers are of a light-brown, or whitish: The Feathers on the Back, Wings and Tail are Black in their middle Parts, indented with a bright Brown on their Sides, and transversly marked Black and Brown at their Tips, which forms a confused broken Appearance of Black and Brown transverfly mixed all over the upper Side of the Bird. The Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are dufky and white, mixed in tranfverfe Lines; the outward Coverts of the Wings, and the Quill-Feathers next the Back, have white Tips; the prime Quills have Spots of White along their outer Webs; the inner Webs of the Quills are Ash-Colour, and without Spots. The Tail hath the two middle Feathers longer by near two Inches than those next them; they all gradually shorten toward the Side-Feathers. The three outermost Feathers on each Side are White. The Breaft from Brown gradually becomes White; as does the Belly, Sides under the Wing, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail. The Breaft is fpotted with half-Moon-like black Spots, but on the Belly the black Spots are shaped like Hearts, and extend to the Coverts under the Tail. The Legs are cover'd with fine Feathers, that look like Hairs, of a whitifh-brown Colour, transverily variegated with dufky Lines: The Toes and Claws are of a dufky blackifh Colour: Each Toe is pectinated on both Sides, as are the Toes in all this Tribe of Birds.

This Bird was brought by Mr. *Ifham* from *Hudfon's-Bay*, where it is called a Pheafant; its long Tail and Colour agreeing very well with our Hen Pheafant, and the Male of this Bird may perhaps refemble the Cock Pheafant as nearly. I fuppofe, when living, it had a red Space above its Eyes in Form of Eye-brows, as all of this Genus have; but as I could not make them plain in the dried Bird, I have omitted them in my Figure and Defcription. I believe I may pronounce this Bird a Nondefcript. Dr. *Michel*, a Phyfician of *Virginia*, now in *England*, on feeing my Original Draughts of this Bird, fays, they have the fame in the Woods and unfrequented Parts of *Virginia*, and that the Cock is a ftately Bird, walking very erect.









(118)

The Black and Spotted HEATH-COCK.

HIS Bird is of a middle Size, between our Pheafant and Partridge, feemingly of a longer-made Body, and having fomething a longer Tail, in Proportion, than the common Partridge.

The Bill is like that of a Hen, or Pheafant, of a dark Lead-Colour, Black toward the Point; the Noftrils are cover'd with black Feathers. The Eye-brows appeared of a red Colour, tho' the Skin was dry. The Fore-part and under Side of the Head is Black; it hath between the Angles of the Mouth and the Eyes, on each Side, a white Spot, and another behind each Eye; from the Corners of the Mouth there pafs white Lines under the Eyes, which beyond the Eyes tend downward, and meet below the Throat, fo as to encompass all the black Feathers that cover the under Side of the Head and Throat. The Feathers on the Top of the Head, along the Neck, Back, and Coverts of the Tail, are variegated with black and dufky Brown, or Afh-Colour, in Semi-Circles, following each other within the Verges of the Feathers, and thereby forming a broken transverse Mixture on the upper Side. The outer Covert-Feathers of the Wings are variegated like those on the Back, but the light Mixture is rather Brown than Afh-Colour; the Quills of the Wings are Black, or Dusky, edged with Brown; the inner Coverts of the Wings are Dusky, with white Tips. All the Feathers of the Tail are Black, with Orange-colour'd Tips. The Breaft and Belly are Black; the lower Belly and Thighs are Black, Brown and White The Coverts under the Tail are White, with half-Moon-like Spots of intermixed. Black: The Sides under the Wings, Dufky and Brown transverfly mixed. On each Side, round the Joints of the Wings when clofed, are fome white Feathers very agreeably broken into the black Feathers on the Breaft and Belly. The Legs are cover'd down to the Feet with flender Feathers of a brown Colour, transverfly mixed with fine waved Lines of Black; the Toes and Claws are dark Brown, the Toes toothed on their Borders; the hinder Toe is fo obfcured by the Feathers on the Leg as not to be visible.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, where it is called the *Wood-Partridge*. It is plainly of the Heathcock, or Grous Kind, and is, I am confident, the Male of one I have published in my first Volume of Birds, *P.* 71, by the Name of the *Brown and Spotted Heatbcock*; that differing from this just as the Hen in our black Game differs from the Cock: So that I have not the least Doubt in myself, but that the Bird here defcribed, and that at *P.* 71, are Cock and Hen. This Bird, I believe, has never been figured or defcribed.

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(119)

The Mountain PARTRIDGE.

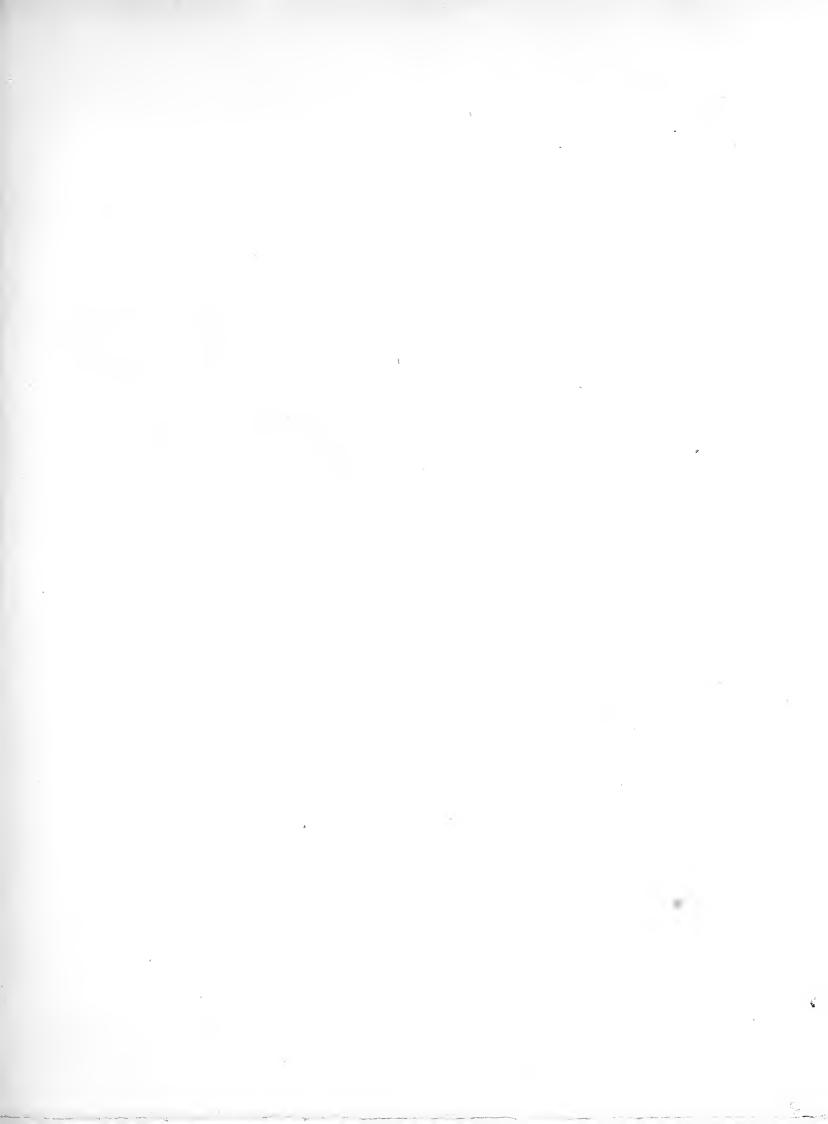
T HIS Bird is properly a Pigeon or Dove, tho' it has gained the above Name in Jamaica. It was drawn from a Bird brought alive from Jamaica to London, and is, figured in the Plate, of its natural Bignefs.

The Bill is shaped like those in other Doves, blackish from the Point half its Length, the Remainder toward the Head, with the Knob over the Noftrils, of a fine Red. The Eyes have their Irides of a fine bright Yellow, and are encompafied with a Skin, bare of Feathers, of a fine Scarlet-Colour; which Skin reaches from the Eyes on each Side to the Corners of the Bill. The Feathers joining to the upper Part of the Bill, on the Forehead, are of a Clay-Colour; the Remainder of the Head, the back Part and Sides of the Neck, are of a fine, dark, reddifh Purple-Colour, fhining with a changeable Glofs; the Fore-part of the Neck is of a reddifh Clay-Colour. From the Angles of the Mouth there passes a white Line under each Eye; it is also White on the Throat, or under Side of the Head. At the Bottom of the Neck, juftat the Joint of the Wing, on each Side, is a fmall Plat of White transverily placed. The Back, Wings and Tail, are of a reddifh Copper-Colour; the Covert-Feathers of the Wings are edged with a lighter Copper-Colour; the Breaft, Belly, Thighs, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail, are of a lightifh Yellow, or Clay-Colour. The Legs and Feet are made like those of other Doves, having Toes on each Foot, placed after the usual Manner: Both Legs and Feet of a red or Rose-Colour; the Claws are brownish.

This Bird was the Property of my good Friend Mr. John Warner, Merchant, at Rotherbith, near London, who permitted me to make a Drawing from it. Tho' it hath already been well defcribed by my worthy Patron Sir Hans Sloane, Baronet, in his Hiftory of Jamaica, Vol. II. P. 304. Yet, as it has never appeared in its Native Colours, I have ventured here to publifh it, and to complete my Defcription fhall borrow the following Account from Sir Hans Sloane. " The Stomach was pretty large, " and filled with a Sort of Bay-Berries, call'd Sweet-wood Berries; it was not very " mufcular, neither was there any Thing extraordinary in the Entrails of this Bird; " they are found in the woody Mountains near the Angels, where they feed on Ber-" ries. They are accounted very good Food: They build their Nefts in low-bough'd " Trees, and make them with Sticks laid crofs one another, on which is placed " Hair and Cotton; they are made fo little, that the Young when feather'd fall out " of them on the Ground, and are there fed by them." See the Figure, Natural Hiftory of Jamaica, Tab. 261. Fig. 1.









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The Great AMERICAN MARTIN.

THIS Bird is figured of its natural Bignefs. On comparing it with our *Black* Martin or Swift, it feem'd to be fomething bigger bodied, but not altogether fo long winged. The Bill and Legs are bigger and ftronger in Proportion than I have obferved them to be in other Birds of this Genus.

The Bill is ftronger than what is observable in the Swallow-kind, having a small Angle on each Side of the upper Mandible toward its Point; both the upper and lower Mandible are of a dufky or black Colour, and very broad toward the Head, whereby the Throat is enlarged; the Noftrils are round, and placed near the Forehead: The Eyes are almost over the Angles of the Mouth, which are cleft pretty deep; at the Base of the Bill both above and beneath are whitish Feathers. The Head, upper Part of the Neck, Back; Rump, and Covert-Feathers of the Wings are Black, with a shining Purple Gloss. The Throat and Breast are cover'd with dark grey Feathers; the Quills of the Wings and the Feathers of the Tail are of a dufky Black with brownish Edges; both Quills and Tail are fomething lighter beneath; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are dusky, with whitish Edges; the Ridge of the Wing is whitish; the Sides under the Wings are dusky. The Belly, Thighs, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White, a little clouded with a dufky, Colour. The Legs, Feet and Claws of a dark or blackifh Colour. The Legs and Toes longer than in our Black Martin or Swift, the Legs are not feather'd, nor the Toes fanding all forward as in the Swift; but three are forward and one backward; the middle and outer Toe being join'd as far as the first Joint.

This Bird was brought from Hudjon's-Bay by Mr. Ifham, and I believe it differs from any Thing yet defcribed, tho' on a fuperficial View it may very eafily be taken for our Black Martin or Swift: Yet in the Bill and Feet I find a very material Difference. Poffibly it may be the Tapera of Marcgrave; See his Hiftory of Brafil, P. 205. Mr. Catesby, in his Natural Hiftory of Carolina, hath figured and defcribed two American Swallows altogether different from this, the one figur'd, Vol. I. P. 51. call'd the Purple Martin, the other Vol. II. in the Appendix, P. 8. call'd the American Swallow. Sir Hans Sloane has alfo mentioned a Swallow in his Natural Hiftory of Jamaica, which he imagines may be the fame with our Black Martin or Swift. I think it muft appear very plain to Naturalifts, that the above defcribed differs fpecifically from our Swift. The Name the Northern Americans give it is Safbaun Pafbu.

The Fly, I take to be a Kind of Fire-Fly, and that Part on his Head, the Lanthorn. The Wings are all flat, and the upper ones hard and fmooth like those of the *Beetle* or *Scarabei*. Kind, of which it is a Species. The Body and lower Wings are Orange-Colour, except the Tips of the Wings, which have a broad Border of Black; the upper Wings are Green, varie-gated and spotted with Yellow; the yellow Spots and Marks having smaller Spots within them of an Orange-Colour. The under Side is colour'd and spotted as the above, but not spots. This Fly was brought from *China*, by Captain *Ifaac Worth*.

(121)

The AMERICAN NIGHTINGALE.

HE lower Bird figur'd in this Plate is the American Nightingale, whose natural Bigness is the same as in the Picture.

As I have been very precife in figuring the Bill, I need only fay, that the upper Mandible is of a dufky or blackifh Colour, and the under one of a Flefh-Colour; the Noftrils are placed clofe to the Feathers of the Forehead; the Top of the Head, upper Side of the Neck; the Back, and upper Sides of the Wings and Tail are of a dark, greenifh-brown Colour; tho' the Rump and Borders of the Wing-Feathers are more of a yellowifh Green. The under Side from Bill to Tail is of a dirty Orange-Colour; the inner Covert-Feathers of the Wings, and the inner Webs of the Quill and Tail-Feathers are of the fame Orange-Colour. From above the Angles of the Mouth there paffes a dufky Line through each Eye, and from beneath the Angles of the Mouth there paffes under each Eye another dufky Line. From the Noftrils there pafs Lines of Orange above the Eyes. The Legs, Feet and Claws are of a dirty Brown or blackifh Colour, formed as in moft other finall Birds.

This Bird was brought from Jamaica by Mr. Harper, Surgeon, late of Plastow in Essex. It differs from any Description I can find, but comes nearest to the Spanish Nightingale in Sir Hans Sloane's History of Jamaica, Vol. II. P. 299. to which he gives the Latin Name Isterus Minor Nidum fuspendens.

The Green SPARROW, or Green Humming BIRD.

THE upper Figure in the Plate reprefents this Bird of its natural Size. The Bill is long in Proportion like that of a King's-Fifher; much broader, then deep like a Duck's Bill. It is ridged along the Top of the upper Mandible; the Noftrils are plac'd on each Side of the Ridge near the Head; the upper Mandible is of a dufky Brown, the Lower of a yellow or Orange-Colour. At the Bafe of the Bill are placed ftiff black Hairs or Briftles ftanding forwards. The whole upper Side of the Bird from Bill to Tail-end, is of a very fine Parrot-Green. The inner Coverts of the Wings are White: The infide of the Quills, and the under Side of the Tail are of a brownifh Afh-Colour. Five or Six of the prime Quills are Dufky or Black at their Tips. The Throat is of a very fine Red: The Breaft, Belly, Thighs and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White, a little fhaded with a pale Green. The Legs and Feet are of a dufky Colour, the Toes joined as they are in the King's-Fifher.

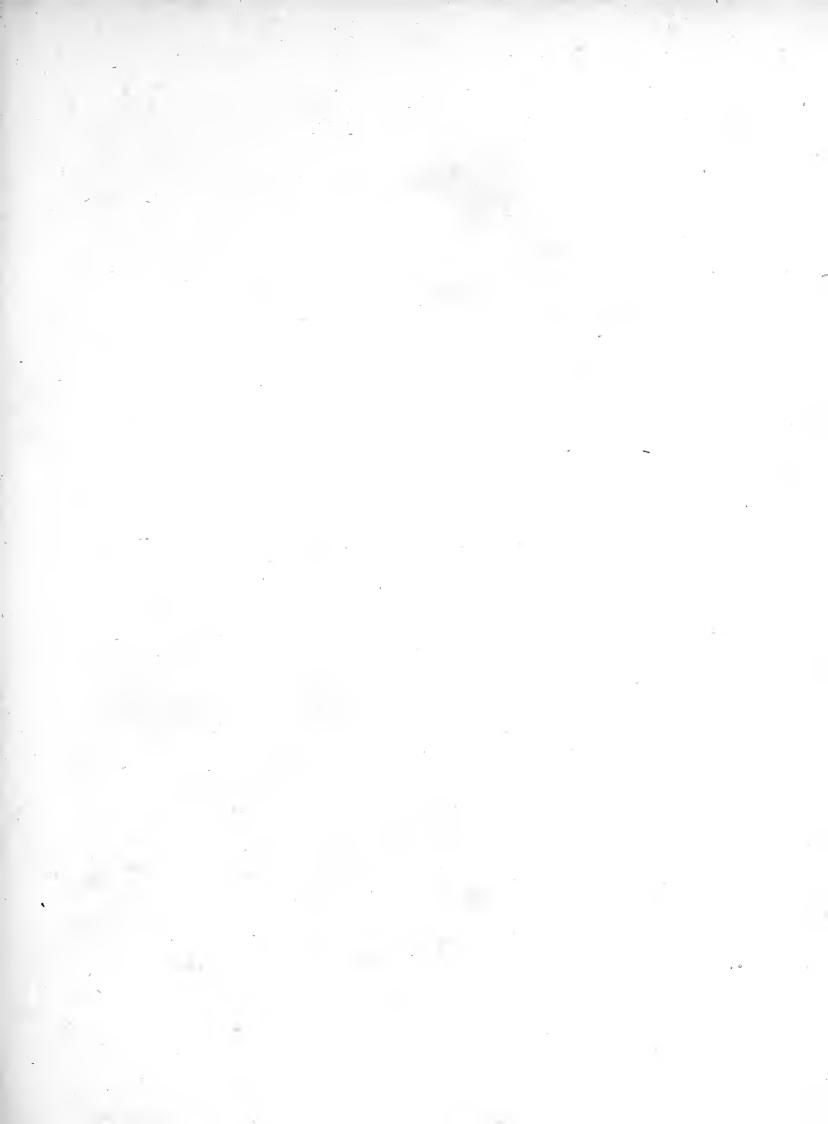
This Bird was brought from Jamaica by Mr. Harper, and is what Sir Hans Sloane has defcribed by the above Name, Vol. II. P. 306. of his Hiftory of Jamaica. There was brought another of the fame Species with this, which I fuppofe was the Hen, its Colours being not fo bright. This Bird belongs to the fame Genus with that defcribed, P. 113. of this Book, call'd the Pyed Bird of Paradife, tho' they appear fo unlike, and came from fuch diftant Parts of the World. The Compression of the Bills, the Brittles at their Bases, and the Structure of the Feet are fufficient Arguments to prove their Kindred. Its Latin Name in Sir Hans Sloane's History, is, Rubecula viridis elegantistima.

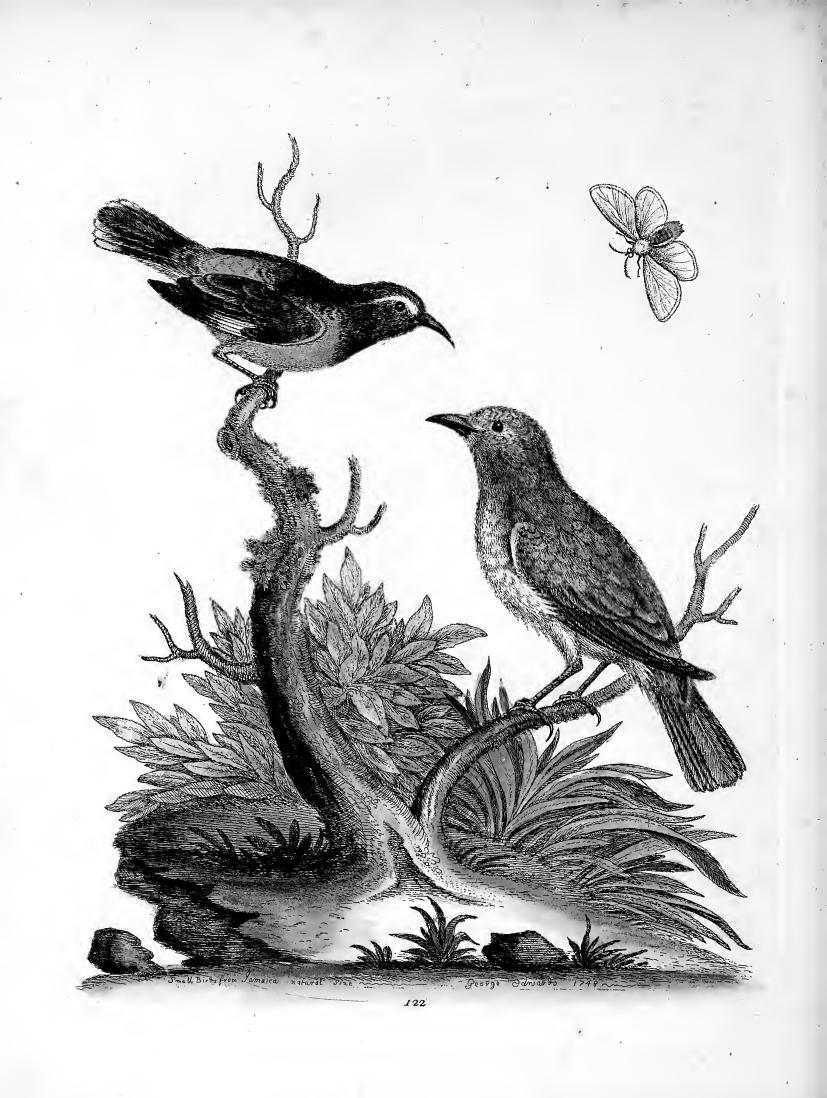
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(122)

The Black and Yellow CREEPER.

HE upper Figure in the Plate reprefents this Bird of its natural Size. The Shape of the Bill, Size of the Bird, and its Make in General agreeing with our Creeper [Certhia] I thought proper to give it the above Name.

The Bill is flender, fharp-pointed, and a little bowed downward like a Scythe, Black of Colour, and the Noftrils fmall. The Head, Neck, Throat, Back, Wings and Tail are of a full black Colour. Over each Eye paffes a Line of White. The Bottoms of the greater Quills next the Belly and the inner Coverts of the Wings are White. All the Tail-Feathers, except the two Middle ones, are tipped with White. The under Side of the greater Feathers of the Wings and Tail are duíky. The Breaft, Rump, and Border of the Wing where it falls on the Breaft is of a fine bright Yellow, a little inclining to Gold-Colour. The Thighs, lower Belly, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are of a pale Yellow, or white Colour. The Legs and Feet are Dufky or Black. The Toes, (four in Number) ftanding after the ufual Manner.

This Bird was brought in Spirits with others from Jamaica, by Mr. Harpur. I take it to be a Cock Bird, and believe the Hen of it hath been described by Sir Hans Sloane, and is what he calls a black and yellow Bird, (Luscinia seu Philomela e suffece et luteo Varia.) Sloane's Natural History of Jamaica, Vol. II. P. 307. Tab. 259.

The AMERICAN HEDGE-SPARROW.

OT readily knowing what Tribe to refer this Bird to, I have given it the above Name, tho' its Bill is thicker and ftronger than in the *Curruca eliotæ*. It is drawn of its natural Size in the lower Figure of the Plate.

The Bill'is pretty frong, (tho' not like those of the granivorous Kind) sharp at the Point, and bowed a little downward, of a black Colour. The Head and Neck are of an Ash-Colour, a little inclining to Green: The Back, Wings and Tail are of a brown Colour; the Infides of the Quill and under Side of the Tail more cineritious, or Ash-Colour. The Breast, Belly, Thighs, Covert-Feathers within the Wings, and under the Tail, are White, clouded with a dusky Colour. The Legs, Feet and Claws are form'd after the usual Manner, of a brown Colour.

This Bird was brought from *Jamaica* by Mr. *Harpur*, and is one of the plaineft Birds I have met with, having hardly any Mark by which it may be characterized. I cannot find that it has been before defcribed.

The fmall white Moth is *Englifb*; it is White above and beneath, except a Dafh of Brown down the upper Side of the lower Section of the Body, and Orange-Colour at the Tip of the Tail.

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The Greatest BULFINCH-COCK.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Bigness. The Shape of the Bill and the Colour of the Breast agreeing with our Bulfinch, I suppose them both to belong to the fame Genus.

It hath a pretty ftrong Bill; the upper Mandible arched and over-hanging the Lower a little, (but not fo remarkably as in Parrots) is of a black or dufky Colour. The lower Mandible is of a reddifh Flefh-Colour next the Throat, the Point is Black. The whole Head, Throat, Breaft and Rump, are of a very fine Red, or Scarlet-Colour. There paffes from the Noftrils (which are covered with dufky Feathers) to the Eyes, on each Side, a blackish Line. The Hinder-part of the Neck and Back is covered with black Feathers tipped with Scarlet, which makes a beautiful Mixture. The Wings are Black; the greater Quills next the Back are tipped and bordered with White: Those next the Belly have narrow Borders of Red: The first and second Rows of Covert-Feathers are tipped with White, which form two oblique Bars of White across each Wing. The leffer Covert of the Wings are a little fringed with Red. The Infides of the Wings, Sides under the Wings, Belly and Thighs are of a light Afh-Colour; the Covert-Feathers under the Tail are whitish. The Tail is Black above, and inclining to Ash-Colour beneath; the Legs, Feet and Claws are formed and stand after the usual Manner, all of a blackish, brown Colour.

Two of these Birds, which I take to be Male and Female, were brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*; who told me, they continue all the Winter there; which is an Argument of their being very hardy Birds. Nature seems to have given them ftrong and hooked Bills, the better to enable them to provide for themselves, by pecking out the Buds of Trees and Shrubs that are hardly visible in the rigid Winters of *North America*. It is not common to meet with Birds of fo gay a Colour in Climates so far North, for it is observable, that in very Northern Countries, Birds have no Colours but White, Black, or Brown, and that they are all Water Birds; few or no Land Birds being found by the Whale-fishers in *Greenland*.









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The Greatest BULFINCH-HEN.

HIS Bird is here reprefented of its natural Bignefs.

The Bill is ftrong and hooked as in Parrots, tho' not fo fuddenly; the upper Mandible is Dufky, the Nether Flefh-coloured, but ending Black at the Point. The Noftrils are cover'd with whitifh Feathers; at the Root of the lower Chap of the Bill, and under the Eye, are alfo fome whitifh Feathers; the Top of the Head, Rump, and Covert-Feathers of the Tail are of a reddifh Orange-Colour; the Sides and under Part of the Head is of a light-brownifh Yellow. The Hinder-part of the Neck, the Back, Wings and Tail are of a dark Brown inclining to Black. Some of the greater Quills next the Back are border'd with White. The firft and fecond Rows of Covert-Feathers on the upper Sides of the Wings are tipped with White, and form two white Bars acrofs the Wings obliquely; there is alfo a little White on the Ridge of the Wing where it falls on the Breaft. The Infides of the Wings, and the Sides under the Wings are of a light Afh-Colour; the Fore-part of the Neck, the Breaft, Belly, Thighs, and Coverts under the Tail are Afh-Colour, a little inclining to light Rofe or Bloffom-Colour; the Legs, Feet, and Claws are formed as in others of this Kind, all of a dirty, brown Colour.

This Bird was brought with the foregoing from *Hudfon's-Bay*, by Mr. *Ifham*. By its Likenefs to the former, I take it to be its Hen, tho' poffibly it may be a younger Bird not arrived to Perfection.

Since I drew these Birds, I happened to see at Mr. Collet's (Merchant in Well-Close-Square, London) two of these Birds alive in Cages: He told me they were sent to him from Norway; they had moulted their Feathers with him, and were not afterward so beautiful as they were at first. One of them was seemingly colour'd like our Green-Finch [Chloris]. A Swedish Gentleman, lately in London, on seeing these Drawings, told me, they were Birds of his Country, and gave me their Names, which I have lost: So that they prove to be Birds common to the northern Parts both of America and Europe. I believe they have never been described.

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The Blue GROS-BEAK from Angola.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Bigness, which agrees with the Size of the common Gros-beak or Hawfinch, [Coccothraustes vulgaris] of which Genus it is a diffinct Species.

The Bill is very firong, thick at its Bafe, and fharp-pointed, tho' ending in an Angle not very acute; of a Lead-Colour, with the lower Mandible lighter than the Upper. The Eyes are of a dark Hafel-Colour, the Pupil Black. The Bill is encompaffed above and beneath with black Feathers; narrow on the Forehead, on the Sides reaching back to the Eyes, and beneath the Bill reaching about an Inch down the Throat. The Head, Neck, Back, Rump, leffer Covert-Feathers of the Wings, and all the under Side of the Bird are of a very fine deep blue Colour. On the Top of the Head the Feathers are longer than ordinary, and form a little Creft on the Hinderpart of the Head. The greater Feathers, or Quills in the Wings, and the Row of Covert-Feathers next above them are Black; yet those Quills that fall next the Back of the Bird, and the first Row of Coverts above them have blue Edges. The Tail is wholly Black on the upper Side, and of a fainter or dufky Black beneath, as are the greater Feathers of the Wings. Its Legs and Feet are rather little and weak than ftrong in Proportion to the Bigness of the Bird. The Legs, Feet and Claws are all of a Black, or dark Lead-Colour.

This Bird was brought with feveral others alive from Lifbon, by Mr. Paul Martyn, a Gentleman who had been in the Portuguefe Settlements abroad. While he was in London, he lodged at the Houfe of Mr. Goodchild, a Dealer in Hard-Wares, in Cannon-Street, where he obliged me with the Sight of all his curious Birds, from which I made Daughts: And he was fo good as to write Notes under each of them for my better Information of their Natures. Under the above he wrote as follows. "The Portuguefe call it Azulam; this Bird is only to be got on the Coaft "of Angola, in Africa, a Settlement belonging to the Portuguefe; it is chiefly "effeemed for its Docility and Colour". I believe, I may venture to pronounce this Bird a Non-defeript, as I have been at fome Pains to examine our Natural Hiftorians, and can find nothing like it. I have placed it on a Branch of a Cherry-Tree (which I copied from Nature) by the Way of contrafting the Colours.

The Butterfly in this Plate is *Englifk*, and of the natural Size. Its Body is brown; the lower Wings are of a yellowith White, dotted with Black round their Borders; the upper Wings are half White next the Body, the other Half is of an Orange-Colour, and bordered with Black at the End. There is also a fmall Spot of Black in the Orange-colour'd Part of each Wing.

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The SNOW-BIRD from Hudson's-Bay.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Bignels, and agrees exactly in Size and Shape with our great Pyed Mountain-Finch, or Brambling, [Montifringilla Major] of which Genus it is certainly another Species, if it be not that very individual Species itfelf, changed to this white Colour by the Coldnels of the Northern Climate.

The Bill is of a brown Colour next the Head, and blackish at the Point: The lower Mandible has on each Side an Angle, which is received into Cavities or Dents on the Side of the upper Mandible; in the Roof of the Mouth is a Knob or Rifing as in the Bunting and Yellow-Hammer : (I have also observed the same in our greater Pyed Mountain-Finch, tho' it be not taken Notice of by Authors,) which is supposed to help them to bruife or break hard Grain. The Head, Neck, and whole under Side of the Bird is White, except a fmall black Spot on the Hinder-part of the Head. The Back and the Feathers immediately covering the Tail are Black, the Rump between them is White. The Quills for the first three or four next the Back are Black, the next to them (or the Middle ones) are White, the longest or outermost Quills are Black at their Tips and White at their Bottoms. All the Covert-Feathers of the Wings are White, except a few that fall over the black Quills next the Back; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are also White. The Tail is composed of twelve Feathers, the fix middlemost are Black, and three on each Side are White, with a fmall Dafh of Black down their Shafts at the Tips. The Legs, Feet and Claws are of the common Structure in fmall Birds, all of a black Colour.

This Bird was brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Isham. He fays, it is one of the first finall Birds that appear in the Spring, while the Earth is yet cover'd with Snow, which has given it the Name of Snow-Bird. In Linnæus's History of Swedift Animals this fame Bird is defcribed and figured, fee P. 73, Avis nivalis. Tab. 1. Fig. 194, fo that this Bird proves to be equally an Inhabitant of Europe and America. Some Time fince being inform'd that there were fome Snow-Birds brought alive from Hudfon's-Bay, I went on board a Ship to fee them, and found them to be no other than our Great Pyed Mountain-Finch. This was about the latter End of September, when the perfect Whiteness and Blackness was changed into a brown and yellowish Colour, with fome White; fo that I believe this and ours do not fpecifically differ, but that they are changed White in the extreme Cold and Northern Parts of the World, as most other Animals are during the Winter Seafon. Mr. Catefby in his Hiftory of Carolina, Vol. I. P. 36. has figured and defcribed a much fmaller Bird than this by the fame Name : His Defcription is, " the Snow-Bird. The Bill of this Bird is White, the Breaft and " Belly White, all the reft of the Body Black, but in fome Places dufky, inclining to " Lead-Colour. In Virginia and Carolina, they appear only in Winter, and in Snow " they appear most". The common Magpye was brought from Hudson's-Bay with this Bird.

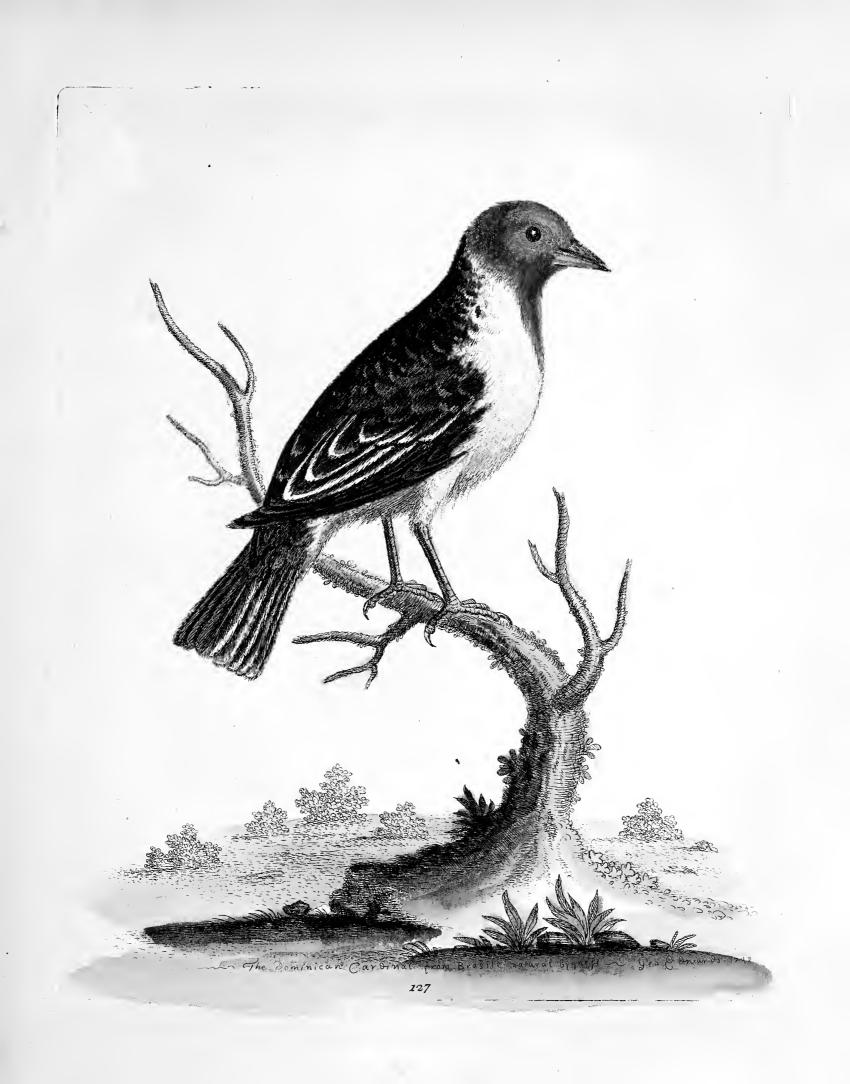
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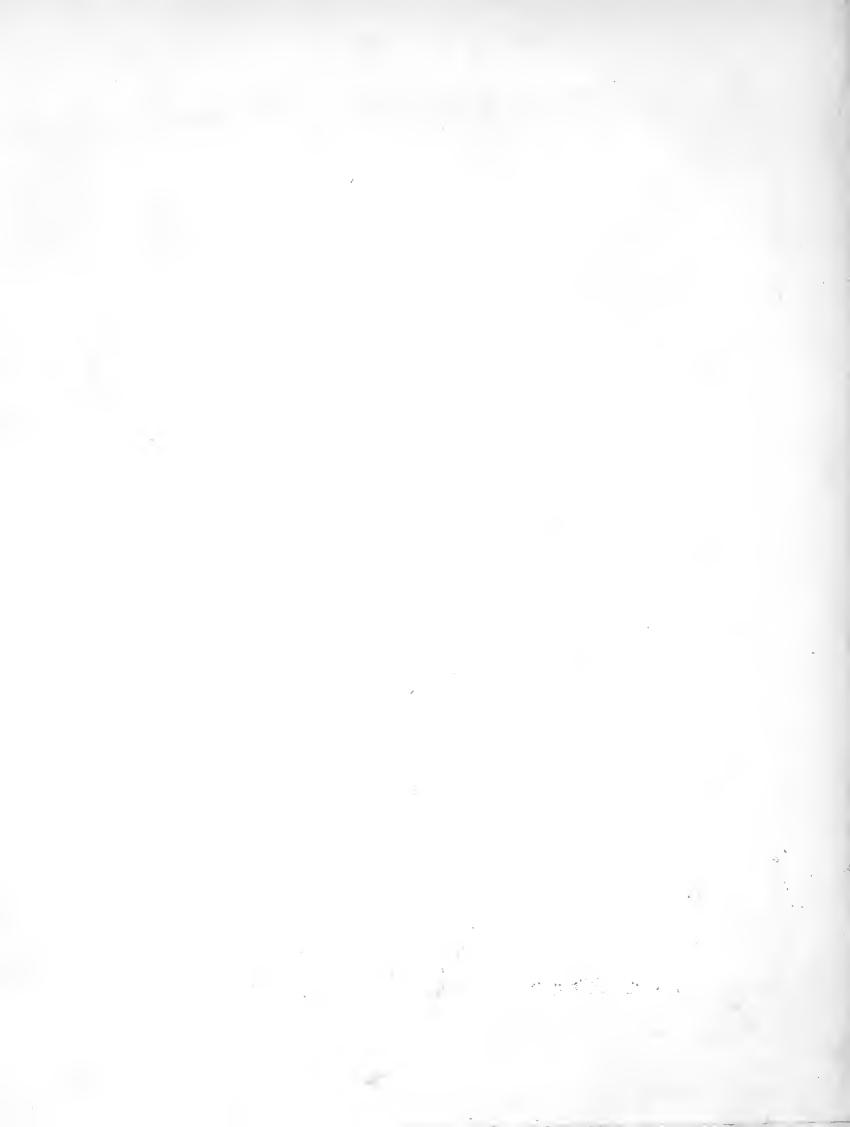
The DOMINICAN-CARDINAL.

HIS Figure is of the natural Bigness of the Bird. It hath Legs and Feet rather strong than weak in Proportion to its Size.

The Bill is of a moderate Size, the upper Mandible dusky or Horn-Colour, the Lower whitish. The Eyes are Black with dark Hafel-colour'd Irides. The whole Head is of a very beautiful Red, or Scarlet-Colour, which Colour reaches down the Fore-part of the Neck or Throat, as far as the Breaft, and ends in a Point. The upper Side of the Neck, the Back, Wings and Tail are all of a black Colour. The Quills that fall next to the Back are border'd round with White, as are the Covert-Feathers next above them; the leffer Covert-Feathers of the Wings and the Back have a fmall Mixture of Grey, the Feathers being as it were finely fringed with Grey. The Tail-Feathers are edged with White. The Sides of the Neck, Breaft, and whole under Side as far as the Tail are purely White. It hath four Toes, three ftanding forward and one backward, after the ufual Manner, all of a brown Colour. In brief it may be defcrib'd thus, the Head is Red, the upper Side Black, and the Nether White.

This Bird was brought alive from Lisbon by Mr. Paul Martyn, who put the following Note under my Drawing. " Called the Dominican Cardinal. This Bird is found only in the Brafils, at a great Diftance from any Habitation". I believe this Bird hath never been vet figur'd, tho' I find a Description of a Bird in Marcgrave's History of Brasil, under the Name of Guiratirica, P. 211, that can be no other than the above deferibed, and any one that will compare his Defcription with mine, will, I dare fay, be of my Opinion. Our Countryman Mr. Willughby has translated Marcgrave's Description of this Bird, which he calls the American Bullfinch : See his Description in his Ornithology, P. 147. §. 11. As I had an Opportunity to draw this Figure from the living Bird, and the fore-mention'd Authors not having given us any Draught of it, I thought it worthy of Publication, and truft that the Publick will be of my Opinion. I have heard of feveral of them being brought to London fince I finished my Draught. The









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The Green GOLD-FINCH.

HIS Bird is reprefented as near its natural Bignefs as I could draw it, and I believe, that on Comparison, it will be found to be about the Bigness of the common Gold-Finch.

The Bill is pretty thick at its Bafe, and ends in a fharp Point, a very little bending downward, of a white or light-yellow Colour. The Fore-part of the Head all round the Bill, as far as the Eyes, and a little deeper on the Throat, is cover'd with Feathers of a fine Scarlet-Colour. The Top of the Head, and Hinder-part of the Neck are Afh-colour'd. The Back, Rump and Wings on their upper Sides are of a yellowifh green Colour; the greater Quills fomething darker than the other Feathers, as is common in moft Birds. The Tail is partly of a dufky Colour when fpread; the Edges or Borders of the Feathers being of a Red-Wine-Colour, fo that when the Tail is clofed it appears Red. Below, and on the Sides of the Red on the Throat, the Feathers are of a light-yellow Green, which gradually becomes White on the Breaft and Belly. The Green on the Forefide of the Neck, and the white Breaft and Belly are variegated with transverse Lines of a dufky Colour; the Covert-Feathers under the Tail are wholly White. The Legs and Feet are made like those of other fmall Birds, and of a Flesh-Colour.

This Bird I take to be an undoubted Non-defcript, but I cannot trace its native Country. It was when living the Property of *Her Royal Highnefs the Princefs of Wales*, and I underftand it was a finging Bird. After its Death it was fluffed, and fet on a Pearch, by the Princefs's Order, and fent to the curious and obliging Mrs. *Cannon*, (Midwife to her Royal Highnefs) whofe Goodnefs favour'd me with the Ufe of it, in order to draw it, and has promis'd to procure from the Princefs an Account of its native Place.

This great, white, black, and red Butterfly is from *China*, and is in the Collection of *Robert Nesbit*, M. D. Fellow of the Royal College of Phyficians, *London*, and of the Royal Society, who favour'd me with the Ufe of it. The Head, Body, Horns and Legs are of a blackifh Colour: The upper Sides of the Wings are of a yellowifh White, except the Tips, and outer Ridges of the longer Wings, which are Black, having fome oblong Spots of Red or deep Orange inclofed in the Black, and fome black Spots and Streaks inclofed again by the red Spots. The under Side of the longer Wing is half White next the Body, the Remainder toward the Tip of a brownifh Colour, mixed or clouded a little with Dufky; the under Side of the fhorter Wing is of a dirty White, or brownifh Colour, with a broken confufed transverse finall Mixture of a darker Brown, or dufky Colour.

Two Sorts of LINNETS from Angola.

HESE Birds are here reprefented of their natural Size : For Shape, Action, Similitude of Parts, and Note, they feem to agree with our Linnets.

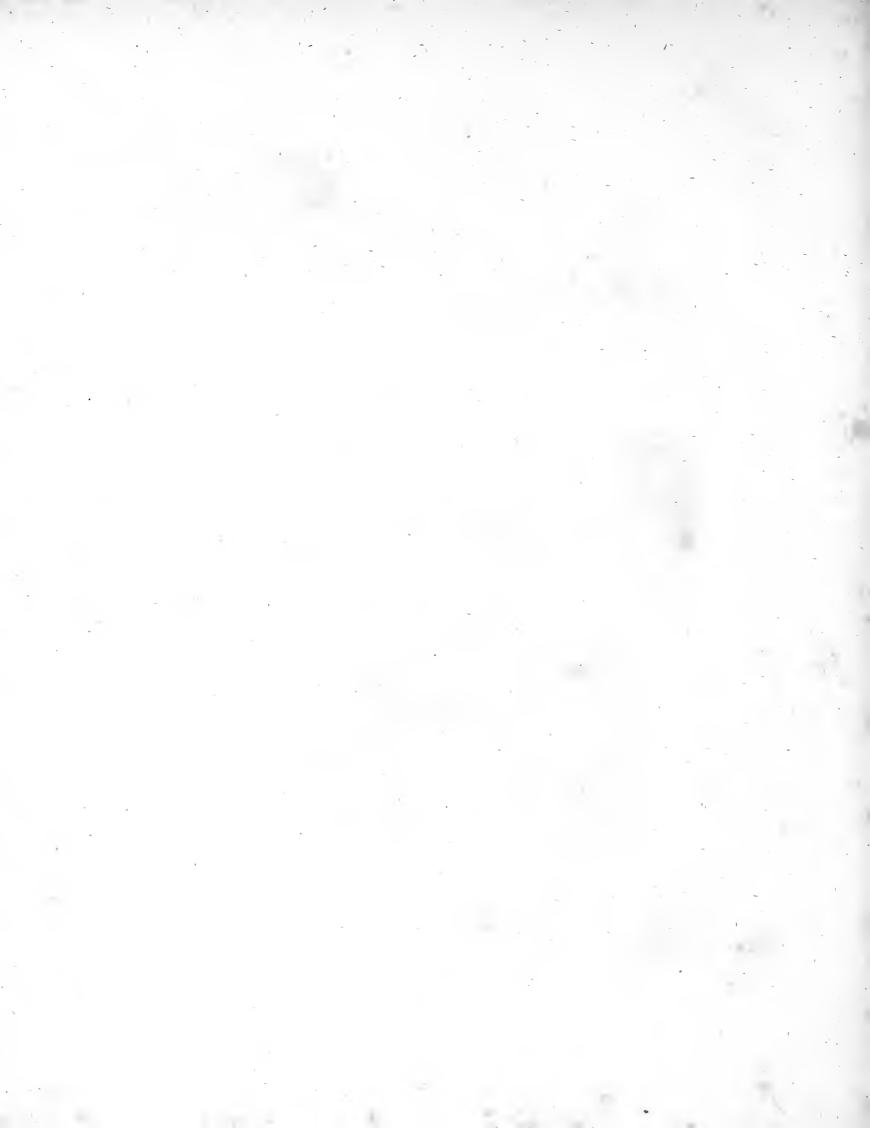
The upper Bird hath the Bill Brown, or of a dirty Flefh-Colour, the lower Mandible is lighter colour'd than the Upper; the Bill hath a Border of black Feathers quite round its Bafe, which is narrow on the Forehead, reaching to the Eyes on the Sides, and under each Eye, and a little Way down the Throat. Above and beneath the Eyes joining the black Feathers are fome white Spots. The Eyes in both thefe Birds are like those of Linnets. The Head, Neck, Back, and leffer Covert-Feathers of the Wings are of a brownish Ash-Colour, with Spots intermixed of a dark or dusky Colour. The Quills of the Wings, and first Row of Coverts above them are of a dark Brown or dusky Colour, with narrow yellow Edges or Borders; the Tail is of the fame dark Colour: The Feathers tipped with light Grey or White: The Breast, Belly, Thighs, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are of a dull Orange-Colour without Spots, lighter on the Breast, and darkening gradually to the Hinderpart: The Rump, and Covert-Feathers of the Tail are of a bright-yellow Colour. The Legs, Feet and Claws in both these Birds are of a Flesh-Colour.

The lower Bird hath the Bill fhaped and colour'd much like that above. The Sides of the Head are of a light Clay-Colour, with a dark Line paffing from the Bill through the Eyes: The Top of the Head, the Neck all round juft below the Head, the Back, Wing and Tail are of a redder-brown Colour than the Bird above; the Head, Back, and leffer Coverts of the Wings are fpotted with darker Brown; the Breaft, Belly, and all the under Side are of a lighter Brown, fpotted with a brown Colour, fomething darker. The Rump and Coverts of the Tail are of a fine Yellow. The Quills, firft and fecond Rows of Coverts of the Wings, and the Tail-Feathers are all tipped with White.

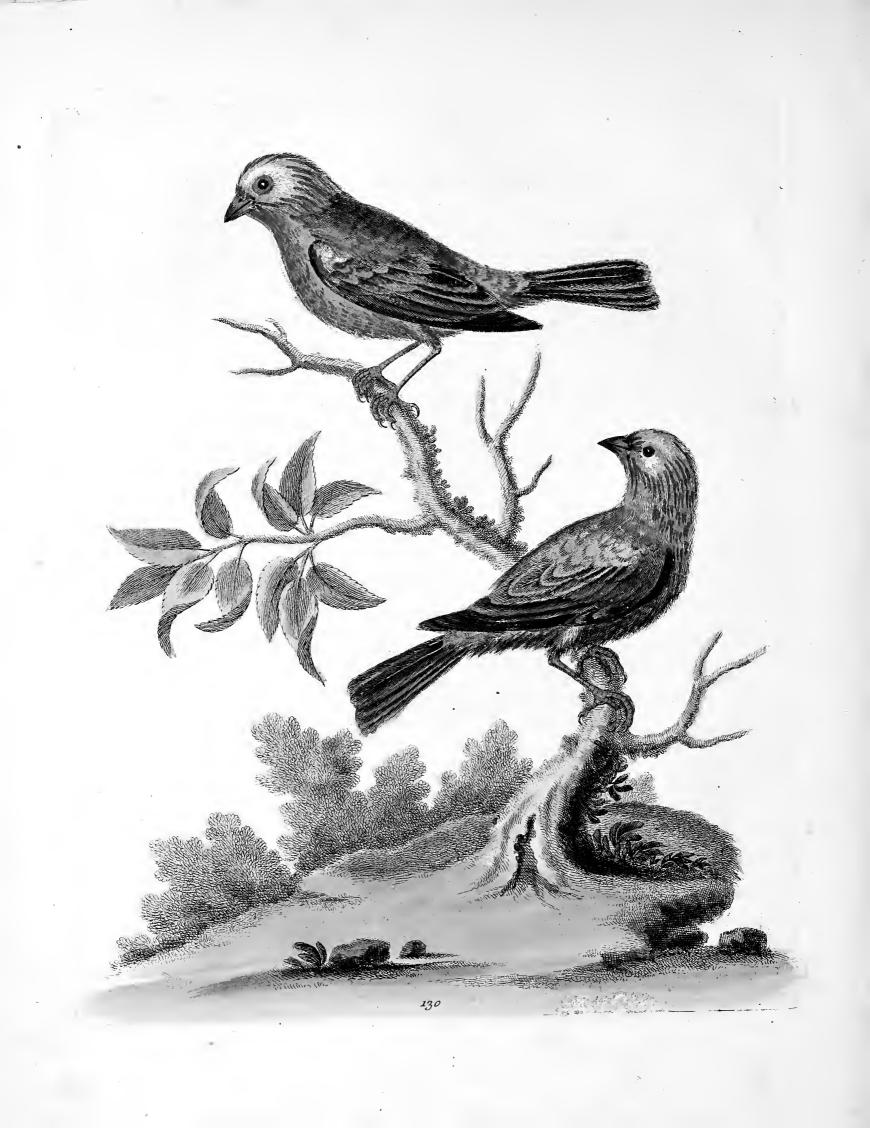
Thefe Birds were brought alive from Lifbon by Mr. Paul Martyn. He wrote under the Drawing of the lower Bird. " It is called Benguelinha, and is a Bird very much " efteem'd for its agreeable Note, and reckoned amongft the Portuguese one of the beft " finging Birds that comes from their Settlements on the Coaft of Angola in Africa" Under the upper Bird he wrote. " It is call'd Negral or Tobaque, and comes likewise from " the Coaft of Angola, and is much efteemed for its Note, mimicking much the Singing " of the Benguelinha". According to the great Likeness of these two Birds I should have taken them for Cock and Hen, but the above-named Gentleman was not of that Opinion, because they both fung in their Cages in London. I believe, I may pronounce them Non-descripts.

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The Painted FINCH.

HESE Birds are both the fame; the one not arrived at its perfect Colour, and the other perfect; they are figur'd of the Size of Nature; their first Appearance of Colours when they are young is very plain, being of a dark-brownish Colour on their upper Sides, and lighter on their under Sides, with a Tincture of greenish Yellow.

The upper Bird in the Plate is in its perfect State of Colour. The Bill is Black, except a little Flefh-Colour at the Bafe of the lower Mandible : The Eyes are of a dark Hazel-Colour, the Eye-lids all round of a fine Scarlet-Colour; the Head and upper Part of the Neck is of a very fine deep-blue Colour. The Back is of a fine yellowifh Green on the upper Part; the lower Part of the Back and Rump is Red : The Wings have their leffer Covert-Feathers in the upper Parts Blue; beneath them a few Orange-colour'd; the Row of Coverts immediately above the Quill-Feathers, and moft of the Quills that fall next the Back are Green to outward Appearance, those Parts of the Feathers that are cover'd being Dufky; fome of the longer Quills that fall next the Belly are wholly Dufky. The Tail-Feathers are of a dufky Colour edged with Green. The whole under Side from the Bill to the Covert-Feathers under the Tail is of a very fine red Colour; the Legs, Feet and Claws (like those of other fmall Birds) are of a brown Colour in all their States and Changes.

The lower Bird in the Plate is of the felf-fame Species as the Upper, but not arrived at its perfect Colours: The Bill and Eyes are as in the above, but without red Eyelids: The Bird appears to be wholly Blue, but on a near View the Head is of a finer Blue than the Body and Coverts of the Wings, which are not fo deep, and a little tinctured with Green. The greater Feathers of the Wings, and the Tail-Feathers are dufky edged with Blue without Side, and Afh-colour'd within: So that this Bird in its firft State refembles a Hen Sparrow, its fecond is Blue, and its laft as the above defcribed, with many intermixed Stages between each of thefe.

The Right Honourable Lady Anfon obliged me with the Sight of a Cage of thefe Birds, having a great Variety of Changes of Colour, which in Shape, Action, and Note, appear'd all to be the fame. They were brought from la Vera Cruz, in New Spain, by the Honourable Admiral Knowles. Dr. Monro has confirmed to me the Truth of thefe Birds changing from Blue to their perfect Colour. Mr. Catefby has figured thefe two Birds as different Species diftinct from each other, not having then difcover'd their Identity: See his Painted Finch, and his Blue Linnet, Vol. I. P. 44 and 45 of his Natural History of Carolina, &c. Albin has also figured this Bird in his History of Birds, Vol. I. P. 64. but is widely mistaken in its native Place: He calls it the China Bull-Finch. Mr. Catefby fays, they breed in Carolina, and generally build in Orange-Trees, but they leave that Country in Winter. The Spaniards call this Bird (in its perfect State) Maripofa-Pintada, or Painted Butterfly.

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The Blue-Belly'd FINCH.

T is here figur'd of its natural Bignefs. It hath the Bill fhaped like that of a Goldfinch. The Tail has the middle Feathers a little longer than the Side-Feathers by a gradual Increase. Its Action is like that of most finall Birds.

The Bill is of a dirty Flefh-Colour: The Eyes are Black, with dark Hazel-colour'd Irides: The Top of the Head, upper Side of the Neck, the Back and Wings are all of an Afh-colour'd Brown, a little inclining to Purple, unmixed with any Change or Shade, except that the Ends of the greater Quills are fomething darker: The Sides of the Head quite round the Eyes, the Throat, Breaft, Belly, Rump, Tail, and its Covert-Feathers both above and beneath, are all of a fine light Blue or Sky-Colour; but on the Sides under the Wings there is a little Brown or Afh-Colour, which Colour is blended with the Blue on the Sides of the Belly. The Legs, Feet and Claws have nothing uncommon in their Form, and are all of a brown Colour.

This Bird was brought from Lifbon by Mr. Paul Martyn, who has by his good Nature contributed much to this Natural Hiftory. He wrote under my Draught when finished, as follows. " It is call'd by the Portuguese, Azulinba, and is brought " from their Settlements on the Coast of Angola, in Africa, and is chiefly esteem'd " for its Beauty". This Bird was brought over alive, as were all those Mr. Martyn obliged me with the Sight of. It is a very brisk lively Bird, but I did not observe it to fing. I believe it hath never been described. By Way of Contrast in Colouring I have placed it with the under described Flower, graved in the Plate with it.

The Narciffus JACOBEA.

A sthe Print expresses the Shape of the Flower beyond Description, I shall be filent in that Point. This is about the Size of Nature, but some Flowers are fomething larger, and their Stalks longer. The fix Leaves of the Flower are, within and without Side, all of a most fine deep Red, or fanguine Colour; the Bottoms of the Leaves are Green, gradually softening into the Red; from the Infide of the Flower soft for the Flower forms at Top into a triple Head; round this are fix leffer Stamina, with finall yellow oblong Parts, sticking to their Points; the Stamina are all Red: Before the Flower blows it is inclosed in a dirty red Sheath, which hangs below it, and withers when the Flower blows; the green Leaves of the Plant grow much in the Manner as expressed in the Figure. I drew this Flower from Nature in the Garden of my Friend Mr. John Warner, Merchant at Rotherhith. This Flower has been figured by my late good Friend Dr. Dilleneus, Professor of Botany in the University of Oxford. See his Hortus Elthamenfis, P. 196.



Lilio Narcipus Jacobaus Sanguineo natante. Hort: Eltham. Pa 169. cm. The Blue Belly's Finch from Angola . foo Edwards 1748. 131







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The HOOPING-CRANE from Hudson's-Bay.

HIS Figure is reduced from the natural Bignels, as may be feen by the following Meafures: The Length of the Bird from its Bill-point to the Ends of the Claws is five Feet feven Inches: The Wing when clofed was twenty-five Inches long; the lower Bone of the Leg, beneath the Knee and Foot, is eleven Inches long. The Leg is bare of Feathers above the Knee more than five Inches; the middle Toe without the Claw is four Inches long. See the natural Size of the Head at the Bottom of the Figure. The Bill is toothed at the Point.

The Bill is fix Inches long from its Point to the Angles of the Mouth; the Noftrils are placed in Channels on each Side, at about a third Part of the Length of the Bill from the Head: Both the upper and lower Mandibles are of a yellow-brown Colour at each of their Ends, and a little Dufky in the Middle: The Top of the Head and a Line from the Angle of the Mouth paffing on each Side, under the Eyes, are cover'd with a reddifh Skin thinly fet with black Hairs in the Hinder-part; but forward next the Bill, and between the Bill and Eye, it is cover'd thicker with fuch Hairs, fo as to appear Black. Immediately behind the red bald Skin on the Crown, there is a triangular black Spot on the Hinder-part of the Head, one of its Points falling on the Beginning of the Neck. The Sides of the Head, the Throat, Neck, whole Body and Tail are White. The Wings have their outermost nine Quills Black, the Tenth hath the outer Web Black, and the inner White; the Remainder about twenty-fix in Number are wholly White, and those next the Back (which almost cover the black Quills when the Wings are clofed) are of a remarkable loofe Texture, The first Row of Covert-Feathers, fo as they are in fome Sort expressed in the Figure. far as they cover the black Quills, are Black; all the remaining Covert-Feathers both without and within Side the Wings are White; there are fome black Feathers in the Baftard Wing. The fmall Feathers on the Membrane that connects the Joints of the Wing are a little tinctured with Red or Bloffom-Colour, very faint. The Legs are bare above the Knees; the outer and middle Toes are joined by a Skin or Web as far as the first Joint: The middle Claw is not pectinated as in Herons: The Legs and Feet are cover'd with Scales, all of a black Colour.

This Bird was brought from Hudfon's-Bay, very well preferved dry, by Mr. Ifham, who inform'd me they come into those Northern Parts in the Summer Sealon, where they breed, and return Southward at the Approach of Winter. Mr. Catesby has figur'd the Head of this Bird, Vol. I. P. 75. of his Natural History of Carolina, &c. He was inform'd, that great Numbers of them are seen early in the Spring, about the Mouths of Rivers, near St. Augustine in Florida, and that they retire to the Mountains in Summer. Our late Discovery of this Bird in Hudfon's-Bay during the Summer, is, I think, a sufficient Proof that these are Birds of Passage, and change their Situation just as the Stork doth in Europe; going Northward to breed in the Summer, and returning to the South at the Approach of Winter. As Mr. Catefley has figured only the Head of this Bird, and I have discovered something more of its Nature, and given the whole Figure in Miniature, I hope it will be acceptable. It is a Crane of the first Magnitude, and altogether different from the European Crane.

Thee

(133)

The Brown and Ash-colour'd CRANE.

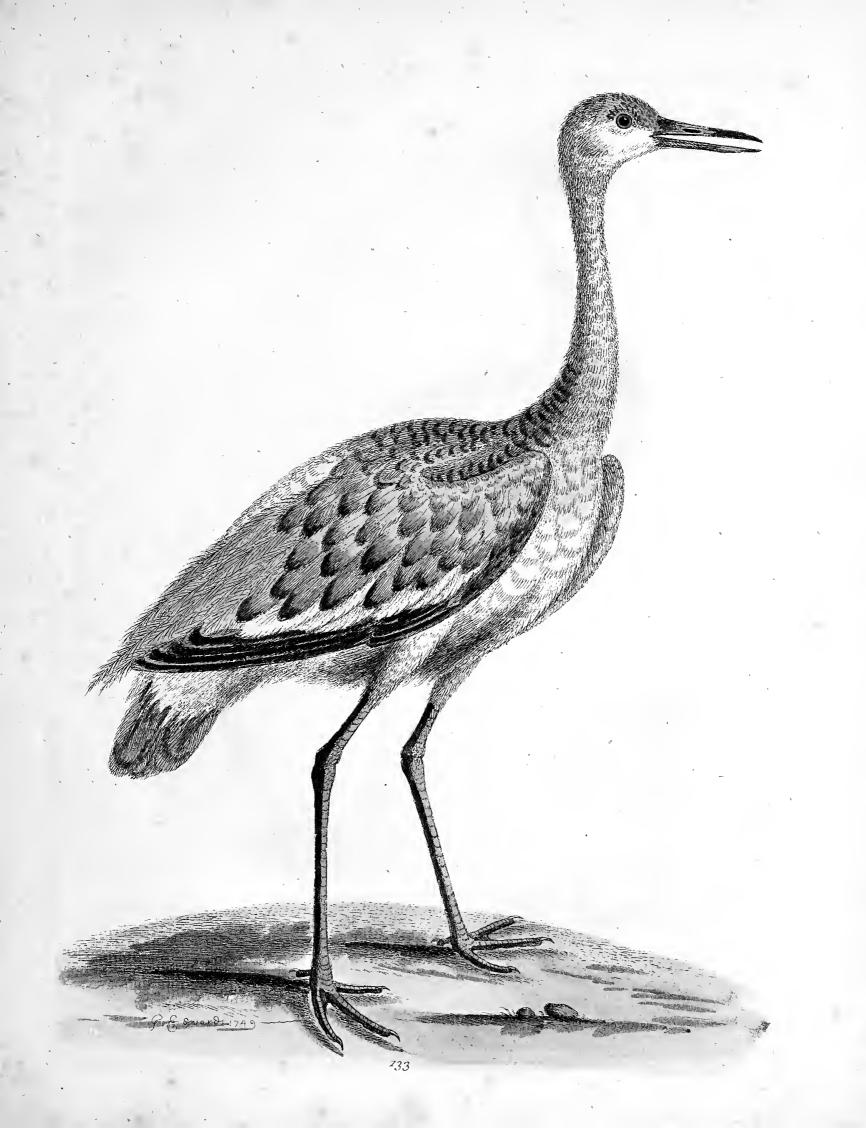
HIS Bird, tho' large, I take to be not a third Part of the Bignefs of the laft defcribed Crane: The Bill is about four Inches long; the Wing when clofed eighteen Inches; the Bone of the Leg from the Knee to the Foot feven Inches long; the middle Toe better than three Inches long. I find the Meafures in this Bird do not exactly bear the fame Proportions with those of the foregoing, tho' they have each of them all the Marks that belong to Birds of the fame Genus.

The Bill of this Bird is made like that of the last described, having a Channel on each Side, with the Nostrils placed therein; of a black or dusky Colour, except the Point of the lower Mandible, which is light Flefh-colour'd. The Top of the Head from the Bill to the Ear-holes is cover'd with a bare Skin of a reddifh Colour, thinly befet with black Hairs; the Sides of the Head beneath the Eyes, and the under Side or Throat is White; the Hinder-part of the Head and the Neck all round are Afh-colour'd; the Bottom of the Neck or Beginning of the Breaft, from Afh-colour gradually becomes Brown; the Beginning of the Back and Covert-Feathers of the Wings are alfo of a light-reddifh Brown, their Tips being fomething darker, which forms an agreeable Variety; the greater Quills are of a blackifh Brown with white Shafts, those that fall next the Back are Brown, and of a loofe, foft Texture, whose Points extend beyond the Prime Quills when the Wings are closed. In the lower Part of the Wing there paffes obliquely above the black Quills a whitifh Afh-colour'd Plat of Feathers; the inner Coverts of the Wings are Ash-Colour. The Tail-Feathers are of a brownish Ash-Colour. The Breast from Brown becomes of an Ash-Colour, which reaches to the Covert-Feathers of the Tail inclusive, growing lighter in its Advance backward; fo that the under Coverts of the Tail are whitish; the lower Part of the Back, the Rump, and upper Coverts of the Tail are of a light Afh-Colour; the Legs are bare of Feathers above the Knees, the outer Toe is joined a little Way to the Middle one; the Legs, Feet and Nails, or Claws, are all of a black Colour.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, who fays, it is found there only in the Summer Seafon. Cranes differ from Herons in the following Particulars; in having the Bill fhorter in Proportion, and not fo fharp-pointed; in having fomething of a Baldnefs on the Head; in having firmer and fhorter Feathers on the Neck and Back; in having Legs longer, and Toes fhorter in Proportion, and in not having the middle Claw toothed. This is to be underftood of the Crane-kind, more ftriftly fo call'd, for fome other Birds have got the Name of Cranes, which I fhould chufe to make a diffinet Genus, to which belongs two forts of crefted Cranes, viz. That call'd the *Balearic Crane*, and the *Numidian Crane*, or *Demoifel* of *Numidia*. The laft of thefe is deferibed in the following Page, and the other in Page 192 of this Work. I cannot difcover that any Defeription or Figure of this Bird hath been yet published, fo that I believe I may pronounce it a Non-defeript. The *Greater Indian Crane* deferibed, P. 45. of this Work, belongs firiftly to the Genus of the above deferibed, as well as the foregoing.

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The DEMOISELLE of NUMIDIA.

THE Drawing of this Bird being taken from the Life, as it walked in a Garden, I could get no Meafures of it; and fhall therefore give them from the Memoirs of the Royal Academy at *Paris*, where a Diffection of it may be feen. "From the Point of the Bill to the Ends of the Feet extended, it was three Feet and an half; the Beak meafur'd two Inches. (I fuppofe it does not mean to the Angles of the Mouth, for that, I believe, would meafure more.) From the Thigh-Bone to the Extremity of the greateft Toe was ten Inches". (I fuppofe this laft Article means from what we call the Knee to the End of the greater Toe.) The above Meafures muft be according to the Standard-Foot of *Paris*. The Bird appear'd to me to be fomething lefs than a Heron. It has its Name from its particular Action in walking, which refembles Dancing, by its frequent Leaping and turning round, varying the Motion of its Head at the fame Time.

The Bill of this Bird, tho' fhort for the Crane-kind, appear'd to me to be longer than the above Meafure: It is ftraight and ends in a Point; the thicker Part next the Head is greenifh; in the middle Part it gradually becomes Yellow; the Point is Red; the Irides of the Eyes are of a finning red Colour; the Head and upper Part of the Neck are Black, except the Crown, which is Grey. Immediately from behind each Eye fprings forth a Tuft of long, foft, white Feathers, which tend backward, and hang down behind in a very graceful Manner, and wave with the leaft Air when the Bird is in Motion. The Fore-part of the Neck is cover'd with foft, long and flender black Feathers, which fall on the Breaft in a very pretty Manner, fometimes clofe, at other Times detached like the Ends of a Lady's Tippet. The Hinder-part of the Neck, the whole Body, Wings and Tail are of a blueifh Afh-Colour, except the greater Quills, which are of a dufky or black Colour; the Tips of the Tail-Feathers are alfo blackifh. It hath pretty long Legs, the Feet not very long, all cover'd with dark or blackifh Scales; the Claws Black; the Legs are bare of Feathers a good Space above the Knees.

Three of thefe Birds were the Property of his Grace the late Duke of Montagu: They were kept at his Houfe on Black-Heath, where the Duke obliged me with a Sight of them, in order to take Draughts. We have a Figure of this Bird in the Memoires de l'Academie Royale des Sciences, depuis 1666, julqu'à 1699, Tome III. Seconde Partie, P. 1. where an Anatomical Defeription may be feen of it, as well as a Collection of all that the Ancients have faid concerning it. Mr. Albin has given a Figure and Defeription of this Bird : See his Numidians-Grane in his Hiftory of Birds, Vol. III. P. 79. which is no more than a very lame and imperfect Figure from that of the Academy, with fome Fragments of its Defeription from the fame Work, as may eafily be feen, if any one thinks proper to compare them. It being a beautiful Bird, and rare with us, I thought an original Figure of it, with an immediate Defeription in our own Language, would be acceptable to the Curious. I believe the Cock and Hen differ little or not at all outwardly in this Species, for the above-mention'd three, and two more which I faw at Sir Charles Wager's were all alike. Mr. N. Robert has publifhed a Copper Plate, with feveral of thefe Birds, in all their dancing Actions, from the Birds kept in the Royal Managery in the Park of Verfailles. See his Book of Prints from Nature of the Birds in the Managery, & publifhed at Paris, Anno 1676.

I.

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The Ash-colour'd HERON from North-America.

HIS Bird differs from our common Heron in being fomething bigger, and of a browner Afh-Colour on its Back, in having no white Feathers on its Forehead, or black Spots on its Sides below the Bottom of the Neck. Some of its Meafures are as follows; from the Point of the Bill to the Angle of the Mouth full fix Inches; the Wing when closed is eighteen Inches long; the Leg Bone from the Knee to the Foot fix Inches and a half; the middle Toe to the End of the Nail or Claw five Inches and a Quarter: The Legs bare of Feathers above Knee three Inches.

The Bill is ftraight, tharp-pointed, and toothed both above and beneath toward the Point. The upper Mandible is channelled and Black of Colour, the Noftrils are placed in the Channels and pretty near the Head; between the Noftril and the Eye the Skin is void of Feathers, and of a greenish, yellow Colour; the lower Mandible is Yellow, or Orange-colour'd; the Eyes are placed over the Angles of the Mouth; the Top of the Head is wholly cover'd with long black Feathers, which form a Creft of feven or eight Inches long, if measur'd from the Base of the Bill backward; the Sides and under Part of the Head is White. The Neck is cover'd with long flender Feathers, of a brownish Colour, barred transversly with Dusky on the Hinder-part: The Feathers on the Fore-part of the Neck have broad white Dashes down their Middles, being Black on each Side, with reddifh-brown Edges, which makes an agreeable Variation; the Back, upper Side of the Wings, and Tail, are of a brownish Ash-Colour; the Covert-Feathers of the Wings are lighter, the Quill and the Tail-Feathers darker. The Skin that connects the Joints of the Wing in its upper Part is cover'd without and within Side with fmall dufky Feathers with reddifh Tips. The Sides under the Wings, and the inner Coverts of the Wings are of a blueifh Afh-Colour; the Breaft is White, fpotted with longifh black Spots, with a little reddifh Brown intermixed; the Thighs are of a reddifh Brown; the lower Belly and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White; the Back is cover'd with Afhcolour'd Down, which is hid by the long Feathers fpringing from the Shoulders; the Knees and the bare Spaces above them are cover'd with yellow Scales; the Legs, from the Knees downwards, and the Feet are cover'd with black or dufky Scales; the Claws are Black, the middle ones pectinated; the outer Toe is joined to the middle one by a Web a little Way; the Toes, especially the back Toe, are much longer in. Proportion to the Legs than in the Crane-kind.

This Bird was brought well preferv'd from Hudfon's-Bay by Mr. Ifham. I cannot differed any Defeription agreeing with the above, fo shall pronounce it a Non-defeript. This is one of the biggest of the Heron-kind: But Mr. Catefby has described one of North-America, seemingly to me, much larger; he has given a Figure of the Head only as big as the Life; he makes the Bill measure from the Point to the Angles of the Mouth seven Inches and three Quarters; and if the other Parts bear Proportion with the Measures of the above deferibed, it must be much bigger than mine. See his largest crefted Heron, P. 10. of the Appendix to his Natural History of Carolina, \mathfrak{Sc} .

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The BITTERN from Hudson's-Bay.

N comparing this Bird with a Bittern taken near London, I found it fomething lefs: The Wing when clofed in this was under twelve Inches; in the English Bird it was full fourteen. In the American Bird, the Bill from the Point to the Angles of the Mouth was a little under four Inches; the Leg from the Knee to the Foot three Inches and a half; the Length of the middle Toe to the End of the Claw was equal to the Length of the Leg. In the European Bird these Measures were all fomething more. It is very much of the Colour and Make of our Bittern, and hardly to be known from it but by Comparison.

The Bill is straight, pretty thick toward the Head, lessening gradually to a Point ; the Top of the upper Mandible, and the Point of the Bill are Black; the Edges of the Upper, and two Parts in three of the lower Mandible, next the Head, are Yellow; the Noftrils are placed in Channels on the Sides of the upper Mandible of the Bill, which is jagged or pectinated on its Edges near the Point; the Eye is placed above the Angle of the Mouth, which extends backward beyond it. Between the Noftril and Eye is a naked yellow Skin; the Top of the Head is cover'd with longifh, foft, black Feathers; the Sides of the Head with Reddifh; the under Part or Throat with white Feathers; the Neck is cover'd with long flender Feathers, the Hinderpart Brown, the Fore-part White, fpotted with reddiff-brown Spots, edged with Black on their Sides, tending downward; the Back, Rump, Tail, and Coverts of the Wings are of a bright-reddifh Brown, confuledly variegated with a Mixture of transverse black Lines. The first five or fix of the prime Quills are wholly Black; those next them are Black with reddish Tips; the Remainder of the Quills next the Back are Reddifh and Black like the Feathers on the Back; the Infides of the Quills are Afh-Colour; the Coverts within Side of the Wings are of a whitifh Yellow, with faint transverse Lines of Black. The Belly, Thighs, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are whitish; the Belly and Thighs are spotted with longish Spots, tending downward, of a red Brown, border'd round and spotted in their inner Parts with Black; the Legs are bare a little Way above the Knees; the Toes pretty long in Proportion to the Legs; the middle Claw is toothed, the hinder Claw very long, the middle and outer. Toe are joined a little Way by a Skin. Both Legs and Feet are cover'd with Scales of a yellow Colour.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, and I take it to be a Non-defcript Species. I have flrictly compar'd it with the common Bittern; and the Curious who would compare this Defcription with that of our common Bittern may fee it in *Willughby*'s Ornithology, *P*. 283.

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(137)

The Greater American GODWIT.

H IS Bird feem'd to be a good Deal bigger than a Woodcock. Some of its principal Meafures are as follows; the Bill is full four Inches long, the Wing when clofed eight Inches and a half, the Leg from the Knee to the Foot near three Inches, the middle Toe one Inch three Quarters; the Legs are bare of Feathers one Inch and a half above the Knee.

The Bill is long, ftraight, and pretty flender; the upper Mandible a little longer than the Nether; that Half of its Length next the Head is of a bright Yellow, which changes gradually to Dufky, until it becomes Black at the Point. The Noftrils are placed pretty near the Head, and the Eyes more diftant from the Bill than in other Birds. It hath a dufky footted Line paffing from the Bill through the Eye; above the Eye is a white Line; the Sides of the Head beneath the Eyes, and the under Part of the Head are White. The Top of the Head, Hinder-part of the Neck, Back, and Covert-Feathers of the Wings are of a dark-brown Colour, with transverse black Lines, mixed in a broken and confused Manner; the Rump and upper Side of the Tail are lighter and of a brighter Brown, barred acrofs with Black; the greater Quills of the Wings are dark Brown or Black; those next them, and their particular Coverts, are Orange-Colour, powder'd with fmall black Spots; the Remainder of the Quills that fall next the Rump are Brown and Black like the Back of the Bird. The Covert-Feathers on the Ridge of the Wing, that fall over the prime Quills, are Dufky with white Tips: The inner Coverts of the Wings are Orange-Colour. The Fore-part of the Neck is light Brown, with fmall black Spots tending downwards; the Breaft is also light Brown, with fine dufky transverse Lines; the Belly, Thighs, and Coverts under the Tail are of a brownish White; the Sides under the Wings whitish, with fine transverse dusky Lines; the Coverts beneath the Tail have also fine transverse dusky Lines. The Legs are bare of Feathers a good Way above the Knees, the outer Toe is joined to the middle one by a Membrane; the Legs and Feet are all cover'd with Scales of a dufky or black Colour.

This Bird was brought from Hudfon's-Bay by Mr. Ifham. It is bigger than any Bird defcribed under this Name by Mr. Willughby, and differs much in Defcription, fo that it may be deemed a Non-defcript. It is called by the English at Hudfon's-Bay, a Curlew. See Willughby's Defcriptions of this Tribe of Birds, in his Ornithology, P. 292, 293.









(138)

The Red-breasted GODWIT.

HIS Bird is fomething less than the last defcribed. The Bill Meafures a little more than three Inches; the Wing when closed is feven Inches and an half long; the Leg from the Knee to the Foot two Inches and a quarter; the middle Toe one Inch and half. It feems to be full as big or rather bigger than a Woodcock.

The Bill is long and ftraight, the Noftrils are placed pretty near the Head; the Point of the Bill is Black, then becoming Dusky, the better half next the Head is Yellow; from the Bill on each Side paffes a dusky mixed Line through each Eye, and a whitish Line above each Eye; the Sides of the Head and Throat are White, with fome faint dusky Spots; the Top of the Head, the Neck all round in its upper Part, (but in its lower only behind,) and the Back are cover'd with dark Brown Feathers variegated with black dusky Lines; the Rump is White, the Tail of a blackish Brown, the Feathers being tipped with whitish Ash-Colour; the prime Quills of the Wings are blackish-brown with white Shafts; there is also a little Whiteness on the Edges of their Webs near their Bottoms; the other Quills that fall toward the Back are of a reddifh-Brown and Black, interchangeably pectinated into each other on their Webs; the Covert-Feathers immediately above the Quills are Brown; having White Tips; the leffer Coverts on the out-fides of the Wing are light Brown; the inner Coverts are dark Alh or blackish; the fmaller ones near the Ridge are tipped with White; the lower Part of the Neck, the Breaft, and Belly are of a reddifh Orange-Colour, with fmall tranverfe Lines of Black. On the Sides, Thighs and Coverts under the Tail, fome light Afh-Colour is intermixed with the Orange and Black. The Legs are bare of Feathers above the Knees; the outer and middle Toe are connected by a Membrane a little Way. This Tribe of Birds has its Toes pretty broad and flat at their Bottoms, the better to Support them from finking in Sand and wet Grounds, fuch as they frequent. The Legs. Feet and Claws are Black.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, and differs very greatly in Colour from any of this Genus yet defcribed, they all of them having white or light-colour'd under Sides; fo that I think, it may justly be counted a Non-defcript.

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(139)

The WHITE-GODWIT from Hudson's-Bay.

HIS Bird is of the Size of the Red-breafted Godwit last describ'd, and its Measures agree pretty nearly therewith, except the Bill which is rather longer, and turns upward toward its Point, like that of the *Avosetta* [Recurvirosta.] See the Hindermost of the two Birds figured in the Plate.

The Bill is of an Orange-Colour, but Black at the Point; it bends gradually upwards like a Scythe, and is juftly reprefented in the Figure. The Plumage of this Bird is White all over, excepting the Tail, the greater Quills, and the fmall Feathers on the Ridge of the Wing, which are of a dirty or yellowifh White; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are light-brown; the Legs are bare above the Knees; the outer Toe is joined to the middle one; the Legs, Feet and Claws are all of a dark Brown Colour.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*. We have in *England* a Bird of this Genus, (perhaps the very fame) with a turn-up Bill; of a brown and black. Mixture above, and light-colour'd beneath. I take the White Godwit to be changed by the Coldnefs of the *American* Winter, and that it returns again in Summer to its Brown Colour.

The WHITE RED-SHANK or POOL-SNIPE.

HIS is the Bird standing foremost in the Plate, and is reduced in Size to the fame Proportion with that behind it. The Bill is above two Inches long; the Wing when closed near feven Inches.

The Bill is Black at the Point, all the reft of it being Orange-colour'd. The Plumage is all White, except a little transverse Mixture of pale Brown or dirty White on the Back, Wings and Tail; the greater Quills are of a darker Shade of White than the other Wing Feathers; the inner Coverts of the Wings have some faint Spots on the White; the Legs and Feet are of a bright reddish Orange-Colour; the Legs are bare above the Knees; the three forward Toes seem to be all webbed together as far as the first Joint.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*. I am confident from its Shape, Size, Proportions, and its faint Marks, that it can be no other than the *Pool-Snipe*, or *Red-fhank*, frequently found in our Country, and only changed White by the exceffive Cold of the *Hudfon's-Bay* Winter.









The SPOTTED-PLOVER.

HIS Bird in Size, Make, and Proportion of Parts agrees with our Green Plover, having like that only three Toes on a Foot, and all ftanding forward. Its Bill is an Inch long, the Wing when closed feven Inches and a half; the Leg from the Knee to the Bottom of the Heel near two Inches; the middle Toe and Claw near an Inch long.

The Bill is Black, and almost straight, bending a very little downward toward the Point. The upper Mandible has Channels on its Sides, in which the Noftrils are placed; the Forehead is White almost to the Bill, and only parted from it by a Line of black Feathers; from the white on the Forehead proceed white Lines, which pafs above each Eye, and then tend downward on each Side of the Neck; then turning forward, join, and form a white Collar, which parts the Neck and Breaft. The under Side of the Head and Throat, which is encompaffed by the white Line, is Black; the Top of the Head, Hinder-Side of the Neck, the Back, Rump, and Covert-Feathers of the Wings are of a dark Brown or blackish Colour, very beautifully fpotted with a brightish Yellow inclining to Orange. If a fingle Feather be ob-ferved, it is blackish with yellow Spots indented all round the Border of its Web; the greater Quills of the Wings are of a dusky Black, the Edges of their Webs lighter; the Quills next the Back, and the Tail-Feathers are black and brown transversly, fucceeding each other in Bars; the Ridge of the Wing that falls on the Breaft has a mixture of white Feathers with the Dufky; the Infides of the Wings are of a lightifh-brown Afh-Colour: The whole under Side, from the Collar of White tothe Coverts under the Tail, is of a deep Black, except a few white Spots on the Covert-Feathers under the Tail. The Legs are bare of Feathers a little above the Knees; the outer Toe on each Foot is joined to the middle one as far as the first Joint. It hath only three Toes all flanding forward; the Legs and Feet are Black in the Toes have a fort of Edges on their Sides, which make them broad at their Bottoms.

This Bird was brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Isham. I fuppose when it is living it has a bright thining Eye, because I find by my Friend Mr. Isham's Account, that the English fettled in Hudson's-Bay call it the Hawk's-Eye. It is undoubtedly a Species of Plover, altogether different and distinct from any thing which has been hitherto described, and I believe may justly be received as a Non-descript.

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(141)

The TURN-STONE from Hudson's-Bay.

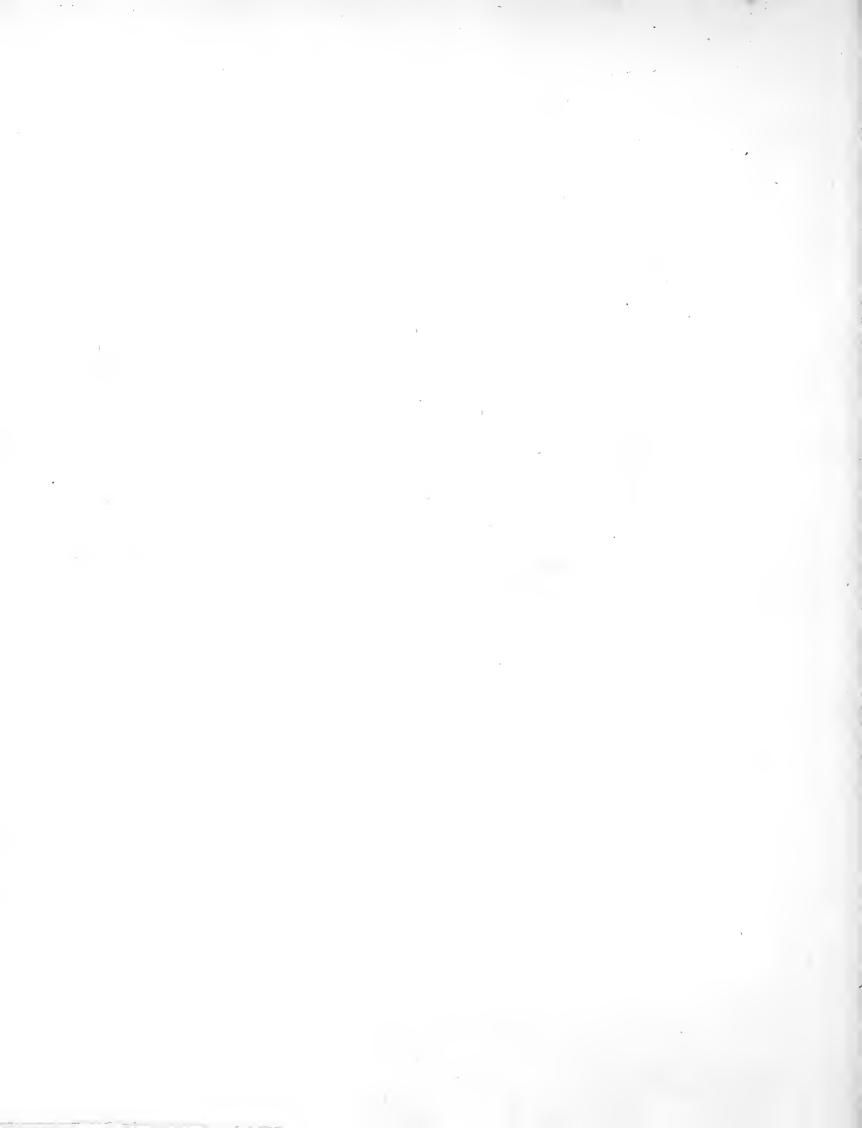
HE Bird is here figured of its natural Bignefs. Its Bill is ftraight and fharp pointed, arched rather on the under Side than the upper, the better to enable it to turn Stones and Clods from it, in order to feed on Worms and Infects that lie under them on the Sea-Shores.

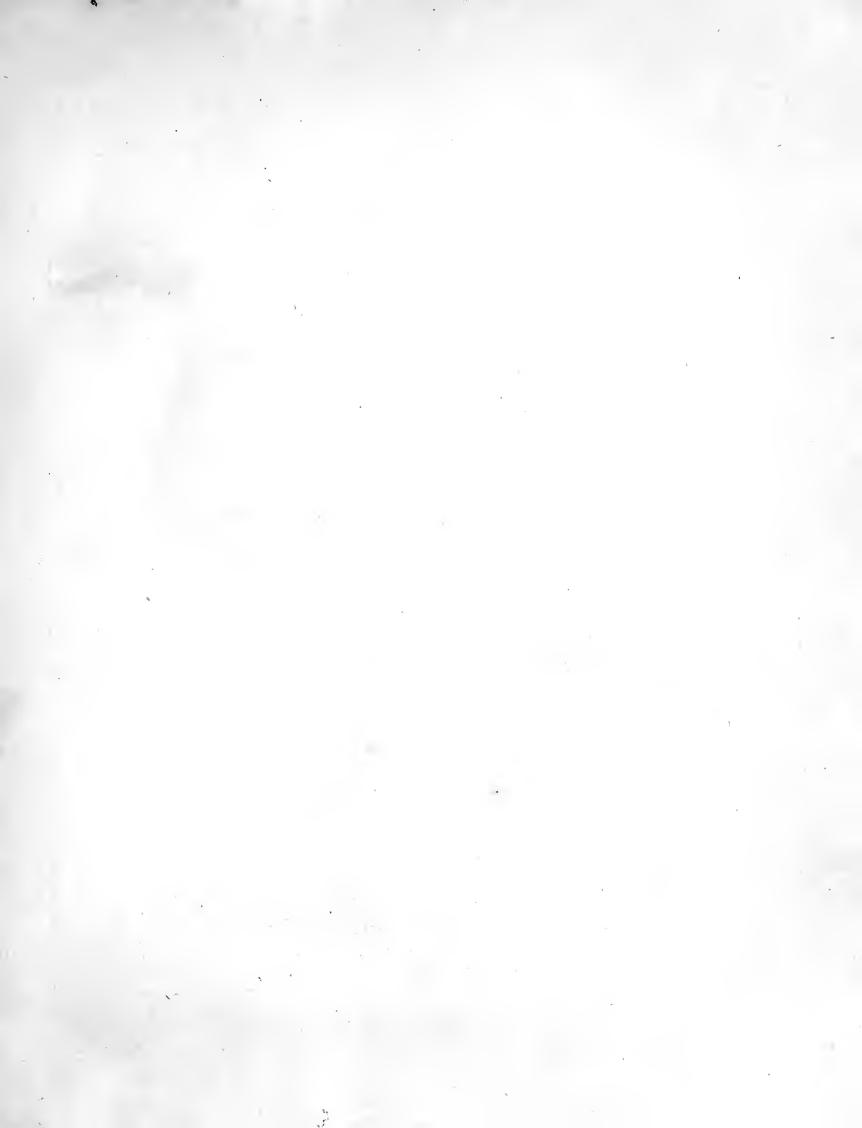
The Bill is Black, except the Bafe of the lower Mandible which is Flefh-colour'd; the Head is White pyed with Black, in the following manner; a black Line or Bar paffes over the Forehead from Eye to Eye, and proceeding to the Fore-parts of the Eyes forms a pretty large black Spot under each Eye, which Spots are joined by Lines to the Angles of the Mouth. Other black Lines proceed from these Spots down the Sides of the Throat, and join there to a black Collar which encompasses the Neck behind, and covers the Breast pretty deep before, and passes on the Sides under the Shoulders or joints of the Wings; there are also some longish black Spots on the Crown and Hinder-part of the Head, tending downwards; the lower Part of the Neck beneath the Black Collar is White; the Back is cover'd with Orange-colour'd Feathers, which are Black or Dufky in their Middles, fo as to make an agreeable Mixture of Black and Orange. The lower Part of the Back is White, below which is a Half-Moon-like Plat of Black Feathers; beyond these the Covert-Feathers on the upper Side of the Tail are White; the Tail is Black, but all the Feathers of it are tipped with White. The first or outermost of the Prime Quills are Black with White Shafts; the next following are Black with White Tips: the fucceeding almost White: Those that fall over the Back or Rump are Orange and Black, like the Back, transverily marked with the Black; the first Row of Covert-Feathers change their Colours, according to the Quills they cover, being of the fame Colours with the Quills; the leffer Covert-Feathers of the Wings are of a light brownish Ash-Colour, with some White intermixed on the Verge that falls on the black Part of the Breaft. Between the Back and Wing is placed a longifh Plat of White Feathers; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are White; the Belly, Sides, Thighs and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White; the Legs and Feet are of a bright Orange-Colour; the Claws are Black; the Legs are bare of Feathers a little above the Knees.

This Bird was brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Islam. Mr. Catelby, has defcribed one of this Species from the Coast of Florida: See his History of Carolina, Vol. I. P. 72. The Turn-Stone is also found on the Western Coasts of England. See its Description in Willughby, P. 311. but as Willughby's and Catelby's differ from each other, and mine widely from them both, I believe them to be three distinct Species; the above describ'd, at least from its great difference, I must pronounce a Nondescript. It agrees very nearly in Size, Shape of Body and Parts with the Turn-Stone found with us, but differs very greatly in Colour.

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The Red Coot-footed TRINGA.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Bigness. It is another Species of an intirely new discover'd Genus of Birds, first defcribed in the Figure of the *Coot-footed Tringa*, P. 46 of the first Part of this Work.

It hath a longifh, ftraight, flender Bill, of an Orange-Colour, with a black Point; it is broader than deep, in the Manner of a Duck's Bill; and is channelled on the upper Side from the Nostrils toward the Point. It hath a light Clay-colour'd Line paffing above the Eye; the Head, Hinder-part of the Neck, and the Back are of a reddiff Brown; or Orange-Colour; the middle Parts of the Feathers being Dusky, and thereby forming blackish Spots all over the upper Side of the Bird. The greater Quills of the Wings are Black; the next following Black, with deep Tips and narrow Edges of White; the Innermost that fall next the Back are Dusky, with broad Orange-colour'd Borders like those on the The first Row of Coverts next above the Quills are blackish, Back. with white Tips, but not fo deep as the greater Quills; the leffer Coverts of the Wings are lighter, or of an Ash-Colour, some of the Feathers being a little fringed with White. The inner Covert-Feathers of the Wings are White with a few faint transverse Lines of a dusky Colour; the Rump is White with fome dusky Spots; the Tail and its Covert-Feathers above are of an Orange-colour'd Brown, the Middles of the Feathers being dusky; the under Side, Neck, Breaft, Belly, Thighs and Coverts under the Tail are all of an even dull Red, or Brick-Colour. The Legs are bare of Feathers above the Knees; the Toes are fcalloped on their Sides with a Sort of Web or Skin, that is pretty stiff and bears itself out: The hinder Toe has only a small Scallop at its Bottom; the Scallops on the Toes are according to the Number of Joints, fo as to indent at every Joint, as they are observed to do. in the Feet of Coots. They have fmall Claws; both Legs and Feet are of a dusky Colour, a little inclining to Green.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, and is plainly a diffinct Species from that defcribed, *P*. 46 of this Work, and I believe, may be with Juffice pronounced a Non-defcript.

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L

(143)

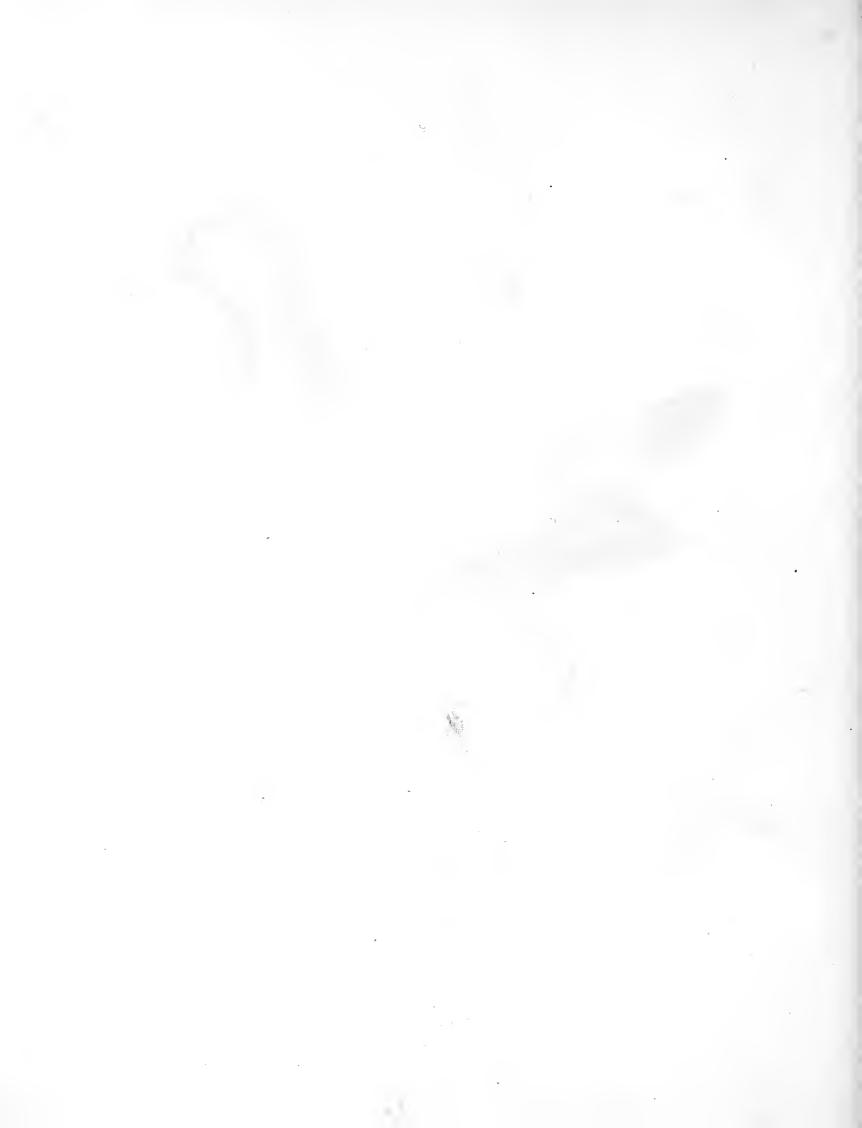
The Cock Coot-footed TRINGA.

HE Bird here figured is of its natural Bigness. I take it to be the Male of the Bird described, P. 46. of this Work, by the Name of *Coot-footed Tringa*, it agreeing with that, according to the general Agreements seen between Cock and Hen. They both differ from the last described, in that their Bills are not broader than deep; which Breadth of Bill is manifest in that, it being compressed like a Duck's Bill.

The Bill is Black of Colour, flender, and ending in a Point. The upper Mandible is longer than the Nether, and a little bent downward. It hath a blackifh Line paffing from the Nostril through the Eye; the under Side of the Head and Throat is White; from behind each Eye a Line of Orange-Colour paffes down on each Side of the Neck, and joins on the Fore-part of the Middle of the Neck beneath the white Throat. The Top of the Head, Hinder-part of the Neck above, all round the lower Part of the Neck, Back, and Covert-Feathers of the Wings are of an Afh-Colour; the greater Quills are Black, the next to them or middle Quills, Black with White Tips; the Remainder next the Back are of a dufky Brown. The first Row of Covert-Feathers above the Quills are dark Ash-colour'd with white Tips; the inner Coverts of the Wings are White with dufky transverse Lines; between the Back and Wing a few of the long Feathers are edged with Orange-Colour; the Rump is Dufky and White, mixed in transverse Lines; the Tail is dufky; the Breaft, Belly, Thighs and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White; the Legs are bare of Feathers above the Knees; the Legs, Feet and Claws are of a Lead-Colour; the Toes are all scalloped with Webs just in the Manner of the last defcribed.

This Bird was brought with the foregoing by Mr. Ifham from Hudfon's-Bay; and if it be not the Male of that defcribed in P. 46. (as I fuppofe it to be) it must be an older Bird, arrived at its full Perfection of Plumage. This Bird, I believe, hath never been defcribed. I find Mr. John Ray, in a fmall Treatife fet forth by him; intitled English Words, with a Catalogue of English Birds and Fishes, &c. when he speaks of the Coot, adds as follows, "Mr. Johnson of Brigna, near Grota-"Bridge, Yorkshire, shew'd me a Bird of the Coot-kind, Scallop-toed, and not "much bigger than a Black-Bird". As Mr. Ray has faid so little of his Bird, it cannot be determined whether his had any Agreement or not with what I have deferibed.









(144)

The Little American WATER HEN.

HIS Bird is here figured of its natural Size. It is in Shape and Colour fomething like our Water-Rail, but a little lefs, and differs from it principally in having its Bill but half the Length of the Rail's Bill.

The Bill is straight, pretty thick at its Bafe, ending in a Point; the Noftrils are placed in Grooves near the Edges of the upper Mandible; it has a little Baldnefs at the Bafe of the upper Mandible, running into the Forehead, as in the Coot. The whole Bill is of a fine yellow Colour; the Bafe of the Bill is encompassed round with black Feathers, narrow above, but on the Throat extending downward near two Inches; the Sides of the Head all round the Eyes, the Sides of the Neck, and the Breaft are of a light, pleafant, blue Afh-Colour; the Top of the Head, Hinder-part of the Neck, the Back, Wings and Tail are all of a brown Colour; the middle Parts of the Feathers being Dusky, fo that they appear Brown with blackifh Spots; the leffer Coverts of the Wings are wholly Brown; fome of the middle Quills and their Coverts have whitish Edges; the Edge or Border of the Wing is White; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are White, with faint transverse dusky Lines. The Belly, Thighs, and Coverts beneath the Tail are White, with a faint Cloud or Shade of Brown; the Sides, from the Bottom of the Neck to the Tail are White, with broken transverse Lines of Black, with a little Brown intermixed; the Legs and Feet are large in Proportion to the Bird, and of a dull green Colour; the Toes are long, the middle 'Toe being of an equal-Length with the Leg below the Knee; it is bare of Feathers above the Knees.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifbam*, and I believe, hath never been defcribed. I find in Mr. *Catefby's* Hift. of *Carolina*, &c. Vol. I. P. 70. a Bird of this Species, which I imagine may be the Hen of the above defcribed. He calls it the *Soree*. I have alfo received a fmall *Water-Hen* from *Sweden*, which comes very near Mr. *Catefby's*, on Comparison with it: Mine differs principally from Mr. *Catefby's*, in having a blueifh Neck and Breaft, a black Throat, and Ring round its Bill, and a whiter Belly.

(145)

The Eared or Horned DOB-CHICK.

HIS Bird is about the Bignels of a Teal; it hath fmall Wings, and large Legs and Feet in Proportion to its Body. I take it to be a Cock Bird, and believe I have already defcribed its Hen, in P. 96. of this Work, the fecond defcribed Bird; the under defcribed differs from that in being a little Bigger, in being more Buffle-headed, and in having its Colours a little brighter. The Bill from its Point to the Angles of the Mouth is an Inch and a Quarter long; the Wing when closed fix Inches long; the Leg an Inch and three Quarters; the middle Toe two Inches long.

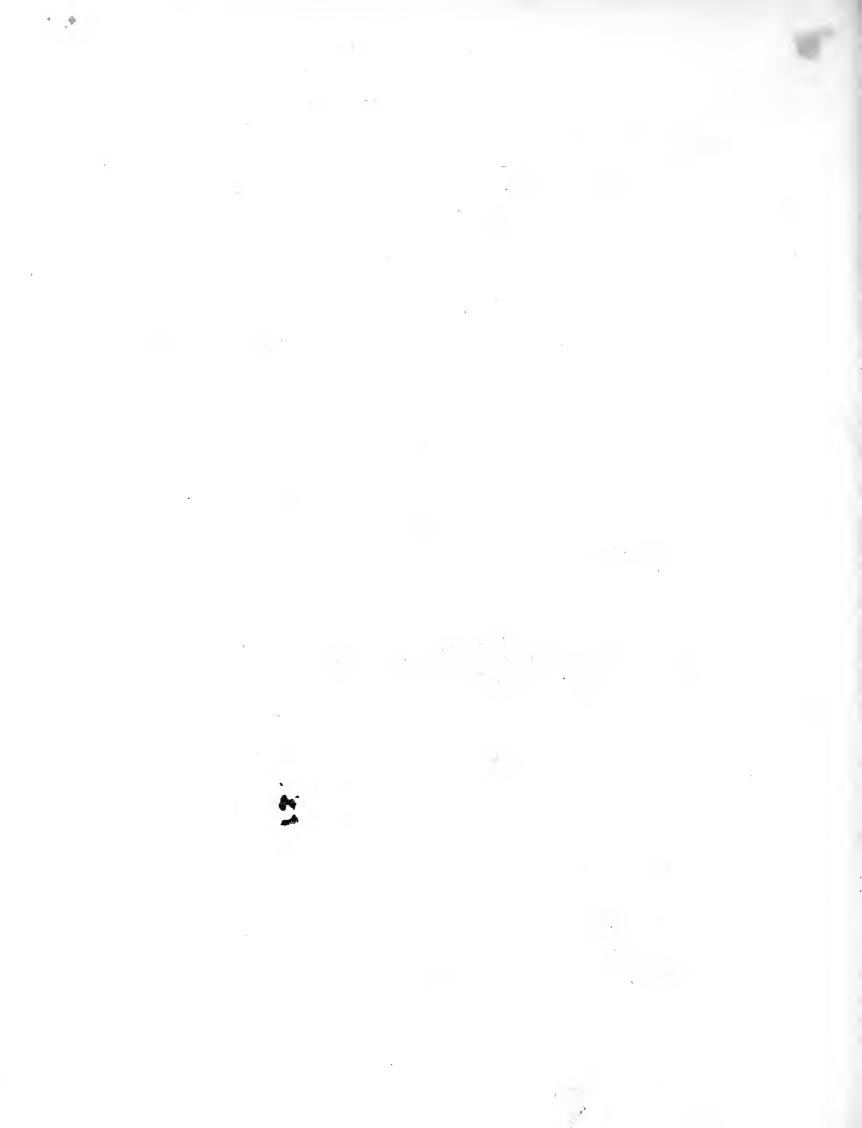
The Bill is straight and sharp-pointed; the Tip of it White; the Base of the lower Mandible Flesh-colour'd, the Remainder Black, or Dusky; the Nostrils are placed in Furrows; it hath alfo fome oblique Indentures on the Sides of the lower Mandible; from the Corner of the Mouth to the Eye there paffes a Line of Skin, bare of Feathers, of a red Colour; the Head is cover'd with long black Feathers, with a fhining green Glofs, and appears much bigger than it is. From behind the Eyes, immediately on each Side, paffes a Line of long, loofe, yellowifh, Orangecolour'd Feathers, which almost join on the Hinder-part of the Head, and hang a little downward, and form a Kind of Creft; the Hinder-part of the Neck and the Back is of a blackish Brown; the Coverts of the Wings are Ash-colour'd; it hath about thirty Quills in each Wing, fome of the first of which are Dusky or Blackish, then follow about a dozen White ones; the Remainder of the Quills next the Back are (like the Back) of a dirty Brown; the inner Coverts of the Wings are White; the inner Web of the Quills within Side, appears also Whitish; the Neck fuddenly appears fmall below the Buffle-Head; the Fore-part of the Neck, and Beginning of the Breaft is of a reddiff. Orange-Colour, a little broken into the White on the Breaft; the whole Belly is White, with a Silver-like Glofe. On the Sides, for the whole Length of the Body, where the dark Brown of the Back joins with the White on the Belly, there is a Mixture of dirty Orange-Colour, blended equally into the Brown of the upper Side, and the White on the Nether. It hath no Appearance of a Tail. The Legs are placed at the End of the Body, and the Thighs are fo bound within the Skin that they cannot be moved backward or forward as in other Birds; fo that, when on Land, they must of Necessity walk upright. The Legs are flat and broad, the better to cut the Water; the three Toes that stand forward have stiff Webs or Fins on each Side of every Toe, and are divided from each other almost to their Bottoms; the hinder Toe has only one little Web; the Nails on the Toes are broad and flat, like those on human Fingers; the Legs are bare knee'd (but not above the Knees) and toothed or jagged on their Hinder-parts, of a blueish Ash-Colour on their outer Sides, and inclining to Fleth-Colour on their Infides.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, and I believe it to be a Non-defcript Species, but not confined to *America* only; for that defcribed, *P*. 96, which I fuppofe to be the Hen of this, was taken near *London*, but was there fo rare as not to be known.

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The









(146)

The speckled DIVER, or LOON.

HIS Bird appeared to me to be of the Bigness of a Tame Duck. Its Bill from the Point to the Angles of the Mouth was three Inches; the Wing when closed was eleven Inches; the Leg near three Inches; the middle and outer Toes near four Inches long. I am inform'd that this Bird is the Cock of the *Red-Throat-Ducker*, defcribed *P.* 97 of this Work.

The Bill is strait, ending in a sharp Point, and Black of Colour; the Feathers from the Forehead cover the Bill almost to the Nostrils; the Fore-part of the Head is Black; the Hinder-part of the Head and Neck is of a light Afh-Colour; on the Fore-part of the Neck, from the lower Part of the Head to the Breaft, is a long black Spot having a changeable Glofs of Purple and Green; this Spot, or Mark of Black, is divided from the Afh-Colour on the Hinder-part of the Neck, by Lines of White, fpotted with Black, that pass down the Sides of the Neck, and cover the Sides of the Breaft at the Bottom of the black Throat; the Back, upper Sides of the Wing, and Tail are cover'd with black Feathers, fpotted with White in fome Parts, viz. on the long Feathers that fall from the Shoulders, and partly cover the Back, with large fquare white Spots, which form a Sort of Checkers on the Back; the Covert Feathers of the Wings are marked with fmall round white Spots; the greater Quills, Rump, and Tail are spotles; it hath some White on the Ridge of the Wing; the inner Covert-Feathers of the Wings are White; the Sides under the Wings, and the Outfides of the Thighs are Black; the Belly is White; the Coverts beneath the Tail White, with some transverse Marks of Black; the Legs and Feet are Black, but the Infides of the Legs incline a little to Flefh-Colour; the outer Toe is equal in Length to the middle Toe; the three Toes forward are webbed together as in Ducks; it hath a fmall Web within Side of the inner Toe, and a very small Back-Toe: Its Nails are flat like those of a Man's Hand; the Legs are broad and flat.

This Bird was brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Isham, together with one of those I have described, P. 97. He fays, they are Male and Female. These Birds are common to the Northern Parts both of Europe and America; the above described being no other than the Lumme of Wormius, a farther Account of it may be seen in Willughby's Ornithology, P. 343. They are sometimes taken by the Greenland Whale-Fishers, and they are known to breed in Norway. Mr. Isham stays, the Natives of Hudson's-Bay call this Bird Moquo.

M

(147)

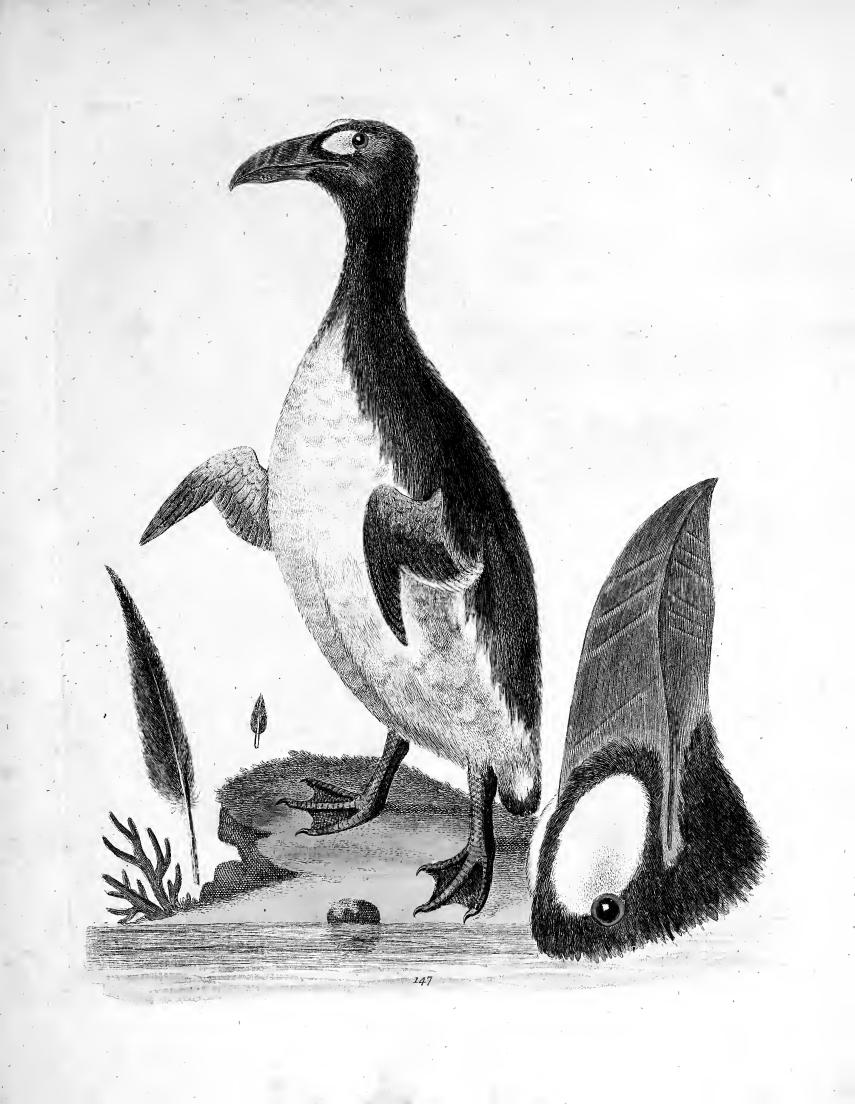
The Northern PENGUIN.

THIS Bird is about the Bigness of a Tame Goose. The Head and Bill are represented of their natural Bigness, by which one may the better judge of the Size of the Bird.

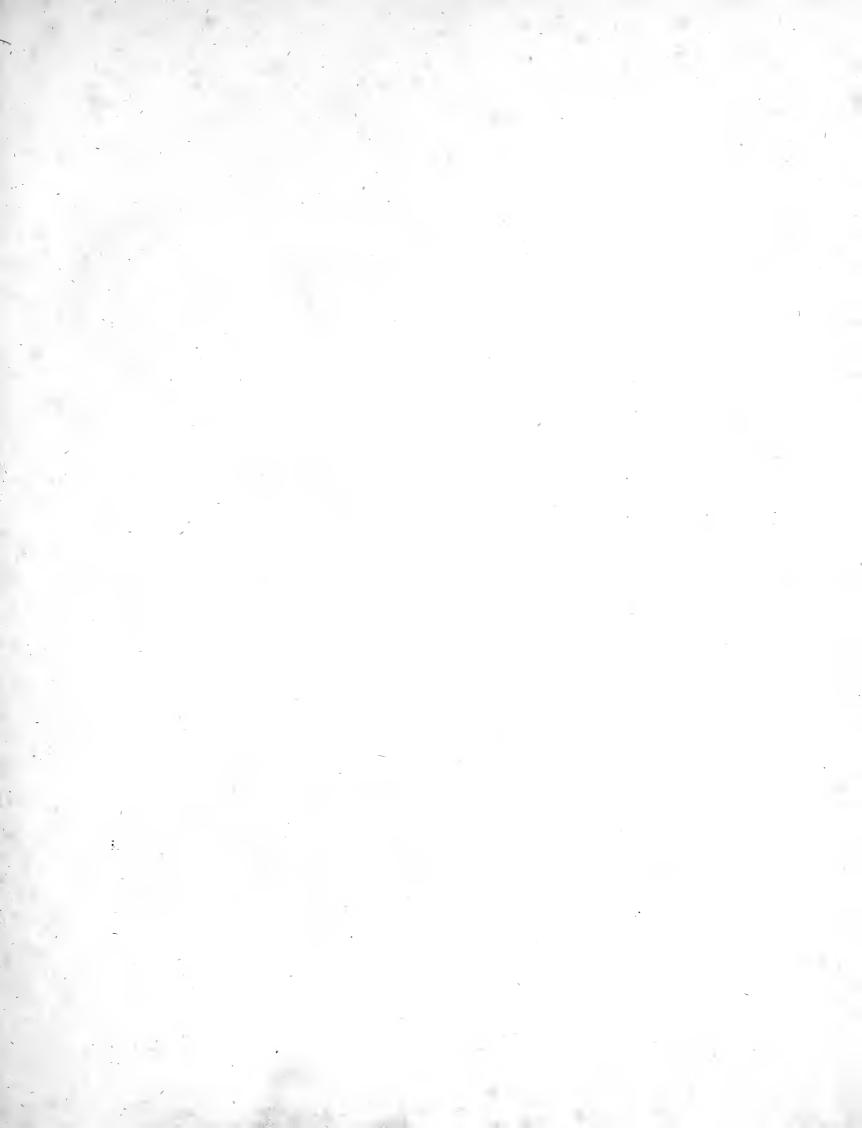
The Bill is compreffed Sideways, and of a dufky or black Colour : It hath a Knob or Angle on the under Side, and is furrowed or grooved obliquely on the Sides of both the upper and lower Mandibles, as the Figure expresses. The Head and Neck, (about half-way before, and its whole Length behind,) as also the Back, Tail and upper Sides of the Wings, are of a deep Black; the Feathers are very foft and even, having a Gloss like Sattin. The Eyes are placed pretty near, above the Angles of the Mouth, which are deep. Between the Bill and the Eyes, on each Side of the Head, is a large oval white Spot: The Crown of the Head is very flat, the white Spots rifing on the Sides rather higher than the Middle of the Crown of the Head. The Prime Quills are Black, the longest not three Inches and a half long, (See its natural Size in the Figure.) The inner Quills, or those next the Body are tipped with White; The inner Covert-Feathers of the Wing are whitish; the Breaft, Belly and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White; the Feathers on the under Side are of the common Structure, being more firm than those on the Upper. The Legs and Feet are cover'd with black Scales; it hath only three Toes, all flanding forward, and webbed. together. It hath pretty ftrong black Claws.

This Bird I procured of the Master of a Newfoundland Fishing-Veffel, who told me, it was taken with their Fish-baits, on the Fishing-banks of Newfoundland, near an hundred Leagues from Shore. This Bird hath already been figur'd and described; but the Figure has a Ring round the Neck in Willughby, which is not found in the natural Bird and the Defcriptions are not clear; it is also confounded with the Southern Penguins, and Mr. Willughby feems to think them and the Northern the fame Birds; but I, who have feen feveral both from the South and North, am fo far from being of his Opinion, that I should rather make them of two distinct Tribes of Birds. The Southern has four Toes on a Foot, tho' Mr. Willughby fays Clufius's Figure is falfe in having four Toes, whereas it is confirmed to me to be true. The Southern has also different Wings, and nothing on them to be called Feathers: See one of the Prime Quills figur'd in the Plate, together with a Quill of the Northern, both being of their natural Size. See the Penguins from the South, Plate 49 and 94 of this Work. I have figur'd this Bird principally to fhow, that the above defcribed Bird is a diftinct Species, if not of a different Genus, from those called Penguins, about the Streights of Magellan, and the Cape of Good Hope. The above defcrib'd is a Bird common to the Northern Parts both of Europe and America, it being found in the Islands of Ferro, belonging to Norway : See what Mr. Willughby has faid and collected of *Penguins* in his Ornithology, P. 322, 323. All the Penguins have escaped. Mr. Albin's Notice.

Tbe:









(148)

The ARCTICK BIRD, Supposed to be the Cock.

THIS Bird in Bignefs feems to exceed a common Tame Pigeon. Some of its principal Measures are as follow: The Bill from the Point to the Angles of the Mouth is one Inch and an half; to the Feathers on the Forehead only an Inch; the Wing (when closed) is twelve Inches long; the middle Feathers of the Tail are thirteen Inches long; the Leg from the Knee downward is near two Inches; the middle Toe an Inch and a Quarter. This Bird differs from the Gull [Larus] in having a differentmade Bill, and weaker Legs, and shorter Toes in Proportion to the Legs; for the middle Toe in the Gull generally exceeds the Length of the Leg. This being found in the Northern Parts of America, near the Arctick Circle, I have for Diffinction imposed on it the above Name, in Opposition to that Sort of Gull with a long Tail, found about or between the Tropicks, commonly call'd the Tropick Bird; which is near the Size of our Arctick Bird.

The Bill is compressed Sideways, hooked at the Point, and hath two Grooves on each Side of the upper Mandible, in the Loweft of which are placed the Noftrils, which are very close; the Point or Hook of the Bill is separated from the other Part by a crofs Furrow; it hath an Angle under the lower Mandible; the Point of the Bill is Blackifh, the Remainder of a dirty Flefh-Colour; the Top of the Head is of a dufky or black Colour; the Sides of the Head beneath the Eyes, the Throat, Neck all round, the Breaft and Belly are White; the Thighs, lower Belly, and Coverts under the Tail are of a light Afh-Colour; the lower Part of the Neck behind, the whole Back, the Wings (both above and within Side) and the Tail are of a darkifh Afh-Colour; the greater Quills and the Tail-Feathers being darkifh, approaching to Black. The Shafts of a few of the outermost of the Prime Quills are White ; the Wings are very long and narrow when fpread; the Tail-Feathers are fhortest on the Sides, and gradually increase in Length, to the two middlemost, which fuddenly fhoot out beyond the reft to a great Excess; the Legs are bare of Feathers above the Knees, where they are of a black Colour; from the Knees to the Feet they are of a bright-yellow Colour; the Feet are Black, and the three Toes forward webbed as in Ducks ; the hinder Toe is very fmall; the Hinder-parts of the Legs and Bottoms of the Eeet are rough, like a File or Fifh-fkin, in a very remarkable Manner; it hath but fmall Claws.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, with one like it, which I fuppofe to be its Hen; tho' it had not the long Feathers in the Tail. They are undoubtedly Non-defcripts, and of a Genus, I think, of which I have not met with another Species. They are fomething like the Peteril Kind in the Bill, but want the Pipe-like Noftrils on its upper Part. They have alfo a Back-Toe, whereas the Peterils have only a Nail or Claw: See the Peterils, *P.* 89, 90 of this Work. The *Englifk* at *Hudfon's-Bay* call the above defcrib'd a *Man of War Bird*. By the Weaknefs of the Legs and Length of the Wings I fuppofe it to be much on the Wing; and I believe it is provided with rough Feet and Legs, in order to its fi m flanding on the alimy Sides of dead floating Fifhes, on which it is likely they feed.

Ther

(149)

The ARCTICK BIRD, Supposed to be the Hen.

HE Bird here figur'd agrees with the laft defcribed (to which I fuppofe it is the Hen) in the Shape and Make of the Bill, Legs, Feet and other Parts, but in Size it exceeds it a little; the principal Difference is, its wanting those two long Feathers found in the Tail of the fuppofed Cock.

The Bill is fhaped and colour'd as in the laft defcribed; the Head and whole upper Side is of a dark Afh-colour'd Brown; the greater Quills and Tail are fomething darker; the Shafts of fome of the Prime Quills are White, as alfo the inner Webs next their Bottoms, the Tips being blackifh; the inner Coverts of the Wings are variegated transverfly and confufedly, with Black, White, and dufky Brown; the Rump is of a reddifh Brown, with transverfe Lines of Black; the Tail hath the middle Feathers a little longer than those on the Sides; the Fore-part of the Neck, Breaft, and Belly is of a light Brown or dirty White; the Thighs, lower Belly, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail have transverse Lines of Whitifh, Brown, and Black; the Legs are bare of Feathers a little above the Knee; the Legs and Toes are all Yellow, the Webs Black, being rough on the Hinder-part of the Legs and Bottoms of the Feet, as in the foregoing.

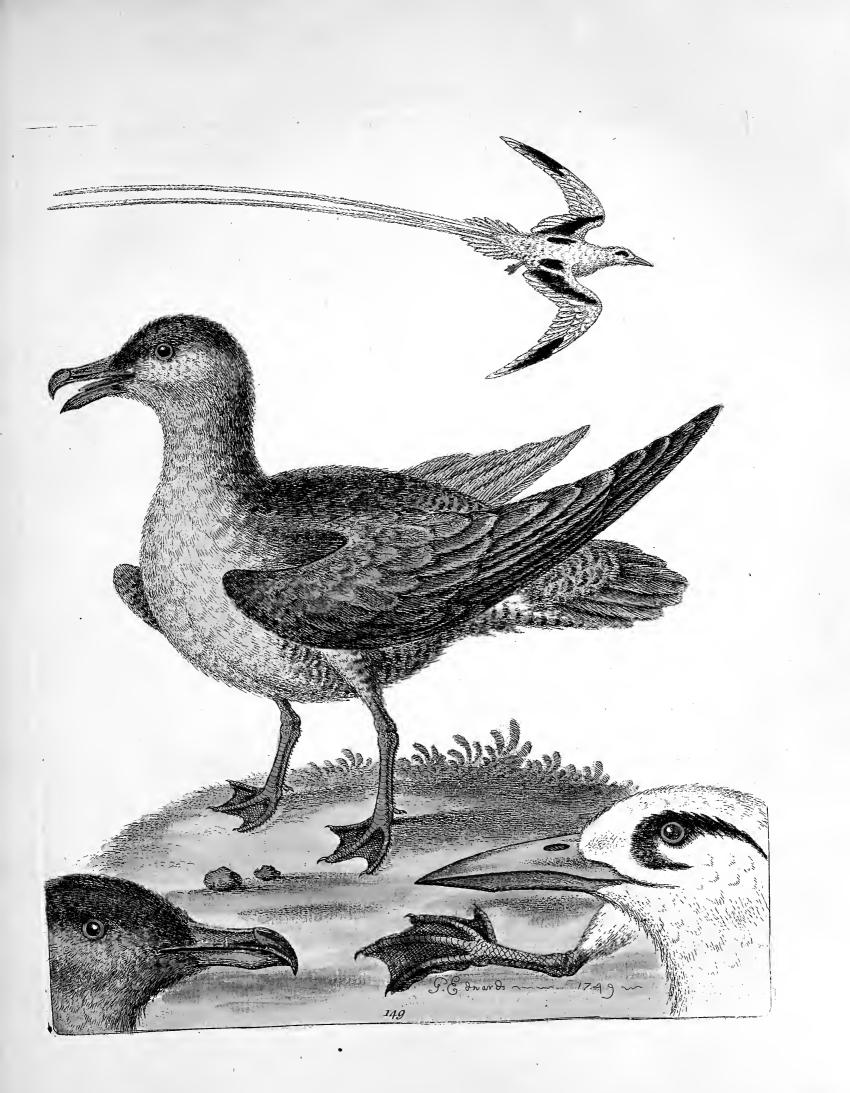
This Bird, together with the last, were brought from *Hudson's-Bay* by Mr. *Isbam*. At the Bottom of the Copper Plate you may see the Head and Bill figured of their natural Bigness; this Bird, I believe, has never been described.

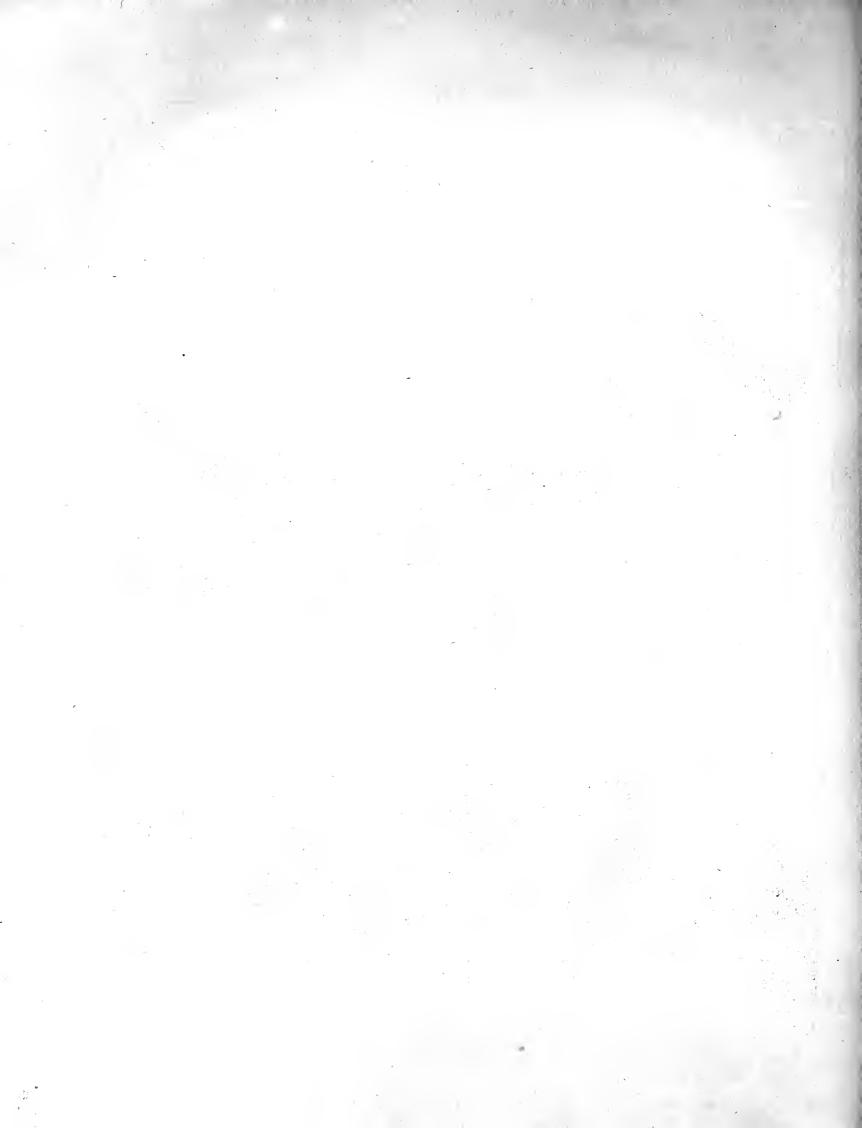
The TROPICK BIRD.

HIS Bird appears to be of the Bignels of a Pigeon; the Wing when clofed is above ten Inches long; the flying Figure on the Top of the Plate reprefents the whole Bird, the Head and Foot are shewn at the Bottom of the Plate of their natural Size; the longest Feather in the Tail was full twenty-three Inches and a half long, which is many Inches more thian any other natural Historian has described it to be: In another Bird I found the longest Feather only fixteen Inches long.

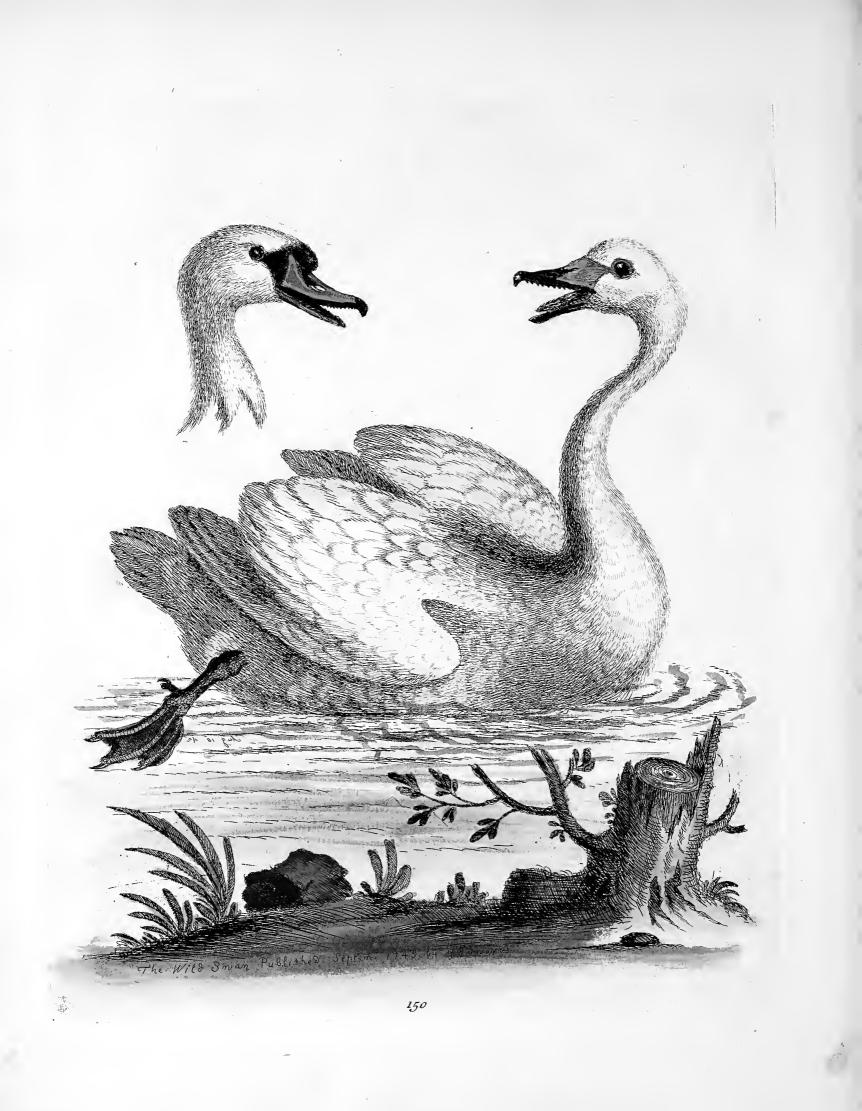
The Bill is Red, and bigger in Proportion than in the Artick Bird; the Head, Body, Wings and Tail, both above and beneath are White, excepting the following Spots, viz. a very remarkable Spot round each Eye (fhewn in the Head of the Bignefs of Life at the Bottom of the Plate;) the fix outermost Quills on each Side are Black with white Tips, a large black Spot beginning in the leffer Coverts of each Wing, and taking in two or three of the Quills next the Body; a leffer black Spot on each Shoulder, befide fome fmall Spots or Mixture in the white Feathers on the lower Belly; the Tail hath twelve Feathers, flort on the Outfides, and increasing gradually to the two Middle ones, which are very narrow, and shoot out near twenty Inches beyond the reft; the Shafts of the Tail-Feathers are Black, as are those of the Covert-Feathers of the Wings, which fall over the black Prime Quills. It hath fmall and weak Legs and Feet in Proportion to its Size, with four Toes on a Foot, all webbed together; with a lateral Fin on the Outfide of the outermost Toe (fee the Foot as big as Life.) The Legs and Beginning of the Toes are Red, the Webs and Ends of the Toes Black, as are the Claws. I have feen another of these Birds, spotted with a Number of small black Spots, in the Place of the larger Beds of, Black defcribed in the above. The Legs and Bill appear yellowish in the dried Bird, but I am inform'd they are Red in the living Birds.

This Bird is the Property of my good Friend John Fothergill, M. D. who lent it me finely preferved. Tho' the Tropick Bird hath often been defcribed, I believe I have made fome Amendments; but my principal Purpofe in figuring it was, to bring the *Tropick* and Artick Birds together into one View. Vide Willinghby's Ornithology, P. 331.









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The WILD SWAN.

HIS Bird is fuppofed to be fomething lefs than the Tame Swan. Some of its Meafures by me taken are as follow; the Bill from its Point to the Angles of the Mouth is four Inches, from Bill-point to the Eye five Inches, the Leg below Knee, and the middle Toe, are of equal Length, being each four Inches and a Half. This Bird is reprefented by the whole Figure in the Plate.

The Bill for about Half its Length from the Point is Black; its Bafe is covered with a yellow Skin, which reaches (in Angles on the Sides of the Head) quite to the Eyes; the Eyes are also encompassed with Eye-lids of a bare yellow Skin; the Bill is hooked at the End of the upper Mandible, and toothed on its Edges, both above and below, its whole Length; the Tongue is of a Flesh-Colour, jagged on its Sides like a bearded Arrow. I found the Plumage of the whole Bird perfectly White and fpotles, tho' *Willugbby* fays, the wild Swan hath fome Clouds and Spots of a dufky Colour. I suppose his might be a young Bird not perfectly moulted. When I had taken off the upper Feathers, I found the Skin cover'd with an exceeding fine, foft Down, of a fnowy Whiteness. The Legs and Feet are cover'd with fmall Scales of a blackish-brown Colour; it hath three Toes standing forward, connected together by black Membranes, with a lateral Membrane on the Infide of the inner Toe; the Back-Toe is small, the Claws are Black.

Some of these Birds were found in our London Markets, in the hard Winter 1739-40, where I bought the above defcribed. They who would fee its Anatomy may confult Willughby's Ornithology, P. 356. My own Experience in this Bird has confirm'd to me the wonderful Structure of the Wind-pipe, which enters a Cavity in the Breaft-Bone, and returns from thence again before it is inferted into the Lungs. We having no Figure of this Bird, I thought it would not be improper to figure and defcribe it. Willughby has only given a Draught of its Head. These Birds are Natives of the Northern Parts, both of America and Europe, there being great Numbers of them found in Hudson's-Bay, some of which, brought over, I have compar'd with this, and find them to be the fame. I believe the Tame Swan is not found in America. I have here inferted the Head of the Tame Swan, to fhew how it differs from the Wild, and to fhew that they are not the fame Bird, as fome People fuppofe. There is no Mark of outward Diffinction between the two Species but in their Bills, which appear plainly in the Figures. The Tame Swan's Bill is Red or Orange-colour'd, the Hook at the Point Black, and blackifh on its Edges, and about the Noftrils; the under Mandible hath only a little Red on each Side; it is toothed on the Edges as in the Wild Swan; the upper Mandible is hollow or finking in on its upper Ridge, (tho' Albin in his Figure, Vol. III. P. 91, has made it arched or rifing, contrary to its Nature;) it hath large triangular Spots of black Skin between the Bill and Eyes on each Side; the upper Points of these Triangles join to a Knob, or Excrefcence, of a hard, black, flefhy Substance, which runs forward, and over-hangs the upper Mandible of the Bill. The Legs and Feet of the Tame Swan cannot be diftinguished from those of the Wild, so that in one View I have here shown all that is different in the two Species of Swans.

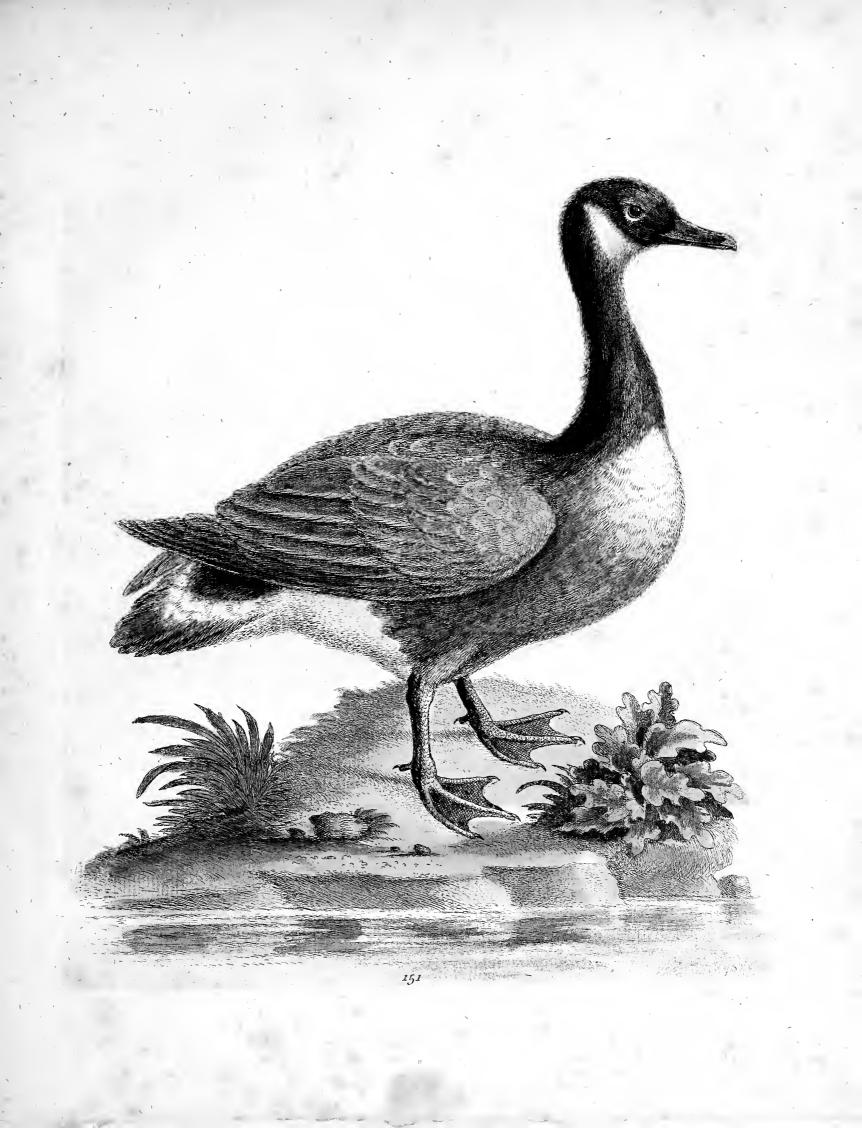
(151)

The CANADA GOOSE.

HIS Bird in Size exceeds the common Tame Goofe a little. Being drawn as it walked in a Gentleman's Yard, I could procure no Meafures of it. Its Make is fomething flenderer, or longer in the Body and Neck, than the common Tame Goofe.

The Bill is made pretty much like that of a Tame Goofe, rough on its Edges, and of a Black, or deep Lead-Colour; the Eyes are of a dark Colour; the under Eye-lids White; the Head and Neck are Black, except a white Mark paffing on the under Side of the Head, which becomes narrower on the Sides, and Ends in Points about the Place of the Ears; the Back, Wings, and Part of the Breaft and Belly are of a dark-brown Colour; the Edges of the Feathers are fomething lighter, inclining to Afh-Colour. The Prime Quills are almost Black. The lower Part of the Back and Rump is Black; the Feathers that cover the Tail on the upper Side are White; the Tail itself is Black. The Feathers at the Bottom of the Neck before are White, but gradually loofe their Whiteness in the Brown of the Breaft; the Lower Belly, and the Covert-Feathers beneath the Tail are White. The Legs and Feet feem to be made like those of a Tame Goose, all of a dark Lead-Colour. It hath four Toes, three forward and one backward.

This Bird I drew fome Years fince, at the Houfe of my honoured Patron Sir Hans Sloane, in Bloomsbury. They are found in Canada, and are brought alfo to us from New England and Hudfon's-Bay. I have been inform'd that fome Gentlemen have lately propagated this Species in England. This Bird is defcribed in Willugbby's Ornithology, P. 361. and is ill-figur'd in Tab. LXX, but in Tab. LXXI there is a better Figure of it, which by fome Miftake is call'd the Swan Goofe. Albin in his History of Birds, Vol. I. Plate 92, has figur'd a Goose call'd the Barnacle, and through Ignorance, or Mistake, has described it, P. 88, under the Name of the Canada Goofe. Wherefore, in order to rectify the above Errors, I prefent the Publick with a new Draught and Defcription immediately from Life. In my Defcription I have been fomething more particular than Mr. Willughby; he calls the Bird Grey, where I call it dark Brown: It is indeed of a dirty Brown, fomething inclining to Grey. In the Figure I have endeavour'd to be more correct, and nearer Nature, than any former Draught, and hope I have fucceeded. My Friend, Mr. Ifham, has inform'd me, that great Flocks of thefe Birds appear in the Spring of the Year, in Hudson's-Bay, and pass a great Way Northward of the English Settlements, where they are supposed to breed; they return again in Flocks to the Southern Parts before the Winter comes on. Mr. Catefby has figured the Head of this Bird near to the Size of Life.









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The Blue-Winged GOOSE.

HIS Bird feemed to me to be rather lefs than the common Tame Goofe. Some of its Meafures are as follow: The Bill from its Point to the Angles of the Mouth is two Inches; and two and a Quarter from the Point to the Angles of the upper Mandible, that fhoot into the Forehead above the Eyes; the Wing when clofed is fixteen Inches long; the lower Part of the Leg, and the middle Toe, are of equal Length, viz. near three Inches each.

The Bill is made as in other Geefe, and all over of a red Colour; the Feathers of the Forehead point a little Way down into the upper Part of the Bill, as they do more or less in most of the Goose-kind. The Head, and the greatest Part of the Neck is White; the Crown or Top of the Head appears yellowifh, as if finged; the Hinder-part of the Neck is fpotted with dark Brown or Blackish. The lower Part of the Neck all round, the Breaft, Sides under the Wings, and Back, are of a darkbrown Colour, but it is fomething lighter and brighter colour'd on the Breaft. The greater Quills of the Wings are of a dufky or blackish Colour, the inner ones that fall next the Back are of the fame Colour, but edged with Afh-Colour; the Covert-Feathers without Side of the Wings are of a light-blueish Ash-Colour, as are those of the lower Part of the Back and Rump. The Tail is of a dark-brownish Afh-Colour; the Infides of the Wings and under Side of the 'Tail are Afh-colour'd. The Belly, Thighs, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White, a little clouded The Legs are bare of Feathers just above the or fhaded with a dufky Colour. Knees; the three forward Toes are webbed together: It hath alfo a lateral Membrane within Side of the inner Toes, as I believe, all Geefe have; the Back-Toe is fmall, the Legs and Feet are all of a red Colour, the Claws Black.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, and I believe, hath never been defcribed. It is there a Bird of Paffage, continuing in that Country fo long as the Waters are unfrozen, and returning into Southern Countries when the Froft fluts up its Subfiftance. My Friend, Mr. *Light*, has told me, there is a Goofe which comes in Summer to *Hudfon's-Bay*, having its Forehead as it were forched with Heat, and that the Natives firmly believe, that thefe Geefe to avoid the Winter's Cold, fly toward the Sun, and approach fo near that it finges its Forehead againft his Orb. It is hard to convince thefe Savages that there are Climates on this Earth warmer than their own, to which Birds may fly for Food and Shelter during their rigid Winters. The above defcribed, I think, muft be the Bird of which the Na-tives hold this Opinion.

(153)

The LAUGHING-GOOSE.

HIS Bird is of the Size of our common Wild Goofe : All its Measures agree very nearly with the *Blue-winged Goofe* defcribed in the foregoing Page.

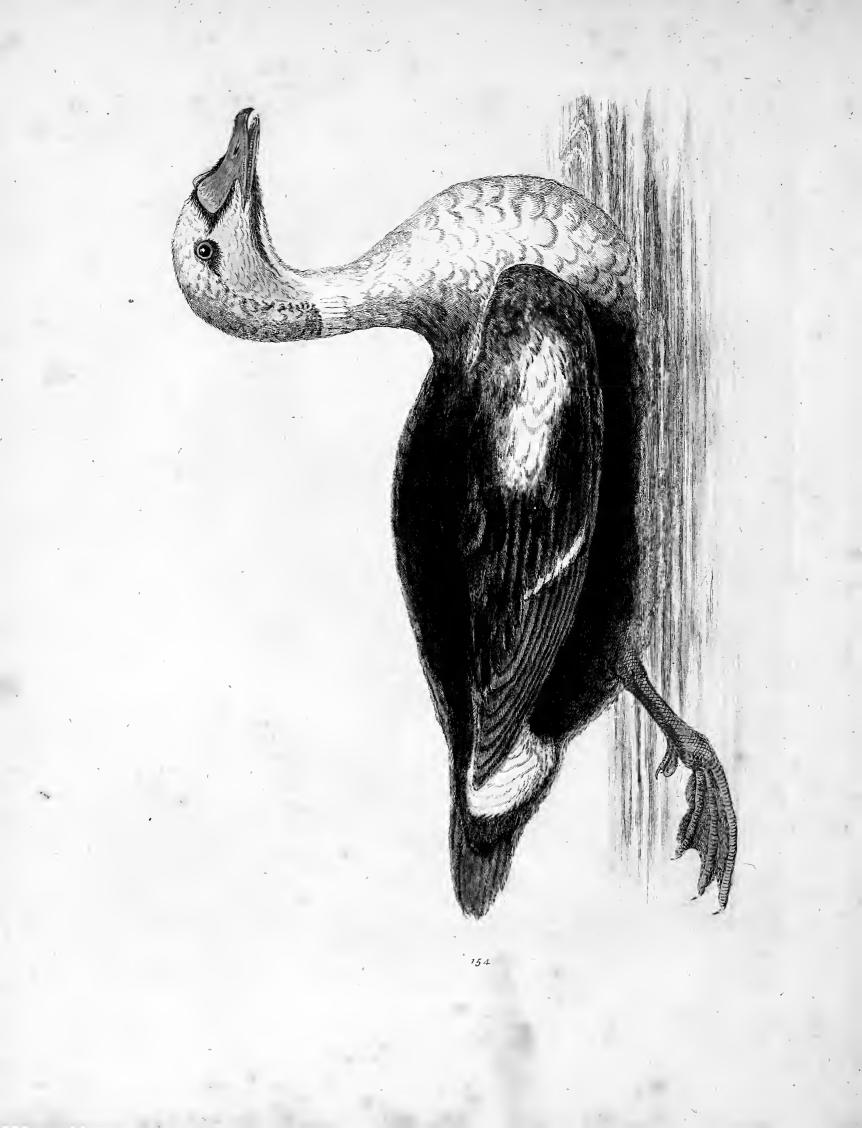
The Bill is of a red Colour all over, made as in other Geefe, and toothed on its Edges both above and beneath; the Tongue is alfo jagged on its Sides. The Feathers all round the Bafe of the upper Mandible of the Bill are White; the reft of the Head and all the Neck is Brown; the Crown is darkeft, and approaching to Black. The Sides of the Head under the Eyes, and the Fore-part of the Neck lighter Brown. The Back, Wings and Tail are of a greyifh, brown Colour, the Edges of the Feathers fomething lighter than their middle Parts; the greater Quills approach to Black; the first Row of Covert-Feathers above the Quills are Ash-colour'd, with white Tips; the lower Edge of the Wing, that falls on the Breaft and Belly, is also Ash-colour'd for fome Breadth; the Infides of the Wings and the Sides under the Wings are of a dusky Brown. The Covert-Feathers on the upper Side of the Tail are White. The Breaft, Belly, Thighs and Covert-Feathers beneath the Tail are White, except fome Plats of black Spots on the Breaft and Belly, beft underftood by the Figure. The Legs and Feet are like those in the last described, of a red Colour; the Toes in each Foot are four, three forward webbed together, and a fmall Toe behind that is loofe.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Ifham*, and I believe, hath never been defcribed. Tho' I think I have feen the fame Bird, in fome hard Winters, to be fold at fome Poulterer's Shops in the *London* Markets; fo that I believe this is one of those Water-Fowl which are common to the Northern Parts both of *Europe* and *America*. It has been observed by many, that there are more Water-Fowls Natives both of *America* and *Europe*, than of Land-Fowls, which cannot fo eafily pass over *Streights* or open Seas from one Country to another.









(154)

The Grey-Headed DUCK.

HIS Bird is of a large Size for the Duck-kind, and feems much to exceed the common Tame Duck. Some of its principal Meafures are as follow: The Bill from the Point to the Angles of the Mouth is two Inches; from the Point to the Extremity of those broad Parts of the Ball of the upper Mandible that fall on each Side of the Forehead, two Inches and a Quarter; the Wing when it is closed, eleven Inches; the Leg below Knee, hardly two Inches; the middle Toe is two Inches and three Quarters long.

The Bill is of a red Colour, black or dufky at its Point; the Bafe of the upper Mandible, (in its upper Part) extends itself into the Forehead, on each Side, in the Form of a broad, flattifh Bean. At the Root of the upper Mandible the Feathers are Black, and run into the Bafe of the Bill with three Angles, one in the Middle of the Forehead, and one on each Side. The Eye is also encompassed with black Feathers, which end in a Point backward. The Top and Hinder-part of the Head is of a light-blueish Ash-colour; the Sides of the Head beneath the Eyes are of a light Green; there are fome black Spots that run in a Line from the Eye down the Sides of the Head, and part the Afh-Colour from the Green. Immediately joining to the Bafe of the lower Mandible underneath, the Feathers are Black; which Blacknefs divides like a Fork, and paffes on each Side of the Throat; the Throat between them being White; the Neck all round, and the Breaft are White; the Back is of a dark Brown, or black Colour, with a purplish Gloss; the greater Quills of the Wing, and the Feathers of the Tail, are of a dark-brown Colour; the Quills in the Middle, or those next to the Prime Quills are of a Black-shining Purple, with white Tips, which form a white Line across the Wing; the Remainder of the Quills next the Back, and the first Row of Covert-Feathers above the Quills are also of a dark or black Colour with a Purple Gloss; the leffer Covert-Feathers of the Wing are Brown all round the Border, which falls on the Breaft; but in the Middle of the Covert-Feathers in each Wing is a Plat of White. The Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wing are White, except a few light-brown Feathers round the Joint or Ridge of the Wing. The Breaft gradually lofes its Whitenefs in the Belly, which is wholly Black; the Covert-Feathers of the Tail, both above and beneath, are of a brightfhining Black; on each Side of the Tail it hath a remarkable large round white Spot. The Legs and Feet are of a dirty red Colour: It hath four Toes on a Foot, three ftanding forwards and webbed together, and a narrow Web on the Infide of the inner Toe; the Back-Toe is fmall, with a Fin on its under Side.

This Bird was brought from *Hudfon's-Bay* by Mr. *Isham*, and must be accounted amongst the hitherto unknown, unfigur'd, and undefcribed Birds. Its greatest Particularity is the uncommon Structure of its Bill.

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The-

(155)

The Great Black DUCK from Hudson's-Bay.

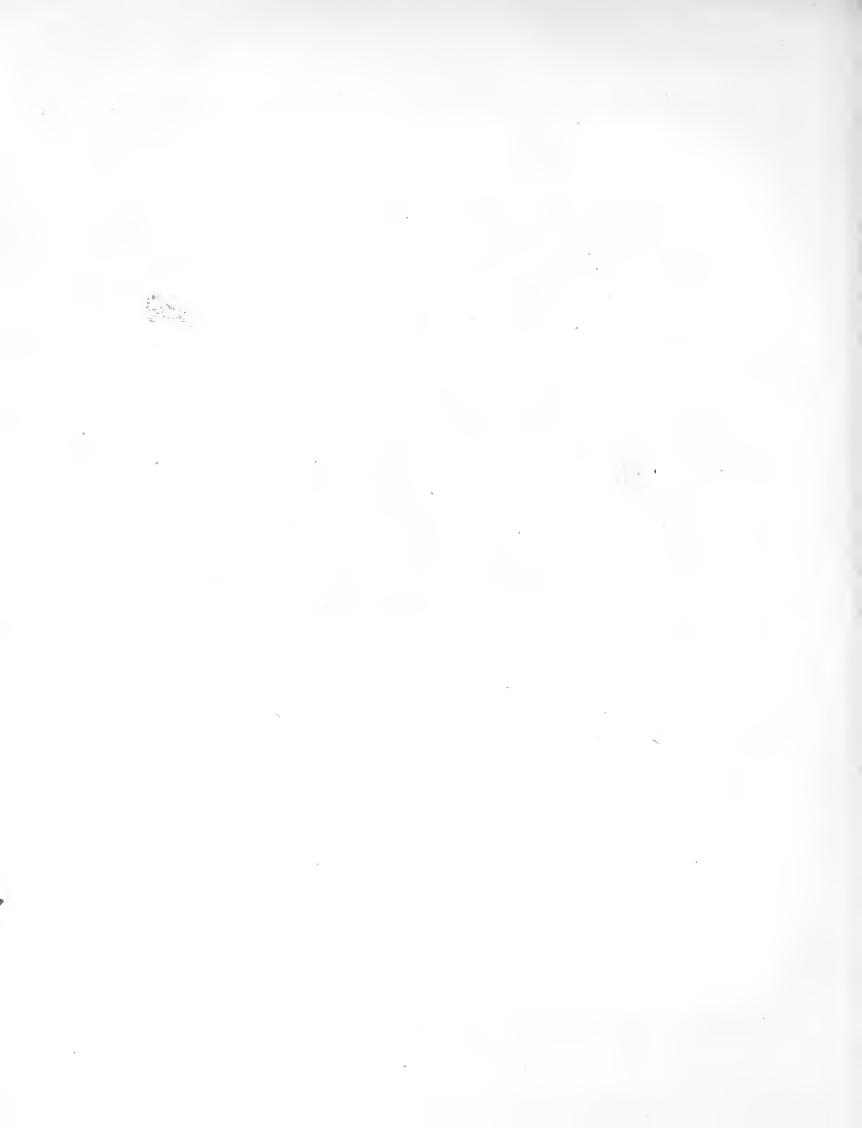
HIS Bird is large for the Duck-kind, appearing to me to be bigger than the common *Wild Duck* or *Mallard*. I have taken fome of its principal Meafures, which are as follow: The Bill from its Point to the Angles of the Mouth is two Inches and an Half long, and fomething deeper from its Point to the Bafe of the upper Mandible, where it projects fartheft into the Head; the Wing when clofed is nine Inches long; the Leg below Knee, is near two Inches long, the middle Toe two and a Half.

The Bill is compressed horizontally toward its Point; its Base is as deep as wide; it is indented on its Edges, of a pale Orange-Colour, except in its Middle about the Noftrils, where it is Red, or of a deep Orange. In the broad Part of the upper Mandible, next the Head, there is on each Side a large fquarifh black Spot, which rifes a little from the Bill, and feems as if it was fomething fluck on. The Bill itfelf in thefe Parts also is protuberant. From Eye to Eye on the Crown of the Head extends a white Spot in the Form of a Triangle, its two bluntish Points falling on the upper Part of the Eyes, and the sharper point toward the Bill, but not quite to it, there being black Feathers between them. On the Hinder-part of the Neck, just below the Head, is another longifh triangular Spot, having its narroweft Side next the Head, and its acuteft Angle pointing downward toward the Back. Except thefe two white Spots the whole Plumage of the Bird is Black, without any Glofs reflecting other Colours; the Infides of the Wing and the under Side of the Tail are not fo Black as they are above, being of a dark Afh-Colour; the Legs and Toes are of a bright-red Colour; the three forward Toes are webbed together, and the inner Toe hath a Web or Fin on its Infide; the hinder Toe hath alfo a fmall Fin; the Webs of the Toes and the Claws are of a dufky Colour.

The Native Place of this Bird is above declared; it was brought over by Mr. Ifham. It, as well as the laft defcribed, is very remarkable for the Structure of its Bill. My Friend, Mr. Henry Baker, F. R. S. hath a Bill of this Bird in his Collection, which agrees exactly with the above. I believe this Bird hath never been defcribed, but I cannot fay fo in refpect to its Figuring; becaufe I think I have difcovered a Draught of it, in a fmall Set of Dutch Prints of Birds, (publifhed at Amflerdam by Nicola Viffcher, Anno 1659, where it is called Turma Anfer) whofe Marks and Make of the Bill agree with mine. I imagine it might be brought to them from Davis's Streights, to which Place the Hollanders have long traded. Perhaps their Bignefs, and appearing in fmall Flocks, have procured them the above Name.

The









(156)

The Long-tailed DUCK from Hudson's-Bay.

THIS Bird appeared to me to be of the Size of a Wdigeon. Here follow fome of its principal Measures: From Bill-point to the Angles of the Mouth is a little above an Inch and Half in Length; the Wing is when closed eight Inches long; the Leg below Knee not full an Inch and Half; the longest Toe a little over two Inches; the longest Feathers in the Tail are eight Inches long.

The Bill is like that of most other Ducks, having nothing remarkable in its Figure, of a black Colour, except towards the Point of the upper Mandible, where it is Red, the very Point or Hook being Black; the Sides of the Head, from the Bill backward, have white broad Spots, ending in Points about the Ears: In these Spots are placed the Eyes; the Hinder-part of the Head is Afh-colour'd; the Remainder of the Head, Neck and Breaft is of a rufty Black, as is the Back, and Covert-Feathers on the upper Sides of the Wings; the greater Quills of the Wings are Dufky or Black; the middle ones which follow them are Brown; the Remainder next the Back are of a brighter reddifh Brown; the Coverts within Side of the Wings are of a dufky Brown. At the Bottom of the Neck behind, the Feathers are of a brownish Colour, as are the Shoulders, or the Feathers that part the Back from the Wings; the Rump and Coverts of the Tail have a black Lift running down through them, with white Feathers on each Side; the two middle Feathers of the Tail are Black, long, narrow and fharp-pointed, fhooting out four Inches beyond the other Feathers; the next to these are Ash-colour'd; the next outward become White, and are gradually shorter to the outermost Feathers, which are the shortest of all. The Belly and the Covert-Feathers under the Tail are White; the Legs and Toes are of a reddifth Brown; the Webs that join the three forward Toes are Dufky or Black. It hath a Fin on the Infide of the inner Toe; the Back-Toe is fmall, with an appendant Fin ; the Claws are Dufky.

This Duck was brought from Hudson's-Bay by Mr. Isham, and I believe hath never been figured; but I think it hath been deferibed by Wormius, as a Duck of Iceland. A Translation of his Defeription may be seen in Willugbby's Ornithology, (See the Sharp-tailed Iceland Duck, call'd by the Icelanders Havelda) P. 364. So that this Duck may be a Native of America only, for Island or Iceland may rather be deemed a Part of North America than of Europe, fince it is nearer the supposed Continent of Groenland [a Part of America] than to any Part of Europe.

(157)

The Little Brown and White DUCK.

HIS Bird is about the Bigness of a Teal, and pretty much like it in Shape, tho' very different from it in Colour: Some of its principal Measures are as follow; the Length of the Bill from the Point to the Angles of the Mouth is an Inch and a Quarter; the Wing when closed is seven Inches long; the Leg below the Knee an Inch and a Quarter; the middle Toe near two Inches long.

The Bill is Black, toothed on its Edges, and a little Matter hooked at the Point of the upper Mandible; the Feathers round the Bafe of the upper Part of the Bill are White, and point with an Angle into the Bill in the Middle, the Bill itfelf having two Angles pointing to the Forehead on each Side. There is a Line of dufky Feathers between the Bill and Eye, which parts the White into Spots above and beneath the Line; it hath alfo a white Spot behind each Eye, about the Place of the Ears; the Remainder of the Head is Brown, as is the Neck and Beginning of the Breaft, but lighter on the Fore-part of the Neck and Breaft; the Back, Wings and Tail are of a darkish-brown Colour; the greater Quills of the Wings darkest of all, almost Black; the Covert-Feathers of the Wings are of a lighter and brighter Brown; the Covert-Feathers within Side of the Wings are of a dufky Colour, with a little dirty White intermixed; the Sides under the Wings are of a dufky Brown, fainter than. the Feathers on the Back. The Breaft from Brown gradually becomes White, tranfverfly marked with light Brown, as far as the Thighs; the Thighs, lower Belly, and Covert-Feathers under the Tail, being of a lighter and darker Brown, transverfly mixed in broken Lines; the Legs and Feet are of a dufky Colour, tho' fomething of a dull Redness appears on the Fore-parts of the Legs and the upper Sides of the Toes; the Webs that join the Toes are blackeft; the Structure of the Feet is like the laft described.

This Bird was brought from Hudfon's-Bay by Mr. Ifham, to whole Curiofity and good Nature I am beholden for the greatest Part of the Subject-Matter of this third Part of my Hiftory of Birds; and I believe the curious Part of the World will not think themfelves lefs obliged to Mr. Isham than I acknowledge myself to be. I believe this Bird hath not been hitherto figured or defcribed. As I have treated of many Birds from Hudfon's-Bay, it will not be amifs to fay fomething of that Part of the World, which I shall make bold to extract from Mr. Ellis's Voyage to Hudson's-Bay, when he is speaking of the farthest Part to which they went in Wager Streights, he says. "I cannot help however taking Notice that in ascending these " Mountains we had at once as great, as gloomy, and as awful a Prospect as perhaps ever " aftonished mortal Eyes. While we walked along the Beach, the ridged Rocks above feem'd " pendant over our Heads; in fome Places there were Falls of Water dashing from Cliff to " Cliff; from others hung prodigious Ificles in Rows one behind another, like the Pipes of a " vaft Organ; but the most tremendous Part of the Scene was the shatter'd Crags which " lay at our Feet, and appear'd plainly to have burft from the Mountain Tops, thro' the " expansive Power of the rigorous Frofts, and fo rowled with inexpressible Fury down the "Sides, till they reached those Places where their Ruins now lay : I call them Ruins, for fuch " they properly were; and if there is fomething that deeply affects us when we behold either " the Wafte of War, or the Devastations of Time, it may be eafily conceived that fomething " much more terrible must be felt from the Sight of the amazing Relicks of the Wreck of " Nature."

FINIS.



